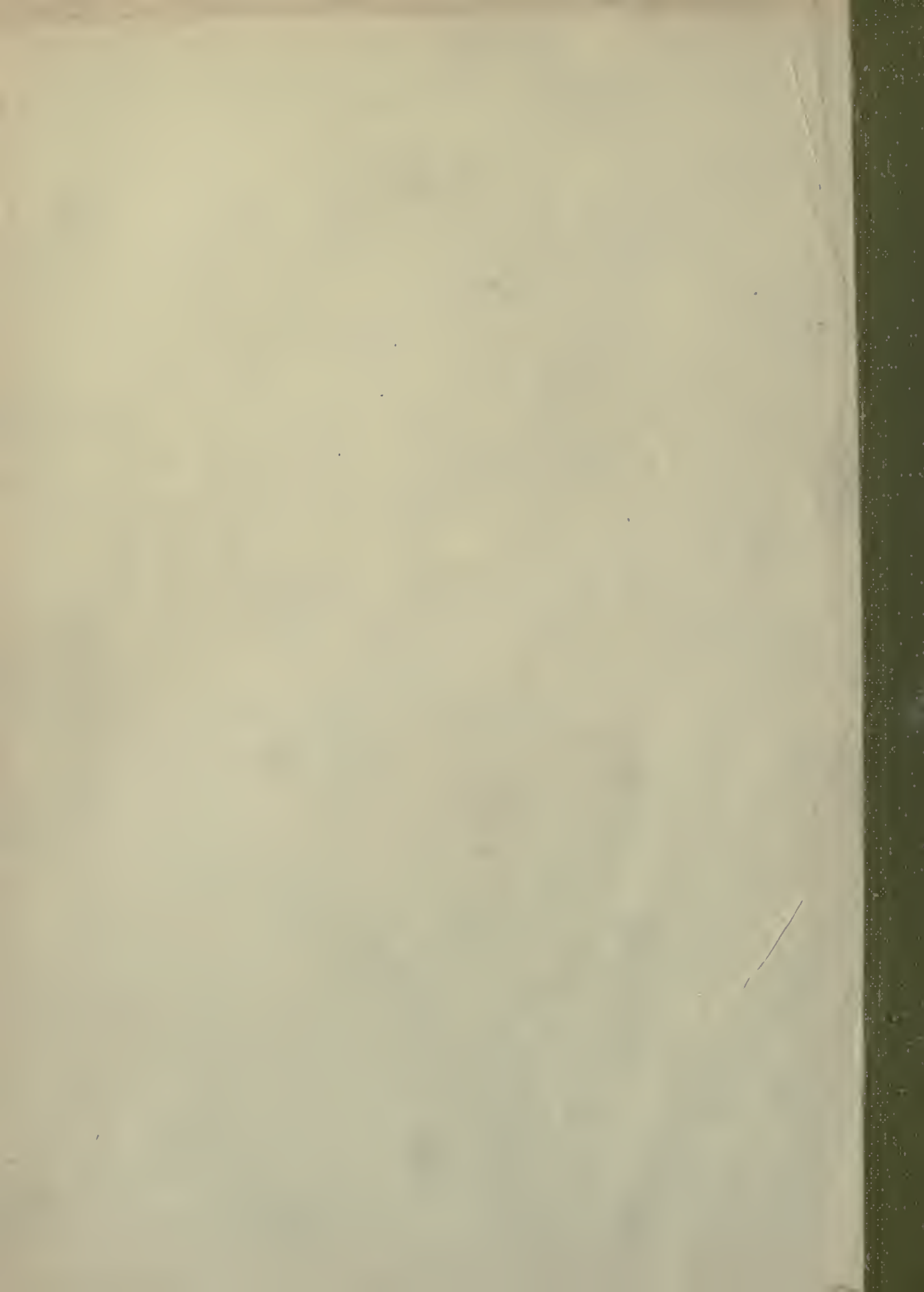


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# LATIN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

PRINTED FROM THE UNFINISHED MS. OF

THE LATE

THOMAS HEWITT KEY, M.A., F.R.S.

PROFESSOR OF COMPARATIVE GRAMMAR, AND FORMERLY OF LATIN, IN UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, LONDON,  
AND HEAD MASTER OF UNIVERSITY COLLEGE SCHOOL.

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## PREFACE.

THE late Professor Key in the Preface to the first Edition of his Latin Grammar, published in 1846, announced his intention to prepare forthwith a Latin Dictionary for schools, arranged, like the Grammar, on the Crude-form System. By the time when his 'Short Latin Grammar' came out in 1852 he had already made considerable progress in the execution of this plan, but he had also found it advisable to add to it the preparation of a Dictionary arranged as usual; and, the matter growing under his hands, he at last, about 1856, undertook a work which might satisfy the requirements of mature scholars, and discontinued the smaller work. The MS. of this larger dictionary was left unfinished at Professor Key's death in Nov. 1875.

When the publication of this larger dictionary was first undertaken by the Syndics of the Cambridge University Press, it was intended that it should be completed by another hand. But after a lapse of time, the loss of which is greatly to be regretted, this ultimately proved impracticable and had to be abandoned, and it was decided to print the Author's MS. as nearly as possible as he left it. Happily, incomplete as the work is, its value as a contribution to the study and understanding of the Latin tongue is almost as great as if Professor Key had lived to complete it; since, from the time

when he foresaw the improbability of his doing so, he adopted the plan of applying himself primarily to those words throughout the Alphabet which he considered to require novel or special treatment, leaving the less important portion to be added afterwards; and he himself states, in reference to the Dictionary, in the Preface to his book on 'Language,' published in 1874, that he had "included therein nearly all those words in which he thought himself able to make some improvement." Although therefore only part (especially the letter A) has been filled in, and can be regarded as complete or approximately so, yet the work may be taken to embody in a very large measure the results of a lifetime mainly devoted to the study of Latin.

In the preparation of the MS. for the press it was found that it had not in any part received from the Author the necessary final revision. Only scholars who have been engaged in like labours can appreciate the difficulty of presenting the results with complete accuracy, even when an author has had abundant time to perfect them. Such scholars will not be surprised to learn that a large number of small lacunae and of inaccuracies and inconsistencies in minute matters remained in the MS. Most, perhaps nearly all, of these have been corrected during the passage of the book through the press, save some diversities, chiefly in the mode of reference to the ancient authors, which, being considered to be of minor importance, have been allowed to remain; but no alteration has been made where it was not practically certain that Professor Key would have made it himself. In a very few instances it has been necessary to make small omissions, where it proved to be impossible to arrive at the Author's meaning, but no additions have been made to his work. Circumstances rendered impossible a complete verification of all the references from end to end; yet in a large number of instances (it is hoped indeed in the great majority) where correction of this kind was needed it has been made.

The peculiar difficulty of passing such a work through the press must be the excuse for such imperfections as might have been, but have not been, removed.

For a fuller exposition of Professor Key's views on Latin Etymology and many matters touched upon in the present work than is possible in a dictionary, reference may be made to the following works of the Author:—

A LATIN GRAMMAR, 3rd Edition. 1862. GEORGE BELL AND SONS, York Street, Covent Garden.

PHILOLOGICAL ESSAYS. 1868. GEORGE BELL AND SONS.

LANGUAGE, its origin and development. 1874. GEORGE BELL AND SONS.

In the Preface to each of the two last mentioned works will be found a list of other scattered articles and papers of the Author, chiefly contributed to the Transactions of the Philological Society, but as stated by him in the Preface to his 'Language,' nearly all the substance of these papers is contained either in that book or the 'Essays.'





## LIST OF SOME OF THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS WORK.

THE following is a list of the abbreviations which are of most frequent occurrence in the work.

Afran. or Afr.	Afranius, writer of comedy	Caecin.	oratio pro Caecina
Ambr.	Ambrosius, Christian writer	Cacl.	" pro Caclio
Amm.	Ammianus Marcellinus, historian	Cat.	" in Catullum
Apic.	Apicius Coelius, writer on cookery	Clu.	" pro Cluentio
Appul. or Apul.	Lucius Appuleius, philosopher	Ch. Pomp.	" pro Gnaeo Pompeio
"	apol. or mag., apologia or de magia	Deiot.	" pro rege Deiotaro
"	flor., florida	diu. or div.	de diuinatione
"	herb., herbarium	fam.,	epistulae ad familiares
"	M. or met., metamorphoses	fat.,	de fato
Arnob. or Arn.	Arnobius Afer, Christian writer	fin.,	de finibus
Asin.	C. Asinius Pollio, orator and historian	Flac.,	oratio pro L. Flacco
Athen. (deip.)	Athenaeus (deipnosophistae)	Pont.,	oratio pro M. Fonteio
Att. or Acc.	L. Attius or Accius, writer of tragedy	fr.,	fragmenta
Aug.	Aurelius Augustinus, Christian writer	har. resp.,	de haruspicum responsis
Auson. or Aus.	D. Magnus Ausonius, poet	Hort. frag.,	Hortensius, fragments of
"	eel., eclogarium	inu.,	de inuentione
"	ep., epistulae	leg. or legg.,	de legibus
"	epig., epigrammata	Lig.,	oratio pro Ligario
"	epit., epitaphia	Man. "	legc Manlia
"	grat. act., gratiarum actio	Marc. or Marcell.,	oratio pro Marcello
"	id., idyllia	Mil.,	oratio pro Milone
"	pareut., parentalia	Mur. "	Murena
"	perioch. or per., periochae	N. D.,	de natura Deorum
"	prof., professores	off.,	de officiis
"	sap., sapientes	or.,	orator ad Marcum Brutum
Avien.	R. Festus Avicrus, poet	de or.,	de oratore
Boeth.	Anicius Manl. Torq. Severinus Boethius, philosopher	par. or parad.,	paradoxa
Brut.	M. Iunius Brutus	Phil.,	orationes Philippicae
Caecil.	Stattius Caecilius, writer of comedy	Pis.,	oratio in Pisoneis
Cacl. Aur.	Caelius Aurelianus	Plauc. "	pro Plancio
"	acut. or ac., acutae passiones	pron. cons.,	de prouincis consularibus
"	tard., tardae passiones	Quinct.,	oratio pro P. Quinctio
Caes.	Gaius Julius Caesar, historian	Q. fr.,	epistulae ad Quintum fratrem
"	B. C., bellum ciuile	Rab. perd.,	oratio pro Rabirio perduellionis reo
"	B. G., bellum Gallicum	Rab. Post. "	" Postumo
Calp.	Calpurnius, poet	Rosc. Am. "	" Roscio Amerino
Capitol.	Iulius Capitolinus, biographer	Rosc. eon. "	" comcedo
Cass. Hem.	L. Cassius Hemina, historian	rep.,	de republica
Cato	Marcus Porcius Cato	sen.,	de senectute or Cato Maior
"	orat., orationes	Sest.,	oratio pro Sestio
"	or. or orig., origines	Sull. "	" Sulla
"	r. or r.r., de re rustica	Tim.,	Timaeus or de iniuerso
Catull.	C. Valerius Catullus, poet	top.,	topica
Cels.	Aurelius Cornelius Celsus, physician	Tull.,	oratio pro M. Tullio
Charis. or Char.	Flavius Sospater Charisius, grammarian	Tusc.,	disputationes Tusculanae
Cic.	Marcus Tullius Cicero, orator etc.	Vatin.,	oratio in Vatinium
"	acad. post., academica posteriora	Verr. "	Verrem
"	acad. pr., academica priora	CIL	corpus inscriptionum Latinarum Vol. I
"	Aem. Scaur., oratio pro Aemilio Scauro	Claud.	Claudius Claudianus, poet
"	agr., oratio de lege agraria	Claud. Mam.	Claudius Eedicius Mamertus, Christian writer
"	an., de anxietia	Cod.	Codex
"	arat., Arates	" Greg.,	Gregorianus
"	Arch., oratio pro Archia	" Hermog.,	Hermogenianus
"	Att., epistulae ad Atticum	Iust.,	Iustiniani
"	Balb., oratio pro L. Cornelio Balbo	Theod. or Th.,	Theodosianus
"	Brut., Brutus, seu de claris oratoribus	Colum. or Col.	L. Iunius Moderatus Columella, writer on husbandry
		Coripp.	Flavius Cresconius Corippus, poet and grammarian
		Corn. Gall.	Cn. Cornelius Gallus, poet
		Corn. Sev.	Cornelius Severus, poet
		Cornif.	Cornificius, rhetorician
		Curt.	Q. Curtius Rufus, historian

Dar.	Dares Phrygius	Ov.	P. Ovidius Naso, poet
dig.	digesta, the Pandects of Justinian	"	a. a., ars amatoria
Diom.	Diomedes, grammarian	"	am., amores
Don.	Aelius Donatus, grammarian	"	F., fasti
Enn.	Ennius, poet	"	hal., haliecticon
"	ann., annales	"	her., Heroides
"	tr., tragoediae	"	lb., libis
Eum.	Eumenius, orator and panegyrist (pau.)	"	med., medicamina
Eutr.	Flavius Eutropius, historian	"	M. or Met., metamorphoses
Fest.	Sext. Pompeius Festus, grammarian	"	nux, nux elegia
Firm. Mat. or math.	Iulius Firmicus Maternus, mathematician	"	Pont., epistulae ex Ponto
Flor.	L. Annaeus Florus, historian	"	rem. am., remedia amoris
Front.	M. Cornelius Fronto, orator	"	tr., tristitia
Frontin.	S. Iulius Frontinus, de aquaeductibus etc.	Pac. or Pacuv.	M. Pacuvius, writer of tragedy
Fulg.	Fabius Planciades Fulgentius, grammarian etc.	Pall. or Pallad.	Palladius Rutilius Taurus, writer on husbandry
Gai.	Gaius, lawyer	Papin.	Acmilius Papinius, lawyer
Gell.	Aulus Gellius, grammarian etc.	Paul.	Iulius Paulus, lawyer
gloss.	glossarium	Paul. Nol.	Pontius Paulinus Nolanus, Christian writer
"	Cyr., Cyrilli	Paul. Petr.	Paulinus Petrocorius, poet
"	Phlox., Philoxeni	Pers.	A. Persius Flaccus, satirist
Grat.	Gratius Faliscus, poet	Petr.	T. Petronius Arbitrator, satirist
Gron.	Gronovius	Phaedr.	T. Phaedrus, fabulist
Hier.	Hieronymus, Christian writer	Pl. or Plaut.	T. Maccius Plautus, writer of comedy
Hirt.	Anlus Hirtius, historian	"	Amph., Amphitruo
Hor.	Q. Horatius Flaccus, poet	"	As. or Asin., Asinaria
"	A. P., ars Poetica	"	Aul., Aulularia
"	carin. sec., carmen seculare	"	Bacch. or Bac., Bacchides
"	ep., epistulae	"	Capt., Captivi
"	epod., epodi	"	Cas., Casina
"	od., odae	"	Cist., Cistellaria
"	s. or sat., satirae	"	Cure., Cureulia
Iavol.	Iavolenus, or Iabolenus Priscus, lawyer	"	Epid. or Ep., Epidicus
inscr.	inscriptions	"	Men., Menaechmi
"	Benev., found at Beneventum	"	Mere., Mercator
"	Don., Donii	"	Mil., Miles Gloriosus
"	Dur., Durandi	"	Most., Mostellaria
"	Fabr., Fabretti	"	Pers., Persa
"	fr. Arv., fratrum Arvalium	"	Poen., Poenulus
"	Graev., Graevii	"	Ps. or Pseud., Pseudolus
"	Grut., Gruteri	"	Rud., Rudens
"	Gud., Gudii	"	St. or Stich., Stichus
"	Kellerm., Kellerman	"	Trin. or Tr., Trinummus
"	Maff., Maffei	"	Truc., Truculentus
"	Mur., Muratori	Plin.	C. Plinius Secundus (maior)
"	Or. or Orell., Orelli	"	n. h., Naturalis Historia
"	Rein., Reinesii	Plin.	C. Plinius Caecilius Secundus (minor)
inst.	institutiones	"	ep., epistulae
Isid.	Isidorus Hispalensis, grammarian	"	pan., panegyrics
"	orig. or or., origines	Pomp. or Pompon.	(dig.) Sextus Pomponius, lawyer
Iul.	Salvius Iulianus, lawyer	Priap.	Priapeia, poems by various authors on Priapus
Iul. Val.	Iulius Valerius, historian	Prisc.	Priscianus, grammarian
Iust.	Iustinus, historian	Prop.	Sex. Aurelius Propertius, poet
Iuv.	D. Iunius Iuvenalis, poet	Prud.	Aurelius Prudentius Clemens, Christian poet
Laber.	C. Decius Laberius, mimographer	ps.	pseudo, e.g. ps. Nep. = pseudo-Nepos
Lact.	L. Coelius Lactantius Firmianus, Christian writer	Quint.	M. Fabius Quintilianus, rhetorician
Lamb.	Lambinus	"	decl., declamationes
Lamp.	Aelius Lampridius, historian	"	inst., institutiones
leg. XII tab.	leges duodecim tabularum	Ruf.	Sextus Rufus, historian
Linn.	Linnaeus	Rufin.	Rufius Tyrannius, Christian writer
Liv.	Titus Livius Patavinus, historian	Sall.	C. Sallustius Crispus, historian
Luc.	M. Annaeus Lucanus, poet	"	Cat., Bellum Catilinarium
Lucil.	C. Ennius Lucilius, satirist	"	fr., fragmenta
Lucr.	T. Lucretius Carus, poet and philosopher	"	h., historia
Maer.	Aur. Theodosius Macrobius, critic	"	Iug., Bellum Iugurthinum
"	Sat. or s., Saturnalia	Salv.	Salvianus, Christian writer
"	soinm. Scip., somnium Scipionis	Scæv.	Q. Mucius Scævola, lawyer
Marc.	Aelius Marcianus, lawyer	Scrib.	Scribonius Largus, physician
Marc. Emp.	Marcellus Empiricus, physician and poet	Sedul.	Coelius Sedulius, Christian poet
Mart.	M. Valerius Martialis, poet	Sen.	M. Annaeus Seneca, rhetorician
Mart. Cap. or C.	Martianus Minus Felix Capella	"	contr., Controuersiae
Mel.	Pomponius Mela, geographer	"	suas., Suasoriae
Mod.	Herennius Modestinus, lawyer	Sen.	L. Annaeus Seneca, philosopher
Mon. Ancyr.	Monumentum Ancyranum	"	apoc., apocoevntosis
Naev.	C. Naevius, poet	"	ben., de beneficiis
Non.	Nonius Marcellus, grammarian	"	breu. vit., de breuitate uitae
not. Tir.	notae Tironianae	"	clen., de clementia
		"	cons., consolatio
		"	const., de constantia sapientis
		"	ep., epistulae
		"	mort. Claud., de morte Claudii Caesaris
		"	N. Q., naturales quaestiones
		"	ot. sap., de otio sapientis
		"	prou., de prouidentia
		"	tranq., de tranquillitate animi
		"	uit. beat., de uita beata



Sen.	L. Annæus Seneca, writer of tragedy	And., Andria	
"	Ag., Agamemnon	Eun. or eun., eunuchus	
"	Herc. fur., Hercules furens	Haut. or haut., Hautontimorumenos	
"	Hipp., Hippolytus	Hec., Hecyra	
"	Med., Medea	Ph., Phormio	
"	Oct., Octavia		
"	Oed., Oedipus		
"	Phoen., Phœniœsœ		
"	Thyest., Thyestes		
"	Troad., Trœades		
Serv.	Servius Maurus Honoratus, grammarian	Ter. Maur.	Terentianus Maurus, grammarian
Sev.	see Corn. Sev.	Ter.	I. Sctimius Florens Tertullianus, Christian writer
Sidon. or Sid. or Sid. Ap.	Sidonius Apollinaris, Christian writer	"	anim., de anima
"	carin., Carminia	"	apol., apologa
Sil.	C. Silius Italicus, poet	"	pr., præscriptiones
Sisenn. or Sisen.	L. Cornelius Sisenna, historian and orator	Theod. Prisc.	Theodorus Priscianus, physician
Solin. or Sol.	C. Iulius Solinus, grammarian	Tib.	Albius Tibullus, poet
Spart.	Aelius Spartianus, biographer	Titin.	Titinius, writer of comedy
Stat.	P. Papinius Statius, poet	Treb. Poll. or Treb. Pol.	Trebellius Pollio, historian
"	Ach., Achilleis	Turp.	Sextus Turpilius, writer of comedy
"	silu., silvæ		
"	Theb., Thebais	Ulp.	Domitius Ulpianus, lawyer
Suct.	C. Suetonius Tranquillus, biographer of the twelve Caesars etc.	Val. Cat.	Valerius Cato, poet
"	Aug., Augustus	Val. Fl. or F.	C. Valerius Flaccus, poet
"	Cal., Caligula	Val. Max.	Valerius Maximus, historian
"	Cl. or Claud., Claudius	Var.	M. Terentius Varro
"	Dom., Domitianus	"	L. L. or l. l., de lingua Latina
"	Gal., Caius Julius	"	r. or r. r., de re rustica
"	Galb., Galba	Veg.	Fl. Vegetius Renatus, writer de re militari
"	Ner., Nero	Vell.	P. Velleius Paterculus, historian
"	Ot., Otho	Venant.	Venantius Fortunatus, Christian poet
"	Tib., Tiberius	Ver. Flac.	Verrius Flaccus, grammarian
"	Tit., Titus	Verg.	P. Vergilius Maro, poet (numerals without letters refer to the Aeneid)
"	Vesp., Vespasianus	"	A., Aeneis
"	Vit., Vitellius	"	B., Bucolica or Eclogæ
Sulp.	Sulpicius Severus, Christian writer	"	cat., catalecta
Symm.	Q. Aurelius Symmachus, orator etc.	"	cir., Ciris
"		"	cop., eopa
"		"	G., georgica
"		"	mor., moretum
Tac.	C. Cornelius Tacitus, historian	Vitr.	Vitruvius Pollio, writer on architecture
"	Agr., Agricola	Volus. Maec.	Volusius Maecianus, jurist
"	an., Annales	Vop.	Flavius Vopiscus, historian and biographer
"	G., Germania	"	Aur., Aurellanus
"	h., historiae	"	Tac., Tacitus etc.
"	or., de oratoribus		
Ter.	P. Terentius Afer, writer of comedy		
"	Ad. or ad., Adelphi		



# LATIN DICTIONARY.

**A** the first letter of the Latin alphabet. In vowel-order i e a o u (Prof. Willis Camb. Phil. Soc. 1828, 9) a occupies the centre; and so, as the easiest to pronounce, is of most frequency; **2.** hence too interchangeable with its neighbours e and o, as materia materies, glacies glacialis, regam reges, eapio auceps, caput anceps, ars iners, defetigo defatigo, impertio impartio, factus confectus; **3.** and bonus (for bonos) bona, ignarus (for ignaros) ignorare, bellum (for bellom) bellare, sors salio, calamitas incolumis (incolomis); **4.** old form for ā is aa, haec lego CIL 197, 13; acetereis uiatoribus, 202, 2, 29; paastores 551, 14; Maarcus 596; faato 1011, 5; naatam 1011, 12; Vaarus 1052; 1166; cf. Duteb; **5.** also w. an apex, ā, as: decuriā CIL 168, 11; ā nulla probā, 1194, 3; fāto 1202; Romulus Mārtis filius...regnauit annos duodequadrāgintā, ib. elog. 22; **6.** abbrev.: A sola Aulum significat, cod. Bob. Keil. 4, 268 note; A. Manli A. f. Q., CIL gold coin 423; A. Post. A. f. S. n., den. 442; A. Lic. Q. Cret. eos. (a. d. 7) CIL 756; L. Aspr. A. Plaut. (a. d. 29) 768; **7.** =absoluo, hence A. C. =absoluo condemno on coins of Q. Cassius, Eckhel 5, 166—referring to his lex tabellaria of a. n. c. 617; hence A called salutaris littera, C tristis l. in Cic. Mil. 15; sei Q. Licinius...repromittere noluit (noluerit?) c. s. n. p. a. (i. e. condemnato; sei non paret absoluto), lex Rubr. CIL 205, 1, 31 and 40; **8.** =amicis Inscr. Or. 3919; 3920; amico 172; amicae 4533; **9.** A. A. Aquae Aponae, a spring S. W. of Padua of holy fame, C. Aentius C. f. Maturus A A V S L M (aquis Aponis uotum soluit lubens merito), Inscr. Or. 1463; cf. 1644 and 2620; **10.** A. A. A. F. F., auro argento aere flando feriundo, 2242; 2379; **11.** A. D. ante diem, a. d. K(alendas) Octobris, CIL 200, 21; add 870, 882, 892, 893; C. Asinius ex Parthinis a. d. uiii Kal. Nou. triumphauit, Inscr. Or. 619; add 4539; **12.** A. D. A. agris dandis adsignandis or adtribuendis, C. Gracens iii uir a. d. a. CIL 583, 9; M. Liuius M. f. C. n. Drusus...x uir a. d. a., Inscr. Or. 544; **13.** =agrum or agro, in f(ron)te p. uii, in a(grum) p. ui, Inscr. Or. 4382; =annus etc., uixit a(mnos) xx. Ossa eius hic sita sunt, CIL 1202, 2; **14.** A. L. animo libente, Or. 1750; 1991; **15.** A. P. aediliciae potestatis 1404; 2324 etc.; **16.** A. P. adiutrix pia (sc. legio) 2129; **17.** A. P. R. aerario populi Romani, 5048; **18.** A. P. R. C. anno post Romam conditam, 42; 765; **19.** A. V. C. anno urbis conditae (sc. Romae), in common use now; **20.** ABN abnepos 727; 732; **21.** AD adiutrix (sc. legio), 1177; 3182; ADI. samo 1024; **22.** ADL adlectus 4109; **23.** ADQ adquiescit, 4084; **24.** AED aedilis CIL 206, 21 and 24; **25.** AEG Aegypti, Inscr. Or. 3660; **26.** AEL Aelia, 493; **27.** AEM Aemilia 3044; **28.** AER aereos 1367; **29.** AER acrarium 2274; **30.** AET aeternae 1741; **31.** AID aidilis CIL 197, 15; 32; **32.** AL ala 2076; 3412; **33.** ALL allector 369; **34.** AN Aniensis tribu, 749; 2251; ANI same 125; 2251; ANIEN same, 684; **35.** ANN annonae 1091; **36.** AP Appius 4229; **37.** AP Apollinaris 6061; **38.** APP appellaciones 3151; **39.** AQ aquilifer 3471; **40.** ARB arbitratu CIL

200, 73; **41.** ARC arcitenens, Inscr. Or. 3625; **42.** ARC architectus 5982; **43.** ARG argento CIL 409; **44.** ARK arkarius Inscr. Or. 1239; 2348; **45.** ARM armorum, 3476; **46.** ARN Armeni tribu, CIL 1273; Inscr. Or. 686; 5178; **47.** AST Astures, 2076; **48.** ATR atriensis, 2966; **49.** AV Aurelius, CIL 226; 263; **50.** AVF Aufidius 321; **51.** AVG augur 2286; 2295; **52.** AVG Augustus 600; 605; =Augusta 763; =Augusti 655; 656; Augustalis 2980; **53.** Augurinus CIL 357; **54.** AVR Aurelius 241; 529 e; **55.** AVTR Autronius 227.  
**2 a** ah or ha int. [sound of a sigh] ah, oh, a nugas agis, Plaut. Aul. 4, 4, 24; ah nescis quam doleam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 61; ah, si pergis, abiero, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 47; add Andr. 5, 6, 24; ah inquit P. C. non ego mihi illum iniquum eiero, uerum omnibus, Cic. or. 2, 285; Speni gregis a silice in nuda conixa reliquit, Verg. B. 1, 15; Ha pereant partes quae nocere mihi, Ha pereant dicebat adhuc..., Ov. F. 4, 240; **2.** a formula a eutinam [the last as an old var. of utinam (cf. cubi cumde euter cuter for ubi unde uter ut) accounts for ae utinam (atque utinam)]; v. Lachm. on Prop. 3, 15, 51; Haupt Obs. crit. 1841 p. 38; Trans. Philolog. S. 1867 on etque atque; **3.** a the better form, so Med. and Rom. mss. of Verg. (v. Wagner); A et praepositio est et interiectio, Prisc. 15, 2, 91, 9 K; ah comes from aha says Prisc. 1, 19, 26 and 48, 23.  
**3 ā** prep. See ab.  
**āb, ā** (aa, S. § 8), af; in comp. also ap or au; w. deriv. abs, aps, and in comp. as, prep. seems to represent three old prep. **1.** *ap* of *απο*, S. apa, Gotl. af, old G. ab-a, A. Sax. and Eng. of; **2.** S. *ava* down, Germ. ab in herab hinab abwärts; **3.** S. *abh-i* near, ap of Lat. apud, ab of E. ab-af, ab-ovc; **4.** in form, ab gen. loses its b before labials, a fabris Plaut. Most. 1, 2, 48; a foribus, 2, 1, 81; a foro, 4, 4, 6; a Philolachete, 4, 4, 19; a portu, 2, 1, 16; a pedibus, 3, 2, 169; a patre, 5, 2, 6; a Pseudulo, Ps. 3, 2, 108; a me, 1, 1, 93 and 126; a mensa, 1, 3, 62; a milite, 2, 4, 27; a uita, As. 3, 3, 17; a nostris, Rud. 1, 2, 1; **5.** yet also retained in old writers, ab fontei, CIL 199, 6; ab populo, 200, 71; ab bonorum emptore, 200, 56; ab uiro, Pl. St. 1, 2, 91 (so A, al. a); **6.** ab preferred by Plaut. before d, i consonans, r, l, n, s; as: ab dis, Amph. pr. 12; Pers. 5, 1, 23; St. 2, 1, 24; ab dextera, Amph. 1, 1, 89; As. 2, 1, 12; (add ab domo, Enn. tr. 103 V; ab dracontis stirpe, Att. 596 R; ab domuitione, 173;) ab iustis, Amph. pr. 35; ab ianua, As. 2, 4, 18; Men. 1, 2, 18; Most. 1, 1, 8; (add ab iugulo Att. 257 R; ab Ioue, Cic. ap. Prisc. 1, 294, 3 K; Verg. B. 3, 60; G. 3, 35; A. 1, 380; 6, 123;) ab re, As. 1, 3, 71; Capt. 2, 2, 88; Trin. 2, 1, 12; (add ab radice Verg. G. 1, 20 and 319, A. 12, 787; ab rege, al. a, 11, 230; ab rupe, 3, 647;) ab lenone, Cnrc. 4, 2, 8; 5, 2, 16; ab lippitudine, Rud. 3, 2, 18; (add ab ludis, Enn. tr. 70 V; ab laeua, 38; Verg. 8, 460; ab litore, 3, 536 and 639;) ab nauī, Amph. 2, 2, 219 and 224; 2, 3, 12 and 163; ab nostro, Rud. 3, 3, 7; ab se, Men. 4, 2, 108; 5, 2, 63; Merc. 2, 1, 19; (add CIL 204, 1, 32 and 2, 26;) ab saxo, Rud. 1, 2, 76; ab signo, 3, 3, 10; (add ab stabulis, Pac. 222 R;) so: ab



Therapontigono Curc. 3, 38; 7. before *t* *h*o varies, ab *tarpassita*, Curc. 5, 2, 20, yet see § 11; but a *te*, As. 2, 3, 7; Most. 2, 2, 2; a *tuo uiro*, Men. 5, 1, 23; a *Tranione*, Most. 4, 3, 20; and abs *te*, Ps. 1, 5, 94; so Cic. p. Tull. 6 in the *Ambr. pal.* three times; antiquos scimus et abs *te* dixisse, nos contenti sumus a *te* dicere, Vel. Long. 2224 P.; 8. before *e* ab at times in very old writers, ab censoribus, CIL 206, 82; yet a ceteris, 202, 2, 29; a *eena*, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 54; a *curuo* Ps. 4, 7, 44; so: a *quoquo(m)que*, CIL 205, 2, 2; 9. before *r* and *l* ab gen. preferred by all, ab *rino*, CIL 199, 6; Pl. as above; ab *re* Ter. And. 5, 1, 10; ab *reo* Cic. Clu. 93; 10. gen. the choice before nouns tallies w. the choice in comp. vbs.; 11. *af* in old writers, but only in money-accounts, una praepositio est *af* (so Freund *ej.*, with Hand's sanction; Med. *ab*) eaque tantum in accepti tabulis manet et ne his quidem omnibus; in reliquo sermone mutata est, Cic. or. 158; incipimus ab illa (praepositione) quam Cicero in Oratore annotavit... Adiecit his praepositionibus (sc. *ab* a *abs au*) et illam quae scribitur per *F* (so Freund *ej.*, mss *B*) litteram quam ab antiquis usitatam ait maximo in rationibus et in accepti tabulis, nam quotiens acceptam pecuniam referebant, non dicebant a Longo, sed *af* (mss *ab*) Longo, Vel. Long., 2224, 2 P.; antiqui *af* pro *ab* scribere solebant, Prisc. 560 P, 1, 35, 18 K; 12. meaning from, first w. vbs. of motion, Me a portu praemisit domum, Plaut. Amp. 1, 1, 41; a *Vibone* subito discessimus, Cic. Att. 3, 4; maturat ab urbe proficisci, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 1; ab *Roma* legatos uenisse, Liv. 21, 9, 3; *Troiae* qui primus ab oris *Italiam*...uenit, Verg. A. 1, 5; *Vestigemus* et a portu diuersa petamus, 7, 132; 13. *ab* is rarely omitted before names of towns, fugit *Tarquinius* Corintho, Cic. Tusc. 5, 109; ut *Platonem* Athenis accesseret, Psendo-Nep. Dion. 3, 1; has praepositiones (*ab*, *a*) nonnullis uisum est non debere propriis ciuitatibus praeponi, ut *Antiochia* ueni, *Roma* ueniet Cicero: tum cum multi principes ciuitatis *Roma* (so T. H. K. *ej.*, mss *Romae*) non tam sui conseruandi..., Charis. 207 P, 23, 28 K; 14. but when from before a town is meant *ab* is required, denuitatum est ne *Brutum* obsideret, a *Mutina* discederet, Cic. Pbil. 12, 11; discessit a *Brundisio* obsessionemque nostrorum omisit, Caes. b. c. 3, 24 f.; negassentque patres e *re* publica esse abscedi a *Capua* (by *Fulvius* who was then besieging it), Liv. 26, 3, 11; 15. gen. *ab* from near, from the outside of, is opposed to *ex* from within, just as *ad* is opposed to *in*, priusquam consules (who when holding the imperium could not be in *Rome*) ab urbe exercitum educerent, Liv. 8, 15, 3; qui dicit a *theatro* (se uenire), non ex ipso *theatro* sed o loco qui est proximus *theatro* (uenit), Diom. 408 P, 415, 3 K; a *scena* uenit spectator, e *scena* uenit qui egit: contra spectator e *theatro*, a *theatro* actor, Seaur. 2263 P; 16. with *abl.* of thing removed, from, of, oleam...a *foliis* et *stereore* purgato, Cato r. 65 (66); ab *omni* erratione *enm* liberauit, Cic. Tim. 19; 17. with vbs. of keeping from or hindrance, ad *physicos*...a quibus ne tu quidem iam te abstinebis, Cic. ac. pr. 55; se ne a *Publio* quidem *Seipione*...abstinerent, Tac. dial. 40; (in both *exx.* of persons;) quin nullo foedere a *re* publica bene gerenda impeditur, Cic. Balb. 47; add Cic. Mnr. 39; Sal. Ing. 30, 2; quo illum ab illa prohibeas, Plaut. Ep. 2, 2, 104; quao *hostem* a *pugna* prohiberent, Caes. b. g. 4, 34, 4; add 1, 11, 4; eum a *tua* non modo familiaritate sed etiam congressione...prohiberet, Cic. Phil. 2, 46 (so most mss, V eum non modo *tua*, male); 18. hence with *vb.*, *adj.* or *sb.* of defence, caution, fear, hope, from, against, haec *proiuecia* non modo a calamitate sed etiam a metu calamitatis est defendenda, Cic. Man. 14; add Cic. Mil. 6; ut eius existimationem ab inimicis defendant, Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 6; add Verg. B. 7, 6; Ov. M. 9, 384; nauis praedatoria *aps* qua eandem nobis saue censo, Plaut. Men. 2, 2, 70; quod ab homine impuro non eauerit, Cic. Phil. 12, 25; Sal. Ing. 108, 2; quod letalibus ab rebus munita tenetur, Luer. 3, 820; Curt. 6, 8, 9; quae tutiores eos ab aliis faceret, Liv. 45, 25, 10; 28, 44, 7; qui portus ab *Africo* tegebatur, ab *austr*o non erat tutus, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 4; eum eadem metum ab hac parte, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 4; quae

est uita dies et noctes timere a suis, Cic. Phil. 2, 116; haec a quibus timebantur eos *hostes* appellare dubitamus? 14, 10; Cic. Sull. 59; ancipiti metu et ab *eiue* et ab *hoste*, Liv. 2, 24, 3; spem habere a *tribuno pl.*, Cic. Pis. 12; postquam nec ab *Romanis* uobis ulla spes est nec..., Liv. 21, 13, 4; 19. w. vbs. *wh.* denote distance or difference, num ab *domo* absum, Plaut. Ep. 5, 2, 16; te afuisse tamdiu a nobis, Cic. fam. 2, 1, 2; eum ab *hostium* castris non longius mille et quingentis passibus absetet, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 1; Non tuus...uir a *tuis* teneris uolet secubare papillis, Cat. 61, 101; malitia abest ab ea (sc. prudentia) distatque plurimum, Cic. off. 3, 71; si qua in *re* diserepuit ab *Antoni* diuisione nostra partito, Cic. or. 3, 119; 20. often attached to *adv.* implying distance or separation, At ego *alo* recte qui *aps* te sorsum sentio, Plaut. Capt. 3, 5, 52; Proenl sedere longe a me *Aesculapium*, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 11; 21. w. *prope* and allied words, *wh.* our idiom prefers 'to', or even drops the 'to', apud *socrum* tuam *prope* a meis aedibus sedebas, Cic. Pis. 26; eum esset in *Italia* bellum tam *prope* a *Sicilia*, tamen in *Sicilia* non fuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 6; *prope* est a *te* deus, Sen. ep. 41, 1; *daetylus* si est proximus a *postremo*, Cic. or. 217; proximus ab *oppresso*, Liv. 37, 25, 6; ab *haec* proxima latifoliae proceritas, Plin. 16, 23; 22. so w. vbs. of tying, funiculo qui a *puppi* religatus *scapham* *aunxam* trahebat, Cic. inv. 2, 154; *Gramineo* *ripae* religauit ab *aggere* *classem*, Verg. 7, 106; *querno* religant a *stipite* *funem*, Ov. F. 4, 331; 23. *ab re* *absol.* foreign to the purpose, business or interest of any one, Si *papillam* *pertractauit* *haud* est ab *red* *aucupis*, Plaut. As. 1, 3, 71; quid uis? dum ab *re* *nequid* *ores* *faciam*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 88; non ab *re* *esse* *Quinctio* *uisum* est..., Liv. 35, 32, 6; *illud* non ab *re* *est*, Plin. 27, 57; 31, 43; 34, 96; 24. with *vb.*, *adj.* or *sb.* of being free from, without, nullum tempus illi uacabat a *forensi* *dietione*, Cic. Brut. 272; haec a *custodiis* *classium* *loca* *maxime* uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 5; sum ab *obseruando* *homine* *peruerso* *liber*, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 2; usque *adeo* *orba* *fuit* ab *optimatibus* *illa* *contio*, Cic. Pl. 54; *inopes* ab *ameiis*, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; *urbe* a *defensoribus* *uasta*, Liv. 23, 30, 7; *uacuitas* ab *angoribus*, Cic. off. 1, 73; *tantumne* ab *re* *tuast* *oti* *tibi*, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 23; 25. sometimes the *ab* goes with the measure of distance, if the point whence be not already expressed by *ab*, *ouerariae* *naues* *ex* *eo* *loco* ab *milibus* *passuum* *octo* *uento* *tenebantur*, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 4; *positis* *castris* a *milibus* *passuum* *XV* *auxilia* *expectare* *constituunt*, 6, 7, 3; *inreperitare* *nocibus* *quod* *tanta* *machinatio* ab *tanto* *spatio* *instrueretur*, 2, 30, 3; a *quique* *ferme* *milibus* *castra* *locat*, Liv. 38, 20, 2; so in Gr. *απο σταδίων τετρακακοῦτα τῆς θαλάττης*; 26. with vbs. of paying, ab w. *abl.* of the source whence, often of drawing a bill or cheque on one, *Sequere* *me* *uiateum* *ut* *dem* (*duim*?) a *tarpassita* *tibi*, Plaut. Capt. 2, 3, 89; Tr. 1, 2, 145; Curc. 5, 2, 20; ut *tibi* *quod* *debet* ab *Egnatio* *soluat*, Cic. Att. 7, 18, 4; dum a *Faberio* *uel* ab *aliquo* *qui* *Faberio* *debet* *repraesentabimus*, 12, 25, 1; *ei* *testamento* *legat* *graudem* *pecuniam* a *filio* (*payable* by the son) *si* *qui* *natus* *esset*, Cic. Clu. 33; *se* a *ue* *soluere*, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 11; *paterfamilias* *uxori* *ancillarum* *usumfructum* *legauit* a *filio* *neque* a *secundo* *herede* *legauit*, Cic. Top. 21; *singula* *milia* *nummum* a *se* (= *de* suo) *diuidebat*, Suet. Ang. 40; 27. *met.* *qui* *amant* a *lenone*, Plaut. Ps. 1, 2, 69; *sinite* *me* *quod* *uobis* *fretus* *huic* *saepe* *promisi*, *id* a *uobis* *ei* *persolueret*, Cic. Plane. 103; *se* a *te* *quintum* *de* *Finibus* *librum* *descripsisse* by loan of a copy from you, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 4; 28. w. *abl.* of person, from the house of (*w.* or without *domo*), haec *eistella* *numnam* *hine* *ab* *nobis* *domost*, Plaut. Cist. 4, 1, 6; *undest*? *dic*. A *nobis*, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 15; Ab *Andriast* *ancilla* *haec* *quantum* *intellego*, 4, 4, 17; 29. w. *pass.* *vb.* of the agent, corresponding to *nom.* with *act.* *vb.*, *Hos* *et* *ego* *in* *pugna* *uic* *uietusque* *sum* *ab* *isdem*, Enn. an. 199 V; *ab* *soctis* *unice* *diligebatur*, Cic. Plane. 24; *si* *pridie* *quam* a *me* *tu* *conatus* *es* *confiteri*..., Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 77; a *senatu* *populi* *Romani* *amicus* *appellatus* *erat*, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; 30. *care* *must* *be* *taken* *not* *to* *confound* *this* *use* *of* *ab* *with* *those* *where* *ab*=*from* *or*



against, as used with the same verb in the active (s. § 14), as: nam quid a Pyrrho Hannibale Philippoque et Antiocho defensum est aliud quam libertas, Sal. or. Lep. 4; pecuniae a municipiis exiguntur, Caes. b. c. 1, 6, 8; recuperata urbe ab Romanis, Liv. 26, 39, 10; **31.** of agent w. intr. vb., mare...a sole conlucet albescit, Cic. ac. pr. 105; nihil enim valentius esse a quo intreat, Cic. ac. post. 28; **32.** with part. of birth, a mere abl. (or ex of mother) is gen. found, Gnaiud patre prognatus, CIL 29; Tantalo prognatus, Pelope natus, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; Orpheus et Rhesus Musa matre nati, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; quae duobus auis Sole et Oceano Aecta patro matre Idyia procreata est, 3, 48; dis genite, Verg. 9, 642; Nate dea, 1, 582; me subditum et pellico genitum appellant, Liv. 40, 9, 2; **33.** at times with pass. vb. of things as if personified, commendatione egere eum non putabam, satis enim commendatum tibi eum arbitrabar ab ipso moro maiorum, Cic. fam. 13, 10, 1; ut ab altero (an oration w. excess of musical cadence) non delectere, alterum (without cadence) oderis, Cic. or. 195; ut nobis animus ab ignavia atque socordia corruptus sit, Sal. Iug. 31, 2; eoque ipso ab re male gesta perculso, Liv. 4, 31, 9; **34.** in poets this licence is carried so far as to include instruments and means, Minoida Thesens Abstulit a nulla tempora comptus acu, Ov. a. a. 1, 510; Neue peregrinis tantum defeudar ab armis, Ov. Tr. 2, 421; Ipse quidem Getico pœream uiolatus ab arcu, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 45; add Met. 14, 345; **35.** the so-called abl. me te se nobis nobis require the prep. ab in the sense of from or by, and gen. names of persons; **36.** but a mere abl. of person with other than personal pronouns is admissible where a person is rather the means than a willing agent, esp. if an adj. important to the idea be added, assiduo ruptae leotere columnae, Iuv. 1, 13; and perh., arua Marte coli populata nostro, Hor. od. 3, 5, 24 (wh. Voss rightly connects nostro Marte w. coli); **37.** with comitatus as pass. the abl. marks the means, ipse uno graditur comitatus Achate, Verg. 1, 312; Non ego militibus uenio comitatus et armis, Ov. am. 1, 6, 33; uno aut altero amicorum comitatus, Tac. Agr. 40 f.; Anicetum tricarcho Herculeio et Obarito centurione comitatus, Tac. an. 14, 8; **38.** in some cases the adj. and sb. in abl. rather mark the circumstances (as abl. abs.) than the agent, as: Marius cupientissima plebe consul factus, Sal. Iug. 84, 1; quorum Pii secunda uate me datur fuga, Hor. epod. 16, 66; **39.** still poets and after them late writers at times have a mere abl. of agent, Scriberis Varro fortis et hostium Victor Maeonii carminis alite, Hor. od. 1, 6, 1; carmina quae scribuntur aquae potioribus, ep. 1, 19, 2; atque ita sollicito multus amante legar, Ov. am. 1, 15, 38; deseror...coniuge, Ov. her. 12, 161; et dominis Cyrrhae Nysaeque feruntur Pectora, Iuv. 7, 64; et quicquid frangitur illis, 11, 191; Curentur dubii medicis maioribus aegri, 13, 124; donec desertus suis caderet, Tac. an. 3, 20 f.; crediderim Tiberio et Augusta cohibitam, 3, 3; Erythia quam Geryone habitatam accepimus, Mela 3, 6, 15; **40.** of motive or cause, from, out of, owing to, in consequence of, illud scio me ab singulari amore ac beniuolentia quacunque scribo tibi scribere, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 b, 2; a secundis rebus magis etiam solito incauti, Liv. 5, 44, 6; non ab ira tantum...quam quod... 26, 1, 3; inopi tum urbe ab longinqua obsidione, 2, 14, 3; ab eodem metu commissationem uitaturum, 40, 13 f.; add 5, 5, 3; 6, 4, 8; 24, 30, 1; **41.** ab w. sb. often attached to a sb. as if some part. were understood, calor a sole, Cic. N. D. 2, 129; haec leuior est plaga ab amico quam a debitore, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 7; neque fulgorem recuerunt ab auro, Lucr. 2, 51; dulcesquo a fontibus undae, Verg. G. 2, 243; uelites et ab Attalo Cretenses sagittarii, Liv. 38, 21, 2; ab Sutrio et Nepete et Faleriis legati, 10, 14, 3; **42.** esp. as equivalent to an adj.: pastores a Pergamidae, Varr. r. 2, 2, 1; pastor ab Amphryso, Verg. G. 3, 2; yet even without ab, uideo ibi hospitem Zacinto, Plaut. Merc. 5, 2, 99; N. Magius Cremona, Caes. b. c. 1, 24, 4; **43.** sometimes interchangeable w. ex, wh. an agent in or on anything directs some action from it, dum pugnat ab alta Puppe Tagus, Lucr. 3, 585; discit ab hirsuta

iaculum torquere capella (sc. simius), Iuv. 5, 155; cf. ἀφ' ἰππων μάχεσθαι; but in Lat. rathus ex equo pugnare; yet some connect ab capella (as a slaug-name for a centurion) w. discit; **44.** hence used w. vbs. of hearing, seeing or crying out, Omnia ego istaec auscultanti ab ostio, Plaut. Merc. 2, 4, 9; Prospexi Italiam summa sublimis ab unda, Verg. 6, 357; conclamat ab agmino Volsens, 9, 375; Stat. Th. 4, 802; signo ab Hoxapylo dato, Liv. 25, 24, 1; Intrepidus tanti sedit securus ab alto Spectator sceleris, Lucr. 2, 207; but, nautae uidere trementes Fluctibus e summis, 5, 640; Semper ab insidiis Cynthia flere soles Prop. 4 (3), 24, 26; Et sua Tarpeia residens ita fleuit ab arce, 5 (4), 4, 29; **45.** of time, from, Sol semper hic est usquo a mani ad uesperum, Plaut. Most. 3, 2, 80; ab hora tertia bibebatur, Cic. Phil. 2, 104; cum ab hora septima ad uesperum pugnatum sit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 2; **46.** often w. concrete sb. of ago, Seruum una mittit qui olim a puero paruolo Mibi paedagogus fuerat, Plaut. Merc. pr. 90—as we say, from a boy; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 7; Ad. 1, 1, 23; artes quibus a pueris dediti sumus, Cic. or. 1, 2; a parua uirgine, Cat. 66, 26; quom a pueris nullo officio adufocti nihil contra uoluntatem faciant, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 9; ab infante, Colum. 1, 8, 2; ab infantibus, Cels. 7, 7, 15; **47.** or w. adj. implying age, a bima aut trima (uacca) fructum ferre incipit, Varr. r. 2, 1, 13; a paruulo, Liv. 1, 39, 6; ab tenero, Colum. 5, 6, 20; **48.** esp. w. vbs. of commencement, from, with, caedis initium fecisset a me, Cic. Phil. 5, 20; ab his sermo oritur, respondet Laelius, Cic. am. 5; ab eo nobis causa ordianda est, Cic. leg. 1, 21; corum una pars initium capit a flumino Rhodano, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; exspectantes ut ab aduersariis pugna inciperet, Liv. 9, 32, 5; (homo) animal ceteris imperatorum a supplicis uitam auspicatur, Plin. 7, 3; noetuum a cauda (tail-first) de ouo exire, Plin. 10, 38; **49.** hence of immediate succession, with, immediately after, ab hoc sermone profectum Paulum tradunt, Liv. 22, 44, 4; ab hac contione legati missi sunt, 24, 22, 6; ab his praeceptis contione dimisit, 44, 34, 6; Surgit ab his solio, Ov. M. 3, 273; Nais ab his tacuit, 4, 329; Hanc (sc. lunam) ego suspiciens et ab hac Capitolia cernens, Ov. Tr. 1, 3, 29; **50.** esp. w. adj. recens, or adv. statim, confestim, protinus, nuper, Homerus qui recens ab illorum aetate fuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; pullum asinum a partu recentem subiciunt equae, Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; recens a uolno Dido, Verg. 6, 450; confestim a proelio, Liv. 30, 36, 1; statim a funere, Suet. Iul. 85; a piscina protinus in oleum calidum demittendus est, Cels. 5, 27, 2 (201, 25 D); elephantii bellorum rudes et nuper a silua, Flor. 4, 2, 67; **51.** next after (in importance), a magnis hunc colit ille deis, Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 26; ab his leguminibus ratio est habenda naporum, Colum. 2, 10, 22; ab his dignatio est Sicyonio (uino), Plin. 14, 74; **52.** once used with a sb., ab is not repeated with a foll. rel. or interr., a Ioue incipiendum putat. Quo Ioue, Cic. rep. 1, 56; nobiles urbes fateris ab hostibus esse captas. 'quibus autem hostibus?' nempo his quos..., Cic. Pis. 91; a rebus gerendis senectus abstrahit. Quibus? an his quae..., Cic. Sen. 15; **53.** in late writers ab is found before adverbs, efficiunt una a foro altera a peregre aditus in scenam, Vitruv. 5, 7, 8; 119, 16 R; notae a foras ponuntur, comm. in Front. in Grom. vet. Lachm. 12, 23; a supra, Boeth. (?) ib. 408, 24 and 410, 6; ab intus, Paulin. ad Cyth. 437; ab inuicem, Cypr. ep. 63, 9; Hier. ep. 18; cf. abhinc and Pr. avant=ab anto; **54.** (= S. abhi, εἰ), at, near, on the side of, ab duplex est, nam et pro αἰο et pro εἰα apud nos accipitur, uelut ab bibliotheca..., Charis. 207 P, 232, 21 K; (first of place), Cappadocia quae patet a Syria, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 4; a tergo fronte lateribus tenebitur, Cic. Phil. 3, 32; totis fere a fronte et ab sinistra parte nudatis castris, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 4; haec (corua) ab labris argento circumcludunt, 6, 28 f.; attingit (Gallia) ab Sequanis et Heluetiis Rhenum, 1, 1, 5; inde coeptae oppugnari Syracusae terra ab Hexapylo, mari ab Achradina, Liv. 24, 33, 9; regionem quam ab ortu Strymo amplecteretur amuis, ab oceanus Axius terminaret fluuius, 45, 29, 7; nonnullos ab nouissimis deserto proelio excedere, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 1; cecidere ab Romanis ducenti



equites, Liv. 42, 60, 1; **56.** met. on the side of, in respect of, in, as to, Balbus a matre Magnum Pompeium artissimo coutegebatur gradu, Suet. Aug. 4; Bis perit amator ab re atque ab animo siml, Plaut. Truc. 1, 1, 26; ab ingenio improbatus, 4. 3, 59; M. Ain tu te ualere? E. Pol ego hant perube a pecunia, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 9; Sei hic actor tantum poterit a faeundia Quantum..., Ter. Haut. pr. 13; metuas ne ab re siut tamen Omissiores, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 65; medioeriter a doctriua instructus, angustius etiam a natura, Cic. Brut. 233; nisi qui a philosophia, a iure ciuili, ab historia fuisset instructus, 161 f.; flagitiose imparati cum a militibus tum a pecunia, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 3; conedimus copioso a frumento loco, 5, 18, 2; mons uastus ab natura et humano cultu, Sal. Jug. 48, 3; proximum regnum cetera egregium, ab una parte haud satis prosperum fuerat, Liv. 1, 32, 2; **56.** w. esse, stare, facere, &c., on the side of, in the sense of acting, &c., with or standing by, G. Omnia ego istaec facile patior, dum hic hinc a me sentiat. T. Atqui nunc aps te stat uerum..., Plaut. Rud. 4, 4, 56; sed nide ne hoc, Seaeuola, totum sit a me (in my favour), Cic. or. 1, 55; uide Agri ne istuc sit ab hoc, Varr. r. 1, 2, 18; ut nemo a senatu et a bonorum causa steterit constantius, Cic. Brut. 273; a mendacio contra uerum stare, Cic. inv. 1, 4; quod nihilo magis ab aduersariis quam a nobis facti, Cic. inv. 1, 90; **57.** to denote a department in wh. one serves, and so a title, Pollicem seruum a pedibus (footman or messenger) Romam misi, Cic. Att. 8, 5, 1; a bi(bliotheca), librarian, CIL (a. u. c. 804) p. 327 C 12; a suppellectile, furniture-keeper, ib. 5; Autiochus Ti. Claudi Caesaris a bibliotheca, Inscr. Grut. 584, 6; Liburnus L. Sei Strabonis (the father of Sejanus) a manu, amanuensis, Inscr. Henzen 5394; eum in uillis habere quos ab epistulis et libellis et rationibus appellet, Tac. an. 15, 35; Philemonem a manu seruum simpliciter morte puniit, Suet. Jul. 74; nonum officium instituit a noluptatibus, Suet. Tib. 42 f.; **58.** in comp. w. vbs., from, away, abduco abstraho abeo absum asporto aufero; **59.** disappearance or complete destruction, abutor, use up; **60.** in comp. of adj., absence, amens without mind, absonus out of tune, absimilis unlike, and a lost aboeulus implied in Fr. auugle; **61.** abausis is prob. for anausus, that is ausus aui; and so not from ab, abnepos abneptis being formed on a false analogy; **62.** in comp. ab takes at times the form a, as amoue-, auueh-, amens, auius; **63.** also an before f, as aufer-, auugli-; **64.** before p, c, t, abs or as is preferred, as as-pell-, asporta-, abs-cond-, abstrah-, abstuli; **65.** before n, am is often preferred, as am-nega-, am-nu-, s. ab-nego, ab-nuo; **66.** ab=S. aua (s. § 2) in comp. of vbs., down, abicio throw down, abiectus cast down, absorbeo suck down, abstrudo thrust down, affligo dash down, appono or apono set down.

**ab-actor**, ōris, m. [abigo] one who drives away (cattle), a cattle-stealer, Apul. Met. 7, 269; Th. C. 9, 30, 3.

**ab-actus**, us, m. [id.] driving away, hospitium, Plin. pan. 20.

**ab-actus**, part. of abigo.

**abācūlus**, i, m. dim. [abacus] a small stone tablet for mosaic work, Plin. 36, 199.

**abācus**, m. dim. [=αβ-αξ, root perh. hab of habeo] a tablet, slab, board; **1.** as a tray, Cato r. 10, 4; **2.** as a side-board, ureooli sex Ornamentum abaci, Iuv. 3, 204; **3.** often of expensive character, abacos ornauit argento auroque caelato, Cic. Tusc. 5, 61; abaci nasa omnia abstulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 35; abaeum argento oruari, Varr. l. 9, 33; hi (militēs) primum, quae tum magnificae suppellectilis babebantur, monopodia et abacos Romam aduexerunt, Liv. 39, 6, 7; cf. Plin. 34, 14; (sile) utuntur ad abacos non nisi marmoroso, Plin. 33, 159; Vitr. 7, 3, 10; **4.** tablet of a dial, abaeum cum basi, horologium, Inscr. Or. 4517; **5.** a tablet for arithmetical work, an abacus, Nec qui abāco numeros ... Seit risisse, Pers. 1, 131; **6.** or for geometry, si abaco et puluisculo te dedisses, Apul. mag. 16; cf. Sen. ep. 74, 27; 88, 39; abacum...puluereum formarum aequor, Mart. Cap. 7 init. v. 3; **7.** a board for playing games, diem sequentem abaco et latroneulis conterunt, Maer. Sat. 1, 5, 11; cum...quadrigis eburceis in

abaco luderet, Suet. Ner. 22; **8.** scapi abacus, the upper plate on the capital of a column, Vitr. 3, 3, 5; 4, 1, 11 and 12; **9.** pass. in Apul. Met. 2, 7 dub.

**ab-aestuo**, are, vb. tbrow off heat, Tert.? de uid. Dom. 21.

**abagio**, a word coined by Varr. 7, 3.

**ab-āliēnātio**, onis, f. transference (of property) to another, a. est eius rei quae mancipi est aut traditio alteri nexu aut in iure cessio, Cic. Top. 28.

**ab-āliēno**, are, vb. transfer (property) to another, quod eius agri neque is abalieuauit abalienaueritue neque heres eius abalienauit abalienaueritue..., CIL 200, 15; quod eius ipsei sua uoluntate ab se non abalienarunt, CIL 204, 32; si pupilli sit ab eoque abalienata sit bonae fidei emptori, Paul. Dig. 41, 1, 48; sub hae conditione liber esse iussus, etsi ab herede abalienatus sit emptori dando pecuniam ad libertatem perueniet, Ulp. 2, 4; si abalienauero praedimm, Paul. Dig. 10, 3, 14; Nostramne ere uis nutricem quae nos edueat Abalienare a nobis? Plaut. Trin. 2, 4, 112; ut agros uectigales populi Romani abalienaret, Cic. Agr. 2, 64; uectigalibus abalienatis, 2, 72; **2.** met. of the affections, transfer elsewhere, alienate, estrange, Nec prohibebit nisi mors meum animum aps te abalienauerit, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 18; qui nos quos fauendo retinere potuerunt inuidendo abalienarunt, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 7; (in Cic. Phil. 2, 38 Halm has alienauit); abalienabantur aumi, Liv. 26, 38; ita Campanos metu abalienauit, Liv. 8, 3, 1; **3.** with abl. of the thing lost, deminuti capite, abalieuati iure ciuium (having renounced citizenship), serui Cartaginiesimum facti, Liv. 22, 60; but Cic. Corn. 23 and Nep. Ag. 2, prob. corrupt; **4.** of alienation of mind &c. Scrib. comp. 180 and 192; and so **5.** of dead and gangrenous flesh no longer belonging to the body, ut medicie abalienata morbis membra praecedant, Quint. 8, 3, 75; cf. Scrib. comp. 227; and met. deaden (the feelings), uelut assueti malis abalienauerant ab sensu rerum snarum animos, Liv. 5, 42.

**ab-ambulantes**, abscedentes, Paul. ex F. 26.

**ābāmīta**, ae, f. [abauus] sister of abauus or of great-grandfather, abauī soror, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 3; = amita maxima = patris uel matris amita maior, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, p. 358, l. 11 Momms.

**āb-antē**, prep. before, neque abante aliam (arcam) ponat, Inscr. Or. 4396; **2.** w. dat. abante oculis parentis rapere nymphae, Inscr. Grut. 717, 11; **3.** hence Fr. avant.

**ābāu-īa**, ae, f. [abauus] mother of a great-grandfather or great-grandmother, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 16.

**ab-āuunculus**, m. brother of au abauia, great-grand-great-uncle, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 3; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 17.

**ab-āuus**, m. [auus aui] great-grandfather, Ibi mei sunt maiores siti pater auos proauos abauos, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 20; add Cic. Brut. 213; Gai. Dig. 38, 10, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 16; **2.** gen. distant ancestor, Plin. 18, 39; and prob. Cic. har. 38.

**ābax**, ābācis, m. = abacus, Prisc. p. 752, 1, 322, 13 K.

**abbas**, ātis, m. [father] abbot, Sidon. 16, 114.

**abbātīa**, ae, f. abbey, Hieron.

**abbāt-īssa**, ae, f. abbess, Inscr. Mur. 429, 3.

**ab-brēuio**, are, [breuis] abridge, Veg. mil. pr. 3; **2.** Fr. abrégier.

**ab-dicātio**, ōnis, f. resignation, dietaturae, Liv. 6, 16, 8; **2.** renouncing (of a son), Postumi Agrippae post adoptionem, Plin. 7, 150; add Quint. 3, 6, 77; 7, 1, 15 etc.; cod. Iust. 6, 8, 47.

**ab-dicātīuē**, adv. negatively, Mart. Cap. 4, 409, p. 130 Eyss.

**ab-dicātīuus**, adj. negative, Apul. dogm. 3, 30 (266), p. 263 Hild.

**ab-dicātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. she who renounces, misericordiae, Salv. de avar. 2.

**1** **ab-dico**, are vb. [implies a uonn abdx one who declares off, from dec of dico, just as iudico indico uindico come from index, index, uindex] prob. at first a vb. refl. (abdicor) I declare myself a dissident, and hence the use of abdicō me (se), § 2; but in use, **1.** formally deny, as with inf. Mortem ostentant, regno expellunt, consanguineam esse abdicant, Pac. 55 R.; **2.** abdicō me (se) with abl. of



thing, abdicate, lay down, renounce, (in a fixed set of words), sei is praetor... (eo magistratu) iudicicio imperioe abierit abdicauerit mortuosus erit, CIL 198, 72; magistratu, Cic. Cat. 3, 14; dictatura, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 1; tutela, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 4; Ulp. 11, 17; non modo consulatu sed etiam libertate, Cic. Phil. 3, 12; magistratu, Liv. 9, 33; aedilitate, 39, 39; Legatus Caesaris abdicando se non amittit imperium, Papin. Dig. 1, 18, 20; **3.** abdico with acc., the same, ad sellas consulum prope connolare abdicare consulatum iubentes, Liv. 2, 28 f.; quod invidiam abdicando dictaturam fugisset, Liv. 6, 18; and hence in pass., abdicato magistratu, Sal. Cat. 47, 3; **4.** renounce, esp. a son, ex duobus legitimis (sc. liberis) alterum abdicauerat, Quint. 3, 6, 97 and soon after in pass. instituto herede abdicato; add 7, 4, 4; 11, 1, 82; and even of a son renouncing a father, eum sibi (Demetrius), te abdicato patre, in locum tuum substituit (says Perseus addressing Philip), Liv. 40, 11; **5.** depose (a monarch), eligi regem a populo (of Taprobane) liberos non habentem, et si postea gignat, abdicari, Plin. 6, 89; **6.** geu. renounce, reject, ubi plus mali quam boni reperio id totum abdicco atque eicio, Cic. Or. 2, 102 (but see abudico); te dicente (M. Tulli) legem agrariam, hoc est, alimenta sua abdicauerunt tribus, Plin. 7, 116; utinamque posset e uita abdicari aurum, (so β), Plin. 33, 6.

**2** **abdicco**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. pronounce against, (opp. to addico), cum aues abdidissent, Cic. div. 1, 31; **2.** in law, take away by judicial decision, cum animaduertisset Appium Claudium... iudicias filiae suae a se abdidisse, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 24 (but not in Liv. 1, 56).

**abditē**, see abditus.  
**abdituōs**, a, um, adj. [abditus] of the class abditī (-a), stowed away, filius, Pl. Poen. pr. 65. So Gulielmus by a safe cj.

**abditus**, part. of abdo; **2.** as adj. and hence comp. and superl. in August. conf. 5, 5; ench. 16; **3.** as sb. n., secret place, recess, terrai abdita, Lucr. 6, 809; abdita rerum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 49; nunquam nisi in abdito, Plin. 8, 13; **4.** abditē? secretly, a doubtful reading in Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 181, wh. Jordan has abdita latuisse.

**ab-do**, -dēre, -didi, -ditum, vb. put away, stow away, put out of sight, hide, Ex conspectu heri si sui se abdiderunt, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 4; Nequiquam abdidī (sc. amicam meam) abscondidī abstrusam habebam, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 26; nihil refert ntrum tu nihil ausus sis scribere an amici tui tabellas abdiderint, Cic. Pis. 39; **2.** as the vb. itself denotes motion we have the construction of motion in: nam senex Rus abdidit se, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 9, though in English we say has hidden himself in the country; Audisne haec Amphiarā sub terram abditē, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 60; abdidit se in intimam Macedoniam, Cic. fam. 13, 29, 4; abdo me in bibliothecam, 7, 28, 2; mihi iudicatum est me totum in litteras abdere, 7, 33, 2; ue se in Menapios abderet, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 4; add Verg. 11, 810; Tac. an. 2, 85; 4, 67; Suet. Galb. 20; **3.** but with perf. tenses the resulting state often suggests the construction of rest, homines in agris et in lectis siluestribus abditos, Cic. inv. 1, 2; qui se litteris abdiderunt, Cic. Arch. 12; (contrast this with fourth ex. in § 2); qui in ferrost abditus aer, Lucr. 6, 1037; consulis corpus militum pietas humi abdiderat, Flor. 4, 12; carceri abditus, Vell. 2, 91; **4.** but poets extend the construction of rest beyond perfect tenses, ubi... segnior annis Deficit, abde domo, Verg. G. 3, 96; so with an aorist in: dextraque coruscum Extulit ac lateri capulo tenus abdidit ensem, buried his sword in, Verg. 2, 553; totosque sub inguine dentes Abdidit, Ov. M. 10, 715; **5.** in Lucr. 4, 468 the reading is addit, not abdit.

**abdomen**, īnis, n. [abdo + um-en, cf. δι-δω-μι, δω-ρον do-num] liter. a place for stowing things away, a cupboard—hence belly (cf. our slang use of bread-basket), ilia... a quibus ac pube abdomen sursum uersus ad praecordia peruenit, Cels. 4, 1 f.; Quin iamdudum gestit moeco hoc abdomen adimere, Pl. Mil. 1, 5; **2.** esp. of the belly as the seat of gluttony, ille gurgis atque helleo natus abdomini suo, Cic. Pis. 41; abdominis uoluptates, 66; usque eo non fuit popularis ut bona solus comesset... libelli pro uino oppignerabantur; mauebat insaturabile abdomen, copiae

deficiebant, Cic. Sest. 110; **3.** the belly of animals, as a dish, esp. of the sow, Tanquam frater mihi sis medim abdomen tecum diuidam, Pomp. 180 R.; Pernam suis abdomen sumen glandium, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 44, wh. snmen is the female; Atque Bonam tenerae placant abdomine porcae Et magno cratera Deam, Iuv. 2, 86; oecisae uno die post partum optimum si modo fetus non hauserit, antiqui abdomen uocabant, Plin. 11, 211; interdicta cenis abdomina, 8, 209; **4.** of the tunny fish, as a dish, abdomina thuumi Aduenientibus priua (one to each) dabo, Lucil. ap. Gell. 10, 20, 4; add Plin. 9, 48.

**ab-dūco**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. draw away, lead away; **1.** with acc. of inanimate object, draw away, withdraw, separate, Abduxere retro longe capita ardua ab ietu, Verg. 5, 428; laena (togam) a faucibus abducere licet, Quint. 11, 3, 145; nihil est difficilius quam a consuetudine oculorum aciem mentis abducere, Cic. N. D. 2, 17; ne ars tanta a religionis auctoritate abduceretur ad mercedem atque quaestum, Cic. div. 1, 92; abductis montibus, Val. Fl. 4, 677; magna cogitatio obcaecat abducto intus uisu, Plin. 11, 147; abd. potionem, drink off, Scrib. comp. 122, cf. duco; **2.** more commonly with acc. of living object, draw away, lead away, withdraw, take away, aduenientem... abduxi ad cenam, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 9; neue quis eum ab eo iudicio auocato neue abducito, neue abducier iubeto, CIL 198, 71; Tum me conuiuium solum abducebat sibi, Ter. Euu. 3, 1, 17; Cn. Octauium ex acie, id est, a iudiciis et in praesidiis rei publicae collocemus (withdraw from field-service, met.) Cic. Brut. 222; ut liberi eorum in seruitutem abduci non deberint, Caes. b. g. 1, 11, 3; ut collegam ui si aliter possent de foro abducerent, Liv. 2, 56; **3.** esp. of wives taken from their husbands, Luliam Drusillam matrimouio Tiberii Neronis abduxit, Suet. Ang. 62; Poppaeam abductam marito demandatamque sibi nuptiarum specie recepit, Suet. Oth. 3; add Suet. Dom. 1; cf. Verg. 10, 79; **4.** lead away or withdraw from an occupation, nec illum ab studio abducerem, Ter. Hec. prol. 2, 11; a quo studio te abduci negotiis intellego, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 5; abduco me ab omni rei publicae cura dedoque litteris, Cic. Q. Fr. 3, 6, 4; **5.** as opposed to auferre, refers to removal of living beings, as cattle, &c.; quod ibidem recte custodire poterunt id ibidem eustodiant; quod non poterunt id auferre et abducere licebit, edict. praet. ap. Cic. Quint. 84; Paene puer acaesis abducta armenta recepi Hostibus, Ov. her. 15, 357; bos abductus aratro, Claud. b. g. 161; **6.** Don. ad Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 4 says: ducimus uolentes, abducimus inuitos, but this is disproved by exx. in § 2; **7.** in CIL 30 Scipio (cons. of 456) Taurasia Cisauna Samnio cepit—subigit omne Lucanam opsidisque abduciit (wh. note the ou), subigit aud abduciit are commonly thought to be old perfects;

**8.** abduce as imper., Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 36, and Ph. 2, 3, 63; **9.** in Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 16 abdnxti is given, but abduxi suits the metre.

**Abella**, (Au.) ae, f. a town of Campania, Verg. 7, 740; Sil. 8, 545.

**Abellanus**, (Au.) adj. of Abella, Plin. 3, 63; nux auellana, a filbert, Plin. 16, 121; Maer. sat. 3, 18, 5; **2.** abellana absol. as sb. Cato r. 8, 2; Plin. 15, 88; 16, 120.

**ab-ēmo**, ēre, vb. (ab down, or away?) take down or take away, abemito significat demito uel aufero, emero enim antiqui dicebant pro accipere, Fest. p. 5. Cf. adimo;

**2.** Hence Fr. auẽindre to take down (now provincial).

**ab-eo**, ire, ii, itum, vb. irr. go away, go off, quci in exilium abierit, CIL 198, 29; cum Amphitruone una abiit hinc, Pl. Amph. pr. 125; Nunc abeo, audibis praeterea, si eius redeat filia, Cacc. 113 R.; Vos istaec intro auferite, abite, Ter. And. 1, 1, 1; abiit exasit excessit erupit, Cic. Cat. 2, 1, 1; **2.** with ab, de or abl. alone of the whence, ab illa, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 64; ab his locis, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 29; de sella, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; de loco Cic. Fam. 14, 1, 3; e conspectu meo Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 20; ex oculis, Liv. 25, 16; hao urbe, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 69; montibus his, Verg. B. 7, 56; **3.** with in ad sub, and in some phrases a merc. acc. of the whither, in comunnem locum, Pl. Cas. pr. 19; in augulum aliquo, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 10; ad deos, Cic. Tusc. 1, 32; ad istas inuicias, Cic. Rosc. Am. 47; sub



iugum, Liv. 3, 28 f.; domum, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 20; foras, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 34; **4.** with sup., abi deambulatium, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 26; militatum abiit, 1, 1, 65; Tarquinius exulatum abiit, Liv. 2, 15 f.; **5.** w. inf., Abi (tu) quare ubi iurando tuo satis sit subsidi, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 36; **6.** w. cogn. acc., tu abi tacitus tuam uiam, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 88; **7.** pass away, vanish, disappear, nausea iamne plane abiit, Cic. Att. 14, 10, 2; illa mea quae solebas antea laudare abierunt, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; stomachoque infixata sub altum Pectus abiit (cornus), Verg. A. 9, 700; Incauit uis illa mali resolutaque flammis Herculeos abiit late diffusa per artus, Ov. M. 9, 162; **8.** pass (into a new form), end (in), disappear (in), terra abiit in nimbos imbresque, Lucil. ap. Varr. 5, 5, p. 40 Sp.; E in V abiit, Varr. L. 5, 16, p. 93; in quos enim sumptus abeunt fructus praediorum, Cic. Att. 11, 2, 2; In ullos abeunt uestes, in cura lacerti, Ov. M. 1, 236; Pars abiit in uitae, 4, 396; 11, 653; totum stagnum in salem abiit, Plin. 31, 73; L. Sulla id (oppidum) deleuit quod nunc in nullam abiit, 3, 70; **9.** pass beyond the reach of, escape the clutches of, be lost (to), coepit cogitare si res abiret ab eo mancipio queu ipso appouisset sibi nullam praedam esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 141; dico ei (sc. Minucio) potestatem emendi non esse factam, ne res abiret ab Apronio, 2, 3, 148; **10.** non posse ista sic abire, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 1; Non non hoc tibi salse sic abiit, Cat. 14, 16 (you will hear again of this); **11.** with pers. for subject, come off, get off (from a contest), omnia malle quam uicti abire, Sal. I. 79, 7; haud repulsus abibis, 110, 8; inultos abire, 58, 5; integri abeunt, 53, 3; nemo...non donatus abibit, Verg. 5, 305; Vietus abiit, Verg. G. 3, 225; tu missus abibis, Hor. Sat. 2, 1, 86; **12.** go out of (office), lay down (an office), w. abl. magistratu, Liv. 2, 31, 5; Tac. an. 5, 11 (6, 6); honore, Liv. 5, 9, 3; Suet. Aug. 26; flaminio, Liv. 26, 23 f.; Val. M. 1, 1, 4; tutela, Ulp. dig. 26, 4, 3, 8; prouincia, Paul. dig. 48, 13, 9, 6; **13.** rarely with ab as: abeuntibus ab administratione reipublicae, Eutr. 10, 1; **14.** of dying, abiit e nita, Cic. Tusc. 1, 74; e medio abiit qui fuit in re hac serupulus, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 30; Qui nunc abierunt hinc in communem locum, Plaut. Cas. pr. 19; Abiturus illuc quo priores abierunt, Phaedr. 4, 20, 16; abiit ad plures, Petr. 42; **15.** absol., Insuperato abūt quem una angina abstulit hora, Lucil. ap. Non. 1, 150; in Fest. abisse pro adisse dicebant, Dac. cj. obiisse in place of adisse; **16.** in words, pass away from a subject, go off, digress, sed abeo a sensibus; quid est quod ratione percipi possit? Cic. ac. pr. 2, 90; Illuc unde abii redeo, Hor. S. 1, 1, 108; **17.** abi, be off, out of that, come no more of that, abi ludis me eredo, Plaut. Most. 5, 1, 32; add Capt. 4, 2, 90; Mil. 2, 3, 20; Modo ut tacere possis. Abi sis insciens, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 9; abi nescis inescare homines, Sannio, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 12; **18.** used also in praise as to one so perfect that more words would be thrown away upon him, that'll do, enough enough, Ctesipho, patrisas: abi uirum te iudico, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 25; Hem sic abi laudo: ne te equo magis est ceus nullus sapiens, Plaut. As. 3, 3, 114; Aul. 5, 1, 17; **19.** pass. impers., abire me uis, abibitur, Plaut. Merc. 4, 4, 36; tenuit ne irrito incepto abiretur, Liv. 24, 19, 7; **20.** abi gen. a monos. (ai?) in old drama, At nunc abi sane aduenisse familiaris dicit, Plaut. Amph. 1, 1, 197; add 5, 1, 74; Abi domum, id mihi uisus dicere: abi cito ac suspendo te, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 20; add all passages in §§ 12, 13; **21.** abin for abisne, Plaut. Amph. 2, 2, 227; Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 17; abisti for abisti, Ov. her. 2, 99; abisse for abisne, Cland. Eutr. pr. 2, 4; **22.** [from ab down = S. aua] go down, quando abiit rete pessum, adducit sinum (draws up), Plaut. Truc. 1, 1, 15; luxuria atque inopia praeceps abierat, Sal. Cat. 25, 4; telo extracto Fabius in uulnus abiit, Liv. 2, 46, 4 (cf. prolapsa in uulnus moribunda cecidit, Liv. 1, 58, 11; and in uulnus cecidere, Stat. Th. 4, 463); ut reditus agrorum sic etiam pretium retro abiit, Plin. ep. 2, 18, 7; quoties demersae fluctibus et urbes et insulae abierint in profundum, Lact. Div. inst. 7, 3; yet first and last cxx. perh. belong to § 6.

**ab-ēquito**, āre, vb. ride away, Liv. 24, 31, 10.  
**ab-ercet** = prohibet, Paul. ex F. p. 25.  
**āberrātio**, ōnis, f. wandering away, diversion, relief, a molestiis, Cic. fam. 15, 18; a dolore, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 3.  
**ab-erro**, āre, vb. wander away, go astray, Puer inter homines aberrauit a patre, Pl. Men. pr. 31; **2.** met. a proposito, Cic. fin. 5, 83, and 85; a regula, Cic. ac. pr. 140; ab Herilli leuitate, Cic. fin. 4, 40; add Plin. ep. 4, 28 f.; **3.** esp. have one's thoughts diverted (from grief), a miseria, Cic. Att. 12, 45; scribendo nihil equidem leuor sed tamen aberro, forget my sorrows, 12, 38, 1.  
**ab-fōre**, see absum.  
**ab-grēgāre** = ab grege ducere, Paul. ex F. 23.  
**ab-hinc**, adv. from this — rarely if ever of place, from this place, hence, Aufer abhinc lacrimas barathre (al. ej. barde or balatro) et compesce querellas, Lucr. 3, 955; cf. iurgium hinc auferas, si sapias, Plaut. Pers. 5, 2, 19; **2.** gen. of time and nearly always of past time measured from the present, from now, from this time, w. acc. rarely abl. (see Madv. Bemer. p. 65), hoc factumst ferme abhinc biennium, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 4; qui abhinc iam abierunt triennium, Pl. St. 1, 2, 80; qui abhinc sexaginta annis occisus foret, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 63; a. annos XVI, Pl. Cas. pr. 39; abhinc triennium...domicilium hoc (= luc)...contulit, Turp. 133 R.; a. triennium, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 42; a. annos quingentos, Cic. Balb. 16; a. annos prope uiginti, Cic. Phil. 2, 119; a. annos XIV, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 34; comitiis iam abhinc diebus triginta factis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 130; quo tempore? abhinc annis XV, Cic. Rose. com. 37; a. amplius annis XV, Cic. Att. 12, 17; a. annos prope CCC, Cic. div. 2, 118; Carthago diruta est...a. annos CLXXXIII, Vell. 1, 12, 5; but in Plin. 14, 43 read septem his annis; **3.** of future time, from this time forward, henceforward (deline preferred by best writers), seque ad ludos iam inde abhinc exerceant, Pac. 21 R; septimo anno omnes dentes eius (sc. equi) expleunt. Latent abhinc aetatis uotae, Pall. 4, 13, 9; add Symmach. ep. 4, 59.  
**ab-horreo**, ēre, vb. draw back with a shudder from, be utterly averse to. **1.** as to constr. in best writers with ab, adulescentulo...abhorrenti ab re uxoria, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; cum ipse nihil ab horum turpitudine audacia sordibus abhorreret, Cic. Sest. 112; ab ista suspicione, Cic. Cacl. 10; a scribendo, Cic. Att. 2, 6; uolgus abhorret ab hac (sc. ratione) Lucr. 1, 945 and 4, 20; Puniceum abhorrens ab Latinerum nominum pronuntiatione os, Casilinum pro Casino dux ut acciperet fecit, Liv. 22, 13, 6; uirgo ab suspicione parum abhorrens, 4, 44, 11; spem ab effectu haud abhorrentem, 29, 6, 8; a nolgari genere diendi, Quint. 8 pr. 25; a fide, 9, 2, 30; and even in later writers, as: cultus paulum a priuato abhorreus, Curt. 3, 6, 19; a qua (sc. fuga) multum abhorret animus, 5, 8, 10; ab omni caede Suet. Dom. 9; multa et immauia uerum non abhorrentia a sua natura creditur destinasse, Suet. Ner. 43; **2.** with abl. alone, postquam factus es Maritus, hac (mss. hanc) domo abhorrens, tuam etiam uxorem uideo pauciens, Titin. R. 40: ut alii iracundi aut crudeles alii talibus (Lamb. a talibus) uitis abhorreat, Cic. fat. 8; animum tanto facinore procul abhorrentem Curt. 6, 7, 11; moribus nostris, 7, 8, 33; ad mania haud multum seruilibus ministeriis abhorrentia, 8, 6, 2; **3.** with dat., hinc tam pacatae perfectioni regis abhorrens mos manet bona Porsinnae regis uendendi, Liv. 2, 14, 1; and with some difference of meaning (shocking or offensive to), inconditum et abhorrens peregrinis auribus carneu, Curt. 6, 2, 5; **4.** with acc., like our abhor, pumilos atque distortos ut ludibria naturae abhorrebat, Suet. Aug. 83; ostentum, Suet. Galb. 4; cadauerum tabem, Suet. Vit. 10; and in a manner by Cic. Clu. 41: nemo illum aditu dignum iudicauit, omnes aspernabantur, omnes abhorrebant; **5.** as to meaning, first, as said above, draw back with a shudder from; Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; Cic. Att. 2, 6; Curt. 6, 25, as given above in § 1 and § 2; **6.** met. be wholly inconsistent with, have a natural repugnance for, differ widely from, Cic. Sest. 112; Cic. Cacl. 10; Curt. 3, 16 f. and 8; 21; cf. §§ 1 and 2; **7.** See abhorresco.  
**ābhorr-esco**, ēre, -horruī, draw back with a shudder from, as a transl. of ἐκφριττονειν, ap. Lact. ira D. 23; and



in perf., animo illos abhorruisse semper ab optimo ciuitatis statu, Cic. Phil. 7, 4.

**abhorridē**, adv. [implies au adj. abhorridus from abhorre-o] so as to shock a person, offensively, Charis. P. 40.

**ab-icto**, (less corr. abicio) cere, icci, ictus, vb. [ab down = S. ava: iacio or icio] throw down, e. muro se iu uare, Cic. Tusc. 1, 84; annulum in mari, Cic. fin. 5, 92; insigne regium de suo capite, Cic. Sest. 58; ut se abiceret in herba, Cic. or. 1, 28; se ad generi pedes, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; me plurimis supplicem, Cic. Mil. 100; cum ceteras ammantibus abicisset ad pastum, hominem erexit, Cic. leg. 1, 26; beluam, Cic. Tusc. 2, 22; scutum, 2, 54; telis ex nullo abiectis, Caes. b. c. 3, 56 f.; ut tragulam intra munitiones abiciat, b. g. 5, 48, 5; arma, 4, 15, 1; 4, 37 f.; iussus arma abicere, 5, 37, 1; luctator ter abiectus perdidit palmam, Sen. ben. 5, 3, 1; abiciunt se humi, Plin. 21, 75; in mare nemo Hunc abicit, Iuv. 15, 17; **2.** met. lower, throw away, throw aside, abandon, get rid of at any price, discard or reject with more or less of contempt, numquam... me scio Vidisse umquam abiectas aedis nisi modo hasce, Pl. Most. 3, 3, 3; paltria... Aliquo abiciunda est, si non pretio, gratis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 26; Nuptias abieci, Turpil. ap. Non. 497, 15; abiecta gloria, Acc. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 33, 1; abiciamus ista, Cic. Att. 13, 31, 3; uitam, 3, 19, 1; curam rei publicae, Cic. fam. 9, 24, 4; qui suas omnes cogitationes abiecerunt in rem tam contemptam, Cic. am. 32; senatus auctoritatem Cic. Att. 1, 18, 3; Agros abieciit moecha ut ornatum paref, Phaedr. 4, 5, 42; abiciunt se, become down-cast, Cic. Tusc. 2, 54; sic te abicies (lower yourself) ut nihil inter te atque inter quadrupedem aliquam putes interesse, Cic. parad. 14; **3.** of voice or style, huic uersum abieci (so mss.) prorsus ut in proximis stupescat, Cic. or. 3, 102; neque abiectam orationem uer nimis altam, Cic. or. 192; add 184; **4.** abiectus part. and adj. down-cast, disheartened, abiecior animis, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 16; am. 59; **5.** also low, mean, degraded, familiam abiectam et obscuram, Cic. Dei. 30; parua illa quae abiectissimus quisque animus utilia credit, Quint. 11, 1, 13; **6.** for a long ab, add Abictio potius..., Hor. ep. 1, 13, 7; **7.** for a short ab, add Spargit humi atque abieci, Verg. mor. 96.

**abieciē**. See abiectus.

**abieciō**, ōnis, f. [abie-icō] casting down—hence met. a. animi, the being down-cast, in low spirits, Cic. Pis. 88—the quotations from Corn. 1, 10; Quint. 9, 3, 18 are errors.

**abiecius**, part. of abiecio. **2.** as adj. down-cast, low-spirited, despairing, abieciore animo me futurum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 16; add Cic. am. 59; **3.** low, humble, mean, degraded, worthless, nihil abiecius, nihil humile cogitant, Cic. fin. 5, 57; uestram familiam abieciam et obscuram e tenebris in lucem euocant, Cic. Dei. 30; parua illa quae abieciissimus quisque animus utilia credit, Quint. 11, 1, 13;

**4.** abieciē adv. in a despairing spirit, Cic. Tusc. 2, 55; abiecius Amm. 15, 2; **5.** in a low or mean condition, sordidius et abiecius uati, Tac. dial. 8.

**abiegnus** (or -ius or abiegnus) adj. (=abiegnus) of white fir, trabeculas abiegnas, CIL 577, 1, 19; antepagmenta abiegnae, ib. 2, 4; assibus abiegniis, ib. 2, 1.

**abiegnus**, adj. (abieci- or rather a lost abieci-) of white fir or fir, Sed maucedum; num ista aut populna sors aut abiegnia (al. abienna) est tua, Plaut. Cas. 2, 6, 32; utinam ne... Caesa accidisset abiegnia (pron. abyegna) ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 281 V; telum hastili abiegnio, Liv. 21, 8, 10; nam quis equo pulsas abiegnio nosceret arees, Prop. 4 (3), 1, 25; abiegnae bovis, 4, 18 (3, 19) 12.

**abies**, etis, f. (abieci- from a lost abi-cc-, s. abiegnus) the white fir, pinus picea Liun. εαργη, of great height, abies consternitur alba, Enn. an. 195 V; abiete crispa, Enn. tr. 117; Ego me extollo in abietem alte (altam Bothe ej.) ex tuto prospectum acucupo, Acc. 407 R; Materia cuiusque generis est praeter fagum atque abietem, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 5; abies in montibus altis, Verg. B. 7, 66; Enodiscae abies, Ov. M. 10, 94; hae (sc. larix et abies) omnium arborum altissimae ac rectissimae, Plin. 16, 195; abietis quae pars a terra fuit enodis est, 196; abies femina prolixior, 16, 48; **2.** in

poetry of things made of fir, as a ship, cassus abies uisura mariuos, Verg. G. 2, 68; Labitur uncta uadis abies, 8, 91;

**3.** of a spear, transuerberat abiete pectus, Verg. 11, 667; add Sil. 4, 256; **4.** tablets for writing, At ego hanc ad Lemnisenen tuam eram obsignatam abietem, Plaut. Pers. 2, 2, 66; prosa ut mueronem pro gladio recipiet, ita non abietem pro tabellis, Quint. 8, 6, 20; **5.** a sea shrub, Plin. 13, 137; **6.** Abiētis, &c. pron. as abyetis &c., Abicitibus iuuenes patriis et mouibus aequos, Verg. 9, 674; add 8, 599 and see § 4.

**abig-a**, ae, f. [abigo] ground-pine [χαμαί-πιπυς], so-called propter abortus, Plin. 24, 29.

**abigeator**, ōris, m. = abigeus, Paul. sent. 5, 18.

**abigeatus**, ūs, m. [implies a vb. abigeo from abigeus] cattle-stealing, Macer. dig. 47, 14, 2 and 3; Arr. ib. 49, 16, 5, 2.

**abig-eus**, m. [abigo] cattle-stealer, de abigeis, title of dig. 47, 14; add Ulp. 47, 14, 1; and 3, 3; Claud. 48, 19, 16, 7; ab. = απελαγης, Gloss.

**ab-igo**, ĩre, ĩgi, actus, vb. [ago] drive away; Item ut de frumento anseres clamore absterret abigit, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; add Capt. 4, 2, 35, etc.; abigam hunc rus, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 47; puer abige museas, Cic. or. 2, 247; **2.** esp. cattle, often as robbers (see abigeus, etc.), pecus abegerunt, Cic. Pis. 84; greges ouium abiguntur in Samnium, Varr. 2, 1, 16; porcos abietos, Cal. dig. 47, 14, 3; pecus, ib.; **3.** of abortion, partum, Cic. Clu. 32; foetum, Colum. 6, 27, 11; conceptum, Suet. Dom. 22; **4.** uet. lassitudinem abs te, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 3; pestem a me, Enn. ap. Cic. ac. pr. 89; cnras, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 19.

**ab-ĩtio**, ōnis, f. [abeo] going away, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 19; Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 16.

**ab-ĩto**, ĩre, vb. [baeto] go away, adserua ipsum ne quo abitat, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 72.

**ab-ĩtus**, ūs, m. [abeo] going away, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 5; 4, 4, 24; aduentu... abituque, Lucr. 1, 457; add 677; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 125; Sil. 7, 136; **2.** way of exit, outlet, Verg. A. 9, 380; Tac. an. 14, 37.

**ab-ĩudico**, ĩre, vb. take away by judicial sentence, declare not to belong to, Abiudicata a me modest Palaestra perditus sum, Pl. Rud. 5, 1, 3; add 4, 3, 100; Alexandriam a populo Romano abiudicabit, Cic. agr. 2, 43; **2.** met. Equidem me iam quantum potis a uita abiudicabo, that the living world has no title to me, Pl. Ās. 3, 3, 17; rationem fidei ab hoc ordiue, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 4; **3.** abi. sibi, or absol. (?) renouice, ipse sibi libertatem, Cic. Caec. 99; add prob. or. 2, 102.

**ab-ĩũgo**, ĩre, vb. unyoke, set (an animal) loose, quae res te ab stabulis abingat? Pac. ap. Non. 73, 21.

**ab-ĩungo**, vb. unyoke, Maerentem abiegnens fraterna morte iuuenem, Verg. G. 3, 518; but in Prop. 2, 18, 10 read w. mss. adiunctos; **2.** met. separate, quod se ab hoc dicendi genere abiuixerat, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 3; abiuicte Labieno timebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 56, 2; add Stat. Th. 5, 389.

**ab-ĩurgo**, ĩre, =abiudico, Aiax postulauit ut arma sibi Achillis darent, quae abiurgata sunt ab..., Hyg. fab. 107.

**ab-ĩũro**, (iouro) ĩre, vb. swear off, abjure, swear to non-existence of, quei bouam copiam ab iourauerit (so apart), CIL 206, 113; Qui abiurant siquid creditumst, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 10; abiurassit, Pers. 4, 3, 9; pecuniam, Pl. Rud. pr. 14; mi abiurare certius est quam dependere, Cic. Att. 1, 8 f.; abiurataeque rapinae, Verg. 8, 263.

**ab-lacto**, ĩre, vb. [lac] wean, Hier. epist. 27; Vulg. Gen. 21, 8.

**abl-ĩqueatio**, ōnis, f. digging away the earth round a tree, Colum. 4, 4, 2; 4, 9, 1; 4, 14, 2; Plin. 12, 66; **2.** the hole so made, Col. 5, 10, 17.

**ab-lĩqueo**, ĩre, vb. dig away the earth round a tree circum oleas, Cato r. 5, 8; add 29; uitem, Colum. 4, 8, 1, 4, 29, 10.

**abl-ĩtio**, ōnis, f. [aufero] carrying away, Tertul. Hieron. **abl-ĩtiuus**, a, um, adj. 2, 5; caput esse ablatiue, Quint. 1, 4, 36, etc.; Charis. I. s. div. 2, 37; si uergetus hōs...

**abl-ĩtor**, ōris, m. quam... Liv. 5, 4, 10; quoniam modo resur. 5, 344; bonississet, cura angebat, 27, 47, 5; **2.**

**abl-ĩtus**, part



**ablġgatio**, ōnis, f. sending away, iuventutis ad bellum, Liv. 6, 39, 7; **2.** as punishment, banishment, Agrippae, Plin. 7, 149.

**ableg-mīna**, n. pl. partes extorum (leavings?), Paul. ex F. 21 M.; Glos. Isid.

**ab-lġgo**, āre, vb. send away, hunc foras, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 55; adulescentem peregre, Pl. Cas. pr. 62; hinc, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 54; pecnis a prato, Varr. r. 1, 47; haec (legatio) a fratris aduentu me ablegat, Cic. Att. 2, 18, 3; pueros uenatum, Liv. 1, 35, 2; ab urbe, 5, 2, 4, (w. some idea of banishment; add 4, 58, 12; 7, 13, 8).

**ab-lġgurrio**, (-lġgurio), ire, vb. consume by licking, bona, Enn. ap. Don. Phorm. 2, 2, 25; patria bona, Ter. Eun. 2, 4, 4, i.e. by guzzling; add in another sense, Suet. Gram. 23 f.; but in Cic. Cat. 2, 10 read w. Halm and miss obligauerunt.

**ablġgurrīto**, ōnis, f. gormandizing, Capitol. Maer. 15, 2.

**ab-lġgurrītor**, ōris, m. a gormandizer, Ambr. ep. 42.

**ab-lġcco**, āre, vb. let off (a house), Suet. Vit. 7.

**ab-lġdo**, ěre, vb. lit. differ in play, hence (like *παρδω* be out of tune—see L. and Se.) differ, Hor. s. 2, 3, 320.

**ab-lġuo**, ěre, ui, ūtus [lauo, ěre] vb. wash away, remove by washing, Cedo tamen pedem (mi) lymphis flauis flauum ut puluerem Manibus...abluam, Pac. tr. 245 R; puluiuos (elevated garden-beds) irrigationes abluunt, Varr. r. 1, 35, 1; perfricat (oua)...mura tres horas, eaque abluta (i.e. abl.; if acc., refer to § 4) condunt in furfures, 3, 9, 12; abluta caede, Verg. A. 9 818; maculas e ueste eas urina abluī, Plin. 28, 84; euuctanti squalor ablutus est, Curt. 4, 1, 23; abluī (torrens) uillas et intermixtos dominos greges deuehit, Sen. N. Q. 3, 27, 7; abluendo cruori, Tac. h. 3, 32; sudorem, Val. M. 1, 8, 1; and met. Sic...anheila sitis de corpore nostro Abluītur, Lucr. 4, 876; **2.** by a stronger met., perturbatio animi placatione abluatur, Cic. Tusc. 4, 60; nigrasque sibi abluī umbras, Lucr. 4, 378; **3.** esp. of moral or religious pollution, maculam ueteris industriae laudabili otio abluerat, Plin. ep. 3, 7, 3; Ablue praeteriti periuria temporis...perfidia uerba, Ov. F. 5, 681; **4.** w. acc. of what is made clean, wash clear (of dirt), clean or purify by washing, Vlixī pedes abluens, Cic. Tusc. 5, 46; ita (parricidae) iactantur fluctibus ut numquam abluantur (al. alluantur), Cic. S. Rosc. 72; Mo...attractare nefas, donec me flumine uiuo Abluero, Verg. 2, 720; qua fluitantibus undis Solis anhelantes abluī amnis equos, Tib. 2, 5, 60; et ipsis Vorticibus timidum caput abluet, Iuv. 6, 524.

**ablūtio**, ōnis, f. a thorough washing, eorporis, Maer. s. 3, 1, 6; but in Plin. 13, 74 read w. R and edd. adulatione.

**ablūtor**, ōris, m. a purifier, Tert. Marc. 3, 7, 3.

**ablū-ium**, ii, n. [ablu-o] deluge, Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 2.

**ab-mātertġra**, f. sister of an abania or of a great-great-grandmother, also called matertera maxima, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 17; Gai. 38, 10, 3.

**ab-nāto**, are, vb. svin away, Stat. Ach. 1, 383.

**abnġgatio**, ōnis, f. denial, Arnob. p. 18.

**abnġgatiuus**, a, nm, adj. negative, Prise. 2, 84, 23 K.

**abnġgātor**, ōris, m. one who denies, Tert. fuga in pers.

12.

**ab-nġgo**, (amnego †) are, vb. refuso, deny, rex tibi coniugium, Verg. 7, 424; Iuppiter imbrem, Colum. 10, 51; te comitem, Hor. od. 1, 35, 22; comitem (se), Ov. a. a. 1, 127; depositum, Plin. ep. 10, 97 (96), 7; mo parentem sibi amnegauerit †, inscr. Or. 1175; **2.** w. infin., uitam producere, Verg. 2, 637; medicas adhibere manus, Verg. G. 3, 456.

**ab-nġpōs**, ōtis, m. son of a pronepos or proneptis, i.e. of a great-grand-child, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 3; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 17; Suet. Tib. 3 and Cl. 24.

**ab-neptis**, is, f. daughter of same, Gai. and Paul. ib.; Suet. Ner. 35.

**ab-nocto**, āre, vb. [nox] pass the night away (from home), Sen. vit. beacont, f. m. Gell. 13, 12 f.; Marc. dig. 1, 18, 15. auetibus et urbes et insu.

† Laet. Div. inst. 7, 3; yet first? si non abnodatus uelut et abnodant,

**ab-normis**? adj. [norma] out of rule, Rustieus abnormis sapiens, Hor. s. 2, 2, 3; but best mss. abuormi, perh. for ab normi from a lost noun normis=norma.

**abnuent-ia**, f. shaking the head, demial, criminis, Aur. Ag. p. 144, Halm 2 ed.

**ab-nueo**, ěre, [second vb. fm. ab-nuo] refuse by shake of head, Certare abnueo metui legionibus labem, Enn. ap. Diom. 382, 11 K; ex eo futurum abnuebant, Enn. ib.

**abnuītio**, ōnis, f. refusal, in non semper abnuitionem significat, Paul. ex F. 108.

**ab-nūmġro**, āre, =totum numero, Nigid. ap. Gell. 15, 3, 4.

**ab-nuo**, (am-nuo) ěre, nui, nuiurus, vb. shake the head, implying no, ubi cenamus inquam; atque (atqui?) illi abnuont, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 21; add True. pr. 6; Merc. pr. 50; add Cic. Mil. 100; **2.** as trans. vb. shake the head at, deuy, refuse, quid abnuat, Cic. fin. 2, 3; Quae (domus) tibi sine seruiat...Vsque dum tremulum monens Cana tempus auilias Omnia omnibus annuit (so the best ms., not annuit), Cat. 61, 163; cf. amnego; nihil abnuitoros, Sal. ap. Arns.; omnia, Sal. lug. 68; alia, 83; imperium anspiciumque, Liv. 28, 27, 4; linguam Romanam, Tac. Agr. 21; **3.** w. inf. or acc. and iuf., bello Italianam concurrere Teucris, Verg. 10, 8; melioribus parere, Liv. 22, 13 f.; **4.** w. personif. nom., quod scinditur...aeternam sibi naturam abnuī esse, Lucr. 3, 641; spes, Tib. 4, 1, 25; loeus, Tac. h. 5, 13; **5.** pass. impers. Liv. 3, 72, 7.

**abnūtiuus**, a, um, adj. negative, Paul. dig. 45, 1, 83.

**abnūto**, are, vb. freq. [abnuo] keep shaking the head, refuse, deuy, Quid mihi abnutas? Tibi ego abnuto, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 79; **2.** w. acc. and inf., quid te adiri abnutas? Enn. ap. Cic. or. 3, 164.

**ab-ōleo**, ěre or abōlesco, ěre, ui (also ēui Prisc. 872 P, 492, 2 K), itum (also ětum Pr. ib.), vb. [oleo smear, obs.; whence also de-leo; cf. ol-eum, ol-iva, ἀλ-ειψω, ἐλ-αιον; ad-eps for al-eps; and decap. lino and λιπ-α] blot out, and hence cancel, expunge, annul, abolish (what has been written, as a law, &c.), tentationem eam fore abolendā sibi magistratus, Liv. 3, 38, 7; ad abolendam societatem Romanam, S. 27, 5; abolebantur Romani ritus, 25, 1, 7; testamentum Caesaris, Vell. 2, 58, 2; aecusatio non accusantis uoluntate aboleri debet, Marc. dig. 48, 16, 1, 10; crimina abolita suut, Mod. ib. 16, 17; causas abolitae accusationis exponit, Plin. ep. 7, 6, 6; reliqua uetera HS nouies mill. abolita, on a coin of Hadr. Eckh. 6, 478, bonds due to his 'fiscus' cancelled by him; cf. Inscr. Or. 805; reorum nomina aboleuit, Suet. Aug. 32; aud ellipt., de abolendis reis (i.e. nominibus reorum), Paul. 48, 16, 16; decretum abolitum est, Suet. Cl. 6; netus lex sermonis abolebitur, Quint. 1, 5, 29; **2.** cause to be forgotten, efface, wipe out (the memory of), make obsolete, esp. by destruction of objects, abolish, abōlġre nefandi Cuota uiri monumenta iubet, Verg. 4, 497; imagines, Tac. an. 4, 35; abolete memoriam foedissimae noctis, Tac. h. 1, 84 m.; Titus praua certamina communi utilitate aboleuerat, 2, 5 f.; labem prioris ignominiae, 3, 24; conuicia ac probra, 1, 47; illo igne uocem populi Romani et libertatem senatus et conscientiam generis humani aboleri, Tac. Agr. 2; merita patris, Eutr. 7, 23 (15); **3.** gen. get rid of (in any way), annihilate, destroy so as to leave no trace, nec niscera quisquam (so numerous were the dead bodies) Aut undis abolere potest aut uiucere flamma, Verg. G. 3, 560; corpus igni abolitum, Tac. an. 16, 6; deum aedes uetustate aut igui abolitas, an. 2, 49; seabiem asininae medullae abolent, Plin. 28, 244; uires, Tac. h. 4, 39; add an. 11, 35; abolitis radicibus prioris mineae, Pall. 2, 13, 2; **4.** w. pass. meaning, be blotted out, pass wholly out of memory, be utterly forgotten, cun re nomen quoque abolenerat, Liv. 1, 23, 3; cuius rei prope iam memoria aboleuerat, 3, 55, 6; add 8, 11, 1; 9, 36, 1; **II 5.** abolesco occurs only with pass. or intr. meaning, be blotted out, be utterly forgotten, pass wholly out of memory, and so aboleui in Livy (s. § 4); nec uestra feretur Fama leuis tantique abolescet gratia facti, Verg. 7, 232; **6.** disappear altogether, die out, nec sicicitibus abolescit (uinea), Colum. 3, 2, 4; cf. all of § 3.

**abolesco**, ēre, s. aboleo.  
**aboliitio**, ōnis f. [abol-co], blotting out, abolition, repeal, quadragesimae, Tac. an. 13, 51; legis, Suet. Aug. 34;  
**2.** absol. a blotting out of the past, amnestia (*a-μνηστια*), tyrannum qui sub pacto abolitionis dominationem deposuerat, Quint. 9, 2, 97; facti, Suet. Tib. 4; add Flor. 4, 7, 3; Aurel. V. 35; Auson. perioch. 19; Ulp. 48, 16, 7 (bis); also 12 eto.  
**aboliitor**, oris m. one who blots out, Somnus a. omnium, Auson. grat. 4; mors, Tert. hab. 3.  
**abolla**, ae f. [?] a cloak, purpurea, Suet. Gai. 35; **2.** esp. a military cloak of double cloth, toga traeta est et abolla data est...muncra belli ut praestarem; Varr. ap. Non. 538, 16; called duplex amictus in Verg. 5, 421, wh. Serv. duplex sicut chlamys; **3.** as worn by Cynics, Mart. 4, 53, 5; **4.** or a fop, 8, 48, 1; **5.** a phrase ill explained, facinus maioris abollae, Iuv. 3, 115.  
**aboles**, pro ab illis, Fest.  
**abomināb-ilis**, e adj. accursed, Ps.-Quiut. decl. 4; Hier. Ier. 22, 30.  
**abomināmentum**, i n. an accursed thing, Tert. adv. Iud. 13.  
**abominātio**, ōnis f. warding off, as accursed, Tert. ib. 5; Lact. 1, 17.  
**ab-ominor**, āri vb. ward off from one as of evil omen, call on heaven to avert, an exitum Cassii expectem? Bene factis quod abominamini, Liv. 6, 18, 9; add 30, 25, 12; 30, 30, 9; Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 105; M. 9, 677; Suet. Claud. f.; si (quod a.) prius morietur, Scaev. dig. 28, 5, 86;  
**2.** as a pass., regard as accursed, saevitia eorum abominaretur ab omnibus, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 10 K; Parentibusque abominatus, Hor. epod. 16, 8; but Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 82 corrupt.  
**abomin-ōsus**? adj. of evil omen, uox, Diom. 476, 9 K; but in Sol. 1, 40 ominosus.  
**ab-orior**, iri ortus or orsus, vb. refl. (opp. to orior) lit. set as the sun or a star—hence met., die, ut fetus...aboriantur, Gell. 12, 1, 8; **2.** suffer miscarriage, miscarry, unum, ibi natum, si praegnans biberit ferri ut aboriatur, Varr. ap. Non. 71, 20; add Plin. 8, 205; Arn. 3, 10; **3.** of the voice, die away, Lucr. 3, 155; but Varr. 5, 10 corrupt; aborsus as part., Paul. sent. 4, 9, 6.  
**ab-ōriscor**, i, vb. refl., die, Lucr. 5, 733.  
**abortio**, ōnis f. abortion, miscarriage, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 99; Cic. Clu. 34; abortionis poculum, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 38, 5.  
**abortio**, ire, vb. [abortus sb.], miscarry, Vulg. Iob 21, 10; but not Plin. 8, 205.  
**abortium**, ii, n. miscarriage, Hier. ep. 66.  
**abortivus**, a um, adj. of the class aborti, still-born, ouum, added, Mart. 7, 93, 5; and hence **2.** met. as a sb. one all but still-born, an abortion as it were, a. Sisyphus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 46; **3.** causing abortion, Plin. 7, 42 f.; 20, 226; 24, 18; **4.** abortivum, i as sb. n. a drug etc., so acting, Iuv. 2, 32; 6, 368; Plin. 18, 150; 28, 81; in Sol. 37, 15 reading dub.  
**aborto**, āre, vb. miscarry, Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; Firm. Math. 3, 7, 6.  
**abortum**, i, part. as sb. n. miscarriage, mox abortum factum est, Ulp. 29, 2, 30, 4; **2.** of the fetus, Paul. ex F. 29 M; ab.=εκτρωμα, Gloss.  
**abortus**, us m. [aborior], setting of a star, Manil. 1, 140; **2.** miscarriage, Dicam abortum esse, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 38; Tertullae nollem abortum, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 2; add Plin. 7, 40 and 43 etc.; Pliu. ep. 8, 10, 1; **3.** of trees, arborum etiam abortus inuenimus (of dwarf trees), Plin. 12, 13.  
**ab-pātruis**, i, m. brother of a gt. gt. grandfather, also patruus maxumus, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 17; Gai. 38, 10, 3.  
**ab-rādo**, ēro si sus, vb. scrape away, Nec manibus quicquam teueris abradere membris, Luer. 4, 1103;  
**2.** shave away, supereilla, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; arida dolabrā, Colum. arb. 10, 2; in Hor. ep. 1, 7, 50 adrasum; in Varr. l. 5, 31, p. 138 Sp. conradit; **3.** met. get any thing ever so little out of (a person), Aliis aliunde est periculum, nnde aliquid abradi potest, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 19; nihil a Caecina, Cic. Caec. 19; abradi aliquid bouis, Pliu. pan. 37, 2.

**ab-rēlgo**, āre, vb. send away into exile, lul. Val. r. Alex. 2, 17.  
**abrēlictus**, part. left behind, Tert. Ind. 1.  
**ab-rēnuntio**, āre, vb. renounce, diabolo, Salvian. 6, p. 208 Ritt.  
**abreptus**, part. of  
**ab-rīpio**, ēre ui reptus, vb. [rapio] seize and carry off quickly, snatch away, abripite hunc intro actutum inter manus, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 38; eam, Cas. 4, 2, 5; id illa uniuorsum abripiet, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 11; Cercere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; ad quaestionem abreptus est, Cic. Clu. 89; ui fluminis abrepti, Caes. b. c. 1, 64; **2.** w. refl. pron. se etc., tear oneself away, Pl. Curc. 5, 1, 8; Mil. 2, 2, 21; **3.** met. tempestate abreptus est unus, Cic. Lig. 34; te quasi aestus a terra abripuit, Cic. or. 3, 145; abreptus caedum amore, Sil. 5, 229.  
**ab-rōdo**, ēre si sus, vb. gnaw away, consume by gnawing, (caues) uineula, Varr. r. 2, 9, 13; unguem, Pers. 5, 162; os, Pliu. 10, 169; abrasa parte corporis...redimere se, 37, 82.  
**abrōgatio**, ōnis f. repeal (of a law), Cic. Att. 2, 23, 2.  
**ab-rōgo**, āre, vb. repeal (a law), legem, Cic. r. p. 2, 63; Att. 2, 23, 2; Liv. 34, 6, 1; plebeiseditum, 22, 30, 4; **2.** annul, cancel, abrogate an office or power, magistratum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 140; imperium, Cic. off. 3, 40; Liv. 1, 59, 11; 22, 25, 10 etc.; **3.** met. w. fidem, destroy credit, illis quoque abrogant etiam fidem, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 42; fidem iurisiurandi, Cic. Rosc. com. 44; fidem orationi, Corn. 1, 17; add Liv. 6, 41, 11.  
**abrotonites** etc., s. habr.  
**ab-rumpo**, ēre rūpi ruptus, vb. send rushing away, throw off with violence, equus uincula, Enn. ap. Macr. 6, 3, 8 (δεσμον απορηξας, Il. § 506), uincula, Verg. 9, 118; 11, 492; Hor. od. 4, 7, 27; Tac. an. 1, 66; lora, Ov. M. 2, 315; abrupto sidere nimbus, Verg. 12, 451, throwing off the star to which it was attached, tearing itself from it; **2.** met. uitam, 8, 579; 9, 497; medios herbas abrumpi annos, Lue. 6, 610; **3.** esp. break off, interrupt, sermonem, Verg. 4, 388; Suet. Tib. 21; uocem, Sil. 2, 329; somnos, 15, 48; incohatum aliquid, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 4; otium, 7, 3, 4; **4.** send flying apart from each other, burst through, force a passage through, tear open, ingeminant abruptis nubibus ignes, Verg. 3, 199; ordines, Tac. h. 3, 25; uenas, Tac. an. 15, 59 and 63; 16, 9; **5.** met. fas, Verg. 3, 55; fata, Sen. Herc. Oct. 899; **6.** break (ground) away, so as to leave a precipice or abyss, locus iam ante praecipit, recenti lapsu terrae, in pedum mille altitudinem abruptus erat, Liv. 21, 36, 2; and met. omnibus inter uictoriam mortemque certa desperatione abruptis, 21, 44, 8; **7.** as a refl. tear oneself away, rush from, latrocinio Antonii, Cic. Phil. 14, 31; abrupti (abruptis, Macr. 6, 1, 27, perch. rightly) nubibus ignes, Luer. 2, 214; **II 8.** abruptus part. as adj., precipitous, steep, montes, Plin. 3, 67; saxa, Tac. an. 2, 23; petra, Curt. 7, 11, 2; **9.** met. sermo, Quint. 4, 3, 13, abrupt; add 4, 2, 45; contumacia, Tac. an. 4, 20; **10.** as sb. n. sorbet iu abruptum fluctus—an abyss—Verg. 3, 422; per abrupta, over precipitous ground, Tac. Agr. 42 f.; **11.** comp. Plin. 11, 138; superl. Plin. ep. 9, 39, 5; **III 12.** abrupte adv. abruptly, hastily, Quint. 3, 8, 6; 4, 1, 79; inst. 2, 15, 4.  
**abruptio**, ōnis f. sending off rushing, tearing off, corriae, Cic. div. 2, 84; add Att. 11, 3, 1.  
**abs**, prep. [fm a lost ab-is comp. of ab; cf. ex, obs, subs, etis as seen in επισ-σειω aft. επι; evs prob. for ev-is, aft. eis (evs) and eu; πεpis (in περισειωτο), aft. περι. Thus abs etc. correspond in suffix to sup-er, supt-er, int-er, and E. ov-er etc.]. See ab.  
**abs-cēdo** (aps.), ēre cessi cessum, vb. go (quietly) away, withdraw, retire, slip away, get off, Et heus inbe illos illiu (so Botbe, mss illine) amabo abscedere. Apscedite, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 36; triumpho, si licet me latere tecto abscedere, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 5; caput est in iecore: iam abscedet, simul ac..., Cic. div. 2, 37; si urgemus hostes, si non ante abscedimus quam..., Liv. 5, 4, 10; quoniam modo ab Hannibale abscessisset, cura angebat, 27, 47, 5; **2.**



met. retire from, desist, ciuilibus muneribus, Liv. 9, 3, 5; incepto, 26, 7, 2; **3.** w. abstract nom., a te suspicio, Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 100; labor ille a uobis cito recedet, bene factum...non abscedet, Cato ap. Gell. 16, 1, 4; ab eo haec ira, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 15; **4.** in med. l., pass away from life, slough, form au abscess, sub lingua interdum aliquid abscedit, Cels. 7, 12, 5; add 5, 18, 21; omnia abscedentia (abscesses) digerit..., 5, 18, 21; **5.** recede (from view) alia abscedentia, alia prominentia, Vitr. 7 pr. 11 f.; laterum abscedentium adumbratio, 1, 2, 2; **6.** depart this life, die, abscessit Adulnnta pri. idus Augus., iuser. Or. 794; **7.** as vb. impers., negautis e re publica esso uestigium abscedi ab Hanuibale, Liv. 27, 4, 1; add 22, 33, 10; 26, 3, 12; 29, 2, 16; **8.** abscessem=abscessisseu, Sil. 8, 109.

**abscessio**, ðnis f. going away, departure, Dictys 1, 5; **2.** met. Cic. Tim. 12.

**abscessus**, ðs m. departure, withdrawal, solis, Cic. N. D. 1, 24; Rutulũm, Verg. 10, 445; add Tac. an. 4, 57; 6, 44 (38); **2.** sloughing, abscess, Cels. 5, 18, 2 add 7; **3.** a retired spot, cod. Th. 7, 16, 2.

**abs-cido** (aps.), ðre cidi cisus, vb. [caedo] cut off or away, Scelestam, scelus linguam apscidam, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 7; ceruicibus fractis caput abscedit, Cic. Phil. 11, 5; ramis abscessis, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 2; abscesium in duas partes exercitum, Caes. b. c. 3, 72, 2; Abscedit iũgulo pectus, Ov. M. 12, 362; caput abscesium (so best mss, Or. abscessum), Hor. s. 2, 3, 303; rupes, Liv. 32, 5, 12; saxum, 32, 4, 5; add 25, 36, 6; **2.** met., alia (spe) abscesa, Liv. 4, 10, 4; 35, 45, 6; res, 35, 32, 6; omnium rerum respectum praeterquam uictoria nobis abscedamus, 9, 23, 12; **II 3.** abscesis part. as adj. short, decisive, summary, castigat[i]onis genus, Val. M. 2, 7, 13; sententia, 6, 3, 10; abscesior iustitia, 6, 5 ext. 4; **4.** absceise adv., summarily, 3, 7 ext. 6; Call. dig. 50, 6, 6 (5), 2.

**abs-cindo**, ðre scidi scissus, vb. tear away, tunicam eius a pectore abscedit, ut cicatrices populus Romanus iudicesque adspicereut, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 3; Hic plantas tenero abscedens de corpore matrum, Verg. G. 2, 23; Flaentis abscessa comas—having torn away, Verg. 4, 590; add 3, 418; Nequiquam dẽus abscedit...Oceano...terras, Hor. od. 1, 3, 21; et miseras abscedit undas, Ov. M. 1, 22; se abscessurum tot miseriarum causam (sc. uirilia sua), Petron. 108; cf. Aug. C. D. 7 f.; **2.** met. Haec et quae potuerunt reditus abscondere dulces...excerata, Hor. epod. 16, 35; et inaeue abscondere soldo, Hor. s. 1, 2, 113; Abscedit nostrae multum sors iuuida laudi, Luc. 4, 503.

**absceise**, see abscido.

**absceio**, ðnis f. cutting off, as in fig. aposiopesis, Corn. 4, 53 and 54; **2.** uocis, loss of voice, Scrib. comp. 100; **3.** =aphaeresis, Prisc. 1, 302, 17 K.

**abscondite**, see abscondo.

**absconditor**, ðris m. hider, concealer, Firm. math. 5, 15; Tert. Marc. 4, 25.

**abs-condo**, ðre didi or di ditus, vb. stow away, hide, Quid faciam? In latebras abscondas...tuam stultitiam, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 65; abscondidi, Merc. 2, 3, 26; add Aul. 1, 1, 24; quo studiosius absconditur, eo magis eminet, Cic. Rosc. Am. 121; gladii absconditi, Cic. Phil. 2, 108; fugam, Verg. 4, 337; cadauera hmo, Verg. G. 3, 558; refugium abscondendi causa seruo praestare, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 1, 2; **2.** in sailing, lose sight of (by intervening land etc.), Phaeacum abscondimus arees, Verg. 3, 291; Sicauium quaerit, cum necdum absconderit Iden, Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 140; and met. in mari (ut ait Vergilius) terrae recedunt, sic in hoc cursu rapidissimi temporis, primum pueritiam abscondimus, deinde..., Scu. ep. 70, 2; **3.** abscondi as vb. refl. hide oneself, bury itself, get buried, reliquas (gemmas) quae in terram absconduntur, Colum. arb. 7, 3; **4.** of setting stars, Atlantides absconduntur, Verg. G. 1, 221; **5.** abscondi as perf. for abscondidi, Hic in tenebris intus sese abscondit (so mss, Quich. cj. abscondidit, marking tenẽbris!) Caecil. ap. Nou. 75, 21; Perii, non puella est. Numquid abscondisti inter uates, Pomp. ib.; **6.** part. or adj. absconditus, hidden, secret, insidiae, Cic. Cat. 3, 3; gladii, Cic. Phil. 2, 108; flamma,

Incr. 1, 904; **7.** abscondite adv. Cic. fin. 3, 2; inv. 2, 69; **8.** absconsus as part. Firm. Math. 3, 8 aud absconsẽ as adv. 2, 2; Hyg. 184. Compare

**absconsor** for absconditor, id. 3, 8.

**absce-tus**, part. of a lost vb. absceco, cut away, separate, cod. lust. 5, 12, 34.

**absceg-men**, iuis n. [s. above] a piece cut off, a cut, carnis, ap. Fest. v. pocuitam, 2426, 25 M.

**absens** (aps.), cutis part. as adj. [absnm], absent, Ne male loquere apsentii (so mss) amico, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 81; et praesens tecum propediem, et dum aberis absens loqnar, Cic. off. 3 f.; **2.** absente abl. sing. w. pl. noun, Nescio quid profecto absente nobis turbatunt domi, Ter. Eun. 4, 3, 7; adeste: si hac absente nobis uenirit (so H) puer, Afran. ap. Non. 76, 18; s. praesens for like use.

**absentia**, ae, f. absence, Cic. Pis. 37; Ant. ap. Cic. Att. 14, 13 A 1; Quint. 4, 2, 70; 5, 7, 1; Ulp. dig. 4, 1, 1.

**absentiuus**, adj. absent, ne a. morac uobis essem, Petr. 33.

**absento**, ðre, vb. [absens] cease to be absent, Theod. cod. 12, 1, 84; Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 213; **2.** be absent, Sidon. 9, 13 f.

**absida**? ae, f. =absis, Paulin. Nol. ep. 12, 17.

**absidãtus**,? quasi-part. provided with a recess, porticus, P. Vict. Rom. 4.

**ab-sillo** (aps.), ire, vb. [salio] rnn or rush off from, Aut procul apsiliebat ut acrem exiret odorem, Lucr. 6, 1217; nidos, Stat. Th. 6, 98.

**ab-similis**, e, adj. unlike, bitumini, Colum. 6, 17, 2; suillo (rostro), Plin. 8, 121; Tiberio, Suet. Oth. 1; magistro, Suet. Dom. 10.

**absinthĩatus** (absentatum), quasi-part. flavoured with wormwood, poculum, Sen. suas. 6, 16, p. 33 B; **2.** n. as sb. (absentatum) worm-wood wine, Pall. 3, 32; condito piscinas temperauit absentato (so Salm. and Peter) Lampr. Hel. 21, 6.

**absinthites** (aps.), ae, m. wormwood wine, Colum. 12, 35, 1; absinthites, Plin. 14, 109.

**absinthium** (aps. =  $\alpha\psi\upsilon\theta\iota\upsilon\upsilon\upsilon$ ), better apsentium, ii, wormwood, Set ubi apsentium (so mss.) fit atque cunila (in spite of  $\kappa\omicron\nu\iota\lambda\eta$ ) gallinacea, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 90; absinthi Poutici, Cato r. 159 (160); Sed ueluti pueris absinthia taetra mēdentes Cum dare conantur, Lucr. 1, 936; Plin. 27, 45 etc.; **2.** a sea-plant, nascitur et in mari aps., quod seriphum uocant, Plin. 32, 100; **3.** wormwood-wine, edict. Diocl. p. 18; **4.** met. neremur ne parum hic liber mellis, et absinthi multum habere nideatur, Quint. 3, 1, 5.

**absinthius**, ii, m. the same, absinthium grauem, Varr. ap. Non. 190, 28.

**absis** (aps. or haps. =  $\acute{\alpha}\psi\iota\varsigma$ , Ion.  $\acute{\alpha}\psi\iota\varsigma$ ), idis, f. lit. an arch or curve—cubiculum in hapsida curuatum, quod ambitum solis fenestris omnibus sequitur, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 8; **2.** esp. the turning part or apse of a planet's course, Plin. 2, 63 and 64; 2, 72; **3.** commissurac apsidum, nodes of same, Plin. 2, 79; **4.** an apse or curved recess in a church, August. ep. 203; Paul. Nol. ep. 12; **5.** a curved bowl, absidibus argenteis, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 6; Paul. 34, 2, 32, 1; **6.** bnt in Plin. 36, 77 read w. nss and add. aspidem.

**ab-sisto**, ðre, stitũ vb. depart from, leave, ab signis legionibusque, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; luco, Verg. 6, 259; limine 7, 610; ab ore scintillae, 12, 102; and absol. 9, 355; nestigiis hostium, Liv. 27, 42, 17; sidus Veneris a sole nunquam absistens partibus XLVI longius, Plin. 2, 38; **2.** desist, bello, Hor. s. 1, 3, 104; obsidione, Liv. 9, 15, 3; incepto, 25, 5, 6; 31, 26, 5; spe, 24, 20, 15 abandoning the hope; **3.** w. abl. of gerund, praecando, Verg. 8, 403; sequendo, Liv. 29, 33, 8; **4.** w. inf., desist from, cease to..., imperare, Liv. 7, 25, 5; petere, 32, 35, 7; bene facere, 36, 35, 4; moueri, Verg. 6, 399; 11, 408; **5.** absol., Verg. 1, 196; Tac. an. 2, 31; **6.** pass. impers., Liv. 21, 6, 5; **7.** abstitit in Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 32 is but a cj.; in Mil. 2, 2, 46 read astitit.

**ab-situs**, part. situated at a distance, Paul. Nol. nat. XIII S. Fel.

**ab-sôcër**, ãri, m. gt. grandfather of a wife or husband, Capitol. Gord. 3.

**ab-sôlesco**, cre, vb. pass out of use, Tert. exhort. east. 6.

**ab-soluo** (ap-s), ãre ui ùtus, vb. set loose or free from, let go off; phys., Spartanum canem retinere dispositus ante tempus absoluti, Amm. 29, 3, 3; magister claustrum reserat, unde absolutus stilus saxum contorquet, 23, 3, 6; Corpora deripiât naldioque absoluterit areu, Lucil. Actu. 347; absolutus ninculis, Prud. Roman. 1110; ualuas stabuli absolue, Apul. M. 1, 15; **2.** met. set free from, relieve of, cura, Sal. h. or. Maeri; suspiciōnem, Liv. 2, 8, 1; **3.** esp. in law, acquit, sei absolnere uolent sine condemnare liceo, CIL 603, 15; hunc hominem Veneri absoluti, sibi condemnat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 22; de praeuaricatione, Cic. Q. Fr. 2, 16, 3; iniuriarum eum, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 19; His (sc. lapillis) damnare reos, illis absoluerē culpae, Ov. M. 15, 42; rei facti egregie absoluntur, Liv. 9, 26, 20; **4.** hence A for absoluo in jury tablets, as on a denarius CIL 477: Q. Cassius Vest. A. C. libert.; **5.** but in CIL 198, 55 and 56, is ex hacc lege...absolutus erit, shall be free from the action of this law, not bound by it; **6.** set (a person) at liberty (for other matters by some act or words), Omnino ut te absolutum, nullam pictam conspicio hic nauem, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 153; Quaeso apsoluito hinc me extemplo quando satis deluseri, Amph. 5, 1, 45; Nusquam equidem quicquam deliqui: hoc primum te absoluo pater, Men. 5, 2, 30; **7.** esp. by payment of a debt, te apsoluam, qua aduenisti gratia...Argentum accipias, Pl. Curc. 3, 84; te absoluum breui; argenti..., Ep. 3, 4, 30; add 5, 1, 25 etc.; ego ad formi ibo ut hunc absoluum, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 13; add 18; creditorem, Ulp. dig. 22, 1, 37; **8.** w. abstr. acc., bring (a business) to an end, get rid of (it), finish off, dispose of, Uno ut labore apsoluat aerumnas duas, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 26; ut nemo pictor esset inuentus, qui...eam partem quam Apelles incohatam reliquisset, absolueret, Cic. off. 3, 10; incohatum absoluerē; and so on; Quid est quod ab ea absolui et perfici debeat, Cic. fin. 4, 34; **9.** esp. of writing, neque tam facile interrupta contexto, quam absoluo instituta, Cic. leg. 1, 9; Paucis absoluti ne moraret diutius, Pacuv. ap. Diom. 400, 26 K; de Catilinae coniuratione paucis absoluum, Sal. Cat. 4, 3; add 38, 3; Iug. 17, 7; **10.** lay down as a fact, a Zancleusibus Metaurum locatum Boccehus absoluti, Solin. 2, 11; **11.** absolutus, as adj. finished, perfect, absolute, similitudo, absolutissima \* et perfectissima argumentatio, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 28; Plin. 9, 10; nigritia, 10, 56; heroa absolutissimi operis, 35, 74; librum omnibus numeris absolutum, Plin. ep. 9, 38; actio absolutissima \*, 1, 20, 10; meditationes non omnibus numeris absolutae, Quint. 10, 1, 70; but absolutus os, 1, 1, 37, more free from impediment of speech; **12.** complete in itself, needing no adjunct, quasdam cum adiunctione necessitudines, quasdam simplices et absolutas, Cic. inv. 2, 171; opposed to assumptius, 1, 15; add 1, 17; part. 94; Prisc. 62, 5 K; **13.** free from conditions, unconditional, absolute, donatio, Paul. dig. 39, 6, 35, 2; **14.** gen. free from, loca...nebulnarum noctibus absoluta, Pall. 1, 3, tempestatibus, 4, 12, 2; **15.** in gram. without ease, absolute, verbum abs. a: quid moror? Prisc. 1, 389, 18 K; hence of intrans. vbs. as calem, curro, Diom. 342, 32 K; **16.** of adj., positive, utimur comparatiuis pro absolutis, Quint. 9, 3, 19; add Prisc. 2, 141, 14 K; **17.** for comp. and sup. see \* above; **18.** absolute, adv., absolutely, completely, perfectly, Cic. Tusc. 5, 53 etc.; Corn. 1, 17; absolutus, Maer. somn. 2, 15, 16; **19.** E. assoil.

**absolũtio**, ãnis, f. acquittal, uirginum, Cic. Cat. 3, 9; add Clu. 74; maiestatis, under a charge of laesa maiestas, Cic. fam. 3, 11, 1; **2.** in pl., Suet. Vesp. 16; **3.** in legal l. also a release, Paul. dig. 38, 1, 37, 6; add Modest. 36, 4, 1; **4.** perfection, completeness, rationis, Cic. fin. 5, 38; add or. 1, 130; inv. 1, 32; animi aut corporis, 2, 30.

**absolũtõr-ius**, adj. of acquittal or release, Gai. 4, 114; Suet. Aug. 33; **2.** absolutorium as sb. n. a remedy, mali, Plin. 28, 63.

**absõnans**, tis, part. [implies a vb. ab-sono], not harmonizing, usus, Justin. inst. 2, 25.

**absõne**, see

**ab-sõnus**, adj. discordant, out of harmony or tune, harsh, uox, Cic. or. 3, 41; uoce absoni, 1, 115; absoni a uoce motus, Liv. 7, 2, 5; clamor, Apul. M. 1, 17;

**2.** met., tecta, Lucr. 4, 517 out of symmetry; fidei diuinæ originis, inconsistent with, Liv. 1, 15, 6; add Hor. ep. 2, 3, 112; **II** absõnẽ, adv. out of harmony, Apul. mag.;

**2.** met. absurdly, Gell. 15, 25, 1.

**ab-sorbeo** (aps.), ãre, bui (rarely psi), ptus, vb. [perh. ab=S. ava down], suck down, si frustulentast (aqua), da... absorbeam (Fleck. ops.), Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 34; ut deciens solidum absorberet (al. obs.) acteto Diluit...bacau, Hor. s. 2, 3, 240; uniones conuiuus absorbens dedit, Plin. 9, 122; Liquefactum absorbnit, 121 (al. obs.); add Maer. s. 2, 13; placentas, Hor. s. 2, 8, 24 (al. obs.); **2.** suck up, humorem siccitas, Curt. 7, 5, 5; **3.** met. of the sea, suck away, swallow up, sweep off (as water does), oceanus uix uidetur tot res tam cito absorbere potuisse, Cic. Phil. 2, 67; quicquid iugerebatur absorbebat mare, Curt. 4, 2, 23; **3.** and met. fm. this, Atque acerrume ea (sc. meretrix) uiros (so ej., mss aestuosae) absorbet, ubi quicunque attingit, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 67; aestus consuetudinis, Cic. leg. 2, 9; aestus gloriae, Cic. Brnt. 282; amoris aestus, Cat. 68, 107; (tribunatus) quodammodo absorbet orationem meam, Cic. Sest. 13; absorpsit...rupes (of a flood), Luc. 4, 100.

**absorptio?** a dub. read. in Suet. Ner. 27.

**aspello**, see aspello.

**absquẽ** (apsque) [for absquam?; cf. Fr. puisque from posquam], as conj. apart from the fact that, unless, if not, Quam fortunatus ceteris sum rebns, absque una haec (sc. uxor, not res as some say) foret, Ter. Hec. 4, 2, 25 (wh. Don. notes the other reading hac, adopted gen. by editors);

**2.** with a constr. between a conj. and prep., an abl. superseding the nom., if it had not been for, but for... Nam absque te esset, ego illum haberem rectum ad ingenium bonum, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 8; nam hercle absque me Foret et meo praesidio, hic faceret te prostabilem propediem, Pers. 5, 2, 55; Quod absque hoc esset...suis me ductarent dolis, Capt. 3, 5, 96; add Tr. 5, 2, 3; Men. 5, 7, 33; text in Tr. 4, 1, 13 doubtful; nam absque eo esset Recte ego mihi uidissem, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 11;—this only in old comedy; **II** **3.** in lato writers as a mere prep. w. abl. apart from, without, an impetu raptus sit et absque sententia, Quint. 7, 2, 44; absque praediuicio, Gell. 2, 2, 7; absque noxa nostri, Apul. M. 9, 25; absque omnibus profanis, mag. 55; cum absque hac (sc. uirtute) ex aliis prosperis non possit felicitas inueniri, dogm. 2, 33; absque praecepto comitis, Cod. 10, 72, 1; a. litteris meis, Symm. ep. 5, 31; **4.** except, eundem esse uersum a. paucis syllabis, Gell. 13, 19 (18), 4; pontifices a. paucis annuerunt, Symm. ep. 2, 36; phoenix...postera parte purpureus a. cauda, Sol. p. 167, 18 Momm.; but references to Pl. Most. 3, 2, 78; Cic. inv. 1, 36; Cic. Att. 1, 19 (see Boot) are errors; Luc. 6, 152 spur.

**abstantia**, ae, f. distance, Vir. 9, 4, 11 Rose.

**abstẽm-ius**, adj. [abstin-eo? for change of n. cf. hmo- = χθον-; some fm. an asnmmed temum = μεθυ-] abstemiosus, sororem siccam atque abstemiam, Lucil. ap. Non. 68, 23; mulieres, Varr. ib.; in medio positorum abstẽmiũs herbis Viuis et utricis, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 7; Vina fugit gaudetque meris abstemius undis, Ov. M. 15, 323; uini abstemius, Plin. 22, 115; Vini cibique abstemius, Aus. prof. 4, 20; **2.** miserly, = φιλοχρηματος, enlubbilium uiuorum...sequens (forma) abstemiorum, Apul. dogin. 15, 1; parcus atque abs., Apul. ap. Non. 68, 20; **3.** fasting, Ans. pr. id. 11.

**abs-tergeo**, ãre rsi rsus, vb. wipe away, absterge sudorem tibi, Pl. Merc. 1, 16 (Lamb.); fletum, Cic. Phil. 14, 34; Euerrite aedes abstergete araneas, Titin. ap. Non. 192, 10; pituitam (arboris), Plin. 17, 252; **2.** met. labellum, Pl. As. 4, 1, 52; remos, Curt. 9, 9, 16; **3.** by a bolder met., Vt mi absterserunt omnem sorditudinem, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 10; dolorem, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; metum, Cic. fam. 9,



16, 9; molestias, Cic. sen. 2; abstergent (so V. a. d.) fastidia, Plin. 26, 41; II 4. clean by wiping, wipe, w. acc. of thing cleansed, peniculo...qui abstergerem uolnera, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 9; abstersis amiculo oculis, Curt. 6, 9, 33.

**abs-tergo?** there seems no authority for.

**abs-terreo** (aps.), ēre ui, itus, vb. frighten away, de frumento anseres, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; illos a me, Men. 5, 2, 81; patrem...Ne introiret aedis, Most. 2, 1, 74; Chremetem, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 14; Parasitos amou, lenonem aedibus absterrui, Titin. ap. Non. 95, 1; neminem a congressu meo ianitor...absterruit, Cic. Planc. 66; but in Verr. 2, 2, 142 abstinere; cauem a coriis, Hor. s. 2, 5, 83; animos...uitiis, 1, 4, 129; ab urbe oppugnanda Poeeum, Liv. 23, 1 f. 2. met. in Luer. 4, 1064; 5, 846.

**abstinax**, acis, adj. abstinent, Petr. 42; Symm. 1, 47.

**abs-tineo** (aps.), ēre, ui, tentus [teneō], keep away, keep off, as vb. traus. w. acc., esp. manum or refl. pron., potin ut apstineas manum? Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 22; add Cas. 2, 3, 13; a me ut apstineat manum, Amph. 1, 1, 184; qui non abstineas manum, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 4; nostra tueri, ab alienis mentes oculos manus abstinerere, Cic. or. 1, 194; uix a se manus abstinuit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; add Vat. 10; a quibus ne tu quidem iam te abstinerebis—abstain, Cic. ac. pr. 2, 55; Abstineas audias, Mors precor atra, manus, Tib. 1, 3, 4; a cetera praeda Fabius militem abstinuit, Liv. 4, 59, 8; add 9, 5, 6; 7, 27, 7; 42, 26, 6; a duobus Aenea Antenoreque... (so Flor. 2 m.; Madv. gives a dat. but?) omne ius belli Achinos abstinuisse, Liv. 1, 1, 1; 2. w. abl. first of things, urbanis rebus te abstinere, Pl. Cas. 1, 13; quod manu non queunt tangere tantum fas habent quo manus apstineant, Tr. 2, 2, 12; nullo dedecore se abstinere, Cic. fin. 3, 38; ego qui me ostreis et muraenis facile abstinerebam, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; quanquam Romano bello fortuna eum abstinuit, Liv. 8, 24, 18; 3. w. abl. of persons (referring to the person), Dum tete apstineas nupta nidiua nigrine, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 37; potin ut me apstineas manum? Rud. 2, 4, 11; Set quasi lippo oculo me erus meus manum abstinere hau quit tamen, Pers. 1, 1, 11; add Poen. 1, 2, 70; sese illa abstinere ut potuerit, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 64; Non tamen idcirco ferrum Tropheis illa Abstinuit, Ov. M. 8, 752; abstinuit uim uxore et nato, Hor. s. 2, 3, 202; 4. absol. w. acc. of the evil to be avoided, keep off, keep at a distance, abstinere sermonem de istis rebus, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 16; and in pass.: Mille modis amor... abstinere, Tr. 2, 1, 30; Gemitus screatus tussis risus abstinere, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 132; si se imber abstinere, Pall. 3, 24, 5; 5. as vb. intr. (se understood), keep away from, abstain, quid olet? abstinere? Pl. Men. 1, 2, 55; te scio facile abstinere posse si nihil obuiamst, Aul. 2, 5, 19; Apstine maledictis, Rud. 4, 4, 64; Si abstinuissem a mare, Mil. 4, 7, 25; ne a (ak. om. a) uulueribus quidem atque infantibus abstinere, Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 5; proelio abstinere, 1, 22; Abstinet et caelo, Ov. M. 10, 532; a fortibus abstinere apris, 10, 539; 6. esp. cibo or absol., keep from food, bos cibo abstinendus, Colum. 6, 7, 8; add 8, 5, 15 and 23; abstinere debet, 8, 5, 17; abstinere debet, Ceis. 2, 12, p. 57, 21 Dar.; urendus, secandus, abstinendus est, Sen. ep. 75, 7; 7. spare, principis auribus, Tac. an. 13, 14; cf. also Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 5 of § 5; 8. w. inf., keep from, dum mi apstineant inuidere, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 21; Tarpicias ire abstinuisset ad areas, Sil. 12, 44; praefari non abstinuerit, Suet. Tib. 23; 9. in law, se ab hereditate, Gai. 2, 158; and absol., abstinere pupillum, Scaev. dig. 26, 8, 21; siue extiterint heredes siue sese abstinere, Ulp. 11, 7, 6; si prius minor adit hereditatem, mox abstinere\* est, 4, 4, 7, 10; 10. in eccles. exclude from the church, excommunicate, Cypr. ep. 39; 11. w. quin, ne, quominus, aegre abstinere quin attingas, non queas, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 74; abstinere quin castra oppugnent, Liv. 2, 45, 10; consules se abstinere non maiestatem suam contumeliae offerent, 3, 11, 5; quo minus scriberent, Suet. Gram. 3; 12. w. gen., abstinere...irarum calidaeque rixae, Hor. od. 3, 27, 69; 13. keep away from, keep clear of, escape, abstinere cubensio bubula, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 15; id si adhibeam, culpa (so mss.) abstinere, Men. 5, 6, 20; Et

illi quoque haut abstinere saepe culpa, 5, 2, 18; 14. pass. impers., ut ab inermi abstinere, Liv. 5, 21, 13; ut sacro auro abstinere, 5, 50, 7; II 4. abstinens part. as adj., keeping aloof from what is wrong, capable of self-control, abstinent, temperate, esse abstinenter, continere cupiditates, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 32; non solum manus sed etiam oculos abstinenter habere, Cic. off. 1, 144; abstinens Ducentis ad se cuncta pecuniae, Hor. od. 4, 9, 37; add 3, 7, 18; 5. comp. Auson. gr. act. 28; 6. sup., somni et uni, Colum. 11, 1, 13; rebus ueneris, 12, 4, 3; alieni, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 5; 7. adv. abstinenter, Cic. Sest. 37; comp. Aug. Manich. 2, 13.

**ab-sto**, āre, vb. stand away or at a distance, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 361.

**abstractio**, iōis, f. [abstraho], dragging away, Diet. Cret. 1, 4.

**abs-trāho** (aps.), ere, xi, ctus, vb. drag away, Atque illam abstrahat, trans mare hinc uenium asportet, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 19; Apstraxitque (so B) homiuem, Men. pr. 66; Quis igitur eum ab illa abstraxit nisi ego? Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 39; add Ad. 5, 3, 57; e sinu patriae, Cic. Cael. 59; de matris complexu (not 'conspetu'), Cic. Font. 46; liberos in seruitutem, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 10; add 3, 2, 5; Germanicum suetis legionibus, Tac. an. 2, 5; 2. of other than man, boues, Verg. 8, 263; armenta, Stat. Ach. 1, 153; 3. met., ut eum uis quaedam abstraxisse a sensu mentis uideretur, Cic. div. 1, 80, add Arch. 12; a bono in prauum, Sal. Jug. 29, 2; 4. part. abstractus, as adj., abstract, as opposed to concrete, Isid. orig. 2, 24.

**abs-trūdo** (aps.), ere, si, sus or ssus (so Fleck. Curc. 5, 2, 8), vb. thrust away or out of sight, hide, Se anlam onustam auri abstrusisse hic intus in fano Fides, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 10; add 3, 6, 41 etc.; mane me in siluam abstrusi densam, Cic. Att. 12, 15, 1; tectum inter et laquearia tres senatores...sese abstrudunt, Tac. an. 4, 69; 2. met. Verbum etiam adde unum, iam in cerebro colapas apstradam tuo, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 68; (natura) in profundo ueritatem...abstruserit, Cic. ac. pr. 32; tristitiam, Tac. an. 3, 6; metum, 15, 5 f.; 3. abstrusus part. as adj., recondite, disputatio paulo abstrusior, Cic. ac. pr. 2, 30; rerum ratio, Claud. Mall. Theod. 148; 4. reserved, abstrusum et tristissima quaeque occultantem Tiberium, Tac. an. 1, 24; 5. esse in abstruso, be hidden, Amm. 17, 7, 10; but for Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 129 A has: in occulto sita est; 6. comp. adv. Amm. 28, 1, 49.

**ab-struo**, ēre? hide, in Tert. Marc. 4, 27 and de Praeser. either an error for or compressed from abstrudo.

**abstrūsio**, ōnis, f. a thrusting away, burying, seminis, Arn. 5, 37.

**abs-tūlo**, ēre? vb. [cf. attūlo], carry away, aullas abstulas, Pl. Rud. ap. Diom. 380, 19 K.

**absuetudo**, a bad cj. in Apul. mag. 69, wh. mss. assuetudine of no meaning.

**ab-sum**, āb-esse, ab-sens (apsens), ā-fui, ā-fūtūrus, ā-fōre (never ab before f in inscriptions or good mss, Lamb. ad Hor. s. 1, 4, 101; Schneider ad Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 5; Orell. Cic. fam. 12, 15, 7; Wagner Verg. 7, 498; cf. inser. Trut. 1081, 1; Orell. 4358 and 6085), vb. irreg. be away or from, be distant or absent, opposed to adsum, ita ut fit, domini ubi absunt, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 53; 2. gen. w. ab, num ab domo absunt? Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 16; ab eri quaestione, Tr. 4, 3, 5; ab lustris, Afran. 242 R; and always w. pers., ego te afuisse tamdiu a nobis dolui, Cic. fam. 2, 1, 2; but by a poet's licence, Et poteras nupta lentus abesse tua, Ov. rem. am. 773; 3. at times w. abl. alone, et domo absunt et foro, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 2; 4. ex suspicious in: nunquam ex urbe is afuit nisi sorte..., Cic. Planc. 67; 5. w. dat. of pers., be wanting (to one), quid huic abesse poterit de maxumarum rerum scientia? Cic. or. 1, 11; donec uirenti canities abest, Hor. od. 1, 9, 17; hoc unum illi, si nihil utilitatis habebat, afuit; si opus erat, defuit, Cic. Brut. 276—wh. note difference between afuit and defuit. 6. yet at times, by absence, fail to aid (opp. to adesse), mirari desinat me qui Autronio afuerim, Sullam defendere, Cic. Sull. 15; ne longe tibi Iuppiter absit, Ov. M. 4, 649; cf. Verg. 2, 620; 7. in Suet. Tib. 38; praeterquam in oppida uicina nusquam



afuit, he went away nowhere..., is an anticipation of the Span. yo fuij, I went; **8.** amount of distance variously expressed as first by acc., edixit ut ab urbe abesset milia passuum ducenta, Cic. Sest. 12; **9.** by abl. bidui spatio abest ab eo, Cic. fam. 10, 17, 1; **10.** by a gen. (iter or spatio understood) castra a quibus aberam bidui, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 1; **11.** often by adverbs, haud multum, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 1; procul, Cic. fam. 3, 5, 4; longe, Cic. ac. 1, 36; longe gentium, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 1; tu quouiam propius abes—are at a less distance, 1, 1, 2; paulum (but not parum), Suet. Ner. 28; **12.** esp. by tantum, id tantum abest ab officio ut nihil magis officio possit esso contrarium, Cic. off. 1, 43, wb. the ut clause gives the measure of tantum; **13.** often another ut clause is the subject of abest, ego uero istos tantum abest ut oruem, ut effici non possit quin eos oderim—so completely is my complimenting them out of the question that..., or: so far from complimenting them, I cannot but..., Cic. Phil. 11, 14; tantum abest ut enueretur oratio compositione uerborum ut aliter in ea nec impetus ullus nec uis esse possit, Cic. or. 229; **14.** in the ut clause which defines the tantum quoque etiam contra may be added; potius is no longer read in bell. Alex. 22; **15.** at times an indic. supplants the ut clause of tantum: tantum abest ut se indicet, perficiet etiam..., Cic. fin. 2, 17; so also tenebamus, Cic. Brut. So; confecerunt, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 5; **16.** instead of ut and subj. as subject to abest, this vb. is used imper. with ab eo ut, tantum abest ab eo ut malum mors sit, ut uerear ne..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 31; **17.** a personal use of absum has only the doubtful authority of b. Alex. 22: milites nostri tantum auferunt ut perturbarentur ut...; **18.** after a neg. in this construction, quin follows, aberit non longe quin hoc a me decerni uelit, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 3; haud multum afuit quin ab exulibus interficeretur, Liv. 42, 44, 2; nihil afore credunt Quin..., Verg. 8, 147; **19.** so also with paulum, paulum afuit quin Varum interficeret, Caes. b. c. 2, 35, 2; **20.** absit, be it abseut, heaven avert it, heaveu forbid that, Pauperies immunda procul, procul absit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 199; absit uerbo inuidia, Liv. 9, 19 f.; 36, 7, 7; **21.** in late writers, the same imper. w. ut and subj. or even inf., absit ut Milonem deseram, Apul. M. 2, 3; absit ut cum marito meo coaqueris, 8, 12; absit te ista quaerere, Sulp. Sev. dial. 1, 2; **22.** absente nobis s. absens and cf. praesente under praesens; **23.** a gen. absentum, Plaut. St. 1, 1, 4.

**absum-ēdo**, (aps.) inis, f. utter consumption, Quanta sumini apsumedo, quanta callo calamitas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 124.

**ab-sūmo**, (aps.) ēre, psi, ptus, consume utterly, spend entirely, use up, iam ista quidem assumpta res erit; dies noctisque estur bibitur, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 78; argutum, 5, 2, 19; Philippeos, Poen. 3, 4, 5; pitissando modo mihi quid uini assumpsit! Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 49; in uno scorto maiorem pecuniam absumpsisti (al. abins.), P. African. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 11, 9; dicendi tempus, Cic. Quinct. 34; lumina in fletus, Cat. 64, 242; **2.** hence destroy, corpus clade, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 20; plures ferro quam fame assumpti, Liv. 22, 39, 14; me primam absumite ferro, Verg. 9, 494; **3.** met. use up, finish, dispose of, assumpti sumus, Pater inquam tuus uenit, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 18; add Amph. 5, 1, 6; Mil. 2, 4, 55; Epid. 1, 1, 76; ille et cura et sumptu absumitnr, Ter. Ph. 2, 26.

**absumptio**, ōnis, f. [absumo] consumption, res quae in assumptione sunt, Ulp. dig. 7, 5, 5, 1.

**absurdē**, see absurdus.

**absurdia**, ae, f. absurdity, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 11.

**ab-surdus**, adj. unmusical, harsh, grating, uox absona atque absurda, Cic. or. 3, 41; Absurdoque sono (ranarum), Cic. poet. div. 1, 15; **2.** met. incongruous, absurd, est hercle inepta ne dicam dolo atque Absurda, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 22; Etsi hoc mihi prauom ineptum absurdum atque alienum a uita mea Videtur, 5, 8, 21; est hoc auribus (note the word) animisque omnium absurdum, Cic. Rosc. com. 19; add ac. pr. 132; p. Sulla 57; **3.** homo a., a man ill fitted for a pursuit, sin plane abhorrebit (from oratory) et erit

absurdus ut se ad aliud studium transferat admonebo, Cic. or. 2, 85; add ingenium eius haud absurdum; posse uersus facere..., Sal. Cat. 25, 5; **4.** comp. Cic. fin. 2, 40; Phil. 8, 4; sup. Cic. Att. 7, 13 (6) B, 2; **5.** absurde, adv. first, out of tune, si absurde canat is qui so haberi uelit musicum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 12; **6.** met. Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 3; Epid. 3, 1, 6; Cic. div. 2, 119; agr. 2, 28; **7.** comp. Iulian. dig. 9, 2, 51, 2; sup. Aug. trin. 4 f.

**ab-torqueo**, ēre, vb. turn away, Abtorque proram (so H. etc.), Acc. ap. Non. 200, 38.

**ābundantia**, ae, f. abundant flow; lactis, Plin. 24, 168; sanguinis, 27, 32; palustris, Vitr. 5, 9, 6; add Plin. pan. 30; **2.** of other than liquids, abundant supply, abundauce, omnium rerum, Cic. am. 87; otii, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 6; pecuniae, Plin. 33, 138; **3.** absol. Prisc. 2, 374, 9 (wh. mss. hab.).

**ābundātio**, ōnis, f. overflow, fossae, Plin. 3, 121.

**ābundē**, s. abundus.

**abundo**, (habundo), are, vb. [ab undo; bnt see § 16 and abundus;] run over (as liquid), overflow, meretricem ego item esse reor mare ut est, quod des deuorat, numquam abundat (so B; CD habundat), Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 18; Ripisque (Lamb. cj. ripasque) superat mihi atquo abundat (so A, but BD habundat) pectus laetitia meum, St. 2, 1, 6 (7); Apud abundantem antiquam amnem et rapidas undas luachii, Acc. 297 R; Flumina abundare ut faceret camposque natare, Lucr. 6, 267; quando aqua Albana abundasset, Liv. 5, 15, 11; Rursus abundabat (bab. C) fluidus liquor, Verg. G. 3, 484; Fertilis aestiua Nilus abundet aqua, Tib. 1, 7, 22; ut humor ex insitione abundet, Colum. arb. 8, 8; (aquam) quae ex lacu abundauit, Front. aq. 94; ternis fere milibus passuum in omnem partem fons abundat, Plin. 18, 188; cruore scena abundauit, Suet. Gal. 57 f.; add Veg. vet. 3, 4; Scrib. comp. 47; **2.** met. of non-liquids, but with some idea of flowing, ueste muliebri in sinus flaccidos abundante, Apul. M. 7, 8, 1; **3.** more gen. be supplied in superabundance, ut abundans multitudo uix regi uidetur posse, Liv. 5, 34, 2; is quod e sex populis abundabat... exciuit, 5, 34, 5; **4.** be supplied in abundance, abundat Herbarum genera, Lucr. 5, 920; **5.** with abl. of what is so supplied; overflow (with), abound (in), amore, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 11; diuitiis, Haut. 3, 2, 17; fortunis, the blessings of fortune, Acc. 685 R; sauuitate, Turp. 190; uilla...abundat porco haedo...melle, Cic. sen. 56; praeceptis philosophiae, Cic. off. 1, 1; orationis copia, Cic. or. 2, 151; audacia, Cic. Clu. 184; ingenio, Cic. fam. 4, 8, 1; honoribus, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 2; consilio, 10, 16, 2; equitate, Caes. b. g. 7, 14; omnium rerum copia, b. c. 1, 49, 1; apibus, Verg. G. 4, 139; caligine, Ov. M. 2, 764; uitiiis, Quint. 10, 1, 29; copia uerborum, 2, 7, 4; **6.** w. gen. of same, quarum et abundemus rerum et quarum indigamus, Lucil. ap. Non. 498; see § 13; **7.** absol. overflow (w. money), Caietam si quando abundare coepero ornabo, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 3; cum uel abundare debeam, cogor mutuari, 15, 15, 3; add Phil. 2, 66; par. 43; **8.** in Gramm. be redundant, abundare uidetur non, ps. Ascen. in Verr. 2, 1, 144; **9.** w. acc., overflow, pass beyoud the limit of, exceed, ut non abundet mandati quantitatem, Nerat. dig. 17, 1, 35; **10.** abundans as adj., flooded, ex umidus (sc. locis) et abundantibus (habundantius, mss), Vitr. 5, 9, 6; **11.** overflowing, supplied in superabundance, oratio, Cic. Brut. 238; pecunia, Cic. Quinct. 40; **12.** overflowing (with), ingenio et doctrina, Cic. or. 1, 22; abundantior consilio...quam Crassus, Cic. Pis. 62; sententiarum uarietate abundantissimus, Cic. or. 2, 58; **13.** w. gen. lactis, Verg. B. 2, 20; omnium rerum, ps. Nep. Eum. 8, 5; corporis, Claud. Eut. 2, 380; **14.** ex abundanti, superfluously, redundantly, Quint. 8, 3, 88; 4, 5, 15;

III. **15.** abundanter adv. overflowing, copiously, loqui, Cic. or. 2, 151; abundantius, Cic. top. 41; Colum. 8, 8; abundantissime, Suet. Aug. 74; **16.** the form habundo if authentic demands another etym. cf. abundus; hab. in ms A of Halm's Quint. 5, 6, 2; 9, 3, 46.

**ābundus**, adj. [scarcely from abundo; perh. for ūb-nndus. partic. of a lost vb. ūb-flow, pour, whence ūber adj., ūber sb.; =um of ūm-or, ūm-escō; =uu of ūmior, ūu-escō; =ū of

*ŭw.* The aspirate of *ŭw* seen in hab-unde vb. (s. abuudo), in hum-or, etc.; Prov. habundar, o. Fr. habonder, cf. old Eng. and Scotch habound. Ab-undus from *nda* would have meant without water.] *flowing, overflowing, laucris* abuudis, Gell. 1, 2, 2; *Fluxit abunda tuis aqua potibus atque laucris*, Paulin. nat. XIII S. Fel. p. 734 Mur.; II. 2. *abundo* (note that this and the vb. *abundo* have far older authority than *abundus*; see too § 11.), *overflowing, abundantly, in abundance, first w. vbs., abunde semper usi magnum pondus auri argentiqne, Sisen. 4 ap. Non. 516; de fato si adiunxerimus, erit abundo satisfactum quaestioni, Cic. div. 2, 3; parentis abundo habemus, Sal. Jug. 102, 7; strenuis abunde dictum puto, 85 f.; cui...naletudo contigat abunde, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 10; superi fauistis abunde, Ov. M. 15, 759; a. sufficienti, Quint. 10, 3, 27; 3. esp. as a predicate w. esse, in abundance, enough and more, quibus mala abunde omnia erant, Sal. Cat. 21, 1; hoc dixisse abunde est, Colum. 4, 19, 1; add 5, 3 f.; Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, 6, 31 Dar.; Plin. ep. 4, 30 f.; 5, 8, 7; 7, 2 f.; pan. 44, 7; 4. w. esse understood, abunde libertatem rati, quia..., Sal. or. Maeri 26; abunde ratus si..., Tac. h. 2, 95; 5. w. adj., abundo magna praesidia, Sal. Ing. 14, 18; similes, Quint. 10, 1, 25; disertus, 11, 1, 36; elatum, 10, 1, 104; pulchrum, Plin. pr. 15; 6. w. adv., abunde satis, Hor. s. 1, 2, 59 and Quint. 12, 11, 19; bene, 12, 8 f.; 7. w. gen., terrorum et fraudis abundest, Verg. 7, 552; commea-tus, Sal. Cat. 58, 9; salis, Quint. 10, 1, 94; gloriae, Suet. Jul. 86; 8. in Velleius = satis, fully, enough, spem conceptam nix in illo insto opere abunde persequi poterimus, 2, 103, 4; neque post victoriam abunde uituperari potest, 2, 17, 1; quis abunde mirari potest quod...? 1, 16, 2; add 2, 116, 4; 9. *αφθονος* abunde ubere, Gloss.; 10. for quantity of e no authority; 11. Possibly abundē formed from *αφθονος*, θ and d excreseunt.*

**Aburius**, a Roman gens, CIL 305, 306.

**Abūsiō**, ōnis, f. [abutor] use beyond the strict limit, as metaphor in words, = *καταχρησις*, Cic. or. 94; Corn. 4, 45; Quint. 3, 3, 9; 8, 2, 5 etc.; Iulian. dig. 38, 16, 8; catachresis quam dicimus abusiouem uon habentibus nomen suum accomodat quod in proximo est, sic: equum diuina Palladis arte aedificat.

**Abūsiuus**, adj. [abusus part.] incorrect, appellatio, pan. ad Const. 4; 2. abusiue adv. incorrectly (in lang.), Quint. 8, 6, 35; 9, 2, 35; Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 15, 40; *abūsiuō incusso ariete*, Amm. 24, 4, 19, clumsily.

**Abūsor**, ōris, m. [abntor] a spendthrift, Salv. gub. Deci, 8, p. 296.

**ab-usquē**, better treated as two words.

**Abūsus**, iis, m. [abutor] nsing up, total consumption, usus non abusus legatus est, Cic. top. 17; 2. opp. to usus-fructus, wh. the thing used disappears, as money, rerum quae sunt in abusu, Ulp. dig. 7, 5, 1; usui est ager, domus, abusui uinum oleum, Donat. ad Andr. pr. 3; utimur his quae...permauent, his abutimur quae pereunt, Boeth. Cic. Top. 3; 3. mis-use, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 1.

**Ab-ūtor**, ī, ūsus, (ussus Fleck.), vb. refl. uso up, spend the whole of, Me qui abusus sum tantam rem patriam..., Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 56; aurum, Bac. 2, 3, 126; tuam sapientiam, Poen. 5, 4, 29; add As. 1, 3, 44; douec omne caseum cuiu melle abusus eris, Cato r. 76, 4; meretricem, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 66; operam, Andr. pr. 5; qui non meminisses me abusum isto proecio, Cic. Att. 16, 6, 4; add Att. 3, 13, 2; quas (diuitias) honeste habere licebat, per turpitudinem abuti properabaut, Sal. Cat. 13, 2; 2. use for another purpose than that intended (?), sagacitate canum ad utilitatem uostram abutimur, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; 3. mis-use, quousque tandem abutere patientia nostra? Cic. Cat. 1, 1; mancipiorum nnsfructus legato nou debet abuti, sed secundum conditionem eorum, Ulp. 7, 1, 15, 1; 4. note acc. in Pl., Cato, Ter.; elsewhere abl.; 5. as a pass., Vbi illae quae dedi anto? Abussa, Pl. As. 1, 3, 44; utile utamur potius quam ab rege abutamur, Varr. ap. Prisc. 381, 11; abusis iam omnibus locis (*καταχρησθευρω*), Hortens. ib.; his se abutendum permisit, Suet. Galb. 14.

**abyssus**, ī, adj. as sb. f. [*αβυσσος*, bottomless], a bottomless pit, an abyss, Prud. hamart. 835; psych. 91.

**ācācia**, ae, f. acacia tree, perh. meant in Plin. 13, 63;

2. gum of same, gum arabic, Plin. 20, 48 and 233 etc.; 3. as a hair-dye, Petr. 23; cf. Plin. 24, 110.

**Ācādēmia**, ae, f. (*ακαδημεια*) prop. a grove near Athens where Plato taught—hence a school of philosophy, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; or. 1, 43 and 98; ac. 2, 7 and 17; Tusc. 2, 9; 2. Cicero's villa so called, Tusc. 2, 9 f.; 3, 7; so also his villa near Puteoli, Plin. 31, 6; 3. i in Inque Academia umbrifera nitidoque Lycaeo, Cic. div. 1, 22; Atque Academiae celebratum nomine uillam, Laur. Tull. ap. Plin. 31, 8; but i in In Latium spretis Academia migrat Atheuis, Claud. cons. Mall. Th. 94; add Sidon. 15, 120.

**Ācādēmicus**, adj. of the Academy, Cic. ac. pr. 12 and 18.

**ācālanthis**, īdis, f. thistle-finch, same as acanthis, Verg. G. 3, 338.

**ācāleptē**, es, f. nettle, Macer. 2, 2.

**ācālyntis**, īdis, f. a small unknown bird = uitiparra, Plin. 10, 96.

**ācānthicē**, adj. f. as sb. gum of the plant helxine, Plin. 21, 96.

**ācānthilla**, īdis f. wild asparagus, Apul. herb. 84.

**ācānthinus**, adj. of or like the plant acanthus, caules, Colum. 9, 4, 4; folia, Plin. 25, 78; uestimenta, Varr. ap. Serv. A. 1, 649; uestis, Isid. or. 17, 9.

**ācānthia**, īdis, f. thistle-finch, acanthis in spinis uiuit, Plin. 10, 205; add 10, 175; ut uincat acanthis cornix, Calp. 6, 6.

**ācānthus**, ī, m. hears-foot, a. mollis, Linn.; uimen acanthi, Verg. G. 4, 123; add B. 3, 44; 4, 20; tortos imitatur acanthos, Colum. 10, 241; Plin. 25, 62 and 78; 2. used in med. id. 22, 76; 26, 137; 3. copied in ornaments, Et circumtextum croceo nelamen acantho, Verg. 1, 653; add 715; Ov. M. 13, 701; Prop. 3, 9 (7), 14; 4. esp. on the Corinthian capital, Vitru. 4, 1, 9; 5. an Indian or Egyptian tree, bacas semper frondentis acanthi, Verg. G. 2, 119; Pontici (triumphi apparatus) ex acantho, Vell. 2, 56, 2.

**ācāpnua**, adj. without smoke, mel, Colum. 6, 33, 2; Plin. 11, 45 f., got without smoking bees; ligna, lemma. of Mart. 13, 15.

**ācātālectua**, adj. complete, of verses, species carminum, Diom. p. 502, 6 and 7 K.

**acatium**, īi, n. dim. a small light boat, Plin. 9, 94; 2. a sail, perh. a stud-sail, Isid. or. 19, 3.

**acatus**, ī, f. a light boat, Tert. Marc. 5, 1.

**ācauatus**, adj. incombustible, carbunculi acaustoe, Plin. 37, 92.

**Acca**, ae, f. a Latin praenomen, as of Larentia, foster-nurse of Romulus, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 205 Sp.; Plin. 18, 6; Maer. s. 1, 10, 13; Gell. 7, 7, 1 and 5.

**Accālia**, adj. n. pl. as sb. festival of Aeca, Varr. l. 6, 3.

**ac-canto**, (adc.) āre, vb. sing near, only in Stat. silu. 4, 4, 55.

1. **ac-cēdo**, an old form of accido, wh. see.

2. **ac-cēdo**, ere, cessi, cessum, vb. [ad to, or ad=an, up] step up to, go quietly up to, draw near, approach, it may be either in friendship or hostility or neither, coepi rursum uorsum ad illas pauxillatim accedere, Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 63; accedam ad hominem, Mil. 2, 6, 14; Nec mater lena ad uinum accedat interim, As. 3, 1, 54; accessit ilico alter, ubi alter recessit, Cato Orat. 47, 14 Iord.; ad flammam accessit imprudentius, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 103; nullam accessi ad aram quiu..., Afr. 170 R; Et ecce de inproiso ad uos accedit cana Veritas, Varr. Eum. 135, 5 R; nulli qui ad manum accedant, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 7; consurrexit senatus cum clamore sic ut ad corpus eius (sc. Gabini) accederet, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; cum ad Heraclum accederem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 129; uis est quae periculo aut decedere nos alicunde cogit aut prohibet accedere, Cic. Caec. 46; ad has cohortes, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 a 3; ad moenia, Liv. 9, 40, 19; 24, 20, 12; 2. with in, monere no ante in senatum accederei quam rem (sc. triumphum) confecissem, Cic. Att. 7, 4, 2; in regnum, Cic. Pis. 50; in Macedoniam, Cic. Phil. 10, 13; in funus, Cic. Leg. 2, 66; Accessero, uefas, tenebris fallacibus acti Tyndaridae in sese,



Val. F. 3, 186; **3.** w. acc. alone, as first of towns, poterone Ariminum tuto accedere? Cic. Phil. 12, 23; **4.** or of countries, Medi et Armenii accessero Iubyes, Sal. Iug. 18, 9; naues...Ligures Genuamque accesserunt, Liv. 29, 5, 2; **5.** or gener. accedit muros Romana iuventus, Enn. an. 527 V; fontis, Lucr. 1, 927; Vos et Scyllaeam rabiem penitusque sonantis Accestis scopulos, Verg. 1, 205; pleraque loca cum equitatu accedit, Sal. Iug. 20, 3; Iugurtham, 62, 1; 71, 5; 97, 3; ut quosque accesserat, Tac. h. 3, 24; but in Pl. Most. 3, 1, 156 read not hunc w. B and Ritschl, but huc w. A and rel.; and in Pl. Ep. 1, 2, 46 periculum is a doubtful cj.; **6.** w. adv. of motion to, hoc or huc Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 55; Curc. 5, 2, 25 and 28; 5, 3, 24 etc. and so Most. 3, 1, 156 with A etc., not hunc w. B and Ritschl; quo accedam aut quos appellem? Sal. Iug. 14, 17; **7.** Et eodem (to 84 years of age) accedit seruitus sudor sitis, Pl. Merc. 4, 1, 8; Sed amori accedunt etiam haec..., pr. 24; Ad haec mala hoc mihi accidit etiam..., Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 10; go over to (a side), join, accede: Accessit animus ad meam sententiam, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 13; ad eius condiciones pactionesque accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 69; libenter his qui ita prodiderunt accesserim, Vell. 1, 8, 5; speciosa suadentibus accessit, Tac. h. 1, 34; huic opinioni neque omnino accedo neque plane dissetio, Quint. 1, 5, 37; add 3, 4, 16; 4, 2, 83; 7, 3, 15; 8, 3, 35; 9, 2, 24; accessurum te sententiae meae, Plin. ep. 4, 10, 3; cunctantius sibi accesserant, Suet. Galb. 12; conatibus Galbae, Oth. 4; **8.** go to (a duty), undertake, take part in, enter, eos ne ad rem publicam quidem accessuros putat nisi coactos, Cic. off. 1, 28; add Cic. Rosc. Am. 3; ad alienam causam, Cic. Caecil. 20; add 63 and Verr. 2, 2, 94; ad poenam, Cic. off. 1, 89; **9.** go to (what is undesirable), incur, face, meet, non uti In eandem tute accederes infamiam, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 84; ad periculum, Cic. Caecil. 63; ad bellorum pericula, Cic. Balb. 26; **10.** approach (in character), come near, be like, homines ad deos nulla re propius accedunt, Cic. Lig. 38; ut proximo ad nostram disciplinam videantur accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 7; quo ad deos propius accederet, Quint. 12, 2, 2; add 12, 1, 20; quem Homero crederet maxime accedere, 10, 1, 86; quae (sc. cytisus) proxime accedere hebeum nidetur, Plin. 16, 204; Cecropias ceras, Sil. 14, 26; **11.** fall to the lot of, befall, come to, w. abstract nom., Num tibi aut stultitia accessit aut..., Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 77; aut Mucio nescio quid incommodi accessit aut nescio cui aliquid boni, Macr. s. 2, 2, 8; **12.** ad hastam accedere, Nep. Att. 6, 3; Liv. 43, 16, 2; ad illud scelus sectionis, Cic. Phil. 2, 64 means merely to go to or attend an auction, not necessarily as some say to bid; **13.** go to, be added, ad uirtutis summam accedere nihil potest, Cic. fin. 4, 67; an ut de causa eius periculi nihil decederet, ad causam nouum crimen accederet\*, Cic. Clu. 167; illud quoque nobis accedit incommodum, Cic. Quinct. 3; rumore aduentus nostri Cassio animus accessit\*—his spiritus rose, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 3; quorum aduentu et Remis studium propugnandi accessit\* et hostibus spes discessit (decessit?) Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 2; super dotem quam accepturus a socio es, haec tibi a me dotalia dona accedent, Liv. 26, 50, 12; in lustrum accedere debet Quae consumatur partibus una dies, Ov. F. 3, 165; accedent anni, Hor. s. 2, 2, 85; id si factum esset, ciuibus animum accessurum, ps. Nep. Milt. 4, 5; **14.** of ague or fever, come on, alteram quartanam decessisse, et alteram leniorem accedere, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 1; febrem accessisse—increased—Nep. Att. 21, 4; cf. accessus; **15.** as vb. impers. first with quod, accedit quod patrem plus etiam quam tu amo, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 7; a. q. mirifice...delectatur, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 8; ad comunem trepidationem accessit quod phalanx nec circumagere se poterat nec..., Liv. 33, 9, 10; **16.** w. ut and subj. imp. accedebat ut haec tu...existimare, ego... uiderer, Cic. or. 2, 198; ad senectutem accedebat etiam ut caecus esset, Cic. sen. 16; add fam. 5, 12, 8; Att. 3, 8, 1; a. ut tempestatem ferrent facilius, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 9; add 5, 16, 4; b. c. 3, 24, 4; Liv. 1, 49, 4; 8, 29, 1; 23, 4, 6; 28, 12, 7; **17.** with ut and aorist, accedit ut ne in ipsum quidem Clodium meum insigne odium fuerit unquam, Cic. Att. 14, 13 n 3; quid si accedit eodem ut tenuis antea

fueris, Cic. Rosc. Am. 86; **18.** in pass. Non potis (so Bothe, mss potest) accedi (sc. porticus), Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 38; si qua (loca) accedi poterant, Tac. an. 12, 33; **19.** impers. pass. ea proxime accedi poterat, Cic. Caec. 21; ad eas (oleas) cum accederetur, ib. 22; **20.** often confounded with accido so that some would prefer accedo in, clamitans ita ut nox etiam ad hostes accideret, Liv. 10, 41, 7; also in 21, 10, 11; 27, 15, 17; 40, 32, 2; Pamphilo haud inuito ad aures sermo mihi accessit tuos, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 32; **21.** the notion of ad (=an) up suits passages in § 1, the use of in in § 2 and the passages marked \*, esp. when opposed to decedere go down.

**accēlērātio**, uis, f. quickening, orationis Cornif. 3, 23. **ac-cēlērō**, (adc.) are [ad] increase speed of, quicker, hasten, mortem, Lucr. 6, 772; lectionem, Quint. 1, 1, 31; iter, Caes. b. c. 2, 39, 6; consulatum ei, Tac. an. 3, 75; opus, Stat. Th. 6, 242; **2.** absol. for acc. sc, make haste, si acceleraro uolent, ad uesperam consequuntur, Cic. Cat. 2, 6; accelerat simul Aeneas, Verg. 5, 675 etc.; accelera signifer...clamabant, Liv. 3, 27, 8; add Tac. h. 2, 100; **3.** pass. Tac. an. 1, 50; Agr. 43.

**accendium**, ii, n. setting on fire, Sol. 5, 23. **ac-cendo**, (adc.) di, sus vb. [obsolet. cando] set on fire, kindle, light (a fire), Pergama accensa, Liv. And. ap. Non. 512, 39 K; quasi lumen de suo lumine accendat, facit, Enn. ap. Cic. 1, 51; linum...accendier ante Quam tetigit flammam, Lucr. 6, 901; faces, Cic. Pis. 5; deus soleni quasi lumen accendit, Cic. Tim. 9; ignem, Verg. 5, 4; rogos, 11, 188; Ilion, Hor. epod. 14, 14; taedas, Ov. F. 4, 411; lucernam, Phaedr. 3, 19, 4; **2.** light np, luna radiis solis accensa, Cic. rep. 6, 17; cum sol accendit Olympum, Sil. 3, 671; **3.** met. quae iacerent in tenebris, nisi litterarum lumen accenderet (so at least E; al. accederet backed by Val. M. 8, 14, 1) Cic. Arch. 14; **4.** make very hot, (fictilia) accenduntur aestatis uaporibus, gelantur hiemis frigoribus, Colum. 9, 6, 2; ferrum igni, Plin. 34, 149; accenso aeno, Sen. Med. 669; (aestatis) calor oram accendit, Curt. 3, 5, 1; add 4, 7, 6; 7, 5, 3; **5.** met. sitim, 7, 5, 2; febres, Cels. 3, 9, f.; **6.** esp. of the passions, first w. acc. of person or mind acted upon w. or without abl., fire np, inflame, plebes sic accensa uti..., Sal. Iug. 73, 6; militum animos, Cat. 59 f.; accensus ira, Liv. 29, 9, 4; belloque animos accendit agrestis, Verg. 7, 482; quos...merita accendit Mezentius ira, 8, 501; add 7, 550; **7.** w. acc. of passion or result, accendi magis discordiam quam sedari, Liv. 2, 29, 8; inuidiam 2, 23, 2;

**accenseo**, ēre, sus vb. reckon as belonging to, or with, Numine sub dominao lateo atque accenseo illi, Ov. M. 15, 546, says Virbius; accensi qui his (i.e. decuriouibus etc.) accensebantur, id est attribuebantur, Non. 520, 5; but in Sen. ep. 90, 6 read: accessisset octauus; in Varr. ap. Non. 58, 3, accersiti; **2.** accensus part. as sb. a supernumerary soldier, accensi dicebantur qui in loeum mortuorum militum subrogabantur, Paul. ex F. p. 18 M; called adscriptiui by Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 340; who quotes from the Frivolaria: Vbi rorarii estis? en sunt. Vbi sunt accensi? ecce (nos); in his (sc. quinta classe) accensi cornices tubicinesque in tres centurias distributi, Liv. 1, 43, 7; **3.** an officer in attendance on magistrates, esp. as acrier, qui exercitum imperaturus erit accenso dicit hoc...accensus dicit sic... Varr. l. 6, 9 p. 265; who quotes (p. 267): Vbi primus accensus clamatur meridiem; accenso consulum (meridiem) pronuntiante Plin. 7, 212; accensus C. Neroni fuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 71; accensus sit eo numero quo enim maiores nostri uoluerunt, Cic. Q. fr. (as procos. of Asia) 1, 1, 13; collegis nouem singuli accensi apparebant, Liv. 3, 33, 8; T. Tettienus accensus consuli, inscr. Or. 1621; rettulit morem ut quo mense fasces non haberet, accensus ante eum iret, lictores pone sequerentur, Suet. Jul. 20; **4.** as attendant on funerals, si dominus funeris utatur accenso atque lictoribus, Cic. leg. 2, 61.

1. **accensus**, part. of accendo.

2. **accensus**, part. of accenseo.

**accentiun-cula**, ae, f. [implies a sb. accentio from accino] an accentual mark, Gell. 13, 6, 1.



**accentor**, ōris, m. [accino] one who sings accompanying another, a second, Isid. or. 6, 19; 7, 12.

**accentus**, (adc.) ūs, m. a (musical) note, true, clang, acutissimū, Solin. 5, 19; dato aencorum accentu signo, Amm. 16, 12, 36; 24, 4, 22; **2.** accent (of a word), stress of voice, adcentus quos Graeci προσφῳδίας uocant Quint. 1, 5, 22; add 12, 10, 33; ut nulla uox sine uocali est, ita siue accentu nulla est, et est accentus... uelut anima uocis... apud Graecos προσφῳδια dicitur, Diom. 430, 30 K; accentum habent praepositiones acutum in fine... qui tamen cum aliis legendo in grauem conuertitur, Prisc. 2, 27, 4 K; **3.** accentual mark, accentus quidam fastigia uocauerunt, quod in capitibus litterarum ponerentur, Diom. 431, 3 K; **4.** met. stress, great degree, in maximo hicmis accentu, Sid. ep. 4, 6; doloris, Marc. Emp. 36.

**accespo**, contr. from accepero (accespo) s. accipio.

**accepta**, ae, part. f. as sb. (sc. pars or portio) an allotment of land to a veteran, secundum bonitatem agrorum... acceptas partiti sunt, Sic. Fl. cond. agr. p. 156, 15 Lachm.; primum agrum limitibus includemus, deinde acceptas termina(b)imus, Hygin. de lim. const., 204, 5 etc.

**acceptābilis**, e, adj. acceptable, welcome, Lact. ep. 58; Tert. or. 7.

**acceptātor**, ōris, m. one who accepts or approves, Tert. paen. 2; and Psych. 11; **2.** vestibule, entrance, Herculi qui basi marmorata acceptatoribus et terraris, inser. Or. 6589.

**accepti-lātio**, ōnis, f. release (in law), a. est ueluti imaginaria solutio, Gai. 3, 169 and 170; rescissa acceptilatione nel alia liberatione, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 9, 4; ib. 34, 3, 5, 3; a. est liberatio per mutuum interrogationem, Mod. 36, 4, 1; **2.** diuision, accepti quoque latione, Paul. 23, 3, 41, 2; Gai. 39, 6, 31, 4.

**acceptio**, ōnis, f. accepting, acceptance, receiving, receipt, neque donationem sine acceptione intellegi posse, Cic. top. 37; frumenti, Sal. Iug. 29, 4; **2.** a proposition accepted, an admission; quod ex acceptiouiibus colligitur, Apul. dogm.

**acceptio**, āre, vb. frq. receive habitually, qui apud regem in latrocinio fuisti, mercedem acceptitasti, Pl. (?) ap. Non. 134, 32.

**accepto**, āre, vb. frq. [accipio], receive habitually, mihi... qui res rationesque eri Ballionis curo, argentum accepto et quoi debet dato, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 32; mercedes a discipulis, Quint. 12, 7, 9; iugum, Sil. 7, 41; usuras, Papin. dig. 2, 14, 40, 2; uiginti aureos, 34, 1, 9, 1; professiones, Arcad. 50, 4, 18, 16; but in Plin. 36, 189 l. coeptanere; **2.** receive with approval, accept, uotum, Tert. Psych. 11.

**acceptor**, ōris, m. one who receives or accepts, donationis, cod. Iust. 10, 8, 56; **2.** one who accepts with approval, Qui illorum nerbis falsis acceptor fui, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 167; personarum, Vulg. act. Ap. 10, 34;

**acceptor**, ōris m. = accipiter, exta acceptoris et unguis, Lucil. ap. Char. 98, 11.

**acceptor-ius**, adj. for receiving, modulus (opp. to erogatorius), Front. Aq. 34.

**acceptr-ix**, icis, f. one who receives, receiver. Des quantumuis: nusquam apparet neque datori neque acceptrici, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 19.

**acceptus**, see accipio.

**accesso**, s. arcesso.

**accessa**, ae, f. flood tide, Serv. A. 1.

**accessibilis**, e, adj. easy of approach, accessible, Tert. Prax. 15.

**accessibilitas**, atis f. accessibility, ib.

**accessio**, omis, f. coming to, approach, Quid tibi interpellatio aut in concilium accessiost, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 83 (right to come to); add Truc. 2, 2, 3; ad corpora tum accessio tum accessio, Cic. Tim. 12; **2.** an addition or accession, paucorum animorum, Cic. am. 11; ad paternas necessitudines magnam attulit accessionem tua uoluntas erga me, Cic. Att. 16, 16, 3; pecuniae, Nep. Att. 14; siue caput illa siue accessio est Nili, Sen. N. Q. 6, 8, 5; **3.** even of persons, laud parua accessio bonis rebus uestris in amicitiam uenimus uestram, Liv. 7, 30, 6; add 30, 12, 22; 30,

40, 3; 45, 39, 7; esp. coming on, of an illuense, attack, paroxysm, Cels. 2, 12 f.; 3, 4, p. 79, l. 33 D; genus quod *ημιπριταιον* appellant habet frequentes accessiones decessionesque, 3, 8; prima morbi a. Suet. Vesp. 23 f. 3; **4.** what is thrown in without being accounted, coactus est ei conferre lucri tritici modium xxi et accessionis HS cto cto, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 76; nec nummorum accessionem cogebatur dare, ib. 117; nec dominus tenax esse iuris sui sicut in... lignis et ceteris paruis accessionibus, Colum. 1, 7, 2; **5.** hence met. something secondary, aurum iam accessio est, Plin. 33, 5 f.; **6.** in law, the position of a guarantee (as opp. to principal debtor) qui accessionis loco promittunt, Paul. dig. 46, 1, 34; **7.** one who guarantees or is in any way responsible for the principal, fideiussori ceterisque accessionibus, Ulp. dig. 46, 1, 32; principalis debitor perpetuo obligationem, accessiones an perpetuet dubium est, Paul. 45, 1, 91, 4.

**accessito**, āre, vb. frq. keep coming to, eodem conuenae ex agro accessitauero, Cato ap. Gell. 18, 12, 7.

**accessiuus** = *προσθετος*, Gloss.

**accessus**, ūs, m. coming to, approaching, approach; solis a. discessusque, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; ut luna accessu et recessu suo solis lumen accipiat, Cic. or. 3, 178; de mariuis aestibus... quorum accessus et recessus lunae motu gubernantur, Cic. div. 2, 34; bestiis dedit... accessum ad res salutare, a pestiferis recessum, Cic. N. D. 2, 34; uentorum Verg. 3, 570; accessus prohibet refugitque uiriles, Ov. M. 14, 636; add Pont. 2, 2, 41; her. 10, 64; **2.** esp. of fever and other illness, quod morbus cum accessu decessuque sit, Gell. 4, 2, 13; in tertianis a. febrium, Plin. 28, 46; **3.** of place, an approach, omnemque Accessum lustrans, Verg. 8, 229; a. ad insulam, Suet. Iul. 58; **4.** a scaling ladder? de accessu quae *επιβαθρα* dicitur, Vitr. 10, 19, 8.

**Acciānus**, adj. of Accius, uersus, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 4; A. illud, Gell. 14, 1, 34.

**accidentia**, ae, f. an accident, naturae, Plin. 32, 19; add Tert. anim. 11 and 21.

**1 ac-cido** (accēdo; cf. recēpit, Ribbeck, Verg. prol. p. 416), ēre, cidi (old cēdi), [ad, cādo, but see below], fall at, on or near, Cum desubito me orat mulier lacrumansque ad genua accidit (accedit?), Enn. com. 9 V; iam ut limen exirem ad genua accidit, Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 18; ad pedes omnium accedente (so M) Clodio, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 5; genibus praetoris accideris, Liv. 44, 31, 13; add Suet. Iul. 20; Claud. 21; and absol. in same sense, Quo accedam, quo applicem, Enn. tr. 114; quo accidam aut quos appellem, Sal. Iug. 14, 17; **2.** fall against and hit, strike, segetes stipulamque uidemus Accedere ex una scintilla incendia, Lucr. 5, 609; incerti ex utra parte auribus nostris accidat clamor, Plin. pan. 92 f.; ut tela missa ab Gallis grauius acciderent, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 4; tela ab omni parte accidebant, Liv. 2, 50, 7; Dico auiro nostro primum simulacra meandi Accidere, Lucr. 4, 882; Accidere in mensas ut rosa missa solet, Ov. F. 5, 360; **3.** fall on or strike the ear or eye, certo enim mihi paternae uoces sonitus auris accidit, Pl. St. 1, 2, 31; ad auris accedere, Lucr. 2, 1025; nihil istum quod ad oculos animumque acciderit reliquisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 2; nihil ut unquam uideretur tanu populare ad populi Romani aures accidis, Cic. Sest. 107; ut uox etiam ad hostes accideret (al. accederet), Liv. 10, 41, 7; cum clamor ad aures accidisset, 26, 40, 10; lentior sonitus auribus accidens, 24, 46, 5; add 10, 5, 2; 10, 43, 10; 27, 15, 16; 40, 32, 2; fama accidit, 32, 30, 3; add 27, 29, 7; and met. istuc uerbum uere in te accidit, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 14; **4.** hence, happen (to), befall, and gen. in a bad sense, P. Non spero. S. Inesperata accidunt magis saepe quam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 40; interea aliquand acciderit boni, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 24; timebam ne euenirent ea quae acciderunt, Cic. fam. 6, 21, 1; nam mihi omnia quae iucunda ex humanitate alterius homini accidere possunt, ex illo acciderunt, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 1; Accidit haec fessis etiam fortuna Latinis, Verg. 12, 593; **5.** often with ut, ita accidit ut omnium uestrum studio tuus consulatus satisfacere posset, Cic. fam. 15, 10, 1; an casu accidit ut id quod Romae audierat primus nuntiatet? Cic. S. Rosc. 96; **6.** rarely with inf. or quod; Quod-



quomque ei lubere accidit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 17; nec enim acciderat mihi opus esse, Cic. fam. 7, 11, 1; sed accidit perincommodum quod eum nusquam uidisti, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 2;

**7.** often of results, come to at last, end in, Beno ubi quoi consilium accipimus (so R cur. sec.; mss quid discimus consilium) accidisse hominem eatum Eum esse declaramus, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 15; Misera timeo incertum hec quorsum accidat, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 29; quod in certamine dubium est quorsum accidat, Ps. Sal. or. ad Caes. 2, 11, 4; **8.** si quid cui acciderit, if anything happen to a man, a euphemism for interierit, if he die, esp. in wills, si quis ita in testamento scripserit 'Si quid filio meo acciderit Damas seruus meus liber esto, mortuo filio Damas liber erit, licet enim accidant et uiuis, sed uulgi sermone etiam mors significatur, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 162; si quid mihi humanitus accidisset, Cic. Phil. 1, 10; si quid pupillo accidisset, Cic. inv. 2, 64; Suet. Aug. 101; Gai. 3 and 23;

**9.** accidere is used alike of good and bad things; in: plura mala contingere nobis quam accidere, Sen. ep. 110, 3, the distinction is obscure; **10.** in the following, and perh. in § 1, the prep. seems to mean down (as if from ab 'down'; cf. appono, assido), Tam crebri ad terram accidebant quam pira. Vt quisque acciderat, cum neebam, Pl. Poen. 2, 38; Et alia signa de caelo ad terram accidunt, Pl. Rud. pr. 8; Quo Castalia per struces saxae lapsu accidit, Liv. Andr. 36 R; Vitam ne...Caesa accidisset abignea ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 281 V; Quantis opibus quibus de rebus lapsa fortuna accidat, ib. 396; Alta traps pronis humum (T H K cj.; mss iu humum) accidens proximae Frangit ramos cadens, Varr. sat. 189, 10 R; quam puncto tempore imago Aetheris ex oris in terrarum accidat oras, Lucr. 4, 215; Accidere in mensas ut rosa missa solet, Ov. F. 5, 360; but here as in Lucr. in would be inconsistent with an ad in accidere; **11.** note besides the usual ad, the constr. w. a mere acc. and w. a dat. even of thing.

**2 ac-cido**, cidere, cidi, cisum, vb. [ad + cado] nearly fell, eut nearly through or deep into, omnes aut subruant aut accidunt arbores tantum ut summa species earum stantium relinquatur, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 4; antiquam in montibus ornum Cum ferro accissam crebrisque bipennibus instant Eruere agricolae certatim; illa usque minatur, Verg. 2, 627; fames... Accisus (nearly consumed) coget dapibus consumere mensas, 7, 125; accisis erinibus (cropped close), Tac. G. 19; **2.** met., res quamquam sunt accisae, tamen efferent se aliquando, Cic. prov. cons. 34; nuntiant Aequos etsi accisae res (P abscesseres, i. e. abscessae res) sint reficere exercitus, Liv. 3, 10, 8; robore iuuentutis suae acciso (so P M), 7, 29, 7; accisae copiae, 8, 11, 8; Ofellam Integris opibus noui non latius usum Quam nunc accisis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 114; accisae reliquiae (of Varus's army) consedissee intellegebantur, Tac. an. 1, 61; **3.** accido from ab-cido would suit pass. from Cic.

**accieo**, see ac-cio, 5 and 6.

**accinctus**, part. of

**ac-cingo**, ère, nxi, nctus, vb. [ad + cingo] gen. as a vb. refl. accingor or accingo me etc., gird oneself up, tuck up one's loose clothes withiu the belt (cingulum), and so met. prepare oneself for a difficult task, G. si efficis hoc, postulo ut mihi tua domus Te praesente apsenate pateat... T. Do fidem futurum. G. accingar (so mss, not adc.), Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 30; Tute hoc intristi: tibi omnest exedendum: accingere (so mss), Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 24; Illi se praedae accingunt dapibusque futnris, Verg. 1, 210; et te comminus aequo Mecum crede solo pugnaeque accinge pedestri, 11, 707; accingere et omnem Pelle moram, Ov. M. 7, 47; in hoc diserimen accingere, Liv. 2, 12, 10; ad consulatum accingi, 4, 2, 7; ad cogitationem, 6, 35, 2; magnis se accingere rebus, Tib. 4, 1, 179; **2.** gen. with ad of purpose, sometimes in poet. w. dat. or even inf.; accingar, Verg. G. 3, 46 **3.** or even acc. alone of object, magicas inuitam accingier artis, Verg. 4, 493; alios accineta labores, Verg. Cir. 6; **4.** w. simple vb. in refl. sense, age anus accinge ad molas, Pomp. 66 R; Accingunt omnes operi, Verg. 2, 235; II **5.** [perh. ad to] accingo w. acc. of sword, buckle on, gird on, laterique accinxerat ensem, Verg. 11, 489; **6.** or as refl. w. abl. arm oneself (with a sword), fidoque accingitur

ense, 7, 640; paribusque...armis, 6, 184; **7.** esp. in part accinctus, armed, gladiis, Liv. 40, 13, 2; ferro, Tac. an. 6, 8 (2); **8.** also absol. miles non accinctus, 11, 18; turmas quoque peditum ad inunia accingit, 12, 31; **9.** gen., without reference to belt, arm oneself, facibus pubes accingitur atris, Verg. 9, 74; flagello, 6, 570; pugione, Tac. an. 11, 18; **10.** and met. studio popularium, 12, 44; so quoque accingeret iuene partem curarum capessituro, by adopting as partner of his throne, 12, 25; maiorem ad spem, 11, 28; in audaciam, h. 3, 66; ad ultionem, 4, 79; in omnia accincta bonitas, Plin. pan. 30 f.; gemmis, Val. F. 5, 514; portubus (and portu), Eumen. pan. ad Const. 11 and 19; III **11.** accinctus as adj. confined, limited, opposed to discinctus loose (cf. our succinct), ornatus, Plin. pan. 20; cuius militaris (habitus) accinetior, Auson. grat. act. 27.

**ac-cino**, ère, vb. [cano] sing to, accentus est dictus ab accinendo, Diom. 431, 1 K.

**ac-cio**, cire, cipi, cipi, vb. [ad te] call with a loud voice to (one), (for idea of voice cf. cito and recito), hail and so bid come to, smmon, 'Vbi lubet, ire licet accubitum'. Acciti strenuo subsilimus, quod esurigo findebat costas, Varr. sat. 223, 8 R; add 218, 3; perh. also Cuius uos tumulti causa accierim et quid parem, animm aduortite, Acc. 485 R; Posterior tremulas super ulcera taetra tenentes Palmas, horiferis accibant uocibus Orcum, Lucr. 5, 996; hi qui fatentur se Virtutis causa nisi ea Voluptatem acciret (so ψ, al. maeeret) ne manum quidem uorsuros fuisse, Cic. fin. 5, 93; **2.** hence, a. mortem to commit suicide, senatus consulto (Cyprus), regis morte quam ille conscientia acciuerat, facta prouincia est, Vell. 2, 38, 6; (Cato) mortem sibi lactus acciuit, Flor. 4, 2, 70 (2, 13); **3.** gen., smmon by messenger, send for, invite, Philippum qui hunc (Aristoclemy) Alexandro filio doctorem accierit, Cic. or. 3, 141; tu inuita mulieres, ego acciueo pueros, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 3; si accierit accurram, 13, 48, 1; haruspices acciendos ex Etruria, Cic. har. resp. 25; (b)is (ath)letarum undique accitorum spec(taculum)...praebui, Mon. Aneyr. 4, 33; qui quamquam acciti ibant, Sal. Iug. 102, 3; paucos fama cognitos accire, 84, 2; add 108, 1; add uiginti matronis per uiatorem accitis, Liv. 8, 18, 8; Appi se litteris accitum, 10, 18, 7; alios peregre in regnum Romam accitos, 2, 6, 2; acciri Verginium ex castris placuit, 5, 8, 12; se proconsulem a Beneuento acciturum, 24, 19, 4; properis matris literis accirit, Tac. an. 1, 5; add h. 2, 1; 4, 13 and 72; e Tyrio consortem accite senatu, Sil. 8, 335; **4.** so far w. acc. of person; also w. acc. of things, send for, import, qui moneret ut fidissimis amicorum in Pontum missis effigui suam acciret, Tac. h. 4, 83; scientiam artemque haruspicum, 2, 3; accitis quae usquam egregiae, Tac. an. 3, 27; per accitam lasciuiam, 14, 20; collegae auxilium quod acciendum ultro fuerit, Liv. 10, 19, 1; add 4, 106; 6, 49, 4; 45, 25, 13; **5.** acciebo quoted from Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 61 is corrupt (best mss hunc aciebo, whence Ritschl cj. runcinabo); **6.** accio accire, Char. 236, 14 K; areesso dici ab arcio nerbo quod nunc accio dicimus, Prise. 35, 6; but accieo acciui, Diom. 366, 33.

**ac-cipio**, cipere, cepi, ceptus, vb. [ad, capio] receive, accept, of physical things, quaestor accipito (pequuniam), CIL 198, 58; censor...eos libros censens quci abieis legatis dabuntur accipito, 206, 154; ex tua accipi manu Pateram, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 132; ab ipson istas accepisti (i. e. epistulas)? E manibus dedit ipse in manns, Tr. 4, 2, 57; accipite si uoltis hoc onus in uestros collos, Cato ap. Non. 200, 23; ut obsides ab his principum filios acciperent, Caes. b. g. 6, 11; a Philotimo litteras accipi, Cic. Att. 6, 23, 1; accipe si uis, accipiama tabulas, Hor. s. 1, 4, 14; cum te gremio accipiet laetissima Dido, Verg. 1, 685; **2.** receive, sense of receiving charge of, hano mihi in manum dat.... Accipi: acceptam seruabo, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 63; sua in Haeduos merita exposuit, quos et quam humiles accepisset, Caes. b. g. 7, 54, 4; Mo...musae Accipiant (as pupil) caelique uias et sidera monstrant, Verg. G. 2, 477; **3.** receive, as a host, accipiuntur mulso milites, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 15; in prandio nos lepido atque nitide Accepisti apud te, Cist. 1, 1, 12; add 1, 1, 17; Men. 5, 2, 44; Pers. 1, 1, 32; Ps. 1, 2, 34;



lepide accipimur, St. 5, 4, 3; add 22; Accipit homo nemo melius prorsus neque prolixius, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 52; te hospitio agresti accipiemus, Cic. Att. 3, 16 f.; nec potui accipi liberalius, 16, 6, 1; apparatus accipere epulis, Liv. 23, 4, 3; socios dapibusque meroque Accipit, Ov. F. 2, 725; 4. gen. receive a person, treat, ego te...miscris iam accipiam modis, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 3; Men. 5, 1, 7; indignis cum egomet sinu acceptus modis, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 12; Sic inquam ueterotem illum netulum lupum Annibalem acceptum, Lucil. ap. Non. 240, 11; Spartae pueri ad aram sic uerberibus accipiuntur, ut..., Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; Quintum puerum accipi uehementer, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 3; malo accipit uerbis Raboniuum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 140; 2, 2, 56; leniter hominem clementerque accipit, 2, 4, 86; clementer a consule cum nerborum tantum castigatione accepti sunt, Liv. 27, 15, 2; 5. with in and acc. of resulting condition, receive (into), admit (to), in uestram fidei, under the protection of your honour, Cic. Arch. 31; in deditionem, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 2; 2, 13, 1; in ciuitatem, Liv. 2, 5, 10; 4, 13, 14; in societatem, 7, 19, 4; in amicitiam, 7, 30, 4; 6. with non-living agent personified, (stomachus) cum detrusum cibum accipit, depellit—and then: (alius) quod accipit, cogit et confundit, Cic. N. D. 2, 135-6; ut luna...solis lumen accipiat, Cic. or. 3, 178; fusos ceruix cui lactea crinis Accipit, Verg. 10, 138; sortem Accipit galea, 5, 491; ubi te dignum amplitudine tua templum accipiat, Liv. 5, 21, 3; quos sua terra sensu ager...accipiant, 21, 44, 8; amnis ingens fugientes accipit, 29, 32, 8; add 38, 21, 15; idem annus nouas caerimonias accipit, Tac. an. 1, 54, 1; 7. with abstr. obj., beneficium, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; Sal. Cat. 6, 5; honorem, Cic. Att. 9, 2a, 1; dolorem, 6, 1, 6; noluptatem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8, 3; ignouiniam, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 5; contumeliam, 7, 10, 2; iniuriam, 2, 33, 1; incommodum, 7, 29, 4; 8. of the senses, receive, hear, see, learn, hanc tuam gloriam iam ante auribus acceperam, Pl. Tr. 4, 1, 9; nullam carum rerum quae sensu accipiuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 9; multa auribus accepisse, Cic. or. 1, 218; quem ipse accipi oculis animoque sensum, hunc...exponam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 46; uisa ista...accipio, Cic. ac. pr. 66; Accipito ergo animis..., Verg. 10, 104; Accipe non dura supplicis anre preces, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 44; 9. absol., hear, learn (it may be from books), quom multos multa admisse acceperim Inhonesta, Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 4; Sed si te aequo animo ferre accipiet neglegentem feceris, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 23; ut eas artes non tuum primum acceperō uideantur sed reminisci, Cic. sen. 78; quae gerantur accipies ex Pollione, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 1; meo Roman, sicut accipi..., Sal. Cat. 6, 1; ex parente meo...ita accipi..., Sal. lug. 85, 40; pugnatum ad Lilybaeum...accipere, Liv. 21, 50, 11; 10. of the intellect, take in, understand, comprehend, interpret, nam pol hau satis meo Corde accipi querellas tuas, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 18; non recte accipis, Ter. Andr. 2, 30; add Eun. 1, 2, 2; Haut. 2, 3, 23; quae minus intellexi..., quae parum accipi, Cic. N. D. 3, 4; cum uerbum potest in duas pluresue sententias accipi, Corn. 4, 67; 2, 40; 11. esp. w. in—partem, take in a good or bad sense (or part), Equidem pol in eam partem accipio, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; quod rogas ut in bonam partem accipiam...ego uero in optimam, Cic. Att. 11, 7, 8; Bonas in partes lector accipias uelim, Phaedr. 2 pr. 11; 12. other similar phrases are: Suspiciosi ad contumeliam omnia accipiunt magis, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 15; quicquid in eum officii contuleris, id ita me accipere ut in me ipsum te putem contulisse, Cic. fam. 10, 1 f.; omnia in maius metu augente accipiebant, Liv. 29, 3, 9; Tac. h. 1, 52; muliebre fastigium in deminutionem sui, an. 1, 14; h. 2, 91, 1; quae grata sanc, si a uirtutibus proficiscerentur...indecora accipiebantur, ib.; Suet. Aug. 68; 13. accept (things) w. more or less of favour, expressed by adv. etc., durius accipere hoc mihi uisus est, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 4; asperius, 9, 2a, 1; fortiter, 15, 20, 2; quemadmodum accipiantur hi (so M) ludi, 15, 26, 1; (ea) aequo animo accipit, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; a quibus placide oratio accepta est, Liv. 2, 3, 7; 14. absol. accept and so imply approval, agree to, admit, tu condicionem hanc accipe, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 60; Accipit condicionem, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 52; Ios Pamphilo est Decem talenta. Accipio, 5, 4, 48; si ob eam rem inoraris, accipio causam, Cic. fam. 16, 19; mi pater

Persa perit. Accipio omen, Cic. div. 1, 103; accipere se omen, Liv. 1, 7, 11; Accipio agnoscoque deos, Verg. 12, 260; cum de plebe consulem... non accipiebat, Cic. Brut. 55; 15. accept (though unacceptable), submit to, put up with, incur, Nihil satis uideo quamobrem accipere hunc mihi expediat metum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 96; Hancine ego ut contumeliam...in me accipiam, Eun. 4, 7, 1; Ni frenum accipere et uicti parere fatentur, Verg. 12, 568; 16. take upon one (a task, a duty), undertake, often w. gerundive, onus, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; Egregius si umquam regnandam acceperit Albam, Verg. 6, 770; pacandum mare, Eutr. 9, 21; 17. in bookkeeping, acceptum referre, to enter in a ledger as received, credit (a person) for, minus Verri acceptum rettulit quam Verres illi expensum tulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 100; add 102; eas (pecunias)...isti referrebat acceptas, 2, 2, 170; nt emptor acceptam pecuniam niro referret, Pompon. dig. 16, 1, 32, 2; 11. 18. in acceptum referre or ferre, the same, negabat se opus i. a. r. posse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 149; and again, ib.; ne in acceptum feratur, Maccr. dig. 48, 11, 2; 19. same met., ut esset nemo qui mihi non uitam suam...referret acceptam, Cic. Phil. 2, 12; omnia quae postea uidimus uni accepta referemus Antonio, 2, 55; hoc opus in acceptum ut refras nihil postulo, Cic. parad. praef. 5; Choerilus, incultis qui uersibus et male tratis Rettulit acceptos...Philippus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 234; Ov. tr. 2, 10; philosophiae acceptum fero quod surrexi, Sen. ep. 78, 3; Plin. ep. 2, 4; quicquid mihi debuit, acceptum tibi ferri iubebo, Plin. ep. 2, 4, 2; 20. tabulae, codex accepti et expensi, a credit and debit account, Cic. Rosc. com. 2 and 4; Verr. 2, 2, 76; 21. give a release (for a debt real or supposed) is variously expressed, (ex) imaginaria solutione mulier sine tutoris auctoritate acceptum facere non potest, Gai. 3, 171; cum acceptum non faceret, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 14, 9; si accepto quem liberauit, 18, 4, 2, 5; 46, 4, 8, 4; acceptum ferre, 46, 4, 13, 5 etc.; accepto facere, ib. 10; accepto fertur, 5; add 7, 15 and 16; habesne acceptos? Pomp. 46, 4, 15; 22. acceptum or accepto rogare, ask for a release, Ulp. 46, 4, 8, 1; add 2 and 4; 23. aliud esse capere, aliud accipere: capere cum effectu accipitur...ideoque non uidetur quis capere quod erit restitutus, Ulp. 50, 16, 71; III. 24. acceptus, as adj., acceptable, grateful, welcome, loved, dear, nam mihi pol grata acceptaque huius benignitas, Pl. St. 1, 1, 50; add Truc. 2, 7, 56; 4, 1, 5; quod adprobaris id gratum acceptumque habendum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; tam acceptum popularibus, Sal. lug. 7, 1; nemo quisquam acceptior, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 96; nihil est illi deo...acceptius quam...coetus hominum iure sociati, Cic. rep. 6, 13; seruos acceptissimus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 56; 25. accipso=accipero, Pacuv. ap. Non. 74, 30. **accipiter**, tris, m. [ακκιπτερος, swift-winged; cf. ἰρηξ ακκιπτερος, Il. 13, 62; θασσονας ἰρηκων, 13, 819; and aquifolium holly] hawk falcon and like birds, accipitrum genera sedecun, Plin. 10, 21; non recte accipitri tenditur ueque miluo, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 16; ut auis onicāt accipiter, Varr. sat. 165, 7 R; boues igitur ibis accipitres in deorum numerum reponemus, Cic. N. D. 3, 47; Accipitres is still masc. in spite of Non. 192; Lucr. 4, 1009; s. Munro ad Aetnam 79; accipiter saxo sacer ales ab alto... Verg. 11, 721; add Ov. M. 11, 344; 2. tamed for hawking, cf. Mart. 14, 216; 3. met. Pecuniae accipiter auide atque inuide, Plant. Pers. 3, 3, 5; 4. a gen. accipiteris also sanctioned by Prisc. 6, vol. 1, 229 K. **accipitrina**, ac, f. the plaut hawkweed (hieracium Linn.) Apul. herb. 30. **accipitrō**, āre, vb. play the hawk (with), tear to pieces, accipitret posuit pro laceret Gell. 19, 7, 11. **accisus**, part. of accido. **ac-citio**, ōnis, f. summoning before (one), Arn. 4, 12 (of spirits). **ac-citus**, ūs, m. a summoning, summons, quinque primi accitu istius euocantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 68; accitu geuitaris, Verg. 1, 681. **ac-clāmatio**, ōnis, f. loud cries of an assembly, non modo ut acclamatione sed ut conuicio ac maledictis impeditur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; acclamationibus multitudinis assentatione immodica pudorem (regis) onerantis, Liv. 31,



15, 2; ut admirationem suam non acclamatione tantum sed etiam planis confiteretur, Quint. 8, 3, 3; add Plin. pan. 73 and 75; hanc eius clementiam senatus his acclamationibus prosecutus est: Antoniae pie, di te seruent...; Vnlat. Avid. 13; post haec acclamationes seuatus haec fuerunt: Et Traianus ad imperium senex uenit. Dixerunt decies, Vop. Tac. 5, 1; cf. iuser. Or. 932; 2. in rhet. an exclamation, est epiphonema rei narratae summa adlatio: Tantac molis erat..., Quint. 8, 5, 11.

**ac-clāmīto**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. freq. a doubtful reading in Pl. Am. 3, 2, 3.

**ac-clāmo**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. cry out at (anything seen or heard) in approval or disapproval, in disappointment, exclaim against, non metuo ne mihi acclametis, Cic. Brut. 256; populus cum risu acclamauit ipsa esse, Cic. Caec. 28; et eum omnis contio acclamasset, Hostium inquit...clamore non territis, qui possum uestro moueri? Vell. 2, 4, 5; hoo loco adclamabit mihi tota manus delicatorem, Sen. ep. 47, 13; esp. in later lang., si nocentem adclamauerant, praecipis datus trucidabatur, Tac. an. 1, 44; 2. with favour, omnes acclamant gratias se...agere, Liv. 34, 50, 4; seruatorem acclamantibus, 34, 50, 9; Othoni populus, tamquam deus adstruerent, Neroni Othoni adclamaui, Tac. h. 1, 78 f.; senatus adclamaui; Gordiane Auguste di te seruent, felix imperes, Capit. Maxim. 16, 3; add Gord. 11, 9; Vop. Tac. 4, 2; 3. pass. impers., Cic. Mur. 13; Suet. Dom. 13; Lampr. Al. Sev. 6, 2 and 7, 1.

**ac-clāro**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. make clear to, Iuppiter...uti tu signa nobis certa acclarassis (for acclarasis, subj. perf.), ap. Liv. 1, 18, 9.

**ac-clīnis**, (ad-c.) e, adj. [ad=an up, see clino] leaning up against, corpusque leuabat Arboris adclinis trunco, Verg. 10, 835, where Serv.: quis ante hunc?; crates inter so acclines, Colum. 12, 15, 1; Cleomenes non armorum onus deposuit, sed adclius parieti, hortatur ut..., Iust. 28, 4, 9; Adelines clipeis alios, Stat. Th. 10, 280; 2. lying upon the slope (of), tumulo, Stat. silu. 5, 3, 36 and 5, 5, 25; 3. met. prone (to), Acclinis falsis animus, meliora recusat, Hor. s. 2, 2, 6.

**ac-clīno**, (ad+c.) are, vb. cause to lean against; henco w. se, lean up against or throw oneself sloping upon, circumspexit Athin seque acclinauit in illum, Ov. M. 5, 72;

2. as vb. refl. recline, the same, adclinataque colla Mollibus in plumis...reponit, Ov. M. 10, 268; castra tumulo sunt adclinata—lay on the slope of—Liv. 44, 3, 6; terris maria adclinata quiescunt, Stat. Th. 5, 4, 6; acclinatate lateri nauis exonerabat stomachum, Petr. 103; 3. met. attach oneself, haud grauate acclinaturos se ad causam senatus, Liv. 4, 48, 9.

**ac-clīuis**, (ad-c.) e, adj. [ad=an up—clīnus] sloping upward, opp. to declīuis, ea pars uiuae ualde acclīuis est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; leniter adclius aditns, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 3; acclīues colles, Liv. 38, 20, 4; adclīue solm, Verg. G. 2, 276; acclīuis locis, Colum. 3, 15, 2 opp. to planis and praecipitibus; acclīuis littoris, Ov. M. 9, 334; trames, 10, 53.

**ac-clīuitas**, (ad-c.) ātis, f. slope (sloping nature) Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 2; Colum. 2, 4, 10; 2. sloping ground, a slope, neque acclīuitas ipsa adiri posset, Amm. 14, 2, 13.

**ac-clīuus**, (ad-c.) adj. sloping upward, acclīuo limite, Ov. M. 2, 19; add Manil. 1, 232.

**ac-cognosco**, (ad-c.) ēre, recognize, Cappadocem, Petr. 69; add Tert. uxor. 2, 6.

**ac-cōla**, ae, m. one living near, a neighbour, opposed to incolā, one who lives in a place, Agricola, accolae, propinqui qui estis his regionibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 2; add Aul. 3, 1, 1; ut omnes sacerdotes, omnes accolae...Cereris esse nideantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; pastor a. eius loci, Liv. 1, 7, 5; Philippum eis et Macedones graues accolae esse, 26, 24, 5; add 37, 53, 25; nadosi accola Volturini, Verg. 7, 729; add Curt. 3, 2, 9; fatidicis...accola lucis, Sil. 1, 414; add 11, 25; 2. met. of a tributary stream, Tac. an. 1, 79.

**ac-cōlo**, (ad-c.) ēre, vb. live near, Saluto te, uicine Apollo, qui aedibus Propinquo nostris accolis, Pl. Bac. 2, 1, 4; ea gens quae illum locum accolit, Cic. rep. 6, 19; uiam, Liv. 28, 13, 4; Macedoniam, 39, 46, 7; tuas accolit,

Haeme, ninos, Ov. F. 1, 390; Rhenum, Tac. h. 5, 51; Pontum, 3, 47; 2. as pass. (Baetia) crebris adcolitur oppidis, Plin. 3, 9.

**accommodātis**, see accommodatus.

**accommodātio**, onis, f. adaptatio, uerborum, Cic. inv. 1, 9; 2. obliqing conduct, magistratum, Cic. Verr. 3, 189.

**accommodātor**, oris, m. Herma a. uixit an. XLVIII, iuser. Grut. 789, 4.

**ac-commōdo**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. fit to, fit on, clupeum ad dorsum, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 93; coronam ad caput, Cic. or. 2, 250; calauticam capiti, Cic. or. in P. Clod. et P. Cur. 5, 3; iusignia, Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 5; laterique accommodat ensem, Verg. 2, 393; 2. met. adapt, cause to agree (with), orationem multitudinis auribus, Cic. or. 2, 159; sumptus peregrinationis ad mercedes Argileti, Cic. Att. 12, 32, 2; meum consilium ad tuum, Cic. fam. 9, 7 f.; 3. as vb.

refl. accommodari or accommodare so, adapt oneself, lay oneself out for, lend oneself to, ad rem publicam et ad magnas res gerendas, Cic. off. 1, 70; num quis uestram ad caedem accommodatus est, Cic. agr. 3, 16; ad eorum nutum se fingunt et accommodant, Cic. or. 24; quod Seiano se non accommodassent, Suet. Tib. 48; humano generi assertorem se accommodaret, Suet. Galb. 9; 4. accommodo absol., oblige, peto...ut ei de habitatione accommodes, Cic. fam. 13, 2; 5. the same w. acc. oblige with, lend, orandae litis tempus, Cic. off. 3, 43; abusio non habentibus nomen suum accommodat quod in proximo est, sic: equum diuina Palladis arto aedificat, Quint. 8, 6, 34; uxori opem consiliumne, Ulp. dig. 47, 2, 52; 6. hence when speaking as for another, put in (his) mouth, Cicero quamquam preces non dat Miloni, accommodauit ei conuenientis forti uiro conquestiones, Quint. 6, 1, 27; 7. stretch (words, laws etc.) to oblige, pupillo auctoritatem, Ulp. dig. 26, 8, 1; 27, 6, 7, 1; fidem, Gai. 34, 9, 10; ei actionem, Pompon. 39, 3, 22 (grant as a favour); II. 8. accommodatus, part. as adj. well adapted, suitable, fit, contionibus accommodator, Cic. Clu. 2; exemplum temporibus suis accommodatissimum, Cic. Cornel. 1, 149; comp. or. 117; sup. fin. 5, 24.

**ac-commōdus**, (ad-c.) adj. fit, suited, ualles adcommoda fraudi, Verg. 11, 522; add Stat. Th. 10, 192; bellis, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 65; labori, Veg. vet. 3, 2.

**ac-congero**? in Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 18 read w. A degessi.

**accorpōro**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. make one flesh or body with, unite closely, sagada carinis adcorporatur, Sol. 37, 8; 2. met. damnatorum bona suis, Amm. 16, 8, 11.

**ac-crēdo**, (ad-c.) ēre, dīdi, give credit to, believe, Neque diuini neque mi humani posthao quicquam adcreduas, Pl. As. 5, 2, 4; add 3, 3, 37; nix accredens communicani cum Dionysio, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 3; facile hoo accredere possis, Lucr. 3, 856; Hor. ep. 1, 15, 25; primo non accreditit, ps. Nep. Dat. 3.

1 **ac-cresco**, (ad-c.) ēre, ēui, vb. [ad=an up] grow up, rise, increase, Valetudo mihi (ualetudo alone, mss) deerescit, accrescit labor, Plaut. Cure. 2, 1, 4; mons ex sale magnus; quantum demas tantum aderescit, Cato orig. 28, 8, 1; amicitiam...quae incepta a paruus cum aetate adcreuit simul, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 7; flumen subito accreuit, Cic. inv. 2, 97; in dies dolores accrescere...sensit, Nep. Att. 21, 4; Inuidia accreuit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 26; iam pectori eius usque adcreuerat (agger), Tac. an. 1, 19; prima aestuaria nondum adcrecente unda intrepidi transiere, 2, 8; paulatim accrescere (so A, not ad.) incipiat, Quint. 1, 2, 1; fama excellenter accrescens, Amm. 14, 10, 14;

2 **ac-cresco**, (ad-o.) ēre, ēui, vb. [ad to] grow to, attach itself to, be added to, cum dietis factisque...uana accresceret fides, Liv. 1, 54, 2; trimetris accrescere iussit Nomen iambis, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 252; ueteribus negotiis noua adcrescunt, Plin. ep. 2, 8, 3; 2. esp. in law, si decem iugera alluione adcreuerint, Ulp. dig. 19, 1, 13, 14; ib. 5, 4, 4; fructus donatarum rerum et partus et quod accreuit rei donatae repetere potest, Paul. dig. 12, 4, 12; 3. esp. of an heir passed over in a will but added to the heredes instituti by course of law, praeteritae personae



scriptis heredibus in partem aderescent, Gai. 2, 124; filia aderescendo pro quarta parte fit heres, ib.; quod iure aderescenti consequeretur, ib. 126; 4. gen. become the property of, accrue (to), hence Fr. accroitre accrûs, E. accrue.

**accrētio**, onis, f. [accresco] increase, lunam accretione et deminutione luninis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 68.

**accūbitāle**, is, n. [accubitum] a sofa cover, Treb. Claud. 14, 10.

**accūbitio**, onis, f. lying down (as on a sofa), ingressus, cursus, accubatio (al. accubatio), sessio, Cic. N. D. 1, 94; status incessus, sessio accubatio (al. accubatio), Cic. off. 1, 128; 2. esp. at dinner, accubitionem (al. accubationem) epularum, Cic. sen. 45; numerus accubitionum crescebat, Lampr. Al. Sev. 34, 8.

**accūbitio**, āre, vb. freq. of accubo, Sedul. pr. c. pasch. 1.

**accūbitorius**? in Petr. 30 read cubitoria.

**accūbitum**, i, n. a long dining sofa, Lampr. Hel. 19, 9; add Schol. Iuv. 5, 17.

**accūbitus**, ūs, m. reclining (on a sofa) at table, Stat. Ach. 1, 110; Th. 1, 714; Isid. or. 20, 11.

**accūbo**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. lie near, cadum Qui nunc Sulpicis accubat horreis, Hor. od. 4, 12, 18; theatrum Tarpeio monti accubans, Suet. Iul. 44; 2. esp. recline (on a sofa at dinner), Quid si apud te eucat (so Herm. cj.) desubito prandium aut potatio... ubi ego tum accubem? Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 48; accubantis potantis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 25; add Men. 2, 3, 17; Ampb. 2, 2, 169 and 172; morem hunc epularum fuisse ut qui accubarent, canerent uirorum laudes, Cic. Tusc. 4, 3; accubantes in conuiuio, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; 3. also concubitus causa, see accumbo, to which accubui and accubatum more strictly belong.

**accubō**, adv. recliningly, mea uoluptas usque eo assiduo. D. Immo accubuo maueim, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 68, a word invented after assiduo.

**accūdo**, ěre, vb. [ad] stamp or coin in addition, Tris minas accedere etiam possum ut triginta sient, Pl. Mere. 2, 3, 96.

**accumbitōrium**, (adc.) i, n. [accumbo] a room perh. for ferules cenae attached to a grave, C. Plarius... cessit... libertae suae... adcumbitorium cum conditibus (= conditio), inser. Or. 4511.

**accumbo**, (adc.) ěre, cubui, cubitum, vb. [ad=an up cf. ἀνακειμαι] take a place on a couch so as to lie with the upper body raised, esp. at meals; take a seat (at table), Cena appositast, concenasti mecum, ego accubui simul, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 172; accumbe igitur, cedo aquam manibus, puere, appone hic mensulam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 150; ipsa accumbere inecum, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 9; Lacedaemonii qui cotidiana epulis in robore accumbunt, Cic. Mur. 74; sic uixit ut muliebria cottidae conuiuia essent, uir accumberet nemo praeter ipsum, Cic. Verr. 5, 81; tu das epulis accumbere diuom, Verg. 1, 83; cenatum apud regem est et eodem lecto Scipio atque Hannibal accubuerunt, Liv. 28, 18, 5;—but in old time they sat on chairs says Serv. ad Verg. A. 1, 83 referring to A. 7, 176; and still longer so (pudoris causa) ladies (and goddesses), cf. Val. M. 2, 1, 2; 2. w. scorta (et cenae et lubricinis causa), equidem (sc. Bacchis) pol tecum accumbam, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 75; Amice (so Scal., mss amica) uter utrobi accumbamus? Pl. St. 5, 4, 19 and 5, 5, 9; 3. w. acc., Ne cum tyranno quisquam epulandi gratia Accumbat mensam, Acc. 218 R; paulo maturius lectum accumbans (al. accubans), Apul. M. 5, 6; mensulam accubueram, 2, 11; cenam, 9, 22 f.; mensam 10, 17; Prandi potaui scortum accubui, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 11; Potau atque accubui scortum, 5, 9, 82; potesque et scortum accumbas, Bac. 5, 2, 71; 4. met. Man. 5, 426.

**accūmūlātē**, (accumulo).

**accūmūlatio**, (adc.) onis, f. heaping up, as earth around a tree, Plin. 17, 246.

**accūmūlātor**, (adc.) ōris, m. one who heaps up, opum, Tac. an. 3, 30.

**accūmūlo**, (ad) āre, vb. heap up, accumulate, auget addit accumulāt (pecuniam), Cic. Agr. 2, 59; Confertos ita acerratim mors accumulabat, Lucr. 6, 1263; Maximus hic fastis accumulatur honos, Ov. F. 2, 122; 2. w. acc. of that

on which a heap is added, often w. abl. of the thing added, load w. a heap of, cap, complete, Virtutes generis meis moribus accumulau, CIL 38, caedem caedo accumulantes, Lucr. 3, 71; animamque nepotis His saltem adcumulem donis, Verg. 6, 886; tanta accumulāt praeconia leto Vulneribusque uirum, Sil. 2, 336; primordia tanta Accumula paribus factis, 11, 257; pedibus tibi gloria miles Parta ingens: nunc accumulā coepta ardua dextra, 15, 654; curas meas, ps. Ov. ep. Sapph. 70; 3. esp. cover the lower stem of a tree or plant w. earth, carth up, radices, Plin. 17, 139; uineas, 18, 230; arbores, 18, 295; ipsos (raphanos), 19, 83; 4. hence in pass. adcumulaturque germinatio terra, 17, 124; 5. in Plin. 4, 5 and 9, 14 Detl. reads attumulo or attumulo but mss vary; II. 6. accumulate, with heaped measure, omnia prolixē accumulataeque pollicetur, Apul. M. 10, 27; accumulatiissime, Corn. 1 f.; but in Cic. fam. 13, 42 cumulatissime.

**accūrātio**, onis, f. carefulness, Cic. Brut. 238; Veg. vet. 1, 56, 35.

**accūro**, (adc.) āre, vb. take all care of, look well after, Si quam rem accures sobrie aut frugaliter, Solet illa recte sum (for sub) manus succedere, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 1; add Epid. 4, 1, 39; si hoc adcurassis lepide, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 65; add Ps. 4, 1, 31; quo magis ornatis res cautius ne temere faciam adcurro, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 12; melius accurantur quae consilio geruntur, Cic. inv. 1, 58; uictus accurandus est, Colum. 12, pr. 2. II. 2. accuratus, part. as adj. accurate, elaborate, finished, careful, accuratus dicendi genus, Cic. Brut. 283; accuratissima diligentia, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 1; 3. accurate, adv. elaborately, with all care, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 14; Cic. Brut. 86; cf. Cic. rep. 1, 19; sup. fam. 5, 17, 2.

**accūro**, ere, curri and cucurri, cursum, vb. run up to, hurry or hasten to, make all haste to, gallop up to; Ibi me inelamat Aleumena... adcurro ut seiscam quid uelit, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 17; Men. 5, 8, 5 etc.; opinor propter praedes suos (Antonium) accurrissse, Cic. Att. 12, 18, 7; is si accierit, accurram, 13, 48, 1; 15, 3, 1; accurrissse Romam, Cic. off. 3, 112; Considius equo admisso ad eum accurrit, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 2; adcurrit, Tac. h. 3, 12; but in Petr. 139 accurrit; 2. w. acc. alone, satis trepida me accurrit, Apul. M. 3, 21; aulam, Paul. Nol. S. Fel. 10, 112; 3. pass. impers., accurritur ab uniuersis, Tac. an. 1, 21; 4. met. of the mind, istae imagines... simul atque nelimus, accurram, Cic. div. 2, 138.

**accursus**, (adc.) ūs, m. running to, populi, Tac. an. 4, 41 f.; militum, Val. M. 6, 8, 6; Sil. 15, 604; Stat. Th. 6, 511.

**accūsābilis**, e, adj. deserving to be prosecuted, turpitude, Cic. Tusc. 4, 75.

**accusatio**, onis, f. prosecution (by law), accusation, charge, accusatio crimen desiderat... maledictio nihil habet propositi praeter contumeliam, C. c. Cael. 6; (iudicii ratio ex accusatione et ex defensione constat, Cic. off. 2, 49; accusationem factitare, Cic. Brut. 130; comparare, constituere, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 2; instruere, Tac. an. 2, 74; exsequi, 4, 29; capessere, 4, 52; 2. a speech in accusation, Plin. 7, 110.

**accūsātius**, adj. m. as sb. (sc. casus), accusative case, Varr. l. 8, 38 (so Flor.); accusatiui geminatione facta amphibia, soluitur ablatiuo, ut illud Lachetom audiui percussisse Demean fiat a Lachete percussum Demean, Quint. 7, 9, 10; add Char. 17, 7 K; Diom. 301, 36.

**accūsātor**, ōris, m. accuser, prosecutor, Cic. Brut. 130 and 136; Cic. Caecil. 29; Verr. 2, 1, 74; Liv. 8, 32, 9; Tac. an. 4, 59.

**accūsātōrius**, adj. of an accuser or accusation, artificium, Cic. Rosc. Am. 49; animus, Cic. Clu. 11; ius, Flac. 14; spiritus, Liv. 2, 61, 7; uox, 45, 10, 8; 2. accusatorie, adv. in the spirit of an accuser, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 176; 2, 3, 164; Liv. 40, 12, 6.

**accūsātr-ix**, icis, f. [accusator] accuser, Ego te uolui castigare, tu mihi accusatrix, Pl. As. 3, 1, 12; Plin. ep. 10, 59 (67); Trai. ad Plin. 10, 60 (68).

**accūsatio**, āro, vb. freq. keep accusing, Nihil crit quod deorum ullum accusites, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 23.

**accūso**, āre, vb. [causa] charge criminally, prosecute, accuse, quemue k(alumniae) praeuacationis causa ac-



cussasse \*fecisseque quod iudicatum est, CIL 206, 120; Pol ego te ut accusarem (so Brix, mss accussem) meditari, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 14; sescenti qui inter sicarios et de beneficiis accusabant, Cic. Rosc. Am. 90; add 13; ambitus, Cic. Cael. 16; suis uero propriisque criminibus accusabo, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 43; rei capitalis, 2, 2, 68; 2. beyond legal sphere, call to account, accuse, blame, censure, si ille quid deliquerit, Multo tanto illum accusabo quam to accusau amplius, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 49; add Tr. 1, 2, 59 etc.; Cotidie accusabam: hem tibi haec diutius Licere speras facere, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 50; non committam ut me accusare de epistularum negligentia possis, Cic. Att. 1, 6, 1; me tibi excuso in eo ipso in quo te accuso, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 2, 1; increpitatio atque accusare reliquos Belgas qui se populo R. dedissent, Caes. b. g. 2, 15 f.; 3. so far w. acc. of pers.; also of offence, fidem, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 86; desperationem, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 5; luxuriam, Cael. 29; populi culpam, Planc. 9; mollitiem socordiamque uiri, Sal. Iug. 70, 5; uaturae infirmitas accusatur, ib. 1, 4; 4. w. acc. of pers. and of pron., si id non me accusas, Pl. Trin. 96; cf. Ter. Ph. 914; 5. w. quod; accusare senatum quod in eo auxilii nihil esset, Sal. Cat. 40, 3; Lysandrum accusarent quod sacerdotes corrumpere conatus esset, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 3; 6. w. acc. and inf., accusantibus Cyrenensibus uiolatum ab eo thesaurum, Tac. an. 14, 18; 7. accusandi casus, Varr. l. 8, 37 accusative case.

**acētētus**, adj. sine puncto, Plin. 37, 28; Fronto fer. Als. 3, p. 224 last l. Naber.

**āceo**, ēre, vb. (=ac-escere) become sour, Cato r. 148.

**ācēr**, ēris, f. maple tree, arbor sinillima aceri, Plin. 16, 67; acer arbor huius acris quod Solinus protulit, Prisc. 1, 80, 22 K; excipitur haec acer, 1, 151, 2; 2. n. maple wood, maple, acerque coloribus impar, Ov. M. 10, 95; at nuper uile fuistis acer, Ov. am. 1, 11, 28; acer operum elegantia citro secundum, Plin. 16, 66; triclina acere operata, 33, 146.

**āc-er**, acris, ācre, adj. [ac root, cf. ac-us, ac-idus] sharp, nullum contemptu (mortis telum)...ad uincendum acris, Liv. 21, 44 f.; id erit telum acerrimum, poet. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1; 2. hence met. of taste, sour, acid, sicut acetum Aegyptium acre, Cic. ap. Non. 240, 42; nimis acres umores, Cic. N. D. 2, 59; acetum ex (scilla) uel certe acre sorbere, cibus acer ut lac cum alio coctum, Cels. 4, 10 (4, 4); mel ex dulci acre, Plin. 11, 39 (between sweet and sour), acetum, 26, 21; dulcibus cibus acres acutosque miscerem, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 5; 3. of scent, sharp, piercing, intense, unguentis acerrima suauitate conditis, Cic. or. 3, 99; nec naribus acres Ire canes, Ov. M. 7, 806; acri odore (styracis), Plin. 12, 80; 4. of sight, sharp, bright, populi Romani aures hebetiores, oculos esse acres atque acutos, Cic. Planc. 66; acerrimum ex omnibus sensibus esse sensum uidendi, Cic. or. 2, 357; acrior est oculator quam aurium sensus, Quint. 11, 2, 34; acrioribus oculis, 2, 10, 6; 5. and so of colour, bright, Praeterea splendor quicquid est acēr ādūrit, Lncr. 4, 304; flamma, 5, 906; splendor, rubor, Sen. N. Q. 1, 14, 2;

6. of hearing, sharp, piercing, shrill, harsh, loud, flammæ sonitum, Verg. G. 4, 409; tibia, Hor. od. 1, 12, 1; uox Demetri iucundior, illius acrior, Quint. 11, 3, 178; hinnitus, Sil. 4, 96; clamor, 9, 362; 7. of touch or feeling, sharp, piercing, strong, fierce, intensely hot or cold, dolor corporis ouius est morsus acerrimus, Cic. Tusc. 3, 61; potentia solis Acrior, Verg. G. 1, 93; Hor. s. 1, 6, 125; acri sole, Plin. 14, 77; uou acri fauilla (gentle, slow), Ov. M. 8, 667; acriorem ignem, Colum. 12, 19, 5; acriorem hiemem (met.), Pl. Tr. 2, 3, 7; Soluti acris hiemps, Hor. od. 1, 4, 1; 8. met. of mind, first of persons, sharp, severe, stern, savage, uxorem acerrumam, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 56; Bac. 3, 1, 1; As. 3, 2, 6; Lenem patrem illum factum me esse acerrimum, Ter. Pl. 2, 1, 32; Sunt quibus in satira uideo nimis acer, Hor. s. 2, 1, 1; 9. in a good sense, sharp, eager, energetic, resolute, determined, bold, aduersarius, Cic. ac. 1, 12; coequem Caesare acriorem in rebus gerendis audisti, Cic. fam. 8, 15, 1; defensor, ib. 1, 1, 2; ipse acer, bellicosus, Sal. Iug. 20, 2; add 43, 1; Liv. 26, 26, 11; 27, 34, 2 etc.; bellis acer Halesus, Verg. 10, 411; 10. of animals, bold, spirited, equus, Verg. 4, 156; canis, Hor. epod. 12, 6; aper, ib. 2, 31; 11. gen.

mala aceria, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 14; morbus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 119; egestas, Lucr. 3, 65; ira, 5, 399; iudicia, Cic. Rosc. Am. 11; incusatio, Cic. or. 3, 106; uerborum grauitas, Cic. off. 1, 136; dolor, Verg. 7, 291; inuidia, Hor. s. 1, 3, 60; uis, epod. 7, 13; sicut gloria ita paenitentia, Tac. h. 3, 51; discrimen, Tac. an. 15, 3; 12. w. gen., acer belli iuuenis, Vell. 1, 3, 1; Vespasianus acer militiae, Tao. h. 2, 5; 13. w. inf., Sil. 3, 338, metiri, extendere; 14. acris as m. in old L., somnus repente In campo passim mollissimus percult acris, Enn.—so at least Prisc. 1, 153, 16 K, but is the text sound? 15. acer as f., Aestatem autumnus sequitur, post acer hiemps (fit), Prisc. ib., Serv. ad A. 6, 685; acer fames, Naev. ap. Serv. ib.; 16. acer, acra, acrum in old L. as acrum, Mat. II. 15 ap. Char. 117, 13 K; ex nimis acra dulcem (radicein), Pall. 9, 5, 3; acrum, Plin. Val. 2, 45; 17. Fr. aigre, E. cager; vin-aigre, vin-egar; cf. mācer, maigre, meager.

**ācērātos**, adj. without horns, aceratōe (note the Gr. form) coeleac, Plin. 30, 46.

**ācērātus**, adj. mixed with chaff, coenum, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 23; aceratum=lutum cum palcis mixtum, Paul. ex F. 20 M.

**ācērbitas**, ātis, f. sour bitterness (as of unripened fruit), fructus magna acerbitate permixtos, Cic. Planc. 92 (met.); si legatur maturitas cum acerbitate (ripe w. unripe grapes), Pall. 3, 9, 12; 2. of foul air, halitus letalis...quae lues... terras circumscitas inhabitabiles acerbitate fecisset, Amm. 23, 6, 17; 3. met. bitterness, at mouitio acerbitate careat, Cic. am. 89; morum, Cic. Phil. 12, 26; seueritatem...probo, acerbitem nullo modo, Cic. sen. 65 f.; 4. in pl., in meis acerbitatibus (bitter troubles), Cic. Planc. 101; Cic. Cat. 4, 1; Tac. an. 2, 71.

**ācērbitūdo**, inis, f.=acerbitas, Gell. 13, 3, 2.

**ācerbo**, āre, vb. (acerbus) mako bitter, gandia, Stat. Th. 12, 75; 2. embitter (what was already bad), aggravate, crimen, Verg. 11, 407; Claud. rapt. Pr. 2, 208; nefas, Stat. Th. 3, 214; mortem, Val. F. 6, 655.

**ācerbus**, adj. [ācer+?] sour, bitter, unripe, in melle sunt linguae sitae uostrae..., Facta in felle...atque acerbo aceto, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 77; Neptuni corpus acerbum, Lucr. 2, 472; saporum genera xiii reperiuntur, dulcis...acerbus acidus salsus, Plin. 15, 106; oleum quam acerbissima oliua optimum fieri, 15, 21; Nondum matura est, nolo acerbam sumere, Phaedr. 4, 3, 4; 2. met. first of hearing, sharp, piercing, harsh, serrae stridentis acerbum Horrorem, Lucr. 2, 410; uocem acerbissimam, Corn. 4, 60; uoce acerbissima remigibus modos dantem, Sen. ep. 56, 5; uox inanis acerba pusilla, Quint. 11, 3, 32; add 11, 3, 169; 3. met. acerbum frigus, like our bitter cold, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 53; 4. from unripe fruit, uirgo, Varr. ap. Non.; Et pecus ante diem partus edebat acerbos, Ov. F. 4, 647; ut ueque destringatur inmatura frons et quicquid est adhuc acerbum proferatur, Quint. 12, 6, 2 (of a young orator); text in Cic. prov. cons. 34 dub.; 5. esp. of death of the young, Cn. Taracius Cn. f. uixit a. xx...Eheu bou Taracei ut acerbo es deditus fato; Non acuo exacto uitae est traditus morti, CIL 1202; C. Turpidius...a. xvi....Quouis fatum acerbum populus indigne tulit, 1422; Acerbum funus filio facit, si te carendumst, Pl. As. 3, 3, 5; Infantumque animae...quos... Abstulit atra dies et funere mersit acerbo, Verg. 6, 429; mihi uidetur acerba semper et inmatura mors eorum qui immortalē aliquid parant, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 4; 6. gen. bitter, painful, cruel, Neque sexta aerumna acerbori Iuerculi quam illa mihi obiectast, Pl. Ep. 2, 1, 10; add Rud. 3, 3, 24; Mil. 4, 5, 11; poeas, Cic. agr. 2, 92; uexatio, Cic. Cat. 4, 2; supplicium, 4, 12; iu rebus acerbis, Lucr. 3, 53; mors quamuis matura tam acerba M. Furii, Liv. 7, 1, 8; 7. of man, bitter, sour, illgrained, morose, acerbissimos hostes, Cic. Cat. 4, 13; acerbos e Zenonis schola exire, Cic. N. D. 3, 77; habere inuauis acerbus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 85; in partus mater acerba suos, Ov. F. 2, 624; II. 8. adv. acerbe, bitterly, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 46 etc.; comp. Suct. Tib. 25; sup. Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 8.

**ācer-n-eus**, adj. of maple, pocula, Venant. ep. 1 ad Greg.

**ācer-nus**, adj. of maple, trabibus contextus acernis,



Verg. 2, 112; mensa, Hor. s. 2, 8, 10; Ov. M. 12, 254.

**ăcĕr-osus**, adj. (acus, aceris) full of chaff, rugas condecere uentri Farre aceroso, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 18; pauis non sine paleis acerosus dicitur, Paul. ex F. p. 187.

**ăcĕr-ra**, ae, f. incense-chest, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60; Farre pio et plena supplex ueneratur acerra, Verg. 5, 748; turis plena, Hor. od. 3, 8, 2; Ov. F. 4, 934; M. 13, 703; Pont. 4, 8, 39; acerras (ferentes) ture et uiuo fecerunt, inscr. fr. Arv. 41, 31, Or. 2271; (acerra)=arcula thuraria ubi thus reponebant, Paul. ex F. 18; **2.** =ara quao aute mortuum poui solebat, in qua odores incendebant, id.;

**3.** a Roman surname, Mart. 1, 28; **4.** Acerrae, pl., a town of Campania in the Clanius, Verg. G. 2, 224.

**Ăceranus**, adj. of the town Acerra, Liv. 23, 17, 1.

**ăcersecômĕs**, ae, m. with nnshorn hair (esp. of Apollo), Il. 20, 39), Iuv. 8, 128.

**ăceruăllis**, e, adj. [aceruus] of a heap, transl. of *σωπεττης*, Cic. div. 2, 11.

**ăceruătim**, adv. in heaps, Lucr. 6, 1263; Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; Colum. 9, 13, 4; **2.** met. of words, ac. reliqua dicam, Cic. Clu. 30 (summarily); ac. multa frequentans, Cic. or. 85; haetenus cum singulis genibus, mox ac., Flor. 1, 12.

**ăceruătio**, ōnis, f. heaping up, saporum, Plin. 11, 282.

**ăceruo**, ĩre, vb. [accruus] heap together, aliamm super alias aceruatarum legum cumulo, Liv. 3, 34, 6; aceruatis bulbis, Plin. 21, 109; aceruantur muricum modo, 32, 95 (cluster together); panicum praedensis aceruatur granis, 18, 53; **2.** met. of words, lump together, plura undique ac., 26, 21; nerba, Quint. 9, 3, 47.

**ăceruus**, i, m. [ac pointed, root ac+?] heap, nt aceruus ex granis (efficitur), Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; corporum, Cic. Cat. 3, 24; pecuniae, agr. 2, 59; farris, Verg. G. 1, 185; stragis, Verg. G. 504; lignorum, inscr. Or. 642; **2.** met. sceelerum, Cic. Sul. 76; curarum, Amm. 26, 2, 8; **3.** esp. the form of argument sorites, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 47; Pers. 6, 80; cf. Cic. ac. 2, 49; div. 2, 11.

**ăc-escō**, ĩre, ui, ĩtus, vb. turn sour, Sincerum est nisi uas quodcumque infundis aescit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 54; add Plin. 7, 64; 11, 118; 20, 147; si unum acuit, Ulp. dig. 18, 1, 9, 2; 18, 6, 1; **2.** met. tot tribus acutibus aescit aer, Tert. apol. 39; alarum specubus acescentibus, Sid. Ap. ep. 3, 12.

**ăcĕsis**, is, f. a sort of borax? Plin. 33, 92.

**ăcĕtăbŭlum**, i, n. [acetum] a cup (orig. for vinegar), uasa argentea ueluti acetabula trullas..., Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 9, 2; **2.** gen. a cup or small hollow bowl, as a juggler's cup, praestigiatorum, Sen. ep. 45, 8; **3.** in plants, urtica uoscutur acetabulis in flore purpuream lanuginem fundentibus, Plin. 21, 92; 18, 245; 26, 58; **4.** sucker of cuttle fish, ib. 9, 86 and 93; **5.** cup or acetabulum of thigh-bone, 28, 179; **6.** a measure, acetabuli mensura significat heminae quartam, i.e. drachmas xv, Plin. 21, 185; melanthii, Cato r. 102; coriandri, Cels. 5, 18; mellis, 5, 24, 2; salis, Plin. 18, 73; liquaninis, Apic. 8, 333.

**ăcĕtăre**=agitare, Paul. ex F. 23.

**ăcĕtă-rius**, adj. [acetum] fit for salads, as acetaria (se. holeria), Plin. 19, 58; 20, 212.

**ăcĕtăscō**, ĩre, vb. [acetum] turn sour, Apul. herb. 3.

**ăcĕtum**, i, n. [part. n. of aceseo as sb.] (se. unum) vinegar, Cato r. 116; hic rex cum aceto pransurus et sale sine bono pulmento, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 32; acetum Aegyptium, Cic. Hort. ap. Non. 240, 42; acro acetum, Hor. s. 2, 3, 117; **2.** met. Equid habet is homo aceti in pectore? Atque acidissimi, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 49 (of wit); Bac. 3, 3, 1; **3.** also of sour temper, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 77; of cutting wit and remarks, Hor. s. 1, 7, 32; Pers. 5, 86; **4.** acetum mulsuum, Cato r. 157, 6; oxymel; **5.** in melle quod per se fluxit, appellatur acetum, Plin. 11, 38; cf. Lobeck act. soc. Gr. 2, 301.

**Ăchĕron**, ontis (Acheruus, untis Plaut.) m. [*Ἀχέρων*, *οντος* the gloomy? from *acēu* *χαρᾶς* says Serv. A. 6, 106; cf. Liv. 8, 24, 11] a river of Epirus, Liv. 8, 4, 3; Plin. 4, 4; **2.** a river of the Bruttii, Plin. 3, 73; also called Acheros (=Acherons), Liv. 8, 24, 11; **3.** a river of the infernal regions, ostio alte (alti?) Acheruntis, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc.

1, 37; et illi qui fluere apud inferos dicuntur Acheron... di putandi, Cic. N. D. 3, 43; trauctio Acherontis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; tenebrosa palus Acheronte refuso, Verg. 6, 107; Acherontis ad undas, 6, 295 and inscr. Or. 1173; **4.** as the god-king of the infernal regions, Censetur censu ad Acheruntem mortuos, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 93; Flectere si nequeo superos Acheronta mouebo, Verg. 7, 312; ut eum suo sanguine si posset ab Acherunte cuperent redimere, ps. Nep. 10f.; **5.** the infernal regions, hell, Apago. Acheruntis ostium in nostrout agro, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 124; Acheruntem nunc obibo, Enn. tr. 278 V; Adsum atque aduenio Acherunte uix uia alta atque ardua, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; ne forte animas Acherunte reamur Effugere, Lucr. 4, 37; **6.** hence as w. names of towns, Acheruntem to A., Acherunti in A., Certumst. Hunc Acheruntem praemitam primus, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 12; add Most. 2, 2, 68 and prob. 77; Poen. 4, 2, 9; Si neque hic neque Acherunti sum, ubi sum? Nusquam gentium, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 21; add Capt. 3, 5, 31 and 5, 4, 1; Truc. 4, 2, 36; Poen. 1, 3, 22; **7.** as a town Acheruns is fem., nulla adaequest Acheruns, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 2; **8.** in the old drama the a is gen. perh. always long: e.g. out of 20 times in Plautus 14 certain; one prob. Cas. 2, 1, 12; in Truc. 4, 2, 36 and Most. 2, 2, 77 text dnb.; of the 3 left, all in the Poen., for *ăd* Acheruntum pr. 71 and *ăb* Acherunte 1, 2, 131 we may read Acheruntem and Acherunte; so that there is left only quoduis gens ibi hominum uideas quasi Acheruntem neneris, 4, 2, 9, which is doubtful; see quasi.

**Ăchĕrōntĕus**, adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, Claud. R. Pr. 2, 351.

**Ăchĕrōntĭa**, f. a town in Apulia, now Acerenza, Hor. od. 3, 4, 14.

**Ăchĕrōnt-ĭcus** [Acheron] of Acheron, saera, Prud. Cath. 5, 127; Serv. ad A. 8, 399 of the ars haruspicina. Cf. Acherunticus.

**Ăchĕrōnt-ĭni**, ōrum, m. pl., the people living near the r. Acheron of the Bruttii, Plin. 3, 73.

**Ăchĕrōs**, see Acheron § 2.

**Ăchĕrus**, see Acheron.

**Ăchĕrusĭus**, see Acherusius.

**Ăchĕrunt-ĭcus**, adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, Regiones colere mauellem Acherunticas, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 21; **2.** of one so old that he seems to have come from the grave or other world, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 19; Trin. 2, 4, 124.

**Ăchĕrunt-ĭnus**, adj. of the Acheron, an epithet of Hercules, inscr. Or. 1552.

**Ăcherusĭa**, idis, adj. f. as sb. [*Ἀχέρουσις*] of Acheron, name of a cavern in Bithynia, Val. F. 5, 73. Cf. Acherusius, last ex.

**Ăcherusĭus**, (unsius) adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, templa Orci, Enn. tr. 107 V; Lucr. 1, 120; uita, 3, 1023; aqua, Liv. 8, 24, 2; specus, Plin. 6, 4.

**Ăchĭllĕs**, is or i, m. (*Ἀχιλλεύς*, dor. *Ἀχιλλῆς*) the son of Peleus and Thetis, n. besides Achilles, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 61; Verg. 1, 472; Achilleus, inscr. Grut. 669, 6; g. besides Achillis, Verg. 2, 475; Achillei, Hor. od. 1, 15, 34; epod. 17, 14; Achilli, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 14; Verg. 3, 87; ac. besides Achillem, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; Achillen, Verg. 1, 462; Achilleā, Luc. 10, 523; in Prop. 5 (4), 11, 40, Quique tuas proauo fregit Achille domos, Lachm. sees no vocative; abl. besides Achille, Achilli, Praemia nec Chiron ab Achilli talia cepit, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 43; **2.** Aciles is the form in CIL 1500;

**3.** so a single l and short i is required by metre in: Mitte iam ut oecidi Achiles cuius passus est, Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 6; Achilem orabo aurum mihi det Hector qui expensus fuit, Merc. 2, 4, 20; Achilem Aristarchi mihi commentari fubot, Pl. Poen. pr. 1; and so Bothe, but mss have ll, as Pl. has in Mil. 1, 1, 63; 4, 2, 63 and Bac. 4, 9, 14; cf. the double forms *Ἀχιλλεύς* and *Ἀχιλλεύς*.

**ăchĭllĭs**, is, f. clk, Plin. 8, 39, one w. alcis of Caes. b. g. 6, 27.

**ăchōra**, ae, f. [*ἄχρος*, *ἄχωρ ὠπος*] chaff, hence in pl. scurf, Pruritus achoras maculasque cutis fugat omnes (sc. origanum), Macer de Herb. cap. de Origano et de Malua; Sic turpes achoras pelles furfurque nociuum (sc. maluā), id.



**achras** (pirus), ἄδης or ἄδος, f. (ἄχρας) wild pear-tree, Colum. 7, 9, 6; Achridōs aut pruni, 10, 15; add 10, 250.

**ācia**, ac, f. [ācus needle?] thread, reliqui acus aciasque ero atque crae nostrae, Titin. ap. Non. 4, 22 (v. 5 ap. Ribbeck, com.); (sutura) ex acia molli, Cels. 5, 26, 23, p. 191, 36 D; acia rufa, Marc. Emp. 2; **2.** prov. of the minutest things, ab acia et acui mi omnia exposuit, Petr. 76 f.

**1 āciārium**, adj. as sb. n. (acus) needle-case, = βαφιδοθήκη, Gloss.

**2 āciārium**, adj. as sb. n. (acies) steel edge or point, = στομωμα, Gloss.

**ācicula**, see acucula.

**Acidinus**, a surname, L. Manlius A., inser. Grut. 293.

**āciditas**, atis, f. sourness, acidity, Marc. Emp. 20.

**ācidulus**, adj. dim. slightly sour, aqua, Plin. 2, 230; sapor, 15, 54.

**ācidus**, adj. sour, acetum acidissimum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 49; sorba, Verg. G. 3, 380; inulae, Hor. s. 2, 2, 44; sapor, Plin. 15, 106; lac, 28, 135; caseus, 28, 132; **2.** acida ercta, as a cosmetic, Mart. 7, 93, 9; **3.** met. sour, grating, harsh, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 64; lingua, Sen. contr. 5, 34; eantium, Petr. 31; sonns acidior, lb. 68.

**acieris**, securis aerea qua in sacrificiis utebantur sacerdotes, Paul. ex F. 10 = αξινη λεροφαντου, ὡς Πλαντος, Gloss.

**ācies**, ei, f. [root ac] sharp edge or point, gladiatorum, Pl. True. 2, 6, 11; securium, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 13 (if not spur.); falcis, Verg. G. 2, 365; ferri, A. 2, 333; hastae, Ov. M. 3, 107; rostri, Plin. 11, 180; (cotes) aqua trahentes aciem acerrimo effectu, 36, 165; cotibus oleo aciem falcis excitantibus, 18, 260; acies ferri praestringitur, 7, 64; securium aciem non hebetari, 37, 112; oleo delicatior fiat acies, 34, 146; **2.** steel being used as now for edge and point (ad densandas incedes malleorumque rostra, Plin. 34, 144) acies came to mean steel; neque alia genera ferri quam Sericum Parthicumque ex mera acie temperantur, Plin. 34, 145; **3.** met. of the eye, acies ipsa qua cernimus quae pupula uocatur, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; bonum incolumis acies, misera caecitas, Cic. fin. 5, 84; tanta tenuitas ut fugiat aciem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 50; add fin. 4, 65; ne uultum quidem atque aciem oculorum ferre potuisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 1; cupit ipsa popula (so mss for pupula) at te sibi dirigere aciem, Cat. 63, 56; **4.** hence in poetry, the eye; huc geminas nunc flecte acies, Verg. 6, 789; huc atque huc acies circumtulit, 12, 558; then of the mind, intelligentia est mentis acies, Cic. Hort. frag. 86; si (humani animi) acies ita curata est ut ne caecaretur erroribus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 39; praestringere aciem mentis (dazzle it), Cic. div. 1, 61; ille (animus) cui obtusior sit acies, Cic. sen. 83; illam ut oculorum sic ingeni aciem, leg. 1, 60; mentis intentio et uelut acies luminum, Quint. 11, 2, 10; **5.** other met. patimur hebescere aciem horum auctoritatis, Cic. Cat. 1, 4; Nam neque tum stellis acies obtusa uidetur, Verg. G. 1, 395; **6.** esp. a line of soldiers in array, an army in array, Hostis niuos rapere soleo ex acie, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 60; pugnantem in acie, Cure. 4, 4, 19; tu actionem instituis, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; acies est instructa a nobis XII cohortium, fam. 10, 30, 2; statuit non proelii neque acie bellum gerendum, Sal. lug. 54, 5; agmina magis quam acies pugnabant, Liv. 25, 34, 9; **7.** hence gen. field of battle, non sentiunt uiri fortes in acie uolnera, Cic. Tusc. 2, 58; quae agenda sunt in foro tamquam in acie possunt praediscere, Cic. or. 1, 147; in acie cecidissent, Liv. 29, 3, 2; **8.** an army was drawn up in several lines; triplici instructa acie, Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 1; tertiam aciem, 1, 52, 7; **9.** of a fleet, line of battle; classis at utrisque in proelium deducitur, quarum acie constituta, ps. Nep. Han. 11, 1; nauali acie, Frontin. strat. 2, 5; **10.** met. orationis aciem contra conferam, Pl. Ep. 4, 1, 20; iam si in aciem dimicationemque ueniamus, Cic. or. 42; ad philosophos me reuocans qui in aciem non saepe prodeunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 60; **11.** a gen. acii in Matus ap. Gell. 9, 14, 14; also acie in Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 366, 11.

**Aciles**, see Achilles.

**Aciliānus**, adj. of Acilius, annales, Liv. 25, 39, 12.

**Acilius**, a Roman gens, as M. Acilius M. f. on a denar.,

CIL 326; Proximus eiusdem properabat Acilius acui, Iuv. 4, 94; as adj. Acilia lex, Verr. 1, 51.

**ācina**, see acinus.

**ācinācēs**, is, m. [ακινακης, from Pers. āhen-ek, dim. of āhen, iron] a Persian dagger, Medus a. Hor. od. 1, 27, 5; Curt. 3, 3, 18 (3, 8); Val. F. 7, 601; Tac. an. 12, 51.

**ācināceus**, adj. (ius) [acinus] made of raisins; hence acinaceum (sc. uinum) as sb. n., a sort of raisin wine, Pall. 1, 6, 9 (al. acinaticium); Cass. var. 12, 4 (al. acinaticum or acinaticium).

**ācinārius**, adj. of grapes, uasa, Varr. r. r. 1, 22.

**ācināticus**, adj. of raisins, hence acinaticum (sc. uinum) as sb. n., raisin wine, Ulp. dig. 33, 6, 9; οξωδες acinaticium Gloss.

**ācinos**, i (ακινος), f. basil-thyme, Plin. 21, 174.

**ācinōsus**, adj. full of clusters or berries, a. eaulis, Plin. 21, 109, but in 12, 40 read racemosissimis and in 12, 47 acinorum.

**ācinus**, i, m. [plur. acini and ainea] a single berry in a cluster (and so opposed to uua, the whole cluster, and to nucleus, the stone); esp. of the vine, si qua acina corrupta erunt, purgato, Cato r. 112, 2; acinorum folliculi, Varr. r. 1, 54, 3; terra quae ex acini uinaceo tantos truncos procreat, Cic. sen. 52; cum expresseris uinacea (the stones) quae acinis celantur, Colum. 11, 2, 69; nuclei acinorum, Plin. 23, 13; **2.** a berry in a cluster on other plants as sambuae; Plin. 24, 52, hederæ 77.

**ācīpenser**, eris, m. a kind of sturgeon (according to Cuvier, Règne Anim. the A. Ruthenus of Linn., only two feet long), a dish prized at Rome from early times; Cenasti in uita numquam bene cum omnia iu ista Consumis squilla atque acipensere, Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; acipensere mensa infamis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 47; Tuque peregrinis acipenser nobilis undis, Ov. Hal. 134; **2.** was out of favour in Pliny's day, apud antiquos piscium nobilissimus habitus acipenser nullo nunc in honore est, Plin. 9, 60; **3.** again in favour under Severus, qui cum intersum conuiuio saero (the Emperor's table) animaduertam hunc piscem a coronatis ministris cum tibicine introferri, Samm. Ser. ap. Macr. s. 2, 16, 7; so also Athen. deipn. 7, 44, p. 75 Schw.; **4.** aqipenser genus piscis, Paul. ex F. 22, 16 M; **5.** the form acipenser in the present texts of Plin. and Macr. prob. wrong; yet Athen. l. e. writes the Latin name as ακκιπησιος.

**ācīpensis**, is, m. [s. above: i, that is ic a dim. suff.] the same, Ad Palatinas acipensem mittite mensas, Mart. 13, 91, 1.

**aciscularius**, i, m. a stonecutter; Gloss. λατομος.

**acisculum**, i, n. a tool for stonecutting; Gloss. Isid.

**aclassis**, tunica ab humeris non cousuta, Paul. ex F. 20.

**āclys**, ŷdis, f. [perh. = ακυλις, a hook] a short dart, teretes sunt aclydes (al. aclydes) illis Tela, sed haec lento mos est aptare flagello, Verg. 7, 730; add Sil. 3, 362; gemina ferit aclyde parnas, Val. F. 6, 99; aclydes dnas, Treb. Claud. 14, 6.

**acnua**, [agnua, agna, or acna] ac, f. a land measure, actus quadratus qui et latus est pedes cxx et longus totidem, Varr. r. 1, 10, 2; same w. actus, hunc actum prouinciae Baeticae rustici acnuum uocant, Colum. 5, 1, 5; agnua habet ped. xlii cece, lib. col. p. 246, 1 Laehm. and 339, 17; centuria habet agnas de per ne, Ex lib. Balb. 245, 7; actibus conio acnuum primum appellatum, Frontin. lim. 2, p. 30, 12.

**ācōniti**, adv. without dust, i. e. labour; citra pulueris iactum, Plin. 35, 139.

**ācōnītum**, i, n. a poisonous plant, as monkshood; nec miseros fallunt aconita legentis, Verg. G. 2, 152; miscent aconita nouerae, Ov. M. 1, 147; add 7, 419; uenorum ocissimum, Plin. 27, 4; described in 27, 9; nascitur in nudis cautibus quas conas (ακονας) nominant, 27, 10.

**ācontias**, ae, m. a meteor, Plin. 2, 89; **2.** a shooting snake, Amm. 22, 15, 27.

**ācontizo**, are, vb. intr. shoot out, Veg. vet. 1, 26 and 27.

**acopos**, i, adj. as sb. [α-κοπος without weariness] a precious stone, perunctis lassitudinem, si credimus, soluit,

Plin. 37, 143; **2.** a plant, also called anaguros or -is, anagyris foetida, Linn.; grauis odore, Plin. 27, 30.

**acōpum**, adj. n. as sb., sc. unguentum [id.] any ointment for relieving fatigue, Cels. 5, 24; Plin. 23, 89 and 157 etc.; Veg. vet. 2, 15, 5; 3, 54, 2.

**ac-or**, ōris, m. sourness, Colum. 7, 8, 1; 12, 13, 1 etc.; Plin. 11, 239; 18, 104; 14, 127; Quint. 9, 3, 27; Ulp. dig. 18, 6, 4; met. Plin. ep. 7, 3 f.

**acōrion**, i, n. root of the plant acorus, Plin. 25, 158.

**acorna**, ae, a kind of thistle, Plin. 21, 95.

**acōron**, (-um) i, an aromatic plant, acorns calamus, Linn.; Plin. 25, 157; 25, 164 etc.; **2.** esp. the root, 25, 158; 26, 28.

**acosmos**, adj. unseemly, Lucr. 4, 1160.

**acquiesco**, (adq.?) ēre, cui, ēturus, vb. [a for an + quiesco, and so in both parts = *ava-παινομαι*, for *q* and *π* correspond] rest after labour or fatigue, rest and recover oneself, find relief, Manedum, sine respirem quaeso. Immo acquiesce. Animo malet; Recipiam anhelitum. Clementer requiesce (=acquiesce), Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 20; ut adquirescere eos meridiano tempore sineret, Alf. V. dig. 38, 1, 26; uitandi caloribus causa Lanuuii tris horas acquieueram, Cic. Att. 13, 34; labore fessi uenimus larem ad nostrum Desideratouque acquiescimus lecto, Cat. 31, 10; ut fessa bello acquiesceret ciuitas, Liv. 5, 23, 12; commeatum acquiescendi a continuatione laborem petiit, Vell. 2, 99, 2; lectum in quo acquiesceret iussit inferri, Curt. 9, 8, 25; ut si a lassitudine cuperet acquiescere, ps. Nep. Dat. 11, 3; cum aures extremum semper expectent in eoque acquiescant, Cic. or. 199; ut labor hic uigiliarum suauitate paulisper modulorum acquiesceret, Gell. 19, 9, 5; and met. hoc deuersorio sermonis mei libenter acquieturum te esse dixisti, Cic. or. 2, 290; **2.** hence met. of death after the toils of life, sic multis perfuētis laboribus anno acquieuit septuagesimo, ps. Nep. Hann. 13, 1; is (called upon as witness against a brother) compresso spiritu...exoptata securitate adqueiuit (so Halm but acq.?) Val. M. 9, 12, ext. 1; nobilis aeq(uator) monet(ae) hic acquiescit, inser. Or. 3228; **3.** met. of mind, find relief, from sorrow etc., cuius in animo uersatur improbitas, numquam sinit eum respirare, numquam acquiescere, Cic. fin. 1, 53; quantum praesens me adiuuare potueris consolando, facile ex eo intellego quod litteris lectis aliquantum adqueiui, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 1; add 4, 6, 2; senes in adulescentium caritate acquiescimus, Cic. am. 101; **4.** in Cic. gen. with in, but later with dat.; sollicitum te esse scribis et existimas me suasurum ut adquiescas spei blandae, Sen. ep. 24, 1; uno solacio adquiescens, transmarinas certe sibi superfuturas provincias, Suet. Gai. 51; **5.** esp. w. dat. of persons, find relief (in their society), and so rely upon as trustworthy, Graeculos quibus uel maxime acquiescebat, Suet. Tib. 56; uaticinante Catta muliere cui uelut oraculo acquiescebat (as relying upon her), Suet. Vit. 14; amicos elegit quibus etiam post eum principes acquieuerunt, Suet. Tit. 7; but in Tib. 31 read w. Ruhnken's cj. aduuescerent; **6.** acquiesce in the opinion of, assent, agree with (still w. dat.), si reprobata est haec reputatio et adqueiuit, nou debet iudex id sarcire, Ulp. 27, 4, 1, 4; quasi acquieuit sententiae, Ulp. dig. 49, 1, 3, 1; add dig. 49, 1, 5 and 6; 42, 1, 63; Cod. 7, 52, 5; **7.** w. dat. of person, agree with, assent to; distinguētib, dig. 4, 4, 7, 3; patri, 24, 3, 22, 6; ego Celso acquiesco, 38, 1, 7, 1; and perh. Cic. ac. pr. 141 but text dub.

**acquiro**, [ad—quaero] ēre, siui, situs, vb. obtain in addition, obtain (more), acquire, mihi quid est quod iam ad uitae fructum possit acquiri, Cic. Cat. 3, 28; omnino gratias non uero retinendas uerum etiam acquirendas, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 4; neque iam nt aliquid acquireret, sed ut incolumem exercitum reduceret cogitabat, Caes. b. g. 7, 59, 4; uiresque acquirit eundo, Verg. 4, 175; ne semper opes armis acquirereutur, Liv. 1, 45; **2.** absol. acquire property, make money, Mox acquirendi docet insatiabile uotuum, Iuv. 14, 125; acquireudi facultas, Quint. 12, 7, 10; **3.** perf. acquisi in Paul. dig. 22, 1, 11, 1; Ulp. 29, 4, 1, 1.

**acquisitio**, ōnis, f. acquiring, acquisition, aquae, Front. aq. 10; Tert. exh. cast. 12; Iustin. inst. 3, 10; **2.** concrete, a thing acquired, Icti.

**acquistiuus**, adj. having a tendency to acquire, Boet. Ar. top. 5, 1, p. 680; Prisc. 18, 24.

**acquistor**, ōris, m. one who acquires, August. serm. 302, 7 extr.

**acrātōphōrum**, i, n. a vessel for unmixed wine, Cic. fin. 3, 15; add Varr. r. 1, 8, 5.

**acrēdo**, inis, f. sourness, acidity, Pallad. 2, 15, 19; Plin. Val. 1, 25.

**acrēdula**, (-is) ae, f. dim. some bird, Et matutinis acredula uocibus instat, Cic. div. 1, 14 (trans. *δολυγών* of Aratus); Vere calente nouos componit acredula cantus, carm. Phil. 15; Isid. 12, 7.

**acricūlus**, adj. dim. rather sour, sourish, a. ille senex, Cic. Tusc. 3, 38.

**acrifolium**, ii, n. an unknown tree of ill omen, Macr. s. 3, 20, 3; not. Tir. 170.

**acrimōnia**, ae, f. [acer] sourness, harsh taste, acidity, si ulcus acrimoniam eius ferre non poterit, Cato r. 157, 5; origani, Plin. 12, 91; add 24, 128 etc.; **2.** met. sharpness, resolution, vivacity, mei feri ingeni Atque animi acrem acrimouiam, Naev. ap. Non. 73, 17; Vim, ferociam, animum, atrocitatem, iram, acrimoniam, Acc. ib.; Glabronis, Cic. Verr. 1, 52; in uultu pudorem et acrimoniam, Corn. 3, 26; add 4, 50.

**acritas**, ātis, f. sharpness, uis ueritatis atque acritas, Acc. ap. Non. 493, 11, referred to by Gell. 13, 3, 2.

**acriter**, adv. sec. ācer.

**acritudo**, inis, f. sourness, acidity, Vitr. 2, 9, 12; 8, 3, 10; **2.** met. tolerare acritudinem, Aec. 467 Ribbeck; populi Romani, Gell. 10, 27, 1 (resolution); Scorpionem praemorum acritudine appellat, Apul. M. 9, 17.

**acrōama**, atis, n. a poem, etc. recited or sung at festivals, quod acroama aut cuius uocem libentissime audiret, Cic. Arch. 20; uetera acroamata reuocauerat, Suet. Vesp. 19; = auditio lyrarum et tibiarum, Gloss. Isid. **2.** gen. of the reciter or singer, nemo in conuiuio eius aliud acroama audiuit quam anagoston, Nep. Att. 14, 1; ipse ille non solum spectator sed actor et acroama, Cic. Sest. 116; aut acroama et histriones aut etiam ludios interponchat, Suet. Aug. 74; add Macr. s. 2, 4, 28; Lampr. Al. Sev. 34; Demetriae Actes Aug. 1. ser(uae?) acroamat(is?) Graecae, inser. Or. 2885. **3.** met. Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 49; **4.** acroma, Prud. π. σρεφ. 3, 3239: Egon cacinnis uenditus Acroma festiuum fui; **5.** acruama; omnibus acruamatis (note form) pantomimisque omnibus, and soon after, adiectis acruamatis, inser. Or. 2530.

**acroasis**, is, f. lit. hearing—a lecture room; nt eas uel in acroasi (so Victor., mss agro si) audiam legere, Cic. Att. 15, 17, 2; **2.** a lecture, a paper read, *ακροασεις* suas numquam populo commisit, Sen. exc. cont. pr. 2; also in Greek, Suet. Gr. 2; acroasin fecit, Vitr. 10, 22, 3.

**acrōlithus**, adj. w. a summit of stone, statua, Treb. Pol. 32, 5.

**acrōterion**, ii, n. a projecting height, acroteria siue promuntoria procurentia, Vitr. 5, 12 (of the arm of a harbour); 4, 3, 12 (projecting part of a pigment).

**acruama**, see acroama § 5.

**acta**, ae, f. beach, in acta cum mulierculis iacebat ebrinus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 63; Baias, actas, conuiuia, Cic. Cael. 35; Verg. 5, 613; ps. Nep. Ag. 8, 2; Val. F. 5, 96; **2.** of marine residences as the abode of luxury and even debauchery, actis et uoluptatibus, Cic. fam. 9, 6, 4; add Att. 14, 8, 1.

**actaea**, ae, f. the plant Christopher, actaea spicata L., Plin. 27, 43.

**actarius**, i, adj. m. as sb. [acta plur.] a registrar or actuary; in his a. leg. vii., inser. Gruf. 260, 1; add inser. Or. 6284; Vel. Long. orthog.

**actinōphōros**, i, adj. m. as sb. a shell so called; actinophoreae, Plin. 32, 147.

**actio**, ōnis, f. [ago] movement, as revolution; tetra-  
torum, Vitr. 3, 3, 6; **2.** esp. of actor or orator; est actio quasi corporis quaedam eloquentia, cum constet e uoce atque motu, Cic. or. 55; est quasi sermo corporis, Cic. or. 3, 222; accedet actio non tragica nec scenae, sed



modica iactatione corporis, Cic. or. 86; ille alter: quid petam praesidi? quam leniter (Roscius) instat enim: O pater... in quo tanta commoveri actio non posset, si esset consumpta superiore motu, Cic. or. 3, 102; add Quint. 11, 3, 1; 3. gen. action of living beings, doing, proceeding, haec oratio deos spoliati motu et actione diuina, Cic. N. D. 1, 102; a. uitae, Cic. off. 1, 17; aliae rationes honestas nobis et curas et actiones darent, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 2; discessu (consulum) actio de pace sublata est, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; octavo mense suarum actionum, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 2; quereretur de actionibus Caesaris, Sal. Cat. 43, 1; consularis actio, Liv. 4, 55, 1; illa quoque actio mouebatur...transmigrandi Veios, 5, 24, 7; si honesta actio ex praecipis uenit, Sen. ep. 95, 7. II. 4. in law, action, prosecution, quom (=enm) eis haec lege actio rei esto, CIL 198, 75; in actionem instituit, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; puto me habere actionem (right of action) ut per interdictionem meum ius teneam, Cic. Caec. 32; omne ius uel ad personas pertinet, uel ad res uel ad actiones, Gai. 1, 8; 5. commonly w. gen., furti et iniuriarum, Gai. 4, 8; sacramenti, 4, 13; 6. legis actio, jurisdiction; magistratum apud quem l. a. est, Mod. dig. 1, 7, 4; add Ulp. 1, 16, 3; Paul. 2, 25, 4; 7. a written speech (of a prosecutor), actiones quae recitantur, Plin. ep. 2, 29, 2.

**actionalis**? in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 1, 3 Mommsen has auctualia.

**actio-nicēs**, m. victor in the Actian games founded by Augustus, Glapyri chorulae actionicae et sebastonicae, inscr. Or. 2633.

**actiōsus**, adj. ab una agendo actiosae dictae, Varr. l. 7, 3 f. p. 349 Sp.

**actiō**, āre, vb. freq. be in the habit of acting, as a play; tragoedias, Cic. ap. Aug. C. D. 2, 11; mimos, Tac. h. 3, 62; 2. conduct a suit, priuatas causas, Cic. Brut. 246; causas, Suet. Galb. 3; cum res actitata sit, Paul. dig. 22, 4, 3.

**actiuncūla**, ae, f. dim. a little speech (of a prosecutor), Plin. ep. 9, 15, 2.

**actiuus**, adj. [actus part.] that deals with action or life, practical; philosophia, opposit. to contemplatiua, Sen. ep. 95, 10; opp. to spectatiua, Quint. 3, 5, 11; add 2, 18, 5; 2. in Gram. active, uerborum genera tria, actiuum, passiuum, habitiuum, Char. 165, 34; called uerbum agens, 164, 27; add Diom. 336, 22.

**actor**, ōris, m. one who drives or sets in motion, a driver, Tirynthius actor De numero tauros sentit abesse duos, Ov. F. 1, 547; Colum. 1, 7, 7; 1, 8, 5; 2. of one who drives a weapon, a hurler, flexae Balearius actor habena, Stat. Ach. 2, 420; 3. one who does, doer, conductor, agent, administrator, manager, factor, set actor mihi cor odio sauciat, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 35; operaque actor, Nov. ap. Non. 2, 20; dux actor actillarum rerum, Cic. Sest. 61; ut illum efficeret oratorem uerborum actoremque rerum (ἄρχηγορα τῆς Φερῶων, II. 9, 443).

4. a general agent acting in behalf of others; hunc (Athenae) in omni procuracione actorem autoremque habebant, Nep. Att. 3, 2; D. M. Norrico actori Post(u)morum, inscr. Or. 2865; add 4141, 4688 etc.; si actor rerum... corruptus esse dicitur, Paul. dig. 1, 8, 21; actor...reipublicae, Ulp. 2, 4, 10, 4; add 37, 1, 3, 4; 44, 2, 11, 7; 5. a. familiae, manager of a slave-gang, slave-driver, ita fit ut actor et familia peccent, Colum. 1, 7, 7; add 1, 8, 5; 6. an actor on the stage, me actorem dedit; Set hic actor tantum poterit a faundia, quantum...Ter. Haut. pr. 12; actoris opera magis stetit quam sua, Ph. pr. 10; add 33; in theatro actores malos perpeti, Cic. or. 1, 118; gestus summorum actorem, 1, 128; actor Cum stetit in scena, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 104; 7. a. causae, pleader, orator, Cic. Br. 307; Hor. ep. 2, 3, 369; Quint. 1, 10, 35; 4, 1, 6 etc.; 8. esp. a prosecutor, accuser, in hac causa neminem praeponendum mihi actorem putabit, Cic. Caecil. 1; accusatorem pro omni actore et petitor (plaintiff), Cic. part. 110; add Plin. ep. 9, 13, 18; actor aduersario denuntiabat ut ad iudicem capendum die XXX adesset, Gai. 4, 18.

**actōr-ius**, adj. of actor or action, opp. to cogitatorius,

Tert. anim. 14; 2. name of a gens, as M. Actorius Naso, Suet. Iul. 9.

**actr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. of business, epistolae actrices, Cod. Th. 41, 7, 16; 2. as sb. an actress? Prastina actrix C. domus, inscr. Mur. 913, 6.

**actu-ālis**, e, adj. practical; Macr. somn. 2, 17; Isid. or. 2, 24; 2. in Gram. of nouns denoting action, as rex, cursor, ib. 1, 6.

**actuāriōlum**, adj. dim. as sb. n., a small vessel of speed, Cic. Att. 10, 11, 4; 16, 3, 6.

**actuārius**, ii, adj. fit for speed, esp. of shipping, has omnes naues actuaris imperat fieri, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 3; add b. c. 1, 34, 2; 3, 62, 2; 3, 102, 5; Sisen. ap. Non. 535, 2; nauigia, Caes. b. c. 1, 27, 6; and absol. actuariae, Sisen. ap. Non. 534, 27; Gell. 10, 25, 5; Marc. dig. 49, 15, 2; 2. as sb. n. absol. Cic. Att. 5, 9, 1;

3. a limes, a road of 12 feet in width, a. limes est qui primus actus est (et) ab eo quintus quisque...Hyg. lim. const. p. 168, 10 and 14; add 194, 11; 4. a. palus, a stake to mark the limit of an actus of land, Hyg. ib. 192, 9;

5. as sb. m. one who keeps a register of proceedings, accountant, clerk, sarcinallium iumentorum, Amm. 25, 15; add Aur. Ver. Caes. 33; a. qui tamquam uobis acta recitauit, Petr. 53; uox quae alienis uerbis commodatur et actuarii uice fungitur, Sen. ep. 33, 9; (orationem) pro Metello ab actuariis (reporters) exceptam, Suet. Iul. 55; add cod. Th. 8, 1, 3, 5.

**actuōsus**, adj. full of action, active, uirtus, Cic. N. D. 1, 110; partes orationis, Cic. or. 125; animus actuosior, Sen. ep. 39, 3; histriones, Paul. ex F. 17, v. actus;

2. actuose, adv. with strong action, Cic. or. 3, 102.

**actus**, ūs, m. [ago] driving, as of cattle, beluam (an elephant) quocumque uult leui amouit, non actn inflectit illam feram, Cic. rep. 2, 67; in eo mon(umento) ita act(n) amb(itu) mort(nos) inferre...r(ecte) l(iect), inscr. Or. 4382;

2. the right of driving along a road, qui sella aut lectica uehitur, ire non agere dicitur; iumentum ducere non potest, qui iter tantum habet...qui actum habet, et plostrum ducere et iumenta agere potest, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 7; add Mod. 8, 3, 12; aquae ductus haustus iter actus a patre (sumuntur), Cic. Caec. 74; 3. gen. action, motion, driving, first phys., Fertur in abruptum magno mons improbus actu, Verg. 12, 687; (inellis) Et pigri latices magis et cunctantior actus, Lucret. 3, 192; quam tumidus quantoque uebit spectabilis actn, Ov. Hal. 72 (of a victor equus); add Lncr. 9, 472; Sen. Ag. 453; but? Petr. 135;

4. more vaguely, an action or doing, adde actus tantos monumentaque maxima rerum, Lncr. 8, 807; in ceteris actibus uitae, Quint. 11, 1, 47; cum ab actu, id est opera recesserunt, Quint. 2, 18, 4; add 2, 18, 1 etc.; deum actus, Sil. 3, 78; add 10, 136; but in Cic. leg. 1, 31 prauitibus (not prauis actibus); non tantum uerbis sed etiam actu, Scaev. dig. 46, 8, 5; nullo actu sed tantum uocibus, Ulp. 49, 1, 12; 5. acting for another (actor) as agent, guardian etc., agency, actus quem uiuentibus dominis administrauerunt, Ulp. 3, 5, 44 (45); 6. a land measure, actus quadratus undique finitur pedibus CXX, Isid. mens. agr. 367, 26, Lachm. 7. a measure of length, actus uocabatur in quo boues agerentur cum aratro uno impetu iusto; hic erat CXX pedum, Plin. 18, 9; add Balbi exp. mens. p. 96, 5; 8. actus, i, m. the same, clymmata in actos diuiserunt, Isid. mens. agr. 367, 14.

**actūtum**, adv. [ac=oe of oo-ulus, ak of Lith. aki-s eye, aug of G. auge; tutum old dat. (cf. interim from interibi) of an old sb. tutu-(n. tutus) from tueur, look] in the twinkling of an eye, G. in einem Augenblicke (Kuhn's Z. 4, 320), instantly, ite actutum in fruidiferos locos, Naev. 27 R; Ne corrumpe oculos, redibo actutum. A. id actutum diust, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 32; and so 68 times besides in Pl.; aut hic est aut hic adfore actutum antuno, Pac. 119R; add Acc. 508; (Nov. 47); ipsus est, congregere a., Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 12; add aperite aliquis a. ostinu, Ad. 4, 4, 26; a. in Italia fore (matrem Idaeam) nuntianerat, Liv. 29, 14, 5; tum cetera reddet Actutum Aeneas, Verg. 9, 255; dabunt a. mihi poenas, Apul. M. 5, 24 f.; add 6, 8 f.; 9, 7; Ov. M. 3, 557, but Cic. Phil. 26 is corrupt.



**acua**, for aqua, inser. Grut. 593, 5 whence

**acua-rius**, adj. m. as sb. water-carrier, inser. Or. 4139; Fabr. 308.

**acucula**, (acic.) ae. f. dim. [acus] a small hair-pin; cod. Tb. 3, 16, 1; 2. Port. agulla, Fr. aiguille.

**aculeatus**, quasi-part. (aculeus) armed with a sting, sisymbrium efficax aduersus aculeata animalia, ut scabrones, Plin. 20, 247; (athaeae) contra omnis aculeatos ictus efficaces, praecepit scorpionum, uesparum similiumque, 22, 223; 2. hence as sb. n. an animal so armed, contra omnium aculeatorum uenena, 23, 55; 3. of plants, armed with stings or prickles; herbae, 23, 15; folium iucrone aculeatum, 16, 38; gramen, 24, 192; 4. of fish, spinae, 10, 91; belonae quos aculeatos uocamus, 32, 145; 5. met. of words or deeds, Eadem in usu atque ubi periculum facias aculeata sunt, Animum fodicant, bona distimulant, Pl. Bae. 1, 1, 29; litterae, Cic. Att. 14, 18, 1; sophismata, Cic. ac. 2, 75.

**Aculeo**, onis, m. [aculeus] a cognomen; C. Furius A., Liv. 38, 55, 4.

**aculeus**, i, m. [aculeus: aeus :: equeus: equus] a sting, apis a., Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; nepas aculeis uti, Cic. fin. 5, 42; 2. gen. a prickle or point of animals, caeleis aculeis oua perfringit (gallina)—a spur (=ealar), Colum. 8, 2, 8; hystrii longiores a., Plin. 8, 125; 3. of plants, spinarum, 13, 63; carduorum, 20, 262; 4. pain or smart of a sting or wound, cum a. sagittae aut glandis abditae...urit, Liv. 38, 21, 11; 5. met. a sting, iamdudum ille meum pectus pungit aculeus, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 158; te ad unum modo ictum ingentem nelut aculeo emisso torpere, Liv. 23, 42, 5; sollicitudinum, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 2; nec quos aculeos habeat seueritas uestra...emittere in reum, Cic. Cael. 29; 6. esp. of stinging words, pungunt quasi aculeis interrogatiunculis angustis, Cic. fin. 4, 7; ut eum delectatione aculeos etiam relinqueret in animis, Cic. Br. 38; mortuus est aculeo iam emisso ac dicto testimonio, Cic. Pl. 41; a. orationis, Cic. Sul. 47; add Cic. or. 62; Br. 173; Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; ac. 2, 98.

**acumen**, inis, n. [acu, cf. also caecumen] sharpening, et ferri stridet a., Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 429 K; 2. a sharp point, a point, uerba sub a. stili subeant, Cic. or. 1, 151; nasi primoris a. Tenue, Lucr. 6, 1193; a. conii, 4, 431; hastae, Ov. M. 3, 84; 8, 354; sine acumine rostrum, 2, 376; Plin. 10, 196; 3. of the electrically lighted spear points (cf. Liv. 22, 1, 8), nulla ex acuminibus auspicia, Cic. N. D. 2, 9; diu. 2, 77; Arn. 2; 4. a sting, scorpium, Cic. Arat. 678 (430); II. 5. met. saporis, Plin. 14, 124; dolorum, Arn. 5; in acumine pulchritudinis (summit), Arn. 6; 6. esp. sharpness of intellect, acumen, acuteness, quickness, ubi est acumen tuum? and soon, non sum ita hebes ut..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 12; ingeniorum, Cic. Fl. 9; tu qui propter a. ocelltissima perspicias, Lucr. ad Cic. fam. 5, 14, 2; acuminis strenui ministrum, Colum. 1, 9, 4; Iuv. 4, 102; in pl. acumina, sharp ideas, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 55; 2, 1, 161; 7. acute accent, Diom. 433, 21 K (so mss, K cj. caecumen).

**acumino**, are, vb. sharpen, Laet. op. 7; 2. acuminatus, part. as adj. pointed, telum (eulicis), Plin. 11, 3; cornu lunae, 18, 347; and met. Sid. 8, 1.

**ac-no**, ere, ui, utus [root ac] sharpen, stridorem serrae cum acuitur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 116; ferrum, Hor. od. 1, 2, 21; dentes, 3, 20, 10; Tib. 4, 3, 3; enses, Ov. M. 15, 776; palos, Colum. 11, 2, 12; 3. met. quod illos sat actas acuet, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 49; Mentem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 80; ingenium, Cic. Br. 126; furores, Verg. 7, 406; Martem, 12, 108; metum, 12, 850; linguam, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 23; studia, Liv. 10, 13, 8; 3. w. acc. of person, sharpen, goad on, illum acere, hos fallere, Cic. Rose. Am. 110; in acendo plurimum ualet, si laudes enim quem cohortere, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 4; ad crudelitate te, Cic. Lig. 10; ad bonas artes iuuentutem, Plin. ep. 2, 7, 5; 4. by a bold met. spicula acuisse ueneno, Sil. 1, 325; fraudibus enses, 12, 52; 5. accent (a syllable with an acute accent), si acuitur prima, Quint. 1, 5, 22 and 30; omnis uox disyllaba priorem syllabam aut acuit aut flectit, Diom. 431, 19 K etc.; II. 6. acutus, part. as adj. sharp, culter, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 4; nasus, Capt. 3, 4, 114; lunae alias hebetiora, alias acutiora cornua, Cic. ac. ap.

Non. 121, 30; cuspis, Verg. 5, 208; tela, Hor. ep. 17, 10;

7. of the sight, oculis, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 120; 8. of scent, pungent, unguenta acutiora, Plin. 13, 16; odor, 21, 37; 9. of taste, pungent, sapor, Plin. 15, 106; gustus, 27, 122; eibus, ep. 7, 3, 5; 10. of sound, sharp, acute, acuta eum grauius temperans, Cic. rep. 6, 18; ab acutissimo sono ad grauissimum, Cic. or. 1, 251; stridor, Hor. od. 1, 16, 8; 1, 34, 15; hiunitus, Verg. G. 3, 94; 11. of heat or cold, piercing, solem, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 17; gelu, od. 1, 9, 4; 12. of disease, sharp, acute; morbus, Hor. s. 2, 3, 163; Cels. 3, 1, 1; 3, 2, 1; febris, 214, p. 34, 30 D; 13. of the mind, Cic. Att. 12, 38 f.; fam. 6, 6, 9; ingenio acutissimus, Cic. or. 1, 150; 14. nares acutae, met., readily detecting faults, Hor. s. 1, 3, 29, opp. to obesae naris of epod. 12, 3; 15. with acute accent; Quint. 1, 5, 31; 12, 10, 33; see § 5; III. 16. acutum as adv. Hor. s. 1, 3, 26; 1, 8, 41; 17. acute, adv., Cic. rep. 6, 18; Lucr. 4, 810; comp. Cic. inv. 2, 51; sup. Cic. off. 1, 156.

**acū-pēd-ius**, adj. sharp-footed, Paul. ex F. 9.

1. **acus**, acēris, n. [akin to *αχωρ* and *αχυρον*] chaff, fabaginum, Cato or. 54, 2; ib. 37, 2; mixto acere e frumento, Varr. r. 1, 57, 1; 1, 52, 2; 3, 9, 8; Plin. 18, 99; 2. as fem. pl., durissimae acus, Colum. 2, 14, 10.

2. **acus**, i (=aeus, a needle), m. a fish = *βελονη*; Plin. 9, 166; cf. 32, 145; Et satius tenuis duere credis aeos, Mart. 10, 37, 6.

3. **acus**, ūs, f. [root ac] needle, si acum credo quaereris, acum inuenisses, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 13; tetigisti acu, Rud. 5, 2, 19 (have hit it to a nicety); uolnus acu punctum, Cic. Mil. 65; in duas acus fila conicienda, Cels. 7, 16, p. 293, 32 D; permutatis acubus, p. 294, 5; 2. esp. as used in embroidery, pius acu chlamydem, Verg. 9, 582; seu pingebat acu, Ov. M. 6, 23; Mart. 8, 28, 18; Sen. Here. Oct. 669; 3. a (hair) pin, Unus de toto peccauerat orbe comarum Annlus incerta non bene fixus acu, Mart. 2, 26, 2; Quint. 2, 5, 12; comatoria, Petr. 21; erinalis, Apul. M. 8, 13; 4. pin or tongue of a buckle, fibulam auream cum acu Cyprea, Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 5; 5. gen. a point, as of a dibble, Pall. 1, 43, 2.

**acūtalis**, ē, adj. pointed, terminus, Frontin. col. p. 132, Goes.

**acūtātus**, part. [as of vb. acuto] sharpened, Veg. vet. 1, 22, 4.

**Acutius**, name of a gens, C. Aquili C. f., CIL 83; Acutium P. Vitellij quondam uxorem, Tac. an. 6, 53 (47).

**acūtulus**, adj. dim. sharp on a petty scale, conelusiones, Cic. N. D. 3, 18; doctores, Gell. 17, 5, 3; 2. adv. Aug. conf. 3, 7.

**acyrōlogia**, ae, f. an incorrect, i.e. metaphorical term, as Vir gregis, ap. Serv. Verg. B. 7, 7, and A. 4, 419; Lat. abusio.

**ad** (at), prep. [see below] with acc. to w. motion (up to, not into) Abdueant me ad exta, me ad se ad prandium, ad cenam uocant, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 118; utei ad praetorem] urbanum Romam uenirent, CIL 196, 5; parietem usque at \* tegulas faeiundum coerarunt, CIL 1252, 7; ut (senatus) ad Caesarem supplex accederet, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 3; munitionem ad flumem perduxerat, Caes. b. c. 3, 66, 6; Hannibal exereitum ad Casilinum ducit, Liv. 23, 17, 7; inde ad Veios (not yet taken) exereitum ductus, 5, 19, 9; his praepositionibus (se. ab et ex) contraria potestate sunt ad et in quae et ipsae non unum significant, quia in forum ire est in ipsum forum intrare, ad forum autem ire, in locum foro proximum; ut in tribunal et ad tribunal uenire non unum est, quia ad tribunal uenit litigator, in tribunal uero praetor aut iudex, Diom. 415, 8 K; 2. w. persons, often to the house of that person, even when he is not at home, eamus ad me, Pl. Mil. f.; Ter. Euu. 3, 5, 6; neque domum unquam ad me litteras mittam quin..., Cic. fam. 3, 8, 10; magni domum concursus ad Afranium magnaeque gratulationes fiebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 53, 3; 3. of time, to, till, until, usque a mane ad uesperam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 102; Sophocles ad summam seucetum tragodias fecit, Cic. sen. 22; ad horam nouam in aneoris expectauit, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 4; quae ad hoc tempus lugurtham tutata sunt,



Sal. Iug. 85, 45; pugnatum ad lucem est, Liv. 3, 28, 7; incautos ad satietatem trucidabit, 24, 38, 9; **4.** of degree, amount or extent, nummorum Philippeum atria (so B) milia, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 115; subducunt, ad nummum conuenit, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 12; hic nisi planum facit HIS 1000 ad libellam sibi deberi, causam perdit, Cic. Rosc. com. 11; statuis quid iis ad denarium soluere, Cic. Quinct. 17; ad assen impendium reddes, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; Domitius iudices ad numerum non habuit, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 2; equitatum ad numerum IV milium praemittit, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 1; obsides ad numerum uiserunt, 5, 20 f.; **5.** numero is a shortened form of numerum (cf. adeo for adeum, quo for quom) in: ad binum milium numero saucius ntrimque factis, Sis. ap. Non. 80; ad duorum milium numero ex Pompeianis cecidisse, Caes. b. e. 3, 53, 1; **6.** esp. in phrase, omnes ad unum (all to a man) idem sentiunt, Cic. am. 86; add Caes. b. c. 3, 27, 2; Liv. 2, 50, 11; 21, 42, 2; or ad unum alone, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; Verg. 5, 687; Curt. 7, 5, 32; **7.** hence w. uumerals, full, up to, as many as, at least (yet some say, near about, as Hand p. 102 § 3), cum annos ad L natus esset, Cic. Clu. 110; homines ad XV assenserunt, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 5; sane frequentes fuimus; omnino ad ducentos, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; cum XII familiae Potitiorum essent, puberes ad fringita omnes intra annum cum stirpe extinctos, Liv. 9, 29, 10; ad duo milia et trecenti occisi, 10, 17, 8; ad octingentos homines caesi et ad duo milia armorum inuenta, 28, 36 f.; **8.** often in such forms the noun adapts its case not to ad but to the other words, as though ad were an adv., occisis ad hominum milibus quattuor, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 5; exules seruique ad duo milia hominum et quingenti arcem occupauere, Liv. 3, 15, 5; ad uiginti matronis per niatorem accitis, 8, 18, 8; ad duo milia et trecenti occisi, 10, 17, 8; 27, 12, 16; campum Stellatam diuisit ad uiginti milibus ciuium, Suet. Caes. 20 (full 20,000, in spite of Vell. 2, 44, 4); **9.** of direction, towards, to, leading to, respicedum ad me, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 55; ad meridiem spectans, Cic. div. 1, 31; uergit ad septentriones, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; manus ad Caesarem tendere, 2, 13, 2; tendoque supinas Ad caelum cum uoce manus, Verg. 3, 177; uia ad Casilium obsessa, Liv. 22, 16, 4; **10.** hence of tendency, having a bearing on, and so esp. w. attineo, pertineo, ego istam rem ad me(d) attinere intellego, Pl. Tr. 3, 1, 12; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 24; atque haec sunt tamen ad uirtutem omnia, ib. 1, 2, 33; quaeque oportet Signa 'sae ad salutem, Audr. 2, 3, 2; omitto proloqui nam nihil ad hanc rem est, Phor. 5, 6, 21; rectene an secus, nihil ad nos; aut si ad nos, nihil ad hoc tempus, Cic. Pis. 68; **11.** and so of purpose, for, to, against, alere enas ad uenandum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 30; quae sint animaduorsa herbarum genera ad morsus bestiarum, ad oculorum morbos, ad uulnera, Cic. div. 1, 13; cum ad templum monumentumque nostrum pecunias decreuissent, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 26; palus Romanos ad insequendum tardabat, Caes. b. g. 7, 26, 2; agri ad quem instruendum uires non essent, Liv. 6, 5, 5; **12.** looking to, in respect of, in regard to, on the side of, uir ad usum ac disciplinam peritus, ad casum fortunamque felix, Cic. Font. 43 (33); uidi forum comitiumque adornatum ad speciem magnifico ornato, ad sensum cogitatioemque acerbo et lugubri, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 58; faciam id quod est ad seueritatem lenius et ad communem salutem utilius, Cic. Cat. 1, 12; nihil ad existimationem turpiss, uihil ad dolorem acerbius, Cic. or. 2, 200; **13.** hence of comparison, to, by, by the side of, compared with; Nam (pol) ad sapientiam liuius nimis nugator fuit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 25; Ad tuam formam illa una dignast, Mil. 4, 1, 21; C. Estne ut fertur forma? P. Sane. C. Ad nihil ad nostram hanc. P. Alia res, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 70; uirum bonum et non illiteratum sed nihil ad Persium, Cic. or. 2, 25; terram ad uniuersae caeli complexum quasi puncti iustar optinere, Cic. Tusc. 1, 40; nihil ad tuum equitatum, Cic. Dei. 24; homini non ad cetera Punica ingenia callido persuasit, Liv. 22, 22, 15; cf. Verg. B. 3, 48 Si ad utulam spectas, nihil est quod pocula laudes; **14.** of future time, on or before, by; Efectum hoc hodie reddam utrumque ad uesperum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 116; nos hic te ad mensem Ianuariam exspectamus,

Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; eenseo ueniam ad id tempus quod scribis, 1, 4, 1; nostra ad diem dietam fiet, Cic. fam. 16, 10, 2; si ad constitutam diem decedemus, 2, 11, 1; ut pecuniam ad diem soluere, Cic. Att. 16, 16, 4; add Verr. 2, 5; fam. 9, 5, 1; Rosc. Am. 128; nulla fuit ciuitas quin ad id tempus partem seuatus Cordubam mitteret, non ciuis Romanus paulo notior quin ad diem conueniret, Caes. b. c. 3, 19, 2; si ad diem pecuniam non soluisset, Scaev. dig. 18, 5, 10; **15.** so of the future, at a distant time, hence (thence), solebat me pungere ne Sampsicerami merita in patriam ad annos DC maiora uiderentur quam nostra, Cic. Att. 2, 17, 2; nescio quid intersit utrum illic nunc ueniam an ad deceum annos, 12, 46; eur ego doleam si ad decem milia annorum gentem aliquam urbe nostra potituram putem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 90; **16.** without motion, near, at, before, off, over, ad portum mihi quas memorasti, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 8; nna mihi ad pedes iacuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 129; Regium...ad limina primi Poenorum exspectant, Verg. 4, 133; cum ad Gereonium constitisset bellum, before G., Liv. 22, 32, 4; classem quae ad Siciliam erat, off the coast of S., 27, 22, 9; quam uolent ad unum deserti sint, over their wine, Cic. Cael. 67; Ov. tr. 5, 3, 4; **17.** esp. ad urbem, outside the walls of Rome, of one holding the imperium, Cu. Pompeius cum centionem ad urbem consul designatus habuit, Cic. Verr. act. pr. 45; utriquo ad urbem imperatores erant, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; **18.** with persons, in the presence of, before, among, with, in the eyes of (=apud), nam uiri Ius suum ad mulieres optinere haud queunt, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 21; Censetur censu ad Acheruntem mortuos, Tr. 2, 4, 93; tibi iam esse ad sororem intellego, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 26; but in 3, 43 apud, not ad, in Bemb.; no inuidiosum sit ad bonos, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; eius testis ad iudicem fidem improbat? Cic. Rosc. eom. 45; hostiae ad praeconem et ad tibiicinem immolabantur, Cic. agr. 2, 93; ad parentem sic agi solet, ad iudices..., Cic. Lig. 30; quare te rogo ad Caesarem meam causam agas, Vat. ad Cic. 5, 10 f.; tantum esse nomen eius exercitus etiam ad ultimas Germanorum nationes, Caes. b. g. 4, 16, 7; magnam haec res illis offensionem et contentionem ad omnes attulit, Caes. b. c. 3, 60, 2; potens uir eum inter sui corporis homines tum etiam ad plebem, Liv. 6, 34, 5; iugrati ad nulgus iudicii auctor, 1, 26, 5; 24, 32, 2; 2, 10, 11; 3, 9, 2; 10, 35, 4; **19.** looking at a thing as a guide, after, in accordance with, by, M. Catoni uitam ad certam rationis normam dirigenti, Cic. Mur. 3; uixit ad aliorum arbitrium, non ad snum, 19; ad eorum arbitrium et nntum totos se fingunt, Cic. or. 24; nisi uis ad perpendicularum columnas exigere, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 133; si omnia deorsum e regione ferrentur et ut dixi ad lineam, Cic. flu. 1, 18; ut caneret ad tibiam clarorum uirorum laudes, to the sound of, Cic. Tusc. 4, 3; ad cnrsus lunae in duodecim menses describit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; **20.** esp. w. nouns of form, likeness, quantity, ad idem exemplum, CIL 1161; ad hoc exemplum, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 3; Rud. 2, 6, 4; 3, 1, 11; Trin. 4, 2, 76; ad istuc modum, Bac. 4, 2, 2, on that scale; Rud. 1, 3, 12; 4, 7, 23; senex est quidam qui illam mandauit mihi Vt emeret ad istanc faciem, Merc. 2, 3, 91; ad istam faciem est morbus, Cist. 1, 1, 73; Cyrus ille a Xenophonte non ad historiae fidem scriptus sed ad effigiem iusti imperii, Cic. Q. f. 1, 1, 23; in uenando ad similitudinem hellicae disciplinae, Cic. N. D. 2, 161; murenis in maxilla septenae maculae ad formam septentrionis, Plin. 9, 76; **21.** in very late writers, absol. like, or as in Fr. a la, Et disputator ad Cleantliem Stoicon, Aus. Prof. 15 (205), 11; **22.** of time, near, towards, shortly before, mane, post hoc ad meridiem, tunc merides,—and soon after: multa nox, tunc ad modiam noctem et sic media nox, Cens. 24, 3-6; quotumo dio Ex Sicione peruenisti huc? Altero ad meridiem, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 78; nt domum ad uesperum rediit, Cic. div. 1, 103; **23.** but also immediately upon, at (rather following than preceding), ad primum conspectum redeuntis filii gaudio uimio exanimatam, Liv. 22, 7, 13; ad famam obsidionis dilectus haberi coeptus erat, 9, 7, 7; 7, 4, 2; 9, 22, 7; Mortna, crede mihi, tamen ad tua uerba reuixi, Ov. her. 1, 1, 63; et ad omnia fulgura pallent, Iuv. 13, 223; **24.** in answers, to, ad illa quae me magis mouerunt respondebo,



Cic. Cael. 27; respondebo ad ea quae dixisti, Cic. Pl. 58; nisi ad haec, Cato, dicere aliquid uis, Cic. flu. 4, 44; and elliptically, habes ad omnia, non ut postulasti *χρῆστα χαλκείων*, sed paria paribus respondimus, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 22; **25.** in addition, over and above, si ad cetera nolnera hauo quoque plagam indixisses, Cic. Vat. 20; ad hoc promissa barba et capilli offerauerant speciem oris, Liv. 2, 23, 4; 3, 62, 1; **26.** w. a noun to mark an office (more commonly ab), ex Licinio quem seruum sibi habuit ad manum, as amanuensis, Cic. or. 3, 225; Iuennius Domitiae librar. ad manum, inser. Or. 2874; Puer quis ex aula capillis Ad cyathum statuetur mactis, as cupbear, Hor. od. 1, 29, 8; seruos ad remum...dabamns, Liv. 34, 6, 13; fidsque ad limina custos, Verg. 9, 648; Lygdamus ad cyathos, Prop. 5 (4), 8, 37; ad cyathum et uinum stettisse cum reliquis exoletis, Suet. Iul. 49; Stat Iouis ad cyathum, generat quem Dardanius Tros, Aus. Id. 12 (345), 19; **27.** in very late wr. for abl. of means, with, labra deterges ad spongiam, Veg. 4, 6, 2; si ad acutam cannam exseces ranulam, 4, 5, 1; ad acum, 4, 3, 12 and 13; ad siphonem, 1, 10, 2; rasit et uirilia subactoribus suis ad nouaculum, Lamp. Heg. 31, 7; so in Fr. *bâtir à chaux*; **28.** ad=Go. Dan. and Eng. at, Sw. att, O. G. az; also=Fr. à; **29.** Grimm (D. G. 3, 254) hiuts at a deriv. adu, wh. decap. leads to our to, G. zu; and this is confirmed by Gaelic *ado*, to, cut down both to ad and to do, see Key's Essays, p. 57, 58. **30.** ad in comp. of verbs means 1 motion to, adeo, accedo; 2 addition, accedo be added, addo, ascribo; 3 nearness, adsum, assideo, adiaceo; 4 assent, favour, annuo uod assent, addico give a favourable angry, arrideo smile on, acclamo give assent by acclamation, cheer; adsum favour; 5 in appono set down, assido take a seat, the prep. is rather ab down (wh. see) than ad; 6 ad in comp. of verbs etc., sometimes stands for an np, wh. see; 7 ad in comp. w. vbs. is unchanged before vowels, h, b, m, i cons., u cons.; it is often assimilated before f, p; s, t; g, c, q; l, n, r. Before gn, sp, sc, st the d is often dropped. Thns: ad-aperio, ad-aeo, ad-ire, adopto, adumbro; adhibeo, adhibeo, admitto, adiaceo, aducho; affero, apporto, assumo, attero; aggredior, accuso, acquirio; alludo, annuo, arrogo; but also adfero etc.; agnascor, aspicio, ascisco, astipulor.

**Adactio**, onis, f. [adigo, wh. see] driving to, compelling, iurisiurandi, Liv. 22, 38, 5, taking an oath.

1 **adactus**, part. of adigo.

2 **adactus**, ius, m. driving home, dentis, Lucr. 5, 1330.

**adaequatio**, onis, f. raising to a level with, Tert. nat. 1, 1 and 15; but in Sol. 1, 41 *peraequatio*.

**ad-aequē**, adv. up to a level (with), equally, quite as (only in Plaut., and w. neg.), Neque nec fuit me senex quisquam amator Adaeque miser, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 45; Mil. 3, 1, 181; Most. 1, 1, 30; w. ut, Cist. 1, 1, 57; w. atque, Capt. 5, 4, 2; Cas. 5, 1, 3; **2.** carelessly w. compar., Qui homine hominum adaeque nemo uiuit fortunatior, Capt. 4, 2, 48; cf. melius aeque quod nelim, 3, 5, 42; **3.** adaeque in Liv. 4, 43, 5 is prob. corrupt; cf. Madvig.

**ad-aequo**, are, vb. [ad=an up] raise to a level (with), extruso mari aggere ac molibus, atque his oppidi-moenibus adaequatis, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 3; in Liv. 1, 29, 6 read: tecta aequauit solo (cf. Trans. Ph. Soc. 1854, p. 72); **2.** met. cum uirtute fortunam, Cic. Arch. 24; commemorationem nominis nostri cum omni posteritate adaequandam, 29 f.; cum familiarissimis eius est adaequatus, Cic. Balb. 63; quibus duobus operibus uix noua haec magnificentia quicquam adaequare potuit, Liv. 1, 56, 2; crant qui formam actatem genus mortis Alexandri fatis adaequarent, Tac. an. 2, 73; libertos sibi et legibus, 12, 60; colonias iure et dignatione Urbi adaequauit, Suet. Aug. 46; ut fratri se operibus adaequaret, Suet. Dom. 2 (note w. cum in Cic., elsewh. w. dat.); **3.** come up to in height, reach in height, equal, w. acc. of object so reached, sic ut summam muri aggerisque altitudinem acerui armorum adaequarent, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 4; 7, 22, 5; b. c. 2, 16, 3; **4.** similarly, come up with, equal, uectoris nauigiis longarum nauium cursum adaequarunt, 5, 8, 4; 1, 48 f.; **5.** met. deorum uitam, Cic. Tim. 11; neque prius sedari (flammam) quam uirtutis eorum famam atque glorium adaequauerit, Sal. Iug.

4; arduum erat has preces tuas laudibus adaequare, Plin. pan. 72.

**adaeratio**, onis, f. valuation in money, Th. cod. 11, 20, 6, 1; nov. th. 2, 19, 1, 3.

**ad-aer-o**, are, vb. [aes] value in money, Th. cod. 7, 4, 32; 8, 4, 19 etc.; Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 14.

**ad-aestuo**, are, vb. [ad=an up] boil up, adaequat amnis, Stat. Th. 5, 517.

**ad-aggéro**, are, vb. [id.] heap up, terram, Cato r. 94; Colum. 5, 11; Plin. 13, 69; nitro et sale adaggeratis, 36, 81; **2.** cover with, heap up, circa positas (ulmos) pedes terni undique adaggerantur, 17, 77.

**adagio**, onis, sb. [?] a proverb, adage, uetus adagio est, P. Scipio, Val. Soran. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 318 Sp. obsol. for Varr; Auson. monos. praef.

**adagium**, ii, n. [?] same, uetus adagium est nihil cum fidibus graculo, nihil cum amaricino sui, Gell. pr. 19.

**adagnatio**, onis, f. acknowledgement, Tert. Marc. 4, 28.

**ad-alligo**, are, vb. [ad to, alligo bind up] bind up to, radix (maluae) mammaram uitis occurrit adalligata in lana nigra, Plin. 20, 225; herba...adalligata laeou brachio tertianis arcere traditur, 23, 170; capiti, 25, 143; 7 times in 32, 113-6; cf. ad-aggero.

**adāmāb-ilis**, e, adj. (adama-) to be fallen in love with, *ερασμος* ad., Gloss.

**adāmānt-ēus**, adj. [adamas] of adamant, Ov. M. 7, 104; Manil. 1, 921.

**adāmānt-inus**, adj. [αδαμαντινος] of adamant, adamantine, adamantinus saxa, Lucr. 2, 447; clausos, Hor. od. 3, 24, 5; tunica, 1, 6, 13; iuga, Prop. 4, 10 (3, 11), 9; duritiae, Plin. 37, 189.

**adāmāntis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. [αδαμαντις] a fabulous plant. Plin. 24, 162.

**adāmās**, antis, m. [αδαμας] diamond, maximm inter gemmas pretium habet adamas, Plin. 37, 55; duritia inenerrabilis est simulque ignium netrix natura, uerita et nomen indomita uis accepit, ib. 57; adamanta (ra)rum opum gaudium infragile omni cetera ui et inuictum, 20, 2; Sardonychas zmaragdus adamantas iaspidas uno Versat in articulo, Mart. 5, 11, 1; nec secari adamas aut caedi uel deteri potest, Sen. ad Ser. 3, 5; **2.** Cyprius a., prob. a sapphire, Plin. 37, 58; **3.** a fabulous metal of poets, solidoque adamante columnae, Verg. 6, 552; fores clausae adamante, Ov. M. 4, 453; 7, 412; 15, 813; tr. 4, 8, 45; Prop. 5 (4), 11, 4; Sen. Herc. F. 812; **4.** met. Ov. M. 9, 615; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 69 (cf. our "heart of stone"); and ps. Mart. 3, 7 of Schneidewin.

**adāmātor**, oris, m. [adamo] lover, Tert. hab. mul. 2; *ερωτικος* adamor, Gloss.

**ad-ambulo**, are, vb. walk up to, ad ostium, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 8; **2.** w. dat. walk by the side of, lateri eius, Apul. 3, 12 f.; circumgestantibus deam, 8, 26; seni, 11, 8 f.

**ad-āmo**, are, vb. [ad=an=ava] fall in love with, multa in mulierum leuitatem coepit iactare, quam facile adamarent, quam cito etiam fi(d)orum obliuiscerentur, Petr. 110; omnes matres liberos suos tamquam adamauerint amant, ps. Quint. decl. 18, 10; ib. in.; **2.** de turpi amore, Nireus adamatus, Ov. a. a. 2, 109; tr. 3, 4, 28; Plin. 8, 15; 36, 23; Suet. Vesp. 22; **3.** met., cum signa quaedam uidisset, adamauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 85; id adamasti quod nunquam uideras, 2, 4, 101; nihil erat quod ille adamasset quod non sum fore putaret, Cic. Mil. 88; Cic. or. 3, 62; Pl. 25; fam. 2, 2; ac. 2, 9; posteaquam copias Gallorum adamascent, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 5; si uirtutem adamaueris, amare enim parum est, Sen. ep. 71, 5 and met. Colum. 10, 199.

**ad-amplio**, are, vb. enlarge, aediculum, inscr. Gr. 128, 5; add 323. 1 and 884, 8.

**adamussim**, see amussim.

**ad-aperio**, ire, erui, ertus, vb. [ad=an up; cf. *av-oryw*] open up, open, adaperies fores portae, Liv. 25, 30, 10; cuniculum, 5, 21, 8; Pars adaperita fuit, pars altera clausa fenestrae, Ov. am. 1, 5, 3; ora, M. 5, 193; fores, Plin. 36, 88; terram, Colum. 10, 145; aures, Curt. 9, 7, 24 (29); podium, Suet. Ner. 12; sellam, Aug. 53; **2.** hence

uncover, caput, Sen. cp. 64, 10; uites, Colum. 5, 5, 6;

3. met. Mox adaptata fides, Stat. Th. 1, 396.

**ādāpertīlis**, e, adj. that opens, latus, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 45.

**ād-āpto**, āre, vb. fit close to, tie to, ita essedo aluquoque adaptatis ne..., Suet. Cl. 33; galericulo capiti adaptato, Suet. Oth. 12.

**ād-āquo**, āre, vb. water, as 1. plants, amygdalas, Plin. 17, 63; uites, Pall. 3, 33; 2. adaquor, ari, as vb. r. (=adaquo mihi) go for water, decreuit ut iumentum ad locum ubi adaquari solebat duceretur, Suet. Galb. 7; in bell. gall. 8, 41 f. Nipp. has aquari; but in Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 1 adaquandi causa, without note, but aquandi? for Caesar's term is aquari, b. c. 1, 73, 3; 1, 78, 1; 1, 81, 4; 3, 15, 2; 3, 66, 6; 3, 97, 4; cf. confusion between adaequare and aequare.

**adarca**, ae, f. [ἀδαρκη] a parasitic plant, Plin. 32, 140; cf. Diosc. 5, 137.

**ād-arco**, āre, vb. bind tight to, Not. Tir.

**ād-āresco**, ēre, ārui, vb. intr. [ad = an up] dry up, become quite dry, ubi ea (sc. amurca) adaruerit, uestimenta condito, Cato r. 98 (99).

**adasia**, ae, an old ewe, Festus p. 12 M, Isid. Gloss.

**ādaucto**, āre, vb. frq. [adaugeo] increase again and again, Quibus rem summam et patriam nostram quondam adaucauit senex, Acc. ap. Non. 75.

**ādauctor**, oris, m. one who increases, Tert. anim. 2.

**ād-augere**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. [ad = an = ava of reversal] fill up again (a void made), re-establish, Hercules decumam 'sse adaucauit, tibi quam uoui gratulor, Pl. St. 2, 2, 62; quodque erat eius rei (sc. pabuli) minor copia, hordeo adaugere, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 4; ut si quid esset detrimenti acceptum, non modo id resarciri, sed etiam maioribus adaugeri (al. augeri) copis posset, b. g. 6, 1, 3; 2. [ad to] increase still further, aggravate, exaggerate, Ne tua duritia illa antiqua etiam adauca sit, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 26; tamen haec (malicia) aliis adaugent, Cic. Rose. Am. 30; per quem facti utilitas adaugetur, Cic. inv. 2, 55; malignifici magnitudinem adaugere, 75; suspicioneu, Corn. 2, 39; laetitia prope in singulos gradus adauca est, Plin. pan. 22; 3. in Caes. perh. fill up.

**ād-augescere**, ēre, vb. intr., increase, become greater, Nam neque adaugescit quicquam neque deperit inde, Lucr. 2, 296; Stridor...adaugescit scopulorum saepe repulsus, Cic. div. 1, 13.

**ad-bībo**, ēre, bibi, vb. drink deep, Quando adbibero adu-diabo, Pl. St. 2, 2, 58; is mihi ubi adbibit plus paulo, sua quae narrat facinora, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 8; 2. met. Postquam adbibere auris (nom., so mss) meae tuae muriam (so Haupt; mss tuam moram; Ritschl, tuae loream) orationis, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 10; nunc adbibe puro Pectore uerba puer, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 67.

**ad-blto**, ēre, vb. [bacto; and so = adeo] go to, approach, Namque edepol si adbitis propius, os denasabit tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 72.

**ad-blatēro**, āre, vb. act. gabble away, has afannas, Apul. M. 9, 10 (lect. dub.).

**ad-cālēbro**, āre, vb. make quicker, quicken, celebrī (Serv. celeri) gradu gressum ādecebrasse dōcet, (Serv. decet) (verse so divided by THK), Acc. ap. Non. 89, 22, who adds celebre non solum frequens sed etiam uelox; also Serv. 4, 641 w. note on Verg. alia celebrabat legunt quia antiqui hoc uerbum in uelocitate ponebant, thus showing that he wrote celebrī and addecebrasse; uestrum crebrius addelebrare (so Bamberg ms) consilium, Mart. Cap. 9, p. 304 G., p. 335, 26 Eyss.

**addecet**, vb. imp. become, Qui si decem habeas linguas unum esse addecet, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 20; St. 4, 1, 14; Ps. 1, 5, 156; Most. 4, 2, 21; Pers. 5, 2, 55; Rud. 1, 2, 27; Poen. 1, 2, 115; Ampli. 3, 4, 21; Cas. 1, 2, 27; Scd uirum uirtute uera uiuere animatum addecet, Enn. tr. 338 V; Necessitatem ferre, non flere addecet, Syr. seut. 309 K.

**addenseo**? see

**addenseo**, āre, make more dense, close, Extremi addensant acies, Verg. 10, 432 (so mss, but Serv. addensent, as also Prisc. 1, 444, 4 K); Plin. 20, 230; cf. denseo.

**ad-dico**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. adjudge, award as a judge,

judicially declare to be the property (of), esp. slave-property, ubi in ius uenerit, Addeat praetor familiarum totam tibi, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 58; Quin egomet tibi me addico. Quid praetore opust? 5, 6, 24; noua iudicia petebantur: mihi bona addicat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 137; qui liberum corpus in seruitutem addixisset, Liv. 3, 56, 8; prohibendo indicatos (ciues) addictosque duci, 6, 15, 9; praetor...uiui bona xxx (diebus) emptori addici iubet, Gai. 3, 79; liberti (so offending) a praeside emptori addicentur, Mod. dig. 25, 3, 6, 1; a praetore uindicanti filius addicitur, Gai. 1, 134; si unus ob pecuniam debitam iudicatus addictusque sit pluribus, Gell. 20, 1, 19; 2. pronounce judicially that A owes a debt to B, condemn him to pay, addictus erat tibi? non. Cic. Rose. com. 41; nonne Fufidium creditorem debitoribus suis addixisti? Cic. Pis. 86;

3. in auctions, knock down to, neque iis uoluisset (decumas) addicere qui contra Apronium licerentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 148; addicitur opus HS IOLX milibus, 2, 1, 144; equis est qui bona Postumi nummo sestertio sibi addici uelit, Cic. Rab. Post. 45;

4. gen. assign (property), convey, sell, Addice tuam mihi meretriciu minusculam, Pl. Poen. 2, 50; hominem inuenire neminem potuit cui meas aedes addiceret, Cic. dom. 107; regna addixit pecunia, Cic. Ph. 7, 15; Dic ex parte tua seu fundi siue domus sit Emptor, gaudentem nummo te addicere, Hor. s. 2, 5, 109; agros omnis addixit deae, Vell. 2, 25, 4; consecrate, dedicate, deo aeterno addicit coniunctum fundum trium iugerum, inscr. Benev. 7 Kritz ad Vell., procurator tuus si fundum quem C aureis uendere poterat, addixerit XXX aureis, Iul. dig. 41, 4, 7, 6;

5. gen. condemn, sentence, qui uorti addictus esset, Cic. off. 3, 45; and met. nolite nos...perpetuae seruituti addicere (so BCD, Nipp. subicere), Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 9; 6. add. iudicem, arbitrum, assign as a judge or arbitrator, recte ab initio iudex addictus est, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 46; Pompon. 80; iudex qui huic actioni addictus est, Ulp. 13, 4, 4, 1; iudicio addictus ariter, Mod. 10, 2, 30;

7. so w. abstr. noun, post meridiem praesenti (st)litem addicito, XII tab. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 10; addixit iudicium, Varr. 6, 7, p. 339 Sp.; 8. met., devote, addict, scil., bind as a slave, first w. acc. of person, senatus cui me semper addixi, Cic. Pl. 93; sese uoi addicere, Cic. inv. 2, 5; suum corpus turpissimae cupiditati, Corn. 4, 23; quos aeris alieni magnitudo tribuno pl. constrictos addixerat, Cic. Sest. 38; ista omnia addicta uastitati, Cic. Att. 9, 9 f.; huic (classi) me quaecumque fuisset Addixi, Verg. 3, 653; addictum feris, Hor. epod. 17, 11; 9. w. abstr. acc., cuius sanguinem addixeras, Cic. Pis. 83; te do uendita atque addicta sententia mouere, Cic. Ph. 2, 52; tribuno pl. consulatum tuum, Cic. Pis. 56; (pueritiam) omni intemperantiae, Corn. 4, 37; uxoribus addictus, Suet. Claud. 29; Vit. 2; 10. attribute (as a writer may), assign, say it belongs to, istace (comocdiae) nomini eius addicuntur, Gell. 3, 3, 13.

**addictio**, ōnis, f. adjudication (of property by a praetor), bonorum, Cic. Verr. act. pr. 12; Gai. 3, 189; dig. 18, 2 tit.; iudicis datio addictio esto, lex Manil. ap. Front. p. 340 Goes.

**ad-disco**, ēre, didici, vb. learn in addition or something new, etiam add. aliquid, and soon, cottidie aliquid, Cic. scu. 26; add Cic. or. 3, 86 and 147; fin. 5, 87; Et quiddam uisa est addidicisse noui, Ov. am. 2, 5, 56; add M. 3, 593; Suet. Cal. 47; but in Iustin. 2, 3, 13 didicisset.

**additamentum**, i, n. an addition, an adjunct, aedium hortus a., Papin. dig. 32, 91, 4; portio dotis additamenti causa data, 23, 4, 26, 2; 2. met. Ligus iste a. inimicorum meorum, Cic. Sest. 68; sapientia ultimum uitae a., Sen. ep. 17, 8.

**additiuus**, adj. additional, secondary, mensem intercalarem additiuum esse, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 98, 1; add Tert. res carn. 52.

**additio**, ōnis, f. addition, Quint. 9, 3, 18; 2. something subordinate and unmeaning, que (of nbique etc.) Prisc. 2, 25, 12 K, (of absque) 2, 28, 9.

**additiuus**, adj. used as an adjunct, ipse additiuum dicitur, Prisc. 2, 179, 25.

**additus**, part. of addo.



**ad-diuiño?** āre, in Plin. 35, 88, Sillig w. B has diuinanem.

**ad-do**, dēre, dīdi, dītus [do, dāre, put; as proved by form ad-dues, s. § 16] put to, near oron, move to, apply, attach, w. dat. addit frena feris, Verg. 5, 817; uatibus addere calcar, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 217; uiro forti uirgas, Liv. 26, 16, 3; flammae aquam, Tib. 2, 4, 42; incendia ramis, Sil. 7, 161; **2.** esp. custodem cui, set (a person) over another to watch, Quoi me eustodem erus addidit miles meus, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 69; Aul. 3, 6, 20; nequitiae additus eustos, Hor. od. 3, 4, 78; Geruanos custodes additos, Tac. an. 13, 18; and absol. nec Teueris addita Iuno Vsque aberit, Verg. 6, 90; **3.** w. modum, finem, set (a limit) to, Adde modum dextrae, Sil. 4, 668; finem litibus, Claud. 4, cons. Hon. 510; **4.** w. in and aec. put into, eas (epistulas) in eundem fasciculum nelim addas, Cic. Att. 13, 53; Adde manus in uicula, Ov. am. 1, 7, 1; Aut fera belligeras addite in arma manus, a. a. 2, 672; legem ne cui album in uestimentum addere petitionis liceret causa, Liv. 4, 25, 13; se...in hunc florem, Ov. M. 10, 208; addita in narem ea compositio, Cels. 6, 8 f.; cyclaminos cum melle in naris addita, Plin. 25, 134;

**5.** esp. of putting into empty vessels, unde uua in ollulas addatur, Varr. r. 1, 54, 2; in hoc dolium addunt glandem, 3, 15, 2; picis metretam in labrum, Colum. 12, 22, 1; in ouom inaeue sucum (marrubi) addit, Plin. 20, 244; hic sucus in caua (dentium) additus, 23, 127; **II. 6.** met. first w. dat. as utium cui, defle, Quia pudicitiae huius utium me hinc apsentat additum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 179; and w. Plautine boldness, Hic iam aedibus utium additur, bonae quom eaurant male, Most. 1, 2, 26;

**7.** esp. w. abstract acc., put into, give, inspire with, Nisi mihi quidem addit animum quo lubeat magis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 31; addis (so mss mostly) mihi scribendi alacritatem, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; uerba uirtutum non addere, Sal. Cat. 58, 1; regi formidium, Sal. Jug. 37, 4; ceteris audaciam, 94, 2; dinc hunc ardorem meutibus addunt...an...? Verg. 9, 184; spem metumque, Tac. h. 1, 62; **III. 8.** give in addition, add, Et si duarum paenitebit inquit addentur duae, Pl. St. 4, 1, 45; de mea (uita) ad tuam addam, As. 3, 3, 20; suas ad meas miserias addet, Cist. 2, 3, 46; si eae res...tum quom..., adeas leges additae essent, CIL 206, 162; ad amorem meum aliquantum, Cic. fam. 15, 20, 2; hunc laborem ad cotidiana opera, Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 5; **9.** so far w. ad; rarely w. in and aec., In scelus addendum seelus est, in funera funus, Ov. M. 8, 484; putting additional matter into is expressed by in; is in id decretum...exceptionem addito addue iubeto, CIL 1, 5; in illam orationem addidi quaedam, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 5; multas res nouas in edictum addidit, Nep. Cat. 2, 3;

**10.** rarely too in good writers w. dat., Medumque flumen gentibus additum Victis, Hor. od. 2, 9, 21; Adde super dictis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 78; quibus perpaucua addidit, Suet. Iul. 84; in Verg. 2, 660 and Sil. 4, 398 the idea of comitem is implied; **11.** w. inf. only perh. in: ferro circumdare Addiderat, Sil. 8, 550; **12.** often w. uerbum, add another word, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 63; Rud. 4, 3, 68; 5, 3, 45; Truc. 2, 7, 51; Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 19; **13.** w. gradum, quicken, Adde gradum (shortened by military need to add gradum or perh. adde gra'um), adpropera: iam dudum factumst quom abiisti douum, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 3; adhortationes: adderent gradum, maturato opus esse, Liv. 3, 27, 6; 10, 20, 10; 26, 9, 5; Plin. ep. 6, 20, 12; and absol., quadrigae Addunt in spatia, put on fresh speed each lap of the race, Verg. G. 1, 513 (so Voss, recte); **14.** add in freq. use, as: adde lue, si placet, uenguentarios..., Cic. off. 1, 150; adde huc populationem agrorum..., Liv. 7, 30, 15; add 26, 41, 12; Hor. od. 2, 8, 17; s. 1, 2, 83; **15.** so addito as abl. abs. with the addition that..., addito ut luna infra terram sit, Plin. 15, 62; addito consultandum super re atroci, Tac. an. 2, 28 f.; **16.** addues=addideris, Paul. ex F. 27.

**ad-dōcco**, āre, vb. learn in addition, artes, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 18; but in Cic. Clu. 104, adducti.

**ad-dormisco**, āre, and ad-dormio, Ire, vb. [ad=an=awa] fall asleep, quotic post cibum addormiseret, Suet. Claud. 8; rursus addormiunt atque difficile expergiscuntur, Cael. Aur. ae. 1, 11, cf. obdormisco.

**addubanum** dñbium, Paul. ex F. 18.

**addūbitatio**, ōnis, f. the starting a doubt, facit apud oratores pathos etiam addubitatio quam Graeci ἀπορησιν nocant, Macr. s. 4, 6, 11; διαπορησισ est addubitatio...ut est pro Cluentio quo me uertam iudices! Mart. Cap. 5, p. 174 Eyss.

**ad-dūbito**, āre, vb. [ad=an=awa] begin to doubt, be seized with a doubt, feel a doubt at first, doubt for a moment, namque ut dicam te metu aut Segnitate addubitare laud meumist, Aec. ap. Non. 22; de quo Panaetium addubitare dicebant, Cic. N. D. 2, 118; in his addubitare turpissimum est, Cic. off. 3, 18; primum addubitauit num a Volumnio senatore esset (epistula), Cic. fam. 7, 32, 1; Cic. or. 137; N. D. 1, 14; de legatis paululum addubitatum est, Liv. 2, 4, 7; paulisper addubitauit an..., 8, 10, 2; Appium addubitasse ferunt, eernentem...; deinde ueritum..., signum dedisse, 10, 19, 13; an hoc inhonestum...neene sit addubites, Hor. s. 1, 4, 125; rex miraculo addubitare (about Arion)... Postquam..., tum neque quicquam postilla negare...ausi sunt, Front. p. 238, Naber; add Colum. 3, 8, 5; in ps. Nep. Con. 5 f. lect. dub.

**I ad-dūco**, āre, xi, ctus, vb. [ad to; but ad=awa wd. better suit §§ 1—3] draw to (onc), and so draw in, back, and so (often) tighten, laxissimas habenas habere...quo uel adducas cum uelis uel remittas, Cic. am. 45; Nos tamen adductos intus agemus equos, Ov. F. 6, 586; ut tormenta telorum eo grauiores emissiones habent, quo sunt adducta uehementius, Cic. Tusc. 2, 57; in agro ambulanti ramulum adductum, ut remissus esset in oculum suum recidisse, Cic. div. 1, 123; quin tu adducis lorum? Liv. 9, 10, 7; **2.** esp. the part. adductus, arcu, Verg. 5, 507; laeerto, 9, 402; habena, 9, 587; sagitta, 9, 632; neruo, Ov. M. 1, 455; securi, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 5; **3.** gen. contract, sitis miseros adduxerat artus, Verg. G. 3, 483; Adducite cutem macies, Ov. M. 3, 397; frontem adduxit, Sen. benef. 1, 1, 5; **4.** bring to or into (a certain state), bring over, reduce, first of living beings, eum ad nequitiem, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 4; animum ad malas partes, Hec. 5, 3, 39; ciuem in inuidiam, Cic. off. 3, 79; hunc in angustias, Cic. Quinct. 19; te ad meum arbitrium, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 2; boues ad utilitatem, Varr. 1, 20, 3; in eam se consuetudinem...ut..., Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 10; me in eam necessitatem, Liv. 8, 7, 16; **5.** esp. by reasons, motives, induce, lead, quod ex eorum sermonibus addueor ut sperem, Cic. fam. 6, 10, 2; nullo frigore adducti ut capito operto sit, Cic. sen. 34; his rebus adducti, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 1; inopia adducti, 1, 27, 1; **6.** w. abstr. acc., res in extremum est adducta discrimen, Cic. Ph. 6, 19; est enim res in eum locum adducta ut..., Cic. fam. 5, 21, 3; beneficia in odium, Sen. ben. 2, 4, 1; **II. 7.** lead to, bring persons, legions, ships to, propera, adduc (so A) hominem huc cito, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 161; fac sit mulier libera, Atque huc continuo adduce, Pers. 3, 3, 34\*; attuli hunc. quid? atnlisti? Adduxi uolui dicere. Ps. 2, 4, 21; illum huc eoram adducam, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; ex Gallia pueros uenales isti adducebat, Cic. Quinet. 24; CC nauis onerarias, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12; Larissam legiones, 3, 80, 4; **8.** at times de scorto, de paelice, Quae me paelices adduxe + dicet ante oculos suos, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 3; scortum sibi Ob oculis (so BCD) adduxerit iu aedis, Merc. 5, 2, 183; add Ov. F. 3, 483; ps. Nep. Dion. 4, 4; cf. adductor; **9.** in poets, and late prose w. abstr. acc., Ofelia foreusis Adduceit febres, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 9; Adduxere sitim tempora, Hor. od. 4, 12, 13; taedium (uini), Plin. 30, 145; and prob., diem festum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 83; **10.** but never in prose of dead weight, for in Caes. b. c. 1, 23, 4; Liv. 44, 26, 10 read auex. aurum.

**III. 11.** adductus, as adj. contracted, frowning, uultus, Suet. Tib. 68; froute in supercilia adductiore, Capit. Ver. 10, 6; **12.** reserved, Tac. an. 14, 4 f.; and perh. 12, 7; **13.** of style, iu orationibus pressior et adductor, Plin. ep. 1, 16, 4; **14.** adducte adv. whence comp. adductus, iacula contorsit, Anson. grat. act. 27; regnantur, w. a tighter rein, Tac. G. 43; add h. 3, 7; **15.** Pl. has adduce as imper. in Poen. 1, 3, 15; but addue in Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 79 and Pl. above\*, w. accent on final, as: iu abscisioibus ca uocalis in qua est accentus, scruat accentum, Prisc. 1, 302, 17 K; adduxe above +, and adduxti, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 15.



2 **ad-dūco**, ěre, vb. [ad=*ava* up—see *addueo* No. 1] draw up, haul up, ab imo pulmone pituitam trochleis (=τροχιλαίς), as if with hoisting tackle, Quint. 11, 3, 56.

**adductor**, ōris, m. a pimp, Petr. Afran. ad Del.; cf. *adduceo* § 8.

1 **ād-ēdo**, ěre, ēdi, ēsus (essus), vb. [ad=*an=ava*] eat up, eat the whole of, frumento adeso, Sis. ap. Non. 70 = consumpto; nam saepe fauos ignotus adedit Stelio, Verg. G. 4, 242; ut Pinarii extis adesis ad ceteram uenirent dapem, Liv. 1, 7, 15; angues duo ex occulto allapsi adedere (so Gron. cj.; P anaere, F anere) iecur, 25, 16, 2; not inconsistent with libato iocinore wh. follows; ex parte adesi (pisces), Quint. 6, 3, 90 (lect. dub.); in Colum. 2, 10, 3 some edd. by cj. read adederunt for ederunt of mss; but ?;

2. metl., of fire, utterly consume, cum me supremis adederit ignis, Viuum, Ov. am. 1, 15, 41; 3. gen. quis tam perditus nepos, non adesa iam sed abundantia etiam pecunia, sic dissolutus fuisset, Cic. Quinet. 40; adesis omnibus fortunis, Tac. an. 13, 21; adesis bonis, h. 1, 4; adesum Cladibus Hasdrubalem, Sil. 13, 679.

2 **ād-ēdo**, ěre, ēdi, ēsus (essus), vb. [for ad cf. *accēdo*, attonde, attero] eat deep into, met. first of fire, postibus haesit adesis (flamma), Verg. 9, 537; Et solitum digito berillon adederat ignis, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 9; 2. of water, lapides adesos Voluentis una, Hor. od. 3, 29, 36; Nunc scopulus rauceis pendet adesus aquis, Ov. her. 10, 26; aut latus alti Montis adest (sc. mare), Luc. 6, 267—wh. note the form adest; cf. est, comest, of eating.

**ādēphīs**, idis, f. a kind of date, Plin. 13, 45.

**ādemptio**, onis, f. [adimo] taking away, iuitatis (of the franchise), Cic. dom. 78; prouineiae, Tac. an. 2, 76; bonorum, 4, 6.

**ādemptor**, ōris, m. one who takes away, uitae, Aug. tract. 116.

**ādemptus**, part. of *adimo*.

**ād-eō**, adv. [=ad eom; so Sauct. Min. 3, 14; Voss, anal. 4, 198; Vrsin. inst. 1, 394 and 2, 436; cf. quo, it caelo clamor etc.; adhuc and quoad] to this or that—, as place, librum ad librum uorsum facito; arituo usque adeo quo praeaueris, Cato r. 40, 3; 2. to this or that state, to this, adeo r res redit; si quis quid reddit magna habendat gratia, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 5; Adeo r rem redisse ut..., 1, 3, 1; Haut. 1, 1, 61; 5, 2, 27; 3. to this or that time, so long, w. dum douec etc., until, Exploratore hunc faciamus ludos suppositicium, Adeo r donec ipsus sese ludos fieri senserit, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 72; ibi te uinere Adeo r dum illius cupiditas te (d) atque amor missum facit, Merc. 3, 4, 72; Amph. 1, 2, 10; As. 2, 2, 62; Cist. 2, 3, 40; Numquam destitit Instare...usque adeo r douec perpulit, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 38; Ph. 4, 1, 23; usque adeo hominem in periculo fuisse quoad seitum est Sestium uiuere, Cic. Sest. 82; 4. akin to this adeo... dnm..., so long as, adeo r ego (so Bamb.) illius ferre possum ineptiam et magnifica uerba, Verba dum sint, Ter. Eui. 4, 6, 3; 5. hence of results, to that degree, so (w. ut that), faciam ut pugnam inspectet non bonam Adeo ut spectare postea omnis oderit, Pl. Capt. pr. 66; Adeo r me fuisse fungum ut qui illi crederem! Pl. Bae. 2, 3, 49; et uoltu Sosia Adeo r modesto, adeo r uenusto ut nihil supra, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 93; rempublicam funditus amisimus ut Cato uix uiuus effugeret (so mss, Lamb. effugerit), Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 2, 15; neminem adeo infatuere potuit ut ei nummum ullum crederet, Cic. Fl. 47; adeone hospes es huinsee urbis, adeone ignarus discipulae nostrae ut haec nescias, Cic. Rab. perd. 28; Phil. 2, 15; fam. 9, 10, 2; adeo montibus mare continebatur uti ex locis superioribus in litus telum adici (al. adigi) posset, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 3; quod non adeo sit imperitus rerum ut suis copis populum R. superari (al. se superare) posso confidat, 5, 27, 4; adeone est fundata leuiter fides ut ubi sim quam qui sim magis referat, Liv. 2, 7, 10; 5, 6, 4; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 39; Ov. Pont. 4, 4, 1; Pers. 1, 26; Iuv. 6, 59; 6. w. rel. as quin, ego numquam adeo astutus fui, quin quicquid possem malle m auferre potius in praesentia, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 13; in Curt. 4, 16, 14 Zumpt has ut; 7. adeo non (nihil)...ut..., so thoroughly not..., that (=tantum abest ut...ut...); so far from...; adeo non tenuit iram ut...dieret, Liv. 8, 5, 7; 3, 2, 6;

5, 45, 4; 30, 34, 5; famam factorum adeo non abstulisti ut auxeris, Vell. 2, 66, 4; Colum. 2, 11, 5; Curt. 3, 12, 22 (32); 7, 1, 26; 8. w. ut and ind., so...as..., Adeo hominem esse inuenustum aut infelicem quemquam ut ego sum, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 10; 9. often adeo refers to what precedes, consulere ordine non leuicit; adeo tumultuose excepta est (res) clamoribus patrum, Liv. 2, 28, 2; nemini omniū certare eum eo (sc. Hannone) necesse fuit; adeo prope omnis senatus Hannibal is erat, 21, 11, 1; 2, 27, 3; 2, 47, 11; 8, 37, 2; Non obtusa adeo gestamus pectora Poeni, Verg. 1, 571; adeo cuncta ineuria disiecta erant Tac. an. 1, 50; 1, 81; 10. often in a parenthesis, ne illi quidem ipsi mitem gentem fore—adeo ferocia atque indomita ingenia esse—ni..., Liv. 21, 20, 8; 3, 4, 2; 9, 26, 17; Tac. an. 2, 28; 11. in addition to this, what is more, let mo add, nay, moreover, gen. after some word, Ibi uoster cenat, cum uxore adeo, et Antipho, Pl. St. 5, 2, 16; Nulla adeo r ex ro istue fit nisi ex nimio otio, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 57; nam me eius spero fratrem propemodum tam repereris, adolescentem adeo nobilem, Eun. 1, 2, 124;

12. esp. after pronom. words, Ego adeo iam illi remittam nuntium, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 74; Mil. 4, 4, 55; Bae. 4, 7, 31; Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 16; uos adeo, ubi ego inuero uobis, ni..., Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 26; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 47; Verg. B. 2, 11; G. 1, 24; Ipsum adeo r praesto uideo cum Dauo: hoc agam, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 4; Sil. 14, 487; Hoc adeo r commemini magis quia illo die impransus fui, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 103 (98); add Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 2; Verg. 11, 275; id adeo r ego hodie expertus sum, Pl. Cure. 5, 3, 2; Aul. 2, 4, 13; 4, 2, 16; Ep. 1, 1, 51; 2, 1, 2; id adeo sic considerate, Cic. Cae. 87; Clu. 80; Verr. 2, 4, 143; id adeo more suo uidebatur facere, Sal. Cat. 37, 2; add 37, 11; Iug. 65, 3; id adeo malum ex prouocatione natum, Liv. 2, 29, 10;

13. esp. after atque (=ad+que), aye and what is more, nay, duem hostium intra moenia atque adeo in senatu uidemus, Cic. Cat. 1, 5; eum maximo detrimento atque adeo exitio uectigalium, Cic. Vorr. 2, 3, 19; Pis. 41; Planc. 48; fam. 4, 3, 1; non petentem atque adeo etiam absentem creatum, Liv. 10, 5, 14; add Plin. ep. 6, 21, 2; 14. in late writers, like adhuc, w. comp. still (more), rabidum...Vt uidit maiore adeo crudescere motu, Sil. 11, 89; but Pl. Amph. 5, 2, 4; Truc. 2, 1, 6; Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 135; Cic. or. 2, 15; Plin. 10, 98 belong to § 11; 15. so, like ita? Nihil hercle; aut si adeo, biduist aut tridui Haec sollicitudo, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 9; 16. Paul. ex Festo 19 M says adeo the adv. was accented on the final, and so \* above; but see f.

2 **ād-eo**, ire, iui or ii, itum, vb. go to, como to, approach, w. ad and of persons, sei qui iniquom nidebitur esse, ad eos adeant qui..., CIL 199, 45; in ious adierit ad eum, 200, 17; adibo ad hominem, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 21; St. 1, 3, 83 (so AB); Bae. 4, 6, 4; Poen. 1, 2, 117; 5, 2, 22; ad me adire, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; adeamne ad eum? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 15; Eun. 3, 5, 30; Phorm. 1, 2, 90; ad me adire quosdam memini, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 6; liberos ad se adire, Caes. b. g. 6, 17 f.; 4, 2, 5; b. c. 1, 87, 2; 2. often without ad, nisei pr. urbanum adiesent (=adiessent), CIL 196, 8; add 17 and 20, 152; Ipsum adiu adulescentem, Pl. Tr. 3, 3, 20; Bae. 2, 3, 7; 3, 3, 2; Men. 2, 3, 10; Most. 5, 2, 33; Capt. 3, 4, 80 etc.; aliquot me adierunt, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 2; magistratus, Ph. 2, 3, 56; add Hee. 2, 2, 9; te aduent fere omnes, Cic. fam. 3, 9, 2; centuriones, Caes. b. c. 1, 64, 3; reges, Sal. Iug. 21, 4; Marium, 93, 6; nec quisquam...Audet adire uirum, Verg. 5, 379; uatem, 3, 456; Belgas, Caes. b. g. 3, 11, 2; Stygios manes, Ov. M. 13, 465; 3. acc. first w. ad, ad ostium, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 22; ab aris ad quas togati adierunt, Cic. Ph. 14, 2; 4. gen. without ad, go to, visit, go and see, quos locos adisti? Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 86; eas rationes, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 1; ciuitates, 4, 21, 8; oppida castellaque, Sal. Iug. 89, 1; hiberna legionum, Tac. h. 1, 52; 5. approach indirectly, as by writing or through friends, Per epistolam aut per nuntiuu quasi regem adiri \* eum aiunt, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 10; adeunt per Haeduos, Caes. b. g. 6, 4; moris erat quamquam praesentem scripto adire, Tac. an. 4, 39; Verginius legationibus, Tac. h. 1, 9; 6. a. deos, in prayer, go to in imagination, address one's prayers to,



(simulacra) uenerantes, deos ipsos se adire credent, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; Mento deos adiit, Ov. M. 15, 63; Cur adeo fratres, heu! sine fratre deos, Albin. 1, 290; **7.** in legal l., a. in ius, go before a magistrate to institute a suit, see § 1; add CIL 200, 24 and 30 and 37; se eum de suis controneriis in ius adicumt nidiisse nuuntiant, Cic. Att. 11, 24, 4; cum ad praetorem in ius adissemus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; 2, 2, 55; obseruandum est ins reddenti ut in aduendo facilem se praebat, Callistr. dig. 1, 18, 19; **8.** met. run into, enter into, approach, meet, face, ineur, apply oneself to, first w. ad. Mecum adire ad pactionem, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 25; ad rem publicam, Cic. Cu. Pomp. 70; ad causas priuatas, Cic. Brut. 311; ad extremum uitae periculum, Caes. b. c. 2, 7, 1; **9.** w. acc. alone, capitis periculum, Rose. Am. 110; omnem simul fortunam, Liv. 25, 10, 7; quantum decoris adierit, legio, Tac. an. 1, 39; inuidiam, 4, 70; seruitutem, G. 24; **10.** esp. hereditatem, enter upon an inheritance, hereditates eiuuium, Cic. Arch. 11; patris, Cic. Phil. 2, 42; si is eui de aduenda hereditate deliberare licet, adierit..., Gai. 2, 163 etc.; **11.** manum cui a., disappoint, give the go by (origin of prov. unknown), abeo illum illeo iratus: uolui exta prosecarier. Eo pacto auarac Veneri pulere adii manum, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 11; cara omnia. Abeo iratus illine...Ita illis impuris omnibus adii manum, Pl. Anl. 2, 8, 8;

**12.** pass. pers., quomodo de Persa manus mi aditast, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 18; satiu lepide adita uobis est manus, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 53; add \*above; neque praetores adiri possent, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 15; periculis aditis, Cic. off. 1, 62; non placebat adiri nomen Caesaris, should be taken up as an inheritance, Vell. 2, 60, 1; aditis quae uix audita erant, 2, 5, 1; **13.** pass. impers. antequam in ius aditum esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 55.

**Adeona**, ae, f. Goddess of approach, Aug. C. D. 4, 21.

**adeps**, ipis (adips \* Sillig in Plin. w. some mss; but?) f. (m. only in Plin.) [akin to ol-eum, ol-ia, ελαιον, αλειφω, λιπ-α, lino etc.; cf. by-form alip-es, Prob. 199, 3 K] (when out of the body), fat, adipis suilla, Varr. r. 2, 11, 7 (cf. Prise. 168, 16 K); adipis pondo triginta uetustae, Mars. ap. Prise. ib.; in praesulsaio adipis liquamine, Colum. 6, 2, 7; caprina adeps, 6, 12 f.; oryzae cremor cum quo recens adeps cocta sit, Cels. 3, 7, 2, p. 89, 25 Dar.; 4, 6 (3); 4, 27 (20); 5, 19, 28; 5, 21 bis; 5, 24, 3; 5, 26; 8, 4; ursinus a., Plin. 28, 163; uolpinm, 165; aprugnns, 167; anseris, 169; lupinus, 172; porcina, Veg. 5 (3), 46 (47), 10; ursina, 5, 22, 2; praesulsa, Pall. 4, 12, 3; **2.** in pl., of fat in the living body, L. Cassii adipis, Cic. Cat. 3, 16; quae res ad erandas adipis multum conferunt, Col. 8, 14, 11; modica corporatura pecoris operarii debet esse, non adipibus obesa, 6, 3, 15; sibi quoque tenuandas adipis, Quint. 2, 10, 6; **3.** so in pl. of the albuminum in the living tree, proximi (sc. cortici) adipis; hi uocantur a colore albuminum, Plin. 16, 182; **4.** of marl, terrae adipis (al. adeps), 17, 42.

**adepitio**, onis, f. [adipiscor] getting hold of, attainment, boni, Cic. fin. 1, 41; commodi, Cic. partit. 113; bonorum, Quint. 5, 10, 33.

**1** **adepitio**, part. of adipiscor.

**2** **adepitus**, us, m. getting hold of, attainment, fidei, Paul. Nol. ep. 32 ad Sev. 18; but in Cic. fin. 3, 48 uirtutis habitum (cf. rationis habitum, 4, 37).

**ad-équito**, are, vb. rido up to, ad nostros, Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 1; **2.** w. dat., portis, Liv. 1, 14, 7; uallo, 9, 22, 6; but in 24, 31, 10 abequitauerint; portae, Plin. 15, 76; castris, Tac. an. 6, 40 (34); **3.** w. acc., perarmatos, Curt. 4, 9, 23.

**ad-erro**, are, vb. wander or ramble up to, seopulis, Stat. silu. 2, 2, 120; anribus, Stat. Th. 9, 178.

**ad-esco**, are, vb. [esca sb.] fatten up, Cacl. Aur. acut. 1, 11 f.

**ades-dum**, see adsum.

**ad-esurio**, ire, vb. be hungry after, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 132.

**ad-ēsus**, part. of adedo.

**ad-expeto** ? quoted by Forc. fm. Sen. cp. 117, 5 (not 1, 17) who has expetibile.

**adf.**, see aff.

**adg.**, for words not found under this, see agg.

**ad-gōmo**, ēre, vb. groan in addition or groan at, Ingemit Chiron...; Adgemit Alcides, Ov. F. 5, 400; a. nostris malis, Ov. tr. 1, 4, 10; loquenti Adgemit, Stat. Th. 11, 247.

**ad-gēnēro**, are, vb. beget in additiou, natis fratres, Tert. Marc. 4, 19.

**ad-gēnicūlor**, āri, vb. refl. kneel before, caris, Tert. poen. 9.

**adgrettus**, see aggredior.

**ad-gūberno**, are, vb. pilot to, sio adgubernante fortuna, Flor. 2, 8, 1; but in 3, 5, 16 Halm has gubernans.

**ād-haereo**, ēre, vb. stiek to, cling to, adbere, conexu corpus adhaeret, Luer. 3, 557; coruus adhaeret, Cic. Arat. 292; uinctoque in corpore adhaerent, Ov. M. 4, 694; non adhaerere ancoris poterant (naues), Tac. an. 2, 23; iumento, Gell. 20, 1, 11; lingua crocodilis tota adhaerens, Plin. 11, 171; **2.** met. meo de studio studia erant uostrua omnia: Vsque adhaerebatis, Pl. As. 1, 3, 59; lateri adhaerere grauem dominum, Liv. 39, 25, 11; adeo nulli fortunae adhaerebat animus, 41, 20, 2; eui cognomen adhaeret, Hor. s. 2, 2, 56; inuidia altissimis, Vell. 1, 9, 6; statiuis castris, Tac. an. 3, 21; obsidioni, Amm. 19, 3, 1; Rheni ripis, 18, 2, 8.

**ād-haeresco**, ēre, haesi, haesus, stiek to, cling to, cleave to, ad fundas uiscus ne adhaeresceret, Pl. Poen. 2, 33; Adhaesit homini ad infimum (so mss) uentrem fames, St. 1, 3, 82; ad eam (disciplinam) tamquam ad saxum adhaerescunt, Cic. ac. 2, 8; ne in hanc materiem seditionis ista fax adhaeresceret, Cic. dom. 13; in me omnia coniuurationis tela adhaerescunt, 63; ne quid emerit ubi ignis hostinum adhaeresceret, Caes. b. e. 2, 9, 1; craterae limus adhaesit, Hor. s. 2, 4, 80; Fronte (a dative) tamen Rhoeti non irrita euspis adhaesit, Ov. M. 5, 38; comes perpetuo adhaesisse Laeydi dicitur, Plin. 10, 51; **2.** by a stronger met., iustitiae honestatique, Cic. off. 1, 86; simul atque emissum est (argumentum), adhaerescit (takes firm hold of the hearer's mind), Cic. or. 2, 214; ut ad (id) genus... adhaerescerent (be firmly united with), 3, 37; in his locis adhaerescere (make a long stay in), Cic. Att. 4, 4, 2; **3.** of speech, stiek, come to a standstill, ita libere finebat, ut nusquam adhaeresceret, Cic. Br. 274; in continuatione nerborum adhaerescens, 320; **4.** adhaesus, having stuck, and so sticking, adhaesum eobareus fortiter, Fest.; **5.** adhaese, adv. with hesitation (of speech), Gell. 5, 9, 6.

**ād-haesus**, us, m. sticking to, adhesion, pulueris, Luer. 3, 381; adfigere adhaesum, 4, 1242; membrorum, 5, 842; umoris, 6, 472.

**ād-hālo**, are, vb. breathe upon, si (serpens) patescens (fngos) adhalauerit, Plin. 22, 95.

**ād-hibeo**, ēre, ui, itus, vb. [habeo] hold near, hold to, apply, Hue adhibete auris, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 23; Cas. 2, 8, 39; alteri se calcaria adhibere, alteri frenos, Cic. Br. 204; maus uetigalibus, Cic. agr. 2, 47; uaeuas auris unumque sagaem...ueram ad rationem, Luer. 1, 50; medicas manus ad uolnera, Verg. G. 3, 455; genibusque manus a., Ov. M. 9, 216; uineula captis, F. 3, 293; Hue adhibe uultus, am. 2, 13, 15; 2, 1, 37; tibias ad os, Gell. 15, 17, 1; corpori uineula, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 216; **2.** esp. w. acc. of person, have present, call in (to aid or as witness), quantist hominem amicum adhibere nbi quid geras, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 47; proba materies data est, si probum adhibe fabrum, Poen. 4, 2, 93; testis, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 2; Fauentiam, Acc. ap. Non. 357, 13; testes, Cic. fin. 2, 67; medicum, Cic. fat. 28; cum collegium praetorium tribuii pl. adhibisset, Cic. off. 3, 80; Dumorigem ad se uocat, fratrem adhibet, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; neque ad consilium adhibendenseo, 7, 77, 3; plurimis operis adhibitis, Vennl. dig. 45, 1, 137, 3; **3.** of things, have present in aid, Quin adhibuit, dum istae loquere, tympanum? Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 38; ideo aes et libra adhibetur quia..., Gai. 1, 122; **4.** gen. receive, treat, uniuersos adhiberi liberaliter oportere, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 16; Quintum filium seuerius adhibebo, Cic. Att. 10, 12, 3; Catullum cenae, Suet. Caes. 73 f.; **5.** give (to oneself or others), supply, unum aegrotis, Cic. N. D. 3, 69; tantum eibi et potionis ut..., Cic. sen. 36;

medicinam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 59; **6.** adhibere se, conduct oneself (towards), sic se adhibere in tanta potestate ut... Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 22; **7.** w. abstr. acc., curam, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 41; parsimoniam, Most. 1, 3, 79; confidentiam, Caecil. ap. Isid. or. 10, 40; celeritatem, Cic. fam. 10, 21, 6; curam, 2, 7, 3; audaciam et uirtutem, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 1; **8.** esp. fidem, behave honourably or honestly, act with fidelity, si adhibebit fidem, Etsi ignotus, notus, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 105; in amicum periculis, Cic. Clu. 118; **9.** and in late writers, givo credit to, Si qua fides falsis nunquam est adhibenda poetis, Auson. ep. 10, 1; placitis, Papin. dig. 17, 1, 7; quaestioni, Ulp. 48, 18, 1; but in Cic. div. 2, 59 habenda (not adh.); **10.** a. modum, set a limit to, modum tu adhibes utio, Cic. Tusc. 4, 39; uoluptati, Quint. 9, 3, 74; adhibito bonoribus modo, Suet. Aug. 100; Tib. 34; Ner. 16; **11.** in Pl. Tr. 2, 1 read: Mille modis est ignorandus, procul habendus, apstinendus.

**ad-hibitio**, ōnis, f. application, medicaminis, 3, 49 f. G; p. 55, 15 Eyss.; cucurbitarum, Marc. Emp. 15. Mart. Cap. **ad-hinnio**, vb. neigh at or after, or neigh in answer to, equolam, Pl. Cist. fragm. ap. Mai. 19; Fortis equus uisae semper admittit equo, Ov. rem. am. 634; Femina cornipedi semper admittit equo, a. a. 1, 280; uirginis uoculas ad-hinnire, Apul. M. 6, 28; **2.** met. admissarins iste... sic ad illius orationem admittit ut... Cic. Pis. 69; feminas, Aug. Mor. Man. 2, 19; in Proserpiam, Aru. 4, 14; in matrem, in filiam, 5, 22.

**ad-horreo**? ēre, vb. shudder at, Albin. 1, 221 (dub.). **adhortāmen**, inis, u. matter for encouragement, Apul. flor. 4, 18, p. 85 Hild.

**adhortatio**, ōnis, f. encouragement, Cic. or. 2, 11; Liv. 4, 38, 4; Plin. 8, 159; Curt. 3, 11, 9; 7, 9, 9.

**adhortator**, ōris, m. one who encourages, operis, Liv. 2, 58, 7; 7, 32, 11; 9, 13, 2.

**adhortatus**, ūs, m. encouragement, Apul. mag. 102.

**adhortor**, ari, vb. refl. encourage, urge on, praeter quam res te adhortat tua, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 8; adhortor properent, Eun. 3, 5, 35; milites, Cic. Ph. 4, 11; te ad certam laudem, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 5; sese, Cat. 63, 85; nullo tribunorum adhortante, Tac. h. 1, 38; nullo in bellum adhortante, 3, 61, 1; Bruto adhortante, Suet. Iul. 81; add Tib. 50; Gai. 45.

**ad-hospitō**, āre, vb. entertain as a (foreign) guest, Dict. Cret. 1, 15 f.

**ad-hūc**, adv. [for ad-hūcē; like huc for hūcē or hōcē; cf. ad-ēo] to this, never simply of place; gen. of time, to this time, to this day, so far, as yet, Quod celatum atque occultatumst nsque adhuc, nunc non potest, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 10; neque recte adhuc fecisti umquam, Capt. 5, 2, 8; Heus quanta quanta haec mea paupertas est, tamen Adhuc curai unum hoc quidem ut mihi esset fides, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 11; non commoui me adhuc Thessalonica: sed iam extrudimur, Cic. Att. 3, 14, 2; adhuc semper tacui, Cic. or. 1, 119; neque adhuc hominum memoria reperit est quisquam qui... Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 3; neque enim... Ex infuuto iam tempore adhuc potuisset Immensi ualidas acui contemnere uires, Lucr. 5, 378; satis adhuc in Lusitaniae montibus pecora consectando nullum emolumentum laborum uidistis, Liv. 21, 43, 8; et adhuc ignōta precantur Flumina, Verg. 7, 136; Solūs adhuc ēgō sum uestris immuuis in oris, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 53; **2.** esp. of statements, so far, Conueniunt adhuc utriusque uerba, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 20; atque adhuc ea dixi...; nunc reliqua uideamus, Cic. flu. 4, 44; idem adhuc (dicit Zeno): audi reliqua et risum contine, si potes, 4, 71 (so Madvig); **3.** of what might well have ceased, yet still continues, still, yet, euen after, even now, even then, Ephesi regem est consecutus fluctuantem adhuc animo, Liv. 33, 49, 7; et istam Oro siquis adhuc precibus locus exue menteu, Verg. 4, 319; incoluni Augusta erat adhuc perflugium, Tac. an. 5, 3; quaeritur an post legem Furiam adhuc legis Apuleiae beneficium super sit, Gai. 3, 122; 2, 244; ipse pauculis adhuc diebus in Tusculano commorabor, Plin. ep. 4, 13, 1; Mart. 4, 89, 3; 7, 44, 2; 8, 3; Curt. 8, 6, 18; Quint. 1, 7, 22; **4.** also of what might well have been completed, yet is still imperfect, gangraeam si nondum plane tenet sed adhuc

incipit, Cels. 5, 26, 34; Expirantis adhuc scombri, Mart. 13, 102, 1; Ibat adhuc aptans umeris capitique leonem, Val. F. 8, 126; **5.** of a new condition of things, even then, still, quid si eum testaretur minus praestabat, plus mortis tempore? adhuc erit dicendum eam praestationem sequendam quae nouissima fuit, Ulp. dig. 34, 1, 14, 2; sed etsi defecerit condicio institutionis, adhuc tantundem..., 37, 4, 8, 5; adhuc inutilis est stipulatio, si quis..., Gai. 3, 102; sin ex pari coeant (sc. natura et doctrina), maius adhuc credam naturae esse momentum, Quint. 2, 19, 2; **6.** in later writers, in addition, still, nay more, esp. w. vbs. of addition, and w. et or atque, punctum est quod uiuimus, et adhuc—pueto minus, Sen. ep. 49, 3; nisi quod ipso adhuc terrae suae solo et caelo acrius animantur, Tac. G. 29; in neither of wh. does adhuc belong to comp.; unam rem adhuc adiciam, Sen. N. Q. 4, 8; his uerbis...; atque adhuc alibi, Quint. 2, 21, 6—and again; but in Pl. Truc. 5, 18 adhuc is not in mss; in Verg. 7, 136 it belongs to ignota, see § 1; **7.** also in later writers w. comp., either preceding, as: adhuc difficilior obseruatio est per tenores, Quint. 1, 5, 22; adhuc plus est nihil ex priuato, 7, 1, 25; simulacra faciebat (Phidias) ex aere. Si marmor illi, si adhuc uiliorem materiam obtulisses, fecisset, Sen. ep. 85, 40; alii ulterius...; alii adhuc ulterius, Gai. 3, 184; **8.** oftener w. comp. foll., Tereuti scripta sunt in hoc genere elegantissima et plus adhuc habitura gratiae si intra nersus trimetros stetissent, Quint. 10, 1, 99; 7, 2, 14; 8, 5, 20; 12, 10, 7; melius adhuc eae ciuitatis in quibus..., Tac. G. 19; Vis dare maius adhuc et incarrabile munus, Mart. 2, 10, 3; add Suet. Tib. 17 and 44; Ner. 10; **9.** so w. verbs of increase or change, still more, crescit hoc adhuc, Quint. 3, 8, 33; et adhuc augeri potest, 2, 16, 18; 5, 14, 18; **10.** w. gen., Philocrates ut adhuc locorum feci, faciam sedulo, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 25; **11.** in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 16 Momms. has cum tutore, not cum adhuc-tutore; but see his note.

**adhūcī-nē**, adv. w. interr. part. [adhucē older form of adhuc; w. one e; cf. hieue, scine;] what still? adhucine istum asinum iugi furore iactari credimus? Apul. M. 9, 3.

**ad-iāceo**, ēre, vb. lie near, ad eam regionem quae Adiacus adiacet (so BCD), Caes. b. c. 6, 33, 2; tota regione qua Tuscus ager Romano adiacet, Liv. 2, 49, 9; fines Romanos qua ex parte Etruriam (Etruriae?) adiacet, 7, 12, 6; qua nostro adiacet mari, ps. Liv. 26, 42, 4; adiacet nndis Facta manu moles, Ov. M. 11, 728; complexibus, Colum. 12, 1, 2; uallo, Tac. an. 1, 65; munitionibus, 4, 48; adiacet mollior (uia), Quint. 1, 6, 22; mare illud, ps. Nep. Tim. 2, 1; ad Syrtim, Mela 1, 7.

**ad-iācūlor**, ari, vb. refl. hurl at, hence adiaculatus as part. pass., fulgor, Mart. Cap. 169.

**ādiantum**, i, n. [ἀδιαντον not to be wetted] a fern, maiden-hair, aquas respuit, perfusum mersumue sicco simile est, Plin. 22, 62; 21, 100; 27, 49 and 138; 28, 163.

**adiāphōrus**, adj. =indifferens (Cic. fin. 3, 53), dolor, Varr. ap. Non. 2.

**ad-icio** (ad-icio\*, and s. § 13), ēre, cēi, iectus, vb. [iācio or icio] throw to or at, neque propter altitudinem (natiuum) facile telum adiciebatur, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 8; non longius aberant quam quo telum adici posset, 2, 21, 2; bnt in 4, 23, 3, and b. c. 3, 51, 8, mss have adigi; in b. c. 2, 34, 6; abici; in 3, 56, 2 abiectis (but in all. adici? adigi seems to mean to be driven home while still in the hand, as a sword); Parthus adiecit Armeniae manum—laid (violent) hands on—Vell. 2, 100, 1; si tu errori nostro albnm calculum adieceris, throw a white stone upon, i. e. forgive, Plin. ep. 1, 2, 5; **2.** hence met. of the eye or mind, cast (an eye or thought) on, esp. a longing one, give the mind to, first w. dat., Quasi militi animum adieceris simulare, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 35; amabilitati animum, Poen. 5, 4, 1; oculum hereditati, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 37; nouo consilio animum, Liv. 28, 33, 9; tu dictis adieci mentem, Ov. M. 14, 319; **3.** w. ad, Ad eorum ne quemquam oculos adiciat suos, Pl. As. 4, 1, 24; Ne hic ad (ad Ritschl, not mss) illam me animum adiecisse aliqua sentiat, Merc. 2, 2, 62; ad uirginem animum adiecit, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 63; enm ad omnia uestra oculos adieceris, Cic. agr. 2, 25; ad consilium prima specie temerarium animum adiecit,



Liv. 25, 37, 17; 4. w. adv. of motion to, ille qui in sacrificium cogitatum libidinem iutnilit quo ne imprudentiam quidem oculorum adici fas fuit, Cic. leg. 2, 36; 5. throw in addition, add, first phys. Adicit extremo lapides oriente petitos, Ov. M. 7, 266; quid uirus in anguis Adicis, a. a. 3, 7; succos Adicis, 14, 276; sextario aquae dodrantem mellis adiciunt (for form see Schneider's index, v. adicere), Colum. 12, 12, 3; in lixiuae sextarios decem salis tres cyathos adiciant, 12, 16, 3; in urceolos, 12, 16, 4; in uinum, 12, 21, 1; sic ut ei (sc. aquae) sulphur quoque adiciatur, Cels. 4, 3 (2); 6. in Curt. seems also to mean, fasten, attach, huic (sc. uallo) loricae pinnae adiecit, Caes. b. g. 7, 72, adiectis funium laqueis euasere, 7, 11, 15, capiti (of Alexander's corpse) adiecta fortuuae eius insignia, 10, 10, 13; 7. gen. tantum te gratiae demere, quantum morae adicis, poet. com. ap. Sen. benef. 2, 5, 2; ad (bellicum) laudem doctrinae gloriam adiecit, Cic. off. 1, 116; piscatorias (naues) adiecerant, Caes. b. c. 2, 4, 2; non magna adiecta planitie, b. g. 3, 1, 5; Aegyptum imperio populi (Romani) adieci, mon. Ancyr. 5, 24; morem ritusque sacrorum Adiciam, Verg. 12, 837; Adiecere bonae panlo plus artis Athenae, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 43; coacti sunt binos equites adicere (so F, as also in 10, 7, 10; Madv. adicere), Liv. 4, 52, 7; tantum adiciunt (so Halm) gratiae, Quint. 11, 3, 4; si modus adiceretur (so Halm), Tac. an. 3, 6; 8. absol. add (in words), say in addition, adiciens\* (so Kritz) nunquam defuturos lupos, Vell. 2, 27, 2; adiecerat Tiberius... non defuturum corrigendi auctorem, Tac. an. 2, 33 f.; adiecto trepidam sibi uitam, 4, 70 f.; 4, 21; 9. so of a higher offer in buying, supra adiecit Aeschrio, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 77; licet nenditori meliore allata condicione adicere posteriori, nisi prior paratus sit plus adicere (so Momms.), Paul. dig. 18, 2, 7; 10. absol. gen., quicquid non adiecit prioribus, detrahere uidetur, Quint. 6, 1, 29; add 10, 2, 9; magnitudini Pori adicere\* (so Zumpt) uidebatur belua qua uehebatur, Curt. 8, 14, 13; 11. for refl. add (themselves), Ter centum adiciunt, mens omnibus una sequendi, Verg. 10, 182; 12. for long qty. of adicio, cf. cōicio, obicio, sūbicio, and Gell. 4, 17; 13. late writers make the first syl. short, Nil adiecit penso Lachesis, Mart. 4, 54, 9; add 10, 82, 1; proclamatque adici ceruicibus Atlas, Stat. 7, 4.

**adiectamentum**, i, n. an addition, opp. to pars, Iavol. dig. 5, 16, 242.

**adiectio**, ōnis, f. addition, increase, populi Albani, Liv. 1, 30, 6; caloris, Sen. ep. 109, 9; familiarum, Tac. h. 1, 78, 1; hominum quam pecuniarum, Paul. dig. 48, 20, 7, 3; Vitr. 3, 2, 13 and 3, 3, 5; 2. an additional clause, illam adiectionem, uter eorum uolet, supernuacuum puto, Proc. dig. 28, 5, 70 (69); Gal. 4, 126; 3. esp. an addition to a bidding, paulatim illiberali adiectione... ad C talenta est perductus, Liv. 38, 14, 14; inter primam licitationem et sequentem adiectionem, Paul. dig. 49, 14, 50; add 4, 4, 35; 6, 1, 41; 18, 2, 17; 4. in rhet., repetition or anaphora, as: Corydon, Corydon; or bona, bona inquam Cn. Pompei, Quint. 9, 3, 28 ff.; 9, 3, 55; 5. in gram., an adjective, haec a quibusdam adiectiones uocantur, ut magnus, Charis. 156, 16 K; add Diom. 323, 5.

**adiectiuus**, adj. [adiectus] of the class adiecti or adiecta, a. positiones, Prisc. 2, 146 K, adjectives; a. uomina, 1, 83, 17; 2. adiectiuum as sb. n. an adjective, a. est quod adiectur propriis uel appellatiuis, 1, 60, 6; a. quod Gracci επιθετον uocant, Macr. s. 1, 4, 9.

**adiectus**, ūs, m. throwing to or at, impulse, nostros adiectu tangere tactus, Lucr. 1, 689; odoris, 4, 673; 2. addition, insertion, cuneorum adiectus aut exemptus, Vitr. 9, 9, 6.

**ād-igo**, ēre, ēgi, actus, vb. [ago] drive to, as first; of sheep etc., quis hoc est Negoti? amabo quis huc ouis adegit? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 2; Eadem duo greges uirgarum inde ulnearum adegero, Ps. 1, 3, 99; lactentes (uitulos) ad eas inuane adigi oportet, Varr. r. 2, 5, 16; pecore ex longinquioribus uicis adacto, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 3; 2. drive to, iu a more vague sense, push on to, mox noctu te adigent horsum insomnia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 13; bring to, turri adacta, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 6; Quis deus Italiam, quae uos dementia adegit,

Verg. 9, 601; dum adiguntur naues, Tac. an. 2, 7; ceteras nauium per aestuaria adegit, 11, 18; classem Byzantium adigi iusserat, b. 2, 83; 3, 47; 3. esp. hurl to, of darts etc., tumulum qui tantum aberat ut telum tormento (lect. dub.) missum adigi non posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 51, 8; adigat me fulmine ad umbras, Verg. 4, 25; 4. drive w. all one's force (the idea of to not seen), praecipitemque inmani turbine adegit, Verg. 6, 594; miribus cnsis adactus Transabiit costas, 9, 431; sagitta Incertum qua pulsa manu, quo turbine adacta, 12, 320; ferro per pectus adacto, Ov. M. 6, 271; pilum sub oculo adactum, Plin. 8, 20; cuneus arbori adactus, 25, 14; adactae tormentis hastae, Tac. h. 4, 23 f.; and perh. In faciem prorae pinus adacta (forced) nouae, Prop. 4 (3), 22, 14; 5. met. drive to, compel, urge on, Vtinam me diui adaxint (=adagerint) ad suspendium, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 11; adigis me ad insaniam, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 31; adigit (so Boot from Bose's cj.; mss adicit) ita Pomponia, Cic. Att. 10, 9, 3; ad mortem, Tac. an. 12, 22 f.; Suet. Aug. 17; cupidine adigebatur Nero, Tac. an. 15, 33; adactis per uim gubernatoribus, Tac. Ag. 28; 6. w. iusiurandum etc., compel to take an oath, bind by an oath, iusiurandum eos adigebat—to take an oath—Cinc. Al. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; idem i. adigit Afranium, i. e. to take an oath, sc. dicere, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 3; prouinciam in sua uerba i. a., 2, 18, 5; eum i. adigebant, Liv. 43, 15, 8; (signa) mandantur iusiurandum adactis, Sen. ep. 95, 35; add Ter. Clem. dig. 40, 9, 32; Gell. 6 (7), 18, 2; 4, 20, 3 (wh. read adigebat, for agebat of Hertz); omnibus iureiurando (al. ad i.) adactis, Caes. b. g. 7, 67, 1; a. sacramento, Liv. 7, 9, 6; a. iureiurando, 10, 38, 9; libertum iureiurando a., Paul. dig. 37, 14, 6, 2; ad i. adigeret, Sal. Cat. 22, 1; sacramento Othous a., Tac. h. 1, 76; Suet. Galb. 16; Flor. 1, 36, 13 (3, 1); 7. so w. in nerba (s. Caes. 2, 18, 5 above), adiurat in quae adactus est uerba, Liv. 7, 5, 6; neque se neque quemquam in uerba Galliarum a., Tac. h. 4, 61; add 4, 70; Plin. pan. 64; in nerba Vespasiani, Suet. Vesp. 6; 8. and absol. barbaro ritu uniuersos adigit, Tac. h. 4, 15; 9. akin to preceding is to bind in other ways, as Bisque ingo Rhenum, bis adactum legibus Istrum, Stat. Th. 1, 19; arbitrum adigo, compel to go before an arbitrator, drive to arbitration, arbitrum illum adegit (sc. adire), quidquid..., Cic. off. 3, 66; finibus regundis..., pluuiarum arcendae a. arbitrum, Cic. top. 41; add Rosc. com. 25; 10. w. inf. compel to, haec limina tendere adegit, Verg. 6, 696; 7, 113; Ov. am. 3, 6, 30; adegit Parthos mittere ad principem preces, Tac. an. 11, 10 f.; Silanus mori adigitur, 15, 35; Sil. 2, 473; Stat. Th. 4, 531; 11. in Lucr. 5, 1225 mss adactum, wh. is perh. right (filled up); Lachm. and Munro adultum, in 3, 922, adiecit L and M.

**ād-imo**, ēre, ēmi, emptus (emptus) vb. [ad=an=awa away + imo take; cf. *aw-apeaw*] take off, take away, w. dat. of pers., ut istas conpedis Tibi adimam, huic dem, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 31; neu suum adimerem alteri, Tr. 2, 2, 42; Adimit animam mihi aegritudo, 4, 3, 84; hinc adimerent animam cito, Mil. 3, 1, 137; neue equom adimito, CIL 198, 28; tunica adimetur, Titin. 139 R; Qui saepe propter inuidiam adimunt diniti, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 46; hanc nisi mors adimet nemo, Andr. 4, 2, 14; pecuniam si cuipiam fortuna ademit, Cic. Quinct. 49; aditum litoris Syracusanis ademerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 85; ingens cui lumen ademptum, Verg. 3, 658; Vincula pars adimunt canibus, Ov. M. 8, 332; arua adimi militibus, Liv. 22, 44, 6; prospectu adempto, 10, 32, 6; 2. absol. of death, take off, Deos quasco ut adimant et patrem et matrem meos, Naev. 95 R; Mysten ademptum, Hor. od. 2, 9, 10; ademptus Hector, 2, 4, 10; fure igitur lacrimas Celso libamus adempto, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 41; also, tanquam fato adempti, Plin. pr. 27; 3. ademit=ademerit, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 27.

**ād-impleo**, ēre, vb. (ad=an=awa?) fill up or quite full, Firmic. err. prof. p. 10; 2. met. fulfil, complete, carry out, uenditionem, Paul. dig. 18, 1, 57; id quod promisit, id. 26, 7, 43, 1; libertates (seruorum), cod. Iust. 7, 2, 15, 3.

**adimpletio**, ōnis, f. fulfilment, Tert. Marc. 5, 17; add monog. 5; Lact. 4, 20.



**adimpletor**, oris, m. one who fulfils, Aug. temp. serm. 144. 3.

**ad-īndo**, ēre, vb. put on in addition, subsuces, Cato r. 18. 9.

**ad-īngēro**, ēre, vb. heap on in addition, satiram in aliquem, fragm. Sisen. ap. Serv.

**ad-īnquiro**, ēre, vb. search after in addition, Iul. Valer. Alex. M. 1 Mai.

**ad-īnuēnio**, īre, nēni, uentus, vb. invent, postea id genus poenae adiuentum est, Callist. dig. 48, 19, 28; Serv. A. 6, 603;

**2.** adiuentum... as sb. n. an invention, Tert. Gnost. 1. **ādīnuentio**, ōnis, f. Modest. in Pand. x. 27, tit. 1, de excusat. leg. 6, 3; Vulg. Iudic. 2, 19.

**ādīnuentor**, ōris, m. transl. of εφευερτης (Rom. 1, 30), Cyprian. ep. 68, 10.

**ad-īnuicem** = inuicem, Aug. Trin. 7, 12.

**ādīp-ālis**, e, adj. of fat, unguine, Arn. 3, p. 115.

**ādīp-ātus**, quasi-part. dressed with fat, pultem, Iulic. ap. Char. 94, 16 K; **2.** as sb. m. adipatus (sc. panis), pastry, = opus pistorium, ib.; **3.** as sb. f. adipata, the same, ib.; **4.** as sb. n. same, Liuida materno feruent adipata ueneno, Iuv. 10, 631; Gloss.

**ad-īpiscor**, ei, eptus, vb. refl. [apiscor] get hold of—esp. overtake by running, Nam ut apud portum te conspexi curriculo occipi (so A) sequi: Vix adipiscendi potestas modo fuit, Pl. Ep. 1, 1, 13; facile adepti fessos, Liv. 2, 30, 14; agnen adipisci non potuit, 2, 64, 4; add 24, 1, 11; 44, 28, 13; **2.** gen. get hold of, get, obtain, attain to, Nuptias efulgere ego istas malo quam tu adipiscier (G. 2 m. apiscier), Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 32; bis iudicium adipiscier (so A and all mss; Benth. ej. apiscier), Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 59; hoc... quod ius publicum est, 2, 3, 65; senectus quam ut adipiscantur omnes optant, eandem acasant adeptam, Cic. sen. 4; (honores) a populo R., Cic. Clu. 118; magistratus, Cic. off. 1, 72; laudem, 1, 63; hanc adepti uictoriam, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 4; add Sal. Cat. 11, 7; 39, 4; 61, 7; quae petebant, Iug. 77, 4; ius nostrum adipiscamur, Liv. 1, 32, 10; Ciris, et a tonso est hoc nomen adepta capillo, Ov. M. 8, 151; tutelam adipiscuntur, Gai. 1, 175; possessionem, Ulp. 5, 3, 25, 5; **3.** adeptus part. often as pass. adepta libertate, Sal. Cat. 7, 3; adeptam uictoriam, Iug. 101, 9; adepto principatu, Tac. an. 1, 7; **4.** in Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 23 Fleek. apiscier; in Rud. pr. 17 apisci; in Tr. 2, 2, 86 Ritschl (w. A) apiscitur.

**adipsatheon**, i, n. a low thorny shrub, Plin. 24, 112.

**ādīpsos**, i, adj. as sb. f. [α-δῖψος not thirsty] the plant liquorice (glycyrrhiza), Plin. 22, 26; **2.** a kind of palm-tree, 12, 103.

**ādīti-ālis**, e, adj. of admission or entrance, esp. to a priesthood, primus (pauones) agurali aditiali cena posuisse dicitur, Varr. r. 3, 6, 6; cena, Sen. ep. 95, 41; 123, 4; Plin. 10, 45; epulae, 29, 58.

**ādītīcula**, ae, f. dim. [ill-formed fm. aditus m.] a small entrance, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 3, 70.

**ādītīcūlus**, i, m. dim. the same, ap. Fest.

**ādītio**, ōnis, f. [adeo vb.] going or coming to, approach, access, Quid tibi huc uentios? Quid tibi hanc aditios? right to come near, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 61; praetoris, going in person to him, opp. to nuntiatio, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 2;

**2.** esp. entrance on an inheritance, Paul. 8, 1, 18; Papin. 50, 17, 77.

**ad-īto**, āre, vb. freq. go to again and again, Enn. ap. Diom. 345, 1 K.

**ādītus**, ūs, m. going or coming to, approach, access, eas si adeas abitum quam aditum malis, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 35; cuius aditum expectans peruixi usque aduac, Acc. ap. Non. 238, 2; aditus ad pastum, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; quorum abitu aut aditu mutatoque ordine mutant Naturam res, Luer. 1, 677; huc aditum ferat Dux honac' Veneris, Cat. 61, 43; quo neque sit uentis aditus, Verg. G. 4, 9; ut liceat ei itum aditum ambitum...habere, inscr. Or. 4511, etc.; **2.** the right of way to, called in law a seruitus, aditus in id sacrum non est uiris, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 99; sine tantum laurienti (ius habebit), inesse et aditum, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 3, 3; si usus fructus legetur, necesse est ut sequatur eum aditus, 7, 6, 1, 1; aditum mihi non debet, and soon: heres cogitur

redimere aditum, 30, 44, 9; **3.** a way to, an approach, si te...primo aditu uestibuloque prohibuerint, Cic. Caec. 35; si modo insulam adisset et...loca portus aditus cognouisset, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 2; spargit aquis aditus, Ov. F. 6, 157;

**4.** approach to a person, access, aditus ad enm difficileior, Cic. Att. 15, 8, 1; fam. 6, 13, 3; faciles aditus ad cum priuatorum, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 41; Difficiles aditus primos habet, Hor. s. 1, 9, 56; superbae aures, rari aditus, Liv. 24, 5, 5; **5.** met. a road to, a path to, an opening, entrance, qui annus ei primus aditum ad summam auctoritatem dabat, Cic. or. 3, 7; uestibula honesta aditusque ad causam faciet illustres, Cic. or. 50; qui aliuem sermonis aditum eausamque amicitiae cum Cicero habebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 1; per quem aditum commendationis haberet ad Caesarem, b. e. 1, 74, 5.

**ad-īūbeo**, ēre, vb. order in addition, adiubeat (so B; al. adiunet, edd. ut inbeat) ferri in nauim si quid imponi nclit, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 50; Inbe ad te ueniam meridiatum, Et si iuseris, illud adnubet (mss adiunato) Ne quis liminis obscret tabellam, Cat. 32, 4.

**adiūdicātio**, ōnis, f. judicial decision in favour of one, adjudication, adiudicationes et condemnationes, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 36; factis adiudicationibus, Papin. 28, 5, 79 (78); add 3, 3, 42, 6; **2.** the right of adjudicating, a. est ea pars formulae qua permittitur iudici rem...adiudicare, Gai. 4, 42.

**ad-īūdico** (old ad-ioud.), āre, vb. declare judicially to be the property of, adjudge, award, (quod eius) agri ex h(ace) l(ege) adiudicari licetbit, CIL 200, 62; Tūst legio (so mss): adiudicatio cum cutro (utro mss) hanc noctem sies, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 6; regnum Ptolemaeo, Cic. agr. 2, 44; ipsam Veneri in seruitutem, Cic. Caecil. 56; aud met.: Antonione au Bruto legiones populi R. adiudicaret, Cic. Ph. 10, 12; cui magistratum, Caes. b. g. 7, 37, 1; sibi controuersiosam rem, Liv. 3, 72, 5; **2.** more beyond legal sphere, mihi salutem imperii, declared due to me, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 7; si quid abest Italii...armis, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 57; optimum saporem ostreis Lucrinis, Plin. 9, 168.

**ad-īūgo**, āre, vb. [ad prob. = *aua*] hold up (vines) by cross bars of wood (iuga), yoke up so to say, palmites, Colum. 4, 17, 6; pampinos adingatae (uifi) detergere, Plin. 17, 175; **2.** met. Mater [est] terra [ea] parit[at] corpus: animam (ei) acter (mss mater or ater) adiugat (corr. partly by T11K), Pacuv. ap. Non. 75, 11; Blandam hortatricem adiugat uoluptatem (pron. uouip.) - - - , ib.

**adiūgus**, adj. [ad iugum] yoked to, Venant. Fort. 8, 39.

**adiūmentum**, i, n. [adiuuo] a support, an aid or help, Plus adiumenti addis (so Kiessling Rh. M. 1869, p. 120; mss ades or des), quam ille qui numquam etiam natus est, Pl. Ep. 3, 1, 15; Nihil aderat adiumentum ad pulcritudinem, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 55; quod mihi consuevit esse adiumento, id... Cic. Quinct. 4; adiumentum rerum gerendam, Cic. off. 1, 72; consulatus, Cic. Mnr. 38; ignaniae, Sal. Iug. 45, 2; Esse duo iuuenes firma adiumentā parentis, Ov. Pont. 4, 13, 31.

**adiunctio**, ōnis, f. yoking on to, addition, omnes sententias simplices in quibus uulla inest uirtutis adiunctio..., Cic. fin. 2, 39; quasdam cum adiunctione necessitudines, quasdam simplices, Cic. inv. 2, 171; adiunctiones quas fundo legato testator ex diuersis emptionibus adplicauerat..., Paul. sent. 3, 6, 69; **2.** of feelings, attachment, union, si haec non est nulla potest homini esse ad hominem naturae adiunctio, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 4; a. animi ac uoluntas, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 21; **3.** in rhet. the reservation of an important word or phrase to the close of a clause, deflorescit formae dignitas—aut morbo aut neustate, or aut m. aut u. f. d.—deflorescit, Corn. 4, 38; adiunctio (without explan.), Cic. or. 3, 206—quoted by Quint. 9, 1, 33.

**adiunctiuus**, adj. of the class adiuncti or -a, attached, additive, rectori prouinciae Sannii adiunctinae, inscr. Cotugno's Mem. di Ven. 200; **2.** in gramm. modus, sub-iunctive, Diom. 340, 24; (coniunctio) adiunctiuus: ut inoueat, ambulat, Prisc. 2, 95, 4.

**adiunctor**, ōris, m. one who adds, ille Galliae interioris a., Cic. Att. 8, 3, 3.

**ad-īungo**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. yoke on to (as beasts of draught), yoke with, Adiunxere feras, quia quamuis efera proles

Officiis debet molliri nicta parentum, Lucr. 2, 604; postello adiungere mures, Hor. s. 2, 3, 247; tauros aratro, Tib. 1, 9, 7; aues, Ov. am. 1, 2, 26; tigres, a. a. 1, 550; but in (vell. 20, 1, 28 iunctis; 2. of vines (perh. in ref. to iuga so used), ulmisque adinngere uitis, Verg. G. 1, 2; tenebram palis adiungere uitem, Tib. 1, 7, 33; 3. gen. attach, unite, first of phys. or nat. uniu. (esp. in perf. part.), os adiunctis naribus..., and soon: arteria...ostium habet adiunctum linguae radieibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 134; huic fundo continentia quaedam praedia atque adiuncta mercurat, Cic. Cacc. 11; hanc (domum) Scaurus demolitus accessionem adiunxit aedibus, Cic. off. 1, 138; Verg. 9, 69; 4. w. acc. of persons, attach, as in friendship, quam ad probos propiuitate proxime te adiunxeris, Tam optimumst, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 59; quom beneficio adiungas, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 47; add 5, 8, 4; si te mea erga te studia parum mihi adiunxerint, Cic. fam. 5, 7, 2; quem regia coniuux Adiuungi generum miro propraerat amore, Verg. 7, 57; 5. attach, as a companion, party, etc., socium tibi eum, Cic. Quinct. 12; te socium, Cic. flu. 2, 9; 6. w. abstr. acc., eoueiliate, win, Concorditatem hospitio adiunctam perpetem Probitate conseruetis, Pacuv. ap. Non. 88, 20; imperium quod amicitia adiungit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 42; benivolentiam adiungit, lenitate audiendi, Cic. Mur. 41; magnus honos populi R. rebns adinngitur, Cic. Arch. 22; fam. 2, 6, 4; 7. a. se or animum, attach oneself, mct., Vt animum ad aliquod studium adiungat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 29; significatio uirtutis...ad quam se similis animus adhaeret et adiungat, Cic. am. 48; add ad hanc elegantiam uerborum adiungit illa ornamenta dicendi, Cic. Br. 261; ad summum imperium etiam acerbitatem naturae adiungere, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 37; 8. esp. of words, His adiungit, Hylan..., Verg. B. 6, 43; hoc factis adiunge prioribus unum, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 83; satis erit dictum si hoc unum adiunxero, ps. Nep. Epan. 10, 4; 9. a. fidem, attach credit to, believe, commentionis rebns, Cic. div. 2, 113; uisis non omnibus, Cic. ac. 1, 41; 10. adiunctus part. as adj. connected, ut ad ea quae propiora huiusae causae et adiunctiora sint, Cic. Clu. 30; ad ueram et adiunctissimam questionem, Arnob. 7, p. 243; 11. adiuncta as sb. n. pl. connected matters, Cic. top. 71.

**adiuratio**, ōnis, f. swearing to, confirming by an oath, Apul. M. 2, 20 f.; Laet. inst. 2, 17.

**adiurātor**, ōris, m. one who swears to, or evokes by adjuration, Alcim. 2, 312.

**adiurātōr-ius**, adj. of one sworn, cautio, cod. Th. 12 26, 4, 2; add 12, 39, 3.

**ad-iūro**, āre, vb. swear to, confirm by oath, Per Iouem deosque omnis adiuro uxor (satin hoc est tibi?) Me isti non misisse, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 52; ib. 92; Cist. 2, 3, 27 add 40; Per omnis tibi adiuro deos numquam eam me deserturum, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 11; Hec. 2, 2, 26; hoc nemini acedisse, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 8, 1; Phil. 2, 9; ut praeter communo omnium cinium iusiurandum haec adiurarent, Liv. 43, 14, 5;

2. so far w. acc. and inf., rarely w. ut, Vt tua iam uirgils latera lacerentur probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 10; 3. w. a mere acc. of that by which, adiuro teque tuumque caput, Cat. 66, 40; Adinro Stygii caput implacabile fontis, Verg. 12, 816; α. ομνυμι θεους etc. Στυγιοσ υδωρ; 4. beg with solemn oath, adjure, w. acc. of person, adiuratum esse Tacitum ut optinuum aliquem principem, Vopise. Flor. 14, 1.

**adiūtābilis**, e, adj. calculated to aid, date operam adiutabilem, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 8.

**adiūto** (old adiouto), āre vb. frq. [adiūto] lift (one) up, give (one) a lift, Face ut aduurbam, accede, adiuta: sic decet puerperam, Pl. True. 2, 5, 25; 2. lighten (a burden), Tu peris curre, Parmeno, obuiam, atque his honera adiuta, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 24; and met. neque... Quisquam aderat qui adiutaret funus, Ph. 1, 2, 49; 3. hence met. give (one) a lift, assist, aid, illum adiuto, Pl. True. 2, 7, 8; add Cas. 4, 3, 9; qui tou(au te) pacem petit adiouta, CIL 1290; Nec quid agam certumst, Pauphilumne adiutem an auscultem seni, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 4; Eun. 1, 2, 70; Haut. 3, 1, 7; 3, 2, 35; Ad. pr. 16; Ph. pr. 35; 4. unexampled is, iuiquam uoluntatem adiutemus, Gell. 1, 3, 13; 5. idiom of § 2 accounts for dat. of person in: adiuta militi, Pacuv.

ap. Don. Ad. pr. 16; nobis adiutasses, Petron. 62; Deus adiuta Romanis, nuni. Heracl. ap. Eckhel 8, 233; 6. as pass. adiutamur, Lucr. 1, 812.

**adiutor**, ari, vb. refl. give a lift, assist, aid, adiutamini et defendite, Pacuv. ap. Non. 74, 1; illum quaeso qui adiutatur, Pacuv. ap. Non. 477, 25; Nec si paulo minus usura est magna, adiutatur diu, Lucil. ib.; agite et me adiutamini, Afran. ib.

**adiutor**, ōris, m. one who lifts, hence one useful as an aid in carrying burdens, Ego illi deam ut me adiutorem qui onus feram ad portum, roget, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 54; Duc adiutores tecum ad nauim qui ferant, 4, 7, 20; 2. gen. one who aids, an assistant, abettor, Tun es adiutor nunc amanti filio? Pl. As. 1, 1, 42; add Ep. 5, 2, 11; Cas. 3, 5, 66; summa sumpti...praeter adiutores, Cato r. 21, 5; Set opus est mihi Phormioneum ad hanc rem adiutorem dari. Praestot: audacissime oneris (note thlis) quiduis inpoue, hic (so A) feret, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 27; Haut. 5, 1, 2; Ad. 1, 2, 66; 5, 9, 10; eo plures ad benigne faciendum adiutores habebunt, Cic. off. 2, 53; Att. 8, 3, 3; N. D. 1, 17; se adiutore nantur, Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 8; add b. c. 1, 7, 1; quis adiutoribus regem aggressus, Sal. Ing. 80, 3; adiutor consili, Liv. 33, 43, 5; adiutores triumuiris quinqueuiri, 39, 14, 10; a. tutelae, Pompon. dig. 26, 1, 13, 1; 3. various officers so called, a. a. ratiouibus, inser. Or. 32; a. officii corniculariorum, 1251; a. a. sacris, 2847; a. ab actis, 2887.

**adiutor-iūm**, adj. n. as sb. an aid, adiutoria senectutis, Colum. 12 pr. 1; eius belli, Vell. 2, 112, 4; ignis, Sen. ep. 31, 5; neque egebit adiutorio manum...regentis, Quint. 1, 1, 27; iuris, 3, 6, 83 etc.

**adiutrix**, icis, f. adj. or sb. f. one who assists, assistant, Is rem paternam me adiutrice perdidit, Pl. Tr. pr. 13; add Poet. 5, 2, 13; matres omnes filidis In peccato adiutrices, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 39; add Eun. 5, 2, 46 etc.; eandem rem aduersariam esse in iudicio quae in petitione fuisset adiutrix, Cic. Plane. 1; Tuque Hecate...adintrix uenis, Ov. M. 7, 195; 2. esp. title of honour for legions, qui militauerunt in legioni (sic) i adiutrice, inser. Or. 737; trib. leg. 1 adintricis, 3155 etc.

**adiūtus**, ūs, m. aid, only in abl., unius adiutu, Maer. s. 7, 7, 5.

**ad-iūuo**, āre, -iūni, -iūtus, iūtūrus or -iūnātūrus, vb. [ad up, iūuo lift] lit. lift up; cf. Ov. Iuv. in § 9;—hence met. assist, aid, w. acc. of person, Nilne adiuuare me andes? Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 76; ubi tu tunm amicum adiuuas, Pers. 4, 4, 62; Rhodieusque Perseu publice nunquam adiuuere, Cato orig. 23, 13 Jord.; O Tite si quid te adiuero (miss adiuuero) curamme leuasso, Enn. an. 339 V; Di me etsi perdunt, tamen esse adiutum expetunt (miss petunt) Pac. 206 R; Vt me adiuues in hac re, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 10; 3, 3, 4; qui iu filiarum collocatioue adiuuauit, Cic. off. 2, 55; si pauet adiuarent, Sal. Cat. 43, 3; clamore adiutant militem suum, Liv. 1, 25, 9,—assist by encouraging;

2. esp. of divine assistance, Di me quidem omnes adiuuant, argent, amant, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 27; Ep. 2, 2, 8; Amph. pr. 2; Capt. 4, 2, 79; As. pr. 15; fortis Fortuna adiuuat, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 26; 3. w. abl. of means, factis, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 7; auxilio, Ps. 4, 1, 1; Rud. 1, 4, 37; opulenta, Pl. 12; opera, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 3; consilio, Haut. 5, 2, 89; auxiliis et copiis, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 6; auxiliis, Liv. 29, 5, 6; cymbalis, Quint. 11, 3, 59; praecipitis 2, 15, 32; 4. w. acc. of non-living and abstr. nouns, assist, promote, increase, second, encourage, Hei mihi etiam tu quoque huius adiuuas insaniam, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 166; hanc rem, Mil. 3, 2, 57; id spero adiuturos deos, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 42; delectum, Cic. Att. 7, 14, 2; maerorem orationis meae lacrimis, Cic. or. 2, 196; omnium gentium consensus, Cic. fam. 16, 10, 2; errorem, Cic. Att. 12, 43, 1; ignem, Liv. 34, 39, 10; Ov. M. 10, 641; flammam, Sil. 7, 354; aquas, Luc. 2, 217; ferrum, 3, 725; hastam, Sil. 4, 291; telum, 5, 326; concoctionem, Plin. 20, 64; messim, Gell. 2, 29, 7; 5. w. abstr. nom. or as impers., In re mala animo si bono utare, adiuuat, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 8; palaestra histrionem, Cic. or. 14; ad uerum probandum auctoritatem adiuuare, Cic. Quinct. 75; solitudo, Cic. Att. 12, 14, 3; humilitas, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 3; nisi nos eibus...Adiuuet, Lucr. 1, 810;



6. or quod w. indic., as nom., quod Liger crenerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 10; add b. c. 1, 69, 2; 7. w. inf. as obj., adiuuat (mas) incubare, aids by taking part in sitting, Plin. 11, 85; 8. in pass. si litteris adiuuantur, Cic. Arch. 16; Quint. 2, 21, 22; 4, 2, 88; 9. esp. in perf. part., pennis adiutus amoris—lifted on or aided by—Ov. M. 1, 540; so nullis adiuta coluthurnis, Iuv. 6, 506; 10. as pass. impers., a me pro uirili parte dietum et adiutum fuerit, Incerti ad Caes. de rep. 1, 8, 10; 11. the second n at times dropt in some forms of perf., Nunc Venerem hanc uenereur bonam ut nos lepide adiuicit hodie, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 16; Enn. in § 1; qui me dudum ut dixi adiuicit (yet Bemb. etc. adiuuerit), Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 4; and perh. even in Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 3 we should read: Vbi se adiuat, ibi me adiuat (prou. adiuuat)—wh. mss aduat, Grut. adiuuat; others adleuat, a vb. not found before Cic.; 12. w. ad, quam ad rem, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 3; ad bellum, Liv. 29, 1, 18; add 27, 15, 9; 13. w. in, in id, Quint. 2, 8, 3; in haec, 11, 3, 179; 14. w. ut, ut nomen consequeremur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; 15. in late wr. adiuuaturus, Petr. 18; adiuauerit (al. al.) Paul. dig. 40, 2, 15, 1.

**ad-lacrīmo**, āre, vb. burst into tears? or weep at? only in part., adlacrimans, Verg. 10, 628; Apul. M. 10, 3.

**ad-luctor**, āri, vb. wrestle against or with, adluctantem mihi fortunam superarem, Apul. M. 11, 12; adluctari (ei) et etiam saltare (= προσπαλαίειν αὐτῷ καὶ μὴν καὶ ορχεῖσθαι, Lucian. 48), 10, 17.

**ad-mātūro**, āre, vb. a dub. read. in Caes. b. g. 7, 54, 2.

**ad-meo**, āre, vb. go to, Paul. Nol. 17, 119.

**ad-mētōr**, īri, mensus, vb. refl. measure out to, uinum emtoribus, Cato. r. 154 and 158, 2; frumentum illi ex area, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 73; gratuitum frumentum copiis eius admensus, Curt. 8, 12, 6; add Gai. dig. 18, 1; 35, 5; Paul. 18, 1, 40, 2.

**ad-mīgro**, āre, vb. intr. move from an old abode to, Nam ad paupertatem si admigrant infamiae, Grauior paupertas fit, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 19.

**ad-mīniculābundus**, adj. leaning upon, itin. Alex. 21 ed. Mai.

**ad-mīniculātor**, ōris, m. one to lean upon, a helpmate, Gell. 7, 3, 8.

**ad-mīnicūlo**, āre, vb. [admicinicum], support by props (admicinula), prop up, admicinulae iugandaeque uineae, Colum. 4, 26, 1; uitem admicinulato arborique iungito, Colum. arb. 16, 4; 2. met. support, back, second, admicinulaui tuam uoluntatem scribendo, Varr. ap. Non. 77, 11; bonum uitam admicinulantes, Censor. 3, 4; id ex Homericis uersibus admicinulari potest, Gell. 2, 30, 6; ex ipsa lege Iulia...admicinulati sumus, 14, 2, 1; 3. in gramm. (uerba) admicinulandi, those wh. have neither cases nor tenses, ap. Varr. l. 8, 23.

**ad-mīniculor**? āri, vb. refl. prop up (vines), Cic. fin. 5, 39—wh. w. one ms Madv. Or. Halm have admicinulet.

**ad-mīn-icūlum**, i, n. [ad up? min of emineo, promineo?] a prop or support for vines etc., uites clauiculis admicinula tamquam manibus adprehendunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; admicinulorum ordines, Cic. seu. 53; nisi a. tenerae (uiti) contributoris prorepens pampinus terrae se applicabit, Colum. 5, 5, 8; niti admicinula addenda quae scandat, Plin. 17, 215; illis (arboribus) quas aliqua deprauauit causa, admicinula quibus dirigantur adplicent, Sen. clem. 2, 7, 4; 2. met., ad legionem quom it(ur) Admicinulum eis danunt (sc. parentes) tum iam aliquem cognatum suum, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 49; res [quibus agri coluntur] diuidunt...in homines et admicinula hominum (oxen, ploughs, etc.), Varr. r. 1, 17, 1; hanc partem explebimus nullis admicinulis, sed, ut dicitur, Marte nostro, Cic. off. 3, 34; am. 88; quo admicinulo erecta erat (urbs), eodem innixa stetit, Liv. 1, 6, 4; 5, 22, 6; 21, 36, 7; admicinula gubernandi, Plin. 7, 209; 11, 162; grauissimos principis labores...egere admicinulis, Tac. an. 12, 5; 14, 54.

**ad-mīnister**, tri, m. helper, helpmate, assistant, uictus cotidiani a., Cic. Rosc. Am. 77 Ioui (augurem) consiliarium atque administrum datum, Cic. leg. 3, 43; cupiditatum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 136; 2, 2, 69; audaciae, Cic. Cat. 1, 7; Quinet. 80; adiuuistris ad ea sacrificia Druidibus utuntur, Caes.

b. g. 6, 16, 2; consiliorum, Sal. Iug. 29; turribus opus et admiuistros lutari, 76, 4; 74, 1.

**ad-mīnīstra**, ae, f. helper, assistant, Camillo = admiuistra, ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 321 Sp.; 2. met. artes huius admiuistrae uirtutis, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 36.

**ad-mīnīstrātio**, ōnis, f. prop. service, as a servant—in use, of a superior, conduct, management, superintendence, administration, belli, Cic. fam. 15, 1, 1; rei publicae 1, 9, 2; rerum, Cic. N. D. 1, 2; (mundi), 2, 86; belli, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 2; magnitudo operum omnem admiuistrationem tardabat, 2, 2, 5; admiuistrationes portus, 1, 25, 4; nauis, Liv. 34, 6, 6; admiuistrationibus non peccatos praepone-re, Tac. Agr. 19; rerum ad ciuitates pertinentium dig. 50, 8 tit.; praetor admiuistrationem dat (of a madman's estate), Gai. dig. 27, 10, 13.

**ad-mīnīstrātiuus**, adj. administrative, practical, Quint. 2, 18, 5.

**ad-mīnīstrātor**, ōris, conductor, manager, minister, belli gerendi, Cic. or. 1, 210; rerum ciuitatis, Paul. dig. 3, 4, 10; rerum (pupilli), Pomp. 26, 1, 13.

**ad-mīnīstro**, āre, vb. [administer] act as a servant or helper, uin admiuistrem? Sat seruorum habeo domi, Pl. St. 2, 2, 72; conductam esse eam quae hic admiuistret (mss -aret) ad rem diuinam tibi, Ep. 3, 3, 37; 2. w. acc., serve up, mel in secundam mensam admiuistratur, Varr. r. 3, 16, 5; 3. w. cogn. acc., Lauteque uinuis admiuistrasti tuum, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; 4. work at, w. acc. legionariis qui dextram partem operis admiuistrabant, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 1; 5. execute, as workmen or subordinates, cum id summo studio a militibus admiuistraretur, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 3; in eis admiuistrandis rebus quam maxime concursari, 5, 50, 5; diutius in his rebus admiuistrandis morati, b. g. 7, 82, 4; add 7, 81, 2; milites neque pro opere consistere, neque inter uiteas sine periculo admiuistrare, Sal. Iug. 92 f., rescindunt et si celeriter admiuistrauerint, Vitr. 1, 5, 4; II. 6. conduct or carry out as superior, superintend, direct, admiuistrare, rem publicam, Cic. off. 1, 87; leges iudiciaque, Cic. Caecil. 68; mundum, Cic. N. D. 1, 4; imperia, Caes. b. g. 2, 22, 2; bellum, 5, 11, 8; haec ita Caesar admiuistrabat ut..., b. c. 1, 26, 2; M. Bibulus praepositus cuncta admiuistrabat, 3, 5, 4; admiuistrantibus M. Antonio et Puffio Kaleno, 3, 26, 1.

**ad-mīrābilis**, e, adj. wonderful, in re nona atque admirabili, Cic. div. 2, 60; sapientia, Cic. Att. 9, 11 A, 1; in dicendo, Cic. or. 1, 6; licentiam, Cic. fat. 38; impudentiam audaciam temeritatem, Cic. Phil. 3, 18; Improbitas illo fuit admirabilis aeuo, Iuv. 13, 53; 2. comp. Cic. or. 122; Liv. 22, 37, 3. 3. admirabiliter, adv. wonderfully, in a wonderful way, Cic. N. D. 2, 132; Att. 5, 14, 2; opt. gen. or. 17; 4. with admiration, Cic. Tusc. 4, 36.

**ad-mīrābilitas**, ātis, f. the being wonderful, wonderful nature, caelestium rerum, Cic. N. D. 2, 90; add 2, 101.

2. a feeling of wonder, haec admirabilitatem magnam facit, Cic. off. 2, 38.

**ad-mīrātio**, ōnis, f. feeling of wonder, wonder, surprise, astonishment, obstupfactis hominibus admiratione, Cic. Dei. 34; hoc quod mihi maximam admirationem monet uon tacebo, Cic. Ph. 10, 3; stupor omnes admiratione rei tam atrocis defixit, Liv. 3, 47, 6; admiratio orta est non simul regressum Hannibalem, Liv. 26, 12, 3; 7, 12, 1; in maxuma admiratione pinus est, Plin. 16, 107; usque in admirationem crispa sunt folia, 19, 141; 2. wonder with approval, admiratio, sed habeat illa in dicendo admiratio ac summa laus umbram aliquam, Cic. or. 3, 101; crebrae assensiones, multae \*admirationes (expressions of approval), Cic. Br. 289; nec sane quicquam ingenium eius solidius habuit quam admirationem uerae laudis, Curt. 8, 14, 46; 3. pl. in\* above and in Vitr. 7, 13, 1.

**ad-mīrātor**, ōris, m. one who stares at in wonder, inritamentum est omnium in quae insanimus a., Sen. ep. 94, 71; animus admirator mundi, Sen. ad Helv. 8, 4; 2. admire, antiquitatis nimius a., Quint. 2, 5, 21; 9, 2, 46; Phaedr. 4, 22, 21.

**ad-mīror**, āri vb. [ad=awa], be struck with surprise (of the first feeling). Ipse hanc acturust Iuppiter comœdium. Quid id estis admirati? Pl. Amph. pr. 80; Nunc



ne hunc ornatum nos meum admiremini, 116; Di immortales! cito te esse admiror, Ep. 5, 1, 21; caue quiequam admiratus sis, qua causa id fiat, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 23; admiratus sum, ut nidi obsignatum epistolam, brentitatem eius, ut aperui *συγχωσιν* litterarum, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; de diplomate admiraris quasi nescio cuius te flagiti insularum, 10, 17, 4; ne quis sit admiratus eum cum..., mne..., Cic. off. 2, 35; de Dionysio sum admiratus qui apud me honoratior fuit quam apud Scipionem Panaetium, Cic. Att. 9, 12; Sed tamen admiror quo pacto iudicio illud Fugerit, Hor. s. 1, 4, 99; Nil admirari, ep. 1, 6, 1;

**2.** at once wonder and esteem, admire, as perhaps; magnitudinem animi tui quam ego semper sum admiratus semperque amari, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 9; Diodoto quem et admiror et diligo, Cic. ac. 1, 115; illum (the king-bee), admirantur et omnes Circumstanti fremitu denso, Verg. G. 4, 215.

**ad-misceo**, ēre, ui, mistus or mixtus, vb. [which ad?] mix up (with) or in addition, Neque salsum neque sruae esse potest quicquam illi amor non admisceetur, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 6; huic generi ubi alterum, Cic. or. 2, 200; hoc Preeianum cum eis rationibus quas ille meas tractat admisceri nolo, Cic. Att. 7, 1 f.; semine semen, Lucr. 4, 1247; genus radices... quod admixtum lacte\* multum inopiam leuabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 48, 1; terra cum est admixta (admista?) ex his generibus aliqua re\*, Varr. r. 1, 9, 3; sesama cum aniso, Colum. 12, 15, 3; Admiscenda tamen Venus est secura timori, Ov. a. a. 3, 609; **2.** of mixing oneself with other men's affairs, Ita tu istae tua misceto ne me admisceas, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 35; Ne te admiscee: nemo accensat, Syre, te, 5, 2, 22; Trebatium quod isto\* admisceas nihil est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 9; ad id ego consilium admiscear, Phil. 12, 16; **3.** besides cum and ad note abl. in \*, dat. in †.

**admiss-arius**, adj. [admissus] for covering, equus, Varr. 2, 7, 1; asinus, 2, 8, 3; **2.** as sb. a stallion, Colum. 6, 27, 3 and 10; Plin. 28, 217; **3.** de homine, Ad equas fuisses (so Hanpt. cj.; mss fuisti) scitus admissarius, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 19; Sen. N. Q. 1, 16, 2.

**admissio**, ōnis, f. maris ad coitum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 18; **2.** admission (to an audience), quibus admissionis liberae ius dedissent, Plin. 33, 41; Plin. pan. 47; Sen. ben. 6, 33 f.; quidam ex officio admissionum, Suet. Vesp. 14, ep. magister admissionum, master of the ceremonies, Theod. cod. 11, 18, 1; officium admissionum, Chamberlain's office, Suet. Vesp. 14; Theod. cod. 6, 35, 3.

**admissionālis**, e, adj. as sb. m. of the Chamberlain's office, who had charge of admission to an audience, Lampr. Al. Sev. 4; add Th. cod. 6, 35, 7.

**admissiuus**, adj. [admissus, cf. admitto, § 6] of favourable omen, aues, quae eousulentem iuberent, Paul. ex F. 21.

**admissor**, ōris, m. one who commits (a crime), criminum, Coll. LL. M. 6, 4; Lact. Epit. 63, Aug. C. D. 7, 3.

**admissūr-a**, ae, f. [admissor], maris ad coitum, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; Colum. 6, 24, 1; 6, 27, 9; Plin. 8, 164; Stat. silu. 5, 2, 24.

**admissus**, ūs, m. the same, Veg. vct. 4, 7; **2.** admission, solis (of sun light), Pall. 4, 9, 4; 6, 2, 2.

**ad-mitto**, ēre, misi, missus, vb. let come or go to, admit, allow access, let in, Ne quemquam interea alium admittat prossus quam me ad se uirum, Pl. As. 1, 3, 83; It uisere ad eam; admisit nemo, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 114; fac ut admittat ad illam, Eun. 2, 2, 50; ille tertius Saturnalibus apud Philippum ad horam vii, nec quemquam admisit, Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; legatum in eubiculum admittere, Cic. Phil. 8, 29; ad colloquium non admittitur, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 1;

**2.** esp. coitus eausa, equam asino, Varr. s. 218, 6 R; arietes ouibus, Colum. 7, 2, 4; anseribus ad admittendum tempus, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3; 2, 9, 11; and met. of grafting, ab aequinoctio admittunt, Plin. 17, 135; **3.** met. eas condicioes uix auribus admisit, Liv. 30, 3, 7; pacis cum tyranno mentionem admittendam auribus non fuisse, 34, 49, 1; quo facilius aures iudicum quae dicturi erimus admittant, Quiut. 4, 3, 10; neque comitorum eorum plebs ad animum admittetbat, Liv. 7, 19, 5; per quae in animum iudicis admittitur, Quint. 4, 1, 5; **4.** allow, admit, permit, grant, let come to pass, sed tu quod cauere possis,

stultum admitterest, Ter. Eunn. 4, 6, 23; preces admissae, Tac. h. 4, 60; Animosas nullos mater admittit metus, Sen. Tro. 597; **5.** esp. in law, allow, admit, acknowledge, accept, si quae in eum lis capitis illata est, non admittunt, Cic. Clu. 116; si bonorum possessionem non admittat, Pomp. dig. 28, 5, 23, 1; hereditatem, Ulp. 29, 2, 6, 3; hoc et Iulianus admittit, 46, 1, 8, 3; **6.** and in augury, give favourable augury, Iupetritum, inauguratumst; quouis admittunt aues, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; ut concilia populi, ubi aues non admisissent, dirimerentur, Liv. 1, 36, 6; simul aues rite admisissent, 4, 18, 6; cf. admissiuus; **7.** scelus etc. in se a., allow pollution to enter one, disgrace oneself by some act, be guilty of, commit, Sic faciam: adsimulabo quasi quam culpam in sese (so all other mss; but Ritsehl w. A ad se) admiserint, Pl. St. 1, 2, 27; Qui homo culpam admisit in se, Anl. 4, 10, 60; in se culpam, Tr. 1, 2, 6; Si est, patruae, culpam ut Antipho in se admiserit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 40; delictum in me, Ad. 4, 5, 48; quod in me tantum facinus admisi, Cic. Mil. 103; quantum in se facinus admisissent, Caes. b. g. 3, 9;

**8.** or w. pron. in place of scelus, Quid tandem admisi in me ut loqui non audeam, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 12; add Amph. 3, 2, 4; ea in te admisisti quae..., Cic. Ph. 2, 47; leg. 2, 15; Tu nihil admittes in te, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 53; **9.** often in se is omitted, commit (a crime), incur (disgrace), ne admittam culpam, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 44; noxiarum, Ter. Eunn. 5, 2, 14; haec indigna, Ad. 3, 3, 54; taetrum facinus, Cic. off. 3, 95; Mil. 64; Sall. Jug. 53, 7; tantum dedecus, Caes. b. g. 4, 25, 5; add 6, 13, 5; b. c. 3, 64, 4; quicquam, Liv. 2, 27, 3; scelus, Hor. s. 2, 3, 212; sacrilegium, Quint. 4, 2, 8; **10.** a. equum, let one's horse go entirely, give him the rein, gallop furiously, Deinus equo admisso in mediam aciem Latinorum irruebat, Cic. fin. 2, 61; admissis equis ad suos refugerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 34, 3; admissos praecipitavit equos, Ov. F. 4, 674; in Postunium equum infestus admisit, Liv. 2, 19, 6; **11.** hence met. Haec erat admissa meta premdenda rota, Ov. a. a. 1, 1, 40; Nec capit admissas alneus altus aquas, am. 3, 6, 86.

**admixtio**, ōnis, f. admixture, corporis, Cic. sen. 80; Varr. r. 1, 1, 9.

**admixtus**, ūs, m. only in abl., the same, uoluptatis, Macr. s. 2, 1, 6.

**ad-moderor**? in Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 81 mss have risu meo moderarier; read perh. Quid est, ut Indo? Nequeo qui quidem risu meo moderari, omitting hercle.

**ad-mōdūlor**, āri, vb. play (music) to or in answer to, Claud. nupt. Hon. et Mar. 11.

**ad-mōdum**, adv. to the full measure, quite, full, absolutely; w. adj. or part., incertum admodumst, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 2; formam ingenii admodum impolitum et plane rudem, Cic. Br. 294; non admodum grandem natu (not quite grown up), Cic. sen. 10; legati ex Macedonia exacto admodum mense Februario redierunt, Liv. 43, 11, 9;

**2.** esp. numerals, full, noetum turres a. cxx exeitantur, Caes. b. g. 5, 40, 2; sex milia hostium caesa, quinque a. Romanorum, Liv. 22, 24, 14; 27, 30, 2; 42, 65, 3; 44, 43, 8; **3.** w. subs., esp. of age, set hic a. adulescentulust, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 87; a. tum adulesces, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; add am. 101; off. 2, 47; Persea puerum a., Liv. 31, 28, 5; hunc a. infantem, Tac. au. 4, 13; inuenis a., h. 4, 5; and de or. 1, 3; a. inuenes, Curt. 7, 2, 12; 7, 9, 19; pueri a., Sen. breu. uit. 7, 3; **4.** esp. w. nihil and like words, cum alter non multum, alter nihil a. scripti reliquisset, Cic. or. 2, 8; nam plane quidem perfectum et cui nihil a. desit Demosthenem facile dixeris, Cic. Br. 35; add 210; equestris pugna nulla a. fuit, Liv. 23, 29, 14; **5.** w. adv. id ego a. incertum seio, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 7; Men. 2, 1, 30; paulisper demittito usque admodum dum quinquies quinque numeres: tum exinito, Cato 156, 2; Quamquam haec inter nos nuper notitia admodumst, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 1; a. raro, Cic. ap. Macr. s. 2, 12; satis admodum, Liv. 34, 13, 4; **6.** w. vbs., quite, fully, admodum Meorum maeritum atque amorum summam edictaui tibi, Pl. Ep. 1, 2, 1; Most. 3, 2, 125; itaque me litterae a. delectauerunt, Cic. fam. 5, 19, 1; a. floruit, Suet. Tib. 3; **7.** vaguely in some cases, quite (rather than very) in quo multum a. fortunae

datur, Cic. fin. 5, 12; a. multas, Cic. N. D. 2, 137; a. amplum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 74; iter angustum a., Sal. Iug. 92, 7; pauci a., Liv. 10, 41, 14; Tac. an. 13, 39; cf. American phrase quite a few; **8.** in answers, quite so, exactly so, just so, Et ille aedis mancipio abs te accept? Admodum, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 19; Bellau uidetur specie mulier? Admodum, Bac. 4, 7, 40; add 5, 1, 25; Rud. 1, 2, 55; 1, 5, 11; 3, 6, 2; 4, 2, 37; Ps. 4, 7, 54; Hunc patris ais aduentum ueritum hinc abissi? Admodum, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 1; Hee. 3, 5, 8; Seis solere frater in huiusmodi sermone dici 'admodum' aut 'prosus ita est', Cic. leg. 3, 26; **9.** with quam, like saue quam, ex amore hic admodum quam saeuus est, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 43; uoce admodum quam suauis, Gell. 19, 9, 10; **10.** sometimes mistranslated about, at most, only just, instead of 'at least'.

**ad-mordeo**, ēre, mēmordi, morsus, vb. [ad intens.] bite deep into, durique uenenum Dentis et admorso signata in stirpe eicatrix, Verg. G. 2, 379; Brachia (se. Cleopatrae) spectauis sacris admorsa colubris, Prop. 4, 10 (3, 11), 55; **2.** met. habet argentum: iam admordere hunc mihi lubet, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 24; Nam id demum lepidum tripereos homines uetulos aridos Bene admordere, Pers. 2, 3, 14; Vt admordit hominem, Pl. Aul. fr. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 9, 6.

**admorsus**, ūs, m. [admorde-] a deep bite, only in abl., dentis, Symm. ep. 1, 31.

**admōtio**, ōnis, f. moving to, movement, digitorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 150.

**ad-moueo**, ēre, mōui, mōtus, vb. move to, apply, aurem adnotam oportuit, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 26; aurem, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; Cic. or. 2, 153; fasciculum ad naris, Cic. Tusc. 3, 43; manus uectigalibus (lay hands on), Cic. agr. 1, 11; hoc opus...ad turrim hostium, Caes. b. c. 2, 10 f.; illis labra, Verg. B. 3, 43; signa Aelradinam, Liv. 25, 24, 15; nocentibus manus, 5, 11, 16; manus operi, Ov. M. 10, 254; ferrum iugulo, Tac. an. 11, 38; manum pectori, Quint. 11, 3, 104; **2.** met. ad eum eurationem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 61; animis orationem tanquam fidibus manum, Cic. Br. 200; orationem ad sensus inflammandos, Cic. or. 1, 60; terrorem oppidanis, Liv. 6, 10, 3; Serus enim Graecis admouit acumina chartis, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 161; quas admorint \*...preees, Ov. Pont. 3, 7, 36; Mors Agrippae admouit propius Neroneum Caesari, Vell. 2, 96, 1; spei tuae admotus sum, Tac. an. 14, 53; te ad omnium spes honorem propius admotum, Quint. 6, pr. 13; **3.** move nearer (to one), leti diem, Curt. 8, 9, 33; mortis horas, Luc. 7, 50; **4.** a. absol. for a. se, iam admouebat rex eum..., Curt. 9, 4, 27; **5.** contr. admorunt for admouerunt, Verg. 4, 367; add Ov. aboue \*.

**ad-mūgio**, ire, vb. low or bellow in answer (to), femina tauro, Ov. a. a. 1, 279; add Claud. 4 cons. Hon. 516; r. Pr. 3, 443.

**ad-mulceo**, ēre [ad means what?] stroke, bubuleus nares (boum), Pall. 4, 12, 2.

**admurmūrātio**, ōnis, f. low murmuring at (i.e. on hearing something), of approval or dis., secundis admurmurationibus senatus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; o diuina senatus a. (in disap.), Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 41; qui non admurmuratione, sed uoce et clamore abiecti hominis furorem frengistis, Cic. Pis. 31; but in Verr. 2, 4, 27 admiratio.

**ad-murmūro**, āre, vb. murmur at, in low tones express approval or dis.; approbante idque admurmurante senatu neque me inuito esse factum, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 2; **2.** disap. quam ualde admurmurauerunt, quam palam dixerunt contra, Cic. Verr. 5, 41; **3.** pass. imp., Cic. or. 2, 285.

**admurmūror**, āri, vb. r. the same, ad hoc parculi admurmurati sunt, Fronto Caes. Aurel. 1, 8, p. 21, 6 Nab.

**ad-mūtulo**, āre, vb. maim severely, hence met. cut the hair\* close (or as we say fleece of cheating), impudens... lam taceo; atqu(i) tu Persas qui me usque admutilasti (note the pun), ad eutem, (corr. by T. H. K.), Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 49; Set utrum, strictissime attonsurum\* dicam esse an per pectinem Nescio; uerum si frugist, usque admutilabit probe, Capt. 2, 2, 19; inueni suofantiam qui admutiletur miles usque caesariatus\*, Mil. 2, 1, 173; cf. mutiles, Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 8; note the words\*.

**adnascor**, see agnascor.

**ad-nāto**, āre, vb. swim to, ad manum hominis, Plin. 9, 87; adnantis pisciculos (ad putamina), ib.; littoribus, Sil. 10, 611; **2.** but in Plin. 8, 94 prob. adnant.

**adnauigatio**? in Ulp. dig. 1, 16, 4, 5 Mommsen has *καταναυγ* without adnauigationem.

**ad-nāuigo**, āre, vb. sail to or near, Rhodi quo eum Apelles adnauigasset, Plin. 35, 81; 36, 76.

**adnegata**, in Ulp. dig. 12, 3, 3 prob. an error for abnegata.

**ad-nēpōs**, (atn.) ōtis, m. grandson of a gt. grandson or of a gt. granddaughter, corr. to at-ausus in ascent. Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 7; Paul. 38, 10, 10; imperatori Caesari...diui Neruae adnepoti, inscr. Or. 887; 997; **2.** incurr. for trinepos, Imp. Caes. Aurelio...diui Neruae adnepoti 926 and 3687.

**ad-neptis**, (atn.) is granddaughter of the same, Gai. ib.; Paul. ib.

**ad-nicto**, āre, vb. keep winking at, Alii adnutat, alii adnctat, Naev. ap. Isid. 1, 25; Paul. ex F. 29 M.

**ad-no**, (anno), vb. swim to, nanas adnare, Caes. b. c. 2, 44, 1; annantes nauibus, Liv. 28, 36, 12; Adnabam terrae, Verg. 6, 358; ad litus, Gell. 6 (7), 8, 7; **2.** met. quod ubique est ut ad eam urbem possit adnare, Cic. rep. 2, 9; **3.** swim near or by the side of, equites adnantes equis, Tac. an. 14, 29.

**ad-nūbilo**, āre, vb. send clouds at or against, uelis, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 149.

**ad-nūto**, āre, vb. keep nodding at, Alii adnutat, Naev. ap. Isid. 1, 25; Apul. M. 10, 32.

**ad-nūtrio**, ire, vb. of vines, rear against, singulis (arboribus) denas saepe adn. uitis, Plin. 17, 202.

**ad-obruo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. throw up (earth) against, w. acc. of object against which, arbores, Colum. 11, 2, 54; **2.** cover w. earth, si plus un digitis adobrutum est semen eius, 2, 10, 33; segetes 2, 11, 2; add 4, 16, 3.

**ādōle-factus**, part. set on fire, burnt, inser. fr. Arv.

**Adolenda**, ae, goddess of burning, inser. fr. Arv., s. inser. 961, 1798 etc. see adoleo 2, 7.

**adoleo**, see adoleo 2.

**ādōlesc-ens**, (adul.) tis, part. as sb. m. strictly, one growing up, near manhood, Varro v gradus aetatis aequaliter putat esse diuisos. Primo gradu usque annum xv pueros dictos..., secundo ad xxx annum adulescentes, Censor. 14, 2; **2.** yet used of older people, as cum alter (i.e. Crassus, aged 34) non multum et id ipsnm adulescens reliquisset, Cic. or. 2, 8; adulescentes nobilissimos, Cic. Ph. 2, 113, of Brutus and Cassius, when praetors; M. Caecilius fratrem tuum, ornatissimum adulescentem (then praetor elect), Cic. Caecil. 29; (Alexander) adulescens decessit, Liv. 9, 17, 5, cf. adulescentulus; **3.** gen. a young man, a youth; ubi nunc adulescens habet? Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 156 etc.; adulescens luxu perditus, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 42, etc.; adulescentem uel puerum potius Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 7, 2; Alexim humanissimum puerum nisi forte adulescens factus est..., Cic. Att. 7, 7 f.; **4.** as fem., a young woman, hunc optumae adulescenti, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 8; P. Africani filiam adulescentem, Cic. div. 1, 36; **5.** incomp., eodem ut iure uti senem liceat, quo iure usus sum adulescentior, Ter. Hee. pr. 2, 3; uti adulescentior aetati concederet Mamerei, Sall. ap. Prise. 1, 535, 17 K; and in another sense, adulescentioris Academiae, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; **6.** adul. in Pl. Ter. and prob. Cic. Sal.

**ādōlescentia**, (better adul.) ae, f. youth, Bene pudiceque educatus usque ad adulescentiam, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 15, etc.; Sperabam iam deferuisse adulescentiam, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 72 etc.; qui citius adulescentiae senectus quam pnetiae adulescentia obrepat, Cic. sen. 4, etc.

**ādōlescentior**, (adul.) āri, vb. act the adulescens, play the youngster=luxuriari (says Non.), Varr. ap. Non. 71, 23.

**adulescentula**, (adul.), f. dim. a young person, et tu multum salueto adulescentula, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 3, etc.; unam aspicio adulescentulam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 91.

**ādōlescentulus**, (adul.), i, m. dim. a youngster, admodum adulescentulus, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 87, etc.; quod ple-



rique omnes faciunt adulescentuli, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 28, etc.; quantis illa elamoribus adulescentuli (he was 27) diximus de supplicio parricidarum, Cic. or. 107, etc.; Catulus ab adulescentulo Caesaris (thru 36) uictus, Sal. Cat. 49, 2; 2. perh. w. contempt in Proueniebant oratores noui (a monos.) stulti adulescentuli, Naev. ap. Cic. seu. 20; but in 29 adulescentes.

**ādōlescentūrio**, ire, vb. desire to be a young man, Incipio adulescenturire et nescio quid nugarier, Laber. ap. Non. 74, 14.

1 **ād-ōlesco**, (adul.), ēre, ēni, (ui\* rare), ultns, vb. iutr. [ad=an=ava up; ol=al of alo] grow up, Postquam adoleuit ad eam aetatem uti iuris Placere posset, Plant. Cas. pr. 47; in eo qui adoleuerit, Cic. N. D. 1, 98; nixa fibris stirpium sensim adulescit, Cic. sen. 51; postquam adoleuerunt\* haec iuuentus, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 489, 2 K; mox cum matura adoleuerit aetas, Verg. 12, 438; Hor. s. 1, 9, 34; Ov. F. 3, 59; ramos...adulescere cernit, M. 4, 376; Semiibus iactis segetes adulesse uirorum, her. 6, 11; 2. met. come to full maturity, ratio, Cic. leg. 1, 22; ea cupiditas agendi, Cic. fin. 5, 55; ingenium, Sal. Iug. 63, 3; uirtus, Ov. F. 5, 175; uer, Tac. an. 13, 36.

2 **ād-ōlesco†**, ēre, ād-ōleo, ēre, ēni, (rarely ui\*), ultns, vb. [ad=au up; ole-], chiefly used of burnt-offerings; cf. κνισση as in Pl. 1, 317; an offering made by fire of a sweet savour unto the Lord, Levit. 1, 9; as vb. intr. send up a scent or incense, Panchaeis adulescunt† ignibus arae, Verg. G. 4, 379; Vnde haec amabo unguenta adolent (al. olent)? Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 19; 2. as vb. tr. burn so as to give out incense or savour, as of plants, Verbenasque adole pinguis et mascula tura, Verg. B. 8, 65=incense says Serv.; adolebunt cinuama flammae, Ov. her. 15 (16), 333; Haec adolet flammis cum strue farra (al. thura) suis, Ov. F. 1, 276; 3. also of victims, hostiam totam adoleuit, Enn. ap. Iact. inst. 1, 11 f.; eo omnes hostiae, uirtuli xxvii coniecti, et ita omnia adulta suut, Val. Ant. ap. Prisc. 1, 489, 6 K; integrum anserem adoluerunt\*, Cass. ad Tib. ib. (so one ms confirmed by context); Viscera qui tauri flammis adolenda dedisset, Ov. F. 3, 803; eaque hostiae eo loco adolentur, Cenot. Pis. (Orel. 642); in mensa id (sc. cibum e manu prolapsum) reponi adolerique ad larem piatio est, Plin. 28, 27; and met. of the burning of a corpse, Licham rogas adolebat, Petron. 115 f.; 4. w. honores, as including both of these, Iunoni Argiuae inssos adolemus h., Verg. 3, 547; qui...nullos adoleret h., Ov. M. 8, 740; 5. honour with burnt-incense, incense, perfume, w. acc. of altar, &c., adolente altaria donis, Lucr. 4, 1237; castis adolet dum altaria taedis, Verg. 7, 71; cruro captiuo adolere aras, Tac. an. 14, 30 f.; precibus et igne puro altaria adolentur, h. 2, 3; flammis adolere penatis, Verg. 1, 708; focos, Stat. Th. 1, 514; 6. apart from religion, burn etc., flamma gelidos adolere liquores, Verg. Mor. 38=boil; nimietate prunarum quas graui frigore adoleri insserat (exanimatum)—of the fumes of charcoal—Eutr. 10, 18 (9); laeta regio et herbida nil flammis adolentibus, Sen. ep. 79, 3; ear(um)-q(ue) arbor(um) erueudar(um) pendeudar(um) adolendar(um) commolendar(um) item aliar(um) restituendar(um) causa, frat. Arv. tab. 43, 1, 4; 7. Adolenda ger. f. as sb. Goddess of burning, Adolendae, Commolandae, Deferundae, oves 11, ib. 32, col. 2, l. 5; add ib. 32, 2, 13; 8. by some identified w. adulesco I in sense of augeo, Serv. ad Verg. 1, 704; =auctus facere says Non. 58 and 258; cf. Conington ad Verg. B. 8, 65; Munro ad Lucr. 4, 1237.

**ādōnium**, i, u. a plant, Plin. 21, 60.

**ādōnitus**, adj. quartus uersus, qui adonius dicitur dactylo et spondio pedibus terminatur, Serv. metr. Hor. 468, 23 K; 2. as sb. n. the same, constat (dactylico) dimetro catalectico, ut fundite fletus, Serv. C. metr. 460, 14.

**ād-ōperio**, ire, ni, ertus, vb. [ad to] cover, capite adoperio, Liv. 1, 26, 13; Suet. Ner. 48; Purpureo uelare comās ādōpērtius amictu, Verg. 3, 405; adopertaque lumina somno, Ov. M. 1, 714; add 8, 702; 15, 688; F. 3, 235; Tib. 1, 9, 44; trito sale (oua) adoperiunt, Colum. 8, 6, 1; foribus adoperitis, Suet. Oth. 11; pellem setis adoperuit, Lact. op. Dei 7; 2. perf. part. as refl. w. acc., tenebris mors adoperta caput, Tib. 1, 1, 70; 3. ado-

pertum, part. n. as sb. a mystery, Lachesis adoperta (so Kopp ej.; mss adopertae, not adoperte) denuntiat, Mart. Cap. 303, p. 334, i Eyss.; adoperta Coptica (dub.), Apul. M. 2, 28.

**ād-ōpinor**, ari, vb. fancy in addition, Lucr. 4, 816.

**ādōptābīlis**, e, adj. desirable, Theod. eol. 11, 11, 1.

**ādōptātīcius**, adj. of the class adoptati; as sb. m.; adopted son, Siquidem Antidamae uis (mss quaeris) adoptatīcius, Ego sum ipsus quem tu quaeris, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 85; add 5, 2, 100; 2. wrongly expl. by Fest. 29; =ex adoptato filio natus.

**ādōptātio**, ōnis, f. adoption, quod per praetorem fit adoptatio dicitur, quod per populum arrogatio, Gell. 5, 19, 2.

**ādōptātor**, ōris, m. one who adopts (a son or daughter), Gell. 5, 19, 15; Ulp. dig. 37, 9, 1, 12.

**ādōptio**, ōnis, f. adoption, quod est ius adoptionis? nempe ut is adoptet qui neque procreare iam liberos possit, et eum potuerit sit expertus, Cic. dom. 34; iu eo filio quem iu adoptionem D. Silano emancipauerat, Cic. fin. 1, 24; duobus (filiis) datis in adoptiuem, Liv. 45, 40, 7; a. duobus modis fit aut populi auctoritate aut imperio magistratus uelut Praetoris; populi auctoritate adoptamus eos qui sui iuris sunt, quae species adoptionis dicitur adrogatio...; imperio...eos qui in potestate parentium sunt, siue primum gradum liberorum optineant, qualis est filius et filia, siue inferiorem, qualis est nepos neptis, pronepos proneptis, Gai. 1, 98—9; add 1, 195; dig. 1, 7, tit.

**ādōptiuus**, (or -os) adj. of or by adoption, filius, Gell. 5, 19, 15; inscr. Or. 2696; pater, Ulp. 23, 2, 12, 4; laval. dig. 45, 1, 107; familia, Ulp. 37, 4, 3, 9; sacra, Cic. dom. 35; nomen, Suet. Ner. 41; uobilitas, Ov. F. 4, 22;

2. met. of grafts, opes, Ov. med. f. 6; ramis, Mart. 13, 46, 2; 3. absol. adopted son, adoptiuo, P. Ael. Marcelli, inscr. Or. 2695.

**ād-ōpto**, āre, vb. choose or select, to attach to (one), adopt (as au assistant), Sociam mihi te (mss te mihi) adopto ad meam salutem, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 78; qui amans tutorem me adoptauis(ti) bouis, Truc. 4, 4, 6; quem illa defensorem iuris adoptauit, Cic. Caecil. 54; quem potius adoptem (patronum) quam illum quo..., Vatin. Cic. fam. 5, 9, 1; quos admiuistros sibi adoptabant, Varr. 1, 5, 16, p. 93 Sp.; 2. in law, adopt (as son or daughter), emit...Puerum illum eumque adoptat sibi pro filio, Pl. Poen. pr. 76; Is in diuitias homo adoptauit hunc, 4, 2, 82; adoptat auuos xx natus senatore! Cic. dom. 34; hunc minorem Scipionem a Paulo adoptauit, Cic. Br. 77; statim eum adoptauit et testamento pariter cum filiis heredem instituit, Sal. Iug. 9, 3; cf. adoptio; 3. met., Frater, Pater adde; Vt enique est aetas, ita quemque facetus adopta, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 55; A Zmyrna Hermus campos facit et nomini suo adoptat, Plin. 5, 119; 25, 73; qui se potentiae causa Caesaris libertis adoptasset, Plin. 12, 12; ergo aliquod gratum Musis tibi nomen adopta, Mart. 4, 31, 10; Rheuus, nullis aquis externis adoptatis... Amm. 15, 4, 2; 4. esp. of grafting, fac ramum ramus adoptet, Ov. rem. am. 195; adoptatis frugibus arbor, Colum. 10, 38; Plin. 17, 138; cf. adoptiuus.

**ādōr**, ōris and ōris, u. [prob. = αὐρ-α, or as accentuated ὄλυρα] a kind of spelt, adoras lib. iii (dub.), Cato S3 (84); palea porrectus in horna Esset ador loliumque, Hor. s. 2, 6, 89; Emicat in nubes nidoribus ardor ādōris\*, G. Ann. ap. Prisc. 1, 237, 14 K; Hie ādōris dat primitias, ibi sanguine libat, id.; Illam sponte satos ādōris strauisse manipulos, id.; Mox ādōr atque ādōris de polline pulitificum far, Auson. Id. 12, 5; ador farris genus, Paul. ex F. p. 3 M; ador...modo prodneens\* modo corripueus paenultimam, Prisc. ib.

**ādōrāb-īlis**, e, adj. worthy of religious worship, adorable, Apul. M. 11, 18.

**ādōrate**, see adoro.

**ādōrātio**, ōnis, f. adoration, cur et fascinationibus adoratione peculiari occurrimus, Plin. 28, 22; propitiatis adoratione dis, 29, 67; Venerem religiosis adorationibus uenerabantur, Apul. M. 4, 28; but in Liv. 30, 16, 5 adulationi.

**ādōrātor**, ōris, m. adorer, Tert. spect. 8.

**ād-ordīno**? āre, vb. arrange, patellam, Apic. 4, 2.



**ād-ordior**, iri, orsus, vb. r. begiu, bellum, Ambros. off. 1.

**ādōrea**, see adoreus.

**ādōreum**, see adoreus.

**ādōr-ēus** (ius), adj. of spelt (ador), semen a., Cato 34; Col. 2, 6, 1; far a., Varr. r. 1, 9, 4; Col. 11, 2, 74; adorea liba per herbam Subiciunt epulis, Verg. 7, 110; iam bellaria adorea (ā bef. pl.) pluebant, Stat. silu. 1, 6, 10; **2.** adoreum adj. n. as sb. (sc. semen) spelt (ador), Plin. 18, 163; far quod adorem ueteres appellauere, 18, 81; **3.** adorea (ia\*) ae, adj. f. as sh., prob. a cake of spelt given as token of victory, hence victory, glory, Qui praeda agroque adoreaue adfecit popularis suos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 38; ille dies Qui primus alma risit adorea, Hor. od. 4, 4, 41; Gloriam a farris honore adorem\* (so a) appellabant, Plin. 18, 14; (far) primus antiquis cibis, magno argumento in adoriae\* (so a) donis, 18, 83; fortibus factis adoriae\* plenae, Apul. M. 7, 16; semper (Mars) aerumnas adoris (=adorii) terroresque nostris triumphis commutauit, Fronto, bell. Parth. p. 217 Nab.; Haec omnes ueterum roucauit adorea laudes, Claud. laud. Stil. 1 f.; adoria\* laus bellica, Serv. ad A. 10, 677; adorem\* laudem siue gloriam dicebant quia..., Paul. ex F. s. v.; adoria\* εἶδος σιτου, Gloss. Phil.; δοξα ἢ ἀπο τοῦ πολεμου, adoria\*, Gloss. Cyr.; adorea laus de adore, i. e. laus bellica, Gl. Plac.; adoria\* gloria uel bona fama, id.

**adorio**, see

**ādōrior**, iri, tus (or sust), vb. r.; rarely adorio\*, ire, rise at, attack, esp. by surprise, where we say fall suddenly upon, Paratae insidiae sunt: stat in statu senex, Vt adoriatur moecum, Pl. Mil. 4, 9, 13; Nunc ipsos adorian\* ne quis (so mss) hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3 K; ut a tergo Milonem adoriuntur, Cic. Mil. 29; inermem tribunum gladiis adoriuntur, Cic. Sest. 79; postremam quamque nauem adoriebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 90; Gabios ui adortus, Liv. 1, 53, 4; Pisonem ex improposito adortus uno uulnere in mortem adfecit, Tac. au. 4, 45; **2.** uot with weapons, adortust iurgio fratrem, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 50; Hic imparatum si in ueris me (me is transposed by T. H. K.) nuptiis Adortus esset, Ter. Audr. 3, 1, 21; uariis criminationibus, Tac. an. 14, 52; ininis, h. 1, 31; **3.** met. attack, cesso hunc adori? Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 9; Si ab eo nil fiet, tum hunc adoriar (agst. metre: read adoriar or aggrediar) hospitem, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 15; Ἡρακλειδεῖον, si Brundisium salui, adoriemur, Cic. Att. 16, 2, 6; hoc contiuuo adoriarum, 13, 22, 4; primum Delphos corrumpere este conatus: cum id non potuisset, Dodonum adortus est, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 2; **4.** akin to this, attempt, occasio quaeritur, idoneane fuerit ad rem adoriendam, Corn. 2, 7; maius adorta nefas, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 16; **5.** esp. w. inf., Conturbare animam potis est quicumque adoritur, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 501, 23 K; si conuellere adoriarum ea quae non possint commoueri, Cic. or. 2, 205; Commutare animum quicumque adoritur et infit, Lucr. 3, 515; Canere haec suis adorta est, Cat. 63, 11; castra Sciuili adorti sunt oppugnare, Liv. 2, 51, 6; uirginem pretio pellicere adortus, 3, 44, 4; 28, 3, 6 etc.; Hi dominam Ditis thalamo deducere adorti, Verg. 6, 397; si tyrannum interficere adorsit (so Hertz) erant, Gell. 9, 2, 10; **6.** mss often divided between adorsust and adortus as in Apul. flor. 9; **7.** note adorian in § 1, adoritur in § 5 (bis).

**ādōriōsus**, who has often received the 'adorea', adoriosus εὐδοχῆος, Gloss.

**ād-orno**, āre, vb. [ad what?] dress up, dress out, dress, deck out, adorn, w. abl., uidi forum comitiumque adornatum magnifico ornatu, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 58; insigni (flaminem) ueste et curuli regia sella, Liv. 1, 20, 2; rostris earum suggestum, 8, 14, 12; loricas auro, Curt. 8, 5, 4; monumentis urbem, Suet. Ang. 29; cubica tabellis, Suet. Tib. 43; **2.** equip (with), provide (with), duo maria maximis classibus, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 35; apparatu omni bellum, Liv. 10, 38, 2; **3.** absol. without abl., equip, set out in due order, provide with requisites, provide, naues onerarias, Caes. b. c. 1, 26, 1; Iube nero nasa pura adornari mili..., (nota) ut exsoluam omnia, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 65; add 5, 1, 74; ad fugam uaticum, Ep. 5, 1, 9; nuptias, Aul. 2, 1, 35; Cas. 2, 6, 67; ceterum quod opus est, Rud. 4, 6, 20; ar-

matum adornatumque, Liv. 7, 10, 5; = apparo, says Dou. ad Eun. 3, 5, 34; **4.** gen. arrange, prepare, accusationem adornet atque instruat, Cic. Mur. 46; comparisonem criminis, Cic. Clu. 191; **5.** absol. without even acc., make due preparations, adorna ut rem diuinam faciam, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 2; Ep. 3, 2, 25; haec (puellae) adornant ut lauet, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 34; **6.** even w. inf., prepare (to), Trāgulam in te inieere adoruat, Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 25; **7.** met. adorn, set off to advantage, si nobilitas (eum) adoruaret, Liv. 28, 42, 5; benefacta sua uerbis, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 15; legem ut iustam, Quint. 1, 7, 47; **8.** adornatus as adj. whence adornate adv. elegantly, declamabat, Suet. Rh. 6.

**ādōro**, āre, vb. [not a comp. of ad and oro; but from ad os; cf. adosculor] to raise the right hand to the mouth, and then wheel round to the right (for the Romans) as an act of religious worship, adore, in adorando dextram ad osculum referimus totumque corpus circumagimus, quod in laeuum fecisse Galliae religiosus credunt, Plin. 28, 25; (cf. Pl. Cnrc. 1, 1, 69; quo me uortam uescio. Si deos salutas dextrouorsum censeo; aud Liv. 5, 21, 16; conuertentem se inter hanc uenerationem traditur prolapsum eedisse); siue adorantes attolimus (palmas), Quint. 11, 3, 115; nefas habet adorandi gratia manum labris admouere, Apul. mag. 56; admouentes oribus snis dexteram ut Venerem religiosus adorationibus uenerabantur, Apul. M. 4, 28; Iunonis magnae primum prece numen adora, Verg. 3, 437; add 10, 677; nec deerat Otho protendens manus adorare uolgum, iacere oscula, ..., Tac. h. 1, 36; Pocula adorandae robiginis, Iuv. 13, 148; reges signa Romana adoratuos, inscr. Or. 750; purpuram nostram, Cod. Theod. 8, 7, 4; primus C. Caesarem adorare ut deum instituit ...; non aliter adire ausus quam capite uelato circumuertensque se, deinde procumbens, Suet. Vit. 2; Caesarum imagines, Suet. Cal. 14 f.; citharae (coronam), Suet. Ner. 12; caelum, 41; adorandae purpurae datam copiam, Amm. 21, 9, 8; **2.** also, esp. for the east, worship by bowing or prostration, non salutari sed adorari se iubet (Alexander), Iust. 12, 7, 1; cf. Iust. 6, 6, 3; (elephantus) regem adorant, genua snbmittunt, Plin. 8, 3; **3.** met. priscorum in inueniendo curam, Plin. 27, 1; Ennium sicut sacros netustate luos adoremus, Quint. 10, 1, 88; **4.** with due worship pray for, w. acc. cum hostia caesa pacem deum adorasset, Liv. 6, 12, 7; **5.** w. ut or subj. alone, adorati dei ut bene eniret (bellum), 21, 17, 4; Hanc (sc. linguam) ego non ut me defendere temptet adoro, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 55; maneat sic semper adoro, Prop. 1, 4, 27; **6.** adorate adv. from part. w. a feeling of adoration, a, sentio Te non amare me adorate ac saniter, Afran. 220 R.

**ādortus**, part. of adoriar.

**ādoscūlor**, āri, vh. refl [not a comp. of osculor, but from ad osculum; cf. adoro] to worship by raising to the lips, manus adosculari, contingere genua, Dictys 2, 51.

**adp.** see app.

**ad-pārio**, (app.) ēre, vb. acquire in addition, unde Appareret spatium caeli domus, Lner. 2, 1110.

**ad-pasco**, ēre, vb. feed, oues, itin. Al. (Mai) 75.

**ad-pectōr-o**, āre, vb. hug to the breast, Solin. 26, 5.

**ad-pertineo**, ēre, vb. extend all the way to, Goes. p. 221; add 232.

**ad-plumbo**, āre, vb. [plumbum] fasteu to by lead, solder to, Paul. dig. 6, 1, 23, 5; Ulp. 47, 12, 2.

**ad-posco**, ēre, vb. ask for in addition, Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 10; Hor. ep. 2, 2, 100.

**ad-postūlo**, āre, vb. the same, Tert. monog. 10.

**ad-prōpio**, are, vb. approach, uidi quandam adpropriante Martino in aera raptum...suspendi, Sulp. Sev. 2 (3), 6, 2; **2.** hence Fr. approacher.

**ad-pugno**, āre, vb. attack, classem, Tac. an. 2, 81; castra, 4, 48; uallum, 15, 13.

**adquē**, see atque.

**adquiesco**, see acquiesco.

**ad-quō**, adv. [=quo-adj] to the point at which, as far as, —met. Ni ... Iratus essum adquo liceret, Afr. 249 R; Vt scire possis adquo te expediat loqui, id. 278.

**adrachne**, see andrachne.



**ad-rado**, ěro, vb. [ad what?] scrape, of grafting, sru- culos, divest of bark, Colum. 8, 2, but in 8, 1 acuito; cacumen, Plin. 17, 138; **2.** of shaving or hair-cutting, Adrasum quendam uacua tonsoris in umbra, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 50; pallio adrasum incluserat caput, Petr. 32; **3.** met. of cheating, scobiuiam illam (or scobina illum), Pl. ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 35<sup>o</sup> Sp.

**ad-rar-rhiza**, f. = aristolochia, a plant, Apul. herb. 19.

**ad-rēmigo**, āre, vb. row to, litori, Flor. 1, 13 (18), 4; portibus, 1, 42, 3 (3, 7, 3); 1, 24, 12 (2, 8, 12).

**ad-rēpo**, ěre, si [ad up?], vb. creep up to, crawl up to, mus ad columbaria, Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; rubetae foribus, Plin. 11, 62; ad matris morientis mammam infans, 35, 98; lateri, Val. M. 6, 8, 7; **2.** met. ad istius amicitiam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 158; in spem...officiosus, Hor. s. 2, 5, 48; saeuitiae principis, Tac. au. 1, 74; muliercularum animis, 3, 50 f.

**ad-repto**? iu Pliu. 35, 109 obreptantibus, Sillig w. Bamb. ms.

**ad-rōdo**, ěre, rōsi, rōsus, vb. gnaw into, adrosis clipeis argenteis, Plin. 8, 221; semina, 11, 109; sues, 11, 213; **2.** met. Cic. Sest. 72.

**ad-rōro**, āre, vb. [ros], bedew, herbam uino, Marc. Emp. 34.

**ad-rumauit** = rumorem fecit, Paul. ex F. 9.

**adruo**? in Varr. r. 1, 35, 1 Schn. has obruitur; iu Colum. 2, 5, 2 obrui.

**adsc.**, see asc.

**ad-scalpo**, ěre, vb. scratch violently, aurem, Apul. M. 6, 9.

**ad-sellor**, āri, vb. r. [ad sellam, to stool] void, si mul- tum stercoris adsellatus ediderit, Veg. 2, 22, 2; 5, 9, 1; 5, 44, 1; 5, 56, 1.

**ad-sēnesco**, ěre, vb. grow old, Tert. cast. 13.

**ad-sēro**, (ass.) ěre, -situs, vb. plant near, uites (sc. arboribus), Cato r. 32, 2; neque propter olus...nites, Varr. r. 1, 26; add 1, 16, 6; adsitas uitis, Cat. 61, 106; populus adsita, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 170; arbores, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 7, 3.

**ad-sipere**, see Paul. ex F. 21.

**adsitus**, part. of obsol. adsino, lying near, homines neque longule dissita ueque proxime adsita possumus cer- nere, Apul. Flor. 1, 2.

**ad-sōlo**, āre, vb. [sōlum], level with the ground, Tert. nation. 1, 10; ib. ad f.

**ad-sōno**, (ass.) āre, vb. sound in reply, answer, plan- gentibus assonat Echo, Ov. M. 3, 507; Pers. 1, 102; **2.** w. cogn. acc., concentus suauis, Apul. M. 11, 7.

**ad-epuo**, ěre, vb. spit upon, dub. Plin. 28, 39.

**ad-sterno**, ěre, vb. strew near, sepulcro, Ov. M. 2, 343.

**adstipulatio** (ast.), ōnis, f. [adstipulor], joining in a 'stipulatio'—hence met. additional warranty, backing, support, Annaei Senecae, Plin. 29, 10; accedit uis rebus tali adstipulatione (stress of the voice), Quint. 11, 3, 175.

**adstipulātor**, ōris, m. one who joins in a stipulatio, possumus ad id quod stipulamur alium athibere qui idem stipulatur; quem adstipulatorem uocamus, Gai. 3, 110; so 112, 114, 117, 126, 215; and 4, 113; litterae, testes cum adstipulatore tuo comparabantur, Cic. Quinct. 58; Pis. 18; **2.** met. one who endorses an opinion, Stoici et eorum adstipulator Antiochus, Cic. ac. 2, 67; uanae opi- nionis, Val. M. 7, 1, 2 f.

**adstipulātus**, ūs, m. = astipulatio, consecratus oraculi iussu et Iouis adstipulatu (al. ast.) Euthymus pyeta, Plin. 7, 152.

**ad-stipulor**, āri, vb. rfl. join in the legal act stipulatio, si ego ita stipulatus sum: Dari spondes? ille sic adstipulari potest: Idem fide tua promittis? Gai. 3, 112; reus stipu- lando est...qui suo nomine ab altero quid stipulatus est, non his (nom.) qui alteri adstipulatur, Fest. v. reus p. 273 4, 20; **2.** met. back, support, endorse the statements of, irato consuli, Liv. 39, 5, 3; cui adstipulatur Damastes, Plin. 7, 154; **3.** as a simple vb., Quaeso uti istud astipulare praesenti mihi praestes, Iul. Val. r. g. Alex. M.

**ad-strēpo** (astr.), ěro, vb. make a great noise at, totum en mare Inmugit: omnes adstrepunt scopuli uidue,

Sen. Phaedr. 1035, re-echo; **2.** of men, noisily backing others, as the mutinous soldiers of Blaesus, adstrepebat uulger, uerberum notas, canitiem, nudum corpus exprobrautes, Tac. a. 1, 18; quae pauci incipient reliquos adstre- pere, 2, 12; adstrepebat huic alacre uulger, 11, 17; uolus adulationes edoctum clamore adstrepebat, Tac. h. 2, 90; ut eadem adstrepent hortari, 4, 49. In Pliu. pan. 26 Keil has obstrepebant.

**adstrictio**, ōnis, f. astringency, herba gustus amari cum adstrictione, Plin. 27, 83; see

**adstrictōrius**, adj. astringent, folia adstrictoriam nim habent, Pliu. 24, 115.

**ad-strido**, ěre, vb. hiss at, hydrae, Stat. Th. 11, 494.

**ad-stringo**, (astr.) [ad = au up; cf. alligo] nxi, ictus, ěre, vb. bind up, tie up—hence w. ad biud up to, adstringite ad columnam, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 25; ad statuam adstricta, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 92; **2.** bind, tie, without the idea 'to', Adstringite isti sultis uehementer manus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 9; uincla escaria, quam magis extendas, tanto adstringunt artius, Men. 1, 19; astrugiit uincula motu, tighten, make tighter, Ov. M. 11, 75; Artius atque hedera procerā adstringitur ilex, Hor. epod. 15, 5; sic deliganda est (fascia) ut et contineat ueque adstringat, biud overtight, Cels. 5, 26, 24; but iu Cic. Tim. 4 Baiter has stringit; **3.** met. adfinitatem inter nos, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 73; meam tibi fidem, Ter. Euu 1, 2, 22; Galliam sempiternis uinculis, Cic. prov. cons. 34; nullum uinculum ad adstringendam fidem iure iurando artius, Cic. off. 3, 111; pater uuius indulgens, quicquid ego adstrinxit, relaxat, Cic. Att. 10, 6, 2;

**4.** contract, (aluos)tum astrigitur tum relaxatur, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; uenas hiantis, Verg. G. 1, 91; tempora, Cels. 2, 2 (32, 10 Dar.); frontem, Seu. ep. 106, 5; Mart. 11, 39, 13; uultum supercilii, Quint. 11, 3, 160; labra, 11, 3, 81; ilia (equi), 8, 3, 10; plenius interim corpus (infantis) quod mox adulta aetas adstringat (make firmer), 2, 4, 5; 8 pr. 19; Cels. 1 pr. (12, 5); **5.** esp. of freezing, Et coit astrictis barbarus Hister aquis, Ov. tr. 3, 2, 26; adstricto terra perusta gelu, 3, 4, 48; Scythicas Bosphorus undas, Luc. 5, 436; Curt. 7, 3, 13; 8, 4, 6; **6.** of mere cold, as causing the flesh to contract, si natate tepidius uelis, in area piscina est; iu proximo puteus, ex quo possis rursus adstruigi, si paeniteat teporis, Pliu. ep. 5, 6, 25; **7.** iu medical sense, bind, confine, id uidentum est, adstrictum\* corpus sit an profuait; nam si adstrictum est, ducenda aluus est, Cels. 3, 6 (87, 25 D.); cibi qui uentrem adstrin- gunt 4, 22 (148, 22), so 1 pr. (11, 33); morborum genera esse, unum adstrictum\*, alterum fluens, 1 pr. (9, 34); **8.** of taste, make astringent, herba gustu adstricto, Plin. 27, 121; but not Plin. 36, 190, (Beli amuis) hareuae marino creduntur adstringi morsu (are hardened), non prius utiles (for making glass); **9.** of colour, make less brilliant, subdue, alterum altero excitatur aut adstringitur, Plin. 9, 135 (of purple); **10.** of conciseness of argument or style, condense, Stoici breuiter astringere solent argumenta, Cic. Tusc. 3, 13; luxuriantia adstringere, Quint. 10, 4, 1; rem tam late fusam tam breuiter adstruixerunt, 3, 4, 4;

**11.** met. involve beyond escape, furti sese adstringet, Pl. Pocu. 3, 4, 28; Et ipsum sese et illum furti adstringeret, Rud. 4, 7, 34; magno se scelere, Cic. Ph. 4, 9; II **12.** adstrictus part. as adj. see \* above; **13.** comp. numeris astrictior (stricter), Cic. or. 1, 70; melior iu iuene fusior (aluuus), in sene adstrictior, Cels. 1, 3 (21, 3); **14.** adstrictie adv. strictly, oratio non a. sed remissius numerosa, Cic. or. 3, 184; comp. Plin. ep. 3, 18, 10; Sen. ep. 8, 10.

**adstructio**, ōnis, f. accumulation, Mart. C. 149 G (151, 32 Eyss.); 314 f. (348, 27).

**adstructor**, ōris, m. one who accumulates, met. Venant. Mart. 2 f.

**ad-struo** (astr.), xi, ctus, ěre, vb. add in building, build against, ueteri adstruere recens aedificium, Colum. 1, 5, 10; utriusque (uillae) quae desunt adstruere, Plin. ep. 9, 7, 4; **2.** met. add, animum qui daret adstrue formae, Ov. a. a. 2, 119; uictus Pharaeus uix quicquam gloriae eius astruxit, Vell. 2, 55, 2; add 1, 17, 2; quaerente eo quid adstrui magnificentiae posset, Pliu. 9, 119; quid aliud ad-



struere fortuna poterat? Tac. Agr. 44; so h. 1, 78 f.; quaedam ex his quae dicta non sunt sibi ipso adstruit, Quint. 8, 3, 64; An quae Neroni falsus astruit scriptor? Mart. 3, 20, 4; 3. add and add, acumulate, adstruetis lamentationibus, Apul. M. 11, 3; cf. adstructio, adstruc-tor;

II 4. w. inverted construction, cf. circumdo, ad-spergo, cover with added—, roof (with), contignationem latericulo adstruxerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 2; 5. hence met. furnish, eos falsis eriminibus adstruxit, monitos tum ea deferre cum iussisset, Curt. 10, 1, 27.

**ad-stūpeo** (ast.) ēre, vb. be struck senseless at, be astounded at, Adstupet ipse sibi, Ov. M. 3, 418; diuitiis, Sen. tranq. 8, 5; soerque Adstupet oranti, Stat. Th. 3, 406; and 2, 13.

**ad-sūdasco** (ad=an up), ēre, begin to sweat, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 9; Varr. l. 5, 22, p. 112, Sp.

**ad-sum** (assum), aŕui or arŕui, ādesse vb. irr. be before or present, neque uiri plous duobus arŕuisse uolent, CIL 196, 21; se(ribendo) ar(uerunt) M. Claudi(us) M. f. L. Valeri(us) P. f., 196, 2; quid me tibi adesse opus est? Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 65; hunc minime opus in hac re adesse, Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 50; fit ut quasi eoram adesse nideare eum scribo aliquid ad te, Cic. fam. 15, 16, 1; omnes qui aderant auxilium a Caesare petere coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 1;

2. sometimes strengthened by praesens, adsum praesens praesenti tibi, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 27; non quia ades praesens dico hoc, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 39; 3. be at hand, be near, Haedui (frumentum) adesse dicere, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 4; Caesar aduentare iam iamque et adesse eius equites nuntiabantur, Caes. b. e. 1, 14, 1;

4. of abstracts, quis pudor panum adest, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 6; tantus deor aŕuit arti, Ov. M. 6, 18; 5. of time, elose at hand, nunc nobis prope adest exitium, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 8; Prope adest eum alieno more ninendumst mihi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 125; Ad. 4, 4, 11; iam aderat indicio dies, Liv. 3, 12, 1; iamque dies infanda aderat, Verg. 2, 132; 6. w. dat. see ex in § 1, also scrib. affuerunt L. Domitius Cn. f., Cic. fam. 8, 8, 5; and 15, 6, 2; Att. 7, 1, 7; dux hostium suis aderat, Caes. b. g. 7, 62, 5; auspicio, Liv. 10, 40, 11; portis, Verg. 2, 330; senatui, Tac. an. 4, 55, 1; 7. as a friend or advocate, aliquot mihi amicos aduecabo ad hanc rem qui adsient, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 83; qui aderant Quinetio, Cic. Quinet. 30; rogauit me Caecilius ut adessem contra Satrium, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 3; aderam Arriouillae, Regulns contra, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 5; patri proditionis reo non adfuit, Quint. 5, 10, 107; 8. even in absence of principal, attend to assist, semper absenti adfui (afui?) Deiotaro, Cic. Ph. 2, 95; tuis rebus si adero ut difficillimis, Cic. Lig. 6, 14, 13; 9. esp. of Gods present and so assisting, esp. in invocations, Di hominesque illi affuere pugnae, Liv. 7, 26, 8; haec sacra ta quercus et quiequid deorum est nostris et nunc querellis adsint et mox armis, 3, 25, 8; Adsis, o Tegeace, fauens, Verg. G. 1, 18; Dique omnes nemorum, dique omnes noctis adeste, Ov. M. 7, 198; 10. w. ad or in, ubi imperator non adest ad exercitum, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 6; mulier ad eam rem diuinam ne adsit, Cato r. 83; ad portam, Cic. div. 1, 57; neque in illa contione adfuerunt, Cic. Fl. 54; 11. adesse animo, be attentive, have one's wits about one, adeste animis qui adestis, Cic. Sull. 33; adeste animis iudices et timorem si quem habetis deponite, Cic. Mil. 4; ades animo et omite timorem, Cic. rep. 6, 10; Caec. 30; 12. arŕui etc. in perf. tenses, see § 1; but never arsum, as Freund implies; aŕui preferred to adfui; 13. adsiem pres. subj. in old writers, as in Bacchiae line: Metuo quom hie non adest, ne metuum quom adsiet, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 12; add Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 11; 14. ad-sum prob. pron. assum; and hence tho pun: Milphio heus nbi es? Assum apud te eoenm. At ego elixus sis uolo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; so Geppert writes it; as also assunt testes, 3, 2, 5; cf. Cas. 2, 6, 6.

**ad-suo**, ēre, vb. sew on to, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 16.

**ad-suspiro**, āre, vb. sigh at, fletibus eius, Apul. M. 4, 27, sic aspirans infit, ib.

**adtegrare**, ninum in sacrificiis augere, Paul. ex F. 12 M.

**ad-tempéro**, āre, vb. adjust, iugulum aduersario prae-

stat, et errantem gladium sibi adtemperat, Sen. ep. 30, 8; paenulam, Vitr. 10, 12, 2; 2. adtemperate adv. at a well adjusted time, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 13.

**adtemptatio**, ōnis, f. attempting, Symm. ep. 6, 9.

**ad-tempo** (attento), āro (ad+tempo), vb. frq. lit. keep straining at, hence met. make many efforts at, attempt again and again, and then more vaguely, attempt, ruinam (Pompeii) maierem osso quam ut manu mea (mea manu?) adtemptari debeat, Val. M. 5, 3, 5; locos laetiores, Tac. or. 22; omnium aduersarios...attentare solebat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 135 (endeavour to make tools of?) but in Cic. or. 3, 110 read with AB: ut praeteriri omnino fuerit satius quam attactum deseriri; and in Liv. 23, 15, 7: tentatae defectionis; 2. of hostility, attack, assail, primum est non attentari, secundum laecessitum fortiter uindictari, Colum. 7, 12, 7; ui attemptantem repulerat, Tac. an. 13, 25; curabo sentiat (latro) quos attentarit, Phaedr. 5, 2, 8; bello (taurum), Stat. Th. 4, 71; 3. met. assail, try to upset, Quae aegritudo insolens mentem attemptat tuam? Paeuv. ap. Non. 322, 17; fidem, Cic. or. 208; mecum facientia iura, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 23; testamentum, Val. F. 7, 8, 3; sententiam, Ulp. 12, 6, 23, 1; pudicitiam, 47, 10, 15, 20; honorem, 47, 10, 15, 39.

**ad-termīno**, āre, vb. inclose by a boundary, Arn. 3, p. 107.

**adterraneus**, adj. near tho earth, adterranea (fulmina) quae in eluso fiunt, Sen. N. Q. 2, 49, 2.

**adtestatio** (att.), ōnis, f. bearing witness to, attestation, rei nissae, Maer. s. 4, 6, 13; Treb. xxx tyr. 30, 4; Th. eod. 8, 12, 2.

**ad-testor** (att.), āri, vb. r. bear witness to, attest, L. Scipio hoc attestabatur, Plin. pr. 10; add Phaedr. 1, 10, 3; 2. w. dat. Gell. 4, 12, 3; puritati eius, Maer. somn. Sc. 1, 14, 14; 3. call as witness, uicinos, Paul. 2, 26, 3; but in Cic. Sull. 82 read w. Lambiu. ad testandam; and in Plin. 10, 121 w. Sillig testata; 4. adtestatus, confirmatory, fulmina, Sen. N. Q. 2, 49, 2.

**ad-tiberna-lis**, adj. as sb. [taberna]=habitor continuae tabernae Paul. ex F. 12.

**ad-tribālo**, āre, vb. grind finely, follienus, Maer. carm. 4, 6.

**aductio**, ōnis, f. [adueho], carriage to, voyage to, a Brundisio, Plin. 9, 169.

**aducticius**, adj. of the class aduecta, imported, foreign, uinum, Sal. Iug. 44, 5.

**ad-ucto**, āre, vb. frq. import, Tac. an. 6, 19 (13).

**aductor**, ōris, m. qui aduehit, a. equus a riding horse, Apul. flor. n. 21; but in Pl. As. 2, 2, 92 aduectorem.

**aductus**, ūs, m. voyage to, importation, dei, Tac. h. 4, 84.

**ad-ueho**, ēre, xi, etus, vb. carry to, on horse, in carriage, in boat or ship, import; aduehor, i, vb. r. ride on horse-back or in carriage, come in boat, sail in ship; on horse-back, Qui aduehuntur quadrupedanti crueiant canterio, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 34; equo aduectus ad ripam, Cic. div. 1, 58; consul in eam partem citato equo aduectus, Liv. 2, 47, 3; consul aduectus desilit ex equo, 9, 31, 10; 28, 2, 3;

2. in vehicle, nequis...plostrum ducito agito nisi quod aedium sacrarum causa aedificandarum aduehei oportebit, CIL 206, 58; cisio ad urbem aduectus, Cic. Ph. 2, 77; ita sacerdos aduecta in fauim, eum currus esset ductus a filiis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 113; 3. of boats and ships, horiola adnecti sumus...per amnem, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 100; Omnium primum in Pontum aduecti Arabiam (edd. ad A.) terram sumus, 4, 2, 88; nauem qua aduecti sumus, 4, 4, 12; Nauclerus dixit, qui illas aduexit mihi, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 16; carieas Canuo aduectas (imported), Cic. div. 2, 84; nanius quae aduocetant legatos, Liv. 23, 38, 8; saepidas aduehe Ponto, Pers. 5, 134; 4. even, ueroque Learchum aduehit, Val. F. 3, 69; 5. add fm. poets: aduehit unda rates, Ov. her. 5, 90; imbres Auster aduexit, Sen. Med. 587; but in Ilor. s. 2, 2, 83 prob. adduxerit; 6. adnexti Pl. Mere. 2, 3, 56=aduexisti; aduexe 2, 2, 61=aduexisse.

**aduclitatio**, ōnis, f. (impl. a vb. ad-uclito) skirmishing, uerborum, Paul. ex F. 28.

**ad-ueño**, āre, vb. [ad what?] veil..., tempora lauro, Verg. 5, 246; pauno purpureo ueros, Lampr. Com. 15, 3.



**aduēn-a**, ae, adj. or sb. m. f., come from abroad, foreign, foreigner, incolae accolae aduenae omnes, Pl. Anl. 3, 1, 1; Poen. 5, 2, 71; Ps. 4, 1, 20; aduena anus, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 44; a. exercitus, Verg. 7, 38; add 10, 460; a. amor. Ov. a. 1, 176; a. paclax, Ov. her. 9, 121; aduenas reges, Liv. 4, 3, 13; **2.** of other than man, uolucres aducnae, ut hirundines, Varr. r. 3, 5; a. gruis, Hor. epod. 2, 35; (grues) hiemis, (ciconias) aestatis aduenas, Plin. 10, 61; **3.** ueu, adueua (surculus), Plin. 17, 104 of grafting; a. Tibris, Ov. F. 2, 68; **4.** a foreigner and so ignorant of what is going on, one not at home, ne in nostra patria peregrini atque aduenae esse nideamur, Cic. or. 1, 249; qui hinc (from Rome) ueneramus, iam non hospites, sed peregrini atque aduenae nominabamur, Cic. agr. 2, 94; Zeno Citieus a: quidam et ignobilis nerborum opifex, Cic. Tusc. 5, 34; Tyrii uon aduena belli, Stat. Th. 8, 556.

**ad-uēnio**, ire, uēni, uentum, vb. come to, arrive, Seio et, Si huc alia (so mss; add. alia hue) causa ad te adueni, aequum postulas, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 60; bene factum te aduenisse, Pamphile, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 6; ubi dies aduenit, Sal. lug. 113, 5; **2.** w. acc. in poets, Tyriam qui adueneris urbem, Verg. 1, 392; Vnde hos aduenias...labores, Stat. Th. 5, 47; **3.** w. sp. inpe, etiam me ulro accusatum aduenit, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 13; temptatum aduenis, 2, 3, 41; **4.** adueniens, on one's first arrival, est quiddam aduenientem non esse peregrinum atque hospitem, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 4; quod classem hostium primo impetu adueuieus profiganerim, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12.

**ad-uēnōr**, āri, vb. r. adore, worship, Mineruam et Veuerem, Varr. 1, 1, 6; euntes (spirits in Elysium), Sil. 13, 704.

**aduenticius**, adj. that comes to (one from without), extrinsie, foreigu, aduentitious, adiuuentis externis et aduenticiis, Cic. fin. 5, 59; N. D. 2, 26; div. 2, 120; et suam manum confirmarat et magnis aduenticiis auxiliis iuuabatur, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 24; genns (as of swallows), Varr. r. 2, 5, 7; **2.** cena aduenticia, a dinner given on arrival from abroad (?), Snet. Vit. 13.

**ad-uento**, āre, vb. frq. draw near to, so as to be expected at any moment, aduentare et prope adesse iam debes, Cic. Att. 4, 17, 3; Caesar aduentāre iam iamque...nuntiabat, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; Antonius cum exercitu aduentabat, Sal. Cat. 56, 4; iamque fere spatio extremo fessique sub ipsam Finem aduentabant, Verg. 5, 328; **2.** of time, quoniam nunc (ej. for non of ms B) decimum mensis aduentat prope, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 48; eum me uires (quod fere iam tempus aduentat) defecere coepissent, Cic. or. 1, 199; aut iam urgentis ant certe aduentantis senectutis, Cic. sen. 2; comitiorum dies, Sal. Ing. 36, 4; lux, 99, 1; aduentante fatali urbi elade, Liv. 5, 33, 1; **3.** in later L. w. ace., propinqua Seleucia, Tac. an. 6, 50 (44); barbaricos pagos, Amm. 14, 10, 11; **4.** w. dat. Parthis, Tac. an. 6, 39 (33); portis, Stat. Th. 11, 202.

**aduentor**, ōris, m. lit. stranger, lauentionem gratuitam...hospitib. et aduentorib....dedit, inscr. Or. 2287; **2.** a visitor (esp. meretricis), customer, adseruate aedis ne qui aduentor, grauior ābaetat (so B) qnam adueniat, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 2; Si aequom facias, aduadores meos (non) incuses, 2, 7, 55; As. 2, 2, 92; basiola aduentorum, Apul. M. 10, 21; aduadores (caupouis) 1, 9.

**aduentōr-ius**, adj. of strangers, hospitium, inscr. Mur. 470, 9; **2.** aduentoria absol. se. cena, a dinner to one just arrived from abroad—hence met., ut aures tuas exciperem aduentoria sua, Mart. 12 pr.

**Aduentus**, i, m. a cognomen, Antonino Aug. et Aduento cos., inscr. Fabr., 637, 315; add inser. Mur. 354, 2.

**aduentus**, ūis, m. arrival, si opperiri uis aduentum Carmidis, Pl. Tr. 3, 3, 15; ubi in mentem eius aduenti\* ueniat, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 2; Salutaut, ad cenam uocant, aduentum gratulantur, Enn. 5, 2, 3; ut me leuarat tuus aduentus, sis discussus afflixit, Cic. Att. 12, 50; de eius aduentu certiores facti, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; **2.** note gen. aduenti\*.

**ad-uerbō**, āre, vb. [ad what?] lash, unguibus, armos, Stat. Th. 9, 686.

**aduerbiālīter**, adv. [impl. au adj. aduerbialis] as an adverb, Char. 222, 27 K; Diom. 407, 26; Prisc. 72, 24.

**ad-uerb-ium**, adj. n. as sb. adverb, aduerbium est pars orationis quae adiecta uerbo significationem eius implet, Diom. 403, 17; add Prisc. 2, 60, 1; Quint. 1, 5, 48 etc.

**ad-uerro**, ēre, vb. [ad what?] sweep, aduerreusque natantia saxa Charadrus, Stat. Th. 4, 712.

**aduersārius**, (older aruors\*, aduors†) adj. belonging to the opposite side, opposite, opposed, Voleanum adducam: is Vencrist aduorsarius, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 56; nis ea quae iuri est aduersaria, Cic. Caec. 5; opinionem istorum studiorum oratori aduersariam esse, Cic. or. 2, 156; quibus rebus nox maxime aduersaria est, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 7; duces aduersariae factious, ps. Nep. Phoc. 3, 2; **2.** as sb. one of the opposite party, an opponent, an adversary, Valentierem nauctus aduorsarium, Pl. Capt. pr. 64; de CDL uireis...aruorsario\* edat eos omnes (quei...), CIL 198, 20; per eum pr. aduorsariumue† mora non erit quominus..., 198, 25; add Ter. Ad. pr. 2; uemo te refutandum ut grauem aduersarium arbitrabatur, Cic. Vat. 1; pugiles eum ferunt aduersarium, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56; **3.** esp. an opponent in civil war, as opp. to hostis an enemy, Vereingetorix...aduersarios suos a quibus paulo ante erat ciecatus, expellit ex ciuitate, Caes. b. g. 7, 4; ab oppido se interclusurum aduersarios, b. c. 1, 43, 2; 1, 54, 4; and so Caes. throughout; add Suet. Caes. 36, 68; Dom. 1; **4.** aduersaria as sb. f., est tibi grauis aduersaria constituta..., incredibilis expectatio, Cic. fam. 2, 4, 2; **5.** aduersarium as gen. pl. Ter. Hee. 2 pr. 14; and perh. Pomp. ad Dom. D, 2, post Cic. Att. 8, 12; **6.** aduersaria as sb. n. pl. entries at the time, a day book, journal, as opp. to ledger (codex accepti et expensi, or tabulae), occurs 10 times in Cic. Rose. eou. 5-9.

**aduersātio**, ōnis, f. oppositiou, resistance, Tert. Gnost. 5; pudic. 45.

**aduersātius**, adj. of the opposed class, in Gramm., (coniunctiones) aduersatiuae aduersum conuenienti significant ut tamen, quamquam, Prisc. 2, 99, 12 K; add 2, 93, 15.

**aduersātor** (aduor.), ōris, m. opponent, enemy, quem aduersatorem malis ciebo? Apul. de deo Soer. 5.

**aduersātr-ix** (aduor.), icis, f. same. Nunc aduentatrix seestest, dudum aduersatrix erat, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 100; add Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 5.

**aduersio**? in Cic. Arch. 16, animi remissionem, hy ej.; mss animaduersionem.

**aduersitas**, ātis, f. opposition, repugnance, oleo mersis, Plin. 11, 90; **2.** suffering, Cassiod.

**aduersitor**, ōris, m. (a slave), who goes to meet (his master), Don. Ad. 1, 1, 1.

**aduerso** (rather aduorso), āre, vb. frq. keep turning to, Animum aduersaui sedulo ne erum usquam praeterirem, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 1.

**aduorsor** (aduor.), āri, vb. r. frq. [aduersus], make oneself an aduersus or opponent, oppose, thwart, non tu seis, Bacchae Bacchanti si uis aduersarier, Ex insana insaniorem facies, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 71; add St. 4, 1, 9, etc.; cine ego ut aduorsor? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 28; tuae luhidini aduorsabor, Hee. 2, 2, 3, etc.; huius libidini, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 82; Isocrati, Cic. or. 172; nou aduersata pcenti Adluit, Verg. 4, 127; **2.** where ace. occurs read auorsor, as w. ambitionem, Tac. h. 1, 1; adoptionem, 1, 38; regem, 4, 84; illud, Quint. 11, 3, 70.

**aduersus**, part. and adj. see aduerto.

**ad-uersus**, or -um, (older -uorsus or -um; also aruorsum, see § 6); prep. w. ace., towards and so faeing, opposite, before, porta Iouis quae aduersus castra Romana erat, Liv. 26, 14, 6; ut aduersus montes consisteret hostis, 7, 14, 9; add 45, 7, 5; Lerina aduersum Antipolim, Plin. 3, 79; **2.** esp. w. persons, before, in the presence of, to one's face, Immo si audias quae dicta dixit me-aduorsum\* tibi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 47; Egone ut te-aduorsum\* mentiar mater mea? Anl. 4, 7, 9; me aduorsum-se mentiri, Mil. 4, 2, 88; Amph. 2, 2, 118\*; and 3, 2, 55\*; Sed nunc per opus est aut hunc eum ipsa aut de illa me aduorsum-hunc loqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 30; quoniam-



modo gererem me a. Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 5; Nec gloriandi tempus a. unum est, Liv. 22, 39, 9; **3.** met. before, in the mind of, in the eyes of, with, Id gratum fuisse aduersum te habeo gratiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 15; nihil plus fidei auctoritatisque habemus a. Romanos quam Aetoli? Liv. 41, 24, 9; **4.** w. motion, towards, against (an enemy), copias aduersum hostem educe, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 2; Persci a. quem ibatur, Liv. 42, 49, 7; experti sunt Macedonem hostem a. Antiochum, 9, 19, 14; Aetolorum a. quos Acarnanum gens ira magis instruit quam consilio bellum, 26, 25, 10; 8, 2, 5; 27, 2, 2; **5.** met. against, opposed to, to the injury of, Aduersum te fabulare, Plaut. St. 4, 2, 11; si uterque nostrum est aliquando a. aliquem, inter nos certe non sumus, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; accipiendis a. generum suspitionibus, Tac. an. 12, 4;

**6.** w. abstract acc., in violation of, against, to the damage of, aduersum legem, as quei aruorsum ead fecissent (prob. for eam=eam; cf. extrad extraneus), CIL 196, 25; aduersus hanc legem, 197, 9; 198, 30; quei ad uersus ea (prob. for eam) ... frumentum dederit, 206, 18; quei ad uersus ea fecerit, 206, 107; Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 47; aduersum\* animi tui lubidinem, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 19; a. leges, a. rem publicam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 194; a. rem publicam, Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 7; a. senatus consultum, Liv. 40, 44, 11; aduersum legem, Tac. an. 6, 16 (22); **7.** of remedies, a. profusionem quidem in his auxilium est, a. inflammationem autem in ipso sanguinis cursu, Cels. 5, 26, 22; sunt quaedam remedia propria a. quaedam uenena, 5, 27, 12; a. fungorum uenena semen bibendum, Plin. 20, 86, who gen. uses contra;

**8.** towards what faces one and is elevated, hence up, Nam iam calcari quadrupedem agitato aduersum cliuon, Pl. As. 3, 3, 118; impetum a. montem in cohortis faciunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 46, 1; **9.** of speech, in answer to, a. ea consul...respondit, Liv. 4, 10, 2; a. quae singula respondere haud facile esset, 8, 32, 9; 22, 40, 1; responsum a. Seruim, Tac. an. 3, 71; **10.** of comparisons, as against, or opposed to, quod esse duo prospera in tot saeculis bella Samnitium a. te decora populi Romani, Liv. 7, 32, 8; differentiam nostrae desidiao a. accerrima eorum studia demonstrasti, Tac. or. 33; **11.** of feelings against, dolor a. deos, Tac. an. 2, 71; iram a. auaritiam matris, 14, 1; **12.** also of kindly feeling, or duty towards, iustitia aduersum deos, Cic. N. D. 1, 116; reuerentia a. homines, Cic. off. 1, 99; sunt quaedam officia etiam a. eos seruanda a quibus iniuriam acceperis, 1, 34; summa a. alios aequitas, Liv. 3, 33, 8; a. Romanos nullum eis ius amicitiae erat, 5, 35, 4; 29, 8, 2; 45, 8, 4; Tac. an. 11, 17;

**13.** tmesis, fugam ad se uorsum fieri, Sal. Iug. 58, 4; ad se uorsum exercitum pergere, 69, 1; and w. acc. omitted public(m) est longu(m) p. cxxviii latum af muro ad L. Tondei uorsu(m) p. xvi, CIL 1143; cf. § 6; **14.** often postponed as a whole to sb., see \*. II **15.** as adv. w. vbs. of motion, to meet (him) towards, ibo aduersum atque electabo quidquid est, Pl. As. 2, 2, 29; add Most. 4, 2, 17; Merc. 1, 2, 4; Neque seruolorum quisquam qui aduersum ierant, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 2; nemo aduersus ibat, Liv. 37, 13, 8;

**16.** esp. w. dat. qui meo ero aduersus uenerit, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 99; ut nenias aduersum mihi, Men. 2, 3, 82; add 3, 2, 22; and Ampl. 2, 2, 43; **17.** me in such phrases is perh. a dat., as Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 18; **18.** of rest, opposite, facing, Qui sedens aduersus identidem te Spectat et audit, Cat. 51, 3; medicus debet residere a. ut omnes notas ex uultu enbantis perscipiat, Cels. 3, 6, 86, l. 22 Dar.; **19.** aduersum quam as a conj. (cf. contra quam, etc.), in opposition to the fact that...indicare...thesaurum...Aduersum quam eius me opserauisset pater? Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 139 (so A and all the best mss).

**ad-uerto** (-uorto), ēre, uerti, uersus (uorsus), vb. turn to or towards, Quid istu(c) uero te aduertisti tam cito, Nacu. ap. Chaer. 240, 24 K; Illa 'esse interea commodum huc aduerterat in hanc nostram plateam, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 53; In portum...Achaeorum classem aduertit, Liv. 37, 9, 7; pedemque aduertere ripae\*, Verg. 6, 386; terrae\*que aduertere proras, 7, 35; urbi\*que aduertet agmen, 12, 555; Colchos aduertere ppppin, Ov. her. 12, 23; In quaqueumque domus adnerti lumina parct, M. 6, 180; add

8, 482; aures, F. 1, 179; balnearia occidenti\* aestiuo, Colum. 1, 6, 2; (iu locis) tepidis (uineta) orienti\*, 3, 12, 6;

**2.** cause to turn to, draw to, attract (the attention of), aduerterat (auerterat, Madv.) ea res Sabinos, Liv. 1, 12, 10; non docet admonitio sed aduertit sed excitat, Sen. ep. 94, 25; gemitus ac plauctus militum aures oraue, Tac. an. 1, 41; odia, 4, 21 f.; Zenobian placida inluie spirantem aduertēre, 12, 51; h. 3, 48; **3.** osp. w. animum, ea senatus animum aduertit, CIL 201, Nunc huc animum aduertite, ambo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 171, etc.; Si uoles aduertere animum, comiter monstrabitur, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 5; in rebus acerbis Aeriis aduertunt animos ad religionem, Lucr. 3, 54; aduertent animos ne quid..., Liv. 4, 45, 4; **4.** w. n. pron. as a second acc.: Et id et hoc quod te reuocamus, quaeso animum aduerte, Audio, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 43; haec animum te aduertere par est, Lucr. 2, 125; **5.** when the two words had grown into one, any acc. might be added, as naufragum quendam natantem animum aduertent, Cic. iuv. 2, 154; **6.** aduerto w. animum understood, observe, notice, nunc qua ratione quod instat Confieri possit, paucis, aduerte, docebo, Verg. 4, 115; quam sanguisugam coepisse appellari aduerto, Plin. 8, 29; aduertēre quosdam cultu externo in sedibus senatorum, Tac. an. 13, 54; pericula nostra, 14, 43; nouum aliquid, 15, 30; **7.** aduertor, as vb. r. turn to, intrans., notae aduertuntur harenae, Verg. 5, 34; Scythicas aduertitur oras, Ov. M. 5, 649; and in perf. act. for a. se, (cf. diuertor, reuertor), Mox profugi ducente Noto, aduertere coloni, Sil. 298; **8.** note dat. in poets and Colum.\*

**ad-uespērascit**, vb. imp. [ad=an=awa of beginning], begin to get dusk, Cur uxor non accessit? adnesperascit. Audin? Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 2; quoniam a., Cic. fin. 4, 80; Verr. 2, 4, 147; nisi adnesperasset, bell. hisp. 24, 5; cum aduesperauisset, Plin. 7, 178.

**ad-uespērat**, vb. imp. the same, Not. Tir.

**ad-uigilantia**, ae, f. watchfulness, Ruric. ep. 2, 3.

**ad-uigilo**, āre vb. act as sentinel over, sit up and watch over, nepoti, Tib. 2, 5, 93; regum somnis, Stat. Th. 1, 147; uallo, Claud. Eutr. 2, 419; **2.** as vb. imp.; ut aduigiletur facilius ad custodiam ignis (of Vesta), Cic. leg. 2, 29 f.; **3.** met. satis credo si adnigilaueris, Ex unis geminas mihi conficies nuptias, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 49; add Ph. 1, 4, 25; Q. Cic. pet. cons. 57; sibi, Manil. 1, 81; stupris, Claud. l. Stil. 2, 140.

**ad-uiso**, ēre, xi, vb. live on, be still alive, continuo to live, Hic tennem nigris etiamnum aduere Incem Rorboribus, Stat. Th. 12, 424; qui aduiente eo dono...honorati sunt, inser. Or. 3094; eum quo aduixit sine quicquid per annos xx, inser. Grut. 1145, 8; usuram pecuniae donec aduixit, Scaev. dig. 34, 3, 28, 5; add 34, 4, 30.

**ādūlab-ilis**, e, adj. [adula-rī], calculated to flatter, fawning, sermo, Amm. 14, 11, 11; sententia reiorum, 31, 12, 7; ap. Non. 155 s.v. propitiabilis.

**ādūlatio**, ouis, f. lit. wagging of tail (as by dogs), fawning, canum tam amans dominorum a., Cic. N. D. 2, 158; **2.** met. ad boues aduersus eum quadam uocis adulatione uenito, Col. 6, 2, 5; crebris pedum orbibus adulatio (cooing of pigeons), Plin. 10, 104; **3.** esp. fawuing, flattery, nullam in amicitias pestem esse maiorem quam adulationem, Cic. am. 91; regia a., Liv. 42, 30, 4; Quint. 2, 15, 25; 9, 2, 28; 11, 1, 30; 11, 3, 66; Auson. Paulo, ep. 4; ancillaribus a., Amm. 16, 2, 2; and in plur. Tac. an. 2, 32; 4, 20; Plin. pau. 41; **4.**=and perh. confounded w. adoratio, desideratas (sc. Alexandro) humi iacentum adulationes, Liv. 9, 18, 4.

**ādūlātor**, ōris, m. flatterer, nolo esse laudator ue uidcar adulator, Corn. 29; potentiae, Quint. 12, 10, 13; Snet. Vit. 1; Treb. Claud. 3, 7.

**ādūlātōr-ius**, adj. of flatterers, a. dedecus, Tac. an. 6, 32 (38) f.; **2.** adulatoric, adv. like a flatterer, Angust. ep. 148.

**ādūlātr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. [adulator], a flatterer, Tert. anim. 51; **2.** as adj. a. geutes...prouinciae, Treb. Claud. 3, 7.

**ādūlo**, āre, see

**ādūlor**, āri, vb. r. or adno\*, āre vb. [ad and a lost sb.



ula (=oupa) shortened (like ubi from cubi) from cola (cf. Sp. Pg. cola)=eoda in Varr.=cauda; cod. of coda akin to wed of G. wed-el tail, wedel-n, wag the tail), wag the tail at, prop. of dogs, Longe alio pacto gannitu uocis adulant\* (sc. canes). Lucr. 5, 1070; mitissimi (canes)... furem quoque adulantur (al. adulant\*), Colum. 7, 12, 5; eaudam more atque ritu adulantium canum, clementer (leo) et blande mouet, Gell. 5, 14, 12; and met. of vulture Pinnata cauda nostrum adulat sanguinem, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24;

**2.** met. fawn upon, flatter, neque ita aut adulatus aut admiratus sum fortunam alterius ut meae me (mss me meae) paeuiteret, Cic. div. 2, 6; aperte adulantem nemo non uidet nisi..., Cic. am. 99; adulantem omnis (al. omnibus); but omnes Arus. p. 216) uidere te nolui, nidi, Cic. Pis. 99; neque eo magis potenti† adulatus est Antonio, Nep. Att. 8 f.; plebem adulari, Liv. 23, 4, 2; praesentibus adulando, 36, 7, 4; adulando aut Romanorum imperium aut amicitiam regum, 45, 31, 4; ne codicillis quidem Neronem aut Tigellinum aut quem alium potentium adlatus est, Tac. an. 16, 19; more quemennque principem adlandi, Tac. h. 1, 32; adlantis dominum feras, Sen. ira 2, 31, 6; si Dionysium adulari (so Halm) uelles, ista non esses. Immo, inquit, si tu haec esse uelles, non adularere Dionysium, Val. M. 4, 3, ext. 4; eo redactos ut adulerent sordidam clientelae suae partem, Iust. 8, 4, 8; add Quint. 9, 2, 104; centurias non adulaui\*, Auson. grat. act. 13; sorores sic adulaui\* Psyche., Apul. M. 5, 14; add Avien. deser. orb. 338; **3.** in sense of adoro (perh. by confusion of the words), worship (a deity or foreign prince), adore, more adulantium (accepto credo ritu ex ea regione ex qua oriundi erant) procubuerunt, Liv. 30, 16, 4; Hephaestionem more Persarum adulata tamquam Alexandrum salutauit, Val. M. 4, 7, ext. 2; Aeseulapio†, Tert. pall. 4 f.; Domino†, id. Psych. 14 and 16; **4.** adular, as a pass. be fawned upon, be flattered, cauendum est ne assentatoribus patefaciamus auris nene adulari nos sinamus (but here perh. act., sc. eos), Cic. off. 1, 91; adulati erant ab amicis et adhortati, Cassius (Hemina?) ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 1 K, who adds: adulati κολακευθεντες; tribunus militum adulaudus erat, Val. M. 2, 7, 15; **5.** constr. w. dat.† or acc. of person, huic, non hunc adulari iam dicitur, Quint. 9, 3, 1 (but? tr. huic and hunc); adular te et tibi, Prisc. 2, 274, 17 K; adulo illum, adular illi, Cled. 59, 17 K; **6.** adulo\* only in poets or late prose; adulo lieto... in o et in r littera fluuntur, Donat. 383, 19 K: add Cled. ib.; Pomp. 233, 9; Consent. 369, 14; **11 7.** adulas, part. as adj. fawning, flattering, adulantia nerba blandasque noces, Plin. pan. 26; quid adulantia quam..., Tert. Marc. 1, 27.

**adult-er**, ἄρι, m. [adultus; in orig. a comp. a rather young man (cf. παλλακη paelax, lit. a young woman; Sp. manceba the same) and so a euphemism for an] adulterer, paramour, quemque hominem aspexero... si uxorem si adulterum, oprunecabo, Pl. Amph. 4, 3, 15; quis ganeo, quis nepos, quis adulter, Cic. Cat. 2, 7; nec Damalis nono Dimelētūr adultēro, Hor. od. 1, 36, 19; add 3, 16, 4; Debitus ut coniuux, non ut adulter amo, Ov. her. 20, 8; adulteros eorum morte puniunt, Tac. an. 3, 24; in nepti Augusti adulter, ib.; **2.** a forger, Th. cod. 11, 21, 1; 9, 21, 5, 9; **3.** as adj. adulteros Crines pulnere collines, Hor. od. 1, 15, 19; partus adulteri, Sol. 27, 42; arbusta adultera (of grafted trees), Manil. 2, 22; elanus (false), Ov. a. a. 3, 643; minium (adulterated), Plin. 33, 114; imitatio (forged), Th. cod. 9, 22, 1; ne forte aliquis anreorum nequam nel adulter reperiatur, Apul. M. 10, 9; **4.** esp.

**adultēra**, ae, f. an adulteress, Lacaena, Hor. od. 3, 3, 25; et matris paelax et adultera patris, Ov. M. 10, 347; Plin. 26, 62; Quint. 5, 10, 104; Snet. Gai. 24; (leaeana), Plin. 8, 43; **2.** met. mens, Ov. am. 3, 4, 5.

**adultērātio**, ōnis, f. adulteration (croci), Plin. 21, 32; also lemma of lib. 12, p. 38 Sill.

**adultērātor**, ōris, m. forger, monetae, Claud. dig. 48, 19, 16, 9; add Th. eod. 11, 21, 1.

**adultērīnus**, adi. of an adulterer, sanguis, Plin. 7, 14; pullus (a young bird), 10, 10; **2.** forged, false, nummos, Cic. off. 3, 91; symbolum, Pl. Baec. 2, 3, 32; signis, Cic.

Clu. 41; semina, Varr. r. 1, 40, 2; clanes, Sal. Ing. 12, 3; testamentum, Afric. dig. 48, 10, 6; staterae, Ulp. 47, 11, 6, 1.

**adultēr-īo**, ōnis, m. dim. a term of contempt for an adulterer, Laber. ap. Non. 70, 3; and ap. Gell. 16, 7, 2.

**adultērītās**, ātis, f. adultery, Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 2.

**adultērīum**, ii, n. adultery, plenus periuri atque adulteri, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 12, etc.; in adulterio si prehendisses, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 23, 5; in adulterio deprehenditur, Cic. or. 2, 275; fecit a., Cat. 67, 36; legem Iuliam de adulteriis coercendis, dig. 48, 5 tit.; **2.** of animals, Plin. 8, 13; 10, 104; **3.** met. of grafting, 17, 8; **4.** adulteration, mellis, 14, 80; mercis, 19, 43.

**adultēro**, āre, vb. play the adulterer or -ess, latrocinari fraudare adulterare turpe est, Cic. off. 1, 128; **2.** with acc. or w. cum, defile, equitis Romani uxorem, Suet. Iul. 48; matrouas, Suet. Aug. 67; cum Graeco adulescente, Iust. 43, 4, 8; nouercam, Marc. dig. 48, 9, 5; **3.** of birds, nidum, Plin. 10, 27; **4.** met. indicium, adulterate, forge, Adulterare eum sibat rebus ceteris—was a forger—Pl. Baec. 2, 3, 34; nardum, Plin. 12, 43; nummos, Paul. sent. 5, 25, 1; colorem, 16, 205; gemmas, 37, 51; **5.** by met. fm. this, iudicium neri, Cic. am. 92; boni naturam fallaciter imitando, Cic. part. 90; Ille (Proteus) sua faciem... arte, Ov. F. 1, 373.

**adumbrātīm**, adv. in rough perspective drawing, Lucr. 4, 363.

**adumbrātio**, ōnis, f. rough perspective drawing, frontis et laterum abseidentium, Vitruv. 1, 2, 2; **2.** met. si uon perfectio at conatus atque adumbratio, Cic. or. 103; **3.** a (legal) fiction, quae adumbratione exorta sint, Th. cod. 14, 4, 8, 2.

**ād-umbro**, āre [nmbra] shade, esp. protect from the sun, tegetibus uineas, Colum. 5, 5, 15; (alucaria) frondibus, 9, 7, 4; tegumentis uuas, 11, 2, 61; add Petron. 105; **2.** draw in rough perspective, istorum admbratorum deorum liniamenta, Cic. N. D. 1, 75; quis pictor omnia... adumbrare didicit? Quint. 7, 10, 9; quod ars adumbrare non naluit, easus imitatus est, Val. M. 8, 11 ext. 7; **3.** met. (in optima indole) haec honesta a natura tamquam adumbrantur, Cic. fin. 5, 61; **4.** esp. by words, heroum casus dicendo, Cic. de or. 2, 194; eloquentiae formam, Cic. or. 43; **5.** hence adumbratus of the false or sham, ueque neris comitiis... ueque illis ad speciem auspiciorum causa adumbratis, Cic. agr. 2, 31; Verr. 2, 3, 77; Tusc. 3, 3; Sul. 52; admbrata laetitia, Tac. an. 4, 31.

**ādūnātio**, ōnis, f. union, Cypr. ep. 57 (60); Cassiod. ep. 4, 33.

**āduncītas**, ātis, f. curvature, rostrorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; rostri, Plin. 10, 136.

**ad-uncus**, adj. hooked, naso, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 18; serrulam, Cic. Clu. 180; unguibus, Cic. poet. Tusc. 24; praepes adunca Iouis, Ov. F. 6, 196; falce, M. 14, 628; rostra, Colum. 8, 2, 9.

**ād-ūno**, āre, vb. [unus] unite, classem, Iust. 2, 12, 18; gentes, 7, 1, 12; membra, Pall. 3, 29, 1.

**aduocātio**, ōnis, f. calling on friends to give advice and aid, hence their attendance as friends, eorum aduocationem lapidibus diseussisti, Cic. dom. 54; **2.** as a collective, a body of supporting friends, scio quid haec aduocatio, quid dignitas P. Sestii postulet, Cic. Sest. 119; nihil tam copiosa aduocatione uteretur, Cic. Quinct. 47; filium cum ingenti aduocatione in forum deducit, Liv. 3, 47, 1; **3.** a meeting for consultation, in aede Castoris quo maximarum rerum aduocationes fiunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 129; **4.** esp. in law, a consultation on the conduct of a suit by an advocate, (Trebatius) in re militari cautior quam in aduocationibus, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; ex stipe aduocationum, Quint. 1, 12, 18; si quid ab aduersario in aduocationibus iactatum (est), 5, 13, 49; promisi adu., Sen. ben. 4, 35, 2; aduocationem praestare, Ulp. dig. 3, 1, 6; aduocationem praebnit, Paul. 5, 2, 32; **5.** the body of advocates, the bar, a. Caesarensis, eod. Theod. 2, 3, 30; a. Palestina, 8, 41, 27; **6.** permission to consult friends and so postponement, ego omnibus unde petitur hoc consili dederim ut binas aduocationes postulet, Cic. fam. 7, 11, 1; and met.



aduocationem petit ut excutiendae meriti spatium habeat, Sen. ira, 1, 18, 1; si nihil egerit petita aduocatio, 3, 12, 4; consol. 10, 4.

**aduocātor**, ōris, m. advocate, Tert. Marc. 4, 15.

**ad-uōco**, āre, vb. call to (one), invite, summon, his quos tibi aduocasti uiris lectissimis, Cic. Quint. 5 (as assessors); so too in: consules eansam cognorunt eum uiros primarios multos in consilium aduocassent, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 18; contionem, 2, 3, 185; Liv. 7, 37, 1; eo senatum, Sal. Cat. 46, 6; ego uos quo pauca monerem, aduocauit, 58, 3; socios in coetum, Verg. 5, 43; 2. esp. as a friend or witness, call in, hospitem nostrum sibi Mnesilochus aduocauit...Eo praesente homini extemplo ostendit symbolum, Pl. Bae. 2, 3, 28; add Amph. 5, 1, 76; Merc. 4, 3, 35; Cas. 3, 3, 7; aliquot mihi Amiecos aduocabo, ad hanc rem qui adsident, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 83; Amicos hodie cum (against) improbo illo audinimus Lucilio aduocasse, Lucil. ap. Non. 74, 9; 3. met. summon to one's aid as a friend, eum a negotio senocamus animum, quid agimus nisi animum ad se ipsum aduocamus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 75; amorem...in consilium aduocabo, Cic. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 34; Quis deus tibi non bene aduocatus...? Cat. 40, 3; omniaque arma aduocat, Verg. 8, 250; secretasque aduocat artes, Ov. M. 7, 138; (pura) dis placandis aduocatum, Plin. 9, 127; 4. aduocatus, part. m. as sb., a friend summoned to one's aid, (Ius) impetrabit te aduocato atque arbitro, Pl. Tr. 5, 2, 37; Nou equidem mihi te aduocatum, pater, adduxi, sed uiro, Hinc stas, illum causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; Ridiculum: aduorsumne illum causam dicerem, Cui ueneram aduocatus? Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 43; 5. esp. a friend who attends in court to give countenance to an accused, contriui diem Dum asto aduocatus quoidam cognato meo; Quem herele ego litem adeo perdidisse gaudeo, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 5; cras est mihi iudicium..., ut nunties Patri, aduocatus mane mihi esse ut meminerit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 49; orat reus, urgent aduocati, Cic. or. 2, 301; 6. in later l., counsel, advocate (for patrons), nec quicquam publicae meritis tam uenale fuit quam aduocatorum perfidia, Tac. an. 11, 5; quomodo uis morborum pretia medentibus, sic fori tabes pecuniam aduocatis ferat, 11, 6; quando ipsos loqui, quando aduocati uoce uti debeat, Quint. 11, 1, 59; debet bonus aduocatus pro rei salute...reprehensionem non pertinere, 5, 13, 10; Q. Hortensio...aduocato fisei, inser. Or. 3352; so 4124; C. Scaefio...aduoc. reip. 3906; C. Caluiseo...populi aduocato, 3907; 7. aduocata as sb. f. a friend in counsel, met. non desiderat fortitudo aduocatum iracundiam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 52; adhibes artem aduocatum sensibus, Cic. ac. 2, 86.

**aduolātus**, ūs, m. flying to, Tristi aduolatu, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24.

**ad-uōlito**, āre, vb. keep flying to, papilio (moth) luminibus accensis aduolitus, Plin. 9, 65; add Prud. Symm. 2, 573.

**ad-uōlo**, āre, vb. fly to, auem quandam...aduolentem ad eas anis quae..., Cic. N. D. 2, 124; in agrum Volaterranum palumbum uise mari quotannis aduolat, Plin. 10, 78; add 10, 115 (bis); papilio luernarum luminibus, 28, 162; 2. met. uox ad aures, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 23; Amph. 1, 1, 169; Rud. 2, 3, 3; (Britanniae) εἰδωλον mihi aduolabit ad pectus, Cic. fam. 15, 16, 2; Fama, Verg. 10, 511; 3. esp. of man, fly to, fly at, si ingrederis, curre; si curris, aduola, Cic. Att. 2, 23, 3; 2, 13 f.; 4, 4; hostes ad pabulatores, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; add b. c. 2, 42, 3; 4. w. acc. alone, hic tibi Rostra Cato aduolat, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 5; Pollux...Aduolat ora uiri, Val. F. 4, 300.

**ad-uoluo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. roll to, totas aduoluere foecis ulmos, Verg. G. 3, 378; ingentis montibus ornos, Verg. 6, 182; 2. met. roll up, carmen in unum, Claud. cons. St. 1, 7; 3. a. se, roll oneself at, throw oneself down at, genibus omnium, Liv. 8, 37, 9; 4. oftener, aduoluo, vb. r. the same, aduolutus genibus, Liv. 28, 34, 4; tills humiles aduoluimur aris, Prop. 3, 17, 1; genibus eius, Vell. 2, 81, 4; pedibus eius, Curt. 3, 12, 17; 5. w. acc. genua patrum, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 1, 311; Tiberii genua, Tac. an. 1, 13; pedes eius, Apul. M. 6, 2; pedes nostros, mag. 94.

**aduores**, εραυτιοι, Gloss. Labb.

**aduosem**, aduersarium, hostem, Paul. ex F. 25.

**ad-urgeo**, ēre, vb. press to, is (dens) in locum prioris digito adurgendus, Cels. 7, 12, 1, p. 288, 11 Dar.; 2. met. press after, pursue eagerly, ab Italia uolantem remis, Hor. od. 1, 37, 17.

**ad-ūro**, ēre, ussi, ustus, vb. [ad = αρα] lit. begin to burn, burn the surface of, singe, hoc salsumst, hoc adustumst, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 71; instituit ut candentibus inglandium putaminibus barbam sibi et capillum adurerent, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; candente carbone sibi capillum, Cic. off. 2, 25; cum ad flammam se adplicauerunt sine gemitu adurrunt, Cic. Tusc. 5, 77; Flammi aduri Colchicis, Hor. epod. 5, 24; panis adustus, s. 2, 8, 68; pectore adusto merulas, 2, 8, 90; ignes caelestes leni afflatu uestimenta, Liv. 39, 22, 3; os ferramento adurere, ut ex eo squama secedat, Cels. 8, 2, p. 329, 17 and 25; aduri locus debet, 5, 26, 33; medicamentis adurentibus (caustics), 5, 26, 21; but in Pl. 33, 122 iuratur; 2. even of damage by heat of dung, ne stereore ungulas (pallus—a foal) aduratur, Colum. 6, 27, 12; ne calore stereoris aduratur plauta, Pall. 2, 15, 16; 3. of cold, as well as heat, nip, bite or destroy (surface) by frost, freeze, ne...Boreae penetrabile frigus adurat, Verg. G. 1, 93; nec uernum nascentia frigus adurat Poma, Ov. M. 14, 763; rigor niuis multorum adussit pedes, Curt. 7, 3, 13; arbores aduri feruore aut flatu frigidore, Plin. 17, 216; 3. of other physical damage, (locustae) multa contactu adurentes, Plin. 11, 104; balsaminum aduri, 23, 92; femora atteri adurique equitatu (chafed), 28, 218; 4. met. quae te eumque domat Venns, Non embescendit adurit ignibus, Hor. od. 1, 27, 15 (penitus urit of Orelli wrong); II. 5. part. adustus, sun-burnt, adustus corpora Maurus, Sil. 8, 269; adustioris coloris ut ex recenti uia, Liv. 27, 47, 2; hence lapis colore adusto, as if sunburnt, Plin. 2, 149; 6. in med. of burns, adustis locis, Cels. 5, 27, 13; adustorum curatio, ib.; adusta sanantur cancri cinere, Plin. 32, 119; add 20, 71 etc.

**adustus**, ōnis, f. burning by approach, picis, Plin. 14, 127; nlecribus frigore aut adustione factis, 32, 34; 2. a. oculorum, inflammation? Plin. 20, 61; 28, 65.

**adynamon** (not powerful), nimum, wine for the sick, Plin. 14, 100.

**ādŷtum** (for Latin aditum) [not to be entered] n. innermost shrine, holy of holies, Pergami in occultis templi quo praeter sacerdotes adire fas non est, quae Graeci adita (so mss) appellant, Caes. b. c. 3, 105, 4; adytis penetralibus ignem, Verg. 2, 297; 2, 115; 6, 98; uocem adyti dignam templo, Iuv. 13, 205; 2. of a tomb, Verg. 5, 84; 3. met. Ex adyto tanquam cordis, Lucr. 1, 737; Mnsae adytis suis Accium et Vergilium recedere, Colum. 1. pr. 30.

**ādŷtus**, ūs, m. the same, pro certo arbitrator sortes oracla adytis augura, Acc. ap. Non. 488, 2.

**ād-usquē**, prep. + adv. all the—to, of place, all the way to, Menelans adusque columnas Exsulat, Verg. 11, 262; uia peior adusque Bari moenia, Hor. s. 1, 5, 96; adusque... qua tingitur India Gange, Ov. M. 4, 20; omne maro ab India adusque (Momms. om. ad) Gades, Solin. 56, 6;

2. of time, all the time to, adusque Supremum tempus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 97; a. finem dici, Amm. 19, 1, 9; 3. of degree, even to, a. ludibria ebriosus, Gell. 15, 2, 2; risu a. intestinorum dolorem redactus, Apul. M. 10, 16; 4. as mere adv. quite, a. deraso capite, ib. 2, 28; a. proxime, Tert. virg. vel. 3.

**ae** corresponding to Gk. αι, Aeneas, Aeschylus, aether, Phaedrus, diaeta; 2. also for older Lat. ai, Romae Romai CIL 59, tabulae tabelai, 196, 30; aedes aide, 32; aedilis aidilis, 30; quae quai, 198, 34; quaero quairatis, 34; Gnaeus Gnaiud, 30; 3. for Gk. η, scaena σκηνη, scaenrum, Varr. l. 7, 99, p. 372 Sp. σκηπτρον; 4. a lengthening from ā in imperf. tenses, as caed-o stem caid, baet-o st. bāt; cf. φαν-ω βαυ-ω fm. φαν βαυ; 5. often written e in mss, penitet in B Pl. St. 2, 1, 35, but paen. in A; and so by error a mere e, as penitet Pl. St. 1, 1, 51 in B; Aul. 3, 2, 20 in Jγ; fenus, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 37, 53, 74, 76, 101 in BC; but always faenus in A.

**Aebutius**, ii, a Roman gens, (Se)x Poppaed. Sex. f. (Se)x. Aebutius C. f... aediles, CIL 617 (u. e. 703); 2.



as adj. Aebutia lex (u.c. 520?), Cic. agr. 2, 21; Gell. 16, 10, 8.

**aedes** (aedis\*), is, f. [as caedes to cād of caedo fell, cado fall, so aedes points to a root ād, perh. = al of alo raise, and so gen. a structure—hence] a temple, Quin in ipsa aede (so mss, w. a commencing trochee) deae Dianae conditumst, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 78; aedem usere Mineruae, 4, 8, 59; Pone aedem Castoris, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 20; inter aedem sacram et inter aedificium priuatum, CIL 206, 29; ea pars urbis in qua parte ea aedis sacra erit, 206, 30; aedem Honori et Virtuti nictor fecit, inser. Or. 543; a. Honoris, Cic. leg. 2, 58; Telluris, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 14; haec ego ludo Quae nce in aede sonent (sc. Apollinis), Hor. s. 1, 10, 38; duas aedes...de caelo tact(as), Liv. 27, 23, 2; aedes duae Ioui...dedicatae sunt, 35, 41, 8; **2.** often omitted w. gen. of deity (cf. our phrase: St Paul's), quemadmodum a Vestae...ducta esses, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 2; pecunia utinam ad Opis maneret, Cic. Ph. 1, 17; habitabat rex ad Iouis Statoris, Liv. 1, 41, 4; **3.** in pl., a house (as containing several rooms), aedis filius Tuus emit, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 107; Ille qui mandauit, eum exturbasti ex aedibus, Tr. 1, 2, 100; Harum quist domini aedum? Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 26; adert una in unis (note the word) aedibus, Eun. 2, 3, 76; uix pars aedium mearum decima ad Catuli porticum accessit, Cic. dom. 116; magnificentiam aedium regiarum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 61; binas (contrast this w. duas of § 1) aedes habeo, alteras tibi lego, Marc. dig. 8, 2, 10; but Ulp. in 8, 4, 6 has twice duas aedes incorrectly, twice binas aedes; **4.** of a tomb, Hanc aedem posuit struidque nouissima templa Manibus et cineri, inser. Or. 132; **5.** met. Fac sis uocinas, Pseudule, aedis† aurium, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 54; clausis ennetantur in aedibus (sc. apes), Verg. G. 4, 258; **6.** aedis as acc. pl., aedisquo poplicas heic feci, CIL 551; add † above.

**aedic-ula**, ae, f. dim. a small temple, aediculam et bassim magistrei dant, CIL 1181; cum Licinia uirgo uestalis aram et aediculam et puluinari dedicasset, Cic. dom. 136; aediculam Victoriae uirginis dedicauit, Liv. 35, 9, 6; add 35, 41, 10; **2.** a niche or recess for a god's statue, aediculam auream (Concordiae) fecit in Graecostasi, Plin. 33, 19; Nemesis xl aediculis inluserit, 36, 87; qui aediculas incustoditas temptauerunt, amplius quam fures, miuus quam sacrilegi merentur, Paul. dig. 48, 13, 11 (9); aediculae in quibus simulacra Claudiae Semnes in formam deorum, inser. Or. 4456 B; **3.** armarium in cuius aedicula erant Lares argentei, Petr. 29; Eponae deae simulacrum residens aediculae, Apul. M. 3, 27; **4.** in tombs, a recess for an urn etc., inser. Fabr. 1, 68; **5.** aediculae, pl. a cottage, Aediculae item sunt ob decem alias (oppositae pignori), Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 58; pauper fuit; habuit aediculas in Carinis, Cic. parad. 50; **6.** aedicula sing. a hut (of one room, for a slave), In aediculam istanc seorsum coucludi uolo, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 21; aedicla, inser. Or. 1434.

**aedi-fex**, feis, m. builder, architect, Tert. idol. 12.

**aedificatio**, ōnis, f. building, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24 (23) 1; Cic. Q. fr. 2, 2, 2; fam. 5, 6, 3; Pis. 48; Varr. r. 1, 13, 6; Vitr. 1, 3, 1; **2.** met. Igitur tum specimen cernitur quo eueniat aedificatio (sc. hominis), Pl. Most. 1, 2, 51.

**aedificatiun-cula**, ae, f. dim. building on a small scale, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 5.

**aedificator**, ōris, m. builder, or rather one given to building, nemo illo minus fuit aed., Nep. Att. 13, 1; eleganter aedificet agricola, nec sit aedificator, Colum. 1, 4, 8; Aedificator erat Cetroneius, Inu. 14, 86; aed. Aeneas, Flor. 1, 2 (8), 4; **2.** met. mundi, Cic. N. D. 21; Tim. 2.

**aedificator-ins**, adj. of a builder, met. Tert. carn. Cl. 17; anim. 47.

**aedificiālis**, e, adj. of a building, Iouis (as guardian of), Dictys 5, 12.

**aedifici-ōium**, i, n. dim. a small building, inser. Mur. 1013, 5; 1430, 6.

**aedificium**, ii, n. [aedifico] a building, more general than aedes, ager locus aedificium, CIL 206, 7 and 8; quei agrei quae loca aedificia, 204, 1, 12; add Pl. Most. 1, 2, 37; exstruere in alieno, Cic. Mil. 74; quid si caeuentum bonum non haberem, deturb(ar)em aed., Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 7; domum

cuius amoenitas non aedificio sed silua constabat, Nep. Att. 13, 2; aedes aedificiaque, Liv. 38, 38, 11; nullis et aedificiis et monumentis, Marcian. dig. 1, 8, 4.

**aedifico**, are, vb. [aedifex] play the builder, met. Ecce autem aedificat, columnam mento suffigit suo, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 54; tribus locis aedifico, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 3; Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3; Hor. s. 2, 3, 308; ep. 1, 1, 100; **2.** build, w. acc. nauem, Pl. Merc. pr. 86; aedis, Most. 1, 2, 36; gynaecium, 3, 2, 68; aedis, CIL 206, 58; Quas ob res hoc monumentum aedificauit (pater), 1008, 18; classes, Cic. Man. 9; hortos, Cic. Att. 9, 13 f.; casas, Hor. s. 2, 3, 247; **3.** met. mundum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 63; rem publicam, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; **II 4.** build upon? si insulam aedificauerim (but inad.?), Paul. dig. 41, 1, 29, 4; **5.** but admissible in part. aedificatus built upon, sine uacuis sit locus siue aedificatus, Ulp. 39, 1, 20, 2.

**aedil-ātus**, us, m. office of aedile, aedileship, Paul. ex F. 13.

**aedilicius**, adj. of an aedile, Eugepae, edictiones aedilicias hic quidem habet, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 43; munus, Cic. off. 2, 57; scriba, Cic. Clu. 126; aed. praetextam togam, Cic. Vat. 16; repulsam (as a candidate for the office), Plauc. 51; edictum, dig. 21, 1, tit.; **2.** aedilicius (uir), one who has been aedile, aed. est mortuus, Cic. Br. 109; Vat. 16.

**aedilis** (older aid-), adj. as sb. m. [aedes] an aedile, charged with care of buildings, esp. public b., markets, and gen. of internal police, consol censor aedilis qui fuit, CIL 30; dic. cos. pr. mag. ep. cens. aid. tr. pl. q...., 197, 15; Apud aedilem pro eius factis plurimisque pessumisque Dixi causam, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 22; Vapulabis meo abitratu et nouorum aedilium, Tr. 4, 2, 148; mures Africanos praedicat In pompam ludis (at the games) dare se uelle aedilibus (to the aediles), Poen. 5, 2, 52; acta ludis Romanis M. Iunio Lucio Iulio aedilib. curulib. Ter. Eun. tit.; add Haut. tit. etc.; acturi sumus Menandri Eunuchum, postquam aediles emerunt, Eun. pr. 20; sunt aediles curatores urbis annonae ludorumque sollemniū, olisque ad honoris aeprioris gradum is primus adscensus esto, ap. Cic. leg. 3, 7; nunc sum designatus aedilis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 36; recusantibus id munus [ut ludi maxim(i) fierent] aedilibus plebis...factum S. C. ut duo uiros aediles ex patribus dictator populum rogaret, Liv. 6, 42, 14; (cf. 7, 1, 1); **5.** aedile as abl. rather than aedili, says Char. 120, 17, quoting Rutil. and Varr.; add Cic. Sest. 95; Liv. 3, 31, 5; but in Tac. an. 12, 64 Halm has aedili. [This article was not finished.]

**aedilitas**, atis, f. aedileship, Pl. St. 2, 2, 29; Cic. Clu. 69; off. 2, 57 and 58; pl. aedilitatum, ib. 57.

**aedi-tua**, ae, f. [cf. aeditumus] a temple-warden, Doridi Asinii Galli aedituae a Diana, inser. Or. 2444; **2.** met. eius templi aeditua pudicitia est, Tert. cult. fem. 1.

**aedituālis**, adj. [aedituus or -a] of a temple-warden, lex, Tert. pud. 16.

**aedi-tuens**, tis, quasi-part. as sb. churchwarden, Hospitibus loca quae complerant aedituents, Lucr. 6, 1275.

**aeditumor**, ari, vb. r. [aeditumus] aet as or be temple-warden, Qui postquam tibi appareo atque aeditumor in templo tuo, Pomp. ap. Gell. 12, 10, 7; but Non. p. 75 has aedituor here; **2.** aedituo, are? aedituauit in a Ligorian forgery, inser. Or. 2447.

**aedituus**, see aeditumus.

**aedi-tūm-us**, (-tūmus or -tūmus) or aedi-tu-us, i, m. [implies an old vb. tum-eor=tu-eor; cf. aedituens and cor-tum-io] temple-warden, a quo (sc. tueri) quidam dicunt illum qui curat aedes sacras, aedituum, non aeditomum (so F. Havn. al.-num), Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 298 Sp.; Varro aeditumum dici oportere censet, magis quam aeditum quod alterum sit recenti nouitate fictum, alterum antiqua origie incorruptum, Gell. 12, 10, 4, where G. adds: ea forma dictum qua finitimus et legitimus etc.; ab aeditimo ut dicere didicimus a patribus nostris, ut corrigimur a recentibus urbanis ab aedituo, Varr. r. 1, 2, 1; libertus aeditumi, 1, 69, 2; Seruius...putat...in finitimo legitimo non plus inesse tinum quam in medullio Tullium, Cic. top. 36; Aeditiom (-tuum?) fanum aperire, Pl. Cure.



1, 3, 48; fores aedis effringunt: aeditumi (so Gell. ib., *ms* now aeditui) mature sentiunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96; corruptis aedituis dnobis (of the temple of Libertas), Liv. 25, 7, 13; praetor edixit ut aeditui aedes sacras tota urbe aperirent, 30, 17, 6; aeditumus Veneris, inscr. Or. 2445; aeditno aedis Neptuni, 32; aeditus (sic) templi diui Aug., 2446; aeditus ab Concordia, 2442; aeditVs (sic) Capitoli, 2850; aeditno Dianae Planeiauae, 2880; aeditno aedis Concordiae, 4369; Suet. Dom. 1; **2.** met. in flattery, est operae pretium cognoscere quales Aedituos habeat belli spectata domique Virtus (sc. Augusti), Hor. ep. 2, 1, 230; se esse velut aeditum soli quod primum D. Augustus nascens attigisset, Suet. Aug. 5; **3.** as having deeds deposited with him, si eustodiam tabularum aed. suscepti, Ulp. dig. 43, 5, 3, 3; aeditum in his quae ei tradita sunt peccatum non admittere, Paul. 48, 13, 9, 2; 31, 77, 26.

**aeger**, grn, grum, adj. [ag of aeger perh.=E. ache] painful, dolores, Lucr. 3, 918; luctus, 3, 946; Ov. M. 2, 329; mors, Verg. G. 3, 512; uocet, Sil. 7, 305; gen. of health, ill, sickly, suffering from disease. (pharmacoplae) uerba audiunt, uerum se nemo committit (ei), si aeger est, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Puerperio ego nunc me esse aegram adsimulo, Pl. True. 2, 5, 17; add 2, 6, 19; ita graniter aegrum ut omnes medici differant, Cic. div. 1, 53; homines aegri morbo graui, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; ex uulnere, Cic. rep. 2, 38; Liv. 26, 8, 9; pedibus, Sal. Cat. 59, 4; sues, Verg. G. 3, 496; D. M. Sertorio Aug. lib. ab aegris eubicularior(um), physiciau, inscr. Or. 2886; **2.** met. of the mind, sick, a morbo ualui, ab animo aeger fui, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 26; Medea animo aegro, poet. ap. Cic. Cael. 18; animus ab anaritia, Sal. Iug. 29, 1; amore, Liv. 30, 11, 3; **3.** met. of things personified, aegram et prope depositam rei publicae partem, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 5; semper aegri aliquid esse in re publica uolunt, Liv. 5, 3, 6; quum utrumque pro remedio aegris rebus discordia petissent, 9, 20, 5; inter male parentes et iniuste imperantes aegra municipia, Tac. Agr. 32; molem aegram (of a rickety bridge), Stat. Th. 10, 868; **4.** and. of abstract ideas, sickly, weak, spes, Sil. 9, 543; fides, 2, 392; **II 5.** coustr. w. gen. consilii aeg., Sal. ap. Arus.; Stat. Th. 11, 141; animi, Liv. 30, 15, 9; timoris, Sil. 3, 72; delicti, 13, 52; rerum temere motarum, Flor. 2, 5 (3, 17), 9; **6.** n. as sb, pau of miud, trouble, Plus aegri ex abitu uiri quam ex aduentu uoluptatis cepi, Pl. Amp. 2, 2, 9; **7.** comp. Nam uumquam quiequam meo animo fuit aegrius, 3, 2, 29; sup. Psycheu aegerrimam, Apul. M. 6, 13; **8.** adv. aegre, painfully, with pain, reprimam me, ne aegre quicquam ex me andias, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 39; nihil uidi melius (Tirone); itaque careo aegre, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 3; **9.** esp. w. vb. of bearing, ferre, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 69; Cic. Tusc. 4, 59; Ter. Hant. 5, 2, 5; **10.** w. esse, be painful, Nescio quid meo animos aegre pater, Pl. Mere. 2, 3, 35; add Tr. 4, 3, 79; Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 7; **11.** w. habeo, take to heart, si alibi Plus perdiderim, minus aegre habeam, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 17; Liv. 7, 5, 7; **12.** w. facio, cause pain, make things uncomfortable, Voluit facere contra huic aegre, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 10; but not Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 17 as Bentl. says, ad Eun. 5, 5, 31; **13.** heucee w. difficulty, Atque aegre impetraui, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 40; qui quod edit...aegre inuenit, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 1; omnis coglutinatio recens aegre, inueterata faele diuellit, Cic. sen. 72; quod ipsi diebus xx aegerrime\* confecerant, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 2; omne bellum sumi faele, aegerrime\* desuere, Sal. Iug. 83, 1; non aegre (=facile) ad sedem perducereis examinis, Colum. 9, 8, 9; **14.** comp. uee quo ab caueas aegrius, Pl. As. 1, 1, 106; snperl. \* above.

**aegilōpium**, ii, n. lachrymal fistula, Plin. 20, 158; 22, 54 etc.

**aegilops**, ὄπισ [αἰγίλωψ] f. a kind of oak with sweet fruit, Plin. 16, 22 and 33; **2.** a weed, wild oats, 18, 155; 25, 146; 26, 130; **3.** disease of the eye, =aegilopium, Plin. 25, 146; 35, 34; cf. Cels. 7, 7, 7; = for gen. and qty ef, ad maturandas aegilops, Pl. Valer. 1, 23; (malua) Aegilops pellit succoquo medebitur eius, Aem. Mac.

**aegia**, Idia, f. a goatskin as that of Amalthea, serving as a shield for Iuppiter, Hyg. astr. 2, 13; Credant se uidisse Iouem cum saepe uigrautem Aegida concuteret

dextra nimbosque eieret, Verg. 8, 354; add Sil. 12, 720; **2.** more commonly of the shield of Pallas w. its head of Medusa, Aegidaeque horrificam, turbatae Palladis arma, Verg. 8, 435; add Hor. od. 3, 4, 57; Ov. M. 2, 755; 5, 46; 6, 79; **3.** met. of jewels etc., Decipit hae oculos aegide diues amor, Ov. rem. am. 346; **4.** some in this sense derive aegis fm αἰσσω, as signifying a storm; **II 5.** in the larch (larix femina) the wood next the pith, Plin. 16, 187.

**aegi-sōnus**, adj. sounding with the Aegis-shield, Val. F. 3, 88.

**aegithus** [αἰγίθος, αἰγίθος and αἰγίθος] m. a small bird of the hawk kind, Plin. 10, 21; auis minima, 10, 204 and 205.

**aegō-cēphālus**, m. [goat-headed] an unknown bird, Plin. 11, 204.

**aegō-cēras**, ātis, n. [goat-horned] the plant fenugreek, Plin. 24, 184.

**aegō-cērōs**, ōtis, adj. goat-horned, =Capricornus of the zodiac, Lucr. 5, 615; Germ. Arat. 286; Luc. 9, 537;

**2.** aegocerion as an acc. Luc. 10, 213; aegoceri as gen. Ventre sub aegoceri, Germ. 381.

**aeg-ōlēthron**, u. [αἰγολέθρος] goat-bane, a plant of Poutus, prob. azalea Pontica, Plin. 21, 74.

**aegolios**, m. a kind of bird, Plin. 10, 165.

**aeg-ophthalmos**, m. [goat's-eye] a jewel, Plin. 37, 187.

**aegrē**, see aeger.

**aegreo**, ēre, vb. be sick, suffer from disease, ail, Lucr. 3, 106; 3, 824; Prise. 430, 25 K.

**aegr-escō**, ēre, vb. become sick or ill, morbis aegrescimus, Lucr. 5, 349; (eorum) aegrescunt siti, Plin. 10, 32;

**2.** met. worry oneself, be vexed, Verg. 12, 46; Tac. an. 15, 25 f.; Stat. Tb. 1, 400; 2, 18; 12, 194; Sil. 8, 213.

**Aegrillus**, adj. doubl. dim. a cognomen, C. Antonius C. f. Ouf. Aegrillus, inscr. Grut. 521, 4.

**aegri-mōnia**, ae, f. sickness of mind, vexation, Olim quos aliens affeci aegrimōnia, Pl. St. 3, 1, 5; Saltem tantisper dum abscedat haec a me aegrimonia, Rud. 4, 4, 146; add Cic. Att. 12, 38, 2; Hor. epod. 13 f.; 17, 73; Plin. 28, 103.

**aegritūdo**, inis, f. sickness, illness, disease, agnis aegritudine affectis, Colum. 7, 5, 20; si ea res aegritudinem nou depellit, uendenda sunt pecora, 7, 7, 2; aegritudine fessus, siue simulato morbo, Tac. an. 2, 29; add 2, 69; (elephantes) fessi aegritudine, Plin. 8, 3; **2.** even of trees, Plin. 17, 223; **3.** vexation, worry, grief, Cura miseria aegritudo lacrumae lamentatio, Pl. Mere. 5, 2, 29; Tanto mi aegritudo auctior est in animo, Capt. 4, 2, 2 etc.; si unlla aegritudo huic gaudio intercesserit, Ter. Audr. 5, 5, 5; Matrem ipsam ex aegritudine bac (at the failure to find Chremes) miseram mors consecutast, Ph. 5, 1, 22 etc.; misericordia ae. est ex alterius rebus aduersis... inuidentia ae. est ex alterius rebus secundis, Cic. Tusc. 3, 21; aegritudines\* anxias atque acerbas, 4, 34; but see 4, 18 for much more; uir egegrinus in aliis artibus nimis molliter aegritudinem pati, Sal. Iug. 83, 2; **4.** pl. in Pl. St. 4, 1, 21; Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 28; Cic. \* above.

**aegr-or**, ōris, m. [aegr-escō] sickness, illness, disease, uenit...pigris balantibus aegror, Lner. 6, 1132; some wd read aegroris in 6, 1259; **2.** grief, vexation, if Laehmann's ej. be right in: corpus menuu maerore aegroro (ms errore) maerore senet, Pac. ap. Non. 1, 137; Persuasit maeror auxitudo aegror (ms error) dolor, Acc. ap. Non. 72, 30.

**aegrōtātio**, ōnis, f. sickness, illness, disease, ut aegrotatio in corpore, sic aegritudo in animo nomen habet non seiunctum a dolore, Cic. Tusc. 3, 23; morbi aegrotationesque, 4, 63; morbum totius corporis corruptionem, aegrotationem morbum eum imbecillitate, 4, 29; **2.** of the mind, 3, 8; 4, 79; **3.** of trees, Plin. 17, 231.

**aegrōticius**, adj. Not. Tir. p. 134.

**aegrōto**, āre, vb. [aegrotus] play the sick man, be sick or ill, suffer from disease, Nam equidem, postquam quatus suu numquam aegrotauit unum diem, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 56; add Cure. 4, 3, 22; Rud. 2, 7, 24; hominis quotaunis periculose aegrotantis, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 3; eum graniter aegrotaret, Cic. Tusc. 1, 86 etc.; **2.** of trees etc., uites, Plin.



17, 226; poma, 17, 228; **3.** met. of the mind (mores boni), Pl. Tr. 1, 1, 30; artes antiquae tuae, 1, 2, 72; ea res ex qua animus aegrotat, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; fama, Lucr. 4, 1124; quo me Aegrotare putes animi uitio, Hor. s. 2, 3, 307.

**aegrōtus**, part. as adj. [impl. a vb. aegro-o from aeger, like δουλο-ω from δουλος] sick, ill, Odiosus (medicus) uix ab aegrotis (his patients) uenit, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 3; Facile omnes cum ualeamus recta cousilia aegrotis damus, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 9; eum ad eum aegrotum Neapolim uenisse, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 3; aegrotus dum anima est, spes esse dicitur, Cic. Att. 9, 10, 3; **2.** met. Vt te uidere, audireque aegroti sient, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 39; Ipsum animum aegrotum ad deteriore partem plerumque adplicit, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 22; add 3, 3, 27; Haut. 1, 1, 48; aegrotae ac prope desperatae rei publicae, Cic. Caecl. 70.

**Aelianus**, adj. of Aelius, oratiunculae, Cic. Br. 207, Aeliana n. pl., what Aelius dealt in, antiquities, Cic. de or. 1, 193; by a happy ej. of Henrichsen for aliena of mss; **2.** as marking the family whence adopted, Herenli Aeliano sacrum, inser. Or. 1532; i.e. the Emperor Hadrian, whose name was L. Aelius; imp. Caesaris Hadriano Ang. N. collig. (sic) Aelianorum, ib. 5016; Aemilius Aelianus, Suet. Aug. 51.

**Aelius**, adj. or sb. m. name of a plebeian gens, Q. Aelius Tubero, CIL 799; in Sex. Aelii commentariis, Cic. or. 1, 240; L. Aelius Caesar (i.e. Hadrianus), inser. Or. 1104 etc.;

**2.** lex Aelia de comitiis (u. c. 596), Cic. Sest. 33; Vat. 23; **3.** lex Aelia Sentia de manumissis (a. u. c. 757), Ulp. dig. 40, 2, 12; Paul. 40, 2, 15.

**aelūrus**, i, m. [αἰλ-ουπος wave-tail] a cat, Gell. 20, S, 6.

**aemīdum**, tumidum, Paul. ex F. 24.

**Aemilianus**, adj. of Aemilius, Aemiliana n. pl. (sc. aedificia or praedia), a district of Rome near the Campus Martius, qui habitant in Aemilianis, Varr. r. 3, 2, 6; praediis A., Tac. au. 15, 40; quum Aemiliana arderent, Suet. Claud. 18; **2.** Vicus Aem., a street in Rome, S. Ruf. reg. urb.; **3.** as marking the family whence adopted, P. Scipio Aemilianus (by birth Aemilius), Vell. 1, 12, 3; add Iuv. 8, 3.

**Aemilius** (Aim.), adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, Quirino L. Aemilius L. f. praetor, CIL 630; L. Aemilium L. f. Paulum, Liv. 43, 2, 5; **2.** Aem. tribus, one of the rustic tribes, Cic. Att. 2, 14, 2; Liv. 38, 36, 9; Q. Muticillo Q. f. Aem. inser. Or. 3703; L. Statio L. f. Aem. Sulpiciano, 4027; **3.** Aem. uia, a road made by M. Aemilius Lepidus (a. u. c. 567) fm Placentia to Ariminum, cf. Liv. 39, 2, 10; **4.** another by M. Aemilius Scaurus fm Bononia to Dertona, Strab. 5; **5.** a third fm Ariminum to Aquileia, in ipsa Aemilia diu pugnatum est (near Forum Gallorum), Galb. ad Cic. fam. 10, 30, 4; si ueneris unde requiret, Aemiliae dices de regione niae (near F. Corneli), Mart. 3, 4, 2; ib. 6, 85, 6; **6.** Aem. pons, built by M. Aemil. Scaurus, Iuv. 6, 32; **7.** ratis, of L. Aemil. Paullus, Prop. 3, 3, 8; **8.** ludus, a gladiatorial school near the Forum Rom., founded by L. Aemil. Lepidus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 32; Victor, reg. viii.

**aemōbōlium**, ii, n. an offering of blood (?) inser. Or. 2334.

**aemūla**, see aemulus.

**aemūlāmentum**, i, n. rivalry, Tert. Marc. 4, 10 (with ā!).

**aemūlātio**, onis, f. rivalry, emulation in good and bad sense, aem. dupliciter dicitur ut et in laude et in nitio nomen sit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 17; illa uitiosa aem. quae riuallitati similis est, 4, 56; laudis, Nep. Att. 5, 4; naturae, Plin. 25, 8; Nec haec inuidia uerum (uera?) est aemulatio, Phaedr. 2, 9, 7.

**aemūlātor**, ōris, m. one who strives to imitate, imitator, (id) Catoni et eius aemulatori attribuis, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 10; animus aem. dei, Sen. ep. 124, 23; whence

**aemūlātr-ix**, icis, f. the same, Cassiod. var. 7, 5.

**aemūlātus**, ūs, m. rivalry, ne in urbe aemulatus ageret, Tac. an. 13, 46; but in h. 3, 66 extincto aemulatore.

**aemūlo**, āre, vb. emulate, patris tui uirtutes, Apul. M. 1, 23.

**aemūlor**, āri, vb. play the rival (whether in good or evil), Quoniam aemulari non licet, nunc inuides, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 34; (pueri) positus inuicem quaestimculis aemulantur, Quint. 1, 3, 11; qui inuidebant qui aemulabantur, 12, 10, 13; uitiiis aemulabantur, Tac. an. 12, 64; **2.** w. dat. quod his (so mss) aemulemur qui ea habeant quae nos habere cupiamus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 44; obtractare alteri aut uitiosa aemulatione...aemulari, 4, 56; consummati patroni ueteribus aemulatur, Quint. 10, 1, 122; feruntur haec pomis recentibus aemulari, Pall. 4, 10, 8; **3.** w. cum, ne mecum aemuletur, Liv. 28, 43, 4; **4.** w. inter se, aemulantiur inter se regum paratus, Tac. h. 2, 81 f.; **5.** w. acc. of person or thing, rival, emulate, imitate, ut omnes eius instituta laudare facilius possint quam aemulari, Cic. Fl. 64; Pindarum, Hor. od. 4, 2, 1; iuuenem aemulantium studia (of Pythagoras), Liv. 1, 28, 2; Riuaem possim non ego ferre Iouem; Ipse meas solus, quod nil est, aemulor (regard w. jealousy) umbras, Prop. 2, 34, 19; Albanum unum (so A. al. Albano nino), Plin. 14, 30; seueritatem imperatorum, Tac. h. 2, 68; placita Stoicorum, 3, 81; uirtutem maiorum, Tac. Agr. 15; Homerum, Quint. 10, 1, 62; Pollutionem, 10, 2, 17; **6.** w. inf. municipia aemulabantur corruptissimum quemque inlicere, Tac. h. 2, 62 f.; acclamationes, Plin. pan. 3; **7.** part. aemulans, whence adv. aemulanter, emulously.

**aem-ulus**, adj. [implies a vb., perh. akin to ἀ of ἀμύλασμαι and so to ἀμα, E. same, L. sim-ilis simia and even imitor; also to alim of G. nach-ahmen (Kärcher, Diurn. Sch.), and to Affe] as sb. rival (in good or evil—often w. envy), jealous rival, Set uidere expeto te. Mihi's aemula, Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 20; Vel quod propinquus nel quod uirtute aemulus, poet. ap. Corn. 2, 42; Miles uero sibi putare adductum ante oculos aemulum, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 9; si tamquam aemulum remouisset, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 82; dum...cantu uocat in certamina diuos, Aemulus exceptum Triton...immerserat unda, Verg. 6, 173; aemulos reges, Hor. od. 3, 16, 14; Et si nulla subest aemula, languet amor, Ov. a. 1, 2, 436; **2.** w. gen. or dat. of pers., see Pl. above; Inconnum aemulos lauios, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 62; Aemulus Ascreae...poetae, Verg. eul. 96; Platonis, Quint. 10, 1, 123; Ciceronis, 11, 3, 8; Britanici, Suet. Ner. 6; **3.** w. gen. of the qualities about which, (Zenonis) inuentorum aemuli Stoici, Cic. Mur. 61; mearum laudium, Cic. Ph. 2, 28; Hannibal hic aem. itinerum Herculis, Liv. 21, 41, 7; **4.** of things, Timagenis aemula lingua, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 15; Tibia...tubae aemula, 2, 3, 203; senectus, Verg. 5, 416; sidus Veneris...aemulum solis lunaeque, Plin. 2, 36; (mustelas) aemulus murenis, 9, 63; ficus...piris magitudine aemula, 15, 68.

**aeneātor**, ōris, m. [impl. perh. a vb. aeneae-re] trumpeter, Sen. ep. 84, 10; Suet. Caes. 32; Paul. ex F. (al. aenatores); collegium aeneator., inser. Or. 4059; legionis vii, ib. 1887.

**aeneolus**, adj. dim. of bronze, piscatores—little bronze figures, Petr. 73; add Paul. ex F. 28.

**aeneus**, or aeneus (or ahenens), adj. (aes aeris) of bronze, bronzen, equum, Cic. off. 3, 38; statua, Cic. Ph. 9, 13; caudelabra, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 60; libra, Varr. l. 9, 49; aeneus sit stes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 183; mūrūs aeneus, Hor. od. 3, 3, 65; sub inga aenea, 1, 33, 11; iugo cogit aeneo, 3, 9, 18; Theca tectus aenea, Mart. 11, 75, 1; nauis aenea, Serv. ad A. 8, 300; tubam, Plin. 7, 201; **2.** aeneus the colour of bronze, barbam, Suet. Ner. 2; **3.** aeneum as sb. n. a bronze cauldron, lento igni in aeneo subfernefactis, Plin. 29, 35.

**aenigma**, ātis, u. a riddle, quod Graeci dicunt aenigmata, hoc genus quidam...scirpos appellauerunt, Gell. 12, 6, 1, who then gives one; Quint. 6, 3, 51, w. a second; Char. 276, 16 K, w. a third; Diom. 450, 25, w. a fourth; **2.** met. aenigma Oppiorum...non intellego, Cic. Att. 7, 13 B 1; aenigmata somniorum, Cic. div. 2, 132; legum, Iuv. 8, 50; **3.** aenigmatas as dat. or abl. pl., Varr. ap. Char. 123, 3.

**aenigmātista**, or -es, ae, m. one who sets riddles, Sid. ep. 8, 6; Aug. Q. Num. 4, 45.

**aeni-pes**, pēdis, adj. bronze-footed, boues, Ov. her. 6, 32. **aenitologium**, au error for Eneomilogium, ap. Serv. de C. metris, 1825 P; 466\* 11 K.



**Aeno-barbus**, see *Ahenobarbus*.

**aenūlum**, adj. n. dim. as sb., uas ex aere paruum, Paul. ex F. 28.

**aenūm**, see *ahenum*.

**aequāb-ilis**, e, adj. [aequab-, older form of vb. *aequa-*] adj. ou a level, well balanced, as met. Vis hostilis cum istoc fecit meas opes aequabilis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 52; omnes (mundi) partes undique aequabiles, Cic. N. D. 2, 116;

**2.** esp. equally distributed, equable, equal, fair, aequabilem praedae partitionem, Cic. off. 2, 40; ius, Cic. inv. 1, 2; nihil ea iuris dictione aequabilis\*, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 1; in descriptione aequabili sumptus, Cic. Fl. 32; par quod iu omnes aequabile est, Cic. inv. 2, 68; so *ισονομίαν* aequabilem tributionem, Cic. N. D. 1, 50; Caec. 70; mixtura aequabili uitiorum atque uirtutum, Suet. Dom. 3;

**3.** hence, steady, uniform, equable, continuous, motu certo et aequabili, Cic. N. D. 2, 23; habitus corporis, Cic. fin. 5, 36; amnis, Cic. rep. 2, 10; tractu orationis, Cic. or. 2, 54; add 64; puluerem, Sal. Jug. 53, 1; fama, 43, 1; uer, Lact. 2, 11, 2; uirium aequabilior\* firmitas, Sen. ep. 74, 15;

**4.** comp. s. \*; **5.** aequabiliter, equally, uniformly, steadily, Cato r. 103 (104); Cic. off. 2, 40; N. D. 2, 116; or. 2, 218; ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; aequabilis\*, Sal. Cat. 2, 3; Tac. an. 15, 21 (dub.).

**aequābilitas**, atis, f. equal distribution, uniformity, motus, Cic. N. D. 2, 15; uitae, Cic. off. 1, 111; add 99; iuris, 1, 88; of oratory, Cic. or. 53; **2.** absol. impartiality, quid cum fide, quid cum aequabilitate gesserit, Cic. or. 2, 345; ipsa ae. est iniqua, cum habet nullos gradus dignitatis, Cic. rep. 1, 43; **3.** note: aequitate se cum ceteris coaequandi Cicero aequabilitatem uocat, Lact. 5, 14.

**aequābilitate**, see *aequabilis*.

**aequ-aenus**, a, um, adj. [aenom] of equal age, Verg. 2, 561; 5, 452; Sen. Ag. 673; **2.** lotos aequaena urbi, Plin. 16, 236; nemus, Claud. epigr. 2, 16 etc.

**1 aequā-lis**, e, adj. [aenom; for u and q cf. uiuo uixi; for suff. li cf. ta-li-s, G. so-li(ē)h-er like this; also rina-lis tribu-lis of the same stream or tribe; and our like] of like age, of the same age, oft. w. dat. Qui? Quia aequalem et sodalem liberum ciuem euicis, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 27; Virgines aequalis uerocor, Eun. tr. 81 V; amicum aequalem atque hospitem Cotidianum, Afran. 368 R; haec sacra aequalia urbi, quaedam uetustiora origine urbis—as old as—Liv. 5, 52, 7; ne istuc Iuppiter sirit urbem in aeternum conditam huic fragili corpori aequalem esse—to live no longer than—28, 28, 11; add 30, 28, 5; At chorus aequalis Dryadum, Verg. G. 4, 460; aequalis comitatus classe ceteruas, A. 10, 194;

**2.** w. abstract nouns, cuius beniuolentia in populum R. est ipsius aequalis aetati, Cic. Ph. 11, 33; in memoriam notam et aequalem incurro, Cic. Br. 244; fuit cum ea (loto) epressus aequalis, Plin. 16, 236; **3.** as sb. one of the same age, a young or old friend, as may be, often w. a gen. or poss. pr., Adulescenti...amico atque aequali meo, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 44; 1, 2, 10; Tristis est: cum Chaeribulo incedit aequali suo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 92; nunc credo inter suas Aequalis et cognatas sermonem serit, Caecil. 152 R; Quem inquit uocabo ad eam meorum aequalium, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 24; Eun. 2, 3, 36; Haut. 3, 1, 8; Afran. 256 R; Paeuv. 114 and 166; Omnis aequalis uincebat quinquertio, ap. Fest. v. quiuq.; sacrificium aequale huius urbis (so Baif. w. mss; al. huic urbi), Cic. Har. 37; quae uis non modo senior est quam aetas populorum sed aequalis...dei, Cic. leg. 2, 9; Orbis meus fere aequalis, Cic. Br. 179; cur ueque militaris Inter aequalis equitat? Hor. od. 1, 8, 6; epod. 12, 22; Iulium Secundum aequalem meum, Quint. 10, 3, 12;

**4.** fm aetas an historical period or age, first as adj. w. dat., of the same age, contemporary, cui cum (al. si) aequalis fuerit Linius, Cic. Br. 73; nec quisquam aequalis temporibus illis scriptor exstat, Liv. 8, 40 f.; Aristides aequalis fuit Themistocli, ps. Nep. Ar. 1, 1; **5.** as sb. a contemporary, Philistum aequalem temporum illorum, Cic. div. 1, 39; aequalibus suis omnibus praestitit, Cic. Br. 177; emineret inter aequalis Trachalus uidebatur.

**2 aequā-lis**, e, adj. [shortd form of aequāb-ilis, fm aequā-re] well-balanced, Principio terram ne nou aequalis ab omni Parte foret, magni speciem glomerauit in orbis, Ov. M.

1, 34; eeteris membris aequalis et congruens, Suet. Tib. 68; and of orat., membris aequalibus quod *ισοκάλων* dicitur, Quint. 9, 3, 80; **2.** level, flat, per loca aequalia et nuda gignentium, Sal. Jug. 79, 6; montem aequali dorso continuum, Tac. an. 4, 47; gentes sine naribus aequali totius oris planitie, Plin. 6, 187; **3.** met. on a level (with), qui paupertatem cum diuitiis esse aequale uelimus, Cic. leg. 2, 25; gloria tna cum multis uiris fortibus aequalis est, ps. Sal. ad Caes. 2, 13, 5; excellens ac sibi aequalis, Plin. 35, 128; **4.** equable, uniform, steady, invariable, first phys., imber primo largioris procellae, lentior deinde aequaliorque accidens auribus, Liv. 24, 46, 5; fauonius lenis aequalisque, Colum. 2, 20 (21); **5.** of abstr. nms., Nil aequale homini fuit illi, Hor. s. 1, 3, 9; mediocritas, Quint. 10, 1, 54; of oratory, id aequalius erit, non tumultuosius atque turbidius, 3, 8, 60; in Ov. M. 11, 464 Aequa-lique icu scindunt freta, rowers keeping time together; **6.** gen. equal, ut necesse sit partem pedis aut aequale esse alteri parti aut altero tanto aut sesqui esse maiorem, Cic. or. 188; **7.** met. easque (sc. uirtutes) esse inter se aequales et pares, Cic. or. 1, 83; add 3, 55; quae ex eo peccata nascuntur aequalia sint oportet, Cic. parad. 20; **8.** equal in rank, ut si quis maior uel aequalis subicit se iurisdictioni alterius, possit et aduersus eum ius dici, Ulp. dig. 2, 1, 14; **II 9.** as sb. w. gen., an equal or equivalent, creticus et eius aequalis paeon, Cic. or. 215; **III 10.** aequaliter, adv. equably, equally, uniformly, collis ab summo ae. decliuis, Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 1; **11.** met. ae. constanterque ingredius oratio, Cic. or. 198; frumentum ae. distributum, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 163; add am. 56; acad. pr. 2, 36; Colum. arb. 4, 1; Quint. 3, 8, 60; 3, 9, 2; 11, 1, 72; 11, 2, 34; 11, 3, 141; **12.** comp. aequalius, Colum. arb. 4, 2; Tac. h. 2, 27.

**1 aequā-litas**, atis, f. [1 aequalis] the being of the same age, et aequalitas uestra (se. Ciceronis et Sulpici) et pares honorum gradus, et studiorum uicinias..., Cic. Br. 156; **2.** a body of aequales, young friends, dulces perf(icit) Aequalitatis inter plausus nuptias, Phaed. fab. Perot. 15, 29.

**2 aequā-litas**, atis, f. [2 aequalis] the being level, flat, smooth, smoothness, evenness, oesypum carnis excrementis ad aequalitatem redigit, Plin. 30, 113; aequalitas illa (maris) quae me corruerat, periit; nondum erat tempestas, Sen. ep. 53, 2; **2.** met. quantum eminentibus uincimur, fortasse aequalitate (by not sinking below a certain level) pensamus, Quint. 10, 1, 86; ut cetera in summa aequalitate ponerent—on a perfect level—Cic. leg. 1, 38; erant plures simul imperatores nec super ceterorum aequalitatem, Tac. an. 3, 74 f.; **3.** esp. the being well-balanced, ae. uerborum, Cic. part. 21; **4.** equality of status, Fr. égalité, omnes exnta aequalitate iussa principis aspec-tare, Tac. an. 1, 4; exui (coepit) ae., 3, 26.

**aequā-men**, mis, n. [aequo vb.] a means of levelling, amissis est aequamen, laeuamentum apud fabros tabula qua utuntur ad saxa coagmentata, Varr. ap. Non. 9, 13.

**aequā-mentum**? an error for the above, Non. 3, 26.

**aequā-nimis** = *εγγνωμων*, Gloss.; hence aequ-iter, with calmness of mind, Maer. s. 2, 4, 19; Amm. 19, 10, 3.

**aequā-nimitas**, atis, f. a level condition of mind, as im-partiality, Ter. Ph. pr. 35; Ad. pr. 24; **2.** calmness, tranquillity, Plin. 18, 123.

**aequ-ā-nimus**, adj. of tranquil mind, tranquil, calm, Auson. sept. s. 3; id. 3, 9.

**aequā-tio**, ōnis, f. levelling, equalization, equality, gratia, dignitatis, suffragiorum, Cic. Mur. 47; bonorum, Cic. off. 2, 73; iuris, Liv. 8, 4, 3; fortunae ac dignitatis, 34, 31, 18.

**aequā-tor**, ōris, m. one who equalizes, aeq. mon(et)ae, inser. Or. 3228 an assayer of the mint.

**aeque**, see *aequus*.

**Aequi**, orum, m. pl. a people of Italy on both sides of the Auis, Cic. rep. 2, 36; Liv. 4, 30, 1.

**aequī-crū-rium**, adj. n. as sb. [crus] of equal legs, an isosceles triangle, Mart. C. 6, p. 248, 11 Eyss.

**Aequicū-lus**, i, or Aequicola, ae, m. one of the Aequi, ius ab antiqua gente Aequiculus discrispsit, Liv. 1, 32, 5;

duris Aequiculae glabris, Verg. 7, 747; Aequiculus acer, Ov. F. 2, 93; **2.** as adj. Aequicula rara, Sil. 8, 371.

**Aequicus**, adj. of the Aequi, bellum, Liv. 3, 4, 4; 10, 1, 7.

**aequi-dil-le**, adj. n. as sb. [dies] equinox, Paul. ex F. 24.

**aequi-dicus**, adj. [cf. fatidicus] balanced in words, uersus, Diom. 499, 18 K.

**aequi-distans**, tis, adj. equidistant, parallel, Mart. C. S, p. 303, 28 as transl. of paralleli.

**aequi-formis**, e, adj. [forma] epithet of a sort of verse, s. Diom. 499, 6 K.

**aequi-lātio**, onis, f. a parallel line? Vitr. 9, 8, p. 234, 10 Rose.

**aequilātēralis**, e, adj. equilateral, Censor. 8, 6.

**aequilātērus**, adj. the same, species, Mart. C. 6, 248, ll. 16 and 17 Eyss.; **2.** aequilaterum as sb. n. an equilateral triangle, ib. 1, 8.

**aequi-lātus**, ōris, adj. the same, Aus. id. 11, 50.

**aequilianium**, adj. n. as sb. a half, see Paul. ex F. 24.

**aequi-libris**, e, adj. [libra] in equilibrium? Vitr. 5, 12, 4; whence

**aequilibras**, ōtis, f. equilibrium, balauce, Cic. N. D. 1, 109 = *ισονομία*; cf. 1, 50.

**aequilibrum**, ii, n. equilibrium, balancing, Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 6; **2.** met. Gell. 20, 1, 15.

**Aequimaellum**, ii, n. the ground on which the house of Sp. Maellius had stood, Aeq. quod aequata Maelli domus publico, Varr. 1, 5, 32; domum, ut monumento area esset... dirui iussit, id Aeq. appellatum est, Liv. 4, 16, 1; 24, 47, 15.

**aequi-mānus**, a, um, adj. who uses right and left hands alike, Anson. id. 12; Isid. or. 10; **2.** met. Syum. ep. 9, 101 (110).

**aequi-noct-ālis**, adj. equinoctial, circulus, Varr. 1, 8, 18; Sen. N. Q. 5, 17, 2; 7, 15, 2; ortus occasusque, 5, 16, 3; hora, Plin. 2, 216.

**aequi-noct-ium**, ii, n. equinox, Cic. Att. 12, 28, 3; Liv. 31, 47, 1; Plin. 11, 43 and 107 etc.

**aequi-par**, āris, adj. equal, Aus. id. 12; Sidon. ep. 8, 6.

**aequi-pēd-ius**, adj. of equal feet, trigonum, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 7—*isosceles*.

**aequi-pērā-b-ilis**, e, adj. [aequiperare] on a level (with), non esse aequiperabilis Vostros cum nostris factiones atque opes, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 65; Quid uidisti aut quid nidebis magis dis aequiperabile? Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 11.

**aequipērantia**, ae, f. = foll., Tert. adv. Valent. 16.

**aequipēratio**, ōnis, f. lit. placing on a level—met. comparison, de aestimanda aequiperatione (se. exercituum), Gell. 5, 5, 7; uirtutum, 14, 3, 8.

**aequi-pēro** (-pāro), āre, vb. [aequus, paro] lit. place on a level, met. Tau (so Botte, tum mss) bellatorem Mars se haut ausit dicere, Neque aequiperare suas uirtutis ad tuas, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 12; Nam si qui quae euentura sunt prouideant, aequiperem (so Voss and Ritschl, mss aequiperent) Ioni, Pacuv. 407 R; Ionis Solisque equis aequiperatum dictatorem, Liv. 5, 23, 6; (Hadrianus) Numae regi aequiperandus, Fronto prae. h. p. 206 Naber; **2.** simple vb. for red. come up to, equal, rival, often w. acc. Neque fuit neque erit... Quous (so Ritschl; mss quoi or cui) fides fidelitasque amicum erga aequiperet tuam (so R, mss suum), Pl. Tr. 5, 2, 2; Ingens enra cum (dub.) concordibus aequiperare, Enn. ap. Prisc. 2, 3, 7 K; Neuo est qui factis aequiperare queat, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 49; si ita snut promerita uestra, aequiperare ut queam Vereor, nisi... Pacuv. 153; ut nemo sociorum uestrorum ue aequiperare posset, Liv. 37, 53, 15; Nec calamis solum aequiperas sed uoce magistrum, Verg. B. 5, 48; Ingenio mores aequiperante, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 44; ut eum nemo labore posset aequiperare (so Fischer), ps. Nep. Ale. 11, 3; urbem dignitate aequiperaret (so F; al. aequiper.), id. Them. 6, 1; **3.** as vb. intr. stand on a level (and so clash), ubi aequiperant famosa iudicia, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 104; **4.** form w. e in best mss, even Ambr. Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 65; and so in Gloss.; cf. too Ritschl prol. 83 and 97.

**aequi-pes**, pēdis, adj. of equal feet, sonus Diom. 476, 13 K, of a spondee.

**aequi-pollens**, ntis, of equal power, equivalent, Apul. dogm. Pl. 3, p. 36 etc.

**aequi-pond-ium**, ii, n. equal weight, counterpoise, Vitr. 10, 8, 4.

**aequitas**, ōtis, f. equality, ne portionem aequitate turbatus muuidus praeponderet, Sen. N. Q. 3, 10, 3; membrorum (symmetry), Suet. Aug. 79; **2.** met. aeq. in beneficio gratia, in iniuria punitio nominatur, Cic. partit. 130; **3.** w. calmness, tranquillity of mind, oft. w. animi, animi aequitatem in ipsa morte, Cic. Tusc. 1, 97; moderationem animi tui et aequitatem—opposed to sollicitari—Cic. sen. 1; quo in spectaculo mira populi R. aeq. erat, Cic. Pis. 27; **4.** the being reasonable, si eius aequitatem animi noui, Cic. agr. 1, 14; quae mei (al. meam) animi aequitatem iudicent, ps. Nep. Thras. 4, 2; **5.** absol. equity, natural justice, fairness, pro aequitate contra ius dicere, Cic. or. 1, 240; a uerbis recedis et aequitate uteris, Cic. Cacc. 37; de iure prius au de aequitate dicendum? Quint. 7, 10, 2.

**aequiter**, seo aequus.

**aequitermus**, adj. [= aequiternus; see aequalis] eternal, Claud. Mam. anim. 2, 4; Sidon. ep. 8, 13.

**aequi-ūaleo**? ōre, vb. be of equal power, carm. Phil. 6.

**aequi-ūsc-us**, adj. of like meaning, synonymous, Mart. Cap. 4, 97 G, p. 102, 3 Eyss.; Isid. or. 2, 26.

**aequo**, āre, vb. [aequus, eueo, uel] make level, level, aequata agri planities, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; Area... ingenti aequanda cylindro, Verg. G. 1, 178; add Plin. 17, 73; mensae sed erat pes tertius impar: Testa parem fecit. Quae postquam subdita clium sustulit, aequatam..., Ov. M. 8, 663; **2.** it may be: level down, level, Numantiam aequanit solo, Vell. 2, 4, 3; sacra et templum solo aequantur, Tac. an. 1, 51; Macho cuius domus solo aequata est, Quint. 3, 7, 20; perh. too: omnia tecta aequauit (mss adaequat, male) solo, Liv. 1, 29, 6; lupanar solo aequandum est (solo a ej. of Bursian; who also by ej. gives adaequantur, but aequandum is nearer dequantum of mss), Sen. contr. 50, p. 304, 8 B; and met. solo aequandae snut dictaturae consulatusque, 6, 18, 14; stercora (at first in heaps), Colum. 2, 21 (22), 3; **3.** met. bring down to a level (with), make no better than, sitis arida... Aequabat multum parris humoribus imbre, Lucr. 6, 1177; cum per somnum nunquam dies noctibus aequauerit, Liv. 31, 41, 10; **4.** it may be, level up, raise to a level with, caupit montibus aggero aequati, Suet. Gal. 37; see also § 9; **5.** met. raise to a level (with), place on a level (with), temperamentum quo tenuiores cum principibus aequari se putarent, Cic. leg. 3, 24; omnium antea damnatorum scelera uix eum huius parte parua aequari conferrique posse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 21\*; add Cic. Br. 138\*; cum snas quisque opes cum potentissimis aequari uideat, Caes. b. g. 6, 22 f.; ne aequauerit Hannibali Philippum, ne Carthaginiensibus Macedonas, Pyrrho certe aequabitur, Liv. 31, 7, 8; regnum ascuit nomen cuius magnitudini semper animum aequauit, 33, 21, 3; animos aequabit Olympo, Verg. 6, 783; Laelius quos per omnia aequauerit sibi (Scipiones), Vell. 2, 127, 1; nec indignetur sibi Herodotus aequari T. Linum, Quint. 10, 1, 101; add 10, 1, 50; **6.** bring into a line so as to present an even front, Et fors aequatis cepisset praecunia rostris, Ni..., Verg. 5, 232; aequatis classem procedere uelis (with squared yards), 4, 587; aequata fronte, Sil. 16, 381; see also § 10; akiu to these: aequare terminos, ps. Quint. decl. 13, 11 = fr. arrondir sa terre; **7.** make co-extensive with in space or time, Imperium terris, Verg. 6, 783; nocti Indum, 9, 338; nec tamen aequari frontes poterant, Liv. 5, 38, 2; **8.** gen. make equal, equalize, hos de philosophia libros qui iam illis fere se aequarunt, Cic. off. 1, 3; periculum, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 1; discrimen (distance), Lucr. 5, 689; ira nires aequauit, Liv. 10, 35, 2; cur non omnia aequantur? 8, 4, 3; imperium, 22, 27, 5; luctus, Verg. 10, 755; numerum (corporum) enim nauibus\*, 1, 107; laborem, 1, 511; **9.** esp. lots for drawing (pilas, sortes) make them equal in all respects, easque pilas om(nes scriba)ntur aequanturque praetor) faeit, CIL 208; Vxor



aequa (sortis), Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 35; non ea (oracula) quae aequatis sortibus ducuntur, Cic. div. 1, 34; dum sitella defertur, dum aequantur sortes, dum sortitio fit, Cic. Corn. 1, 13, p. 935 Bait.; **10.** so far w. dat. or cum\*, this esp. in Cic.; also w. acc. of point reached, sometimes accompanied by abl. (iu or with a thing), come up to the level of, reach, (first phys., cuius (fluminis) altitudo summa egnorum pectora aequabat, Curt. 4, 9, 15; nondum aquae fastigium aequabat (opus), 4, 2, 19; aequantis moenia turris, Luc. 3, 456; **11.** of speed, keep up with, ventos aequante sagitta, Verg. 10, 248; equitem cursu, Liv. 31, 36, 8; cursum eorum, Curt. 4, 1, 2; iuga praecedentia, Sil. 16, 425; **12.** met. rise to the level of, come up to, equal, be equal to, ea arte superiores reges, Liv. 1, 53, 1; collegae uirtutem, 10, 19, 18; cum ea oratione magnifica, facta dictis aequando memorasset—in language as grand as the deeds themselves—6, 20, 8; haec aequare dicendo arduum, Plin. ep. 8, 4, 3; Regum opes animo, Verg. G. 4, 132; (palma) Herculem, Curt. 9, 2, 9; picturam, Plin. 35, 126; pretia margaritarum, 19, 20; neutrius uirtutes, Quint. 10, 1, 54; Hannibalem, Sil. 6, 640; snepros lande, 13, 722.

**aequ-or, oris, n.** [fm the lost vb. wheuce aequ-us] a level, level surface, speculorum ex aequore, Lucr. 4, 107; abioratur ne aequor illud uentris inrugetur, Gell. 12, 1, 8; Aus. epigr. 146, 14; Prud. *στεφ.* 12; **2.** esp. level ground, a plain, per aequora campi, Euv. ap. anal. Viudob. p. 173; Babylonii in camporum aequoribus habitantes, Cic. div. 1, 93; Praecipitemque Daren ardens agit aequore toto, Verg. 5, 456; Libyci aequoris (the Sahara), Verg. G. 2, 105; primus in aequore pulvis, Iuv. 8, 61; **3.** esp. the plain of waters, of the sea, chiefly in poets, aequor mare appellatum, quod aequatum quom commotum uento non est, Varr. 1, 7, 2, p. 308 Sp.; quid tam planum quam mare, e quo etiam aequor illud poetae\* uocant, Cic. ap. Non. 65, 17; maris aequor, Colum. 8, 17, 3; aequorat pouti, Verg. G. 1, 469; Oceani, 1, 246; uastum maris aequor arandm, Verg. 2, 780; **4.** absol. in poets, carina per aequora cana, Enn. ap. Isid. or. 19, 1; cf. \* above; fessas aequore matres, Verg. 5, 715; Contracta pisces aequorat sentient, Hor. od. 3, 1, 13; **5.** in later prose (and even in Sall. acc. to Don. ad Ph. 2, 1, 13); Plin. 4, 76; placidum aeq., Tac. an. 2, 23; Curt. 4, 7, 11; Mela 1, 2; and met. suspensae calidae aquae aequorat, Val. M. 9, 1, 1; **6.** of a calm river (the Tiber), Verg. 8, 89 and 96; **7.** for pl. see + above.

**aequor-ens, adj.** of the sea, in poets, Nereides, Catul. 64, 15; genus, Verg. G. 3, 243; Britannos, Ov. M. 15, 752.

**aequus** (aequos or aecus; or older aiq.), aequa, aequum (aequum), adj. level, even, horizontal, campester locus is (est) melior qui totus aequabiliter in unam partem nergit, quam is qui est ad libellam aequus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; in aequo et plano loco, Cic. Caec. 50; in aequum locum sese demittere, Caes. b. g. 7, 23, 2; **2.** esp. of scales, held even, is uitam aequa lance pensabit qui..., Plin. 7, 44; libra aequa, Sen. Herc. F. 848; in persona mulieris aequa lance seruari, Mod. dig. 42, 1, 20; **3.** w. cum or dat. on a level (with), moiros turreisque aequas cum moiro faciendum coirauerunt, CIL 1230, 4; Vrbs erat in summo nubibus aequa iugo, Ov. Pout. 4, 7, 24; qui aequum arcibus aggerem adtollant, Sen. ep. 94, 61; **4.** so of things inclined neither way, as of yards squared, when a ship sails before the wind, Nancata ratem comitesque fugae pede labitur aequo, Ov. F. 3, 565; cf. aequatis uelis, Verg. 4, 587; and Gr. *αμφοτεροσι ποδῶσιν*; of the tongue of balance in centre, stateram examinae aequo, Snet. Vesp. 25; **5.** even, of a line, signis conlatis aequo fronte pugnauius, Cato orig. 26, 4 Iord.; **6.** gen. equal, Cum nostris nostra non est aequa factio, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 51; utinam esset mihi Pars aequa amoris tecum, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 12; plus parte aequa, Lucr. 4, 1231; hic locus aequo fere spatio ab castris Ariouisti et Caesaris aberat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 1; si aequa manu discessisset, of a drawn battle, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; pugnae.. quam aliquamdiu aequam...sustinerunt, Liv. 9, 12, 6; sequiturque patrem uoq passibus aequis, Verg. 2, 724; aequa portione diuisa, Plin. 2, 42; **7.** esp.

of equal laws, rights etc., aequo et pari cum ciuibus iure uiuere, Cic. off. 1, 124; ista iura tam aequa, Cic. Quint. 45; aequa lex et omnibus utilis, Cic. Balb. 60; ut aequum ei ius (so Rhen., mss equum eius) in omnibus prouinciis esset, Vell. 2, 121, 1; Athenae cum florerent aequis legibus, Phaedr. 1, 2, 1; **8.** met. fm scales equally balanced, impartial, just, fair, adesto aequo animo et rem cognoscite, Ter. Andr. pr. 24; add Phorm. pr. 30; peto ut aequum te iudicem praebas, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 10; aequissimum eorum studiorum existimatorem et iudicem, Cic. fin. 3, 6; praetor aequus et sapiens, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 146; definitio iudiciorum aequorum, Cic. Clu. 5; **9.** of things, just, fair, reasonable, Et ius et aequum postulas, Pl. St. 3, 1, 22; add Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 30; non aequum dicis, Ad. 5, 3, 17; aequa et honesta postulatio, Cic. Rose. Am. 7; haec postulo; primum id quod aequissimum est ut..., Cic. Clu. 6; quis hoc statuit, quod aequum sit in Quinctium, id iniuquum esse in Naeuium, Cic. Quint. 45; iudicium aequiore tempore fieri oportere, Cic. Corn. p. 936 Bait.; **10.** gen. of a well-balanced mind, not easily upset, even, calm, Ergo animus aequos optumumst aerumnae condimentum, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 71; animo uo(lo) Aequo uos ferre, CIL 1008, 6; concedo et quod animus aequus est et quia necesse est, Cic. Rose. Am. 145; Aequam memento rebus in arduis Seruare mentem, Hor. od. 2, 3, 1; sapientissimus quisque aequissimo animo moritur, stultissimos iniquissimo, Cic. sen. 83; conseruis ut eos ipsos quos contra status aequos placatosque dimittas, Cic. or. 34; **11.** we think so favourably of our own case that a just judge must needs decree in our favour; hence kindly, favourable, quo aequior sum Pamphilo, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 18; meis aequissimis utnntur auribus, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2; populo a se alienato, non aequo senatu, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 4; Nec Saturnius haec oculis pater aspicit aequi, Verg. 4, 372; **12.** even of things, favourable, ita utei aequum fuit, CIL 201, 4; locum se aequum (so Viet.; mss secum) ad dimicandum dedisse, Caes. b. c. 3, 73, 5; Poeni ut quibus locus aequior esset, Liv. 25, 13, 14; bellum difficultum neque loco neque tempore aequo, Suet. Iul. 35; etsi non aequum locum uidebat suis, ps. Nep. Milt. 6, 4; **13.** esp. in the form, aequum censeo, think it just, expect, claim, = *αξιουμα*, ita senatus aequum censuit, CIL 196, 26; Si ita aequum censes, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 10; Hant. 2, 1, 2; **14.** as sb. m. a friend, ut me tibi amicissimum esse et aequi et iniqui intellegant curabo, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 6; **15.** as sb. u. level ground, facilem in aequo campi... uictoriam fore, Liv. 5, 38, 4; in aequum degressi, Tac. Agr. 18; nt primum agmeu in aequo, ceteri..., 35; stratis qui in aequo adstiterant, 36; pars castrorum aequo adibatnr, Tac. h. 4, 23; dum in aequum euerterentur, Tac. an. 2, 80 f.; **16.** as sb. u. what is fair, equity, justice, ut Celsus definit, ius est ars boni et aequi, Ulp. dig. 1, 1, 1; eum de iure civili, cum de aequo et bono disputaretur, Cic. Br. 143; cum se in causa putant habere aequum et bonum quod defendant—and soon, aequi et boni, ex aequo et bono, Cic. Caec. 65; fit reus magis ex aequo bonoque quam ex iure gentium, Sal. Ing. 35, 7; utilitas iusti prope mater et aequi, Hor. s. 1, 3, 98; iuri magis an aequo sit adpositus (iudex), Quint. 4, 3, 11; 5, 10, 118; 6, 5, 5; and so w. an adj. illi dolum malum, illi fidem bonam, illi aequum bonum...tradiderunt, Cic. top. 66; **17.** met. in aequo, on a level, adeo in aequo eum...summis imperatoribus posuerunt, Liv. 39, 50, 11; modo ue in aequo hostes nostri nostrisque apud nos sint ac nos socii, 39, 37, 14; pax in aequo tenet, Tac. au. 12, 12; quos in aequo uiderunt, Tac. h. 2, 20; non in aequo illis stetitms, Sen. ben. 2, 29, 2; **18.** ex aequo, in equal proportion, on equal terms, ex aequo res fuuditus omnis Tam mortalis erit quam quae..., Lucr. 1, 854; si societas et amicitia ex aequo obseruatur, Liv. 39, 37, 10; Ex aequo captis ardebant mentibus ambo, Ov. M. 3, 62; 5, 565; am. 1, 10, 33; a. a. 2, 682; probati ex aequo, Plin. pan. 83; ciuitates quae in illum diem ex aequo egerant, Tac. Agr. 20; ut ex aequo ius firmum approbaret, Petr. 74; **19.** aequo w. comp. (more) than is right, too—, Atque obitum lamentetur miser amplius aequo, Liv. 3, 952; multi eas grauius aequo habuere, Sal. Cat. 51, 11; Plus aequo liber, Hor. s. 1, 3, 52; largius aequo, Hor.

cp. 2, 215; **20.** w. an abl. like dignus, if we may trust Plus uidissem opinor quamde med (mss quam deceret quam me) atque illo aequum foret, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 84; **21.** in Tr. 2, 4, 185 Ritschl. c.: nullo modo Aequom uidetur quin...; **22.** form—aequum in Ambros. Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 138; 2, 2, 25; Pers. 3, 1, 71; in BC Bac. 3, 3, 84; Tr. 5, 2, 30; and what means the same, equum in B, Bac. 4, 9, 94; 5, 2, 46; aequum in B, Tr. 2, 3, 1; Merc. 4, 5, 56; Ps. 1, 3, 35; St. 5, 4, 44; If **23.** aequo on a level with, and so, just, precisely, (only in) aequae quicquam nunc quidem, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 3, just nothing; theu equally, first phys. Actna mons non aequae altus, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 73; trabes aequae longae, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 2; **24.** gen. as w. adj. Non omnia eadem aequae omnibus here suauiā 'sse scito, Pl. As. 3, 3, 51; litterae utrique nostrum aequae gratiae erant, Cic. fam. 13, 18, 1; **25.** w. vbs, tragici et comici Numquam aequae sunt meditati, Pl. Pers. 4, 2, 5; Vtin omnes mulieres eadem aequae studeant, Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 2; gloria non aequae omnes egent, Cic. off. 2, 31; **26.** w. adv. Pro illius capite quod dedi, numquam aequae id bene locassem (so Guyet., mss colloc.), Pl. Most. 1, 3, 89; tamen erit nemo quicum libentius..., pauci quibuscum essem aequae libenter, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 1; **27.** constr. w. cum, Animum aduorte ut aequae mecum haec scias, Pl. As. 2, 2, 66; Poen. pr. 47; Noni aequae omnia Tecum, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 43; **28.** w. abl. aloue, Nullus hoc metuolosus aequae, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 137; qui me erit aequae fortunatus, illa Si ad me baetet, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 50; quibus quidem nullas aequae demior, Plin. 35, 17; and perh. gutta aequae populi (dub.) efficacax, 24, 47; **29.** w. quam as, Nullum 'sse... agrum... Aequae feracem quam hic est noster Periphanes, Pl. Epid. 2, 3, 1; Qui aequae faciat confidenter quicquam quam mulieres, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 55; nihil aequae eos terruit quam..., Liv. 28, 26, 14; 5, 3, 4; 5, 6, 11; 31, 1, 3; locum aequae apricum quam columbi desiderant, Colum. 8, 10, 2; add 8, 17, 13; and 5, 5, 7 (dub.); nihil aequae quam fames..., Tac. an. 14, 38; h. 2, 10; Plin. ep. 2, 15, 1; Suet. Aug. 64 and 89; Cl. 16 f. and 35; Galb. 4; **30.** w. ut, as, quem uideam aequae 'sso maestum ut (ut om. Fleek.) quasi dies si dicta sit, Pl. As. 5, 1, 11; Non Liber aequae uon acuta Si (al. sic) geminant Corybantes aera Tristes ut irae, Hor. od. 1, 16, 7; nihil aequae in causis agendis ut breuitas placet, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 1; Plin. 23, 89 at best dub.; in Cic. p. domo 30 ut now rejected; **31.** w. et, and, thiugs compared gen. standing together, nisi aequae amicos et nosmet ipsos diligamus, Cic. fin. 1, 67; eosdem labores non aequae grauis esse imperatori et militi, Cic. Tusc. 2, 62; uersus aequae prima et media et extrema pars atteuditur, Cic. or. 3, 192; fin. 4, 66; 4, 76 bis; Rosc. com. 2; Mur. 28; **32.** in case of initial rel. with aequae directly, after the first, as: quos ipsos aequae et eos quos praesentes uidetis..., Cic. Clu. 195; cf. cui simul et Volcatio..., Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; but caeci aequae in Cic. fin. 4, 64 in wrong place; **33.** w. que and, rarely, Aequae neglectum pueris seuibusque nocebit, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 26; **34.** w. atque (ae), as (not and), w. things compared not symmetrical, Pumex non aequae aridus atque hic est senex, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 18; qui illis aequae ac tu ipse gauderet, Cic. am. 22; N. D. 3, 45; Rose. Am. 116; Brut. 248; fau. 2, 2; 13, 43, 2; 13, 69; Matus ad Cic. 11, 28, 2 f.; Varr. r. 3, 8, 2; Liv. 10, 7, 4; 44, 22, 5; Colum. 9, 5, 2; Tac. h. 2, 5; **35.** rarely w. tauquam as Petr. 78, or quasi alone as Ulp. dig. 49, 1, 3, 1; **36.** aequae repeated, aequae pauperibus prodest, locupletibus aequae, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 25; aequae discordiam praepositorum, aequae concordiam subiectis exitiosam, Tac. Agr. 15; **37.** abundant w. comp., Nam ex uno puteo similior numquam potis Aqua aequae (so Ambr.) suai quam..., Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 71; Nec est quisquam mihi aequae melius cui uelim, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 42; cf. adaeque; **38.** aequiter, equally, praeda... aequiter Partita est, Liv. Aeg. ap. Non. 512, 38; add Pac. aud Acc. ib.; **39.** aequus (root ae) akin to A.-S. and E. ev-en, Sw. iâmn; and so to ἄ-αλ-ος. Cf. agnus=αμνος; and mîlus (amalus) =E. eil.

**ā-ēr,** ōris, m. [a of α-ημ blow=S. va; cf. an-imus and uentus] the air, aer, hoc utimur enim pro Latiuo, Cic. ac. 1, 26; aer, Graecum illud quidem (for the Latin caelum) sōd

perceptum usu a nostris, Cic. N. D. 2, 91; perpluunt Tigna putefacit (a)er operam fabri, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 31; Iubeas una opera me piscari iu aère, Pl. As. 1, 1, 86; et aquam et terram et aera, Cic. N. D. 1, 39; eiusdem exspiratiuibus et aer alitur et aether (region of fire), 2, 83; Aeris in tueras... auras, Lucr. 1, 207; Aera iungentes igni, terramque liquori, 1, 713; ipsum quo uiuunt aerem in pernecium uertimus, Plin. 18, 3; **2.** in poets of a mist or cloud, obscuro gradientis aère saeptis, Verg. 1, 415; hence, Aere saeptus, Val. F. 5, 400; **3.** often like caelum, of atmosphere, w. epithets of quality, crassus, Cic. ac. 2, 81; purus ac tenuis, Cic. N. D. 2, 42; **4.** as fem. aere fulua, Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26, 11 and 13, 21(20), 14, after Hom.; **5.** in pl. aeribus binis, Lucr. 4, 291; but in Vitr. 1, 1, 10 aeris in inost mss; in Culex, ore (ej) Schradet and Ribb.; **6.** aer. aerōs, Stat. Th. 2, 693; acc. aera always in Cic.; Plin. 2, 10 aera; 18, 3, aerem, acc. to Sillig; **7.** in nom. gen. aër, as: Proxi-mus est aer illi leuitate locoque, Ov. M. 1, 28; Ipsis est aer auibus non aequus, Verg. G. 3, 546; but a poet ap. Cic. Att. 1, 18 has in Bacchiac metre: Littus atque aër et solitudo mera.

**1 aera,** numeri nota, says Non. 74, 3, quoting fm Lueil. Hoc est ratio peruersa, aera summae subducta improbe, whatever it may mean; **2.** a datum, Ruf.; **3.** hence an era, Isid. or. 5, 36.

**2 aera,** ae, f. a weed, destructive of wheat, daruel? Plin. 18, 155 and 156; see aerinus.

**aerĭc-ĕus,** adj. Not. Tir. 164, perh. of the weed aera.

**aer-āmen,** ūnis, n. any article of brass, Theod. Prisc. 1, 9; Commod. instr. 27; Th. C. 15, 1, 37 de opp. pub.; **2.** in pl. Fest.; **3.** Fr. airain, It. rame. Cf. nome fm nomen.

**aerāmentum,** i, n. a bronze vessel etc., Plin. 15, 34; 33, 94; 35, 182; Paul. sent. 3, 6, 44.

**aer-ārius,** adj. of copper, fabrica, Plin. 7, 197; offeina, 18, 89; metallum, 33, 86; 37, 65; conlegio aerarium fabrum, 34, 1; lapis (copper ore), 33, 116 and 130; as, Petr. 57; **2.** of money, ratio, Cic. Quinct. 17; auonac, payments in money, Th. C. 7, 4, 36; **3.** tribuuus aerarius, see tribuuus.

**II 4.** as sb. m. a copper-smith, a brazier, Tarr. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6); inser. Or. 4140; or worker in other metals, Diocl. ed. p. 20; **III 5.** a Roman who had been degraded from all rights as a citizen, and only paid a tax (so Ascon. ad Div. 3); ut (censor) in aerarios referri aut tribu moueri iubeat, Cic. Clu. 122; qui te ex acrariis exemit, Cic. or. 2, 826; tribu moti aerarii omnes facti, Liv. 24, 18, 6; **6.** aeraria? f. a copper mine, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 3 (dub.); in aerariis (perh. metallis understood and so n.) reperiuntur..., Plin. 34, 128; **7.** aerarium, the place wh. the public treasure was kept, treasury, iouranto apud quaestorem ad aerarium, CIL 197, 24; quae pegunia ex hace lege in aerarium posita erit, 198, 66; referre (pecuniam) in aerarium, Cic. agr. 2, 72; aerarium uetigaliaque defcudere, Cic. off. 3, 88; cum consul ad aperiendum aerarium uenisset, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; aurum quod in sanctioe acrario seruabatur, Liv. 27, 10, 11.

**aer-atus,** quasi part. as adj. strengthened, armed or ornamented w. bronze or copper, lecti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 60; Liv. 39, 6, 7; classis, Verg. 8, 675; acies, 9, 463; naues, Hor. od. 2, 16, 21; fores, Tib. 1, 3, 72; **2.** in joke, provided with money, non tam aerati quam aerarii, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 3.

**aerelauiua,** a non-existing word, says Varr. l. 8, 33.

**aere-scriptūra,** ae, f. a bronze map of land, Gromat.

**aer-ĕus,** adj. [aes] of copper or rather brouze, limina, Verg. 1, 452; rota, 5, 274; cornua, 7, 615; onsis, 7, 743; and w. poetic licence, puppis, 5, 198; clauos, Plin. 16, 51; mortariis pistillisque, 33, 123; pilus aereo (pilo) similis, Plin. 8, 212; statuam, Plin. pan. 52; imagunculam, Suet. Aug. 7; tabularum, Suet. Vesp. 8; acus, Veg. vet. 3, 4, 36; and met. saeculum, Serv. A. 7, 682; **2.** as sb. aereos signatos, bronze coins, Vitr. 3, 1, 7; **3.** acrei as spond., clipei mora profuit acrei, Verg. 12, 541.

**aerĭ-fĕr,** ĕra, ĕrum, adj. brouze- (i.e. eymbal-) bearing, mauius, Ov. F. 3, 740.

**aerĭ-fĕx,** χαλκοφυπος, Gloss.



**aeri-fōdīna**, ac, f. a copper mine, Varr. l. 5, 1.  
**aerīnus**, adj. [aera] of darnel, farina, Plin. 22, 125; 24, 100.  
**aērīnus?** adj. of air, compedes, Varr. ap. Non. 28, 14 (aērias, Oehler cj.).  
**aeri-pēs**, pēdis, adj. bronze-hoofed, ceruam, Verg. 6, 803; tauros, Ov. her. 12, 93; cerui, Sil. 3, 39; Aus. id. 11, 14.  
**aeri-sōnus**, adj. bronze-sounding, monte, Val. F. 3, 28; antris, Sil. 2, 93; urbes, Claud. b. g. 234.  
**aēr-īus**, adj. of air, genus, Cic. Tim. 10; uolatus, Cic. top. 77; uolucres, Lucr. 5, 825; uolucrum nubem, Verg. 7, 704; aeri mellis caelestia dona, Verg. G. 4, 1; (as if dew; cf. Plin. 11, 30 uenit hoc ex aere etc., and Petr. 56); 2. towering in the air, montis cacumen, Catul. 64, 240; Alpes, Verg. G. 3, 474; ulmo, B. 1, 59; cornibus, Ov. F. 5, 119.  
**aērīzūsa**, ae, part. f. as sb. turquoise? Plin. 37, 115.  
**aero**, ōnis, m. a basket, Plin. 36, 96; erouibus (so mss) ex ulua palustri, Vitr. 5, 12, 5; tabulis aut heronibus (so mss), aut in alia cupa elusum triticum, Alf. dig. 29, 2, 31; add Don. Ph. 1, 2, 72; aero κοῖζ, Gloss. Steph.  
**aer-ō**, āre, vb. cover w. copper etc., Prisc. 1, 433, 7 K.  
**aērōides**, m. [= αεροειδης] a jewel, turquoise? quintos aērōidis uocant, Plin. 37, 77.  
**aērō-mantia**, ae, f. divination from the air, Isid. 8, 9.  
**aeropetes?** the 6th book of Apicius is now inscribed tropetes (τροπετης).  
**aērō-phōbus**, adj. air-fearing, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 12.  
**aer-ōsus**, adj. full of copper (aurum), Plin. 33, 93; lapide, 34, 2 (copper-ore); (ferrum), 34, 143; pecunia, Scaev. 46, 3, 102.  
**aerīca** = aerugo, Vitr. 7, 12, 1 (bis).  
**aerīgīn-ōsus**, adj. full of rust, rusty, Sen. brev. v. 12, 2; Sen. contr. 1, 2 f.  
**aer-ūg-o**, īnis, f. rnst of copper, verdigris, Cato r. 98, 2; Cic. Tusc. 4, 32; Plin. 15, 34; 34, 112 etc.; 2. contemptuously for money, at haec animos aergo et cura peculi Cum semel inbuerit..., Hor. ep. 2, 3, 330; Si reddat neterem cum tota aerīgīnē follem, Iuv. 13, 61; aerugini semper iutentis, Apul. M. 1, 21; 3. met. of envy, haec est Aerugo mera, Hor. s. 1, 4, 101; aerugine captus, Mart. 2, 61, 5; tinctos aerugine uersus, 10, 33, 5.  
**aerumna**, (cr\*) ae, f. [prob. = αερμνα in the sense of an allotted task fm αερζω?] a task, a labour, Superauit aerumnis suis aerumnas omnis Hercules, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 2; Neque sexta aerumna acerbiōr Hercūli quam illā mi obiecta est, Pl. Epid. 2, 1, 10; uel Hercules perpeti aerumnas, sic enim labores non fugiendos tristissimo uerbo nominauerunt, Cic. fin. 2, 118, collecta uaticia multis aerumnis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 28; aerumnae labores onerosos significant, Paul. ex F. 24; 2. great trouble or grief, qui amat si eget misera aerumna adficitur, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 51; neuter creat omnis has aerumnas, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 33 etc.; o gnata tibi sunt ante ferendae Aerumnae, Eun. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; qui te expedias his aerumnis, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 8; aerumna corpus conficit, Pac. ap. Non. 23, 8; aerumna aegritudo laboriosa, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; Omnibus erumnis\* adfecti, Lucr. 3, 50; mortem aerumnae requiem, Sal. Cat. 51, 20; add Iug. 14, 23 etc.; Apul. M. 11, 2 and 15; 3. obsol. in time of Quint. aerumnas (so mss) quid opus est, 8, 3, 26.  
**aerumnābilis**, c, adj. [impl. a vb. aerumno] causing great trouble, distressing, Lucr. 6, 1231; labor, Apul. M. 1, 1; uitae, 8, 9.  
**aerumnōsus**, adj. full of troubles, mulierem, Pl. Ep. 4, 1, 32; Rud. 1, 4, 37; miseris adfectos aerumnosos calamitosos (note the climax), Cic. Tusc. 4, 82; Terentiam unam omnium aerumnosissimam, Cic. Att. 3, 23 f.; si..., nihil est aerumnosius Sapiente, Sen. ira, 2, 7, 1.  
**aerumnālas**, Plautus refert furcillas quibus sarcinas uiatores gerebant, Paul. ex F. 24.  
**aeruscātor**, ōris, m. a beggar, aeruscatores et cibum quaestumque ex mendaciis captantes, Gell. 14, 1, 2.  
**aerusco**, āre, vb. [impl. a sb. aer-nseus a beggar] enact the beggar, beg, Gell. 9, 2, 8; but in Sen. clem. 2, 6, 3 Haase has: ob cruis alicuius aridum; qui aeruscator.

**aes**, aeris, n. [prob. one w. G. crz, E. ore; and even G. eis-en, E. ir-on] copper (prob. aes Cyprium, as first in gen. use), in Cypro prima aeris inuento, Plin. 34, 2; Et prior aeri erat quam ferri cognitus usus, Quo facilis magis est natra et copia maior, Lucr. 5, 1287; squamam aeris (αερτιδα χαλκου), Cels. 2, 12, 1; Plin. 34, 107-109; pineis optime ligueis aes funditur, 33, 94; 2. gen. an alloy of copper, esp. w. tiu, i.e. bronze, valuable for hardness, rarely w. zinc, i.e. brass [proved to have been in gen. Roman use by analysis; but brass (aeramen) would have perished], Aere solum terrae tractabatur, aereque belli Miscebant fluctus, Lucr. 5, 1289; aere utuntur importato, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 5; earum nauium aere ad reliquas reficiendas utebatur, ib. 4, 31, 2; qui falsas leges in aes incidendas curaucrit, Cic. Ph. 3, 30; cuius aera refrigere debebamus, Cic. fam. 12, 1, 2; pedestrem ex aere statuum, Cic. Ph. 9, 13; simulacrum ex aere factum Cereri, Plin. 34, 15; 3. hence used absol. of bronze instruments, vessels etc., esp. in poets, pulsarent aeribus aera, Lucr. 2, 637; Ardentis clipeos atque arma micantia cerno (swords), Verg. 2, 734; Aere cicre uiros (trumpet), 6, 165; Non acuta Si geminant Corybautes aera (cymbals), Hor. od. 1, 16, 8; unca cibis aera (fish-hooks), Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 10; 4. esp. aera, bronze vessels etc., bronzes, as highly valued, Donarem pateras graetaque...aera sodalibus, Hor. od. 4, 8, 2; argentum et marmor uetus, aeraque et artis Suspice, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 17; add 2, 1, 240; s. 2, 3, 21; 5. esp. aes Corinthium, an unknown alloy w. gold and silver, Cic. Tusc. 4, 32; Plin. 34, 1; also 6-8; 6. copper or rather bronze, as money, first in the rough; hence the mention of the scales (libra) w. aes, even after stamped money was in use, is mihi emptus est hoc aere aeneae libra, Gai. 1, 119; 2, 104; 3, 167; imaginariae solutionis per aes et libram, 3, 173; cf. per trutinam solui solitum, Varr. l. 5, 37; 7. aft. stamped, Seruius rex primus signauit aes, antea rudi usos Romae Timaeus tradit, Plin. 33, 43; but still bronze alone, quamdiu populus R. aere tantum signatores usus esset, 34, 1; 8. aes absol. as money, quaestores aere moltatiōe dederunt, CIL 181; subdūxi ratiunculam Quantum aeris mihi sit quantumque alieni siet, Pl. Cure. 3, 2; ancillam aere emptam meo! Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 26; grauis aere domum...redibat, Verg. B. 1, 36; C. Praecellio C. filio Pap. Augurino...aer[e] col[lat]o, inscr. Or. 72; etiam aureos nummos aes dicimus, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 159; 9. aes alienum, money (in one's hands) belonging to another, and so: debt, see Pl. in § 8; in aes al. incidenter, Cic. Cat. 2, 20; ciuitates falso aere alieno liberaui, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 2; aere alieno premuntur, Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 2; 10. a soldier's pay for a year's service, in the pl., militiae eis uacatio esto, aera stipendiaque eis omnia merita sunt, CIL 198, 77 and 84; annua aera habes, annuam operam eed, Liv. 5, 4, 7; uoluntarium professis militiae aera procedere, 5, 7, 12; L. Valerius L. f. Vol. Marinus mil. L. x G. an. xxxv Aer(um) xii, inscr. Or. 3551; 11. in the gen. w. numerals, mille aeris legasse, Varr. l. 9, 49; milibus aeris quinquaginta...census fuisset, Liv. 24, 11, 7; 12. w. num. adv. P. Crassi filia posset habere...aeris miliens, Cic. rep. 3, 17; ad decies aeris, Liv. 24, 11, 8; 13. other phrases, te iu meo aere esse (virtually so much cash for me, i.e. a friend on whom I could draw), Cic. fam. 13, 62; ille in aere meo est, 15, 14; magistrum alicuius aeris—of any worth, Gell. 18, 5, 6.  
**aesalōn**, ōnis, m. sparrow-hawk? Plin. 10, 205.  
**aeschrologia**, ae, foul language, Diom. 450, 32 K.  
**aeschynomene**, es, part. f. as sb. sensitive plant or mimosa, Plin. 24, 167.  
**aescūlētum**, i, n. [aesculus] a forest of (young) Italian oaks, Hor. od. 1, 22, 14.  
**aescūleus**, adj. of the tree aesculus, frondis, Ov. M. 1, 449; (axibus), Pall. 1, 9, 2.  
**aescūllnus**, adj. the same, axes, Vitr. 7, 1, 2.  
**aescūllnus**, adj. the same, cum postibus aesculnieis, CIL 577, 2, 9.  
**aescūlus**, i, f. an Italian oak w. edible acorns, nenomurque Ioui quae maxima frondet Aescule, Verg. G. 2, 16; nec rigida mollior aesculo, Hor. od. 3, 10, 17; Sil.

5, 481; felices arbores quercus aesculus..., Macr. 3, 20, 2.

**Aesernia**, ae, f. a city of Samnium on the Vulturus, Cic. ad Pomp. Att. 8, 11, D 2; Sil. 8, 568.

**Aeserninus**, (Ais.) adj. of Aesernia, Aiseruino[m], coin, CIL 20; add Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 2; rei. p. Aeserniuor. inscr. Or. 2603.

**Aesinas**, ātis, adj. of the town Aesis, Plin. 3, 113; 11, 241.

**Aesis**, is, f. a town of Picennm, M. Oppio...col. Aesis, inscr. Or. 3899 and 3900.

**Aesis**, is, m. a river of Picenum, Plin. 3, 113.

**aestas**, ātis, f. [lit. heat; impl. an adj. aesus (= G. heiss) fm a vb. aeso = *aiθw* and uro (oeso); cf. aestus, aestiuus] the hot season of the year, summer, esp. as opp. to winter, Arabes...campos et montes hieme et aestate praeagrates, Cic. div. 1, 94; certior est naturalis cursus fluminum aestate potius quam hieme, Ulp. dig. 43, 13 (not 19), 1, 8; hiemem et aestatam iuxta pati, Sal. lug. 85, 33; proxima aestate, CIL 199, 42; una aestate duobus maximis bellis confectis, Caes. b. g. 1, 54, 2; iueunte aestate, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 6; summa, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 80; exactam, Sal. lug. 61, 1; noua, Verg. 1, 434.

**aesti-fer**, ĕra, ĕrum, adj. heat-bearing, ignis, Lucr. 1, 663; sol, 5, 613; 5, 642; ignes, Cic. arat. 111; canis, Verg. G. 2, 353.

**aestimābilis**, e, adj. worth taking into account, Cic. fin. 3, 20 (as a uew word, for he adds: sic enim appellemus).

**aestimātio**, (older aestum.) ōnis, f. valuation, esp. in money, iudicatio leitisque aestumatio, CIL 198, 4; add 6 and 41; potestas omnis aestimationis habendae censori permittitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 131; frumenti, 2, 3, 213; mihi condicio placet, sed ita ut numerato malim quam aestimatione, Cic. Att. 12, 25, 1; aequa facta aestimatio pecuniam dissoluit, Caes. b. c. 1, 87, 1; liteum remitte, Quod me non mouet aestimatione (money-value) Verum est (m)nesosium mei sodalis, Cat. 12, 12; in aestimationem urbs aegerque uenit, Liv. 5, 25, 8; res sacra non recipit aestimationem, Ulp. dig. 1, 8, 9, 5; 2. in other kind, leis aestimatio pecuniam in multa constitutast, Cic. rep. 2, 60; 3. gen. valuation, estimate, calculation, Cic. fin. 3, 20; honoris, Liv. 3, 63, 9; infra aliorum aestimationes se motientem, Vell. 2, 127, 4; aestimatione munimenta metiri, Curt. 3, 1, 7.

**aestimātor**, ōris, m. one who sets a value on, appraiser, in money, frumenti, Cic. Pis. 86; rerum (property), Cic. parad. 51; 2. met. beneficiorum, Plu. pau. 21; immodicus aes. sui, Curt.; 3. but in Cic. or. 141; fin. 3, 6; Marc. 15 existimator.

**aestimātor-ius**, adj. for damages by valuation, actio, Ulp. dig. 19, 3, 1 w. title de aestimatoria; aestimatoria agere, Pomp. 21, 1, 48, 2; add ib. 43, 6; 44, 2.

**aestimātus**, ūs, m. valuation, estimate, aestimatu aetatis, Macr. s. 1, 16; in Plin. 11, 38 existimatur.

**aestiniūm**, ii, n. valuation, ubertatis, Frontin. col. 127 G; Hygiu. lim. 152.

**aestūo**, (older aestūmo) āre, vb. [aes? see below] set a value upon, value, esp. in money, Nam ego te aestumatum dedo huic uiginti minis, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 4; add 2, 2, 90 and 101; aestumatas merces, Pl. Merc. pr. 96; (tritici modium) aestimauit denariis iiii, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 214; haec aestimate pecunia, 2, 5, 23; add 2, 199; 2, 3, 215; 2. esp. in law, a. litem, assess damages to be paid, quanti eius rei slis aestumata crit), CIL 198, 7; de leitibus aestumanda, 58; add 60 bis, 61, 63, 68; iiii milibus lis aestimata est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 22; non ex litibus aestimatis tuis pecuniam donum...uult reportare, 2, 5, 128; add 2, 1, 99; Clu. 115 and 116; Rab. Post. 9; Muren. 42; eosdem illos qui lites aestimarent iudices, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 8, 3; arbitros dat qui litem aestumet poenamque constinant, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 9; met. uoluntatis nostrae uelut litem aestimari uestris sermonibus audio, Liv. 45, 24, 2; tanti litem aestimandam...quanti fuisset eo die quo dari dobit (sc. unum), Gai. dig. 13, 3, 4; add Serv. Sulp. ap. Gell. 4, 4, 2; 3. met. value, appraise, estimate, Dum ne ob malcfacta peream,

parui (id) aestūmo, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 24; Nou ego inimicitias omnis pluris aestumo, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 25; ne ego istam uirtutem nou magno aestimandam putem, Cic. fin. 3, 11; nec quia bonum sit ualere, sed quia sit non nihilo aestimandum, 4, 62; add Rosc. com. 28; Att. 7, 15, 2; neque ciuitas leui momento aestimaro posset (tot homiuum salutem), Caes. b. g. 7, 39 f.; add 7, 14 f.; 3, 20, 1; 3, 26, 4; Rumoresque senum seueriorum Omnes unius (aes) iūmōm (mss ext.) assis, Cat. 5, 3; eorum ego nitam mortemque iuxta aestumo, Sal. Cat. 2, 8; add 58, 18; munera grato animo, Liv. 6, 39, 10; magno te, 40, 55, 3; magno se, 41, 20, 3; uirtutem aestimat annis, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 48; 4. met. (= existimo) calculate, come to a conclusion, decide, consider, w. acc. and inf., Ridicule magis hoc dictum quam uere aestimo, Phaedr. 3, 4, 5 (B. cj. al.); Turpe aestimantes aliquid commissum a suis, 4, 18, 15; multi, ut aestimo, in hoc a Varrone dissentiunt qui..., Macr. s. 2, 8, 2; nonne hi mercedem sibi laboris aestimant persolutam, ib. 7, 2, 7; 5. aestino and existimo often confounded in mss; but Madvig ad fin. 3, 2, 6 says: ubi uniuerse de bouitate earum rerum quae neque permutationem et emptionem neque remunerationem habeant, de recto et prauo iudicetur preti notionem...apud Latinos remotam esse; itaque existumatoris eae partes sunt, non aestumatoris; but? 6. extimo often found, contr. some say fm existimo; see MSS A B in Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 5; 7. aestumo implies a sb. aes-tumus (cf. aedi-tumus), i. e. a money-warden, a banker, whose business would include valuing or assaying coius &c., precious metals etc.

**aestiūalis**, e, adj. of summer, circulus, Hyg. astr. 3, 24, tropic of Cancer; not. Ter.

**aestiūarium**, adj. u. as sb. a fish-pond for the summer, piscinas (Luculli) despiciebat quod aestiuarua idonea non haberet, Varr. r. 3, 17, 8.

**aestiuē**, see aestiuus.

**aestiuo**, āre, vb. [of. hiberno] pass the summer, mihi greges in Reatinis montibus aestiuabant, Varr. r. 2, 2, 9; abiguntur ex Appulia in Samnium aestiuatum, 2, 1, 16; intra sepem eam aestiuant pastores, Plin. 12, 22; Tusculum ubi aestiuare conserat, Suet. Galb. 4; Vesp. 24; Stat. silu. 4, 4, 22; Th. 5, 16.

**aestiuus**, adj. [see aestas] of summer, menses, Cic. Att. 5, 14, 2; dies, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 81; tempus, Caes. b. g. 6, 4, 3; aestiuus e partibus, Lucr. 5, 615; solem, Verg. G. 4, 28; aura, Hor. od. 1, 22, 18; aues, Liv. 5, 6, 2; saltus, 22, 14, 8; 2. aestiua n. pl. as sb. (sc. castra) summer camp, summer quarters, dum in aestiuis essemus (in Cilicia), Cic. Att. 5, 17, 3; cum prima aestiua attigissem, Cic. fam. 2, 13 f.; aestiua snb tectis equitatus! Liv. 29, 34, 7; Curt. 5, 8, 1; 3. summer season for campaigning, campaign, nulla ex trinis aestiuis gratulatio, Cic. Pis. 97; aestiuus confectis, Cic. fam. 3, 9 f.; aestiuorum tempus comitorum mora imminuerat, Sal. lug. 44, 3; 44, 4; anui eius aestiua in Decembrem producta, Vell. 2, 105, 3; 4. summer quarters of cattle, aestiua et hiberua idonea ad pascendum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; nec singula morbi corpora corripunt, sed tota aestiua repente, Verg. G. 3, 472; Plin. 24, 28;

5. aestiuē, adv. in summer fashion, Viaticati hercle admodum aestiue sumus, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 30.

**aestiūabundus**, part. or adj. aest. confectio, vapour of fermentation, Pall. 11, 17, 2.

**aestiūarium**, adj. n. as sb. fm aestus tide, an estuary, pedestria itinera concisa aestuariis, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 4; 2, 28, 1; Plu. 3, 11; 3, 151 etc.; 2. fm aestus vapour, passages in wells for escape of foul air, lucerna si extinguitur, tunc secundum puteum dextra ac sinistra fodiunt aestuaria, Plin. 31, 49; and iu nearly same words, Vitruv. 8, 7, 13.

**aestuatiōni**, a false reading in Plin. 18, 5 for exustioni.

**aestūo**, āre, vb. [aestus] of the violent movement connected with fire, boil, rage, rush, roar, Aestuauit ut clausis rapidus foruacibus ignis, Verg. G. 4, 263; Quoque magis tegitur, tectus magis aestuauit ignis, Ov. M. 4, 64; relicto foramine quo aestuauantia (fermenting) uina suscipit, Pall. 11, 14, 16; 2. be boiling hot, very hot, Nunc cum



scribitur aestuanti, occurrunt, Pl. Poen. fr. 43; (leges) Lycurgi laboribus erudunt inuentum...alongo aestuando, Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; add acad. pr. 70; Et cum exustus ager morientibus aestuat herbis, Verg. G. 1, 107; sub pondere Caeneus Aestuat, Ov. M. 12, 515; merum faucibus si boues aestuauerint infuadat, Colum. 2, 3; si dixeris, aestuo, sudat, Liv. 3, 103; 3. of waves and liquids, boil as it were, uastaque uoragine gurgis Aestuat, Verg. 6, 297; ubi Maura semper Aestuat unda, Hor. od. 2, 6, 4; tepefactus in ossibus umor Aestuat, Verg. G. 4, 309; II 4. met. boil, boil over (with passion etc.), ut desiderio nostri te aestuare putarem, Cic. fam. 7, 18, 1; hoo loco Chrysippus aestuans..., Cic. fat. 15; animo aestuante, Cat. 63, 47; inuidiā, Sal. Cat. 23; in illa Aestuat, Ov. M. 6, 491; 5. even w. passion as nom., Aestuat ingens Vuo in corde pudor, mixtoque insaniam luctu..., Verg. 12, 666.

**aestu-ōsus**, adj. boiling—or burning hot, ossum inhumatum (gen. pl.) aestuosam auram, Paoc. ap. Prisc. 1, 254, 8 K; uia, Cic. Att. 5, 14, 1; oraculum Iouis...aestuosi (in Libyan desert), Cat. 7, 5; astri impotentia, Hor. epod. 16, 62; Syrtis (the Sahara), Hor. od. 1, 22, 5; Auster, Plin. 2, 126; aestuosissimis diebus, 34, 116; 2. of the sea, boiling, Unda fretis tulit aestuosus, Hor. od. 2, 7, 16; 3. hot, suffering from heat, (sus animal) aestuosissimum, Colum. 7, 10, 6; 4. adv. comp. inuarsit aestuosius, Hor. epod. 3, 18; but in Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 67 read perh.: Atque acerrime ea uiros (miss ea est uos) absorbet, ubi quemque attingit.

**aestus**, ūs, m. points to a vb. *aes-o=aiθw*, and also =*oeso* [au old form prob. of ūro, cf. oestrum, οιστρον] lit. burning, boiling—hence the principle of heat in motion, the spirit or vapour so pervading or issuing from bodies, esp. as heard in roaring, heat, vapour, exsuperant flammæ, furit aestus ad auras, Verg. 2, 759; magno ueluti cum flamma sonore Virgea suggeritur costis undantis aheni, Exsultantque aestu latites, 7, 464; Caniculae Vitibus aestus (the heat of the dog-days supposed to flow from Sirius), Hor. od. 1, 17, 17; 2. the boiling (as it were) of the sea, surf (cf. G. Brandung, breakers, lit. burning), raging of waves, Quam magis te in altum capessis, tam aestus te in portum refert, Pl. As. 1, 3, 6; Undique omnes nenti erumpunt; saeui existunt turbines, Feruit aestu pelagus, poet. ap. Cic. or. 3, 157; furit aestus harenis, Verg. 1, 111; aestumque secabant, 8, 674; 3. tide (as once referred to a mysterious agency of heat), qui de marinis aestibus plura dicam, quorum accessus et recessus lunae motu gubernantur, Cic. div. 2, 34; N. D. 2, 19 and 132; cum sex horis aestus creuerunt totidem deer(esc)unt, Varr. 1, 9, 19; minnente aestu naues in uadis afflictaentur, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; decessum aestus, 3, 13, 1; luna pleua quae dies maritimos aestus maximos in oceano efficere consueuit, 4, 29, 1; longius delatus aestu, 5, 8, 2; add 6, 31, 3; Sertorius nactus obscuro noctem aestu secundo uitato proelium conatus est, Sal. ap. Gell. 10, 26, 2; redundantibus cloeis aduerso aestu maris, Sal. ap. Non. 138, 5; aestus maris accedere ad reciprocare, Plin. 2, 212; aestibus solitis subductus Oceanus, Flor. 1, 45 (3, 10), 5; 4. gen. heat (of weather), frigus et aestum, Lucr. 6, 364; (Galli) uitandi aestus causa siluarum petunt propinquitates, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 3; labore et aestu languidis, Sal. lug. 51, 3; medio aestu, Verg. G. 1, 297 and 8; oleamque momoderat aestus, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 5; (nouam urbem) nulla umbra defensam grauiore aestu ardescere, Tac. an. 15, 43 f.; 5. esp. in pl., ad frigora atque aestus uitandos, Caes. b. g. 6, 22; Aestibus at mediis..., Verg. G. 3, 331; neque frigora neque aestus facile tolerabat, Suet. Aug. 81; 6. heat of fever etc., conficit animam Vis uolneris, ulceris aestus, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 19; homines aegri...cum aestu febrigue iactantur, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; Cum furit...febris Profuit incensus aestus auertere, Verg. G. 3, 459; 7. emanation (of other kinds), aestus ab undis Aequoris, exesor moerorum, Lucr. 6, 925; fluere e lapide hoc (the magnet) Semina siue aestum qui..., 6, 1003; II 8. met. chiefly fm movement of the sea, tide, strong current, repente te quasi quidam aestus ingenii tui procul a terra abrupuit atque in altum...abstraxit, Cic. or. 3, 145; Br. 282; leg. 2, 9; belli,

Lucr. 5, 1435; ut pelagi (Venus), sic peccatoris adiunet aestum, Ov. her. 15 (16), 25; uario nequiquam fluctuat aestu, Verg. 12, 486; 4, 532; 8, 19; 9. aesti as gen., Paoc. ap. Non. 484, 13.

**Aesūla**, ae, f. a town, colonia, near Tibur, Hor. od. 3, 29, 6.

**Aesūlanus**, adj. of Aesula, Liv. 26, 9, 9; Plin. 3, 69.

**Aesūlum**, i, n. = Aesula, Vell. 1, 14, 8.

**aetas**, ātis, f. [older *aeuitas*, wh. implies an adv. *aeuōs* aged; sec *aeom*] age, time of life, si morbus acuitas uitium escit, qui in ius nocabit, iumentum dato, XII tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 25; parua aetate, CIL 34; uiridis aetas, 1009; Non omnis aetas, Lyde, ludo conuenit, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 21; illa aetas magis ad haec utenda idoneast, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 8; aetas illa qua tum fuit, Cic. Rab. perd. 26; 2. in itself means neither youth nor old age; the context decides this, aetate non quis optuerit, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 154; Dum aetas metus magister prohibitant. Itast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 154; 3. as to division of age, Varro V gradus aetatis aequabiliter putat esso diuisos...Primo gradu usque annum XV pueros; secundo ad XXX annum adulescentes...; in tertio gradu qui erant usque XLV annos, iuuenes; in quarto adusque LX annum, seniores; inde...senes, Censor. 14, 2; cf. Gell. 10, 28, 1; 4. gen. aetatis w. neut. pron.; hoc, istud, illud, id, quid, quod, idem, at this (etc.) age or time of life, hocine me aetatis ludos bis factum indignos! Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 4; Propter eosdem quorum causa fui hoc aetate exercitus, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 8 (so Non. 192, 21, who did not see that aetate was a gen.); Ego istuc aetatis..., Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 58; illuc aetatis, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 56; Quid tibi ego aetatis uideor? Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 19; id aetatis, Cic. rep. 3, 41; Verr. 2, 1, 66 etc.; quod aetatis sum, uobis approbatum mo uixisse gaudeo, Apul. M. 10, 8; cum ceteris idem aetatis nobilibus, Tac. an. 13, 16, 1; cf. id temporis, Cic. fin. 5, 1; hoc noctis, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 2; 5. aetas for men of the age mentioned, non militaribus modo aetas aut uiri tantum sed feminae puerique..., Liv. 28, 19, 13; omnis aetas currere obuui, Liv. 27, 51, 1; populi Romani sexum aetatem ordinem omnem...affudisse se, Suet. Gal. 4; 6. a man's life, quicum aetatem degerem, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 79; in compedibus aetatem agunt, Cato ap. Gell. 11, 18, 18; coniectui in quaerundo uitam atque aetatem meam. Nunc exacta aetate..., Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 15; cum uno aetatem agere uiro, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 12; add Hee. 2, 1, 10; 3, 1, 4; acta aetas honeste ac splendide, Cic. Tusc. 3, 61; aetatem in litibus contere, Cic. leg. 1, 53; ultimum tempus aetatis, Cic. fin. 2, 87; add sen. 33; 7. the age in which a man lives, his generation, (non) procul ab aetatis huius memoria, Cic. rep. 1, 1; heroicis aetatis, Cic. Tusc. 5, 7; summos oratores illius aetatis, Cic. div. 2, 88; Br. 333; aetate nostra—in our days, in our time—Plin. 16, 242; Sen. N. Q. 7, 23, 1; 8. hence aetatem as an adv. one's whole life, or rather vaguely, an age\*, a century, do Iouem testem tibi, Te aetatem inipne habiturum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 100; Aetatem uelim seruire ut..., As. 2, 2, 8 etc.; Quid, malum, me aetatem censes uelle id admiralier? Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 38; an abiit iam a milite? Iamdudum, aetatem\*, Eun. 4, 5, 8; add Hee. 5, 1, 21; Quod solis uapor aetatem (in the course of an age) non posse uidetur Efficere, Lucr. 6, 236; 9. an age or generation, averaging some 30 years, (Nestor) tertiam iam aetatem hominum uiuebat, Cic. sen. 31; Altera iam teritur bellis ciuilibus aetas, Hor. epod. 16, 1; on a grander scale, uixi Annos bis centum; nunc tertia uiuirit aetas, Ov. M. 12, 188; 10. the men themselves of an age, a generation, quid nos dora refugimus Aetas? Hor. od. 1, 35, 34; (Romam) Impia perdemus deuoti sanguinis aetas, Hor. epod. 16, 9; Discite tamen, ueniens aetas, Ov. F. 6, 639; add 1, 246; 11. of the four ages of the world, Aurea prima sata est aetas, Ov. M. 1, 89; cf. argentea proles, 1, 114; aenea, 1, 121; do duro est ultima ferro, 1, 127; decolor aetas, Verg. 8, 326; 12. time generally (esp. the longer one lives), quod illos sat aetas acuet, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 49; Quin res, aetas, usus semper aliquid adportet noui, 5, 4, 2; omnia fert aetas, animum quoque, Verg. B. 9, 51; quid crastina nolueret aetas, Scire nefas, Stat. Th. 3, 561; 13. esp. long time, length of

years, *Nec si quid olim lusit Anacreon, Delcūt actas*, Hor. od. 4, 9, 9; **14.** age of non-living things, (olei), Plin. 15, 7; (Falerni), 23, 34; 14, 74; aedificiorum, Papin. dig. 30, 58; **15.** aetati tuae=tibi, (but why?), sibi inimicus magis qui'st quam aetati tuae, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 1; uae aetati tuae, Capt. 4, 2, 105; aliquid tulisse...mali Capiti atque aetati illorum, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 54; **16.** phrases, aetatem bene (male) ferre, to carry one's years well (said of a vigorous old man), Sen. ep. 88, 6; Petr. 43; and met. of wine, bibite Falernum hoc; annorum XL est. Bene inquit aetatem fert, Cic. ap. Maer. s. 2, 3, 2; **17.** in aetate, at times, occasionally, in aetate utile, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 2; Vtrumque, Lesbouice, in aetate hau bonumst, 2, 4, 61; **18.** besides ordin. gen. aetatum, aetatum in Liv. 1, 43, 5; 9, 17, 7; 26, 9, 13; Vell. 2, 89, 1; but not Gell. 14, 1, 27; Suet. Aug. 31.

**aetāt-ūla**, ae, f. dim. agc (in speaking of the young), si illum inseruibus solum, Dum tibi nunc haec aetatulast, in senecta (pron. scnta) male querere, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 60; Atque ambas forma scitula atque aetatula, Rud. 4, 1, 3 etc.; Quis nostrarum fuit integra aetatula (opp. to anus), Caccil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10, l. 13; in primis puerorum aetatulis, Cic. fin. 5, 55; primam illam aetatulam suam, Cic. har. 42; puerae quas sinit aetatula ludere, Varr. ap. Non. 156, 13; ut parcius aetatulae iudulgeret, Suet. Claud. 16.

**aeternābilis**, e, adj. lasting for ever, eternal, diuitia, Acc. ap. Non. 475, 25; Th. C. 7, 13, 14; domus, 10, 3, 5.

**aeternālis**, e, adj. eternal, somnus, inscr. Or. 1192; domus, 4518; luctus, 4604; lex, Tert. lud. 6.

**aeternitas**, atis, f. eternity, quaedam ab infinito tempore aet., Cic. N. D. 1, 21; add 1, 114; 3, 14; in aeternitate temporum, Tac. Agr. 46; **2.** esp. as attributed by flattery to and assumed by the Emperors, rogatus domine... per aeternitatem tuam, Plin. 10, 83 (87); aeternitatem nostram, Th. C. 10, 22, 3; **3.** in pl. aeternitatibus, on a coin, Eckh. 7, 278.

**aeterno**, are, vb. make eternal, immortalize, litteris ac laudibus, Varr. ap. Non. 75, 17; tuas Auguste nirtutes in aeuum...aeternet, Hor. od. 4, 14, 5.

**aeternus**, (old aeu-ternus\*) adj. [acuum], everlasting, eternal, in domum aeternam patris, Acc. 671 R; Aeterna templa caeli, ap. Varr. l. 6, 2 f.; deum beatum et aeternum, Cic. fin. 2, 88; qui quicquam quod ortum sit putet aeternum esse posse, Cic. N. D. 1, 20; non modo non aeternum sed ne diuturnam quidem gloriam adsequi possumus, Cic. rep. 6, 23; aeterni sidera mundi, Lucr. 5, 514; add 5, 402; Soli aeterno pro aeternitate imperii...Septimii Severi, inscr. Or. 910; **2.** w. exaggeration, Speroque me hunc ob nuntium acuternum\* adepturum cibum, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 13; Aeuiternum\* tibi (monos.; or Aeternum tibi) dapinābo (dapinabo, Lind. as if the vowel were long!) uictum, si uera autumas, 4, 2, 118; but stulta's plane Quae illum tibi aeternum putes fore amicum et beniuolentem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 46; At nunc dehinc spero aeternam inter nos gratiam Fore Thais, Ter. Euu. 5, 2, 33; aeuom...; hinc aeuiternum\*, quod factum est aeternum, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 194 Sp.; quid aeternis minorem Consiliis auimum fatigas? Hor. od. 2, 11, 11; **3.** esp. in flattery of emperors, immortal, as aet(ernus) Aug(ustus) on coins of Trajan, 6, 423 Eckhel, and Hadrian, 6, 478; aeternorum principum felicitas, gesta in sen. do rec. Th. C. ; add Th. 4, 30; **4.** aet. domus, sedes, of the grave, Suae gnatae sibeique (pronounced si-que) uxori constituit (domum) Aeternam ubi omnes pariter aeuom degent, CIL 1008, 20; Ditis aeterna domu, 1009, 22; add 1059, 6; per aeuiternam\* hominum domum Tellureni propeio gradum, Varr. sat. 203, 7 R; recipe mc aeterna domo, Non exiturum, Sen. Phaedr. 1250; add inscr. Or. 71; **5.** aet. urbs, of Rome, Romulus aeternae nondum firmauerat urbis Moeuia, Tib. 2, 5, 23; ob instauratos urbi aeternae muros..., iuser. Or. 2; poicinarii urbis aeternae, cod. Const. 11, 16, 1; add Symm. ep. 3, 55; **6.** in aeternum, for ever, quis dubitat quin in (now added) aeternum urbe condita, in immensum crescente., Liv. 4, 4, 4; urbem in aeternum conditam, 28,

28, 11; 36, 6, 4; non in praesens tantum sed in aeternum, Plin. pan. 35; add Iust. 3, 4, 17; **7.** aeternum, the same, Verg. 6, 400 and 617; **8.** aeterno as adv. always, urens aeterno hunc fontem igneum contegit fraxinus, Plin. 2, 240.

**aethālus**, adj. sooty, black, uuarum genus, Plin. 14, 74.

**aethēr**, ēris or ēros m. [aθ-ω burn] the (supposed) region of fire, above our atmosphere (where dwelt the stars, as living beings), mundi continuata natura est, nam ex terra aqua, ex aqua oritur aer, ex aere aether, deinde retrorsum..., Cic. N. D. 2, 84; (aera) complectitur immensus aether qui constat ex altissimis iguibus, 2, 91; 2, 101 and 117; terrae...pondus; Iude mare, inde aer, inde aether ignifer ipse, Lucr. 5, 498; Clamor ad caelum uoluentus per aethera uagit, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 5, p. 381 Sp.; nec iam amplius aethere nostro (as a god) Vescitur, Stat. Th. 1, 237; **2.** as the source of life and soul, Mater terrast; parit ea corpus; auimam(que) aether adiugat, Pac. ap. Nou. 75, 11; Id quod nostri caelum memorant, Grai perhibent aethera; Quicquid est hoc omnia animat, Pacuv. ap. Varr. l. 5, 30; Cic. N. D. 2, 91 and div. 1, 131; **3.** at times in poets, sky or air, (apes) liquidum trans aethera uectae, Verg. 7, 65; gelidique sub aetheris axe, 8, 28; but in Lucr. 2, 1115 Lachmaun (by a good ej.) aeraque aer; **4.** the upper air, as opp. to Tartarus, quam uellent aethere in alto Nunc et pauperiem et duros perferre labores! Verg. 6, 436; **5.** fire, light, simul aethere plena corusco Pallas, Val. F. 5, 182; **6.** Aether as a god, qui nesciamus Soli an Aetheri seruiamus, Cic. ac. 2, 126; Aether et Dies eorumque fratres..., Cic. N. D. 3, 44; add 53 and 54; imbres ubi eos pater Aether In gremium matris terrae praecipitant, Lucr. 1, 250; add Verg. G. 2, 325.

**aethēr-lus**, (-eus) adj. of aether or the region of fire, caelestem enim altissimam aetheriamque naturam, id est igneam, quae per sese omnia generet..., Cic. N. D. 2, 64; Sidera...aetheriis adfixa cauernis, Lucr. 4, 391; astris, Verg. 5, 518 and 838; summa pars caeli, quae aethera dicitur, et suum retinet ardorem tenuem, Cic. N. D. 2, 117; Post ignem aethera domo Subductum, Hor. od. 1, 3, 29; **2.** of aether, as the source of spiritual power, aethereos (so Merkel) animo conceperat ignes, Ov. F. 1, 473; Sedibus aetheriis spiritus ille uenit, 3, 550; **3.** less correctly of the air or atmosphere, in aetheriis...nubibus austria, Lucr. 4, 182; aetherea aqua, Ov. F. 1, 682; **4.** of the upper air, as opp. to Tartarus, si uescitur aura Aethera (Lachm. ej., aera—male) neque adhuc crudelibus occubat umbris, Verg. 1, 551; quantum (querens) uertice ad auras (oras Lachm. ej.) Aetherias, tantum radice in Tartara tendit, 4, 446; cf. Lachm. Lucr. 3, 405; **5.** a comp. fulgore aethereiore uiteutem, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 68 (Mai.).

**aethra**, ae, f. =aether, (nubila) nideantur surgere in aethram, Lucr. 6, 466; but in Cic. N. D. 2, 117 aethera; **2.** a fiery or bright sky, oceanumque rubra tractim obruit aethra, Enn. ap. Maer. 6, 4, 19; lucidus aethra Siderea polus, Verg. 3, 585; (wh. Serv. aethram aetheris splendorem); rubra Iouis ales in aethra, 12, 247; liquida non ullis nubibus aethra, Sil. 4, 103.

**aetūlōgia**, ae, f. the study of causes, Isid. 2, 21; but in Sen. ep. 95, 65 ethologia.

**āētites**, ae, m. the eagle-stone, said to be found in the eagle's nest, Plin. 10, 12; 30, 130; 36, 149; cf. Ael. 1, 35.

**āētītis**, idis, f. a jewel, perh. the same, Plin. 37, 187.

**āētōma**, ae, f. [αετωμα ατος n.] gable of a building, ad extruction(em) aetomae, inscr. Or. 3296; scholam cum aetoma, 6919.

**aeuitas**, see aetas.

**aeuiternus**, see aeternus.

**Aeuus**, a cognomen, M. Itonius C. I. Aeuus, inscr. Mur. 957, 9.

**aeuom**, (-um) i, n. (aeuos\*, i, m. in old L.) [angeo, itself for a lost a-eg-eo = aeξ-ω, i. e. perh. a-Feξ-ω and so oue w. our wax, grow] lit. growth, Crescit occulto uelut arbor aeuo Fama Marcelli, Hor. od. 1, 12, 45; **2.** age, deos aeu



integros, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 9, 255, whence Verg. integer aeni; Creseute aeuo, CIL 1009, 8; meum si quis te percontabitur aeuom, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 26; aeuo confectus, Verg. 11, 85; grandis aeuo parens, Tac. an. 16, 30; **3.** a man's life, life, Iuppiter...per quem uiuimus uitalem aeuom\*, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 14; Qui tum uiuebant homines atque aeuom agitabant, Eun. ap. Cic. Brut. 58; add Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; aeuom agere, Pac. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49; non aeuo exacto, CIL 1202; in aeuo, during life, Lucr. 3, 337; expellitur aeuo, 3, 358; genus humanum...aeui breuis, Sal. Iug. 1, 1; Ter aeuo functus (Nestor), Hor. od. 2, 9, 13; omue aeuī spatium, Vell. 2, 89, 6; **4.** the age in which one lives, a generation, trahentes Perniciem ueniens in aeuom, Hor. od. 3, 5, 16; proximi nostri aeni, Vell. 2, 36, 5; nostro aeuo, Plin. 2, 57 and 92; sed de quibus consensus aeni (of those living) iudicauerit, haec sunt, Plin. 14, 72; **5.** in pl., ages, simulacrum tot aeuī in corruptum, 14, 9; durant aeuī tecta, 16, 156; **6.** gen. time, omnem\* per aeuom\*, Lucr. 3, 605; longum mansura per aeuom, CIL 1220, 7; in omne aeuom, Hor. od. 3, 11, 36; add hoc aeni, Plin. 7, 137; **7.** in aeuom aeternet, for ever, Hor. od. 4, 14, 3; in aeuom propagabatur, Plin. 35, 4.

**af**, old form of ab, see ab § 11.

**Afer**, Afra, Afrum, pl. Afri, a people of Africa, near Carthage, si Afri uirtute adipisci licet ciuitatem, Cic. Balb. 41; sitientis ibimus Afros, Verg. B. 1, 65; Dirus per urbes Afer, of Hannibal, Hor. od. 4, 4, 42; **2.** in poets, of things of Africa for Africanus, aequora, Ov. F. 4, 289; litus, Ov. her. 7, 169; murex, Hor. od. 2, 16, 35; coehlea, Hor. s. 2, 4, 58; auis, guinea-fowl, Hor. epod. 2, 53; Iuv. 11, 142; uolucres, same, Petr. poet. 93; so Nomas, Mart. 9, 75, 8; **3.** rare in prose, si quis Afrum uel Hispanum Latinae orationi inserat, Quint. 1, 5, 8; **4.** a cognomeum, Domitius Afer, Quint. 5, 7, 7.

**affāber**, bra, brum, adj. [faber, but how formed?] skilfully made, artistic, affabrum fabrefactum, Paul. ex F. p. 28 M; acknowledged by Prisc. 2, 68, 22 K; adfaber εἰτεχνύης, Gloss. Labb.; **2.** skilful, litteras affabra rerum uel natura uel industria peperit, Symm. ep. 3, 17; affabrē, adv. artistically, (nullus deus) paulo magis affabre atque antiquo artificio factus, Cic. Verr. 1, 14.

**affābilis**, (adf.) e, adj. [affa-ri] that can be spoken to, easy of access for this purpose, affable, mediator esse adfabilis, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 8; in omni sermone omnibus adfabilem, Cic. off. 1, 113; nec dietu adfabilis ulli, Verg. 3, 621; alius affabilior, alius facundior, Sen. ep. 79, 96.

**affābilitas**, ātis, f. affability, sermonis, Cic. off. 2, 48; **2.** affabiliter, adv. with affability, ab imperatore a. susceptus, Macr. s. 7, 2, 11; a. est adlocutus, Spart. Carac. 3, 2; adfabilissime, Gell. 16, 3, 5.

**affābrē**, see affaber.

**affābrico**, āre, vb. [affaber] work up artistically, consuetudo secunda et quasi affabricata natura, Aug. Mus. 6, 7.

**affāmen**, inis, n. [affa-ri] address, salutation, blando mulecentes affamine, Apul. M. 11, 7; add 11, 30.

**affānae**? arum, f. pl. nousense, Apul. M. 9, 10; 10, 10; (both dub.).

**af-fāri**, fatur (adf.) vb. rfl. [ad, fari] speak to, address, always courteously, licet mihi isdem uersibus adfari te quibus adfatur Flaminium ille uir..., Cic. sen. 1; illius libri quo me affatus quasi iacentem excitauit, Cic. Brut. 13; cum luue nomino esset affatus, ib. 253; Tages dicitur extitisse repente et eum adfatus esse qui arabat, Cic. div. 2, 50; add Cic. Phil. 2, 33; adfare superbum, Verg. 4, 424; hostem supplex, Curt. 4, 11, 19; blandique affata pauentem, Stat. Ach. 1, 251; add 383; **2.** esp. in religious use, Adfaturque deos, Verg. 2, 700; but in Ov. F. 6, 303 Merkel has Praefatur; **3.** of a last farewell, nec te...Adfari extremum miserae data copia matri, 9, 484; add 2, 644; 3, 492; sic tristis affatus amicos, Hor. od. 1, 7, 24; **4.** pass. in Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 229 Sp. corrupt; refer to Apul. M. 11, 265 wrong; in Acc. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 56, the corrected text has fari.

**affātim**, (adf.) adv. [lit. ad fatim, from a lost sb. fatis, implied too in fator; till one says enough] to satiety, fully enough, to one's heart's content, affatim dictum a copia fatendi, siue abundanter...Liuius (Andr.) affatim edi bibi lusi, Terentius (?) affatim dixit pro eo quod est ad lassitudinem, Paul. ex F. p. 11 M; cf. Serv. ad A. 1, 127; Prisc. 2, 75, 7 K; quid 'st quod male sit tibi eni domi sit quod edis quod ames adfatim, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 45; tibi dimitiarum\* adfatimst, Mil. 4, 1, 33; Adfatim Mnesilocho est curae\*, Bac. 3, 3, 93; add Trin. 5, 2, 61; Men. 3, 1, 12\*; satelles...Ium lecore opimo farta et satiata adfatim (the vulturo), Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24; HS lxxii satis esse, affatim prorsus, Cic. Att. 16, 1, 5; isdem seminibus homines adfatim uescuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 127; puto me Dicaearcho affatim satisfacisse, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 3; ad hoc commentum affatim, Sal. Iug. 43, 3; frumentum et alia a. praebita, 54, 6; (hubus) lupini modios... (dare conueit) et super haec affatim paleas, Colum. 6, 3, 4; add 9, 13, 2; ad obsidionem sustinendam copiarum\* affatim esse, Liv. 34, 37, 5; add 32, 16, 10\*; 34, 26, 10\*; add Pliu. 17, 216; praeterita et instantia (quorum adfatim copia) ac nouos terrores cumulat, Tac. an. 4, 69; caenae affatim piscatum, Apul. M. 1, 24 f.; add 9, 10 f.; and de deo Socr. 14; **2.** oteu w. gen., marked\*.

**affātus**, (adf.) ūs, m. speaking to, address, Verg. 4, 284; Stat. silu. 2, 4, 7; Sen. Med. 187; Sil. 17, 341; **2.** under late empire, sacri adfatus, imperial rescripts, cod. Iust. 7, 51, 6; Th. C. 1, 1, 5; 7, 3, 2.

**affectatio**, (adf.) ōnis, f. striving after, a passion for, philosophia sapientiae amor est et affectatio, Sen. ep. 89, 4; decoris, Plin. 11, 154; circa (Corinthum aes), 34, 6; frigida et puerilis, Quiut. 4, 1, 77; nimiae subtilitatis, pr. 24; **2.** absol. in a bad sense, a striving for effect, affectation, nihil est odiosius affectatione, ib. 1, 6, 40; quidquid huc sit adiectum, id esse affectationis et ambitiosae in loquendo iactantiae, 12, 10, 40.

**affectātor**, (adf.) ōris, m. one who strives after, iusti amoris, Eutrop. 10, 7; imperii, Flor. 1, 23 (2, 7), 2; regui, Quint. 5, 13, 24; libertatis, 6, 2, 16; nimius risus adf. 6, 3, 3; doctrinarum, Amm. 21, 16, 4.

**affectātr-ix**, f. oue who strives for effect, Tert. praeser. 7.

**affectio**, (adf.) ōnis, f. action on, affection, gen. of a temporary character, aff. est animi aut corporis ex tempore aliqua de causa commutatio ut laetitia...morbus..., Cic. inv. 1, 36; impulsio est quae per quandam affectionem animi facere aliquid hortatur, ut amor, iracundia..., 2, 17; add 2, 176; **2.** also permanent, utia adfectiones sunt manentes, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30; uirtus est a. animi constans, 4, 34; **3.** hence condition, state, astrorum a. ualeat si uis ad quasdam res, Cic. fat. 8; fac in puero referre ex qua adfectione caeli primum spiritum duxerit, Cic. div. 2, 99—cf. caelo adfecto compositisque sideribus of § 98; **4.** absol. affection, love, feeling, simiarum generi praecipua erga fetum adfectio, Plin. 8, 216; laetas inter audientium adfectiones, Tac. an. 4, 15; add Germ. 5 f.; Artemisia uirum amasse fertur...ultra affectionis humanae fidem, Gell. 10, 18, 1; his qui sanctissima affectione ducti adoptarent, Ulp. dig. 1, 7, 17, 1; pietati tribuens uel affectioni, 11, 7, 14, 7; **5.** in pl. those for whom affection is felt, relatives, adfectionibus nauiculariorum, Th. C. 13, 9, 3.

**affectiōsus**, adj. having feelings, infantia, Tert. anim. 19;

**2.** affectiose, adv. with feeling, Serv. ad B. 9, 27.

**affecto**, (adf.) āre, vb. frq. keep making for; w. uiam or iter, keep making a way to, strive after, scio quam rem agat. Vt mo deponat uino, eam adfectat uiam, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 38; uideo quam rem agis. Quae comisi ut me defrudes, ad eam reu adfectas uiam, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 12; Nam diseiplinast eisdem munerarier Aueillas primum, ad dominas qui adfectant uiam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 60; quod iter affectet uidetis, Cic. Rosc. Am. 140; uiamque adfectat Olympo, Verg. G. 4, 562; **3.** absol. make for, strive after, aim at, munditiam, non adfluentiam adfectabat, Nep. Att. 13, 5; in uerbis quaedam similitudo non tam affectanda quam illae superiores, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 30; dominationes, Sal. ap. Aug. civ. D. 3, 17; ciuitates...formidine

affectare, Sal. Jug. 66, 1; honorem, 64, 4; regnum, Liv. 1, 46, 2; caelum, Ov. am. 8, 51; caelestia regna, Pont. 4, 8, 59; immortalitatem, Curt. 4, 7, 31; 4. somewhat vaguely, potiundae Africae spem, Liv. 28, 18, 10; spes affectat easdem, Ov. M. 5, 377; 5. w. inf. strive (to), flagitia... Quibus patrem et me teque amicosque omnis affectus tuos Ad probrum...appellere, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 10; Non ego sideras affecto tangere sedes, Ov. a. a. 2, 39; add Quint. 5, 10, 28; 10, 1, 97; Stat. Th. 1, 132; Sil. 4, 138; 6. affectatus, laboured, prepared for effect, quicquid studio paratur, ut adfectata et parum naturalia solent improbare, Quint. 11, 3, 10; as a mil. phrase, work one's way to, march to, Hi gladiatorio animo ad me adfectant viam, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 71; 7. met. affected, not real, castitas, Plin. pan. 20; 8. affectato, adv. studiously, Lamp. Hel. 17, 4.

**affector**, (adf.) āri, vb. r. strive after, aim at, regnum, Varr. ap. Diom. 382, 4 K; ad mulierem, Apul. herb. 15.

**affectu-osus**, adj. full of affection or love, affectuōsus, Cassiod. ep. 5, 2; Tert. Marc. 5, 14; affectuōsē, Serv. ad B. 9, 27; ref. to Macr. s. 2, 11 wrong.

1. **affectus**, (adf.) ūs, m. action on; 1. of the mind, affection, feeling, passion, animi, Cic. Tusc. 5, 47; Ov. tr. 5, 2, 8; mentis, 4, 3, 32; 2. absol. affectu tacito laetaris, Ov. M. 7, 147; dubiis affectibus, 8, 473; duo signa diuersos affectus experientia, Plin. 34, 70; artifices scenici qui imitantur adfectus, Sen. ep. 11, 7; adfectus nostros (of love for Trajan) cohibere, Plin. pan. 79; 3. a temporary affection as opp. to a permanent disease of the mind, effugisse morbos animi, adfectus nondum, Sen. ep. 75, 10; morbus est iudicium in prauo pertinax..., adfectus motus animi improbabilis, subiti et concitati, 75, 11 and 12;

4. of the body, affectiō, (morbus regius, comitalis...), in quibus affectibus..., Cels. 2, 15, p. 61, 19 Dar.; supersunt alii corporis affectus, 3, 18, 1; 5. an object of affection, a loved one, carissimis orbatu affectibus, Apul. dogm. Pl. 2, 22; nec iu eius liberos aut adfectus sacuit, Vulcac. Gall. Avid. Cass. 7, 5; nec (in) eius affectus sacnit, Capitol. Anton. ph. 24, 9; milites quorum adfectus iu Albano monte erant, Capitol. Maxim. 23, 6;

2. **affectus**, part. of afficio.

**af-fēro**, (adf.) ferre, at-titl, allātus (adl.) vb. bear to, bring to, carry to, argentum, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 123; gladium, Ps. 1, 3, 115; aquam, Mil. 4, 8, 22; epistulas, Tr. 3, 3, 58; lumen, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; litteras, Cic. Maulil. 4; Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 4; tabulas testamenti, b. c. 3, 108; sestertium sexagies, 1, 23; 2. esp. affero manus, lay hands on, oft. w. violence, hisne rebus manus non dubitasti? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 101; manus socio, Cic. off. 1, 23; meis vulneribus manus (manum?) iu this use, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 2; add Caecin. 49; Verr. 2, 1, 47 and 67; cf. quei sibi laqueo manus (attulissent), CIL 1418 (by happy cj.); and met. beneficio suo manus adfert, Sen. ben. 2, 5, 3; 3. and what is akin, uim iu corpus liberum non accum censere adferri, Cat. ap. Gell. 9, 12, 7; filiae uim—offer violence—Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 67; paucos praesidio armato uim allaturos, Liv. 9, 16, 4; mortem filio tuo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 118; 4. bring in, esp. contribute (to our advantage), quid oues aliud adferunt nisi ut earum uillis homines uestiantur? Cic. N. D. 2, 158; agros fertiles qui multo plus afferunt (al. efferunt; perh. referunt) quam acceperunt, Cic. off. 1, 48; and met. nihil afferunt qui... negant, Cic. sen. 17; 5. w. abstract words wh. refer to concrete, ut ne quid dotis mea ad te adferret filia, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 80; dotem, Cato ap. Gell. 17, 6, 1; sed mihi opus erat Aliquantulum quae adferret, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 50; 6. of one unable or unwilling to use his own legs, utei is ad sese (the praetor) ueniāt aut adferatur coram eo quei postulauerit, CIL 198, 40; and perh. in forum (aeger) ad consules adfertur (Madv. defertur), Liv. 2, 36, 6; 7. a man carries himself, but not another continually, (Iouis) iussu nunc huc me adfero, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 6; haud auspicato lucē me attuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12; cum sese a moenibus heros Priamides...adfert, Verg. 3, 346; animisque uolentibus urbem Adferimus, 7, 217; cf. Attuli hunc (sc. Charinum). Quid? Attulisti? Adduxi uolui dicere, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 21; 8. often w. abstr. acc. amoenitates, Pl. St. 2,

1, 5; gaudium, 2, 1, 23; salutem, Cic. fam. 4, 3, 3; dignitatem et gloriam, 10, 3, 3; quantos afferat casus fortuna, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 2; difficultatem, 7, 10, 1; desperationem, Caes. b. c. 1, 11, 3; multa tempus diemque adferre posse, Liv. 42, 50, 3; 9. esp. bring news (s. epistulas, litteras of § 1), nuntium, Cic. Rose. Am. 19; qui de me rumores afferunt, Cic. fam. 16, 21, 2; crebri ad eum rumores afferebantur, Caes. b. g. 2, 1, 1; nuntio allato de uictoria, 5, 53, 7; add 6, 36, 2; 10. absol., first w. acc. and inf., bring word, Caelum ad illam attulisse, se aurum quaerere, Cic. Cael. 53; trepidi uuntii legiones Volscorum ingressas fines...attulere, Liv. 6, 31, 3; exploratores attulerunt quieti omnia esse, 8, 17, 7; add 10, 45, 2; 42, 57, 4;

11. w. neut. pron. or adj. Vide...ut mihi haec certa et clara attuleris, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 1; haud uana attulere, Liv. 4, 37, 6; 12. w. other acc. bring news of, prius eius aduentus uideretur quam nuntius afferretur, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 2; 13. w. acc. denoting nature of news, alarming or hopeful, miros terrores ad me attulit, Cic. Att. 6, 8, 2; spes ea quae rumoribus afferebatur, 3, 11, 1; 14. bring to (one's notice), put forward, allegere, iustas causas affers, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 1; an aetatem afferet? Quadriennio minor est, Cic. or. 2, 364; eius rei multas adferunt causas, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3.

**af-ficio**, (adf.) ēre, feci, fectus, vb. [ad, facio] do to a great extent, all but finish, bellum affectum uidemus et uere ut dicam, paene confectum, Cic. prov. 19; ut ea quae per eum affecta sunt, perfecta rei publicae tradat, ib. 29; affecta sicuti M. Cicero (locutus est), esse proprie dicebantur, quae non ad finem ipsum, sed proxime finem progressa erant, Gell. 3, 16, 19; affecta iam prope aestate (u)uas a sole mitescere, Cic. ap. Gell. 15, 5, 8; aestate affecta, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; iamque hieme affecta mitescere coeperat annus, Sil. 15, 502; see affectus in § 3; 2. hence met. nearly knock up, load heavily, weigh down, fill, Qui praeda agroque adoreaue adfecit popularis suos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 38; uos...nolitis...me laetum lucris Adficere, ib. pr. 3; bouis nuntius, ib. pr. 8; Quis est mortalis tauta (iam) fortuna adfectus unquam, Pl. fragm.; Nam duplum hodie facinus feci, duplicibus spoliis sum adfectus, Bac. 4, 4, 2;

3. esp. w. abstr. abl., agrimonia, St. 3, 1, 5; laetitia, gaudiis, Poen. 5, 4, 105; horrore, Amph. 5, 1, 6; gloria, 5, 2, 10; aerumna, Curc. 1, 2, 51; iniuria indigna, Enn. ap. Corn. ad Her. 2, 38; Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 3; ignominia, Cic. Rose. Am. 113; honoribus, Cic. Mil. 80; summa difficultate rei frumentariae, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 3; maxima laetitia, 5, 48, 9; magno dolore, 1, 2, 4; magna difficultate, 7, 6, 2; magno incoumodo, 7, 16, 3; 4. hence oft.=vb. suggested by abl., seruitute, Cic. rep. 1, 68 (enslaves); sepultura, Cic. div. 1, 56; morte, Cic. inv. 1, 35; exilio, Cic. parad. 31; 5. absol. affect seriously, first of body, ut aestus laborque et simul fames sitisque corpora afficerent, Liv. 28, 15, 4; at non intonsum simplex Damasichthona uulnus afficit, Ov. M. 6, 255; pulmo totus afficitur, Cels. 4, 14 (7), 1; 6. of the mind, w. qualifying adv. etc., litterae tuae sic me affecerunt ut, Cic. ad Ant. Att. 14, 13 B, 2; add Mil. 79; uti hi qui audirent sic afficerentur animis ut eos afficeret uellet orator, Cic. or. 1, 87; add Plin. pan. 90; is terror milites hostesque in diuersum adfecit, Tac. an. 11, 19; 7. absol. more seriously, primum est ut adficiamur antequam adficere conemur, Quiut. 6, 2, 28; add 11, 3, 66; Coriuthia quibus delectatur nec adficietur, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 9;

II **affectus** (besides prec. meanings) provided, armed, endowed, Validos lictores ulmeis adfectos lentis uirgis, Pl. Asin. 3, 2, 29; Tautane affectum quemquam esse hominem aduacia, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 84; animi quemadmodum affecti sint uirtutibus uitis, artibus iuertiis, Cic. partit. 33; omnibus uirtutibus, Cic. Planc. 80; aliquo honore aut imperio affectos, Cic. off. 1, 149; optima ualetudine, Cic. Tusc. 4, 81; oculus conturbatus non est probe affectus ad suum munus fuendum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 15; 9. of position, placed (?), numquidnam manus tua sic affecta...desiderat?—but perh. w. notion of feeling—Cic. fin. 1, 39; quomodo caelo affecto compositisque sideribus oriatur, Cic. div. 2, 98;

10. sup. remigis inopia affectissimi (reduced to the lowest state of weakness), Vell. 2, 84, 2.



**afficticius**, (adf.), [adfictus fm adfigo] adj. attached, Varr. r. 3, 12, 1.

**affictio**? a wrong reading in Phaedr. 4, 14, 1.

**affictus**, part. of affigo and affingo.

**af-figo**, (ad-f.) ēre, fixi, fixus or fietus\*, vb. fix to, attach to, affix, Tun me defigas? Te cruci ipsum adfigent propediem alei, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 24; Liv. 28, 37, 2; litteram illam (K for kalumnia) ad caput affigent, Cic. Rose. Am. 57; leporaria afficta uillae, Varr. r. 3, 3, 2; cubilia afficta firmiter, 3, 9, 7; adfigunt aude corpus, Lucr. 4, 1108; add 4, 1242; patibulo, Sal. ap. Non. 366, 14; cuspidē ad terram affixit, Liv. 4, 19, 5; radicem terrae, Verg. G. 2, 318; flammam lateri, A. 9, 536; Aut alius casus lecto te adfixit, Hor. s. 1, 1, 81; humo diuinæ particulam auræ, 2, 2, 79; oleaster cui adfixerant arma, Plin. 16, 199; 2. met. clausulam, quam te adfigere animo uolo, Sen. ep. 11, 8; literas pueris, (in their mind), Quint. 1, 1, 25; sine molestia quae ipsi composuerint, animo suo adfigent, 2, 7, 3.

**af-figūro**, āre, vb. form, Gell. 4, 9, 12.

**Affile**, a town of Latium, Frontin. col. 1, p. 230 Laeh.

**af-figo**, (ad-f.) ēre, nxi, fietus, vb. lit. add as a modeller in clay; hence met. alteri (pupil in oratory) affinxit, de altero limauit, Cic. or. 3, 36; multa natura aut adfigit aut mutat aut detrahit, Cic. div. 1, 118; 2. esp. add by imagination or fraud (to the truth), ut intellegatis in causa quid res ipsa tulerit, quid error affinxerit, Cic. Clu. 9; ita dicam ut neque uera laus detracta, neque falsa afficta esse uideatur, Cic. Manil. 10; add Phil. 1, 8; adfigunt rumoribus quod res poscere uidebatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 2; 3. attribute or give by invention of the mind, peccat (poeta) cum probi orationem affingit improbo stultoque sapientis, Cic. or. 74; Proinde animi uitium hoc oculis adfigere noli (falsely ascribe), Lucr. 4, 386; 4. for simple vb. invent, forge, feign, afficto ioco, Apul. Met. 1, 17; litteras, 4, 16; Iugentium officia, 8, 6.

**affinis**, (ad-f.) e, adj. [finis] bordering on, having a common boundary with, in agris uicini, Paul. ex F. 11; and so oft. as sb.\* a neighbour, Hecio est affinis nobis, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 25; Bacchidem Ab nostro affine\* exeuntem uideo, Ter. Hec. 5, 3, 9; Masaesulii, gens affinis Mauris, Liv. 28, 17, 5; intra milliarium 1 et 11 ab urbe euntibus parte laeua inter affines Vibium Calocærum et populam, inscr. Or. 2417; demonstratio adfinium (debet) nouos fines inter fundos constituere, Paul. dig. 10, 1, 12; 2. related by marriage, affines sunt uiri et uxoris cognati... Nomina haec sunt: socer socrus, gener nurus, nouerca uitricus, priuignus priuigna, Mod. 38, 10, 4, 3; Megadorus mens affinis, Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 13; et gener et affines placent, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 63; ex tam multis cognatis et affinibus, Cic. Clu. 41; me affinem tuum, Cic. seu. grat. 17; parentes et fratres et liberti, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 35; 3. met. mixed up with, Publicisne affinis fuit in maritumis negotiis, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 50; Neque illarum affinis esse rerum quas fert adolescentia, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 3; animus nulli minus honestae rationi affinis, Cic. inv. 2, 32; hunc affinem culpae iudicatore, Cic. Rose. Am. 18; huic (facinori) si paucos putatis affines esse, erratis, Cic. Cat. 4, 6; affinis ei noxae, Liv. 39, 14, 4.

**affinitas**, (adf.) ātis, f. 1. neighborhood, vicinity, cuius appudites pertinent ad culturam propter affinitatem. Si uicina regio..., Varr. r. 1, 16, 1; 2. relationship by marriage, affinity, ubi adfinitatem inter nos uostram adstrinxeris, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 73; Nullon ego Chremetis pacto adfinitatem effugere potero, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 12; caritas generis humani serpit cognationibus primum, tum affinitatibus, Cic. fin. 5, 65; in adfinitatem peruenit imperatoris, Nep. Att. 19, 2; Caes. b. c. 3, 83, 1; 3. as a coll., the whole body of relatives by marriage, patriam deserat Cognatos, adfinitatem amicos, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 76; 4. met. affinity, litterarum (as of o and u in robor roboris), Quiut. 1, 6, 24; (so in φωρ, fur) Gell. 1, 18, 5; a. est corporibus meutibusque, 4, 13, 4.

**affirmatio**, (adf.) ōnis, f. assertion, declaration, est enim ius inraudum adfirmatio religiosa, Cic. off. 3, 104; add Plane. ad Cie. fam. 7, 21, 1; Caes. b. g. 7, 30, 3.

**affirmatiuus**, adj. affirmative—hence allowing for the sake of argument, affirmatiua species...cum in re dubia, quasi sit factum adfirmamus, eum dicimus: Feeerit..., Diom. 396, 15 K.

**affirmator**, ōris, m. one who confirms or adds his testimony, a. et suator, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 13; add 27, 7, 4, 3; Tert. Marc. 4, 7.

**af-firmo**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. confirm, propositionis approbatio, per quam id quod breuiter expositum est, rationibus affirmatum probabilius fit, Cic. inv. 1, 67; ea res Troianis spem affirmat, Liv. 1, 1, 10; affirmata eo casu Tullii fides est, 7, 14, 5; haec dicta affirmauerunt auctoritate sua, 26, 24, 7 etc.; 2. prove, give proof of, seuta anceps uelutudine iram deum adfirmat, Tac. an. 14, 22 f.; 3. assent, affirm, say positively, dicendum est mihi, sed ita, nihil ut affirmem, Cic. div. 2, 8; omni tibi asseratione affirmo, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 3; tam nalde, 7, 8, 1; iureiurando, Liv. 29, 23, 5; quis enim rem tam ueterem pro certo affirmet? 1, 3, 2; 4. affirmanter? adv. positively, si potuisset praedici affirmanter, Gell. 14, 1, 24; but Hertz potuisse...affirmant; 5. affirmate, adv. positively, distinctly, quod a. quasi deo teste, promiseris, id tenendum est, Cic. off. 3, 104; affirmatissime scriperunt, Gell. 10, 12, 9.

**affixio**, ōnis, f. fixing to; but how? in: propages est series uel a., Non. 64, 27; gracilentia quadam affixione, Mart. C. 1, 14 G, p. 15, 19 Eyss.

**af-flāgro**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. blaze up; met. in tempore adflagranti (cf. ardente bello), Amm. 21, 12, 23.

**afflātor**, ōris, m. one who blows or breathes upon, Tert. Herm. 32.

**afflātus**, (adf.) ūs, m. blowing upon, (Fauonii) adflatu iuuari Indiam, Plin. 6, 58; Deneget afflatus uentus et aura suos, Ov. Ib. 108; 2. oft. of fiery blasts, Fulmen ab ore uenit; frondes afflatis ardent, Ov. M. 8, 289; ambusti afflato uaporis, Liv. 28, 23, 4; ignes caelestes adussisse leui afflato uestimenta, 39, 22, 4; si trunei pars secta solis afflato peraruit, Colum. 4, 24, 5; pereussae calidis afflatis herbae, Stat. Th. 5, 527; 3. of sea air w. its strange effects, (hae uites) maritimo adflatu gaudent, Plin. 14, 32; add 14, 60; 20, 206; 21, 57; 4. of other invisible emanations or influences, adflatu noxia, 4, 89, 6, 55; (perdices) conepiunt superuolantium adflatu, 10, 102; (polypi) adflatu terribili canes agebat, 9, 92; add Sil. 6, 159 and 240; 5. esp. of a supposed divine influence or inspiration, nemo uir magnus sine aliquo adflatu diuino umquam fuit, Cic. N. D. 2, 167; uis illa terrae quae mentem Pythiae diuino adflatu concitabat, Cic. div. 1, 38; add 1, 34; 2, 117; 6. aspirate (h), Boeoti sine afflato uocant collis Tebas (=Thebas), Varr. r. 3, 1, 6.

**af-flecto**, (ad-f.) ēre, xi, xus, vb. bend to, Avien. Arat. 734; latus afflexum, Germ. Arat. 191 (dub.).

**affleo**, (ad-f.) ēre, vb. join in weeping, weep with, Et ut affleat, quom ea memoret, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 37; Vt ridentibus adrident, ita flentibus adflent, Hor. A. P. 101 (so Bentl. w. reason; mss adsunt).

**afflictatio**, ōnis, f. the being knocked down; hence met. a. (est) aegritudo cum uexatione corporis, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; add 3, 27; 4, 16.

**afflictator**, ōris, m. one who knocks down—met. Tert. Marc. 5, 16.

**afflictio**, ōnis, f. the being cast down—met. Sen. ad Helv. 17, 5.

**afflito**, āre, vb. frq. [affligo] dash down, quos eqnes et propioribus uulneribus pedites afflictabant, Tac. an. 6, 41 (35); and less directly, Batauos, Tac. h. 4, 79; 2. esp. run (a ship) aground, strand (it), quod minuente aestu naues in uadis afflictaerunt (grounded), Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; onerarias (naues) tempestas afflictabat, 4, 29, 2; add bell. Hispan. 3, 4; 3. knock down, distress, Ne te adflies, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 31; met. multo grauius (morbo) afflictantur, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; de quibus acerbissime afflictor, Cic. Att. 11, 1, 1; add Tusc. 3, 66; afflictentur amore, Lucr. 4, 1158; mulieres afflictare sese, manus ad caelum tendere, Sal. Cat. 31, 3.

**afflictor**, ōris, m. one who knocks down, met. dignitatis suae, Cic. Pis. 64.

**afflictr-ix**, (adf.) feis, adj. or sb. f. [afflictor m.] one who strikes against, ubi nubes afflictrix (so Hild. w. mss; al. afflictu perh. rightly) ignem dat, Apul. mund. 15.

**afflictus**? ūs, m. striking against; see prec. word.

**af-fligo**, (adf.) ĕre, xi, ctus, vb. [ab=S. ava, down; or perh. ad in § 2] dash down, dash to the ground, Ne sis mo uno digito atteris: ne te ad terram scelus affligam, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 15; cedo manum: nolo equidem te adfigi\* (al. aff.) throw yourself down (as drunk), Pl. Most. 1, 4, 18; Catuli monumentum, Cic. Cael. 78; statuum, Cic. Pis. 93; huius domum, Cic. dom. 106; si quo afflictae\* casu (alces) conciderunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 2; infirmas arbores pondere addigunt\*, 6, 27, 5; ubi scalae commiutae, qui supersterant afflicti sunt, Sal. lug. 60, 7; terraeque (Cygnum) adfixit\* Achilles, Ov. M. 12, 139; (lupinum) frigoribus affligitur, Colum. 2, 10, 2; (arborum) senio aut tempestate afflictam, 5, 6, 1; dereptam imaginem solo adfixit\*, Tac. h. 1, 41; poeula, Sen. ira 1, 19, 4; 2. a.\* naueni, dash against (rocks), wreck, damage, prope omnes nauis afflictas atque in littore eiectas esse, Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2; tempestas naues Rhodias afflixit, b. c. 3, 27, 2; add b. g. 4, 31, 2; nauem undae affligebat, Liv. 24, 34, 11; and met. nec tuas rationes ad eos scopulos appulisses ad quos S. Titii afflictam nauem... uideres, Cic. Rab. perd. 25; 3. met. knock down, often opposed to words of lifting up; oratoris esse... rem augere laudando uituperandoque rursus affligere, Cic. Brut. 47; si hunc uestris sententiis afflixeritis, Cic. Mur. 88; uectigalia belli difficultatibus affliguntur, Cic. agr. 2, 83; Pompeius ipse afflixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 2; Turdetaniam bello afflixit, Liv. 28, 39, 11; afflictam ciuitatem pestilentia, 3, 6, 5; Asia afflixit mores, Plin. 34, 148; 4. esp. of the mind, animos addigunt\* et debilitant metu, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; afflictus luctu, Cic. Phil. 9, 42; maerore, Cic. Cat. 2, 2; aegritudine, Cic. Tusc. 4, 35; maestitia, Cic. Phil. 12, 2; 5. absol. hunc afflictum erexit, Cic. Man. 23; excitare† afflictos, Cic. or. 1, 32; 1, 169; nt me leuarat† tuus aduentus, sic discessus afflixit, Cic. Att. 12, 50; uidetis hominem per se ipsum afflictum optimum discordiis excitari†, Cic. har. resp. 50; Adflictus\* uitam in tenebris luetuque trahebam, Verg. 2, 92; 6. afflictus, as adj. prostrate, ruined, dejected, see † above; 7. hence comp. non afflictiore condicione, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 5; 8. ad above \* prob. due to editors or to a false theory in authors.

**afflo**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. blow or breathe upon, tergoque fugacis Inminet et erinem sparsum ceruicibus afflat, Ov. M. 1, 542; terga afflante uento, Liv. 22, 43 f.; (prodest) si tunc conciet salua, in fronte ab alio adflari, Plin. 28, 60; ut exaestuaret afflatus aura in grauiorem recessit morbum, Suct. Tib. 72; 2. of scents, odorum qui adflantur ex floribus, Cic. sen. 59; Afflabunt tibi non Arabum de gramine odores, Prop. 2, 29, 17; 3. oft. of fiery blasts, blast (moro or less), calidum membris adflare uaporem, Lucr. 5, 567 (not 508); afflati incendio, Liv. 30, 6, 7; tanta flamma ex Aetna defluxit ut... etiam Regina ciuitas afflaretur, Liv. ap. Serv. G. 1, 472; ex quo me diuom pater... Fulmiuis adflauit uentis, Verg. 2, 649; fulmina quorum Ignibus afflari proxima quaeque solent, Ov. tr. 1, 9, 22; add Pont. 3, 6, 17; spiritum (fulminis) ociorem fulmine: ideo quati prius omne et adflari quam percuti, Plin. 2, 142; adflantur alii sidere, alii... 2, 108; 4. of other invisible influences, illis Candida afflasset, peior serpentibus Afris, Hor. s. 2, 8, 95; cauendum ne a serpentibus adflentur quarum odor tam pestilens est, Colum. 8, 5, 18; (basiliscus) necat frutes non contactos modo uerum et adflatos, Plin. 8, 78; add 11, 277; and met. utrumque (mors) iacto fulmine adflauerat, Plin. pan. 90; 11 5. met. first of rumours getting wind, rumoris nescio quid afflauerat frequentiam non fuisse, Cic. Att. 16, 5, 1; sperat sibi auram posse afflari disensionis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 35; 6. of mysterious influences for good or evil, Venus lactos oculis adflarat honores, Verg. 1, 595; gregibus Venus afflat amores, Tib. 2, 4, 57; illo (colore) uitatio hoc quoque (ingenium) adflatur, Sen. ep. 114, 3; ipsam Romam regius terror adflabat,—all but stupefied as if struck by lightning, Flor. 1, 40(3, 5), 9; 7. esp. of divine inspiration, poetam

quasi diuino quodam spiritu afflari (so Lamb. perh. rightly, but mss inflari), Cic. Arch. 18; (Sibylla) adflatast numiue iam propiore dei, Verg. 6, 50; audaci afflate Cratino, Pers. 1, 123.

**affluentia**, ac, f. flowing, geniturae, Plin. 26, 94; 2. met. abundance, omnium rerum, Cic. agr. 2, 95; 3. and absol. affluence, munditiam, non affluentiam adfectabat, Nep. Att. 13, 5.

**affluo**, (ad-f., or even affluo\*) ĕre, xi, vb. flow to, bis (aestus) inter duos exortus lunae adfluunt bisque remeant uicenis quaternisque horis, Plin. 2, 212; Rhenus ad Galliam ripam placidior affluens, Tac. an. 2, 6; 2. met. of years, flow to, increase, ex hac Luce Maecenas meus adfluens Ordinatus annos, Hor. od. 4, 11, 19; 3. or of men, flock to, ut quaeque poterant copiae affluebant, Liv. 39, 31, 12; ingentem comitum adfluxissimum numerum, Verg. 2, 796; add Tac. h. 4, 25; an. 4, 41 f.; 4. other met. uoluptas quae ad (sensus) cum sauiutate afflueret, Cic. fin. 1, 39; nihil a te ne rumoris quidem affluxit, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 3, 1; Adfluit incautus insidiosus amor, Ov. rem. am. 148; 5. esp. fm flow of tide, flow abundantly, overflow, and so gen. abound, fac... adeo frumento affluam\* (so mss) nt..., Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 57; unguentis affluens\* (so Halm w. mss), Cic. Sest. 18; uoluptatibus, Cic. fin. 2, 93; lepore ac uenustate, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; seelere, Cic. Clu. 189; cui cum diuitiae affluerent, Sal. Cat. 36, 4; uestitu affluens\* (so P), Phaedr. 5, 1, 12; 6. comp. of affluens, Cic. am. 58; sup. Ang. conf. 2, 6; 7. ex affluenti, in abundance, Tac. h. 1, 57 etc.; 8. affluenter, overflowingly, abundantly, Apul. M. 4, 7; quo affluentius uoluptates hauriat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 16; neque in sestertio centiens affluentius uixerit quam..., Nep. Att. 14, 2; add Tac. an. 15, 54.

**affluus**, adj. flowing, full, flumen, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 29.

**affōdio**, (ad-f.) ĕre, vb. add by digging, uicini caespitem nostro solo, Plin. 2, 175.

**affor**, see affari.

**affore**, see adsum.

**afformido**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. fear in addition, Pl. Bac. 4, 10, 3.

**affrango**, (ad-f.) or affringo, ĕre, vb. break against, duris affrangent postibus angues, Stat. Th. 10, 47; add 5, 150; silu. 7, 1, 36.

**affrēmo**, (ad-f.) ĕre, vb. roar at, Adfremit his quasatque caput, Val. F. 1, 528; stridentibus alis, Sil. 14, 124.

**affricātio**, ōnis, f. rubbing against, friction, chafing, Cael. Aur. acut. f.; add 1, 14.

**affrico**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. rub against, uitiosum locum percaes arbori adfricant, Colum. 7, 5, 6; (anguis) marathro herbae se adfricans, Plin. 8, 99; add 29, 122; and met. Sen. ep. 7, 7.

**affricatus**, (adf.) ūs, m. friction, accendat flammam adfrictu, Sen. N. Q. 5, 14, 4; add Plin. 31, 72—only in abl.

**affrīo**, (adf.) āre, vb. [fm affricio] rub over, alius aliud adfrat aut aspergit, Varr. r. 1, 57, 1.

**affulgeo**, (ad-f.) ĕre, lsi, vb. [ad what?] suddenly shine forth, Minturuis caeli ardentis species adfulserat, Liv. 43, 13, 1; 2. gen. shine upon (with favour), smile upon, uoluit ubi tuus Affulsit populo, gratior it dies, Hor. od. 4, 5, 7; Non Venus adfulsit tibi, at thy natal hour, Ov. Ib. 209; Affulsit nultu ridens Venus, Sil. 7, 467; 3. hence met. lux quaedam affulsisse ciuitati uisa est, Liv. 9, 10, 2; repentina spes affulsit, 23, 32, 7; add 27, 28, 14; 30, 30, 15 etc.; ut prima affulsit occasio, Flor. 2, 19 (4, 9), 3.

**affundo**, (ad-f.) ĕre, vb. pour upon, unum (arbori), Plin. 16, 242; adfusa calida aqua, 12, 102; frigida in aqua adfunditur uenenum (perh. pour in addition), Tac. an. 13, 16; 11 2. affundi vb. refl. pour to, intrans. flow to, adfunditur aestuarium e mari, Plin. 5, 3; annis Maeander plurimis adfusus oppidis, 5, 113; 3. be washed (by), Caesar Augusta amne Ibero adfusa, Plin. 3, 24; and met. cautes adfusa duem plebisque turba, Sen. Troad. 1086; 4. pour oneself at, i. e. prostrate oneself at, Adfusaeque iacent tumulo, Ov. M. 8, 539; add 9, 607; Cleopatra adfusa



Caesaris genibus, Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2), 56; magnoque adfusa parenti est, Stat. Th. 3, 686.

**affūsio**, ōnis, f. pouring on, antidote, Pall. 3, 28, 2.

**Afēdius**, name of a gens, C. Afēdius C. f. Sexstianus, CIL 1188.

**Afrāniānus**, adj. of Afranius, (legio), bell. Hisp. 7, 4.

**Afrānius**, name of a gens, L. Afrānio A. f., CIL 601; L. Afranius poeta, Cic. Brut. 167; C. Afrania Licinii uxor, Val. M. 8, 3, 2.

**Afreius**, name of a gens, Cn. Afreius magister donum dat, CIL 1345.

**Africa**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (sc. terra) land of the Afri, Africa in the limited Roman sense, quei ager locus in Africa est, CIL 200, 48; Africanam initio habuere Gaetuli et Libyes, Sal. Jug. 18, 1; A Tusca (flumine) Zeugitana regio et quae proprie uocetur Africa est, Plin. 5, 23; semper aliquid noui Africam adferre, 8, 42.

**Africānus**, adj. of Africa, ficos Africanas, Cato r. 8, 1; Varr. r. 1, 41, 6; Colum. 5, 10, 11; bellum, Cic. Deiot. 25; possessiones, Nep. Att. 12, 4; gallinae—guinea-fowl, also called Numidica, Colum. 8, 2, 1 and 2; **2.** absol. as a sb. a panther. (uenationes bestiarum Africanarum... in circo... (d)edi, inscr. Ancyrr. 4, 44; ludis circensibus LXIII Africanas et XL ursos... lusisse, Liv. 44, 18 f.; S. C. fuit uetus ne liceret Africanas in Italiam aduehere, Plin. 8, 64; **3.** honorary title, first of Scipio the conqueror of Hannibal, bis consul fuerat P. Africanus et duos terrores huius imperi Karthaginem Nunantiamque delcuerat, Cic. Mur. 58; **4.** of P. Cornelius Paulli f. Scipio Africanus, CIL 607; **5.** also a juriconsult, dig., 4, 6, 29;

**africa**, ae, f. something offered to the gods, but what? Arnob. 7, 24.

**Africus**, adj. of the Afri, Africa terra, Enn. ap. Fest. 153 M; Liv. 29, 23, 10; Africo mari, Flor. 1, 18 (2, 2), 30; **2.** vicus Africus, a street of Rome, Varr. 1, 5, 32 f.; **3.** Africus (sc. uentus) as a sb. m. the wind that blows from the land of the Afri (say Carthage), S.W. wind, ab occidente hiberno Africus furibundus et ruens apud Graecos lips dicitur, Sen. N. Q. 5, 16, 5; creberque procellis Africus, Verg. 1, 90; praecipitem Africum Deuertantem Aquilonibus, Hor. od. 1, 3, 12;

**agaga**, ae, m. a pimp, agaga est, at curabo, Petr. 69. See

**agagola**, ae, m. dim. of same, = lenocinator, pantomimus, Isid. Gloss.

**āgalma**, ātis, n. glory, statue, Mart. C. 6 init.

**āgāpē**, ēs, f. love, charity, Tert. Marc. 2; **2.** love-feast, Tert. Apol. 39 f.

**agaricum**, i, n. a fungus that grows on trees, Plin. 16, 33; 25, 103 and 119 etc.

**āgāso**, ōnis, m. [?] groom, donkey-boy, Egomet mihi comes calator equos āgāso(n) armiger, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 11; duo equi phalerati cum agasonibus, Liv. 43, 5, 8; agasonem cum equo, Plin. 35, 134; asinum cum agasone, Apul. M. 6, 18; **2.** in other uses, si patinam pede lapsus frangat āgāso, Hor. s. 2, 8, 72; add Pers. 5, 76; **3.** as a surname, C. Iulius Aug. I. Agaso, inscr. Grut. 592, 6.

**āgēā**, ac, f. [αγῶνα] a gangway, esp. in a ship, uia in navi dicta, Paul. ex F. 10; Multa foro ponit et āgēā longa repletur, Enn. ap. Isid. 19, 2.

**āgellūlus**, i, m. double dim. [agellus fm ager] a little bit of land, 20, 3 Catul. (in old ed.; now placed in Carm. Priap. 84, 3, ed. Müller); add Symm. ep. 2, 30; inser. Grut. 1004, 4.

**āgellus**, i, m. dim. a bit of land, Agellist hic sub urbe paulum quod locitas foras, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26; a. non sane maior iugero uno, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; minorā di negleguit neque agellos nec niticulas persecuntur, Cie. N. D. 3, 86.

**āgēma**, ātis, n. [αγῆμα, Dor. for ἡγήμα] a military corps, esp. of Macedonia, Liv. 37; 40, 6; 42, 51, 4; 42, 58, 9; Curt. 4, 13, 26.

**āg-ēr**, agri, m. [αγρος and perh. akin to aequus; cf. our field, lit. a flat] a piece of land, a field, land, Philto, est ager sub urbe hic nobis: eum dabo Dotem sorori, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 107; quei ager priuatus casteli Vitorium est, is ager uectigal nei siet, CIL 199, 5; agrum hunc mercatus sum: hic me exerceo, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 94; tum erat ager iucultus:

nunc est cultissimus, Cic. Rosc. com. 33; quis consequimur agros, Verg. B. 1, 73; Nunc āgēr Umbreni sub nomine, nuper Ofelli, Hor. s. 2, 2, 133; **2.** w. adj. fm a city, the territory of, as Volaterranus, Cic. fam. 13, 4, 2; in agrum Hirpinum Samnitemue, Liv. 23, 43, 3; agrum Campanum (of Capua), 23, 48, 1; **3.** even in sing. of land or open country, as opp. to fortified towns, quod agri est inter Cortonam Trasumennumque lacum peruastat, Liv. 22, 4, 1; perpopulato agro urbem oppugnare adortus esset, 22, 9, 2; **4.** comm. agri in pl., multitudinem hominum ex agris cogent, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 3; depopulatis agris non facile oppidis uim hostium prohibere, 1, 11, 4; sparsi fuga per agros fuerant, 22, 54, 1; **5.** in agrum or agro, inland or in depth, from a road, in defining limits of sepulchres, Mille pedes in fronte, trecentos cippus in agrum hic dabat, Hor. s. 1, 8, 12; gen. shortened in inscr. as: Dis Manib... locus adsignatus... in fr(onte) p. lxx in agr(um) p. lxx, inser. Or. 1624; in fr. p. xii in agros p. xii, 631.

**aggārio**, (ad-g.) ire, vb. babble, nugulas, Mart. C. 1, 2.

**agger**, ēris, m. [scarcely fm ad and gero] earth etc., for filling up holes and raising mounds, qui paulo longius aggeris petendi causa processerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 1; unde agger comportari posset, b. c. 2, 15, 1; hae trabes multo aggere uestiuntur, b. g. 7, 23, 2; **2.** as used for filling holes, cratibus atque aggere paludem explere, b. g. 7, 58, 1; et fossas aggere complent, Verg. 9, 567; caernas aggere implere, Curt. 8, 10, 27; **3.** for raising mounds, quantum (turres) quotidianum agger expresserat, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 5; agger in munitionem coniectus ascensum dat Gallis, 7, 85; **4.** a mound or bank so formed, fossa et terreus agger, Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; ipsis proelia miscet Aggeribus moerorum, Verg. 10, 24; add 10, 144; 11, 382; congesticium ex materia agger, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; neque aggeres neque fossae uim hostium sustinere poterant, 7, 87, 5; equitatus per aggeres ascendebant, b. c. 3, 69, 2; caespitem natura adcommodata contra fluminem impetus aggeribus, Plin. 35, 169; **5.** esp. the agger of Tarquin, forming part of the defence of Rome, clauditur ab oriente Tarquini Superbi, Plin. 3, 67; aggeris nastum spatium, 36, 104; Aggere in aprico spatium, Hor. s. 1, 8, 18; māli quod in aggere rodit (the moukey), Iuv. 5, 153; add 8, 43; **6.** in late writers, of raised roads, aggeribus Alpium Cotiarnm, Amm. 15, 10, 2; ab aggeribus publicis uesperis discidebant, 18, 8, 2; in aggeris medio, 18, 6, 10; add 21, 10, 2; **7.** gen. a mound, bank, or heap, aggeribus niueis, Verg. G. 3, 354; cadauerum, Amm. 16, 12, 54.

**1. aggēr-o**, āre, vb. [agger] heap up, pile up, cadauera, Verg. G. 3, 556; praemia pugnae, A. 11, 79; cinerem, Colum. 11, 338; terram, id. arbor. 28, 3; frumenta, 2, 21, 5; ossa, Tac. an. 1, 61; trames inter paludes aggeratus, 1, 63; caespitem, 1, 19; quadrantes, Phaedr. 4, 20, 23; stragula, Apul. M. 2, 21; conualles spinetis aggeratae, 4, 6; **2.** met. iras, Verg. 4, 197; 11, 342; dictis omne promissum, Stat. Th. 2, 198; portenta monstris, Claud. Eutr. 1, 236; **3.** w. acc. of thing covered, cover the base of—with earth heaped up, arbores, Colum. 11, 2, 46; **4.** but in Curt. 4, 2, 16 Zumpt has exagg.; **5.** in Vitr. 2, 3, 1 means?

**2. ag-gēro**, (ad-g.) ēre, gestus, vb. [gero, carry (material)] carry to (esp. in pails, carts, barrows etc.), Ita te aggerunda curuom aqua faciam probe, Pl. Cas. 1, 36; repperi negotium Si quidem mihi ultro his aggerunda etiamst aqua, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 27; bona eorum aggerimus (bring home in cartloads so to say) atque etiam ultro ipsi adgerunt ad nos, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 16; pisciculos minutos aggerabant ut a maioribus absumerentur, Varr. r. 3, 17, 6; lnta et limum, Cie. ap. Non. 212; tellurem, Verg. 3, 63; adgesta fluminibus (terra), Plin. 17, 27; flores adgerunt pedibus (sc. apes), 11, 20; humum, Mart. 8, 57, 4; **2.** met. of accusations, adgerere falsa, Tac. an. 2, 57; add 3, 67; **3.** in Tac. au. 1, 19 read w. Ilalm aggerabatur.

**aggestim**, adv. [agger sb.] in heaps, Vulg. Macr. 2, 13, 5.

**aggestio**, ōnis, f. [aggero ēre] carrying to, as of alluvial soil, ualles quas fluminum saturabit aggestio, Pall. 2, 13, 3.

**aggestum**, i, n. [part. of aggero ēre] an (artificial)



mound (of wood), ex aggestis erectis, Amm. 19, 8, 1; prunas unius aggesti inserere iuncturam, id. 20, 11, 23.

**aggestus**, ūs, m. carrying to, carriage, incusant pabuli materiae lignorum aggestus, Tac. an. 1, 35; copiarum (supplies, not as Forc. says coactio militum), Tac. h. 3, 60; arenae, Aur. V. ep. Calig.; **2.** an (artificial) mound (of wood), dimicare per sublimes aggestus, Amm. 20, 11, 20.

**agglōmēro**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. roll up in addition, Addunt se socios...Ei lateri agglomerant nostro, Verg. 2, 341; add 12, 458; Val. F. 2, 171; fretum, 2, 499.

**agglūtino**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. glue to, id fronti, Cels. 6, 6, 1, p. 226, l. 37 Dar.; cucurbitulam iuguinibus, 7, 26, 5; **2.** solder (metals), chrysocollam sibi uiuicant agglutinando auro, Plin. 33, 93; fragmenta (obsiani) teporata adglutinatur, 36, 199; annulus (regulis), Vitr. 10, 13, 4; **3.** met. Nam hercle iam me (mss ad me) agglutinandam totam decretumst dare, Pl. Cist. 3, 17; Postilla extemplo se adplicant, agglutinant, Men. 2, 2, 67; add Aul. 4, 10, 71.

**aggrāuesco**, or -asco (ad-g.) ĕre, vb. become heavier, Vbi ego me grauidam sentio adgrauascere (so mss) Propinquitato parti, Pac. ap. Non. 486, 3; **2.** be aggravated, become more severe, ne Philumenae magis morbus adgrauescat, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 2.

**aggrāno**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. make heavier, more severe or painful, aggravate, pondus, Phn. 18, 117 (in a corrupt pass.); ruina pondere, 2, 132; odor adgrauans capita—giving a headache—12, 79; nolnera, 28, 31; ictus, 28, 37; dolorem, Curt. 8, 10, 29; **2.** so far of matter; also met. bello si aggrauatac res essent, Liv. 4, 12, 7; summam inuidiae, 6, 27, 3; inopiam sociorum, 24, 36, 7; difficultatem, 44, 7, 11; ratio rustici aggrauatur exiguo profectu operis, Colum. 2, 4, 7; sortem earum, Curt. 3, 13, 12; Hominisque curam cura maiore adgrauat, Phaedr. 3, 3, 13.

**aggrēdiōr**, (ad-g.) di (old dirier, dibor), ssus (old aggrētus, see § 6), vb. rifl. [ad, gradior] march up to, Videtur ad me simia adgredier, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 9; Interea ad me haedus uisus adgredier (so B, agg. CD), Merc. 2, 1, 24; Qui ubi quamque nostrarum uidet prope aedis adgrediri (so A w. metre, al. hac si adgredias!), Truc. 2, 1, 39;

**2.** gen. attack (as an enemy), quis audeat bene comitatum aggrēdi, Cic. Phil. 12, 25; nostros latere aperto aggrēsi, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; add 2, 10, 2; 1, 12, 3; imprudentes antemissis equitibus aggrēditur, b. c. 1, 51, 4; ex lateribus ceteros aggrēditur, Sal. Cat. 60, 5; add 58, 12; Iug. 66, 3; murum scalis aggrēdi, 57, 4; si singuli singulos aggrēssuri essetis, Liv. 6, 18, 6; unus aggrēssurus es Hannibalem, 23, 9, 6; Comius aggrēditur, Ov. M. 12, 482; Brutum et ni et legibus, Suet. Aug. 10; ueneno Tiberium, Cal. 12;

**3.** met. attack, tackle, Adgrediar hominem, Pl. St. 4, 2, 12; Most. 5, 1, 26; Trin. 1, 2, 7; Mil. 2, 2, 14; Ep. 1, 2, 23; Ego ad (om. ad?) hunc iratum adgrediar si possimus (mss possumus, agst idiom) iuro incipere hūc, Bac. 5, 2, 31; Quin ego hunc adgredior de illa! Merc. 2, 3, 50; contra adgredior (so A), Pers. 1, 1, 15; Etiam tu...me ipse adgredere? Asin. 3, 3, 124; Itane agitis mecum? satis astute adgrēdimini, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 75; add Andr. 4, 1, 46; Hec. 5, 1, 5; quem ego aggrēdiar et ut arbitror, commouebo, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; legatos alium ab alio diuorsos aggrēditur, Sal. Iug. 46, 4; add 65, 3; Damasippum uelim aggrēdiare, Cic. Att. 12, 33, 1; **4.** often w. abl. Aggrēdiundus hic homo mi astu, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 121; add Poen. 4, 4, 53; illis praecipit omnis mortalis pecunia aggrēdiatur, Sal. Iug. 28, 1; multis pollicitationibus, 61, 4; Talibus adgredietur Venerem Saturnia dictis, Verg. 4, 92; **5.** w. abstr. acc. attack or tackle (a task etc.), set about (a serious matter), Post id piscatum hamatilem et saxatilem adgredimur, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 10; decimum, quod pessimum aggrēssust, scelus, Pers. 4, 4, 9; in omnibus negotiis priusquam aggrēdiare, adhibenda est praeparatio, Cic. off. 1, 73; si adgrodior ad hanc disputationem† quasi..., Cic. N. D. 3, 7; cum aggrēdiōr in ancipiti causa (so AB, not ancipitem causam) ad animos iudicum pertractandos, Cic. or. 2, 186; ad iuriarum faciendam†, Cic. off. 1, 24; ad dicendum†, Cic. Brut. 139; ad consulatus petitionem, Cic. Mur. 15; magnum quid, Cic.

Att. 2, 14 f.; aliam rem aggrēditur, Sal. Iug. 92, 4; magnos honores, Verg. B. 4, 48; multa magnis ducibus, sicut non aggrēdiunda, ita semel aggrēssis non dimitteuda esse, Liv. 24, 19, 6; ut primum ad rem publicam† aggrēssus est, Vell. 2, 33, 3; hoc opus, Quint. 6, 4, 3; ad mouendas lacrumas†, 6, 1, 44; **6.** w. inf. proceed to (a difficult task), attempt, adgrētus fari, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 6 M; dicere, Cic. off. 2, 1; Lucr. 6, 980; auellere, Verg. 2, 165; componere, Quint. 1, 5, 54; tractare, 2, 2, 2; dicere, 3, 6, 1; **7.** as a pass., so Prisc. 1, 379, 6 and 1, 387, 16 K; hoc restiterat etiam ut a te fictis adgrēderer douis, Cic. ad Nepotem ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 1; alia (bella) redimit, facillimis quibusque aggrēssis, Iust. 7, 6, 5; **8.** note ad in § 1, acc. alone (or even pers. pass.†) in §§ 2, 3, 4; in § 5 ad w. gerund or longer clause †; w. short, acc.; **9.** note -i conjugation in Plautus.

**aggrēgo**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. [ad gregem] lit. add to a flock—in nse=uite or attach (man or men), to add as a companion, associate, te in nostrum numerum, Cic. Mur. 16; si secum suos eduxerit et eodem ceteros...aggrēgarit, Cic. Cat. 1, 30; filium ad patris interitum, Cic. Vat. 25; se ad eorum amicitiam, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 6; signis se, 4, 26, 1; simillimos sibi, Vell. 2, 91, 3; comites ei, 2, 53, 1; si meam noluntatem ad summi uiri dignitatem (=me Caesari), Cic. fam. 1, 9, 11; pulsus (equitibus) ira aggrēgat suos, Liv. 30, 11, 7; **2.** of things, inuenio qui adgrēgent his *διασκευας*..., Quint. 9, 2, 107.

**aggrēssio**, ōis, f. approach, attack, Apul. M. 8, 16 (dub.); **2.** met. cum animos (orator) prima aggrēssione occupauerit, Cic. or. 50; **3.** an argument (oratoris) = *επιθυμία* and *επιχειρήματα*, Quint. 5, 10, 4; 4, 10, 10; 5, 14, 27.

**aggrēssor**, (ad-g.) ōris, m. one who attacks, assailant, aggrēssor, si quis seruus terruit aggrēssores, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 1, 35; receptores (receivers of stolen goods) non minus delinquent quam aggrēssores, 47, 8, 3, 3; latronibus aggrēssoribusque, 48, 9, 7.

**aggrēssūr-a**, (ad-g.) ae, f. [aggrēssor] attack, esp. of robber or bandit, aggrēssion, latrocinio aut adgrēssura, Ulp. dig. 10, 2, 4, 2; add 29, 5, 3, 4; factum uel adgrēssura...accesserit, Arr. dig. 49, 16, 5, 2; aggrēssurae plenam uindictam, Apul. M. 7, 7.

**aggrēssus**, (ad-g.) ūs, attack, esp. of a robber, si adgrēssu perierit, Ulp. 36, 1, 18, 7; **2.** met. attacking (a difficult task), Firm. math. 2, 10.

**aggrēbēro**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. guide (as pilot) to, met. sic adgubernanti fortuna ut..., Flor. 1, 24 (2, 8), 1; but in 1, 40 (3, 5), 16 Halm has gubernans.

**āgilis**, e, adj. active, agile, ever on the move, oderunt...agilem gnauumque remissi, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 90; quae circumuolitas agilis, 1, 3, 21; agilis de (Diana), Ov. her. 4, 169; Cyllenius, Ov. M. 2, 720; Lassabaut agiles aspera bella uiros, Ov. F. 2, 516; uirum naum agilem prouidum, Vell. 2, 105, 2; (apes) sarciendo damna (fucorum) fiunt agiliores\*, Colum. 9, 15, 3; malo unius agilem industriam quam decem hominum negligentem operam, 11, 1, 15; animus agilis est et pronus ad metus, Sen. tranq. 2, 11; sensus agiliores\* sunt animalibus mutis, Sen. ep. 74, 16; **2.** the active (not passive) idea belongs also to: qui restitissent agili classi naues machinas portantes, Liv. 30, 10, 3; Esseda nos agili siue tulere rota, Ov. Pont. 2, 10, 34; aer agilior, Sen. N. Q. 2, 10, 1; dextra, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 10; and even to: cursus, 4, 3, 32; studio, Amm. 16, 11, 5; **3.** agilem =celerem says Non. 58, 1 in Sisenna: agilem dari facilemque uictoriam; **4.** comp. see \* above; **5.** sup. agillimus says Char. 114, 11 K; and Prisc. 1, 96, 14; agillissimus says Char. 182, 18; **II 6.** agiliter adv. quickly, Amm. 14, 2, 15; 28, 2, 8; **7.** comp. agilius, Colum. 2, 2, 27; **8.** sup. agillissime says Char. 182, 19.

**āgilitas**, ātis, f. quick action, quickness, agility, rapidity, nauium, Liv. 26, 51, 6; rotarum, Curt. 4, 6, 9; currentis (aquae), Pall. 1, 17, 2; agneum agilitate uolucris repetebam, Amm. 18, 6, 11; (oratoris), Quint. 11, 3, 180; **2.** met. naturae, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 4.

**āgiliter**, see agilis.

**āg-ina**, ae, f. [ag-] the aperture in a balance for the tongue, Paul. ex F. 10; Tert. Herm. 41; and pud. 9.



**āginātor**, ōris, m. one nice in weighing, qui paruo luero mouentur, Paul. ex F. 10.

**āgīno**? āre, vb. perh. iu Petr. 61 wh. Bücheler w. Reiske ecraginai.

**āgīpēs**? ēdis, adj. as sb. m. foot-worker, hence of a senator who votes but never speaks, pedarius Senator, agipes (for once) uocem mittere coepit, Lucil. ap. Fest. 210 B 30.

**āgītābilis**, e, adj. quickly moving or moved, aer, Ov. M. 1, 75.

**āgītātio**, ōnis, f. movement, agitation, shaking, fluctuum, Cic. Mur. 35; linguao, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; lecticae, Liv. 27, 29, 2; agitationibus\* agrorum (of repeated digging), Colum. 2, 1, 4; terrae, 2, 2, 6; spiritus, Plin. 20, 43;

**2.** met. mentis, Cic. off. 1, 17; numquam animus agitatione et motu esse uacuu potest, Cic. div. 2, 128; **3.** w. obj. gen. setting and keeping in motion, exercising, administering, conduct (of), pursuit, rerum magnarum agitatio et administratio, Cic. inv. 2, 163; studiorum, Cic. sen. 23; uirtutum, Sen. ep. 109, 2; rerum, Val. M. 7, 2, 1;

**4.** note pl. \*.

**āgītātor**, ōris, m. a driver, of horses etc., ne tu...esses agitator probus. Quidum?...Respectas identidem, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 50; ut agitator callidus priusquam ad finem ueniam, equos sustinebo, Cic. acad. pr. 94; aselli, Verg. G. 1, 273; equorum, Verg. 2, 476; **2.** esp. a professional driver in the Circensian games, agitatori Eutycho HS uicies contulit, Suet. Cal. 55; a. prasinus, Suet. Ner. 22; Aurelio Heraclidae agitatori factionis uenetae, inser. Or. 2598; A. Tuccius A. I. Stephanus agitator fact. rursat, 2595.

**āgītātr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who drives, huntress, siluarum a. Diana, Arn. 4, 22; animam agitatricem aliorum quae immota sunt, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 9.

**āgītātus**, ūs, m. setting or keeping in motion, action, driving, Varr. l. 5, 1 (dub.); anima corpori praestat agitatum, Macr. s. Sc. 2, 12 f.; add Macr. s. 7, 8, 12;

**2.** met. mentis, Varr. l. 6, 6, 1.

**āgītō**, āre, vb. frq. set or keep in motion, keep moving, drive, urge, horses etc., Nam iam calcari quadripedem agitabo aduorsum cliuom, Pl. Asin. 3, 3, 18; agitatur quadrigae, Varr. l. 6, 5; in cursu biugos...leones, Lucr. 2, 601; Lanigeros agitare greges, Verg. G. 3, 287; spumantem eum, Verg. 11, 770;

**2.** hence of the chase, elaso, corso, hunt, suntne insidiae tendere plagas etiam si agitaturus non sis? ipsae enim ferae..., Cic. off. 3, 68; (aquila) insectans alias auis et agitans, Cic. div. 2, 144; cursu timidus agitabis ouagros, Verg. G. 3, 409; trepidos agitantem in retia ceruos, Ov. M. 3, 356; agitat mutata colombas, 11, 300;

**3.** so of the furies etc., pursue, harass, allow no rest to, Lariāe hunc atque intemperiae insaniaeque agitant senem, Pl. Anl. 4, 4, 15; eos agitant insectanturque furiae, non ardentibus taedis sed..., Cic. leg. 1, 40; add Rosc. Am. 67; quem nisi Saguntinum scelus agitare, respiceret..., Liv. 21, 41, 8; furiis agitatus Orestes, Verg. 3, 331; add 4, 471;

**4.** gen. move, agitate, corpora agitari inter se concursu possent, Cic. N. D. 1, 110; pulsu agitatur externo, Cic. rep. 6, 28; ferrea texta (magnes), Lucr. 6, 1055; non nisi leni gestatione corpus agitandum, Cels. 3, 6, p. 88, 6 Dar.;

**5.** esp. shake, agitate, toss about, humum aridam nento agitari, Sal. lug. 53, 1; (arena) magna ui agitata, 79, 6; Zephyris agitata Tempe, Hor. od. 3, 1, 24; laurea...uisat agitasse cacumen, Ov. M. 1, 567; Daedalus alas, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 21; (bos) caput, Colum. 6, 6, 3;

**6.** of torture, pol te, si hic sapiat senex, Pix atra agitit, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 64; and met. Quae te mala crux agitit, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 4; Bac. 4, 2, 2;

**7.** so of disease, Atra bilis agitit hominem, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 64; tunc te morbus agitit hepatiarum, Cure. 2, 1, 24;

**8.** of painful or serious feelings, Quae te res (iss res te) agitit, mulier? Pl. Men. 5, 1, 10; add Cure. 1, 1, 92; Most. 2, 2, 85; Sed qui utroque (so iss) error uos agitit expedibo, Pompon. ap. Non. 505, 7; metu atque lubricine diuorsus agitabatur, Sal. lug. 25, 6;

**9.** met. Iam ego hunc agitabo, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 4, give him a good shaking; **10.** work, exercise, practise, administer, conduct, Sat nunc agitas tute tuarum rerum—you have enough to do with your own affairs, Pl. Bac.

4, 3, 23; Bene nauis (pron. naus, like *vauis*) agitatur, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 27; trirremem in portu agitari iubet, ps. Nep. Dion. 9, 2; custodiam—keep guard—Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 20; Naev. ap. Non. 323, 1; uigilias, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 27; Mil. 2, 2, 61; Tac. an. 11, 18; praesidium, Sal. lug. 55, 4; 85, 33; conuiuium, Pl. As. 5, 1, 7; Mil. 2, 2, 10; Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 18; diem natalem, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 17; Dionysia, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 11; dies festos, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 154; imperium, Sal. Cat. 9, 5; rem publicam, 38, 3; Iug. 37, 1; moras, 81, 4; mutas artis, Verg. 12, 397; fugam, 2, 640; choros, G. 4, 533; iocos, Ov. M. 3, 319; faenus, Tac. Germ. 26; frumenta et peoniae uectigales (sc. cogendae)...societatibus equitum agitabatur, Tac. an. 4, 6; latrocinia, 12, 27;

**11.** esp. w. words which denote life or state of life; pass, live, live in a state of, Qui tum uicebant homines atque aeuom agitabant, Enn. ap. Cic. Brut. 58; add Sal. Cat. 2, 1; pacem, Iug. 14, 10; 29, 6; indutias, 29, 4; gaudium atque letitiam, Cat. 48, 1; apud aquam noctem a., 98, 4; Numidae pro muro dies noctisque agitare, 94, 4;

**12.** absol. live, pass the time, hi propius mare agitabant, Sal. lug. 18, 9; alios uagos agitare, 20, 5; move about, move, equitatum pro castris agitare iubet, 59, 1;

**13.** discuss (a subject), deal with, debate about, illam rem agitatum in contionibus, Cic. Cln. 4; anni sunt octo cum omnia (haec) agitatis, ib. 82; mens rationibus agitandis alebatur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 66; res in senatu agitari coepit, Sal. lug. 27, 1; add 30, 1; de foedere, Liv. 9, 5, 1; illic agitaere placerent..., Tac. h. 3, 1; agitare inter se mala seruitutis, Tac. Agr. 15;

**14.** turn over in one's mind, consider with oneself, meditate, quom eam rem in corde agito, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 4; id agitans mecum sedulo inueni, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 10; id mecum, Acc. ap. Non. 256, 19; habet nihil aliud quod agitit in mente, Cic. N. D. 1, 114; eandem rem animis, Cic. Font. 22; quae quum praecepta agitare, Sal. lug. 14, 2; add 93, 2; maius eum agitare iu animo bellum, Liv. 21, 2, 2; plus quam ciuilia, Tac. an. 1, 12 f.;

**15.** even w. inf. Magnas res hic agito in mente instruere, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 31; aliquid iamdudum inuadere magnum Mens agitit mihi, Verg. 9, 187.

**ag-men**, inis, n. [ago] a drove, a body of cattle etc. driven along, Cuique pecus denso pascant agmine colles, Tib. 4, 1, 186; non minore agmine rerum captarum quam suo prae se acto, Liv. 34, 52, 2;

**2.** a body of moving beings in a line, a train, a shoal (of fish), meus (reditus) is fuit ut a Brundisio usque Romam agmen perpetuum totius Italiae uiderit, Cic. Pis. 51; nuntiatum est Coriolano adesse ingens mulierum agmen, Liv. 2, 40, 3; turbamque sonantem Agminis aligeri, Verg. 12, 249; Graniferum agmen, Ov. M. 7, 638 (ants); magno fugientes agmine thunni, Hal. 98;

**3.** esp. of an army in motion, in itinere agmen nostrum adorti, Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 3; ita dies xv iter fecerunt uti inter nouissimum hostium agmen et nostrum primum non amplius quinibus milibus passuum interesset, 1, 15 f.; agmine quadrato cum gladiis sequuntur, Cic. Phil. 2, 108; prius moenia intrauere hostes quam Romanum extrema agminis carpere posset, Liv. 6, 32, 11; puluis uelut ingentis agminis incesso, 10, 41, 5;

**4.** rarely of a marshalled army (acies), in medium agmen hostium ruit, perrumpitque ordines, Liv. 10, 41, 9;

**5.** gen. an army, rudis agminum sponsus, Hor. od. 3, 2, 9; huic tanto agmini dux deficit, Iust. 2, 10, 21;

**6.** mareh, ne miles gregarius in castris noue in agmine seruum aut iumentum haberet, Sal. lug. 45, 2; in agmine in primis modo, modo in postremis adesse, ib.;

**7.** uno agmine, in one (mouiug) body, uno agmine uictores cum nictis in urbem irrupere, Liv. 2, 30, 14; and beyond sphere of war, tibicines Tibur uno agmine abierunt, 9, 30, 5; (mulieres) nno agmino iannas obsederunt, 34, 8, 2;

**8.** met. from armies, Educenda dictio est medium in agmen (into the field of war), in puluerem, in castra, Cic. or. 1, 157; assentior tibi, ut nec duces simus nec agmen cogamus, Cic. Att. 15, 13, 1; (Darcum) mulierum ac spadonum agmen trahentem, Liv. 9, 17, 16; diffugiunt stellae quarum agmina cogit Lucifer, Ov. M. 2, 114; uenti uelut agmine facto, qua data porta, ruunt, Verg. 1, 86; tam nunciosum agmen reoruu, Plin.



ep. 3, 9, 11; occupationum, 2, 8, 3; 9. movement, action, course, leni fluit agmine flumen, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 4, 4; copied by Verg. 2, 782; (anguis) agmine certo Luceoonta petunt, 2, 212; Agmine remorum celeri, 5, 211; tremulo venit agmine cornus, Sil. 14, 442.

**agnin-ālis**, e, adj. of an army, equ(i) uel mulae, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18, 21; 2. absol. draught-cattle for the army, agminales ac paraueredos, Th. C. 8, 5, 6.

**agna**, ae, (see agnus) f. a lamb; si neque netulae sunt (oues) neque merae agnae, Varr. r. 2, 2; add Hor. od. 1, 9, 12; epod. 2, 59; Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 11; tr. 1, 1, 78; 2. the sheath of an ear of corn, Paul. ex F. 211 (so *appas* in Theoph. hist. 8, 7).

**agnālia**, ium, n. pl. a festival, same as Agonalia, Ov. F. 1, 325.

**agnasco**, = agnosco (cf. S. jna = gnosco), Fronto ad M. Caes. 1, 4, p. 10 Nab.

**agnascor**, (adg.) i, vb. r. [ad, gnaseor] be born in addition, as of a child (sui heredis) born after the making a will, esp. of posthumous children, quis eo testamento quod paterfamilias ante fecit quam ei filius natus esset, hereditatem petit? Nemo quia constat agnascendo rumpi testamentum, Cic. or. 1, 241; add Caecin. 72; rumpitur (testamentum) adgnatione sui heredis, Papin. dig. 28, 3, 1; add Gai. 28, 3, 13; 2. so of an adopted son, qui in adoptionem datur, his quibus adgnascitur et cognatus fit, Paul. 1, 7, 23;

3. of supernumerary limbs, membra animalibus adgnata inutilia sunt sicut sextus homini digitus, Plin. 11, 272;

4. pili adgnati (of puberty) opp. to congeniti; Plin. 11, 231;

5. of wisdom teeth, genuinos agnasci annis fero bis septenis, Gell. 3, 10, 12; 6. of epiphytes, uiscum in quercu adgnasci, Plin. 16, 245; II 7. agnatus (adg.), a relative through males, adgnati qui legitima cognatione iuncti sunt...per uirilium sexus personas, Gai. 3, 10; add 1, 156; si neque suus heres neque agnatus nullus erit, 3, 29; si intestato moritur cui suus heres nec esseit adgnatus proximus familiam habeto, XII tab.; mulieris quae in agnatorum tutela erat, Gai. 2, 47; 8. agnata, Gai. 3, 23; 3, 29.

**agnatic-ius**, (adg.) adj. of the agnati or relatives through males, ius agnaticum, Iustin. C. 6, 58, 15, 3.

**agnatio**, (adg.) ōnis, f. consanguinity through males, agnationum iura, Cic. or. 1, 173; Cic. leg. 1, 23; Cels. dig. 1, 7, 7; 2. the addition of a son or daughter to a family by birth, sui heredis, Papin. 28, 3, 1; postumae, Ulp. 40, 5, 24, 11; 3. met. consanguinity, caelestibus, Cic. leg. 1, 24; 4. as a collective, relatives by birth, cum uxoribus suis et omni adgnatione, Th. C. 8, 5, 58.

**agnellus**, i, m. double dim. a little lambkin, as a term of endearment, Pl. Asin. 3, 3, 77; add Pomp. gramm. 143, 28 K.

**agnicellus** and **agnicellulus**, doub. and treb. dim., ap. Pomp. 143, 29, K.

**agnic-ulus**, i, m. dim. a lambkin, Arnob. 7, p. 219.

**agnile**, = ἀγνῶν τοπος, Gloss. cf. ouile.

**agninus**, adj. of lamb, lactibus, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 85 (but not 95); pedum, Plin. 30, 68; pelles, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 8; 2. agnina (sc. caro) as sb. f. lamb, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 39 and 69; Aul. 2, 8, 4; Hor. ep. 1, 15, 35.

**agnitio**, ōnis, f. [from a lost vb. agn-, whence agnosco] knowing again, recognition, cadaueris, Plin. 10, 194; litterarum, Quint. 1, 1, 25; 2. acknowledgment, bonorum, Marc. dig. 38, 15, 5; but in Cic. N. D. 1, 1 read w. B cognitionem.

**agnitor**, ōris, m. one who recognizes, Iul. Valer. Alcx. 3.

**agnitus**, see agnosco.

**agnōmen**, (adgn., adn.) ōnis, n. an honorary title from a country conquered etc., propria nomina in species quattuor diuiduntur, praenomen nomen cognomen agnomen, ut Publius Cornelius Scipio Africanus, Charis. 152, 22; add Diom. 321, 9; Prisc. 1, 57, 23 and 58, 5; 69, 42 wh. other exx. are, Persicus, Gactulicus, Creticus; 2. also of names kept as token of the family whence adopted, as Aemilianus, Prisc. 1, 76, 14; 3. gen. as an add. name, nec aliud ei honorificentiae adnomen adiunctum est quam quod Augusti filius appellatus est, Capitol. Ver. 3, 5; 4. cognomen

for agnomen often, as Cic. Mur. 32 and rep. 6, 11 of Scipio Africanus; Suet. Cal. 9, of Caligula; add Suet. Vit. f.

**agnōment-um**, i, n. dim., a nickname, Apul. mag. 56.

**agnōminātio**, (ann. adn.) ōnis, f. a play upon words, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 29 (bis); Quint. 9, 3, 66.

**agnosc-ib-ilis**, e, adj. recognizable, Tert. resur. carn. 55.

**a-gnosco**, (adgn.) ēre, ōui, Itus (ōtus\* rare), vb. [a for an = ana, again; gnosco old form of nosco; and so = αναγινωσκω = old E. acknow Shaks.] know again, recognize, Quibus de signis agnoscebas (filiam), Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 27; signa adgnoui, Men. 5, 9, 65; add Merc. pr. 98; agnotast\* soror, Pacuv. 384 R; Xanthi cognomine riuom Agnosco (so Med.) Verg. 3, 351; add 3, 347; ueterem Anchisen agnosco (so M) amicum, 3, 82; agnorunt signa recepta suos, Ov. F. 5, 590; Agnouit longe gemitum morientis, M. 10, 719;

2. see or feel that...is a reality, feel the truth of, recognize, ut deum adgnoscis ex operibus suis, sic...uim diuinam mentis adgnoscito, Cic. Tusc. 1, 70; non me stultilogos neque eos qui quaestus causa hariolentur, agnosceret, Cic. div. 1, 132; in hoc quoque genere abunde agnosci ins eius (sc. fortunae) potest, Vell. 2, 116, 3; add 2, 95, 3; agnosco crimen, Plin. ep. 7, 29, 2; 3. acknowledge (in words or deeds), confess, admit, allow, cum totius Italiae concursus facti illius gloriam lubens agnouisset, Cic. Mil. 38; ego autem suscipere hoc crimen, agnoscerem, confiterer, Cic. Rab. perd. 18; me non esse uerborum admodum inopem agnosco, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 1; dicam tamen; ipse certe agnosceret, et cum aliquo dolore flagitiorum suorum recordabitur, Cic. Pis. 12; iudicium defuncti adgnosceret uidentur, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 23, 1; 4. acknowledge as, own, declare or admit to be, an me non agnoscitis ducem? Liv. 6, 7, 5; uix ut senator agnosceretur, Vell. 2, 10, 1; reuersus imperator qui priuatus exierat, agnosces, agnosceris, Plin. pau. 21; infantem agnoscei nctuit, Suet. Aug. 65; qui nolit filium adgnosceret quasi non suum, Ulp. dig. 1, 6, 6; de agnoscendis et alendis liberis uel parentibus uel patronis uel libertis, dig. tit. 25, 3; 5. gen. in law, acknowledge, admit liability for, bonorum possessionem, Gai. dig. 26, 8, 11; aes alienum, Ulp. 28, 5, 35, 1; cibaria, id. 10, 4, 11, 1; pecuniam, id. 17, 2, 55; 6. agnotus old form, see § 1; agnoturus, Brut. ap. Dicm. 388, 7 K; Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 511, 12 K, and Serv. ad A. 4, 23; 7. part. agnitus implies a simple verb gen, whence g(ō)n-osc-o, as from our con comes k(ō)n-ow; cf. cognitus.

**agnus**, i, m. (but see § 2) [for ōuinus, dim. of ouis or ovis] sheep = S. aui-, Lith. awi-; cf. Go. auistr ouile; so *agnos* through a lost *aFavos* from *oFis*] a lamb, Qui locant oaedundos agnos et duplam rgnam danunt, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 39; Agnum inter pecudes aueae clarum coma, Att. 211 R; agnum quem immolemus, Cic. div. 2, 39; 2. as a collective term lamb, abundat (uilla) porco haedo agno (lamb for the table), Cic. sen. 56; 3. as a fem., in commentariis sacrorum pontificalium frequenter est hic ouis et haec agnus, Fest. 286, b 19; agnus...nomen apud maiores communis erat generis, ib. 6, 12; hence: lanui Quirino agnum inarem caedito, lex ap. Fest. 189 a, 18; lunoni agnum feminam caedito, lex ib. 222, 5; 4. prov. Lupo agnum eripere postulant, nugae agunt, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 31; Serpentes auius gementur, tigribus agni, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 13; 5. agnum, perh. a gen. pl. in Porc. Lic. ap. Gell. 19, 9, 13.

**āgo**, ēre, ēgi, aetus, vb. [= αγω] drive (before one), agas Asellum, Scip. ap. Cic. or. 2, 258; ipse capellas Protinus ager ago, Verg. B. 1, 13; pascere capellas Et potum pastas age Tityre et inter agendum..., 9, 24; pecus egit altos Visere montes, Hor. od. 1, 2, 7; olitoris caballum, ep. 1, 18, 36; is qui iumenta agebat (of a coachman), Liv. 4, 48, 6; Saepe domum redeunt, praedonum\* sanguine laeti. Et redigunt actos in sua rura boues, Ov. F. 3, 64; boum quos multos inter ceteram agrestem praedam\* agebat, Liv. 22, 16, 7; ut id armentuum ad montes ageret...boues aliquanto ante signa acti, ib. 8; ex agris uicisquo quae ferre atque agere possint, prae se agentes portantesque, 38, 18, 15; bouem per mille et quingentos passus agere, and soon: rursus agere currentem, Colum. 6, 6, 3; nudatam coram propinquis per uicium uerbere agit, Tac. Germ. 19; tauros



per spatia Circi agunt, Suet. Claud. 21; add Calig. 27; ps. Nep. Datam. 3, 2; **2.** as booty in war mainly consisted of cattle (see \* above) and prisoners who had to trudge, praeda ex omnibus locis agebatur, Caes. b. g. 6, 42; agros uastare, praedas agere, Sal. Iug. 20, 8; quum praedam ex agris agerent, Liv. 1, 1, 5; ut ex alieno agro raperent agerentque, 21, 1, 2; ingentes praedas hominum pecorumque egerunt, 2, 64, 3; add 31, 30, 3; 38, 15, 10; and by extension, Edepol no illic pulcrum praedam agat, si quis illum inuenerit Aulam onustam auri, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 3; **3.** as part of the booty was of dead matter, a common phrase for plunder was ferri agique (cf. *αγην και φερην*), res sociorum ferri agique uidit, Liv. 22, 3, 7; hi ferre agere plebeu plebique res, 3, 37, 7; numo principes agunt feruntque omnia, Tac. dial. 8; **4.** of the chase, drive, chase, apros Latratu turbabis agens, Verg. G. 3, 412; cerua quam...fixit Pastor agens telis, Verg. 4, 71; add 7, 481; actus aper, Ov. Hal. 60; **5.** of chasing an enemy, Ceteros ruem agrem raperem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 21; reliquos...ita perterritos egerunt, ut non prius fuga desideret quam..., Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 2; add 5, 17, 4; b. c. 3, 46, 5; palantis Troas agebat, Verg. 5, 265; add 11, 620; **6.** of the furies, conscience, Ita me Amor lassum animi ludificat fugat agit appetit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; scelerum poculis agitatur...Agunt eum praecipitem poenae ciuium Romanorum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 7; quam iam deus ultor agebat, Ov. M. 14, 750; acerba fata Romanos agunt Seclusque fraterna nocis, Hor. epod. 7, 17; Hos uariis mens ipsa modis agit, Val. F. 3, 393; **7.** of abstract agents, opportunitas etiam mediocri uiros spe praedae transuorsos agit, Sal. Iug. 7, 3; ne quos amicitia Iugurthae transuorsos agat, 14, 20; nullis (Atticus) casibus neque agit, neque minuitur, Nep. Att. 9, 1; rapta uxor, subiectus seruitio uxoris uterus uacordem agebant, Tac. an. 1, 59; (proinciam) auaritia (cius) in bellum egerat, 14, 32; **8.** hence w. inf. sed me uester amor nimisque arcana profari Phoebus agit, Stat. Th. 3, 626; sed agit miseranda potestas luuigilare malis, 8, 262; **9.** w. refl. pron. in familiar l., Quo te agis?—where are you driving to? Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 49; quouam te agis? Quouam nisi domum, Trin. 4, 3, 71; add Pers. 2, 2, 34; 2, 2, 53; 4, 3, 13; Most. 1, 4, 28; 3, 1, 38; quo hinc te agis, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 25; **10.** so met. drive itself, rush up, dum se laetus ad auras Palmos agit, Verg. G. 2, 364; **11.** w. acc. of vehicle, drive, nequis ineis uicis plostrum...ducito agito, CIL 206, 57; add 60, 64 and 65; nasti quoque rector Olympi Non agat hos currus, Ov. M. 2, 62; add 2, 388 and 390; and perh. as having to do with a chariot, to this belongs: triumphus de Liguribus agebatur, Liv. 41, 14, 1; triumphum egit Gallicum, Suet. Caes. 37; triumphos egit tres, Suet. Aug. 22; add Tib. 20; Vitr. 1, 1, 6; and met. ages uictor ex inimicorum dolore triumphum, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 1; **12.** of other material objects, drive, steer, work, ad eum uineam pluteosque agam, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 111; uineas, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 3; 2, 30, 3; 7, 17, 1; uineas turresque, 3, 21, 2; uineas, Sal. Iug. 37 f.; 76, 4; 92, 8; in litus naues egerunt (ran them ashore), Liv. 22, 20, 12; Nauim agere ignarus nauis timet, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 114; ratem in amnem egerat, Ov. F. 1, 500; naues in aduersum amnem agebantur, Tac. h. 4, 22; **13.** hurl, fulmina, Val. F. 3, 354; telum, Sil. 12, 240; tela, Quint. 12, 3, 4; tonitrus, Stat. Th. 1, 258; **14.** drive (in), sublice oblique agebatur, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; pugionem per costas, Aur. V. ep. 39, 4; **15.** put forth, throw out, radices trium et triginta cubitorum, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Et mala radices altius arbor agit, Ov. rem. 106; add M. 2, 583; 4, 254; scintillas, Lucr. 2, 675; spumas, Euu. ap. Macr. s. 6, 3, 8; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 148; Verg. G. 3, 203; sudor...piceum Flumen agit, Verg. 9, 814; plurimum undam Fumus agit, 8, 258; animam, throw out one's breath or life and so dio, et agere animam et efflare dicimus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 19; (tu) si hos quaestus recipere posses, non(ne) eodem tempore et gestum et animam ageres? Cic. Rosc. com. 24; Attale ne quod agas desit, agas animam, Mart. 1, 79, 4; **16.** produce what lies in a line, as we say: run a shaft, cuculus ad aerarium, Cic. off. 3, 90; cuculis ad aggerem actis, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 3; cuculus in arcem agi coeptus,

Liv. 5, 19, 10; add 38, 7, 6; cloacam sub terra agendam, 1, 56, 2; and perh. akin to this: tabernae mihi duae corruerunt, reliquaeque rimas agunt, Cic. Att. 14, 9, 1; rimas Nux agit, Ov.? nuc. 67; but rimam dixerat, Ov. M. 4, 65; Graecos uersus agit, Cato ap. Macr. s. 3, 14, 9; **17.** give active employment to, work, exercise, Scu te discus agit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 13—wh. Orelli: ducit, allicit anzieth—male; **18.** fabulam etc., act (a play), Horunc hic nunc causa haec agitur spectatorum fabula, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 48; Comodia(i) qnam modo acturi sumus, Mil. 2, 1, 6; Spectatores, fabula haec est acta: nos plausum date, Most. f.; add Bac. 2, 2, 37 etc.; egere L. Atilius Praenestinus L. Ambuius Turpio, Ter. Andr. tit.; acta ludis Megalensibus, Eun. tit. etc.; si tragodias agamus, Cic. or. 2, 205; nunquam agunt hunc uersum eo gestu quo potest, Cic. or. 2, 102; canticum, Liv. 7, 2, 9; **19.** and met. Vicissim partis tuas acturus est, Ter. Ph. 5, 5, 7; has partes lenitatis semper equi libenter, Cic. Mur. 6; **20.** w. acc. of the part, (Roscius) Ballionem cum agit, agit Chacream, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; **21.** and met. egi omnes illos adolescentes quos ille iacitavit, Cic. fam. 2, 9, 1; cum amicum imperatoris ageret, Tac. l. 1, 30; non Principem sed ministrum egit, Suet. Claud. 29; add Tib. 12 and 26; hence a. se, play the part of, pass as, pretend to be, libertinos qui se pro equitibus Romanis agerent, publicauit, Suet. Cl. 25; **22.** actum est, res acta est, tho play is finished, the game's up, used met. Nisi quid re praesidi adparas, Trachalio, acta haec res est, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 21; add Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 3; Si animus hominem pepulit, actumst; animo seruit, non sibi, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 27; and esp. w. de, it's all up, all over with, Set si alienatur, actumst de collo meo, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 194; add Ps. 4, 7, 122; 1, 1, 85; actum iam de isto est, Cic. Att. 12, 25, 2; iam de Seruio actum rati, Liv. 1, 47, 9; actum de hoc exercitu erit, 40, 40, 4; **23.** conduct (an office), administer, hold, census, CIL 206, 144 etc.; te form Tarsi agere, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 4; add Cic. Att. 5, 17, 6; conuictus, Caes. b. g. 1, 54, 3; 6, 44, 3; arbitria belli pacisque, Liv. 44, 15, 5; centurionatum, Tac. an. 1, 44; placuit ne unquam eo die senatus ageretur, Suet. Caes. 88; dilectum, Cal. 43; Vit. 15; and met. Quint. 10, 3, 5; **24.** esp. w. cansam in its legal seuse, conduct a cause, equites apud quos tum iudices causa agebatur, Cic. or. 2, 199; Semper agis causas, Mart. 1, 79, 1; add 2, 7, 1; 8, 7, 1; and met. tu, si me audias eandem causam agas, Cic. N. D. 2, 168; **25.** so too excubias—keep watch—Ov. F. 3, 245; Suet. Galb. 10; custodiam, Liv. 5, 10, 4; **26.** a. se, conduct oneself, bear oneself, behave (more comm. se gerere), tanta mobilitate sese Numidae agunt, Sal. Iug. 56, 6 (but gerunt in some mss, perh. rightly, gerunt first written g'unt); quanto ferocius ante se egerunt, tanto..., Tac. h. 3, 2; **27.** w. acc. of life, time, live, pass, Vtram aetati agundae arbitrer firmiorem, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 5; add 2, 4, 149; Mil. 4, 8, 2 and 10 etc.; Cat. ap. Gell. 11, 18, 18; Eun. ap. Gell. 18, 2, 16; again ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; qui consuetus in armis aeum agere, Pac. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49; securum agere acuum, Hor. s. 1, 5, 101; fictorem probum Vitae agundae, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 87; Primam haec pndice uitam, parce ac dnrter Agebat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 47; add Ad. 1, 1, 20; 5, 4, 9; mensis agitur hic iam septimus, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 34; quantum ago annum et octogesimo, Cic. sen. 32; **28.** heuce keep a festival, ubi festos dies agunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; quinquatrus satis iucunde egimus, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 71; **29.** absol. live, ciuitas, trepida antea de belli euentu, laeta agere, Sal. Iug. 55, 2; haud minus inquis Germaus...agebat, Tac. an. 1, 68; primo subdola concordia egere, 2, 64; apud homines qui tum agebant, 3, 19; Thracia discors agebat, 3, 38; cultu lugubri egit, 12, 32; **30.** a. gratias, grates, a. laudes, express thanks or praise, thank or praise, dis gratias agere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 27; Poen. 5, 4, 84; add Capt. 4, 2, 89 etc.; ut Dianae laudes Gratesque agam, Mil. 2, 5, 2; Neptuno lactus laudes ago, Trin. 4, 1, 2; mihi...egit gratias, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 14; quibus uerbis tibi gratias agam non reperio, Cic. fam. 2, 9, 1; legio ei gratias egit, Caes. b. g. 1, 41, 2; faciam ut aut uiuo mihi aut mortuo gratias agas,



Caes. b. e. 3, 91, 3; dis laudes gratesque egit, Liv. 26, 48, 3; **31.** *geu. do, quam rem praeter egerit*, CIL 198, 39; *Quid ages, si accedent propius*, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 9; *Ne quod hic agimus, erus percipiati fieri*, Cure. 1, 3, 2 etc.; *obserues filium quid agat*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 143 etc.; *Petens ut quae egi ago axim uerruncem bene*, Pacuv. ap. Non. 185, 26; *nihil in bello sine extis agunt*, Cic. div. 1, 95; *hic quae agantur quaecumque acta sint, ea te cognosse arbitror*, Cic. fam. 1, 5, 1; *Dumorigi custodes ponit ut quae agat scire possit*, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; *neque satis constabat quid agerent*, 3, 14, 3; **32.** *nil agere, to do nothing, but waste one's time*, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 72 and 134; *Merc. 2, 3, 121*; 4, 3, 29 etc.; *Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 12*; *Cic. Cat. 1, 15*; *Vell. 2, 66, 3*; *a. nugas, trifle, talk nonsense, waste one's time*, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 5; *Capt. 3, 4, 95*; *Men. 4, 2, 57 (quater)*; *Poeu. 3, 5, 31 etc.*; **33.** *quid agis? etc. what are you doing? how are you? as a general term of salutation*, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 15; 2, 3, 5; 4, 4, 3; *uisunt quid agam*, 3, 1, 114; *quid tua agit uxor? Tru. 1, 2, 13*; *quid agis dulcissime rerum? Hor. s. 1, 9, 4*; **34.** *so, quid agitur? what is doing? Euge, Tranio, quid agitur? Pl. Most. 5, 1, 28*; *Ter. Ad. 3, 19*; 5, 2; *quid agitur? w. the joking answer: Statur, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 40*; **35.** *quid agitur? often as a fut., what shall I do? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 78*; *Quid agimus? (so mss, Ritschl ej. agemus) Facilest. Trecentae possunt causae colligi, Mil. 2, 2, 95*; *quid agimus? Men. 5, 2, 91*; *quid nunc agimus? quin redeamus, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 41*; **36.** *age si quid agis, whatever you are to do, do at once*, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 139; *Mil. 2, 2, 60*; *Pers. 4, 4, 107*; *St. 5, 4, 35 (w. bibe si bibis just above)*; **37.** *actam rem ago, actum ago, busy oneself about a matter already settled, and so waste one's time*, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 28; *Cist. 4, 2, 36*; *actum aiunt ne agas, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 72*; *acta agimus, Cic. am. 85*; *acta ne agamus, Cic. Att. 9, 18*; *actum ne agas, ib. 9, 6*; **38.** *hoc age, attend to what I am saying, Hoc agite sultis spectatores nunciam, Pl. As. pr. 1*; *hoc agite, Ps. 1, 2, 20*; *Hocine agis an non? Ego uero istuc, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 15*; **39.** *opposed to: alias res a., think of anything but the matter in hand, alias res agunt, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 20 (just quoted for hoc agite); alias res agis...Istuc ago quidem, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 57*; *cum iocari atque alias res agere, Cic. Rosc. Am. 60*; **40.** *age, be alive, set to, sequire, ah minime..., quia istoc inlecebrosius fieri nil potest...Age igitur, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 56*; *Agite pugni, iamdiu quom ueutri uictum non datis, Amph. 1, 1, 146*; *Age Pamphile, exi Pamphile, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 30*; **41.** *almost as an adv., quick, come, often w. another imper., age obliqua, obliqua cito, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 96*; *age face, Mil. 2, 3, 69*; *age eloquere, 3, 2, 33*; *age, da ueniam filio, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 14*; *age asta mane audi, Pacuv. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 88*; *age nunc tuam progeniem ede, Acc. ap. Non. 469, 18*; **42.** *so in the pl. agite abscedite, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 61*; *agite abite, Men. 5, 7, 28*; *add Most. 1, 1, 60*; *Cure. 1, 1, 88*; *agite exite temulentum tollite, Nov. ap. Fest. 364 M*; *agitedum\* clamorem tollite, Liv. 3, 62, 4*; *recordamini agitedum\* quoties..., 5, 52, 9*; *agite succedite, Verg. 1, 631*; **43.** *even age w. pl. imper., age licemini, Pl. Stich. 2, 1, 68*; *age igitur intro abite, Mil. 3, 3, 54*; *agedum\* conferte nunc..., Cic. Sull. 72*; *age nunc, iter expediti latronis cum Milonis impedimentis comparate, Cic. Mil. 55*; *add Manil. 40*; *mittite agedum\* legatos, Liv. 38, 47, 11*; *add Prop.\* 1, 1, 21*; *Stat. Th. 10, 33*; **44.** *or w. pl. of subj., age eamus, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 78*; *age sultis hunc ludificemus, Pers. 5, 2, 52*; *age adplaudamus, 5, 2, 13*; **45.** *age repeated, age age i puere, duc me..., Caecil. ap. Prise. 1, 247 K*; *Age age nunciam experiamur contra, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 23*; *age age amolire amitte caue..., Acc. ap. Non. 75, 32*; *age age egredere, Turp. ap. Non. 482, 29*; **46.** *age, aegre concedentis, well, well, do as you like, Age ne tibi med adnorsari dicas, hunc unum diem, de meo securos sinam ego illos esse, Naev. com. 7 R*; *Age, age, ut tibi maxime concinnumst, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 33*; *age age ut lubet, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 10*; *wh. Don.: est permissio reprobrantis ea quae consentit; age age, iam ducat, dabo, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 57*; *add Ad. 5, 4, 23*; *age sane inquam, sed erat aequius..., Cic. fin.*

2, 119; *age, sit ita factum; (sed) quae causa eur Romam properaret, Cic. Mil. 49*; **47.** *w. dum suffixed, stir your stumps a moment, just—, Agedum tu Artamo Forem hanc pausill(ul)um aperi placide, ne crepa, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 34*; *Agedum ergo face, Mil. 2, 3, 74*; *agedum, excutedum pallium, Aul. 4, 4, 19*; *agedum, hoc mihi expedi, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 27*; *see also \* above*; **48.** *id agere, nihil aliud ag., often followed by ut or ne, work at, strive after, have for one's object, Id agis ut ubi adfinitatem iuter nos nostram adstrinxeris, Effugias ex urbe inanis, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 73*; *id agunt ut uiri boni esse uideantur, Cic. off. 1, 41*; *non iam id ago ut proximos exitus consequar, Cic. Att. 9, 7*; *neque id agimus ut artem explicemus, Cic. or. 2, 175*; *add Att. 8, 11, 2*; *cum id agam ne post mortem miseros nos putemus fore, Cic. Tusc. 1, 83*; **49.** *w. cum, deal with, facile est bene agere cum his qui..., Cic. Phil. 14, 30*; *ut praeculare cum his agamus quos pacatos esse patiamur, Cic. Sest. 51*; *bene egissent cum Miltiade si..., Val. M. 5, 3, ext. 3*; **50.** *esp. in pass., bene dicat secum esse actum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 2*; *cum illo quis neget actum esse praeculare, Cic. am. 11*; *intelleget secum esse actum pessime, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 119*; *add 2, 1, 9*; *uon pessime cum his esse actum, quibus..., Sulpic. ad Cic. 4, 5, 3*; *bene agi potuisse cum rebus humanis si..., Suet. Ner. 28*; **51.** *still w. cum, talk (with), treat (with), negotiate (with), intercede (with), and so entreat, ask, beg, mecum ut ad te scriberem egerunt, Cic. fam. 4, 2, 1*; *de quo praesens tecum egi diligenter, 13, 75, 1*; *petierunt ut de sua salute cum eo agero liceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 1*; *uulle se de his rebus...agere cum eo, 1, 47, 1*; *hoc unum esse tempus de pace agendi, Caes. b. c. 3, 10, 7*; *quae per Aulum Clodium cum Scipione egisset, 3, 90, 2*; *esp. of public business, do business with, talk with, is primus instituit in forum uersus agere cum populo, Cic. am. 96*; *quod agam ex eo loco ex quo me populus Romanus...secum agere uoluit, Cic. Verr. 1, 36*; *neu quis de his...cum populo agat, Cic. Cat. 51, 43*; *negat (Caesar) nundinis contionem aduocari posse, id est, cum populo agi, Maer. s. 1, 16, 29*; *bifarium cum populo agi non potest, Gell. 13, 16, 1 (15, 8)*; *egit cum senatu non debere talia praemia tribui nisi expertis, Suet. Tib. 54 (note acc. and inf.)*; **52.** *absol. talk in the way of business, discuss, (Metellus in senatu) cum agere cocpisset, tertio quoque uerbo me appellabat, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 8*; *hic locus ad agendum amplissimus, Cic. Man. 1*; *cum de Catilinae coniuratione ageretur in curia, Suet. Aug. 94*; *gen. talk, Sed estne hic ipse de quo agebam, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 53*; **III 53.** *in law, proceed at law, take proceedings, bring an action (quod) lege Iulia actum siet, CIL 198, 23*; *lege agito, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 91*; *ex sponso egit, Cic. Quinct. 32*; *cum egisset lege iu hereditatum paternam, Cic. or. 1, 175*; *de quibus rebus ut aliter ageretur lege cautum non erat, de his sacramento agebatur, Gai. 4, 13*; *si de re minoris quam (M) aeris agebatur, 4, 15*; *in personam agere debet, 2, 204*; **54.** *often w. gen. accuse (of), furti, Cic. fam. 7, 22*; *iniuriarum, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 7*; *Quint. 3, 6, 19*; *caedis; adulterii, 4, 4, 8*; **55.** *often w. acc. rem or in pass. res agitur, the matter is legally or officially dealt with, quam rem praeter egerit, CIL 198, 39*; *quom ea res agetur, 198, 32*; *credant res sibi semper agi, Ov. a. a. 2, 154*; *ea res agatur de fundo mancipando, Gai. 4, 131*; *add 133, 137*; **56.** *agitur, is concerned, is at stake, Gripe, accede huc, tua res agitur, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 104*; *At enim nos quarum res agitur aliter auctores sumus, St. 1, 2, 72*; *Non nunc pecunia agitur sed illud quomodo, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 67*; *Non capitis ei res agitur, sed pecuniae, Ph. 4, 3, 26*; *add Haut. 2, 3, 113*; *aguntur iniuriae sociorum, agitur uis legum, agitur existimatio ueritasque iudiciorum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 113*; *agitur populi Romani gloria...*; *agitur salus sociorum..., aguntur uectigalia..., Man. 6*; *libertas agitur populi Romani, Phil. 7, 27*; *Nam tua res agitur, paries cum proximus ardet, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 84*; *quum fama eius ageretur, Liv. 27, 34, 7*; *pars tertia muudi, Ov. M. 5, 372*; **IV 57.** *of the mind, work at or upon, meditate, Nescio quid certe mens mea manus agit, Ov. her. 12, 212*; *but not to this § belong Tac. h. 2, 26; 3, 35*; *Val. F. 3, 392*; **58.** *ago as opp. to facio, speaks of the*



labour, whether of body or mind without reference to result, facio of the result, potest aliquid facere et non agere, ut poeta facit fabulam et non agit; actor agit et non facit, Varr. 1. 6, 8; (sunt) aliae (artes positae) in agendo quarum in hoc finis est et ipso actu perficitur, nihilque post actum operis relinquit quae *πρακτικη* dicitur qualis saltatio est; aliae in effectu quae operis consummatione finem accipiunt quam *ποιητικη* appellamus qualis est pictura, Quint. 2, 18, 1 and 2; V 59. agens part. as adj. euergetic, active, vigorous, oratorem incensum et agentem, Cic. Brut. 317; effective, telling, uteudum imaginibus agentibus acribus..., quae perire autimum possiunt, Cic. or. 2, 358; 60. as sb. one who brings an actioui, plaintiff, claimant, quod iuter agentem et debitorem conuenit, Marc. dig. 22, 3, 23; quod intersit agentis, Paul. 2, 11, 12, 1; quanti agentis intersit, Gai. dig. 2, 13, 10, 3; 61. esp. agentes in rebus, officers under the later empire w. extensivo powers in all places, state-inquisitors, Th. C. 14, 11, 1; 8, 8; 8, 5, 7; cum Apodemio agente in rebus, Amm. 14, 11, 19; Gaudentius agens in rebus, 15, 3, 8; add 16, 5, 11 etc.; 62. in gramm. active, agentia uerba, Gell. 18, 12, 1 and 10.

**āgo**, ōnis, m. a mountain, (antiqui) agoues dicebant montes, Paul. ex F. 10.

**āgōga**, or -ē, ae, es, f. lit. a leading (as of water), hence a treuch, Plin. 33, 76, a term introduced into Spain by Greek miners; 2. a term in music opp. to *πλοκη*, Mart. C. 9, 323 G, 360, 3 Eyss.

**āg-ōlum**, i, n. [ag-o] a shepherd's crook, ap. Paul. ex F. 29.

**āgōn**, ōnis, m. an assembly, esp. for games, a contest, gymnicus apud Viennenses, Plin. ep. 4, 22, 1; agona ib. 3 and 7; musiei agones, Suet. Ner. 22; add 23; agon et iu Elide Ioui Olympio et Romae Capitolio quinto quoque anno redeunte celebratur, Censor. 18, 4; cf. Suet. Dom. 4; nuc demum agona esse, Suet. Ner. 45; add Th. C. 15, 7, 3; 16, 10, 3.

**āgōnālis**, e, adj. [for Agouialis?] of the god Agonius, 2 title prob. of Ianus, hence Agonalia n. pl. the festival of the same, Agonalia eius festiuitatem, ap. Paul. ex F. 10; Ianus Agonali luce piandus erit, Ov. F. 1, 318; see Agonius.

**āgōnensis**, e, adj. [ago, a mountain] an old name of the porta Collina of Rome, ap. Paul. ex F. 10; 2. Agonensis as sb. m. pl. the priests of the Agonia, Varr. 1. 6, 3.

**āgōnista**, ae, m. one who contends for a prize, Aug. serm. 343 f.

**āgōnistarcha**, ae, m. president of public games, inser. Grut. 38, 5.

**āgōnisticus**, adj. of a public contest, causa, Tert. cor. mil. 13.

**āgōnium**, see

**āgōnius**, adj. [ago, a mountain] as sb. m. the title of a god, prob. Ianus, Agonium putabant deum dici praesidentem rebus agendis (?), Paul. ex F. 10; 2. Agonium as sb. n. a single day of his festival, ib.; 3. Agonia n. pl. the festival held twice in the year, first V Id. Ian. Agon., fast. Maff. CIL 304; f. Praen. p. 312; also on the XII Kal. Iun., Agon. NP; Ad Ianum redeat, qui quaerit Agonia quid sint, Ov. F. 5, 321; Ago. NP, f. Esquil. CIL 310; 4. agonia as sb. f. (sc. ouis or uictima—cf. our term Southdown) hostiam antiqui agoniam uocabant, Paul. ex F. 10; agonia hostia, Gloss. Isid.; agoniae uictimae uel hostiae, Gloss. Plac.; agonia (agonia Seal. cj.) *τεπειον*, Gloss. Labb.

**āgōnōthēsia**, ae, f. presidency at the games, Th. C. 12, 1, 109; as a Gk. word, Ulp. dig. 10, 2, 20, 7.

**āgōnōthēta**, or -es, ae, m. president at the games, Q. Memmio Maerino q(uaestori) II iur. Massil(iae)... Agonothetae, inser. Or. 4024; add Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18, 17; Spart. Hadr. 13, 1; Tert. mart. 3.

**āgōnōthēticus**, adj. of an agonotheta, possessions, Nov. Mare. 3, 3, 1, 1.

**āgōrānōmus**, i, adj. as sb. m. superintendent of markets, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 45.

**āgrālis**, adj. of land, uocabula, Frontin. col. f.

**āgrammātos**, adj. unlettered, Vit. 1, 1, 13.

**āgrārī-ensis**, e, adj. See Th. C. 7, 17, 1.

**āgr-ārius**, a, um, adj. of land, lex, a law for division of public land among the plebs, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 4; Liv. 2, 41, 3; triumuir a., a commissioner for the same, Liv. 27, 21, 10; agrariam rem temptant, agitation for the same, Cic. off. 2, 78; uiae, private roads, Ulp. dig. 43, 8, 2, 22; lex, a law against removal of land marks, Call. dig. 47, 21, 3; parentes, Aur. V. ep. 40; stationes, outposts stationed in the country, Amm. 14, 3, 2; and absol. (tirones urbani) in agrariis plurimum detinendi sunt, Veg. mil. 1, 3; 2. agrarii absol., the agrarian party, i.e. advocates for division of public lands, Cic. Cat. 4, 4; Phil. 7, 18; Liv. 3, 1, 2.

**āgrātīcum**, adj. u. as sb. payment as for land, Th. C. 7, 20, 11.

**āgrestis**, e, adj. [impl. a n. sb. agrus, w. t. exeresc.] of land, rustic, country-, hospitium, Cic. Att. 2, 16 f.; musa, Lucr. 5, 1398; poma, Verg. 7, 111; falx, Tib. 2, 5, 28; tauri, opp. to siluestres, Plin. 8, 74; feminae, 37, 44; 2. esp. w. a tone of reproach, as uncivilized, boorish, rude, rough, wild, savage, coarse, clownish, domino agresti ac furioso, Cic. sen. 47; quae barbaria India agrestior\*, Cic. Tusc. 5, 77; a fera agrestique uita ad hunc humanum cultum deducere, Cic. or. 1, 33; forenses causas agrestioribus\* Musis reliquerunt, Cic. or. 12; Aborigines genus hominum agreste, Sal. Cat. 6, 1; 3. hence of a wild beast, = ferinus, uultus Achelous agrestes... addidit undis, Ov. M. 9, 96; agrestem detraxit figuram (of Io), Prop. 2, 33, 13; 4. agrestis as a sb. a rustic or clown, in conuento agrestium, Cic. Mur. 61; add Verg. 9, 11; Tib. 1, 1, 39; 5. comp. \* above; sup. agrestissimas gentes, Cassiod. ep. 7, 4; 6. agrestius, comp. adv. Spart. Hadr. 3, 1.

**āgrīc-ior**, adj. comp. [impl. an adj. = *αγροικος*] more rustic, more savage, Jul. V. Alex. 62.

**āgrī-cōl-ā**, ae, m. tiller of the ground, farmer, Cic. Rose. Am. 47; Deiot. 27; genus agricolum (note gen.) Luer. 4, 586; O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint Agricolas, Verg. G. 2, 459; 2. carmine nostro Redditur agricolis gratia caelibus, Tib. 2, 1, 36; 3. as a cognomen, Gnaeus Iulius Agricola, Tac. Agr. 4.

**āgrīcōlā-ris**, e, adj. of a farmer, opus, Pall. insit. 3.

**āgrīcōlātio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. agricolor] farming, Colum. 1 pr. 6 and 11; 1, 1, 1.

**āgrīcōl-or**? vb. r. in Capitol. Alb. 11, 7 read agri colendi.

**āgrī-cultio**? read *divisim*, agri cultio in Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 226; sen. 56.

**āgrī-cultor**? read *divisim*, agri cultor, in Liv. 26, 35, 5; and in Paul. dig. 22, 3, 25, 1.

**āgrī-cultura**? read *divisim*, agri cultura in Cic. off. 1, 151; and Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3.

**āgrīfolia**, see *aquifolia*.

**āgrīgent-um**, i, n. dim. [*Ακραγαντ-*, +um = E. oek] a Greek city on the S. coast of Sicily, now Girgenti, oppidum Acragas quod Agrigentum nostri dixerunt, Plin. 3, 89;

2. for suffix cf. Tarent-um (*Ταραντ-*), Buxent-um (*Βυζονεντ-*), Metapont-um (*Μεταποντ-*), Beneuent-um or Malenent-um (*Μαλεονεντ-*); as also our Breck(o)n-oek from Breckon, Arbroath, once also called Aber-broth-oek, on the mouth of the r. Broth.

**āgrīmensor**, ōris, m. land-measurer or -surveyor, Aium. 19, 11, 8; Cassiod. var. 3, 52.

**āgrīmonia**, see *argemonia*.

**āgrīon**, adj. n. wild, Plin. 12, 45; 19, 82; 2. absol. of some plant, semen agrii, Veg. vet. 5, 58, 2.

**āgrīo-phyllon**, n. a plant = peucedanum, Apul. herb. 95.

**āgrī-pēt-a**, ae, m. a coveter of land, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; Att. 15, 29, 3; 16, 1, 2.

**āgrīppa**, ae, m. (?) a cognomen, as of M. Vipsanius (al. Vips.) Agrippa; Fructibus Agrippae Siculis, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 1; add 1, 12, 26; matrisque sub ulnis Milēs Agrippa suae, Manil. 1, 796; 2. Plin. 7, 45 interprets it as in pedes naseens, w. a silly etyuoan.

**āgrīppina**, ae, f. daughter of Agrippa; 2. a d. of this Agrippina, and mother of Nero, Plin. 7, 46; 3. a title of Colonia from the latter (Cologne), Tac. an. 12, 27; Aur. V. 33.

**āgrīppīnensis**, adj. of Agrippina, colonia, Plin. 4, 106; 2. inhabitant of Colonia Agrippina, Tac. Germ. 28.

**Āgrius**, adj. or sb., name of a Roman gens, Cn. Agrius Cn. f. Pollio, CIL 1184.

**āgrōstis**, is, f. couch-grass? Apul. herb. 77.

**āgr-ōsus**, adj. abounding in land, homo, Varr. 5, 1 f. **ah**, see a interj.

**aha?** older form of ah, says Prisc. 1, 48, 25 K; and in mss of Pl. but rejected by metre: perli. a dittograph for ah a; read in Pl.: Manum da et squere. A minume. Quid ita? Quia istoc inlecebrosius..., Bac. 1, 1, 54; A Bellerophontem tunc me fecit filius, 4, 7, 12; Ita sunt gloriae meretricum. A tace. Quid est obsecro, Truc. 4, 4, 36; Set quid ais mea hilara lepida? A nimium familiariter, Rud. 4, 3, 6; Lepide excuratus incesti (mss incestisti), mi amice. A hodie frustra's, Cas. 3, 6, 6.

**Āhāla**, ae, m. [=āla, armpit?] a cognomen, Brutus Ahala, on a denar. CIL 465; on a coin of Servilius, Eckh. 6, 20; (C. Servilius...) Ahala, fast. Cap. a. n. o. 276; C. Servilius A., Cic. sen. 56; Cicero (or. 153) wrongly derives ala from axilla, Quomodo uclstet Axilla Ala factus est, nisi fuga litterar nastioris?

**aheneus**, see acueus.

**Āhēno-barbus**, adj. brazen-beard, as cognomen, (L.) Domitio Cn. f. Ahenobarb. cos., CIL 571, 17.

**ahenum**, see aenum.

**Aiedius**, m. name of a Roman gens, P. Aiedius Trupho, CIL 1023.

**Aienus**, m. a cognomen, L. Aienus, L. f., CIL 603, 1.

**aiēntia**, ae, f. (aiens part.), affirmation, (opponitur) aiēntia negationi, Mart. Cap. 4, p. 118, 13 Eysa.

**āio**, or ā-io, vb. def. [akin to E. aye and yea, to G. ja] say yes, affirm, opp. to nego, uel tu mi aias uel neges, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 14; add Men. 1, 2, 52; An nata est sponsa praegnas? uel āi uel nega, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 541, 21 K; Negat quis, nego; ait, āio, Ter. Eunn. 2, 2, 21; quasi ego id curem quid ille aiat aut neget, Cic. fin. 2, 70; 'quia nunc aiunt quod tunc negabant.' Quid ergo? ista condicio est testium ut quibus creditum non sit negantibus, isdem credatur aiēntibus\*, Cic. Rab. post. 34; add acad. pr. 2, 104; fin. 3, 91; negantia...e contrario aiēntibus\*—affirmative propositions, Cic. top. 49; Varius ait...Seaurus negat, Quint. 5, 12, 10; **2.** gen. affirm, say, Tun, senex, āis habitare med in illisee aedibus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 68; uinctos nescio quos āit, As. 2, 2, 19; Āit sese ire ad Archidemum Chaerem Chaerestratum, 5, 2, 15; Rhodiensis superbos esse aiunt, Cato orig. p. 25, 3 lord.; ait se iudices ex lege uelle sortiri, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 42; quem ex itinere retractum aiēbant, Sal. Cat. 48, 3; andendum, non consulendum ait in tanto malo esse, Liv. 22, 53, 7; Sic ait et dicto citius timida aequora placat, Verg. 1, 146; sic aiens\* uaseulum ei tradidit, Apul. M. 6, 13 f.; **3.** at times introduces the direct orat., as inquit does: Ennio delector, ait quispiam, quod..., Cic. or. 36; esp. in poets, uestrum Testor numen, āit, Verg. 2, 155; quid, āit, tua crimina prodis? Ov. her. 11, 49; Non sum moechus, āis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 72; o te, Bolanc, cercbri Felieeni! aiēbam tacitus, 1, 9, 12; **4.** leg. solemnly declare, hunc ego hominem ex iure Quiritium meum esse āio, Gai. 1, 119; add 2, 24; 3, 167; 4, 16; **5.** esp. of oracles, magistrates, laws, Aio te, Aenecida, Romanos uincere posse, Enn. an. 186 V; aiunt aediles: qui mancipia nendunt certiores faciant emptores quid..., Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1; add 21, 19, 5; ait senatus..., dig. 5, 3, 20, 7 and 17; 5, 3, 25, 2; ut ait lex, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 64, 6 and 10; **6.** aiunt, they say, of proverbs and quaint phrases, immo quod aiunt, auribus teneo lupum, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 1; add 5, 2, 3; docebo, sus ut aiunt, oratorem eum quem..., Cic. or. 2, 233; add Pis. 69; hac urget lupus, hac canis, aiunt, Hor. s. 2, 2, 64; et quod aiunt, pedibus in sententiam meam nado, Apul. M. 2, 7, 1;

**7.** ain tu uero? and like phrases, do you really mean this, followed by a question, Ain tu uero uerbero? deos 'sse tui similis putas? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 128; Ain tandem? cuius Glycerumst? Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 4; ain tandem? insanire tibi uideris quod imitere uerborum meorum ut scribis fulmina? Cic. fam. 9, 21, 1; ain tandem? num castra uallata non habetis?—wh. ain may be addressed to one person, not, as some assume, to many—Liv. 10, 25, 6; **8.** quid ais? is used in two ways, either in surprise, what

do you say? you surely don't mean it, S. argentum hic inest quod me dudum rogasti. T. Quid tu ais? Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 21; hem quid ais scelus? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 58; **9.** or merely to introduce a question, just answer me this, =Fr. dis moi un peu, D. Sed quid ais? A. quid nis? D. Dic quo iter inceptas? Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 27; D. sed quid ais Astaplum? A. quid nis? D. Estne intus nunc Phronesium? 1, 2, 85; quid ais? quid nomen tibi est? Amph. 1, 1, 20S; add 1, 1, 262; 2, 1, 73; Trin. 4, 2, 108; As. 5, 2, 46; Bac. 1, 1, 45; Most. 3, 1, 87; **10.** forms in use of aio besides those given above, aio, sciat Ciceroni placuisse aiio Maiamque geminata i scribere, Quint. 1, 4, 11; **11.** aiabant, quibusnam te aiabant ortum locis, Ace. ap. Prisc. 2, 542, 2 K; bnt in Pl. (even Ambr.) and Ter. (euue Bomb.) always aiēb., even wh. metre claims aiēb., as: Vidisse aiēbas te oculantem atque amplexantem cum altero, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 49; add Trin. 2, 4, 27; 4, 2, 114; 5, 2, 16; Bac. 2, 3, 34; Produxit aiēbas? Factum: uerum uenit post insaniens, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 34; add 4, 6, 5; but aiēbat required in: Te nelle uxorem aiēbat tuo gnato dare, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 33; and in next verse, **12.** aisti, Aug. ep. 54 med. and 174; perh. ait is a perf. in Verg. and Ov. of § 3, cf. Prob. 1482 P; **13.** imp. ai in Naev. § 1; but not in Pl. Truc. 5, 49; **14.** part. aiēus; see \* above.

**al**, sb. n.? [root of dim. all-ium?] garlic?, Tau Gallicum, min, al, Verg. catal. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 28; Dic quid significet catalesta Maronis? in his al Celtarum posuit, Aus. grammat. 5; but in catal. of V. all dub. (see Ribbeck 3, 151).

**āla**, ae, f. [from a lost āhala (peuult. prob. ā), preserved in prop. name Ahala; hence dim. ax-illa; and so =μασχ-ἀλη armpit; cf. uclum uexillum, G. segci; māla maxilla, w. μασσω (μαχ) and μασσαομαι; pālus paxillus w. pango (pag); tālus taxillus w. ἀστραγαλός; panlum paxillum w. panci: qualum quasillum w. Eng. wicker]. (Article left unfinished).

**alabandina**, adj. f. as sb. (gemma), a precious stone found near Alabanda, Isid. or. 16, 13.

**Ālābarches**, or Arab-arches, ac, m. the magistrate who had charge of the Arab population of Alexandria, Inu. 1, 130; **2.** a nickname for Pompey in Cic. Att. 2, 17, 3.

**Ālābaster**, tri, m. adj. as sb. m. (lapis) or -trum, tri, n. alabaster, i.e. some calcareous spar, esp. a box of same to hold perfumes, alabaster plenus unguenti, Cic. ap. Nou. 545, 12; redolent alabastra, Mart. 11, 8, 9; **2.** met. cortice in uiridis alabastro fastigato, Plin. 21, 14; unguenta optume seruantur in alabastris, 13, 19; Ac teretes onyches fuci gracilesque alabastris, inscr. Or. 4832, 7.

**ālabāstrites**, ae, m. a stone, Plin. 36, 15S; 37, 73.

**ālabāstritis**, adj. f. as sb. (gemma), a gem of some kind, Plin. 37, 143.

**ālabāstrum**, see alabaster.

**ālācer**, cris, crē, adj. [through a lost āl-āc-er, from sāl-ac- a secondary vb. from sal-leap, =āl of ἀλλομαι, āl of ἀλτο ἀλμενος; and so =ελ-αφ-ρος; and akin to ελαφ-ος, as also to Lat. lep-us, and λαγ-ως] lit. leaping well, bounding, springy, cum alacribus saltu, cum uelocibus cursu, cum naliidis ueete certabat (sc. Cn. Pompeius), Sal. ap. Veget. r. mil. 1, 9 f.; Sicūt (so mss, a troch. beg.) inēiti atque alacres rostris perfremunt Delphini, Acc. 403 R; **2.** w. added notion of joy, bounding with delight, gay, full of life, in high spirits, equum alacrem lactus aspexit, Cic. div. 1, 73; cum feras bestias uideamus alacres et erectas nadere ut alteri bestiae noceant, ad Her. 2, 29; **3.** esp. of man, Cum clamore inuolant, inpetu alacri ruunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 90; quid tu es tristis, quidne es alacris\*? (Chaera united the two feelings), Ter. Eunn. 2, 3, 13; Tum pariter euhant... euhium Ignotus iuuenum coetus alterna uice inibat alacris. Bacchico exsultas (=exultans) modo, Enn. trag. 152 V; Chrysis...alacris obuiam iuuii ueniet complexum exoptans meum, Trab. 4 R; ex alacri atque lacto sic erat humilis atque demissus ut..., Cic. Verr. 1, 17; Catiliam (uidebant) alacrem atque laetum, Cic. Mur. 49; an timebant ne alacres perterritum superare non possent? Cic. Cacl. 66; sed quo sis, Africane, alacrior ad tutandam rempublicam, sic habeto, Cic. rep. 6, 13; add inv. 1, 102; cum sua cunctatione timidiore hostes, nostros alacriores ad pugnandum effecissent,



Caes. b. g. 3, 24, 5; add 5, 33, 5; b. c. 3, 25, 2; isque...alacris\* (al. lacrimans) palmas utrasque tetendit, Verg. 6, 685; ille enimvero adsiit Donationis alacer certae gaudio, Phaedr. 2, 5, 22; alacer uulgus, Tac. an. 11, 17; 4. met. joyous, or exhibiting joy, alacres animo suus, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 9; alacri et prompto ore, Cic. or. 1, 184; alacris siluas, Verg. B. 5, 58; enses, Claud. Eut. 2, 280; 5. even of the excitement of hatred, or the pleasure of revenge, Sic alacres odio, Stat. Th. 1, 425; 6. *alacriter*, adv. with alacrity, briskly, a. in certamen consurgentem, Amm. 19, 2, 17; 7. note alacris as fem. \*; cf. too Char. 82, 31 K; 113, 31; Prisc. 152, 18; 229, 20; 230, 21; Prob. inst. 2, 1, 27; 8. note the penult. of *alacris* etc. always short; 9. referred by Donat. ad Ter. to *αδακρος* (!); by ps. Aescn. ad Cic. Verr. made the opposite to lacer; as if a of a-lacer = a priv.

**alacritas**, *ātis*, f. joyous bounding, springing habit, tanta (canum) a. in unando, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; 2. met. exultation, transport of joy or delight, inanis alacritas, id est, laetitia gestiens, Cic. Tusc. 4, 36; uir sine aegritudine, sine alacritate ulla, 5, 48; (galli) uictores alacritate et quasi laetitia ad canendum excitantur, Cic. div. 2, 56; add Liv. 2, 10, 10; 3. hence, ardour, eagerness, alacrity, ad litigandum, Cic. Att. 2, 7, 2; scribondi, 16, 3, 1; defendendae rei publicae, Cic. Phil. 4, 1; add Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 4; b. c. 3, 92, 3; 4. in pl. Gell. 19, 12, 4.

**alacriter**, see alacer.

**ālāpa**, ae, f. [= *κλαφος*, and perh. our slap: for loss of k cf. acumen] slap in the face, box on the ear, buff, cuff, ridere potest qui Mamercorum ālāpas, Iuv. 8, 192; dignus alapis, Mart. 5, 61, 11; add Phaedr. 2, 5, 25; 5, 3, 2; alarum procellas, Sidon. ep. 3, 13.

**ālāpātor** = *καυχητής* (boaster), Gloss.

**ālāpo**, āre, = *δαπιζω*, Gloss.

**ālāpus** = parasitus, Gloss.

**ālāris**, e, adj. of the āla or wing (of an army), cohortes, Liv. 10, 40, 8; 2. absol. of allied cavalry, alares Pannonios, Tac. an. 15, 10.

**ālārius**, adj. the same, cohortes, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; 1, 83, 1; 2, 18, 1; equites, Liv. 40, 40, 9; 2. absol. alarii Transpadani, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 7; add Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 1 (bis).

**alaternus** (alternus), i, f. a shrub, perh. evergreen buckthorn, unlucky as bearing no fruit, Colum. 7, 6, 1; Plin. 16, 108; alternus, Macr. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 3.

**ālātōr**, ōris, m. one stationed on the wing in the chase, Serv. ad A. 4, 121.

**ālātus**, quasi-part. winged, plantis, Verg. 4, 259; equis, Ov. F. 3, 415; pede, 5, 666.

**ālāuda**, ae, f. [a Celtic word, perh. for alau-ida, and so akin to our laver-ock, now lark] lark, galerita (cf. *κορυδος*) appellata quondam, postea Gallico uocabulo etiam legionis nomen dederit alaudae, Plin. 11, 121; add Marc. Emp. 39;

2. name of soldiers in the 5th legion, as of Gauls, and wearing crested helmets, Alaudae ceterique ueterani, Cic. Phil. 13, 3; cum legione Alaudarum, Cic. Att. 16, 8, 2; (legionem) ex Transalpinis conscriptam, uocabulo quoque Gallico, Alauda enim appellabatur, Suet. Caes. 24; trib. mil. leg. V Alaudae, inser. Or. 773; bucinatori leg. V Alaudae, 3522; add 6675, 6945; 3. a cognomen, Mart. 12, 58, 2.

**ālāusa**, ae, f. a fish, Anson. Mos. 127; anguillae et alausae et sardinae, auct. anon. Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 226; G. alouse or else.

**ālāzon**, ōnis, adj. or sb. m. boaster = gloriosus, Alazon graece huic nomen est comediae, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 8.

**alba**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a pearl, Lampr. Hel. 21, 3 and 4; *αλβαι οι μαργαροι* Suid.

**Alba**, ae, f. a city of Latium, Olli respondit rex Albai longai, Enn. ap. Atil. F. 2691 P; add Verg. 1, 274; Liv. 1, 3, 3; 2. another, Alba Marsorum or Fucens, xx cohortes Alba ex Marsis et Pelignis coegerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 7; Soram atque Albam coloniae deductae, Liv. 10, 1, 1; add Plin. 3, 106; 3. also called Alba Pompeia, Imp...Constantino ciuitas Albae Pompeiae, inser. Or. 5105.

**albāmen**, inis, n. [albo vb.] the white part, porri, Apic. 2, 59; porrorum 3, 65.

**albāmentum**, i, n. the same, oni (white of an egg), Apic. 5, 196; albamentis onorum tribus, 6, 249.

**Albānus**, adj. of Alba (in Latium), pax, Liv. 1, 27, 1; exercitus, 1, 28, 1; uinum, Plin. 14, 30; columnas (of Alban marble, peperino), Quint. 5, 13, 40; so: lapicidinae, Vitruv. 2, 7, 1; comissatio, as given at the festival on the Alban mountain, Mart. 12, 48, 11; mons, Liv. 1, 3, 3; Plin. 3, 64; lacus, 5, 15, 14; nemus, 5, 15, 2; 2. Albani, the people of Alba, Liv. 1, 27, 3; 1, 28, 2; 3. Albanum, a villa near Alba (of Pompey's), Cic. Att. 4, 11, 1; 7, 5, 3.

**albārius**, a, um, adj. for making white, opus, plastering of walls, Plin. 36, 177; Vitruv. 7, 2, 1; tector, Tert. idol. 8, a plasterer; 2. albarium as sb. n. the white plaster (itself), tectoriorum albaria, 35, 194; add 36, 183; 3. albarius as sb. m. a plasterer, C. Ateio albario, inser. Or. 4142.

**albātus**, quasi-part. whitened—esp. dressed in white (as at a festival), eum ipse epuli dominus albatus esset, tu in templum te cum C. Fibulo atrato intulisti, Cic. Vat. 31; Ille repotia natales aliosue diurni Festos albatus celebret, Hor. s. 2, 2, 61; add Pers. 2, 41; 2. of the factions at public races, excusso in carceribus auriga albato, Plin. 8, 160; uici in factione albata CII, inser. Or. 2593; add inser. Grut. 337.

**albēdo**, inis, f. [later form of albugo] whiteness, Sulpic. hist. sacr. 1, 16; Cassiod. ep. 12, 4 f.

**Albensis** (Albesis), e, adj. of the town Alba Marsorum, cum duae sint Albae, ab nna dicuntur Albani, ab altera Albenses, Varr. l. 8, 18; Albani dicuntur ab Alba, Albenses ab Alba Fuente, Char. 106, 1 K; add Plin. 3, 106; 15, 83; Albenses nuces, 15, 90; ciuitas, inser. Or. 2332; r. p. Alb(ensium) Pompeianorum, 2179; 2. Albesia scuta quibus Albenses qui sunt Marsi generis usi sunt, Paul. ex F. 4.

**albeo**, ēre, vb. be white, albente caelo, Sis. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 35; Caes. b. c. 1, 68, 1; campique ingentes ossibus albeo, Verg. 12, 36; add Ov. her. 15, 161; Tac. an. 1, 61; 6, 43 (37); 15, 64; Sil. 4, 252.

**albesco**, ēre, vb. get whiter, mare qua a sole conluet, albescit, Cic. acad. pr. 105; Flammaram longos a tergo (i. e. stellarum) albescere tractus, Verg. G. 1, 367; add A. 4, 586; Hor. od. 3, 14, 25; Plin. 10, 13; 11, 214; 18, 352; albescente die—at early dawn—Paul. dig. 28, 2, 25, 1.

**albesia**, see albensis.

**Albianus**, adj. of Albius, pecunia, Cic. Clu. 82; iudicium, Cic. Caecin. 28.

**albi-cāpillus**? adj. white haired, Si albicapillus (a ej. of Bothe) hic uidetur, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 37.

**albicasco**, ēre, vb. get a little white, Iam iam albicascit Phoebus, Mat. ap. Gell. 15, 25, 1.

**albicēris** (or -ēra?), adj. f. (sc. olea of white wax), a kind of olive, albicerem, Cato r. 6, 1; Varr. r. 1, 24, 1; albiceram, Plin. 15, 20 (professing to copy Cato); albigerus (by error), Macr. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 6.

**albicēra**, quasi-part. f. covered w. white wax, a fig so called, Plin. 15, 60; cf. Albaque quae seruat flauae cognomina cerae, Colum. 10, 417.

**albicō**, āre, vb. dim. [=albicasco, the fuller form] become or be somewhat white, albicantis loca litoris adiit, Cat. 63, 87; Nec prata canis albicant pruinis, Hor. od. 1, 4, 4; ex nigro albicare incipit, Plin. 27, 40; flos albicat, 27, 139; 2. as a vb. r. riuus offensus scopulo lapidoso albicatur, Varr. ap. Non. 75, 20.

**Albico**, ōnis, in. a cognomen, Eppupa Albiconis filia, inser. Grut. 1122, 6.

**albi-cōlor**, ōris, adj. white coloured, Coripp. 1, 429.

**albi-cōmus**, adj. white-haired, Venant. S. Mart. 4, 2.

**albi-dūlus**, adj. dim. whitish, Pallad. 3, 25, 12.

**albidus**, adj. white, pale, spuma, Ov. M. 3, 74; granum, Colum. 2, 9, 13; pus albidus, Cels. 5, 28, 4; pus albidissimum, 5, 26, 20; color caeruleo albidior, Plin. ep. 8, 20, 4.

**albīneus**, adj. cream-coloured? colores (equorum) hi praecipui, badius aureus albīneus . . . albus . . . , Pall. 4, 13, 4.

**Albinianus**, adj. [is to Albinus much as Caesarianus: Caesar] of Albinus, ab Albinianis Seueri duces uicti sunt, Spart. Sev. 10, 7.

**Albinia**, ae, a river of Hetruria, tab. Peuting.

**Albinōuānus**, m. a cognomen, Celsus A., Ilor. ep. 1, 8, 1; 2. esp. C. Pedro A., Ov. Pont. 4, 10, 4; Sen. ep. 122, 15.

**albinus**, as sb. m. = albarius, a plasterer, Imp. Const. C. 64, 1; **2.** Albinus, a cognomen, L. Post. Alb. on a coin, CIL 318; A. Albinus, 375; A. Postumius Albinus, Liv. 41, 27, 1.

**Albiona**, ager trans Tiberim dicitur a lueo Albionarum quo loco bos alba sacrificabatur, Paul. ex F. 4.

**albi-plūmis**, e, adj. of white down, Anth. 3, 273 Burm.

**albitūdo**, inis, f. whiteness, capitis, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 32.

**Albius**, m. name of a gens, C. Alb. Rutilus, CIL 830; Hor. s. 1, 4, 28.

**albo**, āre, vb. [albus] make white, whiten, Prise. periog. 431.

**albō-gālērūs**, i, m. white eap worn by the flamen Dialis, Paul. ex F. 10; cf. (flamen Dialis) solum album habet galerum, Varr. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 32.

**albō-gilūus**, adj. pale-yellow, Serv. G. 3, 82.

**albor**, ōris, m. white, ouorum, Pall. 11, 14, 9; Apic. 1, 6; Scrib. comp. 24; Pl. Val. 1, 19.

**albucus**, i, n. stalk of the asphodel, Plin. 21, 109 and 110; 26, 21; Apul. herb. 32.

**albuclis**, is, f. adj. as sb. a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 24; Plin. 14, 31.

**albūginōsus**, adj. jaundiced, Veg. vet. 5, 55.

**albūgo**, inis, f. whiteness, oculi, cataract, Plin. 21, 171; 22, 22 and 159 etc.; **2.** a white eruption on the head, 26, 160.

**Albūla**, adj. f. as sb. an old name of the Tiber, Verg. 8, 332; Ov. F. 4, 68; Plin. 3, 53; **2.** a river of Picenum, 3, 110; **3.** Albulae aquae, sulphur springs near Tibur, 31, 10; τα Αλβουλα ὑδάτα, Strab.; Canaque sulphureis Albula fumat aquis, Mart. 1, 12, 2; add Suet. Aug. 82; **4.** as a nymph of the same, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 75.

**Albūleus**, adj. of the Albulae sulphur springs, iseriz. Fr. Arv. Marin. 393.

**albūlus**, adj. diu. little and white, eolumbus, Catul. 29, 8; freta, Mart. 12, 98, 4.

**album**, see albus.

**albūmen?** in Plin. 28, 66 read w. best mss oui albo.

**albūmentum**, i, n. white, oui, Veg. vet. 3, 57, 1.

**Albuna?** only a cj. reading in Tib. 2, 5, 69, wh. mss Albana, and some edd. Aniena.

**Albūnea**, ae, f. name of a spring near Tibur, Hor. od. 1, 7, 12; **2.** of a mountain, Verg. 7, 83; **3.** of a goddess or Sibyl, Laet. 1, 6.

**alburnum**, i, n. [albus + ?] the soft wood of trees next to the bark, Plin. 16, 182.

**albus**, a, um, adj. white, dentes, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 48; quadrigis, As. 2, 2, 13; cano capite atque alba barba, Bac. 5, 1, 15; corpore albo\*, oculis nigris, Capt. 3, 4, 114; Album an atrum uinum potas? Men. 5, 5, 18; atras capras laete album habere, Cato ap. Char. 102 K; alba discernere et atrat non poterat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; quae alba sint, quae nigra dicere, Cic. div. 2, 9; uultu mutabilis, albus et ater†, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 189; **2.** hence prov. uide quam fe amarit is qui albus aterne fuerit ignoras, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; Nec scire utrum sis albus an ater† homo, Cat. 93, 2; **3.** white sacred to gods above, as black to gods below, Alba decent Cererem, uestis Cerialibus albas Sumite. Nunc pulli uelleris usus abest, Ov. F. 4, 619; cf. Cic. Vatin. 31; color albus praecipue decorus deo est, Cic. leg. 2, 45; **4.** hence as lucky, favorable, Omnibus e nigro color est mutatus in album Candidaque... sententia soluit, Ov. M. 15, 46; per me quidem (pron. quem) sint omnia protinus alba, Pers. 1, 110; **5.** hence prov. gallinae filius albae, Iuv. 13, 141; si errori nostro album calculum adieceris (acquit or pardon), Plin. ep. 1, 2, 5; **6.** alba auis prov. for something rare (a white crow), quasi auem albam (aluum M) uidentur bene sentientem cuium uidere, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; **7.** alba linea signare, to mark white paper w. a white line, i.e. make next to no distinction, Et amabat omnes; nam ut discrimen non facit Neque signat linea alba, Lucil. ap. Non. 282, 28 and 405, 19; in quas res eumque inciderant, alba ut dicitur linea, sine cura discriminis... conuertebant, Gell. pr. 11; **8.** a palish white, acc. to Serv. G. 3, 82, aliud est candidum, quadam nitenti luce perfusum, aliud album, pallori uic-

num—ef. hedera alba, Verg. B. 7, 38, with hedera pallente, 3, 39; so too, timor albus, Pers. 3, 115; timuit... Raptor in Hyrcano qui fugit albus equo, Mart. 8, 26, 2; see also \* above;

**9.** yet also of what is bright, simul alba nautis Stella refulsit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; Albus ut obscuro deterget nubila caelo Saepe Notus, 1, 7, 15; a. Iapyx, 3, 27, 20; lues, Mart. 10, 62, 6; Sed uerent albusque dies horaeque seroenae, Sil. 15, 53; add Ov. M. 15, 46; and 2, 541 compared w. 2, 534; so tin is plumbum album, Lucr. 6, 1079, but candidum, Plin. 34, 156; **10.** opposed to ater see † above; but also to niger, Cic. div. 2, 9; Phaedr. 3, 15, 10; **11.** comp. and sup. album albus albissimum only in Varr. 1, 8, 39; **12.** as a cognomen, Sp. Postumius A. f. P. n. Albus Regill(ensis), fast. Cap. (a. u. c. 288); **II 13.** album as sb. n. white, sparsis pellibus albo, Verg. B. 2, 41; maculis insignis et albo, G. 3, 56; columnas poliendas albo (white plaster) locauit, Liv. 40, 51, 3; oui, Cels. 6, 6, 0; 7, 7, 11; oculi, 7, 7, 6; but album in oculo, cataract. Colum. 6, 17, 7; **14.** esp. the white ground on wh. public edicts etc. were writteu, ea nomina in tabula in albo atramento scriptos patrem tribum cognomenque... habeto, CIL 198, 14; cam stipulationem quam... in albo propositam habet, 205, 1, 25 and 35; add 205, 15 and 18; ca ex commentariis regis in album elata proponere in publico, Liv. 1, 32, 2; **15.** hence a list, iudex ex turba selectorum quem census iu album misit, Sen. ben. 3, 7, 7; Apidium albo senatorio erasit, Tac. an. 4, 42 f.

**Alcāicus**, adj. of Alcaeus the Lesbian poet, Aleaieum (metrum) tale est: Vides ut alta stet niue candidum: hoc, Diom. 509, 32 K; aliud; pones iambis siue flamma, 510, 3; aliud: Vsque meis pluuiosque uentos, 510, 6; item sic: Hoc deos uere Sybarin eur properes amando, 520, 25; aleaieum constat spondo, tribus choriambis, pyrrichio: Pro fas Aeacides prociuit sub Paridis manu, Serv. c. metr. 465, 16; add Sidon. Carm. 1, 9, 13.

**alcē**, ēs or alcis, is, f. elk, sunt quae appellantur alces, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 1; alcen\* (so mss) iuueno similem, Plin. 8, 39 where he speaks of the achlis as Caes. of the alcis; est et alce\* mulis comparanda, Solin. 20, 6.

**alcēa**, ae, f. a species of mallow, Plin. 27, 21; 26, 83. **alcēdo**, (h.) inis, †aleyon, ōnis (h.) f. [αλκυων; some ἀλκυων, as coming fm ἄλς] kingfisher, iam herele tu peristi nisi illam mihi tam traquillum facis, Quam mare olimist eum ibi alcedo (so Prisc., mss alcyo or alcyone) pullos educit suos, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 143; Alceionis ritu litus peruolgans furor, Pac. ap. Varr. l. 7, 5, p. 365 Sp., wh. Varr. Graece ἀλκυων, a nostris alcedo; Dilectae Theidi alcyōnes, Verg. G. 1, 399; desertas alloquer alcyonas, Prop. 1, 17, 2; ante brumam septem diebus totidemque post eam sternit mare alceionum (alcionum a) feturae, Plin. 2, 125; halcyonem nidere rarissimum est 10, 90; circa brumam bis septem, alceionum fetura, uentorum quiete molliunt caelum, 18, 231; an alcedo cum pullis suis tranquillo otio dignior est quam tu cum tuis liberis? Fronto fer. Als. 3, p. 225 Nab.

**alcēdōnia**, n. pl. the seven days before and seven days after shortest day when the sea was calm so as to serve the kingfisher at hatching, Trauquillum est; Alcedōnia sunt circa forum, Pl. Cas. pr. 26; mare ipsum aiunt, ubi alcedonia sunt, fieri feriatum, Fronto fer. Als. 3. **alcībium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [αλκι-βιος] a plant, an antidote to serpent's bite, Plin. 27, 39.

**Alcmānius**, adj. of the poet Aleman, Alcmanium (sc. metrum), iambicum as: Spermis decorae uirginis torum, Serv. c. metr. 458, 16 K; **2.** troch. Fistula canit subulcus, 459, 17; **3.** daet. Tundite pectora palmis, 460, 21 etc.; **4.** anap. Tremulum mare molliflua nitet aura, 462, 10 etc.

**Alcūmaeo**, ōnis, Lat. form of Αλκυμαίων, iuxta non ponebant em...; iude Alceumem et Alceumena, Mar. Vict. 2456, 20 P; Alceumem (potius scribamus), quam (ut antiqui) Alceumem, Tecnessam potius quam interposita u Tecumessam, 2457, 22; **2.** but Acc. ap. Non. 284 v. dedicare; At uerocum te esse Almeonis (so mss) fratrem factis dedicat; and Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 30: Et quidem Alcemaeus atque Orestes et Lyeurgus postea; so Fleck.; but the vetus



has alceus; and Ritschl cj. (opusc. 2, 486) Alcumaeo Orestes.

**Alcūmēna**, ae, f. Latin form of name Αλκμηνη, dr. of Electryon, wife of Amphitryo, Is amare occipit Alcumenam clam uiro, Pl. Amph. pr. 107; add 99, 110, 134; 1, 1, 134 and 135; **2.** cf. for insertion of u, Hercules Ἡρακλῆς; Aesculapius Ἀσκληπιος; Alcumaeo Αλκμαίων; Tecumessa Τεκμησση; Alcumaeus Αλκμαίος; Amuculae Ἀμυκλαί; Patricoles Πατροκλῆς; Daphine Δαφνῆ; drachuma δραχμῆ; techina τεχνη; eucinus κικνός; lucinus λυχνός; guminasium γυμνασιον; cf. Ritschl opusc. 2, 473.

**alcyon**, see alcedo.

**alcyōne**, (ll.) es, f. kingfisher, Perque dies placidos hiberno tempore septem Incubat alcyone pendentibus aequore nidis; Ov. M. 11, 746; see alcedo; **2.** as one of the Pleiads, Ov. her. 19, 133.

**alcyōn-ēus** (-ius), adj. (alcyon) of the kingfisher, alcyonei dies, Colum. 11, 2, 21; see alcedo; **2.** as sb. n. a drug, serving as a cosmetic, Ov. med. fac. 78; alcyoneum e nidis alcyonum, Plin. 32, 86 and 87; add Cels. 5, 6; 5, 18, 26.

**alcyōnis**, idis, adj. f. the same, alcyonides dies, Plin. 10, 90; see alcedo.

**ālea**, ae, f. a die for gambling, dice, Prouocat me in āleam, ut ego ludam. Pono pallium, Pl. Curo. 2, 3, 76; elusi militem inquam in ālea, 5, 2, 11; quod in alea perdidit, and, alea ludere, Cic. Phil. 2, 56; Seu malis uetita legibus alea, Hor. od. 3, 24, 58; aleam sobrii inter seria exercent, Tac. G. 24; si luditur alea pernox, Iuv. 8, 10; quod in alea lustrum est, Paul. dig. 11, 5, 4, 2; **2.** met. tunc Caesar: eatur...lacta alea esto, Suet. Caes. 32 f.;

**3.** gen. chance, risk, gambling, aleam quandam esse in hostiis deligendis, Cic. div. 2, 36; plenum opus aleae, Hor. od. 2, 1, 6; ubi salubritas non est, cultura non aliud est atque alea domini uitae ac rei familiaris, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; in dubiam imperii seruitiūque aleam inus, Liv. 1, 23, 9; **4.** esp. w. emo, nec alea emitur ut in uenatione, Paul. dig. 18, 4, 7; add Ulp. 18, 1, 8, 1.

**ālea-rius**, adj. of dice, of gambling, amicitiae, Amm. 28, 4, 21.

**āleātor**, ōris, m. dice-player, gambler, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 29; Cic. Cat. 2, 23; Phil. 2, 67; de aleatoribus, Dig. 11, 5, tit.

**āleātor-ius**, adj. of dice-players, or gambling, damna, Cic. Phil. 2, 67; forum, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 71; aleatorio ritu, Gell. 18, 13, 6; **2.** aleatorium as sb. n. a gambling house, Sidon. ep. 2, 2 med.

**ālēbris**, e, adj. alebria = bene alētia, Paul. ex F. 25.

**alec**, see hallex.

**ālectōr-ia**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. gemma) a gem, Plin. 37, 144.

**alecūla**, see halecula.

**Aledius**, m. name of a gens, L. Aledius, CIL 1477.

**Alimona**, or Alimona, f. a goddess, aleudis in utero fetibus, Tert. anim. 37.

**āleo**, ōnis, m. dice-player, gambler, Pessimorum pessime, auidax, ganeo, lustro, āleo, Naev. ap. Fest. 29; Nisi impudicus et uorax et aleo, Cat. 29, 2; add 6.

**āl-es**, itis, adj. [ala, it- old base of eo; cf. it-er, com-es, ped-es, equ-es etc.] going on wings, winged, Angues ingentes, alites, iuncti iugo, Pac. ap. Cic. inv. 1, 27; alitis Austri, Verg. 8, 430; deus ales, Ov. M. 2, 714; Ego inter auras aliti enrru uehar, Sen. Med. 1033; **2.** of birds as givung omens by flight, opp. to oscines, auis et alites et oscines ut augures appellat rerum augurandarum causa esse natus, Cic. N. D. 2, 160; add div. 1, 120; Fest. v. oscines, 197; **3.** in poets and later prose, as sb. m. or f. a bird, Aethera quos lapsa plaga Iouis ales, Verg. 1, 398; fuluos Iouis ales, 12, 247; aestiuas alites, Plin. 18, 208; piscium et alitum eapturas, 19, 10; add 116; 23, 28; Inter sapes fertur alitum\* primus...gustus attagenarum, Mart. 13, 71, 1;

**4.** so too for augury even in Cic., non igitur ex alitis inuolatu nec e cantu oscinis...auguror, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 7; mala alite, Hor. epod. 10, 1; **5.** alitum as gen. pl. Verg. 8, 27; Amm. 19, 2, 12; but note alitum\*.

**āl-escō**, ēre, vb. intr. grow, in semestri die quemadmodum quiquam alescere possit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; add 1, 44,

4; and perh. 1, 45, 3; alescendo roborari, 2, 4, 19; Donec alescendi summum tetigere cacumen, Lucr. 2, 1130.

**Alētrinas**, ātis, adj. of Alatrium, ex municipio Aletrinati, Cic. Clu. 46; **2.** absol. as sb. inhabitant of same, Cic. Clu. 56; Plin. 3, 63.

**Alētrinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 3, 105; inscr. Rein. 3, 83.

**Alētrium**, i, n. (Αλητριον) a town of Latium, now Alatri, C. Iulio C. f. Pub. Rufo...III uiro I. D. municipio Aletri, inser. Or. 3785; add Frontin. col.

**ālētūdo**, Inis, f. = corporis pinguedo, Paul. ex F. 27.

**ālexī-pharmācon**, i, n. an antidote, Plin. 21, 146.

**Alfaterni**, orum, m. pl. a people once part of the Aequiculi, Plin. 3, 108.

**Alfellāni**, orum, m. pl. a people in the country of the Hirpini, Plin. 3, 105.

**Alfēnus**, i, m. a cognomen, Alfenus Varus, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 44; Hor. s. 1, 3, 130.

**Alfius**, m. name of a gens, fenerator Alfius, Hor. epod. 2, 67; Colum. 1, 7, 2.

**alga**, ae, f. [same word w. ulva] sc. a weed, alga litus inutili...tempestas...Sternet, Hor. od. 3, 17, 10; inlisa refunditur alga, Verg. 7, 590; Plin. 19, 143; 26, 149; 27, 43; Mart. 10, 16, 5; Val. F. 1, 252; **2.** alga maris = theriace; used for fixing colour in wool, Plin. 32, 66; **3.** as a thing of little value, uilior alga, Verg. B. 7, 42; Hor. s. 2, 5, 8; **4.** Algae, pl. f. a town of Etruria, itin. Anton.

**algensis**, e, adj. of seaweed, growing on it (purpurae genus) algense, enutritum alga, Plin. 9, 131.

**algeo**, ēre, vb. be cold, sapiens, si algebis tremes, Nov. ap. Cic. or. 2, 285; laboribus erudiunt iuentutem..., algendo aestuando, Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; add Plin. 20, 117 and 129; 21, 162; **2.** met. probitas laudatur et alget, Iuv. 1, 74.

**algeo-escō**, ēre, alsi, vb. become cold, sudauit et alsit, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 413; rabiem flammaram algescere cogit, Prud. apoth. 210; **2.** catch cold, Quibus nunc sollicitor rebus! ne ille aut alserit Aut..., Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 11; and met. (uites) aegrotant, oum alserere, laesis uredine attousarum oculis, Plin. 17, 226.

**Algiāna**, adj. f. (sc. olea), a kind of olive, Colum. 5, 8, 3.

**Algidensis**, e, adj. of mount Algidus, Algidense raphani genus, Plin. 19, 81.

**Algidum**, see

**algidus**, adj. icy cold, Vos qui (note troch.) accolitis Histrum fluuium atque algidam..., Naev. ap. Cic. or. 152; alгда Idae niue amieta loca, Cat. 63, 70; Praenestino algado, Symm. ep. 3, 50; **2.** Algidus absol. m. a mountain of Latium, Quaeque Auentinum tenet Algidumqne, Hor. c. saec. 69; gelido prominet Algado, od. 1, 21, 6; nivali pascitur Algado, 3, 23, 9; rapis in Algado natis, Plin. 18, 130; **3.** Algidum, town on Algidus, Flor. 1, 11.

**algi-ficus**, adj. cold-producing, timor algificus (translating ψυχροποιος), Gell. 19, 4, 4.

**algor**, ōris, m. intense cold, corpus patiens algoris, Algor, error, pavor mihi omnia tenent, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 33; neque in igni gignier algor, Luor. 3, 623; algor maxime praegnantibus obest, Varr. r. 2, 7, 10; Sall. Cat. 5, 3; corpus contra algores (note pl.) munire, Plin. 15, 19; uites algore intereunt, 17, 217; (serpentes) uel annua fame durant, algore modo dempto, 8, 139; confectum algore, Tac. h. 3, 22.

**algor-osus**, adj. abounding in seaweed, algosum litus, Auson. ep. 7, 42; **2.** absol. uiuont in algosis (sc. locis), Plin. 32, 95.

**algū**, us, n. intense cold, frost, Nisi ego illam anum interfecero siti fameque atque algu, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 36; Tu uel suda uel peri algu, Rud. 2, 7, 24; Misera obuallata saxo senio paedore alguque et fame, Acc. ap. Non. 72, 8; algu atque nigrore, Lucil. ib.; add Varr. ib.; and perh.: Inopiam luctum maerorem paupertatem algū (mss algum) famem, Pl. ap. Prisc. (?) 192, 14.

**ālīā**, adv. [alius] by another road or way, quum alia (so Aldus etc., mss alii) euadere nequissent, media Afrorum acie...perrupere, Liv. 21, 56, 2; **2.** repeated, by one road...by another, quum alia ininatus alia inrupisset, Flor. 2, 12



(or 28), 7; **3.** or w. another word of same stock, Is (sc. Iuppiter) nos per gentis alium alia disparat, Pl. Rud. pr. 10; equites alii alia in ciuitates suas dilapsi sunt, Liv. 44, 43, 2;

**4.** in Lucr. 6, 986, mss (and so Lachm. Mun.) have alio throughout; Lamb. cj. alia, perh. rightly.

**Alia**, see Allia.

**Alianus**, adj. a proper name, Aliana regio, a district between the Padus and Ticinus, Plin. 19, 9; Aliana lina, flax there grown, ib.

**alias**, adv. [perh. for alia-is, like *τρ-ις*, *πεντακ-ις*] at another time or times, quando (so Bentl. after Acron ad Hor. s. 1, 4, 63; quid, mss w. Charis. 194, 30 K and Caper, ib.) alias malim quam hodie has fieri nuptias, Ter. And. 3, 2, 49; Alias ut uti possim causa hac iutegra, Hec. 1, 2, 5; sed haec alias pluribus, nunc ad institutam disputationem reuertamur, Cic. div. 2, 7; sed cetera alias; nunc aegritudinem depellamus, Tusc. 3, 25; sed id alias, nunc quod instat, 3, 10; in these three exx. note ellipsis of the vb.; si unquam in dicendo fuimus aliquid, aut etiam si nunquam alias fuimus, tum profecto..., Att. 4, 2, 2; si unquam ante alias fuit quod dis gratias ageretis, Liv. 1, 28, 4; non unquam alias ante tantus terror senatum inuasit, 2, 9, 5; add 2, 22, 7; 9, 39, 5; 32, 5, 8; rationes alias reposito, nunc auctoritate contentus eris, 44, 36, 13; semper alias sui arbitrii, tunc..., Suet. Tib. 18;

**2.** hence w. neg., w. or without ante, not before, never before, Non alias caelo ceciderunt plura sereno Fulgura, Verg. G. 1, 487; Augustum, quum incognitum alias haberet, contuitus, simillimum dixit puero, Suet. Aug. 94, p. 361 B; **3.** often repeated, at one time...at another, nec potest quisquam alias beatus esse, alias miser, Cic. fin. 2, 87; ornamentis uti licebit alias contentius, alias submissius, or. 3, 212; quum alias bellum inferrent, alias illatum defenderent, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 5; add 3, 21, 3; 5, 54, 1; b. c. 1, 59, 2; **4.** at times more than twice, as in Cic. inv. 1, 99; Varr. l. 8, p. 448 Sp.; Varr. r. 2, 1, 15; **5.** at times, with an equivalent term, geminatio uerborum habet interdum uim, leporem alias, Cic. or. 3, 206; alias minore, plerumquo maiore cum faenore, sen. 51; nonnumquam interrumpi extremum agmen, alias inferri signa, Caes. b. c. 1, 64, 2; hoc alias fastidio, alias contumacia, saepius imbecillitate euenit, Plin. 16, 134; **6.** at times w. another term of same stock, one at one time, another at another, ut idem uersus alias in aliam rem posse accommodari uideretur, Cic. div. 2, 111; illi alias aliud iisdem de rebus et sentiunt et iudicant, or. 2, 30; alias aliter haec solent conuenire, inv. 2, 45; si Valerius ad me nomina gratiosorum scripsit, alii enim sunt alias, for people change in character, Att. 16, 11, 7;

**II 7.** so far only of time, in later writers, elsewhere, Idaeus rubus appellatus est, quod in Ida, nou alias (so αβ) nascitur, Plin. 24, 123; quod nusquam alias..., Iust. 4, 1, 9; prudentiam sensusque omnes non alias quam illa parte corporis (sc. capite) contineri, Apul. d. Plat. 1, 13; **8.** or otherwise, in other respects, on other accounts, in flumine Silero uirgulta immersa lapidescunt, alias salubri potu eius aquae, Plin. 2, 226; ne reges Numidarum, et alias infensi, cupidine auri ad bellum accederentur, Tac. an. 16, 1 f.; illum debilitatum uulnere iacuisse, non alias quam simulatione mortis tutiorem, Curt. 8, 1, 24; **9.** esp. in legal use, non alias obligatur nisi..., Marc. dig. 21, 1, 5; uou redhibiturus alias nisi..., Paul. 21, 43, 7; nou alias cogitur ci heres legatum soluere, quam si cauerit, Ulp. 23, 3, 9; non alias perit actio, quam si..., Paul. 23, 3, 37; add Marc. 29, 7, 6, 2.

**Aliatus**, (all.), quasi-part. be-garlicked, a joking word in: Sine me aliatum (so cj.: mss aleato) fungi fortunas meas, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 48.

**alibi**, adv. [dat. of alis] in another place, elsewhere, S. Hicne nos habitare censes? C. Vbinam ego alibi ceuseam? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 72; S. Quamuis malam rem quaeras, illic reperias. P. At tu hercle et illi et alibi, 2, 4, 154; Si (so Botbe, mss siue) illic siue alibi lubebit, Men. 5, 2, 42; add Truc. 1, 1, 47; 4, 4, 13; habebam alibi animum amori deditum, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 14; Neque istic nequo alibi tibi crit usquam in me mora, Andr. 2, 5, 9; add Haut. 2, 3, 38; non inesse in iis propriam quae usquam alibi esset

ueri notam, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 103; Dolabellae uillam cum praeteriret..., nec usquam alibi, Att. 13, 52 f.; Nec tam praescutis alibi cognoscere diuos, Verg. B. 1, 42; illic ueniunt felicitus uuae, Arborea fetus alibi, G. 1, 55;

**2.** often w. quam, nolle alibi quam in innocentia spem habere, Liv. 7, 41, 2; add 10, 20, 16; 30, 35, 11; in Iouia epulo num alibi quam in Capitolio puluinar suscipi potest, 5, 52, 6; add 43, 9, 4; ne alibi quam in stabulo foetus edant, Colum. 8, 9, 8; alibi quam in Nilo, Plin. 32, 125; add Tac. an. 15, 20 f.; 1, 77 f.; h. 1, 4; **3.** repeated, in one place..., another, exercitus trifariam dissipatus, alibi primum, alibi postremum agmen, alibi impedimenta, inter uepres in latebris ferarum...delituit, Liv. 38, 46, 8; add 8, 32, 12; stipulae alibi media(e) falce praeciduntur...alibi ab radice caeduntur, Plin. 18, 296; alibi est qui petit, alibi quod petitur, Sen. ep. 89, 8; add Tac. h. 3, 83; **4.** w. another term of same stock, exprobrantes suam quisque, alius alibi, militiam—one in one place, another in another, Liv. 2, 23, 11; pecora diuersos, alium alibi, pascere, 9, 2, 2; add 44, 33, 1; torrentis alibi aliter cauari, 44, 35, 17; add Plin. 16, 17; but in Plin. 2, 121 eosdem alii aliter; **5.** w. gen. et alibi gentium et ciuitatum honores mihi statuarum et alios decretos, Apul. flor. 16, p. 74 H.

**al-ib-ilis**, e, adj. nourishing, lae omnium rerum...liquentium maxime alibile, Varr. r. 2, 11, 1; **2.** easily fattened? ita alibiliores fiunt, 3, 9, 14.

**alica**, (hal.) ae, f. a kind of grain, spelt? alicae primae l. ii...in aquam infundito, Cato r. 76, 1; alicae messis, Plin. 3, 60; (alica) palma frugum, 18, 109; **2.** gruel made of alica etc., alica res Romana est...alioqui non tisanae potius laudes scripsissent Graeci, Plin. 22, 128; add 136; alicae sorbitione, 26, 32; mulsum et alicam poposcisc, Sen. ep. 122, 16; Nos halicam, poterit mulsum tibi mittere diues, Mart. 13, 6; **3.** as gravy, Stillantemque alicae sua palumbum, Mart. 2, 37, 6.

**alica-cius**, adj. of the grain alica, pulta alicacia, Plin. 28, 231.

**alica-rius**, (hal.) adj. of the grain alica, hence as sb. m. a dealer in it, nemo est halicarius posterior te, Char. 96, 11 K; ante pistrina alicariorum, Paul. ex F. 7; **2.** alicaria f. a mill girl as a prostitute, ib.; hence: Prosedas, pistorum amicae reliquias alicarias (mill-refuse), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 54.

**alicastrum**, (hal.) i, n. dim. a kind of spelt, semen trimestre quod dicitur hlicastrum, Colum. 2, 6, 3; add 2, 9, 8.

**al-ic-ubi**, adv. [dat. of ali-quis] as dat. w. a noun, Summe egō scelestus qui illunc hodie excepi uidulum, Aut quom excepi, qui non alicubi in solo apstrusi loco?—in some lonely place, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 141; **2.** as adv. in some place, somewhere, anywhere, alicubi abstrudam foris, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 41; Vtinam hic prope adesset alicubi atque audiret haec, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 7; hic alicubi in Crustumino parauisses (praedia), Cic. Flac. 71; ut si saluus sit Pompeius et constiterit alicubi, hanc *νεκρια* relinquis, Att. ad Cic. 9, 10, 7; omnia uerba, exceptis de quibus dixi, sunt alicubi optima, Quiut. 10, 1, 9; in quibus et suum alicubi reperiri nouen, Suet. gram. 7; **3.** repeated, ut alicubi obstes tibi, alicubi irascaris, alicubi instes grauius, Sen. tranq. 2, 2; **4.** has often supplanted alibi, as Plin. 8, 136; Sen. ep. 89, 21 (bis); Petr. 45; **5.** aliquobi (per quo debet scribi), ex aliquo enim et ubi est (!), Caesell. ap. Cassiod. 2314, 23 P.

**al-ic-ula**, (hal.) ae, f. dim. [αλλεξή] a small overcoat, Mittebat Vimber haliculam mihi pauper. Nunc mittit halicam, Mart. 12, 81, 2; puerilia (uestimenta), ueluti togae praetextae, aliculae, ehlamydes, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23, 2; alicula subornatus polymita, Petr. 40; add Vel. Long. p. 2229 P.

**al-icunde**, (see § 3) adv. [old abl. or gen. of ali-quis] from some —, w. noun, C. Ab amico alicunde mutuom argentum rogem. M. Potum est ab amico alicunde exorari? C. Potest, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 29; Venit meditatatus alicunde ex solo loco, Ter. Andr. 2, 4, 3; **2.** as adv. from some (place, quarter, person), Puerum aut puellam alicunde ut reperirem sibi, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 16; add Ps. 1, 1, 102; 1, 3,



83; Pers. 1, 1, 44; aliunde ab aliqui, from somebody somewhere, Epid. 3, 1, 11 and 13; D. sumeret Aliunde. (t. aliunde? nihil est dictu facilius, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 70; add Hee. 3, 1, 6; Ad. 2, 2, 34; in paruis, si quando his ludentes minamur praecipituros aliunde, extimeseunt, Cic. fin. 5, 31; deedere nos a. eogit, Caec. 46; non quo a. audieris, Att. 10, 1, 3; 3. aliquunde per quum... dinisio enim est aliquo et unde (!), Caesell. ap. Cass. 2314, 20 P.

**aliēnatio**, ōnis, f. transference (of property) to another, uenditio a. est et rei suae iurisque in ea sui ad alium translatio, Sen. ben. 5, 10, 1; add Pomp. dig. 18, 1, 67; 47, 29, 1; sacerorum, Cic. or. 144; leg. 3, 48; 2. met. transfer of affection or friendship, alienation, consulum, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 4; tuam alienationem, Cic. Phil. 2, 1; add am. 76; exercitūs, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 4 and 5; patrii, Tac. an. 2, 43; add h. 2, 60; 3. mentis, alienation of mind, insanity, delirium, Cels. 4, 2, p. 123, 13 Dar.; Plin. 21, 155; and absol. Sen. ep. 78, 9; ebrietatis, Arnob. 5, 2; 4. the right of conveying away, alienationem eorum filium non habuisse, Ulp. dig. 14, 6, 9, 1; alienationem peculii ut donent non habent, 24, 1, 3, 8.

**aliēnator**, ōris, m. one who conveys away, seller, Tli. C. 4, 54, 9; 1, 5, 10.

**aliēni-gēn-a**, ae, adj. of foreign birth, Cic. Deiot. 10; Plac. 65; alienigenas domesticis ... antefere, Cic. Font. 32 (22); hostis a. Liv. 26, 13, 7; corpus, inscr. Or. 5048; 2. met. iustitia, Val. M. 6, 5, ext. 1; uino alienigena (so even v. neut.), Gell. 2, 24, 2.

**aliēnigēno**, āre, vb. convey away, transfer, inser. Fabr. 69, 34.

**aliēni-gēn-us**, a, um, adj. of foreign birth, Ex alienigenis rebus (wh. may belong to alienigena), Lucr. 1, 865; but 1, 861 spurious; exotic, foreign, semina, Colum. 3, 4, 1; alienigeni (al. -ae) pisces, 8, 16, 9; exempla, Val. M. 1, 5 ext. 1; and 2, 10 ext. 1; studia, 2, 1, 10; alienigeni sanguinis, 6, 2 ext. 1.

**aliēnitās**, ātis, f. foreign (or dead) matter in the body, Cael. Anr. tard. 5, 4; acut. 3, 3; 2. absol. alienation of mind, 2, 39.

**aliēno**, āre, vb. [alienns] make the property of another, transfer, convey away, sell, Certe edepol tu me alienabis numquam quin noster siem, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 243; Mulier alienatast abs te, Mere. 3, 4, 26; de uestris uectigalibus alienandis, Cic. agr. 2, 33; ne quis quem ciuitatis mutandae causa suum faceret neue alienaret, Liv. 41, 8, 12; 2. in law, differs from uendo, alienatum non proprie dicitur quod adhuc in dominio uenditoris manet: uenditum recte dicitur, Ulp. 50, 16, 67; but in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 134 read abalienasse; in agr. 2, 21, abalienari; 3. met. of affection, discard (as no longer belonging to one), alienate, unde mihi peterem cibum? Ha nos alienauit, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 26; omnes a se bonos alienauit, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 6; a te uoluntatem meam, fam. 3, 6, 4; Gentium sibi alienauit, Liv. 44, 27, 8; add 38, 33, 5; aui sui animum alienauit sibi, Vell. 2, 112, 7; 4. alienari as vb. r. be averse to, have an antipathy for, simul atque natum sit animal... alienari ab interitu, Cic. fin. 3, 16; 5. esp. mentem, deprive of one's wits, dispossess of reason, make insane, bewilder, madden, sic omnium animos timor praecoepauerat, ut paene alienata mente...dicerent, Caes. b. g. 6, 41, 3; Iunonis iram ob spoliatum templum alienasse mentem, Liv. 42, 28, 12; uelut alienatos sensibus, 25, 39, 4; 6. in med. cease to have life, and so to belong to one, mortify, (intestinal) momento alienantur externo spiritu circumdata, Cels. 7, 16, p. 293, 14; id quod adstrictum est alienatur, 8, 10, p. 346, 6; add 5, 26, 23, p. 191, 27; spodium alienata explet, Plin. 23, 76; tunc incipit medicina proficere ubi in corpore alienato dolorem tactus expressit, Sen. ep. 89, 19; 7. disqualify, quos obiectus debilitatis alienat, Val. et Th. C. 12, 1, 84; 8. alienatus morbus, a disease of stupor in animals, Veg. vct. 5, 22, 1.

**aliēnus**, adj. of another, another's, Ne admittam culpam, ego meo sum promus pectori: Suspiciōis in pectore alieno sita, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 45; escis alienis studes, Pers. 3, 1, 9; tantumne ab re tuast oti tibi, 'Aliena ut eures? Ter.

Hant. 1, 1, 24; est difficilis cura rerum alienarum, Cic. off. 1, 30; alienis pedibus ambulamus, alienis oculis agnosimus, aliena memoria salutamus, Plin. 29, 19; 2. aēs alienum, money belonging to another and so a debt, nunc me scito tantum habere aeris alieni ut cupiam coniuare, Cic. fam. 5, 6, 2; premuntur aere alieno, in Cat. 2, 19; Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 2; 3. met. in feeling, unfriendly, hostile, averse, illum alieno animo a nobis esse, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 40; add 3, 2, 28; sin a me est alienior, nihil tibi meae litterae proderunt, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 7; ab altero non nimis alienos animos habemus, am. 28; Mucianus animus nec Vespasiano alienus et in Titum prouior, Tac. h. 2, 74;

4. foreign (to), different (from), inconsistent (with), averse (to), hoc alienum a uita mea uidetur, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 21; alienum dignitate reipublicae, Ti. Semp. Grac. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 19, 7; Laetilius quidam homo non alienus a litteris, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 64; neque hoc alienum ducent maicestate sua, div. 1, 83; 5. so far with ab or abl, also w. gen., quis alienum putet eius esse dignitatis...exquirere, Cic. fin. 1, 11; aliena pacis eorum, Lucr. 6, 69; (domus non) aliena consilii, Sal. Cat. 40, 5; but in Ov. F. 1, 396 Merkel has iocis; 6. w. dat. satio non aliena huic temporis, Colum. 11, 2, 20; huic curae, 8, 6, 1; se quom sis ambitioni alienus, Sen. N. Q. 4, pr. 1; 7. absol. ill-suited, ill-placed, out of place, unseasonable, untimely, unfavourable, Potius quam...Alienior aetate post faeret tamen, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 30; considera ne in alienissimum tempus cadat aduentus tuus, Cic. fam. 15, 14, 4; alieno loco proelium committunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 2; alienis uerbis, out-of-the-way, opposed to propriis usitatisque, Cic. or. 80; 8. almost as a sb. a stranger, and so opposed to a friend, Numquam erit alienis grauis, qui suis se concinnat leuem, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 58; Alienus quom eius incommodum tam aegre feras, Quid me patrem par faerest, quoi illest unicus? Ego alienus, alienus ille! Capt. 1, 1, 43; aequaliter in rem publicam in priuatos, ... in alienos, in suos irruerat, Cic. Mil. 76; enitor ut neque amicis neque etiam alienioribus...desim, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 17; ut tuum factum alieni hominis meum amicissimi esse uideatur, 3, 6, 3; se suaque omnia alienissimis (perfect strangers) crediderunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 31, 4; 9. met. a stranger, one who does not know his way about, in physiciis totus est alienus, Cic. fin. 1, 17; 10. alienum as sb. n. what belongs to others, ad largiendum ex alieno restrictior, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 8; alieni appetens, sui profusus, Sal. Cat. 5, 4; abstinuit alieno, Suet. Tit. 7; aliena (note pl.) peruadere molienti, Amm. 23, 1, 7; 11. in med. mortified, dead, idem emplastrum educit quantum (ossis) alienum est, Scrib. 201; cf. alieno § 6.

**ali-fēr**, a, um, adj. wing-bearing, winged, alifero tollitur axe Ceres, Ov. F. 4, 562.

**ali-gēr**, a, um, adj. wing-wearing, winged, Amor, Verg. 1, 667; agminis aligeri, 12, 249; aligerum (note gen.) Amorum, Val. F. 7, 171; add Stat. silu. 3, 3, 80; 2. absol. Aligeri of the Cupids, Sil. 7, 458.

**alimētārius**, adj. of food, legem alimentariam, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 6, 5; res, Amm. 21, 12, 24; eansa, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 21; ratio, Mare. 48, 13, 5 (4); 2. as sb. m. or f. one entitled under a will to means of support, Ulp. 2, 15, 8, 6 and 24; puellas alimentarias, Capitol. Anton. P. 8, 1; Diuo Antonino Aug. Pio Alimentari, inscr. Or. 847.

**alimētum**, i, n. food, nourishment, nec desiderabat (mundus) alimenta corporis, Cic. Tim. 6; neque hac nos patria lege genuit ut nulla quasi alimenta exspectaret a nobis, Cic. rep. 1, 8; in quo plurimum alimenti est, Cels. 2, 18, p. 64, 13; minus alimenti praestat, ib. p. 65, 27 etc.; unam in stirpem redactis alimentis (of trees), Plin. 17, 95; reponere in hiemem alimenta, Quint. 2, 16, 16; 2. in law, alimenta legata include the necessities of life, legati alimentis cibaria et uestitus et habitatio debetur quia sine his ali corpus non potest, Iuol. dig. 34, 1, 6; add Paul. 34, 1, 23; 3. met. Concipit Iris aquas alimentaque nubibus adfert, Ov. M. 1, 271; alimentaque cetera flammae, 14, 532; uitiorum alimenta, 2, 769; addidit alimenta rumoribus aduentus Attali, Liv. 35, 23, 10; id alimentum famae erat, Tac. h. 2, 96 f.



**Alimentus**, i, m. a cognomen, L. Cincius A., Liv. 26, 23, 1; M. Cincius A., 29, 20, 11.

**Alimōdai** = alius modi, Paul. ex F. 28.

**Alimōnia**, ae, f. nourishment, Gell. 12, 1, 9; 17, 15, 5; Suet. Cal. 42; Apul. M. 2, 3; 5, 18; 6, 4; mag. 85; Arnob. 4, 21; and prob. 5, 10; Seu pinus picam fert alimōniam, Prud. cath. 5, 19; but in Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 1 alimōniac is only a bad ej.

**Alimōnium**, ii, n. nourishment, feeding, in partu et alimonio uinum (i.e. uitis) non, ut in calice aquam sed solem, Varr. r. 1, 8, 7; add 3, 16, 15; and alimoniis in 1, 44, 3; 2, 1, 24; 2, 5, 16; infectum alimonio seruitio cultu (externo), Tac. an. 11, 16; qui alimonia (infanti) denegat, Paul. dig. 25, 3, 4.

**Alio**, adv. [perh. for aliom, acc.] to another (place, quarter, person), elsewhere (w. motion), ad cenam hercle alio promisi foras, Pl. St. 4, 2, 16; illa alio ibit tamen, Asin. 1, 3, 43; P. Quo te agis? L. missus sum alio (Haupt cj. alioqui; but?): iam huc reuertero, Mil. 3, 2, 49; Homo mulierosus alio confert me ilico, Afran. 372 R; Detineo te; fortasse tu profectus alio fueras, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 49; add 3, 1, 60; Haut. 2, 4, 10; statum Arpinumne mihi eundum sit au quo alio—to some other place, Cic. Att. 9, 17, 1; sermonem alio (to some other topic) transferamus, or. 1, 133; add Verr. 2, 1, 139; Clu. 63; fam. 1, 4, 1; anno post alio transire cogunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 21; si quando Romam alioque quo mittere legatos, Liv. 38, 30, 7; alio duente causa, Quint. 12, 1, 5; quo alio nisi ad nos...confugerent, 39, 36, 11. **2.** to another end or object, for another purpose, cupiditatis nomeu seruet alio, ut eam...tamquam capitis accuset, Cic. fin. 2, 27; plebem nusquam alio natam quam ad seruiendum, Liv. 7, 18, 7; depulsi aemulatione...alio uertunt, Tac. an. 1, 18; hoc longe alio spectabat, ps. Nep. Them. 6, 3; add Suet. Aug. 98; **3.** repeated, to one place... to another, to some...to others, ad socios dispertieram alio frumentum, alio legatos, alio litteras, alio praesidium, Cato orat. p. 36, 3 Iord.; hic alio res familiaris, alio dicit humauitas, Cic. off. 3, 89; **4.** w. atque, (his) quidni spatiosa sit uita? nihil alio atque alio spargitur, Sen. brev. vit. 11, 2; **5.** w. another term of same stock, ceteri quidem alius alio; Marius..., Cic. off. 3, 80; simia aliud alio dissipauit, Cic. div. 1, 76; dilapsi alii alio, Liv. 2, 54, 9; add 7, 39, 2; (aquae) quassatione terrae aliunde alio transferunt, Sen. N. Q. 3, 11, 1.

**Alio-quin**, or -qui, adv. [perh. quin represents a noun = G. weise, our wise; cf. ceteroquin] other-wise, in other respects, At si tantula pars oculi media illa peresast, Occidit extemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Incolumis quamuis alioqui et (et THK cj.) splendidus orbis, Luer. 3, 415 [but Lachm. cancels this line; Munro reads (cj.) alioqui sit]; triumphatum de Tiburtibus; alioquin mitis uictoria fuit, Liv. 7, 19, 2; caput iocineris a familiari parte caesum..., alioqui acceptam dis hostiam, 8, 9, 1; nune pudore a fuga contineri (militas), alioqui pro uictis esse, 10, 35, 7; mors Marcelli quum alioqui miserabilis, tun quod..., 27, 27, 11; tumulum commodum alioqui, nisi quod..., 30, 29, 10; milites qui sequerentur currum defuerunt; alioqui magnificus...triumphus fuit, 37, 46, 6; si...mea paucis Mendosa est natura, alioqui recta, Hor. s. 1, 6, 66; Quod moechus foret aut sicarius aut alioqui famosus, 1, 4, 4; quaedam (animalia), innocua alioqui, uenenatis pasta, noxia fiunt et ipsa, Plin. 11, 280; serpentes, cum ocaasio est, uinum adpetunt, cum alioqui exiguo indigeant potu; eadem paeue nullo cibo, cum adseruantur inclusae, ..., alioqui suctu uiuentes, 10, 198; magiae artis professione ceber, alioqui moderatus et probus, Curt. 7, 4, 8; immodica libertate abusus sed alioquin (al. -qui) egregium bello uirum, 8, 2, 2; sum occupatissimus; ideo nondum eum legi, cum alioqui ualidissime cupiam, Plin. ep. 9, 35, 1; qua occasione Caesar, ualidus alioqui spernendis honoribus..., Tac. an. 4, 37; Paris, solitus alioquin..., sed tunc..., 13, 20; add 2, 38; ut remedia quae a. natura sunt aspera, molli manu leniantur, Quint. 2, 4, 12; quo uitio multi laborant, praecipue Hermagoras, uir a. subtilis, 3, 11, 22; add 6, 2, 2; 8, 1, 2; 9, 1, 18; 10, 1, 22; Suct. Vit. 2; **2.** had it been otherwise, even without

this, quod ni sit (esset), uidistin aliquando Clitumnum fontem? si nondum (et puto nondum; alioqui narrasses mihi), uide..., Plin. ep. 8, 8, 1; alioquin iusta et probabilis ignorantia damnum mihi adferret, Gai. 3, 160; add 2, 146; and so besides, adficior cura, ...; et alioqui meus pudor...in disrimen adducitur, 2, 9, 1; nam neque..., nec...; et alioqui figura in patrem plus facit quam licet, in filium miuus, Quint. 9, 2, 88; add 2, 14, 4; 2, 15, 9; **3.** in Cic. leg. 2, 62 alioquin no longer stands.

**aliosum**, (-us), older alio-orsum (-nersus) adv. to another quarter, elsewhere (w. motion), in another direction, respondit, si studendi causa misisset, non quo a. fundo eum (sc. serum) transferat deberi, Seaeu. dig. 33, 7, 20, 6; furti damnatum esse qui uidentum aliosum duxerat quau quo utendum acceperat, Gell. 6 (7), 15, 1; lupi aliosum grassantes nulli contra nos aditum tulerunt, Apul. M. 8, 16 f.; **2.** met. in another sense, of words or deeds, Atquei (so Wagner, mss atque) ego istue Antrax alioorsum dixeram, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 8; uereor ne...aliosum atque ego feci acceperit,—put another construction upon my doings than the real one, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 2; aliosum et iliosum sicut introrsum dixit Cato, Paul. ex F. p. 27 M; si quid alioquis aliosum atque res habet existimet, Boeth. cons. 5, 3; ob has rationes aliouersus deos interpretantur, Laet. 1, 17, 1; **3.** other met. id aliosum pertinet, Gell. 17, 1, 9; infantis aliosum dati—for another purpose (or does it mean, handed over to another than the mother?), 12, 1, 22; **4.** w. alius; one in one direction, another in another, mater ancillas iubet...Aliam aliosum ire praemandare et quaerere ..., Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 49.

**Alip-ipes**, pēdis, adj. wiug-footed, esp. as a title of Mereur, mactatur uacca Mineruae, Alipedi uitulus, Ov. M. 4, 756; add F. 5, 100; **2.** met. cerui, Luer. 6, 765; alipedum equorum, Verg. 12, 484; alipedi (note abl.) curru, Val. F. 5, 611; **3.** as sb. m. for a horse, Instratos ostro alipedes, Verg. 7, 277.

**alipilus?** by form could not signify, qui pilos ex ala uellit. In Sen. ep. 56, 2 read: aliptem (not alipilum)... dum uellit alas; in Grut. inser. 812, 6 read Aliphus as a proper name.

**Alip-ion**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen, perh. = Fatty, cf. αλιφω, αλιπτης and adeps, Q. Calpuruius Alipion, inser. Grut. 70, 6.

**Aliptes**, ae, m. [αλιπτης] auointer, esp. of wrestlers, aliptem, Sen. ep. 56, 2; **2.** hence gymnastic master, uellem, ut aliptae uirium (meatum) rationem habere uoluissent, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 15; sauis homo qui et bene ualet neque medico neque alipta egere debet, Cels. 1, 1; geometres, pietor, aliptes, Luv. 3, 76.

**Alioquā**, (old aliquad?) adv. [aliquis :: qua : quis] by or along some road, by some way or channel, by any road, Anteueni aliquad (aliqua mss) aliquo saltu (so Kiessling Rhein. Mus. 1869, p. 115; mss aliquos autu or auttu) circumduce exercitum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66; iste...cupere aliqua euolare, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 67; si qui euasissent aliqua, Liv. 26, 27 12; **2.** of information, by some channel, Ne hic illam me animum adiecisse aliqua sentiat, Pl. Merc. 2, 2 f.; Effutiretis atque id porro aliqua uxor mea reseiceret, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 19; add 4, 1, 19; ne...Aliqua ad patrem hoc permauet, Ad. 2, 4, 19; **3.** met. in some way, extricabor aliqua, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 49; euadat saltem aliquid aliqua quod conatus sum, Lucil. ap. Non. 293; Et si non alioquā nouisses, mortuus esses, Verg. B. 3, 15; nihil tam innoxium dices quin id possit aliquid aliqua obesse, Apul. mag. 32.

**Alioquam**, adv. [aliquis :: quam how much : quis] to some extent, to a considerable extent, in the forms, aliquamdiu, aliquam-multi, aliquam-plures?, wh. see.

**alioquam-diu**, (-ndiu) adv. for some time, for a considerable time, for any time, always emphatic, Aristum Athenis audiuit aliquamdiu, Cic. acad. post. 12; ut non aliquando condemnatum esse Oppianicum sed aliquamdiu (for any time however short) inoleuim fuisse uiremiui, Cic. Clu. 25 f.; quas cum aliquamdiu frustra expectasset, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 5; add 1, 40, 6; aliquamdiu fides fieri non poterat, b. c. 2, 37, 1; add 3, 70, 1; ibi aliquamdiu certatum, Sal. Iug. 74,



3; Romana pubes...aliquamdiu silentium obtinuit, Liv. 1, 16, 2; add 2, 10, 9; 3, 32, 7; 3, 70, 4; 25, 15, 14; 25, 36, 1; 29, 2, 15; 34, 28, 4; 45, 6, 6; add Suet. Ner. 6; 2. in measures of distance, Rhodanus...aliquandiu Gallias dirimit, Mela 2, 5, 5; add 1, 13; 3, 1, 7; 3, 5, 6; 3, 9, 8.

**aliquam-multus**, adj. in considerable quantity, in pl. cons. number of, sunt uestrum aliquammulti (al. alii quam multi) qui L. Pisonem norunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 56; ex quibus aliquammultos...non comparuisse, Gell. 3, 10 f.; aliquammultis diebus decumbo, Apul. mag. 72; 2. aliquammultum as sb. n. w. gen. larem reuersurns meum post a. temporis—a considerable time, Ap. M. 11, 26; 3. as adv. haec defensio aliquammultum a me remota est, far, Apul. mag. 4; 4. aliquammulto adv. w. comp. mulierem aliquammulto natu maiorem, considerably older, Apul. mag. 97 f.

**aliquam-plures**? = aliquanto plures, Tert. apol. 12 (dub.).

**aliquando**, adv. [aliquis :: quando : quis] there is (was, will be) a time when, some time or other, sometimes, at times, always emphatic, often opposed to numquam, semper, raro, saepe; Aliquando osculando melius uxor pausam fieri, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 1—it must not go on for ever; non despero fore aliquem aliquando qui..., Cic. or. 1, 95; ego quia dico aliquid aliquando contentione dicendi lacessitus, et quia exit aliquando aliquid fortasse non rusticum, quod quisque dixit, me id dixisse dicunt, Plane. 35; erit hic aliquid aliquando, fam. 7, 11, 2; in temporibus praesentia et praeterita et futura cernuntur; in his ipsis uetusta, recentia, instantia, paulo post aut aliquando futura, part. 37; conuertit se aliquando ad timorem, numquam ad sanitatem, Sul. 17; possunt aliquando oculi non fungi suo munere, div. 1, 71; liceret ei dicere utilitatem aliquando (for once) cum honestate pugnare, off. 3, 12; nulla est ciuitas quae non et improbos ciues aliquando et imperitam multitudinem semper habeat, Liv. 45, 23, 8; aliquando fortuna, semper animo maximus, Vell. 2, 18, 1; rarius sed aliquando morbus quoque ipse nouus est, Cels. 1 pr. p. 8, l. 38 Dar.; raro sed aliquando tamen ex metu delirium nascitur, 3, 18 f.; add 8, 4, p. 334, l. 21; 2. in interr. condit. or compar. sentences, at any time, ever, Siquid huius simile forte aliquando euenerit, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 40; quaerere uiderentur illa Philonis ant ea num e Philone audiuisset aliquando, Cic. acad. pr. 11; sitne aliquando mentiri boni uiri, or. 3, 113; si aliquando alicuius furore concitata ista manus (coniuratorum) plus ualuerit, in Cat. 20; magis opportuna opera nonnumquam quam aliquando fideli, Caecin. 14; aut quisquam nostri misereri potest qui aliquando uobis hostis fuit, Sal. Jug. 14, 17; 3. of that which has been long postponed, and might never happen but for the present opportunity, at last, now if ever, now though late, better now than never, libeute me uero ut aliquid aliquando de doctrinae studii ammoneamur, Cic. rep. 1, 14; sero uero aliquando tamen, Quiuct. 43; ego ipse loquebar sic ut puleros...dicerem; aliquando idque sero...nsum loquendi populo concessi, scientiam mihi reseruauit, or. 160; add Clu. 51; cohortatus ut aliquando pro tantis laboribus fructum uictoriae perciperent, Caes. b. g. 7, 27, 2; Cimbrum finibus nostris aliquando excesserunt, 7, 77, 14; add b. c. 1, 26 f.; expurgisimini aliquando et capessite rempublicam, Sal. Cat. 52, 5; utinam aliquando aut apud nos aut apud deos rerum humanarum cura oriatur, Jug. 14, 21; add 62, 1; 102, 5; 4. hence often w. tandem or iam, Aliquando tandem huc animum ut adiungas tuum, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 61; tandem aliquando L. Catilinam...ex urbe eiecimus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; putamus utile esse te aliquando iam transigere, Att. 1, 4, 1; add Cat. 1, 18; Quinct. 94; fam. 16, 9, 2.

**aliquantulum**, adj. n. as sb. [dim. of aliquantum] a tiny tiny something, Foris aliquantulum etiam quod gusto beat, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 34.

**aliquant-is-për**, adv. [aliquantisper :: aliquis : quis] for a while, for a little time, Concedere aliquantisper hinc intro lubet, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 158; Egestate aliquantisper iactati forent, Caecil. ap. Non. 511; aliquantisper pugnat, Cl. Quadr. ib.; Esto; at certe tu (ut BC) concedas aliquo ab ore

eorum aliquantisper, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 11; Tacet. Cur non ludo hunc aliquantisper? melius est, Ad. 4, 5, 5; a. inde iuxere, Flor. 2, 18 (1, 13), 14; insultare Parthos a. passus est, Iust. 42, 4, 8; 2. of distance, some way, enim a. in Scythiam processisset, 1, 8, 3.

**aliquanto**, see aliquantum.

**aliquantorsum**? an absurd reading in Amm. 22, 8, 48 f.

**aliquantulo**, adv. see

**aliquantulus**, adj. [dim. of aliquantus] small, limited, short, silentium, c. 6 ad S. C. Turp., Cod. 9, 45; 2. aliquantum as sb. n. a little, mihi opus erat...Aliquantulum quae adferret, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 50; 3. esp. w. gen.; panis Aur. V. cp. 15, 5; 4. aliquantum as adv. a little, slightly, pansam (al. pansum) al., Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 55; quasso tandem aliquantum Tibi parce, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 111; Subtristis uisus esse aliquantum (al. aliquantum) mihi, Andr. 2, 6, 16; stadia aliquantum breuiora, Gell. 1, 1, 2; 5. aliquantulo adv. w. comp. senatus aliquantulo tristior quod senatores triumphari uidebant, Vop. Aur. 34, 4; 6. aliquantum, not aliquantum, now read in Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 51; Cic. Par. 3, 1; div. 1, 73; or. 138; inv. 2, 29; Liv. 21, 12, 2; Suet. Ner. 48, 5; bell. Afr. 21, 1.

**aliquant-us**, adj. [aliquantus :: quant-us : quam ; t excr.] some (always emphatic) in quantity, that counts for something, and so gen. considerable, no small, signorum et armorum aliquanto numero, Sal. Jug. 74, 3; timor aliquantus, sed spes amplior, 105, 4; aliquantam partem gloriae, Sal. ap. Maer. 3, 13 (2, 9), 9; aliquantum emensus est iter, Liv. 25, 35, 7; (promuntorium) in aliquantum maris spatium exteuditur, 29, 35, 13; per aliquantum spatium scuti, 38, 27, 6; aliquantam pecuniam filiis debebat, Apul. mag. 71 f.; aliquantum numerum frumenti, bell. Afr. 21, 1; 2. in very late writers for aliquot, some in number, not a few, si ex areis (frumenta) in alterum locum transfusa refrigerentur aliquantis diebus, Pall. 1, 19, 2; aliquantis multa largitus est, Spart. Hadr. 7, 10; aliquanta oppida, Eutrop. 4, 27; add Aur. V. Caes. 33; aliquanti, some people, Veg. veg. 4, 8, 2 (3, 4, 8); 4, 12, 3 (3, 4, 19); 5 (3), 15, 21; 5, 23, 8 (3, 24, 8); II 3. as sb. n. some quantity, some, not a little, comm. w. gen. Praeterea aliquantum animi causa in deliciis disperdidit, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 53; Et ego amoris aliquantum habeo uorisque etiam in corpore, Mil. 3, 1, 46; add Most. 2, 1, 7; al. animi uidetur nobis attulisse Labienus, Cic. Att. 7, 13 b, 7; suspitionis, inv. 2, 29; laudis, fam. 1, 7, 9; noctis, 7, 25 f.; itineris, Caes. b. c. 5, 10, 2; mri, Liv. 21, 12, 2; trepidationis, 21, 28, 11; altitudinis, 29, 18, 17; temporis, 30, 8 f.; loci, 37, 32, 2; agri, 41, 16, 9; aquae tepidae, Suet. Ner. 48 f.; 4. as adv. to some extent, somewhat, considerably, first w. vb., litteris lectis al. acquieui, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 1; in re al., in gubernatoris inscitia nihil interest—makes some (perh. a considerable) difference, Parad. 20; cogitatio al. labefactata, fam. 5, 13, 2; alteri alteros al. attruerant, Sal. Jug. 79, 4; 5. esp. w. vbs. of motion, to some distance, some way, huc concede aliquantum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 116; huc al. apscessero, ib. 3, 1, 24; qui processit ad al. uirtutis habitum, Cic. fin. 3, 48; add div. 1, 73; or. 138; 6. w. adj. Subrufust, aliquantum crispus..., Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 115; aliquantum uentriosus, Asin. 2, 3, 20; credo, timida's. S. aliquantum soror, Bac. 1, 1, 73; 7. esp. w. comp. =aliquanto, aliquantum ad rem est audior, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 51; Fortasse aliquantum iniquior 'rat, Haut. 1, 2, 27; formam uiri aliquantum augustiorem humana, Liv. 1, 7, 9; 8. aliquanto adv. w. comp. somewhat, considerably, not a little, al. aequius, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 82; amplius, Asin. 3, 3, 2; rectius, Aul. 3, 6, 3; amplius, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 76; plus, 2, 1, 140; planiores, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 1; minores, Sal. Cat. 8, 2; posteriores, Jug. 79, 7; maiore, 86, 4; difficilium, Quint. 1, 12, 4; magis, 4, 2, 21; facilius, 5, 7, 24; 9. w. adv. or prepp. of place, time, degree, al. ante furorem Catilinae, Cic. Sul. 56; postea aliquanto ipsos quoque tempestas iactare coepit, inv. 2, 154; al. post Fuluius praedia mercauit, Caecin. 11; intra legem et quidem aliquanto, fam. 9, 26 f.



**aliquā-tēnūs**, adv. to some extent, for some distance, caulibus al. rubentibus, Plin. 27, 105; (Padus) aliquatenus exilis, mox aliiis annibus augetur, Pomp. Mel. 2, 4, 4; add 1, 2, 1; apertis al. labris, Petr. 102; **2.** met. to some extent, somewhat, cum al. se confirmavit (uinea), Colum. 4, 3, 4; al. inquis dolere, al. timere permitti; sed illud al. longe producit, Sen. ep. 116, 4; id al. temporum coudicione mutatur, Quint. 4, 1, 57; add 3, 9, 5; 8, 5, 29; 11, 1, 28 and 137; 11, 3, 78; Idem iuris est al. si..., Gal. 1, 68; al. culpae reus est, Gal. dig. 44, 7, 5, 6; partus, qui..., al. uidetur effectus, Paul. 1, 5, 14.

**aliqui-libet**, ae-l., -id- or -od-l., adj. any you please, causa, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4.

**aliquis**, or -qui, -quā or -quae, -quid or -quod, pron. adj. or sb. [al of alis or alius, oue, any, some; see alius] some one (or other) no matter which, some, or (at times in neg. and condit. clauses) any\*; always emphatic; often opposed to all, much, enough, none; as adj. tace modo: aliquis respiciet deus, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 24; Homo condeuatur iam aliquis quantum potest Ignota facie, Trin. 3, 3, 37; Hic unum me credet aliquam sibi fallaciam Portare, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 1; facti si non bonam, at aliquam rationem afferre, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 195; in qua nullus esset ordium... dolor, bonorum autem esset aliquis, sed hebes, Att. 8, 3, 4; si pars aliqua ceciderit, at reliquos seruari posse, Caes. b. g. 6, 40, 2; **2.** note aliqui, besides aliquis, as nom. m. s. aliqui morbus, Cato r. 157, 7; deus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 23; N. D. 3, 91; casus, off. 1, 115; 3, 33; dux, rep. 1, 68; motus, Liv. 23, 16; facinorosus aliqui et scelestus mortalis, Fronto de nep. p. 233 Naber; **3.** aliqua, as nom. f. s. rare, tamquam aliqua res Verberet, Lucr. 4, 263; sin aliqua res (so at least Med.) eum impedit, Cic. fam. 6, 20, 2; **4.** aliquod n. adj. (never aliquid), litigium aliquid, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 13; uasum, Truc. 1, 1, 33 and 34; muuseulum, 2, 4, 71; lumen, Enn. tr. 276 V; nomen, Caecil. 203 R; magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 64; oraclum, Cic. div. 2, 100; negotium (dub.), agr. 1, 26; detrimentum, Nep. Att. 2, 3; bellum, Caes. b. g. 6, 14; telum, Tac. an. 13, 26; delentimentum, 1, 77; honestum consilium, 2, 41; **II 5.** as sb., first as m., aliquis, at times aliqui, Erum tibi aliquis cras faxo ad uillam adferat, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 65; add 1, 4, 17; Immo opperianur dum exeat aliquis, Mil. 4, 6, 34; atque aliquis dicat 'nihil promoueris', Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 16; non minus magnum est uos Africam obtinere uoluisse, quam aliquem se maluisse; atque is tamen aliquis Ligarius non fuit, Cic. Lig. 22; plus attulit dignitatis quisquis est ille, si modo est aliquis, qui..., Brut. 255; emissus aliqui e carcere, Planc. 31; non hoc quaerendum num purgetur aliqui\*, sed num arguatur, Sul. 39 (so A); cum qua sit aliqui deprehensus, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 7, 5; demersae leges alicuius opibus, Cic. off. 2, 24; ab aliqui, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 11; si te aliqui timerunt, Cic. Marc. 20; aliquos ex nauis egredientes, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 2; magis mirari se aliquos stantes cecidisse, et non omnes comites fuisse fugae, Liv. 26, 2, 13; ab aliquibus, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 13; cf. § 7; **6.** esp. w. emphasis, a somebody, not a mere nobody, meque uelis esse aliquem, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 8; cf. § 8; **7.** sb. n. aliquid, something, a something, semper est quae aliquid petat, Pl. Anl. 3, 5, 46; aliquid facerem ut hoc ne facerem—something or other (not=quiduis anything in the world), Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 24; est istuc quidem aliquid sed nequam in isto sunt omnia, Cic. sen. 8; est hoc aliquid, tametsi non est satis, Caecil. 47; add Att. 3, 15, 5; Mil. 66; Meas esse aliquid putare nugas, Cat. 1, 4; non omnia in ducis, aliquid et in militum manu esse, Liv. 45, 36, 5; Est aliquid nupsisse Ioui, Iouis esse sororem, Ov. F. 6, 27; Omnia sunt aliquid, am. 1, 12, 3; add F. 1, 484; M. 13, 241; Prop. 5 (4), 7, 1; **8.** aliquid of persons, a something (in the world), a somebody, counting for something, si unquam in dicendo fuimus aliquid, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 2; qui (liber) si est talis, ego quoque aliquid sum, fam. 6, 18, 4; ut tu tamen aliquid esse uideare, Caecil. 48; an quicquam stultius quam quos singulos contemas, eos aliquid putare esse uniuersos, Tusc. 5, 104; qui me aliquid putauit, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 2; Si uis esse aliquid (al.

aliquis), Iuv. 1, 74; **9.** as sb. w. adj. in agreement, nouum aliquid inuectum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 156; aliquid natura pulchrum atque praeclarum, Cic. seu. 43; in quo est aliquid extremum, 69; aliquid famdudum inuadere uagnum, Verg. 9, 186; audendum aliquid improuissum, Liv. 27, 43, 7; **10.** w. gen. of sb. a bit (of), some, aliquid pugnae dedit, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 53; al. litigi, Cas. 3, 2, 31; calidi conducibilis consili, Epid. 2, 2, 71; aquae, Cato r. 155, 2; monstri, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 15; praesidi, Haut. 4, 1, 33; uirium, Cic. fam. 11, 18, 3; consilii aut dignitatis, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 2; calamitatis, 5, 29, 1; consilii. 7, 12 f.; incommodi, b. c. 1, 86, 1; **11.** w. gen. of adj. or perf. part. as sb. n., boni, Pl. Aul. 4, 6, 5; mali, Epid. 1, 1, 60; Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 1; ne aliquid indefensi relinquere, Liv. 26, 5, 7; **12.** aliquid as an adv. somewhat, to some extent, in some way, tibi illum susceuserat aliquid, Cic. Deiot. 35; si in me aliquid\* offendistis, Mil. 9, 9—taken any offence; quos aliquid usus ac disciplina...subleuaret, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 5; perluens iam aliquid, incerta tamen lux, Liv. 41, 2, 4; Nilus...aliquid et spatio fessus, Plin. 5, 54; aliquid spatiantes, Quint. 11, 3, 135; **13.** abl. aliqui, with (etc.) something, ea mihi cotidie Aut ture aut uino aut aliqui semper supplicat, Pl. Aul. pr. 24; Ergo ob hoc uerbum te Scapha donabo hodie aliqui, Most. 1, 3, 18; gaudere aliqui me uolo, Truc. 5, 30; **III 14.** all forms w. part. gen. ex or de (see §§ 10, 11), Quei...tr. mil. I(egionibus) IIII primis, aliqua earum...sicut fuerit, CIL 198, 16; add 2 and 22; at aliquis uostrorum nuuiet..., Titin. 51 R; ne suorum aliquis\* condemnentur, Cic. Phil. 8, 27; aliquem de tribus nobis, Cic. leg. 3, 14 f.; uellem aliqui et uobis hunc locum suscepisset, Cael. 7; create consulem T. Otacillum, non dico si omnia haec, sed si aliquid eorum rei publicae praestitit, Liv. 24, 8, 15; aliquid ex his, Quint. 7, 2, 55; add 9, 2, 103; 11, 2, 19; **15.** often strengthened w. uuus (already contained in ali-), utilitati omnium plus quam uuius alicieus\* consulti, Cic. fin. 3, 64; ad unum aliquem confugebant, off. 2, 41; unum aliquem nominate, Clu. 185; add rep. 1, 48; or. 2, 292; 3, 136; Verr. 2, 2, 129; **16.** after several things specially named, at any rate some, and so=some other, cf. Pl. Aul. in § 13; Cum capra aut nepa aut exoritur lumen aliquid beluae, Enn. tr. 276 V; cum certi propter diuitias aut genus aut aliquas opes rem publicam tenent, Cic. rep. 3, 13, 23; qui abs te tribum aut centuriam aut aliquid beneficium habeant, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 18; add Cic. am. 34; but this applies not to ne iis quidem auuis quibus Rhodi...egerit, aliquid quam iram meditatam, Tac. an. 1, 4; **17.** w. numerals, more or less, or thereabouts, like our own some, Helleborum potabis faxo aliquos uiginti dies, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 47; comesto aliqua quinquae folia, Cato r. 156, 1; ut quadraginta aliquos milites ad nerrucam ire iubeas, Cato orig. 18, 8 lord.; Graecis hoc modicum est, Leonidas, Epaminondas, tres aliqui aut quattuor, Cic. flu. 2, 62; cf. τρεις τινες, ολιγοί τινες; **18.** often accumulated w. self or words akin, Si hercle habeam lubens pollicear uerum aliquid aliqua aliquid modo Alieude ab aliqui tibi spes est uecum fortunam fore, Pl. Ep. 3, 1, 10; add 3, 1, 13; si nos ad aliquam\* alicieus\* commodi aliquando recuperandi spem fortuna reseruauit, for any hope (however small) of recovering at any time (however distant) any blessing (whatever), Cic. fam. 14, 4, 1; **19.** opposed to itself or other words of like sense, aliqua (fossae) fiunt patentes, quaedam obcaecantur, Colum. 2, 2, 9; quam aliqui echiten uocant, alii lagium, nonnulli tenuem scaumouiam, Plin. 24, 139; cur ipsi aliquid forensibus negotiis, aliquid desideris amicorum, al..., al..., nonnihil uoluptatibus cotidie damus, Quint. 1, 12, 7; add 5, 11, 30; 9, 2, 25; **20.** aliquis in old drama w. pl. of imper. (as referring to many, de uobis), Aperite atque Erotium aliquis (aliqui B) euocate ante ostium, Pl. Men. 4, 2 f.; Oeueum aliquis ceste in conspectum, Acc. 425 R; aperte aliquis aetutum ostium, Ter. Ad. 4, 4 f.; **21.** w. 2nd person of vb. Exoriare aliquis nostris ex ossibus ultor, Verg. 4, 625; **22.** si aliquis far stronger than si quis, quae (admiratio siderum) inuendissima fuisset, si aliquem cui narraret habuisset, Cic. am. 88; si aliquid de grauitate Pompeius, multum de cupiditate



Caesar remisisset, ..., Phil. 13, 2; **23.** aliqua as n. pl. (never aliquae), Cic. top. 54; Rosc. Am. 131; and perh. acad. pr. 30; Liv. 30, 14, 4; 34, 6, 5; Quint. 4, 1, 25 and 33; 4, 2, 53; **24.** aliquis as dat. or abl. pl. not rare, si aliquis\* assentiri necesse est, Liv. 26, 49, 6; add 24, 22, 14; 26, 15, 3; 45, 32, 6 (so Madv.); ab aliquis eorum opsides accepit, inser. Or. 750; so in Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 13; Quippe tu mihi aliquid aliquo modo aliquid ab aliquibus (=ab aliquis) blatis; **25.** n. pl. in. aliquid, old form, see Charis. 159, 7 K; **26.** so also old gen. and dat. f. aliquae, ib.; **27.** ali-quis=in form and sense Norse ein-hver; and aliquid=G. et-was.

**aliquis-piam?** in Cic. Sest. 63 read: alia quapiam ni; in Tusc. 3, 19 aliud quodpiam membrum.

**aliquis-quam?** in Liv. 41, 6, 11 read: alii cuiquam.

**aliquo**, adv. [aliquis:: quo: quis] to some —, in agreement w. sb. Curram ego [ego om. mss] igitur aliquo ad piscinam—to some fishpond—aut lacum: limum petam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; Immersit aliquo sese credo in ganeum, Men. 5, 1, 3; Quanto te satius rus aliquo abire, ibi esse ibi uiuere, Merc. 3, 4, 71—to some country-place; interea in angulum Aliquo abeam, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 11;

**2.** abs. to some (any) place or quarter, somewhere (w. motion), Ibo herede aliquo quaeritatum ignem, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 61; add Trin. 2, 4, 197; Mil. 2, 6, 99; Men. 1, 2, 15; Profugiet aliquo militatum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 31; add 4, 7, 26; Eun. 4, 3, 25; Hant. 3, 3, 11; 4, 6, 5; Andr. 2, 1, 29; Hec. 3, 3, 53; migraudum Rhodom aut aliquo terrarum\* arbitrator, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 3; cum aliquo exhibimus eat nobiseum, Cic. ad Q. fr. 3, 1, 7; ab eorum oculis aliquo concedere, in Cat. 1, 17; Et nobis aliquo, Cythia, uentus erit, Prop. 2, 5, 4; quotics aliquo neniret, Snet. Cal. 4; **3.** of rest, somewhere, anywhere, ne aliquo loci\* moretur, Ulp. dig. 18, 7, 1; **4.** aliquo pluris in Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 26 is dnb.; **5.** for gen. see\*.

**aliquot**, num. indecl. [quot:: aliquis: quis] several, some, gen. not a few, Eorum sunt aliquot genera, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 58; Nam iam aliquo a fugium et me occultabo aliquot dies, Mil. 2, 6, 99; add Ps. 1, 3, 49; Curc. 2, 1, 25; uti haec res aliquot dies proferatur, Cato orig. 23, 2 Lord.; interim aliquot pauca castra feci, Cato orat. 35, 2; Somnia uera aliquot, uerum omnia noenu necessest, Enu. an. 161 V; ut aliquot saltem nuptis prodat dies, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 13; add 3, 3, 2; 4, 4, 32; Heri aliquod (so A) adolescentuli coimus in Piraeo, Eun. 3, 4, 1; aliquod hos sumam dies, Ph. 5, 5, 4; add Nov. 110 R; quorum disciplina cum aliquot (al. aliquod) saecula in Italia uiguisset, Cic. Tim. 1; accipi a te aliquot epistolas uno tempore, fam. 7, 18, 1; quapropter aliquot annos quaesti nihil fecerit, Varr. s. 202, 6 R; add 212, 7; aliquot Romae sunt qui cellas uinarias fructus causa fecerunt, 225, 7; scenndis aliquot proeliis factis, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 3; aliquot de causis, 3, 2, 2; add 4, 9, 3; b. c. 1, 33 f.; mulieres aliquot, Sal. Cat. 24, 3; post aliquot annos, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 25 and 28.

**aliquot-fariam**, adv. [cf. bi-fariam] in several quarters, in eo agro aliquotfariam in singula iugera deua cullea uini fiunt, Cato ap. Varr. r. 1, 2, 7.

**aliquot-iens**, (es) adv. several times, repeatedly, again and again, qui haec causam aliquoties (al. -ens) apud te egit, Cic. Quint. 3; quod non crederem nisi aliquotiens ex ipsis audissem, Font. 33 (23); aliquotiens iam iste locus a te tactus est, leg. 2, 9; errauit aliquotiens, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 18, 2; neque detrusus aliquotiens terretur, Sal. ap. Prisc.; aliquoties frustra in campum descensum quum esset, Liv. 7, 18, 9; add Snet. Cal. 11; al. adprehensi, dig. 48, 19, 3; ut illis longo progressum equitem consequi, nec tautum semel, sed aliquotiens... facile sit, P. Mela 3, 5, 7; **2.** sometimes, at times, =aliquando, quae (sc. dos) aliquoties inaniter conscribitur, Th. C. 9, 42, 15.

**aliquo-uorsum**, adv. in some direction, to some quarter, Ego pol istam iam aliquouorsum tragulam decidero, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 17.

**1. al-is**, alid, pron. or rather num. [see below] lit. one, some; but nearly always wh. repeated, one...one, one...

another, Quando alid ex alio reficit natura, Lucr. 1, 263; Namque alid ex alio, 1, 1115; 5, 1456; Sic alid ex alio, 3, 970; 5, 1305; Vt quod alid cibis est, alius fuat acre uenenum, 4, 637; quod non fortior ausit alis, Cat. 66, 28; alis alibi stantes ceciderunt, Sal. ap. Char. 159, 30 K; Diom. 333, 31; alis antiquissimi pro alius protulerunt, Prisc. 2, 8, 1 K; hic alis huius alis huic ali, ib. 77, 12; **2.** cf. aliter from alis, and alimodi, ap. Panl. ex F. 28, 2; **3.** from a root al=an and so=our an, one—cf. alius; snff. either -ic (al-ic-), so as to make it one with G. ein-ig, E. any; or comp. as in magis, and so=ετ-επος (from ετ-επος), E. oth-er (cf. Lincoln. t'oner for t'other), Norse ann-ar, G. and-er.

**2. alis?** adv. [prob. comp. fm root al; see alius, and cf. magis] otherwise, else, uenditio locatio aedilis esto quem quomque ueicus Furcus fecerint, quod se sentiunt (sentiat?) eam rem sine scelere sine piaculo: alis no potesto, CIL 603, 10; **2.** cf. Go. alis, o. G. alies alles, A. S. elles, E. else, Grimm. D. G. 3, 61 and 188.

**alisma**, ātis, n. a water-plant, alisma plantage Linn., Plin. 25, 124.

**aliter**, (old aliter\*) adv. [al-is:: breuiter: breuis] lit. in one way; but only so used, when repeated w. itself, or some word akin, in one way..., in one (or another)..., aliter leges, aliter philosophi tollunt astutias, Cic. off. 3, 68; cum ciui al. contendimus si est inimicus, al. si competitor, 1, 38; aliter cum tyranno, aliter cum amico uiuunt, am. 89; add acad. pr. 2, 143; fam. 15, 21, 4; aliter acutis morbis mendendum, aliter uetustis, aliter iuuescentibus, aliter subsistentibus, aliter iam ad sanitatem inclinatis, Cels. pr. p. 10, 3 Dar.; idem illud aliter Caesar, aliter Cicero, aliter Cato suadere debet, Quint. 3, 8, 49; add 5, 7, 36; 11, 1, 39; **2.** aliter aliterque, al. atque al., lit. in one way and in one way, sometimes in one way, sometimes in another, in different ways, aliter aliterque in eodem morbo febres accedunt, Cels. 3, 3, p. 78, 12; haec (uita) aliter aliterque curantur, 7, 7, 1; hoc saepe dicit Epicurus al. atque aliter, Sen. ep. 27, 9; add 84, 5; al. atque al. erumpens, Plin. 2, 208;

**3.** with kindred words in contr. constr. in one way..., in another, aliter ab alio dicta, Cic. part. 51; aliter ab aliis digeruntur, or. 2, 79; aliter cum aliis locutum, Att. 7, 8, 1; aliter apud alios ordiuatis magistratibus, Liv. 2, 21, 4; add 39, 53, 1; id quoque aliter ab aliis curatur, Cels. 7, 17; **4.** hence gen. otherwise, in another way, differently, Siu aliter cs, inimici atque irati tibi, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 9; Siu aliter\* animatus es bene quod agas eueniat tibi, 3, 2, 87; Tu si hic sis aliter sentias, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 10; Siu est ut aliter tua siet sententia, Hec. 4, 15; fieri non potuit aliter, Cic. Att. 6, 6, 3; uerum longe aliter est, Rosc. Am. 138; qui aliter fecerit senatum existimare eum contra rempublicam facturum, Sal. Cat. 51 f.; Dis aliter uisum, Verg. 2, 428; **5.** referring to a condition, if this be not so, otherwise, aliter amicitiae stabiles permanere non possunt, Cic. am. 74; nam aliter iustitia non esset, off. 2, 42; id sibi contendendum aut aliter non traducendum exercitum, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 2; aliter...nulli eam rem consului ius est, Sal. Cat. 29, 3; facilisque sequetur Si te fata uocant; aliter non uiribus ullis Vincere nec duro poteris conueller ferro, Verg. 6, 147; **6.** so often in negations, aliter with coming nisi (=ita demum si) non pati C. Caesarem consulem aliter fieri nisi exercitum tradiderit, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 14, 2; quod aliter non potest fieri nisi spatium habuero, Lent. ad Cic. 12, 14, 5; non aliter, nisi..., rem aggressurus, Liv. 35, 39, 4; non aliter classem reuocaturum, nisi..., 45, 11, 11; nec aliter eas mansuras in fide nisi..., 45, 31, 8; non aliter uenter in possessionem mittitur, nisi..., Ulp. dig. 37, 9, 6; add Marcian. 48, 18, 9;

**7.** may be followed by et, if the things compared be expressed symmetrically, aliter docti et indocti, Cic. fin. 5, 89; quod de puero aliter ad te scripsit et ad matrem, non reprehendo, Att. 10, 11, 1; **8.** not so limited w. atque (ac) from (what), longe aliter est amicus, atque amator, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 70; Quid si sors aliter ac uoles euenit? Cas. 2, 5, 37; add St. 1, 1, 42; neque uis senator decernito quuo ea pequnia aliter exsurgatur atque utique in h(ace) l(ege) s(criptum) est, CIL



200, 72; aliter tuum amorem atque est accipis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 23; ego isti nihilo sum aliter ac fui, Ph. 3, 2, 45; add Ad. 4, 3, 6; uihil est de quo aliter tu sentias atque ego, Cic. fin. 4, 60; si neque...neque quidquam aliter ac nos uellemus a senatu iudicatum est, Mil. 23; spem habeo nihil fore aliter ac deceat, Att. 6, 3, 8; add fam. 2, 3, 2; Att. 16, 13, 1; ordo agminis aliter se habebat ac Belgae detulerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 1; quaedam aliter olim ac nunc, Varr. l. 9, 38, p. 497 Sp.; longe aliter ac rarus erat, Sal. Iug. 7, 3; add 72, 1; 9. w. qnam, than, qui in praedones incederint, si aliter quippiam coacti faciant ac liberi, Cic. Rab. post. 29; ne aliter quam ego uelim meum laudet ingeuim, Verr. 2, 1, 24; add inv. 2, 66; Non aliter quam qui..., Verg. G. 1, 201; quae scribuntur aliter quam enuntiantur, Quint. 1, 7, 28; add 2, 5, 11; 3, 6, 34 etc.; Non aliter quam quum..., Ov. F. 2, 209; 10. esp. followed by si, negabant se aliter ituros quam si..., Liv. 3, 51, 12; add 21, 63, 9; 23, 4, 4; add Verg. 4, 669; Ov. tr. 1, 3, 73; duo enim suut delicta, aliter atque si quis uno impetu pluribus uulneribus aliquem occiderit, Gai. dig. 9, 2, 32; add Ulp. 47, 10, 17, 9; Paul. 21, 1, 43, 5; 11. quam refers alike to aliter and comp. in Plinian phrases like, quam (sc. libidinem) non aliter magis accendi putant quam pota ea, 22, 78; quae sint urenda corporum non aliter utilius uri quam crystallina pila aduersis opposita solis radiis, 37, 28; 12. for old qty of final cf. Vt lepide, ut liberaliter, ut honeste atque hau grauate, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 65; Reor, peccatum largiter. Immo haec erat, Epid. 3, 4, 49; Quouiam meo amico amieiter haec commoditatis copiam, Pers. 2, 3, 3; Loea haec eireiter excedit mihi. Mei homines, Cist. 4, 2, 8 (see Haupt, Herm. 4, 33); Facie honesta; mirum ni ego me turpiter hodie hic dabo, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 24.

**alitudo**, τροφή, Gloss.

**alitūra**, ae, f. nourishing, feeding, Gell. 12, 1, 20.

**alitus**, ūs, m. the same, Donat. Verg. vit. 6.

**aliubi** (-ubei\*) adv. [old dat. of alius, as alibi of alis] lit. in one place; but so in use only when repeated, in one place..., in one (another)..., ut ex eodem semine aliubi cum decimo redeat, aliubi eum quinto decimo, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; aliubi faui eera spectabiles gignuntur, aliubi copia mellis, Plin. 11, 33; a. pro aqua, a. pro pabulo pendunt, 12, 65; a. cyaneus, a. croceus, 22, 45; add 34, 145; ut a. sit species rei, a. ipsa res, Sen. ben. 1, 5, 5; 2. aliubi atque aliubi, in one place than in another, aquatiliū genera a. atque a. meliora, Plin. 9, 168; 3. at one time in one place, at another in another, in different places, animum natate, a. atque a. apparere, Sen. ep. 35, 4; a. atque a. diuersa poena est, ben. 3, 6, 2; 4. not repeated, in another place, elsewhere, neue amplius ea (se. scriptura) aliubiue\* aliterue dare debeto, CIL 200, 86; aliubi (f)latus idem Olympias noceatur, Plin. 2, 120 f.; add 8, 136 (βγ); 10, 87 (βγ); 12, 58; 13, 28; 13, 129 (βγ); 14, 14; 17, 15; 17, 155; 36, 59 (βγ); 37, 23 (βγ).

**alium** (all.) ii, n. dim. [of all] garlic, Indunt eorandrum, fenieulam, alium (so B and D m. pr.), atrum holus, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 25; oboluiſti alium (so B m. pr.), Most. 1, 1, 38; plenior Ali (alii A) ulpicūe quam Romani remiges, Poen. 5, 5, 35; aui nostri quum alium (so mss) et caepe eorum uerba olerent, tamen optime animati erant, Varr. ap. Non. 201, 6; Aliū serpullum, Verg. B. 2, 11; Edit eieutis alium (so A B m. pr.) noceutus, Hor. epod. 3, 3; Aliā eum caepis, Colum. 10, 314; add 11, 3, 20 (ter); iufra eubiliūm stramenta alii capita subieuit, 8, 5, 12; caput gustaueris alli, Pers. 5, 188; alium cepasque inter deos in iureiurando habet Aegyptus, Plin. 19, 101; 2. aleum in Apic. 9, 443 and late iuser. 3. alium in Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 15 only a bad cj.; 4. akin perh. to G. lauch, E. leek.

**aliundē**, adv. [old gen. or abl. of alius] lit. from one place; so used only when repeated with itself or words akin, aliunde nigro, aliunde candido, aliunde minio sumpſtis, Plin. 37, 197; Aliis aliunde est periculum, from one place (for some), from another for others, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 19; qui alii aliunde coibant, Liv. 44, 12, 3; aliunde alio transfugiunt, Sen. brev. vitae, 16, 4; perpetua aliunde alio commigratio, Sen. cons. ad Helv. 6, 7; aliunde alio

transsiliens, Sen. ep. 64, 2; 2. on one side..., on another..., alinnde stet semper, alinnde sentiat, sides with one party, give his good wishes to the other, Liv. 24, 45, 3; 3. from another (place etc.), first w. noun, Isque ut se (mss se nt) adsimularet peregrinum aliunde esse alio oppido, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 57; 4. absol. from another (person, place, etc.), from elsewhere, Ego dabo: ne quaere aliunde, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 44; neque audire aliunde potuisses, Cic. Lig. 1; et a tuo uilico sumpsimus et aliunde mutuati sumus, Att. 11, 13, 4; non aliunde pendere, to be altogether independent, fam. 5, 13, 1; add de or. 2, 39; or. 80; N. D. 3, 64; ne petition aliunde eat, Cat. 61, 153; 5. (made) of other (material), nec a. pretiosiora opera, Plin. 13, 102; ut totum opus non aliunde constet, 30, 5; 6. w. quam, than, neque aliunde magis quam purgamentis eius sues crassescent, Plin. 13, 110; eum luxuria non aliunde maior quam e concharum genere proueniat, 9, 104; add 2, 213; 33, 118.

**alius**, a, ud (ut), g. alius, d. alii, pron. adj. or rather num. [root al=an of S. anya=E. an or one; un of Lat. unus, év of éis, oen of old L. oenus; while alii (n. alis)=E. any, G. einig; and so alio- itself=S. anya, L. unio. For change of meaning from one to other, cf. other itself, a comp. of one; see alter:] lit. one, but so used only when repeated, as first w. itself, one..., one (other); or in pl. some...some (others); cf. ἀλλήλοι, Alius alium percentatur, Pl. St. 2, 2, 46; Alia aliam scandit, Ps. 1, 1, 22 (so mss; Ritschl aliam alia; s. Kiessling Rh. Mus. 23, 410); fallacia Alia aliam trudit, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 40; ipsi inter se alii alia (mss it is said: alii alii) prodese possent, Cic. off. 1, 22; ceteri alius alii uarie assentiebantur, Sal. Cat. 52, 1; 2. at times w. special sense, all so aud so, only one more so than another, alia (se. femina) alia peior, frater, est, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 20; habes Sardos uenales, alium alio nequiorum, Cic. fam. 7, 24 f.; eum omnes certatim aliusque alio ornatus de mea salute dixisset, each surpassing the preceding one, Sest. 74; epistolas tuas aliam alia inuendiorum, Att. 7, 2, 3; quom alia alii terribiliora afferrentur, Liv. 4, 26, 7; 3. freq. in separate clauses, alii ebrii sunt alii poscam potitatur, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 23; Alium fecisti me, alius ad te ueneram, Trin. 1, 2, 123; add Men. 5, 7, 51; aliud est properare, aliud festiuare, Cato or. 44, 4 Iord.; add 47, 14; Aput alium prohibet dignitas, aput alium ipsius facti pudet, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 15; timeo ne aliud credam atque aliud nunties, Hee. 5, 4, 4, that I am believing one thing and you reporting another, i. e. something different from what you mean; aliud est maledicere, aliud accusare, Cic. Cael. 6; cum aliis Q. frater, alii C. Pomptinius, reliquis M. Anneius et L. Tullius praecessent, fam. 15, 4, 8; add Tusc. 5, 37; 5, 38; ut alio loco ignes faerent, alio exebarent, Caes. b. c. 3, 50, 1; hortari alios\*, alios temptare, Sal. Cat. 17, 1; alii portenta nuntiabant, alii conuentus fieri, ib. 30, 2; aliae (febres) a calore ineipiunt, aliae... (and 15 other aliae), Cels. 3, 3; regno expellere alios\*, alios accersere, 3, 110; qua minus tuta erant, alia fossis, alia uallo, alia turribus muniebat, Liv. 32, 5, 12; pectora motus Nune alios\*, alios dum nubila uentus agebat, Concipiunt, Verg. G. 1, 421; note the place of alius, gen. beginning each clause, sometimes at end of one, at beg. of the other\*; 4. in latter ease mss apt to omit one, uirgis caedi (alii), alii securi subici, Liv. 3, 37, 8; iam in partem praedae suae uocatos deos (alios), alios notis ex urbe sua euocatos, 5, 21, 5; 5. at times equivalent words are substituted for one or more of them, alias bestias nantis aquarum incolas esse uoluit, alias uolucres caelo frui libero, serpentis quasdam, quasdam esse gradientis, earum ipsarum partim soliuagae, partim congregatas, inmanis alias, quasdam autem cieures, nonnullas abditas terraque tectas, Cic. Tusc. 5, 38; add Sal. Cat. 2, 1; Iug. 19, 1; 38, 3; 6. in contracted constr., requiring a double translation, one one, another another; or in pl. some some, others others, signa alia alio in loco laerimantes intuebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 59; add ad Q. fr. 3, 1, 23; quum diuersis legionibus aliae alia in parte hostibus resisterent, Caes. b. g. 2, 22, 1; quorum alius alia causa inlata petebat ut..., 1, 39, 3; add Sal. Cat.



51, 12; 52, 1; Iug. 87, 1; Liv. 1, 21, 6; 7. often w. kindred advs., alius alius isdom de rebus et sentiunt et iudicant, Cic. or. 2, 30; alios alibi fodere iussit, Liv. 44, 33, 1; alii alia in ciuitates suas dilapsi sunt, 44, 43, 3; 8. al. atque al., first one (some), then another (others), eadem res saepe aut probatur aut reicitur, alio atque alio elata uerbo, Cic. or. 72; alio atque alio loco noctu requiescere, Sal. Iug. 72, 2; dilatisque alia atque alia de causa comitibus, Liv. 8, 23, 17; add 1, 8, 4; aliam atque aliam (apem) patitur egredi, Colum. 9, 8, 10; tribus proeliis alia atque alia regione commissis, Curt. 4, 1, 35; add Plin. 2, 230; aliud eius (sc. uitae) subinde atque aliud facientes initium, Sen. ep. 32, 2; but in Ulp. dig. 18, 4, 2, 2: licet rerum testamentum sit, alia tamen atque alia hereditas est, the inheritances differ from one another; so w. aliud et aliud in Ulp. 8, 2, 15; II 9. gen. in reference to some preceding word, other, sei is mori (bus suspectus erit) praetor alium patronum eiei quem (uolet dato), CIL 198, 12; si malent in eo agere alia prata sicare, id uti facere liceat, 199, 41; P. Insistite hoc negotium sapienter. A. Alia cura, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 55; faciemus, alia cura, 3, 3, 71; Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adfert, alios mores postulat, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 18; quibus bestiis is erat (mss and edd. erat is) cibus ut alius generis bestiis uesceretur, aut uires natura dedit aut celeritatem, Cic. N. D. 2, 123; eadem secreto ab aliis quaerit, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 2; 10. constr. first w. et, when the things compared must be symmetrical in form and brought together, with a pause before them, non alia causa est aequitatis—in uno seruo et in pluribus, Cic. Caecin. 57; alia causa est—eius qui...et eius qui..., off. 2, 61; simul illud uidetote aliud habitum esse—sepelire et urere, leg. 2, 60; aliud de eo quod comparabitur et de eo quicquid comparabitur existimari oportere, iuv. 1, 82; alius opilio et orator...; armentarius non aliud ac bubulcus, Varr. r. 2 pr. 4; longe mihi alia mens est quum res atque pericula nostra considero et quum sententias nonnullorum mecum ipse reputo, Sal. Cat. 52, 2; 11. w. atque, from what—here the law of symmetry no longer holds; this constr. grew out of one in wh. a second alius followed, cf. Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 4 in § 3;—as: Aliam nunc mihi orationem despoliat praedicas...Aliam atque olim quom inliciebas me ad te blande et benidice, Pl. As. 1, 3, 52; Alium 'sse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; si essent omnia mihi solutissima, non alius essem atque nunc sum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21; longo alia nobis ac tu scripseras nuntiantur, Att. 11, 10, 2; potest non solum aliud mihi, ac tibi, sed mihi ipsi aliud alias uideri, or. 237; non erit haec alia ratio Plancio, ac tibi, Planc. 48; aliae sunt legati partes, atque imperatoris, Caes. b. c. 3, 51, 4; longae aliam esse nauigationem in concluso mari, atque in vastissimo Oceano, b. g. 3, 9, 7; 12. w. nisi, except, but, than, in neg. condit. and int. sent., dum ne alium intro mitat nisi Genuatum aut Veiturium, CIL 199, 31; si Sillam solum accusasset, ego quoque nihil aliud agerem nisi eum defenderem, Cic. Sull. 35; si nihil aliud fecerunt nisi rem detulerunt, nonne...? Rosc. Am. 108; nihil aliud dicam nisi nerebor, Q. fr. 2, 10, 2; nihil aliud cogitatum, nihil aliud susceptum, nihil aliud actum nisi uti decem reges aerarii constituerentur, Cic. agr. 2, 15; add sen. 5; Pis. 47; Phil. 3, 21; div. 2, 78; nihil aliud scio, nihil arguo, nisi quod cum ferro comisatum uenerunt, Liv. 40, 14, 5; add 40, 50, 3; 13. w. quam, gen. under same cond., chiefly in Livy, neque aliud tota urbe agi quam bellum apparari, Liv. 4, 26, 12; qui nihil aliud peccauerint quam quod imperatoris similes fuerint, 26, 2, 16; add 31, 24, 3; 14. w. aliud quam, a gen. vb. of doing is to be supplied in same form as following vb., tribunatus P. Sestii nihil aliud nisi meum nomen causamque sustinuit, Cic. Sest. 140—sc. fecit; quid enim aliud quam ammonendi essetis ut morem traditum a patribus seruaretis? Liv. 22, 60, 7—sc. facieudum esset; qui nihil aliud quam quicuerunt hoc bello, 45, 22, 4; add 2, 32, 10; 3, 19, 6; 4, 3, 3; ut quoad potestate abiret, domo abditus nihil aliud quam per edicta obnuntiaret, Suet. Caes. 20—sc. faceret; mox nihil aliud quam uectabatur deambulabat, Suet. Aug. 83; add Cl. 10; Ner. 43; Vesp. 5;

qui supererant reuocante Lepido quid aliud quam ad bellum uocabatur? Flor. 3, 23—sc. fiebat; 15. so w. partic., ab lictore nihil aliud quam prendere prohibito—not otherwise interfered with beyond being, Liv. 2, 29, 4; nihil aliud quam bene ansus uana contemneret, deuicit, 9, 17, 16; nihil aliud quam Aulide atque Euripo spectatis, in Aetoliam redeuntem, 35, 49, 11; 16. also w. prep. nihil aliud quam ad audienda probra nominatos—to no other end than, Liv. 23, 3, 13; nec quicquam aliud quam ad deforme spectaculum quum uenisset, 31, 24, 3; 17. rarely without a prec. neg., te omnia alia quae uelis agere, Plin. ep. 7, 15, 2; pontificibus offensior quod alium quam se in patris sui locum cooptasset, Suet. Ner. 2; but in Cels. 2, 28 read: facile intus corumpuntur panis fermentatus, et quisquis alius qui (mss quam; edd. quam qui) ex tritico est; 18. w. abl. chiefly in familiar lang., nec quidquam aliud libertate communi quaesisse, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 2, 2; erithacen uocant quo fauos extremos inter se conglutinant, quod est aliud melle, propoli, Varr. r. 3, 16, 23; Neue putes alium sapiente bonoque beatum, Hor. cp. 1, 16, 20; Quod si accusator alius Seiano foret, Phaedr. 3 pr. 41; ne quis se praeter Apellen Pingeret, aut alius Lysippo duceat aera, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 240,—wh. Plin. 7, 125 has ne quis alius quam Lysippus; cf. use of abl. and quam w. Lat. comp.; and use of αλλος both w. η and w. γον, as αλλα των δικαων, Xen. mem. 4, 4, 25; αλλο επιστημης, Plat. Men. p. 88; 19. w. praeter, besides, except, Nec nobis praeter me quisquamst alius seruos Sosia, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 244; add Trin. 1, 2, 31; 20. quid est aliud is often used where we should rather say, what is this bnt to..., that is in plain words..., quid est aliud tollere ex uita uitae societatem, tollere amicorum colloquia absentium? Cic. Phil. 2, 7; habitent gratis in alieno... Quid est aliud aliis sua eripere, aliis dare aliena? off. 2, 83; sub condicione, inquit, nos reficietis decimum tribunos, quid est aliud dicere: Quod petunt alii, nos adeo fastidimus ut sine mercede magna non accipiamus? Liv. 6, 40, 8; 21. often strengthened by an enclitic quis, quisquam, quispiam, ullus, neue quis alius meillites in oppidum...introducito, CIL 204, 1, 7; add 14; aliusque quis mag(istratus), 206, 73; Quod numquam opianatus fui neque alius quisquam ciuium Sibi euenturum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 31; add 1, 1, 244; non mehercule alius ullus sermo nisi de te, Cic. Att. 5, 10, 1; si alia quapiam ui expelleretur, Sest. 63; nmm mamms..., num aliud quodpiam membrum..., Tusc. 3, 19; 22. alius redundat w. comp. and neg., Mulier, quia mulier alia nullast pulcrior, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 101; neque consilio neque manu priorem alium pati, Sal. Iug. 96, 3; neque mains aliud neque praestabilius inuenies, 1, 2; non alia ante Romana pugna atrocior fuit, Liv. 1, 27 f.; neque aliud difficilius reperient, Quint. 4, 2, 38; quo non aliud atrocius uisum, Tac. an. 6, 30 (24); 23. alius for alter, one of two, Seni huic fuerunt filii nati duo; Alium quadrum puerum seruos surpuit, Pl. Capt. pr. 8; Gnatos duos creauit: horum alterum In terra linquit, alium sub terga locat, CIL 1007, 5; quarum (partium) unam incolunt Belgae aliam (alt'am, i.e. alteram?) Aquitani, tertiam...Celtae, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 1; so too: duas leges promulgauit, nnam..., aliam (so a b; but alt'am?) tabularum nouarum, b. c. 3, 21, 2; His (Catoni et Caesari) .magnitudo animi par, citem gloria; sed alia alii, Sal. Cat. 54, 1; ita duo deinceps reges, alius alia uia...ciuitatem auxerunt, Liv. 1, 21 f.; duo Romani super alium alius corruerunt, 1, 25, 5; duo genera (apium), aliarum quae in arboribus mellificae, aliarum quae sub terra, Plin. 11, 35; dein Corinthiense litus angustiasque Isthmi euadit, marique alio (alt'o?) Nicopolim ingressus, Tac. an. 6, 5 (5, 10); Liv. 24, 27, 8 corrupti; 24. = ὁ αλλος, the rest (of), CCCLVIII delicti qui Romam mitterentur, uulgus aliud trucidatum, Liv. 7, 19, 2; inter primos atrox proclium fuit, alia multitudo terga uertit, 7, 26, 9; add 1, 12, 9; 3, 31, 4; 21, 27, 6; 38, 24 f.; 40, 12, 7; 41, 18, 13; 25. like this the use of alia u. pl. adverbially, as to other matters, in all other respects, sanctus alia, Sal. ap. Serv. ad Aeu. 3, 594: cetera Graius; cf. nimum cetera egregium, Liv. 1, 35, 6; uir cetera sanctissimus, Vell. 2, 46, 2; 26. alio die, on another day, a



phrase by wh. an augur after observing the skies stopped public business, quid grauius quam rem susceptam dirimi si unus augur alio die dixerit, Cic. leg. 2, 31; **27.** alius gen. had a long penult as standing for alius, cf. tibicen, Chius adj.; but went out of use (alienus perh. supplying its place), alius pronomen genetiui non habet, tametsi antiqui alius producta i ante us dixerunt, Char. 159, 28 K; add Diom. 333, 29 K; Prisc. l. 266, 17 and 303, 21; so: uno excepto quem alius modi atque omnis natura finxit, Caes. Anticat. ap. Prisc. ib.; **28.** irreg. forms, alii as gen. m., uti eos (mores) mutem atque alii modi sim, Cato orat. 51, 2 lord.; peruersum esse alii modi postulare, Licin. ap. Prisc. l. 266, 17; add Cael. (bis) ib. 2, 8, 10 and 19; cf. cuicumodi; ad alii dei aram, Varr. r. 1, 2, 19; so also Char. 163, 16 K; **29.** gen. f. aliae, Aut aliae cuius desiderium insideat rei, Lucr. 3, 918; aliae pecudis iecur uitidum est, aliae horridum, Cic. div. 2, 30; **30.** ueteres alia aliae aliae, Char. 158, 26 K; **31.** alei, ali, as dat. m., comitia II uir(eis) aleiue quoi mag(istratui) rogando habebit, CIL 206, 98; quod ali dederat, Lucr. 6, 1227; also alio, Char. 163, 16; **32.** aliae dat. f., Quei nisi adulterio studiosus rei nulli aliaest improbus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 207; **33.** alis as nom. pl., alis alibi stantes ceciderunt, Sal. (Cat. 61) ap. Ch. 159, 31 K; **34.** alii (as a dissyl.=ālis) Vt quod aliiis cibis est, aliiis fuit aera uenenum, Lucr. 4, 637 (Lachm. cj. ali, male); **35.** = alis; **36.** = αλλος, cf. salio ἀλλομαι, folium φύλλον, μάλλον for μαλιον; **37.** Bopp (V. G. § 19, vol. 1, p. 33), Pott (E. F. of 1859, pp. 301, 381 393), Donaldson (Lat. Gr. pp. 45, 74, 386) connect alius w. S. ana, Lat. ille!

**alius-mōdi**, two gen. and often written apart, cum res alius modi est ac putatur, Cic. iuv. 2, 21; see alius § 27.

**alius-uis**, nou existing, for in Cic. Att. 8, 4, 1 read: potius...quam me alium iis magistrum quaerere.

**āli-ūtā**, adv. (: aliud :: ita :: id) otherwise, antiqui pro aliter; si quisquam aliuta faxit, ipsos Ioui sacer esto, lex Numae ap. Paul. ex F. p. 6.

**Alixenter**, Lat. form of Αλεξανδρος as name of Paris, Alixentrom, on a mirror, CIL 59; Oinunama Teses Alixentrom, CIL 1501, p. 554.

**allābor**, (ad-l.) bi, psus, vb. r. glide to, pass gently or quietly to, umor adlapsus extrinsecus, ut in tectoriis uideamus austro, sudorem uidetur imitari, Cic. div. 2, 58; angues ex occulto allapsi adedere iecur, Liv. 25, 16, 2; Sed mare iuoffensum crescenti adlabitur aestu, Verg. 10, 292; add 3, 131; 9, 474; 12, 319; Sen. Phaedr. 675.

**allābōro**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. ad by labour, Simplicio myrto nihil allabores, Hor. od. 1, 38, 5; **2.** work at, work to attain, Hor. epod. 8, 20; but in Cic. Brut. 184, id laboras.

**allācrīmo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. (if fm ad to) weep at, (if fm ad=av of aua) begin weeping, burst into tears, Et Iuno adlacrimans..., Verg. 10, 628; tunc illa prorumpit in audaciam et ubertim adlacrimans..., Apul. M. 10, 3.

**allactō**, āre, vb. freq. (allicio; see also allecto) lit. allure to, in use sing (a baby) to sleep, sing a lullaby to, mulier quae puerum allactat (cf. Georges' handw.-buch), Marcel. Emp. 8.

**allactātio**, ōnis, f. a lullaby, Chrysisippus nutricum illi quae adhibetur infantibus adlactatioui suum quoddam carmen adsignat, Quint. 1, 10, 32.

**allaeco**, see allēco.

**allambo**, (ad-l.) ēre, vb. lick at, lick, cum anguis adlabere feminam crebris linguarum micatibus adtemptaret, Mart. C. 4, p. 100 l. 6 Eyss.; ora cerastae, Prud. ham. 135; **2.** met. Te rapidis Gelbis...adlabere lymphis, Auson. Mos. 359; flammae, ps. Quint. decl. 10, 4.

**allapsus**, ūs, m. gliding to, gentle approach, Serpentium allapsus timet, Hor. epod. 1, 20; serpentium, Val. M. 6, 8; fontis, Apul. M. 5, 1.

**allasson**, ntis, part. changing colour, calices allassontes uersicolores, Hadr. ap. Vopisc. s. 8, 10.

**allātro**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. bark at, in Capitolium intempesta nocte eunti nunquam canes allatraverunt (al. latraverunt), Aur. V. 49; **2.** met. tot maria (oram) adladrant, Plin. 4, 19; oceanus interna maria adladrat, 2, 173; **3.** esp. of abusive words, (Cato) allatrare magnitudinem

(Scipionis) solitus erat, Liv. 38, 54, 1; (the quotation in Quint. 8, 6, 9, clearly spur.); sed ne canium quidem studium locupletissimum quemque adlatrandi..., Colum. pr. 1, 9; nomen, Mart. 2, 61, 6; nos, 5, 60, 1; nigro allatraverat ore Victorem inuidia, Sil. 8, 292; **3.** for qty see latro, are.

**allaudābilis**? in Pl. Pers. 4, 5, 1 read: adiutabilem.

**allaudo**, (ad-l.) āre, praise warmly, Agit Gratias mihi atque ingenium adludat meum, Pl. Merc. pr. 85.

**allāno**? in Varr. l. 9, 61 read lauuant, w. mss and best edd.

**allectātio**, see allactatio.

**allectio**, (ad-l.) ōnis, f. [allēgo] addition to (a body of magistrates) by election, esp. by appointment of an emperor to a supernumerary aud gen. honorary praetorship, so as to be a senator, cum Commodus adlectionibus innumeris praetorias (praetorios?) miscisset Pertinax insisit eos qui praeturas non gessissent sed adlectione accipissent post eos esse qui uere praetores fuissent, Capit. Pert. 6, 10; add Th. C. 6, 24, 7; 6, 4, 10, 1; 6, 35, 7; Symm. ep. 7, 97; see allēgo; **2.** beyond this sphere, conubialis adlectio (al. adiectio), Mart. C. 1, 3; a. in clerum, Tert. monog. 12; but Capit. M. Ant. ph. 11, 7 corrupt.

**allecto**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. frq. [allicio] keep drawing gently to, allure, ad (hoc) inuitat atque adlectat seuctus, Cic. sen. 57; add am. 99; (boues oportet) sibilo allectari quo libentius bibaut, Colum. 2, 3, 2.

**1. allector**, ōris, m. [allicio] one who allures, ueterani (turdū) debent intermisceri qui...quasi allectores sint captiuorum maestitiamque eorum mitigent, Colum. 8, 10, 1.

**2. allector**, ōris, m. [allēgo?] commissioner of taxes? L. Besio...allect. ar(k). Galliar. ob allector(um) fideliter administratam tres prouinc. Galliae, inser. Or. 6950; allector Galliarum, 3654; T. Tertius Seuerus cur(ator) col(oniae) idemque all(ector), 369; add inser. Grut. 83, 14; 245, 7; 471, 9.

**allectūra**, ae, f. office of allector, wh. see.

**allectus**, see allēgo and allicio.

**allēgātio**, (ad-l.) ōnis, f. the sending (a person) to act in one's behalf, quibus allegationibus legationem sibi expugnauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; cum sibi omnes ad istum allegationes uiderent, 2, 1, 136; **2.** alleging, allegation, plea, circumuentionis, Hermog. dig. 4, 4, 17; diceutum..., Ulp. 48, 18, 1, 26; add Paul. sent. 1, 12, 6; Vat. fr. 273; **3.** an imperial rescript, Th. C. 16, 5, 37; **4.** office of allector (2), ib. 12, 6, 11.

**allēgātus**, (ad-l.) ūs, m. sending (a person) to act in one's behalf, meo adlegatu uenit, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 18; adlegatus pro adlegatione (dicitur) qua ratione seruata adlegatu meo dicimus, Gell. 13, 21 (20), 19.

**1. allēgo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. send (a person) to act in one's behalf, depute; often secretly and w. evil object, and so, suboru, Quin ea ipsa me adlegauit qui istam areesserem, Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 14; add pr. 52 and 55; Qui illuc hodie ad me adlegauit mulierem qui abduceret, Ps. 4, 7, 135; add 4, 7, 63; Pers. 1, 3, 55; Epid. 3, 3, 46; St. 5, 3, 8; Amph. 1, 1, 29; ut ne credas a me adlegatum hunc senem, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 28; homines nobiles allegat (ab legat)is qui pterent..., Cic. Rose. Am. 25 (so Halm cj.); petit a me atque amicos allegat, Verr. 2, 1, 149; si mihi tecum minus esset, allegarem ad te illos qui..., Cic. fam. 15, 10, 2; extremum illud est ut quasi diffidens rogationi meae philosophiam ad te allegem, 15, 4, 16; **2.** w. dat. of purpose, ceterum id curando aliquem adlegauit, Pl. St. 5, 3, 8; alium ego isti rei adlegabo, ne time, Amph. 2, 2, 42; **3.** so far w. acc., also met. in later L. w. acc. of reason, plead, allege, put in as an argument, adhibes preces, adlegas exemplum, rogas enim..., adicis M. Tullium...poetarum ingenia fouisse, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 1; decreta ciuitatum, pan. 70 f.; munera preces mandata regis, Tac. h. 4, 84, 1; cupiditatem lucis, Quint. 3, 8, 46; diguitas eius adlegatur, 4, 1, 13; add 4, 1, 16, 4, 21; **4.** esp. in law, aere alieno allegato, Ulp. dig. 27, 9, 5, 13 and 14; inofficiosum testamentum, Marc. 5, 2, 3; and by a rare constr., si ex seruitute in ingenuitatem se allegat, Ulp. 40, 12, 27, 1; **II 5.** adlegatus, as sb. m. one deputed for a



special office, commissioner, M. Pomponius Q. f. C. Pomponius L. f. delegatei (pon)tem faciendum locarunt, inscr. Or. 6607.

2. **allēgo**, (ad-l.) ēre, lēgi\*, lectus, vb. add to by election, ut quum IIII augures, IIII pontifices essent, placeretque augeri sacerdotum numerum, IIII pontifices V augures allegerentur, Liv. 10, 6, 6; add 10, 6, 9; octo praetoribus alleeti duo, Vell. 2, 89, 3; ille bis seno meruit labore Adlegi caelo, Sen. Ag. 851; huuc decuriones ob liberalitatem ordini suo gratis adlegerunt\*, inscr. Or. 3745 (fm Pompeii); senatum supplicuit, patricios allegit\*, Suet. Caes. 41; Appium censorem libertinorum filios in senatum allegissee, Suet. Claud. 24; instanti (matri) ut ciuitate donatum in decurias (iudicium) allegeret, negavit alia se condicione allectorum quam si..., Suet. Tib. 51; inter patricios allectum, Suet. Vit. 1; eos qui in corporibus alleeti sunt, Call. dig. 50, 6, 16 (5), 13; in Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 9 allegitur om. in many mss; 2. esp. allectus in the municipia, adlecto in ordin. decurion. ciui, inscr. Or. 2533; decurio adlectus, 3975; add 3747; 3993 etc.; 3. at Rome, a snpernumery senator added by imperial favour, Th. C. 6, 23, 1; 6, 24, 8—10; 4. a special commissioner of taxes in a province, Th. C. 11, 16, 15; 12, 6, 12.

**allēgōria**, ae, f. allegory, simile, a. quam inuersionem interpretantur aut aliud uerbis aliud sensu ostendit, aut contrarium, Quint. 8, 6, 44; add §§ 47, 48, 51 etc.; and 6, 3, 69; cum allegorias istas explanatis, Arnob. 5, 34, 1 etc.

**allēgōricus**, adj. allegorical, sensibus, Arnob. 5, 32; genere, 5, 33; 5, 38; species, 5, 39; 2. allegorice adv. scripta, 5, 36; add Tert. Marc. 3, 5 f.

**allēgōrizo**, āre, vb. speak in allegories, Tert. res. carn. 27; Hier. ep. 61, 3.

**allēnimentum**, i. n. something to alleviate, Amm. 27, 3, 9.

**allēuāmentum**, i. n. the same, Cic. Sull. 66.

**allēuātio**, ōnis, f. uplifting, umerorum, Quint. 11, 3, 83; 2. met. lightning of pain, relief, ut (doloris) diurnitatem alleuatio consoletur, Cic. fin. 1, 40; tot rebus urgemur nullam ut alleuationem (ut om. M E) quisquam... sperare debeat, fam. 9, 1, 1.

**allēuātor**, ōris, m. one who lifts up, humilium, Tert. Marc. 4, 36.

1. **allēuo**, (adl.) āre, vb. [an up=ava] lift up, saxa et... radices laqueis uinciebant quibus alleuati milites facilius escenderent, Sal. Jug. 94, 2; Aduolat ut gelidos complexibus alleuet artus, Ov. M. 6, 249; saepe pellibus tabernaculi alleuatis ut prospiceret hostium ignes, Curt. 7, 8, 2; alleuantem oculos, 8, 14, 41 (8, 51); clipeo se alleuare, 9, 5, 13; modo in caelum adleuatur, modo defertur ad terram, Sen. ep. 72, 9; uelum, 80, 1; adleuatus circumstantium umeris, Tac. an. 1, 22; adleuat supplicem, 12, 19; supercilia, Quint. 1, 11, 10; homini nequam lapso et ut adleuaretur roganti, tollat te qui non nouit, 6, 3, 98; manum, 11, 3, 94; brachium, 11, 3, 141; pollicem, 11, 3, 142; 2. met. lift up, lighten, relieve, (anind or body), aliorum aerumnam dictis adleuans, Cic. poet. Tusc. 3, 71; sollicitudines meas, Brut. 12; de alleuato corpore tuo, Att. 7, 1, 1; alleuor cum loquor tecum absens, 12, 39, 2; hoc onus si uos aliqua ex parte alleuabis, Rosc. Am. 10; nec uiribus adleuor ullis, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 31; animus a maerore, Curt. 4, 15, 11; primus ex ea provincia magno tritici modo annonam p. r. adleuauit, inscr. Or. 750; adleuatae notae, Tac. h. 1, 52; abiectos, Quint. 11, 1, 16; C. Caesar eloquentia et spiritu et consulatu adleuabatur (was raised in influence), Flor. 4, 2, 10; 3. in Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 3 read adiuat=adiuauit.

2. **allēuo**, āre [ad=av of aua, away] smoothly away, smooth by cutting away, nodos et cicatrices, Colum. 3, 15, 3; alleuatas plagas terra linere, 4, 24, 6; (soboles) explananda ferroque alleuanda est, ut hibernas aquas respuat, 4, 24, 4.

**alex**, see hallec.

**Allia**, or rather Alia, ae, f. a tributary of the Tiber, ad undecimum lapidem occursum est qua flumen Alia... Tiberino amni miscetur, Liv. 5, 37, 7; Quosque secans in-

faustum interluit Alia (so R, Allia MP) nomen, Verg. 7, 171; qua flebilis Alia luce, Or. a. a. 1, 413.

**Allianus**, see Alianus.

**alliatus**, see aliatus.

**allice-fācio**, (adl.) vb. allure, quod inuitat ad so allice-facit (so cj.; mss allicere facit), Sen. ep. 118, 8; ad societatem imperii allicefactus, Suet. Vit. 14.

**alliceo**, seo allicio § 3.

**allicio**, (ad-l.) ēre, lexi\*, lectust, vb. draw to by little and little, magnetem lapidem qui ferrum ad se adiciat et trahat, Cic. div. 1, 86; 2. met. draw to, attract, allure, Simulabo quasi non uideam: ita alliciam uirum, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 4; Rex sum si ego illum hodie ad me hominem adlexero\*, Poen. 3, 3, 58; add Trin. 2, 2, 102; mentes, Cic. or. 1, 30; nobilem adolescentem non tam allicere uolui quam allicare nolui, fam. 2, 15, 4; hominum studia ad utilitates nostras, off. 2, 20; exules... magnis praemiis ad se, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 3; add 7, 31, 1; Allicient somnos tempus motusque merumque, Ov. F. 6, 681; consuetudine peccandi allectust, Quint. 7, 2, 44; but in Lucr. 6, 183 read adlicit w. all ead.; 3. alliceo, and at times allicui in Gramm., alliceo allicies allicui... pelliceo pellices pellexi, Char. 244, 17 K; alliceo allexi, sed apud netices alliceo (allicui) legitimus... pelliceo pellexi, Diom. 367, 11; inuenitur etiam allicuit et pellicuit, Piso: cuius unius praemio multorum allicuit animos, Prisc. 10, 1, 3; cf. allice-facio.

**allico**, (adl.) ēre, lisi, lisus [ad, laedo] dash against, ut ex magno remigum numero pars ad scopulos adisa interficeretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 27 f.; ut siquis prius arida quam sit Cretea persona, adlidat pilaeque trabiue, Lucr. 4, 321; in latus allisis clipeis, Claud. 4 cons. Hon. 627; 2. met. wreck, run aground, in quibus (damnationibus) Seruius allisus est, ceteri conciduntur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; imbecillioem agrum quam agricolam esse debere, quoniam cum sit colluctandum cum eo, si fundus praeualeat, allidi dominum, Colum. 1, 3, 9; qui periculis undique imminentibus non adliserit uirtutem, Sen. tranq. 5, 4; 3. but in Catul. 64, 66 read alludebant.

**Alliensis**, (Aliensis) adj. of the river Alia, diem Allicensis pugnae, Cic. Att. 9, 5, 2; (diem) Aliensem, Liv. 6, 1, 11; add Suet. Vit. 11.

**Allifae**, ārum, f. pl. a town of Samnium, Allifas de Samnitibus ni cepit, Liv. 9, 38, 1; Allifae et Clanio comptaetae semper Acerrae, Sil. 8, 537.

**Allifānus**, adj. of Allifae (ager), Cic. agr. 2, 66; Sil. 12, 526; (pocula), Hor. s. 2, 8, 39—wh. Comm. Cruq.: ubi fictiles et latiores calices fiebant; 2. Allifani pl., inhabitants of Allifae, Plin. 3, 63.

**alligāmen**, ἀποδεσμος, Gloss.

**alligatio**, ōnis, f. binding up, arbustorum, Colum. 11, 2, 16; add Vitr. 7, 3, 2 (bis); 8, 7, 9.

**alligātor**, ōris, m. one who binds up (vines), Colum. 4, 13, 1; 4, 17, 5 etc.

**alligātūr-a**, ae, f. (alligator) binding, tying, Colum. arb. 8, 3; Serib. 209.

**alligatus**, (=allecatus) quasi-part. [allec, see hallec] flavoured w. herring pickle, ius in elixam alligatum (so mss), Apic. 7, 288 Sch.

1. **al-ligo**, (adl.) āre, vb. [ad to] tie to, malo hunc alligari ad oriam... Vt semper piscetur etsi sit tempestas maxima, Pl. fr. 1, 102; Ad pedes quando adligatumst aequo centumpondium, As. 2, 2, 37; ad statuum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 90 f.; ad palum, 2, 5, 71; quis generum meum ad gladium alligauit, Cic. (in jest) ap. Macr. s. 2, 3, 3; in circos leones solutos dedit, cum alioqui adligati darentur—chained up, Sen. brev. v. 13, 6;—bnt all these may belong to

2. **al-ligo**, (adl.) āre, vb. [an=ava up; cf. ad-alligo] tie up, bind, quiesce et uolnus alliga, Cic. Tusc. 2, 39, perh. a quotation; add Liv. 7, 24, 4; Iust. 15, 3, 13; in alliganda materia (uitis), Colum. 4, 13, 1; add 4, 20, 2 (dub.); Atimeto lib(erto) restem et clauom unde sibi collum alliget, inscr. Grut. 715, 10; lana capnt, Mart. 12, 89, 1;

2. esp. of men (handcuffed, in fetters etc.), uictus (after striking his own person in gambling) adligari se ac uenire patitur, Tac. G. 24; uneta plurimum per alligatos



excoluntur, Colum. 1, 9, 4; **3.** met. bind (what is loose), bind together, cum arcnis quae humore adligantur succus abscessit, Sen. ep. 55, 2; fons...qui putria terrae Alligat, Lucan. 9, 527; lactis alligati (coagulated), Mart. 8, 64, 9; **4.** fix (a colour), alga (Cretensis) tinguendis lanis ita colorem adligans ut elui uou possit, Plin. 32, 66; pelagio alligatur, 9, 134; **5.** in law, tie up, bind, citer ager alligatus ad sacra erit, Cato orat. 65, 8 Iord.; hic furti se alligat, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 39—implicates himself in a charge; ne se sceler alliget, Cic. Flac. 41; ubi (lex) omnes mortales alligat, Clu. 148; add 154; ut Roscium stipulatione alliget, Rosc. com. 36; qui pecuniam alligat stipulari (dicunt), Varr. 1, 5, 36, p. 181 Sp.; num hereditati se alligasset, Pompon. dig. 29, 2, 78; non ad unam probationis speciem cognitio alligari debet, dig. 22, 5, 3, 2; **6.** other met. Eo pacto prorsum illi alligaris filium, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 58; uoltum alligat quae tristitias (wh. some propose ej. tristities, some tristitas), Pacuv. 58 R; ceddendum est celeriter ne qua re impediatur atque alliger, Cic. Att. 8, 16, 1; ne existiment ita se adligatos ut ab amicis peccantibus non discedant, am. 42; Fidem adligauit iure iurando suam, Sen. Tro. 620; alligatus calculus, in the game latruuculi—under check, Sen. ep. 117, 31; uerba alligata, opposed to soluta, Cic. or. 3, 176.

**allinio**, (ad-l.) ire, vb.—adlinio, adlinire curabis, Pall. 1, 41, 3; humida terra adlinire, 3, 33.

**allino**, (ad-l.) ēre, vb. smear on, attack by smearing, uersus...Culpabit duos, incompitis adlinet atrum Trauerso calamo signum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 446; supina tabulae sceda (so a) adlinitur longitudine papyri, Plin. 13, 55; **2.** met. from affixing mark of disapproval, nulla nota, nullus color, nullae sordes uidebatur his sententiis allini posse, Cic. Verr. 1, 17; nemo non aliquod nobis uitium adlinat, Sen. ep. 7, 2; **II 3.** smear (w. acc. of surface smeared), grease, his (with these) iuncturas adlines, Pall. 1, 41, 3; seum si adlinatur, ib.; see allinio.

**alliso**, ōnis, f. dashing against, violent crushing, duorum digitorum, Treb. xxx tyr. 8, 5.

**al-luescit**, [an=ava], liuere incipit, Paul. ex F. 28.

**allium**, see ālium.

**allōcūtio**, (adl.) ōnis, f. [alloquor] talking or speaking to, addressing, address, uertit allocutionem (from the patient to the doctors), Plin. ep. 2, 20, 8; add Suet. Tib. 23; ps. Asc. Verr. 2, 1, 7; adlocut. on a coin of Nero, Eckh. 6, 268 (who adds: 'Imperator in suggestu tres milites adloquitur'); **2.** esp. of words of comfort, Quem tu...Qua solatus es allocutione? Cat. 38, 5; uouis uerbis nec ex uolgari sumptis adlocutione opus erat homini ad consolandos suos ex ipso rogo caput adueant, Sen. ad Helv. 3.

**Allophylus**, i, adj. as sb. m. [αλλο-φύλος, Lat. as usual preferring accent to old qty] of another tribe, foreign, a name for a Philistine, Sulp. Sev. 1, 24, 4; 1, 26, 3 etc.; Tert. pud. 7; Hier. ad Eust. 27; **2.** for qty: Allophylus tua castra uelit delere tyrannum, Prud. Ham. 502; add id. de Samps. 18; Paulin. Nol. S. Fel. nat. 8, 23, 70.

**alloquium**, (adl.) ii, n. (alloquor) speaking to, esp. kind address, ipse (L. Tarquinius) fortunam benigno alloquio, comitate beneficiisque adiuuabat, Liv. 1, 34, 11; neque illis sociorum uultus benigni et alloquia sermonem elicere, 9, 6, 8; ut alloquio leni impellerent hostes ad dedendam urbem, 25, 24 f.; illic omne malum uino cantuque leuato...dulceibus alloquiis, Hor. epod. 13 f.; qui me carissime primus Ausus es adloquio sustinuisse tuo, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 4; ingenti prostratum mole sodalem Visere et adloqui parte leuare tui, 1, 8, 18; eam blando quantum posset solaretur alloquio, Apul. M. 4, 24.

**al-lōquor**, (adl.) ui, quātus or cūtus, vb. r. talk to, speak to, address, in old times both of kind and angry words, Tempus uunc est senem hunc adloqui, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 25; Cogito saeuiter blauditer adloquar, Ps. 5, 2, 4; Te adloquor uiti probrique plena, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 13; even of addressing gods: Dis aduentem gratias pro meritis agere atque adloqui, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 26; Sed quid cessas hominem adire et blande in principio adloqui, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 22; add Andr. 2, 2, 6; quem nemo adire, nemo adloqui uellet, Cic. Clu. 170; Q. Fabius sic eum (sc. Paulum) pro-

fiscientem allocutus fertur, Liv. 22, 38 f.; legati ita Poeuum allocuti sunt, 23, 42, 1; (Scipio) Masinissam sic alloquitur, 30, 14, 4; extremum fato quod alloquor hoc est, Verg. 6, 466; add Ov. M. 8, 728; 11, 283; 13, 739; 15, 22; apud Ciceronem Clodium et Caecus Appius et Clodius frater, ille in castigationem, hic in exhortationem nitorum compositus adloquitur, Quint. 3, 8, 54; iudices reuerentissime, Suet. Ner. 23; milites, Galb. 18; **2.** also absol. of kind, consoling words, adloctum mulieres ire ajunt quom eunt ad aliquam locutum conslandi (so Sp. w. best mss; but=consolandi) causa, Varr. 1, 6, 7, p. 234; Alios parentes adloqui in luctu decet, Tibi gratulandum est, Sen. Tro. 628; dubitat adliectum adloqui caput (so mss; Peiper ej. caput), Sen. Oed. 1029; eam nerbis quae dolebat minora facientes sic adloquuntur, Apul. M. 4, 23; cf. allocutio, alloquium.

**allūbentia?** (adl.) ae, f. fun? Apul. M. 1, 7 in a dub. passage.

**allūbesco**, (adlūb., adlib.) ēre, vb. as vb. impers., allubescit, love begins to take possession of, Hercle uero iam adlubescit primulum, Palaestrio, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 14; **2.** as vb. pers. allubesco, begin to have a feeling of love for, prona cupidine adlubescuti, Apul. M. 2, 10; illa basiare uolenti promptis sauiolis adlubescibat, 7, 11; conubiorum copulis adlubescat, Mart. C. 11 G f., p. 12, l. 2 Eyss.; **3.** gen. have a liking for, aquis adlubescerem, Apul. M. 9, 3.

**allūceo**, (ad-l.) ēre, luxi, vb. hold a light to; hence w. cogn. acc. tace stultiloque; nescis quid te instat (so Bergk ej., mss instet) boni, Neque quam (so A; al. nequiquam) tibi Fortuna faculam lucrificat adlucere uolt, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 46; **2.** shine upon, sole te non esse contentum, nisi aliquis igniculus adluceret, Sen. ep. 92, 5; bono animo estote, nobis alluxit (flagrans triclinium), Suet. Vit. 8; **3.** met. alluceute misericordia tua, Aug. conf. 11, 23.

**allucinator**, see alucinator.

**alluctor**, (ad-l.) āri, vb. r. wrestle against or with, adluctari ei (ei om. mss.; but cf. Lucian: εἶτα προσπαλαίειν αὐτῷ καὶ μὴν καὶ ὀρχεῖσθαι—so Oud.) et etiam saltare perdocuit, Apul. M. 10, 17; quod...adluctantem mihi fortunam superarem, 11, 12.

**allūdio**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. [lūdius] play the actor to, join in acting, Quando adbibero, adlūdiabo: tum sum ridiculissimus, Pl. St. 2, 2, 58; Etiam meae latrant canes? Ad tu hercle adlūdiato, Poen. 5, 4, 64.

**al-lūdo**, (ad-l.) ēre, lūsi, lūsum, vb. play with, Et nunc alludit (w. Europa), uiridique exultat in herba, Ov. M. 2, 864; (delphinus) adludit exultans, Plin. 9, 24; **2.** smile upon, look kindly on, (puerum) ubi in manum mulier accepit, ueluti ad notam adludit, Iust. 1, 4, 12; illi per amoena silentia...alludunt...Naides, Stat. silu. 2, 6, 101; and met. prope posita speique nostrae adludentia sequamur, Suet. tranq. 10, 5; deos canum ritu offis saeuitias ponere atque alludere porrigentibus, Arnob. 7, 17 f.; **3.** esp. joke about, have a joke at, Forte habui scortum; coepit ad id adludere, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 34; Galba alludeus...similitudines afferre, Cic. or. 1, 240; Heus! etiam mensas consumimus, inquit Iulus Nec plura adludens, Verg. 7, 117; add Phaedr. 3, 19, 12; Quint. 3, 11, 18; Suet. Caes. 22; Val. M. 3, 7, ext. 4; **4.** often of the apparently playful motion of waves on the coast, Omnia\*...delapsa e corpore passim Ipsius ante pedes fluctus salis alludebant, Cat. 64, 67; in alludentibus undis...uestigia tinguit, Ov. M. 4, 343; tripolion in maritimis nascitur saxis, ubi adludit unda, neque in mari neque in sicco, Plin. 26, 39; extremis alludent aequora plantis, Stat. Th. 9, 336; hence prob. we should read: quaerentibus quid esset litus ita definire; qua fluctus alluderet (mss eluderet), Cic. top. 32; cum litus esse audeant dicere qua fluctus alludit (mss eludit or eludit), Quint. 5, 14, 34; **5.** w. similar met. Et curuata suis fetibus ac tremens Adludit...arbor, placing her fruit within and then instantly withdrawing them, Sen. Thy. 157; ante comas\* ac summa cacumina\* siluae Lenibus adludit flabris leuis auster; at illum Protinus..., Val. F. 6, 665; epulantes\* adludit flamma, quae flexuosis excessibus uagabunda quem contigerit non adurit, Sol. 5, 24; **6.** w. acc. to \* above add fontes, Nemes. cel. 4, 10.



**alluo**, (ad-l.) ěre, vb. flow up to, wash, ut non alluatur mari moenia, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 96; Fibreus lator haec adluit, leg. 2, 6; Massilia mari alluitur, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 3; Et mare quod supra teneant quodque adluit infra, Verg. 8, 149; flumen quo adluitur oppidum, Plin. 6, 11; amnis ora uiciua adluens (of Tantalus), Sen. Phaedr. 1241; add Oed. 483; **2.** met. cum (Massilia) barbariae fluctibus alluatur, Cic. Fl. 63; **3.** add by action of water, cum (amnis locum) alluendo auxit, Pomp. dig. 41, 1, 30, 2.

**allus**, (hallus) i, m. great toe, Paul. ex F. p. 7; and again p. 102.

**allusio**, ōnis, f. playing with, si manu uiperam mulceas, ... nihil illa prosit allusio, Arnob. 7, 23.

**alluues**, ei, f. addition (of earth) by flowing, alluvial deposit, Appia ad Martis mira alluues (so M, al. proluiues etc.), Cic. Q. fr. 3, 7, 1; in proxima adluue (so Alsch.; Gron. and Madv. ej. eluuii)...pueros exponunt, Liv. 1, 4, 5; ualles quae fluminum alluuii et inundationibus conereuerint, Colum. 3, 11, 8; **2.** simply, flowing to, mare quietas alluuiis temperabat, Apul. M. 11, 7 f.

**alluuiō**, ōnis, f. additio (of earth) by flowing, alluvial deposit, alluuiōnum iura, Cic. or. 1, 173; (controersiae) de alluuiōne, Frontin. coutr. 9, 8 Lachm.; si locus impetu fluminis occupatus esset et...alluuiōne facta restitutus est, Iavol. dig. 8, 6, 14; quod per alluuiōnem nobis adicitur, Gai. 2, 70; alluuiō agrum restituit eum quem impetus fluminis totum abstulit, Pompon. 41, 1, 30, 3; add Gai. 41, 1, 7, 1.

**alluuium**, ii, n. wrongly defined by Isid. diff. v. 40 as: consumptio riparum ex aquis.

**alluuius**, adj. added by action of water, ager, Isid. grom. 369, 14 Lachm.

**almitas**, = ανατροφη, Gloss.

**almities**, ei, f. = ευπρεπεια, Char. 39, 24 K; = habitus almarum rerum, Paul. ex F. 7.

**Almo**, ōnis, m. a tributary of the Tiber, near Rome, Est locus in Tiberim qua lubricus influit Almo, Ov. F. 4, 337; add Sil. 8, 365; **2.** god of the same, Ov. F. 2, 601.

**almus**, adj. [al-] nourishing, life-supporting, liquor aquarum, Lucr. 2, 390; ager, Verg. G. 2, 330; uites, 2, 233; ubera, Stat. Ach. 2, 384; esp. as epithet of motherly goddesses, Venus alma ambae te opsearamus..., Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 32; and in joke: Talos arripio, inuoco almam meam nutricem Herculeum, Curc. 2, 3, 79; Fides, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 3, 104; Ceres, Verg. G. 1, 7; Triuia, 7, 774; (Sibulla), 6, 74 and 117; Phoebe, 10, 216; Cybele, 10, 220; Maia, Hor. od. 1, 2, 43; Venus, 4, 15, 31; (Musae), 3, 4, 42; Pales, Ov. F. 4, 722; **2.** rarely of a god, Sol, Hor. carm. saec. 9; **3.** poet. beyond this sphere, dulcedo, Lucr. 2, 971; lux, Verg. 1, 310; adorea, Hor. od. 4, 4, 41; pax, Tib. 1, 10, 67; nox, Sen. Agam. 74.

**alnuus**, adj. of alder, pali, Vitr. 3, 3, 2; 5, 12, 6.

**alnus**, i, f. alder-tree, in illis alnorum umbraculis, Cic. ap. Macr. s. 6, 4, 8; Quantum uere nouo uiridis se subicit alnus, Verg. B. 10, 74; **2.** durable in wet ground, larix in umore praecipua et alnus nigra, Plin. 16, 218; adacta in terram in palustribus alnus aeterna, 16, 219; add Vitr. 2, 9, 10; **3.** hence used for building ships, Tunc alnos primum fluuii sensere cauatas, Verg. G. 1, 136; add Sil. 3, 458; Lucan. 3, 441; **4.** a ship, as made of alder, undam leuis in natat alnus, Verg. G. 2, 451; add Lucan. 2, 427; Sil. 12, 522; Iuv. 3, 266; **5.** used too in other cases wh. exposed to water, alni ad aquarum ductus cauantur, Plin. 16, 224; of bridge piles, Lucan. 2, 486; 4, 422; **6.** sisters of Phaethon changed to alders, Verg. B. 6, 63; Claud. uupt. Hon. 14; **7.** onc w. Fr. aune, E. alder, G. eller and erle.

**ālo**, ěre, ālui, ālūtus\* and altust vb. [=ap of αρω, or of or-ior, ol of oleseo] raise, cause to rise, uelut amnis, imbres Quem super notas aluere ripas, Hor. od. 4, 2, 6; cf. altus high, al-esco grow; **2.** rear or raise (animals, including man), Tum pistores scrospasci, qui alunt furfurē (so xss, not furfuri) sues, Pl. Caet. 4, 2, 27; Immo Athenis natus altusque educatusque Atticis, Rud. 3, 4, 36; Nam illic homo homines non alit uerum educat, Men. 1, 1, 22; aut equos Alere aut canes ad uenandum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 30;

Aliquid monstri alunt, 1, 5, 15; add Heec. 4, 4, 48 and 49; 4, 4, 86; Quicquid est hoc, omnia animat format alit auget creat, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 1, 131; alui educaui, Acc. ap. Non. 422, 13; leporem et gallinam et auserem gustare fas non putant. Haec alunt animi causa, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; altust alieno sumptu, Varr. ap. Non. 237, 14; Hunc...Priamus furtim maudarat alendum Threicio regi, Verg. 3, 50; Hannibalo prope nato in praetorio patris, alito\* atque educato inter arma, Liv. 30, 28, 4; **3.** esp. of a nurse, Quem ego nefrendem alui, lacteam immulgens opem, Liv. Andr. ap. Paul. ex F. 163; Quid nutrici non missuru's quicquam quae uernas alit? Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 104; Nutricem accersitum ut quae illam aluit paruolam, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 53; **4.** gen. feed, and first w. abl. of food, multa ab ea fluunt, quibus auimantes aluntur augescantque, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; add 2, 118 and 128; foliis equos, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 3; hordeo corrupto, 2, 22, 1; **5.** feed, support, keep, ego dotem dabo. Quid dotis? Egone? ut semper dum uiuat me alere, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 64; add Ps. 4, 7, 27; Illancine mulierem alere cum illa familia? Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 3; Alere nolunt hominem edacem, Ph. 2, 2, 21; add Ad. 3, 4, 35; cum agellum eum non satis aleret, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; add Rose. Am. 56; off. 1, 25; magnum numerum equitatus suo sumptu alere, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 5; add b. o. 1, 85, 5; turba atque seditionibus aluntur, Sall. Cat. 37, 3; add 14, 3; **6.** met. feed, cause to grow, foster, promote, encourage, honos alit artes, Cic. Tusc. 1, 4; gloriam, Brut. 32; ingenium, 126; morbum, Nep. Att. 21, 5; hoc alit staturam, alit uires, Caes. b. g. 6, 21, 4; ciuitas quam semper aluisset, 7, 33; rumores, Liv. 28, 24, 1; 44, 22, 6; bellum gloriamque, 31, 15 f.; uolnus, Verg. 4, 2; sitim, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 18; amorem, Ov. rem. am. 746; **7.** esp. of fire, feed, with fuel, aluistis hoc incendium quo nunc ardetis, Liv. 21, 10, 4; longaque alit assuetudine flammam, Ov. M. 10, 173; flamma...ductis quibus alebatur concidit, Quint. 5, 13, 13; neluti ipsis in undis alatur incendium, Iust. 4, 1, 11; cf. ardeo; **II 8.** altus, as adj. high, Aetna mons nou aequo altus, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 73; pluteum long. p. lxxx alt. p. xxi faciund. coirarnere, CIL 566; add 568; and 577 (quinquies); eoullamem tribus eubitis ne altiozem, Cic. leg. 2, 66; altissimus caeli complexus, Cic. N. D. 2, 101; altis de montibus, Verg. B. 1, 84; Germaniam natura decorauit altissimorum (tallest) hominum exercitibus, Colum. 3, 8, 2; **9.** w. gen. of measure, triglyphi...unius et dimidiati moduli, Vitr. 4, 3, 4; turrim...ne minus altam cubitorum lx, 10, 19, 4; singula latera pedum tricenum, alta quinquagenum, Plin. 36, 91; **10.** w. abl., scrobes faciemus tribus pedibus altas, duobus semis latas, tribus longas, Pall. 2, 10, 3; but in these two §§ the gen. and abl. may be independent of the adj.; **11.** of sound, loud, Conclamate iterum altiore uoce, Cat. 42, 18; altissimos sonos, Quint. 11, 3, 23; alta uoce (al. nocte), Sen. Tro. 205; as we say raise your voice, you speak too low, cf. *awa* in comp. of *awaθaw*, *awaθpawew*, *awaθpawew*, etc.; cf. also recito; **12.** other met. fm notion of high, lofty, sublime, aspiring, ambitious, proud, noble, grand, to Natura excelsum quandam et altum et humana despicientem genuit, Cic. Tusc. 2, 11; qui altiore animo sunt, capessunt rem publicam, fin. 5, 57; Te sine nil altum meum incohat, Verg. G. 3, 42; Reiecit alto dona nocentium Voltu, Hor. od. 4, 9, 42; Heu, ubi nunc fastus altaque uerba iacent? Ov. her. 4, 150; add altiora et non concessa tendere, Liv. 4, 13, 4; altioribus studiis artibusque, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 8; **13.** esp. old (oldeu, ancient, a met. perh. from stream of time; cf. *ueos*, at once low and new, Key's Essays pp. 66 etc.), Deiphobe arripotens, genus alto a sanguine Teueri, Verg. 6, 500; add 9, 697; genus Claudio referebat ab alto, Ov. F. 4, 305; sic credidit alta uetustas, Sil. 1, 26;

**III 14.** deep (one at the foot of a cliff thinks of its height, one on the summit of the depth), in altod marid, CIL 195; Niniō minus altus puteus uisus quam prius, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 3; add Mil. 4, 4, 14; uirtus est una altissimis defixa radieibus, Cic. Phil. 4, 13; ita sunt altae stirpes stultitiae, Tusc. 3, 13; eum agger altiore aqua contineri non posset, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 6; altissimis fluminibus, 3, 77, 2; alta theatris Fundamenta locaut, Verg. 1, 427; uulnus, Sen. Tro. 48; **15.** met. deep, deep-seated, premit altum



corde dolorem, Verg. 1, 213; add 1, 30; altiore iracundiam, Tac. h. 2, 91; altior pauor, an. 16, 29; altissima eruditio, Plin. ep. 4, 30, 1; pudor, pau. 47, 6; altiore consilio, Curt. 6, 11, 28; altius malum, 10, 2, 20; dissimulatio, 10, 9, 8; **16.** esp. deep and at the same time calm and quiet (still rivers run deep), quies, Verg. 6, 522; sopor, 8, 27; silentia, 10, 63; somno altissimo, Liv. 7, 35, 11; add Hor. s. 2, 1, 8; in altissima tranquillitate, Plin. ep. 2, 1, 4; **17.** hence as epithet of man, keeping his thoughts to himself, reserved, secret, ut erat altus, risit et tacuit, Vop. Num. 15, 1; **18.** altum as sb. n., chiefly w. prep., first, aloft, sic est hic ordo editus in altum ut ab omnibus uentis inuidiae circumflari posse uideatur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 98; Maia genitum demittit ab alto, Verg. 1, 211; uapor ex alto cadit rursumque in altum redit, Plin. 2, 103; **19.** hence of ancient times, Quid causas petis ex alto? Acc. ap. Non. 237, 21; Verg. 8, 395; quae scripserim ex alto repetita (putasti), Cic. fam. 3, 5, 1; cf. G. alt. E. old; **20.** so of depth, eum cum uani abisse pessum in altum (the bottom of the sea), Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 64; iugentem molem irarum ex alto animi cientis, Liv. 9, 7, 3; attractus ab alto Spiritus, Verg. G. 3, 505; ex alto dissimulare puto, Ov. am. 2, 4, 16; **21.** altum, esp. of the deep sea, the deep, quando ex alto procul Terram conspiciunt, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 2; add Trin. 4, 1, 8 and 13; Mil. 2, 1, 39; Rud. 2, 6, 29; As. 1, 3, 6; ex alto emergere, Cic. fin. 4, 64; naues propter magnitudinem nisi alto constitui uou poterant, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 2; et terris iactatus et alto, Verg. 1, 7; **22.** the same met. ipsa sibi imbecillitas indulget, in altumque procheitur imprudens, Cic. Tusc. 4, 42; add or. 3, 145; Quint. 12, pr. 3; 12, 10, 37; **IV 23.** alte adv. high, aloft, cruentum alte extolles pugionem, Cic. Phil. 2, 28; se tollere a terra altius, Tusc. 5, 37; alte suras uincire, Verg. 1, 337; **24.** deeply, deep, cum sulcus altius esset impressus, Civ. div. 2, 50; ferrum haud alte iu corpus descendisse, Liv. 1, 41, 5; **25.** met. first of height, quorum animi altius se erexerunt, Cic. rep. 3, 4; quamquam ingenium tuum altissime adsurgat, Plin. ep. 8, 4, 3; **26.** deeply, altius aliquid perspicere, Cic. Verr. 1, 2, 7; altius animis maerebant, Tac. an. 2, 82; animos altius coniectantibus, 1, 32; qui uir esset, altissime insexi, Plin. 5, 14 (15), 5; **27.** esp. alte=ex alto, hoc sis uide ut petiuit Suspirium alte, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 58; alte petito proemio, Cic. Clu. 58; ita sunt alte repetita, rep. 4, 4; id bellum quibus causis ortum...flagrauerit, altius expediam Tac. h. 4, 12.

**ālōe**, ēs, f. aloes, a bitter purgative, delectio a medicamento sumenda est; aloen sumat, Cels. 1, 3, p. 20 l. 5 Dar.; add 5, 1; but not 2, 12 acc. to Daremberg; add also Plin. 27, 14—20; semunciam optimaes aloes, Veg. vet. 1, 14, 5.

**2.** met. uoluptas...Plus aloes quam mellis habet, Iuv. 6, 181.

**ālōgia**, ae, f. want of reason, folly, citius mihi uerum, ne tibi alogias excuriam, Sen. lud. 7, 1; **2.** a silent meal, Aug. ep. 86; **3.** pass. in Petr. 58 corrupt.

**ālōgus**, adj. irrational, animalia, Aug. ep. 86; **2.** bearing no definite proportion, irrational, lincae, Mart. C. 6, 232 G, p. 252 Eyss.; pedes, 9, 329 G, p. 365.

**ālōpēcia**, ae, f. falling off of the hair, mange, alopecias fricuro cepis, Plin. 20, 41; add 71 etc.; Theod. Pr. 1, 6.

**alopecias?** a false reading for aloplex in Plin. 32, 145.

**ālōpēcis**, Idis, adj. f. name of a vine, caudas uolupium imitata, Plin. 14, 42.

**ālōpēc-ūrus**, adj. f. name of a plant (fox-tail), Plin. 21, 101.

**ālōpex**, ēcis, (fox) m. a sea fish, Plin. 32, 145; cf. uolpes marinae, 9, 145.

**alpha**, first letter of the Greek alphabet, Iuv. 14, 209;

**2.** met. a. paenulorum...beta togatorum, Mart. 5, 26, 1.

**alphābētum**, i, n. alphabet, Tert. haer. 50; Hieron. ep. 125.

**alphitum**, i, n. barley-meal, itin. Alex. M. 48.

**alpos**, i, adj. m. (white), a kind of white leprosy, Cels. 5, 28, 19; Theod. Pr. diaet. 15.

**Alpicus**, adj. of the Alps, Alpicos conantes prohibere transitu concidit, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 4; Quod nos per arua perque montis Alpicos, inser. Or. 1613, 4.

**Alpinūla**, adj. f. dim. a cognomen, Iulia A. hic iaceo, inser. Grut. 319, 10.

**Alpinus**, adj. of the Alps, Alpine, niues, geutes, Liv. 21, 43, 15; Verg. B. 10, 47; gaesa, 8, 661; rigor, Ov. M. 14, 794; **2.** absol. pedibus et equibus qui milit. in coh. 1 Alpinor., inser. Or. 5407; add 5428 etc.; **3.** a cognomen, as of a poet, Hor. s. 1, 10, 36.

**Alpis**, is, pl. Alpes, ium, f. the Alps, Alpium uallum contra ascensum (so ass) transgressionemque Gallorum, Cic. Pis. 81; Alpium muro, Phil. 5, 37; add Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; Verg. G. 3, 474; **2.** in sing., nec quot in Alpe ferae, Ov. a. a. 3, 150; add Iuv. 10, 152; Lucan. 1, 688; **3.** gen. of any mountain, geminas Alpes (including Pyrenees), Sil. 2, 333; add Sid. 5, 594.

**Alsidenus**, adj. hence A. cepa, Plin. 19, 101.

**Alsiensis**, e, adj. of Alsim, in Alsiensi (agro), Cic. Mil. 54; populus A., Liv. 27, 38, 4; ferias Alsienses, Fronto p. 223.

**Alsietus**, adj. of ?; A. aqua, also called Augusta, the water of an aqueduct, Frontin. 1, 11; 2, 71.

**alsine**, ēs, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 23.

**alsiōsus**, adj. [alsius] apt to suffer from cold, pecus, Varr. r. 2, 3, 6; add Plin. 20, 138, 21, 60; 22, 110.

**Alsiūm**, ii, n. a town of Etruria, Vell. 1, 14; Plin. 3, 44; 3, 51; Fronto, p. 233.

**alsius?** adj. [algeo] cold, corpora, Lucr. 5, 1015.

**Alsius**, adj. of Alsiūm, litus, Sil. 8, 477; tellus, Rutil. it. 1, 223.

**alsus**, part. as adj. [algeo] cool, only in compar., (Antio) nihil quietius, nihil alsius, uihil amoenius, Cic. Att. 4, 8 a, 1; ἀποδύτηριον nihil alsius, nihil muscosius, Q. fr. 3, 1, 5; **2.** as cognomen, Ti. Flauii Alsi, inser. Gud. 214, 12.

**altānus**, adj. [altum, the sea] of the sea, only of wind, altanos (uentōs), from the sea, Plin. 2, 114; (uentus) pelagi qui altanus uocatur, Serv. ad A. 7, 27; add Isid. or. 13, 11; **2.** in ref. to Rome, a wind between Auster and Libonotus, i. e. S. by W., Vitruv. 1, 6, 10.

**altāre**, or altar, is, adj. n. as sb. [altum, an eminence] strictly a moveable vessel (of metal?) placed on an altar (ara), distinguished from ara, Conspargunt aras adolentque altaria donis, Lucr. 4, 1233; Ingens ara fuit...Hic Hecuba et natae nequiquam altaria circum... Verg. 2, 515; structa sacris altaribus† arae, Lucan. 3, 404; ut ne propitiandis numiuius accendi ex his (sc. lauro et olea) altaria aracue debeant, Plin. 15, 135; electus (princeps) inter aras et altaria, pau. 1; altaria† et aram complexa, Tac. an. 16, 31; date sarta per aras, Festaque pallentes hilarent altaria lucos, Stat. silu. 3, 3, 24; ara est in cacumine, cuius altaribus si qua de extis\* inferuntur..., Sol. 3, 6; Altaris aram funditus pessum dare, Prud. perist. 10, 49; quod aris altaribus† non imposuimus, ps. Quint. decl. 12, 26; inter aras et altaria, Calp. decl. 26; alii altaria eminentia ararum et ipsa libamina\* aiunt, Serv. ad B. 5, 66;

**2.** prob. of metal, for reception of sacrificial flesh and libations and available for fire, altaria sunt iu quibus ignis adoletur, Paul. ex F. 5; paterisque altaria libant, Verg. 12, 174; add \* above; **3.** altaria, movable, sumptis in manus altaribus...adiurat, Iust. 24, 2, 8; add † above;

**4.** altaria pl. w. sing. ara, see † above; **5.** hence altaria pl. practically=ara, an altar, (aquilam) a cuius altaribus istam dexteram ad necem transtulisti, Cic. Cat. 1, 24; ab altaribus fugatus, Cic. har. resp. 9; Hannibalem...altaribus admotum...iure iurando adactum, Liv. 21, 1, 4; **6.** Diis superis altaria, terrestribus aras, inferis focos dicari, Varr. ap. Serv. ad B. 5, 66; but Verg. says: en quattuor aras, Ecce duas tibi, Daphni, duas altaria Phoebo; and Serv. here and ad A. 2, 515 contradicts himself; Verg. too (B. 8, 64; molli cinge haec altaria uitta...Coniugis ut magicis sanos auertere sacris Experiar seusus) in speaking of the di inferi.

**altārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. altarium = ἐπιβωμυς...θυσιαστηριον, Gloss. Labb.; **2.** an altar, altarium cum columella, inser. Or. 2519 (191 B.C.); Moyses altarium ex duodecim lapidibus constituit, Sulp. Sev. 1, 19, 1; add Hier. ep. 69.



**alte**, see also § 23.

**altegradius**? adj. walking erectly, Tert. vel. virg. 17.

**altellus**, adj. doub. dim. [altus] a title of Romulus, Paul.

ex F. p. 7.

**al-ter**, era, crum, adj. comp. num. [t. exer.; root al=E. an and one, G. ein, Gr. *é* of *éis*; so that alter=E. other, G. and-er; O. N. aun-ar, Gr. *ét-eros*; cf. *éterοφθαλμος* one-eyed; while E. oth-er (oner in Lincolush.) is comp. of one; cf. an 1] one of two, uti...Q. Aelius, Paulus Fabius cos. ambo alterue, si is uidebitur..., S. C. ap. Frontin. aq. 100 f.; uti C. Pansa, A. Hirtius consules alter amboe, si eis uideretur..., Cic. Phil. 5 f.; add Phil. 8, 33; 9, 16; 11, 26 and 31; 12, 37 and 38; and abbr., uti Q. Lutatius M. Aemilius cos. a. a. s. c. u. eos in amicorum formulam referendos curarent, CIL 203, 7; absente consulum altero ambobusue, Liv. 39, 23, 2; alter ex censoribus, 40, 52, 1; alter consulum, 40, 59, 1; altero oculo capitur, 22, 2 f.; de duobus alterum dicimus, de multis alium, Diom. 322, 17 K; add Prisc. 1, 90, 19; **2.** often repeated, as first in separate clauses, one of the two..., ut Hodie illa pariet filios geminos duos...: Eorum Amphitruonis alter est, alter louis, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 21; Age alter istinc, alter hinc adsistite, Adsistite ambo (sic), Rud. 3, 5, 28; add Men. pr. 40: accessit ilico alter, ubi alter recessit; alter bonus, alter malus (sc. amor and cupido), Cato or. 47, 15 Iord.; Alter nare cupit, alter pugnare paratust, Enn. au. 258 V; Curemus aequam uterque partem: tu alterum, Ego item alterum, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 50; quorum alter exercitum perdidit, alter uendidit, Cic. Planc. 86; add off. 1, 38; 1, 90; 3, 73; Quinct. 1; Rose. Am. 17; **3.** in pl., one (party, people, army, set), oue (the other), Quis heri apud te? Praenestini et Lanuuii hospites. Supte utroque ~ ~ ~ decuit acceptos cibo: Alteris inanem bulbam ~ ~ ~ madidam dari Alteris nuceis in procliui ~ ~ ~ profundere, Naev. 21 R; alteri dimicant, alteri uictorem timeant, Cic. fam. 6, 3, 4; alteri non multum adiuuabant, alteri celeriter quod habuerunt consumpserunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 2; alteri se in montem receperunt, alteri ad impedimentum se contulerunt, 1, 26, 1; add 5, 54, 4; **4.** at times one 'alter' has its place supplied by another word, esp. the first by unus, pequi(iae) pars dimidia dabitur ubi praedia satis subsignata erunt, altera pars dimidia soluetur opere effecto probatoue, CIL 577, 3, 15; duo sunt Titii Roscii, quorum alteri Capitoni cognomen est, iste qui adest Magnus uocatur, Cic. Rose. Am. 17; duo genera liberalitatis sunt, unum dauidi beneficii, alterum reddendi, off. 1, 48; erant omnino itinera duo, unum per Sequanos, alterum per prouinciam nostram, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; duae turmae haesere; altera metu dedita hosti, pertinacior in repugnando telis obruta est, Liv. 29, 23, 7; **5.** in one clause w. contracted constr., duo numeri quorum uterque plenus, alter altera de causa, habetur—one for one reason, the other for another, Cic. rep. 6, 12; miluo est bellum cum coruo; ergo alter alterius oua frangit, each the other's, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; istis duae res maximae (sc. uis et lepor) altera alteri defuit, Brut. 204; ueluti hostes aduentarent, alteri apud alteros formidinem facere, Sal. Ing. 53, 7; alteri alteros sauciare, 60, 1; add Cat. 1 f.; Ing. 42, 4; 79, 4; qui noxii ambo alter in alterum causam conferant, Liv. 5, 11, 6; **6.** without reciprocity, one...other, si quis quid alter ab altero peterent... illi unde petitur, ei potius credendum esse, Cato or. 62, 3 Iord.; and like these, utriusque, alteris freti, finitimos sub imperium suum coegere, Sall. Ing. 18, 12; **7.** gen. the other (one having been already spoken of), Namque huic alterae quae patria sit, profecto nescio, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 45; hoc ipse in itinere alterae, Dum narrat forte audiui, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 30; **8.** something strengthened by ille, uisum esse in somnis ei qui erat in hospitio illum alterum orare ut..., Cic. div. 1, 57; **9.** another, for any second (person etc.), neighbour, stranger, Tu contumeliam alteri facias, tibi non dicatur? Pl. As. 2, 4, 82; add Curc. 4, 1, 17; neque ego oblocutor sum alteri in conuiuio, Mil. 3, 1, 48; Qui sibi semitam non sapiunt, alteri monstrant uiam, Enn. tr. 358 V; nulla uitao pars, neque si tecum agas, neque si cum altero contrahas, uacare officio potest, Cic. off. 1, 4; sum enim

solus aut cum altero, Att. 11, 15, 1; add off. 1, 56; ne sit te ditior alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; add 1, 5, 33; Canis parturiens cum rogasset alteram..., Phaedr. 1, 19, 3; **10.** hence redundantly in neg. w. comp., Sol Dies...Scelestiofrem nullum inluxere alterum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 22; add Cist. 4, 1, 8; Qui me alter est audacior homo aut qui confidentior? Amph. 1, 1, 1; add Epid. 1, 1, 24; **11.** alter quisque, every other, alternate, altero quoque (anno), Colum. 5, 8, 2; altero quoquo die, Cels. 3, 13; 4, 19 (12) f.; **12.** other than was, changed, quotiens te speculo uideris alterum, Hor. od. 4, 10, 6; **13.** second, even in a series which goes beyond, ibei terminus stat propter uiam; inde alter trans uiam terminus stat, CIL 199, 11; quadriennio post alterum consulatum, Cic. sen. 30; ut primo die..., ut alter dies amicis istius spem uictoriae auferret, ut tertius dies..., Verr. 2, 1, 20; ad ea ipsa nomina oculos transtulimus: erant acceptae pecuniae a C. Verrucio, sic tamen ut usque ad alterum r litterae constant integrae, reliquae omnes essent in litura: alterum tertium quartum...erant eiusmodi nomina, 2, 2, 187; proximo, altero, tertio, denique reliquis diebus, Cic. Phil. 1, 32; **14.** so w. ordinal multiples often, litteras quas mihi altero uicesimo die (22nd) reddidit, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 1; lustrum post annum alterum et quadragensimum feci, mon. Anycr. 2, 3; anno recentissimo altero quam condita Roma erat, Liv. 3, 33, 1; post trigesimum et alterum diem, Colum. 12, 41 f.; unetuicensimo (aetatis anno) Caesar Dolabellam, altero et uicensimo Pollio C. Catonem iis orationibus insecuti sunt quas..., Tac. dial. 34 f.; uicesima et altera laedit, Manil. 4, 466; **15.** but w. ab and quam immediately following, second only (to), Fortunate puer, tu nunc eris alter ab illo, Verg. B. 5, 49; Alter ab undecimo (i.e. 12th, but Serv. ad l. makes it 13th) tum me iani acceperat annus:...Vt uidi, ut perii! 8, 39; altero die quam a Brundisio soluit in Macedonia traiecit, Liv. 31, 14, 2; decessit paralyti altero die quam correptus est, Suet. Vit. 3; **16.** alterum tantum, a second as much, as much again, immo etiamsi alterum tantum perduidumst, perdam potius quam sinam Me impuno inrisum esse habitum (in all mss but A), Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 81; add Bac. 5, 2, 65; altero tanto maiorem, Cic. or. 188; numero alterum tantum adiecit, Liv. 1, 36, 7; add 10, 46, 15; quod illicite exactum est cum altero taoto passis iniuriam exsoluit, Paul. dig. 39, 4, 9, 5; add Papin. 50, 1, 15, 2; **17.** w. numerals, a second (batch of); ad Brutum hos libros alteros quinque mittemus, Cic. Tusc. 5 f.; Varr. 1, 8, 9 de alteris totidem is corrupt; **18.** as unus is used in pl. w. nouns of pl. form, so alter, ut laudarem (factum) adductus sum tuis et alteris litteris (first and second letters), Cic. Att. 14, 18, 1; add fam. 4, 14, 1; duplices similitudines (two pairs of likenesses), unae rerum, alterae uerborum, ad Her. 3, 33; de fundi IIII partibus quae cum solo haerent, et alteris IIII quae extra fundum sunt dixi, Varr. r. 1, 17, 1; add 2, 2, 7; Dein mille altera, deiu secunda centum, Deindo usque altera mille, deinde centum, Cat. 5, 8; **19.** met. another —, a second —, (amicus) est tamquam alter idem—a second self, Cic. am. 80; uide quam mihi persuaserunt te (sc. Caesarem) me esse alterum, fam. 7, 5, 1; add Att. 4, 1, 7; Aus. pr. 2, 15; Verrem, Verr. 2, 5, 87; parentem, fam. 5, 8, 4; Verres, alter Orcus, Verr. 2, 4, 111; Hamilcar Mars alter, Liv. 21, 10, 8; **20.** attached to unus by et, que, atque, first one and then another, and so, some say, vaguely, like one, two or three, several, amans accessit pretium pollicens, Vnus et item alter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 50; unus et alter dies interesserat, Cic. Clu. 72; Et sub ea uersus unus et alter erunt (two then follow), Ov.? ep. Sapph. 182; esp. in Suet., unum et alterum consulares (sc. Lania and Arruntius), Tib. 63; una alteraque conspiratione detecta (sc. of Auicinus Cerealis and Aemilius Lepidus), Cal. 56; uno et altero proelio, Suet. Vesp. 4; una et altera liberalitate locupletauit (Horatium), Suet. p. 297 ed. Roth; unam et alteram (controversiam—he then quotes two), Suet. rhet. p. 269 ed. Roth; also w. atque, unus atque alter, mox plures, Claud. 12; uix uni atque alteri, Galb. 14; add Caes. 20; **21.** unus aut alter, one or perhaps two, Plin. pan. 45, 1; **22.** in augury,



unfavourable, altera anis quae prospera non est, Paul. ex F. p. 7; cf. *ἔρεπος δαίμων*; **23.** Spengel says the *e* is elided at times in Pl. as in *altrinsecus*, Sin alter altri (mss alteri) potior est idem perit, Truc. 1, 1, 27; (but? Si alter alterius); his other pass., Bac. 5, 2, 65; Pers. 2, 2, 44; Capt. pr. 8; Men. pr. 26 go for nothing; but in either case note use of gen. as w. *ἔρεπος*; **24.** alterius is gen. short in penult; even in Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 56; Qui imperare insueram nunc alterius imperio opsequor; yet long in: Mox cum alterius abligurias bona, Enn. s. 29, p. 158 V; Alterius sua ut comparent commoda. ah, Ter. And. 4, 1, 4; Sescuplo uel una uincet alterius singulum, Terentian. ap. Prisc. 1, 228, 12 K; Nec alterius indigens opis ueni, id. 2432, 7 P; **25.** altri? as gen. Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 27, see § 23; **26.** alterae as dat. f., see Pl. and Ter. in § 7; ne qua legio alterae (al. alteri) legioni subsidio uenire posset, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 5; add Colum. 5, 11, 10; ps. Nep. Eum. 1, 6.

**altēr-ās**, adv. [for suffix cf. alias] at another time, hence repeated, at one time, at another, in his bellis alteras agri parte multati, alteras oppidum in captum, alteras..., Cato ap. Char. 215, 21 K; ponebant pro eo quod est aduerbium alias, Paul. ex F. p. 27.

**alteratio**? in Quint. 10, 1, 19 Halm w. old edd. has: lectio...multa iteratione mollita.

**altercāb-ilis**, adj. [alterca-ri] contentious, sermo, Arnob. 5, p. 156.

**alterc-angenum**, i, n. [altercum + ?] henbane, Plin. 25, 35.

**altercātio**, ōnis, f. a discussion in which a few words from one party are followed by a few words from the other, altercation, a wrangling match, dispute, = *ἀμειβαιος λογος*, Gloss. Philox.; oritur mihi altercatio cum Velleio, Cic. N. D. 1, 15; alteratione Lentuli consulis et Caniniū tribunū pl., id. fam. 1, 2, 1; Clodium fregi cum oratione perpetua...multa alteratione einmodi ex qua..., id. Att. 1, 16, 8; add 10; and 4, 13, 1; Brut. 164; quum res a perpetuis orationibus in alterationem nertisset, Liv. 4, 6, 1; ex disceptatione alterationem fecerunt, 35, 17, 2; paulatim per alterationem ad continuas orationes proiecti sunt, Tac. h. 4, 7; add Quint. 2, 4, 28; 6, 3, 4 etc.

**altercātor**, ōris, m. one who takes part in an altercation, or talking-match, one elever at a repartee, Quint. 6, 3, 10; 6, 4, 15; hoc te a centurionibus, elegantissimis altercatoribus didicisse, Fronto ad Verum 1.

**altercor**, † āri, vb. r., or recipr., also alterco\*, āre, vb. [implies a dim. adj. pl. alterei, first one and then the other briefly] deal with each other alternately; esp. in words, hence have a talking-match, each in turn speaking briefly, wrangle, cum patre altercasti\* dudum, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 29; necum altercas\*...? Tacee, Pac. ap. Non. 470, 10; in altercando inuenit parem neminem, Cic. Brut. 159; altercarit cum Vatinio, Caes. b. c. 3, 19, 5; sedemul mulierum ritu inter nos altercantes, Liv. 3, 68, 8; Nimium altercando ueritas amittitur, Publilius Syr. ap. Gell. 17, 14, 4; **2.** exchange (words in a friendly way), w. acc. dum huiusmodi sermonem altercamur, Apul. M. 2, 3 f.; **3.** met. alternate as opponents, battle with, altereante libidinibus... pauore, Hor. s. 2, 7, 57; **4.** as a pass. impers., dum altercatur\*, eod. Iust. 3, 6, 43 f.

**alterc-ūlum**, i, n. dim. Apul. herb. 4; =

**altercum**, i, n. henbane, = *ἰσσυκνῆμος*, Plin. 25, 35; Scrib. comp. 181.

**alternāmentum**, i, n. alternation, Claud. Mam. 3, 8.

**alternātim**, adv. alternately, gaudium atque aegritudinem a. sequi, Claud. Quadr. 76, 10; add Amm. 29, 2, 28.

**alternātiō**, ōnis, f. alternation, pedes incertis alternationibus commouere, Apul. M. 10, 10; add Ascl. ep. 27; Maer. s. 7, 5, 4; **2.** alternative, qui cum extraneo agit, siue recepit siue corruerit, agere potest; qui cum socio, sine alternatione, id est, si corrumpit, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 9; add 13, 4, 2, 3; 47, 10, 7, 4.

**alterne**, alternis, see alternns.

**alternitas**, ātis, f. alternative, Prisc. 594 P, 1, 81, 3 K.

**alterno**, āre, vb. [alternus] make alternate, deal alternately with, Haece alternanti potior sententia uisa est, Verg. 4, 287; alternant spesque timorque fidem, Ov. her. 6, 38; uices, M. 15, 409; ut in ordiuiibus disponendis pari numero uernaculas (ulmos) et Atinias alternemus, Colum. 5, 6, 4; alternare fructus, bear only in alternate years, Plin. 15, 12; add 29, 68; **2.** of more than two taken in turn (hirundines) in fetu summa aequitate alternant cibum, Plin. 10, 92; **3.** absol. take turn, arborum fertilitas alternat, Plin. 16, 18; alternante bono, 31, 40; add 37, 167; aud perh. Verg. G. 3, 220; **4.** w. cum, (lusciniās) cum symphonia alternassee, Plin. 10, 84; **5.** pass. nimis pinguis (terra) alteruari potest, Plin. 18, 191.

**alter-nus**, adj. first of one then of the other, alternate, every other, Nam fulguritae sunt ibi alteruae arbores, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 138; add As. 5, 2, 68; cum ex duabus eius orationibus capita alterna inter se contraria recitanda curasset, Cic. Clu. 140; epigramma alternis nersibus (elegiacs), Arch. 25; agrum alternis annis relinquere oportet, Varr. r. 1, 44, 3; alternis trabibus ac saxis, Caes. b. g. 7, 23, 5; alternis aptum sermonibus (dialogues), Hor. ep. 2, 3, 81; Vix hostem, alterni si congrediamur, habemus, Verg. 12, 233; **2.** esp. of alternate challenges of jurymen, (recuperatores) xi dato; inde alteruos... (reieciat facito), CIL 200, 37; reiectionem iudicium alteruorum, Cic. Plane. 36; add Verr. 2, 2, 32; Vatin. 27; **3.** of alternate singers etc., esp. trying to outvie each other (*ἀμειβαιος*), Versibus alternis opprobria rustica fudit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 146; dini Iuli triumpho...alternis nersibus exprobrauere lapsana se uixisse..., Plin. 19, 144; **4.** so far in pl., also in sing., esp. in poets, alterna uice, Enn. ap. Char. 241, 10 K; alterna morte, Verg. 6, 121; alteruo pede, Hor. od. 1, 4, 7; alterna requie, Ov. her. 4, 89; **5.** even in prose, alterna uice annorum, Colum. 3, 2, 23; alterno pulsu, Plin. 2, 197; **6.** in late poets alterni, both, alteruas seruauit praetoria ripas, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 25; imitated by Auson. Mosel. 286; add Claud. Mall. Theod. pr. 16; **II 7.** alteruis as adv. (sc. uicibus?) alternately, in turn, alternis dorminnt (apes), Varr. r. 3, 16, 9; rogando alternis suadendoque, Liv. 2, 2, 9; add 22, 13, 3; 22, 41, 3; Alternis dicetis; amaut alterna Camenae, Verg. B. 3, 59; add G. 1, 79; alternis inconditi uersus militari licentia iactati, Liv. 4, 53, 12; cf. § 3; alternis sal iugeritur, Colum. 12, 55, 4; quidam alternis Vatinii, alternis Catones sunt, Sen. ep. 120, 19; a. metulae surgunt, a. inserta sunt poma, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 35; **8.** alterna as adv. (sc. nice), supercilium homini et pariter et alterna (so Rd) mobilia, Plin. 11, 138; ciliis alterna conuicns, Apul. M. 10, 17; **9.** alterne? in Plin. read alterna as above; in Sen. N. Q. 9, 7, 12, 6 text unsound.

**altēro** = *ἔρεπος*, Gloss. Philox.; in Ov. F. 1, 373 some mss have alterat, but edd. w. other mss adulterat; and meaning doubtful in: ne retinendo spiritum alterent potius tussiculam quam mitigent, Caes. Aur. chrou. 2, 8, 115.

**altēror-sus**, see altrorsus.

**alter-plex**, icis, adj. two-fold, double, alterplicem duplicem, Paul. ex F. 7; read alterplicem or alterplicem in: altiplicem, dolosum, duplicem, gloss. Placid. Mai. p. 435; and in: actiplicem, duplicem, dolosum, exc. Pith. p. 53.

**altertra**, for alterutra, Paul. ex F. 7, 15.

**altēr-ūter**, decl. first as two words, theu as one; adj. num. pron. one or other of the two, sunt qui duarum rerum alterius utrius causa magistratum petunt, Cat. or. 52, 12 Iord.; si qui in seditione non alterius utrius partis fuisset, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 2; add fam. 9, 6, 3; Alteram ntram in partem, Lucr. 5, 589; alterum utrum, fam. 4, 4 f.; N. D. 1, 70; Cacl. ad Cic. 8, 6, 3 (so M); alteram ntram, S. 8, 9 (so M); but alterutrum, Cic. inv. 2, 18; Colum. 12, pr. 2; Ulp. dig. 37, 4, 8, 1; alterutro, Caes. b. c. 3, 90, 3; Gai. 1, 61; 4, 179; alterutrus, 3, 160; alterutra, Gell. 2, 12, 1; alterutram, 2, 12, 4; **2.** ueteres alterutra ae, Char. 159, 1 K; **3.** in logie, contradictory, Apul. ? dogm. Pl. 3, p. 266 Hild. wh. eueu alterutris.

**altēr-ūterque**, found only in fem., adj. num. pron. both, in causa alterutraque modus est, Plin. 20, 64.



**althaea**, ae, f. a wild mallow, Plin. 20, 222 and 229; *althaeae*, hoc est ibisci folia, Pall. 11, 14, 10.

**alti-cinctus**, adj. girt np high, Ex alticinctis unus atriensibus, Phaedr. 2, 5, 11; cf. *alte cinctum*, Sen. ep. 92, 35.

**alti-cōmus**, adj. w. lofty or long tresses, as a tree, Tert. *carum iud. Dom. 8*.

**Alticus**, m. a cognomen, L. Nouius A., *inscr. Fabr. p. 601, 9*.

**alti-frons**, ntis, adj. of lofty brow, ceruom altifrontum cornua, CIL 2, 2660.

**alti-lūgus**, adj. high-ridged, montes, Paul. Nol. nat. XIII S. Fel. Murat. 660.

**alti-lān-eus**, adj. [lana] with long wool, Ioni berbece II altilaneos, Marti arietes altilaneos, *inscr. fr. Arval. Or. 1798*; intonsam bidentem, quam Pontifices altilaneam nocant, Serv. A. 12, 170; cf. *onem uillis altis*, Varr. r. 2, 2, 3.

**altī-lī-arius**, adj. as sb. m. one who rears chickens, L. VarI...anarius altiliarus, *inscr. Or. 2866*; C. Iulius Aug. lib. altiliarus, *inscr. Mur. 906, 9*; = *ορνιθοτροφος*, gloss. Pbil.

**alt-ilis**, adj. [alo, w. t. excr.] reared (and fattened for the table), boues altiles, ad sacrificia publica saginati, dicuntur opimi, Varr. r. 2, 1, 20; cocleae, Plin. 9, 174;

**2.** fat, gallinam quae non esset altilis, 10, 139; (cosses) farina saginati altiles fiunt, 17, 220; gallinam, Maer. s. 3, 13 (2, 9), 12; formicae, Priap. 32; uenae altilem sanguinem membris ministrant, Maer. s. 7, 4, 22; **3.** of plants etc., brought to a great size by cultivation, altiles asparagi, Plin. 19, 54; Q. Popillio Q. l. Maero herba(rum) alti(lium) ...negotiatori, *inscr. Maff. 474, 1*; **4.** met. of man, of trsined athletes, Tert. spect. 18; **5.** met. of wealth, Prohibit diuitiis maxumis, dote altili atque opima, Pl. Cist. ap. Nou. 72, 20; **6.** as sb. f. and pl. n. a chicken, satur altilium, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 35; anseribus par altilis, Inv. 5, 115; Ad nos iam ueniet minor altilis, 5, 166; altilia assa, Maer. s. 3, 13, 13; altilia dicuntur uolatilia saginata studio, gloss. ms Voss.

**alti-lōquium**, ii, n. lofty speech, Mess. Corv. prog. Aug. 11.

**Altinās**, ātis, adj. of Altinum, oues, Colum. 7, 2, 3; genistae, Grat. cyn. 130; **2.** as sb. inhabitant of Altinum, Plin. ep. 3, 2, 2.

**Altinum**, i, n. a city of Northern Italy on the Adriatic, Plin. 3, 119 and 126 etc.; Mart. 14, 155, 2.

**Altinus**, adj. of Altinum, naecae, Colum. 6, 24, 5; oues, Tert. pall. 3.

**alti-pendūlus**, adj. hanging down from aloft, aliquot altipendulos Reliquinus nindemiae superstites, Nov. ap. Fronton. ad M. Caes. 4, 6.

**altipētax**, ācis, adj. inclined to ascend, cucurbita, Strab. Gall. 6, 1.

**altipētus**, adj. making for the upper regions, lenitas, Paul. Nol. ep. 12 med.

**altipotens?** in Mart. Cap. 32 G edd.: alti potens parentis.

**alti-sōnus**, adj. high-sounding, sounding aloft, Saep-tum altisono cardine templum, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; altisono Caeli cluope, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 4; Iouis altisoni, Cic. poet. div. 1, 106; add Sen. Herc. Oet. 533; Inv. 11, 181.

**alti-thrōnus**, adj. high-throned, Iuvene. prol.; Venant. F. vit. S. Mart. 1.

**alti-tōnus**, adj. thundering aloft, zonae, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 31.

**altitūdo**, inis, f. height, montium, Cic. agr. 2, 52; (aedium), off. 3, 66; **2.** met. height, loftiness, elevation, sublimity, animi, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 4; part. or. 77; Liv. 4, 6, 12; orationis, Cic. Brut. 67; II **3.** depth, spelunca infinita altitudine, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; add 2, 5, 68; div. 1, 97; plagae, Cels. 7, 7, 9; **4.** met. deep reserve, ad simulanda negotia altitudo ingeni incredibilis, Sall. Ing. 95, 3; exereenda est altitudo animi ne si irascamur...in morositatem incidamus, Cic. off. 1, 88; neque uultu mutato ...altitudine animi an..., Tac. an. 3, 44 f.

**alti-uōlans**, adj. flying aloft, solis rota, Lucr. 5, 433; grus, Auson. techn.; **2.** as sb. high-flying bird, genus altiuolantum, Enu. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107.

**alti-uōl-us**, adj. the same, Plin. 10, 42.

**altius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. somewhat high, calciamenta, Snet. Aug. 73; **2.** altiusculo adv., altiuscule sub ipsas papillas succinctula, Apul. M. 2, 7; add 8, 31.

**alto**, āre, vb. [altus] make high, exalt, Sid. ep. 2, 2; and 9, 8.

**alt-or**, ōris, m. [al-o; t. excr.] one who rears (a child), Curetes altores Iouis, Sall. ap. Lact. 1, 21 f.; add Stat. silu. 2, 69; **2.** met. omnium rerum educator et altor est mundus, Cic. N. D. 2, 86; altoris nomine terram colnit antiquitas, Aug. C. D. 7, 23 f.; **3.** but in Sen. Herc. fur. 1254 ms E has auctorem.

**altrin-sēcūs**, (altrim.) adv. [implies a form altrinde, as utrinque does a utrinde; cf. deinde, dcin; hin-c, illin-c] on one side (of two), gladiolo cinctus al., Apul. M. 2, 18; **2.** on the other side, quin retines altrinsecus, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 36; perge porro (on your side); ego adsistam hinc altrinsecus, Merc. 5, 4, 16; add Ps. 3, 2, 73; **3.** at times, trisyl., Post altrinsecust ancipes securiclast item aurea, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 114; Pseudule adsiste altrinsecus atque onera hunc maledictis. Licet. Ps. 1, 3, 123 (Ritsch. cj. alterim); Respondet ille altrinsecus, Prud. st. 5, 53.

**altr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who rears (a child), a nurse (including wet-nurse\*), altrici quae luctus causa roganti...ait, Ov. M. 11, 683; paremus altrix, Sen. Phaedr. 256; add Herc. Oet. 453; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 96; Th. 1, 603; in moribus inolecendis magnam partem ingenium altricis\* et natura lactis tenet, Gell. 12, 1, 20; **2.** met. eadem terra parens altrix, Cic. Flac. 62; and Verg. 3, 273; Altricis (al. nutricis) Apuliae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 10; add Ov. M. 4, 293; Sil. 1, 218.

**altrorsūs**, adv. [=altērō-ursus, implying an adv. altērō the other way] in the other direction, uxore a. disclusa, Apul. M. 9, 28.

**altrō-uorsum**, [see above] the same, Verum autem altronorsum cum eam mecum rationem puto, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 25.

**altus**, ūs, m. rearing, nursing, terrae altu nutritur uniuersitas, Maer. s. 1, 20, 18.

**altus**, part. and adj. See alo.

**ālicinātio**, etc., seo halucinatio.

**ālficus**, i, m. an owl, Serv. ad Verg. B. 8, 55; =bubo, gloss. Philox.

**alueāre**, is, alnearium (aluarium), ii, adj. n. as sb. [alucus] a place for beehives, cum netus alueāre numero apium destituitur, Colum. 9, 11, 1; apes in aluarium cesserant, Cic. ap. Char. 107, 2 K; hos circum uillam totam aluarium fecisse, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; add 3, 16, 11; **2.** gen. in pl. qui aluearia sua locata habet, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Seu lento fuerint aluarua (so mss and Char.) uimine texta, Verg. G. 4, 34; add Colum. 9, 6, 1 (wh. some mss albaria).

**alueātus**, part. [implies a vb. aluco from alucus] hollowed out, sulcos, Cato r. 43.

**alueōlātus**, part. [implies a vb. alucolo] channelled, stylobata, Vitruv. 3, 3, 5.

**alueōlus**, i, m. dim. [alucus] a small hollow vessel, basin, bowl, sceures...alueolos molas quantum iu xl longas naues opus esset, Liv. 28, 45, 17; totum oorum nmerum in alueolum couerat, Colum. 8, 5, 13; illud enim (oleum) nestrus datur alueolis quod..., (a bowl for food at table), Inv. 5, 88; add 7, 73, wh. schol.: nasis in quibus manducatis; Alueolo coepit ligneo conspergere Humum aestnantiem, Phaedr. 2, 5, 15; **2.** a shuttle for weaving, Hier. 130; ad Demetr. n. 15; **3.** a dice-box, tesserae quibus in alueolo luditur, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 20, 4; alueolum poscere aut quaerere quompam ludum, Cic. flu. 5, 56; alueolum, tabula aleatoria, Paul. ex F. 8 (wh. note the n. gender); **4.** a small bath? Vitruv. 5, 10, 1; **5.** channel of a small river, (saxnm) alueolum interpellat, Curt. 6, 4, 4.

**alu-eus**, i, m. [akui to alu-us, our hollow, and Scotch hole and holk, dig; and so to Lat. col-o, dig] anything hollowed or dug out, aluco scrobis, Colum. 4, 4, 1; uitis in

alveo deposita, 4, 4, 2; qui ex his (scrobibus) longiores fient, ut uitis binas accipiant, alvei uocabuntur, Plin. 17, 168; **2.** esp. channel or bod of the river, labitur trabica (a sort of ship) in alveos (so mss, alveo Dacier cj.), Pac. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 367; Alia praealto defluens alveo, Liv. 5, 37, 7; add 10, 2, 7; prono rapit alveus amni, Verg. G. 1, 203; Adusetae ripis uolucres et fluminis alveo\*, A. 7, 33; Tusco denatat alveo, Hor. od. 3, 7, 28; **3.** any hollow, Corticibusque cauis uitiosaque ilicis alveo\*, Verg. G. 2, 453; **4.** a bath, ut in alveum denderet, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 14; alveusne ille an equus Troianus fuerit qui tot uiros...texerit, Cic. Cacl. 67; alvei latitudo...ne minus sit pedes senos, Vitr. 5, 10, 4; ut paruuli in testudineis alveis (perh. the hollow shell of a tortoise or turtle), Capitol. Alb. 5, 6; but alveus fagineus..., Ov. M. 8, 652 is omitted by Merkel as spurious; **5.** hull of a ship or boat, alveos nauium inuorsos pro tuguriis habuere, Sal. Jug. 18, 5; non arma-menta modo sed etiam alvei nauium quassati erant, Liv. 23, 34, 17; canas alveus haurit aquas, Ov. F. 3, 592; Portabat sanctos alveus ille uiros, Prop. 3, 5, 32; cauatum ex materia alveum (= *μονοξυλον*), Vell. 2, 107, 1; simul accipit alveo\* Ingentem Aenean, Verg. 6, 412; naustibulum uocant antiqui uas alvei simile...a nauis similitudine, Fest. p. 169 A 24; whch Paul. copies, making alveum neuter! **6.** a hollow vessel, bowl, basin etc., quala satoria vii, alveos xl, Cato r. 11, 5; quum fluitantem alveum quo expositi erant pueri tenuis aqua destituisset, Liv. 1, 4, 6; in alveis ualidi roboris, Plin. 16, 53; **7.** esp. a dice-box, tertio triumpho...translitit alveum cum tesseriis lusorium e gemmis duabus latum pedes iii, longum pedes iv, Plin. 37, 13; alveo et calculis uacasse, Val. M. 8, 8, 2; add Suet. Claud. 33; **8.** for alveus, a bee-hive? alveorum (alno-rum?) cultoribus, Colum. 9, 3, 1; elsewhere he has alveus alone in this sense; and in Plin. Silig has alui, 7, 64; 11, 22; aluo, 11, 43; so mss in Pl. ap. Prisc. 1, 522, 15; **9.** meaning of alveus in Varr. ap. Non. 108, 27 doubtful; **10.** note alveo dissyll. in Vergil above\*; cf. aluarina.

**alvinus**, adj. suffering from diarrhoea, Plin. 21, 172; but in 25, 76 only a cj.

**alum**, i, n. or halus, i, f. a plant, symphytum officinale, Linn., Plin. 27, 41; halus quam Galli sil uocant, 26, 42; add Apul. herb. 59; **2.** also = alium, a wild garlick, Plin. 19, 116.

**alumen**, inis, n. [?] alum, oris ulceribus dentibusque (magnopere predest), Plin. 35, 186; add 35, 183 and 184 etc.; Vitr. 2, 6, 1; 8, 3, 1; turrim ardere non posse quod alumine oblita fuisset, Gell. 15, 1, 6; **2.** Welsh allog; **3.** Beckmann inv. 2, 92 holds alumen to be our vitriol.

**Alumeto**, pro Laumedonte a ueteribus dictum, Paul. ex F. 18.

**alumin-arius**, adj. a dealer in alum, insc. Grut. 642, 9.

**alumin-atus**, quasi-part. impregnated with alum, aqua, Plin. 31, 59; add Marc. Emp. 25.

**alumin-osus**, adj. full of alum, Plin. 31, 49; fontes, Vitr. 8, 3, 4.

**alumna**, see alumnus.

**alumno**, are, vb. [alumnus] rear (a child), nurse, bring up, quod manibus meis alumnatus sit, Apul. M. 6, 23; add 9, 36; 10, 23; puellae in penetralibus alumnatae, Mart. C. 9, p. 302 f. G.

**alumnor**, ari, vb. r., the same, canes quos ad tutelae praesidia curiose fuerant alumnati, Apul. M. 8, 17.

**alumnus**, a, nm, adj. and sb. m. or f. [a quasi-part. pass. of alo, cf. Greek and uertumnus] lit. one being reared, one in relation of child to a wet-nurse, a nursing, foster-child, Quis est qui me uocat? Erus atque alumnus tuus sum. Salus alumne mi, Pl. Merc. 4, 5, 7; Nostra haec alumnata, tua profecto filia, Cist. 4, 2, 96; add Poen. 5, 3, 4; Quid uocat dulci nutricula maius alumno, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 8; bos usus praestet, tibi dixit, alumnus, Ov. M. 4, 524; **2.** met. reliqui Platonis alumni, Cic. fin. 4, 72; ego pacis ut ita dicam alumnus, Phil. 7, 8; te quasi alumnus disciplinae meae, fam. 9, 14, 2; Veritas Attices philosophiae alumna, Varr. ap. Non. 243, 2; nec Romula

quondam Vlo se tantum tellus iactabit alumno, Verg. 6, 877; alumnus (fortuna), Plin. 7, 43; Martis alumne dies, Mart. 12, 60, 1; add Stat. Th. 6, 378; 7, 733; **3.** less accurately, one reared by, esp. of foundlings, (*θερπτροι*), who became the slave property of those who reared them (cf. Plin. ad Trai. 10, 71, al. 65), T. Aelius Aug. lib. Saturninus alumnus fidelissimo, inser. Or. 2795; Helenae alumnae, 2796 etc.; **4.** gen. one under the charge of another, a protégé, Tum comes auspiciis caro datus ibat alumnus, Verg. 11, 33; **II 5.** in very late writers, one who rears, alumnos quos alas uel eos qui alunt, Non. 242, 30; et qui alit et qui alitur alumnus dici potest, Isid. or. 10, 1; cygnus...alumnus stagna petierat, Mart. C. 1, 11 G, p. 12, 28 Eyss.

**Alus?** a god so called, Alo Sex. Nig. Sollonins, insc. Or. 1957, perh. spurious.

**aluta**, ae, f. [perh. a part., cf. alumen] thin leather, pelles pro nelis alutacque tenuiter confectae, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 6; Pes malus in ninea semper celetur aluta, Ov. a. a. 3, 271; Inguina succinctus uigra tibi seruus aluta, Mart. 7, 35, 1; add 2, 29, 8; 12, 26, 9; Iuv. 14, 282.

**alutac-ins**, adj. made of thin leather, pellis, Marc. Emp. 23; pellicula, 26.

**alutarius?** the same, emplastro (alutacio?), Marc. Emp. 15.

**alvus** (rather aluos), i, f. (m. in Pl.), the belly, Quom haec herbas huiusmodi in suom aluom congerunt, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 34; Itaque aluom prodi sperauit nobis salsis poculis, Rnd. 2, 7, 31; cum alui natura subiecta stomacho (the weasand or oesophagus) cibi et potionis sit receptaculum, Cic. N.D. 2, 136; lumbrieci quoque occupant aluom, Cels. 4, 24, 1; nota conduntur in aluo (equi), Verg. 2, 401; add 6, 516; 9, 152; **2.** hence a. superior, of the stomach, aluom si uoles deicere (so Schneid.; eieere?) superiorem, sumito ..., followed by tantum bilis pituitaeque eiecit (so P) uti ipse miretur, unde tantum siet, Cato r. 156, 2-4; **3.** of the contents of the belly, aluos cruda, Cato r. 125; aluom mouere, 114, 115; Cels. 2, 29, 1; ducere, Cic. N.D. 2, 12, 2; aluus si uehementius fluit aut saepius ducitur, Cels. 2, 12, 1; add 2, 12, 2; aluus uaria...liquida, ...nigra..., 2, 6, p. 37, l. 38; aluom contrahere...supprimere ad efficiendas aluos (note plural), Plin. 19, 80; **4.** digestion, ninuum si uoles concinnare ut aluom bonam faciat, Cato r. 114; **5.** and absol. diarrhoea, flux, aluos corpus ac uires carpit, Colum. 6, 7, 2; **6.** of pregnancy, yet still belly rather than womb, Nam illa me (so mss) in aluo mensis gestauit decem: At ego illam (hanc?) in aluo gesto plus annos decem, Pl. St. 1, 3, 5; cum praegnas Dionysium aluo contineret, Cic. div. 1, 39; add Clu. 34; **II 7.** a bee-hive, aluos faciunt ex nimiribus, Varr. r. 3, 16, 15; add §§ 9, 16, 18, 21 etc.; uenio ad aluorum curam, Colum. 9, 2, 1; add 9, 6, 2 etc.; imponunt nauibus aluos, Plin. 21, 73; see alueus; **8.** rarely m. as, ex aluo lauando, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 268, 20 K; Maia...grauido concepit in aluo, Aec. ap. Prisc. 1, 163, 5; fragilissimus aluus, 1, 268, 18; incesto in aluo, Cinna, ib.; add Calvus, Laber., ap. Char. 80, 21.

**alypon**, i, n. (painless) a plant, Plin. 27, 22.

**alysson**, i, n. (*λυσσα*) a plant, a cure for hydrophobia, Plin. 24, 9; but in Diosc. (from *λυω*) a cure for hiccough.

**alytarcha**, ae, m. one who has charge of the public games (in Antioch etc.), Theod. C. 10, 1, 12; 15, 9, 2.

**alytarchia**, ae, f. the office of the same, ib. 1, 36, 1.

**am** (am), prep. round [= G. um, *αμ* of *αμφι*; and perh. am of amo, wh. see] round, arat an terminum (T.H.K. cj.; mss oratorum an t.: the rejected ornm made up of two ditto gr., or for ar of arat, uu for am), Cato orig. ap. Macr. s. 1, 14, 5; who adds: id est circa t.; cf. qui urbem nouam condet tauro et uacca aret; ubi aratque murum faciat, Cato ap. Isid. or. 15, 2, 3; cf. too Fest. p. 375 M; **2.** gen. insep. as in vbs. am-icio, am-plector; and with excr. b, in amb-arnalia. As for ambedo, ambio, amburo, see them

**amabilis**, e, adj. worthy of love, lovely, loveable, Sat bella's atque amabilis, Pl. As. 3, 3, 84; add Ps. 5, 4, 54; filiam tuam et amo et amabilem esse certo scio, Cic. Att. 5, 19, 2; mores, part. or. 22; insaniam, Hor. od. 3, 4, 5; frigus, 3, 13, 10; **2.** comp. Cic. Att. 12, 9; fam. 7, 20,



1; sup. Cic. am. 51; **3.** amabiliter adv. amiably, kindly, Anton. ap. Cic. Att. 14, 13, A 2; **4.** lovingly, Spectet amabilius iuvenem, Ov. a. a. 3, 675; add Petr. 113.

**āmābilitas**, ātis, f. loveliness, qui amabilitati animum adieceret, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 1; add St. 5, 4, 58; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 148.

**āmāndātio**, ōnis, f. sending far away, Cic. Rosc. Am. 44.

**ā-māndo**, āre, vb. perh. lit. entrust a person to another (mando) to be sent far away, send far away, send out of the way, amaudat hominem. Quo? Lilybacum fortasse, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 69; (Cicerones) amandandi uidentur in Graeciam, Att. 7, 13, 3; me expulso, Catone amandato, dom. 66; infra mortuos amandatus, ad Quir. 10; add N.D. 2, 141; amaudatum in Frisios, Tac. h. 4, 56; add Gell. 12, 1, 22.

**āmānū-ensis**, adj. as sb. [a manu] an amanuensis, or secretary, Suet. Ner. 44; Tit. 3.

**āmārācinus**, adj. of the plant amaracus, unguentum, Plin. 13, 5; oleum, 21, 163; **2.** amaracinum, as sb. n. the perfume made from it, Denique amaracinum fugitat sens, Lucr. 6, 973; add 2, 847; 4, 1179; **3.** hence proverb, nihil cum amaracino sui, Gell. praef. 19.

**āmārācus**, i, m. f., amaracum n., the plant marjoram, Cyzicena amaracus, Plin. 13, 14; amaracum quem Phryginum cognominant, 21, 67; amaracum appellare quod Aegyptus sampsuchum, 21, 61.

**āmārāns**, part. making bitter, Rnf. Fest. Avien.

**āmārāntus**, i, m. (unfading) amarantus, a plant, has amarante moraris, Ov. F. 4, 439; Plin. 21, 47.

**āmāresco**, ēre, vb. become bitter, Pall. 2, 15, 9.

**āmāritas**, ātis, f. bitterness, suci, Vitr. 2, 9, 14.

**āmāritēs**, ei, f. bitterness, Quae dulcem curis miscet amaritiam (amaricium a), Cat. 68, 18.

**āmāritūdo**, inis, f. bitterness, (olearum), Varr. r. 1, 66; apsinthi, Plin. 21, 160; amaritudines hebetant, 24, 105 (note plural); **2.** met. carminum, Plin. 36, 12; quantum illis (uersibus) dulcedinis amaritudinis! ep. 1, 16, 5; ne in bilem et amaritudinem uertat iniuria, 6, 8, 8; add Quint. 10, 1, 117; (nocis) a., excessive harshness, 11, 3, 169.

**āmāroz**, ōris, m. bitterness, Lucr. 4, 224; 6, 934; Verg. G. 2, 247; cf. Gell. 1, 21.

**āmārūlentus**, adj. bitter, met. Timon, Gell. 3, 17, 4; dicacitas, Macr. s. 1, 7, 2; os amarumst, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 39; Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, l. 17 Dar.

**ām-ārus**, adj. [am, what?] bitter, quid iudicant sensus? Dulce amarum, leue asperum..., Cic. fin. 2, 36; sentit (animal) et dulcia et amara, N.D. 3, 32; calices amariōres, Catul. 27, 2; salices carpētis amaras, Verg. B. 1, 79; gustus amarus, Plin. 25, 63; amariōres suci, 11, 15; Africana (iris) gustu amarissima, 21, 40; **2.** met. Dulcia atque amara apte sum eloquentum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 1; add 1, 1, 61; amores...dulcis aut experietur amarus, Verg. B. 3, 110; **3.** esp. of words, dictis incessis amaris, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 31; scriptis uexauit amaris, Pout. 4, 14, 37; amari sales, Quint. 10, 1, 117; **4.** of man's character, first of bitter hostility, Hostis amare, Verg. 10, 900; **5.** esp. sour, cross, ill-tempered, Amarae mulieres suut, non faeile haec ferunt, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 88; amariorem me senectus haec, Cic. Att. 14, 21, 3; amarum nos acerbumque dicimus nec minus stomachosum, Sen. ira, 1, 4, 2; **6.** amarum as sb. n. the bitter, amor amari dat satis, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 27; amari incedum est si curem ne quid iusit amari, Quint. 9, 3, 70; **7.** amarum, as adv. bitterly, snbridens amarum, Apul. M. 6, 13; Amm. 21, 9, 8; **8.** amāre, adv. bitterly, met. ammono, non amare, non palam, Sen. ben. 5, 23, 2; ne id quod adfirmauerit uenditor, amare ab eo exigatur, to the bitter end, Gai. dig. 21, 1, 18; non amare nec tamquam inter infestos ius...tractandum est, Paul. 24, 1, 28, 2; cum tuae domus amores amare coereas, Apul. M. 5, 31; comp. Macr. somn. Sc. 3; sup. Suet. Tib. 54; but in Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 78 Spengel w. A has amara; **9.** amariter adv. bitterly, Hier. ep. 23.

**ām-asc-o**, ēre, vb. iter. [whence vb. am-a-] love, nunc primum amasco, Nacv. ap. Diom. 343, 11 K.

**Amāsēnus**, m. [?] a river of Italy wh. crosses the Pomptine marshes, Verg. 7, 685; 11, 547.

**āmās-io**, ōnis, m. dim. [amas=amaseo] contemptuous term for lover, Apul. M. 7, 21; puellae...Amasio-num comprimuatur fraudibus, Prud. stroph. 10, 182.

**āmāsiuncūla**, see

**āmāsiun-c-ūlus**, m. triple dim. [āmāsio] a term of strong contempt or affection for a lover, Petr. 45; **2.** amasiuncula, f. Petr. 75.

**āmās-ius**, m. dim.? [cf. amas-io] lover, paramour, Miserrinum hodie ego hunc habebō amasium, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 27; add Truc. 3, 1, 13; Gell. 6 (7), 8, 1; 19, 9, 9.

**āmāta**, see amo.

**āmātio**, ōnis, f. loviug, Cum tūa amica (so mss), cum-que amationibus, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 54; add Capt. 5, 5, 2; Rud. 4, 5, 14 etc.

**āmātor**, ōris, m. lover, Philocomasio amator, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 38; add Truc. 1, 1, 19 etc.; Quae cum amatore suo (so A) cum cenant ligūriunt, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 14; add 4, 7, 24; adulter an amator? Cic. Caol. 49; add Liv. 39, 42, 3; 39, 42, 9; amatorem tenerum, Iuv. 6, 548; amicus animi est, amator corporis, Donat. And. 4, 3, 3; **2.** one given to woman (cf. mulierosus) aliud est amatorem esse, aliud amatem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 27; Iuvidus, iracundus, iners, uinosus, amator, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 38; **3.** met. pacis, Cic. Att. 14, 10, 2; sapientiae, Tim. 14; amatorem tuum, fam. 9, 15, 4; antiquitatis, Nep. Att. 18, 1; nrbsis, ruris, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 1; **4.** as adj. amatores oculos, Apul. M. 5, 24.

**āmātor-c-ūlus**, i, m. double dim. a little darling of a lover, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 27.

**āmātōr-ius**, adj. of a lover, amatory, pocsis, sermo, Cic. Tusc. 3, 72; 4, 71; uoluptas, 4, 73; uirns, Plin. 8, 83; ueneficia, 9, 79; **2.** amatorium as sb. n. (sc. poculum), a love-charm, Plin. 20, 32; 28, 101 and 106; Sen. ep. 9, 6; Quint. 7, 3, 10 and 30.

**āmātr-ix**, icis, f. a lover, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 25; As. 3, 1, 8; Mart. 7, 69, 9; as adj. loving, aquas, 7, 15, 4; 10, 4, 6.

**āmātūrio**, ire, vb. desid. ap. Diom. 346, 3 K; Prisc. 1, 429, 13.

**ambactus**, m. [a Go. and perh. Gallic wd. for servant —guths andbahts=θεου διακονος, Rom. 13, 4; andbaht bimātis=διακονον περιτρομης] a servant, ambactus apud Etruriam lingua Gallica seruus appellatur, Paul. ex F. 4, 13 M; ut quisque est genere amplissimum ita plurimos circum se ambactos clientesque habet, Caes. b. g. 6, 15, 2 (speaking of Gauls); on a coin, Pellerin's Med. 1, 3. **2.** perh. as a surname, L. Postumius Ambatus (for Ambactus), iuser. Grut. 702, 7.

**ambādēdo**? founded only on ambadedisse, a bad cj. in Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 15 and 17; wh. mss have ambedesse.

**ambāges**, is, f. found only in ambage of sing. as regards authors, but Prob. 10, 9 K 'ambages nominatio utriusque numeri declinatur'; and in pl. [am +?] going round, circuit, winding, Daedalus ipse dolos tecti ambagesque resoluit, Verg. 6, 29; Ducit in errorum uariarum ambage uiarum, Ov. M. 8, 161; itinerum ambages, Plin. 36, 85; multiformi haec (the moon) ambage (so R, al. Sillig) torsit iugenia contemplantium, 2, 41; siderum, Apul. M. 9, 32; hordeum meis quassatum ambagibus, 7, 15; ambage fallit atra, Prud. cath. 6, 48; add Claud. iv Cons. Hon. 226; **2.** round-about, ambiguous words, mysterious talk, Quid opus te multas agere ambages, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 10; Sed quae ambages mulier mitte atque hoc age, Cist. 4, 2, 81; quas malum ambages mihi Narrare occipit? Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 77; Quid tibi ego ambages Ambui scribere coner? Lucil. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 318 Sp.; haud per ambages...portendebat, Liv. 1, 55, 6; missis ambagibus, Hor. s. 2, 5, 9; longis ambagibus, ep. 1, 7, 82; Ov. M. 3, 692; immemor ambagum...suarum, 7, 761; add 10, 19; uariae manium ambages, Plin. 7, 188; immensa uitae ambage circa auguria, 10, 137; Germanico per ambages cecinisse, Tac. an. 2, 54 f.; aperire ambages, 11, 34; ea ambage (oraculi), 12, 63; **3.** of the mysterious language of acts, as of Tarquin about Gabii, ubi uellet parens quidquid praeciperet tacitis ambagibus patuit, Liv. 1, 54, 8; haec facti ambage (namely, decutiendo papauera altissima), Plin. 19, 169.

**ambāgio**, cj. iu Varr. l. 7, 3.

**ambāgiōsus**, adj. full of round-about, mysterious words, Gell. 14, 1, 33.

**ambāgo**, inis, f. the samo, ambagine rerum, Manil. 4, 303; its actual use also proved by: ambago Latinum non est, Prob. 10, 8 K; ambago generis femini, auct. de dub. nom. 572, 5 K.

**amb-aruā-lis**, e, adj. [am+arua n. pl.] of going round the ploughed lauds, dicitur hoc sacrificium ambaruale, quod arua ambiat uetima, Serv. B. 3, 77; add 5, 75 and G. 1, 345; a. hostia (ut ait Festus) quae circum arua ducitur, Macr. s. 3, 5, 7; ambaruales hostiae quae pro aruis atque frugibus (so Preller cj., mss a duobus fratribus) sacrificantur, Paul. ex F. 17; **2.** ambarualia as sb. n. pl., the religions ceremony itself, ambarualia promissa, Vopisc. Aurel. 20, 3; conducted by the Fratres Arauales, says Mommsen Röm. Chron. ed. 2, p. 70; cf. amfractus, and Aufrecht und K. Umbr. Spr. 2, 272.

**ambēcisus**, ūs, m. cutting on both sides, ambecisus, Varr. 1. 7, 3 p. 328 Sp.

**am-bēdo**, ēre, bēdi, bessus or bēsus, vb. [an=ava up, bedo prob. an older form of edo; cf. G. bisson, our bite, by the side of essen, er isst; cf. also amburo] eat up, eat the whole of, Dicit capram quam dederam seruandam sibi, Suae, (sua?) uxoris dotem ambedisse, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 15; Vxoris simiae (simia?) dotem ambederit, 2, 1, 17 (for so, uot ambeded, mss)—of a dream; Ignis enim superauit et ambens (so all mss bnt oue, wh. has lambeus, and so Lachm. cj. reads superat as a perf.) multa perussit, Lucr. 5, 396—of Phaethon's conflagration; for met. use of fire, see Verg. below; Ambesas subigit malis absumere mensas, Verg. 3, 257; Ipsi transtra nouant flammisque ambessa (al. ambesa) repouunt Robora nauigiis, 5, 752; nis locustarum ambederat (dub.) quicquid herbidum aut frondosum, Tac. au. 15, 5; primum omnium (flumeu) agrum qui inter uiam et flumeu esset ambedit, Alf. Var. dig. 41, 1, 38; hoc quid est forma careus Et turpe et multo uulnere ambesum (so A; E abruptum) undique? Sen. Hippol. 1275; cf. ambestrix; Ambesis dapibus cumulatum aggesta redundant Percula, Prud. apoth. 717 (cf. Matt. 15, 37). **2.** ambest ita tertiae personae uerbum est ut nullam aliam habeat declinationem (i.e. ambest has no authority), Paul. ex F. 4, 15.

**ambegnus**, for ambignus [am, agnus] with lambs on either side, ambiagna (so mss) bos apud augures quam circum aliae hostiae constituuntur, Varr. 1. 7, 3, p. 319 Sp.; ambegni bos et uerbix (= uerue), quum ad eorum utraq;ne latera agni in sacrificio ducebantur, Paul. ex F. 4, 16.

**ambens**, s. ambedo.

**ambestrix**, icis, f. [implies a form ambessor from ambedo] deuorer, ursas, saeuas hominum ambestrices, Amm. 29, 3, 9.

**Ambibūlus** (olus), m. [implies perh. a vb. am-bibo drink up] a cognomen, Annio Vero III et Eggio Ambibulo coss. (A.D. 126), inser. Mur. 323, 2; L. Varius Ambibolus, ap. Don. 8, 4.

**ambica**? ae, f. [αμβιξίς] a big-bellied vessel for steaming food, aues in ambicas (so Schuck cj., mss abias) sublatae Apic. 236; hence our alembic through Arab. al-ambig, cf. Diez, Wörterb. v. lambiceo. Cael. Aur. chron. 4, 7 has only the Gr. αμβικας.

**ambidens**, sine bidens ouis, quae superioribus et inferioribus est deutibus, Paul. ex F. 4.

**ambi-fāriam**, adv. in both directions, Apul. mag. 4; anceps argumentum a. proposuit, Apul. flor. 4, 18, § 88; **2.** cf. bifariam.

**ambi-fār-ius**, adj. [far what?] going both ways, and so ambiguous, fabulae, Arnob. 5, 35; obtentio, 5, 36;

**2.** ambifarie adv. ambiguously, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 1, 3. **ambi-formiter**, adv. [impl. au adj. ambi-formis] in two forms, ambiguously, Arnob. 5, 36.

**ambiga**, see ambica.

**ambigo**, ēre, vb. [am+ūgo; cf. ambo;] lit. drive both ways, hence: be divided in opinion, and so dispute, Vicini nostri hic ambigunt de finibus: Me cepere arbitrum, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 90; de (fundo), Cic. Caec. 21; ut inter eos qui ambigunt eueniat quid sit id de quo agatur, fin. 2, 4; add or. 126; iuv. 2, 122; haud ambigam hicine fuerit

Ascanius an maior quam hic, Liv. 1, 3, 2; regni certamine ambigebant fratres, 21, 31, 6; **2.** dispute with oneself, doubt, be at a loss, ne quis ambigat...cuncta regno uiliora habere, Tac. au. 12, 65; imperitos animos quaeenam post Augustum militiae condicio ambigentes, 1, 16; cui rei primum occurreret, ambigebat, Iust. 29, 4, 9; **3.** often in pass. impers. si de hereditate ambigitur, ex edicto ap. Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 116; Ambigitur quotiens uter utro sit prior, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 55; de nomine ambigi nideo, Plin. 33, 10; add Tac. an. 6, 34 (28) f.; **4.** in the act. uever w. acc.; yet nom. occurs with pass. as: in eo iure quod ambigitur, Cic. or. 1, 242; in his causis quae propter scriptum ambiguntur, 2, 110; Temporis aeterni...Ambigitur status, Lucr. 3, 1074.

**ambigūtas**, ātis, f. ambiguity, two-fold meaning, nominis..., nam argumentatio res duas significat, Cic. inv. 1, 74; add Sen. ep. 9, 2; Quint. 1, 5, 2; **2.** in pl., Sen. ep. 108, 12; Quint. 1, 10, 5.

**ambig-ūus**, adj. [ambigo] ambiguous, bearing two meanings, cum scriptum ambiguum est, ut duae sententiae differentes accipi possint, Cic. top. 96; uerba ambigua distinximus, or. 102; oraculis ambiguis (as: Aio te, Aencida, Romanos uincere posse), div. 2, 115, 116; Ambiguum...Salamina, Hor. od. 1, 7, 29; ambiguis...uiros (i.e. centaurs) Ov. am. 1, 4, 8; **2.** doubtful, quicquid incerti mihi in animo prius aut ambiguum fuit Nunc liquet, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 69; secundarum ambiguarumque rerum sciens, Tac. an. 1, 64;

**3.** w. gen. in Tac., as: imperandi, an. 1, 7; futuri, h. 3, 43; **4.** ambiguum, absol. as sb. n., the ambiguous, a state of ambiguity, esp. with prep., In ambiguo etiam nunc est, quid ea re fiat, Pl. Trim. 2, 4, 193; ex ambiguo controuersia, Cic. or. 2, 110; ambiguiorum plurima genera sunt, ib. 2, 111; **5.** ambigue, adv. ambiguously, loqui, Cic. N. D. 1, 86; scriptum, or. 2, 110; certauere, Tac. an. 2, 21 f. etc.

**1.** **ambio**, ire, vb. [perh. for a lost am-bito; cf. ambīt-, perbito, interbito etc. and Pl. in § 4; or for amb-eo (b exer.); but note forms unlike those from eo\*:] go round, ut terram lucae cursus proxime ambiret, Cic. Tim. 9; uicem ambire, seruis spem libertatis ostendere, Att. 4, 3, 2; Ambibat Siciliae cautus fundamina terrae, Ov. M. 5, 361; ipsae porticus quis templum ambibatur, Tac. h. 5, 12; Mox iubet et totam pauidis a ciuibus urbem Ambiri, Luc. 1, 593;

**2.** even without real motion, go round, form a circle round, surround, gird, inclose, atque oras ambiit auro, Verg. 10, 243; rubor uleus ambit, Cels. 5, 26, 31, p. 196, 27 D; ambiente\* circulo coloris aurei, Plin. 37, 166; ut uallum armis ambirent, Tac. an. 1, 68; nec communiue parietum sed propriis quaeque muris ambirentur, 15, 43; quos arma tegunt et baltens ambit, Iuv. 16, 48; circulus ad speciem caelestis arcus orbem solis ambiit, Suet. Aug. 95; ineis botryonum tenaces (stalks) calido pice ambiri oportet, Pall. 10, 17 f.; quae (loca) ciuitatum territorii ambiuntur\*, Th. C. 10, 3, 5;

**3.** esp. of water, freta... tumescere uentis Iussit et ambitae\* circumdare litora terrae, Ov. M. 1, 37; Fluctibus ambitae\* fuerant Antissa Pharosque Et Phoenissa Tyros, 15, 287; in insula quam amnis ambiabat\*, Vell. 2, 101, 1; muros praealtum mare ambiabat\*, Curt. 4, 2, 9; **II** **4.** esp. go round as canvassing, canvass, using fair words and other arts, as first in elections, ferunt suffragia, mandant imperia, ambiuntur\*, rogantur, Cic. rep. 1, 47; non enim comitiis iudicant semper populus..., facit eos a quibus est maxime ambitus, Plane. 9; si comitia placet in senatu haberi, petamus, ambiamus\*, Phil. 11, 19; Virtute ambire oportet, non fauitoribus, Pl. Amph. pr. 78; Molesti (mss moleste, Ritschl cj. molestiae) sunt orant ambitu (mss ambiunt, wh. R retains as a dissyl.) obsecrant, Videre ut liceat, Mil. 1, 8, 69; Ni uides, nisi seuis amicos oras, ambis. Bene moues, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 36;

**5.** gen. singulos ex senatu ambiundo\*, Sal. Ing. 13, 8; quos audio ambire, fatigare uos singulos, ne..., 14, 20; ambiundo\* cogere homines secum proficisci, 84, 2; idem fecere Octauius et Q. Cnepio sine graui cuiusquam expectatione, neque sane ambitu publice, Sal. h. ap. Serv. ad A. 4, 283; tanquam ad id quod agi uidebatur, ambientes\*, nobilium adolescentium animos pertemptant, Liv.



2, 3, 6; quo nunc reginam ambire (address in soft words, coax) furentem Audeat affatu? Verg. 4, 283; Te pauper ambit sollicita prece Ruris colonus, Hor. od. 1, 35, 5; donec ultro ambiretur consulatum accipere, Tac. an. 2, 43; quum in demortuae (Vestalis) locum aliam capi oporteret, ambirentque multi ne filias in sortem darent, Suet. Aug. 31; priuatos ambiendo\* et blande appellando aliquantum numerum frumenti in sua praesidia congesserat, bell. Afr. 21, 1; Ambitumque\* senem, Val. F. 5, 261; 6. esp. for marriage, neu conubiis ambire Latinum Aeneadae possint, Verg. 7, 333; non libidine sed ob nobilitatem pluribus nuptiis ambiuntur\*, Tac. G. 17 f.; 7. so far w. acc. of pers. (nom. w. passive)—but also w. acc. of thing sought, canvass for, siuē qui palmam ambissit (mss a. p.; Fleck. ej. p. a.) histrionibus...Seu qui ipse ambissit seu per internumtium...Sirempse legem iussit esse Iuppiter, Magistratum quasi (so Pl., mss q. m.) sibi alteriue ambuerit, Pl. Amph. pr. 69—74; 8. or w. inf., Hunc ipse...Philetas Callimachusque senex...Ambissent laudare diem Stat. silu. 1, 2, 252.

2. **Ambio**, ōnis, m. (ambio?) a Roman cognomen, C. Herennii C. f. Ambionis, inscr. Mur. 1786, 8.

**ambit-ō**, ōnis, f. [see ambi-ō] lit. going round, circuit, and so circumference, fuliginem a. extimae cutis cohibet, Sol. 35, 8; but a. tergorum of 22, 5 an interpol. (cf. Mommsen's ed. p. lxiii, note); add Min. Oct. 4; 2. going round in canvassing, canvassing, carvass, quod me ambitio et forensis labor ab omni illa cogitatione abstrahebat, Cic. Sul. 11; ambitionis nostrae tempora, Planc. 45; quid de nostris ambitionibus loquar, Tusc. 2, 62; 3. desire for public honours, ambition, miserrima est ambitio honorumque contentio, Cic. off. 1, 87; a. multos mortalis falsos fieri subegit, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; misera ambitionē laborat, Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; add 1, 6, 129; ep. 2, 2, 207; 4. a desire to please (by ignoble arts), courting popularity, Ambitio iam more sanctast, liberast a legibus, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 26; add Pers. 4, 4, 8; numquam pecuniam neque meam neque sociorum per ambitionem largitus sum, Cato ap. Front. ad Anton. 1, 2, p. 100 l. 4 Naber; ubi ambitionem uirtuti uideas antecedere, Titin. ap. Char. 117 K; ambitioni meae conducer, Gracc. ap. Gell. 15, 12, 2; non puto existimare te ambitione me labi, Cic. Brut. 244; haec siue ambitio siue liberalitas, Mur. 72; add Clu. 76; tanta temperantia inter ambitionem saeuitiamque moderatum, Sal. Ing. 45, 1; add 100, 5; sed ne id quod placebat decerneret (senatus) in tantae nobilitatis uiris, ambitio obstabat, Liv. 5, 36, 9; add 29, 16, 5; 45, 36, 8; Ambitione relegata te dicere possum, Hor. s. 1, 10, 84.

**ambitiōsus**, adj. [ambitio], going round and round, encircling, Laescius hederis ambitiosior, Hor. od. 1, 36 f.; Iordanis amnis...quatenus locorum situs patitur ambitiosus, Plin. 5, 71; 2. given to canvassing (?), Pro nostris ut sis ambitiosa malis, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 84; 3. seeking popularity, courting favour, ita ambitiosus ut omnes uos nosque quotidie persalutet, Cic. Flac. 42; ne me in Graecos tam ambitiosum factum esse mirere, Q. fr. 1, 2, 4; (Atticus) homo minime ambitiosus, fam. 13, 1, 5; add Verr. 2, 3, 195; Turbaque caelestes ambitiosa sumus, Ov. F. 5, 298; Asiaticum foedum mancipium et malis artibus ambitiosum, Tac. h. 2, 57 f.; add Agr. 30; an. 3, 33; 4. desirous to attract notice, ostentatious, ambitious, pretentious, Nota quidem sed non ambitiosa domus, Ov. tr. 1, 9, 18; antegero nemo nisi ambitiosus utetur, Quint. 8, 3, 25; 5. so far of persons, met. of things, amicitiae, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 1; rogationes, fam. 6, 12, 2; uoluntates, 6, 6, 8; ornamenta, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 447; imperium, Tac. h. 1, 83; 2, 12; rumores, 1, 12; mors, Agr. 42 f.; (medicina) ambitiosa ars, Plin. 29, 20; festinatio, Quint. 1, 4, 22; ambitiosissimum gloriandi genus, 11, 1, 22; atria, Mart. 12, 68, 2; oppida, Sol. 11, 4; 6. ambitiosus et qui ambit et qui ambitur, Gell. 9, 12, 1 (but ?); II 7. ambitiose adv. by courting popularity, Cic. Att. 15, 1 B, 2; Liv. 1, 35, 2; comp. Cic. fam. 3, 7, 4; Tac. h. 4, 40; sup. Quint. 6, 3, 68.

**ambitor**, ōris, m. one who canvasses, a canvasser, Lamp. Sev. 28, 5; add Serv. A. 4, 283; Paul. Nol. ad Pamm. 13, 16.

**ambī-trēbius**, adj. on both sides of the Trebia, in Veleiate pago ambitrebio, tab. alim. Vel. ed. De Lama, 1, 2.

**ambitūdo**, Inis, f. going round, circuit, Apul. Asclep. 31.

1. **ambitus**, part. of ambio.

2. **ambitus**, ūs, m. going round, circuit, revolution, deus ipse solem quasi lumen accendit ad secundum supra terram ambitum, Cic. Tim. 9; siderum ambitus, ib.; aquae per amoenos ambitus agros, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 17; luna breuiore quam sol ambitu currit, Phn. 2, 86; saeculorum, Tac. an. 6, 34 (28); alligata mutuo ambitu corpora, Petr. 132; 2. the right of way round, quem ueto...aditum habere, neque iter ambitum introitum ullum in eo habere, inser. Or. 1175; uti liceat itum aditum ambit(um) haustum aquae ligna sumere, 4085; add 4373; 4379; 4947; Pomp. dig. 47, 12, 5; 3. circle, circumference, border, aedium, Cic. Top. 24; folia serrato ambitu, Plin. 25, 66; parmae 36, 18; castra lato ambitu, Tac. an. 1, 61; IV milia passuum ambitu amplexus est, 4, 49; 4. met. esp. uerborum, a period, a. ille uerborum (si sic *περιόδον* appellari placet), Cic. Brut. 162; add or. 38; 168; 222; Liv. 27, 27, 12; per ambitum uerborum—a periphrasis, Suet. Tib. 71; 5. canvassing, and so of the arts of canvassers, esp. bribery etc., de ambitu raro illud datur ut possis liberalitatem atque benignitatem ab ambitu atque largitione seingere, Cic. or. 2, 105; me legis ambitus latorem, Mur. 3 etc.; effusus ambitus largitionibus, Nep. Att. 6, 2; designati consules legibus ambitus interrogati poenas dederunt, Sal. Cat. 18, 2; 6. ostentation, affectation, reinque ambitum; tumida res est, uana, uentosa, Sen. ep. 84, 11; uxor magno ducta ambitu, 95, 3; proprio quodam intelligendi ambitu, Quint. 12, 10, 3; funeris, Prud. cath. 10, 56; 7. perh. also, ambition, caret ambitu, ideo se in equestri gradu tenuit, Plin. ep. 3, 2, 4.

**ambium**, ii, n. a place where two roads meet, Varr. ap. Non. 451, 2.

**Ambiuus**, adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, L. Ambiuus Turpio, Ter. Andr. tit.; Haut. tit.; Cic. sen. 48.

**ambō**, ae, o, adj. num. [= *αμφω*; but see below], two together, both, Quid fit deinde porro? loquere. Puer ambo\* anguis enecat, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 67; Nihil est...quod...mauelim, Quam illum eubantem cum illa opprimere, ambo\* ut necem, Bac. 4, 8, 19; Adeo ut aetatem ambo ambo-bus nobis sint obnoxii, As. 2, 2, 18; Rediisse uideo bene gesta re ambos (so A and other mss) te et fratrem tuom, St. 4, 1, 3; Aduorsum te fabulare. Illud quidem ambo ut uocem, 4, 2, 11; Reuocas nos ambo ad periculum, Afr. 234 R; sumus ambo belle curiosi, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; quos ego ambo unice diligo, fam. 5, 8, 4; hocce ambo tibi sic commendo ut..., 9, 13, 2; pontisque ambo (al. ambo) interrupt, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 2; qui ambo reges adeant, Sal. Ing. 21, 4; praetores tum duos Latium habebat..., ambo ex coloniis Romanis, Liv. 8, 3, 9; proelium fuit quale inter fidentes sibimet ambo exercitus, 3, 62, 6; Ambo florentes aetatibus, Arcades ambo, Verg. B. 7, 4; Iurando obstringam ambo; uter..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 180; Ambo una dies auferet, una dies, Prop. 3, 12 (2, 20), 18; ...Amplius: ambō truces, ambo abscessere minantes, Val. F. 7 f.; 2. at times=duo, or even redundant, si ambo pares essent, Cato or. 62, 4 Iord.; dum pares ambo uiderentur, Caes. b. c. 3, 10, 7; partis ubi se uia findit in ambas, Verg. 6, 540; 3. strengthened by duo, iam hisce (al. hi) ambo, et seruos et era, frustra sunt duo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 19; cf. Ital. ambèdue; 4. ambo? as fem., Neu discordarent ambo (so B; but C ambē i.e. ambae; D ambe) Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 71; add that Pl. has ambae or ambas 40 times; 5. the acc. m. ambo was preferred by Cic.; both ambo and ambo\* in Pl.; dat. and abl. pl. ambohus or ambabus, like duobus duabus, asinabus etc.

**ambrices** regulae quae transuersae asseribus et tegulis interponuntur, Paul. ex F. 16.

**ambrosia**, ae, f. [*αμβροσία* immortality: *αμβροτος*: *αθανασία*: *αθανατος*; cf. *πρωτα της θανασιαις*, Lucian, dial. deor. 4 f.; see Buttmann Lexil. 1, 133] ambrosia, the food of the gods (as nectar their drink), non enim ambrosia deos aut nequare...laetari arbitror, Cic. Tusc. 1, 65; ut ambrosius (orator) alendus esse uideatur, or. 2, 234; Ambrosiae suco

saturus...quadrupes, Ov. M. 2, 120; add 4, 215; Nectar et ambrosiam latices epulasque deorum, Pont. 1, 10, 11; 2. as a perfume of the gods, Snuaiolium dulci dulcius ambrosia (so D, al. ambrosio), Cat. 99, 2; add 99, 13; liquidum ambrosiae diffundit odorem, Verg. G. 4, 415; Ov. M. 12, 606; 3. as of healing power, spargitque salubris Ambrosiae sucus, Verg. 12, 419; cf. Colum. 10, 408.

**ambrosiāc-us**? adj. of ambrosia, ambrosiaca (nitis), Plin. 14, 40 (dub.).

**ambrosium**? (or -ion) ii, adj. n. as sb. ambrosia, the food or perfume of the gods, Snuaiolium dulci dulcius ambrosio, Cat. 99, 2 (in some mss); add 99, 13.

**ambrosius** (-eus Apul.), adj. of the immortals, of heavenly sweetness, ambrosial, comae, Verg. 1, 407; succi, Colum. 10, 408; Sil. 7, 210; dapes, Mart. 8, 39, 2; liquor, Stat. Th. 9, 741; corpus, Apul. M. 8, 9; color, 10, 31; pedes, 11, 44.

**ambūbaia**, ae, f. [ambuba Syr. a flute], a Syrian music girl, Hor. s. 1, 2, 1; Suet. Nero 27; Petr. 74; cf. Iuv. 3, 62.

**ambubēa**, ae, f. a plant so called, Cels. 2, 30.

**ambūla**, ae, f. a plant so called, Plin. 20, 73 (dub.).

**ambūlāc-rum**, i, n. [ambulo] a place for walking, a walk, Gineceum aedificae uolūt hic in suis Et balineas et ambulacrum et porticum, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 69; longis ambulacris, Gell. 1, 2, 2; add Paul. ex F. 21.

**ambūlātīlis**, adj. movable, fnduldi, Vitr. 10, 13, 1.

**ambūlātio**, ōnis, f. walking, a walk, a postmeridiana, Cic. fin. 5, 1; ambulationibus Compitaliciis, Att. 2, 3 f.; add or. 1, 28; pila cursus ambulationis, Cels. 1, 2, p. 14, 32 Dar.; 2. a place for walking, a walk, nihil restabat praeter balnearia et ambulationem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; intercolumnia ambulationis, 3, 1, 5; a. snb dio pedes lata denos, Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; ambulationes meridiana aequinoctiali subiectae sint, Colum. 1, 6, 2; in ambulationibus uagandum, Suet. tranq. 17, 8; pensilis a., Plin. 36, 83; porticus ambulationes, Vitr. 5, 9, 2; hypaethrae ambulationes, 5, 2, 5; add inser. Or. 6449.

**ambūlātīon-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a short walk, cum una ambulatione (nostra) omnes fructus prouinciae non confero, Cic. fam. 2, 12, 2; 2. a place for a short walk, Cic. Att. 13, 29, 2.

**ambūlātor**, ōris, m. one given to walking, a walker, uilicus ne sit a., Cato r. 5, 2; quoted by Colum. 1, 8, 7; transiberinus a., Mart. 1, 41, 3.

**ambūlātōr-ius**, adj. movable, turres, bell. Alex. 2, 5; Vitr. 10, 19, 3; operculum (alui), Plin. 21, 80; 2. adapted for walking, porticus, Ulp. dig. 8, 5, 8, 1; 3. met. subject to change, mutable, revocable, uoluntas, ib. 24, 1, 32, 3; potestas legis, Paul. dig. 23, 5, 10; condicio, Papu. 40, 7, 34.

**ambūlātrix**, icis, f. one given to walking, a gadabout, uiliae, Cato r. 143, 1.

**ambūlātūr-a**, ae, f. [ambulator] ambling (of a horse), ambulaturae gratia discernuntur: gradus est minutus et creber et qui sedentem delectet, Veg. vet. 6, 6, 6; add 6, 6, 7; 3, 5, 3.

**ambūlātus**, ūs, m. the power of walking, Arnob. 1, 48.

**ambūlo**, āre, vb. dim. [root uā of nādo, =βαω of βαω; see below] walk, as opposed to other forms of going, non domist: Abit ambulatum; dormit: ornatur; lauat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 96; Sinito ambulare, si foris, si intus uolent, Capt. 1, 2, 5; Heus tu uiator lasse qui me praetereis, Cum diu ambulareis, tamen hoc ueniundum est tibi, CIL 1431; quum in hortis eum uicino suo ambulauisset, Cic. acad. pr. 51; cum in sole ambulem, fieri ut colorer, Cic. or. 2, 60; qui possit triduo septingenta milia passuum ambulare, Quinct. 78; iter est ius eundi ambulandi homini, nou etiam iumentum agendi, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 1; ambulat aliquae aues ut cornices; saliant aliae ut passeris, Plin. 10, 111; (Aegyptii mures) bipedes ambulat, 10, 186; 2. iu mil. lang., of a march out, including cavalry, ut ter in mense tau equites quam pedes edicantur ambulatum, Veg. mil. 1, 27; 3. at times, in light style, of other goings, dederam L. Saufeio litteras ad te; sed ut philosophi ambulat, has tibi redditum iri putabam prius, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 1; si recte ambulauerit is qui hanc epistolam tulit, in ipsum

tuum diem incidit, 9, 4 f.; eo modo ambulat Caesar ut timeam ne..., 8, 14, 1;

4. w. bolder met. amnis qua naues ambulant, Cato r. 1, 3; Nilus per deserta ambulans, Plin. 5, 51; asteria...luceum...nelut intus ambulament alio atque alio loco reddeus, 37, 131; ambulante cena, Mart. 7, 48, 5; quod deinde caput translatum per omnes leges ambulauit, Plin. 10, 139; 5. esp. in law, pass, change hands, iniuriarum obligationes cum capite ambulat—run with, Paul. dig. 4, 5, 7, 1; per plures personas si emptio ambulauerit, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 15; ambulabit stipulatio, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 25, 2; ambulat cum domino bonorum possessio, 37, 11, 2, 9; 6. w. cogn. acc., Xerxes cum maria ambulauisset, Cic. fin. 2, 112; uias, Ov. F. 1, 122 (cf. Quint. 1, 5, 38); 7. w. acc. of measure, triduo septingenta milia passuum ambulare, Cic. Quinct. 78; si statim bina ambulentur, Plin. 23, 26; 8. pass. imp. sedetur, ambulatur, Varr. l. 6, 1; add Gell. 2, 2, 9; 9. lt. andare, pres. uado uo aud Fr. aller, pr. uais, G. wand-el-n, wand-er-n are of samo stock, as also G. wall-en, as used in Bible; ich wollte wallen zum Hause Gottes, ps. 42, 5; so too callis a foot-path and Ital. galleria, E. gallery; for change of nd w. mb cf. temptare from tendere, through a lost tembere; cf. too lumbi=G. lende, Imbuo=av-δευω for avaduw.

**amb-urb-āle**, adj. u. as sb.=amb-urb-ium.

**amb-urbā-lis**, adj. [amburbium] of the ceremony amburbium, hostiae, Paul. ex F. p. 5.

**amb-urb-ium**, ii, n. an annual sacrifice for purifying Rome by conducting victims round it, Paul. ex F. p. 5 and 17; Vopisc. Aur. 20, 3.

**amb-ūro**, ūre, ssi, stus, vb. [an=awa away+buro older form of uro, cf. bustum, E. burn, G. brenn-en] burn up, destroy wholly by fire, Volcani iratist filius, Quaque tangit, omne amburit, Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 9; qui cum istaec sciet Facta ita (esse), ambret misero ei corenum carbunculus, Most. 4, 2, 70; Nam nimis calebat: amburebat gutturem, Mil. 3, 2, 22; O (Bergk cj.) regina erit tempus cum hic torris quem amburi uides, Acc. 439 R; Terret ambustus Phaethon avaras Spes, Hor. od. 4, 11, 25; also of Phaethon: ambustaque nubila fumant, Ov. M. 2, 209; Ambusti homines uimentaque foeda primum fuga, dein strage obstruebant itinera portarum, Liv. 30, 6, 6; magna uis frumenti ambusta, Tac. h. 5, 12; ut Liuias pars uestis et capilli amburerentur, Suet. Tib. 6; Pompeiani theatri quod ambustum restituerat, Claud. 21; Quot dum per stipulas agresti amburitur aestu, Prud. Ham. 785; 2. esp. of the burning of corpses, amor luodes decus Silent ambusto corpore et leto tacent, CIL 1009, 17; ut sine funere ambureretur, Cic. Mil. 86; cuius (sc. Herculis) corpore ambusto uirtutem (eius) immortalitas excepisse dicitur, Sest. 143; librisque ambustum propriis, Hor. s. 1, 10, 64; II 3. ambustus met. prob. from lightning, blasted, esp. in character, hic (sc. Verres) sociorum ambustus incendio, tamen ex illa flamma euolauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 70; ambustum religiosissimis ignibus (sc. Clodium), har. resp. 4; damnatioe collegae et sua prope ambustus euaserat, Liv. 22, 35, 3; ambustas fortunarum mearum reliquias, Cic. dom. 113; 4. frost-bitten, ambusti multurum artus ui frigidis, Tac. an. 13, 35; ambusta pruinis Lumina, Val. F. 4, 70; 5. a cognomen, as N. Fabius M. f. Q. n. Ambustus, tr. mil. (348 a. u. c.), Fasti Cap.; C. Fabius M. f. Q. n. Ambustus tr. mil. II (353), ib.; 6. ambustum as sb. n. a burn, coriandrum sanat cum melle ambusta, Plin. 20, 217; add 24, 10 and 147; 27, 27; 35, 190; 21, 42; 7. the deriv. amb-uro and the trauel. singe is condemned by the exx. except in the latter case by § 6.

**ambustio**, ōnis, f. [amburo] a burn, Plin. 23, 87.

**ambustūlo**, āre [am+buro] vb. dim. singe slightly, Teque ambustulatum magnis obiciam auibus pabulum, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 65.

**ambustus**, part. of amburo.

**āmēcus** for amicus, Paul. ex F. p. 15.

**āmellus**, i, m. the plant star-wort, aster amellus, Linn.; flos in pratibus cui nomen amello Fecere agricolae, Verg. G. 4, 271; add Colum. 9, 4, 4.

**āmēn**, adv. [Hebrew] truly, be it so, Et responsuris ferit aera uocibus amēn, Ausou. Eph. in or. f.; Amen red-



didit, Halleluia dixit, Prud. cath. 4, 72; **2.** but *āmen* in Paul. Nol. 17 etc.

**ā-mens**, adj. without mind, one's senses lost, mad, silly, idiotic, bewildered, ita meum frangit amentem animum (sc. amor), Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 11; *Amens* amansque ut animum (ego) offirmo meum, Dico... Merc. 1, 1, 82; *amens* ira feruere, Afr. 12S R; *pater* igitur *amens*? At is fuit omnium constautissimus, Cic. Rose. Am. 41; incurristi *amens* in columnas, or. 224; homo *amentissimus* atque in omnibus consiliis praecipue, Phil. 5, 37; add Pis. 21; Flac. 105; Dolabellam ut Tarsenses pessimi socii, ita Laodiceini multo *amentiores* ultro accesserunt, Cass. ad Cic. fam. 12, 13, 4; *Arma āmens* capio, Verg. 2, 314; *cursumque āmens* ad linia teudit, 2, 321; *obmutuit āmens*, 4, 279; *amens* agitantibus furis Tullia, Liv. 1, 48, 7; *amens* repentino terrore, 32, 12, 4; add Ov. M. 3, 628; **2.** w. abstract uouu, inops, ardens, *amēti* caeca furore, Cat. 64, 197; temeritate nostri *amentissimi* consilii, Cic. Att. 7, 10; **3.** w. gen. animi, *Isque āmens animi*, Verg. 4, 203.

**āmentātus**, see *Amento*.

**āmentia**, ac. f. loss of senses, madness, idiocy, stupidity, *Di mōnerint* (sic) meliora atque *amentiam* auerruncassit tuam, Pac. 112 R; *Heu* cor ira feruit caecum, *amentiam* rapior ferorque (ferorque mss), Acc. 450; *animi adfectionem lumine mentis carentem nominauerunt amentiam* eandemque dementiam, Cic. Tusc. 3, 10; *ira* deorum hanc eius satellitibus iniecit *amentiam* ut..., Mil. 86; *mens sana* (certat) cum *amentia*, in Cat. 2, 25; add Verr. 2, 2, 104; 2, 4, 75; *si furore atque amentia impulsus bellum iutulisset*, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 4; *eius augere amentiam*, Sal. Iug. 38, 1; *tauta nis amentiae uerius quam amoris mentem* (Appii) turbauerat, Liv. 3, 47, 4; **2.** of temporary loss of senses, stupor, *Attonitaeque diu similis fuit*, utque dolore *Pulsa graui grauis est amentia*, *curribus antrae Exit* in aetherias, Ov. M. 5, 511; add Tert. anim. 21; Marc. 4, 22.

**1. āmento** (amm.), āre, [āmentum] fit (a dart) with a thong, quibus ut hastae uelutibus *amentatae* sic apta quaedam singulis causarum generibus arguenta traduntur, Cic. Brut. 271; and hence met. a quo cum *amentatas* hastas acceperit, ipse eas oratoris lacertis uiribusque torquet, or. 1, 242; **2.** hence hurl (as in throwing the bolas or lasso), *Cum iaculum parua Libys amentauit habeuat*, Luc. 6, 221; **3.** and met. *Inde atros alacer pastosque bitumine torquet Amentate Noto*, *Poeuorum aplustribus ignes*, Sil. 14, 422; *amentauit hanc sententiam*, Tert. Marc. 4, 33.

**2. āmento**, āre, vb. [āmens] deprive of wits, *απονω αmento*, Gloss.

**āmentum** (amm.\*), i, n. [ap of apiscor, fasten]; cf. *ἀμμα* from *ἀπρω*, a thong, esp. that attached to a light javelin, for whirling it before discharge, ut *tragulum* cum *epistola* ad *amentum* deligata iutra munitionem abiciat, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 5; *hnmor* (sc. *nebulae*) *arcus fundasque et iaculorum amenta emollierat*, Liv. 37, 41, 4; *Intendunt aeris arcus ammentaque\* torquent*, Verg. 9, 665; *Inserit amento digitos...* *In iuuenem torsit iaculum*, Ov. M. 12, 321; *Et nelut amento contorta hastilia turbo Adinuat*, Sil. 9, 509; *hasta iuuatur Amento*, 4, 15; *iaculum cum ammento\** *Aetolum Martis filium* (iuuenisse), Plin. 7, 201; *Ammentum\** *digitis teude prioribus Et totis iaculum dirige uiribus*, Sen. Phaedr. 820; so Paul. ex F. p. 12: *amcuta* quibus ut mitti possint *uinciantur iacula*; **2.** a (leather) shoe-tie, *sedens huic* (sc. *Corneliae*) *posita* (statua) *soleisque sine ammento\** (al. *amentum*) *insignis*, Plin. 34, 31; *amentum*, *solearum lora*, Paul. ex F. 12; **3.** *admentum*, *not*. Tir. 84; *amentum* *λωρον*, *οχανον*—*ammentum\** *ἀμμα λογγης*, gloss. Labb.

**Āmēria**, ae, f. a city of Umbria, Cato ap. Plin. 3, 114.

**Āmērinus**, adj. of Ameria, Cic. Rose. Am. 15.

**ām-ēs**, Itis, adj. as sb. m. [am round, it older form of i-go; cf. it-er, comes, pedes etc.] lit. revolving—hence a fowler's (revolving) pole, by two of wh. the net is whirled round, *Aut amite leui rara tendit retia*, Hor. epod. 2, 33; *nunc* in amibibus *apparetur aucupium noctuae ceteraque instrumenta capturae* (text *semp corrupt*), Pall. 10, 12; *amites*, *perlicae aucupales*, Paul. ex F. p. 23 M; **2.** *gen.*

a pole, per transversa laterum caua transmittuntur *amites* (dub.) qui exitus ferarum obserent, Colum. 9, 1, 3; *amites* *basternarum*, Pall. 7, 2, 3.

**āmēthystinātus**, quasi-part. dressed in amethyst or violet, Mart. 2, 57, 2.

**āmēthystinus**, adj. of amethyst—hence of the colour of amethyst, (colorem) *amethyst(in)um* qui a viola et ipse in purpureum (trahitur), Plin. 21, 45; *uestes*, Mart. 1, 96, 7; *trientes*, 10, 49, 1; *lanac*, lemma of 14, 154 where: *Nou uideo quare sobria lana uocer*.

**āmēthystizon**, Gr. part. becoming of the colour of amethyst, Plin. 37, 93.

**āmēthystus**, adj. as sb. f. (m. Isid. or. 16, 9) [not to be made drunk] *amethyst*, *purpureas amethystos*, Ov. a. a. 3, 181; *amethysti Indicae*, Plin. 37, 121; *magorum uanitas ebrietati eas* (amethystos) *resistere promittit*, 37, 124; *ille emicans in amethysto fulgor uiolaceus*, 37, 125.

**āmētōr**, adj. motherless, Tert. praeser. cap. 53.

**āmfitāpos** (amph.), adj. shaggy on both sides—whence as sb. m. f. or n. a coat of the kiud, *āmfitapae* *nullis ingenitibus*, Lucil. ap. Non. 540, 25; *pluma atque amfitapoe*, ib.; *super amfitap(o) bene molli*, Varr. ib.; *uestimenta niriua ueluti amfitapa et saga*, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23, 2.

**āmflexus**, part. [implies a vb. *am-flecto*] bent round, (Gallia) *grandi circuitu amflexa*, Mel. 3, 2, 1.

**āmfractārius**, not. Tir. 132.

**āmfractu-ōsus** (anf.), adj. locutio, long-winding, Aug. temp. 135 (59).

**āmfractus**, ūs, m.; *aufractum*, i, n. (anf.) [for *ambractus*, from a lost *amb-er*, comp. of *am* round; see below § 7] driving round, hence, a circuit or revolution, *cum aetas tua septenos octiens solis anfractus reditusque conuerterit*, Cic. rep. 6, 12; **2.** *Ant* quia *solum idem sub terras atque superne Imparibus curcens amfractibus...*, Lucr. 5, 683; add 1, 718; *quid tauta uis aeris quae ab humillimis lunae amfractibus usque ad summum Olympi uerticem interiacet*. Apul. d. deo Socr. 8; a winding, a bend in a road, *terrarum anfracta* (al. *anf.*), Acc. 336 R; *uia latitudo ex lege XII tabularum in porrectum octo pedes in anfractum*, id est ubi flexum est sexdecim, Gai. dig. 8, 3, 8; *leges iubent (uia) in directo pedum VIII esse, in amfractu XVI, id est in flexu*, Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 301 Sp.; *murus recta regione si nullus amfractus intercederet MCC passus aberat, quidquid huc circuitus...accesserat...*, Caes. b. g. 7, 46, 1; *anfractus uiarum*, Liv. 38, 45, 8; *illa (uia) qua omnes comuebant, altero tanto longiorem habebat aufractum*, ps. Nep. Eum. 8, 5; *cauata amnium* (so *Tiese*, mss *aurium*) *aufracta*, in siluam uolantes, Varr. s. 189, 2 R; *mollitunc amfractibus modicis cliuos*, Liv. 21, 37, 3; *per litorum amfractus* (so in both passages *Drak.*, *Madv. anf.*), 38, 7, 3; *Nec maris anfractus*, Luc. 5, 416; **3.** *gen.* a circle, a round, a coil, *conuoluta in anfractum* (cornua) *arictum generi*, Plin. 37, 124; *immensis recubantem anfractibus anguem*, Val. F. 7, 523; **4.** the circular procession of the Ambarualia, in *auuis amfractibus* (al. *auf.*), Cic. leg. 2, 19; cf. *Eugub. tab.*; **5.** spherical form, e. g. of the earth as a globe, *erecto emergentibus quae in amfractu pilae latuere sideribus*, Plin. 2, 179; **6.** met. of words, winding, going round and round, a windlace (Sh. Hamlet, 2, 1), *quid opus est circumitione et anfractu* (in the interpretation of dreams); *potius quam directo deus 'hoc facito' diceret*, Cic. div. 2, 127; (*coniunctio uerborum*) *circumscripita non longo anfracta sed ad spiritum uocis apto*, part. or. 21; in Clu. 153 f. *mass iudiciorum without anfractu*; *iuris a.*, Quint. 12, 9, 3; *hacc deuerticula et anfractus* (sc. *oratorum*), 9, 2, 78; **7.** the assumed *amb-er* appears as *ampr* or *ambr* in *Umbr. ampr-ctu* (=amb-ito), *Eugub. tabl. I b 21, ed. A K*; *ampr-efus* (=amb-uerit), *I b 20*; *ambr-etnto* (=amb-enuto), *VI b 56, 63, 64*; *ambr-efurent* (=amb-uerint), *VI b 56*.

**āmfrāg-ōsus**, adj. [for *amber-ag-osus*, v. *amfractus*] *περιοδεσμιος τοπος*=a. locus, gloss.

**āmīa**, ae, m. f. a kind of tunny, Plin. 9, 49.

**āmīantus**, i, m. [not to be polluted] a kind of asbestos, *uihil igni deperdit*, Plin. 36, 139.

**āmīca**, adj. f. as sb. a female friend, *Tum tuas amīcas te et cognatas deserere et festos dies Mca causa uolo*, Ter.

Hec. 4, 2, 16; Claudiae Ti. f. Secundae Sempronia L. f. Fortunata amicae f., inser. Grut. 865, 17; **2.** gen. (a euphemism for) a mistress, Et ille adueniens tūam me (so B, not med), esse amicam suspiciabitur, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 27; amicaem erilem, 2, 1, 44 etc.; Siue (mss siue ista) uxor uis amicaem, grauida e Pamphilost, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 11; Amicam ut habeas prope iam in nxoris loco, Haut. 1, 1, 52; reiecta mater amicaem impuri filii sequebatur, Cic. Phil. 2, 58; amicae amictus amiculo, div. 2, 143; add Hor. s. 1, 3, 38 etc.; pellicem...quam nunc uero nomine amicam paulo honestiore concubinam appellari, Paul. dig. 50, 16, 144.

**amicābilis**, adj. friendly, amicable, compositio, Th. C. 22, 1, 1, 2; 51, 1, 3; consortium, Firm. Math. 5, 5; **2.** amicabiliter, adv. amicably, Iulian. epit. nov. 63, 211.

**amicālis**, adj. of a friend or friends, (Iuppiter) amicalis, Apul. mund. 37; affectio, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 10, 7; add Th. C. 15, 5, 6, 58.

**amicārius** = leno, Diom. 326, 13 K.

**amicē**, see amicus.

**amicilla**, f. doubl. dim. of amica, Clodio Cornelia amicilla amico, inser. Grut. 1131, 10.

**amicimen**, inis, n. a cloak, Apul. M. 11, 9.

**amicinum**, i, n. neck of a wine sack, Paul. ex F. 15; see **amicinus**, i, m. ασκον στομα, gloss. Labb.

**ām-īcio**, ire, icui\* or ixit, ictus, vb. [iacio or icio] lit. throw round—hence cloak, put on (an outer garment), v. acc. of what is covered, rugat pallium, Amictus non sum commode, Pl. fr. 2, 51 (Delph.); Subnixis alis me inferam atque āmicibor gloriose, Pers. 2, 5, 6; Diabatira in pedibus habebat lato (T.H.K. cj.; mss erat) amictus epieroco, Naev. ap. Varr. l. 7, p. 338 Sp.; laena amictus, Cic. Brut. 56; pallium quo amictus esset, or. 3, 127; uelis amictus non togis, in Cat. 2, 22; hanc togam qua sum amictus, Pis. 73; amicae amictus amiculo, div. 2, 143; qui te toga praetexta amicit \* Brut. ap. Diom. p. 367, 27 K; simulacrum... amiciebatur ueste quali ipse uteretur, Suet. Cal. 22; **2.** absol. put on a cloak, ceteris mater amixit†, Varr. ap. Diom. 367, 28; **3.** met. quicquid chartis amicitur inepitis, Hor. ep. 2, 1 f.; ossa pelle amicta lurida, epod. 17, 22; Nube candentis umeros amictus, od. 1, 2, 31; amicta uitibus ulmo, ep. 1, 16, 3; amictae uitibus ulmi, Ov. M. 10, 100.

**amicitē**, see amicus.

**amicitia**, ae, f. [amicus] friendship, Vitam amicitiam uoluptatem laetitiam ludum iocum, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 5 etc.; inimitiam atque amicitiam in fronte promptam gero, Enn. ap. Gell. 19, 8, 6; Per te deos oro et nostram amicitiam Chreme, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 6 etc.; Hunc nexare pudorem, hunc uincula amicitiae (note form) Rumpere, Lucr. 3, 83; fugiendas esse nimias amicitias, Cic. am. 45; amicitiam e uita tollunt, ib. 47; **2.** between states, friendship, alliance, in dictione potestate amicitiae (e populi Romani), CIL 198, 1; add 200, 75 and 80; Vbi qui uui ex transrhenanis...amicitiam fecerant, Caes. b. g. 4, 16, 5; amicitia populi Romani, 4, 16, 7; Sal. Iug. 8, 2; add Liv. 34, 31, 5 and 16.

**amicities**, ei, f. the same, Tunc et amicitiam coeperunt iungere, Lucr. 5, 1019; add Plin. ap. Char. 118, 15 K.

**amico**, āre, vb. make friendly, solita prece numen amicat, Stat. Th. 3, 470.

**amicōsus**, adj. [amica] having many mistresses, Diom. 326, 17 K.

**amictōrium**, ii, n. [impl. a sb. amictor fm amicio] a cloak of any kind, Th. C. 8, 48, 1; **2.** esp. a lady's scarf, lemm. of Mart. 14, 149; Hieron. in Isai. 2, 3, 23.

**1. amictus**, part. of amicio.

**2. amictus**, ūs, m. an outer dress, a cloak or overcoat,... status amictus anulus imago ipsa declarat, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 17; add or. 2, 91; quo amictui sunt tangam, Varr. l. 5, 30; duplicem ex umeris reiecit amictum, Verg. 5, 421; Et capita ante aras Phrygio nelamur amictu, 3, 545; Tyrios laudabis amictus, Ov. a. a. 2, 297; est aliquid in amictu, Quint. 11, 3, 137; add §§ 145, 156; **2.** met. caeli mutemus amictuum, Lucr. 6, 1134; Et multo nebulae circum dea fudit amictu, Verg. 1, 416; curui uomere dentis...iam

scindit amictus, Colum. 10, 70; Tecta superiecto nebularum incedit amictu, Stat. Th. 1, 631.

**amicūla**, ae, f. dim. of contempt, [amica] a miserable mistress, amicula aspera atque praecox, Lucil. ap. Nou. 150, 15; add Plin. ep. 3, 9, 13; Suet. Cal. 33.

**amiculātus**, quasi-part. [amiculum] clothed, pars obscena tantum amiculati, Solin. 52, 20.

**amicus**, adj. [amo] friendly, loving, Sed quis homo est? amicus uobis, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 43; animo esse amico sensisti eam, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 29; tribuni pl. designati sunt nobis amici, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2 f.; numen amicum, Verg. 2, 735; dea... studiis adsit amica meis, Ov. F. 3, 834; **2.** met. amica silentia lunae, Verg. 2, 255; imbris, G. 4, 115; sidus, Hor. epod. 10, 9; Nec dis amicum est nec milii te prius Obire, od. 2, 17, 2; uentus, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 17; tempus, Stat. Th. 5, 2, 38; **3.** comp. and sup. amicior mihi nullus uiuit atque is est, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 56; ut ego amicior inuenire Phrygum aeriari quam nostro, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 6; add fam. 3, 2, 1; 3, 3, 1; quis amicior quam frater fratri? Sal. Iug. 10, 5; dictis facta amiciora adiecit, Liv. 2, 15 f.; amicissimum amicum, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 18; successori amicissimo, Cic. fam. 3, 3, 1;

**4.** a comp. amicitor often found in inferior mss, as in Cic. fam. 3, 2, 1; 3, 3, 1; Sal. Iug. 10, 5; Liv. 2, 15, 6; 27, 4, 6; Apul. mag. 19; see Phil. Traus. 1856, p. 346; **II 5.** as sb. m. a friend, Deos atque amicos it salutatum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 113; Nunc ibo hinc et amicos meos curabo hic aduenientis, St. 5, 3, 9; Nisi uides, nisi senis amicos oras, ambis, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 36; sei...uoluptate fui Viro atque amiceis, CIL 1008, 15; ille amicus noster, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 3; nec potenter amicum Largiora flagito, Hor. od. 2, 18, 12; **6.** of states ad potentates, iei...amiciei societique populi Romani sunt, CIL 204, 1, 7; uti consules eos in amicorum formulam referundos curarent, 203, 7; Castico cuius pater a senatu populi Romani amicus appellatus erat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; add 1, 35, 2 etc.;

**7.** met. ueritatis amicus, Cic. off. 1, 63; rediisse cum ueteribus amicis (id est cum libris nostris) in gratiam, Cic. fam. 9, 1, 2; **8.** amicum as gen. pl., Amicum ingenio fretum, Ter. Haut. prol. 24; **9.** amicibus, as dat. pl., inser. Or. 4681; **II 10.** amice adv. in a friendly way, kindly, facis amice, sed..., Cic. am. 4; erga nos amice et beniuole, fin. 1, 34; but in Hor. od. 3, 2, 1 Angustam amice pauperiem pati, amice is the voc., cf. for metre snmptuosā, od. 3, 23, 18; periret, 3, 5, 17 and Alcaeus passim. The position too of amice is in favour of a voc., against the adv.;

**11.** comp. quid fieri amicior potest? Fronto 3, 3, 1; **12.** superl. cum Verre amicissimo uiuere, Cic. Caecl. 29; add Caes. b. c. 2, 17, 1; **III 13.** amicitor adv. Quia meo amico amicitor hanc commoditatis copiam, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 3; Nunc ue illum (neillum L. Müll. cj. Herm. 23, 697) expectes quando amico amicior fecisti, Pac. ap. Non. 510, 25; for length of e cf. liberalitē, largitē, turpitē, alitē, circitē, seueritē, in Key's Language, p. 410.

**Amillus**, i, m. [?] a cognome, Mart. 7, 62, 1 and 5; Q. Vibius Amillus, inser. Mur. 65, 5.

**Aminaeus**, (-nēus) adj. of a lost town Amina, in the ager Faleruus, celebrated for its vines, Aminei fuerunt ubi nunc Falernum, Macr. s. 3, 20, 7; **2.** hence Aminaeum (uinum), Cato r. 7, 1; add Varr. r. 1, 25; Sunt et Aminaeae uites, firmissima uina, Verg. G. 2, 97; add Colum. 3, 2, 7; Plin. 14, 21; Seren. 29, 544.

**amissibilis**, adj. [amitto] that may be lost, Aug. trin. 5, 4; 15, 13.

**amissio**, ōnis, f. loss, oppidorum, Cic. Pis. 40; dignitatis, 43; omium rerum, Cic. fam. 4, 3, 2; foliorum, Plin. 17, 12; (boui), Sen. ep. 4, 6.

**1. amissus**, us, m. loss, ps. Nep. Alc. 6, 2.

**2. amissus**, part. of amitto.

**āmīta**, ae, f. [akin to auos, cf. auonculus] sister of a father, paternal aunt—(opp. to matertera, auut on the mother's side); patruī (et) amitae; auunculi et materterae, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 8; amita est patris soror, ib. § 14; Cluentia amita huius Habiti, Cic. Clu. 30; (Aebutius) ad Aebutiam se amitam contulit, Liv. 39, 11, 3; si mihi nulla iam reliqua ex āmitis, patruclis uulla, proneptis, Pers. 6, 52; add Auson. ep. 17, 1; **2.** a. magua est aui soror, Panl.



b. § 15; quae patris mei uel matris meae amita est, mihi erit a. magna, ib.; 3. a. maior, ea est proauis soror, patris uel matris a. magna, § 16; 4. a. maxima, ea est abauis soror, § 17; 5. Heuce E. aunt; cf. our emmet, now aut.

**Amiternensis**, adj. of Amiternum, inser. Reius. 1, 234.

**Amiterninus**, adj. of Amiternum, Qui circa Aternum habitant, Amiternini appellati, Varr. 1. 5, 5; Quaeque Amiterninis defertur bunias aruis, Colum. 10, 422; (ceparum genera) Amiternina, Plin. 19, 105; Amiterninae ciuitatis, inser. Or. 6475; 2. inhabitant of same, Sabinorum Amiternini, Plin. 3, 107; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo, ... populi Amit. sacerdoti, inser. Or. 106; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo patrono ciuitatis Amiterninorum, 3794.

**Amiternius**, m. name of a gens, assumed by a municipal slave of Amiternum when emancipated, M. Amiternius 1. Iucundus, Marin. fr. Arv. p. 214.

**Amiternum**, i, n. [am Aternum] a town of the Sabines, on the Ateruus, birthplace of Sallust, now S. Vittorino, Amiternum oppidum ui cepit, Liv. 10, 39, 2; add inser. Or. 3961.

**Amiternus**, adj. of Amiternum, Vna ingens Amiterna cohors, Verg. 7, 710; ager, Mart. 13, 20, 1; napi, Plin. 18, 131.

**amitina**, see amitinus.

**Amitinenses**, ium, adj. a people of Etruria, Plin. 3, 52.

**Amitnum**, i, n. a town of Latium, Plin. 3, 68.

**amitinus**, a, adj. of a paternal aunt, hence amitinus as sb. m. son of the same, amitina daughter of same, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 6 and 7; Paul. 38, 10, 15; Paul. sent. 4, 11, 4; Non. 577, 11.

**amitto**, ñre, misi (or missi), missus, vb. let go away, Ego me amitti, donec ille huc redierit, non postulo, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 89; add 82; 3, 4, 57; Ni hunc amittis exurgebo quicquid humoris tibi, Rud. 4, 3, 70; Verberone etiam an (so T. H. K.; cj.; B ani) amittis (amitto)? Mil. 5, 1, 31; nunc amitte quaeso hunc, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 91; add 5, 8, 27;

2. let go away without intending it, let slip, lose, Nuculeum amisi, retinui pigneri putamina, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 122; Cistellam enim crepandis quam ego hic amisi misera, Cist. 4, 2, 43; Sceledre manibus amissis praedam, Mil. 2, 5, 47; praeda de manibus amissa (so R), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 44; add 2, 3, 32; Cael. 64 and 66; Masinissam saucium prope e manibus inter tumultum amisit, Liv. 29, 32, 6; ne tanta ex oculis manibusque amitteretur praeda, 30, 24, 10; add 31, 18, 5;

3. lose gen., Rationem habetis quomodo unum amiserit, Pl. Capt. pr. 23; quos...leiberos seruosque bello Mitridatis amiserunt, CIL 204, 2, 1; amisso oppido fugerat in areem, Cic. seu. 11; mea opera Tarentum recepit. Certe inquit, nam nisi tu amississes, numquam recepissem, ib.; filium (by death), fam. 4, 6, 1;

4. met. of abstract objects, Certa amittimus dum incerta petimus, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 19; salutem, Merc. 3, 4, 5; libertatem, Mil. 3, 1, 107; lubiduum, 4, 8, 50; (confidentiam), Amph. 5, 1, 2; spe amissa, CIL 1019, 10; tempus, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; occasionem, Caecin. 15;

5. uote esp. non amittam quin eas, will not let you off going, Pl. St. 1, 3, 33; Verum eum tibi hanc amittam uoxiam unam Agorastoteles, will let pass (unnoticed) and so forgive, Poen. 1, 2, 191; lectos...amisimus propter cariem, let go as worthless, Varr. ap. Non. 83, 10; et nires et corpus amisi, have lost flesh, Cic. fam. 7, 26 f.; 6. never means send away.

**Ammianus**, adj. a cognomen, prob. of adoptiuo, Ammianus Marcellinus, the historian.

**ammium**, ammi, n. (αμμίως) a plant now called in Italy ammi and comino uostrale, Plin. 20, 264.

**ammōdytes**, ae, m. an African serpent, indiseretus arenis Ammodytes, Lucan. 9, 716; add Soliu. 27, 33.

**ammōnē-facio**, (adm.) ñre, vb. cause to be reminded; adm. = ὑπομνηματίζω, Gloss.

**am-mōneo**, (adm.?) ñre, ui, itus, vb. [an = ana; one with αναμνησκω] remind, Pater nunc cessat. Quid si ammono- neam? (so B). Tempus est, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 14; Ridiculumst to istuc† me amonere (so B) Clitipho, Ter. Ilaut. 2, 3,

112; quorum nihil oportere exquisitis rationibus confirmare, tantum esse satis, admonere (so mss, but soon after ammonicionem BE), Cic. fin. 1, 30; in qua de aede Telluris me admones, Q. fr. 3, 1, 14; eam rem nos loens admonuit, Sal. Jug. 79, 1; Vesper ubi e pastu tandem deedere† campis Admonuit, Verg. G. 4, 187; add A. 9, 109; Ast ubi me fessum sol acrior ire† lauatum Admonuit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 126; aduersae res admonere religionum\*, Liv. 5, 51, 8; and met. telo Admonuit biugos, Verg. 10, 587; 2. esp. a debtor, admonitus huius aeris\* alieni, Cic. Top. 5; cum tibi quotidie potestas fuisset hominis adnonendi, uerbum nullum facis, Quint. 40; 3. a delicate mode of giving advice or warning, as though one were only reminding, uide sitne istae nostrae intus. Licet: pulere admonuisti, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 56; Cur non illam huc transferri inbes? Recte ammones (so BE), Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 50; illud† te esse admonitum uolo, Cic. Cael. 8; qui admonent amice, N. D. 2, 166; add Att. 9, 9, 2; 4. so of warnings from heaven, Admonet in somnis et turbida terret imago, Verg. 4, 353; multa\* ostentis, multa\* extis admonemur, Cic. N. D. 2, 166; quam multi inopes nullo somno ad thesaurum reperieudum admonentur, ib. 2, 134; 5. constr. w. gen., alium egestatis alium cupiditatis suae, Sal. Cat. 21, 4; Camilli, Liv. 5, 46, 6; foederis, 35, 13, 3; patrii luctus, Ov. M. 7, 480; eorum, 15, 542; see \* above; 6. w. acc. neut. of pron. and like words see †; 7. rarely of other acc., for eam rem in Sal. of § 1 is dub.; 8. w. inf. in poets; see †; 9. w. acc. and inf. of a fact, admonuit cum securibus sibi fascies praeferrri, Liv. 24, 9, 2; 10. w. ut or ne and subj. or subj. alone, illud† mo praeclear admones, ne nimis diligenter et ut cum grauitate potius loquar, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; ne uoce pericula quaerant, Ov. M. 2, 565; ut terreret feras, Phaedr. 1, 11, 4; ueniunt matri occurreret, Tac. an. 13, 5; negotiis abstineret, Suet. Tib. 50; 11. orthog. ad praepositio...interdum uariat, ut ammonet ammiculum, Cassiod. 2293, 17; amm. also in Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 14 B, and Ov. F. 2, 521; 3, 36; 3, 612; 3, 850 in mss E and T (orthographia mirifica he says) of Merkel, collated by himself; and in ms A of Halm's Quint. 2, 4, 10; 4, 1, 36; 4, 3, 16; 4, 5, 4; see also above; cf. Haupt, Herm. 3, 154; 12. hence amoneo for ammono often occurs as in mss of Liv. 3, 4, 1; 5, 46, 6; 8, 28, 3.

**ammōniacus**, see hammoniacus.

**ammōnitio**, (adm.) ñnis, f. [amuoneo] reminding, tanta uis ammonitionis inest in locis, ut non sine causa ex his memoriae dueta sit disciplina, Cic. fin. 5, 2; add Quint. 6, 1, 37; Plin. 19, 8; Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 2, 7; and met. Cic. Tusc. 5, 19; morbi, Plin. 24, 158; doloris, 25, 88; 2. a warning bordering on reproof, tum obiurgatio, si est auctoritas; tum ammonitio, quasi lenior obiurgatio, Cic. or. 2, 339; ammonitionem et praeccepta desiderant, off. 1, 145; ammonitio tua me reprimere possit, Plane, ad Cic. 10, 4, 2; ammonitio frequens, interdum et castigatio, Vell. 2, 114, 3; fustium ammonitio, flagellorum castigatio, Callist. dig. 48, 19, 7.

**ammōnitōr** (adm.), ñris, m. [id.] one who reminds, a reminder, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; top. 5; Ov. M. 4, 664.

**ammōnitōr-ium**, (adm.) adj. n. as sb. a warning or precept, Iustiu. ad Treb. f.

**ammōnitrix**, ñeis, f. one who reminds, Pl. True. 2, 6, 10 (lect. dub.).

**ammōnitum**, (adm.) part. n. as sb. a reminding, praeccepta, admonita, Cic. or. 2, 64

**ammōnitus**, ūs, m. reminding, locorum, Cic. fin. 5, 4; add Att. 13, 18; Ammonitio recreatur amor, Ov. rem. am. 729; add F. 3, 612; 2. warning, advice, hint, suggestion, pullariorum, Cic. fam. 10, 12, 3; Terrore ammonitum, Ov. F. 3, 36; Attici, Nep. Att. 20, 3; Ov. M. 3, 566.

**annacum**? i, n. a plant, reading of R in Plin. 21, 176 where Sillig amaracum.

**annēsis**, (amneusis) adj. near a river, amneses urbes sitae prope annem, Paul. ex F. 17.

**annī-cōl-a**, ae, m. f. river-inhabiting, salices, Ov. M. 10, 96.

**annīc-ūlus**, i, m. dim. a little river, rivulet, Liv. 36, 22, 8.



**amnic-us**, adj. of a river, calami, Plin. 16, 166; super amnica terga, Auson. Mosel. 205; stips (ferry-money), Apul. M. 6, 20.

**amni-gén-a**, ae, m. f. river-born, Val. F. 5, 584; Auson. Mosel. 116.

**am-nis**, is, m. (f. in Varro and old drama) [root ap in S. water=aq of aqua; for change of p to m before n cf. damnum for dap-num akin to *δαμ-ων*, som-nus for sop-nus], river (so am-n=E. Avon), lit. water, but so in poets only, hoc (sc. dictamno) fusum labris splendidibus amnem Inficit, Verg. 12, 417;... Plias et Oceani spretos pede reppulit amnes, G. 4, 233; Belua sed ponti non multum praerit amnem, Germ. phaen. 362; **2.** a river, a stream, Ad caput amnis qui (quod mss) de caelo exoritur sub solio Ionis, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 98; Neque mihi nulla opsistet amnis nec mons nec adeo mare, Merc. 5, 2, 18; add Poen. 3, 3, 15 and 17; Sed quasi amnis, quamuis rapida (T.H.K. cj.; amuis uis rapit mss) tamen in flexu flectitur, Naev. ap. Non. 191 (as au ex. of amnis f.); ludere inter se lactantis uidimus Praeter amnem, Naev. 47 R; Apud abundantem Argiuam (so L. Müller, as prob.; mss antiquam) amnem et rapidas undas Inachi, Acc. 297 R; Atque aceruos alta in amni corpore (flesh) expleui hostico, ib. 323; amnis quam olim Albulam dicunt nocitatum, Varr. perip. 197, 7 Iord.; (3 last exx. also fm Non. 191, 2); amniun anfracta, 189, 2 I; quosdam exaruisse amnes, Cic. div. 1, 38; alter (sc. Herodotus) sine ullis salebris quasi sedatus amnis fluit, or. 39; Vnicus in terris Aegypti totius amnis, Lucr. 6, 713; ad iusti amnis cursum, Liv. 1, 4, 4; secundo defluit amni, Verg. G. 3, 447; secundo amne, Curt. 4, 7, 9; aduerso amne, 10, 1, 16; **3.** of the constellation Eridanus, et magnus pariter delabitur amnis, Cic. Arat. 384 (630); cum clarus fugerit amnis, Germ. phaen. 644; **4.** of the ocean, once deemed a river, Quaque patent ortus, et qua finitibus undis Solis anhelantis albluit amnis equos, Tib. 2, 5, 60; Iam nox...caeruleo lauerat amne rotas, 3, 4, 18; **5.** as opposed to a river, a stream, ab imo fluuio ubi confluit altera (al. alter) amnis ad summum flumen, Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; Baetis uno amne decurrit, Mela 3, 1; **6.** of other streams than rivers, fuit intus aquae fumiidus atque alte spumis exuberat amnis, Verg. 7, 465; musti, Pall. 11, 14, 18; **7.** w. gen. rather than in appos., Eridani amnis, Verg. 6, 659; **8.** abl. amni at times in poets.

**āmo**, āre, vb. [Skr. cam, vb. love; cf. Walach. chamor and Erse caemh, Lat. amor; cf. also carus] love, mulieris Quam erus meus amabat, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 33; Scimus quam misere hanc amarit, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 40; recte amasti uxorem tuam, Hec. 5, 4, 22; Coniunx una meo praedita amans animo, CIL 1011, 8; **2.** absol. meretricem understood, in opposition to marriage, omnes qui amant, grauitur sibi dari uxorem ferunt, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 20; Meum gnatum rumor est amare, 1, 2, 14; dum licitumst ei...amant, 2, 6, 13; insequit exercitus amare potare, Sal. Cat. 11, 6; amant potent, Iug. 85, 41; add Hor. s. 2, 3, 150; **3.** apart from sexual love, love gen., Videas corde amare inter se; quantis ~ ~ laudibus Suum erum seruos conlandanit, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 60; di me pater Omnes oderint ni magis te quam oculos nunc amo meos, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 67; add 5, 7, 5; Cicerones pueri amant inter se, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 12; **4.** stronger than diligo (esteem), tantum accessit (ad eum amorem quem erga te habebam) ut mihi nunc denique amare uidear, antea dilexissc, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 5; eum a me non diligi solum, uerum etiam amari, ib. 13, 47; quem ego eum olim mutuo diligerem ex hac officii societate amare ardentius coepi, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 7; **5.** amat se, be in love with oneself, be well pleased with oneself, in eo me ualde amo, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; quod cuiusque temporis officium sit, poterimus, nisi nosmet ipsos ualde amabimus, iudicare, off. 1, 29; ne nimium te amare uideare, top. 51—be too selfish; quam uolumus licet ipsi nos amemus, tamen..., har. resp. 19; se ipse amaus sine rituali, Q. fr. 3, 8, 4; uerum hoc se amplectitur uno, Hoc amat et laudat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 54; **6.** for favours conferred, love, be thankful to (for), be obliged to, Multum amabo ob istam rem, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 26; Ant. Quiesco ergo. Ad. Amo te; sed..., Poen. 1, 2, 42; eo ego uos amo, et eo a

me magnam inistis gratiam, Cist. 1, 1, 8; cequid nos amas De fidicina istae? Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 3; Amo te, et non neglexisse habeo gratiam, Ph. 1, 2, 4; de randusculo Numeriano multum te amo, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 7; in Attilii negotio te amauit, fam. 13, 62, 1; te multum amamus quod ea abs te diligenter curata sunt, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; amas me quod te non uidi? Domit. Afer ap. Quint. 6, 3, 93; **7.** hence amabo (te often omitted) you will oblige me (if), iu asking favours or questions, prythee, please,—esp. in the mouth of women, Noli amabo Amphitruo irasci Sosiae causa mea, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 42; Id amabo te huic caueas, Bao. 1, 1, 10; quis hic amabost, Qui tam pro nota nominat me? Mil. 3, 3, 27; dic, amabo te, nbist Diniarchus? Truc. 2, 7, 32 etc.; Hoc agite amabo, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 50; add 70; 3, 3, 28; 4, 3, 21; 4, 4, 7; 5, 1, 22; 5, 3, 6; **8.** hence almost=rogo in: set sciu quid te amabo ut facias, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 71; Meuaechme amare te ait multum Erotium ut...deferas, 3, 3, 1; amabo te ne (id) sceleri meo assignes, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; **9.** amabo of requests, by Cicero only in ep., cura amabo te Ciceronem nostrum, Cic. Att. 2, 2, 1; add 5, 17, 3; 13, 52, 2; amabo te aduola, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; **10.** si me amas, if you love me, common in urgent requests, si quicquam me amas hunc locum muni, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 5; adduc, si me amas, Marium, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; **11.** iu asseuerations, ita me...di omnes ament, Vt illo cum illa neque cubat neque ambulat, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 55; ita me amabit quam ego amo ut ego hau mentior, Curc. 2, 3, 47; ita me di ament, credo, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 44; Ita me di amabunt, ut me tuarum miseritumst Menedeme fortunarum, Haut. 3, 1, 54; **12.** w. abstract object, Etiam Epidicum quam ego fabulani aequae ac me ipsum amo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 36; horum homines nomen orationem uolunt incessum amabant, Cic. Sest. 105; amatque Ianua limen, Hor. od. 1, 25, 3; **13.** esp. w. infin., Qua (al. quo) pinus ingens albaque populus Vmbram hospitalem consociare amant, Hor. od. 2, 3, 10; Aurum per medios ire satellites, Et perumpere amat saxa, 3, 16, 10; add epod. 8, 16; so *φίλεω*: see LS. lexicon; **14.** even w. pass. inf., clamore...atque aliis omnibus quae irā fieri amat, Sall. Ing. 34, 1 wh. see Kritz's note; imitated by Auson. ad Grat. 1; Dictys 1, 3; Q. Septim. 1, 3; **15.** as adj. loving, nihil potuit fieri amantius, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 3; hominis boni misericordis amantis pauperis, CIL 1027, 2; Pompeia amantissima suls, 1080; sibi et Philemae suae amantissimae, 1207; **16.** amasso=amauero, Pl. Cas. 5, 4, 22 and 23; Curc. 4, 4, 22.

**āmōdōs**, adv. from now, from this time, a. uidere desiderans quos horrebat audire, Hier. ep. 51, p. 157 ed. Franc.; amodo *απο τούτου*, gloss. see Hand Trns.

**āmōebaeus**, adj. responsive, alternating, amoebaeum (carmen) et quotiens qui canunt, et aequali numero uersuum utuntur, et ita se habet responsio ut aut maius aut contrarium aliquid dicant, Serv. B. 3, 29; amoebaeus (pes) ex duabus longis et totidem breuibz et longa (as incredūbilis), Diom. 481, 25 K.

**āmōenē**, see amoenus.

**āmōenitas**, ātis, f. charming character, loveliness, Venerem amorem amoenitatemque acubans exerceo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 52; Formae amoenitatem illius, 4, 4, 36; add St. 2, 1, 5; Men. 2, 3, 5; **2.** in later writers gen. of scenery, fluminis, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; amoenitates orarui ac litorum, N. D. 2, 100; add leg. 2, 3; domum in colle Quirinali...cuius amoenitas...silua constabat, Nep. Att. 13, 2; illa feritas (Gallorum) Asiatica amoenitate mollita est, Flor. 1, 27 (2, 11), 4; **3.** of other objects, amoenitates studiorum, Plin. pr. 14; uitae, Tac. an. 5, 2; ingenii, Gell. 7 (6), 7, 1; orationis, 10, 3, 15; uerborum, 12, 1, 24; **4.** as a term of endearment, mea amoenitas quid tu agis? Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 13; add Poen. 1, 2, 152.

**āmōeniter**, see amoenus.

**āmōeno**, āre, vb. make lovely, regio amoenata lucis, Salv. gub. Dei 7 n.; **2.** delight, felices animas chordarum pulsibus, Cassiod. ep. 2, 40; oculos, Cypr. ep. 2, 1.

**āmōenus**, adj. [ad+men of mens, ad mentem; cf. G. an-mnth-ig; and Fr. à (mon) gré, whence agréable; ã due to accent on penult., cf. lucerna, molestus etc.] to one's mind or taste, charming, lovely, delightful, sweet, darling,



Ita hic me amoenitate amoena amoenus oneravit dies, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 7; Pessnl...Gerite amanti mihi morem amoenissumi, Curc. 1, 2, 62; Perparuum partem postulat Plautus loci De uostris magnis atque amoenis moenibus Athenas quo sine architectis conferat, Truc. pr. 2; add Poen. 1, 2, 176; Nam me uisus homo puoder p̄r amoenā sālicta Et ripas raptare, Enn. an. 40 V; Quod p̄r amoenau\* urbem leni fluit agmine flumen, ib. 177; in praediolis nostris et belle aedificatis et satis amoenit\*, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 4; amoeno sane et ab arbitris remoto loco, Verr. 2, 5, 80; add or. 2, 290; loca amoena, uoluptaria, Sal. Cat. 11, 5; cultum amoenorem, Liv. 4, 44, 11; Denegere locos laetos et amoena uireta, Verg. 6, 638; add Prud. Cath. 3, 101; Ham. 795; rosae, Hor. od. 2, 3, 14; amoenae Quos et aquae subeunt et aerae, 3, 4, 7; ruris amoeni, ep. 1, 10, 6; amoenuissimam parietum picturam, Plin. 35, 116; amoenior uilla, Plin. pan. 50; amoenuissimis aedificiis\*, Tac. h. 3, 30; uita, an. 15, 55; ingenium, 2, 64 and 13, 3; amoena profunda Rura Padi, Prud. Sym. 2, 700; and even of scents, amoenus uapor, Vincens odorem balsami thuris croci, Prud. st. 10, 361; 2. n. pl. as sb. w. gen., beautiful scenery, Asiae, Tac. an. 3, 7; litorum, h. 3, 76; 3. at times of sensual pleasures, Nequedum exarui ex amoenis rebus et uoluptariis, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 46; 4. amoenē, adv. beautifully, pleasantly, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 2 (unless as R by cj. suggests amoeno), but Apul. M. 10, 32 corrupt; amoenuus Gell. 14, 1, 32; superl. Plin. ep. 4, 23, 1; 5. amoeniter, the same, Gell. 20, 8, 1; 6. amoenum, says Kritz Sal. Cat. 11, 5, quod a moenibus recedit, and so others; but cf. exx. \*

**āmōlior**, iri, vb. r. heave (a heavy mass or obstacle) away, off, out of the way, impedimentum omne de cunctis itineribus amoliuntur, Sisen. ap. Non. 73; quum amoliti obiecta onera armatis dedissent uiam, Liv. 25, 36, 11; obstantia siluarum amoliri, Tac. an. 1, 50; amoliuntur (apes) omnia e medio, Plin. 11, 25; Heu quantum Fortuna humeris iam pondere fessis Amolitur onus, Lucan. 5, 355; tellusque nefandam Amolitur onus, Claud. Ruf. 455; 2. less fitly of things one desires to get rid of for the time at least, though not heavy, clear away, Vt nostra properes amoliri (hinc) omnia, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 67; lube haec hinc omnia amolier (sc. seruos), Most. 2, 1, 24; add 4; 3. rudely of persons, Non hinc uos prope stabulis amolimini? Pac. 16 R; add 184; Proinde hinc uos amolimini, nam mihi impedimenta estis,—heave your great carcases out of my way, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 24; and absol., Age age, amolire, amitte, Acc. 304 R; 4. and jestingly, of oneself, Quin ego hinc me amolior? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 50; Sed ego cesso hinc me amoliri, uentre dum saluo licet? Truc. 2, 7 f.; 5. met. get rid of, rid oneself of, without personal violence, donec nxorem amoliretur, Tac. h. 1, 13; iuuenem specie honoris, an. 2, 42; his uerbis illum a sese amolitus (molitus Hertz, male), Gell. 19, 1, 11; 6. even w. abstract acc., amolior nomen meum (put aside, as uot bearing on the question), Liv. 28, 28, 10; pericula (ward off), Plin. 32, 23; inuidiam crimenque, Tac. h. 3, 75; but in an. 14, 14 Halm has moliri; add Quint. 4, 1, 29; 5, 7, 23\*; 5, 13, 11\*; 9, 2, 71; 7. as pass. chiefly in perf. part. and ger., prius (illos) ab oculis mortalium amolita natura est quam in caelum fama perueheret, Curt. 8, 5, 17; amolita utriusque rei participatione, Apul. de deo S. 9; omnibus exuniis amolitis, 23; add exx. \* of § 6; but in Liv. 25, 36, 11 Madv. has amoliti; some regard amolier as pass. in Pl. above § 2.

**āmōlītio**, ōnis, f. violent removal, tearing away, infantis (a matre), Gell. 12, 1, 22.

**āmōlo**, **āmōlum**, see amulo amulum.

**āmōmis**, Idis, f. a spice, Plin. 12, 49.

**āmōmum**, (-on, Plin. 26, 34) i, n. an Indian and Arabian spice, ferat et rubus asper amōmum, Verg. B. 3, 89; add 4, 25; Plin. 12, 48; 13, 15 etc.; 37, 204; Mart. 5, 64, 3; 2. in pl. in gelidos uersit amoma sinus, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 52; add Pers. 3, 104.

**āmōr**, ōris, m. love (sexual), amore perditast haec misera, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 38; Medea...amore saeuo saucia, Enn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 34; In amore haec omnia insunt uitia, Ter. Eum. 1, 1, 14; ut muliebris amores amit-

tam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 70; furor amoris, 4, 75; add Verg. 1, 725; 2. love gen. Studium patronae cura amor laudes decus Silent, CIL 1009, 16; Eundem mi amorem praestat puerilem senex, 1012; caritate mouentur homines, ut deorum..., aut amore ut fratrum, ut coniugum, ut liberorum, ut familiae, Cic. part. or. 56; add 88; or. 2, 206; amor, ex quo amicitia noninata est, princeps est ad beniuolentiam conciliandam, am. 26; 3. so far of persons, also w. gen. of abstracts, cognitionis, Cic. fin. 4, 18; gloriae, Arch. 28; edendi, Luer. 4, 869; laudis, Verg. 5, 394; aratri, 7, 635; habendi, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 85; 4. w. inf. Sed si tantus amor casus cognoscere nostros, Verg. 2, 10; seu rore pudico Castaliae flauos amor est tibi mergere crines, Stat. Th. 1, 698; 5. in plur. of the loved object, darling, en amores tuos Si uis spectare, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 79; and perh. Mil. 4, 8, 67; Varus me meus ad suos amores Visum duxerat, Catul. 10, 1; Pompeius, nostri amores, ipse se afflixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 2; Atticae (salutem dices) delicis atque amoribus meis, 16, 6 f.; amores ac deliciae tuae, Roscius, div. 1, 79; redeo ad amores deliciasque uestras, L. Antonium, Phil. 6, 12; 6. personified, the god Love, Cupid, apage Amor non places, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 25; add 31 and 32; quis istic habet? Amor, Voluptas, Venus, Venustas, Gaudium, Bac. 1, 2, 16; Paret Amor dictis carae generitricis, Verg. 1, 693; 7. in pl. as attendants on Venus, Stat. silu. 1, 2, 120; Claud. laud. Stil. 2, 356;

8. amos as nom. misquoted fm Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 2. **āmōrābundus**, adj. mulierem amantem uerbo inusitata ficto amorabundam dixit, Laber. ap. Gell. 11, 15, 1 (amabundus?). **āmōri-fer**, a, nm, adj. love-bearing, sagittas, Venant. 6, 2, 13. **āmōtio**, ōnis, f. removal, doloris, Cic. fin. 1, 37; ordinis, Gai. dig. 47, 10, 43. **āmōtus**, part. of amoueo. **āmōueo**, ēre, mōui, mōtus, move away, remove, get rid of, quiu tu hinc te amoues? Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 73; nunc iam rus te amoue, Most. 1, 1, 71; somnum ex pectore, Ps. 1, 2, 11; crapulam, 5, 1, 35; modo te hinc amoue, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 33; Prorsus a me opinionem hanc tuam esse ego amotam uolo, Andr. 3, 2, 30; nebulonem illum ex istis locis amoue, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 2; Porcia lex uirgas ab ciuium Romanorum corpore amouit, Rab. perd. 12; ab se magis enixe amouens culpam, Liv. 4, 41, 9; 2. a mild term for banishment, amotus Cerciuam, Tac. an. 1, 53; Suillium in iusulam, 4, 31; add 14, 57; 3. of dishonest removal or theft, boues...Per dolum amotas, Hor. od. 1, 10, 10; de actione rerum amotarum, titul. of dig. 25, 2; furtum fit non solum cum quis utrecipiendi causa rem alienam amouet, Gai. 3, 195; add 208.

**ampēlinus**, see amperiusus.

**ampēltis**, Idis, adj. f. as sb. (sc. γη) a kind of asphalt used in killing insects on vines, and so used medicinally, Plin. 35, 194.

**Ampēlius**, adj. or sb. name of a geus, Ammiau. 28, 4, 3; Sidon. 9, 305. **ampēloprāson**, (vine-leek) i, n. a plant so called, Plin. 24, 136. **am-pendix**, older form of appeudix [for an-p., an=ad; cf. anteid] Paul. ex F. 21 M. **ampērīnus?** adj. name of some colour, auuperina, Caecil. ap. Non. 548, 15 (so H; al. ampelina). **ampēmērīnos**, adj; quotidian (fever), Plin. 28, 228. **ampēbātum**, or -us, i, n. or m. a cloak, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 1; Venant. S. Martiu. 42. **ampēbōila**, ae, f. an ambiguous word or phrase, Cic. div. 2, 116; in fam. 7, 32, 2 in Greek; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 16; Char. 271, 26 K; Diom. 450, 1. **ampēbōlus**, adj. ambiguous, nomen, Mart. Cap. p. 149 G; 152, 7 Eyss. **ampēbrāchys**, adj. m. (sc. pes), having a long syllable between two short, Quint. 9, 4, S2 and 105; Diom. 479, 8; Prisc. 1, 275, 14 K. **ampēbrēuis**, the same, Diom. ib. **amphidanes**, ae, m. an Indian genu, also called chryso-colla, Plin. 37, 147.



**amphī-mācrus**, adj. m. (sc. pes), having a short syllable between two long, Quint. 9, 4, 81; Diom. 479, 13.

**amphī-mallium**, adj. n. as sb. a coat shaggy on both sides, Plin. 8, 193; see

**amphī-mallum**, i, n. same, scholl. Iuv. 3, 283.

**amphī-prostýlos**, adj. same with pillars before and behind, Vitr. 3, 2, 1.

**amphis-baena**, ae, f. a (double-headed) serpent, Plin. 8, 85; 20, 216; Lucan. 9, 719; Solin. 27, 29.

**amphítápus**, or -a or -um, see amfitapos.

**amphithálamos**? i, m. Vitr. 10 (7), 2, where perh. read antithalamos.

**amphithéátrális**, adj. of an amphitheatre, Plin. 11, 84; Mart. 11, 69, 1; 14, 137, 1.

**amphithéátricus**, adj. the same, charta, Plin. 13, 75; spectaculum, Symm. ep. 4, 8.

**amphithéátrum**, i, n. amphitheatre, Plin. 16, 200; 19, 25; 36, 117 and 120; Mart. spect. 1, 7; Tac. h. 2, 67.

**amphóra**, ae, f. (amfóra\*) [*αμφορεύς* for *αμφι-φορεύς*] a two-handled jar, amphora, amphoram impleto aquae, Cato r. 88, 1; add olearias, 10, 2; 113, 2; Dabitur tibi amphora una et octo dolia, Pl. Cas. 1, 32; add Mil. 3, 2, 11; unii, Cic. Font. 19; Nec Laestrygonia Baccus in amphora Langnescit mihi, Hor. od. 3, 16, 34; oliuam in amphoram coquito, Colum. 12, 49, 4; so far for liquids, esp. wine;

**2.** for other uses, mellis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 183; mella condit amphoris, Hor. epod. 2, 15; uuam passam in amphoras recondunt, Colum. 12, 16, 3; **3.** as a public urinal, nulla est in angiporto amphora quam non impleant, quippe qui uesicam plenam unii habeant, Titius ap. Maer. s. 3, 16 (2, 12), 15; **4.** as a Greek measure—Latin quadrantal, octo et xl capit sextarios, Fest. p. 258 b, 21 M; add Fann. pond. et mens. 63; bibisse in die unii Capitolinam amforam\* constat, Capitol. Max. 4, 1; **5.** of a ship's tonnage, naues onerarias quarum minor nulla erat duum milium amphorum†, Lentul. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 15, 2; ne quis senator... nauem quae plus quam ccc amphorarum esset haberet, Liv. 21, 63, 3; magnitudo (nauium) ad terna milia amphorum†, Plin. 6, 82; (polyipi) caput amphorarum xv capax, 9, 93; add Labeo dig. 14, 2, 10, 2; **6.** note gen. amphorum† above.

**amphórālius**? amphoralium, a wrong reading for

**amphórārius**, adj. of an amphora, uinum amphorarium, Proc. dig. 33, 6, 16, 2.

**ample**, see amplus.

**ampirio**, āre, vb. pirouette? see redampirio.

**Ampius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Ampi T. f. procos. on a coin, CIL 521.

**am-plector**, i, xus, vb. r. fold oneself round, embrace, clasp, saluo ut te amplector lubens, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 131 (a father speaks); Nunc tibi amplectimur genua egentis opum, i, 5, 16; Ego illam non amplectar? ego non sauem? Pomp. 84 R; illam in somnis amplecti, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 19; and met. quid cessatis compedes Currere ad me meaque amplecti crura ut nos custodiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 119; serpens Arboris amplexus stirpem—coiling round, Lucr. 5, 34; quorum tellus amplectitur ossa, i, 135; saxa manibus amplexos, Liv. 5, 47, 5; but in Cic. rep. 6, 14 Halm has complexus;

**2.** met. first of space, inclose, include, castellis xv milia passuum cireuitu amplexus, Caes. b. c. 3, 44, 3; quantum inunimento amplecteretur loci, Liv. 35, 28, 6; duos montes muro amplexi, 41, 18, 1; Et molli circumst ansas amplexus acantho, Verg. B. 3, 45; et urbes Latior amplecti murus (coepit), Hor. ep. 2, 3, 209; amplectitur (aestuuarium) intra se insulam, Plin. 5, 3; sulcus designandi oppidi coeptus ut magnam Herculis aram amplecteretur, Tac. an. 12, 24; locum exedra et porticibus amplecti, Plin. op. 9, 75;

**3.** met. of affection, make much of, show affection for, coart, omnem tuum amorem quo me es amplexus, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; me amicissime quotidie magis Caesar amplectitur, fam. 6, 6, 13; an equites Romanos amplectetur (Antonius), Pbil. 7, 21; plebem, Mil. 72; magis magisque cum (sc. Iugurtham) indies amplecti, Sal. Iug. 7, 6;

**4.** embrace, clasp, as determined never to give up, cling to, met., Perseo regium nomen omni ui amplectente, Liv. 45, 4 f.; amplexus regni nomen, 9, 34, 12;

**5.** embrace as a token of approving affection, quorum si amplecterer uirtutem ut facio, Cic. Phil. 10, 18; and so hoc se amplectitur uno, Hoc amat et laudat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 53; wh. schol. Aer.: hoc sibi blanditur—we should say prides himself; **6.** w. abstr. acc. embrace, give one's affections to, devote oneself to, quo ius ciuile tam uehementer amplexus es, Cic. or. 1, 234; nobilitatem et dignitates hominum amplectitur (Caesar), fam. 4, 8, 2; libenter amplector talem animum, ib. 5, 19, 2; ad tuam amplitudinem meis officiis amplectendam, ib. 5, 8, 3; **7.** esp. of thoughts, ideas, rogo... ut hauc cogitationem toto pectore amplectare, Cic. Att. 12, 35 f.; quae si iudex non amplectetur omnia consilio, Font. 25 (15); **8.** of words, embrace, include, neminem posse omnes res per scripturam amplecti, Cic. inv. 2, 152; Non ego euicta meis amplecti uersibus opto, Verg. G. 2, 42; totius ponti forma breuiter amplectenda est (so β; al. compl., and so Sill., Detl.), Plin. 4, 75;

**II 9.** amplecto=amplector, says Prisc. 1, 393, 8 K, but?, for to amplector belong the forms in: Extemplo amplectitote crura fustibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 36; and genua amplexens\*, Liv. in Odys. ap. Diom. 384, 9; **10.** amplector as pass., says Pr. 1, 393, 8, referring perh. to amplexus so used, as: animam nostro amplexam pectore, Petr. ap. Pr. 1, 567, 19; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 27 mss have amplexum (for wh. by cj. some read amplexam, Guyet amplexus); **11.** a form amplexi asserted by Diom., cf. § 8\*; Prisc. 1, 25, 15; Cass. 2283, 41 P.

**amplexāb-undus**, quasi-part. embracing again and again, Iul. Valer. Alex. M. 2, 35, ed. Mai.

**amplexor**, āri, vb. r. frq. embrace again and again, keep embracing, Meosne ante oculos ego illam patiar alios amplexarier, Pl. Truc. 5, 33; aram, Rud. 3, 3, 33 etc.; add Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 27; **2.** met. Appius totum me amplexatur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 3; otium, Sest. 98; auctoritatem censoriam amplexato (so Prisc. 1, 393, 7 K; mss —or)—cling to, defend to the last, Clu. 124; uoluptatem, Cic. or. 3, 62; add acad. post. 33; fin. 4, 36;

**II 3.** amplexo, āre, vb. frq. the same, postea hanc amabo atque amplexabo, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 60; Postremo amplexa; fructum quem di daut cape, Acc. ap. Non. 470, 11; sauire, amplexare, Q. Claud. ap. Prisc. l. c.; cum uater amplexaret corpus filii sui, Petron. 63; **4.** amplexor, āri, as pass. in Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 381, 5 and 6 dub.

**amplexus**, ūs, m. folding round, embrace, serpentis, Cic. div. 1, 79; Cum dabit amplexus, Verg. i, 687; add 6, 698; excutit amplexus, Ov. M. 9, 52 etc.; **2.** met. quod omnem Coutinet amplexu terram, Lucr. 5, 319; inferiorem partem Nilus diuinus amplexu suo determinat, Plin. 5, 48; in amplexu nemorum, Stat. Th. 6, 6, 256.

**ampliātio**, ōis, f. a postponement of a judicial decision, a. quae apud iudices fieri solet est dubitantis, Sen. contr. 1, 3, 9, p. 81, 25 B; add ps. Ascon. ad Verr. 2, 1, 26;

**2.** enlargement, additio, Tert. bapt. 13.

**ampliātor**, ōris, m. one who increases, S. P. Q. R. ampliātoriuum, ou a coin of Caracalla, Eckhel 7, 12.

**amplificātio**, ōnis, f. enlarging, increase, pecunia, Cic. div. 2, 33; rei familiaris, off. 1, 25; honoris, 2, 42;

**2.** esp. in rhetoric, dwelling at great length on a topic, amplification, Cic. part. or. 53; add or. 3, 105 (bis); Corn. ad Her. 2, 47; Quint. 2, 5, 9; 4, 3, 15 etc.

**amplificātor**, ōris, m. one who enlarges or adds to, rerum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 10; tuae dignitatis, fam. 10, 12, 5; iuunicipi, inser. Or. 1025.

**amplificātrix**, icis, f. one who enlarges, ueri, Pacat. pan. Th. 8.

**amplifico**, āre, vb. enlarge, increase, add to, dolorem, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 50; diuitias, rep. c. 15 (12, 21); uoluptatem, fin. 1, 38; rempublicam, N. D. 2, 8; gratiam dignitatemque, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 6;

**ampli-ficus**, adj. extensive, vast, ingenium, Fronto ad M. Auton. de eloq. p. 150 l. 3 Nab.; **2.** amplifice, grandly, decorata, Cat. 64, 265.

**ampli-fluus**, adj. largely flowing, Strabo Gallus 2, 2.

**amplio**, āre, [amplius] vb. make greater, enlarge, increase, rem, Hor. s. 1, 4, 32; amplianda scalpello plaga est, Cels. 7, 5, 1; uiris, Plin. 23, 67; seruitia, Tac. h.



2, 78; numerum, Plin. pan. 54; nomina, Mart. 8, 66, 11; dotem, Florent. dig. 23, 4, 24; **2.** in law, postpone (a verdict), cum causam non audisset et potestas esset ampliandi, Cic. Caecin. 29; add Verr. 2, 1, 26; see amplius § 18; **3.** w. acc. of accused, postpone a verdict on, quid fuit quare hominem nefarium ampliaueritis, Corn. ad Her. 4, 48; eam ampliata, deinde absolutam, Liv. 4, 44, 12; bis ampliatus tertio absolutus est reus, 43, 2, 6; accusati ambo ampliati, 43, 2, 10; add Aurel. V. uir. ill. 24.

**ampliter**, see amplius.

**amplitudo**, Inis, f. extent, size, (simulacrum) modica amplitudine, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 109; (taurorum), Varr. r. 2, 5, 10 (bis); oppidum stadiorum lxx amplitudine, Plin. 6, 119;

**2.** met. grandeur, greatness, dignity, amplitudo ac dignitas ciuitatis, Cic. or. 2, 164; sacerdotii, agr. 2, 18; nominis, Mur. 16; **3.** absol. ad summam amplitudinem peruenisset, Cic. Brut. 281; se amplitudinem tuam retenturam, fam. 1, 4 f.; add 10, 1, 3.

**amplius**, see amplius.

**amplius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. rather great, fortuna, Apul. mag. 75; **2.** ampliuseule, at some length, Sidon. ep. 8, 16.

**amplio**, āre, vb. make great, poetae. Qui causam humilem dictis ampleat, Pacuv. ap. Non. 506, 16.

**ampliocti** pro amplecti dicebant (antiqui), Prisc. 1, 25, 15 K.

**amplius**, adj. [?] vast, great, dum ne ampliorem modum pratorum habeant quam proxima aetate habuerunt, CIL 199, 41; amplius, rubicundo colore, et spectu proteruo ferox, Pacuv. ap. Fest. p. 330 M; domus, Cic. off. 1, 139; signum, Verr. 2, 4, 74; amplissima curia, ib. 2, 4, 119; porticibus, Verg. 3, 353; ampliores aquae, Plin. 5, 57; **2.** of time, long, amplissima dies horarum xv, Plin. 6, 218;

**3.** met. great, ample, Est lucrum hic tibi amplum, Pl. Epid. 2, 3, 117; add Amph. pr. 6; irae ampliores, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 9; morbus amplior, 3, 1, 50; amplum occasionem calumniae, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 61; fortunas, ib. 2, 5, 18; pecuniam, Rosc. Am. 86; diuitias, Hor. s. 2, 2, 101; **4.** esp. grand, splendid, munus aeditatis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 14; praemia, Mil. 57; amplissimum triumphus, Nep. Cat. 1, 4; amplissima neste, Liv. 27, 51, 9;

**5.** amplum est alicui, Etruscae gentis (regem esse) Romae amplum Tusci ratur, Liv. 2, 9, 4; sibi amplum esse urbem ab se captam frequentari, 5, 30, 2; add 28, 42, 21; **6.** esp. of men, great, grand, dignified, is mihi uidetur amplissimus qui sua uirtute in altiore loco peruenit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 83; ampli quidem homines sed immemores dignitatis suae, Phil. 3, 20; **II 7.** ample adv. only met. grandly, splendidly, exornat ample magnificeque triclinium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; a. loqui, Tusc. 5, 24; a. dicere, Brut. 201; but in Cels. pr. p. 11, l. 15 Dar. read ampla ualetudinaria; **8.** comp. amplius, more, not often to qualify verbs, aliquanto\* amplius ualerem si hic maneres, Pl. As. 3, 3, 2; Multo tanto\* illum accusabo quam te accusari amplius, Men. 5, 2, 49; faxo amabit amplius, 5, 2, 40; Quam uellem Menedemum inuitatum, ut nobiscum esset, amplius—more pressingly, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 11; Quo populum atque urbem pacto seruare potisset, Amplius, Char. 195, 7 K (cod. Ver.); homo nullust... quoi ego de industria amplius male, plus lubeus, faxim, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 6, wh. a. belongs to male-faxim; ira atque praedae spes amplius quam lassitudo posse, Sall. Iug. 69, 2; quis amplius quam uos cognoscit? Iustin. constit.; **9.** gen. more, non dico amplius, Pl. As. 1, 3, 51; eo contentae non quaerunt amplius, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; Segestanis imponebat aliquanto\* amplius quam ferre possent, Verr. 2, 4, 76; ego aedilis, hoc est paulo amplius quam priuatus, ib. act. 1, 37; **10.** w. gen. gaudeo Tibi mea opera liberorum esse amplius, Pl. Cist. 5, 4; nescio an amplius mihi negoti contrahatur, Cic. Cat. 4, 9; si amplius obsidum uellet, Caes. b. g. 6, 9, 7;

**11.** often of time, esp. after a neg., ne amplius morando Scaurum incenderet, Sall. Iug. 25, 10; omisso (conatu?) Patara amplius temptandi, Liv. 37, 16, 13; nec iam amplius ullae Apparent terrae, Verg. 3, 192; add 9, 519; **12.** gen. without quam, the noun taking the same case as if

amplius or non amplius were absent, neue amplius de una familia nnum...(legat edatue), CIL 198, 23; agri iugra (sic) non amplius xxx possidebit, 200, 14; add 200, 60 and 86; 206, 151; qui ager... non amplius quinque milia potest sustinere, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 1; cum eum amplius centum ciues Romani cognoscerent, Verr. 2, 1, 14; add 2, 5, 155; (solem) amplius duodeviginti partibus\* maiorem esse quam terram, acad. pr. 82; amplius sestertium ducentiens acceptum hereditatibus retuli, Phil. 2, 40; cum non amplius octingentos equites haberent, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 1; add 2, 16, 1; amplius annos (al. annis) triginta... in exercitu fuerat, Sal. Cat. 59, 6; uicti amplius ducenti ceciderunt, Liv. 21, 29, 3; iuuenibus non amplius una ueste uti toto anno permissum, Iust. 3, 3, 5; **13.** amplius, or more, non amplius, not more, following the number, perh. parenthetically, septingentos annos amplius unis moribus uiuunt, Cic. Flac. 63; horam (so best mss) amplius... moliebantur, Verr. 2, 4, 95; centum amplius post annos in ultima Italiae ora habuisse, Liv. 1, 18, 2; uiginti paulo\* amplius integras (naues) abscedentes, 37, 24, 6; add 25, 19, 15; 28, 2, 11; 30, 27, 10; 36, 38, 3; tris... non amplius unas, Verg. B. 3, 105; quinque non amplius dierum itinere, Plin. 6, 52; mare uaduos seuis non amplius altitudinis passibus, 6, 82; **14.** yet quam also found, once even in Cic., quibus ne reiciendi quidem amplius quam trium iudicium leges faciunt potestatem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 77; nec amplius quam xxvii dies Brundisii commoratus, Suet. Ang. 17; add 78; Tib. 26; **15.** also w. abl. quum initio nou amplius duobus milibus habuisset, Sal. Cat. 56, 2; non amplius parte, Iulian. dig. 39, 6, 20; **16.** so in: lamentetur iniser amplius aequo—too long, Incr. 3, 952; a. opinione, longer than supposed, Sal. Iug. 53, 5; **17.** w. abl. of degree, see \* above; **18.** as a term used in postponing a verdict, quotiens quomque amplius bis in uno iudicio pronuntiatum erit, CIL 198, 48; causam dixisse Ladium cum consules re audita 'amplius' de consilii sententia pronuntiauerunt, Cic. Brut. 86; poterat uel 'amplius' pronuntiar, Verr. 2, 1, 26; add § 74; Ego amplius deliberandum censeo, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; cf. Char. 195, 10; Donat. Eun. 2, 3, 39; ps. Ascon. Verr. 1, 74; **19.** an engagement, amplius non peti, of a release in full, quod recensar(e) satisfacere amplius abs te non peti, Cic. Att. 1, 8, 1; add fam. 13, 28, 2; Rosc. com. 35; Brut. 18; add Paul. dig. 46, 8, 14; Iul. 46, 8, 23; **20.** so w. agi, cauere eum debere amplius nou agi, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 14; **III 21.** ampliter = ample, Satiust seruo homini modeste facere sumptum quam ampliter, Pl. St. 5, 4, 10; add Cas. 2, 8, 65; Cist. 2, 3, 54; Merc. 1, 1, 99; Mil. 3, 1, 163; Bae. 4, 4, 26; Lucil. Pompon., Acc. ap. Non. 511, 15; laudare ampliter, Gell. 2, 6, 11; a. dixerit, 10, 3, 4.

**amplustre**, see aplustre.

**Ampsactus**, (Ams.) i, m. [Umbr. and Oscan am = an = av privat. = Lat. in, male; and so am-sanctus accused] a valley with a lake in the country of the Hirpini known for sulphur vapours, now Lago d'Ansate or Mufti (Mephitis), Cic. div. 1, 79; Ampsacti ualles... saeui spiracula Ditis, Verg. 7, 565; add Plin. 2, 208.

**ampruo**, or rather ampruo, see redampruo.

**Ampudius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Arsina Ampudi, CIL 1374.

**ampulla**, ae, f. [dim. of ampōra = amfora] a small bulging vessel, of glass or leather, for wine, oil etc., Robiginosam strigilem, ampullam rubidam, Pl. St. 1, 3, 77; add Pers. 1, 3, 44; tollo ampullam atque hinc eum, Merc. 5, 2, 86; si ad illam uitam quae cum uirtute degatur, ampulla aut strigilem accedat, Cic. fin. 4, 30; ampullas uitreas acetii, Plin. 20, 152; uitreae, Mart. 6, 35, 4; modicam in ampulla potiunculam, Suet. Dom. 21; olearia, Apul. flor. 1, 9, 34; scorticae ampullae uctustate rugosae... rubidae dicuntur, Fest. v. rubidus, p. 262 M; **2.** met. of bombastic words, Proicit ampullas et sesquipedalia uerba, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 97.

**ampullāc-eus**, adj. of vessels called ampullae, corium, Colum. 8, 2, 15; (pira), Plin. 15, 54, from their shape.

**ampullāg-ium**, i, n. calyx of the pomegranate, κωνίος ποας, Cael. Aur. chron. 4, 3, 52; written ambulacium, 5, 2, 44.



**ampullā-rius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. a maker of (leathern) ampullae, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 51; C. Lucius Philomusus a., inscr. Or. 4143.

**ampullor**, āri, vb. r. talk big, rant, bluster, tragica... ampullatur in arte, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 14.

**ampūtātio**, ōis, f. cutting off, sarmentorum, Cic. sen. 53; capitis, Callist. dig. 48, 19, 28; **2.** a cutting (the material), Plin. 12, 118; **3.** a. uocis, loss of voice, Cael. Anr. acut. 2, 10, 68; chron. 3, 2, 16 and 23.

**am-pūto**, āre, vb. [pūto prune + au = aua away, off; but perh. in Cicero's view, am round; cf. his use of circumeido marked \*] prune away, cut away, cut off, esp. of the vine and vegetation, ars agricolarum, quae circumeidat\* (uitem), amputet, erigat..., Cic. fin. 5, 39; uitem erratico ferro amputans coeret, sen. 52; sicut in uitibus...item uolo esso in adolescente unde aliquid amptem, or. 2, 88; Inutilesque fales ramos amputans Feliciores inserit, Hor. epod. 2, 11; tempus nunc mergum (a vine-layer) amputandi, Colum. 4, 15, 4; plurimum uentorum concipiunt (platan) propter densitatem ramorum, quibus amputatis leuato onere..., Plin. 16, 131; ulmo postquam cacumen amputatum erat, 16, 132; nidet uicinum stoules in pomis proceros amputantem..., Gell. 19, 12, 7, and soon after met.: omnibus uehementioris animi officis amputatis, § 10; **2.** met. from vine-pruning, in surgery, in corpore si quid eiusmodi est quod reliquo corpori noceat, id uri searique patimur, sic in rei publicae corpore quidquid est pestiferum amputetur, Cic. Phil. 8, 15; ut membra quaedam amputantur si nocent reliquis partibus corporis, off. 3, 32; saepe scalpello usque ad uinum resecae et amputare scabiem (in the horse) profuit, Colum. 6, 32, 3; **3.** other met. esp. of words, circumeidit\* et amputat multitudinem (sententiarum), Cic. acad. pr. 2, 138; amputata circumeisique\* inanitate omni et errore, fin. 1, 44; narrationes aut amputandae quae laedunt (cut down, not cut away entirely), aut relinquendae (wholly abandoned) si totae sunt molestae, part. or. 15; Suspecta ne sint longa couloquia amputa, Sen. Med. 533; amputari legionum numeros iubet, Tac. h. 2, 69; seorta calones sarcinae nisi ad usum necessariae amputantur, Flor. 1, 33 (2, 18), 10; amputari moras iubebant, Iust. 24, 7, 2; decisim amputatisque falsis opinionibus, Gell. 7 (6), 5, 8;

**II 4.** gen. cut off, amputari hos (se. testis castorum) ab ipsis, Plin. 32, 26; (and in the same sense absol., Sen. exc. contr. 10, 9, p. 450, 18 Burs.); amputat trunco tenus Vneros patens, Sen. Thy. 761; filiis pollices, Suet. Aug. 24; capita, Suet. Cal. 32; add Galb. 20; nummulario manus, 9; add Dom. 10; Vno sub ietu nam caput amputat, Prud. st. 14, 89; linguam, 10, 766 and 960.

**am-sēgēt-es**, adj. pl. living round arable land (through which a public road ran, and so as ratepayers bound to maintain it), a. quorum ager uiam tangit, Paul. ex F. 21. (Cf. Cic. Caeciu. 54.)

**am-termini**, qui circa terminos prouineiae manent, Paul. ex F. 17.

**amtruo**, see redampiruo.

**āmūlētum**, i, n. [Arab.?] an amulet, charm, Plin. 28, 38; 29, 66; 30, 138; 37, 50; **2.** himālat is Arab. for a sword-belt, and so applied now to a Coran as worn on the breast.

**Amūllus**, ii, m. brother of Numitor, Liv. 1, 3, 10; tractus Amulius euse, Ov. F. 3, 67.

**āmūlo**, (amolo\* amylo), āre, vb. stiffen with starch, Apic.\* 212; 273; 282; lae amylatum, Cael. Aur. chron. 2, 177.

**āmūlum**, (amol. amyl. and amylon) i, n. [αμυλον] starch, amulum, Cato r. 87; amyllum, Cels. 2, 20, 22 and 23; Plin. 18, 76 and 82 etc.; Macr. s. 3, 13, 12; amolo obligas, Apic. 234; 242 etc.; amolum modice, 365; stringatur amolo, 407.

**āmurea**, ae, f. [αμορη] oil-lees, the watery part from oil-pressing, a. ex olea expressa, qui est umor aquatilis, Varr. r. 1, 64, 1; amurca conspergito, Cato r. 91; add 36, 101 and 103; nigra perfundere āmurea, Verg. G. 1, 194 (wh. Servius says it is pronounced amurga); add 3, 488; Colum. 2, 14, 3 etc.; Plin. 15, 9 and 33 etc.

**āmurfā-rius**, adj. of oil-lees, dolia, Cato r. 10, 4.

**āmūsia**, ae, f. [αμουσια] unmusical nature, Varr. ap. Non. 16, 25.

**āmūsos**, adj. unmusical, Vitr. 1, 1, 13.

**āmūssia**, is, f. [prob. shortened fm exāmūssim, and so akin to exāmen; cf. for suff. uicissim] level of carpenters, masons etc., a. est aequamen lēuamentum, id est, apud fabros tabula qua utuntur ad saxa coa(g)mentata, Varr. ap. Non. 9, 18; nil ut deliret āmūssia, Auson. edyl. 16, 11; **2.** ad amūssim, to a T (itself a met. fm a carpenter's rule), Varr. ap. Non. 9, 16; numerus ad amūssim non est eum dicimus centumuirale esse iudicium, Varr. r. 2, 1, 26; iudicium factum atamūssim, Gell. 1, 4, 1; ut talionem uel ad amūssim aequiperarent, 20, 1, 34; add Macr. s. 1, 4, 13; **3.** amūssim absol. = regulariter, tractum a regula quae amūssis dicitur, Paul. ex F. 6; see examūssim.

**āmūssitātus**, see emūssitatus.

**āmūssium**, ii, n. a small level, Vitr. 1, 6, 6 (bis).

**āmūgdāla**, ae, f. almond-tree, amygdala si parum ferax erit, Colum. 5, 10, 20; floret amygdala mense Ianuario, Plin. 16, 103; add 109, 117 etc.; **2.** an almond, adulteratur amygdala nuce, 12, 36; amygdalae putamine, 13, 60; see amygdalum.

**āmūgdālāceus**? only a cj. in Plin. 26, 111.

**āmūgdāleus**, adj. of the almond-tree, ramos, Pall. 14, 157.

**āmūgdālīnus**, adj. of the almond-tree, (prima) amygdalina amygdalis (insita), Plin. 15, 42; nux, Ser. Samm. 26; **2.** of almonds, oleum, Plin. 15, 26; 23, 85; 26, 22.

**āmūgdālum**, (amig.) i, n. an almond, Nec glandes Amarylli tnae nec amygdala desunt, Ov. a. a. 3, 183; oleum ex amygdalis, Plin. 13, 19; oleum amygdalis amaris expressum, 13, 8; amigdala fricta, Apic. 237; add 53; **2.** of almond-tree, perh. only in: amygdala si parum ferax erunt, Colum. arb. 25, 1.

**āmūgdālus**, i, f. almond-tree, Pall. 2, 15, 6 and 11.

**āmūlo**, amyllum, see amulo etc.

**āmūstia**, idis, adj. f. as sb. drinking off at one draught, of a large cup, Threicia uineat amūstide, Hor. od. 1, 36, 14; add Sidon. post carn. 22.

**I. an**, prep. insep. [root al raise and ar of αἰρω; = av Aeol. and Dor. prep., whence ana; as av ταν, tab. Heracl. 1, 100; av τως, 2, 32 and 38; ανακαθαρῶντι = ανακαθαίρωνσι, 1, 84; αναγραφεν, 1, 78; αμμισθωθη, 1, 63; Ahrens dial. 2, 354, where see more] lit. up, — see as to form, anhelio, ancusis, anquiro; **2.** am bef. a liquid, am-bedo cat up (the whole of), am-buro burn up (the whole of), ammoneo remind = αναμνησκω, am-puto cut away; **3.** as av(ov) in Aeol. dial. (Ahrens, i, 149) becomes a(o), as a-μνασειεν, ο-μνασθη, ο-σκαπτω, ο-στασαν, ο-σταθει, so an reduced to a in, a-scendo, a-gnosco = ανα-γινωσκω, a-sto; **4.** om for av in ὄm-itto = av-ημι; **5.** assimilated in accumulo, acquiesco, addormisco, alleuo, alligo, apprehendo, arrigo, assieco; **6.** ad for an, adaresco, admo, adoleseo; **7.** w. vowel shortened to Y (ef. in of in-tilis beside av of av-θρος), incipio, inhorresco, iutumescio, imbuo (= αναδενω), i-gnosco, inludo, trifile away; **II 8.** as to meaning, up, anhelio exhale, alleuo lift up, alligo (uoluo) bind up, accumulo heap up, adiuuo lift up, apprehendo take up, attollo raise up, arrigo erect, adaequo raise to a level with, iuhorresco bristle up, intumescio swell up, instituo set up, instruo pile up; **9.** baek, iubibeo hold up or back, iufingo refract; **10.** again, a-gnosco recognize (a-cknow of Shakespere, wh. acknowledge), ammoneo remind, adsurgio rise up again, instauro (= restauro) celebrate anew, ingenuino redouble; **11.** reversal of a preceding act (gen. that of the simple vb.), i-gnosco forget, insimulo, unmask and so expose, accuse, a-quiiesco repose after labour = αναπαυομαι unbend; **12.** loosening, opening, adaperio open up, inaro plough up, infindo cleave open; **13.** commencement, adamo fall in love with, addormisco fall asleep, aduesperasco begin to be dusk, addubito begin to doubt, attiugo begin to touch, lay a finger upon, set foot on, impello give a first effective push, start, imbuo wet for the first time, informo give a first rough shape to, imminuo impair what was till then entire, incipio take up and so begin, infit he begins; **14.** away, disappearance, adimo



take up and so take away (cf. *avaίρω*), amputo cut off or away, assiccō dry up (tr.), adaresco dry up (intr.), addibo drink up, infringo break off, incido cut off, inludo trifle away, intabesco melt away; **15.** through, ancisus cut through, adigo drive through; **16.** thoroughly, admisceo mix up or thoroughly; **III 17.** analogues of this prefix are; *av, ava, ov, a, o, w. ad, lr. ath, adh, au*; Gael. *ath, as*; Bret. *ad, as, ana*; Go. *and or ana*; O. Sax. *and*; O. G. *int*; G. *ent or an*; A. Sax. *on, oð, ed, æt, a*; Dut. *ont, Dan, and Sw. und*; Fr. *en (enlever), em (emporter)*.

**2. an, old form of prep. ad, whence ampēdix, aft. appendix; cf. Germ. prep. an and see antēid.**

**3. ān, [old form ān, see § 20; cut down, like nē, from annē, wh. came from a lost comp. annis, like mage, pote from magis, potis; ann-is one of two, =N. ann-ar, G. auder, E. oth-er (comp. of one), compressed to or; E. else, O. E. ell-es, L. alt-er, G. ἐτ-επος, ouo of two] conj. or iu interr., first in eoustr. uter utrum (wh. of the two)-ne au, in indir. q., (Set) utrobi cenaturi estis, hinc an triclīnio? Naev. 81 R; Dic utrum, Spemne an Salutem te salntem Pseudule? Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 19; uolo scire utrum, egou id quod uidi uiderm An illic faciat quod facturum dicit, ut ea sit domi, Mil. 2, 3, 75; add Tr. 2, 2, 26;**

**2. same in dir. q., (Set) utrum est melius, uirginemne an uiduam uxorem ducere? Naev. 53 R; Vter eratis, tunc an ille maior, Pl. Meu. 5, 9, 60; Set utrum tu, masne au femina's? Rud. 1, 2, 16; add Bac. 1, 1, 42; 3, 4, 1; St. 5, 4, 17; Vtrum, stidione id sibi habet an laudi putat Foro si perdiderit gnatum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 28; Quid faciendum censes Dorias...; utrum, praedicemne an taceam? Eun. 4, 4, 53; uter nostrum Labiene popularis est, tunc qui... an ego qui...? Cic. Rab. per. 11; uter facilius rationem redderet, isne qui... an ille qui? Clu. 106; add Verr. 2, 4, 73;**

**3. indir. q. without ne, (Set) utrum scapulae plus an collis calli iam habeat uescio, Naev. 115 R; iam seibo utrum haec mage me amet au marsuppiū, Pl. Meu. 2, 30, 35; quaerit utrum illa, uerba an portenta sint, Cic. or. 26; nihil interest utrum moderatas perturbatioes adprobent an moderatam iniustitiam, Tusc. 4, 42; add fam. 1, 7, 8; 7, 16, 3; ut intellegere posset utrum apud eos pudor an timor plus ualeret, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 14; quaero te utrum hoc adduxerit, caeli temperantia an terrae bonitas, Varr. s. 100, 1 R; add 109, 1; 166, 2;**

**4. same in dir. q., Set utrum tu, amicis hodie an inimicis tuis Daturu's cenam? Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 89; Vtrum, pro ancilla me habes an pro filia? Pers. 3, 1, 13; utra uoluptate diindieabit, stante an mouente? Cic. fin. 2, 31; ntrum existimatis minus operis esse, unam eolumnam efficere nouam, an quattuor illas repouere? Verr. 2, 1, 147; add Varr. s. 241, 7 R;**

**II 5. without uter (utrum), and first in indir. q. w. ne, whether, te... Hostisne an ciuis comedis parui peudere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 65; Tuos seruos seruet Venerine eas det an uiro, As. 4, 1, 60; Halophantamne an sucophantam hunc magis dicam esse nescio, Curc. 4, 1, 2; add Capt. 2, 2, 20; Vosne uelit an me regnare era quidue ferat Fors Virtute experiamur, Enn. an. 203 V; Nec quid agam certumst, Pamphilumne adiutem au auscultem seni, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 4; id uiso tunc an illi insaniant, 3, 3, 3; add Ph. 2, 4, 5; honestumne factu sit an turpe dubitant, Cic. off. 1, 9; illud nescio gratulerne tibi an timeam, fam. 2, 5, 2; add Phil. 10, 5; Rose. Am. 119; copias suas, iudicione uon conduxerit an tempore exclusus dubium est, Caes. b. g. 6, 31, 1; Vt nihil intersit Dausne... an custos... Hor. ep. 2, 3, 239;**

**6. same in dir. q., Publicisne adfinis fuit an maritimus negotiis? Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 50; Amandone exorariet te uis an osculando? As. 3, 3, 97; Compressan palma an porrecta ferio? Cas. 2, 6, 53; Tacen an non taces? Pers. 4, 3, 64; add Epid. 5, 1, 28; Men. 1, 3, 15; ea ferarumne au hominum caussa gignere uidetur? Cic. N. D. 2, 156; uosne L. Domitium an uos Domitius deseruit? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 8;**

**7. in indir. q. without ne, chiefly in short sentences, Pluma haut interest patrouis an elucus propior (al. propior) siet, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 60; perscrutari hoc uolo Scedre nos nostri an alieni simus, Mil. 2, 5, 21; add Merc. 3, 4, 5; Rud. 1, 3, 31; quid refert tanto post ad iudices deferantur an omnino nou deferantur, Cic. Flac. 21; refert qui audiant,**

senatus an populus an iudices, frequentes an pauci an singuli, tempus pacis an belli, festinationis an otii, or. 3, 211; uera an falsa nescio, N. D. 1, 66; Quintus cras; sod ad me an ad te nescio, Att. 13, 51, 2; add or. 217; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu

situm est, Sal. Iug. 31, 5; postremo fugere au manere tutius foret, iu iucerto erat, 38, 5; add Cat. 25, 3; iubet peritos linguae attendere animum, pastorum sermo agresti au urbano propior esset, Liv. 10, 4, 9; add 2, 54, 7; 4, 55, 8; 28, 44, 2;

**8. the same in dir. q., esp. in short sentences, Album an atrum uinum potas? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 17; De magnis diuitiis si quid demas, plns fit an minus? Trin. 2, 2, 68; Dicam huc an non dicam? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 46; sortietur an non? Cic. prov. cons. 37;**

**9. at times a third clause or more is introduced by an, as by ut with us (though both by origin should be limited to two things), pulicesne an cimices, An pedes? responde mihi, Liv. Andr. 1 R; Quin tu rogas Purpureum panem an puiceam solem ego esse an luteum? Pl. Meu. 5, 5, 19; tria sunt, maneamne Arpini an propins aceedam an ueniam Romam, Cic. Att. 16, 10, 2; add 16, 8 f.; postulo tu mihi respondeat qui sit iste Verrucius, mercator an negotiator an arator an pecuarins, Verr. 2, 2, 188; in quo nemo potest dicere utrum iste plus biberit an uomuerit an effuderit (spilt from unsteady hand), Pis. 22; Gabinio dicam aune Pompeio**

an utrique, Man. 57; perturbatur copiasne aduersus hostem educere, au castra defendere, an fuga salutem petere praestaret, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 2; add Hor. od. 1, 12, 34;

**10. so when an assumption not proved presenting itself, or a doubt suggests a question w. an, or, and this often ironically, Tum quod superest socium mittis leto (wh. of course you would regret) an lucti paenitet?—or have you not had mourning enough? Aec. 491 R; necessesit quidquid pronunties, id aut esse aut non esse—An tu dialecticis ne imbutus quidem es? Cic. Tusc. 1, 14; ad mortem te Catilina duci iampridem oportet—au uero Scipio Graechum priuatus interfecit, Catilinan nos consules perferemus, Cat. 1, 3; nos hic te expectamus ex quodam rumore—**

**an (or was it?) ex litteris ad alios datis, Att. 1, 3, 2; Themistocles, cum ei Simonides (an quis alius?) artem memoriae polliceretur, obliuionis inquit malle, Plin. ep. 6, 13, 5; finem uitae (an fato?) impletit, Tac. an. 2, 42; add 2, 22; 14, 7;**

**11. in this way an follows siue (seu) at times, Restat ut inueniam quare toga libera detur Lucifero pueris candide Baecae tuo, Siue quod... Seu quia... Siue quod... Au quia...? Ov. F. 3, 779; esp. in Tac. as: siuo fatali uocordia an... an... 11, 26; siue... seu... an amore coniugis, 14, 59;—here an approaches in use to aut, itself a variety of an;**

**12. after a more general question an often suggests an answer by limiting the question, P. Isticine nos habitatis? S. quid tu id quaeritas? An quo furatum uenias uestigas loca? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 23; add Mil. 2, 6, 19; Men. 2, 1, 6; Cur meam senectutem huius sollicito amentia? an Vt pro huius peccatis ego supplicium sufferam? Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 16; add Eun. 5, 6, 16; a rebus gerendis senectus abstrahit. Quibus? an iis quae iuuentute geruntur et uiribus? Cic. sen. 15; quidnam esse causae putem cur...? au quod...? Tusc. 3, 1; eulium pecus? an Meliboei? Verg. B. 3, 1; O quam te memore uirgo, namque haud tibi uoltus Mortalis... An Phoebi soror? au Nympharum sanguinis una? A. 1, 333;**

**13. when a statement seems to imply something unexpected, a question often follows with an, then? what then? Aput nonercam querere. An unquam tu huius nupsisti patri? Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 80; add 1, 1, 27; 3, 2, 62 and 64; amabo te, an maritus, Merc. 3, 1, 40; add Poen. 2, 1, 29 and 43; Rud. 2, 3, 21; flagitium facimus. An id flagitiumst, si... Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 91;**

**14. esp. strengthened by eho, cho an (pron. yoan or oan, as monos.), what then? Eho an etiam Arabiast iu Ponto? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 89; Eho an etiam in caelum escendisti? 4, 2, 100; Eho an tu tetigisti has aedis? Most. 2, 2, 24; add 5, 1, 35; Pers. 4, 3, 14; Mil. 2, 3, 30; 3, 2, 9 and 27; Ps. 3, 2, 83; 4, 2, 13; Poen. 1, 2, 121; Rud. 2, 7, 20;**



III 15. rarely, even in poets, an...an..., whether...or..., unne huc nunc fluctuat illuc, An sese mucrone ob tantum dedecus amens Induat,... Fluctibus an iaciat mediis, Verg. 10, 681; Saepe manus operi temptantes admouet an sit Corpus an illud ebur, Ov. M. 10, 254; uidendum est morbus an increseat, an consistat an minuatur, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 29 D; IV 16. in certain forms used in a single indirect question, gen. w. verb of knowledge just before an, Nunc hunc hauseio an colloquar, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 96; Qui seis an tibi istuc prius eueniat quam mihi? 1, 1, 55; Itane temptas an sciamus, Poen. 3, 1, 54; but the text in Trin. 4, 2, 150; Most. 3, 2, 96; and Mil. 2, 5, 38 dub.; Qui seis an quae iubeam sine ui faciat? atque haud scio an partim eorum fuerint qui non nostrae contumeliae causa id noluerint euenire sed..., Cato or. 23, 7 Iord.; Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 20; add Ad. 4, 5, 35; Andr. 3, 2, 45; Phorm. 5, 2, 9; de L. Bruto fortasse dubitarim an..., Cic. Tusc. 4, 50; dubitant an per Sardiniam ueniat, fam. 9, 7, 2; nescio an ignoscendum sit huic, 13, 1, 4; est id magnum atque haud scio an maximum, 9, 15, 1; add Tusc. 2, 41; 3, 16; 3, 55; Flac. 63; uicist disciplina militaris, neicit imperii maiestas, quae in discrimine fuerunt an ulla post hanc diem essent, Liv. 8, 35, 4; add 2, 2, 2; 21, 43, 3; 22, 39, 4; Quis scit an adiciant hodiernae crastina summae, Tempora? Hor. od. 4, 7, 17; neque interesse an nunc iam pleraque explorata siut, si..., Cels. pr. 1, p. 3, 35 D; uide ergo an putes..., Sen. ira, 2, 3, 5; doce me non an fortitudo animal sit, sed..., ep. 113, 27; quaesito an Caesar uenisset, Tac. an. 2, 9, 3; tria spectanda sunt, an sit, quid sit, quale sit, Quint. 5, 10, 53; uidebimus an sit summonendus, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 32, 1; uideamus an statim efficiantur mariti, Ulp. 23, 3, 9, 3; 17. in later writers the vb. may follow, quod an incidit, digitis demissis cognoscitur, Cels. 7, 26, p. 307, 38 D; an beneficium uobis daturus sim nescio, Sen. controv. 1 pr. 13; sed an causa uera sit, nescit, Quint. 2, 17, 38; quod illi an fecerint nescio, Plin. ep. 5, 3, 7; add 8, 16, 3; an sequens admittatur nidendum est, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 31; an superesse dixerint ueteres pro restare, quaerebamus, Gell. 1, 22, 14; 18. at times an adj. n. used absolutely before au, w. elliptic constr., dubium an quaesita morte, Tac. an. 1, 5; incertum an et ante ignarus, 14, 7; 19. at times an in this sense is repeated, whether..., whether... (unless these belong to § 15), ut aestimet...an uniuersa... huius temporis culturae respondeant, an aliqua dissonent, Colum. 1, 1, 3; haec...ad duas res solemus referre, an noluerit quis, an poterit, Quint. 5, 10, 50; but in Cels. 3, 6, p. 87, 25 Dar. read adstrictum, not an adstr.; in Hor. s. 2, 4, 10, et Romanus; in Plin. 15, 6 an before matritas is dub.; 20. for qty an, note the deriv. from anne, also Verberone etiam an (or ane?) amittis (B anī amittis? Mitis sum equidem fustibus), Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 31; Etiam haut sciam (al. scio) an (so, not anne Bemb.) uxorem ducat ac Syro nihil gratiae, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 46; an ego te uocuum atque animosau Thessalam ut indomitam frenis subigam ante domemque, Lucil. 30, 51, wh. mss have an...acuam; Baehrens (Rh. Mus. 29, 361) en...acuam; (a marg. a intended to correct the strange vowel of uocuum, led to acuam); neque hilum Differre an (so A and B; edd. anne) ullo fuerit iam tempore natus, Lucr. 3, 868; An ut peruenias in ora uolgi, Cat. 40, 5 (see Trans. Phil. Soc. 1870); 21. an=disj. q̄ or; interr. q̄ of indir. q., whether, or; and interr. q̄; but q̄ after comp.=quam. 4. an? obsol. prep. before, prob.=ad near as well as G. an to. See ante § 27. **ānā**, adv. [for *ana* through—introduced by Greek physicians] of each, folii capparidis, folii mirti siluestris, folii expressi ana uncias tres deteres, Veg. 4 (3), 2, 6; traganti myrrhae spicae nardi ana unciam unam detriueres, 5 (3), 66, 6; add 64, 6; 2. still used in prescriptions. **ānābaptismus**, i, m. second baptism, Aug. in Ps. 38. **ānābāsia**, is, f. the plant equisetum, Plin. 26, 36 and 133. **ānābathrum**, i, n. a raised seat, Inu. 7, 46. **ānābōlādium**, ii, n. a mantle, Isid. or. 19, 25; anabolarium, Not. Tir. 158. **ānābōlicārius**, adj. m. as sb. exporter of goods, a shipper, fm. Vatic. 137 Mai. See

**ānābōlicus**, adj. for exportation (by sea), species, Vop. Aurel. 45, 1. **ānābōlium**, ii, n. some surgical instrument, perh. a syringe, inser. Or. 1572. **ānācamps-ērōs**, ōtis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, restorative of love, Plin. 24, 167. **ānachites?** a bad reading in Plin. 37, 61. **ānāchōrēsis**, is, f. retreat as of a hermit, Sidon. post ep. 7, 9. **ānāchōrēta**, ae, m. one in retreat from society, anchorite, Sulp. Sev. 1, 18; Anachoreta (pron. anchoreta) tremit qui quamquam frigora portet, Sidon. 36, 97. **ānāclitērium**, ii, n. a bolster, Ael. Spert. Hel. 5, 7. **ānācoeliasmus**, i, m. a purgative, Caet. Aur. chron. 2, 14, 213. **ānācollēma**, ātis, n. a cataplasm, as glued on, Veg. vet. 2, 17. **ānāctōrium**, ii, n. the plant gladiolus, Apul. herb. 78. **ānādēma**, ātis, n. a head-band, Lucr. 4, 1129; Paul. dig. 34, 2, 26. **ānā-dendrō-mālāchē**, es, f. the plant hibiscus, as a tree mallow, Apul. herb. 38. **ānā-diplōsis**, is, f. reduplication, in rhetoric, as Demipho in Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 5 and 6; Mart. Cap. 5, 175 G. p. 179 Elyss.; 2. esp. wh. the final of one line begins the next, Sidon. ep. 8, 11; Charis. 281, 11 K; Diom. 445, 7. **ānāgallis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. the plant chickweed, Plin. 25, 144; 26, 35. **ānāglyptus**, adj. wrought in bas-relief, trullam argenteam anaglyptam, inser. Or. 3838; 2. auaglyptum as sb. n., a work in bas-relief, Plin. 33, 139; add Mart. 4, 39, 8. **ānāglyptārius**, adj. of works in bas-relief, caelator, inser. Mur. 981, 9. **ānāglypticus**, adj. of work in bas-relief, Sidon. ep. 9, 13. **Anagnia**, ae, f. a city of Latium, quos diues Anagnia pascis, Verg. 7, 684; add Liv. 45, 16, 5. **Anagninus**, adj. of Anagnia, Cic. Phil. 2, 106; Plin. 3, 63. **ānāgnostēs**, ae, m. a reader, in Cic. Att. 1, 12, 4 in Greek; pueri litteratissimi, anagnostae optimi, Nep. Att. 13, 3; nemo in conuiuio eius aliud acroama audini quam anagnosten, 14, 1. **ānāgyros**, i, f. [*αναγυρος* and *ονογυρος*] a strong smelling prickly shrub, Plin. 27, 30. **ānālecta**, ae, m. a servant to pick up crumbs etc., colligere...Analecta quicquid et canes reliquerunt, Mart. 7, 20, 17; Otia sed scopis nunc analecta dedit, 14, 82; 2. met. suasit...ut grammaticos haberet analectas, Sen. ep. 27, 7; also a good cj. for lexicarius in Petr. 34. **ānālemma**, ātis, n. a sundial, Vitr. 9, 4, 1; 9, 9, 8. **ānāleptis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a shoulder pad, Ov. a. a. 3, 273. **ānālōgia**, ae, f. proportion, Varr. l. 9, 4 and 16; add Quint. 1, 6, 3; 2. analogy, Varr. l. 10, 3, p. 566 Speng. etc.; analogian (hoc uerbum quum Latini grammatice ciuitate donauerint, ego nunc puto in ciuitatem suam redigendum), Sen. ep. 120, 4; quae sit analogia dicam, and then comes an example, 120, 5; add Quint. 1, 6, 11 and 15; 3. of grammar, esp. Caesar's work, Caesarem...duos de analogia libros scripsisse, Fronto ep. bell. Part. p. 221 Nab.; add Suet. 56; Gell. 1, 10, 4. **ānālōgicus**, adj. of proportion or analogy, in libris analogicis (of Caesar), Gell. 4, 16, 9. **ānālōgos**, (ns), adj. proportional, analogous, Varr. l. 10, 3, p. 365 and 567 Sp. **ānancēum**, i, n. (*αναγκαιον*), a large drinking bowl, Credo hercle ananceo datum quod biberet, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 33; tripodes creterrae anancea, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 33. **ānancitis**, idis, f. [?] a gem, Plin. 37, 192; Isid. orig. 16, 14. **ānāpaesticus**, adj. of anapaests, Sidon. ep. 4, 3; Serv. ad B. S. 78; Prisc. 2, 459, 8 K. **ānāpaestus**, adj. struck back, resounding, hence pes a. the reverse of a dactyl, an anapaest or ~ ~ ~; sine anapaestis pedibus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 37; 2. absol. the same,



Quint. 9, 4, 48 etc.; but in Cic. or. 3, 182 edd. omit the words; **3.** an anapaestic verse, anapaestus is qui Aristophanius nominatur, Cic. or. 190; **4.** as sb. n. an anapaestic verse, plerosquo senarios sed etiam anapaesta (so RE) Cic. or. 190; anapaesta pauca, Gell. pr. 20.

**anāphōra**, ae, f. in rhetoric, repetition of a word, Charis. 281, 15 K; Diom. 415, 13; Donat. 398, 5; **2.** a reference to a word only implied in what precedes, as: coniurauere pauci...de qua (sc. coniuratione) breuissime dicam, Diom. 415, 13.

**anāphōricus**, adj. relative, horologium, a kind of sundial, Vitr. 9, 9, 8; **2.** throwing up (blood etc.), Firm. Math. 3, 13.

**anāplōdēticus**, adj. filling up, medicamentum, Veg. vet. 3, 26, 2.

**an-as**, ātis, (itis cf. \*), f. [anat- for an-ak, from a simple can=χην, cf. old Fr. cane a duck, whence can-ard etc.; ak dim. suffix] duck, Aut anites\* (cf. Laehm. ad Lucr. 1, 1; aut coturuices dantur quicum lnsitent, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; auitum\* ova gallinis supponimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 124; greges anatum (al. anatum), Varr. r. 3, 11, 1; septum rete integitur ne...eulolare anas (possit), 3, 11, 3; anas a natando, Varr. l. 1, 13, p. 84 Sp. (rather the reverse); add Varr. s. 218, 8 R; uentris dolor sodatur nisu anatis, Col. 6, 7, 1; add Veg. vet. 4, 4, 6; clausae pascentur anates, Colum. 8, 15, 1; add Mart. 3, 93, 12; 13, 52, 1; **2.** one with G. ente, N. öd, Dan. and, whence Sw. and-r-ake a mallard, and Dan. andr-ik, E. drake, while duck is decap. from a form öd-uk in wh. the suff. ak ik uk=ak. See Trans. Ph. Soc. 1862, p. 14.

**anastāsis**, is, f. resurrection, Lact. 7, 23 (bis).

**anastrophē**, ēs, f. in rhetoric, inversion of order, as transtra per et remos, Charis. 275, 8 K; Diom. 460, 26; Donat. 401, 9.

**anāt-ārius**, adj. of ducks, aquila—preying on ducks, Plin. 10, 7; **2.** as sb. m. duck-keeper, =νητοφιλαξ, Gloss.

**anāthēma**, ātis, n. an offering set up in a temple, Prud. psych. 540.

**anāthēma**, ātis, n. a devoted or accursed thing, Tert. haer. 6; **2.** hence a curse, Aug. ep. 75 (repeated).

**anāthēmātizo**, āre, vb. curse, declaro accursed, Aug. ep. 75; Hier. ep. 75.

**anāthymīāsis**, is, f. rising in fume, (from the stomach), Petr. 47.

**anāt-ic-ūla**, ae, f. dim. duckling, Cic. fin. 5, 42;

**2.** met., Dice igitur me anaticulam columbam uel catellum, Pl. As. 3, 3, 103; for qty cf. cānicūla.

**anāt-inus**, adj. of ducks, Vtinam fortunam nunc anatinam nterer, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 49; **2.** anātina (sc. earo) absol. as sb. f. flesh of ducks, (medicos) odi quod mihi inbent saepe anatinam parari, Petr. 56, a play, it is suggested, on the use of ana in prescriptions.

**anā-tōcismus**, i, m. compound interest, centesimas... cum anatocismo anniuersario, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 11; add § 12; mulcentnr sorte una cum anatocismo binae centesimae usurae, inser. Or. 4405.

**anātōmicus**, adj. of anatomy, hence as sb. m. an anatomist, anatomicorum libris, Maer. s. 7, 13, 8; add Aug. C. D. 22, 24; **2.** anatomica (sc. ars) anatomy, Plato nec anatomica abstinet, Maer. s. 7, 15, 1.

**anātōnus**, adj. extending upwards, capitula, Vitr. 10, 15, 25.

**anāzētēsis**, is, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 59.

**ancāla**, ae, or ancālē, ēs, f. the hollow of the knee, = poples, ad ancalen atque suram, Cael. Aur. 5, 1, p. 548; ex talo atque ancala, p. 556.

**ancārius**, ii, m. [αγγαρος Persian for a mounted courier] a public courier, Concursans ueliani ancarius clareque quirintans Lucil. ap. Non. 21, 18; s. angarius.

**anceps**, (old ancipēs) ancipitis, [am+caput] two-headed, Post altrinsecut securicula ancipitē† (such the order in Char. 120, 16) item aurea, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 114; nemo ucte hos (so cj. T. H. K.) atque ancipiti\* ferro efringat cardines, Lucil. ap. Non. 245, 21; add Lucr. 6, 168; securim, Ov. M. 8, 397; aucipiti\* mirandus imagine Ianus, F. 1, 95;

**2.** met. two-edged, two-fold, as it were, cum duobus in locis a binis hostium copiis bellum gereretur, uos ancipiti contentione districti dimicaretis, Cic. Man. 9; ancipiti\* proelio cum ex oppido cruptione pugnaretur, foris tantae copiae cernerentur, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 6; ancipitem terrorem b. c. 3, 72, 2; ancipitia monumenta...alia in urbem, aliis frons in Etruriam obstruebatur, Liv. 5, 1, 9; **3.** of abstract nouns, euram, Cic. off. 1, 9; odium, Liv. 27, 17, 11; **4.** esp. of double meaning, ambiguous, doubtful, with two sides, disputationes, Cic. or. 3, 107; ius, Hor. s. 2, 5, 34; Lucanus an Appulus anceps, 2, 1, 34; **5.** hence, dangerous, dubia et interdum ancipiti\* fortuna, Vell. 2, 79, 3; (labruscam) purgationibus ancipitem, Plin. 23, 20; morbi, 7, 148; **6.** absol. as a sb. danger, in anceps tractus, Tac. an. 4, 73; in ancipiti\* res publica, 1, 36; **7.** w. a gen. in Prisc. 2, 217, 26; **8.** abl. only ancipiti see \* above, and add Verg. 3, 47; Gell. 12, 2, 14; **9.** old nom. ancipes see † above; add Char. 88, 12 K; 120, 14 etc. **10.** uom. once written ageps, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 30, 21.

**anchistrum**, i, n. [αγκιστρον] a hook as used by surgeons, Cael. Aur. chron. 5, 1, 19.

**anchora**, s. ancora.

**anchūsa**, ae, f. a plant yielding a red dye, a. tinctoria Linn.; Plin. 22, 48.

**ancido**, ēre, cisis, vb. [an=ava, caedo] cut off or through, Omnia iam sorsum cernes ancisa recuti Volnere tortari, Lucr. 3, 660.

**ancile**, is, adj. n. (see § 5) as sb. [perh. for ancildis from ancid- crude form of an-cido=recido cut back] a shield of the Salii, oval with sides receding, ancilia dicta ab ambeisus quod ea arma ab utraque parte ut Thracum incisa, Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 328 Sp.; Atque ancile uocat quod ab omni parte recisum est, Ov. F. 3, 377; a. quia ex utroque latere erat recisum ut summum infimumque eius latius medio pateret, Paul. ex F. 131 v. Mamurius; s. Eckhel d. n. v. 7, 13; **2.** carried through Rome in March and then replaced, religionem nondum conditorum ancilium, Tac. h. 1, 89; motis necdum conditis ancilibus, Suet. Otho 8; **3.** moved also before a war, w. the words Mars uigila, Serv. A. 8, 3; **4.** gen. a shield, laeuaque ancile gerebat Picus, Verg. 7, 188; **5.** as adj., arma ancilia, Val. M. 1, 1, 9; Charis. 81, 22 K; clypeis ancilibus, Iuv. 2, 126; **6.** anciliorum as gen. pl. Hor. od. 3, 5, 10.

**Ancillus**, adj. or sb. uame of a gens, C. Ancili T. f. 1144.

**ancilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. [ancula] a female slave, maid-servant, maid, Sernos ancillas amoue, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 70 etc.; neque pretiosus sernos neque ancilla, Cato ap. Geil. 13, 24, 1; Danae ancilla noicia (sic), CIL 819; Plotia ancilla heic sitast, 1479; ancillam aere emptam suo, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 26; ancillae pueri, Lucil. ap. Non. 118, 9; ancillorum puerorumque comitatu, Cic. Mil. 28; seruis legatis ancillae quoque legabantur, Paul. 3, 6, 69; ancilla Dei, inser. Murat. 407, 4; **2.** met. Fusidius a. turpis, Sal. or. Lep.; add Treb. Claud. 5, 4; of a fruitful hen, Apul. M. 9, 33.

**ancillāriōtus**, adj. as sb. m. dim.=amore ancillarum captus, Sen. ben. 1, 9, 4; Mart. 12, 58, 1.

**ancillāris**, adj. of or like a female slave, artificium, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; adulatio, Amm. 26, 6, 16.

**ancillātus**, ūs, m. service of a female slave, Arnob. 7, p. 221.

**ancillor**, āri, vb. r. play the part of hand-maid, Dotibus delentit...uxoribus ancillantur, Titin. ap. Non. 72, 1; innita ancillans, dicto oboediens uiri, Acc. ib.; aestus maris ancillantes sideri auido (the moon), Plin. 2, 213; cetera membra ancillari et subseruire capiti, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 13.

**ancillula**, ae, f. dim. a little female slave, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 38 etc.; Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 60; Ov. rem. am. 639; **2.** met. Cic. fin. 2, 69; or. 1, 236.

**ancipēs**, s. anceps.

**ancisus**? m. in Varr. l. 7, 3 mss have ambeicisus.

**ancisus**, part. s. ancido.

**ancilābris**, adj. [anclo] mensa ministeriis diuinis apta, Paul. ex F. p. 11 M and p. 58 v. escaria; anclabres (mss angla ογες) τραπέζαι τριγωνοί ως Νεβίος, Gloss. Lat.; **2.** ea

quae (al. qua) in sacrificando dis anclatur, quod est, hauritur ministraturque, Paul. ex F. 51. **3.** anclābria, adj. n. pl. as sb. [id.] uasa quibus sacerdotes utantur Paul. ex F. p. 11.

**anclātor**, oris, m. [id.] a servant so employed, = ἄνηπετρος, Gloss.

**anclō**, s. anclator.

**ancōn**, ōnis, m. [ἀγκων] lit. elbow—hence an architectural term for a projection, ancones siue parotides, Vitr. 4, 6, 4; add 8, 6, 1; **2.** also in hydraulic engines, 10, 13, 5; in a testudo, 10, 21, 4; **3.** arm of an elbow chair, Cael. Aur. chron. 2, 1, 46; **4.** some vessel in a wine shop, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 13; **5.** a hooked pole, Grat. cyn. 87.

**ancōra**, (anchora) f. [ἀγκυρα; note Lat. qty goes w. accent] anchor, ancōra soluta, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; praecidi ancōras imperavit, Verr. 2, 5, 88; dum reliquae naues eo couenirent, in ancōris expectauit, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 4; add b. c. 3, 102, 4; dente tenaci Ancōra fundabat nauis, Verg. 6, 4; **2.** of other than ships, Pall. 1, 41, 5; **3.** met. si uultis ancōras tollere, Varr. r. 3, 16, 1; ultima fessis Ancōra cur Fabius, Sil. 7, 24.

**ancōrāgo**, inis, m. a kind of fish, Cassiod. ep. 12, 4.

**ancōrālis**, adj. of an anchor, strophia (windlasses for cables), Apul. M. 11, 16; **2.** ancōrāle as sb. n. a cable, Liv. 22, 19, 10; 37, 30, 10; Plin. 16, 34.

**ancōrārius**, adj. of an anchor, funes, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 4; **2.** a mountain so called in Mauretania (why?), Plin. 13, 95; Amm. 29, 5, 25.

**ancrae**, ārum, f. pl. = intervalla arborum, Gloss. Plac. ap. Mai, p. 432; = ἀγκρα, ἀλωρες, Gloss. Labb.; antras (for aneras?), Paul. ex F. 11.

**ancūli**, m. and ancūlae, f. pl. [dim. of a lost ancus and anca] minor gods who attended on the greater gods, Paul. ex F. v. ancillae, 19 M.

**ancūlor**, (anclor) v. r. and ancūlo (anclō) v. [anculus] act as an attendant (on gods), minister, antiqui anclare dicebant pro ministrare, Paul. ex F. v. ancillae p. 19 M; see also anclabris; **2.** w. acc. florem anclabant Liberi ex carchesiis, Liv. Andr. id. p. 11 v. anclare; uiuumque quod libant anclabatur, Liv. Andr. ap. Prise. 1, 208, 21 K; **3.** uetustissimi anclor pro anclō, id. 1, 391, 1; **4.** erroneously identified with ancunulatae feminae menstruo tempore appellatur: unde inquinamentum, Paul. ex F. 11.

**ancus**, qui aduncum brachium habet et exporrigi non potest, Paul. ex F. 19; **2.** hence a praenomen of the king Ancus Martius, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 27; ancus a cubito quem incurnum habuisse dicitur, Serv. A. 6, 816.

**andābāta**, ae, m. [?] a gladiator who fought more or less blinded, quem ne andabata quidem defraudare poteramus, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; clausis oculis andabatarum more pugnare, Hier. Helv. 3; add id. Iov. 1, 36; inser. Or. 2577; **2.** Andabatae a work of Varro's quoted in Non. 35, 3; 46, 21 etc.

**andrachlē**, ēs, f. wild arbutus or strawberry-tree, Plin. 13, 120; 16, 80.

**andrachnē**, ēs, f. = porcellaea, purstane, Plin. 16, 80.

**andrōdāmas**, antis, m. a hard stone, Plin. 36, 146;

**2.** a gem 37, 144.

**andrō-gyne**, es, f. a man-woman, Val. M. 8, 3, 1.

**andrō-gynus**, i, m. a hermaphrodite, inberbi androgyni, Lucil. ap. Non. 493, 26; add Cic. div. 1, 98; Liv. 27, 11, 5; Plin. 7, 15 and 34.

**andrōn**, ōnis, m. the part of a horse and its environs set apart for men, Paul. ex F. 22; Plin. ep. 2, 17, 22; in Greek, Vitr. 6, 10, 5.

**andrōnlitis**, ūdis, adj. as, sb. f. a colonnade round a house set apart for men, Vitr. 6, 10, 4.

**andrōsacēs**, n. a plant, Plin. 27, 25.

**andrōsaemon**, u. a plant, Plin. 27, 26.

**andrun-cūlus**, i, m. a small andron, wh. see, Not. Tir. 162.

**ān-eclōgistus**, adj. not bound to account for his doings, tutores, Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 5, 7 (bis).

**ānellus**, or annellus, i, m. doub. dim. a little ring, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 38; Lucr. 6, 911; Hor. s. 2, 7, 9.

**ānēmōne**, es, f. the plant anemone, Plin. 21, 64, 99 and 164.

**āneo**, ēre, vb. [ānus] be an old woman, Satis scitum (Ritschl cj. spissum) filum mulieris uerum herce anet (so Ritschl; an et CD, amet B), Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 15; dicebant (maiores) quieo et seneco unde et aneo, legimus cuim anet ille, id est quasi anicula... (the rest nonsense, like that of Cleidon. p. 55, 4), Pomp. 222, 6 K; acet, anet, floret, Flav. Cap. 2240, 7 P; anet γηρα, Gloss. Philox.

**ānesco**, ēre, [id.] grow old (of women), accescit anescit florescit, Flav. Cap. 2240, 10 P.

**anesum**, (al. annesum) i, n. distinguished from anetum in Plin. 19, 167; but how?

**ānēthatus**, quasi-part. flavonred with anise, ius, Apic. 7, 6; **2.** as sb. n. the sauce itself, 6, 9.

**ānēthum**, (-tum) i, n. anise, dill, bene olentis anethi, Verg. B. 2, 48; anetum, Plin. 19, 167.

**āneurysma**, ātis, n. aneurysm, Veg. vet. 3, 30, 1.

**ānexētastos**, adj. not subject to giving accounts, but only in Greek, Scaev. dig. 33, 8, 23, 2.

**anfractus** etc., see anfractus.

**angāriālis**, adj. of public post-horses etc., copia, the right of using them, Th. C. 8, 5, 4, 1.

**angārio**, āre, vb. press for government service, naues eorum angariari posse, Ulp. dig. 49, 18, 4, 1; add Ang. ep. 5; Paul. Nol. 37 (27); ā in: pia iussa canuit; angariat inquit, Arat. hist. apost. 2, 902.

**angārius**, adj. [αγγαρος] of an αγγαρος; hence as sb. m. or f. an animal of government postal service, neque ab angariis...excusari possunt, Callist. dig. 50, 4, 18, 29; augariorum exhibitio, Hermog. 50, 5, 11; mulae et angariae, Arcad. 50, 4, 18, 21.

**angēla**, ae, f. an angel, Tert. Val. 32 f.

**angēlicus**, adj. of a messenger, angelicum metrum celeritate nuntiis aptum, a dactylic hex. catal., Diom. 512, 23 K; Plot. 2633, 6 P; but a dim. troch. Mar. Vict. 2531, 30 P; **2.** of an angel, angelic, Prud. tetr. 11.

**angēlifico**, are, vb. make angelic, Tert. resurr. 26.

**angellus**, i, m. doubl. dim. little angle or corner, Lucr. 2, 428; Arnob. 7, p. 253.

**angelticos**, adj. reporting, species angelticae, Diom. 482, 31 K.

**angēlus**, i, m. a messenger (of God), an angel, iuser. Or. 2528; 4724.

**Angerōna**, ae, f. goddess of silence, diua A. cui sacrificatur a. d. xii kal. lan. ore obligato obsignatoque simulacrum habet, Plin. 3, 65; Angeronam quae digito ad os adnoto silentium denuntiat, Maer. s. 3, 9, 4; inser. Or. 116.

**Angerōnālia**, n. pl. the festival of Angerona, Varr. 1. 6, 3, p. 204 Sp.; Paul. ex F. 17.

**angina**, (not angina) ae, f. [αγγωνη fm αγγω=ango—med. terms gen. Gk.] lit. choking, strangling—hence the disease quinsy, In anginam ego nunc me uelim uorti ut ueneficae illi Faucis prehendam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 61; Sues moriuntur anginād (so Ritschl cj.; angina mss; angina acri, Haupt. cj.) acerrume, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 139; Insuperato abiit quem una angina sustulit (so mss incl. Harl.; Quicherat abstulit cj.) hora, Lucil. ap. Non. 35, 10; Anginā uerō sibi mixtum sale poscit acetum, Seren. Sam. 282; ubi angina (aliquis) strangulatur, Cels. 2, 10, p. 53, l. 18 Dar.; add 4, 7 (4, 4); Plin. 23, 61; 30, 33 and 35; angor...proprie a Graeco αγγωνη (so cj., mss σωμαγγη), id est strangulatione, unde et faucium dolor angina uocatur, Paul. ex F. p. 8; angium uinariam (perh. end of a verse), id. p. 28; angina porcorum morbus qui occupat fauces, Serv. ad G. 3, 497; **2.** a. mentis, Tert. anim. 48; **3.** for qty, cf. Luc. Müller ap. Ritschl Trin. pr. 66. 2nd ed.

**angiportum**, i, n. [ango, por root of porta portus etc. = E. vb. fare 'go'] a narrow passage, court, alley, hoc est sextum a porta proximum angiportum: in id angiportum me deuorti iusserat, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 6; carniificis angiporta purigans, Cist. ap. Non. 190, 3; Id quidem angiportum nou est periculum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 39; Nuuc in quadruniis et angiportis, Catul. 58, 4; add Varr. 1. 5, 32; 6, 6; Cornif. ad Her. 4, 64.



**angiportus**, ūs, m. the same, uias omnis angiportusque constrauerat, Cic. div. 1, 69 (angiporta ap. Non. 190, 3); Flebis in solo leuis angiportu, Hor. od. 1, 25, 10.

**Angitia**, ae, f. a goddess of the Marsi, Te nemus Angitia, uireta te Fucinus unda, Te liquidi fleure lacus, Verg. 7, 759; Aetetae prolem Augtiam (as if = Medea), Sil. 8, 500; inscr. Or. 115; inscr. Neap. Momm. 6012; 2. in plur. Angitiis, ib. 5433; cf. dis Ancitibus, ib. 6012.

**ango**, ēre, xi, vb. [= αγγω perh. ult. fm ah, as interj. of pain] grasp with violence, strangle, Hic Cacus... Corripit in nodum complexus et angit inhaerens Elisos oculos et sicum sanguine guttur, Verg. 8, 260; faucibus (sues) angit obessis, G. 3, 497; (uitis) pluribus radicibus inter se conexas angitur, Colum. 4, 2, 2; Hinc angens utraque manu sua guttura Liur, Sil. 13, 584; add 11, 345; 2. met. torture, distress, Ego pol illum probe incommotis dietis angam, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 10; At non cottidiana cura haec angeret animu. Audio, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 8; sed me illa cura sollicitat angitque uehementer, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 3, 1; add sen. 66 etc.; haec dicta quum indignitate auerent consulis animum, Liv. 2, 7, 7; 3. anctum as sup., Prisc. 1, 525, 15; anxus as part, 'quidam protulerunt', ib.; anctos = αναγκασθερας and ancti = αγγόμενοι, Gloss.

**angolaris**, see angularis.

**angor**, ōris, m. strangling, acute pain, torture, aestu et angore uexata, Liv. 5, 48, 3; occupat faucis carum angor, Plin. 8, 99; 2. met. torture, anguish, intense grief, angor aegritudo premens, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; (uita) me conficeret angoribus, Phil. 2, 37; nec me angoribus dedidi, off. 2, 2, 2.

**anguen**, inis, n. a snake, Herois cui anguina obsequio famulenter, Iul. Val. Alex. m. 1, 20 Mai.

**angueus**, adj. of a snake, lapsus angueos, Sil. 24, 4.

**angui-cōm-us**, adj. snake-haired, Ov. M. 4, 699; Stat. Th. 1, 544.

**anguil-ūlus**, i, m. a young snake, Cic. fin. 5, 42.

**angui-fer**, fera, fērum, adj. snake-bearing, Prop. 2, 2, 8; Prud. hamart. 131; 2. of the constellation Ophiuchus, Colum. 11, 2, 49.

**angui-gēna**, ae, m. f. snake-born, Ov. M. 3, 531.

**anguilla** (anguila), ae, f. dim. [anguis] an eel, Varr. 1, 5, 12; Plin. 9, 73 and 74 etc.; Iuv. 5, 103; 2. met. an eel skin, as a lash, anguillis uerberari praetextatos, Verrius ap. Plin. 9, 77; 3. anguillast (so mss); elabitur, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 57.

**angui-mānus**, adj. snake-handed (in trunk) anguimanus elephantos, Lucr. 2, 537; add 5, 1303; Lachm. refers to hic centimanus, huius centimanus of Prisc. 1, 268, 7 and puella quadrimana of Iul. Obs. 111.

**anguin-eus**, adj. [anguen] of a snake, comae, Ov. tr. 4, 7, 12; 2. snake-formed, cucumeris anguinei (al. anguini) Colum. 2, 9, 10; 7, 10, 5.

**anguinus**, adj. [anguis] of a snake, pellis, Cato r. 73; uernatio, Plin. 30, 24; cor, 30, 22; adeps, 30, 37; ouum, 29, 52; 2. snake-formed, ceruice anguina, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 2, 133; cucumis, Varr. r. 1, 2, 25.

**angui-pes**, pēdis, adj. snake-footed, Ov. M. 1, 184; cf. Macr. s. 1, 20, 9.

**anguis**, is, gen. m.; also f.\* [ango; and prob. = εχis] snake, Deuolant angues iubati (iubatae\* duae Non.) deorsum in impluuium duo, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 56; add Merc. 4, 4, 21; Naev. ap. Non. 191, 16; Angues ingentes alites, iuncti iugo, poet. ap. Cic. inv. 1, 27; angues pinnatos, Lucil. ap. Non. 191, 20; anguis uectem circumiectus, Cic. div. 2, 62; de angue illo qui..., 2, 65; (ibes) uolucris anguis uento Africo inuectas\* interficiunt, Cic. N. D. 1, 101; torta\* angue, Varro Atac. ap. Non. 191, 24 and Char. 90, 19 K; frigidus, Verg. B. 8, 71; lucidas, G. 1, 205; squameus, 2, 154; and 13 other exx. of m. in Verg.; intorti, Hor. od. 2, 13, 36; Martius, Ov. M. 3, 32; ferus, 10, 56; Phoebeius, 15, 742; and 13 other exx. of m. in the M.; unam\* anguem, Tac. an. 11, 11; 2. a constellation, also called draco, Cic. N. D. 2, 109; Verg. 1, 244; Hyg. 2, 3, 3, 2; 3. another, also called hydra, Ov. F. 2, 24, 3; Verg. G. 1, 205; Vitr. 9, 7, 1.

**anguitēnens**, adj. snake-holding, = Ophiuchus, Cic. N. D. 2, 108; Manil. 5, 384.

**angulāris**, adj. angular, lapide, Cato r. 14, 1—squared; 2. of a corner or outside, ordines, Colum. 5, 3, 2; pilae, Vitr. 6, 11, 4; 3. as sb. a cooking vessel of some kind, Apic. 3, 206; 7, 265, ed. Schuch.

**angulārius**, adj. angular, of a corner, inser, Grut. 207, 2; = γωνιαίος, Gloss. 2. angularia as sb. f. an architectural term, niue angolaria(m) altiorem : : Ε facito, CIL 577, 2, 22.

**angulātim**, adv. corner after corner, Apul. M. 3, 2, 9, 41 f.; Sidon. ep. 7, 9.

**angūlo**, āre, vb. make angular, rutunda alia, partim angulata—angular, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; serpens angulatur, Ambros. ep. 42; 2. Angulatus, as cognomen, inser. Mur. 871, 6.

**angulōsus**, adj. of many corners, angular, recessus, Plin. 4, 9; acini, 15, 100; folia, 16, 86; gemmae, 37, 196.

1. **Angūlus** (or um), a city of the Vestini, now Ciuita de S. Angelo, Anton. it.

2. **angūlus**, i, m. dim. [αγκυλος, akiu to nncns, G. eng] corner, nook, in angulo ad laeum manum, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 79; add Aul. 3, 3, 23; in angulum aliquo abeam, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 10; ne ullo quidem in angulo Italiae, Cic. in Cat. 2, 8; illo terrarum... Angulus, Hor. od. 2, 6, 13; add Vell. 2, 102, 3; Sen. ep. 95, 23; 2. a bay, ultra angulum ad Illiberim... deferimur, Cato ap. Char. 207, 27 K; 3. met. sin me ex hoc campo acquitatis ad istas uerborum angustias et ad omnes litterarum angulos reuocas..., Cic. Caecin. 84;

4. in science, an angle, optusus, Lucr. 4, 355; ad paris angulos, Cic. Tusc. 1, 40; rectus, Sen. N. Q. 5, 17, 3; acutus, Plin. 12, 50.

**angustia**, ae, f. narrowness, of land, a defile, confined position, (Corinthus) posita in angustias atque in faucibus, Graeciae, Cic. agr. 2, 87; qui prior has angustias occupauerit, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 4; angustias saltibus crebris inclusae, Liv. 28, 1, 6; 2. of water, a strait, fretorum angustiae, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; angustiae Hellesponti, Suet. Caes. 63;

3. of other things, spiritus, shortness of breath, Cic. or. 3, 181; urinae, strangury, Plin. 21, 160; 4. of time, temporis, Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 148; or. 3, 228; 5. met. short supply, rei familiaris, Cic. part. or. 112; rei futurariae, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 3; stipendii, Tac. an. 1, 35; and absol. narrow circumstances, poverty, ex meis angustis illius sustento tenuitatem, Cic. fil. fam. 16, 21, 4; 6. gen. difficulties, in summas angustias adductum, Cic. Quinct. 19; tantas in angustias compellimus, acad. pr. 112; quibus angustis Caesar prematur docet, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 3; 7. gen. in plur.; but sing. in: angustia conclusae orationis, Cic. N. D. 2, 20; angustia rerum, Tac. an. 4, 72; but not Cic. or. 3, 181 nor Tac. dial. 8.

**angusti-clāuius**, adj. [clauus] of a narrow stripe (of purple), and so plebeian, legionis tribunus, Suet. Oth. 10.

**angustitas**, ātis, f., narrowness, Saxum id facit angustitatem, Acc. sp. Non. 73, 24; Sed angustitatem inclusam [ae] saxis squalidam, id. ib.

**angusto**, āre, vb. make narrow, narrow, straiten, Cuius iter caesis angustans corporum aceruis, Catul. 64, 359; (seruorum turba) quamuis magnam domum angustet, Sen. ad Helu. 11, 3; add Luc. 4, 327; 5, 232; Stat. Th. 4, 828; 12, 666; 2. met. gaudia, Sen. ad Polyb. 10, 3.

**angustus**, adj. [implies a sb. n. angus fm angō] confined, narrow, strait, of place, Quae parentis tam in angustum tuos locum compegeris, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 103; pontes angustos, Cic. leg. 3, 38; fauces angustissimae portus, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 5; papyrifero... non angustior amne, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 27; 2. of time, short, too short, nox, Ov. am. 3, 7, 25; dies, tr. 5, 10, 8; Stat. Th. 1, 442; 3. met. short, disputationes, Cic. or. 2, 61; concertationes, 3, 121; interrogatiunculae, fin. 4, 7; 4. esp. of means, narrow, straitened, poor, on a small scale, liberalitas tua latius patuit; nostra si angustior..., Cic. fam. 3, 8, 8; pauperiem, Hor. od. 3, 2, 1; rebus angustis, 2, 10, 21; res angusta, Iuv. 3, 165; 5. other met. minuti et angusti, narrow-minded, Cic. fin. 1, 61; tam angusti animi tamque parui, off. 1, 68; fides angustior, credit or money somewhat tight, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 2; II 6. angustum as sb. n. a narrow compass, a tight position, (sagitta) in angusto est, Cels. 7, 5, 2; 7.



esp. met. a corner, a strait, a narrow compass, Ita hao re in angustum oppido nunc meae coguntur copiae, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 2; in exiguum angustumque concluditur, Cic. off. 1, 53; add acad. post. 38; am. 20; **8.** also in pl. narrow parts, straits, angusta uiarum, Verg. 2, 332; Tac. h. 4, 35; III **9.** anguste, adv. narrowly, within a narrow compass, ait Cicero...sedile quaerenti: recepissem te nisi a. sederem, Cic. ap. Maec. s. 2, 3, 10; angustius pabulabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 59, 2; ut quam angustissime Pompeium contineret, 3, 45, 1; **10.** met. (re frumentaria) anguste utebatur, Caes. b. c. 3, 16, 1; anguste et exiliter dicere, Cic. Brut. 289; tam anguste scriptum, Mur. 20.

**anhelatio**, ōnis, f. [anhēlo], sending up a blast of air, piscium quaedam a., Plin. 9, 18; **2.** difficulty of breathing, hoc genus uni utile inflationibus tussi anhelationibus, 23, 47; add 21, 156 (dub.); **3.** in 37, 89 anhelatio dub.

**anhelator**, ōris, m. one suffering from asthma, laser anhelatoribus datur, Plin. 22, 105 and perh. 21, 156.

**anhelitus**, ūs, m. [implies a vb. anhēl-ere, as hālitus does a vb. hāl-ere] sending up a blast of air, an expiration, anhelitus terrarum, Cic. div. 1, 115; terrae, 2, 44 and 117; **2.** gen. of human breath, expiration, boat Caclum fremitu uirum: ex spiritus anhelitu (for metre halitu?) Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 78; non te illius unguentorum odor, non uni anhelitus..., Cic. in sen. grat. 16; Nec male odorati sit tristis anhelitus oris, Ov. a. a. 1, 521; **3.** difficult breathing, panting, puffing, uix suffero hercle anhelitum: Perii, animam nequeo uortere: nimis nihili tibicen siem, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 4 (14); non uidet Me ex cursura anhelitum etiam ducere, As. 2, 2, 61; nimias celeritates, quae cum fiunt, anhelitus mouentur, Cic. off. 1, 131; Sublimi fugies mollis anhelitu, Hor. od. 1, 15, 31; bitumen anhelitus (asthma) cum uino potum emendat, Plin. 35, 181; tum creber anhelitus artus Aridaque ora quatit, Aus. 359, 29;

**4.** recipere anhelitum to recover one's breath, priusquam recipias anhelitum, uno uerbo eloquere..., Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 16; animo malest: Recipiam anhelitum. Clementer requiesce. Animum aduertite (but for metre halitum?), Epid. 2, 2, 21;

**5.** breathing gen., anhelitum reddere ac per uices recipere, Plin. 9, 16.

**anhēlo**, āre, vb. [an = *ava* np; hālo, are] send np a blast of, exhale, Tum gelidum ualido de pectore frigus anhelans...Capricornus, Cic. poet. N. D. 2, 112; Aetne Cuius anhelatis ignibus ardet humus, Ov. F. 4, 492; Isset anhelatos non praemedicatus in ignis (of the Colchian bulls), Ov. her. 12, 15; Antraque letiferi rabiem Typhonis anhelant, Luc. 6, 92; Siccos pinguis onyx anhelat aestus, Mart. 6, 42, 16; and poet. anhelatis icibus, strokes of (the oar) as if produced by the panting which goes with them, Sil. 14, 380; add Sil. 5, 604; anhelatas flammās, Aus. Mos. 339; flatum lepidum calor exhalatus anhelat, Prud. apoth. 839; ex qua origine (ignes Aetnae) anhelent incendia, Iul. Firm. math. 1 pr.;

**2.** of words thrown out with great force, nolo (nerba) inflata et quasi anhelata grauius, Cic. or. 3, 41; Scribimus...Grande aliquid quod pulmo animae praelargus anhelat, Pers. 1, 14; add Prud. Symm. 2, 647; haec trepido uix intellectus anhelat, Stat. Tb. 11, 241; **3.** met. Catilinam scelus anhelantem, Cic. in Cat. 2, 1; (Gracchus) spumans ex ore scelus, anhelans ex intimo pectore crudelitatem, ad Her. 4, 55 (68); **4.** w. abl., anhelantem caelesti sulfure campum, Stat. Tb. 11, 17; **5.** absol. without nonn, pant, confugere anhelantem domum sine comite nini plenum, Ter. Hee. 5, 3, 25; ipse aeger, anhelans Colla fouet, Verg. 10, 837; Nullus anhelabat sub adunco uomere taurus, Ov. F. 2, 295; Principio cliui noster anhelat equus, rem. am. 394; Tu neque anhelanti...Folle premis uentos, nec..., Pers. 5, 10; Et dare anhelanti...Oscula, Tib. 1, 8, 37; add Aus. 135, 9; Amm. 16, 10, 3; Sil. 9, 286; Val. Fl. 3, 208; **6.** as intr. be exhaled, rush out, anhelans ex imis pulmonibus spiritus ducebatur, ad Her. 4, 33 (45); fornacibus ignis anhelat, Verg. 8, 421; anhelans calor, Prud. steph. 9, 92.

**anhēlus**, adj. panting, equi, Verg. G. 1, 250; Ov. M. 15, 418; senibus Verg. G. 2, 135, asthmatic; **2.** met. sitis, Lucr. 4, 875; tussis, Verg. G. 3, 497; cursus, Ov. M.

11, 347; febres, Pont. 1, 10, 5; **3.** w. gen. (from), longique laboris anhelos, Sil. 15, 718.

**anhýdros**, 1, f. the plant narcissus, Apul. herb. 55.

**an-iātrō-lōgētus**? adj. unskilled in medicine, Vitr. 1, 1, 13.

**anicella**, ae, f. doub. dim. [anus anicula], a little little old woman, Varr. 1, 9, 45.

**anicētum**, 1, adj. [α-νικητον] a name of the plant anemum, Plin. 20, 186.

**Anicianus**, adj. of an Anicians, pira, Cato r. 7, 4; Colnm. 5, 10, 18; Plin. 15, 54; nota, a brand of wine, bottled in consulship of L. Anicius Gallus (a. u. c. 594) Cic. Brut. 288; lectica, Q. fr. 2, 10, 2; lapicidinae, Plin. 36, 168; Vitr. 2, 7, 3.

**anic-ūla** (pron. ancūla), ae, f. [anuc- old crude form of ānus] a little old woman, inportunitatem spectate aniculae, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 4; extra nnam aniculam, Ph. 1, 2, 48; haec ne aniculae quidem existimant, Cic. div. 2, 36; add Sen. ep. 47, 17; **2.** anucla? Prud. perist. 6, 149 (wh. miss anulla, anula anicula).

**anicūlaris**, adj. of an old woman, uerba, Aug. ps. 38.

**Aniēn**, ēnis, or Anio ōnis, Anicōnus 1, m. a tributary of the Tiber, now il Teverone, non minus xv milia Anieui abest, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 208, 3 K; trans Anienem Cic. ib.; Liv. 2, 16, 5; gelidumque Anienem, Verg. 7, 683; where Serv. quotes Anionem fm Ennius; Et praecipis Anio, Hor. od. 1, 7, 13; Anienis aquae, Ov. M. 14, 329; quas praecipis Anien atque..., Stat. silu. 1, 5, 25; **2.** of two aqueducts from the An. quoniam duae Anionis in urbem aquae fluere coeperant,...Anio nous (=nouus) uocitari coepit, prioi Anioni cognomen ueteris adiectum, Frontin. 1, 13; add 1, 4 etc.; **3.** Anio gen. in uom., and then Anienis etc.

**Aniēni-cōl-a**, m. f. living on the Anio, Sil. 4, 225; 12, 751.

**Aniensis**, adj. of the Anio, tribus additae duae, Aniensis ac Terentina, Liv. 10, 9 f.; **2.** absol. of the tribe, Aniensem a Plotio tibi esse concessam, Cic. Planc. 54; C. Faisellio C. f. An. Rufioni, inser. Or. 80; L. Lepidio L. f. An. Proculo, 749.

**Aniēn-us**, adj. of the Anien or Anio, aquam Anienam, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 208, 2; fluenta Verg. G. 4, 369; unda, Prop. 1, 20, 8; lymphā, 3, 14, 4; **2.** as sb. god of the Anio, Accessit ripae laus Aniēne tuae, 4, 7, 86.

**ānilis**, adj. [anus] of an old woman, superstitiones, Cic. N. D. 2, 70; fabellas, 3, 12; ineptiae, Tusc. 1, 93; in uultus sese transformāt āniles, Verg. 7, 416; passus, Ov. M. 13, 533; **2.** āniliter adv. like an old woman, superstitiose atque a., Cic. N. D. 3, 92.

**ānilitas**, ātis, f. the becoming an old woman, anility—personified in: Vsque dum tremulum mouens Cana tempus Anilitas Omnia omuibz amnrit (so, not annuit, D), Catul. 61, 161.

**ānilitor**, āri, vb. becoming old-woman-ish, so met. in: terram saeculis anilitari, Apul. mund. 23.

**anima**, ae, f. [root uan, best seen in nannus, G. wannen; also in uent-us, E. winn-ow, wind; also in G. witterung, E. weath-er; then w. loss of u (w) in *av-εμος*, an-ima, an-imus, S. an blow, G. es ahn-et mir, I wind it; w. loss of final in S. va blow; lastly in *α-ηρ, α-η-μ*] breath, Quin quum it dormitum, follem obstringit ob gulam. Cur? Nequid animae forte amittat dormiens, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 24; Edepol animam suaniorum aliquanto quam uxoris meae, As. 5, 2, 43; Animam compressi, aurem admouei, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; Animam recipe, Ad. 3, 2, 26; cum aspera arteria...excipiat animam, eandemque a pulmonibus respiret, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; animas et olentia Medi Ora fouent illo, Verg. G. 2, 134; **2.** air, as an element, ut inter ignem atque terram aquam deus animamque poneret, Cic. Tim. 5; aqua terra anima sol, Varr. r. 1, 4, 1; Omnia rentur Ex igni terra atque anima procreseret et imbri, Lucr. 1, 715; add Verg. B. 6, 32; **3.** wind, in plur. by poets, Quantum ignes animaeque ualent, Verg. 8, 403; Impellunt animae lintea Thraciae, Hor. od. 4, 12, 2; add Claud. rapt. 1, 239; **4.** life, as depending on breath, Qui improbi essent et scelesti, is adimerent animam cito, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 137; Seni animam



primū extinguerem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 16; de uestra uita, de coniugum atque liberorum anima hodierno die iudicandum est, Cic. Cat. 4, 18; anima nostra in dubio est, Sal. Cat. 52, 6; and poet. of the blood as life, Purpuream uocit ille animam, Verg. 9, 349; **5.** soul, spiritual clement of man, numquam uidi animam rationis consilique participem in ulla alia nisi humana figura, Cic. N. D. 1, 87; genus hominum compositum est ex corpore et anima—and soon: ingeni egregia facinora sicuti anima immortalia sunt, Sal. Iug. 2, 1 and 2; Morte carent animae, Ov. M. 15, 158; **6.** soul or spirit of man, as still existing after death, animamque sepulchro Condimus, Verg. 3, 67; Inde alias animas, quae per iuga longa sedebant, 6, 411; add 680; 720; 758; ut inde Manes elicerent animas responsa daturas, Hor. s. 1, 8, 29; Nigrantisque domos animarum intrasse silentium, Prop. 3, 12, 33; (stellam crinitam) creditum est animam esse Caesaris in caelum recepti, Suet. Caes. 88; cuius anima deo migravit ad astra, inscr. Or. 4462; **7.** as a term of endearment, Tullius Terentiae et pater Tulliae, duabus animis suis, Cic. fam. 14, 14; uos meae carissimae animae quam saepissime ad me scribite, ib. 2; Varius Sinnessae Vergiliusque Occurrunt animae, quales neque..., Hor. s. 1, 5, 41; Hic iacet dulcis anima Sagittia, inscr. Or. 4800; **8.** gen. a living being, Oua parire solet genus pennis condecoratum, Non animas, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 10; anima litant, Stat. Th. 2, 246; **9.** life or living principle of plants etc., medulla, siue illa uitalis anima est, Plin. 17, 152; animamque etiam herbis uitalem deferre, 31, 3; animam terrae euanescentem exhalatione includunt, 17, 14; **10.** of the juice of fruits, as their life-blood, fructus (i.e. dates) in cadis conditur cum sui ardoris anima, 13, 48; aliae (uuae) in sua tantum continentur anima ollis fictilibus...inclusae, 14, 16; **11.** met. illi puteo...animam omnem intertraxero, the last drop of its life-blood, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 41; **12.** esp. as we use soul, perturbatum imperii corpus...numquam coire potuisset, nisi unius praesidis nutu quasi anima...regeretur Flor. 4, 3, 6; accentus est quasi anima uocis, Pomp. comm. 126, 27 K; **13.** animā as gen. Lucr. 1, 112; 3, 150 etc.

**animaduersio**, ōnis, f. notice, observation, a. (naturae) peperit artem, Cic. or. 183; add or. 2, 147; fin. 1, 30; off. 1, 103; **2.** censure, nec enim effugere possemus animaduersionem, si semper eisdem uteremur (pedibus), Cic. or. 195; **3.** punishment, animaduersionis paternae metus, Cic. Rosc. Am. 68; genus animaduersionis uidete: ignem ex lignis uiridibus...feri iussit; ibi...excruciatum semiuuim reliquit, Verr. 2, 1, 45; ut exercitum animaduersionis metu contiueret, fin. 1, 35; centuriones statione deserta capitali animaduersione puniit, Suet. Aug. 24; add Calig. 11.

**animaduersor**, oris, m. observer—hence punisher, uitiorum, Cic. off. 1, 146.

**animaduersus**, ūs, m. punishment, in animaduersibus (al. animaduersionibus) asperior, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 25, 2.

**anim-aduerto** (-uorto), ere, ti, sus [animum-adv.] vb. turn the mind to, notice, observe, perceive, look after, Alios tuam rem credidisti magis quam tete animaduorsuros? Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 3; equid animaduertis horum silentium? Cic. Cat. 1, 20; dignitas tua facit ut animaduertatur quicquid facias, fam. 11, 27, 7; boni seminis sues animaduertuntur (are known) a facie et progenie, Varr. r. 2, 4, 4; **2.** Gell. in 7, 2, 2 ut ad ipsius uerba animaduertat, imitates the construction of Plautus w. animum aduerto; **3.** esp. of a lictor, call attention (to the presence of a magistrate) consul animaduertere lictorem iussit et is ut descenderet (pater consulis) ex quo inelamauit, Liv. 24, 44, 10; consule theatrum ineunte, quum lictor animaduertit ex more iussisset, Suet. Caes. 80; cf. Plin. pan. 61; **4.** notice with disapproval, censure, reprove, Ea primum ab illo animaduortenda iniuriast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 129; quae ingrata et arrogantiae plena animaduertit Augustus in eo, Suet. Tib. 68; **5.** punish (even capitally), o facinus animaduortendum! Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 28; peccata, Cic. Rosc. Am. 116; res eiusmodi ut in primis a magistratibus animaduertenda sit, Caecin. 33; peruere facta, Fronto princ. hist. p. 207 Nab.; **6.** w. in and acc. of person,

non in eum qui accepisset pecuniam animaduertissent? and again, in eos animaduertere qui..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 57; qui in alios animaduertisset indicta causa, fam. 5, 2, 8; satis esse causae quare in eum animaduerteteret, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1; uti uerberibus in eos animaduorteteret, Sal. Cat. 51, 21; add § 39; ut gladio in eum animaduertatur, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 1; in seruos ultimo supplicio, 48, 8, 4, 2; **7.** w. slight change, in caput eius Romani, Pompon. dig. 1, 2, 16.

**animāl**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. [for animale], a living being, opposed to inanimus Cic. acad. pr. 37; rep. 6, 28; animal hoc...quem uocamus hominem, leg. 1, 22; **2.** a beast as opposed to man, multa ab animalium uocibus tratata in homines, Varr. l. 7, 5; **3.** hence in contempt of man, a beast, complexus es funestum illud animal, Cic. Pis. 21; **4.** of the universe (mundus) as a living being, Cic. Tim. 4; cf. acad. pr. 119.

**animālis**, adj. of breath, of air, simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel umida, Cic. N. D. 3, 34; add Tusc. 40; **2.** of life, living, intellegentia, Cic. acad. pr. 119; uincula, Tim. 9; ut mutum in simulacrum ex animali exemplo ueritas transferatur, inv. 2, 2; genus, Lucr. 1, 227; corpora, 2, 727; **3.** a. hostia, see Macr. s. 3, 5, 1—5; Serv. A. 3, 231 and 4, 56; **4.** animales Dii, i.e. once men, Labeo ap. Serv. A. 3, 231; **II** 5. animaliter adv. Aug. retr. 1, 26 f.

**animans**, see animo.

**animātio**, ōnis, f. living, life, Cic. Tim. 10; arboris, Tert. anim. 19.

**animatrix**, icis, f. one who gives life, Tert. Gnost. 12.

**animātus**, ūs, m. breathing, animatu carere, Plin. 11, 7.

**animī-cida**, ae, m. soul-killer = ψυχαφθορος, Iustiu. cod. 1, 1, 6.

**animītus**, adv. = ex animo, Non. v. oculitus, 147, 27.

**animō**, āre, vb. [anima] endow with life, quicken, Quicquid est hoc omnia animat, Pacuv. ap. Cic. div. 1, 131; pueros orientis animari, Cic. div. 2, 89; add rep. 6, 15; Quas humus...uarios animauit in angues, Ov. M. 4, 619; add 14, 565; **2.** met. uirtute nera animatum, Enn. ap. Gell. 6, 17, 10; ipso caelo animantur, Tac. G. 29; add Stat. siln. 2, 2, 64; tibias spiritu, Apul. flor. 3; bucinas, Arnob. 3 p. 196; **3.** animatus disposed (in mind) miuded, Hoc animo decet animatos esse amatores probos, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 20; ita animata, As. 3, 1, 2; aliter animati, Amph. 1, 1, 54; sic a., Cic. Phil. 9, 12; ita in te, Verr. 2, 4, 151; infirme, fam. 5, 1, 3; pariter, Lucr. 2, 43; **4.** w. inf., siquid animatur's facere, facias ut sciam, Pl. Truc. 5, 74; **5.** so in joke: cum alium eorum uerba olerent, tamen optime animati erant, Varr. ap. Non. v. cepe, 201, 6; **6.** of good courage, milites armati atque animati probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 18; **7.** enraged, Vt nunc cum animatus iero satis armatus sum, Acc. ap. Non. 233, 16; ut hosti me animato offeram, id. ib.; **II** **8.** animans as sb. a breathing and so living being, first m. Cic. Tim. 11 f. (bis); Hor. s. 2, 1, 39; **9.** f. Cic. N. D. 2, 121; Lucr. 2, 667, 942, 943; **10.** n. pl. living things, Cic. Tim. 4; Plin. 2, 155 of plants; **11.** plants animantia but not animalia, says Sen. ep. 58, 10.

**animōsitas**, ātis, f. courage, spirit, Amm. 16, 12; Sidou. ep. 4, 3; **2.** passion as a part of the mind, Macr. s. Sc. 1, 6, 42; 1, 12, 14; s. 2, 12, 8; **3.** cf. E. animosity.

**animōsus**, adj. [animus] full of breath, guttura, Ov. M. 6, 134; **2.** full of life, living, signa, Prop. 3, 9, 9.

**animōsus**, adj. [animus] full of courage, courageous, spirited, resolute, dariug, uirum animosum, Nov. ap. Nou. 233, 27; (eq)uam animosam, Lucil. ib.; (gladiatores) fortes atque animosos, Cic. Mil. 92; ut animosior senectus sit quam adulescentia et fortior, sen. 72; maucipia esse oportere neque formidolosa neque animosa, Varr. r. 1, 17, 3; a. corruptor, Tac. h. 1, 24; animosior emptor, Iuol. dig. 17, 1, 36, 1; **2.** met. bella, Ov. F. 5, 69; pericula, Mart. 12, 14, 9; **3.** adv. animose, courageously, with spirit, Cic. off. 1, 92 f.; Phil. 4, 6; animosius, Sen. ben. 6, 37, 2; ep. 73, 5; animosissime, Suet. Caes. 47.

**animūla**, ae, f. dim. petty breath of life, soul, unius mulier-



eulae animula, Sulpic. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 4; Animula uagula blaudula, Hadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9; inser. Or. 2579, 4761.

**animulus**, i, m. dim. dear soul as term of endearment, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 10; Cas. 1, 46.

**animus**, i, m. [see anima] the mind, esp. as opposed to the body, the seat of thought, feeling, desire, fragile corpus animus sempiternus mouet, Cic. rep. 26; obscurior (cogitatio) qualis animus in corpore sit, tamquam alienae domui, Cic. Tusc. 1, 51; a. diuinus est, 1, 65; duplex est uis animorum: una pars in appetitu posita est, altera in ratione, off. 1, 101; animi imperio, corporis seruitio magis utimur, Sal. Cat. 1, 1; corpus est tantum uiolatum, animus insons, Liv. 1, 58, 7; **2.** esp. feeling, Teneo quid animi uostri snper hac re siet, Pl. Amph. pr. 58; quid illi tandem creditis Fore animi misero qui cum ea consuevit prior? Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 32; add Eun. 5, 6, 14; qui quo animo inter nos simis ignoret, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 3; add 5, 2, 10; 5, 18 f.; signa animi erga te mitigati, 6, 1, 2; quod nondum bono animo in populum Romanum uiderentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 3;

**3.** the feeling may be fear or hope, nereo ne mulier me absente hic corrupta sit; Concurrunt multae opiniones quae mihi animum exaugetant (so mss), Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 3; magnus mihi animus est hodiernum diem iuitium libertatis fore, Tac. Agr. 30; **4.** courage, pluck, spirit, ibi nostris auimus additust, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 94; mihi quidem addit animum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 31; rumore aduentus nostri Cassio animus accessit, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 3; nostris animus augetur, Caes. b. g. 7, 70, 3; **5.** and in pl. of more than one, stamus animis, Cic. Att. 5, 18, 2; non debemus cadere animis, fam. 6, 1, 4; alienis cladibus ceciderant animi, Liv. 1, 11, 3; add 4, 2, 13; 37, 37, 9; auimos (i.e. Rutulis) tollit dietis, Verg. 9, 127; add Ov. M. 7, 347; **6.** in poets, of one, Pallas...protegit aegide fratrem Datque animos, Ov. M. 5, 47; **7.** in pl. of passion, fury, meos animos uiolentos meamque iram ex pectore Promam, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 43; in altero pectus animorum iraque tacitae plenum, Liv. 7, 10, 8; Vince animos iraque tuam, Ov. her. 3, 85; add Stat. Th. 11, 525; **8.** in pl. of pride, haughtiness, ambition, greed, Postquam filiolum peperit, animos sustulit, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 10; add Aul. 2, 1, 45; Quia paulum uobis accessit pecuniae Sublati auimi sunt, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 57; insolentia dominatus extulerat animos, Cic. dom. 141; quae ciuitas est in Asia quae...unius tribuni militum animos ac spiritus capere possit, Manil. 66; noratis animos eius ac spiritus tribunicios, Clu. 109; Quae tibi res animos in me facit, improbe? Ov. tr. 5, 8, 3; animos Carthaginis altae, Prop. 2, 1, 23; **9.** met. pride, fury, rage, spirit, mollitque animos (uentorum) et temperat iras, Verg. 1, 61; Dant animos plagae (buxo), 7, 383; Vt rapidus torrens animos cui nerna ministrat Flamina, Stat. Th. 3, 671; **10.** mind as seat of thought, reason, judgement, Quom magis cogito cum meo animo, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 13; hoc tu facito cum animo cogites, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 55; potestis cum animis uestris cogitare, Cic. agr. 2, 64;

**11.** mind as seat of memory, etiam nunc mihi Scripta illa dicta sunt in animo Chrysidis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 48; cum animis uestris recordari, Cic. Clu. 70; add or. 2, 300; Omnia fert aetas, animum quoque; ...Nunc oblita mihi tot carmina, Verg. B. 9, 51; **12.** power of perception, consciousness, and so fainting, Animo malest, aquam nelim, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 6; reliquit animus Saetium grauibus acceptis uulneribus, Caes. b. g. 6, 38, 4; animusque reliquit euentem, Ov. M. 10, 459; add 14, 178; linqui animo coepit, Curt. 4, 6, 20; **13.** as term of endearment, iu voc. dear soul, istaeo itera, mi anime, mi Trachalio, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 1; add As. 3, 3, 74; Curc. 1, 2, 3, 1, 3, 9; Ne crucia te obsecro anime (mi), mi Phaedria, Ter. Euu. 1, 2, 15; add Andr. 4, 2, 2; **14.** of other than man, natural character, Exuerint siluestrem animum, Verg. G. 2, 51 (trece); cum pecudes pro regionis statu...ingenium animi gerant, Colum. 6, 1, 1; **15.** of purpose, intention, istum exheredare in animo habebat, Cic. Rosc. Am. 52; nobis erat in animo Ciceronem ad Caesarem mittere, fam. 14, 11; qui dicent sibi esse in animo...iter pro uinciam facere, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; deponere eum (imperium) in animo habuisse, Liv. 1, 48, 9; add 3, 64, 6; in 44, 25, 1 Madv.

inserts in, wh. mss omit; in foro constiterunt, hoc animo ut..., Caes. b. g. 7, 28, 1; but of the feeling or opiuiou in: semper sio in a. habui te in meo aere esse propter..., Cic. fam. 13, 62, 1; **16.** animus of the feelings, opposed to mens as the intellect and thoughts, ut alius in aliam partem mente atque animo traheretur, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 6; ut non mediocriter timor omnium mentes animosque perturbaret, b. g. 1, 39, 1; Sibyllae..., magnam cui mentem animumque Delius inspirat uates, Verg. 6, 11; **17.** animus (aniui) of the feelings as opp. to mens, the whole spiritual being, Mala meus, malus animus, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 137; animos qui nostrae mentis sunt, eosdem in omni fortuna gerimus, Liv. 37, 45, 12; **18.** animi causa (gratia), for pleasure or amusement, Cur eam emit? animi causa, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 43; add 1, 1, 83; liberare fidicinam animi gratia, 2, 2, 90; Praeterea aliquantum animi causa in deliciis disperdidit, Trin. 2, 2, 53; add Cure. 2, 3, 61; Rud. 4, 2, 27; Merc. 2, 3, 7; habet auimi causa rus amoenum, Cic. Rosc. Am. 133; add fam. 7, 2, 3; haec alunt a. c., Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; add 7, 77, 10; equites Romanos flagellis cecidit, non quaestionis sed a. c., Sen. ira 3, 18, 3; add ben. 4, 17, 3 f.; Plin. pr. 17; **19.** ex animo as suggested by the real feelings, from the heart, Vtinam istue uerbum ex animo ac uere diceres, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 95; Paulum interesse censes, ex animo omnia, Vt fert natura, facias an de industria, Andr. 4, 4, 55; add Ad. 1, 1, 47; **20.** meo animo (meo emphatic), according to my feeling, Nam pol quidem meo animo ingrato(d) homine nihil impensiusst, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 10; hoc, meo quidem animo, summi amoris mei signum..., Cic. Sest. 49; **21.** animi as dat. (others say gen.) in the mind, first w. verbs, Absurde facis qui angas te animi, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 6; ego animi pendeo, Merc. 1, 2, 18; Discrucior animi, Aul. 1, 2, 27; Antipho me ex-cruciat animi, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 10; Ad. 4, 4, 1; in spe pende-bit animi, Haut. 4, 4, 5; Nec me animi fallit, Luer. 1, 922; angebatur animi, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 84; pendeo animi, Att. 8, 5, 2; 16, 12; Tusc. 4, 35; Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 5, 1; recreabar animi, Apul. M. 2, 11; **22.** even in pl. w. pl. vb., pendemus animis, cruciamur, angimur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 96; uti sic afficerentur animis (al. animi), or. 1, 87; adeo exarserat animis, illis sollicitis ac pendentibus animis (so Pall.; F animus; Madv. ej. animi), Liv. 7, 30, 22 (6, 36, 8 dub.); exarsere animis, Tac. an. 1, 51; cf. pavidus cum pendent mentibus, Luer. 6, 51; **23.** animi w. part. falsus, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 43; a. firmatus, Sal. hist. fr. 3; consuli terro animi, Liv. 7, 34, 4; tot populos suspensos animi, 8, 13, 17; nictus, Verg. G. 4, 491; captus, Tac. h. 3, 73; **24.** oft. w. adj. lassus, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; miser, 4, 2, 3; atrox a., anxious a., nimius a., Sall. ap. Arus.; praecipus, Verg. 9, 685; egregius, 11, 417; infelix, 4, 529; maturus, 9, 246; auens, 4, 203; dubius, G. 3, 289; aeger, Liv. 1, 58, 9; 2, 36, 4; integer, Hor. s. 2, 3, 220; laetus, Vell. 2, 94, 2;

**25.** also what confirms this view, animo iu the same sense, animo aegra, Enn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 34; ut animo frangerer, Cic. Phil. 2, 37; Atque animo pendeus noctu(rna) cuenta timebat, Cic. ap. Non. 204, 7; **26.** Sat intus sanu's mentis aut animi tui, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 53 seems corrupt as intus and tui are quite uapid. R's cj. still leaves tu.

**Anio**, see Anien.

**āniso-cyclos**, adj. of unequal circles; hence as sb. some piece of machinery, Vitr. 10, 1, 3.

**ānismum**, i, u. a false reading for anesum in Plin. 19, 167; 20, 185.

**ānitas**, = γραοτης, Gloss.

**Anna**, ac, f. [annus] goddess of the year, festival on the ides of March, Ov. F. 3, 523; Mart. 4, 64, 17; Macr. s. 1, 12, 6; feriae Annae Perennae, fast. Vat.

**Annaeus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, L. Annaeus Seneca, M. Annaeus Lucanus.

**annālis**, e, adj. of a year, tempus, Varr. r. 1, 27, 1; actio, Ulp. dig. 15, 2, 1, 1; possessio, Paul. 38, 17, 6, 1;

**2.** esp. leges annales, as fixing the age of candidates, viz. for quaestor 30; aedile 36; praetor 40; consul 42; Cic. Phil. 5, 47; or. 2, 261; **3.** also annalis liber, year book or annual, Sempron. ap. Gell. 5, 18, 8 and 9; add Quint. 6, 3, 86; **4.** abs. as sb. m. a year book, annalium confectio,



Cic. or. 2, 52; scriptum est in tuo annali, Att. 12, 23, 2; apud (Ennium) in nono annali, Brut. 58; add Plin. 7, 101; Gell. 5, 18; 5. annales maximi recorded by the pontifex maximus, Cic. or. 2, 51; rep. 1, 25; annales pontificum maximorum, leg. 1, 6; 6. Annalis as cognomen, of L. Villius as author of the leges annales, Liv. 40, 44, 1.

**annārius**, adj. the same, lex, Lampr. Comm. 2, 4; Arnob. 2, p. 91; Paul. ex F. p. 27.

**annascor**, see agnascor.

**an-nāto**, (adn.) āre, vb. swim to, ad manum hominis adnatet, Plin. 9, 87; singulis ternos, 9, 36; littoribus, Sil. 10, 611; but in Plin. 8, 94 adnanti; 2. swim near or by the side of, piscis...comes lateri adnatat, Sen. Agam. 473.

**an-nāuigo**, (adn.) āre, vb. sail to, quo cum adnauigasset, Plin. 35, 81; add 36, 76.

**anne**, interr. conj. [fuller form of an, wh. see] or in secoud clause of interr.; 2. percunctarier Vtrum aurum reddat anne\* eat secum semul, Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 4; quarendum utrum una species sit anne plures, Cic. or. 206; 3. C. Vtrum in oculum anne aurem? P. Hoc peruulgatumst nimis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 122 dub.; 4. Domum paternamne anne\* ad Peliae filias? Enn. tr. 313 V; 5. Neque aequom anne\* iniquom imperet cogitabit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 19; cum interrogetur tria pauca sint anne multa, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 93; ut internoscat uera illa uisa sint anne falsa, 2, 48; quid enim interest diuitias..., bona dicas anne praeposita, fin. 4, 23; Nunc amici (so mss) anne mimici sis imago, Alcesime, Mihi sciam, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 1; 6. Gabinio dicam anne Pompeio? Cic. Man. 57; quid ego de consulatu loquar? parto nis anne gesto? Pis. 3; An mare quod supra memorem quodque adluit infra? Anne lacus tantos? Verg. G. 2, 159; 7. quomodo T. Coponius cuius est factus? an lingua...? anne de nobis trahero spolia foederatis licebat, de hostibus non licebat? Cic. Balb. 54; Anne\* exlex solus niuis? Varr. s. 220, 2 R; Anne noluntatem nostram simulacra ueutur? Lucr. 4, 781; anne refert ubi arrigas? Suet. Aug. 69 f.; anne caelestes dū catholicorum dominantur, terreni incolunt singula? Apul. Ascl. 39;

8. Quis deus tibi...? Anne† (so Hamb. ms; al. an; i.e. ān?) ut peruenias in ora uolgi, Catul. 40, 5; 9. then, what then? alienu'n es amabo mi Strabax Qui non ex templo inieris (mss ire si)? Anne\* oportuit, Pl. Truc. 3, 1, 20; 10. wliether, Etiam haut sciam (al. scio) anne\* (Bemb. au) uxorem ducat ac Syro nihil gratiae, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 46; haut sciam anne super omnes homiues eam quaeissem, Apul. mag. 5. Note that in eases marked \* and perh. †, the metre requires anne or ān.

**an-necto**, (adn.) āre, xui, xus, vb. lit. knit to, hence tic to, fasten to (funiculus) scapham annexam trahebat, Cic. inv. 2, 154; ad linguam stomachus adnectitur, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; animas adnecti...corporibus, Lucr. 3, 688; (ratis) annexa uinculis, Liv. 21, 28, 9; lintea (operimenta) ferreis laminis aduexuerant, Sal. fr. ap. Serv.; idem continenti adnectit (not annexuit), Plin. 5, 117; epistulas adnexas (columbarum) pedibus, 10, 110; remedia quae corporibus aegrorum aduexa fuerant (tied as charms), Val. M. 2, 5, 6; 2. met. Cic. off. 1, 11; inv. 1, 26; Top. 54.

**anellus**, see anellus.

**annexio**, ōnis, f. tying to, Pall. 4, 10, 36.

1. **annexus**, (adn.) ūis, m. connectiou, gentium, Tac. h. 3, 34.

2. **annexus**, part. of annecto.

**Annīādae**, arum, m. pl., sons of Annius, Claud. cons. Prob. et Ol. 8; Prud. Symm. 1, 553.

**Annīānus**, adj. of Annius, Cic. Verg. 2, 1, 118; 2. as a title of adoption from the gens Annia, a poet so-called, Gell. 6 (7), 7, 1; 20, 8, 1.

**annī-cūsus**, adj. dim. of a year, a year old, nuces, Cato r. 17, 2; nimum, Varr. r. 1, 65, 2; (taurum), 2, 5, 12; (pulli), 2, 7, 12; (malleolus), Colum. 4, 7, 3 etc.; (filius), Ulp. dig. 1, 6, 6.

**annī-fēr**, a, um, adj. bearing all the year, citreae, Plin. 16, 107; add 19, 121.

**an-nihilo**, āre, vb. annul, Hieron. ep. 106, 57.

1. **annisus**, ūs, m. striving after, energetic assistance, Symm. ep. 5, 74.

2. **annisus**, part. of annitor.

**an-nitor**, (adn.) ti, xus or sns, vb. r. press with one's knee against with all one's might (see nitor), Latōnam oleae...admisam edidisse ea numina, Tac. an. 3, 61; 2. gen. press against, lean against for support, natura semper ad aliquod tamquam adminiculum admittitur, Cic. am. 88; longis adnixa hastis, Verg. 9, 229; adnixa columnae (hasta) 12, 92; (uites) pedaminibus adnixa, Colum. 5, 4, 1;

3. press violently against, and so thrust forward, Cymothoe simul et Triton adnixus acuto Detrudunt scopulo, Verg. 1, 144; genibus adnixum orasse, Val. M. 5, 3, 3; 4. straiu with all one's might after, (Cloanthum) summis adnixus uiribus urget, 5, 226; II. 5. met. strive after with all one's might, Haec ut me noltis adprobare, admittier Lucrum ut perenne uobis semper suppetat, Ita..., Pl. Amph. pr. 13; nisi anniteretur de triumpho, Cic. Att. 6, 8, 5; acrius annitendum est uti..., Sal. lug. 85, 6; add 85, 47; Cat. 19, 1; ad ea patrandam summo studio annitebatur, 43, 4; omni ope anuisi sunt ut...Liv. 8, 16, 4; add 21, 8, 8; 27, 14, 2;

6. w. acc. of n. pron., quod ego admittar, Plin. ep. 6, 18, 1; 7. annixus older form of part. says Serv. A. 1, 148.

**annī-uersārius**, adj. returning every year, annual, yearly, sacra, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 84; festi dies. 2, 4, 107; uicissitudines, N. D. 2, 97; medicos (paid by the year?) Varr. r. 1, 16, 4; hostes, Flor. 1, 6; 2. anniuersarie, adv., yearly, Aug. ep. 118 f.; doct. Chr. 2, 29.

**Annus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Annius (Milo), Cic. Mil. 1; C. Annius Asellus, Verr. 2, 1, 104; 2. Annia, Faustina A., Lampr. Comm. 7, 7; Annia Cornificia, Capitol. M. Anton. ph. 1, 8; 3. Annia uia, a road from Rome, cur(atori) uiar(um) Clodiae, Anniae..., inscr. Or. 3306; add 3310; 3313.

**annixus**, part. of annitor.

1. **anno**, āre [annus], vb. invented by Macr. s. 1, 12, 6 to explain Anna.

2. **anno**, are, see adno.

**annon**, see an.

**annōna**, ae, f. [prob. an adj. sc. copia, the year's supply] price, esp. of corn, ut mihi cenae decem...dent quom cara annona sit, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 35; Cena hac annonast sine sacris hereditas, Trin. 2, 4, 83; add Mil. 3, 1, 140; add St. 1, 3, 25 etc.; quotiens annona cara, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 28, 6; carior, Cic. div. 59; uilitas annonae, Manil. 44; annoua crouit, Caes. b. e. 1, 52, 1; add deuarios 1 in singulos modios a. peruenerat, 1, 52, 2; laxior, Liv. 2, 52, 1; artior, 26, 20, 8; magno tritici modo annonam p. r. adleuauit, inser. Or. 750; add 2172 etc.; 2. of other articles as depending on supply, exandefaciebant annonam macelli, Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; lactis, Colum. 8, 17, 13; ut trecenis numis quadragenae urnae ueneant, quod minimum pretium est annonae, 3, 3, 10; musti, 3, 21, 6; neneni, Iuv. 9, 100; 3. met., annicorum, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 24; II. 4. corn itself, esp. ratious, necessitas annonam pariter et arma potandi, Verg. mil. 1, 19; pabulatio et annona in necessitate remedium uou habent, nisi ante condantur, 3, 3; ex auoua quam uehebat ceruicibus miles, Amm. 17, 9, 2; onera annonarum sustinere, Modest. dig. 26, 7, 32, 6; ut annonas acciperent ministri, sed annonas singulas (for one only), Lampr. Al. Sev. 41, 3; add 42, 3; Th. C. 6, 24, 2; 8, 1, 3; 5. as a goddess, Annonae sanctae Aelius mensor corporis pistorum, inser. Or. 1810.

**annōnā-rius**, adj. of the corn market, Th. C. 6, 24, 1; 11, 1, 3 etc.; 2. as sb. m. commissariat-offices, Th. C. 8, 1, 3; adlecto annon(ario), inser. Or. 2183.

**annōnor**, āri, vb. r. (cf. frumentor, pabulor) supply oneself with corn, in ea loca deducti milites in quibus annonari non possent (al. possent), Capitol. Gord. 29, 2.

**annōsitas**, ātis, f. great age, Th. C. 1, 15, 12; 13, 6, 10; Aug. ep. 251 (269).

**annōsus**, adj. full of years, old, coruix, Hor. od. 3, 17, 13; anus Ov. F. 2, 571; arbores, Plin. 24, 2.

**annōtāmentum**, (adu.) i, n. note, Gell. 1, 7, 18; 17, 2, 1.

**annōtātio**, (adn.) ōnis, f. something written by the side, a note, annotation, Plin. ep. 7, 20, 2; Gell. pr. 3; Paul. dig. 31, 82, 2; 2. in law, an order for arrest, tempus ex



quo a. publice innotuit, Macer dig. 48, 17, 4, 1 (de requirendis absentibus); add Th. C. 9, 51, 10; 3. an imperial rescript, Th. C. 1, 2, 1; 15, 3, 5.

**annōtātiuncūla**, (adn.) ae, f. dim. a short note, Gell. 17, 21, 50; 19, 7, 12.

**annōtātor**, (adn.) oris, m. commentator, critic, Plin. pan. 49, p. 356, 16 M; 2. a public registrar, Th. C. 12, 6, 3.

**annōtātus**, ūs, m. note, comment, mortes dignae adnotatu, Val. M. 7, 12 ext. 1.

**annōt-inus**, [annot, for annoct, i.e. annoct old crude form = anno, w. ex. t; cf. crast-inus]; adj. of a year, a year old, naves, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 6; ungues custodum, Colum. 4, 24, 8 (of the vine); nouōs fructus eum annotino pendet, Plin. 16, 107.

**annōto**, (ad-n.) āre, vb. set a mark or note against, make a memorandum, note, ut annotaret quid cui dedisset, Colum. 12, 3, 4; qua in re et illud adnotate succurrit, Plin. 7, 157; add § 184; 34, 24; haec litora pisce nobili adnotantur—are noted—3, 61; si quid otii adnotabat excerpebatque, ep. 3, 5, 10; add 9, 26, 5; Quint. 1, 4, 17; 2, 5, 7; 2. of persons in authority, set a note against the name of a person, as an order for his arrest, pnnishment etc., adnotavi in nrhem remittendos, Plin. ep. 10, 97 (96), 4; ex noxiis lanianos adnotavit, Suet. Cal. 27; abseus requirendus adnotatus (ndus est, Marc. dig. 48, 17, 1, 1; and Ulp. 49, 7, 1, 3; circa requirendorum adnotatorum bona, Callist. 49, 14, 1, 3).

**annu-ālis**, e, adj. [annus] of a year, a year old, agni (al. annales), Paul. sent. 3, 6, 74; 2. for a year, C. Iul. Valentinus IIII uir primus annalis, inser. Mur. 4, 8.

**annūmērātio**, ōnis, f. counting before (a person), annorum, Th. C. 22, 8, 1.

**annūmēro**, [ad-n.] āre, vb. count before, or in the presence of, Apseute ero solus mihi talentum argenti soli Adnumeravit et credidit, Pl. As. 2, 4, 94; add Merc. 1, 1, 88; Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 15; pecuniam mulieri annumerare et reddere, Cic. Caecil. 56; nummos mihi, Papin. dig. 16, 3, 24; non aliter quam si admensa adpensa adnumeratae sint, Gai. 18, 1, 35, 5; hence met.: non ea (uerba) annumerare lectori sed tamquam appendere, Cic. opt. gen. or. 14; 2. count as part of, count with, reckon among, his libris adnumerandi sunt sex de re publica, Cic. div. 2, 3; add Brut. 207; ego forsitan in gregem (al. grege) adnumerer, Rosc. Am. 89; uivis adnumerarer, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 4; se quoque in exemplis, tr. 5, 4, 20; (haec) neque bonis neque malis anumerant, Tac. h. 4, 5; inter urbanos, Paul. dig. 32, 99; supellex est instrumentum quod neque argento aurove facto uel uesti adnumeretur, Pomp. 33, 10, 1; imperitiam culpa adnumerandam, Ulp. 19, 2, 9, 5.

**annuntiātiō**, ōnis, f. announcement, Aug. de Sanct. 18; Lact. 4, 21.

**annuntiātor**, ōris, m. one to announce, Aug. de Sanct. 14.

**annuntiātr-ix**, icis, f. the same, Eccl.

**annuntio**, (ad-n.) āre, bring word to, e longinquo multa, Plin. 7, 174; adnuntianere exanimatum illum, 7, 177; 2. Donat. ad Ad. 4, 2, 8; qui malam rem nuntiat obnuntiat: qui bonam annuntiat; 3. relate a story, de eius exitio ignem propter assidens...sic adnuntiauit, Apul. M. 8, 1 etc.

**annuntius**, (ad-n.) adj. bringing word, announcing, signum illud annuntium, Apul. de deo S. 19; 2. as sb. n. or f., one to announce, uox hominis peccati annuntia, Ambros. off. 1, 2.

**annuo**, (ad-n.) āre, ui, vb. nod to, nod at, Neque ulli illa homini nutet nictet adnuat Pl. As. 4, 1, 39; simul sibi hic annuisset, numeraturum se, Cic. Quinct. 18; ille annuentibus ac uocantibus suis, Liv. 1, 12, 10; Subrio adnuente (as asking) an destringeret gladium reuuit, Tac. an. 15, 58; 2. nod to in assent, nod assent, assent to, esp. in answer to questions or orders, Quid nunc, daturu es tibi an non? Adnuant, Pl. Truc. pr. 4; Quis poseit cena?... Ehem adnuistin? Stich. 1, 3, 71; imperat...ut maneam solus cum sola. Adnuo Terram intuens modeste, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 32; potest fieri inquit, Sile ut is...? Annuat Silus. Potest etiam ut...? Id quoque toto capite annuit, Cic. or. 2, 285;

non aduersata petenti Adnuat, Verg. 4, 128; 3. w. n. pron. or adj. as object, see last ex. but one; ut falsa adnuent, Tac. an. 14, 60; 4. w. acc. and inf., ego autem uenturum adno, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 9; adnuo Visitasse, Curc. 2, 3, 63; Adnuat sese mecum decernere ferro, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 504, 27; amicitiam se Romanorum accipere annuit, Liv. 28, 17, 8; 5. assent to, approve, permit, ubi primum uellere signa Adnuerint superi, Verg. 11, 20; 6. w. ut and subj. Sterneret ut...Camillam, Adnuat oranti, Verg. 11, 797; 7. w. dat. of thing, give approval to, sanction, bless, audacibus annue coeptis, Verg. G. 1, 40; A. 9, 625; superest ut promissis (medicorum) deus adnuat, Plin. ep. 1, 22, 11; facinori, Tac. an. 12, 48; paci, 15, 16; 8. w. acc. of thing, grant, caeli quibus adnuis \* arcem, Verg. 1, 250; ni...dinom pater annuisset \*...potiore ductos Alite muros, Hor. od. 4, 6, 22; 9. cease to prosper, hanc mihi militiam...Adnuat\*, Vsl. F. 1, 41; 10. w. cogn. acc., Liv. 7, 30, 20; 11. in poets gen. of divine assent, see \* above; 12. note qty of perf. in Enn. § 4.

**annus**, i, m. [a form annus implied in solemnis; and this fm am round] lit. a circle or ring, tempus a bruma ad brumam dum sol redit, uocatur annus; quod ut parui circuli anuli, sic magni dicebantur circites ani, unde annus, Varr. l. 6, 2; add Serv. A. 1, 269; 2. a year, Et pueri annos octingentos uiuont, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 86; qui minor annos xxx natus est, CIL 206, 89; quartum ago annum et octogesimum, Cic. sen. 32; annos lxx natus, ib. 14; regiam potestatem annum obtinere, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 3; (Numa) in duodecim menses describit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; matronae annum ut parentem eum luserunt, 2, 7, 4; octoginta annis regnasse, Plin. 7, 156; quando annorum xx erit, Ulp. dig. 30, 30, 5; 3. in early times, a year of 10 months, containing 354 or 355 days, in anno Constituit menses quinque bis esse suo, Ov. F. 1, 26; add 3, 100 and 121; Romuli (aetate) annum fuisse non duodecim mensium, sed decem, Gell. 3, 16, 16; Censor. 20, 2; add Maer. s. 1, 12, 3; 4. this early year began in March, see Censor. 20, 3; hence the names Quintilis for June, and so on to December, cf. Maer. s. 1, 15, 18; Plutarch, Numa 18; 5. annus magnus, a cycle of various meanings, from 2 to 5 years, see Censor. 18, 2 and 3; 6. but in Cic. N. D. 2, 51; (magnus annus) efficitur cum solis et lunae et quinque errantium ad eandem inter se comparisonem est facta conuersio; add Cic. ap. Serv. A. 1, 269; 7. a year, in exaggeration, to one's feelings, Dum moliantur, dum co(m)mutur, annus est, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 11; 8. meus (etc.) annus, the year of one's candidature by age, qui si in nostrum annum reciderit, firmior candidatus fore uideatur, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; ut post biennium tuus annus esset, fam. 10, 25, 2; eius est enim annus, Phil. 8, 27; add agr. 2, 3; II 9. part of the year, w. adj. in poets, nunc formosissimus annus, Verg. B. 3, 57; aut dulces alumni Pomifero graue tempus anno, Hor. od. 3, 23, 8; hibernus, epod. 2, 29; 10. time of life, rugis integer annus, Prop. 4, 5, 59; 11. anno, a year ago, Quattuor minis ego istaue emi anno uxori meae, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 22; Etiam histriones auno quom in proscenio hic Iouem inuocauerunt, uenit, Amph. pr. 91; Vtrum anno an horno tete (so L. M. cj.; mss te) abstuleris a uiro, Lucil. ap. Non. 121, 7.

**annuus**, adj. of or for a year, a year's, uita, Pl. As. 5, 2, 36; penus Ps. 1, 2, 45; merces, Truc. 1, 1, 10; pro singulis annueis (stipendiis), CIL 206, 92; prouincia Cic. fam. 15, 14, 5; mercedes habitationum annuas, Caes. b. c. 3, 21, 1; nergobretum qui creatur annuus, b. g. 1, 16, 5; 2. yearly, recurring every year, annual, commutationes, Cic. inv. 1, 59; annuas frigorum et calorum uarietates, N. D. 2, 101; sacra, Verg. G. 1, 339; 3. annuum as sb. n. yearly allowance or pay, publici serui annua accipiunt, Plin. ep. 10, 31 (40), 2; ut mercedes fundi uxori annui nomine daret, Iulian. dig. 23, 4, 22; si stipulata fuerit annuum, Ulp. 24, 1, 33.

**ānōdŷnon**, i, adj. n. as sb. [painless] an anodyne, Cael. Aur. chron. 1, 1 (?); as Greek, Cels. 5, 25, 1; 2, 4, 79.

**ānōmālla**, ae, f. irregularity, anomaly; Varr. l. 8, 9 (as Lat. mss Flor. Hav.; as Gr. Speng.); as Gr. Gell. 2, 25.

**ānōmālus**, adj. irregular, anomalous, nomium genera,



Diom. 327, 1 K; Mart. Cap. 3, 71 G, p. 75 Eyss. (w. a false qty, anomāla); add Prisc. 1, 439, 17 K.

**anōnis** (ononis), is, f. a plant, (ononis antiquorum Linn.), Plin. 21, 91 and 98; 27, 29.

**an-ōnymos**, adj. as sb. [nameless] a plant, a. non inueniēdo nomen innocit, Plin. 27, 31.

**an-quirō**, ēre, siui situs, vb. [an up, quaero; cf. *αναμαρτυρω*] search up, hunt up, search for with all care, generi animantium omni est a natura tributum ut...omnia quae sint ad uiuendum necessaria inquirat et paret, Cic. off. 1, 11; tamen is pati non possit ut non inquirat aliquem apud quem enomat uirus acerbittatis suae, am. 87; semper aliqui inquirēdi sunt quos diligamus, 102; nec diu inquirēndum quin Agrippina anteiret, Tac. an. 12, 6; At uos per agros corporis partes uagas inquirite (al. inquirite and so P R), Sen. Phaedr. 1287; 2. of the mind, inquire into w. all care, aut inquirunt aut consultant...ad uitae commoditatem condeat id necne de quo deliberat, Cic. off. 1, 9; in qua quid naleat inquiritur, fat. 17; omnes siue artis sunt loci siue ingenii inquirētibz nobis omnique acie ingenii contemplantibus ostendunt se, or. 1, 151; but in Lucr. 4, 1189 inquirere risus is now read; 3. esp. as a legal word, hold an enquiry, quum capitis inquisisset, Liv. 2, 52, 5; duumuiros qui de perduellione inquisirent, 6, 20, 12; capite inquisitum ob rem bello male gestam de imperatore nullo ad eam diem esse, 8, 33, 17; quum bis pecunia inquisisset, tertio capitis so inquirere diceret, tribui pl. appellati collegae negarunt se in mora esse quominus...inquireret quoad uel capitis uel pecuniae iudicasset prinato, 26, 3, 8.

**inquisitio**, ōnis, f. [anquiro] an enquiry, esp. legal,...commentarius indicat netus acquisitionis M, Sergii Mani filii quaestoris, qui capitis accusauit Trogram, Varr. 1. 6, 9, p. 268 Sp.

**ansa**, ae, f. [hando, the lost simple vh. whence prehendo] a handle, (amphorae), Cato r. 113, 2; matellis sine ansis, Cato ap. Fest. 169 b, 18; (poculi), Verg. B. 3, 45; Ov. her. 15 (16), 252; gubernaculi, Vitr. 10, 8, 5, tiller; staterae, id. 10, 8, 4; 2. met. a handle (as we too say), something to take hold of, nou tu illum nides Quaerere ausam, infectum ut faciat? Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 112; si locus habet reprehensionis ansam aliquam, Cic. Plane. 84; quo plures det sibi tamquam ansas ad reprehendendum, am. 59; add Sest. 22.

**ansatus**, quasi-part. provided with handle or handles, capulae, Varr. 1. 5, 26; nas, Colum. 9, 15, 5; 2. of the thong of a dart, ansatis concurrunt ndique telis, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 16; 3. met. Set quis hio ansatus ambulat? Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 7; II 4. ansata as sb. f. (sc. hasta) a dart with a thong, ansatas mittunt de turribz, Enn. ap. Non. 556, 20.

**anser**, eris, m. (f. see § 9); ansar, Proh. 198, 22 K; [ans-G. gans, E. goose; and gaud of gander; hans of S. hans-a; also=χην] a gander, a goose, Item ut de frumento anseres clamore absterret, abigit, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; greges anserum, Varr. r. 3, 10, 1; add Colum. 8, 13, 2;

2. white goose preferred, ut essent ampli (anserēs) et albi, Varr. r. 3, 10, 2; Pinguibus et fciis pastum iecur anseris albi, Hor. s. 2, 8, 88;

3. the liver of unnatural size, foie gras, as a dainty, see last ex.; nostri sapientiores (anserēs) iecoris bonitate nouere; fartilibz in magnam amplitudinem crescit, Plin. 10, 52; Anseris ante ipsum magni iecur, anseribus par... Iuv. 5, 114; 4. of sacred geese in the Capitol, in honour of those who gave warning of the Galli, anseribus cibaria publice locantur, Cic. Rose. Am. 56; add Liv. 5, 47, 4; Verg. 8, 655; 5. held sacred and sacrificed to Iuno, see Liv. 1, 1. 6. also sacred to Isis and Osiris, Ov. F. 1, 453; 7. to Priapus, Petr. 137;

8. a cognomen, as of the poet Anser, the pauegyrist of Antony and so subject of jokes, Cic. Phil. 13, 11; add Ov. tr. 2, 435; 9. as f. singulae non plus quam ter in anuo pariunt, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3.

**ansēr-ātīm**, adv.? Charis. 182, 22, w. passer-ātīm.

**anser-cūlus**, i, m. dim. a gosling, Colum. 8, 14, 7.

**ansēr-inus**, adj. of a goose, genus, Plin. 10, 56; pedes, 11, 257; fel, 29, 125; lana, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9, goose-down.

**ansūla**, ae, f. dim. a small handle, Apul. M. 11, 4;

2. a hook, 4, 3; 3. a shoe lappet or tic, Val. Max. 8, 12, 3; add Sidon. ep. 8, 11, 14; 4. a ring, Ang. doct. Ch. 2, 20; link of a chain, Ang. conf. 8, 5.

**antae**, arum, f. pl. [ante=avri, opposed to] projecting pillars of a door, ex eo pariete antas duas...proicito, CIL 577, 1, 12; add 15; Vitr. 3, 2, 2 and 3; 4, 4, 1.

**antāgōnista**, ac, m. an opponent, Hieron. V. Hil. f.

**ant-āmoebaeos**, adj. as sb. m. (sc. pes) a foot ~ ~ ~ ~ (as equitabatis), Diom. 481, 30 K.

**ant-āpōdōsis**, is, f. an apodosis to correspond to the protasis, Quint. 8, 3, 79.

**ant-arcticus**, adj. opposite to the hear or north, southern, antarctic, Apul. mund. 1; Hyg. Astr. 1, 6; as Gr. Varr. 9, 18.

**antārius**, adj. [ante=avri, opposed to] opposed to each other, funes, guy-ropes, Vitr. 10, 2, 3.

**antē**, prep. [for older antid, as posto for postid; s. below] before, first of placo, ante aedis, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 32; 3, 5, 62 etc.; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 26; Andr. 2, 2, 25; 3, 1, 16; ante ostium, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 8; As. 1, 2, 24; ante horunc foris, Curc. 1, 1, 71; Qnod est ante pedes nemo spectat: caeli seruantur plagas, Enn. tr. 277 V; ante accidium, CIL 206, 20, 22, 32, 35 etc.; nt ante tribunal tum, M. Fannii, ante pedes nestros, indices...caedes futurae sint, Cic. Rose. Am. 12; cum immolaret ante praetorium, div. 1, 72; in fossam quae erat ante oppidum, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 4;

2. w. acc. of person, Ego baiulaho: tu nt decet dominum ante me ito inanis, Pl. As. 3, 3, 70; post me erat Aegina ante me Megara (so Or. Bait. from ante negare of Med.), Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 4; nnam cohortem quae ante ceteras extra aciem procurrerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 3; ante se statuit funditores, Liv. 42, 58, 10; nt ante ipsum exanimis procumbere, Curt. 9, 5, 8; Flos Asiae ante ipsum, Iuv. 5, 56; II 3. of time, ante hunc diem, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 102; Epid. 3, 4, 60; Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 23; ante lucem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 51; ante solem occasum, Epid. 1, 2, 41; Men. 2, 3, 82; ante noctem, Acc. 128 R; ante k(alendas) Sept(embris), CIL 198, 9; ante eids Sextilis primas, 199, 44; ante lucem, Cic. or. 3, 259; iuv. 2, 15; ante hoc tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 7;

4. w. acc. of person, ellipt. Atque ego Neptune tibi ante alios deos gratis ago et (so Bothe, mss atque) habeo summas, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 5; quae ad confessionem ignorationis addixerat Socratem et iam ante Socratem Democritum, Cic. acad. 1, 44; qui causam ante eum diceret, Verr. 1, 9; qui honos togato habitus ante me est nemini, in Cat. 4, 5; eorum qui ante me sententias dixerunt, Sal. Cat. 51, 9; 5. w. name of office in apposition, Minucius mortuus est ante istum praetorem (before his praetorship) Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 115; auuis lxxxvi ipsis ante me consulēm, Brut. 61; ante me principem, Mon. Aueyr. 5, 44;

6. w. acc. and perf. part., ante hanc legem rogatam, CIL 202, 20 and again 22, 38; and abbrev. ante h. l. r., 200, 32; ante philosophiam patefactam, Cic. div. 1, 86; ante urbem captam, 1, 101; ante hanc urbem conditam, Tusc. 5, 7; add Liv. pr. 6; ante sacrum montem occupatum, 3, 15, 3; ante decemuiros creatos, 3, 53, 4; ante te cognitum, Sal. Ing. 110, 2; 7. in estimation, Aequomst placere ante alias ueteres fabulas, Pl. Cas. pr. 8; Non enim (=ēni or en) rumores ponebat ante salutem, Enn. an. 34 V; hicine is quem famae gratia Ante omnis nobilitat uiros? Pac. 120 R; quem ante me diligo, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15 A; sciebam facundia Graecos, gloria belli Gallos ante Romanos fuisse, Sal. Cat. 53, 3; neu uerba inimici ante facta sua poneret, Iug. 15, 1; Quidam tu diceris si me (Scipionem) nicisses? Tum uero me inquit (Haonibal) et ante Alexandrum et ante Pyrrhum et ante alios omnes imperatores esse, Liv. 35, 14, 11; necessitas ante rationem est, Curt. 7, 7, 10; Paulus nel Cossus uel Drusus moribus esto: Hos ante effigies maiorum pone tuorum, Iuv. 8, 22;

8. esp. in form, adj. w. ante omnes, or ante alios, At nuuc dehinc scito illum ante omnis minumi mortalem preti, Pl. As. 5, 2, 8; Vti me hodie ante omnes comicos stultos senes Versaris atque emunxeris lautissime, Caecil. 243; unus ei ante alios fuerit carissimus, Nep. Att. 3, 3; tuam longe ante alias insignem specie, Liv. 1, 9,



12; multitudinē gravior fuit (Romulus) quam patribus, longe ante alios acceptissimus militum animis, 1, 15, 8; add 3, 58, 1; 29, 23, 4; scelere ante alios immanior omnis, Verg. 1, 351; add 5, 318; 7, 55; Ov. M. 10, 120; III 9. as adv., first of place, before, in front, ut animus suus cuique ante aut post pugandi ordinem dabat, Liv. 22, 5, 8; fluvius ab tergo ante eircaque uelut ripa praeceps oram eius omnem cingebat, 27, 18, 5; Pallida Tisiphono Morbos agit ante Metumque, Verg. G. 3, 552; mane producantur (buculi) ita ut et aliquis ante et a tergo complures retinaculis eos contineant, Col. 6, 2, 4; coronatus stabit et ante calix, Tib. 2, 5, 98; 10. w. motion, forwards, ut si manibus ingrediatur quis aut non ante sed retro, Cic. fin. 5, 35; IV 11. adv. of time, before, formerly, previously, tam ego fui ante liber quam gnatus tuos, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 60; Ipsi opsonant, quae parasitorum ante erat provincia, 3, 1, 14; add 3, 1, 23; Nos smus Romani qui fuimus ante Rudini, Enn. an. 440 V; add Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 3; ut Fides ut Mens quas in Capitolio dedicatas uidemus proxime a M. Aemilio Scauro, ante autem ab Atilio Calatino erat Fides consecrata, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; malorum... quae uenientia longe ante uideris, Tusc. 3, 29; add Att. 7, 14, 2; fam. 3, 7, 4; regnum quod pater ante habuerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; ut ante dictum est, 1, 16, 2; quos paulo ante memorauit, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; fidus ante Poenis, tum... cum fortuna mutauerat fidem, Liv. 22, 22, 6; add 21, 20, 8; 24, 32, 5; 30, 34, 6; 12. often refers to a following quam, uidi senem Liuium qui cum sex annis ante quam ego natus sum fabulam docuisset... Cic. sen. 50; ut te ante uideret quam a uita disceret, fam. 2, 2; necessitudinem constitutum habui cum domo uestra ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, 10, 3, 2; add am. 11; Antē pūdor quam te uiolo, Verg. 4, 24; 13. w. abl. of the how much, first before ante, quod tanto anto praedixeras, Cic. Phil. 2, 83; add Verr. 2, 5, 89; multo ante prospexi tempestatem futuram, fam. 4, 3, 1; add Liv. 27, 42, 13; paulo ante, rep. 2, 15; aliquot annis ante secundum Punicum bellum, acad. 2, 13; colonia paucis annis ante deducta, Phil. 2, 102; biennio ante, Liv. 39, 21, 2; 14. w. adj. bef. ante, noun after, et illos septem... et multis aute saeculis Lycurgum... habitos esse sapientes, Cic. Tusc. 5, 7; paucis ante diebus cum facile posset educi e custodia, noluit, 1, 71; legem uiginti ante annis latam Liv. 34, 6, 9; 15. rarely with the abl. after ante, necessitudinem constitutum habui cum domo uestra ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, Cic. fam. 10, 3, 2; quae ante paulo breuiter attigi, rep. 2, 9; but in sen. 6 Halm has now multo ante; cum Aequis post aliquanto pugnatum est, Liv. 2, 31, 4; 16. by attraction, an ace. in the same sense, chiefly in later writers, interrogo uos inquit (Cato) quando hanc pomum (a fig) demptam putetis ex arbore? cum inter omnes recentem esse constaret; atqui tertium inquit anto diem (only two days ago) scitote decemseptem Carthagine, Plin. 15, 75; ad quem ante annos septemdecim mittere ansi sumus qui eum prenderent, Liv. 38, 52, 7; and prob. in Liv. 40, 52, 1 quae ante annos (Madv. w. mss annis) octo uouisset; eadem negligentia quae dies ante paucos (a. p. dies?) prodidit— a few days before—31, 24, 5; iam ante biennium qualis esset apparere coeperat, Vell. 2, 112, 7; si scrobibus uineam positori erimus optimum erit ante annum scrobes facere, Col. arb. 4, 3 f.; ante annum quam pomaria disponere uoles, scrobes facito, 19, 1; add 16, 2; nobis aute quadriennium amissus es, Tac. Agr. 45; hunc sui finem multos ante annos crederat Agrippina contemperatque, an. 14, 9; paucos ante menses tabula aenea inuenta est, Suet. Caes. 81; scripta abolita quamuis probarentur ante aliquot annos recitata, Tib. 61; Sestio a se ante paucos dies increpito, 42; add Tib. 61 f.; Cl. 27; Oth. 5; Claudiam ante quintum mensem diuertii natam, Cl. 27; add also Cal. 8; 17. by attraction also, me ante diem XIII Kalendas Ianuarias (= die decimo tertio ante Kalendas Ianuarias) principem reuocandae libertatis fuisse, Cic. Phil. 14, 20; add Cat. 1, 7 (bis); ita nouit feicite ante diem tertiam nenas Quintiles, Liv. 27, 23 f.; add 39, 52, 4; 18. commonly abbrev., Coecero Fafini sp. a. d. III N(onas) Oct(obris) l. Cin. Cn. Pa. (a. u. c. 669), on a tessera CIL 717; L. Aili(us) a. d. eidus Octob(ris), on an olla 822;

a. d. XIII Kal. Ian., Cic. Phil. 10, 23; haec senatus consulta perscribuntur a. d. VII Id. Ian., Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 4; 19. the same with in or ex prefixed, dixi caedem te optimatium contulisse in ante diem V Kalendas Nouembres, Cic. Cat. 1, 7; uuntii tristes uenerant ex aute diem III (III om. mss) non. Iun. usque ad prid. Kal. Sept., Att. 3, 17, 1; supplicatio indicta est ex ante diem V idus Octobres cum eo die in quinque dies, Liv. 45, 2, 12; 20. often w. perf. part., qui hic ante-parta patria peregre prodigunt, Naev. 84 R; Vt uirtute eorum ante-parta per flagitium perderes, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 17; add Truc. 1, 1, 42; ante-facta, Titin. 144 R; Turp. 126 R; 21. attached to a noun, neque enim ignari sumus ante-malorum = τῶν προτερῶν κακῶν, Verg. 1, 202; so ante-consilia, Capitol. Gord. 24; ante-miorem. ps. Quint. decl. 1, 14; 22. in old writers w. abl. (dat.?) says Pomp. eomm. 278, 15, as ante templo, Paevu.; 23. for alleged acc. cf. Max. Viet. 1953 P; 24. for change of i in antio to e in ante on loss of final cf. postid poste, magis mage, tristic triste, uidebaris uidebare; 25. autid and awt prob. comp.; s. paper on suffixes of prep. in Tr. Phil. Soc. for 1870; and cf. extrad; note too use w. quam in § 11; V 26. in comp. w. verbs ante means before in place, in time, in excellence, as ante-eo walk before, live before, surpass; ante-cedo precede in place, in time, in quality; 27. as poste (postid) from a simpler pos after, so ante (antid) from a lost an before, the t of ante as of poste and post excr.; this an before Ritschl (Plaut. Exc. 522) sees perh. in an-testari an-temna; but perh. it = G. an, L. ad (ar), commonly meaning to, but perh. orig. before, as πρὸς (1) before, (2) to; cf. ad-esse which in meaning agrees w. praesens; for an as variety of ad cf. am-pendix (i. e. an-p.) = appendix (i. e. ad-p.) antea, adv. [for anteam; cf. postea, praeterea, postilla etc., and antequam postquam; prob. a datival suffix, cf. interim for interibi and G. nach-dem in-dem etc.] before this, before that, formerly, Si autea, (dissyll.) uoluisses, esses: nunc sero cupis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 167; but in Epid. 1, 1, 31 read aute; qui antea (denis) obsouitnere, postea centenis, Cato ap. F. 201 a, 32; nemo ante fecit uti..., Cato ib. 305 a, 12; uam antea Qui scire posses, Ter. And. 1, 1, 25; hunc audiebant autea praesentem uident, Cic. Man. 13; fuit autea tempus cum Germanos Galli uirtute superarent, Caes. b. g. 6, 4, 1; clipeis autea Romani usi sunt, dein, postquam stipendiarii facti sunt, seuta pro clipeis fecere, Liv. 8, 8, 3; oppidum Poneropolis autea, mox a conditore Philippopolis, nunc a situ Trimontium dieta, Plin. 4, 41; 2. differet somehow fm prius, quod ad te autea, atque adeo prius scripsi, sic euim manis,... fecisti me acriorem, Cic. Att. 15, 13, 3. ante-actus, better written separately, as in Cic. iuv. 2, 37; Verr. 2, 3, 146; Luer. 1, 234; Ov. M. 12, 115. ante-aedificiālis, adj. before the building, ara Ionis, Dict. Cr. 5, 12. ante-ambūlo, ōnis, m. one who walks before (a great man), tumidique anteamulo regis, Mart. 2, 18, 5; add 3, 7, 2; 10, 74, 3; Suet. Vesp. 2. ante-canis? in Cic. N. D. 2, 114, read ante cauem. ante-cantāmentum, i. u. a prelude, Apul. M. 11, 9 (dub.). ante-cantātūus, adj. first sung, as transl. cf. προ-ωδικος, of the first of two connected lines, as the hexameters in elegiacs, or the line Ibis Liburnis, in Hor. epod. 1, 1; Mar. Viet. 2500, 42. antē-cāpio, ōre, cēpi, ceptus, vb. take beforehand, preoccupy, Medos, Tac. an. 15, 2; poutem, h. 4, 66; 2. deal with or provide beforehand, anticipate, προληψιν, id est anteeptam animo informationem, Cic. N. D. 1, 43; ea omnia luxu, Sal. Cat. 13, 3; quao bello usui forent, 32, 1; noetm, 55, 1; tempus legatorum, Iug. 21, 3; 3. written often diuisim, as Liv. 5, 38, 1. antē-cōdo, ōre, ssi, ssum, vb. go before, precede, expeditus antecesserat legiones, Cic. Att. 8, 9 f.; biduo me antecessit, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 13, 2; equites qui agmen antecessissent, Caes. b. g. 4, 10; add 7, 12; 2. of time, precede, aetate panlum his\* antecedens, Cic. Brut. 82; canis antecedentibus, fat. 23; antecedens annus, Plin. 13, 59; 3. met. take precedence of, surpass, Virtute regi Agathoeli\*



anteessersis, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 118; Nemo antecedit filio\* credo meo, 1, 5, 3; ubi ambitionem uirtuti\* uideas antecedere, Titin. ap. Non. 499; quantum natura hominis pseudibus\* reliquisque beluis antecedit, Cic. off. 1, 105; duritiam lapidis, Plin. 36, 181; ps. Nep. w. acc. as: eum, Alcib. 9, 3; hos, 11, 4; se, Thras. 4, 3; ceteros, reg. 2, 1; 4. as pass. pers., Auson. Grat. 3; 5. older construction w. dat. see \*.

**antē-cello**, ēre, vb. overtop, in use only met. surpass, excel; w. dat. ceteris, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 10; 2, 4, 118; ap. Prisc. 1, 527, 13 K; sensibus bestiarum, N. D. 2, 145 etc.; 2. w. acc. omnis, Plin. 8, 174; omnes fortuna, Tac. au. 14, 55; stirpem, h. 2, 3; uictoriae gloriam, Val. M. 3, 8, 1; 3. as pass. pers., (inferiores) his rebus antecelluntur, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 48.

**antē-cessio**, ōnis, f. going before, precedence, Cic. Tim. 10; off. 1, 11; top. 53.

**antē-cessius**, adj. antecedent, Tert. virg. vel. 4. **antē-cessor**, ōris, m. one who precedes, as soldiers sent in advance, Suet. Vit. 17; bell. Afr. 12; 2. a predecessor in an office, edictum quod ab antecessore datum est, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 55; a. praesidis, Ulp. 27, 9, 9; Apul. flor. 1, 9, p. 39 Hild.; and 15 f.; 3. a teacher of law, C. Inst. 1, 17, 1, 3; 1, 17, 2, 9; 4. of the Holy Ghost, Tert. virg. vel. 1 f.; of the Apostles, Marc. 1, 20; 5, 3.

**antē-cessus**, ūs, m. only in phrase in antecessum, in advance, accipere, Sen. ep. 7, 10; dare, 118, 1; ben. 4, 32, 4; sanguine senatus sibi parentabant, Flor. 2, 9, (3, 21), 20. **antē-coenium**, i, n. [coena for cena] a snack before dinner, Isid. or. 20, 2, 12; met. Apul. M. 2, 15 f.

**antē-cresco**, ēre, vb. increase by something prefixed, nerba quae in praeteritis antecrescunt, in primis syllabis breuiantur ut pendeo pependi, Serv. de final. p. 181 P; 451, 6 K.

**antē-curro**, ēre, vb. run before, (Veneris stella solem) antecurrens lucifer appellatur, Vitr. 9, 4, 7.

**antē-cursor**, ōris, m. one who runs before, hence of soldiers sent in advance, Caes. b. g. 5, 47, 1; b. c. 1, 16, 3; 3, 36, 8; 2. gen. precursor, Tert. monogam. 8; adv. Marc. 4, 33.

**antē-eo**, (old antid-*eo*), īre, iui or ii, vb. go before, precede, anteibat lictores cum fascibus, Cic. agr. 2, 93; anteirent cursibus auras, Verg. 12, 84; Te semper anticit sacua Necessitas, Hor. od. 1, 35, 17; anteire primores cinitatis, Liv. 1, 59, 6; equo, pedibus, Suet. Caes. 57; 2. of time, get the start of, anticipate, Id te oro ut ante eamus (so Umpf.), dum tempus datur, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 24; semper uos aetatem meam honoribus nestrīs anteistis, ego uestros honores rebus gerendis praecessi, Liv. 38, 51, 11; 3. met. get ahead of, outstrip, incendium anteiit remedia nelo-citate mali, Tac. an. 15, 38; antibo periculum, 5, 6 (6, 1); 4. esp. in the sense take precedence of, surpass, excel, Solus ego omnibus\* antideo, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 2; Campans genus Multo Surorum iam antidit patientia, Trin. 2, 4, 145; omnis...stultitia, Bac. 5, 1, 3; omnis homines cruciabilitatis, Cist. 2, 1, 3; munditiam Munditiam, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 9; erum ante eot (so Umpf.) sapientia, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 17; cum aetate illos anteiret sapientia omnes, (al. illis\*...omnibus), Cic. Phil. 9, 1; ceteris\* uirtute, off. 2, 37; ceteros, Tac. l. 4, 13, 1; multis\*, Gell. 19, 9, 8; 5. w. inf. ferrumque e corpore cantu...Anteibat cunctos, Sil. 5, 355; 6. as pass. pers., se ab te anteiri, Cic. Sul. 23; ne ab aliis anteictrur, Tac. h. 2, 101; 7. neque Scianus audebat auctoritati\* parentis antire, go ahead of, assert superiority over, Tac. an. 5, 3; quid uellet crastinus Anster anteibat, anticipated, Sil. 14, 456; 8. constr. w. dat. marked\*; w. acc. unmarked; 9. the e of ante forms no syllable, see † above; add Lucr. 4, 139; Ov. a. a. 2, 726; Hor. ep. 1, 2, 70; hence written diuisim, or w. e omitted, or w. ei as diphthong.

**antē-factus**, better diuisim, Cic. Deiot. 37; Liv. 37, 53, 5; Vitr. 9, 7 (6), 2; Gell. 17, 7, 3. **antē-fēro**, rre, tūli, lātus, vb. carry before, ut uictarum gentium uocabula anteferrentur, Tac. an. 1, 8; xx imagines antelatae sunt, 3, 76; but in Verg. 6, 677: ante tulit (diuisim); 2. met. place before, prefer, Bibuli fortunam omnium triumphis, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 7; uoluntatem tuam

commodo meo, 5, 20, 1; ut nemo ei se honore anteferet, Sul. 89; add ps. Nep. Them. 1, 1; Ages. 4, 6.

**antē-figo**, ēre, xus, vb. fix in front, only in perf. part., truncis arborum antefixa ora, Tac. an. 1, 61; antefixi foraminis (dub.), Vitr. 10, 15 (10), 4; 2. antefixa as sb. n. pl. ornaments in front of a temple, antefixa fictilia deorum, Liv. 34, 4, 4; add 26, 23, 4.

**antē-gēnītālis**, adj. [ante geniti] of preceding generations, experimentum, Plin. 7, 190 f.

**antē-grādātio**, onis, f. marching forward, stellarum, Cassiod. astr. 7; Isid. 3, 67.

**antē-grādus**, adj. marching forward, not. Tir. p. 155.

**antē-grēdiōr**, di, essus, vb. r. march forward, precede, solem, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; praecursoribus iam antegressis, Amm. 16, 12, 8; 2. of time, precede, cum antegressa est honestas, Cic. off. 1, 94; cum haec causae antegressae sint, fat. 45; div. 25.

**antē-habeco**, ēre, vb. regard as preferable, prefer, diulgata ueris, Tac. an. 4, 11 f.

**antē-hac**, (perh. always dissyl.) adv. [seo antea] before this, before, Nam hic quidem onuem imaginem meam, quae antehac fuerat, possidet, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 302; and in 15 other passages; Qui antehac inuicti fuerunt, pater optime Olympi, Hos...uici, Enn. an. 198 V; add 209; Iniqui patris est, nam quod antehac fecit, nihil ad me attinet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 16; add 2, 1, 3; Haut. 2, 3, 29; Ad. 1, 2, 6; 2, 2, 42; add Turpil. 21, and 167 R; uideo non ut antehac putabam nouitati esse inuisum meae, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 8; antelae quidem sperare saltem licebat, nunc etiam id ereptum est, 12, 23, 3; saepe antehac fidem proderat, Sal. Cat. 25, 4; Antehac nefas depromere Caecubum, Hor. od. 1, 37, 5; ut antehac flagitiis, ita tunc legibus laborabatur, Tac. an. 3, 25.

**antēid**, older form of antid, perh. a compar. for anteu (cf. πρῖν aft. πρῖν, for πρῖον, i. e. πορ-*ων*) from a simple au w. t. ex.

**antēid-ea**, adv. s. antidea.

**antēlla**, ae, adj. f. dim. as sb. [for antērūla, implying an adj. f. antēra, cf. postella, crupper strap of same, for postē-*rūla*] a fore- or collar strap of a saddle, Isid. 20, 16, 4; cf. postella.

**antē-lōg-ium**, ii, n. a preface, Pl. Men. pr. 13; Auson. ep. 16; Symm. ep. 1, 77 (dub.); 8, 23; 2. the right of speaking first, Macr. s. 1, 24, 21; 7, 4, 2.

**antē-lūc-ānus**, adj. before day-light, Cic. Tusc. 4, 44; fam. 15, 4, 8; Cat. 2, 22; Colum. 11, 2, 12 and 55.

**antē-lūc-īd**, adv. before day-light, Apul. M. 1, 11; 9, 15.

**antē-lūc-ūlo**, adv. the same, Apul. M. 1, 14.

**antē-lūd-ium**, ii, n. a prelude, Apul. M. 11, 8.

**antē-mēridiā-lis**, adj. before noon, horae, Mart. Cap. 6, p. 195 G, 203, 2 Eys.

**antē-mēridiā-nus**, adj. before noon, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 1; or. 3, 22 and 121.

**antē-mēridiē**, adv. before noon, not. Tir. 74.

**antē-mitto**, ēre, si, ssus, vb. send in advance, (elephanti) flumen transituri minimis antemittunt, Sol. 25, 5; but not Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 3; b. c. 1, 51, 4; 2. ante missae arbores, trees left in front as marks of boundary, Front. 5, 8; 13, 5; 41, 12; Hyg. 15, 9; Sic. Fl. 38, 19, ed. Lachm.

1. **Antemna**, ae, f. a town of the Sabines, Antemna uetior est quam Roma, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 1, 264, 18 K; Antemnaque prisco Crustumio prior, Sil. 8, 367; 2. gen. Antemnae, arum pl. f., Antemnae, quod ante qua Anio (so Lachm. cj.; mss quanto) inluit in Tiberim, Varr. 1, 5, 5; add Paul. ex F. 17 v. amnesses; Ardea...et turrigerae Antemnae, Verg. 7, 631; Antemnae, Plin. 3, 68 (so ms R).

2. **antemna**, (less correctly antemna\*) ae, f. [?] sail-yard, yard-arm, yard, procellae...frangere malum, Quere antemnas (so BC), scindere uela, Pl. Tr. 4, 1, 18; funes qui antemnas ad malos destinabant... quibus abscisis antemnae concidebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 6; Antemnaeque gemant, Hor. od. 1, 14, 6; Cornua...antemnarum, Verg. 3, 549; Effugit hibernas demissa antemua procellas, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 9; antemnae\* liuea summae, Luc. 9, 328; antemna, Val. Fl. 1, 623; Iulian. dig. 14, 2, 6; Alfen. 21, 2, 44; but antemnae\*, Char. 33, 7; 2. Antemnae, a city, seo Autemna 1.

**Antemnās**, ātis, adj. of Antemnae, Liv. 1, 9, 8; 1, 10, 2. **ante-moenio**? founded on a bad cj. in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66, wh. read w. Kiessling: Anteueni aliqua atque aliquo (saltu) circumduce exercitum.

**antē-mūrāle**, is, adj. n. as sb. an outwork, Hier. Hom. 2; Vulg. Thren. 2, 8.

**antē-mūr-ānus**, adj. before the walls, uallum, Amm. 21, 12, 13.

**antē-occūpātio**, ōnis, f. anticipation, Cic. or. 3, 205; quoted by Quint. 9, 1, 31; cf. 9, 2, 16.

**antē-paenultimū**, adj. antepenultimate, Diom. 431, 13 K; Prisc. 1, 106, 3.

**antē-pag-mentum**, (anti-p.) i. n. [ante or anta + pango] jamb or side-post of a door, parietes ex latere antepag-mentata quae opus erunt inditō, Cato r. 14, 4; facito antepag-mentata abiegnā lata s. crassa E, CIL 577, 2, 4; ostiorum et eorum antepagmentorum in aedibus hae sunt rationes, Vitr. 4, 6, 1; add §§ 2—6; antipagmenta ual-uarum ornamenta quae antis appinguntur, id est affiguntur, Paul. ex F. 8.

**antē-partus**, better written diuisiū, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 17; Truc. 1, 1, 42; Naev. ap. Char. 213, 2 K.

**antē-passio**, ōnis, f. = perturbationis initium, προπαθεια, Hier. ep. 79.

**antē-pēdēs**, adj. as sb. m. the fore feet, uestigia antepedum, Cic. arat. 452; **2.** friends who precede a great man, regii, Cass. Var. cur. Pal. 7, 5; circumpedes sunt obsequia seruorum, antepedes amicorum, Agrost. 2274, 32 P; cf. togati ante pedes, Iuv. 7, 143; =anteambuloues of Mart.

**antē-pendūlus**, adj. hanging in front, crines, Apul. M. 2, 23; 5, 22.

**antē-pilanus**, adj. stationed before the pilai, i. e. the triarii, hoc xxx manipulorum agmen (i. e. the hastati and principes) antepilanos appellabant, Liv. 8, 8, 7; rorarii procurabant inter antepilanos addiderantque uires hastatis ac principibus, 8, 9, 14; **2.** in late times of the light troops in front of the legions, antepilanus hastatisque uelut muro fundatis, Amm. 16, 12, 20; add 28, 1, 46.

**antē-polleō**, ēre, vb. out-weigh, heuce met. surpass, (Hypata) cunctae Thessaliae antepollet, Apul. M. 1, 5; toto neritice antepollebat, 7, 5.

**antē-pōno**, ēre, sui, sītus, vb. place before, serve up before, Bonum anteponam prandium pransoribus, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 2; Me inferre Veneri uoui iam ientaculum. Quid antepones (Quid? an te pones) Veneri (iam) ientaculo? Me, te atque hosce omnes—note the pun—Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 73; Scelestiorem cenam...Quam quae Thyestaest anteposita et Tereo, Rud. 2, 6, 25; **2.** gen. place before, uon antepositis uigiliis, Tac. an. 1, 50; add 12, 56; 15, 32; **3.** met. place in value before, prefer, Quo deteriores antepouantur bonis, Pl. Pocu. pr. 39; amicitiam omnibus rebus humais, Cic. am. 17; te uicinis tuis, Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; has occupationes Britanniae, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 2; **4.** aute posta (diuisim), Ter. Maur. 217 Lachm.

**antē-pōtens**, ntis, adj. powerful beyond others, Pl. Trin. 5, 1, 1.

**antē-praecursor**, ōris, m. precursor, Ter. Bap. 6.

**antē-quam**, conj. before; of the past, w. ind. of facts, subj. of non-facts, antequam Cartago capta est, CIL 200, 89; ante quam delectata est Atheniensium ciuitas hac laude dicendi, multa iam memorabilia effecerat, Cic. Brut. 49; cui fuit semper amicus ante quam ille reipublicae est factus inimicus, Phil. 12, 23; add Att. 2, 7, 2; fam. 10, 3, 2; neque ante dimisit cum quam fidem dedit..., Liv. 39, 10 f.; but: qui antequam de meo aduentu audire potuissent, in Macedonia perrexi, Cic. Plane. 98; **2.** of the fut. both ind. and subj., as first ind., the fut. regarded as certain, (iudices praetor ante quam\* ibunt (sc. in consilium) facit(o) iurent..., CIL 198, 44; **3.** esp. if a neg. precede, neque defatigabor ante quam illorum uias percepero, Cic. or. 3, 145; **4.** also w. subj., aed (illis) diebus ne minus x antequam locet propositum habeo quo die locaturus sit, CIL 206, 34; a. de incommodis Siciliae dicam, pauca mihi uidentur de prouincia dignitate dicenda, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 2; a. de re publica dicam..., exponam uobis cou-

silium profectionis meae, Phil. 1, 1, 5; **5.** the ind. seems strange in: dabo operam ut istuc ueniam ante quam plane ex animo tuo effluo, Cic. fam. 7, 14, 1; Sed mihi uel tellus optem prius ima dehiscat...Ante, Pudor quam† te uiolo aut tua inra resoluo, Verg. 4, 27; **6.** often written as two words as \*, but in authors this depends on cdd., often parted by a word as †; **7.** see ante § 12.

**antērid-ion**, ii, n. a small prop, dub. ap. Vitr. 10, 11 (17), 9.

**ant-ēr-ior**, ōris, adj. front, chlainydis pars, Amm. 16, 8, 8; add 25, 3, 2; Prisc. 1, 85, 13 K; **2.** of time, anterior, litterae tuae, Symm. ep. 6, 59; Prud. Symm. 2, 96; **3.** anterior adv. first of the two, Sidon. ep. 2, 9.

**antēris**, idis, f. a prop or bulwark, in archit., anterides siue crismae, Vitr. 6, 11, 6.

**antes**, ium, m. pl. rank or row, as of soldiers, pedites quattuor agminibus, equites duobus antibus, Cato ap. Philarg. ad Verg. G. 2, 417; **2.** of vines etc., Verg. G. 2, 417; Colum. 10, 376; antes extremi ordines uinearum, Paul. ex F. 16; antes στιχοι αμπελων, Gloss.; antium ταξων, Gloss.

**antē-schōlā-rius**, adj. as sb. m. a school-master (?), Petr. 81 (al. antescholanus); pontificibus aut ante scolaris, inscr. Or. 1175, 9.

**antē-signā-nus**, adj. m. as sb. one of the soldiers in the front line (principes) before the standards (signa), and so a picked soldier, or grenadier, pro antesignanis (equites) parmas obiciunt, Liv. 2, 20, 10; reuectus ad antesignanos legionum, 7, 33, 9; cadunt antesignani, et ne nudentur propugnatoribus signa, fit..., 9, 39, 7; non illa (pugna) per principes hastatosque ac triarios, nec ut pro signis antesignani, post signa alia pugnaret acies, 22, 5, 7; **2.** fueras in acie Pharsalica a., Cic. Phil. 2, 71; electos ex omnibus legionibus fortissimos uiros, antesignanos, centuriones, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; **3.** met. Apul. M. 4, 11; **4.** of doubtful meaning in Verg. mil. 2, 7.

**antesto**, see antisto.

**antestor**, āri, vb. r. [either for ante-testor, or better fm an=ad, see ad] call upon (a third person) to be a witness, before arresting, by touching his ear, si in ius uocat, ito. Ni it, antesta(mino): igitur em capito, XII tab. ap. Porphyr.; ad Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; quid me in ius uocas? ... Nonne antestaris? Tuan ego causa carnufex Quoiquam mortali libero auris atteram? Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 10; add Poen. 5, 4, 59 and 60; Cure. 5, 2, 23 and 25; licet antestari? ego uero Oppono auriculam. Rapi in ius, Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; est in aure ima memoriae locus quem tangentes antestamur, Plin. 11, 251; **2.** as pass., impubes non potest antestari, Aelius (or Lilius) Drusus) ap. Prisc. 1, 382, 2 K; add 1, 379, 6;

**3.** beyond legal sphere, call as a witness, appeal to, te, Mague antestaretur, Cic. Mil. 68.

**antē-uēnio**, ire, uēni, uentum, vb. come or go before, get ahead of, Anteueni aliqua atque aliquo saltu circumduce exercitum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66; per traunites occultos exercitum Metelli anteuenit, Sal. Iug. 48, 2; add 56, 2; **2.** met. get ahead of, outstrip, surpass, Omnibus\* rebus ego credo amorem nitidis anteuenire, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 1; per uirtutem nobilitatem, Sal. Iug. 4, 7; plerosque (et consilio et manu), 96, 3; beneficia...laeta sunt dum uidentur exsolui posse, ubi anteuenero, pro gratia odium redditur, Tac. an. 4, 18 f.; **3.** get the start of, anticipate, Temperi huic\* hodie anteueni, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 66; **4.** as pass. imp., Cato ap. Nou. 87, 17; **5.** old constr. w. dat. marked \*.

**antēuent-ūlus**, adj. [t exer.] coming before, covering the front, comac anteuentulae contegebant faciem, Apul. M. 9, 30; crines, flor. 1, 3.

**antēuersio**, ōnis f. getting the start, anticipation, Am- nian. 21, 5, 13

**antē-uerto**, (older -uorto), ēre, uerti, uersus (uorsus); as vb. trans. lit. turn first of the two—hence met. give precedence to (over), Rebus aliis auteuertam (A anteuertam), Baccis, quae mandas mihi, Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 1 (v. 526); om- nibus consiliis (dat.) anteuertendum existimauit ut Narbouem proficisceretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 3; tuum otium aliorum negotiis, Pacat. pan. Theod. 9; **2.** as vb. intr. get ahead



of, pass, miror ubi ego huic\* anteuenterim (so not -uort-, A 1 m. and Arus. p. 216), Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 12; stella Mercarii tum antenertens tum subsequens, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; **3.** met. Pol maerores mihi anteortunt gaudiis\* (dat.), Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 60; **4.** get the start of, anticipate, uidit necesse esse Miloui proficisci illo quo est profectus dio; itaque anteuertit, Cic. Mil. 45; but iu Tac. an. 13, 30 anteit; **5.** note dat. in old writers\*.

**anté-uio**, are (meo vb.), go before, Venant. 4, 26 m.

**anté-uólo**, are, vb. fly before, agmen, Sil. 12, 600; Zephyros, Claud. phoen. 21; in Verg. 9, 47; 12, 455 diuisim.

**Anteuorta**, ae, f. Anticipation, as a goddess, Maer. s. 1, 7, 20; cf. Ov. F. 1, 633; Gell. 16, 16, 4.

**anté-urb-ánuus**, adj. before the city, suburban, Paul. ex F. 8.

**ant-ézeugmēnon**, i, a grammatical term, see Mart. Cap. 5, p. 176 G, 180 l. 16 Eyss.

**anthalium**, ii, n. dim. an Egyptian plant, Plin. 21, 88 and 175.

**anthédon**, inis, f. a kind of medlar, Plin. 15, 84.

**anthémērūm**, adj. n. as sb. some eye-salve, cachet, ap. Tochon. p. 71.

**anthémis**, idis, f. ehamomile-plant, Plin. 21, 99 and 103; 22, 53 and 54; 26, 87.

**anthēra**, adj. f. as sb. a form of medicine, flower (of—), Plin. 24, 69; in Gr., Cels. 6, 11, p. 249, 4 Dar.; 6, 15.

**anthéricos**, adj. m. as sb. stalk of the asphodel, Plin. 21, 109; 22, 67.

**anthias**, ae, m. a kind of fish, Ov. hal. 46; Plin. 9, 182; 32, 13.

**anthínos**, adj. of flowers, mel (spring honey), Plin. 11, 34.

**anthrac-ínus**, adj. of coal, black; anthracina as sb. f. a mourning dress, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 6.

**anthracites**, ae, m. a kind of stone, Plin. 36, 148.

**anthracitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a gem, bloodstone, Plin. 37, 99 and 189; Solin. 37, 24 (not anthracias).

**anthriscum**, i, n. dim. a plant, southern chervil, scandix australis Linn., Plin. 21, 89; 22, 81.

**anthrōpō-latra**, ae, m. (man-worshipper) a nickname for Unitarians, cod. Iust. 1, 1, 5 and 6.

**anthrōpō-morphita**, ae, m. (assigning a human form), the same, Aug. haeres.

**anthrōpō-phāgus**, adj. as sb. m. man-eater, cannibal, Plin. 4, 88; 6, 195.

**anthus**, i, m. a bird, yellow wagtail? Plin. 10, 116 and 205.

**anth-ūpō-phōra**, ae, f. anticipation of an objection, Sen. controu. 1, 7; in Gr., Quint. 9, 2, 106; 9, 3, 87.

**anthyllion**, see anthyllum.

**anthyllis**, idis, f. a plant, Plin. 26, 84 and 160.

**anthyllium** (ion) or -llum, a plant, Plin. 21, 175; 26, 84.

**antiae**, adj. f. pl. as sb. [ante or anti] front- or side-curly, Apul. flor. 1, 3; antiae ciucinni dependentes prope auriculas, Isid. orig. 19, 31; cf. Paul. ex F. 17; antiae προκομων, Gloss.

**Antiānus**, adj. of Antium, Hercules, Cic. ap. Non. 284, 2; as sb. m. (sc. ager) the territory of Antium, Plin. 3, 81.

**Antias**, atis, adj. of Antium, res, Liv. 6, 9, 3; ager, 8, 12, 3; **2.** as sb. inhabitant of A., 8, 12, 2; 8, 14, 8; Fortunis Antiatibus, inscr. Or. 1738.

**Antiāt-icus**, adj. as sb. m. (conqueror) of the Antiates, P. Maen(ius) Ant., on a coin, Eckh. 5, 240.

**Antiāt-ínus**, adj. of the Antiates, a title of Fortuua, Suet. Cal. 57; of Ceres, in sacrario Cereris Antiatinae, inscr. Or. 1494.

**antibacchius**, adj. of antibacchi (~--), uersus, ut: Mariti beati paremus nepotes, Diom. 513, 25 K; (pes) ut bārbātūs, Julian. exc. 323, 34 K; = palimbacchius, Cledon. 30, 29 K; see

**antibacchus**, m. a foot, either --- or acc. to others ---, Ter Maur. 1410—14; --- in Auson. ep. 4, 93; Vt claudat Choriambou Antibacchus (speaking of end of Sapphic, as: (Iam satis tertris nūis ātquē dirae).

**antibāsis**, is, f. part of a ballista, opp. to the basis, Vitr. 10, 17, 9.

**anti-bōrēum**, adj. n. as sb. a sort of sun-dial, Vitr. 9, 9, 1.

**anti-cātēgōria**, ae, f. a counter-accusation, recrimination, Aug. c. Crescon. 26 and 74; in Gr. Quint. 3, 10, 4; 7, 2, 9.

**anti-cāto**, ōnis, m. a work of Caesar in reply to a panegyric on Cato, Iuv. 6, 337; Quint. 1, 5, 68; Gell. 4, 16, 8.

**Anti-christus**, m. Antichrist, Eecl.

**anti-chthōn-es**, m. pl. the Antipodes, Plin. 6, 81; Mela 1, 1.

**anticipatio**, ōnis, f. preconception, προληψις or antecepta animo rei quaedam informatio, Cic. N. D. 2, 43; add § 44; **2.** of a first attempt at walking, Arnob. 3; **3.** anticipation of an objection, Iul. Rufin.

**anticipo**, are, vb. [impl. a noun anti-ceps fm ante + capio] play the part of an anticeps (so to say), anticipate matters; as vb. intr. Anticipate atque addite calcar, Varr. ap. Non. 70, 12; sol...Anticipat, caelum radiis accendere temptans, Lucr. 5, 659; add Plin. 2, 122; **2.** vb. trans. anticipate, molestiam, Cic. Att. 8, 14, 2; mortem, Suet. Tib. 61; uiam, Stat. Th. 6, 442; **3.** hence in pass. quod ita sit informatum anticipatumque (que om. mss), Cic. N. D. 1, 76; add Ov. M. 3, 234; Suet. Claud. 21.

**anticus**, adj. [ante; cf. posticus] before, fore, in front, quae ante nos sunt antica quae post nos postica, Paul. ex F. p. 220; pass. in Cic. Tim. 10 corrupt; **2.** in agrual and gromatic lang., southern (as augur faces the south), templi partes quattuor...antica ad meridiem, postica ad septentrionem, Varr. 1, 7, 2, p. 289 Sp.; add Paul. ex F. p. 220; Serv. ad B. 9, 15; for agrimensores, Front. 28, 3; Hyg. 166, 17; lib. col. 249, 6; lib. Dolab. 303, 23 ed. Lachm.; antica μεσημβρια, Gloss.; see antiquus.

**anti-dactylus**, m. the opposite to a dactyl, an anapaest, Mar. Viet. p. 2488 P.

**antiā**, older form of ante, standing for antin, a comp. of an, old form of ad, with t excrement, cf. postid. Hence

**antiā-ea**, (cf. antiā-hac and postid-eā) adv., = antea, before, sooner, si antiea senatus populusque iusserit fieri ac faxit, eo populus solutus liber esto, Liv. 22, 10, 6; from an old rogatio (wh. Madvig places ac before senatus).

**antiā-eo**, see ante-eo.

**antiā-hac**, (= ante-hac) adv. before this, hitherto, Quo in re tali iam subuenisti antiā-hac, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 24; Vnde? Ab homine quem mi amicum esse arbitrat suum autidhac, Bac. 3, 6, 10; add Cist. 1, 1, 1; Cas. prol. 88; Ps. 1, 1, 14; 2, 2, 26; Epid. 4, 1, 12; Poen. 3, 3, 7; Quid tristiorum uideo te esse quam antiā-hac? (mss angit hac), Naev. (?) ap. Non. 187.

**antiādotum**, i, n. or antidotus, i, m. (αντι-δοτος) a medicine given by way of precaution, antidota interdum necessaria sunt. Recto dantur collis corporibus, Cels. 5, 23 init.; **2.** esp. an antidote to poison, maxime desideranda sunt aduersus nenena, id. ibid.; ille datum ei uenenum dixit, sed se antidotum daturum, Quint. 7, 2, 25; ut ex his antidoti conficiantur, Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35, 2; add Phaedr. 1, 14, 3; Suet. Cal. 29.

**antigerio**, (anteg. Quint.) adv. obsol. (?) = nalde, Quint. 1, 6, 40; 8, 3, 25; Fest. p. 8.

**antilena**, (antel.) ae, f. a strap round a horse's neck to keep the saddle forward, Gloss. Isid.; Gloss. Phil.

**antimētābōlē**, es, f. a rhetor. fig. = commutatio, as: non ut edam uiuo, sed edo ut uiuam, Isid. or. 2, 21; in Gr. Quint. 9, 3, 85.

**antimisiūm**, ii, (mensa), παρα Ῥωμαίους τραπέζα προ του δικαστηριου, Zonar. lex. p. 193.

**antiōmia**, ae, f. conflict of laws, Quint. 7, 7, 1; 7, 10, 2; Th. C. 1, 17, 1, 8.

**anti-pāthes**, (αντιπαθης) adj. as sb. f. (sc. gemma), a jewel-amulet, Plin. 37, 145; as a sb. n. (αντιπαθες), Anti-pathes illud quaeritur, Laev. poet. ap. Apul. mag. 30 fu.

**anti-pāthia**, (αντιπαθεια) sb. f. antipathy, Plin. 20, 1; 24, 1 etc.

**antipherna**, orum, (φερνη dos) n. pl. return present from bridegroom to bride, Iustin. cod. 5, 3, 20.

**anti-phōna**, ae, f. response, anthem, Isid. or. 6, 19.  
**anti-phrāsīsis**, is, f. opposition in words, in some idole etyma, as: bellum quia non bellum, Char. 276, 14 K; Diom. 462, 13; 2. iroical use of words, in Gr. Quint. 8, 6, 57.

**anti-pōdēs**, um, adj. pl. as sb., the antipodes, Plin. 4, 90; Laet. 3, 23; Augustiū. C.D. 16, 9; as Gr. Cic. acad. pr. 123; 2. met. of those who turn night into day, Sen. ep. 122, 2.

**antiptōsis**, is, f. use of one case for another, Serv. ad A. 10, 653; 11, 56; Serv. in Donat. 416, 15 K.

**antiqūarius**, (antiquus) adj. given to antiquities, antiqvarian, Hier. ad Flor. 5, 1; 2. as sb. Tac. or. 21 and 42; Suet. Aug. 86; antiqvaria, Iuv. 6, 451; 3. esp. one who deals with old mss, as copier etc., Th. C. 14, 9, 2; Auson. ep. 16, 4.

**antiqūatio**, ois, f. repeal, Th. C. 6, 56, 4.

**antiqūē**, see antiquus.

**antiqūitās**, ātis, f. olden time, antiquity, the belonging to old times, antiquity, habet, ut in aetatibus auctoritatem sonectus, sic in exemplis antiquitas, Cic. or. 169; generis antiquitas, Font. 41; propriis (uerbis) dignitatem dat antiquitas, Quint. 9, 3, 24; 2. state of things in old time, antiquity, olden time, fabulae ab ultima antiquitate repetit(ae), Cic. fin. 1, 65; nullam memoriam antiquitatis collegerat, Brut. 214; quid in omni genere laudis ad exemplum antiquitatis expressius, Plin. ep. 5, 14, 3; antiquitatis amator, Nep. Att. 18, 1; 3. esp. the character of men in old time, as so excellent, documentum fuit hominibus uostris nirtutis, antiquitatis, prudentiae, Cic. Rab. post. 27; lus grauissimae antiquitatis uiris, Sest. 6; add Planc. 45; 4. men of old times, =antiqui, cinnamomum fabulose narravit antiquitas, Plin. 12, 85; antiquitas nihil prius mirata est, 19, 49; 5. in the plur. the history of ancient times, ancient history, as Varro's work: xli libros scripsit Antiquitatum, Augustin. C. D. 6, 4; and 7, 35; add Plin. praef. 24; Gell. 5, 13; 11, 1; 3, 12.

**antiqūitus**, (cf. int-us, fundit-us) adv. lit. from of old, Nerui antiquitus pedestribus naleut copiis, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 4; add 6, 4, 2; 6, 11, 4; hi sunt iam inde antiquitus castellani, Liv. 34, 27, 9; uideo enim iam inde antiquitus... Plin. pan. 82; Iliensibus iam antiquitus immnitas tributa est, Callist. dig. 27, 1, 17, 1; 2. in old times, Belgas Rhenum antiquitus traductos, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 1; et eredo antiquitus factitatum, Plin. 18, 169; 3. of more recent time, long before, (ordeum) ad huiusmodi casus antiquitus paratum, Caes. b. c. 2, 22, 1.

**antiquo**, āre, vb. lit. play the part of an antiquus, hence negative (a proposed bill), legem antiquastis sine tabella, Cic. leg. 3, 38; add off. 2, 73; Liv. 4, 58, 14; 5, 30, 7; rogationem, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 3; 1, 14, 5; Liv. 45, 35, 9; plebeicitum, 22, 30, 4; 2. antiquare est in morem pristinum reducere, Fest. p. 26.

**antiquus**, (antid; cf. postiens and anticus) adj. preceding in time, former, causau antiquiorem memoria tua, Cic. Rab. perd. 25; quod antiquior dies in tuis fuisset adscripta litteris quam in Caesaris, Q. fr. 3, 1, 8; tris epistolas accepi, erant autem iv, ni pridie Idus datae. Antiquissimae enique respondebo, Att. 9, 9, 1; est antiquus facere agrum quam colere, Colnm. 2, 2, 8; Perinthum Byzantiis in antiqui formulam iuris restitui, Liv. 32, 33, 7; add 26, 24, 6; 2. of time, long past, former, old, ancient, De decuma uictor tibi Lucius Mummius donum Moribus antiquis hoc dare, CIL 542, 1; qui Veneri...more antiquo in custodelam suum commiserunt caput, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 11; add Trin. 2, 2, 17; ciuium...antiqua uirtute ac fide; Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 88; habemus in Stoicis oratoribus Rutilium, Scamrum in antiquis, Cic. Brut. 116; quod antiqui summum bonum esse dixerant, leg. 1, 55; antiquissima familia natum, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 4; Traditum ab antiquis morem seruare, Hor. s. 1, 4, 117; add 2, 2, 89; 3. old, but within one's owu time, Timeo ne malefacta antiqua mea sint inuenta omnia, Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 61; antiquom hospitem nostrum, Bac. 2, 3, 27; add Ter. Phorm. 1, 2, 17; Antiquum optines hoc tuum, tardus ut sis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 102; pol Crito, antiquom optines, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 22; add Hee. 5, 4, 20; tua duritia antiqua illa, Haut.

3, 1, 26; et se in antiquas munitiones recepit, Caes. b. c. 3, 54, 2; Immemor antiqui uolneris arma capit, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 37; 4. older iu age, old, aged, forma tuum uertitur oris Antiquom in Buten, Verg. 9, 647; inter duumualis antiquissimus quisque prior, Ulp. dig. 50, 3, 1; 5. of olden celebrity, ex illo religiosissimo atque antiquissimo loco, Cic. Verr. 4, 99; Terra antiqua, potens armis, Verg. 1, 535; 3, 164; 6. taking precedence in estimation, more important, preferable, ne dubitaris quin quod honestius, id mihi futurum sit antiquius, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 2; antiquiorem sibi fuisse laudem quam regnum, div. 2, 78; add Phil. 13, 6; Liv. 3, 10, 2; 7, 31, 1; iudiciorum causam antiquissimam se habiturum, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; naualis apparatus ci antiquissima cura fuit, Att. 10, 8, 4; add Liv. 1, 32, 2; II 7. antiqūē, adv. in ancient fashion, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 66; comp. Tac. G. 5; sup. Sol. 11, 16.

**antiqūci**, ōrum, adj. pl. throwing the shade the opposita way, as those on the equator with the sun to the north, Ammian. 22, 15, 31.

**anti-sigma**, ātis, n. a character  $\sigma$  proposed by Claudius for  $\psi$ , Prisc. 1, 42, p. 33, l. 4 K; 2. a character  $\sigma$  to denote transposition, Isid. or. 1, 20; 3.  $\sigma$  to denote a doubt as to preference between two readings, Isid. ib.

**anti-sōphistes**, ae, m. an opponent in the schools, Quint. 11, 3, 126; Suet. Tib. 11; and Gr. ib. 9.

**antispasticus**, adj. of the feet called antispast, metrum, Diom. 505, 12 K; Prisc. 2, 459, 10 K; Serv. 463, 16 K.

**antispastus**, adj. as sb. m. (sc. pes) a metrical foot ---, as Alexander, Diom. Serv. as above.

**antistātus**, ūs, m. (antisto) superiority in rank, Tert. adu. Valent. 13.

**antistes**, itis, adj. as sb. m. and f. (cf. superstes itis, stat- an old crude form of sta-, cf. E. stand, and so too divide stat-us,  $\epsilon\pi\text{-}\sigma\tau\alpha\tau\text{-}\eta\varsigma$ ,  $\pi\rho\text{-}\sigma\tau\alpha\tau\text{-}\eta\varsigma$  etc.) one who presides over, esp. a high priest, deorum immortalium, Cic. dom. 2; caerimoniarium et sacerorum, 104; adsiuuae\* templi antistes, Liv. 1, 20, 3; Ionis, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 3; sacerorum, Iuv. 2, 113; perita\* antistes, Val. M. 1, 1, 1; 2. hence as title of a bishop, Iustin. Cod. 1, 3, 18 etc.; 3. a foreman or -woman, neque Enim singulis (uiuidentioribus) totidem antistes dare potest, Colum. 3, 21, 6; antistes\* latinarum, Tert. pall. 4 ad fin.; 4. met. high-priest, eius artis (dicendi), Cic. or. 2, 202; doctorum uirorum, Ov. tr. 3, 14, 1; ceterarum artium, Colum. 11, 1, 10; Platoni sapientiae antistiti, Plin. 7, 110; iuris, Quint. 11, 1, 69; see

**antistit-a**, (cf. hospita by the side of hospes) ae, f. one who presides, esp. a high-priestess, Veneri Veneri-aeque antistitae, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 10; add Att. 167 R; illius fani, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 99; Phoeibi, Ov. M. 13, 410; add Varro, Pollio etc. ap. Charis. p. 100, l. 23 K; Siluano sacer. Arete...antistita somno monita d., inser. Or. 2200.

**antistit-ium**, ii, n., dignity of an antistes, M. Cap. 2 p. 34 G, p. 39 Eyss.; 8 p. 302 G, p. 333, 21 E.

**Antistius**, (old Antestius), name of a plebeian gens, Antestia CIL 79; L. Autes(tius) Grag(ulus) 307; Vetus Antistius, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; add Plin. 33, 32; C. Antistium Regium, Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 1; cum coniuge Antistia, Tac. an. 14, 22.

**antisto**, (antesto\*), -stare, -stēti, vb. stand before, take precedence of, surpass, brassica omnibus oleribus antistat, Cato r. r. 156, 1; uirtute ceteris antistabat, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 9, 13; Herculis antistare autem si facta putabis, Lucret. 5, 22; Crotoniatae omnibus corporum uiribus antesteterunt\* Cic. inv. 2, 1, 2; omnibus e meis amicis Antistans, Catnl. 9, 2; eloqueutia antistat innocentiae, ps. Nep. Arist. 1; sol lumine ceteris astris antistat, Apul. Ascl. 29;

2. w. acc., uniuersi me unum antistatis, Q. Met. Nymida ap. Gell. 12, 9, 4; Scandinauia magnitudine ahas antestat\*, Mel. 3, 6; robore ceteros antistabat, Apul. M. 4, 8, but see Hildebrand's note,

**antistrēphōn**, i, adj. n. as sb., an argument that may be turned against one, Gell. 5, 11, 1.

**antistrōphē**, ēs, f., antistrōphou\*, i. u. a return-dance with verses answering to the strophe, reuersionem sinistror-sum factum...antistrophon\* appellabant, Mar. Victor. p. 58,



11 K; add p. 59, 10; in hymnis deorum per stropham et antistropham metra canoris uersibus adhibebantur, Macr. s. 8 c. 2, 3, 5.

**antithesis**, is, f. a substitution, as of one letter for another, as impete for impetu, Charis. 279, 16 K; Diom. 442, 28.

**antithēta**, orum, adj. n. pl. as sb. antithetical words or phrases, crimina rasis Librat in antithetis, Pers. 1, 85; Sallustium antithetis honesto compositis usum: alieni appetens sui profusus, Fronto ad Ant. 2, 6, p. 107 Naber; cf. Cic. or. 166; = contraposita, Quint. 9, 3, 81 and 102.

**antithōs**, i, adj. m. as sb. a falso representative of a god, Arnob. 4, 12; 2. the devil, Lact. 2, 9.

**Antium**, il, n. a coast town of Latium, a Roman colony, now Anzo, Liv. 1, 35, 6; 3, 1, 5; Hor. od. 1, 35, 1.

**Antius**, name of a Roman gens, C. Antius) CIL 593; Antia CIL 834; Antius Restio, Macr. s. 3, 17, 13; 2. lex Antia, a sumptuary law passed by him, id. ib.; Gell. 2, 24, 13.

**antizeugmenon**, see antezeugmenon.

**antlia**, ae, f. a treadmill for pumping water, Curua laboratas antlia tollit aquas, Mart. 9, 18, 4; in antliam condemnato, Suet. Tib. 51.

**Antōniānus**, adj. of Antonius; latrocinium, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 6; dicendi ratio, Verr. 2, 5, 32; partes, Vell. 2, 74, 3; Sen. ben. 2, 25, 1; orationes, Gell. 7, 11 etc.—Cicero's Philippics.

**Antōniaster**, tri, m. (cf. parasitaster, surdaster) m. dim. a little Antony, Cic. ap. Prise. 1, 113, 23 K; add 101, 22.

**Antōniānus**, adj. of Antoninus, paenulae, Lamp. Ant. Diad. 2, 8; edictum, 2, 9; pueros, 2, 10; plateas, Hcl. 24, 6; sodales, Capitol. Ant. Pi. 13, 4.

**Antōnias**, ādos, adj. f. as sb. a poem on the Antonini, Capit. Gord. 3, 3.

**Antōnius**, adj. or sb. a name denoting adoption from the gens Antonia, Capitol. Lampr. Ael. Sp.

**Antōnius**, name of a patrician and plebeian gens, C. Antonius M. f. CIL 204; T. Antonius Mereuda, Liv. 3, 35, 11; Antouiae gener, Tac. an. 13, 23; 2. as adj. Antonias leges fregisti, Cic. fam. 12, 14, 6.

**antōnōmāsia**, ae, f. an epithet in place of a proper name, Quint. 8, 6, 29 and 43; = pronomination of Cornif. ad Her. 4, 42.

**antōnōmāsius**, adj. of an epithet for a name, Tritonia antonōmāsius est Mineruae, Serv. ad A. 2, 171; aud 5, 703.

**antōnōmasticē**, adv. by the fig. antonomasia, gramm. ap. Senner. cat. bibl. Bern. p. 551.

**Antracius**, name of a gens, C. Antracius C. f., CIL 565.

**antras**, v. anerae.

**antrūare**, gratias referre, Fest. s. v.

**antrum**, i, n. a cave, grotto, cavern, Verg. B. 1, 76 etc.; Hor. od. 1, 5, 3 etc.; Ov. M. 1, 121 etc.; Macr. s. Sc. 1, 12, 3; 2. of a hollowed tree, Verg. G. 4, 44; 3. met. of a sedan, Iuv. 4, 21; 4. in late prose, any hollow, palati, Sid. ep. 9, 13; narium, 1, 2; pectoris, Prud. psych. 6 and 774.

**antus**, or anctus, part. of augo, antios (so mss by error) exercuciatos, Fest.; antos αναγκασθενας, Gloss.; antci ἀρχομενοι, Gloss.

**ānūcella**, ae, doub. dim. of anu-, ab anu anucella, Schol. Vet.

**ānūlāris**, e, (annulus) adj. of rings; hence anulare as sb. n. a white paint of chalk and glass rings, Plin. 35, 48.

**ānūlārius**, adj. of rings, creta (see above), Plin. 35, 46 and Vitr. 7, 14, 2; 2. as sb. m. a maker of rings, Cic. acad. pr. 86; inser. Or. 4144; 3. hence collegium a., CIL 1107 (bis).

**ānūlātus**, quasi-part. ringed, adorned with rings, incedunt cum anulatis auribus, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 21; pedes (seruorum), fettered, Apul. M. 9, 12 (cf. ānus a fetter).

**anulla**, ae? a reading of Naber for anucella in Fronto, p. 185, l. 2.

**Anullinus**, a Roman cognomen, C. Cornelio Anullino, inser. Grut. 313, 5.

**ānulus**, (or annulus from ānus=annus) i, m. dim.

a ring, esp. for sealing, anulo meo tabellas opsignatas, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 67; si in cera centum sigilla hoc anulo impresero, Cic. acad. pr. 86; cum tabulis testamenti anulum imprimerem, Sen. ep. 8, 6; uilissima utensilium anulo clausa, Tac. an. 2, 2; 2. orig. of iron for all, anulus in digito ferreus erat acque triumphantis et serui coronam sustineuit, Plin. 33, 10; etiam nunc sponsae muneris uice ferreus anulus mittitur, 33, 12; 3. a golden ring, as marking equestrian rank, anulo equestri, Hor. s. 2, 7, 53; D. Laberius donatus u sestetiliis et anulo aurco sessum in quatuordecim transit, Suet. Caes. 39; promissum ius annulorum cum milibus quadringenis, 33; Asiaticum libertum aureis donauit anulis super ceuam, quum mane...detestatus esset talem equestris ordinis maculam, Suet. Vit. 12; add Plin. 33, 32; 4. in later times worn by all ingenui, and finally at times by libertini, is qui ius anulorum impetrauit, ut libertinus habetur, Paul. dig. 40, 10, 5; add Ulp. 40, 10, 6; 5. worn chiefly on left hand, quum saepius digitum laeuae manus ostentans affirmaret se...anulum aequo animo detracturum sibi, Suet. Caes. 33; nec sine anulo lacuis, Ner. 20; 11 6. of other uses, ferram seram anulumque, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 23; uelaris a., curtain rings, Plin. 13, 62; uirgei anuli, of myrtle wood, 15, 124; link of a chain, Mart. 3, 29, 2; ring of a fetter, 11, 37, 3; tendril of a vine, Cacl. Aur. tard. 1, 9; 8, 150; an ornament in architecture, Vitr. 4, 3 p. 91, l. 24 R; 7. the anus, Cato r. r. 159.

**ānus**, anus, anui [old crude form anuc or rather son-uc-, corresponding to sen-ec-; cf. socrus by the side of socer, nurus (for gonurus) by gener] f. an old woman, Quibus anus domi sunt uxores, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 124; Excita cum tremulis anus attulit artubus lumen, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; quae est anus tam delira quae timeat ista, Cic. Tusc. 1, 48; anum fatidicam, N. D. 1, 18; 2. g. anus, Eius anus (pron. anwis) causa opinor quae erat mortua, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 46; add Varr. ap. Nou. 494, 25; 3. d. anui, uindemia haec huic anui non satis solist, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 9; 4. nom. anus as monos.=ān (cf. sen of senis etc., and puer for puerus), Tam hoc scit me habere quam egomct: anns fecit palam, Pl. Anl. 3, 6, 12; Sicut haec anus: quantillum sicut? Modicast, capit quadrantal, Curc. 1, 2, 8; Anus quaedam prodit: haec ubi aperit ostium, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 35; add 2, 3, 37; 3, 3, 39; 11 5. as adj. f., old, carta, Catul. 68, 46 cf. γερων γραμμα (see R. Ellis ad l.); Mart. 12, 4, 4; terra, Plin. 17, 35; (fici) anns, 15, 82; testa, Mart. 1, 105, 4.

**ānus**, (=annus, wh. see) i, m. a ring, as of a fetter, Dum compediti aut anum lima praeterunt, Aut lapido excutunt clauom, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 9; 2. the anus, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 2; Cels. 4, 25; 6, 18, 7.

**Anxantinus**, adj. of Anxantum a town of Italy, Plin. 3, 106.

**Anxāni**, adj. a people of Italy, Plin. 3, 106.

**Anxās**, ātis, adj. of Anxanum, inser. Mur. 367, 1.

**Anxiānus**, adj. of Anxia a town of Italy, Frontin. col. p. 125; inser. Roman. 3, p. 56.

**anxiē**, see anxious.

**anxiētās**, (auxius, cf. societas fm socius) ātis, f. an anxious habit, iracundia ab ira differt, ut differt anxietas ab angore, Cic. Tusc. 4, 27; add Tac. or. 23; 2. torture of mind, great distress, diuorti anxietate mortuum, Plin. 7, 186; 3. anxiety, tandem grauatum animi anxietate corpus altior somnus oppressit, Curt. 4, 13, 17; 4. painful care, stilli, Tac. or. 39; quaerendi, Quint. 8 pr. 9; add 1, 7, 33; Gell. 1, 3, 12.

**anxiētūdo**, inis, f. the same, August. conf. 9, 3; Paul. Nol. ep. 14.

**anxiētē**, ēri, adj. bringing anxiety, torturing, Cic. poet. div. 1, 22; Tusc. 2, 21.

**anxiō**, āre, vb. make anxious, torturo, Apul. M. 4, 27 f.

**anxiōsus**, adj. full of torture, somnus difficilis uel anxiosus, et magis post cibum (of nightmare?), Cael. morb. chron. 3, 8, 103; add 3, 7, 95. Hence, and not from anxious, E. anxious.

**anxiētūdo**, inis, f. anxietas, Vbi cura est, ibi a., Att. (bis), Pacuv., Cic. rep. ap. Nou. 72.



**anxius**, (ango strangle) adj. anxious, as a habit (cf. Cic. Tusc. 4, 27), at sunt morosi et anxii...senes, Cic. sen. 65; add *lin.* 2, 55; **2.** tortured for the time, distressed, greatly vexed, as under a sense of wrong, envy, danger etc., ex eo tempore ira et metu anxius moliri, Sal. Lug. 11, 8; ne qua seditio oriretur anxius, erat 6, 3; quo clarior, eo magis anxius erat, 55, 4; hunc Marius anxium aggreditur, 65, 3; anxius erat dubitans in maximo scelere tantis ciuibus deprehensis quid facto opus esset, Sal. Cat. 46, 2; his anxius enris, Liv. 21, 2, 1; iam ante anxius gloria eius, 25, 40, 12; inuidiā, Tac. an. 1, 14; anxii odiis, h. 2, 92; cuius pro salute hoc sum magis anxius quod unicus factus est, Plin. ep. 4, 21, 4; so far of persons; **3.** distressing, causing or accompanied by anxiety, aegritudines, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; anxius angor, Lucr. 3, 993; curae, Liv. 1, 56, 4; timor, Verg. 9, 89; spina accessu propter aculeos anxio, Plin. 12, 33; elegantia orationis, Gell. 15, 7; **4.** w. gen. of cause, about which, fuit anxia furti, Ov. M. 1, 623; uitae tuae, her. 19, 198; potentiae, Tac. an. 4, 12 f.; sui, h. 3, 38; nepotum securitatis, Plin. 15, 74; **5.** w. animi, an old dat. tortured in mind, Sall. ap. Arus. Mess. and hence by false analogy a. mentis, Albiu. 1, 398; **II** 6. anxii adv., Sall. Jug. 82, 3; Plin. 11, 273; Suet. Ner. 23.

**Anxur**, ūris, m. \* and n. a coast town of Latium, called by Romans Terracina Volsceulus Anxur, Enn. ap. Paul. ex Festo; Hor.\* s. 1, 5, 26; Liv.\* 8, 21, 11; Mart. 5, 1, 4; 6, 42, 6; Plin. 3, 59; Fest. s. v.; **2.** an epithet of Iuppiter, Iouis Axur, on a denarius of the gens Vibia, Eckhel 5, 340. See Anxurus.

**Anxurnās**, ātis, adj. of Anxur, Liv. 27, 38, 4.

**Anxūrus**, ī, m. epithet of Iuppiter as worshipped at Anxur, Verg. 7, 799.

**āpāgē**, vb. imper. take away, away with, apage a me istum agrum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 136; a. istum circumductorem, Most. 3, 2, 160; a. illum a me, Epid. 5, 2, 8; add Bac. 3, 1, 5; Merc. 1, 2, 23; Apage in directum a domo nostra istam insanitatem, Varr. s. 134, 5 R; **2.** esp. apage te take yourself off, be gone, Apage, apage te a me nunciam post hunc diem, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 6; add Amph. 2, 1, 32; Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 65; a. te cum nostro S. Seruilio, Vatin. ad Cic. 5, 10, 1; **3.** absol. come none of that, Apage, non placet mi hoc noctis: cenauī modo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 154; add Capt. 2, 1, 15; Mil. 2, 2, 55 etc.; **4.** often w. sis, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 15; Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 18; Afran. ap. Nou. 427, 33; cf. ἀπαγε σεαυτον, Aristoph. ran. 853.

**āpāla**, (ἀπαλα) ona, soft-boiled eggs, Apic. 7, 329, opposed to oua dura, 286; to cruda, 298; as Greek, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 7, 104.

**āpālāre**, (apālāre or apālāre), āris, adj. n. as sb. an egg-spoo, Auson. ep. 21, 1; apālāre = cochleare, Gloss. Isid.; apālāre, Asper 43, 3 K.

**āparctias**, ae, m. north wind, = septentrio, Plin. 2, 119; in Gr. Gell. 2, 22, 15.

**āpārīne**, ēs, f. a plant, galium Aparīne L.; Plin. 27, 32.

**āpāthia**, ae, f. apathy, Gell. 19, 12, 10.

**ape** = prohibe, Fest. s. v.; = κωλυσον, Gloss.

**āpēliōtes**, ae, m. east wind, = supsolanus, Plin. 2, 119.

**Āpello**, old form for Apollo, Fest. p. 22.

**apenarius**, (?) adj. as eb. a buffoon, Treb. Gall. 8, 3.

**Apenninus** etc., see Apenninus.

**āper**, apri, (καπρος) m. a wild-boar, Iam ego uno in saltu lepide apros capiam duos, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 40; de subius nemini ignotum nisi qui apros non putat sues uocari, Varr. r. 2, 1, 5; cum Erymanthio apro, Cic. Tusc. 4, 49; Ant aeris uenabor apros, Verg. B. 10, 56; **2.** esp. as a dish, quanta est gula, quae sibi totos Ponit apros, animal propter conuivia natum, Iuv. 1, 140; add Apic. 330—340; **3.** of a wild sow, Phaedr. 2, 4, 9 has aprum iusidiosum (-am?) and then saetosae suis and her procellos; so Varro l. 1. 8, 24 says: habent quaedam (uoeces) binas (formas) ut ceruus cerua, quaedam singulas, ut aper; **4.** prov. see Pl. above; and liquidis immisi fontibus apros, Verg. B. 2, 59; **5.** once a military standard, Plin. 10, 16; **6.** a fish (καπρος of Arist. Il. A. 4, 9), is qui aper uocatur in Acheloo grunnitum habet, Plin. 11, 267; **7.** as a cognomen, Tac. or. 2; A. Laelius Aper, inscr. Grut. 692, 8.

**āp-ēr-īo**, īre, ūi, tus, vb. [root ap, prob. = E. ope, whence op-en, D. open-en from a prep. op = E. up, and so = L. sub; so that older form was prob. sub-erire, wh. would save Rask's law of b Lat. = p E.: cf. for suffix op-erio, sep-elio, whose root sep = θαρ of θαρτω. Cf. for meaning G. auf-thun and E. d' up], open, as first of doors etc. forem (foris), Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 10 etc.; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 13 etc.; ostium, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 34 etc.; poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 35 etc.; aud abs. Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 37; ianuam, Bac. 3, 1, 11; portas, Caes. b. c. 1, 18, 2; 3, 11, 4; **2.** of the whole (building etc.) so opened, aedis, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 74; Pers. 1, 2, 28 etc.; baccanal, Aul. 3, 1, 7; fauum, Curc. 1, 3, 48; **3.** of other objects, thesaurum, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 74; cistulam, Amph. 2, 2, 155; patinas, Ps. 3, 2, 52; oculos, Cic. Mil. 35; (forem) noctu comprimens aperire incipit solis exortu, Plin. 12, 40; **4.** open (by piercing a wall), in eo pariete medio ostium lumen aperito, CIL 577, 11; aperto pariete communi nullo iure fenestras immisisse, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 40; aperto pariete ianuam in publico aperuit, Scaev. ib. 41; **5.** of parts of the body, uncover, lay bare, open, eam sortem braciocque aperto literam digiteis operam (ad sitellam afferto), CIL 198, 52; brachium, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 12; caput, Capt. 3, 1, 15; Afran. 106 R; Cic. Phil. 2, 77; Varr. s. 125, 3 R; suras, Turp. 46; Varr. s. 166, 9; nates, ib.; partis corporis, Cic. off. 1, 129; pectus, Ov. M. 2, 339; apterae pectora matres, 13, 688; **6.** but aperto latere, on the exposed flank, i. e. the right, as unguarded by shields, Caes. b. g. 1, 25; 2, 23; also caput a., as mark of respect, Sal. hist. 5, ap. Non. 236; Plin. 28, 60; fuste a. caput, split open, Iuv. 9, 98; **7.** of letters and met. fenestram, Suet. Tib. 28; cf. Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72; epistolam, Cic. Att. 5, 11, 7; 6, 3, 8; litteras, 1, 13, 2; testamentum, Plin. 7, 177; Suet. Caes. 83; Aug. 17; **8.** as by digging of earth, fundamenta templi, Liv. 1, 55, 5; subterraneos specus, Tac. G. 16; puteum, Ulp. dig. 39, 2, 24, 12; **9.** and so of springs, si qui se fontes penitus absconditos aperuisse dicat, auct. ad Her. 4, 9; aud met. philosophiae fontes, Cic. Tusc. 1, 6; consiliorum fontes, ad Brut. 1, 10, 3; eloquentiae fontes, Quiet. 6, 1, 51; **10.** a road, liquidas uias, Lucr. 1, 373; fero iter aperiendum est, Sal. Cat. 58; incendio uiam, Liv. 6, 2, 10; Nec soēlis āpērīrē uiam... audent, Verg. 11, 884; cui uiam strage hostium aperiret, Tac. an. 2, 21; and met. eursum ad laudem, Cic. Phil. 14, 17; dignitas tua reditum ad tuos aperuit, fam. 6, 11, 5; occasionem ad inuadendum, Liv. 4, 53, 9; add 9, 27, 2; **11.** open, lay open, i. e. make accessible, qui Europa domita inegnotum famae aperuerunt armis orbem terrarum, Liv. 42, 52, 14; uer aperit nauigantibus maria, Plin. 2, 122; omnes terras fortibus uiris natura aperuit, Tac. h. 4, 64; add an. 2, 70 f.; G. 1, 1; Eoas (gentes), Lucan. 4, 352; pelagus quantos aperimus in usus, Val. Fl. 1, 169; Britanniam, Mela 3, 6; **12.** lay open to view, show, quum dispulsa nebula aperuisset aciem, Liv. 22, 6, 9; add 26, 17, 14; 27, 2, 10; unda dehiscens Terram inter fluctus āpērīt, Verg. 1, 111; ramum qui ueste latebat, 6, 406; **13.** open, i. e. begin, Candidus auratis āpērīt cum cornibus annum Taurus, Verg. G. 1, 217; contigit prinatis aperire annum (as consuls), Plin. pan. 58; **14.** open (an institution), ludum (a school), Cic. fam. 9, 18, 1; Suet. rhet. 4; scholam, Suet. gram. 16; asyllum, Liv. 1, 8, 5; **15.** open (the purse strings so to say), nec ita claudenda est res familiaris ut eam benignitas aperire non possit, nec..., Cic. off. 2, 55; **16.** but Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2 de Oppio factum est ut uolui et maxime quod DCCC (se. sestertia) apernisti (cf. exposuisti of 5, 4, 3), gave notice that the mouey was ready for payment; **II** 17. of the mind, make known (what was previously hidden), open, disclose, state, show, explain, expound, expose, lay bare, divulge, tua flagitia, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 38; tua probra, Truc. 4, 2, 50; facinora, 4, 3, 21; Senes qui primi ueniunt, hi partem āpērīent (se. argumenti), Ter. Ad. pr. 23; occultata quaedam aperrī, Cic. fin. 1, 30; inuolutae rei notitia definiendo aperiunda est, or. 116; coniurationem, Sal. Cat. 40, 6; rem omnem, 41, 4; and 45, 1; consilium, 22, 2; utriusque mores, 53 f.; add Clu. 66; uerum, Sal. Jug. 33, 4; socios sceleris, 33, 3; casus futuros, Ov. M. 15, 559; futura, Tac. h. 2, 4; **18.**



absol. Graiugena: de isto(e) aperit ipsa oratio, Pacuv. 364R; si de clementia nostra aperiemus, auct. ad Her. 2, 50;

19. as r., Tum coacti necessario se āperiunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 8; Et formidatus nautis aperitur Apollo, Verg. 3, 275; studioque āperimūr in ipso, Ov. a. a. 3, 371; dum se ipsa res aperiret, ps. Nep. Paus. 3 f.; latius se aperiente materia, Quint. 1 pr. 3; 20. w. interr. si quid parentibus nostris casurum sit aperiemus, auct. ad Her. 2, 50; quid sentirent ap., ps.-Nep. Eum.; add Them. 8, 6; 21. w. acc. and inf. cum decretae in se prorae hostes adpropinquare aperuissent, Liv. 44, 28, 11; 22. aperibo old fut. Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 50; Pomp. 173 R; 23. apertus, part. open, not shut, aedes (pl.), Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 18; aedes (s.), Bac. 4, 8, 60; foris, Stich. 1, 2, 30; portae, Verg. 8, 585; II 24. as adj. open, clear, caelum. Cic. div. 1, 2; locus, Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 3; campus, Verg. G. 2, 280; 25. esp. of the sky, cloudless, caelum, Verg. 1, 161; aether, 1, 591; add G. 1, 393; 26. uncovered, bare, caput, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 16; opp. to opertus, Cic. sen. 34; Varr. ap. Non. 236, 25 (bis); 27. of ships, open, undecked, opp. to constrata or tecta, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 104; Liv. 31, 22, 8; 32, 21, 27; bell. Alex. 11, 1; 13, 4; 28. met. sinultates, Cic. Man. 71; animum, fam. 1, 9, 22; dolor, Att. 8, 3, 4; III 29. apertum, aperta, as sb. n. w. prep. (the open), per apertum fugientis, Hor. od. 3, 12, 13; castris in aperto positus, Liv. 1, 33, 4; in aperta prodeunt, Plin. 8, 117; uolantem in aperto, 10, 22; in aperta Oceani, Tac. an. 2, 23; and met. Sal. Iug. 5, 3; Tac. h. 3, 56; Agr. 1; 30. comp. Cic. Clu. 48; Liv. 32, 21, 26; 31. sup. Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 42; Mur. 51; IV 32. aperte adv. openly, Cic. or. 38 etc.; Tac. an. 11, 28; 33. comp. Cic. Att. 16, 3, 5; Tac. an. 13, 1; 34. sup. Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 156; 35. usual der. from ad-pario neither sense suits, nor ā, nor perf. aperui.

Āperta, ae, m. the Opener, epithet of Apollo, Paul. ex F. 22.

āpertibilis, (aperib.) adj. opening, Cael. Anr. 3, 3, 24; 3, 4, 34.

āpertio, ōnis, f. opening, Varr. r. 1, 63, 1; Pall. 1, 6, 4; Apul. M. 11, 20; 2. anatomy, Cael. Anr. ac. 8, 57.

āpertius, adj. opening, Cael. Anr. 3, 4, 40.

āperto, āre, vb. frq. keep opening, cur apertas bracium? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 12.

āpertor, ōris, m. one who opens, Tert. Marcion. 2, 3 f.

āpertulārius, adj. as sb. m. one who opens, Isid. Thom. Thes. p. 52; = θυρ-επανοικτης, Gloss.

āpertūr-a, f. [apertor] act of opening, Vitruv. 4, 6, 6; tabularum, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 3, 4; 2. an opening, an aperture, Vitruv. 5, 5, 1; 10, 9, 1.

āpes, see apis.

āpex, icis, m. [for acex as softer; cf. forpex, irpex, spexto (esp. in Key's Essays, p. 234), apic- crude form of apis, whence apic-ula; root ac, as iu ac-nas, ac-uo etc. and ακμη, ακρον; ec suff. of dim. as in cim-ex etc.] lit. a little point or summit, apicem tamen (sc. galeae) incita summum Hasta tulit summasque excussit uertice cristas, Verg. 12, 492; add 10, 270; (capitis), 2, 683; apes...Obsedere apicem (sc. lauri), 7, 66; apicemque per aera duxit (sc. flamma), Ov. M. 10, 279; nec nisi uolucris apices—crests, Plin. 11, 121; (obelisci), 36, 72; montis, Sil. 12, 709; Iuv. 12, 72; signorum, Amm. 26, 7, 17; 2. esp. a point on the summit of the cap of the flamen Dialis, called albogalerus, cui affigebatur apex nigra oleagina, Panl. ex F. 10 M; Quei apice(m) insigne Dial(is) (fl)aminis gestistei, CIL 33; 3. hence the cap itself, nodum in apice (flamen Dialis) neque in cinctu neque in alia parte ullum habet, Fab. Pict. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 9; sine apice sub diuo esse licitum non est, ib.; cullibet apicem Diale(m), dummodo homo sit, imponamus, Liv. 6, 41, 9; Q. Sulpicio inter sacrificandum e capite apex prolapsus idem sacerdotum abstulit, Val. M. 1, 1, 5; homo honestus non apice insignis, Sen. ap. Lact. 17, 6; (faleis) uelut apex...muero uocatur, the muero or point on the round summit of the vine-dresser's sickle being like a priest's apex, Colum. 4, 25, 1; 4. the tiara or diadem of any monarch, ab aquila Tarquinio apicem impositum, Cic. leg. 1, 4; cf. Liv. 1, 34, 8; Antoninus apicis nobilitatus auctoritate, Amm. 18, 5, 6; cf. Antoninus...sublata tiara, ib. 8, 5; hence

(alluding to Tiridates), hinc apicem rapax Fortuna...sus-tulit, Hor. od. 1, 34, 14; apicem sibi poscit in astris, Stat. Th. 10, 872; 5. of other dignities, sub quoquo apice potestatis, Theod. Cod. 8, 15, 6; add 6, 28, 7; 6. met. summit of honour, apex est senectutis auctoritas, Cic. sen. 60; summae potestatis, Amm. 26, 6, 10; dignitatum, 30, 8, 10; perfectionis, Aruob. 2, 49; 7. a minute point, a small matter, neque apex ullus ullius praetermissus, Arn. 3 init.

apexabo, ōnis, f. a kind of sausage (farcium), Varr. 1, 5, 22; Arnob. 7, p. 229.

aphaca, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 380.

aphaerēma, ātis, n. a kind of grits, Plin. 18, 112.

āphaerēsis, is, f. [removal] a grammatical figure, de-capitatio of a word, fit per detractionem, ut temnere pro contemnere, Char. 278, 15; contraria prothesi, Diom. 441, 22.

āphanticus, (af.) adj. disappearing, Th. C. 13, 11, 3; 5, 15, 3.

āphractus, adj. as sb. f. (sc. nauis) an undecked or open boat, aphractorum, Cic. Att. 5, 13, 1; aphractus Rhodiorum, ib. 6, 8, 4; αφρακτα, as n. pl. ib. 5, 11, 4.

āphrōdēs, adj. foamy, mecona aphrode, Plin. 27, 119; add Apul. herb. 53.

āphrōdisiāca, adj. f. as sb. (sc. gemma) a gem, Plin. 37, 148.

āphron, i, n. a kind of wild poppy, Plin. 20, 207; see aphrodes.

āphrō-nitrum, (afr.) i, n. froth of nitre or natron, potash, Plin. 31, 113; Mart. 14, 58, 2; Stat. silu. 4, 9, 37.

apthae, ārum, f. pl. mouth-ulcers, apthae, Marc. Emp. 11; iu Gr., Cels. 6, 11.

apthicus? a faulty reading for atypus in Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10; Gell. 4, 2.

apnye, Gr. form of apua, wh. see.

āpiāc-ius, adj. of parsley, Hyg. fab. 74.

āpiāc-us, adj. as if made of parsley, like parsley, altera (brassica) apiacon uocatur, Cato r. 157, 2; quoted by Plin. 19, 136 w. apiacam.

āpiānus, adj. of bees, hence, (uitis), Muscatel vine, Colum. 3, 2, 17; uua, 12, 39, 3; Plin. 14, 24; (uinum), Colum. 12, 47, 6; 2. apiana (sc. herba), a plant, Apul. herb. 23.

āpiārius, adj. of bees; hence as sb. m. bee-master, Plin. 21, 56; add inscr. Or. 6655 (wh. Mommsen cj. Arkari); 2. apiarium, as sb. n. collection of bee-hives, Colum. 9, 8, 13; apiaria uulgus dicit loca, in quibus...aluei apum, Gell. 2, 20, 8.

āpiastellum, i, n. dim. the plant batrachion, Apul. herb. 8.

āpiastra, ae, f. a bird that preys on bees, Serv. G. 4, 14.

āpiastrum, i, n. dim. wild parsley = μελισοφυλλον, frequented by bees, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Colum. 9, 8, 13; Plin. 21, 53 and 70.

āpiātus, quasi-part. [apium] ornamented as if with parsley, (mensae), Plin. 13, 97.

āpicānus, adj. of Apicium, coctura, Plin. 19, 143; sala cottabia, Apic. 4, 117; opellae, 7, 266; ius, 8, 376.

āpicus, ii. adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, celebrated as gourmands, Apicinus nepotum omnium altissimus genus, Plin. 10, 133; add 9, 66; 8, 209; Ipse quoque ad cenam gaudēbat Apicium ire, Mart. 2, 69, 3; 2. as adj. uuae, Cato r. 24, 1; uinum, 6, 4; Varr. r. 1, 25; add Plin. 14, 46.

āpicla, (= Apicula) f. [little bee] a cognomen, inscr. Grut. 661, 8.

āpic-ūla, ae, f. dim. a little bee, Egon āpicularum con-gestum opera non feram? Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 10; add Plin. 7, 85; 2. hence Fr. abeille.

āpiculārius, adj. as sb. m. bee-master, M. Liuii L. l. apicular., inser. Mur. 909, 11.

āpiculum, filium quo flamines uelatum apicem gerunt, Paul. ex F. p. 23.

āpicus, adj. [α-πικος?] without wool, oues, Varr. r. 2, 2, 3; Plin. 8, 198; Paul. ex F. 25.

Apiennātes, pl. a people of Umbria, Plin. 3, 114.



**apinae**, arum, trifles, apinae tricaeque, Mart. 14, 1, 7; add 1, 113, 2; so called from two petty towns Apina and Trica in Calabria says Plin. 3, 104 f.

**apinarius**, see apenarius.

**Apōiāe**, arum, f. a town of Latium, Liv. 1, 35, 7; Plin. 3, 70.

**āpis**, is, f. (crude form apic-, and so for ac-ic-wh. ac'sharp') a bee (as little stinger), Nihil moror mihi fucum in alveo, āpibus qui peredit cibum, Pl. fr. 1, 120 of Delphin. ed.; apīs aculeum sine clamore ferre non possumus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; add Varr. r. 3, 16, 4; 2. gen. commonly apium, as: Melliferarum āpium sine membris corpora nasci, Ov. M. 15, 383; Nec densae trepidis apium se inuoluere nubes, Sil. 8, 637; so Cic. off. 1, 157; sen. 54; div. 1, 73; Liv. 4, 33, 4; 27, 23, 3 (so Put.); Colum. ninth book, 5, 5; 8, 8; 11, 1; 13, 4; Plin. 11, 46 and 50; but apum in Liv. 21, 46, 2; 24, 10, 11 (so Put.); 3. apes as nom. sing., Prisc. 1, 241, 18 K.

**ap-iscor**, i, aptus, vb. r. [āp-o = ἀπ of ἀπρω fasten; cf. § 7] fasten for oneself—and so get hold of, catch, overtake, get to, Tace sis modo: sine me hominem apisci, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 3; cf. ut tu es gradibus grandibus! Nam nt apnd portum te conspexi, curriculo ocepi sequi: Vix adipiscendi (so Gepp., bnt apiscendi?) potestas modo fuit, 1, 1, 12; postero d(i) legatos Iguuium redeuntis apiscitur, Sis. ap. Non. 68, 24; cf. Att. 436 R; terram radicibus apti, Lucr. 5, 808; occultandi sui causa an maris apiscendi? Cic. Att. 8, 14, 3; in Turpil. 10, mss have adipisci; 2. w. more abstract acc. get hold of, win, gain, obtain, get, (Ita) sine sacris hereditatem snm aptus eferitissumam, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 8; de dictis melioribus Quibus solemam menstrualis epulas ante apiscier, 3, 1, 23; litem, Rud. pr. 17; Deorum nitam apti (so Bomb. pr. m.; al. adepti agst. metre) sumus, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 15; but in Ph. 2, 3, 59 all mss have adipiscier; Quod ego in acie celebrō (= crebro, adv.) obiectans uitam bellando aptus sum, Pacuv. 168 R; purpuramque aptae simus, Titin. 2 R; Vt ego effugiam quod te in primis cupere apisci intellego, Lucil. ap. Non. 74; te magnam ex ea re laudem apisci, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 6; Quis dum aliquid cupiens animus praegestit āpisci, Catul. 64, 145; qui id flaminium apisceretur, 4, 16; add 3, 31; 4, 59; 6, 9 (3); 6, 26 (20); 13, 21; Man. 3, 145; 3. gerundive w. noun in same case, quous apiscendi causa, Cic. leg. 1, 52; maris apiscendi (causa), Att. 8, 14, 3; apiscendae potentiae, Tac. an. 4, 59; (artis) apiscendae, 6, 20; apiscendo imperio, 13, 21; spes apiscendi honoris, Liv. 4, 3, 7; desperatio apiscendi honoris, 4, 6, 10; summa apiscendi libido, Tac. an. 4, 1; 4. of things not desirable, as death, disease, catch, Postquam est mortem aptus Plautus, comoedia luget, Plaut. ap. Gell. 1, 24, 3; nullo cessabant tempore āpisci Ex aliis alios auidi contagia morbi, Lucr. 6, 1235; 5. of ideas, conceive, Nec ratione animi quam quisquam possit āpisci, Lucr. 1, 448; 6. rarely w. a gen. as in: nihil abuuentem dum dominationis apisceretur, Tac. an. 6, 51 (45); II 7. as a pass., be caught, be won, Non acetate uerum ingenio apiscitur (so A., al. adip.) sapientia, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 86; Ita ui Veneris unctus, otio) aptus (so A., al. captus) in fraudem incidi, 3, 2, 32; amitti quam apisci, Fab. Max. ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 7 K; haec apiscuntur, ib. 9; 8. esp. in part. perf. aptus, fastened, tied together, connected, Velnti (= nel'ti) si quando unclis uenatica uelox Aptā solet canis..., Enn. an. 345 V; coniugio...Corporis atque animae consistinus uniter apti, Lucr. 3, 846; omnia inter se apta et conexa, Cic. fin. 4, 53; apta inter se et cohaerentia, N. D. 3, 4; facilius est apta dissoluere quam dissipata conecere, Cic. or. 235; gladium e lacunari saeta equina aptum demitti iussit, Tusc. 5, 62; socordius ire milites ocepere, non aptis armis, Sal. hist. ap. Non. 235; 9. w. ex, made up (of) by their union, quartum (geus) aptum ex illis tribus, Cic. fin. 2, 47; qua ex coniunctione caelum ita aptum est, ut sub aspectum et tactum cadat, Tim. 5; nemo potest non beatissimus esse qui est totus aptus ex sese, parad. 17; cui uiro ex se ipso apta sunt omnia, Tusc. 5, 36; fatum est series rerum explicans (sese) per aeternos consequentiae ordines ex quibus apta nexaque est, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 1; 10. hence fastened to and hanging from, depeudent (ou), honestum ex quo aptum

est officium, Cic. off. 1, 60; non ex uerbis aptum pendere ius, Caecin. 52; 11. the same w. mere abl., ista rudentibus apta fortuna, Cic. Tusc. 5, 40; uita modica et apta uirtute perfrui, leg. 56; 12. as the constr. apere uincla caui, might give way to, apere canem uinclis (abl.), so aptus having fastened to it, bound (with), fitted (with), furnished (with), caelum...stellis fulgentibus aptum, Enn. an. 30 and 162 V; Verg. 11, 202; nox stellis ardentibus apta, Enn. an. 343; axem stellis ardentibus aptum, Verg. 4, 482; O Fides alma, apta pinnis et ius iurandum Iouis, Enn. tr. 410; geminis aptum cornibus, Att. 660 R; 13. met. compact, cum sint (uerba) ex aptis dissoluta, and soon after: efficiatur aptum illud quod fuerit antea diffluens ac solum, Cic. or. 233; ut aptior sit oratio, ipsa uerba compone et quasi coagmenta, Brut. 68; III 14. as adj., fitting closely, fitting, first phys., apti ad pedem (calcei), Cic. or. 1, 231; quo iugum melius aptum ceruicibus incidat, Col. 2, 2, 22; 15. gen. fitted (for), suited, suitable, well adapted, as with ad, laneum pallium ad omne anni tempus aptum, Cic. N. D. 3, 83; locus ad insidias utri fuerit aptior, Mil. 53; ad istius nequitiam aptum, Verr. 2, 2, 134; ad dicendum, or. 1, 99; minus aptos ad huius generis hostem, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 1; castra ad bellum ducendum aptissima, b. c. 2, 37, 5; fornices in muro apti ad excurrendum, Liv. 36, 23, 3; 16. w. dat., uti non omnia...rebus sint omnibus apta, Lucr. 6, 961; aptissimos turbulentis contionibus, Cic. Brut. 223; haec genera dicendi aptiora sunt adolescentibus, ib. 326; ut iudicare difficile sit cui aetati fuerit aptissimus, Nep. Att. 16, 1; Serulius lenibus remediis aptior, Liv. 2, 23, 15; apta dies sacrificio, 1, 45, 6; portus puppibus aptos, Ov. M. 3, 596; luctibus aptos...fetus, 4, 160; Aptum equis Argos, Hor. od. 1, 7, 9; amicis aptus, s. 2, 5, 43; Armis apta...tellus, Prop. 3, 22, 19; Parilibus aptissime, Plin. 19, 69; 17. rarely w. in and acc., genere pugnat in quod minime apti sunt, Liv. 38, 21, 7; formas deus aptus in omnes, Ov. M. 14, 765; 18. w. rel., fit to..., nulla uidebatur aptior persona quae de illa aetate loqueretur, Cic. am. 4; Est mihi quae lanas molliat apta manus, Ov. her. 3, 70; quod uenti aptiores Romanae quam suae classi flarent, Liv. 25, 27, 8; 19. w. inf. in poet., (Circe) apta uel herbis Aptaque uel cantu ueteres mutare figuras, Tib. 4, 1, 63; Sed puer est, aetas mollis et apta regi, Ov. a. a. 1, 10; IV 20. apte adv., closely (of fitting), apte cohaeret, Cic. Tim. 5; cothurni laus ad pedem apte conuenire, fin. 3, 46; ut inter se quae aptissime cohaereant, or. 149; 21. suitably, fitly, apte dicere, Cic. off. 1, 2; ut comprehensio numero et apte cadat, or. 149; equite apte locato, Liv. 4, 37, 8; qualia aptius suis referentur locis, Plin. 2, 153.

**āplum**, ii, n. (apius\* m. in Apic.) parsley, Et uirides āpto ripae, Verg. G. 4, 121; add Plin. 19, 123; 2. used to crown victors, honos (apiti) corouare uictores sacri certaminis Nemeae, 19, 158; Graeque apium meruisse coronae, Iuv. 8, 226; add Dio 63, 9; Lucian. Auach. 9; cf. Mayor ad Iuv.; 3. as a convivial wreath, Neu desunt epulis rosae Neu niuax apium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; Deproperare apio coronas, 2, 7, 24; add 4, 11, 3; and στεφανισκος... Διονυσω of Anaer.; 4. of other wreaths, Floribus atque apio crinis ornatus amaro, Verg. B. 6, 68; 5. much used in cookery, apios\* uirides cum suis radicibus lauabis... aquam apiorum decoctorum colabis...apios\* adicies, Apic. 65; add 74, 227, 228 and 288; 6. esp. the seed, apy semen, Apic. 29, 52, 77, 133; 7. note the pl. in § 5; 8. old crude form prob. apioe-, whence adj. apiac-us; cf. too G. eppich, and note Marcel. Emp. de apio: apium dictum quod apex hanc (se. herbam) ferre solebat Apicus, ueterum fieret dum more triumphus.

**āpius**, i, = apium? Pall. 5, 3, 2; cf. porrus = porrum.

**aplūda**, ae (?) f. chaff, bran, Non hercle aplūdast hodie quam tu nequior, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. s.v.; add Pl. (?), Astraba fab. ap. Non. 64, 34; mili et panici et sesinae purgamenta aplūdum uocant, Plin. 18, 99; add Gell. 11, 7, 3; 2. sorbitious genus, Paul. ex F. 10, 14.

**āplūstra**, pl. n. see aplustria § 2.

**āplūstra**, n. see aplustria § 3.

**āplūstrīa**, (as from aplustrum or aplustre) n. pl. [prob.



corrupted from *ακροστολια* n. pl. with p for k, l for r and then by compensation r for l; *απλαστα* n. pl. for *απλαστρα*, another corruption] a fan-like ornament of wood on the stern of a ship, to wh. flags were attached, (s. Rich's Companion), and so pl. of a single ship, Fulgent Argoae stellis aplustria puppis, Caes. in Arato ap. Prisc. 1, 351, 3 K; Et transtra et mali laceroque aplustria uelo, Sil. 10, 325; add 14, 422; Arguiamque ratem per āplustria\* summa...subit, Manil. 1, 692; Inconcuessa uehit tranquillus āplustria\* flatus: Mollia securo uela rudente tremunt, Rutil. itin. 1, 513; aplustria nauium ornamenta, quae...etiam amplustria dicebantur, Paul. ex Festo. 2. *aplustra*, n. pl. the same, *aplustra πτερον πλοιας, ὡς Ἐννιος*, Gloss. Labb.; *clauda uidentur Nauigia aplustris fractis obnitier undae*, Lucr. 4, 437; *fluitantia āplustra\**, 2, 555; *Nauibus absumptis fluitantia quaerere āplustra\**, Cic. in Ar. ap. Prisc. ib.; 3. *aplustre*, is, n., in later writers, the same, cuius dum pugnat ab alta Puppe Tagus Graiumque audax aplustre retentat, Lucan. 3, 586; *tortum ualidis aplustre lacertis...rotant*, 3, 672; *uictaeque triremis Aplustre*, Iuv. 10, 136; add ps. Apul. dogm. Pl. 3; 4. Cf. *απλαστα τα ακροστολια της νηος*; and so on: *απλαστα μεν λεγεται τα πρυμνησια, κορυμβα δε τα πρωρησια*, Etym. Magn. p. 177; 5. for short a see \* above.

**aplustrum**, see *aplustria* § 2.

**aplysia**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a kind of sponge, Plin. 9, 150.

**apo**, or **āpio**, ēre, vb. obsol. = [ἀπ of ἀπτω fasten and prob. = eap of capio; for loss of init. c cf. acumen, amo, aper etc.] fasten, catch, only in gramm. in a false deriv. of apex, as Paul ex F. p. 18 M; Serv. ad A. 10, 270; Isid. 19, 30; and a gloss. *āpio*; 2. hence part. *āpius*, and *āpisore*.

**apocalo**, (or -culo) vb. obsol. (?) take (oneself) off, nos Petr. 62; me, 67.

**āpōcalypsis**, is, f. revelation, apocalypse, Tert. adv. Marc. 5.

**āpōcartērēsis**, is, f. voluntary starvation, Tert. ib. 1, 14; apol. 46.

**āpōcātastāsīs**, is, f. return to the same position, astrorum, Apul. Ascl. 13; in Gr., Colum. 3, 6, 4.

**āpōcātastātīcus**, adj. returned to the same position, Mars, Sidon. ep. 8, 11; a. numerus, the number 5, Mart. Cap. 7, p. 260, l. 11 Eyss.

**āpōcha**, (apoca), ae, f. a written receipt, solutae pecuniae, Scaev. 12, 6, 67, 2; Ulp. 46, 4, 19, 1; 47, 2, 27, 2.

**āpōcīma**, (αποχυμα) = zopissa, Veg. 3, 54, 4; 5, 27, 4; 6, 24, 1.

**āpōclēti**, part. pl. m. as sb. the members of the Aetolian parliament, Liv. 34, 35, 2; 36, 28, 8.

**āpōclīsis**, is, f. turning aside = aposiopesis, Charis. 286, 17.

**āpōcōlōcyntōsis**, is, m. transformation to a pumpkin (κολοκυνθος), as opp. to apotheosis, a lampoon of Seneca on Claudius.

**āpōcōpē**, ēs, f. cutting off of a final letter or letters, as magi or mage for magis, do for domum, Charis. 278, 21 K; Diom. 441, 31.

**āpōcōrīslārius**, (αποκρισις answering) adj. as sb. m. one who answers for or represents, patriarcharum, Iulian. epit. nov. 6, 26.

**āpōcōryphus**, adj. apocryphal, Isid. Aug. Tert.

**āpōcōynōn**, i, n. a shrub so-called, Plin. 24, 98; 2. a bone in a frog of magic power, 32, 51.

**āpōdermum**, adj. n. as sb. (shelled) a dish so-called, Apic. 2; 53 (mss apothermum).

**āpōdēctīcus**, adj. demonstrative, Gell. 17, 5, 3.

**āpōdētīsis**, is, f. proof, Quint. 5, 10, 7; Gell. 17, 5, 5; Petr. 132, p. 185, 4 B.

**āpōdētērīum**, ii, n. undressing room in baths, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; Plin. ep. 5, 6, 25 and 27; inser. Or. 3278.

**āpōgēus**, adj. off the land, uenti, Plin. 2, 114.

**āpōgrāphōn**, adj. n. as sb. a copy, Plin. 35, 125.

**āpōlactīzo**, (mss apolatico or apolatizo), āre, vb. kick away, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 13.

**āpōlectus**, adj. select, Plin. 32, 150.

**āpōllināria**, adj. f. as sb. the plant strychnos, Apul. herb. 74.

**Āpollināris**, ē, adj. of Apollo, ludi, Cic. Phil. 10, 3; laurea, Hor. od. 4, 2, 9; sacrum, Liv. 10, 8, 2; 2. *Apollināres*, as members of a college sacred to Apollo, inser. Or. 2380; as sb. a plant = *ύοσκυμος*, Plin. 25, 35; 26, 140 and 147; Apul. herb. 22.

**Āpollīneus**, adj. of Apollo, Ov. M. 1, 473; 9, 455; Mart. 10, 12, 1; Stat. Th. 11, 12.

**Āpollo**, īnis, (old Apolo, onis and enis), m. the god so called, i.e. the sun, Apolon(e) CIL 73; Apolenei, 167; Q. Minucius Q. f. Rufus leg. Apolinei (P)utio, CIL 562; but gen. Apollo, īnis, as Pl. Bac. 2, 1, 3; Men. 5, 2, 115; Cic. N. D. 3, 57; Verg. B. 5, 35.

**āpōlōgātio** (?) ōnis; f. advice in form of fable, apologue, quoted but not approved by Quint. 5, 11, 20.

**āpōlōgia**, ae, f. argument in defence, title of a work of Apuleius; add Hier. in Ruf. 2, 4, 6 etc.

**āpōlōgīsmos**, i, m. a rhet. fig. suggesting to an opponent what he cannot use, Charis. 285, 7.

**āpōlōgo**, āre, (†apologus) reject (in words), illnm Sen. ep. 47, 9.

**āpōlōgus**, i, m. advice in form of a fable, apologue, apologum agere, Pl. Stio. 4, 1, 32; A. fuit olim...Miror quo euasurus apologus, 4, 1, 35; add 38 and 64; incipere parata re quae uel apologum uel fabulam uel aliquam continet irrisionem, Cic. inv. 1, 25; add or. 2, 264; Cornif. ad Her. 1, 10; Quint. 6, 3, 44.

**Āponius**, ii, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Plin. 7, 163; Aponia, inser. Or. 2888.

**āpōno**? (ab, pono), ēre, put down, suggested as the right form in Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 35; Cas. 2, 6, 11; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 37; Andr. 4, 4, 3.

**āpōphlegmātīsmos**, i, m. a medicine for throwing off phlegm, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 98; 2, 4, 82.

**āpōphōrētīcum**, adj. as sb. n. the same, Symm. ep. 5, 54.

**āpōphōrētis**, adj. carried away (as presents to be taken home), porcelli ex cooptolacensis, Petr. 40; 2. as sb. n. a present of the kind, Suet. Calig. 55; Vesp. 19; Petr. 56 and 60; title of Martial's 14th book.

**āpōphysis**, (al. apopisis), is, f. a term in architecture, Vitruv. 4, 7, 3 (bis).

**āpōplēctus**, adj. struck with apoplexy, Cael. Aur. acut. 1, 15, 123; 3, 5, 54.

**āpōplēxia**, ae, f. apoplexy, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 5, 54, 55 and 57; Capit. Ant. phil. 14, 8.

**āpōproegmēnos**, adj. to be rejected, Cic. fin. 3, 15.

**apopsis**, is, f. a belvedere, Fronto fer. Als. 3, p. 225 l. 11 Nab.

**āpor** = apud, Paul. ex. F. 26.

**āpōria**, ae, f. a rhet. fig., doubt, Charis. p. 287, 3.

**āpōrlātio**, ōnis, f. doubt, Tert. adv. haer. 49; from

**āpōrior**, (απορω), āri, vb. doubt, Vulg. Es. 59, 16; Corinth. 2, 4, 8.

**āpōsiōpēsis**, is, f. a breaking off in speech, as: Quos ego..., Verg. 1, 135; Quint. 9, 3, 60 and in Gr. 8, 3, 85; 9, 2, 54.

**āposphragisma**, ātis, n. impression on a signet ring, Plin. ep. 74 (16), 3.

**āposplēnos**, i, f. rosemary, Apul. herb. 79.

**āpostāsia**, ae, f. apostasy, Aug. c. Iul. 56 and 57.

**āpostāta**, ae, m. apostate, Th. Cod. 16, 7, 1; Tert. adv. Marc. 5, 11; Sedul. 5, 138.

**āpostātīcus**, adj. belonging to apostates, Tert. adv. Marc. 4, 5; Sedul. 5, 375; 2. apostatice adv. Imp. Iust. ep. ad I. Papam § 1.

**āpostāto**, āre, (apostata) vb. apostatize, Cypr. ep. 1, 2 ad Corn.

**āpostēma**, ātis, n. an abscess, Plin. 26, 145; 28, 217 etc.; Veg. 4, 8; Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 14, 93; 2. hence Shakspeare's imposthume.

**āpostōlātus**, us, m. office of apostle, Tert. adv. Marc. 1, 20.

**āpostōlicus**, adj. of an apostle, Prud. ham. 524; Tert. praescr. adv. haeret. 32.

**āpostōlus**, adj. sent off, dismissory, hence apostoli as sb. m. pl. (sc. libelli) letters dismissory of appeal, Mod. 49, 14, 9; 50, 16, 106; Marcian. 49, 6, 1; 2. apostolus, i, as



sb. m. an apostle, Th. C. 9, 17, 6; 16, 8, 14; Prud. ham. 508.

**āpostrophē**, es, f. a turning off (from the subject), a rhet. fig. = auersio, Quint. 9, 2, 38; esp. in turning round to address an individual, as Quousque tandem..., in Cic. Cat. qu. by Quint. 4, 1, 69; ἀποστροφή est in aliquem districta conuersio, Mart. Cap. 171 G, 174, 17 Eyss.

**āpostrophos**, i, adj. as sb. m. an apostrophe, to mark the loss of a final, as in: tantum me crimine dignum? Charis. 435, 16 K; (Prisc.) de acc. 520, 11.

**āpōthēca**, ae, f. a shop, omnium domos apothecas naues, Cic. Vatin. 12; instructo fundo et bibliothecam et libros contineri; sed si quasi apotheca librorum utebatur, contra erit dicendum, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 34; **2.** hence It. bottega, Fr. boutique; **3.** esp. a store-room for wine, gen. at the top of a house, apothecae recte superponitur his locis unde fumus exoritur, quoniam uina celerius uetustescunt quae..., Colum. 1, 6, 20; apothecas fuisse et diffundi solita uina a. dcccxxxiii urbis, Plin. 14, 94; add 14, 118; qui uinum...in apothecam deposuisset, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 11, 3; add perh. Cic. Phil. 2, 67; cf. maximus uini numerus of § 66; also: neque illic Aut apotheca precis intacta est, aut peius, Hor. s. 2, 5, 7; **4.** ab a., as an office, P. Auidio P. f. Sergia Matrinio Caes. n(ostro) a apothec. triclini, inscr. Or. 2889.

**āpōthēcarius**, ii, (apotheca), adj. m. as sb. shopman, or rather taverner, apothecarii ceterique institores aliarum mercium, Cod. Inst. 12, 58, 12 § 3.

**āpōthēco**, āre, vb. stow away in an 'apotheca', Venant. ep. praef. 5, 6.

**āpōthēosis**, is, f. changing into a god, apotheosis, Tert. apol. 34 f.; a poem of Prudentinus.

**appārāmentum**, i, n. an appliance, taur(obolium) fecer(unt) cum suis hostis (hostis) et apparam(entis)..., inscr. Or. 2332.

**appārātē**, s. apparatus.

**appārātio**, ōnis, f. preparation, popularium munerum, Cic. off. 2, 56; of a speech, Cic. inv. 1, 25; add Cornif. ad Her. 1, 12; 2, 7.

**appārātō**? ōris, m. one who prepares, apparat(or) annal. iterum, inscr. Mur. 511, 1.

**appārātōrium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a room for preparation, a dining-room? porticum cum apparatorio...fecerunt, inscr. Or. 4132; ἐξαρτιστήριον apparatorium, Gloss.

**appārāt-ix**, icis, adj. f. one who prepares, Hier. ep. 18 ad Damas.

**1.** **appārātus**, ūs, m. preparing, preparation, sacrorum, Cic. rep. 2, 27; praecpta dicendi si minore habent apparatus, tamen..., Brut. 263; operum ac munitio-num, Liv. 21, 8, 1; in ipso sacrificii apparatu, Suet. Ner. 46; **2.** the things prepared, apparatus, equipment, stores, machines etc., belli instrumento et adparatu, Cic. acad. pr. 3; apparatus spectatio tollebat omnem hilaritatem...Quid enim delectationis habent sescenti muli in Clytaem-nestra? fam. 7, 1, 2; captus et apparatus ingens belli; catapultae..., ballistae..., signa, Liv. 26, 47, 5; in reliquo (Darii) adparatu Alexander cepit scrinium unguentorum, Plin. 13, 3; argenteo adparatu, 22, 99. **3.** esp. of great pomp and display, gen. with an adj. to add the idea, apparatu regio accepti, Cic. rep. 6, 10; delectant magnifici\* apparatus, off. 1, 25; Persicos\* apparatus, Hor. od. 1, 38, 1; **4.** Hence, say some, G. prachit: splendour; **5.** in plur. as in \* above; exhausti conuiuiorum apparatus, Tac. h. 2, 62.

**2.** **appārātus**, part. and adj. s. apparo.

**appārēntia**, ae, appearance, Tert. adv. Marc. 1, 19.

**ap-pāreo**, (ad-p.) ēre, ui, itūrum\* vb. be present before, esp. of attendants, be in waiting, uiatorem legunto quei in ea decuria uiator apparet quam decuriam uiatorum... quaestoribus ad aerarium apparere oportet oportebit, CIL 202, 9; praecconem...praeco (the rest the same), 13, w. 4 like passages; Qui tibi postquam appareo atque auditmor in templo tuo, Pomp. ap. Gell. 12, 10, 7; quid sibi illi scribae, quid liectores, quid ceteri quos apparere huic quaestioni uideo uolunt, Cic. Clu. 147; sacerdotes...dnuorum iras prouidento iisque adparento, leg. 2, 21; quattuor et uiginti

liectores apparere consulibus, Liv. 2, 55, 3; collegis noueni singuli accensi apparebant, 3, 33, 8; Hae (sc. Dirae) Iouis ad solium saeuique in limine regis Adparent, Verg. 12, 850;

**2.** gen. show oneself bodily, put in an appearance, (iam) ego apparebo domi, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 97; mulieres iam ab re diuina credo apparebunt domi, Poen. 3, 3, 4; an in his (subsellis) me apparere nollem, Cic. Sul. 5; **3.** of things, be present, be produced, be visible, appear (but never of false appearances) S. hic patera nulla in cistula est. A. quid ego audio? S. Id quod uerumst. A. at cum cruciatu, nisi apparet, tuo. A. Haec quidem apparet, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 161; Ratio quidem apparet hercle: argentum oechetai (οιχηται), Trin. 2, 4, 17; auge qui Sullae apparuit immolanti, Cic. div. 2, 65; si qua nauicula apparuisset, Flac. 29; but in Caes. b. g. 7, 82, 2 appeteret, not appareret; **4.** be in existence, really exist, si acum credo quaereres, Acum inenisses, si appareret, iam diu, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 14; Non tibi illud apparere, si sumas, potest, Trin. 2, 4, 12; Poen. 4, 2, 22; add Truc. 1, 2, 53; 4, 4, 35; **5.** take a visible form, esp. appear as the solid produce of labour or money spent, so that there is something to show for it, Verum pro pretio facio ut opera appareat Mea, quo conductus uenio (says a hired cook), Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 60; si ei opus non apparet, Cato r. 2, 2; fac sis nunc promissa appareant, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 20; ut uideam ubi rhetoris sit tanta merces, id est, ubi campus Leontinus apparet, Cic. Phil. 2, 84; Cum lamentamur non apparere labores Nostros, that we have nothing to show for our labours, no return in the way of fame, that they have been thrown away, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 224; **6.** met. show oneself (itself) beyond all doubt, prove oneself to be, be placed beyond doubt, be evident, animosus atque Fortis appare, Hor. od. 2, 10, 22; apparebat atrox cum plebe certamen, Liv. 2, 28, 8; apparuit causa plebi, 2, 31, 11; paulatim rhetorica utilis honestaque apparuit, Suet. rhet. 1; instrumenti eius et suppellectilis parsimonia apparet etiam nunc, Suet. Aug. 73; Res apparet, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 7; **7.** esp. as impers. vb. apparet = φαίνεται (never = δόκει), be manifest, be certain, as clear as the sun at noon-day, non dissimulat, apparet esse commotum, sudat, pallet, Cic. Phil. 2, 84; quid rectum sit apparet, quid expedit obscurum est, fam. 5, 19, 2; tanta suauitas erat sermonis Latini ut adpareret in eo natium quemdam leporem esse, Nep. Att. 4, 1; priusquam tantum roboris esset quantum futurum apparebat, Liv. 1, 14, 4; apparet id quidem etiam caeco, 32, 34, 3; appariturum\* quibus populis proprie societatem cum rege iungi displicuisset, 42, 43, 5; **8.** at times like δηλος εστι used pers. w. iuf., membra nobis ita data sunt ut ad quandam rationem uiuendi data esse appareant, Cic. fin. 3, 23; apparebunt bona esse si... Sen. prou. 5, 1; quo facilius apparet ita degenerasse a suorum uirtutibus Nero ut..., Snet. Ner. 1; **9.** be unmistakably heard, Agite equi, (iam) facite (so B); facitote of the others a solecism) sonitus ungarularum apparet, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 113.

**ap-pārio**, (ad-) ēre, vb. acquire, Lucr. 2, 1110.

**appārītio**, ōnis, f. office of an apparitor, attendance on a magistrate, Cic. fam. 13, 54; **2.** as a collective, body of attendants, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; Ammian. 15, 3, 8; Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 23, 3.

**appārītōr**, ōris, m. [appareo] one in waiting (on a magistrate), as uiator, praeco, lictor, beadle etc., an usher, praetor quom (=cum) soueis uiatoribus apparitoribus, CIL 198, 50; nunquam ego argentum inter apparitores disidi, Cato orat. 37, 16 I; apparitores a praetore assignatos habuisse de cumanum, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 61; sit lictor non suae sed tuae lenitatis apparitor, ad Q. fr. 1, 13; quis umquam apparitor tam humilis, Phil. 2, 82; rixae specie in se omnes apparitores regios conuertunt, Liv. 1, 40, 5; eiusdem religionis apparitor Gaius Ianuarius, inscr. Or. 1896; apparitori Pontificum, 2462; add 2975; 3202; 3219; 4921; Sex. Iul(io) Lucano...apparitores lib(erti), inscr. Or. Henz. 5218; add bell. Afr. 37, 1.

**appārītūr-a**, ae, f. service as an apparitor, Suet. Gramm. 9.

**appāro**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. get ready (for something to be done) prepare, Nisi quid re praesidi adparas Trachalio, acta haec res est, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 21; Iussi adparari prandium,



Men. 4, 2, 33; cenam, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 74; conuiuium Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 44; bellum extrema hieme apparauit, ineunte uere suscepti, Manil. 35; quae in Sestium apparabantur crimina, Q. fr. 2, 3, 6; nec arma aut bellum quisquam apparare, Liv. 7, 20, 2; 2. w. inf. uah delenire apparas, Pl. As. 2, 4, 28; traicere ex Sicilia apparantem, Suet. Aug. 47; add Stat. Th. 4, 670; II 3. apparatus part. prepared, ready, apparatus sum ut uidetis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 10; in exordienda causa seruandum est ut lenis sit sermo et usitata uerborum consuetudo, ut non apparata oratio esse uideatur, Cornif. ad Her. 11; 4. esp. prepared on a grand scale, grand, magnificent, adparatis accipere epulis, Liv. 23, 4, 3; ludos apparatusissimos magnificentissimosque, Cic. Sest. 116; adparatissimas epulas, Sen. ep. 83, 25.

**appellatio**, ōnis, f. speaking to, addressing, haue nactus appellationis causam...obsecrare milites coepit, Caes. b. c. 2, 28, 2; 2. a title or name, regum appellationes, Cic. dom. 129; qni se patris appellatione salutarent, Plin. 7, 59; Quint. 11, 3, 35; primi homines rebus appellationes dederunt, 8, 3, 30; 3. in grammar, a substantive, in satura est: (Pers. 1, 8) nostrum istud uiuere..., cum infinito uerbo sit usus pro appellatione, nostram enim uitam uult intellegi, Quint. 9, 3, 9; quaedam uerba appellationibus similia, 1, 4, 28; but some limited appellatio, using uocabulum for corpus uisu tactuque manifestum, 1, 4, 20; while for Diomedes 320, 17 K a. is a general term. communis similitum rerum enuntiatio, ut homo uir femina; 4. pronunciation, litterarum, Cic. Brut. 259; Quint. 11, 3, 35; II 5. in law, an appeal, tribunorum (to the tribunes), Cic. Quint. 65; appellatio prouocatioque aduersus iniuriam magistratu, Liv. 3, 56, 13; add 42, 34, 15; 42, 35, 2; Suet. Aug. 33; Cal. 16; Nero 17; Ulp. aut Maser de appellationibus, dig. 49, 1, 1 and 2; cognoscenti ad sacr. app., inscr. Or. 3151.

**appellatiuus**, adj. in gram. a. nomen, a noun of general power, either res corporales or ut homo or incorporales as pietas, says Charis. 153, 1 K; and Diom. 322, 6.

**appellator**, ōris, m. one who appeals, appellans, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 146; Paul. 5, 4, 18.

**appellatōrius**, adj. of appeal, libelli, Ulp. dig. 49, 1, 1, 4; Marc. 49, 1, 5, 4; tempora, Ulp. 49, 5, 5, 5.

**appellito**, are, vb. frq. call, a duce suo Caelio ita appellitatus, Claud. imp. ap. inser. Grut. 503, col. 1, l. 22; montem Caclium appellitatum a Caele Vibenna, Tac. an. 4, 65; add Gell. 18, 9 f.

1. **appello**, are, vb. (cf. compello are) speak to, address, Sic salutas atque appellas, quasi non dudum uideris, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 51; paucis Euclioist quod te uolo De communi re appellare, Aul. 2, 2, 23; nam quo ore appellabo patrem? Ter. Hant. 4, 3, 22; homines appellare superbius, Cic. agr. 2, 63; quum siugulas legiones appellaret, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 4;

2. call (a person) by (his) name, si appellasses, respondisset nomini, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 82; ne me istoc posthac nomie appellasses, Ter. Phorm. 5, 1, 15; O Spartace, quem enim te potius appellem, Cic. Phil. 13, 22; 3. address as, call, Non patrem ego te nominem, nbi tu tnam me appelles filiam, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 18; Deiotarus rex ab senatu appellatus est, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 3; add Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 5; nec dubitare illum in omni sermone appellare sapientem, Cic. am. 1; 4. of things, call, suo quamque rem nomine Cic. fam. 9, 22, 1; fruges Cererem appellamus uinum Libe- rum, N. D. 2, 60; ex maiore parte unam quamque rem appellari, Tusc. 5, 23; in uico qui appellatur Octodurus, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 4; s appellatio; 5. name in speaking or writing, mention, numquam Pompeium nisi honorificentissime appellat, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 10; utimur eodem iure in aedibus quae in lege nou appellatur, Caecin. 54;

6. esp. address for payment of a debt, si debuisset, petisses statim...Biennio iam confecto appellas, Cic. Quinct. 40; appellatus es de pecunia quam debebas, Phil. 2, 71; add Att. 16, 24 f.; optima nomina non appellando fieri mala Alf. ap. Colum. 1, 7, 2; 7. in law, appeal to, a praetore tribunos appellare, Cic. Quinct. 64; tribuni appellabantur, ib. 63; tribunos appellauit, Liv. 3, 56, 5; add 9, 26, 10;

8. in later wr. w. ad, einem R. antea ad populum, nunc ad imperatorem adpellantem, Paul. 5, 26, 1; II 9. pronounce, litteras, Cic. Brut. 133; s. appellatio § 4.

2. **appello**, (adp.) ěre, pūli, pulsus, vb. drive to, Visuit in somnis pastor ad me adpellere Pecus, Acc. ap. Cic. div. 1, 44; oues ad bibendum, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; add 2, 5, 15; seruitutem ad aquam appellendi, Papin. dig. 8, 3, 4; add Ulp. 43, 20, 1, 18; 2. of dead matter, si quis ferrum appulit, Sen. contr. 1, 2, 3, p. 68, l. 18 Burs.; 3. met. drive to, bring to, me ad probrum, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 11; ad mortem me, As. 3, 3, 43; animum ad scribendum, Ter. Andr. pr. 1; animum ad uxorem, 2, 6, 15; II 4. esp. drive or bring (a ship) to (land), cum classem ad Delum appulissent, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 48; appellitur nauis Syracusas, 2, 5, 64; locum quo naues appelli iusserat, Caes. b. g. 7, 60 f.; add 5, 13, 1; b. c. 1, 26, 1; 2, 23, 1; eo anno Epiri regem in Italiam classem appulisse, Liv. 8, 3, 6; add 28, 42, 3; nauem ad ripas, Gai. dig. 1, 8, 5; 5. w. dat., Hinc me... uestris deus appulit oris, Verg. 3, 715; ripac appulsus est, Vell. 2, 107, 2; nauigia littori appellant, Curt. 4, 2, 24; 6. absol. (so understood) ad insulam appulerunt, Liv. 37, 21, 7; Ansonis...exercitus adpulit oris, Verg. 7, 39; huc appelle, Hor. s. 1, 5, 12; triremis terram appulit, Tac. an. 2, 24; nauis Dertosam appulit, Suet. Galb. 10; add Tit. 5; Nep. 27; 7. met. timide, tamquam ad aliquem libidinis scopulum, sic tuam mentem ad philosophiam appulisti, Cic. or. 2, 154; Quo numquam pennis appellant corpora raucae Cornices, Lucr. 6, 751; and perh. (in the mouth of a fisherman) ad ignotum arbitrum me adpellis, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 104; and haud aspiciato huc me appuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12.

**appendeo**? resting only on appendeas in a corrupt pass. of Apic. 8, 386 Schuch.

**appendicium**, ii (appendix) n. doub. dim. a small appendage or attendant, Hier. ep. 10; Cael. Aur. chron. 4, 8, 118; 5, 4, 64.

**appendicūla**, ae, f. doub. dim. the same, Cic. Rab. post. 8.

**appendix**, (adp.) icis, f. dim. a smaller body hanging or attached to another, an appendage, Psyche resurgens (Cupidinis) crure arrepto sublimis appendix (when carried aloft by him), Apul. M. 5, 24, 1; infantulum eodem funiculo necit seque appendicem paruluum trahens praecipitat, 8, 22; 2. met. Varr. r. 1, 16, 1; 3, 9, 2; Cic. ap. Non. 42, 6; Liv. 9, 41, 16; 21, 5, 11; 39, 27, 5; 3. a barberry-bush, berberis uulgaris Linn., Plin. 24, 114.

**appendo**, (ad-p.) ěre, pendi, pensus, vb. weigh before or to (as gold etc. in handing it to another), tanti accuri nummorum construuntur ut iam appendaunt (al. exp.) non numerentur pecuniae, Cic. Phil. 2, 97; appendit aurum (aurifici), Verr. 2, 4, 56; si tibi optima fide omnia concessit annumerauit appendit, Rosc. Am. 144; add Liv. 5, 49, 1; pater pnellae id aurum in dotem uiro adpendit, Ulp. dig. 23, 3, 34; 2. met. non ea (that is uerba) me adnumerare lectori...sed tamquam appendere, Cic. opt. g. or. 14.

**Appennini-cōla**, ae, m. inhabitant of the Appennine, Verg. 11, 700.

**Appennini-gēna**, ae, m. child of the Appennine, Ov. M. 15, 433; Claud. VI cons. Hon. 505.

**Appenninus**, m. the Appennine mountain, Vertice se attollens pater Appenninus ad auras, Verg. 12, 703.

**appensor**, ōris, m. one who weighs before (another), August. Cresc. 3, 73.

**appetens**, appetenter, see appeto.

**appētentia**, (adp.) ae, f. desire to get to, eagerness for, appetite, ut lubido efferentam appetentiam efficiat, Cic. Tusc. 4, 15; cibi, Plin. 19, 127; ciborum, 23, 38.

**appētibilis**, e, adj. desirable, Apul. dogm. Pl. 2, 12; Macrobr. s. 1 praef. 1, 4.

**appētisso**, (petesso), ěre, vb. keep going to, uetera disidia, Acc. ap. Non. 237, 22.

**appētīto**, (adp.) onis, f. trying to get at, solis, Cic. div. 1, 46; adpetitio, eam enim esse uolumus esse ὄμην, qua id adpetimus quod est uisum, Cic. acad. pr. 24; a. animi, fin. 3, 23; add N. D. 3, 33; appetitiones, off. 2, 18; principatūs, 1, 13; alieni, 3, 30; add Sen. ep. 124, 3; 2. absol. appetite (for food) Gell. 16, 3, 2; Cael. Aur. 5, 4, 135.

**appētitor**, ōris, m. one who desires to get at, one eager



for, boni linteaminis, Lamp. Al. Sev. 40, 10; laudum, Amm. 25, 5 (?).

**appētītūs**, ūs, m. desire to get at, eagerness for, reprimbat barbaricos appetitus, Amm. 30, 5; **2.** met. eagerness for, appetite, animi, Cic. N. D. 2, 34; add off. 1, 101; **3.** pl. passions, ut adpetitus rationi obedient, ib. 102.

**1.** **appēto**, ōnis, m. one who is eager for, Laber. ap. Non. 74, 8.

**2.** **appēto**, (adp.) ēre, iui, itus, vb. go to, come to, approach, ita me amor...fugat, agit, appetit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; **2.** of time, approach, draw near, filiae...propinqua partitudo quōi adpetit, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 36; dies adpetebat septimus quem ad diem ad legionem reuerti constituerat, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 1; quum lux appeteret, 7, 82, 2; **3.** try to get at, Set procellent sese in mensam dimidiati dum appetit (sc. cibos), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 167; (puer) mammam appetens, Cic. div. 2, 85; ter eum frustra adpetiuisse manibus, 1, 47; **4.** in a hostile sense, attack, aim at, utrum cum Cottam appetisset an... telum e manibus ereptum est, Cic. ap. Quint. 5, 10, 69; uitam meam...appetitam, Cic. Planc. 71; (ales) os oculosque hostis rostro et unguibus adpetit, Liv. 7, 26, 5; **5.** met. try to attain, desire eagerly, covet, bona natura appetimus, Cic. Tusc. 4, 13; id non modo non recusem, sed etiam adpetam, Phil. 3, 35; regnum, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 1; **6.** w. inf. agere aliquid, Cic. fin. 5, 55; scandere thalamos, Stat. Th. 1, 233; **II 7.** appetens as adj. eager for, appetentes gloriae, Cic. Man. 7; alieni, Sal. Cat. 5, 4; nini, Plin. 1, 69; **8.** comp. nihil est adpetentius similitum sui, Cic. am. 50; adpetentior famae, Tac. l. 4, 6; **9.** sup. adpetentissimi honestatis, Cic. Tusc. 2, 58; tui, Plin. ep. 7, 31, 7; **10.** absol. greedy, covetous, ambitious, Nullus homo non cupidus neque adpetens, Cic. agr. 2, 20; non appetentis (animi), non auidi quida, or. 2, 182; **11.** appetenter adv. eagerly, ne cupide quid agerent, ne appetenter, off. 1, 33; add Apnl. M. 7, 11, p. 564.

**Appiānus**, adj. of Appius, libido, Liv. 3, 51, 12; caedes, Tac. an. 11, 29; māla, Plin. 15, 49; **2.** Appianum as sb. n. a cheap green colour, Plin. 35, 48.

**Appiās**, ādis, adj. f. of Appius, as a Gr. word, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 1; a statue of a nymph throwing out water near the temple of Venus by the side of the Appian aqueduct, Ov. a. 1, 82; 3, 452; **2.** a title of Venus from this temple, Ov. rem. am. 660.

**Appiētās**, ātis, f. the being an Appius, a term invented half in joke, together with Lentulitas, by Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5.

**appingo**, (ad-p.) ēre, ad in painting, delphinum siluis, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 30; **2.** met. Cic. Att. 2, 8 f.

**Appius**, adj. and sb. (= Accius and Attius from praen. Atta or Attus) name of a gens, Appios consul, CIL 40; Ti. Claud. Ti. f. Ap. n., 448 on a denar.; arcitectus (sic) Hospes Appiai ser., 1216; Appius indixit...bellum, Enn. an. 230; Cicero Appio imp. s. d., Cic. fam. 3, 1; censura Appii Claudii et C. Plautii, Liv. 9, 29, 6; **2.** Appia uia, the great road to Capua made by Appius the Censor, uiae quae nunc Appia est, 7, 39, 16; add 22, 1, 12; Frontin. 1, 5; **3.** Appia aqua, an aqueduct built by him, Frontin. 1, 5.

**appliare**, see apalare.

**applaudo**, or ōdo (ad-p.) ēre, ausi, ausus or ōsus, vb. strike with flat surface (as the open hand) against, slap, applauso corpore palmis, Ov. M. 4, 352; applauso tela sonat latere, Tib. 2, 1, 66; nec qui ceruicis amaret Applausae blandos sonitus, Sil. 16, 358; add Nemes. 3, 33; **2.** dash against, ouum adplosum ad terram fregisset, Spart. A. Get. 3, 3; scriam adplausam fregit, Lampr. Hel. 6, 7; calcibus (anum) adplodo terrae, Apul. M. 6, 27; **3.** esp. clap (the hands) in approval, applaud, Verum si uoltis adplaudere atque adprobare Hunc gregem et fabulam, in crastinum uos uoco, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 32; add Pers. 5, 2, 13; but in Bac. 5, 2, 93; Men. 5, 9, 100; and Cic. Sest. 115 the simple vb. has best support.

**applausor**? in Plin. pan. 46 read plausor with Keil.

**applausus**, sb.? in Cic. div. 2, 104 plausus now stands.

**applex**, icis? closely applied, whence comp. (if text be right) appliciore nexu, Apul. M. 10, 22.

**applicatio**, ōnis, f. attachment, animi, Cic. am. 27;

**2.** in law, ius applicationis (by a foreigner to a Roman patronus for protection), Cic. or. 1, 177.

**applicitus**, see

**ap-plico**, (ad-p.) āre, āui, ātus, or ui, itus, vb. lit. bring one flat surface into contact with another (as in: Apply the  $\Delta ABC$  to the  $\Delta DEF$ ), place or lay flat on or against, clap on, bring alongside, bring into close contact with, linamenta sole atque aceto imbuta applicantur (sc. unguibus boum), Colum. 6, 12, 2; si catuli priusquam uideant adplicentur stomacho..., transire uim morbi, Plin. 30, 64; aurum uolneratis adplicatur, 33, 84; cum ad flammam se adplicauerunt\*, sine gemitu adferunt (sc. Fakers), Cic. Tusc. 5, 77; ad eas se (arbores) adplicant (alces)—lean against, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 3; (pullus) auribus applicatis†, Varr. r. 2, 7, 5; dum corpora (so Madv. ej.) corporibus applicant, Liv. 23, 27, 7; ut Romani sinistrum (cornu) ad oppidum applicant, 27, 2, 5; castra flumini applicuit, 32, 30, 5; Impressoque genu mitens terrae adplicit ipsum, Verg. 12, 303; Osculaque adplicito posito suprema feretro, Ov. F. 4, 851; Applicat hunc (sc. asellum) ulmo, 3, 750; sudarium ad os, Suet. Ner. 25; **2.** esp. of shipping, bring alongside and so gen. bring (to land), adplicitus† nostris ad terram nauibus, Caes. b. c. 3, 101, 5; nauem ad eum (naufragum natantem) dum applicauerunt\*, Cic. inv. 2, 153; ad Heraeum quod uocant nauis applicuit, Liv. 33, 17, 2; ut ancoris positis terrae applicaret naues, 28, 17, 13; in Erythraeam classem applicauerunt, 37, 12, 10; quae uis (sc. te) immanibus applicat oris? Verg. 1, 620; Chiaie telluris ad oras Applicor, Ov. M. 3, 598; and met. Threces regionibus applicat angues, 7, 223; but in Cic. Phil. 2, 26, applisisset now, not applicisisset; **3.** also absol. (se or nauem understood), dum applicant, dum exponunt scalas militesque, Liv. 26, 44, 11; add 44, 32, 8; Hercules ad litus Amazonium applicuit, Iustin. 2, 4, 21; quo applicituri erant, saxis proseribi curat..., 2, 12, 2; add terram applicant, b. hisp. 37, 3; and even w. mere acc., per mare Asiam applicare, Ulp. 1, 16, 4, 5; **4.** also of vine training, adminiculo samentum, Colum. 4, 4, 2; arundines niticulis, 4, 12, 1; uetustae (ulmo) uitem, 5, 6, 18; palmites trunco, 5, 6, 24; and perh. met. from vine-training, Ipsum animum aegrotum ad deteriorem partem plerumque adplicit, bends, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 22; **5.** a. aurem, present the ear for better hearing, leud an ear, Lyde quibus obstinatas Applicet aures, Hor. od. 3, 11, 8; uotis puerorum amicas Applicat aures, c. s. 72; **6.** employ, devote, attach, inutilissimus quisque huic officio applicatur, Colum. 3, 10, 6; quod non idoneum serum rei communi applicuerit, Pomp. dig. 10, 45, 1; **7.** applicare se etc., come alongside, attach oneself to, stick to, apply to, se applicant (sc. meretrices aduenis) agglintant, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 67; ille egens forte adplicit (al. ap.) Primum ad Chrysidis patrem se, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 21; hi se ad uos adplicant, Haut. 2, 4, 13; me ad Molonem applicaui\*, Cic. Brut. 316; in omnem causam se applicuit, mixed himself up with, Paul. dig. 19, 2, 54;

**8.** w. abstract obj. devote oneself to, ad frugem adp. animum, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 35; si quis sese ad conuiuia adplicabat, Cato 83, 3 I; Repente ad studium hunc se applicasse\* musicum, Ter. Haut. pr. 23; ad uirtutem, Cic. am. 48; ad philosophiam, ad ius ciuile, ad eloquentiam, off. 1, 115; **9.** also applicari, apply, be applicable, quamuis eisdem talia crimina adplicantur, Plin. ep. 58 (66), 4; usurae adplicantur, Paul. dig. 22, 1, 17, 7; add 19, 2, 54; illa demonstratio (the term) muliebra neque uesti neque mudo applicari potest, Plautius dig. 34, 2, 8; **10.** as vb. iutr. (se understood) apply, Arce et urbe orba sum. quo accedam? quo applicem? Cic. poet. Tusc. 3, 44; see § 3;

**11.** applicaui in Ter. and Cic.\*; add Clu. 46 and 66; or. 255; so explicau rather than explicui; cf. Gall. 1, 7, 20; applicatus† in Caes. Varr. and at times in Colum. as 4, 6, 3; 5, 6, 12; but applicitus 4, 22, 1.

**applodo**, see applaudo.

**apploro**, (ad-pl.) āre, vb. howl or wail before, to or over (a person), querebar applorans tibi, Hor. epod. 11, 12; cum iam adploraueris (compl.?) mersos, Senec. n. q. 4, 2, 6.

**appluo**? In Plin. 9, 56 editors w. best mss affluat.



**1. appōno**, (ab-p.\*) ēre, pōsui (old pōsui), pōsitus, vb. [ab down=S. ava, ab of G. abwärts] set down, put down, Apponam hercle urnam iam ergo hanc in media uia, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 14; S. At onus urget. M. At tu appone et respice ad me. S. Fecero, Poen. 4, 2, 35; Hic apponite atque abite ab oculis, (sc. stactam atque ignem), Truc. 2, 5, 24; Accipe a me hunc ocium Atque ante nostram ianuam appone, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 10; D. Puer herclest. Mulier tu (mss tun) appouisti hunc? M. Vbi illic est? 4, 4, 3; add 4, 4, 24; but in 4, 4, 34 positum v. mss, at istos rastros interea tamen Appone, ne labora, Haut. 1, 1, 37; gladium propter appositum, Cic. inv. 2, 14; cum semel feruerit, abpones\* (take it off the fire, and set it down), Apic. 65; cf. cum feruerit iterum ac tertio, depones, § 67;—in this sense Pareus proposed to write apōno; **2.** set down in book-keeping, C. Quia boni malique in ea re pars tibi est. S. Partem alteram Tibi permitto; illam alteram apud me, quod bonist, apponito, Pl. Triu. 4, 3, 60; Cum is nihil mereat, postulare id gratiae apponi sibi, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 31; Quem Fors dierum cunque dabit, lucro Appone, Hor. od. 1, 9, 15.

**2. appōno**, [ad-p., at-p.] ēre, pōsui (old pōsui) pōsitus, vb. [ad before, to] set before, place before, cedo aquam manibus puere: appone hic mensulam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 150; mensam, Pers. 5, 1, 17; As. 5, 1, 2; Dum ego haec appono Volcani ad uolentiam, Men. 2, 2, 55; inter paucos palam secreto narratur: at Domitium cum manus ad os apposuit (as one whispering), Cael. ad Cic. 8, 1, 4; cucumam foco adposuit, Petr. 135; **2.** esp. of food or dishes, set before, serve up, Apponunt rumericem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; Madida quae mi adposita in mensa bulimiam suggerant, Men. 1, 3, 29; pernam quidem Meliust adponi frigidam postridie, Pers. 1, 3, 26; add Men. 4, 4, 39; Mil. 3, 1, 163; cenam, Amph. 2, 2, 172; Mil. 3, 1, 158; Trin. 2, 4, 69; Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 28; abduxit legatos ad cenam: his apposuit tantum quod satis esset, nullo apparatu, Cic. Tusc. 5, 91; cenam isti dabat...apposuit patellam in qua sigilla erant egregia, Verr. 2, 4, 48; cenabat apud eum, argentum ille ceterum purum apposuerat, ib. 2, 4, 49; quid te in uasis fietilibus apposurum putem, Att. 6, 1, 13; add 14, 6 f.; 14, 21, 4; ne panis adustus Ne male conditum ius apponatur, Hor. s. 2, 8, 69; aprum, Plin. 8, 210; pridiana saepe ac semesa obsonia apposuit, Suet. Tib. 34; add Caes. 43; Cal. 37; Cl. 32; Galb. 12; Vit. 13; **3.** place or set near, add, set to; columnae machina apposita delectae, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 145; iam multifariam scalis appositis urbem eo die defenderunt, Liv. 37, 5, 1; candelam apponere ualuis, Iuv. 9, 98; aure ad glaciem adposita coniectare crassitudinem gelus, Plin. 8, 103; anemonea menstrua cient uellere adpositae, 21, 165; qui notam apponas ad malum uersum, Cic. Pis. 73; ut notam apponam eam quae mihi tecum conuenit, fam. 13, 6, 3; notas, Quint. 11, 2, 28; quum dempisset cuidam appositam notam, Litura tamen inquit exstet, Suet. Cl. 16; syllabis apicem, 1, 7, 2; **4.** in gram. attach as an epithet, epitheton, quod detracto eo cui adponitur, ualet pro nomine, Tydides, Quint. 8, 6, 29; **5.** met. add, Ad tua praecepta de meo nihil his nouum adposui, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 31; Quid ego quod perit petam? Nisi etiam laborem ad damnum apponam, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 18; illi quos tibi dempserit Apponet annos, Hor. od. 2, 5, 15; si exemplum apposerimus, Gell. 1, 13, 9; **6.** set to, qui uitii modum apponit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 42; **7.** w. acc. and dat. of persons, place alongside of, set over, appoint to control or deal with, custodem Tullio me apponite, Cic. Caecil. 51; Lartium moderatorem et magistrum consulibus appositum, Liv. 2, 18, 6; rectorem aetate paruis ac mente lapsis, Suet. Aug. 48; Tonantem pro ianitore ei appositum, 91; hunc custos appositus occidit, Tib. 22; superimentarium sibi appositum ut se coerceret, conqueritur, Cl. 2; add 35 and Cal. 41; adpositi erant custodes qui..., ps. Nep. Diom. 4, 5; **8.** met. put forward, apply or employ as a tool, put forward fraudulently, suborn, accensator apponitur ciuis Romanus, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 74; add 2, 5, 108; calumniatores, 2, 2, 26; praeruaricatoreum, Phil. 2, 25; **9.** phrase, ad controuersiam manum a., set hand to, deal with, Sen. contr. 4, 25 (so Fore.); **11 10.** appositus, placed near, lying near, regio

mari adposita, Plin. 3, 126; (platanus) itineri, 12, 9; castellum flumini, Tac. an. 2, 7; **11.** met. near, akin (to), audacia non contrarium (fidentiae) sed appositum est ac propinquum, et tamen uitium, Cic. inv. 2, 165; **12.** hence suited, fit, adapted (to), menses ad agendum appositos, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 30; homo bene ap. ad istius audaciam, 2, 5, 108; multo appositor ad...quam ad..., 2, 4, 126; loco minime apposito ad..., Att. 3, 14, 2; add inv. 2, 112 and 117; ad pecuarium Galli appositissimi, maxime ad iumenta, Varr. r. 2, 10, 4; appositissimae ad partum anniculae (gallinae) aut bimae, 3, 9, 9; add 1, 7, 5; 1, 23, 1; 2, 7, 5; add Quint. 3, 11, 9; 5, 8, 1; **13.** apt, prone, inclined (to), iuri magis an aequo, 4, 3, 11; **III 14.** appositum as sb. n. an epithet (επιθετον), a word in apposition, ex adpositis (epitheta dicuntur), ut dulcis musti et cum dentibus albis Quint. 8, 2, 10; add 2, 14, 3; 8, 6, 41 and 43; **IV 15.** apposite, adv. suitably, to the purpose, ad persuasionem, Cic. inv. 1, 6; ad sanandum, ib.; add Quint. 2, 15, 5; Gell. 2, 23, 11.

**apporrigo**, ēre, rectus, vb. spread out before, only in perf. part., Infantemque uident apporrectumque draconem, Ov. M. 2, 561.

**apportatio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. carriage to (a place), Vitr. 2, 9, 16.

**apporto**, (adp.) āre, vb. carry (what is heavy) to, Magisque adportauisse diuitias domum, Pl. Stic. 3, 1, 11; signa ex urbe hostium capta populo Romano adportauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 57; lapis caedendus et adportandus fuit machina sua, 2, 1, 147; **2.** hence import from abroad, quae sunt usui ad mandandas naues ex Hispania adportari iubet, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 4; add Varr. r. 3, 14, 4; Plin. 35, 43; **3.** met. of what is important, Perii, tu quidem thesaurum hinc adportauisti mihi, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 51; Tantum a portu adporto bonum, tam gaudium grande adfero, Stic. 2, 1, 23; add 2, 2, 15; Most. 2, 2, 34; Edepol senectus, si nil quicquam aliud uiti adportes tecum, cum aduenis, unum id sat est, Caecil. ap. Cic. sen. 25; Ei uereor nequid Andria adportet mali, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; cur anui tempora morbos adportant, Lucr. 5, 220; so for all-important approach of Jupiter, huc aduentum adporto, Pl. Amph. 3, 1, 5.

**apposco**, see adposco.

**apposito**, see 2. appono § 15.

**appositio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. placing near, application, cucurbitae, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 5, 59; 5, 4, 74 and 76; **2.** met. similitum, Quint. 5, 11, 1; iriminius, Lampr. Comm. 5, 15.

**appōsitus**, (adp.) ūs, m. the same, only in abl., Plin. 23, 163; 24, 22 and 24; add Arnob. 2, 67.

**ap-pōtus**, (ad intens.) part. or adj. well-primed with wine, Credo edepol equidem dormire solem atque appotum probe, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 126; Vel ego amare utramnis possim, si probe appotus siem, Rud. 2, 7, 8; Postquam cenati atque appoti, talos poscit sibi in manum, Curc. 2, 3, 75; Inde bene appotus...domum ire coepi, fr. 116 Delph.; add as quoted by Gell. 6 (7), 7, 6.

**ap-prēhendo**, (ad-p.—also adprae.\* and adprendo†) ēre, ndi, nsus, vb. [ad=an=ava, up; or ad to?] take up, catch hold of, catch, seize, Si in mari rete apprehendi (prehendi Fl.), qui tuum potius quam meum? Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 27; Alterum (sc. anguem) altera apprehendit (pr. Fl.) eos manu perniciter, Amph. 5, 1, 64; inimici, Quos neque ut apprehendas (al. adprend.†) neque ut mittas scias, Caecil. ap. Gell.; uites sic clauiculis adminicula tamquam manibus adprehendunt...ut animantes, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; atomorum quae cohaerescunt inter se et aliae alias adprehendentes continuantur, 1, 54; araneus morsus cerebrum (serpentis) adprehendit, Plin. 10, 206; add 11, 84; 32, 11; quantum adprehenderint tres digiti, 20, 162; ut eum (qui) mancipio accipit adprehendere id ipsum quod ei mancipio datur, necesse sit, Gai. 1, 121; ramos, Quint. 1, 2, 26; Et nebulis similes animas apprehendere certat, Sil. 13, 653; **2.** csp. w. acc. of person, take up, apprehend, arrest, make prisoner, uin hanc ego adprehendam? Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 56; qui fugitiua adpraehendit,\* Ulp. dig. 11, 4, 1, 3; si (fur) cum re furtiua fuerit apprehensus, 47, 2, 3, 2; cum posset apprehendere (furem), maluit occidere, 9, 2, 5; add 48, 5, 23,



4; a militibus adprehensus sum, Gell. 5, 14, 26; **3.** in milit. lang., take possession of (a place), seize, Hispanias, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 2; Pharum, Caes. b. c. 3, 112 (al. prehendi and so Nipp.); **4.** met. as of ideas, or argument, seize or take hold of (a point), ut quidque ego adprehenderam, statim extorquebat e manibus, Cic. Clu. 52; hoc, nisi cum iudicio adprehenditur, nocet, Quint. 10, 2, 3; in hoc de quo loquimur patre quid adprehendi (so M: Halm adprendi) potest? 1, 7, 55; **5.** in law, comprehend, include, embrace, cover, puto heredem quoque tutoris extraneum sententia adprehendi, Call. dig. 23, 2, 64, 1; omnes causae una petitione adprehenduntur, Paul. 44, 2, 14, 2; add 28, 2, 11; **6.** personam filii—assume, Iul. dig. 45, 1, 56, 2; **7.** apprehend, comprehend, understand, Tert. Valent. 11; Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 15; **8.** for short form apprensus etc., add to passages marked + Stat. 3, 4, 43.

**apprehensibilis**, e, adj. perceptible, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 15, 123; Tert. Valent. 11.

**apprehensio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. laying hold of, Macr. s. 3, 2, 9; **2.** perception, diagnosis, Cael. Aur. acut. 1, 8, 55; 2, 28, 147.

**apprendo**, see apprehendo.

**apprenso**, (adp.) āre, vb. frq. keep seizing hold of, Grat. Cyn. 239.

**apprētio**, āre, vb. set a value on, appraise, Tert. res. carn. 9 and 20.

**apprīmūlus**, adj. dijn. of apprimus; adj. m. as sb. a cognomen, C. Auidulo Apprimulo, inscr. Grut. 318, 4.

**apprīmus**, (adp.) adj. among the first, Liv. Andr. ap. Gell. 7, 7, 11; **II 2.** apprime, adv. among the first, one of the most—, (genere) a. probus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 92; homo a. probus, Rud. 3, 4, 30; a. nobilis, Epid. 1, 2, 6; a. utile, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 34; a. obsequentem, Hec. 2, 2, 5; a. summo genere gnatus, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 7, 11, 7; a. boni, Nep. Att. 13, 4; homo a. doctus, Varr. r. 3, 2, 17; a. eruditus, Apul. de d. Soer. 23.

**apprōbatio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. approbation, approval, Cic. Brut. 185; Tusc. 2, 3; off. 1, 98; Liv. 23, 23, 7; **2.** additional proof, confirmation, adiungere approbationem propositioni, Cic. inv. 62; in qua assumptio indigeat approbationis, 66; add Cornif. 2, 9.

**apprōbator**, (adp.) ōris, m. one who approves, approver, profectiois meae, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 2; huius uerbi, Gell. 5, 21, 6.

**approbe?** see approbus.

**apprōbo**, (adp.) āre, vb. prove to be good or right before (a person), as a contractor before a censor etc., non uereor, ne hoc meum officium P. Servilio iudici non approbem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 82 (al. probem); Opus adprobavit (Simonides), sed mercedis tertiam accepit partem, Phaedr. 4, 25, (24), 11; opus regi adprobavit (Archimedes), Vitr. 9, 9; **2.** gen. prove to be right, prove, demonstrate, justify, confirm, hoc quia ipsum ex se perspicitur..., nihil attinet approbari, Cic. inv. 1, 65; operam suam in adprobanda excusatione offerre, Tac. Agr. 42; prima castrorum rudimenta Suetonio diligenti duci adprobavit, ib. 5; approbata morum indole, Suet. Aug. 8; paenitentiam prioris sectae 12; **3.** w. inf., id uidebatur approbare quod erat in extremo, fabriculam tum te habentem scripsisse, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; motu corporum uiuere eos adprobant, Plin. 9, 176; degenerasse eum a ciuili more, Suet. Aug. 17; **II 4.** admit to be good or right, sanction, approve, what a contractor has done, si in lege locationis comprehensum sit, ut arbitrato domini opus adprobetur, Paul. dig. 19, 2, 24; opus quod auersione locatum est donec adprobetur, conductoris periculum est, Florent. dig. 19, 2, 36; **5.** of heavenly approval, sanction, ratify, approve, and so bless, Haec ut me (sc. Mercurium) uoltis approbare..., Ita huic facietis fabulae silentium, Pl. Amph. pr. 13; dis...gratias nos agere...Cum nostram pietatem adprobant, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 85; quod actumst di approbet, Cic. fam. 2, 15, 2; add Att. 6, 6, 1; Musis omnibus approbantibus, 7, 23, 2; **6.** gen. approve, sanction, Verum si uoltis applaudere atque adprobare Hunc gregem, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 32; non satis est tuom te officium facere fama si non adprobat, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 12; approbata sententia, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 2; orationem,

Caes. b. g. 7, 21, 1; clamore donum, Liv. 7, 37, 2; add 7, 41, 1; si tribuni innocentiam adprobauerant, retinebat ordinem, Tac. an. 1, 44 f.

**ap-prōbus**, (adp.), adj. [ad intens.] very good, Hierocles hospes est mi adulescens adprobus, Caccil. ap. Gell. 7, 7, 9;

**2.** approbē, adv. v. very well, Mihi concederet ni me ille et ego illum nouissem approbe (so cj., mss aprobe, probe; and this perh. rightly) Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 115.

**apprōmissor**, (adp.), ōris, m. [appromitto] one who promises in addition, who backs or endorses an engagement, satis-acceptio est stipulatio quae ita obligat promissorem ut adpromissores quoque ab eo accipiantur, i.e., qui idem promittunt, Pomp. dig. 45, 1, 5, 2; si reum maritus acceperit adpromissorem, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 64, 4; add 46, 3, 43.

**ap-prōmitto**, ēre, vb. [ad] promise in addition, endorse an engagement, cum ille confirmaret sese...traditurum, cumque id ita futurum T. Roscius Capito...appromitteret, crediderunt, Cic. Rosc. Am. 26.

**ap-prōno**, āre, [ab=S. aya down] bend down—hence a. se, stoop, complicitus in genua appronat se (to drink out of a lake), Apul. M. 1, 19.

**apprōpēro**, (adp.) āre, vb. trans. quicken the pace of, coeptum opus adproperatum est, Liv. 4, 9, 13; adproperato opere, 27, 25, 9; intercisus uenis mortem adproperauit, Tac. an. 16, 14 f.; **2.** vb. intr. quicken one's pace, atque adproperate ocuis, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 5; Adde gradum, adpropera, Trin. 4, 3, 3; add Cas. 5, 2, 15; 2, 2, 38; Poen. 3, 1, 41; **2.** nisi ad cogitatum facinus adproperaret, Cic. Mil. 45; make haste, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; Att. 4, 6, 4; **3.** w. inf. portasque intrare patentes Appropera, Ov. M. 15, 584.

**apprōpinquatio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. approach, mortis, Cic. fin. 5, 32; seu. 66; partus, Fronto ad M. Caes. 5, 45.

**apprōpinquo**, (adp.) āre, vb. intr. approach, draw near, of place, quod hostis appropinquabat, Caes. b. g. 2, 19; cohortes aliae appropinquant, 7, 87; **2.** w. ad, ad summam aquam, Cic. fin. 4, 64; ad iuga montium, Liv. 40, 58, 4; ad portas ac murum, bell. Afr. 23; **3.** w. dat. finibus, Caes. b. g. 2, 105; Oceano, 4, 10, 4; Britanniae, 4, 28, 2; muro, 7, 18, 1; 7, 47, 3; **4.** acc.? ripas, bell. Hisp. 5, 5; **5.** of time, catulus qui iam appropinquat ut uideat, Cic. fin. 3, 48; cum appropinquare tuus aduentus putaretur, fam. 2, 6, 1; hiemps adpropinquabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 8; dies comitiorum, Liv. 3, 34, 7; **6.** met. centuriones qui primis ordinibus adpropinquant, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 1; **7.** pass. impers., cum eiusmodi locis esset appropinquatum, Caes. b. c. 1, 79, 4.

**apprōpriatio**, ōnis, f. appropriation, assimilation, ciborum, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 13, 151.

**apprōprio**, āre, vb. appropriate—hence assimilate (food), corpori quae sumpserit, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 70.

**approxīmo**, āre, vb. intr. approach, Tert. adv. Iud. 11.

**appugno**, (adp.) āre, vb. fight against, attack, classem Tac. an. 2, 81; castra, 4, 48; uallum, 15, 13.

**Appuleius**, (Apul.), adj. or sb. name of a plebeian gens, C. Appuleius C. f. Tappo, CIL 1458; L. Apulei(us) 1539; P. Apuleius, Cic. Phil. 6, 1; lege Apuleia, qua lege Saturninus tulerat ut..., Balb. 48.

**appulsus**, (adp.) ūis, m. driving to, esp. of sheep to water, as a right, pecoris, Ulp. dig. 43, 20, 1, 18; **2.** of ships to land, ut Attalum portibus et littorum adpulsu arceret, Liv. 27, 30, 7; insula ob faciles adpulsus\*.. oportuna, Tac. an. 2, 6; **3.** geu. approach, access, solis, Cic. div. 1, 24; omnes frigidis et caloris adpulsus\*, 2, 141; deorum, 1, 64; linguae, Apul. M. 6, 8; **4.** note plur. in\*.

**Appulus**, see Apulus.

**āprārius**, (aper), adj. of a wild boar, retia, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 22; and sent. 3, 6, 45.

**Apria**, ae, m. a Roman cognomen, L. Decimi(us) L. f. Apria, CIL 1257.

**āpricatio**, ōnis, f. sunning oneself, Cic. sen. 57; Att. 7, 11, 1; **2.** of doves, Colum. 8, 8, 4;

**āpricitās**, ātis, f. a sunny state of the sky, diei, Colum. 7, 4, 5; 8, 15, 4; regio apricitatis inclutae, Plin. 6, 46; aeris, Iustin. 36, 3.



**āprīclus**, due to a wrong reading in Ennius, see apriclus.

**āprīco**, are, vb. make sunny, warm, Pallad. 1, 38, 2; Paul. Nol. 13, 311.

**āprīcor**, āri, sb. sun oneself, offerer (Diogeni) apricanti, Cic. Tusc. 5, 92; multos in sole apricari, Varr. ap. Non. 76, 15; ubi apricetur (gallina), Colum. 8, 4, 5.

**apricūlus**, i, m. dim. a little wild boar, as name of a fish, Apiculum piscem scito primum esse Tarenti, Enn. ap. Apul. mag. 39; piscem apriculum, Apul. mag. 34 f.

**āprīcus**, (aperio) adj. open—hence in apricum into the open, Quicquid sub terra est in apricum proferet aetas, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 24; **2.** sunny, opaci an aprici (loci), Cic. part. or. 36; aprico horto, fam. 16, 18, 2; apricos colles, Liv. 21, 37, 5; locis apricioribus\*, Colum. 11, 3, 24; apricissimo\* die, 9, 14, 13; **3.** delighting in the sun, sunny, flores Hor. od. 1, 26, 7; mergi, Verg. 5, 128; senes, Pers. 5, 179; **4.** for sup. and comp. see \* above.

**āprīlis**, e (see below), adj. of April, ante K. April., CIL 204, 1, 3; a. d. V. k. Aprilis, 961; mense Aprili, Cic. Phil. 2, 100; Ocenpat Aprilis (ac. pl.) idus, Ov. F. 4, 621; Idus tibi sunt agenda, Qui dies mensem Veneris marinae Findit āprilem, Hor. od. 4, 11, 16; **2.** as sb. (mensis understood) Sex nbi quae restant luces āprilis habebit, Ov. F. 4, 901; **3.** fm aperio, say some, quod uer omnia aperit Aprilem, Varr. l. l. 6, 4 p. 214 Sp.; Aprilem memorant ab aperto tempore dictum, Ov. F. 4, 89; Aprilem ab aperiendo, Censor. 22, 11; Aprilem dici quasi aprilem, Macr. s. 1, 12, 14; **4.** rather from a name of Venus=Aphrodite, so Fulvius aud Iunius ap. Varr. ib.; Sed Veneris mensem Graio sermone notatum Auguror: a spumis (αφρω) est dea dicta maris, Ov. F. 4, 61; cf. 4, 85; the month too before was Martius, as Ov. ib. 4, 130 notes; **5.** a Roman cognomen, P. Serulius P. f. Aprilis, inser. Mnrat. 1104, 5.

**āprīneus**, adj. [= aprinus; cf. ficulneus=ficulnus] of a wild-boar, Hygin. 69 (bis).

**āprīnus**, adj. [aper] same, hippopotamus...aprinis (al. aprugnis or aprugineis) dentibus, Sol. 32, 30; also in some mss of Plin.; in Varr. l. 5, 19 Speng. has a primo.

**Apr-īo**, gnīs, m. [aper] a little wild-boar, as a cognomen, L. Praesentius L. lib. Aprio, inser. Grut. 459, 8.

**apronia**, ae, f. the plant bryony, Plin. 23, 27.

**Aprōnīānus**, adj. of Apronius, conuiuium, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 28; cerasa, Plin. 15, 102; senatus consultum, Paul. dig. 36, 1, 26.

**Aprōnīus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, CIL 758; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 22.

**aproxis**, f. Greek name of a plant, Plin. 24, 158.

**apruco**, onis, the plant saxifraga, Apul. herb. 97.

**Aprufenius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Aprufenio C. f., CIL 181.

**āprūgnus**, or āprūnus, adj. [for aprug-inus, from aperug- old crude form of aper, cf. uesperug] of a wild-boar, magis calleo quam aprugnum callum callet, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 4; add Poen. 3, 2, 2 (Non. 258 aprunum); callum, and lumbus, Plin. 8, 210; adipē 28, 167; uesica 28, 215; fel, 28, 221; pulmo, 28, 222; but mss of Plin. vary between aprugnus, aprunus, aprinus; add Spart. Hel. 5, 4; **2.** apruna (sc. caro) as sb. f. wild-boar flesh, Capit. Max. iun. 2, 2; edict. Diocl. p. 15.

**Aprulla**, ae, doub. dim. a little wild sow, as a cognomen, Caeciliae D. f. Aprullae, inser. Grut. 323, 2.

**aprunulus**, i, m. dim. a little wild boar, not. Tir. p. 174.

**Aprusa**, ae, m. a river of Umbria, Plin. 3, 115.

**apsyctus**, i, (not to be cooled) adj. f. as sb. an unknown jewel, Plin. 37, 148.

**aptātūra**, ae, f. fitting, edict. Dioclet. p. 20.

**apto**, āre, (aptus) vb. fit, adapt, apply, uixdnm satis aptatis armis, Liv. 10, 33, 1; add 22, 5, 3; cur dexteris Aptantur enses conditi? Hor. epod. 7, 2; neruoque aptare sagittas, Verg. 10, 131; os (cucurbitulae corpori aptatur, Cels. 2, 11; tabulam, Colum. 12, 56, 3; anulum digito, Suet. Tib. 73; **2.** w. acc. of the main thing, abl. of the adjunct, furnish (with), equip, classem uelis aptare, Verg. 3, 472 (cf. socios simul instruit armis of 3, 471 and 8, 80);

(biremis) remigio aptat, 8, 80; ensem...nagina aptarat eburna, 9, 305; Aptarique suis pinum iubet armamentis, Ov. M. 11, 456; **3.** absol. equip, get ready, fit ont, prepare, Eius aptate pueri munde atque ampliter conuiuium, Pompon. ap. Non. 234, 30; Classem aptent, Verg. 4, 289; Aptat se pugnae, 10, 588; paratas aptatasque lintres, Liv. 21, 27, 8; aptarit idonea bello, Hor. s. 2, 111; arma moenia uiros, Plin. pan. 18; **4.** mct. uerbnm ad id aptatum quod ante dixerat, Cic. or. 3, 162; bella...mollibus Aptari citharae modis, Hor. od. 2, 12, 4; uerba rebus, Quint. 3, 8, 61.

**aptor**, ōris, m. one who fits, as a cognomen, C. Poppeus Apor, inser. Grut. 851, 4.

**aptōta**, adj. n. pl. not declined, having but one case, as frugi, nequam, Diom. 308, 19 K; Donat. 377, 26;

**2.** limited by Prisc. 1, 184, 9 K to nom. as Iuppiter, or in neut. nom. and acc. as fas nefas; while quattuor, quinque...centum, tot etc. nequam as used for many cases he calls monoptota.

**Aptronius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Aptronio (nom.) CIL 81; Aptronia, 82.

**ap투스**, see apiscor.

**āpūd**, (apud, and old apor), prep. [prob. from ab in the sense of near; the old form apor (s. § 20) prob. a comp.] near, before, at, by, w. acc., Qui apud carbones assident, semper calent, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 21; Verūcundari nemo apud mensam decet, Trin. 2, 4, 77; Turba est nunc apud aram, Poen. 1, 2, 53; molas†, Pers. 1, 1, 22; haec aedis, Amph. 1, 1, 194; add Trin. 4, 2, 25; Most. 1, 3, 141; 4, 2, 26; Amph. 1, 1, 194; apud aedem Delouai, CIL 196, 2; apud uallum nostri satis agebat, Cato orat. 35, 13 Iord.; apud mensam astant, Naev. 26 R; utinam nunc apud ignem aliquid magnum adsidam, Turp. 125 R; Apud abundantem antiquam amnem et rapidas uidas Inachi, Acc. 297 R; Apud uetustam turrem, 408; uitinm (al. ninum) apud ignem per sudorem corpore exhauerunt, Sis. ap. Non. 2; imperator apud aedem apud Issum, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 3; add 15, 4, 2; 16, 3, 1; Att. 8, 20; paulisper apud oppidum morati, Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 3; apud aquam Sullam noctem agitare iubet, Sal. Iug. 98, 4; Quidquid apud durae cessatumst moenia Troiae, Verg. 11, 288; Pugnabant alii tardis āpūd Iliou armis, Ov. rem. am. 163; **2.** w. acc. of persons, assum apud te, eecum, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; add Amph. 2, 1, 27; adsum apud te genitor, Acc. 277 R; quum in lecto Crassus esset et apud eum Sulpicius sederet, Cic. or. 2, 12;

**3.** esp. of speaking before a person, ego recte apud illum dixero, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 3; cur ego apud te mentiar, Poen. 1, 1, 24; Apnt\* nouercam querere, Ps. 1, 3, 30; add Cist. 1, 1, 100; Ep. 3, 4, 28; 5, 1, 38; nemost meorum amicorum hodie Aput quem exprobere omnia mea occulta Clitipho audeam, Aput alium prohibere dignitas, apnt alium ipsius facti pudet, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 14; causa nulla est cur apud homines amicissimos mentiar, Cic. or. 2, 189; quoniam sermo mihi est apud uos, nihil reticebo, leg. 2, 41; uerba apud senatum fecit, Verr. 2, 2, 48; apud quos ad hunc modum locutus est, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 1; haec apud Romanos consul, Liv. 21, 42, 1; **4.** esp. of proceedings before a magistrate, Tanto apud iudicem hunc argenti condemnabo facinus, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 50; add Ps. 2, 2, 50; Rud. pr. 18; Illi apud praetorem dicam, Pers. 4, 9, 9; Apud† (so A) aedilem...dixi causam, Men. 4, 2, 22; apud q(uaestorem) iouranto, CIL 197, 18; add 20, 21, 24; also 198, 13; apud pr(aetorem), 198, 35; apud eum qui ibei i(ure) d(eicundo) p(raerit), 205, 2, 4; apud eosdem iudices reus est factus, Cic. Clu. 59; causam apud iudicem defendebat, 74; in causa quam apud centumuiros pro fratribus Cossis dixit, or. 2, 98;

**5.** w. pl. or collective noun, among, with, near, consol censor aidiles qui fuit apud uos, CIL 30, 3; ut mauelis lupos apud (so A) ouis...linquere, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 8; hicine an apud mortuos? Merc. 3, 4, 17; quouie apud† exercitum ingnominae causa ordo ademptus est, CIL 206, 120; Vt quae apud legionem uota uouit...ea exsoluam omnia, Amph. 3, 2, 66; ex sale qui apud Karthaginienses fit, Cato orig. 14, 9 Iord.; apud\* saeculum prius, with the former generation, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; qui nunc apud exercitum cum L. Lucullo est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 49; haec apud maiores uostros



factitata, off. 2, 85; si apud principes haud satis prospere esset pugnam, ad triarios refererentur, Liv. 8, 8, 11; id apud Germanos difficilior tolerabatur, Tac. an. 4, 72; add 1, 9; **6.** with a person, as in his service, ita dei faxint ne apud\* lenonem hunc seruiam, Pl. Pœu. 4, 2, 87; add Aul. 1, 1, 12; Mil. 2, 1, 17; quem memorant apud reges... diuitias magnas adeptum (al. ind.) Ep. 3, 4, 14; latro in Sparta fuit... apud regem Attalum, Poen. 3, 3, 51; **7.** very often, at the house of, apud te uinctum adseruato domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 95; iube... apud\* te prandium accnrarier, Men. 1, 3, 25; ubinamst quaeso? Aput me domi, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 21; fuisti apud Laecam illa nocte, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; Brutum apud me fuisse gaudeo, Att. 15, 3 f.; Scaurns quem apud se esse audio, or. 1, 214; add fam. 1, 9, 20; Att. 1, 7, 1; 5, 6, 1; **8.** hence met. esse apud te, to have one's wits about one, be in one's senses, in opp. to one who is all abroad, wool-gathering, lost, sumne ego apud\* me? Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 35; uix sum apud me, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 34; add 2, 4, 5; Haut. 5, 1, 48; Hec. 4, 4, 85; and Petr. 129 f.; **9.** in the hands of, with, Nos apud\* Theotimum omne anrum deposuimus, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 72; etiam nunc decem minae apud te sunt, Most. 1, 3, 141; erat ei de ratiuncula lampridem apud me relicuom pauxillulum Nummorum, Ter. Phorm. 1, 1, 3; **10.** in (an author), in the writings of, apud Xenophontem moriens Cyrus haec dicit, Cic. sen. 79; apud eundem Caesium, div. 1, 56; apud Platonem, off. 1, 28; apud Accium, Varr. 1, 7, 2, p. 294; apud quosdam auctores, Liv. 8, 11, 2; apud Varronem, Plin. 18, 348; **11.** in the mind of, in the estimation of, with, among, Vt tu inclitu's apud\* mulieres, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 12; credidi gratum fore Beneficium meum apud te, Pers. 4, 7, 9; Quom apud te tam paruast ei fides, Ps. 1, 5, 62; add 1, 5, 52; Facis ut tu tuis nulla apud te fides sit, Amph. 2, 1, 5; Mea dona deamata acceptaque habita esse apud Phronesium, Truc. 4, 1, 5; quia sum apud te primus, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 10; nihil me turpius apud homines fuisset, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 4; plus apud me antiquorum auctoritas ualet, am. 13; anne dulcior est fructus apud te ex bubulo pecore quam ex apibus, Varr. r. 3, 2, 11; add Cic. Att. 9, 1, 1; quorum auctoritas apud plebem plurimum ualeat, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 1; quandoquidem est apud te uirtutis honos, Liv. 2, 12, 15; Et bene apud memores ueteris stat gratia facti, Verg. 4, 539; **12.** also of the mind, ea tute tibi apud animum prepone, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 5; sic apud animum meum statuo, Sall. or. rep. 2, 6, 2; proinde ipsi staturerent apud animos quod uellent, Liv. 6, 39, 11; and so 34, 2, 4; 42, 50, 8 (safe cj.); **13.** in some pass. seems to mean in or at, rather than near, ubi terrarum istuc est loci? Aput... insulas, Pl. As. 1, 1, 19; conduxit coquos Tibicinascque haese apud forum, Aul. 2, 4, 2; add Ps. 3, 2, 106; Ep. 3, 2, 22; 3, 3, 41; apud\* forum, CIL 206, 15 and 34; apud forum modo e Dauo auditi, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 2; add 1, 5, 19; apud uillam detinuit me, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 13; apud† uillamst, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 1; cenam dabat apud uillam in Tyndaritano, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 48; **14.** even of towns, Id adeo argentum ab danista apud Thebas sumpsisti faenore, Pl. Ep. 1, 1, 51; so again 2, 2, 67; hunc finem seditio coepta apud Suconem habuit, Liv. 28, 29 f.; apud Antium, Tac. an. 3, 71; apud Rhodum, 6, 26 (20); **15.** and of countries in later writers, ut ciuitati Cibyrticae apud Asiam, Aegiensi apud Achaia subueniretur, Tac. an. 4, 13; apud Iudaeam, Suet. Vesp. 5; factus apud Palaestinam imperator, Eutr. 7, 19 (13); apud Britannias tyrannus creatur et occiditur, Oros. 7, 40; **16.** although apud is said not to be used w. motion, apud unam habet significationem in loco ut apud Numantiam, Prisc. 2, 40, 12 K; add Serv. ad A. 1, 24; Cleon. 77, 2 K; Pomp. 273, 6; yet, hic in proximo deuertitur Aput paternum suum hospitem, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 56; apud te eos hic deuertit Dicam hospitem, 2, 2, 85; deuertat... huc in tabernam tertiam Aput anum illum, Ps. 2, 2, 64; Aput (so A, B) nos se ecillam festinat, St. 4, 1, 30; **17.** at times after a noun, if another noun be added, Misenum apud et Rauennau, Tac. an. 4, 5; montem apud Erycum, 4, 43; ripam apud Euphratis, 6, 37 (31); **18.** in old drama often a monos.\*; **19.** apud and apud almost indifferently, as apud M. Licinium and apud M. Licinium, alike in CIL 818; see apud† above; **20.** apud apud, Paul. ex F. p. 26 M.

**Āpŭlia**, ae, f. country of the Apuli, Apulia, now Puglia, Incipit ex illo montis Apulia notos Ostentare mihi, Hor. s. 1, 5, 77; siticulosae Apuliae, epod. 3, 16; Āpŭliae in od. 3, 4, 10 corrupt.

**Apulicus?** In Hor. od. 3, 24, 4 read w. Lachmann Terrenum omne tuis et mare publicum; not Tyrrhenum... Apulicum.

**Āpŭlus**, (app.) adj. or sb. Apulian, Vel Graecus adeo, uel mea caussa Apulus, Pl. Cas. pr. 77; Appuli pecuarii, Varr. r. 3, 17, 9; Sub rege Medo Marsus et Apulus, Hor. od. 3, 5, 9; lupi, 1, 33, 8; **2.** as a cognomen, C. Lucretius C. l. Apul. CIL 566, 6.

**āpŭros**, (πῦρ, πῦρος) adj. without fire, aurum, Plin. 21, 66; sulphur, 35, 175, i.e. native, as prepared without fire.

**āpŭs**, pōdis (foot-less) adj. as sb. a kind of martin, as never alighting, Plin. 10, 114; 11, 257.

**āpŭrēnus**, (πῦρην a fruit stone) adj. without bard stone, as a kind of pomegranate, Colum. 5, 10, 15; arbor. 23, 1; Plin. 13, 112; 23, 106.

**āqua**, ae, (see below) water, neue eo loco a(qua) consistat quominus conmode populus ea uia utatur, CIL 206, 23; aquam per publicum duccendam... coeranere, 1141, 5; Neque aqua aquae neque lactis mihi crede usquam similibus, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 30; **2.** as one of the four elements, ex terra aqua, ex aqua oritur aer, ex aere aether, Cic. Tusc. 2, 84;

**3.** aqua and ignis, as the two most important things for man, often put together, as in decreeing exile, legibus quae iubent ei qui maiestatis damnatus sit aqua et igni interdicere, Cic. Phil. 1, 23; ut hostes iudicemur et aqua et igni nobis interdicatur, D. Brutus ap. fam. 11, 1, 2; non aqua non igni ut aiunt plurimam locis utimur quam amicitia, am. 22;

**4.** esp. for purification, Puriter uolo facias: igni atque aqua h(a)nc uolo accipe, Nov. ap. Non. 516, 18; ignis et aqua... nuptiis in limine adhibentur, Varr. l. l. 5, 10 p. 67 Sp.; aqua et igni tam interdici damnatis quam accipiunt(ur) nuptiae, Paul. ex F. v. aqua; aptumque putarunt Ignibus et sparsa tangere corpus aqua, Ov. F. 4, 790; add Paul. ib.; cf. Stat. silu. 1, 2, 5; uirgini... priusquam aqua et igni acciperetur, id est nuptiae celebrarentur, optulit decem aureos dono: quaesitum est..., Scaev. 24, 1, 66, 1; **5.** so aqua and terra, quom aquam terramque (Pexera) ab Lacedaemoniis petierunt, as token of entire submission, Liv. 35, 17, 7; cf. γην καὶ ἕδαρ αἰρεῖν Herod. 5, 17; **6.** water as used in a clepsydra to mark time, equidem quotiens iudico, quantum quis plurimum postulat (aquae) do, Plin. ep. 6, 2, 7; cui contrarium est uitium tarditatis... aquam perdit, Quint. 11, 3, 52; actionem aqua deficit, 12, 6, 5; see L. S.'s lexicon v. ἕδαρ; **7.** as used in casting lots, Et sitellam huc tecum afferto cum aqua et sortis. Sat placet, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 16; Vide ne qua illic insit alia sortis sub aqua, 2, 6, 28; **8.** as used to recover a person fainting, animo male Factumst hinc repente miserae. Currite intro, adfertre aquam, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 22; and met., enax aspersisti aquam, Bac. 2, 3, 20; an aspersisti aquam? Iam rediit animus, Truc. 2, 4, 23;

**9.** absol. of rain, aquae agur cornix, Hor. od. 3, 17, 12; multa terra madescit aqua, Ov. F. 6, 198; **10.** esp. in pl. aquae magnae bis eo anno fuerunt, Liv. 24, 9, 6; often w. caelestes, 4, 30, 7; 5, 15, 2; **11.** of the sea, Henna mediterranea est; coge ut ad aquam tibi frumentum Hennenses admetiantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 192; laborum Quos ego sum terra quos ego passus aqua, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 30; **12.** of aqueducts, aqua Mar(cia) on a denar. CIL 489; aquam Amienem, Cato ap. Prisc. 208 K; aqua Appia, Marcia, Iulia, Claudia, Frontin. de aquis 1, 4; **13.** aquae of medicinal springs, puto utrumque ad aquas, Cic. fam. 16, 24, 2; me unum ex his feci qui ad aquas uenissent, Planc. 65; Aquae Sestiae, now Aix, Plin. 3, 36; **14.** aqua in-tercus, dropsy, Pl. Meu. 5, 4, 3; Cic. off. 3, 92; also aqua inter cutem, Cels. 3, 21, 2, 8 p. 50 l. 7; and met. aquam te in animo habere intercutem, Lucil. ap. Non. 37, 3; **15.** phrases, in aqua scribere what is to be forgotten, Catul. 70, 4; **16.** aqua haeret, nothing comes of one's labour, a met. perh. from a pump that won't work, dicit multa de multis locis, sed a. h., Cic. off. 3, 117; add Q. fr. 2, 8, 2; **17.** aqua omitted w. calida, lauet calida, Cato r. 156, 3; calda subfusa, Sen. ep. 77, 9; Aug. ser. a cal.



inser. Or. 2898; w. frigida, as f. lauabatur, Plin. 3, 5, 11; noxia ut frigidam febrī, Quint. 5, 11, 31; but not w. quauis in Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; quauis aspergere cunctos, praeter eum qui praebet, aqua, wh. qui praebet = praebitorem, and aqua belongs to quauis, any (the dirtiest) water; 18. *āqua* as trisyllabic at times or else w. initial a long, as: *magnas aquae uastaeque lucunas*, Lucr. 6, 552; *Quae calidum faciunt aquae tactum*, 6, 863; *latices aquae fontibus*, 6, 1072; 19. *aquai* as old gen. see last ex. and next; 20. a constellation Gr. Ἰδωρ, *Hae tenues stellae perhibentur nomine Aquai*, Cic. Arat. 179; 21. akin to S. ap water, Go. *ahva*, O. G. *aha* and affa of compounds, Lith. *uppē*, L. *am-nis*, see Key's Lang. p. 59; hence Fr. *cau* f.

**Aquaeductio?** written as two words in Vitr. 8, 7, 9 (7, 14 of Forc. an error); and Ulp. dig. 39, 3, 10, 1. **acquaeductus?** ūs, m., de aquaeductu probe fecisti, Cic. Att. 13, 6, 1; formam aquaeductus uetustate corruptam, inser. Or. 3695; but written diuism in Cic. Caecin. 74; Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 1; *aquarum ductus*, Plin. 16, 224; 36, 122.

**Aquagium**, (aqua, aucto) ii, n. conveyance of water by a cut, Pompon. dig. 8, 3, 15; 43, 20, 5. **Aquāliculum**, i, n. same as foll. § 2, edict. Dioclet. **Aquālic-ūlus**, i, m. dim. lit. a little water-jug—hence stomach, cum perueit (cibus) in uentrem, *aquāliculi feruore concoquitur*, Sen. ep. 90, 22; uentri (equi) qui a. nominatur... in cuius capacitate cibus potioque miscetur, Veg. vet. 2, 12, 1; 2. esp. the stomach of a pig, as a dish, Isid. or. 11, 1; schol. ad Pers. 1, 57; Apic. 1, 7; 3. belly, paunch, Pers. 1, 57.

**Aquālis**, e, adj. of water, watery, *Nubes, aquali frigido uelo leues*, Varr. ap. Non. 46, 3; 2. as sb. m. (sc. urceus) a water jug, euer, datin' isti... aequalem cum aqua, Pl. Curc. 3, 2, 39; ab aqua aqualis dictus, Varr. l. l. 5, 25 p. 124 Sp. but only a cj. in Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 39; 3. *aquale* n. the same, Plin. ap. Charis. 118, 31 K.

**Aquānus**, adj. of water, Tertull. **Aquāriōlus**, i, m. dim. of contempt, a little water-carrier, a. aquam gessit (Commodus) ut lenonum minister, Lampr. Comm. 2, 9; a. uxoris suae, Apul. mag. 78; Tertull. apol. 43.

**Aquārius**, adj. of water, urcei, Cato r. 11, 2; *situs...* rota, 11, 3; uas, Varr. l. l. 5, 25; prouincia, for a quaestor, as *Puteoli or Ostium*, Cic. Vatini. 12; sulci, Colum. 2, 8, 3; 2. as sb. n. aquarium water-supply, Cato r. 1, 3; add Plin. ap. Char. 118, 35; 3. *aquarius*, ii, as sb. m. a water-carrier, a low grade of slaves, cum tabernis et aquariis pugnare, Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 6, 4; Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 42 4. a slave employed on aqueducts, Frontin. ap. 2, 115; *aquarius aquae Anionis*, inser. Or. 3203; 5. sign of Zodiac, Cic. Arat. 56 etc.; Hor. s. 1, 1, 36; Plin. 18, 235.

**Aquāticus**, adj. of water, aues, Plin. 10, 9; *frutices*, 16, 156; 2. *abounding in water, watery*, *Auster*, Ov. M. 2, 853; *panis*, Plin. 18, 105; 3. *like water, (color)*, Sol. 30, 32.

**Aquāt-ilis**, e, adj. of water, (bestiae) aquatiles, Cic. N. D. 1, 103; 2, 124 and 151; genus, Varr. r. 3, 3, 4; *silua*, Colum. 7, 9, 7; 2. *aquatilia* n. pl. as sb. animals living in water, 9, 1; 11, 162; Plin. 30, 1; 3. *aquatilia* a disease of joints of horses etc.; Veg. vet. 1, 25, 6; 3, 49, 1.

**Aquātio**, ōnis, f. getting water, Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 4; Cic. off. 3, 59; Colum. 7, 5, 2; Plin. 6, 102; 2. *supply of water*, Plin. 32, 76; Pall. 3, 19, 3.

**Aquātor**, ōris, m. water-carrier, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 2; Liv. 41, 1, 6.

**Aquātus**, part. as adj. watered, watery, thin, medicamentum aquatus, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 12; uernum lac aquatus aestiuo, Plin. 28, 124; lac aquatum, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 35; 2. *adv. unum aquatissime temperatum*, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 94.

**Aquensis**, adj. of Aquae, ciuitas Aquens(is), inser. Or. 928; 2. in pl. inhabitants of Aquae Taurinae, now Acquapendente, Plin. 3, 52.

**Aquidūcus**, adj. drawing off water, medicamina, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 118, 119 of dropsy.

**Aquifōllus**, (ac of acuo etc.) adj. having prickly leaves, ilex, Plin. 16, 19 and 22, the holly; arbor, 24, 116; 2. *abs. as sb. f. aquifolia*, the same, Plin. 16, 19; 27, 63; 3. *as sb. n. aquifolium*, 16, 98 and 231; 4. *adj. made of holly, uectes aquifolios*, Cato r. 31, 1.

**Aquifūgā**, m. or f. one who flies from water (under hydrophobia), Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 11, 98 as a possible word for φευγ-υδρος.

**Aquigēnus**, adj. born in water, Tertull. Marc. 2, 12.

**Aquila**, (perh. fm aquilus of dusky colour) ae, f. eagle, Vbi aquila Catamitum raperet, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 34; aquilae ammonitus uolatu, Cic. div. 2, 26; neque imbellem feroces Progenerant aquilae columbana, Hor. od. 4, 4, 32; see Plin. 10, 6—18; 2. *sacred to Iuppiter, armigeram Iouis*, Plin. 6, 15; cf. Iouis ales, Verg. 1, 398; 3. *an eagle, as the chief standard of a legion, aquilam argenteam*, Cic. Cat. 1, 24; aquilae ii, signa lx sunt relata Antonii, Galba ad Cic. fam. 10, 30 f.; qui decimae legionis aquilam ferebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 25, 3; Vi locupletem aquilam tibi sexagesimus annus Afferat, Iuv. 14, 197; erat acies xiii aquilis constituta, i. e. 13 legions, bell. Hisp. 30, 1; 4. *in architect. a wooden eagle-shaped pediment = aetos, sustinentes fastigium (Capitolii) aquilae uetere ligno traxerunt flammam*; 5. *a fish, a sort of ray, Raia a. Linn.*, Plin. 9, 78;

6. *a northern constellation, a. occidit*, Colum. 11, 2, 53; ad aquilae occasum, Plin. 8, 187; aquilae in septentrionali parte, 18, 281; 7. *a cognomen*, Cic. Phil. 12, 20; cum Iulio Aquila, Tac. an. 12, 15; Vedium Aquilam, h. 2, 44; 8. *prov. aquilae senectus*, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 10; refers to the fable as told in Plin. 10, 14; *Oppetunt (aquilae) non senio, sed fame, in tantum superiore adrescente rostro ut aduicitas aperiri non queat*.

**Aquilēgus**, adj. water-collecting, rotae, Tertull. anim. 33; 2. = *aquilex*, wh. see, inser. Grut. 94, 3; inser. Murat. 489, 4; apparently not in inser. Or.

**Aquilentus**, adj. (cf. lulentus etc.) watery, of the moon, Varr. ap. Non. 4, 318 (wrong ref.).

**Aquilex**, (lacio) icis and ēgis (as if from lēgo), water-inspector, Tuscius aquilex, Varr. ap. Non. 68, 17; siluestris (tussilago) ubi nascitur subesse aquas credunt et hoc habent signum aquileges, Plin. 26, 30; necessarium est mitti aquilegem, Plin. ad Traian. 37 (46), 2, about an aqueduct; sudorem aquileges uocant, Sen. n. q. 3, 15, 7; gladiatores, aquileces, tubarii, Tarrunt. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6); for form aquileces add Serv. ad G. 1, 109; Tertull. Marc. 3, 5; aquileces υδρροσκοποι, Gloss.

**Aquiliānus**, adj. of Aquilius, definitio, Cic. off. 3, 61; stipulatio, Ulp. dig. 4, 3, 38.

**Aquiliūm**, (aquaal, Paul. ex F. p. 2) ii, rite for procuring rain, Tertull. apol. 40.

**Aquilifer**, ri, adj. as sb. eagle-bearer in the army, the chief centurion, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 5; b. c. 3, 64, 3; Suet. Aug. 10; inser. Or. 3389 etc.

**Aquilius**, adj. of an eagle, ungulae, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 63; aspectus, Apul. M. 2, 2, f.; 2. *a cognomen*, Scaev. dig. 40, 5, 19, 1.

**Aquilius**, (Aquillius) adj. or sb. a gens so called, M. Aquil(ius), CIL 328; Aquillia C. l. Tertia 1025; lex Aquilia, Cic. Brut. 131; Gai. 3, 202.

**Aquilō**, onis, m. (root perh. ac. sharp) north wind, Naev. ap. Non. 370, 25; Aquilonis stridor gelidas molitur nubes, Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; add Turpil. ap. Nou. 488, 18; Verg. G. 2, 404; 2. in pl. Cic. N. D. 2, 26; 3. the north, spelunca conuersa ad aquilonem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107.

**Aquilonalis**, adj. northern, piscis, Vitr. 9, 6, 3; pars Innoc. cas. litt. 332, 30; 336, 29 Lachm.

**aquilōnāris?** in Cic. N. D. 2, 50 aquilonia; in Vitr. 9, 6, 3 aquilonalem.

**Aquilonia**, ae, f. a city of the Hirpini, Liv. 10, 38, 4; 10, 39, 7.

**aquilōnigēna**, ae, m. f. born of the North-wind, Britanni, Aus. Mos. 407.

1. **aquilōnius**, adj. of the North-wind, regio, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; proles, Prop. 1, 20, 25; piscis, Colum. 11, 2, 24 and 63; luna, Plin. 2, 215; lieuups, 17, 12; 2. *Aquilonii*, a people of Italy, Plin. 3, 105.

2. **Aquilōnius**, adj. or sb. an inhabitant of Aquilonia.  
**āquilus**, (aqua perh.) adj. of a dusty colour, sallow, *Statura hau magna, corpore aquilo. Ipsa east, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 152; colorem inter aquilum candidumque, Suet. Aug. 79; aquilis color est fuscus et subniger, Paul. ex F. p. 22.*  
**aquiminale**, adj. n. as sb. a wash-hand basin, Paul. dig. 33, 10, 3.  
**aquiminarium**, adj. n. as sb. same, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 21, 2.  
**Aquinās**, ātis, adj. of Aquinum, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 27;  
 2. inhabitant of A., CIL 1182; Cic. Phil. 2, 106; Clu. 192; inscr. Or. 133.  
**Aquinus**, adj. or sb. name of a Roman gens, Cic. Tusc. 5, 63.  
**Aquilnum**, i, n. a town of the Volsci, Cic. Phil. 2, 106; Plin. 3, 63; Iuv. 3, 319.  
**Aquinus**, i, m. a cognomen, Catul. 14, 18.  
**aquiuergium**, (uergo pour) ii, n. a water-course, agrimens. cas. litt. 315, 17; 325, 8; 336, 29 ed. Lachm.  
**āquor**, āri, vb. r. get water for oneself, aquatum ire, Cato or. ap. Non. 208; ut aquari possent; Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; add 1, 81, 4; aquatum egressus, Sal. Ing. 93, 2; 2. of bees, Verg. G. 4, 193; Plin. 11, 62; Pall. 5, 8, 1.  
**āquōsitas**, ātis, f. abundance of watery fluid, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 35, 186.  
**āquōsus**, adj. abounding in water, watery, locus aquosissimus, Cato r. 34; a. locus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; tempora, Colum. 5, 10, 10; nubes, Verg. 8, 429; mater, Ov. her. 3, 53, i.e. Thetis; 2. languor a. dropsy, Hor. od. 2, 2, 15.  
**āquūla**, (-ōla) ae, f. dim. a little water, obispat aquolam, revives by throwing a little water on one fainting, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 37; suffundam aquolam, Curo. 1, 3, 3; add Cic. or. 1, 28.  
**ar**, for ad, prep. as in arfuisse, CIL 196, 21; arf(uerunt), 196, 2; aruorsum 196, 25; aruorsario, 198, 20; arueho, Cato r. 138, 1; add arbiter; cf. apor=apud.  
**āra**, ae (old asa, wh. see) f. lit. perh. a rock, Saxa uocant Itali mediis quae in fluctibus āras, Verg. 1, 113; apud āras quae uocabantur Neptuniae, Claud. Q. ap. Serv. ib.; uerentur in pelago latente(m) insulam quem locum uocant āras, Varr. ib.; 2. a rock used as an altar; hence gen. an altar, Ioui O. M. ex uiso aram adificauit P. Cornelius, CIL 1109; cui nec arae patriae domi stant, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; ara Aio Loquenti...consecrata est, Cic. div. 1, 101; 3. as a place of refuge, aram habete hanc uobis pro castris, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 29; hence met. nemo accusat Syre te, nec tu aram tibi nec precatorem pararis, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 23; tanquam in aram confugitis ad Deum, Cic. N. D. 3, 24; ut ad aram legum confugerit, Verr. 2, 2, 8; Priamum cum in aram confugisset, Tusc. 1, 85; 4. in prayers and oaths the hand was on the altar, paelex arsam luuonis ne tagito, lex Numae ap. Gell. 4, 3, 3; Tauge aram hanc Veneris. Tango. Per Venerem hanc iurandum tibi, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 46; is cui si aram teneus iuraret crederet nemo...iniuratus probat? Cic. Flac. 90; Tango āras, medios ignis et numina testor, Verg. 12, 201; Talibus orabat dictis ārasque tenebat, 6, 124; 5. arae et focii of domestic, as opposed to public holy places, de aris ac focis, de fanis atque templis decernite, Cic. Cat. 4 f.; nos deorum templa..., nos aras focos sepulchra...defendimus, Phil. 8, 8; qui patriae, parentibus, aris atque focis suis bellum paruere, Sal. Cat. 52, 3; add 59, 5; pro aris focusque et deum templis...dimicandum fore, Liv. 5, 30, 1; add 28, 42, 11; 6. a southern constellation, = θυρπιον of Aratus Cic. N. D. 2, 117; Hygin. astron. 39; 7. perh. from area, says Varr. l. 5, 4, 11; but the same ap. Macr. s. 3, 2, 8 derives asa, as the old form, from ansa.  
**ārābica**, ae, adj. f. ass. a gem, like ivory, Plin. 37, 145.  
**ārāb-ilis**, e (arab- older form of ara-?) adj. arable, illum nullis arabilem tauris campum, Plin. 17, 41.  
**ārāchidna**, ae, a leguminous plant, perh. lathyrus amphicarpos, Linn., Plin. 21, 89.  
**ārachne**, ōs (a spider's web) f. a kind of sundial, the lines looking like a web, Vitr. 9, 9, 1, p. 236 Rose's ed.  
**ārānea**, ae (= ἀραχνη) f. a spider, suspenderit ārānea casses, Verg. G. 4, 247; antiquas exercet a. telas, Ov. M.

6, 145; see araneus; 2. a spider's web, Ego hinc (so mss) araneas de foribus deiciam et de pariete, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 31; add Aul. 1, 2, 6 and 9; abstergete araneas, Titin. ap. Non. 192, 11; arcula tua plena est aranearum, Afran. ap. Fest. 359 M; quae pudent aranea tigno, Ov. M. 4, 179; 3. met. of the blossom of the willow, Plin. 24, 56.  
**ārāneo**, āre, vb. breed spider's webs, only in part. fauces diutina fame...araneantes, Apul. M. 4, 22.  
**ārāneōla**, ae, f. dim. the little spider, in araneolis aliae..., aliae..., Cic. N. D. 2, 123.  
**ārāneōsus**, i, m. dim. the same, Verg. cul. 2.  
**ārāneōsus**, adj. full of spider's webs, situs, Catul. 25, 3; 2. like spider's webs, fila, Plin. 11, 65; caulis, 21, 87.  
**ārāneum**, ei n. a spider's web, tollere haec aranea Quantumst laboris, Phaedr. 2, 8, 23; 2. a web-like disease of viues, Pl. 17, 229.  
**ārāneus**, i, m. a spider, Vt operam omnem araneorum (so BCD and Non.) perdam et texturam improbam, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 24; Iussin columiis deiciat operas araneorum, As. 2, 4, 19; neque arauēi tenuia fila, Luer. 3, 383; aranei textura, Sen. ep. 121, 22; Plin. 9, 155; 11, 85 etc.; 2. mus araneus, shrew mouse, Colum. 6, 17, 1; araneus alione Veg. vet. 5, 79.  
**arapennis**, is, m. a Bactic or Gallic land measure of about half an acre, Isid. mens. agr. p. 368, 1 Lachm.; 372, 17; written arripennis, Boeth. (?) 407, 21; 408, 1; arrepennis by Colum. 5, 1, 6; 2. hence Fr. arpent.  
**ārātēr**, tri, m. = araturum, qua falx et arater irerit, Augusti lex ap. Hygin. Him. p. 112, 24 Lachm. ed.; add 201, 8; 203, 16.  
**ārātia**, (apareia) ae, adj. f. of Aratus—hence a kind of fig, ficus, Plin. 15, 70.  
**ārātio**, ōnis, f. ploughing, Plin. 18, 180; 2. agriculture, Cic. Tusc. 5, 86; 3. ploughed land, esp. public land farmed out, arationes...a dominis relictas, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 4; 4. met. Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 47.  
**ārātuncūla**, ae, f. dim. a bit of arable land, met. Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 46.  
**ārātor**, ōris, m. a ploughman, neque iam stabulis gaudet pecus aut ārātor igni, Hor. od. 1, 4, 3; luce sacra...requiescat arator, Tib. 2, 1, 5; arator nisi incuruos praeuariat, Plin. 18, 179; 2. one who rents public land, primus feci ut de agro poplico aratores cederent paastores, (sic) CIL 551; ager Campanus possidetur a plebe, quod genus hominum...optimorum et aratorum et militum..., Cic. agr. 2, 84; aratorum paenuria, Verr. 2, 3, 126; add 2, 3, 181; 3. as adj. cedebat taurus arator equo, Ov. F. 1, 698; bos arator, Suet. Vesp. 5; Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 6; seruus aratores, Th. C. 2, 30; 4. a constellation, Verr. and Nigid. ap. Serv. G. 1, 19.  
**ārātōrius**, adj. used for ploughing, boues, Th. C. 2, 30; 2. aratorum as sb. n. arable land, Th. C. 9, 42, 7.  
**ārātrum**, tri, n. plough, aratra Romanica..., Caupanica, Cato r. 135, 2; a. leue, Varr. r. 20, 4; terram pressis proscindere ārātris, Lucr. 5, 209; boum uires ad aratra extraheuda, Cic. N. D. 2, 159.  
**ārātus**, ūs, m. = aratio, Dictys, b. Troian. 2, 41.  
**ar-biter**, tri, m. [ar=ad; bit an old form of es=be, for consonant of wh. cf. E. be, S. bhū, L. bed-o, of am-bedo; for the t cf. ετ-εος, ετ-υμνος, both from ετ- be], one who is near, a bystander (who can see and hear), a witness, eaves-dropper, circumspicite ne quis adsit arbiter, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 1; Locum sibi uelle liberum praebierit, Vbi nequam faciat clam ne quis sit arbiter, Poen. 1, 1, 50; add 3, 3, 50; Capt. 2, 1, 17; 2, 1, 24; Cas. 1, 1, 2; 1, 1, 55; Cist. 1, 1, 66; Mil. 2, 2, 3; Veritus sum arbitros (so Bothe cj., mss arbitror), Acc. 190 R; remotis arbitris ad se adulescentem iussit uenire, Cic. off. 3, 112; ab arbitris remoto loco, Verr. 2, 5, 80; loca ab arbitris libera, Att. 15, 16 b; decisionis arbiter C. Caecilius fuit, Flac. 89; omnibus arbitris remotis, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; (ut) sine arbitro milites quae uellent agerent, Liv. 27, 28, 7; (domus) immunis ab omnibus arbitris, Vell. 2, 14, 3; 2. an umpire, arbitrator, referee, Vicini nostri hinc ambigunt de finibus: Me cepere arbitrum, Ter. Haut.



3, 1, 91; Q. Fabium arbitrum Nolanis et Neapolitanis de finibus a senatu datum, Cic. off. 1, 33; arbitrum illum adigit..., 3, 66; add Rosc. com. 11, 12 (see the pass.); ideo melior uidetur condicio causae bonae, si ad iudicem quam si ad arbitrum mittatur, quia... (see the pass.), Sen. ben. 3, 7, 5; si arbitrum postulauerit is cum quo agitur, accipit formulam quae appellatur arbitraria, Gai. 4, 163; si inter te et uicinum tuum non conuenit..., arbitrum accipere poteris, Ulp. dig. 8, 2, 11, 1;

3. beyond legal sphere, uellem me arbitrum inter antiquam Academiam et Zenonem datum, Cic. leg. 1, 53; pugnae, Hor. od. 3, 20, 11; bibendi, 2, 7, 25; armorum, Ov. F. 3, 73; irae Iunonis, her. 9, 45; coronae, Mart. 7, 72, 10; Taurus innumerarum gentium arbiter, (alluding to the legal arbiter finium regundorum), Plin. 5, 97; 4. as arbitrator was not restrained by forms of law, met. lord, master, tyrant, (Notus) arbiter Hadriae, Hor. od. 1, 3, 15; arbiter rerum, Tac. an. 2, 73.

**arbitrĕrium**, ii, n. a fuller form of **arbitrium**, Gai. dig. 2, 8, 9; Paul. 4, 8, 19, 1 and again 2, with **arbitrium** in the same §; Ulp. 4, 8, 7, 1; inscr. Or. 4815.

**arbitra**, ae, f. witness, Hor. epod. 5, 50.

**arbitrĕrius**, adj. of an arbitrator, iudicatio, Maer. s. 7, 1, 7.

**arbitrĕrius**, adj. of an arbitrator, Hoc quidem profecto certum non est arbitrarium, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 216; formula, Gai. 4, 41 f.; iudicia, Papin. dig. 22, 1, 3, 1; actio, Ulp. 4, 2, 14, 4; 2. arbitrary, at one's pleasure, motus in arteria naturalis, non a., Gell. 18, 10 f.; 3. arbitrario, at the pleasure of an arbitrator, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 43.

**arbitrĕtio**, ōnis, f. arbitration, Gell. 13, 20, 19; Th. C. 2, 26, 4.

**arbitrĕtor**, ōris, m. a supreme ruler, pentapylon Iouis arbitratoris, P. Viet.

**arbitrĕtrix**, icis, f. the same, Tert. Marc. 2, 12 f.

**arbitrĕtus**, ūs, m. judicial decision of an arbiter or umpire, arbitratus eius aed. quod ea pars urbis h(ac) lege obtulerit, CIL 206, 21; arb(itratu) p(r)aetoris, 200, 73; si quid damni dederit, uiri boni arbitratu resoluatur, Cato r. 149, 2 etc.; compromiserunt quingenis petere (Catonis) arbitratus ut qui contra fecisset ab eo condemnaretur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 f.; arbiter electus est, ut arbitratus eius res terminetur, Scaev. dig. 4, 8, 44; 2. met. Meus arbitratust lingua quod iuret mea, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 68; add As. 4, 1, 21; Amph. 1, 1, 103; quaero causas uiuendi arbitratu meo, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 5; add fn. 1 f.

**arbitrium**, ii, n. the being an arbiter or witness, presenc of a witness, diuinaque rerum Cura sine arbitrio est, Lucil. Aetn. 195; locus ab omni liber arbitrio uacat, Sen. Hipp. 602; En locus ab omni tutus arbitrio uacat, Herc. Oet. 487; add Phaedr. 609; Grat. Cyn. 331; 2. the judicial enquiry and decision of an arbiter or umpire, arbitration, aliud est iudicium, aliud arbitrium, Cic. Rosc. C. 10; in omnibus his arbitriis in quibus adderetur ex fide boua, off. 3, 70; nondum morte complorata arbitria petentes funera, prob. the order of magistrates for funeral expenses, see Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 12, 6; 3. met. arbitrary decision, one's pleasure, Arbitrium uestrum, uestra existimatio Valebit, Ter. Haut. p. 25; uixit ad aliorum arbitrium, nou ad suum, Cic. Mur. 19; populum R. uictis non ad alterius praescriptum sed ad suum arbitrium imperare consuesse, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; munificentiam eorum in se ipsorum arbitrii debere esse, Liv. 37, 52, 8.

**arbitro**, see **arbitror** § 7.

**arbitror**, āri, vb. r. make oneself a witness, (arbiter), witness, see and hear (what is passing), Secede huc nunciam, si uidetur, procul, Ne arbitri dicta nostra arbitrari queant, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 24; Hinc ego et huc et illuc potero quid agant arbitrari, Aul. 4, 1, 21; per rimam ostiorum quamquam iubet arbitrari quae sic gesta sunt, Apul. M. 3, 21; suspendit se fenestra domus attiguae fortunas arbitraturus, 4, 12; patefacto cubiculo proxime consistens coram arbitratur, 10, 16; add 7, 1; 2. look carefully into, qui diligenti curamina Empedoclis arbitrati sunt, Gell. 4, 11, 10; cuncta enriosis oculis arbitrabar, Apul. M. 2, 29; 3. act as umpire (arbiter) or arbitrator, pronounc as such, si aliter quis utatur quam uir bonus arbitratur, Ulp. 7, 9, 1,

6; de alimentis patroni arbiter solct dari, arbitraturus quantum..., 25, 3, 5, 26; 4. solemnly affirm as a witness, illud uerbum 'arbiter' quo utimur cum ea dicimus iurati quae comperta habemus, quae ipsi uidimus, Cic. Font. 29; qui testimonium diceret ut 'arbitrari' se diceret, acad. pr. 146; Sexte Tempani quaero de te arbitrerisne Gaium Sempronium consulem..., Liv. 4, 40, 6; M. Atilius Regulus... in consilio inquit arbiter mo fuisse consulibus..., 26, 33, 7;

5. beyond legal sphere, decide, deem, pronounce, come to the conclusion, ita utei ante arbitrabamur, CIL 201, 11 in a Sen. cons.; quos eo ordine dignos arbitrabuntur, 202, 32; Quom adfinitate uostra me arbitramini Dignum, habeo uobis gratiam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 104; Iam pridem cognoui atque intellexi atque arbitor..., Cato ap. Char. 202 K; uelim te arbitrari me haec uerba... tuae rei causa facere, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 1; Hero primum te arbitrari (quod res est) uelim: Quicquid huius factumst, culpa uon factumst mea, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 9; 6. hold as a strong opinion, lay it down, deliberately, think, fully believe, Nisi qui sat diu uixisse sese homo arbitrabitur, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 12; Ciuemme? Arbitror, certum non scimus, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 30; ego quod ad me attinet itemque arbitor ceteros, idcirco taceo, quod..., Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; arbitratus id bellum celeriter confici posse, Caes. b. g. 3, 28, 1; II 7. arbitro, āre, the same, Probiore credo arbitrabitur, si probis narraueris, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 87; arbitramur, Poen. 4, 2, 57; 8. hence arbiter as a pass.; Continuo arbitretur uxor tuo nato, be looked out for and approved, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 82; ex scriptis eorum qui ueri arbitrantur, Cacl. (Antip.?) ap. Prisc. 383, 18 K; modus (pecunia)e pro actate eius... arbitrandus est, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 10; acceps quaestio et in utramque partem arbitrata, Gell. 1, 13; 9. as pass. impers., per eum factum est quominus arbitretur, Paul. dig. 4, 8, 27, 4.

**arbŏr**, or arbŏs, ōris, (perh. ar = ap of *arbo*, and al of alo, whence arduus; and so lit. the upright trunk? see § 2\*) f. in gen. use, a tree, felices arbores quae fructum ferunt, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. p. 89; Nam fulguritae sunt ibi alternae arbores, Pl. Triu. 4, 2, 138; in arboribus truncus, rami, folia, Cic. or. 3, 179; arborum trunci, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 10; in arbŏre poma, Verg. B. 1, 38; 2. w. a gen. of kind, arborem fici\*, Cic. Flac. 41 (so some miss rightly); Colum. 5, 11, 14; arbores ficorum\*, 11, 2, 59; proceris abietis arboribus\*, Liv. 24, 3, 4; citri, Pall. 5, 5, 1; piri, 3, 25, 4 etc.; palmae, Suet. Aug. 94; 3. w. name in apposition, arbores alni, Varr. r. 1, 7, 7; cupressus arbor, Tac. h. 2, 78; 4. w. gen. of the gods to whom sacred, Phoebi, Ov. F. 3, 139 laurel; Iouis, M. 1, 106 oak; Palladis, a. a. 2, 518 olive; arborum genera dicata, ut Ioui aesculus, Herculi populus, Apollini laurus, Miueruae olea, Veneri myrtus, Herculi populus, Plin. 12, 3; 5. of coral (?), nascuntur et in mari frutices arboresque, minores in nostro, rubrum enim et totus orientis oceanus refertus siluis, Plin. 13, 135; frondem marinarum arborum, 13, 140; 6. esp. of a tree as support to a vine, and so opposed to self-supported vine, uineas arboresque mature face ut incipias putare, Cato r. 32; de uineis satis diximus, nunc de arboribus praecipendum est. Qui uolet arbustum habere, Colum. 5, 6, 1; arbores maritae, 11, 2, 32; 7. of a mast, iufigitur arbore mali, Verg. 5, 504; arboribus caesis, Lucau. 9, 332; arbor aut aliud nauis instrumentum, Papin. dig. 14, 2, § 3; arbore caesa ut nauis liberari possit, Herm. § 5; deustis et arbore et antenna, Iulian. § 6; 8. a beam in a press, Cato r. 18, 2 etc.; Plin. 18, 317; 9. an oar, centenaque arbore fluctum Verberat, Verg. 10, 207; 10. a hollowed tree as a ship, Pelias arbor, Ov. her. 12, 8; 11. of a spear, ferataque arbore magnos Molitur iactus, Stat. Th. 12, 769—so far throughout of a tree; 12. of wood generally, arbore sulcamus maria terrasque admouemus, arbore aedificamus tecta, Plin. 12, 4; 13. a infelix, gallow, gibbet, caput obnubito, arbori infelici suspendito, from an old law ap. Cic. Rab. perd. 13; Liv. 1, 26, 6; 14. arbos occurs in Verg. B. 3, 56; G. 2, 57; A. 3, 27 etc.; but arbor seems preferred by Hor. and Ov.; arbosem pro arbore antiqui, Paul. ex F. p. 15 M.

**arbŏrĕrius**, adj. of trees, falces, Cato r. 10, 3; 11, 4; pici, Plin. 30, 147; prouetus, Solin. 11, 12; 23, 1.



**arbōrātor**, ōris, m. a tree pruner, Colum. 11, 1, 12; Plin. 19, 330.

**arbōresco**, ēre, vb. grow into a tree, in Arabia malicas arborecere, Plin. 19, 62.

**arbōrētum**, ī, n. [for arbor-ec-tum, n. of a quasi-part. provided with little trees, as sb. (solum understood); cf. arbus-tum and uirectum=uirētum] ground planted with trees, esp. as supporting vines, arboreta magna erant, Q. Claud. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 25, who adds: arboreta ignobilibus uerbūm, arbusta celebratius.

**arbōreus**, (-ius) adj. of a tree, falces arboriae, Varr. 1. 1. 5, 31; foetus, Verg. G. 1, 55; umbra, Ov. M. 10, 129; amplitudo, Plin. 16, 162; 2. tree-like, cornibus, Verg. 1, 194.

**arbuscula**, ae, f. dim. a little tree, Varr. r. 3, 15, 1; arbusculae ficorum (see arbor § 2), Colum. 11, 2, 79; 2. crinita a. a peacock's crest, Plin. 11, 121; 3. arbusculae pins or bolts of a wagon, = αμαξοπόδες, Vit. 10, 20, 1; 4. a cognomen, Atria C. l. Arbuscula, CIL 1029; of an actress, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 6; Hor. s. 1, 10, 77.

**arbusciōs**, adj. of an arbutum or plantation of vine-trees, uitis, Colum. 4, 2, 8; positio, 4, 1, 6.

**arbusto**, āre, vb. convert into plantations of vine-trees, Transpadana Italia acere orno quereu arbustat agros, Plin. 17, 201.

**arbustum**, see

**arbutus**, (arbus=arbor; cf. cornutus, barbatus) quasi-part. provided with tree or trees, esp. but not always, for supporting vines, agri arui et arbuti et pascui, Cic. rep. 5, 3; Larium lacum amoenum arbusto agro, Plin. 10, 77; arbusta nite, tree-supported, 17, 207; II 2. hence arbustum, i, as sb. n. (solum understood; and not compressed from arboretum), a place planted with trees, a collection of trees; Incedunt arbusta per alta, securibus caedunt, Percellunt magnas quereus, Enn. an. 193; omne sonabat Arbutum fremitu siluāi frondosāi, 197; ite in frundiferos lucos, ingenio arbusta ubi nata sunt, non obsita, Naev. (?) ap. Non. 323 (corr. by Scal.); E terraque exorta repente arbusta salirent, Lucr. 1, 187; add 1, 351, 806, 808; 2, 189; 5, 912; 6, 141—all w. arbusta, metre as Munro notes, not admitting arbores; but arbutus felicitibus 5, 1378; tum uisam beluam omnia arbusta uirgulta tecta peruertere, Cic. div. 1, 49; add Arat. 115; Et cantu querulae rumpunt arbusta cicadae, Verg. G. 3, 328; Ipsi te fontes, ipsa haec arbusta uocabant, B. 1, 40; Cumque satis arbusta simul pcedesque uirosque...rapiunt, Ov. M. 1, 286; add Tac. h. 3, 23; 3. esp. as vine-supporters, a field planted with such trees and their vines, a tree-vineyard, in opp. to uinea of self-supported vines, de omnibus agris...uinea est prima,...octauo (loco) arbustum, Cato r. 1, 5; nec segetibus solum et uineis et arbutis res rusticae laetiae sunt, Cic. sen. 54; sed iam de uineis satis diximus: nunc de arboribus praecipendum est: qui uolet arbustum habere, operam dabit ne..., Colum. 5, 6, 1; arbustum nouum institere, 5, 6, 5; a. constituere, Colum. arb. 1, 3 and 16, 2; add 5, 6, 37; Iam uineae nites, iam falcem arbusta repouunt, Verg. G. 2, 416; Est ut niro uir latius ordinet Arbusta sulcis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 10; cum me arbustum uidere Myconis Atque mala uites incidere fales nouellas, Verg. B. 3, 10; cultique arbusta Lycaei, Ov. M. 2, 710; arbuti ratio, Plin. 17, 199; add 203, 204, 214; Pallad. Feb. 10, 1.

**arbutus**, adj. of the arbutus or wild strawberry, crates, Verg. G. 1, 166; uirgae, A. 11, 65; fetus, Ov. M. 1, 104; frondes, 1, 632; liber, Stat. Th. 1, 584.

**arbutum**, (arbitum\*) n. fruit of the arbutus, arbutum colligerent ad usum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 4; glandes atque arbita\* uel pura lecta, Lucr. 5, 965; glandes atque arbusta, Verg. G. 1, 148; add 2, 520; 2. the tree itself, frondentia capris Arbusta sufficere, Verg. G. 3, 301.

**arbutus**, i, f. the wild-strawberry tree, arbute, arbutus unedo Linn.; nucis arbutus horrida fetu, Verg. G. 2, 69; arbutos Quaerunt latentis, Hor. od. 1, 17, 6; Ov. M. 10, 102; add Colum. 7, 9, 6; 2. the fruit of the arbutus, obijuntur...cederaeae bacae nec minus arbuti, Colum. 8, 10, 4.

**arca**, ae (arceo?) f. a chest, box, arcam uestiariam, Cato r. 11, 3; lapidem in medio arcae, Cass. Hem. ap. Plin. 13,

86; ex illa olea arcam esse factam eoque conditas sortis, Cic. div. 2, 86; in altera (arca) libros Numae inesse, Liv. 40, 29, 4; 2. esp. a money-chest, Atque hic equos non in arcam, uerum in arcam faciet impetum, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 19; multum differt in arca ne positum sit argentum an in tabulis debeat, Cic. top. 16; 3. a coffin, first to couvey a poor man's corpse to a grave or pyre, cadauera...uili portanda locabat in arca, Hor. s. 1, 8, 9; Da uilem Magno plebei funeris arcam Quae lacerum corpus sicco effundat in ignes, Luc. 8, 736; 4. a coffin for permanent use, in altera (arca) Numam...sepultum esse, Liv. 40, 29, 4; petimus ue quis nos inquietet ex arca nostra, inser. Or. 4396; add 3560; 4429 etc.; qui in alterius arcam lapideam in qua adhuc mortuus non erit conditus, mortuum intulerit, Gal. dig. 11, 7, 7, 1; 5. a close prison, in arcas (serui) coniciuntur ne quis cum his colloqui possit, Cic. Mil. 60; 6. a water chest in a musical organ, Vit. 10, 13, 1; in a roof, 6, 3, 2; 7. a landmark of this form, lib. col. 227, 14 etc. ed. Lachm.; 8. arca, inser. Grut. 1033, 8.

**Arcae**, (Arkae) arum, f. pl. a city of the Volsci, plebs Arkarum patroui, iuser. Nap. Giugno, p. 350.

**Arcanum**, i, adj. n. as sb. (sc. praedium), a villa of Q. Cicero near Arcae, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; 3, 9, 7.

**arcānus**, (arca) adj. closed, hidden, of what is material, secretas illas et arcanas opes, Plin. pan. 34, 3; fontis arcani aquae, Tac. an. 2, 54; 2. met. secret, at quicum arcana quicum occulta omnia, Cic. fin. 2, 85; consilia, Liv. 35, 18; seusus, Verg. 4, 422; consilium, Hor. od. 3, 21, 15; 3. esp. of what is sacred and mysterious, sacra, Hor. epod. 5, 52; Cereris, od. 3, 2, 27; 4. that keeps a secret, secret, dixisti arcano satis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 155; arcana nocte, Ov. her. 9, 40; ut aliquem ex arcanis mitteret, Plin. 7, 178; II 5. arcanum, as sb. n. a secret, Arcanique Fides prodiga, Hor. od. 1, 18, 16; arcanum scrutaberis illius umquam, ep. 1, 18, 37; fatorum arcana canebat, Ov. M. 2, 639; III 6. arcano adv. secretly, arcano cum suis loquitur, Caes. b. c. 1, 19, 2; hunc (αρχερτυον) lege arcano conuiuius tuis, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; but in Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 117: Arcauo tibi ego hoc dico, arcano is prob. au adj., see above; 7. comp. arcanus, Colum. 3, 2, 32.

**arcārius**, (ark.) adj. of the money chest, arcaria nomina, debts incurred for money lent, Gai. 3, 131 and 132; II 2. as sb. m. a treasurer, arcario rei publicae Laucianorum, inser. Or. 118; 2414; 2821; add Lampr. Al. Scv. 43, 4; 3. of a slave who has charge of money, Stichus arcarius probante domino nomina fecit, Scaev. dig. 40, 5, 41, 17; Agathyraus...ser(vus) arkarius\*, inser. Or. 2890.

**arcātūra**, ae, f. a landmark, Cassiod. var. 3, 52.

**arcatus**, see arquetus.

**arcebio**, see arcebio.

**arcelaca**, (uitis) a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 27; 3, 7, 1; 3, 21, 3.

**arcella**, ae, f. (dim. of arcula) a landmark (v. arca § 7), lib. col. 1, p. 227, 5; Faust. et Val. 308, 25 ed. Lachm.

**arcellūla**, ae, dim. of same, arca, arcula, arcella, arcellula, Diom. p. 326, 7 K.

**arceo**, arci, arctus or rather artus (akin to εἴρω and ἀρκεω), vb. confine, hold tight, keep within limits, qui fulmine claro Omnia per souitus (personitans, Bernays cj.) arceat, terram mare caelum, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 1, 31; Prob. ib.; nos flumina arcemus dirigitus auertimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 152; extimus orbis arcens et contiens ceteros, rep. 6, 17; (aluos) arceat et continet quod recepit, N. D. 2, 136; 2. met. uidebam audaciam tam immanem non posse arceri otii finibus, Cic. har. r. 4; uec tamen ita sunt arcta et astricta ut ea cum uelimus laxare nequeamus, or. 220; cf. coerceo; 3. keep off, ward off, ille se ut hostium copiae, tu ut aquae pluuiarum arceantur, Cic. Mur. 22; (asylum) arcebio pecori, Verg. G. 3, 155; Odi profanum uolugus et arceo, Hor. od. 3, 1, 1; qua somnos ducit et arceat uirga, Ov. M. 2, 735; aquae pluuiarum arceandae actio, Paul. dig. 39, 3, 2, 9; 4. w. ab, tu Iuppiter hunc a tuis templis arcebio, Cic. Cat. 1 f.; si homines ab iniuria poena arcebio deheret, leg. 1, 40; 5. w. mere abl., Satis tamen habeam uirium ut te ara arceam, Pacuv. ap. Prisc. 1, 487 K; (Antonium) ut hostem arceat Gallia, Cic. Phil. 5, 37; non te



dominus illis sedibus arcebit, 2, 104; Troas arcebat Latio, Verg. 1, 35; **6.** w. abl. of noun of action, keep off, prevent (from), cur (paupertatem) deorum aditu arceamus? Cic. leg. 2, 25; arcens eum reditu, Tusc. 1, 8, 9; ut arceamus transitu hostes, Liv. 26, 41, 6; **7.** w. inf. keep (from), prevent (from), forbid, plagamque sedere Cedendo arcebat, Ov. M. 3, 89; add 12, 427; Quam lex furtilius arceat habere uiros, Pont. 3, 3, 56; nec Augustus arcuerat Taurum opes ornatum ad urbis conferre, Tac. an. 3, 72; add Stat. Th. 1, 455; silu. 2, 1, 34; **8.** w. acc. prevent, ut colloquia congressusque nostros arcerent, Tac. h. 4, 64; **9.** keep (a person etc.) from (evil), protect, guard, haec aetas (adolescentia) a libidinibus arcenda est, Cic. off. 1, 122; classes Aquilonibus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 64; irascar amicis Cur me funesto properent arcere ueterno, 1, 7, 10; **10.** arctus or rather artus as adj. confined, narrow, close, tight, closely packed, artioribus laqueis tenebitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 13; uincia artissima, Att. 6, 2, 1; carros in artiores siluas abdiderunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 18, 3; arta conuiuia, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 29; arto stipata theatro, 2, 1, 60; cauom, 1, 7, 33; arta uite, od. 1, 38, 7; animum—distressed, s. 2, 6, 82; (amnem) iii alueis, v stadiorum artissimo, xv amplissimo, Plin. 6, 86; artiore cribro ceruiter, 18, 115; **11.** met. artior somnus, Cic. rep. 6, 10 (see § 14); petitio, a close contest, Liv. 39, 32, 7; propinquitas, Curt. 3, 12, 14; fames, Sil. 7, 280; artissimae tenebrae, Suet. Ner. 46; artior annona, Tib. 8; **12.** esp. artae res, straitened circumstances, distress, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 25; Tac. h. 3, 69 f.; Flor. 1, 22, 31; **13.** artum as sb. n. w. a prep., a narrow or confined space, multiplicatis in arto spatiis, Liv. 2, 50, 8; in arto haerentes, 34, 15, 8; (nolumina) a me collecta in arto, Plin. 8, 15; **14.** met. quum in arto res esset, Liv. 26, 17, 5; ne spem sibi ponat in arto, Ov. M. 9, 683; **15.** adv. arte closely, tightly, tu arte colliga (manus), Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 29; illum mater arte habet, keeps a tight hand on him, As. 1, 1, 65; artius puellam complexus, Cic. div. 1, 103; arte et graniter dormitare, 1, 59; hoc artius inligata, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 7; peditem quam artissime ire iubet, Sal. Jug. 68, 4; hunc artissime diligo, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 1.

**arcēra**, (arca) ae, f. dim.? a sort of palanquin for carriage of the sick or aged, Varr. l. 5, 32; Gell. 20, 1, 29; who, § 25, quotes from XII tab.: si morbus aenitasue uitium escit, iumentum dato: si nolet, arceram ne sternito (om. ne?).

**arcessitor**, ōris, m. one who fetches or summons, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 45; **2.** an accuser, Amm. 29, 1, 44.

**arcessitus**, ūs, m. fetching, summons, only in abl. tuo arcessitu uenio, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 3; ipsius arcessitu, Cic. N. D. 1, 15; a. Valentis, Amm. 31, 10, 3.

**arcesso**, (accerso) ēre, iui or ii, itus, vb. [cesso = cio, cico and *κίω*; and so ar-cesso, a fuller form of ac-cio; cf. capesso = capio] lit. rouse by voice and so call to come to (one), summon; in use summon by messenger, send for, or else fetch\*; Ne istuc mecastor, iam patrem accersam meum, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 34; iussit arcessi eam domum, Cest. 1, 3, 48; tunc qui hau multo prius Abiisti hinc erum arcessitum? Rud. 4, 4, 12; iubet magistrum equitum arcessi, Cato orig. 24, 4 I; Quem contra amari, quem expeti, quem arcessier (uelit), Caecil. 263 R; cur non domum uxorem arcessis, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 6; arcessi inbe, Andr. 3, 3, 14; curre, obstetricem arcesse\*, Ad. 3, 2, 56; iussit me ad so arcessier, Eun. 3, 3, 4; illis temporibus cum ab aratro arcessebantur qui consules fierent, Cic. Rosc. Am. 50; Cillonem arcessieram Venafro, Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; te desideramus, te etiam arcessimus, Att. 1, 18, 1; Bassum arcessi, Cassium expectari, 15, 13, 4; arcessiuit nos in patriam, sen. grat. 27; generum ad se arcessiri† iubet, Nep. Att. 21, 4; uti Germani mercede arcesserentur (al. arcessir.), Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 4; fabros ex continentis arcessi (al. arcessiri) iubet, 5, 11, 3; factio altera Romanos arcessebat, Liv. 32, 32, 2; patrem arcessiri†, 3, 45, 3; **2.** w. acc. of thing, Senex in Ephesum ibit anrum arcessere, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 120; eius librum arcessini, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 4; certiorum me facias quando arcessantur (tabellac), 7, 23, 3; in iis sacris quae maiores nostri ab exteris nationibus

arcessita coluerunt, Verr. 2, 4, 115; argentum mutuum, Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 2, 534, 24 K; si melius quid (sc. uini) habes arcesse, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 6; **3.** met. Illic homo a me sibi malam rem arcessit iumento suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 171; hoc etiam ad malum arcessebatur malum, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 20; ea (sc. quies) neque molli strato neque silentio arcessita, Liv. 21, 4, 7; somnus medicamentis arcessendus est, Cels. 3, 18, p. 100, 36 D; ex periculo gloriae arcescentes, Curt. 8, 13, 25; a capite (from the head-waters so to say) quod uelimus arcessere, Cic. or. 2, 117; add top. 39; translationes orationi splendoris aliquid arcessunt, or. 3, 156; ex medio res arcessit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 168; cum sequitur laus, non cum arcessitur, Quint. 10, 2, 27; longe arcescere fabulas, Petr. 37; **4.** esp. in perf. part. far-fetched, dictum, Cic. or. 2, 256; uerba, Quint. 8, 6, 7 and 48; nihil arcessiti, 12, 10, 40 etc.; **5.** in law, summon to a court, cite, commence proceeding against, accuse, ne quem innocentem iudicio capitis arcessas, Cic. off. 2, 51; quot (homines) eodem crimine arcessas, Rab. perd. 26; ut huic hoc iudicio arcessierat, Flac. 14; ueneni se crimine arcessitum, Suet. Tib. 53; **6.** w. gen. accuse, capitis (so as to involve a man's status), Cic. Deiot. 30; Sal. Jug. 73, 5; pecuniae captae arcessebant, ib. 32, 1; maiestatis arc., Tac. an. 2, 50; tumultus hostilis et turbandae rei publicae, 4, 29; **7.** beyond legal sphere, Gracchos non tantae inscitiae arcesso, Nig. ap. Gell. 19, 14 f.; **8.** a subj. arcessirentur perh. in Caes. § 1; arcessiri in Nep. and Liv., above †; in Sall. Jug. 62, 4 and 113, 4 mss differ; Kritz has arcessiri, Iord. accersi; **9.** arcesso is in Ambros. of Pl. St. 1, 3, 109 and 110; 2, 2, 2; and prob. vv. 9, 10, 11, 12 of Cas. 3, 2 (cf. Geppert's ed.); arcesso in same, Ps. 1, 3, 92; 2, 2, 65; 2, 4, 29; Pers. 4, 3, 61; Bemb. of Ter. seems to have arcesso; Sal. seems to have arcesso send for, arcesso accuse; **10.** for r of arcesso, of. dorsum, dossum.

**archangēlicus**, adj. of an archangel, Hier. Is. 7, 17, 4.

**archangēlus**, m. archangel, Hier. Ruf. 1, 6; Tertul. Valent. 19.

**arceblon**, ii, n. a plant = anchusa tinctoria Linn., Plin. 22, 51.

**archēōta** or -tes, ae, m. one who has charge of archives, a registrar, Arcad. Char. dig. 50, 4, 18, 10.

**archētȳpus**, adj. original, as a work of art, Cleanthas, Iuv. 2, 7; nugae, Mart. 7, 11, 4; and met. amicos, 12, 69, 2; **II 2.** as sb. m. or n., an original, Varr. r. 3, 5, 8; Plin. ep. 5, 15 (10); Macr. s. 5, 13, 40.

**archēzostis**, is, f. a plant, briony? Plin. 23, 21; 26, 113 and 164.

**archiāter** or -tros, tri, m. chief physician of an Emperor, Th. C. 13, 3, 14; 6, 16, 1; M. Liviū Celso... M. Liviū Eutyclus archiatros, inscr. Or. 4226; archiater, inscr. Grut. 632, 5; **2.** archiatri, w. short penult., Paul. Petr. 2, 697.

**archiātria**, ae, f. office of same, 13, 3, 8.

**archibūctulus**, (-boculus) i, m. a chief priest of Bacchus, dei Liberi, inscr. Or. 2335; arcib. dei Lib., 2351; dei Liberi archiboculus, 2352.

**archidiācon**, ōnis, m. archdeacon, Venant. v. Martini 3, 38.

**archidiāconus**, i, m. same, Sidon. ep. 4, 25; Hier. ad Pamm. 61, 4.

**archiēpiscōpus**, i, m. archbishop, Hier. c. Iustin. 1, 1, 7 etc.

**archiēreus**, ei, m. high-priest, L. Aurelio... archieri synhodi, iuser. Or. 2160; add 2543; 2627.

**archiērōsyna**, ae, f. high-priesthood, Th. C. 12, 1, 112.

**archigallus**, i, m. chief priest of Cybele, Plin. 35, 70; C. Camerinus... archigallus matris dcum magnae, inscr. Or. 2320; add 2321; and Vat. fr. 148.

**archigērōn**, ntis, m. chief of the seniors, a magisterial title, Th. C. 14, 27, 1.

**archigubernus**, m. chief pilot, Iavol. dig. 36, 1, 48 (46); and perh. inscr. Or. 3634.

**archimāgirus**, i, m. chief μαγειρος or cook, Inv. 9, 109; iuser. Gioru. Arcad. 13, p. 587; Sid. ep. 2, 9.

**archi-mandrita**, ae, m. chief monk, archimandrite, abbot, Sid. ep. 8, 14; Iulian. epit. nov. 7, 32.  
**archimandritissa**, ac, f. chief nun, abbess, Iulian. ib.  
**archimima**, ae, f. chief actress in pantomime, inscr. Or. 4760; inscr. Grut. 330, 4.  
**archimimus**, i, m. chief actor in same, Sen. fr. 36; Suet. Vesp. 19; Iulian. dig. 38, 1, 25, 1; inscr. Or. 2625.  
**archineōniscus**, m. chief of the young priests, inscr. Grut. 331, 5.  
**archipirāta**, ae, m. chief pirate, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 64; off. 2, 40; Liv. 37, 11, 6; Quint. 9, 4, 64.  
**archipresbyter**, cri, m. chief priest, Hieron. ad Rust. 4.  
**archisacerdos**, ōtis, m. chief priest, Venant. carm. 3, 13, 1.  
**archisynagōgus**, i, m. chief of the synagogue, Th. C. 16, 8, 4; Lampr. Al. S. 28, 7.  
**architectōn**, ōnis, m. master builder, architect, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 73; Poen. 5, 2, 150; Sol. 32, 41; in Gr. Sen. ep. 90, 9.  
**architectōnicē**, adj. as sb. architecture, Quint. 2, 21, 8.  
**architectōnicus**, adj. of architecture, rationes, Vitruv. 9, 4, 1; Sid. ep. 8, 4.  
**architector**, ari, (architectus) vb. r. make oneself an architect; hence, as vb. trans. construct, build, situm loci ad suum arbitrium fabricari et architectari, Censor. ad Her. 3, 32; add Vitruv. 7, 1, 15 and 17; 9, 4, 2; 2. met. uoluptates, Cic. fin. 2, 52; 3. as pass., aedes Martis est... architectata ab Hermodoro, Nep. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 4.  
**architectūra**, ae, f. architecture, Cic. off. 1, 151; Plin. 11, 82; Vitruv. 1, 1, 1.  
**architectus**, i, m. architect, ubi probus est architectus, Bene lineatam si semel carinam conlocavit, Facile esse nauem facere, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 41; add Cic. or. 1, 62; inscr. Or. 2896; 2. opp. to faber, builder, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; 3. met. benefactis meus pater... architectus omnibus, Pl. Amph. pr. 45; beatae uitae, Cic. fin. 1, 32; secleris, Clu. 60; uerborum, Brut. 118; 4. prov. architectus architecto inuidet, two of a trade etc., Verg. ap. Donat. uit.; 5. written architectus, architectus hospes Appiae, CIL 1216; inscr. Or. 1145.  
**archium**, (archium) i, adj. n. as sb. a record office, archives, quo in publico instrumenta deponuntur, archio, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 9, 6; archiua, Tert. apol. 19; and adv. Marc. 4, 7.  
**archōn**, ontis, m. chief magistrate (of Athens), Cic. fat. 19; Vell. 1, 2, 2; 1, 8, 3.  
**arcifinalis**, (arceo, finis) e, adj. chiefly with ager, land without defined boundary, as confiscated from a public enemy, a. agri, quibus agris uictor populus occupando nomen dedit...; arcendo uicinum arcifinalem dixit, Grom. uet. 138, 4 Lachm.; add 350, 12; 2. a. hientia, Grom. net. 284, 7.  
**arcifinius**, adj. same, Grom. uet. 1, 5; 5, 6 etc.  
**arclon**, i, n. = Lat. persolata burdock, Plin. 25, 113.  
**arcipōtens**, ntis, adj. as sb. lord of the bow, (Apollo), Val. Fl. 5, 17.  
**arcirma**, ae, f. genus planstri quo homo gestari possit, Paul. ex F. s.v., same perh. as arcera.  
**arcitēnens**, (arquit.) ntis, adj. bow-grasping, epithet of Apollo and Diana, pollens sagittis, inclutus Arcitenens, Naev. ap. Macr. s. 6, 5, 1; Quod utinam me suis arquite nens telis mactasset dea, Acc. ap. Non. 341, 26; Quam pius arquite nens, Verg. 3, 75; add Ov. M. 1, 441; 2. the constellation Sagittarius, Cic. Arat. 400.  
**arcitatio** ōnis, f. contraction, Varr. l. 1, 5 (so B, al. aliter).  
**artē**, or artē, adv. see arceo.  
**artēcus**, adj. of the bear, the constellation, circulus, Hygin. astr. 1, 6.  
**arction**, ii, n. a plant, a kind of mullein, Plin. 26, 129; 27, 11.  
**arcto**, see arto.  
**arctōphylax**, ācis, m. Bear-keeper, the constellation Bootes, Cic. Arat. 369 (605); Ov. F. 2, 190; Manil. 1, 323.  
**arctos**, i, f. the Bear, a. Septentriones, the constellation Ursa Maior, Charles' wain, claramque Lycaonis Arcton,

Verg. G. 1, 138; ne lauet Arcton aquis, Ov. F. 2, 192;  
**2.** also of Ursa Minor, so that there are two Arcti, hunc (polum) circum arctoe\* duae feruntur, numquam occidentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 105; add Verg. 6, 16; G. 1, 245; 3. arctoe (αρκτος), as nom. pl.; to \* above add Germ. Arat. 25 and 63.  
**arctōus**, adj. of the Bear or North, Mart. 5, 68, 1; 10, 6, 2; Scu. Oed. 619.  
**Arctūrus**, i, m. Bear-keeper, chief star in Bootes, Pl. Rnd. pr. 5 and 70; Cic. N. D. 2, 110; Verg. 1, 748.  
**arctus**, see arceo.  
**arcuārius**, adj. of a bow or bows, fabricac, Veg. mil. 2, 11; 2. as sb. m. maker of bows, Tarr. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6).  
**arcuātilis**, adj. arched, caminus, Sid. cp. 2, 2.  
**arcuātum**, adv. in arches, repens (of a centipede), Plin. 29, 136; sanguis a. finens, Fest. v. tullios.  
**arcuatio**, ōnis, f. arching, succession of arches, Frontin. aq. 18 and 121.  
**arcuballista**, ae, f. a ballista worked by a bow, Veg. mil. 2, 15; 4, 22.  
**arcuballistārius**, adj. m. as sb. one who works an arcuballista, Veg. mil. 4, 21.  
**arcūbil**, (for arce-ūbilii?) adj. pl. qui excubabant in arce, Paul. ex F. p. 25.  
**arcūla**, ae, (arca) f. dim. a small box, as for money, tanne (= tamne) arcula tua plena est arancarum, Afran. ap. F. p. 358; clothes, a. muliebres, Cic. off. 2, 25; food, leguminum thecae, arculae forte mel..., Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 11; big enough to hold a man, arculam in templum ponere ibique hominem includere (for robbery), Marc. dig. 48, 13, 12, 1; of a coffin, ib. 11, 7, 39; inscr. Grut. 1031, 4; the wind chest in a water-organ, Vitruv. 10, 13, 4; 2. met. from a lady's box of unguents, meus liber totum Isocrati μυροθηκιον atque omnes...arculas consumpsit, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 1; 3. of a bird of bad omen, Fest. s.v.  
**arculārius**, adj. as sb. m. box or trunk maker, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 45.  
**arculāta**, ōrum, part. n. pl. sacrificial cakes, Fest. s.v.  
**arcūlum**, i, n. = uirga ex malo pnnico incuruata, worn as a pad by a Flaminica, in carrying holy vessels on the head, Serv. A. 4, 137; add Fest. s.v.  
**arceo**, āre, (arcus) vb. arch, form a bow, curru arcuato, Liv. 1, 21, 4; millepeda quae non arcuatur, Plin. 29, 137; arcuato opere (of an aqueduct), ep. 10, 37 (46).  
**arcus**, ūs, (?) m. and f. a bow, and arqus\*, ui, rarely arcus†, i, Egomet autem quom extemplo arcum mihi et sagittas sumpsero, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 99; intentum animum tamquam arcum habebat, Cic. sen. 37; Tm nalis flexos incuruant uiribus arcus, Verg. 5, 500; 2. rainbow, bibit arcus, hercle credo hodie pluet, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 41; cur arqui\* species non in deorum numero reponitur?...arcus e nubibus efficitur coloratis, Cic. N. D. 3, 51; Tum color in nigris existit nubibus arqui, Lucr. 6, 526; et bibit ingens Arcus, Verg. G. 1, 381; add A. 5, 88; pluuius arcus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 18; arcus cum sunt duplices, pluuias nuntiant, Plin. 18, 353; (aqua) sparsa contra solem faciem arcus repraesentat, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 2; 3. an arch of stone etc., quod arcif fessi pondere corruissent, Varr. ap. Non. 77, 15; pumice uiuo Et lenibus tofis natiuum duxerat arcum, Ov. M. 3, 160; Substitut ad ueteres arcus (of an aqueduct) madidamque Capenam, Iuv. 3, 11; arcus ductus aquae disturbatos... restituit, inscr. Or. 703; 4. esp. a triumphal arch, utique arcus constituitur ornatus spolis deictarum ab eo gentium, cenot. Pisan.; Imp. Caes. Constantino...arcum triumphis insignem dicit, inscr. Or. 1075; 5. gen. any arch or curve as of land, portus...curuatus in arenam, Verg. 3, 533; add Ov. M. 11, 229; of a serpent's folds, immensos saltu sinuatur in arcus, 3, 43; of curling waves, niger arcus aquarum, 11, 568; of boughs, pressos propaginis arcus, Verg. G. 2, 26; in arcu propaginis, Colum. 4, 29, 17; of a chair back, ad arcum sellae, Tac. an. 15, 57; 6. esp. an arc in math., esto arcus cuius basis habeat pedes xvi, latitudo lxxi, Colum. 5, 2, 9; coronam si diuiseris, arcus erit, Sen. n. q. 1, 10; 7. arcus, ūs, also f., Arcus aspiciunt mortalibus quae perhibentur, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 259, 8 K; 8. arcubus, d. and abl. pl. says Prisc. 4, 29, 17; arcibus belong to arx, 1, 364, 25.



**ardālio**, see ardelio.

**ardea**, ae, f. (akin to *ερωδιος* and heron) heron, Verg. G. 1, 364; A. 7, 411; Plin. 18, 363; 2. Ardea, a city of Latium, Verg. 7, 412; Plin. 3, 56; 35, 17.

**Ardeas**, (old Ardeatis\*) *ātis*, adj. of Ardea, (Cato) Ardeatis\* dixit pro eo quod nunc dicimus Ardeas, Prisc. 1, 129, 15; in agro Ardeati, Cic. N. D. 3, 47; Ardeatis templi, Plin. 35, 115; 2. Ardeates the people of Ardea, Liv. 3, 71, 2 etc.

**Ardeātinus**, adj. of the Ardeates; hence Ardeatinum as sb. n. a villa in the district of Ardea, Sen. ep. 105, 1; but in Nep. Att. 14, 3 read Arretinum.

**ardēlio**, (ardālio\*) *ōvis*, m. a busybody, Phaedr. 2, 5, 1; Mart. 2, 7, 8\*; 4, 78, 10.

**ardeo**, ēre, or ardesco, ēre, arsi, arsus, vb. [; al-o :: mordeo : mōlo :: obsordeseo to obsolesco :: sord-es : sōl-um; cf. ard-uus, and the phrase alere flammam] lit. rise, but used only of flame, flare up, fire up, emit flame, blaze, be ablaze, burn, take fire, Face Chaline certioreme me quid mōus me uir uelit. Ille? edepol uidere ardentem te extra portam mortuam, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 2; lampadibus ardentibus, Men. 5, 2, 88; ardere censui aedis, Ampl. 5, 1, 15; ardentibus taedis, Enn. trag. 51 V; ardentem facem, 57; ardet foens, Acc. Aen. 7 R; caput arsisse Seruio Tullio dormienti, Cic. div. 1, 121; domus ardebat in Palatio, dom. 62; omnia motu Perealecta uides ardescere, Lucr. 6, 178; iam proximus ardet Vealegon, Verg. 2, 311; ut imagine cerea Largior arserit ignis, Hor. s. 1, 8, 44; suetuum rapacissimum ignium si iuxta fuerint, celerime ardescens, Plin. 37, 51; 2. w. joking extravagance, D. Cor mihi uritur. T. Da illi cantharum: extingue ignem si uritur, caput ne ardescat, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 22; ita mi in corde...facit amor incendium: Ni oculi lacrimis defendant, iam ardeat credo caput, Merc. 3, 4, 4; add Pers. 4, 1, 28; 3. met. of light, blaze, flash, glow, glitter, aliae (sc. apes) turpes horrent... elucet aliae et fulgore coruscant Ardentem auro, Verg. G. 4, 99; Tyriaque ardebat murice laena, A. 4, 262; campique armis sublimibus ardent, 11, 602; clipeum ardentem, 10, 262; 4. met. of mind, character, passion, burn, be fired (with), be consumed, flagitio maximo, Pl. Cas. 5, 3, 1; nunc...mi animus ardet, Caecil. 230 R; amore, Tor. Eun. 1, 1, 27; iracundia, Ad. 3, 2, 12; desiderio, Cic. Tusc. 4, 37; cupiditate, metu, conscientia, leg. 2, 43; amore, Verr. 2, 2, 116; odio, Phil. 4, 4; dolore et ira, Att. 2, 19 f; furore et seelere, 10, 4, 2; studio historiae, 16, 13 e, 2; dira cupidine, Lucr. 4, 1090; inuidia, Liv. 5, 11, 4; cupiditate inimicos ulciscendi, 29, 6, 7; infamia, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 11; 5. of war, either from heated feelings, or from fire as a chief means of destruction, (cf. Liv. 22, 3, 6 and 10), cum arderet Syria bello, Cic. Att. 6, 5, 3; orbem terrarum ardere bello, fam. 4, 1, 2; totam Hispaniam arsuram bello, Liv. 28, 24, 15; ardente in Africa bello, Suet. Caes. 70; nouis motibus ardere Asiam, Flor. 3, 5 (1, 40), 21; 6. other met., ardent oculi, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 62; add Enn. tr. 76 V; Verg. G. 4, 451; cum oculis arderet, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 148; podagrae doloribus, fin. 5, 94; cum omnes artus ardere uiderentur, 2, 93; ardentibus siti faucibus, Liv. 44, 38, 9; tantum flumen uerborum...ut non solum incendere iudicem sed ipse ardere uidearis, Cic. or. 2, 188; II 7. constr. w. in and abl., merito dens arsit in illa, Ov. M. 8, 50; 8. w. abl. of person alone, Donec non alia magis Aristi, Hor. od. 3, 9, 6; uirgine rapta, 2, 4, 7; Bathylo, epod. 14, 9; 9. w. in and acc. burn for, be on fire for or to get at, Ardet in arma magis, Verg. 12, 71; ardere (so some cj., mss andere) in proelia, 2, 347; in caedem eius ardentem, Tac. h. 1, 43; in illas, Sen. Herc. Oet. 373; 10. w. acc. Non sola comptos arsit adulteri Crines, Hor. od. 4, 9, 13; ferrumque quod ardes Ipsa dabo, Stat. Th. 337; Alexin, Verg. B. 2, 1; pueros, Gell. 6 (7), 8, 3; 11. w. ad, omnium animi ad ulciscendum ardebat, Caes. b. g. 6, 34, 7; ad reprehendenda aliena facta ardet omnibus animus, ps. Sal. rep. ord. 1, 8, 9; 12. w. inf., mederi fraternae inuidiae animo (al. animum) ardebat, Sal. Jug. 39, 5; Ardet abire fuga, Verg. 4, 281; ruere ardet atroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; thalamos ascendere, Val. Fl. 6, 45; III 13. as vb. act. (?) burn, ubi sedulus hospes Paene macros arsit dum turdos uersat in igni, Ilor. s. 1, 5, 72;

met. iam rapidus torrens sitientis Sirius Indos Ardebat, Verg. G. 4, 425 (= siccabat, says Serv.); IV 14. ardui as perf., quod ietu fulminis arbores sacri luci attacktae induerint, inser. Or. 961; V 15. ardens as adj. burning, hot, sol ardentissimus, Tubero ap. Gell. 7 (6), 4, 3; ardentissimus aestatis tempore, Plin. 2, 123; met. ardentiore studio, Cic. fin. 2, 61; 16. the gen. caedis in Stat. Th. 1, 662 does not belong to ardens; 17. ardentem, met. w. hot passion, eagerly, a. cupias, Cic. Tusc. 4, 39; ardentius sitientem, 5, 16; ardentius diligamus, Plin. ep. 7, 20 f.; diligo ardentissime, 1, 14, 10; 6, 4, 3. **ardeōla**, ae, f. dim. a heron, Plin. 10, 164, 204 and 207; 11, 140.

**ardesco**, see ardeo.

**ardifēr**? only a bad ej. in Varr. ap. Non. 243, 25.

**ardor**, ōris, m. blazing, flame, fire, Sol qui micantem... equis Flammam citatis feruido ardore explicas, Acc. ap. Prisc. 2, 424, 21 K; of the thunderbolt, Acc. ap. Serv. A. 1, 42; dum cernitur ardor (ignium), Lucr. 5, 587; fore ut mundus ardore deflagret, Cic. acad. pr. 119; uisas nocturno tempore faces ardoremque caeli, in Cat. 3, 18; pineus ardor, Verg. 11, 786; nec Sirius ardor Sic micat, Colum. 10, 589; 2. heat, uitis...uestita pampinis nimios solis defendit ardores, Cic. sen. 53; in morbis corporum ardores, Plin. 14, 99; terraque ardore dehiscunt, Verg. G. 3, 432; 3. brilliancy, splendour, brightness, neque quisquam potest Fulgentium armorum (pron. armum) armatus ardorem obtui, Acc. ap. Non. 495, 24; ex oculis micat acerbis ardor, Lucr. 3, 289; ille imperatorius ardor oculorum, Cic. Balb. 49; eo ardore oris, Vell. 2, 35, 3; II 4. met. in medio ardore belli, Liv. 34, 1, 3; cf. ardeo so ardescat; 5. esp. of the mind, a. animi, Cic. Brut. 93, followed by flamma oratoris; de ardore mentis ad gloriam, Cael. 76; a. amoris, or. 1, 134; nultum ardore animi micantem, Liv. 6, 13, 2; 6. and absol., Idem omnis simul ardor habet (agit). Verg. 4, 581; 7, 393; Dine hunc ardorem mentibus addunt, 9, 184; militum ardor, Liv. 8, 16, 7; Tac. an. 2, 15, 1; ardorem dissimulare (of love), Tib. 4, 12, 6; eiusdem uirginis a., Ov. M. 9, 101; 7. object of passion, tu primus et ultimus illi Ardor eris, 14, 683, his first passion.

**arduītas**, *ātis*, f. steepness, montium, Varr. r. 2, 10, 3.

**arduus**, adj. [alo raise, for rd in place of l, see ardeo] steep, asperrimo atque arduissimo aditu, Cato orat. 38, 9 Iord.; loca ardua, 54, 2; iter longius arduiusque, Cato ep. 85, 6; ardua per loca, Pucuv. 272 R; oppidum difficili ascensu atque arduo, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 51; uallis difficili et arduo ascensu, Caes. b. c. 2, 34, 1; add b. g. 2, 33, 2; ager confragosus atque arduus (al. arduis) cliuis, Varr. r. 1, 18, 4; locus arduus, Sal. Cat. 7, 5; collem aditu arduum, Liv. 7, 34, 3; ardua prima uia est, Ov. M. 2, 63; mons, 1, 316; 2. lofty, high, creet, equus qui suo partu arduum perdat Pergama, Enn. tr. 98 V; campo sese arduus infert, Verg. 9, 53; add 11, 755; aether, Ov. M. 1, 151; cedrus, am. 1, 14, 12; ceruix (equi), Hor. s. 1, 2, 89; colla (boum), Sil. 11, 245; cum arduis superciliis, Gell. 4, 1, 1; 3. met. arduous, difficult, magnum opus et arduum, Cic. or. 33; rerum arduarum ac difficilium, inv. 2, 163; nihil adeo arduum quod non uirtute consequi possent, Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 3; arduum uidetur res gestas scribere, Sal. Cat. 3, 2 (cf. Gell. 4, 15); arduum factu, Liv. 8, 16, 8; rebus in arduis, Hor. od. 2, 3, 1; arduus rerum omnium modus, Tac. h. 1, 85; 4. arduum as sb. u. steep ground, a steep, cum parentis regna per arduum...scanderet, Hor. od. 2, 19, 21; Ardua terrarum et campi, Verg. 5, 695; ad exciendenda castellorum ardua, Tac. an. 11, 9; ardua Alpium, h. 4, 70; 5. a lofty place, uisa in arduo quae plana fuerint, Tac. an. 2, 47; 6. met. nec fuit in arduo societas, 12, 15; 7. Erse and W. ard, high.

**ārea**, ae, f. open space, vacant ground, in urbe loca pura arcae, Varr. r. 5, 4; locus sine aedificio in urbe arca, rure autem ager appellatur, Flor. dig. 50, 16, 211; in area quae est ante aedem, CIL 577, 1, 9; (pontifices) si sustulerint religio-nem, aream praeclaram habebimus, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 7; Ponendaeque domo quaerenda est area primum, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 13; domum (Maehi), ut monumento area esset..., dirui insisit, Liv. 4, 16, 1; add 1, 55, 2; si aedes ad aream redactae



sint, Ulp. 7, 4, 10, 1; area quae ante sepulcrum est, inser. Or. 4400; add 4510; **2.** esp. the open space of a fowler's work, hic noster quaestus aucupi simillimnst; Auepsis quando concinnauit aream, offundit eibum...ea aedis nobis areast, aneeps sum ego, Pl. As. 1, 3, 64 and 67; Nos tibi palumbem add aream usque adduximus, Poen. 3, 3, 63; **3.** a threshing floor, aream sic faeit, Cato r. 91; add 129; and Varr. r. 1, 51, 1; ne quis frumentum de area tolleret, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 36; area...ingenti aequanda eylindro, Verg. G. 1, 178; Quaequid de Lybieis uerritur areis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 10; **4.** a bed in a garden, ut olitor disserit in areas sui quoinque generis res, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 241 Sp.; humus refossa in areas diuiditur, Colum. 11, 3, 13; add 11, 3, 62; Plin. 19, 60; and Pall. 1, 34, 7; **5.** met. a field for work, a sphere of action, canafaeta uirorum: Hae auimo diees arena facta meost, Ov. am. 3, 1, 26; exiguae saepe areae arte patuerunt, Sen. dial. 9, 10, 4; but area seclerum iu Cie. Att. 9, 18, 2 is a ej.; **6.** a halo, but only as transl. δλωρ, Sen. n. q. 1, 2, 3; **7.** in Mart. 10, 24, 9 uitae tribus areis peractis; area means what? **8.** a bald place on the scalp from disease, Cels. 6, 4 de areis; Nudum est in medio caput, nec ullus In longa pilus area notatur, Mart. 5, 49, 7.

**arēālis**, e, adj. of a threshing floor, Serv. G. 1, 166.

**arēfācio**, (arē.\*) ēre, vb. make dry, amuream arfacito\*, Cato r. 69, 1; arēfācit ardor solis, Varr. l. 5, 4, 10; terram sol excoquit et faeit are, Luer. 6, 962, see Munro's note; arēfactus, Cels. 5, 27, 7; Plin. 34, 133.

**arēfio**, ēri, vb. be made dry, Plin. 32, 82.

**Arellius**, adj. or sb. a Roman gens, L. Arellius Glahriai 1., CIL 1026; Arellia, 1239.

**arēna**, or rather harena (areo) ae, f. sand, nt...arenam aliquam aut paludes emat, Cie. agr. 2, 71; umorem bibula deducit hārēna, Verg. G. 1, 114; arenam fluetus trahunt, Sal. Iug. 78, 3; uentus arenam excitauit, 79, 6; numeroque carentis harenae, Hor. od. 1, 28, 1; **2.** in pl., multae harenae, Verg. G. 2, 106; add 3, 350; Hor. od. 3, 4, 31; Ov. M. 4, 617 etc.; yet Caes. ap. Gell. 19, 8, 7 denies a pl. to harena; **3.** of the sea coast, optata potiuntur arena, Verg. 1, 176; add 5, 34; 6, 316; **4.** esp. of the sand or fighting ground of the amphitheatre; ha(re)nam amphitheatri... restituit, inser. Or. 13; amphitheatri arena, Suet. Ner. 53; and Tit. 8; hence absol. of gladiatorial combats, Albana nudus arena Venator, Iuv. 4, 100; equites operas arenae promittere subegit, Tac. an. 14, 14; add Suet. Tib. 72; Calig. 30; in harenam se dare mallent, Tryph. dig. 11, 4, 5; **5.** met. of a field of contest, an arena, in harena mea, hoc est apud centumuiros, Plin. ep. 6, 12, 2; prima ciuilis belli harena Italia fuit, Flor. dig. 2, 13 (4, 2), 18; **6.** prov. of labour lost, quid harenae semina mandas? Ov. her. 5, 115; **7.** gratius eum adspiratione souat, says Char. 103, 21 K.

**arēnāc-eus**, (har.\*) adj. of sand, Plin. 17, 43\*; also 21, 98 and 30, 136.

**arēnārius**, (har.\*) adj. of the amphitheatre, see arena § 4; fera, Ammian. 29, 1, 27; II **2.** as sb. m. one who fights there, harenarium\* testem admittere, Arcad. dig. 22, 5, 21, 2; add Mae. ib. 36, 1, 5; collegii arenariorum, inser. Or. 4063; **3.** teacher of arithmetic, as working on sand, Tertul. pall. 6; **4.** arenaria as sb. f. (se. fossa) a sand-pit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; Cie. Clu. 37; **5.** harenarium as sb. n. sand-pit, Vitruv. 2, 4, 2; in Lueil. ap. Non. 21, 20 anearius is now read.

**arēnātio**, (har.\*) ōnis, f. coating with mortar, Vitruv. 7, 3, 9\*.

**arēnātus**, (har.\*) quasi-part. mixed with sand, ealx, Cato r. 18, 7; calce harenato\*, CIL 2, 18; **2.** arenatum as sb. n. mortar, plaster, Plin. 36, 176\*; Vitruv. 7, 3, 5\* (bis).

**arēnifōdina**, (har.\*) ae, f. a sand-pit, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 5\*.

**arēniūāgus**, adj. wandering on sand, Lucan. 9, 941.

**arēnōsus**, (har.\*) full of sand, Verg. 4, 257\*; Plin. 23, 73\*; 27, 16\*; Ulp. dig. 39, 2, 24, 2\*; harenosior, Plin. 33, 101\*.

**arēnūla**, (har.\*) ae, f. dim. sand-partiele, harenulae\* quae..., Plin. 30, 24.

**āreo**, ēre, vb. become dry, fortunam anatiuam Vti quom exinissen ex aqua, arerem tamen, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 50; in qualo ubi areseant componito, ubi arebnt componito pariter, Cato r. 76, 1; sueis aret adeptmptis, Ov. M. 2, 211; add 6, 355; **2.** arens as adj. dry, thirsty, arua Verg. G. 1, 110; arente fauce, Hor. epod. 14, 4; arens siti, Sen. ben. 3, 8, 3; arenti alueo, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 12.

**āreōla**, (ariola\*), ae, f. dim. small piece of vacant ground, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 20; add inser. Grut. 589, 4; **2.** a garden bed, Colum. 10, 362; 11, 2, 30.

**arepennis**, see arapennis.

**āresco**, ēre, vb. become dry, dry, da mihi uestimenti aliquid aridi, Dum mea areseunt, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 17; add Cato r. 76, 1; cito areseit lacrima, Cie. part. or. 57; areseente nnda, Tac. an. 13, 57; areseute trunco, 58; areseit in gemmas, Plin. 8, 137.

**ārētālōgus**, i, adj. as sb. m. a jesting declaimer on virtues, = ἠθολογος Cie. or. 2, 242; Iuv. 15, 16; Suet. Ang. 74; see Mayor ad Iuv.

**arferia**, aqua quae inferis libabatur, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**argēma**, ātis, n. a disease marked by a white speck on the eye, Plin. 20, 61 and 206; 22, 159 etc.

**argēmōn**, i, n. a plant, Plin. 24, 176.

**argēmōnē**, ēs, f. a plant, Plin. 21, 165; 26, 92.

**argēmōnia**, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 25, 102; 26, 23 etc.

**argennon**, i, adj. as sb. n. = pereandidum argentum, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**argentārius**, adj. of silver, of money, res argentaria, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 55; opes, 5, 2, 7; inopia, Ps. 1, 3, 66; eura, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 3; tabernae, Liv. 26, 11, 7, banks; faber a., Iavol. dig. 34, 2, 39, a silversmith; **2.** argentarius as sb. m. a banker, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 29 and 37; peuniam argentario promittit, Cie. Caec. 16; add inser. Or. 913, 995; **3.** argentarius uascularius, a silversmith, 4147; aurario et argentario, 7218; **4.** master of mint, e. Theod. 13, 4, 2; **5.** argentaria as sb. f. (taberna), a banker's, a bank, quem defessus sum quaerere...per tonstrinas eireunque argentarias, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 15; eireunque argentarias...aura, True. 1, 1, 47; dominis argentarium, Liv. 9, 40, 16; **6.** (ars understood) business of banking, argentarium facere, to keep a bank, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 155; Caec. 10; argentaria exereetur, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 4, 2; **7.** (fodina understood), a silver-mine, Liv. 34, 21, 7; **8.** argentarium, i, as sb. n. a plate chest, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 8; II **9.** Argentarius, name of a silver mountain on the Etrurian coast, Rutil. itin. 1, 315.

**argentātus**, quasi-part. silvered, plated, ornamented with silver, milites Liv. 9, 40, 3; sandalia, Albin. 2, 65; sella, Lampr. Hel. 4, 4; **2.** met. querimonia, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 78.

**argenteōlus**, adj. dim. of silver, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 125.

**argenteus**, adj. of silver, unsa, Pl. Au. 2, 5, 17; Tac. G. 5; aquila, Cie. Cat. 1, 24; **2.** of a silvery white, silver, anser, Verg. 8, 655; fons, Ov. M. 3, 407; eandidus cometes argenteo erine, Plin. 2, 90; **3.** met. in jest, lefts, that bring money, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 93; salutum, Ps. 1, 1, 46.

**argentifex**, given by Varro l. 8, 33 as non-existing.

**argentifōdina**, ae, f. a silver-mine, Varr. l. 8, 33; written as two words in Plin. 33, 98; Vitruv. 7, 7, 1.

**Argentillus**, a cognomen, T. Trauius T. l. Argentillus aurifex, inser. Grut. 1117, 1; Argentillae coniugi Alexander h. m., inser. Fabr. 391, 260.

**argentōsus**, adj. full of silver, ferrum, Plin. 33, 93.

**argentum**, i, n. (like ἀργυρος, akin to ἀργος white) silver, argenti metalla, Plin. 33, 95; haec ab labris argento circum-eludunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 6; Vilius argentum est auro, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 52; **2.** of silver vessels, plate, tu argentum eluito, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 29; triclinia strata argentumque expositum, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 33; triclinia strata, magnum argenti pondus expositum, Caes. b. e. 3, 96, 1; nauis plena argenti facti, ib. 2, 5, 63; esearium a., Ulp. dig. 34, 12, 19, 12; poterim a., Pompon. dig. 34, 2, 21, 2; **3.** hence of an officer of the imperial household, Partenius Caesaris n(o)stri ab argento potorio, inser. Or. 2897; add 5391, 6303 etc.; **4.** silver, in plays from the Greek (cf. Madvig's em.

Liv. p. 329) as mouey, emi atque argentum dedi, Minas



quadraginta adolescenti, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 88; Ratio quidem herele apparet: argentum *αργετα*, 2, 4, 16, quoted by Cic. Pis. 61; a me argutum quantiter sumito, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 20; 5. rarely in other writings exercitum argento fecit, Sall. ap. Sen. ep. 114, 17; argenti sitis inopportuna famesque, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 23; 6. a uiuom, quicksilver, Plin. 33, 99. 7. cf. w. arian, silver.

**Argentumextérêbrônides**, (terebra), ae, m. a jesting patronymic, sou of one who bores out silver, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 21.

**argestês**, ae, m. the W.S.W. wind, =corus, ab occasu solstitiali corus; zephyrum et argesten uocant, Plin. 2, 119; add 18, 338; a solstitiali occidente corus, qui argestes dicitur, Sen. n. q. 5, 16, 5; circa faonium argestes, Vitr. 1, 6, 10.

**argilla**, ae, (=αργίλλος) f. white clay, potter's earth, homullus ex argilla et luto factus (so V), Cic. Pis. 59; fusili ex argilla glaudes, Caes. b.g. 5, 43, 1; argilla quiduis imitaberis uda, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 8; creta qua utuntur figuli quamque argillam uocant, Colum. 3, 11, 9; add Plin. 17, 42.

**argillâc-eus**, adj. of potter's earth, Plin. 17, 43.

**argillôsus**, adj. abounding in potter's earth, Varr. r. 1, 9, 2; Colm. arb. 17, 1; Plin. 31, 47.

**argîta**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a white-grape vine, Colum. 3, 21 and 27; Isid. 17, 5.

**argûmentâlis**, adj. of proof, argumentative, ps. Ascon. in Cic. div. in Caec. 1; 2. argumentaliter, adv. agrim. 26, 24; 62, 11 etc. Laebm.

**argûmentâtio**, ônis, f. proving, demonstratiou, Cic. inv. 72; N. D. 3, 9; fin. 5, 9; Rosc. Am. 97.

**argûmentor**, âri, vb. r. argue with another, geu. in a bad sense, bandy arguments, enter into uice distinctions, non oportere de eius uoluntate nos argumentari, Cic. inv. 2, 128; neque, si quid est euident, argumentari soleo, N. D. 3, 9; ne argumentemur quo ista pecunia peruenerit, Verr. 2, 1, 150; tu sedulo argumentaris quid sit sperandum, Att. 3, 12, 1; etiam es argumentaris amoris esse hoc signum, dom. 22; add Verr. 2, 2, 119; Clu. 64; Brut. 277; Mil. 4; Cornif. ad Her. 4, 47; nec iure an iniuria caesi sint argumentari refert, Liv. 39, 36, 16; multa in eam partem probabiliter argumentatur, (but falsely) Liv. 33, 28, 8; 2. as pass., argumentata nomina, Aufust. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 10.

**argûmentôsus**, adj. full of proof, demonstrative, Quint. 5, 10, 10; Sidon. ep. 9, 9.

**argûmentum**, i, a test, proof, Quid nunc, uincon' argumentis, te non esse Sosiam? Pl. Amph. 277; Quo argumenta? Quia enim loquitur laute et minime sordide Mil. 4, 2, 11; certissima nisa snnt argumenta atque indicia sceleris, tabellae signa manus, Cic. Cat. 3, 13; quod idem maestitiam meam reprehendit, idem iocum, magno argumenta est me in utroque fuisse moderatum, Phil. 2, 40; (id) argumenti sumebant loco non posse clam exiri, Caes. b.c. 1, 67, 2; argumenta uiri, Iuv. 9, 85; uuguentarii (murras) digerunt odoris atque pinguedinis argumentis, Plin. 12, 69; mares (turtures) negantur anno diutius durare argumento quia nulla ueris initio adparet nigrigudo in rostro quae ab aestate incipit, 10, 107; 2. a distinguishing character, as suggesting a name, caelum caelati argumento diximus, Plin. 2, 9; ab hoc deliscendi argumento Rhegium Graeci nomen dedere oppido, 3, 87; ex argumento nomeu accepit scorpio herba, semen enim habet ad similitudinem caudae scorpionis, 22, 39; 3. artistic work, which tells a tale, ex ebor argumenta erant in ualuis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 124; At leuem clipeum sublatis cornibus lo Auro insignibat, iam saetis obsita, iam bos, Argumentum ingens, Verg. 7, 791; add Prop. 3 (4), 9, 13; si argumento (tabulae) offenderetur, the subject of the picture, Suet. Tib. 44;

4. subject-matter of a book, liber cuius argumentum est Sicilia, Suet. Aug. 85; add Claud. 38; 5. hence a descriptive emblem, sunt in columnarum spiris insculpta nominum eorum (i.e. the sculptors Sauras and Batrachos) argumento laecra atque rana, Plin. 36, 42; 6. hence plot of a play, Post argumentum huius eloquar tragoediae, Pl. Amph. pr. 51; add Rud. pr. 31; Non ita sunt dissimili

argumento, Ter. Andr. pr. 11; add Haut. pr. 6; Ad. pr. 22.

**arguo**, (=ελεγχω and ερω and perh. G. rügen), ui, ūtus, ěre, vb. lit. hold tight so as to prevent all escape, —hence convict, haec tabellae te arguunt, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 10; Equid argutus? ualorum facinorum saepissumae, Ps. 2, 4, 56, interpreted as=convictus by Prisc. 1, 105 K; amautem languor et silentium Arguit et latere petitus imo spiritus, Hor. epod. 11, 10; Degeneres animos timor arguit, Verg. 4, 13; Laudibus arguitur uini uinosus Homerus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 6; and met. an tactum sapor arguet oris? Lucr. 4, 487; 2. prove, quod non licet, id hoc uno tenetur, si arguitur non licere, Cic. parad. 20; 3. accuse, me miseram qui arguit stupri, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 16; hoc te crimine non arguo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 46; tanti facinoris arguitur, Cael. 1; summi sceleris, Rab. perd. 26; de eo crimine quo de arguatur, inv. 2, 37; 4. w. acc. and inf.; quae me arguit hano domo ab se surrupuisso, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 62; Ea me clam se cum me ancilla ait consuetum, id me arguit, Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10; hence in pass., eam rem do qua arguetur, CIL 205, 2, 33; occidisse patrem arguitur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 37; speculatores, non legatos uenisse arguebat, Liv. 30, 23, 5; qui sibimet uim ferro intulisse arguebatur, Suet. Claud. 16; 5. w. ut 'as', fratrem ut subditium arguere, Suet. Ncr. 7; hunc ut tyrannum, illum ut proditorem argueutes, Iustin. 22, 3, 3; 6. w. acc. of charge, ea culpa quam arguo, Liv. 1, 28, 6; arguunt in eo regni uoluntatem, Vell. 2, 68, 4; coniurationes, Suet. Caes. 75; perperam editos census, Cal. 38; aud akin to these, primusque animalia mensis Arguit imponi, Ov. M. 15, 73; 7. in pass. s. above and add ita me probri...a uiro argutam meo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 2; 8. arguiturus in Sall. ap. Prisc. 1, 505, 7 K; see argutus adj.

**argûtiatio**, ônis, f. chattering, lecti, Catul. 6, 11.

**argûtiator**, ôris, m. chatterer, Gell. 17, 5, 13.

**argûtê**, sec argûtus.

**argûtia**, ac, f. gen. in pl. argutiae, delicacy, refinement, as delicate notes, tam artifices argutiae (luscinae), Plin. 10, 84; delicacy of expression in art, primus argutias uoltus, elegantiam capilli, uenustatem oris (dedit), 35, 67; add 34, 65; 35, 117; 2. delicate play (of fingers), nulla mollitia ceruicium, nullae argutiae digitorum (see argutus § 4), Cic. or. 59; 3. esp. of language, in good and bad sense, Etiam me aduersus exordire argutias? Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 19; add Most. 1, 1, 2; huius orationes tantum argutiarum, tantum urbanitatis habent, Cic. Brut. 167; Demosthenes nihil argutiis et acumino Hyperidi cedit, or. 110; nihil est quod (Graeci) non persequantur argutias, subtilities, am. 45; 4. over-refinement, res atque sententiae leui argutia, Gell. 12, 2, 1; tam inopportuna tamque audaci argutia fuit Probus, 3, 1, 6—wh. note sing. and add Apul. 1, 1.

**argûtiâla**, ac, f. dim. over-refinement, quibbling, Gell. 2, 7, 9; 9, 14, 26; 18, 1, 12.

**argûto**, are, vb. see

**argûtor**, âri, vb. play the 'argutus', chatter, Supra-boque omnes argutando praeficas, Pl. ap. Non. 66, 33; Quando ad ludos uenit alii cum taceat totum diem Argutatur, quasi cicada, Nov. ib. 245, 28; Agite, agite furei mendaci argutamini, Lucil. ib. 239, 14; add Enn. ib. 245, 26; 2. met. of feet in rapid motion up and down, ubi tu solitus argutarier Pedibus, cretam dum compescis, uestimenta quae lauas, Titin. ib. 245, 32; II 3. arguto, are, chatter, Prop. 1, 6, 7; Petr. 46.

**argûtûlus**, adj. dim. delicate, refined, libri, Cic. Att. 13, 18; Fotis, Apul. 2, 6.

**argûtus**, part. sec arguo; 2. as adj. perh. lit. tight, and so of form, compact, neat, slender, taper, solea, Catul. 68, 72; Argutumque caput (equi), Verg. G. 3, 80; corpora (pullorum), Pall. 4, 13, 8; 3. of sound, sharp, shrill, serra, Verg. G. 1, 143; olores, B. 9, 36; Thalia, Hor. od. 4, 6, 25; cicada, Mart. 11, 8, 5 (see argutor, § 1); arguta cauis tiunitibus acra, Sil. 17, 18; 4. of motion, sharp, rapid, fleet, alert, never still, Aut arguta lacus circuuiolitaui hirundo, Verg. G. 1, 377; cum peteret...matellam arguto madidus pollice, Mart. 7, 89, 2; argutos celeseres dici.



Serv. ad B. 4, 34, reporting what 'quidam' say; cf. argutor § 2; aures (equi) breues et argutae, Pall. 4, 13, 2; and perh.: manus (oratoris) minus arguta, digitis subsequens verba, non exprimens, Cic. or. 3, 220; manus (Hortensii) inter agendum argutae et gestosae, Gell. 1, 5, 2; 5. of feeling, sharp, dolor, Prop. 1, 18, 26; 6. of smell and taste, sharp, defined, odor argutior\*, Plin. 15, 18; hinc contrahi pomis (pears) argutos saporos, Pall. 3, 25, 4; sapor (fici), 4, 10, 26; 7. sharp-witted, clever, nihil argutum magis quam...quos scurras uocant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 162; Strenui nimio plus prosunt populo quam arguti et cati: Facile sibi fauenditatem uirtus argutam inuenit, Truc. 2, 6, 12; see argute § 12; 8. in use of language, speaking clearly, distinct, expressive, eloquent, refined, subtle, Memmius a. orator, Cic. Brut. 247; poema ita elegans, nihil ut fieri possit argutius\*, Pis. 70; litteras argutissimas\*, Att. 6, 5, 1; quis (Catone) in sententiis argutior\*? in docendo subtilior? Brut. 65; dicta argutissima\*, or. 2, 250; taliones illae tuac argutiores quam ueriores fuerunt, Gell. 20, 1, 35; 9. hence met. argutissima\* haec esse exta, Cic. div. 2, 29; argutum sternuit omen Amor, Prop. 2, 3, 24; 10. esp. of the eye, expressive, oculi, nimis arguti, quemadmodum animo adfecti sumus, locuntur, Cic. leg. 1, 27; Risit et argutis quiddam promisit oculis, Ov. am. 3, 2, 83; Argutos habuit, radiant ut sidus ocelli, 3, 3, 9; 11. comp. and sup. see \* above; II 12. argute, Nimis argute (cleverly) mi (so Herm.) obrepisti in ipsa (eapse mss) occasiueula, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 132; qui de matre sauianda tam acute arguteque coniecerit, Cic. Brut. 53; comp. Brut. 42; sup. or. 2, 18.

**argyr-anche**, ēs, f. silver-quinsy, Gell. 11, 9, 1.

**argyr-aspis**, idis, adj. with silver shield, Liv. 37, 40, 7.

**argyrītis**, is, f. spuma argenti, Plin. 37, 106 and 108; Veg. vet. 1, 20, 2.

**argyro-cōrīnthus**, adj. made of Corinthian bronze, crateram a., inscr. Or. 1541; cf. candidum (aes C.) argento uitore quam proxume accedens, Plin. 34, 8.

**argyrōdāmas**, ntis, adj. as sb. in a gem, a silvery-diamond, Plin. 37, 144 and 163.

**arianis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, Plin. 24, 162.

**Āricia**, ae, f. a city of Latium, et mater Āriciā porri, Colum. 10, 39; add Mart. 13, 19, 1; and Sil. 4, 369.

**āriditas**, ātis, f. dryness, drought, Plin. 11, 117; 15, 123; in pl. Arnob. 2, 37; 2. what is dry, fimi, Pall. 3, 4; add 3, 21, 2.

**āridūlus**, adj. dim. dry, labella, Cat. 64, 316.

**āridus**, (ardus\*, haridus†) adj. dry, caementa arda\*, CIL 577, 2, 21; uestimentum, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 16; fici, 3, 4, 59; aridum\* lignum, Lucil. ap. Non. 74, 20; folia, Cic. Pis. 97; cinis, Hor. epod. 17, 34; colore aridi folii, Plin. 12, 129; 2. met. sitis, Luer. 3, 917; calor, 4, 874; sonus, 6, 119; cf. § 6; febris, Verg. G. 3, 458; fragor, 1, 357; 3. dry in the sense of shrivelled, nates, Hor. epod. 8, 5; crura, Ov. a. a. 3, 272; 4. close as to money, or poor, Pumex non aequat aridus (ardus\* or āridus) atque hic est senex, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 18; Sed habet patrem quandam auidum (miserum) atque aridum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 15; eliens (poor), Mart. 10, 87, 5; 5. esp. of style, met. genus sermonis, Cic. or. 2, 159; aridissimi libri, Tac. dial. 19; (oratores) aridi et exsuci et exsangues, Quint. 12, 10, 14 etc.; 6. aridum argentum hard money, not promises, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 21; II 7. aridum as sb. n. dry ground, aesti (= aestūs) forte ex arido, Pacuv. ap. Non. 484, 11; ex arido tula coniecer, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 3; (naues) in aridum subduxerat, 4, 29, 2; III 8. as adv. corrigia disrupta tonat haridum†, Varr. ap. Non. 448, 26.

**ariana**, or rather aricra, ae, f. fruit of the banana (pala), Plin. 11, 283.

**āriēs**, ētis, (w. a form ariex, Prob. App. 198, 29 K, so that ēt stands for dim. suff. ēe, cf. abies; old ares, Varr. l. 5, 19;) ram, arietem Phrixi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 7; Varr. r. 2, 1, 6 and 24; ipse āriēs etiam nuuc uellera siceat, Verg. B. 3, 95; 2. battering ram, cubitus catapultast mihi, Vmerus aries, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 17; quamuis murum aries percusserit, Cic. off. 1, 35; add Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 1; 3. met. of timber in a bridge to resist force of eurrent,

sublicae pro ariete subiectae, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; and by a 3rd met.: ex quo aries subicitur ille in uestris actionibus..., Cic. top. 64; 4. a sca beast, Plin. 9, 10; 5. a sign of the zodiac, Manil. 2, 246; Vitruv. 9, 5, 1; 6. ariet of oblique case = - areyet, Arietes truces nos erimns: iam in uos ineurabimus, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 29; Vecti petebant pellem inauratam arietis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 45; add Verg. 2, 491; 7, 175 etc.; 7. with ē in: Apparet, aut celsum crebris ārietibus urbis, Stat. Th. 2, 492 (for arietibus?).

**ārietārius**, adj. of a battering-ram, testudo, Vitruv. 10, 19, 2 and 6; machina, ib. 6.

**ārietātio**, ōnis, f. butting like a ram, collision, Sen. n. q. 5, 12, 5.

**ārietūnus**, adj. of a ram, ungula, Plin. 29, 88; pulmo, 30, 72; coruua, Pall. 4, 10, 28; 2. like the head of a ram, cicer, Colum. 2, 10, 20; cicer arietino capiti simile, Plin. 18, 124; Petr. 35; 3. responsum a. a dilemma with its two horns, responsum arietinum ludis maguis dicitur: Peribo si non fecero, si faxo uapulabo, Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 8.

**āriēto**, āre, vb. butt like a ram, quis...nostras aedis arietat, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 1; Arietat in portas, Verg. 11, 890; quem arietatuit in terram, Curt. 9, 7, 22; concurrentia tecta contrario icu arietant, Plin. 2, 198; 2. Deinde eius germanum cornibus conitiet In me arietare, Acc. ap. Cic. div. 1, 44; inter se acies arietant, Sen. ira 2, 3, 3; 3. unintentionally run foul of, stumble against, longsim uiam ingressus es: et labaris oportet et arietes et cadas et..., Sen. ep. 107, 2; 4. met. nihil (superest) in quo arietat, Sen. vit. b. 8, 5; animum insolitum arietari, id. tranq. 1, 11.

**ārificus**, adj. making dry, a. carnis phlebotomia, opposed to mollifica, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 1, 9 (al. aliter).

**arillātor**, ōris (?) one who haggles in a bargain, Gell. 16, 7, 12.

**Ariminensis**, adj. of Ariminum, CIL 23; Hor. epod. 5, 42; Plin. 10, 50.

**Āriminum**, i, n. a city on the Hadriatic, now Rimini, Luean. 1, 231; Plin. 3, 115.

**Āriminus**, i, m. the river of Ariminum, Plin. 3, 115.

**aricra**, (a Gallic word) ae, f. rye? Plin. 18, 61 and 81; 18, 92 = ολῦρα.

**aringus**, i, m. the herring, pisces natura pingues, ut sunt salmones...uel aringi, Auct. anon. Hermes Zeitschrift bd. 8, p. 226.

**ariola**, ariolus etc. v. hariolus.

**arisaros**, i, f. a kind of arum, Plin. 24, 151.

**ārista**, (aresco?) ae, f. beard or awn of an ear of corn, a. quae ut acus tenuis eminet e gluma, Varr. r. 1, 48, 1; munitur uallo aristarum, Cic. sen. 51; 2. ear of corn, glandem mutatit ārista, Verg. G. 1, 8; Vere prius flores, aestu numerabis āristas, Ov. tr. 4, 57; 3. of spikenard, nardi, Ov. M. 15, 398; 4. aristae as emblem of summer, Verg. B. 1, 69; Claud. 4 cons. Hon. 372; 5. of weeds, Val. Fl. 7, 365; 6. met. of bristling hair, of one shuddering, Alges cum excussit membris timor albus aristas, Pers. 3, 115; cf.: in corpore pili, ut arista in spica ordei, horrent, Varr. l. 6, 6; 7. of the spines or bones of certain fish (so Fr. arestes), capito...congestus aristas, Aus. Mos. 86; add 119; 8. name of a horse in the Circus, inscr. Grut. 341.

**āristātus**, quasi-part., bearded, as barley, Paul. ex F. v. restibilis.

**āristē**, ēs, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**āristifer**, adj. bearing ears of corn, seges, Prud. Cath. 3, 51.

**āristiger**, adj. wearing ears of corn, Cereri, inscr. Or. 1493.

**Aristus**, a gens, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 5; Hor. s. 1, 9, 61.

**āristōlōchia**, (-logia\*) ae, f. a plant, Cic. div. 1, 16; Cels. 5, 26, 35; Plin. 25, 95 etc.; 26, 32 etc.; Veg. uet. 1, 7, 12\*: 5, 22, 4\*.

**āristō-phōrum**, adj. n. as sb. uas in quo prandium (αριστον) fertur, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**āristōsus**, adj. full of ears, cibaria, Venant. cp. 9, 3.



**arithmēticus**, adj. of counting, Vitr. 10, 16 (wr. ref.); 2. as sb. m. arithmetician, accountant, Q. Grisdio Q. f. arismetri(ico), inscr. Or. 2615 (perh. spur.); 3. arithmetica (ice\*) adj. f. as sb. arithmetic, Sen. ep. 88, 10 (dub.); Plin. 35, 76; Vitr. 1, 1, 4\*; 4. arithmetica n. pl. arithmetic, Cic. Att. 14, 12, 3.

**arithmi**, m. pl. the book of Numbers, Tert. Mare. 4, 23 and 28.

**arīdo**, inis, f. dryness, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 40; Frigori miscet calorem atque umori aritudinem, poet. ap. Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 67 Sp.; add Varr. r. 1, 12, 3.

**ariuga**? or aruiga? a ram, in a corrupt pass. of Varr. l. 5, 19 wh. also ariugas, ariugem, and perh. ariugnus as an adj.

**arma**, ōrum, n. pl. (ar- vb. fit, whence artus, ars) tools, implements, rigging, means, appliances, Dicendum et quae sint duris agrestibus arma, Quis sine nec potuere seri nec surgere messes, Verg. G. 1, 160; Cerealia arma, A. 1, 181; Colligere arma iubet (sails, oars etc.), 5, 15; spoliata armis (rudder etc.)...nauis, 6, 353; umeris arma parata (wings), Ov. a. a. 2, 50; equestris a. (harness), Liv. 35, 23, 11; tondeudis arma capillis, Mart. 14, 36; a. uenatoria, Sen. ben. 1, 11, 6; disciplinae suae, Apul. 9, 29 f.; horrentia Martis arma, Verg. 1, 5; 2. hence absol. implements of war, arms, arma his imperata, galea clipeum ocreae lorica, Liv. 1, 43, 2; legiones...puleris armis praeditas, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 63; qui arma ferre possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 29, 1; arma, alia ad tegendum, alia ad nocendum, Cic. Caecin. 60; 3. esp. arms of defence, and so opp. to tela, agitatio telorum armorumque, Liv. 1, 25, 5; armorum atque telorum portationibus, Sal. Cat. 42, 2; seorsum arma ac tela seponabantur, Colum. 12, 3, 1; 4. esp. a shield, examinem super arma ferebant, Verg. 10, 841; seque in sua colligit arma, 10, 412; add 12, 491; habiliora corpora in bella, quae in arma sua contrahi possunt, Sen. tranq. 8, 9; 5. in law in a wider sense, armorum appellatio non utique scuta et gladios et galeas significat sed et fustes et lapides, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 41; 6. in sense of war, (armorum) exitus incerti, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 5; ad arma res spectat, fam. 14, 5, 1; Graecae urbes denuntiatione armorum terere, Liv. 45, 3, 7; 7. met. first material, mouet arma leo, Verg. 12, 6; naturae comparat arma (serpens), cul. 178; Horrificum contra Borean ouis arma ministrat, Ov. M. 15, 471; 8. abstract, armis prudentiae, Cic. or. 1, 172; senectutis, sen. 9; Vlixes...quaerere conscius arma, Verg. 2, 99; haec milii Stertinus arma dedit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 296; faecundiae, Quint. 2, 16, 10; 9. armum as gen. pl. Paev. ap. Cic. or. 155 (not approved by Cic.); Acc. ap. Non. 495, 22.

**armāmaxa**, (ἀρμαμαξα) ae, f. a palanquin, Curt. 3, 3, 23.

**armāmenta**, ōrum, n. pl. gen. equipment; esp. including rigging etc. of a ship, saluata nauis: ne time. Quid alia armamenta? Salua et sana sunt, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 62; add 1, 2, 80; add Cic. Arat. 197; anchoris reliquisque armamentis amissis, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 3; neque dum uocabulis armamentorum cognitis, b. e. 1, 58, 3; sublati armamentis (with masts etc. standing) ueniebant, Liv. 21, 49, 9; demendis armamentis, § 11; add 33, 48, 8; 36, 44, 2; uela stringi, armamenta demitti, Sen. ben. 6, 15, 6; fuis armamentis, Suet. Aug. 17; 2. plant, of a vineyard, uinearum, Plin. 17, 152; of a corn mill, 18, 112.

**armamentārius**, adj. of armamenta, hence as sb. m. an officer in charge of a naval arsenal, inscr. Or. Henz. 5152; II 2. as sb. n. a depôt for rigging etc., a naval arsenal, dockyard, mille nauium, Plin. 7, 125; 3. gen. magazine, arsenal, depôt, esp. for warlike stores, ex armamentis arma dantur, Cic. Rab. perd. 20; armamenta clapsa restituit, inscr. Or. 975; add 3586; and met. Quicquid habent telorum armamentaria caeli, Iuv. 13, 83; 4. also of peaceful stores, D. M. Cornelia Frontinae M. Ulpus praepositus armamentaria ludae magni, inscr. Or. 2552.

**armāriolum**, i, n. dim. a little armarium, i.e. chest chiffonier etc. Graeca armariola, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 35; for books, Sidon. ep. 8, 16.

**armārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a place for arma, i.e. tools etc., a chest, box, cupboard, a promptuarium, Cato r. 11, 3; reclusit omno armarium, Pl. Capt. 4, 4, 10; armarium in quo sciret esse nummorum aliquantum...Armarii fundum exsecuit, Cic. Clu. 179; in armario muricibus praefixo (like that of Regulus's torture), Gell. 7 (6), 4, 4; 2. at times a cupboard as opp. to a box, senectus anguium reposita in arcis armariisque, Plin. 29, 101; capsae, armaria, Paul. dig. 33, 10, 3, 2; 3. a division of a book-case, habet bibliotheca in armario sexto librum... Vop. Tac. 8, 1; 4. a division of a sepulchre, a. distegum, inscr. Or. 4549; 5. heuce Fr. armoire.

**armātūra**, ae, f. arming, form of armour, a. uaria peditatus et equitatus, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 2; habet cohortes nostra armatura xxx, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 14; leuis armaturae Numidas Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 1; manipulos leuis armaturae, Liv. 31, 42, 2; 2. abstract for concrete, equites pedites leuis a., Cic. Brut. 139; interclusam ab suis leuem armaturam, Liv. 22, 18, 2; add 21, 55, 2 and 5; 3. in plur., esp. of imperial body-guard, armaturarum tribunus, Amm. 14, 11, 12; armaturarum rector, 15, 4, 10; Veg. mil. 1, 13.

**armātus**, ūs, m. (only in abl.), arming, form of armour, eodem armatu Cares, Liv. 37, 40, 13; Apolloniatae haud dispari armatu, 33, 3, 10; add 42, 55, 10; 2. as a collective, omni grauiore armatu (relicto), 26, 5, 3; add 37, 41, 3.

**armētālis**, adj. of a herd, equa, a brood mare, Verg. 11, 571; uir, herdsman, Prud. Cath. 7, 166.

**armētārius**, adj. of a herd, morbi, Sol. 5, 22; a. equiso, one in charge of a herd of horses, Apul. M. 7, 15;

2. as sb. m. herdsman, Varr. r. 2, 5, 18; Lucr. 6, 1252; Verg. G. 3, 344.

**armēticius**, adj. of a herd, pecus, Varr. r. 2, 5, 6; greges, 2, 10, 3.

**armētius**, adj. of a herd, Plin. 28, 232.

**armētōsus**, adj. abounding in herds, Gell. 11, 1, 2.

**ar-mentum**, i, n. (-a, ae, f. old form; cf. § 5) [for armentum from alo rear, breed, = *αλω* (*ap*)] lit. a rearing—hence a breed, stock, flock, herd (of large cattle), esp. oxen, paseuntur armenta commodissime in nemoribus, Varr. r. 2, 5, 11; subolem armento (sc. boum) sortire quotannis, Verg. G. 3, 71; prae se armentum (sc. boum) agens (Hercules), Liv. 1, 7, 4; Pan erat armenti, Pan illic numen equarum, Munus ob incolumes ille ferebat oues, Ov. F. 2, 277; armentaque buccera, M. 6, 395; bubulum armentum, Colum. pr. 26; boum armenta, Plin. ep. 2, 17; Pallad. Mart. 11, 8;

2. often of horses, Bello armantur equi, bellum haec armenta minantur, Verg. 3, 540; equinum (armentum), Colum. pr. 26; add 6, 27, 3; amissa parcuti in grege armenti reliquae fetae educant orbem, Plin. 8, 165 (de equis); 3. of other large animals, tardius deficit (asellus) quam ullum aliud armentum†, Colum. 7, 1, 2; tres littore ceruos Prospicit errantes; hos tota armenta secuntur, Verg. 1, 189; Neptuno...inmania cuius Armenta..., G. 4, 395; (cynocephalorum), Plin. 7, 31; 4. armentum of a single animal, qui gregem armentorum emere uult, Varr. r. 2, 5, 7; pecudes...dispulsae sui generis sequuntur greges. Vt bos armenta, sic..., Cic. Att. 7, 7, 7; greges armentorum, Phil. 3, 31; Armenta atque aliae pecudes, Lucr. 1, 163; add 5, 228; Quippe equus et pecudes armentaque gramine uiuunt, Ov. M. 15, 84; ut accensis cornibus armenta in aduersos concitentur montes, Liv. 22, 16, 8; armentis snblimibus insignis Meuania est, Colum. 3, 8, 3; mobilia (cornua) ut aures Phrygiae armentis, Plin. 11, 124; testes pecori armentoque (the bull; not as Freund, the horse); boues magis armentorum quam iumentorum generis appellantur, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 89; add Hygin. fab. 118; see also Verg. and Colum. above †; 5. armentas as f. ace. pl., Enn. and Liv. (?) ap. Nou. 190; add Serv. ad A. 3, 540; and Paul. ex F. 4 M; 6. derived from aru by Varr. l. 5, 29, p. 68 Sp.; but the word is never used of ploughing oxen; by Serv. ad G. 3, 49 and Fest. from arma, as used in war (!).

**armifer**, adj. arm-bearing, Armifer armeriae correptus amore Mineruae, Ov. F. 3, 681; aruum, Sen. Med. 471; add Sil. 4, 45.



**armiger**, adj. armour-bearing, corpus, Acc. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 33, 1; deum, Sil. 7, 87; 2. as sb. m. armour-bearer, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 11; add Cas. 2, 3, 39 and 52; Catilinae, Cic. dom. 13; Iouis, Verg. 9, 564; 3. armigeri pl. as body guard, Suet. Aug. 49; 4. armigera as sb. f., Ov. M. 3, 165; 5, 619; 5. armigerus as nom., inser. Or. 3631.

**armilaua**, ae, f. a sort of military cloak, Isid. or. 19, 22; Paul. Nol. ep. 17 (13), 1.

**armille**, see armillum.

**armilla**, ae, f. dim. bracelet, esp. as a soldier's reward, C. Cauuleius Q. f. leg. vii euocat. donat. torq. armil. paler. CIL 624; torque atque armillis decoratus, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 9, 13, 7; centuriones armillis donauit, Liv. 10, 44, 3; add Cic. ap. Prise. 2, 462, 32 K; donato torquil. armillis phaleris, inser. Or. 749; add 3453, 3454; 2. as worn by women, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 13; ornameuta muliebria... ueluti inanres armillae, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 10; 3. in architecture, an iron ring, Vitr. 10, 6, 11; 4. a. petasonis, Apic. 7, 295 (Schuch.) what?

**armillatus**, quasi-part., decked with a bracelet, as soldiers, armillata et phalerata turba, Suet. Ner. 30 f.; add Calig. 52; 2. canes, wearing collars, Prop. 4, 8, 24.

**armillum**, (armum sing. of arma?) i, n. dim. a wine-flask, a. nreoli isidus uinari, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 18; a. uas unarium, Gloss. Isid.; 2. reortui ad a., go back to her bottle, a prov. first applied to old women; anus rursus ad a., Lincil. ap. Non. 74, 3; add Apul. M. 9, 29; and then gen. go back to one's old tricks, Cnpide ad armillum (al. armille) redit, 6, 22.

**armilustrum**, (-ium) i, n. purification of arms, a religious ceremony on the 10th of Oct., marked Arm. N.P. in Fast. Maff.; armilustrum ab eo quod in armilustrio armati sacra faciunt, nisi locus potius dictus ab his, Varr. l. 6, 3; add 5, 32; 2. the place of the ceremony, see above; in Armilustru lapidibus uisum plnere, Liv. 27, 37, 4.

**armipotens**, ntis, adj. powerful in arms, colonia, Ulp. dig. 50, 15, 1; 2. as sb. a title of gods, Mars, Verg. 9, 717; (Minerua), 2, 425.

**armipotens**, ae, f. power in arms, Amm. 18, 5, 7.

**armisonus**, adj. resounding with arms, Pallas, Verg. 3, 544; antrum, Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 67.

**armites**, ὄπλαται οἱ ἐν ἐσχατῇ ταξεί, Gloss. Phil.

**armo**, āre, (arma, n. pl.) vb. equip, as ships, naues suuma industria armauerat, Caes. b. c. 2, 4, 1; add b. g. 3, 13, 1; 5, 1, 4; and b. c. 1, 36, 2; armari classem, Verg. 4, 299; 2. gen. arm, equip for war, armatum hominem, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; milites armati probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 18; serui in dominos armabantur, Cic. Planc. 86; seruos pastores armat, Caes. b. g. 1, 24; armare in proelia fratres, Verg. 7, 335; 3. met. first materially, calamos ueneno, 10, 140; dextra Ionis ignibus armata, Ov. M. 2, 849; aculeis armantur, Plin. 11, 96; 4. w. abstract ideas, eloquentiā, Cic. inv. 1, 1; Arcadas... pudor armat in hostis, Verg. 10, 398; iambo, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 79; hoc decreto armatus, Liv. 4, 53, 8.

**armon**, i, n. horse-radish, Plin. 19, 82 (as a Poutic word).

**armoracia**, (ea) ae, f. horse-radish, Colum. 6, 17, 8; 9, 4, 5; Plin. 19, 82; 20, 22.

**ar-mus**, i, m. [obsol. vb. ar-o fit, whence ar-tus, ars, arma; cf. obsol. ar-ω, fut. αρω, αρωω; also αρμος] lit. a joint—hence shoulder-joint, shoulder, gen. of animals (opposed to umerus of man), ex umeris armi fiunt, Ov. M. 10, 700 (of Hippomenes changed to a lion); Oresitrophus haesit in armo, 3, 233 (of Actaeon as a stag); add 4, 719; 6, 229 etc.; bos... conuellit armos, Colum. 6, 16, 1; leporis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 44; 2, 8, 89; solus homo bipes, uni iugulum umeri, ceteris armi, Plin. 11, 243; (pantherae), 8, 63; (leonis), 11, 229; (elephantis), 11, 243; talpac, 18, 158; 2. less accurately, the flank, equi foderet calcaribus armos, Verg. 6, 882; 3. in poets, of man, Quem sese ore ferens, quem (so F w. sense; and Markland) forti pectore et armis, Verg. 4, 11; latos huic hasta per armos Acta tremis, duplicatque uirum transfixa dolore, 11, 644; arma proprie dicuntur ab armis, id est humeris, deudentia, Paul. ex F. p. 3; armo id est humero, id. v. armillum, 2; ne pomum ex alieno lega-

tur in armum, id est, quod umeri onus sit, id. v. armita; manum... demittit ab armo, Lucan. 9, 831.

**arna**, ae, f. a lamb, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**Arna**, ae, f. a municipium of Umbra, now Civitella d' Arna, praefuit templo Arnae, inser. Or. 91.

**arnacis**? only a cj. of Frennd for parnacis in Varr. ap. Non. 543, 1.

**Arnalia**, ae, f. a title of Minerva, Mineruae Arnaliae, inser. Or. 1961.

**Arnās**, ātis, adj. of Arna, patrono municipi Arnat(is), inser. Or. 90.

**Arnensis**, adj. of Arna, L. Caecilius L. f. Arnensis, inser. Mur. 1446, 7.

**Arniensis**, adj. of the river Arnns; name of a tribe, C. Canius C. f. Arn. Labeo, CIL 1012; L. Lepidio L. f. Arn. Proculo, inser. Or. 749; a Suburana usque ad Arniensem, Cic. agr. 2, 79; tribus quattuor additae... Sabatina, Arniensis, Liv. 6, 5, 8.

**arnion**, ii, n. plantain, Apul. herb. 1.

**arnoglossa**, (lamb's tongue) ae, plantain, Apul. herb. 1.

**arnoglossus**, i, the same, Isid. or. 17, 9, 50.

**Arnus**, i, m. a river of Etruria, Plin. 3, 50 and 52.

**Arnustus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Thauia Arnustia, CIL 1373.

**āro**, āre, vb. plough, arare mauelim quam sic amare, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 21; fodere aut arare, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 17; neque scirent arare terram, Varr. r. 1, 2, 16; qui possit arari inquit, non qui aratus sit, Cic. agr. 2, 67; add div. 2, 50; hoc imitatur ārando, Verg. G. 2, 204; sacrumque Numici Litus arant, A. 7, 798; Arat Falerui mille fundi iugera, Hor. epod. 4, 13; 2. met. as of a ship, uastum maris aequor arandum, Verg. 2, 780; add 3, 495; aequora, Ov. am. 2, 10, 33; 3. of wrinkles, lam uentem rugae, quae tibi corpus arent, Ov. a. a. 2, 118; 4. in re obsc. Pl. As. 5, 2, 24; Truc. 1, 2, 49; 5. proverb. of lost labour, Non profecturus littora bubns aras, Ov. her. 5, 116; but see Verg. § 1; 6. cf. ar-ω, αρ-ωσσω, old E. ear.

**ārōma**, ātis, n. spice, aromata coutusa asperges, Colum. 12, 20, 4; add Cels. 3, 21 (107, 18 D); spirāmen ārōmatis efflat, Prud. apoth. 826; membra aromatis (note abl.) perspersa, Apul. flor.; a. Indicum, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7.

**ārōmātis**, adj. m. as sb. dealer in spices, inser. Or. 114 and 4064.

**ārōmaticus**, adj. of spices, aromatic, mēssis, Sedul. 5, 324; 2. hence aromatica, u. pl. as sb. spices, Spart. Hadr. 19, 5; 3. n. sing. as sb. aromaticum, an eye salve.

**ārōmātites**, ae, adj. spiced, as sb. spiced wine, Plin. 14, 92; also 107 and 115.

**ārōmātītis**, Idis, adj. f. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 145.

**aros**, i, f. and arōn, i, n. name of wake-robin and other plants, Plin., as nom. arōs, 8, 113; nom. aron, 24, 142; arum, ib. and 8, 129; aron, 19, 96.

**Arpāgius**, ii, m. a teru in sepulchral lang. for a youth who dies prematurely (from ἀραγῶ), multis annis uiuat qui dixerit: Arpagi tibi terra leuemo, inser. Or. 4756; filio suo qui uixit ann. III uater et pater: Arpagi uiuas, inser. Marin. fr. Arv. p. 506.

**Arpānus**, adj. of Arpi, Plin. 2, 211; gromat. 210, 10 Laelium.

**Arpi**, orum, m. pl. a town of Apulia, Liv. 24, 45, 2; Plin. 3, 104.

**Arpinās**, ātis, adj. of Arpinum, homo, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 10; aquae, ib.; insula, 12, 12, 1; ager, off. 1, 21; 2. w. ager understood, the district of Arpinum, ex Arpinati, Cic. Att. 13, 13 f.; 3. Arpinatis as nom., Cato ap. Prise. 1, 129, 10.

**Arpinum**, i, n. a town of Latium, Cic. Att. 2, 8, 2.

**Arpinus**, adj. of Arpi, Liv. 24, 47, 2 etc.

**arquātus**, (arc.) [arquis, rainbow] quasi-part., coloured like rainbow—hence a. morbus, jaundice, uorbus quem interdum arquatum, interdum regium nominari, Cels. 3, 24; add 2, 4 (34, 27 D); 2, 8 (50, 5); 2. one suffering from jaundice, arquatit et lutea quae non sunt et quae sunt lutea uidentur, Varr. ap. Non. 35, 16; lurida... fiunt quae uque tuentur Arquati, Luer. 4, 333; pecori arcuato, Col. 7, 5, 18; add Plin. 20, 115; 22, 111 and 114.

**arquitenens**, s. arciteuens.



**arqus**, see arcus.

**arra**, ae, f. [from Hebrew] earnest money, consuetudo uolgi, ad sponsones etiamnum anulo exiliente, tracta ab eo tempore quo nondum erat arra uelocior, Plin. 33, 28; quod saepe arrae nouine pro emptione datur non eo perfinet quasi siue arra conuentio nihil proficiat, sed ut..., Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35; desponsa illi erat...proneptis Antonini quam postea acceperat Toxotius...; manserunt autem apud eum (deam, Peter) arrae regiae, Capitol. Max. iun. 27, 1, 7; arra est quae pro re empta ex parte datur, Isid. or. 5, 3; mortis arra, Plin. 29, 21 (meaning what?); often used by Laberius, says Gell. 17, 2, 21; arra as Lat. = *ἀρραβων*, ex Char. art. 552, 36 K.

**arrāb-o**, ōnis, [dim. of arra(b)-] earnest money, Set arraboni has dedit quadraginta miuas, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 115; add 3, 3, 15; 4, 3, 21; Quo ab arrabonem pro Palaestra acceperam, Rud. 2, 6, 71; add 3, 6, 23; pr. 46; a. amoris, Mil. 4, 1, 11; 2. in money's value, Leno, arrabonem hunc pro mina mecum fero, Pl. Poen. 5, 6, 22; Ea relicta huic arraboni est pro illo argenteo, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 42; cum tantus arrabo penes Samnites populi Romani esset (se. sescentos obsides), Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 21; who adds: nunc arrabo in sordidus uerbis..., sordidus arra; 3. rabo for arrabo, as conia for ciconia, S. Rabonem habeto mecum ut hanc noctem sies. A. Perii, rabonem? quam esse diem hanc beluam? Quin tu arrabonem dieis? Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 20.

**arrāllis**, adj. of earnest money, Imp. Diocl. cod. 4, 49, 3.

**arrēctārius**, adj. vertical, Vitr. 7, 3, 11.

**arrēnicum**, (ars-)adj. n. assb. arsenic, Plin. 6, 98; 34, 177.

**arrēnōgōnon**, i, u. the plant salyrion, Plin. 26, 99.

**arrēpo**, (vb.) see adrepo.

**arrepticus**, adj. of the class arrepti (possessed), possessed (by a demon), Hieron. 29, 26; 2. for qty and form see suppositicius.

**arreptum**, part. of arripio.

**Arrētium**, i, n. a city of Etruria, now Arezzo, Plin. 35, 160; C. Aninius C. f. Pom. Gallus domo Arretio, inser. Or. 3547; add 6598.

**Arrētinus**, adj. of Arretium, Sall. Cat. 36, 1; Plin. 3, 52 and 53; ordo Arretinorum patrono, inser. Or. 3100; add 3713.

**arrh̄ythmus**, (arīthmus) (*ἀρρυθμος*), adj. ont of proportion, tempora, Mart. Cap. 9, 972 (328).

**ar-rideo**, ēre, risi, vb. [ad of favour, as in addico, annuo] smile upon, Bonis esse oportet dentibus lenam probam, Arridere ut quis (mss ut quisque, against metre, and note ue of foll. wd.; Bergk, arridēre quisquis) ueniat blandeqe adloqui, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 15; Saltē si non arridērent, dentis ut restringerent, Capt. 3, 1, 26; Clemens placidus nulli laedere os, aridire omnibus\*, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10; 2. met. w. abstract nom., Tum mihi\* aedes quoque arridebant, quom ad te ueniebam, tuae, Pl. As. 1, 3, 55; cum tempestas aridret, Lucr. 2, 32; Et quandoque mihi\* fortunae adriserit hora, Petr. poet. 133; Omnis uoluptas quaeumque† arrisit nocet, Syr. 681 R;

3. hence, have a charming look for, give pleasure, please, nunc 'inhibere' illud tuum, quod ualde mihi\* arriserat, uehementer displicet, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; quibus\* haec, sunt qualiacunqe, Arridere uelim, Hor. s. 1, 10, 89;

4. smile at, enim quidam iocans dixisset, Huic quidem certe uitam tuam committis, adrisissetquo adulescens, utrumque iussit interficī, Cic. Tusc. 5, 60; hic cum exclamasset Laelius..., leniter arridens Scipio: St quaeso inquit..., rep. 6, 12; add N. D. 1, 17; uideo quid adriseris, 1, 79; but in opt. g. or. 11 Baier w. mss si riderentur.

5. join in laughing, laugh with, Vt ridentibus arrident, ita flentibus addent (so Bentl., most mss adsunt) Humani uoltus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 101; 6. so far w. dat. of pers. marked\*; yet w. acc. in: Syrus above† and: Vos nunc alloquitur uos nunc arridet ocellis, auct. dir. 108.

**ar-rigo**, (adr.?) ēre, rexi, rectus, vb. [an up, rego] raise up, uprear. Pro di immortales uos mihi hui sermone arrexit auris, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 6; arrige aures Pamphile, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 30; add Verg. 2, 303; Ov. M. 15, 516; eomas arrexit (leo), Verg. 10, 726; add 4, 280; pectora inter fluctus arrecta;

2, 206; Constitit in digitos extemplo arrectus uterque, 5, 426; add 10, 892; arrectis squamis, 11, 754; 2. sens. obso., penem, Mart. 10, 55, 1; inguina, auct. Priap. 83, 43; and absol. Mart. 3, 70, 4; 10, 91, 1; 11, 46, 1; Suet. Aug. 69; 3. met. rouse, excite, encourage, uetus certamen animos eorum arrexit, Sal. Cat. 39, 3; add Iug. 68 f.; 86, 1; 93, 7; eos oratioue sua Marius arrexerat, Sal. Iug. 84, 4; libertas praeter spem data arrexit (animos), Liv. 45, 30, 1; add 8, 37, 2; His animum arrecti dictis, Verg. 1, 579; spes arrectae, G. 3, 105; add A. 5, 138; 5, 643; 11, 452; arrecta omni ciuitate, Tac. an. 3, 11; II 4. arrectus adj. steep, pleraque Alpium ab Italia sicut breuiora, ita arrectiora sunt, Liv. 21, 35, 11; saxa arrectiora, Solin. 14; 5. in Enn. tr. 177 V arругit is dub.

**ar-ripio**, (adr.) ēre, ripui, reptus, vb. [an up or ad to?] perh. both at times] snatch up, catch up, Nam hercle te continuo arripiam barba et in ignem coniciam, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 64; tum ibi nescio quis me arripit Timidam atque pauidam...Nec quo me pacto apstulerit (note this word) possum dicere, Cure. 5, 2, 48; talos, 2, 3, 79; gladium, Capt. 4, 47; Sublimem medium primum arripere (se. Syrum) et capite in terram statuerem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 18; arripuit colubram mordicus, Turp. 108 R; n̄ quae carissima haberet, ab impedimentis petere atque arripere proparerat, Caes. b. g. 5, 33 f.; arma, b. e. 2, 14, 3; add Sal. Iug. 72 f.; medium arripit Seruium elatumque e curia per gradus deiecit, Liv. 1, 48, 3; armis arreptis, 35, 36, 8; arreptis sentis, Tac. h. 3, 23; 2. esp. take up, arrest, arreptus de pecuniis repetuendis, Cic. Rab. post. 11; uno aut altero arrepto quieturos alios, Liv. 2, 23 f.; abeuntes magistratu... tribuuius plebis arripuit, 2, 54, 2; subinde arreptus a P. Numitorio Sp. Oppius, 3, 58; arripit Licinianum...quod occultasset Corneliae libertam, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 11; add Suet. Caes. 23; Ner. 34; Vit. 2; 3. met. hold up to public odium, expose, attack (in words), Primores populi arripuit populumque tributum, Flor. s. 2, 1, 69; Nunc age luxuriam et Nomentanum arripe mecum, 2, 3, 224;

4. met. w. abstract nouns, pick up, catch up, catch at, seize eagerly, summonuit me Parmeio Ibi seruos, quod ego arripui, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 23; quaerit unde animum arripuerimus, si nullus fuerit in mundo, Cic. N. D. 3, 26; naturale (diuinandi genus) quod animus arripere extrinsecus ex diuinitate, div. 2, 26; uox et gestus...aliunde arripi non potest, iuris utilitas...de libris depromi potest, or. 1, 252; cognomen sibi ex Aeliuromo imaginibus arripuit, Sest. 69; quod arripet ad reppendum, Pis. 162; patrocinium aequitatis, or. 1, 242; maledictum ex truiuo, Mur. 13; uerba de foro, fin. 3, 4; arrepto tempore Turnus..., Verg. 11, 459; primam quamque occasione...arrepturos, Liv. 35, 12, 17; omen, Val. M. 1, 5, 3; 5. pick (ideas) up rapidly and eagerly, litteras Graecas...auido arripui, Cic. sen. 26; quod pueri celeriter res arripiant, ib. 78; haec M. Cato arripuit, Mur. 62; quarum studium etsi senior arripuerat, Nep. Cato 3, 2; II 6. without any notion of up; ab latio cultro arrepto, Liv. 3, 48, 5; signiferum manu arreptum secum in hostem rapit, 6, 8, 1; arrepto repente equo, 6, 8, 6; (cohortes) arreptas in urbem inducit, 34, 20, 8; simul accipit ipsum Pendentem et magna mni cum parte reuellit, Verg. 9, 562; Arreptamque comam...Vincla pueri cogit, Ov. M. 6, 552; arreptis manibus, Tac. h. 3, 41; turbata arripe castra, 9, 13; Arripuitque locum, 11, 531;

7. w. abstr. nom., ne successu arripiat maior dolor, Pac. 257 R; confectum eurus Alexandrum arripuit somnus, Iust. 11, 13, 1.

**ar-risio**, ōnis, f. smiling on, approval, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 10.

**ar-risor**, ōris, m. one who smiles upon, a flatterer, Sen. ep. 27, 7.

**Arrius**, adj. and sb., a geus, L. Arrius M. f. CIL 637.

**arrōdo**, see adrodo.

**arrōgantia**, (adr.), ae, f. assumption, arrogauce, adrogantiam reprehendere quod plus se quam imperatorem sentire existimarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 52, 3; Cic. Caecil. 36; Q. fr. 3, 6, 7; Liv. 37, 56, 10.

**arrōgatio**, (adr.), ōnis, f. adoption as a son of one who is sui iuris, for which a rogatio was originally needed, Gell.



5, 19, 8, wh. see the form; add Gai. 1, 99; 4, 38 and 77; Mod. dig. 1, 7, 1, 1 and 40, 1.

**arrōgātor**, (adr.), ōris, m. one who so adopts, Gai. 1, 107; Ulp. dig. 1, 7, 2, 15; Mod. 1, 7, 40.

**arrōgo**, (adr.), āre, vb. ask in the presence of, Venus haec nolo adroget te, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 45; but not in Gai. dig. 1, 7, 2; 2. by a bill (rogatio), appoint (an officer) by the side of, (Camillo) unico consuli dictatorem arrogari haud satis decorum uisum est, Liv. 7, 25, 11; 3. adopt one sui iuris as a son, Gell. 5, 19, 4 etc.; Gai. 2, 98; Mod. dig. 1, 7, 40; 4. claim as one's right, arrogate, tantum tibi tribuo quantum mihi arrego, Cic. fam. 4, 1 f.; non mihi sumo tantum neque arrego ut..., Planc. 3; non tantum mihi derogo, tametsi nihil arrego ut..., Rosc. Am. 89; quod ex aliena uirtute sibi arrogat, Sal. Iug. 85, 25; nihil non arretget armis, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 121; 5. met. Fortuna...optatum peractis Imperiis decus arrogauit, Hor. od. 4, 14, 40; chartis pretium quotus arretget aunus, ep. 2, 1, 35.

**arrōsor**, ōris, m. one who gnaws into, met. Sen. ep. 27, 7.

**arrugia**, (a foreign term), ae, f. a shaft in a mine, Plin. 33, 70 and 77.

**Arruntius**, adj. and sb. name of a gens, L. Arru(tius). CIL 752.

**ars**, artis, f. (ar- a lost vb. to fit, whence artus, ūs) lit. fitness—hence art, skill, nec (ea quae inanima diximus) habemus nisi manus et ars accessisset, Cic. off. 2, 12; artis proprium esse creare et gignere, quodque in operibus artium manns efficiat, id..., N. D. 2, 57; 2. of arts, whether liberal or illiberal, profession, trade, quei artem ludicram fecit queiue lenocinium faciet, CIL 206, 123; at first illiberal; sordidiores (artes), Cic. or. 3, 128; opifices omnes in sordida arte uersantur, off. 1, 150; artes quae ministratae sunt uoluptatum, ceteri lanii coqui, ib.; patrem lanium... filio in scrulia eius artis ministeria usum, Liv. 22, 25, 19;

3. liberal, duellica, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 14; musica, Ter. Ph. pr. 18; quibus artibus prudentia inest, ut medicina, ut architectura, Cic. off. 1, 151; Graecarum artium opera (i.e. signa tabulasque), Liv. 25, 40, 2; 4. liberal as opposed to sordid office, a science, a profession, tum coquus, uilissimum antiquis mancipium, in pretio esse, et quod ministerium fuerat, ars haberi coepta, Liv. 39, 6, 9;

5. skill in work, independent of trade or profession, accomplishment, Eucharis Liciuia(e) l. docta erodita omnes artes uirgo, CIL 1009; arte gymnastica, disco hastis, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 72; 6. the produce of skilled labour, ne quidem Atheuae exquisitis antiquorum artibus delectant, Cic. leg. 2, 4; clipeum Didymaonis artem, Verg. 5, 359; diuite artium Quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas, Hor. od. 4, 8, 5; marmor uetus aeraque et artis Suspice, ep. 1, 6, 17; 7. of the qualities of the mind good or bad, talents as shown in action, virtue, vice, Nam si in te aegrotant artes antiquae tuae, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 34; Fratrem homini nemini 'sse primarum artium magis principem, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 6; in summo imperatore multae sunt artes eximiae huius administratae uirtutis, Cic. Man. 36; uir egregius in aliis artibus molliter aegritudinem pati, Sal. Iug. 82, 2; add 28, 5; Hac arte Pollux et uagus Hercules Emisus arces attingit igneas, Hor. od. 3, 3, 9; Nec solum faciem, mores quoque confer et artes, Ov. rem. am. 713;

8. absol. skill, art, cunning, arte tractabat uirum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 125; periuri arte Sinonis, Verg. 2, 195;

9. a systematic treatise on any art or science, eius ars quam edidit (de rhetorica), Cic. inv. 1, 8; scripsit artem rhetoricam, fin. 4, 7; Palaemonis artem, Iuv. 6, 452; Theodori, 7, 177;

10. Artes personified, the Sciences, as represented in the nine Muses, Artium peperit chorum, Phaedr. 3 pr. 19.

**arsenicum**, see arrenicum.

**arseuerse**, (in old Tuscan lang. arsc=auerte, uerse=ignem says Paul. ex F. s. v. p. 18) written as a charm against fire, inscribat aliquis in ostio arseuerse, Afran. ib.; cf. parietes incendiorum deprecationibus conscribantur, Plin. 28, 20.

**arsineum**, ornamentum capitis muliebris, Paul. ex F. p. 20.

**arsis**, is, f. raising (of the voice), opp. to thesis, Diom. 474, 32 K; Prisc. (?) de acc. 2, 521, 25; Mart. C. 9, 969.

**artaba**, ae, f. an Egyptian dry measure = 3½ modii, Rhem. Fann. 89; Isid. or. 15, 26.

**artēmisia**, ae, f. the plant wormwood, Plin. 25, 73 and 130 etc.; 26, 24.

**artemo**, onis, m. a top mast (rather than topsail), malum nauis esse partem, artemonem non esse Labeo ait, quia uanes siue malo inuiles essent, Ianol. dig. 50, 16, 242; add Lucil. ap. Char. 123, 13 K; 2. a pulley in a certain machine, Vitruv. 10, 5, 9.

**artēria**, ae, f. lit. an air-pipe, hence w. aspera, wind-pipe, trachea, deinde duo itinera incipiunt, alterum asperam arteriam uocant, alterum stomacho, Cels. 4, 1; aspera arteria, sic enim a medicis appellatur, ostium habeat adiunctum linguae radicibus eoque ad pulmones pertineat, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; add Plin. 20, 179; 2. arteria alone, the same, Plin. 11, 175; 20, 49; pulmonis cannula quam Graeci arteriam uocant, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 13, 152;

3. in pl. the subdivisions of the windpipe, the bronchia, laeduntur arteriae, si...acri clamore compleantur, Cornif. ad Her. 3, 21; arteriae reticendo acquiescunt, id. ib.; necem non habere nisi quae pulmonem et arterias habent, Plin. 11, 266; add Gell. 10, 26, 9; Suet. Ner. 25; 4. as sb. n. pl. Lucr. 4, 529: facitque Asperiora foras gradiens artērii clamor; II 5. an artery, as once supposed to convey air alone, and often in death found bloodless; hence—sanguis per uenas diffunditur, spiritus per arterias, Cic. N. D. 2, 138; et uenae sunt et arteriae, illae sanguinis hae spiritus receptacula, Sen. n. q. 3, 15, 1; arteriae id est spiritus semitae..., uenae id est sanguinis riuu, Plin. 11, 218; sanguinis uenas cum arteriis spiritalibus, Arnob. 3, 13;

6. but Celsus has arteria incisa...interdum ut sauguis uehementer erumpat efficit, 2, 10 (54, 27); see too arteriotomia; 7. seat of pulse, arteriarum pulsus in caecum maxime membrorum euident, index fere morborum, 11, 219.

**artēriācos**, adj. of the wind-pipe, grauitudo arteriae, Vitruv. 1, 6, 15; medicamina, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 6, 93;

2. artēriācōs, es, f. as sb. a medicine for affections of the wind-pipe, Cels. 5, 25, 17; Plin. 23, 136 and 207.

**artēriōtōmia**, ae, f. cutting of an artery, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 46.

**arthrēsis**, (αρθρσις) is f. inflammation of a joint, Nodosa torquet quos podagra et arthrēsis, Prud. περι σιτεφ. 1, 495; wh. note qty depending on Gr. accent.

**arthriticus**, adj. suffering from gout, Cic. fam. 9, 23.

**arthritus**? only in a conj. reading of Vitruv. 1, 6, 3 where now arteriace.

**articulāmentum**, i, n. joint, articulation, Scrib. comp. 206 etc.

**articulāris**, adj. of a joint, morbus, Plin. 20, 195; Suet. Galb. 21; 2. the articles, as hic, Prisc. 1, 581, 22.

**articulārius**, adj. of a joint, morbus, Cato r. 157; Plin. 22, 34; 25, 54; 2. in gramm. pronomina articularia, articles, as hic, idem, Prisc. 1, 54, 15; 1, 581, 22.

**articulātum**, adv. joint by joint, te articulatim concidit, Plaut. Epid. 3, 4, 52; membra a. diuidit, poet. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 67; 2. met. Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5; Lucr. 4, 555; Cic. leg. 1, 36; Varr. l. 10, 4.

**articulātio**, ōnis, f. of plauts, forming joints by new branches, Plin. 16, 101; 17, 163; 2. a disease of vines, 17, 226.

**Articulēlānus**, adj. of Articlenius, senatus-consultum, Mart. dig. 40, 5, 51, 7.

**articūlo**, āre, vb. divide by joints—hence met. articulate (words), uerborum daedala, Lucr. 4, 551: Munro compares διηρθρωσατο φωνην of Plato Prot. 322 A; uocem, Prisc. 5, 6 K; Arnob. 7, 9; sonos, 3, 18 f.; ut (psittacus) articulata uerba eloquatur, Sol. 52, 45.

**articulōsus**, adj. full of joints or knots, knotted, radix Plin. 24, 150; 2. met. subdivided into separate joints, partitio (orationis), Quint. 4, 5, 24.

**artic-ūlus**, (articulus\*) [artus ūs] i, m. dim. lit. a little joint; in practice a joint, articulation, crura sine nodis articulisque\* habent, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 1; magnos articularum dolores



habet, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 8; cheragra contudit articulos, Hor. s. 2, 7, 16; add Pers. 5, 58; Cels. 2, 7 (39, 30 D); nodos corporum qui uocantur articuli, Plin. 11, 217; **2.** a little bone between two joints, phalanx of a finger, in digitis articuli breuiiores sunt, Cels. 8, 19; potest articulus canaliculo contineri, id. ib.; quot manus atteruntur, ut unus niteat articulus, Plin. 2, 158; **3.** in poetry, a finger, At reditus iam quisque suos amat, et sibi quid sit Vitale, sollicitis supputat articulis, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 18; add her. 10, 140; carmen... temperat articulis, Prop. 2, 34, 80; and met. quam molli articulo tractauit Catonem, Quint. 11, 1, 70; **4.** knot or joint in plants (?), existit tamquam ad articulos sarmentorum ea quae gemma dicitur, Cic. sen. 53; ante quam seges in articulum eat, Colum. 2, 11, 9; si in articulum seges ire coeperit, Plin. 18, 159; **5.** esp. of language, w. met. from joints or limbs, continuatio uerborum... articulis membrisque distincta, Cic. or. 3, 186; genus orationis quod sine neruis et articulis fluctuat, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 16; **6.** met. subdivision, stage, degree, item, section, clause, article, per eosdem articulos et gradus producendus est per quos frater eius productus fuit, Aug. ap. Suet. Claud. 4; in mediis latitudinum articulis, Plin. 2, 68; add 2, 216; 18, 222 and 350; summa rerum diuisio in duos articulos deducitur, nam aliae sunt diuini iuris, aliae humani, Gai. dig. 1, 8, 1; in multis iuris nostri articulis deterior est condicio finimarum quam masculorum, Papin. 1, 5, 9; si detracto hoc articulo 'quisquis mihi heres erit, substitutus ita fuerit', Titius....., Iuhan. dig. 36, 1, 28 (27), 2; **7.** in rhetoric = *αυυδρον*, articulus dicitur, caesa oratione, hoc modo: inimicos inuidia iniuriis potentia perfidia sustulisti, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 26; **8.** in gramm., article (prepositive and postpositive), quis quae... hic haec... articuli, Varr. l. 8, 23, p. 425 Sp.; noster sermo articulos non desiderat, Quint. 1, 4, 19; add Prisc. 1, 581, 23; **9.** a single word, hoc articulo 'quisque' omnes significauerunt, Pomp. dig. 28, 5, 29; articulus 'tum', 35, 1, 4, 1; articulos 'et' 'que' 'eum', Paul. 50, 16, 142; **10.** of time, met. from a joint, a critical moment, on which all turns, nide, ut in ipso articulo oppressit, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 21; ut enim in ipso articulo temporis adstringeret, Cic. Quint. 19; in quo me articulo rerum mearum fortuna deprehenderet cernitis, Curt. 5, 11; **11.** a critical point, uentum est ad ipsum articulum cansae, nentum rei ad cardinem, Arnob. 7, 36 (39); **12.** in articulo, at the moment, instantly, de off. com. S. palat. 1, 34, 2; nov. Maior. de bon. caduc. 4, 5, 1, 1; **13.** articulus\*, non articulus, Proh. 197, 21 K.

**artifex**, icis, adj. as sb. m. f. one who produces skilled work, an artist, as an actor, Pl. Amph. pr. 70; Poen. pr. 37; Plus artificem est mihi quam rebar: ariolum huic habeo domi, Cas. 2, 6, 4; artificem prohum! Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 29; illi artifices (painters and sculptors) corporis simulacra ignotis nota faciebant, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 7; add Mur. 29; pueri litteratissimi, anagnostae optimi... pari modo artifices ceteri, Nep. Att. 13, 4; a. signarius, inser. Or. 4282; **2.** met. an adept, a very artist (so to say) a. callidus comparandarum uoluptatum, Cic. fin. 2, 116; crudele artificis scelus, Verg. 2, 125; per homines talis negotii artifices, Sal. Iug. 35, 5; artificem (equum), a perfect master of his work, as opp. to one new to the rein, Ov. a. a. 3, 556; C. Cotta in ambitione a., Q. Cic. pet. cons. 47; (Antonius) serendae in alios inuidiae a., Tac. h. 2, 86; **3.** as adj. artistic, nir tam artificis ingenii, Plin. 8, 55; inter ipsas artifices (al. artificis) manus, canis artific dimitatione (elephantum) infestans, 8, 150; Gell. 12, 1, 9; **4.** artificial, as opp. to natural, ille artifex, nt ita dicam, stilus, Cic. Brut. 96; **5.** of abstract things, artistic, uolus Pers. 5, 40; argutiae (of nightingale), Plin. 10, 85; temperamentum, 12, 115; dimitatio, 8, 150; **6.** w. inf. uenter negatas a sequi uoces, Pers. prol. 10.

**artificialis**, adj. according to rules of art, regular, ratio Quint. 6, 4, 4; probationis genus, 12, 8, 14; **2.** artificialiter adv. 2, 17, 42.

**artificiosus**, adj. possessing great skill, skilful, (rhetores) artificiosissimi, Cic. inv. 1, 61; **2.** of things, the exhibiting skilled labour, natura non artificiosa solum, sed plane artifex, Cic. N. D. 2, 58; opus, 2, 138; nec de re artificiosa, ut

mathematici loquitur, fin. 2, 15; quod si artificiosum est intellegere..., multo est artificiosius scribere, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 7; eloquentiam, Quint. 2, 17, 2; **3.** artificial, genera diuinandi non naturalia, sed artificiosa, Cic. div. 1, 72; sunt duae memoriae, una naturalis, altera artificiosa, Cornif. ad Her. 3, 28.

**artificium**, ii, n. business, profession, art, metuo ne artificium tuum (of a soldier) tibi parum prosit, Cic. fam. 7, 13, 2; ancillari artificio, Tusc. 5, 58; non tu isto artificio accusatorio callidior es quam hic in sno (as a farmer), Rose. Am. 49; ex nostro artificio exemplum sumere (as a vine-grower), Sen. ep. 112, 1; **2.** artistic or scientific skill, haec (sc. patera, turibulum) summo artificio facta, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 46; simulacrum singulari artificio perfectum, 2, 4, 72; uicisse Romanos artificio quodam et scientia oppugnationis, Caes. b. g. 7, 29, 2; **3.** theoretic study of an art, sic esse non eloquentiam ex artificio, sed artificium ex eloquentia natum, Cic. or. 1, 146; **4.** trick, artifice, stratagem, non satis est consilio pugnare, artificium quoddam excogitandum est, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 2; artificio quodam consecutus ut..., or. 1, 74; quorum artificis effectum est ut..., Caes. Oppio ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 c f.

**arti-grāphus**, (a hybrid word) adj. m. as sb. a writer on any art or science (see ars § 8), apud plerosque arigraphos Pomp. 205, 7 K.

**artio**, ire (for arctio from arcco) vb. drive tight (into), press close, surculum inter librum et stirpem, Cato r. 40, 3; add 41, 2 and 3; linguam in palatum, Nov. ap. Non. 505, 30; se inter matris femina, id. ib.

**arto**, see arcto.

**artōcōpus**, i (αρτοκοπος, itself perh. for αρτο-ποκος) a baker, Firm. Math. 8, 20.

**ärtōcreas**, ätis, n. a dish of meat and bread, Pers. 6, 50; artocrea (n. pl.?) populo Cuprensi dedit, inser. Or. 4937.

**artōlägānus**, i, m. a sort of fritter or pancake, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 2; Plin. 11, 105; cf. Athen. 3, 28.

**artopta**, ae, m. a Greek baker, Ego hinc artoptam ex proximo utendum (al. -am) peto A Congrione, Pl. Aut. 2, 9; in the next scene he speaks of his 'discipuli'; artoptam Plautus appellat (pistorem), Plin. 18, 107; Salua sit artoptae reuerentia, Iuv. 5, 72; **2.** by late scholiasts mistaken for a baking vessel, as: Pigella, artopta genus uasis, Gloss. Isid.; το σκευος ὡ τους αρτους εροπτωσιν... ὄν νυν αρτοπτην καλοῦσι, Poll. x § 112; but: pistoris uel uasis quo cibus coquitur, ut Probus inquit, Schol. Vall. These passages I quote from Mayor's Iuv.

**artopticius**, or -eus, adj. panis a. bread baked by an artopta, Plin. 18, 88 and 105.

**Ärtōrius**, ii, adj. or sh., a gens, Iuv. 3, 29.

**artro**, äre, vb. obsol. plough, arträre id est aratrare, Plin. 18, 182.

**artu**, üs, n. see artus.

**artuätim**, adv. limb by limb, Firm. Math. 7, 1.

**artuo**, äre, vb. cnt up into pieces, Firm. Math. 6, 31.

**1. artus**, üs, (lost vb. ar-fit, cf. ars and αρθρον) m. a joint, digitorum contractio facilis... propter molles commissuras et artus, Cic. N. D. 2, 150; dolor artuum, Brut. 217; suffraginum artus, Plin. 11, 248; luxata corpora... in artus redeunt, 31, 71; **2.** hence often opposed to membra limbs, as Pl. below, Lucr. 2, 282; 4, 887 and 1042; 6, 797 and 945 (see Munro); Plin. pan. 52, 5; but not Gell. 20, 1, 19; **3.** limb (as we say a joint of meat; see too articulus), cum tremulis anus artubus\*, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; tota mente atque artubus\* omnibus contremiscam, or. 1, 121; salsusque per artus Sudor iit, Verg. 2, 173; sopor fessos compectitur artus, 2, 253; magni (eorum) artus Germanicam originem adseuerant, Tac. Agr. 11; **4.** met. uitis artus (so ms a) suos in se colligens, Plin. 14, 13; neruos atque artus sapientiae non temere credere, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 39;

**5.** artua n. pl., huius membra atque ossa atque artua Comminuam illo seipione, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 103; **6.** dat. pl. artubus, seo\* above; while artibus from ars, Prisc. 1, 364, 24.

**2. artus**, part. or adj., see arcco.

**aru**, see aruos.

**aruälis**, adj. of ploughed land—hence fratres Aruales, a



college of twelve priests, qui sacra faciunt ut fruges ferant arua, Varr. l. 5, 15; Caesari Hadriano...Fratri Aruali, inscr. Or. 807; add 840, 858 etc.; Fratres Aruales conueniunt ad uota suscipienda pro salute imperat...Antonini pii, 947.

**Arualus?** name of a God in a suspected inscr. Or. 1511. **aruēho**=adueho, vb. aruectum, Cato r. 135, 7; aruohant, 138.

**aruiga**, see aruiga.

**aruina**, ae, f. fat, lard, spicula tergent Aruina pingui, Verg. 7, 627, where see Serv. and his quotation from Suet.; add Prud. Cath. 7, 9; Sidon. ep. 8, 14; **2.** a cognomen, A. Cornelius Aruina, Liv. 8, 38, 1.

**aruix**, see aruiga.

**Arūla**, ae, f. dim. a little altar, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 5; mensa arulaeque, in iure Papiriano ap. Macr. 3, 11, 6; Nymphis... arulam Mumia, inscr. Or. 1630; **2.** the earth thrown np against an elm in vineyards, Plin. 17, 77.

**Arulensis**, adj. title of a sodalicium in Ostia, L. Licinio L. f. Pal. Herodi sodali Arulensi, inscr. Marin. p. 56; add Grut. 398, 7.

**Aruncus**, i, (αρυγγος) m. a goat's beard, Plin. 8, 204.

**arundifer**, arundo etc., see harundifer, harundo etc.

**aruom**, i, see

**aruos**, a, um (: aro :: pascuo : pascio) adj. ploughed. Non aruos hic sed pascuos ager, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 47; agri arui et arubusti et pascui, Cic. rep. 5, 3; aut aruos est ager aut consitus, aut..., Isid. orig. 15, 13; **2.** aruom, i, as sb. n. ploughed land. aruom quod aratum necdum satum est, Varr. r. 1, 29, 1; glebasque aruo ex molli exsuscitant, Acc. ap. Non. 395, 22; prata et arua, Cic. N. D. 1, 122; Ante Iouem nulli subigebant arua coloni, Verg. G. 1, 125; Ne perconteris fundus meus...Aruo pascat erum an bacis opulentet oliuae, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 2; Numidae pabulo pecoris magis quam aruo student, Sal. Jug. 90, 1; **3.** met. of the sea, arua Neptunia, Verg. 8, 695; **4.** met. de feminis, ut muliebra conserat arua, Lucr. 4, 1107; genitali aruo, Verg. G. 3, 137; **5.** arua f. as sb. ploughed land, omnis aruas operunt, Naev. ap. Non. 192, 30; calamitas aruas caluirt, Pacuv. ib.

**aruspex**, see haruspex.

**arx**, arcis, f. [for car-ac.=E. crag, W. careg, and E. decap. 'rock; for loss of initial c before a cf. aper (καρπος)] rock, rocky mountain, Mundus ut ad Scythiam Rhipaeeaeque arduus arces Consurgit, Verg. G. 1, 240; Rhodopeiae arces, 4, 461; Parnasi constitit arce, Ov. M. 1, 467; erat ardua terris Arce patens summa, 11, 393; Palatinas arces Hor. c. saec. 65; Primus inexpertas adit Tyrinthius arces (the Alps), Sil. 3, 496; **2.** hence a rock as a natural fortress and so a citadel, Illa autem in arcem abiit aedem uisere Mineruae, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 59; Signum ex arce si periisset (sc. Ilio), 4, 9, 30; add 34; met. signum ex arce Ballionia, Ps. 4, 5, 13; Galli...summa arcis adorti Moenia, Enn. an. 169 V; Quae Corinthum arcem altam habetis, tr. 294; salua urbe atque arce, Caec. 146 R; in arcem transcurso opus est, Ter. Hec. 3, 4, 17; add 5, 3, 3; porticum qua inarceum eitr, CIL 1166, 6; Romulidarum arcis scrutator candidus anser, Lucr. 4, 683; Condere cooperunt urbis arcemque locare, 5, 1108; cum oppido desperassent, munire arcem coegerunt, Cic. Pis. 84; cum Tarento amisso, arcem tamen Liuuis retinuisset, or. 2, 273; ex arce Alesia suos conspicatus, Caes. b. g. 7, 84, 1; hunc (montem) murus circumdatus arcem efficit, 1, 38 f.; in arcem oppidi, b. c. 2, 19 f.; tenere tamen arcem Sabini, Liv. 1, 12, 1; de arce capta Capitolioque occupato...nuntii ueniunt, 3, 18, 1; **3.** esp. of the Tarpeian rock, as the site for augurs, Cic. off. 3, 66; Liv. 1, 18, 6; **4.** met. a citadel, Africam arcem omnium prouinciarum, Cic. Lig. 22; in arce legis praesidia constituere defensionis, Clu. 156; quin lex de pecuniis repetundis sociorum causa constituta sit...hanc habent arcem, Caecil. 17; ubi Hannibal sit, ibi caput atque arcorum huius belli esse, Liv. 28, 42, 16; Tum uapor ipsam corporis arcem Flammeus urit, Sen. Oed. 187; add Claud. Hon. 234; Cicerone arcem tenente eloquentiae, Quint. 12, 11, 28; tribunicium auxilium et prouocantem...duas arces libertatis tuendae, Liv. 3, 45, 8; **5.** hence proverb., arcem facere e

cloaca, Cic. Planc. 40; **6.** in poets, citadel or heights of heaven, heaven, caeli quibus aduis arcem, Verg. 1, 254; Hac arte Pollux...arces attigit igneas, Hor. od. 3, 3, 10; Quae pater ut summa nidit Saturnius arce, Ov. M. 1, 163; add 2, 306; tr. 5, 3, 19; am. 3, 10, 21; **7.** Varr. 5, 32, p. 150 Sp. says: arx ab arcendo; others from ακρος!

**arytaena**, or artena (αρτυαυα) ae, f. a ladle, =uas ab hauriendo, Fest. s.v.; arutaenaeque et aquales, Lucil. ap. Char. 118, 29 K.

**arythmus**, see arrhythmus.

**as**, or assis (: opus 'ace on die' :: as of asinus : opus; cf. E. aae, F. as) assis, m. a unit, once, esto ager longus pedes mcc, latns cxx; in eo uites disponendae sunt ita ut quin pedes inter ordines relinquantur. Quaesio quot seminibus opus sit. Duco quintam partem longitudinis, fiunt ccxli; et quintam partem latitudinis; hoc est xxxiii. His utrisque summis singulos asses adicio, qui efficiunt extremos ordines. Fit ergo altera summa ccxli, altera xxv. Has summas multiplicato. Fiunt iocmxxv. Totidem dies opns esse seminibus, Colum. 5, 3, 2; add §§ 3 and 4; **2.** a whole, in haec solidi sexta face assis eat, Ov. med. fac. 5, 60; sufficere iugum boum tritici ccxv modis totidemque leguminum, ut sit in asse satio modiorum ccl, Colum. 2, 12 (13), 7; pluuiiales et feriarum, quibus non aratur dies xlv, item peracta sementi, quibus requiescent, dies xxx, sic in asse fiunt octo menses et dies x, § 9; fit in assem consummatum pretium xxix milium, 3, 3, 8; and again § 9; proscindi semissem (iugeris), iterari assem, Plin. 18, 178; **3.** of property, qui rem soli possidet aut ex asse aut pro portione, Mac. dig. 2, 8, 15, 1; fndum in assem uendidit, Mod. 20, 6, 9; **4.** esp. of wills, heredem ex asse reliquit, Mart. 7, 66; heres ex asse institutus, Gai. 2, 259; sollemnis assis distributio in duodecim uncias fit, Ulp. 28, 5, 13, 1; **II 5.** as a coin, orig. one pound of copper, libralis adpendebatur assis\*, Plin. 33, 42; then, bello Punico primo constitutum (est) ut asses sextantario pondere ferirentur, § 44; postea Hannibale urgente asses unciales facti, placuitque denarium (orig. decem libris aeris ualentem) sedecim assibus permutari, § 45; mox semunciarum asses facti, § 46; **6.** hence, as a coin of little value, a farthing so to say, quod non opns est asse carum est, Cato ap. Sen. ep. 94, 27; quod si comminuas uilem redigatur ad assem, Hor. s. 1, 1, 43; uatica... ad assem perdiderat, ep. 2, 2, 27; rumores...Omnes unius aestimemus assis, Catul. 5, 3; istos paedagogos assis ne feceris, Sen. ep. 123, 11; ad assem impendim reddes, to the last farthing, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; **7.** proverb. assem habes assem ualeas, have but a farthing and be valued at a farthing, Petr. 77; **8.** assis as nom. see \* above; assis libra erat, Don. ad Ph. 1, 1, 9; nunc as dicitur, non assis, Char. 76, 3 K.

**asa**, old form of ara, ueteres asas dicebant, Serv. A. 4, 219; but not Gell. 4, 3, 3 (Hertz).

**āsārōticus**, adj. mosaic of a special kind, lapidi, Sidon. carn. 23, 56.

**āsārōtōs**, (ασαρωτος, unswept) adj. paved (by one Sesus) in mosaic to look as if strewn with crumbs etc., Plin. 25, 60; **2.** as sb. n. such mosaic, superatque nouis asarota figuris, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 56.

**āsārum**, (asaron), 1, n. hazel-wort, asarum europ. Linn., Plin. 12, 47; 14, 107 and 111; 21, 134; Veg. vet. 6, 13, 3.

**asbestinus**, adj. of asbestos, Plin. 19, 20.

**asbestos**, adj. as sb. an Arcadian gem, ferrei coloris, Plin. 37, 146.

**ascālābōtēs**, ae, m. a sort of lizard, lacerta Gecko Linn., Plin. 29, 90.

**ascalia**, ae, f. a kind of artichoke, Plin. 21, 97.

**ascaules**, ae, m. a bag-piper, Mart. 10, 3, 8.

**ascendibilis**, adj. that can be climbed, Tum prae se portant ascendibilem semitam (a ladder), Pompon. 18 R.

**ascendo**, (adsc.?) ere, di, sum, vb. [a for an, up, before two cons.; see an] climb up, mount, ascend, sed qui sunt hi qui ascendunt altum ocrim, Liv. And. 29 R; In nauem\* ascendit, mulieres anexit, ariolus sum, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 20; add 2, 6, 27; but in Men. 2, 1, 35 A has inascendi, B escendi; in Amph. 3, 4, 25 Fleck. has escendam; nauem ascendit, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 69 (A escendit); ut in Amanum\* ascenderem,



Cie. fam. 15, 4, 8; in murum\*, or. 2, 100; aduersam ripam, div. 1, 58; in equum\*, sen. 34; in caelum ascendisse (so best mss; Baiter adsc.) am. 88; ripas, Caes. b. g. 2, 27 f.; uallum, 5, 26, 3; 5, 42, 3; murum, 7, 27 f.; 7, 47 f.; 7, 50, 3; b. c. 1, 28, 4; 3, 11, 3; in Capitolium\*, Liv. 10, 7, 10; 2. met., ad honores, Cie. Brut. 241; in tantum honorem, or. 125; a minoribus ad maiora, part. or. 12; unum gradum dignitatis, Mur. 55; 3. in pass., si mons erat ascendendus, Caes. b. c. 1, 79, 2; porticus ascenduntur (so at least β, al. desc.) nonagenis gradibus, Plin. 36, 88; cum dextro pede primus gradus ascendatur, Vitr. 3, 3 (4), 4; in § 1 phrases w. in havo\*; 4. often confounded with escendo, which now stands in Lucr. 5, 1301 Munro; in Liv. 23, 14, 2; 41, 22, 5; 42, 38, 1 Madv.; 5. ascendo perh. always; Nipp. in Caes. b. g. 5, 26, 3 alone has adsc.; ascenderunt, Fr. Arv. tab. 32, 2, 25.

**ascensibilis**, adj. that can be ascended, iter, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 1, 4.

**ascensio**, ōnis, f. climbing up, ascent, ad nidum, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 7; stellae Martis et Louis per gradum ascensionem percurrentes, Vitr. 9, 4, 5; 2. met. Cie. Brut. 137.

**ascensor**, ōris, m. one who ascends, Hier. Ruf. 1.

**ascensus**, ūs, m. ascent, adscensu ingrediens arduo, Cie. or. 1, 261; oppidum difficili ascensu, Verr. 2, 4, 51; prohibere ascensu, Caes. b. g. 5, 32, 2; difficilis, Liv. 25, 36, 6; 2. a means of ascent, as a staircase, tribunal habent et ascensum, Vitr. 4, 7 (8), p. 100, 21 Rose; 3. met. step in ascent, degree, in uirtute multi sunt ascensus, Cie. Planc. 60.

**ascētērium**, adj. n. as sb. a place of retirement for ascetics, c. 35 de Episc. 1, 3; Iulian. epit. nov. 6, 29 etc.

**ascētria**, ae, f. a female ascetic, ib. 115, 460 etc.

**ascia**, (ascea\*), an axe or hatchet, rogum ascea\* ne polito, tab. xii ap. Cie. leg. 2, 59; Daedalus asciam inuenit, Plin. 7, 198; tilia citissime ascias retundit, 16, 207; ipse mihi doliam in cruce impigi, Petr. 74; ascia calcem quasi lignum dolabis, Pall. 1, 14; sumatur ascia et quemadmodum materia dolatur, sic calx in lacu macerata ascietur, Vitr. 7, 2; ascias in auersa parte referentes rastros, Pall. 1, 43, 3; 2. in tombs the figure of an axe was set up, it is said to mark consecration, while yet under the builder, hence sub ascia dedicauit, inser. Or. 4464; add 249, 4465, 4666 and 4467; ad asciam dedicatum, 4468; a solo et ad ascia, 4469; 3. cf. ἀξίωη, G. axt, E. axe; and for the letter-change, misceo mixtus, uiscus *F*ixos.

1. **ascio**, āre, vb. cut as with an axe, Vitr. 7, 2.

2. **ascio**? whence according to some ascire, not found; see ascisco.

**asciōla**, ae, f. dim. a little axe, Isid. or. 19, 19.

**ascisco**, (adsc.), scīui, scitum, seiscere or scire\*, vb. adopt or attach by a plebiscitum or public enactment, ut cum inassisset populus Romanus aliquid, si id adsciuissent socii populi, tum lege eadem is populus teneretur, Cie. Balb. 20; add 27; Numam regem sibi populus adsciuuit, rep. 2, 25; add Arch. 4; eos qui primum eiusmodi scita sanxerint ea se laturos quibus illi adscitis honeste uiuerent, leg. 2, 11; Boios socios sibi adsciscunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 4; Si Turno extincto socios sum adscire\* paratus, Verg. 12, 38; Germanicum adscire\* per adoptionem a Tiberio, Tac. an. 1, 3; Philippus in societatem nuper ascitus, Curt. 4, 13, 28; and sarcastically, auderet prouinciam sibi adsciscere, vote himself governor of, Cie. Pis. 50; 2. also by some other legal form, adopt, attach, reuertentem Vespasianus inter patricios adsciuuit, Tac. Agr. 9; asciturus in nomen familiae suae Nerone, Suet. Cl. 4, 39; T. Anridio...in ordinem equit. Roman. adscito, inser. Or. 799; M. Salonio...adscito in numerum Saliorum, inser. Or. Henz. 6005; 3. more freely, qui non ascierit...Aenean generumque acceperit, Verg. 11, 471; me patronum adscuerant, Cie. Pis. 25; Hasdrubal gener adscitus, Liv. 21, 2, 3; C. Sallustius sororis nepotem in nomen adsciuuit, Tac. an. 3, 30; adscire\* inter comites, h. 4, 80; centurionem militesue ascire\*, Agr. 19; 4. w. acc. of abstract nouns, in ista ne ascieris, Cie. ac. pr. 126; hanc consuetudinem adsciuimus, Brut. 209; hanc adsciuimus quasi agriculturae partem, Colum. pr. 25; 5. for ascire

as inf. of ascisco, cf. conscire as inf. of conscisco; see too Key's 'Language' p. 177.

**ascites**, (ασκος, a leathern bag) ae, m. dropsy, Cael. Aur. 3, 8, 98 and 99; as a Greek word, Cels. 3, 21.

**ascitus**, ūs? in Cie. fin. 5, 18 another reading now adopted.

**asclepiādēs**, adj. asclepiadea metra, certain lyrical metres so called from the poet Asclepiades, Diom. 508, 5 K; 521, 21; Prisc. 1, 459, 11.

**asclepias**, ādis, f. the plant swallow-wort, a. Vincetoxicum, Plin. 27, 35.

**asclepiōn**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a plant, panaces asclepiōn, Plin. 25, 30 and 31.

**Ascōnius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Asconius Pedianus, Plin. 7, 159; Serv. ad B. 3, 105.

**ascō-pēra**, ae, f. a leathern wallet, Suet. Ner. 45.

**ascribo**, (adscr.) psi, ptus, ère, vb. add in writing, Et profecto se ablatum dixit: plane adscribito, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 89; adscripsisse in lege 'si quid...' Cie. Caecin. 95; non credo adscriptum esse 'Magno', agr. 2, 53; Terentia salutem tibi plurimam ascribit, Att. 1, 5, 8; antiquior dies in tuis adscripta litteris quam in Caesaris, Q. Cie. 3, 1, 8; 2. add to a written list, enroll (with), qui hunc adscriptum Heraclensem dicunt, Arch. 8; triumphari creati ad suppendum Venusinis colonorum numerum... colonos Venusiam adscriperunt, Liv. 31, 49, 6; 32, 7, 3; 35, 9, 8; 3. less technically, enroll, enlist, add, include, tu uero ascribe me talem in numerum, Cie. Phil. 2, 33; hanc uero ad tuorum numerum adscribito, Q. fr. 1, 1, 15; ascribi ordinibus deorum, Hor. od. 3, 3, 35; 4. set down (to), ascribe, attribute, impute, bonos exitus ascribimus (so A, V 2 m., al. arripimus) attribimusque dis immortalibus, Cie. N. D. 3, 89; hoc in eorum Scipionum adscribendum, inv. 1, 91; panaces...dis inuentoribus adscriptum, Plin. 25, 30; 5. set down (for), appoint (for), Olim quum adscriptus uenerit poenae dies, Phaedr. 4, 11, 8.

**ascripticius**, adj. belonging to the class ascripti, added to a list, supernumerary, nonos et ascripticios cines in caelum receptos, Cie. N. D. 3, 39; ascripticii (milites), qui suppledis legionibus adscribebantur, Paul. ex F. p. 14; 2. attached to the soil, serui uel coloni ascripticiae condicionis, in late codes; for qty see suppositicius.

**ascriptio**, (adscr.) ōnis, f. addition in writing, Cie. Caecin. 95.

**ascriptuōs**, (adscr.) adj. belonging to the class ascripti, supernumerary, Idem istuc aliis ascriptiuis fieri ad legione solet, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 2; a. dicti quod adscribebantur, inermes armatis militibus qui succederent, Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 340 Sp.

**ascriptor**, (adscr.), ōris, m. one who adds his name (as approving), legis agrariae, Cie. agr. 2, 22; ascriptor et subscriptor, dom. 49; add in senat. 9 and 26.

**Ascūlanus**, adj. of Asculum in Picenum, Cie. Font. 41; in triumpho Asculano, Plin. 7, 135; D. M. C. Satorius... patronus coloniae Asculanorum, inser. Or. 3768.

**Ascūllnus**, adj. of Asculum in Apulia, ager, Frontin. de col. p. 110.

**Ascūlum**, i, n. a colonia of Picenum, A. Picenum, Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 3; A. Piceni nobilissima, Plin. 3, 111; 2. a town of Apulia, Flor. 1, 13 (18), 9; Aseli, for Asculi, Sil. 8, 440.

**ascyroidēs**, is, n. a plant like the ascyron, Plin. 17, 37.

**ascyron**, i, n. a plant, St John's wort, Plin. 27, 37.

**āsella**, ae, f. dim. of asina, a young she-ass, Ov. a. a. 3, 290.

**āsellūlus**, i, m. dim. of asellus, a young ass, Arnob. 3.

**āsellus**, i, m. dim. of asinus, a young ass, to bouem esse et me asellum, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 52; Cie. Att. 1, 16, 12; Varr. r. 2, 6, 5; Verg. G. 1, 73; Hor. s. 1, 9, 20; 2. bipes asellus, i. e. magnis condicionibus instructus, Iuv. 9, 92; Hier. ep. 27, 3; 3. prov. narrare asello fabellam snrdo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 199; II 4. the cod fish, so called from its colour, a coloribus asellus, Varr. l. 5, 12; Et tam deformi non dignis nomine asellus, Ov. Hal. 133; add Plin. 9, 61; Apic. 133 Sch.; 5. of two kinds, qui in alto capiuntur (called bacchi) praelati, Plin. 9, 61; add 32, 145; 6. the



smaller callariae, Plin. 9, 61 and 32, 146; **7.** post aselum diaria non sumo, Petr. 24, a double entendre from §§ 2 and 4; **8.** names of two little stars in the sign of Cancer, Plin. 18, 353; **9.** uicus Asellus, a street in Rome, P. Vict. reg. urb.; **10.** a cognomen, Cic. or. 2, 258; Ti. Claudius A., Liv. 27, 41, 7; and 28, 10, 3.

**āsēmus**, (without a sign) adj. plain, (without a purple stripe) tunicae, Lampr. Sev. 33, 4.

**asia**, (a term of the Taurini) ae, f. rye, Plin. 18, 141.

**Asiaticus**, adj. of Asia, hence malum asiaticum, a kind of peach, Plin. 15, 39; **2.** absol. as sb. n. Frigoribus pigro ueniunt Asiatica foetu, Colum. 10, 412.

**Asicius**, adj. and sb. a gens, Cic. Cael. 23 and 24.

**Asillus**, i, m. gaddy, cui nōmēn Asilo Romanum est, oestrum Grai uertere, Verg. G. 3, 147; quibusdam aculeus in ore ut asilo, siue tabanum dici placet, Plin. 11, 100; asilum nostri uocabant, Sen. ep. 58, 2 as though the word was then obsolete.

**āsina**, ae, f. (dim. in form) a she-ass, ex equo et asina hinnus, Varr. r. 2, 8; add Plin. 8, 172; a. molendaria, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 2; **2.** asinabus in dat. and abl. pl., Prisc. 1, 293, 11 K; Rhem. Pall. 1365 P; Phoc. 1707; **3.** a cognomen, Maer. s. 1, 6, 28.

**asinālia**, adj. of an ass, uereundia, Apul. M. 4, 23.

**asinārius**, adj. of an ass, mola, Cato r. 11, 4; **2.** uia Asinaria, a cross road so called near Rome, Festus v. Retricibus p. 282 M; **3.** as sb. m. a slave in charge of asses, a donkey boy, Cato r. 10, 1; quoted by Varr. 1, 18, 1; asellus cum asinario, Suet. Aug. 96; **4.** Asinaria, name of a play of Plantus.

**asinastra**, ficus, a kind of fig, Maer. s. 3, 20, 1.

**asininus**, adj. of an ass, pullus, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; stercus, 1, 38, 2; (fimium), Plin. 17, 54; lac, 28, 204.

**Asinius**, adj. and sb. a gens, Cic. fam. 10, 32; Vell. 2, 128, 3.

**asinus**, i, m. (dim. in form; cf. G. es-el) ass, asini mordicus me scindant, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 57 etc.; mulorum utilitates et asinorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; asinum xl milibus emptum, Varr. 3, 2, 7; **2.** as a term of abuse, Neque homines magis asinos umquam uidi: ita plagis costae callent, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 4; in me quiduis harum rerum conuenit Quae sunt dicta in stulto, caudex stipes asinus plumbeus, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 4; add Ad. 5, 8, 12; scio me asinum germanum fuisse, Cic. Att. 4, 5, 3; add Pis. 73; **3.** as summae lubricitatis, flabell(ul)um tenere te asinum tantum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 50; mortificans asinum suum, Paul. Nol. an. carn. 21, 617; and so sacred to Priapus, cf. Ov. F. 6, 340; **4.** prov. asinus in tegulis of what is strange, Petr. 63; asinum qui non potest, stratum caedit, 45; asino lyra superflue canit, Hier. ep. ad Marcellam 27, 1; cf. Gr. prov. *ovoi lupas*; **5.** a. Indicus rhinoceros, qui uno armatus est cornu, Plin. 11, 128; add 11, 255.

**asinusca**, adj. a. uua, a poor kind of grape, Plin. 14, 42; Maer. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 7.

**asio**, onis, m. a kind of owl, Plin. 10, 68; 29, 117.

**Asis**, a mountain of Umbria on which was the town Asisium, Scandentisque Asis (so Hertzberg; Lachm. Asisis) consurgit uertice murus, Prop. 4, 1, 125.

**Asinates**, pl., (al. Asirimates) the inhabitants of Asisium, Plin. 3, 113; municipium Asinatium, inser. Or. 1250; incolis Asinatibus, 1781; simulacra Castoris et Pollucis municipibus Asinatibus don(o) dederunt, 6126.

**Asisium**, ii, n. (lit. an adj. of Mount Asis) an Umbrian municipium, now Assisi, probably the birth-place of Propertius (s. Hertzberg's Propertius, Quaest. p. 10; and note ad 4, 1, 25); *Asisium* Ptol. 3, 1, 53 Nobb.

**āsōmātus**, adj. without a body, incorporeal, Mart. C. 3, 222, v. 17.

**āsōtia**, ae, f. incurable profligacy, Gell. 19, 9, 8.

**āsōticus**, adj. of an incurable profligate, Gell. 10, 17, 3.

**āsōtus**, adj. profligate beyond redemption, Cic. fin. 2, 22 and 23; N. D. 3, 77.

**aspālāthos**, m. a thorny shrub, whence a perfumed oil was got, Plin. 12, 110; 13, 11.

**aspārāgus**, i, m. asparagus, Cato r. 6, 3; 161, 1; Et

bacca aspārāgi spinosa prosilit herba, Colum. 10, 246; add 10, 375; Plin. 21, 91.

**aspargo**, see aspergo.

**aspectābilis**, adj. visible, Cic. Tim. 4 (bis); **2.** worthy to be looked at, aspectabilis, Apul. mag. 14.

**aspectāmen**, inis, n. looking at, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 2, 12.

**aspectio**, ōnis, f. looking at, spectio in angularibus pro aspectione, Fest. v. spectio, p. 233.

**aspecto**, (adsp.), āre, vb. frq. keep looking at, stare at, keep the eye fixed upon, take a good look at, quid me aspectas, stolidē? Pl. Amph. 4, 2, 8; caelum aspectat, 1, 1, 114; quam magis aspecto, tam magis est nimbata, Poen. 1, 2, 135; aspecta et contempla, Epid. 5, 1, 16; quem gloria ad caelum extulit, Quem aspectabant, cuius ob os Grai ora obuertebant sua, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 39; Aspecta formam atque os contemplato meum, Titin. ap. Non. 470, 1; quid me aspectas? Cic. Planc. 101; Macerat inuidia ante oculos illum esse potentem, Illum aspectari, claro qui incedit honore, Lucr. 3, 76; Et stabula aspectans regnis excessit auitis, Verg. G. 3, 228; **2.** look out for, iussa principis, Tac. an. 1, 4; **3.** met. face, look upon, collem qui... aspectat desuper arces, Verg. 1, 424; mari quod Hiberniam insulam aspectat, Tac. an. 12, 32.

**aspectus**, (adsp.) tis, m. looking at, seeing, sight, Quam meam matrem? Quae exanimata exsequitur aspectum tuum, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 3; sed mihi nutiquam cor consentit cum oculorum aspectu ~, Enn. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 52; oculos fecit mobiles ut...aspectum quo uellent conuerterent, N.D. 2, 142; **2.** pass. appearance, look, fallaci aspectu paries pictus, Afran. ap. Non. 152, 28; pomorum aspectus, Cic. N.D. 2, 158; herba roris marini ad aspectu, Plin. 24, 173; **3.** range of view, portus habet prope in ad aspectu urbis inclusos, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 117; (omnia) quae sub aspectum ueniunt, or. 2, 358; **4.** aspecti as gen., uim toruam aspecti, Acc. ap. Non. 485, 25; excelsa aspecti dignitas, id. ib.

**aspello**, (abs., pello), ere, vb. drive away, qui aduersum eunt aspellito, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 4; **2.** met., neque spes quae mihi hunc aspellat metum, Pl. Capt. 3, 3, 4.

**aspendios**, (not to be used in libations), adj. f. as sb. an inferior kind of vine, damnata ab aris, Plin. 14, 117.

**asper**, ēra, ērum, (rarely aspra asprum), adj. rough, rugged, saxis fixus asperis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; leues (loci) an asperi, part. or. 36; quid iudicant sensus, dulce amarum, leue asperum, fin. 2, 36; nudus tumulus et asperi soli, Liv. 25, 36, 5; **2.** prickly rubus, Verg. B. 3, 89; aspris\* sentibus, A. 2, 379; barba, Tib. 1, 8, 32; mare, Liv. 37, 16, 5; hence: Asper meus uictus sanest. Sentisne essitas? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 85; **3.** of money, before it is worn smooth, and so of full weight, exegit nummum asperum, Suet. Ner. 44; but reading in Sen. ep. 19, 10 dub.; **4.** akin to this, aspera signis pocula, Verg. 9, 263; add 5, 267; Ov. M. 12, 235; Sil. 11, 279; Val. F. 5, 578; asperum signis ebur, Seu. Phaedr. 907;

**5.** arteria a. windpipe, arteriis (id est aspera arteria) exulceratis, Cels. 4, 11 (133, 35 D); ad arterias, Plin. 20, 179; **6.** of the sea, undae, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 2, 26;

mare, Liv. 37, 16, 5; Verg. 5, 767; 6, 351; **7.** of weather, Verg. 2, 110; hiemps, Ov. M. 11, 490; Vell. 2, 113, 3; Germaniam asperam caelo, Tac. G. 2; caelum, Iust. 2, 1, 13; **8.** of taste, rough, sharp, strong, opp. to lenis, dulcis, asperum hoc est (uinum); alit lenius sodes uide, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 49; sapor (maris), Plin. 2, 222 (foll. by dulcesceret mare); hoc (piper) asperrimum est, gratius nigrum, lenius utroque candidum, 12, 27; allium asperum saporis, 19, 111; acetum asperrimum, 20, 97; **9.** of smell, crocodileon odoris asperi, Plin. 27, 64; **10.** of sound, lene asperum (of the voice), Cic. or. 3, 216; Aspera (r) mutata est in lenem (l), Ov. F. 5, 481; cur 'hosce' potius quam 'hos'? neque enim erant asperum, Quint. 9, 4, 119; and in grammar, spiritus asper uel lenis, Prisc. 1, 51, 24;

**11.** met. of persons, rough, savage, natura asperos atque omnibus iniquos, Cic. Planc. 40; Licinius truculentus asper maledicus, Brut. 129; asperi lenes, Quint. 3, 8, 51; luno, Verg. 1, 279; **12.** of animals, bos, Verg. G. 3, 57;



lupus, Ov. M. 11, 402; **13.** of inanimate and abstract nouns, bellum, Sal. Iug. 48, 1; pugna, Verg. 7, 667; 11, 635; odia, 2, 96; **14.** of words, severe, cutting; facietiae, Cic. Planc. 33; uerba, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 8; quod dicitur aut asperum aut leue, Quint. 6, 3, 27; **15.** rough to the feelings, severe, sententia, Liv. 3, 40, 7; censura, Vell. 1, 10, 6; lex, Quint. 4, 3, 9; **16.** more than rigid or austere, savage, doctrina Cic. Mur. 60; cf. eius setae, quae aliis seuerissima, aliis asperissima uidetur, Quint. 1, 10, 15; **17.** calamitous, hard, trying, calling for much endurance, periculosus atque asperis temporibus, Cic. Balb. 22; labores, pericula, asperas res, Sal. Cat. 10, 2; Iug. 7, 2; saecula, Verg. 1, 291; fata, 6, 883; aspera multa pertulit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 21; **18.** adj. n. as sb. per aspera, over rugged ground, Suet. Tib. 60; aspera maris, dangers of the sea, Tac. au. 4, 6; asperimo hicinis, 3, 5; **19.** in poets, aspra for aspera, see \* above; aspro, Pall. insit. v. 67; aspi per synecopam dicitur, Prisc. 1, 225, 14 K; **20.** a cognomeu, L. Trebonius...insectandis patribus, uide Aspero inditum est cognomen, tribunatum gessit, Liv. 3, 65, 4; but Prisc. contracts the oblique cases here, Asper proprium Aspi appellatum asperi, 1, 228, 15; **21.** aspere adv. Cic. Planc. 33; asperius ib.; asperime, Att. 2, 22, 2; **22.** asperiter Naev. ap. Nou. 513, 21; and prob. duriter Vos educauit atque asperiter (so Bothe, mss aspere against metre; but for a. a. Spengel reads asperique), Caecil. ap. Non. 512, 9.

**asperatio?** Jahn has exasperatione oris in Macr. s. 7, 12, 38.

**1.** **aspergo**, (better aspargo\*), inis, f. sprinkling upon, ita neque aspergo (al. aspargo) nocebit (habitationi) neque..., wet as rain etc., Cato r. 123; parietum aspergines, Plin. 22, 63; salsa spumant asparagine\* cautes, Verg. 3, 534; aspergine tinxerat herbas, Ov. M. 3, 86; fumi, Macr. s. 7, 5, 14; merces asparagine\* deteriores factae, by sea-water, Call. dig. 14, 2, 4, 2 (bis); add Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 38, 218;

**2.** met. culparum aspergine liber, Prud. apoth. 937.

**2.** **aspergo**, (adsp.) or aspargo\*, ere, si, sus, vb. scatter before or on, and first w. acc. of what is thrown, pigmenta in tabula, Cic. div. 1, 23; glandem bubus, Plin. 18, 232; flores (corpori), Suet. Aug. 18; **2.** gen. of liquids, or powdered matter, aspergite on, Venitne? Venit. Euax aspersisti aquam, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 13; ah aspersisti aquam: iam redit animus, Truc. 2, 4, 15; aquast aspersa Latinis, Enu. ap. Char. 240, 7 K; all met. from reviving one fainting; guttam huic bulbo (a pun, v. loc.), Cic. Clu. 71; pecori uirus, Verg. 3, 419; huc sapores, 4, 62; liquorem oculis, Plin. 12, 34; pipere asparso\*, Apic. 7, 266 and 305 Sch.;

**3.** esp. met. season (with), spice, flavour, throw in a dash of (orationi) sales, Cic. or. 87; comitatem grauitati, Mur. 66; hoc aspersi (thrown in this joke) ut scires me tamen in stomacho ridere, fam. 2, 16, 7; iucunditatis plena epistola hoc aspersit molestiae, Qu. fr. 2, 10, 2; **4.** often besprinkle with dirt, defile, clarissimo uiro labeulam laudatione tua adspargas, Cic. Vatin. 41; notam adspersam filio, Ulp. dig. 37, 14, 17, 1; **II** **5.** w. acc. of what is wetted, abl. of water etc., besprinkle, bespatter (with), defile, imbre lutoque, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 12; quem lingua aspergere possit (draco), with his venom, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 62; **6.** met. ah guttula pectus ardens mihi aspersisti (al. asperxisti), Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 28; quauis aspargere\* cunctos, Praeter eum qui praebet, aqua, Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; hunc tu uitae splendorem maculis adspergis istis? Cic. Planc. 30; infamia est aspersus, Cael. 23; patrem suspicione, Liv. 23, 30, 12;

**7.** season (with), facetias mendaciunculis, Cic. or. 2, 2, 41.

**Asperinus**, adj. a cognomen of adoption from some one named Asper, L. Auillius L. f. Asperinus, inser. Mur. 788, 4.

**asperitas**, atis, f. roughness, ruggedness, (s. asper), saxorum, Cic. N.D. 2, 98; locorum, Sal. Iug. 89, 4; felibus (linguae) imbricatae asperitatis, Plin. 11, 172; **2.** a. faucium, sore throat, Pliu. 30, 32; but in 27, 130 read herpes; **3.** of taste, aceti, Plin. 9, 120; (fici) 12, 38; (uini) 14, 120; **4.** of sound, harshness, Lucret. 4, 551; soni, Tac. G. 3; **5.** the sharpness of objects in the foreground of scenery or pictures, aspectus propter asperitatem

habet auctoritatem, Vitr. 3, 2, 9, p. 73 l. 1 R; aspectus scaenae propter asperitatem eblauditur omnium uisus, 7, 5, 5, p. 174; **6.** met. si quis asperitate ea est ut..., Cic. am. 87; auunculi asperitatem ueritus est, Nep. Att. 5, 1; contentionis, Cic. or. 2, 212; senatus sine asperitate nec sine seueritate lectus, Vell. 2, 89, 4; uerborum, Ov. M. 14, 526; remedii, Tac. an. 1, 44; **7.** plur. in his asperitatibus rerum, Cic. or. 1, 3; omnes asperitates superuadere, Sal. Iug. 75.

**asperiter**, see asper.

**asperitudo**, or aspritudo\*, inis, f. roughness, sacci, Tert. poen. 11; iugi, Apnl. M.\* 1, 2; of the skin, Cels.\* 5, 28, 15; oculorum\*, 6, 6, 26.

**aspernabilis**, adj. contemptible, Acc. ap. Non. 179, 33; Gell. 16, 8, 16.

**aspernamentum**, i, n. contempt, Tert. Marc. 4, 14; pud. 8.

**aspernatio**, onis, f. contempt, rationis, Cic. Tusc. 4, 31; naturales aspernationes, Seu. ep. 121, 21; add dial. 4, 2, 2, 1.

**aspernator**, oris, m. despiser, diuitum, Tert. Marc. 4, 15.

**asperor**, (ab?+? akin to sperno), ari, vb. r. kick away, reject with disgust or contempt, illi Morem praecipue sic geras atque alios asperneris, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 32; add Capt. 3, 4, 10; simul atque natum animal est uoluptatem appetit, aspernatur dolorem, Cic. fin. 2, 31; cuius furorem di immortales a suis aris aspernati sunt, Clu. 194; colore ipso patrum aspernaris, contemptuously disavow, Pis. 1; regis liberalitatem, Tusc. 5, 91; rem frumentariam, Att. 15, 12, 1; quae animus aspernatur, Sal. Cat. 3, 4; pacem petentes, Liv. 9, 41, 3; **2.** treat with contempt, Quam is aspernatur nunc tam inliberaliter, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 24; Interea caue sis nos aspernata sepultos, Prop. 2, 13, 41;

**3.** as pass., qui habet ultro appetitur, qui est pauper aspernatur, Cic. ap. Prisc. 383, 3 K; regem ab omnibus aspernari, bell. Afr. 93, 3; **4.** aspernanter, adv. contemptuously, Amm. 31, 4, 3; Sidon. ep. 7, 2.

**aspero**, are, vb. make rough, roughen, tabula ferro asperata, Varr. r. 1, 52, 1; asserculos ne sint Inbrioi, Colum. 8, 3, 6; hiemps aquilonibus asperat undas, Verg. 3, 285; tum enim propter laborem (apes) asperantur, Varr. r. 3, 6, 20; **2.** sharpen on a stone etc., whet, pugionem saxo, Tac. an. 15, 54; sagittas ossibus, G. 46; **II** **3.** met. make rough, compositionem, Quint. 9, 4, 31; **4.** make angry, irritate, hunc...carmina uulgata in saenitiam eius, Tac. an. 1, 72; add h. 3, 38; discordia fratres, Stat. Th. 1, 137; **5.** sharpen, aggravate, exaggerate, ne lenire, neue asperare crimina nideretur, Tac. an. 2, 29; iram uictoris, h. 48; asperat haec...Imlice, Sil. 4, 776; ignes, Val. Fl. 5, 368.

**aspersio**, onis, f. scattering or sprinkling, aquae, Cic. leg. 2, 24; pigmentorum, div. 1, 23; absol. of water, Macr. s. 3, 1, 6.

**aspersus**, us, m. the same, olei, Plin. 11, 279; aceti, 13, 82; picis, 14, 124; only in abl.

**asperugo**, inis, f. lit. roughness, the name of a plant asperioribus foliis, a. procumbens Linn., Plin. 26, 102, allied to a plant mollugo.

**asphaltion**, i, n. a clover of bituminous smell, psoralea bituminosa Linn., Plin. 21, 54; cf. Colnm. 6, 17, 2.

**asphodelus**, (-ilus) i, m. asphodel, a. ramosus Linn., Colnm. 9, 4, 4; Plin. 21, 108; 22, 67 etc.; add Pall.\* 1, 37, 2.

**aspicio**, (adsp.) exi, ectus, icere, vb. look at, first w. acc. At faciem quom aspicias eorum, haut mali uidentur: opera fallunt, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 9; Sosia ago me huc aspice, Amph. 2, 2, 118; Aspice hoc sublime candens, Enn. ap. Cic. N.D. 2, 4; Paul. ex F. 306 M; adspicite ipsum, cotuemini os, Cic. Sull. 74; **2.** w. ad, aspice ad me, Pl. Capt. 2, 4, 38; aspice ad sinistra, Merc. 5, 2, 38; aspiciat ad Scrofam, Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; **3.** met. of the mind, look at, consider, neque tanta est in rebns obscuritas, ut eas non cernat, si modo adspexerit, Cic. or. 3, 124; Qui semel aspexit quantum dimissa petitis Praestet, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 96; add 1, 18, 76; **4.** met. of inanimate things, look upon, tabulatam



quod aspiciat meridiem, Colum. 8, 8, 2; eam partem Britanniae quae Hiberniam aspiciat, Tac. Agr. 24; omnia quae porticus aspiciat, Plin. 5, 6, 21; cryptoporticus quae non aspicere uineas sed tangere uidetur, ib. 29; 5. **aspexit** = **aspexerit**, Pl. As. 4, 1, 25.

**aspilatis**? in Plin. 37, 146 Sillig reads **aspiratum**.

**aspirāmen**, inis, n. breathing on, conveyance by inspiration (of Venus), formae, Val. Fl. 6, 465.

**aspiratio**, ōnis, f. breathing, animantes adspiratione aeris sustinentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 83; 2. breathing upon, invisible influence, si caliginosa stella extiterit, pingue esse caelum ut eius a. pestilens futura sit, Cic. div. 1, 130; partes agrorum aliae pestilentis, aliae salubres, quae fiunt et ex caeli varietate et ex disparili aspiratione terrarum, 1, 79; sperni nominis, Amm. 15, 2, 8; 3. in gramm. a breathing, aspiration, maiores nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratione utebantur, Cic. or. 160; add Quint. 1, 4, 9; 1, 5, 6; 4. the letter h itself, Prisc. 1, 18, 15 K.

**aspiro**, (adsp.) are, vb. send breath out, make an expiration, pulmones tum se contrahunt adspirantes, tum intrante (so Madv.; mss in re) spiritu dilatant (al. dilatantur), Cic. N. D. 2, 136; 2. of the wind, blow, Adspirant aerae in noctem, increasing as night advances, Verg. 7, 8; lenius aspirans aura, Catul. 68, 66; si minima adspiret aura, Plin. 13, 124; 3. of scent, amarus, exhaling perfume, Verg. 1, 694; 4. breathe (notes), tibia... simplex foramine pauco Adspirare, Hor. A. P. 204; 5. of divine agency, breathe upon, inspire, first w. acc., Saturnia uentos aspirat eunti, Verg. 5, 606; Venus... diuinum adspirat amorem, 8, 373; si numen (the Emperor) innocem ut quantum nobis expectationis adiecit, tantum ingenii adspiret, Quint. 4 pr. 5; adspirat auram quamdam salutis fortuna, Amm. 19, 6, 1; 6. absol. breathe power upon, favour, bless, adspirat fortuna labori, Verg. 2, 385; Vos o Calliope precor adspirate canenti, 9, 525; di coeptis... adspirate meis, Ov. M. 1, 3; and met. of man, magno se praedicat auxilio fuisse quia paululum aspirauit, Cornif. ad Her. 45; 7. of other invisible influence, as of poisonous air etc., ne coluber, ne uipera felesque aut etiam mustela possit aspirare, their very smell being pernicious to goslings, Colum. 7, 14, 9; sed non incendia Colchis Adspirare sinit, Val. F. 7, 585; ex alieno certamine ad eos ipsos contagium certationis adspirat, Gell. 14, 3, 10; 8. hence met. come within breathing reach of; and thus in the order of approach we have the gradation, aspicere, aspirare, accedere, intrare, an armis mihi ante occurratur, ne non modo intrare uerum aspicere aut aspirare possim, Cic. Caecin. 39; aditus tuos intratus, ut ad me aspirare non posses, Tusc. 5, 27; subinuidio tibi ultro te arcessitum ab eo ad quem ceteri... aspirare non possunt, fam. 7, 10, 1; ad eum nunquam adspirasti, Pis. 11; uasa ex fenestris in caput Deiciam qui prope ad ostium aspirauerint, Lucil. ap. Non. 288, 28; 9. met. have the faintest hope of reaching, aspire ever so faintly (to), cast so much as a longing eye (on), quisquam tam impudens reperietur qui ad alienam causam, inuitis his quorum negotium est, accedere aut aspirare audeat? Cic. Caecil. 20; ex bellica laude aspirare ad Africanum nemo potest, Brut. 84; ad eam laudem aspirare non possunt, or. 140; quis est qui tum dicat in campum adspirasse Sullam? Sull. 52; add Verr. 2, 2, 76; 2, 1, 142; Tusc. 5, 12; nec equis adspirat Achilles, Verg. 12, 352; 10. in gramm. aspirate (a letter), Quint. 1, 4, 14; 1, 5, 29; Prisc. 1, 18, 6 K; 11. as pass. be breathed upon, insula adspiratur freto Gallico, Solin. 22, 8; 12. perh. aspiro is an older form of spiro, as in §§ 1—4 above, and aspiratio § 1; while there is a second aspiro = ad-spiro breathe upon; cf. the two varieties ssta- stand up, whence sta-; and asta- = ad-sta; varies the root syll. of spiro would be as =  $\alpha\sigma(\theta)$  of  $\sigma\theta\mu\alpha$ , and S. an blow.

**aspis**, idis, f. adder, viper, aspide ad corpus admota, Cic. Rab. post. 23; aspidas, N. D. 3, 47; Plin. 8, 86; 11, 163 etc.; aspida somniferam, Lucan. 9, 701; 2. a shield, Iustin. nov. 85 f.

**asplēnum**, ( $\alpha\sigma\pi\lambda\eta\nu\sigma$  without spleen) i, n. a plant, ceterach Linn.; asplenum... huius decocto potio lienem absumi, Plin. 27, 34; as Gr. Vitr. 1, 4, 10.

**asportatio**, ōnis, f. carrying away, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110.

**asporto**, (abs-porto) are, vb. carry away, si quae asportassint reddere (uelint), Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 52; illam trans mare hinc uenim asportet, Merc. 2, 3, 19; add Rud. pr. 67; Quoquo hinc asportabitur terrarum, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 18; Cereris simulacrum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110; uehicularum quibus regum asportarent res, Liv. 2, 4, 3.

**asprātis**, adj. rough, piscis (with rough scales), ed. Diocl. p. 15; Plin. Val. 5 etc.; 2. a lapis, as a boundary mark (terminus) agrum. (Lachm.) 306, 26; 309, 13.

**asprēdo**, inis, f. roughness, Cels. 5, 28, 2 (206, 27 D); etc.

**Asprēnās**, ātis, adj. as sb. a cognomen, prob. as a native of some town Asprenum, Calpurnius A., Tac. h. 2, 9; C. Nonius A., Suet. Aug. 43.

**asprētum**, (for asprēctum, a quasi-part. as) sb. n. ground overgrown with rough vegetation, Liv. 9, 24, 6; 35, 28, 9; 36, 15, 9; Grat. cyn. 241.

**aspritudo**, see asperitudo.

**aspuo**? see adspuo.

**assaratum**, obsol. potio ex uino et sanguine, Paul. ex F. p. 16.

**assārius**, adj. in Cato r. 132, 2, text and sense dub.; 2. equum mille assarinum, for assariorum, Varr. 1, 8, 38, 121, said to be = assinum.

**assātūra**, ae, f. roasting, roasted meat, Vop. Aurel. 49, 9; Apic. 7, 271—275 Sch.

**assecla**, see assecla.

**assectatio**, ōnis, f. attendance of followers, in petitionibus, Cic. Mur. 70; add Q. Cic. pet. cons. 34; 2. study, caeli, Plin. 2, 82; see assectator § 3.

**assectator**, (ads.) ōris, m. a follower (of officials), Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 29; Balb. 62; Q. Cic. pet. cons. 34; 2. of a teacher, a pupil, Porci Latronis, Plin. 20, 160; Protagorae, Gell. 5, 10, 7; 3. a student, sapientiae, 8, 59 and 18, 274; eloquentiae, 29, 8; 4. in Plin. 9, 142 sense and so text dub.

**assector**, (ads.) ari, vb. fq. keep following, enim adsectaretur, numquid uis? occupo, Hor. s. 1, 8, 6; si quis matrem familias adsectatus fuerit, Gai. 3, 220 (a ground for legal proceedings); add Ulp. dig. 37, 10, 15, 19 and 22; 2. esp. follow in the train of a candidate (see assectatio § 1) cum aedilitatem P. Crassus peteret, eumque Ser. Galba adsectaretur, Cic. or. 1, 239; 3. attend the lectures of (see assectator §§ 2 and 3), Plin. 33, 152; 4. as a pass. adsectari se omnes cupiunt, =  $\alpha\kappa\omicron\lambda\upsilon\theta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ , Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 7; cum a formoso adsectaretur, Ateius philol. ib.

**assēcūla**, (ads. and assecla) ae, m. dim. (of a lost adsequa) a follower, as a term of contempt, adseculae uos Pergameno nescio cui, Cic. div. 2, 79; qui potentissimorum hominum contumaciam nunquam tulerim, ferrem huius asseculae (adseculae M), Att. 6, 3, 6; assentatores atque asseclae, Cic. Corn. ap. Ascon. p. 79 Bait.; ab hoc adsecula, Sest. 135; adseculae and adseclae in Liv. 9, 48; 2. Char. says nothing about the gender.

**assēcūtor**, ōris, m. follower, Himeros Cupidinis a., Mart. C. 9, 905, p. 338, 17 Eyss.

**assellor**, see adsellor.

**assenesco**, see adsenesco.

**assensio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. agreement in feeling or opinion, assent, Cic. acad. pr. 37; Brut. 114; 2. expression of approval, applause, 'hear, hear', cum surgit, significatur a corona silentium, deinde crebrae assensiones, Cic. Brut. 290; captat assensiones, inv. 51.

**assensor**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who assents or approves, te unum mihi fuisse assensorem et me tibi, Cic. fam. 6, 21, 1; irae meae, Sen. Phaedr. 1216; uindictae, Val. M. 6, 3, 6.

**assensus**, (ads.) ūs, m. assent, approval, quod ni ita esset, qui potuisset adsensu omnium dicere Ennius..., Cic. N. D. 2, 4; 2. expression of approval, applause, (hoc) uolgi assensu et populari approbatione iudicari solet, Cic. Brut. 185; omnium assensu comprobata oratio, Liv. 5, 9, 7; assensu populi excepta uox consulis tantum ardoris animis fecit, 8, 6, 7; 3. met. memorum, Verg. G. 3, 45; A. 7, 615.



**assentiō**, (ads.) ōnis, f. habitual assent, esp. in order to please unduly, Hei mihi, hei mihi, istaec illum perdit (mss perdidit) assentatio, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 7, of an over-indulgent father; ut paene assentatione sua quibus uellet (Tullius) principatus couciliaret, Vell. 2, 128, 3; **2.** commonly flattery, adulation, nullam in amicitiiis pestem esse maiorem quam assentationem, Cic. am. 91; seruitute ad nimiam assentationem eruditi, Q. fr. 1, 1, 16; blanditiis et assentationibus\*, Clu. 36; inflatus assentationibus\* eorum, Liv. 24, 6, 8; **3.** in late lang. simply, assent, ad neutram partem assentationem flectentibus nobis, Petr. 17; **4.** note pl. in \*.

**assentiūcula**, (ads.) ae, f. dim. wretched bit of flattery, nemo meliores dabit...Cauillationes adsentatiunculas, Pl. Stic. 1, 3, 75; assentiūculā aucupari gratiam, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6.

**assentiōr**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who habitually agrees and assents in order to please, a flatterer, qui non eos magis qui te non admirentur inuidos, quam eos qui laudent assentatores arbitrare, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6; no assentatoribus patefaciamus auris, off. 1, 91; add am. 97 and 98; Caecin. 14; **2.** in late lang. simply, one who assents, a. mali Deus, Tert. Herm. 10.

**assentiōriā**, adv. (implying an adj. assentatoris) in a spirit of assenting in order to please, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 B, 3.

**assentiārix**, icis (ads.) f. one who habitually assents in order to please, Nunc adsentatrix scelestast, dudum aduoratrix erat, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 100.

**assentiō**, (ads.) ire, si (assentiū, Apul. M. 7, 5), sum, vb. agree in feeling or opinion (with), assent, Mihi quoque ad-sent testes qui illud quod ego dicam assentiant, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 192; assentiō, Rud. 4, 2, 36; Pol magis ubi cognorint omnes una adsentiant, Pomp. ap. Non. 469, 20; 275, 24; Adsentio: age nunc tuam progeniem ordine, Acc. ap. Non. 469, 18; Vbi nihil contra rationem aequam habuit, adsensit silens, 469, 15; siue est adsentior, Sisenna dixit adsentio; siue illud uerum est, ... Quint. 1, 5, 13; adsentior adsentio, 9, 3, 7; adsentior fere omnes dicunt: Sisenna unus adsentio in senatu dicebat, et eum postea multi secuti, neque tamen uincere consuetudinem potuerunt, Gell. 2, 25, 9; assentiō (assentior?) tibi, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 1; quum de aliis rebus assentire (assentiri?) se diceret, Liv. 1, 54, 1; his assentimus (assentimur?), Gell. 7 (6), 5, 5; **2.** met. approve, consent, (castanea) tepidum (agram) non recusat, si humor assenserit, Pall. 12, 7, 19; **3.** in perf. tenses and part. good for all Latin, adsentiente populo, Cic. div. 2, 104; adsensurus esset, acad. pr. 67 w. adsentientior, adsentiri in same §; ceteris adsentientibus, Tac. an. 14, 48; adsensere, Verg. 2, 130; Pers. 1, 36; Tac. h. 5, 3; **4.** read assentiamur w. Baiter in Cic. off. 1, 18; adsensierant w. Madv. in Liv. 41, 24, 19; assentiebantur w. Zumpt in Curt. 4, 47, 7; **5.** pass. impers. Bibulo assensum est, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 1.

**assentior**, (ads.) iri, nsus, vb. r. agree in feeling or opinion (with) a person, assentior Crasso, Cic. or. 1, 35 etc.; alius alii assentiebantur, Sal. C. 52, 1; omnes assensii sunt, Liv. 25, 30, 6; add 41, 24, 19; **2.** met. w. dat. of thing, agree in, assent to, cui rei, Quint. 1, 2, 16; 9, 2, 52; opiūonibus, 2, 17, 18; **3.** met. of a fact agreeing, be consistent with, quibus (with whom, with whose opinion) assentiri putant id quod usu uenit Gaberio, Varr. r. 2, 3, 10; **4.** w. acc. of thing assented to, uitiosum est adsentiri quicquam aut falsum aut incognitum, Cic. acad. pr. 68.

**assentor**, (ads.) āri, vb. frq. agree or assent habitually, esp. to please without regard to truth, and so flatter, uera uolo loqui te, nolo adsentari mihi, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 119; Et adsentaudumst, quicquid hic mentibitur, Mil. 1, 1, 35; add Most. 1, 3, 20; negat quis, nego; ait, aio. Postremo imperaui egomet mihi Omnia adsentari. Is quaestus nunc est multo uberrimus, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 22; uereor coram in os te laudare amplius, Ne id adsentandi magis quam quo habeam gratum facere existumes, Ad. 2, 4, 6; **2.** cur ita sentiam non dicam, ne me tibi assentari putes, Cic. Brut. 296; eam si admirabilem dixi, non sum ueritus,

no uiderer assentari cui..., Att. 8, 9; mihi ipse assentor fortasse, oum..., I am flattering myself, fam. 3, 2, 2;

**3.** met. gratulor Baiis, siquidem salubres factae sunt, nisi forte tibi assentantur, et tamdiu dum tu ades sunt oblitae sui, Cic. fam. 9, 12, 1; manus (oratoris) lenior promittit et adsentatur, Quint. 9, 3, 102; **4.** of au over-indulgent parent, spoiling a child, Id non fieri uera uita...Set ex adsentando indulgendo largiendo Micio, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 31; cf. assentatio.

**assēquēla**, ae, f. what follows, neque in epodis singuli uersus sine assequelis audire poterunt ερωδοι, Mar. Vict. 2500 P.

**assēquor**, (ads.) i, cūtus, vb. r. overtake, come up with, Ite cito: iam ego adsequar uos: cum ero pauca uolo loqui, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 43; a tergo insequens Necopinantis adsequitur, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 94; Adsequere, retine, dum ego huc seruos euoco, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 89; si es Romae, iam me assequi non potes; sin es in uia, cum eris me assecutus, coram agemus quae erunt agenda, Cic. Att. 3, 5; adeo citato agmine ducti sunt, ut si uia recta uestigia sequentes issent, haud dubie assecuturi fuerint, Liv. 28, 16, 2; raptim ne Gracchus assequeretur concessit, 24, 20, 2; nondum assecuta parte suorum, 33, 8, 12; Pisonem apud Coum iusulum nuntius adsequitur, Tac. au. 2, 75; **2.** met. Clitarchum uolebat dumtaxat imitari (as an historian), quem si adsequi posset, aliquid tam ab optumo tamen abesset, Cic. leg. 1, 7; beniuolentiam tuam erga me imitabor, merita non assequar, fam. 6, 4, 5; ut longitudo harum multitudinem alterius assequatur et exaequet, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 28; **3.** attain to, obtain, win, omnes magistratus sine repulsa, Cic. Pis. 2; eosdem honoris gradus, Planc. 60; immortalitatem, 90; **4.** attain to an understanding of, learn to comprehend, master, quid opus est ratione? quid intelligentia? quibus utimur...ut apertis obscura adsequamur, Cic. N. D. 3, 38; scribasque quid ipse coniectura assequare, Att. 7, 13 A, 4; obscuritates (legum decemuiralium) non adsignemus culpae scribentium sed inscitiae non adsequentium, S. Caecil. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 5.

**ass-er**, ēris, m. a beam, (akin to ax-is), asseribus abiegnis, CIL 577, 2, 1; Ligna hic aput nos nulla sunt. Sunt asseres, Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 8; asseri laudes ago quod..., Naev. ap. Non. 469, 32; asseres in terra defigebantur, Caes. b. c. 2, 2; Liv. 44, 5, 3; succis asseribus conlapsus pons, 44, 5, 6; asseres cupressi, Vitr. 7, 3, 1; **2.** esp. the stout pole of a lectica, longo premit asserē Medos, Iuv. 7, 132; nostro Syrus asserē sudet, Mart. 9, 22, 9; lecticarii cum asseribus, Suet. Cal. 58.

**assercūlus\***, m., and assercūlum†, n. (implying a neuter asser) i, a small beam, a pole, assercūlum† quinque, Cato r. 12; in asserculo alligato scopas, 152; asserculis modicis, Colum. 8, 3, 6; asserculos\*, 12, 52, 4.

1. **assēro**, vb. plant near, see adsero.

2. **assēro**, (ads.) sēriui, sertus, ēre, vb. lay upon. In legal use, a construction, assero rei manum, lay a hand on au object, as asserting a property in it, preceded the ordinary assero rem manu, as in circumdo murum urbi and c. muro (abl.) urbem, aspergo rei aquam and a. rem aqua. Of this a trace is seen in: adserere manum (so all the best mss, not manu) in libertatem, quom prendimus, Varr. l. 6, 7; heuce: ubi ego argentum accepero, Continuo tu illam a leuoue adserito manu, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 83; claim her as your daughter (which sho is, and so your property). Manu in all but earlier writers is commonly omitted; Claudio negotium dedit ut uirginem in seruitutem assereret, Liv. 3, 44, 5, claim her as his slave; uirginem ingentiam in seruitutem asserere, Suet. Tib. 2; **2.** asserere manu in libertatem to assert the liberty of an alleged slave; in the case of a father, one in manu eius was his property, see Pl. above; but in other cases the law gave the right of action to any friend (see Liv. 3, 45, 2), and the phrase was still retained though the right of property did not exist, Si quisquam hanc liberali adseruisset manu, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 68; manu eas adserat Suas popularis liberali caussa, Poen. 4, 2, 83; miratus fui Neminem uenire qui istas adsereret manu, 5, 6, 11; neque uendundam ceuseo Quae liberat: nam ego liberali illam adsero caussa mauu, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 40; cum in



causa liberali eum qui asserebatur cognatum suum esse diceret, Cic. Flac. 40; quoscunque libuisset in libertatem asserebant, Suet. Vit. 10; add Gram. 21; qui seruus dicitur seque adserit in libertatem, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 11, 9;

**3.** extended to similar action in law, Mena asserto in ingennitatem, Suet. Aug. 74; ciuem pronuntiatam patre assente, Vesp. 3; qui se ex libertinitate ingenuitati adserant, Saturn. dig. 40, 14, 2, 1; **4.** met. (piscis) quom capio mei sunt... nec manu adseruntur, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 34; Scilicet adserui iam me, fugique catenas (Amoris), Ov. am. 3, 11, 3; Gaudia... fugitiua uolant: Haec utraque manu complexuque assere toto, Mart. 1, 15, 9; **5.** gen. claim, nec laudes assere nostras, Ov. M. 1, 462; neque assere caelo, 1, 761; nec enim lapidis (sapientia) duritiam adserimus, Sen. dial. 2, 10, 4; tamquam filium suum, Quint. 4, 2, 95; sapientis sibi nomen, 12, 1, 20; (Iouem) patrem sibi, Curt. 8, 1, 42; and met. quos pericula reipublicae imperatores adseriebant, angustiae rei familiaris bubulcos fieri cogebant, Val. M. 4, 4, 4; **6.** assert the rights of, protect, defend, asserebant fata consuatorem Romani nominis, Vell. 2, 60, 1; quin ipse te in alto isto recessu studiis adseris, Plin. ep. 3, 1, 3; Non te cucullis asseret caput tectum, Mart. 11, 98, 10; Hoc focale tuas asseret auriculas, 14, 142, 2; (a mortalitate) te hoc uno monumento potes, Plin. ep. 2, 10, 4; ut se ab iniuria obliuionis adsereret, 3, 5, 4; **7.** maintain (in words), assert, quod Passienus non probabat, adserens... Sen. exc. contr. 1, 10 (p. 412, 11 B); quum adseruerimus quattuor fieri digestiones, Maer. s. 7, 4, 26; assertit idem, noxia animalia... generari, Pall. 1, 19, 3; add 2, 3, 3; **8.** adsertus, duly provided (with), iustis priuilegiis, Theod. cod. 1, 136.

**assertio**, (ads.) ōnis f. an action asserting the rights of one alleged to be a slave, Quint. 3, 6, 57; 5, 2, 1; 11, 1, 78; nec adsertionem denegandam his, qui in libertatem iudicabuntur puto, Traian. ad Plin. 66 (72), 2; add Suet. Dom. 8; Theod. cod. 6, 4, 16; **2.** gen. protection, nisi uestra assertione protecti, Arnob. 1, 20; **3.** maintaining an opinion, assertion, Theod. cod. 10, 10, 7; add Arnob. 1, p. 10.

**assertor**, (ads.) ōris, m. in legal lang. one who asserts a property in, a right to, Liv. 3, 44, 8; 3, 45, 3; **2.** one who asserts the freedom of an alleged slave, si de libertate hominis controuersia erat... ne satisfactione onerarentur adsertores, Gai. 4, 14; post susceptam liberale iudicium si a. causam deseruerit, Paul. 5, 1, 5; met. (nostri libelli) Si de seruitio graui queruntur Assertor uenias, Mart. 1, 52, 5; **3.** gen. assertor of liberty and rights, Qui loquitur Curios assertoresque Camillos, Mart. 1, 24, 3; Mars adsertor, on a coin Eckh. 6, 298; Hercules a. ib.; ut humano generi assertorem se accommodaret, Suet. Galb. 9; dignitatis patriciorum, Tib. 2; uerba a uetustate repetita assertores habent, Quint. 1, 6, 39; **4.** hence an advocate, peropportune adfuitis adsertorem quaerenti, Maer. s. 1, 6, 5; huic rei idoneus a. est Seneuius, 3, 18, 10; nec longe petendus a. est, cum Disarius adsit, 7, 4, 3.

**assertōrius**, (ads.) of one who asserts a right to liberty, lites, cod. Iustin. 7, 17, 1.

**assertum**, part. n. as sb. a proof, multiplicibus monstratur assertis, Mart. C. 6, 195 G (202, 15 Eyss.).

**asseruio**, (ads.) vb. act as an additional slave, met. assist in, contentioni uocis, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56.

**asseruo**, (ads.) āre, vb. keep a sharp eye upon, esp. watch as a prisoner, ut uinctum te adseruet domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 98; Sinito ambulare si... uolent, Set uti adseruentur magna diligentia, Capt. 1, 2, 6; Facile adseruabis dum eo uinclo uincies, Men. 1, 1, 93; cura adseruandum uinctum, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 24; atqui nunc ere tibi istic adseruandus est, Haut. 3, 3, 32; dic me hic adseruari, 4, 4, 12; at domi meae te asseruarem rogasti, Cic. Cat. 1, 19; add Verr. 2, 3, 55; 2, 5, 77; acerrime asseruabimur, Att. 10, 16, 2; add 10, 18, 1; **2.** so far of persons, also of things, and abstract nouns, Adseruatoe haec, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 75; portas murosque, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 2; tabulas, Cic. Arch. 9; singulorum exitus, 1, 21, 4; locum, Liv. 5, 40, 7; **3.** preserve, ignem ferula, keep alive, Plin. 7, 198; cf. 13, 126; **4.** preserve, from putrefaction, tunnos sale, 9, 48.

**assessio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. sitting by (a bedside?), Cic. fam. 9, 27, 4.

**assessor**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who sits by (to advise), au assessor, regibus augurem assessorem dederunt, Cic. div. 1, 95; praetor aduentibus adsectoris uerba pronuntiat, Seu. tranq. 3, 4; ex assessore praefectus praetorii, Suet. Galb. 14; de officio adsectorum, dig. 1, 22.

**assessōrius**, (ads.) adj. of an assessor, whence adsectorium, n. as sb. a work on the duty of assessors, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 12; 47, 10, 5, 8.

**assessūra**, (ads.) ae, f. office of an assessor, Ulp. dig. 50, 14, 3.

**assessus**, ūs, m. sitting by, Prop. 4, 11, 50.

**assectrix**, (ads.) (assido) icis, f. one who sits by, a nurse, Dimittit adsectricem, me ad sese uocat, Afran. ap. Non. 73, 28; add Non. v. possestrix, 150, 29.

**assēūrātio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. solemn assertion, affirmation, assurance, omni tibi asseueratione affirmo, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 3; quae adseueratio in uoce? Plin. pau. 67; add Tac. an. 4, 19; Quint. 4, 2, 94.

**assēūcro**, are, vb. enact the severus homo, solemnly assert, sternly assert, neminem eorum haec adseuerare audias, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 166; bella ironia si iocemur; sin asseueramus, uide ne religio nobis adhibenda sit, Cic. Brut. 293; add 208; or. 237; Att. 10, 14, 3; Clu. 72; non expertus asseuerare non audet, Colum. 19, 13, 3; adseuerat legiones non ultra uerba errasse, Tac. h. 1, 18 etc.;

**2.** in Tac. often w. esse omitted, hunc uel illum locum promissi specus a., an. 16, 3; nec ullum ciuili belli metum a., h. 2, 96; add an. 15, 63; a. mandata centurioni data, h. 4, 49; **3.** and still more briefly, magni artus Germanicam origiem adseuerant, Agr. 11, prove, assert; ordinem agni nis adseuerare non ausim, h. 3, 22, strictly describe; uiros grauitatem adseuerantes, asserting great dignity of character, an. 13, 18; **4.** make stern, frontem rugis insurgentibus, Apul. M. 3, 13; add 8, 6; **II 5.** adseueranter, adv. solemnly, of assertion, locutum, Cic. Att. 15, 19, 2; adseuerantius, acad. pr. 61; **6.** adseueratē, adv. with great dignity, tragoedias a. acitauit, Gell. 6 (7), 5, 2.

**assibilo**, (ads.) are, vb. hiss at, hiss in return, motoque adsibilāt aere uentus, Aus. Mos. 258; add alno adsibilāt alnus, Claud. Hon. et Mar. 68; add rapt. Pros. 2, 225; **2.** vb. traus. hiss out at, animam aris, Stat. Th. 5, 578.

**assiccresco**, (ad = an = av up) ěre, vb. become quite dry, caules lactucae pandere, dum assiccescant, Colum. 12, 9, 1.

**assicco**, (ad = an) are, vb. trans. dry up, succum, Colum. 1, 6, 22; nebulam et rorem, 4, 19, 2; but in Sen. cons. ad Polyb. 6, 5 Haec has siccaudae.

**assidārius** = essedarius, inscr. Or. 2584.

**assideo**, (ads.) āre, vb. [ad, sideo] sit near, or at, sit by the side of, fortunati... Qui apud carbones assident: semper calent, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 48; Nam dies totos apud portum seruos unus adsidet (to watch for a ship), St. 1, 2, 96; intelligens dicendi existimator non assidens et attente audiens, sed... praeteriens de oratore saepe iudicat, Cic. Brut. 200; Vt assidens implumbibus pullis auis Serpentium allapsus timet, Hor. epod. 1, 19; Assidet unā soror, Prop. 4, 3, 41; gubernaculis adsidet, Plin. pan. 81; neque cenauit una, nisi ut in imo lecto assiderent, Suet. Aug. 64; **2.** esp. sit near, as a supporter, cum P. Lentulo consuli auctori salutis meae frequens assideret (on the benches of the senate), Cic. Pis. 80; principes ciuitatum suarum... huic assident (on the benches in a court of justice), Plane. 28; **3.** or by the bedside to nurse and comfort, cum lacrimas in carcere mater noctes diesque assideret, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 112; habes qui adsideat, fomenta parat... Hor. s. 1, 1, 82; assidens aegro collegae, Liv. 21, 53, 6; ut habeat qui sibi aegro adsideat, Sen. ep. 9, 8; contraxit hanc (ualetudinem) Fannia dum adsidet Iuniae uirgini, Plin. ep. 7, 19, 1; adsidere ualetudini (Agricolae), Tac. Agr. 45; **4.** sit by the side of as an assessor, si quando adsideret (in tribunali Caesaris), Tac. an. 2, 57; iudiciis adsidebat in cornu tributalis, 1, 75; ex altera (prouincia) ortus in altera adsidebat, Maer. dig. 1, 22, 3; consilium eo tempore quo adsidet, Paul. ib. 5; add 2 and 6; praetorem me adsidente



interlocutum esse, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 9, 3; add Suet. Tib. 33; **5.** in mil. lang. sit before, besiege, Amisum\* adsideri sine proeliis, Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 1, 435, 14 K; nostris qui moenibus assidet hostis, Verg. Cir. 268; adsidebat oppugnabatque oppidum in Hispania, Gell. 6 (7), 1, 8; assidet arces\*, Sil. 6, 624; **6.** sit at (work), be diligently engaged upon, qui tota uita litteris adsident, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 19; omnia alia negligenda sunt, ut huic (sc. philosophando) adsideamus, Seu. ep. 72, 3; **7.** met. be next neighbour to, bo akin to, nimumque seuerus Assidet insano, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 14; **8.** usually w. a dat., but in sense of § 5 also w. an acc. See passages marked\*.

**1.** **assido**, (ad-s.) ère, sēdi, sessum, vb. take a seat before or near, in sella apud magistrum adsideres, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 28; utinam nunc apud ignem aliquem magnum adsidam, Turp. 125 R; **2.** dextra Adherbalem assedit, Sal. Iug. 11, 3—for acc. cf. assideo § 8; **3.** in mil. lang. take a position near so as to watch an enemy's movements, qui sciant te adsedisse ferocissimis populis eo ipso tempore cum Danubius ripas gelu iungit, Plin. pan. 12; cf. assideo § 5; **4.** take a seat as an assessor (to a judge), nec uidetur in sua provincia adsedissee, Macer dig. 1, 22, 3.

**2.** **assido**, (ads.?) ère, sedi, sessum, vb. [ab = S. ava down, sīdō] sit down, take a seat, in ara hic adsidam sacra, Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 20; add Rud. 3, 3, 26; add St. 1, 2, 35, and prob. 33; Vbi domum adueni, assedi (al. ads.), Caecil. 160 R; Adsido: accurrunt serui: soccos detrahunt, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 72; perorauit aliquando, assedit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 60; cum satis ambulatum uideretur, adsedimus, div. 2, 8; uelle aliquem imprudentem super eam (sc. aspīdem) assidere, fin. 2, 59; ubi ille assedit, Catilina demisso uultu..., Sal. Cat. 31, 7; postquam Cato assedit..., 53, 1; in these two pass. Kritz ass., Iord. ads.; **2.** Fr. asseoir in form = assidēre; but note that in this too the prefix does not = ad.

**assiduītas**, (ads.) ātis, f. constant attention (to work etc.), assiduity, medici, Cic. Att. 12, 33; **2.** often of little friendly attentions, me summa simulatione amoris summaque assiduitate quotidiana iusidiosissime tractauit, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8; assiduitate in a canvass, Q. Cic. pet. 4; 41; 50; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 101; Mur. 21; Planc. 67; **3.** frequent occurrence of things, molestiarum, Cic. Rosc. Am. 154; bellorum, off. 2, 74; dicendi, inv. 1, 4; epistolarum, fam. 16, 25; eiusdem litterae (as O Tite tute...), Cornif. ad Her. 4, 18; spectaculorum, Suet. Aug. 43; **4.** long continued presence with its attentions, contubernii, Tac. or. 5; ut, uitato assiduītatis fastidio, auctoritatem absentia tueretur, Suet. Tib. 10.

**1.** **assiduus**, (ads.): assidēdo :: continuus :: contineo), lit. sitting near—hence constantly present at his work, nihil est...periurius Quam urbani adsidui cines quos scurras uocant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 165; custos, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 209, 18; his assiduis (magistris) eandem incudem diem noctemque tundentibus, Cic. or. 2, 162; suae cogitationes sunt impiis assidue Furiae, Rosc. Am. 67; flaminem Ioui assiduum sacerdotem, Liv. 1, 20, 2 (cf. 5, 52, 13); Veiens hostis assiduus magis quam grauis, 2, 48, 7; **2.** of things, continued, continuous, Quia triduum hoc unum modo foro dedi operam assiduam, Pl. As. 2, 4, 22; officium, CIL 1011; labor, Cic. or. 3, 58; scriptura, 1, 150; consuetudo, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3; imbres, 7, 24, 1; febricula, Plauc. ad Cic. 10, 21, 7; motus, Lucr. 1, 999; uer, Verg. G. 2, 149; **3.** comp. assiduor, Varr. r. 2, 9, 16; 2, 10, 6; sup. assiduissimus, Suet. Aug. 71; **4.** assiduo, adv. constantly, continuously, incessantly, Dum tale facies, quale adhuc, assiduo edes, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 50; add Most. 4, 2, 60 etc.; Plin. 26, 16 (al. assidue); **5.** assidue, adv. Quid te futurum censes, quem assidue exedent? Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 53 etc.; gallos sic assidue caeuere ut nihil intermitterent, Cic. div. 1, 74; Verg. B. 2, 4; **6.** sup. assiduissime, Cic. Brut. 91; Frontin. aq. 104.

**2.** **assiduus**, (aes, or perh. as and du- old form of da-re, as seen in duim, induo) lit. tax-paying, and so in Servian constitution of the five classes, opp. to the proletariū, locupletis assiduos appellauit (Sernius) ab aere dando, Cic. rep. 2, 40; cum lex assiduo uindicem assiduum esse iubeat, locupletem iubet locupletis, locuples enim est assiduus, top. 10; add Gell. 16, 10, 5; assiduum ab aere dando, Quint. 5,

10, 55; add Gell. 16, 10, 15; but Char. 75, 10 K: ditiores qui asses dabant, assidui dicti sunt; **2.** hence met. classicus adsidusque (assidus?) scriptor, uon proletarius, Gell. 19, 8, 15.

**assignātio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. allotment, as of land in a colony, agrorum, Cic. Phil. 4, 9; 6, 14; add fam. 13, 8, 2; Val. M. 4, 3, 5; **2.** of liberti among children, Ulp. dig. 38, 4, 5; Paul. 48, 10, 22, 8; Ulp. 38, 4, 3.

**assignātor**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who allots, (liberti), Ulp. 38, 4, 3, 1.

**assignifico**, (ads.) āre, vb. show, imply, quod nomina habemus a pecore cognomiua adsignificant, Caprae Tauri Vituli, Varr. r. 2, 1, 10; tonsores non fuisse adsignificant staturae, quod pleraeq̄e habent capillum et barbam magnam, 2, 11, 10.

**assigno**, (ads.) āre, vb. allot, esp. land in a colony, quoieique de eo agro uiuiri ceui Romano dedit assignauit, CIL 200, 3; uiuir a(greis) d(andis) a(dsignandis), 197, 15; (agros) legioni ita assignarent, ut quibus militibus amplissime assignati essent, Cic. Phil. 5, 53; add 2, 43; Liv. 21, 25, 3; **2.** in other use, allot, assign, dignum me iudicauit cni primum hastatum assignare, Liv. 42, 34, 7; unumquodque facilius consideratur, cum est assignatum suo loco, Colum. 12, 2, 6; urna iudicem assignat, Plin. pan. 36; **3.** esp. of a father by will allotting his liberti, de assignandis libertis, title of dig. 38, 4; **4.** affix a seal, sign (a document), assigna Marcelle tabellas, Pers. 5, 81; assignante domiuo meo, Paul. dig. 45, 1, 126, 2; praesente tutore, sed non assignante, Scaev. 26, 8, 20; **5.** hence convey, sell, si in nauem res missae ei assignatae sunt, Ulp. 4, 9, 1, 8; and met. iuuenes ostendere foro, assignare famae, Plin. ep. 6, 23, 6; **6.** ascribe, impute, no (hoc) sceleri meo potius quam imprudentiae assignes, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; nec homini sed temporari assignandum, Rab. post. 27; ne unius amentiam ciuitati assignarent, Liv. 35, 31, 15.

**assilio**, (ads.) (ad\* at; or ad = an, up; cf. assultim) ui, sultum, ire, vb. leap upon or up, spring upon or np, a.\* admissarius, Colum. 6, 37, 9; adsiliunt fluctus, Ov. F. 3, 591; moeibus\*, M. 11, 526; rana piscatrix (not torpedo) cornicula exserit, adsulantibus pisciculis detrahens, donec tam prope accedat ut adsiliat, Plin. 19, 143; uolanti\*, Sil. 7, 701; in ferrum, 10, 2; **2.** w. acc. innumeris (terris) quas spumifer assilit\* Aegon, Stat. Th. 5, 56; **3.** met. neque assiliendum statim est ad illud genus orationis, Cic. or. 2, 213; add Sen. contr. pr. 10 (5).

**assimilatio**, see assimilatio.

**assimilis**, (ads.) adj. very like, Quasi tu numquam quicquam adsimile huius(ce) facti feceris, Pl. Merc. 5, 3, 1; sui, Ov. tr. 1, 6, 27; **2.** w. dat., forma adsimilis illi, Cato\* ap. Fest. 157 M; spongias, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; eadenti, Verg. 6, 602; fratribus, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 85; **3.** adsimiliter, adv. in a very similar way, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 27.

**assimulaticus**, (ads.) adj. in fraudulent imitation, fictitious, insignia, Th. C. 6, 22, 5.

**assimulatio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. close likeness, Plin. 11, 262; **2.** fraudulent imitation, Th. C. 16, 2, 18.

**assimulo**, (ads.) āre, vb. make oneself very like—hence pretend, w. iuf. amare, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 98; furere, Pacuv. ap. Cic. off. 3, 98; **2.** w. acc. and inf., me esse ebrium, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 16; esse me tuom seruon, Capt. 2, 1, 29; me insanire, Men. 5, 2, 81; hinc ab dextera uenire me, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 20; **3.** w. two acc. and esse ueniremo, seruom se, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 121; aegram te, Truc. 2, 6, 19; se lactum, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 15; **4.** w. se and esse omitted, assimulauit anum, Ov. M. 14, 656; **5.** w. quasi, pretend as though, quasi spernas tuam (formam), Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 34; quasi per urbem totam hominem quaesieris, Epid. 2, 2, 11; add Poen. 3, 2, 22; quasi nuno exeam, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 8; **6.** w. acc., familiaritatem, Cic. Clu. 36; uirtutem, Cael. 14; nuptias, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 141; retro abitum fictosque timores, Sil. 7, 137; **7.** absol., Eequid adsimulo similiter? Qui istic est (so mss) ornatus tuos? Pl. Men. 1, 2, 37; utrum ego iocon adsimulem an serio, Bac. 1, 1, 42; **8.** imitate, give or assume the appearance of, forge, litteras, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 189; clipeumque iubasque, Verg. 10, 639; adsimulatis\* Lucani litteris, Tac. an. 16, 17; sermonem humanum, Plin.



8, 105; pictor adsimulabit quicquid acceperit, Quint. 7, 10, 9; **9.** compare, ex assimulanda natura iudicatur, Cic. inv. 1, 42; nullum est exemplum cui malimus adsimulare rempublicam, Cic. ap. Diom. 365, 21 K; Inque repentinos conuicia uersa tumultus Assimulare freto possis, Ov. M. 5, 6; milos suis laboribus defectionem sideris adsimulans, Tac. an. 1, 28; formam Britanniae bipenni, Agr. 10; **10.** as a refl. vb. Atque eadem erit, uerum alia esse adsimulabitur (unless a pass.), Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 74; formam adsimulata Camerti, Verg. 12, 224; **11.** pass. assimilata familiaritas, Cic. Clu. 36; assimilata uirtus, Cael. 14; deligit uenenum quo fortuitus morbus adsimularetur, Tac. an. 4, 8; add 6, 25 and \* above.

**assipondium**, ii, n. the weight of an as or one pound, Varr. l. 5, 36, p. 170 Sp.

**assir**, obsol., blood, Paul. ex F. v. assaratum.

**assiratum**, see assaratum.

**1. assis**, m. a plank, stabula roboreis assibus constrata, Colum. 6, 30, 2; quernis assibus (Sillig axibus) contabulari inutile, Plin. 36, 187; ne commisceantur asses (axes, Rose) acsculini quercu, Vitruv. 7, 1, 2; copied by Pallad. 1, 9, 2; **2.** a valve, asses qui, praecoburantes foramina, non patiuntur redire quod spiritu in catinum est expressum, Vitruv. 10, 12 (7), 1.

**2. assis**, see as.

**1. assisto**, (ads.) (ad or an, ùp), stiti, ãre, vb. post oneself, plant oneself, take one's stand, plant oneself before, accipe illam clauam Sparax: Age alter istinc, alter hinc assiste, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 28; ego adistam hinc altrincus: Quibus est dictis dignus usque oneremus ambo, Merc. 5, 4, 16; Adistite omnes contra me, Ps. 1, 2, 22; add 1, 3, 123; mane tu atque assiste, Most. 4, 2, 2 face a body; hic propter hunc assiste, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 15; ut contra omnis hostium copias adisteret, Cic. leg. 2, 10; seruis ut ad fores adisterent imperat, Verr. 2, 1, 66;—in all these, of preparation for hostile encounter; **2.** gen., Accede nate assiste, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 21; filium puerili aetate in publico in conspectu patris assistere turpe ducunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 18, 3; Nec refert quibus adistas regionibus eius, Lucr. 1, 965; completque quereillis...nemus adistens, 2, 359; Quem Turnus super adistens, Verg. 10, 490; Ac se tollere humo rectoque assistere trunco, Ov. M. 7, 640; **3.** of a thing, ita iacere talum ut rectus assistat, Cic. fin. 3, 54.

**2. assisto**, (ads.) (ad before), post oneself near or before, appear before, stand by, Umbra cruenta Remi uisa est assistere lecto, Ov. F. 5, 457; assiste precanti, 1, 631; adistito diuinis, Hor. s. 1, 114; consulum tribunalibus prouinciae adisterent, Tac. an. 13, 4; scribenti praeceptor assistit, Quint. 1, 2, 12; tum mihi aliquis assistat, 1, 11, 14; assistentes, bystanders, 2, 12, 6; 9, 2, 76; si actum fuerit assistentibus curatoribus, Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 25; add Paul. 48, 16, 6, 2; **2.** esp. as an advocate or friend ready to assist, orant ut causae suae deprecator adistat, Tac. h. 3, 13; adistebam Vareno iam ut amicus, Plin. ep. 7, 6, 3; Eumolpus adistente Flauio dixit..., 10, 81 (85), 1; **3.** met. of things, be present, ad testimoniorum fidem quibus lux ueritatis assistit, Arcad. dig. 22, 5, 21, 3; ueritatem assistere precibus, Th. C. 1, 2, 34.

**assitus**, see adistus.

**asso**, (assus) ãre, vb. roast, cum paratus sim super istum ignem porrectus assari, Apul. M. 2, 10; iocus porcinuum, 2, 40 Sch.; spoudilos assabis, 2, 42 etc.; lini semen assatum, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 18, 111.

**associo**, (ads.) ãre, vb. lit. attach as a partner, cum (dictatores) magistris equitum sibi eligerent qui associati secundam eos potestatem gererent, Charis. dig. 1, 11, 1; **2.** met. unite, Phoebo passus, Stat. Th. 3, 454; cornua malis, Claud. B. Gild. 482.

**associum**, adj. associating, Cassiod. Var. 3, 47.

**assoleo**, (ads.) ãre, vb. be usual, ponite lic quae adsoleat, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 7; quid ceterum? Quod adsoleat, Cena tibi dabitur, Epid. 1, 1, 5; quae adsolent signa esse ad salutem...uideo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 1; scripsit: Si mihi...; deinde quae adsoleat, Cic. inv. 2, 122; ludos tanta pecunia quanta adsoleat faciendos, Liv. 34, 44, 2; **2.** impers. ut adsoleat, as is usual, Cic. am. 7; Phil. 2, 82; add Suet. Ner. 7 and

34; Vesp. 7; **3.** in Liv. 40, 54, 8 Madvig has: multa ut assolet ueritas; mss multa adsoleat u.; in Cic. N. D. 2, 10 Baiter has: quos ad solet, not adsoleret.

**assono**, see adsono.

**assuefacio**, (ads.) fcei, factus, ãre, vb. accustom, train, quibus me consuetudo, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 3; probitati parulos, Tac. or. 29; nec suo sanguine ad supplicia patrum plebem assuefaciant, Liv. 3, 52, 11; non luxui aut uoluptatibus aduefactus, Tac. au. 12, 5 f.; sermoni aduefactus, Plin. 10, 121; **2.** w. abl. as a means, esp. in the perf. part. puro sermone assuefactam, Cic. Brut. 213; quorum sermone assuefacti, or. 3, 39; stuprorum et scelerum exercitatione assuefactus, in Cat. 2, 9; and perh. armis, Brut. 6; nullo officio aut disciplina aduefacti, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 9; Gallicis moribus, 4, 3, 3; genere quodam pugnae, b. c. 1, 44, 2; Persico sermone (so Halm) se aduefecti, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 15; **3.** w. inf. ceteras (nationes) imperio populi Romani parere assuefecit, Cic. prov. cou. 33; equos eodem remanere nestigio, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 3; aduefacti superari, 6, 24, 6.

**assuesco**, (ads.) eui, etus, ãre, vb. trans. accustom, train, qui Pluribus aduerit mentem, Hor. s. 2, 2, 109; contrahendo militi naualibusque assuescendo certaminibus praefectus, Vell. 2, 79, 1; assuescis (me) fatis, Lucan. 5, 776; **2.** esp. iu the perf. part. mensaeque aduetus herili, Verg. 7, 490; bellicae militiae, Vell. 2, 117, 2; cui Dareus assuetus fuerat, he had been intimate, Curt. 6, 5, 23; **3.** the same w. abl. (see assuefacio § 2), labore adsiduo, Cic. or. 3, 58; praedia amore, Ov. M. 13, 554; sanguine et praedia, Flor. 1, 7; immoderata licentia, Iustiu. 31, 1, 8; **4.** often whether dat. or abl. dub. as: mendacis, Cic. Plane. 22; uenatu, Verg. 7, 746; **5.** w. inf. Censen tu illuc hodie primum ire aduetum esse iu ganeum, Pl. As. 5, 2, 37; muros defendere, Verg. 9, 511; graecari, Hor. s. 2, 2, 11; exire e mari, Plin. 9, 91; **6.** w. prep., ad omnis uis (= uires) controuersiarum, Sall. ap. Prisc. 1, 249, 13; in familiaria iura, Liv. 24, 5, 9; **7.** make familiar, Ne pueri, ne tanta animis aduescite bella, Verg. 6, 832; see §§ 12, 13; **II 8.** as vb. intr. get accustomed, train oneself, Seruabo, sic enim assueui, Platonis uerecundiam, Cic. fam. 9, 22 f.; (uri) aduescere ad homines ne paruli quidem possunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 4; **9.** w. dat. legibus inter bella, Liv. 1, 19, 2; deligando assuescere (os) uetustae sedi cogit, Cels. 8, 10 f. (351, 29 D); Aduescent Latio Partha tropaea Ioui, Prop. 3, 4, 6; quieti et otio, Tac. Agr. 21; **10.** w. abl. credere regu genis pugnae quo assueuerant fore, Liv. 31, 35, 3; **11.** w. inf. ut fremitum assuesceret uoce uiuere, Cic. fin. 5, 5; uocari, Verg. G. 1, 42; pati, Ov. tr. 2, 504; Liv. 23, 40, 10; **12.** pass. imp. caritas ipsius soli cui longo tempore assuescitur, Liv. 2, 1, 5; **III 13.** assuetus made familiar and so as adj. usual, cibum assuetu leuiorem, Cels. 1, 3 (17, 31 D); Tempus et adueta pouere in arte iuuat, Ov. Pont. 1, 36; solis feruor non aduetus, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 2; **14.** familiar, known of old, assueta oculis regio, Liv. 5, 54, 3; Romanis Gallici tumultus assueti, 38, 17, 5; turris adueta Priamo, Sen. Troad. 1079; **15.** adueto absol. w. comp., longius, Ov. her. 6, 72; a. propior, Stat. Th. 12, 306; **16.** comp. assuetior, Liv. 22, 18, 3.

**assuetudo**, inis, f. habit, custom, practice, amor assuetudinis, Varr. l. 9, 14; mali, Liv. 25, 26, 10; succedeudi muros, 27, 18, 13; xii annorum, 27, 39, 7; seu uatura siue assuetudine, Tac. an. 1, 11; uoluptatum, h. 2, 62; **2.** intimacy with (obsc.) a. Actes, Tac. an. 13, 46.

**assuetus**, see assuesco.

**assula**, or astula\* (?) ae, f. dim. a chip of wood, cesso foribus facere hisc(e) assulas, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 20; quercus, Plin. 9, 48; taelae, 29, 34; percussarum arborum contra fulmina astulae\* surgunt, Sen. n. q. 2, 31, 2; assulae securibus excussae, Paul. ex F. v. fomes, p. 85 M; **2.** a chip of stone, camenta marmorea, sine assulae dicuntur quae marmorarii ex operibus deiciunt, Vitruv. 7, 6, 1.

**assulatum**, adv. in chips, pultando assulatum foribus exitum dabo, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 52; securim ancipitem capiam atque luic seni (so Camer. cj.; mss hunc senem)...dedo-



labo assulatim niseera, Men. 5, 2, 106; add a corrupt pass. of Naev. ap. Non. 72, 26.

**assūlosus** ? adj. full of elipsis, implied in assulose adv. in many elipsis (ealamus odoratus) a. frangitur, Plin. 12, 105.

**assultim**, (ads.) adv. in leaps, phalangia a. ingredientia, Plin. 11, 89.

**assulto**, (ads.; ad at or ad=an up?) vb. frq. keep leaping\* at or up, or simply leap up or at, canis adsultans\* contraque beluam exurgens, Plin. 8, 50; montes inter se concurrerunt, adsultantes recedentesque, 2, 199; 2. esp. in war, leap upon, assault, tergis pugnantium, Tac. Agr. 26; castris, an. 2, 13; uallo, Sil. 7, 401; 3. w. acc. latera et frontem, Tac. an. 1, 51; portarum moras\*, Stat. Th. 11, 243.

**assultus**, (ads.) ūs, m. leaping upon, assault, Verg. 5, 441; Tac. an. 2, 21.

**assūmo**, (ads.; ad to) -psi, -ptus, ēre, vb. take to (one), take, appropriate, adopt, assume, numquam committet ut quod alteri detraxerit sibi adsumat, Cie. off. 3, 23; Plura sibi adsumunt quam de se corpora mittunt, Luer. 2, 1124;

2. esp. of food in Cels. qui bis die eibum assumit, Cels. 1, 3 (16, 8 Dar.); eibum modicum, potiones meraeas, ib. 1, 7 (17, 27); fungos inutiles, 5, 27, 12; 3. w. abstract nouns, uoluptatem, Cie. fin. 1, 33; laudem sibi, Mur. 31; nec mihi nequequam assumo quod quemquam possit offendere, fam. 1, 9, 17; tractationem orationis, or. 1, 54, undertake; aliam artem sibi, 1, 217; 4. with person for object, administer consiliorum assumitur, Sal. Iug. 29, 2; dignos (amicos) Hor. s. 1, 6, 51; eos in societatem consilii, Liv. 2, 4, 2; ne qui (socii) postea assumerentur; te in consilium, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 1; a. (te) in laborum consortium, pan. 7; uxorem, 83; 5. in logic, assume as minor premissa, deinde adsumunt, Sunt autem di, Cie. div. 2, 106; assumit Cratippus hoc modo, Sunt autem... ib. 109; 6. gen. assume as true, id quod assumit, concedi nullo modo potest, Cie. N. D. 107; easque (kalendas) adsumemus, Ulp. dig. 45, 1, 41.

**assumptiōs**, adj. dealing with assumpta, or external circumstances to be assumed, Cie. inv. 1, 15; 2, 71; Quint. 7, 4, 7; Mart. C. 147 G (149, 10 Eyss.).

1. **assurgo**, (ads.) ēre, rexi, vb. [ad or an=ava np] rise up, rise, Non eoepatae adsurgunt turres, Verg. 4, 86; septemque adsurgit in ulnas (of snow), G. 3, 355; adsurgere in auras, 3, 109; experto ereditae quantus In elipeum adsurgat, A. 11, 284; lamque adsurgentis dextra plagamque ferentis Aeneae, 10, 797; add 1, 535; 10, 95; Delos adsurgit Cynthio monte, Plin. 4, 66; adsurgentem ferulam in altitudinem, 13, 123; tertia (pyramis) adsurgit cxxxvii (al. aliter) pedibus, 36, 80; colles elementer adsurgentes, Tac. an. 13, 38; but in h. 4, 23 Halm has exurgens; 2. rise again, get up again, assurgentem regem (se. quem equo deieisset Cossus) resupinat, Liv. 4, 19, 5; seu manibus iu assurgendo seu genu se adiuisissent, 21, 36, 7; deinde paulo latior pateseit campus, inde colles adsurgunt (al. adins. or ins.) 22, 4, 2; neque fratrem Volseii ex quo semel fuerit aeger, unquam...assurrexisse ex morbo, 3, 24, 4; e graui corporis morbo tum primum adsurgentem, Tac. h. 2, 99; and perh.: in hoc morbo tumores orientur, deinde desunt, deinde rursus adsurgunt, Cels. 2, 8, p. 48, 37 Dar.; 3. met. rise np, rise, quibus (inerepentis)...Hispanus in triumphum et pontificatum assurgeret, Vell. 2, 51, 3; Tum nero adsurgit irae, Verg. 12, 494; animoque assurgit Adrastus, Stat. Th. 10, 227; sublimitate heroi earminis animus adsurgat, Quint. 1, 8, 5; raro adsurgit Hesiodus, 10, 1, 52; 4. in none of the above does the sense of ad 'to' appear, as it does in

2. **assurgo**, (ads.) rexi, reatum, ēre, vb. [ad to], rise to (a person) out of respect, au...quisquam (tibi) in euriam uenienti assurrexit, Cie. Pis. 26; ut maioribus natu assurgatur, inv. 1, 48; haec ipsa sunt honorabilia, salutari, deedi, adsurgi, sen. 62; Sullam sibi uni equo descendere (se. Pompeio), assurgere de sella, ecaput aperire solitum, Sall. ap. Non. 236; Vtque uiro Phoebi chorus adsurrexerit omnis, Verg. B. 6, 66; Ruricolae Cereri teneroque adsurgite Baceho, Ov. am. 2, 3, 53; quum assurrectum ei nou esset,

Liv. 9, 46, 9; ludis (not ludos) ineunti semper adsurgi etiam ab senatu iu more est, Plin. 16, 13; add Suct. Caes. 78 (ter); Aug. 56; Tib. 31; Vesp. 13; tepidusque adsurgit honori Numinis, Stat. Th. 2, 60; and met. uites.. Tmolins adsurgit quibus et rex ipse Phanaeus, Verg. G. 2, 98; 2. even these may belong to assurgo 1.

**assus**, (for actus, and so=σπρος; for letter-change of assis=axis, and sequor ετρομα) part. of au obsol. vb. roasted, baked, Milphio heus, ubi es? Assum apud te ecam. At ego elixus sis uolo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; Haec sunt uentris stabilimenta, pane et assa bubula, Cure. 2, 3, 88; at simul assis Miseueris elixa, Hor. s. 2, 2, 73; res eadem inagis alit iurulentam quam assa; magis assa quam elixa, Cels. 2, 18 (66, 5 Dar.); tum assum aliquid, maximequo auem, 4, 26 (151, 25); carne assa, 1, 3 (19, 32); pcednum assus pulmo, Plin. 30, 145; 2. as sb. n. a dish of roast meat, assum utulinum, Cie. fam. 9, 20, 1; 3. assa sudatio, a hot air bath, Cels. 3, 27, 3, called sicca sudatio, 3, 21 (107, 2); 4. hence assum as sb. n. the same, iu balnearis assa in alterum apodyterū angulum promoui, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; 5. assus sol, a baking of one's body in the sun without oil, Cie. Att. 12, 6, 2; 6. assa nutrix, a dry nurse, Iuv. 14, 208; assae nutrieis est infantem magis diligere quam adultum, Fronto, Anton. 1, 5 (p. 103, l. 6 Naber); D. M. Voluminae .. utriei assae, inser. Mur. 1512, 6; 7. as roast meat is simple and so opposed to flavoured dishes, so assus came to signify simple, unaccompanied, as maeriae de assis lapidibus (without mortar), Serv. G. 2, 417; 8. assae tibiae, without accompaniment of voice, id.; hence assa=cantus tibarum, Paul. ex F. p. 29; 9. assa uox, the voice without accompaniment, melos bipartitum, unum quod est in assa uoce, alterum quod uocant organicum, Cato ap. Non. 77, 9; eantarent earmina, et assa uoce et eum tibieme, Varr. ib.

**ast**, older form of at, wh. see.

**Asta**, ae, f. a city of Liguria, Plin. 3, 49; M. Cominius L. f. Pol. Asta, inser. Or. 165.

**astācus**, i, m. a kind of crab, Plin. 9, 97.

**astāphis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a kind of grape, dried as raisin, Plin. 23, 15; a. agria, another kind, 23, 17.

**asteismōs**, or astismōs, i, m. a rhetorical term, sharp but delicate wit, urbanitas sine iracundia, Serv. A. 2, 547; add Char. 276, 29 K; Diom. 462, 36; Pomp. comm. 312, 5. **aster**, ēris, m. the plant aster, a. amellus Linn., Plin. 27, 36.

**astercum**, i, n. a plant, in Lat. ureolaris, Plin. 22, 43.

**astēria**, ae, f. a gem, cat's eye, Plin. 37, 131.

**astēriacē**, ēs, f. a compound medicine, Cels. 5, 26, 17.

**astēriās**, ae, m. a kind of heron, Plin. 10, 164.

**asterion**, ii, n. a kind of spider, Plin. 29, 86.

**astēricus**, i, u. dim. a little star or asterisk, Isid. or. 1, 21.

**astērites**, or astrites, ae, m. the gem cat's-eye, Isid. orig. 16, 10, 3; Mart. C. 1, 19 G (22, 5 Eyss.).

**asterno**, see adsterno.

**asthma**, ātis, n. asthma, Plin. 25, 82.

**asthmāticus**, adj. asthmatic, Plin. 20, 230; 26, 34.

**astipūlātio**, etc. see adstipulatio etc.

1. **astituo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. [a before two cons. for an=ava up; cf. a—scendo, a—gnoseo, a—sto; statuo] set up, Iuben an nou iubes astitui aulas, patinas elui? Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 66 (as usually kept bottom upwards); Continuo in genua astituo (erect on one's knees) peetus pedibus perentit, Cas. 5, 2, 48.

2. **astituo**, (adst.) ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. [ad, statuo] set up near, place (standing) before reum, ad lectum eius adstidueus (in imagination), ad Her. 3, 33; 2. as vb. refl. plant one-self before, eiusque tribunal adstituo, Apul. 3, 2 (dub.); molae adstituo, 9, 11.

1. **asto**, (adsto?) āre, astiti (astitum and astatim says Prise. 474, 19 K, but?), vb. [a for an up, bef. two cons.; see astituo; sto in itself, like sisto, meaus stop, and is silent as to attitude; not from ad near] stand up, stand, Certo haec mulier eauterino ritu astans somniat, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 44; Ioui...Qui in eolumine astat sommo, Trin. 1, 2, 48; uix asto prae formidine, Capt. 3, 4, 104; astat quando edit, Naev. eom. 26 R; Hie patrem astare aibas, Ter. Hant. 5, 2.



7; add Ph. 4, 3, 2; fastigia tecti Ascensu supero atque arceitis auribus adsto, Verg. 2, 303; Cerninus adstantis nequiquam lumine toruo Aetnaeos fratres, 3, 677; add 7, 181; Phidias praeter Iouem fecit Mineruam ex ebore quae est in Parthenone astans (al. stans), Plin. 34, 54; **2.** esp. of attitude, Haut iuenseme (= *αὐεὐχνημὸς*) astiterunt, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 24; S. Statum uide hominis Callipho quam basilicum. C. Bene confidenterque adstittisse intelligo, Ps. 1, 5, 42; ex pictura astitit, St. 1, 3, 114; Euge euscheme hercle astitit et (astittisset B, astitis et CD) dulcice et comoe dice, Mil. 2, 2, 58; add As. 3, 3, 113; **3.** stand, loiter, stay, waste one's time, Quid ego hic asto (mss astabo) tantisper cum hac forma et factis sic frustra, Pl. Bac. 4, 2, 30; Qur heic astamus? Merc. 4, 4, 83; At etiam asto? at etiam cesso, 1, 2, 20; St. 2, 1, 38; Most. 2, 2, 89; Men. 4, 3, 23; **4.** Quid malum astas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 36; with prep. of nearness, so that the power of ad would be redundant; Quis illic est qui contra me astat? Pers. 1, 1, 13; add 2, 2, 26; Si prope astes, calefacit, Epid. 5, 1, 9; ad ostium, Most. 3, 2, 81; ante ostium, Bac. 3, 3, 47; ante aedis, Men. 4, 2, 69; 4, 3, 2; Merc. 4, 5, 6; ante aras, Lucr. 1, 89; ante oculos, Verg. 3, 150; Subulo (a young stag) quondam marinas propter astabat plagas, Enn. s. 41 V; **5.** stop, asta atque audi, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 53; add Epid. 1, 1, 61; Asta atque Athenas anticum opulentum oppidum Contempla, Enn. tr. 324 V; accessi, astiti, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 27; Hospes quod deico paullum est, asta ac pellige, CIL 1007, 1; cum in Sigeo ad Achillis tumulum adstittisset, Cic. Arch. 24; **6.** of things, Vidi ego te astante ope barbarica... Auro ebore instructam magnifice, Enn. tr. 120 V; sedes adstare relictas, Verg. 3, 123; squamis adstantibus hydri, G. 3, 545; crepidinibus stagni lupanaria adstabant, Tac. an. 15, 37; **7.** w. abstr. nom. Certa quidem finis uitae mortalibus adstat, Lucr. 3, 1078 stands fixed; **8.** uos quoque astitit illum locum, says Prisc. 2, 309, 27 K, but ?; **9.** Fr. étais from astabam, not stabam.

**2. asto**, (rather adsto) āre, vb. [ad, sto] stand by (as a supporter), assist, Vt filium bonum patri esse oportet, item ego sum patri: Amanti supparasitor hortor asto ammoneo gaudeo, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 10; contriui diem, Dum asto aduocato quoidam cognato meo, Cas. 3, 3, 5; **2.** stand by (as a spectator), look on, adstante atque audiente Italia tota, Cic. ad senat. 26; frequentia ciuium adstante, har. r. 12; tot adstantium uisu, Tac. an. 3, 14.

**astōmāchētus**, adj. unvexed, P. Aelio Celeri Clodia coniugi qui uixit annis xc a., inser. Grut. 750, 14; add inser. Reines. 12, 124.

**astrāba**, ae, f. a packsaddle, name of a play of Plautus, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 249 Sp.; Gell. 11, 7, 5.

**astrāgālūzōn**, ntis, player with astragali, Plin. 34, 55.

**astrāgālus**, m. and -um n. a knuckle bone; hence an architectural moulding of like form, Vitruv. 3, 3 (p. 78, 1 Rose); 4, 6 (98, 4); **2.** a leguminous plant, orobus sessilifolius Sibth., Plin. 26, 46.

**astrālis**, e, adj. of the stars, fata, August. C. D. 5, 7 f.

**astrangūlo**, are, vb. strangle, Min. F. 30.

**astrāpaeas**, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 189.

**astreans?** no longer read in Mart. C. 273 G (301, 3 Eyss.).

**astricus**, adj. of a star or stars, Cum pictus aer feruidis late ignibus Caeli (ch)orean astrice(n) ostenderet, Varr. ap. Non. 451, 10.

**astrifer**, adj. star-bearing, Stat. Th. 8, 83; Val. F. 6, 752; Mart. C. 8, 28, 8, p. 301 G (332, 11 Eyss.).

**astrifico**, āre, vb. make stars, astrificante manu, Mart. C. as poet., 191 G (198, 7 Eyss.).

**astrificus**, adj. star-making, id. 2, 1.

**astriger**, adj. star-wearing, Stat. Th. 10, 828; Claud. b. g. 245.

**astrilōquus**, adj. talking of stars, Mart. C. 273 G (300, 5 Eyss.).

**astrilūcus**, adj. shinning with stars, diui, id. 302 G (232, 17 Eyss.).

**astricos**, or **astrion\***, ii, adj. n. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 132; Isid.\* or. 16, 13.

**astrisōnus**, adj. star-sounding, Mart. C. 308 G (341, 4, Eyss.).

**astrites**, ae, m. a gem, = asteria, Mart. C. 19 G (22, 5 Eyss.).

**astrōbōlos**, (star-throwing) adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 133.

**astrōlōgia**, ae, f. astronomy, Eudoxus in astrologia facile princeps, Cic. N. D. 2, 87; igitur astrologiae (Aratum) optimis uersibus de stellis dixisse, or. 1, 69; in astrologia C. Sulpicium audiui, off. 1, 119; (capras) astrologia in caelum recepit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 17; litteris astrologiae, Colum. 1, 1, 5; add Plin. 7, 123 and 203; 35, 199; Quint. 2, 18, 1; Vitruv. 1, 1, 3; **2.** astronomy, as supposed to affect one's lot in life, astrology, Hieron. Pelag. 1, 8; see

**astrōlōgus**, i, m. astronomer, astrologorum signa in caelo quaesit, Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 30; Anchialum et Cassandrum summos astrologos hoc praedictionis genere non usos, Cic. div. 2, 88; iste nouos astrologos qui non tam caeli rationem quam caelati argenti duceret, Verr. 2, 2, 129; **2.** also astrologer, de circo astrologi, Cic. div. 1, 132; astrologorum praedicta, 2, 88; ut augures et astrologi solent, fam. 6, 6, 7; libris quos aduersus astrologos composueram, Colum. 11, 1, 31; add Iuv. 6, 554; Suet. Ner. 36; si quis a. uel qui aliquam illicitam diuinationem pollicetur..., Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 15, 13.

**astrōnōmia**, ae, f. astronomy, placita quae in geometria et in astronomia inuenies, Sen. ep. 95, 10; add Petr. 88; Maer. s. Scip. 2, 4, 9.

**astrōnōmicus**, adj. of astronomy, hence Astronomicon, title of the poem of Manilius and work of Hyginus.

**astrōnōmus**, adj. as sb. m. astronomer or astrologer, Firm. Math. 5, 13 and 15.

**astrōsus**, adj. lit. full of stars, ill-starred, Isid. or. 10, 13; **2.** = lunaticus, Isid. Gloss.

**astrum**, i, n. a collection of stars, a constellation, opp. to stella a single star, as *αστρον* to *αστερ*, so that the dim. suffix denotes a collection as in seruitium, Per duodena regit mundi sol aureus astra, Verg. G. 1, 232; Ledaem a., of the constell. Gemini, Mart. 8, 21, 5; Hercules a., of Leo, 8, 55, 15; uno censetur Aqnarius astro, Maui. 2, 677; Nec refert tunc quo Phoebus decurrat in astro, 3, 315; add 3, 368 and 379; **2.** a star, chiefly in pl., astra suspeximus, cum ea quae sunt infixae certis locis, tum illa non re sed uocabulo errantia, Cic. Tusc. 1, 62; Lucifer quem Venus ante alios astrorum diligit ignis, Verg. 8, 590; fugat astra Phoebus, Hor. od. 3, 21, 24; **3.** a natal star, or plauet, as supposed to influence life, Vtrumque nostrum consentit astrum\*, Hor. od. 2, 17, 22; Seit Genius, natale comes qui temperat astrum\*, Naturae deus humanae, ep. 2, 2, 187; pars alia astro\* suo euentus adsignat, Plin. 2, 23; malo astro\* natus, Petr. 44; cf. astrologus § 2; **4.** a star as influencing crops, nullius astri\* Gregem aestuosa torret impotentia, Hor. epod. 16, 61; **5.** of a comet, Dionaci Caesaris astrum\*, Verg. B. 9, 47; **6.** of the sun, annum solis, id est, unius astri\* metiuntur, Cic. rep. 6, 24; a solis exortu ad exortum eiusdem astri, Censor. 23, 3. **7.** For astrum a star in sing. see exx. marked\*.

**Astu**, (asty) n. found only in acc. and abl. the city, i. e. Athens, an in astu uenit? Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 17; Theseus eos in astu se conferre iussit, Cic. leg. 2, 5; Xerxes accessit astu, ps. Nep. Them. 4, 1; add Alc. 6, 4; in asty Olympium architectandum suscepit, Vitruv. 7, pr. 15; in asty ducti sunt salientes, 8, 3, 6.

**astula**, see assula.

**astur**, ūris, m. gos-hawk, Firm. Math. 5, 7; hence lt. astore, Fr. autour.

**asturco**, ōnis, m. an Asturian pony, celebrated for pace of ambling, gens Asturica. Equiui generis asturcones gignunt quibus mollis alterno crurum explicatu glomeratio, Plin. 8, 166; et asturconibus et tolutariis, Sen. ep. 87, 10; = Astur equus, Mart. 14, 199; and Astyr in: Astyr. Hic paruus sonipes..., idem Aut inconcusso glomerat uestigia dorso, Ant., Sil. 3, 334; add Veget. 2, 28, 37.

**astus**, ūs, (from a lost vb. akin to Bret. gouz-out, Fr. gare, G. wahr-en, Gr. *φασ-γνα*, L. uid-eo, E. ware, wise, wit), cunning, alike in old good sense, and in modern, Nam doli non



doli sunt, nisi astu colas, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 26; Adgrediundus hic homo mi astu, Trin. 4, 2, 121; add Pers. 1, 3, 68; Poen. 5, 4, 53; Epid. 4, 1, 19; si astu rem tractavit, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 2; add Andr. 1, 3, 3; Satin astu et fallendo callet, Acc. ap. Nou. 258, 5; astu aggredi, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 133 M; Consilio uersare dolos ingressus et astu, Verg. 11, 704; add 10, 522; Punico astu, Liv. 35, 14, 12; astu adgredi, Tac. an. 2, 64; **2.** so far only in abl., but: astus hostium in perniciem ipsis uertebat, Tac. an. 2, 20, 1; machinamenta et astus oppugnationum, 12, 45; Non ars aut astus belli uel dextera dērat, Sil. 16, 32; exequar astus Soligenae, Val. F. 5, 222; firmare animos ad insidiarum astus, Gell. 11, 18, 17.

**astūtia**, ae, f. cunning, as a quality, shrewdness, fateor...fallaciis abiisse eum aps te, mēa opera atque astutia, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 21; ferae Quibus abest ad praecauendum intellegendi astutia, Pacuv. ap. Cic. fin. 5, 31; nunc opust tua Mihi ad hanc rem exprompta malitia atque astutia, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 8; add Haut. 4, 3, 32; Quod si aut confidens astutia aut callida esset audacia, uix ullo obstisti modo posset, Cic. Clu. 183; add fam. 3, 10, 9; **2.** a bit of cunning, a trick, Occisast haec res, nisi mihi atrocem reperio aliquam astutiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 7; est nobis spes in hac astutia, 2, 1, 53; add 3, 15; Epid. 3, 2, 27; **3.** hence in plur., Tace, Dum in regionem astutiarum mearum te induco, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 78; add Epid. 3, 2, 39; hem, astutias, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 25; aliter leges, aliter philosophi tollunt astutias, Cic. off. 3, 68.

**astūtūlus**, adj. dim. cunning, anus, Apul. M. 6, 27.

**astutus**, (: astus :: cornutus :: cornu) quasi-part. well stocked with cunning, cunning, Ad eam rem usust homiue astuto docto seito callido, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 151; ego me non tam astutum, neque ita perspicacem esse id scio, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 1; sin me astutum et occultum lubet fingere, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8; si qui me astutiorem\* fingit, 3, 8, 6; uiri uersuti obscuro astuti fallacis malitiosi callidi ueteratoris uafri, off. 3, 57; pro bene sano Ae non incauto fictum astutum uocamus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 62; **2.** so far of persons...also w. abstract nouns, Nec fallaciam astutiorem\* ullis fecit poeta, Pl. Cas. 5, 1, 7; astutus fallacis, Truc. 4, 4, 39; ratio, Cic. Verr. 1, 33; consilium, Gell. 5, 10, 7; astutissima calliditas, Augustin. C. D. 21, 6; **3.** for comp. see \* above; II **4.** astute adv. cunningly, te commentum nimis astute, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 96; add Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 3; Cic. Att. 10, 6, 1; astutius, Varr. l. 10, 2, p. 551 Sp.; astutissime, Laet. 1, 22.

**āsyla**, ae, adj. as sb. a kind of chickweed, in Linn. oculis ferus, Plin. 25, 145.

**āsylum**, (ασυλος inuolate) adj. n. as sb. a sanctuary, asylum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 85; Liv. 1, 8, 5; Verg. 2, 761; 8, 342; Tac. an. 3, 60; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 17, 12.

**āsymbōlus**, adj. without paying one's quota, scot free, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 25; Gell. 7 (6), 13, 2.

**āsyndēton**, (not joined together) adj. n. as sb. a term of rhetoric, for conjunctions omitted, Diom. 445, 5 K; Donat. 399, 8; Pomp. 264, 23.

**āt**, older ast\*, conj. [prob. of pron. origin; see below] Charisius 229, 30 K, relying on old glosses makes it = atque, ae, ergo, sed (cf. § 10), tamen (cf. § 4), tum (cf. § 3), cum (cf. § 1)—wh. order prob. should be reversed, as **1.** if, in case that, ast\* quando (if at any time) duellum grauius, discordiae ciuium escunt, oenus ne amplius sex menses...idem iuris quod dno consules teneto, lex ap. Cic. leg. 3, 9; ast\* quando consules..., ib.; ast\* potestas par maioris prohibessit, perscripta seruato, 3, 10; ast\* quid erit..., ib.; ast quid turbassit..., 3, 11; si imperator Titus Caesar Vespasianus...et Caesar Diui filius Domitianus...uient..., ast\* tu (ea ita fatis, tunc tibi bubus auratis duobus uouemus esse futurum, inser. Or. 2269; to this use cum in Charisius above prob. refers; cf. G. wenn if; and conversely Lat. si in sense of when; **2.** to add a second condition to a preceding si, if at the same time, if farther, si parent(e)m puer uerberit, ast\* olle plorassit, puer diuis parentum sacer esto, lex Serv. ap. Fest. s. v. plorare, p. 230 l. 15 M; Si ego hic peribo, ast\* ille ut dixit non redit, At (then) erit mihi hoc factum mortno memorabile, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 25; but in these two cases ast has perh., like at § 10, the meaning but,

on the other hand; **3.** in correlation to si, in that case, then, Bellona, si hodie nobis uictoriam diuis, ast\* ego tibi templum uoueo, App. ap. Liv. 10, 19, 17; (si) cui auro dentes uincti esunt (escunt?), ast\* im cum illo sepelirei ureiue se fraude esto, lex ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60; si tua re subita consilia torpent, at tu mea sequere, Liv. 1, 41, 3; si plebeicae leges displicerent, at illi commuiter legum latores...sincent creari, 3, 31, 7; quod si nihil cum potetiore iuris humaui relinquitur inopi, at ego ad deos uindices superbiae confugi-am, 9, 1, 8; sin collega quid aliud mallet, at sibi L. Volumnum darent adiutorem, 10, 26, 3; add 3, 56, 12; se nero negare illi missuros. Tum Pinarius: at (in that case) illi si ad consulem grauaruntur mittere, sibi saltem darent populi concilium, 24, 37, 11; Sin duram metes hiemem parcesque futuro... At suffire thymo cerasque recidere inanis Quis dubitet? Verg. G. 4, 241; for this double use of ast (at) for if and so, cf. the double use of si for if and so and the use of sic w. si in: sic ignouisse putato Me tibi si cenas mceum, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 69; also double use in same way of so in old Germ.; also the equivalence of qua es temperantia aud ea es t.; **4.** still w. prec. si clause, even in that case, with all that, even then, still, yet, Si me derides, at pol illum non potes, Patrem meum, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 46; Si illi sunt uirgae ruri, at mihi tergum domist, Bac. 2, 3, 131; si ego digna hac contumelia Sum maxime, at tu indignus qui faceres tamen, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 27; nam si a me regnum Fortuna atque opes Eripere quuiat, at uirtutem non quuit, Acc. 620 R; si uon propuquitatis, at aetatis suae; si non hominis, at humanitatis rationem haberet, Cic. Quinct. 97; si mihi bona re publica non licuerit, at carebo mala, Mil. 93; add Verr. 2, 3, 122 and 195; 2, 5, 69; Flac 61; si pars aliqua circumnenta ceciderit, at reliquos seruari posse, Caes. b. g. 6, 40, 2; si tu oblitus es, at dii meminere, at meminist Fides, Catul. 30, 11; si uos urbis Quirites, si uestra nulla cura tangit, at uos nremini deos uestros ab hostibus captos, Liv. 3, 17, 3; Si genus humanum et mortalia temuitis arma, At sperate..., Verg. 1, 543; add 6, 406; **5.** after a concession an objection made or anticipated, still, it may be but, true but, Parum succedit quod ago: at facio sedulo, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 55; non placet M. Antonio consulatus meus: at placuit P. Seruilio, Cic. Phil. 2, 12; non cognoscebantur foris; at domi; uon ab alienis, at a suis, acad. pr. 2, 56; non est inquit iu parietibus res publica: at in aris et focis; fecit idem Themistocles: at idem Pericles non fecit, Att. 7, 11, 3; add fam. 6, 6, 10; **6.** hence often in reply, it may be but, true but; just so bnt, S. Equidem tibi do hanc operam. P. At nimium pretiosa's operaria, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 41; B. Vetulae sunt minae ambae. S. At bonas fuisse credo, 5, 2, 10; Th. Non edepol nideo. Tr. At ego uideo eam inter noliturios duos, Most. 3, 2, 148; **7.** often w. diceo or inquires expressed or understood, freq. strengthened by enim, at enim Q. Catulus itemque Q. Hortensius ab hae ratione dissentiunt, Cic. Man. 51; at enim istum Siculi soli persequuntur: ciues Romani qui in Sicilia negotiantur, defendunt, Verr. 2, 2, 15; add N. D. 3, 26; fin. 2, 78; inv. 2, 52; Phil. 2, 21 (bis); sen. 68 (bis); **8.** a speaker may make his own suggestion as a question, and reply to it with an at, very good if possible but, Quid faciat Hortensius? Auaritiaene crimina frugalitatis laudibus deprecetur? At... An...? At... Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 192; per scuatumne? Ast\* tute..., Att. 3, 15, 6; add Cat. 1, 28; Verr. 2, 1, 143 (bis); quid tandem te impedit? Mosne maiorum? At..., in Cat. 1, 28; quid ita? ne uitiosum opus fieret? at erat probatio tua: ne parum locupes esset? at erat, Verr. 2, 1, 143; add 2, 2, 192; an quia lex Porcia uetat? At aliae leges condemnatis cinibus uou animam eripi, sed exilium permitti inbeut, Sall. Cat. 51, 22; **9.** at times repeated with great force, si non uirtute, non industria, non innocentia, non pudore, non pudicitia, at sermone, at litteris, at humanitate eius delectamini, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 8; decedens Caellum praeposui prociuae. Puerum inquis. At quaestorem, at nobilem adolescentem, at omnium fere exemplo, fam. 2, 15, 4; Si... ueneno, At secura quies..., at latius otia fundis..., at frigida Tempe...non absunt, Verg. G. 2, 467; male laxus In pede calceus haeret; at est bonus..., at tibi amicus, at ingenium ingens Inculco latet hoc sub corpore, Hor. s. 1, 3, 32;



**10.** gen. but in oppos. to what precedes, diuos qui caelestes semper habiti, colunt...; ast olla propter quae datur homini ascensus in caelum, Mentem Virtutem...earumque (d. qne) delubra sunt, lex ap. Cic. leg. 2, 19; bene nelle illud nisus sum, Ast\* non habere quoi commendarem capram, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 22; but Trin. 1, 2, 37 dnb.; Hinc Remus.... At Romulus pulcer in alto Quaeert Aucntino, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; (Aether) splendet saepe, ast\* idem nimbis interdum nigret, Aoc. 260 R; tu crebras a nobis litteras expecta: ast\* plures etiam ipse mittito, Att. 1, 16, 17; hoc tu indaga ut soles: ast\* hoc magis..., ib. 6, 5, 2; cominus gladii pugnatum est. At Germani..., Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 4; se ad suos receperunt, at interiores..., 7, 82, 3; Me famulo famulamque Heleno transmisit habendam: Ast\* illum..., Verg. 3, 330; Rusticus expectat dum defuatur amnis: at ille Labitur..., Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; Dilectaque diu caruit deus Orithyia...ast\* ubi..., Ov. M. 6, 685; **11.** hence used in transitions, esp. by Lucr. as: at conlectus, 4.414; at maris 436; at si 447; add 998, 1007, 1165 etc. (see Munro); **12.** often strengthened with adverbs as certe, Catul. 65, 11; Cic. Marc. 25; Prop. 2, 16, 35; contra, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 66; Lucr. 1, 366; 570; 1087; 2, 235; Sal. Cat. 12, 5; Ov. a. a. 2, 604; potius, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 44; uero, Cic. Phil. 2, 38; N. D. 3, 87; fin. 1, 33; off. 2, 70 and 81; Verr. 2, 5, 42; Att. 5, 11, 1; quidem, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 22; Mil. 3, 1, 56; saltem, Merc. 3, 4, 52; enim, Ps. 2, 2, 46; Poen. 5, 4, 26; Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 2; Haut. 1, 1, 20; Cic. Caecil. 15; Manil. 51; Sal. Cat. 51, 25; Liv. 6, 15, 11; 34, 32, 13; pol. Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 215; As. 2, 2, 34; 4, 2, 14; edepol, Poen. 3, 1, 68; 5, 4, 47; tamen, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; Ov. her. 1, 2; **13.** in questions of indignation or alarm, what? esp. w. etiam (perh. of diff. origin), At (so vss) etiam maledicis? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 149; at etiam furcifer Male loqui me audes? Capt. 3, 4, 31; add Rud. 3, 4, 6; at etiam rogas, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 23; At o deorum quidquid in caelo regit Terras et humanum genus, Quid iste fert tumultus? Hor. epod. 5, 1; **14.** in prayers of cursing or blessing, oh that, at te Iuppiter Dique omnes perdant, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 37; At tibi di semper adulescens, quisquis es, faciant bene, Men. 5, 7, 32; add Pers. 5, 3, 18; Quid ais scelus? At tibi di dignum factis exitium duint, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 42; At te di perdant, Eun. 3, 1, 41; add Hec. 1, 2, 59; At tibi pro scelere exclamat, pro talibus ausis Di...Persoluant grates dignas, Verg. 2, 535; add Hor. s. 2, 2, 40; **15.** in the exclam. at quem uirum! aye and what a man! Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 20; Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; **16.** in second place only in poets: Saepius at si me..., Verg. B. 7, 67; Mentior at si quid, Hor. s. 1, 8, 37; Gramineis ast\* inde toris..., Val. Fl. 8, 255; Maior at inde..., Stat. Th. 4, 116; but Pl. Most. 3, 2, 31 hercle at is a bad cj.; Merc. 2, 4, 19 is corrupt; in Prop. 1, 6, 22 Lachm. reads: semper et armatae; **17.** in Catul. 45, 10 we should perh. read Ast Acme or at Acme; **18.** ast is limited to old writings, Cicero's letters and poets, as: Ast\* (if?) autem tenui quae candet lumine Phatnae, Cic. progn. 160; Ast\* illum..., Verg. 3, 330; Ast\* ego, Hor. epod. 15, 24; add s. 1, 6, 125\*; 1, 8, 6\*; Ast\* ubi..., Ov. M. 6, 685.

**Atānius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Atani(us) C. f., CIL 1234. **atat**, see **attat**.

**ātāuia**, (: atauos : auia : auos) ae. f., mother of grt-grt-grandfather or of a grt-grt-grandmother, quinto gradu sunt supra atauos atauia; infra adnepos adneptis, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 7; add Paul. 38, 10, 10, 16.

**ātāuos**, (-us) i, m. father of a grt-grt-grandfather, or of a grt-grt-grandmother, see atauia, Patrē auos proauos abauos ātāuos tritauos, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 5; **2.** at times for abauos, non auom proauom atauom audieras consules fuisse, Cic. Cael. 34; duces fuere T. C. A. quorum (Hercules) atauos fuerat, Vell. 1, 2, 1; there editors cj. abauos (stemma, says Voss, hoc est Aristomachus pater, Cleodaeus auus, Hyllus proauus, Hercules abauus); **3.** gen. for a distant ancestor, ueteres illi Sabini Quirites atauique Romani, Colm. 1 pr. 19; Turnus auis ātāuisque potens, Verg. 7, 56; add 7, 474; Hor. od. 1, 1, 1.

**Ateius**, a cognomen, C. Vin. C. ATEI cos. (consuls u. c. 758) CIL 750 and 751; Gaius Ateius, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 44; Capito Ateius, Tac. an. 3, 75.

**Ātella**, ae. f. dim. of Atina, an ancient town of the Osci, a colonia, agrim. 230, 1 Lachm.; Cic. agr. 2, 86; Iamque Atella suas..., Sil. 11, 14; add Suet. Tib. 75.

**Ātēllānicus**, (Atellana) adj. of an Atellan farce, exodium, Suet. Tib. 45; uersus, Petr. 68.

**Ātēllāniola**, sc. fabula, a little Atellan farce, M. Aurel. Frontoni, 2, 10 p. 34 Naber.

**Ātēllānius**, adj. of an Atellan farce, uersus, Cic. div. 2, 25; ars, Maer. s. 1, 10, 3; fabula, Gell. 12, 10, 7; **2.** Atellania as sb. f. (sc. fabula) an Atellan farce, Maer. s. 1, 4, 22; 6, 4, 13; Gell. 17, 2, 8.

**Ātēllānus**, adj. of Atella, municipium, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 14, 3; fam. 13, 7, 1; Atellanam Capuae habitantem, Liv. 26, 33, 8; add Plin. 3, 63; **2.** esp. A. fabula, a low farce, A. fabella, Liv. 7, 2, 11; **3.** Atellana, ae. absol. the same, secundum Oenomaum Accii non Atellanam introduxisti sed ..., Cic. fam. 9, 16, 7; actores Atellanarum, Liv. 7, 2, 12; Vrbicus exodio risum mouet Atellānae, Iuv. 6, 71; Atellanae poetam, Suet. Cal. 27; add Ner. 39; **4.** Atellanus as sb. m. an actor in an Atellan farce, Atellanis notissimum canticum exorsis, Suet. Galb. 13.

**ātēnim**, conj. see at § 7.

**āter**, ātra, ātrum, adj. black, as opp. to albus\*, Album an atrum\* unum potas? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 17; add Rud. 4, 3, 61; Cato r. 157, 9; sanguis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; ficus, Cato r. 8, 1; caprae, Cato ap. Char. 102, 9 K; panis, Ter. Enn. 5, 4, 17; canis, Ph. 4, 4, 25; fauces atrae sanguine, Lucr. 6, 1147; luminibus amissis alba discernere et atra\* nou poterat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; bilis, 3, 11; uix Q. fr. 2, 13, 1; tempestas, Lucr. 6, 258; Verg. 5, 693; serpens, G. 1, 129; nubes, Hor. od. 2, 16, 2; mare, s. 2, 2, 16; Hadriae sinus, od. 3, 27, 19; uox, epod. 10, 9; uiperac, od. 3, 4, 17; dens, epod. 8, 3; sequar atris ignibus, Verg. 4, 384; atro Lumine fumantis...taedas, 7, 456, i. e. w. black smoke; so ater odor, 12, 591; **2.** of persons, Iam pol ego illam pugnis totam faciam uti sit merulea: Ita replebo atritate, atrior multo ut siet Quam Aegyptiæ, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 11; Meridie ipso faciam ut stipulam colligat: Tam excoctam reddam atque atram quam carbo est, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 63; is qui albus aterne\* fuerit ignoras, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; filius ater (Mennou), Ov. am. 1, 13, 33; **3.** black as symbol of mourning, Ploratus mortis comites et funeris atri, Lucr. 2, 580; ficus prima calorque Dissignatorem decorat lictoribus atris, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 6; **4.** met. formido, Lucr. 6, 254; Timor (personified), Verg. 9, 719; Cura, Hor. od. 3, 1, 40; Mors, od. 1, 28, 13; uersus, ep. 1, 19, 30; **5.** esp. atri dies days of ill omen, dies postridie Kalendas Nonas Idus appellati atri, quod per eos dies (nihil) noui iuciperent, Varr. 1, 6, 4; hodiester ater dies, Afran. ap. Nou. 73, 32; si atro die faxit insciens, probe factum esto, in a 'rogatio' ap. Liv. 22, 10, 4; add Verr. Flac. ap. Gell. 5, 17, 1; Maer. s. 1, 15, 22; 1, 16, 21; **6.** ater dens of envy, si quis atro dente me petierit, Hor. epod. 6, 15; **7.** atrum olus Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 25 = olus atrum, Smyrium o. Linn.

**ātērāmōn**, (not soft) adj. as sb. n. a plant near Philippi so-called, Plin. 18, 155.

**Aternensis**, adj. of Aternum, agrim. 226, 13 Lachm.; 253, 15.

**Aternius**, adj. or sb. a gens, A. Aternius Varus, fast. cons. a. u. c. 300; Liv. 3, 31, 5; Plin. 7, 101; **2.** lex Aternia, by which fines in sheep and oxen were commuted for money, Gell. 11, 1, 2.

**Aternus**, a river falling into the Adriatic, now Pescara, Plin. 3, 44; also 106 and 110.

**Athamanticum**, meum, a plant, Plin. 20, 253.

**athanuuium**, ii, n. poculi fiticilis genus quo utebantur sacerdotēs, Paul. ex F. p. 18 m.

**Āthēnaeum**, i, n. a temple of Athens at Athens, Lampr. Sev. 35, 2; **2.** at Rome, Capitol. Pert. 11, 3; id. Gord. 3, 4.

**āthera**, ae, an Egyptian uame for a medicine made from rye, Plin. 22, 121.

**ātherōma**, atis, n. a tumor full of matter, like porridge, ἀθηρη (ἀθάρρα), Veg. vet. 2, 30, 1.

**āthlēta**, ae, m. an athlete, Cic. sen. 27; Tusc. 2, 56; or. 228; Liv. 39, 22, 2; Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4; **2.** met.



comitorum, Varr. r. 3, 5, 18; pecunarius, 2, 1, 2; Cels. 1, 2 (15, 7 Dar.); Plin. 11, 283; 23, 121.

**athlēticus**, adj. of an athlete, uictus 4, 13 (6), f.; ars, Gell. 15, 16, 2; 2. *athletica* abs. the science of an athlete, gymnastics, Plin. 7, 205; 2. *adv. athleticæ*, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 14.

**athlōn**, i, n. a prize for the victor in a contest, eum (sc. taurum) ad Priamum adducere qui uicisset ludis, Hygin. fab. 91; 2. *athla*, labours, in a contest, Petr. 57; Hyg. fab. 30; Manil. 3, 162 etc.

**Atiedius**, a gens, CIL 182; 1167.

**Atiliānus**, adj. of Atilius, *praedia*, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2; uirtus, Val. M. 4, 4, 6; tntor, assigned under the *lex Atilia*, Gai. 1, 194.

**Atilius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Sex. Atilius M. f. Saranus CIL 549; Cesula Atilia 168; Atinius Calatinus, Cic. N.D. 2, 61; L. Atilius tribuus plebis ex auctoritate senatus in haec uerba rogauit..., Liv. 26, 33, 12; 2. *lex Atilia de dediticiis*, the law then passed (210 B.C.); 3. another *lex A.* for assigning a guardian, Gai. 1, 185.

**Atina**, ae, f. a city of Latium, a praefectura in Cicero's time, aft. a colonia, Vrbes Tela nouant Atinā Tiburque superbum, Verg. 7, 630; A. muro ducta colonia. Deduxit Nero Claudius, agrim. 230, 4 Lachm.

**Atinas**, ātis, adj. of Atina, e praefectura Atinati, Cic. Planc. 19; inser. Or. 130, 140 etc.

**Atinius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. Atinius Nicepor, CIL 1028; C. Atinius Labeo, Plin. 7, 143; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 109; 2. *lex Atinia*, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 4, 6; Iulian. 41, 3, 33; Paul. 50, 16, 215; Atinium plebiscitum, Gell. 14, 8, 2; 3. *Atinia nlmus*, a kind of elm, Colum. 5, 6, 2 and 9; Plin. 16, 72 and 108.

**Atistius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Atistia CIL 1016.

**atizoe**, es, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**Atlantigēna**, ae, m. f. born of Atlas, anthol. Burm. 2, 364.

**atlantion**, ii, n. the highest of the cervical vertebrae, the atlas, Plin. 28, 90.

**ātōcium**, (τοκος) adj. n. as sb. collective antidotes for maternity, ex omni atocio, Plin. 29, 85.

**ātōmos**, (inuisibilis) adj. as sb. f. an atom, atomos quas appellat, Cic. fin. 1, 17; de ipsa atomo, fat. 24; add N.D. 1, 54; Vitr. 2, 2, 1.

**atque**, (ac) conj. [ad, que] and in addition, and what is more, *aye and, nay*, C. Nam istio fortasse aurost opus. P. Filipeo (so BCD) quidem. C. Atque eo fortasse iam opust, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 43; Duas hic intus esse Bacchides... atque ambas sorores, 3, 6, 40; N. Numquam auferes hinc aurum. C. Atqui iam dabis, N. Dabo? C. Atque orabis me quidem ultro ut auferam, 4, 7, 27; quadringentos (pron. carnig.) filios habet atque omnis lectos sine probro, 4, 9, 50; At pol ego etsi notet, Edim atque ambabus malis expletis uorem, Trin. 2, 4, 74; soluite, istum nunciam, Atque utrumque, Capt. 2, 2, 16; fratre meo atque eodem propinquo suo interfecto, Sal. Iug. 14, 11; 2. hence the freq. phrase—*aye and on second thoughts both*; add Men. 1, 3, 26 and 30; Faciam boni tibi aliquid pro ista re ac lubens, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 15; add Eun. 3, 5, 43; oro atque o(bsecro), CIL 1008, 12; rem difficilem di immortalis atque omnium difficillimam, Cic. or. 52; hebeti ingenio atque nullo, Tusc. 5, 45; habetis consulem ex plurimis periculis et insidiis atque ex media morte ad salutem nestrām reseruatam, in Cat. 4, 18; magna dis immortalibus habenda est, atque huic ipsi Ioui Statori gratia, quod..., 1, 11; in unum atque angustum locum tela iaciebant, Caes. b.c. 1, 50, 2; intra moenia atque in siuu urbis, Sal. Cat. 52, 35; locus erat arduus atque in parte uia praecipuus, Liv. 10, 9, 8; reliquias Danaum atque inmitis Achilli, Verg. 1, 30;

3. often w. is and its advv. or idem, negotium magnum est nauigare atque id mense Quinctili, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 1; ut huic uix tantulae epistolae tempus habuerim atque id ereptum e summis occupationibus, 1, 14, 1; duabus missis subsidio cohortibus atque his primis legionum duarum, Caes. b.g. 5, 15, 4; maximis defixis tribubus atque eis praecautis, b.c. 1, 27, 4; atque haud scio (sciam) an...

Cic. am. 51; Att. 9, 15, 1; Liv. 21, 43, 2; Quint. 10, 7, 28; ac nescio an..., Cato orig. 23, 7 1; 4. often in answer

of more than assent, *yes and*, P. Ecquid antem homo habet acetii in pectore? C. Atque acidissimi, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 4, 49; C. e caelo. S. Atque e medio quidem, Trin. 4, 2, 99; C. habent tu id aurum...? S. Atque etiam Philippum..., 4, 2, 123; T. hic eius geminus frater. D. Hicinet? T. ac geminissimus, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 49; add Bac. 3, 6, 9; Mil. 2, 3, 66; 2, 4, 15; P. cognoscitne? C. Ac memoriter, Ter. Eun. 5, 3, 6; add And. 2, 1, 37; 5. hence the necessity of repeating the preposition in a *luculenta atque a festiua femina*, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 12; *innoxium abs te atque abs tuis*, Aul. 2, 2, 44; in pectore atque in corde, Merc. 3, 4, 3; At ego ex te exquiro atque ex istac, St. 1, 2, 54; In amicitiam atque in gratiam conuortimus, 3, 1, 13; add Trin. 4, 2, 14; in maximum decus atque in excelsissimam claritudinem sublimauit, Cato orig. 15, 1 1; add 69, 1 and 2; (but not repeated in 41, 8; 45, 10); dignitatem tuam in uirtute atque in rebns gestis tuis atque in tua grauitate positam, Cic. fam. 1, 5, 4; add Verr. 2, 3, 189; Phil. 11, 8; Top. 64; Per sucophantiam atque per doctos dolos, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 113; In labore atque in dolore, 2, 3, 20; 6. w. verb in different tenses, quid illos opinamini animi habuisse atque habituros dum uiuerent? Cato orat. 42, 2; hence too often strengthened as with *adeo*, as: *Atque adeo (audin?) dicitio docte et cordate*, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 96; add 2, 2, 9; Merc. 3, 4, 71; Ps. 1, 2, 57; 1, 3, 57; Men. pr. 8; Truc. 2, 4, 6; Atque adeo in ipso tempore eecum ipsum obuiam, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 52; add 5, 6, 13; Eun. 5, 4, 42; tunc etiam atque adeo uos geminae uoragine rei publicae, uos meam fortunam deprimitis? Cic. Pis. 41; add in. Cat. 1, 5, 1, 9; Caecil. 68; Liv. 10, 9; 7. w. *potius*, *nay rather*, *omni officio ac potius pietati satisfacio*, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 1; si quid in te peccaui ac potius quoniam peccaui, ignosce, Att. 3, 15, 4; Omnia si pergas uiuendo uincere saecula; Atque etiam potius si numquam sis moriturus, Lucr. 3, 949; ab hisce rebns cogitationem tuam auoca atque ea potius remiiscere quae..., Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 5; 8. often w. *preced. neg.*, but rather, *nay*, nunquam sententias de maibus iudicium ui extorsimus, ac potius placatis eorum animis... acceptimus, Cic. or. 2, 74; uec uero imperia expectanda ac potius..., off. 1, 68; nihil acerbum nihil crudele atque omnia plena clementiae mansuetudinis humanitatis, ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; add leg. 1, 18; nemon ut auarus Se probet ac potius laudet diuersa sequentes, Hor. s. 1, 1, 109; 9. w. *etiam*, *atque etiam hoc praedico tibi*, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 21; Atque etiam habeto mulierem dono tibi, Ps. 4, 6, 12; add 4, 7, 125; Atque etiam nunc tempus est, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 13; add Ad. 4, 5, 28; 2, 2, 1; atque etiam in rebns prosperis..., Cic. off. 1, 90; add 1, 91; 1, 106; or. 2, 251; or. 139; N.D. 2, 30; Sal. Cat. 52, 26; Ing. 85, 21; Liv. 3, 46, 9; 10, 5, 14; 44, 22, 8; 10. w. *quoque*, C. Verberauisti patrem atque matrem. B. Atque occidi quoque, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 133; add Amph. prol. 30; atque ex hoc quoque intellegi poterit..., Cic. N.D. 2, 32; ac lumbricos quoque... Cels. 2, 3, f.; ac sanguinem quoque..., 3, 6, p. 37, 31 D.; atque id quoque malum..., 5, 28, 3; ac de iis quoque leguminibus quae..., Colum. 2, 13 (14), 3;

11. w. *tamen*, Cato orig. 23, 12; Cic. fin. 2, 85; off. 3, 118; rep. 1, 12; or. 3, 35; prov. cons. 16; Tac. an. 3, 29;

12. w. *quidem*, ubi arma sunt Stratippocli? Pol illa ad hostes transfugerunt. Armane? Atque quidem cito, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 28; add Trin. 3, 1, 10; Cic. leg. 2, 12;

13. w. *insuper* or *super*, atque adiuret insuper, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 8; ac super quoque recte quaedam malagmata iniiciuntur, Cels. 4, 17 (10) f.;

14. w. *non*, decipiam ac non ueniam, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 6; Niumum inter uos Demea, ac (so all mss but A) Non quia ades praesens dico hoc perminum interest, Ad. 3, 3, 39;

paruam controuersiam dicis ac non eam que dirimat omnia, Cic. leg. 1, 54; Rosc. Am. 92; Att. 1, 16, 4; agr. 2, 101; Liv. 7, 3, 9; 8, 27, 2; atque non preferred by Plin., as: 7, 94; 22, 108; 27, 78; 31, 74;

15. w. a repeated word, *iterum atque iterum*, Cato orat. 36, 5; alio atque alio elata uerbo, Cic. or. 72; alio atque alio loco requies-



cere, Sal. Iug. 72, 2; alia atque alia appetendo loca, Liv. 1, 8, 4; add 2, 11, 2; 8, 23, 17; 22, 15, 7; so w. etiam, Vide Fides etiam atque etiam nunc saluum ut aulam abs te auferam, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 7; multa sibi etiam atque etiam esse discenda, Cic. Tusc. 3, 69; add fam. 13, 5 f.; Quare etiam atque etiam sunt nenti corpora caeca, Lucr. 1, 295; add Liv. 22, 1, 3, 4; 38, 9, 1; 41, 19, 6; Hor. ep. 1, 18, 76; **16.** w. opposed words, nobiles atque ignobiles, Sal. Cat. 20, 7; honesta atque inhonesta, 30, 4; bello ac pace, Liv. 6, 41, 4; caloris ac frigoris, 21, 4, 6; ubi bellum ingruat, innocentes ac noxios iuxta cadere, Tac. an. 1, 48; **17.** w. vb. of special actio after gen. vb. of going, Fures uenisse atque abstulisse dicit, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 19; Heus Staphila prodi atque ostium aperi, 2, 6, 1; add 4, 4, 32; 4, 6, 12; 5, 9; **18.** at times after a neg., often to be translated by but or nay, Verum si incipies neque pendentes nauiter. Atque...ultra ad eam uenies, indicans. Te amare... actumst, ilicet, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 7; ne pulchrum se putaret atque aliquid ipse sua sponte loqueretur, Cic. Mur. 26; barbari nihil remittere, atque noctem pro se rati, acrius instare, Sal. Iug. 98, 2; **19.** often of a sudden discovery of one just talked about, atque eecum uideo..., Pl. Curc. 3, 85; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 48; Eunu. 3, 2, 2; Hec. 4, 1, 8; **20.** so in old writers and in poets, in an apodosis, of a sudden start, why look, forthwith, Dum circumspecto atque ego lembum conspicio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 45; Quom eum (sc. senatum) conuocauit atque illi me ex senatu segregant, Most. 5, 1, 9; Quom ad portam uenio, atque ego illum illic uideo praestolari, Epid. 2, 2, 33; to this some refer, atque illum abstrahat, Merc. 2, 3, 19; Atque illum in praeceptis...Verg. G. 1, 203; atque ille praeceptis... Liv. 26, 39, 16; atque omnes..., Stat. Th. 2, 26; and, what is without authority, atque eat in Cic. leg. 2, 9; **21.** hence in Digests statim atque, the moment that, quamuis statim atque intercessit mulier, competierat, Paul. 16, 1, 24, 3; iudici statim atque iudex factus est omnium rerum officium incumbit, Ulp. 21, 1, 25, 8; **II 22.** in comparisons the two objects are often united by atque, as: Per deos atque homines, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 69; add Trin. 2, 4, 119; Cic. leg. 1, 23; caelum atque terras tuentis, 2, 9; add Enn. tr. 292 V; Diuertunt mores uirgini longe ac lupae, Epid. 3, 3, 22; Aequo mendicis atque ille opulentissimus Censetur censu ad Acheruntum mortuos, Trin. 2, 4, 92; Aequo amicitiam atque inimicitiam in frontem promptam gero, Enn. tr. 8 V; Timeo ne aliquid credam atque aliud nuuties, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 4—that I am believing one thing and you reporting another, that I believe something different from what you report; litteris Graecis atque Latinis iuxta... eruditus, Sal. Iug. 95, 3; uir pariter patribus ac plebi carus, Liv. 2, 33, 10; per iuxta inuia ac deuia assueti decurrunt, 21, 33, 4; so far the objects of comparison are brought close together and symmetrical in gram. constr. and in order; and in this case que and et might be used; but atque is not so limited; hence: **23.** gen. in comparisons, as, than, from, esp. w. aequus aequae, par pariter, similis similiter; quam ego fabulam aequae ac me ipsum amo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 36; add Aul. 2, 4, 18; si parem hic sapientiam habet ac formam, Mil. 4, 6, 36; add Men. 5, 1, 52; Amph. 4, 1, 11; Haut consimili ingenio atque ille est, Bac. 3, 3, 50; Eundem animum oportet nunc mihi esse... Atque olim, Most. 1, 3, 64; Nam opulenti cum locunter pariter atque ignobiles..., Enn. tr. 230; miser aequae atque ego, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 19; add Ph. 4, 1, 15; Pariter nunc opera me adiues ac re dudum opitulata es, 5, 3, 3; at hi locunter aequae atque illi, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; add am. 22; div. 1, 45; Sull. 51; neque mihi par ratio cum Lucilio est ac tecum fuit, N. D. 3, 3; neque uero illum similiter atque ipse erau commotum esse uidi, Cic. Phil. 3, 9; add Rab. perd. 14; agr. 1, 13; quos in parem iuris conditionem atque ipsi erant receperunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 28 f.; add 5, 13; modo ne in aequo hostes apud uos sint ac nos socii, Liv. 39, 37, 14; similem pauorem fore ac bello Gallico fuerit, 6, 28, 6; **24.** and w. pronom. words, as: ita, idem, item, totidem, talis, ita ius dicit... ac si\* is confessus esset, CIL 205, 2, 46; in hanc

(causam) argumentationes ex iisdem locis sumendae sunt atque in causam negotialem, Cic. inv. 2, 70; analogiae non item ea definienda quae dirigitur ad naturam uerborum atque illa quae ad usum loquendi, Varr. l. 10, 4, p. 586 Sp.; add 9, 40 f.; ut cum totidem nauibus atque erat profectus Athenas rediret, ps. Nep. Milt. 7, 4; Faxo tali eum macatum atque licet sit infortunio, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 39; houos tali populi Romani uoluntate paucis est delatus ac mihi, Cic. Vatin. 10; **25.** so w. advv. such as iuxta, proxime, siremps, simul, qui me omnibus rebus iuxta ac si meus frater esset sustentauit, Cic. post red. in sen. 20; absentium bona iuxta atque interemptorum diuisui fuere, Liv. 1, 54, 9; non possum ego aut proxime atque ille aut etiam aequae laborare, Cic. fam. 9, 13, 2; s(i)remps) caussa esto atque uti\* esset sei..., CIL 205, 2, 10 and 40; **26.** w. simul, as soon as, at the same time that, simul ac mihi collibitum est, Cic. N. D. 1, 108; simul atque se inflexit in dominatum iniustiore, rep. 2, 43; add Verr. 2, 1, 34; simul atque de Caesaris aduentu cognitum est, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 3; Quam simul ac tali persensit peste teneri, Verg. 4, 90; **27.** w. alius and its advv., than, from; alio tu modo Me uerberare atque ego te soleo cogitas, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 59; alio illi sunt ingenio atque tu, 4, 7, 35; Alium esse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; neue aliorum atque ego feci acceperit, Eun. 1, 2, 2; in republica non alius essem atque nunc sum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21; quod in aliis rebus aliusque sententis uersaris atque ille, leg. 2, 17; add acad. pr. 2, 15 and 101; or. 237; Att. 16, 13, 1; Tusc. 3, 73; Verr. 2, 1, 119; louge aliam esse uauigatioem in concluso mari atque in uastissimo Oceano, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 7; alio loco alio tempore atque oportuerit renuntiatum, 7, 33, 3; **28.** w. contrarius and contra, qui uersantur retro contrario motu atque caelum, Cic. rep. 6, 17; contrarium decernebat ac paulo ante dederat, Verr. 2, 1, 120; contra atque in ceteris causis fieri solet, Phil. 69; cum contra ac Deiotarus sensit uictoria diiudicari, Phil. 11, 34; **29.** w. perinde (=por-inde) or proinde and pro eo, ita ius dicit proinde atque sei\* satis datum esset, CIL 205, 1, 17; (but in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 33 proinde ut merere in A, as usual with him); proinde habeo ac si\* scripsisses nihil esse, Cic. Att. 3, 13, 1; perinde ac si\* in hanc formulam omnia officia conclusa sunt, Rosc. com. 15; pro eo ac si\* concessum sit, inv. 1, 54; pro eo ac debui grauitur tuli, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 1; pro eo est ac si\* adhibitus non esset, Ulp. dig. 28, 1, 22, 4; **30.** for the use of si\* and ut (t) see passages so marked; **31.** w. comp. than, amior mihi uullus uiuit atque is est Qui illum habet, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 56; Nec fallaciam astutiorum ullus fecit Poeta atque ut\* haec est fabre facta a nobis, Cas. 5, 1, 8; non Apollinis magis uerum atque hoc responsumst, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 15; Illi non mius ac tibi Pectore uritur intimo Flamma, Catul. 61, 176; Haud minus ac iussi faciunt, Verg. 3, 561; Non tuus hoc capiet uenter plus ac meus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 46; add 1, 2, 23; 2, 7, 96; grauius atque ipse sensisset, Suct. Caes. 14; **32.** so w. nimis, and secus w. a ueg. wh. are disguised comparatives—the latter in good prose—, Euax (monosyll.) nimis nimis bellus atque ut\* esse maxime optabam locust, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 73; nou dixi secus ac sentiebam, Cic. or. 2, 24; add Mur. 10; solet in illis locis tempestas haud secus atque in mari retinere, Sal. Iug. 79, 6; **33.** w. ordinal numeral, haut centensumam Partem dixi atque, otium rei si sit, possum expromere, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 169; **34.** also absol. without any such word of comparison as aequae etc., Sicut est hic quem esse amicum ratus sum atque ipsus sum mihi, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 20; digne ac mereor, Cass. ad Cic. 12, 13, 1; quae succo caret atque putris pumex, priap. 32, 7; but in Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 21, the Ambros. ms has aequae atque; **35.** w. vb. muto, Neque se luna quoquam mutat atque uti exortast semel, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 118; Numquid uidetur demutare atque ut\* quidem Dixi esse, Mil. 4, 3, 37; **III 36.** atque repeated, chiefly in old prose and in poets, ut ego huius membra atque artua atque ossa Commuiuum illo scipione, Pl. Meu. 5, 2, 102; add Pers. 5, 2, 6; Bac. 1, 2, 24; Mil. 2, 6, 106; ego in parsimonia atque in duritia atque (in) industria adolescentiam meam abstinui, Cato



orat. 43, 6; add 55, 10; Rhesi Mauritia tellus, Atque Getae atque Hebrus et Actias Orithyia, Verg. G. 4, 463; rarely in Augustan prose, as: purpuram ac diadema ac (et?) satellites, Liv. 24, 5, 3; 37. very rare in the sense of: both..., and..., and only in poets, Atque deos atque astra uocat crudelia mater, Verg. B. 5, 23; Atque hinc atque illuc ueneros ad uolnera durat, G. 3, 257; Hic crime effuso atque Henna numina Diuae Atque Acheronta uocat, Sil. 1, 93; IV 38. often used in continuations, as first word of a clause, Cic. or. 1, 4; 1, 107; 3, 40; 3, 62; Cacl. 45 (bis); Man. 36; at times without emphasis, a mere and, thus uniting words all but synonymous, Set comprimunda uox mihi atque oratiost, Pl. Ps. 1, 4, 16; 3, 1, 22; Quod celatum atque occultatumst usque adhuc, Aul. 2, 3, 10; mihi inani atque inopi, Bac. 3, 4, 19; 39. hence turned to account for a clear distribution and grouping of the parts of a sentence, where it at times plays a subordinate part to et and que, caedes atque incendia, et legum interitum, et totius urbis atque imperii occasum appropinquare dixerunt, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; itaque productis copis ante oppidum considunt; et proximam fossam crateribus integunt atque aggere explent, seque ad eruptionem atque omnis casus comparant, Caes. b. g. 7, 79, 4; 40. at times used disjunctively, and so=or, partly one and partly the other, as in atque aggere explent of last ex.; at times to close an enumeration, which has no conjunction, with a general phrase, as: omnis odor fumus uapor, atque aliae res Consimiles, Lucr. 4, 90; rarely by a single term, as: Quide superbia spurcitia ac (om. ac?) petulantia, 5, 47; often said to be substituted for atqui but, and so corrected by editors; but perhaps wrongly, cf. Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 9; 4, 10, 43; Merc. 3, 3, 23; 4, 4, 2; Ps. 1, 1, 104; 4, 3, 7; Pers. 4, 4, 87 (here atque in A); Trin. 3, 2, 51; in Eun. 4, 6, 20 the Bemb. alone has atqui; but edd. leave untouched: Mihi quidem hercle non fit nerisimile; atque ipsis commentum placet (quidam libri: atqui ipsis says L), Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 20; 41. ac not before vowels; but Spengel ad Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 65 gives ac innumerabiles; also: ac ornamenta (so Flor. and B, but atque o. Havn.) 7, 3, p. 324; ac inde 9, 1, p. 460; ac urnam, Varr. r. 1, 26; ac etiam, 1, 47; but in Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 20 the Bemb. acc. to Umpf. has atque ingenium; in Pl. Men. 3, 2, 28 and Cic. Att. 13, 48 and 4, 16, 12 the best mss have not got ac; Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 65 (not 86) is corrupt; Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 3 simul nt is in M<sup>2</sup>, and is the usual form in Cic.; Cic. Tusc. 2, 13 and Phil. 11, 8; Liv. 3, 16, 4; 41, 24, 18; 42, 12, 3; Tac. or. 4, 1; 39, 3; 40, 3 have all been corrected; 42. of course atque is often a false reading, as in Liv. 22, 39, 17 Cn. Seruilius atque Atilius, wh. the praenomen of the second consul is unduly omitted, so that we should read: Cn. Seruilius et M. Atilius; 43. Cf. *προς δε and και προς*.

**atqui**, (fuller and so prob. older form atquin; also adqui) conj. [quin perh. a corruption of quidem] but assuredly, so you say but, true but, yes but, yet, T. quas si attigeris, oculos eripiam tibi. L. Atquin quia uotas utramque iam mecum abducam semul, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 55; L. Tecum ago. T. Atqui mecum agundumst, 3, 4, 14; N. Numquam auferes hinc anrum. C. Atqui iam dabis, Bac. 4, 7, 26; Atqui pol hodie non feres ni genua confricantur, As. 3, 3, 80; add Pers. 4, 4, 31; Atqui uihil fecit patre quod suspenseas, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 33; T. Quid ais uenefica. P. Adqui certe comperi, Eun. 5, 1, 9; atqui Syre Hoc uerumst, Ad. 5, 5, 6; add Andr. 2, 6, 4; Haut. 4, 4, 7; o rem inquis difficilem et inexplicabilem! Atqui explicanda est, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; quid hoc indignum? Atqui hoc scitote aratoribus Verre praetore optandum fuisse, Verr. 2, 3, 200; Vitas huiusmodi me similis Chloe...Atqui nou ego te tigris ut aspera...persequor, Hor. od. 1, 23, 9; pecuniam admouit (Tito) ad aures sciscitans num odore offenderetur; et illo negante, Atqui inquit e lotio est, Suet. Vesp. 23; 2. often used in logic in the connection of propositions, qui fortis est, idem est fidens...; qui autem est fidens is profecto non extimescit. Atqui in quem cadit aegritudo, in eundem timor...Ita fit ut..., Cic. Tusc. 3, 14; (sol) necesse est aut ei similis sit igni quem..., aut ei qui...Atqui..., N. D. 2, 41; 3. atquin (adquin) already in Pl., reappears in

the digests as: Paul. 3, 5, 18 (19); 4, 3, 18, 3; 36, 1, 59; Ulp. 1, 14, 3; 7, 1, 13, 8; Marcel. 40, 5, 56; Marcian. 48, 16, 1, 10; in Flor. 3, 12, 13; 4, 2, 53; in Lact. mort. pers. 23; Tertul. apol. 2 etc.; Prud. pr. Cath. 34; 4. see also atque § 39.

**atquin**, see atqui.

**attractylis**, idis, f. lit. a spindle, hence a thistle-like plant so used, carthamus lanatus Linn., or c. creticus, Plin. 21, 95 and 184.

**atramentarium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. an inkstand, Gloss. Philox.

**atramentum**, i, n. ink, ea nomina in tabula atramento scriptos patrem tribum cognomenque, CIL 198, 14; Antiochus epistolis bellum gerit, atramento militat, Cato ap. Jul. Rufin. 6, p. 199 Ruhnck.; Vua opera ebur atramento candefacere postules, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 102; of the cuttle fish, Cic. N. D. 2, 127; 2. of different kinds, as writing ink (librarium), Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 b, 1; Plin. 35, 43; 27, 52; 28, 66; Petr. 102; 3. cobbler's ink (sutorium), sulphate of copper, Cic. fam. 9, 21 f.; (as a poison) Plin. 34, 112 and 114; a. tinguendis coriis, 34, 124; 4. black paint of painters, Plin. 35, 30 and 41; 35, 97; 5. Indian ink, Plin. 35, 42.

**Atratinus**, as a cognomen of adoption, Cic. Cael. 2; L. Sempronius A. on a coiu, Eckh. 1, 304.

**atratius**, quasi-part. blackened, atratis dentibus, Caecil. ap. Non. 19, 19; fluiuis sanguine, Cic. div. 1, 98; 2. ep. dressed in mourning, cedo quis umquam cenarit atratus, Cic. Vat. 30 and 31; Crassus murenam mortuam tamquam filiam luxit, Macr. s. 3, 15, 4; plebes, Tac. an. 3, 2; and met. Prop. 3, 5, 34.

**atriarius**, adj. as sb. m. hall-porter, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 5.

**atricapillus**, adj. with a black head, hence atricapilla as sb. f. a bird, Paul. ex F. v. melancrophi.

**atricolor**, oris, adj. of a black colour, Auson. ep. 7, 52; but in Ov. M. 11, 611 unicolor; in Plin. 2, 17 atricoloris.

**atriensis**, adj. as sb. m. hall-porter, Quasi te dicas atriensem. Immo atriensi ego impero, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 15; add As. 2, 1, 16; 2, 2, 68 and 85 etc.; CIL 1540; Cic. Pis. 67; parad. 37; Colum. 12, 3, 9; Phaedr. 2, 5, 11; inser. Or. 2784; Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 15, 1.

**atriolum**, i, n. dim. a small hall, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; Att. 1, 10, 3; inser. Or. 4509.

**atriplex**, icis, m. or f. the kitchen vegetable orach, a. hortensis Linn., et grauis atriplexis, Colum. 10, 377; add 11, 3, 42; atriplex et siluestre est et satiuom, (perh. referring to olus), Plin. 20, 219; elsewhere gender not fixed, viz. book 19, §§ 99, 117, 119, 123, 170, 181; hoc mense atriplicem seremus, Pall. 5, 3, 3.

**atriplexum**, i, n. the same, Paul. ex F. 29 M.

**atritas**, atis, f. blackness, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 11; a. = μελανοτης, Gloss. Labb.; and prob. Paul. dial. ex F. p. 28 M.

**atrium**, ii, n. in early days the chief room of a house, in atrio epulabantur antiqui, ut ait Cato, Serv. A. 1, 730; ibi et culina erat, ib.; matres familias uestrae in atris operantur domorum, industrias testificantes suas? Arnob. 2, 67; 2. aft. a hall, in the houses of the great, non facit nobilem atrium plenum uuaginibus, Sen. ep. 44, 5; add Dial. 11, 14, 3; ueteres espone uulgo ceceat Atria, Iuv. 8, 20; (columnas) marmoris in atrio Scurai, Plin. 36, 6; pueros talis ludentis in Titi imperatoris atrio, 34, 55; 3. esp. for reception of clients etc., Atria seruantem postico falle clientem, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 31; nobilibus qui honores gerundo praestare debent officia ciuibus faciunda sunt uestibula, atria, peristylia, Vitr. 6, 8, 2; per refertum clientibus atrium, Sen. dial. 10, 4; 4. and recitations, Nec nos atria nec domos potentum Nossemus, Mart. 5, 20, 5; add 1, 70, 12; tu nobilium magna atria curas? Iuv. 7, 91; 5. of public buildings, atrium regium, the residence of the pontifex maximus, Liv. 26, 27, 3; in atrio Libertatis, Cic. Mil. 59; Vestae, Plin. ep. 7, 19, 2; atris auctionariis, Cic. agr. 1, 7; ex testamento a. auctionarium fieri iussit, iuser. Or. 3439 (only repeated in 3883); and what were probably the same, Licinia atria.



Cic. Quinct. 12 and 25; nou(um) atrium, inser. Or. 1575; in atrio sutorio tubi lustrantur, (the hall of a guild?) fasti Praen. (Mart.) x Kal. Apr.; 6. atria, as in Verg. 2, 483, is a plural, and not poet. for atrium.

**Atrius**, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Atrius C. l. Eros, CIL 1029; Atria C. l. Arbuscula, ib.; add Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2.

**ātrōcitas**, ātis, f. savagery, brutality, atrocity, fury, animi, Ace. ap. Non. 73, 20; Cic. acad. pr. 136; animi, Cat. 4, 11; rei, Quinct. 52; facti, Sal. Ing. 27, 1.

**ātrōphia**, ae, f. atrophy, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 7; as Gr. in Cels. 3, 22; and Cael. 1, 1, 3.

**ātrōphus**, i, adj. m. as sb. one suffering from atrophy, Plin. 22, 152; 26, 110 etc.

**ātrōtos**, adj. invulnerable, Hyg. fab. 28 and 30.

**ātrōx**, ōcis (?) adj. raw, simul atrocita proicerent extra ministratores, Naev. ap. Non. 76, 5; who adds: atrox erudum; (Graeci) ἀτροκτα appellat quae cruda snt, Panl. ex F. p. 18 M;

2. bloody, bellum, Sal. Ing. 5, 1; certamen, Liv. 3, 1, 4; caedes atrocior, 24, 16, 3; Gradius, Sil. 9, 486; 3. savage, furious, fierce, brutal, atrocies in rogationes coorti sunt, Liv. 4, 3, 2; Saenit ātrox Volscens, Verg. 9, 420; Nisus, G. 1, 407; Iuno, A. 1, 662; Tydides, Hor. od. 1, 15, 27; atrocissimi tauri, Plin. 8, 74; Agrippina, Tac. an. 4, 52; (Poppaea) semper odio, tum et metu a., 14, 61; 4. savage in a good-cause, stern, immovable, atrocem animum Catonis, Hor. od. 2, 1, 24; atrox illa fides (of Regulus), Sil. 6, 378; 5. met. res tam atrox (as parricide), Cic. Rosc. Am. 62; pestem atrocissimam (of vivisection), Cels. 1 pr. (7, 18 Dar.); facinus, Tac. an. 4, 45; atrociora maleficia, Panl. dig. 48, 18, 8; 6. of weather, hora Caniculae, Hor. od. 3, 13, 9; hiemps, Plin. 18, 353; nox, Tac. an. 4, 50; tempestas, 11, 31; uis, Ulp. 43, 16, 1, 3; 7. of abstract nouns, astutia, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 6; malitia, Ace. ap. Non. 260, 21; confidentia, Pac. ap. Non. 262, 10; suspicio, Cic. Marc. 21; 8. of words, dreadful, litterae, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 3; genus (orationis), or. 2, 200; rumor, Tac. h. 1, 54; mendacium, 2, 54; uuntii, 2, 99; II 9. atrociter adv. Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 160; Sal. Ing. 37, 1; atrocins, Tac. h. 2, 56; atrocissimae, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 16, 2.

**Atrusca**, una, a kind of grape, Macr. s. 3, 20, 7.

**atta**, ae, m. father, attam pro renerentia seni dicimus, Paul. ex F. p. 12 M.

**Atta**, ae or Attus, i, m. perh. the same, a praenomen of the founder of the Claudian gens, Attus Claudius cui postea Ap. Claudius fuit nomen, Liv. 2, 16, 4; Atta Claudius gentis princeps, Suet. Tib. 1; 2. also a cognomen, as of the poet C. Quinctius Atta, of Hor. ep. 2, 1, 79; Gell. 6 (7), 9, 8; Char. 241, 28 K; Diom. 490, 8; said by Paul. ex F. p. 12 M to mean one who walks on his toes.

**attactus**, ūs, m. beginning to touch, touch, (boues) corium attactu (al. ad tactum, perh. better) non asperum, Varr. r. 2, 5, 8; Cuius ad tactu, Ov. M. 14, 414; (anguis) inter uestes Volnitur attactu nullo, Verg. 7, 350.

**attāgēn**, ēnis, m. heathcock or grouse, Non attāgēn Iōniens, Hor. epod. 2, 54; attagen maxime Ionius celebr...; iam et Gallia Hispaniaque capitur, Plin. 10, 133; add 8, 228.

**attāgēna**, ae, f. the same, Ionicarum gustus attāgēna-rum, Mart. 13, 61; add 2, 37, 3; Apic. 7, 220 and 222 Sch.

**Attālicus**, adj. of Attalus, the wealthy king of Pergamus, esp. of cloth interwoven with gold, aulaea, Prop. 2, 32, 12; Sil. 14, 660; uestes, Prop. 3, 18, 19; torus, 2, 13, 22; 2. absol. Attalica n. pl., aurum intexere inuenit Attalus unde nomen Attalicias, Plin. 8, 196.

**attāmēn**, or at tamen, but still, yet however, Attamen. Non attamen (al. tamen, agst metre) caue sis malo ergo et sequere me, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 54; and perh. Curc. 4, 2, 3; Cas. 2, 4, 20; but in Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 23 tamen alone; and in Haut. 2, 1, 13, Bentl. reads sat agit, tamen, though mss have, what is better, sat agit, attamen; Attamen ne mirere, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; but he has at tamen diuisim: at pro nostro tamen studio, or. 3, 14; si non pari, at grato tamen munere, Brut. 15; Nil mihi rescribas, attamen ipse ueni, Ov. her. 1, 2.

**attāmino**, (adt.) (implies a sb. attamen fm attingo, cf. examino, contamino) āre, lay a finger upon, ut nihil quod ad eorum fortunas adtaminaret, Capitol. Gord. 27, 1; ne quis nllam adtaminet, Iustin. 21, 3, 4; 2. and so damage, consulta imprudentia, Aur. V. 16; 3. pollute, sacramentis Iudaicis, cod. Th. 3, 1, 5.

**attāt**, or ātāt (w. varying accent), conj. [at (old form ast) repeated] yes but, but, scriptum erat in oratione... (which was about to be read when Cato says: Attat noli noli peribere inquam istud; nolunt audire), Cato orat. 37, 6 Iord.; 2. int. of stnttering under surprise (cf. attate), as at a sudden sight, but but but, Quis hie 'st operto capite qui Aesculapium Salntat? attat (why) quem quacrebam, Pl. Curc. 3, 20; Attat eum adest propinque, Truc. 2, 7, 2; Attāt e fano recipere nideo se Syncerastum, Poen. 4, 1, 5; add Anl. 4, 8, 12; 3. of a sudden noise, Atat, concedam hnc, andio aperiri fores, Pl. Cas. 2, 7, 11; add 3, 4, 29; Atat perii hercle miser ego: (senex) aperit baccanal, adest, Anl. 3, 1, 6; add 4, 5, 5; 4. of a sudden thought, halloa, ah ah, so ho, Attāt oblitus sum intus dudum edicere Quae nolui edicta, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 12; add Curc. 4, 4, 27; Percussit ilico animum; Attāt hoc illud est, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; add Enn. 4, 5, 1; Ph. 5, 8, 70; 5. the form atat preferred in Wagner's Anl.; elsewhere attat.

**attātē**, (attatae\*) *arrata* and *arrata*, conj. of stuttering under surprise, like attat § 2, ah ah, Sollicitus mihi nescio qua re nunc nidetur. Attate, Pater hic quidem meust, quem nideo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 30; meam amicam audini te esse mercatum. Attate (A attatae\*)! Nunc demum scio ego hunc qui sit, Epid. 3, 4, 21; attattattat attatae\*, Naev. ap. Char. 240, 23.

**attattattat**, see attate.

**attāgia**, ae, (a foreign word) f. a hut, Dirue Maurorum attegias, Iuv. 14, 196; Deo Mercurio attegiam tegnliciam... ex noto, inscr. Or. 1396.

**Atteius**, see Ateius.

**attelebus**, i, m. a small wingless locust, Plin. 29, 92.

**attempēriēs**, ei=temperies, Cod. Th. 9, 3, 2.

**attempēro**, see attempero.

**attendo**, (adt.) di, ntus, ēre, vb. stretch to or towards, aurem, Acc. ap. Non. 238, 9; caelo manus, Apul. M. 11, 13 f.; nemus fluuio attenditur, 6, 11; caput eodem (ad terram) habens attentum, Hygin. astr. 3, 20; 2. gen. w. animum, direct the mind (to), attend carefully (to), ita animum coepi attendere, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; cum animum attenderis, Cic. off. 3, 35; dictis animum, Lncil. ap. Nou. 275, 21; attendite animos ad ea quae consequuntur, Cic. agr. 2, 38; iubet peritos linguae attendere animum, pastorum sermo agresti an urbano propior esset, Liv. 10, 4, 9; 3. w. animo in place of animum, Sed cum animo (animum?) attendi ad quaerendum quid siet, Pacuv. ap. Non. 238, 15; 4. attendo absol. attend, listen, audi audi atque attende nt scias quid ego Plancio debeam, Cic. Planc. 98; diligenter attendite, Mil. 23; 5. w. acc. attend to, observe carefully, first w. acc. of person, quoniam me tam diligenter attenditis, Cic. Arch. 18; add Snll. 33; Verr. 2, 1, 27; attendo te studiose, fin. 40; 6. w. acc. of thing, stuporem hominis, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; primum nersum (legis), Rab. perd. 14; hostium res, Sal. Ing. 88, 2; hence in pass. aequae prima et extrema pars attenditur, Cic. or. 3, 192; 7. w. dat. first of person, cui magis quam Caesari attendunt? Plin. pan. 65; 8. w. dat. of things, sermonibus malignis, Plin. ep. 7, 26, 2; uotis, Sil. 8, 591; 9. apply oneself diligently to, eloquentias, Suet. Cal. 53; extispicio, Ner. 56; iuri, Galb. 4 f.; 10. w. inf. Quid futurumst, si pol hanc ego discere artem attenderim, Pomp. ap. Non. 238, 16; II 11. attentus as an adj., on the stretch, attentive, animus in spe atque in timore a., Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 3; attentissima cogitatio, Cic. or. 3, 17; studium, Val. M. 6, 9, ext. 1; attentissima cura, 2, 2, 7; 12. of persons, attentive, iudex, Cic. or. 2, 82; auditor, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 7; add auris, Hor. s. 2, 1, 19; 13. in ref. to money, careful, frugal, close, nimium ad rem attenti, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 31; ceterarum rerum paterfamilias et prudens et attentus, Cic. Quinct. 11; attentus quaesitis, Hor. s. 2, 6, 82; and absol. durus nimis attentusque, ep. 1, 7,



91; ut patris attentis, 2, 1, 172; **14.** *attente* adv. Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 14; Cic. fam. 7, 19; *attentius*, fin. 5, 4; Sal. Cat. 52, 18; *attentissime*, Cic. or. 1, 259.

**attentio**, ōnis, f. stretching to, animi, Cic. or. 2, 149.

**attenuatio**, ōnis, f. making thin, hence met. suspiciōnis, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 3; *uerborum*, 4, 16.

**attenuo**, (adt.) (tenuis) āre, vb. make thin, thin, sortes, Liv. 22, 1, 11; *iuuenum corpora*, Ov. a. a. 1, 735; *sagitta acumine attenuata*, Colum. 3, 17, 2; *adenuatus amore*, Ov. M. 3, 489; *attenuatum te continuatione laborum*, Aug. ap. Suet. Tib. 21; *foliorum exilitate usque in fila attenuata*, Plin. 21, 30; *crustas (marmoris)*, Plin. 36, 53; **2.** thin in number, *legio proeliis adenuata*, Caes. b. c. 3, 89, 1; *gens attenuata bellis*, Plin. 5, 17; **3.** met. bellum, Cic. Manil. 30; *uires*, Liv. 39, 29, 4; *arboris umbram*, Catul. 64, 41; *opes*, Ov. M. 8, 844; *Pont.* 4, 5, 38; *curas*, tr. 3, 4, 16; 4, 6, 18; *insignem*, Hor. od. 1, 34, 13; **4.** esp. of style, *oratio nimia religione attenuata*, Cic. Brut. 283; add Cornif. ad Her. 4, 11; **5.** as adj., *uox atenuatissima*, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 53; *uoce attenuatissima*, 3, 25; **6.** *attenuate*, sdv. Cic. Ter. 201.

**atterianus**, see *ateraneus*.

**attēro**, (adt.) triui, trītus, tērēre, vb. rub against, Cerberus leniter atterens caudam (sc. terrae, in wagging it), Hor. od. 2, 19, 30; *spinetis se scabendi causa atterens (asinus)*, Plin. 10, 204; *folia (lentiscis) dentibus dolore atteruntur*, 24, 42; **2.** gen. destroy by rubbing, wear out (more or less), wear, chafe, *Nonne antestaris? Tuan ego causa, carnufex Quoiquam mortali libero auris atteram*, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 11—a man being made a legal witness by touching his ear; *sulco attritus uomer*, Verg. G. 1, 46; *Aut opere insuetas atteruisse manus*, Tib. 1, 4, 48; *Num grauis imbelles atterit hasta manus?* Prop. 4, 3, 24; *dentes usu atteruntur*, Plin. 7, 70; *femora atteri adurique equitatu*, 28, 218; add 2, 158; *attritis partibus (chafed)*, Plin. 20, 51; 24, 43; 27, 116; but in Cels. 1 pr. (4, 17 D) *read teri in uentre cibum*;

**3.** met. seriously impair, *eorum famam*, Sal. Cat. 16, 2; *Italiae opes*, Iug. 5, 4; add 79, 4; 85, 46; *attritis opibus*, Tac. h. 1, 10; *attritis Italiae rebus*, 2, 56; et *uincere inglorium et atteri sordidum arbitrabatur*, Tac. Agr. 9; *bellis attrita*, Plin. 6, 182; **4.** *attrita fronte*, reddened as it were by rubbing and so proof against blushing, Iuv. 13, 242; cf. *perfricare frontem*, Calv. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 25; and Mart. 11, 27, 7; **5.** *attritus* as adj. *mentum paulo attritus*, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; **6.** *attrita* as sb. pl. n. *parts chafed*, Plin. 23, 87; 29, 33; 30, 70; **7.** in Tac. or. 18 *Halm* has *aridum*.

**attertarius**? in Vitr. 3, 1, 6 *Rose* has *tertarius*.

**attertiatus**, part. boiled down to a third part, *lixiuium*, Plin. Val. 1, 29.

**attestatio** etc. see *adtestatio*.

**attexo**, (adt.) *textus*, ēre, add by interlacing, *loricae ex cratibus attextuntur*, Caes. b. g. 5, 40, 6; **2.** met. Cic. Tim. 11 f.; Varr. r. 2, 5, 2; Apul. M. 5, 16 f. (dub.); *adtextis erinibus feminam mentiebatur*, 11, 8.

**Attianus**, adj. of Attius, milites, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 5; 2, 34, 16; *pars Iulian. dig.* 28, 6, 32.

**atticisso**, āre, vb. assume the Attic character, hoc argumentum... Non atticissat, uerum sicelissitat, Pl. Men. pr. 11; add Apul. Flor. 18 f.

**Atticurgēs**, is, Ἀττικουργής, es, adj. wrought in the Attic fashion, (*columna*) a., Vitr. 3, 3 (77, 11 *Rose*); *genus*, 4, 6 (96, 18); add 4, 6, 6 (98, 24).

**Attidiās**, ātis, adj. of Attidium, a town of Umbria, Plin. 3, 113; L. Musetio L. f. Ouf. Sabino patrou(o) unicip(ii) Attidiat(is), inscr. Or. 88.

**attiguus**, adj. adjoining, contiguous, *domus*, Apul. M. 4, 12; *nemus*, 6, 12; *possessores*, grom. 10, 27 *Lach.* etc.

**attillo**, are, vb. tickle, *animum*, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 41.

**attilus**, i, m. a kind of sturgeon, *acipenser huso* Linn., the Ital. *adano*, Plin. 9, 44.

**attinae**, ārum, f. pl. heaps of stones as a landmark, grom. 139, 1; 142, 26.

**Attinas**, m. inhabitant of Attina or Attinum, Plin. 3, 105.

**attineo**, (adt.) nī, ēre, vb. hold tight, *Reus (monos.) solutus causam dicit, testis uinctos adtinos*, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 63; *Nunc senex est in tonstrina: nunciam cultrum attinet*, Capt. 2, 2, 18; *ferrum deferebat in pectus nī proximi doxtram nī adtinuissent*, Tac. an. 1, 35; *attineri publica custodiri iussit*, 3, 36 f.; **2.** met. *Forma (enim) huius mores uirtus animum attinere hic tuom*, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 18; *Ita me uadatum amore uinctumque adtines*, Bac. 2, 2, 3; add Men. 4, 2, 21; 5, 1, 41; *Quamque attinendi magni dominatus sient*, poet. ap. Cic. or. 157; *Romanos spe pacis attinuit*, Sal. Iug. 108, 3; *uictorem exercitum attinuit obscurum noctis*, Tac. h. 2, 14 f.; **3.** extend (to), *Seythae ad Tanaim attinent*, Curt. 6, 2, 13;

**4.** lead to, point to, *Nunc quam ad rem dicam hoc attinere somnium*, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 19; **II 5.** *attinet* *quers*. it leads (to something), serves a purpose, is useful, *quia attinet nos scire*, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 19; *nequo quemquam attinebat id recusare*, Cic. Quinct. 60; *quid sentiam nihil attinet dicere*, fam. 4, 7, 3; add *Rosc. am.* 96; *quid attinisse Herculis agri partem reddi, nisi ut...* Liv. 2, 41, 6; *nec eosdem attinebat nominare*, 23, 3, 13; *quid attinebat rogare leges quas mox abrogare possint*, 34, 3, 5; *non omisisset, si attineret meridianam caeli partem in cortice signare*, Plin. 17, 83; **6.** w. ad and acc. lead to, bear upon, and so concern, *uerum quod ad uentrem attinet (so mss)*, *Non hercle hoc longe (decedam)*, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 81; *Negotium hoc ad me (so mss) attinet ararium*, Bac. 2, 2, 51; *comperibam nihil ad Pamphilum Quoiquam attinere*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 63; *quod ad me attinet*, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1;

**7.** in pl. *cetera quae ad colendam uitem attinebunt*, Cic. fin. 4, 38; *ea conquisierunt quae nihil attinebant*, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 1.

**1. attingo**, (adt.) ēre, (tingo or tinguo) implied in part. *adinctus*, moistened, Veg. vet. 1, 11, 7.

**2. attingo**, or adt. (old *attigo*; ad=an, s. ad § 30, 6) tigi, tactus, ēre, vb. begin to touch, lay a finger upon, set foot upon, *dabitur malum, Me quidem si attigeris, aut si propius ad me accesseris*, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 104; *Ne sis me uno digito attigeris*, Pers. 5, 2, 15; *caue sis me attigas\**, ne tibi hoc scipione Malum magnum dem, 5, 2, 35; add Rud. 3, 4, 16; also 57 and 71; Truc. 2, 1, 17; Bac. 3, 3, 67 etc.; *Atqui si illam digito attigerit uno, oculi illico effodientur*, Ter. Eun. 4, 16, 2; add *Hee. 1*, 2, 61; *Ph. 5*, 9, 29; *de praeda teruncium nec attigit, nec tacturus (attacturus?) est quisquam*, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 4; *si priusquam aries murum attigisset, se dedidissent*, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 1; *quos, si Vestinus attingeretur, omnes habendos hostes*, Liv. 8, 29, 4; **2.** met. *qui primoribus labris gustarunt genus hoc uitae et extremis ut dicitur digitis attigerunt*, Cic. Cael. 28; add or. 1, 87; *republicam nulla ex parte attingit*, Att. 2, 22, 3; add Arch. 17.

**3.** of navigation, *attingero terram*, make land, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 6; b. c. 3, 6, 3; **4.** border upon, reach to, be in contact with, *eorum fines*, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 3; *Oceanum*, 2, 34, 1; *Rhenum*, 4, 3, 3; *regionem eam quae Ciliciam attingeret*, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 4; (*stomachus*) *utraque ex parte tosillas attingens*, N. D. 2, 135; *Macedonium*, Pis. 38;

**5.** met. at first, be allied to, be connected with, (prop)iusue eum ea cognatione at(t)igit\*, CIL 198, 10; *ciuitates quae cognatione populum Romanum attingunt*, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 83; *qui nos summa necessitudine attingunt*, Q. fr. 1, 1, 6; **6.** other met., *Quae nihil attingunt ad rem (note the prep.) nec sunt usui*, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 32; *habeo non bearing upon; antequam uoleptas aut dolor attigerit*, Cic. fin. 3, 16; *me alia causa delectat quae te non attingit*, leg. 2, 3; *ne quae me inuidia attingeret*, fam. 3, 10, 10; *erant perpauci quos ea fama attingeret*, Liv. 27, 11, 14; **7.** for the form *attigo* to \* above add: *ne attigas*, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 58; Bac. 3, 3, 41; Truc. 2, 2, 21; aud Bac. 3, 3, 36; also *Most. 2*, 2, 37 as corrected from *Diom. 382*, 20 K; but in *As. 2*, 2, 106 *metre* requires *attingas*; *attigeret* CIL 198, 21; *Custodite hunc uos ne quis uim attulat neue attigat*, Paev. ap. Diom. 382, 18; *Age amolire, amitte, caue, uestem attigas*, Acc. ap. Nou. 75, 32; *ne me attigas*, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 50 (so Palmer cj.; *mss* *attigas* agst *metre*; *mss* *Mento summam aquam attigens* (so I conj. *fm* *metre*; *mss*



attingens) cnectus siti (see Key's Language, p. 102) Tantalus, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 100.

**Attio**, (atta) m. dim. a cognomen, Q. Ingenuius Attio, inscr. Grut. 687, 12.

**attitūlo**, (ad, titulus) āre, vb. entitle, libris quos περι αρρων attitulavit, Rufin. de orig.

**Attius**, ii, adj. or sb. a gens, L. Atti(us) C. f., CIL 1257; add Caes. b. c. 1, 12, 3.

**attōlōro**, are, vb. support, statuas, Apul. M. 3, 4.

**attollo**, or adt. (ad=an, up), lift up, raise, super limen pedes, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 1; signa, 2, 6, 5; pallium, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 31; oculos, Liv. 6, 16, 3; (regem) attollunt umervis, Verg. G. 4, 217; fracto crure planum, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 58; corpus uluis, Ov. M. 7, 848; attollentem minas serpentem, Colum. 8, 2, 11; (anguis) attollens iras, Verg. 2, 381; equus excussit equitem, quem attollentem se Manlius terrae affixit, Liv. 8, 7, 10; manns, Quint. 11, 3, 115; **2.** met. ad consulatus spem attollit animos, Liv. 22, 26, 3; animos, Verg. 12, 4; Plin. pan. 44; parum rem, Cels. 5, 26, 1, magnify; Ciceronis studio Brutus Cassiusque attollerentur, Vell. 2, 65, 1; temperantiam suam laudibus, Tac. h. 2, 90; uocem, Quint. 1, 8, 1; 11, 3, 65.

**attondeo**, or adt., di\*, sus, ēre, vb. shave close, cut (the hair) close, caput attonsum habere, Cels. 4, 6, (128, 36 D);

**2.** met. of vegetation, attondent uirgulta capellae, Verg. B. 10, 7; attonsis in aruis, Lucan. 6, 84; prata, Auson. Mos. 203; **3.** met. shave or shear of all one's money, Nunc senex est in tonstrina...: Set utrum strictissime attonsurum dicam esse an per pectinem Nescio, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 18; me dolis attondit\*, Bac. 5, 1, 9; add Epid. 2, 3, 6; attonsaе ambae (oues) sunt, Bac. 5, 2, 7; **4.** of praise, Consiliis nostris laus est attonsa Laconum, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 49.

**attonō**, or adt. ui, itus, ēre, vb. thunder at, strike with lightning, attonitos raro uideamus quorum et corpus et mens stupet. Fit interdum ictu pulmonis, interdum morbo, Cels. 3, 26; and met. ipsa altitudo attonat summa, Maecen. ap. Sen. ep. 19, 9; **2.** stupefy, render insensible, as the result of actual thunder, adtonitos quorum mentes sonus ille caelestis loco pepulit, Sen. n. q. 2, 27, 3; erat prope continuus caeli fragor, attonitisque aurius stupens agmen..., Curt. 8, 4, 4; add Petr. 101; **3.** of superhuman influence, make frantic, inspire, bewilder, attonitae Baccho matres, Verg. 7, 580, where Conington's ed. quotes ομφ συγκεραννωθεισ φρενας of Archilochus; attonitus uates, Hor. od. 3, 19, 14; quas semidae Dryades...Numine contactas attonnuere suas, Ov. her. 4, 50; Quis furor...uestras attonuit mentes? M. 3, 531; attonitae similibus, 5, 510; **4.** in poets met. of things, Attonitae magna ora domus, Verg. 6, 53; **5.** esp. in part. attonitus, stupefied as if struck with thunder, astonnded, astonished, belli terrore, Liv. 3, 68, 13; Attonitis haerere animis, Verg. 5, 529; **6.** w. gen. of cause, attonitis serpentis equus, Sil. 6, 231; **7.** as adj. frantic, persuasiones, Plin. 29, 28.

**attonreo**? or adt., ēre, roast? nucēs, Apic. 136 Sch. ? add § 275?

**attractio**, adtr., ōnis, f. contraction, literarum, Varr. l. 1, 1, p. 17 Sp.; rugarum, Pall. 5, 4, 3.

**attractōrius**, adj. attractive, uirtus (sulphuris), Aem. Mac. 4, 19.

**attractus**, ūs, drawing to, attractu, Dict. 5, 11.

**attrāho**, or adtr., xi, etus, ēre, vb. drag before or to, adducitnr atque adeo attrahitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 61; nihil nobis duobus stultius est: me qui te non Roman attraham, te qui non huc adules, fam. 7, 10, 4; tribunos attrahi ad se iubet, Liv. 29, 9, 10; attrahite huc uinctum, Ov. M. 3, 563; add Mart. 6, 66, 6; **2.** draw to, draw up, attract, arcus, Ov. rem. am. 435; lora, 397—draw in; (magnes) ferrum, Plin. 36, 129; pulmo attraheus ac reddens animam—inhalant; spiritu succum, Cels. 6, 8 (244, 33 D); **3.** met. (Sicilia) me ad hoc negotium attraxit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 1; attrahit ad amicitiam similitudo, am. 50; discipulos nouos, Ov. F. 3, 830; **4.** draw together, contract, Pollionis adtractiorem uidit frontem, Sen. ben. 4, 31, 4; uoltus tuus colligit rugas et attrahit (trahit Haase) frontem, 6, 7, 1.

**attractātio**, or adtr., ōnis, f. handling, furtum sine ad-

trectatione fieri posse, Gell. 11, 18, 23; add Pall. 4, 12, 1; Apul. D. Socr. 4; (exoletorum), Lampr. Hel. 12, 4.

**attractātus**, ūs, m. handling, attractatu, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49.

**attracto**, or adtr. (or attracto fm ad=ava and tracto) āre, vb. begin to handle, handle esp. what one ought not to touch, (libros) contaminatis manibus, Cic. har. r. 26; (sacra) me attractare nefas, Verg. 2, 719; faeces, Liv. 28, 24, 14; feralia, Tac. an. 1, 62; qui alienam rem adtractauit (inuito domino) furti tenetur, Sabin. ap. Gell. 11, 18, 20; fiscolem pecuniam, Paul. 5, 27, 1, 2; **2.** esp. indecently, comperere me attractare, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 137; add Pers. 2, 2, 45; Rud. 2, 4, 7; Cic. Cael. 20; Snet. Ner. 26; **3.** met. causam belli praetenderat adtractari terminos suos a Nicomede, (=uolari), Flor. 3, 5, 3 (1, 40).

**attrēmo**, ēre, vb. tremble at, oranti, Stat. Th. 8, 50; censurae, Sid. ep. 6, 1.

**attrēpido**, āre, vb. hobble faster, Attrepidae saltem, nam uos appropere haud postulo, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 41.

**attribūlo**, āre, vb. frq. rub again and again, folliculum, Aem. Mac. 4, 6.

**attribuo**, or adtr. ui, ūtns, ēre, vb. allot, assign (parts in distribution) omnis pecunia ita tractatur ut praeda a praefectis; quae autem mihi attributa est, a quaestore curatur, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 4; ut cuique erat locus attributus, Caes. b. g. 7, 81, 4; alteram partem uici Gallis concessit, alteram cohortibus attribuit, 3, 1, 6; dextra pars Massiliensibus attribuitur, sinistra Nasidio, b. c. 2, 4, 5; **2.** sometimes with acc. of office etc., dat. of pers. (naues) undecim familiaribus suis, Caes. b. c. 2, 22; uideo cui sit Apulia attributa, Cic. Cat. 2, 6;

**3.** sometimes vice versa of person (tell off), dat. of office etc., delectos ex omnibus legionibus ei classi attribuerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; inuentute quae praesidio eius loci attributa erat, Liv. 24, 21, 12; pecus equitibus agendum, Sall. Iug. 90, 2; **4.** without distribution, assign, ueros attribue ei quot et quos uidebitur, Cic. Att. 12, 30, 1; uelim Lentulo puero de mancipiis quae tibi uidebitur attribuas, 12, 28 f.;

**5.** esp. of money allotted by the government for a purpose, uti consules, quanti locauerint, tantam pecuniam redemptori attribuendam curarent, Cic. Phil. 9, 16; add 14, 38; pecunia attributa, numerata est: profectus est quaestor in prouinciam, Verr. 2, 1, 34; opera ex pecunia attributa fecerunt, Liv. 40, 51, 2; and then in private matters, Faberius si uenerit uidebis ut tantum attribuitur, si modo attribuetur, quantum debetur, Cic. Att. 13, 2, 1; **6.** ei qu(e) uiam tuendam (sic) redemerit, tamtae (sic) pecuniae eum eosne quorum ante aedificium ea uia erit, add tribuito (sic) CIL 206, l. 40, give in to the contractor a list of persons rateably liable with powers to enforce payment; **7.** hence in private life, of debtors assigned by power of attorney, ut debita et credita adtribuat, Gai. dig. 10, 2, 3; attributos quod appellas, ualde probo, Cic. Att. 13, 22, 4; **8.** attach (territory) as subject to a superior state, power, (Commio) Morinos attribuerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 1; bello uict(o)s (S)al-l(y)as (Massiliensibus) attribuit, b. c. 1, 35, 4; insulae ab Sulla Rhodiis attributae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 33; (Dolopes) uestro decreto patri adtribuite meo, Liv. 42, 41, 13;

**9.** met. attribute, personam inducere et enumerationem ei adtribuere, and soon after: legi orationem: hoc modo quid si leges loqui possent? Nonne...? Cic. inv. 1, 99;

**10.** attribute (to, as cause), ascribe, impute, bonos exitus dis immortalibus, Cic. N. D. 3, 89; qui si eruditus uidebitur disputare, attribuito litteris Graecis, sen. 3; Bibulus quod mihi cum illo erat commune, sibi soli attribuit, fam. 2, 17, 7; add or. 2, 14; **11.** a. ad amissionem..., Cic. Tusc. 3, 73 dub.; **12.** attributus, connected (with), belonging to, negotiis quae sunt attributa, Cic. iuv. 1, 37 and 38; omnis res argumentando confirmatur aut ex eo quod personis, aut ex eo quod negotiis est attributum, 1, 34; add Gell. 4, 1, 21.

**attribūtio**, ōnis, f. assignment, as of a debt etc., Gai. dig. 10, 2, 3; Cic. fam. 16, 24, 1; Att. 15, 13, 5; 16, 1, 6; 16, 3, 5; **2.** (fated) lot in life, quod unicuique attributio sua sit adscripta, Apul. mund. 38; **3.** attribute or predicate, ex his attributionibus: sacer an profanus..., Cic. inv. 1, 38; cf. attribuo § 10.



**attritio**, ōnis, f. friction, Lampr. Heliog. 19, 5; Mart. C. p. 50 G, 55, 24 Eyss.

1. **attritus**, part. see attero.

2. **attritus**, ūs, m. rubbing against, friction, arborum, Plin. 8, 212; petrae, 9, 147; add 16, 208; 2. esp. chafing of skin, 24, 126; 26, 90.

**attūbus**, see atypus.

**attūlo**? (=attollo, cf. *τλα* of *τετραγκα*, and *latus* for *latus*) ēre, vb. bring to, dotem ad nos nullam attulas (al. attollas), Naev. ap. Diom. 380, 18 K; cf. Non. 246, 4.

**attūpus**, or attūbus, adj. speaking inarticulately, Cacl. Sab. ap. Gell. 4, 2, 5; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; Canus comosus hispidus trux a(t)tubus (so Scal. cj., mss artubus) Terentianus Phormio, Auson. ep. 22, v. 9; attubus *μογιδαλος* Gloss. quoted by Scal.

**au**, int. [variety of ab; cf. au-fer, E. off; or perh. shortened fm aufer te] be off, none of that, don't, heaven forbid, G. linguam...uendidi dotariam. C. au! Nullan tibi linguat? Pl. Stic. 1, 3, 103 (Crocotium speaking); so again in mouths of women, as of Melaenis, Cist. 3, 15; C. Quid? duasne is uxores habet? S. (Sostrata): au au unam ille quidem solam (I omit obseero), Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 27; add Andr. 4, 4, 12 (of Mysis); Eun. 4, 4, 13 (Pythias); 5, 2, 60 (Thais); Haut. 5, 3, 13 (Sostrata); Ad. 3, 2, 38 (Canthara); Ph. 5, 3, 20 (Nausistrata), but in Eun. 4, 6, 20 (Chremes speaking) Bemb. seems to have ah uereor, others au u.; add Afran. 97 and 103 R; pedes Fortunatae correptos super lectum immisit. 'Au au' illa proclamauit aberrante tanica super genua, Petr. 67; 2. interiectio consternatae mulicris, says Donatus ad Andr. 4, 14, 12; cf. ad Eun. 4, 4, 13.

**auaritia**, or -icia, f. avarice, Non mihi auaricia (so BCD) unquam innatast, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 71; Em mea malefacta, em meam (so mss) auaritiam (or -iciam) tibi, Trin. 1, 2, 148; so also (in B) auaricia, Ps. 3, 2, 13; Pers. 4, 4, 7; auaritiam si tollere uoltis, mater eius est tollenda, luxuries, Cic. or. 2, 171; quae Iugurtham tutata sunt remouistis, auaritiam imperitiam superbiam, Sall. Iug. 85, 45; 2. met. gloriae, Curt. 9, 2, 9; 3. in plur. Cic. fin. 4, 75.

**auarities**, ēi, f. the same, CIL 1459; Lucr. 3, 59.

**auarus**, (auco) adj. greedy, avaricious, rapax auarus inuidus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2; Ne tuum animum auariore faxint diuitiae meae, Capt. 2, 2, 70; homo auarus et furax, Cic. or. 2, 268; anariorum magistratus, Verr. 2, 3, 190; homo auarissime, 2, 1, 94; 2. met. of things, litus, Verg. 3, 44; fraus, Hor. od. 4, 9, 37; spes, 4, 11, 25; ne Cypriae merces Adant auaro diuitias mari, 3, 29, 61; 3. greedy of other things than money, Quicquid quaesierat, uentri donabat auaro, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 32; Acheron, Verg. G. 2, 492; 4. auariter adv. avariciously, greedily, Quam siquis auidus poscit escam auariter, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 12; add Curt. 1, 2, 35; Cato and Claud. Q. ap. Non. 510, 15; 5. auare Ter. Haut. pr. 48; Cic. off. 3, 37; auarius, Colum. 1, 7, 1; auarissime, Seu. dial. 8, 5, 7.

**aucella**, or -illa, ae, f. dim. of auicula, a little bird, Apic. 181 Sch.; 194; add prob. auicilla (mss ancilla), Apul. M. 9, 33.

**auceo**, non-existent. In Mart. C. 46 G, Eyss. has: Zeno ducibat (not aucebat) feminam.

**auceps**, ūpis, adj. bird-taking, as sb. a bird catcher, Auiceps quando concinnauit aream, offundit cibum, Pl. As. 1, 3, 64; merulis intentus decidit auceps In puteum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 458; 2. met. Circumspicendum nequis nostro hic auceps sermoni siet, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 9; add Stic. 1, 2, 45; iuris consultus syllabarum a. one who picks out difficulties as to syllables, Cic. or. 1, 236; 3. a seller of birds, Hor. s. 2, 3, 227.

**auctarium**, adj. n. as sb. something thrown in as overweight, uin tu tanti emi illam (so Lachm. cj.)? Auctarium Adicio, Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 22; auctarium, quod super mensuram uel pondus iustum adiciebat, Paul. ex F. p. 14.

**auctifer**, adj. increase-bearing, terras, Cic. poet. ap. Aug. C. D. 5, 8.

**auctifico**, āre, vb. increase, fatten, cibis deos, Arnob. 7, 27.

**auctificus**, adj. causing increase, Lucr. 2, 571.

**auctio**, ōnis, f. increase, Maer. s. 1, 14, 1; 2. a sale

by auctio, i.e. increased biddings. Auctio fiet Menaechmi mauae septimi, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 99; add Stic. 1, 3, 65; si possit auctio fieri de artibus tuis, quasi supellectilis solet, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 279, 17; auctioem se facturum esse proseribit earum rerum quae ipsius erant priuatae, Cic. Quint. 15; reliqua auctioe uendebat, Rosc. Am. 23; rei quae in auctioe uenerit, Gai. 4, 126.

**auctiōnālis**, adj. of an auction; hence auctionalia n. pl. as sb. auction accounts, Ulp. 27, 3, 1, 3.

**auctiōnārius**, adj. of an auction, atria, Cic. agr. 1, 7; tabulae, Cat. 2, 18.

**auctiōnor**, (implies a sb. auctioem=auctioner) vb. r., act as auctioneer, sell by auction, Cic. agr. 1, 7; 2, 53; Deiot. 25; Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 3.

**auctiō**, āre, vb. increase and increase, pecunias faenore, Tac. an. 6, 22 (16); add Arnob. 7, 13.

**auctor**, ōris, (augeo) m. one who increases or promotes, hence one who sanctions what another originates, as in legislation, decreuerunt ut quum populus regem iussisset, id sic ratum esset si patres auctores fierent—ratified the election—Liv. 1, 17, 9; ut legum quae comitiis ferrentur patres auctores fierent, 8, 12, 15; add 1, 22, 1; 1, 32, 1; 6, 42, 10; Cic. Brut. 55; 2. beyond the field of legislation, hoc non potest dici, quod mulier sine tutore auctore promiserit, deberi, Cic. Caecin. 27; maiores nostri nullam rem agere feminas sine tutore auctore uoluerunt, Liv. 34, 2, 11; masculus minor annorum xiii testamentum facere non potest, etiamsi tutore auctore uelit, Gai. 2, 113; ne aliter alimentorum transactio rata esset quam si auctore praetore facta, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8; 3. one who guarantees (a sale), egone ab lenone quicquam Mancipio accipiam quibus sui nihil est...Nec nobis auctor ullus est, nec uosmet estis ulli, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 12; 4. a vendor, as guaranteeing a sale, (cf. E. grantor, orig. one who warrants) P. Caesennius, auctor fundi, Cic. Caecin. 27; intellexerunt se id quod a malo auctore emissent, diutius obtineri non posse, Verr. 2, 5, 56; si ex utriusque persona et auctoris et emptoris exceptiones obiciuntur..., Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 8; si modus agri (uenditi) minor inueniatur, pro numero iugerum auctor obligatus est, Paul. 19, 1, 4, 1; add Scaev. 19, 1, 52, 3; Modest. 21, 2, 63, 2; Ulp. 44, 3, 5; Venul. 44, 3, 15, 1; fideiussores, quem uolgo auctorem secundum uocant, Ulp. 21, 2, 4; 5. auctor of dub. meaning in: P. Vaccium Vitulum auctorem Histouiensium fundi Heriauei, inser. Or. Henz. 6432; 6. gen. one who guarantees or authorises, non si mihi Iuppiter auctor Spondeat, Verg. 5, 17; esp. in form auctor sum, ut scias me amare, cape caltrum ac seca Digitum uel aurem...: Sei monero me...auctor sum ut me...enices, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 41; sine te uerberem. Sino: suspende uinci nerbera: auctor sum, sino. Si auctoritatem postea defugeris, ego pendeam, Poen. 1, 1, 18; 7. one who advises, guaranteeing as it were what he says, Quid nunc mihi auctor es, Milphio? Vt me uerberes, 1, 3, 1; mihi ut absim uehementer auctor est, Cic. Att. 15, 5, 2;

8. and so opposed to one who merely advises or urges, huius deditiouis ipse Postumius qui dedebatur, suator et auctor fuit, Cic. off. 3, 109; non enim supplex uenit, sed hortator atque auctor, part. 97; 9. w. neut. pr. ego ut anum ducam? idne estis auctores mihi? Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 16;

10. often in the form me auctore, on my authority, with my sanction, non me faciet auctore ut..., Pl. St. 4, 2, 23; Au paenitebat flagiti te auctore quod fecisset? Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12; omnes istos me auctore deridete, Cic. or. 3, 54; auctoribus dis ad rem gerendam proficiscimur, Liv. 9, 14, 4; auctore eo patres censuerunt, 37, 47, 2; 11. one who is authority for a fact, statement, or rumour, haec se certis auctoribus comperisse, Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 3; hoc ubi uno auctore ad plures permanuerat, atque alius alii transdiderat, plures auctores eius rei uidebantur, 2, 29, 2; add 2, 37, 3; 12. esp. w. sum or habeo and acc. and inf., one who asserts or guarantees, auctores sumus tutam ibi maiestatem Romanis nominis fore, Liv. 2, 43, 8; add 4, 26, 6; auctores sunt ter nouenis punctis (crabro-num) interfici hominem, Plin. 11, 73; auctores habeo tantam uictoribus inuenerant fuisse ut..., Tac. h. 3, 51; add an. 13, 20; 13. met. Id ita esse ut credas, rem tibi



auctorem dabo, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 70; fortasse ita audistis ut auctorem rumorem haberetis, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 49;

**14.** gen. adviser, promoter, one who takes a lead, magnam partem laudis ad Libonem peruenturam, si illo auctore atque audent ad armis sit discessum, Caes. b. e. 1, 26, 4; nihil (de pace) factum uitio eorum quos esse auctores eius rei uoluisset, 3, 57, 2; **15.** one who is an authority in any matter, a model to copy from, non dico Caecilium, malus enim auctor Latinitatis est, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 10; dicendi granissimus auctor et magister Plato, or. 10; non sordidus auctor Naturae uerique, Hor. od. 1, 28, 14; **16.** originator, author, founder, doer, consilii, Caes. b. g. 6, 31, 5; belli, 3, 17, 3; defectionis, 6, 8, 8; L. Brutus auctor nobilitatis tuae, Cic. Tusc. 4, 2; Auctor in incerto est, iaculum de parte sinistra Venit, Ov. M. 12, 419; facti, 9, 206; Troiae Cynthus a. Verg. G. 3, 36; genus...Auctore ab illo ducit originem, Hor. od. 3, 17, 5; Porticus auctoris Liuia nomen habet, Ov. a. a. 1, 72; quid miretur quisque in (amphitheatro) primum? inuentorem an inuentum? artificem (the builder) an auctorem (the designer, architect)? Plin. 36, 118; (statua) auctoris incerti, 34, 93; **17.** an author, a writer, rerum Romanarum (historian), Cic. Brut. 44; Alexandri (belli) incertus auctor est, Snet. Caes. 56; sine auctore uersus (anonymous), Aug. 70; but in many passages quoted for this, auctor has the sense of an 'authority'; **18.** used w. feminines, not auctrix, aues quibus auctoribus fidem secutus esset, Cic. div. 1, 27; (Theoxena) auctor (adviser) mortis, Liv. 40, 4, 15; Auctor ego audendi (Iuno), Verg. 12, 159.

**auctōrāmentum**, i, n. binding oneself, esp. as a gladiator, illius turpissimum auctoramenti uerba sunt 'uri uinciri ferroque necari,' Sen. ep. 37, 1; cf. Petron. 117; **2.** the money paid in return for this, rudiariis reuocatis auctoramento centenum milium, Suet. Tib. 7; **3.** and met. ipsa merces (of low handicrafts) auctoramentum seruitutis, Cic. off. 1, 150; Philippus (militē) subinde ex praeda aliquid uirtutis causa donauerat et crebris auctoramentis accedebat, Sen. ben. 4, 37, 1; opes auctoramenta sunt seruitutum, ep. 104, 34; nullum sine auctoramento malum est: auaritia pecuniam promittit, ambitio purpuram, 69, 4; add ira 2, 12, 5; iugulati ciuis auctoramentum, Vell. 2, 28, 3; auctoramento funebri (Ciceronis) inuitando necem, 2, 66, 3—blood-money; auctoramento impudentiae depensa, Apul. apol. 3.

**auctōritas**, atis, f. actings an auctor, warranty, authority, Si auctoritatem postea defingeris, ... ego pendeam, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 19; impero: Numquam defugiam auctoritatem, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 99; attende quam ego defugiam auctoritatem, consulatus mei, Cic. Sull. 33; **2.** esp. of a tutor or guardian, de auctoritate tutorum, title of Dig. 26, 8; cum ipsi nihil permissum sit sine tutoris auctoritate agere, Gal. 1, 179; **3.** of a magistrate, praetor aut proconsul auctoritatem suam finiendis controuersis interponit, Gal. 4, 139; **4.** title to property, ownership, esp. as opposed to usucapio, usus auctoritas fundi biennium est, Cic. top. 23; add Caecina, 54; aduersus hostem aeterna auctoritas, XII Tab. ap. Cic. off. 1, 37; quod subruptum erit, eius rei aeterna auctoritas esto, lex Atinia ap. Gell. 17, 7, 1; ut instrumentum auctoritatis (title deed) exhiberet, Scaev. dig. 13, 7, 43; **5.** a. senatus, a resolution of the senate, which vetoed by a tribune did not become a senatus consultum, but had still a moral force, S. C. nullum exstat quo reductio legis tibi adempta sit, eaque quae de ea scripta est auctoritas, cui scis interessum esse, tantam uim habet, ut iratorum hominum studium esse uideatur, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4; si quis huic S. C. intercessisset, senatus placere auctoritatem perscribi, quoted by Cic. fam. 8, 8, 6; si quis intercedat S. Cto, auctoritate se fore contentum, Liv. 4, 57, 5; **6.** a resolution of the senate, before it is sanctioned by the people (populus) so as to become a lex, tribuni plebis ex auctoritate senatus ad populum tulerunt ut..., Liv. 26, 21, 5; ex auctoritate senatus cam rogationem promulgant, 42, 21, 5; **7.** in auctoritate patrum futuros esse, Liv. 3, 21, 2; nec in auctoritate senatus consules essent, 4, 26, 7; se in auctoritate Tarentinorum manere, 9, 14, 7—keep within, not transgress, may be compared with: in officio Fundanos esse Liv. 8, 9, 13 and in patrum potestate, 3, 21, 2; **8.** au-

thority for a statement, opinion etc., Quodsi exquiratur usque ab stirpe auctoritas, Unde quid auditum dicant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 181; cf. auctor § 8; **9.** gen. authority, weight of example, sanctioui of the powerful, multa sunt quae afferant auctoritatem, iugenum opes aetas fortuna ars usus..., Cic. top. 73; esse nonnullos quorum a. apud plebem plurimum ualeat, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 1; **10.** of things, a model to be copied, maiestas imperii aedificiorum egregias habet auctoritates\*, Vitr. 1 pr. 2; **11.** high estimation, great repute of, bos maxima debet esse auctoritate, Varr. r. 2, 5, 3; pullos (asinarum) epulari Maecenas instituit; post eum interit a. saporis, Plin. 8, 170; praecipua a. fuit lupo et asellis, 9, 61; achates in magna fuit auctoritate, nunc in nulla est, 37, 179; **12.** in late writers, a title of honour, illustris a. tua, Th. cod. 5, 13, 15; excellens a. tua, 7, 7, 5; **13.** often in pl., to \* above add: sed tu auctoritates contemnis, ratione pugnas, Cic. N. D. 3, 9; and or. 1, 180; 3, 5; Mau. 51; Clu. 50; Sull. 13.

**auctōror**, ari, vb. r. make oneself an auctor, bind oneself, or, as guardian, one's ward, si tutor auctoretur, Pomp. dig. 26, 8, 4; ut alius auctoraretur inscius, Ulp. 27, 6, 9; **2.** as a gladiator, sell oneself for death or danger of death, quei depugnandi causa auctoratus est, CIL 206, 113; Quid refert, uri uirgis ferroque necari Auctoratus eas an...? Hor. s. 2, 7, 59; eum proximo munere (gladiatorum) inter nouos auctoratos ferulis uapulare placet, Sen. lud. de n. Claud. 9, 4; Baebius...municipibus loca sepulturae dat extra auctorateis et quei sibi laqueo manus attulissent, CIL 1418; illum prohibuerunt theatro qui utilitate, qui gula se auctorasset, Quint. (?) declam. 302; **3.** beyond gladiators, (uites) scandentes cacumina (populorum) aequant, in tantum sublimes, ut uindemitor auctoratos rogam tumulumque excipiat (makes special provision for), Plin. 14, 10; ad ignes quidam se auctorauerunt ut certum spatium in tunica ardente conficerent, Tert. ad Martyr. 5; **4.** met. exsecrando metallo (sc. auro) pudicium suam auctorata est, sold, Apul. M. 9, 19; eo pignore (Polyxenidam) uelut auctoratum sibi proditorem ratus est, Liv. 37, 10, 8; gladiatorum proelia debeat, ipsum magis auctoratum populum Romano circumferens, Plin. 36, 117; **II 5.** auctoro, aere, Perperna Sertorium inter ceuam interemit Romanisque certam uictoriam..., sibi turpissimum mortem auctorauit, won by the foul bargain, Vell. 2, 30, 1; **6.** auctoratus as a sb. one who has bound himself as a gladiator, si auctoratus meus subreptus fuerit, Gai. 3, 199.

**auctrix**, icis, f. one who guarantees or sells, imp. Dioc. et Max. cod. 8, 45, 16; **2.** one who promotes, Tert. spect. 18.

**auctus**, ūs, increase, arboris, Lucr. 6, 168; maximis auctibus crescere, Liv. 4, 2, 2; add 29, 27, 3; Vell. 2, 40, 4; Plin. 2, 81; 4, 79; Tac. h. 4, 28.

**aucūpābundus**, quasi-part. constantly birdcatching, trapping, animas, Tert. anim. 39.

**aucūpālis**, adj. of a bird-catcher, perticae, Paul. ex F. v. amites p. 21.

**aucūpātio**, ōnis, f. bird-catching, Quint. (?) decl. 13, 8.

**aucupatōrius**, adj. of a bird-catcher, Plin. 16, 169 aud 172; lemma of Mart. 14, 218.

**aucūpātus**, ūs, m. bird-catching, Iul. Cap. M. Antou. 4, 9.

**aucūpium**, ii, n. bird-catching, fowling, hic noster quaestus aucupi simillimum est, Pl. As. 1, 3, 63 and 66; piscatu aucupio uenatione, Cic. fin. 2, 23; **2.** for table birds, poultry, minima inflatio ex uenatione aucupio piscibus, Cels. 2, 26; in nentrem peregrina aucupia congerere, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 6; **3.** met. facere aucupium auribus, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 43; hoc nouum est aucupium (Guathonis), Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 16.

**aucūpo**, see

**aucūpor**, ari, vb. r. be a bird-catcher, catch birds, alio loco ubi aucupere, Varr. r. 1, 23, 5; qui in alienum fundum ingreditur uenandi aucupandi gratia, Gai. dig. 41, 1, 3;

**2.** met. examina (apum), Colum. 9, 8, 8; **3.** esp. lay oneself out to catch (what is abstract), where we might often say fish for, gratiam, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6; delectationem, or. 63; famam, Plin. pr. 30; **4.** esp. of picking up what



is said, *rumorem*, Cic. Pis. 57; *rumusculos*, leg. 3, 35; II 5. *aucupo*, the same, met. *lepide aucupavi*, Pl. Truc. 5, 72; sermonem, Most. 2, 2, 42; *Aucupemus* ex insidiis clanculum quam rem gerant, As. 5, 2, 31; add *Mcen.* 4, 1, 121; *arcana aucupet* (Seal. cj., mss occupet), Sen. Her. Oct. 485.

**audācia**, ac, boldness, daring, courage, Neque eques neque pedes profectost quisquam tanta audacia..., Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 54; neque singulis derat audacia, Caes. b. g. 6, 34, 6; quanta cuiusque animo audacia inest, tanta in bello patere solet, Sal. Cat. 58, 2; duabus his artibus, audacia in bello, ubi pax euenerat, aequitate se gerebant, 9, 3; maiores nostri neque consili neque audaciae umquam eguere, 51, 37; non hesternodie frangere audaciam uestram sed differre uolui, Liv. 25, 38, 11; unde tanta audacia uictis, 25, 37, 12; add Prop. 2, 10, 5; Tac. Agr. 11; 2. often in a bad sense, as opposed to uirtus etc., audacity, impudence, rashness, Domi habet os lingnam perfidiam malitiam atque audaciam, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 41; add Ps. 5, 2, 8; As. 2, 2, 46; audacia propinquum (est fidentiae) et tamen uitium est, Cic. inv. 2, 165; animus paratus ad periculum, si sua cupiditate impellitur, audaciae potius nomen habeat quam fortitudinis, off. 1, 63; malarum rerum audacia fortitudo uocata, Sal. Cat. 52, 11; pro pudore pro abstinentia pro uirtute audacia largitio auaritia uigebant, 3, 3; quod offendat in eo, feruorem et audaciam, aetatem quotidie auferre, Liv. 3, 12, 7; 3. in pl. Cato ap. Paul. ex F. p. 27; Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; Verr. 2, 3, 208; Cat. 2, 10.

**audācūlus**, adj. dim. of contempt, bold, Sulp. Ap. ap. Gell. 15, 5, 4; Gell. 5, 21, 4.

**Audasius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. Audasius O l. Stephanus, CIL 1131.

**audax**, ācis, adj. bold, daring, courageous, Quae non deliquit, decet audacem esse, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; *audaxque* inuenta, Verg. G. 4, 565; 2. gen. bold in a bad sense, audacious, impudent, mulier multum et audax et mala's, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 31; rogitas audacissime? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 26; his enim uitii affectos malos aut audaces appellare consuetudo solet, Cic. Phil. 14, 7; paulo ad facinus audacior, Cat. 2, 9; 3. of other than persons, facinus audax, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 38; Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 27; consilium, Liv. 25, 37, 17; quo audacior res erat, minus similis ueri uisa est, 26, 38, 9; coepta, Verg. G. 1, 40; dithyrambi, Hor. od. 4, 2, 10; spes, Plin. 28, 35; 4. w. gen. ingenii, Stat. silu. 3, 2, 64; 5, 3, 35; 5. w. inf. perpeti, Hor. od. 1, 3, 25; impouere, Prop. 4, 5, 13; spondere, Lucan. 7, 246; 6. adv. audaciter? or rather audacter, boldly, Mulier es, audacter iuras, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; loquere audacter, Capt. 2, 2, 60; add twenty other pass. wh. metre guarantees audacter; also Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 6; Ph. pr. 11; Enu. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; Accede ad sponsam audacter: (so Bothe cj. w. metre; mss audaciter) uirgo nulla est talis Setia, Titin. ap. Non. 227, 15; add Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 134; acad. pr. 81; Liv. 9, 34, 12; Cic. Rosc. Am. 31, which pass. however is quoted for audaciter by Prisc. 2, 76, 28, who adds: per synecpam in usu est frequentiore audacter; in Liv. 22, 25, 10 Madv. audaciter (but ?); molestissima peruersitate ut audaciter potius dicant quam audacter, Quint. 1, 6, 17; 7. comp. audacius, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 98 etc.; sup. audacissime, Men. 5, 7, 14; Liv. 30, 30, 12.

**audentia**, ac, f. courage, ut quisque audentiae habuisset, Tac. an. 15, 53; add G. 34; quin. ep. 8, 4, 4; audacia temeritatis est, audentia fortitudinis, Non. 431, 5.

**audeo**, ēre, ausus sum, vb. [for auideo from audis, as inuideo from inuidis; cf. gaudeo for gaudeo, witness gaudis; and claudio for claudio from a lost sb. claudid=κλυφιδ-; see claudio; cf. also § 2, 1st ex.], be eager, Quos ubi confertos andare in proelia uidi, Incipio super his, Verg. 2, 347; cf. audis stetit Volcauus, eager for battle, Hor. od. 3, 4, 58 and audas legiones, Tac. an. 1, 51; Dimidium facti qui coepit habet, sapere aude, Incipie, make haste, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 40; cf. Lucian. Nigr. 27 ἤξειον γὰρ ἀμελλήτων εἶναι τὴν πρὸς τὸ ἀγαθὸν ὄρμη; 2. be willing, but only in Plautus and in the form audes or non audes of questions; and iu si audes, as: S. Nonne audes (won't you) quaeso aliquam partem gratiam facere hinc (al. huius) argenti? P. Non me dices audium esse hominem, nam

hinc numquam eris nummo diuitior, Ps. 5, 2, 23; Non andes aliquod dare mihi munusculum? Truc. 2, 4, 74; Nilne adiuuare me audes? (al. me ades), Ps. 1, 1, 76; Scelesto non audes mihi scelesto subueiuro? As. 2, 4, 70; P. dico homō lepidissime. M. Equid audes de tuo istic (al. istuc) addere? P. atque hilarissime, Men. 1, 2, 40; Da mihi hoc mel meum, si me amas, si audes, Trin. 2, 1, 17; see Wagner ad Aul. 46; whence all this §; so perh. Varr. sat. p. 226, l. 6 Riese; quae uero putauerint reprehendenda, hic si audebunt subcenseant unde ea nos accipimus, Gell. pr. 18; 3. hence contracted sōdes if you please, wh. see; 4. dare, venture, Nos ausi reserare, Enn. an. 226 V; neque ut aiunt mu facere audent, p. 175 V; Segregare abs te ausus' aut sine illo Salamina ingredi, Pacuv. 327 R; Lapidus sum, commouere me miser non audeo, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 44; nil iam mittire audeo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 25; tantum uictis efficere potuit quantum incolumis numquam est ausus optare, Cic. l. Man. 25; nihil aliud quam bene ausus uana contemnuere, Liv. 9, 17, 16; so far with inf.; 5. with acc. as first of gen. term, dare, venture upon, quā audacia tantum facinus audet, Ter. Enn. 5, 4, 37; tantae res gestae quantas audere uix hominis fuerit, Vell. 2, 47, 1; 6. often with common neut. adj. or sb., Aequos conscientia ultima andare cogeat, Liv. 3, 2, 11; neque milites alio duce plus confidere aut audere, 21, 4, 4; Quid domini faciant, audent cum talia fures, Verg. B. 3, 16; multa, Tac. H. 4, 15; magna, Sil. 6, 209; 7. with acc. of other nouns only in late writers, esp. Tac., as: ausuros nocturnam castrorum oppugnationem, an. 2, 12; nec poenam eins palam ausus..., 2, 40; obuiio hosti et aciem auso plus cladis faciunt, 12, 28; 8. hence as a pass. pers. with nom. of gen. term or common neut. adj. or sb., agenda res est, inuenues, audendaque, Liv. 35, 35, 16; multa dolo, pleraque per uim audebantur, 39, 9, 8; audendum aliquid pro patria ratus, Iust. 5, 9, 6; 9. with other nouns only in late writers, defensionem sui deserit ausis ad Caesarem codicillis quibus..., Tac. an. 3, 67 f.; ne bono quidem exemplo audendum esse patroni necem, Suet. Dom. 14; 10. non a. followed by quin, ut non audeam...quin promam omnia, Pl. As. 1, 1, 10; 11. absol., hos nouos magistros nihil posse docere nisi ut audent, Cic. or. 3, 94; (Romani) audendo et falleudo et bella ex bellis sereudo magni facti, Sal. hist. fr.; periculosus est deprehendi quam audere, Tac. Agr. 15 f.; 12. ausim, ausis etc. as pres. subj. for audeam, or rather for audeim (cf. edim, duim), Quid est cur componere ausis mihi te aut me tibi? Att. 147 R; nec si sciam dicere ausim, Liv. pr. 1; Ausim uel tenni uitem committere sulco, Verg. G. 2, 289; Et nihil est quod non effreno captus amore Ausit, Ov. M. 6, 466; 13. an obsol. perf. ausi for ausus sum, non ausi recusare, Cato ap. Prisc. 863; II 14. audens part. as adj. bold, Audentes fortuna iuuat, Verg. 10, 284; add Ov. a. a. 1, 608; audentior, Verg. 6, 95; audentissimus, Tac. Agr. 33; 15. adv. audenter, Scaev. dig. 28, 2, 29, 14; comp. Tao. or. 18; III 16. ausum part. n. as sb. a thing attempted, attempt, Verg. 2, 535; 9, 281; 12, 351; Ov. M. 9, 621; 11, 242.

**audentia**, ac, f. hearing, as in official form, Exsurge praeco, fac populo audentiam, Pl. pr. 11 (4) order silence; audentiam facere praeconem iussit, Liv. 43, 16, 8; add Cornif. 4, 68; 2. hence, facit ipsa sibi audentiam senis mitis oratio, Cic. sen. 28; add Caecil. 42; 3. gen. a hearing, as of a court etc., si audentiam mihi tribuerit humanitas, give me a hearing, Apul. M. 3, 4; partibus audentiam praebere, Vatic. fr. 33; 4. sense of hearing, Surdis fruendam reddere audentiam, Prud. steph. 954.

**audio**, vb. (auris sb.) hear, listen, auribus si parum audies, terito..., Cato r. 157, 16; Quin tu audi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 42; intus clamorem audio, Mil. 4, 9, 16; andin Clinia? Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 2; uerba eius audistis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 92; 2. w. irony, of one not credentis,—non potitus essem... At non cottidiana cura haec argeret animum, Audio, so you say, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 8; Irae sunt inter Glycerium et quatuu. Audio, Andr. 3, 3, 20; 3. hear judicially, give audience to, quemuis uerba pro eo facientem audiri aequum est, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 33, 2; heres audiendus est,



Paul. 2, 8, 8, 4; **4.** w. ex, de, a aud unde, of persons, ex me audibis uera, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 86; hoc te ex aliis audire malo, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 2; ex nobis audiunt, Quint. 1, 2, 7; andiui equidem ista de maioribus natu, Brut. 100; saepe hoc andiui de patre meo, or. 3, 133; saepe andiui a (al. e) maioribus natu..., sen. 43; unde te audisse dicis, or. 2, 285;

**5.** w. acc. and dicere, saepe hoc maiores natu dicere andiui..., Cic. Mur. 58; audistis dici, Epicureos omnes res noluipate metiri, Pis. 68; ipsum dicere audistis, Quint. 9, 2, 57; **6.** w. dicentem etc., uideor mihi audire quosdam illa dicentes..., Quint. 12, 1, 33; si quis...adiecero, audiam dicentem 'non fecit', 12, 10, 26; unum meum narrautem audiebam, Suet. Cal. 19; **7.** w. cum diceret, id ex eo andiui cum diceret..., Cic. or. 2, 144; a Pausania andiui cum diceret..., fam. 3, 7, 4; add dom. 93; **8.** w. acc. of person, listen to as taking their advice, nec Homerum audio qui Ganymeden...ait, Cic. Tusc. 1, 65; uellem te audisse amicitiae momentem, Att. 7, 1, 2; si uos audire nellemus, N. D. 1, 55; **9.** listen to as a teacher, attend lectures of, Cleanthes qui Zenonem audiuit, Cic. N. D. 1, 37; te Marce fili annum iam audientem Cratippum, off. 1, 1; quem Romae audierat, Quint. 12, 6, 7; **10.** listeu to (prayers etc.) as favourable, give ear to, preces, Cic. Pis. 43; ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 9; uota, 'Hor. od. 4, 13, 1; carmina, 1, 2, 27; **11.** w. dat. of person, as existing, personified; improbo homini ne auscultarent, sibi potius audirent, Apul. apol. 83; **12.** w. dat. also tuis audiens sum imperiis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 26; esp. in phrase dicto audiens, obeying what is said, obedient to orders, and so gen. obedient, often w. dat. of person added, quorum opera Syracusanis nobis dicto audientes sunt, eos Syracusano (al. Syracusanis) dicto audientes esse iussisti, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 85; d. audientem fuisse praetori, 2, 4, 27; ne plebs nobis d. a. atque obediens sit, Liv. 5, 3, 8; add 29, 20, 11; (seruum) probum, dicto audientem, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 19; Quint. 3, 6, 31; 7, 1, 14; **13.** met. listen to, obey, nec audit curus habenas, Verg. G. 1, 514; nec quae magis audiat arcum (sagitta), Ov. M. 5, 382; clauumque audire negantem, Stat. Th. 5, 412; but Plin. 16, 226 has: cornum odit sorbus;

**14.** w. bene, male etc. be spoken of, have a — character, uolgens male audit mulierum, Ter. Hee. 4, 2, 24; audibis male si male dicis mihi, Caecil. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 17, 13; Si erum insimulabis malitiae, male audies, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 12; Bene dictis si certasset, audisset bene, pr. 20; bene audire a parentibus, Cic. fin. 3, 57; me ideo bene audire uelle, ut ille male audiat, Att. 6, 1, 2; **15.** be understood as saying, where something not said is implied, eras dignus ut haberes integram mauum; sic enim auditur 'ut depugnare', Quint. 8, 5, 12; stupere gaudio, simul auditur 'coepit', i.e. coepit understood 9, 3, 58; **16.** audiens as sb. a hearer, Cic. Brut. 279; Liv. 21, 10, 2; **17.** as pass. pers., Bibulus nondum audiebatur esse in Syria, Cic. Att. 5, 18, 1; leuibis copiis quae ex louginquo in maius audiebantur, were exaggerated, Tac. an. 4, 23; Albis flumen, notum olim, nunc tantum auditur, G. 41 f.; **18.** audibo old fut. Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 86; Poen. 1, 2, 97; Enn. and Caecil. ap. Non. 505, 33; audibam eueu in later poets, Catul. 84, 8; Ov. F. 3, 507; but in her. 14, 36 audieram Merk.

**auditauī**, saepe andini, Paul. ex F. p. 28.

**auditio**, ōnis f. hearing; fabellarum, Cic. fin. 5, 42; fama et auditione, N. D. 2, 95; **2.** esp. of lectures, Plin. 26, 11; egressus ex auditione, Gell. 14, 1, 2; add 18, 2, 2; 19, 8, 1; **3.** a lecture, the matter thereof, 20, 5, 5; **4.** what is heard, a report, rumour, Cic. Plane. 56; Cael. ad Cic. 8, 1, 2; Caes. b. g. 4, 5, 3; 7, 42, 2; Tac. au. 4, 11.

**auditūncūla**, ae f. dim. an idle tale, Gell. 13, 20 (19), 5.

**auditor**, ōris, m. one who hears, hearer, Cic. N. D. 3, 2; or. 122; **2.** a pupil attending lectures, a student, Phalereus Theophrasti a., Cic. fin. 5, 54; Perseus Zenonis a., N. D. 38; ille Pansae a., Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 40.

**auditōriālis**, adj. of a lecture room, Aug. 2 c. Pelag. c. ult.; 6, 11.

**auditōrium**, adj. n. as sb. a lecture room, or theatre

for recitations, etc., auditorium exstruit et subsellia conduit, Tac. or. 9; add Quint. 2, 11, 3; 10, 1, 36; **2.** a hall of audience, a court-house, esp. a court of justice, principis, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 18, 1; ego dixi in auditorio, Tryphon. dig. 23, 3, 78, 4; qui ad maius a. uocatus est, to a higher court, Paul. 42, 1, 54; add Apul. Flor. 4, 18; **3.** the audience, adhibito ingenti auditorio, Plin. ep. 4, 7, 2; auditorio misso, Apul. apol. 73.

**auditōrius**, adj. of hearing, cauernae, the passage to the tympanum, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 3, or § 65.

**auditus**, ūs, m. the sense of hearing, auditus semper patet, Cic. N. D. 2, 144; cerui acerrimi auditus, Plin. 8, 114; **2.** a hearing, Tac. h. 2, 59.

**āuē**, (or haue\*), auete, auere, parts of an obsol. vb. prob. as Döderl. says (Syn. 1, 27) corruptions of salue, (salūc, sāuē, hauē, āuē), hail, good morning, etc. used in morning salutations, simul atque 'have' mihi dixit, quid de te audisset exposuit, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 16, 4; Hos tu, seu pariter siue hanc illumue priorem Videris, hoc dices 'Marcus āuēre iubet, Mart. 3, 5, 10; matutinium 'aue', 1, 55, 6; Mane tibi pro me dicet 'aucto' liber, 1, 108, 10; Et fastus et āue potentiorum, 7, 39, 2; add 4, 78, 4; 3, 95, 1;

**2.** rarely for uale farewell, see letter in Sal. Cat. 35 beginning: L. Catilina Q. Catulo, ending 'habeto'; **3.** hence addressed to the dead, aue Luci praerepte matri, inscr. Or. 4731; have\* Manlia Anthusa bene sit tibi, 4735; add 4732, 4734, 4736\*, 4737, 4738\*; **4.** hence when gladiators in Suet. Claud. 21 cried 'aue Imperator, morituri te salutant', and he answered, 'aucte uos', he used it in this latter sense, they in the literal sense and refused to fight; **5.** see Quint. 1, 6, 21.

**āuēho**, xi, etus, ēre, vb. carry away, bring away, (as in a ship, boat, carriage, on horseback), first by sea, Vt amicum erilem Athenis auectam scio, ego...mihi nauem paro, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 36; Quot eras annos gnatus tum quom te pater patria auelit, Men. 5, 9, 56; add Mil. 4, 1, 2; is uenit ut (eam) secum auchat, Nam habitat Mileti, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 19; frumentum quod potuerunt nauibus auexerunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 8; dona quae domos aucherent (from Amphipolis to Rome, etc.), Liv. 45, 33, 4; creditis auectos hostis? Verg. 2, 43; **2.** of one riding, in eo cornu Sulpicii affuerat, auectus ab suis ad clamorem, Liv. 9, 27, 11; quum citato equo ex proelio auectus esset, 27, 16, 3;

**3.** of other carriage, alia (sacra) auecta in finitimas urbes 5, 51, 9; corpora partim...terrae infodiunt auetaque partim Finitimos tollunt in agros, Verg. 11, 205; iuuenum...auexit pastor ad aras, Stat. Th. 6, 188.

**Aueiās**, ātis, adj. of a town Aueia in the country of the Vestini, C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo...patrono decur. et pop. Aueiat. Vestinor., inscr. Or. 106.

**Auellānus**, s. Abellanus.

**auello**, nelli, uolens, ēre, vb. pull away, pluck away, tear away, poma, cruda si sunt ui auellentur (al. uix eu.) Cic. sen. 71; insistebat in manu Cereris simulacrum Victoriae, hoc auellendum curauit, Verr. 2, 4, 110; Auolsunquae umeris caput, Verg. 2, 558; auolsi arboribus stolones, Plin. 17, 67; pollicem seruo, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 34;

**2.** met. first of persons, irae sunt inter Glycerium et gnatum...Ita magnae, ut sperem posse auelli, Ter. Audr. 3, 3, 21; add Hee. 4, 1, 39; de matris hunc complexu auellet, Cic. Font. 46 (36); Non potes auelli; simul, a simul ibimus, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 81; (militis) castris truceibus, Tac. an. 1, 44; **3.** stronger met. hoc (rus) a me auellere, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 14; hunc a tanto errore auellere, Cic. off. 3, 83; si..., fundus emptori auelli non potest, Marc. dig. 23, 5, 17; add Panl. 41, 3, 4, 12; Ulp. 40, 7, 3, 9.

**āuēna**, ae, oats, a. sativa Linn., Vrit enim limi campum seges, urit āuēnae, Verg. G. 1, 77; Colum. 2, 11, 9;

**2.** wild oats, a weed, fatua Linn., ἀργιλωψ, auenam destringas, Cato r. 37, 4; Vbi uidet auenam lolium crescere inter triticum, Enn. ap. Prisc. 532, 18 K; ne seges quidem (beata) si auenam usquam uideris, Cic. fin. 5, 91; steriles anenae, Verg. G. 1, 154; frumenti uitium auena, Plin. 18, 149; **3.** gen. straw-like stalk, tam gracili auena (linum), Plin. 19, 5; searabacum (eripha) in auena habet, 24, 168; **4.** an oteu pipe, a pan pipe, both in sing.



Verg. B. 1, 2; Tib. 3, 4, 71; 5. and pl., structis aenis, Ov. M. 1, 677; disparibus aenis, 8, 192.

**āuēnāc-eus**, (-ius\*) adj. of oats, farina, oatmeal, Plin. 22, 137; 30, 75\*.

**āuēnārius**, adj. of oats, a. cicada, Plin. 11, 94.

**Āuentinus** (?), adj. A. mons, Mount Aventine, one of the seven hills of Rome, Cic. rep. 2, 33; Colum. 1, 3, 7; Sen. dial. 10, 13, 8; iugum, Ov. F. 3, 884; arx, 6, 728;

2. absol. as sb. n., Auentinum nouae multitudini datum, Liv. 1, 33, 2; add 1, 33, 5; 3, 67, 11.

**āueo**, ēre, vb. be eager, eagerly desire, auere nihil aliud est quam cupere, Paul. ex F. p. 14; Iamndum ab ludis auimus atque aures auent, Auide expectantes nuntium, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 6, 8;

2. gen. w. inf. scire auemus, Cic. fin. 2, 46; add Att. 1, 15, 2; 2, 18, 1; E quibus unus auet quauis aspergere cunctos, Praeter eum qui praebet, aqua (al. pessime; aquam), Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; capere, Colum. 3, 21, 6;

3. rarely w. acc., auco genus legationis ut cum uelis introire exire liceat, Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4; sed dum abest quod auemus, Lucr. 3, 1082; parto quod auemas, Hor. s. 1, 1, 94;

4. as adj. eager, 'auens' (Laelius) posuit pro 'libens,' Gell. 19, 7, 9;

5. adv. auenter eagerly, Amm. 18, 5, 6; 19, 9, 7; Sid. ep. 2, 2.

**Āuernālis**, adj. of Avernus, aquae, Hor. epod. 5, 26; Nymphae, Ov. M. 5, 540.

**Āuernus**, adj. (αΨωπος, without birds), a geographical term, Avernian, loca lacusque: quod Auerua uocantur nomine, id ab re Impositumst quia sunt auibus contraria cunctis, Lucr. 6, 738; luci, Sil. 6, 154;

2. esp. of a lake or lakes in Campauia, freta, Verg. G. 2, 164; luci, A. 6, 118 and 564; ualles, Ov. M. 10, 51;

3. of infernal regions, stagna, Verg. G. 4, 493; Iuno, i. e. Proserpine, Ov. M. 14, 114; Sil. 13, 601;

II 4. as a sb. m., the lake Avernus, Dum modo Lucrino, modo se permittit Auerno, Mart. 1, 62, 3;

5. as a deity, simulacrum Auerni sudasse, Serv. ad G. 2, 162; hence Auerni (gen.) lacus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 37;

6. Auernum as sb. n., Auerna sonantia, Verg. 3, 442; Auerna per alta, 5, 732.

**āuerro**, uerri, ēre, vb. sweep away, quis oportuit amissa restituere, hisce (nom. pl.) etiam reliquias auerrent, Licin. Mac. ap. Prisc. 532, 25 K.

**āuerruncasso** and **āuerrunco**, āre, vb. play the part of an auerruncus, or warder off of evil, avert (evil), hence of a god, Mars pater te precor ut calamitates defendas auerruncesque, Cato r. 141, 2; contra igitur? Di inquis auerrucent, Cic. Att. 9, 2 A, 1; Di monerint meliora, amentiam auerruncassint (pres. subj.) tuam, Lucil. or Pacuv. ap. Varr. l. 7, 5, p. 378 Sp. and Non. 74, 24;

2. of man by appeal to gods, possum ego capite istam cladem auerruncassere (not a future) ap. Non. ib.; placuit auerruncandae deum irae uictimas caedi, Liv. 8, 6, 11; prodigia quorum auerruncandorum causa supplicationes senatus decreuit, 10, 23, 1.

**āuerruncus**, (auruncus\*) i, (auerro+?) auerter of evil, deus a., Varr. l. 7, 5; Gell. 5, 12, 14\*.

**āuersābills**, adj. to be turned away from in horror or disgust, horrible, disgusting, scelus, Lucr. 6, 389; foeditas, Arnob. 7, p. 249.

**āuersātio**, ōnis, f. turning away in disgust, alienorum processum (at the success of others), Sen. dial. 9, 2, 11; add Quint. 8, 3, 65.

**āuersātrix**, f. one who turns away in disgust, crudelitas, Tert. auim. 51.

**āuersio**, ōnis, f. turning away, ex auersione legatos iugularunt (from behind?), bell. hisp. 22, 3; deorum, Dict. b. Troi. 4, 18;

2. disgust, nausea, Arnob. 7, p. 231;

3. a rhetorical fig., of disgust, as: Nou ego cum Danais... Verg. 4, 425 ap. Quint. 9, 2, 39;

4. in law, a purchase or hire of many things at one price or in the lump, si auersione uinum uenit, Ulp. dig. 18, 6, 4, 1; si a domino nauem per auersionem conduxit, 14, 1, 1, 15; add Paul. 14, 2, 10, 2.

**āuersor**, āri, vb. r. turn away (in horror or disgust), tormentis omnibus quaeritur... auersari (al. aduersari, male) aduocati et iam uix ferre posse, Cic. Clu. 177; but in Verr. 2, 2, 187 read w. Jordan: haerere homo, uersari, rubere;

2. w. acc. turn away from, quod ubi audiuit (Manlius), filium auersatus contionem aduocari iussit, Liv. 8, 7, 14; preces (patris) aut uerecundia aut metu, 3, 12, 9; afflictum amicum, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 5; morum crimina, am. 3, 11, 38; neptem nepotemque, Curt. 10, 5, 24.

**āuersor**, ōris, m. embezzler, pecuniae publicae, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 152.

**auerata**, (αορτης) ae, f. (?) saddlebags of a public messenger (ueredarius), xxxv libras auerta nou transeat, Th. C. 8, 5, 47, 1.

**auerteri**, adj. sc. equns for carrying the same, Th. C. 8, 5, 22, 1.

**āuerto**, (older auorto), auerti, auersus (older auorsus), ēre, vb. turn away, turn off, divert, nos flumina arcemus, dirigimus, auertimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 152; homines inermis armis repulit fugauit auertit, Caecili. 33; laqucis falces, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; iter ab \*Araro auerterant, 1, 16, 3;

tres (naues) in fretum auertit aestas, away from their course, Liv. 21, 49, 2; missis paucis ad capiendum tumulum auertit oculos hostium, from his chief movement, 22, 28, 8;

2. met., a \*miseriis cogitationem, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 1; ad hoc metuere ne fluxa fide usus popularium animos auerteret, Sall. Iug. 111, 2; culpam in fraudem Carthaginiensium, Liv. 31, 11, 13; in alios crimen, Quint. 11, 1, 65;

3. a. omen, avert the vengeance threatened by the omen, quibus M. Antonius—o di immortales, auertite hoc omen—urbem se diuisurum esse promisit, Cic. Phil. 4, 9; Brutus si conseruatus erit, uicimus; sin—quod di omen auertant, omnis omnium cursus est ad nos, fam. 12, 6, 2;

4. turn away (the feelings of), alienate, estrange, futurum uti totius Galliae auerterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 4; see also § 17;

5. divert from proper use, embezzle, misappropriate, steal, (ab)latum auorsum conciliatumue, CIL 198, 59, taken away by force, embezzlement, or whedding; lupus..., dum dormitaret canes, Gregem uniuersum uoluit totum auortere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 134; istum in quaestura pecuniam publicam consuli datum auertisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 11; hereditatem Turianam, fam. 12, 26, 2; stipendium equitum fraudabant, et praedam omnem domum auertebant, Caes. b. c. 3, 59, 3; si mercem perire passus est aut eam auertit, Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 7, 3; cum naua agre oneris auersi actione, Alf. 19, 2, 31; and met. Coningis ut magicis sanos auertere sacris Experiar sensus, Verg. B. 8, 67;

6. of booty taken in war, carry off, ingentem praedam, Liv. 37, 8, 7; Arua aliena iugo premere atque auertere praedas, Verg. 10, 78; add 1, 472; and akin to this, Auratam optantes Colchis auertere praedam, Catul. 64, 5; add Verg. 8, 208;

7. gen. in first sense, w. ab; see \* above, and add: Hannibalem ab incepto, Liv. 23, 18, 9; in se a curru dictatoris ciuium ora, 4, 20, 3;

8. off. in poets w. abl. alone, Nec posse Italia Tencrorum auertere regem, Verg. 1, 38; locis ictum, Lucr. 4, 1273; pectore, Stat. Th. 4, 92; animum ueris, 7, 110;

9. dat. of person so used is rather ethic dat., as Colum. 6, 37, 10; Prop. 3, 24, 9; Val. F. 3, 491; and perh. Catul. 64, 406;

II 10. as vb. r., turn away (intrans.), Te uolo uxor colloqui: Quor te auertisti?, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 18; Sed dexterorsum auorsa it in malam crucem, Rud. 1, 2, 87; Quo te auertisti, Truc. 2, 4, 7; Antonio diadema Caesari imponente se auertit, Cic. Phil. 5, 38; Boechus statim auortitur, Sal. Iug. 101, 9; surdaque auerteris aure, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 7; ne ambulantes auertamur a iudicibus, Quint. 11, 3, 127; expauidus auertitur et discedens: Ego, inquit..., Gell. 1, 8, 6;

11. the perf. auerti absol. as refl., ob eam causam huc abs te auerti, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 82; tum prora auertit et undis Dat latus, Verg. 1, 104; id cum dixisset (Scipio) auertit et ire ad Capitolium coepit, Gell. 4, 18, 4; add Sil. 15, 584;

12. so auertens as part. of auertor, Dixit et auertens rosea cernice refulsit, Verg. 1, 402;

13. auertor w. acc. in poets, turn away from, Victor equos fontis auertitur, Verg. G. 3, 499; in-pasta auertitur herbas, Stat. Th. 6, 192; hominum damnatum auertitur agmen, Petr. 124;

14. for auerti as only form of perf. see Key's lang. p. 155;

III 15. auersus, turned away and so presenting the back, Auersos cauda traxit in antra boues, Prop. 4, 9, 12—backwards; (ursi) arborem auersi (backwards) derepuit, Plin. 8, 130; manu



auersa, with the back of the hand, 28, 45; binis in auersa capitis parte oculis, 11, 272; Scribit in auersa charta, Mart. 8, 62; theatra inter so auersa, back to back, Plin. 36, 117; siluestres homines auersis post crura plantis, 7, 11; 16. auersum and auersa, as sb. n. the back, ad auersa insulae, Liv. 37, 27, 2; per auersa castrorum, Vell. 2, 63, 1; auersa Haemi Moesi optinent, Plin. 4, 41; add 37, 110; in auersum backwards, 11, 248; and perh. 11, 256; 17. auerse to, hostile to, ill fitted for, but commonly w. prep. ab, animorum motus auersi a ratione, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; a musis, Arch. 20; a uero, Cat. 3, 21; auersissimo a me animo fuit, Att. 11, 5, 4; a comitate uon auersum, Liv. 37, 7, 15; ipse auersissimus ab istis prodigiis sum, Sen. ep. 50, 2; 18. w. dat., mercaturis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 107; lucro, od. 2, 4, 19; but scarcely contubernio in Colum. 12, 1, 2; quos nobis auersos animis cognouerat, Tac. an. 14, 26; 19. absol. auersos componere amicos, Hor. s. 1, 5, 29; illius nolitas auersior uisus est, Sen. dial. 4, 24, 1.

**Aufetus**, adj. or sb. a gens, lex Aufeia, Gell. 11, 10, 1; aqua Aufeia, Plin. 31, 41.

**aufero**, abstulī (aps.), ablātus, auferre, vb. carry away, Iussin scelestae ab ianua hoc stercus hinc auferre? Pl. As. 2, 4, 18; Auferere, non abibis si ego fustem sumpsero, Amph. 1, 1, 202; uos istaec intro auferte, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 1; asotos qui in mensam uomunt et qui de conuiuis auferuntur, Cic. fin. 2, 23; 2. carry off, take off, of robbery, see auerto § 5; Diocles est a quo hydria ablata est; ab hoc abaci uasa omnia abstulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 35; quod auri habui, id mihi tu eripuisti atque abstulisti, Caecil. 19; 3. so take away by violence, as in: Tum caput ipsi aufert domino, Verg. 9, 332; auriculum fortasse mordicus abstulisset, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 2; uereor ne abstuleritis obseruantibus oculos, Liv. 6, 15, 13; 4. of death, tunc inter primores res geritur; quiquid hinc aut illic communis Mars belli aufert, multiplex quam pro numero dampnum est, Liv. 7, 8, 8; Abstulit clarum cita mors Achillem, Hor. od. 2, 16, 29; Labienum acies abstulit, Vell. 2, 55, 4; 5. met., quis tam esset ferreus cui uon auferret fructum uoluptatum solitudo, Cic. am. 87; feruorem actas aufert, Liv. 3, 12, 7; 6. aufer is used in many phrases of rudeness, aufer te domum, apscede hinc, molestus ne sis, Pl. As. 2, 4, 63; add Rud. 4, 3, 93; Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 26; aufer manum—hands off—Pl. Men. 4, 2, 63; and aufer alone (sc. te or manum), sine te exorem, mi pater. Insanis, aufer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 14; 7. akin to these, Aufer quaeso ista (drop that) atque hoc responde quod rogo, Pl. Curc. 2, 1, 30; aufer mihi 'oportet,' Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 45; aufer (none of your) nugas, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 8; Aufer hinc palpationes, Men. 4, 2, 64; 8. w. iuf. aufer me uoluit terrere, Hor. s. 2, 7, 43; II 9. carry off, gain, uiu, obtain, Tuo arbitratu dum auferam aps te quod peto, Pl. Curc. 3, 58; responsum ab eo, Cic. or. 1, 239; liberalissimum decretum, Att. 16, 16, 5; a Scapulis paucos dies, Quinet. 20; aufert Pacuuius docti famam senis, Accius alti, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 55; 10. hence by a more violent met., Nam si me inritassis hodie lumbifragium hinc auferes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 298; 11. esp. of getting off unpunished for an offence, Scio ego quid sim actatis: eo istuo maledictum impune auferes, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 5; Suspendam potius me quam tacita haec auferas, As. 4, 2, 7; inultum uumquam id auferet, Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 4; Nisi facient quae illos aequomst, haud sic auferent, Ad. 3, 4, 8; 12. separate, part, mare vii stadiorum interuallu Europam auferens Asiae, Plin. 4, 75; Armenia maior Euphrate amne aufertur Cappadociae, 6, 25—where note the datives.

**Aufidēnās**, ātis, adj. of the town Aufidena, now Alfidena, Plin. 3, 107; Aemiliae C. fl. . . Aufidenates, inscr. Or. 3776. **Aufidiānus**, adj. of Aufidius, nomine (debt), Cic. fam. 16, 19.

**Aufidēnus**, adj. adopted from the gens Aufidia, Aufidienum Rnfum, Tac. an. 1, 20.

**Aufidius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Aufidius Orestes, CIL 573; Aufidia O l. Apamia, 1282; add Hor. s. 1, 5, 34.

**Aufidus**, i, n. a river of Apulia, now Ofanto, Hor. od. 4, 9, 2; Plin. 3, 102; 2. as adj. stagna Aufida, Sil. 10, 171.

**Aufinās**, ātis, adj. of Aufina, a town of the Vestini in Italy, now Ofena, Plin. 3, 106.

**aufigio**, fugi, ēre, vb. fly away, run away, uos quaero... Ne me indicetis, qua platea hūc aufugerim, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 5; hercle aufugerim Potius quam redeam, Ter. Hec. 3, 4, 10; seruus meus aufugit, Cic. fam. 13, 77, 3; 2. w. acc. fly from, Andromeda aufugiens aspectum maesta pareutis, Cic. poet. N. D. 2, 111; assiduas aufuge (so mss) blanditias, Prop. 1, 9, 30; add Hygin. fab. 258.

**Aufustus**, adj. or sb. a gens, L. Aufustus L. l. Strato, CIL 571; add Plin. 7, 182.

**augeo**, ēre, xi, etus, (autus, Bemb. in Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 54) vb. [a redup. vb. for a-uag-eo (cf. aegō, i. e. a-Fē-ω, aft. aegō, also a-Fē-μ and Lat. aura for an assumed auera); hence root uag = mag of mac-tus, mag-nus; also = wach of G. wach-seu, E. wax, grow] make greater, increase, magnify, cause to grow, Metuo ne numerum augeam illum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 151; measque auge opes, Capt. 4, 1, 1; suspicionem, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 46; rem bonis rationibus, Cic. Rab. post. 38; republicam atque hoc iuperium, Rosc. Am. 50; animum eius, Att. 10, 14, 3; possessiones suas, Nep. Att. 12, 2; spatium itimeris, Caes. b. g. 7, 46, 2; timoris opinionem, 5, 55 f; uim morbi, Liv. 3, 6, 2; uires, 7, 7, 4; 2. w. acc. and abl., enrich, houour, atque illam augeam inperato opportuno bono, Pl. St. 2, 1, 32; aliquid cedo Qui (--) hanc uicini nostri (sc. Apollinis) aram augeam (mss augeram), Merc. 4, 1, 10; alter te scientia augere potest, altera exemplis, Cic. off. 1, 1; aer concretus in uubes... terram auget imbribus, N. D. 2, 101; ueteranos commodis, Phil. 11, 37; priuignos imperatoris nominibus, Tac. an. 1, 3; largitione potissimos amicorum, 13, 18; 3. absol., di hercle omnes med adiuuant, augent, amant, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 8; and Men. 3, 3, 27; solum te commendat augetque temporis spatium, Plin. pan. 24; 4. in pass., maerore\* augeor, Pl. St. 1, 1, 54; erus damno\* auctus est, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 15; augeatur isto honore is qui... Cic. Phil. 9, 15; consilio auctoritate sententia quibus augeri senectus solet, sen. 17; auctus est ibi filia, Tac. Agr. 6; add an. 12, 26; 5. note the iron. use in Pl. aud Ter. \*; and cf. similar use of mactus; II 6. as vb. neut. for a. se; be increased, grow, eo res eorum auxit, Cato orig. 8, 6 Iord.; Vsque adeo parcunt fetus augentque labore, Lucr. 2, 1163; O decus eximium magnis uirtutibus augeus, Catul. 64, 323; ignoscendo populi Romani magnitudinem auxisse, Sal. hist. or. Phil. 6; 7. anxim as perf. subj. archaic, imperium... bonis auctibus auxitis, ap. Liv. 29, 27, 3.

**augesco**, ēre, vb. intr. grow, become greater, nam mihi quidem cottidie augecit magis De filio aegritudo, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 14; semina temperatione caloris et oriri et augecere, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; Iugurthae et ceteris animi augescunt, Sal. Iug. 34, 2; Augescunt aliae gentes, aliae minuuntur, Lucr. 2, 77.

**augētis**, see augites.

**augificāto**, āre, vb. tr. increase, make greater, Enn. ap. Non. 76.

**auginos**, i, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 4.

**augites**, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**augmen**, inis, n. increase, addition, Lucr. 1, 435; 3, 268; 5, 1307; also Arnob. 7, p. 231.

**augmento**, āre, vb. trans. increase, make greater, Firmic. Math. 5, 6; Nov. Valent. 2, 1, 3, 3.

**augmentum**, i, n. increase, addition, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8, 1; 5, 3, 20, 3; Papin. 33, 7, 3; Iuuae, Pallad. 13, 6; add Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 9.

**au-gur**, tris, m. [an- root of au-i-bird, gur prob. an obsol. root = ὄρ (Fop) of ὄραω] lit. a bird-seer, hence augur, a special college being formed of them at Rome, Modo postquam adripuit rabies hunc nostrum augurem, Afran. 8 R; Nil credo auguribus qui auris uerbis diuitant, Acc. 169; L. Aem(ilius) L. f. Paullus co(s) ii Cens. Augur tr(i)-umphant ter, CIL 607; si uolo augurium (ius) optime tenere, equis me ob eam rem augurem capiat, Cato orig. 27, 6 I; interpretes Iouis optumi maximi publici augures, ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; add 21; praestantissimum in re publica ius est augurum; ueque uero hoc quia sum ipse augur ita sentio, sed quia... 2, 31; add div. 1, 88;



Attus Nauinus inelitus ea tempestate augur, Liv. 1, 36, 3; add § 6; quinque genera signorum obseruanti augures, ex caelo ex anibus ex tripudiis ex quadrupedibus ex diris, Paul. ex F. p. 260 M; 2. gen. an augur, a prophet, Augur Apollo, Hor. od. 1, 2, 32; auguris Argiui, 3, 16, 11; add ep. 1, 20, 9; Vana diu uisa est uox auguris, Ov. M. 3, 649; add 3, 512 etc.; collegium augurum, inser. Or. 811:

3. w. fem. noun, nisi fallit augur Aunosa cornix, Hor. od. 3, 17, 12; sinque augur cassa futuri? (sc. mater Ephebi), Stat. Th. 9, 629; 4. antiqui auger et augeratus pro augur et auguratus dicebant, Prisc. 1, 27, 17 K.

**augūrāc-ulum**, i, n. [augūrā-ri] the arx or place for taking auguries, Paul. ex F. p. 18 M.

**augūr-ālis**, adj. of augurs, ius, Cic. Brnt. 267; cena (at the installation of an augur), fam. 7, 26, 2; libri, div. 1, 72; Senec. ep. 108, 31; insignia, Liv. 10, 7, 9; uerbum, Gell. 7 (6), 6, 4; sacerdotium, Suet. Gram. 12; 2. augurale, as sb. u., the place for taking auguries in a camp, and so the quarters of the general, nocte coepta egressus augurali per occulta, Tac. an. 2, 13; structam ante augurale aram, 15, 30; tabernaculum ducis, augurale, Quint. 8, 2, 8; 3. one of the insignia of an augur, as the lituus or staff, Sen. tranq. 11, 9.

**augūrātio**, ōnis, f. taking auguries, ex passeribus, Cic. div. 2, 65; astrologia et haruspicia et auguratio, Lact. 2, 16.

**augūrātō**, adv. or rather abl. of perf. part. the auguries having been first taken, sicut Romulus a. urbe condenda regnum adeptus est, Liv. 1, 18, 6; Suet. Aug. 7.

**augūrātōr-ium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [implies a sb. augurator fm. augura-ri]=auguraculum, auguratorium dilap(sum) (restitu)it, inser. Or. 2286; P. Vict. reg. 10.

[**augūrātrix**, an error for argutatrix iu Paul. ex F. p. 117 M]

**augūr-ātus**, us, m. [cf. consul-atus], office of augur, lituus...insigne auguratus, Cic. div. 1, 30; scientia auguratus, inser. ap. I. Labus. 5; 2. an augury, Tert. anim. 26.

**augūr-ālis**, adj.=auguralis, auis, Apul. de aspir. 8; add Not. Tir. 92.

**Augūr-inus**, adj. or sb. m. a cognomen, Ti. Minuci C. f. Augurini, ou a denar. CIL 358.

**augūr-ium**, ii, n. an augury, augurium (sc. mustelae) ac facit, Pl. St. 3, 2, 10; multa auguria multa auspicia (quod Cato ille queritur) neglectia collegii amissa sunt, Cic. div. 1, 28; cum iu arce augurium augures acturi essent, off. 3, 66; augures agere augurium dicuntur, Varr. l. 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; accepisse id augurium laeta dicitur Tanaquil, Liv. 1, 34, 9; add 1, 6, 4; 10, 40, 14; Ov. tr. 3, 1, 36; auguria ex anibus cur iuuenit, Plin. 7, 202; 2. gen. the power of foretelling by auguries, Sed non augurio potuit depellere, Verg. 9, 328; Attus Nauius uir summus augurio, Flor. 1, 5, 2; 3. at times distinguished from auspiciam, as in: quantum ex augurio auspicioque intellego, Pl. As. 2, 1, 15; dant operam simul, auspicio augurioque, Enn. an. 81 V; yet confounded in Cic. div. 1, 105: quid de auguribus loquar? tuae partes sunt; tuum inquam auspiciam patrociniū debet esse; and again auspiciū; but in the quotation—in auguriis aut auguriis, the last two words are only in inferior MSS; from templum...auguriū aut auspicii causa, little can be inferred; augurium perh. a more gen. term, as Non. 429 says; see also pass. fm Paul. ex F. s. v. augur; see too Serv. ad A. 1, 398 and 3, 20.

**augūr-ius**, adj. of augurs, augurium (ius) optime tenere, Cato orig. 27, 6 I; add Cic. fam. 3, 9, 3; Gell. pr. 13; 2. a cognomcu, L. Metius Augurius, inser. Grut. 947, 4.

**augūr-or**, āri, vb. refl. act as augur, foretell by augury, Calcbas ex passerum numero belli Troiani annos auguratus est, Cic. div. 1, 72; add 1, 27; non e cantu sinistro oscinis auguror, fam. 6, 6, 7; 2. met. foretell, augur, as w. acc., mortem eam, Tusc. 1, 96; 3. w. acc. and inf., recte auguraris de me, nihil a me abesse longius crudelitate, Caes. ad Cic. Att. 9, 16, 2; Hac ego contentos auguror esse deos, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 80; Tac. h. 1, 50; Curt. 10, 15, 13; 4. consecrate or bless by auguries, sacerdotes et

(added by Halm) uineta uirgetaque auguranto (as a refl. vb.), XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; II 5. augūro, āre, the same, but only met., as Serv. ad Verg. truly says, oculis inuestigans astute augura, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 26; add Enn. Paouv. and Cic. ap. Non. 469, 2; et si quid neri mens augurat, opto, Verg. 7, 273; add Val. F. 3, 356; 6. auguror as pass., Prisc. 379, 5; add L. Caes. ap. Prisc. 380, 4.

**augūrum**, i, n. =augurium, Pro certo arbitrator sortis oracula adytus (=ἀδύτως) augura? Acc. ap. Non. 488, 2.

**Augusta**, sec Augustus.

**Augustāllānus**, adj. of an Augustalis Praefectus, Th. C. 11, 5, 3; 11, 24, 6.

**Augustālis**, adj. of Augustus, ludi, Tac. au. 1, 15 and 54; sacerdotes, 2, 83; sodales, Suet. Claud. 6; magistri, inser. Or. 3596; 2. as sb. m., priest of Augustus, Tac. h. 2, 95; inser. Or. 610, 2679 etc.; 3. Praefectus Augustalis, the Governor of Egypt, Th. C. 1, 14, 2; 16, 2, 42; 4. Augustalia as sb. n. pl. the festival of Augustus, on a. d. iv id. Oct., fasti Maff.; 5. A. milites, Veg. mil. 2, 7.

**Augustālitās**, ātis, f. the dignity of an Augustalis, Q. Annio Ianuario, ordo...ob merita eius honorem Augustalitatis decreuit, inser. Or. 3213; omnis Augustalitatis, 3678; 2. dignity of A. praefectus, Th. C. 13, 11, 11.

**Augustamnica**, adj. f. as sb. a province of Egypt, so called from the Nile as Augustus amnis, Amm. 22, 16, 1 and 3.

**Augustānus**, adj. of Augustus, equites, Tac. an. 14, 15; add Th. C. 14, 12, 3; domus, inser. Or. 2350; 2947 (for Augusta); colonia, i.e. Berytus, Ulp. 50, 15, 1, 1; 2. as sb. m. au inhabitant of any city called Augusta, Astures Augustani (of Astorga), Plin. 3, 28; Angustani urbe Iulia Gaditana (Cadiz), 4, 119.

**Augustāticus**, adj. of Augustus, mensis, grom. p. 332, 4 Lachm.

**Augustensis**, adj. of a city w. title Augusta, Th. C. 10, 2, 1.

**Augustēus**, adj. of Augustus, epithet of landmarks, lapides, grom. 242, 12 Lachm.; termini, 225, 5 etc.

**Augustiānus**, adj. =Augustanus, equites, Suet. Nero 25; limites, grom. 237, 2.

**augusto**, āre, vb. glorify, Arnob. 6, p. 201.

**Augustūla**, f. dim. a cognomen, inser. Donat. 472, 2.

**augustus**, (implies a sb. n. augus from augeo, make great; cf. onustus, scelestus) adj. hallowed, consecrated, sacred, venerable = σέβαστος, Sancta uocant augusta patris: augusta uocantur Tempa sacerdotum rite dicata manu, Ov. F. 1, 609; Septingenti sunt paulo plus aut minus anni, Augusto augurio postquam inclinata condita Roma est, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 3, 1, 2; in loco augusto consecratam aram, Cic. dom. 137; datur haec uenia antiquitati ut miscendo humana diuinis primordia urbium augustiora faciat, Liv. pr. 7; Ausoniae pater augustissimus urbis, Stat. silu. 4, 8, 20; augustissimum consulum tribunal, Plin. pan. 60; 2. esp. the title of the Emperor C. Iulius Caesar Octauianus and his successors, the holy one, Suet. Aug. 7; 3. A. mensis, August, so called in place of m. Sextilis, cum imperator Caesar Augustus mense Sextili et primum consulatum inierit etc... finisque hoo mense bellis ciuilibus inpositus sit..., placere senatui ut hic mensis Augustus appelletur, lex ap. Maer. s. 1, 12, 35; Augusto mense, Colum. 11, 2, 62; Iuv. 3, 9; Augustas Kalendas, Plin. 2, 123; vii Id. Augusti (Augustis?), Colum. 11, 2, 57; but Idibus Augustis, ib.; Augustis Idibus, Mart. 12, 67, 2; 4. gen. sacred as belonging to or named after the emperor, domus, Ov. Pout. 2, 2, 76; inser. Or. 1885 etc.; aures, 1, 2, 117; forum, 4, 5, 10; aqua, the aqueduct so called 'ab inuentore' says Frontin. 1, 12; cf. mon. Ancy. 4, 11; also Alsatina aqua quae uocatur A., Frontin. 1, 11; II 5. Augusta f. as title of any lady of the imperial house, Iuliae diui Augusti f. Augustae, inser. Or. 615; diuae Poppeae Augustae, 731; 6. as title of many cities, A. Taurinorum, now Turin, Plin. 3, 123; A. Emerita, now Merida, 4, 117; Aug(usta) Tr(enerorum),



inscr. Or. 389, now Trèves; Aug. Suessionum, 5236, now Soissons.

**āvia**, (auos) ae, f. grandmother, Puer quidem beatust: matres duas habet, āvias duas, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 34; āvia tam paterna quam materna, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 13; **2.** met. Pers. 5, 92; **3.** a plant, Colum. 6, 14, 3 and 6; Veg. 4, 14, 2; 4, 15, 4.

**Āvianus**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Avianus M. f. Coniunctus, CIL 577 a.

**āvianus**, adj. of birds, rete, Varr. r. 3, 5, 13; **2.** as sb. m. one who has charge of poultry, Colum. 8, 3, 4; 8, 5, 14; **3.** aviary, poultry-place, Varr. r. 3, 3, 6 and 7, 3, 4, 3 etc.; turdorum, 1, 38, 2; nantium uolucrum, Colum. 8, 1, 4.

**āvīcula**, ae, f. dim. a little bird, Gell. 2, 29, 2; Apul. M. 11, 7.

**āvīcūlarius**, adj. as sb. m. = aviarius, Apic. 8, 7.

**āvīditas**, ātis, f. eagerness, (amori) Iuherat aviditas, desidia (desidies?) inopia, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 29; senectus mihi sermonis aviditatem auxit, potionis et cibi sustulit, Cic. sen. 46; legendi, fin. 3, 7; **2.** esp. for food, appetite, Cels. 1 pr. (p. 6, l. 14 Dar.); Plin. 20, 64; 23, 12; **3.** in pl. Plin. 11, 15; 20, 227.

**āvīdus** (aueo), adj. eager, first concerning food, greedy, cibi, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 16; and absol. avidos vicinum funus... sibi parcere cogit, Hor. s. 1, 4, 126; porca, od. 3, 23, 4.

**2.** for money, avaricious, ita avido ingeuio fuit, Numquam indicare id (thensaurum) filio uoluit suo, Pl. Aul. pr. 9; add 3, 5, 12 and 13; avidos aridos bene admordere, Pers. 2, 3, 13 etc.; ad rem est avidior\*, Ter. Euu. 1, 2, 51; considera quis quem fraudasse dicatur. Roscius Fannium? probus improbum? liberalis avidum? Cic. Rose. com. 21; **3.** gen., laudis, Cic. Manil. 7; gloriae avidissimus\*, Marc. 25; Hispanorum avida in nouas res ingenia, Liv. 22, 21, 2; **4.** for comp. and sup. see\*; **II 5.** adv. auditer eagerly (prob. an old form revived), Apul. M. 4, 7; Arnob. 5, 1; **6.** avidē, Cic. sen. 26; avidius, Liv. 23, 18, 11; avidissime, Cic. Phil. 14, 1.

**āvīnus**, adj. as sb. m. a cognomen, prob. of adoption, Rufus Festus Auienus.

**āvilius**, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Avilius, CIL 85; D. Avilius Pampilius D. l. CIL 1037.

**āvilla**, (for āvinūla, dim. of a lost auina = Umbr. hapina, see Key's lang. p. 61), f. a young lamb.

**āvillas**, agnas recentis partus, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**āvillius**, see Avilius.

**āvīōla**, ae, m. a cognomen, (M.) Acilius Avīōla, Tac. an. 3, 41; Suet. Claud. 45; Plin. 7, 173.

**āvīpes**, pēdis, adj. bird-footed, Perit abit anipedis animala leporis, Seren. ap. Mart. C. 169 G, 171, 27 Eyss.

**āvīs**, is, f. a bird, Liber captiuos aui\* feræ consimilis est, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 7; ista aui\* (aquila) uolat nulla uehementius, Cic. div. 2, 144; Serpentes auius geminentur, tigribus agni, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 13; **2.** in augury, Inauguratumst: quouis admittunt aues, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; Auspicio liquido ego exeo foras, aui\* sinistra, Epid. 2, 2, 2; qui linguam auium intellegunt, Pacuv. ap. Varr. 5; soluere... aduersa aui, poet. ap. Cic. div. 1, 29; mala ducis aui\* domum, Hor. od. 1, 15, 5; **3.** auiis alba, a white crow, something strange, quasi autem albam uidentur bene sentientem ciuem uidere, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; **4.** āuē in abl. as well as āui as seen above\*, Ora fuero mihi (a parrot) plus āue docta loqui, Ov. am. 2, 6, 62; **5.** auiis, nom. and gen. at times a monos. see † above; and add: Aui me feræ consimilem faciam ut praedicas, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 14; cf. auceps, auspex, etc.

**āvītium**, (cf. seruitium), ii, n. collect., birds, as a whole, Apul. de D. Socr. prol. p. 186.

**āvītus**, adj. of a grandfather, inherited from him, gleba nulla de paternis atque auitis possessionibus relinquetur, Cic. agr. 2, 82; bona paterna et auita, Cael. 34; auitum mihi hospitium est cum Lysona, fam. 13, 34; **2.** of animals, paternam formam, modestiam auitam refert, Colum. 6, 37, 4; **3.** vaguely, of ancestors, ancestral, diuitiae, Catul. 68, 121; fundus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 43; cellae, 1, 37, 6; Troia, 3, 3, 59; merum, Ov. a. a. 2, 695.

**āvius**, (uia), adj. pathless, without roads, itinera, Sal. Iug. 54, 9; loca, Liv. 9, 19, 16; Auiā tum resonant auius uirgulta canoris, Verg. G. 2, 328; montes, Hor. od. 1, 23, 2;

**2.** auium and more freq. auiā, n. as sb. pathless ground, hunc āuium dulcedo ducit ad āuium, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 29; auiā sequor, Verg. 2, 736; auiā saltuum, Tac. an. 2, 68; **3.** auius, met. out of the right road, a uera ratione, Lucr. 2, 82; auius errat animus—of delirium—3, 463; auiā cepto consilia, Sil. 12, 493; **II 4.** Auius, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Auius Cn. l. Agathocles, CIL 571.

**1.** **aula**, (olla), ae, f. a pot, Cato r. 86; poclum grande et aula magna, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 89; Cas. 4, 1, 16.

**2.** **aula**, ae, f. a court-yard surrounded by colonnades, a great hall of a palace, = Lat. atrium, omni auctoritate aulae communita (Ariobarzanes) regnum obtinet, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 6; Aulai in medio libabant pocula Baccho, Verg. 3, 354; Ianitor aulae (of Pluto), Hor. od. 3, 11, 16; **2.** hence of an eastern palace, haud aulac et assentantium accommodatus ingenio, Curt. 8, 8, 21; senectus res in aula rarissima, Sen. dial. 4, 33, 2; **3.** under the empire, the imperial palace at Rome, exuuiāe, arma, cetera aulae, Tac. an. 1, 7; discors aula erant tacitis in Drusum aut Germanicum studiis, 6, 43; add 15, 34; hist. 1, 13 f.; 2, 95.

**aulaeum**, (au adj. n. from αὐλῆ, palace, = αὐλαία f.) i, n. a curtain, of great splendour, as used in the palace of Attalus, and so having a Greek name, Attalica aulae, Varr. ap. Non. 537, 17; Porticus aulaeis nobilis Attalicia, Prop. 2, 32, 12; **2.** esp. of a theatre, scabilla concrepant, aulaeum tollitur, Cic. Cael. 65 (it is raised so as to conceal the stage, corresponding to our 'the curtain drops'); tolluntur festis aulaeae theatris, Ov. M. 3, 111; tollunt aulaeae Britannii, Verg. G. 3, 25; aulaeae premuntur (the reverse), Hor. ep. 2, 1, 189; aulaeae misso, Phaedr. 5, 8, 23; **3.** perh. only for tragedy, aulaeum tragicum dimoueto et siparium scenicum complicato, Apul. M. 1, 8; at any rate not = siparium; see too Apul. M. 10, 29 and Hildebrand ad l.; **4.** in pl. curtiuis, esp. as hanging from a ceiling and enclosing a dinner couch, tentlike, inuitatis ad epulas legatis exornari conuiuuium iussit, (au-reis) lectis circumdederat aulaeae purpura fulgentia, Curt. 9, 7, 15; aulaeis iam se regina superbis Aurea conposuit sponda, Verg. 1, 701; suspensa graues aulaeae ruinas in patinam fecit, Hor. s. 2, 8, 54; Cennae sine aulaeis et ostro, od. 3, 29, 15.

**aulēticus**, adj. fit for a pipe, calamus, Plin. 16, 168.

**1.** **aulicus**, adj. of a palace, luctatores, Suet. Nero 45; libertina, Oth. 2; **2.** as sb. m. a courtier, Suet. Cal. 19; ps. Nep. Dat. 5, 2.

**2.** **aulicus**, adj. of a pipe, suauitas, Mart. C. 314 G, 348, 1 Eyss.

**aulix**, icis (= αὐλαξ), m. a furrow, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 38 (bis).

**auloedus**, i, adj. as sb. flute-player, Cic. Mur. 29.

**āulūla** ? f. dim. a little pot, Apul. M. 5, 20 (dub.); but implied in

**āulūlāria**, adj. f. of the little pot, title of a play of Plautus (sc. comoedia).

**Aulus**, i, m. a praenomen, gen. abbreviated as A, A. Manli(us) Q. f. on a coin, CIL 352; **2.** w. O for Au, Aufidia Merope Olus Aufidius possit, 1281; **3.** and abbr., C. Pansa O. Irtio cons., 625; **4.** Aula f. a praenomen, A. Septunolena, 1491.

**āvōcāmentum**, i, n. calls me away, esp. from thought of trouble, relief, diversion, admittere auocamenta (after loss of a wife) et cicatricem pati, Plin. ep. 8, 5, 3; add 8, 23, 1; pan. 82; Apul. mag. p. 498; Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 170.

**āvōcātio**, ōnis, f. lit. calling away, esp. diverting one's attention, a cogitanda molestia, Cic. Tusc. 3, 33; in his quae me sine auocatione circumstrepunt, essedas transcurrentes pono, Sen. ep. 56, 4.

**āvōcātor**, ōris, m. one who calls away, Tert. carn. Chr. 5 f.

**āvōcātrix**, icis, f. the same, Tert. anim. 1.

**āvōco**, āre, vb. call away, call off, summon away, pubem in arcem armis obtinendam, Liv. 1, 6, 1; parte tribuorum ad Volsucum auocatum bellum, 4, 61, 3; milites a



signis, Callist. dig. 22, 5, 3, 6; **2.** met. senectus a rebus gerendis, Cic. sen. 15; aetas a proeliis, Rosc. Am. 90; Pompeium a Caesaris conjunctione, Phil. 2, 23; **3.** esp. divertit the attention, magis mihi uox auocaro uidetur quam cropitus; illa enim animum adducit, hic tantum aures implet, Sen. ep. 56, 4; clausae fenestras manent; tenebris enim ab his quae auocant abductus, non oculis animo sed animum oculis sequor, Plin. ep. 8, 36, 2; illa quae delectant auocant ab intentione operis, Quint. 10, 3, 23; **4.** in law, call away and so revoke, consul ab omnibus magistratibus contionem auocare potest, Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 8; and again twice, ib.; **5.** gen. revoke, hereditatem, Gai. 2, 148; factum, Ulp. dig. 39, 5, 6.

**auōio**, āre, vb. fly away (as a bird), panones, Gai. dig. 41, 1, 5, 5; **2.** met., citatis equis auolant Romam, Liv. 1, 57, 8; Cic. Att. 9, 10, 3; Verg. 11, 712.

**auōisio**, ōis, f. tearing off, as of a slip from a tree or plant for planting, aut semine proueniunt arbores aut plantis radicis aut propagine aut auōisione aut surculo..., Plin. 17, 58; sabina herba propagine seritur, et auōisione, 17, 98.

**auōisor**, ōris, m. one who tears away, intellectum uiesse spongeis adparet, quia ubi auōisorem sensere, contractae multo difficiliter abstrahuntur, Plin. 9, 148.

**auōncūlus**, (auncē) i, m. [implies a lost au-on-, dim. of auo-; +ic-ul-us, dim. of affection, auo-+on+ic+nlus] a mother's brother, maternal uncle, auunculus est matris frater, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 14; Fac mentionem cum auunculo\* mater mea, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 3 (4); si me nouisti minus Genere quo sim gnatus, hic mihi Megadorus auoneulus\*, 4, 10, 48; Ea re repudium remisit auoneulus\* causa mea, 4, 10, 60; Is adulescentis illius auoneulus, pr. 35; Eam tu despondisti opinor meo auoneulo. Omnem rem tenes, 4, 10, 52; Q. Tuberoni Africanum auoneulum laudanti, Cic. or. 2, 341; **2.** incorr., of a mother's sister's husband, carissimum uirum amiserat (sc. soror tua), auoneulum nostrum cui uirgo nupserat, Senec. ad Heluiam matrem 19, 4; **3.** a. magnus, id est, auiae frater, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 15; uncle of a grandmother (on either side), M. Drusum tuum magnum auoneulum, Cic. Brut. 222; **4.** a. maior, patris uel matris auoneulus magnus, ib. 16; **5.** auoneulus incorr. for a. magnus, auoneulum in Hispanias subsecutus (sc. Augustus Caesarem), Suet. Aug. 8; again in 10, 68 and 94; and also incorr. maioris auoneuli (of the same), ib. 10; so again Augustus is called by Tac. an. 2, 43 auoneulus of Germanicus instead of a. magnus; and again Domitius 4, 75 is also called auoneulus instead of a. maior; **6.** form auoneulus, inser. Maff. Ver. 308, 10; 310, 7; **7.** auoneulus as trisyl. (auoneulus?) for the most part in old drama, see \* above; and cf. F. uncle, E. uncle; also auos § 6; and claudo gaudeo audeo for clauideo etc.; while the assumed au-on- = G. oh-eim; **8.** that auoneulus, etym. grandfather, should come to signify uncle has its parallel in nepos, 1 grandson, 2 nephew.

**auos**, (āus) i, m. [perh. for auos (for loss of initial cf. acumen) and so = παππος] grandfather (on either side), secundo gradu duodecim personae continentur hae: Auus, hoc est patris et matris pater, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 13; Patēr auos\* proauos abanos atauos tritauos, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 5; Ibi mei sunt maiores siti, paterauos\* proauos abanos, Mil. 2, 4, 20; Immutat nomen auos\* huic gemino alteri (so mss al. Ritschl), Men. pr. 40; Sed mihi auos\* huius obsecrans concedidit, Aul. pr. 6; Et ipse eodemst auos\* uocatus nomie, Men. pr. 44 (46 R); Tibi patēr (so A. al. paterque) auosque facilem fecit et planam uiam, Trin. 3, 2, 19; Progeniem uostram usque ab auo atque atauo proferens, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 48; et proauus L. Murenas et auus praetor fuit, Cic. Mur. 15; Nec quod āus tibi maternus fuit atque paternus, Olim qui ..., Hor. s. 1, 6, 3; **2.** in pl. grandfathers and other ancestors, equites ab origine prima vsque per innumeros inueniunt auos, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 18; add her. 15 (16), 174; **3.** gen. a grandfather, i.e. an old man, Longius annoso uiuere dignus auo, Albin. 2, 4; of bees, aui numerantur auorum, Verg. G. 4, 209; **4.** auum as gen. pl., aureus ille Sanguis auum, Stat. Th. 3, 560; **5.** form auos, inser. Or. 4603; **6.** in old drama often a monos. (=aus); cf. above\*; and see auoneulus.

**aura**, (aua for a-Fa-pa from a-Fη-μ blow, root Fa = S. va blow, or rather uan as in uannus, uentus) ac, f., chiefly in poets, air in motion, breeze, wind, breath, agitated aer auram facit, Isid. or. 13, 11; usa nocturna aura, Caes. b. c. 3, 8, 2; uentosi ceciderunt murmuris aurae, Verg. B. 9, 58; aurae ucla uocant, A. 3, 356; taurinis foliibus aurae Accipiunt redduntque, G. 4, 171; **2.** esp. a light breeze, flatus status qui non aura, non procella, sed...uenti sunt, Plin. 2, 116; semper aer (hic) spiritu aliquo mouetur, frequentius tamen auras quam uentos habet, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 5; Nunc omnes terrent aurae, Verg. 2, 726; Concuciat tenerum (ramum) quaelibet aura, cadet, Ov. a. a. 2, 650; so that Silius seems to stand alone with his: Eripuere oculos anrae, uocemque manusque, 9, 501, unless aurae has here the sense of § 9; **3.** air, as in breathing, si uescitur aura Aetheria, Verg. 1, 546; anras natalis carpis, 1, 387; auram communem haurire, Quint. 6 pr. 12; **4.** so far in sing. and pl.; but in pl. only open air, as opp. to darkness, light of day, omnia ferre sub auras, Siqua tegunt, Verg. 2, 158; illos patet factus ad auras reddat equus, 2, 259; auras aegra fugit, 4, 388; **5.** opp. to Tartarus, light of the upper world, superas ueniebat ad auras, G. 4, 486; add A. 6, 128; 7, 768; **6.** in pl. too of air, esp. upper air, ignem se uertero in auras aeris, Lucr. 1, 783 and 801; 2, 203; quis tantus plangor ad auras? Verg. 6, 561; sese attollit in auras...et caput inter nubila condit, 4, 176; **11** **7.** air or wind, as conveying any scent or perfume, inolentis oliui Naturam nullam quae mittit naribus auram, Lucr. 2, 851; dulci...spirauit erinibus aura, G. 4, 417; si tantum notas odor attulit auras, 3, 251; Corycio quae uenit aura croco, Mart. 3, 65, 2; multa spirat coma flexilis aura, Val. F. 5, 588; **8.** as conveying sound, uicinas perstrepat aura uiae, Prop. 3, 10, 26; sed illi Nomen ab extremis fontibus aura refert, 1, 20, 50; **9.** of exhalation, terra exalat auram, Pac. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 5; **10.** often of mysterious agency, as though in the form of some emanation—cf. Lucretian doctrine of sight; cf. also afflo, spiro, calamitas and sideratio and our own terms influence, atmosphere of—, as also Pliny's phrases: (ferum) uirus ab magnete accipit, 34, 147; (natura) sensus manusquo tribuit magneti, 36, 126; necesse habemus fateri hoc exemplo (torpedinis, the electric eel) esse uim aliquam quae odore tantum et quadam aura corporis sui adieciat membra, 32, 7; papauerum aura, Lucr. 3, 196; auri per ramos aura refulsit, Verg. 6, 204; omnia ea uenena...si minima adspiret aura, intumescunt corpora, Plin. 13, 124; **11.** hence of the mysterious influence of one human being over another, attraction, fascination, charms, as in a magic glance, word etc. from a loved maiden, but still perh. allusion to a breeze as guiding the course of the person affected, tua ne retaret Aura maritos, Hor. od. 2, 8, 24; Si modo damnatum reuocauerit aura puellae, Prop. 2, 27, 15; **12.** hence in ancient philosophy, a certain spiritual principle of which the soul with the intellect is but a part, pars diuinae mentis, Verg. G. 4, 220; purumque relinquit Aethereum sensum atque aurae simplicis ignem, A. 6, 747; **13.** other met. as from wind or scent, even in prose, sperat sibi auram posse aliquam afflari uoluntatis eorum—an inkling—Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 35; libertatis captare auram, Liv. 3, 37, 1; Afris, gente ad omnem auram spei mobili, 29, 3, 13; leuis aura spei, 42, 39, 1; quem neque periculi tempestas neque honoris aura potuit de suo cursu demouere, Cic. Sect. 101; rumoris, Mur. 35; famae, Verg. 7, 646; **14.** esp. from air as carrying on a ship, breeze of favour, a. popularis, Cic. har. r. 46; Liv. 3, 33, 7; 30, 45, 6; 42, 30, 4; a. fauoris popularis, 22, 26, 4; Dum flauit uelis aura secunda meis, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 26; **15.** aurai as gen. in Aen. 6, 747 is sanctioned by Serv. ad A. 7, 464; but prob. agst metre; **16.** auras as gen. by the same at 11, 801; but?.

**aurarius**, adj. of gold, negotium, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 51; statera, Varr. ap. Non. 455, 20; fornax, Plin. 34, 132; metalli, 37, 193; a. canon, a special tax paid by merchants into the emperor's purse, Th. C. 11, 16, 13; **2.** auraria, f. as sb. the same, 12, 6, 29; **3.** aurarius as sb. m. collector of the same, Nov. Valent. 12, 1, 173, 1; **4.** aurarius as sb. m. a goldsmith, inser. Or. 7218; auraria f. the same, 4148; **5.** auraria, f. as sb. a goldmine, Tac. an. 6, 19 (25).



**aurāta**, see auratus.

**aurātūlis**, (auratulus?) adj. golden, pulvisculus, Sol. 15. 28.

**aurātūra**, ae, f. gilding, Quint. 8, 6, 28.

**aurātus**, quasi-part., gilt, tecta, Cic. parad. 49; curnus, or. in sen. 28; 2. met. of what is adorned with gold, tempora, Verg. 12, 536; sinus, Ov. F. 2, 310; lacerti, Prop. 3, 13, 57; milites, Liv. 9, 40, 3; 3. aurator uictima, Tert. idol. 6 f.; 4. aurata (orata) a fish, sparus a. Linn., Cels. 2, 18 (65, 22 D); 2, 28; Plin. 9, 58; 32, 145; 5. Aurata, or rather Orata, m. a cognomen, C. Sergius Orata, Cic. or. 1, 177; add Plin. 9, 168.

**aureas**, dicebant frenos, quibus equorum aures (!) religantur, Paul. ex F. p. 28; perh. oreas from ōs ōris; cf. Paul. v. aureax, p. 8.

**aureātus** = auratus, Sid. carm. 9, 396.

**aureax**, auriga, Paul. ex F. 8.

**Aurélianus**, adj. or sb. a cognomen of adoption from the gens Aurelia, name of an Emperor, Vopise. in vita passim; 2. Aureliani sodales, a body of priests appointed by M. Ant. phil. in honour of his father, Capitol. M. Ant. phil. 7, 11; Dianae conseruatrici pro salute...sodalis Aureliani Antoniniani, inscr. Or. 2378.

**Aurélius**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Aureli(us) Cota, CIL 329; M. Aureli(us) Scaurus, 401; Aurelia L. f. Philematium, 1011; 2. uia Aurelia, inscr. Or. 2272, 2369; 3. A. forum, a town of Etruria on the via A., Cic. in Cat. 1, 9, 24; 4. A. lex (iudiciaria) for selection of juries from knights as well as senators, Aeson. in div. Verr.; 5. another making tribunes eligible to stand for other magistracies, id. ad Or. Corn.; 6. A. tribunal, Cic. Sest. 34; 7. A. gradus, Cic. Flac. 66; Clu. 93.

**aureōlus**, adj. dim. of gold, golden (often with a poet's exaggeration), anellus, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 34; ensiculus, Rud. 4, 4, 112; cinctus, Lucil. ap. Non. 552, 31; malum, Catul. 2, 12; laquearia, Prud. steph. 9, 196; 2. of golden hue, galli collo aureolo, Varr. r. 3, 9, 4; aper ex aureolo uariae, Colum. 9, 3, 2; 3. met. liber, Cic. acad. pr. 135; pedes, Catul. 61, 167; 4. as sh. m. (sc. nummus) a little coin of gold, Mart. 12, 36, 3.

**auresco**, ēre, vb. become golden, Varr. 1. 7, 5, p. 361 Sp.

**aureus**, adj. of gold, golden, patera, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 104; imber, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 37; fibula, Verg. 4, 139; cingula, 1, 496; 2. esp. a. nummus, a gold coin, first struck an. 546 of Rome, reduced from time to time in weight, but taking the average and allowing for wear an aureus under the empire weighed more than one guinea (it is a common error in valuing old coins to take averages, as if any by age could grow); Cic. Phil. 12, 20; Plin. 33, 47; also as sb. m. the same, immensus aureorum aceruus, Suet. Cal. 42; addidit quantum stipendium militi aureos ternos, Dom. 7; 3. a. corona as worn by women, Cato ap. Fest. 262 M; and as a military reward, Liv. 7, 37, 1; (C.) Iul(io) C. f. Fab. Camillo...mil. leg. IIII corona aurea douato, inscr. Or. 363; add 3453; II 4. adorned with gold, gilt, uictima (w. gilt horus) Naev. 1, 12; sella, Cic. Phil. 2, 85; Capitolia, Verg. 8, 347; 5. met., lumina solis, Lucr. 5, 461; dicta, 3, 12; Phocbe, Verg. G. 1, 431; caesaries, A. 8, 659; aetas, Ov. M. 1, 89; mediocritas, Hor. od. 2, 10, 5; mores, 4, 2, 23.

**aurichalcum**, see orichalcum.

**auricilla** or perh. oricilla, f. treble dim. ear, Catul. 25, 2.

**auricoctor**, ōris, m. gold-refiner, inscr. Mur. 976, 6.

**auricōctor**, ōris, adj. gold-coloured, Iuven. bapt. Chr. 1, 359.

**auricōmans**, -ntis, adj. golden-haired, met. crocus, Auson. Idyl. 6, 11.

**auricōmus**, adj. golden-haired, fetus, Verg. 6, 141; Batauus, Sil. 3, 608; Horae, Val. F. 4, 92.

**auricūla**, ae, f. doub. dim. ear, Pl. As. 3, 3, 78; Poen. 1, 2, 163; Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 2; Lucr. 4, 594; Cels. 2, 1 (28, 6 D); Pers. 2, 29; Plin. 20, 40 and 103; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 4, 6; hence F. oreille.

**auricūlaris**, e, adj. of the ear, morbus, Th. C. 10, 50, 2.

**auricūlarius**, adj. of the ear, medicus a. an aurist,

Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 3; D. M. T. Aelius Amintas Aug. lib. medicus a. fecit sibi, inscr. Or. 4227.

**aurifer**, a, um, adj. gold-bearing, Tagus auriferis harenis, Plin. 4, 115; amnis (Pactolus) Tib. 3, 3, 29.

**aurifex**, (old aurufex\*) fices, adj. as sb. in. goldsmith, D. Segulius Alexsa aurufex\*, CIL 1310; Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 34; Men. 3, 3, 2; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 56; or. 2, 159; Plin. 18, 99; M. Caedicius Iuendus a., inscr. Or. 4149; add 417; 3700; 2785.

**aurifluus**, adj. flowing with gold, Prud. Symm. 2, 604.

**aurifōdina**, ae, f. goldmine, Plin. 33, 78.

**auriga**, (or origa\*, from os, ago, see aureas) ae, m. or f. † one who tends horses, ostler, groom, ut ineant equas per origas\* curamus, Varr. r. 2, 8, 4; Circumstanti proprii aurigae manibusque lacestanti Pectora, Verg. 12, 85; add pan. ad Pis. 49; 2. a driver, charioteer, Verg. 12, 624; 12, 918†; Ov. M. 2, 327; a. 3, 12, 37; 3. esp. in the public races, ut a. indoctus e curru trahitur, laniatur, Cic. ap. Non. 292, 33; si forte auriga fuit cui usus equorum relictus est, non puto eum circensibus his usurum, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 4; (Caligula) Threx et auriga, Suet. Cal. 54; D. M. S. Aelio Hermero aurige (for aurigae), inscr. Or. 4749; 4. a constellation, Auriga sub laeua Geminorum parte, Cic. N. D. 2, 110; IV Non. Octobris Auriga occidit mane, Colum. 11, 2, 73; add Hygin. astr. 3, 12; 5. met. uidemus hominibus inspiratum, uelut aurigam† rectricemque membrorum, animam, Colum. 3, 10, 9; Aurigam uideo uela dedisse rati, Ov. tr. 1, 4, 16.

**aurigālis**, adj. of a charioteer, corrigia, ed. Diocl. p. 26. **aurigans**? ntis, quasi-part., glittering like gold, color, Inl. Val. Alex. 1, 58 f. See too aurigo.

**aurigārius**, adj. of a charioteer, hence as sb. m. an under groom? Suet. Nero 5.

**aurigātio**, ōnis, f. chariot-driving, Suet. Ner. 35; met., delphim, Gell. 6 (7), 8, 4.

**aurigātor**, ōris, m. a charioteer, inscr. Or. 2596; 2. of the constellation Auriga, Avien. ph. Arat. 405.

**aurigēna**, ae, adj. born of gold, Perseus, Ov. M. 5, 250; add Sidon. carm. 6, 14.

**auriger**, a, um, adj. gold-wearing, tauri, Cic. poet. div. 2, 63; arbor, Val. F. 8, 110.

**aurigēnus**, (aurūgo) adj. of jaundice, color, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 11, 132.

**auriginosus**, adj. the same = κτερικος, Gloss.

**aurigor**, āri, vb. r. act the charioteer, met. natura aurigatur, non necessitudo, Varr. ap. Non. 70, 14; ducentibus stellis et aurigantibus, Gell. 14, 1, 23; 2. aurigo, āre, the same (not met.), cum ipse (Nero) aurigaturus esset, Plin. 33, 90; add Suet. Nero 24.

**aurilēgulus**, (lego, gather) sb. m. gatherer of gold, gold-digger, Th. C. 10, 9, 3 and 6 etc.

**auripigmentum**, i, n. (lit. gold-paint) orpiment, the yellow sulphate of arsenic, Cels. 5, 2 and 5 etc.; Plin. 33, 79; a. quod αρρευικον graece dicitur, Vitr. 7, 7, 5.

**auris**, is, f. (akin to *ovis*, i.e. *ovs-ar-*, G. ohr, E. ear and the vb. G. hör-en, E. hear) f. ear, ubi lubet, recita: aurium operam tibi dico, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 72; arrige auris Pamphile, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 30; aures, cum sonum percipere debeant, in altis corporum partibus collocatae sunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 141;

2. the ear, as the seat of memory, est in aure ima memoriae locus quem tangentes autestamur, Plin. 11, 251; hence: Cum canerent reges et proelia, Cythus aurem Vellit et admouuit: Pastorem..., Verg. B. 6, 3; cf. peruelle aurem, Sen. ep. 94, 55; ben. 4, 36, 1; 3. phrases, first, of whispering, in aurem Scipio, inquit, uide quid agas, Cic. ap. Macr. s. 3, 12; in aurem dicere puero, Hor. s. 1, 9, 9; so: garris in anrem, Mart. 1, 89, 1; pultes Coram aliis dictem puero, sed in aure placentas, Iuv. 11, 59; and like these: eam ad aurem admonere, Cic. fin. 2, 69; 4. of a mind at ease, ademptum tibi iam faxo omnem metum, Iu aurem utramuis otiose ut dormias, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 101; cf. Menander ap. Gell. 2, 23, 9; P. De istae re in oculum utrumuis conuiescito. C. Oculum anne in aurem? P. At hoc peruulgatumst nimis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 124; II 5. ear or mould-board of a plough, one or two of which were attached to the yomer, so as then to resemble our strike-furrow



plough (see Conington ad 1), Binae aures, duplici aptantur dentalia dorso, Verg. G. 1, 172; cf. tabellis additis ad uomerem, Varr. r. 1, 29, 2 and tabula aratro adnexa, Plin. 18, 180; aratra aurita, Pall. 1, 43, 1.

**auriscalpium**, *ii*, *n.* earpick, lemma of Mart. 14, 23;

**2.** a probe, Scrib. comp. 41 and 228.  
**auritulus**, *adj.* *dim.* of contempt, long-eared, asellus, Phaedr. 1, 11, 6.

**auritus**, *quasi-part.* provided with ears, Pluris est oculus testis unus quam auriti decem—a witness who overhears or learns by hearing, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 8; Face nunciam tu praeco omnem auritum populum, As. pr. 4, w. allusion to the asinus; **2.** well provided with ears, long-eared, quod praedicant, Aurito me (Priapum) parente natum, non itast, Afran. ap. Macr. s. 6, 5, 6; lepores, Verg. G. 1, 308; asellus, Ov. am. 2, 7, 15; lagalopex, Mart. 7, 87, 1; **3.** met. uenator eum auritis plagis (of a lister), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 14; quereus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 11; aduncitas rostri (meaning what?) Plin. 10, 136; **4.** a. aratrum, see auris 8 5.

**auro**, *äre*, *vb.* gild, Tert. cor. mil. (dub.); Prisc. 433, 6. See auratus.

**Aurōra**, (see below) *ae, f.* the goddess of the morning-red or dawn, Aurora, Tithonum croceum linquens Aurōrā cūbile, Verg. 4, 585; add 6, 535; 7, 26; **2.** day-break, dawn, Nam nos usque ab aurora ad hoc quod dieist, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 8; Forte ante auroram, radorum ardentum indicem, Acc. ap. Non. 395, 22; add Verg. 3, 521; tum prima aurora folia melle rosida inueniuntur, Plin. 11, 30; **3.** auro of Aurora = *αυω* of *αυω*s, Acol. for *εως*; or rather = *αυω*s of a lost form *αυω-ω*s, just as auris points to an old Gr. *ουρ-ω*s rather than *ουας*: also akin to *αυριων*; cf. for change of meaning Fr. remain from mane, G. morgen at once morning and to-morrow, E. mor of morning and to-morrow. So prob. also to cras as standing for cor-as, and so to crocus for cor-ocus, as also to car of E. carmine, red being the prim. notion; cf. too aurum, the red metal.

**aurōsus**, *adj.* full of gold, golden, pulvis, Pall. 1, 5, 1; color, Veg. vet. 3, 7, 1; arena, Lampr. Hel. 31, 8.

**aurifex**, see aurifex.

**aurifigineus**, see aurifigineus.

**aurifigino**, *äre*, *vb.* suffer from jaundice, Tert. anim. 17.

**aurifiginosus**, see aurifiginosus.

**aurigo**, (*aurigo*) *inis, f.* (*aurig-*, old crude form of *aurum*) jaundice, Varr. ap. Isid. or. 4, 8; Scrib. comp. 110.  
**aurila**, *ae, f.* *dim.* a faint breeze, met. famae, Tert. anim. 28; Graecorum litterarum, Hier. ep. 34 (dub.).

**aurulentus**, *adj.* of gold, lux, Prud. steph. 6, 49.

**aurum**, *i, n.* (the red metal?), gold, Et aurum et argentum fuit ibidem lenonis omne, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 65; montis auri pollicens, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 18; nos aeris argenti auri uenas inuenimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; **2.** esp. as money, aulam onustam auri, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 4; Auri sacra fames, Verg. 3, 57; **3.** of things made of gold, in poets chiefly, alipedes...mandunt sub dentibus aurum, Verg. 7, 279; add 5, 817; aestium digitis anrum, Iuv. 1, 28; **4.** esp. of women's trinkets etc., anrum atque ornamenta quae ipse instruxit mulieri, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 11; ancillas seum adduxit oneratas ueste atquo auro, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 43; **5.** of gold plate, M. Ulpio Aug. l. ab auro escario...fratres, inscr. Or. 2897; **6.** met., anguis cristis praesiguit et auro, Ov. M. 3, 32; add 9, 689; Val. F. 5, 369; **7.** rustici orum dicebant, Fest. v. orata p. 182 B 15; hence It. oro, Fr. or.

**Aurunculius**, *adj.* or *sb.* a gens, M. Oricule(ius) Maro ad. vi K. Dec., CIL 927; L. Aurunculeius Cotta, Caes. b. g. 2, 11, 3.

**Auruncus**, (for Ausonicus) *adj.* of the Ausones, Suessa Aurunca, Vell. 1, 14, 4; S. Aurunca urbs, Paul. ex F. v. Ausonia p. 18, i.e. Suessa; also called Aurunca absol., magnus Auruncae alumnus, i.e. Lucilius, Iuv. 1, 20; **2.** Aurunci = Ausones, the old Italian race, seues, Verg. 7, 206; patres, 7, 727; manus, 7, 795.

**auscultor**, see osculor.

**auscultatio**, *ōnis, f.* listening, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 18; Sēn. dial. 9, 12, 7.

**auscultator**, *ōris, m.* listener, as a mere hearer, Cic. part. 10; as one obeying, Apul. M. 7, 16.

**auscultatus**, *ūs, m.* listening, Apul. M. 6, 13.

**ausculto**, *äre* (implying a *sb.* auscula = auricula) *vb.* frq. listen, Auscultate atque operam date et mea dicta deorate, Pl. As. 3, 3, 59; cupidus oratiouis, conducat qui auscultet, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Auscultata paucis...: ausculto, loquere quid uelis, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 4; Iamdudum ausculto, Hor. s. 2, 7, 1; **2.** w. dat. of person, Vicine auscultata quaeso. Ego auscultem tibi? Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 16; add Poen. 1, 2, 96\*; Curc. 2, 1, 8\*; uin tu homini stulto mihi auscultare? Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 24; mihi auscultata, uide ne tibi desis, Cic. Rose. Am. 104; **3.** w. acc. of person, nimis eum ausculto lubens, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 19; Et postremo nisi me auscultas atque hoc ut dico facis, Trin. 3, 2, 36; Ne ego illos uelintentes ausculto lubens, Afran. ap. Non. 246, 15; populum, Catul. 67, 39; **4.** w. acc. of thing, Homines qui gestant quos auscultant crimina, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 12; omnia istaec ab ostio (hear by listening), Merc. 2, 4, 9; **5.** listen to approvingly, as taking advice, Nunc places quom recte moustris, nunc tibi auscultabimus, Pl. St. 1, 2, 89; add As. 1, 1, 50; audio haut (mss aut) ausculto, poet. ap. Varr. 1, 6, 8 f.; **6.** hence pay attention to and obey, Tibi auscultabo Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 37; Ad portum ne baetas, dico iam tibi. Auscultabitur, Merc. 2, 3, 132; Quamquam Cupido in corde uorsatur, tamen Tibi auscultabo, Poen. 1, 1, 69; auditus, non auscultatis, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; audire, ignoti quae imperant, soleo, non auscultare, Caecil. ap. Non. 246, 14; auscultare dicuntur qui auditis parent, Varr. l. 6, 8 f.; **7.** as *vb.* refl. die undeigesimo animaduertat (auiarius) an pulli rostellis oua pertuderint et auscultetur (auscultet?) si pipiant, Colum. 8, 5, 14.

**auscūlum**, see osculum.

**Auseli**, dicebantur (qui nunc Aurelii), Paul. ex F. p. 23.

**Auson**, *ōnis, m.* a son of Ulixes and Calypso, Paul. ex F. p. 18; Serv. A. 3, 171; or of Circe, founder of the Ausonian race, Serv. A. 8, 328.

**Ausōna**, *ae, f.* an old city of the Ausones, Liv. 9, 25, 4.

**Ausōnes**, *um, m. pl.* an old race of middle Italy, occupying esp. the towns Cales, Minturnae, Beneuentum, Formiae, Fuudi, Amyclae, Vescia, Ausouum bellum, Liv. 8, 16, 1; urbes Ausouum, Liv. 9, 25, 1; Ausouum gens, 9, 25, 3; add Plin. 3, 56; **2.** a name given by Greek writers to the Aurunci, Serv. A. 7, 727; **3.** and so applied to Southern Italy (Magnam Graeciam) Ausones tenere primi, Plin. 3, 95; **4.** in poetry to all Italy, Ausouum portus, Stat. silu. 4, 5, 37.

**Ausōnia**, *ae, f.* the country of the Ausones, see Ausones, in use as a synonym for Italy, Verg. 3, 496; 10, 54.

**Ausonidae**, *-arum* or *um, m. pl.* sons of Auson, Ausonians, Verg. 10, 564; 12, 121; Lucan. 9, 999.

**Ausōnis**, *īdis, adj. f.* Ausonian, ora, Ov. F. 2, 94; aquae, Sil. 9, 188.

**Ausōnius**, *adj.* Ausonian, coloni, Verg. G. 2, 385; terra, A. 4, 349; urbes, Hor. od. 4, 4, 56; imperium, Ov. Pout. 2, 2, 72; mare, Plin. 3, 75 and 95; 14, 69, the eastern part of the mare inferum.

**auspex**, *icis* (*auis, specio*), *adj.* as *sb.* *m. lit.* a bird-watcher, one who from the action of birds foretells the future, esp. of those in public service, legis curiatae, Cic. Att. 2, 7, 2; **2.** also as attaching a religious sanction to marriages, which became a mere form, Ultro ibit nuptum, non manebit anspecies, Pl. Cas. pr. 86; quod nuptiarum auspices declarant, qui re omnia nomen tantum tenent, Cic. div. 1, 28; nubis genero socrus nullis anspecies, Clu. 14; celebratas nuptias donis legationum nelet auspices nobilissumis populis, Liv. 42, 12, 4; dote inter auspices consignata, Suct. Claud. 26; nuptiis etiam nunc auspices interpountur, Val. Max. 2, 1, 1; add Tac. an. 11, 27;

**3.** met. in abl. with the blessing of, under the auspices of, diuis auspibus coeptorum operum, Verg. 3, 20; dis auspibus hunc cursum tenuisse, 4, 45; add Ov. F. 1, 6, 15; auspice Musa, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 13; and more boldly, auspice Tenero, od. 1, 7, 27; **4.** aud still more boldly of inauguration or sacred commencement, Kalendae Martiae aeteruorum auspices imperatorum, Eumen. pan. Const. 3;



auspice clamore, Claud. cons. Hon. 610; 5. met. of one predicting, Hor. od. 3, 27, 8.

**auspicabilis**, adj. conferring a blessing, Arnob. 4 p. 131 and 7, p. 237.

**auspicālis**, adj. prophetic, pisciculus, Plin. 32, 4; 2. conferring a blessing at the outset, primus a. dies, Mamert. pan. Maxim. 3; 3. auspicialiter, adv. with the auspices duly taken, grom. p. 170, 5.

**auspicatō**, abl. of part. as adv. with the auspices duly taken, Cic. div. 1, 3 and 28; Liv. 6, 41, 5; 2. met. auspiciously, Vide ut ingrediare auspiciato. Liquidumst auspiciatum: tace, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 57; haut auspiciato huc me appuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12; Beneuentum auspiciatus mutato nomine (from Maleuentum), Plin. 3, 105; add 7, 47.

**auspicatus**, ns? depends only on false readings, for auspiciato in Cic. rep. 2, 51; for auspiciis in Plin. 10, 40.

**auspicium**, ii, n. lit. bird-watching, hence divination from action of birds, (At) Remus auspicio se deuocet atque secundam Solus auem seruatur, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; aliis a laeua, aliis a dextra datum est auibus ut auspiciam facere possint, 2, 83; 2. in state service, gen. pl. auspicia, auspices, publici augures signis et auspiciis ostenta uidentur, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; ille legibus per uim et contra auspicia ferendis auctor, Att. 8, 3, 3; 3. auspiciam, the right to take auspices in behalf of the state, conferred by the act of election to high offices, magistratus auspiciam habent, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10; in early times claimed as limited to the patricians, interroganti cur plebeium consulere fieri non oporteret, respondit, quod nemo plebeius auspicia haberet, Liv. 4, 6, 2; patriciorum auspicia in duas sunt diuisa potestates: maxima sunt consulum praetorum censuram: tamen...collegae non sunt censores consulum aut praetorum, praetores consulum sunt. Ideo neque consules aut praetores censoribus neque censores consulibus aut praetoribus turbant aut retinent auspicia; at censores inter se, rursus praetores consulesque inter se et uitia et optinent (retinent?), Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 4; a populo auspicia accepta habemus...proconsules et propraetores auspicia non habent, Cic. div. 2, 76; 4. often spoken of as held by a commander in chief, who thus had the credit of victories won by his lieutenants, L. Mummi L. f. duct. auspicio imperioque eius Achaia capta Corinto deleto Romam redieit triumphans..., CIL 541; supplicatio ob res gestas ductu auspicioque Ap. Claudii proconsulis, Liv. 41, 28, 1; ob res a(ut a me aut per legatos) meos auspiciis meis gestas...decreuit senatus supplicandum esse dis immo(rtalibus), Mon. Aucyr. 1, 25; add inser. ap. Plin. 3, 136; ductu Germanici, auspiciis Tiberii, Tac. an. 2, 41; add Hor. ep. 2, 1, 254; Suet. Aug. 21;

5. hence in imitation of Roman habit, Vt gesserit rem pupicam ductu imperio auspicio suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 41; add 2, 2, 25; and met. Virtute atque auspicio Epidicii cum praeda in castra redeo, Epid. 3, 2, 45; 6. gen. met. as first of good auspices, Auspicio liquido ego exeo foras aui sinistra, 2, 2, 2; add Ps. 2, 4, 72; Pers. 4, 4, 55; bonum, Catul. 45, 19; melius, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 88; optimum, Cic. div. 2, 74; then of bad, malum, Pl. As. 2, 2, 107; Cic. Vatin. 39; 7. oft. beyond sphere of birds, as from a weasel, Pl. St. 3, 2, 6; fulmen optimum a. si sinistrum. Cic. div. 2, 43; 8. more boldly, auspicia belli (or regni) a parricidio incipientes (or coepit), Iustin. 26, 2, 2 and 27, 1, 1, inaugurating...with parricide, an omen of what might well follow.

**auspico**, see

**auspicor**, ari, vb. r. act the auspex, take auspices, cum pomerium transiret auspicari est oblitus, Cic. N. D. 2, 11; add div. 1, 77; Fabio auspicianti aues non addixerunt, Liv. 27, 16, 15; Remo auspiciante, Sen. dial. 10, 13, 8; 2. =auspiciam facio, augur favourably, sacrificanti (Ioui) aquilam auspiciatam, quo auspicio usum esse et eam inter astra collocasse, Hygin. 2, 16; 3. met. inaugurate, Kal. Ianuarii auspiciandi causa omne genus operis in restaurant, as a day of good omen, Colum. 11, 2, 98; cf. Ov. F. 1, 165 ff.; celeberrimi carminis principio a. (like the Georgics) with aruorum cultus, Colum. 3, 1, 1; 4. the same w. acc., homo a supplicis uitam auspiciatur, Plin. 7, 3; se-

natorium per militiam gradum, Sen. ep. 47, 10; iurisdictionem sacro Latinarum, Suet. Nero 7; 5. w. inf. Kalendis Ianuarii auspiciabar in Virginem desilire, opened the year with, Sen. ep. 83, 3; primus (aquam Marciam) in urbem ducere auspiciatus est Ancus Marcius, Plin. 31, 41; ad aram Iouis cantare, Suet. Nero 22; 6. with little of original sense, auspicaudi causa, commencing for mere form, Tac. au. 4, 36; Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8; Suet. Aug. 38;

II 7. auspico, are, the same, ut magistratus publicae cum auepant, Caecil. ap. Non. 468, 27; auspiciat auspiciam prosperum, Naev. ib.; auspicietis, Atta ib.; Non hodie isti re auspiciati ut cum furefiro fabuler, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 12;

8. w. abl. Lucro faciundo ego auspiciati, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 14; Ea (so B, not eam) ego auspiciati in re capitali mca! Pl. St. 3, 2, 46; 9. note only the perf. so used in Plaut. as with reuertit deuerti planxi fm reuertor etc.

**austellus**, i, m. dim. a gentle south wind, Lucil. ap. Non. 98, 23; see

**auster**, tri, m. south wind, istic auster imbricus, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 36; omnem classem uentus auster lenis fert, Cato ap. Char. 207, 27 K; add Cic. rep. 6, 22; tellus Nubibus assiduis pluuioque madescit ab austro, Ov. M. 1, 66; frigidus, Verg. G. 4, 261; Prop. 2, 26, 36; nocens corporibus, Hor. od. 2, 14, 16; plumbeus, s. 2, 6, 18; 2. south, luna fertur ad austrum, Varr. l. 9, 18; luna nunc in aequilonem, nunc in austrum deicta, Plin. 2, 43.

**austēritas**, ātis, f. of astringency or harshness of taste, uuarum, Colum. 11, 2, 68; (uini), Plin. 14, 24; 14, 65; piscis, 14, 17; cepae, 19, 105; 2. of colour, dullness, dinginess, nigritiae (pelagiae purpurae), dat austeritatem nitoremque cocci, Plin. 9, 134; eadem res nimis floridis coloribus austeritatem dare, 35, 97; 3. of character, sourness, Quint. 2, 2, 5.

**austērūlus**, adj. dim. rather harsh or dry, cratera, Apul. flor. 20.

**austērus**, adj. making the tongue dry (like the sloe or crab), of taste, uinum, dry (not sweet), Cels. 3, 24 (116, 5 D); exteuant corpus acidae res et austerae, 1, 3, (18, 20); alium adstringunt omnia austera, 2, 30; as opp. to uinum Graecum; austeriorem efficere gustum (mellis), Colum. 12, 12, 2; teuciron austero sapore, Plin. 25, 45; uinum austerissimum, Scrib. comp. 142; 2. of scent, pungent (?), odore austerus, 12, 120; 3. of colour, dull, dingy, subdued, opp. to gaudy, sunt colores austeri aut floridi, Plin. 35, 30; Athenion (pictor) austerior colore et in austeritate iucundior, Plin. 35, 134; 4. of statuary, severe, dignified, Euthykrates austero maluit genere quam iucundo placere, Plin. 34, 66; 5. of character, severe, stern, austere, austerior et grauior, Cic. Pis. 71; illo austero modo (as=seuere et grauior et priscae), Cael. 33; ita suauis orator ut suauitatem habeat austeram, non dulcem, or. 3, 103; austeri (severe critics) opp. to multitudo, 3, 98; 6. of other than persons, labor, Hor. s. 2, 2, 12; poemata, ep. 2, 3, 342; tabellae, Prop. 4, 11, 49; curatio (severe medical treatment), Plin. 24, 43.

**austrālis**, e, adj. of the south, southern, regio tum aequilonia tum australis, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; polus, Ov. M. 2, 132; nimbi, Ov. Pout. 4, 4, 1.

**austrifer**, bringing south winds, Sil. 12, 2.

**austrinus**, adj. of the south wind, dies, Colum. 11, 2, 37; tempus, Plin. 2, 123; caelum, 16, 109; flatus, 17, 11; pluuiiae, 17, 230; 2. of the south, southern, calores, Verg. G. 2, 271; piscis, the constellation, Colum. 11, 2, 63; uertex, south pole, Plin. 2, 172; 3. austrina, as sb. n. pl. south part, Cypru, Plin. 6, 213; Sardiniae, 6, 214; Cappadociae, 6, 215.

**austrōāfricus**, m. S.S.W. wind, Isid. or. 13, 11; =λιβονοτος, cf. Plin. 2, 120; but not Sen. n. q. 5, 16, 6 where read leuconotus.

**ausum**, see audeo, f.

**ausus**, ūs, m. attempt, Val. F. 3, 613 (dub.); Veg. mil. 1 pr.; Th. C. 12, 6, 32; 16, 4, 2.

**aut**, conj. [for alt, shortened fm alterum, as often the case with irreg. comp.: viz. ma of malo fm magis, sat fm satis, au fm aue (i.e. annis); O.E. mo, bet, leng; aud E. less. Thus aut is one w. E. or (O.E. other, G. oder); as



well as Fr. ou, I. o] lit. one of two, hence aut...aut..., either...or..., wh. denial of one includes affirmation of the other, but acceptance of one does not imply rejection of the other, Certe haec mulier iusana aut ebriast Messenio, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 22; aut iam nihil est aut iam nihil erit, Capt. 4, 4 f.; Epid. 2, 2, 72; P. falsa memorat. S. aut ego aut tu, Capt. 5, 3, 4; add As. 2, 1, 16; aut hoc aut illud: non autem hoc; illud igitur, Cic. top. 56; aut uiuet cras aut non uiuet, acad. pr. 2, 97; cum esset haec ei proposita couidico ut aut iuste pique accusaret, aut acerbe indigneque moretetur, Cln. 42; terra in nniuersum aut siluis horrida aut paludibus foeda, Tac. Germ. 5; **2.** after neg. or comp., also in interi. or condit. clauses, the altern. character gives placo to a double denial expressed or implied, neque tamen sunt aut obscura aut non multa commissa, Cic. Cat. 1, 15; uullo labore aut corpus fatigari aut animus uinci poterat, Liv. 21, 4, 5; add 22, 19, 7; 23, 26, 4; 24, 5, 14; minus iam tandem aut uirtutis aut fortunae paenitere suae, 22, 12, 10; nec aut Persae aut Macedones dubitauerunt quin..., Curt. 4, 15, 28; neo milites ad scelus missos aut numero ualidos aut animo promptos, Tac. an. 14, 58, 3; quis (istas imagines) aut cultu aut religione dignas iudicare (potest)? Cic. N. D. 1, 121; num aut ille lanista..., aut hic discipulus...? Rosc. Am. 118; add Manil. 31; Ita me rex deorum atque hominum faxit patriae compotem, Vt istic Philocrates non magis est quam aut ego aut tn, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 90; **3.** often the first aut is omitted, and the aut expressed signifies, or else, or, esp. to show a grave alternative which follows, if the first prop. be denied, redde argutum aut uirginem, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 14; cenam coque Aut abi in malum cruciatum, Aul. 3, 3, 11; Redduce uxorem aut quamobrem non opus sit cedo, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 76; omnia quae...bene sunt ei dicenda, aut eloquentiae uomen reliquendum est, Cic. or. 2, 5; add acad. pr. 2, 96; hio uincendum aut morieundum est, Liv. 21, 3, 5; add 6, 18, 7; Nunc manet insontem grauis exitus; aut ego ueri Vaua feror, Verg. 10, 630; Ne flectat retro sua lumina..., aut irrita dona futura, Ov. M. 10, 52; add 15, 600; effodiuntur bulbi autc ner, aut deteriores illico fiunt, Plin. 19, 97; add Quint. 1, 12, 6; 2, 17, 9; **4.** often used by way of correction, both in the way of addition, or even, ut non multum aut nihil omnino Graecis cederetur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; uix aut ne uix quidem, fin. 4, 32; ut uix aut ut omnino non posset, Att. 3, 23, 2; **5.** or of diuinituon, or at least, uita...par aut similis deorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 153; omnibus aut maximis rebus, fin. 4, 15; truncis arborum aut admodum fixis ramis, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 2; cuncti aut magna pars Siccensium fidem mutauiissent, Sal. Iug. 56, 5; nunquam aut raro, Vell. 2, 29, 3; **6.** though by origin limited to two objects, yet in use like E. or not so limited: thus it occurs eight times in: Aut perit aurum aut...aut aliquid semper (est), Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 32—35; six times in: semper petunt Aquam hinc aut..., aut aliquid, Capt. 1, 2, 46; ne aut ille alserit Aut uspiam deciderit (so ej., mss ceciderit agst metre) aut praefregerit Aliquit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 11; non mehereule unquam apud iudices aut dolorem, aut misericordiam aut inuidiam aut odium dicendo excitare uolui quin..., Cic. or. 2, 189; omne corpus aut aqua aut aer aut ignis aut terra est, aut..., N. D. 3, 30; add Lucr. 4, 935; **7.** aut has uel (ue) acting as subordinate to it, or itself is subordinate to uel, Quotiens te uotui Argurippum...Compellare aut contrectare colloquine, aut contui? Pl. As. 3, 1, 43; nec te (=tibi) tua funera mater Produxi pressius oculos aut uolnera laui, Verg. 9, 458; in hominum mentibus nel ad iram aut ad odium aut ad dolorem incitandis, nel ab hisce eisdem permotionibus ad lenitatem misericordiamque reuocandis, Cic. or. 1, 53; ubi potest illa actas aut calescere uel aplicatione melius uel igni aut uicissim umbris aquisne refrigerari salubrius, sen. 57; add rep. 1, 65; ut aut multa mulletur, aut in lantumias uel in uincula publica ducatur, Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 4; **8.** so in sub-clauses under neque...neque..., uon...neque..., sed nequo unde nec quo die datae essent aut quo tempore te expectarem, significabant, Cic. fam. 2, 19, 1; add Verg. 4, 339; Hor. s. 1, 6, 68; Nou tamen...nec tantis mento fuores Coneipit aut grauiora timet quam moris Sychaei, Verg. 4,

500; see also § 3; **9.** but for neque nor, after a single neque neither, only in later poets, Nunc neque te longi remeantem pompa triumphi Excipit, aut sacras poscunt Capitolia laurus, Lucan. 1, 287; Nam neque plebeiam aut dextro sine numine cretam Seruo animam, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 66; but not: nequo enim (nor iudced)...aut..., Val. F. 1, 18; **10.** the passages for aut...uel...either...or...as Cic. N. D. 2, 87; Ov. M. 1, 546 (omitted by Merkel), Mart. 3, 3, 3; 4, 77, 6 (ono of these [ ] by Leutsch, tho other omitted) are all doubtful; **11.** often w. added particles, as modo, Si uquam posthao aut amasso Casinam aut oceppo modo Ne ut eam amasso, Pl. Cas. 5, 4, 22; etiam, Lucr. 1, 6, 12, 4, 936; Cic. Tusc. 5, 51; Liv. 2, 55; off. 1, 28; certe, Cic. or. 11; Brut. 254; top. 64; Liv. 2, 1, 4; uero, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; Verr. 2, 4, 78; or. 1, 36; ne...quidem, Att. 3, 22, 1; omnino, fin. 5, 33; potius, leg. 1, 40; **12.** aut...aut...differs from uel...uel..., in that tho last leaves the right of rejecting both. Thus in Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1 satis esse causae arbitrabatur quare in eum (sc. Dimuorigem) aut ipse auiauerteret aut ciuitatem animaduertere iuberet, he would fail in his duty if he did not adopt one of the two courses; but in 1, 19, 5 petit ut (Diritiaeus) uel ipse de eo statuat uel ciuitatem statueri iubeat, as a petitioner he could not impose the alternative: see also uol.

**autachates**, ae, m. a kind of agate, Plin. 37, 139.

**autem**, adv. or conj. [akin to *auris*, *audis*, *au*] again, Perii hercle: rure iam rediit uxor mea, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 5; and again 10—followed by: Ecce autem perii: coquos adest, 4, 4, 8; so again, Nunc pol ego perii, Most. 3, 1, 5—followed by: Ecce autem perii: 131 and again 146; add Mil. 2, 2, 52 and 54 compared with 2, 2, 48; Ecce autem litigium, Men. 5, 2, 34; iamne autem ut soles, Truc. 3, 2, 27; tertio autem pedat(u) item ex fenore discordia exrescebat, Cato orat. 39, 10 I; ...Vxorem: ei credo munus hoc conraditur...porro autem Geta Perietur alio munere, ubi...; Porro autem alio ubi..., Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 12 and 14; ecce autem de integro, Ad. 1, 2, 73; Ecce autem mihi uidere tuo more ut soles Aegre id pati, Turp. 182 R; 'id (sc. ueneum) cum daretur in mulso, Balbutium iutercepisse, bibisse statimque esse mortuum...cur non de integro autem (so mss; Momms. delet, Bait. [ ] datum, Cic. Clu. 167; Sed quid ego haec autem\* nequiquam ingrata reuoluo (unroll), Verg. 2, 101; **2.** perh. still, Pergin autem? Nonne ego possum fureifer te perdere?, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 41; Quid tu autem etiam huic credis?, Capt. 3, 4, 24; **3.** in order of statements, again, Tum autem lasciuum Nerei simum pectoris Ludens ad cantum classem lustratur..., Liv. Andr. 5 R; esp. w. tum, and at times post, or porro, Pernigilat noctis totas, tum autem interdius..., Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 33; add 3, 6, 24; Capt. 4, 2, 38; Cist. 1, 3, 25; Mil. 4, 2, 13; Trin. 1, 2, 64; 2, 4, 141; Poen. 4, 2, 60; Pers. 4, 2, 3; Amph. pr. 143; tum autem hoc timet, Ne deseras se, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 34; add Hec. 2, 1, 14; Eun. 2, 3, 12; sio nos in ripa iambulantes, tum autem residentes, Cic. leg. 1, 15; tum autem aut anquirunt aut consultant, off. 1, 9; Post autem coimunist illa mihi cum alio quoui nescio (so THK ej.; mss qui scio) Quid sicut (so THK ej.; mss sit ei) animi, uenirent eam uelit an nou uelit, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 116; non credit pater...Post autem mihi Scelus uidetur, 1, 2, 95; add Cas. 1, 38; Posto (so R ej.; mss post te) autem illic hircus alius, Meu. 5, 2, 85; porro autem, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 65; Sal. Cat. 46, 2; **4.** often again, ou the other hand, as opposed to preceding clause, as *de* to *μεν* (cf. *audis* § 3 in Lid. aud Sc.), Tu eum orato, ego autem orabo uilicum, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 55; add 58; Bac. 1, 2, 47; 2, 2, 9; Curc. 1, 1, 47; Most. 3, 2, 91; Mil. 3, 1, 82; Facile istuc quidemst si et illa uolt et ille autem\* cupit, 4, 4, 13; Familiae fame perbitaut, ager autem stet sentibus, Caecil. 219 R; Limen superum quod..., Inferum autem..., Nov. 50; sunt quidam..., sunt autem quidam..., Cic. or. 1, 115; neque enim tu is qui quid (al. qui) sis nescias...: uequo autem\* ego sum ita demens ut..., fam. 5, 12, 6; **5.** autem eueni u a third clause, Libera haec est, hic huius (monos.) frater, haec autem illiust soror, Pl. Curc. 5, 3, 38; **6.** often attached to si (sin) in a second condition, Si quidst quod doleat, dolet, si autem non est tamen hoc dolet, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 69; siu autem fru-



gist eueniunt (euenunt?) frugaliter, Pers. 4, 1, 6; add Rud. 2, 5, 15; si autem uincar, Acc. 149 R; add 371; sin autem illa neriora. Cic. am. 14; add Caecin. 3; Att. 10, 7, 1; 7. in questions used of correctious, did I say, did you say, forsooth, A. Inimicos semper osa sum optuerier. I. Heia autem inimicos? Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 18; B. mutuo credere. P. Credere autem? Ps. 1, 3, 71; si intellegis quam meum sit scire quid in re publica fiat—fiat autem?—immo uero etiam quid futurum sit, perscribere ad me omnia, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 3; num quis testis Postumum appellauit? testis autem? num accusator? Rab. Post 10; etiam in Africam transeudet (or -des): (transcendet) autem dico? hoc ipso auno..., Liv. 21, 44, 7; 8. often used in continuation, but, and, moreover, (G. aber, not sondern), admonere me satis est: admonebat autem nemo alius nisi..., Cic. Pis. 94; nunc quod agitur agamus: agitur autem..., ib. 24; mons autem altissimus impendebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; frumenta in agris matura non erant... eo autem frumento quod..., 1, 16, 3; 9. hence in syllogisms w. the minor prop., intellegitur nos...ad naturalem communitem esse natos. Impellimur autem natura ut... Itaque..., Cic. fin. 3, 65; add 2, 86; aut hoc aut illud: non autem hoc: illud igitur, Top. 56; non et hoc et illud: hoc autem: non igitur illud, ib. 57; 10. sb. too in parentheses, neminem conueni—conuenio autem plurimos...—quin omnes...mihī gratias agant, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 1; foedera ac leges (erant autem eae duodecim tabulae) conquiri iusserunt, Liv. 6, 1, 10; add 7, 41 f; 21, 5, 10; 28, 24, 4; 11. that autem is an adv. rather than conj. is shown by its use after et and sed, in the sense of again, as: Et audire lubet (monos.) hominem et autem uim eum ausculto lubens, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 19; add 105; Et currendum et pugmandum et autem (so mss; al. Ritschl) iurigandumst (cf. Ritschl) in uia, Merc. 1, 2, 9; natura... quae corpus inani, Et quod inane autem est finiri corpore cogit, Lucr. 1, 1010; Set autem quid si hanc hinc apstulerit quispiam, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 15; Sed quid haec hic autem tamdiu ante aedis stetit, Truc. 2, 3, 14; see too \* above;

12. autem as first word only in Fronto ad Caes. 3, 3, p. 42 Naber; but here read: sunt autem atrocissima.

**authēmērūm**, (*αυθημερος*) on the very day) adj. n. as sb. a medicus for weak eyes, inser. Or. 4234.

**authenticus**, (*αυθεντης*, one who does with his own hand) adj. authentic—hence authenticum as sb. n. an original document, non ex exemplo scripturae sed ex authentico, Paul. dig. 22, 4, 2; add Ulp. 29, 3, 12.

**authepsa**, (*αυθειψης*) ae, m. a self-boiler, an urn w. apparatus for boiling, Cic. Rosc. Am. 133.

**autochthōnes**, adj. m. pl. as sb. original inhabitants, aborigines, Apul. M. 11, 5.

**autōgrāphus**, adj. written by oneself, autograph. epistola, Suet. Aug. 71; literae, 87; 2. autographum as sb. u. an autograph, Symm. ep. 3, 11.

**autōmātārius**, adj. of automata, C. Caecilio falso automatario, inser. Grut. 642, 5; 2. as sb. m. maker of automata, D. M. S. P. Aelio Zenoni automatario klepsydrario, inser. Or. 4150; 3. automatarium as sb. n. an automatōū, automataria poterant legari, Ulp. dig. 30, 41, 11.

**autōmātōpoeētus**? adj. self-moving, machinae, Vitruv. 9, 4 (dub.).

**autōmātus**, adj. self-mouing, hence spontaneous, plausus Petr. 50; 2. automatum, adj. n. as sb. au automaton, Suet. Claud. 34; sororis suae automata, movements by clock-work, Petr. 140.

**autōpŷrus**, adj. of unbolted flour, panis, brown bread, Plin. 22, 138; Petr. 66; in Gr. Cels. 2, 18 (65, 1 D).

**Autrōniānus**, adj. of Autrōnius, domus, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 6. **Autrōnius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cic. Sull. 7 and 18; Sal. Cat. 17, 3.

**autumnālis**, adj. of autumn, autumnali tempore, Varr. r. 1, 39, 1; autumnale aequinoctium, Liv. 31, 47, 1; Veg. mil. 4, 36; agnus, Colum. 7, 3, 11; coma, Ov. M. 8, 665; imbres, Plin. 19, 37; 2. autumnal for autumnale, Varr. ap. Char. 118, 25 K.

**autumnasco**, ēre, vb. become autumn, cum hic ner pubescit, illic (at the antipodes) aestas autumnascit, Mart. U. 196 G, 204, 14 Eys.

**Autumnina**, ae, f. a cognomeu, Attia A. inser. Maff. 422, 4.

**autumnitas**, ātis, f. autumn, Cato r. 5, 8; 155, 1; Varr. (bis) ap. Non. 71, 13.

**autumno**, āre, vb. take the autumn character, Plin. 2, 124 and 136.

**autunnum**, i, n. autumn, Varr. ap. Non. 71, 13; Charis. 34, 17.

1. **autumnus**, adj. of autumn, frigus, Ov. M. 3, 729; aequinoctium, Plin. 19, 108; sidera, Mauil. 2, 269; tempus, 2, 425; tempestas, Gell. 19, 7, 2.

2. **autumnus**, or auctumnus\*, (perh. a part. of a lost vb. increasing, as bringing fruit) sb. m. autumn, the fruit season, = *σπ-ωρα*, Aestatem autumnus sequitur, post acer hiemps fit, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 153, 10 K; hiemps uer aestas auctumnus\*, Cic. part. or. 37; add Varr. r. 1, 28, 2; Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; 2. in pl. Hor. od. 2, 14, 15; Ov. M. 1, 117; 3. met. Et multa fragrat testa senibus auctumnis, Mart. 3, 58, 7.

**autūmo**, āre (seems to imply a superl. adj. autumus, perh. a variety of extimus or rather a lost extimus, cf. G. aus, E. out = ec; cf. too, E. utter and L. intimo as used by juridical writers) vb. say, autumare est dicere, Non. 237, 2; si uera autumas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 111; Epid. 5, 1, 37; item asperae sunt (barbaricae urbes) ut tuum uictum autumas esse, 4, 2, 105; Terrae odium ambulat...Tun terrae me odium esse autumas? Bac. 4, 7, 24; Quas si iam autumem omnis, nimis longus sermo, Men. 5, 2, 8; ego ibo pro te (ad cenam). Verbero etiam inuides Quia me pro te ire ad cenam autumo? Most. 5, 2, 11; add full 20 other passages fm. Pl.; Flexa non falsa autumare dictio Delfis solet, Pac. ap. Non. 237, 2; add ap. Prisc. 1, 210, 2 K; ursum se momordisse autumat, Atta ap. Non. 140, 22; Lucil. ap. Non. 1. e.; Quem mala stultitia...Caecum agit, insanum Chryssippi porticus et grex Autumat, Hor. s. 2, 3, 45; Elissa Tyria quem quidam Dido autumant, Vell. 1, 6, 4; 2. oft. opposed to nego, in timorem dabo militarem aduenam, Ipsus sese ut neget esse eum qui siet, Meque ut esse autumet qui ipsus est, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 22; id esse factum hic non negat, Neque se pigere et deinde facturum autumat, Ter. Haut. pr. 19; qui contra fortunam negant Esse ullam, sed temeritate res regi omnis autumant, Pacuv. ap. Corn. ad Her. 2, 36; 3. pass. in Pl. Pocu. 1, 2, 32; 4. Gell. 15, 3, 4 gives as the meaning, besides dico, aestumo opinor censeo but (?); 5. not in Cic. Caes. Sal. Liv. Verg.

**auulsor**, auulsio, auus, auunculus, see auolsor, auolsio, auos, auunculus.

**auxiliābundus**, partic. freq. constantly bearing aid, Iturna, Apul. d. Socr. 11.

**auxiliāris**, adj. of the auxilia or allied troops, auxiliary, cohortes, Caes. b. c. 1, 63, 1; Tac. an. 12, 39; equites, 1, 39 f; legiones, Vell. 2, 112, 4; 2. as sb. a soldier of an allied force, Caes. b. g. 3, 25, 1; b. c. 1, 78, 2; Liv. 30, 34, 5; II 3. gen. bearing aid, auxiliary, dea, Ov. M. 9, 699; aera, 4, 333; uis, Plin. 23, 14; oleum, 28, 82; fulmina, Sen. n. q. 2, 49, 3; 4. properly only exterarum gentium, Paul. ex F. p. 17, and so opposed to socii, Italian allies.

**auxiliārius**, adj. the same, Q. Titurio Q. (so far cj.) f. Sabino, praef. (aux)iliariei Hispan(ei), CIL 1295; cohors, Cic. pron. cous. 15; miles, Asin. Pol. ad Cic. 10, 32, 5; equites, Sal. Ing. 100, 4; cohortes, 87, 1; 2. met. Magisque adeo consiliarius amicus quam auxiliarius, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 6.

**auxiliātio**, ōnis, f. bearing aid, Nou. 4, 385, 5.

**auxiliātor**, ōris, m. one who bears military aid, an ally, Ornospades Tiberio haud inglorius a., Tac. an. 6, 43 (37); 2. met. litigantium, Quint. 12, 3, 2; aegris, Stat. silu. 3, 4, 23.

**auxiliātrix**, icis, f. the same, gratia, Cassiod. ep. 2, 40.

**auxiliātus**, ūs, m. military aid, met. Lucr. 5, 1040.

**auxilio**, see

**auxilior**, āri, vb. r. bear aid as an ally in war—hence gen. bear aid, go to the succour of, help, aid, assist, Neque commodius ullo pacto ei poteris auxiliari, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 96; Nonne id flagitiumst...Foris sapere tibi non posse auxiliari, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 50; Solatur auxiliatur hortaturque



me, Pac. ap. Fest. 301 A, 32; conantibus auxiliari suis 'frustra' inquit, Caes. b. g. 7, 50, 6; add 4, 29, 2; 7, 25, 1; sin mihi neque senatum neque populum auxiliari liceverit, uide ne..., Cic. fam. 5, 4, 2; nihil Numantius uires Corporis auxiliatae suut, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 37; nequo mihi nostra decreta auxiliantur, Sal. Ing. 24, 3; **2.** esp. in med. serve to alleviate, w. dat. of disease, Neo formidatis auxiliatur aquis (medicina) Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 24; quibusdam morbis auxiliari thapsiam, Plin. 13, 124; also, huius folio auxiliantur (sc. medici) contra serpentium ictus, 27, 124.

**auxilium**, ii, n. (old auxilium) aid, help, assistance, Set cecum parasitum quois mihi auxilios opus, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 3; opseco auxilium ut feras\*, Curc. 5, 3, 18; nec quisquam esse\* auxilio queat, Most. 1, 2, 68; auxili praesidi uiditas nos tenet, Rud. 3, 3, 2; Ionem inuocarunt; uenit: auxilio fuit, Amph. pr. 92; fer\* mihi auxilium, pestem abige a me, Eun. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 89; ferte\* iunocenti auxilium, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 1; matres auxilios in paterna iniuria solent esse, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 39; auxili nihil adferant, Ad. 3, 2, 2; leibernm semen duplex (Quom iam) pareret, auxilium ac decus, CIL 1008; sodali meo a. ferre\*, Cic. or. 2, 200; di immortales suo numine sna templa defendunt, Cat. 2, 29; quum suis a. ferre\* non possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 5; equitatu quem auxilio Caesari Haedui miserant, 1, 18, 10; ueritus ne legatus laborantibus suis auxilio foret, Sal. Ing. 52, 6; auxili spem nullam, 23, 2; haud saepe auxili egeas, 31, 29; da deinde auxilium pater, Verg. 2, 691;

**2.** esp. aid of tribunes, auxilii nou poenae ius datum illi potestati, Liv. 2, 35, 3; appellati tribuni medio decreto ius auxilii sui expediunt in uincula conici untant, 3, 13, 6; a. tribunicium, pronocationem ad populum tulimus, 3, 67, 9;

**3.** met. noctis auxilio integri abeunt, Sal. Ing. 53, 3; dextero cornu rex loci auxilio uincebat, Liv. 33, 9, 3; legis, Quint. 6, 5, 9;

**4.** oft. in med. lang., remedy, omne a. corporis aut demit materiam aut adicit, Cels. 2, 9; in a. uulnerum morborum, relief under—, pr. in.; uehemens a. 2, 11 f.; iuter ualentissima auxilia est, 4, 29 (22); quisquis a. simile temptauit (in hydrophobia), Plin. 25, 17; reperta auxilio est herba Britannica, 25, 20; **5.** in pl. Angete auxilia uostris iustis legibus, allies, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 52; se duo auxilia Romanis detraxisse, ex una parte Aetolos, ex altera Dardanios, 31, 33, 3; maiora sibi auxilia petit, Quint. 12 pr. 3; add 3, 6, 7 etc.; Cum tumet (mare), auxiliis adidet ille (nauta) suis, Ov. a. a. 3, 260—sails, rudder; **6.** esp. in mil. lang. allied troops, auxiliaries, auxiliis in mediam aciem coniectis, Caes. b. g. 3, 24, 1; imperatoribus nostris auxilia mittere, Cic. Deiot. 22; bello Numantino Micipsa cum populo R. equitum atque peditum auxilia miteret, Sal. Ing. 7, 2; haec tam crebra Etruria concilia de mittendis Veios auxiliis, Liv. 5, 5, 8; **7.** chief constr. a. ferre, see \* above; auxilio esse alicui see † above.

**auxilla**, olla paruula, Paul. ex F. p. 24; cf. uexillum, maxilla, fm. uellum mala etc.

**Auximas**, atis, adj. of Auximum, as sb. m. inhabitant of A., Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 5.

**Auximum**, i, n. a city and colony of Picennm, now

Osimo, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 1; 1, 15, 1; Vell. 1, 15, 3; m. Oppio Capitoni...patrono col. Auxim., inser. Or. 3899; add 3868.

**axamenta**, carmina Salaria, Paul. ex F. p. 3.

**axäre**, nominare, id. p. 8.

**axe** agglomerati uiuiversi stantes, id est cohortibus aut legionibus. id. p. 25.

**axearius**, adj. m. as sb. maker of poles, M. Sergius M. l. Eutyclus axearius, inser. Or. 4151.

**axedo**, önis, m. a small pole, Marc. Emp. 33 f.

**axicia**, ae, f. something belonging to the toilet, but what? Pl. Curc. 4, 4, 22.

**axic-ulus**, i, m. dim. a little pole or axle, Colum. 6, 19, 2; Vitruv. 10, 14, 2; 10, 21, 4; **2.** a peg, Amm. 21, 2, 1.

**axilla**, ae, f. dim. (for suff. see auxilla), lit. a little wing—hence armpit, Cic. or. 153.

**axim** = egerim, see ago.

**axinömantia**, ae, f. divination from axes, Plin. 36, 142.

**axis**, is (ago?) m. a pole or axle, uolucris currit axe quadriga, Pac. ap. Isid. diff. 47; fagiuis, Verg. G. 3, 172; uersatilis, Vitruv. 9, 9, 8; transversas trabes iniecerunt easque axibus religauerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 3; axem emoto cardine uellunt, Stat. Th. 1, 349, pin of a hingo; **2.** esp. the axis round wh. the heavens seem to move, and hence the pole, Sub axe posita ad stellas septem unde horrifera Aquilouis stridor..., Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; flabra quae gelidis ab stellis axis aguntur, Lucr. 6, 720; medium Rhodope porrecta sub axem, Verg. G. 3, 351; Axis iuociduns, gemina clarissimus Arcto, Lucan. 8, 175; **3.** in poets gen. of sky, as qualifying climate, and so a region, Axo sub Hesperio, Ov. M. 4, 214; Hesperium ad axem, Lucan. 3, 359; Aethiopydem (herbam) ab exusto sideribus axe, Plin. 27, 2; **4.** sub axe under the open sky, Verg. 2, 512; 8, 28; **5.** in arch. axes uolutarum, Vitruv. 3, 3 (5), 7, the axes of a volute;

**6.** a valve, asses qui praeboturantes foramina non patiuntur redire quod spiritu in catinum est expressum, Vitruv. 10, 7 (12), 1.

**axitiosus**? (actiosus?) adj. over-busy, Axitiosi (al. al.) annonam caram e ulli concinnant uiroi (vulg. uireis), Pl. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 348 Sp.

**axön**, önis, m. an axle, as in a sundial, i.e. the edge of the gnomon which throws the guiding shade, Vitruv. 9, 7 (8), 5, p. 235; 5 Rose; **2.** part of ballista, 10, 17, 6, p. 271, 9 R; **3.** tablet of Solon's laws (turuig ou a hinge), Amm. 16, 5, 1.

**Axsius**, adj. or sb. a gens, L. Axsius L. f. Naso, CIL 476; add 724.

**axungia**, (axis, unguo) ae, f. pig's fat, as used for greasing axles, Plin. 28, 141; also medically, 28, 136 and 156; add edict. Diocl. p. 24.

**azanias**, nuces, (αζανω parch), pine-nuts that split open on the tree, Plin. 16, 107.

**azönos**, adj. confined to no zone, dei, Mart. C. p. 17 G; 18, 26 Eyss.

**azymas**, adj. unleavened, panis, Scrib. comp. 133; met. Prud. apoth. 421.

## B.

1. **B** second letter of the alphabet, the thick labial opposed to the thin p. When it occurs before a thin mute it is still to be sounded as p; and the best mss in such cases have a p, as optineo. Thus Quintilian (1, 7, 7) says: quum dico obtinuit secudam b litteram ratio poscit, aures magis audiunt p. Similarly the best mss give pleps, nrps, traps; as a final prob. pronounced as p, as in ab, ob, sub compared w. apo, epi, ütro as well as w. pos (for op-os), sup-er, sup-eri; **2.** b is interchanged with the other labials, as with p in poplicus from populus, aft. publicus, Burrus in Eun. for Pyrrhus, (Cic. or. 16b; Quint. 1, 4, 15);

**3.** w. n cons. as in uber and uua (both used of a swarm of bees), ferueo, ferui, or ferui, seuum and sebum; baetere (bit-), and uad-ere (uäd-) = βαω of βαωω; hence Scaliger's epigram; Haut temere antiquas mutat Vasconia uoces, Cui nihil est aliud uiuere quam bibere; **4.** w. f. ruber and rufus; bilis and fel; **5.** w. m. as tuber and tumeo, uber sb. aud uber adj. flowing, with umesco, iuteribi and interim, summus for sub-imus; **6.** w. du, as bonus from duouus, bellum Bellona Bilius, fm. duellum Duellona Duilius, bis for duius fm. duo (cf. öis and S. dwis, E. twice), bini for duiui; this change had

perh. an intermediate form *buonus* (cf. It. *buono*, Sp. *bueno*); **7.** b often represents the Gk.  $\phi$ , as *Φρυγες*, Bruges in Enn., *ορφανος οrbus*, *ομφαλος* umbilicus, *φαλανα* *balana*, *νεφελη* *nebula*,  $\phi$  old dat. suff. (*ιφι*, *στηθεσφι*) w. *ibi ubi alibi*; **8.** and as  $\phi$  and  $\chi$  are convertible (*οφισ εκης*, *τρυφος τρυχος*, *χαραχ* of *χαρασσω* and *γαφω*),  $\chi$  is often at times represented by a Lat. b., as *χολος* *bilis*; *ταραχη* *turba*; and so the suffix of Gk. iterative verbs in *ασσω*, *εσσω*, *ισσω*, *ωσσω*, in wh. the vowel is for the most part selected wh. agrees w. the vowel of the stem, *ταρ-ασσω ερεσσω* *ειλισσω* *ορυσσω* (add *θ(ο)ρωσσω*), corresponds to the Lat. suffixes *ab eb ib ob uh*, as seen in forms derived from verbs, viz.: *am-ab-ilis am-ab-am am-ab-o*, *ten-eb-ra ten-eb-am ten-eb-o*, *g(o)n-ob-ilis*, *lug-ub-ris*, *lat-eb-ra sal-eb-ra*, *t(e)r-ib-ulum* (*τ(ε)ρ-ιβ-ω*), *terr-ib-ilis*, *sol-ub-ilis*, *uol-ub-ilis*;

**9.** b often disappears from Latin words, as *iubeo* *inssi iussus*, esp. from the dat. suff., as *mulis f.* for *mulabus*, and *mulis m.* for a lost *mulobus*, cf. *ambobus dnobus*; hence too *tibi sibi* are often *monos*, in old drama; see also II § 14; **10.** in the same way are formed the iterative particip. *uag-ab-undus*, *contion-ab-undus* etc.;

**11.** then the loss of the b leads to the Latin vowel verbs, all in origin iterative, or, what is nearly the same, static, as *am-a-re*, *ten-e-re*, *sent-i-re* (*sens-ib-ilis*), *g(o)n-o-tus*, *uol-u-ere*; **12.** the change in § 6 suggests that *bonus* through *duonus* came from a rougher *guon-us*, akin to the Teutonic *good*; and *bellum* through *duellum* from a rougher *guellum*, akin to It. *guerra*; and so b and g are convertible, as L. *bos*, S. *gau*; **13.** b at times represents a Gk.  $\pi$ , of itself interchangeable w.  $\beta$  (see L. and Sc. lex.), as *carbasus καρπασος*, *buxus πυξος*; II **14.** b between vowels = v in It. or F., or else disappears, as *bibere*, I. *bevere* or *bere*, F. *boire*; *habere*, I. *avere*, F. *avoir*; *habet* = F. a (t); *sibi* = F. *soi*; *tibi* = F. *toi*; *ibi* = I. *ivi*, F. *y*; *ubi* = I. *ove*, F. *où*; **15.** b under Rask's law betw. vowels or final = p iu E; cf. *labor slip*, *labium lip*, *sub up*, *cannabis hemp*; **16.** after r or l = E. d, G. t, *barba*, E. *beard*, G. *bart*; *verbum*, E. *word*, G. *wort*; *cu-curb-ita*, E. *gourd*; *gleba*, E. *clod*; *rub-er*, E. *red*; *creb* of *creb-esco*, E. *crowd*; *cribrum*, E. *riddle*.

**2.** B abbrev. for *bene*, esp. iu B. M. *bene merens* or *meritus*, etc., D. M. C. *coroxl...B. M. fecerunt...*, *inser.* Or. 99; add 255, 506; **2.** = *beneficiario*, etc., T. Flauio T. f. Pup. Rufo...B. *heredes faciend(n)m* *ertrau* (*erunt*), 3489; 6791; 6870; BF, the same, 1650; 3578; BENEF. 328; **3.** = *badius bay*, as colour of a horse who won a palm, *Dando B...* *Vindice B.* 2593 (w. N. for *niger*, R. for *rufus* in the same *inser.*); **4.** B. D., *Bonae denae* etc., *auribus B. D.* *D(icanit) Petrusca*, 1524; 2427; 2822; BAL, *balneator*, *inser.* Or. Henz. 6791; BIS *bisellarius*, *inser.* Or. 3921; B R. P. N. *bono reipublicae natus*, 1107, 1112; BV, BVC, *buccinator*, *inser.* Or. Henz. 6791.

**Baba**, ae, m. a cognomen, *Seu. lud. de m. Cl.* 3, 3; ep. 15, 10; see *Babbius*.

**bābae**, (lat. adaptation of *παπαι*) or *pāpae\**, interjection of admiration and approval, *heaven bless us*, *Fac tu hoc modo. At tu hoc modo. Bābae. Tatae. Pāpae.* *Pax*, *Pl. St.* 5, 7, 3; *Fur. Babae. Fugitive. Bombax. Fraus popli. Planissimum. Ps.* 1, 3, 131; *Bābae*, *basilice* *te intulisti* et *facete*, *Pers.* 5, 2, 26; add *St.\** 3, 1, 24; *Men.\** 5, 5, 20; *Bac.\** 2, 2, 29; *Rud.\** 5, 2, 33; *Truc.\** 2, 6, 26; *Epid.\** 1, 1, 52; *Equid beo te? Men? papae.* *Sic soleo amicos. Laudo, Ter. Eun.* 2, 2, 48; *familia uero babae babae!* *Petr.* 67.

**babaecalus** or *babeculus\** adj. or sb. one given to cry out 'babae'? a dandy or coxcomb, perh. a fool, *adulescentes Arnob.* 4, 22; add *Petr.\** 37 (?).

**Babbius**, a cognomen, G. *Nonius Vitalis, qui et Babbius*, *inser. giorn. Arcad.* 5, 274; B.

**babiger** et *baburrus*, *stultus*, *Gl. Isid.* p. 670; **2.** cf. It. *babbaccio*, *babbione*, and *babigera stulta*, *Gl. Isid.* p. 671.

**Babius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. *Bab(io)* *CIL* 5.

**Babrius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. *Babrius L. l.* 566; *Ncr(o) Babrius T. f.* *CIL* 1412.

**babulus**, m. dim. a coxcomb or fool (?) *Apul. M.* 4, 14.

**bāburrus**, i, (akin to *babulus*) m. the same, *Isid. Gl.* p. 670, *hominesque bāburri*, *Gnald. uit. S. Ansehar.* 95.

**Bābŷiōnica**, adj. n. pl. as sb. *Babylonian tapestry*, *Tum Babylonica et peristromata conchyliata tapetia Aduexit*, *Pl. St.* 2, 2, 54; add *Lucr.* 4, 1029 and 1123; cf. *Plin.* 8, 196; *colores diuersos picturae intexere Babylon celebrat et nomen imposuit.*

**1.** *bāca*, rather than *bacca*, ae, f. a berry, *uirgas murteas si uoles cum bacis semare*, *Cato r.* 101; *Vites laetificae pampinis pubescere Rami bacarum ubertate iucuruisceere*, *Enn.?* ap. *Cic. Tusc.* 1, 69; *agricola cum florem olcae uidet, bacam quoque se uisurum putat*, *div.* 2, 16; *sanguineis ebuli bacis*, *Verg. B.* 10, 27; *lauri*, *G. l.* 306; *olinae*, *Hor. s.* 2, 4, 69; add ep. 1, 16, 2; *ederaceae*, *Colmm.* 8, 10, 4; *arbuti*, *ib.*; *piperis*, *Plin.* 12, 28; *taxi*, 16, 50; *oleastri*, 15, 24; *platani* 15, 29; *cupressi*, 16, 115; *cedri*, 24, 19; *hysopi*, 26, 114; **2.** esp. of the olive absolutely, *Quot Sicyon bācas quot parit Hybla fauos*, *Ov. Pont.* 4, 15, 10; *uiridique certat Baca Venafro*, *Hor. od.* 2, 16, 6; **3.** met. of other things, *caprini stercoris*, *Pall.* 2, 15, 3; **4.** esp. of pearls and beads, *aceto Diluit insignem bācam*, *Hor. s.* 2, 3, 241; *Nec sit marita quae rotundioribus Onustā bācis ambulet*, *Hor. epod.* 8, 14; *nitebant Auribus e geminis circum caua tempora bacae*, *Ov. M.* 10, 116; *nec Indi Conchea bacca maris pretio est*, *Verg. Cui.* 68; **5.** hence met. of a prisoner's iron-collar, as his necklace, *Attrita bacis colla*, *Prud. psych. pr.* 33; *Carcer inligata duris eolla bacis Impedit*, *perist.* 1, 46.

**2.** *Bāca*, ae, a *Bacchanal* or priestess of *Bacchus*, *Bacas uir nequis adiese uolet ceius Romanus*, *CIL* 196, 7. See *Baccha*.

**bācālis**, adj. of berries, *laurus*, *Plin.* 17, 60.

**bācālius**, adj. the same, *laurus*, *Plin.* 15, 129 differs from the l. mas, wh. has none.

**Bācānālis**, adj. of the God *Bacchus* or rather *Bacanus*, the god of the *bacca* or grape-berry; **2.** hence *Bacanal* as n. sb. a temple of *Bacchus*, *nequis eorum Bacanal habuisse uolet CIL*, 196, 3; *ea Bacanalia...faciatis utci dismotia sient*, 196, 28.

**bacar**, uas, *uinarium simile bacrioni* (so named fm. *Bacchus*, see *bacchia*), *Paul. ex F.* p. 31 M; cf. G. *becher*, E. *beaker*, It. *bichiere*.

**bacātus**, quasi-part. with berries—hence with pearls or beads, *monile*, *Verg.* 1, 655; *Sil.* 8, 134; *Lampr. Al. Sev.* 41, 1.

**bacca**, see *baca* 1.

**baccāris**, (al. *bacchar*) = *βακκᾶρις* f. and *baccar\* āris*, n. a plant whose root yielded an aromatic oil, *hederas cum baccare* (al. *bacchare*) *tellus...fundet*, *Verg. B.* 4, 19; *bacchare* (so *Ribbeck*) *frontem Cingite*, 7, 27; *baccaris uocatur nardum rusticum*, *Plin.* 12, 45; add 21, 132\*; 26, 113; *Prisc.* 1, 324, 22\*; **2.** perh. *baccar* is properly the oil.

**Baccha**, (iu old Lat. *Baca*, wh. see) ae, f. a *Bacchanal* or priestess of *Bacchus*, *pergite Bacchae Bacchae Bacchico cum schemate*, *Naev. ap. Non.* 225, 1; *Bacchides*, non *Bacchides*, sed *Bacchae* sunt *accerrumae*, *Pl. Bac.* 3, 1, 4; add *Cas.* 5, 4, 10 etc.; *Aul.* 3, 1, 3; *matrouas Baccharum habitu*, *Liv.* 39, 13, 12; *Ismariae celebrant repetita triennia Bacchae*, *Ov. M.* 9, 642; **2.** a figure of a *Baccha*, e.g. a statue, *Bacchas istas eum Mnis Metelli comparas*, *Cic. fam.* 7, 23, 2; **3.** In *Liv.* 39, 10, 4, if *sonnd*, *Bacchis eum se initiaturum*, would initiate him in the rites of the *Bacchae*.

**bacchābundus**, (*bacchor*), part. freq. constantly playing the part of *Bacchus*, in revelry and drinking, *met. agmen*, *Curt.* 9, 10, 27; add *Apul. Apol.* 82.

**Bacchaeus**, see *Baccheus*.

**Bacchānālis**, (older *Bacanal*, wh. see) e, adj. of the god *Bacchus* or rather *Bacchanus*, *festum*, *Macr.* s. 1, 4, 9; *sacra*, *Val. M.* 1, 3, 1; II **2.** *Bacchanal* n. as sb. a temple of *Bacchus*, *hodie ad Bacchas ueni in Bacchanal coequium*, *Pl. Aul.* 3, 1, 3; add 3, 1, 6; *Bac.* 1, 1, 19; *ut omnia Bacchanalia dirmerent*, *Liv.* 39, 18, 7; **3.** a festival of *Bacchus*, in *cella uos uinaria Bacchanal factis*, *Pl. Mil.* 3, 2, 44; **4.** esp. in pl., *senatus auctoritas de Bacchanalibus*, *Cic. leg.* 2, 37; *reliquias Bacchanalium quacstious exsecutus est*, *Liv.* 39, 41, 6; **5.** met. *Qui Curios simulant et*



Bacchanalia uiuunt, Inu. 2, 3; 6. Bacchanaliorum, as gen., exaudiri sonus Bacchanaliorum, Sal. ap. Non. 489, 27; cf. Charis. 42, 26 K; 62, 19.

**bachchātīm**, adv. like the Bacchae or priestesses of Bacchus, quin hunc b. discerpimus, Apul. M. 1, 13; (cf. story of Pentheus).

**bachchātio**, ōnis, f. playing the part of Bacchus or his priestesses, silcatur de nocturnis eius bachchationibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 330.

**Bacchē**, es, f. a Baccha or priestess of Bacchus, Vtque suum Bacche non sentit saucia uolnus, Ov. tr. 4, 1, 41.

**Bacchēus**, adj. of Bacchus or his rites, of the Bacchae, Baccheia dona tulerunt, Verg. G. 2, 454.

**Bacchēus**, (Baccheus), adj. of Bacchus, ululatus, Ov. M. 11, 17; Baccheaque (so Merkel) sacra frequento, 3, 691; uox, Colum. 10, 223.

**bachchia**, ae, f. a drinking cup so named fm. Bacchus, Isid. or. 20, 5, 4.

**Bacchīacus**, adj. made up of bacchii pedes as --- (so the words imply), B. metrum est tale: lactare, bacchare, praesente, Frontone, Diom. 513, 28 K; but see bacchius, and take as cxx.: Sēni nōn ērāt ōtium; id sum oppēritus, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 101; Ego hic ēsse ēt illi sīmitu hāū pōtūi, 3, 2, 105.

**Bacchīcus**, adj. of Bacchus, iuuenum coetus...Inibat alaeris, Bacchico iusultaus modo, Enn. ap. Char. 241, 11 K; Thyrsigeriae Bacchae Bacchico cum schemate, Naev. ap. Non. 225, 1; sarta, Mart. 7, 63, 4; ritus, Macr. s. 1, 18, 2; spe-luncae, 1, 18, 3; buxus, Stat. Th. 9, 479; Naxos, Ach. 2, 4.

**bachchīsōnus**, adj. crying 'Bacchus', Paul. Nol. 26, 289.

**Bacchīus**? adj. of Bacchus, ne Bacchia (Bacchica?) sacra uideres, Ov. M. 3, 518.

**Bacchius**, (Bακχίος), adj. of Bacchus, pes, a metrical foot ---, b. constat ex breui et duabus longis, ut 'Atheneae', dictus παρα τας Βακχας, quia bacchantibus conuenienter componebatur, Diom. 479, 17 K; b. pes ex breui et duabus longis ut 'beati', Iul. exc. 323, 29.

**bachchor**, āri, vb. r. play the part of Bacchus, hence act as priest or priestess of Bacchus who represented the god, act as inspired by the god, Non tu scis Bacchae bachchanti si uis adorsarier, Ex iusana insaniorem facies, feriet saepius, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 71; inter sobrios bachchari uinolentus uidetur, Cic. or. 99; Iacchus cum Silenis...lymphata mente furebant Euhoe bachchantes, Catul. 64, 255; maeſtis Minois ocellis Saxea ut effigies bachchantis, 64, 61; Lyssam cum Libero bachchantem nomen dedisse Lusitauinae, Plin. 3, 8; 2. met. act like a Bacchanal, or one frantic, Saeui inops animi totamque per urbem Bacchatur, qualis...Thyas, Verg. 4, 301; inmauis in antro Bacchatur uates, 6, 78; uon ego sanius Bacchabor Edonis: recepto Dulce mihi furere est amico, Hor. od. 2, 7, 27; quamuis aliquando quis circa fana bachchatus sit et responsa reddiderit, tameu si nunc hoc non faciat, nullum uitium esse, Ulp. 21, 1, 1, 10;

3. in poets, met. of iuanimate things personified, Vbi baccabatur (so B C D) aula, cassabant cadi, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 41; Thracio bachchante uento, 1, 25, 11; Furenter ab omni parte bachchatur nemus, Santra ap. Non. 78, 30; II 4. in poets, as pass. be madden by Bacchanals, thuder with their ravings, ululatus Ide Bachchatur, Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 206; esp. in the perf. part., uirginibus bachchata Lacaenis Taygeta, Verg. G. 2, 487; Bacchatamque iugis Naxos, A. 3, 125; Dindyma sanguinis famulum baccata lacertis, Val. F. 3, 20.

**bachchus**, i, m. a sea-fish, a sort of cod, Plin. 9, 61; 32, 77, etc.

**bachchylidum**, b. metrum constat (trochaico) dimetro hypercatalecto ut est hoc: 'floribus coroua textitur', Serv. C metr. 459, 19 K.

**bacciballum**, i, n. a slang-term of unknown meaning, noucratis Melissam, pulcherrimum b., Petr. 61.

**baccifer**, see bacifer.

**baccina**, ae, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 22.

**baceolus**, (Bακχολος), i, m. dim. a poor creature, ponit pro stulto baceolum, Suet. Aug. 87.

**bachifer**, (bacc.) adj. bearing berries, hedera, Sen. Oed. 424; add Sil. 3, 596; but Plin. 16, 50 dub. Sillig has: baeas fert.

**bacillum**, i, n. bacillus, i, m. (dim. of baculum or baculus), a little stick, b. corneolum poscit, Afr. ap. Non. 78, 18; b. aliud est incuruatum de industria, aliud ita natum, Cic. fin. 2, 33; nullo dextram subeuntē bacillo, Inu. 3, 28;

2. esp. of a licitor's staff, anteabant licitores non enim bacillis, sed ut hic praetoribus anteunt, cum fascibus duobus, Cic. agr. 2, 93; licitor conuerso bacillo (so Non. 78, 17 and several mss, Iordan baculo) oculos misero tundere coepit, Verr. 2, 5, 142; incuruum bacillum in quo sit serrula ferrea (for reaping), Varr. r. 1, 50, 2; 3. bacillus, i, m. Isid. or. 20, 13, 1.

**bacrio**, (for bacar-io), ōnis, m. dim. literally a little cup, and so a ladle, hoc alii trullam appellaut, Paul. ex F. p. 31.

**bactrōpērita**, ae, m. [Bακτρον stick, πηρα wallet] a Cynic, as carrying only a stick and wallet, Hier. ad Matt. 10.

**bacūla**, ae, f. dim. a little berry, Plin. 25, 96; Arnob. 5, 6.

**bacūlum**, i, n., baculus\*, i, m. a stick, habenas ad bacula deligare, Cels. 8, 20 (360, 5 Dar.); spicae possunt baculis (flails) excuti, Colum. 2, 20, 4; aureum in manu baculum (a sceptre), in latere acinaces, Flor. 4, 11, 3; baculorum (perh. of iron) subactiones, in making mortar or plaster, Vitr. 2, 4, 3; 7, 3, 7; 2. esp. a walking stick, pastor baculo innixus, Ov. M. 8, 218; add 6, 27; 14, 655; bacūlumque tenens agreste sinistra, 15, 655; bacūlo quem\* dextra gerebat, F. 1, 179; melius crus corpus fert minusque baculo eget, Cels. 8, 20 (359, 18); niator me baculo quod (al. quem\*) gerebat obuerberans, Apul. M. 7, 25; baculi quod gerebat icibus, 6, 30; 3. esp. of a Cynic, Cum baculo peraque senem, Mart. 4, 53, 3; arbores frugiferas prae uno baculo spreuit, uillas una perula mutauit, Apul. mag. 22; Diogeni pera et baculum (al. baculus\*) quod regibus diadema, ib.; add Ausou. epiqr. 53\*.

**Badiolus**, adj. or sb. dim. a cognomen, inscr. Grut. 87, 12.

**badiſso**, (Badiſu) āre, go, Demam hercle iam tibi de hordeo, totūm nī badiſſas, Pl. As. 3, 3, 116.

**badiſus**, adj. bay, as colour of a horse, equi colore dispares, hic badius, iste giluis, ille murinus, Varr. ap. Non. 80, 1; optima nigri Crura illi badiſosque legunt in pectore crines, Grat. cyn. 536; colores (equorum) hi praecipui, badius aureus..., Pall. 4, 13, 4.

**Baebatius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Q. Baebatius Sex. f., CIL 1348.

**Baebius**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Baebi(us) Q. f. Tampil(us), CIL 264; Baebia Q. 1., 837; L. Acmilio Cu, Baebio consuli-bus, Liv. 40, 44, 11; 2. as adj. Cato in dissuasiōe ne lex Baebia derogaretur, Fest. v. r. adq. p. 282.

**baeticātus**, (Baeticus of the Baetis river), quasi-part. dressed in Spanish wool, Mart. 1, 96, 5.

**Baeticōla**, ae, m. f. one who dwells on the river Baetis, Sil. 1, 146.

**Baetigēnā**, ae, m. f. one born on the river Baetis, Sil. 2, 934.

**baeto**, (or bito) (=Baww and uādo) vb. go, come, Palinure in terra quis me erit aequo fortunatus, illa Si ad me bitet? Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 51; Ad portum ne bitas, deico iam tibi. Anscultabitur, Merc. 2, 3, 127; Si resto, porgit ut eam: si ire conor, prohibet baetere (so Bamb., al. betere), Pacuv. ap. Non. 77, 25; in pugnam baetite (mss bibite), id. ib.; mulierem foras betere iussit, Varr. ib.; betere, id est ire, Non. ib.; here betere or rather betere stands for baetere; 2. cf. compounds adbito, ebito, interbito, perbito, praeterbito, redbito.

**Baiae**, ārum, an adj. pl. for Baiae aquae, Ah perant Baiae, crimen amoris, aquae, Prop. 1, 11, 30; 2. as sb. the town Baiae on the S. coast of Italy, celebrated for medicinal waters and profligacy, te nolo ad Baias ueuire (wh. note the prep.), Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; Seu liquidae placuere Baiae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 24; Baiae diuersorium uitiorum esse coeperunt, Sen. ep. 51, 3; 3. hence gen. of places, the site of waters (and sometimes of vice), mulierem...cuius in hortos domum Baias iure suo libidines omnium commearat, Cic. Cael. 38; Baiarum maxime, Tib. 3, 5, 3.

**Baiānus**, adj. of Baiae, negotia, Cic. Att. 14, 8, 1; murex, Hor. s. 2, 4, 32; sinus, Plin. 2, 227; 2. abs. for



Baianus agrar, the district of Baiae, puerum ex Baiano Pnteclos in ludum itantem, Plin. 9, 24; add 9, 168; 3. Baianum as sb. n. a villa near Baiae, in Baiano tanta ardebat cura (Lncullus) ut..., Varr. r. 3, 17, 9.

**Baibilus**, (: Baebius :: Publilius : Publius), adj. or sb. a gens, M. Baibilus L. f., CIL 572.

**bāiūlātio** = βασταγμος, Gloss.

**bāiūlātor** = βαστακτης, Gloss. Cyril.

**bāiūlātōrius**, adj. of a porter, b. sella, a sedan, Cael.

Aur. acut. 1, 11, 83; sessio, sitting in a sedan, 1, 15, 133. **bāiūlor**, older bāiolor\* (bāiulus) āri, vb. r. act as porter, see bāiulus § 1, last ex.; 2. bāiulo, are, or baiolo\* vñ. the same, Ego bāiulābo, tu, ut deceat dominum, ante me ito inanis, Pl. As. 3, 3, 70; non didici baiolare\* (so BCD), Merc. 3, 1, 10; 3. w. acc. carry as a porter, ego te baiulare non possum, Quint. 6, 1, 47; ducere Asinum solebant baiulau-tem sarcinas, Phacdr. 4, 1, 5; ferri proprie dicimus quae quis suo corpore baiulat, Gal. dig. 50, 16, 235; 4. mct. bear, support, adiectionem debiti, Th. C. 5, 15, 3.

**bāiūlus**, older bāiōlus\* (akin to βασταλω?) i, m. a porter, Collo rem soluum iam omnibus quasi bāiōlus\*, Pl. Poen. 5, 6, 16; operariū aut baiuli deesse non possunt, Cic. Brut. 257; baioli\* (so Halm) atque operarii, parad. 23; remigem aut baiulum, or. 2, 40; add Tusc. 3, 77; quod Graeci αχθοφορος, baiulos appellamus, Gell. 5, 3, 2; add Th. C. 2, 27, 1, 2; baiolos\* dicebant antiqui quos nunc dicimus operarios, unde adhuc baiolari\* dicitur, Paul. ex F. 35 M; 2. in special uses, as one carrying a child, Hier. ep. Rufin. 3, 5; 3. letters, Hier. ep. Iul. 6, 1; ep. Damas. 15, 5; 4. a corpse, Sidon. ep. 3, 12; Amm. 14, 7, 17; Augustin. ep. Hier. 19, 2.

**bālaena**, (= φάλαινα and in first syll. = E. whale, O. N. hval-r), ae, f. a whale, Quaesnam balaena meum uorauit uidulum, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 61; Quanto delphinis balaenā Britannica maior, Iuv. 10, 14; balaena quaternum iuge- rum (!), Plin. 9, 4; balaenae mammae nutriunt fetus, 11, 235.

**bālaenācius**, adj. of a whale, and so of whale-bone, uirga, Petr. 21.

**bālānātus**, (balanus) quasi-part. anointed with balsam, gausape, Pers. 4, 37.

**bālāninus**, adj. of balsam, oleum, Plin. 13, 8; 23, 89.

**bālānitēs**, ae, m. a gem, of two kinds, Plin. 37, 149.

**bālānitis**, Idis, adj. f. acorn-shaped, castanea, Plin. 15, 93.

**bālānus**, i, f. (rarely m.\*), a nut of various kinds, = Linn. glans, as quercus, acorn, Plin. 16, 21; aesculi, 17, 151; 2. of the palm tree, a date, 13, 48; 3. chestnut, Sardinios\* balanos, 15, 93; 4. of the cyclaminos and chamaecissus, 26, 54; 5. esp. of the myrobalanus, the belen-ut, whence an aromatic oil, βαλανιον ελαιον, Pressa tuis bālānus capillis, Hor. od. 3, 29, 4; palma quae fert myrobalanum... ossa non habet in balanis, Plin. 23, 98; cf. 12, 100; 6. things of like form, as a suppository, supponenda podici collyria quae appellauit balanos, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 12, 83; caepas haemorrhoidas pellere subditas pro balanis, Plin. 20, 43; 7. a shell-fish, Echinos lopa- das ostreas balanos captamus, couchas, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 8; concharum, pectunculis halanis sphondylis, Colum. 8, 16, 7; add Plin. 32, 145.

**Bālātium**, ii, u. the name of the Palatine Hill, Palatium, as used by Naeuius, Varr. l. 5, 8, p. 59 Sp.

**bālātōr**, ōnis, (balo?) m. a term of abuse, an idle talker (?), Mendicis mimae bālātōrēs, Hor. s. 1, 2, 2; uidebo uos balatrones et huc afferam meum corium et flagra, Varr. r. 2, 5, 1; Paul. ex F. p. 34 writes nonsense.

**bālātus**, ūs, m. bleating of sheep, Verg. 9, 62; Ov. M. 7, 319 and 320; 2. of goats, Plin. 20, 156; Ausou. epigr. 76, 3.

**bālaustium**, i, n. flower of the wild pomegranate, steri- lisquē bālausti, Colum. 10, 297; Plin. 13, 113; 23, 112.

**Babillus**, i, adj. or sb. dim. a cognomen (= number), Ti. Iulius Babillus, inscr. Grut. 32, 6; C. Babillus, Tac. an. 13, 22; Caecilia Babilla, inscr. Murat. 20, 3.

**Babinius**, i, adj. or sb. of the Balbi, and so fit to mark adoption from the Balba gens, Albiae C. f. Balbiuae, inscr. Grut. 322, 8; M. Cornelio Balbino, iuser. Murat. 1533, 3.

**balbus**, (akin to hālo?) adj. speaking inarticulately, mmbbling, cum ita balbus esset Demosthenes, ut eius artis cui studeret primam litteram (sc. r) non posset dicere, Cic. or. 1, 260; Os tenerum pueri balbumque, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 126; senectus, 1, 20, 18; uerba, s. 2, 3, 274; Tib. 2, 5, 94; balba de nare locutus, Pers. 1, 33; quaesitum est an balbus et laeclus et atypus... sanus sit (seruus), Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; add 21, 1, 7; 2. as a cognomen, M' Acili(us) Balbus, ou a denarius, CIL 325; L. Thorius Balbus, 395; 3. adv. balbe, Lucr. 5, 1022; Varr. ap. Non. 80, 8.

**balbūtio**, (: balbus :: caecitio : caccus), ire, vb. speak inarticulately, mumble, quamuis mentis suae compotes sunt, balbutiendi tamen uix seuius suos explicant, Cels. 5, 26, 31 (197, 10 Dar.); momenta uerborum quae seminecius et balbutiens lingua profudit, Th. C. 6, 23, 15; Balbūtiti Scaurum prauis fultum male talis, Hor. s. 1, 3, 48; 2. of idle unmeaning talk, habbū, balbutire aliquando desinant, aperteque et clara uoce audeant dicere..., Cic. Tusc. 5, 75; Stoicus perpauca balbutiens, acad. pr. 137; Epicurum balbutientem de natura deorum, div. 1, 5; 3. of birds, merula canit aestate, hieme balbutit, Plin. 10, 80.

**balineae**, (later balneae), arum, adj. ? f. pl. as sb. (sc. aquae), baths, Numquam edepol omnos balineae me hanc lassitudinem auferent, Pl. Mere. 1, 2, 17; add Pers. 1, 3, 10; Most. 3, 2, 69; Trin. 2, 4, 5 etc.; balneae (balineae?) Caecil. ap. Non. 194, 11; pensilis balneae, Plin. 9, 168; parietes balnearum, 13, 22; add 13, 99; but Sillig has the fuller form in 20, 160 (with mss a d); in 24, 18 (against a d), while in 33, 153 V has balueas, B d balineas. See balineum.

**balineāris**, only found in contr. form balnearis, adj. of a bath, argentum, Paul. dig. 34, 2, 32, 7; Scaev. 34, 2, 40, 1; iocus, Spart. Hadr. 17, 6; in Apul. M. 3, 12 iussis balnearibus assequi, if sound, the bathing apparatus.

**balineārius**, (aft. balnearius\*), adj. of a bath... L. Betilienus L. f. Vaarus haec... facienda coirauit... (la)cum balnearium, lacum ad (p)ortam, CIL 1166, 9; balucarii\* fures, Catul. 33, 1; instrumentum, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 13, 1\*; Marc. 33, 7, 17, 2\*; uapores, Ulp. 43, 21, 3, 6; fures, 47, 17, 1; 2. balnearia n. pl. as sb. baths, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; Procul. dig. 8, 2, 13.

**bālīneātor**\*, aft. balneator, ōris, m. (balniator), one who has charge of a bath or baths, gen. a slave, bath-man, Edepol Neptune es balneator\* frigidus, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 43; add Poen. 3, 3, 90 and Truc. 2, 3, 4 in both of wh. places odd. have the contracted form, perh. wrongly; familiaris facta erat balneatori, Cic. Cael. 62; add Phil. 13, 26; balneatorem instrumento contiueri balneario, cum balneae sine balneatoribus usum suum praebere non possint, Marc. dig. 33, 7, 17, 2; si librarium (seruum) rus mittat, histrionem balneatorem faciat, Ulp. 7, 1, 15, 1; siue balneator fuerit... in balneis ad custodienda uestimenta conducta habens mancipia, 3, 2, 4, 2; posse agi cum balneatore ex conducto, Alf. 19, 2, 30, 1; Firmi balneatoris, iuser. Grut. 637, 2; Anteros balneator, 637, 3.

**bālīneum**, or balneum\* n. a bath, balnea\* (balinea?) Pomp. ap. Non. 206, 18; balineum (so Baiter and Boot) caldiferi iubebo, Cic. Att. 2, 3 f.; cum e balineo (so Baiter and Boot) uenissem, 15, 13, 5; but the same have balneum in 13, 52; and Halm has balneo in Cic. Deiot. 17; reprehendunt analogias quod dicantur multitudinis nomine publicae balineae (so B), non balinea (so B), contra quod priuati dicant bal(i)neum, quod plura balinea (so B) dicant, Varr. l. 9, 41; baluca\*, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 92; 1, 11, 13; 1, 14, 15; 2, 3, 298; scorta balineaque enerauerunt corpora, Liv. 23, 18, 12; rustica balnea\*, Colum. 1, 6, 19; balinei cella, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 11; apodyterium balieui, 5, 6, 25; in huius balinei lauatio(em), inscr. Or. 3325; balnea uirilia, ib. 3324; balneum uenerium, ib. 4323; 2. akin to G. badcu, E. bath.

**balis**, is, f. a fabulous plant, Plin. 25, 14.

**ballātor**, ōris, m. a dancer? inser. Or. 2337; see ballo.

**Ballio**, ōnis m. a cognomen, as of a leno in Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 59; add Cic. Rosc. com. 20; Phil. 2, 15.

**ballista**, or ballista, ac f. a military engine for hurling large stones, etc.\*, a ballista, Nam meust ballista puguus, cubitus catapultast mihi, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 16; ceutuariae,



Lucil. ap. Non. 555, 26; talentariae, Sisen. ib.; balistae lapidum eo graniores emissiones habent quo sunt contenta uehementius, Cic. Tusc. 2, 57; assresc\* pedum xii. maximis ballistis missi per iii ordines cratium in terra defigebantur, Caes. b. c. 2, 2; excussa ballistis saxa, Tac. h. 4, 23; add an. 12, 56; Lucan. 3, 465; Sil. 1, 235; nulla ballista perficitur, nisi ad magitudinem ponderis saxi, Vitruv. 10, 16, 1; sagitta\* a ballista auolat, Amm. 23, 4, 3;

**2.** the missile thrown by a ballista, Itast amor, ballista nt iacitur: nil sic celerest neque uolat, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 42; De ducentis nummis primum intendam ballistam in scenam, Ea ballista si peruortam turrim et propugnacula, ..., Bac. 4, 4, 58; Quoi iam infortuni intenta ballistast probe Quam ego hant multo post mittam e ballistario, Poen. 1, 1, 74;

**3.** ballistra in a vet. gl., see ballistarius; **4.** Ballista, a cognomen, as of one of the 30 tyrants, Treb. Pollio 18, 1.

**ballistarius**, (balist. or ballistrarius\*), adj. of ballistae; as sb. m. a maker of ballistae, Tarruntin. Paternus, dig. 50, 6, 7 (6)—wh. Mommsen has ballistrarii\* (see ballista § 3); colleg(ium) balistarior(um), inscr. Or. 4066; **2.** a soldier who works a hand-ballista or cross-bow, Amm. 16, 2, 5; ballistrarii\* σφενδογγισται, Gloss. **3.** ballistarium as sb. n. the engine ballista, Pl. Poen. see last ex. of § 2 of ballista.

**ballistium**, (βαλλιστω), ii, n. a dance-song, Vopisc. Aurel. 6, 4.

**ballo**, (akin to βαλλω) are, vb. dauce, Ang. serm. 215; hence It. ballare, Fr. ballet, E. ball.

**ballote**, es, f. black horehound, ballota nigra Linn., Plin. 27, 54.

**ballūca**, ae, f. and bālūx, ūcis, f. gold-dust, id (anrum) quod minutum est baluceum nocant, Plin. 33, 77; Illinc balucis malleator Hispaniae, Mart. 12, 57, 9; eursus amium (Hispaniae) diuites anro quod in baluceibus (so cj., mss paludibus) uehnt, Instin. 44, 1, 7; ballucae siliquam, Veg. vet. 1, 20, 2; octonos scripulos in balluca cogat exsolnere, Th. C. 10, 19, 3.

**balneātorius**, adj. of a bath-man, instrumentum, Marc. dig. 33, 7, 17, 2.

**balneātrix**, ūcis f. a bath-woman, Petr. ap. Serv. A. 12, 159.

**balneōlae**, f. pl. dim. of contempt, a bath, Aug. contr. Acad. 3, 4.

**balneōlum**, i, n. dim. of contempt, Iuv. 7, 4; Sen. ep. 86, 4; balneola, Cic. ap. Non. 194, 5.

**balneum**, see balineum.

**bālo**, (fm. cry of sheep, ba ba; and akin to βληχω, E. bleat), are, vb. bleat, quin aetate credo esse mutas: Ne bālant quidem quom a pecu cetero absumt, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 19; Exsarcificabat hostiū balantibus, Eneu. (?) ap. Cic. div. 1, 42; Tactaque fumanti sulphure balēt ūcis, Ov. F. 4, 740;

**2.** bēlo? are, the same, capras et oues a sua uoce Graeci appellarunt mela (μηλα); nec multo secus nostri ab eadem noce, sed alia litera. Vox earum non me sed bee sonare nideotr...a quo belare (so P 2 m.; al. balare), Varr. r. 2, 1, 7;

**3.** hence balans, ntis as sb. a bleater, Balantum pectus, Lucr. 2, 369; Balantumque gregem, Verg. G. 1, 272; add 3, 457.

**Balonius**, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Baloni(us) K. MAI., CIL 838.

**balsāmeus**, adj. of balsam, unguen, carm. de Phoen. 118.

**balsāminus**, adj. of balsam, oleum, Plin. 23, 92.

**balsāmōdēs**, adj. like balsam, casia, Plin. 12, 97.

**balsāmurum**, i, n. (= βαλσαμον, perh. fm. Heb. bal prince, shamen oil, as prince of oils, or fm. besem, Exod. 30, 23) the gum of the balsam tree (Amyris opobalsamum Linn.), balm of Gilead, odorato...sudantia ligno Balsāmā, Verg. G. 2, 118; omnibus odoribus praefertur balsamum uni terrarum Indaeae concessum, Plin. 12, 111; Balsama qui semper, cinnama semper olcet, Mart. 3, 63, 4; **2.** of the tree itself, balsamum modica arbor, Tac. h. 5, 6.

**balteārius**, adj. as sb. m. belt-maker, inscr. Spon. p. 253.

**balteātus**, quasi-part. belted, pectus, Mart. C. 5, 137 G, 139, 5 Eyss.

**balteōlus**, i, m. dim. a little belt, Capitol. Max. 2, 4.

**balteus**, (a Tuscan word says Varr. ap. Char. 77, 10 K;

but quod cingulum habebant bullatum (!) balteum\* dictum, Varr. l. 5, 24) i, m. or balteum\*, i, n. a belt, esp. of a soldier, manulcos baltea\* maceras, Acc. ap. Non. 194, 20; aurata baltea\* illis erant, Liv. Andr. ib.; uerutum iu balteo defigitur, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 7; lato quam circumplectitur auro Balteus, Verg. 5, 313; add 12, 274 and 942; Ov. M. 9, 189; balteos phalerasque, Tac. h. 1, 57; cum baltea lamnis crepitent, Plin. 33, 152; Val. F. 5, 578; **2.** same as used for striking, quod enim dubitant componere crimen In dominos, quoties permoribus ulciscuntur Baltea? Iuv. 9, 112;

**3.** in poets of a woman's girdle, Lucan. 2, 362; Mart. 14, 207; **4.** of the zodiac, stellatus b., Manil. 2, 677; **5.** circular band of a volute in an Ionic column, Vitruv. 3, 5, 7, p. 79 l. 17 Rose; **6.** of a circular fence in an amphitheatre, Tert. spect. 3=praecinatio of Vitruv. 5, 3 (109, 3 Rose); **7.** exterior paste of a round cake, Cato r. 86, 3; 78, 1; **8.** for an idle distinction between balteus and balteum, see Char. l. 1.

**Bambalio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen (stutterer), as of M. Fuluius Bambalio, propter haesitantiam linguae...cognomen traxerat, Cic. Phil. 3, 16.

**bananica**, adj. epithet of a vine, Plin. 14, 37.

**bancus**, i, m. a fish, ex mari mullos bancos acus..., Cael. Aur. acnt. 2, 37, 210.

**bāphīarius**, adj. as sb. m. a (purple) dyer, Constant. cod. de murileg. 75, 11.

**bāphium**, (bafium\*) ii, n. a (purple) dyer's house, D. M. Q. C(ornelio) Petronio...proc. baphii, inscr. Or. 4272; baphiorum procreatores, Constant. cod. de murileg. 11, 7, 2; praepositi baphiorum, Th. C. 11, 28, 3; Aurelius Probus bāfii\* praepositi, Lampr. Al. Sev. 40, 6.

**bāphius**, ii, m. a (purple) dyer, Constant. cod. 11, 7, 2.

**baptes**, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 149.

**baptisma**, ātis, n. dipping, Prud. psych. 103; apoth. 697; **2.** esp. the religious rite, baptism, Tertul.; Aug.; Hieron.

**baptismum**, i, n. baptism, Aug. de temp. 36.

**baptista**, ae, m. baptist, Sedul. op. Pasch. 2, 143.

**baptistērium**, ii, n. a bath, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 11; 5, 6, 25; Sidon. ep. 2, 2; **2.** baptismal font, Sidon. ep. 4, 15.

**baptizātio**, ōnis, f. baptizing, Ambros. de temp. 17.

**baptizātor**, ōris, m. baptist, Tert. bapt. 12; Ang. ep. 23.

**baptizo**, are, vb. baptize, Tert.; Aug.; Hieron.

**bārātrum**, or -thrum (βαρθρον) i, n. an abyss, dcep pit, O bārātrum (so mss), ubi nunc es? Vt ego te nusump lubens, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 40; Introrumpam iam hue in Veneris furum. In bārātrum manelim, Rud. 2, 7, 12; add met. Curc. 1, 2, 28; Aestus in abruptum detulerat bārātrum (so most mss), Catul. 68, 108; imo bārāthri (al. baratri) ter gurgite nasto Sorbet in abruptum fluctus, Verg. 3, 421; add Hor. s. 2, 3, 166; aud met. ep. 1, 15, 31; Mart. 3, 81, 1; **2.** βάρθρον perh. akin to L. uōrā-re and uōrāg-o.

**barba**, ae, f. beard, tam consimilist atque ego... Malae mentum barba collus: totus. Quid uerbiis opus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 289; etc.; regiae nigrines tondebant barbam patris, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; Creseit barba pilique, Lucr. 6, 945; **2.** as distinguishing the Romans of old, tonsores non fuisse adsignificat antiquorum statuæ quod pleraeque habent capillum et barbam magnam, Varr. r. 2, 11, 10; cf. Plin. 7, 211; M. Papirius dicitur Gallo barbam suam, ut tum omnibus promissa erat, permulcenti, scipione incesso iram mouisse, Liv. 5, 41, 9; dignum barba dignumque capillis Maiorum, Iuv. 16, 31; **3.** as distinguishing philosophers, sapientem pascere barbam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 35; uellunt tibi barbam, 1, 3, 133; non conuocant (illa laetiora uerba) barbae illi, Quint. 11, 1, 34; uideo barbam et pallium, philosophum nondum uideo, Gell. 9, 2, 4; **4.** aurea barba marks the statuæ of a god etc., Aesculapii a. b., Cic. N. D. 3, 83; in allusio to this, nam fratres inter aenos...Praccipui sunt, sitque illis aurea barba, Pers. 2, 58; non deridebis (me), licet barbam auream habeas, Petr. 58; add Suet. Cal. 52; **5.** barbam ponere,—ou attaining full manhood, the first shorn beard was at times deposited with religious rites, barbam primam posuit conditamque in anream pyxidem... Capitolio consecrauit, Suet. Ner. 12; togam sumisit barbamque posuit sine ullo honore, Cal. 10; pyxis aurea in



qua barbam conditam esse dicebant, Petr. 29; 6. promittere barbam, let the beard grow, as a mark of mourning, audita clade Tituriana barbam capillumque summisit, Suet. Caes. 67; barba capilloque summisso, Quinctili Vare legiones redde nociferas, Aug. 23; rediit barba capilloque promisso (on the death of Drusilla) Cal. 24; 7. pl. of one man, including perhaps moustache and whiskers, stetit in limine barbīs horrentibus nauta, Petr. 99; Portunus caeruleis barbīs hispidus, Apul. M. 4, 31; II 8. of animals, lupi, Hor. s. 1, 8, 42; hircorum, Verg. G. 3, 311; Plin. 12, 74; cf. Heus qui cum hirquina astas barba, responde hoc to quod rogo, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 12; caprarum, Plin. 26, 47; gallinaeorum, 30, 97; mullorum, 9, 64; polyporum, 9, 93; 9. of plants, (Ponticas nuce) mollis protegit barba, Plin. 15, 89; uirgultorum, 17, 202; 10. barba Iouis, a plant, anthyllis b. of Linn., Plin. 16, 76; III 11. a cognomen, L. Scribonius L. l. Barba, CIL 1384; Barba Cassius, Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; Phil. 13, 3; 12. barba: E. beard, G. bart :: uerbum = E. word, G. wort; note too the initial b violating Rask's law.

**barbāria**, (or -iest) ae, f. the outer world of barbarians, as opp. to Greece, Themioclem...non in Graeciae portus... sed in barbariae sinus confugisse, Cic. rep. 1, 5; add fin. 5, 11; Graecia barbariae lento conlisa duello, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 7; 2. hence Plautus in joke from a Greek's mouth includes Italy: anrumst profecto hoc spectatores comicum: Macerato hoc pingues fiunt lauro in barbaria Boues, Poen. 3, 2, 21; in barbaria quod dixisse dicitur libertus suae patronae, uapula, Pl. ap. Fest. v. uapula 372 B 27; 3. aft. as opposed to Greece and Italy, a quo non solum Graecia et Italia sed etiam omnis barbaria commota est, Cic. fin. 2, 49; Quid tibi barbariem†, gentes ab utroque iacentes Oceano numerem, Ov. M. 15, 829; add subactam Barbariem†, Lucan. 8, 812; see also \* below; 4. barbarous manners, barbarism, multis praesidiis isti barbariae\* (sc. Gallorum) resistemus, Cic. Font. 44 (34); inueteratam quandam barbariam\* ex Gaditanorum moribus deleuit, Balb. 43; barbaria (al. barbarie) noster abundat amor, Ov. a. a. 2, 552; b. mentis, Quint. 11, 3, 69; tanta barbaria est Sarnatarum ut nec pacem intellegant, Flor. 2, 28 (9, 12, 20); 5. met., forensis, Cic. or. 1, 118; barbaries† domestica, Brut. 258; 6. the form† with e seems limited to nom. acc. and abl.

**barbāricus**, adj. m. as sb. = phrygian, embroiderer of Phrygian garments in gold etc. (cf. barbarico auro, Verg. 2, 504 and Pictus acu tunicae et barbara tegmina erurum, 11, 777, i.e. says Servius: uestem phrygionis arte perfectam); D. M. Plaetoriae...fecit Hermes barbaricaris (so Orell.) inser. Or. 4152; add Th. C. 10, 22, 1 etc.

**barbāricus**, (: barbarus :: Gallicus : Gallus) adj. of barbarians, as used by Greek of non-Greeks, esp. Phrygians and other Orientals of luxurious splendor, o Priami domus... Vidi ego te astante ope barbarica, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 85 and 3, 44; Hinc ope barbarica, Verg. 8, 685; barbaricae uestes, Lucr. 2, 500; aurum b. Verg. 2, 504; pauimenta, Plin. 36, 185; 2. in jest by Pl. in a Greek mouth (cf. barbarus § 2), of Romans or Italians, Nunc barbarica lege certumst ius memm omne persequi, Capt. 3, 1, 32; Νῆταν Ἀλατριον! Quid tu per barbaricas urbis iuras? 4, 2, 105;

3. gen. of barbarians, of foreigners, and so barbarous, foreign (but not of men), equi, Veg. vet. 6, 7, 1; sermo, Amm. 18, 2, 2; 4. of barbarians, as barbarous, uncivilized, uita, Claud. Eutr. 2, 226; soliditas, Flor. 1, 38 (3, 3), 12; II 5. barbaricum as sb. n. barbarous regions, Albiun qui in barbarico longe ultra Rhennum est, Eutrop. 7, 9; add 9, 4; Amm. 18, 2, 14; nec portarent cibaria decem et septem dierum, nisi in barbarico, Lamprid. 47, 1; 6. barbaricum as adv., b. genens, Sil. 12, 418; 7. barbāricē, in barbarian fashion, Capit. Ver. 10, 6.

**barbaries**, see barbaria.

**barbāricus**, i, m. barbarism of speech, b. est cum uerbum aliquod uitiose effertur, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 17; Quint. 1, 5, 5 etc.; Mart. 6, 17, 2; Gell. 13, 6, 4; 2. barbarous i.e. cruel language, Quint. 1, 5, 9.

**barbārus**, adj. (mimetic) one whose talk is unintelligible, bar, bar, bar; borrowed from Egyptians: βαρβαροὺς ἢ Ἀγυπτίους καλεοῦσι τοὺς μὴ σφισὶ ὀμολῶσσοις, Herod. 2, 158; and

used by Greeks of all non-Greeks, Paul. ex F. v. barbari p. 36 M; iurarent (Graeci) inter se barbaros necare omnis medicina... Nos quoque dicitant barbaros, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14; Graii atque barbari, Naev. ap. Cic. or. 152; 2. and so used in jest by Pl. of a Roman, os columnatum poetae esse indandiui barbaro, Mil. 2, 2, 56 (sc. Naeuio, says Paull. 36 M); 3. gen. barbarian, barbarous, uncivilized, neque tam barbari lingua et natione illi quam in natura et moribus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 112; gentes immanitate barbaras, Marc. 8; add Hor. od. 1, 29, 6; 3, 27, 66; Maroboduus natione magis quam ratione barbarus, Vell. 2, 108, 2; 4. of other objects than man, Tereus animo barbaro, Att. ap. Non. 279, 22; consuetudo, Cic. Font. 31; b. tegmina (i.e. Phrygian), Verg. 11, 777; carmen (also Phrygian), Hor. epod. 9, 5; Syrtis, od. 2, 6, 3; mare, 2, 19, 7; mos, 1, 27, 2; libidines, 4, 12, 7; arae, Tac. an. 1, 61; 5. foreign as to language, captiui innotis barbararum litterarum notis, Curt. 5, 5, 6; 6. comp. barbarior, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 78; 5, 1, 72; 7. in barbarum, so as to take a barbarous shape, ciuitas in b. corrupta, Tac. an. 1, 48; Idaeos, aucto in b. cognomento, Iudaeos uocitari, h. 5, 2; 8. barbarum as sb. n. (sc. emplastrum) a celebrated plaster, Cels. 5, 19, 1; 5, 26, 23 (192, 20 Dar.); 9. barbara as sb. f. (sc. compositio) the same, Scrib. comp. 207; II 10. barbāre, adv. in a barbarian language, as Latin, (cf. § 2), Demophilus scripsit, Marcus noritit barbāre, Pl. As. pr. 11; Philemo scripsit, Plautus uortit barbāre, Trin. pr. 19; 11. in incorrect grammar or phraseology, loqui, Cic. Tusc. 2, 12; Quint. 1, 5, 9; 12. in barbarous or savage language, Quint. 1, 5, 9, and 1, 6, 45; 13. barbarously (of manners), dulcia barbāre laedentem oscula, Hor. od. 1, 13, 14.

**barbātōriam**, only a conj. in Petr. 73.

**barbātūlus**, quasi-part. dim. with delicately trimmed beards, as opposed to the long and rough beards of old times, cf. Cic. Cael. 33; Att. 1, 14, 5; 1, 16, 11; Hier. ep. 117, 6; 2. of mullet, Cic. parad. 38.

**barbātus**, quasi-partic. bearded, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 25; Men. 5, 2, 101; louem semper barbātum, Apollinem semper imberbem, Cic. N. D. 1, 83; Fortuna barbata, a goddess so called, Aug. C. D. 4, 11; but the inscr. Or. 1742 is prob. a forgery; 2. esp. of old Romans, before shaving was introduced, unum te ex barbātis illis, exemplum imperii ueteris, imaginem antiquitatis diceres intempuri, Cic. Sest. 19; aliquis mihi excitandus est ex barbātis illis, non hac barbata qua ista delectatur, sed illa horrida quam in status antiquis uidemus, Cael. 33; Brute...facile est barbato imponere regi, Iuv. 4, 103; 3. aft. characteristic of philosophers, Barbatos licet admoueat mille iude magistros, Iuv. 14, 12; Ne mendica ferat barbati prandia nudi, Mart. 14, 81; cf. barba; 4. as sb. m. a bearded one, see last ex. of § 3, first of § 5; add: non ille Carpus accessit, sed barbatus ingens, Petr. 40; 5. of other than man, as of a goat, immisit se barbatus, Phaedr. 4, 9, 10; b. aquila, Plin. 10, 11; the eagle, also called (he says) ossifraga, the Lämmergeyer, Gypaëtus barbatus, cf. Cuvier's Règne an. pl. 8; muli, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 7; nux, of the cotton seed with its wool, Plin. 19, 14; 6. met. libros, Mart. 14, 84; 7. a cognomen, Cornelius Lucius Scipio Barbatus, CIL 30; add 32.

**barbiger**, a, um, adj. beard-wearing, as of goats, pecudes, Lucr. 5, 900; capellas, 6, 970.

**barbitum**, ii, n. a beard, lanoso barbitio genas innumbrantem, Apul. M. 5, 8; qui hircino barbitio philosophum fugeret, 11, 8.

**barbītus**, i, m. and f.\*, barbītō, i, n.† a lute, die Latinum Barbite carmen, Hor. od. 1, 32, 4; defunctumque bello Barbition hic paries habebit, 3, 26, 4; add 1, 1, 34; Non facit ad lacrimas barbītus ulla\* meas, Ov. ? her. 15, 8; et plectra et barbīta† coude, Auson. Phil. Gr. 44.

**Barbo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen (beard-man), N. Vibidaius V. f. Barbo, CIL 625.

**barbūla**, ae, f. dim. a little beard, Cic. Cael. 33; 2. of plants, Plin. 21, 49; 27, 98; 3. a cognomen, L. Scribonius L. l. Barbula, CIL 1384; Q. Aemilius Barbula, Liv. 9, 20, 7.

**barbus**, i, m. the fish barbel, Auson. Mos. 94 and 134



2. a cognoumeu, P. Agrius Barbus, inscr. Grut. 360, 3.

**barca**, ae, f. (a Phoenician word, says Movers, die Phönizier, 3, 1, 170) a boat, edito barcarum certamine, a regatta, CIL 2, 13; *barcam esse quae cuncta nauis commercia ad litus portat, eamque...in nauis uchi*, Isid. or. 19, 1; *Vt mox salubri barca praesidio foret Puppi superstes obrutae*, Paul. Nol. 21, 95; add *Lyd. de mag.* 2, 14; *barca barcula barcella*, Not. Tir. p. 47.

**barcarius**, i, adj. as sb. m. a boat-man, Not. digu. utr. imp. 63 and 65.

**bardaicus**, or uard. adj. of the Bardaci or Vardaei a people of Illyria, Plin. 3, 143; cuculli, Capit. Pert. 8, 3; b. calceus a heavy military boot, Iuv. 16, 13; 2. abs. the same, *lassi uardaicus euocati*, Mart. 4, 4, 5.

**barditus**, ūs, m. a battle cry or song of the Germans, Tac. G. 3.

**bardocucullus**, i, m. a Gallic cloak of wool with a hood, Lingonicus b., Mart. 1, 53, 5; Santicus b., 14, 128; cf. Santicus cucullus, Iuv. 8, 145.

1. **bardus**, adj. (=βραδύς?) slow of intellect, a dolt, stulti...fuugi bardi, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; *bardum me faciebam*, Epid. 3, 3, 39; add *Pers.* 2, 1, 2; *nimisque bardum barbarum*, Caecil. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 34; *stupidum esse Socraten dixit et bardum*, Cic. fat. 10; *bardior*, Tert. Hermog. 36.

2. **bardus**, i, m. a Gallic harper, a bard, Vos quoque qui fortes animas belloque premissas Laudibus in longum uates dimittitis aecium, Bardi, Lucan. 1, 449; *uigueret studia inchoata per bardos et Druidas*, Amm. 15, 9, 8; add *Paul. ex F. p. 34.*

**bāris**, idos, f. an Egyptiau boat, Prop. 3, 11, 44.

**baro**, ōnis, m. (akin to bardus, adj.?) a dolt, blockhead, Cic. fin. 2, 76; div. 2, 144; fam. 9, 26, 3; Att. 5, 11, 6; *Bārō rēgūstatum...*, Pers. 5, 138; add *Petr.* 53 and 63;

2. a cognomen, L. Coelius Ouf. Baro, inscr. Grut. 393, 7.

**baroptenus**, i, or barippe, es, f. a gem, black with red and white spots, Plin. 37, 150.

**barrinus**, adj. of an elephant, aures, Sidon. ep. 3, 13.

**barrio**, ire, vb. roar (as an elephant), elefanti barriuro, Spart. Geta 5, 5; Veg. mil. 3, 24; add *Paul. ex F. p. 30.*

**barritus**, ūs, m. roar of an elephant, Apul. flor. 17; Isid. or. 12, 2; 2. hence, battle-cry, Veg. mil. 3, 18; Amm. 16, 12, 43; 26, 7, 17; 31, 7, 11.

**barrus**, i, (Sansk. वाराना) m. an elephant, Hor. epod. 12, 1; a barro dictum, i. e. elephant, Serv. ad A. 1, 588;

2. a cognoumeu, T. Betucius Barrus, Cic. Brut. 169.

**bārycéphālos**, adj. heavy-headed, aedium species b., Vitr. 3, 2, 5.

**bārypīcros**, adj. very bitter, absinthium, Apul. herb. 100.

**bārython**, ōnis, m. a plant, also called sabina, Apul. herb. 85.

**basaltes**, is, m. basalt, Plin. 36, 58; so mss, but Sillig after Buttmann reads basaniteu.

**bāsānites**, adj. as sb. m. touch-stone, lapis Lydius, Plin. 36, §§ 58, 147, 154.

**bascauda**, ae (a British word, = W. basged from basg plaiting), f. basket, Barbara de pectis ueni bascauda Britannis, Mart. 14, 99; add *Iuv.* 12, 46.

**basella**? ae, f. dim. a beer-stand, cupas basellis (al. asellis or sellis) impositas, Pall. 1, 18, 2.

**bāsātio**, ōnis, f. kissing, Catul. 7, 1; Mart. 7, 95, 17.

**bāsātor**, ōris, m. one who kisses, Mart. 11, 98, 1.

**basilica**, see basilicus § 7.

**bāsīcūla**, ae, f. dim. a little church, a chapel, Paul. Nol. ep. Sev. 32, 17.

**bāsīlicus**, adj. of a king, kingly, regal, royal, often in Plant. as edictiones, Capt. 4, 2, 31; uictus, Pers. 1, 1, 32; facinora, Trin. 4, 3, 3; status, Epid. 1, 5, 43; 2. as sb. m. one of a royal court, At ego basilicus sum quem nisi oras guttam non feret, Rud. 2, 4, 18; 3. basilicus (iactus) the best throw on the dice, talos arripio...lacto basilicum, Curc. 2, 3, 79; 4. as sb. n. or m.: basilicum, a robe of royalty, basilicum aut exoticum, Epid. 2, 2, 48; 5. basilica (uitis) a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 19 and 28 etc.; Plin. 14, 30; 6. in med. basilicōn, an eye-lotion, Cels. 6, 6,

31; basilicon or basilicō a plaster, Scrib. comp. 210 and 238; II 7. esp. basilica as sb. f. (sc. aedes or οἶκος) lit. a royal palace—hence in use a public building with porticoes etc., of various uses, a basilica, Ditis damnosus maritus quaerito sub basilica (mss s. b. q.), Pl. Curc. 4, 1, 11; seruos pnblicus ex basilica Opimia, CIL 1067; add 1068; forum plenum et basilicas istorum hominum uidemus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 152; basilicam habeo, non uillam, frequentia Formiautorum, Att. 2, 14, 2; basilicam ibi fecit, quae Porcia appellata est, Liv. 39, 44, 7; rem usibus publicis in perpetuum relictam, ut forum aut basilicam, Paul. dig. 45, 1, 83, 5; add *Venul.* 45, 1, 137, 6; 8. esp. as a court of justice, dstringor centumuiralibus causis...; in media basilica..., Plin. ep. 2, 14, 4; *sodebant centum et octoginta iudices;...ex superiore basilicae parte...*, 6, 33, 3; *cum ei causa in foro esset oranda, petit uti subsellia in basilicam transferrentur*, Quiet. 10, 5, 18; *cum in basilica Iulia diceret primo tribunali, quattuor autem iudicia cogerentur*, 12, 5, 6; *basilicam cum tribunali...restituit M. Vlpium*, inser. Or. 4929; 9. also as a place for sales, argentum quod in basilica fuit muliebro...negotiandi causa uenale (propositum), Paul. 34, 2, 32, 4; 10. in Christian times turned to religious uses, a church, Sulpic. Sev. hist. 2, 33, and 38; 11. or a chapel in a church, Hier. ep. ad Hel. 60, 12; 12. of a palace, domus in qua basilicae centenariae tres, Capit. Gord. 32, 3; 13. of a wine depot, Pall. 1, 18, 1.

**bāsīlica**, ae, f. a plant, also called regula, an antidote to the basilisk, Apul. herb. 128.

**bāsīlicus**, i, m. dim.: literally a petty king; hence a snake marked on the head as with a diadem, the basilisk, in uacua regnat basiliscus arena, Lucan. 9, 726; add 9, 828; Cyrenaica hunc (i. e. basiliscum) generat prouincia XII digitorum magnitudine candida in capite macula ut diademate insignem, Plin. 8, 78; add 29, 66.

**bāsīlīum**, ii, (βασιλειον) n. a mitre, Isidi Fabia L. f....ornamenta in basilio unio et margarita, CIL 2, 3386; 2. met. of a child, Licinia Q. f. basilio Florae, inser. Mur. 139, 1.

1. **bāsio**, (basium) āre, vb. kiss, Iam te bāsia multa bāsīare, Catul. 7, 9; add *Mart.* 1, 94, 2; 7, 95, 4; 10, 22, 3, 2. **Bāsio**, ōnis, f. dim. a cognoumeu (Little-kiss), Acilla P. l. Basio sibi et Cartorio..., inser. Grut. 959, 2.

**bāsīōlum**, i, n. dim. a little kiss, Petr. 85; Apul. 10, 21.

**bāsīs**, is, f. foot of horse or mule, Veg. vet. 1, 25, 6; 2, 28, 27; 3, 46; 2. a bone in same, 6, 1, 2; II 3. pedestal or base as of a statue, signum transferendum basim ponendam curaque(runt), CIL 1145; M' Memmius M' f. pr. signa baseis de sua pecunia, 1146; add 1154; aediculam et bassim (sic) magistri dant, 1181; in basi statuarum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 154; stat bāsīs orba dea, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 52; *statuae adfixae basibus structibus*, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 245; 4. of a column, ad basim (columnellae) accessimus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 66; but *basim scapi*, Vitr. 4, 1, 6, the lowest part of the shaft, for with him the pedestal is spira; 5. b. uillae, foundation, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 5; 6. in math. base, trianguli, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; 7. b. arcus, chord, Colum. 5, 2, 9; 8. root of a word, ipsa uox, basis eius, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 32; 9. phrase, cum basi illum sua metiris, in measuring the statue, you include the pedestal, Sen. cp. 76, 31.

**bāsīum** (?) ii, n. a kiss, Numquam iam posthac bāsīū surripiam, Catul. 99, 16; add *Mart.* 12, 55, 9; Petr. 23, etc.; 2. iactare basia, to throw kisse; with the hand (G. eine Kusshand zuwerfen), Iuv. 4, 118; Phaedr. 5, 7, 28; cf. iacere oscula, Tac. h. 1, 36.

**Bassillus**, adj. dim. (of bassulus) as sb. f. a cognoumeu, Oppia T. f. Bassilla, inser. Grut. 698, 10.

**Bassinus**, adj. a cognoumeu (of adoption?), M. Aurelius Bassinus, inser. Grut. 46, 2.

**Bassūlus**, adj. dim. (of Bassus) a cognoumeu, Stertiniiae L. f. Bassulae, 305, 1.

**bassus**, adj. stout, embonpoint, thickset, = ερχυλος, παχύς, Gloss.; 2. a cognoumeu, L. Stlaccius Bassus, CIL 745; P. Valeri Bassi, 1124; 3. esp. as name of a drunkard, Bassum Threicia uinctam amystide, Hor. od. 1, 36, 14; add *Mart.* 6, 69.

**bastiga**, (βασταγή, Hesych., fm. βασταζω) ae, f. carriage of goods, Th. C. 8, 4, 11.  
**bastāgarius**, adj. as sb. manager of goods' department, Th. C. 10, 20, 4 and 11.  
**basterna**, (akin to βασταζω) ae, f. a sedan, Lampr. Hel. 21, 7; Anm. 14, 6, 16; Pall. 7, 2, 3.  
**basternarius**, adj. as sb. m. sedan-bearer or proprietor, Synm. 6, 15.  
**bat**, an unmeaning term to rhyme with at, Plaut. Ps. 1, 3, 6; cf. Char. 239, 21 K.  
**batia**, ae, f. a sea-fish, Plin. 32, 77 and 145.  
**bātillum**, i, (u.\*) n. dim. a shovel, pastorem (pauonum) cum batillo circumire oportet ac stercus tollere, Varr. r. 3, 6, 5; incuruom batillum in quo sit extremo serrula ferrea (for reaping), 1, 50, 2; prunaeque u.\*, Hor. s. 1, 5, 36; uatillis\* ferreis, Plin. 33, 127; coctilium uatilla quattuor, Treb. Claud. 14, 12.  
**bātillus**, i, m. the same, super batillum candentem, Marc. Empir. 27.  
**bātiōcus**, adj.? epithet of a large drinking cup with two ears (βαριακη, as a sb. f. Athen. 11, p. 484 E, p. 784 A), quibus diuitiae domi sunt scaphio et cautharis Bātiōcis (with an o, not a, A and B) bibunt nos nostro Sāmiolo poterio, Pl. Stic. 5, 4, 12; 2. hence batioca as sb. f. bātiōcam (batiolam, mss) auream octo pondo habebat, Pl. ap. Non. 545, 20; batioca patera, Gloss. Plac. 444; and Exc. Pithecan.; batiosa ποτηριον φιαλοιδες, Gloss. Labb. 357.  
**batis**, (battis\*) is, f. a plant of the kind marina, Plin. 21, 86, perh. the samphire; 2. b. hortensia or satiuia, Plin. 21, 86; Colum.\* 12, 13, 2; add Plin. 26, 82; Colum.\* 12, 7, 2; cf. βατος f.  
**bātrāchion**, ii, Greek name of a plant = Linn. ranunculus, Plin. 25, 172; 26, 106, etc.; 27, 112.  
**bātrāchites**, ae, m. a froglike gem, Plin. 37, 149.  
**bātrāchus**, i, m. a sea fish, Plin. 32, 145.  
**bātuo**, ere, vb. beat, sculponcas (wooden shoes) Quibus os batuatur tibi senex nequissime, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 60; ita ut batucentur ante ulcera, Plin. 31, 104; 2. esp. fence, mirmillonem rudibus secum batuentem, Suet. Cal. 32; pugnatoriis armis, ib. 54; 3. sensu obsc., Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; 4. hence Fr. battre, E. beat.  
**batus**, genus herbae, Paul. ex F. p. 30.  
**baubor**, āri, (mimetic, cf. βαυζω, E. bow-wow) vb. r. bark, Lucr. 5, 1071; Non. p. 80, 30.  
**Baulanus**, adj. of Banli, inser. Or. 4565; 7188.  
**Bauli**, orum, m. pl. a tow in Campania near Baiiae, Varr. r. 3, 17, 5; Cic. acad. pr. 125.  
**baxea**, ae, f. a coarse kind of shoe, Peniculo. Quis istest peniculus? qui extergentur baxeae? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 40; palmeis baxeis, Apul. M. 2, 28; qui baxeis...philosophum fingeret, 11, 8; baxeas de sutrina praestinare, flor. 9 (p. 38 Hild.).  
**baxiarius**, adj. as sb. maker of the shoes called baxeae, inser. Or. 4085.  
**bdellium**, ii, n. (βδελλιον) a scented gum from an Asiatic balsam-tree, balsam, Plin. 12, 35; Veg. vet. 6, 14, 1; aud prob. 5, 27, 4, wh. mss depli (for pdeli); 2. as term of endearment, Tu mihi staete...et casia's, tu bdellium, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 6.  
**beātā**, see beo.  
**beatifico**, āre, vb. act the beatificus, make happy, bless, Aug. Trin. 14, 14 etc.  
**beatificus**, adj. making happy, (deus) beatus et beatificus, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 5; add Aug. conf. 2, 5.  
**beatitas**, ātis, f. happiness, blessedness, siue beatitas sine beatitudo dicenda est (utrumque durum), Cic. N. D. 1, 95; quoted by Quint. 8, 3, 32; add Macr. somn. 1, 8, 2.  
**beatitudo**, inis, f. the same, Cic. N. D. 1, 95; Quint. 8, 3, 32; Macr. somn. 1, 8, 2; hortante beatitudine temporum, inser. Or. 68.  
**beatrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who blesses; hence as cognomen, Publiciae Beatrici, inser. Grut. 703, 3.  
**beatulus**, adj. dim. of contempt, happy, blessed, Pers. 3, 103.  
**beatus**, see beo.

**bebra**, ae, f. a sort of missile used by some barbarians, Veg. mil. 1, 20 (p. 23, 12 Lang.).  
**Becco**, (Vecco\*) ōnis, m. Beak-man or man with the beak, cui Tolosae nato cognomen Becco fuerat. Id ualeat gallinaeci rostrum, Suet. Vit. fiu.; u(iuus) f(ecit) Vecco\* Moccois f. sibi eti..., inser. Grut. 624, 2; 2. cf. Fr. bec, E. beak.  
**bēchion**, ii, n. Gr. name for the plant tussilago, Plin. 26, 30.  
**bedella**, ae, prob. the same as bdellium, Marc. Empir. 19.  
**bee**, the noise of sheep, ba, Varr. r. 2, 1, 7.  
**belbus**, i, m. belba, ae, f. or bolua, ae? f. a hyacina, belbi id est hyacinae decem, Capitol. Gord. 33, 1; et camelos et belbas et leones, Arnob. 7, 16; βαινα ζωων bellua (for belua) Gloss. Philox.; Quid dubitatis utrum nunc sitis cercopithecii, An colubrae an boluae, Varr. ap. Non. 201, 26.  
**Beli oculus**, a gem, Plin. 37, 149.  
**bellaria**, adj. pl. as sb. n. sweetmeats, confectionery, Vbi's Astaphium? Fer mihi huc uerbenam, tus, bellaria, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 33; add Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 11, 6; Suet. Nero 25; significat id uocabulum (bellaria) omne mensae secundae genus..., quae περματα Graeci aut τραγηματα dixerunt, uina quoque dulciora; as: Liberi bellaria, Gell. l. c.  
**bellātor**, (old duellor\*) ōris, m. warrior, Domi duellique duellatores\* optumi, Pl. Capt. pr. 68; but (w. a b) Merus bellator gignitur (so T H K ej.) quas hic praegnatis fecit, Mil. 4, 2, 85; add Trin. 3, 2, 97, etc.; aut bellatori aut imperatori, Cic. Tusc. 4, 53; add Balb. 54; Att. 8, 12, 4; Liv. 1, 59, 9; 7, 26, 13; 8, 8, 17; 9, 1, 2; Vell. 2, 25, 3; Tac. an. 1, 67 f.; 2. met. in a drinking bout, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 5; in a game like chess, Ov. a. a. 3, 359; 3. in poets, as an epithet or adj. Bellatorque animo deus incidit, Verg. 9, 721; ecus, G. 2, 145; Ov. F. 2, 12; campus, Stat. Th. 8, 378; ensis, Sil. 13, 376; 4. absol. of a horse, Iuv. 7, 127; of a bull, Stat. Th. 12, 603.  
**bellātōrius**, adj. of a warrior, stilum, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 7; iumenta, Amm. 23, 5, 13.  
**bellātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. warrior, iracundia, Cic. Tusc. 4, 54; Peuthesilea, Verg. 1, 493; diua, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 76; Roma, 2, 321; belua, Sil. 9, 576; carinae, Stat. Th. 7, 57; gleba, Val. F. 7, 612.  
**bellātūla**, adj. dim. beautified? a cognomen, inser. Grut. 350, 4; 943, 3; but see belliatulus.  
**bellax**, acis, adj. warlike, gens, Lucan. 4, 406.  
**belliātūlus**, adj. dim. (for bdelliātulus?) scented with balsam? Quin imus ergo? I belle belliātula, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 28 (so mss A); see  
**belliātus**, (for bdelliātus fm. bdellium?) quasi-part., the same, Hem tibi aquam mea tu belliāta; (so mss and so ed. Iunt. 1514, says Forc.) hem sic uolo, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 6.  
**bellic-ōsus**, adj. warlike, gentes, Cic. prov. cons. 33; homines, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 2; 2. comp. Liv. 9, 6, 13; 37, 8, 4; sup. Cic. Man. 28; Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 3.  
**bellicrēpa**, saltatio quando cum armis saltabant, Paul. ex F. p. 35.  
**bellic-us**, adj. of war, insignia, Cic. leg. 2, 45; mors, 2, 60; nauis, Prop. 2, 15, 43; equus, 4, 4, 14; aguomina (as Maccdonicus, Creticus etc.) Flor. 1, 43 (3, 8); 2. warlike, of men rarely except in poets, ciuitas, Vell. 2, 38, 3; Pallas, Ov. M. 5, 46; deus, F. 2, 478; Mars, 3, 1; 3. bellicum canere, to sound the war trumpet, as signal for war, Cic. Mur. 30; Liv. 35, 18, 6; Iustin. 12, 15, 11; aud met. Cic. Phil. 7, 3; or. 39.  
**bellifer**, adj. war-bearing, Claud. Eutrop. 1, 429.  
**belliger**, adj. war-waging, in poets only, gentes, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 13, manus, a. a. 2, 672; hasta, Mart. 5, 24, 11.  
**belligērator**, m. warrior, Avien. perieg. 55; Venant. Martin. 3, 370.  
**belligēro**, āre, vb. wage war, belligerant Aetoli cum Aleis, Capt. 1, 1, 25; add Pers. 1, 1, 26, etc.; Non cauponantes bellum, sed belligerantes, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 38; nobis...cum fortuna belligerandum fuit, ad Quir. 19; but in Font. 36 (26) mss V has belligerendo, whence Halm bello gerendo, Or. belligerando; cum Gallis tumultuatum uerius quam belligeratum, Liv. 21, 16, 4; add Tac. an. 4, 46.



**Bellinus**, adj. a cognomen (of adoption?), inscr. Grut. 918, 13.

**bellio**, ōnis, m. (not f.) dim. ox-eye daisy, chrysanthemum segetinum Linn., Plin. 21, 49; **2.** a cognomen, inscr. Grut. 951, 5.

**bellipōtens**, adj. as sb., lord of war, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 2, 116; Verg. 11, 8; Val. F. 1, 529; Stat. Th. 2, 715.

**bellis**, is, f. common daisy, Plin. 26, 26.

**bellisōnus**, adj. war-sounding, Paul. Nol. carn. 8, 23.

**bellitūdo**, inis, f. prettiness, Verr. ap. Paul. ex F. P. 35.

**bello**, āre, vb. make war, war, quod bellando aptus sum, Pacuv. ap. Non. 234, 25; longe a domo bellare, Cic. Man. 32; cum illa ciuitas cum Poenis bellaret, Verr. 2, 4, 72; utrum bellandum esset necne consulere, Liv. 35, 18, 3; hoc bellum a consuliibus bellatum, 8, 39, 16; **2.** in poets of mere fighting, breuique bellabant ense, Sil. 3, 235; manu, 8, 498; caestu, Stat. Th. 6, 829; **3.** w. dat. in poets, Latinis, Sil. 16, 565; manipulis, 9, 503; magno parenti, Stat. Th. 8, 506; **4.** as vb. r. pictis bellantur Amazones armis, Verg. 11, 660; Et nudis bellantur equis, Sil. 2, 349.

**Bellōna**, (old Duellona) ae, adj. as sb. f. (goddess) of war, Nam neque Bellona mi umquam neque Mars creduat, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 6; Victoriā Martem Bellonam, Amph. pr. 43; Bellona a bello nunc quae Duellona a duello, Varr. l. 5, 10 p. 78 Sp.; Verg. 8, 703; add Ov. F. 6, 201; Hor. s. 2, 3, 223.

**bellōnāria**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. herba) the plant solanum, as used by priests of Bellona, Apul. herb. 74.

**bellor**, see bello.

**Bellōrōphon**, (older -fontem) ntis, m. old Latin form of the name Bellerophou, Ah Bellerofontem tuos me fecit filius, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 12 (see mss in Ritschl's ed.); add Apul. M. 7, 26 and 11, 8.

**bellōsus**, adj. warlike, contra bellosum genus, Cael. ap. Non. 80, 32.

**bellua**, see belua.

**bellūlus**, adj. dim. of bellus (as that of bonus) pretty, haec quidem Bellulast, Pl. Mil. 4, 1; papilla, Cas. 4, 4, 22; add Poen. 1, 2, 134; bellule cresce puer, inscr. Murat. 1514, 3; **2.** adv. bellule, prettily, Pl. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 36; aetatem portat bellule, Apul. M. 5, 31; add 10, 16; 11, 30.

**bellum**, (old duellum, either as trisyll.† or disyll.\*, prob. fm. duo, division opp. to union and peace) i, n. war, bello Poenicio proxsumo, CIL 200, 75; Extiucto duello \* maximo atque interneceatis hostibus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 34; Quoi potissimum indicatur bellum unde argentum auferam, Epid. 1, 2, 57; aes atque ferrum duelli iustrumenta, Cic. leg. 2, 45; nullum bellum esse iustum nisi quod aut rebus repetitis geratur aut denuntiatum aut sit et indictum, off. 1, 36; quibuscum continenter bellum gerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4;

**2.** met. philosophiae bellum inditcere, Cic. or. 2, 155; falsum testem pio bello persequatur, Liv. 3, 25, 3; tribunicium b., 3, 24, 1; uentri Indico bellum, Hor. s. 1, 5, 8;

**3.** bellum war, as opp. to proelium a battle, Vt Romanus populus uictus ui et superatus proeliis Saepe est multis, bello uero nunquam, in quo sunt omnia, Lucil. ap. Non. 437, 18; Thucydes res gestas et be la narrat et proelia, Cic. or. 36; fassus est non proelio modo se sed bello uictum, Liv. 30, 35, 11; media inter proelia belli, Verg. 11, 541; alios ad proelium ire, Chatto ad bellum, Tac. G. 30; **4.** bellum rarely for proelium, as in Varr. l. 7, 3 (p. 341 Sp.), rorarii qui bellum committabant; **5.** belli as a dat. in war, esp. w. domi, Domi duellique\* duellatores optumi, Pl. Capt. pr. 68; uel belli uel domi, Cic. off. 2, 85; add Sall. lug. 41, 7; Liv. 1, 34, 12; 3, 43, 1 but in 9, 26, 21 Madv. has: post res tot domi belloque (belli?) gestas; **6.** to exx. of duellum†, add Hor. od. 3, 14, 18; 3, 5, 38; 4, 15, 8.

**bellus**, (for bēnūlus, fm. bōnus) adj. dim. pretty, uice, pleasing, lovely, sweet, first of persons, Non licet te sice placide bellam belle tangere? Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 12; Bellam et tenellam Casinam consernam tuam, Cas. 1, 20; Fui ego bellus, lepidus, bonus uir numquam, neque frugi bonae, Capt. 5, 2, 3; Illau 'sse amicam tui uiri bellissima, Merc. 4, 1, 22; add 4, 5, 10; Cicero bellissima tibi (Terentiae) salutum plurimum dicit, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 3; puellae Caeciliae

bellissimae salutem dices, Att. 6, 4, 3; Bellus homo et magnus uis idem, Cotta uideri; Sed qui bellus homo est, Cotta, pusillus homo est, Mart. 1, 9; bellas puellas, 2, 87; **2.** of material objects, nice, unum quicquid quod quidem erit bellissimum carpm, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 51; unum, Colum. 12, 19, 2; soeius hostibus, hostis socius (so corr. by Madv.) bellum ita geris ut bella omnia domum auferas, Varr. ap. Non. 248, 18; uasa figura bella, Varr. l. 8, 16; **3.** of abstract nouns, recordor quam bella ciuitas fuerat, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; bella est huius iuris licentia, 15, 11, 4; **4.** as n. absol., bellum est aliquo exire ut ea nec uiderem nec audirem, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 3; est b. aliquem libenter odisse, Att. 13, 49, 2; quam sit b. caueri malum, or. 1, 247; **5.** comp. Varr. ap. Non. 77, 29; **II 6.** adv. belle, prettily, nicely, Quiaque bucculas tam belle purpurissatas habes, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 35; Hermathena b. posita, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 5; epistola scripta b., 6, 1, 22; coniecta, div. 2, 66; ita belle nobis 'Flauit ab Epiro lenissimus Onchesmites,' Att. 7, 2, 1; Declamas belle, causas agis, Attice belle, etc. Mart. 2, 7; **7.** gently, sequere istum bella belle, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 35; add As. 3, 3, 86; Rud. 2, 4, 12; **8.** of health, Pilam plane belle se habere, Cic. Att. 12, 37, 1; Terentia minus belle habuit, sed eertum scio iam conualuisse eam, fam. 9, 9, 1; **9.** sup. Cic. fam. 16, 9, 1; 14, 14, 1.

**bellutus**, see belutus.

**belluus**, or beluus, adj. = θηρωδης Gloss. Labb.; Cic. ap. Augustin. gr. 2012 P.

**bēlua**, ae, (perh. akin to bēdo eat; cf. bestia) f. a beast, cum capra aut nepa aut exoritur lumen aliquod beluam (pron. beluum) Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 30; add Enn. ap. Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 71 Sp.; Credo alium in aliam bēluam hominem uortier: Illic in columbum, credo, leno uortitur, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 48; quo quidem agno sat scio Magis curiosam nusquam esse ullam beluam, Aul. 3, 6, 26; on wh. Nonius 455, 2 says: beluum indifferenter posuit auctoritas ueterum; quantum natura hominis pecudibus reliquisque belnis anteedat, Cic. off. 1, 105; alterum nobis eum dis, alterum cum belnis commune est, Sal. Cat. 1, 1, 2; **2.** gen. a large beast, esp. the elephant\*, Eone es ferrox, quia habes imperium in beluas\*, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 25; esse quandam illi beluae\* cum genere humano societatem, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; inūcia uero Beluis, Hor. od. 1, 12, 23; scatentem beluis pontum, 3, 27, 27; add s. 2, 3, 316; Inda b.\*, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 8; Gaetula b.\*, Iuv. 10, 158; rector beluae\* regem conspexit, Curt. 8, 14, 33; marinae b., Sen. lud. de m. Cl. 5, 3; b. squamosa, Sen. Phaedr. 1056; **3.** met. beast, foolish beast, savage brute, abis sis belua, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 42; add 78 and 91; Rud. 2, 6, 59; Trin. 4, 2, 110; sed quid peritui autem, belua? Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 11; sed quid ego hospitii iura in hac immani belua commemoro, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 109; add leg. 3, 22; Pis. 1, 1; nolo illi beluae ostendere, me... Liv. 7, 10, 3; Belua multorum es caput, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 76.

**bēluālis**, adj. of a beast. educatio, Macr. s. 5, 11, 15.

**bēluātus**, quasi-part. adorned with beasts, tapetia, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 14.

**bēlullus**, adj. of a beast—hence boluile as adv. like a beast, saenientes, Iul. Val. gest. Alex. 3, 88; beluile θηρωδες, Gl. Philox.

**bēluinus**, adj. of a beast, uoluptates, Gell. 19, 2, 2; fauces, Prud. cath. 7, 114.

**bēluōsus**, adj. full of great beasts, Oceanus, Hor. od. 4, 14, 47.

**belutus**, bestiae similis, Paul. ex F. 34.

**bene**, see bonus.

**bēnēdico**, or rather, separately, bene dico, -ere, vb. speak kindly, Bono animo es, bene dice nunc: quae res tibi et gnatae tuae Bene feliciterque uortat, ita di faxint inquit, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 57; add As. 3, 3, 155; and diuisim, Bene quaeso inter nos dicatis et mihi absenti tamen, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 31; add Rud. 3, 2, 26; cui bene dixit umquam homo, Cic. Sest. 110; add Ov. tr. 5, 9, 9; **II 2.** in very late writers w. acc. benedico bless, thank, as one word, restat ut benedicentes deum...redeamus, Apul. Herm. trisuu. 40; add 41; Lact. 7, 14, 11; Tert. or. 3; Sulp. Sev. hist. 1, 5;

**3.** bless, consecrate, altarum, Sulp. Sev. s. Mart. 2, 2; martyres, Tert. Mart. 1, 1; oleum, Hier. v. Hilar.;

III 4. bene dictum, a kind word, as sb. n. Bene dictis tuis bene facta aures meae auxilium expostulant, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 25; 5. a wise saying, philosophiam matrem omnium bene factorum beneque dictorum, Cic. Brut. 322; 6. a sound legal dictum, Cascellii scripta non exstant nisi unus liber bene dictorum, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 45; IV 7. benedicta as sb. f. a consecrated priestess, Claudia benedicta sacrorum hic sita est, inser. Or. 2311; 8. a plant, a kind of trefoil, trifolium aruense, Apul. herb. 61. **benefictio**, ōnis, f. praising (of God), Apul. Herm. trism. p. 82, 11; Tert. test. an. 2; 2. of material objects, as a relic, Paul. Nol. ep. 32, 8; Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 12.

**beneficus**, see benedictus.

**bēnēfacto**, or rather bene facio, ēre, act kindly, do a kindness, Siquid amicum erga bene feci, Pl. Triu. 5, 2, 4; Malo siquid bene facias, beneficium iterit, Poen. 3, 3, 22; Di tibi bene faciant semper, Mil. 5, 1, 26; see bene fio and bene; 2. benefactum, or rather bene factum, a kind act, Bene facta male locata male facta arbitror, Enu. ap. Cic. off. 2, 62; Bene facta bene factis aliis pertegito ne perpluant, Pl. Triu. 2, 2, 38; multorumque bene factorum recordatio, Cic. seu. 9; benefacta mea reipublicae procedunt, Sall. Iug. 85, 5.

**bēnēfactio**, ōnis, f. kind act, beneficence, Tert. Marcion. 4, 12.

**bēnēfactor**, ōris, m. benefactor, Corip. laud. Anast. Q. 19; and laud. Iustin. 1, 314.

**beneficentia**, etc. see beneficentia.

**bēnēfio**, or rather bēne fio, fīeri, vb. pass. be kindly done, Quod bonis bene fit beneficium, gratia ea grauidat bonis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 108; bonis quod bene fit, hau perit, Rud. 4, 3, 2; quicquid in prouinciis bene fieret, te scire, Plin. pan. 70.

**Bēnēuentānus**, adj. of Beneuentum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 38; Iuv. 5, 46.

**Bēnēuentum**, (well-come) i. n. a city of the Hirpini, aft. a colony, Maleuentum cui nuno urbi Beneuentum nomen est, Liv. 9, 27, 14; add Plin. 3, 105.

**bēnidicus**, (pron. ben'dicus) adj. implied in adv. bēnidicō (al. benedico) with kind words, inliciebas me ad te blande ac benedice, Pl. As. 1, 3, 54 (?).

**bēnīcentia**, (benef.) ae, f. inclination to kind deeds, beneficence, Cic. N. D. 1, 121; off. 1, 20; or. 2, 343; Tac. an. 12, 20.

**bēnīficiārius**, (benef.) adj. of a favour conferred, quid haberes quod in philosophia suspiceres, si beneficiaria res esset, Sen. ep. 90, 2; 2. as sb. m. one who has benefited by the special favour of a superior, Petreius cum equitibus paucis, beneficiariis suis, Caes. b. c. 1, 75, 2; euocatorum duo (milia) quae ex beneficiariis superiorum exercitum ad eum (Pompeium) conuenerant, 3, 88, 4; beneficiarii appellati quod promouentur beneficio tribunorum, Veg. mil. 2, 7; beneficiarii milites qui uacabant muner(e) ducis) beneficio, Paul. ex F. 33; add inser. Or. 1394; 3461 etc.; 3. shortened to BF as: Cl. Aelio Pollioni Praesidi BB.FF. cos., inser. Or. 182; Artemidorus BF. leg(ati) 3182 etc.

**bēnīficiūm**, (pron. ben'ficiūm—see 'Language' p. 450), g. benefici (pron. ben'fici) n. good work, good service, pro beneficio gratiam referat, ut aliis reete facere libeat, Cato r. 5, 2; 2. a kind act, a kindness, benefici\* ergo, CIL 587; beneficie\* caussa, 588; memorem diceas benefici, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 36; Vt beneficium bene merenti nostro merito muneris, Capt. 5, 1, 15; add Rud. 4, 6, 17; As. 2, 2, 19; de omni Tusculana ciuitate soli Lucii Mamili beneficium gratum fuit, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 227, 12; immemores benefici, poet. ap. Cic. Sest. 122; add Acc. ap. Non. 395, 25; Abs quiuis homine quomst opus beneficium accipere gaudeas, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; maius mihi dare beneficium nullum potes, Cic. fam. 13, 8, 3; pro suis in cum beneficiis, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 3; benefico\* et (iudicio) apsentis Caesaris Augusti, inser. Or. 4859; 3. esp. w. abl. thanks to—, with gen. of things as well as persons, adulescentem beneficio tuo esse saluom, Cic. fam. 11, 22, 1; nostri consulatus beneficio\* se incolumes fortunas habere, Q. fr. 1, 1, 6; sortim benefico\* se esse incolumem Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 7; beneficio\* longissimae aetatis, Quint. 3, 1, 9; 4. even of injuries, as we indeed use

thanks to, detrimentum quod eius beneficio contingit, ipsum sarcire debere, Ulp. dig. 39, 2, 40, 1; competit actio non ideo quia nunc abest (subtracted scruus), sed quia umquam beneficio\* furis auit, 47, 2, 46; 5. a privilege or right, religionis, Modest. dig. 3, 3, 18; se ex cura tutelae beneficio liberorum uel actatis exensare, Macer dig. 49, 8, 1, 2; 6. promotion to a post (esp. a military post) or any privilege by favour of superiors, quod scribis de beneficiis, scito a me et tribunos militares et praefectos et contubernales dumtaxat meos delatos esse (reported in official return), Cic. fam. 5, 20, 7; ne qua post Idus Martias immunitatis tabula neue cuius beneficii figeretur, Phil. 2, 91; ut tribuni militum a populo crearentur quae antea...dictatorum et consulum ferme fuerant beneficia, Liv. 9, 30, 3; quosdam beneficii sui cuturiones, Suet. Tib. 12; 7. besides \* as marked, beneficium etc. should be read in Pl. Ter. and perh. in all cxx. of § 2.

**bēnīficius**,\* or (bēnēf.) (pron. ben'ficius) adj. well-doing, beneficent, Male factorem amitti satius, quam relinqui beneficium, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 11; add Epid. 1, 2, 14; ubi beneficis, si nemo alterius causa benigne facit? Cic. leg. 1, 49; add off. 1, 42; div. 2, 102; Mil. 20; Sen. ben. 4, 17, 2; 2. old sup. rege beneficissimo, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 92, 1 K; 3. comp. beneficentior, Sen. ben. 1, 4, 5; 5, 9, 2; 4. sup. beneficentissimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 64; am. 51; 5. Niso placet ut beneficus\* per i scribatur, quod uides consuetudinem repudiase, Vel. Long. 2235, 36 P; and so prob. Plaut. and Cic. above.

**bēnīgnitas**, ātis, f. generosity, liberality, kindness, Ecce autem in benignitate hoc repperi negotium, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 108; numcubi meam Benignitatem sensisti in te claudier (al. interclaudier), Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 84; quanta benignitas naturae quod tam multa ad uescendum...gignit, Cic. N. D. 2, 131; 2. as term of endearment, Non istace mea benignitas decuit te fabulari, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 80; 3. in pl., Viden benignitates hominum ut periere et prothymiae? Pl. Stic. 4, 2, 53.

**bēnīgnus**, (for beni-geuus) adj. lit. of a good stock—hence generous, liberal, freehanded, cf. malignus, Non temere dicant te benignum uirgini: Datam tibi dotem, ei quam dares, eius a patre, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 12; Vt mihi deos nummos sescentos...Age, si benignus, subueni, Pers. 1, 1, 39; Atque est benignus potius quam frugi bonae, Truc. 1, 1, 20; benigniores\* uolunt esse quam res patitur, Cic. off. 1, 44; benigni ad commodandum, Verr. 2, 4, 6; Fortuna... Nunc mihi nunc alii benigna, Hor. od. 3, 29, 52; 2. met. ager, Ov. am. 1, 10, 56; terra, Tib. 3, 3, 6; tellus, Plin. 18, 1; 3. kind, oratio, Cic. off. 2, 48; uoluit, Liv. 30, 14, 3; Hor. ep. 1, 11, 20; 4. esp. in legal lang., generous, kind, benignior\* iuris interpretatio, Gai. 3, 109; benigna uoluntatis interpretatio, Scaev. dig. 34, 1, 20, 1; benigna opinio, Ulp. dig. 40, 1, 7; in dubiis benigniora\* praeferenda, 50, 17, 56; benignius\* responsum, Paul. 50, 17, 168; 5. w. gen. uini somnique benignus—generous (to oneself) in respect of..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 3; 6. comp. \* above; sup. Plin. 35, 11; II 7. adv. generously, kindly, in old lang. benigniter, Titin. ap. Non. 510, 12; 8. benigne, edepol faeis benigne, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 29; Rud. 5, 3, 12; 9. an answer with thanks in the negative, you are very kind but no, =Fr. merci (for je vous remercie), die ad cenam ueniat...benigne respondet. Neget ille mihi? Hor. ep. 1, 7, 62; uescere sodes. Iam satis est. At tu quantumis tolle. Benigne, 1, 7, 16; 10. comp. benignius, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 36; Hor. od. 1, 9, 6; sup. Cic. Caecil. 33.

**bēnīuolens**,\* (or bencn. or bene uolens, pronounced ben'uolens) adj. well-wishing, ero bene uolens (so ass B D) nisust suo, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 61; 2. comp. beneuolentior, Cic. fam. 13, 60; sup. ib. 5, 16, 6; Suet. Tib. 8; 3. as sb. m. or f. a well-wisher, Quia (so A, al. cuia) hic prope me uox sonat? Tui beneuolentis, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 8; se quamdam abiat mulierem Suam beneuolentem conuenire etiam prius, Cist. 2, 3, 43; neque illi beniuolentis\* (so A 2 m., beniuolus 1 m.), Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 4; D. M. Ti Claudius Secundinus... beniuolentibus\* suis posuit, inser. Grut. 651, 10.

**bēnīuolentia**,\* (beneu.; pronounced ben'uolentia) ae, f. kindly feeling, goodwill, favour, Putauit me et aetate et



benivolentia\* Plus scire et providere quam se ipsum sibi, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 63; mulieres quae iurgio terrent uiros debubito et benivolentia\* (as arranged by L. Müller), Afran. ap. Non. 517, 17; benevolentia quae capitur beneficiis maxime, Cic. off. 2, 32; multitudinis animos ad benevolentiam allicere, 2, 48; huic Caesar pro eius in se benevolentia maiorum locum restituerat, Caes. b.g. 5, 25, 2; aduersarios criminando benevolentiam capere, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 6; benivolentiae\* beneficique causa erga Lucios, CIL 589; impetraui id abeo (= ab eo)—laudo beneuolent(tiam)—ut..., CIL 1019; pro instituto benivolentiae\* suae, inser. Grut. 443, 6; exegit ab amicis benivolentiam\* mutuam, Suet. Aug. 66 (so opt. libri says Baumg.).

**beniuolus**,\* or beueu. (pronounced ben'uolus) adj. well-wishing, Fretus ingenio eius quod me 'asse seit erga se boueuolum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; amico utantur gnato et beneuol. As. 1, 1, 51; add Cist. 3, 9; Facilem beniuolumque\* lingua tua iam tibi me reddidit, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 35; iubet exordiri ita ut eum qui audiat beneuolum nobis faciamus, Cic. or. 2, 80; add 2, 322; Cluent. 176; P. Audasius O. I. Stephanus Lampyrini beneuolae suae, CIL 1031 fm. Fabretti (but ?); a nolo uis beniuolus\* maliuolus, Eutyches 2152 P; beniuolus\* et maliuolus, Beda 2331 P; and so prob. Pl., Cic.

**benna**, a cart, lingua Gallica genus uehiculi, unde com-bennones eadem benna sedentes, Faul. ex F. 32; bennae (al. maenae) ematur, Cato r. 23, 1; 2. ef. Welsh neu, Gael. feun a cart.

**beo**, āre (prob. for bēno āre, and so from bonus) vb. make happy, bless, Set hoc me beat saltem, quoniam (ille) uicam Perduellis, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 10; Foris aliquantillum etiam quod gusto, id beat, Capt. 1, 2, 34; add Mil. 2, 5, 58; Ecquid beo te? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 48; o factum bene, beasti: metui a Chryside, Andr. 1, 1, 79; Vidistin Tiberim? Vidi. Qui illam deriuet, beauerit, Agrum Setinum? Titin. ap. Serv. Aen. 11, 457; seu te...reclinatum bearis, Hor. od. 2, 3, 7; Caelo musa beat, 4, 7, 29; Muere te paruo beet, ep. 1, 18, 75; add 2, 2, 121; bona ex eo dicuntur quod beant, hoc est beatos faciunt, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 49; II 2. beatus part. as adj., blessed, happy, nita, Cic. acad. pr. 134; mors, am. 23; 3. esp. rich, Omitte mirari beatae Fumum et opes strepitumque Romae, Hor. od. 3, 29, 11; Non possidentem multa uocaueris Beate beatum, 4, 9, 46; Quaeritur argentum puerisque recta creandis Vxor, ep. 1, 2, 44; uetulae uesica beatae, Iuv. 1, 39; 4. in the sense of abundant, ubertas, Quint. 10, 1, 109; copia, 10, 1, 61; 5. comp. Cic. Tusc. 5, 23; sup. 5, 22; Sen. ep. 92, 15; 6. beate adv. happily, Cic. parad. 15; Catul. 14, 10; 7. as exclamation of approval, bravo, eugel beate! Mart. 2, 27, 3; 8. comp. Sen. ep. 92, 24; sup. Sen. dial. 12, 4.

**beryllus**, or -os, i (βερύλλος) m. the gem beryl, et solidum digito beryllon adederat ignis, Prop. 4, 7, 9; inaequales beryllon...phialas, Iuv. 5, 38; add Plin. 37, 76—79; Solin. 61 and 62; Marcian. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7; 2. with ē, Hinc sibi sapphirum sociauerat, iude beryllum, Prud. Psy. 855.

**bes**, or bessis, g. bessis or besis m. (for duessis from duo?) two thirds of an as or whole; 8 out of 12 ounces, fenus ex triente idib. Quinet. factum erat bessibus (i.e. per mensem) from 4 p.c. to 3 p.c. per annum, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 7; partes duae tertiae (iugeri)... hoc est bes, Colum. 5, 1, 11; in binos semodios farinae satis esse beses fermenti, Plin. 18, 102; pretii bessem exsoluerat, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 12, 8; ut tu ex triente socius esses, ego ex besse, Proc. dig. 17, 2, 76; bessem (anni), Manil. 3, 367; 2. bes alter, = επιδιμοιρος,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the second, i.e. 1 $\frac{2}{3}$ ; cf. semis tertius half the third, i.e. 2 $\frac{2}{3}$ , bessem alterum quem διμοιρον uocant, Vitr. 3, 1, 6; lignum bes-alterum, a 20-inch batten, Fest. v. triens, p. 363; 3. bessis as nom. Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bessalis**, e, adj. of two thirds, of 8 ounces or inches, laterculi, Vitr. 5, 10, 2; 7, 4, 2; scutula, Mart. 8, 71, 7; eomula, Petr. 58.

**bestia**, ae (bes perh. = es of esse, bed of bedo; cf. bel-ua from bed-) f. an animal as opposed to man, a living creature, a beast, as a mouse, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 15; sus terrestri-

bestiast, Capt. 1, 2, 86; an ape, Mil. 2, 2, 24 and 2, 3, 14; Enn. sat. 45 V; a snake, proserpeus bestia, Pl. As. 3, 3, 5; Stic. 5, 4, 42; Poen. 5, 2, 74; a kite, Poen. 5, 5, 14; a weasel, Stic. 3, 2, 44; a caterpillar, Cist. 4, 2, 62; alias bestias nantis aquarum incolas esso uoluit, alias uolucres caelo frui libero, serpentis quasdam, quasdam esse gradientis, inmanis alias, quasdam ciures, Cic. Tusc. 5, 38; hoc apparet in bestiis uolucibus nantibus agrestibus cicuribus feris, am. 81; of the spider, N.D. 2, 123; the tortoise, 124; 2. later gen. of wild beasts, bestiae uelut ursi leones, pantherae, Gai. dig. 9, 2, 2, 2; quadrupedes, quae collo dorsoue donantur nec bestiarum numero sunt, Ulp. dig. 19, 1; ea animalia quae fera (mss ferae) bestiarum numero sunt, uelut elefantem et cameli, Gai. inst. 2, 16; 3. esp. of wild beasts for fighting in the amphitheatre, qui operas suas ut cum bestiis depugnaret locauit, Ulp. dig. 3, 1, 1, 6; qui ut enim bestiis depugnant traditi sunt, Gai. inst. 1, 13; qui ad bestias damuatur, dig. 28, 1, 8, 4; uenatione pass(erum), denis bestiis, in feris dent(atis), inser. Or. 2533; II 4. as a term of abuse, mala tu 's bestia, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 21; 5. a surname, esp. of the gens Calpurnia, L. Bestia, Cic. Brut. 128; Sal. Cat. 17, 3.

**bestialis**, e, adj. of a beast, beastlike, uilli, Prud. cath. 7, 153; nationes, Sid. ep. 4, 1.

**bestiarius**, adj. of a beast or beasts, ludus, Sen. ep. 70, 22; 2. as sb. m. one who fights with wild beasts in the amphitheatre, do bestiarios, Cic. Sest. 135; gladiatorum et bestiariorum, Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; in ludo bestiariorum, Sen. ep. 20; add ben. 2, 19, 1.

**bestiola**, ae, f. dim. a little animal, Cic. N.D. 2, 123; Plin. 18, 156; 22, 163; Veg. 5, 14, 10.

1. **bēta**, ae, f. beet, beetroot, qui me ostreis abstinebam a beta deceptus sum, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; candida beta, Colum. 10, 254; add 11, 3, 17 and 42; Catul. 67, 21; fabrorum prandia betae, Mart. 13, 13; add 3, 47, 9; Plin. 20, 69; Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 22.

2. **beta**, name of second letter in the Gk. alphabet, Hoc diseunt omnes ante alpha et beta puellae, Iuv. 14, 209;

2. a gen. betae in Auson. techn. **bētāc-eus** or -ius,\* adj. of beet, pedes betaccos, Varr. r. 1, 2, 27; 2. as sb. m. (sc. pes) the stalk of beet, beet, betacios\* ex mulso decoctos, Varr. ap. Apic. 3, 64; Varr. ap. Char. 37 K; Char. p. 155, 16; Prisc. 1, 116 K; Arnob. 4 P. 133.

**bētis**, is, f. beet, beetroot, Seren. Samun. 54, 983.

**bētizo**, arc, vb. imitate the beet, droop, ponit 'betizare' pro 'languere', Suet. Aug. 84; cf. Catul. 67, 21.

**bēto**, see bacto.

**betulla**, ac, f. the birch, Plin. 16, 75, 176 and 209.

**biarchia**, ae, f. office of a biarchus, Th. C. 1, 9, 1.

**biarchus**, i, m. chief commissariat officer, imp. Leo, cod. 12, 20, 3; Hier. adv. Ioan. Hieros. 19.

**bibāc-ūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat given to drinking; as a cognomen, L. Furius Bibaculus, Liv. 22, 49, 16; add Plin. praef. 24.

**bibax**, ācis, adj. given to drinking, Nigid. ap. Gell. 3, 12, 1; who adds: bibacem a plerisque aliis dictum lego.

**biber**, see bibo.

**Bibērius**, a nickname of Tiberius, Suet. Tib. 42.

**bibesia**, see perbibesia.

**bibibilis**, e, adj. drinkable, ποτιμον bibibile, Gloss.

**bib-ūlis**, e, adj. drinkable, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 11, 81.

**bibio**, or bibo, ōnis m. a kind of gnat, Ex ore in oculos tuos bibones (al. bibioes) inuolant, Afran. ap. Isid. orig. 12, 8, 16; bibones um. i. uermiculi uiuum supernatantes unde Afranius..., Mai. Thes. 8, 67.

**bibitor**, ōris, m. a drinker, Sidon. ep. 1, 8.

**bibilinus**, adj. of biblos or paper, epistola, Hier. ep. 51, 1.

**bibliōpōla**, ae, m. bookseller, Plin. ep. 9, 11; Mart. 4, 72, 1; inser. Fabr. 10, 386.

**bibliōthēca**, or -eō\* (bybl.+ ae, f. a book-room, library, abdo me in bibliothecam, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; bibliothecis ab oriente lumina capiuntur, Vitr. 1, 2, 7; add 6, 7, 1; addidit porticus cum bibliotheca, Suet. Aug. 29; Paul. ex F. p. 34;

2. a book-case, in bibliothecis parietibus inhaerentibus,



Ulp. dig. 30, 41, 12; bibliothecam et libros qui illic erant, 33, 7, 12, 34; **3.** collection of books, library, uelim cogites, quemadinodum bibliothecam nobis conficere possis, Cic. Att. 1, 7; bibliothecam tuam caue cuiquam respondeas, quamuis acrem amatorem iuueueris, 1, 10, 4; qui meam bibliothecam multorum numerorum tractauit, Cic. fam. 13, 77, 3; ut daret Cornuto...libros circa septingentos siue bibliothecam omnem suam, Suet. v. Pers.; **4.** with ah as title of office, librarian, Alcibiades mag. a bybliotheat Latina Apollinis, inser. Or. 41; C. Iulius Felix a bybliotheat Graeca Palat. 40; Alexio Caesaris Aug. ah hybliothece\*†.

**bibliothēcarius**, adj. as sh. m. librariu, Fronto ad Caes. 5, p. 68 Nah.

**bibliothēcula**, ae, f. dim. a small library of books, Symm. ep. 4, 18.

1. **bibo**, ōnis, m. a drinker, Firm. Math. 5, 4 f.; biho qui multum bibit, Thes. Mai. 8, 67; see bibio.

2. **bibo**, ēre, bibi, hībitus (redupl. perh., and akin to πινω, πιωμα πιβι πεπωκα, potus poculum) vb. drink, Bihe tibicen. Es, bibo, animo obsequere mecum atque onera te hilaritudiue, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 83; te demiro, Chremes Tam mane qui heri tantum hiberis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 8; Darius in fuga quum aquam turbidam hihisset, negauit umquam se bibisse iucundius; numquam uidelicet sitiens hiberat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 97; aut bihat aut aheat, 5, 118; **2.** h. nomen, drink as many cups as a name has letters, Laecia sex cyathis, septem Instina hibat, Mart. 1, 71, 1; Vt iugulem curas, nomen utrumque bibam, 8, 51, 26; Quinunces et sex cyathos bessemque bibamus, Gaius ut fiat, Iulius et Proculus, 11, 36, 7; add 9, 93, 4; **3.** flumeu b. by way of fixing the locality of people, Qui Tiberim Fabarimque bibunt, Verg. 7, 715; Ante...Ararim Parthus bihet aut Germania Tigrim, quam..., B. 1, 62; populoseque bibentes Euphratem, Lucan. 8, 213; **4.** met. eandem nutricem simul bibimus, Apul. M. 2, 3; sat prata biherunt, Verg. B. 3, 111; (palma) toto anno bibere cum amet, Plin. 13, 28; lanarum nigrae nullum colorem bibunt, 8, 193; purpurae (flos) liquoris minimi est in candida uena unde pretiosus ille hiberit nigrantis rosae colore subluces, 9, 126; (spongiae) ad lunam et pruinās sternuntur iuuesae ut candorem bibant, 31, 123; (platanus) mecum simul fluentum hihit, Apul. M. 6, 12; Amphorae fumum bihere institutae, Hor. od. 3, 8, 11; uirginemque (hasta) alte hihit acta cruore, Verg. 11, 803; longumque bibebat amorem, 1, 749; nouum bibit ossibus ignem, Stat. Ach. 1, 303; illae artes omnem suum ingeui bibunt, Quint. pr. 24; hinc iustitiae haustus bibat, 12, 2, 31; **5.** esp. of the rainbow, ecce bihit arcus, herele hodie pluet, Plaut. Cure. 1, 2, 41; et hihit ingens arcus, Verg. G. 1, 380; **6.** drink in through the ears, Pugnās et exactos tyrannos Deusum umeris bibit aure uolgens, Hor. od. 2, 13, 32; suspensus auribus ista hiham, Prop. 3, 6, 8; If **7.** hiber and bihere as obj. of a verb, iuheat hiber dari, Fann. ap. Char. 124, 2 K; date illi biher, Titiu. ib.; add Cato orig. ih.; quod iussi ei dari bihere, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 4; nihil prius petierunt quam ut bibere sibi iuheret dari, Liv. 40, 47, 5; Ganymedem raptum ut foui bibere ministraret, Cic. Tusc. 1, 65; **8.** bibitus only in Aemil. Mac. de porro and Plin. Val. 2, 18; bibiturus in Hier. Isai. 8, 25, 8.

**bibōsus**, adj. given to drinking, Nigid. ap. Gell. 3, 12, 1: Non mammosa, non annosa, non bihosa, non procax, Laher. ih.

**bibrēuis**, adj. of two short syllables, a pyrrhic, Diom. 475, 9 K; = διβραχυς.

**bibūlus**, adj. given to drinking, Potores bihuli, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 91 (if not spurious); Falerni, 1, 14, 34; **2.** of things, readily drinking up, arena, Verg. G. 1, 114; lapis, 2, 348; fauilla, A. 6, 227; medulla, Ov. M. 4, 744; lauae, 6, 9; nuhes, 14, 368; ollae (badly haked), Colum. 12, 43, 12; chartae, Plin. ep. 8, 15; palus, Mart. 11, 32, 2; papyrus, Lucan. 4, 136; uestes, Val. F. 1, 289; **3.** a cognomen, C. Poplicio L. f. Bibulo, CIL 635; C. Iulius M. Bibulus, 729; L. Publicius Bibulus, Liv. 22, 53, 2; M. (Calpurnio) Bibulo, Cic. Phil. 2, 23.

**bicāmērātus**, quasi-part. having two vaults or chambers, arca, Hier. Iov. 1, 17.

**bicaps**, see

**biceps**, cīpītis, adj. two-headed, puella, Cic. div. 1, 121; **2.** met. Parnassus, Pers. pr. 2; ciuitas, Varr. ap. Non. 454, 25; Flor. 3, 17, 3; argumentum, Apul. flor. 4, 18, 89;

**3.** also hicaps, basi hicapiti, inser. Giom. Pis. 11, 79; bicapites δικεφαλοι, Gloss. Phil.; **4.** a nom. biceps like ancipes, praecipes, Prisc. 1, 280, 16; 1, 325, 7.

**bicepsos?** adj. the same, Varr. l. 5, 8.

**bicessis**, or uicessis m., twenty asses, Varr. l. 5, 36.

**biclinium**, li, n. (a hybrid word from κλινη, Quint. 1, 5, 68) a couch for two, ubist biclinium Vobis stratum? Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 69; add 4, 4, 102.

**bicōdūlus**, (cauda) adj. dim. having two tails; Apul. Mag. 30 f.

**bicōlor**, ōris, adj. of two colours, spotted, baca, Ov. M. 8, 664; murtus, 10, 98; equus, Verg. 5, 566; intus omne onom noluerum bicolor, Plin. 10, 144.

**bicōlōrus**, adj. the same, uexilla, Vop. Aur. 13, 3.

**bicōmis**, (conia) adj. having two manes, equus, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 36.

**bicorniger**, adj. carrying two horns, Ov. her. 13, 33.

**bicornis**, e, adj. two-horned, Faunique bicornes, Ov. her. 4, 49; caper, M. 15, 304; solida ungula et bicorne nulum, Plin. 11, 255; **2.** met. furca, Verg. G. 1, 264; furca, Ov. M. 8, 647; ferrum, Colum. 10, 148; iua, Hor. e. saec. 35; Rheus, Verg. 8, 727; Granicus, Ov. M. 11, 763 (these perhaps=taurino uoluto); **3.** as sh. aurata fronte bicornes, inser. (metrical) Grut. 27, 4.

**bicorpor**, ōris, adj. double-bodied, bicorpores Gigantes, Prisc. 1, 198, 17 K; Pallas bicorpor anguim spiras trahit, Acc. ih. 1, 236, 7; manus, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 22.

**bicorporeus**, adj. same, Firm. Math. 2, 12.

**bicors**, rdīs, adj. having two hearts, especially clever, Commod. instr. 11; cf. cordatus.

**bicūbitālis**, e, adj. of two cubits, caulis, Plin. 20, 253.

**bicūbitus**, adj. the same, ramuli, Apul. herh. 72.

**bidens**, ntīs, adj. having two teeth, auct. Priap. 82; **2.** met. forfex, Verg. Cat. 8, 9; ferrum, Cir. 213; ancora, Plin. 7, 209; If **3.** as sb. m. a two-pronged fork for digging, durusque hīdens, Ov. F. 4, 927; gleba...frangendū bidentibus, Verg. G. 2, 400; add Tib. 2, 3, 6; Colum. 4, 17, 8; **4.** sh. f. a sheep in its second year, when two of the eight milk teeth have been supplanted by two large permanent teeth, two more coming in the third year, quac hidens est hostia, oportet haheat dentes octo sed ex his duo ceteris altiores, Hygin. ap. Gell. 16, 6, 15; maclant lectas de more hidentes, Verg. 4, 57—see Henry ap. Conington; add 7, 93; 12, 170; Hor. od. 3, 23, 14; Ov. M. 10, 227; Plin. 8, 206; **5.** of other than sheep, Coruncanus ruminales hostias donec bidentes ferent puras negauit, Plin. 8, 206; bidenti uerre, Pomp. ap. Gell. 16, 6, 15; Nigidius bideutes appellari ait non oues solas sed omnes himas hostias, ap. Gell. ih.

**bidental**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. a sacred building over a place struck by lightning, so called from a sheep (bidens) there offered in expiation, an triste bidental Minxerit, Hor. A. P. 471; euitandumque b., Pers. 2, 27; fulguratorum bidentalīa, Apul. D. Soor. 7; add Sidon. 9, 189; duo bidentalīa Nuceriae...restituit, inser. Or. 2483.

**bidentālis**, is, adj. as sh. m. a priest of a bidental, Semoui Sanco deo fido...hidentalīs donum dedit, iuser. Or. 1860; but the inser. 1861 prob. spurious.

**bidentātio**, ōnis, f. digging with a bidens, Gloss.

**bi-duum**, i, n. [cf. tri-duum, quadriduū, duum perh. for dium, akin in any case to dies, inter-dius] in solemn ponito biduum, Cato r. 7, 5; Ego impetrare nequeo hoc abs te hiduum Saltem ut concedas saltem. Siquidem biduum, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 101; add 104, 107, 110; 2, 2, 52; 4, 2, 8; Nihil herele; aut si adeo, hiduist aut tridui, Andr. 2, 6, 9; ut per hiduum nemo hominem homo agnosceret, Cic. N. D. 2, 96; a Brundisio absunt propius quam tu hiduum aut triduum, Att. 8, 14, 1; add 5, 16 f.; fam. 10, 17, 1; Cnes. h. g. 1, 23, 1; 1, 47, 1; Sal. Iug. 69, 3; Liv. 10, 23, 1; 27, 24, 3; **2.** the long i beyond dispute, though marked short in Forc.



**biennālis**, c, adj. of two years, pensio, Th. C. 11, 20, 4, 1; culpa, ib. 3, 12, 43.

**biennis**, e, adj. of two years, spatium, Plin. 2, 198; Suet. Galb. 15.

**biennium**, ii, n. space of two years, Pl. Bae. 2, 1, 1 etc.; Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 12; Cic. Phil. 5, 7.

**biēris**, is (διερῆς) = biremis, not. Tir. p. 177.

**bifāriam**, (s. bifarius), adv. in two parts, Vt dispertirem obsonium hoc bifariam, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 3; bifariam cum populo agi non potest, Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 16, 1; add Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; Cic. Tusc. 3, 24; cognationis substantia bifariam intellegitur, in two ways, Modest. dig. 38, 10, 4, 2; b. patruo accepto, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, p. 362, l. 3 M.

**bifārius**, (διφασίος), adj. twofold, double, in two parts, ratio, Amm. 18, 4, 3.

**bifax**, difax, διπρωσῶπος, Gloss.

**bifēr**, or bifērus, ēra, ērum, adj. bearing (fruit) twice (a year), malus, Varr. 1, 7, 7; biferique rosaria Pacsti, Verg. G. 4, 119; ficus, Colum. 10, 403.

**bifestus**, adj. doubly holy, diem bifestum, Prud. perist. 12, 66.

**bifidātus**, quasi-part. split in two, latera, Plin. 13, 30.

**bifidus**, adj. split in two, pedes, Ov. M. 14, 303; ridicae, Colum. 4, 33, 4; lingua, Plin. 11, 171; stirps, 17, 150.

**bifilius**, adj. of two threads, Serv. ad A. 12, 375.

**bifissus**, quasi-part. split in two, cloven, boues solidis unguis nec bifissis, Sol. 52, 38.

**bifōris** = διθυρος, adj. having two doors or valves, Nox erat et bifores intrabat luna fenestras, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 5; ualuae, M. 2, 4; nidos bifori accessu, Solin. 2, 48; cantus, of a flute with two stops, Verg. 9, 618; tumultus, Stat. Th. 4, 668.

**biformātus**, quasi-part. double-formed, impetus, Cic. (poet.) Tusc. 2, 20.

**biformis**, adj. double-formed, proles, Verg. 6, 25; uates, Hor. od. 2, 20, 2; Ianus, Ov. F. 1, 89; Panes, Colum. 10, 427; partus, Tac. an. 12, 64.

**biforus**, adj. = biforis, Vitr. 4, 6, 6.

**bifrons**, ntis, adj. with two foreheads, Ianus, Verg. 7, 180; 12, 198.

**bifurcus**, adj. two-pronged, forked, ualli, Liv. 33, 5, 9; ramus, Ov. M. 12, 442; surculi, Colum. 5, 11, 3; 2. bifurcum, as sb. n. a fork, as where a branch goes off, Colum. 4, 24, 10; pastini, 3, 18, 6; of two blood-vessels, Veg. vet. 3, 40, 2.

**bigae**, ārum, f. pl.; later biga, ae, f. [prop. an adj.; see Prisc. 1, 126, 23; contr. fm. biugae (sc. equae); see bigus; cf. trigae, quadrigae;] lit. two mares yoked together, rather than a chariot drawn by them, quae cana caeli Signiteneutibus confcis bigis, Enn. tr. 132; Non Rhesei niueae cetaeque bigae\*, Catul. 55, 18; Veneris tenere bigas, Varr. sat. 117, 5 R; lunae bigas, 118, 4; coniuncta ad unum usum, ut bigae; itaque dicimus unae bigae, Varr. l. 9, 39, p. 502 Sp.; itaque non dicitur una biga, 10, 2, p. 557; add 10, 3, p. 581; Hector raptatus bigis, Verg. 2, 272; Nox...bigis subnecta, 5, 721; Aurora in roseis...bigis, 7, 26; bigis ite Turuns in albis\*, 12, 163; bigas\* prima iunxit Phrygum natio, quadrigas Erichthonius, Pliu. 7, 202; 2. of oxen yoked to the plough, aspicio Trip-tolemum...bigae sequi cornutas, Varr. sat. 208, 2 R; 3. feminina semper pluralia...bigae trigae, Char. 33, 7 K; add Diom. 327, 34; see too Serv. ad A. 2, 272; 4. an\* marks the cases where horses must be meant; and uote Ov. F. 6, 724; Vectus es in niueis Postume uictor equis;

5. as sing. a chariot drawn by two horses, only in later writers, Tisicratis bigae Piston mulierem imposuit (a sculptor), Plin. 34, 89; Eutyhidis bigam regit Victoria, 35, 140; so in pl., quadrigas bigasque fecit, 34, 71, 72, and 78; omissas habenas bigae, Tac. h. 1, 86; Lassa nocturnae leuat ora bigae, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1524; unius bigae honore content(us) alterius sumptus rei p. remisit, inser. Or. 2533; add 2545; 3714; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 45, 3; 4, 46; Th. 1, 338; Suet. Tib. 26.

**bigāmus**, adj. married to two persons, Isid. or. 9, 7, 15.

**bigārius**, adj. of a carriage (bigae); hence as sb. m. a

coachman, Florus ego hic iaceo quondam bigarius infaus, Qui cito dum currus capio, cito decido ad umbras, inser. Mur. 621, 2.

**bigātus**, quasi-part. stamped with image of bigae, argentum, Liv. 33, 23, 9; 33, 37, 11; 36, 21, 11; 2. as sb. m. a silver coin so stamped, bigatos quingentos, 23, 15, 15; notae argenti fuere bigae atque quadrigae inde bigati quadrigatique dicti, Plin. 33, 46; pecuniam ueterem serratos bigatosque, Tac. G. 5.

**bigemmis**, is, (gemma), adj. having two buds, Colum. 5, 5, 11; 2. having two jewels, anulus, Valerianus, ap. Trebel. Claud. 14, 5.

**bigēnēr**, or ērus, adj. of two races, mongrel, hybrid, muli atque hinni, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; b. animalia ut leopardalis, Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bigerricus**, adj. of the Bigerri (Bigorre, near the Pyrenees), b. uestis of shaggy cloth, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 1; palla, Venant. v. S. Mart.

**bignae**, (bigenae), adj. f. pl. female twins, Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bigrādus**, adj. of two steps, Gloss.

**bigus**, adj. [contr. fm. biugus] yoked two together, Quadriugis et Phoebes equis et Delia bigis...meant, Manil. 5, 3; s. bigae and biugus.

**biūgls**, c, adj. yoked two together, Martis equi biuges, Verg. G. 3, 91; biugum...colla premis lyncum, Ov. M. 4, 24 (unless it be for biugorum); curriculo biugi (drawn by two horses), Suet. Cal. 19.

**biūgus**, adj. the same, (equi) Lucr. 5, 1300 (cj.); leones, Verg. 10, 253; serpentes, Val. F. 7, 218; 2. absol. biugi as sb. m. pl. two horses yoked together, telo Admo-uit biugos, Verg. A. 10, 586; biugis fugiens Rhoetens, 10, 299; 3. adj. with two horses yoked (to it), currus, Lucr. 5, 1299; Sil. 2, 82; terno, Stat. Th. 2, 723; 4. more boldly, certamen (of bigae), Verg. 5, 144.

**bilanx**, ancis, adj. of two plates or scales, libra, Mart. Cap. 2, 42 G, p. 47, 15 Eyss.

**bilbo**, or rather bubo, ere, vb. buzz, whizz, bilbit (bubit Thes. Mai.) amphora, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 34 M; bilbit βουβυζει, Gloss. Phil.

**billex**, see bilix.

**bilbrae**, adj. f. pl. as sb. (sc. portiones) measures of two pounds, bilibris farris libertatem ciuium emisse, Liv. 4, 15, 6.

**bilbrālis**, adj. of two pounds, Gloss. Cyr.

**bilibris**, adj. the same, aula (so Ritschl cj.; ms aulis) Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 39; cornu, Hor. s. 2, 2, 61; offae, Plin. 18, 103; nullus, Mart. 3, 45; 2. bilibres (see bilbrae) as sb. f. pl. two pound portions, singulas bilibres, Veg. vet. 3, 6, 6 and 10.

**bilinguis**, e, adj. double-tongued and so deceitful, Tamquam proserpens bestia est bilinguis et scelestus, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 28; Tyriosque bilingues, Verg. 1, 665; homo, Phaedr. 2, 4, 25; socii, Sil. 16, 157; 2. speaking two languages, Bruttates, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 35, as speaking Osee et Graece; Canusinus, Hor. s. 1, 10, 30; iam bilingues erant, paululum a domesticio externo sermone degeneres, Curt. 7, 5, 39; 3. having two meanings, as allegory, fabulae, Arnob. 5, 35. Sec

**bilinguus**, adj. the same, Vbi amans complexus est amantem, ubi ad labrā labela Adiungit, alter-alterum bilingui (or manifesto) inter se prendunt, Vbi mamma mam-mulam (maucula BCD) oppriuit ubi corporā (or ut lubet) conduplicant, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 15, partly by cj. of THK; (Nunc) quate meas lubidinis ad tibios bilinguos, Varr. (as using tibius m. for tibia) ap. Non. 229, 24.

**biliosus**, adj. full of bile, uomitus, Cels. 2, 7, p. 40, l. 33 Dar.; 5, 26, 26; add 3, 12; 2. bilious, of persons, uomitus utilis biliosis, 1, 3, p. 19, l. 3.

**bilis**, is, f. (akiu to fel and so to χολη) bile, non placet mihi cena quae bilem mouet, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 8; tantum bilis pituitaeque eiciet uti ipse miretur unde sit, Cato r. 156, 4; cum pituita redundat aut bilis, morbi uascutur, Cic. Tusc. 4, 23; Qui purgor bilem (al. bili), Hor. A. P. 302; bilem detrahi (brassica) pota, Plin. 20, 82; 2. in pl. bilis trahere (brassica) non percocetam, Plin. 20, 84; chamclaea

biles purgat, Scrib. comp. 136; **3.** of different colours, rufam bilem per os reddit, deinde uiridem, quibusdam etiam nigran, Cels. 7, 18, p. 296, l. 19 D; **4.** esp. black bile, as causing lunacy, delirat uxor. Atra bili\* pericitast, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 95; add Capt. 3, 4, 64; bilis nigra curanda est et ipsa fnroris causa remouenda, Sen. ep. 94, 17; add Cels. 3, 18, p. 101, l. 14 D; 2, 7, p. 41, l. 32; **5.** as marking disgust, anger, bilem id commouet latoribus legis, Cic. Att. 2, 7, 2; nt mihi saepe Bilem... mouere tumultus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 20; cui sententiae tantum bilis, tantum amaritudinis inest, ut..., Plin. ep. 4, 11, 2; effuudere bilem, Iuv. 5, 159; cum qna uixit annis xx sine bile, inscr. Grut. 787, 2; **6.** abl. bili, Pl. above \*, and Lucr. 4, 664; but bile, Hor. od. 1, 13, 4; Iuv. 13, 143; bile suffusus, Plin. 22, 49.

**bilix**, bilicis, (licium) adj. of two leashes (in weaving), hence ribbed as dimity (*δι-μιτος*) or double-milled, rumpitque infixā bilicem loriam, Verg. 12, 375; **2.** heuce G. zwillich ticking; cf. trilix = G. drillich ticking.

**bilustris**, e (lustrum), adj. of two lustrcs, i.e. ten years, bellum, Ov. am. 2, 12, 9.

**bilychnis**, e (lychnus), adj. of two lights, lucerna, Petr. 30; lucernae, inscr. Or. 3678.

**bimammis**, adj. of two mammae or breasts, mct. uitis, Plin. 14, 40.

**Bimarcus**, (Vimarcus) adj. having two Marci, title of a work by Varro, ap. Non. 25, 8; 55, 10; etc.

**bimāris**, e, adj. of two seas, Corinthns, Hor. od. 1, 7, 2; Ephyre, Ov. her. 12, 27; Isthmos, M. 7, 407; **2.** met. Auson. epigr. 131.

**bimāritus**, adj. twice-married, a word condemned by Cic. Plane. 30: bimaritum appellas ut uerba etiam fingas; flamen, Hier. Iovin. 1, 49.

**bimāter**, ris, adj. having two mothers, solumque bimāterem (viz. Bacchus), Ov. M. 4, 11.

**bimātus**, (bimus) m. the age of two years, Varr. r. 2, 5, 17; Colum. 7, 3, 6; 7, 4, 4; Plin. 9, 89.

**bimembris**, e, adj. with limbs of two kinds, Centauri, Cornif. ap. Macr. 6, 5, 13; forma, Ov. her. 9, 99; puer, Inv. 13, 64; **2.** absol. of Centaurs, Verg. 8, 293; Ov. M. 15, 283.

**bimēstruus**, adj. = bimestris, Gloss. Cyril.

**bimestris**, e, (mensis, cf. semestris) adj. of two months, couulatus, Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 24, 6; porcus, Hor. od. 3, 17, 15; Extaque de porca cruda bimestre (note this abl.) tēnet, Ov. F. 6, 158; triticum, Plin. 18, 70; [bimēnsis an error in Fore. for vi mensium in Liv. 45, 15, 9].

**bimēter**, tra, trum, (= *διμετρος*) adj. of two meters, litērae, Sidon. ep. 9, 15.

**bimilius**, (bimus) adj. dim. of two winters or years, puer, Catul. 17, 13; Suet. Calig. 8.

**bimus**, (for bi-hiem-us from hiem—winter) adj. of two winters or years, two-year-old, uacca, Varr. r. 2, 1, 13; 2, 5, 13; sententia, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 9; legio, Plane. ib. 10, 24, 3; merum, Hor. od. 1, 19, 15; nix, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 16; annua bima trima die, Ulp. dig. 33, 1, 3; aestimatio bima, Pompon. 33, 2, 6.

**binārius**, adj. of two each, formae, dies for castiug two aurei, Lampr. Al. Sev. 39, 9.

**binī**, ae, a, (for duini; cf. bis) adj. pl. two each, binae singulis quae datae auccillae nobis, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 12; binos panes in dies, Pers. 4, 3, 2; describebat censors binos in singulas ciuitates, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 133; turres binorum tabulatorum, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 10; **2.** a pair, two of like kind, bina semestria, CIL 206, 92; Quia boues bini hie sunt in crumina, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 16; binos habebam (seypnos sigillatos) Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; per binos tabellarios misi litteras, Att. 6, 1, 9; Omnia quae tuimur fieri tum bina tuendo, Lucr. 4, 449; bina hastilia, Verg. 1, 313; binae aures (aratri), G. 1, 172; **3.** with plurals in tense singular, binas meas litteras, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 9; (Cic., says Serv. A. 8, 167, censured his son for writing duas litteras in this sense); castra, Phil. 12, 27; ludi, Verr. 2, 2, 130; frena, Verg. 8, 168; (cf. 4, 135; Cic. top. 36); **4.** in sing., doubled, Binaque (uidetur) per totas aedis geminare supplex, Lucr. 4, 451; **5.** binum only in gen.

pl., Sisenn. ap. Non. 80, 5; Sall. ap. Non. 555, 2; Plin. 31, 57.

**binio**, ōnis, m. two on the dice (tesserae), Isid. or. 18, 65; v. senio.

**binocctium**, ii, u. space of two nights, Tac. an. 3, 71; Amm. 30, 1, 8.

**binōminis**, e, adj. of two names, geu. in gen. Ilistri, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 11; Ascanii, M. 14, 609; **2.** nom. inferred from cognominis as used in Pl. by Serv. A. 6, 383.

**binōmius**? adj. the same, Paul. ex F. p. 36, where Scal. cj. binominis; binomius (*διωνυμος*) Gloss. Labb.

**binus**, see bini § 4.

**biōcōlōyta**, (*βιακωλυτης*) ae, m. an officer to prevent violence, Iulian. ep. Nov. 15, 60 (bis).

**bion**, n. or bios m. ii, (*βιος*) a Greek wine so called, of great medicinal value, quod bion appellauerunt, Plin. 14, 77; 23, 53.

**biōthānātus**, adj. dying by violence, a term of astrology, Lampr. Hel. 33, 2; Firm. Math. 3, 14; written biaethanatus by Tertul. anim. 37.

**biōticus**, or os, adj. of common life, epilogi, Serv. A. 3, 718; metrum, Diom. 474, 9 K; Mar. Victor. 2494 P.

**biōpālūm**, ii, n. (pala), a spade with a cross-bar for the labourer's foot to drive two spits deep (see illustration in Rich's Companion), Cato r. 45, 2; Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Colum. 11, 3, 11; id. arb. 1, 5; Plin. 18, 230; **2.** of the blade alone, Plin. 17, 159.

**biōpalmis**, e, adj. of two spans, as in width, tabulae, Varr. r. 3, 7, 4; in length, spiculum, Liv. 42, 65, 9.

**biōpalmus**, adj. the same, Apul. herb. 7.

**biōpartio**, or -partio\*, ire, vb. divide into two parts, bipartita diuisio, Varr. l. 5, 3; bipertitos\* Aethiopus, Plin. 5, 43; **2.** into equal parts, VI Kal. Feb. hiems bipertitur\*, Colum. 11, 2, 5; XI Kal. Maias uer bipartitur, 11, 2, 36;

II. **3.** bipartito, adv. in two parts or divisions, ita bipartito (al. -ti) fuerunt, ut Tiberis inter eos interesset, Cie. in Cat. 3, 5; b. classsem distributam, Flac. 32; id fit b., inu. 2, 86; signa b. intulerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 7; Sectā bipartito cum mens discurrit, Ov. rem. am. 443.

**bipartito**, see bipartio.

**bipātens**, ntis, quasi-part., opening in two directions, Considunt (dī) tectis bipateutibus, Verg. 10, 5—east and west, says Serv., who attributes it to Ennius; **2.** w. two valves, folding, portae, Verg. 2, 330; pugillar, Auson. epigr. 146, 3.

**bipēda**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. tegula), a tile two feet square for pavement, solum bipedis staturat, Pall. 1, 19, 1; add 1, 40, 2 and 5; 6, 11, 2.

**bipēdālis**, adj. of two feet, elatri, Cato r. 14, 2; materia, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; tigula, 2, 10, 3; trabes, b. g. 4, 17, 6; modulus, Hor. s. 2, 3, 309; **2.** bipēdālē, is as sb. a brick two feet long, inscr. Fabr. 500, 39.

**bipēdāneus**, adj. the same, serobs, Colum. 4, 1, 2; spatia, 4, 30, 5; latitudo, 2, 2, 28; pastinatum, Plin. 17, 143.

**bipennifer**, ra, rum, adj. bearing a two-edged axe, Ov. M. 4, 22; 8, 391.

**bipennis**, or -pinnis (penna) e, adj. having two wings, cicouiae (Scal. cj.; mss cicero nec) Quarum bipinnis fulminis plumas uapor perussit, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 19; nullum (insectum), cui aculeus in aluo, bipinne est, Plin. 11, 96;

**2.** met. having two blades, securis, Varr. ap. Nou. 79, 19; ferro sonat alta bipenni (al. bipinni) Verg. 11, 135;

**3.** bipennis absol. as sb. f. a two-edged axe, Verg. 2, 479; 5, 307; Hor. od. 4, 4, 57; Ov. M. 8, 766; Pliu. 8, 26.

**bipensile**? a doubtful reading in Varr. ap. Non. 99, 24.

**bipertio**, see bipartio.

**bipēs**, pēdis, adj. having two feet, two-legged, Et inuneto bipēdum curru metitur equorum, Verg. G. 4, 389; add Cic. N. D. 1, 95; dom. 48; Iuv. 9, 92; Regulus omnium bipēdum nequissimus, Pliu. ep. 1, 5, 14; mensa, Mart. 12, 32; (Aegypti mures) bipedes ambulans, Plin. 10, 187; aenigmatō Qui bipēs, et quadrupes foret, et tripes omnia solus, Auson. Idyl. 11, 39.

**biplex**, = *διπλους*, Gloss.

**biprōrus**, adj. having two prows, nauis, Hygin. fab. 168 and 277.



**bīrēmis**, e, adj. two-oared, biremis praesidio scaphae, Hor. od. 3, 29, 62; lembi, Liv. 24, 40, 2; Lucan. 8, 562; cf. 565 aud 611; **2.** as sb. f. a galley with two banks of oars, Caes. b. c. 3, 40, 4; Tac. h. 5, 23.

**bīrōtus**, (rota) adj. two-wheeled, nheciculum, Non. 86, 30;

**2.** bīrōta, ae, as sb. f. (sc. carruca) a two-wheeled carriage, Th. C. 8, 5, 8, 1; 6, 29, 2, 2.

**bīrrus**, i, m. a thick red cloak, Vopisc. Carin. 20, 6 (bis); edict. Dioel. 20; **2.** bīrrum, i, n. Aug. de vita cler. 1, 49.

**bīs**, (for dis from duo, =dis) adv. twice, Bis perit amator ab re atque ab animo simul, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 26; quotiens quomque 'amplius' bis in uno iu(dicio pronontia-tum erit), CIL 198, 48; Nam qui amat cui odio est, eum bis facere stulte duco, Laborem inanem ipsus capit et illi molestiam adfert, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 8; do quo mihi antea scripseras, bis quidem eodem exemplo, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 1; Apta quadrigis equa, tē bis\* Afro Murice tinctae Vestiunt lanae, Hor. od. 2, 16, 35; Antē bis\* exactum quam Cynthia conderet orbem, Lucan. 2, 577; **2.** bis tautum, twice as much, as much again, rusum si reuentum in gratiamst, Bis tanto amici sunt inter se quam prius, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 62; add Men. 4, 3, 6; Merc. 2, 2, 26; bis tantum quam tuus fundus reddit, Varr. r. 3, 2, 15; add Verg. 6, 578; **3.** with numerals, quae si bis bina quot essent didicisset, non diceret, Cic. N. D. 2, 49; bis milies in aerarium intulit, Liv. 38, 55, 12; cum bis trium ulnarum toga, Hor. epod. 4, 8; **4.** said in late writers to be used for iterum, a second time, but in Mart. 10, 48, 20 read with Haupt (Hermes 3, 122), lagona Quae bis Frontino consule trima (iuss prima) fuit; **5.** for qty see \* above; and add: aduerbia monosyllaba .omnia producentur exceptis bis et ter, Mart. Cap. 69 G; 284 Eyss.

**bisaccium**, sb. n. a double-bagged wallet, a pack saddle, inter promulsidaria assellus cum bisaeicio positus qui habebat in altera parte albas, in altera nigras, Petr. 31; **2.** hence Fr. besace, bissac.

**bisacūtus**, adj. double-edged, gladius, Aug. conf. 12, 14.

**biselliarius**, adj. as sb. m. one who has the privilege of the bisellium, Numisius Tacitus b., and soon after: Aurelius Glycerius bisell., inser. Or. 4055.

**biselliatus**, ūs, in. the privilege of the bisellium, M. Sentio...bonorem biselliatus...obtulerunt, inser. Or. 4043.

**bisellium**, ii, n. a double-seated chair, as a privilege granted to distinguished persons, liceatque ei omnibus spectaculis bisellio proprio inter Augustales considere, inser. Or. 4046; add 4044, 4048.

**bisētus**, (sēta bristle), biscta porca, cuius a ceruice setae bifariam diuiduntur...maior sex mensium, Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bisextiālis**, adj. containing two sextarii, olla, Marc. Emp. 13.

**bisextilis**, e, adj., annus, a leap-year, Isid. or. 6, 17, 25.

**bisextus**, (biss.)\* adj. having two days called VI Kal. Mart., as in leap year; hence bisextum (biss.\*) as sb. u. the intercalary day before Feb. 24th, ut unum interealarent diem...anto quinque ultimos Februarii mensis dies idque bisextum nominandum, Maer. s. 1, 14, 6; cum bisextum kalendas est, nihil refert utrum priore an posteriore die quis natus sit, et deinceps sextum kalendas eius natalis dies est, nam id bidnum pro nno die habetur, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 98; and again ibid.; add Ulp. 4, 4, 3, 3.\*

**bisōlis**, (sōlum rather than solea) adj. double-soled, edict. Dioel. p. 20.

**bisōmūs**, (δισωμος) adj. double-bodied; hence bisomum, as sb. n. a sarcophagus for two bodies, inser. Or. 8.

**bison**, (uison\*) ntis, m. a bison, iubati, Plin. 8, 38; add 28, 159; Illi cessit atrox bubalus atque bison, Mart. spect. 23, 4; tibi ullosi (dant) tergā bīsontes, Sen. Phaedr. 69; uisontes\* bouis feri similes, Solin. 20, 4.

**bisōnus**, adj. of two sounds, Serv. A. 9, 618.

**bispello**, for uispello.

**bissexus**, see bisextus.

**bisulcilinguis**? e, adj. with cloven tongue, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 74 (so Gepp., mss bisulcilingua).

**bisulcis**, see

**bisulcus**, adj. divided into two, furrowed, cloven, Lin-

guae bisulcae iactu (so cj.; mss bisuleis actu) crispo fulgēre, Pacuv. ap. Non. 506, 17; pes, Ov. M. 7, 113; lingua, 9, 65; unguia, Plin. 8, 73; cauda, 9, 85; forfices, 11, 97; **2.** bisulecum as sb. n. (sc. animal) an animal with cloven feet, (opp. to solipes), Plin. 10, 184; 11, 212; 11, 255 (bis).

**bisultor**? in Ov. F. 5, 595 now bis ulto.

**bisyllābus**, adj. (δισυλλαβος) of two syllables, disyllabic, Varr. l. 9, 52.

**bitientes**, (see bacto), qni peregrinantur assidue, Paul. ex F. p. 35.

**bito**, see bacto.

**bitūmen**, inis, (akin perh. to πινυ-s, πισσα and pix) fossil tar, asphalt, Nonne uidet etiam terra quoque sulphur in ipsa Gignier, et taetro conerescere odore bitūmen, Lucr. 6, 807; add Verg. B. 8, 82; G. 3, 451; Hor. epod. 5, 82; Ov. M. 9, 660; 14, 792; in lacu Iudaeae qui uocatur Asphaltitae, Plin. 7, 65; add 35, 178; **2.** petroleum, oleo simile quo et in lucernis utuntur, Plin. 31, 82; add 35, 179.

**bitūminātus**, quasi-part. mixed with asphalt, bituminous, Plin. 31, 59.

**bitūmineus**, adj. bituminous, uires, Ov. M. 15, 350.

**bitūminōsus**, adj. abounding in asphalt, fontes, Vitr. 8, 3, 4; terra, 8, 3, 9.

**biuertex**, icis, adj. with two summits, Parnassus, Stat. Th. 1, 628; add Sidon. carm. ep. 15, 9.

**biūra**, adj. f. having two husbands, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 21.

**biuius**, (uia) adj. of two roads, fauces, Verg. 11, 516; calles, Val. F. 5, 394; (di) biuis tribus quadribis (=biuiis, triuiis quadriuiis), inser. Or. 389; add 2104; 2105; **2.** binium as sb. n., a place where two roads meet, a fork, Verg. 9, 238; Plin. 6, 144; **3.** met. b. ad culturam natura dedit, Varr. r. 1, 18, 7; add Ov. rem. am. 486.

**bitirus**, (διουπος) adj. having two tails, Cic. ap. Plin. 30, 146.

**blachnos**, or, on i, (geud.?) brake, fern, Plin. 27, 78.

**blactēro**, āre, vb. (hālo) bleat as a ram, Blactērāt hinc aries et pia balat ouis, carm. Phil. 56.

**Blaesiānus**, adj. of Blaesius, Mart. 8, 38, 14.

**Blaesillus**, (little lisper) adj. dim. a cognomen, Albuca Blaesilla, inser. Grut. 753, 5.

**blaesus**, (akin to A. S. vliisp, E. lisp) adj. lisping, Blaesque fit iusso lingua coacta sono (of affected lisping) Ov. a. a. 3, 294; Reddebas blaeso tam bene uerba sono (of the parrot), am. 2, 6, 24; de madidis et Blaesia atque mero fitubantibus, Iuv. 15, 48; Os blaesum tibi debilisque lingua, Nobis illa (so Haupt cj., mss fistula) fortius loquentur (mss loquetur), Mart. 10, 65, 10; quaesitum est an blaesus sanus sit, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; **2.** a cognomeu, C. Sempronius Blaesius, Liv. 26, 2, 7; 27, 6, 1.

**blande**, see blandus.

**blandicellus**, adj. trebly dim. soft, coaxing, nerba, Panl. ex F. p. 35.

**blandicūlē**, adv. doubly dim. (implies an adj. blandiculus) softly, coaxingly, respondit, Apul. M. 10, 27.

**blandidicus**, adj. softly speaking, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 10.

**blandificus**, adj. coaxing, soothing, M. Cap. 301 G, 332, 1 Eyss.

**blandifluus**, adj. flowing soothingly, odor, Venant. 11, 10, 10.

**blandilōquens**, quasi-part. speaking soothingly, oratio, Laber. ap. Maer. 2, 7, 3, 9.

**blandilōquentia**, ae, f. soft speech, Nam ut ego illis supplicarem tanta blandiloquentia, Eun. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 65.

**blandilōquentūlus**, adj. dim. speaking soothingly, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 13.

**blandilōquunt**, ii, n. soft speech, Aug. ad Hier. 19, 4.

**blandilōquus**, adj. speaking soothingly, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 54; Sen. Agam. 290.

**blandimentum**, i, n. softness of speech or action, coaxing, blandisbment, Pessum dodisti blandimentis me tuis, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 23; Blandimentis, hortamentis, ceteris meretriciis, Truc. 2, 2, 63; multa nobis blandimenta natura genuit, quibus sopita uirtus conueret, Cic. Cael. 41; minis aut blandimentis corrupta, Tusc. 5, 87; multa blan-



dimenta plebi ab senatu data, Liv. 2, 9, 6; **2.** met. as of food, sine blandimentis expellunt famem, Tac. G. 23; aliqua inueniunt blandimenta quibus saporem mutemus, Petr. 141; of gentle carriage, equos edomant ad quaedam blandimenta uecturae (as ambling), Veg. uet. 2, 28 (1, 56), 37; add Pall. 10, 17.

**Blandinus**, a cognomen, denoting adoption from a family, Blandi (?), Corneliae Blandinae, inscr. Grut. 395, 7.

**blandior**, iri (: blandus: largior: largus) vb. r. play the 'blandus homo', soothe, coax, flatter, Quid faciam? Exora, blandire, expalpa. Faciam sedulo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 44; Meretrix tantisper blanditur dum illud quod rapiat uidet, Men. 1, 3, 11; nostro ordini...blandiuntur, Cist. 1, 1, 36; de Commageno mihi et per se et per Pompeium blanditur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; cur matri blanditur? Flac. 92; Hannibalem pueriliter blandientem patri ut duceretur in Hispaniam, Liv. 21, 1, 4; durae blandire puellae, Ov. am. 2, 527; matri interfectae infante blandiente, Plin. 34, 88; **2.** met., uideo quam suauiter uoluptas sensibus nostris blandiatur, Cic. acad. pr. 139; inter se blandiri, (of doves), Plin. 10, 109; cibus, 10, 120; leuia medicamenta quae quasi blandiantur, Cels. 5, 28, 2, p. 207, 6 Dar.; **3.** hence, allure, please, blanditur populus umbra, Ov. M. 10, 555; quamuis blandiatur suanitas (pomi), Plin. 13, 60; quaedam (poisonous waters) blandiuntur aspectu, 31, 27; **4.** w. sibi etc., flatter and deceive oneself, blandiuntur sibi qui putant..., Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 2; add Th. C. 16, 10, 15; 10, 19, 9; **5.** in Colum. 7, 5, 16 read eblandiatur; **6.** blanditus as a pass. part., soothed, treated quietly, Blanditusque labor molli curabitur arte, Verr. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 13, who adds *κολλακευθεῖς*.

**blanditer**, see blandus.

**blanditiā**, (old blandicia\*) ae. f. coaxing talk or manner, soft words or doings, blandishment, gen. in pl., ut ille se Blandiciis\* (so B C) ab illa exemit et persuasit ut se amitteret, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 40; Saltationes blandicias\* (so B C) prothymias, St. 5, 2, 11; add Truc. 1, 1, 8; Rud. 2, 4, 20; abs te ut blanditiis suis...suam uoluptatem expleat, Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 12; tu si tuis blanditiis a Sicyoniis nummulo- rum aliquid expresseris, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 9; Zeuxim elici blanditiis, Q. fr. 1, 2, 5; adulationem, blandicias\* (so V), adsentationem, am. 91; **2.** at times in sing. Velut haec meretrix meum erum miserum sūa blandicia (so C) intulit In pauperem, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 21; Viscus merus uostrast blandicia (C D), Bac. 1, 1, 16; blandicia\* (so E) popularis, Cic. Plane. 29; nomeuclationem, blanditiam assiduitatem, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 41; add Prop. 1, 16, 16; Quint. 10, 1, 27.

**blandities**, ei, f. the same, sermonis, Apul. M. 10, 28.

**blanditum**? in Lucr. 2, 173 Lachm. and Munro read with mss blanditur.

**blanditor**, ōris, m. one who uses soft words etc., a flatterer, itin. Al. M. 90.

**blandulus**, adj. dim. soothing, animula, Hadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9.

**blandus**, (perh. for mālandus and so akin to *μαλασσω*, *μαλακος*; and mollis) adj. smooth words, dicta, Pl. Most. 4, 1, 48; Epid. 3, 1, 2; uerba, Pers. 2, 2, 68; As. 3, 1, 22; Ps. 1, 5, 35; uox, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; oratio, Cic. Phil. 7, 26; **2.** of persons, smooth-tongued, of soft speech, nunc experiemnr uostrum nter sit blandior, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 56; blauda es parum, 3, 3, 21; blandust dñes pauperi, Aul. 2, 2, 19; Vt unus omnium homo te uiuat nmmquam quisquam blandior, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 21; **3.** met. alluring, coaxing, pleasing, blandis illecebris uoluptatis, Cic. Tusc. 4, 6; Quid mea colla tenes blandis ignare lacertis? Ov. M. 2, 100; blandis gaudere magistri Laudibus (of horses), Verg. G. 3, 185; labor, 127; incunda dicta aut legentibus blauda, Plin. praef. 12; **4.** of taste or scent, pleasing but mild, agreeable, nice, Sicut amaracini blandum stactaeque liquorem, Lucr. 2, 847; pabula, Colum. 7, 3, 20; arbores postea blandioribus fruge succis hominem mitiganere, Plin. 12, 4, 4; **5.** gentle, mild, soles (of spring), Ov. F. 1, 157; bland- asque leones Submisere iugas, Claud. rapt. Pros. 1, 209; tigris, id. IV Cons. Hon. 604; **II 6.** construct. w. inf., ducere quercus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 11; uirginibus dare

uincula, Stat. Theb. 5, 456; **7.** w. gen., blaudisque precum compellat Vlixes, Stat. Ach. 2, 237; **8.** w. acc., blanda genus uocemque, Stat. Th. 9, 155; **III 9.** comp. see Pl. aud Ter. § 2 above; **10.** sup., blandissimae dominae, Cic. off. 2, 37; **IV 11.** blanditer adv., Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 3 (6); As. 1, 3, 69; Titin. ap. Non. 510, 6; **12.** blande adv. Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 9; etc.; Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 24; Cic. Rosc. com. 49; blandius, or. 1, 112; blandissime (some mss, not Baiter), Clu. 72.

**blapsigōnia**, ae. f. a disease of bees, producing abortion Plin. 11, 64.

**Blasio**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen (perh. lisper), P. Cornelius Blasio, Liv. 45, 13, 11.

**Blasius**, ii, name of a gens, Cn. Blasio Cn. f. on a coin, CIL 383; P. Blas(ius), ib. 271.

**blasphēmābilis**, e. adj. to be condemned, execrable, Tert. cult. fem. 12.

**blasphēmatio**, ōnis, f. condemnation, execratiou, Tert. cult. fem. 12.

**blasphēmia**, ae. f. reviling, Hier. ep. 62, 2; Aug. uerb. Dom. serm. 11; **2.** blasphemy, Aug. mor. Manich. 2, 10.

**blasphēmium**, ii. n. blasphemy, Prud. Psych. 715.

**blasphēmo**, āre, vb. blasphemē, Christum, Prud. apoth. 347; Aug. tract. loh. 27 f.

**blasphēmus**, adj. blasphemous, satelles, Prud. perist. 1, 75; **2.** as a sb. blasphemem, Tert. res. carn. 26.

**blatea**, s. blattea.

**blätērātus**, ūs, m. babbling, Sidon. ep. 9, 11; canini, 336 G, p. 374, 24 Eyss.

**blätēro**, āre, (s. blatio; akin to *βλαζέ?*) vb. babble, talk nonsense, Desine blanditiae, frustra blätēras (om. libri) nihil agit In amore inermus, Caecil. ap. Non. 79, 1; add Afran. (bis) ibid.; cum magno blätēras clamore fugisque, Hor. s. 2, 7, 35; add Gell. 1, 15, 17; Apul. M. 4, 24; 10, 9. **blätēro**, ōnis, m. babbler, as an old word, Gell. 1, 15, 20; **2.** noise of camels, Paul. ex F. p. 34.

**blätio**, ĩre, vb. babble, talk nonsense, ita nugas blätis, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 79; Cure. 3, 82; add Epid. 3, 1, 13.

**blatta**, (blāta) ae. and perh. blattis, is, f. [?] a kind of beetle (not a moth), Plin. 29, 139—141 speaks of three kinds, b. mollis, alterum genus circa molas nascens, tertium odoris taedio inuisum; tenebrarum alumna blattis. Vita(m) lucemque fugiunt, in balineis maxime umido uapore prognatae, Plin. 11, 99; **2.** destructive of bees, saepe fauos ignotus adedit Stello et lucifugis congesta cubilia blattis, Verg. G. 4, 243; referred to by Colum. 9, 7, 5; animalia apibus inimica lacertos blattas et his similia, Pall. 1, 37, 4; **3.** of clothing and books, stragula uestis Blattarum ac tinearum epulae, Hor. s. 2, 3, 119; Quam multi tineas pascunt blattasque diserti! Mart. 6, 60, 7; Selectos nisi das mihi libellos Admittam tineas trucesque blattas, 14, 37, 2; **4.** prov., (Nuuc in) amore(m) cecidi tamquam blata (so Bamb.) in peluim ---, Laber. ap. Nou. 543, v. pcluis; **II 5.** in late writers, an insect like or perh. actually the cochineal, and so scarlet or purple cloth, Pontus castores, blattam Tyrus, aera Corinthus...defert, Sidon. 5, 48; parauerat funes blata et serico et cocco intortos quibus laqueo uitam finiret, Lampr. Hel. 33, 3; lana quae blata uel oxyblatta...dicitur, Th. C. 4, 40, 1; trecentas libras blattae sericae, 10, 20, 18; cum blatta quam nostro cubiculo dare conueuisti, Cassiod. ep. 1, 2; **6.** blatta *θρομβος αιματος*, a drop of blood, Gloss.

**blattā-rius**, adj. of blattae, beetles, nunc blattaria uocant balnea, siqua non ita aptata suut ut totius diei solem...recipiant, Sen. ep. 86, 8; haec (herba, sc. uerbascum) abiecta blattas in se contrahit ideoque blattaria uocatur, Plin. 25, 108.

**blattea**, or blātea, ae. f. spot of mud, Paul. ex F. p. 34; **2.** purple, Venant. 2, 3, 19.

**blatteus**, adj. [blatta § 5] of scarlet or purple, concessit ut blatteas matronae tunicas haberent, Vop. Aurel. 46, 4; ut pallio blatteo serico uteretur, ib. 45, 5.

**blattī-fer**, a, um, adj. [id.] scarlet-clad, seuatus, Sidon. 9, 16.

**blattinus**, adj. [id.] of scarlet-cloth, nt qui retibus aureis piscaretur quae blattinis funibus extrahebat, Eutr. 14 (9).



**blechnon**, see blachuon.  
**blēchon**, ōnis, m. wild pennyroyal, Plin. 20, 156.  
**blendios**, ii, (βελεννος) m. a fish, Plin. 32, 102.  
**blennos**, i, (βλεννος mucous, snotty) adj. or sb. m. a drivelling fellow, idiot, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; in Curc. 2, 3, 39 reading dub.  
**bliteus**, adj. of blitum, met. of the insipid, Blitea et luteast meretrix nisi quae sapit in uino ad rem suam, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 1; bipedem, bliteam boluam, Laber. ap. Non. So, 26.  
**blitum**, i, u. or blitus\* i, m. (βλιτον) some tasteless herb, perh. orach, Apponunt rumeem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; Empedocles natos homines ex terra ait, ut blitum, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 14; blitum iners uidetur ac sine sapore, Plin. 20, 252; hoc mense blitus\* scriitur, Pall. 9, 17.  
**Blossius**, name of a gens, C. Blossi(us) M. I. Protemus, CIL 571; add 574 and 577.  
**Blustiemelus**, i, m. a mountain so called, CIL 199, 21.  
**boa**, ae, f. a large snake or serpent, in tantam amplitudinem exeuntes ut occisae solidus in aluo spectatus sit infaus, Plin. 8, 37; add 29, 122; 2. a disease, tama dicitur eum labore uiae sanguis in crura descendit. Lucilius: Inguen ne existat, papulae, tama ne boa noxit, Fest. p. 360 v. tama.  
**boarius**, adj. of oxen, forum, Liv. 21, 62, 3; bos aereus inde captus in foro boario est Romae, Plin. 34, 10; arua, Prop. 4, 9, 19; lappa, Plin. 26, 105; 2. as sb. m. cattle-dealer, negotiantes boarii, inser. Or. 913.  
**boātus**, us, m. bellowing, Apul. M. 3, 3; Mart. Cap. 2, 98, p. 27, 17 Eyss.  
**Boberius**, a cognomen, L. Domitius L. I. Boberius, inser. Grut. 250, 1.  
**boca**, ae, (=βοαξ, βωξ), f. a sea-fish, Plin. 32, 145.  
**bodones**, landmarks of some kind, see Lachm. Grom. 2, 270.  
**Boeotarches**, ae, m. a chief magistrate of Boeotia, Liv. 33, 27, 8; 42, 43, 7.  
**bōia**, ae, (perh. an adj. se. catena of ox-hide), f. a chain of some kind, Bolus est, boiam terit, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 108; numellas pedicas bōias, As. 3, 2, 5; κλοιον (quas) sermone ungliari boias uocant, Hier. in Isai. 5, 27; but in Prod. psych. pr. 33 mss have bacis.  
**Bōia**, ae, f. a town of the Aequi, Verg. 6, 776; 2. Bolae as a plur., Bolis receptis, Liv. 4, 49, 7.  
**Bōlānus**, adj. of Bola or Bolae, Liv. 4, 49, 3; Plin. 3, 69; 2. as a cognomen, Cic. fam. 13, 77, 2; Tac. au. 15, 3.  
**Bolbio**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen, M. Caninius M. I. Bolbio, inser. ap. Rosini 15.  
**bolbiton**, i, n. cow-dung, Plin. 28, 322.  
**bōlētār**, āris, adj. as sb. n. a stew-pan for mushrooms etc., b. alieuticum argenteum librarum xx, Treb. Poll. Claud. 17, 5; add Apic. 41; 53; 190; 196; 218 Seh.; in lemma of Mart. 14, 101.  
**bōlētus**, (βωλιτης) m. mushroom, inter ea quae temero manduntur et boletus merito posucriam, Plin. 22, 92; add 98; fungi ponentur amicis, Boletus domino, Iuv. 5, 147; Sunt tibi boleti, fungos ego sumo suillos, Mart. 3, 60, 5; add 1, 20, 2; 13, 48, 2; Tac. an. 12, 67; Sen. lud. 4, 3; ep. 95, 25; Suet. Claud. 44; Apic. 316—318 Seh.  
**bōlis**, Idis, f. shooting star, meteor, Plin. 2, 96.  
**bōlites**, ae, m. root of the lychnis, Plin. 21, 171.  
**bōloe**, m. pl. gems so called, Plin. 37, 150.  
**bolōna**, ae, m. fishmonger, Arnob. 2, 38; =μεταπρατης, retail dealer, Gloss. Philox.; 2. bolouas exercere, to trade as such, Donat. Eun. 2, 2, 26.  
**Boluitia**, for Voltiua.  
**bōlus**, i, m. [βολος a throw] a throw, as w. dice, Ne te (i.e. Neptune) aleator nullus est sapientior: profecto Nimis lepide iceisti bolum: perium perdidisti (perh. also w. allusion to a fisherman's casting of his net), Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 30; elussi militem inquam in alea...Si nis tribus (monos.) bolis uel in clamidem, Cure. 5, 2, 13; Omnes enumerasse bolos, Auson. Prof. 1, 26; 2. met. a successful throw, a good hit, profit, is primust bolus, Pl. Truc.

1, 1, 10; hoc ego te multabo bolo, 4, 3, 70; dabit haec tibi grandis bolos, Pers. 4, 4, 106 (he had just before said, diuitias tu ex istac faecies); A. intus bolos quos dat! D. quid, amator nouos? Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 12; ex eo (ornithone) quinque milia uenisse turdorum denariis ternis... Sed ut ad hunc bolum peruenias, opus erit tibi..., Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; hac (cochleae), magnum bolum deferunt aeris, 3, 14, 5; 3. tangere hominem bolo, to play off a profitable trick upon, Pl. Poen. pr. 101; arg. 3 of Truc.; 4. Crucior bōlum (and so not = βωλω or offam) tantum mihi ereptum tam desubito c f. faucibus, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 6; throw of a net (usual meaning of βολος) piscatores trahentes rete adierunt et pepigerunt bolum quanto emerent, Suet. Rhet. 1.  
**bombax**, interj. bless me, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 131.  
**bombāca**, adj. as sb. n. pl. meaningless outeries, Venant. Martin, 4, 450.  
**bombilo**, are, vb. hum as a bee, carn. Phil. 36; and perh. Mart. C. 9 f. p. 375, 2 Eyss., who by cj. gives bombitante.  
**bombio**, vb. = βομβω, Gloss.  
**bombizatio**, ōnis, f. humming of bees, Paul. ex F. 30.  
**bombus**, i, m. a dull humming noise, Ennius sonum pedum bombum pedum dixit, Fortunatianus de dial. (auct. Columna, p. 332); 2. of bees, ex apibus si intus faciunt bombum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 32; 3. of musical instruments, raucum (tubae) bombum, Lucr. 4, 546; raucisonos efflabant (al. cj. efflabant) cornua bombos, Catul. 64, 263; cantus...bombis tympani obtusior, Mart. Cap. 34 G, p. 38, 30 Eyss.; 4. one of the systematized forms of theatrical applause, Suet. Ner. 20.  
**bombycinus**, adj. of silk, silken, uestis, Plin. 11, 76; 24, 108; quarum delicias et panniculus bombycintus frit, Iuv. 6, 260; uestimenta, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23, 1; 2. bombycina, as sb. n. pl. silk dresses, Mart. 11, 50, 5; 14, 24, 1.  
**bombycius**, adj. of fine fibres (like silk or cotton), bombyciae (harundines) modica lanugine, Plin. 16, 170.  
**bombylis**, is, or idis, the silkworm in the chrysalis state, Plin. 11, 76.  
**bombyx**, ycis, m. silkworm, telas araneorum modo textunt ad uestem quae bombycina appellatur, Plin. 11, 76; add §§ 75, 77, 78; Tertul. pal. 3; Serv. ad G. 2, 121; 2. silk, Nec si qua Arabio lucret bombycē puella, Prop. 2, 3, 15.  
**bonasus**, (or bonacus\*), i, m. bison or urochs? fera in Paenonia equina iuba, cetera tauri similis, Plin. 8, 40; Arist. h. a. 2, 1, 35; add Solin.\* 42, 10.  
**Bonicus**, a cognomen, Vlpian Bonicius, inser. Grut. 716, 2.  
**bōnifacies**, = επιπροσωπος, Gloss.  
**bōnifātus**, = ευμορφος, Gloss.  
**bōnimōris**, = καλοστροφος, Gloss.  
**bōnitas**, ātis, f. goodness, good quality, praediorum, Cic. Rose. Am. 20; uerborum, or. 164; uocis, 59; Plin. 14, 55; auri, 33, 59; ut (mutuum) eadem bonitate soluitur qua datum sit, Pomp. dig. 12, 1, 3; 2. esp. goodness of character, per mei te erga bonitatem patris, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 48; bonitasque uostra adintans, Ter. Ph. pr. 35; quid praestantius bonitate et beneficentia, Cic. N. D. 1, 121; eorum fortunas tuae fidei bonitatie commendo, fam. 13, 4, 3.  
**Bōnōsus**, adj. (full of goodness), as cognomen, Leontio et Bouoso coss., inser. Maff. Mus. Ver. 358, 5; Bonosus (imperator) Vopisc. Bon. 1, 4; 14, 1; Autonia Bonosa, inser. Grut. 371, 5.  
**bōnum**, see bonus.  
**bōnus**, (perh. for ob-onus, see § 13; older form duonus and prob. buonus; cf. It. buono, Sp. bueno) adj. good; old form, hunc oiū(m)...duonoro(m) optumo(m) fuisse uiro(m), CIL 32; duoua portant ad nauis, Liv. Audron. ap. Fest. v. topser, p. 352 b, 23; quamuis duonum negumate, Cn. Marc. ap. Fest. v. negumate, p. 165 a, 30; 2. first physical, aedes, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 26; minae, As. 3, 3, 144; caelum, Cato r. 1, 2; forma, Ter. And. 1, 1, 92; colores, Lucr. 2, 418; nummi (opp. to adlterini) Cic. off. 3, 91; terra, Varr. r. 1, 9, 1; calamus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 b,

1; **3.** of the non-physical, occasio, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 9; fama, 1, 3, 71; mores, Trin. 1, 1, 6; ingenium, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 8; uerba, 1, 2, 3; fides, Cic. top. 66; mens, fam. 8, 17, 1; gratia, Manil. 71; **4.** esp. of men, ubi continentur ossa hominis boni misericordis amantis pauperis, CIL 1027, 2; Quod bonis beneficiis beneficium, gratia ea grauidast bonis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 108; ita existimo bonos beatos, improbos miseros, Cic. Tusc. 5, 35; **5.** good in the sense of great; cf. our 'good number', 'good deal', 'it's a good way to —', esp. w. pars, bono lucro, Pl. Amph. pr. 6; bonam praedam, Poen. 3, 3, 55; Nam hic quoque bonam magnamque partem ad te attulit, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 43; bonam partem sermonis in hunc diem esse dilatam, Cic. or. 2, 14; Iude bonam partem in lectum maerore dabantur, Lucr. 6, 1249; add Hor. s. 1, 1, 61; A. P. 297; od. 4, 2, 46; copia, ep. 1, 18, 109; Ov. M. 9, 88; **6.** blaudie compellantis, as bone uir Dore salue: dic mihi, Aufugistin? Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 11; I bone quo uirtus tua te nocat, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 37; O boue... Numquid de Dacis audisti? s. 2, 6, 51; add Pers. 6, 43; Sil. 2, 240; Stat. Th. 2, 460; **7.** ironically, Bone serue, salne, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 6; add Curc. 5, 2, 12; Bonas me absente hic confecistis nuptias, Ter. Ph. 1, 5, 28; Bone custos salue, columeu uero familiae, 1, 5, 57; ehodum bone uir, quid ais? Andr. 3, 5, 10; add Ad. 4, 2, 17; quid ais bone custos prouinciae, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 12; **8.** well to do, rich, respectable, Est miserorum ut maliuolentes sint atque inuidant bonis, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 51; illam eum esse Atticam, Bonam, bonis prognatam, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 65; Ne in re bona esse uideam (ue)quam filium, Laber. ap. Gell. 10, 17, 4; **9.** as epithet or name of a god or goddess, (Iuppiter) optumus maxumus, Cic. N. D. 2, 64; Bonae Deae sac., CIL 816 and 1426; add Cic. Mil. 87; Menti Bonae d., CIL 1168; add 1237; Bona Fortuna, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 7; **10.** bonum absol., as sb. n. first in pl. physically, goods, property, bona eius poplice possideantur facito, CIL 197, 11; Bona mea inhiant, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 121; add Trin. 4, 4, 3; Bona nostra haec tibi committo, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 62; te bona P. Quinctii possedissee ex edicto praetoris, Cic. Quint. 36; bona ex eo dicuntur quod beant, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 49; **11.** gen. what is good, advantage, excellence, a blessing, Quid mihi sit boni, si mentiar? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 23; ni uis boni In ipsa inesset forma, haec formam exstinguerent, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 57; philosophiam quo bono nullum optabilium datum est, Cic. Tim. 14 f.; bonum liberi, misera orbitas; bonum patria, miserum exilium, fin. 5, 84; uirtus in animi bouis et in corporis ceruitur, acad. post. 21; utemur bono litterarum, fam. 15, 14, 3; ita bonum publicum priuata gratia deuictum, Sal. Ing. 25, 3; ne ira obstaret bono publico, Liv. 9, 38, 11; eloquentiae bonis male uti, Quint. pr. 13; bona ingenii studiique, id. pr. 27 and 12, 5, 2; **12.** bono esse alieui, to be an advantage to any one, illud Cassianum 'cui bono fuerit' in his personis ualeat, Cic. Mil. 32; add Phil. 2, 35; accusant hi quibus occidi patrem Sex. Roscii bono fuit, Rosc. Am. 13; quinetiam bono fuisse Romanis aduentum eorum, Liv. 7, 12, 4; **13.** w. prep., quicquid agetur in bonum exhibit, Sen. dial. 7, 6; **IV 14.** comp. melior, for change of b to m, cf. *αμειωω*; for change of n to l cf. *βελτιστος* and *βελτιστος*, sup. optumus (optimus) for *ὀββῆ* minus, and that = *ὀββῆ* minus (see Key's *Language*, p. 275), quo id templum melius honestiusque siet, CIL 603, 11; for optumus see § 1; priuata ita uel qui optuma lego priuata est, esto, 200, 27; fuit Astisia uxor mihi femina opituna (sic), 1016, 2; Non optima haec sunt neque ut ego acem ceuseo; Verum meliora sunt quam quae deterruma, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 1; quiequam bonum est quod non eum qui id possidet, meliorem facit, Cic. parad. 14; *mēll-ōribūs* opto Auspicis, Verg. 3, 498; *Optimā* quaeque dies, G. 3, 66; *Optimē* Graingenum, A. 8, 127; **V 15.** *bēnē* (the first e due to 'umlaut') adv. well, melius better, optume best; Edepol proinde ut diu uiuatur, *bēnē* uiuatur, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 27; Ita me di bene (80 mss) ament meaque bene (80 Bothe, mss mihi bene) seruassint filias, Stic. 4, 1, 1; Eo conductor melius de me nugas conciliauerit, 4, 2, 14; Illum exoptatum potius? Habeat: optumest, Bac. 3, 4, 3; uilla bene aedificata, Cic. off. 3, 55; non *bēnē* ripae Credi-

tur, Verg. B. 3, 94; **16.** bene est, w. bene as a predicate, it is well (with), Nau si curent, bene bouis sit, male malis, quod nunc abest, Eun. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 79; quaeuo ut hanc cures bene ut sit isti, Pl. Curc. 4, 3, 31; Quaequidem nec tibi bene esse potest pati neque alteri, Trin. 2, 2, 71; Et tibi bene esse soli, cum sibi sit male, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 9; improbo nemini bene esse potest, Cic. parad. 19; iurat bene solis esse maritis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 88; **17.** w. words to strengthen them, thoroughly, very (cf. use of Fr. bien), as in the first place verbs, scelerum si bene paenitet, Hor. od. 3, 24, 50; paruam quod non bene compleat urnam, Ov. M. 12, 616; uix bene desieram, F. 5, 278; **18.** frequently w. adj., foedus bene firmum, Eun. an. 33 V; senatum bene firmum firmiorem fecistis, Cic. Phil. 6, 18; bene morigerus fuit puer, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 13; inermes bene multos, Poll. ad Cic. 10, 33, 4; bene (so Heins.) multa meorum, Ov. tr. 1, 7, 15; b. robustum, Cic. in Caecil. 48; b. barbatus, in Cat. 2, 22; b. longum, or. 2, 361; b. longinquos, fin. 2, 94; b. sano, Hor. s. 1, 3, 61 (cf. male sanus); **19.** w. adv., b. saepe, Eun. ap. Gell. 10, 4, 3; b. penitus, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 169; b. plane, Tusc. 2, 44; **20.** esp. w. adv. and phrases of time, b. mane, Cic. Att. 4, 9, 2; 10, 16, 1; b. ante lucem, or. 2, 259; **21.** in elliptic of drinking 'a health to —', as w. acc., Bene\* uos, bene nos, bene te, beue me, bene nostram etiam Stephanium, Pl. Stic. 5, 4, 27; Et bene uos, beue te, patriae pater, Ov. F. 2, 637; Sed bene Messalam sua quisque ad pocula dicat, Tib. 2, 1, 31; **22.** or w. dat., Bene mihi, bene amicae, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 20; Et bene dic dominae, Ov. a. a. 1, 601; **23.** in Plautus etc. often a monos. = beu, as in Ital. and Fr. bien, see \* above.

**bōnuscula**, ōrum, n. pl. petty goods, small property, Sidon. ep. 9, 6; Th. C. 10, 10, 29, 1.

**boo** or bouo, āre, or boo, ēre (bos? = βοαω?) vb. bellow, roar, shout, clamore bouantes, Eun. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5; where Varro: a boue; boat caelum fremitu uirum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 77; Clamore et sonitu colles resonantes bouit, Pacuv. ap. Nou. 79, 5; exeunt citi, strepunt, Exeunt bouit, Varr. ib.; where Non.: a boum mugitibus; toto uoce boante foro, Ov. a. a. 3, 450; boare = clamare, a Graeco, Paul. ex F. p. 30.

**bōpēs**, (ox-eyed) adj. as sb. n. chervil, Apul. herb. 104. **Bōreas** or Borras, ae, m. north wind, in Lat. Aquilo, Verg. 3, 687; Ov. M. 6, 682 and tr. 1, 2, 20; siue algida Borrae, Prud. psych. 847; Paul. Nol. carm. 17 (30), 245.

**Bōrēus** or Bōrēus, (Boreus) adj. of the north wind, sub axo Bōrō, Ov. tr. 4, 8, 41; Bōrēis in finibus orti, Prisc. perieg. 315; add 271 and 789.

**boria**, ae, f. a kind of jasper, Plin. 37, 116.

**bōrith**, (Hebr.) soapwort, Vulg. Jerem. 2, 22; Malach. 3, 2.

**bōs**, bōuis, m. f. ox, bull or cow, bones equ(os...pascere) ...liceto, CIL 200, 25; plostra...nbuis iumentisue iuncta, 206, 67; Asiui mordiens me scindant, boues (monos.) incursum cornibus, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 57; semodius singulis bubus in dies dari, Cato r. 54; quid de bubus (al. bobus) loquar, quorum ceruicis uatae ad iugum, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; Siue bōuom (al. boum) siue est quoi graior usus equorum, Verg. G. 3, 211; sol...iuga demeret Bōbus (al. bubus) fatigatis, Hor. od. 3, 6, 43; tu moraris aureos Currus et intactas bōues, epod. 9, 22; Forda ferens bōs est, Ov. F. 4, 631;

**2.** prov. of ill-suited work, clitelae boui Sunt impositae; plane non est nostrum onus, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 5, 15, 3; whence Quint. 5, 11, 21: non nostrum onus, bos clitelas; add Amm. 16, 5; cf. Hor. ep. 1, 14, 43; **3.** bones Lucae, of elephants as uever seen by Romans before the war in Lucania, Inde boues Lucas turrito corpore, Lucr. 5, 1302; add 1339; elephantos Italia primum uidet Pyrrhi regis bello et boues Lucas appellauit in Lucauis uisos, Plin. 8, 16; add Varr. 1, 7, 3; **4.** a sea fish of the ray kind, Nau gaudent pelago, quales scombricūe bōuesque, Ov. hal. 94; add Plin. 9, 78; 32, 152; **5.** gen. pl. oldest bōuērum of wh. ēr is the gen. suffix. nu plur. suff., alios dicere boum greges alios boucrum, Varr. l. 8, 38; bouom older than boum (see Verg. in § 1), and even bubum as in Ulp. dig. 32, 55, 5: in quibusdam pro-



uinciis pl. editu bubum ad hanc rem utuntur; **6.** dat. and abl. pl. būbus or būbus (see § 1); add Pl. Most. 1, 1, 59; **7.** boues at times a monos. in Pl.; see § 1; add: Boues qui continuas faciunt herbasque oggerunt, Ps. 3, 2, 23; Nam hoc argentum iam alibi abutar: boues quos emerem non erant, Persa 2, 4, 10; **8.** bouis as old nom. s., Varr. r. 8, 38; Petr. 62.

**boscis**, idis (*βοσκας*) f. a kind of duck, Colum. 8, 15, 1.

**bostrychitis**, (*βοστρυχοι* curls) adj. as sb. f. a gem marked like curls, Plin. 37, 150 and 191.

**bostrychus**, i, m. a curl or ringlet; hence as adj. curled, crinibus bostrychis, Firm. Math. 4, 12.

**bōtānicum** = herbarium, Isid. orig. 4, 10.

**bōtānismos**, i, m. weeding, Plin. 18, 169.

**bōtellus**, i, m. double dim. a small sausage, Mart. 9, 78, 9; 11, 31, 13; Apic. 2, 55; **2.** It. budello, Fr. boyau.

**bōthynus**, i, m. (a hollow) a sort of meteor, Sen. u. q. 1, 14 in Greek.

**bōtrōnātum**, quasi-part. as sb. n. a mode of dressing the hair so as to imitate a bunch of grapes, Tert. cult. fem. 10.

**bōtru-ōsus**, (*βοτρως*), adj. like a bunch of grapes, semen, Apul. herb. 66.

**bōtryitis**, idis, adj. as sb. f. a gem like a bunch of grapes, Plin. 37, 150; **2.** a kind of calamine, Cels. 6, 6, 6; Plin. 34, 101.

**bōtryo**, ōnis, m. a bunch of grapes, Mart. 11, 27, 4; Pall. 3, 33.

**bōtryōdēs**, adj. like a bunch of grapes, b. Cadmia, a sort of calamine, Veg. uet. 6, 11, 1; see botryitis.

**bōtryōn**, ii, n. a medicament so-called, Plin. 28, 44.

**bōtryus**, yōs, f. a bunch of grapes, Vulg. Mich. 7, 1;

**2.** the plant ambrosia (maritima), Plin. 25, 74; 27, 28.

**bōtūlārius**, adj. as sb. m. a sausage-maker, Sen. ep. 56, 2.

**bōtūlus**, i, m. dim. a gut, tortuosae botulorum (so Haupt cj. Herm. 4, 36; mss batulorum) inflexiones, Claudian. Mam. stat. an. 3, 9; **2.** a sausage, Mart. 14, 72, 1; Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 11; **3.** met. Tert. Psych. 1.

**bōtūtim**, adv. like oxen, Nigid. ap. Non. 40, 27.

**Bōtūlānensis**, adj. of Bovianum, inscr. Or. 5972 and 6916.

**Bōtūlānum**, i, n. a town of the Samnites a colonia, now Bojano, Liv. 9, 31, 4; Plin. 3, 107; **2.** another called B. Vndeumanorum, as so colonized, Plin. 3, 107.

**bōtūcidium**, ii, n. slaughter of oxen, Solin. 1, 10.

**bōtūle**, see bubile.

**bōtūlla**, ae, f. an ox-stall, Gloss.

**Bōtūllae**, ārum, f. pl. a town of Latium, Liv. 10, 47, 4; Ov. F. 3, 667; inscr. Or. 2625; **2.** Bouilla sing. the same, Frontin. col. p. 103.

**Bōtūllānus**, adj. of Bovillae, Cic. Planc. 23.

**Bōtūllensis**, adj. of Bovillae, inscr. Or. 119, 2252 etc.

**bōtūillus**, adj. of oxen, grex, Liv. 22, 10, 3; carnes, Theod. Prisc. 1, 7.

**bōtūnātor**, ōris, m. Hic stricosus bouinatorque, ore improbus duro, Lucil. ap. Gell. 11, 7, 9; who says = tergiuator; so Non. 79, 27, who says = malitiosus tergiuator. See

**bōtūnātur**, coniciatur, Paul. ex F. p. 30.

**bōtūnus**, adj. of ox, medulla, Theod. Pr. diaet. 15.

**bōuleutērion**, ii, n., senate house, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 50. See buleuterium.

**bōno**, see boo.

**box**, see boca.

**brābūm**, or -ium, ii, (*βραβειον*) n. a prize in public games, Solus brabei duplicis Palmam tulisti, Prud. perist. 5, 538; add Tert. ad Marc. 3.

**brābeuta**, ae, m. umpire at public games, Suet. Ner. 53; = law term designator ap. Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4, 1.

**brabylla**, ae, f. an astrigent plant, Plin. 27, 55.

**brācae**, or braceae, arum\*, (a foreign word) f. pl. rarely sing. brācat, braceat, ae, breeches as the dress of the Persians Medes Sarmatians, Pellibus et laxis arcet mala frigora braccis\*, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 49; Sarmaticis permutant

carbasa braxis, Val. F. 5, 424; pectoque iuuant subtegmine braca, 6, 227; pro patria cultu Persica bracca tegit, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 34; **2.** the Celtic plaid (Gael. breacan, from breach, a spot or stripe) Illi (Viridumaro) uirgatis iaculantis ab agmino braccis\* Torquis...decidit, Prop. 4, 10, 43; (Caecina)...bracas barbarum tegmen indutus, Tac. h. 2, 20. See braccatus.

**brācārius**, adj. m. as sb. maker of braceae, Lampr. Al. Sev. 24.

**brācātus**, (bracc.) quasi-part. wearing braceae, either breeches, braccati militis (Parthian), Prop. 3, 4, 17; braccatis Medis, Pers. 3, 53; **2.** or the plaid, braccatis et transalpinis nationibus, Cic. fam. 9, 15, 2; braccatae cognationis (referring to Placentia), Pis. 53; add Font. 33; **3.** Narbonensis provincia...Braccata anto dicta, Plin. 3, 31; pars (Galliae) aliquando Braccata, nunc Narbonensis, Mela 2, 5, 6; Vt Braccatorum pueri Sconumque minores, Iuv. 8, 234.

**Braccius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Braccius C. f., CIL 1189 and 1190.

**brāceus**, (dub.) adj. of breeches, māla, auct. Priap. 73.

**brāchiālis**, (or brachi. or bracci.) adj. of the arm, Condomus alter alterum ergo in neruom bracciale, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 98; crassitudo, Plin. 17, 123; **2.** hence as sb. m. or f. a bracelet, torquem, brachiale, annulum apponat (or aponat), Vopisc. Aurel. 7, 6; brachiale unam unciarum septem, Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 5; **3.** brachiale as sb. n. the same.

**brāchiātus**, (bracc.) quasi-part., having arms or branches, branched, uineae, Colum. 5, 5, 9 and 12; uitis, Plin. 16, 123.

**brāchiōlāris**, adj. of the arm or foreleg, musculi, Veg. vet. 1, 25, 5.

**brāchiōlium**, i, m. dim. a little arm, Catul. 61, 181 (186); **2.** a branch vein of the arm? Veg. vet. 1, 25, 5 (barchiola, Schneid.).

**brachium**, (older brācium, or braccium or braccium), ii, n. arm, prop. from elbow to wrist, and so opposed to umerus or lacertus, sortem apertam bracioque aperto literam digiteis opertam (ad sitellam afferto), CIL 198, 52; Pallium (so T H K cj., mss palliolium) habeas ferrugineum, nam is colos talassicus (so B C D): Id eonexum in umero (so B C D) laeno expapillato (so B C) brachio (so B C), Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 44; Porge brachium (so B). Prachende, Iam tenes? Teneo. Tene, Merc. 5, 2, 42; (brachium) constat ex ossibus duobus, Cels. 8, 1, p. 327, l. 11 Dar.; feminac...nudaē brachia ac lacertos, Tac. G. 17; **2.** gen. not so restricted, the arm, brachii proiectione in eontentionibus, contractione in remis, Cic. or. 59; nobis annus erat unus ad cohibeudum brachium toga constitutus, Cael. 11; collo dare brachia circum, Verg. 6, 700; Fidens iuuentus horrida brachiis, Hor. od. 3, 4, 50; **3.** phrases, leui or molli brachio, with a light hand, not putting out one's strength, gently, consules qui illud l. b. egissent rem ad senatum detulerunt, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 6; quod me m. b. obiurgas, 2, 1, 6; **4.** in uentum iactare brachia, to fight without an opponent, Sen. u. q. 7, 14, 1; **5.** direxit brachia contra Torrentem, Iuv. 8, 89; **6.** of the foreleg of animals, uel elephanti in India Quo pacto pugno praefregisti brachium (so B D), Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 26; leoni in brachiorum ossibus exigua (medulla), Plin. 11, 214; **7.** arm of other creatures, iam brachia contrahit ardens Scorpius, Verg. G. 1, 34; (nautilus) brachia retorquens, Plin. 9, 88; cancris bina brachia denticulatis forcibus, 9, 97; add 9, 92; **8.** branch of a tree, and perh. small branches, as opp. to rami, hoc uitem sub brachia unguito, Cato r. 95; (aceculus) late ramos et brachia pandens (al. tendens), Verg. G. 2, 296; add 368; brachia (uitis) tenera seruato, Colum. 4, 24, 7; (cucus) in brachia ramorum spargitur, Plin. 13, 62; **9.** of non-living objects, as an arm of the sea, Ov. M. 1, 13; **10.** esp. outlying works of fortification, muro brachium iniunxerat qua sui commear possent, Liv. 4, 9, 14; brachio obiecto flumine eos excludit, 22, 52, 1; add 44, 35, 23; Thesaeae brachia longa uiae, Prop. 3, 21, 24; **11.** of natural features, duo terrae eius (a valley) quasi brachia excurrunt, Curt. 6, 4, 16; Taurus...ubi brachia emittit, Plin. 5, 98; **12.** of yard-arms, iuteudi brachia uelis, Verg. 5, 829; **13.** of a ballista etc. Vitr. 1, 8; **14.** hence Fr. bras.

**brächycātālectus**, adj. too short by a foot, but acc. to Diom. 502, 10 K the reverse, (species) brachycatalecta pedem plus (minus?) habet quam poscit pedum dispositio.

**brächylōgia**, only as a Gr. word, Quint. 9, 3, 99.

**brächysyllābus**, adj. made up of short syllables, as a tri-brach, Diom. 479, 1 K.

**bractea**, aft. brattea, ae, f. lit. a leaf, hence a very thin plate of metal, as tinsel, gold leaf, ut aranea bratteaque, (so Laehm. and Munro w. A B) Lucr. 4, 727; crepitabat brattea (so Ribb. w. MR; brattia P) uento, Verg. 6, 209; dcrasa est ungue ministri Bractea, Mart. 8, 33, 5; bractea uina, of the golden fleece, 9, 61, 4; 2. ligni bratteae (so A) of venering, Plin. 16, 232; met. bratteae eloquentiae, Solin. pr. 2; 3. brattea non brattia, gram. Eichenf. p. 444; 4. still et more likely to pass into tt than the converse; 5. akin to G. blatt a leaf, but that is for a theoretic blac, the same word w. folium.

**bractesālis**, adj. of gold-leaf or tinsel, fulgor, Prud. perist. 10, 1025.

**bractearius**, adj. as sb. m. maker of gold-leaf or tinsel, a gold beater, C. Fulcinus C. l...bractearius; 2. bractearia, f. Fulvia Melema uixit annis xxxviii bractearia, inscr. Or. 4153; inauratores, bractearios, argentarios, Firm. Math. 4, 15; Concordiae collegi bracteariorum inauratorum, inscr. Or. 4066.

**bracteaŕtor**, ōris, m. the same, Firm. Math. 8, 16.

**bracteaŕtus**, quasi-part. covered with gold-leaf, gilt, leo, Sen. ep. 41, 6 (cui aurata iuba); sellae, Sidon. ep. 8, 8; laeunar, 2, 10; comae, Mart. Cap. 1, p. 20 G, p. 22, 20 Eyss.; met., felicitas, Sen. ep. 115, 9; dictum, Auson. grat. Grat. 8.

**Bradua**, ae, m. a cognomen, M. Valerius Bradua, inser. Frat. Aru.

**branchiae**, ārum (akin to βραγχος), f. pl. gills, piscium, Plin. 9, 16 and 69; 2. in siug. Ausou. Mos. 266.

**branchos**, only as a Gr. word, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 7, § 95.

**brancum**, i, n. foot, lupi...nrsi, agrim. 309, 2 and 4 Laehm., as laud-marks.

**brasmātia**, ae, (βρασσω boil), m. a violent earthquake, Amm. 17, 7, 13.

**brassica**, ae, f. a cabbage, Cato r. 156 and 157; Apponunt rumicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; brassica cum vi foliorum sit transferri debet, Colum. 11, 3, 23; add Prop. 4, 2, 44; but in Cic. N.D. 2, 120 brassicis is no longer read.

**brastae**, ārum, m. pl. earthquakes, Apul. mund. 18.

**brathy**, ys, n. the savii-tree, in Linn. herba Sabina, Plin. 24, 102; Apul. herb. 85; Scrib. C. 154.

**brattea**, see bractea.

**bratus**, i, f. (a foreign word), a tree like the cypress, Plin. 12, 78.

**brax**, braxis, (a Celtic word) sb. a Gallic kind of barley, Plin. 18, 62; called by Colum. 2, 9, 8 ordeum Galaticum.

**brechma**, (an Indian word = mortuum; βρασμα of Dioscorides), an abortive pepper fruit, Plin. 12, 27.

**bréphōtrōphium**, ii, n. a foundling hospital, cod. Iust. 1, 2, 19 and 22.

**bréphōtrōphus**, i, m. one who rears foundlings, 1, 3, 42, 9.

**brēuiārius**, adj. reduced to a small compass, summarized, rationes, Scaev. dig. 33, 8, 26; 2. brēuiārium, ii, as sb. n. a summary, nunc breuiarium dicitur, olim cum Latine loqueremur, summarium uocabatur, Sen. ep. 39, 1; culturae quoddam br., Plin. 18, 230; imperii, Suct. Aug. 101; rationum, Suct. Galb. 12.

**brēuiātiō**, ōnis, f. shortening, dierum, Aug. ad Hes. So m.

**brēuiātor**, ōris, m. abbreviator, epitomiser, Pompeius eiusque br. Iustius, Oros. hist. 1, 8; 2. maker of an inventory, nonell. 105, 2, 4.

**brēnic-ūlus**, adj. dim. short, Canum uarum uenotiosum buceulentum breuicolum, Pl. Merc. 3, 5, 54; cotornicum potius pinnis breuiculis quam aquilarum maiestate uolitare, Front. eloq. p. 146 Nab.; grabatulus, Apul. M. 1, 11; tempus, 6, 25.

**brēuilōquens**, entis, quasi-part. of few words, concise, Cic. Att. 6, 20, 1.

**brēuilōquentia**, ae, f. brevity of speech, conciseness, Cic. as quoted by Gell. 12, 2, 7 from Sen.

**brēuilōquus**, = βραχυλογος, Gloss. Labb.

**brēuio**, āre, vb. shorten, ceruicem, Quint. 11, 3, 83; syllabam, 12, 10, 57; sic breuiantur Lanigeri ad fines, Manil. 3, 434; proluxa, Laet. ep. praef.; horae breuiatae, Sidon. ep. 2, 2.

**brēuis**, (: βραχυς :: leuis :: ελαχίς) e, adj. short, first of space, spatium hoc breuist curriulo, Pl. Stic. 2, 1, 35; capite breui, ceruice anguina, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 2, 133; sedebat iudex L. Aurifex breuior ipse quam testis, or. 2, 245; breuis est uia, Verg. B. 9, 23; breuibus colubris, Ov. her. 2, 119; statura breues, Quint. 2, 3, 8; 2. gen. small, breue quod caput, ardua ceruix, Hor. s. 1, 2, 89; et seis In breue te cogi, cum plenus languet amator, ep. 1, 20, 8; pantheris in candido breues macularum oculi, Plin. 8, 62; breuibus Gyaris, Iuv. 1, 73; b. supellex, Ulp. dig. 1, 18, 6, 5; 3. small in depth, shallow, puteusque breuis nec recte mouendus, Iuv. 3, 226; Has inopis, undae breuia comminunt uada, Sen. Agam. 593; si diffusa (aqua, or perh. diffusa) breuem aquam faciat, Ulp. dig. 43, 12, 1, 15; 4. hence breuia as sb. u. pl. shallows, shoal-water, breakers, tris Eurns ab alto In breuia et Syrtis urguet, Verg. 1, 111; neque discerni poterant breuia a profundis, Tac. an. 1, 70;

II 5. of time short, uita, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 33; Most. 3, 2, 37; Tanto breuior ut dies fiat faciam, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 51; tam in breui spatio, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 2; respublica breui tempore ius suum recuperabit, Cic. fam. 12, 2, 3; potest aut longius aut breuius tempus dari, Gai. inst. 2, 170;

6. hence of that which lasts but a short time, short-lived, short, occasio, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 57; omnia breuia tolerabilia esse debent, etiamsi magna, Cic. am. 104; lilium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; flores rosae, 2, 3, 13; dominus, 2, 14, 24;

7. esp. of language, Breuin an longinquo sermoni est (ms s ermonie), Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 29; b. est L. Crassi oratio, Cic. or. 2, 326; ualidae, tum breues sententiae, Quint. 10, 1, 60; 8. of persons, brief in speech, of few words, multos imitatio breuitatis decipit, ut, cum so breues pntent esse, longissimi sint, Cic. inu. 1, 28; 9. of a syllable, short, indoctus dicimus breui prima littera (as opposed to long by nature), insanus producta, inhumauis breui, infelix longa, Cic. or. 159; neque enim loqui possumus nisi syllabis breuibus ac longis, ex quibus pedes fiunt, Quint. 9, 4, 61; et longis longiores et breuibus sunt breuiore, 9, 4, 84; 10. breuis as sb. m. (sc. libellus), a short statement, a summary, ut in cubiculo habere breues et numerum et tempora militantum iudicantes, Lampr. Al. Scv. 21, 6; breuem nominum conscripsit, Vop. Aurel. 36, 5; iuxta breuem infra scriptum (note gen.), Vop. Bon. 15, 7; breuis munerum, ib. 8;

III 11. breui, abl., as adv., briefly, in few words, te absoluum breui, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 30; reddam si potero breui, Cic. leg. 2, 34; genus uniuersum breui defuiri potest, Sest. 97; cum tu tam multis uerbis ad me scripsisses, ... ut tuis litteris breui responderem, fam. 3, 8, 1; 12. shortly, a short time, cum ille magnas copias habeat et maiores breui habiturus sit, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12, C 1; but Cic. in Ver. 2, 5, 142 has perbreui (not breui); fuit Aeschylus non breui antiquior, Gell. 13, 19 (18), 4;

13. brēuiter, adv. briefly, in few words, summam breuiterque discrisimus, Cic. or. 50; quod ego plurimis uerbis, illi breuius, fin. 4, 26; exposui quam breuissime potui, div. 1, 70; 14. for a short time, breuiter motus est, Gell. 19, 1, 20; 15. of short pronunciation of syllables, Cic. or. 159;

IV 16. a superl. brēuissimus is implied in brāma = breuima, dies; 17. breuis a monos. at tūnes in the old drama; see Pl. above in § 7, and cf. leuis, a monos. in Terence.

**brēuitās**, ātis, f. shortness; hominibus Gallis prae magnitudine corporum suorum breuitas nostra contemptui est, Caes. b. g. 2, 30, 4; crurum, Plin. 8, 123; 2. of time, ut breuitate temporis tam pauca cogere scribere, Cic. Att. 1, 10, 1; 3. fewness of words, brevity, Cic. or. 2, 236; 4. of a syllable, Cic. or. 193; 5. narrow-



ness, b. tam angusti fretus, Gell. 10, 26, 6; 6. smallness, guttae (uiui argenti) propter breuitates non possunt colligi, Vitr. 7, 8, 2; doni, Claud. epig. 20.

**bria**, ao, f. a cup of some kiud, date immortalibus Diis bibant, scyphos, brias, pateras, Arnob. 7, 29; bria, εἶδος ἀγγείου (so cj. mss αἰτίου), Gloss. Philox.

**brisa**, ae, f. a mass of grapes and grapestones after first pressure, subactam brisam prelo subicere, Colum. 12, 39, 2.

**Brocchilla**, ae, f. a cognomen, Valeria Brocchilla, inser. ap. Don. 7, 164.

**brocchitās**, ātis, f. projection (of teeth), seuctus in equis intellegitur dentium brocchitate, Plin. 11, 169.

**brocchus**, (or rather broucus, perh. shortened from a form = προγναθος or a Dor. προγναχος, adj. projecting, as teeth), sin ea mihi pariat...brocchum (mss boechum) filium, Plaut. ap. Fest. v. ualpus, p. 375; Broneus Bouillanus dente aduerso eminulo hoc est, Rhinoceros uelut Aethiopus, Lucil. ap. Non. 25, 27; cum deutes sunt facti brocchi...dicunt eum equum habere annos sedecim, Varr. r. 2, 7, 3; dentibus (canum) superioribus directis potius quam brocchis, 2, 9, 3; 2. a cognomen, T. (Furius) Brocchus, Cic. Ligar. 33; L. Furius Brocchus, ap. Eckhel 5, 221; labra, a quibus Brocchi Labones dieti, Plin. 11, 159.

**brōchos**, or -on, i, the gum of the bdellium, Plin. 12, 35.

**brōmos**, i, m. an oat imported from the East, Plin. 18, 93; 2. a wild oat, a weed, 22, 161.

**brōmōsus**, (βρωμος or βρομος, a stink), adj. stinking, fetid, caro, Cacl. Anr. act. 2, 37 § 209; qualitas, tard. 3, 2, § 16.

**broncus**, see brocchus.

**brontea**, ae, (βροντη), a gem, supposed to be thrown down by lightning, Plin. 37, 150, and 176.

**brūchus**, (βρουχος), i, m. a wingless locust, Prud. ham. 227.

**brūma**, ae, (=breuima, sc. dies), f. the shortest day, nono Kalendas Ianuarias brumale solstitium, Colum. 11, 2, 94; bruma capricorni viii Kalendas Ianuar. fere, Plin. 18, 221; ante brumam autem noni Negotii incipere! Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 28; tempus a bruma ad brumam, dum sol redit, uocatur annus, Varr. l. 6, 2; solstitiis brumisque, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; Brumā noui prima est, ueterisque nouissima solis, Ov. tr. 1, 163; 2. mid-winter, musculorum icenscula bruma dieuntur auferi, et puleium aridum florescere ipso brumali die, Cic. div. 2, 33; nec tota claudes faenilia bruma, Verg. G. 3, 321; Aestate me lacessit; cum bruma est, siles, Phaedr. 4, 24, 19.

**brūmalis**, e, adj. of the shortest day, see bruma; ut in brumali die nati, Cic. fat. 5; ut spectet cubicula brumale orientem, Colum. 1, 6, 1; hora, Ceusor. 16; 2. mid-winter, nix, Ov. Pout. 4, 5, 4; duobus mensibus hiemis brumalibus, Plin. 10, 146.

**brumāria**, adj. as sb. f. the plant leontopodium, Apul. herb. 7.

**bruscum**, i, n. an excrescence in the maple tree, Plin. 16, 68.

**brūtesco**, ere, vb. become brutish, Sidon. ep. 4, 1 f.; Venant. ep. praef. carm. 6, 5.

**brūtus**, (akin to βαρυς? and if so to granis), adj. heavy, brutum antiqui grauem dicebant, Paul. ex F. p. 31;

2. and so senseless, brute, ἀναίσθητος, Nam cadere aut bruto deberent pondere pressae Vt lapides, aut... Lucr. 6, 105; tellus, Hor. od. 1, 34, 9; neque tam bruta quam terrea, neque tam leuia quam aetheria, Apul. D. Soer. 9; quod iners fuerit et brntum et sensus mobilitate priuatum, Arnob. 6, 15 f.; 3. hence of man and animals, when all but devoid of sense, brutum aut elingum pntes, Paev. ap. Non. 77, 33; Fortunam insanam 'esse et caecam et brutam perhibent philosophi...Brutam, quia dignum atque indignum nequeat internoscere, Paev. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 36; ista culpa Brutorum? minime, sed illorum brutorum qui se sapientes putant, Cic. Att. 14, 14, 2; relegatus a patre ob adolescentiam brutam et hebetem, Sen. ben. 3, 37, 4; 4. b. fulmina, explained by Pliny, 2, 113; quae nulla ueniant ratione naturae; 5. brutissimus, as superl. Iul. Val. gest. Alex. M. 3, 67; 6. a cognomen, L. Iunius

Brutus, so called for his affected stupidity, Liv. 1, 56, 7.

**brya**, ae, f. the shrub tamarisk, so called in Achaia, Plin. 13, 116.

**bryōn**, i, n. a kind of lichen, also called sphagnos, Plin. 12, 108; 2. catkin of the silver poplar, 12, 132;

3. a sea-moss, 27, 56; 32, 110.

**bryōnia**, ae, f. bryony, the white, Plin. 23, 24; Scrib. C. 59; 2. the black bryony, Plin. 23, 27.

**bryōniās**, ādis, f. the black bryony, Colum. 10, 250.

**buae**, āruu, f. pl. potio paruolorum, eum cibum ac potionem buas ac pappas parent (dicunt), Varr. ap. Nou. 81.

**būbālinus**, not in Val. Imp. ap. Vopisc. Prob. 4, 6.

**būbālion**, ii, n. wild cucumber, Apul. herb. 113.

**būbālus**, (βουβαλος, a buffalo) i, m., a gazelle, Plin. 8, 38; and 11, 222; Sol. 20, 5; 2. also of the nochs or buffalo, ib. 8, 38; Sol. ib.; Illi cessit atrox bubalus atque bison, Mart. spect. 23, 4. 3. supra bubalos, name of a place in Rome; inser. Or. Henzen 6286.

**būbeti**, Indi, games boum causa, Plin. 18, 12.

**būbile**, (al. bouile) is, adj. as sb. n. an ox-stall, Enim metno ut possim reicere in bubile (so Parens and Ritschl, mss bnbili and bubilem) ne agentur, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 18; Cato r. 4; Varr. r. 1, 13, 1; Colum. 1, 6, 4; Varr. l. 8, 30; and ap. Charis. 104, 28 K; Et opportuno se bubili condit, Phaedr. 2, 8, 4; Charis. 104, 29 attributes bouile to Cato.

**bubinare**, est menstruo mulierum sanguine inquinare, Paul. ex F. p. 32; buinare, the same, Isid. Gloss.; bibuare the same, Plac. p. 436.

**būbio** or butio, irc, vb. cry as a bittern (butio), carm. Phil. 42.

**bubleum**, genns uini, Paul. ex F. p. 32.

**būbo**, ōnis, m. and f. great-eared owl, strix bubo Linn., Solaque culminibus ferali carmine bubo saepe queri, Verg. 4, 462; Ignauus bubo, dirum mortalibus omen, Ov. M. 5, 550; add 6, 432; 10, 453; 15, 791; Plin. 10, 34 and 35; buboni plumae uelut aures, 11, 137; Lucan. 5, 396; 2. fem. in Verg. above; both m. and f. Prisc. 1, 141, 18; 1, 206, 90 K; Rbenn. Pal. 1370, 47 P.; elsewhere m.

**Bubōna**, ae, f. goddess of oxen, Aug. C. D. 4, 34.

**būbōnion**, ii, n. the plant Aster Atticus, a remedy for a swelling, Plin. 27, 36.

**būbrōstis**, is, f. a poison of some kind, Marc. dig. 48, 8, 3, 3; perh. =buprestis, cf. Mommsen's note.

**būbsqua**, (qui boues sequitur) ae, m. an oxherd, Apul. M. 8, 1; flor. 1, 3; D. Soer. 5; apol. 10; Sidou. ep. 1, 6; bubesqua βουκολος, Gloss. Vulc. p. 18.

**būbūlārius**, adj. of beef (bubula), C. Vari...Fausti... uici bubulari uoui (as name of a street) regionis viii...sibi et suae, inser. Grut. 621, 4.

**būbulcārius**, adj. of an oxherd; as sb. an oxherd, βουτης, bubularius, Gloss.

**būbulcītor**, āri, (bubulens) vb. r. live as an oxherd, Decet me amare et te bubulcitarier, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 53;

2. būbuleto, āre, the same, apud Plotium rhetorem bubulcitarer, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 28; nihil amplius quam bubulcitarer nouere, Apul. flor. 5.

**būbulcus**, i, m. one who has charge of or drives oxen, an oxherd, Cic. div. 1, 57; Varr. r. 2 pr. 4; Stridula Sauromates plaustra bubulcus agit, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 30; Colum. 1, 6, 8; 1, 9, 2; 2, 2, 25 etc.; add Iuv. 11, 151; 2. as a cognomen, C. Iunius B., Liv. 9, 20, 7; 27, 6, 8; add Plin. 18, 10.

**būbūlinus**, adj. (bubulus) of oxen or cows, seuum, Veg. 3, 4, 8; uriuu, 3, 4, 29.

**būbūlo**, āre, vb. screech as an owl (bubo), carm. Phil. 37.

**būbūlus**, adj. of an ox or cow, heri in tergo meo Tris facilo eorios contriuiisti būbūlos, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 11; exuuiuae, Most. 4, 1, 25; finum, Cato r. 40, 2; Plin. 17, 111; penis, Naev. ap. Fest. 230 B 30; pecus, Varr. 2, 1, 13; armentum, Colum. praef. 26; lienis, Cels. 4, 16; utres, Plin. 6, 176; caro, 28, 156; caseus, Snet. Aug. 76; 2. lingua bubula, ox-tongue, a plant, βουγλωσσος, Plin. 17,

112; **3.** ad capita bubula, a place or street in Rome in the 10th region, Suet. Aug. 5; **4.** bubula as sb. f. (sc. earo) beef, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 4; Curc. 2, 3, 88; Cels. 2, 28; 4, 12 (p. 137, 10 Dar.); Apic. 356 Sch.

**Būca**, ae, f. a town of the Frentani, Plin. 3, 106; see also buca.

**būcaeda**, ae, m. one who is cowhided, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 1.

**Būcānus**, adj. of the towu Buca, only in a spurious iuscr. Or. 143.

**būcardia**, ae, f. a gem, bubulo cordi similis, Plin. 37, 150.

**bucca**, ae, f. a cheek, Age tibicen, quom bibisti refer ad labas tibias: Suffla ecleriter tibi buccas quasi proserpens bestia, Pl. Stic. 5, 4, 41; add 5, 6, 7; Buccas rubrica, creta omne corpus intinxti tibi, Truc. 2, 2, 39; uentus Cercius cum loquare buccam implet, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; Gallum buccis fluentibus, Cic. or. 2, 266; Iuppiter ambas Iratus buccas inflet, Hor. s. 1, 1, 21; attentī buccarum sinus perlucet, Plin. 11, 173 (of frogs); **2.** phrases, si rem nullam habebis, quod in buccam uenerit scribito, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 4; garrinus quidquid in buccam, 12, 1, 2—whatever occurs to one; **3.** durae bucae fuit (=duri oris) shameless, Petr. 43; **4.** bucca bucca quot sunt hic? Petr. 64; refers to some child's play unknown; **5.** Nec stoppō tunidas...rumpere buccas, Pers. 5, 13 of pompous words; **6.** of horn-blowers and noisy orators or talkers, notaque per oppida bucae, Iuv. 3, 35; Curtius et Matho bucae, 11, 34; add Mart. 1, 41, 13; **11** 7. a mouthful, Oret cauinas panis improbi buccas, Mart. 10, 5, 5; non buccam panis inuenire potui, Petr. 44; and perh. duas buccas (Banng. buceas) manducaui, Suet. Aug. 76; **8.** met. of the hollow under the knee-cap, Plin. 11, 250; **9.** a cognomen, L. Messius Bucca, inser. Grut. 729, 11; L. Aemilius Buca, Eckhel D. N. 5, 122; Ascen. in Scaur. p. 29.

**bucca**, see bucca, § 7.

**buccella**, ae, f. doub. dim. a little mouth, bucca bucella bucella, not. Tiron. p. 127; **2.** a little mouthful, Mart. 6, 75, 3; **3.** a biscuit, distributed by emperors, Th. C. 14, 17, 5.

**buccellāris**, adj. of biscuits, farina, Plin. Val. 1, 6;

**2.** bucellare, as sb. n. a cooking utensil? Marc. Emp. 23. **buccellārius**, adj. the same; **2.** as sb. m. a military attendant (as carrying biscuits for an officer), Leo et Anthem. cod. 9, 12, 10.

**buccellātum**, quasi-part. as sb. n. biscuit, frumentum ad usus diuturnitatem excoctum, bucellatum (al. bucell.), ut uulgo adpellant, Amin. 17, 8, 2; excoctio bucellati, Th. C. 7, 5, 2; add Spart. Pesc. Nig. 10, 4.

**buccina** etc. see bucina etc.

**bucco**, ōnis, m. fat-cheeks, a term for a fool, stulti stolidi fatui...bucones (al. bucoues), Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; bucco puriter Fac ut rem tractes. Laui iam dudum mauus, Pomp. ap. Non. 516, 18; si cum hac Rufini fallacia contendantur, macci prorsus et bucones uidebuntur, Apul. mag. 81; **2.** bucco auctoratus, b. adoptatus, names of plays by Pomponius; **3.** a cognomen, L. Pompeius Bucco, coin ap. Mionnet 1, 39; add Mart. 11, 76, 2.

**bucconiatis**, see buconatis.

**buccōsus**, adj. having large cheeks, not. Tir. p. 127.

**buccūla**, (bucula\*) ae, f. dim. a little cheek, Suet. Galb. 4; Apul. M. 3, 19; 6, 22; Arnob. 2, 42; **2.** the cheek-piece of a helmet, fracta de casside buccula pendens, Iuv. 10, 134; octo cassides totidemque bucculas...tegerent argento, Th. C. 10, 22, 1; fecit et galeas gemmatas, fecit et bucculas, Capitol. Maxim. iun. 3, 9; buccula, παραγναθίς, Gloss. Philox.: two cheek-pieces joined together below the chin would serve to keep on the helmet, and so might come to signify a buckle, but a pl. would give way to a sing., and so **3.** a buckle (Fr. boucle; cf. to boudier, E. buckle, i.e. a shield provided with a buckle) of a shield, alii galeas bucculasque scutorum, alii loricas tergere, Liv. 44, 34, 8; buccularum\* structores, Tarrunt. Pat. dig. 50, 7; cf. Mayor ad Iuv. 10, 134; and b. clypei, Du Cange s.v. **4.** part of a catapult, Vitruv. 10, 15, 3.

**bucculentus**, adj. with large cheeks, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54.

**būcēras**, (βουκερας) ātis, n. the plant fenugreek, Plin. 24, 184.

**būcērius**, adj. of oxen, greges, Lucr. 2, 663.

**būcērus**, (implies a βουκερος=βουκερος) adj. ox-horned, hence of oxen, būcēra sacla, Lucr. 5, 866; 6, 1237 (1245); armentaque būcēra pauit, Ov. M. 6, 395; pecus, Paul. ex F. p. 32.

**būcētum**, (bucitum) i, n. a plain, etc. for grazing oxen, (porta) Mucionis a mugitu quod ea pecus in bucita tum exigebant, Varr. l. 5, 34; calidi lucent būcētā Matini, Lucan. 9, 185; per depasta buceta, Sidon. ep. 2, 2; **2.** a herd of oxen, buceta in ea terra gigni pascique solita sint compluria, Gell. 11, 1, 1.

**būcina**, (bucina) ae, f. trumpet, from bucca; (the Gk. βουκωνη a loan-word from Latin) te gallorum, illum bucinam cantus exsuscitant, Cic. Mur. 22; ad bucinam conuenire, Varr. r. 2, 4, 20; add 3, 13, 1; signum bucina datur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96; bello dat signum rauca eruentum Būcinā, Verg. 11, 475; **2.** for shape, note: cana bucina sumitur illi Tortilis, in latum quae turbine crescit ab imo, Ov. M. 1, 335; tuba quae directa est appellatur; bucina quae in semet aereo circulo flectitur, Veg. mil. 3, 5;

**3.** esp. as used to summon a watch (uigiliae) in the camp, ubi secundae uigiliae bucina datum signum esset, Liv. 7, 35, 1; add 26, 15, 6; mediam somni eum būcinā noctem Diuideret, Sil. 7, 154; add Prop. 4, 4, 63; **4.** and to mark divisions of day-time, Nondum in noctem uergente die Tertia misit bucina signum, Sen. Thy. 799; cf. bucinio; **5.** of fame, sed qui sermones, quam foede bucina famae? Iuv. 14, 152.

**būcinātor**, ōris, m. trumpeter, bucinatore in castris et paucis ad speciem tabernaculis relictis, Caes. b.c. 2, 35, 7; C. Sallio Matern. bucinatori leg. V alaudae, inser. Or. 3522.

**būcīno**, āre, vb. blow the trumpet, trumpet, cum bucinatum est, aperiant, Varr. r. 2, 4, 20; saepe deklamante illo ter bucinant, Sen. contr. 7, praef. 1 p. 179 Burs.

**būcinum**, i, n. sound of trumpet, ad bucinum recurris, Plin. 9, 103; donec uña (apis) excitet bombo, ut bucinio aliquo, 11, 20; **2.** a trumpet-shaped shell, bucinum minor concha ad similitudinem eius qua bucini sonus editur, Plin. 9, 129; add § 130.

**būcinus**, i, m. the same, of a cock's crowing, Petr. 74.

**bucitum**, see bucinum.

**būcōlicōs**, ē, ōn, adj. of a shepherd or shepherds, bucolic, modi, Ov. tr. 2, 538; poema, Colum. 7, 10, 8; Diom. 486, 17 K; tome, Auson. ep. 4, 90—wh. an hexameter has a dactyl in the fourth place ending with a word, as in: Rustica siluestres resonant bene | fistula cantus, cf. Serv. de C metris, 461, 12; milites, Capitol. Anton. phil. 21, 2; Vulcae. Avid. Cass. 6, 7; panaces, Plin. 25, 31; **2.** bucolicon, i. absol. as sb. n. a bucolic poem, utraque bucolica, Theocriti et Vergilii, Gell. 9, 9, 4.

**buconatis** (palimps. buconates, Sillig in text buconiatis), adj. as sb. f. (sc. mitis), a sort of vine on the hills of Thurium, Plin. 14, 39.

**būcrānium** (βουκρανιον), ii, n. an oxhead, Taurobolio matris D...pro salute imperatoris Caes. T. Aeli Hadriani Antonini...ara(m) et bucranium...consacranit, inser. Or. 2322; **2.** a plant, Apul. herb. 86.

**būcūla** (for bou-icula), ae, f. dim. a heifer, aut bucula caelum Suspiciens, Verg. G. 1, 375; add 4, 11\*; B. 8, 86; ex aero Myronis buculam, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 135; ex auro buculam, div. 1, 48; add Plin. 34, 57; **2.** Rübbeck in \* above has bucula, but rather boucula.

**būcūlus**, i, m. a steer, Colum. 6, 2, 4.

**būfo**, ōnis, m. a toad, Verg. G. 1, 184.

**būglossa**, ae, f. ox-tongue as the name of a boraginous plant, Apul. herb. 41; Seren. Samm. 424; **2.** with a short initial syllable, Aemil. Mac. 1 and 10.

**būglossos**, i, m. (βουγλωσσος), the same, Plin. 25, 81; 26, 116. See bubulus, § 2.

**būgōnia**, ae, f. creation of bees from decaying bodies of cattle, Varr. r. 2, 5, 5.

**būlāpāthon**, i, n. a kind of sorrel, Plin. 20, 235.

**bulbāc-eus** (bulbus), adj. bulbous, radix, Plin. 21, 170.



**bulbine** (βολβίνη), *ēs*, f. a bulbous plant, Plin. 19, 95; 20, 107.

**bulbōsus**, adj. bulbous, radix, Plin. 21, 102; 21, 158.

**bulbūlus**, i, m. dim. a small bulb, Pall. 3, 3.

**bulbus**, i (=βολβος), m. a bulb, Colum. 4, 32, 2; arb. 29, 1; Plin. 17, 144; 22, 67; 2. esp. an edible bulb, as the onion, b. Megaricus, Cato r. 8, 2; add Ov. rem. am. 797; Colum. 10, 106; Cels. 2, 21, 22, 23 and 26; Plin. 19, 93 etc.; Apio. 181; 309—312.

**būlē**, *ēs*, f. (βουλή), legislative assembly, senate, Plin. ep. 10, 110, 112 and 116.

**būleuta**, ae, m. a senator, Plin. ep. 10, 39 (48), 5; 10, 112, 3; Spart. Sever. 17, 2.

**būlentērium**, ii, n. senate-house, Plin. 36, 100. See bouleuterion.

**bulga**, (uulga\*), ae (prob. from uoluo; akin to G. balg, a skin; E. belly and bulge); f. a leathern bag, esp. as a purse; Bulgam et quidquid habet nummorum secum habet ipse; Cum bulga cenat dormit lauit, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 6; nobilius philippeum quam quod bibimus, cum alterum addamus in bulgam, alterum in uesicam, Varr. ib.; eo ut uaticum ex arcula adderem in uulgam\*, ib. 187, 20; 2. the belly (wh. is the same word), ut quisque e bulga est matris in luce editus, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 14; 3. for form uulga, see \* above, and add Lucil. ap. Non. 187, 18; see uulua.

**būlimia**, ae, f. [βουλιμία] ravenous hunger (as a disease), Madida quae mi adposita ad mensam (al. mensa) bulimiam (so THK, Bernays first suggesting bulimiam, agst metre, mss muluinam, edd. miluinam, famem understood) suggerant, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 29; bulimam (read bulimiam) Graeci magnam famem dicunt, Fest.; the long i in penult of bulimia corresponds as usual to Greek accent; cf. for ex. Phronesium (so mss) nam phronēsis (=φρόνησις) est sapientia, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 60.

**Būlimio**, *ōnis*, m. glutton, a surname, Bumilioni lib. Claudiae Aetes fecit Dionysia coiugi b. m., inscr. Fabr. 125, 35.

**būlimus**, m. [βουλιμος Plut. and Erasist. ap. Gell. 3, 16, 9]=bulimia, siederaticia iumenta dicuntur cum...ieiunia bulinum fecerint, Veg. vet. 3, 35; wh. accounts for inedia bulimus, not. Tir. 166.

**bulia**, ae, f. a bubble, Ov. M. 10, 734; Mart. 8, 33, 18;

2. met., si est homo bulia, eo magis senex, Varr. r. 1, 1; 3. a small ball or boss, as an ornament, as on a door, Iussin in splendorem dari has bullas foribus nostris? Pl. As. 2, 4, 20; bullas aureas ex ualuis auferre, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 124; 4. on a belt, Verg. 9, 359; 12, 942; 5. a ball as representing the sun in a machine, Vitruv. 9, 9, 9, p. 239, 1. 21 Rose; 6. esp. a golden boss as worn by young sons of equites, neque te tam commouebat quod cum toga praetexta, quam quod sine bulla uenerat...Quod ornamentum pueritiae pater dederat, insigne fortunae, hoc ab isto praedone ereptum..., Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 152; Quin primum pauido custos mihi purpura cessit Bullaque subiectus Laribus donata pependit, Pers. 5, 31; a Prisco Tarquinio omnium primo filium, cum in praetextae annis occidisset hostem bulla aurea donatum, unde mos bullae durauit ut eorum qui equo meruissent filii insigne id haberent, ceteri lorum, Plin. 33, 10; add Maer. s. 1, 6, 10 and 11; Die senior bulla dignissime, Iuv. 13, 33; 7. a boss worn by a pet animal, as a fawn, Ov. M. 10, 114; 8. carried by a general in a triumph, Maer. s. 1, 6, 94; 9. dedicated to a deity, Hereuli, inscr. Or. 2700; Iunoni, inscr. Grut. 25, 2.

**bullatio**, *ōnis*, f. bubbling, hence met. lapis sparsa bullatione, Plin. 34, 148 (so Sillig w. mss).

1 **bullātus** (bulia), quasi-part., provided with a bulla, or boy's boss, puer, Scip. Afric. Aem. ap. Maer. 3, 14 (2, 10), 7; heres, Iuv. 14, 4; statua, Val. M. 3, 1, 1; 2. with boss or bosses, eingulum, Varr. l. 5, 24.

2 **bullātus**, part. of bullo, wh. see.

**bullesco**, *ēre*, vb. bubble, boil, Ampel. lib. mem. 8.

**bullo**, *ire*, vb. bubble, as boiling water; send up bubbles, Cels. 5, 19, 28; (spiritus) bullientes per foutes egrediuntur, Vitruv. 8, 3, 2; 2. met. Pers. 5, 34; 3. boil,

(haec) bullita atteres, Veg. vet. 2, 17, 5; 4. met. indignatione, Apul. M. 10, 24 f.

**bullitus**, *ūs*, m. bubbling, ruunt aquae bullitns, Vitruv. 8, 3, 3.

**bullo**, *āre*, vb. bubble, send up bubbles, boil, ubi bullabit uinum, Cato r. 105, 1; urina si bullat, Cels. 2, 7, p. 40 l. 29 Dar.; aquae bullantes, Plin. 9, 18; 18, 317 dub.

**bullūla**, ae, f. dim. a little bubble, Cels. 2, 5 f.; 5, 28, 17; 2. a boss as an ornament, Hier. Isai. 2, 3, 18.

**būmammus**, adj. having a cow's udder, hence met. nua (of large size), Varr. r. 2, 5, 4; Maer. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 7; Serv. ad G. 2, 102. See

**būmastus** (βουμαστος or βουμασθος), adj. the same, met. nua, edict. Diocl. 18; 2. bumastus as sb. f. (sc. αμπελος), the same, tumidis bumaste racemis, Verg. G. 2, 102; add Colum. 3, 2, 1; Plin. 14, 15; 14, 42.

**Bumbōmārīdes** (so mss), is, m. a patronymie formed in joke (from βουβος and ωμος, raw?) by Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 14.

**būmēlia**, ae, f. a kind of ash, Plin. 16, 63.

**būntias**, *ādīs*, adj. as sb. f. a plant of the rape kind, Colum. 10, 422; Plin. 20, 21.

**būniōn**, ii, n. a plant of the rape kind, Olin. 20, 21.

**būphthalmos**, i, m. (βουφθαλμος, ox-eye), a kind of chrysanthemum, Plin. 25, 82; 25, 160.

**būpleuron** (ox-rib), i, n. a plant, Plin. 22, 77; 27, 57.

**būprēstis** (βουπρηστις, ox-burning), is, f. a poisonous beetle, dangerous when swallowed by oxen, Plin. 30, 30; 28, 155; 23, 62 etc.; Veg. vet. 5, 14, 10; 2. a plant poisonous to oxen, valued as an edible by man, Plin. 22, 78. See bubrostis.

**būra** (βοος ουρα says Serv. ad G.), ae, or būris, \*is, f. the body of a plough, plough-beam, fracta būra relinquunt uomeris in aruo, Varr. r. 1, 13, 2; domatur in būrim\*... ulmus, Verg. G. 1, 170.

**burdo**, *ōnis*, m. a mule, ex equo et asina (=hinuus of Varr. 2, 8, 1), Isid. or. 12, 1; add Ulp. dig. 32, 49; 2. a cognomen, Iulius Burdo, Tac. h. 1, 58; C. Vibius Burdo, inscr. Mur. 513, 5.

**burdōn-ārius**, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of mules (burdones), edict. Diocl. p. 19.

**burdun-cūlus** (burdo), i, m. dim. a little mule, not. Tir. p. 181; 2. a plant, =lingua bouis, Marc. Emp. 5.

**burgārius**, adj. of a little fort (burgus)—hence a soldier inhabiting the same, Th. C. 7, 14, 1 (bis).

**burgus** (=πυργος?), i, m. a little fort, castellum paruum quem burgum uocant, Veg. mil. 4, 10; add Th. C. 12, 19, 2; Iustin. C. 1, 27, 2; inscr. Grut. 164, 3 and 4; Oros. 7, 32.

**burīcus**, m. a small horse, a pony, Veg. vet. 6, 2, 2; Paul. Nolan. ep. ad Sever. 29, 12.

**būro**, *ēre*, vb. implied in am-buro, burn entirely (uo way connected with am round), com-buro the same; also in bustum; cf. too E. bur-n, G. br-enn-en, where the suffix en or n is the same as in E. mourn, Go. maur-n-an compared w. L. maer-eo. Thus buro is an older form of uro, just as bedo (am-bedo) is of ēdo, cf. G. bissen, E. bite.

**burrae**, arum, f. rubbish, Anson. praef. ad Latin. Paecat. 3.

**burrānica**, potio, lacte mixtum sapa a rufo colore, Paul. ex F. 36.

**burrānicum**, genus uasis, Paul. ex F. 36.

**burrhinōn**, i (βουρρινον, ox-uose), n. a plant, Apul. herb. 86.

**burrus** (=πυρρος), adj. flame-coloured, red, burrum antiqui quod nunc dicimus rufum, Paul. ex F. 31; rubens cibo ao potione burrus appellatur, ib.; burra buculam quae rostrum habet rufum, ib.

**Bursa**, ae, m. a cognomen (T. Munatius Planeus) Brnsa, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 2.

**Bursio**, *ōnis*, m. dim. (of Bursa), a cognomen, L. Inli(us) Bursio; numm. ap. Eckhel 5, 227.

**bū-sēllnon**, i, n. ox-parsley, Plin. 20, 118.

**bustar**, *āris*, n. = bustum, Charis. 38, 19 K.

**busticētum**, i, quasi-partic. as sb. n. (sc. solum, cf. arbustum), ground covered with graves (busta), Arnob. 1, 41; 7, 15.

**bustī-rāpus**, adj. one who robs a bnstum of the eena sepulchralis (cf. Catul. 59, 3), Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 127.

**bustuālis** (implies a sb. bustu-), adj. of a grave (bnstum), Sidon. ep. 3, 12; Prud. cath. 9, 52.

**bustuārius** (implies the same), adj. the same, gladiator, Cic. Pis. 19, who fought at the burning of a corpse; moecha (quae ibi prostat), Mart. 3, 93, 15; Iatro, Amm. 28, 1, 12; altare, Tertul. pall. 4.

**bustum**, i, n. (implies a vb. buro, whence com-buro, am-buro), a place where a corpse is burnt, Paul. ex F. p. 32; At nos horrifico cinefactum te prope busto...defleuimus, Lucr. 3, 906; **2.** a monument over the same, non in busto Achilli set in lecto acubabat, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 14; rognm bustumue nouum uetat propius sexaginta pedes adici aedes alienas (incendium ut arceatur), lex xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 61; poena est si quis bustum...uolurit, 2, 64; incidi iussit in busto...Tusc. 5, 101; idem bustum in foro facerent qui illam insepultam sepulturam effecerant, Phil. 1, 5; b. consepipi neglexit, Snet. Ner. 33; **3.** met. reipublicae, Cic. Pis. 9; b. legum omnium, 11; Engadda nunc alterum bustum, Plin. 5, 73; **4.** ad busta Gallicia, a place in Rome, where the Gauls were buried, Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 156 Sp.; Liv. 22, 14, 11; **5.** a corpse, Stat. Th. 12, 248.

**būteo**, ōnis, m. buzzard, Plin. 10, 21; 11, 263; Arnob. 2, 59; 7, 16; **2.** a cognomen, Q. Fabius Bnteo, Liv. 33, 26, 1.

**būthýsia**, ae, f. sacrifice of oxen, Suet. Ner. 12.

**būtio**, ōnis, m. prob. same as buteo, carm. Phil. 42.

**butubatta**, Naeuius pro nugatoriis, Paul. ex F. 36.

**būtýrum** or **būtúrurum** (*βουτύρον*, ox-cheese), i, n. butter, Cels. 5, 14; 8, 4, p. 337, l. 4 Dar.; Colum. 6, 12, 5; Plin. 28, 133; 11, 239 etc.; Infundens acido comam butyro, Sidon. carm. 12, 7; **2.** w. a short penult. Aemil. Mac. de ruta; **3.** buturnm, edict. Diocl. p. 15.

**buxans**, ntis, quasi-part. as adj. of the colour of box-wood, pallor, Apul. M. 8, 21.

**buxētum**, i, quasi-part. as sb. n. (sc. solum, see arbus-tum) ground covered with box, Mart. 2, 14, 15; 3, 58, 3.

**buxeus**, adj. of box-plants, luci, Solin. 52, 24;

**2.** of box-wood, formae, Colnm. 7, 8, 7; **3.** of the colour of box, anates...buxeis rostris pecudes, Varr. ap. Non. 460, 8; dentes, Mart. 2, 41, 7; pallor, Apul. M. 1, 19; luror, 9, 30.

**buxífer**, ēra, ērum, adj. box-bearing, Catul. 4, 13.

**buxínus**? adj. of box, uasa, Paul. dig. 3, 6, 67 (al. byssina, or myrrina).

**buxis** (=pyxis), fdis, f. a box, Paul. dig. 3, 6, 83.

**buxōsus**, adj. full of hard wood like box, Plin. 12, 119.

**buxum**, i, n. box, even as a tree (more commonly buxum, longique cupressi Stant rectis foliis et amaro corpore buxum, Enn. ap. Phylarg. ad G. 2, 444; Nec densum foliis buxum fragilesque myricae, Ov. a. a. 3, 691; **2.** gen. box-wood, torno rasile buxum, Verg. G. 2, 449; oraque buxo pallidiora, Ov. M. 4, 134; add 11, 417; quae in lamnas secantur praecipua sunt citrum, terebinthus, buxum, Plin. 16, 231; uaginas ex oleastro buxo ilice, 16, 230; **3.** in poets anything made of box, as a top, uolubile b., Verg. 7, 382; add Pers. 3, 51; a pipe, inflati murmure baxi, Ov. M. 14, 537; a comb, Iuv. 14, 194; **4.** in pl. Prop. 4, 8, 49; Stat. Th. 7, 171.

**buxus**, i, f. (=πυξος), box-tree, buxus Pyrenaeis montibus plurima, Plin. 16, 71; add 16, 183, 204, 212 etc.;

**2.** in poets, anything made of box, buxnsque uocat Bercynthia, Verg. 9, 619, tum plurima buxus Aeraque taurino sonitu uincencia pulsus, Stat. Th. 2, 77; add 9, 480.

**byrrhus**, i, m. a cloak of a dusky colour, seruos byrrhis uti permittimus aut cucullis, Th. C. 14, 10, 1.

**byssicus**, adj. made of byssus, opus, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7.

**byssinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 19, 21; uestis, Apul. M. 11, 24; **2.** as sb. n. a cloth of the same, uestite uos byssino, Tert. cult. fem. 13.

**byssus**, i, f. (*βύσσοσ* from Hebr. būz), f. a fine kind of yellow flax, and so linen made of it (not cotton), bysso tenui pertexta, Apul. M. 11, 3.

## C.

**1 C**, third letter of Lat. alphabet, at first = G, like third letter of Gr. alph. and Heb. gimel; **2.** always so pron. in Caius and Cnacus, Gaius C littera significatur, Quint. 1, 7, 28; nec Gnaeus eam litteram in praeonomiis nota accipit qua sonat, 1, 7, 29; C nota praeonomiis sola Gaium notat, Diom. 424, 8 K; prob. also in amurea = *αμοργγη*; **3.** even before i and e pron. as k; hence the pun in Plaut. Bac. 4, 9, 19 Atque hic eus non in arcem uerum in arcam faciet impetum; and note *Κικερων* for Cicero, *κηρωωρ* for censor, *dektes* for deciens; hence too the guttural n for m in aneeps;

**4.** so often in old lang., Dindia Macolnia (aft. written Magulnia) filea dedit, CIL 54; add 117, 1186; quod h(ac) l(e)ge) acetur, 207, 12; and often so in the renewed Duilian inscr. CIL 195, as: lecion(es), l. 2; unacistr(a)tos 3; exfo-ciont = exfugiunt, 4; (p)ucnando, 5; Cartaciniensis, 9;

**5.** so too where later lang. had ch, Bacanalibus, CIL 196, 3; add 4, 5, 7, 28; bracio aperto, 198, 52; (C) Pulcri Ap. f. pro cos., on a coin, 522; Heic est sepulcrum hau pulcrum pulcra feminae, 1007, 2; ego ipse cum scirem ita maiores locutos esse ut nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratioue uterentur, loquebar sic nt puleros Cetegos triumphos Kartaginem dicerem, Cic. or. 160; see Catul. 84, 1; **II 6.** convertible w. qu and q, eus or equus (equos), aecus or aecus (-os), anticus or antiquus, see q; **7.** w. g, centum ducenti, but quadringenti and -geni; **8.** w. u cons., focus, foueo; uiuo, uictus sb.; trux trncis, toruōs; Dacus Daus; **9.** e initial dropped at times esp. before a or u, cacumen acumen, aper = *καπρος*; see also amo a uas arx (so in Erse the analogue of pater should be cathair, but is athair)

and ubi unde ut uter usquam umquam usque, for cubi etc.; see also en; **10.** in middle of words before t, uiretum dnetum frutetum for the coexisting uirectum etc.; and so in all words of this form; so too in nitor (cf. nixus); ritē = rectē; inrito cf. ringi rictus; simitu = sim-ictu, at one blow; see also sitis; add quintus for quinctus from quinque; yet quincto (so A), Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 123; and in Quinctius always retained; artus for arctus, autumnus for auct., setius for sectius. **11.** c seems to have been silent also in *lācrūma*, sacrufico in lang. of old drama, pron. prob. la'r'ma, sa'r'f'ico, cf. Fr. larme, serment (from sacramentum); **12.** c has often been dropped from the end of stem in sbb., adj. and vbb., as first, ensi-, api-, nau-, cani-, reti-, siti-, compared w. ens-ic-nlus, ap-ic-ula, nau-ic-ula, cau-ic-ula, reti-ic-ulum, siti-ic-nlosus; in nube-, trabe-, strue-, w. nub-ec-ula, trab-ec-ula and *τραφ-ηκ-* and struic-; in dic-, plebe-, w. di-ec-ula, pleb-ec-ula; in rosa-, uiola-, uerna-, w. ros-ac-eus, uiol-ac-eus, uern-ac-ulus; in tribuno-, sebo-, hordeo-, bello-, apio-, w. tribun-ic-ius, sebac-eus, horde-ac-eus, bell-ic-us, api-ac-us; in metu-, acu-, genu-, w. met-uc-ul-osus, ac-uc-nla, geu-uc-nlum; **13.** so in adj. as: breui-, molli-, plano-, medio-, w. breu-ic-ulus, molli-ic-ulus, plan-ic-ies, medi-oc(c)ris; **14.** and in vbb. sola-ri, mira-ri, ora-re, laua-re, uere-ri, experi-ri (peritus), w. sol-ac-ium, mir-ac-ulum, or-ac-ulum, uer-ec-nudus, per-ic-ulum—in all of wh. (§§ 11, 12, 13) ac ec uc are varieties of the same dim. suff.; compare them w. E. honey, day, way, Norway; auy, holy, silly and Scilly islands; say, may, show, as related to G. houig, tag, weg, Norway



(E. Norweg-ian); einig, heilig, selig; sag-en, mög-en and E. tok-en; compare the Scotch dim. lass-ick lass-ie and lass-ock lass-ow; **15.** see also k and q; III **16.** Lat. c often corresponds to Greek π, and a rustic Italian p, as *ἐπιμαί* sequor, secutus; *ἵππος* equus, ecus; *πέπτος* coctus, *πεμπτος* quin(c)tus; *πότερος* (c)uter; note the Ionic forms *κοτερος*, *κως* etc.; *κολυμβά* a pigeon, but *palumbus* wild pigeon, *cocus* but *popina* cook-shop, *lupus* (for *λυκος*), see also q;

**17.** to palatal s of Sansk. sz of Lith. as *equus*, S. *ašwa*; can-is, S. *swan*; decem S. *dasam* or *dasa*; centum S. *sata*; IV **18.** In modern lang. Lat c corresp. to G. and E. h, as *cannab-is*, G. *hanf*, E. *hemp*; *can-is* (*κυνω κυν-ος*), G. *hund*, E. *hound*; *caput*, A.S. *heafod*, G. *haupt*, E. *head*; *cent-um*, G. *hund-ert*, E. *hund-red*; decem, G. *zehu*; **19.** et of Lat. drops the c in Ital. and Fr. as *octo otto huit*; *dictus dito* (E. ditto) *dit*, *factus fatto fait*, *lac laetis latte lait*; *pectus*, *petto* *poit-rine*; *nox noctis nocte nuit*; **20.** c between vowels before i or e sometimes becomes in Fr. s, *facimus faisons*, *tacetis taisez*, *lieere loisir*, *placere plaisir*; **21.** otherwise between vowels is apt to disappear, *facit fait*, *tacet tait*, *placet plait*, *locus iocus focus*, *lieu jeu feu*; **22.** initial Lat. c before a becomes ch, as *caballus cheval*, *capilli cheveux*, *caput chef*, *cadere choir*, *cannabis chanvre*, *carus cher*, *Carantonus Charente*; **23.** at times becomes g in Fr., *acer aigre*, *macer maigre*, *acutus aigu*.

**2 C** in abbreviations, for *condemno*, *pronuntiatio ubi A littera scripta erit absoluto*, *ubi C littera scripta erit cou-(demno)...*; (Si) *ibei plurimae erunt condemnatio pr(aetor)...*, CIL 198, 54, 55; *sei noluit c(ondemnato)*, *s(ei)n(ou) p(aeret) a(bsolute)*, 205, 1, 31; cf. *tristem litteram*, Cic. Mil. 15;

**2.** = *Caius* or *Gaius*, see C I § 2; **3.** = *comitialis* (dies), A K(al) Ian. f, B f, C c, D c, CIL fast. Maff. p. 304;

**4.** *colonia*, C. I(ulia) E(q)uestris), *inscr. Or. 307*; add 2253, 3990 etc.; **5.** *coniux*, *maritus c(oniugi) quam dule(is-simae)*, 4853, add 3630, 7221; **6.** *Cornelius*, D. M. Q. C. *Petronio*, 4272; **7.** *cura*, *curo* etc., *c(uram) a(gente) C. Iulio*, 6737, add 6753 and cf. 6791; **8.** *ciuitas*, C. A(urelia) Aq(uensis), 949; add 4977, 5245 etc.; **9.** *clarissimus*, *Vibio Vero Cassiano C. I(uceni)*, 72; add CIL 140, 922 etc.; **10.** *censuere* at the end of *Senatus consultum*, CIL 203; **11.** *centum*, CIL 196, 6; add 9, 18;

**12.** *centenarius*, *Sex. Vario Marcello C.*, *inscr. Or. 946*; add CC = *ducenarius*, *ib.*; CCC *trecentarius*, *ib.*; CCCC *quadrigenarius*, as L. *Luceio L. f. CCCC*, 2357; **13.** *Cam.*, *Camilla tribu*, C. *Titio C. f. Cam. Valentino*, 81; add 2287; **14.** *cap. capitalis*, *Frontonis triumviri cap.* 3152;

**15.** *Car. Carmentalia*, *fast. Maff. on the xix Kal. Febr.*, *wh. Praen. fasti* have *Kar.*; **16.** *cen. censor*, 3816; and *ces. cōsor*, CIL 1161-3; *inscr. Or. 589* etc.; **17.** *cho. chors* = *cohors*, 484; **18.** *cl.* = *clarissimus*, 4913 etc.; **19.** *cl.* = *classis*, 2671, 3593 etc.; **20.** *Clau.* = *Claudia* (tribu); D. *Iunio D. f. Clau. Certo*, 2299; add 1815;

**21.** *Claud.* = *Claudialis*, *M. Serueni Alexandri Aug(ustalis)*, *Claud.* 2372; add 2493; **22.** *Clu.* = *Clustumina* (tribu), *Marius Cornelius Mari f. Clu. Cossinus*, 1740; **23.** *Cn.* = *Gnaeus*, see C § 2; **24.** *Co. cohors*, so 4962; *coh.* the same, 3401; **25.** *col. collegium*, 4117 etc.; **26.** *col. colliberti*, 4357; **27.** *Col. Collina* (tribu), C. *Oppius Sp. f. Col. Rufus*, 121; add 123, 3509;

**28.** *col. colouia*, 72, 80 etc.; **29.** *col. columbaria*, *col. viij. ollae xvj.*, 4544; **30.** *com. comes*, *Curatio...* *com(it) imperator(is)*, 3139; **31.** *com. commilito*, or *commanipularis*, *Pomponio Vero com. s(uo)*, 489; **32.** *con. coniux*, *Primaniae con(iugi) m(erenti)*, 1199; **33.** *conl. conlegium*, 681, 3256; **34.** *cons. conseruus*, 2576, 2793; **35.** *Cons. Consualia*, *fast. Maff. etc. on xii Kal. Sept.*; **36.** *cons. consul* often; **37.** *cons. consularis*, 68; **38.** *cont. contubernalis*, 7192; **39.** *contrib. contribulis*, 3107; **40.** *Cor. Cornelia* (tribu), *M. Pansio Cor. M. filio Senero*, 215; **41.** *cor. cornicularius*, 3473, 6791; **42.** *cor. corona*, *cor. ciu(ica)* *donatus*, 3567; **43.** *corr. corrector*, 603; **44.** *cos. conseruus*, 2790 etc.; **45.** *cos. consul*, 894, 1188 etc.;

**46.** *coos. consules*, 4360 etc.; **47.** *crem. crematus*, 2328; **48.** *cu. curauit* 3548; *curator* 7183;

**49.** *cun. cuncus*, 2537, 2539; **50.** *cur. curator*, 753, 2285 etc.; *cura* etc., 2340, 3204 etc.; **51.** *cur. curia*, 1492, 4071; **52.** *Caia*, P. *Audasius Cl(iberta)* *Stepanus*, CIL 1031; add 1035, 1037 etc.; **53.** *centurio*, 488, 894; *centuria*, 8940, 1702.

**cāballus**, i, m. [perh. of Gallic orig., equus Gabalus, from the Gevaudan] prob. a dignified term for—a horse, war-horse, charger, similisque triumpho, Praedā cāballorum, praetor sedet, Iuv. 11, 193 (195); Ad quam Gorgonci delapsa est pinna caballi (i.e. of Pegasus), 3, 118; immeritis franguntur crura caballis (of an imperial statue), 10, 60; non ego circum Me Satureiano uectari rura caballo, Sod quod eram narro, Hor. s. 1, 6, 59; in castris permansi; inde caballum redduxi ad censorem, Varr. s. p. 212, 8 R; Caballum arbori ramo in humilis alligatum Relinquit, 289, 4; Optat ephippia bos piger, optat arare caballus, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 43; plures calones atque caballi Pascendi, s. 1, 6, 103; o quantum erat saeculi decus imperatore triumphalem censorium (et) quod super omnia haec est, Catonem, uno caballo esse contentum, Sen. ep. 87, 10; **2.** in irony, a charger, Succussatoris tetri tardique caballi, Lucil. ap. Non. 86; aut olitoris aget mercede caballum, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 36; **3.** gen. a horse, lassus tamquam caballus in cliuo, Petr. 134; caballos qui in pistrinis essent, Pomp. dig. 33, 7, 15; **4.** as a dignified term it accounts for the deriv. cavalry, cavalier, chivalry—hence at any rate I. cavallo, F. cheval; and akin to it Welsh keffel; **5.** if a sorry nag, then in Iuv. and Sen. there is irony; but a word is oftener degraded than promoted.

**cācūla**, ae, m. [?] a servant, esp. a soldier's, Video cācūlam militarem me futurum haut longius, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 95; add Varr. l. 10, 3, p. 581 Sp.; *caecula seruus militis*, Paul. ex F. p. 45 M; add 225 v. *procalare*; *caecula* *δουλος στρατιωτικος*, Gl. Labb.; *caeculae lixae* aut *serui militum*, Gl. Placid.; some mss have *caeculis* for *casulis* in Iuv. 9, 61; **2.** the a seems long in arg. I to Pl. Pseud. 4: *Venientem caeculam internortit symbolo*; and in arg. II 13 and 14: *Dat subditio (dub.) caeculae cum symbolo. Lenonem fallit sycophanta (dub.) caecula*, but see Bergk Beiträge zur lat. Gr. p. 114.

**caelum**, i, n. [see below], air or the region of air, the air, the atmosphere, the sky, Crassa pulvis oritur, omnem peruolat caeli fretum, Enn. tr. 31 V; Orte beato lumine uolitant Qui per caelum candidus equitas, ap. Censor. fr. 14, 9; in hoc caelo qui dicitur aer, Lucr. 4, 132; hoc caelum appellauerunt maiores quod alio nomine aera, Plin. 2, 102; the Gk. word seems to have supplanted caelum; omne caelum hoc in quo nubes imbres uentique coguntur quod et umidum et caliginosum est propter exhalationes terrae, Cic. Tusc. 1, 43; pingue et concretum—and soon:—tenu purumque et salubre, div. 1, 130; potestne tibi huius caeli spiritus esse incundus, in Cat. 1, 15; quem caelo hoc ac spiritu leges carere uoluerunt, Rab. perd. 15; uix sustineo grauitatem huius caeli, Att. 11, 22, 2; Athenis tenu caelum... crassum Thebis, fat. 7; auras Suspiciens hausit caelum mentemque recepit, Verg. 10, 899; pinnis ausus se credere caelo, 6, 15; palustri caelo graunte caput, Liv. 22, 2, 11; e mediis hunc (montem) harenis in caelum attolli, Plin. 5, 6; (lapides) caelo committere (expose to the weather), 36, 170; uestris hic me ecce in finibus ingens Nox operit: tecto caelum prohibere quis iste Arcuit? Stat. Th. 1, 455; **2.** hence as one of the supposed four elements, Quique lumine tuo mare (mss tuo lumine mare; but Porson: lumine tuo maria) terram caelum contines, Enn. tr. 322 V; o caelum, o terra, o maria Neptuni, Ter. Ad. 3, 4; Terrasque tractusque maris caelumque profundum, Verg. B. 4, 31; **3.** heaven, as a supposed firmament, in which the stars are set, Nam neque se septentriones quoquam (quidquam?) in caelo commouent, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 117; Qui caelum uersat stellis fulgentibus aptum, Enn. an. 30 V; add 162; 218; tr. 131; Astrologorum signa in caelo qu(ae)sit obseruat Iouis..., tr. 275; caeli ingentes fornices, 423; caeli palatum, Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 2, 49; summus ille caeli stellifer cursus, rep. 6, 18; septem (stellarum cursus) qui



uersantur retro contrario motu atque caelum, 6, 17; hunc statum mundi, rotundum ut caelum, terraque ut media sit, or. 3, 178; Refixa caelo deuocare sidera, Hor. epod. 17, 5; Vertitur interea caelum, Verg. 2, 250; 4. as the home of the gods, Noctu sum in caelo clarus atque inter deos (sc. Arcturus), Pl. Rud. pr. 6; Te sale nata precor Venus...Vt me de caelo uisae cognata parumper, Enn. an. 54; caeli dicuntur loca supra et ea deorum, terrae loca infera et ea hominum, Varr. l. 5, 3; Descende caelo... Calliope, Hor. od. 3, 4, 2; Caelo tonantem credidimus Iouem Regnare, 3, 5, 1; add epod. 5, 1; 5. as the place to which the great and good are transferred at death, Romulus in caelo cum dis genitalibus aeoum Degit, Enn. an. 119; ea uita uia est in caelum, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Vnus erit quem tu tolles in caerula caeli Templa, Enu. an. 66; Hicine est ille Telamo, modo quem gloria ad caelum exulit, Tusc. 3, 39; Mi soli caeli maxima porta patet, Enn. epig. 10; omnibus eundem cursum in caelum patere, Cic. ap. Lact. inst. div. 3, 19, 3; Quem ideirco terra nos capit (mss cepit) et caelum recipit, Varr. s. 167, 7 R; Quos quoniam caeli nondum dignamur honore, Ov. M. 1, 194; hence under the flattery of the Empire, decretum patri suo (sc. Augusto) caelum, Tac. an. 1, 73; bisseuo meruit labore Adlegi caelo, Sen. Agam. 853; caelo quod in praemium cedit beatis, Macr. somn. 1, 13, 1; add 1, 13, 19; 6. and met., Salaminii nos in caelum decretis suis sustulerunt, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 9; Caesar fertur in caelum, Phil. 4, 6 (wh. we shd. merely say, praised to the skies); Bibulus in caelo est, Att. 2, 19, 2; si..., in caelo sum, 2, 9, 1; cum nostri principes digito se caelum puteat attingere, si..., 2, 1, 7; add 14, 18, 1; Quare religio pedibus subiecta, uicissim Operitur, nos exaequat uictoria caelo, Lucr. 1, 79; Dignum laude uirum...Caelo musa beat, Hor. od. 4, 8, 29; si..., caelum accepisse fatebor, Ov. M. 14, 844; (medicina) dis inuentores suos adsignavit et caelo dicauit, Plin. 29, 2; 7. heaven as the source of an unexpected blessing, Cn. Pompeium sicut aliquem...de caelo delapsum iuentur, Cic. Man. 41; quendam de caelo diuinum hominem esse in prouinciam delapsum, Q. fr. 1, 1, 7; Sed uidetur caelo missus adesse tibi, Tib. 1, 3, 90; non alio modo quam si caelo demissus aduenisset, Plin. 26, 13; 8. of the falling of the supposed firmament and so universal ruin, quid si nunc caelum ruat?—if the sky were to fall—Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 41; Mare caelum terram ruere ac tremere dices, Afran. 9 R; ut uel caelum ruere, modo magistratum adipiscantur, exoptent, Varr. ap. Non. 499; 9. so miscere caelum etc., iam caelum terraque meo sine numine Venti Miscere... audetis, Verg. 1, 137; here phys.; but also met., quid est cur caelum ac terras misceat, Liv. 4, 3, 6; Quis caelum terris non misceat et mare caelo Si..., Iuv. 2, 25; clames licet et mare caelo Confudas, 6, 283; 10. thunder was supposed to result from a blow on the firmament, wh. so cracking, through the fissure gave a momentary view of the realm of aether beyond, hence lightning; cum caelum discessisse uisum esset, Cic. div. 1, 97; Faleriis caelum findi uelut magno hiatus uisum quaque patuerit ingens Inmen effluisse, Liv. 22, 1, 11; si de caelo uilla tacta siet, Cato r. 14, 3; quem super ingens Porta tonat caeli, Enn. an. 597; Qui templa caeli summa souitu concutit, tr. 421; quoted by Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 42; caelum tonitru coutremitt, Pacuv. 413 R; Acc. 223; Summanus e caelo iactus, Cic. div. 1, 16; add 1, 92; portas de caelo tactas, Liv. 26, 23, 5; murum d. c. t., 29, 14, 3; fulmina iaci de caelo, 28, 27, 16; de caelo tactas quereus, Verg. B. 1, 17; 11. by poetic exaggeration, things are said to go up to the said firmament, Tollitur in caelum clamor, Enn. an. 422; add 520; Molem ex profundo saxeam ad caelum erigit, Acc. 402; aequataque machina caelo, Verg. 4, 89; 12. the heavens or sky as the field of augurs, proscriptis per omnes dies comitales de caelo scrutantur, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 3; multa inusitata e caelo oricbantur, div. 1, 93; uisum de caelo quod comitia turbaret interuenit, Liv. 40, 42, 10; 13. w. latitude the sphere of visible stars changes, hence climate or country, region (esp. as blight and epidemics were referred to stellar influence), (Syracusarum) haec natura esse loci caelique dicitur ut..., Cic. Verr. 2,

5, 26; Caelum, non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 27; quacro te utrum huc adduxerit caeli temperatura an terrae bonitas, Varr. s. 100, 1; hoc caelum sub quo natus educatusque essem, Liv. 5, 54, 3; caeli noxiam frugibus iutemperiam, Colum. pr. 1; intemperantia caeli, 1, 1, 3; longo aeni situ qualitatem caeli statumque mutari, 1, 1, 4; hoo animal negatur uiuere in alio quam Aethiopiae quo gignitur caelo, Plin. 1, 216; ad caeli cuiusque mores dirigenda sollertia est, 17, 19; nos sub alio ortos caelo, Macr. s. 1 pr. 11; ipse (Serum) color ab alio uenire caelo fatebatur, Flor. 4, 12 (2, 62); 14. the heavens as marking the quarters of the compass, plurimum refert ut eam partem caeli speitent (when transplanted) cui ab tenero consueuerunt, Colum. 5, 6, 20; 15. hence met., toto ut aiunt caelo errasse Vergilium, cum..., Macr. s. 3, 12, 10; 16. the upper world as opposed to Hades, Sed falsa ad caelum mittunt insomnia Manes, Verg. 6, 897, i. e. uiuorum regionem says Macr. somn. 1, 3, 6; II 17. met. any summit, as cil-ling (note the word), cameris intextis imum caelum earum...creta poliatu, Vitr. 7, 3, 3; hoc (sc. cerebrum) est uiscerum excelsissimum proximumque caelo capitis (uulcus capitis be spurious), Plin. 11, 135; but in Flor. 3, 5, 30 (1, 40) read cillum; III 18. a form caelus in old authors, caelus profundus, Enn. an. 474 V; caelus hic in quo duodecim dii habitant, Petr. 39; ubique medius caelus est, 45; 19. in pl. caelos, never caela, as: caelos omnis conuerterc, Lucr. 2, 1097; 20. Caelus as a god, Saturno, Quem Caelus genuit, Enn. an. 27: primus in terris imperium summum Caelus habuit, id. euhem. p. 169 V; patrem eius Caelum esse deum, Cic. N. D. 3, 44; add 53, 55, 56; cui sacrificare Iuppiter potuit nisi Caelo auo? Lact. inst. div. 1, 11; IV 21. Caelo aeterno Aelia Compe p. f., inser. Or. 1502; add 1503; but that of Grut. 4, 12 is spur.; cael of caelum, or rather caer (cf. caerulus caerulus) a fuller form of a-er, itself a Greek word from *a-ημι*, root *Fa* or *Fav* (cf. Lat. uannus, uent-us); for interchange of initial c and u. cf. celox, uelox; 22. the form coclum founded on a false etym. from *καλον*, and without authority of good inser. or mss; add too the old deriv. from caelare (though itself too false), caelum dictum scribit Aelius quod est caelatum, Varr. l. 5, 3; add sat. p. 199, 3; and the pun in: nouus astrologus (Verres) qui non tam caeli rationem quam caelati argenti duceret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 129.

**calāmitas** (a form cadamitas ap. Mar. Victor. p. 2456; Isid. or. 1, 26, 14), ātis, f. [impl. an adj. calamis or -us; whence too in-columis; and so ult. from cad-] lit. a fall—as of blight (supposed to fall from the stars), Herele non fuit quidquam olerum, nisi quidquid erat calamitas...adtigerat uumquam, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 33; (Set) postquam calamitas per (Bothe adds per by cj.) plures annos aruas caluitur, Pac. 396 R; annona pretium nisi in calamitate fructuum non habet, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 227; robigo genus est uitii quo culmi pereunt quod a rusticis calamitas dicitur...ex uebula nasci solet, Serv. ad G. 1, 151; calamitatem rustici grandinem dicunt, quod comminuat calamum, hoc est, culmum ac segetem, Don. ad Enn. 1, 1, 34; see also calamitosus; 2. met. Quanta pernis pestis ueniet...quanta callo calamitas, Pl. Capt. 4, 3, 4; Clades calamitasque intemperies (note the union of these two and unusual accent) modo in nostram aduenit domum, 4, 4, 3; Set ceca ipsa egreditur nostri fuudi (note this word) calamitas, Ter. Euu. 1, 1, 34; Vt nuuquam ulla amori nostro incidere (note this verb) possit calamitas, Haut. 2, 4, 15; quacunque iter fecit, eiusmodi fuit...ut quaedam calamitas pernadere uideretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; morbosum pecus saepe magna gregem efficit calamitate (a blight so to say), Varr. r. 2, 1, 21; 3. at last w. little reference to orig. meaning, disaster, calamity, populum R. calamitatem maximam cepisse (in the disastrous defeat of Crassus), Cic. div. 1, 29; si qua calamitas lunc in hoc iudicio affligerit, Clu. 201; c. belli, Verr. 2, 2, 86; add Att. 3, 9, 1; 3, 25, 1; Manil. 45; in Cat. 1, 11; pars ciuitatis Heluetiae insignem calamitatem populo R. intulerat, Caes.



b. g. 1, 12, 6; quibus proeliis calamitatibusque fractos, 1, 31, 7; magna clades atque calamitas rempublicam oppressisset, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; 4. a gen. calamitatum, Iust. 15, 3, 6; 5. if from calamus as Serv. and Don. above imply, it could only mean 'the being a reed'.

**calāmītōsus**, adj. [calamitas] abounding in or very subject to blight, uti bonum caelum habeat praedium, ne calamitosum siet, Cato r. 1, 2; famam in locis ualidis uon calamitosis serito, 35 (36), 1; (uectigal agri) nec fructibus uarium uec caelo ac loco calamitosum, Cic. agr. 2, 81; per omnes partes provinciae te tamquam aliquam calamitosam tempestatem pestemque peruasisse, Verr. 2, 1, 96; hordeum ex omni frumento minime calamitosum, Plin. 18, 79; si uis tempestatis calamitosae contigerit, an locator (agri) conductori aliquid praestare debeat uideamus, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 2; 2. gen. disastrous, calamitous, calamitosissimum bellum, Cic. Phil. 11, 34; (homines) adflictos aerumnosos calamitosos, Tusc. 4, 82; otium, fin. 5, 54; incendium (Romae) sibi calamitosum, Sal. Cat. 48, 2; quid (hac clade) calamitosus, Flor. 3, 18, 5; uictorias, Suet. Cal. 23; 3. calamitose, adv. Cic. off. 3, 105.

**calathiscus**, i, or rather calatiscus, i, m. double dim. a small calathus or wicker basket, candentis mollia lanae Vellera uirgati custodiabant calatiscis, Catul. 64, 319.

**cāl-āthus**, i, m. dim. [καλαθος; prob. akin to καλ-υξ, and perh. to καλαρος, tal-assio; not to qualus quasillus] a cup-shaped vessel, in calathis quibus aurum colligitur, Plin. 34, 157; 2. esp. a wine-cup, Vina novom fundam calathis Ariusia nectar, Verg. B. 5, 71; Expendit ueteres calathos et siqua fuerunt Poecula, Mart. 9, 59, 15; Calathi—Nos Satyri, nos Baeculus amat, Mart. lemma to 14, 107; 3. the calyx of a plant, calathisque uirentia (so mss; nientia Gesn. cj.) lilia canis, Colum. 10, 99; calathi patefecit honorem, Auson. Idyl. (de rosa), 14, 31; 4. gen. a wicker-basket narrow at base, spreading out above, ab angustiis in latitudinem paulatim sese laxantis effigie calathi, Plin. 21, 22; calathus Graecum est, nam Latine quasillum dicitur, Serv. ad Buc. 2, 46; esp. for holding wool, non illa colo calathisque Mineruae Femineas assueta manus, Verg. 7, 805; Inter Ioniacas calathum tenuisse puellas Diceiris, Ov. her. 9, 73; add 76; Vos lanam tralitis calathisque peracta refertis Vellera, Inv. 2, 54; talassionem uocabant quasillum qui alio modo uocatur calathus uas lanifecis aptum, Paul. ex F. s. v. talassio; 5. or for holding other things, as flowers: tibi lilia plenis Ecce ferunt Nymphae calathis, Verg. B. 2, 46; add Ov. F. 4, 435; or cream cheeses (perh. butter), quod iam tenebris et sole cadente (sc. premunt), Sub lucem exportans calathis adit oppida pastor, Verg. G. 3, 402; cum concreuit liquor (sc. lactis), in calathos uel formas transferendus est, nam maxime refert primo quoque tempore serum percolari, Colum. 7, 8, 3; Mollior infuso calathis modo lacte gelato, 10, 397; add Afferat in calatho rustica dona puer, Ov. a. a. 2, 264; calathum fetui gallinaceo destinatum, Apul. M. 9, 33; 6. an ornament on the head of divine statues, cminente super caput (Apollinis) calatho, Maer. s. 1, 17, 67; add 68; dum calathum capiti eius (sc. Sarapidis) infigunt, 1, 20, 13; see the fig. in Visconti Mus. Pio-Clem. 4, 3, 6 and 6, 15; 7. hence too the form of the Corinthian capital, says Vitruv. 4, 1, 9 and 10; and Callixenus ap. Athen. 206 B.

**cālīgo**, inis, f. [calleo], thickness, in use only of the air, mist, Nunc demum exterior ob oculos caliginem optatisse, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 51; non lubet scribere quotiens lunae aut solis lumine (al. lumini) obstiterit, Cato orig. 16, 18 Iord.; Transnaui cita per teneras caliginis auras, Enn. an. 21 V; Ecce autem caligo obtortat, omnem prospectum abstulit, tr. 209; crassa caligo inferum, ib. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; et ruit atram Ad caelum picea crassus caliginē nubem, Verg. G. 2, 309; add A. 11, 876; 12, 466; deusa caligo oceaeauerat diem, Liv. 33, 7, 2; septimo Kal. Aug. Canicula apparet, caligo aestuosa, Colum. 11, 2, 53; add 3, 1, 7; concidit (Plinius) crassiore caligino spiritu obstructo, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 19; 2. an apparent mist before

the eyes, indistinctness of vision, (lactuca), sanat omnia oculorum uitia...praecipue caligines, Plin. 20, 61; add 20, 95; 25, 144; 34, 114; 3. met. of the mind, Ipse autem caeca mente(m) caligine Theseus Consitus..., Catul. 64, 207; quod uidebam equidem, sed quasi per caliginem; praestrinxerat aciem animi D. Bruti salus, Cic. Phil. 12, 3; and in § 5; discussa est illa caligo: diluxit, patet, uidemus omnia; add Plin. ep. 5, 8, 8; Verg. 6, 267; Vell. 2, 36, 1; Plin. ep. 8, 9, 16; 4. as a goddess, wife of Chaos, Hyg. pr. fab.

**callum**, i, n. rarely callus\*, i, m. more rarely gallus†, n. and gallum‡ [=calc. either heel or stone; suff. um=oc; also collum and κολλοπ-; cf. Breton kall, stone] hard or firm flesh, thick skin, (Set) utrum scapulae plus an collus habeat calli (so Herm.; mss calli h.) nescio, Naev. 115; Proptereaue fere res omnes aut corio sunt Aut etiam conchis aut callo aut cortice tectae, Lucr. 4, 935; mihi calcamentum (est) solorum callum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 90; caro duriore callo, Plin. 9, 183; unum hoc animalium (sc. locusta), uisi uiuum feruenti aqua incoquatur, fluida carne non habet callum, 9, 95; commendationem in callo manus (sc. elephantis) saporis, 8, 31; uetustate callosa fit fistula, callus\* autem neminem fallit quia durus est..., Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 38 Dar.; neque aliud (tuber) quam terrae callum, Plin. 19, 33; tu illam ninem non putas callum iocineribus obducere, Sen. ep. 95, 25; 2. esp. of the hog or wild boar, callum aprugnum callere aequo non sinam, Pl. Poen. 3, 2, 2; add Persa 2, 5, 4; and Plin. 8, 210; and abs. quanta callo calamitas, Pl. Capt. 434; add Ps. 1, 2, 3; Plautus euumerandis (s)uillis obsonis in Carbonaria sic:—ego pernam sumen sueris spōtelle gallum‡ (us galinm) glandia, Fest. p. 330 b, 28; praecium omasum pernam gallus† glis glandia, Naev. 65 R; add Plin. 8, 210; Apic. 9 and 259 Schuch.; κολλοπα Athen. 3, 49; 3. of the veget. world, uua non alibi gratior callo, Plin. 14, 14; callo pira ac mala placent, 15, 116; folia quae non decidant callo crassa esse, 16, 82; tutissimi fungi qui rubent callo..., 22, 96; 4. of inorganic matter, uouerit terram callumque summae cutis solui, 31, 53; add 17, 33; salis callo, 16, 56; 5. diseased growth, imponitur pedum callo clausique, Plin. 22, 127; callis ex strigilis usu, Suet. Aug. 80; callum quod in ulmeis foliis inuenitur, Pall. 10, 28; 6. met. ipse labor quasi callum quoddam obducit dolori, Cic. Tusc. 2, 36; add 3, 53; fam. 9, 2, 3; Quiut. 12, 6, 6.

**cāl-o**, onis, [for cālōn-? and so akin to cālōla; on dhn. suff.] a soldier's slave or servant, eos tu (sc. Tyndaridas) cantheriis albis nullis calonibus obuam Vatinio uenisse existimas et uictoriam...nuntiauisse, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; desiderati sunt eo die equites pauci, calonum atque impedimentorum non magnus numerus, Caes. b. c. 1, 51 f.; add 1, 52 f.; b. g. 2, 24, 2 and 4; 2, 26, 5; 2, 27, 1; 6, 40, 1 and 5; tunc erat Lepidus latro cum calonibus: nunc est pro consule, Sal. or. Phil. 7; plures cālōnes atque caballi Pascendi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 103; add 1, 2, 44; haud magna pars militum calonum sernitique†, Vell. 2, 82, 3; lectica formosis inposita calonibus, Sen. ep. 110, 17; caput (Galbae) per lixas calonesque\* suffixum, Tac. h. 1, 49; sexaginta milia armatorum sequebantur, calonum numerus amplior, 2, 87; lixas calonesque\* cum recentissimis equitum Bedriacum mittit, 3, 20 f.; Sambucam citius cālōni aptaueris alto, Pers. 5, 95; impedimenta saginarii calones uehiculaque in medio conlocantur, Veg. mil. 3, 6, p. 76, 4 Lang.; add 76, 18; animalia negligentibus calonibus dedunt, Veg. vet. 3, pr. 1; 2. Non. 62 derives calo fm. κάλα ligna, as a wood-carrier, opp. to lixa a water-carrier; ser: calas dicebant maiores nostri fustes quos portabant serui sequentes dominos ad proelium unde calones dicebantur, Serv. ad A. 6, 1 (but?); Aeron ad Hor. 1, 2, 44 speaks of the calones as liberi, opp. to lixae serui; but note the order lixas calonesque above\*, and on the other hand Vell.†.

1 **calx**, cis, f. (at times m.\*, esp. w. arenatus); [for cal-ic., =W. car-eg a stone, also E. crag and so=rock;



simpler kal in Breton a stone, ult. root, prob. car as sound of scratching, v. caro vb.] lit. a small stone, whence calc-ulus the same. **2.** hence, like calculus, a piece in a certain game, Naumachiam licet haec inquam alveolumque putare et Calces: delectes te, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, p. 215, 10 K; and met.; so: Profecto ad incitas lenonem rediget (will checkmate him), si eas abduxerit. M. Quiu prius disperibit faxo quam unam calcem curierit, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 86; **3.** lime-stone, lime, hae (dat.) rei (the building a farm house), materiam et quae opus sunt dominus praebebit, lapidem calcem arenam aquam, Cato r. 14, 3; inacerias ex calce (et) caementis facito, 15, 1; calce arenato\* (i. e. mortar)...corium struito, 18, 7 (bis); eos parietes marginesque quae lita non erunt calcem harenato\* lita politaque et calce uda (note the change of gender) dealbata recte facito, CIL 577, 17; calcis restinctae (slaked) partem quartam indito, ib. 21; materiam calcem caementa conuexit...: non dubitauit extruere aedificium in alieno, Cic. Mil. 74; uiuae calci (quicklime) aquam infunde, feruebit, Sen. n. q. 3, 24, 4; coagmenta (tubulorum) calce uera ex oleo subacta sunt inlinienda, Vitruv. 8, 7, 8; cum ea (sc. calx) erit exstincta, tunc materia ita misceatur ut...tres harenae et una calcis infundantur, 2, 5, 1; fossicia (harena) cui quarta pars calcis addi debet, Plin. 36, 175; **4.** a chalk line to mark the goal or end of a race-course, hanc quam nunc in circo cretam uocamus, calcem antiqui dicebant, Sen. ep. 108, 32 (cf. creta qua circum praeducere ad uictoriae notam...instituerunt maiores, Plin. 35, 199); **5.** and met., Tu mihi supremae praescribta ad candida calcis Currenti spatium praemonstra, Lucr. 6, 92; nec uelim quasi decurso spatio ad carceres a calce reuocari, Cic. sen. 83; add am. 101; Tusc. 1, 15; a fr. ap. Sen. as above; Nemini Fortuna curram a carcere intimo missum Labi inoffensum per aecor candidum\* ad calcem siuit, Varr. s. 165, 9 R; **6.** hence F. chaux, E. chalk.

**2 calx**, cis, f. (at times m.\*) [a dim of a root cal; cf. E. heel; and prob. one w. prec. as being hard; cf. too callum] heel, E. Seguerie sis. C. Sequor. E. Clementer quaeso: calces deteris, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 111; asinus caedit calcibus, Poen. 3, 3, 71; namque inscitias Aduorsum stimulum calces (sc. reicere), Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 28; Quadrupedemque citum ferrata calce fatigat, Verg. 11, 714; so ferrata calce, Sil. 7, 697; 13, 169; 17, 541; calce feritur aselli, Ov. F. 3, 755; ut rudis pressit qui calcibus anguem, Iuv. 1, 43; **2.** a kick (wh. fm. man is commonly w. the forefoot), Ne tu istas faxo calcibus saepe insultabis frustra, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 54; cum pugnis et calcibus concisus esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 56; add Tusc. 5, 77; Sull. 71; aut dic aut accipe calcem, Iuv. 3, 295; **3.** less correctly of the foot, calcemque terit iam calce, Verg. 5, 324; **4.** met. as of a scion, auelli (surculus) cum sua calce, Plin. 17, 156 (so cum perna sua in the same sense, 17, 67); inferiores calces scaporum (in a circular staircase), Vitruv. 9, 2 f.; **5.** λαξ (as decap. fm. (κα)λαξ) is akin to calx; cf. Lat. lact.=γαλακτ-.

**1 candēla**, ae, f. [cando or candeo] a rushlight or tallow candle, candelas sebare, Colum. 2, 21 (22), 3; facibus aut candelae simplici, Varr. uita pop. R. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 727; scirpi...e quibus detracto cortice candelae luminibus et funeribus seruiunt, Plin. 16, 178; Me quem luua solet deducere uel breue lumen Candelae cuius dispenso et tempero filum, Iuv. 3, 287; candelam apponeret ualuis, 9, 98; Nomina candelae nobis antiqua dederunt: Non norat parcos uicta lucerna patres, Mart. 14, 43; Ancillam tibi sors dedit lucernae, 14, 40 (lemma: candelae); add Plin. 33, 122; Vitruv. 7, 9, 3; **2.** used in funerals, Hinc tuba caudelae, tandemque beatus...In portam rigidos calces extendit, Pers. 3, 103.

**2 candēla**, ae, [akin to καθος, fellow or tire of a wheel, and so to καρπω, the δ θ and π of these all excr.; see catena (cantena), hoop of a barrel] a band or hoop (of wood or iron), lapidem circiter in media arca iunctum candelis quoquouersum, Cass. Hem. ap. Plin. 13, 86; in altera (arca) duo fasces candelis inuoluti septenos habuere libros, Liv. 40, 29, 6 (both speaking of the discovery of Numa's books).

**cāpella**, ae, f. dim. (capra; cf. umbra, umbella), strictly a female kid, and prob. so in: capella scite facta (of bronze), Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 87; perli. too in: Dum tenera attendant simae uirgulta capellae, Verg. B. 10, 7; **2.** in poets, a term (perh. of affection) for a full grown goat, distentas lacte capellas, ib. 7, 3; ueniunt ad muletra capellae, Hor. epod. 16, 49; Quodque aliena capella gerat distentius uber, s. 1, 1, 110; perh. too in: Discit ab hirsuta (cf. ἀφ' ἰππου μαχεσθαι, ex c. wd. be the Lat. idiom) iaculum torquere capella (sc. the ape; quale simia manducat, Schol.), Iuv. 5, 155; but see below; **3.** a term of abuse for a shaggy soldier etc., in odium uenit cum uictoriis suis capella (sc. Iulianus), Amm. 17, 11, 1; deformes illuue capellas (of captive Persians), 24, 8, 1; so capra of the 'hirsutus' Caligula, Suet. 50; perh. for a centurion in Iuv. above; **4.** the constellation, signum pluuiiae capellae, Ov. F. 5, 113; c. pluuiialis, Plin. 18, 248; add 255 and 310; called 'capra' by Varr. and Colum.; **5.** like Capra, a cognomen, C. Naeuius Capella III uir a. a. f. f., Eckhel 5, 259; so Martianus Capella, the author.

**captiuus**, or ὄs (capteiuus), adj. [captus] of the class capti or capta, taken in war, captured; captus speaks of the fact and circumstances of capture, captiuus only of the resultant status so to say. Homines captiuus qui catenis uinciunt, Pl. Meu. 1, 1, 3; naues, Caes. b. c. 2, 5, 1; Liv. 26, 47, 3; ager, Sal. ep. Mithr. 1, 8; Liv. 2, 48, 2; pecunia, 1, 53, 3; 10, 46, 6; uestis, Verg. 2, 765; currus, 7, 184; Captiuum portatur ebur, captiua Corinthus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 193; uolpes, Ov. F. 4, 705; pisces, M. 13, 932; **2.** as sb. a prisoner of war, a captive, Idne (Id?) pudet te quia capteiuam, genere prognatam bono Ex (so Gepp. ej., looking to 5, 1, 2) praeda es mercatus? Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 4; (but in 4, 1, 7 captam w. P and metre); add Capt. pr. 27; 1, 1, 32 etc.; ex captiuus comperit, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 1, etc.; de captiuus reddendis, Cic. off. 1, 38; add fam. 5, 11, 3; Seruis regna dabunt, captiuus fata triumphum, Iuv. 7, 201; **3.** met. Et noua captiua uincula mente feram, Ov. am. 1, 2, 30; **4.** resulting from captivity, necessitas, Th. C. 5, 5, 1 de postlim.; **5.** like I. catiuo, Sp. catiuo, F. chétif, E. caitiff, bad, worthless, uicesima nona pars Sagittarii, si in horoscopo fuerit inuentus homines facit uanos deferens captiuos, Iul. Firm. 8, 27.

**cārā**, ae, f. [= κάρη, head, face] face, postquam uenera uerendam Caesaris ante caram, Coripp. pan. Iustin. 2, 411; **2.** hence Sp. cara, I. cera, ciera, E. cheer, cheer-ful, and prob. Lat. sin-cērus.

**1 carabus**, [Gael. cur-ach and curach-an, W. corwgl; Gael. carbh, a ship] a coracle, or boat of wicker covered with leather, Isid. or. 19, 1 f.; cf. Plin. 4, 104 Britannos uilibus nauigiis corio circumstus nauigare.

**2 carabus**, i, see carauus.

**carauus**, i (carabus), m. (=καραβος, E. crab), a kind of crab, cancrorum genera carauis astaci, m(a)gae, pacuri, Plin. 9, 97.

**cāro**, ēre, vb. obsol. (prob. fm. cār, sound of scratching) card (wool), Inter ancillas sedere iubeas lanam cārere (so Ritschl w. Z and Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 339 Sp.; BCDF carpere) Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46; idem est hoc uerbum (carere) in Commetria Naeuii carere a carendo quod eam tunc purgant et deducunt (diducunt?)...ut careat spurcitia, ex quo carinari dicitur lana, Varr. ib.; **2.** hence car-men, a carding tool, carduus, thistle so used, car-p-o, card (wool), and castus, clean, part. of cāro; =E. card w. excr. d; **3.** : cāreo :: sido (seido) : sēdeo.

**carpo**, ēre, psi, plus, vb. [cār of cāro, scratch, card; =κερ of κειρω, shear, devour, detract from; p, like p of serpo, a dim. suff. of iteration] scratch, cautum lege xii tabularum...his uerbis: mulier faciem ne carpio (at a funeral), Serv. ad A. 12, 606; but Cic. leg. 2, 59: mulieres genas ne radunto; genas, Val. Fl. 8, 7; **2.** card (wool), at once to clean it and separate the fibres, Milesia uellera nympphae Carpebant, Verg. G. 4, 335; carpentes pensa puellae, 1,



390; nisi herile maus Carpere pensum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 64; tristes tua pensa ministræ Carpebant, Prop. 3, 6 (4, 5), 15; lana mollis bene carpta, fibres well separated, Cels. 6, 6, p. 227, 17 Dar.; and perh. ms reading of Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46; **3.** tear, tear to pieces, Et tua dente fero uiscera carpat equus, Ov. Ib. 458; is (sc. Catilina under Sulla's orders) illum (sc. Marium), carpebat (a horse before: per singulos artus lacerant), Sen. ira 3, 18, 2; Artus in frusta carpsi et haec feruentibus Demersi aenis, Thy. 1064; uides illum qui onbosum carpit: Carpus uocatur. Itaque quotiescunq[ue] (Trimalchio) dicit Carpe, eodem uerbo et uocat et imperat, Petr. 36 f.; **4.** tear off, pluck, gather, poma, Verg. B. 9, 40; uiudemiam de palmitē, G. 2, 90; frondes, 2, 366; frumenta, 3, 176; media inter cornua saetas, A. 6, 245; ab arbore flores, Ov. M. 9, 380; de mare... aquam, Ib. 196; Ethimantus (flumen) ab accolis rigantibus carpitur (each taking a little), Curt. 8, 9, 10; ex collo... coronas, Hor. s. 2, 3, 256; erinem, Val. Fl. 8, 7; **5.** shear (sheep), which at first was by tearing, et stolidum pleno uellere carpe pecus, Prop. 2, 16 (3, 7), 8; **6.** esp. of animals eating, pluck, graze, browse, nibble, crop, alia (animalia) sugunt, alia carpunt, Cic. N.D. 2, 122; uidebat Carpere gramen equus, Verg. 9, 353; **7.** of bees, gather, (apes) e malo punico cibum carpunt, and soon after, ex aliis floribus, Varr. r. 3, 16, 25; Grata carpentis thyma, Hor. od. 4, 2, 29; **II 8.** met. first, tear or pull to pieces, carp at, pick holes in, find fault with (in words), malidico dente carpunt (Coruelium), Cic. Balb. 57; ut milium uocibus nonnihil carperetur, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 5; tua carpere facta, Ov. Pont. 3, 64; dictatorem sermonibus, Liv. 7, 12, 12; Paulum obtrectatio carpsit, 45, 35, 5; Totue tuos patiar labores Impune...carpere liuidas Obluiones, Hor. od. 4, 9, 33; carpitque et carpitur una (sc. Inuidia), Ov. M. 2, 781; nemo apud me quemquam sinistris sermonibus carpit, Plin. ep. 1, 9, 5; famam uitamque eius carpi, Plin. pan. 53, 4; ut Ciceronem carpant in his..., Quint. 9, 4, 64; quae non desierunt carpere maligni, 11, 1, 24; carpi se sermonibus suorum, Inst. 12, 5, 2; **9.** pick out, select, gather, earps ut nelis et paucos ex multis ad ignominiam sortiere, Cic. Clu. 129; ut omnes undique foscules (of language) carpam, Sest. 119; in legendo carpsi quaedam, Gell. 9, 4, 5; **10.** take from by little and little, nibble at, Carpit enim uiris paulatim, Verg. G. 3, 215; caeco carpitur igni, A. 4, 2; carpi paruis quotidie damnis...uires suae uidebantur, Liv. 9, 27, 6; Et soror et mater, nutrix quoque carpat amantem, Ov. am. 1, 8, 91; **11.** esp. in mil. lang., pick off stragglers etc., destroy in detail, ut nouissimum agmen carperet, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 5; add 1, 63, 2; extrema agminis, Liv. 6, 32, 11; nouissimos, 8, 38, 6; add 22, 32, 2; 27, 46, 6; **12.** tear up into pieces, divide minutely, cf. § 3, saepo carpanda membris minntioribus oratio est, Cic. or. 3, 190; carpere multifariam uires Romanas aggressi sunt, Liv. 3, 5, 1; nisi uellet in multas paruasque partes carpere exercitum, 26, 38, 2; **13.** pluck, met. Aetatis breue uer et primos carpere flores, Ov. M. 10, 85; **14.** and so, snatch, snatch up, make quick use of, carpe diem quam minimum credula postero, Hor. od. 1, 11, 8; luctantiaque oscula carpit, Ov. M. 4, 358; add her. 11, 117; Prop. 1, 21 (20), 27; fugitiuaque gaudia carpe, Mart. 7, 47, 11; dulcia, Pers. 5, 151; **15.** met. devour, consume, spend, hiemem unamquamque carpam, Lucil. ap. Non. 252; illic mea carpitur aetas, Catul. 68, 35; auras Vitalis carpis, Verg. 1, 388; add Sil. 3, 712; sub diuo carpere somnos, G. 3, 435; securas noctes, Val. Fl. 5, 48; **16.** esp. such iterative action as going, devour (so to say), prata fuga, Verg. G. 3, 142; aera alis, Ov. M. 4, 616; pede campos, tr. 1, 10, 23; pede iter, F. 3, 604; Seu pedibus terram seu pontum carpere remis, Prop. 1, 6, 33; **17.** so far w. abl., also with accus. merely, gryrum, Verg. G. 3, 191; iter, Hor. s. 1, 5, 95; and met. od. 2, 17, 12; uigam, s. 2, 6, 93; mare, Ov. M. 11, 752; fugam, Sil. 10, 62; fugae compendia, 12, 353; sublimes uolatus, Stat. Th. 1, 310.

**1 castra**, ac, for castra n. pl., castra haec nestra est, Acc. ap. Non. 200.

**2 castra**, ōrum, n. pl. [caid of caedo, fell, cut; and fm.

castrum, castro vb. cut; suffix of tools, cf. rastrum, clastrum, rostrum, plaustrum, fm. rado etc.] castrum, the obsol. sing. lit. a felling or cutting instrument, a tool, as axe, hatchet, pickaxe, spade etc. hence in pl. gen. trenching tools, hence mouere castra of an army leaving a place, ponere e. of the arrival; then as the castrorum metator would have the tools laid down along the intended camp outline where they were soon to be used, they would represent the form of the camp; and so castra, a camp, in castra ex urbe...ueniunt flentes principes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 100; add 1, 1, 61; Meu. 3, 3, 30; cum castra hostium non incensa essent, Cato orat. 46, 2 I; statua sibi castra faciat, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 29; add cum Arretium uersus castra mouisset, div. 1, 77; castra promouit, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 1; positis castris a milibus passuum xv, 6, 6, 3; add 7, 11, 5; 7, 35, 2; 7, 36, 2; Sal. Iug. 91, 2; castra propere mouit, Cat. 57, 3; castra ut ab oppido remoueretur, Liv. 9, 24, 4; castra retro mouere, 2, 58, 3; **2.** as a Roman army habitually made a camp at the end of a day's march, hence for a day's march, Caesar ex eo loco quintis castris Gergonium peruenit, Caes. b. g. 7, 36, 1; septuagesimis castris...Tarracoenem rediit, Liv. 28, 16, 10; tertiis castris Ancyram peruenit, 38, 24, 1; add 28, 19, 4; 28, 33, 1; 38, 13, 2; 40, 22, 1; 44, 7, 1; Tac. h. 3, 15, 4; 71; castris motis ad nrhem Mallon peruenit iude alteris castris ad oppidum Castabulum, Curt. 3, 7, 5; **3.** met. in Epicuri nos aduersarii nostri castra coniecimus, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; nil cupientium Nudus castra peto, Hor. od. 3, 16, 23; soleo in aliena castra transire, non tanquam transfuga, sed tanquam explorator, Sen. ep. 2, 5; cf. ὁ Σωκράτης δραπέτευσας παρα τῆς ἐρημολυφικῆς ἠερομολῶσης ὡς ἐμε (τὴν Παιδείαν), Luc. somn. 12; noctu ponere castra (at your aunt's country house), Varr. r. 3, 2, 15; intra stabulariorum castra, Colum. 6, 23, 3; ab his apium castris, Pall. 1, 37, 4; **II 4.** w. gen. or adj. as name of place, oppidum (ad Hiberum) quod Castra Aelia uocatur, Liv. 91; c. Caecilia, in Spain, Plin. 4, 117; castra Corneliana, in Africa, Caes. b. c. 2, 25, 6; c. Cornelia, the same, Plin. 4, 24; c. Gemina, in Spain, 3, 12; c. Hannibalis, a coast town in S. Italy, 3, 95; c. Herculis, near the Rhine, Am. 18, 2; tab. Peut.; c. Martis, on the Danube, Am. 31, 32; c. Noua, on the Danube, tab. Peut.; c. Pyrrhi, near Lacedaemon, Liv. 35, 27, 14; c. Seruilia, in Spain, Plin. 4, 117; e. Vinaria, in Spain, 3, 10; **5.** see castra and castrum.

**castratio**, onis, f. [2 castro vb.] cutting, as pruning of trees, Plin. 16, 206, wrongly biased in favour of foll. sense, for he adds admit uires; **2.** castro No. 2, § 3; **3.** castration, Col. 6, 26, 1; 7, 11, 1; Pall. 6, 7, 3.

**1 castratura**, ae, f. [1 castro] cleaning, siliginis, Plin. 18, 86.

**2 castratura**, ae, f. [2 castro] castration, Pall. 6, 7, 2.

**1 castro**, are, [1 castrum, a means of purification] purify, cleause, Campanae (siliginis) quam uocant castratam, Plin. 18, 86; siliginis castratae, 18, 90; nina saccis castrari (strained) 19, 53; c. aluearia, clean out by removal of combs, dies castrandī fere matutinus occupandus est, Colum. 9, 15, 4; add 9, 15, 11; hoo mense (sc. Iunio) aluearia castrabuntur, Pall. 7, 7, 1.

**2 castro**, are, [castrum, a trenching tool, a knife; see castra] cut, as in pruning or thinning trees etc., inter ueteres quam minimum castrato, Cato or. 33, 2; quoted by Plin. 17, 195; tolerabilius arundo castratur ante quam caeditur, Col. 4, 32, 4; add Plin. 17, 144; catulorum candas castrare, Col. 7, 13, 14; **2.** also of tapping a tree to let the sap flow, and so make the timber more durable, ea (sc. arbusta) ad imum perforata castrantur, Vitru. 2, 9, 4; who like Pliny 16, 206, was biased by next sense, see his previous words: uere arbores fiunt praegnantēs; **3.** castrate, cut, Si..., Impero, atque anctor (ej.; mss i. auctorque) sum ut tu me quouis castrandum loces, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 73; hircum castrari uolo, Merc. 2, 2, 1; pecus, Varr. s. 182, 7 R; uitulos, r. 2, 5, 17; Pall. 6, 7, 1; sues feminas, Plin. 8, 209.

**1 castrum**, i, u. [caro, card, and so purify; cf. castus pure, castus, sb. purifying; s. too castro vb.;] a means



of purification as a shrine, castrum Inui, Verg. 6, 776; castrum Mineruae, in the country of the Bruttii, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Eel. 6; c. Mineruae, in Apulia, in the itin.

2. **castrum**, i, n. [superseding castra, as plastrum did castra, rastrum did rastra (Key's Essays, No 9); hence dim. castellum] a fort, e. Poenorum, Pl. ap. Serv. ad A. 6, 776; Grunium in Phrygia castrum, ps. Nep. Alc. 9, 3; 2. hence geogr. names, C. Truentinum, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 B; C. Laurens, Varr. ap. Serv. ad A. 9, 7; C. Album, in Spain, where Hamilcar was killed, Liv. 24, 41, 3; C. Nouum, in Etruria, Vitali praef(ecto) Cast(ri) Nou(i), inser. Or. 148; add 1009 (bis); the inhab. Castro-nouani, ib.; add 5550 and 5559.

**catēna**, ae, f. [?] [for catēna for lanto-erna, and so akin to λαμπ-ω) and so akin to καθ-ος tire or fellow of a wheel, as also to καμπτ-ω bend, as also to Lat. cam-urus; hence all but one w. cand-ela, a band wh. see] a hoop (as of a barrel) in eum orbem tris catenas indito; eas catenas cum orbibus clavis ferreis corrigito. Orbem ex ulmo aut ex corilo facito, Cato r. 18, 9; 2. also a band of wood, a tie, esp. as used in building an arch, hi asseres catenis...elavis ferreis religitur caequo catenae ex ea materia comparentur, cui... id est e buxo, iunipero..., Vit. 7, 3, 1; eos (asseres) catenis ligneis...suspendemus, Pall. 1, 13, 1; ulms et fraxinus catenis utiles habentur, 12, 15, 2; II 3. in pl. catenae, arum, a chain, His indito catenas siugularias, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 3; add Men. 1, 1, 3 and 8; nuuc intellego Redauspicandum esse in catenas denno, 3, 5, 109; homiubus miseris inici catenas imperat, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 106; in catenas coniecit, Caes. b. g. 1, 47 f.; add 5, 27, 2; in catenis habiturum, Sal. Iug. 64, 5; qui Pleminium in catenas conicerent, Liv. 29, 21, 2; catenis aureis unxit, Vell. 2, 82, 3; add Tac. li. 3, 31; 4. hence w. distrib. num. of more than one chain, trinis catenis unctis, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 5; and we shd. prob. read trecenae (not trecntae) Pirithoum cohēnt catenae, in Hor. od. 3, 4, 79; add 1, 29, 5; 1, 37, 20; 3, 11, 45; Vit. 7, 3; 5. in poets and late prose, catēna a chain, catenam Saepe ex anellis reddit pendētibus ex se, Lucr. 6, 910; silici restrictus membra catēna, Catul. 64, 296; hunc tu compesce catēna, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 63; Libera Romanae subiecit colla catēnae, Tib. 4, 1, 117; add 4, 5, 15; ostiarius ueteri more in catēna, Suet. Rhet. 3; 6. demissum caelo catēna aurea, Suet. Aug. 94; a chain as an ornament, discurrant etēnae (aureae) circa (feminarum) latera, Plin. 33, 40; 7. met., hanc beluam (sc. Clodium) coustrictam legum sacratarum catēnis, Cic. Sest. 16; fatum est indeclinabilis series rerum et catēna, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 1; quae Graeci in catēnas ligant, Quint. 5, 14, 32; 8. in Lucr. 2, 630 Lachm.'s cj., quod armis Ludunt, now accepted.

### caueo,

cauē in the imper. has gen. ē as if it came from an obsol. cauō cauēre, as Serv. ad A. 4, 409 says; but shd. prob. be pronounced in old drama as cau (cf. fer, dic, es, which have lost the same e), cf. too Cic. div. 2, 84: quidam caricas Canno aduectas uendens Caueas clamitabat, w. the remark: monitum ab eo Crassum caueret ne iret (caue ne cas); exx. of ē, Fac fidele sis fidelis caue fidem fluxam geras, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 79; +50 other ex.; add Naev. tr. 41 R; com. 46 and 82; Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 29 etc.; Acc. 191, 304 and 456 R; Catul. 50, 18 and 19; Hor. s. 2, 3, 38; 2, 3, 177; 2, 5, 75; Ov. ep. 1, 13, 19, etc.; yet twice long in Bacch. metre in Pl. as: Molliter sustine me: cauō ne cadam, Ps. 5, 2, 7; Duc me amabo. Cauē ne cadas: asta, Most. 1, 4, 11; add Lucr. 2, 755; Cauē caue: namque in malos acerrimus..., Hor. epod. 6, 11; add ep. 1, 6, 32; Ov. M. 2, 89; a. a. 1, 753.

**cauilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. [see below cauillor] quibbling, Pone hoc sis: aufer cauillam: none of your quibbling, non ego nunc nugas ago, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 11; Nam si reuolnas quid cauilla saeuiss? Mart. C. 4 f., p. 137, 1 Eyss.; 2. perh. from caueo, the many provisions in legal

documents passing w. the ignorant for quibbles; perh. fm. cap-io, cf. captio, cauillab-undns partic. iter. [cauilla-ri], quibbling, Tert. auim. 34 f.

**cauillatio**, onis, f. [id.] quibbling, nemo meliores dabit...Cauillationes\* adsentatiunculas, Pl. St. 1, 3, 75; Cauillationes\* uis opinor dicere, Truc. 3, 2, 17; inter consules magis cauillatio quam magna contentio de prouinciis fuit, Liv. 42, 32, 1; cauillatious quam Graeci σωριστην appel-lauerunt, Pomp. dig. 5, 16, 177; Iulian. 5, 17, 65; ut omnem effugiam cauillationem, Quint. 1, 5, 38; add 2, 14, 5, 2, 17, 7 etc.; 2. hence a quibbling joke, Suet. Tib. 57 f.; add Vesp. 23; Gram. 3; Val. M. 2, 6, 7; 3. gen. chaffing, a jesting attack, as defined by Cic. or. 2, 218, (genus) facetiarum aequabiliter in omni sermone fusum; iocosa calumniatio, Paul. ex F. 45; 4. note pron. as cauillationes in Pl.\*; see also

**cauillator**, ōris, m. a quibbler, one who cavils, cauillatoribus istis abunde responderimus, Sen. ep. 102, 20; 2. esp. a quibbling joker, one given to chaffing, a jester, Vel cauillator factus uel coniuua commodus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 47; Dicax sum factus: iam sum cauillor (trisyl.; see cauillatio § 4), probus, followed by a pun in: Ita ut pauillum differant a cauillibus (i. e. cauibus), Truc. 3, 2, 15; cauillor facie magis quam facietis ridiculus, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 2; cauillor et nimis ridiculus, Gell. 4, 20, 3.

**cauillatrix**, icis, f. [cauillor], one who quibbles or cavils, legalis cauillatrix, Quint. 2, 15, 25; arguta uerborum cauillatrix, 7, 3, 14.

**cauillatus**, ūs, m. =cauillatio, Apul. M. 8, 25.  
**cauillor**, ari, vb. refl. dim. [cauilla], quibble, cavil, pick holes, cauillari tum tribuni et populum exsoluere religione uelle, priuatum eo tempore Quinctium fuisse quum sacramento adacti sint, Liv. 3, 20, 4; add perh. 5, 15, 4; eodem postero die...cauillante circa erus indignatum (Apellem) prospexisse, denuntiantem ne supra crepidam sutor iudicaret, Plin. 35, 85; 2. w. acc. quibble about, cavil at, pick holes in, make little difficulties about, carp at, uerba patrum cauillantem, Tac. an. 1, 46; si quis uerba cauillatus impntauerit matri..., Ulp. dig. 38, 17, 2, 44; hanc artem (grammaticam) ut ieiunam cauillantur, Quint. 1, 4, 5; eorum fata, Val. M. 9, 12, 8; 3. jest, joke, have a chaffing bout, hominem petulantem modestum reddo;... iam familiariter cum ipso cauillor ac iocor; Cic. Att. 2, 1, 5; tribunos plebei cauillans et Volerones uocare, Liv. 2, 58 f.; cum Aebutio se amatore cauillari, 39, 13, 3; saepe cum populo cauillatus est, Suet. Tit. 8; 4. w. acc. have one's joke about, togam sum eius praetextam quod erat adeptus Caesare consule magno hominum risu cauillatus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; ad deos usque cauillandis demētis animis iusta supplicia pendit, Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 8;

II 5. say jestingly, in eo etiam cauillatus est aestate graue esse anreum amiculum (wh. he was taking from a statue of Jupiter), hieme frigidum, Cic. N. D. 3, 83; 6. w. acc. and inf. use words in a quibbling way, pisces non sine ullo sono sunt; stidorem eum (enim?) dentibus fieri cauillatur, Plin. 11, 267; 7. as pass., Tert. res. carn. 21 f. and perh. Apul. M. 3, 19; 8. prob. grew out of the abundant use of caueo in law lang., which to the ignorant seemed founded on idle distinctions.

**cauillōsus**, adj. [cauilla], full of quibbles, Firm. Math. 58.

**cauillum**, i, n. =canilla, Apul. M. 1, 7; Aurel. V. 9, 14; =cauillatio, id est irrisio, Paul. ex F. 46.

**cē**, [like en shortened from cen, for cene] (cf. fer dic for fere, dice) imper. of an obsol. vb. cou or gon (see gloy-n-ose-o); lit. look, only found as suff. of demonstr., as hiee hosee etc.; istosce istasce etc., illoseo illasce; 2. also w. modified vowel if a suff. w. init. cons. be added, as hi-ci-nē, illi-ci-nē, isti-ci-nē; nun-ci-nē, si-ci-nē, cf. tu-ti-met undi-que indī-dem; and see § 4; 3. w. loss of o in hic, istio, illic etc., nuu-c, tun-c, si-c; 4. a common error is to write ce in the forms of § 2; but a single c is found in the CLL, as hoice (=huic) 197; hoce (acc.) 196, 26 and 1291; hoce (abl.) 1291; haacc, 197, 13; haec, 197, 7 and 8 etc.; haice acc. pl. 196, 23; also in the palimps. and B of



Plaut., as hicine, Pers. 4, 3, 74; Trin. 4, 3, 67; haecine or haccin, Pers. 4, 3, 75; Merc. 4, 4, 13; illicine, Ps. 4, 1, 44; istacine, 3, 2, 58; istocine, 1, 1, 81; istucine, Merc. 3, 4, 35; sicine, Ps. 1, 3, 79; Pers. 1, 1, 43; Poen. 1, 2, 173; so the Bemb. of Ter. has hicine, Andr. 5, 4, 4; Ad. 4, 5, 75; Ph. 3, 2, 24 and 5, 9, 3; hocrine, Andr. 1, 5, 1 (bis); 1, 2, 15; Eun. 4, 3, 2; Ad. 2, 2, 29; 3, 2, 6; istocine, 4, 7, 4; sicino, Andr. 4, 2, 6; Euu. 1, 2, 19; 4, 7, 31; Haut. 4, 3, 13; Ad. 1, 2, 48; nuncine, Andr. 4, 1, 60; 5. strangely Catul. is said to have sicine in 64, 132 and 134; and 77, 3; 6. the assumed cen, one w. Eng. ken and con, and w. Lith. kat; also akin to ecce.

**cēdō**, [from ce, suff. of demonstr. + do = da (cf. *dos, di-dō-μi, δω-ρον, do-num*); so Hand— but rather for cēn-o an old pron. adv. of demonstr. (see ce, cit-ro, hic) of which *ō* (once prob. *ō*) = suffix of adv. ill-o, ist-o, huc (ho + ce), cit-ro etc.; w. the meaning here (=hither), G. her damit, and so often admits the transl. give (me)], E. Cedo† manum. H. Manum? E. Manum inquam cedo tuam actutum. H. Teue, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 58; add Bac. 4, 4, 72; Most. 1, 4, 19; Ps. 4, 6, 3; Pers. 4, 2, 43; Rud. 1, 4, 22; dexteram, Poen. 1, 2, 102; Curc. 2, 3, 28; dextram, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 84; sinum, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 75; sortes mihi, Cas. 2, 6, 11; ceram ac linum, Bac. 4, 4, 96; argentum, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 42\*; cape cedo\*, 5, 8, 57; pedem tuum, Pacuv. 244 R; cedo si quid ab Attico, Cic. Att. 16, 13, 1; orationes, Brut. 295; cedo mihi Verris testimonium, uideamus quid dixerit: 'Ab accusatore...' Verr. 2, 1, 84; cedo mihi leges Atinias, Furias, ipsam Voconiam, 2, 1, 109; cedo tabulas: dilue crimen hoc dum ego tabulas adspicere possim, 2, 4, 43; inuenisti tu librum? beasti; cedo enim (sc. librum): experiamur an..., Apul. mag. 37—misinterpreted by Hand 2, 13; Don. ad Andr. 4, 3, 15 says: cedo porrigentis est manum; 2. w. acc. of person, bring (me), produce, hominem, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 41\*; conuiuas, Ps. 3, 2, 101\*; alios, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 6; uxorem, Ph. 5, 8, 42; ipsum, Ad. 3, 4, 38\*; 3. w. ut and subj., P. hunc seruaui semper mecum una anulum...; T. cedo ut inspiciam, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 54; D. Callidamates, Callidamates nigila. C. Vigilo; cedo ut bibam—give me something to drink (wh. ut = quod), Most. 2, 1, 26; 4. and without ut, deme soleas, cedo† bibam, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 16; (cf. Siquidem mihi saltandum est, tum uos date bibat tibicini, St. 5, 5, 16); II 5. look here, in direct question; and so tell (me), pray, prithee, eh? in older writers, not affecting mood of following vb. and so w. questions, Cedo† si hac urbe abis, amorem te hic relictum putas? Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 69; Cedo† iam mihi, quid es facturus? Ps. 1, 3, 153; Cedo qui uestram rempublicam tantam amissis tam cito, Naev. ap. Cic. sen. 20; Cedorum, cnumquam iniuriam audisti mihi scriptam dicam? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 15—wh. note the addition of dum; cedo igitur, quid faciam Daue?—what am I to do? Andr. 2, 3, 9; cedo† quid iurgabit tecum? 2, 3, 15; add 4, 4, 24; Haut. 3, 3, 36; Ph. 2, 2, 15; cedo, si uos in eo loco essetis, quid aliud fecissetis? Cato orat. 71, 9 I; 6. so far cedo precedes all; but also following, esp. as last word, pray, eh? quid id est, cedo\*? Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 43; Qui ego istuc credam, cedo\*? (Fleck. divides the pass. otherwise), Curc. 5, 2, 67; quid te ergo alind sollicitat, cedo\*? Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 82; nomen mulieri cedo† quid sit in quaeratur Philiterae, Haut. 4, 1, 49, where the place of cedo violates Hand's canon (2, 14) that cedo is always first or last in an interr., never in media sententia; qui cedo\*? how so pray? Andr. 1, 1, 123; Intellego: Noua nunc religio in te istaec incessit, cedo? 4, 3, 15, wh. a beginning assertion ends in a question, eh? isn't it so? 7. introduces indirect question in Cic. as: cedo qui sit ordo somniorum, div. 2, 146; cedo qui Sienlo...ciuis Romanus cognitor factus unquam sit, Verr. 2, 2, 106; 8. w. acc., tell (me), let (me) see, cedo istuc tuum consilium; quid id est? Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 91; cedo reliqua, Cic. Att. 9, 8, 3; cedo mihi istorum deorum liuimenta atque formas, N. D. 1, 75; 9. w. acc. of person, name, give the name of, Postremo aut desine aut cedo quemuis arbitrum, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 43; cedo mihi unum...qui octupli damnatus sit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 29; 10. elliptic in: Nam

seclus intra so tacitum qui cogitat ullum, Facti crimen habet. Cēdō, si conata peregit (sc. quid censeas?), Iuv. 13, 210; cēdō si breue parui Sortita est lateris...? 6, 504; III 11. cete for pl. for ceditae, as though cedo had been in itself an imperativo (as indeed Diom. 346, 16 K; Char. 563, 19; prob. Prisc. 1, 420, 15; Prob. 38, 16; Sacerd. (Endl.) p. 68; Non. p. 84 f. made it); Cete (but cedo? for metre's sake) manus uestras measquo accipite, Enn. tr. 320 V; Oeneum aliquis cete in conspectum, aut nos ubiubi est ducite, Acc. (for the pl. w. aliquis cf. Erotium aliquis cuocate, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 111); add corrupt pass. from Naev. and Pac., all from Non. 84; cete patri meo, Pl. as quoted by Cledon. 59, 22 K; Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 4, certe dextras nunciam has been changed by ej. to cete d. n.; but the form dextera alone known to Pl.; perh. cete dexteras cito (or mihi).

**cena**, (not caena or coena), ac, f. [?] dinner, L. Papius, I. f. Ter. Pollio...enam colonis Senuisanis et Papiis, CIL 1199; numquo foras Vocatus (es) ad cenam? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 70; Quot adeo cenae (so A B, not caenae or coenae; so also 69 and 70), quas defleui mortuae! St. 1, 3, 58; pisciculos minutos ferre obolo in ceum seni, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 32; the Bemb. of Ter. always cen.; iure nigro quod cenae caput erat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; cena haec fuit, ante cenam echinos ostras crudas...purpuras: in cena sumina sinciput aprugnum...panes Picentes, Sall. ap. Macr. s. 3, 13, 12; heus tu, promittis ad cenam nec uenis, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; cenam col(onis) dedit, inscr. Or. 3863, and 3900; liceatque ei census omnibus publicis inter centumuiros interesse, 4046; 2. phrases, to give a dinner, eos cenas et facere (give dinners) et obire, Cic. Att. 9, 13, 6; cf. fam. 9, 24, 2; si cenam tibi facerem, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 5; hunc ego uocant (invited) ad cenam, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 9; ad cenam inuitat, fam. 7, 9, 3; add Sall. ap. Macr. s. 3, 13, 7; 3. in later ages cena came to signify supper, cena apud antiquos dicebatur quod nunc est prandium: uesperna quam nunc cenam appellamus, Paul. ex F. p. 54; meridianum cibum cenam uocabant, ib. 223; add Fest. 339 b, 14.

**censeo** (cēseo\*), cēre, ui, sus or situs [fm. an obsol. censi-s; root cen, puncture, whence part. census, censor and cent-rum w. exresc. t, and *κεντ-εω*; cf. metior, sentio] lit. puncture and so by punctures count, hence taking a census of citizens, enter or register in the census, fuem populi cesendi\* (so cesor for censor, CIL 31) faciunt, 206, 152; quo magis immunicipio h(ac) l(ege) censeatur, ib. 158; quo lustro ciuium Romanorum censa sunt capita quadrages centum millia et sexaginta tria millia, Mon. Ancyr. 2, 4; censa capitum milia ducenta..., Liv. 10, 47, 2; add 1, 44, 2; 9, 19, 2; cum capitum liberorum censa essent centi milia DLXXXIII, Plin. 33, 16; quinto quoque anno Sicilia tota censeatur; erat censa praetore Peducaeo...censa denno est, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 139; ne absens censare, Att. 1, 18 f.; 2. enter in the register (other particulars) censores populi acuitates, suboles, familias pecuniasque censeo, ap. Cic. leg. 3, 7; 3. get registered, register, in qua tribu ista praedia censuisti? Cic. Flac. 80; si aliena censeo sua facere potuisset, ib.; 4. as a pass. w. acc., be registered for, or as having, uolnisti magnum agri modum ceuseri... census es numeratae pecuniae centum triginta milia... census es mancipia Amyntae...and again: cum tu audisset seruos suos esse censum..., Cic. Flac. 80; census equestrem Summam nummorum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 383; qui cxxv milia aeris amplius ceansi erant, Gell. 6 (7), 13, 1; 5. also w. abl., Vos qui potestis ope uestra censorie, Pl. Capt. pr. 15; qui miuore summa aeris censebantur, Gell. 6 (7), 13, 1; esp. capite-censi—those who had no property for registration, Sal. Iug. 86, 2; qui nullo aut perquam paruo aere censebantur, capite-censi uocabantur, Paul. post. ap. Gell. 16, 10, 10; and met. Sen. ben. 7, 8, 1; Ae-quo mendicus atque ille opulentissimus Censeatur censu ad Acherntem mortuos, Pl. Triu. 2, 4, 103; 6. the gerund belonging neither to act. nor pass., but meaning only registering or registration, haec frequentia totius Italiae...quae



conuenit ludorum censendique causa, Cic. Verr. 1, 54; ut (qui) ciuis Romanos ad censendum ex prouinciis in Italiam reuocauerint, Vell. 2, 7, 7; **7.** met. register, as belonging to, as one of, Hanc...Est inter comites Marcia censa suas, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 140; F. 5, 25; **8.** met. estimate, value (as the censor valued and entered property of citizens), si censenda nobis sit atque aestimanda res, utrum tandem pluris aestimemus pecuniam Pyrrhi...an continentiam Fabricii, Cic. parad. 48; Anule...In quo censendum nil nisi dantis amor, Ov. am. 2, 15, 2; **9.** esp. w. abl. of that for which, id in quoque optimum esse debet cni nascitur, quo censetur, Sen. ep. 76, 8; non uitibus tantum censeri Qbion set et operibus Archermi filiorum, Plin. 36, 12; Censetur Apona Liuio suo tellus, Mart. 1, 61, 3; Felix quae tali censetur mnere tellus, 9, 16, 5; Aristides quo totius Graeciae iustitia censetur, Val. M. 5, 3, 3; Eratosthenes multiplici uariatione doctrina censebatur, Suet. Gram. 10;

**10.** w. adj. estimate as, think (to be), at quom aspicias, frugi cencas, Pl. Cas. 3, 2 f.; Set ipse egreditur, quam seuerus! rem cum uideas, cencas, Ter. Hant. 5, 3 f.;

**11.** w. acc. and inf., think, Censebam me ecfugisse a nita maritima, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 108; quos quom cencas esse amicos reperintur falsi falsimonis, 3, 6, 18; censeri me uerbum potuisse ullum proloqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 21; An prohibere aliquid cencas obstareque posse? Lucr. 4, 973;

**12.** a peculiar anacoluthon is seen in: quid censensus illum Dionysium, quo cruciatus timoris angust solitum, qui...? Cic. off. 2, 25; quid cencas hunc S. Roseium, quo studio et qua intelligentia esse in rusticis rebus? Rosc. Am. 49; quid censetis, quom isti decemuir...uagabuntur, quo tandem animo...nationes futuras? agr. 2, 45; quid cencas mnere terrae...quo spectanda modo, quo sensu credis et ore? Hor. ep. 1, 6, 5; so Orelli, but perh. quid is in all these passages the part. of transitio, well and Dionysius, what must we think were the tortures under which he lived, when...; **13.** the use of censeo, parenthetically like credo, is doubtful, but see Cic. Cat. 4, 13; and for am. 17 and Hor. ep. 1, 14, 44, see below § 17;

**14.** often w. gerund, gerundive, aequum, decere; quid faciendum censes? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 52; Ego sic faciendum censeo, Pl. As. 4, 2, 11; add Aul. 4, 1, 11; Capt. 2, 2, 51; Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; Qui aequom esse censent nos a pueris ilico fieri senes, Haut. 2, 1, 2; captiuos reddendos non censuit, Cic. off. 1, 39; add orat. 2 f.; magis decere censent diluere (amicitias) quam praecidere, off. 1, 120; nec solis Bitoribus communem salutem committendam censent, Caes. b.g. 7, 21, 3; add b.c. 2, 31, 8; clauces portarum reddi sibi aequum censent, Liv. 24, 37, 6; **15.** hence absol. recommend, propose, vote for, Vtrum tu censes? Pl. St. 4, 2, 18; si deos salutas dexterosnm (dextroursnm) mss, but the contracted dextra unknown to Plaut.; censeo, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 70; pars deditionem, pars dum uires sppetterent, eruptionem censebat, Caes. b.g. 7, 77, 2; de bonis regis quae reddi ante censuerant, Liv. 2, 5, 1; censere, ne in Italiam transmittant Galli bellum, ipsos id auertere in se, 21, 20, 4; censeo eiusmodi nitare incommoda, Colum. 1, 5, 7 etc.; corona ciuica Ciceronem donari a republica censuit, Gell. 5, 6, 15; censet Roxanes expectari partum, Iust. 13, 2, 5; ut perinde quisque animum intenderet ac si censendum magis quam assentiendum esset, Suet. Aug. 35 f.;

**16.** gen. w. ut, Responde quo leto censes me ut peream potissimum, Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 15; de ea re ita censeo nti consulens ductu operam..., Cic. Pbil. 3, 37; plerique censebant ut noctu iter facerent, Caes. b.c. 1, 67, 1; add 1, 2, 3; tu quidem ut taceas censeo, Varr. s. 230, 4 R; **17.** without ut, inagno opere censeo desistas, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 174; Treuiros nites censeo, fam. 7, 13, 2; quae disputari possunt, ab eis censeo petatis qui..., am. 17; Quam sit uterque, libens censeo exerceat artem, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 44; nunc quoque accersas censeo omnes nauales copias, Liv. 36, 7, 17; **18.** censeo often a short answer of approval, I think so, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 11; As. 3, 2, 29; esp. Rud. 4, 8, 5, where it is an answer to Censen...; and then 9 times in the next 8 lines, w. a non censeo twice following; **19.** w. senatus as agent, decree, vote, w. ut and subj. or inf...cos. senatum consoluerunt...ita exdicendum censere, CIL 196, 3; add ib. 9 and 18; quoniam senatus censuisset uti..., Caes. b.g. 1,

35, 4; qui senatus populique Romani nerbis nuntient uelle et censero eos (uelle of the people, censere of the senate) ab armis discedere, Sal. Iug. 21, 4; **20.** w. a mere acc., bellum Samnitibus et patres censuerunt et populus iussit, Liv. 10, 12, 3; quae patres censuerunt, uos iubete, 31, 7, 14; cum censeretur clipeus, Tac. an. 2, 83; aram clementiae, aram amicitiae effigiesque censuere, 4, 74; censetur Ostorio triumph insignia, 12, 38; supplicationes et uestem principi triumphalem utque onans urbem iniret effigiesque eius...censuere, 13, 8; **21.** as a refl., appear, w. dat., placitum est mihi atque ita uideo censeri (these four words dub.) Marcello...ut..., Pomp. ad coss. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 A, 4; **22.** as=censenseo in Varr. if we may trust Non. 267: ne uobis censens si ad me referretis.

**cent-o**, ōnis, m. [κεντ-ρωμ, or prob. an obsol. κεντ-ωμ, fm. a stem κεν, puncture, whence κεντ-εω w. ex. t.] padded and quilted cloth, often made of patchwork (stitched at points to prevent the shifting of the rags, wool, etc. within), as used for warm clothing of slaves, quoties cuique tunicam aut sagum dabis, prius ueterem accipito, unde centones fiant, Cato r. 59 (60); centones sarcire, 2, 3; centones pueris, 10 f.; serui ancillae si quis eorum sub centone crepuit, quod ego non sensi nullum mihi uitium (sc. auspiciorum) facit, Cato ap. Fest. p. 234 b, 32; familiam munitam (habeat) a uento frigore pluuiaque quae cuncta prohibentur centonibus confectis, Colum. 1, 8, 9;

**2.** as a shelter from weapons, centones (turribus) insuper iniecerunt ne aut tela tormentis immissa tabulationem perfringerent, aut saxa ex catapultis latericum discenterent, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3; cx centonibus tegimenta fecerant quibus tela uitarent, 3, 44 f.; **3.** against fire (first being wetted w. vinegar), puppes aceto madefactis centonibus integuntur, Sisen. ap. Non. 91; acetum quod extinguendi incendii causa paratur, item centones hamas (instrumento domus contineri), Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 16;

**4.** for bedding, as a mattress, scrophae cadauer sub centonibus collocat snper quos uxor cubabat, Macr. s. 1, 6; **5.** as a defending covering to mark off and keep warm part of a room, ut in locum secretiorem uenimus, centonem anus reiecit 'hic' inquit debes habitare, Petr. 7; and prob. Intrauit calidum ueteri centone lupanar, Iuv. 6, 121; **6.** to prevent chafing of an animal's back, diligentia defendit (dorsa) a uitio si centones imponantur, Veg. vet. 3, 59, 2; **7.** met. Quin (one ms quon whence Camer. proin) tu alium quaeras, quon centones farcias (so mss: edd. sarcias), Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 19—stuff with crammers;

**8.** a cento or poem made up of (Virgilian, etc.) scraps, cento nuptialis of Ausonius; see too Isid. orig. 1, 38 f.

**centum**, indecl. [decap. from decem-tm, wh. tum =ta of sex-agin-ta etc., ti of vigin-ti, ty of twen-ty etc.; so S. sata fm. dasa-ta; Lith. szimta fm. deszimt; éκατον from δεκα-τον; Goth. hunta fm. middle of taihn-taihn; the snffix had once a final guttural, cf. G. zwan-zig, and so is one with dec- of decem, G. zeh- of zeh'n; a final m in Lat. often of guttural origin;] a hundred, lit. ten tens or twenty so to say, orig. perh. a sb., as: centum capitum sub uno clauso non expedit habere, Colum. 7, 6, 5; **2.** adj. indecl. Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 42; centum dies, Cic. Mil. 60; **3.** even w. a prep. ne ullum De centum numero caput est impune recisum, Ov. M. 9, 71; **4.** C for centum, dum ne minus senatoribus C adesent, CIL 196, 6; uti, is... C nros ex eis legat, 198, 21; **5.** centum, short for centum (sestertius?) si manduero tibi ut domum Scianam centum emeris, Paul. dig. 17, 1, 5, 2; ut fundum meum centum uenderes, ib. 3; **6.** vaguely for a large number, clauibus, Hor. od. 2, 14, 26; greges, 2, 16, 33; cyathos, 3, 8, 14.

**centum-cūlus**, (centunculum\*), i, m. dim. [cento, ic-nl-us], a small quilted cloth, often made of patch-work, as first for clothing of the poor, uestem (latrones) lautinaculam proferunt, sumerct abiecto centunculo, Apul. M. 7, 9 in.; centunculis male consarcinatis semiamictum, 7, 5; centunculo faciem suam prae pudoro obtexit, ita ut



ab umbilico pube tenus cetera corporis renudaret, 1, 6 f.;  
**2.** as a sort of harlequin dress, uti me consuesse tragoedi  
 syrmatē...aut mimī centunculo, Apul. mag. 13; **3.** for  
 bedding, in autunculo dormit, Sen. ep. 80, 8; **4.** as a  
 cloth for the back of a horse, etc., mulis strata detrahi iubet  
 binisque tantum centunculis relictis agasones imponit, Liv.  
 7, 14, 7; centunculum\* equestre album..., centunculum\*  
 ornatum auro..., edict. Dioel. p. 21; **5.** a plant, bind-  
 weed = κληματις of Diosc., Plin. 23, 138.

**cērbēllāre**, is, adj. n. as sb. [cerebellum] a skull  
 cap (of sheepskin), caput iumentī appposito cerebellari com-  
 mune, Veg. vet. 3, 11, 3; tempora munies cerebellari, 3,  
 12, 6; add 5, 32, 3; o. de lanata pelle, 3, 7, 1.

**cērbēllum**, i, n. dim. [cerebrum, cf. rostellum fm.  
 rostrum] a little brain, esp. as a dish, farticula cerebellum  
 lactis agninas, Titin. 90 R; ex suo ungulae rostrum aures  
 cerebellum, Cels. 2, 18 p. 65, 30 Dar.; gallinacci c., Plin.  
 30, 112; phasianorum et pauonum, Suet. Vit. 13; (porci)  
 cerebella tria, Apic. 289 Sch.; add 403.

**cērbēx**, bri, m. (=cerebrum), a form condemned by  
 Flav. Cap. p. 2245.

**cērbērdōsus**, adj. [cerebrum], raging-mad, furious, in-  
 sanum hominem et cerebrosum, Lucil. ap. Non. 22; donec  
 cerebrosus prociit unus Ac mularē nautaeque caput lum-  
 bosque saligno Fuste dolat, Hor. s. 1, 5, 21; eruum (if  
 sown after Mareh 1) noxiūm bñbus quos cerebrosos reddit,  
 Colum. 2, 10 (11) 11; cf. eruum Martio serendum non est  
 ne...bous reddat insanos, Pall. 3, 7; in Pl. Most. 4, 2, 36  
 A has ellebrosus; BCD eerebrosus, agst. metre.

**cērbērum**, i, n. [see below] skull, iam tibi istuc cere-  
 brum disperctiam (al. dispartiam), Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 18;  
 istos...cincinnos tuos vnguentatos usque e (al. ex) cerebro  
 cuellam, Truc. 2, 2, 33; Crucior lapidem non habere me  
 ut illi mastigiae Cerebrum excutiam, Capt. 3, 4, 69;  
 saxo cere comminuit brum (wh. note the practical tmesis)  
 Enn. an. 586 V; Me truncus illapsus cerebro Sustulerat  
 nisi..., Hor. od. 2, 17, 27; et capite in terram statuerem  
 (sc. Syrum), Vt cerebro dispergat uiam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2,  
 19; Diminuetur tibi c., 4, 2, 32; librat araneus se filo  
 in caput serpentis tantaque ui morsu cerebrum adprehen-  
 dit ut stridens et uertigine rotata ne filum quidem pen-  
 dens rumpere queat, Plin. 10, 206; lana cerebro indita,  
 Veg. vet. 1, 10, 5; peruneto oleo capite eius et cerebro  
 uel auriculis, 3, 7, 1; add 3, 11, 2 and 3; 3, 12, 3; 5,  
 32 (3, 33), 2; 5, 42, 2; cerebri nalido incussu parietem  
 pulsare, Aur. Vict. 1: taceo cerebrum crebra uibice per-  
 aratum, Sidon. ep. 3, 13; **2.** met. quia mi misero cere-  
 brum excutiunt tua dicta soror: lapides loqueris, Pl.  
 Anl. 2, 1, 29; (H)eu cor mi et cerebrum Nicobule finditur  
 Istius hominis ubi fit quomque mentio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 17;

**3.** brain, ...Praeterii, atque searum, cerebrum Iouis  
 paene supremi, Enn. heduphag. 8 V; D. An tibi iam  
 maus cerebrum dispergam hic? S. Abit. Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 7;  
 aliis pars quaedam cerebri uisa est aumi principatum te-  
 nere, Cic. Tusc. 1, 19; et seq.; tractoque haesit tepefacta  
 cerebro (sc. hasta), Verg. 9, 419; uolnus calido rigat ora  
 cerebro, 11, 698; cf. eerebellum; **4.** met. esp. of anger,  
 id nunc his cerebrum uritur (so Camer. cj., D hisco cerebro  
 auritur) Me esse hos trecentes Philippo (pron. Philp.)  
 facturum luci, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 26; o te Bolane cerebri  
 Felieum (as not given to anger), Hor. s. 1, 9, 11; alioquin  
 experieris cerebrum ineam, Petr. 75; **5.** as seat of  
 intellect (see Cic. in § 3) Putidius multo cerebrum est mihi  
 crede Perilli Dictantis..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 75; o quanta species  
 cerebrum nou habet, Phaedr. 1, 7; **6.** of the medulla of  
 trees, seruntur palmae et trunco a cerebro ipso arboris  
 diuiso, Plin. 13, 36; **7.** prob. from a lost secondary  
 eer-eb- from a stem cer=cur of curro (wh. see) revolve,  
 and cir of circus, so that cerb.=glob. of globus, a ball.  
 See also ceruix.

**ceruix**, icis, f. [prob. from a lost root eer, turn; whence  
 a secondary vb. ceru- cf. feru-ere, uolu-ere etc.; ic a suff. of  
 dim. as in perdic-, can-ic-ula; see cerebrum] lit. a verte-  
 bra, esp. cervical vertebra, as having freer revolution—

hence vertices, the back of the neck, neck, Meturem ne ibi  
 defrogisset crura aut ceruices sibi, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 128; tum  
 iste (Caesar) ceruices\*+ suas ic subiecit ceruici qua..., Cic.  
 Phil. 2, 51; Practorem tu accusas? frange ceruices\*+, Verr.  
 2, 5, 110; utrum malit ceruices\*+ Roscio dare an..., Rosc.  
 Am. 30; ceruicibus\*+ fractis caput abscidit, Phil. 11, 5;  
 uinctos adspiciunt catenis liberos suos, cum istius auri-  
 tiae poenam collo et ceruicibus\*+ suis, Verr. 2, 5, 108; qui  
 tantis erunt ceruicibus\*+ (so strong-necked) qui audeant...? 2,  
 3, 135; eius (sc. Clodii) furores hac dextera a ceruicibus  
 uestris reppuli, Mil. 77; monetur ut aliquo praesidio caput  
 et ceruices\*+ et iugulum ac latera tutetur, Sest. 90; regno  
 in ceruices\*+ accepto (as a yoke to be borne), Liv. 4, 12, 6;  
 demittere (caput) ne ad ceruices aqua descendat, Cels. 1, 4,  
 p. 22, 23 Dar.; iniecto ceruicibus laqueo...in forum tractus  
 est, Suet. Vit. 17; **2.** the use of pl. ceruices w. sing.  
 meaning neck is seen in \*; **3.** the sense of back of the  
 neck, or vertebrae in +; **4.** in sing. neck, ab eo quod alii  
 dicunt 'ceruices' Hortensius in poematis 'ceruix', Varr.  
 l. 8, 4, p. 402 Sp.; add 10, 4; ceruicem uidetur Hortensius  
 primus dixisse (bnt see below), nam uctores pluriliter ap-  
 pellabant, Quint. 8, 3, 35; caput a ceruice reuolsum, Enn.  
 an. 462 V; quadrupes...ceruice anguina, Pac. 3 R; ut tibi  
 ceruicem fingam linteo, Afr. 416; optumae toruao Forma  
 bouis cui turpe caput, cni plurima ceruix, Verg. G. 3, 52;  
 fusos ceruix cui lactea crinis Accipit, 10, 137; Dum fla-  
 grantia detorquet ad oscula Ceruicem aut..., Hor. od. 2, 12,  
 26; brachia candidae Ceruici iuuenis dabat, 3, 9, 3; Atlas  
 Est auus, aetherium qui fert ceruicibus\*+ axem, Ov. M. 6,  
 175; rigida ceruice currentium, Liv. 35, 11, 8; a capite  
 transitus ad ceruicem est, Cels. 4, 6 (3); add 4, 7, 1; ceruicem  
 percussoribus obtulit, Tac. an. 1, 53; Praebenda est  
 gladio...ceruix\*, Iuv. 10, 345; quum iam sexta ceruice\*  
 feratur, 1, 64; ceruice\* locata, 9, 143; laxa ceruice legem-  
 dum, Pers. 1, 98; ceruix\* nulli nisi quibus utraque haec  
 (windpipe and gullet): ceteris collum quibus tantum gula.  
 Sed quibus ceruix e multis nertebatiscine orbiculatim ossi-  
 bus flexilis ad circumspetuum..., Plin. 11, 177; ceruix in-  
 clinata, Quint. 1, 11, 9; add 4, 2, 39; 11, 3, 82 and 83;  
 ceruicem eius manibus amplectitur, Curt. 3, 32 f; **5.**  
 even of front of the neck, in ceruice inter entem et asperam  
 arteriam tumor increuit, Cels. 7, 13, 1; and perh. in †  
 above; **6.** phrase, in ceruicibus esse, stare, met. to  
 stand with one's foot on a person's neck, so as to have com-  
 plete mastery, quanto facilis abiuro fuit cum proenl abesse-  
 mus quam nunc cum in ceruicibus sumus, Liv. 44, 39, 7;  
 bellum ingens in ceruicibus erat, 22, 23, 5 (or it may be a  
 met. from an axe about to fall); Bactriani in quorum ceru-  
 icibus stamus, Curt. 7, 7, 11; **II 7.** met. of other  
 objects, neck, hostis in ceruicibus Italiae agentis (stantis?)  
 Sall. hist. ep. Pomp. 4; oppidum Pagae uerde Peloponnesi  
 prosilit ceruix, Plin. 4, 8; (Berenico) sita in ceruice longa  
 procurrente, 6, 170; amphorae c., Mart. 12, 32, 14; Petr.  
 34; ceruices fornicum caedunt, Plin. 33, 72; fistulae con-  
 iunctae pnigeos (πνιγεως) ceruicibus, Vitr. 10, 13, 4; cucu-  
 mularae, Petr. 136; (pampini), Colum. 4, 7, 3; (cupressi),  
 Stat. Th. 6, 855.

**cesso**, are, vb. freq. [cēdo] be going and going (to do  
 something)—hence lose time, put off, hesitate, esp. w. inf.  
 in questions or negation, Set quid cessamus prolium  
 committere? Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 32; Numquid principio cessa-  
 uit uerbum docte dicere?—did she not at the very out-  
 set without the slightest hesitation...? 4, 4, 2; add 20  
 other exx.; Hector qui baud cessat obsidionem obducere,  
 Enn. tr. 11 V; cesso adloqui? Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 4; add 2,  
 2, 6; adoriri, Haut. 4, 5, 9; pultare ostium, 3, 1, 1; ire  
 intro, Ad. 4, 5 f; intro rumpere? Eun. 5, 5, 26; set cesso  
 inimicitiam integrare? Pac. 111 R; Cesso hinc ire? Acc.  
 519; add 302; e. occupare, Turp. 212; **2.** absol., quid  
 nunc cessas? colliga, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 18; mihi cesso, cum  
 sto, 3, 2, 8; add Ps. 1, 3, 12; set ego cesso, Pers. 2, 2, 52;  
 quid stas? quid cessas? Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 15; paullum si  
 cessassem, domi non offendissem, Eun. 4, 4, 5; cessat uol-  
 untas?—hesitate, Hor. od. 1, 27, 13; quid mori cessas?  
 3, 27, 58; **3.** heuce gen. loiter, si tabellarii non cessa-



rint, Cic. *pro. cons.* 15; *ubi pernicitas* Nota inquit illa est? quid ita cessarunt pedes? *Plaedr.* 1, 9; **4.** be idle, idle, Cessatum usque ad huc est, *Ter. Ad.* 4, 4, 23; Set interim quid illo iam dudum gnatus cessat cum Syro? *Haut.* 5, 1, 9; ut neque cessaret unquam et... *Cic. off.* 3, 1; Cicero noster, dum ego absum non cessavit apud rhetorem, ad *Q. fr.* 3, 1, 14; neque unquam in suo opere cessavit, *sen.* 13; cur deos nihil agere et cessare patitur? *N. D.* 3, 93; quaero cur *πρωϊα* uestra cessauerit. Laboremne fugiebat? 1, 22; Et si quid cessare poterit, requiesce sub umbra, *Verg. B.* 7, 10; cessabimus una, *Prop.* 4 (3), 23, 15; **5.** cur hic cessat cantharus? *Pl. Stich.* 5, 4, 23; *Alternis...* tonsas cessare nouales, *Verg. G.* 1, 71; alius ordo (of crops) ut ubi adorem fuerit, cesset quattuor mensibus hibernis, *Plin.* 18, 191; noualis est terra quae anno cessavit, *Gai. dig.* 50, 16, 30, 2; cessantem amphoram, *Hor. od.* 3, 28, 8; *Berecynthiae* Cessant flammae tibiae, 3, 19, 19; cessavit deinde ars ac rursus olympiade *CLVI* reuixit, *Plin.* 34, 52; *Retia* dum cessant, *Mart.* 12, 1, 1; **6.** w. dat. (like uacare), Nam tua noua aetas unquam cessavit amori, *Semper et armatae cura* fuit patriae, *Prop.* 1, 6, 21; **II 7.** hence, cease (to work), w. inf., contumelias Numquam cessavit dicere hodie, *Ter. Ph.* 2, 3, 30; Set nunc olim te ostendisti, eadem esse nihil cessauisti usque adhuc, *Hec.* 4, 1, 29; non cessat de nobis detrahere, *Cic. Att.* 11, 11 f.

**III 8.** in leg. lang., cease to have force, become invalid or void, no longer apply, per has uices aut cessaturam aut ualiterum stipulationem, *Paul. dig.* 45, 1, 83, 5; si idem seruus hereditatem rem subtraxerit, furti actio cessabit... ad exhibendum autem actio competit, *Iul.* 9, 4, 40; nulli permittitur... nisi ei cui lex permittit aut lege cessante ordo dedit, *Ulp.* 3, 4, 3; nullam esse societatem... et ideo cessare partes praetoris, 4, 4, 16, 1; consulis morte cessat honorem, *Suet. Caes.* 76.

**ceu**, conj. [prob. for a fuller *ceue* and of pron. orig. like ut and quam, E. as etc.]; perh. ce tibi (see cis) + ue = uia = G. weg, in this way] as, just as, like, as if, Et simul erubuit ceu lacte et purpura mixta, *Enn. an.* 355 V; ceu plenam spongiam aqua Siquis forte manu premere ac siccare coepit, *Lucr.* 4, 618; ceu lapidem si Percutiat lapis aut ferrum, 6, 161; ceu pulsa ueutorum flamine ubes... montis liquere cacumen, *Catul.* 64, 239; iude lupi ceu Raptores... Fauibus expectant siccis..., *Verg. 2.* 355; add *G. I.* 303; 3, 194 and 542; 4, 96; *A.* 2, 438 and 516; 5, 88 and 527; 6, 492; 7, 674; 9, 30 and 792; 10, 97 and 357; *Ceu* flamma per taedas nel Euris Per Siculas equitauit undas, *Hor. od.* 4, 4, 43; add *St. Th.* 2, 418; 4, 95; 5, 5; *silu.* 3, 1, 6; *Sil.* 2, 378; **2.** so far only in poets; also in later prose, immo inquis ceu cum frigore inhorruimus tremor sequitur, sic..., *Sen. n. q.* 6, 24, 4; and esp. *Plin.* as: ceu uero ullo modo spirandi ratio ceteris animalibus distet, 7, 188; ceu mari ipsi sibi irato, 9, 13; add 9, 132; 11, 258; 14, 137; 16, 41; 29, 96; 31, 2; 34, 28 and 175; 35, 48; ceu papillae, *Suet. Tib.* 44; nt uictorias (Germanici) ceu damnosas reipublicae increparet, 52; add *Vit.* 17.

**circā**, prep. or adv. (perh. for *circam* and so all but one w. *circum*), round, around, about, as prep. canibus quos circa se haberet, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 1, 126; urbes circa, so *Klotz*, *Balt.*; al. *circum*; wh. is more prob., (cf. *circum* *Capuam* of § 20), *Capuam*, agr. 1, 22; omnesque marinae *Plausurum* circa libera signa deae, *Prop.* 5 (4), 6, 62; illi robur et aes triplex *Circa* pectus erat, *Hor. od.* 1, 3, 9; trecentos iuuenes circa se habebat, *Liv.* 29, 1, 2; Et circa regem atque ipsa ad praetoria densae *Miscitur* (sc. apes), *Verg. G.* 4, 75; emit lacum *Sabatnem* et *circum* lacum pedes decem, *Proc. dig.* 18, 1, 69; but in *Cic. Cat.* 4, 14 *templa circum* forum is now read; **2.** w. motion, *Terque* focum *circum* (so *ms* and *Lachm.*); but *Hand* would prefer *circum* *laneus orbis* eat, *Prop.* 5 (4), 6, 6; **3.** less correctly, round, round to or through, i. e. to all in every direction, legatos *circum* uicinas gentes misit, *Liv.* 1, 9, 2; add 4, 23, 5; 26, 13, 1; 28, 26, 11; 31, 3, 5; *Hippocrates*... discipulos ad auxiliandum *circum* *urbes* dimisit, *Plin.* 7, 123; add *Suet. Aug.* 49; *Ner.* 28; **4.** in some place or places in

the circuit or neighbourhood of, about, near, *detrimentis* quibusdam *circum* *montem Amanum* acceptis, *Caes. b. c.* 3, 31, 1; *Romae* aut *circum* *Romam* multa prodigia facta sunt, *Liv.* 21, 62, 1; *Procrnam* recepit et quae *circum* *eam* *castella* erant, *Liv.* 36, 14, 12; sedem cepere *circum* *Lesbum* *insulam*, *Vell.* 1, 2 f.; add 2, 21, 1; Effugere in thermis et *circum* *balnea* non est *Menogenem*, *Mart.* 12, 82, 1; *circum* *Syriam* nascitur, *Plin.* 19, 46; dubitauerat utrumne *circum* *Mesopotamiam* subsisteret an..., *Curt.* 4, 9, 1; id *uitium* (*carcinoma*) fit *circum* *faciem* *nares* *aures* *labra* *mammas* *feminarum*: *circum* *locum* aliqua quasi puncta sentiuntur, *Cels.* 5, 28, 2 in.; **5.** on both sides of, *aquam* quae in fundo nascebatur et *circum* *eam* *aquam* late decem pedes, *Paul. dig.* 8, 3, 30; **6.** of employment about—(alike of mind and body), about, concerning, upon, with, *circum* *consularia* *occupato* *comitia*, *Sen. ben.* 7, 28, 2; quidam *circum* *res* *omnes*, quidam *circum* *ciuiles* *modo* *uersari* *rhetorice* *putauerunt*, *Quint.* 2, 15, 15; *illas* *circum* *s* *litteram* *delicias*, 1, 11, 6 etc.; *circum* *rapinam* et *praedam* *occupatos*, *Val. M.* 6, 8, 7; **7.** of time, about, postero die *circum* *eandem* *horam*, *Liv.* 42, 57, 10; c. *Murenae* *Caepionisque* *coniurationis* *tempus*, *Vell.* 2, 93, 1; *circum* *uernum* *aequinoctium*, *Colum.* 5, 6, 19; *circum* *Kalendas*, 5, 10, 18; *circum* *eum* *mensem*, *Plin.* 9, 69; c. *Romuli* *aetatem*, 35, 55; 33, 156; c. *idus* *Octobris*, *Plin. ep.* 1, 7, 4; c. *septimum* *diem*, *Cels.* 2, 6, p. 37, 24 *Dar.*; c. *uicesimum* *diem*, 2, 7, p. 43, 34; c. *lucis* *ortum*, *Curt.* 5, 3, 7; c. *undecimam* *horam*, *Suet. Caes.* 88; c. *mediam* *noctem*, *Suet. Claud.* 2; add *Oth.* 21; **8.** so far w. nouns wh. themselves express time; but also w. other nouns, about the time of—, in *Accio* *circum* *eum* (about his time) *Romana* *tragoedia* est, *Vell.* 1, 17, 1; quidquid *Romana* *facundia* habet, quod..., *circum* *Ciceronem* *effloruit*, *Sen. controu.* pr. 6; *factas* *materias* *dicere* *circum* *Demetrium* *Phalerea* *institutum*, *Quint.* 2, 4, 41; *doctores* *artis* *c.* *Tisian* *et* *Coraca* *primum* *reptos*, 2, 17, 7; add 12, 10, 6; **9.** w. words of number and quantity, c. *quingentos* *Romanorum* *uictores* *ceciderunt*, *Liv.* 27, 42, 8; *oppida* *c.* *septuaginta*, *Liv.* 45, 34, 6; *panis* *c.* *selibram*, *Cels.* 4, 26 (19), 1, p. 151, 24 *Dar.*; c. *singulas* *heminas* (aquae) *emitendum*, 7, 15; *ceciderunt* *Persarum* *Arabumque* *circum* *decem* *milia*, *Curt.* 4, 6, 30; c. *sestertium* *uicies*, *Suet. Claud.* 6; **II 10.** as adv. around, round, *dextra* *laetiae* *dno* *maria* *claudunt*, *circum* *Padus* *amnis*, *Liv.* 21, 43, 4; *flunius* *ab* *tergo*, *ante* *circumque* *nelut* *ripa* *praereps* *oram* *cingebat*, 27, 18, 5; *ex* *montibus* *qui* *circum* *sunt*, 1, 4, 6; add 1, 41, 1; 22, 30, 1; *caligo* *quam* *circum* *uimidi* *effuderant* *montes*, *Curt.* 4, 12, 20; **11.** w. nouu as a sort of adj., but the connection shown by order of words, surrounding, neighboring, *multarum* *c.* *ciuitatum*, *Liv.* 1, 17, 4; *tutas* *c.* *uationes*, 27, 30, 3; **12.** cf. §§ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 w. the same §§ of *circum*; but in these *circum* is the older form, and in later writers gave place to *circum*; *circum* is rare in *Cic.* and *Caes.*, and was never used before *Cic.*

**circitēr**, (or *ēr\**), adv. [implies an adj. *circus*], as prep. w. acc. as of place, *Loca* *haec* *circitēr\** *excidit* *mihi*: *mei* *homines*..., *Pl. Cist.* 4, 2, 8; **2.** of time, *Nam* *illic* *noster* *est* *fortasse* *circiter* *trienium*, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 3, 79; *D.* *Abeam*? *T.* *redito* *huc* *circiter* *meridiem* (so *A.*; *BCD* *meridie*) *Most.* 3, 1, 52; *Repeute* *noctis* *circiter* *meridiem* (so old edd., *Riese* *meridie*), *Varr. s.* 161, 5 R; *oues* *hirtas* *tendent* *circiter* *hordeaceam* *messem*, r. 2, 11, 7; c. *idus* *Sextilis*, *Cic. fam.* 3, 5, 4; c. *idus* *Novembris*, 14, 5, 2; c. *Kalendas*, *Att.* 2, 4, 6; 12, 27, 3; *circiter* *exercitum* *in* *castra* *reduit*, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 50, 2; *circiter* *hora(m)* *decima(m)* *uoctis*, *Sulp.* ad *Cic.* 4, 12, 2 (here *THK* *cj.* adds *the* *m*); **II 3.** as adv. *lapidem* *circiter* *in* *media* *area* *uiuctum* *candelis* (*cateuis*? i. e. hoops of wood or iron) *quoquouersus*, *Cass. Hein. ap. Plin.* 13, 86; **4.** w. words of number, si *curati* *circiter* *duobus* *mensibus* *fiunt* *pingues*, *Varr. r.* 3, 10, 7; c. *quiugentae* *species*, 1, 6, 5, p. 216 Sp.; *dies* *c.* *quindecim* *iter* *fecerunt*, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 15, 5; *hominum* *milibus* *c.* *xv.* 1, 25, 6; add 1, 26, 5; 1, 27, 4 etc.; c. *parte* *tertia* (*armorum*) *celata*, 2, 32, 4; *hora* *circiter* *diei* *quarta*, 4, 23, 2; *quum* *decem* *circiter* *milia* *ab* *hoste* *absent*, *Liv.* 28, 1, 7.



**circum**, prep. or adv. [circus, and ult. fm. cir or cer, noise of revolution] round, as prep., Te adloquor uti probrigue plena, Quae circum uicinos uagas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 14; circum argentarias Scorta lenonesque assident (so Wagner ej.; MSS. scorti lenones quasi sedent) cottidie, Truc. 1, 1, 47; add Epid. 2, 2, 15; Tranquillum est: aledonia sunt circum forum, Cas. prol. 26; Circum sos (=cos) quae sunt magnae gentes opulentes, Enn. an. 152 V; circum seso uruat, tr. 141; arnillas nix facito quas circum orbem indas, Cato r. 21, 4; paucae quae circum illam essent manent...puellae, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 33; Capillus...circum caput Reiectus, Haut. 2, 3, 49; Ansia Tarui 1. Rufa...circ(um) lucum macer(iam)...d. s. p. f. c., CIL 1260; in omnibus templis quae circum forum sunt, Cic. opt. g. or. 10; cum tot essent circum illam hastam (sc. praeconis), Phil. 2, 64; tres (legiones) quae circum Aquileiam hiemabant, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; magnum numerum equitatus circum se habere, 1, 18, 5; add b. c. 2, 10, 1; omnium flagitiorum atque facinorum circum se, tamquam stipatorum, cateruas habebat, Sall. Cat. 14, 1; add 26; equites qui cum telis essent circum aedem Concordiae, 49, 4; circum caustra fremunt, Verg. 1, 56; 2. w. motion, quum (terra) circum axem se conuortat, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 123; Terque nouas circum felix aetd hostia fruges, Verg. G. 1, 345; 3. less correctly, round, round to or through, i. e. to all in every direction (as we talk of a medical man going his rounds), pueros circum amicos dimittit, Cic. Quinct. 25; circum uillulas nostras errare, Att. 8, 9, 3; cum praetorem circum omnia fora sectaretur, Verr. 2, 2, 169; lenonem concursare circum tabernas, Cat. 4, 17; dimissis circum municipia litteris, Caes. b. c. 3, 22, 1; legatio circum insulas missa, Liv. 42, 45, 1; Ipse mihi custos incorruptissimus omnes Circum doctores aderat, Hor. s. 1, 6, 82; add 2, 3, 281; ep. 1, 1, 49; Prop. 1, 4, 21; misit circum amicos, Suet. Ner. 47; add Aug. 64; Caes. 41; Calig. 28 and 41; 4. somewhere in the neighbourhood of, without specifying on what side, circum haec loca commorabor, Cic. Att. 3, 17, 2; siu autem ille circum istaec loca commoraretur, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 C 1; non succurrit tibi quamdiu circum Baetra haereas? Curt. 7, 8, 21; 5. on both sides of (cf. ἀμφι), ibi termina duo stant circum uiam Postumiam, CIL 199, 8; and perhaps, uarios hic flumina circum Fundit humus flores, Verg. B. 9, 40; 6. postponed to relat. and other nouns, ambegna bos apud augures quam circum aliae hostiae constituuntur, Varr. 1, 7, 3, p. 319 Sp.; hunc circum aretoe duo feruntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 105; prius oras pocula circum Contingunt mellis...sapore, Lucr. 1, 937; maria omnia circum, Verg. 1, 32; add 6, 166 and 329; G. 2, 382; 4, 334, Tydea circum omnes...stipantur, Stat. Th. 3, 395; 7. separated from its uoum, wh. is attached to a foll. prep., Fortis erat circum, fortis et ante duem, Albin. in Maec. 49; II B. as adv. round, around, Da cito ab Delpho cantbarum, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 33; faciendum haras quadratas circum (sc. anseres) binos pedes, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3; quae circum essent opera, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; Sed circum tutae sub moenibus urbis aquantur, Verg. G. 4, 193; add B. 3, 45; Tantalus est illic et circum stagna, Tib. 1, 3, 77; 9. often placed bcf. vb. so as to form a quasi-compound, furcas circum offigito, Cato r. 48 (49), 2; Quamuis est circum caesis laeuer undique membris Truncus..., Lucr. 3, 403; oras et litora circum Errantem, Verg. 3, 75; quae nuno...Mortalis hebetat usus tibi et umida circum Caligat nubem eripiam, 2, 605; Ipseque te circum lustrauit sulfure puro, Tib. 1, 5, 11; w. noun as a sort of adj. surrounding, but so placed as to have no connection w. other words, in Apuliam circumquo loca missi, Sal. Cat. 30, 3; III 10. in comp. w. vbs. round, circumfero, -eo, -do.

**cis**, prep. [as cit-erior, cit-imus, cit-ro, cit-ra : ult-erior, ult-imus, ult-ra, ult-ro (w. t. excr.), so cis : uls; but uls is fm. ult-is; so prob. cis fm. cit-is, a compar.; cf. mag-is, pot-is, sat-is;—root cit—as seen in citra etc.—=cen, assumed stem of hi-c this] on this side of, w. acc. of place, cis Ariminum, Cato orig. 10, 20 I; in Gallia cis

Alpeis, CIL 205, 2, 26; cis Taurum, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 4; Sall. h. ep. Mith. 6; cis Euphratem, Att. 7, 2, 6; cis Rhenum, Caes. b. g. 2, 3, 4; 4, 4, 3; cis Tiberim, Varr. ap. Non. 92; Liv. 8, 14, 6; cis Anienem, 4, 17, 8; (ut) adiutores triumuiris quinqueuiris uls cis Tiberim aedificiis praessent, 39, 14, 10; quinqueuiris constituti sunt cis Tiberim et uls Tiberim, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 31; cis Appenninum, Liv. 5, 33, 9; cis Padum, 5, 35, 4; 2. of time, on this side of, within, Vt nulla faxim cis dies paucos siet, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 27; cis paucos mensis, Morc. 1, 2, 42; Cis hercle paucae tempestates, Most. 1, 1, 18; cis mensem decimum, Aur. V. 42, 1; add Mam. grat. Iul. 15; 3. in comp. to form adj., as cisalpius, cismontanus, cisrhennanus, cistiberis, cis, prob. at first long like magis, potis at first; and perh. always so.

**cit-er**, adj. comp. obsol. [see cis] on this side, hither, nearer, citer ager alligatus ad sacra erit, Cato orat. 65, 7 I; add Afran. ap. Prisc. 1, 98, 7 K; 2. analogue of E. hither. For qty cf. citro § 4.

**citeria**, ae, [?] a made up figure (like our Guy Fawkes?), appellabatur effigies quaedam [arguta et loquax] quae in pompa uehi solita sit, Cato in M. Caecilium: quid ego cum illo dissertem amplius, quem ego denique credo in pompa uetitatum ire (iri Scal. c.) ludis pro citeria atque cum spectatoribus sermocinaturum, Paul. ex F. 59 M.

**citër-ior**, òris, adj. comp. same, deduc orationem tuam de caelo ad haec citeriora, Cic. ap. Non. 85 v. cituma, and 289 v. deductum; c. Gallia, Cic. prou. cons. 36; Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 2; 1, 54 f.; c. Hispania, b. c. 1, 38, 1; 2, 18, 6; Tac. h. 1, 49; prouincia, Caes. b. c. 2, 21, 4; 2. of time, in ref. to speaker, nearer, later, more recent, ut ad haec citeriora ueniam et notiora nobis, Cic. leg. 3, 4; citeriora nondum audiebamus, fam. 2, 12, 1; c. consulatus, Val. M. 8, 15, 1; 3. met. short of (a certain point), anticipating, earlier, c. delicto ultio, 6, 3, 11; citerioris aetatis metas Chrysippi uiuacitas flexit, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 10 (compared w. Isocrates, for Is. wrote his work in his 94th year, Ch. in his 80th); ut citeriore die (dos) reddatur, Gai. dig. 23, 4, 15; si citeriore die constitut se soluturum, Paul. 13, 5, 4; cum in carcerem duceretur, in postem eius inliso capite...spiritum posuit, uno gradu a manu carnificis ceterior, Val. M. 9, 12, 6; 4. citerius as adv., citerius debito resistit, Sen. ira 1, 16, 11; add Prisc. 2, 30, 8 K; 5. for qty cf. citro § 4.

**cit-imus**, (-imus), adj. [cit for cen, see cis]; most on this side, nearest, ea minima (stella, sc. the moon) quae ultima a caelo citima terris luce lucebat aliena, Cic. rep. 6, 16; hanc citimam (partem) a mediana linea direxit ad laeuam, Tim. 7 (p. 1002, 19 Bait.); per citima Persidis, Plin. 6, 213; 2. Paul. ex F. p. 42 says in error citimus extremus; 3. citime adv., Prisc. 2, 80, 8 K.

**citò**, aft. citò, adv. [citus], quickly (both of time and speed), soon, Heus Philocomasium cito Transcurre curriculo ad nos, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 42; si... A. Bene dicite. L. ite intro citò\*. A. ualete. L. et uos amate, As. 3, 3, 155; labor ille a nobis cito recedet;... si... uoluptas cito abibit, Cato orat. 38, 11 I; tam cito (at end of line) Naev. 42 and 61 R; Sed quam citò\* sunt consecutae mulieres, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 134; quod eum negasti qui non cito quid didicisset unquam omnino posse perdiscere, Cic. or. 3, 146; Nec citò credideris: quantum citò credèrè laedat Exemplum..., Ov. a. a. 3, 685; Quicquid praecipis, esto breuis, ut citò dicta Percipiant animi dociles, Hor. A. P. 335; Et citò rapturus..., Iuv. 1, 34; 2. too quickly, opus rusticum neque cito est, si ante xv dies, neque tarde, si post xv fiat, Pall. 1, 6, 15; 3. comp. more quickly, sooner, citis quadrigis citius, Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 14; Neque aues neque uenti citius, Bac. 2, 3, 57; add Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 8; dies me citius defecerit quam nomina, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 59; nec Suprema citius soluet amor die, Hor. od. 1, 13, 20; dicto citius, Verg. 1, 142; Hor. s. 2, 2, 80; Liv. 1, 47, 6; niecti citius, Laber. 129 R; 4. sup., inde se iu currus citissime recipere, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; 5. qty in Pl. and



Ter. gen. long o; to exx. above \* add Men. 1, 4, 7; Most. 3, 1, 10; Cist. 4, 2, 82 and 5, 8; Bac. 2, 2, 24; Andr. 3, 1, 16; 5, 4, 25; and Haut. 2, 3, 134; citō or perh. rather a monos. ci'o, in: Ille cito: iam ego adseqnar uos: cum ero pauca nolo loqui, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 43; Haut cito mali quid ortum ex hoc sit publice, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 89; Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 17 and Mil. 2, 2, 101 dub.

**citrā**, prep. or adv. [see cis] on this side of, i.e. in speaking, on my (our) side of; in narr. on his (their) side of, within, erat apud Heletem fluuium citra Veliam milia passuum III, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 5; is locus est citra Leucadem stadia cxx, fam. 16, 2; Germanorum qui essent citra Rhenum, Caes. b. g. 6, 32, 1; citra flumen Ararim, 1, 12, 2; citra flumen interceptos, Liv. 21, 48, 6; quicquid est terrarum citra Tauri iuga, 38, 48, 1; in Cic. or. 58 Ern. rightly cj. ultra, for as tertia is measured fm. the end, citra cannot be measured fm. the beg.; **2.** w. motion, to this side of, ut omnes citra flumen eliceret, Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 2; nt exercitum citra flumen Rubiconem educeret dum ne propius urbem Romam cc milia admoueret, Cic. Phil. 6, 5;

**3.** of time, before, Forsitau et Pylus citra Troiana perisset Tempora, Ov. M. 8, 365; add 10, 84; placet nostro poetae locis uliginosis citra Calendas Octobris seminaria conuenire, Colum. 2, 8, 3; omnia stipendia citra temporis finem reddantur, Papin. dig. 49, 16, 15; si ante (Kalendas) id fiat, non intra pronuntiat sed citra (Kalendas), Gell. 12, 13, 13;

**4.** met. of any limit, within, short of, sunt certi denique fines Quos ultra citraque nequit consistere rectum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 107; Vel quia peccaui citra scelus, Ov. tr. 5, 8, 23; glans cum citra satietatem data est, Colum. 7, 6, 5; exercitacionis finis esse debet...lassitudo quae citra fatigationem\* sit, Cels. 1, 2 p. 15, 5 Dar.; gustu amarum c. acorem\*, Plin. 9, 35; fit morbus regius et citra febris\*, 26, 123; add 7, 108; 12, 79; 31, 24; 32, 118; ira Agrippinae citra ultima stetit, Tac. an. 12, 22; neque c. musicen\* grammaticae potest esse perfecta, Quint. 1, 4, 4; plus usus sino doctrina quam citra usum\* doctrina ualet, 12, 6, 4; **5.** as to stop short of a thing is to exclude it, without is often a good transl. as in \*, esp. in leg. lang., si quis c. praetoris auctoritatem transegerit, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 6; add § 20; (cf. sine praetore of §§ 2 and 25); si quid curator citra mandatum in uoluptatem fecit, 17, 1, 10, 10; administrantes rem principum ex indulgentia eorum licet citra codicillos, Hermog. dig. 27, 1, 41;

**6.** w. quam and vb., Cultra quidem fateor citra quam debuit illa est, Ov. Pout. 1, 7, 55; desine citra Quam cupis, a. a. 3, 757; **7.** after let. see Hor. in § 4; and other nouns, natus mare citra, Hor. s. 1, 10, 31; **8.** as adv., paucis citra (sc. castra) milibus lignatōres ei occurrunt, Liv. 10, 25, 5; inque petendo Dexterā dirigit nec citra mota nec ultra, Ov. M. 5, 186; tela c. cadebant, Tac. h. 3, 23 f.; **9.** for qty cf. citro § 4.

**citrō**, adv. [citer] hitherward, backward, only w. and after ultro, thitherward, as w. et, homines cursu ultro et citro—backwards and forwards—Cic. Rosc. Am. 60; add off. 1, 56; am. 85; **2.** w. ac, pisciculi ultro ac c. coumeant, Varr. r. 3, 5, 16; **3.** often w. que, ultro citroque cum legati mitterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 4; add b. c. 1, 20, 4; multis uerbis nltro citroque habitis, Cic. rep. 10; add Liv. 5, 8, 6; 7, 9, 2; 29, 23, 5; 40, 49, 7; 44, 23, 2; **4.** w. double que, perh. only in uolitant ultroque citrōque per auras, Lucr. 4, 32; **5.** ultro citro alonc, sic naturis is...sursus deorsus ultro citro commcantiibus, Cic. N.D. 2, 84; oratione ultro citro habita, Liv. 9, 45, 2; add Plin. 2, 104; rationem esse ultro citro, dandi accipiendi, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 6, 3; add Suet. Cal. 19.

**clādes**, is, f. [perh. for cal-abb-es, w. d excr.; and so akin to cal-am-itas (wh. see) and ult. fm. ead, fall] a blight (as supposed to fall from the stars), met. in: Clades calamitas intemperies modo in nostram aduenit metum, Pl. Capt. 4, 3, 3; note connection of words of same metaphor; disease too might be ascribed to same influence, unde repente Mortiferam possit cladem conflare coorta Morbida uis—(note foll. wds.: Atque ea uis omnis morborum pestilitas-

que Aut extrinsecus ut nubes nebulaeque superne Per caelum ueniunt aut...), Lucr. 6, 1091; **2.** gen. a disaster, calamity, w. little ref. to blight, Quamtamque ex discorditate clādem inportem familiae? Pacuv. 178 R; cladesque exandlarem inpetibilis, Acc. 91; indignam clade et squalitudine, 340; Quidue superbia spurcicia [ac] petulantia—quantas Efficiunt clades? Lucr. 5, 48; add 5, 347; 5, 369; qui risus (Claudii) classe deuicta magnam populo Romano cladem attulit, Cic. N. D. 2, 7; add Brut. 332; Att. 8, 2, 3; profecto magna clades atque calamitas (note this) rem publicam oppressisset, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; alium alia c. oppressit, Iug. 14, 15; ne magnam cladem in congressu facerent, 59, 3; add Cat. 51, 33; 58, 4; Iug. 31, 7; 44, 4; Scaeuolae a clade dextrae manus cognomen inditum, Liv. 2, 13, 1; filium intra paucos dies amisit, cuius repentinae clades... 2, 36, 4; plus populationibus quam proclis cladem fecit, 8, 2, 8; captae urbis Romanae cladem, 5, 21, 16; add 5, 11, 5; 8, 12, 17; omni clade belli peruastat, 22, 4, 1; add 5, 11, 5; 8, 12, 17; 22, 54, 9; 22, 56, 2; 25, 19, 16; 28, 24, 2; 30, 6, 6; 40, 2, 6; Scipiadus cladem Libyae, Verg. 6, 844; add 12, 556; Troiae...Fortuna tristi clade iterabitur, Hor. od. 3, 3, 62; Hoc fonte deriuata clades In patriam populumque fluxit, 3, 6, 19; add 4, 14, 31; inque ipsos saeua medentes Erumpit clades, Ov. M. 7, 562; add 14, 472; add Curt. 4, 1, 5; 4, 12, 15; Taygeti montis pars abrupta cladem (an earthquake) insuper ruina pressit, Plin. 2, 191; cladem qua supra xx hominum milia amphitheatri ruina perierunt, Suet. Tib. 40; per sex dies ea clade (a conflagration) saeuitum est, Ner. 38; **3.** in poets a gen. pl. cladium (cladium, Liv. 8, 2, 8), Sil. 7, 606; 9, 353; 16, 672.

**clam**, (callim Paul. ex F. p. 47 M—so best mss, calim, Lips., clam, Guelf. prob. right) prep. and adv. [akin to καλ-νπτω, κλ-επτω, and to decape. λ-ανθ-ανω and λ-at-eo, scarcely so to celo=uolo;] as prep., without the knowledge of, unknown to, in old and very late wr. gen. w. acc.; also w. abl.; rarely gen.—first w. acc. as in Plaut.: Clam patrem patria hac ecfugiam, Merc. 3, 4, 75; add 2, 3, 8; Truc. 2, 3, 36 (so A); c. matrem, Mil. 2, 1, 34; c. uxorem, Men. 1, 2, 46; 5, 9, 78; Merc. 3, 2, 2; 4, 6, 5; As. 5, 2, 92; c. illum, 2, 3, 27; c. omnis, Aul. pr. 7; c. senem, Most. 5, 1, 13; see also \* below; **2.** in very late wr., legati clam praesidia Pompei Caesarem enm adissent, bell. Hisp. 3, 2; c. Philonem, 35, 2; c. praesidia, 35, 3; ne faciuora eius clam uos essent, ps. Cic. in Sal. 15; **3.** w. abl., cum uirginali mundo clam patre, Acc. 654 R; nonne sibi clam uobis salutem fuga petiuit? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 8; see also † below; **4.** w. me, te, prob. acc.\*. At tu ne clam me comessis prandium, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 47 (me in B C D, and so Lübbert); add Poen. 5, 4, 69; Rud. 1, 2, 45; Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 46; Hee. 3, 4, 10; Nec clam te est quam..., Andr. 1, 5, 52; **5.** w. gen., perh. only in: Res exulatum ad illam clam abibat patris, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 43; cf. λαθρη Λαομεδοντος of Homer, esp. as Plutarch Q. Rom. p. 269 says: ονομαζουσι...λαθρα κλαμ και κηλαρε το λαθρανει; **6.** in Plaut. an abl.† often subst. for acc. in later mss, as: Emptast amica clam uxorem\* et clam filium\*, Merc. 3, 2, 2 (so Ritschl w. A, BCD uxore, filio); c. uirum\*, Cas. 2, 2, 27; (so Gepp. w. V, al. uiro) and Amph. 2, 107 (so Fleck., Lindem. w. some mss uiro); c. patrem\*, Truc. 2, 1, 37 (so A; BCD pater, not patro as Hand implies); **7.** sometimes separated fm. noun, Nunc sibi uterque contra legiones parat Paterque filiusque clam alter alteros\*, Pl. Cas. pr. 51; doque operam nt clam eueniat partus patrem\*, Atque adeo omnis\*, Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 36; dum id quod miser est clam esse ceuset alteros\*, Acc. 654; note that in last two clam just precedes verb, as also in foll.; **8.** and perh. after noun, Non me\* clam (so A) haberet quod celasse intellego, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 35; but me might be acc. after haberet; in Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 17 Fleck. has: Quia te prohibet erus, clam potior, not: ero clam; and in Merc. 4, 6, 5 (7), Vxor uiro si clam domo egressast foras, uiro is prob. a dat. not connected w. clam; **II 9.** as adv. secretly, furtively, clam uostrum hunc sermonem sublegerunt, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 98; hanc tu mihi uel ui uel clam uel precario Fac tradas, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 38; ut nec ui nec clam nec precario possederit,



Cic. Caecin. 92; Sychaem Clam ferro incantum superat, Verg. 1, 350; Nec dic quid doleas, clam tamen usque dolo, Ov. rem. am. 694; **10.** often opp. to palam, Si prohibuerit, clam plus perdet quam si praehibuerit palam, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 63; clamque palamque, Æn. an. 247 V; multa palam auferebat, plura clam remouebat, Cic. Rosc. Am. 23; add Cael. 21; fam. 1, 1, 10; **11.** as pred. w. esse, Quam saue magni referat, mihi clamst, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 9; clam quae sperari fore, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 21; Si sperat fore clam..., Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 45.

**clanculo**, adv. [perh. clanculum, w. loss of m; hence only in very late wr.]; secretly, furtively, fuit hic poeta (i.e. Virgil) dissimulanter et quasi clanculo doctus, Maer. s. 5, 18, 1; erumpent c. per porticas, Amm. 21, 12, 13; puer c. profugit, Apul. 3, 8 f.; c. furati, 9, 9 f.; add 10, 14 f.; add Aug. ep. 54 f.

**clanculum**, prep. and adv. dim. [clam+ic-ulum]; prep. w. acc., without the knowledge of, unknown to, alii clanculum Patres quae faciunt, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 27; **2.** adv. secretly, furtively, Captandus horum clanculum Sermo mihi, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 8; add 25 other exx.; ego limis spectro Sie per (over) flabellum clanculum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 54; add 2, 3, 19; 3, 1, 21; 3, 5, 41; Haut. 3, 1, 63; Ph. 5, 6, 33; Afran. 47 R; Atta 24.

**claudo** (clūdo\*), ēre, si, sus (ssus†), vb. [for claudio (cf. gaudeo for gaudeo and see audeo) and this from a lost sb. claud- = κληιδ- (n. κληις, κλεις), a bar, aft. bolt, key; claud- was cut down to clau- (n. clavis), bar, close, shut, lock, necquis...ea loca porticumque quam possideto neue eorum quod saeptum habeto quominus eis loceis porticibusque populus utatur, CIL 206, 71; (T)j. Messius Q. f. C. Acilius M. f. Cn. Meuius Cn. f. aid(iles) aream claudendam...curauere, 1192; consuli portas tota Asia clauderat, Cic. Flac. 25; forem cubiculi, Tusc. 5, 59; palpebrae...aptissime factae ad claudendas pupulas; omnes aditus, Phil. 1, 25; portas, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 1; 3, 17, 3; 7, 12, 5; 7, 70, 7; b. c. 1, 34, 4; Si linguam clauso tenes in ore, Catul. 55, 28; (Ianum) Quiri(num, quem clausum esse (maiores nostri uoluerunt)...bis omnino clausum..., ter me pri(nc)ipe senatus claudendum esse (en)sui(t), Mon. Ancyr. 2, 42-45; in aeternam clauduntur lnmia noctem, Verg. 10, 746; Prima nocte domum claude, Hor. od. 3, 7, 29; portasque petunt quas obice firmo Clauserat, Ov. M. 14, 781; Mille domos clausere serae, 8, 629; fana, F. 5, 485; **2.** Clauditur et dura ianua firma sera, Tib. 1, 2, 6; **3.** shut in, imprison, inclose, shut up, confine, in atras tenebras eum (i.e. Regulum) claudabant, Tuberio ap. Gell. 7(6), 4, 2; mare terram cludit\* (so cj.; mss eludit), Cic. N.D. 2, 100; quae macerie cluduntur\*, Varr. r. 3, 3, 5; locus coclearis quem totum circum aqua claudas, 3, 16, 1; (uenti) clausi nubibus, Lucr. 6, 19, 7; claudam in curia uos, Liv. 23, 2, 9; in antro Lanigeras claudit pecudes, Verg. 3, 642; add 6, 734; G. 3, 352; haedos, Ov. F. 3, 879; Colligit errantes (sc. apes) et in arbore claudit inani, 3, 743; Claudasque textis cratibus laetum pecus, Hor. epod. 2, 45; add s. 2, 7, 59; (cum) Gyaro claudendum censeret, Tac. an. 4, 30; add 14, 63; 16, 9; subuenitur eis qui clausi fuerunt: ...clnsos\* accipere debemus et si sunt uincti, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 3, 6; qui in carcere clausus\* est, 50, 16, 216; **4.** met., urbem Syraeusas quae terra ae mari clauderetur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 4; omnia litora ac portus custodia clausos teneri, Caes. b. c. 3, 23, 1; Rura gelu tum claudit hiemps, Verg. G. 2, 317; clausae hieme Alpes, Liv. 27, 36, 4; priusquam clauderent Capuam operibus, 25, 22, 11; Lougus in angustum qua clauditur Hellespontus, Ov. M. 13, 407; add 1, 568; Claudit et indomitum moles mare, Tib. 2, 3, 45; **5.** shut off, stop, omnes undique clausi commentus erant, Liv. 21, 57, 5; Pars animam laqueo claudit, Ov. M. 7, 604; sanguinein, Plin. 26, 135; ut sanguis aliter cludi\* non posset, Iust. 15, 3, 13; **6.** esp. w. abstract nouns of going, eam se illis fugam clausurum, Liv. 27, 18, 9; iter, Ov. F. 1, 272; **7.** close, end, octauum Claudere lustrum, Hor. od. 2, 4 f.; opus, Ov. F. 3, 384; Vltima mandato claudetur epistola paruo, her. 13, 165; Cluderet\* quae cenas lactuca sole-

bat anorum, Mart. 13, 14, 1; numquam in cadem (noce) flexa et acuta... itaque neutra cludet\* nocem latinam, Quint. 1, 5, 31; illud quo ueteres tragoediae cluduntur\* Plodite, 6, 1, 52 etc.; peius cludit\* finis hexametri, ut Brutus in epistolis: 'placuisse Catoni', 9, 4, 75; **8.** esp. c. agmen, close a line of march, bring up the rear, w. double idea of shutting off the enemy aud shutting in would-be stragglers, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; 2, 19, 3; b. c. 1, 79, 1; Curt. 3, 3, 21; 4, 12, 7; **9.** met. imprison, confine, as words, numeris sententias, Cic. or. 229; Mollius ae siquis pedibus quid claudere senis, Hor. s. 1, 10, 59; me pedibus delectat claudere uerba, 2, 1, 28; cf. opp. use of solutus, Cic. or. 3, 184; Ov. tr. 4, 10, 24; **10.** other met., Nolo tibi ullum commodum in me claudier, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 41; numcubi meam Benignitatem sensisti in te claudier? (so A; al. interclaudier or cludier, perh. rightly, for in te differs fm. in me of other pass.) Eun. 1, 2, 84; nec claudenda res est familiaris, Cic. off. 2, 55; in ipsius consuetudinem quam adhuc meus pudor mihi clausit insinuabo, fam. 4, 13, 6; habere clausa sua consilia, Verr. 3, 63; aliud clausum in pectore, aliud in lingua promptum habere, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; Tiberium sine ira clausum uidit, Tac. an. 3, 15; Claudebam sub corde metus, Sil. 6, 381; add 1, 140; 10, 378; **11.** clausum as sb. n. a place locked up or shut in, clausa domorum, Lucr. 1, 354 and acc. to Lachm. 4, 612; peudum fetus atque fructus clauso custodiendi erant, Cic. oecon. p. 975, 24 Bait.; Sic positum in clauso lincunt, Verg. G. 4, 303; centrum capitum sub uno clauso non expedit habere, Colum. 7, 6, 5.

**coalesco**, (rather coolesco, so Lamb.; or cōlesco\*, so Lachm.) ēre, coalui or coalitus+sum, vb. [con, olesco] grow to, grow together, by growing become one (with), Saxa uides primum sola coalescere\* calce, Lucr. 6, 1068; ne prius exarescat sureulus quam coalescat\*, Varr. r. 1, 41, 2; Dum nouus in uiridi coalescit cortice ramus (of grafting), Ov. a. a. 2, 649; sic interposito triennio coalescit (or -et) ficus oliuae, Colum. arb. 27, 4; **2.** of plants, take firm root, become one (w. the ground etc.), become strong, in eo loco grandis jlex coaluerat inter saxa, Sal. Iug. 93, 4; impetus aquarum proluit terram nudatisque radicibus gramina non patitur coalescere, Colum. 2, 17, 5; celerim in ubertate coalescunt, 3, 5, 2; sarmentum sic depressum citius coalescit, 3, 18, 6; nec arbor potest uindicari a te quae translata in agrum meum cum terra meae coaluit, Ulp. 39, 2, 9, 2; palmam...in complunium transtulit utque coalesceret magno opere curauit, Suet. Aug. 92; **3.** of animal formation, nihil interesse cuius in corpore eiusque ex sanguine concretus homo et coalitus sit, Gell. 12, 1, 11; and met. w. same idea, eloquentia coalescere nequit nisi sociata tradentis (the teacher) accipientisque (the pupil) concordia, 2, 9, 3; grow together, be united, coalesce, breui spatio noui neteresque coaluere, Sal. Iug. 87, 3; in populi unius corpus, Liv. 1, 8, 1; rem coalescere concordia, 1, 11, 2; cum patribus coalescerent animi plebis, 2, 48, 1; breuique tanta concordia coaluerant animi ut..., 23, 35, 9; add 26, 40, 18; quae causa fuit ne in bellum atrox coalescerent, Tac. an. 3, 38; ad opsequium coaluisse, 6, 50 (44); hist. 1, 21; add 11, 24; 2, 37; coalitum† libertate inuerentiam, an. 13, 26; uetustate imperii coalit† audacia, 14, 1; coalit† libertate, h. 4, 55 f.; **4.** be joined, heal up, of wounds, dehiscente utero parit: a partu coalescit uulnus, Plin. 9, 166; cilium uulnere ductum non coalescit, 11, 157; **5.** hence met., seplulis bellis euilibus coalescentibusque reipublicae membris, Vell. 2, 90, 1; and perh. 2, 48, 5; **6.** in gramm. of composition, e duobus quasi corporibus coalescunt, ut malificus, Quint. 1, 5, 65; **7.** or synalophe, seruum u et o litteris scripserunt quia subiecta sibi uocalis in unum sonum coalescere nequiret, 1, 7, 26; **8.** in Gell. 17, 8, 10 congelascere, not coalescere.

**collum**, i, n.; in old wr. gen. collus, i, m. [a variety of callum] lit. the thick cartilage at the back of the neck, and so back or nape of the neck (ceruices, the vertebrae, iugulum, the front of the neck)—hence used where weights are to be carried, Tollam ego tē in collum atque



intro hinc anferam, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 42; actumst de collo meo: Gestandus peregre clnpeus galea sarcina, Trin. 2, 4, 194; huc in collum nisi piget Impone (se. argentum), Pers. 4, 6, 9; accipite si uolitis hoc onus in uostros collos\*, Cato orat. 71, 1 I; (Set) ntrum scapulae plus an collua\* habeat calli nescio, Naev. 115 R; Ad restim redit res (so ej.; mss res redit). Immo collus\* non res; nam ille argentum habet, Caecil. 215; Habes nide, tibi tradidi: in tuo collo est, 116; en cano collum\* grauem, Aec. 302; cum iatus auaritia poenam collo et ceruicibus suis sustinerent, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 108; iugum Collo trahentes, Hor. od. 3, 3, 15; uomerem... Collo trahentes languido, epod. 2, 64; eripe turpi Colla iugo, s. 2, 7, 92; et collo fortiter arma gerat, Tib. 2, 6, 2; Veneris uinclis aubdere colla senem, 1, 2, 92; Fortunae subdere colla, Sil. 10, 216; Et ceromatico fert niceteria collo, Iuv. 3, 68; frietico cum omnibus uertebrais utilis sit, tum iis praecipue quae in collo sunt, Cels. 4, 6, p. 128, 30 D.

2. so a cloak covers chiefly the back of the neck, Coniciam in collum pallium, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 12; add Epid. 2, 2, 10; 3. less correctly, neck gen., Praetorquete iniuriae prins collum quam ad uos peruenat, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 12; Decide collum si..., Merc. 2, 2, 37; meum laqueo collum quando opstrinxero, Aul. 1, 1, 39; collus\* collari caret, Capt. 2, 2, 107; Nam in columbari collum (the only pass. in Pl. decisive for neut.) hau multo post erit; Rud. 3, 6, 50; hunc collum\* Ludo praecidi iube, Caecil. 56 R; collum in laqueum inserenti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 37; collum gladio sua dextera secuerit, Q. Cic. pct. cons. 10; Vt nitens pauoni collus\*, Varr. a. 219, 3 R; collum procerum, 185, 1; anseres, cygni camelii, adiuantur proeritate collorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; ne sustineri quidem caput posset, nisi utrumque nerui collum contineret, Cels. 8, 1, p. 325, 33 Dar.; uasa quae colla bibentium (columbarum) admittant, Colum. 8, 8, 5; longum inualidi collum, Iuv. 3, 88; 4. met. neck, lassoue papauera collo Demisere caput, Verg. 9, 436; lagenae, Phaedr. 1, 26; malleoli colla fictilia (pipes of pottery) traieci, Plin. 17, 161; Parnassi frondea colla, Stat. Th. 9, 643; 5. to ex. of collus above \* add: Mala mentum barba collus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 289; this form obsolete for Quint. who says: neo collos mihi Caluus persuaserit, 1, 6, 42; 6. =G. hal-s and kr-ag-en; E. s-crag and decap. \*ruff.

**col-or**, (-ōs\*; cf. § 13), ōris, m. [a lost vb. = *κυλλω* or *κυλλος*, also = cor of corium, *χρῶρ* of *χρῶς*, *χρῶια*; also = E. hull] lit. skin; and so complexion or colour of the skin; Color (pron. c'lor; cf. *χρῶς* etc.) uerus, corpus aolidum et suci plenum. Anni? Anni? sedecim, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 27; Qui cōlor, nitor, uestitus; quae habitudo est corporis, 2, 2, 11; add 4, 4, 22; Amplus rubicundo colore et speetu proteruo ferox, Pac. 147 R; candiduli dentes uenusti oculi color suauis, Cic. Tusc. 5, 46; formae dignitas coloris bonitate tuenda est, color exercitationibus corporis, off. 1, 130; Quem ego hominem nulli coloris noui, Pl. Pa. 4, 7, 99; 2. esp. as varying w. the feelings, istuo quid est tibi quod commutatust color? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 33; Vide num eius color pudoris aignum usquam indieat, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 7; incertus uultus, crebra coloris mutatio, Cic. Clu. 54; qui colore ipso patriam aspernaris, Cic. in L. Pia. fr. p. 1066, 3, Baiter; mixta rubent ubi lilia multa Alba rosa; talis uirgo dabat ōrē cōlores (now blushing, now deadly pale), Verg. 12, 69; Mordear opprobriis falsis mutemquē cōlores? Hor. ep. 1, 16, 38; add epod. 17, 21; Et pariter uultusque deo plectrumque colorque Excidit, Ov. M. 2, 601; add 3, 99; Et rediit puero qui fuit ante color, F. 6, 168; Neu notet informis pallida membra color, Tib. 4, 4, 6; Quis te cogebat multos pallere colores? Prop. 1, 15, 39; dormi per istas noetes ut forti colore in senatum uenias, Front. ad M. Caes. 5, 1, 1; post hoc factum nunquam coloris sui fuit, Petr. 63 f.; 3. met. but still with ref. to orig. aenso, complexion, ornatur oratio...quasi colore quodam et suco suo, Cic. or. 3, 96; amisimua non modo sucum ac sanguinem sed etiam colorem et apicem pristinam acinitatis, Att. 4, 16, 10; His figuris insidere quidam uenustatis, non fuce illitus sed anguine diffusus debet color, or. 3, 199; II 4. gen. colour, Palliolium (pallium?) habebas ferrugineam, nam

is colos\* thalassicust? Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 43; add Rud. 4, 3, 58; Most. 1, 3, 44; Truc. 2, 2, 38; Aeris item et plumbi: quae eum concreta uidebant Posterius claro in terra splendere colore... Lucr. 5, 1258; color albus praecipue decorus deo est, cum in ceteris, tum maxime in textili, Cic. leg. 2, 45; omnia ae Britannii uitro inficiunt quod caeruleum efficit colorem, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Equi colore dispares... Hic badius, iste giluos, ille murinus, Varr. s. 183, 4 R; Iris...Mille trahens uarios aduerso sole colores, Verg. 4, 701; Nec uarios disceet mentiri lana colores, B. 4, 42; astrum...quo Duceret† aprieis in collibus uua colorem, 9, 49; lanarum nigrae nullum colorem bibunt, Plin. 8, 193; lana quosdam colores semel ducit†, quosdam nisi saepius macerata non peribit, Sen. ep. 71, 31; colorem (solis atillae), non imaginem ducunt†, Sen. n. q. 1, 5, 6;

5. colour as a material, Quique moues caelum tabulamque coloribus uris, Ov. F. 3, 831; pictoris instrumentum legato, cerae colores similiaque horum legato cedunt, Marcian. dig. 33, 7, 17; add Ulp. 7, 1, 13, 7; 6. met. qui multis apud philosophum annis peresiderint et ne colorem quidem duxerint†, Sen. ep. 108, 5; multorum lectione formanda mens et ducendus† color, Quint. 10, 1, 59;

7. esp. the complexion given to a subject by an orator, the light in which it is exhibited, Latro colorem simplicem pro adulescente: habere non quod excuset, sed quo gloriatur, Sen. contr. 1, 16; Albus hoc colore..., contr. § 17; Blandus colore diuerso..., ib.; Silo Pompeius hoc colore..., § 18 etc.; tum omnes colores, aspere an leniter an etiam summisse loqui expedit, Quint. 6, 5, 5; dandus illis deformibus color, 3, 8, 44; Dic aliquem sodes hic Quintilianae colorem, Iuv. 6, 280; Quis color et quod sit causae genus, 7, 155; res illo colore defenditur apud iudicem, ut uideatur ille quasi non sanae mentis fuisse, cum testamentum inique ordinaret, Mare. dig. 5, 2, 5;

8. often in a bad sense, snnt et falsae expositiones quarum duplex genus est, alterum...; alterum quod est tuendum dicentis ingenio. Id ad solam uerecundiam pertinet, unde mihi uidetur diei color, 4, 2, 88; fneo ementitum colorem, 8, 3, 6; 9. heuce pretence, colour, sed hoc ita demum probandum est si non color abigeatus quaesitus est, sed nere putauit sua (esse pecora), Ulp. dig. 47, 14, 1, 4; sub colore adipiscendae possessionis, Cod. 3, 6, 3; 10. other met. complexion, external circumstances, Quisquis erit uitae scribam color, Hor. s. 2, 1, 60; Omnis Aristippum decuit color et status et res, ep. 1, 17, 23; 11. for phrase ducere colorem, take a colour from without, cf. † in §§ 4 and 6; 12. prov. nimum ne crede colori, Verg. B. 2, 17; 13. to ex. of colos in § 4 add Pl. Men. 5, 2, 75; Titin. 114 R; Luer. 6, 208 and 1074; Sal. Cat. 15, 5 (so Prob. 15, 13, and 23, 34 K; mss color); 14. as a monos. in Ter. § 2.

**cōlumba-r**, adj. n. as sb. a collar (like a pigeon-hole?), Nam in columbari collum hau multo post crit, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 50; wh. a short o in columbari gives a trochaic leg.; but perh. col is lengthened as in collum to suit the pun.

**commēto**, are, vb. frq. (commeo), frequently traverse, keep going backwards and forwards (to), frequently resort (to) or visit, Nam meus scruposam uictus commetat uiam, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 82; Quo tu commetas? ubi defixus desias, Afran. 344 R; Cum ad lupam nostram tam multi crebro commetat lupi, Nov. 7 R; commetare commear, Non. 89; but in Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 35 all mss including A have commear with initial trochee.

**compēdio**, ire, vb. [compedis adj. but cf. *expedio*, *impedio*], put in irons, fetter, hence met. pedes corrigiis compedio, Varr. ap. Non. 28; te rebus mortalibus compedio, August. ep. 39; 2. chiefly in pass. part. compeditus serui, Cato r. 36; Dum compediti aut animum lima conterunt, Aut...; Pl. Men. 1, 1, 9; Vlcerosam compeditam suberbustam sordidam, ap. Fest. 309; add Capt. 5, 1, 24; Sen. tranq. 10.

**compēdis**, is adj. [fm. a lost *peda* or *pedis* = *πῆδα* a fetter; cf. for suff. *imberbis* fm. *barba*], in plur. ss sb.



f. (sc. catenae) irons, fetters, fures priuatorum furtorum in neruo atque in compedibus aetatem agunt, Gell. 11, 18, 18; Et qui fugitiuis seruis induunt compedes, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 4; Vbi suram aspicias, scias posse eum gerere crassas compedes (compedis?), Ps. 4, 7, 80; crassas compedis, Pers. 4, 4, 25; Compedium (so ABD) tritor, 3, 3, 15; add Aul. 4, 1, 16; habendae compedes (habendum compedis?), Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18; Compedes quas ipse fecit, ipsus ut gestet faber, prov. ap. Auson. Id. 7 dedic. f.; aerinas compedes, Varr. ap. Non. 28; in manicis et Compedibus saeuo te sub custode tenebo, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 77; 2. met. qui in compedibus corporis semper fuerunt, Cic. Tusc. 1, 75; age iam has compedes, fasces inquam laureatos..., Att. 8, 3, 5; luxu feminarum plebis compedes sibi facientium (silver anklets), Plin. 33, 151; 3. in poets as sing. Grata continuit compede Myrtale, Hor. od. 1, 33, 14; tenetque grata Compede unctum, 4, 11, 24; niuali compede ninctus, ep. 1, 3, 3; uinctus quoque compedo fossor, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 5; Crura licet dura compede pulsa sonent, Tib. 1, 7, 42; add 2, 6, 25; 4. as m. compedes parati, Lact. mort. Persec. 21; 5. in sing. besides compede only a gen. compedis (in Claud. Eutr. pr. 2, 3) seems to occur.

**con**, inseparable prefix [=συν and ξυν, also=prep. cum] in comp. first w. vbs. together, con-curro, run together, co-eo, go together, meet, com-pono and com-paro, put together, con-sulo, lit. sit together, hence deliberate; 2. completeness (first in way of destruction), com-edo, eat up all, com-buro, burn up, con-tundo, hammer to pieces, con-ficio, dispatch, make an end of, con-cido, cut to pieces; 3. completeness (in way of success), con-sequor, overtake, con-sector, hunt down, con-ficio, complete; 4. w. all one's might, and so of intensity, con-cutio, shake violently, con-icio, hurl, con-clamo, cry out loudly, con-cido, settle for good, col-loco, place for a permanence, invest (money), give (a daughter) in marriage, com-prehendo, seize firmly; 5. in harmony, con-cino and con-sono, harmonize, con-sentio, agree in feeling with; 6. like be- in Eng., uniting the idea of completeness and changing the construction as: frusta ueribus figunt, but filios sagittis configere; sterno, strew, con-sterno, be-strew; spuo, spit, con-spuo, be-spit; lino, smear, col-lino, be-smear; 7. also from sbb. con-tabulo, cover w. planks; con-tigno, cover w. beams; II 8. adj. (or sb.) from vb. without further suffix, w. notion of together, con-iux or -iunx, yoked together, yoke-mate, from iungo, yoke, com-es (-it), travelling with, companion, fm. it- old form of i-re; con-sul, one of two magistrates (sitting together), from sulo, whence con-sulo; 9. fm. vb. w. suffix, together, con-sei-us sharing knowledge, con-uiu-a, one who lives with; col-lega, one deputed to act with; 10. adj. from adj. w. idea of intensity or completeness, con-similis, thoroughly like, the very image of, com-pos, thoroughly master of, from potis; 11. fm. sb. w. notion of oneness or identity, and again without new suffix, com-modus, of one measure with, and so fitting, from modus; com-munis shared in common, fm. munia; concors (old form concordis), of one string or note, fm. corda; con-color, of one colour with; con-sors, having a lot in common; 12. w. new suffix co-gnomin-is of the same name; con-sanguin-eus, of the same blood; 13. prefixed to sbb. w. notion of fellow, E. co-, co-haeres, con-seruus, con-socer; 14. in adv. co-minus, hand to hand; III 15. as to form, before vowels com or co, as com-edo, com-es; and cogo (for co-ago), co-eo, co-ire, co-erceo, co-inquino, co-orior, co-operio or copero; 16. co bef. h, as co-haereo, co-horreo; com bef. labials, as com-bibo, com-buro; com-paro, com-pono; com-mitto, com-meo; except con bef. f, con-fero, con-fugio; 17. con bef. dentals, con-duco, con-duo; con-fero, con-tineo; con-sulo, con-seruo; 18. con bef. gutturals, con-gero, con-globo, con-cedo, con-cito, con-queror, con-quirro; 19. assimilated before l and r, col-lido, col-luceo; corrupto, corrigo; 20. bef. n, cō preferred, as cō-necto, cō-nitor; 21. bef. u cons. con, as con-uerto, con-uoco; 22. but bef. u, s, f the n was prob. silent though written; hence conuentio passed through

conentio to contio, consul was often written cosnl or cos; 23. bef. two cons. co was at times preferred to con, as co-gnosco, co-gnatus; 24. at times the form con was preferred to assimilation, as con-pono, cou-loco, etc.

**concilio**, āre, vb. [con+cilia, n. pl. small hairs] felt (cloth, as in making drugget etc.), uestimentum apud fullonem quum cogitur conciliari (al. consiliari) dicitur, Varr. 1, 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; [of such cloth Plin. 8, 192 speaks in: lanae et per se coactae (Varro's very word) uestem faciunt]; so some see a pun in: A. Placet consilium. M. immo etiam ubi expoliuero (a term of the ars fullonia), Magis hoc tum dices, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 60 (but would consilium and concilium have sounded alike?); cf. inconcilio; 2. met. unite the fibres of, weave together, cement, unite, esp. in affection, Eo conductor melius de me nugas concilianerit, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 14; inter se atque uos Adfinitatem ut conciliarem et gratiam, 2, 4, 42; Exite, agite, (ex)ite, ignaui, male habiti et male conciliati (ill put together, ill-begotten as a term of abuse), Ps. 1, 2, 1; prodi male conciliate, Ter. Eunn. 4, 4, 2; eas nuptias M. Cicero conciliarat, Nep. Att. 5, 3; conciliante nuptias fratre patrueli, Iust. 7, 6, 10; see § 4; exeo ergo ut pacem conciliem, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 2; pacis inter cines conciliandae, Cic. fam. 10, 27, 1; quocum mihi amicitiam respublica conciliauit, Deiot. 39; inter se homines, off. 1, 50; feras inter sese, Rosc. Am. 63; respublica nos inter nos conciliatura coniuncturaque sit, fam. 5, 7, 2; 3. esp. in Lucr. of physical union, Corpora materiae...Conciliantur ita ut debent animalia gigni, 2, 901; 1, 1043; 2, 551; 5, 465; 6, 889; 4. often nuptiarum uel amoris causa, bring together, bring to (by kindly means), as in match-making, Tute ad eam adeas ut (so Bergk cj. and Ritschl now; miss tute) concilies (a marriage), tute poscas, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 105; (a) tua mihi uxore dicam delatum et datum Vt sese ad eum conciliarem, Mil. 3, 1, 206; Conciliabat enim nel mntna quamque cupido Vel..., Lncr. 5, 963; cf. Lncr. in § 3; Vt semel e(s) flauo conciliata uiro, Catul. 68, 132 (130); Num me nupsisti conciliante seni? Ov. am. 1, 13, 42; filiam suam Caesari, Suet. Caes. 50 f.; 5. in re cinaedica, flore aetatis Hamilcari conciliatus, Liv. 21, 2, 3; add Curt. 7, 9, 19; Suet. Ter. 1; 6. of simple affection, unite, attach, conciliate, win over, w. acc. and dat., ipsum sibi conciliari, Cic. fin. 3, 16; eam ciuitatem Aueruini, Caes. b. g. 7, 7, 1; ciuitates amicitia Caesari, b. e. 3, 55, 3; Mezentium arma Quae sibi conciliet, Verg. 10, 151; deos homini, Ov. F. 1, 337; Pammenem exulem similitudine fortunae sibi, Tac. an. 16, 14; Maurorum animos Vitellio, h. 2, 58; add an. 6, 29 (23); c. sibi iudicem, Quint. 6, 1, 11; add 11, 1, 9; 7. w. acc. alone, animos hominum, Cic. off. 2, 17; plebis animos, Liv. 1, 35, 2; animos, Tac. h. 1, 18 f.; accusatorem, Quint. 6, 1, 12; audientem, 8, pr. 11; 8. absol., illa sunt communia, conciliare narrare docere, Quint. 3, 4, 15; conciliet persuadent maerent, 11, 3, 154; 9. (by kindly means) bring or get into one's possession, or net so to say, bag, Set si nullo pacto ille (i.e. his son) huc conciliari potest, ..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 22 (28); illum conciliarunt mihi Peregrinum (from the mouth of a leno), Poen. 3, 5, 24; pecuniae conciliandae causa, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 137; quare tricies ex hoc genere conciliarit, ib. 142; add 2, 3, 71 and 194; 10. w. abstr. nouns, conciliate, win, gain, amorem, Cic. or. 2, 206; amorem sibi, Arch. 17; gloriam, Mur. 41; clementiae famam, Liv. 21, 60, 4; maiestatem nomini Romano, 29, 11, 4; fauorem, 29, 22, 8; dignitatem auctoribus, Tac. dial. 9; laudem, Quint. 2, 7, 4; 11. even of evil results, otii nomine seruitutem concilias, ps. Nep. Epam. 5, 3; but in Quint. 5, 13, 38 Halm cj. has concitandum...odium, as the mss in 6, 2, 16; and again by cj. concitetur risus in 6, 3, 35; 12. make acceptable, obtain favour for, Et dictis artes conciliasse suas; Munere in hoc rex est, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 42; see also § 5; II 13. conciliatus part. as adj. acceptable, in favour, conciliatus est ei quisque quem consulit, Quint. 3, 7, 6; nobis conciliatissimus ob uitae integritatem, Symm. ep. 9, 37; 14. in act. sense, inclined to favour. ut index ad rem accipiendam fiat conciliator, docilior, intentior, 4, 2, 24.



**concordia**, ae, f. [concor] harmony of note, concord, ubi (chorus canentium) certis numeris ac pedibus...concinuit, ex eius modi uocum concordia...amicum quiddam et dulce resonat, Colum. 12, 2, 4 (quoting perh. Cic.); ut cantus uocis plurimum iunat sociata neruorum concordia, Quint. 5, 10, 124; **2.** met. harmony, concord, iam uos redistis in concordiam? Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 7; add 1, 1, 13; 2, 2, 211; Pacem inter sese conciliant, conferunt concordiam, Enn. tr. 164; quia pacem animis afferat (temperantia) et eos quasi concordia quadam placet ac leniat, Cic. fin. 1, 47; rerum ageudarium ordinem et ut ita dicam concordiam, 3, 21; ita perfectum est ut omnes concordia constituta sine querella discederent, Cic. off. 2, 82; concordia maxuma, minuma auaritia erat, Sal. Cat. 9, 1; concordia res paruae crescut, discordia maxumae dilabuntur, Iug. 10, 6; Quid uelit et possit rerum concordia discors, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 19; et discors concordia fetibus apta est, Ov. M. 1, 433; Temporibus angustis mansit concordia discors Paxque fuit non sponte decum, Lucan. 1, 98; **3.** often on Imperial coins, as marking the harmony ascribed to an Emperor, as of Galba, Eckhel, 6, 298 b, of Hadrian, 475 b; **4.** a goddess Concordia, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; reliquos in aedem Concordiae uenire iubet, Sal. Cat. 46, 5; add 49, 4; Ov. F. 6, 91; M. Artorius Geminus... Concordiae, inscr. Or. 1811; ob natalem Nero(nis Caesaris) Aug... Concordiae uocam, 1812; S. P. Q. R. aedem Concordiae uetustate conclopsam...restituerunt, 4895; add 2131: 2442; 4369; Plin. 2, 14; 33, 19; 34, 80; **5.** title of a colony, patrono coloniarum Concordiae et Altinatum, 4082; sequitur decima regio Italiae, cuius Venetia... oppidum Altinum...colonia Concordia, Plin. 3, 126; Seriae adicitur Fama Iulia, Nertobrigae Concordia Iulia, 3, 14.

**concordiā-lis**, adj. harmonious, uincula, Firm. Math. 6, 32; **2.** as sb. m. a priest of Concordia (at Patavium), V. f. T. Liuius Iuliae T. f. Quartaie l. Halys Concordialis Patauī sibi et snis omnibus, inscr. Or. 1165.

**Concordiensis**, adj. of Concordia, a colony of Lusitania, Plin. 4, 118.

**con-cordis**, (later concors) e, adj. [eorda a musical string; not as Varro l. 5, 10 p. 78 Sp. a corde congruente; or Cic. Tusc. 1, 18], of the same note, in harmony (with), harmonious, Concordem citharae mouit per carmina linguam, Sil. 11, 439; **2.** met., si idem faciant ceteri, ...Et multo fiat ciuitas concordior, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 7; Communis concordis\* dum id quod petit potitur, Caecil. 109 R; optumas, Bene conuenientes, bene concordem cum uiris, Afran. 53; concordi quadam amicitia, Cic. Tim. 5; concors ciuitatis status, leg. 3, 28; cum concordissimis fratribus, Lig. 5; ne secum quidem ipse concors, Liv. 4, 2, 6; concordibus iunctos animis, 6, 6, 18; Concordes stabili fatorum numine Parcae, Verg. B. 4, 67; frena iugo concordia ferre, A. 3, 542; concordem egimus annos, Ov. M. 8, 708; concordem sibi coniungem, Tac. an. 3, 33; **3.** abl. concorde or -i, Prise. 1, 341, 14 K; **4.** adv. concorditer, in harmony, harmoniously, Sane illi inter se congruunt concorditer, Pl. Curc. 2, 2, 14; Alternum (so H Columna cj.; mss aet.) seritote diem concorditer ambo, Enn. an. 114 V; add Ov. M. 7, 752; **5.** comp. bellum utinam concordius quam cupiant gerant, Liv. 4, 45 f.; **6.** sup., quicum concordissime uixerat, Cic. Rab. perd. 14.

**concorditas**, ātis, f. [concordis] harmony, met. in: Concorditatem hospitio adiunctam perpetem Probitate conseruetis, Pac. 188 R.

**concord-ium**, ii, n. [id.] the same, si reuersa post iurgium mulier ueluti uenali concordio (so Mommsen) ne dotata sit conueniat, Papin. dig. 23, 4, 27.

**Concord-ius**, ii, = concors, a cognomen, Ti. Iulius Concordius, inscr. Mur. 1260, 10.

**concord-o**, āre, vb. [concordis] keep, be in harmony with, per me concordant carmina neruis, Ov. M. 1, 518; **2.** met., Si concordabis cum illa habebis quae tnam Senectutem oblectet, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 86; cum (animi) iudicia opinionisque concordant, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30; ne tunc quidem fratres...concordare potuerunt, Iust. 27, 3, 6.

**conduplico**, āre, vb. double completely, Mamma ma(mil)la opprimitur al(ia) si lubet conduplicant (pron.

condulcant), Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 16; Idem hic tibi quod bene (al. boni) promeritus fueris conduplicauerit, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 31.

**confligium**, ii, n. [confligo] dashing together, collision, fluctuum confligiis adesa, Sol. 9, 9; lacus Palicus semper strepente confligio (so Haupt, Herm. 1, 31 cj., ms coniugio) stridulus argutum murmur exhibat, Iul. Firm. Mat. math. 1 pr.

**con-quinisco**, -qnexi, ēre, vb. [and oc-quinisco imply a root con, changed here to quin through following i; cf. κ(ο)νωσω and nuo nod; akin to Umbr. hond-ra below, hond-umo lowest, as also to E. on, under; *ev-epoi* fm. *ev*, imus fm. in; and see Key's Essays No. 2] crouch or stoop very low, conquiniscam ad cistulam, Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 5; Si conquiniscet, conquiniscito semul, Ps. 3, 2, 75; accessi ad patrem, preudi manum; In terram ut cubabat ndam, ad eum ut conquexi, interim Mulieres conspiciunt, Pompon. ap. Prisc. 1, 509, 5; so Caper also gives conquexi as perf., Prisc. ib.

**cōram**, adv. or prep.? [I used to think for co-or-am, and so fm. os oris, face to face, cf. co-minus, hand to hand; more prob. cor may be an older form of os oris, cf. custos; cf. the use of coram as an acc. of a sb. in § 5; also cāra in sense of face and sin-cērus one-faced; Eng. cheer; perh. also *καρα* and even *κορυή* face to face, or to one's face, in one's face, in person, with one's own eyes, I hac Lesbionice mecum ut coram nuptiis Dies constituatur, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 176; Quid iam? Quia te(d) ipsus coram praesens praesentem uidet, Ps. 4, 7, 43; add Merc. 2, 2, 7; Sine...illum huc coram adducam, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; a uereor coram in os te laudare amplius, Ad. 2, 4, 5; Rogitas, quae mihi ante oculos coram amatorem adduxisti tuom...Eun. 4, 7, 24; add 3, 4, 38; si ea quae apud uos de me deferunt, ea coram potius me praesente dixissent, Cic. agr. 3, 1; libenter haec coram cum Q. Catulo disputarem, Man. 66; quod coram ex ipso audiebamus, ac. post. 1, 13; coram me tecum haec agere, Att. 5, 12, 1; quod Ariouisti crudelitate nelut si coram adesset horrenter, Caes. b.g. 1, 32, 4; eadem quae ex nuntiis litterisque cognouerat, coram perspexit, 5, 11, 2; add 6, 8, 4; Manlius ad restituendam aciem se ipse coram offert, Liv. 2, 47, 4; firmandae eius (amicitiae) fidem nec dare nec accipere nisi cum ipso coram duce Romano, 28, 17, 8; coram quem quaeritis adsum, Verg. 1, 595; add 2, 538; 3, 173; Vt ueni coram, singultim pauca locutus..., Hor. s. 1, 6, 56; spectamus quae coram habentur, Tac. an. 6, 14 (8); **2.** even attached to a noun as a sort of adj., traditio coram pugillarum, Suet. Aug. 39; **3.** as prep. gen. w. abl., eadem omnia Quae tute dudum coram me incusaueras, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 21; mihi ipsi coram genero meo, quae dicere ausus es? Cic. Pis. 12; c. amicis et cognatis, Sal. Iug. 9, 4; c. Aspare, 109, 1; non ubiuis coramque quibuslibet, Hor. s. 1, 4, 74; c. populo, A. P. 185; c. latrone, Iuv. 10, 22; c. pluribus Hoc facere canibus, Phaedr. 2, 3, 4; qui coram eo suffragium ab alio peteret, Quint. 6, 3, 47; c. iudicibus, Suet. Aug. 56; c. ipso, Tib. 43; c. se, 62; **4.** aft. its noun, always so in Tac. as: ipso Germanico c., an. 3, 14; dis et patria c., 4, 8; propinquis c., 13, 32; also in others, as: se c., Snet. Ner. 33 and Otho 1; populo e., Tit. 10; Diomedonte coram, ps. Nep. Epam. 4, 2; **5.** in coram w. a gen., in coram omnium, Apul. M. 7, 21; 9, 10; in coram sui, 10, 5.

**corpōr-ēus**, adj. [corpus] of flesh, Concolor hic umerus nascendi tempore dextro Corporeusque fuit (aft. of ivory), Ov. M. 6, 407; Corporeasque dapes aidam demisit in alium (of the first who ate flesh), 15, 105; insigne gallinae corpus corporeum serratum (i.e. the comb), Plin. 11, 122; (cornua) coeleis ad praetemptandum iter, corporea haec, 11, 125; c. cicatrix, 11, 132; having body, corporeal, material, corporeum...omne necesse est esse quod natum est, Cic. Tim. 4; omne quod erat concretum atque corporeum substernebat animo, 8; Ergo corpoream naturam animi esse necessest, Luer. 3, 175; corpoream uocem, 4, 540.

**corpōrī-cida** = μακρολλίτης, i.e. flesher or butcher, Gloss.



**corp-ulentus**, adj. [corp of corpus] with much flesh, corpulent, full-bodied, Corpulentior uidere atque habitior. Huic gratia, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 8; pecus, Colum. 6, 3, 5; corpulento litigatorum. 'Ego te baiulare non possum', Quint. 6, 1, 47; pingui homiui et corpulento censoro equum adimero solitos, Gell. 6 (7), 22, 1; 2. corpulentis Ennius pro magnis dixit, Paul. ex F. p. 47 M.

**corp-ūs**, ōris, n. [carp-o eat; and so fm. a stem carp-, seen in caro and = κερ of κερω] lit. flesh gen. as in corporicida, fleshier or butcher, Gloss.; 2. gen. (human) flesh or body, Vel ubiqumque denis hastis corpus transfigi solet, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 11; add Amph. 1, 1, 95; Viden tu illi maculari corpus totum maculis luridis? Capt. 3, 4, 63; fossari corpora telis, Enn. an. 569 V; Color uerus, corpus solidum et suci plennm, Ter. Enn. 2, 3, 26; mollitudo corporis, Pac. 247 R; quid dicam de ossibus quae subiecta corpori mirabiles commissuras habent, Cic. N. D. 2, 139; et uires et corporis amisi (lost flesh), fam. 7, 26 f.; haurit Pectore Pygmalion simulati corporis ignes: Saepo manus operi temptantes admouet an sit Corpus an illud ebur, Ov. M. 10, 253—5; abii corpusque colorque, her. 3, 141; (uespae) omnes carne uescunt, contra quam apes quae nullum corpus attingunt, Plin. 11, 72; cibi potionesque corpori faciendi aptae, Cels. 7, 3 f.\*; exedunt corpus..., 5, 7, 1; Aut quo cibo fecisti tantum corporis? Phaedr. 3, 7, 5—make flesh as in Cels. above\*; Inque omni uisquam corpore corpus erat—no flesh in all his body, Mart. sp. 7, 6; 3. esp. as the object of sensual love, Vsuramque eius corporis cepit sibi, Pl. Amph. pr. 108; add 5, 2, 5; Vt mihi extra unum te mortalis nemo corpus corpore Contigit quo me impudicam faceret, 2, 2, 203; add 4, 1, 8; Rud. 2, 4, 8; Ps. 5, 1, 16; Mil. 4, 2, 7; Bac. 3, 3, 78; Trno. 2, 6, 39; praestanti corpore nymphae, Verg. 1, 71; lectissima matrum Corpora† captiuosque dabit, 9, 273; 4. and so of prostitution, Tum illam quae corpus publicat uolgo suum, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 22; ubi...Tute tibi indigne dotem quaeras corpore, Cist. 2, 3, 21; add Poen. 5, 3, 21; quae quaestum corpore fecisset, Liv. 26, 33, 8; add Ov. am. 3, 14, 9; Paul. dig. 23, 2, 47; 5. same de maribus, quae quaestum corpori (=corpore) fecit fecerit, CLL 206, 122; qui palam corpore pecuniam quaereret, Cato orat. 64, 4 I; 6. w. ref. to testes, as liable to removal for adultery, dedit hic pro corpore (in ransom for) nummos, Hor. s. 1, 2, 43; add 2, 7, 67; Damnum...amissi corporis, Phaedr. 3, 11, 3; 7. human body or person gen., esp. as seat of power or work, and liable to slavery, punishment etc., Huc delecta uirum sortiti corpora furtim Includunt, Verg. 2, 19; ipsum comitantur speculatorum tecta corpora, Tac. h. 2, 4; captiua corpora Romanis cessere, Liv. 31, 46 f.; corpora nostra debentur Samnitibus, 9, 8, 5; qui liberum corpus in seruitutem addixisset, 3, 56, 8; praeda omnis praeter libera corpora militi concessa est, 6, 13, 6; corpora uestra, coniugum ac liberorum uestrorum seruat inuiolata si..., 21, 13, 7; add 25, 25, 7; 26, 34, 11; 29, 21, 6; corpora coniugum aut liberorum seruitio tradebant, Tac. an. 4, 72; centumque pares primaeva ministri Corpora, Val. Fl. 2, 653; too often these constructions as also Verg. † of § 3 are treated as mere paraphrases; 8. the body, as object of guarding, fida custos corporis, Enn. tr. 289 V; esp. of an emperor, Bassus Neronis Caesaris corpore (=corporis or corpori) custos, inscr. Or. 174; add 175; Alcimachus Neronis...Caisar...corpor. cust., 3538, 7; cf. garde du corps, body-guard, life-(i.e. leib)-guard; 9. trunk or body, as opp. to head, limbs etc., Longa manet ceruix: caput est a corpore longe, Ov. M. 11, 794; and met., corpori ualido caput derat, Liv. 5, 46, 5; 10. body gen., esp. as opp. to mind, corpus quasi uas est aut aliquod animi receptaculum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 52; ut corporis... sic animi..., 4, 30; eum beatum putat cui corpus bene constitutum sit, 2, 17; animi efficitur, non corporis uiribus, off. 1, 79; 11. a corpse or (dead) body, ambusto corpore, CLL 1009, 7; magnum eorum numerum occiderunt: per (over) eorum corpora reliquos transire conantur...repperunt, Caes. b.g. 2, 10, 3; add 2, 27, 3; iacutibus ibi armis corporibusque hostium, Liv. 33, 8, 9; add 32, 13, 8; silisque agrisque uisque Corpora foeda iacent, Ov. M. 7, 548; Aut

ultor uestrae, fidissima corpora, mortis, Ant comes inquit ero, 3, 58; add 13, 471; F. 2, 835; si quis corpus intulerit, Paul. dig. 11, 7, 40; add 11, 7, 39; corpus integrum conditum sarcophago, inser. Or. 4478; 12. of the bodiless Manes, as still having the form, (Charon) subuectat corpora cumba, Verg. 6, 303; defunctaque corpora uita, 306; opp. to c. uita of 391; 13. flesh or body of other than man, equi, Lucr. 4, 422; Obrue mactati corpora tellure iuueni, Ov. F. 1, 377; Ibat ouis lana corpus amicta sua, 2, 298; Corpora anhelata boum, Sil. 7, 358; 14. of the living part of wood, quicquid fales contingi poterit exputandum est...eatenus ne plaga corpori matris (the elm) applicetur, 5, 6, 14; parum gaudet ulmus quae in corpus nudatur (and soon after cicatricem), Colum. 5, 6, 16; add 5, 5, 11; nec adtracte (so a) offenditur (sc. cortice in orbem detracto), si non simul incidatur et corpus: aliqui et cerasus et tilia et uitis corticem mittunt, sed non uitalem nec proximum corpori, Plin. 17, 234; nec corpori pieceta pareitur, 16, 57; 15. and akin to this, of the edible part of a nut, aliis (glandibus) subest tunica, aliis protinus candidum corpus, 16, 20; II 16. gen. a body, divided by philosophers into three heads, quaedam continua esso corpora, ut hominem; quaedam esse composita ut nauem domum omnia denique quorum diuersae partes in unum coactae sunt; quaedam ex distantibus quorum adhuc membra separata sunt, tamquam exercitus populus senatus, illi enim per quos ista corpora efficiuntur iure aut officio cohaerent, Sen. ep. 102, 6; add n. q. 2, 1—4; so too Pomp. dig. 41, 3, 40; 17. first then of these, a body one in itself, esp. a particle (corpusculum), atom, molecule, corpuscle, atomos, id est corpora individua, Cic. fin. 1, 17; qui asperis et leuibis et hamatis uncinatisque corporibus concreta haec esse dicat interiecto inani, ac. pr. 2, 121; genitalia corpora, Lucr. 1, 58 and 167; c. prima, 1, 61 and 171; c. caeca, 1, 277; add 3, 180; quot haberet corpora puluis, Ov. M. 14, 137; 18. a body by union of parts, esp. a book or volume, modicum quoddam corpus (of a history), Cic. fam. 5, 12, 4; corpora ignotorum auctorum, Sen. tranq. 9, 6; si Homeri corpus sit legatum, Ulp. dig. 32, 3, 52, 2; 19. a body made up of separated parts, sui corporis (of their own race) creari regem uolebat (Sabini), Liv. 1, 17, 2; qui eiusdem corporis (i.e. order, the plebeian) erant, 4, 9, 4; cum plebs uellet ex suo quoque corpore consules creare, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 25; add dig. 50, 16, 195, 1; perh. to this head rather than preceding belongs, utros eius habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora, an utrosque nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; 20. esp. a legal corporation or college, pro salute domus Augustae Corpora pansariorum et argentariorum..., inser. Or. 1885; c. piscatorum et urinatorum, 4115; siue singularis sit persona..., uel populus uel curia uel collegium uel corpus, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 9, 1; collegia...quorum corpus senatus consultis...confirmatum est ueluti pistorum, Gai. dig. 4, 1, 1; 21. in law corpus is used of material property, esp. the actual body or corpus as opposed to its mere value, or realized property as opp. to contingent, si certos nummos, ueluti quos in arca habet aut certam lancem legauit, non numerata pecunia sed ipsa corpora uisum numerum uel rei legato continentur, Pap. dig. 30, 1, 51; pecuniae nomine non solum numerata pecunia, sed omnes res tam soli quam mobiles et tam corpora quam iura continentur, dig. 50, 16, 222; si peculium legetur et sit in corporibus, puta fundi uel aedes, Ulp. 33, 8, 6; 22. various met., phrasin, id est corpus (the material) eloquentiae, Quint. 10, 1, 87; ut quasi in corpus eant, (in oratory, gain flesh and so become strong), 2, 10, 5; opp. to: ut corpus orationis eneruaretur, Petr. 2.

**corp-us-cūlum**, i, n. dim. bit of flesh, thus as dim. of endearment in: o corpusculum hoc ut malaculum, mea uxoreula! Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 19; 2. little body, cuperem sino querella corpusculi tui peruenire in Bithyniam potuisses (Pliny had probably suffered from seasickness), Traj. ad Pl. 10, 18 (29), 1; mors sola fatetur Quantula sint hominum corpuscula, Iuv. 10, 173; 3. of a small book, (cf. corpus § 18), breuo ueluti florum corpusculum feci, Iust. pr. 4; 4. an atom (cf. corpus § 17), corpuscula quaedam



lenia alia aspera, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; uaporis, Lucr. 2, 153; material, 2, 529; rerum, 4, 198.

**cōrylētum**, i, n. a grove of hazel or nut trees, Illa modo in silvis inter coryleta latebat, Ov. F. 2, 587.

**cōrylus**, i, (al. corulus, and corulus, as in Plin. 17, 151 Detl., perh. better), f. [=κορυλος, =E. hazel], hazel or nut tree, Plantis et durae (al. edurae) coryli (al. corili) nascuntur et ingens Fraxinus, Verg. G. 2, 65; Nec coryli fragiles et fraxinus utilis hastis, Ov. M. 10, 93; descendunt et in plana cornus corylus quercus, Plin. 16, 74; fraxinus hastis corylo melior, 16, 228; hoc modo (sc. auolsis stolonibus) plantantur punicea coryli... 17, 67.

**cōtidīē**, (better cott.; rarely quot.) as adv. [two dat. quoti diē], every day, daily, idque...cottidie maiorem partem diei propositum habeto, CIL 196, 15; Eum odorem cenat Iuppiter cottidie (so ABC), Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 61; circum argentarias Soortā lenonesque assident (so W. Wagner; mss quasi sedent) cottidie (so B; cottidie CD), Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 48; add Cist. 1, 1, 45; St. 1, 2, 64; Rud. pr. 16; Quid interea, ibatne ad Bacchidem? Cottidie (so A it seems; BCE cottidie), Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 82; add Haut. 3, 1, 14; cum...cottidie (so Va; b g t cottidie)...perditi homines...templis urbis munitarentur, Cic. Phil. 1, 5; cottidie Caesar Haeduos frumentum...flagitare, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 1; add 1, 48, 1 etc.; cottidie castra mouere, Sal. Iug. 45, 2; add 91, 1; Cottidie (so PR) inquit speculo nos uti uolo, Phaedr. 3, 8, 14; Cottidie damnatur qui semper timet, P. Syr. 95 Ribb.

**cōtidīō**, adv. obsol. [quoti diō, s. dium], the same, cum ab isto uiderem cottidie consiliis hostem adiuuari, Q. Caepio ap. Char. 176 P; 196, 8 K.

**cōturnix**, (in older writers\*, then cōturnix), icis, f. [urnic. perh. =ορνιχ-, cf. spint-urnix; perh. too old form colt-urnix of wh. t is exerescent so that col is the root, =our quail, Fr. caille; for loss of l before t cf. aut fm. alterum; so ορνιχ- may well be for κορνιχ-, and so of same stock], quail, a bird of passage, Aut anites aut cōturnices\* dantur quicum lusitent, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; Praeterea nobis uerum est acre uenenum At capris adipis et cōturnicibus\* anget Lucr. 4, 641; Ecce cōturnices inter sua proelia niunt, Ov. am. 2, 6, 27; said to be always at war w. partridge, cf. Arist. animal. 9, 8; cōturnices ante ueniunt quam grues, Plin. 10, 65; cōturnicibus ueniunt semen gratissimus eibus quam ob causam eas damnauer mensae, 10, 69; hence cōturnix Nulla unquam pro patre cadet, Iuv. 12, 97; add Plin. 10, 64 and 66; 10, 101; 11, 194; 2. as a term of endearment, Dice igitur me passer-culum gallinam cōturnicem\*, Pl. As. 3, 3, 76; 3. for the fable of Ορνιχ cf. Serv. ad A. 3, 73.

**crebrī-nōdus**, adj. [creber, nodus; cf. multinodus], with crowded knots, Ponam bisuleam et crebrinodam (Hanpt and Bergk cj., ms crebrinodosam) arundinem, Varr. ap. Iul. Tolet. 1, 17, 180, p. 39.

**crebrī-sūrus**, adj. [sura], with thick calves, met. crebrurum uallum, Enn. ap. Fest. 45.

**crūs**, crūris, n. [=σκελος save the σ; =E. shin; cf. crux;] bone of the leg (under the false idea that there is but one, Ait se obligasse crus fractum Aesculapio, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 1; crura herele defringuntur, As. 2, 4, 68; add Mil. 3, 1, 128 (722 R); si lue quoque canes latent, cum..., iis crura suffringantur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 56; add Phil. 11, 14; 13, 27; Frangam tonsori crura, Mart. 11, 58, 10; 2. leg. shin, Perque fabam repunt et mollia crura reponunt, Enn. an. 545 V; quanto satius est saluis cruribus in circō expectare quam his descobinatis in silua currere, Varr. s. 166, 5 R; ipsum crus est ex ossibus duobus (viz. the tibia and sura, our fibula); etenim per omnia femur uero, crus brachio simile est, Cels. 8, 1, p. 328, 24 D; Crūs ubi commissit uolueris sensitque teneri, Ov. M. 11, 74; ibes...aues excelsae cruribus rigidis, Cic. N. D. 1, 101; (alces) crura sine nodis articulisque habent, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 1; Et crurum tenua a mento palearia pendent,

Verg. G. 3, 53; add 3, 192; surae homini tantum et crura carnosae, Plin. 11, 253; uno crurae ut insisterent signa, 34, 56; add 8, 120; 11, 3; 3. leg or shin (of slaves, etc.), as exposed to punishment by cudgels, Sin..., Extemplo amplectitote crura fustibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 36; At ego te per crura et talos tergumque optestor tuum, 3, 2, 21; Quis mihi subueniet tergo aut capiti aut cruribus? Cas. 2, 5, 29; Tuis nunc cruribus capitique fraudem capitalem hinc creas, Mil. 2, 3, 23; add As. 2, 4, 3; Men. 5, 6, 5; 5, 7, 4; 4. the stem of a tree, esp. of a vine, aut in capite uitis aut in crure uicino radicibus, Colum. 3, 10, 2; crura uitium, 3, 18, 5; 4, 24, 6; add 4, 24, 4; of other trees, ad crus arboris ficulneae, 5, 11, 14; ab ipso arboris crure (of an elm, etc.), Col. arb. 16, 3; circa arborum uel uitium crura, Pall. 1, 35, 6; 5. a cognomen, Lentuli Cruris repulsi uultum non uidisse, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 4, 1.

**crux**, crūcis, f. (m.\* in some old writers; cf. δ σκολοφ; [for cor-ux and so=σ-κολοφ save the σ; prob. akin to κάλων, wood and καλο-βατης; and perh. arbor; cf. for form σκελος=crus, καλυπτω=κρυπτω, ceber=creber, color=χρως and Lat. c=Gr. π], orig. prob. a tree, hence mala crux=infelix arbor, a tree for crucifixion, impaling, etc., malo\* cruce (a dat.) fatur uti des Iuppiter, Enn. an. 361 V; dignus fuit qui malo\* cruce periret, Grac. ap. Fest. v. masculino; wh. Bergk (Deitr. z. Lat. Gr. 150) would make cruce a gen., malo a n. noun; for this use of the epithet mala see † in §§ 6 and 7; 2. absol. a tree so employed, with (then=patibulum, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 7; cf. too § 3 ex. 5) or without a cross-piece to make a cross (cf. Cristes swete tree, Chanc. 3765), as a capital punishment for criminals, ut quam damnatis cruce seruis fixeras hanc indemnatis ciuibus Romanis reseruares, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 12; quos...in cruceo sustulit, 2, 1, 7; add 2, 1, 9; 2, 5, 168-171; si te et Gabinium cruci suffixos uiderem, Pis. 42; in cruceo tolli, Att. 7, 11, 2; In cruce suffigat, Hor. s. 1, 3, 82; add 2, 7, 47; ep. 1, 16, 48; cruci affixum, Curt. 6, 3, 14; ut defunctorum corpora figeret cruci, Plin. 36, 107; facete lussisse in austeriorem gustum uini, merito matrem eius pendere in tam alta cruce, 14, 12; refigere se crucibus, Sen. uit. b. 19, 3; Pone cruceo seruis, Iuv. 6, 219; crucibus affixi, Tac. an. 15, 44; add 14, 33; 3. a mere stake, or pointed piece of wood, for impaling, pars in cruceo acti, Sal. Iug. 14, 15; Vita dum superest, bene est. Hanc mihi nel acuta Si sedeam cruce, sustine, Maecen. ap. Sen. ep. 101, 11; suffigas licet et acutam sessuro cruceo subdas, Sen. ib.; uideo istic cruceo non unius quidem generis,—and soon: alii per obscena stipitem egerunt, alii brachia patibulo explicuerunt, Sen. ad Marc. 20, 3; tam uigilabit (Maecenas) in cruce, quam ille (Regulus) in cruce, Sen. prou. 3, 10; 4. met. as of a rough-going carriage, Hic quondam... Nutabat cruce pendula uiator, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 28; 5. and gen. met. of tortures, Apstraxitque hominem (sc. fluuius) in maxumam malam† cruceo, Pl. Men. pr. 66; Sed dexterorsum anorsa it in malam cruceo, Rud. 1, 2, 86; summum ius antiqui summam putabant cruceo, Colum. 1, 7, 2; hi...quot cupiditatibus tot crucibus distrahantur, Sen. uit. b. 19, 3; 6. hence in curses, you be hanged, abin hinc in malam† cruceo, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 163; C. Numquid uis? M. Vt eas maxumam in malam† cruceo, Men. 2, 2, 53; add Capt. 3, 1, 9†; i in malam† cruceo, Cas. 5, 4, 8; Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 21; so far w. mala, also: abi in cruceo, Pl. As. 5, 2, 90; 7. also as a term of abuse for persons, esp. women, Aut aliqua mala† crux semper est quae aliquid petat, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 46; quae te mala† crux agit (=Furia), Bac. 4, 2, 2; illis crucibus...quae nos semper omnibus cruciant modis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 93; so far of women, but also of male sex, Quid uis, crux, stimulatorum tritor? Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 17 (said to Paegnium, a boy); 8. prov. quærere in malo cruceo, to jump out of the frying pan into the fire, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 11; 9. the Cross of Christian religion, sometimes only the upright timber, nobis crux imputatur cum antenna scilicet sua, Tert. nat. 1, 12; gen. including both this and cross-piece, si statueris



hominum manibus expansis, imaginem crucis feceris, ib.;  
**10.** gen. pl. crucum (not crucium), Char. 141, 18 K; and so now in Gersdorf. ed. Tert. apol. 16 (bis) and nat. 1, 12.

**cuius**, a, um (older quōius or qūius\*), adj. poss. [cuius gen. of qu; cf. E. mine, G. mein-er from gen. mein as in: gedenk mein, think of me; cf. also ferr-eus etc., E. gold-en, orig. gen., now adj.] of whom, whose, first as rel., Is He-nam abduxit cuius causa nunc facio obsidium Ilio, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 24; Argentum ego pro istis ambabus, quoniae erant, domino dedi, Rud. 3, 4, 40; Vbi bibas edas de alieno quantum vis (so Sp. ej., mss uelis) usque affatim; Quod tu inuitus numquam reddas domino de quo\* (=cuio; so V) ederis, Poen. 3, 1, 32 (a correction due to Bergk, Beitrage 1870 p. 58, who writes quōio); add Ps. 4, 4, 5; si deus, si dea es quōium illud sacrum est..., Cato r. 139; quōius nomen praeuaricationis causa delatum erit aut quōium nomen ex reis exemptum erit, seiquis eius nomen (denuo detulerit), CIL 198, 5; add v. 29; eum quōium is ager locus adificium erit, 200, 8; magistratus quōio de ea re iurisdicatio erit, 204, 2, 2; cuius opera...per castra cluebat, Lucil. in. Non. 81 f.; domino suo cuius id censebis esse reddes, in an oath quoted from Cincius by Gell. 16, 4, 2; ut optima condicione sit is cuius res cuium periculum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 142; add 2, 3, 16 and 68; deinde cuius uxor fuit, fortiter fecit, Plin. Sec. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; **2.** referring to a plural noun, nequum eorum det...quōia in fide is erit, CIL 198, 10; add 200, 10; **3.** cuiā (like mea, tua) w. interest, to whose interest it is, ea caedes si crimini datur, detur ei cuius interfuit, non ei cuius nihil interfuit, Cic. p. L. Var. ap. Prisc. 1, 595, 12; **II 4.** as interr. first indir., rogitare coepit cuius esset, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 87; Dic igitur quaeso cuius sum, 3, 1, 31; Vin dicam cuius est? 4, 3, 23; add 5, 2, 23; cedo cuium puerum hic apposuisti? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 24; add Haut. pr. 8; **5.** dir. interr., quia\* (so A, pron. cū-ia) uox prope me sonat? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 7; add Ps. 2, 4, 11 (here A has quōia), Cure. 1, 2, 18; 2, 1, 14; and with nam, Cuianam uox prope me sonat? Bac. 4, 9, 55; Quid uirgo cuiast? Ter. Enn. 2, 3, 30; cuium pecus? An Meliboei? Verg. B. 3, 1; **6.** for form qū-ius (=quōius and cuius), cf. qur for eur in Pl., pequnia in inscr.

**cum**, prep. [=σὺν and εὐν; cf. εὐνος=κοινός and interchange of c w. Sansk. pal. s; also =com Oscan] with, togeth-er with, Ipse exit Lesbionicus cum seruo foras, Pl. Tr. 2, 3, 10; quicum aetatem exegerim, 4, 2, 111; uagamur egentes cum coniugibus et liberis, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 3; tecum esse ut uehementer uelim! fam. 5, 21, 1; frumentum omne praeter quod secum portaturi erant comburunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; non dubitare...quin...instructus, cum coniuuratum manu, armatusque uenturus sit, Liv. 1, 51, 5; instructi paratique, cum ingenti clientium exercitu...tribunos...adorti sunt, 3, 14, 4 (wh. Hand, 2, 143, thinks it possible to connect cum... w. instructus!); **2.** a relation or dealings between persons is expressed by a dat. of the chief party, by cum of the other, uce quacum plura sunt mihi quae ego uelim, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 13; Postremo tecum nil rei nobis Demiphost, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 74; add Eun. 4, 6, 21; cum homie edaci tibi res est, fam. 9, 20, 2; cum Patrone Epicureo mihi omnia sunt, 13, 1, 2; add 15, 10, 2; cum feris bestiis res est, Curt. 6, 3, 8; sunt mihi et cum marito eius uetera iura, Plin. ep. 7, 11, 4; **3.** and met., Fami-geratori res sit cum damno et malo, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 182; quid mihi cum ista sanctimonia? Cic. Quinct. 55; Quid tibi cum gladio? Ov. F. 2, 101; **4.** so of dress or things worn (esp. if unusual), Set quis hic est qui in plateam ingreditur cum nouo ornatu specieque? Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 21; illum dicis cum armis aureis, Mil. 1, 1, 16; add St. 2, 2, 26; Sicine hic cum nuda ueste grassabimur? Rud. 1, 4, 31; At nos pudet quia cum catenis sumus, Capt. 2, 1, 8; nolo me in uia Cum hac ueste uideat, Ter. Enn. 5, 2, 68; ipse praetor in hac officina cum tunica pulla sedere solebat et pallio, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 54; cum iste cum pallio purpureo talarique tunica uersaretur in conuiuuiis muliebribus, 2, 5, 31; L. Scipionis non solum cum chlamyde

sed etiam cum crepidis statuam uidetis, Rab. Post. 27; cenauit cum toga pulla, Vat. 31; liberos et coniugem eius cum sordida ueste...accierunt, Liv. 35, 34, 7; add 26, 29, 3; quam insignem eum cum regio habitu uoluntatem cog-nosset, 4, 19, 2; add 29, 19, 12; **5.** also of tempo-rary adjuncts, edicta...ut ne quis cum telo seruus esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 7; add Cat. 1, 15; Mil. 11 and 66; cum in hac cella Concordiae...cum gladiis homines collocati stent, Phil. 2, 19; inmissi cum falcibus multi purgantur...locum, Tusc. 5, 65; ipse cum telo esse, Sal. Cat. 27, 2; add 49, 5; 50, 2; **6.** w. vbs. of nnion, Cumque meis lacrimis miscuit usque suas, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 20; add M. 13, 549; adulescens nuptast cum scene, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 19; add Trin. 1, 2, 20; Amph. pr. 99; 1, 1, 208; 2, 2, 185; As. 5, 2, 20; but w. a dat. in Cist. 1, 1, 81; **7.** with vb. of exchange, ut uestem cum eo mutem, Ter. Enn. 3, 5, 24; ea mutare cum mercatoribus uino adueticio, Sal. lug. 44, 5; **8.** w. vbs. of sharing, Communicesque hanc mecum meam prouinciam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 153; add Aul. 4, 10, 37; Cic. Att. 1, 18, 1; Caes. b. g. 6, 2, 3; pacto ego tecum hoc diuido, Pl. St. 5, 4, 15; diuisis cum Parmenone copiis, Cnrt. 5, 3, 16; tecum partita lucellum, Hor. s. 2, 5, 81; add 9, 10, 6; **9.** w. vbs. of comparison, conferte hanc pacem cum illo bello, huius cohortem cum illius exercitu, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 115; cum meum factum cum tuo comparo, fam. 3, 6, 1; causam cum causa componimus, Quint. 7, 2, 22; **10.** w. vbs. of cooperation, siding with, Nam ni haec ita essent, cum illo haut stares Phaedria, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 39; quum dii prope ipsi cum Hannibale starent, Liv. 26, 41, 17; add 5, 38, 4; 8, 34, 1; 44, 14, 6; populus cum illis facit, Cic. fin. 2, 44; auctoritatem...nobiscum facere, Caec. 104; add 80; Sull. 36; Att. 6, 8, 2; div. 2, 118; **11.** w. vbs. of con-test, qui cum animo...depugnat suo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24; qui tot annos cum populo Romano certasset, Cic. or. 2, 76; **12.** w. other vbs. of reciprocity, as first w. reflexives so used, Cum suo amatore amplexantem atque osculantem, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 90; add 2, 2, 109; 2, 3, 17 and 49; queine...cum eo pactus est erit, CIL 198, 114; rem meam magnam confabulari Tecum uolo, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 77; Quae cum hoc insano fabuler (so A), Mil. 2, 4, 18; add 2, 5, 53; Quicum haec mulier loquitur? Men. 2, 3, 18; per opus est hunc cum ipsa loqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 30; cum ipso pol sum secuta (so mss), Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 9; de quibus cramus cum Pompeio locuti, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 7; **13.** also w. simple vbs., quom\* eis...actio nei esto, CIL 198, 75; add 198, 56; haec ego cum philosophis disserabam, Cic. or. 1, 57; add 2, 13; con-sulerest igitur quiddam quod tecum uolo, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 53; cum imperatore Romano deliberatum esse, Liv. 32, 34, 13; **14.** esp. oro in old writers, hoc tecum oro ut..., Pl. Bae. 3, 3, 90; tecum orarem ut..., 3, 6, 25; add As. 3, 3, 72 and 96; Cas. 2, 5, 16; 3, 4, 5; Poen. 3, 2, 24; Pers. 1, 3, 37; Merc. 3, 1, 32; Cure. 3, 62; Rud. 3, 4, 68; Tu uero face quod tecum precibus pater orat, Enn. an. 20 V; Egi atque orauit tecum nxorem ut dnceres, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 64; **15.** w. verbs of agreement, De dote mecum conuenire nil potis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 168; add Cic. fam. 6, 8, 2; ut uestrae meutes cum populi Romani uoluntatibus suffragiisque consentiant, Mur. 1; ualde eius sermo cum tuis litteris congruebat, Att. 2, 8, 1; **16.** and so w. vbs. of non-agreement or difference, facta eius cum dictis discrepare, Cic. fin. 2, 96; quid? cum doctore suo quam multis rebus dissidet! acad. pr. 2, 143; animus secum discordans, fin. 1, 58; cum quis discordant, Tac. an. 12, 28; **17.** cum animo (corde) or reflexive pronouns as mecum, with one-self, as though one consisted of two persons, but used to denote 'quietly' and to the exclusion of all others, quo magie cogito cum animo meo, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 13; qui sim nequeo cum animo certum inuestigare, Aul. 5, 9, 3; add Triu. 2, 1, 24; Mil. 4, 8, 65; quod bonist id tacitus taceas tute tecum et gandeas, Epid. 5, 1, 44; Quid tute tecum? Most. 3, 1, 24; Sed hoc tu tecum tacitum habeto, Poen. 4, 2, 68; quid est Quod uolntas tute tecum in corde? Mil. 2, 2, 41; Tam tute tecum (so cj. mss tecum tam) habeto hoc ubi iuraueris, Rud. 5, 2, 60; hoc tu faecito cum animo cogites, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 55; Et cum egomet nunc mecum in animo uitam tuam considero, Haut. 2, 4, 5; add Hec. 1, 2, 32; si cum animis uestris



recordari C. Staieni uitam uolueritis, Cic. Clu. 70; sic habuisti statum cum animo ac deliberatum, Verr. 2, 3, 95; add off. 1, 118; in otio facinus snum cum animo reputans, Sal. Ing. 13, 5; add 6, 2; 11, 8; 70, 5; 85, 10; 108, 3; multa secum ipse uolens, Cat. 32, 1; add Ing. 113, 1; Atque haec ipse sno tristi cum corde uolunt, Verg. 6, 185; also w. animo alone, as in Sal. Ing. 84, 4; Liv. 8, 25, 2;

**18.** uniting one noun with another, so as to attach both to a common verb, adj. or gen.: first w. a vb., (C.) Sergius M. f. Vel. Mena quom\* C. Caepione proelio est occisus, CIL 582; o conseruandus cuius cum tam pio fodere, Cic. Phil. 13, 37; ut paene cum lacte nutricis errorem sxisse uideamur, Tusc. 3, 2; honestissimo ordini cum splendore fructus quoque incunditatis est restitutus, Mur. 40; add leg. 2, 36; am. 33; altera (lege) fidem abrogari cum qua omnis humana societas tollitur, Liv. 6, 41, 11; urbi cum pace laxior auona redit, 2, 52, 1; add 8, 39, 15; 21, 51, 2; 40, 2, 1; pedem cum uoce repressit, Verg. 2, 378;

**19.** hence a sing. nom. with cum and noun may have a plural vb., Syrus cum illo uostro consusurrat (so Bemb. 1 m.; consusurrat 2 m.; perh. rightly, as here the vb. follows so closely), Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 64; Lentulus cum ceteris quos..., constituerant uti..., Sal. Cat. 43, 1; Bocchns cum peditibus...aciem inuadunt, Ing. 101, 5; ipse dnx cum aliquot principibus capiuntur, Liv. 21, 60, 7; but in 26, 46, 8 Madvig has refugerat; Demosthenes cum ceteris qui..., in exsilium erant expulsi, ps. Nep. Phoc. 2, 2; **20.** esp. in such phrases as: Di te deaeque omnes faxint cum istoc omine, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 30; abi in malam rem maximam Cum istoc condicione, Epid. 1, 1, 73; dignus es Cum tua religione..., Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 38; in' hinc quo dignu's cum donis tuis, Eun. 4, 3, 9; add Ph. 3, 1, 1; Hec. 1, 2, 59; Ad. 4, 6, 1; **21.** w. adj. or gen., induit albos Cum uitta crinis (white alike; note cum uitta between albos and crinis), Verg. 7, 418; Et Cimini cum monte lacum, 7, 697;

**22.** hence it often attaches some important adjunct to a noun or pronoun, Quid ego astabo hic tantisper cum hac forma et factis sic frustra? Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 30; Egou quicquam cum istis factis tibi respondeam? Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 73; negaretis hoc mihi cum diis immortalibus? Liv. 38, 48, 16;

**23.** identity of action often implies identity of time (cf. exx. in § 16), egone aps te abii hinc hodie cum diluculo, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 111; add Merc. 2, 1, 31; Cum primo luci ibo hinc, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 55; E somno pueros cum mane expergitus clamo, Lucil. ap. Diom. p. 376, 14 K; cum prima luce Pomponii domum nennis, Cic. off. 3, 112; Interea fessos nentus cum sole reliquit, Verg. 3, 568; **24.** attached to adj. or adv. of union or similarity, inxta tecum, si tu nescis, nescio, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 67; add 4, 3, 75; Trin. 1, 2, 160; Cum uostris nostra non est aequa factio, 2, 4, 51; add 2, 4, 66; noui aequae omnia Tecum, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 44; utinam esset mihi Pars aequa amoris tecum, Eun. 1, 2, 12; turreisque aequas qnm moiro faciundnm coirauerunt, CIL 1230; parem cum ceteris fortunae condicionem subire, Cic. rep. 1, 7; quem tu (Micipsa) parem cum liberis tuis fecisti, Sal. Ing. 14, 9; talaria...quae sublinem...rapido pariter cum flamme portant, Verg. 4, 241; Suesiones fratres suos qui eodem iure et isdem legibus utantur, unum imperium unumque magistratum cum ipsis habeant, Caes. b. g. 2, 3, 5; uetabo sub isdem Sit trabibus fraglemue mecum Soluat phaselon, Hor. od. 3, 2, 28; eodem mecum patre genitum, Tac. an. 15, 2; **25.** often attached to sb., as first physically to living creatures, Qui mihi intro-misti in aedis quiugeutos coquos Cum senis manibus, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 18; cum elephanti capite puerum natum, Liv. 27, 11, 5; agnum cum ubere lactenti uatum, 27, 5, 11; add 32, 9, 3; **26.** as an adjunct to dead matter, fores cum portibus aesculnieis factio, CIL 577, 2, 9; cum parietem cum margino altum factio p. x, ib. 12; **27.** also of contents, Cadum modo hinc a me huc (so mss rightly, Ritschl al.) cum uiuo transferam, Pl. St. 5, 1, 7; Eine hic cum uiuo sinus fertur? Cure. 1, 1, 82; ollam statuito cum aqua, Cato r. 156 (157), 2; fiseos cum pecunia ad equitem Romaum esse translatos, Cic. Verr. 1, 22; centum onerariae naues cum commeatu...in Africam transmiserunt, Liv. 30, 24, 5; **28.** of temporary affections, te Romam

uenisse...cum febrī, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; consulem eum uolnere graui relatum in castra, Liv. 9, 44, 15; add 33, 25, 9;

**29.** of possession, Ille uir haud magna cum re set plenus fidei, Enn. ann. 342 V; Ista cum lingua si usus ueniat tibi possis..., Catnl. 98, 3; familiam nero quantam et quam uariis cum artificibus habeat quid ego dicam? Cic. Rosc. Am. 134; neque...solido cum corpore mundi Natrast, Lncr. 5, 364; **30.** of holding authority (esp. w. esse), in fortuna quaeritur, priuatus an cum potestate, Cic. inu. 1, 35; ex his (so M, not iis) qui cum imperio sint, fam. 1, 3; qui nuper cum summo imperio fuerit, Flac. 18; nemine cum imperio aut magistratu tendente quoquam quim deuerteret Rhodum, Suet. Tib. 12; **31.** gen. of attending circumstances, manner, feelings, Equites...maximo Cum clamore inuolant, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 89; Magna cum cura ego illum curari uolo, Men. 5, 4, 7; Sed Posidonium cum bona gratia dimittamus, Cic. fat. 7; molientium cum labore operoso ac molesto, N. D. 2, 59; quod ipse magna cum cura atque diligentia scripsit, inu. 1, 70; (id) cum summo studio exsequerentur, Sal. Cat. 51, 38; magna cum cura inquisitum, Liv. 22, 7, 5; conquisita cum intiore cura arma, 39, 2, 4; add 39, 23, 1; **32.** esp. if no adj. be added, saucios cum cura reficit, Sal. Ing. 54, 1; add Liv. 22, 42, 5; 25, 22, 2; 27, 24, 8; 38, 18, 7; 39, 41, 6; Sen. ben. 4, 1, 1; prou. 5, 9; tranq. 14, 10; Curt. 3, 12, 13; cum silentio animum attendit, Ter. Eun. pr. 44; cum silentio auditi sunt, Liv. 38, 10, 4; add Tac. an. 1, 67, 1; cum clamore in forum curritur, Liv. 2, 23, 8; ut ea quae scripsimus cum labore etiam cum labore audiri putemus, Plin. ep. 2, 19, 5; nos illud cum pace agemus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 83; add Hor. od. 3, 29, 35; **33.** but occasionally some such abl. is also used without cum, as: Geuabenses silentio ex oppido egressi, Caes. b. g. 7, 11, 7; lex silentio perfertur, Liv. 2, 57, 4; add 3, 54, 10; 21, 47, 2; silentio egre di iubet, Sal. Ing. 106, 4; strepitu uelut hostes aduentare, 53, 7; but in Liv. 5, 45, 2 Madv. has cum ingenti clamore, and in 7, 7, 8 clamore ingenti, not clamore alone as quoted by Kritz ad Ing. 53, 7; and in Ing. 64, 5 the phrase is: cupidine atque ira pessumis consultoribus grassari; **34.** at times of an immediate result, Ne illa illud hercle cum malo fecit suo, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 4; ut ueniret Lamp-sacum cum magna calamitate et propo peruicis ciuitatis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 63; id si fieret magno cum periculo prouinciae futurum, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 2; **35.** in agricultural lang. cum decimo (etc.), sc. tanto, as much understood, not as Hand (2, 167) says semine, (cf. alterum tantum, a second as much, or as much again in Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 81) with a ten- (etc.)-fold return, ut ex eodem semine aliubi cum decimo redeat aliubi cum quinto decimo ut in Hetruria...In Sybaritano dicunt etiam cum centesimo redire solitum, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; ager (Ononinus) efficit cum octaouo bene ut agatur: nerum ut omnes di adiuuent, cum decimo, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 112; frumenta maiore parte Italiae quando cum quarto responderint nix meminisse possumus, Colum. 3, 3, 4; cum ceutesimo Leontini campi fundunt, Plin. 18, 96; similarly: cum centesima fruge agricolis faenus reddente terra, 5, 24; (cf. illum centena quinquagena fruge fertilem campum, 17, 41); **36.** in old writers and so in poets, cum is used of means, and in very late writers even of instruments, Effudit uoces proprio cum pectore sancto, Enn. an. 530 V; cum uoce maxima conclamat, Quadrig. ap. Gell. 9, 13; Acribus inter se cum armis configerere cernit, Lucil. ap. Non. 261 s. v. cernere; continuo uastis cum uribus effert Ora Dares, Verg. 5, 368; ungere cum uiuo et oleo, Veg. 1, 11, 8; caede caudam cum tabula, 1, 27, 2; but in 3, 31 eam fibulis, not cum fibulis; funebres tibiae cum quibus in funere canitur, Paul. ex F. p. 93; but terra in Angurum libris scripta cum R uno (Varr. l. 5, 4) is not in point; in Cels. 7, 5, p. 271, 8 Dar. has ictum (uot cum) aliquo ferramento; in Vitr. 2, 8, 4 Rose has: cum his ansis ferreis...uinctae sint; **37.** in Hor. s. 1, 3, 70 cum mea compenset uitii bona..., Orel. w. Porphyzion make cum the prep. separated from its noun, perh. rightly, as very emphatic; **38.** cum follows pers. pron. in mecum, tecum, secum, nobiscum, uobiscum, Prisc. 1, 594, 15 K, wh. he adds: antiquissimi utrumque dicebant (cum me et mecum);



**39.** w. rel. cum gen. follows unless emphatic, as: interesse utrum eiusmodi quid sit sine quo effici aliquid non possit an eiusmodi cum quo effici aliquid necesse sit, Cic. fat. 36; off. 2, 82; noli aduersum eos me nolle ducere cum quibus ne contra te arma ferrem Italiam reliqui, Nep. Att. 4, 2; cum quibus occurs in Liv. 7, 34, 5; 8, 2, 13; 38, 9, 2; 42, 1, 3; 45, 39, 16; **40.** between adj. and noun it is often found, see † above; **41.** in Pl. Capt. pr. 23 Postquam belligerant Aetoli (cf. accent of Αἰτωλοί) cum Aliis the apparent hiatus is explained by the digamma of *Faliois*; **42.** for the form quom add to \* above: multas virtutes aetate quom parua posidet, CIL 34, epitaph of a Scipio; praetor quom soueis uiatoribus..., 198, 50; add me quom ap. Scaur. p. 2262 P; **43.** for the form quum see § 24; **44.** a shortened cu occurs in: cu ameicis su(eis), CIL 1267; **45.** con besides its use in compound vbs. occurs w. nouns in inser., as Grut. 325, 7; 751, 8; **46.** w. an acc. (or old dat.?) in late Latin, as: cum quem uixit annis xx, inser. Or. 4659; perh. also in: eum partim illorum, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 13, 2 (cf. Bergk, Beitr. znr Lat. Gr. p. 162).

**cum**, conj. see quum.

**cūnīla**, ae, f. [=κωνίλη], a kind of thyme, Set ubi apsinthium fit atque cūnīla gallinacea, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 90; c. gallinacia appellata nostris, Graecis origanum Heracleoticum, Plin. 20, 170; **2.** c. sativa, savory, Plin. 20, 169; 19, 165; **3.** same as cūnīlag, Plin. 20, 171 etc.; **4.** i gen. marked long; but cūnīla prob. in Pl. above; **5.** perh. same word as inula.

**cūnīlāg-o**, inis, f. [cūnīlag, old form of cūnīla?] perh. flea-bane, inula pulicaria Linn.; foedi odoris, Plin. 20, 171; 19, 165.

**cūpio**, ere (ire in old Lat.) iui or ii, itus, vb. eagerly desire, long for, quid istuc tam cupide cupis, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 49; Quod ego quidem nimis quam cupio ut impetret, Capt. 1, 1, 34 (1, 2, 17); ~ stultus qui cupita† (so Ribb. cj., mss cupida) cupiens cupienter cupit, Enn. ap. Non. 91, 7; magis impenso cupitis, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 36; add 4, 1, 6; amabit sapiens, cupient ceteri, Afran. ap. Non. 421, 19; quod aut cupias ardentur aut adeptus eceras te insolenter, Cic. Tusc. 4, 39; tibi fauemus, te tua uirtute frui cupimus, tibi optamus..., Brut. 331; animo cupienti nihil satis festinatur, Sal. Iug. 64, 6; **2.** esp. amantis, eam cupio pater Ducere uxorem, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 93; eius cupio filiam Virginem mihi dedonderi\*, Aul. 2, 1, 51; gaudere coepit quasi qui cupiunt nuptias, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 12; Mars nidet hanc uisamque cupit potiturque cūpita†, Ov. F. 3, 21; Sine cupis Paphien seu...Mart. 7, 74, 4; **3.** often in contrast with a weaker uelle to wish, Vin faciam ut te Philenium praesente hoc amplexetur? Cupio hercle, Pl. As. 3, 3, 58; si nis tuas uidere filias, Me sequere. Iamdudum equidem cupio et te sequor, Poen. 5, 3, 42; add Cnre. 5, 2, 73; Mil. 2, 6, 54; 4, 1, 25 and 33; 4, 4, 13; Pers. 5, 1, 14; As. 5, 1, 16; Trm. 2, 4, 167; 3, 2, 45; Bac. 4, 6, 9; esp. Poen. 1, 1, 31, 33 and 56; Quasi dedita opera quae ego uolo, ea tu non uis, quae ego nolo ea cupis, Naev. ap. Char. 177 P; Nolunt ubi nelis, ubi nolis cupiunt ultro, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 43; Quid uis facere, nisi redducere? Equidem cupio et uix contineor, Hec. 4, 3, 9; **4.** w. dat. be eager for, be an ardent supporter of, quin cupio tibi, Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 16; uel quod ipsi cupio Glycerio, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 2; quid ego, Fundanio non cupio? Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 10; fauere et cupere Heluetiis, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 8; **5.** causa alicuius, the same, qui istius causa cupiunt omnia, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 180; Auianio cuius causa omnia cupio, fam. 13, 75, 1; **6.** w. perf. part. (like uolo) qui te conuentum cupit, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 25; di me cupiunt sernatum, Cas. 4, 3, 16; add Epid. 5, 1, 37; Rnd. 4, 4, 120; (Cleopatram) sernatum triumpho magnopere cupiebat, Suet. Aug. 17; **7.** w. a superfl. se before pass. inf., quum se nterque principem...orbis terrarum esse\* cuperet, Nep. Att. 20, 5; se quaeque proximam illi cupit esse\*, Plin. 11, 54; se tecum adfinitate coniungi\* cupit, ps. Nep. 2, 3; **8.** for constr. w. ut, see § 1; w. inf. see \* above; add emori,

Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 18; cupiit diem consumere, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; opram nauare cuperet, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 3; **9.** absol. w. domi or domum, long to be at home, Pol quamquam domi (so A w. Don. ad Eun. 4, 7, 45; other mss domum) cupio, opperiar, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 22; domum (so mss) cupientes, Bac. 2, 3, 44; **10.** met. asperiora uina rigari cupiunt utique (mss ac) in Sulmonense agro, Plin. 17, 250; **11.** cupiens as adj. or sub. w. gen. eager for, an ardent lover, quae huius cupiens corporist, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 7; tni, 4, 2, 58; istius nuptiarum, 4, 4, 29; quouis, Amph. pr. 132; liberorum, Poen. pr. 74; regni, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; nam nemo ad te venit Nisi cupiens tui, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 67; cupientissimus legis, Sal. ap. Diom. 291 P, 311, 28 K; erogandae per honesta pecuniae, Tac. an. 1, 75; bonarum artium, 6, 52 (46); nouarum rerum, 15, 46; dominandi suis quam subigendi externos cupientiores sunt, Aur. V. 24; **12.** in dat. in a construction like uolentibus and *βουλομένοις*, ut quibusque bellum innitis aut cupientibus erat, Tac. an. 1, 75, 1; **13.** cupienter, adv. eagerly, passionately, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 17; Enn. (see § 1) and Acc. ap. Non. 91, 4; **14.** cupiret, Lucr. 1, 72; hence perh. Augustin. ep. 151 doubts whether inf. be cupi or cupiri, part. cupitus or cupitus! **15.** cupis in Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 85; Laudo. Laudato quando illud quod cupis efecero; **16.** for long i of cupitus to † above add: Tandem huic cupitum contigit. O Apella, o Zenxis pictor, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 100; 5, 4, 90; Nec sese dedit in conspectum corde cupitus, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40.

**cūr**, (older *qur\**, quor†) adv. rel. and interr. [either fm. quare (Vel. Long. 2231), or fm. quoi rei cf. Pl. Poen. 2, 33; Viscum legioni dedi...Quoi rei? Ad fundas uiscus (ne) adhaeresceret; note too interchange of *α* w. *ι*, or mere stem of rel. (cf. Eng. where in wherein etc.; G. war in war-in etc.)], first as rel. for which reason, for which, why, Nec est, quor (so B) studeam has nuptias mntiar, Pl. St. 1, 1, 52; Quid obstat cur non uerae fiant (nuptiae)? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 76; quid accidit cur consilium mutarem? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 3; quid est, cur tu in isto loco sedes? Clu. 147; add fin. 1, 34; Cael. 50; fam. 9, 6, 2; Nam quid feci ego quidne snm locutus Cur me tot mal(e) perderes poetis? Catul. 14, 5; fecerit aliquid Philippus (even supposing that P. has...) cur aduersus enim...hoc decerneremus, quid Perseus...meruit cur soli omnium hostes ei simus? Liv. 41, 24, 11; mirabundam plebem...quidam incidisset cur...rem desuetam usurparent, 3, 38, 8; add 5, 46, 6; 10, 18 f.; Non ego cum Danais...Neo patris Anchisae cineres manesue reuelli Cur mea dicta neget (so P 1 m., M 2 m.; al. negat w. question), Verg. 4, 428; Aut amet aut faciat cur *εἶγ* semper amem, Ov. am. 1, 3, 2; add M. 2, 518; her. 10, 144; Multa quidem dixi cur excūsatis abirem, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 7; **2.** esp. preceded by such nouns as causa, ratio, quae causa est cur amicitiam tollamus e uita? Cic. am. 48; cur coniuers altero oculo causa non esset, N. D. 3, 9; add Rosc. Am. 146; Rosc. com. 49; Clu. 169; or. 2, 189; fam. 15, 20, 2; afferre rationem cur negarent, fam. 6, 8, 1; argumenta cur esset nera diuinatio collecta sunt, diu. 1, 5; N. D. 1, 62; 3, 10; **3.** often after vbs. of accusing, and so=quod, primum illud reprehendo et accuso, cur in re tam uetere...quidquam noui feceris, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 16; quod me saepe accensas cur hunc meum casum tam grauitur feram, debes ignoscere, Att. 3, 13, 2 (cf. hic tu me accusas, quod me afflictum, 3, 12, 1); male dio Titio Sabino cur tam temere exclamarit occisum, Sest. 80; nec miserabilis Decantes elegos cur tibi iunior Laesa praeniteat fide, Hor. od. 1, 33, 3; irascar amicis Cur me funesto proreperet arceri ueterno, ep. 1, 8, 10; consules anni prioris inuasit cur...nunc silerent, Tac. an. 6, 10 (4); repeto me correptum ab eo cur ambularem, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 16; **II 4.** in indir. interr. why, cum Hiero requireret cur ita faceret, Quia...iuquit..., Cic. N. D. 1, 60; primum illud quaero cur me a ceteris uiris...secernas, Sul. 3; add Arch. 12; Ov. F. 1, 219; **5.** so after words of wondering, Ne cui sit nostrum mirum cur partis seni Poeta dederit quae sunt adulescentium..., Ter. Haut. pr. 1; demiror cur Milouem impulsu meo rem illam egisse



dicas, Cic. Phil. 2, 49; *ao ne forte mirero cur...*, fam. 5, 12, 9; add 7, 27, 1; III. 6. in dir. interr. why, *Qur\* ego ueiuo? Qur\* non morior? quid mist in uita boni?* Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 3; *cür hic cessat cantharus?* St. 5, 4, 23; *quid agis? cur te is perditum?* Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 107; *cur ista quaeris?* Cic. leg. 1, 4; *diligentiam nostram...cur praeteream?* Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 11; 7. *so in connection w. quid? Quid igitur ego dubito? aut cur non intro eo in nostram domum?* Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 253; *Quid hic stabas? cur non recta intro ibas?* Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 7; 8. in the foll. a stop should precede *cur*, *Ne quis humasse uelit Aiacem, Atrida uetas. Cur?* Hor. s. 2, 3, 187; *Obsequium uentris mihi perniciosius est. Cur?* Tergo plector enim, 2, 7, 104; 9. *Qur* seems the only form in A of Plaut.; add to above \* Merc. 3, 1, 6; 4, 4, 33; Ps. 1, 3, 14; Poen. 5, 4, 102; 5, 5, 38; Pers. 4, 4, 68; also in B Bac. 2, 3, 99; Most. 1, 1, 10; Ps. 1, 3, 114; 3, 2, 10; and the hexam.: *Qur petis postempus consilium? quod rogas non est*, CIL 1454; 10. *Qur†* seems to occur only in B of Pl. as Mil. 4, 6, 45; Ps. 1, 5, 75; St. 1, 1, 52; though Vel. Long. p. 2236 says: (*antiqui cur*) *per Qur scribebant*; 11. for long qty in old writers add Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 46 and 57; 4, 2, 82; Truc. 1, 2, 73; 2, 7, 46; 4, 3, 23; Poen. 1, 2, 140; Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 36.

**curro**, *čre, cūcurri, cursum, vb.* [fm. sound of revolution *cur*; see below], whirl, roll, revolve, first as round a fixed axis, *Currit ducentes subtegmīna, currite fusi*, Catul. 64, 327 etc.; *Talia saecula suis dixerunt, currite fusi...* Parcae, Verg. B. 4, 46; *currente rota cur urceus exit?* Hor. ep. 2, 3, 22; *Et mea sincero curreter axe rota*, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 10; *Libera currebant et inobseruata per annum Sidera*, F. 3, 1, 11; *Poste ad pistores dabo ut ibi cruciere curreus*, Pl. As. 3, 3, 119; 2. revolve with progressive motion, roll on, esp. as a river, flow, run, *amues in aequora current*, Verg. 12, 524; *placido currere fluctu*, Val. Fl. 1, 265; and met. *scimus Ingenii currant flumina quanta tui*, Ov. F. 1, 24; 3. met. of time, *currit enim ferox aetas*, Hor. od. 2, 5, 14; 4. run (as with the feet), *Liberos homines per urbem modico magis par est gradu Ire: seruoli esse duco festinantem currere*, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 20; *Ne tu opinere, hau quisquam hodie nostrum curret per uias*, 3, 1, 24; *qui stadium currit*, Cic. off. 3, 42; *ad muros*, Liv. 5, 21, 7; *ad essedum imperatoris per uiginti passuum milia cucurrit*, Suet. Galb. 6; 5. hurry, proceed with haste, no matter by what means, on horseback, in a carriage, boat or ship, non intellegis quattuor ante te cucurrisse? (of chariot races), Cic. diu. 2, 144; *cucurrit Puteolos ut ibi contionaretur*, Att. 10, 4, 8; *Domiti filius transit ad Formias currens ad matrem Neapolim*, 9, 3, 1; *nautaeque per omne Audaeces mare qui curruat*, Hor. s. 1, 1, 30; *Vela damus uastumque caua trabe currimus aequor*, Verg. 3, 191; 6. of other than living agents or rivers, *gelidusque per ima cucurrit Ossa tremor*, Verg. 2, 120; *uox currit concauo parietum spatio*, Plin. 11, 112; 7. in legal lang., run (from), reckon (from), *tempus redhibitionis ex die uenditionis currit*, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 19 f.; *finito primo mense primae pensionis usurae currunt*, 26, 7, 6 med.; 8. of words, run, flow, *procliuuius currit oratio*, Cic. fin. 5, 28; *incomposito dixi pede currere uersus Lucili*, Hor. s. 1, 10, 1; *Est breuitate opus ut currat sententia*, ib. 9; *historia currere debet ac ferri*, Quint. 9, 4, 18; 9. met. of that wh. is continuous, as a line is said to run, *Victori chlamydem auratam quam plurima circum Purpura...cucurrit*, Verg. 5, 251; *limes per agrum currit*, Plin. 18, 326; *per hunc medium transuersa currat alia (linea)*, 18, 331; 10. w. a cognate acc., *currit iter tutum*, Verg. 5, 862; *quam mea debuerit currere cumba uiam*, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 12; 11. and w. acc. of surface traversed, *currimus aequor*, Verg. 3, 191; 12. hence as a pers. pass., *mare nauigatnr, campus crritur*, Quint. 1, 4, 28; 13. pass. impers., *Si quā (fabula) laboriosast, ad me curritur*, Ter. Haut. pr. 44; *curritur ad praetorium*, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 92; 14. prov. *currentem incitare*, to spur a willing horso, *facilius est currentem quod aiunt incitare quam commonere languentem*, Cic. or. 2, 186; cur-

rentem ut dicitur incitanti, Phil. 3, 19; *festinaui ut Caesarem...ad pacem, currentem ut aiunt, incitare*, fam. 15, 15, 3; add Att. 13, 4, 5\*; *addidisti calcaria sponte currenti*, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 1; *me tui caritas euocat ut currentem quoque instigem*, 3, 7, 15; 15. *cur* of *curro* is one w. hir of Dorset. hirn, run, wh. = A. Sax. yru-an and our run; also = whirl of whirl wh. again = roll, and Scotch hurl in sense of rolling, as in hurl-barrow, i.e. a wheel-barrow (Jamieson); also El. hurl in the sense of throw (cf. torqueo). Hence also *currus* a wheel, *curuus* adj.; 16. but the root appears w. all the vowels, as *cardo*, *ceruix*, *circus*, *corona* etc.

**currūca**, (*curuca, corruca, uruca* etc.), ae, m. [?] a cuckold, *Tu tibi uunc curruca places fletumque labellis Exsorbes*, luv. 6, 276.

**currūlis**, e, adj. of a chariot, and so of a race-course, racing, c. *strepitus*, Front. de fer. Als. ep. 3, p. 229 Naber; *rabies*, Apul. M. 9, 9\*; *equus*, Gloss. Cyr. p. 438 and 640; Gl. Philox. p. 59.

**currus**, ūs, m. [*curro* revolve; so the reduplicate Sansk. cha-kr-i or cha-kar a wheel has kar for its root], strictly a wheel, *Falciferos memorant currus abscedere membra*, Lucr. 3, 642; *Stiuaque quae currus a tergo torqueat imos*, Verg. G. 1, 174; and Val. F. 6, 105; *Arte leues currus, arte regendus amor*, Ov. a. a. 1, 1, 4 (note that a driver has a special eye to the wheels); *uasti quoque rector Olympi...* Non agat hos currus (sc. of the sun), M. 2, 62; *Nixus et incuruus* (so Schwartz cj.; mss *fixus* et in *curru* BE; *fixus* et in *curui* g) *trahitur sine curribus ullis Myrtilos*: *haut totum cerues: non inter ipse In caelum rediet* (so Haupt, Herm. 3, 153) *pars altera* (so THK cj.; mss *dextera*) *mergitur undis*, Germ. phaen. 710; 2. hence in pl. of a car or chariot, but only in poets, *Nunc ego Triptolemi cuperem conscendere currus*, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 1; *si herbere saeuo Palladia stimulet turbatos aegide currus*, Lucan. 7, 570; add Val. Fl. 2, 411; 3, 415; 5, 245; 6, 6; and, as corr. by Haupt ib. 213; 1, 68; 3. then as a sing. a car, chariot, *Dictator ubi currum insidit* (l. *insilit*) *peruchitur usque ad oppidum*, Naev. con. 707 R; *Hectorem curru quadringo raptarier*, Enn. tr. 129 V; *Sustineat currum ut bonu'*, *saepe agitator equosque*, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; *curru quadrigarum uehi*, Cic. diu. 2, 144; *habili Saturnia curru Ingreditur*, Ov. M. 2, 531; 4. esp. a triumphal chariot, *illa Vestalis patrem triumphautem complexa de curru detrahi passa non est*, Cic. Cacl. 34; *quem ego currum aut quam lauream cum tua laudatione conferrem?* fam. 15, 6, 1; *Sed fulgute trahit constrictos gloria curru*, Hor. s. 1, 6, 32; *tertius de Pharnace currus et Ponto*, Flor. 4, 2, 89; *digna res lauro, digna curru senatus uisa est*, 4, 12 med.; *Balbo...curru et iure Quriritum donato*, Plin. 5, 36; 5. met. of a ship, *uolitantem flamine currum*, Catul. 64, 9; 6. *currum* as gen. pl., *quae gratia currum*, Verg. 6, 653; 7. *curribus* as a dat. pl., Ov. a. a. 1, 5; 8. See Key's Essays; *aud rota*.

**cursilitas**, ātis, f. [impl. an adj. *cursilis*, fm. *curro*], disposition to run about, Fulg. Myth. 3, 3.

**cursum**, adv. [*curro*] *runuing*, with a run or gallop, at full speed, *age curre cursum ad Numisium*, Afr. 294 R; *nisi ego illum iubeo quadrigis cursum ad carnificem rapi*, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 156; *cursum agmine acto*, Liv. 27, 16, 10; 2. met. in a hurried manner, *hastily*, *Hoc cito et cursum cest agendum: propra iam quantum potest*, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 64; *ille sensim dicebat quod causae prodesset, tu cursum dicis aliena*, Cic. Phil. 2, 42; add or. 2, 364; *percensuit cursum numerum legionum*, Tac. an. 4, 4.

**curσιο**, ōnis, f. *runuing*, *corpus est ut cursor...actio curso*, Varr. l. 5, 1.

**cursitatio**, ōnis, f. *running* (of many), *sollenni cnsitatione lacum populus circumit*, Solin. 42, 2.

**cursito**, āre, vb. frq. [*curro*] *keep running to and fro*, or in numbers, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; add Hor. od. 4, 11, 10; s. 2, 6, 107; Plin. ep. 6, 5, 5.

**curso**, āre, vb. frq. [id.] same, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 56; Hec. 3, 1, 35; Cic. Rosc. Am. 60; sen. 17; Att. 9, 9, 2; Val. Fl. 4, 108.



**cursor**, ōris, m. [id.] one who runs, esp. on a race, as first a foot-race, in stadio cursores exclamant quam maxime possunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56; Et quasi cursores uitai lampada tradunt, Lucr. 2, 78; **2.** of an auriga in a chariot-race, Cic. diu. 2, 144; Vt cupidi cursor frena retentat equi, Ov. Pont. 3, 9, 26; **3.** a runner or messenger, commonly a slave, to carry letters etc., actor cantor cursor, Nov. 37 R, cursores sexta tibi Rufe remisimus hora, Mart. 3, 100, 1; perlatos a cursore codicillos praeripuit, Suet. Ner. 49; add Plin. ep. 7, 12, 6; Alexandri cursor Philonides mille et ducenta stadia nouem diei confecit horis, Plin. 2, 181; **4.** esp. a runner before a great man's carriage, quam cupere Catoni nunc occurrere aliquem ex his diuitibus cursores ante se agentem, Sen. ep. 87, 9; omnes iam sic peregrinantur ut illos agmen cursorum antecedit, 123, 7; Succinctas neque cursor antecedit, Mart. 12, 24, 7; cf. 3, 47, 14; fecisso iter traditur cum Mazacum turba atque cursorum, Suet. Ner. 30; **5.** a cognomen, L. Papirius Cursor—praecipua pedum pernecitas inerat (erat?) quae cognomen dedit, Liv. 9, 16, 11.

**cursor-ius**, adj. of a runner or course, c. terminns, a technical term for some kind of boundary stone, agrim. p. 241, 9 etc. Lachm.; c. spatula, same, ib. 240, 5 etc.; **2.** cursoria as sb. f. (sc. nauis), an express boat, Sid. ep. 1, 5; **3.** cursorium, ii, n. a sort of boundary stone, agrim. p. 342, 1 and 7 etc.

**cursor-ilis**, e, adj. of a race, rheda, C. Th. 12, 12, 9; equus, 12, 51, 19.

**cursor-a**, ae, f. [cursor] running, racing, Pl. As. 2, 2, 61; Most. 4, 1, 5; equi idonei ad cursuram, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15.

**cursus**, ūs, m. [cur of curro revolve] lit. revolution, Quot luna circos annuo in cursu institit? Att. 100 R; nouem lunae cursibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 69; stellarum cursus sempiterni, rep. 6, 17; **2.** hence running in a more or less circular race course, as the circus, as met.: roseis Aurora quadrigis iam medium aethereo cursu traiecerat axem, Verg. 6, 535; non habet satis magnum campum cursus animi et industriae meae, Cic. Att. 5, 15, 1; uitae breuem esse cursum, gloriae sempiternum, Sest. 47; in trimatu implentes uitae cursum, Plin. 7, 75; **3.** common running as w. the feet, tanta erat horum exercitatione celeritas ut iubis equorum subleuati cursum adaequant, Caes. b. g. 1, 48 f.; Quique pedum cursu ualet, Verg. 5, 67; cum effuso cursu insidias superassent, Liv. 2, 50, 6; add 24, 26, 12; 31, 21, 6; **4.** hence cursu alone, almost as an adv., cursu prope omnes ad imperatorem tendere, Liv. 33, 33, 1; strictis gladiis cursu in hostem feruntur, 9, 13, 2; attonita cursu fugit, Sen. Phoen. 433; **5.** of travelling by sea or land, a journey, a voyage, nam mihi cursus in Graeciam per tuam prouinciam est, Cic. Att. 10, 4, 10; qui unquam tantos cursus conficere potuit? Man. 12; unam (insulam) abesse dici cursu, Plin. 4, 94; **6.** esp. in navigation, the course by which one makes for a place, Excitumir cursu et caecis erramus in undis, Verg. 3, 200; uento intermisso cursum non tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; equites cursum tenere atque iusulam capere non poterant, 4, 26, 5; Hunc cursum Iliacas uento tenuisse carinas, Verg. 4, 45; and met. quem enim cursum industria mea tenere potuisset sine forensibus cansis...? Cic. Phil. 8, 11; teneat eum cursum quem poterit, or. 4; **7.** of flight through the air, cursumque per auras Dirigit in lucos, Verg. 6, 194; plumbea saepe Feruda fit glans in cursu, Lucr. 6, 307; **8.** of women, cum menstrui cursus stetero, Plin. 11, 230; **9.** course (of events), perspicias qui cursus rerum, qui oixtus futurum sit, Cic. fam. 4, 2, 3; **10.** hence the phrase in cursu est, is in progress, is going on, Dum dolor in cursu est, Ov. Pont. 4, 11, 18; Spes erat in cursu, F. 6, 362; add M. 10, 411; **11.** of words, flow, tantus cursus uerborum fuit, Cic. or. 1, 161; **12.** c. uocis, the range of the voice, 3, 227; **13.** c. publicus, c. uehicularis, the post so to say, i.e. relays first of mounted messengers, then of carriages, for conveyance of governmental news or orders, established by Augustus (Suet. 49), instante Fl. Valeriano agente in reb(us) et p.p. (i.e. praeposito) cursus publici, inser. Or. 3181 (a. d. 337—353); stabulum ac animalia cursus publici

longi itineris labore diutius deperirent...aedificauit, 3329 (a. d. 379—383); c. uehicularis, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18; c. uehicularius, Capitol. Aut. 12.

**Curtius**, ii, m. name of a gens, of wh. M. Curtius was most celebrated, Liv. 7, 6, 3; Varr. l. 5, 32; Fest. v. Curtius; Plin. 15, 78; **2.** Q. Curtius Rufus the historian; **3.** as adj. C. lacus, Varr. l. 5, 32; Ov. F. 6, 403; **4.** C. fons, a spring some 30 miles from Rome on the uia Sublacensis, wh. supplied the Aqua Claudia, Plin. 36, 122; Suet. Claud. 20; Frontin. aq. 1, 13 and 14.

**curto**, āre, vb. [curtus] make short, cut short, shorten, dock, Hor. s. 2, 3, 124; Pers. 6, 33; Cels. 7, 9; radices, Pall. 3, 10.

**curtus**, adj. [part of a lost vb. = κερ of κερω (cf. κερτος) and G. scher-en, E. shear; and so=E. short, G. kurz] shortened, docked, nunc mihi curto Ire licet mulo, Hor. s. 1, 6, 104—wh. Schol. curtata cauda; Qualia nunc curto lustra nouantur equo, Prop. 4, 1, 20, referring to the equus October, whose tail was to be carried w. such speed to the palace of the Pontifex that fresh blood from it might be dropped on the fire, Fest. p. 179; curti Iudaei, Hor. s. 1, 9, 70, as circumcised; si quid tibi curti est sarcire, Cels. 7, 8 f.; **2.** of crockery, broken, Lucr. 4, 1020; uasa, luv. 3, 271; testa, Mart. 3, 82; tegula, Prop. 4, 7, 22; **3.** met. sententia, Cic. fin. 4, 14; res, Hor. od. 3, 24, 64; fides, luv. 14, 166; centussis, Pers. 5, 191.

**curuā-ilis**, e, adj. [curuo] flexible, ulmus et fraxinus, Pall. 12, 15.

**curuā-mēn**, īnis, n. [id.] bend, curvature, curve, Ov. M. 2, 130; Plin. ep. 9, 7; alio caeli curuamie, under another clime, Gell. 14, 1, 10.

**curuā-tio**, ōnis, f. [id.] bend, curvature, hollow, Colum. 4, 12.

**curuātūra**, ae, f. [id.] same, rotae, Ov. M. 2, 117; absidium, Plin. 2, 72; unguium, 10, 42; tribunal hemicycli schematis minore curuatura formatum, Vitr. 5, 1 f.

**curuī-pes** = αγκυλοπους, Gloss.

**curūitas**, ātis, f. [curuus] bend, curve, curvature, Maer. s. Sc. 1, 15.

**curū-ilis**, (rarely currulis\*) e, adj. [currus, w. vowel shortened before accented penult., as in molestus, lucerna, laterna, mamilla] of a chariot—hence sella c. the chair of state on which the so-called curule magistrates sat in their state carriage, and wh. was thence removed for official use, currules\* magistratus appellati sunt, quia curru uehebantur, Fest. p. 49; senatores dicit (Gaius Bassus) in ueterum aetate qui curule magistratum gessissent, curru solitos honoris gratia in curiam uehi in quo curru sella esset supra quam considerent, quae ob eam cansam currulis\* appellarentur, Gell. 3, 18; Prius in capulo quam in curuli sella suspendes natis, Nov. 76 R;

**2.** it was ornamented w. ivory: Signa quoque in sella nossem formātā curūli, Et totum Numidae sculptile dentis opus, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 27; Cuilibet hic fascis dabit eripiet quo curūle Cui uolet importunus ebur, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 53; et tua Romae Praecessit nostrum sella curulis ebur, Ausou. ep. 2, 3; **3.** curules equi, the horses supplied by the state for triumphs and perh. for curule magistrates, c. equi quadrigales, Fest. p. 49; quum censores se locationibus abstinerent...curulium equorum praebudorum, Liv. 24, 18, 10; **4.** c. triumphus, as opposed to a mere oration, Suet. Aug. 22; **5.** curules ludi or Circenses, so called from the chariot races, Min. F. Oct. 37 f.; **6.** c. Inno, a title of Juno at Tibur, as riding in a chariot, Serv. ad Verg. 1, 17 (hio currus fuit); **7.** c. uirga, the staff wh. an emperor carried into the senate house, Schol. Cruq. ad Hor. ep. 1, 6, 53; **8.** c. magistratus, an officer entitled to a sella c., as consul, praetor, censor, or curule aedile.

**curuo**, āre, vb. [curuus] make crooked, bend, Cic. N. D. 1, 24; Verg. G. 4, 299; Ov. M. 2, 199; Plin. 16, 223; Hadriae curuantis Calabros sinus (hollowing out), Hor. od. 1, 33, 15; **2.** met. bend (as by prayer), Hor. od. 3, 10, 13.

**curu-or**, ōris, m. [curuo vb.] bending, Varr. l. 5, 21 and 6, 3.

**curuus**, adj. [cur of curro revolve] bent, curved, arched,



littus, Att. 569; Verg. 3, 238; falx, G. 1, 508; aratrum, 1, 170; unguis, Hor. epod. 5, 93; lyra, od. 3, 28, 11; aequora, Lucan. 5, 459, i.e. more or less ruffled, as opposed to a frozen surface; aequor, Ov. M. 11, 505 of a violent storm; 2. curuum, i, as sb. n. the crooked, as opposed to the straight, curuo dignoscere rectum, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 44.

**cus-cūlum**, i, n. [?] a sort of cochineal insect, Plin. 16, 32.

**cūcio**, ōnis, f. [cudo] coining, Th. C. 11, 16, 18.

**cūso**, āre, vb. frq. [id.] ap. Prisc. 10, 890.

**cusor**, ōris, m. [id.] a couler, cod. Iust. 10, 64.

**cuspidātim**, adv. [cuspidō] to a point, decius, Plin. 17, 102.

**cuspid-o**, āre, vb. [cuspis] point (w. metal etc.) stimulum uallo, Plin. 18, 179; hastilia, 11, 126.

**cuspis**, idis, f. [?] a point, of a beam, Caes. b. g. 2, 2; of a thyrsus, Catnl. 64, 256; of a coutus, Verg. 5, 208; of a spear, 11, 40 and 12, 386; of a reed, Ov. M. 4, 299; of Neptune's trident, 12, 580; of a stick, Plin. 36, 127; of a plough, 18, 172; of a bee's sting, 21, 78; of a spit, Mart. 14, 221; 2. a sharp-pointed earthenware pipe in vine culture, Varr. r. 1, 8.

**cussillris**? cussilirem pro ignauo dicebant antiqui, Fest. 20.

**custōs**, ōdis, m. and f. [cust-od-; of wh. cnst=ost a door w. excr. t; cf. ost-ium and οστεον beside os ossis, ōd=uid of uid-eo and ορ of ὄρω, cf. πύλ-ωρος, πύλ-ουρος, θυρ-ωρος φρουρος, for θυρ-ουρος (of wh. θυρ=Lat. for of fores, also =θυρ of θύρα—for interchange of r and d see d)] strictly door-keeper, gate-keeper, Anus hic solet cubitare custos ianatrix, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 76; festiuae fores... Exsusceitate nostram huc custodem mihi, 1, 1, 91; quotiens custodes possunt ne limen intrare? Cic. Phil. 2, 45; 2. hence in mil. lang. a sentinel, a guard, Miror qui ex Piraeo abierit: nam ibi custos publice nunc, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 59; interfectis custodibus pecuniam atque equos inter se partiti sunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 5; cum uigiliis custodibusque nostris colloquitur, b. c. 1, 22, 1; reliquos (coniuratores) cum custodibus in aedem concordiae venire iubet, Sal. Cat. 46; cnstos in (so mss; but?) frumento publico est positus, Cic. Flac. 45; nullus est portis custos, Cat. 2, 27; 3. gen. one set to watch, a watch, cnstodis officia—caueat quam minimum in torcularium et in cellam introatur, Cato r. 66 (67), 1; add 144, 1; add Acc. 386 R; Argus... Quem quondam Ioui Inno custodem addidit\*, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 20; add Capt. 2, 3, 34 and 97; Etiam nunc tu hic stas Parmeno? numnam hic relictus custos? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 55; custodem Tullio me apponite, Cic. Caecil. 51; greges, Verg. B. 10, 36;

4. esp. one placed to watch a young man, At erum seruauit... Quoi me custodem addiderat\* erus maior meus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 50; qui olim a puero paruolo mihi paedagogus fuerat, quasi uti mihi foret Custos, Merc. pr. 91; Bone cnstos salue, salue column familiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 57; Imberbis iuuenis tandem custode remoto Gandet equis... Hor. ep. 2, 2, 161; add s. 1, 6, 81; 5. met., Qualem te patriae custodem di genuerunt, Enn. an. 116 V; senatum rei publicae custodem, Cic. Sest. 137; pro di immortales, custodes huius urbis, 53; custodem ac iudicem cupiditatum, agr. 2, 24; custode rerum Caesare, Hor. od. 4, 15, 17; numquam custodibus illis (sc. canibus)... furem... horrebis, Verg. G. 3, 406; so: nunc ut de mutis custodibus loquar, Colum. 7, 12, 1; eburnea Telorum custos (a quiver), Ov. M. 8, 321; custodem turis acerram, 13, 703; 6. esp. in vine-culture, a shoot reserved against accidents for coming year, unus infra eam custos erit submitendus qui uitem mox in annum renouet, Colum. 4, 23, 3; add 4, 21, 3; arbor. 5, 1; 7. to exx. of custodem addere in §§ 3, 4,

marked \*, add Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 68; 2, 3, 27 and 34; 2, 6, 69;

8. the constellation Aretophylax, Vitr. 9, 6, 1;

9. an epithet of Iuppiter etc., excitauit aedem in Capitolio Custodi Ioui, Suet. Dom. 5; Ioui custodi sacrum M. Aemilius Flaccus, inscr. Or. 1227; add 1682; 3726; I. O. M. et Marti Custodi P. Heluius Pertinax, 5490; Siluano Custodi Papirii, 5743.

**cŷcnus**, (cygnus), old Lat. forms cŷcŷnus and cŷcŷnus, i, m. [κύκνος] swan, (often spoken of as a powerful and sweet songster), ut cygni qui non sine causa Apollini dicati sint sed quod ab eo diuinationem habere uideantur quia pronidentes quid in morte boni sit eum cantu et uoluptate moriantur..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 73; but cf. Plin. 10, 63; cygnis descendere tempus Duxerunt collo qui iuga nostra (sc. of Venus etc.) suo, Ov. a. a. 3, 809; Vare tunm nomen... Cantantes sublime ferent ad sidera cygni, Verg. eel. 9, 29; Pieri... O mutis quoque piscibus Dōnatūrā cŷeni si libeat sonum, Hor. od. 4, 3, 20; short also in Auson. ep. 20, 18; met. Multa Dircaem leuat aura cyenum (sc. Pindarum), Hor. od. 4, 2, 25; 2. prov. quid enim contendat hirundo Cyenis, Lucr. 3, 7; Certent et cynis ululae, Verg. eel. 8, 55; 3. in fable, a king of Liguria changed to a swan, Ov. M. 2, 367; fit noua Cyenus auis, 2, 377; add Hyg. Ast. 3, 7; 4. cŷcŷnus ollo, Gloss. Hild. 52; ollo cŷcŷnus, 227; 5. of a king so called, Barbatum tremulum Titonum (Titanum mss) Cucino qui elnet (lucet mss of Prisc. 1, 216, 15 K), Pl. Men. 5, 2, 101, wh. Ritschl Op. 2, 478 to save metre reads Cucino for Cygno of mss: as he also reads: Varro in cucino (mss cynico), Prisc. 1, 376 K; 6. cucun-us prob. the truer form, redupl., like cucumis cucurbita eiconia, from a root eun, wh. = our swan, much as can of canes (κύων κύων-ος) = S. swan.

**Cŷthēra**, ae, f. Cythēra\*, orum, n. pl. [Κυθήρα n. pl. in Od. 1, 80;] is an island off Laconia sacred to Venus, now Cerigo and town on it, super alta Cythera\*, Verg. 1, 680; add 10, 51; et Veneris sacra Cythera\* petit, Ov. F. 4, 286; add am. 2, 17, 4; in Laconico (sinu) Cythera cum oppido, antea Porphyris appellata, Plin. 4, 56; Aegila xv (in p.) a Cythera, 4, 57; in Myrtoo Cythera contra Malean, Mel. 2, 7, 90; Gradius ab Hebro Idalium furto subit aut dilecta Cythera\*, Val. F. 8, 229.

**Cŷthērēa**, adj. f. [Κυθραεως] of Cythera, an epithet of Venus, iam Cythera choros dncit Venus, Hor. od. 1, 4, 5;

2. as a sb. the goddess of Cythera, Venus, Inuocat Hippomenes Cythereaque comprecor ausis Assit ait nostris, Ov. M. 10, 640; add Prop. 2, 14, 25.

**Cŷthērēias**, ādis, adj. f. [Κυθραεως] of Cythera or Venus, Cytherciadasque columbas, Ov. M. 15, 386.

**Cŷthērēis**, idis, adj. f. [Κυθραεως] the same, diua Cythereide natum, Ov. M. 4, 288.

**Cŷthērēius**, adj. [Κυθραεως] of the island Cythera, littora, Ov. M. 10, 529; 2. of Cythera or Venus, heros (sc. Acneas), 4, 625; mensis (sc. April as sacred to her), Ov. F. 4, 195; ignis (sc. of the evening star or Venus), Sil. 12, 247; proles (sc. Hermione, d. of Venus), Stat. Th. 4, 554; Vesper, Auson. id. 8, 26.

**Cŷthērīacus**, adj. [Κυθηριακος] of Cythera, aquae, Ov. her. 7, 60; 2. of Venus, as the goddess of Cythera, myrtus, Ov. F. 4, 15; columbae, Nero Caesar ap. Sen. n. q. 1, 5, 6; conchae, Mart. 2, 47, 2; Cypros, 8, 45, 7; nectar, 14, 207, 1.

**Cŷthērīs**, idis [Κυθηρης] of Venus, a cognomen, as of a freedwoman, infra Eutrapelum Cytheris accubuit, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 2; add Att. 10, 10, 5; Tarcia Cytheris, inscr. Grut. 766, 3; Rusticella M. l. Cytheris, 992, 3.

**Cŷthērius**, adj. of Cythera or Venus, a nickname for Antonius from his mistress Cytheris, Cic. Att. 15, 22.



## D.

**D**, the 4th letter of the Latin alphabet, corresponding to Gk. Δ and Hebrew dalet, the thick mute of the dental series, formed from the Greek by rounding the two strokes on the right; **2**. often excrescent from an r, as in cor cordis, cardo (card-on) a hinge, cord-a a string, from a mimetic baso car or cor revolve, twist, whence corona etc., card-us a thistle, from car-o card (wool)—itself having an excr. d. ard-ae beside her-on; ord-o a trench beside aro arōw and or-ussō; **3**. so too as r and l are convertible; mordeo w. excr. d beside molo crush, grind; arduus and ardeo beside alo; sordes beside solum; obsordesco beside obsolesco; **4**. excr. from n, tendo beside teneo and τεινω, mando and prehendo beside E. hand and L. manus; mendax inventive beside men of mens, memini, μενος; ind-e down from in; ind-e thence from pron. is (base in)—cf. excr. θ of ενθ-εν, of πενθ-ος; und-e fm. base (c)un of relative; **5**. excr. from b, just as t from p (πολις πολεμος) so that a b seems to pass into d, thus ραβδος for αρ-αβ-ος from αρασσω, is in Lat. radius (cf. ἑβδομος ἑπτα and E. sev-en); **6**. excr. fm. g, the forms altitudo, formido, dulcedo etc. seem to have had orig. snffixes identical with those of nesperugo, imago, the g first throwing out an excr. d, and the g then vanishing, as if they had been altitudo etc.; **7**. interch. w. r, ad prep., ar of arfuit, arena etc., audio and auris, apor apud, meridies for medidies; **8**. hence often corresponds to a Gk. ρ, caduceus κηρυκτιον; eust-os (cust-od-) θυρ-ωρος, uideo ὄρω (ειδον); **9**. esp. in Oscan dialect, Ladinei (=Larini), CIL 24, add 506; **10**. interch. w. l as in odor and prob. odium beside olet; kadamitas beside calamitas; names in idius beside names in ilius, prob. patronymics, by addition of filius with its f lost, Ovidius beside Ovius, Longidius CIL 719 and 1177 beside Longus; cf. Lucilius Lucius, Serulius Seruius etc.; see l; **11**. interch. w. n as in prep. ad up=αν of ανα; prep. ad to=G. an, and thence w. excr. t ant-id and ant-e; extrad intrad, prob. comp. forms for extran intran, cf. extran-eus interan-eus; id for in, stem of is ea id; quod for quon or rather eon, stem of relative; cf. uad of uado beside βαν of βαινω;—this change prob. due to an excr. d out of n, as in Ital. and-are (for vandare, cf. G. wand-eln, wand-ern); **12**. as a final interch. w. t, sed set; illud or illut, fecid (=fecit), CIL 54; quod (=quot), 1016; **13**. before s d is dropped, at times assimilated, as in the nom. nās w. uadis; herēs, lapis, custōs, incūs, so in perf. inuasi, cessi, risi, rosi, lusi; while in the perf. part. dt gives place to ss or s alone, cacus, scissus, fossus; **14**. d between vowels, the first being short, seems to have been dropped at times in pron., so that modo (alike abl. and so-called adv.), uidet, studet etc. became for the time monos., Eodem modo seruorum ratem esse, amanti ero acum censeo, Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 11; add Ps. 1, 5, 156; Trin. 3, 1, 1; hence the adv. is shortened at times in writing to mo; Si erum uidet superare amorem, hoc serui esse officium reor, Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 7; add Curc. 1, 3, 14; Turp. 195 R; studet par referre, praesens absensque idem erit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 48; add Ad. 5, 7, 2; **15**. D Lat. becomes t in Eng., z in Germ., cor cord-is, heart, herz; dens=tooth, zahn; decem=ten, zehn; domo=tame, zahmen; duco=tug or tow, ziehen; duo=two, zwei; sometimes ss in Germ., sudor=sweat, schweiss; ped=foot, fuss; od-i =hate, hassen; id=it, es; quod=what, was; ed-o=eat, essen; uideo=wit or wot, wissen; **16**. d between vowels, often lost in Romance lang., as Fr. cadere choir, claudere clore, medulla moelle, uidere voir, Melodunum Melun, Cadurci Quercy, Rhodanus, Rhône; in Span. iudex juez, rodere roer, fidelis fiel, cadere caer; sometimes in Ital., uado vo, Padus Po; and in poet., credo creoo, uideo veo, gaudere gioire; in Port. the d at times gives place to a v after ou, as laudare louvar, audire ouvir; **17**. di (de) before a vowel disappears fm. Fr., hodie aujourd'hui, gaudium joie, inuidia envie, dimidius demi, gladiolus glaycul;

or gives place to a palatal ch or g, indicare (iudicare) juger, uindicare venger, praedicare prêcher; in Ital. gives place to z or zz or gg, medius mezzo, prandium pranzo, radius razzo, hordeum orzo, hodie oggi; **18**. at times in Ital. through the previous insertion of an anomalous i, two forms coexist, as ardente arzente, pendolo penzolo, verdura verzura; **19**. a Lat. d at times becomes an l in Ital. caducus ealuco, cicada cicala, hedera ellera; and in Span. cauda cola (cf. Lat. adulari), scheda esquila, homicidium homecillo, Aegidius Gil (E. Giles); **20**. at times=n in Ital., perdis pernice, lampad=lampada or lampane; **21**. also=r, medulla, mirolla, and Neap. rurece (for dodici i.e. duodecim); **22**. in Span. d at times gives place to g, delphius dolfin or golphin; **23**. dr losing its d becomes rr or r; as quadra Fr. querro, quadraginta quarante, quadragesima carême; so Carrara the town represents, says Pott, a lost Quadraria, Fr. carrière, quarry; **24**. nd of Latin often drops the excr. d, as Fr. en fm. inde, prenos fm.prehendimus; Sp. fonil fm. fundibulum, manar fm. mandare; Ital. vergogna fm. uerecundia; **IV 25**. abbrev., D a praenomen=Decimus; D. Silanus, on a coin, CIL 412; D. Aimil(ius), 824; =decretum, ex d. ordinis, inser. Or. 1571; =de, as D.S.P. i.e. de sua pecunia, CIL 1037; D.D.S. de decurionum sententia, 1216; =decurio, D.C. decurionum consulto, 620; =decuria, D. Poetili(i), inser. Or. 3572; =domo, L. Valerius L. f. Marinus Tol(osensis) D.; 3551; add 4439; =dat, D. L(ubens) M(erito), CIL 1287; =donum, Laribus D. D(ant), CIL 602; =deus or diuus, D(eo) Saturno, inser. Or. 481; D.I.M. deo inuicto Mithrae, 495; D.M. monumentum, i.e. dis manibus, 2321; D.T. dum taxat, CIL 1418, 17; D.N. dominus noster, inser. Or. 16; D.V.=duo uir, CIL 1250; add inscr. Or. 6215 and 7137; is H.S. x municipibus eius municipi D.D. esto, i.e. dare damnas esto, inser. Or. Henz. 7421 b. 8.

**Dāma**, ae, m. [for Δημας, abbr. fm. Δημητριος, as Mena Μηνας fm. Μηροδωρος] name among Romans of a Greek slave, Dama Velti Pr. S(eruos), CIL 602, 7; Tuno Syri Damae aut Dionysi filius audes...? Hor. s. 1, 6, 38; Vtne tegam spurco Damae latus? 2, 5, 18; Romanoque habitu prodis ex iudice Dama Turpis, 2, 7, 54; momento turbinis exit Marcus Dama, Pers. 5, 79; **2**. as a gen. term of contempt, idem res dicebat omnium sordidissimas acetum et pulicem et Damam et Philotem, Sen. (so says Turneb. adv. 6, 4).

**damma**, (dama), ae, m\*. f. [poss. akin to δᾶμ-αλος; but not to δαμαω] fallow-deer or antelope, buck or doe, Cum canibus timidi\* uenient ad pocula dammae (lammae P), Verg. B. 8, 28; timidi\* dammae, G. 3, 539; tum figere dammas, 1, 308; pauidae natarunt Aequora dammae (damae Or.), Hor. od. 1, 2, 12; cornua...rupicapris in dorsum adunca, dammis in aduersum, Plin. 11, 124; Aut impeditam cassibus refert dammam, Mart. 3, 58, 28; aut timidus passus me cuspidē damas Sternere, Stat. Ach. 1, 408; quod decentior (sit cutis) damis, Sen. ben. 2, 29, 1; damma, not dama, Not. Tir. p. 175.

**damnas**, [damnum] used only in nom. in the phrases dare d. esto and d. sunto, shall be liable (to pay...), is in tr(itici) m(odios) I (i.e. singulos) ICCC populo dare damnas esto, CIL 206, 19; is populo Romano HS centum milia dare damnas esto, a S.C. ap. Frontin. 2, 129; add Gai. dig. 9, 2, 2; Quint. 7, 9, 9; inser. Or. 4425 and 4428; **2**. also in pl. dare damnas sunto, Paul. dig. 30, 122, 1; Scæv. 32, 34, 1; **3**. at times abbr. to D.D.E., CIL 106, 97 and 107; **4**. also w. dare understood, si quis maiorem pecuniam numerum habuerit, tantum damnas esto, Cato orig. 24, 12.



**damnum**, (less correctly dampnum), i, n. [for dapnum from a lost vb. *dap*=*δᾶπ* of *δᾶπνω* tear, whence *δᾶπνω* outgoing; hence too *dāpino*, *dapsilis* and prob. *daps*], for change of p to m before n, cf. somnus, omnis, amnis, so too m for b in scannum with scabellum in *σεμνος* from *σεβουαι*, *ερεβενος*=*ερεβενος*; amnis compared with S. ap water, and E. Avon, Damnonii Devon; and Swed. lemna to leave, remna to rive, hamn haven, jamn even, and Phil. S. Tr. 1868—9 p. 265; not as Ritschl, opusc. 2, 709, says, a present passive part. n. from dare, nor from deminutio as Paul. dig. 39, 2, 3 says; nor from demptio as Varr. 1, 5, 36, p. 176 Sp.; loss, damage, outgoing, cost, expense, Nou miror siquid damni facis\* aut flagiti, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 44; so w. *facere*\*, Bac. 4, 9, 109; Merc. 2, 1, 13; 2, 3, 83; Capt. 2, 2, 77; Ps. 1, 5, 25; damnum illius interitu Latinae litterae fecerunt, Cic. Brut. 125; magnum damnum factum est in Servio, fam. 10, 28, 3; damnum dabis†, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 108; ne mihi damnum in Epidauro duis†, Men. 2, 1, 42; si quid emor...domino damni dederit†, Cato r. 149, 2; damnum quod Mercurius minime amat, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 114; qua de re quisque damnei infecti restipulari uolet, CIL 205, 1, 7; seiquid interim damni datum factum-ue erit, ib. 13; Ne ille haut scit hoc paulum lucri quantum ei damnum (so A, al. damni) adportet, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 25; si in maxumis lucris paulum aliquid damni contraxerit, Cic. fin. 5, 91; 2. esp. of losses in war, exercitum dnamum cohortium damno reducit, Caes. b. g. 6, 44, 1; Samnitium dncibus carpi paruis quotidie damnis uires suae uidebantur, Liv. 9, 27, 6; ad supplenda exercitus damna, Tac. an. 1, 71; 3. of other losses or defects, Damna tamen celeres reparant caelestia lunae, Hor. od. 4, 7, 13; quia infaciundior sit et lingua impromptus, quod naturae damnum..., Liv. 7, 4, 6; 4. a pecuniary fine, eos morte exilio uinculis damno coercent, Cic. off. 3, 23; 5. d. *facere*, make or sustain a loss, see \* above; 6. d. dare, cause a loss (to another), see †; 7. damnum infectum, damage not yet done but feared, see CIL above, damnum infectum est damnum nondum factum, quod futurum ueremur, Gai. dig. 39, 2, 2; dum ob eas res damni infecti iurato promittatur, inscr. Or. Henz. 6428; 8. damnum and its deriv. without a p always in CIL vol. 1; also in palimps. of Pl. and Bemb. of Terence, as Bac. 2, 1, 39; Truc. 2, 1, 17; 2, 2, 49 and 5, 38; Haut. 4, 1, 15; 4, 4, 25; Ad. 2, 2, 23; 9.=Ital. danno and A. S. dem, g. demmes.

**dāp-ālis**, e, adj. [daps], of a sacrificial banquet in honour of Jupiter, d. cena, Titin. 136 R; non Saliare epulum, non cena dapalis, Anson. ep. 9, 13; 2. hence a title of Jupiter, Ioui dapali culignam uini polluceto, Cato r. 132.

**dāpāticus**, adj. magnificent [ult. from daps], (of a banquet); adv. *dapatice*, magnificently, *dapatice* se acceptos dicebant antiqui significantes magnifice, et *dapatice* namque notionem amplum et magnificum, Paul. ex F. v. daps.

**dāpī-fer**, i, adj. or sb. m. food-bearing or -bearer, an officer in the household of an empress, inscr. Murat. 915, 3; *dapifer*=*σπιτοφορος*, Gloss. Philox.

**dāpino**, āre, vb. [from a sb.=*δᾶπᾶνω*] be at the cost of, supply, Aeternum tibi dapinabo uictum (uictum in omnibus fere nostris libris, says Lamb, who substitutes cibum for metre [!]), si uera autnmas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 117. Foro. writes *dapino* (!) and *Fleckeisen dapinabo* (!).

**dāpis**, dāp-is, f. [prob. from ed-w. ap=ac, a dim. suff.; less prob. akin to *δᾶπνω* and *δᾶπ-ανη*] food, esp. a sacrificial banquet to Jupiter (cf. *dapalis*) and other gods, ubi daps profanata comestaque erit uerno araro incipito, Cato r. 50; *dapem* pro bubus piro florente facito and so on, 131, 132; quae haec daps est, qui festus dies? Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. 1, 321, 6 K; euenit ut...Pinarii, extis adesis, ad ceteram uenirent *dapem*, Liv. 1, 7, 13; ipsumque uocamus In partem praedamque Iouem...dāpibusque epulamur opimis, Verg. 3, 224, where Serv.: quod daps decorum sunt; Sollemnis tum fortē dāpes and tristia doua...Libabat cineri, Verg. 3, 301; *dapibus* supremi Grata testudo Iouis, Hor.

od. 1, 32, 13; tunc Saliaribus Ornare puluinar deorum Tempus erat *dapibus* sodales, I, 37, 4; add 2, 7, 17; Illa deo sciet agricolae pro uitibus uam Pro segete spicas pro grege ferre *dapem*, Tib. 1, 5, 28; Celebrantquo dapes uicinia simplex Et cantant laudes Termine sancte tuas, Ov. F. 2, 657; Nec Capitolinae pontificumquo dapes, Mart. 12, 48, 12; *daps* apud antiquos dicebatur res diuina quae fiebat aut hiberna sementi aut uerna, Paul. ex F. s. v.; Iupiter cenat magnisque implendus est *dapibus*, Arnob. 7, 32; 2. hence of great banquets, Centum aliae (sc. famulae) totidemque pares aetate ministri qui *dapibus* mensas onerent, Verg. 1, 706; Non Siculae dapes Duleem elaborabunt saporem, Hor. od. 3, 1, 18; add epod. 9, 1; Ad natalicias dapes uocabar, Mart. 7, 86, 1; 3. in poets more freely, food, Cape hanc caducam Liberi mollem *dapem*, Varr. s. 206, 4 R; Nunc in dracones Egit amor *dapis* atque pugnae, Hor. od. 4, 4, 12; an malas Canidia tractauit dapes, epod. 3, 8; add 2, 48; 5, 33; 18, 14; s. 2, 6, 67, 88 and 103; A. P. 198; 4. met. saturis auri-bus scholica dape, Varr. s. 129, 8 R; humanas dapes ad hoc (sc. stercoreandum) imprimis aduocant (for Tellus as a goddess), Plin. 17, 51.

**dapsilis**, e, (*dapsilus*? \* *laptilis*†?) adj. [a vb.=*δᾶπνω* or *lapto*, cf. *lac-ero* and *dāpino*], costly, corollas Dari *dapsilis*, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 22; erili filio Largitus dictis *dapsilis*\*, 1, 4, 3; Nihil hoc quidemst Triginta minae praequam alios *dapsilis* sumptus facit, Most. 4, 2, 66; dotis d., Aul. 2, 1, 45; lectus *dapsilis* (*laptiles* for *laptilis*† BCD), True. 1, 1, 34.

**daras**, as future of *dāre* [=dare habes, as in Romance langg.] thou shalt give, cui ille, 'non inquam, dabo'. Ad haec Iustinianus respondit 'daras', Aimoin II v.; cf. Span. Port. *daras*, Prov. *daras*. See Schuchardt Vokalismus, Vol. 2, p. 511.

**de**, [decap. from inde down (wh. see), and so from prep. in; inde prob. from ind-is a comp. of in w. exer. d., like mage for magis, pote for potis] prep. w. abl. down, si de caelo uilla tacta siet, Cato r. 14, 3; Vbi ille abiit, ego me deorsum duco de arbore, Pl. Aul. 4, 8, 8; Standumst in lecto si quid dē summo petas, Men. 1, 1, 27; Hectoris natum dē Troiano -- Muro iactari, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 1. 10, 3 p. 583 Sp.; praeda de manibus emissa (al. amissa), Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 44; de caelo multa fiebant, div. 1, 93; ruunt dē montibus amnes, Verg. 4, 164; in medios de summis arcibus hostes Mittite, Ov. F. 6, 1387; Dēque uiri collo dulce pendit onus, 2, 760; 2. esp. of leaving a country by sea, de prouinciaque decessit (sc. Sicilia), Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 48; 3. where the agent is on higher ground, and so esp. w. vbs. of seeing, palam de sella ac tribunali prouuntia..., Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 94; haec agebantur in conuentu palam de sella ao de loco superiore, 2, 4, 85; quem ad se uocari et de tribunali citari iussit, 2, 5, 16; de tegulis... inspectauit...Philocomasium atque hospitem Osculantis, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 17; qui moenia prospicis urbis Tarpeia de rupe, Lucan. 1, 196; add 3, 88; frustra de colle Lycaei Anxia prospectas, Stat. 9, 895; ex hac piscari hamumque de cubiculo ac paene etiam de lectulo ut e naucula iacere, Plin. ep. 9, 7, 4; 4. esp. w. vbs. compounded w. de, Decido de lecto praeceps, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 50; Ego hino araneas de foribus deiciam et de pariete, St. 2, 3, 1; do muro se deiecerunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 18, 3; non de caelo demissos, Liv. 10, 8, 10; 5. without clear notion of descent, from, doloris medicamenta illa tamquam de narthecio proment, Cic. fin. 2, 22; qui de conuiuus auferatur, 2, 23; quum mel de fauis fuerit exemptum, Colum. 12, 11, 1; 6. may even though the act is rather one of elevation, duo parietes de eadem fidelia dealbare, Curius ad Cic. fam. 7, 29 f.; magno de flumine malim Quam ex hoc fonticulo tantundem sumere, Hor. s. 1, 1, 55; De nullo gelidae fonte bibantur aquae, Ov. F. 2, 264; Et magis adducto pomum decerpere ramo Quam de caelata sumere lance iuuat, Pont. 3, 5, 20; Merubraque de dura uix sua tollit humo, F. 2, 354; De quorum per me uoluerit surgit honor, 5, 228; subita de cineribus flamma prodibat, Flor. 2, 15, 15 (1, 31, 15); proscribere



palam sic accipimus, claris litteris uudo de plano recte legi possit, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 11, 3; **7.** hence gen. of source, as first w. verbs of buying etc., de dominio bono colono bonoque aedificatorio melius emetur, Cato r. 1, 4; de uicino hoc proximo Tuus emit aedis filius, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 139; Mercatus te hodie esse de lenone Apocides? Epid. 3, 4, 59; add Capt. prol. 34; ibi agrum de nostro patre Colendum habebat, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 17; redemptor qui columnam illam de Cotta et [de] Torquato conduxerat faciendam..., Cic. div. 2, 47; fundum mercatus est de Meculonio, Flac. 46; quod de Crasso domum emissem, fam. 5, 6, 2; de his rebus quas mancipio accepisse de Vario diceret, Att. 1, 1, 3; **8.** w. vbs. of earning, deserviu, ut meritust de me, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 57; add Mil. 4, 2, 77; ita promeruisti de me, Meu. 5, 9, 8; Quia de me erat optime meritus, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; ita se de populo Romano meritos esse, Caes. b. g. 1, 11, 3; **9.** of parentage, alike of father and mother, as first of father, Vel quod erat de me feliciter Illia mater, Ov. F. 3, 233; Illia cum Lauso de Numitore sati, 4, 54; Si memor es de quo mihi sit Proserpina nata, 4, 587; etiam de Cleopatra liberis inter heredes nuncupatis, Suet. Aug. 17; **10.** w. vbs. of knowledge, esp. quaero, disco, audio, coepit me obsecrare Vt sibi liceret discere id de me; secreti iussi, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 31 (Cic. and Caes. ab, Verg. ex), de Pompeio quaesiuisti quid sentiret, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 2; add div. 1, 49; Deiot. 42 (also ex in Cic. as Acad. 2, 11); audiui hoc de parente meo puer, Balb. 11; add Att. 1, 11, 2; fam. 11, 12, 2; rep. 2, 28; or. 3, 133, (also ex in Acad. 2, 11); **11.** in late writers w. peto, posco, contendo, impetro, of favours asked, peto de te uxor carissima uti..., Papi. dig. 36, 1, 59 (57), 2; petit de te Venus modicum de tua mittas ei formositate, Apul. M. 6, 16 (p. 179); poscit de Ione uti..., Mart. Cap. 2, 47 (217); de me magnopere contendit apud eam ceuulae eius interesse, Apul. M. 2, 18; de marito impetrare non potuerat ut..., epit. Liv. 51; **12.** often of the source of expenditure, money etc. out of, M. Minatius M. f. (P)om. Sabinus turrem de sua pecunia mnrum de pecunia conlata faciund. coeravit, CIL 1259; De decuma nictor tibi Lucius Mummius donum, 542, 5; de te largitor puer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 17; de eodem oleo et opera exaravi nescio quid ad te, Cic. Att. 13, 38, 1; Sed iam de uetito quisque parabat opes, Ov. F. 5, 282; **13.** esp. with neut. abl. of possessive adj. Ego opsonabo; nam id flagitium sit mea te gratia Et operam dare mihi et ad eam operam facere sumptum de tuo, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 65; Tanto melior: noster esto, sed de uostro uiuito, Truc. 5, 61; add 1, 2, 12; perh. also quasi uolueri triduo Prins praedinant de quoio essuri sient (see Bergk Beitr. p. 60), Truc. 2, 3, 17; olet unguenta; de meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 37; pecuniam numeravit de suo, Cic. Att. 16, 16, 5; de publico conuivari, Verr. 2, 3, 105; largiendo de alieno popularem fieri, Liv. 3, 1, 3; add 4, 60, 4; sed quod ego uos de uestro impendatis hortor, 6, 15, 10; **14.** beyond sphere of money, Ad tua praecepta de meo nihil his nouom atposiui, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 31; sed aliquid atque adeo multa addunt et afferunt de suo, Cic. fam. 4, 3, 1 f.; haruspicum uerba sunt haec omnia, nihil addo de meo, har. resp. 40; **15.** the source of the penalty to be paid, Nisi mihi supplicium uirgeum de te datur, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 22; and same w. stimuleum for uirgeum, ib. 31; Dabitur pol supplicium mihi de tergo uostro, As. 2, 4, 75; Interea usque illi de me supplicium dabo, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 86; cum de uisceribus tuis et filii tui satisfacturus sis quibus debes, Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; nisi de tergo plebis Romanae satisfiat, Liv. 2, 35, 1; adferri flagra iussit et Ciceroni de corio Cestii satisfecit, Sen. suas. 7, 13, p. 44 ed. Burs.; Has urbi miserae uestro de sanguine poenas Ferre datis, Lucan. 4, 805; and perh. to this § belongs de te largitor, Ter. of § 12; **16.** of the material out of which a thing is made, templum de marmore ponam, Verg. G. 3, 14; niueo factum de marmore signum, Ov. M. 14, 313; add 5, 183; 1, 127; F. 3, 184; Pictilia...fecit agrestis Pocola, de facili composuitque luto, Tib. 1, 1, 40; add 2, 1, 59; **17.** often w. total change of form, de uitulo ciuerem stipulasque fabalis Saepae tuli, Ov. F. 4, 725; so, cinerem de fico, Pallad. 1, 35, 3; cinis de filice facta, Scrib. de C. 245; **18.** met. de

templo carcerem fieri, Cic. Phil. 5, 18; inque deum de boue uersus erat, Ov. F. 5, 616; Et quicquid magno de Ione fecit Amor, am. 1, 10, 8; **19.** of human beings, de fratre quid fiet, Ter. Andr. 5, 9, 39; Si fortuna uolet, fies de rhetore consul, Iuv. 7, 198; captiuum de rege facturi uidebantur, Iustin. 7, 2, 11; rescribe quid de P. Clodio fiat, Cic. Att. 2, 5, 3; conuocato senatu refert quid de his fieri placeat, Sal. Cat. 50, 3; **20.** and without a verb, abnuit ille de stipendiario Thrace miles, do milite desortor, de desortore latro, Flor. 3, 20, 8 (2, 8); **21.** with the place whence, as marking a class or kind, aud so attached to a noun, diues de summo loco, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 13; de summo adulescens loco, Aul. prol.; de summo loco Summoque genere captum esse equitem Alium, Capt. prol. 30; nou habeo de circo astrologos, Cic. div. 1, 132; Ambiuum quendam coponem de uia Latina, Clu. 163; popa Licinius nescio qui de circo maximo, Mil. 65; declamatorem aliquem de ludo aut rabulam de foro, orat. 47; hominem andietis de schola, 2, 28; accusator de plebe L. Caesulenus fuit, Brut. 131; M. Caedicius de plebe nuntiauit.... Id ut fit propter auctoris humilitatem spreum, Liv. 5, 32, 6; L. Albius de plebe Romana homo, 5, 40, 9; capita coniuratiouis esse M. et C. Atinios de plebe Romana, 39, 17, 6; genetrix Priami de gente uetusta Est mihi, Verg. 9, 284; Tris quo Threicis Boreae de uentis supra, 10, 350; Libica de rupe leones, Ov. F. 2, 209; Inuitatus ad haec aliquis de ponte negabit, Iuv. 14, 134; Quod de Gadibus improbus magister, Mart. 1, 41, 12; **22.** with a noun denoting the whole out of which part is taken, out of, from among, de omni Tusculana ciuitate soli (=solius) L. Mamili beneficium gratum fuit, Cato orig. p. 9 Iord.; Quo nec industrios de iuuentute erat, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 73; ne expers partis esset de nostris bonis, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 39; concede pudori meo ut aliquam partem de istius impudentia reticere possem, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 32; se gladio percussum esse ab uno de illis, Mil. 65; si quis unquam de nostris hominibus a genere isto non abhorrens fuit, Flac. 9; habeatur orator, sed de minoribus, opt. g. or. 9; de tuis innumerabilibus in me officiis erit hoc gratissimum, fam. 16, 11 f.; hominem certum misi de comitibus meis, Att. 8, 1, 2; add 5, 19, 4; Caec. 55; Brut. 125; off. 1, 108; ut multa de snis rebus asportarent, parad. 1, 8; misit coniectori quantum uisum est de argento. Tum ille, nihilne inquit de uitello? diu. 2, 134; add off. 2, 32; et si quae sunt de genere eodem, Tusc. 4, 16; Cetera de genere hoc, Lucr. 4, 590; 5, 37; Hor. s. 1, 1, 13; unum de auxiliariis specie transfugae mittit qui..., Liv. 35, 29, 8; **23.** and somewhat more violently, id de lucro putato esse omne (as forming part of), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 31; de quibus honore et dignitate et aetate praestat Tubero, Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 10; de hisce (stercoribus) praestare columbium, Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; Palfurium pulsum olim senatu ac tunc de oratoribus coronatum, Suet. Dom. 13; de annibus Himera referendus quia..., Mela, 2, 7, 168 ed. Gron. **24.** copied from, taken from, and so in accordance with, after, neue uirei plous duobus...aruisse uelent nisi de pra(a)etoris urbaui committam ut signid peccatum siet, Fecisse dicas de mea sententia, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 115; quorum de sententia tota res gesta est, Cic. Sul. 55; add Rosc. Am. 27; Verr. 2, 5, 53; fin. 2, 101; diu. 1, 4; off. 3, 80; Tusc. 2, 34; Att. 4, 2, 4; de eins consilio sese uelle facere quod ad hanc rem attinet, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 17; idque de meo consilio, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 8; 13, 31, 3; add fam. 12, 3; de exemplo meo Ipse aedificato, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 87; uix tamen de mea uoluntate concessum est, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; comptos de more capillos, Verg. 10, 832; et de more uetusto Funereas rapuere faces, 11, 142; add 7, 357; caesa de more capella, Ov. F. 2, 361; add 6, 121; 6, 629; M. 12, 11; Lucan. 1, 584; but not in best prose; yet: Cn. Pompeius...forem perenti de more a lictore uetuit, Plin. 7, 112; ascendenti de more Capitolium, Plin. pan. 5, 3; add Suet. Cl. 42; Galb. 18 f.; Tit. 5; (but more alone in Cic. as off. 1, 148; Quinct. 63; Caecin. 2; Mur. 1; also in Suet. Caes. 18; 41); rem de compacto geri, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 24; aut de compacto faciunt, Ps. 1, 5, 126; uti de lege fieri uelit, Ulp. 43, 12, 1, 16;



**25.** so esp. in naming, after, Taurini uocantur de fluio qui propter finit, Cato orig. 15, 4 Iord.; Quem magna uocant patrio de nomine Grai, Lucr. 6, 908; Hic ubi pars urbis de boue nomen habet, Ov. F. 1, 582; cum de se nomina fecit aquae, 3, 870; Primus de patrio nomine mensis erit, 3, 76; **26.** of the cause, esp. w. causa, cor...De labore pectus tundit, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 61; me et de tia et qui ad multam noctem nigilasse arrior quam solebat somnus complexus est, Cic. rep. 6, 10; incessit passu de uulnere tardo, Ov. M. 10, 49; Achaemeniae grauior de uuluere pugnae, Val. F. 6, 65; plostra certe de causeis agere ducere licet, CIL 206, 60; id nisi graui de causa non fecisset, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 3; quod quidem certis de causis a plorisque aliter existimatur, or. 1, 186; qua de cansa Heluetii reliquos Gallos uirtute praecedunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; add b. c. 1, 5, 1; qui de quacumque causa tnm aspernati nostra anxilia estis, Liv. 45, 23, 6; **27.** down upon, on, (like its root-word in), etiamsi cecidit de genu pugnat, Sen. prou. 2, 6; propter angustias loci confertamque turbam non modo ad emittenda cum procurso...tela spatium habebant (non habebant?) sed ne ut de gradu quidem libero ac stabili conarentur, Liv. 34, 39, 3; non possum tibi dicere; nescio enim quid de gradu faciat (fighting on foot and in the same spot) tamquam de essedario interrogaretur, Sen. ep. 29, 6;—but perh. these belong to § 3; **28.** on (a topic) concerning, about, as regards, de Bacanalibus...ita exdecidendum censere, CIL 196, 3; so the headings of the lex repetundarum, 198, contain §§ de patrono repudiando § 11, de CDL uireis legendeis, 15; de nomine deferendo, 19 and so on; Profecto de auro nil scio, nisi nescio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 90; dixeram nostro seni mendacium Et de hospite et de auro et de lembo, 4, 9, 34; add Anl. 2, 1, 22; 2, 2, 11; Si mihi secundae res de amore meo 'ssent iamdudum scio Venissent, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 1; de psaltria hac audiuit, Ad. 3, 4, 5; nam et de figuris deorum et de locis atque sedibus et de (so Hand rightly; Baiter omits de) actione uitae multa dicuntur, deque his summa disensione certatur, Cic. N.D. 1, 2; paulo ante de lege et de iure disserens, leg. 2, 2; de numero eorum omnia se habere explorata, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 4; quod fecerit de oppugnacione castrorum, 5, 27, 3; refert quid de his fieri placeat, Sal. Cat. 50, 3; neque illi senatus de ullo negotio abnuere audebat, Lug. 84, 3; **29.** often elliptically to introduce a subject, as for, as regards, with respect to, esp. v. antem, de me autem suscipe paullisper meas partes, Cic. fam. 3, 12, 2; de bona antem fama...delecta utilitate ne digitum quidem eius causa porrigendum esse dicebat, fin. 3, 57; add off. 1, 47; de pomis, conditiua mala struthes... supra paleas posita seruari recte putant, Varr. r. 1, 59, 1; de forma, ouem esse oportet corpore amplo, 2, 2, 3; **30.** de w. abl. attached to a snbst., timor meus de uestra fide, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 23; qua fines imperii sunt, ea fama de illo peragrauit, Mil. 98; philosophia, non illa de natura sed..., Brut. 31; **31.** in legal l. both with lege or iudicio and ellipt., quine iudicio fiduciae deue d(olo) m(al)o condemnatus est, CIL 206, 111; nullum fuisse de alea lege iudicium, Phil. 2, 56; and just before Licinium de alea condemnatum; M. Tuccinum reum lege Plotia de ui fecit, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 8, 1; but is qui est de ui reus, Cic. Sest. 75; de beneficiis accusabant, Rosc. Am. 90; cum de pecuniis repetundis nomen euuspiam deferatur, Cic. in Caec. diu. 10; de pecuniis repetundis ad recipiarios itum est, Tac. an. 74 f.; **32.** w. words of victory or triumph, over, M' Curius cum de Samnitibus de Sabinis de Pyrrho triumphauisset, Cic. sen. 55; Africanus qui anno ante de Numantinis triumphauit, Phil. 11, 18; an non sensistis triumphatum hodie de uobis esse? Liv. 2, 38, 3; triumphare P. Ventidium de Parthis uoluit, Plin. 7, 135; Caesars de Gallia triumphum trahens, Flor. 4, 2 (2, 13) 88; but w. ex, Liv. 34, 46, 2; Vell. 2, 30, 2; 2, 40, 5; auno insigni uictoria de tot ac tam potentibus populis, Liv. 8, 12, 4; Philippi de Atheniensibus uictoriam, Curt. 8, 1, 33; Aeneas haec de Danais uictoribus arma, Verg. 3, 288; cui praecipua militaria laus de tam imbelli genere hostium contigisset, Suct. Caes. 35; tropaea C. Marii de Iugurtha deque Cimbris atque Teutonibus, 11; triumphauit de rege Ponti Mit-

ridate et de rege Armeniae Tigrane, inser. Or. 545; de Samnitibus, 5346; **33.** in phrases of time still w. partitive sense, in the course of, fac ut considerate nauiges de mense Decembri, Cic. ad Q. fr. 2, 1 f.; de tertia uigilia profectus, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; add 1, 21, 2 and 3; 1, 40, 14; 1, 41, 4; as first, de nocte while yet night, before day-break, before the end of, ego rus cras cum filio Cum primo (prima P) luci [ibo hinc]. Immo de nocte censo, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 55; (ibo hinc prob. a gloss); senatus de nocte conuenire, Cland. Quadr. ap. Macr. 1, 4, 18; in comitium Milo de nocte uenit, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 4; add 8, 6, 1; Mur. 9, 22; Vt iugulent homines surgunt de nocte latrones, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 32; oriens de nocte consul, Liv. 8, 23, 15; Hannibal surgere de nocte solitus ante noctem non requiescebat, Front. strat. 4, 3, 7; **34.** so de die while yet day, de die Potare, Pl. As. 4, 2, 16; add 3, 1, 13; appare de die conuiuium, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 8; Vos conuiuia lanta snmptuose De die facitis? Catul. 47, 5; lauabat de die, Suet. Dom. 21; **35.** de multa nocte, while yet much of the night remains, long before dawn, Vt de nocte multa impigregue exurrexi, Pl. Rnd. 4, 2, 10; cum curiam multa de nocte armatis hominibus occupauissent, Cic. Sest. 75; multa de nocte eum profectum esse ad Caesarem, Att. 7, 4, 2; **36.** immediately after, fresh from, Non bonust somnus de prandio, apage, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 8; uelim scire hodiene statim de auctione et (an?) quo die uenias, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; Jamque aderit multo Priami de sanguine Pyrrhus, Verg. 2, 662; **37.** esp. in the form diem de die, as diem de die prospectans equod auxilium ab dictatore appareret, Liv. 5, 48, 6; quum is diem de die differret, 25, 25, 4; diem de die proferendo, Iust. 2, 15, 6; **38.** in very late writers of instrument or means, de fustibus (so Hand; Erfurdit omits de) praeter solitum caesi, Amm. 29, 3, 8; inuersa uite de uastiore nodulo cerebrum suum diffindere, Apul. 9, 40, 1; de sinistrae manus pollice uenam deprimes, Veg. uet. 3, 40, 1; ut animalia...inuoluantur de sagis, 5, 14, 16; de cauterio (al. om. de) leuiter adusta sanantur, 5, 16; **39.** in adv. phrases w. part. or adj., as de subito, suddenly; de improuiso, unexpectedly; de integro, afresh; denuo, for de nouo, anew; **40.** as adv. down, in the phrase susque deque, but as sus stands for subs, i.e. sub-is a comp. in form, so de for inde and ind-is, also a comp. in form; **41.** in composition w. verbs, first down, as decedo step down, deduco draw down, demo take down, deficio put down, deicio throw down, deligo bind down, demitto let go down, descendo climb down, desero desino, destituo put down; **42.** removal, deleo daub out, deterreo frighten off, detergeo wipe away, depurgo clear away, desurgo get up and leave, desisco by a vote break off from; **43.** the same in denominative verbs, defaeco clear of dregs, decorticare strip the bark off, depilo strip of hair; **44.** from, as copying from, after, describo copy in writing, depingo copy in painting, depiet; **45.** reversal, like E, un, dearmo disarm, detego unroof, deiuuo deprive of assistance, deonero unload, despumo skim, desuesco lose the habit of, desipio become silly, depleo empty, dedecet disbecome; **46.** to the end, out, esp. in perfect tenses, desaeuio come to the end of one's raging, detexo complete the weaving of, deluctor wrestle to the end, decerto contend to the last, fight out; depugno fight out, deferuesco cease boiling, dego pass the whole (time); **47.** hence thoroughly, defetigo tire out, depopulo lay waste thoroughly, delibero balance or weigh thoroughly, deiero swear decidedly, denego deny stoutly; **48.** hostility, derideo laugh at, cf. κατα; **49.** as derived from in, on, over, dealbo whitewash, deargento plate with silver, deauro gild; **III 50.** in comp. w. sbs. to make adj., down, decluius down-hill; **51.** absence, demens idiotic, depilis without hair, deplumis without feathers; **52.** ill, decolor discoloured, degener degenerate, deformis mishapen; **IV 53.** in adv. deorsum downward, deinceps from the beginning, dehinc from this (place or time), deinde after that, desuper from above.

**deācinātus**, [acinus], part. perf. cleared of grapeberries, dolia, Cato r. 26.



**deactio**, ōnis, f. [d̄cgo], completion, d. peractio, Paul. ex F. 74 M.

**dealbator**, ōris [dealbo], m. = qui dealbat, whitewasher? fullones carpentarii sculptores dealbatores, Constant. eod. 10, 64, 1, not the same w. albus.

**de-albo**, āre, [de= in, on], whitewash, or rather cover w. white cement, hanc aram nequis dealb(et), CIL 574; quae lita non erunt calce harenato lita politaque et calce uda dealbata recte facito, 577, 2, 18; illae columnae quas dealbatas uidetis, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 145; me uirum bonum esse nec solere duo parietes de eadem fidelia dealbare, Cur. ad Cie. fam. 7, 29, 2, prov. curry favour with two distinct persons for the same act; calce ex aqua liquida dealbentur (tegulae), Vitruv. 7, 4, 3; dealbatur cruceum, Suet. Galb. 9; dealbatis parietibus, Pall. 1, 24, 1; 2. met. dealbatores nias saeculi, Aug. conf. 7, 6.

**deambūlacrum**, i, n. [deambulo], a place to walk in, a walk, Mamert. Grat. ad Iul. 9.

**deambūlatio**, ōnis, f., [id.] a walk, uel me hanc deambulatio (pron. jamb.), Quam non laboriosa ad languorem dedit, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 2; 2. a place to walk in, deambulationes arboribus opacas, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 4.

**deambūlatōrium**, adj. as sb. n. the same, Capitol. Gord. 3, 32.

**de-ambūlo**, āre, [de= in], take a walk in a walk, walk for the sake of a walk, stroll, supra pilam incendant et saliat decies et deambulet, Cato r. 127 f.; deambulet horas III, ib. 156, 4; Abi deambulatum. Deambulatum? quo? Vah quasi desit locus, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 26; Cato cum cuidam dixisset, Eamus deambulatum; et ille, quid opus fuit de? immo uero inquit quid opus fuit? Cato ap. Cie. or. 2, 256; bnt in leg. 1, 14 ambulatum; mox nihil aliud quam uectabatur, et deambulabat, Suet. Aug. 83; deambulanti in litore piscis e mari exsiluit, 96; add Dom. 21; pron. iambulare, see Ter. above.

**dē-āmo**, āre, be over head and ears in love with, Quia Adelphasium quam eras deamat tuos, ingenua est. Quomodo? Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 72; add 5, 4, 3; Quom illa quam tuos gnatus annos multos deamat, deperit, Epid. 2, 2, 35; Mea donā deamata acceptaque habita esse apud Phroneisium, Truc. 4, 1, 5; Insanum ualde uterque deamat, Pl. ap. Non. 127, v. insanum; Voluptatem capio maximam eruciari tua te culpa, qui de te (det mss) et de illa pessime (pessuma mss) quam deamas promerere, Afr. ap. Non. 97, who adds uehementem amare; 2. of hearty thanks, Ne ego homo sum fortunatus: deamo te Syre, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 21.

**dē-armo**, āre, vb. disarm, strip (of arms), praelatis spoliis quibus dearmatum exercitum hostium sub iugum miserat, Liv. 4, 10, 7; quae...pharetram explet (mss explicit), et (dele et), sagittas dearmet, arcum enodet, Apul. M. 5, 30 G.

**dē-cīpio**, ēre, cēpi, ceptus, vb. [capio], take or catch by a downward movement, as by a fowler's net, pounce down upon, or (as in a trap) entrap, in aetate hominum plurimae Punt transennae, cubi (so R ej.; mss ubi) decipiunt dolis, Atque aedepol in eas plerumque esca imponitur, Quam siquis audis poscit escam auariter, Decipitur in transenna avaritia sua, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 10 and 13; Ita decipiendus fouea lenonem Lycum, Poen. 1, 1, 59; linoque solebat et hamis Decipere et calamo salientes ducere pisces, Ov. M. 3, 587; cf. decipula; 2. met. cutrap, take in, deceive, catch by a trick, Item ego dolis me illo extuli e periclo et decepi senem, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 41; Nequid propter tuam fidem decepta poteretur mali, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 5; quae deceptus dolo promiserit, Cie. off. 1, 32; homines honestissimos... in dicitur decepti destituit, Rosc. Am. 117; homines imperitos et per colloquium deceptos interfecisse, Caes. b. e. 1, 85, 3; cuius torpedinis erat decipi?...cauendus dolus est, Sal. orat. Macri 20; qui plus in eo ne posset decipi quam in fide Siculorum reponeret, Liv. 24, 37, 3; add 1, 9, 13; qui semper inermis Rem gerit, et furtis incautum decipit hostem, Ov. M. 13, 104; add F. 1, 369;

3. so far w. living agent and living object, also met. w. non-living agent, take in, mislead, illa amphibolia quae

Croesum decepit, uel Chrysiippum potuisset fallere, Cie. diu. 2, 116; Decipit exemplar nitidis imitabile, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 17; Turpia decipiunt caecum uitia, s. 1, 3, 39;

4. w. non-living object, Sic tamen absumo decipioque diem, cheat the time, so that it passes unperceived, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 114; Sic nbi deceptae pars est mihi maxima noctis Acta, subit furtim lumina fessa sopor, her. 18 (19), 55; aestiuos quo decipis aere soles?, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 19;

5. but in the following a living object is implied, exspectationibus decipiendis, Cie. or. 2, 289; oculos, Ov. rem. am. 346; iudicium nostrum, Pont. 3, 9, 11; neruos, Pers. 4, 45; custodiam pastoris, Colum. 8, 4, 3;

6. cheat as it were of what was hoped, disappoint, leave destitute, festinatam sementem saepe decipere, Plin. 18, 204; Postquam primus amor deceptam morte fefellit, Verg. 4, 17; Quod uidi decepta nefas! Sil. 8, 102; Decipiunt notis et tempore fallimur; et mors Deridet curas. Anxia uita nihil, inser. Or. 4845 and 6; 7. decipi w. a gen. cheat oneself (out of), and so forget (awhile) Quin et Prometheus et Pelopis parens Dulci laborum (al. laborem) decipitur sono, Hor. od. 2, 13, 38; 8. montem illum igneum terrae norago decipit, away by sleight of hand as it were, Apul. M. 10, 34; 9. sic acer decipi iubent, to be cheated out of itself—venceder maple made to pass for solid maple,—Plin. 16, 233.

**dē-disco**, ēre, dīdici, vb. unlearn, forget what one has learnt, Qui quod didicist id dediscit, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 56; multa oportet discat et dediscat, Cie. Quinet. 56; eum... inuentus nostra dedisceret paene discendo, or. 3, 93; dediscendae tibi sunt sportellae et artolagani tui, fam. 9, 20, 2; add Brut. 171; nomen disciplinamque populi Romani dedidicerant (mss didicerant), Caes. b. c. 3, 110, 2; Intrat amor mentes usu: dediscitur usu, Ov. rem. am. 503; Dediscit animus sero quod didicist diu, Sen. Troad. 642; lougoque togae tranquillior usu Dedidicit iam pace ducem, Lucan. 1, 131; usum armorum dediscere compellunt, Nov. Th. 2, 1, 2, 1 pr.; add Claud. rapt. Pros. pr. 1, 10; 2. w. inf. loqui, Cie. Brut. 51; Ov. tr. 3, 14, 46; 5, 12, 57; dediscis amare, 211 aud 297.

**dē-faeco**, (dēfīco\*) āre, vb. [de faec-] clear of dreg—fine, (esp. wine), ninum, Colum. 12, 33, 1; nina tnm defaecari snadet, Plin. 18, 232; quaesitum uolo cur defaecatum uinum ualidius sit uiribus, Macr. s. 7, 12, 6;

2. met. non laui magis lbenter, Nec quom me melius mea Scaphā rear 'sse defecatum\*, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; Quicquid incerti mi in animo prius aut ambiguom fuit, Nunc liquet, nunc defecatum\* cor (mss defaecatum fi cor, wh. fi is only a correction of defaecatnm) mihi, nunc peruiumst, (Ritschl's changes unhappy) Ps. 2, 4, 70; Nunc defecato\* (mss defecato) demum animo egredior domo, Aul. 1, 2, 1; tertiae (uirtutes) sunt purgati defaecatique animi, Macr. s. Se. 1, 8, 9; defaecata mente, 2, 12, 5; litteras, Sidon. ep. 1, 1; aerem (fumigate), Veg. uet. 1, 20 f.; membra, Prud. cath. 7, 74.

**dēfīcio**, ēre, fēci, fectum, [facio], as vb. trans., make lower; hence w. acc. of person, put down, abandon, leave in the lurch (=destituo), be wanting to, Egon te? quam si intellegam deficere uitam (so T H K ej.; mss uita, see below\*) iam ipse Vitam meam tibi largiar, Pl. As. 3, 3, 19; si M. Fonteinm in causa deficereut omnia, Cie. Font. 34 (24); cum motus omnis animi tamquam uentus hominem defecerat, flaccescebat oratio, and soon: prudentia nunquam deficit oratorem, Brut. 93; quos discentes uita\* defecit, or. 3, 86; nox eum defecit, fam. 7, 1, 2; res eos iampridem, fides nuper decipere coepit, Cat. 2, 10; ea illum cuncta iam defecerant, Cael. 28; si me...nita\* deficiat, Verr. 2, 5, 72; quoniam me Leontina cinitas... defecit, 2, 3, 110; so also w. me, ad Q. Fr. 2, 13, 3; Verr. 2, 2, 52; 2, 4, 59; 2, 5, 158; Cael. 29; fam. 4, 13, 1; or. 1, 199; quam multa te deficiant uides, din. in Cnac. 52; so also w. te, Rosc. Am. 89; ipsos res frumentaria deficere coepit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 4; nt eum omnia deficere uiderentur, 5, 33, 1; quem iam sanguis uiresque deficiunt,



7, 50, 6; but in 3, 5, 1 mss have nostris and some in b. c. 2, 41, 7; Cum te deficienti poscendi munera causae, Ov. am. 1, 9, 93; Natura cessit, terra deficit gradum, Sen. Herc. Oet. 46; nou hasta uiros, non deficit ensis, Sil. 10, 193; nemo sic in maioribus eminet ut eum minora deficiant, Quint. 2, 3, 6; add 12, 6, 5; 12, 9, 21; 2. and so in pass. be left in the lurch, fail, be wanting, mulier abundat audacia, consilio et ratione deficitur, Cic. Clu. 184; in quo nou modo defici sed etiam laborare turpe est, Brut. 34; cum grani uulnere esse affectus aquilifer et a uiribus (note the a) deficeretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 64, 3; Tempore deficiat, tragicos si persequar ignes, Ov. tr. 2, 407; Deficior, prudens artis, ab arte mea, her. 5, 150; materia adipiscendi triumphalia defectus est, Vell. 2, 116, 4; Varum magis imperatoris defectum consilio quam uirtutum destitutum militum...perdidisse exercitum, 2, 120, 3; si quis deficiatur peennia, Sen. ep. 76, 12; si deficiatur omnibus rebus agricola, Colnm. 2, 15, 5; add 3, 8, 4; 7, 9, 12; 12, 1, 30; Quint. 3, 6, 83; 10, 1, 53; haec amoenitas deficiatur aqua salienti, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 25; a menstruis defecta est, Cels. 2, 8 f.; 3. deficere animum, let one's spirit go down, become depressed or disheartened, lose heart, neque palam facere oportet ne (apes) deficiant animum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 34; 4. (sol) deficit orbem, Ov. M. 2, 382, lets his disk become less (as in an eclipse); II 5. as vb. intrans. become low, fail, run short, be wanting, become weak, often w. dat., possidet hoc saxum quoque uita defecit, CIL 34; ego in insidiis hic ero Succenturiatus siquid deficias. Age, Ter. Ph. 1, 5 f.; sed ea causa nihilo magis defecimus, 3, 1, 8; uentique calore Deficiunt, Lucr. 6, 360; hoc infrequentes imponuntur quod multi Galli (in Gallia) tot bellis defecerant, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 3; non materia, non frumentum deficere poterat, 2, 37, 6; si tempus anni ad bellum gerendum deficeret, b. g. 4, 20, 2; add 1, 26, 1; b. c. 3, 58, 5; ibi ignem Deficere extremum...uidebat, Verg. 9, 352; tuque o dubiis ne defice rebus, 6, 196; 6. esp. of failing strength and fainting in men and animals, neque committendum (sc. in balneo) ut per aestum anima deficiat, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, l. 23 Dar.; equus multis uulneribus confossus deficiensque procubuit, Curt. 8, 14, 34, and soon: deficiebat sanguis, 36; elephantus qui multa exceperat tela, deficiebat, 37; 7. also w. or without animo, give way in spirits, lose heart, respond, ne una plaga accepta conciderent, ne deficerent, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 9; sin a nobis deserar, tamen animo non deficiam, Rose. Am. 10; quod ipse animo non defecerat tanto accepto incommodo, Caes. b. g. 7, 30, 1; 1, 19, 1, 2; 3, 31 f.; add b. o. 3, 112 f.; hortari milites ne deficerent, Sal. Iug. 51, 4; 8. grow less, diminish, wane, eadem quae crescente luna gliscunt, deficiente contra defuunt, Gell. 20, 8, 5; 9. hence eclipses, etc., solem lunae oppositu deficere solere, Cic. rep. 1, 25; add 1, 23; si luna paulo ante solis ortum defecisset in signo leonis, diu. 1, 121; defecere sol hominibus exstinguique uisus est, rep. 6, 24; deficientem solem, Tusc. 1, 73; 10. w. inf. in poets, fail (to—), sic omnia debent Dissolui simul ac defecit suppeditare Materies, Lucr. 1, 1040; Non te deficient nostrae memorare Camenae, Tib. 4, 1, 191; Nec me deficiet nautas rogitare citatos..., Prop. 1, 8, 23; Deficiente oculo distinguere corpora parua, Germ. Arat. 260; scandere tecum Deficiam montes? Sil. 3, 112; 11. pass away from (as allies), break with, secede, nec Tarentini modo...sed Lucanus et Brutius et Samnis ab nobis defecerunt, Liv. 31, 7, 11; soon: Nunquam isti populi nisi quum deerit ad quem desciscant ab nobis non deficient, 12; defecere ad Poenos hi populi, 22, 61, 11; ab amicitia populi Romani defecere, Caes. b. g. 7, 39, 3; ne ciuitas eorum impulsa deficeret, 5, 25, 4; 12. met. consules tacerent...a senatu, a re publica, a bonis omnibus defecerant, Cic. Planc. 86; difficile est amicitiam manere, si a uirtute defeceris, am. 37; si utilitas ab amicitia defecerit, fin. 2, 79; qui...a me ipse deficerem, fam. 2, 16, 1; hence in perf. part. having seceded, Quod sibi defectis illa tulisset opem, Ov. F. 3, 674; 13. fail, as unable to pay one's debts, nisi principales debitores defecerint, Callistr. dig. 49, 14, 3, 8; hence defecta nomina, insolvent debtors, Paul. dig. 22, 1,

11 f.; 14. die, in hac uoce defecit, Suet. Aug. 99; quamnis plerique dum torquentur deficere solent, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 3; seruus si plagis defecerit, Paul. 5, 23, 6; add de adm. tut. 5, 37, 22; 15. end, quando...talibus figura semper mucrone deficiat, Plin. 2, 47; in deficiente porticu, Petr. 29; III 16. as from vb. trans. defectus, part. perf. exhanst, failing, defecto poplite labens, Ov. M. 13, 477; defecta lingua, Mart. 13, 77, 1; 17. hence as adj. destitute, wanting, defective, devoid, w. abl. defecta uigore, Ov. M. 10, 194; solem defectum lumine, Tib. 2, 5, 75; (leones) dentibus defecti, Plin. 8, 47; defectum corpore caput, pan. 26, 6; Defectus annis et desertus uiribus Leo, Phaedr. 1, 21, 3; e turba pedisequorum defectissimum annis et uiribus in agrum relegat, Colum. praef. 12; in tumidis et globosis (speculis) omnia defectiora, at contra in cauis auctiora, Apul. mag. 16; 18. see defit.

defat, fieri, [for deficit, as fio for facio], vb. impers. become low, run short, be wanting, fail, vanish, Pol mihi fortuna magis nunc defit quam genus —, Eun. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; Omnia iterum uis memorari scelus ut defiat dies, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 63; abi atque obsonium adfer; tribus (pron. tri's) uide quod sit satis, Neque defiat nequo supersit, Men. 1, 4, 3; quia stare nequeo: Ita animus per oculos meos meus (meus Haupt adds cj.) defit, Mil. 4, 6, 46; nihil cum est, nihil defit tamen, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 12; Aliis quia defit quod amat aegrest: tibi quia superest dolet, Ph. 1, 3, 10; nihil apud me tibi Defieri patiar quin..., Hec. 5, 2, 2; Disertim id unum incommodis defit meis, Acc. ap. Non. 509; Lac mihi non aestate nouom, non frigore defit, Verg. B. 2, 22; nunquamne causa defiet er uicti pacto non stetit, Liv. 9, 11, 6; Non ullum defit teli gens, Sil. 9, 335; add Gell. 20, 8, 6; see deficio.

dē-gēner, ēris, adj. [de down, genus] of low birth, of poor blood, of bad stock, Degeneres animos timor arguit, Verg. 4, 13; percnopteris (aquila) magnitudine antecellens sed imbellis et degener, Plin. 10, 8; canum degeneres sub aluom reflectunt (caudam), 11, 265; degeneres herbae, 17, 33; degeneres (adamantes) nominis tantum auctoritatem habent, 37, 58; Si me degeneri stranissent fata sub hoste, Lucan. 4, 344; Stirpemque primam degener sanguis defert, Sen. Phaedr. 915; 2. degenerate, unworthy of one's ancestry, or past life, sometimes w. gen., patriae non degener artis, Ov. M. 11, 315; patrii non degener oris, Pont. 3, 5, 7; humani ritus, Plin. 5, 45; altae uirtutis patrum, Sil. 10, 68; sanguinis, Stat. Theb. 9, 620; Abauisque tuam non degenerem Respicie prolem, Sen. Agam. 407; 3. w. abstract nouns, metus, Lucan. 3, 149; togam, 1, 365; prece, Tac. an. 12, 19; insidiae, 11, 19; haud illum niger Edaxque liuor dente degeneri petit, Sen. Phaedr. 501; clamor, Sen. Herc. Oet. 1291.

dē-gēro, ēre, vb. shovel down (upon), heap (upon), Domo supillas tuae uxori; et tuae Degeris (pron. degers, like fers from fero) amicae, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 30; Me despoliat mea ornamenta iam ad meretrices degerit, 5, 2, 53.

dēgo, ēre, vb. [de+ago], pass the whole of (the time), A mane (so mss, R mau) ad noctem usque in foro dego diem, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 3; Sed utrum uunc tu calibem te(d) esse mauis liberum, An maritum seruum aetatem degere? Cas. 2, 4, 11; Quia ego illum unum mihi exoptauis quicum aetatem degerem, Cist. 1, 1, 79; Romulus in caelo cum dis genitalibus aeom Degit, Eun. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; hanc constituit (domum) Aeternam ubi omnes pariter aeom degere(nt), CIL 108 f.; hunc diem...perpetuom in laetitia degere, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; Vt cum uou aetatem degeret, Ph. 2, 3, 70; secum degere uitam, Lucr. 4, 1282; inter feras satius est aetatem degere, Cic. Rosc. Am. 150; ut cum Lentulo foedissimam uitam...degeret, Sul. 75; quod reliquum est uitae Rhodi degam, fam. 11, 28, 8; add fin. 2, 118; sen. 2; Quae placidum degunt aeom, Lucr. 2, 1094; Vt facile insuescat secum te (te om. mss owing to de of degere) degere uitam, Lucr. 4, 1282; Nautae (in their dreams) contractum cum ueutis degere bellum,



4, 968, wage a life of war; Otia pacato degeret in thalamo, Catul. 68, 106; Otiaque inuidia degentem et fraude remota, Verg. Cul. 73; **2.** absolutely, Ille potens sui Laetusque deget, cui licet..., Hor. od. 3, 29, 42; (animalia) sine nequitia degunt, Sen. ep. 74, 15; quae cum Parthis ex aequo degat, Plin. 6, 50; add 6, 112; certus procul urbe degere, Tac. an. 4, 57; expertus es fidem meam...dum in comitatu degimus ambo, Auson. ep. 17, 4; **3.** pass., Quacum aetas degenda (miss negenda) et uiuendum esset tibi, Turp. ap. Non. 332; quaerere quae ab his degatur aetas, Cic. N. D. 1, 50; add am. 87; Qualibus in tenebris...Degitur hoc aevi quodeunque est, Lucr. 2, 15; add Plin. 12, 5.

**dē-guno**, ēre, take a taste of, degunere degustare, Paul. ex F. p. 71 M [gun, old root of gustare, = *κος* of G. kostēn, wh. has an exer. t; cf.  $\sigma = \nu$  in *φασ-μα μισο-μα*].

**de-hinc**, (iamb. or monos.)\* adv. from this, hence, Quin edepol etiam si in cruceum uis pergere, Sequi decremunt: dehinc\* conicito ceterum, Pl. Cas. 1, 6; ex fumo dare lucem Cogitat, ut speciosa dehinc (=de hoc, sc. de fumo) miracula promat, Hor. A. P. 144; **2.** gen. of time, from this (time forward), from now, henceforward, Si ante quid mentitust, nunc iam dehinc\* erit uerax tibi, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 161; At ut scias, nunc dehinc\* latine iam loquar, 5, 2, 69; add Trin. 4, 1, 197; As. 1, 1, 98\*; 1, 3, 8\*; Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adfert, alios mores postulat: Dehinc\* postulo, siue aequomst ora Daue, ut redeat iam in uiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19; add pr. 22\*; Eun. 2, 3, 5\*; 5, 2, 33\*; **3.** akin to this, from this time, now, next, de qua dehinc dicam, Suet. Aug. 97; de quibus dehinc dicam, Ner. 19; **4.** from the time mentioned, from this or that time, hence- or thence-forward, donec uerba...Nominatque inuenere: dehinc absistere bello...coeperunt, Hor. s. 1, 3, 104; quum ex instituto Tiberii omnes dehinc Caesares beneficia..., Suet. Tit. 8; qua classe dehinc effusa procurum Bella! Val. F. 1, 551; **5.** so in a narrative, from this point onward, duplex dehinc fama est, Suet. Cal. 58; **6.** after this, then, Enrum ad se Zephyrumque uocat: dehinc\* talia fatur, Verg. 1, 131; Visa dehinc caelo facies delapsa parentis..., 5, 722; Vix ea dicta: dehinc progressus monstrat..., 8, 337; Zona latet tua nunc et eras fortasse latebit, Dehinc\* erit, Orion, aspicienda mihi, Ov. F. 6, 788; add Tac. an. 1, 34; 4, 14; 13, 38; **7.** common in enumerations, then, next, imprimis arduum uidetur res gestas scribere, primum quod..., dehinc quia..., Sal. Cat. 3, 2; Ac primum...eirelos Ceruici subnecte; dehinc ubi..., Verg. G. 3, 167; incipit putrescere, dehinc laxata..., tunc..., inde..., Sen. n. q. 3, 29, 6; iuuenes primo modiei interuallis per militares uias, dehinc uehiculari dispositi, Suet. Aug. 49; add Dom. 8; Sil. 8, 473; Suet. Caes. 35; Ner. 25; Dom. 16; **8.** so also in enumeration of places, Italia dehinc, primique eius Ligures, mox..., Plin. 3, 38; Mauros... cetera Africae...; parique numero Aegyptus; dehinc initio ab Suriae..., Tac. an. 4, 5; interiora Cedrosii, dehinc Parsae habitant, Mela 3, 8, 4; **9.** often confounded in miss w. dein or deinde; thus in Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, l. 4 Daremberg has dein; in Liv. 1, 59, 1 Madv. w. reason has: ferro igni quacunque dehinc (miss dehinc) ui possim.

**dē-hisco**, -hiui or liui, ēre, vb. intr. [de for dis?] open, split open, in eo loco dehisse terram, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 148 Sp.; trisulcaē fores Pessulis lib(e)ratas dehiscunt granae, Varr. ap. Serv. Aen. 1, 448; ei parti...quae prior in dehiscentem interuallis hostium aeiem equites emisisset, Liv. 29, 2, 7; Dehiscere ingentibus rimis, 91 fr.; Sed mihi nel tellus optem prius imā dehiscat...quam..., Verg. 4, 24; his unā dehiscens Terram inter fluctus aperit, 1, 106; neque enim ante dehiscunt Attonitae magna ora domus, 6, 52; terraeque ardore dehiscunt, G. 3, 432; add 1, 479; A. S. 243; 10, 675; 12, 883; rimisque dehiscit Siqua diu solitis cumba uacarat aquis, Ov. tr. 5, 12, 28; tauros siluestres... rictu ad aures dehiscente, Plin. 8, 74; pinguescent (thyuni) in tantum ut dehiscant, 9, 53; paulatim rubescens (rosa) dehiscit, 21, 14; stimmi...femina...friabilis fissurisque... dehiscens, 33, 101; schiston appellat...in capillamentis quaedam...dehiscens, 35, 186; paulum dehiscit (uulua), Cels. 7, 29; ea ossa (of the leg), infra supraque coniuncta,

media, ut in brachio, dehiscunt, 8, 1 f.; add 8, 11, 1; in naue quae sentinam trahit, uni rimae aut alteri obstititur; ubi plurimis locis laxari coepit et cedere, succurri non potest nauigio dehiscenti, Sen. ep. 30, 2;—the word may be used of even the slightest opening.

**deicio**\* (—), deicio† or deicio‡, less correctly deicio, ēre, icci, iectus, vb. [de, iacio or icio] throw or cast down, knock down, Deiciam\*que earum omnis telas, Pl. St. 2, 2, 25; Ego hinc araneas de foribus deiciam\* et de pariete, 2, 2, 31; Pernam et glandium deiceit‡, 2, 2, 36; tempestates magnas...oleam deicere (so edd.) solere, Cato r. 3, 3; aluom si uoles deicere (?) superiorem (i.e. by vomiting), sumito..., 156, 2; si quis columnam deiecerit, Cic. leg. 2, 64; statue...deiectae, Cat. 3, 19; quem...minorem annis lx de ponte in Tiberim deiecerit, Rose. Am. 100; in mare (librum) deiciemus (so Or.; but?) ad Q. fr. 2, 14, 1; e summo quasi fulmen deicit‡ ictos Inuidia...in Tartara taetra, Lucr. 5, 1125; eqno nuluerato deiectus, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 5; se per munitiones deicere, 3, 26, 5; de muro se deiecerunt, b. c. 1, 18, 3; neque eorum sortes deiciunt (where Nipp.: similiter reliqua ab iaciendo ducta ubicumque taecbo), 1, 6, 5; alta Ceraunia telo Deiceit† (so R and M pr. m.): ingemunt anstri..., Verg. G. 1, 333; plurima caelo Deiceit† (so R; de i. cit P; deicit† M) in terras, A. 8, 428; Quem...Deiceit† (so R and Prisc. 1173 P; 2, 293, 16 K): at Thronium..., 10, 753; Arme Deiceit† (so M P K) Herminum, 11, 642; Quem telo primum...Deiceit†? aut..., 11, 665; Ire deiectum monumenta regis, Hor. od. 1, 2, 15; atrox tempestas signa aenea deiceit, Liv. 40, 2, 1; praetorio deiecto, 41, 2, 11; iuneneam Deiceit† Ancaeus, Val. F. 1, 191; **2.** often of striking down and so slaying, as in some passages just quoted from Vergil, and add: his deiectis et coaceruatis cadaueribus, Caes. b. c. 2, 27, 4; 4, 12, 2; 1, 46, 1; 3, 51, 2; **3.** esp. in milit. lang., force down (from), dislodge, praesidium Claterna deiecit, Cic. Phil. 8, 6; turribus deiecti, Caes. b. g. 7, 28, 1; add 7, 36, 7; deieci sunt loco, 7, 51, 1; praesidium ex saltu, b. c. 1, 37, 3; add 3, 23, 3; 7, 36, 7; deiectis qui in praesidio erant, Liv. 4, 53, 9; Gallorum agmen ex rripe Tarpeia, 10, 10, 3; ex castellis deiectos, 44, 35, 7; add 44, 39 f.; but in Liv. 25, 14, 12 Madv. ej. delectis castris; **4.** hence met., fortis animi est...non de gradu deiei, ut deicit, Cic. off. 1, 80; στρατυλλαξ ille deiectus de gradu, Att. 16, 15, 3; eum de sententia deiecit, Phil. 9, 8; me pudet tam cito de sententia esse deiectum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 14; ea spe deieci, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; opinione trium legionum deiectus, 5, 48, 1; deiectam coniuge tanto, Verg. 3, 317; **5.** esp. from attainment of office, ne eiusdem pecunia (me) de honore deieceret (deiceret?), Cic. Verr. 1, 25; aedilitate, 1, 23; praetura, Mur. 76; honore, Liv. 39, 41, 1; consulatu, 40, 46, 14; add 38, 35, 1; **6.** in leg. lang., eject, unde ui prolubitus?...unde deiectus? deieci (so mis T) nullo modo potuisse, qui non accesserit, Cic. Caec. 36; deicio (so T) ego, si quis meorum deicitur (so T):—te deiectum...etiam si tactus non fueris, 37; eiei ego te...non deieci, 38; de possessione imperii nos deicere, Liv. 45, 22, 7; **7.** in naut. lang., throw (a ship) out of its course, tanta tempestas coorta est ut...ad inferiorem partem insulae...deicerentur (so A D E; deiecerentur† B C), Caes. b. g. 4, 28, 2; classis...foeda tempestate nexata ad Baliares insulas deicitur (so Lov. 2; P M and C pr. m. deitur), Liv. 23, 34, 16; add 23, 40, 6; **8.** d. oculos, take one's eyes off, oculos de isto nnsquam deicere (so R and always in comp. of iacere, says Jordan), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 33; si tantulum oculos deiecerimns, praesto esse insidias, 2, 5, 181; and met.: nec a re publica deiciebam (so V and always C, says Halm), Phil. 1, 1; **9.** also of downcast eyes, Lauinia uirgo...oculos deiecta decoros, Verg. 11, 480; oculus in se deiecta modestos, Ov. am. 2, 4, 11; deieci in terram oculi, Quint. 1, 11, 9; Deiecit uolunt et demissa noce locustat, Verg. 3, 320; **10.** met. knock off; gen. remove, withdraw, subtract, take from, quantum mali de humana conditione deieceris, Cic. Tusc. 1, 15; quantum de doloris terrore deieceris, 2, 14; hunc ego si metum Siciliae deiecero, Verr. 2, 5, 130; **11.** deiectus, absol. dejected, dispirited,



quamquam uis alto uolnere tardat, Hand deiectus eum duci iubet, Verg. 10, 858; haut sic deiecta, Stat. Th. 3, 315; in epilogis deiecti et infracti, Quint. 9, 4, 138; **12.** as adj. low, equitatus...deiectis atque inferioribus locis constitat, Caes. b. c. 1, 46, 3; neutrum altero aut sublimius aut deiectius, Tert. a. Marc. 1, 6 f.; **13.** deieciat conuersatam, in lower or humbler tone, ib. 2, 27 f.; **14.** in prose deicere etc. may be trysyl. or quadris.

**deificus**, adj. [deus, facio] peculiar to African writers, god-making, illum deum deificum, Tert. Apol. 11 (cf. qui ex hominibus deos fecerit, ib.); **2.** god-made, and so divine, sacred, libros, Fel. episc. Tubyzac. pass. p. 77; scriptores, ib. 80; codices, Fel. episc. Aptung. gest. purg. 85; istrumenta, 89; lmem deificam (appellat) epilepticam passionem, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 30; cf. diuinus morbus of Apul. and *lepa uovos* of Hippocr.

**1 deinceps**, -cipitis and cipis, adj. following continuously, reliquum...sine intermissione deincipiti die perlecturum, Apul. flor. 16, p. 66 Hild.; deinceps qui deinde cepit, ut princeps qui primum cepit, Paul. ex F. p. 71 M; deinceps antiqui dicebant proxime quemque captum, ut principem primum captum, ib. 75.

**2 de-inceps**, adv. [inceps deinceps, Paul. ex F. 107—can inceps be a gen. of a sb. akin to incipio? lit. down from the beginning?] in immediate succession, one after the other, in order, already occurs in CIL 198, 79 in an unintelligible fragment; paeon...oritur...a breuibus deinceps tribus extrema producta, Cic. or. 3, 183; tres fratres...quos uideo deinceps tribunos pl. per triennium fore, fam. 2, 18, 2; morem...fuisse ut deinceps qui accubarent canerent ad tibiam clarorum uirorum laudes, Tusc. 4, 3; qui primus eorum, qui secundus, qui deinde deinceps moriturus esset, diu. 1, 64; reliquis deinceps diebus siluas caedere instituit, Caes. b. g. 3, 29, 1; add 5, 40, 4; 7, 3, 2; alias deinceps pari magnitudine rates inibat, b. c. 1, 25, 8; fit (sepes)...ex arboribus truncis demissis in terram, deinceps constitutis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; ita duo deinceps reges, alius alia uia...ciuitatem auxerunt, Liv. 1, 21, 6; interreges deinceps M. Manlius, Ser. Sulpicius, L. Valerius, 6, 5, 6; add 2, 47, 11; 22, 7, 11; 26, 20, 1; manifestum est totum solum deinceps esse motum—without a break—Colum. 2, 4, 3;

**2.** next in order, immediately after, decreuit senatus D. Brutum optime de re publica mereri...Deinceps laudatur provincia Gallia, Cic. Phil. 4, 8; de iustitia satis dictum: deinceps...de beneficentia ac de liberalitate dicatur, off. 1, 42; 3, 9; prima Cyrene est ac deinceps duae Syrtis interque eas Leptis, deinde... Sal. Jug. 19, 3; ut duo continua regna uiro ac deinceps genero dedisset, Liv. 1, 47, 6; nt Lucilius praecipit: iam pueri...ac deinceps idem, Meudaci... Quint. 1, 7, 15; tertiam deinceps personam (no longer that of the litigator or mere patronus) induat iudicis, 12, 8, 15; **3.** perge deinceps, Varr. r. 3, 8, 1, go on with the rest in due order.

**deindē**, also shortened to dein [de + inde; for dein cf. proin, exiu, hin-c, illin-c etc.] lit. from this, in use only of time, from this time (forward), w. the meaning of dehinc, only in: factum hic esse id non negat Neque se pigere et deinde facturum autumat, Ter. Hant. pr. 19; tu uelim cures ut sciam quibus nos dare oporteat eas quas ad te deinde litteras mittemus, Cic. ad Q. Fr. 3, 8, 2; cf. use of iude as a demonstr.; **2.** from this or that time (the time spoken of), iu Aequis nihil deinde memorabile actum, Liv. 3, 3, 10; cautum est ne quis deinde M. Manlius uocaretur, 6, 20, 14; nec deinde unquam in demortui locum censor sufficitur, 5, 31, 7; so Hand and Kritiz interpret deinde in Vell. 2, 89, 2: but possunt wd. require dehiuc; Ruhnken's cj. denique prob. right; **3.** after this (that), then, next, deinde eidem consul(e) ante K. decembris primas uia-torem unum legunto, CIL 202, 1, 16; add 1, 24; Deinde uterque imperator in medium exeunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 68; Quid fit deinde? 5, 1, 46 and 67; Deinde egomet mecum cogitare inter uias Oecepti, Aul. 2, 8, 9; Dein susum escendam in tectum, Amph. 3, 4, 25; deinde dictator iubet... Cato orig. ap. Gell. 10, 24, 7; Quid deinde fit? Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 68; Aceptit condicioem, dein quaestum occipit,

Andr. 1, 1, 52; Innocentia? Adspice aedem Castoris; deinde, si audes, fac mentionem innocentiae. Diligentia? Codicis lituras tui contemplare...; deinde aude te dicere diligentem, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 41; quaeso praetor aduersario meo da istum patronum; deinde mihi neminem dederis, or. 2, 280; postulauit deinde eadem quae legatis in mandatis dederat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 9; Quam commune mihi genus...Deindē torus iuuxit, Ov. M. 1, 353; quid deindē rogabo? 3, 465; **4.** often in enumeration, princeps L. Papirius...; post hunc XIII fuerunt...; hunc secutus est Cursor...; deinde L. Maso...; inde multi Masones, deinde Carbones, Cic. fam. 9, 21, 2; haec quidem a tergo...; Septemtriones autem sequitur...; dein..., N.D. 2, 110; Caesar primum suo, deinde omnium et conspectu remotis equis, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 1; primum agunt gratias...; deinde imperatoris fidem quaerunt, b. c. 1, 74, 2; ea appellata est Cronia, deiu Thessalis, dein Malianda, Plin. 5, 143; **5.** and in this sense of place, ad loca...ubi maxime montes Trasmennus subit...; deinde paulo latior patescit campus; inde colles adinsurgunt, Liv. 22, 4, 2; noster exercitus sic inaccessit: auxiliares...in fronte, post quos sagittarii, dein quattuor legiones...; exim totidem aliae legiones, Tac. an. 2, 16 f.; **6.** of order of merit, excellentem Crasso..., deinde Philippo, post Iulio, Cic. Brut. 301; laudatissimus in insulis Creta, dein Naxo, et postea in Phoenice, Plin. 21, 115; **7.** at times w. a superfluous post, Post id igitur deinde ut animus meus erit, faciam palam, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 86; Nunc primum fac ista ut lauet; post deinde... Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 3 (so MSS; Fleck. cj. poste d.); ad Sullam in Achaiam ac deinde post iu Asiam per fugit, Vell. 2, 23, 3; post hoc dein de auctorum successione dicemus, Gai. dig. 1, 2, 2, 13; **8.** dein for dein, but before m, dein mittat, Varr. ap. Non. 358; cf. exim; **9.** deinde disyl. always, except prob. in Ter. of § 7.

**dēlectus**, ūs, m. [dēl'igo], choice, selection, earum rerum hic tenetur a sapiente delectus ut..., Cic. flu. 1, 33; delectu omni et discrimine remoto, 4, 69; 5, 90; add off. 1, 6; 1, 45; 1, 49 (in these three Baiter has dil.; but Ambros. del.); rep. 1, 53 (here Halm has dil.); qui omnium rerum delectum atque discrimen pecunia sustulisset, Verr. 2, 2, 123; add Clu. 128; agr. 2, 57; Balb. 49; Planc. 9 (but dil. ET); Phil. 5, 13 (but dil. V D); or. 3, 150; Brut. 253; coeunt animalia nullo Cetera delectu (so Bentl., al. dil.), Ov. M. 10, 325; magnitudo doloris...delectum uerborum recipiat, Sen. ad Helu. 1, 3; primus uerbis delectum adhibuit, Tac. dial. 22; cnius in eo delectus (so MSS AM) ut...quod melius sonet malis, Quint. 1, 4 f.; **2.** see dilectus.

**dē-libēro**, āre [implies a vb. libero from libera, an old form of libra, pair of scales; cf. d. a libella qua quid perpenditur, Paul. ex F. 74 M; form delibero preserved to distinguish it from delibro, bark (a tree)] weigh or balance with all care, deliberate, met., Ego amplius deliberandum censeo, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; Delibera hoc dum ego redeo, leno, Ad. 2, 1, 42; cum coram tecum mihi potestas deliberandi non esset, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 1; ut maxima de re aequo animo deliberaui, ita mihi des consilium uelim, ib. 6; diu deliberandum et concoquendum est utrum..., Rosc. Com. 45; ut etiam cum aduersario quasi deliberet, or. 138; consilio uocato de summa rerum deliberare incipit, Caes. b. c. 2, 30, 1; deliberatur de Auarico in communi concilio, incendi placeret an defendi, b. g. 7, 15, 3; add 4, 9, 1; b. c. 1, 10, 2; de Corintho cum imperatore Romano deliberatum esse, Liv. 32, 34, 13; **2.** decide (after such weighing), Cum amicis deliberaui iam et cum cognatis meis...ut me hodie iugulare fame, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 2; Certum ac deliberatum est me illis obsequi, Turp. ap. Non. 282 and 429; quaeso cogita ac delibera, ib.; Deliberatum non tacere (me) amplius, Afran. ap. Schol. Ver. ad Verg. 10, 564; staturat ac deliberauerat non adesse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 1; M. Aemilius... qui peior an ignauior sit deliberari non potest, Sal. or. Phil. 3; **3.** in not. Tir. p. 57 written diliberat; and this would suit § 2.



1 **dē-līgo**, (older *dēlēgo*\*), ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. [de down, lēgo], gather from above, pluck down, gather, ubi pluerit et sicauerit, tum deligito (uuas), Cato r. 112, 2; quod delegerit (oleae) pro eo nemo soluet, 144, 1; ut ante pluuiam fructum (ficorum) deligas, Colum. 5, 10, 10; arb. 21, 1; Altaque mortali deligere astra manu, Prop. 2, 32, 50; melimela rubere minore Ad lunam delecta, Hor. s. 2, 8, 32; deligere\* ungue rosam, Ov. her. 4, 30. See

2 **dē-līgo**, (older *dēlēgo*\*; oldest perh. *dilego*), ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. [=di from dis; cf. dilectus sb. and diligo, and Enn. below § 1], choose, select, distinguish, Continuo Amphitruo delēgit uiros primorum principes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 49; but in As. 3, 3, 42 read eicēit, not delēgit; Argui in ea dilecti uiri Vecti petebant pellem inauratam arictis, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1325 P, 2, 424, 5 K; si uobis ex omni populo deligendi potestas esset data, Cic. agr. 2, 23; delēgit ex florentissimis ordinibus ipsa lumina, Mil. 21; add rep. 1, 51 (bis) and 68; deligere oportet quem uelis diligere, ad Her. 4, 29; ad cas res conficiendas Orgetorix deligitur, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 3; add 3, 18, 1; 5, 11, 3 etc.; ex his qui una Cirtam profugerant, duos...delēgit\*, Sal. Iug. 23, 2; quem ex collegis, optione ab senatu data, socium sibi imperii deligeret, Liv. 8, 33, 16; add 24, 8, 18; 24, 46, 2; Longaeuosque seues ac fessas aequore matres...Delige, Verg. 5, 717; add 7, 152; 11, 431; Ov. M. 15, 364; Quattuor eximios...tauros...Delige (delege\* γ I of Ribb.), Verg. G. 4, 540; 2. w. dat., uti...locum domicilio deligerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 30, 3; uti aliquem locum medium utriusque conloquio deligeret, 1, 34, 1; add 1, 49, 1; dictator deligendus exereendis quaestionibus fuit, Liv. 9, 26, 14; 3. delectus, part. perf. as a sb. w. gen., cum delectis peditum equitumque, Liv. 26, 5, 3; naues admoueri iubet delectosque militum imponi, Curt. 4, 4, 2.

3 **de-līgo**, āre, vb. bind down, strap down, Aput mensam plenam hominis (so Non. 455, al. homini) rostrum deliges, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 13; malum deligatum, parastatae iunctae, Cato ap. Isid. orig. 19, 2, 12; ea summa integra binis tabellis deligatis, Varr. r. 1, 47, 1; hominem...deligari et uirgas expediri iubet, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 161; add 2, 4, 86 f.; epistola ad amicum deligata, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 5; nauiculam deligatam (moored) ad ripam naustus, 1, 53, 3; onerarias quae ad ancoras erant deligatae, 4, 29, 2; add 5, 9, 1; b. c. 3, 39, 2; 3, 44, 4; ad patibulos deligantur et circumferuntur, Licin. Mac. ap. Non. 221; stabant deligati ad palum, Liv. 2, 5, 6; lietor, deliga ad palum, 8, 7, 20; deligandum brachium—and soon—brachium deligandum, Cels. 2, 10 f.; uulnus, Quint. 2, 17, 9; 2, 21, 17; 4, 2, 84; propter ualetudinem deligatus, 11, 3, 129; sarmensis circum cornua boum deligatis, 2, 17, 19; ad palum, Suet. Claud. 34; ad stipitem, Ner. 29; collo ascopera deligata, 45.

**dēmo**, ēre, dempsi, demptus, [dc+ēmo, take], vb. take down, off, from, away, haec (tragula) casu ad turrim adhaesit;...dempta ad Ciceronem defertur, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 8; clipea de columnis...dempsit, Liv. 40, 51, 3; demptusue cacumine nidus, Ov. M. 13, 833; demptum tenet arbore pomum, 11, 113; foetus desiderat arbore demptos, 14, 689; add her. 19 (20), 9; 2. still of things elevated, take off, Demam hanc coronam, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 31; Et capiti dempta...corona, Ov. M. 15, 610; inga demeret Bobus fatigatis, Hor. od. 3, 6, 42; cum iuga demet equis, Ov. F. 2, 74; add 4, 688; M. 7, 325; qui Titiniorum...capita demebant, Q. Cic. de pet. cons. 9; caput asino demere, Apul. M. 7, 26; 3. without idea of elevation, take off, catenas...quibus sunt uincti demito, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 4; ninetis dempta uincula, Liv. 5, 13, 8; add Ov. F. 3, 320; Tuba illud demi: tolle hanc patinam, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164; Interea aurum sibi iam mulier demit, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 13; deme soleas, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 16; Et tenero soleam deme uel adde pedi, Ov. a. a. 2, 212; Exiguum pleno de mare demat aquae, tr. 5, 2, 20; nomen Archidemidis Clamaret dempturum esse, si quid crederem, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 51; odorem deterorem demere uino, Cato r. 110; and twice aft.; 4. take from (a quantity), subtract, Demam herele iam de hordeo, Pl. As. 3, 3, 116; De magnis diuitis siquid

demas, plus fit an minus? Trin. 2, 2, 68; ut de stipendio equitum...aera demerentur, Liv. 7, 41 f.; 5. hence oft. opp. to addo etc., quantum (salis monti) demas, tantum adrescit, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; cum aliquid minutatim additur aut demitur, Cic. ac. pr. 2, 49; add Acc. ap. Non. 433; Liv. 2, 60 f.; 34, 54, 5; Hor. od. 2, 5, 14; ep. 1, 20, 22; Ov. M. 7, 168; 6. of moral ideas, metum, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 18; molestiam, Ad. 5, 3, 33; sollicitudinem, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 2; dolorem, Lucr. 2, 21; maerorem, 3, 908; curas, Verg. 2, 775; 3, 153; acerbam necessitudinem, Sal. Iug. 102, 5; ignominiam, Liv. 41, 3, 5; contumeliam, 8, 23, 7; 7. dempto, as abl. abs.=sine, without, even without, except, setting aside, dulcedo agrariae legis ipsa per se, dempto auctore subibat animos, Liv. 2, 42, 1; dempto hoc uno fulgore nominis Romani, quid est cur illi uobis comparandi sint? 21, 43, 12; demptis signis, 21, 43, 16; esp. dempto fine, Ov. her. 1, 50; trist. 3, 11, 2.

**dē-mōrtor**, -mōri, -mortuus, vb. die out of (a larger number) and so cause a vacancy, in this sense only demortuus, nei quis eorum que (so the tablet; qnem or ques?)...decuriones legito nisi indemortui damnateiue locuui, CIL 206, 87; cum esset ex ueterum numero quidam senator demortuus, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 124; sanxerunt ne quis emeret (mancipium) nisi in demortui locum, 2, 4, 9; lex iubet augere in demortui locum qui petat in contione nominare, ad Her. 1, 20; nostri familiares fere demortui, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 7; nec deinde unquam in demortui locum censor sufficitur, Liv. 5, 31, 7; pontifices creati—et Q. Fuluius Flaccus in locum P. Scantini demortui, 23, 21 f.; sacerdotes aliquot eo anno demortui sunt nouique suffecti, 26, 23, 7; tantum hominum demortuum esse...ut... 40, 19, 7; instituit quotannis in demortuorum locum...substituto a praetore fieret, Suet. Caes. 41; add Aug. 10 and 31; Assacano cuius regnum fuerat demortuo, regioni praerant mater eius, Curt. 8, 10, 22 (8, 37); and met., Potationes plurimae demortuae, Pl. St. 1, 3, 57—leaving a sad gap; 2. in legal lang. per. simply die, si seruus petitus uel aliud animal demortuum sit, Ulp. dig. 6, 1, 15, 3; add 21, 1, 31, 11; posse euenire ut demoriantur mancipia, 4, 4, 11, 5; 3. met. die of love for, w. acc., Ea demoritur, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 23; add 4, 2, 49.

**dēmum**, adv. [might have been a superl. of de but that Liv. Andr. used demus says Paul. ex F. 70 M] at last, and so w. adv. of time, as w. nunc, now at last, and not until now, n. demum scio, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 62; Epid. 3, 4, 22; uah n. dēmum intellego, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 12; n. d. rescribo his litteris quas... Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; 2. w. igitur then at last, and not till then, igitur dēmum omnes scient Quae facta, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 11; miserum est opus Igitur demum fodere puteum cubi (so R) sitis fauces tenet, Most. 2, 1, 33; add Rud. 4, 2, 26; 3. w. tum, Si id facies tum dēmum scibus, tibi qui bonus sit, qui malus, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 55; add Men. 2, 2, 71; t. d. consilia nostra commutanda erunt, Att. in Cic. Att. 9, 10, 4; t. d. Liscus...quod antea tacuerat proponit, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 1; add 1, 50, 2; 5, 33, 1; t. d. periculo...compertum est... Sal. Cat. 2, 2; t. d. impulsu Latini, Liv. 2, 20, 11; add 2, 29, 1; 40, 50, 4; Tum dēmum noltumque Ceres animumque recepit, Ov. F. 4, 615; tunc dēmum... her. 11, 91; tunc demum intelleges...quum didiceris... Sen. ep. 121, 3; 4. w. ibi of time, Ibi demum ita aegre tulit ut... Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 53; 5. or the time may be defined in other ways, as: Postquam quidem praetor recuperatores dedit, Damnatu demum... Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 37; Ego nouos maritus anno dēmum quinto et sexagesimo Piam... Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; unas post idus Martias demum litteras accepi, Poll. ad Cic. 10, 31, 4; quarta uix demum exponimur hora, Hor. s. 1, 5, 23; decimo dēmum pugnauius anno, Ov. M. 13, 209; hieme demum...quaeram quid potissimum tibi exhibeam, Plin. ep. 7, 2, 2; non demum legiones aduersae pugnae exemit, Tac. an. 1, 64; II 6. w. the pronn. is hic ille, and first is, in this and nothing short of this, Nam id demum lepidumst triparcos homines uetulos aridos Bene admordere, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 20; Verum



enim nero id demum iuvat si qnem aequomst facere is bene facit, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 2; sic enim sentio, id demum aut potius id admod esse miserum quod trape sit, Cic. Att. 8, 8, 1; is demum mihi uiuere atque frni anima uidetur qui..., Sal. Cat. 2, 9; idem uelle atque idem nolle, ea demum firma amicitia est, 20, 4; 7. so w. the adv. from is, as ibi demum there and not till you get there, nulla adaeque est Acheruns Atque nbi ego fui, in lapicidinis illis. Ibi (mss seem to have illis ibi) demumst locus, Vbi..., Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 3; Caelica tecta subit; ibi demum uicta labore..., Stat. silu. 2, 3, 14; Te Meleagre subit; ibi demum cuspidate lata Haesit, Stat. Theb. 2, 474 (but Müller has tibi demum with P); 8. ita demum, in no way short of this, so only, speaking of a sine qua non, tam numerosum agmen reorum ita demum uidebamus posse superari si per singulos carperetur, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 11; quibus ita demum similis adolescet si..., 3, 3, 2; ita demum a fide non abhorrent si..., 9, 2, 30; add 4, 3, 14; si plus humoris (in dropsy) excernitur quam adsumitur, ita demum secuudae ualetudinis spes est, Cels. 3, 21, p. 107, 26 Dar.; add Suet. Claud. 25; Vit. 14; 9. sic demum, the same, Sic demum lucos Stygis et regna inuia uiuis Aspicies, Verg. 6, 155; 10. not often w. hic or ille, Me quoque... similis fortuna... hac demum uoluit consistere terra, Verg. 1, 628; Nulla iuuentutis spes est: sese omnes amant: Ille demum antiquis est adulescens moribus, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 37—he and none but he; ille demum in id quod quaerimus... poterit euadere qui ante discet recte dicere quam cito, Quint. 2, 4, 17; III 11. so far w. prefixed pron. or defined time; also absol., in short, ea sunt enim demum uon ferenda, Cic. rep. 2, 28; Immemor est demum nec frugum munere dignus Qui..., Ov. M. 15, 122; but in Tac. or. 26 Halm has deinde; 12. at last, Sic demum socios consumpta nocte reuiso, Verg. 2, 795.

**dēniquē**, adv. [? possibly demum + que (as in quisque); perhaps = donique, whence donec, wh. see, esp. Vitr. in § 2], lastly, at last (G. zuletzt, Fr. enfin, Imperator...; Pro se quisque; Denique ut uoluimus, nostra superat manus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 80; denique Alumen Iuppiter Rediget antiquam in coniugis concordiam, 1, 2, 12; Nisi quā lubet experiri quo euasurust denique†, Trin. 4, 2, 93; ferme ut quisque rem accurat suam, Sic ei procedit post pricipia denique†, Pers. 4, 1, 4; add Bac. 2, 3, 60†; Truc. 2, 4, 47†; Tundendo atque odio denique efficit senex, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 48; qui fit denique†? Ph. 1, 2, 121; Haec denique\* eius fuit postrema oratio, 4, 3, 44; 2. often at the close of an enumeration, Tibi aras, tibi occas, tibi seris, tibi idem metes (al. metis), Tibi denique iste pariet laetitiam labos, Pl. Merc. prol. 72; denique si conferendum exemplumst, non fratrem uidet..., Ter. Ad. 1, 13; primum omnium...; deinde; deos denique\* immortales huic inuicto populo...auxilium esse laturos, Cic. Cat. 2, 19; qui tot annos ita uiuo ut a nullius umquam me tempore aut commodo aut otium memm abstraxerit aut uoluptas auocarit aut d. somnus retardarit, Arch. 12; tribno illis..., do..., non adimo..., d. etiam si quae sibi alia sumunt, non repugno, Flac. 9; add Manil. 40; Mil. 100; 3. the last term in such a series is likely to be the most important, and so fit to supersede them all, hence, nay, in short, Pernegabo atque obdurabo, periurabo denique†, Pl. As. 2, 2, 78; Vbi nominabit Phaedriam, tu Pamphilam Continuo; siquando illa...; si laudabit..., tu...; denique Par pro pari referto, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 54; in psaltria hac emunda hic adiutor fuit; Hic curauit: prodesse aequomst: alii meliores erunt: Denique hic (sc. Aeschinus) nolt fieri, Ad. 5, 9, 12; quare secedant improbi, secernant se a bonis, unum iu locum congregentur, muro d.\*... discernantur a nobis, Cic. Cat. 1, 32; prius uada flammis ut ait poeta nescio quis, prius denique omnia quam aut cum Antoniis res publica aut cum re publica Antonii redeant in gratiam, Phil. 13, 49; at nobis est domi inopia, foris aes alienum; mala res, spes multo asperior; d. quid reliqui habemus praeter miseram animam? Sal. Cat. 20, 13; quippe qui omnia, arma tela, locos tempora, d. naturam ipsam, ceteris im-

peritantem, industria uicerat, Ing. 76, 1; Denique in aduerso uenientem lumine sedit Exclusura deum, Ov. M. 2, 814; recipiunt enim amores odia iras misericordiam urbanitatem, omnia denique quae in uita... uersantur, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 13; quorum ego uirtutes plerasque arbitror similes, consilium, ordium diuidendi, praeparandi, probaudi, rationem—omnia denique quae sunt inuentionis, Quint. 10, 1, 106; add 119; non nti cibis nariis minimeque iurulentis aut legminibus oleribus iis quae celeriter de-scendant, omnia denique smere quae tarde concoquuntur, Cels. 1, 6;... quicquid denique... 2, 28; 4. sometimes carelessly, this denique has postremo or ad postremum to follow, as denique...; postremo..., Varr. 1. 8 §§ 19 and 20, p. 420 Sp.; isto modo etiam disertus atque idem mathematicus, musicus, omni d.\* doctrina eruditus, postremo philosophus, Cic. N. D. 3, 23; omnes urbes agri regna d., postremo etiam uectigalia uestra uenierit, agr. 2, 62; add Cat. 2, 25; fact. 2, 15, 4; primum...; denique...; ad postremum..., Iust. 23, 1, 13—17; 5. like demum, in the phrases nunc d. uow and not till now; tum d., then and not till then; is d. this and nothing short of this, tautum (amoris) accessit, ut mihi uinea d. amare uidear, antea dilexisse, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 5; Prisca inuent alios; ego me nunc denique natum Gratulor, Ov. a. a. 3, 121; Talis in umbrosis mitis nunc denique siluis Deflet Threicum Daulias ales Itya, Albinov. 1, 105; 6. Tum denique homines nostra intellegimus bona, Quom quae iu potestate habuimus ea amissimus, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 39; opinio... quae tum d. non appellatur recess, cum ueustate exaruit, Cic. Tusc. 3, 75; posteritatem ita semper prospiciebat, quasi, cum excessisset e uita, tm d. uicturus esset, sen. 82; add leg. 2, 10; fin. 1, 64; 3, 76; Tim. 6 f.; 8 in.; ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 29; Caecin. 100; or. 2, 315; 7. is d. honos mihi uideri solet qui... propter magna merita claris uiris defertur, Cic. fam. 10. 10, 1; Siqua metu dempto casta est, ea denique casta est, Ov. am. 3, 4, 3; 8. =demum in other combinations, ne is...sexagesimo denique auno dedecore...notetur, Cic. Quint. 99, cf. Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; Milonis conslatus, qui niuo Clodio labefactari non poterat, mortuo denique temptari coeptus est, Cic. Mil. 34; totis indignis noctibus ille Te teuet...; At mihi conspiceris posita uix denique mensa, Ov. her. 15 (16); 215—cf. Hor. s. 1, 5, 23; 9. in §§ 5, 6, 7 denique inust follow nunc, tum, is, and omnis or quisquis of § 8; but in those preceding, it may come first, or may follow an important word, as iu exx. marked \*, or even come last, see †.

**dēnixē**? adv. [implies a part. denixus fm. a vb. denitor], with all one's might, denixe enixe, Gloss. Placid., prob. fm.: Atqui istum ego agrum tibi relinqui ob eam rem denixe expeto, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 26 (so Beršk Cens. p. 1140)—wh. mss against metre: enixe.

**dēnuō**, (old denuod\*?) [for dē nūō], afresh, anew, again, cf. εκ καινης, de integro, von neuem; siquid nummo sarciri potest, Vsque mantant neque --- id faciunt donicum Parietes ruunt; tum aedificant aedis totas denuo, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 36; (At) di me faciunt quod uolent (mss uolunt), ni ob istam orationem Te liberasso denuod\* (so T H K, cf. Ritschl Pl. Excuse; mss denuo), et ni Scapham enicasso, 1, 3, 65; add Pers. 5, 2, 48; Rud. 4, 4, 59; Dabit hic pugnam aliquam denuo, Ter. Enu. 5, 2, 60; iube mihi denuo Respondeat, 4, 4, 24; recita denuo, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 37; quietus annus cum in te praetorem incidisset censa denuo est (Sicilia), 2, 2, 139; Fabius in Etruria rebellante denuo quattuor milia et quingentos Persuinoorum occidit, Liv. 10, 31, 3; d. in uoluntarium exilium profiscitur, Iust. 5, 5, 8; 2. of return to a former state, back again, Naui tu quemuis confidentem facile tuis factis facis; Eundem ex confidente actutum diffidentem denuo, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 15; Aperi, deprime inde auri ad hanc rem quod sat est; Continuo operito denuo, Trin. 3, 3, 75.

**dē-pello**, ēre, pulsī, pulsus, push down, thrust down, Etiam depellis mihi manum palaestricos, Afran. ap. Non. 403, 20; (stomachus) agitatione et motibus linguae cum depulsus et quasi detrusus cibum acceptit, depellit, Cic.



N. D. 2, 135; et simulacra deorum depulsa sunt et statuæ ueterum hominum delectæ, Cat. 3, 19; Non equitem dorso, non frenum depulit ðre, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 38; illis in supra succum reuocari natura uaporis, his in inferas partes depelli uimore deciduo, Plin. 2, 189; umbrosus Tirythius arcibus ornos Depulcrat, Val. F. 3, 566;

**2.** drive down, force down, per hiemem aquam de agro depelli oportet, Cato r. 155, 1; demoueri et depelli de loco necesse est eum qui deiciatur, Cic. Caec. 49; cum...multis telis coniectis defeusores uallo munitionibusque depellerent, Caes. b. g. 3, 25, 1; quo saepe solemus Pastores ouium tencros depellere fetus—from the hills—, Verg. B. 1, 22; **3.** esp. mil. l. w. loco etc., dislodge (gen. from higher ground), si nostros depulsos loco uidisset, Caes. b. g. 7, 49, 2; summum iugum nanciti hostes loco depellunt, 7, 67, 3; add b. c. 3, 52, 2; locum capere paulo quam alii editiorem neque inde maxima ui depelli quierunt, Sal. lug. 58, 3; **4.** and met., contra illos principes adfectos iam et depulsos loco, Cic. rep. 1, 68; gradu depulsus est (Xerxes), ps. Nep. Them. 5, 1; **5.** ward off (a weapon) gen. by a downward blow, qui tela depellere debeam, Cic. Quint. 8; At nobis aerata, Lares, depellit tela, Tib. 1, 10, 25; nato non depulit ictus Iupiter, Val. F. 6, 652; and met. ab aris focus ferrum flammæque, Cic. Sest. 90; cibo et potione fames sitisque depulsa est, fin. 1, 37; morbum, fam. 7, 26 f.; Caes. b. g. 6, 17, 2; augurio...pestem, Verg. 9, 328; classibus ignem, 5, 726; add 9, 78; 9, 109; frigus duramque famem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 6; mortem fratri, Ov. her. 14, 130; **6.** knock down from, knock off (still what is elevated), a cinibus iugum, Cic. rep. 2, 46; hanc molem mali a ceruicibus uestris, Cat. 3, 17; a singulis uobis uincula, Liv. 6, 18, 8;

**7.** d. a matre, mamma, lacte, wean, Depulsus mamma paedagogandum accipit, Afran. ap. Fest. 281 M; cum depulsi sunt agni a matribus, Varr. r. 2, 2, 17; cum porci depulsi sunt a mamma, 2, 4, 16; Depulsos a lacte...agnos, Verg. B. 7, 15; depulsus ab ubere matris, G. 3, 187; iam lacte depulsus leonem, Hor. od. 4, 4, 15; annicula mula recte a matre depellitur (ms. rep.), Colum. 6, 37, 11; **8.** absol. Dulce satis humor, depulsis arbntus haedis, Verg. B. 3, 82; anniculae (capellæ) depellenda snboles, Col. 7, 6, 8; **9.** gen. in met. from some of the preceding, Nec tuis depellit dietis quin rumori seruiam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 14; de suscepta causa propositaque sententia nulla contumelia...possit depellere, Cic. Lig. 26; sententia, Tusc. 2, 16; Liv. 23, 8, 3; de sepe conatque, Cic. Cat. 2, 14; magna spe, Liv. 31, 25 f.; recto depellere cursu, Hor. s. 2, 5, 78; qui recta uia depulsus est, Quint. 2, 17, 29.

**dē-ðro**, ðre, sërui, sertus, vb. [sero put, cf. exsero put out, insero put in], lit. put down, mulier telam deserit (al. desinit), Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 64; Nam ueneror seu stipes habet desertus in agris Seu uetus in tritio florea sarta lapis, Tib. 1, 1, 11; **2.** met. put down and so leave in the lurch, desert, abandon (whom one is bound to support)—cf. destituo, deficio—Deserere illum et deiuuare in rebus aduersis pudet, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 63; set quaeso pater Ne me in stultitia si deliqui deseras, Bac. 4, 9, 90; compare me tuo meum Ne deserat med (so Bothe and R; sss me) atque ad hostis transeat, Ps. 4, 3, 10; tum autem hoc timet Ne deseras se, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 35; add 56; tu...me in his deseruisti malis, Haut. 2, 3, 17; an tu cum me in summam expectationem adduxeris, deseris? Cic. Tusc. 1, 39; cum amici partim deseruerint me, partim etiam prodiderint, ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 5; ueritus ne ab omnibus desereretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6; ne facta initio belli ab reliquis desereretur†, 7, 2, 2; add 1, 15, 1; **3.** by a bold figure, d. se, be wanting in duty to oneself, Qui lubricus male loqui? Quia tu tete deseris? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 95; Petreius non deserit sese. Armat familiam..., Caes. b. c. 1, 75, 2; **4.** in §§ 2, 3 agent and obj. both living; also w. abstr. acc., esp. of a duty, Si lucri quid detur, potius rem diuinam deseram, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 33; uigila ne tuam causam...deseras, Cic. fat. 12; add Sul. 58; fam. 1, 5a, 3; Liv. 2, 54, 8; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 65; officium, Cic. off. 1, 28; fin. 1, 24; Caes. b. c. 3, 18, 1; non de-

seram neque...fratris...preces nec Sestii...promissa, nec spem...Terentiae nec...Tulliolao obsecrationem—be wanting on my part to aid—, Cic. Att. 3, 19, 2; **5.** with non-living agent, leave in the lurch, fail, Nam pernicitas deserit\*: consitus sum Senectute, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 4; Nunc simul res fides fama uirtus decus Deseruerunt\*, Most. 1, 2, 65; Set Simo ita nunc nentus nauem nostram deseruit. Quid est? 3, 2, 49; genua hinc cursorem deserunt, Merc. 1, 2, 12; multo tardius fama deseret Curium, Cic. Tusc. 1, 110; facerem diutius nisi me lucerna desereret, Att. 7, 7, 7; Carus cris Romae, donec te deserit (al. deserat) aetas, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 10; add A. P. 41; iam Tiberium corpus, iam uires, nondum dissimulatio desererebat, Tac. an. 6, 56 (50), 1; **6.** simply abandon, leave, go away from, ager decumanus...propter istius auaritiam desertus est, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 120; cunctis oppidâ castellicum desertis, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 2; primo incendendum Auaricum, post deserendum censuerat, 7, 30, 2; **7.** as intrans. see \* in § 5; also esp. in mil. language desert (but not necess. by going over to the enemy), fail to appear (sc. d. militiam), ire in aciem coactus deseruit, Quint. 9, 2, 85; deserui tempestatibus fluminibus ualitudine impeditus, 3, 6, 78; si ad diem commensus quis non ueniat, perinde in eum statuendumst ac si emansisset uel deseruisset, Modest. dig. 49, 16, 3, 7; eum qui carcere effracto fugerit, etiamsi ante non deseruerit capite puniendum, Maecr. ib. 49, 16, 13, 5; **8.** pass., deseremur potius a re publica quam a re familiari, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; add 3, 15, 2; 4, 10, 1; Clu. 110; Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 2; 7, 2, 2 above; add † above; **9.** so far w. ab, without ab only in Deseror amissis regno patriaque domoque Coniuge qui..., Ov. her. 12, 161; a construction copied, says Prof. Munro, in Mayor's Iuuen. ad 1, 13, from the like use of desertus as: **10.** desertus, left of, Sic Helene doleat desertaque couiuge plorete, Ov. her. 5, 75; Defectus annis et desertus uiribus, Phaedr. 1, 23 (21), 3; fumant deserta gurgite ualles, Stat. Th. 4, 707; donec desertus suis caderet, Tac. an. 3, 20 f.; **11.** desertus as adj., deserted, left destitute, desertior, Cato or. ap. Fest. 286 M; Cic. Pis. 55; desertissima solitudine, Verr. 2, 5, 171; **12.** desertum, i, as sb. n. a desert, gen. in pl., Libyae deserta peragro, Verg. 1, 384; Sed me Parnasi deserta per ardua, G. 3, 291; deserta uasta, Plin. 5, 26; lacus Lycomedia desertis circumdatus, 5, 27; desertorum feras, 32, 144; also in sing. Prud. apoth. 774; Hier. ep. 125, 2.

**dē-sino**, ðre, iui? or ii, Itus, vb. lit. put down, lay down—cf. situs part., situs sb.—mulier telam desinit (so Bemb. 1 m., al. deserit, of same meaning), Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 64; **2.** met. lay down, put aside, leave off, give up, abandon, cease, libenter artem desinerem tecumque niuerem, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 4; Desine Maenaios, iam desine tibia uersus, Verg. B. 8, 61; querellas (al. al.), Ov. M. 6, 215; deprecantibus (mathematicis) ac se artem desituros promittentibus ueniam dedit, Suet. Tib. 36; non ad augendam sed ad desinendam seditionem legem hanc esse, Gell. 2, 12, 3; cum iam artem athleticam desisset, 15, 16, 2; Titania desine bella, Sil. 12, 725; cruciatum Apul. M. 5, 6; lugubres uoces, 5, 7; luctum desine et pone maerorem, 5, 25; **3.** geu. w. inf., Quam magistro desinebat esse dicto obediens, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 35; amare, 1, 1, 67; Ps. 1, 3, 73; uirum obseruare, Men. 1, 2, 13; ludos facere, 2, 3, 54; add Aul. 3, 5, 46; tna quod nihil refert percontari desinas, Ter. Heec. 5, 3, 12; add Andr. pr. 22; Euu. pr. 16; mirari, Cic. or. 2, 59; caput petere, Quint. 29; defendere, fam. 1, 9, 26; uocare, 11, 25, 2; te ad cenam itare desisse moleste fero, 9, 24, 2; incurrere in crimen, Planc. 91; desiuite de compositione loqui, Caes. b. c. 3, 19 f.; sequi, Hor. od. 1, 23, 11; referre, 3, 3, 70; ludere, 3, 15, 4; flectere, 4, 1, 4; sectari, s. 1, 2, 78; cœtare, ep. 1, 18, 29; quaerere, Ov. M. 10, 412; ostentare, 13, 350; fallere, 5, 308; esse, F. 4, 229; **4.** w. pass. inf. both desino desit and desitus sum. nunquam moueri desinit, Cic. rep. 6, 27; noctier postea desitum†, 2, 59; contentus fieri deserunt\*, Att. 1, 19, 9; legi sunt desitæ\*, Brut. 123; Papirius est uocari desitus\*,



fam. 9, 21, 2; desitum\* est uideri quicquam in sociis iniquum, off. 2, 27; contra eos desitum† disputari, fin. 2, 43; Desierunt uerti, Lucr. 4, 402; Desinite luctu questu lacrimas fundere, CIL 1008, 13; desierant iam ulla contemni bella, Liv. 6, 6, 6; ut auctor Desinat inquiri, Ov. M. 1, 616; Persei numquam...desitum\* celebrari nomen, Liv. 42, 49, 7; in sole sidera ipsa desinunt cerni, Quint. 8, 5, 29; donec ab eo quaeri desineret, 11, 3, 6; censores, creari desitos\*, longo intervallo creant, Suet. Aug. 37; 5. absol. w. inf., esp. loqui, understood, ah desine (pron. desin) nimis inepta's, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 19; ah pergisne? Iam iam desino, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 67; add Andr. 5, 6, 8; Eun. 2, 3, 56; Desierat; coepi, Ov. F. 4, 215; Desieram; coepit, 4, 217; Vix bene desieram, 5, 278; Vix bene desierat, 6, 513; 6. w. esse understood, cease to be, cease, end, omne bellum sumi facile, ceterum aegerume desinere, Sal. Jug. 83, 1; quo ferrea primum Desinet ac toto surget gens aurea mundo, Verg. B. 4, 9; Desierant imbres, Ov. M. 5, 285; Propter me mota est, propter me desinat ira, her. 3, 89; cetera non minus quam ipsi homines occidunt desinuntque, Plin. ep. 2, 10, 4; Pyrenaei desinentis scopulis, Flor. 4, 12, 46 (2, 33, 1); 7. esp. of rhetoric, quae similiter desinunt, Cic. or. 3, 206; quotiens incipit sensus uel desinit, Quint. 9, 4, 67; 8. w. in and acc., end (in), ut turpiter atrum Desinat in piscem, Hor. A. P. 3; nunc qua tenuissima cauda Desinit in piscem, Ov. M. 4, 727; quod...in uiolam (al. uiola) desinat fulgor, Plin. 37, 121; 9. by Gr. idiom, w. gen., desine mollium tandem qnerelarum et..., Hor. od. 2, 9, 17; cf. *ληξασ' οδυρμων περιθμων τε δακρυων*, Eur. Phoen. 1071; sim., ab unco, Prud. staph. 11, 64; but d. communibus locis in Cic. Acad. pr. 2, 80 is no doubt corrupt; 10. for pass, pers. see \* in § 4; 11. pass. imp. coeptum per eos..., desitum est per hunc..., Cic. p. Cornel. ap. Prisc. 1, 530, 20 K; Tunc bene desinitur, Ov. a. a. 1, 411; sermone abhinc multis annis iam desito uteris, Gell. 1, 10, 2; add † of § 4; but desitis in Varr. r. 1, 23, 6, prob. corrupt.

**destina**, ae, f. [see destino], a mooring chain, sin propter fluctus...destinae areas non potuerit continere, Vitruv. 5, 12, 3; 2. met. Atlautem...tibicinem illum ac destinam caeli, Arnob. 2, 69 f.; Et Thomas Libycae mutant destinā terrae, Corip. laud. Iust. 1, 18.

**destināte**, see destino, § 13.

**dē-stīno**, āre, vb. [destina sb.; but cf. prae-stino, ob-stino; seems to imply a vb. steno and adj. stenus=στενος, confined], fasten down, funes qui antennas ad malos destinabant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 6; has (rates) quaternis ancoris...destinabat, b. c. 1, 25, 7; laqueis falces auertebant, quas cum destinauerant, tormentis introrsum reducebant, b. g. 7, 22, 2; arcae...in aquam demittendae destinandaeque, Vitruv. 5, 12, 3; 2. in purchases, secure the right to, esp. by earnest money (cf. praestino), purchase, Minis triginta sibi puellam destinat, Datque arrabonem, Pl. Rud. prol. 45; quid eas, quanti destinat? Talentis magnis totidem quot ego et tu sumus: Set arraboni has dedit quadraginta minas, Most. 3, 1, 113; add 4, 2, 58; Pers. 4, 3, 72; 4, 4, 115; Taceo: ad lenonem uenio tribus in libertatem milibus Destiuere, Lucil. ap. Non. 289; quod tibi destinaras *τραπεζοφορον*, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 3; 3. fix with the eye in aiming, aim at, non capita solum hostium uulnerabant, sed quem locum destinassent oris, Liv. 38, 29, 7; quo densiores erant, hoc plura, uelut destinatum—a fixed mark—petentibus, uulnera accipiebant, 38, 26, 7; 4. met. fix upon or mark off, esp. for a proposito, destine, ne...tela in nostros operi\* destinatos conicere possent, Caes. b. g. 7, 72, 2; ad horam mortis destinatum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 63; eorum alteri diem necis d., off. 3, 45; me destinat arae\*, Verg. 2, 129; cadis tibi\* destinatis, Hor. od. 2, 7, 20; nemini dubium erat quin (Q.) Fabius omnium consensu (consul) destinaretur, Liv. 10, 22, 1; eum parem destinatum auimis magno Alexandro ducem, 9, 16 f.; uot of a purpose, auimis Zeuxippum auctorem destinabant caedis, 33, 28, 5; 5. w. a dat. of purpose, as iu\* of § 4; add: Anticyram illis,

Hor. s. 2, 3, 83; publicis se usibus, Vell. 2, 81, 3; huic spei, Quint. 1, 1, 8; foro, 2, 8, 8; add 3, 8, 42; 10, 7, 33; certis oneribus, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 50, 1; sculpturae, id. 11, 7, 2, 5; doti, id. 23, 3, 7, 3 f.; 6. w. ad, ad mortem, Liv. 2, 54, 40; ad certamen, 33, 37, 7; ad bellum, ad scribendum, Quint. 5, 10, 9; 10, 3, 14; 7. w. in, saxo aurore in aliud destinato, Tac. h. 4, 53 f.; in fugam, Amm. 29, 6, 9; 8. w. inf., resolve, determine, make up one's mind, infectis iis quae agero destinauerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 33, 4; adeo morte sola uinci destinauerant animis, Liv. 7, 33, 13; add 6, 6, 7; 24, 2, 1; 29, 20, 2; 43, 7, 3; Ov. M. 8, 157; 10, 379; F. 1, 621; Phaedr. 4, pr. 1 (4, 27, 1); Quint. 5, 1, 3; 9. part. fixed irrevocably, certis destinatisque sententiis quasi addicti, Cic. Tusc. 2, 5; nullam certam aut destinatum legibus (disciplinam), rep. 4, 3; praeter opinionem destinatum suorum, Liv. 28, 11, 9; II 10. destinatum as sb. n. resolve, resolution, intention, neque tuis neque Liviae destinatis aduersabor, Tac. an. 4, 40 f.; destinata retines, 6, 38 (32); add h. 4, 18; 11. ex destinato, in accordance with a previous resolution, intentionally, premeditatedly, peccauimus omnes... alii ex destinato, alii forte impulsu, Sen. clem. 1, 6, 3; add ben. 6, 10 f.; Suet. Cal. 43, 1; 12. destinato, as adv. the same, Suet. Caes. 60, 1; 13. destinate, adv. obstinately, persistently, d. certantibus, Amm. 18, 2, 7; comp. destinatum, 20, 4, 14; 20, 7, 10; 23, 1, 3; 27, 3, 1.

**dēsultōr**, ōris, m. [desilio] a circus-rider who leaps from one horse to another, peritus belli alios eligit...ac docet, aliter...desultor, Varr. r. 2, 17, 15; quibus desultorum in modum binos trahentibus equos...in recentem equum ex fesso armatis transulare mos erat, Liv. 23, 29, 5; semel quadrigis, semel desultore misso, 44, 9, 4; Necnon alterno desultor sidere dorso, Manil. 5, 85; 2. met., Non mihi mille placent, non sum desultor amoris, Ov. am. 1, 3, 15; desultorem bellorum ciuilium (Dellium), Sen. suas. 1, 8.

**dēsultōr-ius**, adj. of a desultor (wh. see), equos, Suet. Caes. 39; 2. of the class desultores, Cic. Mur. 57; 3. met. d. scientia, (if text sound), Apul. M. 1, 1 f.

**dēsultōr-ix**, icis, adj. f. [desultor, wh. see] met. d. uirtus, Tert. Valent. 38.

**dēsultūr-a**, f. [id.] leaping down or off, Tu sali Solus: nam ego istam insulturam et desulturam nihil moror, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 9.

**dē-tēgo**, ēre, tectus, vb. strip off thatch or tiles, unroof, Detexit uentus uillam—and soon: Ita omnis de tecto deturbauit tegulas, Pl. Rud. 1, 1, 3; quum aedes Iouis...uetustate atque iucuria detecta prolaberetur, Nep. Att. 20, 3; aedem Iunonis Lacinae ad partem dimidiam detegit, id satis esse ratus ad tegendum quod aedificaretur, Liv. 42, 3, 1—3; Deerat remi: porticus, gymnasia, publica aedificia detegebant, bell. Alex. 13, 2; and met., Igitur tum speciem cernitur quo enuiat aedificatio... Veuit ignauia: ea mihi tempestas fuit, Quae mihi...grandiuem imbrem attulit: Haec uerecundiam mihi...Deturbauit detextique... Non uideo mihi Sarcire posse aedis meas, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 57; Haec illast tempestas mea quae mihi modestiam omnem Detexit tectus qua fui quom mihi Amor et Cupido In pectus perpluit meum, 1, 3, 7; 2. hence of uncovering the head, Dardanius caput ecce puer detectus honestum, Verg. 10, 133; pedibus anteibat capite detecto seu sol seu imber esset, Suet. Caes. 57; 3. met. in gen., remove a covering, strip off, tum detegetur corium de tergo meo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 63; 4. uncover, w. acc. of what is left uncovered, strip, lay bare, quia posset fieri ut patefacta et detecta (corpora) mutentur, Cic. acad. pr. 122 (of a post-mortem dissection); Nunc quoque detecti (i.e. the naked Luperci) reformunt monumenta uetusti Moris, Ov. F. 2, 301; et grandia detegit ossa, M. 9, 169; 5. met., insidias, Liv. 10, 4, 10; fraudem, 22, 43, 1; furta, Ov. a. a. 2, 428; iutimos adfectus meos, Sen. cp. 96, 2; malignitatem, Tac. dial. 25; iudicium animi sui, ib.; animi secreta, Quiut. 11, 1, 30; mores se inter ludendum simplicius detegunt, 1, 3, 12; 6. as adj. naked, bare, hyacinthus nec..., nec propensa perspicuitate detectior, Sol. 30, 32.



**dētēr-ior**, ōris, adj. doub. comp. [implies a lost comp. deter or deterus, from de] lit. lower, but in use only inferior, worse, not necessarily bad, Nam strenuori deterior si praedicat suas pugnas, de illius ore fiunt sordidae, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 10; Set tu obiurgans me a peccatis rapis deteriorem in uiam, Trin. 3, 2, 54; in segetem deteriorum, Ace. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 13; ruina rem non fecit deteriorum; haud scio an iam fructuosiorum, Att. 14, 11 f.; qui suo aduentu uctigalia sibi deteriora faceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 4; Deteriore...forma muliercula, Lucr. 4, 1279; Deterior...aetas, Verg. 8, 326; uideo meliora sunt quam quae deterrima, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 2; ut...ex bono in deterrimum conuersum sit, Cic. rep. 2, 47; **3.** adv. on a lower scale, worse, Ne qui deterius huic sit quam quoi pessimum, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 80; add Cic. fin. 1, 8; Hor. ep. 1, 10, 19.

**dē-uerbēro**, āre, vb. flog to the utmost, Quot me censes homines iam deuerberasse usque ad necem? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 13; deuerberatum seruum, Lact. 2, 7 f.

**dēuerbium**, see diuerbium.

**dēuergentia**, ac, f. [deuergo], declination, circulum caeli ex deuergentia et conuexionibus mundi uarietas, Gell. 14, 1, 8.

**dē-uergo**, ēre, vb. slope down, incline downwards, terrena nequaquam, deuergunt enim pondere, Apul. d. deo Soer. 9. **Dēuerr-a**, ae, f. Goddess of down-sweeping, who watched over women after childbirth, tres nuncupatos deos Intercedonam a—, Pilonum a—, Deuerram a scopis, Varr. ap. Aug. c. d. 6, 9.

**dē-uerro**, ēre, vb. sweep down, sw. wholly away, Quam non solum deuerrere scopis, Varr. ap. Aug. c. d. 6, 9 (s. Deuerra); humor omnis urinae deuerrendus est, Colum. 7, 4, 5; **2.** met. deuorare se omnia ac deuerrere, Lucil. ap. Non. 420.

**1 dēuersitor**, āri, vb. r. doub. fr. [deuorsor ari] keep turning off (from the high road), met., ad ipsa Platonis penetralia...pergendum est, non ad uocularum eius amoenitatem...deuersitandum, Gell. 1, 20, 6.

**2 dēuersitor**, ōris, m. [deuorsor ari], one who turns off (a high road, as to a tavern) ante inter deuorsitores diutius ingurgitata... Petr. 79; d. cum parte cenulae interuenit, 95, 1.

**1 dēuersor**, āri, vb. r. fr. [deuortor] turn aside (from the high road), take up one's quarters (for a time as a traveller at...) put up, Rubrium parum laute deuorsari, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 64; cum Athenis imperator apud eum deuorsarer, Tusc. 5, 22; hae te in domo (sc. Pompeii) tamdiu deuorsari noui pudet? Phil. 2, 68; deuorsatur est Laodiceae apud Pompeium, Att. 6, 1, 25; add 13, 2, 2; tecta aedificari (iubet) ubi deuorsari...possent, Liv. 44, 9, 11; add Apul. M. 1, 21 (bis); **2.** met. mariti facies in meis deuorsatur oculis, Apul. M. 8, 9; **3.** perh. deuorsor for Cic. as also in foll.

**2 dēuersor**, ōris, m. [deuerto] one who has put up at an inn, a traveller, caupo cum quibusdam deuorsoribus illum...consequitur, Cic. inv. 2, 15.

**dēuersoriolum**, i, n. dim. [deuorsorium], a little roadside inn, Sinuessanum d. contempsisti, Cic. fam. 12, 20; add Att. 14, 8; C. Oppio, deuorsorio loco (so Casaub. ej.; mss deuorsorio loco) cesserit, Suet. Caes. 72.

**dēuersōr-lus**, (older deuors.) adj., for travellers to put up at, in tabernam ducor deuorsorium, Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 29; si ager seundum uiam et opportunus niatoribus locus, aedificandae tabernae deuorsoriae, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; add Suet. Ner. 27; **II 2.** deuorsorium, ii, as sb. n., a place for travellers to put up at, a roadside inn, libentius emerim deuorsorium Tarracinae, ne semper hospiti molestus sim, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 3; eius Falernum...idoneum uisum est deuorsorio, 6, 19, 1; add Att. 4, 12; or. 2, 234; Phil. 2, 104; and met. sen. 84; Rose. Am. 134; magis pro maiestate in deuorsorio hospitali...praetextam sumpturum, Liv. 21, 63, 10; add 1, 51, 2; Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 8; 22, 2, 3; Apul. M. 7, 29; 9, 41.

**dē-uersus**, adv. downward, = deorsum uersus, Paul. ex F. 71.

**dēuert-icūlum**, (old. deuort.), i, n. a laue turning off from a high road, a byway, Vbi ad ipsum ueni deuorticulum, constiti, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 7; wh. Don.: est ubi iter de uia flectitur; quos tu Maeandros dum omnes solitudines persequeris, quae deuorticula flexione quaeisiti? Cic. Pis. 53; uia Praenestina...deuorticula sinistrorsus, Front. sq. 5; **2.** met. a byway, ut ab rerum ordiue declinare, uarietatibusque distinguendo opere legentibus uelut deuorticula amoena quaererem, Liv. 9, 17, 1; qui taedio laboris...confugerint ad haec deuorticula desidia, Quint. 12, 3, 11; depulsa recta uia ad eloquendi quaedam deuorticula confugiat, 10, 1, 29; add 9, 2, 78; **3.** esp. a byway for escape, a loophole, aliud fraudis et insidiarum...deuorticulum repperit, Cic. Rosc. com. 52; ne deuorticula peccatis darentur—loopholes to escape by—, part. or. 136; inuentum deuorticulum in fraudem (legum), Plin. 10, 140;

**4.** a cut or branch from a river, quod in fluminis publici deuorticulo solus...piscatus sit, Papin. dig. 41, 3, 45; add Marc. 44, 3, 7; Th. C. 8, 5, 33; and perh. Plin. 29, 23; =diuorsorium, a road-side inn or lodging, a cabaret, quum gladii aboliti ex omnibus locis deuorticuli (called deuorsorium in § 2) protraherentur, Liv. 1, 51, 8; Nero...lupanaria et deuorticula...pererrabat, Tac. au. 13, 25, 1; and met., Nec confidentia usquam hospitium nec deuorticulum dolis, Pl. Capt. 3, 3, 8; **5.** a digression, A deuorticulo repetatur fabula, Iuv. 15, 72; Sed deuorticulo fuimus fortasse loquaces;...Nuno repetamus iter, Rutil. itin. 2, 61.

**dē-uerto**, (older deuorto), ēre, uerti, uersus; and deuortor\* ti, vb. lit. turn down, hence turn off (the high road), esp. for refreshment at an inn etc., put up for a time, obsecro hercle hortamini Vt deuortatur\* ad me in hospitium optimum, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 60; Vide sis ne forte ad merendam quopiam deuortaris, Most. 4, 2, 50; Ego deuortor\* extra portam huc in tabernam tertiam, Ps. 2, 2, 63; hoc est sextum a porta proximum Angiportum: in id angiportum me deuorti\* iusserat, 4, 2, 6; deuortitur\* Aput paternum suum hospitem, Mil. 2, 1, 56; aput te eos hic deuortier\* Dieam hospitio, 2, 2, 85; Ambo hospitium huc in proximum deuorti\* mihi sunt uisi, 2, 4, 32; Nam hospes nullus tam in amici hospitium deuorti\* potest, 3, 1, 146; cum Romam ueniebant, deuortebantur\* (deuort.?) pro hospitibus ad amicos suos, Cato orat. ap. Fest. 234 M; in nrhem ueniens ex hortis deuortitur\* ad nos, Varr. r. 2, 12; sic, itineris causa ut deuorterer\* (diuorterer M R; deuortererem, Baiter), Cic. Att. 3, 7, 1; Cimone in snos curiales hospitem fuisse: ita enim instituisse...ut omnia praebarentur quicunque Laciades in uillam suam deuertisset, off. 2, 64; alterum ad coponem deuertisse, ad hospitem alterum, diu. 1, 57; locum publice pararet ut deuortetur\*, Liv. 42, 1, 7; quod Bouillas...deuertisset ut expectaret dum Clodius a uilla sua exiret, Quint. 6, 3, 49; si qui...deuortentur\* neque Tolosam ire uellent, Cic. Font. 19; haec (sc. militaris uia)...assiduis deuertentium hospitibus infestat rem familiarum, Colum. 1, 5, 7; licet in caupona gratis deuortaris, Paul. dig. 4, 9, 6; add Apul. M. 1, 15; 2, 3\*; 4, 1; 4, 3; 9, 32; 10, 1; ad Milonem deuorto, 3, 41; **2.** turn off, turn aside, gen., Deos salutatum atque uxorem modo intro deuortor\* domum, Pl. St. 4, 1, 29; at Ego deos penates hinc salutatum domum Deuortar, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 82; Hortensius...ad Terentiam salutatum deuortat, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 5; se Pompeii conueniendi causa deuertisse Massiliam, Phil. 13, 13; Castaliam molli deuortitur\* orbita eliuo, Verg. G. 3, 293; cum perpaucis...uia deuertit, Liv. 44, 43, 2; Alitis in rare miserum deuortere\* funus, Ov. am. 2, 6, 9; Docta, quid ad magicas deuortaris\* artes? a. a. 2, 425; Quaeque suo uentura potes deuortere cursu, Lucan. 6, 591; deuortere uia cogebantur, Plin. pan. 52 f.; Aegyptio deuertisse in Africam, Curt. 4, 9, 1 (4, 35); inde namque deuorteram, Liv. 45, 40, 2; in Syria in proficiscentem...Argos deuertisse, Gell. 3, 9, 4; add Stat. Th. 3, 45\*; **3.** turn off (to another subject), digress, sed redeamus illuc unde deuorteram, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 5; dum ea in Peloponneso a quibus deuertit oratio geruntur, Liv. 39, 53, 1; in haec diuertisse



(so edd.; but deu.?) non fuerit alienum...Hiuc redeamus ad reliqua, Plin. 2, 28; 4. note refl. form in imper., simple in perf., as w. reuertor. Apul. gen. avoids refl.

**dē-uescor**, ei, vb. r. eat up, Stat. Th. 1, 604.

**dextrāle**, (al) is, adj. n. as sb. [dextra] a bracelet for the right hand, Cyprian. hab. Virg. ex Isai. 3; = dextrochium, Gloss. Isid.; dextral genus ornamenti, Gloss. Balliol. v. Ellis in Camb. J. of Phil., Vol. 1., No. 2, p. 78.

**dif-fēro**, rre, dis-tūli, dī-lātus, vb. [dis, dif-fero for dīθ-fero], carry a different way, non cum scapha tempestas dexterorsum Differt ab illis, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 39; 2. carry different ways, often w. violence, tear asunder, scatter, Iam ego te faciam ut hic formicae frustillatim, differaut, Pl. Curc. 4, 4, 20; absque foret te...Distraxissent disque tullissent satellites tui me miserum, Trin. 4, 1, 14—wh. note the tmesis; (alios) alia fluctus differt, dissipat Visceratim membra, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 183, 17; uenti uis...nubila differt, Lucr. 1, 272; late differre fauillam, 2, 676; add 6, 691; (ignem) sic distulit uentus uti uno tempore agger plutei testudo...flammas conciperent, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 2; passim eos simul paour terrorque distulerant, Liv. 6, 42, 8; citae Mettum in dinersa quadrigae Distulerant, Verg. 8, 643; aquilo...arida differt nubila, G. 3, 197; Post insepulta membra differunt lupi, Hor. epod. 5, 99; maiorem partem classis adorta uis Africi lacerauit ac distulit, Vell. 2, 79, 3; 3. scatter by transplanting, transplant, Cytisum seritur in terra bene subacta;...inde differtur, Varr. r. 1, 43; seras in uersum distulit ulmos, Verg. G. 4, 144; enatum (porrum) epitatum in his locis quibus aqua ministrari non potest differti debet circa aequinoctium autumni, Colum. 11, 3, 32; rutam autumnno semine satam mense Martio differre oportet, 11, 3, 38; add 11, 3, 42; parietem foro (myrtorum) ex quo uirgulae differantur, Plin. 17, 62; 4. be torn in pieces as it were by pain, physical effort, or passion, be distracted, miseram me, differ doloribus, Iuno Lucina fer opem, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 40; clamore defatigor differor, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 15, burst; cupidine, Poen. 1, 1, 28; laetitia, Truc. 4, 1, 3; amore, Mil. 4, 4, 27; so (amore) Exanimor feror differor distrahor diripor, Cist. 4, 4, 20; desiderio, Turp. ap. Non. 173, 5;

5. met. scatter to the winds or tear to pieces by abuse, cut up, defame, blow up, te iam nisi reddi Mihi uasa iubes, pipulo hic differam, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 32; iam ego te differam dictis meis, Ps. 1, 3, 125; differor sermone, Caec. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10 f.; Orationem sperat inuenisse se Qui differat te, Ter. Andr. 2, 4, 5; non me...Sermone indecorans turpi fama differet? Ace. ap. Non. 124, 32; Et male dicendo in multis sermonibus differs, Lucil. ap. Non. 284, 19; aeterna differor inuidia, Prop. 1, 16 f.; add 1, 4, 22; 6. spread (rumours), ne mi hanc famam (so mss; Meurs. cj. me hac fama) differant Me germanam meam sororem in concubinum tibi Si (so mss; edd. cj. sic) sine dote dedidisse, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 63; rumores distulerunt maliuoli...Ter. Haut. pr. 16; qui male commissam libertatem populo Romano sermonibus distulerint, Liv. 34, 49, 6; promissum ius annulorum fama distulit, Suet. Caes. 33; celeri rumore dilato Dioni uim adlatam, ps. Nep. Dion. 10, 1; 7. so far w. rumor etc. expressed; also absol. in later l., spread a rumour, news, orders, differri per externos tanquam ueneno interceptus esset, Tac. an. 3, 12 m; regemque fragor per moenia differt Mille ciere uiros, Val. F. 1, 753; differtur per maipulos Tacfarinatem omnes consecentur, Tac. an. 4, 25; 8. postponing a matter scatters to the winds all arrangements for a time—hence put off, postpone, first w. acc. of thing, hanc disputationem in aduentum tuum differo, Cic. fam. 2, 3, 2; rem differre ac procrastinare coeperunt, Rose. Am. 26; te id quod promulgasses misericordiae nomine ad crudelitatis tempus distulisse, Vat. 28; reliqua differamus in crastinum, rep. 2, 70; in posterum oppugnationem, Caes. b. g. 7, 11, 5; add b. c. 1, 65, 5; 1, 86, 2; add Deiot. 21; Caes. b. c. 1, 86, 2; add 1, 65, 5; Differat in pueros ista tropaea suos, Prop. 4, 6, 82; Distulit iura sitim, Ov. M. 6, 366; mirareris

ut sitim differat, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 7; 9. w. inf. nec ultra ad arma iro dilaturum, Liv. 42, 2, 2; cunctatus an, quae apud senatum proponeret, agere differret, Suet. Caes. 81;

10. w. acc. of person, sin autem differs me in tempus aliud..., Cic. fam. 5, 12, 10; nec te nenturas differ in horas, Ov. rem. am. 93; add M. 13, 519; caros nec differ amicos, Mart. 13, 55, 1; 11. hence in pass. differri non posse adeo concitatos animos, Liv. 7, 14, 3; add 25, 25, 3; 26, 33, 6; qui ad nouos magistratus dilati erant, 41, 8, 5; non differtur in diem qui se (philosophiae) subicit, Sen. ep. 8, 7; ignari quid rogassent differebantur, Plin. pan. 26, 2; add Iust. 9, 6, 8; 12. w. acc. of time, in hac me causa tempus dilaturum putas? Cic. fin. 4, 1; tempus...ita maturum ut differri iam hora non possit, Phil. 6, 19; quum is diem de die differret, Liv. 25, 25, 4; 13. absolutely, nihil dilaturum quin..., Liv. 6, 22, 9; non distulit quin..., Suet. Caes. 4; III 14. bear in another direction, have another bearing, and so gen. differ, first w. ab, Cauillationes (pron. call.) uis opinor dicere. Ita ut pauxillum differat a cauillibus (pron. caulibus), Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 18; a nobis... non differre uestitu, Cic. Phil. 8, 32; add or. 66; 15. w. inter, ut hoc differant inter se quod..., Cic. or. 114; hi omnes... inter se differunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 2; 16. rarely w. cum, (ocasio) cum tempore hoc differit, Cic. inv. 1, 40; quid res cum re differat, 82; add 2, 92; 17. in poet. and later prose, w. dat. nisi quod pede certo Differt sermoni, sermo merus, Hor. s. 1, 4, 48; origo (margaritarum) conchae est haud multum ostracum conchis differens, Plin. 9, 107; 18. as vb. impers., there is a difference, nihil inter deum et deum differt, Cic. N. D. 1, 80; uide quid differat inter meam opinionem et tuam, Caecil. 61; est quod differat...iuter iustitiam et uerecundiam, off. 1, 99; neque hilum Differre an (so mss it seems) ullo fuerit iam tempore natus, Lucr. 3, 868; quid enim differt barathrone...? Hor. s. 2, 3, 166; nec quidquam differre utrumne..., 2, 3, 251.

**dilaxo**? in Lucil. ap. Porphyry, ad Hor. s. 1, 2, 125 read w. L. Müller: cruribu' cura διαλασσων (mss diallaxon or near it).

**dilectus**, (rather than del.), ūs, m. [diligere or deligo], a levying (of troops, perh. at first by selection), quod idem in dilectu (so B and virtually AHV) consules obseruant, ut primus miles fiat bono nomine, Cic. diu. 1, 102; in hoc prouinciali dilectu (so M), Cic. fam. 15, 1, 5; dilectus circa urbem intermituntur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 4; ueteranis (legionibus) ni et reliquis quas ex nouo dilectu confecerat, 1, 25, 1; dilectu decreto nemo nomen dedit, Liv. 2, 27, 10; festinatis per Galliam dilectibus—and soon—e Britannico dilectu, Tac. h. 2, 57; qui ad dilectum non respondebant, Arr. dig. 49, 16, 10; qui filium debilitauit dilectu per bellum iudicto, ib. 12; 2. met. of holding a census at Rome (i.e. muster of an army), Perii dilectum dimisit: nunc non censet, cum uolo, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 15; utrumque (gen.) tibi nunc dilectum para, Ps. 1, 3, 15S; 3. dilectum habere, to hold a levy, dilectum (so M) habere noluerit, Cic. fam. 15, 1, 5; add Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 2; 7, 1, 1; 7, 4, 3, and eleven times in b. c.; decernunt ut consules dilectum (so Iord.; Kritz del.), Sal. Cat. 86, 3; habiti dilectus (so ms Amerb.; Kritz del.), reuocati undique ueterani, Vell. 2, 111, 1; habiti per Galatiam...dilectus, Tac. an. 13, 35; and met. Ita uinariorum habemus nostrae dilectum (so mss) domi, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 16; 4. agere dilectum, the same, Tac. h. 2, 16, 2, 82; Agric. 7; Quint. 12, 3, 5; 5. dil. in best mss of Cic. as above; add Vab in Phil. 5, 31 (bis); in Nipperdey's ABCD of Caes. h. g., and a b of his b. c.; so for Liv. Med. Leid. 1, Voss. 1, says Drak. ad 37, 15, 7; and P ut in Alschefski; Madv. begins w. del. in 2, 7, 10 (bis) and 2, 28, 5; hut has dil. in 9, 10, 6; 9, 42, 9; 23, 17, 9; 25, 5, 5; 43, 15, 1; but Haase gives delectibus (?) in Sen. ira 3, 2, 4.

**dil-īgo**, ūre, lexi, lectus, vb. [lēgo], lit. select, and so esteem, love, pick out for one's friendship and love, (w. or without merit), quem di diligunt Adulescens moitur,



Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 18; Ita illum dilexit (sc. auos) qui subruptust alterum, Men. prol. 41; satin habes si feminarum nullast quam aeque diligam? Amph. 1, 3, 11; Solus est quem diligant di, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 9; Nam sino controorsia ab dis solus diligere, Antipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 14; Non pol quo qumquam plus amem aut plus diligam, Eun. 1, 2, 16; add Andr. 1, 5, 57; meris merito ut diligare, Turp. ap. Non. 468, 19; quos ego ambo unice diligo—and soon: me semper ut alterum parentem et obseruat et diligit, Cic. fam. 5, 8, 4; eum non solum beneficio sed amore etiam et perpetuo quodam iudicio meo diligebam, 1, 9, 6; non est uiri boni diligere quod per se non sit diligendum, leg. 1, 48; deligere oportet quem uelis diligere, ad Her. 4, 29; clientes quos ab his dilectos esse constabat...una cremabantur, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 4; ciuitates...magnis adfectae beneficiis eum diligebant, b. e. 1, 61, 3; Tantum infelicem nimium dilexit amicum, Verg. 9, 430; Dilecte Maecenas, Hor. od. 2, 20, 7; Vel non cognosceret uel dilexisse negabit, Vsque adeo mutata ferar, Ov. M. 14, 151; et me dilexit Anapis, 5, 417; 2. w. abstract obj. nihil est uirtuto amabilius, nihil quod magis alliciat ad diligendum, quippe cum propter uirtutem...etiam eos quos numquam nidimus quodammodo diligamus, Cic. am. 28; officia (hominis) obseruauitque, Balb. 63; Auream...mediocritatem, Hor. od. 2, 10, 6; 3. met., montes amant cedrus larix taeda...montes et ualles diligit abies, Plin. 16, 74; nasci (pira) tali solo maxime diligunt quale... Pall. febr. 25, 1; II 4. dilectus as adj. loved, dear, often w. dat., o luce magis dilecta sorori, Verg. 4, 31; Dilecti Thetidi alcyones, G. 1, 399; Ioui, Hor. od. 1, 21, 4; tibi, ep. 2, 1, 247; deae, Ov. M. 8, 755; superis, 10, 153; 5. hence in late wr., comp. Macr. s. 2, 1, 1; Claud. r. Pros. 3, 74; superl. Stat. Th. 8, 99; III 6. diligens, ntis, as adj., habitually distinguishing, attentive, even to trifles, particular, precise, careful, A. Set uide ex nauī egerantur quae imperari iam omnia. S. Et memor sum et diligens ut quae imperes comparant, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 83; etiam uerbis ae nominibus ipsis fuit diligens, Cic. rep. 2, 40; in ostentis animaduertendis, diu. 1, 94; qui in re aduenticia atque hereditaria tam diligens, tam attentus esset, Verr. 2, 1, 126; qui uolunt diligentes circa hoc uideri..., Plin. 31, 56; in compositione adeo diligens ut cura eius reprehendatur, Quint. 10, 1, 79; 7. often of domestic affairs, homo frugi ac diligens qui sua seruare uellet, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; si quis hominem prodigum et luxuriosum illudens parcum et diligentem appellet, ad Her. 4, 46; de alieno negligentes, de suo diligentes, Plin. ep. 4, 13, 8; quendam ut sibi uidebatur lautum et diligentem. ut mihi sordidum simul et sumptuosum, 2, 6, 1; eum te...pro inliberali diligentem (appelles), Quint. 9, 3, 65; 8. w. abstr. subj., assidua ac diligens scriptura, Cic. or. 1, 150; diligentier custodia, Vell. 1, 4, 2; subtilitas, Plin. 3, 45; notitia, 6, 24; remedia, Sen. ep. 95, 14; cura, Quint. 10, 1, 1; stilus, Tac. dial. 39; obseruatio, Gal. 2, 109; 9. w. ad, ad custodiendum d., Cic. Cat. 1, 19; ad reportandum, Verr. 2, 4, 6; ad cetera, Quint. 1, 1, 7; 10. as sb. a strict observer or student, w. gen., homini...omnis officii diligentissimo, Cic. Cael. 73; cuius (disciplinae)...Sparta diligens fuit, Vell. 1, 6, 3; diligentissimi naturae tradunt, Plin. 13, 31; Sextius diligentissimus medicinae, 32, 26; tam diligens temperamenti, pau. 79; Plato diligentissimus compositionis, Quint. 9, 4, 77; Volusius...iuris euilis...anxie diligens, ap. Ulpian dig. 37, 14, 17; uir literarum ueterum diligentissimus, Gell. 4, 11, 4; ueritatis, ps. Nep. Epam. 3, 1; but not imperii, id. Con. 1, 2; 11. diligenter, adv. with minute care, Vt absente ero sem sui eri diligenter Tutetur, Pl. Men. 4, 6, 3; add Capt. 2, 1, 30; Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 1; 2, 3, 48; Cic. Phil. 1, 31; Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 1; 12. comp. Cic. Brut. 86; Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 4; sup. Cic. rep. 2, 5; Caes. b. g. 2, 28, 3.

**discidium**, ii, n. [discindo; cf. excidium from exscindo], lit. tearing asunder, Nulla ni foret nsus enim quao partibus eius Discidium parere et nexs exsoluere posset, Lucr. 1, 220; add 249; 452; Conciliis, et discidiis exercita crebris,

2, 120; Sic ubi non erimus, cum corporis atque animai Discidium fuerit, quibus e sumus uniter apti, 6, 849; add 3, 343, 347 and 581; 6, 293; post discessum fluctum inter plura humi discidia humanum corpus reperit sit cubitum trium atque triginta, Sol. 1, 91; 2. met. separation (of friends), Neque per nimum umquam ex me exoritur discidium (so BCD) in conuiuiu, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 60 (55); ualeant Qui inter nos discidium uolunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 14; Neque mea culpa hoc discidium euenisse, id testor deos, Ifec. 3, 5, 26; add 5, 2, 16; cur uetera tam ex alto appetissis Discidia Agamemno, Acc. ap. Non. 237, 21; quod desiderium tui discidi ferre non posset, Cic. Phil. 2, 45; acerbissime discidium nostrum tulisse, Att. 4, 1, 1; ne qua amicorum discidia fiant, Cic. am. 78 and just before: dissuendae magis quam discidendae (amicitiae); add Sull. 60; Cael. 31; Att. 1, 17, 7; Balb. 30; and pl. in am. 23; fin. 1, 44; acad. post. 43; 3. esp. of man and wife, divorce, ait hic sibi Iuliam ferre, constitutum enim esse discidium, Cic. Att. 15, 29, 2; add 11, 23, 3; Non bene discidium Phrygii latura mariti Sidonis, Ov. M. 14, 79; locorum commutationes, orbitates, discidia, Sen. const. sap. 8, 3; Agrippa discidio domni imminuerat, Tac. an. 2, 86; add 11, 30; 12, 2; 12, 40; 14, 1; 14, 60; Angustam...repudiavit intraque breue tempus impatiens discidii...reduxit, Suet. Dom. 4; and met.: hinc discidium illud existit quasi linguae atque cordis, Cic. or. 3, 61; 4. disidium, a non-existing word, often in bad mss; cf. Madv. Excurs. ad fin. 1, 44.

**discrībo\***, (often miswritten descr. in mss.) 3re, psi, ptus vb. [dis+scribo] divide, distribute or allot in writing, give order for the distribution of, and gen. divide etc., quei ex h. 1. cmr. uireis (nom. pl.)...lectei erunt, ea nomina omnia in albo scriptes (for scripta or scriptos) patrem tribum coenomenque tributimque descriptos hab(eto), CIL 198, 14, the same w.: tributimque descriptos\* h., 198, 18; (quod eius) ptequima descriptum\*+ adsignatumue in tabuleis publicis esse eritue), 200, 70; D. illut mihi Argentum rursum iube rescribi (to be paid back) Phormio, P. Quodne ego discrispsi\*+ (paid away to different people) porro illis quibus debui? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 30; eam aquam distribuere describere\*, inser. aq. d. Venafr. Henz. 6428; populum in tribus tris curiasque triginta descripsit, Cic. rep. 2, 14; habuit plebem in clientelas principum descriptam, 2, 16; popnligne partis in tribus descributo\*, leg. 3, 7; descriptus\* populus censu ordinibus aetatis, 3, 44; sic...ut quadragna milia sedecim iudicibus darentur, non Archimedes melius potuit describere, Clu. 37; in iugera dena describat, agr. 2, 79; duodena describit in singulos homines iugera, 2, 85; descriptis urbis partes ad incendia, Cat. 1, 9; distributis partibus tributum et centuriatim, descriptis ordinibus clasibus aetatis, Flac. 15; descriptis pecuniam ad Pompeii rationem...—and soon after—qui cum omnes Asiae ciuitates pro portione descriptisset, 32; cum decuriatis ae descriptos haberes exercitus perditurum, dom. 13; eum ceterae partes aetatis bene descriptae sint, sen. 5; mirari se sollertiam eius a quo essent illa dimensa atque descripta\* (so B, al. descr.) et Cyrum respondisse...: Mei sunt ordines, mea descriptio (so P), 59; cuius negotii fingi curatio potuit quae non esset attributa atque descripta\* (so P)? Cic. Sest. 66; ciuitatibus pro numero militum pecuniarum summas describere\*+ (so R i m.), Verr. 2, 5, 62; non aequitate iura descripsit, ib. 27; pecuniae maximae describuntur\*+, fam. 12, 1, 1; Italiae regiones descriptae sunt quam quisque partem tueretur, 11, 16, 3; nectigal . . quod iis aequaliter Sulla descripsit, ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 33; ut eam materiam orationis quae euisus esset generis... omnibus locis descriptam comprehendere, or. 2, 145; suffragia descripta\* (P 2 m., districta M) tenentur a paucis, har. resp. 60; quae descripta\* (so Hb) sunt legibus et iure civilis, off. 1, 51; solarium uel descriptum uel ex aqua, N. D. 2, 87; quod (se. solarium) quoniam ad clima Siciliae descriptum ad horas Romae non conueniret, Censor. 23, 7; in caelo describendo astrologi..., Varr. r. 2, 1, 7; fac ut plane descriptum ae dispositum suum cuiquo munus sit, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 20; uecturas



frumenti finitimis ciuitatibus descripsit, Caes. b. c. 3, 42, 4; ad cursus lunae in duodecim menses describit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; descripto ad tibicinem cantu, 7, 2, 7; magnam uim frumenti quaternis aeris uicatum populo descripserunt, 20, 26, 6; decem milia talentum argenti descripta pensionibus aequis in annos L soluerent, 30, 37, 5; descripta suis quaeque partibus (castrorum), 31, 34, 8; iis quindecim milia peditum et quingentos equites pro numero cuiusque iuniorum descripsit, 34, 56, 6; quum eos (in) legiones quattuor descripsissent, 39, 38, 11; Sedesque descriptas\* (so B, al. discretas) piorum, Hor. od. 2, 13, 23; Descripsit sedes uarie natura profundi, Ov. Hal. 92; descripto\* (so Amerb.) in omnis recessus maris praesidio nauium, Vell. 2, 32, 4; descriptis in deos stellis, Plin. 18, 270; haec copia aquarum ad hunc modum describebatur, Frontin. aq. 87; 2. descriptus as adj. duly distributed, natura qua nihil est aptius, nihil descriptius\*, Cic. fin. 3, 74; 3. as sb. n. pl. descripta, recitari factorum dictorumque eius descripta per dies iussit, Tac. an. 6, 30 (24), a journal; 4. descripte adv. with due distribution of parts, in praesentia numeros... confuse et permixte dispersimus; post descripte\* (descriptae P, al. descripte) et electe in genus quodque... digeremus, Cic. inv. 1, 49; 5. note the use in money-payments, orig. by written order, marked †; 6. cf. Buecheler Rh. Mus. 13, 598 and descriptio.

**descriptio**, ōnis, (often wrongly written in mss descr.) f. [describo, wh. see] a distribution by writing and so gen., distribution, division, populum distribuit in quinque classis... Quae descriptio (so C) si esset ignota uobis explicaretur a me, Cic. rep. 2, 39; nullam omnium rerum publicarum aut constitutione aut descriptione conferendam esse cum ea quam patres nostri nobis...reliquerunt, 1, 70; omnium magistratum descriptio, leg. 3, 12; and again ib.; descriptio sacerdotum, 2, 30; descriptio (so A) siderum, N. D. 2, 115; descriptionem (so P G) ciuitatis, Sest. 137; urbs situ et descriptione aedificiorum nobilis, agr. 2, 40; urbis (Campauae) salubritate descriptione pulchritudine, 2, 95; descriptio totam per urbem caedis atque incendiorum constituta est, Sul. 52; in quo praetoris est diligentia requirenda? In numero nauium et in descriptione aequabili sumptus, Flac. 32; and soon: descriptis autem pecuniam ad Pompeii rationem quae fuit accommodata L. Sullae descriptioni; seruorum uicatum celebrabatur tota urbe descriptio, de dom. 129; quom descriptio partium habeat gratum fidumque animum in uiros, inser. Or. 4860; quae parum apte descriptioni priorum (librorum) ad speciem adligata subici uidebantur, Frontin. strat. 4 pr.; de legionum et auxiliorum descriptione (so cod. Memm.), Suet. Tib. 30; 2. prob. in all the above we should write descr.

**dissex**, Icīs, m.? (a Span. wd.?) perh. a horse of Spanish breed, ut cursu certare, ut disice ferri Et pedes arma gerens et equo iaculator Hiberō, CIL 2, 2660.

**displīcentia**, ae, f. dissatisfaction, hinc illud est taedium et displīcentia sui, Sen. tranq. 2, 10; 2. absol. as a med. term, a feeling of malaise or discomfort of body, Caes. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 86 and 5, 10, 96 translating *δυσάρεστος*.

**dissīcio**, ĩre, -iēci, -iectus, vb = dis-īcio, throw different ways, scater, Clupeatus elefantum ubi macera dissicit, Pl. Curc. 3, 54; uis animai...simul cum corpore dissicietur, Lucr. 3, 639, so Lachm.; dide ac dissice (so Put. ms) Cic. Cael. 37; (equi) excussis rectoribus dissicere (so Med.) obuosis, Tac. an. 1, 65; plerosque Alexander dissicit, itin. Alex. M. 62; disperdo, dissicio dissero, Prisc. 14, p. 1002 P; 2, 56, 21 K; and perh. pernam totam dissicit, Titin. ap. Non. 290, who has diligit; 2. if akin to dissipio (dissupo), iacio aud *αἴρω* must once have had an initial s.

**dīū**, [a case (acc. w. m lost?) for dium] of a lost sb. = dies] all day, found only w. noctu in this sense, Noctu et diu ut niro subdola sis, obseero memento, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 5; Nec noctu nec diu quictus umquam eram (so Bothe, Non. eam);

nunc dormiam, Pl. Aul. ap. Non. 98; Nec noctu nec diu licet fullonibus quiescant, Titin. ib.; noctu diuque stationes et uigilias temptare, Sal. ap. Char. 186 P, 207, 17 K;

II 2. as adv. a long time, long—cf. our phrase, he will be all day about it—, Set iam satis est philosophatum: nimis diu et longum loquor, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 21; Diu ego hunc cruciabo, non uno apsoluam die, Capt. 3, 5, 73; sperat adolescens diu se uicturum—and soon: ille uult diu uiuere, hic diu uixit. Quamquam, o di boni, quid est in hominis uita diu? Cic. sen. 68; diu legiones Caesaris uiguerunt, nunc uigent Pansae, Phil. 11, 39; ut diu iactato brachio praeparent scutum manu emittere, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 4; diu atque acriter pugnatum est, 1, 25 f.; 3. of what is still going on, a present is used, esp. w. iam, Nam ego han diu apud hunc seruitutem seruo—have been a slave—Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 97 (95); iam diu scio qui fuit, Ps. 1, 3, 29; add Curc. 1, 3, 51; omnia iam ex ipso quae diu cupimus cognituros, Cic. or. 1, 136; id quod populum Romanum iam diu flagitat, Caeel. 26; de quorum religione iam diu dicimus, Verr. 4, 105; add off. 1, 143; Karthagini iam diu cogitanti bellum multo ante denuntio, sen. 18; 4. w. a perf. tense, the end is spoken of as arrived, Recordatus multum sum et diu cogitauī, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 1; Mittam. Sed nimis longum loquor: din me estis demorati, Epid. 3, 2, 40; satis diu fuit in miseris, satis multos annos ex inuidia laborauit, Cic. Clu. 202; ad remedium iam diu neque desideratum nec adhibitum, dictatorem dicendum, eiuitas confugit, Liv. 22, 8, 5; 5. the following Hand § 5, quotes for the sense long ago; but needlessly, Scelus inquam factumst iam diu antiquom et uetus, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 45; add Epid. 1, 1, 9, where iam diu belongs to oportuit; Ps. 1, 3, 4; Men. 2, 3, 28; Neque enim diu huc migrarunt, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 15—nor have they been long settled here (as immigrants); Eun. 5, 6, 1; contentus iam diu fieri desiderunt, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 9; Silua uetus nullaque diu uiolata securi, Ov. F. 4, 649; nullum pomum nouom diu iam iueuuitur, Plin. 15, 57; add 19, 40; 25, 2; many of these are neg.; and theu it is the non-existence that lasts long; the text in Varr. ap. Non. 77 (not 71) and Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 28 is dub.; 6. in geogr. lang. at times met. of space, Italia...inter superum mare et inferum excurrit diu solida, Mela 2, 4, 1; add 1, 2, 3; 1, 3, 5; 7. like minus quindecim dies sunt quom... (Pl. Triu. 2, 4, 1), so diu est quom, etc. it is a long time since..., Nam illi quidem hant sane diust quom deutes exciderunt, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 44; iam diust factum quom discisti ab ero atque abiisti ad forum, As. 2, 1, 3; iam diu factumst postquam (so mss; diust factum quom?) bibimus, Pers. 5, 2, 41; 8. w. quod, it is a long time that, Agite pugni: iam diu est quod uentri uictum non datis, Amph. 1, 1, 146 (151); Aug. retract. pr. 1 has iam diu est ut...; 9. diu oft. monos. (prob. pron. ju) in old lang., Edepol proindo ut bene uiuitor (so mss), diu uiuitor, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 27; Diu quod bene erat (erat Bothe, mss erit) die uno absoluum. Taxta tergo erit meo, Pers. 2, 3, 12; add 5, 2, 67; Minus diu lauare quam haec lauāt Phronesium, Truc. 2, 3, 2; add 1, 2, 67; Poen. pr. 21, and if text be right, 5, 4, 96; Incertus sum: uua haec spes est: ubi ubi est diu celari nou potest, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 4; add: Heus tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambulareis tamen hoo (=huc) ueniendum est tibi, CIL 1431; III 10. comp. diutius—wh. suggests that diu was a neut. in u, for diue, as genu for genue, whence diuctius w. exer. t (see Essays, p. 208)—longer, or too long, Sicut dixi, faciam: nolo te iactari diutius, Trin. 3, 2, 59; eo uos amici detiui diutius, Rud. 1, 2, 5; tibine haec diutius† Licere speras facere, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 50; et quanto diutius Abstet, magis cupio tanto et magis desidero, 3, 1, 15; add 4, 7, 6; Ph. 1, 4, 4; 4, 1, 3; Hec. 1, 2, 73; 4, 1, 60;—in all of wh. except † diutius is trisyl. (jutiūs); ne diutius anno in prouincia essem, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 1; add II, 3, 1; ubi se diutius diu intellexit, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 5; add 1, 26, 1; 1, 31, 13; 11. sup. diutissime, qui d. senex fuisset, Cic. am. 4; add Pis. 90; Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 4; b. c. 3, 102, 3; Apul. M. 10, 3 and 14; 12. see dius.

**dī-uerſo**, (old, -uorto) ĩre, uerti, uersus, vb. trans., turn



in a different direction, turn aside or off, divert, Tentauero sui comites diuertere (deu.?) Magnum, Lucau. 6, 317; cf. diuersus; **2.** as vb. intr. (so understood), ut a schola et magistris diuerterat, Suet. ait. Pers. f.; **3.** met., take a different direction, differ, Diuertunt mores uirgini longe ac lupae, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 22; **4.** of divorce, separato (from husband or wife for good), si uxor a legato Romae diuerterit, Pap. dig. 5, 1, 42; siue diuertit, siue nupta est adhuc, Ulp. 9, 2, 27, 30; add 4, 4, 9, 3; uxori legauit...et ante mortem diuertit, Cels. 34, 2, 3; nec diuertisse uidetur, Paul. 24, 2, 3; nullis etiam tunc matrimonii diuertentibus, Gell. 4, 3, 1; **5.** see deuerto.

**dius**, adv. [orig. a sb. n.=S. diuas; implied too in diurnus add Fr. jour; just as a sb. n. hiber is implied in hiber-nus and Fr. hiber; hence inter-dius] all day, by day, Non concedam neque quiescam eusquam (so R) noctu neque dius, Prius profecto quam..., Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 20; noctu diusque, Titin. ap. Char. 186 P, 207, 18 K;

**dōnax**, ācis, m. [δωνάξ] a kind of water-reed, common in Cyprus, harundo Cypria quae donax uocatur, Plin. 24, 86; add 32, 141; 16, 165; **2.** hence of a musical reed, Quod si animam inspires donax (so Haupt Herm. 2, 221 c), mss animum inspires donaei, iam carmina nostra Cedent uicta tuo dulciloquo calamo, epig. 11 ap. Apul. apol. 9; **3.** a shellfish, solen siue donax, Plin. 32, 151; **4.** a cognomen, P. Naenius Donax, inscr. Mur. fr. Arv. p. 302.

**dōnēc**, older dōnicum, dōniquē, [perh. for ad-oni-cum, of wh. adone may stand to ad prep., as pone by the side of pos (post) to ob (op); cum=quam or quod; so that adonicum=to this; for loss of initial a in this word cf. Grimm D. G. 3, 254; and Key's Essays, p. 57; for loss of um cf. nōn from n'oenum, our no from none] conj. until, w. ind., except in late writers marked †, and obl. or. marked \*, first donicum, siquid nummo sarciri potest, Vsque mantaut neque --- id faciunt dōnicum Parietes ruunt; tum aedificant aedis totas denuo, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 35; Exploratore hunc faciamus ludos suppositicium Adeo dōnicum ipsus sese ludos fieri senserit, Ps. 4, 7, 72; add Aul. 1, 1, 19; Truc. 1, 1, 18; Capt. 2, 2, 89; Pl. ap. Prisc. 1, 224, 5 and 2, 7, 27 K; Pl. ap. Char. 197, 19; ibi manens sedeto donicum uidebis..., Liv. Andr. ib. 20; donicum solutum erit (argentum), pigneris suuto, Cato r. 146, 2; add 149, 2; 161, 3; but Pl. has also donec bef. both cons. and vow., as Bac. 4, 4, 106; Merc. 1, 2, 82; Rud. 3, 4, 11; d. ... nesciat (so Fleck.; nesciet?), Amph. 2, 1, 51; and Cato also: donec sal desuerit..., 88; donec concreuerit, 89; **2.** donique, horrificis accibant uocibus Oreum Dōnīque eos uita prinarant uermina saeua, Lucr. 5, 997; add 2, 1116; 5, 708 and 723; so far always before a vowel, but he also has donec bef. a vowel, 2, 1130; 5, 687; cum corpora eorum fitilli sarcifago commendauerim, doniques (donique is?) aedificaretur†, inscr. Or. 4370; tunc...spatium minuatur, donique (ass denique) in eundem tetranthem ueuiat†, Vitruv. 3, 5, 6 f.; **3.** donec, Pl. and Cato as above; Suadere orare usque adeo dōnēc perpulit, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 38; add Ad. 4, 6, 6; Ph. 4, 3, 73; usque eo timui nequis de mea fide...dubitaret, donec ad reiciendos iudices uenimus, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 17; ad properationem meam quiddam interest non te expectare dum ad locum uenias\*, fam. 5, 12, 2; nouos consules (increpare), quod expectassent\* donec a praefecto annonae tanta res add senatum deferretur\*, Liv. 4, 13, 10; eo usque me niuere uoltis donec...regem alterum mea morte faciam\*, 40, 8, 18; atque aggerat ipsis In stabulis...cadauera... Dōnēc humo tegere ac foueis abscondere discunt, Verg. G. 3, 558; Hic iam ter centum totos regnabitur annos Gente sub Hectorea, dōnēc regina sacerdos Marte grauis geminam partu dabit Iliā prolem, A. 1, 273; add 6, 475; usque Sessari dōnēc eantor Vos plaudite dicat\*, Hor. A. P. 155; add ep. 1, 16, 23; s. 2, 5, 97; epod. 17, 34; od. 3, 6, 2; Qui non ante patet, dōnēc manus attingit ossa, Prop. 1, 9, 29; **Il 4.** that which goes on till another action is completed, goes on during that action, hence so or as long as, whilst, not it seems before Ang. age, gen. w. ind., and imperf. perh. to be preferred, iustitutuum mausit, donec

Pinarium genus fuit, Liv. 1, 7, 13; d. ...fuit, 2, 49, 9; d. ... abibant, 6, 13, 4; Dōnēc gratus eram tibi, Hor. od. 3, 9, 1; d. ...arsisti, 5; d. ...abest, 1, 9, 17; Dōnēc eram sospes, tituli tangebar amore, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 53; d. eris felix, 1, 9, 5; Bataui donec trans Rhennum agebant..., Tac. hist. 4, 12; libros conquisitos lectitatosque donec cum periculo parabantur, an. 14, 50; donec libuit principes fori, dial. 8; **5.** rarely w. subj., nihil trepidabant, donec continenti uelut ponto agerentur, Liv. 21, 28, 10; hostes, donec agmen per saltus porrigeretur, immoti, Tac. an. 1, 51; **6.** of course w. subj. in obl. or., fertnr...uirilem Toruus hmoi posside uolunt Donec labantis consilio patres Firmaret..., Hor. od. 3, 5, 45; add Liv. 2, 24, 6; 4, 2, 4; 4, 60, 1; 21, 10, 3; Tac. an. 15, 64.

**dūdum**, adv. [dum-dum], of duration of time, long, Nimis haec res sine cura geritur: uide quam dudum hic asto et pulo, Pl. St. 2, 1, 38; **2.** esp. a long time, long, Sic salutas atque appellas quasi dudum non uideris, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 51; dūdum hau placuit potio, St. 5, 6, 1; Dudum edepol planum id quidem, quae hic usque fuerit intus, Mil. 2, 4, 52; Ego dudum non nihil neritus sum, Dauc, abs te ne faceres idem, Quod..., Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 2; dudum enim circumrodo quod denorandum est, Cic. Att. 4, 5, 1; **3.** esp. w. iam, iam dudum mulier tibi Non imprudens aduersabar†, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 65; iam dudum ebrius\*, Trin. 3, 3, 83; iam dudum te amat\*, iam dudum illi facile fit\* Quod doleat, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 58; add Hec. 3, 2, 1\*; Haut. 1, 1, 119\*; 5, 1, 9\*; Ad. 4, 7, 2\*; Ph. 3, 1, 7\*; Thais, ego iam dudum hic sum\*, Eun. 4, 6, 5; uocat\* me alio iam dudum tacita uestra expectatio, Cic. Clu. 63; ea quam iam dudum tractamus\* stabilitas amicitiae, am. 82; note used of continued actio, i. facio, I have long done and still do, marked \*, i. faciebam, I had long done and was still doing†; yet Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 1 has audiui i. (Bentl. ej. audio); in Hec. 4, 4, 100, i. dixi has dieo following; **4.** iam-dudum, this instant, forthwith, is perh. shortened from iam dudum oportet, as: iam dūdum sumite poenas, Verg. 2, 103; Tempus hmo tegere et iam dūdum incumbere aratris, G. 1, 213; Dixit et ingenti iam dūdum de grege dci lussit, Ov. a. a. 1, 317; Candida iam dūdum cingantur colla lacertis, 2, 457; iam dudum prosilit altis Diua toris, Val. F. 6, 456; add Stat. Th. 6, 857; **Il 5.** of a point of time, quando? Hodi. Quam dudum?—how long ago?—Modo, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 30; Modo introiui. Quasi ego quam dudum rogem, Andr. 5, 2, 9; **6.** some time ago, hence either long ago, as Nam ex Persia adlatae mihi sunt istaec. Quando? Hau dndum, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 28; Nam dudum ante lucem et istunc et te uidi, Amph. 2, 2, 67; Quia non iam dudum ante lucem add aedem Veneris uenimus, Poen. 1, 2, 105; Rus mane dudum hinc ire me iussit pater, Truc. 3, 1, 1; **7.** or a little time ago, just now, Trecentos Philippos Collybiseo uilico Dedi (pron. deī monos.) dudum, priusquam me euocauisti foras, Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 7; et mihi quae dudum uobis dixi, dicite, 3, 1, 53; Attāt, oblitus sum intus dudum edicere, Quo uolui edicta, Pers. 4, 7, 12; (and so over 50 times in Pl.); uah quanto nunc formosior Videre mihi quam dudum, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 5; Vt beneficium uerbis ininitum dudum nunc re comprobas, Andr. 5, 1, 5; and often; **8.** nt dudum..., dudum nt..., Hand (§ 8) seems wrongly to translate just as; say rather just now (as before), Nam ut dudum hinc abii multo ill(o) adueni prior, Aul. 4, 8, 5; add Amph. 2, 1, 55; Capt. 3, 1, 18; Men. 4, 2, 71; and dudum nt..., Cist. 4, 2, 44; Bac. 4, 9, 33; **9.** in Apul. M. 6, 26 if text be right, of the future, soon after, presently, qui uulnerati remanserant, dudum recurrunt.

**dulc-ēdo**, inis, f. [dulc-is], sweetness, sweet taste, nimia ab dulcedine aquarum, Lucr. 6, 1266; frugumque niniqe, Liv. 5, 33, 2; radix amara cum quadam dulcedine, Plin. 25, 66; unum tanta dulcedine ut..., 14, 137; **2.** mct. of other senses, hac dulcedine (se. cantuum) deprauati, Cic. leg. 2, 38; orationis, or. 3, 161; amium, add Her. 4, 29; in ea uoluptate quae maxima dulcedine sensum moueret, fin. 2, 39; cum omnes sensus dulcedine omni quasi



perfusi monerentur, 114; nocis, Ov. M. 1, 709; and perl. exx. 1 and 2 of § 1; **3.** esp. of the pleasure of scratching what itches, scabendi, Plin. 8, 90; At si deformi lacrum dulcedine corpus Persequitur scabies, Grat. cyn. 408; and met. uoluptas...quouis blanditiis corrupti quae natura bona sunt, quia dulcedine hac et scabie carent, non cernunt satis, Cic. leg. 1, 47; **4.** hence an eruption or a so-called humour which might produce a cutaneous eruption, pernicioso dulcedo, Apnl. mag. 50; urigines etiam in pedibus cruribus unguibusque uel sub armis aliquando generantur, quas quidam dulcedines uocant; habent similitudinem scabiei, Veg. uct. 3, 52; dulcedo sequitur et solutio nentris, 5, 14, 4; **5.** met. of the mind, a passion (for), esp. in a bad sense, an itch (for), gloriae, Cic. Arch. 24; iracundiae, ad Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; neque honoris neque pecuniae, Mat. ad Cic. fam. 11, 28, 2; agrario legis, Liv. 2, 42, 1; 6, 41, 11; plebeios creandi, 5, 13, 2; ob interpellatam dulcedinem irae, the pleasure of gratifying their anger, 9, 14, 13; furandi, Plin. 8, 222; sperandi, 29, 18; tecum loquendi, Plin. ep. 2, 5 f.; oculi qui magnam partem ad uitae dulcedinem conferant, Cels. 6, 6, 1; **6.** in plur. magnis philologiae dulcedinibus inducti, Vitr. 7 pr. 4.

**dum**, conj. [akin to dies? Cf. triduum], while, so long as, w. fut. de heisce dum mag(istratum) aut imperium habebunt, iudicium non fiet, CIL 198, 8; neue quis que(i) praeconium dissignationem libitinum faciet, dum eorum quid faciet, Iur(atum)...petito, CIL 206, 94; credam fore (saluom), dum quidem in manu ipse habeo, Pl. As. 2, 4, 57; add 5, 2, 19; Numquam edepol qnoquam supplicabo, dum quidem Tu uiuos nines, Ps. 1, 5, 92; add 1, 3, 103; Bac. 3, 3, 79; Ego te meum esse dici tantisper uolo, Dum quod te dignumst facies, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 55; dum hominum genus erit, qui accuset eos non deerit; dum ciuitas erit, iudicia fient, Cic. Rosc. Am. 91; add leg. 1, 2; **2.** w. past imp., Te dum uiuebas noueram, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 62; antea Qui scire posses aut ingenium noscere, Dum aetas metus magister prohibebant? Itast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 27; quae dum erant occulta, necessario ab eis qui ea tenebant petebantur, Cic. Mur. 26; add Att. 12, 18, 1; Cat. 3, 16; acad. 1, 11; **3.** w. aorist, Dum tempus ad eam rem tulit, siui animum ut expleret suom, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17; dum praesidia ulla fuerunt, in Sullae praesidiis fuit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 126; add Verr. 2, 4, 6; neque dum uestris uiribus restitistis, neque dum auxilia ab Romanis sperastis pacis unquam apud uos mentionem feci, Liv. 21, 13, 3;

**4.** w. pres., nec mihi hunc errorem..., dum uiuo ex-torqueri uolo, Cic. sen. 85; aegrotto, dum anima est, spes esse dicitur, Att. 9, 10, 3; eas (epistolas) cum lego, minus mihi turpis uideo, sed tam diu, dum lego, 9, 7, 5;

**5.** denoting mere coincidence of time, while, paulisper tace, Dum ego mihi consilia in animum connoceo et dum consulo..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 42; tace Dum..., 2, 2, 78; mane dum narro, 5, 1, 11; mane dum scribit, Bac. 4, 4, 85; add 4, 9, 94;

**6.** in this sense a pres. imperf. with dum, of past time, paululum Praedae intus feci, dum lenonis familia Dormitat, Pl. Poen. 3, 6, 7; Dum ego in tegnis sum, illa ex suo se hospitio ednixit foras, Mil. 2, 3, 37; add 2, 6, 25; 4, 6, 56; et inde filiam Suscepit iam unam, dum tu dormis, Ter. Pl. 5, 9, 18; Dum haec dicit, abiit hora, Euu. 2, 3, 50; add Andr. 5, 1, 3; dum saluti sociorum consulo, dum...resisto, dum...expeto, feci non sapienter, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 2; add 3, 1, 8; quos tu Maeandros, dum omnes solitudines persequeris, quae de-uerticula flexionesque quaesisti? Pis. 53; add Verr. 2, 2, 161; Tull. 15; Caecil. 56; Mil. 28; Att. 6, 6, 1; or. 2, 15; dum ca conquiruntur..., e castris egressi ad Rhenum... contenderunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 27 f.; tussim...quam mihi meus uenter, Dum sumptuosas appeto dedit cenas, Catul. 44, 9; dum haec in Venetis geruntur, Q. Titurius...in fines Venellorum peruenit, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 1; dum proficisci parant, de proelio facto...audiebatur, Sal. Iug. 22, 1; dum ca Romani parant consultantque, iam Saguntum...oppugnabatur, Liv. 21, 7, 1; dum haec Romae...geruntur, nuntius... Carthaginem uenerat, 23, 11, 7; add 29, 9, 5; Haec super

arum cultu pecorumque canebant..., Caesar dum magnus ad altum Fulminat Euphraten, Verg. G. 4, 561; add A. 6, 171; B. 7, 6; Ov. M. 5, 535; tr. 4, 1, 59; Tac. an. 15, 59, 1; 1, 23 f.; **7.** also of fut. time, iam hic nos erimus, dumque (or et dum T H K c.); mss dum) quoquitur interim potabimus, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 30; me occultabo aliquot dies Dum haec consulescunt turbae, Mil. 2, 6, 100; moras nectet et dum maiorem poenam quaerit, praesentem differet, Sen. ira 3, 29, 3; ueniet qui uindictet arces, Dum moritur, Lucan. 6, 165; add Sen. ira 3, 39, 2; Mart. 1, 3, 7;

**8.** at times in obliq. orat. or attached to secondary clauses, Si tibi forte animum tali ratione tenere Versibus in nostris possem, dum perspicis omnem Naturam renim, Lucr. 1, 949; Dic hospes Spartae nos te hic uidisse iacentis, Dum sanctis patriae legibus obsequimur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 101; ne...dum paucis sceleratis pareant, bonos omnis perditum eant, Sal. Cat. 52, 12; Id se solerti (sc. narrat) furtim dum traditur astu Supposita cepisse manu, Ov. M. 4, 776; quanto laudabilis libertarum dum amplectitur rempublicam, dum auxilia libertati inuocat, Tac. an. 15, 59; add 12, 68; non exspectandum nt...Capitolium adeat, dum egregius imperator...domum cludit, h. 1, 33; neras illuc omnium mentes dum Vitellius...fouet aemulum, 3, 38; quos...certum habeo dicturos me, dum iuris...sentiam... laudo, ineptiis meis plausisse, orat. 32 f.; Medicum aiunt cum regis filiam curare deberet nec sine ferro posset, dum tumentem mammam leniter fouet, scalpellum spongia tectum induxisse, Sen. ira 3, 39, 4; add Iust. 9, 2, 10;

**9.** more correctly w. a subj. in such phrases, de quo dum disputarem, tuam mihi dari uellem (so Lamb.; mss uelim) eloquentiam, Cic. N. D. 2, 147; hoc uideo dum breuiter uoluerim dicere, dictum a me esse paulo obscurius, or. 1, 187; dum in aestiuis nos essemus, illum pueris loenm esse bellissimum duximus, Att. 5, 17, 3; dixisti dum Plancii in me meritum uerbis extollerem, me arcem facere e cloaca, Planc. 95; add Mar. 48; se quisque hostem ferire, mnrum ascendere, conspici dum tale facinus faceret, properabat, Sal. Cat. 7, 6; add Suet. Ner. 35; Charis. 201, P. 227, 16 K; **10.** in poets and late prose, w. it. subj., Illa quidem dum te fugeret...hydrum...non uidit in herba, Verg. G. 4, 457; add Tib. 2, 3, 19; Val. F. 1, 425; Phaedr. 1, 4, 2; and 4 pr. 16; but not Mart. spect. 20, 1; 1, 22, 1; add from late prose: ps. Nep. Timol. 1, 4; Hygin. fab. 12; Scribon. pr. 1;

**11.** w. idea of waiting, while or until, for to wait while a thing is doing is to wait until it is done; in older lang. w. ind. or subj. imp., aft. w. subj. except in special cases, first w. ind.; Neque exorare ut mo maneant...Triduum hoc dum...ab amicis argentum aufero, Ter. Pl. 3, 2, 28; add 5, 8, 89; Haut. 4, 3, 39; Andr. 2, 1, 29; ego in Arcano opperiar dum ista cognosco, Cic. Att. 10, 3 f.; interea tamen dum haec...coluntur, or. 1, 191; ut spatium intercedere posset dum milites...conuenirent, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 6; non exspectandum sibi censuit, dum...in Santonos Heluetii peruenerint, 1, 11, 6; diem insequentem quieuerunt, dum praefectus...urbis nires inspicere, Liv. 24, 40, 10; obsidio per paucos dies magis quam oppugnatio fuit, dum uulnus duois curaretur, 21, 8, 1;

**12.** esp. w. vbs. compounded w. de or ec, and so denoting the running out of an action, ut...uleiscendi uim differant iu tempus aliud dum deferuescat ira, Cic. Tusc. 4, 78; latendum tantisper ibidem dum effruescit (so M) haec gratulatio et simul dum audiamus quemadmodum..., fam. 9, 2, 4; circiter actus dum deferuescant sub umbriferas rupes subiciunt oues quoad refrigerat aer, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; quae (uasa) paucis diebus aperta sint dum musteus fructus deferuescat, Colum. 9, 15, 13; quam...stetisset ibi, dum reliquum tempestatis exsaeuaret, Liv. 30, 39, 2; causasque innecte morandi Dum pelago desaeuit liempis, Verg. 4, 52; Aeneas nubem belli, dum detonet omnis Sustinet, 10, 809; nec dum degrandinat obsit Agresti fano supposuisse pecus, Ov. F. 4, 755; Rustiens expectat dum defluit amnis, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; nec dum desaeuiat ira Expectat, Lucan. 5, 303;

**13.** also until (not while) in following: Ego hic tantisper dum exis te opperiar foris, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 153; Inmo opperiamur dum exeat aliquis Durare nequeo, Mil. 4, 6, 34; ibi sedens dum is ueniat



opperibere, Bac. 1, 1, 14; Et nunc quid exspectat Syrc? an dum hic denuo Abeat, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 32; exspectabo dum venit, Eun. 1, 2, 126; Tu hic nos dum eximus, in-terea opperibere, Haut. 4, 7, 5; add Eun. 3, 3, 29; usque adeo uerberari iussit dum animam efflauit\*, Grac. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 5; ut...ne exspectemus quidem dum rogemur, Cic. am. 44; num exspectatis dum L. Metellus...testimouium dicat? Verr. 2, 3, 122; nihil ei longius uidebatur quam dum illud uideret argentum, 2, 4, 39; ea mansit in condicione...usque ad eum finem dum iudices reiecti sunt\*, 1, 16; amor bestiarum in custodiendis his quae procreauerunt usque ad eum finem dum possint se ipsa defendere, N. D. 2, 129; add 2, 124; Flac. 41; Att. 1, 1, 1; Mil. 54; dum redeo...pascere capellas, Verg. B. 9, 23; Nil obstat tibi dum ne sit to ditior alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; add ep. 2, 1, 47; Quod satis est utero matris dum prodeat infaus, Ov. F. 1, 33; add Her.\* 1, 42; quao maneant dum me fata perire uolent, Prop. 1, 14, 14; querebar...Dum mo iocundis lapsam sopor impulit\* alis, 1, 3, 43; nec expectandum habent (se. iudices) oratorem dum illi libeat de ipso negotio dicere, Tac. dial. 19 f.; in ex. marked \* ind. of course necessary; 14. in Apul. w. a mere partic., ac dum...cuncta corporis mei considerans, non auem me sed asinum uideo, 4, 25, 1; but scarcely so in 9, 32; III 15. so long as (quot of time but condition), provided that, dum ne minus senatoribus c. adesent, CIL 196, 8; dum nequid aduersus h(ance) l(egem) fiat, 198, 30; dum ne alium intro mitat nisi Genuatium, 199, 30; Quo lubeant uobant, dum dos ne fiat comes, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 17; paciscere... quod tibi lubet, Dum ne manifesto hominem opprimat neue enicit, Bac. 4, 8, 26; add Trin. 4, 2, 137; Merc. 2, 3, 89; As. 1, 3, 14; id faciat saepe, dum ne lassus fiat, Cato r. 5, 4; Dum ne redducam, turbent porro quam uelint, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 12; non pudet Vanitatis? Minime dum ob rem, Ph. 3, 2, 41; ut quot uellet praefecturas sumeret, dum ne negotiatori, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 4; (uirtus) uetat spectare fortunaum dum praestetur fides, din. 2, 79; ista condicione, dum mihi liceat negare posse quod non potero, or. 1, 101; oderint dum metuant, Phil. 1, 34; omnia recta neglegunt, dum modo potentiam consequantur, off. 3, 82; dum res maucant, uerba fingunt arbitrato suo, fin. 5, 89; add Rosc. Au. 119; nihil tam asperum esse quod non facturi essent, dum ea res ciuitatem aere alieno liberaret, Sal. Cat. 40, 4; neque sumptui ueque modestiae suae parcere, dum illos obnoxios sibi faceret, 14, 6; add 5, 6; mitibus Mutare quaero tristia dum mihi Fias...amica, Hor. od. 1, 16, 26; add 3, 3, 36 and 40; s. 1, 1, 52; 1, 4, 34; Phaedr. 1, 17 (15), f.; blandiantur dum...nobis studia nostra commendat, Plin. ep. 1, 2 f.; 16. so far w. subj., but if text be sound, ind. in: nec recuso...luere poenas ob honestissimum factum, dum flagitiosissimum ulcisor (so Keil), Plin. ep. 9, 13, 12; accusare non licet...cum qui rei publicae causae a fuerit, dum non (d)tractandae legis causa abest, Venul. dig. 48, 2, 12; 17. often w. modo, written too as one word, Dum modo morata recto ueniat, dotatast satis, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 62; mea nihil refert, dum potiar modo, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 29; sed est tanti, dummodo ista sit priuata calamitas, Cic. Cat. 1, 22; add 1, 10; Phil. 12, 9; dummodo sit polita, dum urbana dum elegans, Brut. 285; dummodo tu sis Aeacidae similis, Iuv. 8, 269; 18. at times w. mere adj. serius potius ad nos, dum plenior, Cic. fam. 7, 9, 2; non mediisfidius acerrimis consiliis plus quam etiam inertissimis, dummodo diligentibus consequentur, Hirt. ad Att. 15, 6, 3; Cur ego desperem...Parere intacto, dummodo casta, uiro, Ov. F. 5, 242; similitudine, dum breui... utemur, Quint. 4, 1, 70; 19. dum..., dum..., while... so long..., Sic uirgo, dum intacta manet, dum cara suis, sed..., Catul. 62, 45 (54); ou wh. Quint. 9, 3, 16 says: prius dum...quoad, sequens usque eo; and perh.: Dum habeat, dum (so Haud cj.; mss tum) amet: ubi nihil habet alium quastum coepiat, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 21; IV. 20. as adv., yet, gen. after a neg., nondum aduenisse miror, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 102; add Mil. 3, 1, 192; Rud. 4, 5, 11; nondum centum et decem anni sunt cum..., Cic. off. 2, 75; add Cat. 1, 9; alterae (oues) iam nondum, alterae iam non possunt dare fructum, Varr. r. 2, 2, 2;

add Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 3; 1, 12, 2; hauddum foederis noui paenitebat, Liv. 10, 6, 2; add 10, 25, 10; 29, 11, 1; neque esse hic etiam dum† sciam, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 2; Neque dum exarui ex amoenis rebus et uoluptariis, 3, 1, 46; Neque is deductus etiam dum† ad cam, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 22; noque etiam dum† scit pater, Haut. 2, 1 f.; qui nihil dum etiam istiusmodi suspicabantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 9; neque dum Roma es profectus, Att. 14, 10, 4; add Verg. G. 2, 539; Nam nihil etiamdum† harpagauit, Pl. Pa. 4, 2, 2; Brundisio nihildum erat adlatum, Cic. Att. 9, 2 f.; nihildum sciebat, fam. 10, 12, 2; nihildum audieramus, 12, 7, 2; add Liv. 24, 20, 15; fuga ab nulladum parte erat, 7, 33, 13; nulldum certamine inclinatis uiribus, 9, 12, 3; add 29, 11, 1; quamquam id nemo dum attigerit, Cels. dig. 41, 2, 18, 2; see also nedum; 21. also etiam-dum both after neg. as above † and perh. otherwise, quoniam etiamdum abes, Cic. Att. 13, 31, 2; but in or. 2, 12 and Plin. 26, 122 etiamtum now preferred; 22. dum at times non-elided, as in Pl. Truc. of § 19; 23. so w. uix as akin to neg., scarcely yet, Vixdum dimidium dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; haec ego omnia uixdum etiam coetu uestro dimisso comperi, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; uixdum triginta dies, fam. 12, 4, 2; add Att. 9, 20, 3; uixdum puberem, Liv. 21, 3, 2; uixdum libertatem, uedum dominationem modice laturum, 24, 4, 1; uixdum inchoatis rebus, 32, 28, 4; 24. in convers. style with imperative seems to denote a little bit of time, a moment, like our vague just (Hand compares the Germ. eben), pultadum foris, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 144; Tacedum parumper, Men. 2, 2, 73; memoradum mihi, Poen. 5, 2, 103; sed uera sine dum me (mc om. mss) petere, Truc. 2, 7, 67; tangedum, Rud. 3, 5, 5; adesdum paucis te uolo, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 1; facitodum eadem haec memueris, Haut. 3, 2, 39; abidum, 2, 3, 8; cedodum, Ph. 2, 2, 15; mauedum sodes, Hee. 5, 4, 4; iteradum eadem istaec mihi, Pacuv. ap. Cic. acad. 2, 27 and Tusc. 2, 44; agitedum ut me uideritis...ferro uiam facientem, sic pro se quisque obuios sternite, Liv. 7, 33, 10; add 3, 62, 4; mittite agetum, 38, 47, 11; 25. eho, hither as akin to imper. also becomes ehodum, just look here, or come here, ehodum dic mihi, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 24; add 1, 2, 13; 3, 5, 10; Eun. 2, 3, 69; 26. in primum-dum or primumdum, in the first place, the sense of dum is doubtful, primumdum omnium Male dicitur tibi uolgo in sermionibus, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 62; add Mil. 2, 3, 26; Truc. 1, 1, 10; Bac. 2, 3, 25; Capt. 1, 2, 57; Rud. pr. 32.

**dum taxat**, (old dum taxat) or dumtaxat as one word (dunt.), as adv. lit.: until it touches (taxa- freq. of tang-o)—hence in commands, at least, in permission, at most; at least in commands, cum in testamento scriptum esset ut heres in funere duntaxat aureos centum consumeret, non licet minus consumere, si amplius uellet licet, Alf. V. dig. 50, 16, 202; ob memoriam patris sui... cix x (sc. nummum) donauit sub hac condicione ut quotannis rosas ad monumentum eius deferant et ibi epulentur dumtaxat in v. Id. Iulias, inser. Or. 707; Iubebo ad istam quinque perferri minas, Praeterea obsonari duntaxat ad minam, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 90; mittantur mulieres liberae dumtaxat quinque ita ut in eo couclauu uo plures mulieres liberae sint quam decem, Ulp. 25, 4, 10 (de uentre inspieciendo); 2. beyond legal sphere, at least, at any rate, uerberaui te cogitationis tacito† dumtaxat conuicio quod fasciculus alter ad me iam sine tuis litteris perlatum est, Cic. fam. 16, 26, 1; dico pro capite regis quod etsi nou iuiquum est, in tuo† dumtaxat periculo, tamen..., Deiot. 1; cur non in iure ciuili satis instructi esse possumus ad hoc† dumtaxat, ne in nostra patria peregrini esse uideamur, or. 1, 249; ita compressa res est ut mihi uideamur omne iam ad tempus ab illo† dumtaxat sordidissimo periculo tuti futuri, fam. 12, 1, 1; hac in oppressione sermo in circulis† dumtaxat et in conuiuiis est liberior quam fuit, Att. 2, 18, 2; nalde me Athenae delectarant, nrbs† dumtaxat et urbis ornamentum et hominum amores in te et in nos quaedam beniuolentia; sed nultum et philosophia, 5, 10, 5; add 2, 14, 2; and am. 53; Quod si forte aliquis dicet, dumtaxat oriri Posse a non sensu sensum mutabilitate..., Lucr. 2, 931; Denique sit quiduis simplex†



dumtaxat et unum, Hor. A. P. 23; (fortuna) optimorum consiliorum dumtaxat exitus temperat, Sen. ben. 5, 2, 2; morbum morte non fugiam, dumtaxat sanabilem nec officientem animo, ep. 58, 36; ex his (seminibus) nullum ultra quadrinatum utile est, dumtaxat serendo; culinis et ultra tempestiua sunt, Plin. 19, 181; immatura morte raptorum strumas... tactu sanari adfirmant, quidam uero cuiuscumque defuncti, dumtaxat sui sexus laeva manu auersa, 28, 45; add 18, 49 and 203; primis diebus redditae libertatis pro se quisque dumtaxat minores... opprresserant, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 4; (Tiberis) fruges deuehit in urbem, hieme† dumtaxat et uere; aestate summittitur immensique flumen nomen arenti alueo deserit, autumnno resumit, ep. 5, 6, 12; 1, 2, 2; add 3, 9, 26; neque enim uirtus ulla perpetuae† dumtaxat orationis reperiri potest quae non sit cum hac dicendi meditatione communis, Quint. 2, 10, 2; cum iudex dicere iusserit, leniter est consurgendum, tum in componenda toga, dumtaxat in iudiciis, paulum commorandum, 11, 3, 156; add 1, 4, 20; 3, 8, 10; itaque fame† dumtaxat uiuicatus exercitus in Cedrosiae fines perducitur, Curt. 9, 10, 18 (9, 41); peregrinae conditionis. homiuis uituit usurpare Romana nomina, dumtaxat gentilia, Suet. Claud. 25; uitia quoque (sc. amicorum) et delicta, dumtaxat modica, perpassus, Aug. 66; add gram. 4f.; uomitus bili- osus... profinus ut percussus est aliquis malum signum est in iis† dumtaxat quorum nerui uulnerati sunt, Cels. 5, 26, 26; omnibus ad occasum et meridiem pacatis gentibus, ad septentrionem quoque dum taxat intra Rhenum atque Danuuium..., Flor. 4, 12, 61 (2, 34); animum minacem dumtaxat in illo fregit, Iust. 1, 5, 5; II 3. in permissive sentences, at most, not more than, sci quis mag(istratus) multam inrogare uolet, quei uolet, dum minoris partus familias taxat liceto, CIL 197, 12; dum nei quem testimonium deicere iubeat quonia in fide is unde petetur siet... queiue eius... causam deicit, dumtaxat unum, 198, 32; sei quos ad testimonium deicendum cuocarit secumne duxerit dum taxat homines III... praetor ei moram ne fa[ci]to quo miuus...], 198, 34; [reoperatores ex ei]uib- us quei classis primae sient xi dato, inde alternos du[m] taxat quaternos is quei petet et is unde petetur, quos uolent reiciat facito], 200, 38; t(antae) p(ecuniae) quanta ea pecunia erit de qua tum inter eos ambigetur, dum t(axat HS) xv ... duci iubeto, 205, 2, 18; add 205, 1, 27 and 37; where d. t. stands for dumtaxat; ei† d. t. quei [h]umatus erit posterelsque elus monumentum [f]erj licebit, CIL 1418, 17; si quis... faxit iussitue (so M, mss uere) fieri eum quis uolet magistratus multare (so M, mss multaretur), dum minore parti (so M, mss patri) familias taxat, liceto, lex Sillia ap. Fest. 246 b 12 sub. v. publica pondera; Ser. Galba imperator... ueteranis qui..., ciuitatem dedit... et conubium cum uxoribus quas tunc habuissent cum est ciuitas iis data, aut si qui caelibes essent cum iis quas postea duxissent dum taxat singuli singulas, inser. Or. 737; C. Iulius Iason et Cocceia Tryphaea fecerunt sibi et libertis libertabusque suorum dumtaxat qui ex familia eorum fuissent, 4399; quam uineam uobis... dari uolo... ut... unum usibus uestris dumtaxat quum publice epulas exerceretis habere possitis, 3678; 4. beyond the legal sphere, at most (at the best or worst), uineam ueterem, si in alium locum transferre uoles dumtaxat brachium crassam licetbit, Cato r. 49; artem et praecepta dumtaxat hactenus requirunt, Cic. or. 2, 119; fac imagines esse quibus pulsentur animi, species dumtaxat obicitur quaedam, N. D. 1, 107; qui eatenus ualuerunt, sani et sicii† dumtaxat habeantur, opt. g. d. 8; add Marc. 23; Dumtaxat rerum magnarum parua potest res Exemplare dare, Lucr. 2, 123 (wh. dumt.—at best—qualifies parua); numquam in ciuitate (sunt aliquod momentum liberti) exceptis dumtaxat iis gentibus quae regnantur, Tac. G. 25; in uisceribus nihil mouendum est nisi ut si quid aut ex icinore aut lieue aut pulmone, dumtaxat extremo depeudent, praecidatur, Cels. 5, 26, 24; nec ulli perisse nisi in proelio reperuntur exceptis dumtaxat Afranio et Fausto et L. Caesare iuene ac ne hos quidem uoluntate ipsius interemptos putant, Suet. Caes. 75; nec est ut opinor prouincia excepta dumtaxat Africa et Sardiua quam

non adierit, Aug. 47; Clandios omnes excepto dumtaxat P. Clodio... optimates fuisse, Tib. 2; neque enim exstare ullum suum factum paenitentium excepto dumtaxat uno, Tit. 10; some of these perh. belong to next §; 5. Hence, only, Cato dumtaxat de magnitudine animi, de continentia... solet... dicere, ego uero..., Cic. par. 3; neque enim tam desipiens fuisset (Epicurus) ut homunculi similem deum fingeret liniamenti dumtaxat extremis, non habitu solido, N. D. 1, 123; uti consules potestatem haberent tempore dumtaxat annuum, genero regiam, rep. 2, 56; add ad Quir. p. r. 10; Cic.† ad Brut. 1, 3; peditatu dumtaxat procul ad speciem utitur, Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 2; dumtaxat natali suo et Saturnalibus, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 7; etiamsi uuus a duobus dumtaxat eandem rem petet, Quint. 3, 10, 2; 6. esp. with neg. followed by sed, nec dumtaxat animum in uos fidelem ac bonum praestitit sed omnibus interfuit bellis, Liv. 37, 53, 9; quum tutor non rebus† dumtaxat sed etiam moribus pupilli praep- onatur, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 12, 3; fabros tignarios dicimus non eos† dumtaxat qui tigna dolaut sed omnes qui aedificaut, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 235; 7. in Vopisc. Prob. 16, 6, mares dumtaxat seems to be a gloss; 8. d. = μεχι τούτου, Gloss. ap. Vulcan. p. 82; 9. but the Gloss. Philox., d. = δη- λαδη seems to be an error; 10. dumtaxat often precedes the word affected by it, and often follows as in exx. marked †; in Lucr. § 4 it is separated from it.

duo, (rarely dūo; also monos.) ae, o, num. dual [?] two, ibi termina duo stant, CIL 198, 8; Pl. Ter. Cic. Caes. passim; 2. acc. m. duo as well as duos, Alexandrum magnum atque Agathoclem aiunt maxumas Duo† res gessisse: quid mihi fiet tertio? Pl. Most. 3, 2, 89; add Epid. 2, 2, 4; 3, 2, 37†; etc.; but uoluitrios duos (so A), 3, 2, 146 and 7 (so A); Tu illos duo (so A, Charis. p. 101 P, 126, 16 K who adds ubi Acron pro duos) olim pro re tollebas tua, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 23; Martes armis duo† congressos crederes, Acc. ib.; Si dūo (or monos.) praeterea talis Ideae tulisset Terra uiros, Verg. 11, 285; Summa fuit; duo si discordia nexet inertes, Hor. s. 1, 7, 15; esse duo duces, Cic. Pis. 44; add N. D. 2, 32; fam. 4, 6, 1; rep. 1, 10 etc.; Varr. r. 1, 18, 5; cum leges duo ex una familia uiuo utroque... magistratus creari uetarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 3; 3. g. duum (old duom) as well as duorum duarum, Salui et fortunati sitis duo† duum nostrum patres, Naev. ap. Char. 102 P, 127, 6 K; mulier una duum uirum, Acc. ap. Cic. orat. 156; duum generum, Varr. l. 10, 2, p. 550 Sp.; duorum, though written, must be pron. duum in: nam cibaria Vicem duorum solum me comesse concedet, Pomp. ap. Char. 101 P, 126, 19 K; 4. only used of uumbers, weight, measure, offices, and this even in later lang., Faciunda pondo duom† stalagma, Pl. Meu. 3, 18; duum milium, Leutul. ad Cic. 12, 15, 2 f.; Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 5; Sal. Ing. 50, 3 etc.; Liv. 7, 7, 6 etc.; Tac. h. 4, 57; d. mensum Liv. 3, 25, 4; 10, 5, 12; d. cubitorium, Plin. 12, 89; 21, 109; pedum, 15, 63; obolorum, 20, 58; so Cic. orat. 156: duorum uirorum (for duum uirum) iudicium... dico nunquam; 5. dua as u. for duo a mere error; in Acc. ap. Cic. orat. 156, the reading is: Video sepulera duo† duorum corporum; 6. duo in old lang. often monos., praeter ceteros Duo\* di quem curant. Qui duo† Mars et Veus, Pl. Mil. 4, 9, 7; add Ps. 1, 3, 98; Epid. 1, 1, 26; As. 1, 3, 41; see also † above; cf. δω-δεκα, E. two etc.; 7. dūo (eue the n.) at times v. long o, Nepoti sibi qui uolet uim parare Nauem et mulierem istae duo comparato, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 2; see also \* above, and Auson. ep. 19, 13; cf. dūo; 8. duo as undeclined, licetne (Both. ej., mss leuete) duo uerbis? Etiam primo et postremo, Nov. ap. Non. 500; duo milium aureorum, Scaev. dig. 31, 89; S. dūo dūo; G. zwei, E. two.

duumuir, (duom\*, duon.†) i, m. [duumuirum, lit. a gen. pl., (one of) two meui; then forced into decl., cf. triumuirum, sestertium] ono of two commissioners, a duumuir quod eius (sc. agri) non ueniet ei i uir... reddito, CIL 200, 67; neue quis que(m) aduersus ea creatum renuntiatum erit ibei i uir... esto, 206, 139; 2. esp. for treason-trials, duumuiru perduellione iudicent, Liv. 1, 26, 6; add 6, 20,



12; Cic. C. Rabir. 12; **3.** for charge of Sibylline books, libri per duumuiros sacrorum aditi, Liv. 3, 10, 7; superseded by decem uiri, 6, 37, 12; 6, 42, 2; **4.** of the navy, duumuiros nauales classis ornandae...causa, 9, 30, 4; **5.** for building or dedicating temples, duumuiros ad eam aedem...faciendam, 7, 28, 5; add 2, 42, 5; 35, 41, 8; C. Caesius M. f. C. Flavius L. f. dnouir, t...aedem fac. coer., CIL 1140; **6.** for erection of an aqueduct, duumuiroi aquae perducendae, Front. 6; add CIL 1141; **7.** as chief

magistrates in coloniae and municipia, cum ceteris in coloniis duumuiroi appellentur, hi se praetores appellari uolebant, Cic. agr. 2, 93; duumuiros municipiorum omnium imperat, Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 1; ab colonia deducta anno xc N. Fufidio N. f. M. Pullio duo uir(eis), CIL 577, 3; add 1246; **8.** duom\* uir nom. s., CIL 1107; duum uir, 1235; d. u. 1250; duomuires\* n. pl. 1149; freq. duouir or duo uir, 577, 1, 2; 1111 etc.

## E.

**E**, the fifth letter of the Latin alphabet, corresponding to E of the Greek. Among the vowels it stands second in the rational series I, E, A, O, U; **2.** In sound a long ē was prob. like our a in mate, a short e like that in met. **3.** In form like our E together w. a cursive E. **4.** The form || for E, long or short, occurs in CIL 818, as: S||PVLTVS ||STN||C...POT||ST...DOS...HOMIN||S ACC||PTVS S||IC RHODIN||...T... VAL||AT... ILL||... QV||... TIB||I COM- MUNDO...S||MP||R...IT||M...S||RGIA; add 822, 4, 57; 1413; 1416 etc.; **5.** For a long e in old Latin ee was at times written, as legi (dat.), CIL 197, 26; seese, 197, 19; feelix, 462; **6.** e w. a curve below (e) in cursive writing=ae, as fortunate, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 65; mee, 2, 6, 62; hec 2, 6, 100; hence the curve being neglected mss often give a mere e in place of ae, as egrotant, Trin. 1, 1, 8; 1, 2, 34; equalis, 1, 2, 10; preter, 1, 2, 31; egroti, 1, 2, 39; equum 1, 2, 60; all these from ms B; **II 7.** e final often results from loss of final consonant or consonants, as scripsere for scripserrunt, ipse for ipsus and prob. illo iste for illus istus, and voc. of o-nouns domiue docte for dominus doctus; **8.** esp. when words in is drop the s, as uidebare; imper. scribe, scribite; neuters like triste; even in uom. m. as tribunos militare, CIL 63; **9.** ēr in middle of words for is, as puluis cinis, g. puluer-is ciner-is; lapidis, regis, but in old pl. lapiderum, regerum; scribis, but in refl. scriberis; **10.** ē of abl. prob. for an older ī, urbe, rege; and so here mane for heri mani; **11.** ue for uo, as uester uerto ueto, for the older noster uorto uoto; uelim from uolo; and prob. uermis, cf. E. worm; uerhum, cf. E. word; uello, cf. uolsus uolnus; **12.** ē at times in older lang. where later lang. has ī, as: en (prep.), CIL 199, 12; flea, 54; mereto 32, 183; tempestatebus, 32; Meneruai, 191; rustici uiam ueam appellat...et uellam non uillam, Varr. r. 1, 2, 14; **13.** also for ī, tibe 33, mihe 1049, uise 205, 1, 47; **14.** for ī, edus 845, 854 etc.; Lebros (=Liberos), nuges, 1297; ploirume, 32; spica quam rustici... uocant specam, Varr. r. 1, 48, 2; cf. Cic. or. 3, 46; **15.** o often more genuine than the ordinary i, as dedet, fnet, 32; posedet, 199, 28 for dedest etc., est corresponding to erat and erit of the other perfects; semol, 1175 (=simul), cf. semel; denas, 814, cf. deus; compromesise, 196, 14, cf. Fr. mettre; famellai, 166; **16.** ē for ā in compounds, esp. bef. two cons., gradior, aggredior, aggressus; iacio, coniecio coniectus; facio confectus; paciscor depeicisci; fatigo defetigo; spargo, conspergo or eouspargo; ago, remex; tango, integer; arma inermis; ars iners; pars expers; pario reperio; **17.** ē gen. preferred to root-vowel in redupl. of perf., pario peperi, cado cecidi, caedo cecidi, tollo tetuli, mordeo memordi, Enn. or momordi; spondeo spondi or sponodi; sto steti; **18.** hence ē in perf. of verbs w. a in root, facio feci for fefaci; ago egi for eagi; **19.** ē for ā in comp. hālo anhēla-; **20.** ē at times dropped from middle in old lang., Bennentod, CIL 19; decmus, S21 (bis); patr, 130; **21.** so gen. bef. r, magistri libri patris acris as also libra umbra, cf. libella umbella; **22.** lost from end as uolup, biher for bibere; and esp. in imper., fae, dic, duc, es, inger; **23.** by umlaut for other vowels, bene by bonus, uelim by uolo; see heus, ecce; **III 24.** Lat ē for Gr. a, as in

dim. suff. παλλαξ, μυαξ, ὕραξ, πυνδαξ, but Lat. pellex, murex, sorex, podex; neut. in at-a by the side of vbs in an, compared w. Lat. en, ονομα ονομαινω nomen; ελυμα uolumen; νευμα numen; add Tapas Tarentum Ακρας Agri-gentum; ἑπτα εννεα δεκα septem nouem decem; **25.** ē w. S. a, S. ad eat, L. ed-o; S. asti, L. est; S. man think, L. mens; S. ma measure, L. men of mensor, mensus; S. madhya, L. medins; S. tamas n. darkness, L. temere in the dark; S. aqva, L. equus; S. āsi, L. ensis; **26.** Lat. ē=Gr. ei, πλατῆα πλατεια; caducēus καρκελιον; cīnecēum γυναικειον; conopēum κωνωπειον; chorēa or chorēa, χορεία; **27.** ē (as well as i) for Gr. ei, Medēa, Alexandrēa, Darēus, Penēus, Alphēus; **IV 28.** Lat. e often becomes ie in Ital. and Fr., L. breuis, I. brieve, F. brief; bene F. bien; fel, fiele, fiel; febris fīvre; venit vient; tenet tient; already Lat. had rēn and riēn; **29.** Lat. e=I. i, ego io; deus dio; meus mio; **30.** Lat. e=F. oi, reg- (rex) roi; leg- (lex) loi; serum soir; mensis mois; auena auoine; Cartaginensis Carthaginois; Alesiensis Auxois; **31.** L. ē and ē=Fr. i, prētium prix, prensus pris, dēcem dix, sex six, species épice, ebrius ivre, cera, cire, tapētapis; **V 32.** abbrev. first from CIL, E. H. L. N. R. eius haece lege nihil rogato, 200, 36; 206, 65; E. I. eius iudex, 205, 1, 27; E. R. ea res, 205, 1, 13; EID. eidus, 200, 70; **33.** fm. Orel. inscr., EML. emeritus, 3741, 6791; E. M. e monitu, 2467; E. M. V. egregiae memoriae uir, 3100; EN in Calendar=endotercius=intrercius, fast. Maff. and Praen. at Jan. 10 and 14; EQ. eques equestris etc.; ESQ. Esquilina, 2621; ess. essedaritus, 2585; E. V. egregius uir, passim; E. V. ex uoto 1251; EVOC. euocatus, 4927; EXAR. exarchus, 3410; EXC. exceptus, 4422; exceptor, 6791; EXT. exterum, 4425; **34.** fm. mss ē est; ēē esse.

ē, rarely ec (see § 55) ex, prep. [ec=εκ, whence ex for ec- is in orig. a comp.; cf. abs, obs; επισ of επισ-σενω and οπισ- of οπισω etc.] out of, from in or on; out of, quod ex urbe exue ieis loccis... exportare oportebit, CIL 206, 59; neue prohibeto quo miuus ex eo agro ligna sumant, 199, 34; Interea e portu nostra nauis soluitur, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 54; exi e colina sis foras mastigia, Most. 1, 1, 1; Immo etiam cerebrum quoque omne e capite emunxisti meo, 5, 1, 1; cum exturbasti ex aedibus, Trin. 1, 2, 100; Truc. 2, 2, 23; nauitas ex nauibus eduxi, Cato orat. 45, 10; aquam cetertris sumere Ex fonte..., Naev. ap. Non. 547; e nauis egredientem, Ter. Ilaut. 1, 2, 8; telum e corpore extractum ostenderet, Cic. Rosc. Am. 19; legiones ex hibernis educit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; **2.** esp. of countries, including large islands, ex Aetolia complures uenerant, Cato orat. 44, 2; tabellas...Quas tu attulisti mihi ab ero meo usque e Persia, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 13; add 4, 3, 28; ex Sicilia litteras deportare, Cic. Caecil. 28; enm ex Italia discesserim, Att. 11, 12, 1; equites ex Cypro decedere iussi, 5, 21, 10; ea ex Hispania adportari iubet, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 4; auxilia ex Britannia accersunt, 3, 9, 10; yet w. exceptions, as: exercitum Britannia reportabant, Cic. Att. 4, 17, 3; cogebantur Coreyra atque Acarnania...pabulum subportare, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 4; Germanicus Aegyptio remeans, Tac. an. 2, 69, 1; but in Liv. 45, 13, 9 Madv. writes: litterae deinde e Macedonia

allatae; **3.** such a phrase at times attached to a sb., Rogo Philoeratem ex Alide equis hominum norit, Pl. Capt. 3, 2, 10; dixit cupere to ex Acthiopia Ancillulum, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 85; Herennium negotiatorem ex Africa, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 14; fratres Veianios ex agro Falisco, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Q. Iunius ex Hispania quidam, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 1; **4.** akin to these: Menophilus Lueretianus seruos publicus ex Basilica Opimia, CIL 1067; ossa sita P. Pomponi P. l. Rufonis Menopilus Alf(ianus) ser. pub. ex Basilica Opimia, 1068; puer quis ex aula capillis Ad cyathum statuatur unctis, Hor. od. 1, 29, 7; **5.** esp. w. verbs of taking, deriving, ex is praediis talenta argenti bina Statim capiebat, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 6; capit ille ex suis praediis sescena sestertia, ego centena ex meis, Cic. parad. 49; ex eo unum misera quem capit Laborem, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 4; eam quam ex discendo capiunt uoluptatem, Cic. fin. 5, 48; **6.** perth. peculiar to Livy, agro ex hoste capto, 3, 68, 6; captam ex hostibus pecuniam, 5, 20, 5; coloniam ex hostibus eripere, 41, 14, 3; **7.** w. person as source of knowledge, from, of, Istuc uolubam ego ex te percunctarier, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 12; and Amph. 2, 2, 78; Pers. 4, 4, 59 and 67; Nescio tu ex me hoc audieris annon, Mil. 4, 6, 50; Bac. 4, 8, 70 and 71; 5, 2, 42; ex te solo scitari, Capt. 2, 2, 13; Trin. 2, 4, 117; ex uxore mea hanc rem pergam exquirere, Amph. 4, 1, 7; add Mil. 2, 2, 92; Omnia rescini scelera ex Mnesilocho tua, Bac. 4, 6, 12; ego scibo ex hoc quid sciet, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 58; primum e me ut sciat..., Haut. 3, 1, 2; ex iis quaeritur quid..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 100; quaero ex Acasto, Att. 6, 9, 1; cognoui ex eo, ib.; ut postea ex captiuis cogitum est, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 2; but peto never w. ex, because it asks favours, not questions; **8.** of things as source of knowledge or inference, te cognosse ex litteris tuorum, Cic. fam. 10, 29, 1; intellexi ex tuis litteris, 6, 9, 3, ex (e) quo intellegitur, diu. 1, 70; Tusc. 1, 48; N. D. 2, 140; ex hoc ostenditur, Rosc. Am. 52; ex qua adparet antiquior materiae origo, Plin. 36, 197; **9.** gen. orig. of actions, thoughts, feelings, omnia ex uictoria et ex sua liberalitate sperarent, Caes. b. c. 3, 6, 1; **10.** origin of names, Hostis uiuos rapere soleo ex acie: ex hoc nomen mihi (says Harpax), Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 65; Nunc Miccotrogus nomine e uero uocor, St. 1, 3, 88; add Merc. 3, 1, 19; P. Scipione cui postea Africano cognomen ex uirtute fuit, Sal. Ing. 5, 4; nomen (Lara)...Ex uitio positum, Ov. F. 2, 601; Ex uero positum permansit Equiria nomen, 2, 859; ex argumento nomen accepit scorpio herba, Plin. 22, 39; add 11, 123; 27, 91; uicum e nominibus indita uocabula, Tac. an. 4, 55; add G. 2, 4; **11.** from on, off, In Sauraeti caprae ferae sunt quae salient e saxo pedes plus sexagenos, Cato ap. Varr. r. 2, 3, 3; ex equo cadere; ...ex hocine equo, Cic. fat. 5; ex equis desiliunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 3; saxum iu uicum Iugarium ex Capitolio procidit, Liv. 35, 21, 6; nisi e campo in cauum hanc uiam demittimus equos, 23, 47, 5; **12.** of hanging from, uidetis pendere alios ex arbore, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 66; and met., Equae tuo pendet resupini spiritus ore, Lucr. 1, 37; cui spes omnis...pendet ex foitua, Cic. parad. 17; tuorumque qui ex te peudent, fau. 6, 22, 2; add Sal. Ing. 14, 23; **13.** of a person remaining in or on a place and acting theuce, Castor et Pollux ex equis pugnae uisi sunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 6; contionari ex turri alta solebat, Tusc. 5, 59; add Man. 8, 21; pueri mulieresque ex muro passis manibus...pacem...petierunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 13, 3; Ariouistus ex equis ut colloquerentur postulauit, 1, 43, 2; Orgetorigem ex uinculis causam dicere coegerunt, 1, 4, 1; add 2, 30, 3; ex uinculis causam dicere, Liv. 29, 19, 5; armatae classes imponunt sibi turrium propugnacula ut in mari quoque pugnetur uelut e muris, Plin. 32, 3; autea ex prora tantum et puppi pugnabatur, 7, 209; **14.** esp. of looking and hearing from, Ibi tum derepente ex alto in altum desepxit mare, Enn. ap. Non. 518, 5; ex cruce Italiani cernere, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 169; uillam M. Aemili...ex qua iam audieram fremitum clientium meorum, fam. 7, 18, 3; hoc ipso ex loco saepe cognouisti, Manil. 42; add 52; ex loco superiore, quae res...gererentur, conspiciat, Caes. b. g. 2, 26, 4; Cum me Castalia specularis ex arbore Phoebus Sic ait...,

Prop. 3, 3, 13; **15.** ex itinere is often used of a thing done while on one's way or march, quas ex itinere...ad me litteras misisti, Cic. fam. 3, 9, 1; hac pugna nuntiata ex i. domum reuerterunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 1; id (sc. oppidum) ex i. magno impetu Belgae oppugnare coeperunt, 2, 6, 1; reductur ad eum deprentus ex i. N. Magius, b. c. 1, 24, 4; ex i. plerisque consularibus...mittit, Mag. Cat. 34, 2; ex i. praemittere edictum, Liv. 35, 24, 3; seo also § 38; **16.** of reading or copying from writing, exque ieis librcis...intabulas publicas referunda curato, CIL 206, 155; tu istinc (so Bothe, mss hinc) ex cera cita, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 33; et Celsus Nepoti ex libello respondit et Celso Nepos ex pugillaribus, Plin. ep. 6, 5, 6; **17.** of material, non est enim e saxo sculptus aut e robore dolatus, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 101; ex eo auro buculam curasse faciendam, diu. 1, 48; statua ex aere facta est, Verr. 2, 2, 50; and met. saepe ex huius modi re quapiam...magna familiaritas Conflatat, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 35; qui erat totus ex fraude et mendacio factus, Cic. Clu. 72; **18.** hence w. vbs. such as constare, consistere, coniungi, contineri, temperari, misceri, Ex auriqne putat micis consistere posse Aurum, Lucr. 1, 839; qui ex animo constet et corpore, Cic. N. D. 1, 98; aut simplex est natura animantis...aut concretum ex pluribus naturis, 3, 34; temperatum ex tribus optimis...modis, rep. 1, 69; add coniuuctus, fin. 2, 44; contineantur, acad. post. 6; constat, off. 1, 157; Rosc. com. 20; even w. singular element, siue ex crimine causa constat, siue ex controuersia, siue ex deliberatione, or, 2, 104; Temperantia constat ex praetermittendis uoluptatibus corporis, N. D. 3, 38; homines mixti ex colluione omnium gentium, Liv. 30, 35, 7; add 22, 43, 2; 26, 40, 17; **19.** of liquids employed for mixture with solids, and not limited to medicine, as Hand says, Resinam ex melle Aegiptiam uorato: saluum feceris, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 31; esto crudam (brassicam) ex aceto, Cato r. 156; ex aceto (inulau)...coquito, Colum. 12, 48, 1; infrica ex hoc (sc. uino), Cels. 3, 19, p. 103, l. 26 Dar.; cucumeris siluestris pars interior ex lacte muliebri diluitur, 5, 21, 1; panem ex uino esse, 1, 6; ex mulso decoctae, 5, 28, 11 m.; ex uino subactam, 6, 6, p. 227, 11 Dar.; folia thyrsiqne tritii ex aceto bibantur, Plin. 20, 62;—herba ex uiuo pota contra uenena serpentium pollet, 24, 136; add 29, 113 and 114; calce uiua ex oleo subacta, Vitr. 8, 7, 8; conditur ex oleo, Apic. 431; or attached to a noun, columnas ex lapide, CIL 1307; mons ex sale mero, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; huic statuum statui decet ex auro, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 1; pocula ex auro..., uas uinariu ex una gemma, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; farinam ex faba, Cels. 5, 28, 19 f.; **20.** of change of character, Facietque extemplo Crucisalum me ex Crusalo, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 128; si possim tranquillum facere ex irato mihi, Cist. 4, 1, 21; add Most. 1, 1, 80; quos ego ope mea ex Incertis certos compotesque consili Dimitto, Enn. ap. Cic. or. 1, 200; non ex militibus piscatores feci, Cato orat. ap. Fest. 237 M; feci ex seruo ut esses libertus mihi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 10; nihil tam miserabile quam ex beato miser, Cic. part. or. 57; ex homiue tanquam aliquo Circaeo poculo factus est uerres, Caecil. 57; add Phil. 3, 22; Rosc. Am. 50; Vatiu. 29; Q. Cic. pct. cons. 35; Nam ferent iuueues subito ex infantibus paruus, Lucr. 1, 186; Masinissam ex hoste amicum factum, Liv. 31, 11, 14; Nymphasque e nauibus esse Iusserat, Verg. 10, 221; **21.** to mark an intermediate state, between—and—, corpus ex longo...rotundum, Colum. 6, 29, 3; mel...ex dulci aere, Plin. 11, 39; ex austero dulce, 13, 62; 21, 50; **22.** esp. of colour, ex aureolo uarias, Colum. 9, 4, 2; e rufo candidans, Plin. 12, 50; e rubro lacteum, 12, 52; e uiridi rubentibus, 15, 127; pallidum e uiridi, 21, 158; ex cauido rufa, 37, 147; **23.** of parentage alike on father's and mother's side, (born) of, (sprung) from, (son or d.) by, Filiam quam ex te suscepi (says Philippa), Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 34; quae ex te nata sit, 4, 2, 14; add Truc. 4, 4, 12; Iuppiter ex Ope natust, Mil. 4, 2, 90; add 4, 7, 9; Neque tu (cumquam in gremium extollas liberorum ex te genus, Eun. ap. Cic. orat. 155; grauida e Pamphilost, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 11; peperisse hanc e Pamphilo, 3, 2, 17;



Atque ex me hic natus non est set ex fratrē meo, Ad. 1, 1, 15; si ex me illa liberis uellet sibi, Hec. 4, 4, 33; add Eun. 3, 2, 7; sextus hic (Hercules) ex Alemana quem Iuppiter genuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 42; Διοσκουροι ex roge loue et Proserpina nati, 3, 53; qui sunt ex his nati, Caes. b. g. 5, 14 f.; is Adherbalem ex sese genuit, Sal. Iug. 5, 7; Iuppiter e terra genitam mentitur, Ov. M. 1, 615; **24.** gen. of souce or cause or origin, from, first of matter, quos...publicani ex eo uectigali transportabunt fructus, CIL 204, 2, 36; **25.** after words of triumph or victory, as the result of, over, ex ea urbe triumphari sine qua numquam nostri imperatores ex transalpinis bellis triumphauerunt, Cic. off. 2, 28; ex hostibus, Phil. 8, 18; ages uictor ex inimicorum dolore triumphum iustissimum, fam. 3, 10, 1; ex opulentissima Etrusca ciuitate uictoria tulit, Liv. 2, 50, 2; ex Aetolis triumphauerat, 40, 45, 6; et Domiti ex Aruernis et Fabi ex Allobrogibus uictoria fuit nobilis, Vell. 2, 10, 2; ex Hispaniis, 2, 30, 2; ex iis, inser. Or. 541; add 545; 590; **26.** owing to, in consequence of, from, seiquid damni datum factumque ex ea re... erit, CIL 205, 1, 13; sanus non est ex amore illius, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 106; Laborat e dolore atque ex hoc misera sollicitast..., Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 33; insanire incipiunt ex iniuria, Ad. 2, 1, 43; cum e uia languerem, Cic. Phil. 1, 12; ex me doluisti, fam. 16, 21, 3; ex diuitiis iuuentutem luxuria atque auaritia...inuasere, Sal. Cat. 12, 2; ex conscientia diffidenti rebus suis, Iug. 32, 5; aeger oculis ex uerna intemperie, Liv. 22, 2, 10; ex uulneribus periere, 22, 7, 3; **27.** ex—attached to a noun, as though some participle were dropt, prius se cortice ex arboribus uicturos quam..., Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 2; fructus (so mss; edd. frons) ex arboribus deficiebat, 3, 58, 5; repositis ex fraxino frondibus, Colum. 7, 3, 21; ex leguminibus paleae, 7, 3, 22; ex hac clade atrox ira maioris cladis causa fuit, Liv. 2, 51, 6; quos proprius ex legato timor agitabat, Tac. Agr. 16; quamquam multa simul offunderentur, metus ex imperatore, contemptio ex barbaris, an. 11, 20; **28.** before laws, decrees etc., in agreement or accordance with, under, quei ex haec lege plebeiu scito factus erit, CIL 197, 7; ex senati consulto, 199, 4; e lege locationis, 206, 49; ex edicto praetoris, Cic. Quinct. 30; ex decreto, fam. 13, 56, 3; ex senatus consulto, Sal. Cat. 42, 3; often abbr. as ex s. c., CIL 339; 365, 377 on deuarii; ex praecepto regis, Sal. Iug. 13, 7; ex collegii sententia, Liv. 4, 53, 6; ex decreto pontificum, 40, 45, 2; non redditas res ex foedere, 1, 23, 7; **29.** in late legal writers, ex officio, by virtue of (his) office, utilitatem pupilli spectabit et an tutor ex officio sumptus fecerit, Ulp. dig. 27, 4, 3; ex officio recitatio iure poscetur, Paul. 49, 14, 45, 8; **30.** hence gen. in accordance with, according to, as suggested by, i(ta) u(tei) e(is) e r(e) p(publica) f(ideue) s(ua) u(idebitur), CIL 200, 35; add 203, 11; negotium ex uoluntate Caesaris...gere, Cic. fam. 13, 5, 1; statues ut ex fide fama reque mea uidebitur, Att. 5, 8 f.; hunc statum corporis... qui est maxime e natura, fin. 5, 47; ex uirtute agere, fin. 4, 35; ex consuetudine, Clu. 38; Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 4; 4, 32, 1; ex illius more, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 29; ex optimo more, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; ex aliorum more, Sal. Iug. 61, 3; or absol. ex more, Verg. 5, 244; Ov. M. 14, 156; Plin. ep. 3, 18, 1; Ex tua re non est ut ego emoriar, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 102; Non hercle ex re istius me instigasti Demipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 76; **31.** ex sententia means either according to one's real feelings, that is frankly, as in exx. marked \*, or gen. to one's heart's content, nec qui magis sit seruos ex sententia, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 97; add 2, 3, 87; Mil. 4, 1, 1; Men. 5, 7, 30; 5, 9, 89; Ps. 2, 4, 72; piscis ex sententia Nactus sum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 66; te ex sententia nauigasse gaudeo, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 1; iurare ex sui animi sententia\* quemque uoluerunt, Acad. 1r. 146; Nasica censori Catoni, cum ille: ex tui animi sententia\* tu uxorem habes? Non hercule inquit, ex mei animi sententia, or. 2, 260; ex tui animi sententia\* in prouinciam redibis? Liv. 43, 15, 8; **32.** in votive offerings to express the motive, in accordance with, in fulfilment of, Ioui optumo maximo ex uiso aram aedificauit P. Cornelius, CIL 1109; Dianae...T. Flaminius...ex

monitu aram fecit, inser. Or. 1444; I. O. M...Vlpius...e(x) u(oto) l(ibens) m(erito) p(osuit), 1251; Agatho Daemoni sacrum e. u. s., 1786; ex nocturno uisu stipem quotannis die certo emendicabat a populo, Suet. Aug. 91 f.; **33.** of a standard to judge by, by, from, according to, eorum ex ingenio ingenium horum probant, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 42; Atque ex aliarum ingeniis nunc me iudicet, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 118; leges ex utilitate communi, non ex scripture... interpretari, Cic. inu. 1, 68; si ex opibus, non ex ueritate causa pendetur, Quinct. 5; non esse ex fortuna fidem ponderandam, part. or. 117; **34.** in partitive phrases, of, out of, among, quei eorum exeis quci s(upra) s(criptei) s(un)t aduersus ea fecerit, is..., CIL 206, 96; qui unns unice ciuibs ex omnibus probus perhibetur, Pl. St. 1, 1, 12; ex copia piscaria Consulere quid emam oportet, Cas. 2, 8, 63; Illi ego ex omnibus optuine uolo, Most. 1, 4, 24; ex multis nequiores nullum quam hic est, St. 2, 2, 19; ex omnibus saeculis uix tria nominantur paria amicum, Cic. am. 15; qui tibi...detulerat ex latronibus suis principatum, Phil. 2, 5; homo ex numero disertorum, or. 1, 168; ex aliis ei maximam fidem habebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 41, 4; **35.** to the partitive sense belong also; si esset alia ex hoc quaestu, haud faceret scio, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 30; fuit eodem ex studio...Q. Tubero, Cic. Mur. 75; Et uolo non ex hac illa fuisse nota, Ov. am. 2, 5, 54; ex hac tibi nota (brand, met.) sapientem exhibebo, Sen. const. 3, 3; quaedam non sunt ex hac uolgari nota, ben. 3, 9, 1; add ep. 52, 3; Petr. 83 as corrected; uirgines ex sacerdotio Vestae, Flor. 1, 13, 12; **36.** of time, from, on and from, quam decuriam praeconum ex noneis decembris primis quaestoribus ad aerarium apparere oportet oportebit, CIL 202, 1, 10; Bonus nolo iam ex hoc die esse, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 10; ex ea die ad hanc diem quae fecisti in iudicio uoco, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 34; Tempore iam ex illo cassus mihi cognitus urbis, Verg. 1, 623; Impius ex quo Tydides..., Ex illo fluere...Spes Dauaam, 2, 163; neque fratrem Volscu ex quo semel fuerit aeger unquam assurrexisse ex morbo, Liv. 3, 24, 4; ex illo est haec tibi festa dies, Ov. F. 5, 670; **37.** the same, w. nouns not expressive of time, imber postea, Atque ex imbre frigus, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 70 Sp.; tanta repente uilitas annonae ex summa inopia... consecuta est, Cic. Man. 44; naues Viticae ex praedonum bello subductas, Caes. b. c. 2, 23, 3; neque ex tanta prope rantia tam facile tractum bellum socordia...crederent, Sal. Iug. 36, 3; otium ex labore, copia ex inopia, cultus ex illuue...corpora uarie mouebat, Liv. 21, 39, 2; quum primum aliquis inhorruit et ex horrore incaluit, Cels. 3, 12; odium aduersus Vestinum ex intima sodalitate coeperat, Tac. an. 15, 68; Fonteius ex Asia Moesia praepositus est, h. 3, 46 f.; **38.** esp. w. ex fuga, after the rout, multos ex fuga dispersos excipiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 6; nemo...ex f. regem sequitur, Sal. Iug. 54, 4; aliquos ex fuga dissipatos fore, Liv. 22, 55, 4; add 6, 29, 4; 28, 23, 7; 30, 7, 1; so also: id (oppidum) ex itinere oppugnare conatus, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 2; see also § 15; esp. w. names of office, aliamque quam potestatem ex quo honore in enn ordinem perueniat, CIL 206, 137; Cotta ex consulatu profectus in Galliam, Cic. Brnt. 318; cum honestissime ex praetura triumphasset, Mur. 15; add leg. 1, 53; ex praetura eam prouinciam obtinuerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 31, 2; ne ex praetura et consulatu...in prouincias mittantur, 1, 85, 9; add 1, 22, 4; ne reus e consulatu sim, Liv. 22, 49, 11; ex consulatu populi iudicio damnatus, 27, 34, 3; **39.** w. repeated words, Aliam rem ex alia cogitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 3; add 5, 5, 17; uerum nt alius ex alio incidit, Haut. 3, 3, 37; aliud ex alio quaerentibus, Cic. leg. 1, 14; add Att. 16, 14, 3; fam. 9, 19 f.; alia ex alia facies, Lucr. 4, 821; alia ex aliis iniquiora, Liv. 4, 2, 9; alias ex aliis fingendo moras, 7, 39, 3; and in fuller phrase, alia ex alia nexa, Cic. N. D. 1, 9; causas alias ex aliis aptas, Tusc. 5, 70; diem ex die expectabam, Att. 7, 26, 3; diem ex die ducere Haedui, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 4; contiguas didicere ex artibus artes Proserere, Grat. cyn. 8; nitia ex uitibus coacta, Rup. L. Lycurg. 1, 2; **40.** of proportion, to the extent of, facit heredem ex duce et semuncia Caecinam, ex duabus sextulis M.



Fulcinium, Cic. Caecin. 17; uter ex fratribus meis...Secum nroxem duxerit ex dodrante, nter non duxerit ex quadrante heres esto, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 9, 10; ex reliqua parte heres esto, ib. 28, 5, 17, 3; constituit ut tu ex triente socius esses, ego ex besse, Procul. 17, 2, 76; ex parte magna tibi assentior, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 3; Nec tamen ex toto deserere illa potes, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 72; add Colum. 5, 8, 6; Cels. 1, 2, l. 7; 2, 8, p. 45 l. 36 Dar.; Sen. ep. 75, 11; **41.** of a side or quarter, on, in, una ex parte Rheno (continentur), altera ex parte monte Iura, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 3; ex altera parte filius, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 76; quod sit omni ex parte perfectum, am. 79; qua ex parte...magno dolore adficiantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 4; Recipe te ad terram Charine huc: non me ex aduerso uidet? Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 37; id tantum hostium quod ex aduerso erat conspexit, Liv. 22, 4, 4; ex altera parte Laelium iustat, 28, 19, 18; ex alio latere cubiculum est politissimum, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 10; **42.** of means or cause from wh. results proceed, ex opibus summis mci honoris gratia...ire opitulatum atque ea te facere facinora quae..., Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 26; Ex summis opibus uiribusque usque experire, nitere, Merc. 1, 2 1; cuius faciem uidere cupiebam, Apul. M. 9, 15; add 2, 32, 1; and prob. 7, 24 f. wh. Eyss. et; senator ex negotio—ou business—proprio forte repertus apud Constantiopolim, Amm. 22, 7, 6; Thessaliam ex negotio petebam, Apul. M. 1, 2; **43.** e uestigio, ex templo, when one acts at once from where one is standing, on the spot, at once, cf. Fr. sur-le-champ, G. anf der Stelle, Cic. Caecil. 57; Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 4; but in b. g. in uestigio; **44.** in very late wr., of instrument, with, agitabis mustum ex canna, Pallad. Oct. 17, 1; **45.** for adverbial phrases ex aequo, bono, etc.; ex abundantia, continenti etc.; ex confesso, improposito, see those words; ex nunc from now, forthwith, Amm. 21, 10, 2 f.; ex tunc from that time, Alcim. Amit. 3, 315, only in very late writers; **46.** ex postponed, ignibus ex ignis, Lucr. 1, 841; albis ex alba, 2, 791; Nec quae nigra cluendae de nigris sed uariis ex, 2, 791; add 6, 788; **47.** esp. after rel., quam quibus e corpus..., Lucr. 3, 375; add 839; 858; 5, 949; **48.** in all writers common bet. emphatic adj. and noun, see § 41; **49.** ex always before vowels; ex or e bef. consonants, esp. in ex sententia, ex senatus consulto, ex tempore; in some e preferred as, e regione, e re publica; **50.** ec also occurs in: ec senatus consultis, Sisenn. ap. Non. 484, 19; ee Menelai domu (mss et), Acc. ap. Prisc. 1329; ee flamma, Lucil. ap. Non. 138, 21; ee maconis manu, 88, 16; ee fenestris, 288, 48; ee fontibus, 317, 6; ee uestimentis, 350, 6; ee medio ludo, 157, 12; ee quo, Cic. ib. 175, 27; ee theatro, Varr. ap. Non. 325, 14; ee liquida uita, ib. 334, 15; ee sale, 223, 15; ee rhythmis, 428, 23; ee quo, 552, 6; ee malo, Sall. ib. 366, 12; (in most of these by safe cj.; mss et, haec etc.); cf. Baiter ad Tuse. 2, 20; L. Müller ad Lucil. 7, 23 p. 219; **51.** in comp. of vbs. the chief meanings are: out, eximo take out; exeo go out; ex-fero or effero carry out; **52.** removal by act of simple verb, ex-canto charm away; edormio sleep off; exterreo frighten away; **53.** escape by act of simple vb., enito escape by dodging; eluctor get away by wrestling; e-fugio or e-fugio esc. by flight; **54.** obtaiui (an end) by act of simple vb., extundo hammer out; euestigio, trace out; **55.** publicity, edico proclaim; enuntio divulge; edo publish; **56.** ascent, emergo emerge; eueho carry up; exsisto stand up; euado go up; extollo raise up; **57.** completeness, edisco learn by heart; exuro burn up; emereor serve one's whole time; enumerio count out to the last; exsaeoio rage to the end; edormio finish sleeping; **58.** change of character, v. vbs. fm. adj. or sb., efero (are) make savage; ee-femino convert into a woman; expio make clean; **59.** reversal, exanguro deprive of a religious character; exauctorior relieve (a soldier) of the anctoramentum, discharge; **60.** from sb's. prob. through an adj., removal of the sb., exosso bone (a fish); enodo clear of knots; enucleo clear (fruit) of stones, stone; **61.** distance or outside, exaudio hear from afar, overhear; **62.** in comp. adj. deuotes absence, eueruis without muscle, exsompnis sleepless, exorris banished; exos without bones; exsors without a share; ex-

animus lifeless; **63.** ec often in comp. of vbs. before f, see 51, 53, 58; **64.** ex (EX) in many eases seems to = ex, esp. bef. f and s, as ex-focient, CIL 195; ex-fringam, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 35; ex-fodio, Aul. 4, 8, 9; ex-fodiri, Mil. 2, 3, 44; ex-solatum, Ps. 4, 3, 18; ex-squi etc.; also in ex-deicendum, CIL 196, 3; ex-deicatis, 196, 23; ex-migrasti, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 71.

**ē-bit-o**, ěre, vb. [baeto]=exeo, go out, go off, Non it, quia tanto opere suades ne ebitat (so BCD; A ne ae-bitat, a dittogr.: abitat, ebitat), Pl. St. 4, 2, 28.

**ecce**, interj. [prob. an imper. of a vb. akin to oculus (or a lost oculus, implied in ὄσσε, and Ital. ochio) the root o changed to c by umlaut], behold, see, w. acc., Ecce nos tibi obediens, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 17; ecce me, 3, 1, 69; Ecce hominem te Stasime nihili, Trin. 4, 3, 6; ecce autem\* alterum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 6; Ecce me quid faciam uobis, Ad. 5, 9, 38; **2.** absol. w. a sentence attached, ecce autem\* commodum aperitur foris, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 61; optime ecce obuiam mihi est, Bac. 4, 4, 17; Ecce autem\* caligo obortast, omnem prospectum abstulit, Enn. ap. Nou. 518, 19; Et ecce de improposito ad uos accedit cana Veritas, Varr. ap. Non. 86, 26; ecce tibi+ exortus est Isocrates, Cic. or. 2, 94; ecce autem\*...L. Caesar ut ueniam ad se rogat, Att. 15, 5, 5; add Verr. 1, 17\*; har. r. 46; Caecin. 30†; Verg. 2, 403; Ecce...Dietyinna...Aspicit hanc, Ov. M. 2, 441; Ecce aliae plagae congeruntur mortuo, Phaedr. 4, 1, 11; **3.** hence abbrev. ecce appears to govern a nom., ecce autem\* uoua turba atque rixa...: retiuere incipit..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 148; ecce tibi+ eiusmodi sortitio ut..., Clu. 75; sed ecce nuntii, ...ecce litterae, Att. 8, 3, 7; add 2, 14, 2; 7, 24; 8, 8, 2; 13, 16, 1; and esp. pron. cons. 43; **4.** prob. a nom. in: ecce autem\* subitum diuortium, Cic. Clu. 14; doubt: in ecce autem\* aliud minus dubium, Liv. 7, 35, 10; **5.** often w. autem, ecce autem uideo rure redeuntem senem, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 45; ecce autem alia pusilla epistola, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 23; aud exx. marked \*; **6.** often w. tibi, ecce tibi qui rex populi Romani esse coucipuerit, Cic. off. 3, 83; add † above; ecce tibi quidam nauicularius irrumpit se in curiam, Varr. ap. Non. 263, 18; **7.** in old writers perh. ueuer w. a mere nom.; in Cic. and later perh. neuer w. acc., for in flu. 2, 96 miserum hominem alone.

**ecclle?** or **ecclillum** etc., adj., [an older and more emphatic form of ille; Ital. quello intermediate; ult. fm. ecce] yonder look, in agreement w. nouu, Librorum ecclillum ego habeo plenum soracum, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 64; Set generum nostrum ire ecclillum uideo cum adfina suo, Trin. 3, 1, 21; Habeo ecclillum meam clientam, Mil. 3, 1, 194; add Merc. 2, 3, 98; Aul. 4, 10, 51; Rud. 2, 7, 18; **2.** in Pers. 2, 2, 65 abi, ecclillum domi, it may be for ecce illum.

**eccistam**, pron. acc. f. [an older and more emphatic form of iste; Ital. questo intermediate; ult. fm. ecce] that near you, certe eccistam uideo, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 17.

**eccum**, **eccam**, etc., [fm. ecce, forced into decl. like hic iste ille, also imper. in origin; see there; gen. made a compound=ecce cum etc., but?] see, look, Vbi tu es? Eccum\*, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 25; Set eccum Pinacium eius puerum, St. 1, 3, 113; eccum tibi lupum in sermone, 4, 1, 71; add 4, 1, 22; Sed Philolachetis eccum seruom Tranium, Most. 3, 1, 36; set Toxili puerum eccum, Pers. 2, 3, 22; Sed eccum meum gnatum optume Video, Merc. 2, 2, 66; Sed eccum adfuenem ante aedis, Aul. 3, 5, 62; S. 'Eccum\* me' inque. Cl. eccum\* hic tibi, Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 1; sed eccum militem, Eun. 3, 1, 5; attat eccum Pheidippum et patrem Video, Hec. 3, 4, 35; **2.** in these pass., esp. those marked \*, eum would be absurd; prob. thou it forms no part in the other cases, as: set eccum egreditur, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 59; E. ostende huc manus. S. Em tibi ostendo, eccas, Aul. 4, 4, 14; set eccos uideo iucedere, Bac. 3, 2, 19; Sunt crepundia. Ecce uidco, Rud. 4, 4, 110; Atque eccum in ipso tempore ostentum senem, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 194 M; Atque eccos segniss somno et



tarditudine, Acc. ap. Nou. 181, 18; add Titiu. ap. Charis. 177 P, 196, 13 K; Afran. ap. Char. 95 P, 119, 19 K; Nov. ap. Fest. 364 M; strepitus a dextra, eorum recta (al. al.) candidatus noster...se in uillam, Varr. r. 3, 17, 10; **3.** much less does this deriv. apply to nom., as: eapse eeca (so mss) exit, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 66; Set eeca (so mss w. A) ipsa egreditur, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 34; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 130 some mss omit eeca; **4.** the deriv. fm. ecce cum etc. wd. suit, wh. nom. occurs, as Seux ipsus te ante ostium eorum opperitur, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 108; add Pers. 4, 3, 73; Merc. 2, 1, 44; Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 6; 5, 7, 25.

**ecquandō**, interr. adv. [older and fuller form of quando; and so more emphatic, when?—ever? C. Mari equando te nostrum et reipublicae miseribitur? Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 20, 6, 11; equando nisi per xxxv tribus creati sunt (triumviri)? Cic. agr. 2, 17; eq. te rationum factorum tuorum redditurum putasti? eq...., Verr. 2, 2, 43; add 2, 5, 66; Cael. ad Cic. 8, 15, 1; eq. communem hanc esse patriam licebit? Liv. 3, 68, 10; eq. amabis? Sen. ira 3, 28, 1; **2.** equandone?—ever? Cic. fin. 5, 63; Vell. 2, 14, 2; Equandone tibi liber sum uisus? Prop. 2, 8, 15.

**ecquis**, or -i, equae? or -a, equid, equod etc., pron. interr. adj. [old and more emphatic form of quis, wh. see] any? first indir., dic quod te rogo Equem tu hic hominem crispum incanum uideris, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 37; Eadem percontabor equi hunc (so Brix, Fl.; Liud. equis) adulescentem nouerit, Capt. 2, 3, 99; add 3, 2, 10; quod quaeris equae spes pacificationis sit, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 4; rogato equid suo nomine in tuam statum contulerit, Verr. 2, 2, 152; in qua uidebimus, equa consuetudo sit, equa lex, equa actio, equod eius rei artificium, iuu. 2, 42; Temptat enim dubiam mentem rationis egestas Equaenam fuerit mundi genitalis origo Et simul equae sit finis, Lucr. 5, 1212; ...Postremo equa (etqua A) inde parua perisset soror, Equis cum ea una, ...Equis eam posset noscere, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 15; **2.** dir. or. Aperite hoc, aperite: heus equis his foribus tutelam gerit? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 28; Quis cena poscit? equi (so A) poscit prandio? St. 2, 1, 69; Heus adulescens, equa in istac pars inest praemi mihi? Men. 1, 2, 26; quid? Sarsinatis equast (equa est, A) si Vmbram non habes? Most. 3, 2, 83; equa (etqua mss) tandem lex est tam acerba quae...? Cato orig. Iord. 24, 8; equis me hodie uiuit fortunatior? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 1; equae poterit in agnoscendo esse distinctio? Cic. acad. pr. 2, 86; eeci non proditur reuertenti? Mur. 68; Vox erat: Ilac gressus equa puella tulit? Ov. F. 4, 488;

**3.** equid, adverbially, in any respect, at all, equid placeat? Equid placeant, me rogas? Pl. Most. 3, 3, 4; Tace subsanculemus, equid (equi R) de me fiat mentio, Mil. 4, 2, 3; eqnid (so mss, R) equi fortis uisast? 4, 3, 13; Equid argutust?...Equid is homo scitust? Ps. 2, 4, 56; sed heus tu, equid uides Kal. Antonium nou uenire?—are you quite blind to the fact that... —, Cic. Att. 2, 2, 3; quid agatis et equid in Italiam uenturi sitis hac hieme fac plane sciam—have any idea of coming—, fam. 7, 16, 3; equid sentitis in quanto contemptu uiuatis? Liv. 4, 3, 8; quaeuierunt ab iis equid milites ex formula paratos habent, 27, 10, 2; Equid, ut audieris tota turbare mente?...Equid...? Ov. tr. 3, 3, 47—will any disturbance pervade—; in Liv. 42, 26, 4 Madv. now has: est quid; **4.** equae, less common perh. than equa; equis often elided, unless we read equi (see Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 9—11); etquis etc., oft. by error, in good mss.

**equis-nam**, see nam.

**ecquō**, adv. interr. [ecquis], to anything? equo te tua uirtus prouexisset? equo genus? Cic. Phil. 13, 24.

**ēdūco**, āre, [implies a sb. ēdūc- or ēdūca, a nurse, and so ult. from dūco], bring up or tend as a nurse, Nostramno ere uis nutricem, quae nos educat, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 111; add Cas. pr. 44, 45; Cist. 1, 1, 41; 2, 3, 29; Truc. 2, 4, 45; educat nutrix, instituit paedagogus, docet magister, Varr. ap. Non. 447 f.; apparatus filios (Corneliae) non tam in gremio educatos quam in sermone matris, Cic. Brut. 211; Faustulo spes fuerat regiam stirpem apud se educari, Liv.

1, 5, 5; Hellaice quae Alexandrum educauerat...haud secus quam mater a rege diligebatur, Curt. 8, 1, 21; of a seal, educat mammis fetum, Plin. 9, 41; eicouiao genetricum senectam inuicem educant—urso their aged mothers— 10, 63; **2.** gen. rear, bring up, is mecum a puero puer Bene pudiceque educatust usquo ad adulescentiam, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 15; add Mil. 3, 1, 111; Men. 1, 1, 22; homino ingenio liberaliterque educato, Cic. or. 1, 137; homine in dedecore uato, ad turpitudinem educato, Verr. 2, 3, 60; hominem in fetalium manibus educatum—nursed as it were,—2, 5, 49; **3.** met., esp. of plants, ut uidea uitis... numquam mitem educato uam, Cat. 62, 59 (50); Foetibus arboreis et quas humus educat herbis, Ov. M. 15, 97; add 8, 830; Pont. 1, 10, 9; licet pōpuli...Caecuba educant, Plin. 16, 173; si quis aquis...educat...oleam, Val. F. 6, 712; **4.** still bolder met., sed quod educata huins nutrimentis eloquentia ipsa se postea colorat et roborat, non alienum fuit de oratoris quasi incunabulis dicere, Cic. orat. 42.

[**effēritas**, not Latin (see Ingerslev de vocib. nou recte explicatis Hafn. 1852), in Cic. Sest. 91 read ec feritate; in Tusc. 20 feritatem; in Lact. mort. pers. 9 et feritas].

**effervesco**, (ec-feru.) ēre, vb. boil np or over, in his aquis (hot springs) quae effervescent subitis (so mss, not subditis) ignibus quod in fretum saepe concurrat aestus atque effervescat, Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 308 Sp.; **2.** effervesce, as wine, ut in effervescentio unum se bene purget, Colum. 12, 25, 5; see effuero; **3.** met. campus atque illae uadae comitorum ut mare profundum...effervescent quodam quasi aestu, Cic. Planc. 15; totum Pontum effervescentem in Asiam, prou. cons. 6; effervescens in dicendo stomacho iracundiaque, Brut. 246; uerbis effervescentibus et paulonimium redndantibus, or. 2, 88; Iracundaque mens facile efferescit in ira, Lucr. 3, 295; neque in spumam ruborem effervesco, Gell. 1, 26, 8; ut luxuria effervescentis aestus coerceret, 2, 24, 15; **4.** finish boiling or effervescing, met., quoad iracundia domini effervesceret, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 17, 4; **5.** see

**effuero**, (ecf.) ēre, ferui, vb. the same, quotiens Cyclo-pum effuere in agros Vidimus undantem ruptis fornacibus Aetnam, Verg. G. 1, 471; liquefacta bouem per uiscera toto Stridere apes utero, et ruptis effuere costis, 4, 556; nermisque effuere, terram Intempestiuos quom putor cepit ob imbris, Lucr. 2, 928; Stat. Th. 4, 664; only in poets; **2.** effervesce, ubi satis effuerit, de uino manipulum eicito, Cato r. 115, 1; **3.** met., boil over, si cui uimium effuero uidetur huins in...inimicitias suis ferocitas, Cic. Cael. 77; add Lucr. 5, 1335; incantibus effuerat, Tac. au. 1, 74 f.; **4.** effuens, exultatio animi gaudio effuerit, Gell. 2, 27, 3; **5.** imperf. only in poets; **6.** efferbui doubtful; **7.** see effervesco.

**ef-fingo**, ēre, finxi, fictus, vb. [eo, fugo squeeze] squeeze up, wipe up (as w. a sponge), fscinas spongia effingat, Cato r. 67; Pliny copying this 15, 22 has: f. sp. tergendas; e foro spongiis effingi sanguinem, Cic. Sest. 77; Me miserum quod nou medicorum iussa ministro, Effingoque manus insideoque toro, Ov. her. 20, 134 and again 137; by pressure upward aid the return of venous blood; **2.** squeeze into due form, manus (cadaueris), Albin. 1, 137; **3.** esp. mould or model (as in clay) by squeezing, Vt laus est cerae, mollis cedensque sequatur Si doctos digitos...et...Nuno Venerem effingat, nuuc Veneris puerum, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; (see fingo); **4.** and so gen. imitate in form, Bis conatus erat casus (sc. Icar) effingere in auro, Verg. 6, 32; gressusque effingit euntis, 10, 640; grnes...Effingunt uarias casu monstrante figuras, Lucan. 5, 713; horrentes effingens crine galeros, Sil. 1, 404; **5.** met. mould, model, fashion, represent, tum speciem (natura) ita formanit oris ut in ea mores effingeret, Cic. leg. 1, 26; an imprimi quasi ceram animum putamus? Quae possunt nerborum...esse uestigia, quae magnitudo (mnlitudo)? quae illa...possit effingere? Tusc. 1, 61; ut effectos nostros mores in alicui personis expressamque imaginem uitae quotidianae uideremus, Rose. Am. 47; add or. 2, 184; per figuras animalium Aegyptii



sensus mentis effingebant, Tac. an. 11, 14; imaginem uirtutis, Quint. 10, 2, 15; add 6, 2, 17; 10, 1, 108 and 127; 11, 3, 26 and 90; effinge aliquid et exinde (al. excude) quod sit perpetuo tuum, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 4; add 9, 22, 2.

**effütio**, (ec-f.) ire, vb. lit. pour out; in use only of words, blurt out (thoughtlessly), istoc me nomine Eo perferam olim dixi ne uos forte imprudentes foris Effütiretis, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 19; Multa licet simili ratione (as nonsensically) effütit ore, Lucr. 5, 910; 'euax' uerbum...effütitum (so B) naturaliter, Varr. l. 7, 5; ista effütientem nauseare, Cic. N.D. 1, 84; temere, 2, 94; diu. 2, 113; ex tempore, Tusc. 5, 88; leues uersus, Hor. A. P. 231.

**effütitus**, non existing, see prec. word.

**ägër-ies**, ãi, f. ordure, Sol. 40, 10; per egeriem qua sese animalia purgant, Paul. Nol. 32, 281.

**Egërüs**, ïi, m. son of Arruns, grandson of Demaratus, Liv. 1, 34, 3.

**ë-germïno**, äre, vb. sprout or shoot out, decutienda sunt omnia quae infra trunci caput egermïuauerint, Colum. 4, 17, 4; oculi (uitis), 4, 27, 4; 4, 32, 5.

**ë-gëro**, ëre, gessi, gestus, vb. [gero = χεω, pour; ef. congero, ingero etc.] pour out, spout out, shovel out, gen. in large qty, quum iam humanae opes egestae [a] Veis essent, amoliri tum deum dona, Liv. 5, 22, 3; uictorem uagum praedam ex hostium tectis egerentem, 6, 3, 5; praedae plus paene quam ex omni Samnio unquam egestum, 9, 31, 5; add 25, 25, 9; tantum niuis fodiendum atque egerendum fuit, 21, 37, 1; pecuniam ex aerario egressisse, 30, 39, 7; bona fortunaeque in tributum egeruntur (text dub.) Tac. Agr. 31; scrobibus tellurem, Ov. M. 7, 243; scrobibus humum, Colum. 2, 2, 19; (stercus) ex columbariis, 2, 14, 1; arenam, Suet. Ner. 48; silices ueris, Plin. 33, 71; fluctus (bale out), Ov. M. 11, 488; amnem mnsti, Pallad. 11, 14, 18; 2. out of the human body, reserato pectore diras Egerere inde dapes, emersaque uiscera gestic (sc. Teurus), Ov. M. 6, 664; sanguinem (throw up), Plin. 31, 62; aquam uomitu, Curt. 7, 5, 8; Egere quod superest animae, Lucan. 3, 718; multum uitalis spiritus egestum (Seneca having cut his veins), Tac. an. 15, 64 m.; 3. esp. of the egesta, uentris fimum, Solin. 40, 11; qui in urinam canis suam egresserit, Plin. 29, 102; add perh. 37, 52; see also egeries, egestio, egestius; 4. of shovelling out the dead in large numbers, Egesitque audis Dorica castra rogis, Prop. 4, 6, 34; tumulisque carentia regum Funera et egestas alternis mortibus urbes, Stat. Th. 1, 37; 5. met. egeriturque dolor (lacrimis), Ov. tr. 4, 3, 38; sermones (Clarani), Sen. ep. 66, 4; querellas, Lucan. 2, 64; horronis ululatus egerit iras, Sil. 4, 280; 6. spend prodigally (of time), Nox Minyis egesta metu, Val. F. 5, 298; tota querellis Egeritur quinquē dies, 8, 454; 7. but in Sen. ep. 91, 12 Halm cj. eiecerit.

**ëgersimôn**, i. n. (εγερσιμων), a means of excitement, Mart. Cap. 9.

**ëgestas**, ätis, f. [ege-o, +?, +tat-] destitution—lower than paupertas, earning little—Videu egestas quid negoti dat homini misero mall, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 5; add 2, 2, 57 and 77; 3, 2, 60; Scis amorem, scis laborem, scis egestatem meam, Ps. 2, 4, 2; Pauper qui educit in egestatem liberos, Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 21; istam paupertatem, uel potius egestatem ac mendicitatem tuam, Cic. parad. 45; add Rose. Am. 144; Cat. 2, 25; si propter inopiam in egestate estis, Cic. inu. 1, 88; in eadem inopia egestate patientiaque, Caes. 6, 24, 4; duris urgens in rebus egestas, Verg. G. 1, 146; 3, 319; 2. in plur. egestates tot egentissimorum hominum, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; 3. w. gen. of inanimate things, poverty, first subj., animi, Cic. Pis. 24; linguae, Lucr. 1, 139; patrii sermonis, 1, 832; 3, 260; 4. w. obj. gen. want, rationis ëgestas, Lucr. 5, 1211; pabuli, Sal. lug. 44, 4; cibi, Tac. an. 6, 23 (29); rei familiaris, Suet. Vit. 7; 5. as a goddess, malesuada Fames ac turpis Egestas Terribiles uisu formae, Verg. 6, 276.

**ëgestiö**, önis, f. wholesale shovelling out, Pallantis facultates adiuuare publicarum opum egestionem, Plin. ep. 8, 6, 7; cadauerum et ruderum gratuitam egestionem (carrying

away, cartage), Suet. Ner. 38; 2. of the egesta, e. per clysterem, Suet. Claud. 44; egestionis foramen (urethra), Veg. vet. 5, 14, 6; ueutris et urinae, Aur. tard. 5, 10.

**ëgestius**, adj. [egestus] purgative, Macer. 14 (de anetho).

**ëgestösus**, adj. [egestas] destitute, parentes, Aur. V. ep. 12.

**ëgestus**, üs, m. shovelling out, as of earth, Hic primus labor...alto Egestu penitus cauare terras, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 42;

2. uentris, Seu. n.q. 3, 30, 4.

**ëhö**, (or monos. =yo\* or even ot) pron. adv. [older form of ho-hither, whence hœc or hüc; and of eo to this place] hither, here, come here, Hic apponite atque abite ab oculis. Eho\* Pithecium, Face ut accumbam, accede adiuta: sic decet puerperam, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 24; 2. to call a person's attention, look here, and first to give an order, B. mea fuit. C. Eho\* Pseudule, i gladium adfer, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 114; Eho Crocotium, i parasitum Gelasium huc accessito, St. 1, 2, 93; Fac uideam, si me nisi uiuam. Eho istine Cantharâ statim lube Telestidem huc prodire filiam ante aedis meam, Epid. 4, 1, 40; add Most. 3, 2, 157; Men. 2, 3, 78; eho puer(e) curre ad Baechidem hanc, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 97; 3. to state an important truth, Eho\* tu, di quibus potestas motus superum atque inferum Pacem inter sese conciliant, conferunt concordiam, Enn. tr. 163 V;

4. most comm., preparatory to a question, esp. look here; as suggested by surprise at what has just been said, what! Eho\* tu (scelus), loquitatusne es gnato meo Male per sermonem? Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 6; S. hic in proxunost, P. Eho\* non domist? Mil. 2, 3, 30; D. Mihi quoque ita pol uisat, quom illam uidi. C. Eho\* uidistin pater? Merc. 2, 3, 59; P. Quae te interperia tenent, Qui me perperam perplexo nomine appelles? S. Ehö, quis igitur uocare? Mil. 2, 5, 25; Eho, dic mihi—si omnes hunc coniectum in nuptias Inimici uellent, quod nisi consilium hoc darent? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 43; add 1, 1, 61; 4, 2, 27; 5. esp. in form eho an (=yoan or oant, monos.), what then? eho\* an uicimus? Naev. 11 R; Eho an libera illast? Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 69; B. metuo credere. P. credere autem? eho\* an paenitet te (so nearly all mss; Ritschl al. cj.) quanto hic fuerit usui? Ps. 1, 3, 71; eho\* an domist habiturus? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 35; 6. w. dum, come here a moment, S. Daue. D. Hem quid est? S. Ehodum ad me. D. Quid hic uolt? S. Quid ais? D. Qua de re? S. Rogas? Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 13; add 2, 1, 24; 3, 5, 10; 7. for qty ehö, ef. Ps. 4, 7, 90; Poen. 5, 3, 1; Mil. 3, 2, 12; 8. Eho often placed extra uersum by Ritschl, without cause, see Most. 1, 3, 21; 2, 2, 24; Mil. 3, 2, 27.

**ei**, (hei in Tib., Stat.), interj. of pain or grief; dolentis, says Prob. 369—a sigh (iugementis, says Don. Ph. 1, 3, 26), ah! alas! oh! oh dear! ei, perii misir; Fateor deliqui profecto, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 26; ei colapho me icit, Pers. 5, 2, 66; add 4, 9, 3; Most. 5, 2, 50; Ei uereor nequid Andria adportet mali, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; add Ph. 1, 3, 26; 2. often w. mihi or misero mihi, Ei mihi desperii: uocis non habeo satis, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 36; ei misero mihi, Metuo ne nou sit surda atque haec audierit, Cas. 3, 3, 11; add 4, 4, 22; eue ego ut aduorser? ei mihi, Incertumst quid agam, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 28, etc.; Ei mihi qualis erat, quantum mutatus ab illo Heetore qui..., Verg. 2, 274, imitated fm. Enn. says Serv.; add 12, 620; Ei mihi quid faciam? Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 7; Hei mihi quam doctas nunc habet illa manus! Tib. 2, 1, 70; add 2, 6, 28; 3, 6, 33; Stat. silu. 5, 2, 160; 5, 3, 225; 3. ei repeated, ei ei etiam se audent mecum una apparere, Naev. ap. Char. 213 P, 239, 24 K; 4. unduly limited to fear by grammarians, as Diom. 412; Don. 1766; Max. Vict. 1954; 5. so the form ei sanctioned by A (Pers. 4, 9, 3) and gen. by BCD of Pl.; by mss of Ter. and Verg. etc.; 6. Prob. 370 wd. distinguish hei interj. from ei pron.

**ëiä**, hëü, (see § 6), interj. [?], of various power, mirantis, bless me, Vt in ocellis hilaritudo! eia corpus quouismodi! Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 8; Heia ut elegans est! Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 19; 2. hortantis, uel mitigantis, with some-



thing of impatience, come, come, Eia hand uostrumst iracundos esse, quod dixi ioco, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 69; Eia Lyde, leniter qui saeuunt sapiunt magis, Bac. 3, 3, 4; eia delicias facis, Men. 2, 3, 30; Eia habe bonum animum, Bac. 4, 3, 16; Heia hoc agere meliust, 1, 1, 43; Eia uero, age dic, Epid. 2, 2, 77; add Mil. 4, 4, 5; Ps. 1, 3, 41; heia, ne parum leno sies, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 23; heia haud sic decet, Eun. 5, 8, 35; **3.** and so in poets, impatienter increpantis, w. imper., quick, Heia age rumpe moras, Verg. 4, 569; add 9, 38; Vos hinc mutatis discedite partibus; eia! Quid statis? Hor. s. 1, 1, 18; eia! Ne prior officio quisquam respondeat, 2, 6, 23; eia! per ipsum Scande age, Val. F. 8, 110; add Stat. silu. 1, 2, 266; Ach. 1, 508; **4.** sometimes perh. in a sneering question, indeed? duplici damno dominos multant (sc. coqui), C. eia?—they do, do they?—Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 4; H. nam in ruborem te totum dabo. S. Eia? credo ego imperito plagas minitaris mihi, Capt. 5, 2, 10—you will, will you? A. ubi amabo est? T. eia uero? Quasi non sit intus, Rud. 2, 3, 9; L. Nunc uideo in illarum potestate esse te. P. heia uero? Ter. Hec. 2, 2, 8; **5.** perh. also concedentis, well, well, Pergin tu autem? heia, superbe inuehere. Spero ego mihi quoque Tempus tale euenturum ut tibi gratiam referam parem, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 38; eia, sudabis satis Si cum illo inceptas homine, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 23; heia uero inquit, geram morem nobis, Cic. rep. 3, 8; **6.** qty of a—Prob. contradicts himself, eia constat trochaeo, p. 1430; but: constat spondeo p. 1421; is long Pl. Merc. cf. § 5; perh. in: Eia Calliope nitente palma, Sidon. Ap. 14, 6; in Verg. always elided; but Greek has only eia; **7.** in Cas. 2, 3, 15, if corr., eia is a monos. or —; **8.** heia, gen. in B of Pl., in A of Ter.; **9.** in Plin. ep. 4, 29, I read prob. heus.

**eicio**, (trisyl-), or **ēicio** (in late wr. **ēicio**) ēre, iēci, iectus, vb. [ec, iacio], throw out or up, Viden alteram illam ut fluctus eiecit foras: At in uadost, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 82; ita magni fluctus eiciebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 46; and Enn. also, says a schol. ad l.; iam sese in terram e nauis eiecerat, 2, 5, 91; ex se eiecere (eic.?) uitem, Varr. r. 1, 31, 3; hos (succos, i. e. amber) aestibus in Germanorum littora eici— and soon: oceano id exastuante ad Pyrenaei promuntoria eici, Plin. 37, 36 and 37; Aspiciet eiectum Polydori in littore corpus, Ov. M. 13, 566; **2.** e. nauem, run a ship aground, strand it, it may be on purpose, ne occasionem nauigandi dimitteret suo...sine ad littora Apolloniatum cursum dirigero atque eo naues eicere possent, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 4; gubernatorem in terram nauem eicere cogunt, 3, 28, 5; add Liv. 44, 28, 12; **3.** gen. u. unwillingly, and so, strand, wreck, multae fractae, multae eiectae nanes, Liv. 33, 41, 7; Nunc lenis eiectam continet alga ratem, Ov. her. 7, 172; qui eiecta nauis quid rapuit, Ulp. dig. 47, 9, 3, 6; **4.** hence eiectus, absol. of one shipwrecked, nauem is fregit apud Andrum insulam...: ibi tum eiectam Chrysidis Patrem recepisse, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 18; quid est tam commune quam...litis eiectis, Cic. Rosc. Am. 72; eiectum litore, egentem Excepti, Verg. 4, 373; **5.** throw out or up, vomit, *χολην ακρατον* noctu eieci, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 1; qui quotidie eieciendo uorandi facultatem molliuntur, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, l. 27 Dar.; si eiciatur sanguis, Plin. 24, 15; eiecio uomitu, Quint. 11, 3, 27; **6.** e. absol. for e. partum, miscarry, si mulier pugno nel eua ictu a te percussa eiecerit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 22; cf. eicit sulcum, Lucr. 4, 1272; **7.** throw off, throw, as a horse his rider, effusumque equitem super ipse secutus Implicat eiectoquo iucumbit cornuus armo, Verg. 10, 804; **8.** gen. force out, drive out, expel, eject, turn out, Sicine hoc fit? foras aedibus me eicier! Pl. As. 1, 2, 1; amasios Hoc ictu (=ictu) exponam atque omnis eiciam foras, Trnc. 3, 1, 14; a suis dis penatibus praecipis eiectus, Cic. Quinct. 83; Dispersamque foras (sc. animau) per caulas ēiecit omnis, Lucr. 2, 951; M. Furium...de collegio eiecerunt, Cic. Q. Fr. 2, 5, 2; inuitus feci ut...L. Flaminium e senatu eiecerem, sen. 42; in exsilium eiectus, Cat. 2, 14; and twice in § 15; memoriam Milonis retinebitis, ipsum eieciatis (so mss), Mil. 101; add 105. **9.** used of hissing off and so driving away actors, met. is...cantorum ipsorum uocibus

eiciebatur (eic.?), Cic. Sest. 118; illud idem quod tnm explosum et eiectum est, Clu. 86; explosae eiectaeque sententiae Pyrrhonis, fin. 5, 23; add Att. 2, 24, 2; **10.** hence gen. reject, quod tamen non eiecio (eic.?), Cic. or. 1, 146; Cynicorum ratio tota est eiecienda, off. 1, 148; **11.** gen. met. Eiecite (so V; perh. eiecite) ex animo curam atque alienum aes procul, Pl. Cas. pr. 23; molliem animi, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 16; amorem ex animo, Cic. Rosc. Am. 53; **12.** in late wr., put out, dislocate, armum, Verg. uet. 3, 45, 7; ceruicem, uertibula, 3, 41, 1; coxas, Hyg. f. 57; **13.** e. se, throw oneself out, rush out, take oneself off with speed, Cic. Cat. 1, 30; Caes. b. g. 4, 15, 1; 5, 15, 3; 5, 21, 5; b. c. 1, 30, 3; Liv. 1, 40, 7; 6, 3, 7; **14.** eicio as a quadr. doubtful; yet so by Umpfenb. in Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 16; by Munro Lucr. 3, 58.

**ēlēmēta**, orum, n. pl.; at times in sing. \* [LMN, w. excr. t. Why these selected?] the ABC or alpha-bet(a), ut pucris olim dant crustula blandi Doctores ēlēmētā uēlīnt ut discere prima, Hor. s. 1, 1, 26; Elementa rudes quae pueros docent magistri, Ter. Maur. 85; prima elementa, Quiut. 1, 2, 26; **2.** in gramm. the sound of a letter, as opp. to form litera: elementum \* est minima uis et indiuisibilis materia uocis articulatae, Diom. 411 P 421, 17 K; elementa propriae dicuntur ipsae pronuntiationes, notae autem earum literae, Prisc. 539 P, 1, 6, 25 K; causa ordinis elementorum, 1040 P, 2, 115, 20 K; add Prob. 154 P, 48, 33 K; **3.** gen. elements, first principles, loquendi, Cic. acad. pr. 92; dicendi, or. 2, 45; of metaphysics, Aristoteles elementa decem constituit..., *ουσιαν...qualitatem...*, Quint. 3, 6, 23; rhetorices, 3, 3, 13; **4.** esp. of matter, the so-called four elements, aer et ignis et aqua et terra primae sunt...Illa iuitia et ut e Graeco uertam, elementa (*στοιχεια*) dicuntur, Cic. acad. post. 26; add Sen. ira 2, 19, 1; n. q. 3, 12, 2; Quint. 2, 17, 38; elemento \* (fire) gratulor, Iuv. 15, 86; hoc elementum \* (water) ceteris omnibus imperat, Plin. 31, 1; add 10, 191 \*; 11, 119 \*; **5.** met. Parua fuit, si prima uelis elementa referre, Roma, Ov. F. 3, 179; uitiorum, the ABC of vice, Iuv. 14, 123; irarum elementa uearum, Sil. 3, 77.

**ēlūcus**, (hēlūcus), adj. [for *ālūcus* or rather *hālūcus*, whence halucinator; fm. a vb. = *αλωω*, wander; changed perh., under the idea that *ēlūcus* meant out of the light into the dark] wandering in mind, *αλωω* unde elucum..., a litera in e uersa, stuporem animi, qui alucinantibus usu uenit, Gell. 12, 16, 3; elucum...semisomnum, uel, ut alii uolunt, alucinatore, Paul. cx F. 75; helucus ab oscitatione dictus, ib. 100.

**em**, (rather than hem) interj. [for en] see, look, behold, em (so A) illae sunt aedes, Pl. Trin. pr. 3; Em (so B) illic ego habito, Ps. 3, 2, 100; Oues scabrae sunt, tam glabrae (em) quam haec est manus, Trin. 2, 4, 140; hem, rusum (so R; mss rurum) nuuc nugae agis, Men. 4, 2, 61,—there; em, hic ille est de illis qui..., Cic. fam. 13, 15, 1; **2.** w. uideo, em (so A), uide ut discidit labrum, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 20; em uidete quam par paris sim, Grac. ap. Char. 214; **3.** w. acc. em amores tuos Si uis spectare, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 79; Em astutias, see cunning (what it comes to), Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 25; em scelera, 4, 14, 46; **4.** esp. w. tibi, at your service, em tibi hominem, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 13; 3, 4, 8; As. 5, 2, 30; em tibi (sermon) Mil. 2, 4, 12; Em (so A) mea malefacta, em (so A) auaritia tibi, Trin. 1, 2, 148; em (so BCD) tibi omnem fabulam, Ps. 2, 4, 64; add Truc. 5, 60; Amph. 2, 2, 146; em Daoum tibi, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 1; em (so A) tibi antem—, Ad. 4, 1, 21; **5.** hence with a blow, take that, Em tibi male dictis pro istis, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 39; O. Compressan palma an porrecta ferio? S. Age ut uis. O. Em tibi, Cas. 2, 6, 53; quare's ausus? em (so B) tibi. Oiei satis sum uerberatus, Mil. 5, 1, 12; add As. 2, 4, 25; **6.** w. a rel. clause, look there's (a man to...) Em quoi te et tna quae tu habeas commendes uiro: Em quoi decem talenta dotis detuli., Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 2; em (so V) ad quem legatos, cui bellum moremur inferre, Cic. Phil. 5, 33; cf.



hem Huic mandes signid..., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 18; II 7. of surprise, eh? what? or by repeating the word which causes the surprise, Pater hic moest. Hem quid? pater? perii oppido, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 4; Ego sum ipsus quem tu quaeris. Em! quid ego audio? Poen. 5, 2, 86; Hem! quid? Epignomum e(s) locutus? St. 2, 2, 48; add Cas. 3, 5, 30; D. Dic te ducturum. P. Hem! D. Quid est? Ter. Audr. 2, 3, 9; hoc timet, Ne deseras se. P. Hem! egon' istnc conari qneam? 1, 5, 35; Nescio, Nisi amasse credo Pamphilam. Th. Hem! misera occidi, Eun. 5, 1, 11; Ocepi mecum cogitare: Hem! biduom hic Manendumst soli sine illa? 4, 2, 8; Coepi egomet mecum cogitare: Hem! nos homunculi indignamur si quis nostrum interiit! Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 4; hem, Postume! tune es C. Curtii filius? Cic. Rab. Post. 45; em! Ibi tu quicquam nasci ptas posse? Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; 3. note that hem in this sense seems to have authority.

**Emissicius**, adj. [emissus] of the class emissi, that may be sent out to pry, emissary, met., Circumspectatrix cum oculis emissicius, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 2; met. in: Chamaeleonti circumspectu emissicci ocelli, Tert. pall. 3.

**ēmo**, ēre, ēmi, emptns, vb. lit. take, cf. eximo, demo, sumo, adimo; 2. w. abl. of price, take for such a price (see § 4), buy, Quattuor minis ego istanc emi, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 22; Nunc quasi ducentis Philipeis emi filium, Bac. 4, 8, 78; bona patris...duobus milibus nummum sese emisse, Cic. Rosc. Am. 6; emamus uel magno, Att. 13, 29, 2; Teque sibi generum Tethys emat omnibus undis, Verg. G. 1, 31; qua dote, rogarem Vellet emi, Ov. M. 8, 54; 3. met., beneficiis emere gnatum suum, Pl. As. 1, 1, 72; ego spem pretio non cmo, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 11; Qui uita bene credat emi quo tendis honorem, Verg. 9, 206; 4. abs. buy, emi aedis, Pl. Triu. 1, 2, 142; restim uolo Mihi emere, Ps. 1, 1, 86; quae emi oportet, Cato r. 142; quicue ab emptore eius emit emeritue, CIL 200, 23; malo emere quam rogare, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 12; C. Hortins...hoc monumentum emit sibi...et liberteis, 1059; quum neque emi ueque ex agris sumi posset (frumentum), Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 5; 5. met. desinat ea se putare posse emere quae ipse semper habuit ueualia, fidem insiurandum ueritatem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 144; centurionum animos, Tac. h. 4, 57; percussorem, Curt. 4, 1, 12; 6. the price by adj. in i (gen., or dat.?), Quid istam quam emit—quanti eam emit? T. Vilei. E. Haud istuc te rogo. T. Quid igitur? E. Quot minis? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49; Meum mihi reddatur saltem quanti emptast Syre, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 41; emit tanti quanti Pythius uoluit, Cic. off. 3, 59; 7. also v. gen. of some words, minoris empturum, Cic. Att. 10, 5, 3; 8. empsim? = emerim, by a happy cj. of Liudem. in: non ego tuam empsim uitam uitiosa nuce, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 45; 9. for double sense cf. Magyar vesz he takes or buys, vevō contr. vō, the taker buyer and so son-in-law, Pulsky Trans. Ph. S. 1859, p. 116.

**ēmōlimentum**, i, n. [ēmōlior] lit. up-heaving—hence great labour, nec de coelcis quaero...; neque enim magnum emōlimentum (mss emolumentum) esse potest, Varr. r. 3, 14, 1; neque exercitum sine magno comateu atque emolimento (mss emolum.) in nnum locum contrahere posse, Caes. b. c. 1, 34, 3; 2. emolimenta, buildings? Th. C. 15, 1, 19?

**ēmōlior**, iri, vb. heave up, infesti fretum Emolinntur (uenti), Sen. Agam. 499; of violent coughing up, sicca tussis, quae nihil emolitur, Cels. 4, 13 (6); so chickens, per nares emoliri pituitae nauseam, Colum. 8, 5, 21; 2. met. Insanum magnum molior negotium, Metuoque ut hodie possiem emolirier, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 2.

**ēmōlio**, ēre, ui, itus, vb. grind out (to the last), granaria, Pers. 6, 26; hordeum emolitur (molitum?), Veg. vet. 5(3), 23, 7.

**ēmōlimentum**, i, n. lit. (the ultimate) out-grinding (on a farm), and so the year's produce and profit, nos miramur ergastulorum non eadem emolumenta esse quae

imperatorum, Plin. 18, 21, contrasting the slave-labour on a farm in his own days w. that of men like Cincinnatus;

2. gen., profit, gain, Tibi sit emolumentum honoris: mihi quod obiectent siet, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 68; boni nullo emolumento impelluntur in fraudem, Cic. Mil. 32; emolumenta rerum falsis iudiciis uident, off. 3, 36; add 21 and 22; fin. 2, 59; fam. 7, 10, 4 etc.; quid enim immortalibus atque beatis Gratia nostra qneat largirier emolumentum? Lncr. 5, 166; nusquam nec opera sine emolumento nec emolumentum sine impensa opera est, Liv. 5, 4, 4; add 6, 39, 6; 21, 43, 8; Vell. 1, 17, 5; 2, 105, 3; 144, 4; maioribus emolumentis, Plin. 28, 209; nulla emolumenta laborum, Iuv. 3, 22; add 16, 35; pacis, Tac. an. 11, 74; 3. s. emōlimentum.

**ēmōrior**, mōri (older mōriri\*), mortuus, vb. r. die completely, die absolutely, emori Me malim quam haec non eius uxori indicem, Pl. As. 4, 2, 1; add Truc. 2, 7, 63; 5, 35; Emoriar si non hanc uxorem duxero, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 49; Emori nolo sed me esse mortuum nihili aestimo, Cic. Tusc. 1, 15; add sen. 71; 2. of many, die all out, die off, Repente ut emoriantur hmani loues, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 26; 3. perh., escape (the miseries of life) by death, die and so be out of one's misery, quam actntnm emoriamur? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 86; Cl. ei mihi...Emori cupio. Ch. Prius quaeso disce quid sit uiuere, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 19; emori herele satius est, Ph. 5, 8, 63; ut esset insitum militibus nostris aut uincere aut emori, Cic. off. 3, 114; nonne emori per uirtutem praestat quam uitam miseram...per dedecus amittere? Sal. Cat. 20, 9; 4. of gangrene, membrum quod paulatim emoritur abscindere, Cels. 5, 26, 34 f.; 5. of plants, sorbus...ita emoritur, Plin. 17, 221; ulmus et fraxinus...stantes emoriuntur, Vitr. 2, 9, 11; 6. of fire, die out, go out, carbo...desinentie flatu protinus emoriens, Plin. 16, 23; 7. met., of laughing, Risu omnes qui aderant emoriri\*, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 42; 8. gen., quorum laus emori non potest, Cic. parad. 18; amor, Ov. rem. am. 662.

**empticius**, adj. [emptus] of the class empti, empta, glans e., opp. to g. gratuita, Varr. r. 3, 2, 12; salsamenta, 3, 17, 7; empticius an domi natus? Petr. 47 f.; dis manibus Alypl...Speudon et Hermes emptici de suo fecerunt, inser. Or. 2812.

**ēmussitātus**, quasi-part. [for examnssitatus s. examusisim and amussis] made to a T, perfect, Inest in hoc emusitata (so mss) sua sibi ingenua indoles, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 38; (Non. 457, 1, the word, though corrupt, begins with em); add Paul. ex F. 76; emussitatos (ad a)mussim exactos, Plac. Gloss.

**Enim**, adv. and conj. [akin to nam and so of pron. origin; nam having lost the e; so akin, as Bopp says, to S. ena this] I indeed, II for; first indeed, in fact, assuredly; S. Et pol ego ad uos. P. Quid eo? S. Quid id ad te attinet? Enim\* non ibis nunc uicissim, nisi scio, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 54; Non enim ibis: ego ferare faxo, ut meruisti, in cruceam, Most. 5, 2, 12; add Aul. 3, 5, 26; Trin. 5, 2, 10; Hic itidem est: enim\* neque domi nunc nos nec militiae sumus, Enn. ap. Gell. 19, 10, 12; auferte istam enim superbiam, Caccil. ap. Cic. or. 2, 257; C. Adsequere retine, dum ego huc seruos cuoco. D. Enim\* nequeo solus, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 90; Enim\* lassam oppido tum esse aiant, Hec. 2, 1, 41; Nec iam religio diuom nec numina magni Pendebantur: enim\* praesens dolor exsuperabat, Lucr. 6, 1277; Omnia debet enim cibus integrare nouando, 2, 1146; add 1, 680; 3, 235; sus Quam pius Aeneas tibi enim, tibi maxima Iuno Mactat, Verg. 8, 84; (eum) retrahi imperat: si nim faciat, interfici iubet. Ille enim (in fact) reuocatus resistere coepit, Caes. b. g. 5, 7, 8; tum M. Metilius id enim (enimvero Madv. cj.) ferendum esse negat, Liv. 22, 25, 3; eum\*, dum proprietatem adquiris, ius omne legati usufructus amisisti, Iuliu. dig. 7, 4, 17; \*enim potest hoc memoria non teneri, Labeo dig. 22, 3, 28; 2. at times w. irony, of course, Tu enim repertu's Philocratem qui superes ueri-



uerbio, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 36; Namque enim tu credo me imprudentem obrepseris, Trin. 1, 2, 23; homo enim uidelect timidus uocem consulis ferre non potuit, Cic. Cat. 2, 12; 3. in answers, simply, just, P. Quid metuis? S. Enim\* ne nos nosmet perdidimus uspiam, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 19; M. quomodo? S. Vt enim, (c)ubi mihi uapnandum sit, tu corium sufferas, Poen. 4, 2, 33; C. Quid tu id curas? O. Quia enim metuo ne in aqua summa natet, Cas. 2, 6, 33; add Mil. 3, 2, 20; Capt. 4, 2, 104; Bac. 4, 4, 51; Mil. 4, 2, 11; D. Quid nunc futurumst? M. Id enim quod res ipsa fert, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 12; Quapropter? Quia enim qui eos gubernat animus infirmum gerunt, Hec. 3, 1, 31; Th. Quid tute tecum? Tr. Nihil enim, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 24; Par. At ego scio. Pam. Quid? Par. Nihil enim, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 10; 4. often strengthened by a word of like power, as certe, uerum, snrely surely, indeed indeed, Certe enim hic nescio quis loquitur, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 175; Certe enim t mihi uita's, As. 3, 3, 24; 5. esp. eniuero, M. Ain tu uero? S. Aio enim t uero, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 188; add 254; Trin. 4, 2, 116; St. 2, 2, 73; Ps. 4, 2, 23 etc.; uerum enim uero, cum..., Cato orig. ap. Gell. 13, 25, 15; add Haut. 5, 5, 1; Andr. 1, 1, 64; Hec. 4, 4, 51 etc.; enim\* uero ferendum hoc quidem non est, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 66; eniuero\* mirari satis non queo..., or. 1, 165; add Verr. 2, 3, 61; 2, 4, 147 etc.; enim uero non ultra contumeliam pati Romanus posse, Liv. 2, 45, 11; 6. after sed, but in fact, sed enim id metuerc..., Cato orig. ap. Gell. 6, 3, 15; Progeniem sed enim Troiano a sanguine duoi Audierat quae..., Verg. 1, 19; sed enim uero cmm detestabilis altera res sit, quid...supresse? Liv. 45, 19, 14; sed enim nou sustinet ultra Perdere blanditias, Ov. M. 1, 530; 7. after neque, nor indeed, neque enim illud uerbum (sc. ut animi futura augurentur) temere consueto adprobauisset, si ea res nulla esset, Cic. diu. 1, 65; n. e. posset Ahala ille Seruilius...non nefarius haberi, si..., Mil. 8; n. e. uerebor ne sim ei molestus qui..., fam. 1, 8, 5; add off. 3, 57; neque enim ad hoc tempus ei rei student, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 4; necdum enim agnouerat eum qui postea regnauit, Liv. 45, 19, 11;—this does not apply, when the neque, (neither) has a neque (nor) following; as in Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 8; 8. after et, and indeed, Eteum ille quous huc iussu nenio Iuppiter..., Pl. Amph. pr. 26; Et enim uero quoniam formam huius cepi iu me et statum, 1, 1, 110; Etenim ipsus [secum] eam rem recta reputauit uia, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 11; Etenim quo pacto id fieri soleat, calleo, Haut. 3, 2, 37; etenim Quirites exiguum nobis uitae curriculum natura circumscripsit, Cic. C. Rabir. 30; add 31; fin. 1, 30; Flac. 38; Quinct. 36 and 73; leg. 1, 1 etc.; 9. after at, true but; at enim, true, but in fact, C. Faciam. M. At enim nimis hic longo sermone utimur, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 78; add 4, 2, 74; Most. 3, 2, 121; At enim me [dicis] quantum hic operis fiat paenitet, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 20; add Eun. 2, 3, 90; at enim Q. Catulus..., Q. Hortensius ab hac ratione dissentiant, Cic. Manil. 51; add off. 1, 144; Quinct. 65; at eum nemo post reges exactos de plebe consul fuit, Liv. 4, 4, 1; add 21, 40, 8; 34, 31, 6; 34, 32, 6 and 13; 37, 53, 28; 11. In some of the preced. pass. marked \*, the enim clause is a general one which covers more ground than that to wh. it is attached; thus proving the truth of the same, the idea of for comes in;—hence gen., for,—though even indeed will do—Atque etiam nunc satis boni mihi commune tecum est...et te et me ipsum lenari uolo, Cic. sen. 2; haec Arpinatium quercus agnoscitur, si enim manet illa quercus, haec est profecto, leg. 1, 1; rostro enim noceri non posse cognouerant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 4; quis enim modus adsit amori? Verg. B. 2, 68; 11. often in parenth., dicendum est enim saepius, Cic. Tusc. 2, 58; am. 85; add acad. pr. 22; Liv. 1, 5, 7; 1, 14, 6; 1, 50, 3; Ov. tr. 1, 2, 1; M. 2, 766; 12. enim for, in prose occupies only the second place; in: in-eo-est enim illud..., Cic. off. 1, 67; non-ad-unam enim rem..., orat. 206; his-quoque enim proregatum imperium, Liv. 27, 7, 12; quam-speciosum-est

enim..., Plin. pan. 18, what precedes enim constitutes one word, est and quoque being enclitics, the prop. in, ad, as also non and quam proclitics; 13. poets use the old freedom as to place, as Lucr. 2, 1146; 3, 235; Tergo plector enim, Hor. s. 2, 7, 105; 14. §§ 1—4 limited almost wholly to old drama; 15. in mss enim often abridged as n.; see Putsch's Gramm. in printed text passim; 16. hence prob. pronounced as en, when a monos. in old drama, as at † above.

ἐπίτα, ac, [ἐπαίτης] a beggar, modica stipe factus epeta, anon. sat. 59 in bibl. de l'éc. des chartes 1867, p. 297.

Equidem, (but for qty see § 9) [=ego quidem (and so=εγω-γε); so Serv. ad G. 1, 193 and A. 1, 576; bnt Prisc. 1033 P, 2, 103, 5 the contrary] I at least, at any rate, for my part, assuredly, Equidem pol uel falso tamen laudari multo malo quam uero culpari ant..., Pl. Most. 1, 3, 22; Credo edepol equidem dormire Solem atque adpotum probe, Amph. 1, 1, 126; N. Miror quid siet. D. Equidem hercle nescio, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 34; add Eun. 3, 5, 49; equidem ad nostram laudem non multum uideo interesse, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 2; tempus est huiusmodi ut suam quisque condicionem miseriam putet...Equidem nos quod Romae sumus miseriam esse duco, 6, 4, 3; equidem, si quid ipse sentiam quaeris, nec cur ille tanto opere contendat uideo, nec cur tu repugnes, 13, 1, 4; add 3, 3, 2; 13, 72, 2; 15, 4, 14; 15, 15, 2; 16, 12, 2; equidem me Caesaris militem dici uolui, nos me imperatoris nomine appellauestis, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 14; equidem mihi uideor... non opera, non industria defuisse, id. ap. Gell. 13, 3, 5; equidem, si totum exercitum meum mortem mihi optasse crederem, hic statim aute oculos uestros morerer, Liv. 28, 27, 10; equidem quum...recordor, uix aetatem Alexandri suffecturam fuisse reor ad unum bellum, 9, 19, 12; equidem nihil hic diffudere possum, Hor. s. 2, 1, 79;

2. (as other pronouns, though scarcely emphatic, are used with quidem, to grant something followed by a sed or uerum, as: non tu quidem reliquisti...sed...Cic. fat. 3; non nos quidem ut..., sed ut..., fam. 1, 7, 7; tuus dolor humanus is quidem, sed..., Att. 12, 10, 10) equidem=ego quidem in: Scio equidem istue ita solere fieri, uerum gnate mi, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 72; Dixi equidem, set si parum intellexti dicam denno, Rud. 4, 4, 59; nideo equidem sed tamen iam infiei debet his artibus quas..., Cic. fin. 3, 9; non dubitabam equidem, uerumtameu...— and soon: requisit equidem proprias ad me unum a te litteras sed neque uehementer et amanter, fam. 12, 30, 3; amo te omnibus equidem maximis de causis, uerum etiam propter hanc..., 16, 16f.; add 4, 3, 4; uellem equidem uobis placere Quirites, sed multo malo nos salnos esse, Liv. 3, 68, 9; 3. equidem is used in the same way to strengthen other preceding words, esp. a neg., nt uerba audio, Non equidem in Aegiptum hiuc modo uectus fui, Set..., Pl. Most. 4, 3, 2; Nihil equidem tibi abstuli, Aul. 4, 4, 8; add Amph. 1, 1, 172; Pers. 2, 2, 43; S. Quidnam adportas? D. Nihil equidem, nisi quod illum andini dicere, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 17; add Ad. 4, 5, 7; Minime equidem me oblectau quae..., Hec. 1, 2, 10; add 5, 3, 16; haud equidem ullius cuius fortunae inuideo, Liv. 22, 59, 10; add Quint. 8, 3, 63; 10, 1, 126; 4. ego said to be added for emphasis, Amaui equidem hercle ego olim in adulescentia, (but dele ego), Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 40; sic ego, si iam mihi disputandum sit de his nostris studiis, nolim equidem apud rusticos, sed multo nimis apud uos, Cic. or. 2, 25, here the separation tells; equidem ego, Sal. Cat. 51, 10; Iug. 10, 6—unless we shd. read et quidem ego; 5. at times perh. used absol., where without a vb. in 1st. person, the matter refers to the first person (Hand § 3). equidem (as for me) innumerabiles mihi uidentur, Varr. r. 1, 5, 1; equidem moderationis meae certissimum iudicium est quod ne nictis quidem snperbe impero, Curt. 8, 8, 10; cf. Prop. 2, 31, 13 (3, 27, 5); 6. often equidem has usurped in mss the place of quidem, esp. (see Ritschl Triu. proleg. 76) after au e as in: Atque quidem, plane educ(a)tum iu nutritu uenero, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 55; Atque



quidem ipso ultro venit Philto oratum filio, Trin. 3, 1, 10; Di me quidem omnes adiuuant argent amant, Men. 3, 3, 27; add St. 2, 2, 5; Pers. 2, 1, 4; 4, 1, 87; Aul. 2, 1, 19; Epid. 4, 2, 33; atque quidem orante...Thaide, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 34; uestrae quidem cenae, Cic. Tusc. 5, 100; quod apud me quidem in doli est, Tac. or. 27; and perh. iam pridem quidem, Sal. Cat. 2, 11; even in Pers. 1, 110, I wd. read, as I proposed long ago...Littera. Per me quidem (as a monos.) sint omnia protinus alba; and in 5, 45: Non equidem hoc dubium; 7. equidem may well stand in: remedia quibus..., non equidem praeceperim (mss praeceperimus) Plin. 25, 154; quae significatio fuerit omnium...equidem audiebam, existimare facilius possunt qui adfuerunt, Cic. Sest. 122, wh. P has audiebam just as in Sal. Cat. 51, 20, possum equidem dicere of Vat. A has now superseded possumus e. d.; 8. often equidem has supplanted et quidem, and in fact, as in: Et quidem (so all the best mss) here nos iam dudum hic te absentem ineamus qui abieris, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 7; sic, et quidem diligentius, Cic. fin. 3, 9; add 2, 9; Att. 13, 26, 1; Plin. ep. 9, 23, 2; 9. equidem seems in old drama often a disyll.=ēquem, and so to have had a long penult. in agreement w. its origin eg'-quidem. See quidem, quandoquidem siquidem. 10. equidem, adv. [an older form of quidem; prob. of pronom. origin; cf. equis quis; enim nam; ecce ce] indeed, in Sall. doubtful, Cat. 52, 16, and 11; in Prop. 2, 31, 13 (3, 27, 5), Markland and Lachm. quidam; haud equidem immerito Cumanae carmine uatis Cautum ne..., Lucan. 8, 824; Non equidem certaus cum maiestate duarum, Auson. prof. 1, 5; add idyll. 12; iam equidem ipsa noeis immutatio respondit, Apul. M. 1, 1.

ēra, ae, f. (rather than hera) mistress (of a slave), eramque ex maerore eximam, Pl. St. 2, 1, 31 etc.; Sed cesso eram hoc malo impertiri? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 22 etc.; Capta manu...nesciuit herai Imperium, Auson. idyll. 7, 5; and met. of Hercules: Aequaque formosae pensa rependis erae, Ov. her. 9, 78; 2. era minor young mistress, opp. to era maior, see erus § 2; Loquere tu: Qui dare te huic puerum iussit? Era maior mea. Quid tu, quor eum accepisti? Era me rogauit minor Puer ut..., Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 22; 3. met.; esp. of goddesses, Diuom atque hominum quae spectatrix atque era eadem es hominibus...tibi grates ago, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 1 (3, 4, 12); Vosne uelit an me regnare era quidue ferat Fors, poet. ap. Cic. off. 1, 38; Tergeminam tum placet eram, Val. F. 1, 781; Noctis eram Ditemque ciens, 7, 313.

ergā, prep. [for ē-rġ-ā,—wh. rega perh. an old sb. cf. e regione; so also Scheller] facing, in front of, tons-tricem Suram nouisti(n) nostram, quae erga aedes (has) sese habet? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 52; tabulae erga parietem adfixae, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 245; machinamenta quibus sensus instructi sunt, ibidem erga regiam capitis constituta esse in conspectu Rationis, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, p. 9;

2. w. persons, in regard to, in respect of, towards, Quoi (R ej. quouis) fides fidelitasquo amicum erga\* aequiperet tuam, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 2; add v. 4; Benignus erga me ut siet, Mil. 4, 6, 15; Ne malus item erga me sit ut erga illum fuit, Ps. 4, 3, 4; Vtut ergā me meritast, Amph. 5, 1, 49; Timet omnia: patris iram et amicum amicae se erga\* ut sit suae, Ter. Haant. 1, 2, 15; add Hec. 3, 3, 29\*; Quae numquam quicquam ergā me commeritast, pater, 3, 5, 36; Pariter te esse erga illum uideo ut illum te(d) erga\* scio, Pac. ap. Non. 375, 7; id nou sine diuina benignitate erga homines fieri, Cic. N. D. 2, 60; ut eodem modo erga amicum affecti simus quo erga nosmet ipsos, am. 56; uestrae uoluntatis erga me, Planc. 103 etc.; pro netere erga populum Romanum fide, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4; add b. c. 1, 12, 1 etc.; 3. w. things, in regard to, in respect of, anent, about, merita Pompeii erga salutem meam, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 2; add pro. cons. 1; wh. the personal relation still exists;

4. gen. in later writers, anxii erga Seianm, Tac. an. 4, 74; atrocior semper fama erga dominantium exitus, 4, 11; is illi finis inscitiae erga domum suam fuit, 11, 25; quod (fama) augens omnia

semper in maius, erga haec explicanda...obsolescit, Amm. 16, 10, 17; add 14, 1, 8; 5. erga περι Graecum significat, Prisc. 990 P, 2, 41, 24 K; 6. in old drama at times after nouu as at \* above; add Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 48; 2, 3, 56.

ergō, (but see § 6) abl. of lost noun [= εργον] in the matter (of), on account (of), for the sake (of), esp. in legal and religious formulae, for, harumce rerum ergo siue ego siue quis iussu meo fecerit, nti id recte factum sit, Cato r. 139; quouis rei ergo agrum...suouetauralia circumagi iussi, 141, 2; add 141, 3 and 4; communis exempli et fidei ergo, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 3, 8, 8; uirtutis ergo ciuitate donari, Sisen. ap. Non. 107; populus Naodicensis...populum Romanum...benefici ergo (in the Gr. ἀπερὴς ἐνεκεν...), CIL 587; salutis ergo, 588; (si quis)...huius rogationis ergo fecerit, 1409, 7; si quid contra alias leges eius legis ergo factum sit, Cic. Att. 3, 23, 2; funeris ergo, leg. 2, 59 and 64; add 3, 4, 9; donari uirtutis ergo, opt. g. or. 19; Hostibus intulerant ignem formidinis ergo, Lucret. 5, 1246; honoris ergo, Liv. 1, 18, 6; add 22, 38, 4; 25, 7, 4; 25, 12, 15; 37, 47, 4; 40, 52, 6; 41, 28, 9; illius rogationis uenimus, Verg. 6, 670; so far with a gen.; II 2. absol., as an adv. indeed, really, is ipsusne es? Aio. Ipsus es? Ipsus inquam Charmides sum. Ergo ipsusne es? Ipsissimus. Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 146; Ergo mecastor pulcer est, Mil. 1, 1, 63; Ergo edepol palles, Merc. 2, 3, 42; add Most. 4, 2, 56;

3. hence often in impatient repetitions, like inquam, I say again, I tell you, once more, Sed ubi est? Aduenit simul. Vbi is ergo est? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 20; P. heus foras educite, Quam introduxistis fidicinam...Age accipe hanc sis. M...Quin tu fidicinam Intus produci iubes? P. Haec ergo est fidicina, 3, 4, 41; E. da pignus ni ca sit filia...P. Quam negat nouisse mater? E. Ni ergo matris filia est...pignus da, 5, 2, 35; Vbi ipse erat? Bene rem gerebat. Ergo ubi? In Seleucia, Trin. 4, 2, 56; add Pers. 2, 2, 35; quid istie tibi negotist? Mihin? Ita. Mihin? Tibi ergo, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 9; Quid festinas, mi Geta? Animam recipe. G. Prorsus—S. Quid istuc prorsus ergost? G. perimus:—and soon: G. Iam—S. Quid iam Geta? G. Aeschinus—S. Quid is ergo? Ad. 3, 2, 26; Quanti emtae? Paruo. Quanti ergo? Octussibus. Eheu, Hor. s. 2, 3, 156; 4. and in resuming after a parenthesis: omne pronuntiatum—sic enim mihi in praesentia occurrit ut appellarem ἀξιώμα: utar post alio, si inuenero—id ergo est pronuntiatum, quid est uerum aut falsum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 14; quoniam id accidit...ut...mirificus enim generis ac nominis uestri fuit erga me semper animus—quoniam ergo ita accidit ut..., fam. 15, 10, 1; tres uiae sunt ad Mutinam quo...tres ergo ut dixi uiae, Ph. 12, 22;

5. gen. of inferences, therefore, accordingly, then, so, for this, E. non attactam oportuit. L. Ergo quia sum tangere ausus haut causificor quin eam Ergo habeam potissimum—just so and therefore, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 25; E. At hi oratores populi sunt, summi uiri...G. Ergo oratores populi summates uiri Summi accumbent, ergo infimatis infimus, St. 3, 2, 36; P. Memini et praecipit parebo (pareo?) Pa. Voco ergo hanc quae te quaerit, Mil. 4, 2, 45; uolo scire. Tace ergo, Aul. 3, 2, 14; Negat haec me suam filiam esse: non ergo haec mater meast, Epid. 4, 2, 20; Noenum rumores ponebat ante salutem: Ergo plusque magisque uiri nunc gloria claret, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 84; caret frequentibus poculis: caret ergo uiolentia et cruditate, sen. 44; relinquatur ergo ut omnia tria genera sint caussarum, inn. 1, 12; ergo et auarus erit, fin. 2, 27; desinit ergo de compositione loqui, Caes. b. c. 3, 19 f.; quid ergo mei consilii est facere? b. g. 7, 77, 12; numquamne ergo familia nostra quieta erit? Sal. Iug. 14, 9; ergo dum nullum fastidium genus...creuit imperium Romanum, Liv. 4, 3, 13; dedemus ergo Hannibalem? dicit aliquis, 21, 10, 11; portus...intram amicos: Ergo agite et laetum cuncti celebremus honorem, Verg. 5, 58; add B. 5, 58; G. 4, 206; A. 6, 175, 384; 7, 467; 8, 247, 382; 9, 44, 799; 12, 742 (in all elided); Ergo Quintilium perpetuus sopor Vrget? Hor. od. 1, 24, 5; Ergo sufficium reus in noua crimina semper? Ov. am. 2, 7, 1; Fas ergo est aliqua



caelestia pectora falli? tr. 2, 213; add 1, 9, 63; 3, 2, 1; Ergō sollicitae tu causa punitae uitae es? Prop. 3, 7, 1; add 3, 23, 1; Ergō ne dubita blandas adhibere querelas, Tib. 3, 4, 75; 6. so far w. long o; but short in later wr., Impune ergō mihi recitauerit ille togatas? Iuv. 1, 3; Et nos ergo manum ferulae subduximus, 1, 15; 7. at times strengthened by words of like power, Quo pacto ergo igitur clam dos depromi potest? Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 27; Itaque ergo amantur, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 26; Ergo propterea te sedulo Et moneo et hortor, Hec. 1, 1, 6; Itaque ergo erecti...iu spectaculum animo intenduntur, Liv. 1, 25, 2; 8. ergo of § 1 always follows its sb.; in the other cases begins a clause or not.

**ērīlis**, (her.) e, adj. [erus] of a master or mistress, Vt amicam erilem Athenis auentam scio, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 114; mensaeque aduetae erili, Verg. 7, 490; herile (al. er.) pensum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 63; peccati herilis (al. er.) s. 2, 7, 60; nutus heriles (al. er.), ep. 2, 2, 6; nomen, Ov. M. 10, 502; sauguine, 3, 140; 2. esp. w. filius, master's son, young master, Vnde aurum efficiam amauti erili filio, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 55; add 2, 3, 117 and 132; 4, 9, 7; Trin. 3, 1, 1; Ps. 1, 4, 2; Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 23; Eun. 2, 2, 58.

**ērōgo**, āre, vb. lit. ask (the people by a rogatio to vote the payment of money) out of (the treasury); hence to vote or get a vote for (public money), nonne nos in mare supercum et inferum sestertium ter et quadragies erogabamus? quid? Postero auno nonne...pecunia in classem est erogata? Cic. Flac. 30; uolo uti mihi respondeas...erogarissime pecunias ex aerario tuis legibus, Vat. 29; pecunia publica ex aerario erogata, Verr. 2, 3, 165; pecunias in operum locationes, 2, 5, 48; qua ex insula (sc. Cypro) nummus nullus me obtinere erogabitur, Att. 5, 21, 7; add 6, 1, 2 and 21; quum argentum, saepe iactata in senatu re, tardius erogaretur, Liv. 22, 23, 8; unde in eos sumptus pecunia erogaretur, 1, 20, 5; 2. pay out (of the treasury), quanta pecunia penderetur si omnium nomine quicumque Romae ludos facerent erogaretur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 26; egit ut se ne impedires quominus quod ad Q. Publicei statum decretum est, erogaretur, 1, 2, 14; in Tiridatis octingena nummum milia diurna erogauit (Nero), Suet. Ner. 30; 3. met. of private expenditure, uelim...Tironem Curio commendes ut ei siquid opus erit in sumptum erogat, in Cic. Att. 8, 5 f.; quod in uestes margarita gemmas fuerat erogaturus, hoc in tus et unguenta et odores impenderetur, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 7; add 10, 110; Val. M. 4, 8, 1, 4, 8 ext. 2; scriptis codicillis grandem pecuniam in Tigellinum erogabat (was leaving by will), Tac. an. 16, 17; 4. gen. in later legal wr., spend, pay, or convey away, qui erogat bona sua in fraudem futuraa actionis, Gai. dig. 17, 2, 68, 1; odores ad funus, Ulp. 15, 3, 7, 3; sumptus in exstructione, Paul. 20, 1, 29, 2; sumptus in locum in quem mortuus inferretur, Ulp. 11, 7, 14, 3; qui publicam pecuniam in usu aliquo acceptam retinuerit nec erogauerit, Marc. 48, 13, 5; 5. in Tert. extend life, kill, spect. 12; apol. 44; praeser. 2; II 6.=exoro, prevail upon by asking, piis precibus, Apul. M. 5, 13.

**erro**, āre, vb. [prob. for eerro from prep. ee, implying a compar. prep. ecer. Thus eerro: supcro (get the upper hand of) :: ecer: super :: ee: sub :: ex=ecis comp.: subs: snbis comp.] get out of (the right road), go wrong, go astray, lose one's way, Quisquid est errabo potius quam perducet quispiam, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 162; Sed dexterorsum auorsa it in inalam crucem: errabit illae hodie (now), Rud. 1, 2, 88; Homo qui erranti comiter monstrat uiam, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 51; Creusa Substitit, errauit uia seu lassa resedit Incertum, Verg. 2, 739; 2. met. go wrong, be out, err, mistake,...Qui me Amphitruonem rentur esse: errant probe, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 20; duxi probum: Errani: post cognoui et fugio cognitum, Eun. ap. Cic. (?) ad Her. 2, 38; tota erras nia, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 14; Et errat longe\* mea quidem sententia, Ad. 1, 1, 40; errare malo cum Platone...quam cum istis uera sentire, Cic. Tuse. 1, 39; cuiusuis hominis

est errare, nullius nisi insipientis in errore perseuerare, Phil. 12, 5; uidete ne honestius sit illis ducibus\* errare quam..., Balb. 64; errare si qui in bello omni secundo rerum pronentus expectent, Caes. b. g. 7, 29, 3; malo in hanc partem\* errare, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 11, 4; homines superbissimi procul\* errant, Sal. I. 85, 38; foeda (prodigia) omnia errantisque in... fetus naturae uisa, Liv. 31, 12, 8; toto ut aiunt...lo\* errasse Vergilium, Maer. s. 3, 12, 10;—here note words marked\*;— 3. w. pron. acc., Quin mone quos si quid erro, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 30; Teneo quid erret, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 18; hoc tu errasti, Ph. 5, 3, 21; 4. pass. imp., si erratur in nomine, Cic. fin. 4, 57; Si fuit errandum, Ov. her. 7, 109; II 5. wander about, cum uagus et exsni erraret, Cic. Clu. 175; Arpini uolo esse prodis Kal., deinde circum uilulas nostras errare, Att. 8, 9, 3; stellarum quae errantes (sc. *πλανηται*) et quasi uagae nominantur, rep. 1, 22; Errabant acti fati maria omnia eireum, Verg. 1, 32; add 3, 200; Vlixen Errantem saeuo per duo lustra mari, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 14; add F. 2, 335; 6. met., Incerte errat animus, Enn. ap. Gell. 19, 10, 12; Heus ocuulo errante quei aspicias leti domu(m), CIL 1009, 2; eo fit nt errem et uager latius, Cic. acad. pr. 66; add or. 1, 209; orat. 77; 7. perf. part. pass. used as though er. signified wander over w. ace., Talia monstrabat relegendis errata retrorsus Litora, Verg. G. 3, 690; agris, Ov. F. 3, 655; terras, 4, 573; orbem, Val. F. 4, 447; 8. errare dictum est *απο του ερρεν* (?), Cloat. ap. Gell. 16, 12, 2; add Varr. 1. 6, 10; 9. Cf. G. irren, go astray.

1 **ērūca**, ae, f. the plant rocket, eruca brassica Linn., G. rauke, It. eruca, ruca, ruchetta, mod. Gr. *ροκα*; Erucas uirides, Hor. s. 2, 8, 51; Iamque erūcā sālx\*, Colum. 10, 372; add 10, 109\*; 11, 3, 29; Plin. 19, 117 and 154\*; 20, 125 and 126\*; 2. an aphrodisiac, Plin. 10, 182, add \* above; Sed nihil erūcae faciunt hulbique salaces, Mart. 3, 75, 3.

2 **ērūca**, ae, f. caterpillar, serpitque erūcā per hortos, Colum. 10, 333; animalia quae a nobis appellantur erucae, Graece *καρπαι* nominantur, 11, 3, 63; add Plin. 11, 76\* and 112\*; 17, 229†; 19, 177; 23, 62†; 28, 78; 30, 101; 2. Sillig writes urica in \* above w. ms a; but aff. uruca, cf. his notes to †; oldest form prob. ueruca of ms a, of 17, 229; cf. uerruca of R 28, 78, and so akin to uermifrom root uer- trnn; 3. =G. raupe, in Alsace and Swiss kraupe and so=E. grub; It. bruco.

**ērūs**, i, m. (rather than herus) [prob.=G. herr] master (of a slave), Erus istunc nouit atque erum hic. Ero huic praesente reddam, Pl. As. 2, 4, 49; Eho quares laudas qui eros fallunt? In loco, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 26; his qui ui oppressos imperio coercent, sit sanē adhibenda saeuitia ut eris iu famulos, Cic. off. 2, 24; Nec uictoris eri tetigit captiua cubile, Verg. 3, 324; O here quae res..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 265; 2. minor erus, (ruy) young master, opp. to maior erus, the paterfamilias, ubinamst erus? Maior apud forumst, minor hic est intus, Pl. As. 2, 2, 62; At erum seruauit, quem seruatum gaudeo, Quoi me cnstodem addiderat erus maior meus, Capt. 3, 5, 49; add Ps. 5, 1, 23; 3. gen. owner, master, cubile... Quae tuo ueniunt hero (so Ellis), Quata gaudia, Catul. 61, 116; propriae telluris herum (al. erum), Hor. s. 2, 2, 129; Ne percontis fundus meus... Aruo pascat herum an..., ep. 1, 16, 2; Nulla certior...Aula diuitem mauet Herum (al. erum), od. 2, 18, 32; 4. even of the gods, nondum cum sanguine sacro Hostia caelestis pacificasset heros, Catul. 68, 78; inuitis heris, ib. 80; 5. the form erus in A in Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 11; Mil. 2, 2, 108, and gen. in BCD except Most. 4, 2, 31; eram in Stic. 2, 1, 31; so in Ter. Bemb.; in Verg. erus erilis ubique Med., as 3, 324; 7, 490; 8, 462, says Wagner.

**ēt**, conj. and adv. [prob. of pronom. origin; see Essays, p. 149; one w. Dutch en, E. and G. und; and also one w. L. que (quet), *τε* and *και*] and, uiue et uale, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 154; fide et taciturnitate, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 7; quoad possem



et liceret, Cic. am. 1; ab Sequanis et Helnetiis, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; nobilissimus fuit et ditissimus Orgetorix, 1, 2, 1; 2. w. word repeated, errabas Verres et uehementer errabas, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 121; uicta est causa reipublicae et uicta non auspiciis...sed ni..., Sest. 78; 3. introduces an indignat question, and after this, et quisquam dubitabit quin huic hoo bellum transmittendum sit? Cic. Mau. 42; et quisquam numen Iunonis adorat Praeterea? Verg. 1, 48; Et dubitamus adhuc uirtutem extendere factis? 6, 807; add G. 2, 433; et se mihi comparat Aiax? Ov. M. 13, 338; add am. 3, 3, 33; Et tu me lacrimas fundero amice uctas? Prop. 2, 8, 2; 4. in transitions, esp. in dialogue, of a change of speaker, and then, et ille ridens. Video inquit quid agas, Cic. fin. 5, 86; et ille 'Quadripertita iuquit fuit diuisio tua, N. D. 3, 6; et ego: Non inquam sine causa, Brut. 119; add rep. 1, 56; or, 2, 40; Brut. 251; Et Maternus: Perturbare..., Tac. dial. 4; 5. of rapid consequence, esp. in poets, Haec Proteus et se iactu dedit aequor in altum, Verg. G. 4, 528; add A. 1, 293; 398 etc.; Dic quibus in terris, et eris mihi magnus Apollo, B. 3, 104; hanc tolle et unitatem generis humani...scindes, Sen. ben. 4, 18, 4; 6. in parenthesis, haec sine physicis quam uim habeant—et habent maximam—uidere nemo potest, Cic. fin. 3, 73; neminem cognoui poetam—et mihi fuit (fuit mihi?) cum Aquino amicitia—qui sibi non optumus uideretur, Tusc. 5, 63; ut uero...aquam ingressi sunt—et erat pectoribus teus—tum utique..., Liv. 21, 54, 9; Numidas in insidiis—et pleraeque cauae sunt uiae—quaecum apte poterat, disposuit, 23, 1, 6; 7. in poets postponed at times to second place, Puppibus et laeti nautae imposuere coronas, Verg. G. 1, 304; A. 4, 418; Saepius et nomen posuit Saturnia tellus, 8, 329; add S. 517; B. 2, 10; Exagitet nostros manes, sectetur et umbras, Insultetque rogis, caecet et ossa mea, Prop. 2, 8, 19; 8. oft. repeated, haec pueris et mulierculis et seruis et seruorum similibus esse grata, Cic. off. 2, 57; in quo admirari soleo grauitatem et iustitiam et sapientiam Caesaris, fam. 6, 6, 10; see also § 7; 9. but the construction a, b, et c is inadmissible for best writers, thus in Caes. b. g. 7, 24, 1: cum luto frigore et adsiduis imbribus tardarentur, the best mss om. luto; in 3, 20, 2: Tolosa, Carcassoue et Narbone, the same om. Carcassoue; in Pl. Men. 1, 4, 4: Ego Menaechmus et parastus eius, is due to Ritschl, the mss have Ego et M. et p. e.; 10. but an enumeration without conj. (asyndeton) may have a gen. clause added with et, uirtutum quas appellamus uoluntarias ut prudentiam temperantiam fortitudinem iustitiam et reliquas eiusdem generis, Cic. fin. 5, 36; siderum magnitudines interualla cursus anquirebantur et cuncta caelestia, Tusc. 5, 10; 11. in some older writers this law seems not to hold as: armamentum stridor, fictus nauium, Strepitus...et rudentum sibilus, Pac. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 87; add Pac. ap. Non. 3, 1; but in Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 38 et joins only two clauses; 12. where of the things united two are more closely united with each other than with the rest, a second conj. (que or atque) is required, and then et may be used to unite either the smaller or greater clauses, illud signum solis ortum et forum curianque conspicit, Cic. Cat. 3, 8, 20; hi qui mathematici uocantur, quanta in obscuritate rerum et quam recondita in arte et multiplici subtilique uerserunt, or. 1, 9; Marsos inde Marrucinosque et Pelignos deaestat circaque Arpos et Lucriam proximam Apuliae regionem, Liv. 22, 9, 5; add 21, 22, 23; 21, 50, 11; Scuta uirum galesquo et fortia corpora uoluit, Verg. 1, 101; 13. et is oft. omitted as first in old formulae, uelitis iubeatis quod..., Cic. Pis. 72; add Liv. 22, 10, 2; 31, 6, 1; usus fructus est ius alienis rebus utendi fruendi salua rerum substautia, Paul. dig. 7, 1, 1 and so passim; usus auctoritas fundi biennium est, Cic. top. 23; pacem precibus exposcent uti uoleus propitius suam semper sospitet progeniem, Liv. 1, 16, 3; lego Furia Caninia certus modus constitutus est, Gai. 1, 42; lege Aelia Sentia, 1, 12; 14. when words or clauses are opposed, Hino stas, illum causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; una tecum bona mala tolerabimus, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 23; Ne sursum deorsum cursites, Eun. 2, 2, 47; Hac illae circumcursa, Haut. 3, 2, 1; omnia, minima maxima ad Caesarem mitti, Cic. Q.

fr. 3, 1, 10; Sulla potuit, ego non potero? Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 10, 2 f.; omissis his rebus quibus nos suppeditauer, eget ille, Cic. Cat. 2, 25; quam diu anceps fuisset certamen, et Saguntinis (uev) quia praeter spem resisterent creuissent animi, Poenus (de) quia non uicisset pro uicto esset, clamorem..., Liv. 21, 9, 1; 15. freq. for emphasis all conjunctions omitted (asyndeton or caesa oratio, ad Her. 4, 26), Ibi cursu luetando hasta disco pugilatu pila Saliendo sese exercebant, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 1; semper auidax petulus libidinosus, Cic. Sul. 71; quid quisquo uoluerit cogitarit admiserit...ex moribus eius...est ponderandum, ib. 69; erepti sine caede, sine sanguine, sine exercitu, sine dimicatione, Cic. Cat. 3, 23; 16. even w. two words, in light style, without emphasis, ferarum in quibus inesse fortitudinem, ut in equis, in leonibus, Cic. off. 1, 50; aderant amici propinqui, Verr. 2, 1, 125; uidemus ut pueri...pompa ludis, atque eiusmodi spectaculis teneantur, fin. 5, 48; iam de periuriis, de incesto nihil sane hoc quidem loco disputandum, leg. 2, 41; 17. et—, et—, both—, and—, uniting very different ideas, Et ego te et ille mactamus infortunio, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 45; Deos quaeso ut adimant et matrem et patrem meos, Naeu. ap. Don. ad Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 5; uno meo fato (al. factis) et tu et omnes mei corrui, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; 18. with et more than once repeated, sin hoc et ratio doctis et uicissitas barbaris et mos gentibus et feris etiam beluis natura ipsa praescripsit..., Cic. Mil. 30; qui et miles et tribunus et legatus et consul uersatus sum in uario genere bellorum, sen. 18; and in part. or. Si twelve occur, not to count one in a minor clause; una et traiecis me audietis et ardere bello Africam et molientem hinc Hanuibaalem et obsideri Carthagium, Liv. 28, 44, 6; 19. here too the law for the use of other conj. in minor clauses holds, as: cum et praeteriti doloris memoria recens est et futuri atque impendentis torquet timor, Cic. fin. 2, 95; non despero fore aliquem qui et studio acriore quam uos sumus atque fuimus et otio ac facultato discendi maiore ac maturiore et labore atque industria superiore eum se ad audiendum...dederit, existat talis orator, or. 1, 95; quod et naues habent plurimas..., et scientia atque usu...reliquos antcedunt, et in magno impetu maris aperto...omnes fere...habent uectigales, Caes. b. g. 3, 8, 1; add Cic. acad. post. 38 and 39; 20. at times this law so important for clearness of ideas is abandoned in order to deluge and confound a reader, as: quod et ipse bonus uir fuit et multi Empirei fuerunt et hodie sunt et in amicitias fideles et in omni uita constantes et graues, Cic. fin. 2, 81; add or. 1, 170; Liv. 42, 33, 3; 21. the last et in a series strengthened by iam etc. or supplanted by postremo, in omni genere et honorum et laborum meorum et animus et opera et auctoritas et gratia et iam res familiaris C. Capitonis praesto fuit et paruit et temporibus et fortunae mcae, Cic. fam. 13, 29, 2; uidebam...si uictus essem multis bonis et pro me et mecum et iam post me esse pereundum, senat. grat. 33; omnes idem sentiunt et hi qui...et hi qui..., et hi qui...postremo hi qui se totos tradiderunt uoluptatibus, am. 86; et pecunia persuadet et gratia et auctoritas dicentis et dignitas, postremo aspectus etiam ipse, Quint. 2, 15, 6; 22. after words wh. refer to two (or more) objects, esp. wds. of likeness or difference, but here the compared words or clauses must stand symmetrically, germanus pariter auimo et corpore, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 34; aequae tabulae condemnauerunt eius qui uerum non rettulit et eius qui falsum perscripsit, Cic. Rose. com. 2; pari gloria debent esse hi qui consulant et hi qui defendunt, top. 71; alia causa est ius qui...et ius qui..., off. 2, 61; aliud habitum esse sepelire et urere, leg. 2, 60; diuersissimas res pariter expectant, ignauiae uoluptatem et praemia uirtutis, Sal. lug. 85, 20; 23. the symmetry still exists wh. the wd. of comparison is enclitic to the first of the two compared, cui—simul et Volcatio pecunia a ciuitate numerata est, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; superbi, re—simul et uerbis, inueniuntur, ad Her. 4, 51; ut Germanicum dolo—simul et casibus obiectaret, Tac. an. 2, 5; add 13, 16; 24. often w. double et, dupliciter delectatus sum...et quod ipse risi et quod te intellexi iam posse ridere, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; utrumque meum puto esse, et quid sentiam ostendere et quod



feceris defendero, 1, 9, 25; aequae nefas sit tale et facere rogatum et rogare, am. 39; uno tempore et longas naues...aestus compleuerat et onerarias tempestas addictabat, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 2; **25.** que—et—, both—and—: Est profecto Deus qui quae nos gerimus auditque et uidet, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 63; Iu tuam custodelam (so Both. ej.; mss c...delam) neque et spes meas tradam Tranio, Most. 2, 1, 59; Sileteque et tacete atque animum aduertite, Poen. pr. 3; euncta simul malaque et bona dictu Euomeret, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4; in eam partem accipioque et uolo, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; praeter acqnomque et bonum, Ad. 1, 1, 39; uti seque et oppidum tradat, Sal. Lug. 26, 1; sequo et exercitum, 55, 1; ibique et in omni Africa, 89, 7; sequo et iumenta, 91, 2; illosque et Sullam, 104, 1; tela in hostem hastaquo et gladius, Liv. 1, 43, 2; iustus hospitalibus priuatisquo et publicis fungitur officis, 9, 6, 7; sagaque et tunicae, 10, 30, 10; Sempronique et Flamini temeritate, 22, 44, 5; execratus seque et cohortem, 25, 14, 5; armaque et corpora, 25, 16, 19; iuuenis animique et iugeni...maioris, 25, 37, 2; audios caedisque et sanguinis, 25, 37, 14; ingenti eocursu plebisque et omnium ordinum, 27, 21, 1; armaque et naues, 28, 17, 14; ab nostris exercitibusque et classibus, 28, 44, 13; omnes legatice et tribuni, 29, 22, 11; gubernatoresque et magistris nauium, 29, 25, 7; armenta uidebant Romanoque foro et lautis mugire Cariuis, Verg. 8, 361; famamque et fata nepotum, 8, 731; in nearly all the first clause is a single word; **26.** et—que—, both—and—, Hos et ego in pagna uici niensque sum ab isdem, Enn. ap. Oros. 4, 1; quis est quin intellegat et eos qui fecerint...immemores fuisse utilitatum suarum nosque (et nos?) eum ea laudemus...honestate duci, Cic. fin. 5, 64; but in fin. 4, 19 dele et, as et saluum incoelumeque would be to oppose two synonyms; quam paratissimi et ab exercitu reliquisquo rebus, D. Brut. ad Cie. 11, 13 f.; id et singulis uniuersisque semper honori fuisse, Liv. 4, 2, 3; **27.** et non—, et—, locus is melior quem et non coquit sol et tangit ros, Varr. r. 3, 16, 2; causas et non grauate et gratuito defendentis, Cic. off. 2, 66; in amicitis et non tribuere quod recte possis et tribuere quod non sit aequum contra officium est, 3, 43; omnia...et non laboriosa mihi et honesta uidebuntur, fam. 5, 11, 3; **28.** et—, et non—, uir et acer et non indiserit, Cic. Brut. 128; uillam et ueterem et non magnam, Att. 12, 31, 2; quod et infinitum est et non necessarium, or. 1, 203; ut et Chalcis teneri et non deseri praesidium Athenarum potuisset, Liv. 31, 23, 11; satis scire origini Romanae et deos affuisse et non defuturam uirtutem, 1, 9, 4; in Plin. pan. c. 56, et nequum de biennio loquitur (add c. 14) nec is the mere negative, not for neque; **29.** neque—et—, quamobrem nec metuum quidquam et caueo omnia, Cic. fam. 11, 21, 4; et—ut perspexisse uideor—nec a me alieni et tibi amicissimi, 4, 6, f.; add Att. 2, 1, 4; sen. 51; off. 2, 43; fuci neque adiuuant et meli consumunt, Varr. r. 3, 16, 8; ubi neque epistolam repperit et rem omnem uti acta erat cognouit, Sal. Ing. 71; add 1, 5; 31, 16; 69, 1 etc.; nam neque quoad fuit consul—; et postquam senatus dictatorem dici iussit—; Liv. 8, 12, 11; Marcellus nec factum improban et praedam militibus concessit, 24, 39, 7; Cui neque apud Danaos usquam locus et super ipsi Dardaniadae infensi poenas eum sanguine poscunt, Verg. 2, 71; qui nec ullius inuides laudibus et faues nostris, Plin. ep. 9, 23 f.; **30.** et—neque—, patebat uia et certa nec longa, Cic. Phil. 11, 4; qui et rem agnoscit neque hominem ignorat, Flac. 46; ego uero et expectabo ea quae polliceris nec exigam nisi tuo commodo, Brut. 17; intellegitis et animum ei praesto fuisse nec consilium defuisse, Phil. 13, 13; nam et accepturum eos in castra sua so laetum nec cunctanter se ipsum ad eos uenturum, Liv. 21, 24, 4; huius redimendi et Epicidae cura ingens erat nec abuit Marcellus, 25, 23, 9; **II 31.** also, too, even—so og of 'and' of old Norse and Dan., oel Swed. is for a Germ. auch also, for us eke also;—iu Lat. the ideas of and and also meet in phrases of answers, where a nod may noto assent, C. O amice salue...M. Et tu edepol salue Callicles, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 11, and the same to you, the same to you too; add Mil. 4, 8, 42; Pers. 4, 6, 27; St. 2, 1, 44; Ter. Hec. 1, 2 f.; Haut. 1, 1, 115; D. Curiae est mihi. M. Et mihi curiae est, Ad. 1,

2, 49; At enim quaerit Socrates undo... Et ego quaero unde, Cic. N.D. 3, 27; Q. Nulla de re magis. M. Et recte quidem, leg. 1, 16; Et nobis idem Alcedon duo poeula fecit, Verg. B. 3, 44; **32.** thon in other than answers, (so) too, (so) also, Quid tu T. Rosci, ubi tunc eras? Romae. Verum quid ad rem? Et alii multi, Cic. Rosc. Am. 92; et praedones multi saepe poenas dant, N.D. 3, 82; Et mihi facta uia est, et me capit ultima tellus, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 83; Et mihi sunt uires, et mihi facta tuba est, Tib. 2, 6, 10; **33.** so far as first word; but it occurs also as second word, but still emphasizing that which follows—this esp. in Cic., never in Caesar—Saluere iubeo te Misargürdes bene. D. Salue et tu (so mss, Laehm. ej. tho solecism salueto), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 42; nam et testimonium saepe dicendum est, Cic. or. 2, 48; nam et animi atque ingenii celeres quidam motus esse debent, 1, 113; nam et qui parat peus (peus pascit?) necesse est constituat numerum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 24; at et morbi perniciosiores sunt animi quam corporis, Cic. Tuse. 3, 5; ergo et probandum, fin. 3, 27; ergo et lex, leg. 1, 33; narrat enim et apud Ennium Vestalis..., diu. 1, 40; sed—multum et philosophia, Att. 5, 10, 5; Sed et (A B om. et) ad ceteras res habet quandam artem, Ae. pr. 57; simul et uerebar, Verr. 2, 4, 136; add Clu. 10, 48 and 155; Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; 1, 1, 43; Verr. 2, 1, 106; Caccin. 6; Sall. Lug. 20, 1; accessit et pestilentia, Liv. 25, 26, 7; interdum et leni adiuuante uento, 28, 17, 12; hi, adscitis et aliis primoribus..., Tac. an. 6, 37 (31); illis sola in equite uis, Pharasmanes et pedite ualebat, 6, 40 (34); **34.** sed et, verum et, after non modo (solum) and like phrases is found prob. in Cic. (in spite of Baizer); aft. often, illum non modo fuisse sed et (etiam R) tantam illi pecuniam dedisse, Cic. Att. 11, 9, 2; non modo illum ex Gallia...non detrahebant sed et (so all mss, Halm ei, wh. if needed could not stand here) propter rationem Gallie belli prouinciam extra ordinem decernebant, prou. cons. 19; I claim sed et also for Cat. 3, 24, (mss sed has, sed et has, sed et eas); off. 1, 66 (mss ut, wh. is nonsense for et); aderamus nos quidem adolescentes, sed et (A B om. et) multi amplissimi homines, fin. 2, 55; non eius modo exercitus qui uictus erat sed et eius qui eum Hannibale militabat, Liv. 21, 60, 9; facta ex ebore quidem et auro, sed et ex aere fecit, Plin. 34, 49; speciem non tenent tantum Chauca sed et implent, Tac. G. 35; generosi graminis ipsum Infecit natura pecus sed et egregius fons..., Iuv. 12, 41;—note that sed et by its form is very liable to error; **35.** et ipse, very common, esp. in Livy, sicut et ipse cuius iustitia sequebantur, Cic. inu. 2, 7; Romulus et ipse turba fugientium actus, Liv. 1, 12, 3; is, et ipse Alpinus amnis difficillimus transitu est, 21, 31, 10; alii inter iumenta, et ipsa iacentia passim, morientes, 22, 2, 7 etc.; **36.** quin et, nec non et, in poets and late prose, Quin et supremo eum lumine uita recessit, Non tamen..., Verg. 6, 735; add 778; 10, 615; Quin et Atridas, Hor. od. 1, 10, 13; add 2, 13, 37; quin et paruos (delphinus) semper aliquis grandior comitatur, Plin. 9, 33; add 9, 174; Cic. Att. 15, 3, 1 seems corrupt;—Necnon et Tyrii..., Verg. 1, 707; add 748; nec non et proximo anno...equus Romanus, Plin. 7, 183; add 10, 124; **37.** iu Livy et also often late in a clause, nolle irumpere, antequam sciat debellatum et iu sinistro cornu esse, Liv. 3, 70, 11; ad hanc defectionem erecti sunt et aliarum ciuitatum animi, Liv. 24, 37, 1; partium ultra accensantium quidem et socios populi Romani sod multo infestius M. Aurelius, 30, 42, 2; etc.; so Verg. 2, 49 timeo Danaos et dona ferentes.

**Et enim**, conj. and in fact, and indeed, Etenim ille quous huc iussu uenio Iuppiter Non minus quam uostrum quibus formidat malum, Pl. Ampli. pr. 26; facile equidem facere possum si iubes, Eteuim quo pacto id fieri solet calleo, Ter. Hant. 3, 2, 37; add Eun. 5, 8, 44; Andr. 2, 6, 11; etenim omnes uiri boni ipsam aequitatem...amant, Cic. leg. 1, 48; add Brut. 23; Verr. 2, 4, 129; sen. 15; acad. pr. 99 (bis); Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; **2.** often in pareuthesis, eius autem legationis princeps est Heius (etenim est primus ciuitatis), ne forte..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 15; add Att. 10, 17, 4; Liv. 3, 24, 9; **3.** rarely second, as in: Quippe etenim mortale aeterno iungere..., Lucr. 3, 800;



add 2, 547; **4.** in very late wr. diuissim, Tert. apol. 34; Hier. ad Iul. ep. 34.

**Ēt-iam**, adv. of time, even now, even yet, still, Set tu, etiamne astas nec quae dico obtemperas? Pl. Most. 2, 2, 89; Vide sis modo etiam, Merc. 2, 2, 52; quin loris caedite etiam si lubet, 5, 4, 42; iam ferio foris. Peri, Vel mane etiam, Meu. 1, 2, 64; etiam parasitum manes? 2, 3, 68; etiam astas? 4, 3, 23; add Bac. 4, 4, 93; Most. 3, 2, 164; Marc. 4, 5 f.; Men. 1, 2, 48; Teque opsecro hercle ut quae locutu's despuas. Fiat: geratur mos tibi. Age age usque exscrea. Etiamne? Age quaeso hercle usque ex penitis faucibus, As. 1, 1, 40; Quia de uxore incertus sum etiam quid sim facturus. Quid est? Ter. Hec. 4, 3, 8; uiuere etiam nunc lubet, Ad. 3, 3, 91; cum iste etiam cubaret, in cubiculo introductus est, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 56; manifestus in maleficiis tenetur et manet etiam, 4, 104; quamdiu etiam furor iste tuus nos eludet? Cat. 1, 1; ubi olim fano consumebatur omne quod profanum erat ut etiam fit (wh. Spengel ill conjectures etiam nunc), Varr. 1. 7, 7; inter hostium cadauera repertus est paululum etiam spirans, Sal. Cat. 61, 4; Inualidus etiamque tremens, etiam inscius aui, Verg. G. 3, 189; Idaeumque etiam eurrus, etiam arma tenebant, A. 6, 485; **2.** w. neg., still not, or better, not yet, Quia tibi minas uiginti pro amica etiam non dedit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 46; non satis me pernostis etiam qualis sim Simo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 23; nihil suspicans etiam mali, 1, 1, 89; non dico fortasse etiam quod sentio, Cic. Tusc. 1, 12; nec plane etiam abissee ex conspectu, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 4; neque scirent etiam arare, Varr. r. 1, 2, 16; **3.** in this case often strengthened by dum, Quid egerint inter se nondum etiam scio, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 117; add 5, 1, 19; Audr. 1, 2, 30; but Haut. 3, 3, 35 against metre; Ego nondum etiam hic uillicabar, Turpil. ap. Non. 186, 4; so: uixdum etiam coetu uestro dimisso, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; but in Verr. 2, 4, 64 the best mss nondum without etiam; **4.** in questions, yet and so=are (you) never going to, Ecce autem illic (so Bothe, mss hic) deposiuit caput, et dormit: suscita. Ph. Etiam uigilas? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 36; etiamue aperis?... Etiamne aperis? 4, 2, 28; Etiam dicis ubist uenefice? Pers. 2, 4, 7; etiamne abis? Poen. 1, 3, 22; scelerate etiam respicis? Pers. 2, 4, 4; etiam tu hinc abis? Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 9; etiam taces? Ad. 4, 2, 9; Etiam tu hoc respondes quid istic tibi negotist? Andr. 5, 2, 8 (al. responde); add Haut. 2, 2, 6; **5.** as this is virtually an order, etiam is used w. imperative in an impatient sense, I say, will (you) never, Etiam tu homo nihili, quod di dant boni, caue culpa tua amissis, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 70; etiam tu siqua tibi uis... illum aspice contra, Verg. 11, 373 (wh. Servius: hortantis aduerbium); **6.** again, still again, circumspicedum nmmquis est, Sermonem nostrum qui aucepit. Tutum probest. Circumspice etiam, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 43; add 4, 2, 3; Vide mi Parmeno etiam sodes ut mihi haec certa et clara attuleris, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 1; die, die etiam clarius, Verr. 2, 3, 175; Si tu forte uoles etiam uariare figuras, Lucr. 2, 494 (cf. v. 491); **7.** etiam atque etiam, still and still, again and again, Set te moneo hoc etiam atque etiam ut reputes quid facere expetas, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 48; Proiu tu dumst tempus etiam atque etiam cogita, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 11; temo superat stellas sublime cogens etiam atque etiam noctis iter, Enn. ap. Varr. 1. 7, 4; multa sibi e. a. e. esse discenda, Cic. Tusc. 3, 69; e. a. e. reputate, Sal. Iug. 85, 28; querendum est e. a. e. Catul. 63, 61; postulo e. a. e. consideres, Liv. 3, 45, 10; e. a. e. aspice, Hor. cp. 1, 18, 76; in Lucr. 1, 296; Quare e. a. e. sunt uenti corpora caeca, dico or aio is understood; **8.** still, yet, in addition, Tris minas accedere etiam possum, ut triginta sient, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 96; illorum mores perquam meditate tenes; Set etiam unum hoc ex ingenio malo malum iuueniunt suo: Nulli... Bac. 3, 6, 17; Nunc alteris etiam ducentis usus est, 4, 9, 47; **9.** oft. strengthened by insuper, over and above, ut etiam in macrore insuper...miseriam hanc adiungerem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 5; add Trin. 4, 3, 18; Merc. 4, 2, 2; Etiam insuper defraudat (al. defrudet)? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 38; **10.** oft. w.

comp. still, even, tum etiam magis si medicos suos huc mittet, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14; Quem pariter uti his decuit aut etiam amplius, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 80; an quid est etiam amplius, Ad. 3, 4, 22; sic in animis existunt maiores etiam uarietates, Cic. off. 1, 107; sunt etiam elariora...indicia naturae, fin. 5, 55; filiam quis habet; pecunia est opus. Duas, maiore. Pluris, maiore etiam, parad. 44; magno in aere alieno maiores etiam possessiones habent, Cat. 2, 18; omnes magni, etiam superiores qui fruges...inuenerunt, Tusc. 1, 62; multo etiam grauius queritur, Caes. b. g. 1, 16 f.; (castra) hoc erant etiam angustiura, quod... 4, 30, 1; **11.** gen. even, introducing an important addition, Etiam Epidicum quam ego fabulam aeque ac me ipsum amo, Nullam aeque iuuius specto, si agit Pollio, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 36; nescio etiam id quod scio, 4, 6, 21; ut ne etiam aspiciere hasce aedis audeat, Most. 2, 1, 76; erit enim instructus ad mortem contemnendam, ad exilium, ad ipsum etiam dolorem, Cic. fin. 2, 57; horum timore paulatim etiam hi (so best mss) qui magnum in castris usum habebant milites...perturbabantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 5; nobis rem familiarem etiam ad necessaria deesse, Sal. Cat. 20, 11; niderent ne utando in curia libere homines loqui, extra curiam etiam mouerent uocem, Liv. 3, 39, 6; quem armorum etiam pro patria satietas teneret, nedum aduersus patriam, 7, 40, 3; **12.** esp. in non modo (solum)...sed (uerum) etiam..., sumpsi non ab illo modo, Sed...Etiam a Latino, Afran. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 4; negligere quid de se quisque sentiat, non solum arrogantis est sed etiam omnino dissoluti, Cic. off. 1, 99; frumenta non solum tanta multitudine...consumebantur sed etiam...imbribus procurauerant, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 3; **13.** also quin etiam, atque etiam, nay cveu, credible non est quantum scribam die, quin etiam noctibus, Cic. Att. 13, 26, 2; Ausus quin etiam uoces iactare per umbram..., Verg. 2, 768; atque etiam tu quoque ipse si esses percontatus me ex aliis..., Pl. As. 2, 4, 95; atque etiam iudicium... publicum exereuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 155; add Clu. 163; **14.** perh. also of a mere addition, caret epulis et frequentibus poculis; caret ergo etiam (om. Erf.) uiuolentia et cruditate, Cic. sen. 44; **15.** etiam w. quoque even...too, Turaustin...? Fateor. Nempse conceptis uerbis. Etiam consultis quoque, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 119; Hanc quoque etiam si me appellet filiam, matrem uocem, Epid. 4, 2, 19; add As. 2, 4, 95; pol iam aderit, se quoque etiam cum oderit, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 28; ut me non solum omnia debere tua causa quae possim, sed ea quoque etiam quae non possim, Cic. fam. 4, 8, 1; Haec quoque res etiam naturam dedicat eius, Lucr. 3, 208; Est etiam quoque..., 3, 292; add 5, 153, 517, 604; 6, 503; **16.** in answers, even so, just so, yes, Numquid processit ad forum hic hodie noui? etiam, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 7; misericordia commotus ue sis. Etiam, sed..., Cic. Mur. 65; cui cum respondissem me e prouincia decedere, 'etiam'...inquit, 'ut opinor ex Africa', Planc. 65; Zeno in una uirtute positam beatam uitam putat. Quid Antiochus? Etiam, inquit, beatam, sed non beatissimam, acad. pr. 134; noui tibi quidnam scribam? Quid? etiam: Messala... Att. 1, 13, 6; dicis 'habeo hic quos legam (libros). Etiam: sed..., Plin. ep. 2, 3, 9; 'stndes?' inquam. Respondit 'etiam', 4, 13, 3; **17.** yes still something, is the idea in: Nihil aliud dicam? Etiam: cognosce anulum illum Myrrhinam, Ter. Hec. 5, 3, 13; aliud quid? Etiam: quando te proficisci istius putes, fac ut sciam, Cic. Att. 2, 6 f.; add Q. fr. 3, 1, 24; **18.** etiam in this sense oft. opposed to non, utrum nonina in codicem digesta habes, an non? Si non, quomodo tabulas conficis? Si etiam, quamobrem hoc nomen in aduersariis relinquebas? Cic. Rose. com. 9; aut etiam aut non respondere, acad. pr. 104; add 97; N. D. 1, 70; **19.** et etiam oft. matter for doubt and false readings, qui dissoluerem Quae deo et etiam nunc si uolt Demipho..., Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 51, et, required by metre, is not in best mss; rogo te et etiam oro, Cic. Att. 16, 16 b 9; prisci quoque Latini et (old edd. omit et) etiam Graeci..., Varr. r. 2, 4, 10; et etiam cornutorum, 2, 7, 2; et etiam prima, 3, 9, 9.

**ē-ūgīlo**, āre, vb. finish one's watch, as night sentinel,



met., etsi nobis qui id aetatis sumus euigilatum ferest, tamen de posteris nostris sollicitor (says Laelius to Scipio), Cic. rep. 3, 41; 2. pass whole nights (and perh. days too) working, quid egi aut in quo euigilarunt curae meae, si..., Cic. parad. 17; 3. work out by night, quam expedita tua consilia, quam euigilata tua consilia, Cic. Att. 9, 12, 1; tanta industria est tantumque euigilat (al. uigilat, perh. rightly), (?) ad Brut. 1, 15, 1; positos ex ordiue fratres (books) Quos studium cunctos euigilauit idem, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 10S; 4. poro over (by night as well as day) to the end, cui pleraque omnia ueterum litterarum...euigilata erant, Gell. 1, 7, 4; II 6. wako and get up before daylight, rogo mane uideas Plinium domi, set (ot?) plane mane... Euigilaueram: nuntius a Spurinna, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 9; euigilo plerumque eirea horam primam, 9, 36, 1; si sacri causa maturius euigilandum esset, Suet. Aug. 78; ante mediam noctem plerumquo euigilabat, Claud. 33; 6. gen. wako (and get) up, somniauit...; utque euigilauit, simulacrum...inuenit, Suet. Galb. 4; maturius semper ac de nocte euigilabat, Vesp. 21.

**ē-uiscēro**, āre, vb. [uisus, flesh] strip of flesh, make a skeleton of, Ipse summis saxis fixus asperis euisceratus, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; quadrupes...euiscerata, Pac. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 133; pedibusque uiscerata unciis (columnam), Verg. 11, 723; macilenta uel omnino euiscerata forma diri cadaueris, Apul. apol. 63; in Sol. 53, 26 Mommsen has exemptus; 2. met. opes, Vatic. de inoff. don. 3, 29, 7.

**ex**, prep. [for ee-is, and so orig. a comp. of ee, like magis, potis; so abs, obs, subs, trans, for ab-is etc.; so *exi* has the form *επιω* in *επιω-σενω* *επιω-σειω* and *οπισω*; out of, see *ē*.

**exāmussim**, adv. [perh. for exament-im, an old dat. of examen; ef. interim from interibi, and uicissim; see amussim, emussitatus] by test of mason's level, i.e. a tablet covered with red chalk, tabula rubricata which left without chalk hollows and protuberances; perfectly, as we say, to a T, i.e. a carpenter's square, Aedes quom exemplo (so D) sunt paratae explitae, Factae probe examussim, Laudat fabrum atque aedis probant, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 19; 2. met. ista (dos)...examussim optuma, Amph. 2, 2, 213; Vt hanc rem uobis examussim disputem, Men. pr. 50; e. capto noctis latrociniali momento, Apul. M. 4, 18; but not Gell. 1, 4, 1.

**ex-cīpio**, cīpĕre, cīpi, ceptus, vb. [ex up, out; capio] lift up, take up, bring up, Nunc cum (se. uidulum) cum nauī seilicet abtīsse pessum in altum. Credo aliquem immersisse atque eum excepisse,—dived and brought it up, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 66; add 4, 3, 47 and 80; 4, 4, 140 and 141; 5, 1, 12; 5, 3, 6; ubi aliquid detectum est excipiendum hamo retuso est abducendum, Cels. 7, 5, p. 269, l. 33; insecandi sunt faui, deinde subiectis duobus brachiis excipiendi atque ita promendi, Colum. 9, 15, 9; exceptus tergo consueta locauit Membra, Verg. 10, 867; foetus meis manibus excepti, Quint. decl. 13, 8; 2. catch up, catch, save from falling, cum taurum immolauisset, excepisse sanguinem patera, Cic. Brut. 43; filiorum suorum postremum spiritum excipere, Verr. 2, 5, 118; elamantibus amieis ut desiliret (stabantque excepturi), Curt. 9, 5, 1; and met.: duo genera diuinandi esse, artificiosum..., naturale quod animus arripere aut exeeperet ex diuinitate (catching it as it fell from above), diu. 2, 26; amicum suum...labentem excepit, eoruero noui siuit, fulsit et sustinuit re fortuna fide, Rab. Post. 43; 3. hence met. hold up, shelter, harbour, neque partem tibi Ab eo qui sit indispices, nequo furem excipies? Ita, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 45; Hic est ille gurdus quem ego me abhinc menses duos ex Africa Venieutem excepisse tibi narraui, Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 8; o terram illam beatam quo hunc uirum exeeperit, Cic. Mil. 105; hunc in illo timore Tigranes excepit, Mauil. 23; rempublicam deorum prouidentia curaque exceptam, Liv. 4, 43, 9; 4. akiu to this, entertain (see Essays, p. 46) welcome (esp. of hospitality),

excepti hospitio ab Tullo blande ac benigne, Liv. 1, 22, 5; add 29, 11, 6; pro fortuna quisque apparatus epulis excipit, Tac. G. 21; te polenta excipiet, Sen. ep. 21, 10; 6. and gen. welcome, receive with favour, amplexu, Ov. her. 17(18), 101; benigno uultu, Liv. 30, 14, 3; magno gaudio regem, Curt. 7, 5, 29; and sometimes iron.; 6. more met. of inanimate agents, nulla decempep Metata priuatis opaeam Porticus excipiebat Areton, Hor. od. 2, 15, 16; cum lectulus aut me Porticus exceptit, s. 1, 4, 134; 7. of inanimate objects, sustain, hold up against, meet, faco, uim frigorum hieumumque, Cic. Rab. Post. 42; in me...illa flamma coniciebatur. Excepi, har. resp. 45; uulnera, Sest. 23; omnia tela, prou. cons. 23; labores, Brut. 243; uim flumibus, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; decessum aestus, 3, 13, 1; impetus gladiorum, 1, 52, 4; tela missa (w. the shields), 3, 5, 3; b. c. 3, 93, 2; nocturnum rorem, 3, 15, 4; impetum Caesaris, 3, 92, 1; plagae quoddam genus, Luer. 2, 810; tela, Liv. 2, 47, 7; iram hostium, 9, 8, 9; hostium magnam uim, 34, 13, 3; transuersis cuniculis hostium cuniculos, 23, 18, 9; uerbera, Ov. F. 2, 427; and in law, actiones, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 22; onus obligationis, Papin. 46, 1, 48, 1; 8. of the chase; eeler alto latitantem Fruticeto excipero aprum, Hor. od. 3, 12, 12; inruentem feram uenabulo, Sen. prou. 2, 8; uenientis feras, ira 1, 11, 2; aprum, Quint. 4, 2, 17; feras, Phaedr. 1, 11, 6; 9. pick up (prisoners), catch, surprise, intercept, admoniti sumus ut caueremus ne exciperemur a Caesare, Cic. Att. 8, 11, D 3; multos ex fuga dispersos excipiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 6; add 7, 20, 9; b. o. 1, 15, 5; 1, 64, 7; 1, 79f.; Liv. 10, 20, 5; even of a whole army, 9, 31, 6; Orestes Excepit incautum, Verg. 3, 332; Aemulus exceptum Triton...immerserat unda, 6, 173; add 11, 684; mansuefieri ne paruuli quidem excepti possunt (uri), Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 4; aues quoque, Curt. 7, 5, 41 (wh. we shd. say bring down); and met. uoluntates (hominum), Cic. or. 2, 32; senes, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 79; qui oues tuas fugauit ut alius eas exciperet, Gai. 3, 202; 10. w. abl., capram insidiis, Verg. B. 3, 18; Laetanos insidiis, Liv. 21, 61, 8; 11. pick up (as a friend might) and so save, rescue, quod insepultos reliquissent eos quos e mari propter uim tempestatis excipere non potuissent, Cic. rep. ap. Non. 293, ed. Bait. 837; scaphis excepti refugerant, Caes. b. c. 3, 40, 3; exceptus scapha refugit, 3, 101, 6; 12. pick up (words), catch up, nihil est tam uolucere quam maledictum, nihil citius excipitur, Cic. Plane. 57; nollem dixisset quod exiciperent improbi ciues, Sest. 102; mittebat qui rumores Africanos exciperet, Deiot. 25; sermonem eorum unus exceptit, Liv. 2, 4, 5; add 4, 40, 3; Ov. am. 1, 4, 18; laudes nostras audissimis auribus, Plin. ep. 4, 19, 3; 13. hence of reporters etc., take down (words), alterum sermonem pueri exceperant, Quint. proem. 7; ceterae (actiones) negligentia excipientium notariorum corruptae minimam partem mei habent, 7, 2, 24; add 1, 12, 14; 10, 3, 20; notis excipere (in short-hand), Suet. Tit. 3; add Mauil. 4, 198; 14. esp. take up (what another has laid down), succeed to, memoriam illius uiri omnes excipient anni consequentes, Cic. Sen. 19; nihil est quod non longinquitas temporum excipiente memoria prodentibusque (so Davies ej., mss prodendis) monumentis efficere possit, din. 1, 12; ubi maior incidit res, clamore per agros significant, hunc alii deinceps excipiunt et proximis tradunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 3, 2; a Cretensibus clamor est ortus, deinde exceptus ab aliis, Liv. 24, 31, 4; Q. Fabius, insequentis anni consul bellum ad Sutrium exceptit, 9, 33, 1; proelium dubium, 30, 18, 9; ut primis forte deturbatis secundi integri pugnam excipiant, 38, 22, 3; 15. follow, accedebat huc ut...alios alii deinceps exciperent, relieved, Caes. b. g. 5, 16f.; hanc legionem rursus xiii legionis cohortes exceperunt, 7, 51, 2; huic Labienus exceptit, b. o. 3, 87, 1; uitam eius et uirtutem immortalitas excepisse diatur, Cic. Sest. 143; linguam ad radices eius adhaerens excipit stomachus, N. D. 2, 135; tristem hiemem pestilens aestas excipit, Liv. 5, 13, 4; uiolis succedit rosa, huic interuenit lilium, rosam eyanus excipit, cyanum amarantus, Plin. 21, 68; 16. absol., excipit rursus ex uallo clamor,



Caes. b. g. 7, 88, 2; re cognita tantus luctus excepit ut..., b. e. 2, 7, 3; inde excipere loca aspera, 1, 66, 4; turbulentior indo annus excepit, Liv. 2, 61, 1; Excipit Uranie: Quaecumque..., Ov. M. 5, 260; 17. await, qui quosque euentus exciperent, Caes. b. e. 1, 21 f.; inopia quae per hostium agros euntem maior iudies excipiebat, Liv. 21, 48, 8; strange phrases are: hasta innixus se in pedes excepit—alighted—, 4, 19, 4; in urbem praecipiti saltu semet ipse immisit...Ita librauerat corpus ut se pedibus exciperet, Curt. 9, 5, 2; succisis poplitibus in genua so excepit, Sen. ep. 66, 50; II 18. tako out, for-ei-pe dens excipiendus est, Cels. 7, 12, 1; 19. hence except, Set me excepit: nihili facio quid illis faciat ceteris, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 13; (ex) lege...exceptum cautumque est nei diuideretur quod..., CIL 200, 6; and again 22, wh. exsep(tum); hosce ego homines excipio et seerno, Cic. Cat. 4, 15; excepi de antiquis praeter Xenophanem neminem, diu. 1, 87; biduo excepto comitiali, Caes. b. e. 1, 5, 4; clipeum cristasque rubentis Excipiam sorti, iam nunc tua praemia, Nisc, Verg. 9, 271; stellasque salubres Appellat comites excepto Rege, Hor. s. 1, 7, 25; add 2, 3, 46; nihil iam cupiditati, nihil libidini exceptum, Tac. Agr. 15; 20. abl. excepto w. conj., excepting the fact or case that, Excepto quod non simul esses, cetera lactus, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 50; Excepto si quid..., Pers. 5, 90; e. quod..., Quint. 9, 4, 79; e. ne..., 5, 12, 14; e. si..., 8, 3, 38; 21. in medic., take mixed up with (see e, ex § 19), nitri spumae, piperis rotundi..., quae excipiuntur cerato ex rosa facto, Cels. 5, 18, 20; 22. in law, make special provision for, stipulate for, in ea (sc. emptio) alii plura, alii pauciora excipiunt, Quidam enim pretio facto in singulas oues..., si cui uetustate dentes absunt, binae pro singulis ut procedant, Varr. r. 2, 2, 5; in lege locationis fundi excipi solet ue colonus capra natum in fundo paseat, 2, 3, 7; add 2, 9, 17; 2, 10, 5; eo foedere...Saguntini excipiuntur, Liv. 21, 18, 9; add 21, 19, 3 and 4; nites in tantum sublimes ut uindemitor rogam ac tumulum excipiat (in case he break his neck), Plin. 14, 10; 23. (see § 7) meet or parry (a charge), plead in answer, take exception, si parry ex ea stipulatione, in factum excipiendum erit, Pompon. dig. 14, 6, 20; de dolo serui excipere possumus, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 4, 17; add Gai. 4, 126.

**experisacor**, i, vb. (older form of experior, as scisco is of scio) find out by experience, propter quam rogamus parentes pietissimi collegas..., sic ne quis uestrum talem dolorem experiseatur, ut..., CIL, 2, 2102; Meua Sophe, impetra, si quae sunt manes, ni tam scelustum discidium experiscar diutius hospes, inser. Fca Var. di notiz. p. 174; 2. hence Experitus as a cognomen, Valerius E., iscriz. Alb. p. 201, col. 1.

**ex-screo**, (excr.) are, vb. hawk out, spit out with violence, cough up and throw out, Teque opsecro hercle ut quae loeutu's despuas. Fiat: geratur mos tibi. Age age usque exscrea. Etiamne? Age quaeso hercle usque expenitis faucibus, Pl. As. 1, 1, 40; per hanc (sc. tussim) exscreatur, si tolerabilis morbus est, pituita; si grauis sanguis, Cels. 4, 13(6); uitiosa sunt illa..., elare oxscrare, Quint. 11, 3, 160; pura, Plin. 24, 145; nunquam exscreare ausus, Suct. Ner. 24.

**ex-sisto**, (existo) are, stili (stātūrus\* in legal wr.) vb. stand out, up, forth; come up or forward, come into existence, show one's-self, make one's appearance, rise, arise—always an act., except in seuse of § 2 and existens in legal wr.; never merely exist or be—alius existet qui...impediat, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 5, 2; tria milia hominum in siluis disponit qui signo dato o latebris existenter, Liv. 25, 21, 3; spelunca infinita altitudine qua Ditem patrem ferunt repente cum eurru existitisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; submersus oquus uoraginibus non existitit, diu. 1, 73; his de causis ego huic causae patronus existiti, Rosc. Am. 5,—as patronus; so adiutor, fam. 1, 9, 11; hic uero laudator huius propositi existitit, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 4; quid exspectas, au dum ab inferis ipse Malleolus existat? Cic. Verr.

2, 1, 94; si existat ab inferis Lyeurgus, Liv. 39, 37, 3; poctam bouum neminem sine quodam afflatu quasi furoris existere posse, Cic. or. 2, 194; add 1, 6 and 8; Brut. 31 and 32; Balb. 47; uiuos existere uermes Stercoro de taetro, Lucr. 2, 871; ante brumam sata septimo die... existant, Varr. r. 1, 34, 1; Si non feundas uertentes uomere glebas...cimus...Spontic sua nequeant liquidas existere in auras, Lucr. 5, 212; qua induceretur aratrum sub existitibus glebis (as they were turned up) pisces emersisse, Liv. 42, 2, 5; ne quis tam dementis imperii cousciou existeret (should rise up as an accuser), Liv. 44, 10, 4; noem ab aede Iunonis ex arce extitisse, Cic. diu. 1, 101; si diu incertum sit heres exstaturus\* neene sit, Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 8; Vndique omnes uenti erumpunt, saeuu existunt turbines, Pac. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 24; uel globosos turbines Existere ictos undis concursantibus, Ael. ap. Cic. N. D. 2, 89; 2. stand out, project, est bos cerui figura cuius a media fronte inter aures unum cornu existit, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 1; Cyane...Gurgito quae medio summa tenus extitit aluo, Ov. M. 5, 413, cf. exsto; 3. w. abstract nom., ne ex eo odio ciuitatis motus existat, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 2; contro-uersia, 5, 28, 2; quaestio, Cic. am. 67; belli magnitudo, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 5, 1; bellum, Liv. 2, 32, 6; malum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 39; eloquentia, or. 2, 6; uarietates, off. 1, 107; auaritia, Rosc. Am. 75; utilitas, Tusc. 5, 72; delectatio, fam. 7, 1, 3; risus, or. 2, 235; musice, Quint. 1, 10, 10; studium, 2, 15, 37; errores, 5, 6, 34; ...condicione existente repeti non potest; quod autem sub incerta die debetur, die existente nou repetitur, Pompon. dig. 12, 6, 16; ea condicione quae omuimodo exstatura\* est, Ulp. ib. 18;

4. vb. impers., of inference, the result is, ex quo existit (so ms; al. existitit, but why?) illud, multa esse probabilia quae..., Cic. N. D. 1, 12; 5. esp. take a substantial form, prove itself by deed, si quando aliquod officium extitit auici in periculis adeundis, Cic. am. 24; si existitisset in rege fides, Rab. Post. 1; dictis captiuorum fides existitit, Liv. 10, 34 f.; 6. w. factitive adj. etc., show oneself, prove, turn out to be, sic insuli existitunt ut nihil aliud eorum nisi ipsa insulitas rideatur, Cic. or. 2, 217; timeo ne in eum existam crudelior, Att. 10, 11, 3; nemo consularis habitus nisi qui animo existitit in rem publicam consulari, fam. 10, 6, 3; ut plerumque in calamitate ex amicis inimici existunt, Caes. b. e. 3, 104, 1; quao post tempus nascuntur fere uitiosa atque inutilia existunt, Varr. r. 2, 7, 7; nec ultra octo annos matres seruandae sunt, quod assiduo partu fatigatae steriles existant, Colum. 7, 6, 8.

**ex-spātor**, (exp.) āri, vb. r. [spatium, racecourse] run out of the racecourse, bolt, met. of Phaethon's horses: Exspatiantur equi, nulloque inhiabente per auras Ignotae regionis eunt, Ov. M. 2, 202; Ne tamen oblitis ad metam (note this word) tendere longe Exspatiemur\* equis, 15, 453; 2. so far of horses, w. a bolder met., Exspatiata ruunt per apertos flumina campos, 1, 285; ignes...per pinguia...Pabula...exspatiantur (run wild) in auras, Sil. 17, 95; exspatiantia tecta (Romae) multas addidere nrbis, Plin. 3, 67; ranorum latissima exspatiantum umbra, 16, 124; 3. esp. of oratory, cf. \* above, add: nunquam haec...themata iuueuibus tractare permittamus ut exspatien-tur et gaudent materia? Quint. 2, 10, 5; finis non erit si exspatiari...uelim, 2, 17, 1; add 4, 3, 4; but in 11, 3, 84: brachium exspatiatur in latus et ipsa quodammodo se cuiu gestu confundit oratio, the arm itself beginning to talk.

**exta**, ōrum, adj. n. pl. as sb. [for ee-ista (a comp. adj.), and so like ex, ult. fm. ce prep. out], the viscera of the chest (as opposed to those of the abdomen; and as these are iustina, within, so the others exta without), the heart and lungs, exta homiui ab inferiore uiscerum parte separantur membrana quam praecordia appellant (Gr. φρονη, E. diaphragm, or midriff), Plin. 11, 197; 2. improperly of all the viscera, including liver etc. of the abdomen, thus Cic. diu. 2, 28 and 29 speaking of quae significari dicuntur extis in the art of the haruspex, says: cum rerum uatura...quid habere potest commune, uou dicam galli-



naceum fel—sunt enim qui uel argutissima haec exta esse dicant—sed tauri opimi iecur aut cor aut pulmo? Hippocrates tradit non prandentium celerius senescere exta, Plin. 28, 56; hence in Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 29; Quia ossa ac pellis totust, ita cura maeret. Quin exta inspicere in sole ei uiuo licet; exta serpentibus et lacertis longa, Plin. 28, 56; cum puerorum extis deos manes mactare soleas, Cic. Vat. 14;

3. in sacrificiis, after the gods and priests it seems had eaten the joints, the exta were given to the people, Iamne exta coeta sunt? Quot agnis fecerat? Illa quidem nullum sacrificauit, Pl. St. 1, 3, 96; conuiuas uolo Reperire nobis commodos, qui una sunt: Interibi attulerint exta, Poen. 3, 3, 3; 4. the exta, as the source of divination, Omnibus iu extis aibat portendi mihi Malum damnunq, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 18; Nimiae uoluptatist, quod in extis nostris portentumst soror, 5, 4, 35; si est in extis aliqua uis quae declaret futura, Cic. diu. 2, 29; per exta inuenta praesensio, top. 77; quod secundum trunca et turpia exta nimis laeta apparuissent, Liv. 27, 26 f.;

5. exta, as offering to gods, exta porriciunt, dis danto, Fab. Pict. ap. Maer. s. 3, 2, 3; exta deis cum dabant, porricere dicebant, Varr. r. 1, 29 f.; extaque salsos Porricit in fluctus, Verg. 5, 775; add G. 2, 194; secundum has preces exta uictimae in mare proiecit (al. porricit), Liv. 29, 27, 5; quod exta perperam dederat, flaminio abiit, 26, 23 f.; Ioui, Mart. 11, 57, 4; II 6. exta, ae, f. the same, extam uaccinam, tab. fr. Arv. 41, 19; extas porciliare, ib.; add 42, 12; 43, 22.

ex-templō, (older ex-tempulo\*) as adv. [est augurum sermo, templum enim dicitur locus manu auguris designatus in aere (prob. also in terra), post quem factum illico captantur auguria, Serv. ad A. 1, 92; in some cases he wd. have to consult his 'libri'; in others he might report ex templo; hence like illico, e-uestigio etc.] on the spot, immediately, Nemo ridet: sciuo extemplo rem de compacto geri, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 24; Eum ego adeo uno mendacio deuici: uno ictu extemplo\* Cepi ab eo spolia, Bac. 4, 9, 4; +60 other exx.; Extemplo edolau iussum, Enn. tr. 274 V; add Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26; ap. Varr. 1, 7, 13; Naev. ap. Gell. 2, 19, 6; Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 11; cur non dixti extemplo Pamphilo? Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 38; add Hec. 3, 3, 13; Acc. ap. Fest. v. mocnia; Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 9, 13, 4; quid fingat extemplo non habet, Cic. Rosc. com. 8; Deserit extemplō uenas, Lucr. 3, 123; Extemplo Libyae magnas it Fama per urbes, Verg. 4, 173; add 5, 426 and 746; 6, 210; extemplo aduocato concilio scelus in se fratris...ostendit, Liv. 1, 6, 1; add 1, 47, 9; 1, 48, 1 etc.; 2. quam extemplo, as soon as (cf. quamdiu, as long as), quam (so at least mss, including A) extemplo eius sauuis percussus est, Illico res foras labitur, liquitur, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 15; Quam (so mss) extemplo hoc erit factum...tu illico..., Mil. 4, 4, 40; 3. also quum extemplo (=quum primum), as soon as, Qum extemplo a portu(d) ire uos cum auro uident, Subducunt..., Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 70; Intra limen astate illic (so mss) ut quom extemp(u)lo uocem, Continuo exiliatis, Most. 4, 1, 16; add 2, 1, 18; Ps. 3, 2, 15; Merc. 2, 2, 24; Trin. 3, 2, 99; Amph. 3, 1, 5; Capt. 2, 3, 74; 4, 2, 5; 4.\* extempulo in Mil. 2, 5, 51; Aul. 1, 2, 15 etc.

extrā, (old extrad\*) prep. [perh. for extran, cf. extraneus,

περαν, Key's Language, p. 387] on the outside of, outside, without, Siluani lucus extra murumst auisus, Pl. Aul. 4, 6, 8; add 1, 1, 69; Mil. 2, 4, 16; neue extrad\* urbem sacra quisquam feciso uolet, CIL 196, 16; extra propiusue urbem Rom(am), 206, 50; sed me censen potuisse omnia Intellegere extra ostium? Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 36; et in corpore et extra esso quaedam bona, Cic. fin. 2, 68; add leg. 2, 58; Tusc. 5, 13; hi sunt extra prouinciam trans Rhodanum primi, Caes. b. g. 1, 10 f.; Altriciis extra limen Apuliae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 10; 2. w. motion to the outside, Nam ego declinani paulum me(d) oxtā niam, Pl. Anl. 4, 8, 11; add Capt. 3, 5, 77; Ps. 1, 3, 97; Interdico no extulisse extra aedis puerum usquam uclis, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 48; Quid sic te extra aedis exanimata eliminas? Enn. ap. Non. p. 39; procedit extra munitiones, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 4; add 6, 7, 1; Antiocho...prope extra orbem terrae... exacto, Liv. 38, 8, 4; and met. certos mihi fines terminosque constituam e. quos egredi non possim, Cic. Quint. 35; 3. met. extra coniurationem hunc esse, Cic. Sul. 39; add Cat. 1, 13; ut extra ruinam sint eam quo impendat, Att. 11, 24, 2; e. causam est, Caecin. 94; e. hanc contentionem, Caecil. 37; c. iocum, fam. 7, 16, 2; 4. of moral ideas, clear of, free from, dominam esse extra noxiam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 57; add Hec. 2, 3, 3; e. culpam, Cic. Verr. 5, 134; rem publicam non e. noxam modo, sed etiam e. famam noxae conseruandam esse, Liv. 34, 61, 9; ingenium magis extra uitia quam cum uirtutibus, Tac. h. 1, 49; and in phrases such as extra numerum, modum, ordinem; 5. except, Quemque... uideritis hominem in nostris tegulis, Extra unum Palaestronem, hne deturbatote in uiam, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 6; e. te unam, 4, 6, 17; e. unum te, Amph. 2, 2, 203; c. unam aniculum, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 48; extra duces paucosque praeterea... reliqui rapaces, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 2; Optumam progeniem Priamo peperisti extra me: hoc dolet, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 66; ipsos liberosque eorum et coniuges uendendas extra filias quae enupsissent, Liv. 26, 34, 3; add 8, 32, 8; 6. a noun w. intra or in preceding, om. w. extra, aut intra muros aut extra, Enn. ap. Prisc. 725 P; 1, 281, 9 K; Iliacos intra muros peccatur et extra, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 16; aut in animis aut in corporibus aut extra esse possunt, Cic. part. or. 38; et in corpore et extra esse quaedam bona, fin. 2, 68; 7. as adv. ea quae extra erunt contemplans, Cic. rep. 6, 28; add N. D. 2, 147; cum extra et intus hostem habent, Caes. b. c. 3, 70, 4; utiles (aluos) fimo bubulo oblinunt intus et extra, Varr. r. 3, 16, 16; 8. w. vbs. of motion, ut nulla pars excederet extra, Cic. Tim. 5; nihil talo extra fertur, Cels. 7, 27; extra fulgorem spargunt, Plin. 37, 117; 9. even for extrinsecus, from without, proprium sit an extra recessitum, Quint. 5, 13, 4 (who in 8, 3, 30 has extrinsecus recesset); less violent, extra petita, 5, 11, 44; cf. extra rem petita, 4, 2, 89; 10. w. quam before si, extra makes a conjunction, except in or beyond the case that, extrad\* quam sei quid ibei sacri est, CIL 196, 28; e. q. s. quid in satnam feretur, 198, 72; e. q. s. ita negotium gestum est ut eo stari non oporteat ex fide bona, edict of Q. Mucius ap. Cic. Att. 6, 1, 15; add inu. 1, 56; Liv. 38, 38, 9; 39, 18, 7; Ulp. dig. 43, 12, 1, 16; and beyond legal sphere, Cic. rep. 1, 10; inu. 2, 172; 11. w. slight change, extra quam (quam si?) in reum capitis praeiudicium fiat, Cic. inn. 2, 59; extra quam qui eorum... apud hostes essent, Liv. 26, 34, 6.

## F.

**F**, sixth letter of the Latin alphabet, agreeing in place and form with Gr. *F* and Hebrew *vau*; in sound prob. = our *f*, *F* dentes labrum inferius deprimentes, auct. anon. de litteris, Keil snpp. 307, 25; but not the Gr. *φ*, for Cic., in his p. Fundanio, (Graecum) testem qui primum eius literam dicere non posset, irridet says Quint. 1, 4, 14; so Prisc. 17 P; 1, 12, 1 K: non fixis labris est pronuntianda *f* quomodo *pl*; **2.** yet often corresponds to a Gr. *φ*, as in *fagus φηγος*; *fama φημη*; *fero φερω*; *fallo φαλλω*; *fungo σφιγγω*; *fungus σφογγος*; *fulgeo φλεγω*; *fuga φυγη*; *fur φωρ*; *fundā σφενδονη*; **3.** *f* and *h* interchanged in Latin, and so the *h* often dropped, *ircus* quod *Sabini fireus*: quod illic *fedus* in *Latio ruro edus*, qui in *urbe* ut in *multis* a *addito aedns*, Varr. r. 5, 19; yet more commonly *hircus*, *haedus*; *nonnulli harenam* cum *aspiratione dicendam existimauerunt*...A *Sabinis farena dicitur*, Vel. L. 2230 P; *fordeum faedosome dicebant*, Quint. 1, 4, 14; **4.** so *f* corresponds at times to Gr. *χ*, *frenum* pl. *freni* or *frena* to *χαλιως* pl. *χαλινοι χαλινα*; *fel cholη*; *funis σχουινος*; **5.** to Gr. *θ*, *fumus θυμος θυμιασ*; *fera θηρ*; *feruo formus θερω θερμος*; *rufus ερυθρος*; *fortis θρασος*; *fora* (*foras foris*) *θυρα*; *filia θυγατηρ* (see *filius*); cf. Russian *Teodor*=*Theodore*, and the letter *Ө* Russian symbol for *f*; **6.** to Gr. digamma before *r*, *frango φρηγνυμι*; *fragum φραξ φραγος*; *frigeo φριγεω*; **7.** to Gr. *β*, *fremo βρεμω*; *fascino βασκαινω*; **8.** this change is seen in Latin, as *rufus ruber*; *af ab*; **9.** to Gr. *π*, *fundus* (also *podex*) *πυνδαξ*; *fido πειθωμαι*; **110.** Lat. *f* by Rask's law becomes *b* in Teutonic lang., as *fero* bear; *frater* brother; *frango* break; *filix* brake; *fu* of *fui* etc. *be*; *fera* bear; *feru-o* brew; *fod-io* foro bore; *fel* bile; *fiber* beaver; *floreo* blossom; *flo* blow; *folles* bellows; *folium* blade; *fruer* brook; **111.** changes in Romance lang. as to *h* in Span. *faba haba*; *fabulari* hablar; *facere* hacer; *femina* hembra; *ferire* herir; *ferrum* hierro; *findere* hender; *filius* hijo; *filum* hilo; *folium* hoja; *forma* horma; *fugere* huir; *fumus* humo; *furca* horca; *furnus* horno; *S. Faecundus* Sahagun; note that *f* occurs in no root-syl. of Basque; **12.** in Ital. at times to *b*, *floccus* (or rather a later *flocculus*) *broccolo*; *forfices* *forbici*; **13.** so in Sp. *africus* *abrego*, *trifolium* *trebol*; **IV 14.** Latin abbrev., *F*=*fastus dies*, as in *Fasti Maffei* p. 304 of CIL at Ian. 1, A. K. Ian. f., Ian. 5, E. Non. f., Ian. 29, E. F., Feb. 21 etc.; **15.** =*fecit*, *fecerunt*, *Damocra*...Cotta L. S. hoc opus f., CIL 1123; add 464, 1725; D. M. Valeria...D. Iulius...f., inser. Or. 6877; add 4646; cf. *fecit* in full 4451, 4453, 6876; **16.** =*filius*, L. Cornelio L. f. Scipio, CIL 31; add 34—39; **17.** =*fidelis* as title of a legion, leg. II...VI P VI F (sexturn pia sextum fidelis) constans; inser. Or. 4985, add 3049; **18.** =*felix*, *felicissimus*, Leg. VI ferr(atae) f(elicis) c(onstantis), 941; imp. L. SeptimI Seueri...f(elicissimi) f(ortissimi) p(atris) p(atriciae), 926; **19.** =*felicitas*, col. F. I(ulia) A(ugusta) P(ia) Barcin(o), 5127; **20.** =*fabri* etc., *praefec(to) f(abrum) C. Iul(io) Crescente*, 3953; *coll(egio) f(abrum)*, 4089; **21.** =*functus*, omnibus honoribus in c(olonia) Ost(i-ensi) f., 2178; **22.** =*fratres*, (ex consen)su f(ratrum), 6053; **23.** =*fundus*, *colono f(undi) Tironiani* quem coluit, 7223; **24.** =*Flavius*, *Flauia*, as title of a legion, leg. III F(lauia) f(idelis) or *felicis*, 3049; add 3455; **25.** =*forum f(oro) u(eico) c(onciliabulo)*, CIL 205, 2, 3; *f. Cl(audii) V(allensium)*, inser. Or. 224; cf. fuller form *f. Cl. Val. 223, 227*; *for. Cl. Val.*, 125; also for. Cor.=*f. Corneli*, 4406; **26.** =*fortuna*, *Praenestini F(ortunae) p(rimigeniae) d. d.*, CIL 1129; add 1130; *pro salute Caesaris*... *f. p(rimigeniae) Pr(aenestinae) thesis*, inser. Or. 1759; **27.** =*frons* etc., esp. on tombstones,

=*fronte* or *frontem*, *emit sibi iu f. p. xiv* in *ag(rum) p. XIII*, CIL 1429; in *fr. pe. xii* in *agr. pe. xvi*, 1024; **28.** =*fuuus*, *f. l(oco) p(ublico) ornamentaque Augusta-* *latis decreuit*, inser. Or. 7095; *cf. fun. publico decreto 3744*; *φ (f reversed)*=*filia*, *Obellia L. φ hic sita est*, 6208; *Aufidia C. φ. Tertulla*, 2699; **29.** *f. c. faciundum curauit* etc., *d(e) d(eurionum) s(ententia) f. c.*, CIL 1216, add 1165; *cf. the fuller: (de) p(ag(i) sen. fac. coor.*, 802; **30.** *f. d.*=*frumento dando*, L. *Ragonio*...*praef(ecto) f. d.*, inser. Or. 6492; *cf. fuller form*, L. *Ragonio*...*praef. frum. dand.*, 2377; *Sex. Tadius*...*praef. fr. d.*, 3658; **31.** *f. i.*=*fieri iussit*, *ex codicil. f. i.*, 486; **32.** *fi, fg*=*figulina*, *op(us) dol(iare)*...*ex fi.* *Sex. Apr(i) Siluani*, 4887; add 4884, 5; 856 *b*; **33.** *Fab*=*Fabia tribu*, Q. *Largennius Q. f. Fab. Sagitta*, 66; (C.) *Iul(io) C. f. Fab. Camillo*, 363; **34.** *fer. Lat.*=*feriae Latinae*, M. *Antonii*...*praef. fer. Lat.*, 890; **35.** *fid.*=*fidicines*, *Clito dec. coll. fid.*, 6098; *cf. collegio tibicinum Romanorum*, 2448; **36.** *fin*=*fines*, *ex s. c. fin. pomer. termin.*, Or. inser. 1; *fin. coll. Hispell.*, 92; **37.** *fl. flam.*=*flamen*, *Fundan(i) Primi fl. p(erpetui)*, inser. Or. 2548; Q. *Cornelio*...*flam. diuor(um)*, 169; **38.** *ford.*=*fordicidia*, *fasti Maff. at Apr. 15, A. ford. N ludi*; add *fast. Praen.*; **39.** *Fort.*=*fortuna*, *Fort. horr(eorum) d. d.*, 4881; **40.** *frum.* and *fr. fru.*=*frumentum*, *frumentarius*, *Aut. Ang. lib(eralitas)*... *fru. n(umero) LXI*, 3360; *fr. publ. diu.*, 3365; *d. m. L. Aemil(i) Flacci fr(umentarii) leg. xx.*...*T. Sempronius*...*frum(entarius) leg. eiusdem*, 3491; add 3492, 3513; **41.** *fr.*=*fretensis*, *ex leg(ione) x fr. Ant(onia)*, 2129.

**fāba**, ae, *f.* broad-bean or bean, *Repperi*. *Quid repperisti? Non quod pueri clamitant In fāba se repperisse* (sc. a weevil), *Pl. Aul. 5, 6, 11*; *fabam in locis ualidis serito*, *Cato r. 35, 1*; *Perque (over) fābam repunt*, *Enn. ap. Serv. ad G. 3, 76*; *seruntur fabae modii iiii iu iugero*, *Varr. r. 1, 44*; *fabā fresa*, *Colum. 6, 24, 5*; *silente luna fabam uellito*, *2, 10, 12*; *durissimae acus separatae erunt a cudentibus † (the threshers); minutae quae de siliquis cum faba resederint*... *2, 10, 14*; add *Pallad. Nov. 1* and *2*; **2.** *pollutiou* for the *flamen Dialis*, *fabam neque tangere Diali mos est neque nominare*, *Fab. P. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 12*; add *Varr. ap. Plin. 18, 118*; **3.** not eaten (?) by *Pythagoreans*, *Pythagoreis interdictum ne faba uescerentur*, *Cic. diu. 1, 62*; *Pythagorica sententia damuata*, *Plin. 18, 118*; *O quādo fābā Pythagorae cognata*... *Hor. s. 2, 6, 63*;

**4.** yet: *nullo saepius legumento Pythagoram usum quam fabis*, says *Gell. 4, 11*, 4 on authority of *Aristotenus*; **5.** beans as a charm against ghosts, in *sacris fabam iactant noctu ac dicunt se lemurius (lemures?) domo extra ianuam cieere*, *Varr. ap. Non. 135, 18*; *nigras accipit ore fabas, Auersusque iacit: sed dum iacit Haec ego mitto, His inquit redimo ineqe meosque fabis*, *Ov. F. 5, 436*; **6.** note use as collective above, except in *Ov.* and *Gell.*;

**7.** *fabā Graeca*, the *lotos*, or *Celtis australis* of *Linn.*, says *Henfrey*, *Plin. 16, 123*; *24, 6*; **8.** *met.* of grains in an ear of wheat, *seapus unus centum fabis onustus*, *Plin. 18, 95*; **9.** a pellet of goat's dung, in *fabis caprini fimi*, *Plin. 19, 185*; **10.** proverbs: *at enim istaec in me cudetur faba—those beans will be threshed (see † above) on my poor back—*, *Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 90*; *tam perit quam extrema faba*, as *trampled down*, or *plucked by passers by*, *Fest. v. tam*, p. 363 M; **11.** *Fr. fève*.

**fābāc-ius**, or **-ens**, *adj.* [*fabac-* or *fabag-*, older form of *fabā*], of beans, *pulte fabacia*, *Macr. s. 1, 12, 33*; and *perh. Plin. 18, 118*; *calamos fabaceae messis*, *Pall. Nov. 1, 2*.

**fābāg-inus**, *adj.* [*id.*] of beans, *acus fabaginum*, *Cato r. 54, 2*.



**fābrīcor**, āri, vb. r. [faber sb.] lit. make oneself a carpenter or smith,—hence build, forge, manufacture, construct, make, with acc., heu Mulciber arma ignauo inuicta es fabricatus manu, Att. 559 R; Capitolii fastigium illud non uenustas sed necessitas ipsa fabricata est, Cic. or. 3, 180; Ioui fulmen fabricatus esse Cyclopas, diu. 2, 43; qui fabricatus gladium est, Rab. post. 7—referred to by Quint. 9, 3, 6; qui signa fabricantur, off. 1, 147; add acad. pr. 2, 30 and 38; diu. 1, 4; or. 3, 178; pontes et scalas fabricati, Tac. an. 4, 51; naues fabricatur, 14, 29; 2. met. fabricemur si opus erit uerba, Cic. acad. pr. 17; prandium, Apul. M. 7, 11; 3. esp. of the mind, manufacture, iuent, Fābrīcare quiduis, quiduis comminiscere, Pl. As. 1, 1, 89; Compara fābrīcare finge quod lubet, conglutina, Bac. 4, 4, 42; add Cas. 2, 8, 52; Tu Castalia cogita, tu finge fābrīcare ut lubet, Afran. 169 R; II 4. fabrico, are, of same meaning, armis quae post fabricauerat usus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 102; Crateram...fābrīcāuerūt Alcon, Ov. M. 13, 683; nec...Fābrīcasset Argus opere Palladio ratem, Phaedr. 4, 7, 9; fabricauit deceres Liburnicas, Suet. Cal. 37; 5. met. (philosophia) animum format et fabricat, Sen. ep. 16, 3; Aetherusque Platon et qui fabricauerat illum (sc. Socrates), Manil. 1, 772; Ne fabricate moras, Sil. 16, 671; 6. fabricor as a pass., scenis ad ostentationem fabricatis, Sal. ap. Maer. s. 3, 13; speciosissima classe fabricata, Vell. 2, 79, 2; non fabricetur militi gladius, Quint. 2, 16, 6; add 3, 2, 2; dum uerba fabricetur, 10, 7, 2; in Cic. Tim. 6 mss have globosus fabricatus; but Orell. and Baier by cj. globosum (sc. mundum); 7. heuce as a gerundive, ut caelandum non ex integro fabricandum sit (opus), Quint. 10, 3, 18.

**fābūlor**, āri, vb. r. as recipr. [fabula sb.] talk with one another, chat together, Quid hoc negotist quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias, Mihi esse inuentam filiam? Pl. Cist. 5, 1, 1; Satis si intellegitis, aliud est quod potius fabulemur, Mil. 3, 3, 4; add Poen. 3, 4, 8; Rud. 2, 3, 8; 5, 2, 24; As. 3, 3, 50 and 52; inter sese, Epid. 2, 2, 53; summisssim fabulantes, Suet. Aug. 74; in uestibulo fabulantes, Gell. 19, 13, 1; 2. or sing. w. cum, quae uobiscum fabuler\* (so B), Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 33; necum, Merc. 5, 2, 31; cum ea, Ps. 1, 1, 60; quae cum hoc iusano fabuler\* (so A), 2, 4, 18; ut cum furcifero fabuler, Rud. 3, 4, 12; cum loue, Suet. Calig. 22; cum quo, Dom. 4; 3. gen., talk, commode Fabulata es, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 26; add Truc. 1, 2, 80; Amph. 1, 1, 46; Rud. 4, 4, 69; noli fabularier, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 36; nt aperte tibi nunc fabuler, Ph. 4, 3, 49; Obsce et Volsee fabulantur, Titin. ap. Fest. p. 189 M; An quia 'pol edepol' fabulare? ap. Char. p. 178 P, 198, 21 K; De uita ac morte domini fabulabere aduersum fratrem illius? Afran. ap. Nou. p. 232; 4. talk idly, chatter, decreta potius quam quid Ser. Galba fabularetur, audisti, Liv. 45, 39, 15; 5. a simple vb. fabulo seems not to exist, see \* above, where only inferior mss fabulem.

**fāc-esso**, ōre, (tui? or) i\*, itum + vb. frq. [older form of facio; cf. accessio] do, execute, perform, facessere est facere, Non. 306; 2. esp. what is ordered, ego opinor rem facesso, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 17; Haec ecfatus (mss et fatus); ibi latrones dicta facessunt, Enn. an. 60 V; potin ut dicta (so Non. but?) facessas, Afr. ap. Non. 306; Imperio lacti parent ac iussa facessunt, Verg. 4, 295; matris praecepta facessit, G. 4, 548; 3. cause, occasion, give, cum audissent ei negotium facessitum +, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 142; si cui forte hac lege negotium facessetur +, Clu. 158; add fam. 3, 10, 1; meture incipies ne innocenti periculum facesseres\*, Caccil. 45; qui nulli umquam periculum facessisset\*, Tac. h. 4, 43; 4. put away, lay aside, drop, Dictum facessas doctum (mss datum agst. met.) et discaueas malo, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 24; 5. hence intr. (me te se und.) take oneself off, go away, si quidem Sis pudicus hinc facessas, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 18; ut...aedibus facessat, Titin. 52 R; ut...Haec hinc facessat, tu molestus ne sies, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 30; domius est, puer; facesse hinc, Afr. 203 R; Facessite omnes hinc parumper, tu mane, 326 R; add 343; ab omni societate

rei publicae paulisper facessant rogemus, Cic. leg. 1, 39; facessant omnes qui docere nihil possunt quo melius uiuamus, Hort. fragm. ap. Non. 307; facessere iussa ex tanto tumultu, Liv. 1, 48, 6; urbe finibusque, 4, 58, 7; ex urbe ab ore atque oculis populi Romani, 6, 17 f.; cum dicto facesso et cubiculum meum contendo, Apul. M. 2, 15; add 2, 24; cubitum facessit, 6, 11; clausis foribus facessunt, 10, 20; ocuis urbe facesse, Sil. 11, 107; 6. note the passive marked †.

**fācies**, ēi, f. [facio] make, form, shape, qua facie sunt (sc. crepundia)? Responde ex ordine. Ensiculat aureolus primum literatus..., Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 111; add v. 105; quando facies sit forma omnis et modus et factura quaedam totius corporis; and soon: non solum in hominum corporibus sed etiam in rerum cuiusque modi aliarum facies dicitur, Gell. 13, 30 (29), 2 and 4; Sardiua facie uestigii humani, Sal. ap. Gell. 13, 29, 5; in faciem montis, Verg. G. 4, 361; Verte omnis tete in facies, A. 12, 891; pugnae, Tib. 4, 1, 100; longa quibus facies ouis erit, Hor. s. 2, 4, 12; praetorium in ruinam collapsum ad nouam faciem restitutum, inser. Or. 3297; arboris, Plin. 12, 51; ossa eimerem? eius contusa in faciem pulueris, Gell. 10, 18, 3; uehiculi, 15, 30, 3; 2. met., Ad istam faciem est morbus qui me macerat, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 73; senatus faciem secum attulerat, he represented in his person the senate, Cic. Phil. 8, 23; but in Flac. 53 speciem, not faciem; quae scelerum facies, Verg. 6, 560; Mille simul leti facies, Sil. 4, 593; caesarum, Quint. 2, 4, 28; discriminis, 12, 6, 4; eloquentiae, 12, 10, 69; 3. as the eyes take cognizance of form, hence may be transl. by sight, appearance, phase, face, antequam Vesuuius faciem loci uerteret, Tac. an. 4, 67; memoranda facies, Plin. pan. 35, 1; decora f., 56, 5; foeda f., 82, 8; 4. hence of (false) appearance, esp. primā facie, at first sight, view, cum prima facie quidem alienam re uera autem suam obligationem suscipiat, Gai. dig. 16, 1, 13; interdum euenit ut exceptio quae p. f. iusta uideatur, inique noceat actori, Gai. 4, 126; intendebat formidinem quod publici consilii facie discessum Mutina (foret), Tac. h. 2, 854;

II 5. as applied to man, gen. make, build, form, figure, Qua faciest homo? Sesquipedē quidamst quam tu longior, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; Qua facie noster Saureast?...Macilentis malis rufulus aliquantum uentriosus Truculentis oculis commoda statura tristi fronte, As. 2, 3, 19; add Ps. 4, 7, 119; Capt. 3, 4, 113; facie procerā uirum, Pac. 254 R; miror audere...statuas deorum, exempla earum (so mss, al. eorum) facierum domi pro supellectile habere, Cato ap. Prisc. 782 P, 1, 368, 2 K; 6. esp. the face, as most exposed to view and most interesting (cf. Fr. figure from figura, E. features from factura), non quaeritur (sc. oratori) celeritas uerborum, non ea quae nobis non possumus fingere, facies, uoltus, sonus, Cic. or. 1, 127; uelim mihi dicas L. Turselius qua facie fuerit qua statura, Phil. 2, 41; prorsus in facie uoltuque uecordia inerat, Sal. Cat. 15 f.; Cura dabit faciem (one of beauty), facies neglecta peribit, Ov. a. a. 3, 105; Vretur facies, urentur sole capilli, Tib. 1, 9, 15; add 1, 5, 43; facies homini tantum, ceteris os aut rostra, Plin. 11, 138; iam in facie uoltuque nostro cum sint decem membra, nullas duas in tot milibus hominum indiscretas effliges existere, 7, 8; facies quanquam ex paucissimis constat, infinitam habet differentiam, Quint. 11, 3, 18; f. cicatricosa, 4, 1, 61; perfricui faciem (to make it shame-proof) nec tamen profeci, Plin. 1, 4, 30 Quint. 11, 3, 160; cubat in faciem, Iuv. 3, 280; ut usendam praerberet faciem; and soon: facies rubida ex uinolentia, Suet. Vit. 17; ante faciem obtento sudario, and soon: defecta facie agnitus est, Ner. 48; 7. nay this became the chief use of f., quidam faciem esse hominis putant os tantum et oculos et geuas quod Graeci προσωπον dicunt, Gell. 13, 30 (29), 2; 8. facies as an old gen., Gell. 9, 14, 2; facierum in Cato above, but no dat. or abl. pl.

**fācinus**, ōris, n. [implies a vb. fāc-in- from fac- of facio; cf. temno cerno po(s)no, λαμβανω and E. op-en, reck-on]

doing, deed, act,—heuce gen. a deed of note, Nescis tu fortasse apud nos facinus quod natumst nouom, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 10; Nisi mirumst facinus quo modo haec hinc huc transire potuit, 2, 4, 24; add Amph. 2, 2, 214; Non fit sino periclo facinus magnum nec memorabile, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 73; **2.** esp. in a good sense, a great deed, a feat, Mira memoras, nimis formidolosum facinus praedicat, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 65; Nam duplex feci hodie facinus (so Herm., mss facinus feci) duplicibus spoliis sum adfectus, Bac. 4, 4, 2 (661); Atridae duo fratres clementer fecisse facinus maximum, Quum Priami patriam...subegerunt, 4, 9, 1; add Ps. 1, 5, 97; Perii, is mi nbi adhibit plus paulo, sua quae narrat facinora! Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 8; id facinus pulcherrimum esse arbitraret, Cic. Rab. perd. 19; qui iudicauerit hostem Dolabellam ob rectissimum facinus, Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 36; quasi facinus praeclarissimum fecisset, ad Her. 4, 55; ingeni egregia facinora, Sal. Iug. 2, 2; praeclari facinoris, Cat. 2, 9; add Iug. 79, 1; raro ca tempestate facinore, Tac. an. 3, 21; f. pulcherrimum, Apul. M. 6, 27 f.; **3.** often a bad deed, a great crime, sic me insimulare falso facinus tam malum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 215; Ego illis captiuus aliis documentum dabo ne tale quisquam facinus incipero audeat, Capt. 3, 5, 95; add Mil. 2, 6, 18; As. 2, 2, 47; Curc. 1, 1, 24; O indignum facinus! Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 25; add Ph. 3, 2, 26; tuum nefarium facinus peiore facinore operire postulas, Cato orat. 39, 12 Iord.; ait indignum facinus esse quod..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; ob infida multa facinora, Liv. 21, 52, 7; **4.** absol. a bad deed, a great crime, facinus est uincire ciuem Romanum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 170; uide ne facinus facias cum mori suadeas, fin. 2, 95; deae uindictae facinorum et sceleris, N. D. 3, 47; quantum in se facinus admisissent intellegebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 3; omnium flagitiorum atque facinorum circum se cateruas habebat, Sal. Cat. 14, 1; nihil ibi facinoris nihil flagitii praetermissum, Liv. 39, 13, 10; Nec tamen est facinus uersus euolucere molles, Ov. tr. 2, 307; add 2, 1, 98; 4, 4, 44.

**factic-ius**, adj. of the class facta, artificial, not native, bina genera (ledani) terrenum et facticium, Plin. 12, 75; facticii (salis) uaria genera, 31, 81—opposed to natui salis, 77—; color, 91; f. nomen, a proprietate sonorum per imitationem factum, mimetic, Prisc. 581 P, 1, 61, 26 K; **2.** for qty and form see suppositicius.

**falcarius**, adj. [falx] as sb. m. a sickle or scythe-maker, hence interfalcarios, a street in Rome, dico te nenisse interfalcarios in M. Laecae domum, Cic. Cat. 8; inter-falcarios ad M. Laecam...conuenit, Sul. 52; **2.** so interlignarios, another street in Rome, Liv. 35, 41 f.

**fām-ēs** (rarely is\*) is, f. hunger, starvation, Adhaesit homini ad infimum (so H) uentrem fames, Pl. St. 1, 3, 82; Consenui paene, sum fāmē demortuos, 1, 3, 63; (Nunc) ego puernum interea ancillae subdam la(e)tautem meae Ne fāmē perbitat, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 153, 26; Adeon rem redi(isse) ut periculum etiam a fāmē mihi sit Syre, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 27; cum cibo et potioe fames sitisque depulsa est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; quos fame uinculisque excruciauerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 9; algor cas et famis\* macescere cogit, Varr. r. 2, 5, 15; illē fāmē rabida tria guttura pandens, Verg. 6, 421; primis diebus (after a fractura) fames—very low diet—, Cels. 8, 10, 7;

**2.** met., Auri sacrā fāmēs, Verg. 3, 57; add Plin. 33, 48; Crescentem sequitur cura pecuniam Maiorumque fames, Hor. od. 3, 16, 18; argenti sitis importuna famesque, ep. 1, 18, 23; **3.** personified, Famem ego fuisse suspicor matrem mihi, Pl. St. 1, 3, 1; add 1, 3, 15; Frigus iners illic habitat Pallorque Tremorque, Et ieiuna Fames, Ov. M. 8, 791; add 799; spoliataque suos Fāmēs\* impia natos, Prud. Psych. 479; **4.** fami au old gen.; for famēi, as if of e decl., pneri atque mulieres extrudebantur fami causa, Cato ap. Gell. 9, 14, 10; rugosum atque fami plenum, Lucil. ib. 11; **5.** fr. fam; Sp. hambre pami to a late Lat. famina, E. hung-er, akin; and perh. ε-φαγ-ον.

**fasc-ia** (or -ca\*) ae, f. [like fasc-is implies a vb. fasc-o from a prim. fas-o, bind, whence fastus fixed, manu-festus

taken in the act of crime; cf. S. pas biud; Germ. fass-en fix, E. fast] a bandage, Puero opust cibo...Fasciis opust, puluimnis cunis iucunabilis, Pl. Truc. 5, 6, 13; rusceas fascias (of a woman's dress), Cato ap. Fest. 262; deuinctus erat fasciis (of an invalid), Cic. Brut. 217; unas sole siccatas iuuci fasciis inuoluit, Plin. 15, 66; **2.** esp. used as leggings, etenim mihi caligae cius (Pompey) et fasciae cretatae non placebant, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 1; fasciis quibus in calciatu utebatur, Plin. 8, 221; fasciae cruales pedulesque, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 4; cui (Pompey) candida fascia crus alligatum habenti Fauonius: Non refert inquit qua in parte sit corporis diadema, Val. M. 6, 2, 7; fascias quibus crura nesciuntur...sola excusare potest ualetudo, Quint. 11, 3, 144; add Phaedr. 5, 7, 36; **3.** as worn on the bosom, Angustum circa fascia pectus eat, Ov. a. a. 3, 274; Mollis et hirsutum cepit mihi (Hercules as a woman) fascia pectus, Prop. 4, 9, 49; add Mart. 14, 134; Sen. fr. 83; **4.** as a diadem, uidet illum Scythiae regem insigni capitis decorum?...Fasciam solue: multum mali sub illa latet, Sen. ep. 80 f.; quum...quidam statuae eius coronam lauream candida fascia praeligatum imposuisset—and soon: Caesarem se, non regem responderit, Suet. Caes. 79; see also Val. M. above; **5.** part of bed-coverings, ex fascea\*, Cic. diu. 2, 134; Mart. 5, 62, 6; 14, 159; **6.** of door-panelling, in quibus Libyssa citrus fasciis cingit fores, Varr. ap. Non. 86, 9 and 451, 19; **7.** a ribbon-formed ornament in archit., Vitruv. 3, 5, 10 and 11; **8.** of the five zones in the heavens, Mart. Cap. 6, 196; **9.** of a cloud so shaped, nil fascia nigra minatur, Iuv. 14, 294.

**fasciātim**, adv. [fascia]=per fascias or per fasces, says Char. 166 P, 184, 32 K; add Quint. 1, 4, 20.

**fasciculāria**, adj. n. pl. as sb. [fasciculus] the contents of a (soldier's) bundle, Verg. mil. 2, 19 f.

**fasciculus**, i, m. dim. [fascis] a little packet or bundle, epistolatum, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 4; fasciculum ad nares admouebis (of scents or flowers), Tusc. 3, 43; Fasciculum portas librorum, Hor. ep. 1, 13, 12; fabae, Colum. 2, 10, 14; foeniculi, 12, 19, 4; (lini), Plin. 19, 16.

**fasci-gēr**, era, erum, adj. fasces-carrying, honorem, Paul. Non. 321.

**fascina**, ae, f. a bundle (of wood), de ninea et arboribus putatis sarmenta degere et fascinam (so edd. cj., mss fascinam) face, Cato r. 37 f.; cf. Fr. fasciue.

**fascinābellum**, i, n. dim. ef.

**fascinābūlum**, fascinum, -būlum, -bellum, Tir. p. 182.

**fascinātor**, m. fasciator, βασκανος, Vet. Gloss.

**fascinātōr-ius**, adj. lingua, bewitching (for evil), Serv. ad B. 7, 28.

**fascino**, āre, vb. [fascinum] bewitch (for evil), basia... Quae nec peruomerare curiosi Possint, nec mala fascinare lingua, Catul. 7, 12; Nescio quis teneros oculus mihi fascinat agnos, Verg. B. 3, 103; contra fascinantis, Plin. 13, 40; fascinatam animal triste est, Verg. 5, 73, 1.

**fascinōsus**, adj. [id.] fascino beno armatus, poeta fascinosior, Priap. 80, 4, 79.

**fascinus\***, or -um† adj. as sb. [basκανος evil-speaking, bewitching] a means of bewitching, Cloatius Verus in libris quos inscripsit ueborum a Graecis tractorum...fascinum appellat quasi bascauum, et fascinare esse quasi bascinare, Gell. 16, 22, 1—4; nullo fascino felicitas publica mordeatur, Symm. ep. 1, 7 (13); **2.** the phallus, as a countercharm, and so object of worship, thus: pueris turpicala res in collo suspenditur, ne quid obsit, Varr. l. 7, 5; horto et foro contra inuidentium effascinationes dicari...satyrica signa, Plin. 19, 50; Non me uocabis spurca per Cotytia ad feriatis fascinos\*, Verg. catal. 5, 20; religione tutatur et fascinus\*...qui deus a Vestalibus colitur, Plin. 28, 39; add Arnob. 5, 28 and 39;

**3.** gen. IIor. epod. 8, 18†; Petron. 138.

**fascio**, āre, vb. [fascia sb.] bandage, Nec fasciato naufragus loquax truceo, Mart. 12, 57, 12; cum esset senex incuruareturque tiliaciis tabulis...fasciabat ut rectus incederet, Capitol. Anton. P. 13, 1; Vulg. Ezech. 30, 21.

**fasciōla**, (-ōla\*) ae, f. dim. [fascia] a small band or ribbon, Cic. har. r. 4†; Varr. r. 5, 29; Hor. s. 2, 3,



255; Vopise. Aurel. 4, 16\*; russea fasceola\*...sub ipsas papillas succinctula, Apul. M. 2, 7.

**fasciolus**, i, m. or -um, i, n. the same, Veg. uet. 3, 57, 1.

**fascis**, is, m. [impl. a vb. fasc-o fm. a simpler vb. fas-o = S. pas bind, G. fass-en etc.] a bundle, Cautantes ut eamus ego hoc te fascio leuabo, Verg. B. 9, 65; lūsto sub fascio uiam enim carpit (soldier), G. 3, 347; animau sub fascio dedere (bees), 4, 204; stramentorum ac uirgultorum, b. g. 8, 15, 5; lignorum, Tac. an. 13, 35; and met. nerebamur ne latera deficerent si tot crimina uno uelut fascio complecteremur, Plu. ep. 9, 3, 9; **2.** in plur. tho fasces or bundle of rods carried by a lictor before a magistrate who had the right of flogging, At unum a praetura tua abest Epidice. Quidnam? Scies: Lictores duo ulmei (so edd., mss uiminei) fascies uirgarum. Vae tibi, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 28; ut sibi (Tullo Hostilio) duodecim lictores cum fascibus anteire liceret, Cic. rep. 2, 31; add agr. 2, 93; quaeret quamobrem fasces praetoribus praeferauer, Verr. 2, 5, 22; proiectis fascibus et deposito imperio, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 9; add 3, 106, 4; cum fascibus atque aliis imperii insignibus, Sal. Cat. 36, 1; **3.** demittere or subm. fasces, to lower the f. out of respect to a higher authority, tum demissi populo f., Cic. rep. 1, 62; add 2, 53; summis fascibus in contione esecudit, Liv. 2, 7, 7; add Val. M. 4, 1, 1; so by way of compliment, Pompey entering the house of the learned Posidonius, fascis litterarum ianuae submitit, Plin. 7, 112; and met., cum tibi aetas nostra f. sunuulteret, Cic. Brut. 22; **4.** f. coronati, wreathed w. laurel, as of a general who after a victory claimed a triumph, fasces hos laureatos offerre ex Italia quam molestum est! Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; Pompeius eo proelio imperator est appellatus...sed neque... neque in fascibus insignia laeuae praetulit, Caes. b. c. 3, 71, 3; add Cic. diu. 1, 59; Tac. an. 13, 9f.; **5.** as symbol of high office, Verg. G. 2, 495; Hor. s. 1, 6, 97; ep. 1, 16, 34; Ov. Pout. 4, 9, 62; Iuv. 5, 110; Sil. 11, 152.

**fasciulus**, fasciolus, better forms of pl.

**fassus**, part. of fateor.

**fasti**, adj. or rather part. pl. m. as sb. (dies understood) [implies a vb. fas- bind, see fascia and fascis] lit. fixed days, set apart for religion etc.—hence a calendar, fasti.

**fāteor**, ēri, fassus, vb. r. [fatis sb. f. implied in fatim; ult. fm. fa-ri to speak] say (of oneself), confess, Fāteor equidem esse me eorum carissimum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 59; hoc qui nequit fateatur nescire imperare liberis, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 52; fateor atque etiam profiteor te ex illa actione meo consilio esse depulsum, Cic. Rab. perd. 17; integras tenere possessiones, qui se debere fateantur, cuius impudentiae est? Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 3; tamen me Cum magnis uidisse inuita fātebitur usque Inuidia, Hor. s. 2, 1, 76;

**2.** w. acc., si uerum crisis fassae, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 10; fateor id quoque, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 25; Quid confitetur atque ita libenter confitetur ut non solum fateri sed etiam profiteri uideatur? Cic. Caecin. 24; falsum fatendo, part. or. 50; Laterensis fidem semper fatebor, Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 23, 4; paupertatem, Ov. M. 8, 633; uultu iram, tr. 2, 525;

**3.** met., gobiones non nisi patinarum calore uitalem motum fatentis, Plin. 9, 177; Belus omnis non nisi refuso mari harenas fatetur, 36, 190; mors solā fātitur quantula..., Iuv. 10, 172; magistrum, Quint. 6, 14, 32—betray; contemptum, 11, 3, 136; solitudinem, 11, 3, 158;

**4.** as a pass. (rare), hunc (agrum) exepere qui publicus esse fateatur, Cic. agr. 2, 57; but in Ov. a. a. 2, 556 Merkel has laesus (not fassus);

**5.** esp. impers., hominum causa eas comparatas fatendum est, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; add Gal. dig. 36, 1, 63, 4; Pomp. 41, 1, 27; uulgo fātebitur minorem eum legasse, Ulp. dig. 30, 39, 6; **6.** fatendi modus, indicative, (uerba) quae sunt fatendi ut lego legis legit, Varr. l. 9, 58; (uerba) quae e et o litteris fatendi modo terminantur, Quint. 1, 6, 7.

**fālicitās**, ātis, f. [fālix] fertility, productiveness, fel-

icitas maior Babyloniae Seleucia, Enphrate atque Tigri stagnantibus, Plin. 18, 170; haec f. terrae, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 6;

**2.** hence met. good fortune, in summo imperatore quattuor has res inesse oportere, scientiam rei militaris, uirtutem, auctoritatem, felicitatem, Cic. Mauil. 28; quasi non f. rerum gestarum exercitus beniuolentiam imperatoribus et res aduersae odia colligant, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 3; Hereditas est quam uocant sapientiam, pro illo 'felicitas est' (so Haupt Herm. 4, 35 ej.; mss facilitas), Quint. 6, 3, 97—a joking adaptation of an old verse; **3.** a goddess, Neque quemquam ego esse hominem arbitror cui magis Bonae Felicitates omnes aduersae sient, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 34; Felicitatei T. Cauponius T. f. aed., CIL 1112; Mineruae Felicitati Romae Diuo Augusto, iuser. Or. 732 f.

**fendo**, ere, (= *θεινω*, and E. ding vb., dent and dent sb.) vb. strike, fend only in de-fendo, offendo, pello pellas in usu non est, quomodo nec fendo, Prisc. 435, 4 K.

**fēnēstra**, ac, f. [prob. in origin an adj. from a lost n. sb. fēnēs-; and that either fm. a vb. = *φαν-* (*φαινω*), or akin to nēnu a window, wh. see] a shutter or rather venetian blind, gen. in pairs, Pareius iunetas quatuor fenestras letibus erebris inuenes proterui, Hor. od. 1, 25, 1; Nox erat et bifores intrabat luna fenestras, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 5; in aedificia fenestras et ostia impositi, Iulian. 6, 1, 59; si ostia fenestrasque nimium corruptas locator non restituat, Gai. 19, 2, 25, 2; aperto pariete fenestras immisisse, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 40; **2.** the opening itself for light and air, Neque fenestra nisi elatrata, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 26; Ita omnes de teeto deturbauit tegulas (sc. uentus): Inlustriores fecit fenestrasque indidit, Rud. 1, 1, 6; Quid facies? concludere in fenestram firmiter, Vnde auscultare (but not see), possis quom ego illanc deosculer, Cas. 1, 44; et fenestras quae in pariete...sunt, CIL 577, 2, 14; Nec lucem in thalamos totis admittite fenestris, Ov. a. a. 3, 807; Quam pateant altae caligantesque fenestrae (so conuenient for suicide), Iuv. 6, 31; add Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; in a slightly diff. sense, exieisa trabe...ingentem lato dedit ore fenestram, Verg. 2, 482; **3.** in mil. lang. an embrasure, fenestras ad tormenta mittenda in struendo reliquerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9f.; **4.** met., first phys., in aure fenestrae (holes for ear-rings) Iuv. 1, 104; **5.** also, si..., hui Quantam fenestram ad nequitiam patefeceris, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72—as we say: open a door to...; si hanc fenestram aperueritis, omniui inimicitiae ad nos deferentur, Suet. Tib. 28; **6.** in Pl. above, disyll., perh. pron. fenestra or rather fēstra.

**fēnus**, or faenus, ōris, n. [akin to fētus fēcnndus, implies a vb. fe- or fec-, beget; cf. *τοκος* and *τικτω*] interest, as the child of capital, faenus a fetu et quasi a fetura pecuniae parentis, Varr. ap. Gell. 16, 12, 7; adding: M. Catonem et ceteros aetatis eius fenecorem sine a litera pronuntiasse; yet says Ritschl, Most. 3, 1, 64 of Plautus: faenus ubique A ubi legi potuit; fenus a fetu dieta quod erediti uummi alios pariaut, Paul. ex F. p. 86; add 94; Nam si mutuas non potero, certumst sumam faenore, Pl. As. 1, 3, 95; ex fenore diseordia exercebat, Cato ap. Non. 64 v. pedato; sumeret Alicunde...si nullo alio pacto, faenore, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 71; ut centesimae (sc. usurae) perpetuo faenore duerentur, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 13—at 1 p. c. per month, or 12 p. c. per an. simple interest; opposed to centesimae cum anatocismo, 12 p. c. comp. iut.; fenus ex triente factum erat bessibus (rose from 4 p. c. to 6) 4, 15, 7; pecuniā sine fenore ei ereditid, Nep. Att. 9, 5; pecunia quae in fenore sors est, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 242 Sp.; pecuniā in faenus dedissent, Scaev. dig. 26, 7, 47, 4; si pecuniā meam faenori dedit, Ulp. 17, 1, 10, 3; 26, 7, 9; add Scaev. 26, 7, 58, 1; **2.** met. esp. of land, terra numquam sine usura reddit quod accepit, sed alias minore, plerumque maiore cum faenore, Cic. sen. 51; spes sulcis eredit aratis Semina quae magno fenore reddet ager, Tib. 2, 6, 22; cum quinquagesimo faenore messis reddit eximia fertilitas soli, Plin. 18, 162; add 2, 155; Manil. 5, 273; **3.** gen., Saepe uenit magno fenore tardus amor, Prop. 1, 7, 26; At mihi

quod uiuo detraxerit inuida turba, Post obitum duplici fenore reddet honos, 3, 1, 24.

**fērē**, adv., fermē (for fērīmē) adv. sup. [imply an adj. fērus fm. a lost vb. fas-, whence fastus part. fixed, see fascia, fascis; so G. fast from fass-en to gripe, once meant quite, now almost] quite, absolutely (in old lang.), Namque hercle honeste fieri ferme non (note f. before non) potest, Vt eam perpetiar ire in matrimonium Sine dote, quom eius rem penes me habeam domi, Pl. Triu. 3, 3, 3; Edepol hominem praedicatum ferme familiariter, 2, 54; Nam nunc leuonum et scortorum (hic) plus est fere Quam olim muscarumst quom caletur maxime, Truc. 1, 1, 45; nam fere Grandicula (so Fleck. cf.; mss grandiuscula) iam profectast illinc—quite a big fish girl—Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19; Nec rei fere sane amplius quicquam fuit, Haut. 1, 1, 3; Domum reuortor maestus atque animo fere Perturbato atque..., 1, 1, 70; Quod ferme dirum in tempus cecidere Latinae, Cic. as a poet, diu. 1, 18; Quis paria esse fērē\* placuit (note emphatic place of fere) peccata, laborant, Cum uentum ad uerumst, Hor. s. 1, 3, 96; eum constabat uirum esse ferme bonum... et uitae inculpatissimae, Gell. (foud of old phrases), 14, 2, 5;

**2.** precisely, just, exactly, Atque edepol ferme (so Scal., mss firme) ut quodis rem accurat suam Sic ei procedit post principio (dat. cf. post-ibi) denique, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 3; Iamque fērē\* puluis ad caelum nata (iacta?) uidetur, Enn. ap. Non. 217, 11; iam ferme moriens me uocat, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 49; illae mulieres sunt ferme ut pueri leui sententia, Hec. 3, 1, 32; very, Fere in diebus paucis quibus haec acta sunt Chrysis uicina haec moritur, Andr. 1, 1, 77 (so fast in old Germ.; quite a few, as some say); actates uestrae nihil aut nou fere multum differunt, Cic. Brut. 150; **3.** then loosely like our own terms, generally, on the whole, or for the most part, nam parentum iniuriae Vnius modi sunt ferme, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 31; hic solebamus fere Plerumque eam opperiri, Ph. 1, 2, 39; add 2, 3, 16; quod fere solet fieri, Cic. inu. 1, 46; add Manil. 24; a quo expeditior remuneratio fore uidetur, in eum fere est uoluntas uostra propensior, Cic. off. 2, 69; et quod fere libenter homines id quod uolunt credunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 19, 6; Lunā fērē tremulum praebebat lumen eunti, Ov. her. 18, 59; Aduit illa fere, 19, 45; parua ut ferme principia omnia, res fuit, Liv. 7, 2, 4; intacta innidia media sunt; ad summa ferme tendit, 45, 35, 5; add for ferme, 9, 30, 3; 21, 54, 1; 21, 59, 8; 34, 13, 3; certis e familiis et ferme Mileto acitius sacerdos, Tac. an. 2, 54; add 4, 9; 12, 36; h. 4, 70; **4.** w. preced. neg., not for the most part, scarcely ever, Quid agis? Facio quod manifesti moechi (hic) hau fermē\* solent. Quid id est? Refero uasa salua, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 40; nemo ferme hnc sine damno deouertitur, Truc. 2, 1, 28; Fidelem haud ferme mulieri inuenias uirum, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 2; hoc in hae permixta conformatione rei publicae non ferme siue magnis principum uitiis euenit, Cic. rep. 1, 69; sapientis cogitatio non ferme adhibet oculos aduocatos, Tusc. 5, 111; tum est Cato locutus quo erat uero fere senior temporibus illis, nemo prudentior, am. 5; nec adhuc fere inueni qui..., Att. 7, 6, 2; neque ullum fere totius hiemis tempore sine sollicitudine Caesaris interessit, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 5; nec ferme res antiqua alia est nobilior, Liv. 1, 24, 1; quod non ferme decernitur nisi quum..., 22, 9, 8; **5.** pretty well, about, much about, nearly, Maxima pars ferē\* morem hunc homines habent, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 36; P. Orbius meus fero aequalis, Cic. Brut. 179; Cato qui fuit eius fere aequalis, off. 3, 1; ab his rebus quemadmodum ducatur honestum satis fere diximus, 1, 60; fere e regione castris castra ponebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; a quo aberat mons ferme milia passuum xx, Sal. Iug. 48, 3; iisdem fere temporibus in Gallia motus erat, Cat. 42, 1; (Phalercus Demetrius) ultimus est fere ex Atticis qui dici possit orator, Quint. 10, 1, 80; **6.** esp. w. totus, omnis, semper, ferme eadem omnia Quae tute dudum coram me iucuaeras, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 20; qui numerus rerum omniu fere nodus est, Cic. rep. 6, 18 (19); add fam. 6, 10, 2; Peloponnesus fere tota in mari est, 2, 8; Laelium semper fere cum Scipione solitum rusticari, or. 2, 22; uti...perpanone locum capereut, reliquae fere omnes reicereutur, Caes.

h. g. 5, 23, 4; totius fere Galliae legati conuenerunt, 1, 30, 1; nam ferme Nmidas in omnibus proeliis magis pedes quam arma tutata sunt, Sal. Iug. 74 f.; **7.** in the older writers, including poets who imitate them, often diff. to choose between old and lato sense, see ferēt Lucr. 2, 370; Verg. 3, 135; ferme, Lucr. 5, 242†; **8.** always w. ē, see\*; except. nam tecum fere totus ero, Anson. ep. 105, 5.

**fēriae**, arum, adj. f. pl. (dies underst.), [prob. like festus, akin to χαρ-ω] holidays, days of rest, Ita uenter gutturque resident essurialis fēriae—keep at home the festival of St Hunger—Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 8; add Ps. 3, 4, 3; feriarum festorumque dierum ratio in liberis quietem litium habet et iurgiorum; in seruis operum et laborum, Cic. leg. 2, 29; add 2, 57; Varr. 6, 3 passim; Macr. s. 1, 16, 4—12; laeta quadam celebritas feriarum, Gell. 16, 10, 1; add 2, 24, 11, etc.; **2.** at times under calamities and then often w. supplicatio added, his auctendis terroribus in triduum feriae indictae, Liv. 3, 5, 14; ut triduum supplicatio et feriae essent, 40, 19, 6—under a pestilence; add 41, 21, 11; **3.** w. licence, indutiae sunt belli feriae, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 25, 2; Longas o utinam dux bone fēriae Praestes Hesperiae, Hor. od. 4, 5, 37; **4.** prov., calamitates...sine ullis ut dicitur feris..., Arnob. 1, 13 f.

**fēr-ūm-en**, (not ferr.) ūnis, n. [: fermentum :: tegumen : tegumentum; ferum=feru- of feruo feruo; ult. from fer=θερ-boil] lit. fermentation, hence so of quick-lime as used for mortar, ruinarum urbis ea maxima causa quod furto calcis sine ferumine suo caementa componuntur, Plin. 36, 176; **2.** gen. cement, uestem atramento adhaesuram, quod frequenter etiam non accersito ferumine infigitur, Petr. 102; cum partes duorum dominorum ferrumine cohaereant, hae cum quaereretur utri cedant, Cassius ait..., Pomp. dig. 41, 1, 27, 2; **3.** met. of verbal stuffing, Homeri uersus simplicior, Vergilii autem quodam quasi ferumiae inmisso fucator: Ταυρον δ' Αλφειω, ταυρον δε Ποσειδαωρι, Ταυρnm Neptuno, taurum tibi puleher Apollo—referring to pulcher; **4.** in Plin. 37, 28 prob. ferrugine; **5.** for qty see ferumino § 6; **6.** cf. Goppert Ferrumiae um adplumbare in den Pandekten, Bresl. 1869; **7.** a single r in this aud foll. in best mss of Pl. Plin. Gell. Petr.; but rr in Pandects, prob. due to a false deriv. from ferrum, like adplumbo from plumbum.

**fērūminatō**, ōnis, f. cementing or soldering, quod Cassius de ferruminatione scribit, dicit enim si statuae suae ferruminatione unctum brachium sit, unitate maioris partis consumi...; non idem in eo quod adplumbatum sit, quia ferruminatione per eandem materiam facit confusionem, Paul. dig. 6, 1, 23, 5.

**fērūmin-o**, āre, vb. [ferumen] cement, calcis quoque (bitumen) nsum praebuit ita feruminatis Babylonis muris; Plin. 35, 182; domos massis salis faciunt aqua feruminantes, (piccae) surculo super bina oua inposito ac feruminato alui glutino...deportant, 10, 98; **2.** hence in surgery, fracta (iumentorum ossa) non feruminantur, Plin. 11, 214; **3.** of caulking ships, (arundo Belgica) contusa et interiecta uauium commissuris feruminat textus...fidelior pice, Plin. 16, 158; **4.** w. metals, solder, ita (sc. chrysocolla) feruminatur aurum argentosum...; aerosum difficulter feruminatur: ad id glutinum fit..., 33, 93; add 34, 136; recente ea, si uratur, ferrum aut aes feruminari, 27, 31; add Petr. 32; **5.** gen. solidify, Vitrum sulphuri coccoctum feruminatur in lapidem, Plin. 36, 199; add 34, 136; **6.** met., capita inter se nimis nexa hico habent. Non placet: labrā labellis (ab before lanella of mss is a corr. of the au) fērūminat. Quid est (mss a ce for qd ē) malum? Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 25.

**ficticius**, adj. [fictus] of the class ficta, fictitious, spurious, counterfeit, (uinum), Plin. 14, 98; oleum, 15, 24; gemmac, 37, 197; ficticiis actionibus opus est in quibus heredes esse finguntur, Ulp. 28, 12.

**ficus**, i, or ūs, f. [(as in Gr. φ, θ, aud σ interchanged), prob.=σικκος; cf. filius].



**fidicina**, ae, f. [fidicen] female lute-player, Quid illa fiet fidicina? Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 48; 2, 2, 102 etc.; Most. 4, 2, 144; equid nos amat De fidicina istac? Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 4; add 5, 5, 15.

**filius**, ii, m [=vlos, mod. Gr. *ύγ-ιος* for *ύγ-ιος* and *θυγ-ιος*, wh. like *θυγ-αρπη*, and mod. Gr. *θυγος* of like meaning, point to a lost vb. *θυγ-ω*=Lat. sug-o suck; and S. duh draw milk; the first meaning of *filius filia*, *vlos* and *θυγαρπη* S. dubitar, E. daughter would be suckling. So also son, S. and Go. sūnus, G. sohn, arc for suk-in-us, etc., and so also mean suckling. For interchange of g or an asp. gutt. with l, esp. before i, compare *μογίς*, *μολίς*, *μαλλον* for *μαγ-ίον*; and Sp. hijo=filio-, ageno=alieno-, muger=mulier; for interchange of γ and a y-sound, as in *ύγίος*=*vlos*, cf. *στία* for *στογία* (*δδός*), puleium for pulegium, E. yate for gate, yester-day and G. gestern; for f=θ see f § 5] son.

**figo**, ĩre, nxi, fictus, vb. (=σφιγγω; see Paley, Fasti) squeeze, Saepe manus aegras manibus fingeat amicis, Ov. F. 5, 409—a remedy which acted by aiding return of venous blood; so effingo manus in her. 20, 134; 2. esp. of clay and soft matter, used by potter\*, sculptor† etc., form or shape by squeezing, Nam neque fictum usquamst neque pictum neque scriptum in poematis, Vbi lena..., Pl. As. 1, 3, 22; and met., Illic homo me interpolabit meumque os finget denuo, Amph. 1, 1, 161; uultus quoque hominum fingit scelus, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 14; Alter humum de qua fingantur pocula\* monstrat, Ov. tr. 2, 489; hic homullus ex argilla et luto fictus (al. faectus), Cic. Pis. 59; e cera, Verr. 2, 4, 30; fanos fingunt (apes), off. 1, 157; Alexander a Lysippos fingi uolebat...and soon: neque pictam neque fictam† imaginem, fam. 5, 12, 7; 3. of the toilet, fashion, (the hair), Ex industria ambae numquam concessamus... Poliri expoliri, pingi fingi, et una...Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 11; Bene quom lauta tersa ornata fictast, infectast tamen, Stic. 5, 5, 4; add Truc. 2, 2, 32; Fronde premit crinem fingens atque impicat auro, Verg. 4, 148; Quid totiens positas fugis inepte comas? Ov. a. a. 1, 306; Et nitidas presso pollice finge comas, Prop. 3, 10, 14; Qui se putarat fingi cura mulierum Calvus repente factus est, Phaedr. 2, 2, 8; iubet... solui comas Rursusque fingi, Sen. Phaedr. 380; quas finxerat auro Ipsa comas, Stat. Th. 5, 228; add Mart. 6, 57, 1; and gen., cum se non finxerit (made herself up) ulli, Ov. rem. am. 341; 4. akiu to last §, fingitque putando (nitem), Verg. G. 2, 407; II 5. met., model, mould, fashion, plan, forge, conceive, invent. Sed uiden? Fortuna humana fingit artaque ut lubet, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 54; Nam sapiens quidem pol ipsus fingit fortunam sibi, Trin. 2, 2, 24; Syrus isdem (so A) mire finxit filium (i.e. his feelings), Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 25; At fugam fingitis, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 13; sed fuga fingitur, Lucil. ap. Non. 308; fallaciam, Pl. As. 2, 2, 2 and 4; Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 15; fabricam, Haut. 3, 2, 34; lingua...uocem fingit, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; uultum—assume an expression to hide one's feelings—Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 4; somnia, Lucr. 1, 104; 6. esp. of the mind, picture to oneself, imagine, suppose, fingite cogitatione imaginem conditionis meae, Cic. Mil. 79; qui ex sua natura ceteros fingent, Rosc. Am. 26; eum to esse finge qui sum ego, fam. 3, 12, 2; add acad. pr. 2, 117; lacrimas finge uidere meas, Ov. her. 4, 176; fingenti formantique principem, Plin. pan. 4; 7. w. inf. mould by teaching, teach, Fingit equum tenera docilem ceruicē magister Ire uiam qua monstrat eqnes, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 64; 8. fictus, as adj., made up, and so false, pro beuo sano Ac non incauto fictum astutumque uocamus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 62; fictum iugratum inmemorem loquuntur, Plin. ep. 8, 17, 30.

**fiō**, fieri, factus, vb. [for faio and that for facio] make, perch. only in: Vt laus est ceruae, mollis cedens sequatur Si doctos digitos iussuque fiat opus, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; 2. hence in pass., in old wr., Graeco ritu fiebatur Saturnalia, Cato ap. Prisc. 789 P, 1, 377, 12 K; postquam diutius fitus, Cato ib.; sic (cj.; mss fit) quoque fitum est, Liv. Odys. ap. Non. 475; Ennius in X aunalium fiere dixit, non

fieri: Mac exc. Bob. 645, 10 K, viz. in: meminī me fiere pauum, ap. Char. p. 75 P, 98, 5 K (wh. fieri, not fiere); 3. as vb. r., for facio me, make oneself, be made, become, Interdum fio Iuppiter quando lubet, Pl. Amph. 3, 1, 4; ut det qui fiamus liberi, Aul. 2, 4, 31; Vno fit quod numquam quisquam mortuo faciet mihi, Amph. 1, 1, 303; add 1, 3, 7; 4, 1, 11; Nou...Patiar Clitipho flagitiis tuis mo infamem fieri, Ter. Haut. 5, 4, 14; scelera haec et flagitia fieri, Cic. Rosc. Am. 25; ut urbo tota fletus fieret, ib. 24; carinae ex leui materia fiebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 54, 2; templum iussimus fieri, Liv. 5, 52, 11; Fict enim subito ses horridus, Verg. G. 4, 407; 4. grow, be produced, Set ubi absynthium fit atquo cūnilla gallinacea, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 90; in Macedonia fiunt permagni (leporēs), Varr. r. 3, 12, 5; 5. fio has the same uses of facio, as: offer sacrifice, quot agnis fecerat? Pl. St. 1, 3, 96; faciam uitula, Verg. B. 3, 77; and Ter tibi fit libo, ter dea casta mero, Tib. 4, 6, 14; cum apud Caesarem pro populo fieret, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 3; 6. value, as plurimi facio Cn. Pompeium, Cic. fam. 3, 4, 2; me a te plurimi fieri, ib. 1; ut quanti quisque se ipse faciat, tanti fiat ab amicis, am. 59; 7. potestas fit, the opportunity is offered, as siquid...dicere uellet feci potestatem, Cat. 3, 11; so quae potestas si mihi fiet, utar, Phil. 1 f.; 8. compendium fit, a saving is made, Quisquis es, compendium ego te facere pul-tandi uolo, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 11; and Satis facundus: set iam fieri\* dicta compendi uolo, Capt. 5, 2, 12; 9. auctio fit, an auction is held, as: Nunc auctionem facere decretumst mihi, Pl. St. 1, 3, 65; Ea comportatur praeda ut fiat auctio, Pers. 4, 3, 39; 10. fit mentio, mention is made, as: Noli facere mentionem te emisse has. Intellego, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 126; Istius hominis ubi fit quaque mentio, Bac. 2, 3, 18; 11. w. gen., become (the property of), omnia quae mulieris fuerunt, uiri fiunt dotis nomine, Cic. Top. 23; compared w. eas populi Romani factas esse, Liv. 33, 13, 8; 12. w. abl. become of, quid illo fiet quem reliquero? quid me autem, si non tam cito decedo? Cic. Att. 6, 1, 14; compared with: Nescit quid faciat auro, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 100; 13. w. dat. be done with, Perfidus ille abiit: quid mihi fiet? Ov. a. a. 1, 536; compared w. quid huic tu homini facias? Cic. Caecin. 30; 14. w. de, become of, de fratre quid fiet? Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 39; but in Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 48 read: Quid illa fiet fideina, not de fid., w. A, Non. 508, 13 and metre; 15. fit (ut), it is brought about (that), it happens that, fit saepo ut hi qui debent, nou respondeant ad tempus, Cic. Att. 16, 2, 2; his rebus fiebat ut minus late uagarentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 4; 16. so potest fieri (ut), it may happen, is possible (that), Qui potuit fieri uti Kartagini Gnatus sis, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 96; fieri potest ut recte quis sentiat et id quod sentit polite eloqui nou possit, Cic. Tusc. 1, 6; nec fieri possit ut non statim disiunctio facienda sit, am. 76; here w. pres. subj., of the future; 17. but also w. aorist, of the past, it may turn out (that), potest fieri ut iratus dixerit, Cic. or. 2, 285; 18. ut fit, as it so often happens, Vt fit in bello, capere alter filius, Capt. pr. 25; forte, ita ut fit filium Perduxerit illine, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 53; queri ut fit incipiunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 56; 19. fiat, be it so, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 138; As. 1, 1, 2; Capt. 2, 1, 19; 5, 2, 13; uideo quit uelitis: sententias potius audire quam iocos: fiat, Sen. controv. 7, pr. f.; 20. fm. love of al-literation, often used w. fui and futurus, omnia quae fiunt quaeque futura sunt, Cic. diu. 2, 19; 21. rare forms, si benignus: subueni, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 38; si cognitor ipse, Hor. s. 2, 5, 38; festiuae fores, Potate fite mihi nolentes propitiae, Curc. 1, 1, 89; pessuli...Fite caussa mea ludii barbari, 1, 2, 63; Qui non edistis, saturi fite fabulis, Poen. pr. 8; socii nunc fite uiri, Crass. Iliad. ap. Non. 475; (fite as voc. of part.? tu diues fite, Cato orat. ib. (some cj. fito); cansae quibus mali finis, Arnob. 2, c. 16 (in some edd.); but in Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 74 sumus, not finis; see also § 2; 22. i in fieri fierem etc. gen. short; but Pl. has fieri fieres etc., 20 times, as Bac. 2, 3, 65; 5, 2, 92; Trin. 3, 2, 18; but only at end of line; the same w. i some 60 times; Ter. too: Iuluriumst: nam si esset unda haec fierent, Ad. 1, 2, 26; but w. i some 6 times.

**Flauōlīus**, name of a gens. P. Flauoleius P. f. Pol. Mutina Cordus, Steiner's inscr. Rom. Danub. et Rhen. Bd.



2, 1687 (corr. by Klein, Rh. Mus. 15, 327); centurio erat, M. Flauoleius, Liv. 2, 45, 13.

**fleb-ilis**, e, adj. [fleo] causing to weep, first phys., cepe, Lucil. ap. Non. 201; Varr. ib.; 2. by moving the feelings, tear-exciting, to be wept over, mournful, ponite ante oculos miseram illam et flebilem noctem, Cic. Phil. 11, 7; o flebiles uigilias, Plauc. 101; Multis ille bonis flebilis occidit, Nulli flebilior quam tibi Vergili, Hor. od. 1, 24, 9; Hector, Ov. am. 2, 1, 32; Ei mihi quam multis flebilis nitor eris, her. 15, 48; 3. much-weeping, tearful, Flebili sponsae iunenemue raptum Plorat, Hor. od. 4, 2, 21; illa Spargebat teneros flebilis imbre sinus, Ov. am. 3, 6, 68; Ino, Hor. A. P. 123; Elegeia, Ov. am. 3, 9, 3; 4. such as accompanies weeping, whining, doleful, plaintivo, in lecto (so mss, edd. cj. tecto) umido quod...Resonando multum flebiles uoces refert, Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 33; siu erit ille gemitus...flebilis, ei qui so dederit, uix eum uirum dixerim, ib. 2, 57; f. clamor, Liv. 22, 60, 1; Tu semper urges flebilibus modis Mysteri ademptum, Hor. od. 2, 9, 9; (nox in) miseratioue flexa et flebilis, Quint. 11, 3, 64; 5. flebile, n. in poets, as adv. tearfully, mournfully, plaintively, f. cantet, Ov. rem. am. 36; f. gauisus, Stat. Th. 12, 426; 6. flebiliter, adv., same, canerentur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 85; respondeat, 2, 39; lamentatur, 2, 49; gemitus, Hor. od. 4, 12, 5; flebilis ululant, Paul. Nol. 20, 57; 7. as weeping causes others to weep, § 3 often blends w. § 2.

**flustra**, ōrum, n. pl. [finc- of fluo; cf. illustris from luc-] a ground swell (of the sea), flustra motus maris sine tempestate fluctuantis. Naeuius in bello Punico ait: Onerariae onustae stabant in flustris, ut si diceret in salo, Suet. fragm. in Rhein. Mus. 5, 247 and Müller's Fest. p. 382; temperatum flustris mare, Tert. pall. 2; less correctly: flustra dicuntur quum in mari fluctus non mouentur quam Graeci *μαλακίαν* uocant, Paul. ex F. 89, 6.

**fōras**, adv. [for rather acc. pl. of a lost sb. fora=θυρα a door; cf. foris adv.] into the street, out of doors etc., abroad, (w. motion), quinam exit foras? Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 56; Foras\* egredier uideo lenonem Lyeum, Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 33; stercus foras efferri, Cato r. 2, 3; exercitum suum eduxit foras, orig. ap. Gell. 15, 13, 5; Hector ui summa armatos educit foras, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 355, 15; Miseret me: itaque ut ne uiderem misera, huc effugi foras, Ter. Enn. 5, 4, 23; (urbs) laetari uidetur quod tantam pestem foras proiecerit, Cic. Cat. 2, 2; cum infulus se porta foras uniuersi proripiunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 1; Fer cineres Amaryllū foras, Verg. B. 8, 101; forasque per os est editus aer, Lucr. 3, 122; omnia (uestigia) foras uersa uidit, Liv. 1, 7, 6; 2. something like outward movement is implied in: parasito excluso foras, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 2; add 4, 2, 105; 4, 7, 51; Mil. 4, 1, 30; Credo ut fit misera prae amore exclusi hunc foras, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 18; 3. and in: Foras necessumst quidquid habeo uendere, Pl. St. 1, 3, 66; Agellist...paulum quod locitas foras—out of the family, to strangers, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26; promisi foras (to dino out) Ad cenam ne me to uocare censeas, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 13; ad cenam...alio promisi foras, St. 4, 2, 16; (but of the actual dinner, foris cenare, 4, 2, 18); ad cenam aliquo condicam foras, Men. 1, 2, 15; 4. met. of words, getting abroad, Vides tuom peccatum esse elatum foras, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 65; efferri huc foras et ad populi aures peruenire, Cic. Phil. 10, 6; ne fidos inter amicos Sit qui dictā fōrās\* eliminet, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 25; 5. prov., malum, quod aiunt, foras, Tert. Valent. 10 f.; 6. for long a, to above\* add Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 77; 3, 2, 94; Cas. 4, 2, 10; 7. sometimes a monos. (fras?) in Pl., as: Foras egredere: sat mihi pulcra's. (At enim mihi pulcerrima, St. 5, 4, 55; add 4, 2, 17; Ipse abiit (abit?) foras, me reliquit pro atriensi in aedibus, Poen. 5, 5, 4; add Ulv. 2, 1, 14; 4, 4, 1; and perh. Trin. 2, 2, 1; cf. frango for for-ango; fragum for faragum, fluo for foluo, frenum for ferenum, frūctus for feretus.

**forc-eps**, Ipis, forf-ex Icīs and later forp-ex (see § 8) sb.

m.\* f.† (furca a prong+ec suff. of dim.) an instrument of two prongs or blades as tongues, pincers, nippers, forceps, or shears, scissors, orig. no doubt for a single instr., aft. used in sing. of plur. form, forcipes et forcipes (et forcipes) quidam distinguunt ut forcipes sint sarciatorum (scissors) a faciendo, (forcipes fabrorum) quod ferrum calidum capiant, forcipes (so Lindem. cj.; mss forcipes) tonsorum, quod pilum secant; sed iuepta haec esse Lucilius docet, qui etiam medicorum forcipes dicit libro ix: scalprorum forcipumque (note form) Milia uiginti; item paulo post: et uncis Forcipibus dentes euelleret, Charis. 74 P., 94, 21 K; Consentins, 397, 16: (barbarismum facit) qui dicit forcipem pro forcipe; 2. of blacksmith's tool, uersautque tenaci forcipe ferrum, Verg. G. 4, 175; ferum...quod forcipe curua† Cum faber eduxit, Ov. M. 12, 277; 3. of a surgeon's forceps, or tooth-extractor, Signare oportet frontem calida† forcipe, Nov. ap. Prisc. 657 P, 1, 195 K; forcipe(s) dentharpa(s)†, Varr. ap. Non. 99, 24; prensatque tenaci forcipe ferrum, Verg. 12, 404; mucro (teli) forcipe educi debet, Cels. 7, 5, 2; si qua labant, forcipe ad id facto\* colligenda sunt, S. 4, p. 336 l. 20 Dar.; forcipe (id est *οδονταγρα*) dens excipiendus est, 7, 12, 1; fuerunt qui omentum (in a scrotal hernia) forcipe praeciderent, 7, 21, 1; 7. in horticulture, forcipes (al. forcipes) ii, rutabulum i, Cato r. 10, 3; add 11, 5; Detotonderat forcipibus uit(iarium) feris, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 482, 7 K (as corr. by Haupt); uitiosa Grana (uuae) forcibus amputant, Colum. 12, 44, 4; add 12, 45, 2; 8. of a barber's scissors (?), barba Qualem forcibus metit supinis Tonsor, Mart. 7, 95, 12; ne sit acuta† forcipe lacsa cutis, Calp. ecl. 5, 73; Rupit odoratam redolenti forcipe barbam, Sidon. 15, 184; add Isid. orig. 20, 13; Cassiod. orth. 4; 9. part of a machine for raising great weights, ad rechamum immum ferrei\* forcices (so Rose w. mss) religantur quorum dentes in saxa forata accommodantur, Vitr. 10, 2, 2; 10. of a crab or beetle's nippers, Cancris bina brachia deutilculatis forcibus (al. forcipibus), Plin. 9, 97; scarabaeis in quodam genere cornua, bisuleis dentata forcibus (al. forcipibus) 11, 97; 11. of a certaiu mil. array, in the shape of V to oppose a cuneus; Siue opust est cuneo aut globo aut forcipe aut turribus aut serra uti adoriear, Cato ap. Fest. 344 M; wh. Cato prob. wrote forcipibus; for Gell. 10, 9, 1 has: uocabula sunt militaria quibus instructa certo modo acies appellari solet:...cunons, orbis, globus, forcices, serra, alae turres; ordinatio quam forcipem uocant, Veg. 3, 19; seo the pass.

**fōris**, is, f. [for of for-are; also=θυρα and so E. door, G. thür] a door, Sed foris concepit nostra. Quinam exit foras? Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 56; Forem hanc pausillulum aperi: placide: ne crepa, 4, 7, 35; add Amph. 1, 2, 34; quidnam foris erepuit? Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 11; forem cubiculi clauserat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; 2. exclusus fore, Hor. s. 1, 2, 67; eum is...forem uirga percuteret, Liv. 6, 34, 6; per rimam foris speculari, Petr. 92; 3. but as house doors were gen. folding-doors, the pl. more common, occlude sis Foris ambobus pessulus, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 26; Fores\* pultabo. Ad nostras aedis hic quidem habet rectam uiam, Trin. 4, 2, 26; Placide egredere et sonitum prohibe forium et crepitum cardinum, Curc. 1, 3, 1; Numquidnam fores fecere soniti? Caecil. ap. Nou. 491, 25; Anus foribus obdit pessulum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 37; Qui mihi nuuc uno digitulo fores\* aperis fortunatus, Eun. 2, 2, 53; seruis suis ut ianuam clauderent et ipsi ad fores assisterent imperat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 66; Coustitit ad geminae limina prima foris, Ov. her. 12, 150; 4. of other objects than houses, aeneum equum cuius in lateribus fores essent, Cic. off. 3, 38; uuas passas...ad fores earum posuisse, Plin. 21, 82 (of a hive); scarum inclusam nassiss...auesnm caudae icibus crebris laxare fores, 32, 11; 5. met., interest qua commendatione quasi amicitiae fores aperiantur, Cic. fam. 13, 10, 4; ab hoc artis fores apertas, Plin. 35, 61; 6. often a monos. in old drama, prob. fris fres, to exx. \*, above, add: Nisi manoltis fores et postis commiuui securibus, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 31; Aput fores auscultate atque adseruate aedis, Truc.



1, 2, 1; Fores patebuut. do inprouiso Chrysis ubi me aspexerit, Trab. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 67; add Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 13; 7. fores as acc. pl. gen. in mss of Pl., altered by Ritschl to foris.

**fōris**, adv. [ōr rather dat. or abl. pl. of a lost sb. fora = *θύρα* a door; cf. foras] as dat., at the door Ego hic tantisper dum exis te opperiar foris, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 153; Vt te hinc abducat potius quam hic astes fōris, Men. 2, 2, 57; mihi mira uidentur te hic stare foris, fores quoi pateant, 2, 3, 12; 2. out of doors, outside, abroad (without motion from within), Nam equidem (mss ego quidem) mēos oculos habeo nec rogo intendos fōris, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 76; Si domi sum foris est animus; sin foris sum animus domist, Merc. 3, 4, 2; Quae dum fōris sunt, nihil uidetur mundius, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 12; add Hee. 4, 1, 24; relictus intus (Autronius) expectatus foris couertit se aliquando ad timorem, Cic. Sul. 17; ego si foris cenitarem, Cn. Octauiō non defuissem, fam. 7, 16, 2; Quærīt enim rationem animus, cum summa loci sit Infinitū fōris haec extra moenia muudi, Lucr. 2, 1045; add 2, 159; quum ex oppido eruptione pugnaretur, foris tantae copiae cernerentur, Caes. b. g. 7, 76f.; 3. met., Nonne id flagitiumst te aliis consilium dare, Foris\* sapere, tibi non posse auxiliari, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 50—so Bemb. ms, wh. tibi as being emph. is a troch., like mihi, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 21; 4, 3, 6; sibi, Cure. 1, 3, 21; cf. seibi, CIL 1223; ea quae sunt foris nequo inhaerent in rei natura, Cic. or. 2, 163; eger, foris esse Gabiuium, Pis. 12, is denied to his creditors at his house, if text sound; II 4. as abl. from without, from abroad, At quaecumque foris ueniunt inpostaque nobis Pondera sunt, laedunt, Lucr. 5, 543; foris ad se delata arte tractat, Cic. part. or. 48; foris, w. assumo, or. 2, 163; 2, 173; iuu. 1, 15; w. peto, fin. 3, 24; Hor. s. 1, 10, 30; w. quaero, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 6(8); Cic. Verr. 3, 210; may go with § 2; so Cledou. 21, 21: unde uenisti? foris; Pomp. 248: foris geminam habet significationem de loco et in loca;

5. w. prep. ab, in uleus penetrat iniuria omnis a foris, Plin. 17, 227; III 6. perh. for foras, ne uos forte imprudentes foris (so mss; foras?) Effutiretis atque id porro aliqua uxor mea rescisceret, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 18; cf. foras § 4; ut (corona) mortuo dum intus positus esset forisue ferretur (so mss; forasue efferretur?) sine fraude esset imposita, Plin. 21, 7; aduiores (pulos) circumagi docent et foris saturitatem emittere, 10, 92; IV 7. as prep., fluiuis qui foris agrum non uagatur, auct. do lim. Goes. p. 273; nt terminis foris limites poneantur, paulo ante; V 8. at times a monos. in old drama, see Ter. \* in § 3; 9. = old Fr. fors; mod. Fr. hors, out of.

**forma**, ac, f. [fero] lit. carriage, bearing; and so form, shape, living form, person, build, Lucius Scipio...quouis forma uirtutei parissima fuit, CIL 30; Etenim uero quoniam formam huius copi in me et statum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 110; quom illum contemplo et formam cognosco meam...nimis similist moi, 285; ubi ego formam perdidit, 300; de forma noui, Cure. 2, 1, 17; see also Merc. 3, 4, 5 ff.; Contemplo placide formam et faciem uirginis, Naev. ap. Non. 470, 1; egregia forma atque aetate integra, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 45; adulescentulam Forma bona, 1, 1, 119; occurs some 46 times in Pl., 20 in Ter. and always in this sense; eximia forma pueros, Cic. Tusc. 5, 61; non ab hominibus formae figuram uenisse ad deos, N. D. 1, 90; formao hominum (as goatherds) legendae ut sint firmas ac ueloces, Varr. r. 2, 10, 3; uirginem forma excellentem, Liv. 3, 44, 4; 2. idea of beauty often to be inferred from context; but also absol. beauty (of person), handsome person, Taedet cotidianarum harum formarum (beauties). Ecce..., Ter. Euu. 2, 3, 6; Et genus et formam regina Pecunia donat, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 37; di tibi formam, Di tibi diuitias dederunt, 1, 4, 6; Et quot Troia (al. Eoa) tulit uetus et quot Achaia formas, Prop. 2, 28, 53; uulsis et non suo colore uitidis plus esse formae putant, Quint. 2, 4, 12; 3. of animals, form, optima turuao Forma bouis, Verg. G. 3, 51; (equae), Varr. r. 2, 7, 4; 4. form of man etc. in art, Aspiciat ciues senis Enni imaginis clarum (met.), Eun. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 34; noui fuisse fas clarissimorum uirorum formas illi parricidae aliquid decoris afferre, Cic. Mil. 86; L. Attium poetam in

Cumenarum aede maxuma forma statuam sibi posuisse, Plin. 34, 19; see also § 8; insigno superstitionis formas aprorum gestant, Tac. G. 45; 5. form to the eye (though possibly not real), formae magnorum ululare luporum, Verg. 7, 18; per insidias (sc. Phaethonti) iter est formasque ferarum, Ov. M. 2, 78; 6. gen. form—first phys.—as a (shoemaker's) last, Si scalpra et formas non sutor (emat), Hor. s. 2, 3, 106; si sutor puero parum bene facienti forma calcei...ceruicem percuisset, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 4; 7. pipe of aqueduct, formae riuorum perforant, Front. aq. 75; uicinales uias...per (over) ipsas formas derigunt, 126; si quid ob formam aqueductus quae per agrum transeat pendatur, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 27, 3; forma cui nomen Augustae est, Th. C. 15, 2, 8; usum aquae ex castellis aut ex ipsis formis, Val. Th. Arc. cod. 11, 42, 3; 8. stamp on coin, pecunia signata forma p(ublica) p(opulei) R(omane), CIL 205, 2, 2; add ib. 25; nummo cui publica forma est, Quint. 1, 6, 3; denarius quem ignarus formae publicae reiecit, Sen. benef. 5, 20, 2; 9. a mould, as for coining, qui sibi signant pecuniam forma publica, Ulp. 48, 13, 6 (8), 1; and met.: ut omnia facta dictaque tua una forma percussa sint, Sen. ep. 34, 4; also: is (caseus) buxeis formis exprimitur, Colum. 7, 8, 7; see formaceus; (sepimentum) ex terra et lapillis compositis in formis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; ex (uigris silicibus) formae fiunt in quibus aera funduntur, Plin. 36, 168; parietes quos appellant formaceos quoniam in forma...inferiuntur, 35, 169; terra creta...iutra formam lateri similem deprimitur, Pallad. Mai. 12; 10. a box made to shape, opus tectorium...lignis formis inclusam Romam deportauero, Plin. 35, 173; 11. gen. form, falciuum, Caes. b. g. 3, 14; nauium, 5, 1; cornuum, 6, 25; (muri), 7, 23, 1; litterarum, Cic. N. D. 2, 93; Quint. 1, 1, 21; 1, 7, 11; 12. esp. geometrical figure, animaduertisse in arena geometricas formas quasdam esse disscriptas, Cic. rep. 1, 29; in geometria...formae, or. 1, 187; Archimeden...intentum formis quas in puluere discriperat, Liv. 25, 31, 9; geometria diuisa in numeros et formas, Quint. 1, 10, 35; 13. met. a cast or impression, quod ad me quasi formam temporum misisti expressam, Cic. fam. 3, 11, 4;

14. hence a detailed or as we say formal description, plan, inventory, schedule, ut ex tuis literis cum formam (ground-plan) rei publicae uiderim, quale aedificium futurum sit, scire possim, Cic. fam. 2, 8, 1; forma nuper adlata Neroni, Plin. 12, 19; (quod eius in) terra Italia Illuir dedit...inue formas tabulasue retulit, CIL 200, 7; add 78, 81; qui tabulam aeream legis formamuo agrorum refixerit, Venul. dig. 48, 13, 10 (8); ex forma edicti, according to the terms of... Paul. 2, 8, 14; 15. hence of an Emperor's rescript, ex (amicorum) sententiis formas composuit, Capitol. Aut. 6, 11; ex forma quam diuus Pius rescripsit, Callist. dig. 42, 1, 31; 16. in logic, species as opp. to genus, forma a genere nunquam seiuiguitur, Cic. top. 13; formae sunt eae in quas genus...diuiditur, 31; 17. hence vagnely sort, kind, omnis scelerum comprehendere formas, Verg. 6, 626; Cum pecudes uolucrumque genus, formasque ferarum..., Sil. 15, 86; 18. = Gr. μορφή a corruption of φορμη fm. φερω. For interchange of f and m cf. μμρηκ-, formica.

**formāb-ilis**, e, adj. [formo] that can be fashioned, f. os—capable of articulated speech, Prud. Ap. 1033; primordia formabiliora, Aug. Trin. 11, 2 f.

**formāc-eus**, adj. [forma § 9] made in a mould, moulded, cast, paries, Plin. 35, 169; 2. Fr. fromage, cheese, from caseus formaceus.

**formica**, ac, f. [perh. fm. fer-o, the little porter; see Ov. below\*] ant, emmet, Non hercle minus euorsi (sunt nummi) cito, Quam si formicis obicias papauerom, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 8; in formica non modo sensus sed etiam mens ritus memoria, Cic. N. D. 3, 21; iuopi metuens formica senectae, Verg. G. 1, 186; add 380; Grande ouis exiguo formicas ore gementes\*, Ov. M. 7, 625; add Plin. 11, 108.

**formicinus**, adj. [formica] of an ant, Atque ecum incedit. Moue formicinium gradum, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 12.

1 **formico**, āro, vb. itch or tingle as though from ants

erawling, cantharides donec formicet cutis tolerandae sunt, Plin. 30, 120.

**2 formico**, āre, vb. [formō; for suffix cf. uellīco, fodīco, mulco (for molīco), morsīco] fashion by little and little, Quercus arida rustica Formicata securi, Verg. catal. III\*, 3 (Ribbeck).

**fortis**, e, adj. [=θραύς, and so = S. drish, G. dreist, Lith. drasus, Pott. E. F. 1, 270; ult. fm. a vb. = E. dare, of wh. dürf-en darf, is a deriv.].

**frango**, ċre, frēgi, fractus, vb. [for-ango; root for or fod, as in fora-re, fod-are, fod-ere, so E. break for bor-ak, fm. vb. bore; G. brech-en for bor-ach, brach gebrochen, stem bor-ach or boroch, fm. bohr-en; for meaning cf. break of day, G. An-bruch des Tages—like Fr. point du jour; E. broach (a cask), a lady's brooch, Fr. broche] lit. pierce, hence esp. of shipwreck, nauis si fractast tibi, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 21; nauem is fregit apud Andrum insulam, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 17; add 5, 4, 20; si fractus enatet expes Nauibus, Hor. A. P. 20;

**2**, so a swimmer pierces the water, and a rock seems to do so, fluctum a saxo frangi, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 6; Nunc ualidis gurgis certatim frangitur uulnis, Sil. 3, 457; but even in the instances so far quoted, a general breaking commonly accompanies the piercing; and so **3**. gen. break, etc.

**frēnum**, i, n., acc. pl. -os, or -a [=χαλκός, acc. pl. -ous or -a], bridle, rein, bit, frenos\* immititis feris, Att. ap. Non. 307, 17; freua...ori equorum accommodant, id. 206, 12; spumantiaque addit Frena feris, Verg. 5, 818; Gallicae nec lupatis Temperat ora frenis, Hor. od. 1, 8, 7; asellum...parentem currere frenis, s. 1, 1, 91; add ep. 1, 8, 36; inhibuit frenos\* is qui iumenta agebat, Liv. 1, 48, 6; ego ducere uana Frena manu...luctor, Ov. M. 15, 519; Frenaque in offusa laxa iacere iuba, am. 3, 4, 16; **2**. met., alteri (oratori) se calcaria adhibere, alteri frenos\*, Cic. Brut. 204; (Antonio) tanquam frenos\* furoris iniecit, Phil. 13, 20; neque cupidita(t)i non imposui frenos\*, Varr. ap. Non. 82, 12; iam uaga prosiliet frenis natura remotis, Hor. s. 1, 7, 74; add ep. 1, 2, 62; od. 4, 15, 10; Ni frenum accipere et nicti parere fatentur, Verg. 12, 568; non solum frenis sed etiam iugo accepto, Liv. 37, 36, 5; add 34, 2, 13\*; Iuv. 8, 88; **3**. met. of other objects, Saxea frena labant, Stat. Th. 10, 880; **4**. esp. f. praepntii, Cels. 7, 22 (bis);

**5**, frena, it seems, never in prose, see \*, frena more common in verse; **6**. prob. akin to our reiu, G. riem (riem-chen); and so at first only a thong of leather.

**frēquens**, part as adj. [prob. implies a vb. freq., perh. = prēm-, also E. throng, G. dring-en and drück-en; m and gutt. as suff. of secondary vbs. often interchanged, as τραχ-ω εδραμων; fremo = βρεμω = βρυχω; also initial consonants before r and l readily interchanged], lit. crowding, in crowds, squeezing, numerous, Ibo atque (e)dicam, frequentes ut eant gratatum hospiti, Pacuv. ap. Serv. A. 5, 40; senatus est continuo conuocatus frequensque conuenit, Cic. fam. 10, 12, 2; senatus fuit frequentior quam putabamus esse posse mense Decembri, Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; add Sal. Cat. 48, 6; 50, 3; (equites) frequentissimi in gradibus Concordiae steterunt, Cic. Phil. 7, 21; refert qui audiant frequentes an pauci an singuli, or. 3, 211; nondum frequentes conuenerant, Sal. Cat. 18f.; ne quisquam ordine egrederetur, uti cum signis frequentes (in close array) incederet, Iug. 45f.;

**2**, crowded, full, abounding, nihil interesse utrum piscibus an ranis frequens habeat uiuarium, Colum. 8, 16, 4; frequentissimo theatro, Cie. diu. 1, 59; f. municipium, Phil. 2, 106; frequentem tectis urbem, Liv. 1, 9, 9; frequentia aedificia loca, 31, 23, 5; Verticibusque frequens erat atque imperiuis amnis, Ov. M. 9, 106; frequentem cultoribus populum, Liv. 21, 34, 1; and absol., inter illos et frequentem Numidiam inculti uastique loci erant, Sal. Iug. 78f.; frequens castellum, 43, 19, 4; (Nilus) beluis frequens, Plin. 5, 53; Lernaes frequens Pharetra telis, Sen. Herc. f. 1240; conuiuio frequenti, Suet. Caes. 31; frequenti auditorio, Claud. 41; **3**, of time frequently occurring, frequent, common, often repeated, Mihi frequentem operam dedistis, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 70—ou wh. Varr.

l. 7, 5 p. 376 says: nalet assiduum; frequentibus poculis, Cic. sen. 44; frequentioribus latrocinis, Asin. ad Cie. 10, 31, 1; frequentior usus annulorum, Plin. 33, 17; add 37, 106; frequens apud Graccos adagium, Gell. 1, 8, 4; est frequentissima haec causa possessionis, Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 2;

**4**, of a person or thing frequently in a place, una aderat frequens, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 80; f. Platonis auditor, Cie. or. 15; erat Romae frequens, Rosc. Am. 16; quibuscum si frequenter sunt, off. 2, 46; frequentiorum cum illis quam secum, Liv. 39, 53, 11; frequens contionibus, Tac. hist. 4, 60f.; **5**. w. gen. perh. only in: (mons) talis siluae f. fecundusque, Tac. an. 4, 65.

**frētus**, part of a lost vb. [for fēr ec-tus, implying a vb. fer-ec=our bring for ber-ing, G. bringen, brach-to for ber-ach-te; also = φερ-ητ-ος; so ult. fm. fer-o=hear] borne up (by), supported (by) and so met. relying (on), Ita istae solent quae uiros subseruire Sibi postulant, dotē fretae, feroces, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 15; uirtute et uiribus, Amph. 1, 1, 57; uiribus, Enn. an. ap. Fest. 321 M; malitia fretus sua, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 43; ingenio eius, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; Tua fiducia, Aul. 3, 6, 50; dis, Cas. 2, 5, 38, 40 and 41; intellegentia uestra, Cic. N. D. 1, 49; ingenio, or. 2, 103; conscientia officii mei, fam. 3, 7, 6; uobis, Plane. 103; amicitias, Q. Cie. pet. cons. 25; loci praesidio, Caes. b. g. 6, 5f.; amicitia Caesaris, b. c. 23, 59, 3; opibus, Sal. Cat. 56, 5; multitudine militum, Iug. 13, 3; largitione, 15, 1; etc.; praesidio, Liv. 31, 23, 2; Tum nirgam capit... Illa frētus agit uentos, Verg. 4, 245; **2**. steadied, Pondere enim fretae partim stant, Lucr. 6, 1058; **3**. w. dat., multitudo nulli rei praeterquam numero freta, Liv. 6, 13, 1; C. Sempronius tanquam constantissimae rei fortunae fretus, 4, 37, 6; **4**. w. inf., daring, pontum inrumpere fretae, Stat. Th. 6, 23.

**frīco**, āre, eui, ctus or cātus, vb. [for thrīco, (of wh. thrīc. = θρυπ of θρυπτω), and that for ter-ic-o, a vb. dim. fr. fm. ter-o] keep-rubbing, rub, numquam concessamus, Lauari aut friuari aut tergeri aut ornari, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 10; add 21; L. Atqui pol hodie non feres nisi genna confricantur. A. quiduis egestas imperat. Fricentur, dāne quod oro? As. 3, 3, 81; add 88; sns...fricat arbore costas, Verg. G. 3, 256; Nam mulas qui fricabat (curried) consul factus est, poet. ap. Gell. 15, 4, 3; manu sicca fricatae, Plin. 13, 99; lacrimae (xylobalsami) probatio ut sit...in fricando odorata, 12, 120; si prurit frictus ocelli Angulus, Iuv. 6, 578; **2**. spurge, Mart. 11, 29, 8; Petr. 92 f.

**frīo**, āre, vb. (shortened from frico) erumble by rubbing, (terra) quae cum fodiatur facile frietur, Varr. r. 1, 9, 7; glebis terrarum saepe friatis, Lucr. 1, 888; friato amomo, Plin. 12, 49; in micis, 12, 65; ut (cinnamum) inter sese tritum tarde frietur, 12, 92; (chalcitis) friat se statim, 34, 117.

**frīuus-cūlum**, i, n. (for frigusculum?) a little coldness, hence met. a temporary separation of married people, si diuortium non intercesserit, sed frīuusculum, ualebit dotatio, si frīuusculum (sic) quieuit, Ulp. dig. 24, 1, 32, 12.

**frūor**, i, ctus rather than itus, vb. r. [fru-, better fruc- for uōr-uc-; and so = uōrac-(uōra-) swallow; = G. brauch-en, E. brook, (an insult, swallow or digest it); cf. fructus, frumentum, fruges] lit. feed oneself (with), eat, frui est uesci...a qua re etiam his quae nec cibo nec poculo sunt frui dicimur καταχρηστικώς, utpote rebus ueneris..., Donat. ad Eun. 4, 7, 46; cf.: Restabat aliud nihil nisi oculos pascere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 85; **2**. enjoy, use, Sese alternas cum illo noctis haec frui, Pl. As. 5, 2, 68; Nec mihi (so Bemb.) fas esse ulla uoluptate hic frui, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 97; quod+boni datur, fruare dum licet, 2, 3, 104; Hocinc me non hieo...ingenium+frui, 2, 4, 21; ut mihi liceat tamdiu quod+amo frui, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 13; gaudio hoc, Hec. 5, 4, 2; lucem qua fruimur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 131; expletis incundius est carere quam frui, sen. 47; laetitiae uoluptate, ad Quir. 2; omnibus in uita commodis,



Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 2; anima, Sal. Cat. 2, 9; perpetua pace, ep. Mithr. 1, 2; illi spectaculo quo fructus sum, Vell. 2, 104, 3; add Prop. 2, 9, 24; Ov. M. 9, 724; F. 3, 544; Liv.† 21, 3, 4; Tib. 3, 3, 32; 3. enjoy the society of, coniuge sum Cadmo...fructa Scrateio, CIL 1220, 5; neque nos te fruimur et tu nobis cares, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 4; quum propter suas occupationes minus saepe Attico frueretur, Nep. Att. 20, 2; 4. esp. enjoy the produce of (land etc. as tenant), farm, suum† cuique per me uti atque frui licet, Cato orat. ap. Gell. 13, 24, 1; eum agrum† Langenses possidere fruique uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 24; add 30; is eum agrum† nei habeto niue fruimino, 32; quod† ante k. Ianuar. primas fructi sunt eruntque, 36; add 40; ne ampliorem modum...quam proxima aestate fructi sunt, 42; queiqomque id publicum† fruendum habebit, 200, 25; uectigalibus† fruendis legem deixerint, 200, 85; uectigalia† fruenda, 200, 87 (ter); quodque† earum rerum antea usei fructeinae sunt, 204, 1, 31; publicae uectigalibus† fruendis, 206, 74; Agellist...paulum quod locitas foras: Huic demus qui fruatur, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 27; Censores ut agrum Campanum† fruendum locarent, Liv. 27, 11, 8; add 32, 7, 3; fundum† fruendum conduxerunt, Paul. dig. 6, 3, 1, 1; qui id† fruendum conduxit, Ulp. 43, 9, 1, 1; se usuros et fruituros, 10, 3, 7, 10; non meo nomine sed suo fruitus, 7, 4, 29; 5. gen. w. abl. but in old wr. also w. acc., see † above; and add: Sin ea, quae fructus cumque es, periere profusa, Lucr. 3, 940; 6. hence fruendus always in agreement w. noun, to be enjoyed, enjoyable, see † above; and add: non paranda nobis solum (sapientia), sed fruenda etiam est, Cic. fin. 1, 3; add rem fruendam oculis, Liv. 22, 14, 4; add Ov. her. 20 (19), 118.

**frustrā**, (only in late wr. ā) adv. [perh. for *fōr-ustērā*, a lost comp. adv. akin to *foris*; or rather for *uorustera*, implying an adj. *uorustus* twisted, wrong, from the root *uor* of *uorto*; for meaning of final ā cf. *eā*, *quā*, etc.] on the wrong road of the two, and so in vain—hence oft. w. vbs. of going—*Praesagibat mihi animus frustra me ire, quom exibat domo*, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 1; *Quom se exencurrisse illuc frustra sciuerit*, Bac. 2, 3, 125; add *Cure*. 2, 3, 58; *Capt*. 3, 1, 31; *Ps*. 1, 3, 144; *Men*. 4, 3, 20; 2. on the wrong road, wrongly, without reason, nec frustra ac sine causa quid facere dignum deo est, Cic. din. 2, 125; non igitur frustra Plato ciuili niro necessariam musicen credidit, Quint. 1, 10, 15; frustra mala omnia ad crimen fortunae relegamus, 6, pr. 13; hanc quidam aposiopesin putant: frustra, 9, 3, 60; quid? Nicandrum frustra secuti Maccr atque Vergilius? 10, 1, 56; neque enim frustra L. Crassus cuncta quae de aequo...dicantur, propria esse oratoris adfirmat, 12, 2, 5; ut multi, nec frustra, opinantur, Suet. Oth. 9; 3. frustra esse, to be on the wrong road, be quite out, mistaken, (see *Enn.* *nnder frustror*, § 1), lam hisce ambo et seruos et era frustra sunt duo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 19; Quid illam, meretricemne esse censes? Quippini? Frustra's. Quis igitur obsecrost? Bac. 4, 7, 42; Sed sine nummo frustra's qui mo tui misereri postulas, Ps. 1, 3, 144; D. Spes est de argento. T. Hilarus est: frustrat homo, Most. 3, 1, 40; add *Enn.* ap. Gell. 18, 2, 7 (corrupt); 4. and so, be disappointed, ut neque uos capiamini et illi frustra sint, Sal. Ing. 85, 6; 5. esp. in the parenthetic form: ne frustra sis (sies),—so don't be disappointed, cf. the forms, ne erres, ne arbitrere, ne censeas, in wh. an emphatic tu would be out of place, Tu huc post hunc diem ne frustra sis pedem intro non feres, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 18; Aliter hinc non ibis, ne sis frustra. Dabitur. Magis sapis, Mil. 5, 1, 29; so read w. Bothe: Nunc mulier ne frustra sies\*, Rud. 4, 7, 29; Non ferat, si dominus ueniat? Dominus, ne frustra sies\*, Nisi ego nemo natus huic, qui cepi in uenatu meo; ne frustra sies\* (first part of verse desperate) ib. 4, 3, 41;—sies\*, not sis, in this part of the verse is always to be expected in Pl. and Ter.; 6. gen. in vain, to no purpose, Nullum ostenderis: si falsa dicam, frustra dixero, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 91; add *Mil.* 4, 2, 30;

Ne tu istas faxo calcibus saepe insultabis frustra, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 54; add *Andr.* 2, 1, 8; *Haut.* 2, 3, 20 etc.; *auxilium f. implorari*, Cic. or. 2, 144; *f. suscipiatur labor*, Tim. 10f.; *f. tempus contero*, *Rosc. com.* 41; *neque ullum f. telum mittere*, *Caes. b. g.* 3, 4, 2; *f. laborem sumi*, 3, 14, 1; *f. auxilium petiuerit*, *Sal. Cat.* 34, 1; *Heu magnum alterius frustra spectabis aceruom*, *Verg. G.* 1, 158; *Frustra: nam scopulis surdior Icarium...*, *Hor. od.* 3, 7, 21; *Frustra: nam gelidos inficiet tibi...*, 3, 13, 6; add 2, 14, 13 and 15; 7. frustra esse w. thing for subject, be in vain, fail, postquam id f. fuit, *Sal. Lug.* 71, 5; *ea res f. fuit*, 73 f.; add 93, 1; 112, 2; 8. f. habeo, disregard, disappoint, *Corbulo, quaesito proelio f. habitus*, *Tac. an.* 13, 37; *alia aequa, quae hrcui seruata dein f. habita sunt*, 13, 51; *si Persae, f. habitus, redissent ad sua*, *Amm. M.* 18, 6, 6; 9. w. ā in *Mart.*, (see *Müller r. m.* 3, 341) and *Prud.*

**frustro**, āre [frustrā, adv. on the wrong road] vb. put on the wrong road, mislead so as to end in disappointment,—only met.—*Miseret me eorum qui sine frustis uentrem frustrarunt suum*, *Pomp. ap. Non.* 473 v. *frustro*; non frustrabo uos milites, *Caes. ap. Diom.* p. 395 P, 400, 20 K; *frustrantia dona*, *Prud. apoth.* 640; *Pl. Mil.* 3, 3, 9 is corrupt; 2. as pass., ignauissimi quique tenuissima spe frustrantur, *Sal. or. Licin.*; *frustramur inridemnr*, *Laer. ap. Prisc.* p. 793 P, 1, 386, 14 K; *frustratus a spe deuctus in castra se recepit*, *Fenest. ap. Prisc.* ib.; *frustratus spe continuandi consulatus*, *Vell.* 2, 21, 2; *intellexit frustratum esse uisum suum*, 2, 43, 2; 3. w. gen., disappointed about, sic...caupionis uersutae et excogitatae frustratus fuit, *Gell.* 5, 10, 16.

**frustror**, āri, [id.] vb. r. mislead for one's own purposes, and so in the end disappoint, *Nam qui lepide postulat (sese) alterum frustrari Qu(om) (ipse) frustra(st) frustra (ill)um dicit frustra esse; nam qui Sese frustrari—quem frustra sentit, qui frustratur, Is frustra est, non ille est frustra (quem uoluit frustrari)*, *Enn. s. ap. Gell.* 18, 2, 7; *Multos me hoc pacto iam dies frustramini*, *Pl. Most.* 3, 1, 62; *Et quum se (so TH K c j.; mss atque hi, or ii, se quum or eum) frustrantur frustrari alios stolidi existimant*, *Bac.* 3, 6, 19; add *Cure.* 2, 3, 52; *Amph.* 2, 2, 200; *As.* 3, 3, 37; *Ibo etsi hercle saepe iam me spes haec frustratast*, *Vale. Ter. Andr.* 2, 2, 37; *ne frustretur ipse se*, *Eun. prol.* 14; add *Ad.* 4, 4, 13; *Tanta ut frustrando lactans uanans protrahas*, *Acc. ap. Non.* 16, 22; and 184, 1; *Cetera sic studia...uidentur In somnis animos hominum frustrata tenere*, *Lucr.* 4, 972; *Cocecius uide ne frustretur Cic. Att.* 12, 18, 3; *ant certare cum aliis pugnaciter, aut frustrari cum aliis tum etiam me ipsum uelim? acad. pr.* 65; *si Syriac spes cum frustrata esset, Lentul. ad Cic.* 12, 14, 1; *quid frustraris ciuitatem? Quid te ut regium iuuenem conspici sinis? Liv.* 1, 47, 5; *nec Tarquinius spe auxilii, quod nullum in me est, frustrator*, 2, 15, 5; 2. so far w. living object—also w. abstract obj. make of no effect, render vain, differendo spem quandoque nellent consilii exsequendi militarem impetum frustrari, 7, 38, 9; *implicati arborum rami...leuto uimine frustrabantur ictus*, *Curt.* 6, 5, 16; 3. esp. of wasted labour etc., ne imbribus uentisque imminentibus opera incohet laboremque frustretur, *Colum.* 1 pr. 22; in agricultura...imprudenter facta opera frustrantur impensas, 1, 1, 2; *quibus (seruis) in uilla quid agendum uidebitur, eos intra parietes continere atque animaduertere ne diurna cessauo frustrentur opera*, 12, 1, 5.

**frūtect-um**, frūtētum, i, n. [frutee- of frutex w. exerescent t] a collection of bushes or shrubs, shrubbery, spiuney, ages frutectis (al. frutetis) obsessus, *Colum.* 3, 11, 3; *radicem siluestris rosae...in frutecto (so ms a)*, *Plin.* 25, 17; *frutecta igni optume tolluntur*, 18, 46; in frutectis nascitur bryonia, 23, 27; *coelcae quae frutectis adhaerent*, 30, 37; *per acuta fruteta*, *Prud. Ps.* 443; *tenebrosus tecta frutectis Semita*, *Symm.* 2, 873; 2. in *Sol.* 30, 30 of a single bush or shrub: id frutectum (cinnamum), while *Plin.* himself 12, 89 has frutex.



**fungus**, i, m. [=σπογγος, σφογγος] a mushroom, moril, or toadstool, Satis esse nobis non magis potis est quam fungo imber (so mss), Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; pratensibus optima fungus Natura est, Hor. s. 2, 4, 20; fungorum numerosa genera; tutissimi qui rubent callo, and soon: familias nuper interemere et tota conuiuia, Plin. 22, 96; **2.** in med., a fungus, fungo simile ulcus in eadem sede (sc. ano) nasci solet, Cels. 6, 18, 11; aurium fungus, Tert. sp. 23; stypticum facit ad uulnera humecta et fungos exsicandos, Veg. uet. 6 (4), 7; **3.** a diseased growth in trees, olea clauom etiam patitur siue fungum placet dici, Plin. 17, 233; **4.** of gelatinous coral, in mari rubro silnas uiuere et...fungos qui sole tacti mutantur in pumicem, Plin. 13, 139; **5.** of the black collection on the top of a wick, Scintillare oleum et patris concresecere fungos, Verg. G. 1, 392; **6.** a term for a blockhead, Adeon me fuisse fungum ut qui illi crederem! Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 49; add 5, 1, 2; cf. tam nil sapit Nec sentit, quantist fungus putridus, 4, 7, 23.

**fūnis**, is, m., rarely f. (see § 7), [=σχοινος, as f=χ, ū=αι], lit. a rush, hence: torquere funem, twist rushes so as to make a rope, and tortus f. a rope, funem exordiri oportet longum pedes lxxii...Cum tortus erit, longus (erit) pedes xliv, Cato r. 135, 4; tortosque incidere funis, Verg. 4, 575; Tortum digna sequi potius quam ducere funem, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 48; cf. torta cannabe, Pers. 5, 146; **2.** gen. a rope or cord, of any material, funes loreos, Cato r. 3, 5; 12, 1; 63, 1; funibus sparteis, ibid.; ulna et palustri iunco funis nectunt ad praetexenda piscibus retia, Plin. 16, 4; insecabit lapidibus nisi illum iubet Comprehendi...fune opust, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 62; funes qui antemnas ad malos destinabant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 6; Demissum lapsi per funem, Verg. 2, 262; adductaque funibus arbor Corruit, Ov. M. 7, 775; Dixit et exiguo funem conamine traxit, F. 4, 325; **3.** met. from a rope as directing machinery, cf. Hor. in § 1; **4.** met. from a cord as used in giving more or less play to a dog or hawk etc., Quae dederam supra repeto, funemque reduco, Pers. 5, 118; **5.** met. from a boys' game of pulling against each other on a rope, διεκκυστινῶν παίζειν (Poll. 9, 112), funem contentiosum alterno ductu in

diuersa distendere, Tert. pud. 2; add Tert. Marc. 4; **6.** prov. of a rope of sand, tam exigua sunt ut quod aiunt Graeci, ex incomprehensibili paruitate arenae funis effici non possit, Colum. 10 pr. 4—εξ αμμῶν σχοινοῦ πλεκειν; **7.** as fem., aurea de caelo funis, Lucr. 2, 1154; quoted by Gell. 13, 21 (20), 21 and Non. 205.

**furca**, ae, f. [for fūr-ica from fūd- dig, whence fūr-are and fūd-are; for change of r cf. allied E. words, bore and bod-kin] a prong, as in bifurcus two-pronged, tri-furcus three-pronged; **2.** furcac, arum, a fork, hence the fatal fork in the road near Caudium, furcae Caudinae, Val. Max. 5, 1, ext. 5; and 7, 2, ext. 17; called Furculae C. by Liv. 9, 2, 6; 9, 3, 6; 9, 11, 3; and Flor. 1, 11, 9; **3.** furca in sing., a pitchfork, Naturam expellas furca, tamen usque recurret, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 24; cf. furcilla; and prob. fm. a sing. furca in: furcis ab opere remouentur, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 2; qui erexerant ad murum scalas, furcis...destrudebantur, Liv. 28, 3, 7; Exaouunt alii nallos furcasque bicornis, Verg. G. 1, 264; add 2, 359; **4.** an instrument for punishment of slaves, a forked piece of wood resting on the neck, the hands fastened to the ends, put as a plur., satis sumpsimus iam supplici. Fateor: manus uobis do. Post dabis sub furcis, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 73; **5.** elsewhere only in sing., Ol. Deos quaeso, Ch. Vt quidem hodie tu canem et furcam feras, Cas. 2, 6, 37—wh. I wd. read furcas, but for: remittam ad te uirum Cum furca in urbem tanquam carbonarium, 2, 8, 2; sub furca uinctum, Liv. 1, 26, 10; sub furca caesum, 2, 36, 1; Ibis sub furcam, Hor. s. 2, 7, 66; cum scraum sub furca ad supplicium egisset, Val. M. 1, 7, 4; nudi hominis ceruicem inseri furcae, corpus uirgis usque ad necem caedi, Snet. Ner. 49; **6.** a gibbet for execution of slaves, etc., decuriones furcae subici (non possunt), Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 9, 11; transfugae ad hostes furcae suspenduntur, Paul. 48, 19, 38, 2; famosos latrones in his locis ubi grassati sunt furca figendos, Callistr. 48, 19, 28, 15; canes uiui in furca sambucea armo (al. arbore) fixi, Plin. 29, 57; **7.** for taming steers, si eorum colla in furcas destitatas inluseris, Varr. r. 1, 20, 2; **8.** of a crab's claws, cancerorum f., Apul. apol. p. 297.

## G.

**G**, the seventh letter of the Latin alphabet. As C corresponding in place to Gr. Γ had at first the sound of Γ, as in goose, G must then have had a different power, prob. that of E. j, esp. as its place is the same w Gr. Ζ which seems to have had this sound. Its form too, C with a small apex below may have been intended for Ci, wh. before another vowel would sound as our j. Cf. Ital. giacere giogo (γευγος) giudice; the same sound survives in Ital. before i and e, as in girare, gemere; still in classical Latin the g before all vowels was no doubt that of g in goose, witness the declension ager agri, aeger aegra aegrum; yet as the palatal sound was alike pre-classical and post-classical, it was prob. kept all through in some rustic dialect; **2.** it is said (Plut. Q. Rom. 54) to have been first introduced by Sp. Caruilins some 500 years a. u. c.; in the epitaph of L. Cornelius Scipio Barbatus (cons. 456) occur Gnauidō, prognatus, subigit; **3.** C w. power of G is seen in: Scicini CIL 11, Macolnia 54, Macolnio 117, aetrn 207, Cemelus 1173, enatus 1380; and was long retained in the two praenomina, C or Cains, pron. Gaius, Cn or Cnaeus, pron. Gnaeus; **4.** but the Dullian inser. with its maeistratos, exfociont, pucnandōd, Cartaciniensis is of simulated antiquity; G then was not one of the original alphabet of 16 letters; **5.** was written by Accius and others for the guttural nasal, as γ in Greek, viz. in aggulus agguilla iggerunt ageps agcora, Varr. ap. Prisc. 556 P; 1, 30, 15 K;

**6.** g initial often lost before n, as gnosco nosco, gnatus natus, gnitor (or gnictor) nitor, nurus prob. for gonurus, norma for gnorma, necto for gnecto; hence Cic. is wrong when he ascribes to euphony (dulcius uisum est, orat. 158) the g of ignoti, ignaui, ignari; cf. co-gnatus, pro-gnatus, co-gnomen, a-gnosco etc.; **7.** g initial often lost before l, as lact-is γαλακτ-ος, lux prob. for gol-ux, lingua (γλωσσα) for glingua; **8.** g final prob. lost in nouns, as uespero-(uesper) for uesperug; apero- for aperog, cf. aprugno-; ferula, lappa, tilia, olca, etc., for ferulag, tiliag, oleag, cf. ferulag-o, lappag-o, tiliag-in-eus, oleag-in-eus; **9.** also in verb, fru-or for frug-or, cf. frug-es, fructus, strauī stratns from a stem strag, cf. stragulus, strages, orior, prurio from stems orig-, prurig-, cf. orig-o, prurig-o; **10.** g before m often silent and so often omitted, exagmen or examen; add flamma, contamino, stramen; **11.** Lat. g or ng often corresponds to Gr. χ, unguis ουνε-χος; pinguis παχυς; anguis εχis; longus δολιχος; lingo λειχω; arguo ελεγχω; draguma δραχμη; pol-lingo lay out (a corpse), λεγω λεχω; and prob. ger-o shoot (wh. see), χεσ or χυσ root of χεω; gratus akin to χαίρω, compare Lat. b=Gr. φ; **12.** Lat. g=Gr. κ, cygnus κυκνος, gubernο κυβερνω, garyophyllon καρποφύλλον; see also ignis and agnus; **13.** Lat. g corresponds to k (c) Eng. (Rask's Law) gnoseo know, genu knee, genus kin kind, uigilo wake, lingo lick, sugo suck, gleba clod, grex crew, glomus crewel, and clew; **14.** w.



ch Eng. which ofteu supersedes k, mag-nus much, gena chin (G. kinn), tego thatch, uigilo watch; IV 15. Lat. g often disappears in Romance langg., as L. integrum, It. intero, Sp. entero, Prov. entire, Fr. entier, E. entire; nigrum, It. nero, Fr. noir; legalis, It. leale, Fr. léal, Prov. leial, E. loyal; aurigurium, Prov. aur, Fr. bon-heur, mal-heur; esp. in Fr. Ligeris Loire, negare uier, pagauus payeu, peregrinus pélerin, Augustus Aodt, Augustodunum Autun, pigritia (Sp. pereza) paresse, castigare châtier, magis mais; 16. sometimes=palatal g or j, chiefly in Fr. gaudere jouis, largus large, Gabali Javoux, argentum argent, 17. sometimes=y or hi, or h, in Span. gelu yelo, gemma yema, gener yerno, gypsum yeso, legenda leyenda; 18. often vanishes before m in It., augmentare aumentare, fragmentum frammento, auri-pigmentum, orpimento; 19. gn often drops the g in sound, at times adding a y-sound, dignus signum, Ital. degno segno, Fr. digne signe enseigner, Sp. deñar, seña, Port. desdinhar; benignus malignus, Fr. bénin, malin; V 20. abbreviations, G=Gaius, imp. Caes. G. Aure. Val. Diocletianus, inscr. Or. 467; 21.=Gallia Gallica, etc., leg. xi G., leg. (10) xxi G., 441; 22.=gemma, leg. xii G., 1214; 23.=Germania, prouinc(iae) G. I(nferioris), 8767; 24.=genius, G(enio) p(opuli) R(omani), on a coin, CLL 445; 25. also gen.=same, gen. c(ivitatis), inscr. Or. 7159; 26. gil=gilius, siluano...gil(uo), a horse, 2593; 27. gub.=gubernator, C. Julio Diogeni gnb., 6882.

**gamba**, ae, f. metacarpal bone in a horse's leg [sometimes mistranslated hoof] l'os de canon, Veg. vet. 6, 1, 2; add 1, 27, 4; 3, 47, 1; 3, 49, 1; 2. the leg generally, inflexione gambarum, 2, 28, 38; 3. hence Fr. jambe.

**gāza**, ae, f. [a Persian word] treasure or treasury (of Eastern monarchs), gaza (sic Persae aerarium uocant), Mela 1, 11; gaza Persicus sermo est et significat diuitias, unde Gaza urbs in Palaestina dicitur, Serv. ad A. 1, 123; qui ab auro gazaque regia manus cohibere possit, Cic. Man. 66; omni Macedonum gaza potitus, off. 2, 76; Adparent...Arma uirum tabulaeque et Troia gaza per undas, Verg. 1, 119; gaza regia in potestatem uenit, Liv. 45, 41, 6; nil nostro in corpore gazae proficiunt, Lucr. 2, 37; Arabum gazis, Hor. od. 1, 29, 2; add 2, 16, 9; Tac. an. 6, 31; Suet. Aug. 41 and Ner. 31; Mart. 12, 53, 3; Sen. Herc. F. 168; Med. 488; Phoen. 147; see gazum.

**gāzōphylācium**, ii, n. (γαζοφυλακίον) treasury, Hier. ep. 14, 8; Isid. or. 20, 9.

**gāzum**, i, n. [see gaza] same as gaza, Angusti seruauis pia gaza sacelli, Corip. Iust. 4, 334; noui operas facitis, uou donum gazo paratis, Commod. 2, 13, 12; in gazo praeterca de labore mittere debes, 2, 30, 14.

**gemma**, ae, f. [for genima? root gen of gigno] a bud, inente uere in his quae relicta sunt (sarmenitibus) existit...ea quae gemma dicitur, Cic. sen. 53; Sed trudit gemmas (sc. pampium) et frondes explicat omnis, Verg. G. 2, 335; uerior ratio est inserendi tepentibus iam diebus...cum et gemma se et cortex naturaliter mouet, Colum. 4, 29, 4; cf. gemmo, gemmasco; 2. hence met., a jewel, gem, pocula ex auro...gemmis distincta; and soon: uas unarium ex una gemma\*, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; nego in Sicilia...ullam gemmam aut margaritam† (fuisse)...quin...quod placitum sit abstulerit, 2, 4, 1; ut nihil instituto operi desit, gemmae supersunt, Plin. 37, 1; 3. csp. of drinking vessels, cf. Cic. above\*; Vt gemma bibat et Sarrano dormiat ostro, Verg. G. 2, 506; In gemma posuere merum, Ov. M. 8, 572; quibus gemma ministratur, Sen. pron. 3, 13; 4. of seal-ring, Pl. rogata unde istunc habeat anulum;...opseculo parentis ne meos mihi prohibeas. Cu. Quid ego, sub gemmae apstrussus habeo tuam matrem et patrem? Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 8; Protinus impressa signat sna crimina gemma, Ov. M. 9, 566; qui se...beatum...gemma fecerat uida, Iuv. 1, 68; add 13, 138; Plin. 37, 3; 5. though distinguished from the pearl above†, yet a pearl in: Et legitur rubris gemma sub aequoribus, Prop. 1, 14, 12; Erythraeis eruta gemma uadis, Mart. 8, 28, 14; 6. met. of peacock's tail, gemmis caudam

stellantibus implet, Ov. M. 1, 723; cf. gemmeam caudam, Phaedr. 3, 18, 8 and caudae gemmantis, Pall. 1, 28, 2; 7. also met., Multas in digitis, plures in carmine gemmas Inuenies, Mart. 5, 11, 3; Hesperius gemma amicornu, Sidou. ep. 4, 22; 8. Cicero would make jewel the first meaning, a bud metaphorical! So: gemmare uites rustici dicunt (as a traslatio uerbi), or. 3, 155; aud again orat. 81; so too Quint. 8, 6, 6.

**gēmo**, ċre, ui, Itum, vb. [=γεμω be laden, as a ship] groan, as heavily laden or pressed etc., gemnit sub pondere cumba, Verg. 6, 413; tractuque gementem Ferro rotam, G. 3, 183; Antennaeque gemant, Hor. od. 1, 14, 6; Et gemuit paruo mota fenestra sono, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 10; pressique iugo gemuere iuueni, M. 1, 124; stridunt fues, curuatur arbor, gubernacula gemunt, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 4; cuneisque gemit graue robur adactis, Val. F. 3, 164; add 6, 168; cf. gemitus; 2. so of waves braking, Visam gementis litore Bospori, Hor. od. 2, 20, 14; gementque repleti Amnes, Verg. 5, 806; quicquid Tyrrhena tunditur unda Vel gemit Ionia, Claud. cons. Mal. Th. 204; 3. of man, groan, sigh, uxorem tuam Neque gementem neque plorantem nostrum quisquam audiuimus, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 47; me intuetur gemens; traxit ex intimo uentre suspirium, Truc. 2, 7, 40; hos pro me lugere, hos gemere...uidebam, Cic. Planc. 101; te nemo aspexit qui non gerneret, Pis. 25; lugent inuenesque senesque Vulgusque procesesque gemunt, Ov. M. 8, 526; 4. w. common cognate acc., extrema gementem, Verg. 11, 865; multum gemens, Phaedr. 5, 8, 10; 5. w. acc. of object, groan or sigh at, groan over, priusquam euenat Quod in pauperie mea senex grauitur gemam, Enu. ap. Non. 494, 1; Eandem uirtutem istam ueniet tempus cum grauitur gemens, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3; Quam dare quod gerneret hostes, Lucr. 5, 1348; Multa gemens ignominiam plagasque superbi Victoris, Verg. G. 3, 226; Teque gemunt uirgo, Ov. M. 13, 483; Tacite gementes tristem fortunae uicem, Phaedr. 5, 1, 6; 6. w. inf., in poets, Paucis ostendi gemis, et communia laudas, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 4; murteta relinqui uicis gemit, 1, 15, 7; qui seruum te gemis esse diu, Mart. 9, 92, 2; dominique gemit captiuus inire Imperia, Stat. Ach. 1, 281; 7. of birds, beasts, leonum qui...gementes...Lucr. 3, 297; turtur, Verg. B. 1, 59; noctua, Prop. 4, 3, 59; 8. in pass., hic status est qui una uoce omnium gemitur, Cic. Att. 2, 18, 1; Non mea mors illi, uerum sua uita gemenda (Merk. tremenda) est, Ov. M. 13, 464; 9. =Fr. geindre, as well as gémir for gemisco.

**gēna**, ae, f. [=γεννα, S. hanu, G. kinn, E. chiu; cf. mentum] jawbone, jaw (obsolete), esp. the upper jaw or cheek-bone, infra oculos malae homini tantum, quas prisci uenas uocabant, xii tabularum interdicto radi\* a feminis uentantes, Plin. 11, 157; genae (oculos) ab inferiore parte tutantur leniterque eminentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 143; 2. the part on which the beard grows, Pacuius genas pntat esse qua barba primum oritur, hoc nersu, Nunc primum opacat flore lanngo gēnas, Fest. p. 94 M; Vincet ubi crasas barba uocendā gēnas (sc. uolsi nepotis), Prop. 4, 8, 26; mulieres genas ne radunto, Cic. leg. 2, 59; cf. Plin. above\*; 3. gen. the cheek, genua comprimit arta gena†, Enn. ap. Isid. orig. 11, 1; Lacruma peredere amore exangnis genas, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; muliebres lacerationes genarum pectoris... 3, 62; umor et in genas Furtim labitur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 6; add 4, 1, 34; Parce tamen lacerare genas, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 51; 4. eyelid, Pandite sultis genas et corde relinquitte somnum, Enn. ap. Fest. 343; imprimit genae† genam†, Ennius (de dormiente) ap. Serv. A. 6, 686; Effusaquē gēnis lacrimae, Verg. 6, 686 (belongs perh. to § 5); palpebrae (eye lashes) in genis homini utrimque...; quadrupedibus (palpebrae) in superiore tantum gena†, uolueribus in inferiore;...Ne genae quidem omniibus; ideo neque uicitationes..., Plin. 11, 154—157; 5. in poets, perh. the eye itself, Et patiar fossis lumen abire gēnis, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 66; Vt te conspecta subito...Restiterim fixis in tua membra gemas, Ov. her. 19 (20), 206; and perh. a. a. 2, 452; Exustaetaeque tuae mox Polypheme genae, Prop. 3, 12, 26; Corni-







solet prae se gerere coniecturam, ut amor..., Cic. inu. 2, 30; prae se quandam gerit ntilitatem, 2, 157; animum altum prae se gerebat, bell. Afr. 10, 5; 18. morem g. w. dat. of person, humour, oblige, gratify, Tu ecastor erras quae...illi morem sic geras, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 32; add 1, 3, 43 and 69; Cist. 1, 1, 87; mos gerundus Thaidi, Ter. Eun. 1, 3, 108; geram tibi morem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 17; add Att. 2, 16, 3; fam. 2, 17, f.; 19. same w. dat. of feeling gratified, animo morem gessero, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 17; cupiditati morem gerunt, Cic. Quinct. 9; 20. gerens part., as sb. manager (cf. Fr. gérant), rei male gerentes, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 43; gerens negoti, Cic. Quinct. 62; 21. res gestae, doings, achievements (see § 11), nemo non quasi mercedem rerum gestarum desiderat, Cic. off. 1, 65; an in Hispania res gestas Caesaris non audisti? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 5; rerum gestarum diui Augusti...exemplar, mon. Ancy. 1.

**geuma**, ātis, n. a taste, a smack, Ibi te replebo ego usque unguentum genmatis (abl.), Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 88.

**glisco**, ěre, vb. [for gōl-isco? akin to E. glow, and so to Lat. lux; cf. W. gole, goleu light, goleuen glow-worm, and gologsi vb. singe: Gliscit crescit et latenter ueteres (de) incremento ignis ponebant, Serv. A. 12, 9] get hotter and hotter, only met., pulcre hoc gliscit proelium, Pl. As. 5, 2, 62; gliscit rabies, caue tibi, Capt. 3, 4, 26; gliscit gaudium, Pac. ap. Non. 22; Numquam Tyndaridis formae conflatus amore Ignis Alexandri Phrygio sub pectore gliscens Clara accendisset saeui certamina belli, Lucr. 1, 474; ad iuuenilem libidinem copia uoluptatum gliscit ut ignis oleo, Cic. ap. Non. 22; immensum aucto mari et uento gliscente, Sal. ib.; Haud secus accenso gliscit uiolenta Turno, Verg. 12, 9; bellum gliscens iam per aliquot annos, Liv. 2, 19, 2—smouldering but with ever-increasing heat, cf. latenter ap. Serv. above; so too of yet unseen fire: inuidiam eam sua sponte gliscentem insignis calamitas accendit, 2, 23, 2; and: gliscente indies seditione, 6, 14, 1; ne glisceret prima negligendo bellum, 29, 2, 2; adulatio, Tac. an. 1, 1; saeuitia, 6, 25 (19) f.; negotia, 11, 22; flagitia et infamia, 14, 15; ira tyranno, Sil. 2, 239; Pascitur adiuto Vulcanus turbine uenti Gliscentemque trahens turris per uiscera tabem..., 14, 308; gliscitque tepentis Lumina torua uidens, Stat. Th. 8, 756; dulci gliscere ferro, 12, 639; 2. swell, increase in size, become fatter, (asellus) paleis etiam gliscit, Colum. 7, 1, 1; turtur per hiemem difficulter gliscit, 8, 9, 1; met.: exilem terram...stercorae conueniet nam eo quasi pabulo gliscit, 2, 5, 1; suffusa ueneno Tenditur ac sanie gliscit cutis, Stat. Th. 1, 107; met. of increased wealth, postquam eo magnificentiae uenerit, gliscere singulos, Tac. an. 2, 33; cum (cohortes) gliscerent numero, 4, 5 f.; add 4, 27, 5; 4, 35, 5; Et gliscit gressu (fama), Sil. 4, 6; 3. w. inf., burn to..., gliscis (so mss) regnare, Stat. Th. 3, 73; 4. as vb. trans. cause to be hotter, and so w. se or in form gliscor, as vb. r., quibus se a partibus (di) gliscunt, warm as partizans, Acc. ap. Non. 22; cum saluom uideo ut uolui gliscor gaudio, Turp. ib.; ut maior inuidia Lepido glisceretur, Sempr. As. ib. 481; 5. by some identified w. cresco, i. e. E. grow; cf. Serv. above.

**glūbo**, ěre, vb. [prob. for col-ub-o, and so akin to col-or skin, σκυλλω σκυλος σκυλιον, E. skin; also to cor-ium, scortum, χρωσ; and to glaber] trans., peel, skin, salietum suo tempore caedito, glubito...librum conseruato, Cato r. 33, 5; melior (olea) quae digitis nndis legitur quam illa quae cum digitalibus; duricies enim eorum non solum stringit baccam sed etiam ramos glubit ac relinquit ad gelicidium reiectos, Varr. r. 1, 55, 2; gluma hordei tunicula, dictum quod glubatur id granum. Unde et pecus glubi dicitur, cuius pellis detrahitur, Paul. ex F. p. 98 M; 2. obsc., Glubit magnanimos Remi nepotes, Catul. 58, 5; II 3. intr. pcel, quae materies semen non habet, cum glubit (glubebit Keil), tum tempestiua est, Cato r. 17, 1; add 31, 20. **gludis**, is, f. a plant, herba quae et paeonia, Apul. herb. 94.

**glūm-a**, ae, f. [glubo] husk of plants, in ordeo et tritico

(spica) tria habet continentia granum glumam aristam... gluma qui est folliculus eius...ut grani apex sit gluma...apud Ennium solum scriptum scio esse... Videtur etymon habere a glubendo... Eodem uocabulo apellant fici...folliculum, Varr. r. 1, 48, 1; cf. Paul. ex F. under glubo.

**gluo**, σστυφω, gloss. Philox.

**grāc-ilens**, tis, adj. [see gracilis] lanky, gracilentis colorem, Naev. ap. Non. 116.

**grāc-ilentus**, adj. [see gracilis] lanky, long and thin, Deducunt habiles gladios filo gracilento, Enn. ap. Non. 116; equum g., Gell. 4, 12, 2.

**grāc-il-esco**, vb. [gracilis] get thinner, obeliscus...in figuram metae...consurgens, utque radium (solis) imitetur gracilescens, Amm. 17, 4, 7; magnitudo (pyramidum) in celsitudinem scandens gracilescit paulatim, 22, 15, 29.

**grāc-il-pes**, ōdis, adj. long-legged, ciconia, Publil. Syr. ap. Petr. 55.

**grāc-ilis**, e, (old gracilus\* also) adj. [implies a vb. grac- for ger-ac = E. gr-ow, from ger-o shoot; akin to gramen grandis] growing fast, lanky, slim, slender; first of the human person, nosti quam sit gracili corpore, Turp. ap. Non. 116; quas matres student Demissis umeris esse, uincto pectore, ut graciles (al. gracilae\*) sient, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 24; quod gracila\* est, pernix, quod pectore puro, Quod puro similis, Lucil. ap. Non. 489; gracili sic tamque pusillo, Hor. s. 1, 5, 69; Quis multa gracilis te puer in rosa...urget? od. 1, 5, 1; Turgida si plena est; si fusca est, nigra uocetur; In gracili macies crimen habere potest, Ov. rem. am. 328; Si...gracilis structos effugit umbra rogos, tr. 4, 10, 86; Quarebam gracilem, sed quae non macra fuisset, Maxim. Gr. 1, 85; gracillimis† eruribus, Suet. Ner. 51; equi hominesque paululi et graciles, Liv. 35, 11, 7; 2. of other material objects, comae, Ov. am. 1, 14, 23; graciles ex aere catenas, M. 4, 176; Et gracili geminas intendunt examine telas, 6, 54; (pinastros) gracilis et enodis, Plin. 16, 39; ilicis glans gracilior†, 16, 19; (sinapes) sunt trium generum, unum gracile, 19, 171; pinea pinguem (resinam) ...fundit, larix gracilem (thin), 24, 33; g. uindemias (small), Plin. ep. 8, 15, 1; 9, 20, 2; per graciles uias petauri (of rope-dancing), Mart. 2, 86, 7; libello, 8, 24, 1; alabastri, iscr. Marin. atti 2, 830; 3. poor (of land), thin (soil), graciles cliui non sunt aestate arandi, Col. 2, 4, 11; iuga graciliore† solo (se. fertili), Plin. 17, 186; gracili agro (se. laetior), 17, 187; (pinus) amat locum gracilem, Pall. nou. 9; 4. of immaterial things, Materiae gracili sufcit ingenium, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 26; 5. esp. of style, quickly graceful, praefationes (Isaei) tersae graciles dulces, Plin. ep. 2, 3, 1; or meagre, (χαρκτηρα ισχυρον) nos gracilem (uocamus), Gell. 6(7), 14, 2; 6. of the speaker, Lusimus Octaui gracili modulante Thalia, Verg. cul. 1; non possum esse tam graciles, simns fortiores, subtilitate uincimur, ualeamus poudere, Quint. 12, 10, 36; 7. comp. see † above; superl. see ‡; 8. gracilissimus only in not. Tir. p. 67; II 9. a cognomen, Turranius Gracilis, Plin. 3, 3; T. Octanio Sex. f. Gracili uirc, inser. Grut. 445, 2.

**grāc-il-litas**, ātis f. lankiness, slenderness (of person), erat eo tempore in nobis summa gracilitas et infirmitas corporis, Cic. Brut. 313; qui non tam habitus corporis opimos quam gracilitates consectentur, 64 (of style); ceruicis et crurum, Suet. Cal. 50; crurum, 3; Dom. 18; 2. of other material objects, dactylides digitali gracilitate, Plin. 14, 40; papyrus in gracilitatem fastigatum, 13, 71; 3. of simple or meagre style, (see Cic. Br. 64 above), eandem gracilitatem stilo exigere condiscant, Quint. 1, 9, 2; pressae illi qualis saepius desideratur narrationis gracilitati, 4, 3, 2; Lysiaca gracilitati, 12, 10, 24; exempla ubertatis Pacuum, gracilitatis Lucilium, mediocritatis Terentium, Gell. 6(7), 14, 6.

**grāc-il-liter**, adv. finely, uasculo...graciliter fistulato (of the clepsydra), Apul. 3, 3 m.; 2. met. of style, alia ornatus, alia gracilium esse dicenda, Quint. 9, 4, 130.

**grāc-il-litudo**, inis, f. slenderness of form, Acc. ap. Non. 116.

**Grācilla**, ae, f. (dim. of gracila) a cognomen, Octaniae T. f. Gracillae, inser. Grut. 445, 2.



**gramā**, (glama, grema, gramia) f. [= γλαμα, λημη] sore in the corner of the eye, eyesore, gramiæ pituitæ oculorum, Non. 119; gramiæ oculorum sunt vitia (pituitæ, Haupt cj.) quas alii glamas nocant, Paul. ex Fest. 96 M.; gramis gremis quæ sunt pituitæ oculorum, Gloss. Plac.; grama λημη, Gloss. Lab.

**grāmén**, inīs, n. [implies a secondary vb. ger-ac- from ger-shoot; cf. grac-ilis] lit. shoot, top growth of a plant, Illa uel intactæ segetis per summa uolaret Gramina, Verg. 7, 808; cerinthæ ignobile gramen, G. 4, 63; a se data gramina, Ov. M. 7, 137; 2. esp. grass, both in sing. and plur., nulla nec amnem Libauit quadrupes nec graminis attigit herbam, Verg. B. 5, 26; ceruus...graminis immemor, Hor. od. 1, 15, 30; redeunt iam gramina campis, 4, 7, 1; iacere...in tenaci gramine, epod. 2, 24; gramen carpere capellæ, Ov. M. 1, 299; Desectum poterat gramen uersasse uideri, 14, 646; dat terræ gramina, frondes Arboribus, 2, 407; umectat lacrimarum gramina riuo, 9, 655; Quippe equus et pecudes armentaue gramine uiuunt, 15, 84; fetialis ex arce graminis herbam puram attulit, Liv. 1, 24, 5; gramina extirpare (from a vineyard), Colum. 4, 5; gramen ipsum inter herbas uolgatissimum...; iumentis herba non alia gratior siue uiridis siue in feno siccata, Plin. 24, 178; Sic in gramine fiores reclinis, Mart. 9, 90, 1;

3. muna graminis Ind. Stat. silu. 1, 1, 160, of the plant costus; 4. of the bamboo, dea habet hastam de gramine, Ampel. 8.

**grāmin-eus**, adj. of grass, corona, Liv. 7, 37, 2; Plin. 22, 60-8; campus, Verg. 5, 287; palaestrae, 6, 642; sedile, 8, 176; arae, 12, 119; margo, Ov. M. 3, 162; 2. of bamboo, etiamne gramineas hastas? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 125; cf. Serv. A. 5, 287.

**grāmin-ōsus**, adj. abounding in grass, solum, Colum. pr. 1; ager, 7, 9, 8.

**grammonsus**, adj. [grama] having sores in the corner of the eye, gummy, Grammonsus (al. grammosis) oculis ipsa, atratis dentibus, Caec. 268 R.

**grandesco**, ēre [grandis] grow, Quicque sua de materia grandescere alique, Lucr. 1, 191; pabula lacta Quæ nunc uix nostro grandescunt aucta labore, 2, 1160; Lentiscus triplicis solita grandescere fetu, Cic. diu. 1, 9, 15 f.; ut potius in area quam in agro grandescant frumenta, Colum. 2, 20, 2; lignum (oliuæ) intus grandescat, Plin. 15, 10; faba, 18, 157; (ordeum) grandescere, Pal. Iun. 2, 1.

**grandicūlus**, adj. dim. [grandic- old stem of grandi-s] biggish, In fundas uisci inebant grandiculos globos, Pl. Poen. 2, 35; Grandicula (so Fleck. cj.; mss grandicūcula against metre) iam profectast illinc. Clamitent..., Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19.

1 **grandio**, ire, vb. [grandis] cause to grow, grandem facere, cum humus...edita grandire nequeat, Varr. ap. Non. 115; 2. hence as vb. refl., grow, Nec grandiri frugum fetum posse nec mitescere, Pac. ib.; 3. grandio as vb. intr., grow, tu (Mars pater) fruges frumenta uincta uirgultaue grandire (grandiri?) beneque euenire suas, Cato r. 141, 2;

II 4. met. cause to grow, Testudineum istum ego tibi (so B justly, not tibi ego) grandio gradum, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 10.

2 **Grandio**, ōnis, m. dim. [grandis] a contemptuous cognomen, omnia grandia probanti inpositum est cognomen...et uocari cœpit Seneca Grandio, Sen. suas. 2, 17.

**grandis**, e, adj. [for ger-andis, fm. ger-o shoot, and?] full-grown, grown up (of living beings), Virginem habeo grandem, dote cassam atque inlocabilem, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 14; Soror illist adulta uirgo grandis, Trin. 2, 2, 93; uirginem tam grandem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 39; adulescens cum plane grandis esset, Cic. sen. 10; grandis iam puer, Pis. 87; Idibus alba Ioui grandior aqua cadit, Ov. F. 1, 56; ut grandi cecinit Centaurus alumno, Hor. epod. 13, 11; 2. well-grown, great, as of plants, hiberno pulvere, uerno luto, grandia farra Camille metes, canticum uetus ap. Maer. s. 5, 20 f.; Profecto non fuit quicquam olerum, nisi quicquid erat calamitas Profecto adtigerat numquam quicquam, nam ita, quicquid erat, grande erat, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 34; agro non semel

arato (est opus), quo meliores fetus possit et grandiores edere, Cic. or. 2, 131; quæ seges grandissima atque optima fuerit, seorsum in aream secerni oportet spicas ut semen optimum habeat, Varr. r. 1, 52, 1; hordea, Verg. B. 5, 36;

3. (cf. uegrandis), old, aged, esp. w. natu, sed tu grandior es natu, mediast aetas mulieris, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 37 (corr. by THK); add 2, 2, 37; At ego hunc grandis graudem natu ob furtum ad carnificem dabo, Capt. 5, 4, 22; natu grandior, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 7; homo iam grandior, Ph. 2, 3, 15; non admodum grandem natu, sed tamen iam aetate proeuctum, Cic. sen. 10; grandior aetate ad consulatum constituebant, Phil. 5, 47; iam grandior aeuo, Ov. M. 6, 321; cui grandior aetas, 7, 665; cf. grandaeuus; 4. gen. great, litteræ, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 73; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 74; poclum, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 89; pecunia, Capt. 2, 2, 8; Cic. Verr. 1, 24; fam. 13, 61; Rab. post. 4; impensa, mon. Ancyr. 4, 9; gradus, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 25; Truc. 2, 2, 31; Epid. 1, 1, 11; pondus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; Caecin. 12; N. D. 3, 83; cf. grandio; 5. of the immaterial, gandum, Pl. St. 2, 1, 23; gratiam, Curc. 3, 35; malum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 38; 6. of words, theme, style, grand, cum de rebus grandioribus dicas, Cic. fin. 3, 19; genus dicendi grandis quoddam et illustrius, Brut. 337; Conamur tenues grandia, Hor. od. 1, 6, 9; mox nbi publicas Res ordinari, grande munus Cecropio repetes cothurno, 2, 1, 11; grandesque cothurni, A. P. 80; professus grandia turget, ib. 27; nunc me grandius urget opus, Ov. F. 4, 948; grandia elate, moderata leuiter canit, Quint. 1, 10, 24; add 2, 10, 6; 2, 11, 3; 2, 12, 5 etc.; 7. of the orator, causidicum sequuntur, non illum quidem amplum atque grandem, Cic. orat. 30; quem quo grandior et quodammodo excelsior (orator)...ne physicorum quidem esse ignarum uolo, 119; fuit enim Sulpicius maxime omnium grandis et ut ita dicit tragicus orator, Brut. 203; oratore parum grandi, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 1; fiunt pro grandibus tumidi, Quint. 10, 2, 16; plenior Aeschines...et grandioris similis, 10, 1, 77; 8. akin to G. gross, E. great.

**grandi-sōnus**, adj. [grandis § 6] grandly-sonnding, modi, Sedul. 1, 2.

**granditas**, ātis, f. greatness as of age, aetatis, Sisen. ap. Non. 115; 2. of style, grandeur, uerborum, Cic. Brut. 121; non illi uis, non granditas...defuit, Plin. ep. 6, 21, 5.

**granditer**, adv. greatly, grandly, g. frugi, Sidon. ep. 7, 2; gr. cordi est, 4; affectus, August. conf. 1, 9; 2. of style, quamuis grandius ille sonet, ps. Ov. Sapph. 29.

**grandius-cūlus**? adj. comp. dim. pretty well grown up, in mss of Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19 wh. Fleck cj. with metre reads grandicula.

**grando**, ynīs, f.† (rarely m.\*) [for garand-on-, akin to χαλαζα, i.e. χαλαδ-ia, so that root gar χαλ=E. hail] hail, metuo neque uentum neque grandinem, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 19; si uredo aut grandio cuiquam nocuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 86; quæ terreret animos...nimbis niuibus grandinibus, 2, 14; -- ne coruscus imber alto nubilo cadens, Multus, grandie implicatus albo\*, Varr. ap. Non. 208, 10; crepitans salit horridat grandio, Verg. G. 1, 449; Non uerberate graudine uineae, Hor. od. 3, 1, 29; quia grandio Contuderit uites, ep. 1, 8, 5; tela uolant hiberna† grandine plura, Ov. M. 5, 158; creberimæ grandinis† modo, Liv. 28, 37, 7; hinc grandines pruinae imbres, Plin. 2, 102; ruunt grandines, 2, 103; so in plur. 2, 152; 17, 267 etc.; nimbus cum saxeat† grandine snbito est exortus ingens, Bell. Afr. 47, 1; 2. met. of style, qui grandines Ulissei superat, Auson. ep. 16, 13; 3. for pl., see Cic. Plin. etc. above; 4. Isid. orig. 13, 10 connects it w. granum; Paul. ex F. p. 99 M w. graudis!

**grātificor**, āri, vb. r. [gratificus] play the part of a 'gratificus', do the obliging, or sacrifice, w. dat. of person, num alicui gratificabatur aut homini aut ordini? Cic. Corn. ap. Prisc. 829 P, 1, 435, 24 K; de eo quod ipsis superat aliis gratificari uolunt, Cic. fin. 5, 42; in quo populo potestas honeste bonis gratificandi datur, leg. 3, 39; Pompeio se gratificari putant, fam. 1, 1, 4; gratificare rei publicæ, Hort. ap. Non. 118; gratificatur mihi gestu accusator; inscientem Cn. Pompeium fecisse significat, Balb. 14; Atridis, Quint.



7, 2, 3; 2. give up or sacrifice to please a person, make a present of, concede, w. acc. first of neut. pron. etc., qui gratificantur cuiquam quod obsit illi cui prodesse uelle uideantur, Cic. off. 1, 42; tutum tibi erit si quid uolueris gratificari, fam. 8, 6, 1; cur tibi hoc non gratificer nescio, 1, 10, 1; nihil cuiquam tribuentem, nihil gratificantem, N. D. 1, 123; ne quid pars altera gratificari populo Romano (mss pro i.e. p. Ro, to which Romanis was added by error), Liv. 21, 9 f.; 3. w. other nouns, nimis in gratificando iure liber, Cic. Corn. ap. Ascon. 936, 17 ed. Bait.; quod campum Tiberinum gratificata esset ea populo, old annal. ap. Plin. 34, 25; 4. so far w. dat. of pers., also w. abstract dat., concede to gratify a feeling, or promote an object, potentiae paucorum decus atque libertatem suam, Sal. Jug. 3 f.; odii Seiani, Tac. an. 4, 19; 5. Prisc. 802 P, 1, 401, 23 K attributes cur ego gratificor to Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 20 who has Ludis fortasse me.

**gratificus**, adj. doing what is agreeable, obliging, implied in gratificor; also: g. ab eo quod gratis faciat bonum, Isid. orig. 10, 114; dominus, Opt. Porph. pan. ad Const. Ang. 1, 6; pectus, Paul. Petr. uit. S. Mart. 2, 716; 2. a cognomen, Fotidius G., inscr. Mur. 1510, 4.

**gratilis**, (gratieis), later gratis, as adv. [abl. pl. of gratia] for mere thanks, without cost or payment, with nothing to show for it, gratis, Gratis a me ut sit liber ducito, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 28; Neque triobolium ullum amicae das et ductas gratieis (so A), Poen. 4, 2, 46; add Most. 1, 3, 19; As. pr. 5; 1, 3, 38 and 42; Pers. 2, 4, 14; Epid. 3, 4, 38; et meam ductes gratiis, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 15; Aliquo abiiciundast, si non pretio, gratiis, Ad. 4, 7, 26; non didici ariolari gratiis (so for metre, mss gratis), Pomp. ap. Non. 514, 23; so far trisyl. as proved also by metre; 2. as disyl., neminem nostrum inuenietis sine pretio huc prodire, ...Ego ipse...non gratis prodes? Graec. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 3; gratis, Capitolium...gratis exaedificari...; tibi gratis stare nauem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 48; habitent gratis in alieno, off. 2, 83; melius habent mercede delinquere quam gratis recte facere, Sal. or. M. Licin.; Et tantum gratis pagina nostra placet, Mart. 5, 16, 18; add 10, 3, 12; gratisne ei agendum sit? Quint. 12, 7, 8; si gratis res susceptae sint, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 3, 1; opposed to pecunia accepta, id. 29, 4, 4, 1; ut...proscriptorum liberos gratis et sine mercede ulla in disciplinam receperit, Suet. gram. 13.

**grāuastellus**, so in Paul. ex F. p. 96=rauastellus, grey-eyed; grauascela (grauastello?) graues, id est, anni(s), Placid. 467 absurdly; note that rauus may have grown out of grauus, witness our grey.

**gymnāsium**, (gumn. or gimn.? at least for Pl. and Catul.) ii, n. [γυμνασιον] wrestling-school, gymnasium, Nam omnis plateas perreptaui, gymnasia et muropolia, Aput emporium atque in macello, in palaestra atque in foro, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; Per medicinas per constrinas in gymnasio atque in foro, Epid. 2, 2, 14; add Bac. 3, 3, 20; olea dominum et in balneis et ad gymnasium sequitur, Varr. r. 1, 55, 4; Ego gimnas(e)i fui flos, ego eram decus olei, Catul. 63, 64; seculis multis ante gymnasia inuenta sunt quam in iis philosphi garrire coeperunt, Cic. or. 2, 21; Multa tuae Sparte miramur iura palaestrae, Sed mage uirginci tot bona gymnasia, Prop. 3, 14, 1; ad discutienda ea quae...coerunt, maxime possunt...sordes ex gymnasio, Cels. 5, 11; add 5, 15; adsueta gymnasiai et oleo corpora, Quint. 11, 3, 26; 2. gen. same employed as schools of philosophy etc., cum illi in dicendo incidere loci ut de diis immortalibus...sit dicendum, clamabant omnia gymnasia atque omnes philosophorum scholae sua esse haec, Cic. or. 1, 56; illa quae uix in gymnasiai et in otio Stoici probant, parad. pr. 3; studia sapientiae in porticum et in gymnasia...recesserunt, Quint. 12, 2, 8; 3. as a place of burial for the great, in

nobilissimo gymnasio Academiae...eum combussimus, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12 f.; publice in gymnasio quod Timoleontem adpellatur...sepultus est, ps. Nep. Timol. 5, 4; 4. at times distinguished from palaestra, see Pl. Amph. above; abero foro palaestra stadio et gimnasiai, Catul. 63, 60; quae tibi palaestrae gymnasiae uidebuntur esse, Cic. Att. 1, 10, 3; 5. an exhibition of wrestling etc., populo gymnasium epulum dedit, inscr. Or. 2547; g. populo, aepulas (sic) decurionibus dedit, ib.; populo g. epulum dedit, 6599; 6. met., Totus doleo atque oppido perii, ita me iste habuit senex gymnasium, Pl. Aul. 3, 1, 5; Gymnasium (so Fleck.) flagri salue tu (mss salueto), Pl. As. 2, 2, 31.

**gymnasticus**, (gumn.) adj. of gymnasts, arte, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 72; exercitū, Rud. 2, 1, 7.

**gynaecium**, ii (better cineceum; also gynaecium), n. [γυναικείον, perh. also γυναικίον; cf. κρηβύτιον=caduceus—hence Lat. qty] women's quarter or apartments, Cineceum adificare uult hic in suis (sc. aedibus), Pl. Most. 3, 2, 68; add 72; Quoiusmodi gynaecium (so B)? quid porticum? Insanum bonam, 3, 3, 5; Vbi in gynaecium (ginecem D) ire occipio, puer ad me accurrit Mida, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 22; 2. a haem, matres familias nobiles in gynaecium rapiabantur, Laet. mort. pers. 21; 3. factory for weaving imperial robes (chiefly by women-slaves), praepositus gynaccio, Th. C. 9, 27, 5 (7); add 11, 7, 5.

**gynaeciarius**, adj. (gynaecium § 3) as sb. m. a male slave attached to the imperial weaving-factory, Th. C. 11, 7, 3 and 13.

**gynaecius**, adj. as sb. m., the same, baphii et gynaecii, 11, 7, 2.

**gyrus**, (girus) i, m. [γυρος; akin to circus and curro] a round or circle, esp. in exercising horses, Frena Pelethronii Lapithae gyrosque (gyrosque, Ribb.) dedere Impositi dorso atque equitem docuere sub armis Insultare solo, Verg. G. 3, 115; in gyros ire coactus equus, Ov. a. a. 3, 384; sed nec uariare gyros in morem nostrum docentur equi, Tac. G. 6; Optima gens flexis in gyrum Sequana frenis, Lucan. 1, 425; 2. of the ground itself, Gyrum pulsat equis, Prop. 3, 14, 11; cf. campus pulsatus equis, Ov. M. 6, 219; equi pulsabant pedibus spatium, 6, 487; 3. met., seu bruma niuaem Interiore diem gyro trahit, Hor. s. 2, 6, 26; Ille nocturnas agitare bigas Discit et gyro breuiore flecti, Sen. Phaedr. 318; ex ingenti quodam oratorem campo in exiguum gyrum compellitis, Cic. or. 3, 70; homines secundis rebus efreptos...tamquam in gyrum (giram, Bait.) rationis et doctrinae duci oportere, off. 1, 90; attrahe lora Fortius et gyro curre poeta tuo, Ov. rem. am. 398; Cur tua praescriptos euecta est pagina gyro(s), (N. uiro 1 m.; giro 2 m.; Lachm. praescripto seuecta...gyro !), Prop. 3, 21; Me mea Calliope, cura leuiore uagantem, lam reuocat paruoque iubet decurrere gyro, Colum. 10, 226; Iamdiu lato satiata campo...Erato...ingens opus in minores Contrabe gyros, Stat. silu. 4, 7, 4; 4. gen. of circular movement, anguis...Septem ingens gyros septena nolumina traxit, Verg. 5, 85; Et redit in gyrum (fera) ne sit suus impetus hosti, Ov. M. 7, 784; ducensque per aera gyros Miluus, am. 2, 6, 33; (grues) mansuefactae...gyros quosdam indecoro cursu peragunt, Plin. 10, 59; (apes) gyris uolatu editis..., 11, 68; ne tu in illis dialecticae gyris consenescas, Gell. 8, 16, 17; 5. a mere circle, turbo Quem pueri magno in gyro (giro, c. Ribb.) uacua atria circum...exercent, Verg. 7, 379; si fronde ea (sc. fraxini) gyro cludatur iguis et serpens, in ignis (ignem?) potius quam in fraxinum fugere serpentem, Plin. 16, 64; in gyrum Euripo addito, Suet. Caes. 39; Dein simili gyro uenient aliorum uices, Phaedr. 4, 26, 25; 6. the form w. i is essential to the hexameter of modern Latin: moths flitting round a candle sing: In girum imus nocte ece et consumimur igni, wh. so reads the same backwards.



## H.

**H**, the eighth letter of the Latin alphabet; orig. a guttural aspirate=Greek H of old so used, as in *Ἡκατον*, and Hebr. cheth; bnt in Latiu prob. silent; hence the doubt in Quint. 1, 5, 19 si h littera est, non nota; and Char. 8, 19 K, h non littera existimatur; nos h quasi litteram ponimus, 265, 21; h aspirationis magis est nota, Prisc. 1, 8, 23 K; h nihil aliud habet literae nisi figuram, 1, 12, 20; auctoritas tam Varronis quam Macri nec k nec q nec h in numero adhibet litterarum, 1, 13, 9; add 1, 35, 24; Prob. 50, 15 and 30; 222, 4; Don. 392, 26; Serg. 477, 20; Mar. Vict. 2452, 38 P, 2455, 13; but h interdum consonans, interdum adspirationis creditur nota, Don. 368, 9; **2**. hence rarely if ever makes position in verse and is subject to elision; yet in very late writers, as Plotius, h makes position as: Schemata carminibus cecini haec uobis plane, p. 253 Gaisf.; Dardanidum fortissime magnae gentis Hector, p. 251; and prob. in Quae harum (mss quarum) facie pulcherrima Deiopea, p. 253 (cf. L. Müller, Rhein. mus. 27, 285); **3**. consequently duplicate forms common, as halica, alica, Char. 96, 9; harena arena, 103, 21; add harundo, haruspex, Hannibal, Hadria and arundo etc.; **4**. in old lang. never used after p, e, t, Ego ipse, cum scirem ita maiores loentos esse ut nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratione uterentur, loquebar sic ut pulcos Cetegos triumphos Kartaginem dicerem, aliquando...conuicio aurium cum extorta mihi ueritas esset, usum loquendi populo concessi, scientiam mihi reseruauit, Cic. orat. 160; Graculus sine aspiratione dici debere Varro ait, Char. 82, 7; pulchrum Varro adspirari debere negat, 73, 17; inchoo: sic dicendum putat Iulius Modestus...; sed Verrius et Flaccus in postrema syllaba adspirandum probauerunt, Diom. 365, 16; omnia nomina post e litteram habentia h peregrina sunt, Prob. 10, 20; add 14, 33; **5**. in Gk. words ch (as also ph, th, rh), was pronounced as a strong aspiration, chori, thymos, Phyllis, rhombus quae profundo spiritu anhelis fauceibus, exploso ore funduntur, Mar. Vict. 2455, 19—misread by Diez Gr. 1, 255; **6**. hence, triumphe, CIL 28; braciū, 198, 52; Pulcer, 522; Polcer, 552; pulerai, 1007; sepulchrum, 1007; yet sepulchrum, 1107; **7**. but even in Greek words the h in such cases was in the old l. dropt, as Antioco, CIL 35; Baccanal, 196, 3 etc., Termeuses, 204, 2 etc., Cartago, 200, 89; teatro, 571; clamidatus, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 8; clamide, Mil. 5, 1, 30; **II 8**. interchangeable w. Gr. χ as hienps χειμ-ων, hirundo χελιδων, humi χαμαι, her-i hest-ernus χθες (wh. t and θ are exrescent); **9**. often represents a Gr. φ and older Lat. and Sabine f, φρισσω horresco, hordeum and horreum by the side of fordeum and far, herba φορβη fm. φερβω; cf. ireus quod Sabini fireus, quod illic fedus in Latio rure edus (al. hedus), Varr. l. 5, 19, p. 99 Sp.; quin fordeum faedusque (dicebant) pro aspiratione f nt simili littera utentes, Quiut. 1, 4, 14; (harena), ut testis est Varro a Sabinis fareua dicitur, Vel. Long. 2230, 17 P; add 2238, 43; **10**. w. Gr. digamma, hom-o (cf. Ital. uomo) *fav-ηρ*; **11**. at times spersedes c, as hic etc. by the side of citra citerior etc., cf. Ital. qui; **12**. corresponds to g of Gothic, Eng. etc., hostis hos-pes Go. gast-s, E. guest; hortus Go. veina-gards, E. gard-en, hom-o, Go. gum-a; ans-er for hanser (cf. S. hansa), G. gans, E. goose, gand-er; **III 13**. in Romance langg. h though at times retained, gen. silent; yet still heard in Wal. hebet (hebes), heredie (heres); so in Fr. halater (halitare), hennir (hinnire), héros; **14**. in Ital. gen. dropt; Orazio, Omero, oggi (hodie), avere, amo, crede, irto, irsuto, ora, ospite; so in F. avoir, on (old hom); **IV 15**. abbrev. forms, first for hic haec etc., aduorsum h(ance) l(egem), CIL 197, 18; add 198, 5 etc.; inscr. Or. 7421; h(ic) l(ocns), 3926; 4455; 4561; h(oc) monumentum etc. 1175; 3792; h(ic) s(itns) 479; add 2664, 3475; **16**. for hora etc., post solem ortum h(oris) X diei, CIL 206, 67; **17**. for heres etc., h(eres) f(ieri), c(urauit), inscr. Or. 69; add 154; 165; h(eredem) n(on) s(equitur), 2807; add

3926; 4182; **18**. for Hercules etc., curatori fani H(er- culis) V(alentis), 2761; add 3933; 3964; **19**. for honor etc., h(onore) (usus) s(umptum) r(emisit), 2251; **20**. for Hispania etc., prouincia H(ispaniae) c(iterioris), 798; add 155; 3652; **21**. HAR. for haruspex, har(uspex) prim(arius), 2292; add 5633 a; **22**. hast. for hastatus etc., leg(ionis) IIII...hast., 3455; add 3592; **23**. Her. for Herius a praenomen, C. Placutius Her. f., CIL 62 (bis); **24**. hon. for honoratus, M. Ael. Rusticus hon(oratus) IIII (quartum), inscr. Or. 1567; add 7182; **25**. Hopl. for hoplomachus, Clonius Hopl. Vet(eranus) 2566; **26**. Hor. for Horatia tribu, C. Turpidi P. f. Hor., CIL 1422; Q. Laronius Q. f. Hor. Quadratus, inscr. Or. 1492; add 2217; **27**. horol. for horologium, 3298; **28**. HS, i.e. the numeral II w. s for semis, habes=semistertius 2½.

**ha**, (also written a and ah) interj. ah! oh! ha (so mss) nimum Stasime saeuiter, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 53; **2**. ha hae or ha ha he etc., of laughing, ha hae (so A) nunc demum mihi animus in tuto locost, Pl. Ps. 4, 5, 1; Ha ha ha (so BC) requieui quia intro abiit odium meum, Truc. 2, 1, 1; Vt ego hodie te accipiam lepide ubi eefexis (so Bothe, mss effereris) hoc opus, ha ha he (—), Pl. 4, 1, 36; Ha ha he! iam teneo quid sit, perspexi modo, Poen. 3, 5, 23; Lepus tute es, pulpamentum quaeris! Ha ha hae (—), Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 36; Ha ha he (—). Quid risisti? Serui uenere in mentem Syri Calliditates, Haut. 5, 1, 13; Ha ha hae homo suauis. Quid est? num iniquum postulo? Ph. 2, 3, 64; Ha ha hae tun mihi istuc? Recte amasti Pamphile uxorem tuam, Hec. 5, 4, 22; interiectio...habahae...in comico carmine solo collocari potest, (Prob.) nit. syl. 1429 P, 255, 31 K.

**habeo**, ēre, ui, Itus, vb. [hab=cap of capere; suff. e constitutes a static vb., cf. iace-re iac-ere, sede-re sid-ere, pende-re pend-ere etc.; hab.=ἀφ of ἀφη and ἀφ root of ἀπτω; perh. also ἐχ of ἐχω σ(ε)χ-ησω usually referred to ἀφ] hold, keep hold of, first w. the hands, Quis regere immensi summam, quis habere profundi Indu mauu ualidas potis est moderanter habeanas? Lucr. 2, 1097; commo-dissimum esse quam laxissimas habenas habere amicitiae, Cic. am. 45; **2**. hence of those more or less prisoners, Non placet qui amicos intra dentis conclusos habet, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 64; Quid ego, sub gemmane apstrussos habeo tuam matrem et patrem? Curc. 4, 2, 8; add Merc. 2, 3, 26; inelusum in curia senatum habuerunt, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 8; domitas habere libidines, or. 1, 194; ipsos in uinculis habendos, Sal. Cat. 51, 43; in custodiis habendos, 52, 14; add 47, 3; clausum laeu ac montibus et circumfusum suis copiis habuit hostem, Liv. 22, 4, 5; in custodia habitus, Tac. h. 1, 58; qui eum uinctum habebit, Gell. 20, 1, 45; habebantur in uinculis dies sexaginta, ib. 46; the constr. w. in and acc. prob. ill-founded, thus Madv. (emend. Liv. 256) has: magistrum equitum...prope in custodia habitum, Liv. 22, 25, 7; quosdam se in custodia habiturum, 34, 27, 7; cf. 8, 15, 8; and all the mss have: quo facilius omne Hadriaticum mare in potestate haberet, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 3; and we should prob. read: in custodia habitus, Tac. h. 1, 87; but quum talem uirum in potestatem habuisset (had got into his power), Sal. Jug. 112, 3, is different; **3**. gen. hold, have got, have possession of, be master of, possess, hold possession of, Haben hominem amabo? Quid ni habeam? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 7; Hostis habet muros, Verg. 2, 290; **4**. met. Quamquam illum mater arte contenteqne habet Patres ut consueuerunt, Pl. As. 1, 1, 65—keeps a tight hand on him; habeo uiros, Cas. 2, 8, 34—have got them in my clutches so that they cannot escape; **5**. w. abstract nom., Totum sudor habet corpus, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 3, 3; animus...rektor humani generis agit atque habet cuncta neque ipse habetur, Sal. Jug. 2, 3; animalia somnus habebat, Verg. 3, 147; et habet mortalia casus (al. al.), Lucan.



2, 13; Terror habet uates, Stat. Th. 3, 549; **6.** keep (in a state), as first w. adj., tu quidem me miserum habes multis modis, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 2; add As. 5, 2, 19; Cas. 1, 28; 3, 3, 27 etc.; Ita me mea forma habet sollicitum, Mil. 4, 2, 95; add Men. 4, 2, 20; me sollicitum habitum esse, Cato orat. ap. Char. 190 P, 213 K; quid...fuit praeter querellam temporum quae non meum animum magis sollicitum haberent quam tuum? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 1; add fam. 7, 3, 1; mare infestum habebimus, Att. 9, 19, 3; Apollonidenses...misciores quam Mithridates, Flac. 71; socialia prospere composita non ideo laetum Germanicum habebant..., Tac. an. 2, 57; nihil aequo Tiberium anxium habebat, 2, 65, 1; **7.** w. adv., Nam quomodo sedulo mundifere nos habemus, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 26; Quid ego nunc cum illo agam? Idem quod semper: male habes, Men. 4, 1, 11; add Most. 3, 2, 20; Trin. 2, 1, 33; As. 5, 1, 16; Rud. 1, 3, 15; **8.** esp. w. male, hoc malo habet uirum, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 5; add Hec. 4, 2, 30; quod te aetas male habet, Pac. ap. Non. 31; uti equitatu agmen aduersariorum male haberet, Cacs. b. c. 1, 63, 2; (lethargicos) sine usu male habere, Cels. 3, 20; quos aqua iuter cutem male habet, 3, 21, 1; exite ignaui, male habiti—ill-conditioned—, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 1; equum male habitum—ill-kept—, Sab. Masur. ap. Gell. 4, 20, 11; **9.** w. bene, treat well, indulge, Nam hanc (sc. seuis) se bene (so mss w. A) habere aetatem nimios aequis, Pl. Merc. 3, 2, 6; si te bene habes, Mil. 3, 1, 123; Vt bene me habere filia(i) nuptiis, Aul. 2, 3, 2; **10.** w. perf. part., eosque cdl uiros...omnis in taboleis puplicis scriptos... habeto, CIL 198, 15; tribntim discriptos habeto, 18; eam semitam...constratam...habeto, 206, 54; **11.** hold as property, possess, have, agrum locum queiuomque habebit possidebit, CIL 200, 50; quod...iei habuerunt possederunt, 204, 1, 18; multa bona bene parta habemus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 66; Omnia habeo, nequo quicquam habeo, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 12; uirgo nihil habet, Ad. 4, 7, 10; fundum habet in agro Thurino, Cic. Tull. 14; **12.** often strengthened by cum and refl. pron., habeatis sano istum uobiscum senatore, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 77; ille (meos amores) habet secum seruetque sepulcro, Verg. 4, 29; **13.** esp. keep to oneself (as a secret), Tecum habeto. Et tu hoc taceto. Tacitum erit. Celabitur, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 64; Tecum tamen habeto hoc...ubi iuraueris, Rud. 5, 2, 65; Secreto hoc audi, tecum habeto, ne Apellae quidem liberto tuo dixeris, Cic. fam. 7, 25, 2; uerum haec tu tecum habeto, Att. 4, 5, 6; and still more defined: Sed hoc tu tecum tacitum habeto, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 68; **14.** often strengthened by dat. of refl. pron., haue for oneself alone, haue all to oneself, habeo (uidulum)... et si tuus est habes tibi, Pl. Rnd. 5, 3, 2; oratores accipis; habes tibi, Stic. 4, 2, 35; Sibi sua habent regna reges, sibi diuitias diuites, Sibi honores, sibi uirtutes, sibi pugnas, sibi proelia, Curc. 1, 3, 20; Mil. 1, 1, 23; Aurum atque nestem muliebrem onuem habet sibi, 4, 3, 6; add Mere. 5, 4, 28 and 30; Pers. 1, 3, 84; Ps. 4, 6, 12; Bac. 5, 2, 24; Most. 1, 1, 44; Men. 4, 3, 16; Rud. 4, 4, 77; clamare cooperunt sibi ut haberet hereditatem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 47; pacem sibi habeat, Liv. 9, 11, 8; **15.** hence a formula in divorce, Valeas, tibi habeas res tuas, reddas meas—says Alcumeua—, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 47; and met. Apage te amor: tuas res tibi habeto, Trin. 2, 1, 31; illam mimam (so Halm ej., mss suam) suas res sibi habere iussit, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; **16.** w. perf. pass. part. for a perf. act. as in modern languages, but always w. the notion that the thing completed remains in one's possession, quod me hortaris ut absoluum, habeo absolutum suauere eros ad Caesarem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 6; ut ante Kalendas Sextilis omnes decumas ad aquam deportatas haberent, Verr. 2, 3, 36; nomina in eodicem digesta habes, Rosc. com. 9; (nomen) in aduersariis scriptum habebas, ib.; ea quae conlecta habent Stoici, diu. 2, 145; cum eum numerum habet exclusum, Varr. r. 3, 5, 5; uineam ante brunam ablaqueatam habeto, Colum. arb. 10, 4; **17.** in Colum. and in later writers w. imperf. pass. part., haue (to—) haue as a duty to be done, de spatiis ordinum eatenus praeciendum habemus ut intellegant agricolae..., 5, 5, 3; si nunc primum statu-

endum haberemus, Tac. an. 14, 44; cum sua uoce respondendum haberent, orat. 36; cum cnitendum haberemus ut..., Plin. ep. 1, 9, 12; impetrandum a bonitate tua habet quod illi fortunae malignitas denegauit, ro, 94 (95), 2; **18.** w. inf., haue (to), be able (to), haec fero habui dicere de natura deorum, Cic. N. D. 3, 93; habeo dicere quem...de ponte in Tiberim deiecerit, Rosc. Am. 100; add Balb. 33; de causa regia tantum habeo polliceri me..., fam. 1, 5, 3; add Att. 2, 22, 6; Sic placet, an melius quis habet suadere? Hor. epod. 16, 23; **19.** haue w. double predicat., haue (for), haue (as), potius quam te inimicum habeam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 94; cum haberet collegam in praetura Sophoclem, Cic. off. 1, 144; an heredem habuerit...eum a quo dicitur occisus, Quint. 7, 2, 37; **20.** haue (on one), wear, of dress etc., neue is in poplico luuci praetextam neue soleas h(abet)o, CIL 197, 5; Is habet coronam uitulans uictoria, Enn. tr. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 369 M; Virtute formae id enenit te ut deceat quicquid habes, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 17; Manuectam tunicam habere hominem addeet, Ps. 2, 4, 48; Itidem habet petasum ac uestitum, Amph. 1, 1, 257; **21.** met. haue in hand, deal with, treat, Is uti tu me hic habueris, proinde illum illi curauerit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 64; Enimuero di nos quasi pilas homines habent, pr. 22; exercitum luxuriose nimisque liberaliter habuerat, Sal. Cat. 11, 5; quomodo rempublicam habuerint, 5, 9; exercitus sine imperio et modestia habitus, Iug. 4, 1; eos ille accurate ac liberaliter habuit, 103, 5; add 113, 2; filiam omni liberali cultu habuit, Liv. 45, 28 f.; **22.** bear, take, si alibi Plus perdidim, minus aegre habeam, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 17; neque cuiquam mortalium iniuriae suae paruae uidentur; multi eas grauius aequo habuere, Sal. Cat. 51, 11; ita aegre habuit filium id pro parente asum, Liv. 7, 5, 7; quae non sefellere Eumenei; et quamquam dissimulare et tacite habere (al. al.) statuerat, tamen..., 42, 16, 9; quae in praesens Tiberius ciuilliter habuit, Tac. an. 4, 21; **23.** hold, preside over, conduct, Concilium quod habere uolumus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 3; nequis eorum Baccaual habuisse uelet, CIL 196, 2; (quei) eandem prouin(ciam) habebit, 198, 67; magistratum, 198, 8; comitia, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 134; Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 1; sic census habitus est te praetore, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 138; h. senatum, fam. 1, 4, 1; Q. fr. 2, 13, 3; Brut. 218; Cacs. b. c. 1, 2, 1; delectum, Cic. Phil. 5, 31; Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 1; concilia, b. g. 5, 53, 4; consulatum, Liv. 7, 32, 13; **24.** keep (a holiday, festival etc.), Cras habuero uxor ego tamen conuiuium, Pl. Cas. 4, 2, 8; ut hunc hodie diem Luculentum habeamus, Epid. 1, 2, 55; hunc festum diem Habeamus hilarem, Poen. 5, 6, 30; **25.** haue, ut amans, Duxi, habui scortum, Pl. Bac. 4, 10, 5; quis heri Chrysidem habuit? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 58; cum esset obiectum habere eum Laida, Habeo inquit, non habeo a Laide, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 2; nos Amaryllis habet, Verg. B. 1, 31; te cum posset habere, Tib. 1, 2, 67; **26.** hold (a conversation), make (a speech), quid habet sermonis auscultabo, Pl. Poen. 4, 1, 6; orationem, 4, 2, 23; Epid. 3, 2, 19; sermonem, Titin. ap. Non. 392, 15; contionem, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 6; agr. 2, 1; Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 3; 3, 73, 1; Liv. 24, 22, 1; 27, 13, 1; *διαλογος*, Cic. Att. 5, 5, 2; sermones, Quint. 10, 3, 32; 11, 2, 24; uerba, Liv. 10, 24, 4; Quint. 11, 1, 37; **27.** h. rem (cum aliquo), haue business (with), haue to do (with), deal (with), Cum optumis uiris rem habebis, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 18; add Most. 3, 1, 121; Merc. 3, 1, 36\*; Bac. 3, 6, 33\*; sensi me tecum quoque Rem habere, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 58\*; including dealings cum muliere, as in exx. \*; **28.** habere se nearly = est, be, stand—esp. w. res—scm quo modo tibi res se habet? Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 8; add Trui. 3, 20; Bac. 4, 9, 140; Aul. 3, 4, 2; Priusquam tuum animum ut sese habeat ad nuptias perspexerit, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 4; add Ph. 5, 4, 1; Haut. 4, 3, 24; male se res habet, Cic. or. 2, 313; add Att. 13, 35, 2; fam. 3, 5, 3; off. 2, 22 etc.; Liv. 5, 5, 9; 7, 13, 7; 9, 7, 3; **29.** h. absol. for h. se, Bene hoc habet, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 31; Opinione melius res habeat tua Si hoc impetremus (so Gepp. ej., mss impetramus), Cas. 2, 5, 30; Ornatus hic me satis condecet? Optume habet, Ps. 4, 1, 25; bene habent tibi principia, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 82; bene habet, lacta sunt fundamenta defusionis, Cic. Mur. 14; bcue habet, di pium



mouere bellum, Liv. 8, 6, 5; add 8, 9, 1; bene habet, nil plus interrogo, Iuv. 10, 72; bene habet, non inrita uouit, Stat. Th. 11, 557; add Quiut. 9, 2, 26; magnum narras, uix credibile. Atqui Sic habet, Flor. s. 1, 9, 53; cf. *οἶστος εχει, εὐ εχει*; **30.** inhabit, occupy, live in, first w. acc. of place, Quae Corinthum (Corinthi, Lamb. cj.) arcem altam habebant matronae opulentae optumates, Eun. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; malos loca tetra inculta atque formidolosa habere, Sal. Cat. 52, 13; quae loca, quae habent homines, Verg. 7, 131; **31.** absol. = habito, live, reside, dwell, ubi nunc adulescens habet, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 156; haec sunt aedes, hic habet, 2, 2, 109; haec meretrix quae hic habet Phronesium, Truc. 1, 1, 58; add Bac. 1, 2, 6; Aul. pr. 5; Men. pr. 69; ubi isti duo adulescentes habent? Naev. ap. Charis. 189 P, 213, 1 K; add Afran. and Acc. ap. Non. 318, 4; apud aedem Iunonis Lucinae ubi aeditum habere solet, Varr. l. 5, 8 p. 37 Sp.; qui...formam...castrorum et partium qua Poeni qua Numidae habent...specularentur, Liv. 30, 4, 2; but in Cic. Att. 2, 9, 2 habitatura, not habitura; **32.** absol., have (property), Miserum istuc uerbum et pessimumst habuisse et nihil habere, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 34; qui habet ulmo appetitur; qui est pauper, aspernatur, Cic. ap. Prisc. 792 P, 1, 383, 3 K; nos quod simus, quod habeamus quod homines existimemus, Cnr. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 29, 1; amor habendi, Verg. 8, 327; Hor. ep. 1, 7, 85; Vnde habebas quaerit nemo, sed oportet habere, Iuv. 14, 207; curam habendi, Phaedr. 3, pr. 21; habere eripitur, habuisse numquam, Sen. ep. 98, 11; **33.** so habet or hoc habet, has caught it, is hit, (met. from combat of gladiators), orantem...gramiter ferit atque ita fatur: Hoc habet; haec melior magnis data uictima diuis, Verg. 12, 296; Hoc habet exclamat uictrix regina, supremus hic tibi finis erit, Prud. Ps. 53; and met., Hoc habet: repperi qui senem dicerem, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 26; certe captus est: habet, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 56—wh. Don.: id est vulneratus est; habet enim qui percussus est, et proprie do gladiatoribus dicitur; **II 34.** of the mind, esp. h. in animo, have in mind, be thinking of, purpose, intend, Quod quisque in animo aut habet aut habiturus, sciunt, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 169; istum exheredare in animo habebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 52; Luceium seito consulatum habere in animo petere, Att. 1, 17, 11; add Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 18, 1; consolatō quam semper in ore atque in animo habere debemus, fam. 5, 16, 2; hoc neque ipse transire habebat in animo neque..., Caes. b. g. 6, 7, 5; parere uictis in animo habebat, Liv. 33, 10, 4; so in 44, 25, 1 Madvig cj. reads in animo, not in animo alone; **35.** esp. h. animum bonum (etc.), be of good cheer, keep up one's spirits etc., Volo puerum mittere ut habeat animum bonum, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 86; add 2, 5, 2; Epid. 2, 2, 1; 4, 2, 31; Rud. 3, 3, 25; Ps. 3, 2, 78 etc.; habet quietum animum modo, Cas. 2, 6, 29; magnum fac animum habes, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, f.; **36.** of knowledge, know, understand, hence at close of what is said, Nomen iam habetis: nunc rationes ceteras Accipite, Pl. Poen. pr. 55; Rationem habetis quo modo unum amiserit, Capt. pr. 23; Habes omnem rem, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 119; habes res Romanas, Cic. Att. 1, 15, 6 (5 by error in Baiter's ed.); **37.** heuce hold (an opinion), understand, be assured of, esp. in imper., unum hoc sic habeto, me..., Cic. fam. 2, 6 f.; tantum habeto ciuem egregium esse Pompeium, 2, 8, 2; add 2, 10, 1; 7, 18, 1; 13, 29, 2; hi sic habeant, eam..., Cacl. 3; illud uelim sic habes, additum potius aliquid...quam quicquam esse detractum, fam. 3, 13, 2; add N. D. 3, 86; **38.** so w. interr. clause, quid agam habeo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 18; de pueris quid agam nou habeo, Cic. Att. 7, 19; quid huc responderet, non habebat, Mur. 26; habeo ipse quid sentiam, non habeo quid tibi assentiar, N. D. 3, 64 (so miss, quod...quod, Ern. and Baiter); **39.** hold in the light of, look upon as, regard as, treat as, use as, first w. adj. or sb., Sacrum profanum, populum priuatum habent, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 9; Iudigna digna habenda sunt erus quae facit, Capt. 2, 1, 5; dubium habebis etiam, 4, 2, 112; Semper enim dictast esse haec atque habitast soror, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 14; suauia in praesentia Quae essent prima habere, Haut. 5, 2, 10; add Ph. 2, 2, 31; ea quae mollis habeatur disciplina, Cic. fin. 1, 37; maximam uoluptatem illam habemus quae..., ib.; cum in epulis rocusaret Iyram est habitus

indoctor, Tusc. 1, 4; habiti sunt bellicosi, fam. 5, 11 f.; **40.** w. in and abl., as one of, quod in medioeribus oratoribus habitus esset, Cic. Brut. 100; oratorum in numero est habitus, ib. 78; hoc uelim in maximis rebus habes, Att. 5, 5 f.; add N. D. 1, 36; Caes. b. g. 1, 28; w. numero alone, Cic. Att. 11, 6, 6; Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 7; **41.** w. pro, Pro exercitu gymnastico et palaestico hoc habemus, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 7; iam herede ego nos pro matula habeo nisi mihi matulam datis, Most. 2, 1, 39; qui bona pro stercore habet, foras iubet ferri, Truc. 2, 7, 5; add 4, 4, 14; Pers. 2, 1, 2; Merc. 3, 4, 70; laserpitium pro pulmentario habet, Cato orig. ap. Char. 56 P, 73, 8 K; Quam ego animo egregie caram pro uxore habuerim, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 37; Pompeium pro certo habemus per Illyricum proficisci in Galliam, Cic. Att. 10, 6 f.; istue pro facto habeo, 13, 1, 2; add Mat. ad Cic. Att. 9, 15 A; se illum non pro amico sed pro hoste habiturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 11; ut quem suorum fugientem uiderint, pro hoste habeant, Liv. 2, 20, 5; pro non dicto habendum esse, 23, 22, 9; ut...pro haud dubio habitum sit, 8, 36, 3; **42.** ex quo mihi inter uirtutes grammaticae habebitur aliqua nescire, Quiut. 1, 8, 21; nou habenda sunt inter magna praesidia, 5, 12, 12; add 8, 6, 31 and 62; **43.** w. ex, illa quaestio, ex mediis artibus...habenda sit rhetorice, an...uirtus, Quint. 2, 10, 1; **44.** w. dat. Qui lubet ludibrio habere me? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 45; add Epid. 5, 2, 1; Cas. 5, 1, 13; me...despicatui (so A). Cas. 2, 2, 15; me despicatui, Men. 4, 3, 19; Vtrum, studione id sibi habet an laudi putat Fore, si..., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 28; ludibrio, Hee. 4, 1, 11; 4, 2, 6; nec eam rem habuit religio, Cic. diu. 1, 77; add off. 2, 51; qui sermonem eurae habent, Quint. pr. 16; **45.** w. gen. of value, non habeo nanci Marsum angurem, Cic. diu. 1, 132; cuius auctoritas magni habebatur, Caes. b. g. 4, 21, 7; **III 46.** special phrases, h. fidem cui, have faith in—trust, believe, Quod sese apseste mihi fidem habere noluisset, Pl. As. 3, 2, 38; Quia ci fidem nou habere argenti, Pers. 5, 2, 8; Crimini fidem me habuisse, Bac. 4, 3, 15; add 4, 3, 22; forsā hūc mihi parum habet fidem, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 117; iuri iurando meo Se fidem habuisse, Hee. 5, 4, 30; habere nisis fidem, Cic. acad. pr. 88; considerandum est quanta fides ei sit habenda, Att. 8, 3, 2; add 13, 37, 2; fam. 5, 20, 2; 7, 18, 1; **47.** w. the thing to be believed as nom., obtaiu credit, be believed, debet habere fidem nostra praedictio, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 7; (bitterae) quam (habere) fidem possuunt? Flac. 21; quae (uisa) fidem nullam habebunt, acad. pr. 58; **48.** h. gratiam, feel grateful, be grateful, em huic habeto gratiam, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 58; add 2, 2, 1; Aesculapio huic habeto quom pudica's gratiam, Cure. 5, 3, 21; add Capt. 2, 3, 13; 3, 5, 54; dis gratiam habeo, Ter. Hee. 3, 2, 11; Et habetur et referetur Thais tibi, ut merita es, gratia, Eun. 4, 6, 12; magna dis immortalibus habenda est gratia, Cic. Cat. 1, 11; qui quamquam gratia deferri tanta non potest quae debetur, habenda tamen est quantam maximam animi nostri capere possunt, Phil. 3, 4; **49.** h. honorem, see honor; **50.** h. rationem, first have an account, keep an account, habebant rationem piratarum qui securi ferirentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 71; habui rationem eorum annorum per quos iste in Sicilia fuisset, 2, 2, 182; huus ego pecunia non habui rationem uque habere potui, 2, 2, 153; **51.** take account (of), rationem haberi absentis non tam pugnauit liceret quam ut...haberetur, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 5; deos...piorum et impiorum habere rationem, leg. 2, 15; **52.** h. uiam, march, be on the way, hic quidem ad me recta habet rectam uiam, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 38; add Mil. 2, 6, 11; Caesar...nullas nisi sanguine fuso Gaudet habere uias, Lucan. 2, 440; iter hac habui, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 35; ille in Sardiniam iter habebat, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 2; iter ad legiones habebat, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 3; add 1, 51, 1; 3, 11, 2; 3, 106, 1; **IV 53.** habitus as adj. for beue habitus, at least in comp. and sup., in good condition, Corpulentior uidere atque habitior. Hinc gratia, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 8; si qua habitior est (so THK cj., miss est abtior) paulo, pugilem esse aiunt, deducunt cibum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 24 (lex Maii p. 118 abitus...exosus et carne plenus); equitem eius uberrimum et habitissimum uidebant, Sab. Masur. ap. Gell. 4, 20, 11—see § 8, last ex.); **V 54.** habes habet habent offe monos. in old lang., Tibi praecipio ut niteant aedes. Habes



(marked as monos. by R) quod facias : propra, abi intro, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 28; Vel trecentis. Habent tu id aurum quod accepisti (so mss; elide quod) a Charmide? Trin. 4, 2, 122; quae nos nostramque adulescentiam Habent despiciant (so Umpf. w. BCD; despectam, A) et quae nos semper omnibus cruciant modis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 93; cf. It. has, Fr. as=habet; It. ha, Fr. a=habet; It. han (hanno), Fr. ont=habet; cf. Eng. has for haves, had for haved; cf. amentum for häbimentum, and above all daras in this work; 5. habet w. longe at times in old Lat., Proinde habet orationem, quasi si ipse sit frugi bonae, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 23; Virtus omnia in sese habet, omnia adsunt, Amph. 2, 2, 21; add Bac. 4, 9, 50; Truc. 4, 3, 34.

**häbrötönitēs**, (ab.) ae, m. (sc. *αινος*), southernwood wine, Colum. 12, 35.

**häbrötönium**, (ab.) i, n. (*ἀβροτονον* fm. *ἀβρος* smooth) an aromatic plant, prob. southernwood, aegro daro, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 114; habrotonum, Plin. 21, 59 and 60; abrotanum, Lucan. 9, 921.

**häbrötönus**, i, m. the same, Habrotonique graues, Lucr. 4, 125.

**hac**, adv. [=ha-ce, abl. of hic, uia nnderst.] along this road, this way, first demonstr., Sequere hac me, faxo iam scies, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 33; add 5, 2, 46; Mil. 4, 2, 18; I hac mecum domum, Triu. 3, 2, 84; Sequere hac me, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 14; nunc ipsa uocat res: Hac iter est, Verg. 9, 321; 2. often opp. to illac, Hac au illac eam, incerta (sum) consili, Rud. 1, 3, 30; Plenus rimarum sum, hac atque illac perfluo, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 25; Hao illac circumcursa, inueniendum est tamen Argentum, Hant. 3, 2, 1; Siue hac siue illac...ueniat, Tib. 4, 1, 96; 3. in poets hac repeated, Hac fugerent Grai...Hac Phryges, Verg. 1, 467; Hac Amor, hac Liber, Prop. 1, 3, 14; 4. referring to previous words, ab oppido decluis locus tenui fastigio uergebat,... Hac nostris erat receptus, Caes. b.c. 1, 45, 6; pedibus lignis porticus integebantur, atque hac agger inter manus proferebatur, 2, 2, 3; uia Lactea nomen habet...Hac iter est superis ad magni tecta Tonantis, Ov. M. 1, 170; add 2, 133; quaque impetus egit Hac sine lege ruunt, 2, 204; 5. w. stare, on this side, Non semper nostra euortet: Nunc Iuppiter hac stat, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 19; Ne qua meis esto dictis mora: Iuppiter hac stat, Verg. 12, 565.

**hacätēnus**, adv. older form of hactenus, hactenus et hodie, non, ut antiqui, hactenus hodie, Mar. Vict. 2456 P, 9, 19 K.

**hac-propter**, adv. [cf. quapropter] for this reason (Tutanum) Hacpropter omnes qui laborant inuocant, Varr. ap. Non. 48, 1; perh. too w. Scaliger in Verg. C. 3 where mss hac propter.

**hac-tēnus**, (old hace-tenus; also written separately hac...tenus\*); [root of tendo—cf. eatenus, illact. or illat., istact., quat. aliquat., quadamt., nullat.] so far, to this line or extent, of place, Iam tandem Italiae fugientis prendimus oras: Hac\* Troiaua tenus fuerit Fortuna secuta, Verg. 6, 62; Saltus ab hac terra breuis est Tempyra petenti: \*Hac dominum tenus est illa secuta suum, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 22; Hactenus Euxini pars est Romana sinistri, Proxima Bastarnae Sauromatae tenent, 2, 197; add am. 2, 11, 16; M. 5, 250; 13, 700; hactenus in occidentem Germaniam nouimus, Tac. G. 35; 2. of time, so far, till this, till now, till then, hactenus quietae utrimque stationes fuere; postquam..., Liv. 7, 26, 6; Hactenus Acca soror potui; nunc uolnus acerbum Confitet, Verg. 11, 823; h. pro libertate, mox de finibus...pugnatum est, Flor. 1, 5 (11), 5; add 1, 12 (17), 1; 1, 34, 1 (2, 19, 1); 3. of words, first in writing, and so used in transitions, quo, hitherto, hactenus mihi uideor de amicitia quid sentirem potuisse dicere: si qua praeterea sunt...ab his...qui ista disputant, quacritote, Cic. am. 24; quod ad temporum uocabula attinet, hactenus sit satis dictum: nunc..., Varr. l. 6, 35; Hactenus aruorum cultus et sidera caeli, Nunc..., Verg. G. 2, 1; Hactenus unde legas quod ames, ubi rectia ponas Praecipit...Thalia... Nunc..., Ov. a. a. 1, 263; 4. of speaking, Hactenus: et tacuit, Ov. M. 7, 794; Hactenus: et genuit, 10, 423; Hactenus: et mouit..., am. 3, 1, 31; (where note the et);

5. hence often = no more, Sed haec hactenus, Cic. am. 55 f.; fam. 6, 2, 3; diu. 2, 53 f.; Quint. 4, 2, 30; Hactenus Acaides: uocem grauis hasta secutast, Ov. M. 12, 82; Hactenus: et pariter uitam cum sanguine fudit, 2, 610; Hactenus Oenides, 14, 512; Hactenus (Tiberis): ut uiuo subiit..., F. 5, 661; 6. gen. of degree or extent, so far, followed by a limiting clause, artem dumtaxat hactenus requirunt ut certis dicendi luminibus orientur, Cic. or. 2, 119; curandus autem? Hactenus, ue quid ad senatum 'consule' aut 'numera', Att. 5, 4, 2; add fam. 4, 3, 3; diu. 1, 13; Flac. 36; Att. 13, 49, 2; hactenus iudulgere matri ciuile ratus, ut se adfuturum Vrgulaniae diceret, Tac. an. 2, 34; hactenus ut auditores corrogaret, Plin. ep. 2, 14, 9; Fortunae hactenus licet ut dari possit, 4, 8, 3; add 7, 31, 6; 9, 15, 3; artificia hactenus utilia si praeparant ingenium, non detinent, Sen. ep. 88, 1; hactenus non uertit, quateus domino debet, Ulp. dig. 15, 3, 10, 7; add 39, 1, 1; 7. referring to what precedes, hactenus reprehendet si qui uolet: nihil amplius, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 56; frumenti modum dominus aut pecoris aut uestis ut colono iniungit, et seruus hactenus paret, Tac. G. 25.

**hällēc-ūla**, (alecula, or alegula), ac, f. a little fish, like the herring, datur (aibus) riuialis alecula, Colum. 8, 15, 6; praebere (piscibus) tabentes haleculas, 8, 17, 12; 2. also = hallec, herring-pickle, fauces halecula linire, 6, 8 f.; 3. alecula (mss ligula or legula) in malam crucem, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 30.

**hallex**, (allex, ēgis or ēcis, f. (cf. hällēc-ūla), also hällēc (älēc), n. [G. här-ing, itself a dim. of a form har=γαρ-ος], herring=γαρος, known to ancients only as salted, or rather as a pickle, herring-pickle=γαρον, Ecquid hallēgist? (so mss), Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 27; Qui mihi olera cruda ponunt (quique) halec danunt, fr. 3, 21 (Delph.); nbi oleae comesae crunt, halecem et acetum dato, Cato r. 58; ego faecem primus et allec (al. halec)...inuenior...circumposuisse, Hor. s. 2, 4, 73; uitium huius (sc. piscis quem Graeci garum uocabant § 93) est allex (al. allex), imperfecta nec colata faex, Plin. 31, 95; alece scabies pecoris sanatur, ib. 96; Capparin et putri cepas hallēcē natantes...uoras, Mart. 3, 77, 5; manducatur cum allece sinapi, Apic. 7, 262 Sch.; allecem colatum, 288; conditur ex oleo, caroeno, allece, 9, 431; alecem impone articulis, Veg. uet. 3, 49, 3; 2. met., Tunc hic amator audes esse hallex (A has talax) uiri? Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 31.

**hällūcīnātio**, (hall., al.) ōnis, f. wandering in mind, reverie, dreamy idea, sic uestras hallucinationes fero, Sen. beat. nit. 26, 6; quando animum otiosis uultis hallucinationibus occupari, Arnob. 4, 36; add 6, p. 194; mentis et corporis hallucinationes, Anon. ap. Non. 121, 20; alucinatio erratio, Paul. ex F. 24.

**hällūcīnātor**, (al.) ōris, m. one who wanders in mind, elucum significat...uel alucinatorem (so mss), Paul. ex F. 75 M.

**hällūcīnor**, (hall., al. or all.) āri, [impl. an adj. halucius fm. a vb. haluo=άλω (αλωω), wander] wander in mind, say deliriously, quae Epicurus oseitans halucinatus (al. aluc.) est, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; epistolae nostrae debent interdum halucinari, Q. fr. 2, 11, 1; h. litteram...inserant ueteres... Sic halucinari dicebant, Gell. 2, 3, 3; alucinari factum ex eo quod dicitur Graece αλυεω, unde elucum quoque, 16, 12, 3; halucinari aberrare, Non. 121, 20.

**hāma**, (ama\*) ac, f. (ἀμη or ἀμη), a bucket, hamae, urnae oleariae, urci aquarii, Cato r. 135, 2; 2. esp. as against fires, nullus usquam in publico siphon, nulla hama, nullum denique instrumentum ad incendia compescenda, Plin. ep. 10, 33 (42), 2; Dispositis praedines hāmis uigilare cohortem Seruorum noctu Licinus iubet, Iuv. 14, 305; praefectum uigilum per totum noctem uigilare et coerrare...cum hamis et dolabris...ne incendii casus oriatur, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 3; acetum quod exstinguendi incendii causa paratur, item centones sifones...et amas\* contineri, Ulp. 33, 7, 12, 18; 3. in Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 42 hama is only a cj.; 4. Dirksen makes it = ferramentum aduocum!

**hāra**, ae, f. [perh. a variety of cāsa] a house etc. for animals; first a separate compartment for each goose in a goose-house (χρηνοβοσκειον), his faciunt haras in quas non inducant plus uicenos pullos, Varr. r. 3, 10, 4; add 3, 10, 3 and 6; intra cohortem secretas singulis haras facere oportet...fetis ubi edant, Colum. 8, 13 f.; add 8, 14, 6 and 9; pariturae (anserēs) ad haram perducantur, Pall. 1, 30, 2; **2.** a pigsty, = porcorum stabulum, Nou. 120, 20; erus in hara, haut aedibus habitat (habet?), Pl. As. 2, 4, 24; haram (suis) trium pedum altam, Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; inmundae cura fidelis hārae, Ov. her. 1, 104; Claudor hāra (by Circe's art) solumque suis caruisse figura Vidimus Eurylochum; solus data poeula fugit, Ov. M. 14, 286; **3.** met., oboluiti allium, Germana inluuies, rusticus hircus, hāra suis, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 39; Epicure noster ex hara producte, non ex schola, Cic. Pis. 37; forum hara atque homines...sues sunt existimandi, Varr. ap. Non. 120, 22.

**hārundifer**, (ar.) a, um, adj. reed-bearing, caput (of a river), Ov. F. 5, 637.

**hārundināceus**, adj. like a reed, folium, Plin. 18, 58.

**hārundinārius**, adj. m. as sb., dealer in reeds, A. Aemilius A. L. harundinarius, insc. Or. 4199.

**hārundinātio** ? ōnis, f. employing reeds as support to vines, Varr. r. 1, 8, 3; so Schneider by cj. for hardulatio.

**hārundinētum**, (ar.)\* i, n. a reed plantation, Cato\* r. 6, 3, quoted by Varr. r. 1, 26, 4; Colum.\* 4, 30, 2; 4, 32, 3; Plin. 10, 23.

**hārundineus**, (ar.)\* adj. of reeds, silna, Verg. 10, 710; carmen, Ov.\* tr. 4, 1, 12; cuneoli, Colum.\* 4, 29, 10;

**2.** like a reed, paniculae, Plin. 8, 117; radix, 24, 150; ficus, Macr. s. 3, 20, 1.

**hārundinōsus**, adj. full of reeds, Catul. 36, 13.

**hāruno**, (ar.), inis, f. [har the root syll., perh. = car of carex, sedge] reed, arundo donax Linn., Cato r. 6, 3; Quin tu in paludem is exsecasque harundinem Qui pertegamus uillam, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 34; Hisee hami et haec harundines sunt nobis quaestu et cultu, 2, 1, 5; ut teneris harundinum radicibus contusis equos alerent, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 3;

**2.** of many uses, esp. in poets, as first for fishing, see Pl. above; capiat arundine pisces, Tib. 2, 6, 23; h. piscatoria, Plin. 16, 72; **3.** as an arrow, expetitis palumbem: prope harundo alas uerberat, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 17; perque ilia uenit harundo, Verg. 7, 499; add 4, 73; Inque cor hamata percussit arundine Ditem, Ov. M. 5, 384; add 1, 471; parati aucupes cum harundinibus (turdos) exceperunt, Petr. 40; h. aucupatoria, Plin. 16, 172; **4.** for thatching, see Pl. above; uitando imbres et aestus tegebant harundinibus, Vitr. 2, 1, 3; **5.** as prop (iugum) for vines, Varr. r. 1, 8, 2; iugum fit harundine, Plin. 17, 166; add 16, 173; **6.** for writing, Inque mantis chartae nodosaque uenit arundo, Pers. 3, 11; Neue notet lusus tristis harundo tuos, Mart. 1, 3, 10;

**7.** for music, as a pipe or Pan-pipe, meditabor harundine musam, Verg. B. 6, 8; iunctisque canendo Vincere arundinibus, Ov. M. 1, 684; add 6, 384, and Plin. 16, 172;

**8.** as a weaver's comb, stamen secernit a., Ov. M. 6, 55;

**9.** as a stick, eferite huc...harundinem, ut...deiciam aranearum telas, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 23; nolucres in uertice harundo Terret fixa, Hor. s. 1, 8, 6; add Prop. 4, 7, 25;

**10.** of the bamboo, harundini Indicae arborea amplitudo, Plin. 16, 162; harundines (in India) tantae proceritatis ut singula internodia aluco nauigabili ternos homines ferant, Plin. 7, 21; **11.** harundo in best mss; and yet, arundo non harundo, says Prob. 198, 33 K.

**haud**, haut or hau, adv. [haut = ouk; hau = ov; cf. for vowels, anris ouas, aura oupa oupos; for change of c and t, cf. abiet-adj. abiagnus; it- of freq. verbs for ic- as in fodicof not (emphatic), assuredly not, anything but, esp. attached to single words, as first to adj., haut mediocris poenas penderes, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 23; Haut consimili ingenio, 3, 3, 50; Heic est sepulchrum hau pulcrum pulcrae feminae, CIL 1007, 2; Haud similis uirgost uirginum nostrarum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 22; Theophrastus auctor hau deterior mea quidem sententia, Cic. leg. 2, 15; haud mediocris hic uir fuit, rep.

2, 55; haud absurdum, Sal. Cat. 3, 1; haud mollia iussa, Verg. G. 3, 41; Iouem...Romulumque...haud spernendos... testes, Liv. 4, 20 f.; **2.** esp. w. negative adj., Ecastor me haut inuita se domum recipit snam, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 31;

Faxo haut inultus prandium comederis, Men. 3, 2, 55; Haud ignota loquor, Verg. 2, 91; fuit haud ignobilis Argis, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 128; haud ignara...fnturi, s. 1, 1, 35; haud inuenta uictoria, Liv. 37, 16, 12;

**3.** w. adv., Familiaris accipiere faxo hau familiariter, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 199; Haut inuiceme astiterunt, Trin. 3, 1, 24; haut stulte sapis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 82; hau paullo maior scriptor, Cic. orat. 151; haud facile quis dixerit, off. 3, 110 f.;

**4.** rarely w. a sb., Illa haud uerbum facit et..., Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 39; hau nummo amplius, Most. 3, 3, 16; guttam haut habeo sanguinis, 2, 7, 76; pluma hant interest, 2, 1, 60; and so, says Hand, Verg. 7, 654: dignus...cui pater haud Mezentius esset—ein Nicht-Mezentius; often w. pron. in -quam and ullus, Sequere hae me igitur, Equidem hau (c)usquam a pedibus apscdam tuis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 170; haut quicquam, Amph. 2, 2, 48; 3, 3, 17; Cure. 1, 3, 15; haud fere quisquam, Cic. off. 2, 23; haud unquam, Tim. f.; Verg. G. 2, 249; Hor. s. 1, 6, 99; haud mihi quisquam, 1, 9, 27; haudquaquam, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; Liv. 10, 28, 11; 10, 30, 10; haud ullae...sagittae, Verg. G. 2, 124; haud ulla...uigilantia, 2, 265; haud ullis...uentis, 2, 133; haud ullae...uolantes, A. 6, 239; haud ullo in loco ce latitudinem excedens, Plin. 3, 44;

**5.** w. adverbial phrases, Set eecum incedit huc ornatus haut ex suis uirtutibus, Pl. Capt. 5, 3f.; facis haut consuudine, Trin. 2, 2, 83; haud, opinor, commode Finem statuisse orationi militem, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 20; haud numine nostro, Verg. 2, 396; haud ab re duxi, Liv. 8, 11, 1; haud iniuria, Curt. 3, 5, 13;

**6.** w. verbs also stronger than non, Haud metuo ne iusurandum nostrum quisquam culpitet, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 19; Haut nereor ne nos subdola perfidia peruincamur, Mil. 3, 3, 68;...philosophandum est paucis, nam oinnino haut placet, Enn. ap. Gell. 5, 15 f.; Astutus, ne ille haut scit, quam mihi nuue surdo narret fabulam, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 10; add 4, 25; haud dubitauit...docere nullum esse prodigium, Cic. rep. 1, 23; haud paruero Quod aut anarus, ut Chremes, terra preman...aut..., Hor. epod. 1, 32;

**7.** where affirmative adverbs are used, haud commonly preferred to non, haud equidem dico, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 14; Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 35; Ne ego haud paulo hunc animum malim, Cic. Tusc. 1, 99; add Mil. 68;

Att. 7, 3, 2; fam. 7, 1, 3; haud equidem assentior, leg. 3, 26; Haud equidem credo, Verg. G. 1, 415; haud equidem tali me dignor honore, A. 1, 339; add 3, 628; 5, 399;

**8.** though haud scio an is used twice in its simple sense to denote uncertainty by Plaut. (Most. 3, 2, 96; Epid. 4, 1, 17), once by Cic. (acad. pr. 2, 126), while Caesar too in the only passage where he uses hand (b. g. 5, 54, 5) writes haud scio mirandume sit; yet haud scio an is often used to denote a state of knowledge only short, if short of certainty, and even this limitation is often used to avoid giving offence, I am strongly inclined to think, very possibly, I sadly fear, Atque haud scio an quae dixit sint uera omnia, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 45; Etiam haud sciam (indic. like inquam, as also below\*) an uxorem ducat, ac Syro nihil gratiae, Haut. 5, 2, 46; haud sciam\* (al. scio) hercle, ut homost, an mutet animum, Ph. 5, 2, 9; Qui infelix haud scio au illam misere nunc amet, Ad. 4, 5, 33; Neque genus id orationis in consolando non ualet, sed haud sciam\* an plurimum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 55; est id quidem magnum atque haud scio an maximum, fam. 9, 15, 1; add am. 20 and 43; Tusc. 2, 41; 3, 16; N. D. 3, 69; Marc. 29; Verr. 2, 1, 41; Flac. 63; Brut. 151; or. 2, 72\*; 2, 209\*;

hand sciam\* an iustissimo triumpho, Liv. 9, 15, 10; add 21, 43, 3; (but Livy also has nescio an in this sense 22, 39, 4; 23, 16, 16; 37, 54, 16);

**9.** after a neg. to strengthen it, Neque ego haut commitam ut..., Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 114; ueque ille haud obicit mihi, Epid. 5, 1, 57; neque tu haut dicas tibi non praedictum, Caue, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 34; wh. Don. adds from Pl. neque haud subditua gloria;

**10.** authorities for hau, CIL 1007, 2 above; hau dicit, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 8 (ms A); hau din,



Mil. 2, 1, 17 (audiu CDa); hau tollas, 2, 3, 22 (aut ollas Ba); hau male, St. 1, 2, 61 (AB); Ps. 4, 6, 16 (B); hau magni, Ps. 1, 2, 85 (A); hau mentitnst, 4, 6, 22 (B); hau multo, 4, 6, 32 (B); hau postulo, St. 3, 2, 32 (A); hau placet, 2, 1, 25 (A); so Med. ms in Tac. an.: hau dubie, 2, 88; hau dissimilia, 3, 36; hau multum, 6, 20 (26); hau sponte, 6, 30 (36); hau perpressus, 6, 38 (44) etc.; see Ritschl opusc. 3, 591; add hauseio, as one word, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 96 (B; hauselo CD).

**hēr**, hēris, m. f. sb. obsol. [akin to G. herr] owner, heir, atque meis bonis Omnibus ego te herem faciam, Naev. ap. Non. 486, 27.

**hēra**, see era.

**hercūlēa**, (see \* and § 4), hercūlē, hercē, adv. [shortened from ita me Hercules iuuet] by Hercules, faith, really, indeed, Hercle miserum ingratum 'esse hominem id quod facias bene, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 33; Malo hercle suo magno conuinat sine modo, Enn. ap. Non. 474, 22; Non hercle apud est hodiē quam tu nequior, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 10; sed quid hoc? Puer herclest, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; et hercule Torquate ut uerum loquamur, Cic. fin. 2, 23; bene hercle faciunt, leg. 3, 1; quoniam semel suscepi (causam), licet hercules\* undique mihi...pericula omnia impendeant, succurrat, Rosc. Am. 31; tam hercle quam hoc, Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; non hercūlē miror, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 39; Non sum moechus ais; neque ego hercūlē für übi uāsa..., s. 2, 7, 72; **2.** often strengthened, id tibi quidem hercle fiet Vt uapules, Pl. As. 2, 4, 72; hercle uero serio Siquidem prima dedit (mamam), Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 18; sane quidem hercule, Cic. leg. 2, 8; **3.** hercle the only form in old comedy (600 times in Pl.); hercule gen. in Cic., at times hercle and hercules; thus Cassiod. 2286, 13; apud Ciceronem lego aequē...hercule et hercle; **4.** to exx. of herenles in Cic. add Brut. 62; and Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 1; Pol. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 3.

**hērēs**, ēdis, m. f. [her, obsol., wh. see, ēd for ēg, dim. suff. = αγ of λαλ-αξ, ακ of χασκ-αξ; d for g esp. after guttural or r, as in merc-ed-, piugu-ed-on-, grau-ed-on-, dulc-ed-on-, ter-ed-on-] lit. owner, or young owner, heres apud antiquos pro domino ponebatur, Paul. ex F. 99; abstuli Hanc quoque heres (so B; A haeres) numquam erit post hunc diem, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 12; pro herede gerere est pro domino gerere, ueteres enim heredes pro dominis appellabant, Iust. inst. 2, 19 f.; **2.** young master (=erus minor)—and so gen. heir, Et is me heredem fecit, cum suum obiit diem, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 110; siquis mortuus est Arpinatis, eius heredes sacra non secuntur, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 629 P, 1, 129, 10 K; quoque ipse parensue suos filiusue suos heres siet, CIL 198, 3; M. Musti M. l. sibi et suis heredibus, 1069; Satius est quam to ipso herede haec possidere Bacchidem, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 16; testamento fecit heredem filium, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 111; facit heredem ex deunce et semuncia Caecinam, ex duabus sextulis M. Fulcinium, Cic. Caec. 17; scripserunt heredes secum M. Crassum et Q. Hortensium, off. 3, 73; heredem testamento reliquit hunc P. Quinctium, Quinct. 14; Latinos instituit heredes, Gai. 2, 110; si extraneos ille heredes instituerit et filiam praeterierit, filia adrescendo ex dimidia parte fit heres, 2, 124; per leges institui uxor non poterat heres, Quint. 9, 2, 74; **3.** heres secundus, one who succeeds on the first-named heir failing, qui me secundum heredem instituerit, Cic. fam. 13, 61; add inu. 2, 62; quoniam ad secundum heredem nihil peruenit, Paul. dig. 4, 2, 17; cf. heredes aut instituti dicuntur aut substituti: instituti primo gradu, substituti secundo uel tertio. Heredis substitutio duplex est aut simplex, ueluti: Lucius Titius heres esto: si mihi Lucius heres non erit, tunc Seius heres mihi esto..., Mod. dig. 28, 5, 6, 1; **4.** other distinctions, heredes aut necessarii dicuntur, aut sui et necessarii, aut extranei. Necessarius heres est seruus cum libertate heres institutus...Sui autem et necessarii heredes sunt uelut filius filiaue...qui modo in potestate morientis fuerunt...Sui... appellatur quia domesticus heredes sunt et uiuo quoque parente quodammodo dominus existimantur...necessarii uero quia...siue uelint siue nolint...heredes fiunt...Ceteri qui

testatoris iuri subiecti non sunt extranei heredes appellatur, Gai. 2, 152—161; add Ulp. dig. 38, 16, 1; **5.** met., illa uetus Academia atque eius heres Aristus, Cic. Brut. 332; Et tibi Demophon, Thesei criminis heres, Ov. a. a. 3, 459; patriae fraudis, her. 2, 78; h. laudis amica tuae, 9, 110; artis, Plin. 36, 24; **6.** treated as mase. even if a woman, nemo secundam heredem dicit..., sed masculine tametsi de femina..., Char. 79 P, 102, 21 K.

**hēri**, (hērī?) hērō, as adv. [dat. of lost sb. hes = χθες and S. hyas; akin to σεο-ος Hesych.] G. gest-ern, E. yest-er-day, yesterday, Iam pridem uidetur factum, heri quod homines quattuor In soporem collocauit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 147; Here (al. heri\*) uenisti media nocte, 1, 3, 16; Heri\* uero prospexisse eum se ex tegulis, Caecil. ap. Gell. 15, 15, 2; Heri minas uiginti pro ambobus dedi, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 89; Heri\* Philumenam ad se accersi hic iussit. Dic insissit te, Hec. 3, 5, 16; Heri\* nemo uoluit Sostratam intro admittere, 3, 1, 49; quod heri ualēdū obstiit, Afran. ap. Char. 180; rationibus quibus heri uis sumus, Cic. Tusc. 4, 59 f.; Dicet ubi est hodie quae Lyra fulsit hēri? Ov. F. 2, 76; Nolito fronti credere: nupsit heri, Mart. 1, 24, 4; Et positum est nobis nil hērē praeter aprūm, 1, 43, 2; add here, 3, 12, 2; 4, 7, 1; Res hodie minor est, hērē quam fuit, Iuv. 3, 23; **2.** vaguely, (only) yesterday (as it were), (but) the other day, Sordebant tibi uilicuae Concubine hodie atque heri, Catul. 61, 136; Scis here te, mea lux, iuueni placuisse beato? Ov. am. 1, 7, 23; add Prop. 2, 22, 1; heri seruum, hodie liberum, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 7, 2; **3.** heri gen. in Pl. (some 40 times heri) against here, Pers. 1, 3, 28, w. Gloss. Plac.; and perh. Mil. 1, 1, 60; Amph. 1, 3, 16; in Ter. gen. heri, but here once in A. Haut. 3, 3, 7; in Cicero always heri, except Att. 10, 13, 1; **4.** heri seems to have a short i in \* above, unless we sh. read hērō; but in Ps. 1, 2, 15 transfer atque to prec. line; **5.** hes prob. meant sundown or evening; =wes of wes-t w. ex. t; hesperus, uesper; also, at least for meaning, Lith. wakar evening, wakar yesterday; compare αυριον to-morrow, lit. morning.

**heu**, interj. of pain, ah! oh! uae uictis: uorte ergo tergum. Heu heu desine: doleo, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 20; but in Aul. 3, 3, 8 read heus stex w. Wagner; **2.** of grief, vexation etc., ah, oh, alas, heu me miserum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 39; heu misero mihi, 3, 4, 76; heu miserae mihi, 4, 3, 2; Eheu heu Taracei ut acerbo es deditus fato, CIL 1202: heu me miserum, Pl. Aul. 4, 9, 10; Afran. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 45; Phil. 3, 14; Heu quis te casus deiecitam coniuque tauto Excipit? Verg. 3, 317; add 8, 537; 8, 485; Heu quam difficile est crimen non prodere uultu, Ov. M. 2, 447; add 2, 612 etc.; heu seruus adulteros Crines puluere collines, Hor. od. 1, 15, 19; add 3, 24, 30; **3.** not elided before uowel, Heu! ubi nunc fastus altaque uerba iacent! Ov. her. 4, 150; **4.** it seems doubtful whether heu heu occurs; in Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 32 it is only a ej.; **5.** at times supplants heus, as in Aul. above; add Pers. 5, 2, 65; Trin. 4, 2, 29; **6.** eu so often stands in good mss that it is prob. a genuine form, as in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 17; Most. 4, 2, 65; Men. 5, 2, 119; 5, 5, 10; Mil. 4, 2, 74; Poen. 1, 2, 71.

**heus**, interj. [prob. for heuse imper. of a lost vb. haushear; cf. auris ear, old. form ausi, and audio; change of uowel due to unau[nt] hear, harkee, hulloa, Aperite hoc, aperite; heus, equi his foribus tutelam gerit? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 28; heus, aliquis actutum hno foras Exite, Merc. 5, 2, 69; Heus oculo errante quei aspicias leti domus Morare gressum, CIL 1009, 3; Heus tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambulareis tamen hoc (=huc) ueniundum est tibi, 1431, 3; Syre, Syre iuquam, heus heus Syre, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 107; Heus heus Aeschium ego sum. Aperite aliquis actutum ostium, Ad. 4, 4, 26; Heus, aptate pueri munde atque ampliter conuiuium, Pompon. ap. Non. 511, 18; heus tu Rufio, caue sis mentiare, Cic. Mil. 60; heus inquit inuenes, monstrate, mearum Vidistis siquam hic errantem forte sororem, Verg. 1, 321; Heus etiam mensas consumimus? 7, 116; **2.** by a natural extension, in letter-writing, sed heus tu, quid agis? Cic. fam. 7, 11, 2; sed heus tu...unde illud tam αυριον? 16, 17, 1; s. h. tu, celari



nideor a te, ad Q. fr. 2, 16, 5; s. h. tu, scripseramne tibi...? Att. 4, 18, 3; s. h. tu, ... Dolabella me sibi legauit, 15, 11, 4.

**hi**, adv. absol. [dat. of pron. hi-c before the *ce* was added; cf. *si*=*sic*] here, in this place, D. M. S. hi iacet..., CIL vol. 2, 3244.

**hi**, nom. m. pl. both of *hic* and of *is*, wh. see.

**hiantia**, ac, f. [hiō], wide-gaping, oris, Tert. anim. 10.

**hiascō**, ēre, vb. gape open, ubi primum incipiunt hiascere (nucis roboris), tum legi oportet, Cato r. 17, 2; cum nucēs (amygdali) hiascere coeperunt, Gargil. de re hort. 2, 1.

**hiātus**, ūs, m. yawning, wide opening, as of mouth, cibum oris hiatu capessunt, Cie. N. D. 2, 122; Quinquaginta atris immanis hiatibus hydra, Verg. 6, 576; rumpi... serpentes (spūto) siquis in hiatum earum expuāt, Plu. 28, 38; personae pallentis hiatum In gremio matris formidat rusticus infans, Iuv. 3, 175; iam tempora dūsus hiatu Alcides, Val. F. 1, 34; imbres, sicco quos asper hiatu Praesolidat Boreas, Stat. Th. 1, 352; **2.** esp. of grandiloquence, Quid dignum tanto feret hic prēmissor hiatu? Hor. A. P. 138; Grande Sophocleo carmen bachchamur hiatu, Iuv. 6, 636; **3.** of gaping eagerly after an object, met. from an open-mouthed beast, libidine sanguinis et hiatu praemiorum ingenium... imbuisti, Tac. h. 4, 42 med.; cf. *inhio*; **4.** of other objects, specus est tenebroso caecus hiatu, Ov. M. 7, 409; fit et caeli ipsius hiatus, quod uocant chasma, Plin. 2, 96; **5.** esp. of the ground, cum terra discississet, descendit in hiatum, Cic. off. 3, 38; terrarum hiatibus, N. D. 2, 14; lateque solum retegatur hiatu, Ov. M. 5, 357; Sic ubi terreno Lycus est epotus hiatu, 15, 273; add 3, 162; hauriri urbis terrae hiatibus, Plin. 36, 119; **6.** in lang., the meeting of vowels, habet enim ille tamquam hiatus et concursus uocalium molle quiddam, Cic. orat. 77; amans hiatus illius Homericus (Catullus), Gell. 6, 20, 3 in reference to *Ebriosa acina* (27, 4); hiatus quoque causa solebant interponere *F* (*δαιμον... Δημοφάτων Δαφοκόλων*), Prisc. 547 P, 1, 17, 10 K; add 559 P, 1, 35, 10 K; 107 P, 1, 87, 11 K etc.; Pomp. comm. 286, 7 K.

**hiber-nus**, adj. [implies a sb. n. *hiber-*, for *hiem-*, Fr. *hiver*; cf. *diurnus*; = *χειμερινός*] of winter, Iucrepiu hibernum (sc. crepitum), Pl. Rud. pr. 69; Massici montis uberrimos quattuor Fructus ebibere in una hora. *Hiberna* addito, Ps. 5, 2, 11; nauigatio, Cic. Att. 15, 25; cubiculum, Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; puluere, Verg. G. 1, 101; Cori, A. 5, 126; niue, Hor. od. 4, 12, 4; annus, epod. 2, 29; lucēs, Tib. 1, 4, 160; ab aestiuo solis ortu ad hibernum..., ab occidente aestiuo ad occidentem, Plin. 6, 57; aguos, 8, 188; pira, 16, 106; **2.** w. castra or absol. as n. pl. winter quarters, castra hiberna, Cato ap. Front. ad Ver. ep. 2, 1, p. 129 Naber; hiberna legionum eligendi optio, Cic. Att. 4, 18, 3; legiones ex hibernis educit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; etc.; cunctos senatorii ordinis ex hibernis accersiri iubet, Sal. Iug. 62, 4; etc.; ibique hiberna egerunt, Liv. 9, 28, 1; etc.

**1. hic**, haec, hōc, pron. dem. [for *hi-ce* (cf. *hici-ne*) and that for *ci-ce*, duplicate of *ce*, like *ὁβ-τος*, G. *die-ser*, O. N. *thet-ta*, Boh. *ten-to*; an initial *c* is required by Rask's law to correspond w. *h* of our *hence*, here, *hither*; cf. too *cis* *citra* *citerior* wh. have retained the *ce*; but this *ce* is for *cen* or rather *cene*, imper. of *obsol. vb. con* (gon of *g(o)n-osco*), = E. *ken*; see Key's 'Language' p. 338 sq.] first as an *obsol. vb.* look, *lucescit hoc iam*—it is getting light already, look—Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 45; add Mil. 2, 2, 63; Cure. 1, 3, 26; *luciscit* (al. *lucescit*) *hoc iam*, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 1; **2.** or still with the idea look, shewing or pointing to a thing near the speaker, this look, this, *estne hic Philto qui aduenit?* Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 31; *Hos quos uidetis stare hic captinos duos*, Capt. pr. 1; *Ocus scabrae sunt, tam glabrae, eni, quam haec est manus*, Trin. 2, 3, 140; *Hoc agite sultis, spectatores, nunciam*, As. pr. 1; *Hocine agis an nou?* *Ego nero istuc*—Arc you attending to what I say or not? Ter. And. 1, 2, 15; *Nempe ut eurentur recte haec*, 1, 1, 3; *set quid hoc?* *Puer herclest. Mulier tu adposisti hunc?* 4, 4, 2; *hic locus ad agendum amplissimus... est uisus*, Cic. Manil. 1; *omnes hi quos uidetis adesse*, Rose.

Am. 1; *nihilue te... horum ora uultusque mouerunt?* Cat. 1; *parentibus meis... uitam tantum debeo, tibi quum meam salutem tum omium horum*, Liv. 22, 30, 3; *en ipse capellas Protinus aeger ago; hanc etiam uix Tityre duco*, Verg. B. 1, 13; *Ipsi te fontes, ipsa haec arbusta uocabant*, 1, 40; *Per caput hoc iuro*, Verg. 9, 300; *Hunc sine me turbare globum*, 9, 409; *Non hoc semper erit liminis... patiens*, Hor. od. 3, 10, 19; **3.** hence pointing to himself a man may use *hic homo* for *ego*, as we say your humble servant, *Quid istic nerba facimus?* *Huic homini opust quadraginta minis*, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 38; *Vah solus hic homost qui sciat diuinitus*, Curc. 2, 1, 33; *add Trin. 4, 4, 17 and 21; haec canes*, 1, 2, 135; *Tibi erunt parata uerba, huic homini nerbera*, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 115; *haberes Magnum adiutorem... Hunc hominem uelles si tradere*, Hor. s. 1, 9, 47; *Quod si militibus parces, erit hic quoque miles*, Tib. 2, 6, 7; cf. *ὄδε ἀνῆρ* and *ὄδε*, as in Soph. Oed. T. 534, 815; Oed. Col. 649; Aj. 78; Trach. 305;

**4.** a gen. reference to what exists around us, *nou quid hoc populo optineri possit, sed quid optimum sit tibi dicendum puto*, Cic. leg. 3, 37; *ab illis hominibus qui tum uersati sunt in republica...*, *ad hanc hominum libidinem ac licentiam me adducis*, Verr. 2, 3, 210; *ca sunt tolerabilia... haec iuuentute*, Att. 10, 9, 3; *Fructuosior est fundus si potius ad antiquorum diligentiam quam ad horum luxuriam dirigas aedificationem*, Varr. r. 1, 22, 6; *quis est omuium his moribus, quin...*, Sal. Cat. 4, 7; *Capitolium saxo quadrato substructum est, opus uel in hac magnificentia urbis conspiciendum*, Liv. 6, 4, 12; *quoties in extrema periculorum uentum ut in hanc magnitudinem...*

*erigi imperium posset*, 7, 29, 2; *add 1, 55, 9; 3, 20, 5; 25, 40, 2;* **5.** *hic* often used w. *ille* to identify or connect what is with what was, *attat hoc illud est, Huic illae lacrumae, haec illast misericordia*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; *hoc illud esse dicitantes quod aera militibus sint constituta*, Liv. 5, 2, 3; *Hunc illum fatis externa ab sede profectum Portendi generum*, Verg. 7, 255; *hunc illum poscere fata*, 7, 272; **6.** a repeated *hic* may be used to point, or as it were to point, to different objects, *hic uersus Plauti non est, hic est*, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 9, 16, 4; *Hi summo in fluctu pendent; his unda dehiscens Terram inter fluctus aperit*, Verg. 1, 106; *Vendit hic auro patriam...*; *Hic thalammum inuasit natae*, 6, 621; *add 10, 9; Haec implet lento calathos e uimine nexos, Haec gremium*, Ov. F. 4, 435; *Hac arat infelix, hac tenet arma manu*, tr. 5, 10, 24; *ego hoc dico, aduersarius hoc*, Quint. 4, 4, 8; *add 6, 1; quierit hoc an hoc, furtum an sacrilegum?* 7, 3, 9; *add 6, 1, 3; his praesertim moribus*, Cic. diu. 2, 4; *add off. 3, 66;*

**7.** so *hic* with *ille*, *tolle hanc patinam... Aufer illam offam porcinam*, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164; *hic spe celer, illa timore*, Ov. M. 1, 539; *add 3, 48;* **II 8.** referring to words, first preceding words, *Nam ut in Ephesus hinc abii (hoc factumst ferme abhinc biennium)...* Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 4; *In eo conclani ego perfodi parietem...* *Et sene sciente hoc feci*, Mil. 2, 1, 66; *Est genus hominum, qui esse primos se omnium rerum uolunt, Nec sunt. Hos consector*, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 17; *deinde de opportunitate temporum dicendum est. Haec autem scientia...*, Cic. off. 1, 142; *Clamor fit tota domo, pugna inter seruos...*, *Haec ubi filio nuntiata sunt, statim...*, Verr. 2, 1, 67; *sed haec hactenus, off. 1, 140; rates... conlocabat. Has quaternis ancoris destinabat*, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 7;

**9.** esp. as a so-called antecedent to a relative, provided it follow, *Quam quisque norit artem in hac se exerceat*, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 41; *if hic precede the relative, it has its own demonstrative power, see ex. fm. Capt. in § 2; where the idea is defined by the relative clause only, the pron. is must be used;* **10.** referring to what follows, following, *hisee (uom.) finis uidentur esse: Vbi...*, CIL 199, 13; *tum notatio elicitur hoc modo*, Cic. Top. 10; *Stoici hoc uidelicet uiderunt... homines sceleribus inquinatos, nihilo miserioribus esse quam eos qui...*, Iu. 4, 63; *quorum operum haec erat ratio*, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 5; *rationem pontis hanc instituit*, b. g. 4, 17, 3; *in hoc genere haec quaeruntur, an...*, Quint. 7, 8, 7;

**11.** esp. to a coming conj. or relative serving as such, *atque hoc euenit Iu labore atque in dolore, ut mors obrepat interim*, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 19;



hoc animo in nos esse debetis ut aetas nostra iam ingravescens in amore atque in adolescentia tua conqiescat, Cic. fam. 2, 1 f.; si nunquodque membrum seusum huic haberet ut posso putaret se ualere, si..., off. 3, 22; homines sunt hac lege generati, qui tuerent illum globum, rep. 6, 15; quaesierat quidnam sentirem de hoc quod duo soles uisos esse constaret, 1, 19; **12.** when hic and ille refer to preceding words, hic refers to the nearer word, ille to the more distant, the latter, the former, frugi hominem dici non multum habet laudis in rege: fortem, iustum, seuerum, grauem..., hac sunt regiae laudes, illa priuata est, Cic. Deiot. 26; melius de quibusdam acerbi inimici merentur quam hi amici qui dulces uidentur: illi uerum saepe diouit; hi uumquam, am. 90; Caesar beneficiis atque munificentiis magnus habebatur, integritate uitae Cato. Ille mansuetudine et misericordia clarus factus, huic seueritas dignitatem addiderat, Sal. Cat. 54, 2;

**13.** but this order may give way to relative position of place or time, hanc posteriorem (artem disserendi) et Stoiei et Peripatetici, priorem autem (inueniendi) illi egregie tradiderunt, hi (sc. Stoici) ne attigerunt quidem, Cic. fin. 4, 10; cf. or. 2, 159; top. 6; melior tutiorque est certa pax quam sperata uictoria: haec in tua, illa in deorum manu est, Liv. 30, 30, 19; credi posset Latonia, si non Cornesus huic (the earthly nymph) arcus, si non foret aureus illi, Ov. M. 1, 697; nihil est nisi pontus et aer, Fluctibus hic tumidis, nubibus ille minax, tr. 1, 24; qui captandorum testameutorum artem professi sunt, non putas eadem habere quae designatores et libitinaris nota? Illi tamen (the latter, as not immediately before our thoughts) quorum mortem optent nesciunt, hi familiarissimum quemque...mori cupiunt, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 4; **14.** in poets and later prose, esp. Quint., such distinctions are often neglected, the one—the other—alius excessisse materiam, alius dicitur non implese. Aequae uterque, sed ille imbecillitate, hic uiribus peccat, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; antiqua illa diuisio inter Atticos atque Asianos fuit, cum hi pressi et integri, contra inflati illi et inanes haberentur, Quint. 12, 10, 16; add 6, 2, 9; 8 pr. 17; 11, 3, 30 and 41; Qualis et Eurotae Pollux et Castor arenis, Hic uictor pugnans, ille futurus equis, Prop. 3, 14, 18; **15.** neut. hoc w. gen., lit. this bit (of), Quid hoc hic clamoris, quid hoc hic tumulti? Enn. ap. Non. 480, 27; Di boni quid hoc morbi est? Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 19; quid hoc hominis? 3, 4, 8; edormiscam hoc uilli—this drop of wine—, Ad. 5, 2, 11; hoc commodi est quod ita uixerunt ut..., Cic. Rose. Am. 91; hoc...iniunxisse seruitutis ut..., Liv. 5, 2, 8; hoc in miseris solatii, 30, 13, 13; hoc copiarum in Hispaniis portatum est, ad, 18 f.; **16.** esp. hoc noctis, actatis, absol., at this time (of), qui hoc noctis solus ambulat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 2; add 1, 1, 9; non placet me hoc noctis esse, 1, 1, 154; Quo te hoc noctis dicam proficiens foras? Curc. 1, 1, 1; Ne nauigare tandem hoc actatis senex, Bac. 2, 3, 109; hocine me actatis ludos bis factum! 5, 1, 4; add Trin. 3, 3, 57; **17.** hoc est, in explanation, that is, in other words: solum uertunt, hoc est, sedem ac locum mutant, Cic. Caecin. 100; ut haberet ad praetoram gerendam, hoc est, ad euertendam rem publicam plenum annum, Mil. 24; add Caecil. 11; Phil. 2, 70; **III 18.** as to form, g. huius, n. pl. hi and haec; g. pl. horum and harum; dat. and abl. pl. hi commonly dispense with the final e; and ho-die still exhibits an abl. ho; **19.** yet even these at times take a c or ce, the latter after s, as hoinsce legis, CIL 198, 56; and what is the same, hoisusque aedis, 603, 4; Huinsce fratris filias, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 87; add pr. 120; Capt. pr. 10; Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 8; Ph. 5, 4, 8; **20.** dat. hoice legei, CIL 197, 26; **21.** acc., huncce, Proin tu deum huncce saturitate facias tranquillum tibi, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 85; hancce legem, CIL 197, 9; also 23 and 27; 198, 57; utei hocce in tabolam ahenam incederetis, 196, 26; in hocce delubrum, 1291; **22.** abl., ex hocce loco, CIL 1291; hacc lege, 197, 7; 198, 52; haecce lege, 197, 13; **23.** nom. pl., heisce magistris..., muru(m) aedificandum coirauerunt, 565; add 566, 567, 569, 1478; hisce ministris, 570; Non possunt mini minis tuis hisce ocnis (nom.) exfodiri, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 21; add Ps. 1, 5, 125; Mil. 2, 6, 6; Amph. 2, 3, 19; Curc. 4, 2, 22; Rud. 2, 1, 5; Capt. prol. 35; lex

fet. ap. Liv. 9, 10, 9; hisce finis uidentur esse, CIL 199, 13; add 1553 c; hisce hoc munere arbitrantur Suam Thaidem esse, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 39; Hic insidiantes (note anap. for spond.) uigilant, partim requiescunt, Enn. ap. Phylarg. G. 4, 230; haec sunt aedes, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 109; add Most. 1, 3, 9; 3, 1, 117; St. 1, 1, 18; odio ac senio mihi haec (so B pr. m.) nuptiae, Turp. ap. Non. 2, 32; haec nuptiae, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 32 acc. to Donat.; Haec (so T H K, mss haecine) erant itiones crebrae et mansiones diutinae Lemui? Ph. 5, 9, 23; haec adornant ut lauet (A pr. m.), Eun. 3, 5, 34; add Hec. 5, 1, 36 (so Bentr. mss); haec laudes Cic. Sest. 5; add perh. Verg. G. 3, 395; **24.** gen. pl. cognatus senex Horunc, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 97; horunc alterum In terra linquit, CIL 1007; Aliut posticum nostrarum haruncce (so A, B) aedium, Pl. St. 3, 1, 41; harumce rerum, Cato r. 139; harumce aedium, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 57; **25.** dat. pl. hisce, Pl. Aed. 5, 7, 23; **26.** acc. pl. hosce haecce, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 17; 4, 4, 30 etc.; ob haecce res bene gestas, CIL 541, 5; Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 71; 4, 7, 11 and 12 etc.; Cic. Cat. 2, 21; haecce utei in centionid exdeicatis, CIL 196, 23; **27.** abl. pl., de heisce...iudicium non fiet, CIL 198, 8; **28.** irreg. forms without ce or c, n. pl. heis sunt horti, CIL 1059, 7; heis sunt duo concordis, 1071, 5; His saltem in occultis locis prostant, uos in foro ipso, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 21; **29.** hoisusque for hoisusce or hniusce, hoisusque aedis ergo, inser. Or. 2488, 5; **30.** dat. pl. hibus, Eodem hercle uos pono et paro: parissumi estis hibus, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 20; hibus pro his antiqui protulerunt, Prise. 961 P, 2, 10, 15 K; **31.** the forms w. ce wrong, in spite of Prisc. (948 P, 1, 592, 18 K); thus the palimpsest of Pl. has hicine, Mil. 1, 1, 61; Pers. 4, 3, 74; haecine, 4, 3, 75; hascine, Trin. 1, 2, 149 and BC gen. so; the Bemb. of Terence has haecine, Hec. 3, 1, 3; haecine, Ad. 3, 3, 25 and 54; hicine, Andr. 5, 4, 4 etc.; the Put. of Liv.: hicine, 1, 3, 2; hocine, 6, 17, 2; hiscine, 7, 30, 16 etc.; so hicine, Cic. Mil. 105 ms Teg.; huncine, hancine, Verr. 5, 62 ms reg.; cf. sicine, nuncine etc., Madv. fin. 1, 10; **32.** hocine is another non-existing form; thus Madv. reads hocine in Cic. Att. 9, 7, 3; 13, 16, 2; huicine, Liv. 38, 49, 4; **33.** note that hi is also the pl. in. of is, ea, id, his the dat. and abl. pl. of the same; see is; **34.** u of hic and hoc, Sensus hic in nobis, quem cum sopor inpedit esse, Lucr. 4, 921; Solus hic inflexit sensus, Verg. 4, 22; Hic uir, hic est tibi, quem promitti saepius audis, 6, 792; more commonly long: Hic finis Priami fatorum, hic exitus illius Sorte tulit, Verg. 2, 554; flagret rumore malo cum Hic atque ille, Hor. s. 1, 4, 126; hoc gen. long; Hoc agamus! Quid nunc, quoniam tecum seruauit fidem, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 10; Quid (elided?) hoc est negoti? hoc est patrem esse aut hoc est filium esse, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 73; Hoc erat alma parens, Verg. 2, 664; add 9, 429; unde petitum Hoc in me iacis? Hor. s. 1, 4, 80; Hoc iher ignani diuisimus, 1, 5, 5; add 1, 4, 134; even in comic lang., Vbi nunc is homost? Iam hic credo aderit: set hoc idem, aput (=apt) nos rectius, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 13; where for short sound of aput cf. in same scene vv. 20, 23, 46, 48, 49.

**2 hic**, (heic\*, heicet) adv. [for hi-ce, see hi] here, in this place, first pointing, Dic ubi ea nunc est obscuro. Hic, exeuntem me uide aspexit modo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 26; Nimum istuc abisti: hic propter hunc adstite; em sic uolo, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 15; Cur non...Hic corillis mixtas inter considimus ulmos? Verg. B. 5, 3; Est hic (striking his breast) est animus lucis contemptor, 9, 205; **2.** the imagination must sometimes supply the pointer, as in inscriptions: is hic situs quei unquam uictus est, CIL 34, 4; forum aedisque poplicas heic\* feci, 551, 15; C. Pumidius Dipilus heic\* fuit, 590; mater mea...quae me desiderat...me heicet situm, 1049; **3.** sometimes repeated in distributions, Hic Nomadum genus...Hic Lelegas Carasque...Finxerat, Verg. 8, 724; **4.** sometimes with illic, faenus illic, faenus hic, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 76; nihil pudet hic Vbi opus est: illi ubi nihil opust, ibi uerentur, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 14;—pointing to imaginary objects, as also in: Facile hic plus malist quam illic boni, 4, 3, 5; Hic segetes, illic ueniunt felicius uuae, Verg. G. 1, 54; hic omnia speciosa, illic ualentia, Vell. 2, 49; **5.** rarely in agreement w. a sb., Certe edepol scio



me uidisse hic proxumae uiciniae (dat.) Philocomasium..., Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 2; Modo quam uidi uirginem hic uiciniae, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 45; II 6. referring to preceding words, Athenas se contulit...Hic ita uixit ut Atheuensisibus merito esset carissimus, Nep. Att. 2, 3; Karthago...quam Iuno fertur...Posthabita coluisse Samo: hic illius arma, Hic currus fuit, Verg. 1, 16; 7. in this state of things, here, as adv. of time, hic quantum in bello fortuna possit... cognosci potuit, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 2; hic subitam commutationem fortunae uidere licuit, b. c. 3, 27, 1; hic tu tabulas desideras Heraclensium publicas, Cic. Arch. 8; hic tum alius ex alia parte: Euimuero..., Verr. 2, 1, 66; Hic regina grauem gemmis auroque poposicit...pateram, Verg. 1, 728; Hic Venus..., 12, 411.

**hilarus**, (later hilaris, e), adj. [= *ἡλαρος*; perh. akin to *ἀλλομαι* and *salio*; and so to *alacer*, *ελαφρος*] joyous, lively, gay, jovial, in high spirits, jolly, Fac nos hilaros hilariores opera atque aduoutu tuo, Pl. St. 5, 4, 56; add Pers. 5, 1, 8; Epid. 3, 3, 32; As. 5, 1, 10 and 21; Amph. 3, 3, 6; Rud. 2, 4, 6; fronte hilario, Caccil. ap. Non. 205, 1; hilara schēma, ap. Prisc. 679 P, 1, 200, 6 K; add 726 P, 1, 282, 14 K; Hilarum ac lubentem fac te gnato in nuptiis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 38; add 5, 3, 56; Fit desubito hilarus, tristis; saltat ridens, ringitur, Pomp. ap. Non. 517, 29; hilara sane Saturnalia, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; conuiuius hilaris, 16, 3, 1; in Lucr. 2, 1122 hilario Lamb. cj.; mss only hilar; 2. as a cognomen, T. Caesius Hilarus, inscr. Grut. 845, 10; add CIL 1024, 3; 3. so far form hilarus, but hilari (hilario?) ingenio, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 6; and in Mil. 4, 4 f. hilarius in BC (read hilarus w. other mss); Nuo se obsequentem atque hilarem (so mss, Ribb. hilare by a bad cj.) dixi praebat, Afran. ap. Char. 780 P, 200, 19 K; hilareis choros, Afr. ap. Acron. Hor. epod. 1, 1; uoltu hilari, Cic. Tusc. 1, 100; hilari animo, Q. fr. 1, 13, 1; hilari pietate, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 9; hilaris (uitis), Colum. 3, 2, 10; (admissarius) sagina hilaris, 2, 27, 9; hilares horti, 10, 293; quod dicitur aut est hilare...aut contumeliosum ant..., Quint. 6, 3, 27 etc.; 4. comp. see exx. in § 1; add Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 5; Cic. Att. 7, 25; Pis. 11; color, Plin. 23, 144; and even of things, abies femina, 16, 48; marmor, 36, 55; 5. superl. Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 72; Meu. 1, 2, 40; 6. quidam dicunt hilar debere dici; sed barbarismus est. Hilaris legi et hilarus in Terentio, Prob. 1455 f. P, 15, 9 K;

II 7. adv. hilare, joyously, gaily, acceptus hilare atque ampliter, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 98; hinc festum diem Habeamus hilare (mss hilarem or ilarem), Poen. 5, 6, 30; hilare (mss hilarem) hanc sumamus diem, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 23; Et propter patrelem tuam Constituit hilare anhelans, delecta coma, Afran. ap. Non. 514, 1; res...tristes remissem, seueras hilare...tractauit, Cic. or. 3, 30; add 2, 290; hilare uiuere, fin. 5, 92; maeste hilare (so the oldest mss; al. hilariter) in omnes partes commutabimus, ad Her. 3, 24; add Tac. an. 11, 3; Gell. 18, 2, 1; 8. hilariter, hilariter ab eo quod est hilaris, hilare autem ab hilarus, Char. 180 P; 200, 15 K; 9. adv. comp. hilarius loqui, Cic. Tusc. 3, 64;

III 10. hilaria u. pl. ium or orum, (*ἡλάρια*) a festival in honour of the Mater Dema, simulatione luctus peracta celebratur laetitiae exordium a. d. octauum Kalendas Aprilis, quem diem Hilaria appellant, Macr. s. 1, 21, 10; Hilaris matris deum (adhibeatur) fasianus, Lamprid. Alex. Sev. 37, 6; Hilaribus quibus omnia festa fieri debere scimus..., Vopisc. Aur. 1, 1.

**hinc**, (old *hin-ce\**) pron. adv. [hin or him + ce, cf. istim istiu, illim, illine, utrinque, utrimque; this hin for a lost hinde, cf. utrinde, exim or exin for exindo, dein proiu for deinde, proiude; hinde, an old gen.; cf. inde, unde, *εθεν*, *προσθεν*, together with *προσθε*; thus hinde for heuden, or rather hindus, cf. int-us, and for form ipse from ipsus; cf. too E. hence, an old gen. ouce henu-es and heuuen, and also cnt down to heu, see Key's Essays, p. 167; add G. hin —thus hin is the stem, with a nasal like *τιν-* etc.; cf. as to this, is and quis] from this (place), from here, hence, first w. pointing, at times met., as in iuscr., uiam feci ab Regio ad Capuam...Hince\* suut (from this spot, i.e. from Forum

Popilli wh. the inser. was found) Nouceriam meilia ↓ 1, CIL 551, 3; decedamus hinc, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 74; Proinde hinc uos amolimini, nam mihi impedimento estis, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 24; dixit mihi a se Scaeuolam hinc euntem esse conuentum, Cic. or. 2, 13; hinc profecti in caelum reperientur, Tusc. 1, 29; 2. may refer to a noun in the same clause, as if in agreement with it, Nimis uellem habere perticam. Quoi rei? Qui uerberarem Asinos si forte ceperint clamare hinc ex crumena—from within this purse—Pl. As. 3, 2, 44; Hinc me amantem ex aedibus eiecit huius mater, 3, 3, 42; ex ara hinc sume uerbeas tibi, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 11; nos qui hinc Roma ueneramus, Cic. agr. 2, 94; eadem haec...Messenius hinc ex Achaia...queri, Liv. 31, 31, 4; 3. may refer to a preceding noun, Kode caper uitem: tamen hinc, cum stabis ad aram, In tua quod spargi cornua possit, erit, Ov. F. 1, 357; 4. even to persons, from this (man), Atque eum Phidippum optime uideo: hinc iam scibo hoc quid sit, Ter. Hec. 2, 2, 4; Set eum Syrum ire uideo: iam hinc scibo ubi siet, Ad. 3, 3, 7; Petam hinc unde a primo institui: is si dat sat est, Ph. 4, 2, 14; 5. attached at times to nouns, Adulescenti hinc summo genere, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 45; Lesbonic hinc adulescenti, 2, 2, 78; add 4, 2, 31; Illam hinc ciuem esse, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 14; Scis eam hinc ciuem esso et fratrem eius adprime nobilem, Eun. 5, 4, 30; Conueni hodie adueniens quendam mei loci hinc atque ordinis, 2, 2, 3; but in Cic. Cat. 4, 16 hinc nati, not hinc n. the best mss perh.; 6. absol. with verb of going underst., Hinc igitur mecum, quisquis percussus amore Venandi, Nemes. cyn. 99; 7. repeated, from this side, from this side; or else on this side, on this; sometimes suiting either, different quarters being pointed to, Hinc atque hinc uastae rupes gemineque miuantur In caelum scopuli, Verg. 1, 162; add B. 1, 53; hinc patres, hinc uiros orantes, Liv. 1, 13, 2; Raros colligis hinc et hinc capillos, Mart. 10, 83, 1; hinc spes, hinc desperatio animos irritat, Liv. 21, 8, 8; add 2, 46, 2; 3, 23, 7; 6, 15, 3; 8, 35, 8; 26, 37, 2; add uos transeo quorum...gula hinc maria scrutatur, hinc terras, Sen. ep. 89, 22; solum tempto hinc flumine..., hinc uia cingitur, Plin. ep. 9, 29, 5; add Suet. Vit. 15; 8. also in later writers, hinc...inde..., in the same sense, nec inde hinc uec hinc illo peruo tractu, Plin. 2, 170; Genit hinc palumbus, inde cereus turtur, Mart. 3, 58, 19; add 9, 54, 10; hinc militum, inde locorum asperitas, Tac. an. 2, 80; add 6, 40 (34) f.; 15, 11 init.; 15, 42; h. 1, 84; 2, 70; saepe inter se collidi solent inde testatio, hinc testes, Quint. 5, 7, 32; add 33; 5, 13, 2; 12, 1, 40; 9. also hinc et (atque) hinc, Scriptis portibus hinc et inde totis, Mart. 11, 117, 11; Quidquid ponitur hinc et inde uerris, 2, 37, 1; triceus equibus hinc et inde commissis, Suet. Caes. 39; add Aug. 96 init.; alacrem hinc atque inde populum, Plin. pau. 22, 4;

10. without connecting conjunction, matronarum hinc inde hortantur, Suet. Ner. 27; unoquoque hinc inde iustante, 49; ex quibus pauca hinc inde subieci, Tib. 21; 11. in older writers, illinc opp. to hinc, ne ego sum miser, Ita et hinc et illinc mi exhibebit negotium, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 38; Imperator uterque hinc et illine Ioui Vota suscipere, Amph. 1, 1, 74; dum cognatus hinc (so Donat.; mss huc) Illine ueniret expectantem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 39; cum speculorum leuitas hinc illine altitudinem adsumpsit, Cic. Tim. 14; ex hac parte pudor pugnat, illine petulantia; hinc pudicitia, illine stuprum (with 5 more exx. of h. i.), Cat. 2, 25; add Quint. 79; Ap. Claudius...efferatus hinc plebis odio, illine patrum laudibus, Liv. 2, 29, 9; quicquid hinc aut illinc communis Mars belli auferit, 7, 8, 1; multis hinc atque illinc uulneribus acceptis, 32, 10 f.; totus hinc aut illinc septemtrio eremigatus, Plin. 2, 168; hinc atque illinc temptamur, Sen. ep. 120, 16;

II 12. referring to words, first preceding words, of material: abuteris ad omnia atomorum regno: hinc quodecumque iu solum uenit, effingis atque efficis, Cic. N. D. 1, 65; cedrumque cupressosque: Hinc radios triuere rotis, hinc tympana plaustris Agricola, Verg. G. 2, 444; glaucion...: hinc temperatur collyrium quod diaglauria uocant, Plin. 27, 83; uideret Fabricius stratas argenteo mulierum balineas..., uideret hinc dona fortium fieri, 33, 153; 13. hence gen. of origin, Hinc illac lacruanae, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 99; quod uile



nism est..., id continuo secernit ab honesto. Hinc sciae, hinc uenena...nascuntur..., Cic. off. 3, 36; add sen. 40; off. 1, 61; N. D. 2, 62; Verr. 2, 4, 24; hinc alienatus Aemilius..., Liv. 8, 12, 10; et me Promisi ultorem...Hinc mihi prima mali labes, hinc semper Vlixes Criminibus terrere nouis, hinc..., Verg. 2, 97; hinc nasci procellas, Plin. 2, 112;

**14.** partitive, Cato after a recipe for a medicine adds (r. 121): ubi uoles cibum concoquere hinc (of this) bibito quantum uoles; hinc sunt—to this class belong—pietas fides continentia, Quint. 7, 3, 5; tertium est genus quod...; hinc est *παρονομασία* quae dicitur adnominatio, 9, 3, 66;

**15.** of reason or principle, on this ground or principle, hinc ille Gyges inducitur a Platone, Cic. off. 3, 38; hinc genera distinguuntur, Plin. 37, 68; **16.** w. verbs wh. commonly take ex or ab, Hinc omnis pendet Lucilius, Hor. s. 1, 4, 6; de quibus exponendis iutium capiam hinc, Varr. r. 3, 1, 10;

**17.** of time—from this time, from now; first towards the past, age, Me nemo magis respiciet, ubi istic uenerit, Quam si hinc ducentos annos fuerim mortuos, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 20; septimo hinc anno (so a; al. septem his annis) Alba Heluia inuenta est uitis, Plin. 14, 43; **18.** towards the future, from this time forward, henceforward, now, hinc in millesimum annum, Tubero ap. Don. Ph. 2, 1, 57; iamque hinc operum quae maxima posco, Val. F. 3, 672; **19.** iu books or narrative, from this time (the time spoken) Suetonius hinc Paulinus biennio prosperas res habuit, Tac. Agr. 14; **20.** to mark order of events etc. now, after this, next, Hinc ferre accingor rursus, Verg. 2, 671; add 2, 148; Hinc mli Capuae clitellas tempore ponunt, Hor. s. 1, 5, 47; Hinc nos Cocceii recipit plenissima uilla, 50; **21.** in Plin. strengthened by deinde, hinc deinde Africa atque Asia dicuntur, Plin. 4, 122; h. d. in morbos digeremus aquatilia, 32, 42.

**hinnibundē**, adv. a false reading for hinnibundae; see **hinnibundus**, part. freq. neighing and neighing: hinnibundae pro hinnientes: equae hinnibundae inter se spargentes terram calcibus, Claud. Q. ap. Non. 122, 12.

**hinnienter**, adv. a false reading for hinnientes, see preceding.

**hio**, āre, vb. [from sound when the mouth is widely opened, as iu yawning; = yaw of yawn; akin to gape gasp and χασκω κέχηρα] first intr. open widely, first of the mouth, gape, gasp, hiantis uideo, hiantis non audio, Varr. ap. Non. 319, 2; pars (sc. umbrarum) tollere uocem Exiguam, inceptus clamor frustratur hiantis, Verg. 6, 492; leo...hians immane, 10, 726; lupus hic Tiberinus an alto Captus hiet, Hor. s. 2, 2, 32; (crocodilum) auis...trochilos exorta hiantes (gasp) caedendos praebat, Liv. 27, 48, 17; **2.** esp. of animals etc. cager for food, uidisti canem missa a domino frustra...aperto ore captantem. Quicquid excepit protinus integrum deuorat, et semper ad spem futuri biat, Sen. ep. 72, 8; fatigatos et saucios...praeterfluentem aquam hianti ore captantes, Curt. 4, 16, 12; **3.** heuce met.: huc homini si cuius domus patet, utrum ea patere an hiare ac poscere aliquid niderit? Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 8; Verrem auaritia semper hiantem (open-mouthed, agape)...fuisse, 2, 2, 134; emptorem ducat hiantem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 88; cornum deludet hiantem, 2, 5, 56; queu hiantem Cretata ambitio, Pers. 5, 176; hiantes in magna fortuna amicorum cupiditates...Galbae facilitas iuteudebat, Tac. h. 1, 12f.; cf. inbio; **4.** met. of wonder, stupor etc., gape, hunc plausus hiantem...Corripuit, Verg. G. 2, 508; nutrita ignauia lustris...lacerabat hiantem Desidia populum, Sil. 11, 35; **5.** as vb. trans. w. acc., utter with a loud voice, mouth, Hic equidem Phoebus uisus mihi pulchrior ipso Marmoreus tacita carmen hiare lyra, Prop. 2, 31, 14; Fabula seu maesto ponatur hianda tragocdo, Pers. 5, 3; **6.** vomit from a wide mouth, subitos ex ore cruores Saucia tigris hiat uitamque effundit erilem (i. c. a tiger-skin worn by a warrior), Val. F. 6, 706; **II 7.** of other than the month, gape open, Qui potuit uidere? Oculis. Quonam (ms quo) pacto? Hiantibus,

Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 71; hiauit humus multa, Sal. ap. Non. 318, 28; uenas astringit hiantis, Verg. G. 1, 91; add Hor. epod. 8, 5; priusquam semina hient aestibus, Colum. 2, 9, 18; si quibus rimis hiat, 9, 8, 11; pectines si quis digitos aduersum hiantis cos moueat, contrahuntur ut uidentes, Plin. 11, 139; uasti specus hiant diffractis membris (colossi), 34, 41; quercum...patulis rimis hiantem, Gell. 15, 16, 2; for all preceding meanings, cf. χασκω κέχηρα; but not hisco; **8.** of lang. not running smoothly, esp. from concurrence of final and initial vowels, qui ut uersum facerent, hiabant: ut Naevius. Vos qui accollitis Histrum fluium atque algidum... Cic. orat. 152; mutila quaedam et hiantia locuti sunt, 32; crebras uocalium concusiones quae uastam atque hiantem orationem reddunt, ad Her. 4, 18; dissoluta et hiaus oratio, Quint. 8, 6, 62; aut hiare semper uocalibus aut..., 9, 4, 20; uocalium concursus: quod cum accidit, hiat et intersistit oratio, 9, 4, 33; add 12, 9, 17.

**his**, d. and abl. pl. both of hic and of is, wh. see.

**hisco**, āre, vb. dim. [his the sound of air passing through a narrow chink; cf. E. hiss, and whis-per] speak with lips scarcely separated, speak in the lowest whisper or most faintly, Hem uereor plusquam Quam fas est captium (ms captium) hiscere, Acc. ap. Non. 120, 29; Nam cur illa cadant magis ab-rebus-que recedant, Quam quae tenuia sunt, hiscendist nulla potestas, Lucr. 4, 66; respondebisne ad haec aut omnino hiscere audebis? Cic. Phil. 2, 111; nec aduersus dictatoriam uim aut tribuni plebis aut ipsa plebs attollere oculos aut hiscere audebat, Liv. 6, 16, 3; quum nec consules aut pro foedere tam turpi aut contra foedus tam necessarium hiscere possent, 9, 4, 7; non hiscere quemquam prae metu potuisse, 9, 6, 12; priore consulatu.. hiscere eum nequisse, nunc iam populares orationes serere, 10, 19, 8—and so just before; ex muto atque elingui facundum; aliquotiens dicere incipientem cum lacrimae praepedissent, quia ipse hiscere nequit..., 44, 45, 10; nemo aduersus praepotentes uiros hiscere audebat, 45, 26, 7; uix pauca furenti Subicio et raris turbatus uocibus hisco, Verg. 3, 314; Nec Telamoniades etiam nunc hiscere quicquam Ausit, Ov. M. 13, 231; Et ponere foras, si quid tentaueris umquam Hiscere, Iuv. 5, 127; cum intorqueret homo uoltum et non hisceret et colores mutaret, tum ego intercessi, Gell. 15, 9, 10; **2.** above w. such acc. as quid etc.; rarely with other acc. as: Reges Alba tuos et regum facta tuorum, Tantum operis, neruis hiscere posse meis, Prop. 3, 3, 4; **3.** open as the mouth, without sound, et scandat (leo) malis hisceutibus orbem, Manil. 4, 534; **4.** met., 'st tace: aces hiscunt. Credo animo malest Aedibus. Quid iam? Quia edepol ipsum lenonem euomunt, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 43; **5.** open as a crack or chink, Vt uitio uenae tabularum saepius hisceat Quam..., Lucr. 6, 1070; ne hiscat nimum rima, Plin. 17, 108; magnae nunc hiscite terrae, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 26; but the line Ov. M. 1, 546 spurious; **6.** his-c-o from a mimetic root his, and hia- from sound yaw, as iu our own yawn, are no way akin; yet fm. similarity of form in Latin and some similarity of scuse were supposed to be akin by gramm., so that hisco is called the incept. of hio (for hiasco), Diom. 333 P; 343, 14 and 344, 20 K; Prisc. 298, 1 P; 2, 471 K.

**1 ho?** adv., hither, implied in hōc hūc and in horsum for ho-uorsum.

**2 ho**, pr. neut. implied in hoce aud hoc, see hic.

**3 hō**, abl. implied in hōce hoc, and iu ho-die.

**4 ho**, as an interj. a false reading iu Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 52.

**1 hōc**, n. of hic.

**2 hōc**, adv., hither=huc, wh. see.

**hōcē**, older form of hoc, see hic.

**hōcē-diē?** a cj. reading for hodie by Geppert in Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 24; 5, 2, 6 and 51; Truc. 4, 2, 26; and perh. to be preferred in As. 2, 2, 107; Curt. 5, 2, 16; Mil. 5, 1, 28.

**hōdiē**, adv. [ho old abl., whence w. encl. cc, hōce and then hoc] to-day, S. quae forte ex Asia nauis heri eo aut hodie uenerit, Pl. Triu. 1, 2, 95; Ille trauersa mente mihi



hodie tradidit repagula, Enn. tr. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 66; Vxorem deererat dare sese mihi hodie: nonne oportuit Præcisse me ante? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 3; hodie mane Dolabella, Cic. Att. 13, 9, 1; Nonne hodie sunt Sextiles, Verr. 1, 31; Parilibus, qui dies hodie est, Phil. 14, 14; faciam hodie imperator ut aut uiuo mihi aut mortuo gratias agas, Caes. b. c. 3, 91, 3; Qui non est hodiē eras minus aptus erit, Ov. rem. am. 1, 94; hodiē tricesima sabbata, Hor. s. 1, 9, 6; cenas hodie mecum, ep. 1, 7, 70; **2.** to-day so as to include the whole 24 hours, where we might say to-night, Illa nocte aliquis, tollens ad sidera noltum Dicet 'ubi est hodie quae Lyra fulsit heri?' Ov. F. 2, 76; **3.** in a wider sense, nowadays, now, eos agros ubi hodie est haec urbs, Cic. rep. 2, 4; add 2, 16; hodie omnes sic habent...istum a piratis...pecuniam accepisse, Verr. 2, 5, 64; in longum tameu acium Manserunt hodieque manent uestigia ruris, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 160; **4.** in comedy hodie seems to have been pronounced as a disyl. like Ital. oggi; thus it often closes the comic septenarius: Vt uapules Demaenetus semul ac conspexero hodie, Pl. As. 2, 4, 73; add fm. same scene vv. 77 and 89; also 3, 3, 84.

**hōdiē-que**, adv. [que too, also; like et] to-day too, even now, still, et hodieque rebus meis detineo, inscr. Grut. 502 med.; nobilissimam partem rēgiouis maritimae...quae hodieque appellatur Ionia, Vell. 1, 4, 3; hanc turmam statuarum equestrium quae frontem aedium spectant, hodieque maximum ornamentum eius loci, 1, 11, 3; Asciburgium quod in ripa Rheni situm hodieque incolitur, Tac. G. 3; et hodieque reliquiae stirpium durant, Plin. 8, 176; in tantum fastigi adoleuit ut hodieque...praeualeat, 30, 2; sunt clari hodieque et qui olim nominabuntur, Quint. 10, 1, 94; quae constituta hodieque seruantur, Suet. Cl. 19; statuam quae Circensi pompa hodieque praefertur, Tit. 2; but in Liv. 5, 4, 14, Vitruv. 10, 7, 5 and Suet. Tib. 14 hodieque begins a clause so that que may mean and; in Liv. 1, 17, 9; 1, 26, 13; Suet. Galb. 1 hodie quoque nov stands.

**hōmō**, ἄνθρωπος (old hōmōnis, see below), m. f. (but see § 19), [hom- of homo=gum of Go. and A. S. guma, old G. gomo (komo), as also of Sw. brud-gum (=G. bräuti-gam bridegroom); once had no doubt an initial digamma, like It. uomo; and so=*fav* of *fav-er-* (cf. Dionys. Hal. p. 16 ed. Huds.: συνηθες ἦν τοῖς τῶν ὀπισθῶν αἱ ἀρχαὶ ἀπο τῶν φωνητικῶν ἐγίνοντο τῆν οὐ συλλαβὴν ἐνὶ στοιχείῳ γραφομένην...ὤς...*fav*ter)]; and so=E. man (cf. for GREEK ποι-μεν- sheep-man, ποιμαίνω ποιμαίνω; also Ἀναξί-μανδρος beside Ἀλεξ-ανδρος); so again mid. G. wan=man (cf. Grimm, D. G. 3, 8, 1, 18), so too in E. one says, no one, the one is not the numeral, but a variety of man, cf. G. man sagt, nie-maud and L. nemo-; similarly Fr. on dit was once hom dit: S. nar or nr may be akin to *aver-* etc. if it has lost an initial a]; for suff. ὄν of homon-, er of *aver-*, cf. ordon- Fr. ordre, femur femina, homon- Sp. hombre, femina Sp. hembra; for interchange of m and n, cf. *χθον-χαμαι* humus, mem-or from a root men etc.; man as a human being (=man, woman or child), id genus hominum omnibus Vniuersis est aduersum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 39; Homō sum, humani nihil a me alienum puto, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 25; animal hoc prouidum...plenum rationis et consilii quem uocamus hominem, Cic. leg. 1, 22; quid est homo? Quodlibet quassum uas, Sen. ad Marcianum 3; **2.** so of womcu, at quae mater?...Cuius aea stultitia est ut eam nemo hominem...appellare possit, Cic. Clu. 199; paucis post annis ei moriendum fuit, quoniam homo nata fuerat, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 4; iuencam Quae bos ex homine est, ex bone facta dea, Ov. F. 5, 620; clames licet et mare caelo Confundas, homō sum, Iuv. 6, 284; dulcissimum ab hominis (lacte) camelinum, Plin. 28, 123; **3.** of young childreu and euen the newborn, non alere nunc suo lacte...iam uiuentem, iam hominem, iam matris officia inplorantem, Gell. 12, 1, 6; puer exire de gremio incipiat—and soon: hominum eius aetatis, Quint. 1, 2, 1; **4.** hence when used of males alone is limited by an epithet, quod mares homines amant, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 32; **5.** opposed to powers above, pro deum atquo hominum fidem, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 10; Cure. 5, 3, 16;

Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 11; hominum sator atque deorum, Verg. 1, 254; Quid tu autem possis, aut quid homo quisquam? Vix deus iam, Cic. Att. 9, 6, 5; nec uox hominū sonat, Verg. 1, 332; abiit ad deos Hercules: numquam abisset, nisi cum inter homines esset, eam sibi uiam munisset, Cic. Tusc. 1, 32; **6.** hence a weak mortal, Censen hominem me esse? Errani, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 40; te ut hortarer...ut et hominem et uirum esse meminisses, id est, ut et communem casum...sapienter ferres, et dolori fortiter resisteres, Cic. fam. 5, 17, 3; suumi sunt, homines tamen, Quint. 10, 1, 25; **7.** often a disrespectful term, fellow, madet homo, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 18; Tu caestor tibi homō malam rem quaeris, Cas. 2, 3, 48; ha ha ha, homo suauis, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 64; homo coepit me obscrare, Eun. 2, 2, 30; Pro Iuppiter tu homo adigis me ad iusaniā, Ad. 1, 2, 31; mittit homini munera satis large haec, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; **8.** yet also w. familiarity, short of disrespect, and so with a eulogistic effect, Quid quaeritabas? Mi homo et mēa mulier uos saluto, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 57; Sed Dauos exit. Mi homo quid istuc obsecrost? Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 6; **9.** but also without any feeling even of disrespect, as: loquor de docto homine, Cic. Tusc. 5, 111; cum perfectis hominibus planeque sapientibus, off. 1, 46; **10.** opposed to lower animals or brute inatter, as possessing sense, feeling, and then eulogistic, Non homo quidem es qui istoc pacto (modo?) tam lepidam inlepidē appelles, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 49; quae me omnino lapidem, non hominem putas, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 17; si tu sis homo, Hic faciat, Ad. 5, 8, 11; duri hominis uel potius uix hominis nideatur periculum capitis inferre multis, Cic. off. 2, 50; monstra quaedam non hominis sed ferae immanis, Att. 5, 16, 2; **11.** rarely a man as opposed to a woman, mi homo et mea mulier uos saluto, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 57; si eo...mulier aut homo perierit, summo supplicio adficiuntur, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 38, 5; add Th. C. 7, 13, 7 pr. § 1; Lact. 2, 12; **12.** wrongly interpreted a slave, though used of a slave in: hominem P. Quinctii deprehendit, Cic. Quinct. 61; but in Pl. Men. 5, 2, 49 and Cato r. 57 merely a mau, though speaking it may be of slaves; **13.** of a freed-mau as opposed to a slave who is less than a man, patrono meo ossa quiescant, qui me hominem inter homines uoluit esse, Petr. 39; **14.** wrongly interpreted a foot soldier in Liv. 9, 19, 5; in Caes. b. g. 2, 39, 5 add. read capti homines equique (mss equitesque) producebantur; **15.** attached to some word denoting a class of man, so as to give emphasis to such word, quid nouom, adulescens homo Si amat? Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 19; adulescens homo Penetrare (penetret?) huiusmodi in palaestram, ubi damnis desudascitur? Bac. 1, 1, 32; Seruom hominem (a slave, as slave) causam orare leges non sinunt, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 62; non puduisse uerberare hominem senem! Ad. 4, 2, 23; Homo adulescens si habet unam amicam, tu uxores duas, Ph. 5, 9, 52; cf. adulescens mulier, Hec. 4, 4, 39; de altero illo miuus sum admiratus, operario homine, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 8; **16.** so also attached to nemo to give it emphasis, Nemo homo unquam ita arbitratust, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 29; Me homo nemo deterruerit quin ea sit in his aedibus, Mil. 2, 3, 61; add Rud. 4, 3, 29; **17.** in old lang. homō often w. final ō, Qua facies homō? Sesquipede quiddamst quam tu longior, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; numquam edepol mihi Quisquam homō mortalis posthaec duarum rerum creduit, Ni..., Truc. 2, 2, 52; add 3, 1, 7; St. 2, 2, 36; Men. 1, 2, 39; 5, 5, 10; Mil. 2, 3, 14; Capt. 3, 4, 16; As. 2, 4, 88; Epid. 3, 1, 12; Cas. 2, 4, 24; Nec (al. non) pol homō quisquam faciet inpune animatus, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 15; add Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 40; ap. Fest. 169 and 302 M; ap. Gell. 12, 4; ap. Cic. off. 1, 84; orat. 3, 168; and rep. 1, 30; Nimis homō formidulosust, Naev. ap. Char. 186 P, 208, 12 K; add Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 25; 1, 2, 31; Ph. 1, 2, 73; 2, 3, 15; rarely in later writers, as Verg. 9, 783; Hor. s. 1, 2, 31; Quidam notus homō cum exiret fornice Macte...; **18.** yet also w. ō, hōmō or as a mouos. = hom, Homo condeucatur iam aliquis quantum potest, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 36; add Bac. 4, 8, 63; Merc. 2, 3, 1; Quis homo te exsuperauit usquam gentium impudentia? Enu. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 77; add Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 21; and gen. in later writers Qui? nou est hōmō bellus? inquires. Est, Catul. 24, 7; add Iuv. 6, 284;



10, 350; **19.** Charisius 78 P, 102, 20 K says: heres parens homo etsi in communi sexu intellegantur, tamen masculino genere semper dicuntur—but? cf. amissae parentis, Verg. 3, 341; wh. however Char. perh. read amissi; **20.** old form of obl. cases, homōnis etc., Volturus in siluis (al. spineto or campo) supinum (al. miserum) mandebat homonem, Enu. ap. Serv. ad A. 6, 595; Charis. 120 P, 147, 16 K; Prisc. 683 P, 1, 206, 24 K; **21.** a shorter form like hom implied in hom-icida; **22.** hominus as gen.: neque unius hominus (nomine), CIL 200, 60.

**hōn-or**, (older honos), ōris, m. [perh. fm. gen-o γερω be laden; and so akin to honus, old form of onus], lit. a load—hence public charge or office, No quairatis honore(m) qui minus sit mandatus, CIL 34, 6; niquis eorum II uir(atum)... aliamue quam potestate ex quo honore in eum ordinem perueniat petito neque capito, 206, 137; Dedicam ego illi de uia, de semita, De honore populi; uerum quod ad uentrem attinet..., Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 80; Nam olim populi prius honorem capiebat suffragio Quam..., Bac. 3, 3, 34; periuurum siet, cum mihi eo eos mores quos prius habui honos detur, ubi datus est, tum uti eos mutem, Cato ap. Prisc. 694 P, 1, 226, 20 K; ita quaestor sum factus ut mihi illum honorem... commissum putarem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 35; populum Romanum hominibus nouis industriis libeuter honores mandare, 2, 4, 81; quaestura primus gradus honoris, 1, 11; cum honoribus amplissimis perfuncti essemus, fam. 1, 8, 3; ita me sibi fuisse inimicum ut ne honorem quidem (that of legatus) a se accipere uellem, Att. 9, 2 A, 1; honores non petiit... quod neque peti more maiorum neque capi possent conseruatis legibus in tam effusis ambitus largitionibus, Nep. Att. 6, 2; summa imperii traditur Camulogeno qui... propter singularem scientiam rei militaris ad eum est honorem euocatus, Caes. b. g. 7, 57, 3; docet se nullum extraordinarium honorem appetisse, Sed expectato legitimo tempore consulatus eo fuisse contentum, quod omnibus ciuibus pateret, Caes. b. c. 1, 32, 2; add 1, 9, 3; Sal. Cat. 49, 2; Iug. 4, 7; Liv. 21, 26, 2; 10, 3, 4; populo qui stultus honores Saepae dat indignis, Hor. s. 1, 6, 15; **2.** hence position, standing, honour, esteem, respect, Quid ipse hic, quo honores illi? Summo atque ab summis uiris, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 29; priuauit bonis luce honore atque amicis, Truc. 2, 7, 20; is qui uere appellari potest honos... perpetuae uirtutis est praemium, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 2; honos alit artes, Tusc. 1, 4; apud eum sunt in honore et in pretio, Rosc. Am. 77; Chrysippum in honore habui, Att. 7, 2, 8; quos praecipuo honore habuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4; eorum qui aliquo sunt numero atque honore, 6, 13, 1; **3.** esp. the phrase habere honorem alicui, to feel respect for, non tu scis mulier, quantum ego honorem nunc illi habeo, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 83; Neque illo honores mihi quos habuit perdidit, St. 1, 1, 49; Nam is mihi honores suae domi habuit maximos, Pers. 4, 3, 43; **4.** also pay a compliment to, as by a vote of thanks etc., ut pro tantis eorum meritis honores eis habeantur, Cic. Phil. 3, 39; si honos is fuit, maiorem tibi habere non potui, fam. 5, 20, 2; cum in templo Virtutis honos habitus esset uirtuti, Sest. 116; **5.** so also honoris causa or gratia, out of respect to, Qni simulauit mei honoris mittero hinc causa coquos, Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 4; Propera a portu tui honoris causa. Ecquid adportas boni? St. 2, 2, 14; Quia tui honoris causa huc ad te uenimus, Poen. 3, 3, 25 (so cj. THK; mss Q. nos honoris tui...); add Merc. 3, 1, 29; As. 1, 3, 42; C. Poplicio L. f. Bibulo aed. pl. honoris uirtutisque causa senatus, CIL 635; add 1246; Quid fecisti? Quod mandasti tui honoris gratia (so cj. THK; mss feci tui h. g.), Pl. Curc. 4, 3, 17; add Mil. 3, 1, 26; Amph. 1, 2, 24; As. 1, 3, 39; Iason, Tu me amoris magis quam honoris seruaui gratia, Enn. tr. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 69; **6.** in honorem, in Iunonis honorem, Hor. od. 1, 7, 8; redditis a Porsina in honorem eius, Plin. 34, 29; in honour (of), in honorem domus diuinae nautae..., ingeri, inser. Or. 365; in honorem dom. diuin., 403; add 404; **7.** often in naming a person, by way of apology for the liberty, with all respect, quem ego hominem honoris... causa nominatum uolo, Cic. Verr. 1, 18; nonne... hunc... honoris causa appellasti?

Rosc. com. 18; L. Sulla quem honoris causa nomino, Rosc. Am. 6; add Phil. 2, 30 and 31; **8.** in excusing the utterance of what may offend, to apologise for the liberty, honorem praefari or something equivalent is used, si dicimus ille patrem strangulauit, honorem non praefamur, sin de Aurelia aut Lollia, honos praefandus est, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; haec sunt quae rettulisso fas sit ae pleraque non nisi honore dicto; reliqua intestabilia infanda..., Plin. 28, 87; (feminae) ad ultimum (honos auribus habitus sit) ima corporum uelamenta prociunt, Curt. 5, 1, 38; add ps. Quint. decl. 3 iuit.; **9.** met. of other than man, (ista pars) summo in honore semper fuit, Cic. or. 1, 235; in summo apud illos honore geometria fuit, Tusc. 1, 5; peroratio... tanto in honore pueris nobis erat, Brnt. 127; cadentque Quae nunc sunt in honore uocabula, Hor. A. P. 70; nisi tum esset honos eloquentiae, Cic. Brut. 40; acipenser nullo nunc in honore est, Plin. 9, 60; Prammio (uino) etiam nunc honos durat, 14, 54; sunt in honore et Creticae (cepaee), 19, 104; maxumus honos in candido translucentibus (uitris), 36, 198; **10.** a solid reward by way of compliment, an honorarium, a fee, reward, prize, Nullus sum. Hic pro illo munere tibi honos est habitus: abeo, Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 22; Curio misi ut medico honos haberetur, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 3; ei... habuit honorem ut proditori, Verr. 2, 1, 38; geminum pugnae proponit honorem, Victori... iuuenum, Ensem... uicto, Verg. 5, 365; add 5, 249 and 347; Nec... Telamon sine honore recessit Hesioneque data potitur, Ov. M. 11, 216; Dicite Pierides quonam donetur honore... Naeera, Tib. 3, 1, 5; nil uictor honoris Ex opibus posco, Sil. 9, 199; nullos Minyis exoluet houores, Val. F. 5, 290; dum in iudicio honou petitur (a professoribus iuris ciuilibus), Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 5; **11.** esp. gifts or offerings to the gods, et quisquam numen Iunonis adoret (edd. adorat) Praeterea aut supplex aris imponat (ass imponit or—ct) honorem? Verg. 1, 49; meritos aris mactauit honores, 3, 118; add 3, 547; nullos aris adoleret honores, Ov. M. 8, 740; **12.** of worship by words of praise, sumum Baecho dicemus honorem, Verg. G. 2, 393; **13.** honour paid to the dead by burial etc., Cernit ibi maestos et mortis honore carentis..., Verg. 6, 333; sine honore sepulcri, Ov. tr. 3, 45; lamque solutus honos cineri, Val. F. 3, 357; **14.** materially, what gives dignity, an ornament, grace, beauty, charm, au honour, laetos oculis adflarat honores, Verg. 1, 591; mens et sonus Relapsus atque notus in uultus honor, Hor. epod. 17, 18; et siluis aquilo decussit honorem, Verg. G. 2, 404; copia... Ruris honorum opulenta, Hor. od. 1, 17, 16; nullique aetatis honores, Sil. 3, 487; Solutur omne deus leu niueosque per artus It Stygius color et formae populatur honores, 12, 244; Populeus cui frondis honor, Val. F. 6, 296; **15.** met. an honour, Is't honos homini pudico meminisse officium suum, Pl. Triu. 3, 2, 71; dextera Adherbalem assedit ne medius ex tribus, quod apud Numidas honori ducitur, Iugurtha foret, Sal. Iug. 11, 3; **16.** personified, Tute pone te latebis, facile ne inueniat te Honos, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 37; **17.** esp. as a deity, ad aedem Honoris et Virtutis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 121; Donec Honor placidoque decens Reuerentia uolto Corpora legitimus inposuere toris, Ov. F. 5, 23; add Val. M. 1, 1, 8; ita uti ad aedem Honorus facta sunt, CIL 577, 2, 11; aedem Honori et Virtuti uictor fecit, inser. Or. 543 (if genuine); Virtuti et Honori L. Vlpus Marcellus, 1842; Honori et (P)auri Saturnini Lupulus, 5820; Honori Vitae uiuens sacrauit M. Statilius, 1815; add 2034; **18.** for old gen. honorus seo § 17 ex. 4.

**hōra**, ae, f. [= ὥρα] aud also = ὥρα, a limit] lit. a limited space—hence, an hour or 24th part of a day on the average, Dum haec dicit abiit hora, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 50; Si non tum dedero, unam praeterea horam ne oppertus sies, Ph. 3, 2, 29; Vt illum di perdat, primus qui horas reperit Quique adeo primus statuit hic solarium, Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 4; horam amplius iam in demoliendo signo... moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; add Att. 4, 2, 4; omnium superiorum dimicatio-nem fructum in eo die atque hora docet consistere, Caes. b. g. 7, 86, 3; horae Momento cita mors uenit aut uictoria, Hor. s. 1, 1, 7; Nou horam tecum esse potes, 2, 7, 112;



**2.** strictly a Roman hour was a 12th part of day or night, and so varied w. the season; at Rome lat. 41° 54' the sun on the shortest day set about 4.30 p.m.; hence at that time an hour was at Rome about 45 m., and on Midsummer day about 1 h. 15 m.; Credo equidem potis esse te scelus Massici montis nberimus quattuor Fructus ebibere in una hora. Hiberua addito, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 9; Libra dio somnique pares ubi fēerit hōras, Verg. G. 1, 208; Hōrā nūc aestiua est nec tibi tota perit, Mart. 12, 1, 4; militari gradu xx milia passuum horis v duntaxat aestiuis conficienda sunt, Veg. mil. 1, 9; in horas xii diuini esse noctemque in totidem uulgo notum est, Censor. 23, 6; **3.** hence hora w. ordinal num. denoted the time, nequis ineis uieis...plostrum interdiu post solem ortum neuē ante horam x diei ducito agito, CIL 206, 57; quorum plostra noetu in urbem inducta erunt, quomius ea plostra inania...h. x diei in u. R. esse lieat e. h. l. n. r., 206, 67; ipse suos necessarios...corrogat, ut ad tabulam Sestiam sibi adsint hora secunda postridie, Cic. Quinct. 25; accubueram hora nona eum..., fam. 9, 26, 1; fit obuiam Clodio...hora fere undecima, Mil. 29; add Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; ab officiis octanam circiter horam Dum reddit, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 47; Si te grata quies et primam somnus in horam Delectat, 1, 17, 6; ubi quarta sitim caeli collegerit hora, Verg. G. 3, 327; Prima salutahtes atque altera conterit hora..., Mart. 4, 8—wh. sec; **4.** hence w. ordinal rel., hora quota est? What o'clock is it? Hor. s. 2, 6, 44; **5.** horae in pl. used of the time of day, uidet oscitantem iudicem..., mittentem ad horas, Cic. Brut. 200; cum a puero quaesisset horas, Plin. 7, 182; horas Ioui nuntiat, Sen. ap. August. 6, 10; tunc horas requirenti, pro quinta quam metuebat sexta...nuntiat est, Suet. Dom. 16; **6.** on the dial the hours must have been of the same length at all seasons, and so w. the clepsydra, Scipio Nasica conlega Laenatis (when censor 159 b.c.) primus aqua diuisit horas, Plin. 7, 215; **7.** of time as measured by clepsydra in law-courts, hic tu fortasse eris diligens ne quam ego horam de mcis legitimis horis remittam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 25; dixi horis paene quinque, nam duodecim clepsydris quas spatio-sissimas acciperam sunt additae quattuor, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 14; **8.** horae in pl.=horologium, a dial, cum machinatione quadam moueri aliquid uidemus ut sphaeram, ut horas..., nou dubitamus quin..., Cic. N. D. 2, 97; cf. too § 5, ex. 1; **9.** in defining the points of the compass by the sun's average place at different hours, ab his ccl mil. p. Fortunatas contra laeum Mauretaniae in viii horam solis, Plin. 6, 202; id in horam dic quintam nel octanam spectare ualuerim, 17, 84; **10.** omuium horarum (homo), one acceptable at all hours, alike of business and pleasure, Quint. 6, 3, 110; Suet. Tib. 42; cf. Cl. 40; **11.** gen. time, hour, esp. in poets, Properauit hora tristis fatalis mea, CIL 1009, 9; extrema moriens tamen adloquor hora, Verg. B. 8, 20; crastina hora, G. 1, 426; Te flagrantis atrox hora Canieulae Nescit tangere, Hor. od. 3, 13, 9; nigram horam, Tib. 3, 5, 5; **12.** esp. like ὥρα, a season of the year, nariisque mundum Temperat horis, Hor. od. 1, 12, 16; suh uerni temporis horam, A. P. 302; fertilibus Titan decurreret horis, Tib. 4, 1, 51; genitalis anui hora, Plin. 9, 107; arbor (Medica) omnibus horis pomifera est, 12, 15; **13.** in astrology, hour (of nativity), pars uiolentior Natalis horae, Hor. od. 2, 17, 19; non est mirum si mathematici errant, horam eius nemo nouit, Senec. apocol. init.; **14.** in horas, hour by hour, every hour, consilia temporm sunt, quae in horas commutari uides, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 4; elauum ut mutaret in horas, Hor. s. 2, 7, 10; add ep. 2, 1, 89; A. P. 160; od. 2, 13, 14; Gallo cuius amor tantum mihi crescit in horas, Quantum..., Verg. B. 10, 73; accingere ut in singulas horas capite dimices tuo, Liv. 2, 12, 10; add Phaedr. 3, 15, 14; expectantem in horas, Plin. ep. 3, 17 f.; **15.** in horam, in horas, for the hour, with a view to it alone, Viue in dies et horas, nam proprium est nihil, CIL 2010; hi qui in horam uiuorent, Cic. Phil. 5, 25; **16.** ad horam, by or at the appointed time, quartana ad horam uenit, Sen. n. q. 3, 16, 2; **17.** Horae personified as deities, at Ὠραι, attendants on the Sun, Iungere equos Titan uelocibus imperat Horis, Ov. M. 2, 118; Sol...cui...rapidis accurant passibus Horae Freuaque...Deripiunt, Stat. Th. 3,

410; add Val. F. 4, 92; cf. also Tih. in § 9 where perli-Horis; **18.** so of Ianus as god of the year, Praesideo foribus caeli cum mitibus Horis, Ov. F. 1, 125; **19.** Hora, like Ὠρα as goddess of youth and wife of Quirinus, — Quiriue pater neneror, Horamque Quirini, Enn. ap. Non. 120, 2—who adds iuentutis dea; **20.** the same w. Ὡ, Hanc...Romanae conditor nrbis Excipit et prisenum...nomen Mutat, Hōramque uocat, quae nunc dea iuncta Quirino est, Ov. M. 14 f.; **21.** as a cognomen, Cesidiae Horae libertae, inser. Grut. 934, 13.

**hordeum**, i, (ord.—older fordeum, see § 7) n. [fordeum for for-nd-eum, =for-eulum, dim. of far; fordeum: far :: E. barley : E. bear; so beer = bear-drink = πομα κριθον; akin to horreo on account of beard; cf. Varr. in § 1; prob. also κρι (for κορ-ι) and κριθη] barley, hordeum serito, Cato r. 35, 2; ubi hordeum demessuit, id. orig. ap. Prisc. 903 P, 1, 537, 7 K; in corpore pili ut arista in spica ordei horrent, Varr. l. 6, 6 p. 224 Sp.; ordeum nisi solum et siccum locum non patitur, Col. 2, 9, 3; primum ex omnibus frumentis seritur hordeum (as ripening soonest), Plin. 18, 71; panem ex hordeo antiqui factum uita damnauit, quadrupedumque fere cibus est, 18, 74; hence as a disgrace: cohortibus quae signa amiserant hordeum dari iussit, Liv. 27, 13, 9; **2.** of various kinds, the commonest h. hexastichum, six-rowed barley, esp. for food of horses etc. proximum est his frumentis usus ordei quod rustici hexastichum, quidam etiam cantherinum appellat, Colum. 2, 9, 14; ordeum cantherinum, Pall. sept. 4; oct. 1, 2; **3.** h. distichum, two-rowed barley, Galaticum nonnulli uocant, candoris eximii, adeo ut tritico mistum egregia cibaria familiae praebat, Colum. 2, 9, 16; add Pall. ian. 4; alterum distichon...hoc plerique Galaticum uocant, Isid. 17, 3; ex hordeo cui sunt bini anguli, Plin. 18, 75; **4.** h. uuirium, wall-barley, phoenice appellata Graecis, Plin. 22, 135; **5.** as a material for beer, potui umor ex hordeo atque frumento in quadam similitudinem uini corruptus, Tac. G. 23; capti (elephanti) celerrime mitificantur hordei suco, Plin. 8, 24; cf. 14, 149 and 150; Herod. 2, 77; Diod. 4, 2; **6.** gen. in sing. as a collective; also as pl. in poets by necessity of metre, mandauimus hordea sulcis, Verg. B. 5, 36; add G. 1, 317; Ov. M. 14, 273; but in Plin. 18, 56 hordea of different kinds of barley; see Quint. 1, 5, 16; **7.** quod (antiqui) fordeum dicebant nos hordeum, Ter. Sc. 2250, 39 P; add 2258, 45; **8.** =Fr. orge.

**hornō**, abl. as adv. [for ho-uerno; cf. ho-die] this spring, euentus rebus omnibus uelut horno inensis magna Fuit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 3; Vtrum anno an horno te abstuleris a uiro (perli. ted for te; L. Müller cj. tete), Lucil. ap. Non. 121, 8; horno per Dionysia, Varr. ib.

**hornōt-inus**, adj. [hornō abl.; for suffix cf. crast-inus] of this year, this year's, nuce, Cato r. 17, 2; frumenti, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 45; uirgis, Colum. 5, 6, 33; plautas, arb. 38, 1;

**hornus**, adj. [for ho-uēr-inus; cf. bimus trimus quadrimus for bi-hiem-us etc.] of this spring, this year's, messem, Varr. ap. Non. 119, 1; fruge, Hor. od. 3, 23, 3; uina, epod. 2, 48; palea, s. 2, 6, 88; agnis, Prop. 4, 3, 61.

**horreo**, see horresco.

**horreō-lum**, i, n. dim. a little barn or granary, Val. M. 7, 1, 2 f.

**horresco**, ēre and horreo, ēre, nī, vb. [root hor (her) in place of for (fer), seen in χῆς Hesych. hēdgchog, in φ(ε)ρ-ισσα, Fr. hēr-isser and fr-iss-onn-er and in br of E. br-istle; also in her of Fr. hēr-isson, Picard. hēr-ieh-on, E. ur-chin; also root seen in for of for-are to pierce, whence fod of fodere dig; and fur of furca a proug] bristle, horrens Arcadius sus, Lucr. 5, 25; in corpore pili, ut arista in spica ordei horrent, Varr. l. 6, 6, p. 224 Sp.; horrentia centum Terga suum, Verg. l. 6, 634; first of hair, Horret capillis ut marinus asperis Echium aut curres aper, Hor. epod. 5, 27; Bracchia coeperunt nigris horrescere uillis, Ov. M. 2, 478; add 8, 285 and 428; 13, 846; 14, 279; F. 2, 348 and 502; Tib. 2, 3, 23; Plin. 8, 150; barbīs horrentibus uauta, Petron. 99; **2.** of scenery bristling



w. rocks and trees, duris genuit te cautibus horrens Caucasus, Verg. 4, 366; siluis horrentia saxa fragosis, Ov. M. 4, 778; horrentibus scopulis gradum inferre, Plin. pan. 81, 1; 3. esp. under frost, a winter-cold, dein uicissim horrere terra, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; Nec fera tempestas toto tamen horret in anno, Ov. F. 1, 495; quaedam loca frigidibus hiemis intolerabiliter horreunt, Colum. 1, 4, 9; add Germ. prog. 3, 158; Stat. Th. 4, 1; 4. of the battle-field with its spears, tum ferreus hastis Horret ager (copied by Verg. 11, 602); again: Horrescit telis exercitus; again: horrescunt tela; again: Sparsis hastis longis campus splendet et horret, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 4, 6; horrentis Marte Latinos, Verg. 10, 237; (phalangi) confertae et intuentis horrentis hastis, Liv. 44, 41, 6; 5. of the sea or corn-crop under wind, mare quum horreret fluctibus, Acc. ap. Non. 422, 32; subito mare coepit horrescere, Cic. rep. 1, 63; tum segetes altae eampique natantes Lenibus horreseunt flabris—ripple—Verg. G. 3, 198; but in Varr. ap. Non. 423, 7 read inhorrescit; 6. of the roughness of the skin, or goose-skin from cold, shiver or shudder, dominae quamuis horrebis et ipse Argenti manus est calfaecienda sinu, Ov. a. a. 2, 213; horrenti tunieam non reddere seruo, Iuv. 1, 93; Sola pruinosis horret facundia pannis, Petron. 83 f.; 7. shudder or shiver (from fear), Horreseo misera mentio quotiens fit partionis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 99; Horrescet faxo lena, leges quom audiet, As. 4, 1, 4; Extimuit tum illa? Horret corpus (her flesh), cor salit, Cist. 2, 3, 9; Totus Parmeno Tremo horreoque, postquam aspexi hanc, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 4; Perii, horreseo semper ubi pulpate hasce occipio miser, Ad. 4, 4, 25; quae cum a te tractantur... horrere soleo, Cic. or. 2, 188; quin etiam feræ...iniecito terrore mortis horreseunt, fin. 5, 31; Horrueram tacitoque animum pallore fatebar, Ov. F. 6, 19; add M. 15, 516; 6, 530 and 602; 7, 631; 10, 414 and 460; 8. w. acc., shudder at, shudder at the thought of, dread, dolorem, Cic. Tusc. 5, 85; ipsam uictoriam, fam. 7, 3, 2; nomen publicani, Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; ingrati animi crimen, Att. 9, 2, 2; crimen et iudicium, Verr. 2, 5, 74; deorum (conscientiam), fin. 1, 51; Ariouisti crudelitatem, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 4; Hiberos, Verg. G. 3, 408; te, 4, 209; mortem, 10, 880; Horrent admotas uulnera cruda manus, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 16; Vrsaque conspectos in montibus horruit ursos, M. 2, 494; Neque horret iratum mare, Hor. epod. 2, 6; pauperiem, s. 2, 5, 9; et te Neglegit aut horret, ep. 1, 7, 64; ouis, 1, 17, 39; nutum dimitis, 1, 18, 11; fragilitatis humanae uices, Plin. pan. 27, 1; nomen acusatoris, Quint. 12, 7, 1; secures, Sil. 6, 694; 9. w. inf., non horreo in hunc locum progredi, Cic. agr. 2, 101; dicere, Liv. 7, 40, 9; 10. w. ne, eo plus horreo ne illae magis res nos ceperint, quam nos illas, Liv. 34, 4, 3; 11. w. indir. interr., (pacem) quemadmodum accepturi sitis horreo, Cic. Phil. 7, 8; ut quorsus eruptura sit (dominatio) horreamus, Att. 2, 21, 1; 12. horrendum part. as adj. to be shuddered at, horrible, terrible, awful; earminis, Liv. 1, 26, 6; silua, 9, 36, 1; monstrum, Verg. 3, 26; Sibylla, 6, 10; ambages, 6, 99; uox, 9, 112; uirgine, 11, 507; 13. horrendum as cogn. acc. or adv., h. stridens, Verg. 6, 288; 9, 632; h. sonuere, 9, 732; h. intonat, 12, 700.

**horreum**, i. n. [lit. adj. n. as sb. horr-eum for forr-cum, root far, farris and so akin to bar-u], granary, Nunc argumentum uobis demensum (dim?) dabo, Non modio neque trimodio uerum ipso horreo, Pl. Men. pr. 15; illi Capuam...eccliam atque horreum Campani agri esse uoluerunt, Cic. agr. 2, 89; ut neque in areis neque in horreis...grano uno posset arator...fraudare decumanum, Verr. 2, 3, 20; loeis certis horrea constituit, Caes. b. c. 3, 42, 4; Illius immensae ruperunt horrea messes, Verg. G. 1, 49; si proprio coudidit horreo Quidquid de Libycis uerritur areis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 9; add 3, 16, 27; Tib. 2, 5, 84; horrea fenilia farraria pistrina, Vitr. 6, 6, 5; add Sen. ep. 117, 26; horreum frumentarium, Scaev. dig. 41, 1, 60; 2. also used for storing other things, esp. wine, oil, sitque proximum horreum quo conferatur omne rusticum instrumentum, Colum. 1, 6, 7; quia interdum immodia multitudo baccae torculariorum uincit laborem, esse oportet pensile horreum quo importentur fructus, 12, 50, 3; deripere horreo Ces-

santem Bibuli consulis amphoram, Hor. od. 3, 28, 7; tantum illi pulcherrimorum operum in horreis, Plin. ep. 8, 18, 11; plena multorum seculorum uindemiis, Sen. ep. 114, 26; quoscunque habeo (libros) mittere paratus sum et totum horreum excutere, 45, 2; horrea publica fecit ad quae conferret bona hi qui priuatas custodias non haberent, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 39, 3; in horreisque ubi homines pretiosissimam partem fortunarum suamm reponunt, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 2; horrei penuarii, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 11; argentum quod in domo nel intra horreum usibus eius fuit, legato cedit, Paul. 34, 2, 32, 4; horreum unarium, Scaev. 33, 7, 7; si quis merces...in horreo posuit, Ulp. 10, 4, 5; dolia in horreis defossa, Paul. 18, 1, 76; 3. met. of bees, Verg. G. 4, 250; of ants, Ov. tr. 5, 39.

**hospēs**, pītis, adj. as sb. m. (f.?) [hos as in hostis, for fos (cf. old Fr. fors, now hors) and so=for of forces, foras foris, whence Fr. forain, E. foreign; cf. too os oris and ostium; pet of vb. pet-o go] one who goes abroad, so that he is a foreigner to those he meets, foreigner, stranger, Ego transmarinus hospes sum Diapoutius, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 66; Quod (=quot) me censes homines iam deuerberasse usque ad necem Hospites, tum ciues? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 14; nunc me hospitem Lites sequi..., Andr. 4, 5, 15; adest hospes hundo, Varr. ap. August. mus. 4, 15; cum (Theophrastus) percontaretur ex ancilla quadam, quanti aliquid uenderet et respondisset illa: Hospes non pote minoris, tulisse eum moleste se non effugere hospitis speciem, Cic. Brut. 172; Quis nouos hic nostris successit sedibus hospes? Verg. 4, 10; add 4, 323; 1, 757; simul an Romanus an hospes, Hor. s. 2, 4, 10; 2. hence often in addressing strangers, esp. on tombs, hospes gratum est quom apud meas restitistei sedes, CIL 1006, 3; Hospes quod deico paullum est, Asta ac pellige, 1007, 1; add 1027, 1; 1306, 2; also Sen. ep. 89, 6; Nolite hospites ad me adire: ilico isti (istum?), Enn. tr. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; Hospes quid miras...? Varr. ap. Non. 480, 29; 3. a native of one country often formed a connection with a native of another, and then exchanged symbols (tesseram, symbolum) of such friendship, the violation of wh. was the gravest of crimes, see \* below, a foreign friend, Continuo antiquom hospitem nostrum sibi Mnesilochus aduocauit Pelagonem senem...ostendit symbolum quem tute dederas, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 27; Sed hic mihi antehac hospes Antimadas fuit, Poen. 5, 1, 21; Quae heri huc Athenus cum hospite adnenit meo, Mil. 2, 6, 9; Hospes nullus tam in amiei hospitium deuortit potest, 3, 1, 146; Hospes. Non sum hospes: Repudio hospitium tuum, Rud. 3, 6, 45; Camerini...eum Romam ueniebant prorsus deuertebantur pro hospitibus ad amicos suos, Cato ap. Fest. 234 M; Set nunquam scripstit (so Herm. cj., miss scripstitis) qui parentem aut hospitem \* Necassis is quo cruciatus perbiteret, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 153, 28; euenit senibus ambobus simul Iter illi in Lemnum ut esset, nostro in Ciliciam Ad hospitium antiquom, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 17; ex multus hospitibus qui ad me ex Asia uenerant, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 2; add diu. 1, 57; C. Blossius Cumanus hospes familiae uestrae Scaeuola, an. 37; id factum ex suis hospitibus (among the Haedui) Caesar cognouerat, Caes. b. g. 5, 6, 2; hi suos notos hospitesque quaerebant, per quem..., b. c. 1, 5, 1; Cum periura patris fides Consortem socium fallat et hospitem\*, Hor. od. 3, 24, 60; lam nec Laeanae splendet adulterae Famosus hospes\*, 3, 3, 26; 4. by a slight extension, one not of the same family, a stranger, a friend, esp. in hospitality, a guest, or more rarely host†, o hospitem mihi tam grauem (sc. Caesarem)! Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; hospes tamen uon is cui diceres: amabo te eodem ad me cum reuerter, 13, 52, 2; noui multi cibi hospitem accipies, multi ioci, fam. 9, 26 f.; iu domo clari hominis in quam et hospites multi recipiendi et..., off. 1, 139; ubi sedulus hospes† Pacne macros arsit dum turdos uersat in igni, Hor. s. 1, 5, 71; succentris enrsitat hospes† Continuatque dapes, 2, 6, 107; Si uespertinus subito te oppresserit hospes, 2, 4, 17; 5. although the relation in §§ 3 and 4 is mutual, yet for euphasis the word is repeated, see hostis, frater etc., Hospes necauit hospitem captum manu, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 48; hospes hospitem Salutat, Poen. 3, 3, 72; per dexteram istam te oro quam regi Deo-



taro hospes hostipi porrexisti, Cic. Deiot. 8; non hospes ab hospite tutus, Nou socer a genero, Ov. M. 1, 144; **6.** fm. love of alliteration often opposed to hostis, Tun hospitem illum nominas hostem tuum? Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 19; Caesarem eodem tempore hostem et hospitem uidit, Cic. Deiot. 79; **7.** met. one not at home, a stranger, hi tibi tres libri inter Cratippi commentarios tamquam hospites erunt recipiendi, Cic. off. 3, 121; nulla in re tironem ac rudem, nec peregrinum atque hospitem in agendo, or. 1, 218; **8.** rarely as fem., for hospita, adest hospes hirundo, Varr. ap. Augustin. mus. 4, 15; Non uenit haec nostris hospes amica choris, Ov. F. 6, 510; Hospes in externis audiuit curia tectis, Lucan. 5, 11; hospite cymba, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 252; ad hospite gemma, Pall. 14, 33; **9.** as adj. w. other nouns than man, hospitibus tectis, Stat. Th. 12, 479; hospes honor, Claud. Hon. 650; see also § 8; **10.** cf. hospita and hospitus; also hostis; **11.** hence Sp. huespede, It. oste, Fr. hôte, E. host—for loss of p before t cf. It. sette, cattivo, Fr. sept (p sileut); chétif; see also hostis § 7; akin to Lith. gaspada, an inn.

**hospita**, ae, f. [hospes—wh. see; cf. for suff. sospita fm. sospes, antistita fm. antistes] as fem. of hospes, a foreign woman, esp. a friend from abroad or hostess receiving foreigners, meamne hic in uia hospitam... Tractatam et ludificatam! Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 8; add 15 and 30; Huiuse propter consuetudinem hospitae, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 8; salue hospita! Pac. ap. Serv. A. 11, 543; Sernilia netere Dionis hospita, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 24; add 89; Seuerinae hospitae sanctissimae P. Aelius, inscr. Or. 2669; **2.** of other than man, ut...ne unum quidem habuerit scripulum (auri) quod lurundinibus hospitibus ostenderet, Varr. ap. Arnob. 6, 23; Vnda...Puppibus illa prius, patulis nunc hospita plaustris, Verg. G. 3, 362; terra, A. 3, 539; uauis, Ov. F. 1, 340; ciconia, P. Syr. ap. Petron. 55.

**hospitaculum**, i? hospitacula a false reading for hospitola in Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 5.

**hospitālis**, e, adj. [hospes] of a foreign friend or friends, esp. as guests, Ad eum hospitalem hanc tesseram mecum fero, Pl. Poen. 5, 1, 25; add 5, 2, 88 and 92; filium, ib. pr. 75; cum is decemuir qui in urbem...ut hospes uenerit, illam ipsam sedem hospitalem publicam populi Romani esse dicet, Cic. agr. 2, 46; cubiculum, Liv. 1, 58, 2; deuersorio, 21, 63, 10; caede, 25, 18, 7; hostem, 25, 18, 8; and met. in Lario Addua...in Lemanno Rhodanus multorum transitu hospitalis suas tantum nec largioris quam intulere aquas euentes, Plin. 2, 224—received as foreign in opposition to the waters of the lake; **2.** as epithet of a deity, presiding over foreigners received as guests, Venus, Cic. Cael. 52; Iouis, Deiot. 18; illud insigne hospitalium deorum ex hospitali mensa tollere, Verr. 2, 4, 48; cena, Plin. 33, 82; **3.** hospitable, esp. to foreign friends, in suos curialis hospitalem fuisse, Cic. off. 2, 64; homo semper hospitalissimus amicissimusque nostrorum hominum, Verr. 2, 1, 65; umbram, Hor. od. 2, 3, 10; pectus, epod. 17, 49; litorum adpulsu, Plin. 2, 118; **4.** mari, Flor. 1, 11 (16), 4; hospitalis in Plin. 9, 26 prob. corrupt; **5.** hospitalia as n. pl., apartments for reception of forciguers, ubi hospites aduenientes... in ea hospitalia recipiantur, Vitruv. 7, 4 and twice aft.; **6.** so on the stage, hospitaliorum (note the form) compositionem, Vitruv. 5, 6, 3; **7.** hence It. ospitale, Fr. hôpital, E. hospital and hostel, Fr. hôtel.

**hospitus**? but only in n. pl. hospita in poets [hospes] foreign, and at times friendly also, hospitabile\*, aquora, Verg. 3, 377; uina, Val. F. 1, 44; tecta\*, 2, 650; littora, Stat. silu. 3, 5, 76; flumina\*, Th. 4, 842.

**hostis**, (old fostis) is, m. f. [hos root, for fos as in fores, foris, foras and forare, Fr. forain, E. foreigner; also in os, oris and ostium (hostium); cf. hospes, fostem (antiqui dicebant) pro hoste, Paul. ex F. v. foedum, p. 84 M; cf. Go. gast, a stranger, whence G. gast, E. guest; t exerescent from s; suff. i for ic, dim. cf. G. dim. fremd-ling] foreigner, hostis apud maiores nostros is dicebatur quem uunc peregrinum dicimus. Indicant xii tabulae: aut status dies cum hoste, itemque: aduersus hostem aeterna auctoritas...Quanquam

id uomen durius fecit iam uetustas; a peregrino enim recessit, et proprie in eo qui arma\* contra ferret remansit, Cic. off. 1, 37; Hostisue an cuius comedis parui pendere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 65; cf. Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 14; (Hic esse ille situs), cui nemo cuius neque hostis Quiuit pro factis reddere opis pretium, Enn. ap. Sen. ep. 108, 33; Si status condictus cum hoste intercedit dies, Tamen est eundem quo imperant, ingratis, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 5; multa uerba aliud nunc ostendunt, aliud ante significabant ut hostis, nam tum eo uerbo dicebant peregrinum qui suis legibus uteretur; nunc dicunt eum quem tum dicebant perdnellem\*, Varr. l. 5, 1, 3 p. 14 Sp.; I soror atque hostem supplex adfare superbum, Verg. 4, 424; wh. Serv.: nonnulli neteres hostem pro hospite dietum accipiunt; add Paul.\* ex F. 102 M; **2.** enemy, see above\*, Hostes crebri cadunt, nostri contra ingronit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 81; Foedant et proterunt hostium copias, 91; Nunc hostes uino domiti somnoque sepulti, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1; ad hostes se contulit, Cic. am. 37; non incendium belli Punicum...a portis huius urbis auorsum (so Dobree, mss auolsum) P. Africanus compulsus intra hostium moenia, Cic. rep. 1, 1; so leg. 2, 57; equitatum...praemittit, qui uideant quas in partes hostes iter faciant, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 1 etc.; creditis auectos hostis? Verg. 2, 43; Seruit Hispanae uetus hostis orae Cantaber, Hor. od. 3, 8, 21; hence Caesar in the civil war calls his opponents not hostes but aduersarii, b. c. 1, 40, 7; 1, 43, 2 etc.; **3.** often as public foe opposed to private enemy (inimicus) and so of greater violence, saepius cum hoste conflixit quam quisquam cum inimico concertauit, Cic. Man. 28; omnes qui...statuit ille quidem non inimicos sed hostes, Phil. 11, 3; inimicus quoque et hostibus ea quae nobis acciderint indigna uideri, inu. 1, 105; sibi inimicus esse atque hostis, fin. 5, 29; homo inimicus his qui recitassent, hostis omnibus qui acclamassent, Verr. 2, 2, 48; illi nunquam se inimicos hosti fuisse respondent, Curt. 7, 10, 8; **4.** w. more latitude, of any deadly enemy, ex co sibi illum (sc. Antonium) hostem, Cic. Att. 15, 21, 1; Cn. Pompeius dux mei reditus, illius (sc. Clodii) hostis, Mil. 39; Aut acer hostis Bupalò (sc. Hipponax), Hor. epod. 6, 14; **5.** hostis repeated (cf. hospes § 5), Qui neque amicus amicus unquam grauis neque hosti hostis fuit, Acc. ap. Non. 314, 25; Inspicit acceptas hostis ab hoste notas, Ov. her. 4, 6; **6.** as fem., Hostis est uxor inuita quae ad uirum nuptum datur, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 83; Nam nupta meretrici hostis est, a uiro ubi segregata, Ter. Hee. 5, 2, 23; ut quo die captam hostem uidisset, eodem matrimonio iunctam acciperet, Liv. 30, 14, 2; Cum bene seruerit, cum certa uidebitur hostis, Ov. a. a. 2, 461; sciet haec insana puella, Et tibi non tacitis uocibus hostis erit, Prop. 1, 4, 18; **7.** of other subjects than man, alitem..., mox in ouilia Demisit hostem uiuidus impetus, Hor. od. 4, 4, 10; (aper) noxae tibi deditus hostis Spargitur adfuso cornua, Bacche mero, Ov. F. 1, 359; alter (rhinoceros) hostis elephantò, Plin. 8, 71; **8.** even of abstract nouns, illa (in laudando licentia)...studiorum perniciosissima hostis, Quint. 2, 2, 10; facultatem diceudi...hostem ueritatis inuenit, 12, 1, 2; **9.** also of an enemy's piece in the game of latrunculi, Vnus cum gemino calculus hoste perit, Ov. a. a. 3, 358; add 2, 208; **10.** proverbial, Di meliora piis erroremque hostibus illum, Verg. G. 3, 513; Eueniat nostris hostibus ille color, Ov. F. 3, 494; add Pont. 4, 6, 35; am. 2, 10, 16 and 17; her. 15(16), 217.

**hūc**, (older hōc\*), adv. demonstr. [ho adv.+c for ce; ho for hom an acc., whence hun-c] to this (place etc.), hither, here in sense of hither, iam huc reuero, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 143; ostende huc manus (nearly=ad me), Aul. 4, 4, 13; age rursus ostende huc dexteram, ib. 23; add Tac. h. 3, 3; Heus tu uiator lasse qui be praeteris, Cum diu ambulareis, tamen hoo\* uenieudum est tibi, CIL 1431; multa me dehortata sunt huc prodire, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 13, 25, 15; renumeret dotem huc (holding out his hand), eat, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 32; huc tibi aditus patere non potest, Cic. rep. 6, 15; Hūc ades o formose puer, Verg. B. 2, 45; **2.** absol. w. a vb. like ueni understood, huc mecum Epidauria proles, Huc altis gaudens, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 61; Huc igitur mecum, quisquis percussus amore Venandi, damnas lites, Nemes. cyn. 99; **3.** of a person, Nam hunc anulum



ab tui cupiente huc detuli (wh. R cj. huic detuli, though he adds: hic ad te), Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 58; **4.** w. gen., to this part (of), Ex Andro commigrauit huc uiciniae, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 43; **5.** w. noun, as iu agreement, Si ad ianuam huc (=hanc) accesseris, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 28; Set quis hic est qui huc in plateam cursuram incipit? Trin. 4, 2, 164; **6.** often opposed to illuc, Imus huc, illuc hinc; cum illuc uentum est, ire illuc lubet, Enn. tr. ap. Gell. 19, 10, 12; Huc it et hinc illuc, Ov. M. 4, 342; **7.** esp. w. nunc, Atque animum nunc huc celerem, nunc diuidit illuc, Verg. 4, 285; add 5, 701; qui terrarum fecunditatem nunc huc, nunc illuc...transferret referretque, Plin. pan. 32, 1; **8.** the two often joined by atque or et, first to this and then to that, id quaeris in quo utrum responde(ri)o uerses te huc atque illuc necesse est, Cic. fin. 5, 86; huc atque illuc intuentem, or. 1, 184; quum huc atque illuc signa transferrent, Liv. 5, 8, 8; add 6, 25, 9; quae hominem huc et illuc rapit, Cic. off. 1, 101; huc et illuc torquere (suam naturam), Cael. 13; huc et illuc cursitant, Hor. od. 4, 11, 9; add Cels. 8, 1 med., p. 325, l. 1 Dar.; ista sidera huc et illuc deducet uelocitatis sua, Sen. ben. 5, 6, 15; **9.** often without conj., ne cursem huc illuc uia deterrima, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; (aesculus) brachia tendens Huc illuc, Verg. G. 2, 297; add A. 5, 408; 12, 764; Ov. am. 3, 8, 8 and her. 19 (20), 130; h. i. ferens arma, Tac. an. 1, 56 f.; per fluctus... huc illuc (not illucque) portantur iuga, Plin. 36, 2; **10.** w. uel (ue) or aut, Dum in dubiost animus huc nel illuc impellitur, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 31; sed huc illucue (oculus) sine ratione moueatur, Cels. 6, 6, 36; add 6, 3 med.; 7, 18, p. 206, l. 2 Dar.; digito uel huc uel illuc impelluntur, 7, 7, 3; terrae positiones aut huc aut illuc uersae, Sen. n. q. 2, 11, 2; **11.** huc repeated, pointing to different places, huc turbidus atque huc Lustrat equo muros, Verg. 9, 57; Huc conuersns et huc, 11, 601; Huc atque huc acies circumtulit, 12, 558; Et nunc huc, inde huc incertos implicat orbes, 12, 743; **12.** huc repeated but pointing to different quarters, Vt ora uertat huc et huc euntium Liberrima indignatio, Hor. epod. 4, 9; **13.** referring to words, first preceding, quamquam te ita gerere uolo quae per exercitum...gerenda sunt, ut multo ante meditare, huc te pares (for these) haec cogites, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 9; accedat huc suauitas quaedam oportet sermonum, am. 66; adde huc fontium perennitatis, N. D. 2, 98; Dubis...paene totum oppidum (Vesontionem) cingit...Huc Caesar...contendit, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 7; huc postero die conuenirent, 4, 11, 5; accedebat

huc quod..., 5, 6, 2; accedebat huc ut..., 5, 16, 4; Volcania nomine tellus: Hoc\* tunc ignipotens caelo descendit ab alto, Verg. 8, 423; so (hoc) Prisc. 553 P, 1, 26, 22 K; aud 1006 P, 2, 64, 7 K; Fit nodo sinus: huc aliena ex arbore germen Includunt, Verg. G. 2, 76; add 4, 62; **14.** secondly, to following words, Nempe omnia haec nunc uerba huc redeunt denique: Ego excludor, ille recipitur, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 78; addo huc quod..., Acc. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 68; rem huc deduxi ut tum palam pugnare possetis, cum hostem aperte uideretis, Cic. Cat. 2, 4; huc mulieris libidinem esse prolapsam ut ea...tenebras non quaerat, Cael. 47; huc iam reduxerat rem ut equites possent atque auderent flumen transire, Caes. b. c. 1, 62, 1; huc flexit ut Tiberium ad uitam procul Roma degendam impelleret, Tac. an. 4, 41; see hucine; **15.** w. gen. to this state (of), to such a degree (of), huc adrogantiae nenerat ut..., 3, 73, 1; huc deductum necessitatis ut..., Val. M. 8, 1, 6; see hucine ex. 3; **16.** somewhat violent is the construction in: rubrum emplastrum...huc aptum est—for this—, Cels. 5, 19, 21; seque huc creuisse dolentes—to this height—, Stat. Th. 10, 181.

**hū-cī-nē**, (not hucine) interr. adv. [huc, i. e. huc] to this? hucine tandem omnia reciderunt ut ciuis Romanus...uirgis caederetur? Cic. Verr. 5, 163; hucine beneficia tua euasere uti...extinctor sit? Sal. Iug. 14, 9; hūcinē rerum Veninus? Pers. 3, 15.

**hū-cusquē**, adv. [hō whence hūc; cusque old form of usque] all the way to this, so far, h. Sesostri exercitum duxit, Plin. 6, 174; **2.** of time, so far, so long, hitherto, Claudi Mamertine, non frustra h. uixisti, Claud. M. gr. a. Iuliano 17; Bibracte h. dicta est Iulia, Eumen. gr. a. Constant. 14 f.; sicut h. fecistis, Mamert. gen. Maxim. 18, 1.

**hūi**, interj. gen. of surprise, bless me, hui Homunenli quanti estis! Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 66; hui Quid perierandumst (perierandist?) etiam praeter munera! Truc. 1, 1, 8; hui Vniuersum triduum! Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18; Hui tam grauis hos! Haut. 1, 1, 40; hui, Quantam fenestram ad nequitium patefeceris! 3, 1, 71; add 3, 3, 45; 4, 5, 28; Triginta? Hui percaera est, Ph. 3, 3, 25; add Ad. 2, 2, 8; hui quam diu de nugis! Cic. Att. 13, 21, 5; **2.** sneeringly, indeed! Hui, tam cito? ridiculum, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 16; ciuem Atticam. Hui! Meam sororem. Os durum! Eun. 4, 7, 35; wh. Don.: sannae sunt aduersus eos quibus irascimur; uidebam sermones: Hui, fratrem reliquit! Cic. Att. 6, 6, 3.

## I.

**I**, pron. as in Fr., etc. ninth letter of Latin alphabet corresponding to *i* of Gk., *yod* of Hebrew, is produced by the vocal tube when at its shortest and so standing first in the gamut *i e a o u* is specially interchangeable with *ē*; **2.** when a short vowel loses its first place in a word by composition or its last by addition of a suffix, *i* often supersedes it, as: miles caelebs apex, but militem, caehibem, apicem; anas pl. anites or anates; ordo homo ordinem hominem; caput capitis; emo redimo; rego dirigo; facio conficio; capio concipio; **3.** esp. is apt to supersede *ū* of the older lang.; as in gen. *is* for old gen. in us as: Kastorus, CIL 197, 17; hominus, 200, 10; dat. and abl. pl. of *u* decl., genibus aft. genibus; superl. in imus for old in umus, as faculumed, 196, 28; infumus, 199, 10; ordinals as decimus for older decennus, 200, 83; 1st. pers. pl. of *ubs.*, imus for umus, as in quaesumus, sumus, conuenimus (=conuenimus), 532; compound nouns: aurifex, 1310; pontufex, 474, 620 aft. aurifex pontifex; so too lubet libet, aestumo aestimo, lacruma lacrima; consulo consilium; testimonium, 197, 3, aft. testim.; **4.** often corresponds to a stronger vowel in

kindred lang. as sim-plex sim-itu by *ἀμα ἀπλους* Germ. samm-eln; igni by S. agni; imber by *ὀμβρος*, machina Massilia by *μηχανη Μασσαλία*; **II 5.** a long *i* often supersedes a diphthong *ae* (*ai*) or *oe* (*oi*), as from aequus, aestumo, baeto, caedo, laedo, quaero, taedet come iniquus existumo (also exeistumo)—perbito, concido, elido, acquirio, pertisum as well as pertaesum, fio (*faio*) for facio; so defecata, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; mnsis for musais (*μουσαις*); again null-ius for nullo-ius, nulli dat. for nullo; serui nom. pl. for sernoi (*δουλοι*); seruis for seruois (*δουλοισ*); uis for uois (*uolis*) thou wilt; cf. inuitus, inuito; **6.** a long *i* was gen. written by a capital of double height, a sort of double *I* (corresponding to *aa*, *ee* of the other long vowels), as CALIDIUS CIL 336; FELICI, 584; DIVO, 626; CAEMENTICUM, 1279; **III 7.** *i* consonans=E. *y*, first *i* initial as in Iuppiter, Iuno, iam, iecur, iocus; also in the middle when preceded by a single (rarely more than one) short syllable and foll. by vowel, as fluuius, (fluu-yus), sapio (sapyo), periius, redierat, consilium (consilyum), principium; CANIDIA (Canidyā); but not in filius miseria

(mis'ria), Glycërium; while facilius is gen. to be pronounced faclius though at times facilyus; this so-called i consonans is really a very short i followed by the other vowel so as to count but for one syl.: **8.** in abbr. I stands for Iuppiter, inser. Or. 1884; Inno, CIL 395; inuictus, inscr. Or. 2541; I. D. iure dicundo, CIL 206, 116; I. E. iudex esto, 205, 1, 22; I. H. D. D. in honorem domus diuinae, inscr. Or. 1892; I. M. Isis mater, 1884; IM. immunis, 3471; IM. IMP. imperator, CIL 423; IMP. S. impensa sua, inscr. Or. 1356; IN AG. in agrum, CIL 1024; IN FR. in fronte, ib.; IVG. iugera, CIL 200, 60; I. S. infra scriptum, inscr. Or. Henz. 6087.

**iam**, adv. [is ea id; =δῆ] chiefly of time, now, but used rarely and only in late writers like nunc absolutely of present time; as first in the progress of a narration, now, iamque omnibus satis comparatis ad traiciendum..., Liv. 21, 27, 1; iamque uer appetbat, 22, 1, 1; add 21, 52, 1; 22, 48, 1; 10, 36, 2; **2.** at once, immediately, directly, presently, Viginti iam usust filio argenti minis, Face id ut paratum iam sit, Pl. As. 1, 1, 76; ocellude sis Foris ambobus pessulis; iam ego hic ero, Aul. 1, 2, 26; add Merc. 5, 4, 2; Curc. 5, 2, 46; iam opust, iam ferēs, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 26; Accede ad ignem hunc, iam calesces plus satis, Eun. 1, 2, 5; Nam si cogites, remittas iam me onerare iniuriis, Andr. 5, 1, 8; add 4, 6, 1 and 27; Haut. 4, 6, 18; remoue iracundiam, iam uidebutur monstra dicere, Cic. Tusc. 4, 54; da mihi hoc, iam tibi maximam partem defensionis praecideris, Verr. 2, 2, 151; tollatur haec e ciuitate discordia, iam omnes isti metus exstinguentur, iam ista serpens morietur, har. r. 55; add off. 3, 76; leg. 1, 34; Brut. 68; Cat. 1, 21; breuis hic est fructus homullis, iam fuerit, Lucr. 3, 914; aegedum dictatorem creemus, iam hic conticescet furor, Liv. 2, 29, 11; de capite deducite quod usuris pernumeratum est, iam nihil mea turba quam ullius conspiciet erit, 6, 15, 10; add 29, 27, 8; si paululum modo nos languere uiderint, iam omnes feroces aderunt, Sal. Cat. 52, 18; Hoc superate iugum et facili iam tramite sistam, Verg. 6, 676; Mecum crede solo pugnaeque accinge pedestri, iam nosces..., 11, 708; add 4, 566; Iam faciam quod uoltis, Hor. s. 1, 1, 16; add A. P. 468; **3.** esp. w. iam repeated, the very next moment, quae potest in uita esse incunditas cum dies et noctes cogitandum sit iam iamque esse moriendum? Cic. Tusc. 1, 14; si non longe absunt a summo ut iam iamque possint emergere, fin. 3, 48; illum ruere nuntiant et iam iamque adesse, Att. 7, 20, 1; add 7, 21, 2; 12, 5f.; 14, 22, 1; 16, 11; fam. 12, 10, 4; Caesar aduentare iam iamque et adesse eius equites falso nuntiabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; **4.** already (sooner than was to be expected), iam inde ab adolescentia, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 16; add Eun. 3, 5, 39; Ph. 4, 3, 45; Oppianico re et existimatione iam, lege et pronuntiatione nondum condemnato, Cic. Clu. 56; obsignaram iam epistolam, cum subito tabellarius, Att. 5, 19, 1; quae (sc. Musae) me maxime sicut iam a prima adolescentia delectarunt, fam. 1, 9, 23; Romanas legiones iam spes tota nondum tamen cura deseruerat, Liv. 1, 25, 6; uiscendi domos potestas grata erat et iam desiderantibus suos et longius in futurum prouditibus desiderium, 21, 21, 7; and soon: labores aut iam exhaustos aut mox exhauriendos; Reddere qui uoces iam seit puer, Hor. A. P. 158; nondum feminam acquauimus gloria et iam nos laudis satietas cepit? Curt. 9, 6, 23 (26); **5.** esp. iam nunc, already now, even now, iam tum, already then, even then, at that early day; Hermae tui Pentelicis iam nunc me delectant, Cic. Att. 1, 8, 2; iam nunc prospicio..., iam nunc timco, Caecil. 22; optrectatores tui iam nunc murmurantes dicunt..., Varr. s. 187, 6 R; quod si consulatus tanta dulcedo sit, iam nunc ita in animum inducant consulatum oppressum ab tribunicia potestate esse, Liv. 2, 54, 5; iam nunc ita se parare App. Claudium ut..., 3, 40, 12; add 40, 15 f.; ut iam nunc adulescent audiri, Plin. ep. 8, 21, 2; iam tum erat suspicio Dolo malo haec fieri omnia, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 8; ego omnia quae gerebam iam tum in gerendo spargere me arbitrabar in orbis terrarum memoriam, Cic. Arch. 30;

add fam. 7, 12, 1; Att. 1, 11, 1; iam tum quum comprehensis secleris ministris uiuere regem uuitiatum est exsulatum ierant, Liv. 1, 41, 7; add 10, 21, 14; 29, 1, 6; hoc regnum dea gentibus esse... iam tum tenditque fauetque, Verg. 1, 18; add G. 2, 405; **6.** at last, longer after than might have been expected, often w. tandem, denique, aliquando etc. Delhine postulo siue aequomst oro Daue ut redeat iam in uiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19; nam propemodum habeo iam fidem (sc. tibi). Tandeui cognosti qui siem? 3, 4, 7; crebras expectationes nobis tui commoues. Nuper quidem cum iam te aduentare arbitramur, repente in mensem Quintilem reiecti sumus, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 1; and soon: putamus utile esse te aliquando iam rein transigere; militem minus iam tandem aut uirtutis aut fortunae paenitere suae, Liv. 22, 12, 10; add 21, 35, 10; 21, 37 f.; et tu Saturua coniuix Iam melior iaru diua precor..., Verg. 12, 179; add 6, 61; iam sanguinis alti Vis sibi fecit iter, Lucan. 2, 214; et tu Fortuna durior, iam saeuire desiste, Apul. M. 6, 28; **7.** in transitions, (cf. § 1), then again, iam uero ita faciles aditus ad cum... esse dicuntur ut...; iam quantum consilio ualeat nos cognouistis, Cic. Man. 41, 42; iam illud senatus consultum... ea perscriptione est ut... fam. 5, 2, 4; add Verr. 2, 3, 113 (bis); Rosc. Am. 116; N. D. 1, 23; off. 1, 32; fin. 2, 104; iam plebs, praeterquam quod..., ne tribunicium quidem auxilium quaerebat, Liv. 3, 34 f.; iam illud quam accusatoris, quod..., 40, 12, 6; iam urbe capta a Gallis quo redempta urbs est? 34, 5, 9; Iam quae seminibus laetis se sustulit arbos, Tarda uenit, Verg. G. 2, 57; add 1, 383; Quint. 1, 6, 32; 5, 2, 1; 5, 11, 39; **8.** iam primum, now in the first place, commences an enumeration, iam primum haec se e Pamphilo Grauidam dixit esse, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 32; Primum iam ancillas secum adduxit plus decem, Haut. 3, 1, 42; add 4, 1, 21; iam primum inuentus... per laboris usuu militiau discibat, Sal. Cat. 7, 4; add 15, 1; iam primum omnium satis constat Troia capta in ceteros saeuitum esse, duobus Aeneae Antenorique... Liv. 1, 1, 1; iam primum ut ordiar ab Ducibus comparandis, 9, 17, 5; add 40, 3, 3; 44, 18, 2; 44, 38, 5; Verg. 8, 190; **9.** non iam, iam nou, (nullus i., nihili. nec iam) denote a change from the past, not uow, now not, henceforth not, no more, no longer, Nulla mi res posthac potest iam interuenire tanta, Quae..., Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 1; profecto nihil est iam sanctum in ciuitate, Cic. Quint. 5; dicebamus pueri XII (sc. tabulas) quas nemo iam discit, leg. 2, 59; iam non ex interuallo nec missilibus sed cominus gerebatur res, Liv. 10, 43, 6; add Verg. 5, 633; Ov. M. 4, 382; **10.** even, esp. in phrases of supposition, aut si iam possent in homine uiuo cerui omnia, Cic. Tusc. 1, 50; ut iam (even allowing that) omnes insipientes sint miseri, fin. 4, 66; ac iam ut omnia contra opinionem acciderent, tamen..., Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 6; quum iam ut uirtus uestra transire alio possit, fortuna certe loci huius transferri non possit, Liv. 5, 54, 6; at enim ut iam ita sint haec, quid ad uos Romani? 34, 32, 13; add 21, 47, 5; Mittere me Stygias si iaru uoluisset ad undas Caesar in hoc uestra non eguisset ope, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 65; add her. 3, 67; **11.** for nunc, quae nec ipsi iam dicent, Quint. 1, 6, 42.

**I-bi**, adv. [old dat. of is, ea, id] in that place, referring to words preceding or to come, not a dem., first to prec. ad comualem Caepitiemam, ibi termina duo stant, CIL 199, 8; ad riuum Vinelascam, ibi terminus stat, 11; add ibei, 14 and 19; in portum aducti sumus; Ibi\* cenaui atque ibi\* quieui in naui noctem perpetem, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 100; Nam ubi tn profussus es ibi ego me peruelim sepultam, Cure. 1, 2, 7; add As. 1, 1, 102, 104 and 113; Eamus ad me, ibi\* proximumst ubi mutes, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 64; ubi nil opust, ibi\* uerentur, Andr. 4, 1, 14; fugit Tarquiuos et ibi suas fortunas constituit, Cic. Tusc. 5, 109; flumen quod est in extremis Remorum finibus exercitum traducere maturauit atque ibi castra posuit, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 4; Cernit ibi† maestos et mortis honore carentes, Verg. 6, 333; Phocis...; Mons ibi uerticibus petit arduus astra duobus, Ov. M. 1, 316; **2.** to a foll. relative, ut nemo sit quin ubiuis quam ibi ubi esse malit, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 1; ibi enim postis est



ubi templi aditus, p. dom. 121; postulabatur egressi urbe ibi habitarent, ubi Poennis iussisset, Liv. 21, 12, 5; 3. in him, her, it, them, Heia ut elegans est, credas animum ibi esse, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 19; itaque se dictatorem L. Quinctium dicturum, ibi animum parem tantae potestati esse, Liv. 4, 13, 12; Id agit, id studet, ibi\* mentem atque animum delectat suum, Enn. tr. 255 V; aiunt in segetibus bona frumenta esse. Nolite ibi nimiam spem habere, Cato orat. 67, 4 I; falli te sinas Tecinis (= technis) per scrvolum etsi subsensi id quoque Illos ibi 'sse (at these tricks), Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 63; neque me quicquam consilio adiuvas. Immo et ibi unuc sum et... 5, 2, 30; si quid est quod ad testes reseruet, ibi nos paratioris reperiet quam putabat, Cic. Rosc. Am. 82; huic bella intestina caedes...grata fuere ibiquo iuventutem suam exercuit, Sal. Cat. 5, 2; ibi imperin fore (with those) unode fuerit, Liv. 1, 24, 2; erit haec differentia iuter hoc edictum et superius quod ibi..., Ulp. dig. 47, 8, 4, 6; 4. of time, then, thereupon, ardere censui aedis, ita tum confugebant Ibi\* me inclinat Alcuena, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 16; ibi\* contiunuo contonat, 5, 1, 42; Dico me illo uenisse animi causa. Ibi\* me interrogat Eque... Curc. 2, 3, 61; Vt se edoceret obsecrans Apollinem, ...Ibi ex oraculo uoce diuina edidit Apollo, Enn. tr. 65 V; Sed ei tu negaris ducere, ibi\* culpam in te traseret, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 5; add 1, 1, 122; 2, 2, 19; tribuni dederit cupidae audiendi plebi ut quae uellet Scaptius diceret. Ibi infit..., Liv. 3, 71, 6; in medium duces procedunt. Ibi infit Albanus, 1, 23, 7; Ter cōnātūs ibi\* collo dare braccia circum, Verg. 6, 700; 5. at times strengthened by tum, Ibi tum derepente ex alto in altum desepxit mare, Enn. tr. 352 V; ibi\* tum filius Cum illis qui amarant Chrysidem una aderat frequens, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 79; Ibi\* tum eorum impudentissima oratio, 4, 1, 10; 6. with loci, ibi loci (perh. both dat. in that place) terrarum orbe portis discluso, Plin. 6, 30; 7. rarely for eo with motion, cum ibi uenerimus, Gal. dig. 1, 2, 1 f.; 8. in the old drama often a mouos, marked \* (like Fr. y; and cf. ubi=ou); gen. --; -- marked †; 9. Fr. y.

**Ibi-dem**, (but see § 7) old dat. of i-dem, in the same—, in agreement with a noun, Sine aduocatis ibidem\* in cerco (iu the same boat), in stega, Pl. St. 3, 1, 12; ibidem\* ubi hic me iamdiu In Epidamno, Men. 2, 3, 28; ubium ea fuit cestellula? Ibidem\* in nauī, Rud. 2, 3, 60; add Capt. pr. 26; Most. 2, 2, 51; Nisi puerum tollis, iam ego hunc in mediam uiam Prouoluam teque ibidem peruoluam in luto, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 38; 2. absol. as adv. in the same place, Verumst uerbum quod memoratur: ubi amici, ibidem\* sunt opes, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 32; Ibidem\* gnatust, inde surruptus fere sexennis postibi, Poen. 4, 2, 80; si cui ibidem (sc. sub centone) seruo dormienti euenit, ne is quidem mihi uitium facit, Cato orat. 47, 18 I; cum praesidio euenit ne hic ibidem trucidetur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 13; ut ille cuius merces erant in gladium ibidem (sc. in nauī) incumberet, inu. 2, 154; ast illam ter fluctūs ybidem Torquet agens circum, Verg. 1, 116; custos affixūs ibidem, Iuv. 5, 40; ibidem diuitiarum cupido est, ubi et usus, Iust. 2, 2, 10; 3. in the same thing, laesit in eo Caecianam, subleuat ibidem (in the same act), Cic. Caec. 23; demissae aures incertūs ibidem (sc. in eodem equo) Sudor, Verg. G. 3, 500; 4. hic ibidem, both dat. in the same place, ne hic ibidem aute oculos uestros trucidetur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 13; 5. with loci, (perh. also a dat.) si redierit illa ad hunc, ibidem loci res erit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 51; 6. prov. ibidem una traho, I am drawing in the same team, as we say: I am in the same boat. Atque egomet me adeo cum illis una ibidem\* traho, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 166; 7. in Pl. either ybidem or rather = ydem (cf. ibi § 7), see mark \*; so ybidem in Chr. writers, Ille iubet cunctas ibidem conuicia poni, Iuuen. 3, 80; Cognosces ibidem ne pergas tradere fatis, Paul. Nol. 19, 48.

**Id-circ-5**, (ite\*, icc.†) adv. [circ of circus etc., inserted in id-eo, wh. see; circ of circus circum etc., o suffix of motion to, cf. quo entro] lit. all round to this (point), hence of efforts concentrated to a point, cf. darum and um zu...of Gerin., a stronger form of ideo, for this purpose, with a view to this, Me idcirco haec tanta facinora his pro-

mittere Quo (so A, al. qui) nos oblectem, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 150; qui me idcirco putent bene audire uelle ut ille male audiat, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 2; te idcirco illum locum deligere, ut..., Verr. 2, 5, 169; reperietis idcirco haec in uno homine penicioso tot constituta ut..., 2, 5, 23; hoc ego idcirco nosse te uolui ut scires..., fam. 9, 6, 2; add 9, 13 f.; quae ut fierent, idcirco pugnatum esse arbitror...idcirco arma sumpta sunt, Rosc. Am. 137; sese idcirco ab suis discedere noluisse, quo facilius ciuitatem in officio contineret, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6;

2. for this reason, therefore, Hoc panciloquium rursum itcirco\* (so B) praedico, Quia..., Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 34; Idcirco moneo uos ego hoc, Rud. pr. 28; Nam idcirco arcessor, nuptias quod mi adparari sensit, Ter. Audr. 4, 2, 7; Ille Cliniae (add quia) seruos tardiusculust, Idcirco huic nostro traditast prouincia, Haut. 3, 2, 5; quia natura mutari non potest, idcirco uerae amicitiae sempiternae sunt, Cic. am. 32; sin quod bona quae Roscii fuerunt tua facta sunt, idcirco hunc illius filium studes perdere, nonne...? Rosc. Am. 145; add Phil. 2, 38; fam. 9, 2, 3; Att. 12, 21, 1; off. 1, 158; 3, 33; leg. 2, 10; et quoniam hunc sexum (deus) custodiae assignauerat, idcirco (al. iccirco†) timidiorum reddidit quam uirilem, Colum. 12, pr. 5; nec...idcirco quod gloriam meruit, minus pulchrum est, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 14; 3. often refers to a si, neue idcirco nobis uitio uortas Si..., Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 38; non si Opimium defendisti, idcirco..., Cic. or. 2, 170; add leg. 1, 32; non etsi eloquentissimus fuit, idcirco...or. 1, 216.

**Idem**, eadem, idem, eiusdem, eadem, enndem, eandem, idem etc. prou. adj. [is ea id†? cf. totidem] same, nec potest fieri tempore uuo Homo idem duobus locis ut semel sit, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 18; Nam opulenti cum locuntur pariter atque ignobiles, Eadem\* dicta eademque oratio aequa non aequa ualet, Enn. tr. 230 V; ad causas simillimas inter se uel potius eadem, Cic. Brut. 324; sed ubi Xenocrates, ubi Aristoteles ista tetigit? Hos enim quasi eosdem esse uoltis, acad. pr. 136; portic(um) reficiunt(am) desua pecun(ia) coer(auit) idemque prob(auit), CIL 605; idem uelle atque idem nolle ea demum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; quos omnis eadem odisse eadem meture in nnum coegit, Iug. 31, 14; 2. often used to attach two predicates to one subject, same, at the same time, at once, in various constr., as first simply idem, niros fortes et magnanimos, eosdem bonos et simplices esse uoluumus, Cic. off. 1, 63; neque ego aliter accepi, intellexi tamen idem..., fam. 9, 15, 3; informes hiemes reducit Iuppiter, idem Summoet, Hor. od. 2, 10, 17; 3. idem joined by et or que, quam eius actionem et splendida et grandis, et eadem faceta commendabat oratio, Cic. Brut. 273; coguorant te in custodia salutis meae diligentem eundemque te acerbissime discidium nostrum tulisse, Att. 4, 1, 1; add Mur. 20; N. D. 3, 80; 4. idem repeated, uidisse enim fuisse quosdam qui iidem ornate ac grauitur, iidem uersute et subtiliter dicerent, Cic. Brut. 22; cum idem negares quiequam certi posse reperiri, idem te comperisse dixisses, acad. pr. 63; quod idem maestitiam meam reprehendit, idem iocum, magno argumento est me in utraque fuisse moderatum, Phil. 2, 40; 5. the things compared, united by repeated et, cuius et initia inter se et fines iidem sunt, Quint. 9, 3, 31; idem fere et proderit et decebit, 11, 1, 14; add 12, 10, 6; 6. or a single et, Caninius idem tuus et idem noster, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 1; 7. or a single idem, et or que with idem preceding or following both, si quaeratur idemne sit pertinacia et perseuerantia, Cic. top. 87; Dianam et Luuam eandem esse putant, N. D. 2, 68; nunc est perfectum ut imperii nostri terrarumque illarum idem esset extremum, prou. cons. 33; non idem iudicum commissarumque conspectus, Cael. 67; add p. dom. 92; inu. 1, 19; 8.—idemque—, et idem—, qui cum Academicio et eodem rhetore congruendi conatus sim, Cic. N. D. 2, 1; cum Curio consessore eodemque collusore, Phil. 5, 13; 9. w. atque (ac), gen. separating the things compared, Nam et uitast eadem et auimus te erga idem ac fuit, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 34; hoc ipsum unum et idem uidetur esse atque id quod de me ipso nominatim tulisti, Cic. p. dom. 51; quod idem ingenii pessimo atque optimo uiro, Quint. 12, 1, 9; neque enim idem credibile in diuite ac paupere, pro-



pinquis abundante et his destituto, 5, 10, 26; **10.** w. rel., idem abeunt qui uenerant, Cic. fin. 4, 7; idem qui semper fueras inuentus es, Verr. 2, 5, 39; serui eius qui moribus isdem (al. eisdem) essent quibus dominus, 2, 3, 62; in solutis uerbis inesse numeros eisdemque esse oratorios qui sint poetici, orat. 190; add Cat. 3, 27; Att. 6, 2, 7; **11.** rarely w. nt, disputationem habitam non quasi narrantes exponimus sed eisdem fere uerbis, ut actum disputatumque est, Cic. Tusc. 2, 9; **12.** w. quasi, ut eodem loco res sit quasi ea pecunia legata non esset, Cic. leg. 2, 53; sensu amisso fit idem quasi natus non esset omnino, am. 14; **13.** in Livy and later authors w. cum, Numidae atque in eadem mecum Africa geniti, Liv. 30, 12, 15; hunc eodem mecum patre genitum, Tac. an. 15, 2; non idem sentio cum Caesellio, Gell. 18, 11, 1; **14.** w. dat., unus Homerus Sceptra potitūs eadem aliis sopitus quietest, Lucr. 3, 1038; add 2, 919; 4, 1174; Inuitum qui seruāt Idem† facit occidenti, Hor. A. P. 467; Vir tuus est epulas nobis aditūrus eisdem, Ov. a. a. 1, 4, 1; cf. the dat. in: τῶντο ἴμυ ἐκρήσσομεν, Herod. 4, 119; ὁ αὐτος τῷ Λιβῷ, Plat. Euth. 298 A; **15.** often strengthened by unus, nec diutius esse uno et eodem statu, Cic. orat. 10; quibus hoc praecipendum uidetur nnum et idem quod reliquus ut..., Cat. 2, 19; Vna eademque uia sanguis animusque secuntur, Verg. 10, 487; Vno eodemque tulit partu, 12, 847; **16.** abl. eadem abs., opera underst. (cf. una) by the same labour, and so at the same time, hic te operari, eadem\* illi insidias dabo, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 32; Eadem\* exorabo Crusalo caussa mea Pater ne noceat, Bac. 3, 4, 26; add Capt. 2, 2, 43; **17.** or hora und., at the same time, Interibi attulerint exta atque eadem mulieres iam ab re diuina credo apparebunt domi, Poen. 3, 3, 3; Eadem\* biberis, eadem\* dederō tibi ubi biberis sauium, Bac. 1, 1, 15; add Ps. 1, 3, 99; 4, 2, 49; Men. 2, 3, 74; Merc. 4, 4, 62; **18.** uia understood, by the same road, per mediam aciem perripit; unde quum eadem reuertī posset..., Liv. 3, 70, 4; per medias hostium stationes in Quirinalē collem peruenit;...eadem reuertens..., Liv. 5, 46, 3; **19.** idem with gen., si idem nos iuris habemus quod ceteri, Cic. Balb. 29; tibi idem consilii do quod mihi met ipsi, fam. 9, 2, 2; **20.** in nom. s. m. old forms are eisdem, as: (locuti) eisdemque probauit, CIL 576; inponito eisdem fores clatratas, 577, 2, 9; add vv. 11 and 13; and eidem, as eidem praetor in Sicilia fugiteius conquaessieui eisdemque primus..., 551; **21.** in nom. pl. m. old forms are eisdem, as: eisdem iouidies unius rei in perpetuum sient, 198, 27; faciendum curauere...(e)isdemque probauere, 1192; isdem, as: (fecer)unt is(dem)que probarunt, 1270; and eidem, as: eidem iourauto per Ionem, 197; eidemque co(n)s(ules) praekonem legunto, 202, 1, 11; add vv. 16, 20, 24, 28; **22.** as abl. pl. eisdem, 204, 2, 20; isdemque diebus, 206, 3; **23.** hidem and hisdem seem to occur in mss; cf. is, ea, id; **24.** with m for n before q in an old form, faciunda coerauit idemq(ue) probauit, 1341; cf. eundem etc. for eandem; **25.** the forms eadem etc., often disyl. cf. mark\*; and add: Vuescunt, eadem dispensae in sole serecunt, Lucr. 1, 306; Eisdem habuit secum quibus est elata capillos, Eisdem oculos, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 7; Hoc eodem ferro, 2, 9 (8), 10; nor was the e=y, cf. Verg. in § 15 and Pl. §§ 1 and 17; **26.** for qty of idem neut. cf. †; idem n. m. s. is for isdem; cf. Hor. in § 2, and old forms eisdem and eidem of § 20.

**Identidem**, adv. [idem et idem; so Prisc. 945 P; 1, 589 K; for n cf. eundem, and idemque in idem § 24], again and again, repeatedly, incessantly, Cogitato identidem tibi quam fidelis fuerim, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 54; Circumspicedum te nequis adsit arber Nobis et quaeo identidem circumspice, Trin. 1, 2, 110; add Bac. 3, 3, 75; Men. 1, 2, 51; Truc. 4, 2, 25; Scindens dolore identidem intonsam comam, Att. 674 R; recitabatur identidem Pompei testimonium, Cic. Rab. Post. 34; illum identidem monere ut caueret, Rosc. Am. 110; cum se illi identidem in siluas ad suos reciperent, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 5; Nullum amans uere sed Identidem omnium Iliā rumpens, Catul. 11, 19; Qui sedens aduersus identidem to Spectat et audit, 51 a, 3; quum identidem Galli famem obicerent, Liv. 5, 48, 4; add 8, 28, 3; 9, 33, 6; 40, 56, 9; epistulas tuas identidem in manus quasi nouas

sumo, Plin. ep. 6, 7, 2; add I, 13, 4; 3, 9, 27; 5, 6, 42.

**Idēs**, adv. [id of is ea id; o suffix of motion to as in citro, arw etc.; e what? cf. idcirco], for this purpose, with a view to this, an ideo aliquid contra mulieres fecit ne totum edictum ad Chelidonis arbitrium scriptum uideretur? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 106; ideo C. Claudius Pulcher rettulit ut C. Verros posset auferre, 2, 4, 7; add inu. 2, 70; quas (sc. aluos) ideo uidentur medias facere angustissimas ut figuram imitentur earum (sc. apium), Varr. r. 3, 16, 15; add l. 5, 16; ideo decemuiros conbium diremissee ne auspicia turbarentur, Liv. 4, 6, 2; add Tac. h. 4, 73; Quint. 4, 1, 33; 4, 2, 128; **2.** for this reason, hoc ideo fit quia Quae nihil attingunt ad rem nec sunt usui Ea amator profert, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 31; Inuentus nomen fecit Penicilo mihi Ideo quia mensam quando edo detergeo, Men. 1, 1, 1; add Most. 4, 3, 34; Merc. 3, 1, 46; ideo quia..., Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 21; uidete igitur quam inique accidat, quia res indigna sit, ideo turpem existimationem sequi; quia turpis existimatio sequatur, ideo rem indignam non uindicare, Cic. Caecin. 8; hunc quaesitorem fugiebant, ideo quod non propensum ad misericordiam uidebatur, Rosc. Am. 85; uasturcium ideo dici quod nasum torqueat, Varr. s. 187, 9 R; Quod si forte ideo magis immortalis habendast Quod..., Lucr. 3, 819; nec cellis ideo contende Falernis, Verg. G. 2, 96; Ac ne foliis ideo breuioribus ornes Quod..., Hor. ep. 1, 19, 26; **3.** esp. w. si, nou si causa iusta est oppugnandi M. Caelium, ideo causam esse iustam alieno dolori consilendi, Cic. Cael. 21; nec si bis tanto amplioer fundum colas, ideo tuo uilici habendi fuere, Varr. r. r. 1, 18, 3; add Quint. 2, 17, 24.

**Idōn-eus**, adj. [ideo, itself perh. for ideon], fitting, suitable, Video hercle ego te me arbitrari Euclio hominem idoneum\* Quem senecta aetate ludos facias, Pl. Anl. 2, 2, 74; Audin? uidetur obscuro hercle idoneus\* Dauista qui sit? Most. 3, 1, 94; tot quidem Non potuisti adducere homines magis ad hanc rem idoneos†, Poen. 3, 2, 6; itane tandem idoneos\* Tibi uideor esse quem tam aperte fallere incipias dolis? Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 12; Quod illa aetas magis ad haec utenda idoneast†, Haut. 1, 1, 81; Non usqueaque idoneum\* inmenias locum Vbi derepente cum nelis facias lutum, Afr. 198 R; instruar consiliis idoneis† ad hoc nostrum negotium, Cic. Att. 5, 6, 1; est enim ratio mensue sapientis ad iubendum et ad deterrendum idoneast†, leg. 2, 8; add Clu. 17; utrum ille idoneus\* non est qui impetret? Manil. 57; et rem idoneam\* de qua quaeratur et homines dignos quibuseum disseratur putant, acad. pr. 18; eius Falernum mihi semper idoneum† uisum est deuersorio, fam. 6, 19, 1; loco ad aciem instruendam natura oportuno atque idoneo †, Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3; idoneum tempus ratus studiis obsequendi suis, Nep. Att. 2, 2; Litterulis Graecis imbutus, Idōuēus† arti Cuilibet, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7; Vixi puellis nupēr Idōneus†, od. 3, 26, 1; uter ad agendum magis idoneus† ueniret, Quint. 11, 1, 20; materias in hoc idoneas† ut controuersiae...fingerent, 6, 3, 15; idoneos† rhetori pueros putauit, 2, 3, 1; alius historiae magis idoneus†, 2, 8, 7; in nullam spem idonei†, Sen. contr. 5, 33 med.; **2.** even with inf. in poetry, Fons etiam riuo dare nomēn Idōneus ut uec..., Hor. ep. 1, 16, 12; but not od. 4, 1, 12; **3.** absol. sufficient, trustworthy, safe, sound, first as witness or authority, cuius eloquentiae est auctor, et idoneus quidem mea sententia, Q. Ennius, Cic. Brut. 57; idoneos habeo auctores ita responsum ab senatu esse, Liv. 8, 4, f.; **4.** esp. as to money and in legal use, si ab idoneo debitore ad inopem transtulerit obligationem, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 27, 3; curatores minus idonei, Ulp. dig. 27, 8, 1, 5; tutorem id., ib. 11 and 12; add Mart. 26, 1, 4, 9; cum quingentos denarios cuidam promississet mutuos et illum parum idoneum comperisset, Sen. ben. 4, 39, 1; **5.** even of things, paries, Paul. 39, 2, 36; nauis, Ulp. 19, 2, 13, 1; pignora, 22, 1, 33 f.; **6.** abs. as sb. m. a suitable or trustworthy person, in deligendis idoneis, Cic. off. 2, 62; de praesidio expellendo cum idoneis collocutus, Liv. 34, 25, 7; per idoneos et secreti eius consocios crebrescit uiuere Arrippam, Tac. an. 2, 39;



7. in constr. with rel. or rel. adv. \*; with ad or in †; with dat. ‡; for inf. seo § 2.

**Iduarius**, (idus), a cognomen, L. Faenins I., inser. Donat. 401, 3; Iduarium in a spur. iuser. 4053\* Or.

**idulis**, e, adj. [idus] of the ides, idulus ouis, sunt qui aestimant idus ab oue iduli dictas, quam hoc nomine uocant Tusci, et omnibus idibus Ioui immolatur, Maer. s. 1, 15, 16; add Festus v. idulis, p. 104, 17.

**iduo**, iduare Etrusca lingua diuidere est, Maer. s. 1, 15, 17.

**idūs**, (eidus\*), uum, f. pl. [a Tuscan word, perh. an adj. meaning full, sc. Innae; cf. kalendae, nonae, nundinae], the middle of the month, viz. 15th of March, May, July, October, the 13th of the rest, *πλημλουριον τας Ειδους καλουντες*, Plut. q. R. 24; add Maer. s. 1, 15, 15; seicuis inuinculeis obeas res est eos omneis soluei uidetur oportere ante eidus\* Sextilis primas, CIL 199, 44; ante eidus Martias primas, 200, 17; eidib(ns)\* Decemb(ribus), 199, 4; domi (hic addit T H K) Si kalendis conuiuantur, idibus cenant foris, Pomp. 85 R; me idus Martiae non delectant, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 3; add 15, 22, 2; duas accipi postridie idus, 15, 17, 1; res ante idus acta s; est, nam haec idibus mane scripsi, fam. 1, 1, 3; eam cogitabam v idus uidere, Att. 14, 19, 6; haec senatusconsulta perscribuntur a. d. vii id. Ian., Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 4; idus tibi sunt agenda Qui dies mensem Veneris marinae Findit Aprilum, Hor. od. 4, 11, 14; postero iduum Ianuariarum, Tac. h. 1, 26; iduum Septembrium idus, an. 2, 32;

2. ides sacred to Iuppiter, Idibus alba Ioui grandior agna cadit, Ov. F. 1, 56; see idulis;

3. interest etc. paid this day and calends, diem pecuniae id. Nouembr. esse, Cic. Att. 10, 5, 3; iam uel sibi habeat nummos, modo numeret idibus, 14, 20, 2; praetermitto ruinas fortunarum tuarum quas indegert tibi proximis idibus senties, Cat. 1, 14; Omnem reddegit idibus pecuniam, Quaerit Kalendis ponere, Hor. epod. 2 f.; referentis idibus aera (of school fees), s. 1, 6, 75; 4. for foolish etymons, see Maer. s. 1, 15, 13 ff. and Laur. Lyd. 3, 7; cf. idulis.

**iecur**, ōris, iēcīnōris (Char. 34 P, 48, 20 K), iēcīnus, ōris or ōris† (ib.), n. [see below], liver, Pulmones distrahuntur, cruciatur iecur, Pl. Curc. 2, 1, 22; ex intestinis secretus a reliquo cibo sucus is quo alimur permanat ad iecur per quasdam a medio intestino usque ad portas iccoris ductas uias quae pertinent ad iecur eique adhaerent, Cic. N. D. 2, 137; cerebrum cor pulmones iecur, 1, 99; iccorum fissis, diu. 1, 118; caput iccoris, 2, 32; tum iccore opimo farta et satinata adfatim, Tusc. 2, 24; caput iocineris\*, Liv. 8, 9, 1; libato iocinere\*, 25, 16, 3; si in iocinere† uomicia est, Cels. 2, 8; iecur intrinsecus cauum extrinsecus gibberum est, 4, 1; (febris) in iocinoris† dolore succurrit, 2, 8; ex iocinore†, ib.; inflammatio iocinoris†, ib.;

2. liver of the goose and sow, an epicure's dish, Anseris ante ipsum magni iecur, Iuv. 5, 114; Aspice quam tument magno iecur anseris maius, Mart. 13, 58; adhibetur et ars iccori feminarum (suum) sicut anserum, inuentum M. Apici, Plin. 8, 209;

3. as seat of intellect, Plusque ex alieno iccore sapiunt quam ex suo, Pacuv. 84 R; Mirati sumus unicum magistrum, En cor Zenodoti, en iecur Cratetis, Bibac. ap. Suet. gram. 11 f.; so fibra in Pers. 1, 47;

4. as seat of passions, sed si intus et in iccore aegro Nascantur domini, Pers. 5, 129; 5. esp. love, Cum tibi flagrans amor et libido... Saeuiet circa iecur ulcerosum, Hor. od. 1, 25, 15; Non ancilla tuum iecur ulceret ulla, ep. 1, 18, 72; sed iecur fors horridum Flectam merendo, Sen. Herc. Oct. 577; uoluptas et concupiscentia consistit in iccore, Hier. ep. 64; 6. or rage, cf. our use of bile, uae meum Feruens difficili hile tumet iecur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 4; Quid referam quanta sicum iecur ardeat ira, Iuv. 1, 45; rabie iecur incendente, 6, 648; 7. iecur = ἡπαρ = Skr. yakr of yakrit, and yakn of gen. yakn-as (cf. Skr. sakr-it- and sakan- = ster of Lat. stercus, spur of spurous, σκωρ of σκωρ); also iecur, like ἡπαρ, = E. liver, G. leber (cf. iuua- and iube-); and so perh. for fel-ec-ur, and akin to fel, wh. see.

**Igitur**, adv. [see below] first of time, then, si in ius uocat, ito. Ni it antestamino; igitur em capito, tab. xii 1, 1; Quando habeo, igitur rationem mearum fabricarum

dabo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 177; Mox magis cum otium et mihi erit et tibi, igitur tecum loquar, Cas. 2, 2, 39; so: igitur apud antiquos ponebatur pro inde et postea et tum, Paul. ex F. v. igitur, 105; 2. often strengthened as by tum, demum, post, ubi emeritumst stipendium, Igitur tum specimen cernitur quo eueniat aedificatio, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 51; miserumst opus Igitur demum fodere puteum ubi sitis faucis tenet, 2, 1, 33; Igitur (so B, itur CD) tum accedam huc (so A, hunc B), quando quid agam inuenero, 3, 1, 159; Demum igitur quom sis iam senex in otium Te conloces, Merc. 3, 2, 9; Iam ubi liber ero, igitur demum instruam agrum, Rud. 4, 2, 25; Post igitur demum faciam ut res fiat palam, Amph. 3, 16;

3. after si, in that case, then, sin aliter sient animati neque dent quae petat, Sese igitur summa ni uirisque eorum oppidum oppugnassere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 55; see also § 6, ex. 1; 4. hence gen. in inferences or questions suggested, in that case, that being so, then, Quis erus est igitur tibi? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 206; Sequere haec me igitur, 2, 1, 81; igitur† hocine est amare? Merc. 2, 3, 21; Quor simulas igitur? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 21; habes igitur confitentem reum, Cic. Lig. 2; huic homini parcetis igitur\* iudices? Verr. 2, 1, 81; ille mihi uidetur igitur\* uere augurari, diu. 1, 27; hi autem non sunt; ne Nymphae quidem deae igitur\*? N. D. 3, 43; igitur† neque stultorum quisquam beatus neque..., fin. 1, 61; igitur† ne esse quidem? Tusc. 1, 11; igitur† primum illud munus fortunae quod..., Nep. Att. 3, 3; Omnis ut est igitur per se natura duabus Constitit in rebus, Lucr. 1, 419; add 2, 678; igitur† pro metu repente gaudium exortum, Sal. Jug. 53, 8; igitur† praeparatis animis..., Liv. 3, 8, 9; igitur† non patrum magis quam plebis studiis..., 2, 48, 1; Quali igitur uictu sapiens utetur? Hor. s. 2, 2, 63;

5. in resuming after a digression or parenthesis, well then, placet igitur..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 7; uidesne igitur...? 2, 53; si igitur non poterit..., off. 1, 121; perspicuum est igitur..., or. 2, 342; ut igitur ante meridiem..., 3, 17; igitur† his genus aetas eloquentia aequalia fuere, Sal. Cat. 54, 1; igitur† in eo colle..., Iug. 49, 1; add 64, 1;

6. in Plautus this igitur too is often strengthened by tum, then, in this case, following si expressed or understood, Si istuc conare ut facis indicium tuum incendes genus; Tum igitur tibi aquae erit cupido genus qui restinguas tuom, Trin. 3, 2, 50; Tum igitur ego deruncinatus deartuatus sum miscr, Capt. 3, 4, 108; Tum tu mi igitur erus es, 4, 2, 77; add As. 1, 1, 94; 3, 1, 36; Ps. 2, 4, 25; St. 2, 2, 39; Most. 1, 3, 104;

7. perh. was once used of place, from this place, as in: lamdiust factum quom discesti ab ero atque abisti ad forum Igitur, inueiundo agendo ut fingeres fallaciam, Pl. As. 2, 1, 4; 8. igitur of inference gen. comes after a word or two, or even after several, see \*; yet at times first, many examples of wh. are here collected, see †; 9. like inde and *εϑθεν* of pronom. origin; perh. an old gen. for igit-us; git=cit 'this' in ceterior etc.; and note that pron. forms often have an initial vowel, prob. belonging to root, as equis eho, like the cognate ecce, *οκκε*, oculus.

**ignāuo**, āre, vb. (ignauos adj.) make cowardly, Fateor sed saepe ignauauit (so L. Müller, Rh. M. 24, 239; MSS ignabat) fortem in spe exspectatio, Att. Aen. 9 R, p. 237.

**ignōmīnia**, (old form ingn.\*) ae, f. [impl. an adj. ignominis, like cognominis, for in-guominis, of bad name; in bad, gnomen old form of nomen], a bad name, disgrace, ignominy, Delicis maculam atque ignomiūm imponere, Lucil. ap. Non. 24; omnia uitae ornamenta per summum dedecus et ignominiam deripi, Cic. Quinct. 64; add Verr. 2, 3, 226; Rab. perd. 27; ignominis afficit, Tusc. 4, 45; ut aut cum honore aliquo aut certe siue ignominia domum reuertantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 85, 10; add 3, 101, 6; b. g. 7, 17, 5 and 6; 2. esp. of the quasi-judicial sentence of disgrace from a censor, censoris iudicium nihil fero damnato affert nisi ruborem. Itaque quia omnis ea indicatio uersatur tantummodo in nomine, animaduersio illa ignominia dicta est, Cic. rep. ap. Non. 24; add Clu. 130 and: in quas (sc. urbanas tribus) transferri ignominia esset, Plin. 18, 13; 3. as involving legal disabilities, ordine



moti ex crimine quod ignominiam importat, Pap. dig. 5, 2, 5; 4. of military disgrace, ignominia notandos eos si qui militiam superfligissent, Cic. Phil. 7, 23; mille milites ...prope cum ignominia dimissi, Liv. 3, 5 f.; quouie apud exercitum ingnominae\* causa ordo adeptus est erit, quemque imperator ingnominae\* causa ab exercitu decedere iusit inserit, CIL 206, 120; Ignominiae dolore victor iusoleus...se nictum non potuit pati, poet. ap. Cic. Scaur. § 3 p. 75 Peyr.; and met. of a defeated bull, Multa gemens ignominiam plagasque superbi Victoris, Verg. G. 3, 226; 5. but in Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 9 read: Quin omnia (so Don., al. ej. qui ignominiam) sibi (pron. si) post putavit esse prae meo commodo...

**ignosco**, ēre, ōui, ōtus, vb. [for in-gnosco, in=ava of reversal of meaning] lit. un-know so to say, i.e. forget; hence—forgive with acc. of offence, dat. of person, ut eis delicta ignoscas, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 67; Velatis maibus orant ignoscamus peccatum suum, Amph. 1, 1, 101; quod eorum nemo quisquam quicquam mihi ignoturus est, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 1, 510, 22 K; esse in hac re culpam meritam non nego, Sed eam quin sit ignoscenda... Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; Scilicet equidem istuc factum ignoscam, Haut. 4, 1, 34; Tuumst siquid praeter spem euehit mihi ignoscere, Aud. 4, 1, 54; ignosco tibi, Eun. 5, 2, 40; tu huic...ignosce, Att. 21 R; noxias, Turpil. 129 R; hoc ignoscant di immortales uelim et populo Romano et huic ordini, Cic. Phil. 1, 13; mihi quae ignoscite si..., agr. 2, 49; ignoturus alteri quod patrem, alteri quod tutorem secentus esset, ap. Prisc. 1, 510, 20 K; Ignoscenda quidem scirent si ignoscere Manes, Verg. G. 4, 489; add Lucan. 2, 93; 2. ignosco mihi, forgive myself, allow myself liberties, familiare est hominibus omnia sibi ignoscere, nihil aliis remittere, Vell. 2, 30, 3; semper erit propter quod nobis ignoscamus, Quint. 10, 3, 29; add 11, 2, 45; 3. impers. pass., Nam iam aetate ea sum ut non siet peccato mihi ignosci aequum, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 10; add Ad. 3, 4, 28; petisse ut sibi ignosceretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 140; add Att. 11, 14, 1; mihi profecto poterit ignosci, si..., Quint. 4, pr. 5; add 8, 6, 75 and Suet. Aug. 33; 4. with dat. of offence...as if personified, inscitiae meae et stultitiae ignoscas, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 62; Ora ut ignoscat delictis huius (so Ritschl; mss tuis) atque adulescentiae, Merc. 5, 4, 37; ignoscas uelim huic festinationi meae, fam. 5, 12, 1; et quis ignoscas uitii teneor, Hor. s. 1, 4, 131; huic delicto ignoscere, Quint. 7, 4, 26; 5. ignosciturus for ignoturus, quodcumque deliquisset ignosciturum affirmabat, Pis. Frug. ap. Prisc. 1, 511, 1; 6. ignosset for ignouisset, Sil. 8, 619; 7. ignoscens, part as adj., of a forgiving habit, Quando tuus est animus natu grauior, ignoscentior, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 32; 8. cf. an-kouna forget, from kouna know, Breton; and an-aiithnim I forget, from aiithnim I know, Ir.

**illā**, adv. (sc. uia) by or along yonder road, by that road, common in Tac., illa rupturus, an. 2, 17; ne peruium illa Germaucis exercitibus esset, h. 3, 8; add 5, 18; G. 34; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 17 read illi.

**illāc**, adv. (illā+ce) by or along yonder road, by that road, illac per hortum transit, Pl. As. 3, 3, 152; 2. Hac an illāc eam incerta (sum) consili, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 30; Hac illac circumcursa; inueniendum es tamen, Argementum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 1; Plenus rimarum sum, hac atque illac perfluo, Eun. 1, 1, 25; at certe caelum patet, ibimus illac, Ov. M. 8, 186; 3. illac facere (?), act on that side, side with that party, omnes ignominia affectos illac facere, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 5 (al. illuc, but illinc?).

**illū**, ā, ūd, pron. demonstr. adj. [see below] yon, yonder, that (aided by the finger pointing to an object distant alike from speaker and person spoken to, and so often opposed to hic and iste, to ego and tu); ita ille faxit Iuppiter, yon Iuppiter above there, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 51; so Amph. 1, 1, 305; Curc. 1, 1, 27; Equis est qui mihi commonest Phaedrum genium meum?...Te ille quaerit, 2, 3, 24; Iube illut demi; tolle hanc patinam; ...Aufer illam offam porcina,

Mil. 3, 1, 164; quis illace est quae Ingubri Succinctast stola? Enn. tr. 133 R; Siciu' me atque illam (pointing to Glycerium's window) opera tua nunc miseros sollicitari! Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 6; Sed quis illic est quem uideo procul? Ad. 3, 3, 84; illum incolunt locum quem uides, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Vos Quirites uenerati fouem illum (pointing to his statue on the Capitol) custodem huius urbis in uestra tecta discedite, Cat. 3 f.; sic Iuppiter ille monebat (cf. Pl. above), Verg. 7, 110; Quis procul ille autem ramis insignis oliuae? 6, 809; add 827 and 864; Nunc dextra ingeminaus ictus, nunc ille (look, look) sinistra, 5, 457; uidesne tu A. Corneli cacumen illud supra hostem? Liv. 7, 34, 4; 2. referring to what is distant, though not invisible, H. Quid me patrem par facerest quoi illest unicui? E. Ego alienus? Alienus ille? Ah Hegio...Tibi ille uiciens, mihi unico magis unicust, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 44; Si ille huc rebitet, sicut confido adfore, 3, 5, 38; Ille (my brother there) suam semper egit uitam in otio in conuiuuiis, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 9; ab illis est periculum si peccaro; ab hoc si recte fecero, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 5; illum (Caesarem) ab Alexandria discessisse nemo nuntiat, 11, 17, 3; in ea prouincia quo animo C. Muraenam fratrem suum aspiciet? Qui huius dolor, qui illius maeror erit? Mur. 89; 3. referring, like hic, to words; when commonly ille refers to what is further off, the former, hic to the nearest, the latter, melius de quibusdam acerbos inimicos mereri quam eos amicos qui dulces rideantur; illos uerum saepe dicere, hos numquam, Cic. am. 90; cum sint duo genera decertandi, unum per disceptationem, alterum per uim; cumque illud proprium sit hominibus, hoc beluarum..., off. 1, 34; but see § 14; 4. a new subject is often denoted by ille at the beginning of a sentence, the other, flagitare senatus institit Cornutum ut referret statim de tuis litteris; ille se considerare uelle, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; Vercingetorix... obuiam Caesari profiscitur, ille (i.e. Caesar)..., Caes. b. g. 7, 12, 2; add 3, 21, 3; 3, 26, 2; 4, 15, 5; 7, 27, 3; b. c. 1, 59, 2; Hic uasto Aeolus antro Luetantis uentos... Imperio premit ac unclis et carceres frenat; Illi (they so imprisoned) indignantes..., Verg. 1, 51; Dixerat et dextra discedens impulit altam Haud ignara modi puppim, fugit illa per undas Ocior et..., 10, 247; add 3, 447 and 612; 4, 688; 5, 169 and 394, 512; 7, 349 and 586; 9, 219; praetoribus imperat uti...; illi homines militares, sicuti praepertum erat, poutem obsidunt, Sal. Cat. 45, 2; add 59, 5; Iug. 65, 5; 102, 3; Vtque ferat dominae gestu rogat; illa rogata, Pertulit ad Progen (wh. Merkel writes rogat illa, rogata, male), Ov. M. 6, 579; Reicere ex humeris uestem molibar, at illa Pluma erat, 2, 582; add 1, 483, 488, 646, 685; 5. ille often introduces something about to be mentioned, in opp. to that just mentioned, this, one thing...and that is this, horum ego sermone nou mouebar...Illud, uere dicam, me mouet, in tanta militum paucitate abesse tres cohortes, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 5; illud tibi promitto quidquid erit a te factum, id senatum...comprobaturum, 10, 16 f.; multoque magis illud timco, ne..., Cat. 2, 15; quid si illud etiam addimus, nihil esse quod..., am. 50; unum illud dico, si..., Quint. 70; 6. esp. in correction of what has been said by stating what was meant, specta quam arte dormiunt. Dormiunt? Illud quidem 'ut coninent' uolui dicere, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 145; sorbet dormiens. Quid, sorbet? Illud 'stertit' uolui dicere, Mil. 3, 2, 7; add 1, 1, 27; Cas. 3, 5, 39; Rud. 2, 4, 9; 7. often expresses distance in time, past or future, first of past time, that was, Set Priamus hic multo illi praestat, non quinquaginta modo Quadringentos (pron. Carug.) filios habet, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 49; Vbi illa (tua) paulo ante sapiens uirginalis (uirginis)? modestia? Enn. tr. 77 V; Quantis eum aerumnis illum exanclau diem! 127; quid? Ille ubi est Milesius? that Milesiau you were speaking of, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 68; ubi equites Romaui illi, illi iuquit tui? Cic. Mil. 94; en illa illa quam saepe optastis libertas, Sal. Cat. 20, 14; ubi uultus ille et ficta maiestas uiri? Sen. Phaedr. 923; ille tantus psycholutes qui calendis Ianuariis euripum salutabani, ep. 83, 5; Hei mihi qualis erati! Quantum mutatus ab illo Hectore, qui redit exuuias indutus Achilli! Verg. 2, 274; Aurea quae perhibent illo sub rege fuero Saecula, 8, 324; Haec est ex illo forma relicta Remo, Ov. F. 5, 464; 8. even with ego, Ille ego qui



quondam..., Verg. (?) ante Aen.; ille ego liber Ille ferox tacui, Ov. M. 1, 757; ille ego (4 times), Pont. 4, 3, 11—16; 9. and tu, Tu Maximus ille es Vnus qui..., Verg. 6, 846; Ille igitur tantorum uictor Achille Vincris a timido Graiae raptore maritae, Ov. M. 12, 608; siluarum incola Ille efferatus castus intactus rudis Mihi te reseruas? Seu. Phaedr. 931; add Val. F. 2, 486; Stat. silu. 2, 4, 9; 10. esp. of the dead, the departed, tantum ualeat (Rhodine) quantum ille mortuos qui istie sepultus est, CIL 818, 1, 12; L. Sulpicius Q. f. Q. n. Col. hic situs est ille probatus iudicis multeis cognatis atque propinquis, 1480; Quae illius fuerunt possidet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 15; 11. esp. of distinguished persons of the past, of olden time, of yore, Sequar diuinum illum uirum quem saepius fortasse laudo quam neesse est. Platonem nidelicet diligis, Cic. leg. 3, 1; senes illos L. Paullum, M. Catonem, C. Gallum, am. 101; ut ex eodem Ponto Medea illa quondam profugisse dicitur, Man. 22; magno illi Alexandro, Vell. 2, 41, 1; 12. and sayings, Verum illud uerbustum nolgo quod dici solet Omnis sibi 'sese melius malle quam alteri, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 15; honestum illud Solonis, Cic. sen. 50; 13. also of an extreme stato of things such as writers of fiction are fond of supposing, Nunc illud est quom me fuisse quam esse nimio mauelim, Pl. Capt. 3, 3, 1; Nunc illud est quo(m) si omnia omnes (so plerique codd. says Bentl., not omnes omnia) sua consilia conferant, Atque huic malo salutem quaerant, auxili nil adferant, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 1; 14. hic and ille are at times united to connect something present with something past, attat hoc illud est; Hinc illae lacrumae, haec illast misericordia, this explains that business, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; Hunc illum fatis externa ab sede profectum Portendi generum, Verg. 7, 255; hunc illum poscere fata, this is the man whom the fates long ago called for, 272; 15. of future time, Hic domus Aeneae cunctis dominabitur oris Et nati natorem et qui nascentur ab illis, Verg. 3, 98; 16. although in the use of hic ille referring to preceding words, ille commonly points to the former, yet at times it does so to the latter, esp. if this be more distant in place or time, melior tutiorque est certa pax quam sperata uictoria; haec (sc. pax) in tua, illa in deorum manu est, Liv. 30, 30, 19; (Syrinx) credi posset Latonia si non Corneus huic (as on earth) arcus, si non foret aureus illi (the goddess in heaven), Ov. M. 1, 697; Quocumque aspicio uihil est nisi pontus et aer, Fluctibus hic timidus, nubibus ille minax, tr. 1, 1, 24; hanc posteriorem (artem) et Stoici et Peripatetici, priorem autem illi (sc. Per. as more distant in time) egregie tradiderunt, hi omnino ne tetigerunt quidem, Cic. fin. 4, 10; 17. also without this excuse, Quid est quod negligenter scribamus aduersaria (journal)? Quid est quod diligenter conficiamus tabulas (ledger)? Quia haec (the journal) sunt menstrua, illae sunt aeternae, Cic. Rose. com. 7; esp. in Quint., as: causa omnis aut unius rei controuersia constat aut plurium; haec simplex dicitur, illa coniuncta, 3, 10, 1; add 6, 2, 9 and 21; 11, 3, 30 and 41; 12, 10, 16; 18. ille may be used in succession of different objects, the finger changing its direction, Quia enim in illis fructus est in illis opera luditur (said not to be in Bemb. ms, but so Don.), Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 18; credo quaesisse num ille aut ille defensurus esset, de me ne suspiciam quidem esse, Cic. Rose. Am. 59; quid ad te Deo quid faciant ille uel ille sua? Mart. 7, 10, 2; commendo uobis illum et illum, Suet. Caes. 41; 19. ille in oblique or.=hic of direct, Reperti sunt...qui...sese illa ipsa nocte me interfectores pollicerentur, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; illum diem omnis uictorias confirmatorum, Sal. Iug. 49, 3; ab incenso Capitolio illum esse necessimum annum quem..., Cat. 47, 2; 20. also in obl. orat. for tu or uos of direct, illum (sc. Arionistum) liberalitate sua (sc. Caesaris) ea praemia consecutum, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 5; neque illis castra esse neque munimentum ullum quo cedentes tenderent, Sal. Iug. 51, 4; add 56, 4 (bis); 21. ille though referring to a preced. sb. takes its gender from the predicative sb., quod ni ita fuisset, alterum illud (for ille) exstitisset lumen ciuitatis, Cic. sen. 35; 22. for a redundant ille before quidem, see quidem; 23. ex illo, in poets, from that time, Ex illo fluere ac retro sublapsa referri Spes Danaum,

Verg. 2, 169; et solis ex illo niuit in antris, Ov. M. 3, 394; Scilicet ex illo Iunonia permanet ira, her. 14, 85; add Prop. 3, 24f.; 24. old forms in ol-oroll-are: nom. masc., ollus leto datus est, ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 328 Sp.; nom. fem. olla centuria, ib.; 25. olli dat. Olli respondit rex Albai Longai, Enn. an. 34 V; Olli respondit suauis sonus Egeriai, 122; Olli subridens bominum sator atque deorum, Verg. 1, 254; add 4, 105; 6, 321; 10, 745; and perh. Afr. 67 R; 26. olli n. pl., Olli cernebant magnis de rebus agentes, Enn. an. 544 V; Olli crateris ex auratis hauserunt, 604; add Verg. 8, 94; 8, 594; 27. gen. pl., praesente(d) dictatore ol(or)um in altod marid, CIL 195, 10; 28. d. pl., olleis hominibus eam pequmiam capere liceto, CIL 202, 1, 5; ollis, Verg. 8, 659; puerilis Ollis uultus erat, poet. ap. Arnob. 5, 26; 29. abl. pl., olleis legibus, CIL 603, 3; ab oloes dicebant pro ab illis, antiqui enim litteram non geminabant, Paul. ex F. 19, 3; 30. old forms in ill-, g. equis illi modi esse uult? Cato orat. 59, 5 I (but illius, 48, 15); 31. d. f., patronus emit sibi et illae et suis ui f. p. xiv in ag. p. xiii, CIL 1429; 32. n. pl., Quid illicse homines quaerunt apud aedis meas? Pl. Most. 4, 2, 24; Perii, illicse hodie hanc conturbabant fabulam, 2, 2, 78; Ita libertate ille me, hic me decoraat stola, CIL 1194, 5; 33. abl. pl., illeis regionibus, CIL 603, 3; 34. illicse with one e, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 44 (mss ABC); 35. qty, ille n. m., Puer herclest. Mulier tu aposuisti hunc? Vbi ille est? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; 36. qty, gen. illius as disyl., Libertus illius quem omnes Summanum uocant, Pl. Curc. 3, 43; add Bac. 3, 3, 90; 4, 1, 39 and 49; iug illius in Mil. 2, 1, 33; 2, 6, 106; 4, 4, 36; 4, 7, 16; Bac. 2, 2, 19; 4, 8, 10; illius, Curc. 5, 3, 38; Trin. 1, 2, 126; Hoc te oro ut illius miserae commiserescas orbitudinis, Turp. 211 R; Troia est testis; quaere ex aliis qui illius miseritudine..., Att. 185; add 201, and 597; 37. illius, hic illius arma, Hic currus fuit, Verg. 1, 16; Illus immensae ruperunt horrea messes, G. 1, 49; add B. 1, 7; 38. of course more commonly illius, Tu faciem illius noctem non amplius unam Falle dolo, Verg. 1, 683; 39. ille etc. often monos. in old drama, cf. It. il lo la, Fr. il elle le la, Sp. lo; and illorum=It. loro, Fr. leur; Adest en illae (=lae?) sunt aedes, i intro nunciam, Pl. Trin. pr. 3; Qui sis tam pulcer. Vel illae quae heri pallio..., Mil. 1, 1, 59; add 2, 107; 2, 3, 75; 4, 2, 57; 4, 6, 26; Inuitat tristis; mansit. Ibi illa cum illo sermonem lico, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 8; 4, 3, 25; 4, 4, 26; Haut. 1, 1, 22; Andr. 1, 4, 2; but in quid illud etc., the d perh. elided, Pl. St. 1, 2, 80; Mil. 2, 1, 13; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 2; Eun. 3, 1, 27; 5, 6, 14; see also Corssen, Ausspr. 2, 76—8; 40. ol of olli etc., the older form, is prob. for col, cf. It. colui quello; and that for con or rather ocon, =εκεν of εκεωσ; and so akin to gnosco (gon-osco), E. vb. con, also to oculus, ecce, etc.; thus in origin, like ecce, an imper. of a vb. meaning look, see; cf. Verg. 5, 457 in § 1; 41. also one with E. yon, G. jener.

III or illic, adv. [dat. of illo with or without ce] in yon or yonder place, in that place there, yonder, there, first illi, Ego hic esse et illi (so Ba. al. illic) simitu hau potui, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 105; iam ego illi (so BCD) ero. Vide ne sies in expectatione, Mil. 4, 6, 64; Potius quam illi\* (sc. in Elis) ubi minime honestumst mendicantem uiuere, Capt. 2, 2, 73; add Amph. 1, 1, 261; 1, 3, 36\*; Capt. 2, 2, 80\*; Rud. 2, 6, 57\*; Interea dum sedemus illi\* (so Don.) interuenit..., Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 41; Nam illi\* (so Don., mss illic) haut licebat nisi praefinito loqui, Hec. 1, 2, 19; add 2, 1, 20\*; Ad. 4, 2, 38\*; Domitium quendam nobilem illi (so Med.) Caesaris hospitem strangulauit, Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 15, 2; 2. with a sb., sed dum in portu illi\* (in yonder harbour) ambulo, Pl. Merc. pr. 97; 3. note that illi is req. by metre in places marked \*; II 4. illic, yonder etc., ...Habitas? Qui di illos qui illic habitant perquint, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 34; Credo edepol illic inesse argenti et auri largiter, Rud. 4, 4, 144; add Truc. 1, 1, 7; Poen. 4, 2, 8; Men. pr. 68, in all of wh. illi would violate metre; faenus illic faenus hic, Most. 3, 1, 76; Prius (monos.) nox oppressisset illic quam huc reuerti posset iterum; Nunc ubi illic non uidebit..., Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 9; Romauorum qui illic negotiantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 102, 6; Nunc hic unice illic superant uitulia rerum Et su-



perantur item, Lucr. 2, 575; non isto uiuitur illic Quo tu rere modo, Hor. s. 1, 9, 48; 5.—in illo homine or in illa re, Ego illic me autem sic assumulabam quasi Stolidus sim, Pl. Epid. 3, 39; siquid peccat Demea Mihi peccat; ego illi maxumam partem feram, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 36; res publica et milite illic (sc. in illo bello) et pecunia uacat, Liv. 2, 43, 9; ciuile bellum a Vitellio coepit et ut de principatu certaremus illic (illine?) fuit, Tac. h. 2, 47.

**illim\*** and **illine**, adv. [ille, see below] from yonder place, from there, Num istaec mulier illine uenit (sc. ab Syracusis), quae te nouit tam cate? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 61; Et heus iube illos illim\* (so Bothe, mss illine agst. metre) amabo abscedere, Most. 2, 2, 36; Ne ista stimulum longum habet quae usque illine cor pungit meum, Truc. 4, 3, 79; Quoniam litare non gneo (so Gepp., mss neqneo), abii illim\* (so A D, al. illine) ilico, Poen. 2, 7; Imus huc hinc illuc (so R, mss illuc hinc); cum illuc uentumst, ire illine lubet, Enn. tr. 258 V; Illine huc transferetur uirgo, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 13; ubi primum poterit se illine subdneet scio, Eun. 4, 1, 14; Sarculum hinc illo profectu's illim\* (so Gif., mss illum) redisti rtrum, Pomp. 90 R; post exercitu L. Luculli sollicitato... fugit illim\* (so Pb, illi Pa, illum E G, illine M), Cic. har. r. 42; illim\* (sc. ab Alexandria) omnes praestigiae, illim\* omnes fallaciae (natae sunt), Rab. Post. 35 (illim...illum G, al. illum...illine, illine...illine); 2. partitive, of them, Quos (sc. pisces) quom capio...mei sunt...Neo manu adseruntur neque illine partem quisquam postulat, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 34; 3. of persons, = ab illo (illa, illis), from the other (person, party), omnem se amorem abieciisse illim\* (so Lamb., codd. Gell. 6 (7), 11, 6; illi, al. illine) atque in hanc transfudisse, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; cum eadem metuam ab hao parte, si illine beneficium non sit..., Att. 9, 7, 4; 4.—ab illa parte, on yon or the other side, Hinc stas, illim\* (so Ba C Da) causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; 5. with a sb., Qui illim\* (so AV, P illine) sexennis perierim Cartagine, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 27, from yonder Carthage; 6. hinc illine, from this quarter or that quarter, dum cognatus hinc Illino ueniret expectantem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 40; 7. later writers only illine; 8. illin of illine, prob. from a lost illinde, like hinc from a lost hinde, cf. utrinde utrin-que; the c of illine for ce; for m of illim, cf. exim=exin.

**illo\*** and **illoct** or **illuc**, adv. [ille; illuc=illo+ce] to yonder place, thither, there, Ea nunc meditabor quomodo illi dicam quom illo\* aduenero, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 42; add 48\*; 2, 1, 56\*; Capt. 5, 4, 5\*; Pers. 4, 4, 26\*; Nunc tu illum si illo\*s missurus dice monstra praecipere, Capt. 2, 2, 109; Mirum quin tu illo\* (so A, illum B C D) tecum diuinitas feras, Trin. 2, 4, 94; Postquam (so Gepp., mss postque) illuc (so P, VD illoct) ueni, ececum aduenit (si deis placet)..., Truc. 3, 1, 3; add Merc. 3, 4, 64; Rud. 3, 5, 7; Imus huc, hinc illuc; cum illuc uentumst ire illine lubet, Enn. tr. 258 V; Extemplo illo\* te ducam, ubi non despuas, Naev. 98 R; add Pomp. 90 R; Quom illo\* aduenio, solito ante ostium, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 25; accede illuc Parmeno, Ad. 2, 1, 14; add Andr. 1, 1, 54; illo\* non saxum non materies ulla aduecta est, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 147; neque temere praeter mercatores illo\* adit quisquam, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 3; cum illoc uenio (so Ribb., illo Oehler, mss illos) uideo..., Varr. s. 132, 1 R; 2. of persons=ad illum etc., Nero solus e priuignis erat, illuc cuncta nergere, Tac. an. 1, 3; in sinu caudum hostem, anos iactantem...uersas illuc omnium mentes, h. 3, 38 f.; 3. of things, thoughts etc. of the past, to that—, credit iam tibi de istis; illuc redi (to the other point we were talking of), Pl. Men. 4, 2, 53; Illuc unde abii redeo, Hor. s. 1, 1, 108; haec eodem illo\* pertinere arbitrabatur nt..., Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 4; 4. or pointing to what is coming (cf. ille § 5), to this, quo res haec pertinet? Illuc: Dum..., Hor. s. 1, 2, 23; 5. hinc—illuc, to this (or) that—, Dum in dubio animus paulo momento huc uel illuc impellitur, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 31; huc atque illuc intuentem, Cic. or. 1, 184; et ea (sc. corpora) huc et illuc quasi uitabndi aut iacientes tela agitare, Sal. Iug. 60, 4; 6. gen. without conj., brachia tendens Huo illuc, Verg. G. 2, 297; Huc illuc uoluenus oculos, A. 4, 363; add Ov. M. 12, 329; Tac. an. 1, 56 f.; h. 1, 40; 1, 76; 3,

73; 4, 46 med.; Quint. 10, 7, 6; Sen. Tr. 1053; Stat. Th. 2, 602.

**illuo?** a vb. without authority, for Plin. 3, 74 has adluit; and iu Ulp. dig. 10, 2, 16, 3 we shld prob. read: id quod amnis fundo...alluit; but implied in sb. illuo-ies, downpour.

1 **illuo-ies**, (incl.) f. [from a lost vb. illuo or rather illuo-o, wash down] a downpour (as of heavy rain), a deluge, huius temporibus aquarum inluuies maiorem partem populorum Graeciae abstulit, Iust. 2, 6, 10; magno ueluti cum turbine sese Ipsius Aeoliae frangunt in limine uenti Quem pelagi rabies, qnem nubila, quemque sequatur Illuues (so Haupt, Herm. 3, 213; mss ille or illa dies), Val. F. 6, 356;

2. hence a flood, stagnant water, siue inluuies aquarum principio terras obrutas tenuit, siue..., Iust. 2, 1, 14; imber uiolentius quam alias fusus campos inequitabiles fecerat..., currus illuue ac noraginibus haerebant, Curt. 8, 14, 4; Zenobiam placida inluue spirantem aduertere, Tac. an. 12, 51.

2 **illuo-ies**, (incl.) f. [implies such an adj. as illuo-is, not washed, from in not, lau- wash] the being unwashed, filth, dirt, Situm inter oris barba paedore horrida Intonsa infuscat pectus inluue scabrum, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; perdita inluue (so Lindem., mss in illine) atque insomnia, Pacuv. 9 R; ea texebat una pannis obsita Neglecta innumda inluue, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 54; hic cruciatur fame Frigore inluue inbalnitie... Lucil. ap. Non. 126; Inluuies scabies, id.; Squale scabreque inluue et uastitudine, Varr. s. 159, 1 R; Dira inluuies inmissaque barba, Verg. 3, 593; Ne tondere quidem morbo inluueque peresa Vellera, Verg. G. 3, 561; Trebatius ait non esse morbosum os alicui oler, hoc enim ex illuue oris acedere solere, ap. Ulp. 21, 1, 12, 4; add Tac. an. 4, 28; h. 4, 46; both words illuues found only in sing. n. ac. abl.

**imago**, inis, f. [implies a vb. imari, to make oneself like, of wh. imitari is a freq.; not as Porphy. ad Hor. od. 1, 12, 4 says, quasi imitago; root im=sim of similis] imitation; hence in material meaning, as first in painting, Apelles imaginem Antigoni latere tantum altero ostendit, ut amissi oculi deformitas lateret, Quint. 2, 13, 12; see \* below;

2. gen. a bust or head, either solid or in relief, and so opp. to a statue (see †), hominis imaginem gypso e facie ipsa primus omnium expressit, ceraque in eam formam gypsi iufusa emendare instituit Lysistratus, Plin. 35, 153; hic reliquit sumbolum, expressam in cera ex anulo suam imaginem, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 54; add 4, 2, 29; 4, 6, 35; unus Xenophontis libellus in eo rege laudando facile omnes imagines omnium statusque† superauit, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 7; Epicuri...cuius imaginem non modo in tabulis...sed etiam in poculis et in aulis habent, fin. 5, 3; Africanus se ostendit ea forma quae mihi ex imagine eius quam ex ipso erat notior, rep. 6, 10; Demosthenes cuius nuper inter imagines tuas ac tuorum...imaginem ex aere uidi, orat. 110; imago argentea cum aereo clipeo (the round ground on wh. was the head in relief), inser. Murat. 718, 5; signa † (i.e. statues) n. xvii caput solis l. imagines argenteas iiii, inscr. on temp. of Diana, Hermes 6, 8; 3. esp. a bust of a nobleman's ancestor in the atrium, and carried in funeral procession, (see †) obrepisti ad honores commendatione fumosarum imaginum, Cic. Pis. 1; siquid deliquero, nullae sunt imagines quae me a uobis deprecentur, agr. 2, 100; togam praetextam, sellam curulem, ius imaginis ad memoria proferendae, Verr. 2, 5, 36; hominem ueteris prosopiae ac multarum imaginum, Sal. Iug. 85, 10; quia imagines non habeo et quia mili nona nobilitas est, ib. 25; uirum honoratissimae imaginis futurae ad posteros, Liv. 3, 38, 2; clarum hac fore imagine Scaptium, 3, 72, 4; Esto beata; funus† atque imagines Ducant triumphales tuum, Hor. epod. 8, 11; Qui stupet in titulis et imagibus, s. 1, 6, 17; ut essent imagines quae comitarentur gentilitia funera†, Plin. 35, 6; emptorque ueneni Frangenda miseram fuuestat imagine gentem, Iuv. 8, 18; 4. likeness of living person to another, Quando imagost huius in me, certum hominem eludere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 109; add prol. 121, 124 and 141; haec duarum hodie inuicem Et hic et illic mulier fert (al.



feret) imaginem, Mil. 2, 1, 73; **5.** in Lucr. for the εἰδωλον of Epicurus, Fit quoque ut interdum non suppeditetur imago..., 4, 818; add 885; **6.** an immaterial likeness or figure, as in fancy, dreams or supernatural, a spectre, in somnis facere hoc uideatur imago, Lucr. 4, 770; add 782; Quid natum totiens crudelis tu quoque falsis Ludis imāginibus? Verg. 1, 407; ipsius umbra Creusae Visā mihi ante oculos et nota maior imago, 2, 773; Et nunc magna mei sub terras ibit imago, 4, 654; Somnus...Vanum nocturnis fallit imaginibus, Tib. 3, 4, 56; magnam noctium partem in imagine tua uigil exigo, Plin. ep. 7, 5, 1; exercitum imagine caesorum insepulorumque tardatum ad proelia credebatur, Tac. an. 1, 62; **7.** likeness of sound, and so of echo, even in prose, μελιττωσας ita facere oportet...; primum secundum uillam, potissimum ubi non resonent imagines, Varr. r. 3, 16, 12; neu crede paludi...ut ubi concaua pulsu Saxa sonant nocisq; offensa resultat imago, Verg. G. 4, 50 (of bees); cuius recinet iocosa Nomen imago, Hor. od. 1, 12, 4; resonant siluae et uaga certat imago, Val. F. 3, 597; **8.** met. image, picture, recordatio meorum temporum quorum imaginem uideo in rebus tuis, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 2; haec a te non multum abludit imago, Hor. A. P. 320; i. societas—something like a partnership—, Ulp. dig. 38, 2; **9.** esp. of a sham, nec praceptor deerat...qui faciem eloquentiae, non imaginem praestaret, Tac. dial. 34; an effugendum (sic) munerum causa imaginem nauicularii induat—assume the character of a skipper, without being one—, Callist. dig. 6, 6, 9; **10.** in rhet. a simile or analogy, imago est oratio demonstrans corporum aut naturarum similitudinem, Cic. inu. 1, 49; add ad Her. 4, 62; dicitis beneficium creditum insolubile esse...Cum creditum dicitur, imagine et translatione utimur, Sen. ben. 4, 12, 1; add ep. 59, 6; 72, 8.

**imbuo**, (inb.) ĩre, nĩ, ũtus, vb. [for in-duo and so=ava-δew; cf. in=ava; also buo=bibo w. a cansative sense; cf. for form, bonus duonus] begin to wet, wet for the first time, quo iam semel est imbuta ueneno, Enn. 525 V; dolia olearia noua sic imbuto (season); amurca impleto dies vii..., Cato r. 69 (70), 1;—Credin me amici morte inbuturum manus? Att. 433 R; Tuo imbuisse palmulas in aequore, Catul. 4, 17; imbuti gladii sunt exercitum nostrorum uel madefacti potius, Cic. Phil. 14, 6; sanguine bellum Imbut et prima commisit funera pugnæ, Verg. 7, 541; Quae fors prima dedit, sanguis nouos imbut arma, 7, 554; Quo semel est imbuta recens seruabit odorem Testa din, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 69; add Quint. 1, 1, 5; Hier. ep. 10 f.; Gutturaque imbuētur infantia lacte canino, Ov. Ib. 227; Imbut egregium digno mihi nectare munus (sc. phialam)...tua Ceste manus, Mart. 8, 51, 18; pneroque chelyn submitis et ora Inbut amne sacro, iam tunc tibi blandus, Apollo, Stat. silu. 5, 123; **2.** met. pollute what had been hitherto pure, imbrue, cum semel gladium scelere imbuisset, Cic. Phil. 5, 20; add Font. 41 (31); uirginis acerbae auris Vencris uocabulis imbuti noluerunt, Varr. s. 95, 3 R; qui hiuc integri et sinceri Romam eunt...imbuti (poisoned so to say) illinc et infecti Romanis delinimentis redeunt, Liv. 40, 11, 3; Rhodios iubutos Persi consiliis, 42, 26, 8; imbutus (once infected with the contagion of—) praeda manus in directionem Galliarum erupturas, Tac. an. 1, 36; hoc primum anno sanguine consulis Romani militis imbutae manns sunt, Vell. 2, 20, 1; sed Parmeno deterruit, non esset talibus promissis (of rewards for assassination) imbuendas aures militum affirmans, Curt. 4, 10 (40), 17; **3.** esp. of early training, whether for good or evil, wet (with), instill into, train at the outset, indoctrinate, and hence of impressions felt without a sense of reason and so difficult to efface, His ego de artibus gratiam facio Ne colas ne inbuas (his tuum) ingenium (al. mss), Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 16; est haec non scripta sed nata lex ad quam non docti sed facti, non instituti sed imbuti sumus, Cic. Mil. 10; quibus studiis ab ineunte aetate se imberat, Deiot. 28; ut eius (sc. pueri Clodii) animum tenerum his (so M, not iis) opinionibus imbuas ut..., ad Anton. post Att. 14, 13; add off. 1, 118; Phil. 10, 20; or. 2, 162; fin. 1, 60; ea pictate omnium pectora imbuerat (Numa) ut..., Liv. 1, 21, 1; malo tiroci-

nio imbuendum Samnitem, the young soldiers must be taught a lesson they would not soon forget, 9, 43, 18; adulescentuli statim castrensibus stipendiis imbuebantur ut imperare parendo aduiscerent, Plin. ep. 8, 14, 5; imbutis sociis ad officia legum, Tac. an. 12, 32 f.; horum (se. seruorum) fabulis et erroribus teneri statim et rudes animi (infantium) imbuuntur, orat. 29; (bos) optume cum domito iuuenicus inbuitur, Plin. 8, 180; **4.** esp. of a first lesson, teach the ABC of, give a smattering of, quasi non necesse sit, quicquid isto modo pronunties, id aut esse aut non esse; an tu dialecticis ne imbutus quidem es? Cic. Tuse. 1, 14; quid te facere oportet litteris imbutum solis Mineruae? Varr. s. 221, 7 R; uerna...Litterulis Graecis imbutus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7; informamus eum qui quasdam artes haurire, omnes libare debet; ideoque et iuris scientiam ueteres oratores comprehendebant et grammaticae musicae et geometricae (sc. scientiam) imbuebantur, Tac. or. 31 f.; nec quisquam litteris saltem leuiter imbutus, Quint. 1, 2, 16; quasi non perfectum literis sed imbutum, Suet. gram. 4; **5.** other met. like our baptise or christen, initiate, inaugurate, handsel, be the first to—, Illa (sc. Venus) rudem cursu prim(a) inbuit Amphitriten, gave Amph. her first lesson in navigation, Catul. 64, 11; Et Phalaris tanro uolenti membra Perilli Torruit; infelix inbuit auctor opus, Ov. a. a. 1, 654; add tr. 3, 11, 52; Inbuis exemplum primae tu Romule palmae Huius, Prop. 5 (4), 10, 5; ignaras Cereris qui uomere terras Inbuit, Val. F. 1, 70; Virgineis iuuenem taedis primoque hymenaeo Imberat coniux, Sil. 3, 65 (de primo concubitu); **6.** simply wet, dip, steep, dye, gen. in met., Nive alium quemuis quae sunt imbuta colore, Lucr. 2, 734; Aurea paouum ridenti imbuta lepore Saecla, 2, 502; oscula quae Venus Quinta parte sui nectaris inbuit, Hor. od. 1, 13, 16; **7.** note the acc. with pass. in Tac. or. 31 of § 4, and Lucr. 2, 734 of § 6; Munro justly compares Tyrios incocta rubores of Verg. G. 3, 307; **8.** perh. first used of some religious rite like our baptism.

**Imitūs**, adv. [imus] from the lowest point, from the bottom, fontes imitus ignis eructari, Gell. 17, 10, 13; riuos sanguinis uomens imitus, Apul. M. 4, 12 f.; terra dehiscens imitus, 9, 34; in Arnob. 5, 10 (imi)tus is a cj.

**immānis**, (inm.) e, adj. [see below] horrible, infernal, savage, brutal, Spurcificum (sc. Neptunum) immanem intolerandum, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 7; feram et immanem beluam, Cic. Acad. pr. 108; ex feris et immanibus mites reddidit et mansuetos, inu. 1, 2; quod nulla gens tam fera, nemo omnium tam sit immanis, cuius..., Tusc. 1, 30; nihil ista immanius beluast, rep. 3, 45; hostis ferus et immanis, Verr. 2, 2, 51—hence prob. stronger than ferus; immanes quaedam bestiae sibi solum natae, fin. 3, 63; quam (sc. uoluptatem) immanissimus quisque acerrime sequitur, part. or. 90; adde hydram Lernaeam et draconem Hesperidum; quot bestiae fuerunt immanes? Varr. s. 167, 3 R; Pygmalion scelere ante alios immanior omnis, Verg. 1, 347; **2.** of things, illam immanem ac barbaram consuetudinem hominum immolandum, Cic. Font. 31 (21); tantum facinus, tam immane (sc. parricide), Rosc. Am. 68; coepit immanibus effera Dido, Verg. 4, 642; **II 3.** immeasurable, immense, boundless, vast, ingentem immanemque praedam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 110; immanes pecunias, Att. 2, 9, 1; in tuis immanibus illis poculis, Phil. 2, 63; immani magnitudine simulacra, Caes. b. g. 6, 16, 4; templa, Verg. 4, 199; antrum, 6, 11; barathrum, 8, 245; cete, 5, 822; uolnus, 9, 751; **4.** met., ambitus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 b, 4; auaritia, Sal. Iug. 31, 12; **5.** in a laudatory sense, ipsius (sc. Herculis) datur hoc immanibus actis, Ov. M. 9, 247; cum immanis res C. Caesar in Gallia ageret, Vell. 2, 46, 1; immanis uictoriae, 2, 105, 3; **6.** immanis ferus siue magnus, Paul. ex F. 111, 18; **7.** for comp. cf. Cic. rep. 1, 45 and Verg. 1, 347; for sup., Cic. part. or. 90 in § 1; **8.** prob. from manis good, as in the phrase Di manes; cf. Manes; but in the second sense perh. influenced by the root men-, measure.

**im-mīnuo**, (in-m.) uēre, uĩ, ũtus, vb. [in=ava of



beginning] begin to diminish, diminish what was previously entire, make a first hole in, si istas exiguas copias quam minime imminueris, Cic. fam. 3, 3 f.; aestiuorum tempus comitorum mora imminuerat, Sal. lug. 44, 3; 2. met. impair what was whole, violate what was pure, make a first breach in, infringe, invade, Lucr. 5, 625; curam, Att. 234 R; Domitionis cupidi imperium regis paene imminuimus, poet. trag. incert. 27 R; imperium, Lucil. ap. Non. 2; nullum esse ius tam sanctum atque integrum quod non eius scelus atque perfidia uiolarit et imminuerit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 109; ius legationis, Verr. 2, 1, 84; ius libertatis, Sal. Cat. 37, 9; libertatem, Cic. Caecin. 35; auctoritatem, Att. 1, 18, 5; Verr. 2, 4, 60; laudem, ad Dolab. post Att. 14, 17, 2; non intellego cur reconceliatum esse (nostram gratiam) dicas, quae nunquam imminuta est, fam. 5, 2, 5; bellum, Man. 30; ante te cognitum multis opem tui, nullius indigni; id imminutum, quod ceteri dolere solent, ego laetor, Sal. lug. 110, 2; plebis opes, Cat. 39, 1; pacem, lug. 81, 4; mentem, 65, 1; Gell. 15, 2, 4; animos, Liv. 3, 38, 1; Agrippa discidio domum imminuerat (by a divorce), Tac. an. 2, 86; Faenium,—commence an attack upon, 14, 57; quamquam Augusta se uiolari et imminui quereretur, 2, 34; 3. esp. of virginity, Neque pudicitiam meam mihi alius quisquam imminuit. Obsecro..., Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 90; in loco celebri coram uirginem imminuisset, ni..., Apul. flor. 14 f.; add Lact. 1, 10 f.; cf. imminutio § 4.

**imminutio**, ōnis, f. lessening what was previously entire, diminution, corporis, Cic. fin. 5; malorum, Quint. 5, 10, 32; 2. met., dignitatis, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; criminis, Quint. 7, 4, 3; 3. as a figure of rhetoric, Cic. or. 3, 207; cf. Quint. 9, 1, 34; 4. of virginity, Auson. idyl. 13.

1 **imminūtus**, part. of imminuo.

2 **im-minūtus**, adj. [in neg.] not diminished or impaired, ius, Iul. dig. 24, 2, 6; Papin. 38, 2, 44.

**immo**, (imo, either an adv. like raro or abl. of imus) (for double form, cf. vb. sumo, summo) adv. lit. at bottom, and so used chiefly in answer to one who has stated part or what is near the truth, but not gone to the bottom of things, cf. G. im Grunde, Fr. au fond; not exactly so, uay (rather), excuse me, S. uino et uictu probo piscatu electili Vitam colitis. T. immo uita antehac erat; Nunc nobis omnia haec excederunt, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 42; A. Itaque me Ops (sc. iuuet) opulenta illius auia. M. Immo mater quidem, Cist. 2, 1, 39; add Pers. 1, 3, 55; Amph. 1, 1, 194 and 233; H. sed si aliter putas, Egomet narrabo quae mihi dixi. M. Immo (imo, Don.) ego ibo. H. Bene facis, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 13; M. Haud aliter censeo. D. Imo hercle ita nobis decet, 5, 8, 5; add Andr. 3, 3, 18; Me. Incepe Mopse prior, si quos aut Phyllidis ignis Aut Alconis habes laudes... Mo. Immo haec in uiridi nuper quae cortice fagi Carmina descripsi..., Experiar, Verg. B. 5, 13; 2. hence often used in self-correction, going farther, nay, interea cum Musis nos delectabimus animo aequo, immo uero et etiam gaudenti ac lubenti, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 2; simulacra deum, deos immo\* ipsos ablatos esse, Liv. 38, 43, 6; ea spe depulsus non tamen belli consilia omisit; immo, si uere uolumus dicere, iam inchoauit bellum, 41, 23, 13; cui (sc. aeri) proximum est pretium, immo uero† ante argentum, ac paene etiam aere aurum Corinthio, Plin. 34, 1; qui in amicum ex imperatore submitteris, immo tunc maxime imperator, cum amicum agis, pan. 85, 5; add 23, 2; 44, 2; 56, 2; nihil caussae est cur non illam uocis modulationem fidibus ac tibiis, immo hercle cymbalis adiuuenus, Quint. 11, 3, 59; quanta uerborum nobis paupertas, immo egestas sit, Sen. ep. 58, 1; 3. also used through real or affected civility of absolute negatives, not exactly so, nay, excuse me, and so, nay on the contrary, Tr. Etiam fatetur de hospite? Th. Immo pernegat, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 19; add Ps. 1, 5, 80; Epid. 5, 2, 1; C. Et scilicet iam mo hoc uoles patrem exorare ut celet Senem uostrum. S. Immo ut recta uia rem narret ordine omnem, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 28; add Andr. 3, 5, 11; sine dubio errasse nos confutandum est. At semel? At una in re? Immo omnia, quo diligentius cogitata, eo facta sunt imprudentius, Cic. Att. 10, 12, 4; causa igitur non bona est?

Immo optima, sed agetur foedissime, 9, 7, 4; 4. si ita scriptum fuerit: Titius, immo Scius heres esto, Scium solum heredem fore respondit (Africanus), dig. 28, 5, 48 (47); 1; add 40, 4, 21; often strengthened by other particles, as potius, Pl. As. 5, 2, 89; and Rud. 4, 8, 2; Petr. 16, 4; by uero, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 37; Cic. Cat. 1, 2; Att. 12, 43, 1; off. 3, 90; rep. 6, 14; aud see †; by eadepol, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 16; 2, 2, 37; Epid. 5, 2, 1; Afran. 103 R; by enim indeed, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 2; Ph. 2, 2, 23; by enimuero, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 76; Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 38; and Ph. 3, 2, 43; by contra, Liv. 41, 24, 8; hercle, Pl. As. 3, 3, 26; Cas. 2, 6, 51; Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 5; Quint. 11, 3, 59; preceded by quin, 1, 1, 31\*; 7, 10, 8\*; 12, 11, 27\*; Labeo, dig. 33, 7, 5; 38, 2, 51; 41, 3, 49; 5. placed second or later at times, negas? L. Pernego immo, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 35; see also \*; immo elided in Verg. 9, 98; 1, 753; Ov. tr. 1, 2, 99; M. 7, 512; loug in Catul. 77, 2; Frustra? Immo magno cum pretio atque malo; aud Sen., so says L. Müller, p. 337; but short in Mart., facerat immo\* magis, 1, 85, 4; Non habet immo\* sum, 7, 94, 4; 6. in old comedy seems at times monos. (im): Immo sic sequestro mihi datast intellego, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 36; Immo meretrix fuit; sed ut sit de ea re loquar, Cist. 2, 3, 23; Ad restim res redit.—Immo collus non res, nam ille argentum habet, Caecil. 215 R; Immo uero† haec ante solitus sum; res delicat, 128.

**im-mūnis**, e, (im-; old form immoenis) adj. [in neg.; muni- or moeni-part, seen in iu munia moecia; cf. communis] without a part, having no part or share (in), wholly free (from), aspiciet urbem Immūnem tanti\* belli atque impune quietam, Verg. 12, 559; Immūnes tanti\* nec sinit esse boni, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 62; mali\*. M. 8, 600; caedis\*, her. 14, 8; militiae; Liv. 1, 43, 8; delictorum\*, Vell. 2, 7, 2; omnibus uitisi; 2, 35, 2; tauta calamitate, 2, 120, 1; abt arbitris, from being overlooked, 2, 14, 3; tristitia; Sen. ep. 85, 3; a dolore; Plin. 32, 37; metu; Sen. Phaedr. 1063; a† uestris malis, Thy. 49; exactorari qui senadena (stipendia) feicissent ac retineri sub uexillo ceterorum immunes nisi propulsandi hostis, Tac. an. 1, 36 f.; ab† omni ouere, Suet. Claud. 25; 2. absol., free of all taxes, duty, services, qui agros immunes liberosque arant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 166; cum immunis nemo fuerit (from road-making), Font. 17; numquid immunis fuit Iufantis (sc. Herculis) aetas? Sen. Her. fur. 218; duo milia iugerum iununia, Suet. rhet. 5; aud met., non est enim inhumana uirtus neque immunis neque superba, Cic. am. 50; 3. esp. contributing no quota to a sacrifice, banquet etc., Immunis aram si tetigit iuanus, Hor. od. 3, 23, 17; Non ego te meis Immunem meditor tingere poculis (= αουμβολον), 4, 12, 23; and met., Immunisque sedens aliena ad pabula fucus, Verg. G. 4, 244; 4. hence gen., making no present (cf. munus), ungenerosus, O ingrati fici Argui, immoenes Graii, inmemores benefici, Att. 364 R; Quem scis immunem Cynarae placuisse rapaci, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 33; 5. and so thankless, ungracious, Amicum castigare ob meritis noxiam Immoenest facinus, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 1; 6. with gen. \*; with ab †; with abl. alone ‡.

**im-mūto**, (in-m.) āre, vb. [in=ava of beginning] begin to change, make a first change in, make a slight change in, ne clam quippiam Nos uicinorum imprudentis aliquis inmutauerit, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 22; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 7; Haec (sc. forma) ubi inmutatast, illi suum animum alio conferunt, Haut. 4, 12, 10; non possum inmutari, Ph. 1, 4, 29; cum successor aliquid inmutat de institutis priorum, Cic. Flac. 33; et te nonnunquam a me alienarunt et me aliquando inmutarunt tibi, fam. 5, 8, 2; horridam Africae terribili tremere tumultu cum dicit (Ennius), pro Afris immutat Africae, orat. 93; temeritas filii comprobauit... Verborum ordinem immuta, fac sis: Comprobauit filii temeritas, iam nihil erit, 214; 2. immuto and muto often interchanged in mss, esp. where preceding wd. ended in m, as ornatum inmutabilem, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 8 (al. mut.); Siquid erit dubium inmutabo (mutabo?), 5, 1, 40; in ps. Nep. Dion. 10, 2 Fischer v. best mss has: uirabiliter uulgi mutata est uoluntas; in Cic. orat. 92 read: tralata uerba atque mutata (so Gu. 3), for tralata...mutata...follow.



**impannis**, without rags, a bad cj. in Plaut. *As.* 1, 2, 16, wh. read: Sordido uitam oblectabas pane pannis (mss in pannis) inopia.

**imparientia**, from a false reading in Gell. 1, 13, 3—wh. read impatientiae v. Hertz.

**im-pārīlis**, e, adj. (in neg.) unequal, aequum, Aur. Vict. 14.

**imparilitas**, ātis, f. inequality, Gell. 14, 1, 22; 2. an anomaly, solecism, Capito ap. Gell. 5, 20, 1.

**impello**, (inp.) ēre, pūli, pulsus, vb. [in=ava of beginning] first set in motion, start, digito impellam ianuam Fores patebunt, *Trab.* 2 R; hostem primo impetu impulit, *Liv.* 9, 27, 9; add 9, 40, 9; 33, 36, 9; At simul impulsast, omnes timere ruinam, *Ov. tr.* 1, 9, 19; ite, Ferte citi flammās, date tela, impellite remos, *Verg.* 4, 594; zephyris primum impellentibus undas, *G.* 4, 305; Vt belli signum Laurenti Turnus ab arce Extulit, ... utque impulit arma, Extemplo turbati animi, *A.* 8, 31; *G.* 1, 254; Impulerat leuis aura ratem, *Ov. M.* 15, 697; add 11, 325; cum simul terra simul mari bellum impelleretur, *Tac. Agr.* 25; Anne ... nobis uictoria turbam Non dabit impulsus tantum (only just set in motion) quae praemia belli Anferat? *Lucan.* 5, 330; 2. less correctly, drive on, push on, urge on, drive, (quod eius, se. pecoris, in calli) bus uiei (sue) publicis pastum inpulsu m itineris causa erit, *CIL* 200, 26; Chimaeram... triplici pubes quam Dardana uersu Impellunt, *Verg.* 5, 120; At rudis enituit impulso uomere campus, *G.* 2, 211; Impellunt animae lintea Thraciae, *Hor. od.* 4, 12, 2; mille nauium uelis impelli, *Tac. an.* 2, 23; add *Sil.* 11, 270; 9, 382; 3. strike, saxa impellentia caelum, *Sil.* 11, 217; add *Val. F.* 5, 164;

4. met. set in motion, start, impel, induce, Dum in dubiost animus hue uel illuc impellitur, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 5, 31; hac fama impulsus, 1, 1, 72; uoluntates impellere quo uelit, uide autem uelit deducere, *Cic. or.* 1, 30; ad iniuriam faciendam, *Flac.* 85; ad scelus, *Rosc. Am.* 39; quae causa nos impulerit ut..., *N. D.* 1, 7; Germanos tam facile impelli ut in Galliam uenirent, *Caes. b. g.* 4, 16, 1; 5. in poets and late prose with inf., quae mens tam dira... Impulit his cingi telis? *Verg.* 2, 520; quendam ex ministris Octauiae impellit seruilem ei amorem obicere, *Tac. an.* 14, 60; impellunt credere Parcae, *Stat. Th.* 10, 737.

**impērito**, (inp.) āre, vb. frq. [impero] command (habitually), be in command of, lord it over (w. dat.\* of person), Quom (al. quod) antehac pro iure imperitatum meo, nunc te oro per precem, *Pl. Capt.* 2, 1, 47; Viessitatemque inperitandi tradidit, *Att.* 586 R; qui Caere opulento tum oppido imperitans... arma Rutulis iunxit, *Liv.* 1, 2, 3; decem imperitabant, nūc enī insignibus imperii erat, 1, 17, 6; superbe auareque imperitatum uictis\* esse, 21, 1, 3; auare et superbe imperitatum sibi\* esse, *Curt.* 4, 7, 1 (4, 28); Olim qui magnis legionibus\* impēritarint, *Hor. s.* 1, 6, 4; siue opus est imperitare equis\* Non auriga piger, *od.* 1, 15, 25; mussantque iuuencae Quis nemori\* impēritet, *Verg.* 12, 719; imperitat cui\* tristi fronte Cupido, *Tib.* 2, 3, 33; imperitant (se. galli gallinacei) suo generi\*, *Plin.* 10, 47; add *Plin. pan.* 82, 6; and *Quint.* 6 pr. 15 by a good cj.

**im-pēro**, (in-p.) āre, vb. [pāro put] put upon, impose, as a duty to be done or the thing to be observed, with acc. of thing, dat. of person, quibus negotium est imperatum\* ut inspicerent aquas publicas, *S. C. ap. Frontin.* aq. 104; ex lubricine leges imperantur\*, *Sal. hist. or. Phil.*; imperanda\* tridui abstinentia est, *Cels.* 7, 20; imperata\* pensa, *Quint.* 3, 7, 6; 2. with gerundive acc. understood, as: cogendum, conferendum, praebendum, impose the duty of—, command to furnish etc., give orders for, w. dat. of person, acc. of thing, (quibus, sc. populis, ex formula t)ogatorum milites (sc. cogendos) inperare solent, *CIL* 200, 50; ne iue inperato quo quid magis iei dent..., nisei quod e(o)s ex lege Porcia dare... oportet oportebit, 204, 2, 15; At tributus (sc. conferendus) cum imperatus\* est, uegant pendi pote, *Pl. Epid.* 2, 2, 43; denarii trecenti ad statum imperati\* sunt, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 137; frumentum, *Caecil.* 30;

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obsides, *Man.* 35; quum (Caesar) priuatis pecunias per epistolas imperaret, *Nep. Att.* 7, 3; equites imperat ciuitatibus, *Caes. b. g.* 6, 4f.; obsidibus imperatis\*, 6, 4, 4; tota Italia arma imperantur\*, b. c. 1, 6f.; finitumis imperaturum ne quam iniuriam inferret, b. g. 2, 32, 2; Ingurthae imperat argenti pondo cc milia, elephantos omnis, equorum et armorum aliquantum, *Sal. Jug.* 62, 5;

3. esp. exercitum i., summon the citizens to vote in the Comitia, *Varr.* 1. 6 f.;

4. with a play on exercitus (army or exercise), E. huic (sc. uentri suo) illud dolet, Quia nunc remissus est edundi exercitus. H. Nullumne interea nancutus, qui posset tibi Remissum quem dixi imperare exercitum? *Pl. Capt.* 1, 2, 52;

5. so far chiefly by the imperinm; beyond this sphere, Non imperabat coram quid opus factu esset peruerper? *Ter. Andr.* 3, 2, 10; quin tu quid faciam impera, *Pl.* 1, 4, 46; iubesne? Immo cogo atque impero, *Eun.* 2, 3, 97; et mihi ne abscedam imperat, 3, 5, 30; add *Haut.* 5, 5, 11; nonnumquam puerum uocaret, credo cui cenam imperaret, *Cic. Rosc. Am.* 59; uocules aedilibus curulibus imperarunt ut..., *Liv.* 39, 14, 9; letoque det imperat Argum, *Ov. M.* 1, 670; alantque Imperat Argolicam caelesti munere classem, 13, 659; sola terrae seges imperatur\*, *Tac. G.* 26; imperent filiis ut patrum suorum capita praedant, *Petr. s.* 1; non imperassem omnibus per diuersa aegrotantibus, *Sen. ira* 1, 16;

6. so far the attached vb. in subj., gen. preceded by ut or ne; rarely in inf., Animo nunciām otioso esse impero, *Ter. Andr.* 5, 2, 1; imperani egomet mihi Omnia assentari, *Eun.* 2, 2, 21; Cum capita uiridi lauro uelare imperant, *C. Iul. Caes. Str. tr. R.*; ille intra tecta uocari Imperat, *Verg.* 7, 169; comportare in *Sal. Jug.* 47, 2 is dub.; uiderent, not uidere, *Madv.* in *Liv.* 39, 14, 9;

7. for imperito, command or govern (habitually), be in command of, lord it over, aut quibus egestas imperat, *Enn. tr.* 273 R; hoc qui nequit Fateatur nescire imperare (imperitare?) liberis, *Ter. Ad.* 1, 1, 52; En impero Argis; scepra mihi liquit Pelops, poet. tr. incert. 104 R; omnibus gentibus terra marique imperare, *Cic. Man.* 56; qui bene imperat, paruerit aliquando necesse est; et qui modeste paret, uideatur qui aliquando imperet dignus esse, *leg.* 3, 5; enpiditibus, *am.* 84; *Sen. tranq.* 2, 8; nobismet ipsis, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 47; quot nationibus imperabat, *Quint.* 11, 2, 50; (eloquentia) hic regnat, hic imperat, 7, 4, 24; recusabas enim imperare, *Plin. pan.* 5; imperare sibi maximum imperium est, *Sen. ep.* 113, 30;

8. met. impose laws (upon), tax (so to say severally), play the tyrant over, exact more than is reasonable from, Exercetque frequens tellurem atque inperat artus, *Verg. G.* 1, 99; sic imperant uitibus ut posteritati non consulant, *Colum.* 3, 3, 6; add 4, 24, 21; fertilibus agris non est imperandum, *Sen. tranq.* 17, 5; non est quod plenis oculis ac tumentibus imperes, *Sen. ep.* 94, 20; dum per continuos dies nimis imperat uoci, rursus sanguinem reddidit, *Plin. ep.* 5, 19, 6; patrimonio suo plus imperauit quam ferre posset, *Sen. tranq.* 6, 3;

9. as pass. pers. w. nom. of thing see\*; 10. as pass. pers. w. nom. of person very rare, Haec ego procurare et idoneus imperor et non Inuitus, *Hor. ep.* 1, 5, 21; 11. ad imperandum for orders, nunc ades ad imperandum, uel ad pareudum potius, sic enim antiqui loquebantur, *Cic. fam.* 9, 25, 2; quum ad imperandum Tisidium uocaretur, *Sal. Jug.* 62, 8.

**im-pertio**, (in-p., and impartio\*) ire, vb. [in=ava=G. ent in senso of off? if so] lit. portion off, hence—present with, w. acc. of pers., abl. of thing, firstly of salutations, henn suom Stratipoclem Salua inperit salute seruos Epidicus, *Pl. Epid.* 1, 2, 24; Erum saluto primum nt accumst; postea Siquid superfit, nicinos inperitio, *Ps.* 1, 5, 39; plurima salute Parmenonem Summum suom inperit Gnatho, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 2, 40; neque adueniens neque proficeiscens quemquam osculo inperitiuit, ac ne resalutatione quidem, *Suet. Ner.* 37;

2. of news, opsecret se ut nuntio hoc inperitiam, *Pl. St.* 2, 1, 26; Sed cesso eram hoc malo inperitiae (al. inperitiri) propere? *Ter. Ad.* 3, 2, 22;

3. gen., Non hic suo seminio quemquam porcellam inperiturust, *Pl. Mil.* 4, 2, 68; minusque nie impartire\* (so B, al. impartire) honoribus, *Aul. pr.* 19;

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ausere studiis honestis et uoluptatibus concessis impertire, Tac. an. 14, 21; **4.** hence in pass. w. nom. of person, omnibus doctrinis quibus puerilis aetas impartiri\* debet, filium erudiuit, Nep. Att. 1, 2; reliquit eum nullo praeter auguralis sacerdotii honore impertitum, Suet. Claud. 4; numquam donis impertitendos putauit, Aug. 25; **II 5.** with acc. of thing, dat. of pers., or obj., give a share of (to), present (to), communicate, impart, Terentia impertit tibi multam salutem, Cic. Att. 2, 12, 4; Si ignotis impertibis† fient facilius, Nov. 11 R; unum diem festum Marcellis impertire, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 51; add Rosc. Am. 11; Att. 3, 15, 7; fam. 5, 2, 9; Sul. 9; aliis impertiebant gaudium suum, Liv. 27, 51, 4; siquid nouisti rectius istis, Candidus impertit, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 67; mihi quaequam impartiret\*, Apul. mag. 102; **6.** hence in pass. w. nom. of thing, uiro forti collegae meae laus impertitur, Cic. Cat. 3, 14; huic signa beniuolentiae permulta a bonis impertiuntur, Att. 2, 18, 1; aliquando impertiendo plebi honores, Liv. 4, 54, 9; pro his impertitis oppugnatum patriam nostram ueniunt, 21, 41, 13; **7.** old fut. impertibo, see Nov. § 5†; impertibant, Front. de fer. Als. 3.

**im-pertior**, iri, vb. r., w. acc. of thing, dat. of person multis gratuito ciuitatem impertiebantur, Cic. Arch. 10; dolorem suum, Att. 2, 23, 2 and perh. Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 22.

**im-pōtens**, (in-p.) ntis, adj. [in=males] hence weak, impotent, ualeant haec ad salutem innocentium, ad opem impotentium, Cic. Mur. 49; neque homini infanti atque impotenti iniste facta condeunt, fin. 1, 52; neque me praeterit, Sal. hist. or. Lic.; **2.**=male potens in the sense of furious, ungovernable, outrageous, wh. may be explained as weak and so unable to resist the passions; some say sui is understood, having no power over oneself, Ego te autem noui quam esse soles impotens, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 130, wh. Calp.: suorum appetituum minime moderator; Adeo impotenti esse animo ni praeter ciuium Morem atque legem et sui uoluntatem patris Tamen hanc habere studeat, And. 5, 3, 8, where Don.: nimis potenti uel certe debili et deuicto; impotens iracundus contumeliosus superbus, Cic. Phil. 5, 24; aduolat ad urbem homo impotentissimus† ardens odio, 5, 42; add 11, 16; uictoria...etiamsi ad meliores uenit tamen eos ferociores impotentiores\*que reddit, Cic. fam. 4, 9, 3; i. tyranni, Liv. 25, 28f.; add 6, 11, 6; Marius immodicus gloriae insatiabilis impotens, Vell. 2, 11, 1; **3.** met. freta, Catul. 4, 18; amor, 35, 12; ista pax perditum hominem in possessionem impotentissim† dominatus restitutura est, Cic. fam. 10, 27, 1; aquilo, Hor. od. 3, 30, 3, wh. Schol. makes it=ualde potens; in inuito impotentiore\* rabiem accensi, Liv. 29, 9, 6; consilia 2, 36, 1; regnum, 7, 39, 5; 8, 5, 4; 33, 46, 3; postulatium, 7, 41, 8; iniuria, 38, 56, 11; laetitia, Cic. Tusc. 5, 17; mulierum iussa, Tac. an. 3, 33 f.; impotentissimae† cogitationes inuidiae auaritia... Quint. 12, 1, 6; **4.** w. gen. unable to control, suorum rerum, Liv. 9, 14, 5; irae, 29, 9, 9; laetitiae, 30, 42, 17; ob sitim impotentes sui, Curt. 4, 7, 14 (4, 30); animi, 8, 5 (8, 1, 49); amoris, Tac. h. 4, 44; consilii, Sen. Agam. 127; **5.** with a pass. sense, impotentes regendi equi, horses that could not be guided by their riders, Liv. 35, 11, 10; **6.** w. inf., quidlibet impotens Sperare, Hor. od. 1, 37, 10; **7.** for comp. see\*; for sup. †; **8.** impotenter, adv., in a furious ungovernable spirit, tyrannically, potentia impotenter uti, Sen. ep. 42, 3; i. facere, Quint. 1, 3, 13; and perh. 6, 3, 83; i. flagitare, Iust. 16, 4; impotentius dominari, Liv. 38, 48, 1; elephantum impotentius iam regi et... (impotentes iam regi or regendi without et? cf. § 5), 27, 48, 11; quae impotentissime fecit, Sen. ben. 4, 17, 2.

**im-prōmiscus**, adj. unadulterated, pure, suauitas, Gell. 12, 4, 3; uerbum, 1, 7, 6.

**im-pūdicus**, (in-p.) adj. [in neg.], shameless, o facinus impudicum, Quam liberam esse oporteat, seruire postulare, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 62; **2.** esp. unchaste, as first of women, Vt mihi extra uuum te mortalis nemo corpus corpore Contigit quo me impudicam faceret, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 204; add 3, 2, 24 and 32; Tam a me pudicam quasi soror mea, nisi

Sist osculando quidpiam impudicior, Cure. 1, 1, 52; **3.** of things, facinus, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 11; facta, Amph. 3, 2, 45; dicta, 3, 2, 46; **4.** in Cic. and later only de cinaedis, intolerabilis est (seruitus) seruire impuro impudice effeminato, Cic. Phil. 3, 12; add 2, 70; Cat. 2, 23; mulieres, 2, 10; Sal. Cat. 14, 2; and prob. Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 27; cf. Hor. ep. 1, 16, 36; Sen. ep. 94, 21; Suet. Aug. 68 and 71; Apul. mag. 74 f.; **5.** of things, digitus, Mart. 6, 70, 5, the middle finger (quod, ut simile penis, signum fuit pathicum inuitantis), cf. Mart. 2, 28, 2; Iuv. 10, 53; **6.** hence, a low term of abuse, Pl. As. 2, 4, 69; Ps. 1, 3, 126.

**im-pūto**, (in-p.) āre, vb. [puto cut, score, cf. ampnto, compute] score against, debit for, charge for, take credit to oneself for, w. acc. of debt, dat. of party debited, plus imputant seminis iacti quam quod scueriut, Colum. 1, 7, 6; si quis ex sociis propter societatem profectus sit, eos dumtaxat sumptus societati imputabit qui in eam rem impensi sunt, uaticia igitur et uecturas recte imputabit, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 52; eidem ciuitati inputata sunt terna milia quae uaticii nomine annua dabantur legato, Plin. ep. 10, 43 (52), 3; **2.** met. Saeuit enim natumque (sc. Phaethonta) obiectat et imputat illis, Ov. M. 2, 400; mortem senioribus imputat annis, 15, 470; hoo rebellandi tempus imputat Atheniensibus, Vell. 2, 23, 4; stat super caput fatum et pereuntis dies imputat, Sen. ira 3, 42; soles... Qui nobis pereunt et imputantur, Mart. 5, 20; hanc igitur (sc. audaciam) tibi imputabis, Plin. pr. 4; impntet ipse Deus nectar mihi, fiet acetum, Mart. 12, 48; prospera omnes sibi uindicant, aduersa uni imputantur, Tac. Agr. 27; alii trans-eunt quaedam imputantque quod transeant, Plin. ep. 8, 21, 4; **3.** met. score to the credit of, attribute the honour of, huic inputari uictum Annibalem, Iust. 18, 6, 5; **4.** hence our impute.

**imus**, adj. sup. [for in-imus from in down, see in with vb. and adj., and 2 inde], lowest, inperis imisque deorum, Ov. F. 5, 665; Medio (Pedio?) reumbit imus ille qui lecto..., Mart. 6, 74, 1; cf. § 3; **2.** esp. with nouns, the bottom of, Ingurgitauit usque ad imam guttrem, Nov. 118 R; ab imis unguibus usque ad uerticem summum mendacis constare uidetur, Cic. Rose. com. 20; ab imis faucibus, ad Her. 3, 25; Fulmine deiecti fundo uolunt in imo, Verg. 6, 581; sub imo Corde, 10, 464; est in aure ima memoriae locus quem tangentes antestamur, Plin. 11, 251; ad imam (sc. quercum), Phaedr. 2, 4, 3; ad imam Tartarum, Apul. M. 17 f.; **3.** sim. imi conuiuae lecti, qui sit at the bottom of the dinner-couch, Hor. s. 2, 8, 40; in summo (sc. lecto) Antonius, infra Versins, Maecenas in imo, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 698; **4.** at the end of, last, Primus enim Iani mensis, quia ianua prima est; Qui sacer est imis Manibus, imus erat, Ov. F. 2, 52; **5.** lowest in note, modo summa Voce, modo hac resouat quae chordis quatuor ima, Hor. s. 1, 3, 8; **6.** farthest in, inmost, ima dolor balantum lapsus ad ossa, Verg. G. 3, 457; imis infixi medullis, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 9; **7.** as sb. n., bottom, nihil nostra intersit utrum ab summo an ab imo an ab medio nomina dieere incipiamus, ad Her. 3, 30; ualet ima summis Mutare, Hor. od. 1, 34, 12; summa imis miscuit, Vell. 2, 2, 3; ab imo Ad summum totus moduli bipedalis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 308; add 2, 4, 57; A. P. 126; ima Pangaei montis, Plin. 4, 38; summa montium et ima maris miscens, 32, 64; ad imam (at last) Thrax erit, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 35.

**im**, prep. [see below] in, opposed to ex, out, first with acc., with motion, into, te in gremium Scipio recipit, CIL 33, 7; is in eam sitellam manum demitit, 198, 53; (De) nati timidae ambae in seapham insilimus (so THK cf., mss insilimus agst. met.) quia nidemus..., Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 36; paene in foncam decidi, Pers. 4, 4, 46; gladium hosti in pectus infixit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 50; ipse in Italiam magnis itineribus contendit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; iam in uestibulum peruperant templi, Liv. 3, 18, 8; **2.** with the name of people, into the country of, ut potestatem faceret in Vbios legatos mittendi, Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 2; cohortis quinque in Eburones misit, 5, 24, 4; Lueterium in Rutenos mittit, 7,



5, 1; **3.** though best writers use acc. alone for to a city, as Romam to Rome, Plautus uses in at times of Greek cities, as: Ibo in Piraeum, Bac. 2, 3, 1; ego ire in Piraeum uolo, Most. 1, 1, 63; Eamque huc inuitam mulierem in Ephesum aduehit, Mil. 2, 1, 35; Senex in Ephesum ibit aurum accersere, Bac. 2, 3, 120; saluos quom aduenis In Epidaurum, Curc. 4, 4, 6; **4.** conversely he at times omits in before names of countries, Prendit dexteram, seducit, rogat (monos.) quid ueniam Cariam, Curc. 2, 3, 60 (but perueni in Cariam v. 50); Nam erus meus me Eretriam misit domitos boues (monos.) ut sibi mercarer, Pers. 2, 3, 7; **5.** in good prose writers this omission is chiefly limited to islands, esp. small islands, which are little more than towus, as: Delum uenit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 46; confugisse Delum, 48; inde Sardiniam cum classe uenit, Man. 34; legiones pro Italiam Regium atque inde Siciliam, porro ex Sicilia in Africam transuocatae, Sal. Iug. 28, 6; pergit nauigare Peloponnesum Samen Zacynthumque, Liv. 36, 42, 4; **6.** even Aegyptum in good prose, coniectans enim Aegyptum iter habere, Caes. b. c. 3, 106, 1; **7.** freely so in poets, including other words, Italiam fato profugus Lauinaeque uenit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; Speluncam Dido dux et Troianus eandem Deuenient, 4, 124; Arentemque feror Libyen, Lucan. 1, 687; Mittitur Haemoniam, Stat. Ach. 2, 247; **8.** in is required when the acc. of a city urbem, oppidum etc. is added, as: ne(iue) quis alius meliis in oppidum Thermesum...introducito, CIL 204, 2; dicitur se contulisse Tarquinius in urbem Etruriae florentissimam, Cic. rep. 2, 34; Thalam peruenit in oppidum magnum atque opulentum, Sal. Iug. 75, 1; peruenit in oppidum Cirtam, 102, 1; Regillum antequam in patriam se contulerat, Liv. 3, 58, 1; **9.** with vbs. of distribution, among, between, through, Athenienses, unde humanitas doctrina religio in omnes terras distributae putantur, Cic. Flac. 62; in omne corpus diuiso cibo, diu. 2, 57; cibus a corde in totum corpus distribuitur per uenas, N. D. 2, 137; sanguis per uenas in omne corpus diffunditur, 138; Thraecia in Rhoemetalen filium...inque liberos Cotyis diuiditur, Tac. an. 2, 67; **10.** hence in phrases of distribution, every, each, the, per, with or without singuli, pro eo agro Langenses inoplicium Genuam dent in anos singulos uic(toriatos) n(ummos) cece, CIL 199, 25; in eo agro in singula iugera dena cullea nini finit, Cato orig. 10, 25 I; in singula conclauia tricenos lectos, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 58; add 2, 133; Caecil. 30; Font. 19; Balb. 48; iam ad denarios L in singulos modios annona peruenerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 52; Diuidere argenti dixit nummos in uiros, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 30; tempora in horas commutari uides, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 4; ut uitium in dies crescat, top. 62; quingenos denarios pretium in capita, per head, Liv. 34, 50, 6; add 2, 12, 10; 2, 33, 11; 21, 11, 11; Vt cum carceribus saec effudere quadrigae, Addunt (sc. gradum, cf. Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 3) in spatia et..., Verg. G. 1, 513—increase its speed with every lap of the race; add A. 5, 61; Hor. s. 2, 7, 10; A. P. 160; Suet. Caes. 38; **11.** so far in pl., also in sing., though rarely, and only in a few phrases, se ternis nummis in pedem tecum transegit, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; snbicietur in diem et horam Inuidiae noster, Hor. s. 2, 6, 47; in diem (day by day) ex aequo conuenarum turba renascitur, Plin. 5, 73; but in Liv. 31, 29, 15 natura quae perpetua est, non mutabilis in diem causis hostes sunt, like in tempus, for a time or to serue the purpose of the moment; **12.** of services conferred, to, magna eius in me non dico officia sed merita, Cic. fam. 11, 17, 1; de suis factis consiliis meritis in republicam aggressus est dicere, orat. 133; **13.** more frequently of unfriendly deeds, to, against, npon, Si in me exercituru's (sc. pugnos), quaeso in parietem ut primum domes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 168; in paucioris audis altercatiost, Aul. 3, 5, 12; in bello saepius uindicatum est in eos qui contra imperium in hostem pugnant, Sal. Cat. 9, 4; prima acie pulsa in secundam pugnabat (Romanus), Liv. 30, 34 f.; quorum in aliquem saecnitum sit, 3, 9, 9; saeuitque canum latratus in auras, Verg. 5, 257; cum in Blaesum multa foedaque incusauisset, Tac. an. 6, 2, 5 (5, 7); in hos expeditionem ipse sumpsit, Flor. 2, 23 (4, 12, 6); uos prius in me strinxeritis ferum quam in uos ego, Liv. 7, 40, 10; qui non iurauerit, in se

hunc gladium strictum esse sciat, 22, 53, 12; add Ov. nux 174; **14.** of the object on which anything is bestowed or spent, on, upon, uti in porticum paganam reficiendam pecuniam consumerent, CIL 571, 13; sumtus quos fecisti in eam, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 63; si est aequum praedam ac manubias suas imperatores non in monumenta deorum neque in urbis ornamenta conferre, Cic. agr. 2, 61; fructus ingenium maximus capitur, quum in proximum quemque confertur, am. 70; ut nullus terencius insumatur in quemquam, Att. 5, 17, 2; qui maiorem sumptum in prandium fecerunt, Verr. 2, 4, 22; quam in rem...impeudi, res gest. Aug. 3, 32; yet with pono, consumo, colloco an abl. is preferred; **15.** of the new form into which anything is changed, into, to, quid interest utrum ex homine se conuertat quis in beluum an..., Cic. off. 3, 82; In noua fert animus mutatas dicere formas Corpora, Ov. M. 1, 1; In rabiem coepit uerti iocus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 149; **16.** hence of results, in, nimia illae licentia Profecto euadet in aliquod magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 64; quae tamen (sc. pestilentia) in morbos longos quam in perniciabiles euadit, Liv. 27, 23, 6; Ituraeos taxi torquentur in arcus, Verg. G. 2, 448; aqua marina...in dimidiam partem decoquenda, Colum. 12, 24, 1; totum stagnum in salem abit, Plin. 31, 73; exit hic animi tenor aliquando in rigorem quandam toruitatemque naturae, 7, 79; add Lucan. 5, 410; **17.** hence of extremities in form, ut turpiter atrum Desinat in piscem mulier formosa superne, Hor. A. P. 4; huic (sc. populo albae) uetustiora (folia) in angulos exeunt, Plin. 16, 86; in easdem quas Castor litteras exit, Quint. 1, 5, 60; in a atque s litteras exire, 61; (nomina) quae aut in a aut in es exeunt, Char. 8 P, 20, 3 K; **18.** with vbs. of division or union, into, Gallia est omnis dinisa in partes tris, Caes. b. g. 1, 1; in duodecim menses describit (not describit) annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; in sex partes diuisus exercitus, 6, 4, 10; fragilis mortalitas in partes ista digessit, and soon: inferis quoque (numinibus) in genera discriptis (so Detl., mss descriptis), Plin. 2, 15; Lude coire globum quasi in unum, Lucr. 5, 665; coalescere in populi unius corpus, Liv. 1, 8, 1; **19.** of translations, interpretations, into, as: annales Acilianos ex Graeco in Latinum sermonem uertit, Liv. 25, 39, 12; Equidem pol in eam partem accipio, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; ne ea in suam contumeliam uertat, Caes. b. c. 1, 8, 3; quaeque alia in deum iras uertunt, Liv. 4, 9, 3; **20.** on to (note in with abl. on of § 54), filium in humeros suos extulit, Cic. or. 1, 228; tanquam in aram confugitis ad deum, N. D. 3, 25; Deiotarum in equum sustulerunt, Deiot. 28; in equum insilit, Liv. 6, 7, 2; **21.** of direction, into, to, towards, on, Fleximus in laeuum cursus, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 17; Mille pedes in fronte, trecentos cippus in agrum Hic dabat, Hor. s. 1, 8, 12; Britannia spatio ac caelo in orientem Germaniae in occidentem Hispaniae obtenditur, Tac. Agr. 10; supina (sc. manus) in sinistram latus, prona in alterum fertur, Quint. 11, 3, 99; in laeuum, Stat. Th. 2, 218; in dextrum, silu. 2, 6, 65;—more commonly ad in this sense; **22.** esp. of dimensions, murum in altitudinem pedum xvi, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 1; castra amplius milibus passuum octo in latitudinem patebant, 2, 7 f.; but in 2, 5, 6, mss in altitudine; and in 7, 46, 3 mss divided between longitudinem and longitudine; hanc regionem dierum plus triginta (iter) in longitudinem, decem in latitudinem patentem, Liv. 38, 59, 6; emuuito situ in longitudinem vi (assuum), in latitudinem paulo minus, Plin. 6, 139; add 137 and 163; **23.** of sight, Quid nunc supina sursum in caelum conspiciat? Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 78; eis (nom. pl.) consistunt pro aede Castoris in forum uersus, CIL 197, 17; Iuspiciere tanquam in speculum in uitas omnium, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 61; in cuius fortunas non oculos defigit? Cic. Phil. 11, 10; in te unum atque in tuum nomen se tota conuertet ciuitas, rep. 6, 12; Belgae spectant in septentrionem et orientem solcm, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6; agrum nisi qui in uentum faonium spectet..., Varr. r. 1, 24, 1; **24.** with uersus attached, ille supra Maleam in Italiam uersus nauigaturus erat, Serv. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 1; castra mouet in Arnernos uersus, Caes. b. g. 7, 8 f.; in Galliam uersus castra mouere, Sal. Cat. 56, 4; in Palatium u., Vell. 1, 15, 3; in urbem u., Plin. ep. 10, 88 (82) f.; **25.** also of thoughts, in unum iam consilium ut acie dimicaret in-



tentus, Liv. 37, 31, 4; totam curam in belli apparatusum intendit, 37, 36 f.; add Curt. 3, 1, 21 (3, 3); **26.** of power or authority, over, Meum opinor imperium in te, non in me tibi, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 15; Eone es ferox quia habes imperium in beluas? Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 25; ne tamdiu quidem dominus erit in suos, dum... Cic. Rose. Am. 78; uiri in uxores, sicuti in liberos, uitae necisque habent potestatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 3; arbitriumst in sua tela Ioui, Ov. F. 3, 316; quod populus in se ius dederit, eo usurum, Liv. 3, 9, 5; Regum timendorum in proprios greges, Reges in ipsos imperium est Iouis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 5; nullum habere (deum) in praeterita ius praeterquam obliuionis, Plin. 2, 27; **27.** feeling towards, for, against, whether friendly or not, meus animus erit in te liberosque tuos semper quem tu esse uis, Cic. fam. 5, 18 f.; consilio eius animoque in me inimicissimo esse commotum, 5, 2, 9; si ferae partus suos diligunt, qua nos in liberos nostros indulgentia esse debemus? or. 2, 168; quo amore inflammati esse debemus in eiusmodi patriam quae...? 1, 196; **28.** of purpose, for, to, nullam pecuniam Gabinio nisi in rem militarem datam, Cic. Rab. Post. 34; haec ciuitas mulieri (in?) redimiculum praebat, haec in collum, haec in crines, Verr. 2, 3, 76; quum detecta in id sors esset, Liv. 21, 42, 2; qui et somno et cibo in uitam non in uoluptatem uteretur, Vell. 2, 41, 2; add 2, 27, 4; neque in hoc tamen ignibus ullis Aut gladiis opus est, Ov. M. 8, 77; Vrit odoratam nocturna in lumina cedrum, Verg. 7, 13; non hos quaesitum munus in usus, 4, 647; in duas res magnas id usui fore, Liv. 37, 15, 7; Natis in usum laetitiae scyphis, Hor. od. 1, 27, 1; uiris in arma natis, Liv. 9, 9, 11; ut proconsuli creando in Hispaniam comitia haberentur, 26, 18, 4; **29.** of tendency, utrum hercle magis in uentris rem uidebitur, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 14—to the interest (of); add Aul. 2, 1, 10; Ego quae in rem tuam sint ea uelim facias, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 9; add Hec. 1, 2, 27; 2, 2, 7; Liv. 26, 44, 7; 35, 35, 13; and absol. in rem to the purpose, in rem fore credens uniuersos appellare, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; **30.** the tenor or purport of words, sense, effect, in eam sententiam quum multa dixisset, Cic. Att. 2, 22, 2; add fam. 2, 4 f.; 9, 15, 4; in eandem sententiam loquitur Scipio, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 4; add b. g. 1, 45, 1; **31.** of subject-matter of speech or writing, on, upon, either in favour, as: si quid tu in illum bene uoles loqui id loqui licebit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 82; cum cenaret Simonides apud Scopam cecinissetque id carmen quod in eum scripsisset, Cic. or. 2, 352; **32.** or in a neutral sense, illa in legem Caepionis oratio, Cic. Brut. 164; Callimachi epigramma in Ambraciotam Cleombrotum, Tusc. 1, 84; **33.** far more commonly, against, testes erunt, multa in eos dicere licet, Quint. 5, 13, 8; in iudicem ne quid dicatur, stultum erat monero, nisi feret, 4, 1, 11; add 5, 7, 56; 6, 3, 4; 6, 3, 28; 9, 2, 67; **34.** of a resulting form or appearance in abbreviated phrases, dilataque in speciem actione re ipsa sublata, Liv. 3, 9 f.; add 3, 40, 7; 4, 42, 4; Prop. 3, 27 (31), 3; in faciem Nec pingues unam in speciem nascuntur oliuae, Verg. G. 2, 85; add Tac. h. 5, 23 f.; in formam, litteras in eandem formam attulere, an. 15, 24; nis auri non in formam pecuniae sed rudi pondere, 16, 1; in formulam, perinde ac si in hanc formulam omnia iudicia conclusa sint, Cic. Rose. com. 15; in leges, istuc...in leges meas (on my. own terms) Dabo, Pl. As. 1, 3, 81; add Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 45; Liv. 23, 34, 1; 33, 30, 1; 42, 62, 5; in uerba, in the terms, iudicium in ea ipsa uerba quae Naeuius odebant recussasse, Cic. Quint. 63; in haec uerba L. Caecili iures postulo, Liv. 22, 53, 12; iurauit in mea uerba tota Italia, res gest. Aug. 5, 3; add Liv. 30, 43, 9; 31, 9, 9; 38, 38, 1; in numerum, to a measure, in (musical) time, illi inter se magna ui brachia tollunt In numerum, Verg. G. 4, 175; B. 6, 27; **35.** esp. of imitations after, like the Fr. à la, Is homo exornetur Graphice in peregrinum modum, Quasi sit peregrinus, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 38; ciues Romani seruillem in modum cruciati, Cic. Verr. 1, 5, 13; hostilem in modum, 2, 5, 73; uaticinantis in modum, Liv. 5, 15, 4; add 37, 46, 8; superpositum turrim in exemplum Phari, Suet. Claud. 20; in puerilem habitum circumtonsam matronam, Aug. 45; **36.** in with acc., absol. for in modum, so as to look

like, like, quem pellis acuis In plumam squamis auro conserta tegebat, Verg. 11, 771; (cf. in modum plumae, Sal. ap. Serv. l. c.); meus in uenam crispis uel in uertices paruus, Plin. 13, 96; quum uir nubit in feminam, dig. 9, 7, 3, ad l. Iul. de adult.; Iupiter muguit in bouem, Apul. M. 6, 29; asinus...iacens in mortuum, 4, 5; hence Fr. phrases—on prince, en philosophe; **37.** of future time, for, until, to, Alium conuiuiam quacrito tibi in hunc diem, Pl. St. 3, 2, 25; add 4, 1, 12; solis defectiones itemque lunae praedicuntur in multos annos, Cic. diu. 2, 17; ad cenam homiuem inuitauit in posterum diem, off. 3, 58; add agr. 1, 4; hanc disputationem in aduentum differo, fam. 2, 3, 2; in posterum diem distulit, Deiot. 21; in reliquum tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; 3, 16, 4; dixit in noctem, Plin. ep. 4, 10, 14; dormiet in lucem, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 34; ea pars uicit nec in praesens modo sed in uenientem etiam annum M. Fabium L. Valerium consules dedit, Liv. 2, 42, 7; senatum in diem posterum edicunt, 3, 38, 13; **II 38.** with abl. of rest, in, in hisce habitat aedibus, Pl. Trin. pr. 12; Cistellam isti inesse oportet caudeam in isto uidulo, Rud. 4, 4, 89; inagro\* Teurano, CIL 196, 30; quod in eo agro natum erit frumenti, 199, 26; ut puerum infantem in manibus perorantes tenuerimus, Cic. orat. 131; ille erat in tribunali proximus, in cubiculo solus, in conuiuium dominus, Verr. 2, 3, 23; in eo conclauis ei cubandum fuisset, diu. 2, 20; attulit in cauea pullos, 2, 72; cum in hortis ambulauisset, acad. pr. 51 (here the motion is limited to within); **39.** with the name of people, in the country of, quae etiam in Sabinis persequi soleo, Cic. sen. 46; in Persis augurantur et diuinant magi, diu. 1, 90; dum haec in Volscis geruntur, Liv. 2, 31, 1; in Aequis, 5, 28, 5; **40.** for the dat. of towns, but chiefly of ports and foreign towns, Itaque omnis se ultro sectari in Epheso memorat mulieres, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 183; Heri aliquot adulescentuli coimus in Piraeo, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 1; nanis et in Caieta est parata nobis et Brundisii, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; complures (naues) in Hispani (so mss, Nipp. cj. om. in) faciendas curauit, Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 1; in Cyme, 34, 14 f.; illud iusiurandum per caesos in Marathoe ac Salamina, Quint. 12, 10, 24; and 9, 2, 62; but in Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 7 Halm is Crannones; **41.** after a dat. of a town, in with abl. is at times added in appos., as: Albae constituerunt in urbe opportuna munita propinqua, Cic. Phil. 4, 6; Neapoli in celeberrimo oppido, Rab. Post. 26; (in Arch. 4 Antiochiae celebri quondam urbe—without in); **42.** with a similar or other excuse, with urbe oppido etc. added the in is normal, cum ea plaga in Asia sit accepta, in Illyrico, in Cassiano negotio, in ipsa Alexandria, in urbe, in Italia, Cic. Att. 11, 16, 1; in Syene oppido... in Benenice urbe Troglodytarum, Plin. 2, 183; in Solis Ciliciae, 13, 5; mortuus est in Stymphalo Arcadiae oppido, Suet. uit. Ter.; in oppido Citio est mortuus, ps. Nep. Cim. 3, 4; **43.** in omitted at times by poets and in late prose bef. names of countries, Bellum ingens geret Italia, Verg. 1, 263; quos Imbrasus ipse Nutrierat Lycia, 12, 344; **44.** among, in the midst of, as first of persons (cf. § 40), Graeca leguntur in omnibus fere gentibus, Cic. Arch. 23; add diu. 1, 90; Caesaris erat in barbaris nomen obscurius, Caes. b. c. 1, 61, 3; non manus solum, sed uobis etiam...in mutis pro sermone sunt, Quint. 11, 3, 66; **45.** of things, Hoc quoque etiam mihi ille in mandatis dedit, Pl. Amph. pr. 81; postulauit eadem quae legatis in mandatis dederat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 9; Hic rarum tamen in dumis holus albaque circum Lilia uerbenasque patens... Verg. G. 4, 131; Nam modo Partheniis amens errabat in antris, Prop. 1, 1, 11; **46.** hence included among, part of, one among, In his poeta hic nomen proficitur suum, Ter. Eun. pr. 3; T. Roscius Capito qui in decem legatis erat, Cic. Rose. Am. 26; peto ut eum in tuis habeas, fam. 13, 78 f.; maiores natu... in quis fuit M. Scaurus, Sal. Jug. 25, 4; nostri circiter lxx ceciderunt, in his Q. Fulginius, Caes. b. c. 1, 46, 4; **47.** within the range of, in, before, Quin extra inspicere in sole ei (so W. Wagner cj.; mss et or e) uiuo solet, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 29, in the sunshine; cum in sole ambularem, in the sun, Cic. or. 2, 60; istam uirtutem in oculis



clarissimae provinciae atque in auribus omnium gentium esse positam, Q. fr. 1, 1, 9; quae in ore atque in oculis provinciae gestae sunt, Verr. 2, 2, 81; diuitiae decus gloria in oculis sita sunt, Sal. Cat. 20, 14; Iulianus in ore eius (before his face) iugulatur, Tac. h. 3, 77; in ore parentum liberos iugulat, Sen. ben. 7, 19, 7; **48.** with abstr. nouns, to mark the state, in, Quanto in periclost et quanta in pernicie siet, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 29; Quin si hoc celetur, in metu, sin pateat... (so THK ej., mss patefit agst. met. and gr.), Ter. Ph. 5, 4, 6; eum necesse est aut in uoluptate esse aut in dolore, Cic. fin. 1, 38; **49.** esp. of the position or light in which a person or thing is held by people, difficile est dictu quanto in odio simus apud externas nationes, Cic. Man. 65; apud eum sunt in honore et pretio, Rosc. Am. 77; ab ea ciuitate quae tibi nna in amore et in deliciis erat, Verr. 2, 4, 3; si torus in pretio est, Ov. F. 6, 33; add 6, 179; 1, 217; 4, 405; **50.** in respect of, in reference to, of things, in disserendo mali... in disputando nafri, Cic. rep. 3, 26; in iure ciuili princeps, Brut. 151; uexatur ab omnibus in eo libro quem scripsit de uita beata, Tusc. 5, 94; haec sit prima partitio, quod facete dicatur, id alias in re habere, alias in uerbo facietis, or. 2, 248; uirum multiplicem in uirtutibus, Vell. 2, 105, 2; M. Tullium in omnibus quae in quoque laudantur eminentissimum Quint. 12, 10, 12; **51.** in the case of, in reference to, in dealing with, in the person of, of men and animals, Di date... illi in aliis potius peccandi locum, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 6; quod idem in bono seruo dici solet, Cic. or. 2, 248; lapsa est lubido in muliere ignota, dolor ad pauciores pertinet, quam si petulans fuisset in aliqua generosa uirgine, parad. 20; add off. 1, 140; 2, 50; fam. 10, 28, 3; 12, 22, 4; se id quod in Neruis fecisset facturum, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 2; in hominibus impiis sceleris eorum obliiti de poena disserunt, Sal. Cat. 51, 15; misericordes in furibus aeri, 52, 12; ausurum se in tribunis quod princeps familiae suae ausus in regibus esset, Liv. 3, 17, 8; illud neu tibi in me neu mihi in minoribus natu animi sit ut..., 28, 43, 8; add 6, 22, 4; scelus est pietas in coniuge Tereo, Ov. M. 6, 635; nimiumque in paecice saeculae, 4, 547; add tr. 5, 2, 36; am. 1, 7, 34; numquam talibus armis Ante nisi in daminis capreisque fugacibus nsus, M. 1, 442; **52.** hence with vbs. such as uri, ardere, commoueri, in hac commotus sum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 19; quid in hospite regia nirgo Vreris? Ov. M. 7, 21; add Hor. epod. 11, 4; merito deus arsit in illa, Ov. M. 8, 50; **53.** dressed in, wearing, armed with, Horridus in iaculis et pelle Libystitidis ursae, Verg. 5, 37; seruus patibulo adfixus in isdem anulis quos acceptos a Vitellio gestabat, Tac. h. 4, 3; trifida Neptunus in hasta, Val. F. 1, 641; add 5, 463; and perh.: deponere illam personam in qua me saepe illi probaui, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2; cf. am. 93; Rosc. com. 20; **54.** on, Ni hercle defregeritis talos posthac quemque in tegulis Videritis..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 1; ipse coronam habebat unam in capite, alteram in collo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 27; quid legati in equis et tribunis? Pis. 60; ut eum nemo umquam in equo sedentem uiderit, Verr. 2, 5, 27; equitare in arundine longa, Hor. s. 2, 3, 248; qui priorem (porticum) eodem in solo fecerat, res gest. Aug. 4, 4; aedem Libertatis in Auentino, ib. 4, 6; **55.** in equis, of one riding in carriage so drawn, Vectus es in niueis Postume nictor equis, Ov. F. 6, 724; Quattuor in niueis aureus ibis equis, a. a. 1, 214; **56.** over (a river, as a bridge), pons in Ibero prope effectus erat, Caes. b. c. 1, 62, 3; add b. g. 2, 5, 6; ponte sublicio tum primum in Tiberi facto, Liv. 1, 33, 6; add ps. Nep. Milt. 3, 1; **57.** in vessels out of wh. one drinks, and so for ex, Merumque in auro ueteris Assaraci trahunt, Sen. Ag. 936; bibere in ossibus capitum, Flor. 1, 38 (3, 4, 2); humanum sanguinem in ossibus capitum cauis bibentes, Amm. M. 26, 4; **58.** in the place of, in the light of, as, quem Thracius olim Anchisae genitori in magno munere Cisseus Ferre... dederat, Verg. 5, 537; **59.** of time, in, during, in the course of, feci ego istae itidem in adulescentia, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 6; nolo mo in tempore hoc (under present circumstances) uident senex, Ter. Andr. 4, 5 f.; ut pater, Tam in breui spatio omnem do me eiecerit animum patris, Haut. 5, 2, 2; nihil in uita se M. Antoni simile fecisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 213; in hoc interdico non

solet addi in hoc anno, fam. 15, 16, 3; **60.** hence within... after, in such phrases as: in diebus x quibus uobis tabelai datai erunt, faciatis utei dismota sient, CIL 196, 29; in diebus x proxum(eis) quibus h(ance) l(egem) populus plebesne iouserit, facito uti..., 198, 12; add 62 and 68; 200, 77 and 78; Fere in diebus paucis quibus haec acta sunt, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 77; but in Cic. Rosc. Am. 105 such in is omitted; **61.** often with numor. distr. or adv., deiciens in die mutat locum (sc. mustela), Pl. St. 3, 2, 45; bis in die farciat (gallinas), Cato r. 89 (90); quem semel ait in uita risisse, Cic. fin. 5, 92; uix ter in anno audire nuntium possunt, Rosc. Am. 132; add Tusc. 5, 100; has in anno bis tondent, Varr. r. 2, 11, 8; (in om. Verg. B. 2, 42; 3, 34); **III 62.** confusion between acc. and abl. in many phrases, due partly to faint pron. of final m, partly to denoting it by a line above—as verbs of mere putting often take an abl., scopas in asserculo alligato, Cato r. 152 (153); ut se abiceret in herba, Cic. or. 1, 28; anulum in mari abiecerat, fin. 5, 92; auis quae se in mari mergerent, N. D. 2, 124; omnem curam in siderum cognitione posuerunt, diu. 1, 93; apud Patronem te in maxima gratia posui, Att. 5, 11, 3; tabulae testamenti Romam erant allatae ut in aeriario ponerentur, Caes. b. c. 3, 108, 4; **63.** esp. in perf. tenses, non tuus leuis in mala Deditus (held as prisoner to) uir adultera, Catul. 61, 101; Et semel in pugnae studio quod dedita mens est, Lucret. 3, 647; add 4, 815; omnes naues afflictas atque in litore eiectas esse, Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2; **64.** conversely acc. for abl., quei ager poplicus populi Romani in terram Italiam P. Mucio L. Calpurnio (eos.) fuit, CIL 200, 1; inde laterculos facito, coquito in fornacem, Cato r. 39, 2; brassiam in aquam macerare oportet, 156, 5; aeditus templi diui Aug... quod est in Palatium, inser. Or. 2446; Sum uero uere uerbero, nam numero mihi in mentem fuit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 25; Qui tibi nuno istuc in mentem? 2, 2, 34; add Bac. 1, 2, 49; quei eorum (in) ameicitiam populi Romanei... manserunt, CIL 200, 75; ab exteris nationibus quae in ameicitiam populi Romani dicionemque essent, Cic. Caecil. 66 (but sen. 41 mss: in ameicitia); nunquam ambigua fide in ameicitiam (so MP) p. Romani fuerant, Liv. 6, 2, 3; in potestatem in some mss: Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 98; Phil. 3, 8; Liv. 2, 14, 4 and 24, 1, 13; cf. Gell. 1, 7, 16; in custodiaui habitos, Tac. h. 1, 87 (Halm); but in Liv. 22, 25, 6 Madv. has in custodia h.; perh. this m may be a dat. suff. as in interim for interibi, in postquam, in G. dem, Eng. him; **65.** in the old lang. final m of acc. often omitted, as: ex eis terminis recta regione inriuo\* Vendupale. ex riuo Vindupale..., CIL 199, 9; sorticolam unam buxeam ... in manu\* dato, 198, 51; cf. above § 1; **66.** in is at times omitted in a second of two connected clauses, ego in ista sum sententia qua te fuisse scio, Cic. leg. 3, 33; in eadem causa sunt qua ante quam nati, fin. 1, 49; non in plebe coerenda quam senatu castigando uehementior fuit, Liv. 3, 19, 4; **67.** in often a proclitic, as marked \* above; so a single scene of Pl. Truc. 1, 2 has instrumentis, 23; inurbem, 27; inaedibus, 29; inmalam, 43; inhorto and innoctes, 48; inse, 59; **68.** also as enclitic, esp. after rel.; old form en, CIL 195, 5; cf. endo; **IV 69.** in in comp. v. vbs. denotes down, as: inclino bend down, inflecto bend down; **70.** into, in, in eo enter; induco lead in; **71.** against, at, infero carry against; illido dash against; inuolo fly at; imputo score against; **72.** at, over, ingemo groan at; illacrumo weep over; **73.** on, iniungo place on (as a yoke); induo put on; induco draw on or over; impero impose (as a duty); **74.** in audio hear as a secret; **V 75.** in in comp. v. adj. down, ineurus bent down; **76.** in comp. in becomes in bef. m b p; assim. bef. l r; **VI 77.** in or en root-syll. = en, G. ein; hence imus for in-imus, ενι-, εν-επο, εν-ερθεν; and with exr. d or t, inde down; sub- inde up and down; endo, induo of indu-perator, ind of indigeo indigena indiges; ενδον below, within, and (deap.) nouos νερθεν, νεος νεατος, nuo lower; νευ-ω, neath, nether; Lat. inter, G. unter, E. under, Skr. ni down and into; Lith. nu down; Chin. ni vb. descend; **78.** orig. mean. down, which, referred to earth, leads to on if stopped, into if not stopped; cf. Key's Essays, p. 57.



2 **in**, insep. prep. = *ava*, as in vbs., see an.

3 **in**, prefix of part. and adj. [see below] ill (male), informis ill-shaped; i-gnominis (impl. in ignominia), of bad name; inuidis, having the evil eye; 2. negative, first w. adj. insanus = male-sanus, unsound; indoctus, untaught; inutilis, useless; 3. with imperf. part., insciens, not knowing; indicens, not speaking; infans, not speaking; 4. with perf. part., indoctus, untaught; infectus, not done; indictus, not said; 5. = *av* or *a* priv., an or a of like power in Skr., Gael. an (ill, as in an-dan foolhardy, from dan bold; an-diune wicked man, from diune man; intens. as in an-fluachd excessive cold, from fuachd cold; anrachd violent weeping, from rachd tears), G. un (as in un-kraut weed = mala herba; un-wetter bad weather; nn-tiefe of water too deep or too shallow); Dutch on; Norse o; 6. or with a w, as in Du. wan-daad misdeed; wanhoop, and our wan-ton (for wan-towen) ill brought-up, wanhope; cf. malus; and Key's Essays, p. 127.

**in-ardesco**, ěre, arsi, vb. [an prep., up] flare up, blaze up, be lighted up, caerula nubes Solis inardescit radiis, Verg. 8, 623; Nec mnus umervis efficacis Herculis Inarsit aestuosius, Hor. epod. 3, 17; add Plin. 13, 140; 2. met. nunc inardescunt genae; Pallor ruborem pellit, Sen. Herc. Oct. 254; Quint. 11, 3, 2; Tac. an. 6, 38 (32).

**in-aresco**, ěre, arui, vb. [an up, away] dry up, become quite dry, cum tectorium inaruit, Colum. 1, 6, 14; nec patientur ante maturitatem fructum inarescere, 4, 24, 3; add 2, 13, 2; 4, 7, 2; Pall. 11, 22; 12, 7, 4; Cels. 5, 17 f.; Vitruv. 7, 3, 3 and 6; Plin. 26, 66; 28, 163; 31, 61 and 81; Quint. 6, 1, 27; 2. met. ne nimia profusione inarescat (liberalitas), Plin. ep. 2, 4 f.

1 **in-aro**, ěre, vb. [in in, down], plough in, bury by ploughing, utitis si maera sit sarmenta sua concidit et ibidem inarato aut infodito, Cato r. 37, 3; fabalia pro stercore inarare, Varr. r. 1, 23, 3; Colum. 2, 2, 11; 2, 5, 2; Plin. 18, 169.

2 **in-aro**, ěre, vb. [an up, out], to plough up, inarari protinus solum opus est, Plin. 18, 136; si quis ui aut clam agrum inarauerit, Ulp. dig. 43, 23, 9.

**in-audio**, (older ind-audio by cj. of Bothe) ěre, vb. [in or an?] hear as a secret, hear whispered, overhear, Metno ne de hac re quippiam indandiuerit (mss inaud. agst. met.), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 11; Credo ego illum iam inaudisse (mss inandisse) mihi esse thesaurum domi, Aul. 2, 2, 88; but in Mil. 2, 2, 56 read with A (inaudiu BCD): Nam os colunatum poetac esse audiu barbaro; ne ille inaudiat, Afran. 68 R; but in Nov., Pac., and Cic. ad Pans. ap. Non. 12 read the simple vb.; nam Aquini consilia sunt ĩta de me quae te uideo inaudisse, Cic. fam. 9, 24, 1; deinde me obsecras ne obliuiscar uigilare. Numquid de quo inaudisti? Att. 6, 1, 20; re Gadibus inaudita, fore ut huic ab illo periculum crearetur..., Balb. 41.

**in-calesco**, ěre, calui, vb. [an up or of beginning] begin to be hot or warm, quum incalescente sole dispulsa nebula aperuisset diem, Liv. 22, 6, 9; anni tempore iam incalescente, Colum. 2, 4, 1; incalescent uino, Liv. 1, 57, 8; aestas suo tempore incalescit, Sen. n. q. 3, 16, 3; 2. met. Ov. M. 2, 87; Pont. 3, 4, 30; her. 11, 25; Prop. 5 (4), 7, 28.

**in-calfacio**, ěre, vb. [id.], begin to heat or warm, si culmos Titan inalfacit udos, Ov. F. 4, 919; add M. 15, 735.

**in-candesco**, ěre, candui, vb. [an] fire up, begin to be of a white heat, Vt uetus accensis incanduit ignibus ara, Ov. M. 12, 12; nolat illud (lead from a sling) et incandescent cundo, 2, 728; 2. become quite white, alto pulvere incanduit, Plin. pan. 30; 3. met. become quite hot, Verg. G. 3, 479.

**inchoo**, (better incōho\*) ěre, vb. tr., begin (esp. a building with certain religious rites), lay the foundations of, inaugurate, Tum Stygio regi nocturnas inchoat\* (so FM) aras, Verg. 6, 252; wh. Serv.: inchoat\* est uerbum sacro-

rum; Neue inde nauis inchoandae exordium, Enn. tr. 282 V; eandem basilicam... (i)ncohauit\* et si uiuus non perfectissem perfici ab herodib(us) iussi, res gest. Aug. 4, 14; nouum delubrum cum... inchoares, Cic. dom. 132; inchoatam\* (sc. uiam) a diuo Nerna perficiendam curanti, inscr. Or. 783 (B. C. 102); operis inchoandi (sic) cansa, 1798; taurobolium fecerunt...; inchoatum est sacrum in nonas Maias, consummatum est nonis eisdem, 2325; uillam in Nemorensi a fundamentis inchoatam, Suet. Caes. 46; 2. hence inchoatum as sb. n. foundation, schola... ab inchoato extracta, 4088; ab inchoato domos extruunt, Colum. 4, 3, 1;

3. met., Qui exaedificaret suam inchoatam igniam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 95; Hanc inchoatam transigam comediam, Amph. 3, 1, 8; Magna Caecilio inchoata\* (so D) mater (of a poem), Catul. 35, 18; inchoatam\* (mss indotatam) Dindym dominam, 35, 13; expediri quae restant uix poterunt si hoc inchoatum\* reliqueris, Cic. rep. 1, 55; inchoatum\* (imperfect) quiddam et confusum sonantes, 3, 3; quas res nos in consulatu nostro gessimus, attingit hic uersibus atque inchoauit, Arch. 28; add orat. 33; Brnt. 20; fin. 4, 34 (bis); leg. 1, 44; prou. cons. 19; acad. post. 9; off. 3, 10 and 33; diu. 1, 118; Quam sibi mens fieri proponit et inchoat ipsa, Lucr. 3, 183; Te sine nil altum mens inchoat\*, Verg. G. 3, 42; mentio quoque inchoata affinitatis, Liv. 29, 23, 3; Vitae summa breuis spem nos uetat inchoare (inchoare\* F, inchoare T), Hor. od. 1, 4, 15; dies status inchoandae (uindemiae), Plin. 11, 35; reges (sc. apium) plures inchoantur ne des(int), 11, 51; serenus dies inluculascit lumine inchoato\*, Front. ad Ant. p. 103, Nabor; 4. vb. intr., chiefly in part., inchoante Martio, Pall. 3, 25, 20; mense inchoante, 33; inchoantibus canicularibus diebus, 8, 7; moris est ut munus huiusmodi a proficiscentibus inchoet, Symm. ep. 7, 75; 5. with infin., Lucan. 10, 174; Pall. 13, 2; 6. inchoare\* (ueteres nostri) dixerunt, Gell. 2, 3, 3; maiores dicebant inchoo\*, Serv. ad G. 3, 223; inchoo: sic dicendum putat Iulius Modestus quia sit compositum a chao initio rerum; sed Verrius [et] Flaccus in postrema\* syllaba adspirandum probauerunt, cohū enim apud ueteres mundum significat, Diom. 365, 16 K; inchoo\*: quidam prantant inchoo debere dici, imperitissime, nam..., Prob. 38, 27 K.

1 **in-cido**, (ceido) ěre, cidi, cisis, vb. [caedo], cut into, cut in, cut, utei hocce in tabulam ahenam incideretis, CIL 196, 27; quae ille in aes incidit, Cic. Phil. 1, 16; nt esset quod in basi tropaeorum incidi posset, Pis. 92; id in aere incisum nobis tradiderunt, Verr. 2, 4, 145; tabulam in qua nomina ciuitate datorum incisa essent, fam. 13, 36, 1; add Mil. 87; non trabibus aut saxis nomen tuum sed monumentis aeternae laudis inciditur, Plin. pan. 54 f.; tenerisque meos incidere amores Arboribus, Verg. B. 10, 53; Verbaque correctis incidere talia ceris, Ov. M. 9, 529; ferroque incidit acuto Perpetuos dentes, 8, 245; scalpello circa uulnus incidere, Cels. 5, 27, 3; nena sub ala (columbae) inciditur, Plin. 29, 126; 2. esp. of the surgeon, incidere corpora mortuorum, Cels. pr. p. 4, 35 Dar.; uiuorum hominum alium atque praecordia incidi, p. 7, 17; incidere uiuorum corpora, p. 12, 35; inciditur interdum inguen, interdum scrotum, 7, 19, p. 298, 4.

2 **in-cido**, ěre, cidi, cisis, vb. [an = *ava*, off, through, caedo], cut off, cut away, cut, Mopse nouas incide faces, tibi ducitur uxor, Verg. B. 8, 29; si reatum limitem rapti torrentibus pontes incidierint, circumire cogemur, Quint. 2, 14, 16; 2. esp. cut off the seal of a deed, and so cancel it, cum mutata uoluntate incidierit testamentum suum, Marc. dig. 28, 4, 3; si cancellauerit testamentum suum uel incidierit, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 15, 1; add 29, 1, 20, 1; 37, 11, 1, 10; 3. cut through, cut, scalarum gradus si alios tollas, alios incidas, nonnullos male haerentes relinquant, ruinae periculum struas, nou ascensum pares, Caec. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 3; linum (sc. tabellarum) incidimus, legimus, Cat. 3, 10; si quis tabulas quidem non aperuit naturaliter, linum autem incidierit..., Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 3, 23; tacitique incidere funem (mooring rope), Verg. 3, 668; 4. with acc. of what is left, prune, clip, utitis incidere falce, Verg. B. 3, 11; and met., illi qui mihi pennas incidierant, nolunt easdem



renasci, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 5; 5. met. ent short, stop, poema ad Caesarem quod institueram incidi, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 11; Nec lusisse pudet sed non incidere ludum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 36; nouas incidere lites, Verg. B. 9, 14; inciditur omnis deliberatio si intellegitur non posse fieri, Cic. or. 2, 336; breuis interrogatio sermonem incidit, Liv. 32, 37, 5; non omnia dixit Inciditur pudor quae prope dixit amor, Albin. 3, 7; Si quis forte deus tantos incidit actus, Sil. 3, 78; Tandem haec singultu uerba incidente profatur, Stat. Th. 9, 884; ipsam quam premimus horam casus incidit, Sen. ep. 101, 5; 6. esp. w. spem, spe incisa Appius mortem sibi conseruit, Liv. 3, 58, 6; si spei honoris latoribus earum (rogationum) incidant, 6, 39, 10; add 35, 31, 7; 44, 13, 3; 7. and neruos, hamstring, paralyse, qui neruos uirtutis incidit, Cic. acad. post. 35; legionum nostrarum neruos nonne his consiliis incidemus? Phil. 12, 8; add agr. 2, 47; in C. Anton. p. 944, 39 Bait.; 8. close a sentence with a full stop, in omnibus numeris aequaliter particulas deceat incidere an... Cic. orat. 205; add 226; 9. hence incisum as sb. n. a short sentence = κομμη, invented by Cic., nescio cur cum Graeci κομμηα et κωλα nomen, nos non recte incisa et membra dicamus, Cic. or. 211; add 223; Quint. 9, 4, §§ 22, 32, 44, 122; 10. adv. incise, iucisim, in a short, abrupt phrase, o Marce Druse, patrem appello: duo haec binis pedibus incisim, Cic. orat. 213; quae incisim efferuntur, ea nel aptissime cadere debent, nt est apud me: Domus tibi deerat? At habebas. Pecunia superabat? At egebas. Haec incise dicta sunt quattuor, 223; add 225.

1 **inclinis**, e, adj. [in down, a lost vb. clino, ēre, = κλινω], bent down, sonat omni unlnere nertex Inclinis, Val. F. 4, 308; inclinis atque humilis, Minuc. Oct. 3 f.

2 **in-clinis**, e, adj. [in neg.], unbending, Manil. 1, 596.

**in-clino**, āre [in down], vb. trans. intr. \* r., bend down, lay down, sink, Nam iam inclinabo me cum liberta tna (perh. ad epulas), Pl. Pers. 5, 8, 7; inclinātūr enim retroque recellit (terra), Lucr. 6, 573; Sic super Actaeas agilis Cyllenius arces Inclinat cursus, Ov. M. 2, 720; Parsque boum fulnis genua inclinārāt ārenis, 11, 355; At mihi non oculos quisquam inclinauit (closed) euntes, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 25; inclinatio ad dextrum capite, Quint. 11, 3, 119; add 69; and Mart. 1, 76, 8; ut se (psoadici) nec inclinare ualeant ac dolentius subrigant, Cacl. Aur. t. 5, 1, 6; 2. stupri causa, maritos, Iuv. 9, 26; discipulos, 10, 224; 3. of the sun going down, inclinatio iam in postmeridianum tempus die, Cic. Tusc. 3, 7; prius sol meridie se inclinauit quam... Liv. 9, 32, 6; Inclinare meridiem Sentis, Hor. od. 3, 28, 5; Sed inmenta uocant et sol inclināt\*, Iuv. 3, 316; 4. met. bend down, sink lower, go down, change for the worse, nt me paulum inclinari timore uiderunt, Cic. Att. 3, 13, 2; tam impronidum qui ab excitata fortuna ad inclinatum et prope incientem desciscerem, fam. 2, 16, 1; tam paucis diebus magna erat rerum facta commutatio ac se fortuna inclinauerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 52, 3; si fortuna belli inclināt\*, Liv. 3, 61, 4; inclinatis rebus, 3, 16, 5; add 8, 35, 2; 9, 12, 3; 42, 59, 4; in te omnis domus inclinata recumbit, Verg. 12, 58; qua aestate Caesar tam prospere finit in Sicilia bellum, fortuna inclinauit\* ad orientem, Vell. 2, 82, 1; add 2, 52, 4; inclinatis iam moribus, Plin. 35, 162; initia magistratum meliora ferme et finis inclināt\*, Tac. an. 15, 21; is primus inclinasse eloquentiam dicitur, Quint. 10, 1, 80; inclinata rerum, Sil. 6, 119; 5. esp. of disease, approach its end by cure, take a decided turn for good, quoadam remedia inerescentibus morbis, plura inclinatis, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 30 Dar.; add p. 76, 6; si febris sese inclinatur, 3, 4, p. 79, 30; inclinatio morbo, Plin. 23, 82; 6. in mil. lang. give way, ut Hostius cecidit, confestim Romana inclinatur acies fusaque est, Liv. 1, 12, 3; tum demum impulsi Latini perennisque inclinauit\* acies, 2, 20, 11; ut aliquandiu in neutram partem inclinarent\* acies, 7, 33, 7; tum primam inclinari rem in fngam apparuit, 15; add 34, 28, 11; 7. gen. bend, swerve, turn, turn aside, inclinare\* necesses Corpora, Lucr. 2, 243; inclinari ad iudicem, Quint. 11, 3, 132; quum omnem culpam in collegam inclinaret, Liv. 5, 8, 12; 8. of the mind, incline to or towards, be favourably dis-

posed to, si so dant et sua sponte quo impellimus inclinant atque propendent..., Cic. or. 2, 187; quam nellem to ad Stoicos inclinauisses, fin. 3, 10; cum sententia senatus inclinaret\* ad pacem, sen. 16; ita dubii quoque inclināt\* ad nomina danda, Liv. 4, 26, 12; inclinauit\* sententia ut in Thessaliam agmen demitteret (not demittere, as Foro.); add 7, 9, 5\*; 27, 46, 7; pluribus hisce (sc. bonis)...inclinēt\*, Hor. s. 1, 3, 71; in stirpem regiam inclinauere\* studiis, Curt. 10, 7, 12 (23); 9. in gram. decline, partim hoc in loco aduerbium est neque in casus inclinatur, Gell. 10, 13, 1; 10. or be derived, a uocabulis non a nerbo inclinata sunt, 3, 12, 3; add 4, 9, 12; 18, 5, 9; 11. note constr. with ad, with in, w. a dat. in Hor., w. ut and subj.

**in-concilio**, āre, vb. [in = an of reversal] unfelt so to say, tear up what has been made by felting—hence met. make oakum of, tear to rags, accuratum habuit quod posset mali Faceret in me, inconciliaret copias omnis meas, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 22; Inconciliastin eum qui mandatus tibi? Trin. 1, 2, 99; Ne inconciliare quid nos porro postules, Most. 3, 1, 85; non inconciliat quom te emo (my purchase of you), Pers. 5, 2, 53; inconciliantibus Bessi sociis, itin. Alex. M. 82 Mai.

**in-cresco**, ēre, crēui, vb. [in = an, up] grow up, maxime eo (sc. cibo) eget qui increscit, Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, 34; ne cum increuerint (arbores), obumbrent, Colum. 2, 21 f.; fibris increuit opimum Pingue, Pers. 3, 22; 2. met. grow up, increase, Tum magis inerescent animis discordibus irae, Verg. 9, 688; inerescentis audaciae, Liv. 1, 33, 8; uidentumst morbus an inerescat an consistat an minuatur, and soon: inerescentibus morbis, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 29; iam secunda respiratio inerescat oportet, Quint. 11, 3, 49; uno gradu inerescent, 8, 4, 4; Durataeque cuti squamas inerescere sentit, Ov. M. 4, 577; maestamque genis inerescere barbam, Lucan. 2, 376; quam sententiam inerescere et inualescere uidemus, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12; but in Ov. tr. 1, 4, 5 Merkel has nigrescunt; in Plin. 28, 163 ms β has inhaerescunt.

**in-curuatio**, ōnis, f. [incuruo] bending down, materiae, Plin. 17, 207.

**in-curuesco**, ēre, vb. intr. [incuruus] bend down, Rami bacarum ubertate incuruescere, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; or. 3, 154; Non. 122.

**in-curui-cerui-cus**, adj. with neck bent down, pecus, Pac. 408 R, condemned by Quint. 1, 5, 67 and 70.

**in-curuo**, āre, vb. trans. [incuruus] bend down, bow down, Hylan, Mart. 11, 43, 5; 2. met., non est magnus animus quem incuruat incertia, Sen. ira 3, 5, 8; quem pauptas non...incuruat, ep. 82, 11; qui me uolet incuruasse querella, Pers. 1, 91; 3. gen. bend, bacillum aliud est inflexum et incuruatum de industria, aliud ita natum, Cic. fin. 2, 33; gurgite remos, Catul. 64, 183; dolore membra, Ov. M. 6, 245; uiribus arcus, Verg. 5, 500; add Plin. 16, 222.

**in-curuus**, adj. bend down, stooping, convex, accurrit ad me...Incuruus tremulus labiis demissis gemens, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 44; statua senilis incurua, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 87; mapalia, oblonga incuruis lateribus tecta quasi nanim carinae sunt, Sal. Iug. 18, 5; longae esse uitae incuruos humeris, Plin. 11, 274; incuruo iugo, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 2; 2. gen. bent, curved, litus, Lucr. 2, 376; aratrum, Verg. G. 1, 494; carina, Ov. 14, 534; agger, 15, 690; falx, am. 1, 15, 12; si de iumentis quadrupedis incuruo gradū rursum erectus in hominem resurgerem, Apul. M. 4, 1 f.; duratur nasus incuruus, coguntur unguines adunci, fit bubo Pamphile, 3, 21 f.; repentes incurui, Amm. 21, 11, 23.

1 **indē**, pron. adv. not demonstr. (except in § 8) [prob. for indus as a gen. of in, root of is, ea, id, with exer. d—cf. ipse from ipsus for form, int-ns, from within, for sense of suff.] = ab or ex eo, ea, eis, from this or that—; of place, from this (that) place, hence, thence, ref. to a noun, or rel., Ille in balineas iturust: inde huc ueniet postea, Pl. As. 2, 2, 90; eo die mansi Calibus: inde has litteras dedi, Cic. Att. 7, 21, 1; si siue maximo detrimento legio sese



recepisset inde quo temere erat progressa, Caes. b. c. 3, 45 f.; Palaepolis fuit haud procul inde ubi nunc Neapolis sita est, Liv. 8, 22, 5; **2.** referring to things, from or of this, Cadus erat uini: inde inpleui hirneam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 273; Vtinam ne...Caesa accedisset abiecta ad terram trabes, Neve inde (= ex ea trabe) nauis inchoandae exordium cepisset, Enn. tr. 282 V; in urbe luxuries creatur, ex luxuria existat auaritia necesse est, ex auaritia erumpat audacia, inde omnia scelera gignuntur, Cic. Rose. Am. 75; omnis te exempli documenta...intueri: inde tibi...quod imitere capias, Liv. pr. 10; licet delere omne Latium, uastas inde solitudines facere unde egregio exercitu saepe usi estis—of a country from which, 8, 13, 15; add Verg. 3, 663; Ov. F. 3, 274; a lauando lotus et inde rursus illotus, Quint. 1, 14, 13; **3.** referring to persons, T. quo sequar te? C. Ad tarpessit meum, Ad praetorem: nam inde (ab eo, with money got from him) rem soluo omnibus quibus dehibeo, Pl. Curc. 5, 3, 45; quod inde (sc. a plebe) oriundus erat, plebi carum, Liv. 3, 32, 8; **4.** esp. as a partitive gen., of persons or things, nati (fratri) filii Duo; inde (of these) ego hunc maiorem adoptaui mihi, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 22; Duos consanguineos arietes inde (sc. ex pecore lanigero) eligi, Att. Pr. 21 R, p. 284, ed. 2; quantum eaegit tibi impetus ingens, Inde aliquam partem moues silinaeque ferarum Possedere, Lucr. 5, 201; humani corporis sanguinem...circumtulisse; inde... quum degustauissent, Sal. Cat. 22, 1; LX milia militum fuisse in exercitu, quadraginta inde milia cecidisse, Liv. 36, 19, 12; Stant calices: minor inde fabas, holus alter habebat, Ov. F. 5, 509; quo iam tot pignora nobis? Parte satis potui quilibet inde (sc. pignorum) capi, her. 2, 54; Et nihil inde (sc. apri) datum est; tantum spectauimus omnes, Mart. 1, 43, 11; **5.** chiefly in later writers, hence (=from this cause), originating in this, incredibile est quanto desiderio tui tenear; inde est quod..., inde quod..., Plin. ep. 7, 5, 1; testis ipse es quae in omnium ore laetitia. Inde resultantia uocibus tecta, pan. 73, 1; seruos ibi perdidit omnes Et pecus et fructus; non amat inde locum, Mart. 1, 85, 6; Inde coctam (sc. cenam) sursum subducemus corbulis, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 4; Indequae exspectabam ubi aurum abstrudebat senex, 4, 8, 7; humiles, Quint. 2, 4, 8; inde uidentes luminiores, 11, 1, 17; but in Cic. N. D. 2, 61 uidens...uides; in Mur. 26 inde ibi, with legal surplusage; in Liv. 1, 1, 6 inde means: from this point; in Ov. M. 2, 152 inde means then; **6.** in agreement with a gen., Aperi, deprome inde auri (of this gold) ad hanc rem quod sat est, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 74; Set nihilne huc attulstis inde auri domum? Bac. 2, 3, 81; **7.** =ab ea parte, on this side, quum ea loca opposita Etruriae et uelut claustra inde portaeque essent, Liv. 6, 9, 4; comparant inter se ut, ab utraque parte cedere Romanus exercitus coepisset, inde so consula deuoceret, 8, 6, 12; Qua stetit inde fauet, Lucan. 4, 708; prouocare quae inde (sc. ab aduersariis) fortia, non arguentis est, Quint. 6, 1, 6; add 7, 1, 6; **8.** in later writers for hinc, in the forms: hinc... inde..., inde...hinc\*..., from (or on) this side..., from (or on) this side..., Gemit hinc palumbus, inde cereus turtur, Mart. 3, 58, 19; Inde\* salutatibus piccae respondet arator, Hinc prope summa rapax milluus ad astra uolat, 9, 54, 9; hinc militum, inde locorum asperitas, Tac. an. 2, 80; add 6, 34; 15, 11, 29 and 42; 12, 28; h. 1, 84; 2, 70; ne inde\* odiuin, hinc contemptus oriator, Quint. 2, 2, 5; 5, 7, 32\*; 5, 13, 2\*; **9.** hinc et (atque) inde, =hinc et illinc, from (or on) this side and that side, from (on) all sides, from both sides, Quidquid ponitur hinc et inde ueris, Mart. 2, 37, 1; add 1, 117, 11; alacrem hinc atque inde populum, Plin. pan. 22; add Suet. Caes. 39; Aug. 96; **10.** or without et, longum est omnia quae tunc hinc inde iacta sunt recensere, Plin. 9, 13, 8; add Tac. h. 4, 62; Suet. Ner. 49; **11.** inde..., inde..., inde sagittae, Inde faces et saxa uolant, Lucan. 7, 511; add 2, 230; **12.** of time, from this (that) time, from that point, henceforward, thenceforward, haec inter nos nuper notitia admodumst, Inde adeo quod agrum in proximo hic mercatus es, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 2; suo iam inde uiuere ingenio coepit, Liv. 3, 36, 1; quoad longissime potest mens mea respicere spatium praeteriti temporis, inde usque repetens hinc uideo..., Cic. Arch. 1; duplex inde fama est, Liv. 1, 1, 6; **13.** esp. in the successive order

of events, then, next, his expugnatis eodem impetu altera sunt adorti, inde tertia et quarta et deinceps reliqua, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 7; Agrippa inde, Tiberini filius; post Agrippam Romulus Siluius, Liv. 1, 3, 9; primo stupor omnes defixit, silentium inde aliquamdiu tenuit, 3, 47, 6; but hero as in next, inde may refer to the cause, see § 5; quum prae indignitate rerum stupor silentiumque inde ceteros patrum defixisset, 6, 40, 1; add 22, 4, 2; **14.** in this sense strengthened by loci, Constitit inde loci propter sos dia deaurum, Enn. an. 22 V; add 522, and s. 3; inde loci mortalia saecula creauit, Lucr. 5, 791; add Cic. Arat. 327 (573); **15.** in Pl. and Ter. inde is often monos. prob. =in, cf. deinde dein, exinde exin etc., utrinde utrinque, and hinc istin, illin de hinc etc. implying an older hinde etc.; cf. also unde, and Fr. en =inde, Siquis quaeret inde uocatote aliqui aut iam egomet hic ero, St. 1, 2, 10; Indequae exspectabam ubi aurum abstrudebat senex, Aul. 4, 8, 7; S. Inde ferriterium postea—. (T. pol per tua te genua obscuro, Most. 3, 2, 57; add Poen. pr. 2; Aul. 2, 7, 4; Amph. 1, 1, 4; Capt. 1, 2, 19; but in Poen. 4, 2, 80 read with Gepp. inde surptus; Inde sumam: uxori tibi opus esse dixero, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 76; see

**2 indē**, adv. [in prep. down; cf. subinde] down, only in the form indo ab—, Qui homo cum animo inde ab ineunte aetate depugnat suo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24; Inde a principio iam impudens epistulast, Bac. 4, 9, 78; add 5, 3, 1; Merc. 3, 1, 23; Ps. 4, 2, 14; Cas. pr. 4; Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 9; an iam inde ab ortu congregatae sint, Cic. N. D. 2, 124; iam inde ab incunabulis, Liv. 4, 36, 5; 1, 2, 3; 6, 40, 3.

**indiciua**, (or -ina) adj., f. as sb. (sc. pecunia, so Haupt) [indico] informer's money or evidence, indignum facinus, puer ad supplicium indicina patris quaeritur, M. Sen. contr. 9, 28, 4, p. 276, 20 Burs.; miseremini indices, grauis indicina (so Haupt, ms indici uua), ib. 19, 26, 1, p. 261, 16; accepturus indicinae (ms Flor. indiciuē) nomie ab ipsa Venere septem saua suaunia, Apul. M. 6, 8; ob indicinae praemium, 7, 25; mortuum ostendit, C. Iul. Vict. gramm. 390, 8 Halm; indicina *μηντρον*, Gloss. Lab. p. 90<sup>d</sup>; indicina (al. indicina) *μηντρον*, exc. ex Char. 553, 22 Keil.

**in-do**, ðre, dīdi, dītus, vb. put in, quasi in aquam indideris salem, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 92; di me atque te Infelicit si ego in os meum uini gutt(ul)an indidi, Cas. 2, 3, 31; eam mediam pertundito uti columellam indere possis; eo fistulam ferream indito, Cato r. 21, 1; add 4; uinclo fasciae in modum laquei restricto indidit ceruicem, Tac. an. 15, 57; (uenenum) potioni inditum, Curt. 10, 10, 17 (31); ntrumque extrinsecus illi (sc. operi suo) circumfusum sit deus, an toti inditus, Sen. ot. 4, 2; ferrum inditum Visceribus, Troad. 593; Catonis uerba hinc commentario indidisset si..., Gell. 1, 23, 2; **2.** put on, inde ignem in aram, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 1; Et qui fugitiuis seruis indunt compedes, Men. 1, 1, 3; oreas mihi inde, Cato orig. 16, 6 Iord.; in te(r)ra calcis restricta partem quartam indito, CIL 577, 2, 20; si in os digitum quis indidit, Cels. 5, 27, 3, p. 202, 10 Dar.; uinculis inditus, Tac. an. 11, 1 f.; **3.** esp. a name, give, Sescentoplago nomen indetur tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 68; Iuuentus nomen indidit Scorto mihi, 1, 1, 1; add St. 1, 3, 20; Trin. pr. 8; Capt. 5, 3, 7; Meu. 2, 1, 38; Andromachae nomen qui indidit recte uididit, Enn. tr. 100 V; **4.** in favour with Tac. as for incio, pontibus inditus, an. 12, 57; immane quantum suis paucis et hostibus alacritatem indidit, h. 4, 34 f.; for impono, inditi custodes, an. 3, 28; Moyses nouos ritus indidit, h. 5, 4.

**indū**, old prep. [in with excr. d, and perh. comp. suff., for ind-us = *ενδον*] in, consilio indū fōro lato sanctoque senatu, Enn. an. 243 V; Indū māri maguo fluctus extollere certant, 425; Iactare indu foro se omnes, decedere nusquam, Lucil. ap. Lact. 5, 9; cf. induuolo, induperator, aud endo.

**indū-uōlo**, āre, vb. fly at, tamen induuolans secum abstulit hasta Insigne, Eun. an. 397 V.



**in-euscēmē**, adv. [= *av-ευσχημως*] ungracefully, Haut inenoseme (so mss BC) astiterunt, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 24.

**in-fāmīs**, e, adj. [in=malus, fāma] spoken ill of, of bad character, Nolo ego mihi te tam prospicere qui meam egestatem leues, Set ut inops infamis ne sim, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 63; non...ea causa magis Patiar Clitipho flagitiis tuis me infamem fieri, Tor. Haut. 5, 4, 14; turpi adolescentia, uita infami, Cic. Font. 34 (24); multas familias in perpetuum infames tuis stupris fecisti, Verr. 2, 4, 20; omnidecore infames, Clu. 130; 2. met. tabella, Cic. in Caecil. 24; alae, Ov. M. 7, 269; r. am. 254; scopuli, Hor. od. 1, 3, 20; infamem annum pestilentia, Liv. 8, 18, 2; infames frigoribus Alpes, 21, 31, 8; mensa, Hor. s. 2, 2, 48; digitus, Pers. 2, 33; domus, Plin. ep. 7, 27, 5; infamissima utilitas, Th. C. 10, 31, 34.

**infērus**, (infēr, Cato\*) adj. comp. [for *ἐνέφ-ἔρος* implying an adj. *ἐνέφος*, wh. decap. = *νεFos* low=novus, from en, in down; cf. *infula* for *enefula* and Key's Essays, p. 65] lower, below, Limen superumque inferumque salne, Pl. Merc. 5, 1, 1; Inferum autem (limen) ubi ego omnino omnis digitos defregi meos, Nov. 50 R; Sin autem deorsum comedent si quid coxerit, Superi incenati erunt (mss sunt; see W. Wagner) et cenati inferi—at the bottom of the well—, Pl. Anl. 2, 7, 6; ubi super inferque vicinus permittet, Cato r. 149, 1\*; Interea sol albus recessit in infera noctis, Enn. an. 92 V; ut omnia supra infera uideremus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 64; obit infera Persens in loca, Arat. 465 (714); uel infero mari liceret uti, Att. 9, 3, 1; quod alii Tyrrenum e nostris plurimi inferum uocant, Plin. 3, 75; infera fulmina, 2, 138;

2. esp. of the lower or infernal regions, including the dead\*, Acherusia templa alta Orci salute infera, Enn. tr. 107 V; deis inferum\* (=inferorum) parentum sacrum, CIL 1241; 3. di inferi, Ita me (sc. iuuent) di deaque, superi atque inferi et medioxmi, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 36; ad superos uideatur deos potius quam ad inferos peruenisse, Cic. am. 12; 4. absol. those below in the infernal regions, including the dead, Eho tu, di quibus est potestas motus snperum atque inferum..., Enn. tr. 163 V; add 218; triceps apud inferos Cerberus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; inferorum\* animos elicere, Vat. 14; in tantum aes alienum incidendum ut si salui esse uelint, Sulla sit his ab inferis excitandus, Cat. 2, 20; add orat. 85; Brut. 322; Phil. 14, 32; si ab inferis existat rex Hiero, Liv. 26, 32, 3; Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 323 Sp.; II 5. inferior doub. comp., lower, Etiamne opturat inferiorem guttorem? Pl. Anl. 2, 4, 25; Q. Catulum ex inferiore loco iusserat dicere, Vettium in rostra produxit, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 3; add inu. 2, 117; qui simul ex inferiore loco ad tribunal accessit, Liv. 8, 32, 2; hostes ex inferiore loco subeuntes, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 1; add 7, 35, 4;

6. of time, lower, later, latter, quod erant inferiores hi motus quam illorum actas qui loquebantur, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 5, 2; acetate inferiores quam Iulius, Brut. 182; add 228; quom intercalatur, inferiores quinque dies duodecimo demuntur mense, Varr. l. 6, 3 p. 195 Sp.;

7. in quality, number etc., lower, inferior, dignitate, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 6; in iure civili, Brut. 179; numero nauium, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; non inferiora secutus, Verg. 6, 170; III 8. sup. inf-imus (so mss of Pl.), infimus, summates uiri Summi aducent, ego infimatis infimus, Pl. St. 3, 2, 37, at the bottom of the table; omnia supra esse meliora, terram autem esse infimam, Cic. N. D. 2, 17; quum scripsissem haec infima, Q. fr. 3, 1, 19;

9. in agreem. w. nonn, bottom of, inf-imus, lowest, last, Adhaesit homini ad infimum uentrem fames, Pl. St. 1, 3, 82; In foro infimo, Cure. 4, 1, 14; ab infimo at the bottom, Most. 3, 2, 140; in dolium infimum, Cato r. 110 (111); ab rino infimo, CIL 199, 6; deorsum usquo ad riuom infumum, 199, 10; in montem infumo (acc.), 14 and 20; ab infima ara, Cic. diu. 1, 72; collis infimus, Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 2; ad infimum, 7, 73, 5; 10. in quality etc., Me qui liber fueram seruum fecit, e summo infimum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 35; e summo regno ut famul infimus (Lips. cj.; mss optimus), Enn. an. 317 V; homines, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 36;

infimam faecem populi, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; aduersus infimos iustitiam esse seruandam; est autem infima condicio seruorum, off. 1, 41; ad Her. 4, 14; infimis precibus, most degrading, Liv. 8, 2, 9; 11. comp. adv. inferius, lower, Altius egressus caelestia tecta cremabis, Inferius terras, Ov. M. 2, 137; add 2, 208; 12, 420; uirtutem non flamma, non ruina inferius adducet, Sen. ep. 79, 10; 12. infime, adv. Prisc. 2, 80, 9.

**infāt**, vb. def. [in=an of beginning, facit; cf. *fi*=facio] begin to do, begin (archaic), percontarier, Pl. As. 2, 2, 76; postulare, Aul. 2, 4, 39; dicere, Bac. 2, 3, 31; praedicare, Merc. 2, 1, 25; laudare..., suadere, Rud. pr. 51; commutare, Lucr. 3, 515; erigere, 5, 1208; farier, Verg. 11, 242; obiurgare, Apul. mag. 77; 2. absol. begin to speak, begin, Infat o ciues quae me fortuna ferocem Contudit? Enn. an. 386 V; Isque his Aenean solatus uocibus infat, Verg. 5, 708; add 10, 101 and 860; but in Ov. M. 4, 476 inquit; ibi infat Albanus, Liv. 1, 23, 7; 3. with obl. or., ibi infat annum se tertium et octogesimum agere, Liv. 3, 71, 6; note in Livy alone of prose writers; 4. absol. begin to act, Imperat anteuident perpendit praecaut infat, Prud. ap. 805; 5. vb. intr. begin, Nunc ergo mythus terminatus; infunt Artes, Mart. C. 2, 220 Elyss.; 6. besides infat and infunt, infio occurs in Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 420, 16 K and 1, 450, 16; infio=αἰσῆται, Gloss. Philox.

**infitiā-ils**, (infic.) e, adj. [infittias], of a denial, quaestio, Cic. top. 92; status, Quint. 3, 6, 15, and 32—when defendant pleads: non feci.

**infitiās**, (infic.) f. acc. pl. [see below], denial, only in form: infittias eo, have recourse to a denial, esp. in legal lang., put in a plea of non feci (see infittior), si debes cedo Fides seruandast, ne ire infittias (so mss) postules, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 29; add Ps. 4, 6, 24; Men. 2, 3, 45; Mil. 2, 2, 33; Cure. 4, 2, 3; Truc. 4, 3, 18; Cist. 4, 1, 2; Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 41 and 49; 2. w. acc. or acc. and inf., quorum alterum neque nego neque infittias eo, nos enixe operam dedisse ut..., neither deny nor put in a plea of not guilty to the charge that..., Liv. 6, 40, 4; neque infittias eo quasdam esse materias..., Quint. 3, 7, 3; add 4, 2, 67; 3. with quin and subj., nec eo infittias quin ea non sint proprie horum fontium, Frontin. aq. 72, p. 27, 24 Büch.;

4. ad infittias ire, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 44, 4 (so Momms., al. ad infittiationem or -es); 5. as to the e or t, cod. reg. in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 104 has infittandi; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 33 ABD have infittias; 6. if t be right, from in neg. and fateor; if e, perh. from in neg. and feci.

**infitiātio**, ōnis, f. [infittior], denial, esp. plea of denial, causae plerumque infittiatione defenduntur, Cic. or. 2, 105; Quint. 3, 6, 32; nuda i., a bare unqualified denial, 4, 13, 7; infittiatione duplici, factumne et an hoc factum esset, 8 pr. 9; add 8, 5, 5; add Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 1, 4; 2. esp. a denial of a deposit or debt, furta fraudes infittiationes, Sen. ira 2, 9, 4.

**infitiātor**, ōris, m. one who denies, esp. a deposit or debt, Cic. or. 1, 168; add Cat. 2, 21; Mart. 1, 103, 11; Sen. ben. 3, 17, 4; Quint. 7, 2, 50.

**infitiātrix**, icis, f. a female denier, fidei fraus i., Prud. Ps. 630.

**infittior**, āri, vb. r. [infittias], deny, Tn qui quae facta infittiare, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 147; Numquam istam imminnam curam infittiano tibi, Att. 234 R; cum id posset infittiare, repente confessus est, Cic. Cat. 3, 11; add Verr. 2, 4, 104; Mart. 5, 30, 1; 2. esp. in law, deny a charge, deposit or other debt, de sicariis de ueneficiis de peculatis infittiare necesse est, Cic. or. 2, 105; add part. or. 102; Q. fr. 1, 2, 10; Quint. 3, 6, 32; si legatum per damnationem relictum heres infittietur, in duplum enim eo agitur, Gai. 2, 282; add 3, 215; 4, 9; Paul. dig. 12, 2, 30.

1 **in-flō**, āre, vb. [in=an up], raise by blowing, puff up, blow out, iam infla buccas, Pl. St. 5, 6, 7; serpens inflato collo, Cic. Vat. 4; quin illis Iuppiter ambas Iratus buccas inflat? Hor. s. 1, 1, 20; faba abstinere quasi eo cibo mens, non uenter inflatur, Cic. diu. 2, 119; inflautes corpora...fabas, Ov.



med. f. 70; infant omnia fere legumina, Cels. 2, 26; animalia ex hao passioe subito inflata moriuntur, Veg. uet. 5, 22, 2; tumidoque inflatur earbasus austro, Verg. 3, 357; Vela secundis inflata notis, Sen. Ag. 90; 2. met., Crescentem tumidis infla sermonibus utrem, Hor. s. 2, 5, 98; quum tibi spe falsa animos rumor inflasset, Cic. Pis. 89; add Mur. 33 and 49; Phil. 14, 15; agr. 2, 97; off. 1, 91; acad. pr. 116; iisdem mendacis regis spem inflabat, Liv. 35, 42, 5; aliquid inflabat animos elassis Rhodia assumpta, 37, 26, 4; hic euentus inflauit ad intolerabilem superbiam auios, 45, 31, 3; add 24, 6, 8; inflatus amplius xx legionum numero, Vell. 2, 80, 2; Curt. 10, 10, 14; Suet. Ner. 37; 3. of undue praise, puff (goods), ea (medicamenta) quae ob caritatem emendi mulomedicorum cupiditas inflauerat, Veg. uet. 6, 8, 4; 4. without ref. to air, swollen, amnes inflati aquis, Liv. 23, 19, 4; add 40, 23, 2; Inflatum hesterno uenas ut semper Iaccho, Verg. B. 6, 15; 5. inflatus absol. as adj., puffed up (with confidence and pride), pompous, inflatus et tumeus animus in uitio est, Cic. Tusc. 3, 19; iuuenis haud dubie inflator redierat, Liv. 39, 53, 8; quem nobis fama superbum Tradit et inflatum plenumque Nerone propinquo, Iuv. 8, 72; 6. of style, turgid, pompous, inflated, oratio, ad Her. 4, 15; cf. figura sufflata, ib.; inflatus et tumens, Tac. dial. 18; add Prop. 3, 30 (2, 34), 32; Suet. rh. 2; 7. of dress, swollen out, flowing, uestis inflator, Tert. pall. 4 med.; capilli, Ov. a. a. 3, 145; 8. comp., see § 5 and 7; add bucca inflator, Suet. rh. 5. 2 **in-flo**, are, vb. [in, into], blow into, ex ore in eius (sc. palumbi) inflato aquam, Cato r. 90; inflato spiritu (into a hive), Colum. 9, 8, 2; 2. heuce play on (pipe), with aec. of pipe, cauas inflare cicutas, Luer. 5, 1383; priusquam pythaulas inflat tibias, Varr. s. 233, 8 R; Tu ealamos inflare leuis, Verg. B. 5, 2; si tibiae inflatae non referant sonum, Cic. Brut. 192; Bucina...ut...ecinit iussos inflata recessus, Ov. M. 1, 340; 3. w. acc. of note or absol., sound (a note), simul inflauit tibicen, a perito carmen agnosceitur, Cic. acad. pr. 86; qui inflaret eum sonum qui..., or. 3, 225.

**in-fōdō**, ēre, fōdī, fossus, vb. [in, down in], dig in, bury by digging, uitis si macra erit, sarmenta sua conecidit et ibidem infodito, Cato r. 37, 3; squalentes infōdē conehas, Verg. G. 2, 348; ipsis Vnguibus infodiunt fruges, 3, 535; add 11, 205; taleae pedem longae ferreis hamis infixis totae in terram infodiebantur, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 9; ps. Nep. Paus. f.; 2. of partial burying, Quo posset infossus puer...inemor, Hor. epod. 5, 32; parum erat manibus gestari (gemmas) nisi infoderentur corpori (se. auribus, as earrings), Plin. 12, 2; 3. met. bury in, drive deep in, Strietus aper, penitus cui non infossa cerebro Vulnera, Stat. Th. 8, 534; saxum...Ossibus infodiens, Sil. 10, 238; 4. dig into, dig, suleum, Colum. 3, 13, 5; campestris locus...infodiendus est, 8; infossi laeus, 9, 1, 2.

**in-formis**, e, adj. [in, bad; forma], ill-shaped, ugly, in-formis dicitur mulier non quae caret forma, sed quae male est formata, Prisc. 1, 9, 25; in-forme eadaur (Caci), Verg. 8, 264; Monstrum horrendum, informe, ingens cui lumen ademptum, 3, 658; nota, Prop. 1, 5, 16; nihil est illis (sc. metallis) dum a faece sua separantur in-formius, Sen. ep. 94, 58; horrendosque toris in-formibus artus, Val. F. 4, 245; add Luean. 6, 225; Stat. Th. 12, 528; 2. without special form, shapeless, clumsy, alueos, Liv. 21, 26, 9; teeta, 21, 32, 7; (mola) est caro in-formis, Plin. 7, 63; uulpes in-formia (so β) parit, 10, 176; in-forme opus (machinas), Tac. h. 4, 23; 3. met., of things immaterial, letum, Verg. 12, 603; hiemes, Hor. od. 2, 10, 15; situs, ep. 2, 2, 118; color, Tib. 4, 4, 6; exitus, Tac. an. 6, 55 (49); sors, 12, 37; 4. without form, immaterial, cum res muta aut in-formis fit loquens et formatur et ei oratio attribuitur, ad Her. 4, 66.

**in-formo**, are, vb. [in=an of beginning] begin to form, give a first rough shape to, quarta hebdomade caput et spina quae est in dorso in-formatur, Varr. ap. Gell. 3, 10, 7; animalium origo quae sit; quis ipsum finxit hominem, quis in-formarit, Arnob. 1, 38; His in-formatur manibus

iam parte polita, Verg. 8, 426; ingentem clipeum, 8, 447; 2. gen. form, sarmentis conexus uelut funis in-formabitur, Colum. 2, 2, 10; add 11, 3, 13; Et nunc in-formet (sc. eera) Martem eastamue Mineruam, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; add Sil. 17, 525; Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 331; 3. met., as first of early education, his artibus quibus aetas puerilis ad humanitatem in-formari solet, Cic. Arch. 4; ab illis quoque (sc. nutricibus) in-formandam (al. formandam) quam optimis institutis mentem infantium, Quint. 1, 1, 16; 4. sketch, give or form a first rough idea of, sketch roughly, hence esp. of vague ideas, ab illo qui tum dixit in-formata iam causa est, Cic. Quinct. 34; ego in summo oratore fingendo talem in-formabo qualis fortasse nemo fuit, orat. 7; ad eum quem uolumus in-formandum et eadem eloquentia in-formandum quam..., 33; in-format adumbratum indieum, Sul. 52; illum uirum qui in v<sup>o</sup> libro in-formatus est, Att. 7, 3, 2; deorum ita in-ignorum ut eos ne coniectura quidem in-formare possimus, N. D. 1, 39; quod ita sit in-formatum mentibus nostris ut homini cum de deo cogitet, forma occurat humana, 1, 76 (cf. adumbratorum deorum formas of § 75); in animis hominum in-formatas deorum esse notiones, 2, 13; petitorum haec est adhuc in-formata cogitatio, Att. 1, 1, 2; omnium in-animum uisorum, siue illa cogitatione in-formantur siue..., acad. pr. 51; in quo (libro) nobis orator ipse in-formandus est, Quint. pr. 22.

**in-fōro**, are, vb., bore into, timebant prisci truncum findere, mox in-formare ausi, Plin. 17, 102; in a play on in-comitari, Pl. Cure. 3, 31, sensu obs.

**in-fortūnātus**, adj. [in, bad], ill-favoured by Fortune, unfortunat, unlucky, miser atque infortunatus, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 20 and 21; add Caecil. 169 R; Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 7; nihil me infortunatus, nihil fortunatus est Catulo, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; infortunatissimae filiae pater, Apul. M. 4, 32.

**infortūnītās**, ātis, f. [impl. an adj. in-fortunus], bad luck, felicitas et i., Gell. 7 (6), 1, 5.

**infortūnium**, ii, n. [id.], a bit of bad luck, misfortune, Ne tibi herele haut longest os ab infortunio (so mss), Pl. Bac. 4, 2, 13; tu partem infortunii meam Si diuidetur me absente accipito tamen, Mil. 3, 2, 51; and eighteen other pass.; Nisi me animus fallit haut multum a me aberit infortunium, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 1; add Ad. 2, 1, 24; Ph. 5, 8, 39; maeta tu illanc infortunio, Nov. 39 R; ni pareat patri habiturum infortunium esse, Liv. 1, 50 f.

**infrā**, (old infēra \*; cf. supra), prep. w. acc., or adv. [in-ferus] below, lower down, infra hanc (se. Saturni stellam) propius a terra Louis stella fertur, Cic. N. D. 2, 52; argenteum in lectica cubans infra oppidum expectabat, Verr. 2, 4, 51; praeligata infra caput uipera, Plin. 30, 40; infra caelum et sidera nox eadit, Tac. Agr. 12; innumerabilis supra infra dextra sinistra...mundos esse, Cic. acad. pr. 125; tolli manum supra oculos, demitti infra pectus uetant, Quint. 11, 3, 112; onerariae duae eosdem quos reliqui portus eaper non potuerunt et paulo infra (ad occasum solis?) delatae sunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 36 f.; 2. esp. of position at the dinner-table, apud Eutrapelum acubui et quidem supra me Atticus, infra Verrius...Infra Eutrapelum Cytheris, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 1; Summus ego et prope mo Viseus Thurinus et infra Si memini Varius...Nomentanus erat super ipsum, Porcius infra, Hor. s. 2, 8, 20; add Sal. ap. Serv. A. 1, 608; Liv. 39, 43, 3; Curt. 8, 1, 28; Suet. Cal. 24; cf. Plutarch, Symp. 1, 3; 3. in writing, quae infēra\* scripta sont, CIL 1166, 2; quci infra s. s., 1257, 4; earum (litterarum) exemplum infra scripsi, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 6, 2; add Cic. fam. 6, 8 f.; 4. of the infernal regions, Nou soges est infra, non uinea culta, Tib. 1, 10, 35; 5. of motion, is infra mortuos amandatur, Cic. Quinct. 49; add p. red. ad Q. 10; delata materia infra Veliam, Liv. 2, 7 f.; 6. of measure, below, less than, latitudo nusquam infra duo iugera, Plin. 6, 18; terra infra pedes tris effossa, 17, 47; hieme pauciora (oua subicito), non tamen infra nouena, 18, 231; hi sunt (sc. uri) magnitudine paulo infra elephantos, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 1; 7. of quality, quem ego esse infra infimos omnis puto, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 36; in poetis non Homero soli locus...aut Pindaro sed horum uel secundis uel etiam infra secundos, Cic. orat. 4; ut omnia quae homini



accident infra se esse iudicent, below notice, fin. 3, 25; add 29; Tusc. 3, 15; semper infra aliorum aestimationes se metentem, Vell. 2, 127 f.; non minus non seruat modum qui infra rem quam qui supra... dicit, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 20; infra Pallantis laudes iacebunt, 8, 6, 2; sunt autem humilia (nerba) infra dignitatem rerum, Quint. 8, 2, 2; infra grammatici officium, 1, 7, 1; **8.** infra sensus nostros, too small for our senses to perceive, primordia tautum Sunt infra nostros sensus, Lucr. 4, 112; cf. 2, 312; **9.** of time below, later than, anuis multis fuit ante Romulum, si quidem non infra superiorem Lycurgum fuit, Cic. Brut. 40; Ciceronis temporibus paulumque infra, Quint. 1, 7, 20; **10.** with quam, partes (stomachi) eae quae sunt infra quam id quod decoratur dilatantur, quae autem supra con- trahuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; cf. paulo supra quam ad linguam stonachus adnectitur of § 136; at in qua inserunt (uite), in ea paulo infra quam insitum est incidunt unde humor aduenticius effluere possit, Varr. r. 1, 41, 3; si infra quam rami fuere praecidatur, quod superest uiuit, Plin. 16, 123; **11.** with magis, Nec magis hac (sc. natura) infra quicquam est in corpore nostro, Lincr. 3, 274.

**in-fringo**, ñre, frãgi, fractus, [in for an = *ava* off, frango] break off, ad quam mensuram cum increuerint (pampini), cacumina infringenda sunt ut crassitudine conualescant, Colum. 4, 6, 4.

**infûla**, ae, f. [for ñnûfula, wh. decap. = *νεφέλη* = nebula, cloud or mist; cf. nubo, nubes; for form, cf. inferus] a sort of woollen veil for priests, victims, and temples, Phoebi Triviaeque sacerdos Infûla cui sacra redimibat tempora nitta, Verg. 10, 538; wh. Serv.: infula, fascia in modum diadematis a qua uitae ab utraque parte dependet: quae plerumque lata est, plerumque tortilis de albo et cocco; infulae filamenta lanæa quibus sacerdotes et hostiae templaque nelantur, Paul. ex Fest. 113, 1; add 81, 18; uelamenta e lana infulæ, Varr. l. 7, 3 in a corrupt pass.; Iphianassai..., Cui simul (as a victim) infula uirgineos circumdata comptus Ex utraque pari malarum parte profusast, Lincr. 1, 87; stans hostia ad aram Lanæa dum niuea circumdatat infula uitæ, Verg. G. 3, 487; Infulæque in geminos discurrit candida postes, Lucan. 2, 355; cf. Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 75; see Rich's Companion; **2.** in prose gen. in pl. infulae, of priests and suppliants, sacerdotes cum infulis ac uerbenis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110; cum infulis se foras proripiunt, supplices manus tendunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 1; nelata infulis ramisque oleæ nauis, Liv. 30, 36, 4; uelamenta et infulas praeferentes, Tac. h. 1, 66; add 3, 31; **3.** met., Cic. agr. 1, 6; ipsas miseria infularum loco habet, Serv. cons. ad H. 13, 6; add ep. 14, 11; **4.** under later emperors, as decorations of magistrates etc., Turbonem praefecturae infulis ornatum Pannoniae praefecit, Spart. Hadr. 6, 7; add Iluiratus et aliorum honorum infulas euocati, Th. C. 11, 30, 19; uctitis se infulis diguitatum munisse, 10, 20, 14; ingenuitatis infulis decorantur, 11, 18, 4; **5.** in infulis rem depingere, Cic. or. 3, 81 means what?

**in-gémîno**, ñre, vb. [in = an = *ava*, again] redouble, repeat or increase again and again, Nunc dextra ingeminans ietus, nunc ille sinistra, Verg. 5, 457; terrorem, 7, 578; corui presso ter gntture uoces Aut quater ingeminant, G. 1, 411; **2.** esp. of loud repeated words, 'Me miserum' ingeminat, Ov. M. 1, 651; 'Salue uera Iouis, uera o Iouis' undique 'proles' Ingeminant, Val. F. 4, 328; **3.** absol. Ingeminant plausu (al. plansum) Tyrii, Verg. 1, 747; ingeminant (sc. se) curae, 4, 531; ingeminant austri et densissimus imber, G. 1, 333.

**in-géro**, ñre, gessi, gestus, vb. [gero, shoot, shovel] shoot into or on (as we say: shoot rubbish), shovel, shove, pour, let fly, in large and repeated quantities, In pertussum ingerimus dicta (quasi aquam) dolium, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 135; Saucius ingesta contumuleris humo, Ov. Ib. 460; stercus uitibus ingerendum, Colum. 2, 15 (16), 5; stercus persico, Pall. 12, 4; aquam iu salinas ingerunt, Plin. 31, 82; apium (serunt) caurna facta ac fimo ingesto, 19, 120; aqua frigida

ingesta sistitur sanguis, 31, 40; sanguinem sistit in uaribus adeps pastillis ingestus, 30, 112—shoved in; magna poma persicus affert si florenti per triduum ternos sextarios caprini lactis iugesseris, Pall. 12, 7, 6; **2.** of drink, food given in large and repeated quantities, Inger mi calices amariore, Catul. 27, 2; uinum merum calidum quam plurimum ingerendum est (to one poisoned w. hemlock), Cels. 5, 27, 12; ocimum equis asinisque admixsuræ tempore ingeritur, Plin. 20, 123; add Pall. 1, 30, 4; Nemes. Cyu. 5; **3.** of missiles etc., let fly again and again at, send showers of, uisi sequitur, pugnos in uentrem ingere, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 9; raptas fugientibus iugerit hastas, Verg. 9, 763; saxa ingerit in subeuntes, Liv. 2, 65, 4; fundis nelut nimbum glandes et sagittas simul ac iacula ingerunt, 36, 18, 5; quos (sc. lapides) in fuga contra sequentes ingerunt (cameli) pedibus, Plin. 10, 1; alios (iussit) tormentis hastas saxa faces ingerere, Tac. an. 2, 81; capiti suo manus, Sen. ep. 99, 16; faces in opera, Curt. 4, 3, 3 (4, 12); tela, Stat. Th. 9, 303; Fulmineumque uiris proturbans ingerit ensem Huc alternus et huc (lets drive again and again), Val. F. 6, 230; **4.** of words, esp. in abuse, shower, heap, repeat, ut tibi malâ multa ingeram? Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 34; add As. 5, 2, 77; Ps. 1, 3, 125; Men. 5, 1, 17; Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 16; pueris conuicia nauitae Ingerere, Hor. s. 1, 5, 11; probra, Liv. 2, 45, 10; uerborum quantum uoletis ingerent, 3, 68, 4; contumelias, Tac. an. 1, 39; uoces ueras et graues, 4, 42; ingerebat nihilominus Trimalchio : Carpe, carpe, Petr. 36; a tribuuis eadem ingerebantur, Tac. h. 4, 78; quorum nomina prius (sc. quam oratorum) parentes liberis suis ingerunt, press upon their notice as examples to copy, dial. 7; magnitudinem imperatoris identidem ingerens, an. 2, 79 f.; ingerens uerba mulcentia, Apul. M. 5, 6; **5.** other met., heap upon, an scelus sceleri ingerit? Sen. Thy. 731; reusanti omnia imperia ingesta sunt, Inst. 6, 8, 7; **6.** press upon, force upon, obtrude, ingerebat Cornelium medicum et Cornelium pictorem et huiusemodi recuperatores, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 69; nomen patris patriae a populo saepius ingestum repudiavit, Tac. an. 1, 72; filium filiamque ingerebat orbis senibus, Petr. 160; osculum sibi ingerentem, Suet. Gr. 23; reusanti amicitiam suam ingerere, uit. Hor. p. 400 f. Baumg.; postulationes, Ner. 7 f.; **7.** hence i. se, force one's way, force oneself upon, Quo te ipse senior obtuium morti ingeris? Sen. Here. f. 1037; praefectum praetorio non ex ingerentibus se, sed e subtrahentibus legere, Plin. pan. 86; seseque periculis Ingerit, Sil. 10, 5; add Inst. 11, 14, 5, wh. Jeep immergebat, male; **8.** inger in imper., see Catul. above; inger *εἰσκαρῶν*, Gloss. Lab., and Cyr.

**in-grätificus**, adj. [in neg.] unobliging, o ingratificus Argiui inmoenes Grai inmemores benefici, Att. 364 R.

**in-gräuesco**, ñre, vb. [in down] get weighed down, become heavier, (sal) leuissimus intra specus suos in lucem prolatus ingrauescat, Plin. 31, 79; Succipiunt aliae pondus magis inque grauescunt, Lucr. 4, 1250 (of pregnancy); **2.** met., get more severe, oppressive, morbus, Cic. din. 2, 16; aetas, sen. 6; corpora defetigatione ingrauescunt, 36; indies ingrauescit, becomes more tyrannical, Att. 10, 4, 2; ingrauescit indies malum, ad Br. 1, 10, 1; annona, p. dom. 11; hoc studium (sc. philosophiae) quotidie ingrauescit, becomes stronger, fam. 4, 4, 4; quum laeta fingeret (Vitellini), falsis ingrauescebat, by false rumours, Tac. h. 3, 54.

**ingurgit-o**, ñre, vb. [in down, into; gurgus] send into a gulf, or as a refl. plunge into one, sus se ingurgitat caeno, Lact. 4, 17 f.; **2.** gen. of excess in eating and drinking, Hoc uide nt auariter merum in se inpurâ ingurgitat, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 33; cf. ecfunde hoc in barathrum of v. 28; merum uentri tuo soles ingurgitare, Apul. M. 4, 7; qui in mensam uomant crudique postridie se rursus ingurgitant, Cic. fin. 2, 23; temeto ingurgitatus, Macr. s. Sc. 1, 3, 4; poculis crebris singulos ingurgitat, Apul. M. 7, 11; anus inter deuersitores diutius ingurgitata ne ignem quidem admotum sensisset, Petr. 79; tamdiu se poculis i., Arnob. 5, 2; **3.** other met., Degustandum ex ea (sc. philo-



sophia) non in eam ingurgitandum censeo, Enn. tr. 418 R; in eius copias cum se ingurgitasset, Cic. Phil. 2, 65; numquam te in tot flagitia ingurgitasses, Pis. 42; umor ex his (sc. aquis caelestibus) non nnuersns ingurgitans (terram)—drowning so to say, Plin. 17, 15.

**in-hibeo**, ēre, ni, itus, vb. [in for an = *ava*, np, back, off; cf. *απεχω*] hold up or back, check, stop, restrain, prevent, inhibuit frenos is qui iumenta agebat, Liv. 1, 48, 6; labor est inhibere uolentes (equos), Ov. M. 2, 128; a turpi mentem inhibere probro, Catul. 91, 4; fugam, Ov. M. 1, 511; cruorem, 7, 849; impetum uictoris, Liv. 39, 21, 10; tela, Verg. 12, 693; boues, Colnm. 2, 2, 28; candidis betis aluom elici, nigris inhiberi, Plin. 19, 135; 2. w. quominus, nec potuit inhibere quominus ponerentur, Plin. 34, 31; 3. w. inf., inhibentes rectum agere cursum, Plin. 2, 69; 4. hold up, maintain, hold up or over or out, in terrorem, hocine hic pacto potest Inhibere imperium magister, si ipse primus uapulet? Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 44; Vtrum, fontine an Libero Imperium te inhibere mauis? St. 5, 4, 27; ut eadem inhiberet snpplicia nobis, Cic. Phil. 13, 37; neque animis ad imperium inhibendum imminutis, Liv. 3, 38, 1; imperio inhibendo acris in paucos praeferecis animi, 3, 38, 7; imperium si quis inhiberet, uiros se esse responderunt, 3, 50, 12; inhibito modo nimiae potestati, 3, 59, 1; damnum aliamque coercionem detrectantibus militiam inhibenti, 4, 53, 7; dnm ego imperium inhibeam in deditos, 36, 28, 5; add 37, 51, 4; 5. in naut. lang. i. remis, or absol. in hibeo, back water, inhibere est uerbum nauticum;... arbitrarar sustineri remos cum inhibere essent iussi remiges; id non esse cinsmodi didici heri: non enim sustinent sed alio modo remigant, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; iacitur ancora, inhibent leniter, Afran. 139 R; quum rostris concurrissent neque retro nanem inhererent, Liv. 26, 39, 12; ancora alligauit alterius (uauis) proram;... quum diucllere se ab hoste cupientes euhiberent Rhodii..., 37, 30, 10; Tyrii inhibentes remis euellere nauem quae haerbat, Curt. 4, 4, 10 (4, 18); Postquam inhibent remis puppes ac rostra recedunt, Lucan. 3, 659; inhibete remis et a bello discedite, Inst. 2, 12, 7; 6. by error of Cic. (see above), hold up the oars in the air, ut coneitato nauigio cum remiges inhiberunt, retinet tamen ipsa nauis eursum suum, intermisso pulsor remorum, Cic. or. 1, 153; perh. also Quint. 12 pr. 4: contrahit uela inhibetque remos (but note acc.).

**in-hio**, āre, vb. open the mouth wide as ready to seize, like a beast of prey etc., Nam illic homo (pron. hom) tuam hereditatem inhiat quasi esuriens Inpus, Pl. St. 4, 2, 25; inhiat acris (sc. te aspente) Lupus (sc. gregem), Trin. 1, 2, 132; inhiat aurum ut denoret, Aul. 2, 2, 17; id inhiat, 2, 2, 89; quasi uoluitri..., illum inhiant, Truc. 2, 3, 18; bona mea, Mil. 3, 1, 120; inhiat quod nusquamst miser, 4, 4, 62; Dum eius mortem inhiat, Caecil. 147 R; (Romulum) nberibus lupinis inhiantem, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; Pistris adest miseraeque inhiat iam proxima praedae, Val. F. 2, 531; 2. gape at, listen to with open mouth (the Eustachian tube then aiding hearing), Dum Africani uocem diuinam inhiat audis auribus, Pore. ap. Snet. uit. Ter., p. 396 Baumg.; primis inhiantia dictis Agmina... uidet, Val. F. 5, 468; and perh. Hor. s. 1, 1, 71: saecis Indormis inhians; 3. hence gen. of intense attention, gape at or over, stare in admiration at or gaze upon with open mouth, Nec uarios inhiant pulcra testudine postes Inlusasque auro uestes..., Verg. G. 2, 463; tennitque inhians tria Cerberus ora, 4, 483; pcedumque reclusis Peetoribus inhians..., A. 4, 64; Attonitis inhians animis, 7, 814; gazis inhians, Sen. Herc. f. 161; 4. for simple vb., Stat. Th. 1, 626; 5. note acc. in Pl. Caecil.; dat. in Cic. Sen. Val. F.; both in Verg.

**in-horreo**\*, ēre, and in-horresco, ēre, ni, vb. [in = an = *ava*, np or of beginning] bristle up, Interea prope iam occidente sole inhorreseit mare, Tenebrae conduplicantur..., Pac. 411 R; inhorruit uada tenebris, Verg. 3, 195; inhorrescens mare paulatim lenari, Curt. 4, 3, 17 (4, 15); hastas subrecta cuspidine in terra fixas, haud secns quam

nallo saepta inhorreret\* acies, tenentes, Liv. 8, 8, 10; Spica iam campis cum messis inhorruit, Verg. G. 1, 314; inremuitque ferox (sc. aper) et inhorruit armos, A. 10, 711; inhorrescunt (gallinae) edito ouo, Plin. 10, 116; papiliones... uillis inhorrescere, 11, 77; trifolium inhorrescere et folia contra tempestatem subrigere, 18, 365; Atlas mons... nemoribus inhorreseit, Sol. 24, 8; (aer) niuibis et glacie inhorrescit, Apul. mund. 3 f.; 2. shudder, shiver, as from fever or cold, qui facile inhorrescunt, Cels. 1, 3, p. 17, 5 Dar.; quum primum aliquis inhorruit, et ex horrore incalescit, 3, 12, p. 9, 35; add 94, 14; tam periculosus inhorruit frigore, ut tertianae etiam impetum timeant, Petr. 17; 3. or fm. fear or horror, horum seueritatem dicitur inhorruisse cinitas, Cic. rep. 4, Bait. p. 836, 10; domus principis inhorruerat, Tac. an. 11, 28; ut cum dicente aequo audientem inhorrescere (oporteat), Quint. 9, 4, 126; cum tantae seueritatis uim inhorreseunt, Aur. V. Caes. 24; 4. of the air, shake violently, pinnis agitata inhorruit, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 9; ter inhorruit (shuddered) aether Luctificum clangente tuba, Val. F. 3, 348.

**inibi**, adv. [old dat. of in, root of pron. is; bi dat. suff.], =ibi, =in eo, in or on this (that)—, in or on it, there, Marsuppium habeat (parasitas), inibi paulum praesidi Qui familiarem suam uitam oblectet modo, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 45; prelum longum p. xxv; inibi lingulam p. 11 s., Cato r. 18, 2; fundamenta bona factio alia p. v; inibi lapides silices..., 18, 3; uentus caueto ne accidat; inibi (=in uentis) anstrum caueto maxime, 38, 4; quid enim cauetum est? Si luxuries...; si superbia, nata inibi esse (sc. Capuae) ex Campanorum fastidio uidetur, Cic. agr. 1, 20; firmamentum (caenae) erat aula lentis Aegyptiae et cucurbitae inibi minniti caesae, Gell. 17, 8, 2; in febris laudibus...; atque inibi (=in eo libro) isdem laudibus non inuenuste lusit..., 17, 12, 3; nidesne extremas fenestras quae...? Inibi iste Milo deuersatur, Apul. M. 1, 21; quare Taenarum; inibi spiraculum Ditis... monstratur, 6, 18; Et inibi emit olim amisum filium, arg. Pl. Capt. 5; 2. to such a phrase as in eo est ut uincamus, we are on the point of conquering, correspond: quod sperare debemus aut inibi esse aut iam esse confectum, Cic. Phil. 14, 5; libere es? Non nm, uero inibi est (sc. ut sim liber), Caecil. 189 R; postquam se uidet Inibi esse (sc. ut moriatur), gnatam paruolam sororibus Commendat, Afran. 208 R; 3. hence, the two constructions mixed, Chilonem in nitae suae postremo, cum iam inibi mors occuparet, ... sic locutum, Gell. 1, 3, 1; thus Non. p. 124 correctly makes it =mox.

**in-iungo**, ēre, nxi, netns, vb. strictly, place on (two supports, as the iugum on two oxen, or a plank over a ditch), in eos... asses tricenos longi pedes, ut pons esset, in-iungebantur, Liv. 44, 5, 4; quum agger promotus ad urbem uineaque tantum non iniunctae moenibus essent (so as to serve as a bridge for entering the town), 5, 7, 2; muro Ardeae braehium iniunxerat qua ex oppido sui commere possent, 4, 9 f.; Milioniam opere ac uineis iniunctis muro cepit, 10, 34, 1; fenestellis scandulae iniunguntur quibus irrepant aues ad requiem nocturnam, Colum. 8, 3, 6; pingui terra singulis braehiis licebit bina iniungere flagella, 4, 21, 2 (cf. iugum as used of vine-training); pro maecie uel soliditate uitium nutrienda sarmenta putator iniungat, Pall. 1, 6, 9; pondus (iugo), Colum. 6, 2, 7; marem feminae, 6, 37, 2; 2. met. from yoke of oxen, impose, his aeternam iniungere seruitutem, Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 15; detrimentum rei publicae, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 13, 4; onus, Liv. 26, 35, 9; laborem, 5, 4, 3; munns, 3, 35, 7; leges, 39, 37, 8; ignominiam, 8, 32, 15; iniuriam, 3, 65 f.; militiam, 32, 3, 4; dilectus, Tac. Agr. 15; munera, 13; frumentum modum colono, G. 25; officia, Plin. pan. 95; damnum, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 135; 3. absol. w. ut, impose the duty of, commission to—, enjoin (which is the same word as iniungo), quid a te mihi iucundius potnit iniungi quam ut...? Plin. ep. 2, 18, 1; add 4, 9, 4; 4, 13, 10; 10, 46 (55); 4. for simple vb., join, aream iniunctam (iunctam?) domui locauerat, Iuol. dig. 19, 2, 57; in Scaev. dig. 19, 1, 52, 3 Mommsen has: domum mari iunctam.



**iniussū**, for in iussu (in=sine=G. ohne), without orders, esse ausam facere haec te iniussu meo, Ter. Heec. 4, 1, 47; add 4, 4, 82; Ph. 2, 1, 1; uetat deus iniussu hinc nos sno demigrare, Cic. Tusc. 1, 74; mittis iniussu praetoris, Quinct. 82; sen. 73; C. Rab. 12; Balb. 34; inu. 1, 56; Att. 3, 21, 4; quod ea iniussu suo fecisset, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1; 5, 28, 3; b. c. 3, 89, 4; populus iniussu iit supplicatum, Liv. 3, 63, 5; 4, 32, 11; 7, 12, 12; 8, 34, 10; 9, 46, 7; 10, 4, 9.

**in-sēpultus**, adj. unburied, insepultos acervos ciuium, Cic. Cat. 4, 11; add inu. 1, 108; nec satiatu uiuorum poena insepultos proiecit, Liv. 29, 9, 10; Post insepulta membra different lupi, Hor. epod. 5, 99; **2.** qui illam insepultam sepulturam—a burial wh. is no burial—effecerant, Cic. Phil. 1, 5 of the riotous burning of Caesar's body, cf. Suet. Caes. 84 and τὰ φων ἀταφον of Eur. Phoen.; minabatur philosopho mortem et quidem insepultam (without burial), Sen. tranq. 14, 3; **3.** in Cic. Phil. 14, 33 read w. Halm sepulta.

**in-ideo**, ēre, vb. [sēdeo], sit in or on, be seated in or on, equo exornato insidentem, Liv. 7, 6, 5; Effingoque manus insideoque toro, Ov. h. 19 (20), 134; Sol...curru (so Peiper, not enrum) insidens Per solita puri spatia decurrit poli, Sen. Med. 29; et hominem equo insidentem, et equum qui\* insideretur, Gell. 18, 5, 8; Iope (oppidum) insidet collem\*, Plin. 5, 69; in Varr. 1, 5, 32 read: Dictator ubi currum insilit peruehitur usque ad oppidum—insidet is nonsense, insidit agst. met.; **2.** in milit. l. occupy, esp. for ambush, Mago locum monstrabit quem\* insideatis, Liv. 21, 54, 3; priusquam noae\* omnes hostium praesidiis insiderentur, 25, 13, 2; sic tuo insidere uias\* examina infantium futurisque populus solebat, Plin. pan. 26; **3.** met. be firmly seated or fixed in, inscisa Dido Insideat quantus miserae Deus! Verg. 1, 718; insidens capulo manus, Tac. an. 2, 21; dolor non pedibus solis ut prius insidebat, sed..., Plin. ep. 1, 12, 6; **4.** esp. of the mind, insidebat in eius mente species eloquentiae quam..., Cic. orat. 18; ab ea quae penitus in omni sensu implicata insidet noluptas, leg. 1, 47; Ant aliao cuius desiderium insidēat rei, Lucr. 3, 918; Quis adeo dissolutus cuius non occupationibus aliqua species seueritatis insideat? Plin. pan. 82 f.; but in 55 f. Keil has sedet; **5.** orig. w. dat. or in and abl.; also with acc. or in pass. w. nom. marked \*; **6.** insedi inessus belong to insido, wh. see.

**in-sido**, ēre, sēdi (or sīdi), sessns, vb. [in down or in on], settle down, sit down in or on, sink in, ubi apes aestate serena Floribus insidunt uariis, Verg. 6, 708; iugis insedit Etruscis, 8, 480; Et credit tactis digitos insidēre membris (as though the ivory were yielding flesh), Ov. M. 10, 257; Nec tantus unquam siderum insedit uapor Siticulosae Apuliae, Hor. epod. 3, 15; nullus illi (sc. aquae) limus insidat, Pall. 1, 4, 1; Insidunt, they sit down, Stat. Th. 2, 151; **2.** in milit. l. take part in, settle down in, esp. for ambush, siluis insedit iniquis, Verg. 11, 531; quingentis militibus arem\* insidit (pres.), Liv. 26, 44, 2; Siluarum anfractis caecis insiderat† armis, Sil. 5, 3; Tifata\* insidit, 12, 487; Cherusei iuga\* insedere, Tac. an. 2, 16; **3.** met. settle down, become firmly seated or fixed in, get a firm hold, longus morbus quum penitus insedit..., Cels. 1, 3, p. 75, 5 Dar.; Torpor insedit per artus, Sen. Oed. 229; cum hic feror tanquam in uenis† medullisque insederit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 24; quae (sc. macula) penitus iam insedit in populi Romani nomine†, Man. 7; add N. D. 2, 128; **4.** esp. of the mind, nihil quisquam nquam me audiente egit orator quod non in memoria† mea penitus insiderit, or. 2, 122; **5.** in pass., in saltum inessum\* ab hoste, Liv. 7, 34, 1; per montes praesidiis nostris inessos\*, Tac. an. 13, 39; inessum\* diris auibus Capitolium, 12, 43; add Stat. Th. 2, 35\*; 12, 236\*; siln. 1, 1, 56; **6.** with dat. or in and abl.†; also acc.\*, and so nom. of pass.; **7.** insido denotes the act wh. is followed by the state insideo, which see; **8.** hence prob. Fr. asseoir; cf. for vowel, lingua langue, sine sans.

**in-simūlo**, āre, vb. [see below] accuse, tu male facis Quae insontem insimules, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 55; aliorum dixeram Non istuc quo tu insimulas, Aul. 2, 4, 9; Democritum insimulat Epicurus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 82; add Clu. 180; fam. 7, 13, 1; **2.** esp. w. gen., probri, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 15; 3, 2, 7; Mil. 2, 4, 12; 2, 4, 43; 2, 6, 29; frag. 3, 11 ed. Delph.; malitiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 12; peccati, Cic. Tusc. 3, 64; auaritia et audaciae, Verr. 2, 1, 128; cupiditatis, 2, 4, 33; flagitii, Att. 10, 17, 4; proditiois, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 1 and 12; 7, 38, 2; artis, Liv. 4, 56, 3; cuius rei, 28, 43, 3\*; parricidii, Suet. Vit. 6; **3.** but of course with abl. crimine etc., proditiois crimine, Liv. 44, 16, 6; falsis criminationibus, Vell. 2, 77, 3; repetundarum crimine, Quint. 4, 2, 15; **4.** with acc. of offence, Istuc facinus quod tu insimulas nostro generi non decet, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 188; add 2, 229; ad istuc quod tu insimulas, Pers. 1, 3, 49; id iurati dicunt quod ego iniuratus insimulo\*, Cic. Caecin. 3; and hence w. nom. in pass., neque aliud quam patientia aut pudor insimulari posset, Liv. 29, 20, 3; **5.** with acc. and inf., Nisi etiam hoc falso dici insimulaturus es, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 21; illum insimulat durum (sc. esse), Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 30; insimulant eum tragoediae simulatione insaniae militiam subterfugere uoluissē, Cic. off. 3, 97; quod ante Idus Maias decemuiros abisse insimulent, Liv. 3, 40, 11; **6.** said by some to mean accuse falsely, but then why add falso as in Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 229; 3, 2, 7; 3, 2, 21; Mil. 2, 3, 26; 2, 4, 12; Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 107; Liv. 6, 16, 1; or perperam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 39? see also \* above; **7.** perh. orig. meaning unmask, and so expose, in of insimulo for an=awa, of reversal, as in inconcilio.

**in-sisto**, ēre, stiti, vb. [in in or on] set (foot) upon, take a stand upon, plant oneself on, plantam institit quasi Luca bos sit, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 19; **2.** gen. absol., set foot upon, Vbi quisque institerat, coneidit crepitu, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 11; ut cum primi eorum cecidissent proximi iacentibus† insisterent, Caes. b. g. 2, 27, 3; per temonem percurrere et in iugo† insistere, 4, 33 f.; post eius interitum ueniebams in curiam ut uestigium illud ipsum in quo† ille postremum instititset contueremur, Cic. or. 3, 6; insistere omnes uestigiis† laudum suarum, can scarcely take a step without coming upon some monument of his glory, Liv. 5, 30, 2; prope uestigiis† abeuntium insistebat, 25, 33 f.; add 27, 2, 10; **3.** and met. i. uestigiis† cuius, tread in the footsteps of, follow in the same track with, iuenemque suis potissimum uestigiis† insistere, 24, 4, 5; simul ne uulgare uiam ingressus alienis demum uestigiis† insisterem, Quint. pr. 3; eum nemo potest aequare cuius uestigiis† sibi nique iusistendum putat, 10, 2, 10; and without uestigiis, laetaris quod honoribus† eius (sc. Tulli) insistam quem aemulari studiis cupio, Plin. ep. 4, 8, 4; **4.** with acc. of that on which, Quemennque institeram grammum aut praecisum iugum, Att. 506 R; Nulli fas casto sceleratum insistere limen, Verg. 6, 563; **5.** hence gen. enter upon (a route), take (a road), utrum hac an illac iter institerit, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 11; erro quam insistas uiam, Mil. 3, 1, 198; quam insistam uiam Incertum sum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 3; add Ph. 1, 4, 15; cursum quom institeris, 5, 6, 8; and absol. Heec. 3, 5, 34; dubito quam insistam uiam, Pac. 50 R; quot Luna circos...institit, Att. 100 R; uiamque insiste domandi, Verg. G. 3, 164; iter quod insistis L. Scipio, Liv. 37, 7, 8; and by cj. Q. Cic. pet. cons. 55; **6.** met., w. sb. of course entered upon, enter upon, commence, Age nunciam insiste in dolos\*, ego abs te procul recedam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 4; Insistite hoc negotium sapienter, 3, 3, 55; sic haec rationem institi, St. 3, 1, 29; munus, Cic. or. 3, 176; totus et mente et animo in bellum\* Ambiorigis insistit, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 1; neque constabat quam rationem pugnae insisterent, 3, 14, 3; **7.** w. inf., begin, Hegio uide sis nequid tu huic temere insistas credere, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 52; Hanc habere orationem mecum principio institit, Ter. Heec. 3, 3, 21; Idcirco haec agere tecum secreto institi|| Afran. 81 R; dictis mertare, Att. 134; maturare, 428; adsimulare, ap. Cic. off. 3, 98; flagitare senatus institit|| Cornutum ut..., Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; orare dictatorem insistent|| nt..., Liv.



8, 35, 2; puellis nt saltem parceret orare institit||, 24, 26, 11; Appium institit sequi, 25, 19, 7;—perh. those marked || belong to § 11; **8.** come to a halt, halt, stop, nt non referat pedem, insistet certe, Cic. Phil. 12, 8; quarum (sc. the planets) motus tum incitantur tum retardantur saepe etiam insistunt, N. D. 2, 103; **9.** esp. of speaking, quid est cur claudere aut insistere orationem uelint, orat. 170; circuitus ille incitator fertur quoad perueniat ad finem et insistat, 187; add fin. 5, 75; **10.** dwell upon a topic, take one's stand upon (it) and dilate, insist, quot uultis esse in uno furto peccatorum gradus? Vt si singulis† insistere (wh. note the consistency of the met. gradus ins.) uelim..., Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 172; uegas te ad obscura progredi, inlustribus igitur rebus insistis, acad. pr. 94; magnis rebus†, Tib. 4, 1, 135; inter pauca nitidioris uitae instrumenta haec arbor est, quapropter insistendum ei† paululum uidetur, Plin. 13, 100; **11.** follow or pursue energetically, press hard, adeo effusus† (hostibus) institerunt ut..., Liv. 26, 44, 4; quibus† dies noctesque fugientibus per hos dies institutis, 27, 13, 4; but there perh. as also 4, 46, 4 from instare, cf. 27, 12, 9; orabatque insisteret caedibus†, Tac. an. 2, 21; perdomandae Campaniae† insistere, h. 3, 77; add an. 4, 60; ut fracto iam Maroboduo usque in exitum insisteretur, Tac. 2, 62; **12.** stand over and give one's full thoughts to a matter, see to its proper execution, quisquis temporum institerit notis†, reperit..., Vell. 1, 17, 4; muri Veronensium...dedicati...iubente sanctissimo Gallieno Aug., insistente Aur. Marcellino..., curate Iul. Marcellino, inscr. Or. 1014; **13.** vb. static, stand upon, australis ille (cingulus) in quot qui insistent aduersa nobis urgent uestigia, Cic. rep. 6, 20, 21; insistebat in manu† Cereris simulacrum Victoriae, Verr. 2, 4, 110; uillae margini† insistunt, Plin. ep. 8, 8, 6; in sinistrum pedem\* insistentium, Quint. 11, 3, 125; **14.** simply, stand, dissolutis membris insistere nequibat, Tac. an. 15, 57; **15.** note construction, as first with in and acc. \*; **16.** w. in and abl. †. **17.** w. acc. left unmarked; **18.** w. dat. †.

**insitic-ius**, adj. [insitio] of the class insita, engrafted—hence met., aestiuo(m) diem si non diffinderem meo insiticio somno meridie, uiuere non possem, Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; nam mlii et hinni bigeneri atque insiticii, non suapte genere ab radicibus, 2, 8, 1; cf. ut (equa) discordantem ntero sno generis alieni stirpem insitam facile recipiat, Colnm. 6, 36, 2; insiticio et inducto (sermone)—of foreign stock—opp. to patrio, Plin. ep. 4, 3, 5; **2.** for qty see suppositicius.

**in-sölens**, adj. [soleo] not accustomed (to), a stranger (to), a novice, Quid tu Athenas insolens? Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 4; non sum tam ignarus caesarum, uon tam insolens in dicendo ut..., Cic. Sest. 119; aspera Nigris aequora uentis Emirabitur insölens, Hor. od. 1, 5, 8; **2.** esp. with a gen., ille insolens infamiae, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 2; ea requiruntur a me quorum sum ignarus atque insolens, or. 1, 207; multitudo insolens belli, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; malarum artium, Sal. Cat. 3, 4; audiendi quae faceret, Tac. an. 15, 67; ruris colendi, Gell. 19, 12, 7; **3.** as a pass. of things, unusual, unwonted, strange, Quae aegritudo insölens mentem attemptat tuam? Pac. 60 R; uerbum, Cic. orat. 25; Gell. 11, 7, 1; add 2, 27, 5; 6 (7), 3, 12; Quint. 4, 1, 8; **4.** not much frequented, regio insolens et incustodita, Pall. 12, 4, 2; **5.** (cf. our saying: set a beggar on horseback and—) running riot, extravagant, immoderato, violent, insolent, Ille insolens autem ut fastidit caruifex! Turp. 101 R; uictoria natura insolens et superba, Cic. Marc. 9; ne uera praedicans de se uideretur aut insolens aut loquax, sen. 31; quod nihil habeat (Lysias) insolens aut ineptum, orat. 29 (of style); add Rose. Am. 23; fam. 9, 20, 2; or. 2, 342; Tusc. 5, 42; imprimeretque muris Hostile aratrum, Hor. od. 1, 16, 21; add Vell. 2, 110, 2; Plin. 35, 201; nomen sibi insolentissimum† arrogauerunt ut soli sapientiae studiosi uocarentur, pr. 14; insolentissimos† Numantinae urbis spiritus, Val. M. 2, 7, 1; add Suet. Vesp. 15†; **6.** insolenter, adv. contrary to custom, insolenter et raro, Cic. inu. 1, 43; non primus finxit hoc uerbum Vergilius insolenter, Gell. 1, 21, 5; insolentius\* paulo hac figura est ita usns, 10, 13, 4; **7.** extravagantly, insolently, his festinatisibus insolentius\*

abutitur, Cic. orat. 176; add Cat. 2, 20\*; Phil. 9, 7; Tusc. 4, 39; Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 4; b. c. 1, 45, 1; 3, 46, 3\*; Liv. 23, 36, 2; Val. M. 3, 2, 21†; **8.** comp.\*; sup. †.

**insomnia**, ae, f. [insomnis] lit. bad sleeping—hence sleeplessness, amori accedunt...Insomnia aerumna error..., Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 25; also in Enn. says Serv. ad A. 4, 9; Consequitur comes insomnia: ea porro insaniam affert, Caecil. 168 R; perdita inlunie atque insomnia, Pac. 9; uigilare: neque insomnüs neque labore fatigari, Sal. Cat. 27, 2; Perseu...quia pacto uitam dederant insomniis occidere, ep. Mith. 7; Tuditanus (Regulum) somno diu prohibitum atque ita uita priuatum refert..., and soon: nobilissimos Poenorum captiuos liberis Reguli a senatu deditos...eadem insomnia cruciatos interisse, Gell. 7 (6), 4, 4; incitabatür insomnia maxime, Suet. Cal. 50; obsol. for Plin. says Serv. ib.

**insomniätas**, ätis, f. same, Theod. Prisc. 2, 1; Plin. Val. 1, 35.

**insomniösus**, adj. [insomnia] sleeping ill, subject to sleeplessness, omnis qui i. est hac eadem curatione sanum facies, Cato r. 157, 8.

**in-somnis**, e, adj. [in=male, somnus] sleeping ill—hence sleepless, noctem custodia dncit Insomnem ludo, Verg. 9, 167; Noctes non sine mmltis Insomnis lacrimis agit, Hor. od. 3, 7, 8; Pomaque ab insomni concustodita dracone, Ov. M. 9, 190; Inuenit insomni uoluentem publica cura Fata uiri, Lucan. 2, 239; add 4, 552; insomnes magis quam peruigiles, Tac. an. 1, 65; Insomnes oculos rubor excitat, Stat. Th. 3, 328.

**insomnium**, ii, n. [insomnis] sleeping badly, and so either sleeplessness or having bad dreams, gen. in pl., aut mox noctu te adigent horsum insomnia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 13; caret (sane) epulis et frequentibus poculis: caret ergo etiam uinolentia et crnditate et insomniis, Cic. sen. 44; Anna soror, quae me suspensam insomnia terrent! Verg. 4, 9; Di meliora ferant nec sint insomnia nera Quae tulit hesterua pessima nocte quies, Tib. 3, 4, 1; Exercent rabidam truculenta insomnia mentem, Sil. 10, 358; furibunda i., 11, 102; insomnia uigiliasque tollere (brassicam) deoactam, Plin. 20, 82; faba existimata (est) insomnia facere, 18, 118; (anesum) insomnia leuat nspensum in puluino, 20, 186; **2.** dreaming at all is but imperfect sleeping, and so gen. a dream, rusticulo cuidam Iouem per insomnium dixisse uti ad consules uaderet..., Arnob. 7, 36 (39); perh. also in: Sed falsa ad caelum mittunt insomnia manes, Verg. 6, 897; as also in some of the above in § 1; insomnia Veneris, Plin. 26, 194; but in 5, 45 he has: neque (Atlantes) in somno (so at least Sill., Detl. w. a; but β insomnia) uisunt quae reliqui mortales; **3.** Macr. somn. Sc. 3, 4—5 saw the prep. in in insomnium = εν-υπνιον; so called says he: quia in somno tantummodo esse creditur, post somnium nullam sui significationem relinquit.

**in-stütuo**, öre, ui (old üi or üui), ütus, vb. [in for an=awa up; statuo], lit. set up,—hence esp. of building, erect, ex eo tempore quo pons institui coeptus est, Caes. b. g. 4, 18, 4; eius munitionis quae ab Romanis instituebatur, 7, 69, 6; add 5, 52, 2; delubra, Val. F. 1, 16; aras, 3, 426; **2.** met. set up, institute, start, be the first to introduce, acdilis curulis qui magistratus multis annis post decemuiros institutus est, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 8; de legibus institutis, or. 1, 58; sacros ludos, Ov. M. 1, 446; ferias diesque festos, Plin. 18, 284; conlegium figulorum, 35, 159; cum aliquis sumptus instituit eos qui antea non erant instituti, Cic. Flac. 33; nouum uectigal, Modest. dig. 48, 14, 1, 3; **3.** esp. set up, commence, open (a business etc.), ibique regnum magnum instituiam, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 30; Nouicium mihi quaeestum institui non malum, Most. 3, 2, 92; officinam, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 54; tetrinnum, 58; ορνιθοβοσκείον, Varr. r. 3, 9, 2; bibliothecas, Plin. 35, 10; **4.** also of farming, commence by sowing or planting, ingera cec ubi institui uineae possunt, ap. Cic. agr. 2, 67; segetes, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; plantaria, Plin. 13, 37; si quis saligneas uirgas instituendi salicti causa defixerit, Ulp. dig. 47, 7, 3, 3; **5.** w. ut and subj., or subj. alone, introduce the practice of, Arcesilas instituit ut hi (so A, not ii) qui se audire nellent,



ipsi dicere quid sentirent; quod cum dixissent, ille contra... , Cic. fin. 2, 2; instituit quotannis... subortio a praetore fieret, Suet. Caes. 41 f.; 6. w. inf., cum tibiis canere uoce Ardalus instituit, Plin. 7, 204; prosum orationem condere Pherecydes instituit, ib.; 7. in law, appoint, qui me cum tutorem tum etiam secundum heredem instituerit, Cic. fam. 13, 61; populum Romanum tutorem i. illorum orbitati, or. 1, 228; heres testamentum instituitur, Gai. 2, 103; add 154, 160, 168 etc.; 8. gen. begin, enter upon, adopt, Ita negotium institutum; non datur cessatio, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 103; nunc ego hanc astutiam institui (or w. mss institui, not institui as edd.), Epid. 3, 2, 27; Sapienter uitam instituit, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 40; quaedam institui quae limantur a me politius, Cic. acad. post. 2; si diligentiam quam instituiti adhibueris, fam. 16, 20; historiae nec institui potest nisi praeparato otio nec exiguo tempore absolui, leg. 1, 9; quae nec institui nec effici potest sine tua ope, Att. 16, 13, 2; ut primum nauigare coepi institui Topica Aristotelea conscribere, fam. 7, 19; similem rationem operis instituit, Caes. b. c. 1, 42, 1; familia nostra cum populo Romano bello Carthaginiensi amicitiam instituit, Sal. Jug. 14, 5; accusationem, Ulp. dig. 48, 1, 5, 1; 48, 5, 4, 2; cum testamentum aliud facere instituisset neque perficere potuisset, Pap. dig. 34, 4, 22; non sufficit litem instituire si non in ea perseveret, 5, 2, 15, 1; 9. arrange, marshal, draw up, with a view to work, quartae aciei quam instituerat sex cohortium, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 4; and met., tu actionem instituis, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; 10. esp. train the young or inexperienced, teach, instruct, Atque ita seruum par nideatur frugi sese instituire, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 4; ut adulescentes doceat instituat ad omne officii munus instruat, Cic. sen. 29; sic tu instituis adulescentes? Cael. 39; add or. 2, 162; Verr. 2, 3, 161; remiges institui iubet, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 1; Masinissa nos ita instituit ne quem coleremus nisi populum Romanum, Sal. Jug. 14, 18; perdomiti (bones) ad aratrum instituantur, Colum. 6, 2, 8; bouem instituit, ib.; 11. same, w. abl., literis, Quint. 1, 1, 5; disciplinis Graecis, 1, 1, 12; artibus, 1, 3, 18; lyra, 1, 10, 13; studiis, 1, 12, 19; 12. w. inf., (agricolationem) Latine loqui primus instituit (Cato), Colum. 1, 1, 12; columbas illic deolare instituerat, Frontin. Str. 3, 13, 8.

**insto**, are, stiti (perh. belongs to *insisto*), staturus, vb. stand on, *rectam*\* instas uiam, Pl. As. 1, 1, 54; *rectam*\* (so edd., *mss recte*) institit, Epid. 3, 3, 35; *Saxoque*\* instare (sc. Fortunam) in globoso praedicant uolubili, Pac. 367 R; instat (sc. gralis, stilts), Varr. s. 172, 3 R; Siue instare iugis† et grandia uolueris saxa, Verg. 11, 529; 2. less accur., stand above or over, Surgit et instabit summis minor Vrsa ceruchist†, Lucan. 8, 177; 3. (one closely following another is said to) tread upon the heels of, pursue closely, Marcellus uestigiis† instabat, Liv. 27, 12, 9; Pompeiani nostros premere et instare coeperunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 3; add 1, 80 f.; integri (utriusque) abiissent, ni cedentibus instaturum alterum timuissent, Liv. 10, 36, 3; si instetur suo milite uinci Roman posse, 2, 44, 12; ubi instaretur cedens ac rursus in terga remeans, Tac. an. 3, 21; fugienti† sibi instaturus uictores, Frontin. str. 2, 6, 10; quin acie instructa audacius instaret hostes\* (al. hostibus†), ps. Nep. Epam. 9, 1; acrius hostis\* (al. hostibus†) institit, id. Enn. 4, 2; 4. more met. stand on and so throw one's weight upon, press hard on, omnes... caedere ianuam saxis, instare ferro, Cic. Verr. 1, 69; lamque palam presso† magis ac magis instat aratro, Calp. ecl. 4, 121; 5. not confined to physical force, as: Si magis me\* instabant (for payment of debt) ad praetorem sufferam, Pl. Curc. 3, 1, 6; dictum oportuit. Non possum, ita instas: urges quasi pro noxio, Merc. 4, 3, 26; ante factis omissis, illud quod instet aqi oportere, Cic. inu. 2, 37; etiam atque etiam insto atque urgeo insector, Planc. 48; nrge instat perface, Att. 13, 32, 1; insector ultro atque insto accusatori†, Font. 11 (1); add Att. 1, 13, 3; 3, 15, 3; or. 1, 99; Quinct. 77; ad Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; Desine plura puer et quod nunc instat agamus, Verg. B. 9, 66; 6. with thing as obj., Instat (so Scal., *mss instans*) mercaturam\*: spero rem faciet, frugi est homo, Nov.

61 R; currumque\* rotasque uolueris Instabant, Verg. 8, 434, lost not a moment in forming; instandum famaet†, Tac. Agr. 18; 7. w. inf. Instare factum simia (insists that), Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 18; so: ego illud sedulo Negare factum, ille iustat factum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 120; instat Scandilius poscere recuperatores, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; 8. w. ut or ne and subj., ita uxor acier tua instat ne mihi detur, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 33; Magis unum etiam instare ut hodie conficiantur nuptiae, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 22; quoniam tibi† instat Hortensius ut eas in consilium, Cic. Quinct. 34; 9. met. stand over and so threaten, lower, impend, Et hunc disperditum lenonem; tautum eum\* instat exiti. Satine? Priusquam unum est iniectum telum, tum (tam = tamen?) instat alterum, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 96, 97; graui snb religione Quae caput a caeli regionibus ostendebat Horribili super aspectu mortalibus† instans, Lucr. 1, 65; 10. also of the good, await forthwith, Ita me dei ament ut ob istanc rem tibi† multa bona instant a me, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 21; nescis quid te\* instet boni, 4, 3, 45; 11. note constr.—w. acc. \* and dat. † in Pl. and Verg.; acc. in Nov.; dat. in Pac., Cic., Lucr., Liv., Lucan., Frontin., Calp., Tac.

**instructilis**, e, adj. (instruo), not built up, anima, Tert. anim. 14.

**instructio**, ōnis, f., building, balinei, Traian. ad Plin. 10, 24 (35); tubulorum, Vitr. 5, 9, 7; 2. drawing up (of troops), Cic. Caecin. 43; 3. mental equipment, instruction, Arnob. 5, 167.

**instructor**, ōris, m. builder, conuiuii, Cic. ad sen. 15, one who sets out.

**instructūr-a**, ae, f. [instructor] building up, hence marshalling (of an army), Frontin. str. 2, 3 med.; compositionis, Fronton ad M. Caes. 2, 1.

**I in-struo**, cre, xi, ctus, vb. [in=an=ava, up] pile up, build up, murus instructus laterculo coctilis, Curt. 5, 1, 25; saxo pilae instructae sunt, 5, 1, 33; tuguria conchis instruant, 9, 10, 10; ex terra parietes... inferciuntur uerins quam instruantur, Plin. 35, 169; aggerem, Tac. h. 2, 22; in parietibus tubuli (water-pipes) instruantur fastigio inclinati in cloacas, Vitr. 5, 9, 7; muros, ps. Nep. Them. 6, 4; moenia, Sol. 1, 2; 2. met. arrange, marshal, draw up, esp. an army, legiones, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 66 and 67; exercitum, Cato orig. 25, 110 I; Tn hosce instrue; ego ero post principia, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 11; praesidia, Cic. Cat. 2, 24; aciem, Mur. 22; Caes. b. g. 1, 22 f.; 1, 48, 3; Liv. 6, 23, 12; add Cic. Caecin. 33; Liv. 4, 18, 4; 8, 8, 3; and met. from an army, Cedo senem; iam instructa sunt mihi in corde consilia omnia, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 7; 3. also of plots, instruendae fraudi aliquanto intetior quam... Liv. 23, 35, 14; quem insidiis instruendis locum? 6, 23, 6; insidias mihi instruendam (al. struentem), Catul. 21, 7; in Cic. Clu. 190 Baiter has strueret w. 2 best mss; 4. set up, start, Iam ubi liber ero, igitur demum instruum agrum aedis mancipia, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 25; Ne thermopolium quidem ullum instruit, 2, 6, 45; Quin in corde instruere quondam coepit thermopolium, Ps. 2, 4, 52; Magnas res hic agito in mentem instrnere, Rud. 4, 2, 28; 5. pile up on a person, and so equip him, as first w. dat. of person, Imbe sibi aurum atque ornamenta quae illi instruxit mulieri Dono habere, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 34; add 4, 3, 7; 4, 3, 34; 4, 4, 11; 6. gen. with acc. of persons or things, abl. of equipment, equip, stock, furnish, deck, Vidi ego te (o Priami domus) Tectis caelatis lacnatis Auro ebore instructam, Enn. tr. 122 V; omnibus curat rebus instructum ut sit conuiuium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; Mithridatis copias omnibus rebus ornatas atque instructas, Man. 20; add Phil. 10, 9; naues... omnibus rebus instructas, Caes. b. g. 5, 5, 2; add b. c. 1, 36, 2; nauigia instruant armamentis ministrisque, Colum. 4, 3, 1; instructum mandatis ab Hannibale, Liv. 34, 61, 7; pulchroque instructa paratu... conuiuia, Ov. M. 4, 763; Instruere epulis mensas, 8, 571; socios simul instruit armis, Verg. 8, 80; Cultibus Alciden instruit illa suis, Ov. F. 2, 318; add Verg. 12, 124; Ov. M. 11, 167; 7. absol. equip, arm with the due requisites, Omnis ad perniciem instructa domus,



Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 6; ut tu scias Quam ea nunc instructa pulere ad perniciem siet, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 41; domum tuam, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 10; ad iudicium nondum se satis instruxerat, 41—(w. witnesses, documents etc.); instructae ornataeque naues, 2, 5, 133; ad quem (se. agrum) instruendum (stock with buildings, tools, labourers etc.) uires non essent, Liv. 6, 5, 5 (cf. instrumentum); longiorem diem ad iustruendam causam petiit, Plin. ep. 10, 71 (75), 3; Vitellii filiam eplendidissime maritauit dotauitque et instruxit (with a trousseau or outfit), Suet. Vesp. 14; **8.** of the mind, esp. in the part. instructus, ad mortem contemnendam, Cic. fin. 2, 57; ad permouendos animos (sc. oratores), orat. 20; ut unus ad dicendum instructissimus a natura esse uideatur, 3, 31; a te accusatores esse instructos et subornatos, Vat. 3; Saepe decem uitisi instructor, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 25; dolis instructis et arte Pelasga, Verg. 2, 152; **9.** hence instruct, instructions; **10.** adv. instructus, ludos is fecit, Liv. 1, 35, 7—on a grander scale; accusare, Apul. mag. 34—with a better supply of eyidence etc.

**2 in-structo**, ēre, vb. [in, in] build in or into, eam (sc. con-tabulatiouem) in parietes instruxerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 1.

**in-surgo**, ēre, rexi, rectum, vb. [in for an=ava, up] rise up, rise, silex...Speluncae dorso insurgens, Verg. 8, 233\*; tenebras insurgere campis, 9, 34\*; sibilat ore (sc. serpens) Arduus insurgens, 11, 755\*; pone tergum insurgabat silua, Tac. an. 2, 16; Insurgat Aquilo quantus..., Hor. epod. 10, 7; Vastius insurgere decimae ruit impetus undae, Ov. M. 11, 530; si forte prolapsus est, attolli et insurgere band licitum, Tac. G. 39; insurgit speluncae turris ardua, Apul. M. 4, 6\*; **2.** met., insurgere paulatim (in his demands), munia senatus in ee trahere, Tac. an. 1, 2; Romanas opes insurgere, 11, 16; fremitus insurgere...sensit, Val. F. 2, 82; ut locis placidioribus septem (pedibus a terra) summis eius (sc. uitis) insurgat, Pall. 1, 6, 10; crassitudine (us crassitudinem) insurgat, Mart. Cap. 7, 755; **3.** esp. of style, insurgit aliquando Horatius et plenus est incunditatis et gratiae et uerbis felicissime audax, Quint. 10, 1, 96; quid Demosthenes, non insurgit locis? 12, 10, 23; haec (figura) crescere solet, uerbis omnibus altius atque altius insurgentibus, 8, 4, 27; add 9, 4 §§ 23, 44, 92, 134 and 136; 12, 2, 28;

**4.** with dat. rise at or against, rise to attack, credensque suis insurgere regnis, Ov. M. 9, 445\*; insurgere fesso Integer, Val. F. 4, 274\*; **5.** insurgo remis, rise on the oar as in violent rowing, pariterque insurgite remis, Verg. 3, 560\*; add 5, 189\*; Val. F. 2, 13\*; transtris, 1, 450\*;

**6.** as vb. trans., ascend, mount, iugi quod insurgimus (inscendimus) aspritudinem, Apul. M. 1, 2; **7.** the ordin. prep. in, on, or at, would suit\*; but not the others.

**in-tābesco**, ēre, bui, vb. [in=av=ava=G. ent, of beginning or away] begin to melt, or melt away, ceu lata plumbea funda Missa solet medio glans intābescere caelo, Ov. M. 14, 826; ut intabescere flauae Igne leui ceræ matutinaeque pruinæ Sole tepente soleut, 3, 488; **2.** met. pine or waste away, Interminato cum semel fixæ cibo Intabuissent pupulae, Hor. epod. 5, 40; Sed uidet ingratos intabescitque uidendo Successus hominum (se. Inuidia), Ov. M. 2, 780; nonella (nitis) nisi omnia iusta perceperit ad ultimam redigitur maciem, et sic intabescit ut..., Colum. 4, 3, 5; Virtutem uideant intabescantque relicta, Pers. 3, 38; **3.** with dat. over, quid inuait dolori intabescere, Sen. ad Polyb. de consol. 5 (24), 2; **4.** but in Cic. N. D. 3, 84 Baiter has tabescentem.

**in-tēgo**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. thatch over (see tego), tecta quae coniectis (congestis?) stramentis tentoriorum integendorum gratia erant inaedificata, Caes. b. g. 8, 5, 2; **2.** hence gen. roof over, cover with tiles etc., Detexit ucutus uillam;...omnis de tecto deturbauit tegulas; and below: Villam integendam intellego totam mihi, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 13; C. Rustius C. f. Flauos iter(um) L. Octauius L. f. Vitulus IIIuir(i) d(e) s(enatus) s(ententia) uiam integendam curauer(unt), CIL 1117; add 1118 (so as to make an arcade); quanam nunc porticus illam Integit? Prop. 3, 15, 14 (3, 23, 6); Qua for-

mosa suo Clitumnus finmina luco Integit, 3, 11, 26 (3, 12, 26); reliqua pars serobis ad occultandas iusidias uiminibus ac uirgulis integebatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 7; Namque canes ut montiugae persaepe ferai Naribus inueniunt intectas fronde quietee, Lucr. 1, 405; **3.** more met., roof over, cover over, cover, pisetium species suut lxxiii praeter crustis intecta, quae sunt xxx, Plin. 9, 43; intestina omento integuntur, 11, 204; auro integere (statuas), 34, 15; amictu corpus, Sen. Oed. 564; his cassida crines Integit, Stat. Th. 4, 303.

**intel-lēgo**, (-ligo), ēre, lexi (lēgi, cf. § 13), lectus, vb. [inter, cf. pellego, polliceor for l] lit. pick up, but limited to ideas—so gather, perceive, learn, understand, see, infer, (cf. old Scot. gleg at the uptake for quick of comprehension), quantum ego ex augurio anspicuoque intellego, Pl. As. 2, 1, 15; ludos me facitis intellego, Pers. 5, 2, 22; A. Qui? S. quia Alcumenam ante aedis stare saturam intellego, Amph. 2, 2, 35; add Meu. 4, 2, 104; 3, 2, 32; Quae quam eint cara post carendo intellegunt, poet. ap. Cic. orat. 157; de gestu intellego (so mss, Halm -ligo) quid respondeas, Vat. 35; Curio ubi neque cohortationes suas neque preces audiri intellegit..., Caes. b. c. 2, 42, 1; **2.** hence use of intellexi, I have found out, I know, Modo intellexi quam rem mulier gesserit, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 53; M. Nunc intellexi. L. dis hercle habeo gratiam, Nam mi intellexes, nunquam credo amitteres, Cist. 2, 3, 80; iam pridem cognoui atque intellexi atque arbitrator..., Cato orat. 33, 1 I; Vixidum dimidium dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; Quid, hoc intellexim? Andr. 1, 2, 30; intellexi ex tuis litteris te audisse..., Cic. Att. 6, 9, 3; add 2, 18, 1; hostes ubi spem se fefelisse intellexerunt, constituerunt optimum esse..., Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 4—cf. nosco, uoui; **3.** possess knowledge, know, understand, Quoi rei opera detur, scis tenes intellegis, Pl. Pers. 3, 5; corpus quid sit, sanguis quid sit intellego, Cic. N. D. 1, 74; intellego (so mss G C; Bait. -ligo) quid loquar, Lig. 15; **4.** esp. have a special knowledge of art etc., be a connoisseur, simulacrum Herculis quo non facile dixerim quidquam me uidisse pulchrius (tametsi non tam multum in istis rebus intellego quam multa uidi), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; nugatorium sciebam esse ista intellegere, 2, 4, 33; see also § 15 and 17; **5.** for constr. w. acc. and inf. see above; also w. simple acc., Tum denique homines nostra intellegimus bona, Quom..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 39; quom huius dicta intellego, Bac. 3, 3, 45; qui linguam auium intellegunt, Pacuv. 83 R; magna saepe intellegemus ex paruis, Cic. off. 1, 146; Illa quidem primo uillos intellegit igues, Ov. M. 9, 457; **6.** even acc. of men, understand, see into, appreciate, uir quem in quantum quisque aut cognoscere aut intellegere potuit in tantum diligit, Vell. 2, 114 f.; add 2, 116, 4; ea res concitauit Rhodios ad intellegendum artificem, Plin. 35, 88; quod Catonem aetas sua parum intellexisset, Sen. const. sap. 3; **7.** hence in pass. quae noluertunt uulgo intelligi, Cic. or. 2, 60; Barbarus hic ego sum quia non intelligōr (am uot intelligible) ulli, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 37; ut aquae salsae non intelligatur sapor, Colum. 12, 21, 5; ne miremur aestigia hominum intellegi a feris, Plin. 8, 58; (Socrates) ab hominibus sui temporis parum intelligebatur, Quinet. 11, 1, 10; solum insidiarum remedium esse, si non intellegerentur, Tac. an. 14, 6; **8.** but in the following esse is underst., ne omnium oculis uultum eorum scrutantibus falsi intellegentur, Tac. an. 3, 3; perfundere caput...et postea frigida saluberrimum intellegitur, Plin. 28, 55; **9.** as pass. impers., intellectum est mihi..., Cic. Marc. 3; intellegi necesse est esse deos, N. D. 1, 44; add flu. 3, 39; 5, 52; ex quo intellegendum est eos sensisse hoc idem, Tusc. 3, 10; semper in his studiis uiuenti non intellegitur (is not perceptible) quando obrepit senectus, sen. 38; intellecto eo quod rem continet, Tusc. 3, 58; quidam bonorum caesi postquam intellecto in quos saeuiretur pessimi quoque arma rapuerant, Tac. an. 1, 49; **10.** not used of sight, eays Quint. 10, 1, 14; nec sicut de intellectu animi recte dixerim uideo ita de uisu eolorum iutelligo; but see Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 35 in § 1; **11.** not the same w. cognosco, qua re autem in his uis deorum insit intellegam cum cognouero, Cic. N. D. 3, 61; see also Vell. 2,



114 in § 6; perh. in such distinctions cogn. speaks of knowledge obtained directly, as by sight, int. when it is inferred or learnt from others; **12.** in Lact. 2, 16 for discerno, distinguish, oraculorum praestigias a ueritate intelligere non possunt; **13.** intelligit Lachm. (who compares negligit) and Munro give in Lucr. 6, 17; but in Sal. Iug. 6, 2 postquam adulescentem magis magicque crescere intellegit, this is a present; and in hist. (p. 113, 20 lord.) read intellegent with V; **14.** intellego, not -ligo in all good mss; thus Ritschl Trin. 2, 4, 55 intellego omnes (he means good mss, not DF Z) et sic constanter; **II 15.** intelligens, part. as adj. intelligent, iudicious, iudicium, Cic. opt. g. or. 11; uir, fin. 3, 19; auditor, Brut. 199; dicendi existimator, 200; intelligentiore mente, Aug. retract. 1, 19 m.; **16.** esp. in works of art as a connoisseur, signa quae non modo istum hominem ingeniosum et intelligentem uerum etiam quemuis nostrum quos idiotas appellat, delectare possent, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 4; in hisce rebus intelligens, 2, 4, 33; **17.** as sb. semperne uulgi iudicium cum intelligentium iudicio congruit? Cic. Brut. 183; **18.** w. gen. erat et cupidus uoluptatum et eius generis intelligentes, Cic. fin. 2, 63; intelligens principis nostri, Plin. ep. 6, 27, 2; **19.** intelligenter, adv. intelligently, audiamur, Cic. part. or. 28; lectitabat, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 3.

**intēpeo**, ēre, vb. be slightly warm, as after cold, Et lacus aestiuus intēpēt Vmber aquis, Prop. 5 (4), 1, 124; **2.** after heat, be cooled down, ambustaque sontibus alte Intepet hydra uadis, Stat. Th. 2, 377.

**in-tēpesco**, ēre, tēpui, vb. intr. [in for an=ανα of beginning] begin to get slightly warm, Roscida cum primum foliis excussa pruina est Et uariae radis intepere comae, Ov. F. 5, 216; sic desaeuit...Vt sēmē intēpuit mucro, Verg. 10, 570; frigus, Colum. 1, 1, 5; annus, 11, 2, 2; **2.** begin to cool down (from great heat), ne quis intepescat cibus, ne quid parum ferueat, cenam culina prosequitur, Sen. ep. 78, 23; uer iam inclinatum in aestatem quo tempore calere debebat intepuit nec adhuc illi fides est, 67, 1; **3.** met. paululum intepescente saeuitia, Petr. 94.

**int-ēr**, prep. comp. [in, down in, w. exer. t, and so = G. unter, E. under] with acc., under (rare), aqua inter cutem minime terribilis est quae nullo antecedente morbo coepit, Cels. 2, 8, p. 45, 26; add p. 48, 31; 49, 3; 50, 7; and perh.: haec uilla inter manus meas creuit, Sen. ep. 12, 1; **2.** among, amid, in the midst of, with pl. nouns, Noctum sum in caelo clarus atque inter deos, Inter mortalis ambulans interdius, Pl. Rud. pr. 6; Hominem inter uiuos quaeritamus mortuom, Men. 2, 1, 15; postea Inter homines (in the crowd of people) me deerrare a patre atque inde auehi, 5, 9, 54; Inter eosne homines condalium te redipisci postulas? Trin. 4, 3, 15; add 5, 2, 46 and 5, 9, 54; Exul inter hostes, Att. 415 R; qui possit incolumis uel inter hostium tela uersari, Cic. or. 1, 202; assequitur inter lncos hominem Milo, Att. 4, 3, 4; Quum uitam in siluis inter deserta ferarum Lustra domosque traho, Verg. 3, 646; At Venus aetherios inter dea candida nimbos Dona ferens aderat, 8, 608; inter angustias uicorum, Suet. Aug. 45; tantum undique confluit hominum ut perique aduenae aut inter uicos aut inter uias tabernaculis positae manerent, Caes. 39; **3.** the same, even w. nouns of multitude or extent, for in w. abl., Vbi nidet auenam lolium crescere inter triticum, Enn. praec. 2, p. 165 V; haudquaquam inter id genus (sc. patricios) contemptor eius (sc. plebis) habebatur, Liv. 6, 34, 5; paeana canentis Inter odoratum lauri nemus, Verg. 6, 658; erat inter ceteram planitiem mons saxeus, Sal. Iug. 92, 5; tibiaines inter exercitum positi canere inceptabant, Gell. 1, 11, 3; **4.** with the idea of motion (=in with acc.), Haut accumst te inter oratores accipi, Pl. St. 3, 2, 38; Appius inter patres lectus, Liv. 2, 16, 5; Xenophon non excidit mihi sed inter philosophos reddendus est, Quint. 10, 1, 75; qui si ceteris uirtutibus grauitatem adiecisset ponendus inter praecipuos foret, 116; ea gens inter Romanas gentes allecta, Suet. Aug. 2; inter patricios allecti, Ner. 1; add Otho 1; Vit. 1; **5.** so with vbs. of distribution, among, between, mea bona...inter eos partiam, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 113; numquam ego manbias inter pauculos amicos meos diuisi,

Cato or. 37, 11 I; inter amicos disdidi, ib. 16; inter XXuiros agrum diuisit, Suet. Aug. 4; **6.** hence in division of labour, motive etc., inter se degularunt omnia, between them, Turp. 217 R; nullo inter arma corporaque uano intercedente telo, what with their armour and their persons, Liv. 21, 8, 9; Rhescuporis inter metum et iram cunctatus, Tac. an. 2, 66; **7.** often with adj. and vbs. of distinction, apud nos noti inter suos nobiles, Cic. Flac. 52; add Clu. 11; quantum inter omnes unus excellat, orat. 6; micat inter omnes Iulium sidus uelut inter ignes Luna minores, Hor. od. 1, 12, 46; ille Croesus inter reges opulentissimus, Sen. contr. 2, 9, 7; **8.** esp. w. pauci, surpassed by few, haec est inter paucas memorata populi Romani clades, Liv. 22, 7, 1; memorabilis inter paucas (pugna) fuisse n. i., 23, 44, 4; add 38, 15, 9; herba inter paucas utilissima, Plin. 27, 45; ad sternutamenta utilis inter pauca, 24, 97; 20, 185; 26, 59; 35, 150; but 30, 1: in paucis digna res;

**II 9.** chiefly of two individuals or classes, first of place and close contact, Infelix inter tuniculam ac strofium conlocaram (sc. epistulam), Turp. 197 R; inter femina, Nov. 41 R; numquidnam abscondidisti Inter mates? Pomp. 68 R; socculum inter togam tunicasque gestauit, Suet. Vit. 2;

**10.** of places apart, terminos inter Atestinos Patatinosque statui iusit, CIL 547 a, 10; basilicam quae fuit inter aedem Castoris et aedem Saturni, mon. Ancy. 4, 13; quum inter me et Brundisium Caesar esset, Cic. Att. 9, 2 a, 2; monte Iura qui est inter Sequanos et Heluetios, Caes. b. g. 2, 3; ager Tarquiniorum qui inter urbem ac Tiberim fuit, Liv. 2, 5, 2; **11.** of relations between persons, qui inter peregrinos ious delect, CIL 198, 12; de controuersieis inter Genuateis et Veituriis cognouerunt, 199, 1, 2; quos inter id iudicium accipietur, 205, 1, 48; quem conscripisti sungraphum Inter me et amicum et lenam, Pl. As. 4, 1, 2; Nam istic sumpulust inter erum meum et tuum de muliere, Ps. 2, 2, 53; iam pax est uos inter duos, Amph. 3, 3, 2; add Trin. 2, 4, 41; and 3, 2, 73; Iudicabit inclutum iudicium inter deas tris aliquis, Enn. tr. 92; quomiam inter nos nuptiae Sunt dictae, Afr. 355 R; qua de re inter Marcellos et Claudios patricios centumuirum iudicauerunt, Cic. or. 1, 176; inter has sententias diiudicare, Tusc. 1, 23; haec inter eos est honesta certatio, am. 32; ut inter omnes esset societas quaedam, 19; **12.** esp. w. refl. pron. inter se, uos, nos, between them, with or to one another, together, mutually, inter sed coniuars(=se), CIL 196, 13; fidem inter sed dedisse, 14; inter se paranto aut sortiunto, 206, 25; nomina Inter uos permutastis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 19; Hisce autem inter sese hunc confinxerunt dolum, pr. 35; Itaque inter se conmutant uestem et nomina, 37; add 3, 5, 19; litigatis nunc inter uos, Rud. 4, 4, 16; nos uolo Ludere inter nos, St. 5, 4, 20; fortunaeque suas coepere latrones Inter se memorare, Enn. an. 529 V; add tr. 26; 153; mercennarii inter se alteri alteros occidere, Cato orig. 17, 3 I; cogitate quanto nos inter uos cautius facimus, 23, 13; ludere inter se laetantis uidimus, Naev. 46 R; Et fingunt quandam inter se nunc fallaciam, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 15; uitam inter se utriusque conferte, Cic. Q. Rosc. 20; feci sermonem inter nos habitum in Cumano, fam. 9, 8, 1; **13.** the same, attached to adj. of nearness or distance to or from each other, collis duos propinquos inter se occupat, Sal. Iug. 98, 3; haud procul inter se, 53, 7; haud longe inter se, 55, 6; artes inter se pares, Cic. or. 1, 236; add 2, 126; dissimilis erant inter sese, Brnt. 148; diuorsa inter se mala, Sal. Cat. 5, 8; **14.** inter se etc., may be attached to a sb., copulationes atomorum inter se, Cic. fin. 1, 19; laborandum est ne nostra inter nos cessatio utuperetur, fam. 9, 3, 1; **15.** inter se etc., as obj. of a vb. (said to be for se inter se), Videns corde amare inter se, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 60; nil cessarunt ilico Osculari atque amplexari inter se, Mil. 5, 33, 40; alter alterum inter se praeherunt, Ps. 5, 1, 15; Age inepte quasi nunc non norimus nos (nom.) inter nos Ctesipho, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 7; Cicerones pueri amant inter se, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 12; sic furtim inter sese adspiciebant, Cat. 3, 13; colent inter se ac diligent, am. 82; te aduersam ascendisse ripam nosque inter nos esse complexos, diu. 1, 58; dcorum qui et inter se diligunt et hominibus consulunt, N. D. 1, 122; complecti inter se milites coepisse, Liv. 7, 42, 6; obtrectarunt inter



se, ps. Nep. Arist. 1; quum inter se timerent, id. Dion. 4, 1; inter se complexi, id. Eum. 4, 2; **16.** the same, implying secrecy, cf. Fr. entre nous, nūn bona dicam fide, Quod hic inter nos liceat? Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 31; ex quo quidem ego (quod inter nos liceat dicere) millesimam partem uix intellego, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 1; cf.: Iurat (uilicus) illas (platanos) uetulas esse; quod iutra (al. inter) nos sit, ego illas posueram, Sen. op. 12, 2; hoc mirabilis quod uos inter uos risum tenere possitis, Cic. N. D. 1, 71; **17.** in some special phrases = in w. abl., as first inter manus, esp. of a person carried off his legs in the hands of others, abripite hunc intro actutum inter manus, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 38; ut i. m. e conuiuio tamquam e proelio auferretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 28; semianimem i. m. domum ablatum, Liv. 3, 13, 3; interque manus sub tecta reponunt, Verg. 9, 502; ex balneo i. m. elatus, Sen. breu. u. 12, 7; **18.** in other uses, hac agger inter manus proferebatur, Caes. b. o. 2, 2, 3; ut uersetur (sc. liber) inter manus, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 3 f.; interque manus sunt omnia uestras, Verg. 11, 311; nisum saepius i. m. Pisonis libellum, Tac. an. 3, 16; add Plin. ep. 2, 5, 2; 5, 5, 7; i. m. regis expirauerat, Iust. 15, 3, 12; add Lucan. 2, 120; Flor. 3, 21, 26; Suet. Vesp. 24; Val. M. 5, 1 ext. 6; **19.** inter sicarios, of a special court for trial of assassinations, eum praetor quaestiuem i. s. exercuisset, Cic. fin. 2, 54; de quo (maleficio) i. s. quaeritur, inu. 2, 60; add Clu. 147; Rose. Am. 11 and 90; Phil. 2, 8; **20.** w. names of streets in Rome, dico te priore nocte uenisse inter falcarios (Seythe-makers' street) in M. Laecae domum, Cic. Cat. 1, 8; porticum extra portam Trigeminam iuter lignarios (Wood-choppers' street) fecerunt, Liv. 35, 41 f.; **21.** inter uias = in uis, in the roads, on the way, as oue goes along, G. unterwegs, Deinde egomet mecum cogitare inter uias Occepi, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 9; A. quid si eamus illis obuiam? H. At ne inter uias Praeterebitamns metuo, Poen. 5, 3, 43; coepi egomet mecum inter uias Aliam rem ex alia cogitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 1; inter uias epistula excidit mihi, Turp. 196 R; **22.** still more clearly inter = in with abl. in: inter nouam rem uerbum usurpabo uetus, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 29; **II 23.** of time, during, in the course of, on, first w. nouns of time, quot prandia, Quae inter continuum perdidit triennium? Pl. St. 1, 3, 61; quid postea? Inter tot dies quidem herele iam aliquid actum oportuit, Truc. 2, 6, 29; quae inter decem Annos nequisti unam togam detexere, Titin. 25 R; qui inter tot annos unum inuentum sit qui... Cic. Manil. 68; add Quinct. 46; Frusinone inter noctem lux orta, Liv. 32, 29, 1; inter ipsum pugnae tempus naues regiae... in sinu Maliaco stabant, 36, 20, 5; luce inter horam tertiam ferme et quartam tenebrae abortae fuerant, 38, 36, 4; in ultima quadam terra quae Albania dicitur gigni homines qui in pueritia canescant et plus cernant oculis per noctem quam inter diem, Gell. 9, 4, 6; **24.** with other nouns, hodie te accipiam lepide... Lepido uictu uino ongentis, inter pocula pulpamentis, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 36; Iuter illut tamen negotium meis curauit amicis... cena cocta ut esset, St. 5, 3, 6; Hunc inter pugnas Sernilius sic compellat, Enn. an. 256 V; praesente amicis inter cenam, Pomp. 47 R; quotiens priscus homo Romanus inter nundinum (on a Sunday) barbam radebat? Varr. s. 139, 9 R; hoc inter ceuam Tironi dicitauri, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 19; add Phil. 2, 63; Illuseras heri inter scyphos quod dixeram..., fam. 7, 22; inter hunc tumultum Tullia profugit, Liv. 1, 59, 13; 1, 41, 1; 4, 19, 7; 21, 1, 5; esp. inter principia, 1, 55, 3; Cels. 3, 22; inter initia, 3, 25; 3, 8; 4, 12; 4, 24; Plin. 21, 5; inter haec, Liv. 1, 29, 1; 2, 24, 1; 3, 57, 7; Curt. 3, 1, 1; 9, 3, 21; Suet. Tib. 8 and 63; Cal. 45; inter quae, Cels. 4, 2, 3; Tac. an. 1, 15; 2, 34 and 58; **25.** esp. with a gerund or gerundive, Sed inter rem ageudam istam herae huic respondi quod rogabat, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 55; inter poneudum, Enn.; inter loquendum Afran., both ap. Serv. ad Verg. B. 9, 23; inter laudandum, Caecil. 193 R; i. agendum, Verg. B. 9, 24; inter disceptandum, Quint. 12, 7, 6; inter canendum, Suet. Ner. 32; **26.** as adv., between, stetit arduus inter Pontus, Val. F. 5, 336; montibus inter Diuiso totidemque fretis, 6, 220; add 8, 382; **27.** constr. at times postponed, esp. after relative, quos inter id iudicium accipietur, CIL 205, 1, 48; Quae si quos inter societas est, eorum..., Cic. am. 83; Verum haec

tantum alias inter caput extulit urbes Quantum..., Verg. B. 1, 25; Has inter grauibus cogor deflere querellis, Prop. 1, 17 (16), 13; Artabanum Scythas inter eductum, Tac. an. 6, 41; more violent, qui res Romanas imperat inter, Sulp. s. 35; **28.** esp. with two nouns, in proximas segetes quas inter et castra unus omnino collis intererat, Caes. b. g. 6, 36, 2; campi qui Faesulas iuter Arretiumque iacent, Liv. 22, 3, 3; Sardanios inter Zmyrnaeosque, Tac. an. 4, 55; mare Amuclanum inter (et) Fundanos montes, 4, 59; tectum inter et laquearia, 4, 69; Iudaeam inter Suriamque, h. 2, 78; insulam inter Germanosque, 5, 19; **29.** inter repeated, esp. with interese in Cic. usually when the two clauses aro long; but poets more freely; potestne igitur quisquam dicere inter eum qui doleat et inter eum qui in uoluptate sit nihil interesse? Cic. acad. pr. 20; contio iudicare solet quid intersit inter popularem, id est adsentatorem et leuem ciuem et inter constantem et grauem, am. 95; interesse enim iuter argumentum conuolutionemque rationis et inter mediocrem animaduersionem atque ammonitionem, fin. 1, 30; interest inter causas fortuito antegressas et inter causas cohibentes in se efficientiam naturalem, fat. 19; iuter acutos et inter hebetes interest quod..., Tusc. 4, 32; ut nihil inter te atque inter quadripedem aliquid putes interesse, par. 14; certatum inter App. Claudium maxime ferunt (these interposed words account for second inter) et inter P. Decium, Liv. 10, 7, 1; At pedibus longe melior Lyceus inter et hostis, Inter et arma fuga muros tenet, Verg. 9, 556; inter Hectora Priamideum animosum atque inter Achillem Ira fuit capitalis, Hor. s. 1, 7, 12; Nestor componere lites Inter Peliden festinat et inter Atriden, ep. 1, 2, 12; add Tib. 2, 1, 67; 4, 1, 165; Prop. 3, 26 (3, 29), 15; Sil. 11, 180; Val. F. 5, 13; 6, 509; **III 30.** in composition w. vbs. between, intercalo, intercedo, interiaceo, intersum; **31.** for inter se, together, intergarrio, internecto, interplico; **32.** here and there, interlego, interniteo, interscateo; **33.** the comp. w. verbs is often imperfect, in so-called tmesis, inter enim cursant, Luor. 3, 262; inter enim iectast, 3, 860; iuter quaeuincunt pretantur, 4, 832; inter plaga currere posset, 5, 1374; iuterque legendae, Verg. G. 2, 366; **34.** comp. of adj. uuder, intercus; **35.** between, intermedius, and perh. interpres, interrex; **36.** in comp. w. sbs., as w. dim. in ium from sbs., intercolumnium, interlunium, internodium, interordinium; aud interuallum; **37.** in comp. w. adv. duriug, interibi and interim, interea; **38.** now and then, interdum, cf. § 32.

**2 int-ér,** prep. compar. insep. [in for an = *ava* or G. *ent*; t exor.; = G. *unt-er* insep.; see Key's Essays, p. 1 and esp. p. 47], first up, intel-lego, pick up; inter-cedo, turn up; inter-misceo, mix up; inter-turbo, stir up; and perh. inter-uomo, vomit up; **2.** again, inter-polus, filled anew; **3.** reversal of act, inter-iuugo, unyoke; inter-quieto, rest after labour; **4.** off or away, inter-rumpo, break off; inter-fringo, break off; inter-mitto, let go out or leave off; inter-cludo, shut off; inter-pungo, point off; inter-saepio, fence off; inter-tero (implied in intertrigo etc.), rub away; inter-uorto, divert; inter-nosco, know (one) from (another); **5.** death or destruction, off, out, inter-emo, take off; inter-ficio, put out of the way, inter-eo, pass away; inter-uado, get away; inter-morior, die off; inter-neco, kill off; inter-stinguo, stamp out; inter-struigo and inter-primio, press to death, garotte; inter-frigescio, die of cold; inter-lido, destroy by pressure; **6.** completely, up, iuter-bibo, drink up; inter-aresco, dry up or completely; **7.** through, inter-eido, cut through; inter-fluo, flow through; inter-fodio, dig through; inter-fugio, fly through; inter-datus, distributed through; inter-fundo, pour through; inter-labor, glide through; inter-meo, pass through; inter-spiro, breathe through; **8.** and while interluco, let the light through, was used of thinning trees or plants, so interuuello came to signify thiu by plucking, pluck here and there; **9.** up to the sources, thoroughly, inter-rogo, examine in a searching manner, cross-question; inter-uiso, go and hunt up; **10.** Donatus ad Eun. 1, 1, 35 makes inter-cipit = totum capit, quoting inter-bibere of Plautus; again on interturbat Andr. 4, 1, 39 he notes: inter modo non mediocriter signi-



fiat, est enim aduocua particula, modo...; on interrimto, Haut. 3, 1, 39 he says: inter et de tantundem significant ad augmentum ostendendum; hinc dicitur interfectus; so Isid. orig. 5, 26: praep. inter pro e ponebant antiqui, quoting mare interbibere from Naev.; 11. inter often yet unattached to its verb, as: nec requies inter datur ulla fluendi, Lucr. 4, 227; Inter enim fugit, 6, 332; inter quasi rupta, 5, 299; Inter enim labentur aquae, Verg. G. 2, 349; cf. inter no. 1 § 33.

**inter-aestimatio**, ōnis? f. valuation, interaestimationem seruorum, Pomp. dig. 21, 1, 64; wh. some rightly read in aestimatione.

**inter-aestuo**, āre, vb. [inter insep., up], boil up, qui (sc. stomachus) illi frequenter interaestuans erat—suffer from heart-burn, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 19; but Keil has aestuans.

**inter-albico**, āre, vb. look somewhat white here and there, chrysolitho interalbicante, Plin. 37, 172 (dub.).

**inter-āmenta**, orum, n. pl. [implies a vb. intero are], internal fittings, nauium, Liv. 28, 45, 15.

**inter-bībo**, ēre, vb. [2 inter from in=av=ava, up, off], drink up or off, drink the whole of, Quae mihi interbibere sola si uino scatat (so Lamb., mss scatet or seatat) Corinthensem fontem Pirenam potest, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 22; cf. Donat. ad Andr. 3, 2, 16 and Eun. 1, 1, 35; mare interbibere, Naev. 57 R.

**inter-bīto**, ēre, vb. [baeto], lit. pass away—hence, perish, and met. be lost or wasted, Hic ergō tibi praesidebo ne interbitat quaestio, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 47; 2. wrong qty in Forc.

1 **inter-cādo**, ēre, cessi, cessum, vb. [inter insep. compar. of in=av; =G. unter insep.] pop up, turn up, spring up, appear suddenly, come forward, huc si quis intercedat tertius pereat fame, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 57; si status condictus cum hoste intercedit dies, Tamen... Curc. 1, 1, 5; nam mihi immortalitas Partast si nulla aegritudo huic gaudio intercesserit, Ter. Andr. 5, 5, 5; Sed magnum nescio quid necessest euenisse Parmeno, Vnde ira inter eas intercessit, Hec. 3, 1, 25; nullum meum minimum dictum pro Caesare intercessit quod ille non illustri gratia exceperit, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21; eum, etsi nemo intercedebat qui se illi anteferet, neque secundum tamen neque tertium dixerim, Brut. 173; cum uestra auctoritas intercessisset ut ego regem tuerem, fam. 15, 2, 4; quod saepe in bello paruis momentis magni casus intercederent, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 1; cum nimis odiose blater(ar)et, intercessit placide Fauorinus et..., Gell. 4, 1, 4; cum intertorquet homo uolunt, tum ego intercessi et..., 15, 9, 10; si inimicitiae intercesserint, Paull. dig. 3, 3, 43, 6; 2. esp. step in and stop proceedings, put a veto upon, as a tribune etc. by virtue of his office at Rome, iourant per Iouem neque sese aduersum h(ance) l(egem) facturum..., neque sese intercesnum (quo...minus fiant), CIL 197, 18; neque quis mag(istratus)...intercedito quominus ita iudicium detur, 205, 1, 51; add 206, 163; ui pulsus ex templo L. Cottam et T. Didium cum uellent rogationi i., Cic. or. 2, 197; ea auctoritas cui scis intercessum esse, fam. 1, 7, 4; intercedi de prouinciis non licebit, prou. cons. 17; intercedit M. Antonius Q. Cassius tribuni plebis, Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 8; dixit (Varro) intercedendi ne S. C. feret ius fuisse iis solis qui eadem potestate qua ii qui S. C. facere uellent maiore esse, ap. Gell. 14, 7, 6; Sergius Verginiusque (tribuni militum) intercedere senatus consulto, Liv. 5, 9, 3; praetori non intercedere tribunos quo minus sua potestate utatur, 38, 60, 3; 3. of emperors, priuatas gratiarum actiones cohibet (sc. Trajan), intercessurus etiam publicis si permitteret sibi uetare quod senatus iuberet, Plin. pan. 4; iniquitatibus magistratum, 80; de cognomine intercessit Augustus, Suet. Tib. 17; intercessit quo minus in acta sua iuraretur, 26; 4. beyond leg. sphere, hoc fuisse (sc. pisciculum) quod ecce remigum obsequio contra se intercederet, Plin. 32, 4; non quia intercedendum putem imaginibus, Tac. Agr. 46; intercedere casibus, Plin. pan. 25 f.; 5. in law, come forward as security for a debt, guarantee, intercessisse se pro his magnam pecuniam, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5;

tantum enim (sc. sestertium sexagiens) se pro te intercessisse, Phil. 2, 45; add Att. 16, 1, 5; si apud minorem mulier pro alio intercesserit non est ei actio in mulierem danda, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 12; quotiens pro debitore intercesserit mulier, Ulp. dig. 16, 1, 8, 7; add dig. 16, 1, 2, 1; 17, 1, 6, 2; 6. of time, pass away, una nox intercesserat cum..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 89; nix annus intercesserat ab hoc sermone cum..., or. 2, 89; nullus dies temere intercessit quo non ad eum scriberet, Nep. Att. 20, 2; ut spatium intercederet dum milites..., Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 6; nullum intercedebat tempus quin proliarentur, b. c. 1, 78, 5; add 2, 39, 5.

2 **inter-cādo**, ēre, cessi, cessum, vb. [inter, between] proceed between, march between, inter singulas legiones impedimentorum magnum numerum intercedere, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 2; 2. of positiui, lie between: or as we say, run between, silnarum quae intercederent inter ipsos atque Ariouistum, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 6; oppidi murus ab planitie recta regione si nullus amfractus intercederet, nec passus aberat, 7, 46, 1; add 5, 50, 1; 7, 26, 2; 7, 47, 2; b. c. 1, 66, 4; pratis oleisque intercedente publica uia in contrarias sedes transgressis (owing to an earthquake), Plin. 2, 199;

3. met. subsist between, Tacebit dum intercedet familiaritas, Ter. Ph. 4, 1, 17; inter nos netus usus intercedit, Cic. fam. 13, 23, 1; is qui cum tibi affinitas societas omnes denique causae et necessitudines ueteres intercedebant, Quinct. 48; ut ei (sc. homini) cum genere humano quasi ciuile ius intercederet, fin. 3, 67; quod facerem uehementius, nisi intercederent mihi inimicitiae cum istius mulieris uiro, Cael. 32; decebat quam ueteres causae necessitudinis ipsis cum Haeduis intercederent, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 6; necessitudinem sibi nihilo minorem cum Caesare intercedere, b. c. 2, 17, 2; hinc et paternum hospitium cum Pompeio et simulatas cum Curione intercedebat, 2, 25, 4; 4. see also 1 intercedo.

1 **inter-cīdo**, ēre, eidi, cisus, vb. [inter insep., through etc.; caedo] cut through, lacus Velinus a M' Curio emissus interciso monte in Nar defluit, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 5; Alexander intercidi planitiem eam iusserat vii ad p. longitudine ut duos sinus iungeret, Plin. 5, 116; qui incendii arandi gratia uieinas aedes intercidat, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 49; aquam caelestem interciso aggere...perduxerit, inser. Or. 3845; sententias (make wrong stops in reading?) Gell. 13, 31 (30), 9; add Plin. 11, 174; Tac. an. 16, 14 f.; arundinetum (for thinning), Colum. 4, 32, 4; 2. cut open, corrupto scribae seruo interceperat commentarios intercederatque, Plin. ep. 6, 22, 4; 3. Interceisa as a prop. name, a cutting near the Via Flaminia, also called Petra Pertusa, itin. Hieros. and Tab. Pent.

2 **inter-cīdo**, ēre, vb. cut between or in the middle, intercisum pontem morandi itiuere causa, Liv. 26, 9, 3; add 11; ueuae duobus locis deligandae intercedendaeque sunt (to stop a haemorrhage), Cels. 5, 26, 21, 1. 30 Dar.;

2. interceisi dies (also endoterceisi), days in the calendar the middle of wh. was available for courts of law, per quos mane et uesper est nefas, medio tempore inter hostiam caesam et exta porrecta fas, Varr. l. 6, 4, p. 211 Sp.; interceisi deorum hominumque communes sunt, and then like Varro, Macr. s. 1, 16, 3; cf. Ov. F. 1, 47—52; marked en for endoterceisus, as on Jan. 10, wh. Fasti Praenestini add: haec nota significat diem intercisum nam endo olim) pro in ponebatur; cf. Aug. 22 in F. Pinciani, F. Maffi, F. Vall.; but in F. Antiates, the mark is e, see Oct. 14, Dec. 12; 3. heuce in Stat. Th. 2, 184 lux interceisa, the sun hiding himself at midday so as not to see the banquet of Thyestes; 4. interceisō adv., ut interceise (dicatur), as where two connected words are parted by another, e.g. nullum intermisi diem and ab heroicis ducta temporibus (qu. by Gell. 11, 2); Cic. part. 24; ex eodem libro haec interceise (omitting words) commemoramus, Gell. 11, 2, 5; dictum i. autumo quasi abaeustum (by syncope), 15, 3, 4.

3 **inter-cīdo**, ēre, eidi, vb. [inter insep. away, of destruction; eado] fall in ruin, disappear, perish, be lost, Pereant amici dum inimici una intercedant, poet. ap. Cic. Deiot. 25; ut uix ullum telum in mari unum intercederet, fell without



effect, was wasted (every one told), Liv. 26, 39, 13; so also 21, 8, 9; 38, 22, 7—but see intercido 4; imp. Caesar... Hadrianus uiam Iuliam a flumine Tre(b)ia quae uetustate intercederat restituit, inscr. Or. 5103; litterarum habita cura ne intercederent, Liv. 2, 4, 7; quattuor fere partibus (Caeae insulae) mari deuoratis...intercidere Coeresus Pooeessa, Plin. 4, 62; quae (sc. pictures of note) conueniet attingi, siue exstant siue intercidere, 35, 53; multa (oua polypti) propter numerum intercidunt, 9, 163; Caceubum iam intercidit incuria coloni, 14, 61; illis quantum iuuentutis bello intercidat mulierum fecunditate suppleri, Iust. 3, 4, 4; 2. of immaterial things, saepe bene gerendae rei occasiones intercidere, Liv. 41, 15, 8; periculum erit ne inter moras actiones intercidant, Papin. dig. 5, 3, 49; huius morte Atheniensium nirtus i., 6, 9, 1; in seruus iam intercidit illud genus (nominum) quod dicebatur a domino unde Marcipores..., Quint. 1, 4, 26—are gone out of use; so also 1, 5, 52; 10, 2, 13; nihil aequae negligentia i. (of the memory), 11, 2, 40; 3. esp. of the memory, be forgotten, quia nulla gesta res insignem fecerit consulatum memoriam intercidisse, Liv. 2, 8, 5; Quod si intercederit tibi nunc aliquid, repetes mox, Hor. s. 2, 4, 6; Augur erat, nomen intercidit anuis, Ov. F. 2, 443.

4 **inter-cido**, ēre, vb. fall between, carne fluit quem imbre ingens numerus auium interuolitando rapuisse fertur, quod intercidit sparsum ita iacuisse ut..., Liv. 3, 10, 6.

**intercilium**, ii, n. [inter cilia] the hairless part between the eyebrows, i. *μεσοφρουν*, Gloss. Philox.; i. est medium illud inter supercilia quod sine pilis est, Isid. or. 11, 1.

1 **inter-cipio**, ēre, cēpi, ceptus, vb. [inter insep., away, off; capio] take off, carry off, as prize in war, Tun redimes me si me hostes interceperint? Pl. As. 1, 1, 93; magnum numerum iumentorum atque hominum intercipiunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 2; has quum audacius progressas uidisset, sperans intercipi posse, quadriremes quinque ad eas misit, 3, 24, 2; add b. g. 5, 39, 2; and Hirt. (?) 8, 47, 2; 8, 47, 3 and 7; 2. met. make prize of, esp. as an euphemism for stealing, bag (so to say), Nam quod nos capere oportet, haec intercipit, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 35; wh. Donat. would make it=totum capit, comparans interfibere of Pl. Aul.; Sardiniam inter motum Africae fraude Romanorum interceptam, Liv. 21, 1, 5; Terga caput tangunt, colla intercepta uidentur, Ov. M. 6, 379; interceptum mare arbitretur, Plin. pan. 16 f.; mirari quo ore eum se (sc. agrum) a populo Romano intercepturos sperent, Liv. 3, 71, 7; Sithouia regi ferus interceperat illam, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 25; interficere (Arionem) nauis parantibus ad interceptiendos eius quaestus, Plin. 9, 28; alterum (librum) quantum notando consequi poterant interceptum boni iuuenes uulgauerant, Quint. pr. 7; quum librum nondum editum fraude interceptisset, Suet. gr. 3; add 5; 3. esp. of death, saepe morbis (apes) intercipiuntur, Colum. 9, 3, 4; si me quod aequum fuit fata intercepissent (Q. himself, rather than his young son, and so not of a premature death, as some say), Quint. 6 pr. 1; ceterum interceptus quoque magnum sibi uindicat locum, 10, 1, 21; intercepto rege mortalitate, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 4; ueneno interceptus, Tac. an. 3, 12; Suet. Caes. 20; and Claud. 1;

4. of intercepted letters (but regarded as a prize), Epistulam hanc modo intercepti et symbolum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 26; non committendae (sc. litterae) eiusmodi periculo ut aut interire aut aperiri aut intercipi possint, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 2; de iis rebus quas intercipi periculosum esset, 10, 8, 1; add Q. fr. 3, 9, 3; 5. gen. stop, iter, Curt. 4, 2, 9; usum aurium, 4, 13 f.; sermones, Quint. 6, 4, 11; 6. see

2 **inter-cipio**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] take on its way to another, intercept, id (sc. uenenum) cum daretur in mulso (Oppiaico) Balbutium interceptisse, bibisse statimque esse mortuum, Cic. Clu. 166; Ilo namque procul ualidam direxerat hastam Quam medius Rhoetecus intercipit, Verg. 10, 401; sibilis id in sublime iactari sagoque oportere intercipi ne tellurem attingat, Plin. 29, 52; quae uos ne qua interceperet obliuio (on their way to posterity) incidenda in aere censuistis, Plin. pan. 75; 2. this sense might seem to suit Pl., Ter., Cic., Caes. in intercipio (1), but such

compounds w. inter between were prob. unknown in early writers.

**inter-clūdo**, dēre, si, sus, vb. [inter insep., off] shut off, esp. i. animam or spiritum, choke, cum periculo introitur ita ut quibusdam sit interclusa anima, Varr. r. 1, 63, 1; uento mixtus imber quum iam spiritum intercluderet nec recipere animam sineret, Liv. 21, 58, 4; dicenti haec lacrimae simul spiritum et uocem intercluserunt, 40, 16, 1; add 23, 7, 3; 40, 24, 7; qui imperantius hauserant, intercluso spiritu extincti sunt, Curt. 7, 5, 15; 2. shut off, cut off from access to, w. acc. of pers., ab or mere abl. of that from which, frumento commatuae, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 2; ab oppido et poute et comateo omni, b. c. 1, 43, 2; add b. g. 3, 23, 6; b. c. 1, 72, 1; 2, 20, 1; tribunus a plebe, Liv. 25, 4, 4; saepe illos aspera ponti Interclusit hiemps, Verg. 2, 111; 3. hence in pass. w. nom. of person, ut Caesar ab exercitu intercludatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 6; itinere et Liguri, 7, 59, 1; Dyrrachio, b. c. 3, 42, 1; but ab eo (sc. Dyrrachio) 3, 41, 3; ab oppido, Liv. 1, 27, 10; castris, 27, 42, 4; add Cic. Att. 9, 6, 2; Cael. ap. fam. 8, 1, 4; 4. w. acc. of road or approach, close, block up, cut off, Interclude commatum inimicis, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 68; uia interclusa frondibus, Cic. Cael. 42; duo sunt aditus in Ciliciam quorum uterque paruis praesidiis propter angustias intercludi potest, fam. 15, 4, 4; interclusis itineribus, Caes. b. g. 3, 3, 2; 7, 65, 4; b. c. 1, 72 f.; omnes aditus ad Sullam, Cic. Rose. Am. 110; omnes seditionum uias, Rab. perd. 3; 5. shut out from attack, protect, Amazonia latus intercludere pelta, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 131; 6. met., shut out, prevent, impediore dolore quominus plura scribam, Cic. Att. 8, 8 f.

**interconclio**? in Quint. 12, 10, 59 Bonnell has: siue conclianandi, not siue aliud interconclianandi.

**inter-cus**, cūtis, adj. [inter cutem, under the skin] under the skin, w. aqua, of dropsy or any such collection of water, Num eum uete(r)nus aut aqua intercus tenet? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 3; add Friuol. ap. Prisc. 1, 271, 4 K; medicamentum ad int. aq., Cic. off. 3, 92; decessit morbo aquae iutrcutis, Suet. Ner. 5 f.; Celsus writes separately aqua inter cutem, 3, 21; 2. met., aquam te in animo habere i., Lucil. ap. Non. 37; intercutibus ipsi uitis madentes (of a dropsical character), Gell. 13, 8 f.; 3. intercutibus stupris, de patibicis, Cato or. 40, 3 I; cf. Paul. ex F. 110, 23 M.

**intercūtitus**, = ualde stupratus, Paul. ex F. 113, 13 M; see intercus § 3.

**inter-dico**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. [inter insep., off; cf. G. unter-sagen], lit. say off, away—hence forbid, w. dat. of person, quotiens hoc tibi uerbero ego interdixi Meam ne sic uolgo pollicitere operam? Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 65; Seruitus mea mi interdixit ne quid mirer meum malum, Pers. 4, 4, 69; interdixi tibi de medicis, Cato ad fil. p. 77, 9 I; interdicto ne extulisse extra aedis puerum usquam uelis, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 48; add Ph. 4, 4, 27; nec mihi ne faciam interdictum puto, Cic. fin. 1, 7; qui meretricis amoribus interdictum iuuentuti putet, Cael. 48; interdicat Cassiullauno ne Trinobantibus noceat, Caes. b. g. 5, 22 f.; interdicat omnibus ne quemquam interficiant, 7, 40; 2. w. abl. of that from wh. one is debarred, si quis eorum decreto non stetit, sacrificiis interdicunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 6; qua adrogantia usus omni Gallia Romanis interdixisset, 1, 46, 4; interdictis patribus commercio plebis, Liv. 5, 3, 8; interdictum mari Antiati populo est, 8, 14, 8; Anagninis... magistratibus interdictum, 9, 43, 24; feminis dumtaxat purpurae usu (so Madv., not usum), 34, 7, 3; hoc uindicant nulli interdicti misericordia (so Bursian tacite), Sen. contr. 1, 14; quod ei domo sua interdixisset, Quint. 6, 3, 79; 3. with acc. of thing forbidden (or uom. in pass.), sed ut huic furiae uox interdiceretur, decreuistis ut..., Cic. har. resp. 11; non modo nullo proposito praemio sed etiam interdicto, Balb. 26; add Hor. ep. 1, 6, 64; Ov. M. 10, 336; tr. 1, 4, 20; interdicatur uini potus, Plin. 30, 87, 9, 118; 19, 53; interdixit histriobibus scenam, Suet. Dom. 7; Druidarum religioem ciuibus sub Augusto interdictam, Claud. 25; 23; Aug. 27; Cal. 25; Vesp. 14; cui patriam inter-



dixerant, Iust. 16, 4, 5; 41, 3, 2; and Apul. dogm. Pl. 22; **4.** w. nom. of person forbidden in pass., implying an acc. in active, philosophi urbe et Italia interdici sunt, Gell. 15, 11, 4; moribus eorum non poterat interdici socio gener, could not be excluded from his society, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 2; **5.** w. inf., (i. alicui) arte sua uit, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 43; commeatus peti, Suet. Galb. 6; **6.** esp. a legal term, forbid by injunction, as praetor etc., quom d(e) e(a) r(e) decernet interdicetue, CIL 205, 3; praetor interdixit de ui hominibus armatis, Cic. Caecin. 23; qui de minimis aquarum controuersiis interdicit, is repente obmutescet? 36; male rem gerentibus patribus bonis interdici solet, sen. 22; prodigijs interdicitur honorum suorum administratio, Gal. 1, 53; **7.** esp. in the form, aqua et igni i., forbid the use of fire and water, and so outlaw, Cic. Phil. 6, 10; Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 1, 2; Flor. 3, 16, 2; Gai. 1 §§90, 128 and 161; and beyond courts of law, Caes. b. g. 6, 44, 3; **8.** apply for an injunction, Ulp. dig. 10, 4, 3, 11; add 43, 30, 5; 43, 17, 3, 6; and perh.: ille tibi interdixit rem capitalem, Cato or. 43, 5 I; **9.** simply give a warning, hoc interdicere non alienum fuit, ut..., ad Her. 2, 16; **10.** interdixem for interdixissem, Catul. ap. Gell. 19, 9, 14.

**inter-dīū**, adv. (shortened from interdius), by day, esp. as opp. to noctu, caues interdiu clausos esse oportet ut noctu acriores sint, Cato r. 124 (125); S. potest. C. Interdiu, sed si hic pernocto, causae quid dicam Syre? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 15; Nemo umquam uidit ebrium ire interdiu, Turp. 199 R; tempus ita quaeritur, noctu an interdiu, ad Her. 2, 7; Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; 7, 69, 7; Liv. 27, 45, 12; **2.** opp. to nocte, Liv. 1, 47, 1; 8, 34, 10; 21, 32, 10; 30, 4, 3.

**inter-dīus**, adv. [inter during, dius perh. the neut. sb. implied in diurnus, = F. jour], during the day, by day, Set quid hoc? Oeculus ianua est interdius, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 14; Quae istaec audaciast te sic interdius Cum corolla ebrium incedere? Ita lubet, Ps. 5, 2, 8; add As. 3, 3, 9; Aul. 1, 1, 33; Rud. pr. 7; but in Merc. 5, 2, 21: Non concedam neque quiescam usquam noctu neque dius (so or nearly so all mss), Siluano in silua interdius uotum facito, Cato r. 83 (84).

**inter-do**, āre, vb. [inter insep., through, cf. *ανα-διδωμι*], distribute, Propterea capitur cibis ut suffulciat aris Et recreet uires interdatus, Lucr. 4, 868; **2.** but in 4, 227 read: Fertur et in cunctas dimittitur undique partis Nec mora nec requies inter datur ulla fluendi, i. e. interfluendi.

**inter-duo**, vb. [inter insep., away], put apart, distinguish (one from the other), Vel te interisse uel perisse praedicant; Dum pereas (nihil interduo), aiant uiuere, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 36; Eluas tu an excingare, ciccum non interduim, Rud. 2, 7, 22; Ceterum qui sis qui non sis, floccum non interduim, Trin. 4, 2, 152.

**inter-ēmo**, (-imo), ēre, ēmi, emptus, vb. [inter insep. away, off], take away, cause to pass away, bring to an end, annihilate, Quid est? Interemere (so V) illi ait uelle uitam, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 30; uitam tuam ego interimam, Epid. 4, 2, 24; add Cist. 4, 2, 45; Ni calor ac uentus...interemant sensum, Lucr. 3, 287; senes ad coemptiones faciendas interemendum (so codd. Mon.) sadorum causa reperti sunt, Cic. Mur. 27; and strengthened, neque ad nihilum interemat res (sc. natural), Lucr. 1, 216; ne uentus lucernam interemat (put out), Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 13; add dig. 40, 7, 3, 14; **2.** esp. kill, accurrite Ne se interimat, Pl. Cist. 3, 13; add Most. 5, 2, 46; Hospitem depositam interimes, Att. 51 R; Lucretia se ipsa interemit, Cic. fin. 2, 66; ea quae interimant, N. D. 1, 50; qui Argum dicitur interemisse, 3, 56; (Scaenola) ab his interemptus, Rose. Am. 33; stirpem fratris uirilem interimit, Liv. 1, 3, 11; add 25, 28, 8; and Hor. s. 2, 3, 131; od. 4, 4, 72; Ov. M. 13, 245; F. 2, 809; Vell. 2, 85, 4; **3.** of veget. life, hunc ueprein interimi non posse, nisi radicibus effodere uelis, Colum. 11, 3, 7; **4.** met., illaec interemit me modo...oratio, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 22; add 5, 1, 4; me quidem interimunt hae uoces Milonis, Cic. Mil. 93.

**inter-fēmīn-ium**, ii, n. [femen], the fork of the body, Apul. mag. 33 f. and 34; interfeminiūm το γυναικειον, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-fēmūs**, ōris, n. [femus, var. of femur, see Apul. M. 31 bis], the same, = *περιναϊον*, Gloss. Philox.; = *μεσομηριον*, ib.

**inter-ficio**, ōre, fēci, fectus, vb. [inter insep.; facio] bring to an end, finish, despatch, consume, annihilate, Vnus fructus uictus cultus iam mihi harum aedium Interemptust, interfetust alienatus, occidi, Pl. Merc. 5, 1, 4; uita humana prope uti ferrum est: si exerceas conteritur; si non exerceas, tamen rubigo interficit, Cato ad fil. p. 83, 6; fati interneionem fore Meleagro ubi toruus esset interfectus flammeus, Att. 452 R; piscium atque altium uim interfecisti, Lucil. ap. Non. 330; Durum molle uoras, fragmenta interficis panis, id. 449; Fer stabulis inimicum ignem atque interfice messis, Verg. G. 4, 330; interfecisti hoc pacto negotij, Th. C. 4, 22, 2; exercitum, Eutrop. 3, 20 (11); ps. Nep. Arist. 2, 1; **2.** w. abl. in respect of, Salue qui me interfecisti paene et uita et lumine, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 37; uirum uita interfecerat, Gell. 12, 7, 2; **3.** absol. kill, Di deaque omnes me pessimis exemplis interfeciaut Nisi ego illam anum interfecero siti fameque atque algi, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 35; An obsecro usquam sunt homines uolatici? Fuere uerum ego interfecei, Poen. 2, 30; add 3, 1, 21; decem capita libera interficis, Cato or. 40, 1 I; Nunc est profecto interfici quom perpeti me possum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 3; Qua super re interfectum esse dixi Hippotem? Pacuv. 237 R; si insidijs interfectus esset, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; ut Aurium et eius filium interficiendos curaret, Clu. 25; add Manil. 11; dom. 59; L. Cassium interfecerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 6 et passim; feras, Lucr. 5, 1249; si capta domo dominum interfecturus eram, Liv. 40, 14, 4; Adherbalem exercituum neeat, deinde omnis puberes Numidas...interfecit, Sal. Iug. 26 f.; **4.** of veget. life, nullo modo facilius posse herbas areescere et interfici, Cic. oecoon. ap. Non. 450; **5.** interfecta uirginitas, Apul. M. 5, 4; singultu crebro sermonem interficiens et uerba deuorans, 11, 24 f.; and perh. some of § 1.

**inter-flo**, fieri, fectus, vb. irr. [inter insep.], be finished, killed, Em istic oportet opsri mores malos, Si in opsendo possint interfieri, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 131; Aut flammis interfiat melle ferarum, Lucr. 6, 931; see interficio.

**inter-fluo**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], flow through, Nec mora nec requies inter datur ulla fluendi, Lucr. 4, 227 and 6, 931; wh. Lachm. and Munro strangely write interdatur.

**inter-fluo**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] flow between, fretum quod Naupactum et Patras interfuit, Liv. 27, 29, 9; add 41, 23, 16; angusto freto interfluente (sc. inter insulas), Plin. 3, 76; add Curt. 4, 3, 6; Mart. Cap. 6, 213, p. 225 Eyss.; **2.** insulae interfluuntur, Apul. mund. 4 f.

**interflu-us**, adj. [interfluo 1], flowing through, Euphrates, Plin. 6, 121; humor, Pall. 10, 10, 4; amnis, Sol.

**inter-fōdio**, ēre, fōdi, fossus, vb. [inter insep.] dig through, Pupillas interfodiunt, Lucr. 4, 716; interfossis radicibus, Pall. 11, 12, 2.

**inter-for**, āri, fātus, vb. r. [inter insep., off], interrupt (by speaking), priusquam ille postulatulum perageret, Appius interfatur, Liv. 3, 47, 4; orsus (consul) meritas Decii laudes interfante ipso Decio distulit contionem, 7, 36, 9; orsum eum dicere...uiolenter Phaeneas interfatus nou in uerbis rem uerti ait, 32, 34, 2; nec plura querentem Passa Venus medio sic interfata dolorest, Verg. 1, 385; quem interfari nefas esset (as tribune), hunc etiam conuicia audire, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 2.

**inter-frigescō**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], die of cold, hence met., become obsolete, nec in infinitum captiosi silentij tempus per quod res interfrigescat concessum sibi credat, fragm. Vat. 155.

**inter-fringo**, ēre, frēgi, fractus, vb. [inter insep.], break off, break, si quid uentus interfregit, Cato r. 44 (45); quoted by Plin. 17, 127.

**inter-fūgio**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], fly through, Inter enim fugit ac penetrat per rara uiarum, Lucr. 6, 332.

**inter-fulgens**, utis, part. [wh. inter?], shining through and so amid, or else here and there, aurum argentumque cumulo rerum aliarum interfulgens, Liv. 28, 23, 4.



**inter-fundor**, i, fūsus, vb. r. [which inter?], flow through or between, Anien. periog. 255 and 1110; **2.** esp. in part., quos...nouiens Styx interfusa coerces, Verg. G. 4, 480; Sicilia quondam Bruttio agro cohaerens, mox interfuso mari auulsa freto, Plin. 3, 86; **3.** met. Verg. 4, 644; Stat. Th. 3, 677.

**inter-fūro**, ēre, vb. [which inter?], rage through or between, alternum orbem, Stat. Ach. 1, 395.

**interfūsiō**, ōnis, f. [interfundor], flowing through or between, Lact. 7, 3 f.

**inter-garrīo**, ire, vb. [inter, between], gabble or chatter with one another, hence in perf. part. pass., dein pauculis uerbis intergarritis, Apul. mag. 17.

**intergēries**, ēi, f. [inter-gēro], a party-wall, =paries, τοιχος ὁ δυο κτησεις διαμετων, Gloss. Philox.

**intergēr-luus**, adj., piled up between, partitioning off (buildings), intergeriui parietes dicuntur qui inter confines struuntur et quasi intergeruntur, Paul. ex F. 110, 21; **2.** as sb. m. (paries und.), a party-wall, nec intergeriunorum ratio patitur, Plin. 35, 173; intergeriuis a solo fornicatis (of a beehive), 11, 23; add 13, 82.

**inter-gēro**, ēre, vb. pack between, see intergeriuis.

**intēr-ibi**, adv. [inter, during, w. dat. of is ea id; cf. post-ibi] during this, meanwhile, Abi et istuc cura. Interibi ego ad anicam meam Volo puerum mittere, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 86; add Poen. 3, 3, 3; Capt. 5, 1, 31 and 33; Mil. 2, 1, 26; Rud. 4, 6, 20; As. 5, 2, 41; Afran. 138 R; but in Gell. 3, 7, 17 Hertz has interim dum ibi pugnatur.

**intēr-im**, adv. [shortened from intēr-ibi] during this, meanwhile, Nec mater lena ad uinum accedat interim, Pl. As. 4, 1, 54; and 29 other pass.; interim aliquot pauca castra feci, Cato or. 35, 5 I; Curabat una funus tristis, interim Non nunquam conlaerumabat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 81 and 100; Eun. 3, 5, 59; 5, 2, 3; hoc interim spatio conclaue illud ubi epularetur Scopas concidisse, Cic. or. 2, 353; interim ad me uenit Munatius, fam. 10, 12, 20; add Rose. Am. 80; interim quotidie Caesar Haeduos frumentum flagitare, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 1; 1, 24, 2; **2.** of argument, at the same time, yet, withal, et iniquorum ratio noscenda est, ut melius aequa tueamur. Interim si quis bono inhonesta suadebit, meminerit... Quint. 3, 8, 44; quod alias uitiosum, interim alias rectum est, 1, 5, 29; **3.** interim followed by interim or mox or quandoque etc..., at one time...at another..., O litterae quae interim longa ac breuis, interim pro syllaba quam nomine suo exprimit posita est, Quint. 1, 7, 11; idque interim fieri quia..., interim quia..., 2, 3, 4; add 2, 4, 39; 2, 15, 12; 3, 6, 8; 4, 1, 11; 6, 5, 59; 10, 3, 33; 1. nauibus i. uehiculis uti prout loca suascrint, Trajan ad Plin. 16 (27); qui rem publicam i. premant, quandoque distrahant, Tac. an. 1, 4, f.; interim..., mox ..., 14, 41; **4.** hence w. a single interim, at times, interim optimum misericordiae genus est occidere, Sen. ira 1, 16, 3; uel plura iusto concipiens interim spiritus, Quint. 2, 4, 4; quamlibet pulchra elocutio nisi ad uictoriam tendit utique superuacua sed interim etiam contraria est, 2, 4, 32; add 3, 6, 88; 3, 8, 43; interim scelus est fides, Sen. Herc. Oct. 484.

**intērīmo**, see interemo.

**1 inter-iungo**, ēre, nxi, nctus, vb. [int-er from in=an =ava=G. ent=E. un of reversal] nyoke (G. ent-jochen) and so stop a while at an inn, to take a siesta, et hora lassos Interiungit equos meridia, Mart. 3, 67, 7; **2.** met., Lassus tam cito deficiis uiator Et cum currere debeas Bonillas Interiungere quaeris ad Bouillas, Mart. 2, 6, 16; quidam medio die interiuuxerunt et in postmeridianas horas aliquid leuoris operae distulerunt, Sen. tranq. 17, 7; breuissimo somno utor et quasi interiuungo (stop to bait my horse), ep. 83, 6.

**2 inter-iungo**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] yoke together, only in perf. part., natantibus ire Interiunctus equis, Stat. Th. 6, 308; **2.** interjoin, tum interiuinctae dextrae, Liv. 23, 30, 6.

**inter-lābor**, i, vb. r. [which inter?] glide through or

between, squalentis infode conchas Inter enim labentur aquae, Verg. G. 2, 349; stellae, Stat. Th. 2, 649.

**inter-lēgo**, ēre, vb. [inter, among] put or gather here and there, as for thinning trees of fruit etc., uncis Carpendae manibus frondes interque legendae, Verg. G. 2, 366; si spissa poma ramos onerabunt, interlegenda sunt quaeque uitiosa ut alimentum ceteris succus aequiparet, Pall. 3, 25, 16; add 7, 5, 1; 8, 4, 1.

**inter-līdo**, ēre, līsus, vb. [inter insep., away] strike out, Iouis glandem quae nunc litteris interlisis iuglans nominatur, Gaius ap. Macr. 8, 3, 17, 3; dentem, Paul. Nol. 10, 261.

**1 inter-līno**, ēre, lēui, lītus, vb. [inter insep., away] daub out, blot out, in eo codice qui tum interlitus proferebatur, Cic. Clu. 91; qui testamentum interleuerit, 125; tabulae quae se corruptas atque interlitas esse clamant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 104; litterae lacrimis interlita, Hier. ep. 14, 1.

**2 inter-līno**, ēre, [inter, between] only in perf. part. interlitus, smeared between, cemented, caementa non calce durata sed interlita luto, Liv. 21, 11, 8; muros bitumine i., Curt. 5, 1, 16 and 25.

**1 inter-lōquor**, i, cūtus, vb. [inter insep.; cf. inter-fari] interrupt (by words), Sicin' mihi interloquere? Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 13; **2.** as a judge during proceedings, make an interlocutory remark or enquiry, Gell. 14, 2, 19; si praeses scribendum principi interlocutus est, Ulp. dig. 28, 3, 6, 7; si praeses uel iudex ita interlocutus sit Vim fecisti, 48, 19, 32; add 40, 5, 38; 49, 1, 1, 2.

**2 interlōquor**, i, vb. [inter, between] talk together, only in part., interloquentibus riuilis, itin. Alex. 15 cd. Mai.

**interlūcātio**, ōnis, f. [interlūco] thinning of trees or plants, i. arboribus prodest, Plin. 17, 257.

**inter-lūceo**, ēre, or -luceseo, ēre, luxi, vb. [inter insep.] shine through, pierce with light, duos soles uisos et nocte interlucisse, Liv. 29, 14, 3; **2.** esp. have openings or gaps through which the light is seen, Qua rarast acies interlucetque corona Non tam spissa uiris, Verg. 9, 508; ea interualla expeditis uclitibus impleuit ne interluceret acies, Frontin. 2, 3, 16; rariore atque interlucentes (milites) aditum perumpendi hostibus praestant, Veg. mil. 1, 26; **3.** met., quibus inter gradus dignitatis aliquid interlucet, Liv. 1, 42, 4; add: ad Her. 3, 31; **4.** interlucresco διαφανω, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-lūco**, āre, vb. [inter insep.; lux] let the light through, thin (as trees, by cutting away branches), adultas oleas, Plin. 17, 94; densitatem ramorum, 17, 214.

**inter-luo**, ēre, vb. [which inter?] wash or flow through or between, pontus...urbes Litore diductas angusto interluit aestu, Verg. 3, 419; add 7, 717; tramisso quod Capreas et Surrentum interluit freto, Tac. an. 6, 7 (6, 1); **2.** in Cato r. 132 (133) manas interluito means what? In Liv. 41, 23, 1 Madv. has interfluit; in Curt. 4, 3, 6 Zumpt interfluens.

**interlūu-ies**, ēi, f. a strait, Ebudes insulae angusta interlūuie diuiduntur, Sol. 22, p. 235, 1, which Momms. thinks an interp.

**inter-meo**, āre, vb. [inter insep.] pass through, Pergamum quod intermeat Selinus, Plin. 5, 120.

**intermēstris**, e, adj. [for inter-meus-eris fm. mensis, w. silent n, exer. t] between-moons, hence as sb. (dies understood) intermestri, on the day when the moon in conjunction is invisible, new moon, Cato r. 37 (38), 3; quoted by Plin. 16, 194; a mensibus intermestris dictus quem Attici ετηρη και νεαν appellarunt, Varr. l. 6, 2, p. 193 Sp.

**inter-mētium**, ii, n. the space between the two metae of a race-course, =το μεταξυ των καμπτηρων, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-mīco**, āre, vb. [which inter?] glitter through or between, tenebras nimbosque intermicat ignis, Val. F. 4, 662; add Stat. Th. 12, 252; Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 183; Lact. 6, 20.



**intermīno**, āre, vb. = interminor, quis homo iuterminat? Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 42.

**inter-minōr**, āri, vb. r. [inter insep., as in interdico] forbid or warn with threats, w. dat. of person, Eminor interminorque nequis mihi opset obuiam, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 11; Interminatus sum ne faceres, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 16; quaestoribus interminatus sum ne..., Rutil. Lup. 1, 7; 2. give notice with threats, threaten, w. acc. and inf., Interminatus est...Siquis non hodie munus misisset sibi, Eum cras cruciatu maximo perbitere, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 10; Mihi Tibique interminatus nos futuros ulmeos Ni..., As. 2, 2, 96; Viro quae suo interminatur, Cas. 3, 5, 29; 3. hence with neut. acc. of pron., Istucine interminata sum hinc abieus tibi? Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 14; 4. interminatus as pass. part., forbidden, cibus, Hor. epod. 5, 39; 5. threatened, poena, Th. Honor. et Theod. C. 5, 16, 60.

**inter-misceo**, ēre, mixtus, vb. [inter insep.] mix np (with), Sic tibi...Doris amara suam non intermiscet undam, Verg. B. 10, 5; turbam indignorum intermiscendo dignis, Liv. 4, 56, 3; add 10, 20, 8; 21, 46, 6; quibus (sc. onion-seed) aliquod satureiae semen intermiscendum erit, Colum. 11, 3, 57 (the last perh. from inter, between).

**inter-mitto**, ēre, isi, issus, vb. [inter insep.] let go away, ignem cauto ne intermittas quin semper siet neue noctu neue ullo tempore intermittatur, Cato r. 38 (39), 2, let it go out; 2. esp. of time, let pass by, non tantulum Vmquam intermittit tempus quin eum nominet, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 32; numquam unum intermittit diem Quin semper ueniat, Ter. Ad. 3, 1, 6; nullum intermisi diem quin aliquid ad te litterarum darem, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 1; add 9, 16, 1; N. D. 1, 52; totius hiemis nullum tempus intermiserunt quin..., Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 1; triduo intermisso, 1, 26 f.; nocte intermissa, 1, 27, 4; post cibum intermittenda hora, Cels. 3, 23, p. 112, 31 Dar.; 3. with ab (or even ad?), ne quod tempus ab opere intermitteretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 24, 2; a labore, b. c. 1, 32, 1; nulla pars nocturni temporis ad laborem (ab labore?) intermittitur, b. g. 5, 40, 5; 4. let go out (of one's hands), and so drop, leave off, lay aside, cease, stop (work etc.), studia doctrinae, Cic. orat. 34; delectus, Caes. b. c. 1, 10 f.; iter, 3, 13, 2; proelium, b. g. 3, 5, 3; labore, Ov. M. 3, 154; solita munia, Tac. an. 1, 16; rerum curam, 4, 13; and with some wit, quod (sc. otium) paulisper cum magna sua laude intermisit et posuit, a Corellio diuidendis agris adiutor adsumptus, Plin. ep. 7, 31, 4; 5. w. inf. leave off, i. litteras mittere, Cic. fam. 7, 12, 1; non intermittit suo tempore "Caelum nitescere, arbores frondescere", Tusc. 1, 69; obisidare dare, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 1; 6. hence in perf. part. left off, obsolete, lost, prisca ac uetnstate ab usu quotidiani sermonis intermissa, Cic. or. 3, 153; acriores morsus sunt intermissae libertatis quam retentae, off. 2, 24; quod intermissum iamdiu...morem reduxissem, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 21; uerba intermissa (obsolete), Quint. 1, 6, 39; saerum multis saeculis intermissum rependi, Curt. 4, 3, 23; 7. work left off only for a time implies resumption, hence leave a gap, Dubis paene totum oppidum cingit, reliquum qua flumen intermittit..., Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; Vmbri (inter binas uites) ad uicenos (pedes) intermittunt, Plin. 17, 171; ad eam partem oppidi quae intermissa a flumine aditum angustum habebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 1; quam (planitiem) intermissam collibus (a coll.?), 7, 70, 1; hoo intermisso spatio, 7, 72, 3; add 7, 23, 3; per intermissa custodiis loca, Liv. 24, 35, 8; ut Romani per intermissa moenia urbem intrarant, 34, 37 f.; bibunt aues longa colla intermittentes et capite resupinato, Plin. 10, 129; 8. hence intermissus, with gaps, opp. to continuus, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 8; Plin. ep. 2, 17, 27; 9. eventually leave off for a time, intermit, as in: non multum refert ntrum omittas philosophiam an intermittas, Sen. ep. 72, 3; si tertia quae ex toto intermittit aut quartana est, mediis diebus ambulationibus nti oportet, Cels. 3, 14, 1; 10. leave out (in writing), omit, Hier. chron. Eus. pr. f.

**intermixtus**, part. of intermiscio.

**inter-mōrīo**, mōrī, mortuus, vb. r. [inter insep.; cf.

interneco], die off, out, utterly, stirpes, Cato r. 161, 3; radices, Plin. 21, 114; 2. mct. Nam hic nimium morbus mores inuasit bonos; Ita plerique omnes iam sunt intermortui, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 7; memoria generis sui, Cic. Mur. 16; Catilinae reliquiae, Pis. 16; nullum officium tuum apud me intermoriturum (of oblivion), Bithyn. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 16; intermortuae contiones, Cic. Mil. 12; Candor in hoc aeuo res intermortuae paene, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 5; ciuitas, Liv. 34, 49, 3; ignis, Curt. 6, 6, 31; uiae quae sine ullo exitu intermoriuntur, Ulp. dig. 43, 7, 3, 1; add 43, 8, 2, 23; 3. esp. faint quite away, swoon away, in contione intermortuus haud multo post expirauit, Liv. 37, 53, 10; ex profuuo sanguinis intermorientes uino reficiendi sunt, Cels. 5, 26, 25 f.; add Plin. 32, 130; Suet. Ner. 42.

**inter-nascor**, i, vb. r. [inter, between], grow or sprig np between, uirgulta, Liv. 28, 2, 8; herbae, Colum. 2, 11 (12), 6; palme, 4, 24, 5; dilatatae cicatrices et internato corpore expletar, Plin. 17, 251; opus est densitate seminis omnia occupari internascentesque herbas excludi, 18, 146; herbas, Tac. h. 4, 60; sicut in aruo quod segeti proscissum est aliqui flores internascuntur, between the ploughing and the sowing, Sen. uit. beat. 9, 2.

**internātium**, ii, n. [inter, nates], the fork between the nates, the lower part of the spine or sacrum, nullus dolor aut internati oriebantur. Internatium Graeci ieron osteon, Suetonius Tranquillus spinam saeram appellat, Fronto Ep. 1, 16.

**inter-nēco**, āre, vb. [inter insep.; cf. intermorior] kill off, kill to the last man, Extincto duello maximo atque internecatis hostibus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 34; culum, Prud. apoth. 61.

**inter-necto**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] knit together, ut fibula crinem Auro internectat, Verg. 7, 816; uix...efflantes libet internectere plagas, Stat. Th. 8, 168.

**internidifico**, āre, in Plin. 10, 95 Detl. fm. cod. Tol. gives: in terra nidificant.

**inter-niteo**, ēre, vb. [inter, among] shine here and there, distinguebant internitentes gemmae iugum, Curt. 3, 3, 16; etiamsi qua sidera internitebant, arbores conspiciere prohibebant, 5, 4, 25; tunc tellure internitit (al. al.) (sc. zmaragdī), Plin. 37, 65; or as Sol. 15, 26 has it: tunc detecto solo facillime internitent.

**inter-nosco**, ēre, nōui, nōtus, vb. [inter insep.] know from one another, distinguish, Brutam (sc. Fortunam) quia dignum atque indignum nequeat internoscere, Pac. 371 R; secerni blandus amicus a uero et internosci tam potest quam omnia fucata a sinceris, Cic. am. 95; internosci a falsis, acad. pr. 22; 47 and 56; add internouimus from a corr. pass. in Varr. 1, 9, 38, p. 497 Sp.

**inter-pello**, āre, vb. [inter insep. as in interloquor; pello of appello, compello] interrupt (esp. a speaker w. words) Am. ne interpella (to Sosia); perge porro dicere (to Alc.), Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 171; si interpellas, ego tacebo, Most. 5, 9, 62; nihil te interpellabo, continentem orationem audire malo, Cic. Tusc. 1, 16; interpellare te nolo sed snmemus tempus aliud, N. D. 3, 65; qui cum interpellaret odiose, Audiamus inquit pulchellum puerum, or. 2, 262; cuius orationem Caesar interpellat, Caes. b. c. 1, 22, 5; qua oratione permoti crebro etiam interpellabant, 2, 33, 1; add Liv. 9, 41, 17; 2. call off, call away and so interfere with, interrupt, disturb (when engaged in any work), metuis ne me interpelles?...Tu uero ut me et appelles et interpelles et obloqnare et colloquere uelim, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 10, 1; esse locum tam prope Romam ubi me interpellat nemo! Att. 2, 9, 2; nos esse iniquos quod in suo inre se interpellarem, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 8; stupro interpellato magis quam caede motus, Liv. 3, 57, 4; urbe egrediens ne quis se interpellaret edixerat, Snet. Tib. 40; add 34 f.; admonitis ab uxore temperius ut dischemberet petiisse ab ea ne interpellaretur, uit. Ter. 3; 3. hence take the liberty of addressing (a person in authority as one always busy),



Snet. Vesp. 23; Tib. 75; praesidem prouinciae, Papin. dig. 2, 4, 14; **4.** or mulierem etc. de stupro, Paul. dig. 47, 10, 4, 4 and 14; also 15, §§ 15, 20 and 22; **5.** apply to a debtor for payment, si interpellatus opportuno loco non soluerit, Marc. dig. 22, 1, 32; add 44, 7, 23; 34, 1, 18, 1; **6.** call in question (a right), dispute, challenge, interfere with, si fructuarius, cum possit usucapionem interpellare neglexit, Ulp. dig. 7, 9, 1, 7; ius tuum, Paul. 8, 6, 18, 2; manumissionem serui, Iul. 17, 1, 30; possessionem, Tryf. 23, 5, 16; **7.** met. of the agency of things, interfere with, interrupt, prevent, interpellantibus his inimicitias animus tuus magis patuit quam domus, Cic. ad Ant. (p. Att. 14, 13) 5; siue perturbatio siue error uictoriam interpellauisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 73, 5; nec saxa cotesque quae interpellent specus obstant, Curt. 4, 6, 8; saxo quod alueolum (amnis) interpellat, 6, 4, 4; see also Hor. in § 9; **8.** constr. w. ne, quominus, or quin, tribunis...interregem interpellantibus ne s. c. faceret, Liv. 4, 43, 8; interpellent me quominus honoratus sim dum ne interpellent quominus..., Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 1; nunquam interpellauit quin quibus uellem nterer, Mat. ib. 11, 28, 7; **9.** w. inf., quantum interpellat inau! Ventre diem durare, Hor. s. 1, 6, 127; **10.** a 'barbarism' or provincial form interpella for interpella, Julian. ex comm. in Donat. p. 324, 18 K.

**inter-plīco**, āre, vb. [inter, between] fold together, fibula cristas, Stat. Th. 4, 218; add 2, 282.

**interpōlāmentum**, i, n. material for a second polishing, Claud. Mam. st. an. pr.

**interpōlātiō**, ōnis, f. a second polishing, except hanc (sc. amphitheatricam chartam) Fanni officina tenuatamque curiosa interpolatione principalem fecit e plebeia; quae non esset ita recurata in suo (nomine) mansit, Plin. 13, 75.

**interpōlātor**, ōris, m. lit. one who dresses up old goods so as to pass for new—hence falsifier, Tert. spect. 2; saeculi, id. test. an. 3; ueritatis, id. apol. 46 f.

**interpōlātr-ix**, icis, f. [interpolator] falsifier, ueri, Nazar. pan. Const. 15; ueritatis, Tert. haer. 7 f.

**interpōlās**, e, (-polus) adj. [inter insep., agaiū; pōl of pōlio, full (cloth)] polished again, esp. of cloth, vamped up afresh so as to pass for new, second-hand, Labeo scribit si uestimenta interpola quis pro nouis emerit, Trebatio placere ita emptori praestandum quod interest si ignorans interpola emerit, Marc. dig. 18, 1, 45; peritia opus est ut uestem interpolem a sincera discernas, Fronto de or. p. 161, 1 ed. Naber; est (sparti) natura interpolis rursusque quam libeat nastum nouo miscetur, Plin. 19, 29; **2.** met., mulier recte olet ubi nihil olet; Nam istaec ueteres quae se nunguentis nctant interpōles Vetulae edentulae quae uitia corporis fucco occultant..., Pl. Most. 1, 3, 117; mutatur ars (medicorum) cotidie interpolis (dressed up in a new fashion), Plin. 29, 11.

**interpōlo**, āre, vb. [interpolus] full again (old cloth so that it may pass for new), vamp up afresh, quod uult renouare honores eosdem, quo miuus togam praetextam quotannis interpoleto decernendum nihil censo, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 3; **2.** met., Illic homo me interpolabit meumque os finget denuo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 161; P. Tum tu igitur cedo purpurissum. S. Non do; scita's tu quidem. Nona pictura interpolare uis opus lepidissimum? Most. 1, 3, 105; referendo in tabulas quod gestum non esset tollendo quod esset et semper aliquid demendo mutando (ne litra appareat—only in bad mss and prob. a gloss, yet true in sense) interpolando, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 158; Alexandriae ubi tura interpolantur, dress up afresh, Plin. 12, 59; eadem (terra) tectoriorum albaria interpolantur, 35, 194; interpolant neteratores (sc. seruos) et pro nouiciis uendunt, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 37; ebano plura interpolante, Iul. Val. Alex. m. 3, 57; add Prud. apoth. 2, 45; but in Curt. 4, 6, 28. and 6, 2, 5 read w. Zumpt interpella.

**interpōlus**, see interpolis.

**interpondium**, ii, n. [inter, pond of pondo] a state of balance, i. παραλληλον, Gloss. Philox.

**1 inter-prīmo**, ēre, pressi, vb. [inter insep.] press to de-

struction, Qui sacerdoti scelestus faucis interpresserit, garrotted, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 41.

**2 inter-prīmo**, ēre, vb. [inter, under] suppress, quod colunt et interprimunt, Min. F. Oct. 10.

**inter-pungo**, ēre, nxi, nectus, vb. [inter insep., off] point off (in writing), diuide by stops, nos etiam cum scribimus interpungere solemus, Sen. ep. 40, 11; **2.** make stops or pauses in speaking, flumen aliis uerborum cordi est, distincta alios et interpuncta iuterualla morae respirationesque delectant, Cic. orat. 53; narratio distincta personis et interpuncta sermonibus, or. 2, 328; **3.** as sb. n. interpuncta uerborum, Cic. or. 3, 181—pauses.

**interpurgo**, a wrong read. for interputo in Plin. 18, 243, who is quoting Cato, see

**inter-pūto**, āre, vb. [inter insep., away] prune away, prune, perh. thin, ficos, Cato r. 50 (51); oleam, Varr. 1, 30 f.; rosam, Colum. arb. f.

**interquēror**, a wrong read. in Liv. 33, 35, 10 wh. Madv. leniter questi sunt.

**inter-quiēscō**, ēre, ēui, vb. [inter insep.] stop and rest, bibe, interquiesce; deinde iterum, Cato r. 158 (9), 2; cum haec dixissem et paulum interquiescissem, Cic. Brut. 91; dum interquiescit (in his vicious habits), Sen. ep. 25, 3; **2.** met., liber, Sen. ep. 46, 2; dolor, 78, 9; lites, Plin. ep. 8, 21, 2.

**inter-rōgo**, āre [inter insep., thoroughly] ask in a searching manner (w. acc. of person and at times of thing); hence esp. as a legal term, examine, cross-examine, praetor ueti interroget, CIL 198, 35; an quisquam esse testis potest quem accusator sine cura interroget? Vbi est illa laus oratoris, bene testem interrogauit? Cic. Fl. 22; quis me unquam ulla lege interrogauit? dom. 77; neminem ciuem tantum eminere debere ut legibus interrogari non possit, Liv. 38, 50, 8; add Quint. 6, 3, 4; 12, 8, 10; interrogandi sunt partes, qua in re primum est nosse testem; nam timidus terreri, stultus decipi...potest, 5, 7, 26; de aetate interrogatus respondere debet, Ulp. dig. 11, 1, 11, 1;...dum ab aduersario interrogatur; sed et si praetore fuerit interrogatus, ...ib. 8; in se enim interrogari (sc. seruus in quaestione), non pro domino aut in dominum uidetur, Paul. dig. 22, 3, 7; **2.** hence accuse, call to account, pepigerat ne cuius facti in praeteritum interrogaretur, Tac. an. 13, 14; damnatus Tarquinius repetundarum Bitlynis interrogantibus, 14, 46; **3.** beyond legal sphere, ask in a severe or authoritative manner, Num nonuis me interrogare te? Immo si quid uis, roga, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 39; Si exierit leno, quid tunc? Hominem interrogem Mens seruos ad eum ueritine? Poen. 3, 4, 20; add Curc. 2, 3, 61; in Pl. has often supplanted the simple vb. as shown by metre, e.g. Men. 5, 5, 18; Merc. 1, 2, 74 (70); Cist. 2, 3, 35; interrogabat suos: quis esset qui plebem fame necaret; respondebant operae: Pompeius, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; magna uerborum contumelia interrogans solerentne ueterani milites fugere? Caes. b. c. 3, 71 f.; **4.** argue, as in the schools, because chiefly in the form of questions, Posidonius sic interrogandum ait; and then comes a formal syllogism, Sen. ep. 87, 35; add ep. 67, 6; Quint. 9, 2, 6; cf. interrogatio, Sen. ep. 82, 9; **5.** gen. for simple vb. ask, interrogas me num in exilium? Non uideo, sed suadeo, Cic. Cat. 1, 13; tuae sententiae interrogari coepit, Liv. 45, 25, 2; **6.** gram., (casus) interrogandi, genitive, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26 (25) 1; cf. § 3; mei casus interrogandi est quem genitium grammatici uocant, Gell. 20, 6, 8.

**inter-rumpo**, ēre, rūpi, ruptus, vb. [inter insep., away, through] break away, down, through, up, Pontem interrupit qui erat ei in itinere, Pl. Cas. pr. 66; qua murus erat interruptus, Sis. ap. Nou. 294; omnibus interruptis eius fluminis pontibus, Caes. b. g. 7, 34 f.; add 7, 19, 2; b. c. 1, 16, 2; 1, 40, 3; 1, 41, 1; 1, 48, 2; ut pontem ferro igni quacun- que ui possint interrumpant, Liv. 2, 10, 4; ut nihil interrumpat quo labefactari possit tanta contentio grauitatis, Cic. N. D. 2, 116; nec loca lux inter quasi rupta relinquit, Lucr. 5, 299; nonnunquam sustineret extremum agnen atque interrumpi, Caes. b. c. 1, 64, 1; aciem hostium, Liv. 44, 41, 1; 40, 40, 3; itifera interrupta et iuperua, Tac.



an. 3, 31; niam, dig. 43, 19, 1, 6; **2.** met., break through, interrupt, (so as to leave gaps), iter amoris nostri et officii mei. Cic. Att. 4, 2, 1; officium, fam. 5, 8, 1; consuetudinem, 15, 14, 2; ignes, Verg. 9, 239; opera, 4, 88; ordinem, Colum. 11, 2, 25; Tac. h. 2, 27; tenorem remm, Liv. 41, 15, 7; connubia patrum et plebis, 9, 34, 5; Singultaque pias interrumpente querellas, Ov. M. 11, 420; somnos, Plin. 28, 55; usum, Gai. 1, 111; usucapionem, dig. 49, 15, 12, 2; **3.** esp. of conversation, dum sermonem ueroe interrumpere, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 25; add Turp. 66 R; mediam orationem, Caes. b. c. 3, 19, 6; Tac. h. 2, 41; and absol., ni medici aduentus nos interrumpisset, Varr. r. 2, 1, 1; **4.** interrupte, adv. interruptedly, with breaks, narrare, Cic. or. 2, 329.

**inter-saepio**, ire, psi, ptus, vb. [inter insep., off] hedge off, fence off, shut off, foramina illa quae patent ad animum a corpore terrenis corporibus sunt intersaepia quodammodo, Cic. Tusc. 1, 47; id conspectum abeuntis exercitus intersaepsit, Liv. 1, 27, 9; intersaepis itueribus, 6, 9, 7; ab cetera urbe munito intersaepiebat Insulam, 24, 23, 4; uallo, 25, 11, 2; muro, 31, 46, 9; operibus, 34, 40, 1; cuniculum cilicis, 38, 7, 10; incendio intersaepi ab hoste, 42, 63, 7; arbutis, Tac. h. 3, 21; add 53; bnt in Cic. Balb. 43 Baiter has saeptum.

**inter-scaeteo**, ere, vb. [inter, among] shoot forth (as water) here and there, interscatentibus lymphis, itin. Alex. M. 51 M.

**inter-scindo**, ere, scidi, scissus, vb. [inter insep., away or through] tear away, cut away, off or through, pontem, Cic. leg. 2, 10; Caes. b. g. 2, 9; aggerem, 7, 24 f.; Chalcis arto interseinditur freto, Liv. 28, 7, 2; uenas, Tac. an. 15, 35; cursum aquis, Sen. n. q. 3, 11, 1; **2.** met., laetitiam, Sen. ep. 72, 4; uinculum amoris, Gell. 12, 1, 21.

**inter-sisto**, ere, vb. [inter, between] stop in the middle, ultima syllabae littera (a final m), quae exprimi nisi labris coeuntibus non potest, intersistere nos cogit, Quint. 8, 3, 45; add 9, 4, 33, 36, and 106; 10, 7, 10.

**interspiratio**, onis, f. [interspiro], taking breath, Cic. or. 3, 173 and 198; mustum sine interspiratione potum, Plin. 23, 29.

**inter-spiro**, are, vb. [inter insep., through] evaporate, met. operculum imponito, relinquito qua interspiret (sc. aqua marina), Cato r. 112 (113).

**inter-stinguo**, ere, netus, vb. [inter insep., away, off] stamp out, and so extinguish, per auras Quae faciunt ignis interstinguo atque perire, Lucr. 5, 761; **2.** mark off, divide by marks, spot, lapis interstinctus aureis guttis, Plin. 36, 63; candore interstincto uariis coloribus, 37, 143; uerosa facies ac plerumque medicaminibus interstincta, Tac. an. 4, 57; innumeris spatia interstincta columnis Stat. silu. 3, 5, 90 (this perh. from inter, between).

**inter-stringo**, ere, vb. [inter insep., thoroughly] press or strangle to death, Ibo into atque illi socioenno tuo iam interstringam gulam, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 32, garotte; cf. inter-primo.

**inter-sum**, esse, fui, futurus, vb. irr. [inter, between] be between, iuter orbem et miliarium digitum interesse oportet; followed by intererit...interest, Cato r. 22, 1; (si) maria montes interestent, odisses eum quem non uideres, Cic. Phil. 13, 5; ut Tiberis inter eos et pons interesset, Cat. 3, 5; uti inter nouissimum hostium agmen et nostrum primum non amplius quinis m. passuum interesset, Caes. b. g. 1, 15 f.; uia tantum interest perangusta, Liv. 22, 4, 2; interesse inter binas uites oportet pedes quinos, Plin. 17, 171; **2.** of time, cuius inter primum et sextum consulatum sex et quadraginta anni interfuert, Cic. sen. 60; si plures dies inter medicis discessum et aduentum pollinctoris interfuert, Varr. s. 173, 2 R; **3.** be present at, be mixed up with, take part in, uti testes non interest, Cato orat. 62, 5 I; ut perinde illi uideatur indignum ac si ipse interfuert ac

praesens uiderit, Cic. inu. 1, 104; **4.** w. dat., non placet Stoicis auium cantibus interesse deum, Cic. diu. 1, 118; querelis, sen. 7; consiliis, Att. 14, 22, 2; diuini crudelitati, 9, 6, 7; proelio, Caes. 14, 16, 2; 7, 87 f.; illius rebus, 6, 13, 4; b. c. 3, 87, 2; sermoni, 3, 18, 5; bello, 3, 83, 3; omnibus gerendis rebus, Liv. 10, 39, 7; quum uterque se bello interfuturum polliceretur, 36, 4, 3; add 37, 53, 9; belliae res (dea) amat interque esse (note tmesis) desiderat pugnis caedibus et cruori, Arnob. 7, 48; **5.** even w. dat. of person, sacrificanti interfuit, Suet. Oth. 6; **6.** of time, live in or at, quisquis illis temporibus interfuit, Vell. 2, 114, 3; cui quidem tempori Saturninus interfuit, Sulp. Sem. 3, 3;

**7.** w. in and abl., in conuiuiu, Cic. Rosc. Am. 39; quibus in rebus, 111; in testamento faciendo, Cln. 162; qua in re, fam. 13, 36, 1; in re, Font. 14, (4); **II 8.** be apart, or at a distance, elatros interesse oportet pede, Cato r. 4; **9.** differ, esp. in 3rd pers. there is a difference, Tri-duom non interest actatis (aetate?) uter (so mss., ut Herm.) maior siet, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 57; Quid seiest aut quid \* interest dare te in manus Argentum amanti? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 93; Pluma haut interest patronis an cluens... siet, Most. 2, 1, 60; benefactum quo in loco ponas nimium \* interest, Cato orig. 4, p. 19, 15 I; Paulum \* interesse censes ex animo omnia Vt fert natura facias, an de industria, Ter. And. 4, 4, 55; add Eun. 4, 4, 18\*; nimium \* inter uos..., pernimium \* interest, Ad. 3, 3, 39; inter hominem et beluam hoc \* maxime interest, quod...Cic. off. 1, 11; ut inter eos ne minimum \* quidem intersit, acad. pr. 55; nec in his quicquam \* intersit, and: ut in his nihil \* intersit, 40; and again 48; neque interesse ipsosne interficiant impedimentisne exuant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; hoc interest inter Epicurum et ganeones nostros, Varr. s. 117, 3 R; tantum id interest ueneritne ad urbem an ab urbe redierit, Liv. 26, 11 f.; add 26, 31, 2; **10.** with ab, illa uisa negant quicquam \* a falsis interesse, Cic. acad. pr. 27; add 83; **11.** w. dat., matrona...Intererit Satyris paulum \* pudibunda proteris, Hor. A. P. 233; see also Ter. in § 13;

**12.** w. gen., but in Gk. words, το νεμεσον interest του φθορον, Cic. Att. 5, 19 f.; **13.** w. nom. of thing compared, stulto intellegens Quid \* interest? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 2; hoc \* pater ac dominus interest, Ad. 1, 1, 51; **14.** as vb. imp. it makes a difference (to), it concerns, it is the interest (of), with gen. of person or thing concerned, quis est cuius intersit istam legem manere? Cic. Phil. 1, 21; multum \* interesse rei familiaris tuae, fam. 4, 10, 2; add Q. fr. 2, 4, 1; Mil. 56\*; Mur. 4\*; docet quanto opere reipublicae communisque salutis intersit manus hostium distineri, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 2; b. c. 1, 24, 5; Varr. s. 196, 2 R; **15.** w. possess. pron. in a, tua et mea maxime interest te ualere, Cic. fam. 16, 4, 4; si quid erit quod intersit mea scire, Att. 11, 23 f.; ei caedes si erimini datur, detur ei cuius interfuit, non ei cuius nihil interfuit, Cic. pro Var. ap. Prisc. 12, 1, 595, 11 K; Cic. Sull. 79; ea uos rata habeatis neene magis rei publicae interest quam mea, Liv. 26, 31, 10; uestra interest ne imperatorem pessimi faciant, Tac. h. 1, 30; Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8, 1; **16.** w. gen. of value, as magni, Cic. Att. 11, 22 f., and fam. 13, 9, 1; Caes. b. g. 5, 4, 3; 6, 1, 3; b. c. 1, 21, 1; tanti, Cic. fam. 13, 10, 1; licet interesse desit uel minoris uel pluris interesse copit, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8; **17.** also with neut. acc., as: quid quicquam multum paulum nimium quantum, marked \*; **18.** perh. the constr. w. gen. and poss. pron. in a was borrowed from refert.

**inter-tallo**, are, vb. [inter insep.; impl. a vb. talio; cf. talea, tallo] cut off, rustica uoce intertaliare dicitur diuidere uel excidere ramum, Non. 414 v. taleas.

**inter-texo**, ere, xui, xtus, vb. [inter, between] weave together, interweave, Nexilibus flores hederis habet intertextos, Ov. M. 6, 128; partes eius ex pari et impari intertextuisse, Macr. somn. Sc. 1, 6, 2; intertexta pluribus notis uestis, Quint. 8, 5, 28.

**intertortus**, in Petr. § 124 v. 276 Büch. has: Atque inter torto laecratam pectore uestem, i. e. inter uestem.

**inter-traho**, ere, xi, vb. [inter insep., thoroughly] drag or draw thoroughly, nunquam tu mihi creduis...Ni ego illi puteo si ocepso (ocepsero?) animam omnem intertraxero,



draw off the last drop of its life-blood, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 41.

**intertrigin-ōsus**, intestigo intestiginosus, not. Tir. 180 by error for intertr.

**intertrigo**, inis, f. [impl. a vb. inter-tero, rub off or away, from inter insep.] chafing away (of skin), παρα-τριμμα, intertrigini remedium..., Cato r. 159 (160); i. bis in die subluitur aqua calida, Colum. 6, 32, 1; i. unguiae, 7, 5, 11; (menta) intertrigines prohibet, Plin. 20, 151; see

**intertrimentum**, [id.] loss by friction, in auro praeter manupretium nihil intertrimenti fit, Liv. 34, 7, 4; culleorum, Scaeu. dig. 13, 7, 43 f.; 2. gen. loss, cost, expense, Nunc quom sine magno intertrimento non potest Haberi..., Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 39; nullum in iis nominibus intertrimenti aut deminutionis uestigium reperietur, Cic. Font. 3; argenti, Liv. 32, 2, 1; sine ullo intertrimento conuenerat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 132.

**intertritūra**, ae, [id.] wearing away by rubbing, culleorum, Scaeu. dig. 13, 7, 43.

**interturbatio**, a wrong reading in Liv. 23, 8, 7 wh. Madv. perturbationem.

**inter-turbo**, āre, vb. [inter, insep., thoroughly] mix up by stirring thoroughly; and so met. throw into confusion, disturb, ne interturba, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 81; Quis homo istuc...interturbat? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 39; but edd. rashly del. interturbat as a gloss.

**inter-uādo**, ēre, si, vb. [inter away] get away, escape, Nisi si qua Vlixes interuasit Lartins, poet. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 96—so Halm w. best mss, not lintre euasit.

**inter-uello**, ēre, uolsi, uolsus, vb. [wh. inter?] pluck or pull up here and there, and so thin, esp. of plants, simul atque semina stilauerint, interuelluntur ac bini pedes arbusculis uacui relinquantur ne densitas plantas emaciet, Colum. 4, 33, 3; si spissae posueris, nec infra serere quid poteris nec ipsae fructuosae erunt nisi interuolseris, 5, 10, 5; add arb. 19, 3; haec poma interuelli melius est ut quae relicta sint grandescant, Plin. 17, 260; si spissa sunt, interuelles aliqua ut cetera roborentur, Pall. 8, 2, 3; 2. of other things, aut uellunt barbam aut interuellant, Sen. ep. 114, 21; barbam acrius caedere, interuellere, Tert. cult. fem. 8;

3. met., tota actione respiciunt (sc. oratores) num aliquid ex illis (sc. praeparatione) interuelli atque ex tempore dicendis inseri possit, Quint. 12, 9, 17; add 10, 7, 5; in Lepidis quorum tres, interuolsa tamen serie (not in immediate succession), obducto membrana oculo similes geniti reperuntur, Sol. 1, 78, p. 23, 9 M.

1 **inter-uēnio**, ire, uēni, uentum, vb. [inter insep., up] come up (out of the ground as it were), turn up (unexpectedly), spring up, Nam in hominum aetate multa eueniunt huiusmodi...Irae interueniunt, redcutum rusum in gratiam, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 59; inter os atque offam multa interuenire posse, Cato orat. 67, 5 I; Sed neminemne curiosum interuenire nunc mihi Qui..., Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 5; Nulla mihi res posthac potest iam interuenire tanta Quae..., Haut. 4, 3, 1; add Hec. pr. 2; exiguum dixit fortunam interuenire sapientii, Cic. fin. 1, 63; castis mirificis quidam interuenit, fam. 7, 5, 2; hoc ipso tempore et casu Germani equites interueniunt, Caes. b.-g. 6, 37, 1; 2. as pass. impers., interuentum est casu, Cic. top. 76.

2 **inter-uēnio**, nēni, uentum, ire, vb. [inter, between] come between, nulla interueniente lanugine, Colum. 4, 29, 16; siue (flumen siue) uia publica interuenit, confinium non intellegitur, Paul. dig. 10, 1, 4, 11; si medius paries interuenit, 33, 3, 4; 2. occur between, omnem rem narrabit scio...Quao inter nos interuenierit, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 16; 3. step in while something is going on, sponsae pater interuenit, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 17; Interea dum sedemus illi interuenit Adulescens...Ph. 1, 2, 41; nos nisi forte molesti interuenimus, uenisse delectat, Cic. or. 2, 14;

4. w. dat., come in the midst of, and so see or hear, Vbi de improvisost interuentum\* mulieri, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 40; etenim interuenit nonnullorum querellis quae apud me habebantur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 2; huic orationi Seruius quum

interuenisset, Liv. 1, 48, 1; and like these, plures cecidissent, ni nox proelio interuenisset, come to stop, 23, 18, 6; parantibus se ad proelium legati interueniunt, 9, 14, 1; add 1, 6, 4; 5. in law, step in or come forward to take part, siue alieno aliquis iudicio interueniat, Gai. 4, 87; tutor ceterique qui pro aliis interueniunt, dig. 39, 2, 17, 2;

6. intertere as a magistrate etc., interuene, quibusdam casibus senatum interuenire et emendare uitium matrimonii, Gai. 1, 87; solet praetor in(ter)uenire et inter consentientes arbitrari, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8; add 11, 7, 14; 4, 4, 11, 2 f.;

7. as pass. impers., as Ter. above \*.

**inter-uersor**, āri, vb. r. [inter, among] move about among, mix with, nec satis est nisi editis ouis (piscium) interuersando mares uitale adperserint uirus, Plin. 9, 157.

**inter-uiso**, (nisso), ēre, vb. [inter insep.] go and look up, go and overhaul or hunt up (so to say), immo interuissam domum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 90; Set tamen uolo interuisi (sc. portum uel seruom), 1, 2, 97; Nuno interuisso iamne a portu aduenerit, 3, 2, 3; Curate; ego interuisam quid faciant coqui, Aul. 2, 7, 1; nerum interuisam domum, 2, 2, 25; and by cj., Merc. 3, 2, 12; ipse crebro interuiso, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 1 f.; quod nos minus internis hoc fero animo aequiore quod..., fam. 7, 1, 5; 2. less correctly in later writers, for niso or even uideo, or perh. from inter between, go and see, ne legatorum quidem cuiquam permisit uxorem interuisere, Suet. Aug. 24; an potius maritum interuisere uenisti? Apul. M. 6, 9; parentes tuos interuisere properabas? 6, 30; sat pol diu est quod interuisimus te, 1, 24; nec quisquam eos e caelium numero interuisat, de deo Socr. 5.

**interūla**, see

**intērūlus**, adj. dim. [impl. an adj. interus from in down, w. exor. t; cf. inter, under] under, of clothing, Quin etiam interulos gaudeas dissolueret nexus (sc. Music as a bride), Mart. C. 9, 1, l. 20; pallia duo interulas paragaudas duas, Valer. ap. Vop. Prob. 4, 5; habebat indutui ad corpus (next his skin) tunicam interulam, Apul. flor. 1, 9, 32; 2. interula (sc. tunica), as sb. f. a shirt or shift, discissa interula decora brachia palmulis conuerberat, Apul. M. 8, 9; add Tert. pall. 5; interula χιτωνικός, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-uōmo**, ēre, vb. vomit up or between, Quod dulcis inter salsas interuomit undas, Lucr. 6, 894.

**inter-uorto**, (uerto), ēre, uerti (neuer norti), uorsum (uersum), vb. [inter insep., away, off] turn out, eject, rob (cf. uerto), Vt me si posset muliere interuorteret, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 110; istuc ago Quomodo argento interuortam et aduentorem et Sauream, As. 2, 2, 92; Vnde sumam (sc. argentum)? Quem interuortam? 2, 1, 10; condempnatum furti colonum qui fundo quem conduxerat uendito possessione eius dominum interuertisset, Gell. 11, 18, 13; 2. divert, give another direction to, in extremis partibus semicanaliculi interuertantur, Vitruv. 4, 3, 5; dum ne aquaeductum interuertat, Scaeu. dig. 43, 20, 8; 3. and met., quoclam, Imp. Alex. ap. dig. 31, 1, 87, 3; neque recta ingenia qualem in adulescentia spem sui fecerant, in senectutem pertulerunt, sed interuersa plerumque sunt, Sen. ad Marc. 22, 2; 4. esp. divert to one's own use the property of others, embezzle, promissum et receptum interuertit ad seque transtulit, Cic. Phil. 2, 79; interuerso regali dono, Verr. 2, 4, 68; nouiens miliens sestertium paucissimis mensibus interuertisse creditur, Tac. h. 2, 95; qui quid clauerit aut interuertit aut consampserit, Ulp. dig. 29, 2, 71, 6; pecunia interuersa, Tryph. dig. 11, 4, 5; res non interuertitur ei qui eam sponte reiecit, 47, 2, 43, 10.

**in-tūmesco**, ēre, ui, vb. [in=an=ava, up] swell up, Sic quibus intumuit suffusa uenter ab unda, Ov. F. 1, 215; Vidi uirgineas intumuisse genas (sc. tibia), 6, 700; haec mediū collis optima positio loco ipso paululum intumescente, Colum. 1, 4 f.; uulnus quod stupens adhuc dolorem non moderat frigete sanguine intumuit, Curt. 4, 6, 19; intumescens corpus ulceribus, 6, 11, 17; sine flatu intumescente fluctu, Plin. 2, 196; si in uescas intumuerint



(corporum partes), 20, 51; uentis cessantibus aequor Intumuit (by magic), Lucan. 6, 470; add Pall. 4, 10, 12; 2. met., motus, Tac. an. 1, 38; uox, G. 3; 3. esp. of rage, Intumuit uati nec tamen Asra suo, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 34; add F. 2, 607; Stat. Th. 1, 412; 4. or pride, secundarum elatus euentu super humanum intumescebat modum, Sen. ad Polyb. 17, 5 (36); add Tac. h. 4, 18; Quint. 1, 1, 8.

**in-turgesco**, ĩre, vb. [in=an=ava, up] swell up, ita ut infundas in calidam ut inturgescat, Veg. uet. 2, 28, 19.

**int-us**, adv. [gen. of prep. in, w. excr. t] lit. from within, often in Pl., as: clauem mi Laconicam iam iube exferri intus, Most. 2, 1, 58; Quem conuenire maxime cupiebam egreditur intus, 2, 4, 30; ubi ille exierit intus, Mil. 4, 4, 33; sat scio iam exiturus esse intus, 4, 4, 60; add As. 3, 2, 39; Bac. 4, 6, 26; 4, 9, 127; Mil. 2, 5, 49; Most. 3, 1, 145; Ps. 2, 2, 10; 4, 7, 18; Cist. 3, 8; Cas. 2, 5, 43; besides less evident pass., as: intus clamorem audio, Mil. 4, 9, 16; Amph. 2, 2, 138; Men. 1, 2, 21; 1, 3, 34; 2. so Celsus: quicquid spinosum est et intus eminet, 8, 4, p. 336, 24 Dar.; 3. withiu, indoors, in the house, Sinito ambulare si foris si intus uolent, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 5; Maior (sc. erus) apud forumst, minor hic est intus, As. 2, 2, 63, and more than 80 other pass.; in tenebris intus sese abscondidit, Caec. 40 R; Sed postquam egressast illis quae sunt intus clamant de uia, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 11; Tu abi atque observa ostium intus dum ego hinc transcurro ad forum, Eun. 4, 6, 25; add Ad. 4, 2, 30; cum Ennium ancilla dixisset domi non esse Nasia sensit illum intus esse, Cic. or. 2, 276; ille relictus intus expectatus foris..., Sull. 17; erat unus intus (in Q. Cicero's camp, then besieged) Neruius nomine Vertico, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 2; add 6, 36; 4. often used to strengthen in and abl., quid istaec ara Prodesse nobis (plus) potest quam signum in fano hie intus Veneris, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 27; ea quae sunt intus in corpore, Cic. fin. 3, 18; nondum omne animal iu mundo intus incluserat, Tim. 10; add fin. 1, 44; in Gallia transalpina intus ad Rhenum..., Varr. r. 1, 7, 8; suis trepidant in sedibus intus, Luer. 2, 965; Lanuui in aede intus Iunonis, Liv. 24, 10, 6; 5. or without in, Tali intus templo diuom patriaque Latinus Sede sedens, Verg. 7, 192; suas (naues) quae siu exiguo intus inclusae essent, Liv. 25, 11, 15; 6. of motion inwards, for intro, Nam sua cuique cibis ex omnibus intus in artus Corpora discedunt, Luer. 2, 711; Nam cibus atque humor membris admittitur intus, 4, 1091; quaecunq; receperat intus (wh. Lach. and Munro divide intus by a comma; but?), 6, 23; Cum mare permotum uentis ruit intus harenam, 6, 726; Iamque fores aperit, iam ducitur intus, Ov. M. 10, 457; aliae (fistulae) intus feruntur, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 213, 17 Dar.; ut medicamenta intus compellantur, ib. p. 215, 26; calce super ipsum os consistere et id intus impellere, 8, 14, p. 355, 15; siue extra remansit (cubitus) siue intus reuertit, 8, 16, p. 357, 33; refractis Palatii foribus ruere intus, Tac. h. 1, 35; pollice intus inclinato, Quint. 11, 3, 99; 7. as a n. sb., the interior, lapides profanei, intus sacrum, CIL 1115; 8. in Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 7 Ambros. and Vat. mss have intus, but the bacchiae metre calls for intro of the other mss; in Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 5 intro; eo intus et intro sum soloeisimi sunt, says Quint. 1, 5, 50; 9. intus geminam habere significationem in loco et de loco, [Serg.] in Donat. 510, 20 K; in loco ista iunguntur intus et foris: ubi fuisti? Intus uel foris; de loco similiter: unde existi? Intus..., Cledon. 21, 20 K; add Pomp. 248, 12.

**inuecticius**, adj. [inuectus] of the class inuecti, imported, foreign, not home-made or grown, columbas et pauones, Plin. 10, 79; 2. met., gaudium, Sen. ep. 23, 5.

**in-uergo**, ĩre, vb. [uergo pour, not uergo incline] pour into or on, properly a religious term, Nil ago tecum (sc. odore uini): ubist ipsus? Ipsum expeto Tangere, inuergere iu me liquores tuos Sine, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 13; frontique inuergit uina sacerdos, Verg. 6, 244; Tum super inuergens liquidi carchesia Bacchi Aeneaque inuergens tepidi carchesia lactis, Ov. M. 7, 246; Tum pelago uina inuergens dux talibus infit, Val. F. 2, 611.

**in-uestigo**, ĩre, vb. [in=an=ava, up] lit. trace up by footsteps, track, as by scent, canum tam incredibilis ad inuestigandum sagacitas narium, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; and met., immittebantur continuo illi Cibratici canes qui inuestigabant et perscrutabantur omnia, Verr. 2, 4, 47;

2. by sight, hoc age ad terram aspice et dispice Oculis inuestigans...hac socci uideo uestigium In puluere; persestuar hac, and so on, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 26; 3. gen., Certumst praeconum iubere iam quantumst conducier Qui illam inuestigent, qui inueniant, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 79; add 4, 6, 15; 5, 2, 22; Rud. 5, 2, 35 and 53;...qui illam e conspectu amisi meo. Vbi quaeram, ubi inuestigem...Incertus sum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 2; parentum inuestigandum gratia, Pac. 43 R; Si qua potestur inuestigatur uia, 100; 4. met., ut inuestiges ex consponsorum tabulis sitne ita? Cic. Att. 12, 17; habeo certam uiam quae omnes illorum conatus inuestigare et consequi possim, Verr. act. 1, 48.

**in-uidens**, ntis, adj. not seeing, blind, libro quem de inuiditibus animalibus conscripsit, Apul. mag. 51.

**inuido**, ĩre, uidi, uisus, vb. [see below] look on with an evil eye, with dat. of pers. and perh. at first (at any rate in poets) acc. of thing, marked †, neutri neuter inuidet, Pl. St. 5, 4, 49; Est miserorum ut maleuolentis sint atque inuideant bonis, Capt. 3, 4, 51; inuidere omnes mihi, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 20; Vnde aut quis mortalis florem † liberum inuidet meum? Att. 424 R; on wh. Cic. (Tusc. 3, 20): male Latine uidetur sed praeclare Attius, ut enim uidere, sic inuidere florem rectius (in principle) quam flori...poeta ius suum tenuit; in qua tibi inuido quod unis uestimentis tam diu lautus es, Cic. Flac. 70; nisi interdum in hoc Crasso paulum inuiderem, or. 2, 228; inuidet homines maxime paribus aut inferioribus, 2, 209; nescio (quei) inuideit deus, CIL 1306, 4; quia non ut forsit honorem † Iure mihi inuidet quiuis ita te quoque amicum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 50; Tu modo ne claros Minyis inuideris actus †, Val. F. 5, 507;

2. w. acc. and inf. of obj., Nullus est quoi non inuideant rem secundam optingere; Sibimet ne inuideatur \* ipsi ignauia recte cauent, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 14; Nam inuidere alii bene esse, tibi male esse miseriat; Qui inuidet, egent; illis quibus inuidetur \*, i rem habent, Truc. 4, 2, 31; cf. φθονεως εριτρον αιδον τερπειν, Od. 1, 346; 3. to acc. of obj. w. simple vb. corresponds a nom. with pers. pass., Boneis probata, inueisa sum a nulla, proba..., CIL 1194, 3; caret inuidenda Sobrius aula, Hor. od. 2, 10, 7; cf. inuisus in § 12;

4. but dat. of pers. with impers. pass., see above \* in § 2; 5. w. dat. of object even in best writers (orig. perh. in personif.), est enim haec saeculi quaedam macula uirtuti inuidere, Cic. Balb. 15; illi honori inuiderunt meo, agr. 2 f.; omnes finitimos suae uirtuti inuidere, Caes. b. g. 2, 31, 5; nullius equidem inuido honori, Liv. 38, 47, 5; uictoria cui nec deus nec homo quisquam inuideat, 5, 27, 12; add 10, 24, 6; 6. hence impers. pass. w. dat. of obj., inuidetur commodis hominum, studiis fauetur, Cic. or. 2, 207; 7. but Hor. A. P. 56 has pers. pass. w. nom. euen of person, ego cur acquirere pauca Si possum inuideor? cf. his use of imperor, ep. 1, 5, 21 and Gr. φθονουμαι; also inuisus in § 12; II 8. be unwilling that a person should acquire, grudge, refuse through envy, be unwilling to grant or acquiesce in, Liber pampinea uuidit collibus umbras, Verg. B. 7, 58; Tene † inquit miserande puer cum laeta neniret Inuidit Fortuna mihi ne regna uideres Nostra, A. 11, 43; oleum † ac unum (sc. Africae solo) inuidit, Plin. 15, 9;

9. w. acc. and inf. or inf. alone, Plurima quae inuideant pure apparere tibi rem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 100; Quamquam his te quoque iungere Caesar Inuido, Lucan. 2, 551; 10. w. abl., non inuiderunt laude sua (so Madv.) mulieribus uiri Romani, Liv. 2, 40, 11; Inuidet igne rogi miseris, Lucan. 7, 798; ne hostes quidem sepultura inuidet, Tac. an. 1, 22; 11. or gen. in poets, Sepsitit ciceris nec longae inuidit aenae, Hor. s. 2, 6, 84; a Gr. constr. as Quint. 9, 3, 17 says; as is also that w. abl.; cf. ου τοι ημωνων φθονω of Homer; III 12. inuisus, regarded with evil eye and so hateful, as adj., first of things,



mea uita, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 32; oratio, Cic. Man. 47; persona, Rosc. com. 20; negotia, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 17; cupressus, od. 2, 14, 23; uoluptates inuisissimas, Sen. ep. 51, 13; **13.** of persons, Nam inuisos omnis nos esso illis sentio, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 48; quo quis uersutior, hoc inuisior, Cic. off. 2, 34; ipsi inuisissimus fuerat, Plin. ep. 2, 20, 2; **14.** prob. from in uale, and uideo, like in-sequor, pursue as an enemy; if formed direct from inuideo the perf. wd. not have been inuidi.

**inuidus**, adj. [=mali-uidus, from in=male, and uid of uideo] having the evil eye, envious, Pecuniae accipiter auide atque inuide, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 5; quantum neque ambitiosus imperator neque inuidus tribuere alteri debuit, Cic. Mur. 20; inuidos homines ipsorum esse tormenta, Curt. 8, 12, 18; O Fortuna uiris inuida fortibus, Sen. Herc. f. 528; **2.** met., natura, Lucr. 1, 321; aetas, Hor. od. 1, 11, 7; deus, 4, 3, 16; taciturnitas, 4, 8, 24; cura, ep. 1, 10, 18; nox, Ov. M. 9, 486; iura, 10, 331; fatum series, Lucan. 1, 70; **3.** as sb. m. one who envies, envier, At istos inuidos di perdant, qui haec libenter nuntiant, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 19; si aut uirtutis hostis aut laudis inuidus exstitisset, Cic. Flac. 2; ergo et inuidi et maliuoli et misericordes, Tusc. 4, 28; add orat. 140; Omni opstant in ministerio inuidum (gen.) tabes, Varr. s. 186, 7 R; Inuidus alterius macrescit rebus opimis, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 57; **4.** hence w. possess. pron., a tuis inuidis atque obtretatoribus, Cic. fam. 1, 4, 2; nonnullis inuidis meis, 7, 2, 3.

**inuito**, āre, vb. [for inuocito, frq. of inuoco; for loss of c and long i in place of diphthong, cf. facio fio] call on—hence challenge (as in a drinking-bout), and so regale freely, as met.: perit potando opinor; Neptunus magnis poculis hac nocte eum inuitauit, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 32; si inuitare nos paulisper pergeret (sc. salsis poculis of v. 31), Ibidem obdormissemus, 2, 7, 32; and by a bolder met.: Si illic illas... tetigerit Inuitas, ni istunc istis (sc. clausis) inuitassitis Vsque adeo donec qua domum abeat nesciat, Peristis ambo, 3, 5, 31, with that cudgel-wine; **2.** as vb. r. or w. se, give oneself a bout, Credo... dormire Solem atque adpotum bene; Mira sunt nisi inuitauit sese in cena plusculum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 127; In uino esse ubi qui inuitauit dapsilius se, Lucil. ap. Non. 321; pulcre inuitati, id.; non inuitat plusculum sese ut solet, Tirp. ib.; inuitauit plusculum hic sese, id.; ipsum uino inuitari poculis large, Varr. s. ib.; cum se cibo uinoque lacti inuitarent, Sal. hist. ib.; alii suos in castra inuitandi causa adducunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 74, 4; eosdem apparatus epulis inuitat, Iust. 1, 6, 5; **3.** gen. invite (to a banquet etc.), give an invitation to, Quam uellem Meuedem innitatum ut nobiscum esset amplius, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 11; is me crebro ad cenam inuitat, Cic. fam. 7, 9, 3; inuito eum (Ariarathem) ut apud me deuersetur, Att. 13, 2, 2; ad prandium inuitare, Mur. 73; **4.** w. abl. (as in § 1), siquis est qui senatorem populi Romani tecto ac domo non inuitet? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 25; tota familia occurret, hospitio inuitabit, Phil. 12, 23; **5.** gen. invite, challenge, allure, tempt, a Caesare inuitor in legationem, sibi ut sim legatus, Cic. Att. 2, 18, 3; praemiis inuitabat, Lig. 12; quibus omnibus rebus hostes inuitati copias transducunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 1; inuitati praeda, 6, 35, 7; inuitatos eos uti ab Rheno discederent, 4, 6, 3; **6.** met., ni id me inuitet ut faciam fides, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 5; ad quem (sc. agrum bene cultum) fruentum inuitat atque adlectat senectus, Cic. sen. 57; aqua mulsa calefacta inuitat uomitiones, Plin. 22, 112; uino modico adpetentia ciborum innitatur, 23, 38; add 33, 79; Inuitat genitalis hiemps, Verg. G. 1, 302; **7.** w. acc. of things, assentationem, Cic. am. 99; appetitum animi, fin. 5, 17; luxuriam, Vell. 2, 129, 3; somnos, Ov. M. 11, 604; culpam, her. 16 (17), 183; see also § 6; **8.** w. inf., decedere, Verg. G. 4, 23; **9.** but in Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 21 (Gepp. w. ms A interimat).

**inuitus**, adj. [for inuolutus from a theor. nolitus, part. of uolo; for loss of l and i for oi, cf. uis for uolis] unwilling, Eamque huc inuitam mulierem in Ephesum aduchit, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 35; Neque quisquam melius referet matri gratiam Quam ego matri refero neae Fami inuitissimust, St. 1,

3, 4; nam sola nulla inuitior\* solet esse, Cist. fr. p. 19 ed. Mai; uectigal inuicti dare nei dovento, CIL 199, 36; inuictis eis quei eum agrum possidebant 200, 89; sin est probus Cur talem inuitam inuitum cogis linquere? Bnn. tr. 158; Inuitus fecit, lex coegit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 6; soli contingit sapienti ut nihil faciat inuitus, Cic. parad. 34; ab inuitissimis+ coactam esse (pecuniam), Verr. 2, 2, 153; eum ego a me inuitissimust+ dimisi, fam. 13, 63, 1; si se inuito transire conarentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 2; **2.** met., oratio, Cic. N. D. 3, 85; inuita saepe inuamur ope, Ov. Pont. 2, 1, 16; uerba, Hor. A. P. 311; mors, Lucan. 6, 531; sanguine, Val. F. 3, 391; **3.** w. gen., si creditur (seruus) dominum non inuitum foro huius solutionis, Ulp. dig. 16, 3, 11; **4.** comp. \*; **5.** sup. †

**iō**, interj. [=iō; prob. a corrupted imper., perh. audi, the root of wh. is ou in Gr. ou-as, and Fr. ou-ir—hence perh. o the interj. of like power] used in great excitement in calling upon the gods, hear, hurrah, uox clamantis, says Seru. A. 7, 399; io hymen hymenae hymen, Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 3; C. Quonia uox sonat? P. io Te, (io) te turanne te uoco qui inperitas Pseudulo, Ps. 2, 4, 12 (but in Truc. 1, 2, 20, Speng. w. A has oh); Dicite io Paean et io bis dicite Paean, Ov. a. a. 2, 1; add her. 5, 118; Teque dum procedit, io Triumphe, Non semel dicemus io Triumphe, Hor. od. 4, 2, 49; io Bacche, s. 1, 3, 7; epod. 9, 21; **2.** met., as if addressing a deity; Vror; io remoue saeua puella faces, Tib. 2, 4, 6; add 1, 1, 4; 2, 5, 118; Mart. 8, 4, 1; **3.** beyond relig. sphere, hurrah, Clamat: iō matres audite, ubi quaeque Latinae, Verg. 7, 400; io geminae clamauit adeste sorores, Ov. M. 3, 713; add 3, 442; succurrite, longum Clamet, io ciues, Hor. A. P. 460; io io, liber ad te (sc. amiculum) nenio, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 13; Mart. 5, 25, 3 and 4; Sil. 4, 781; 5, 634; Stat. Th. 10, 889; **4.** as a cry, calling one, hulloa there, io inquis puero tuo, uade quantum potes..., Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5, p. 68 Naber; **5.** as monos., io (pron. yō) Hymēn Hymenaeae io, io Hymen Hymenaeae, Catul. 61, 124, 144 etc. (so Ellis with mss); Clamat ecce mei io Saturnalia uersus, Mart. 11, 2, 5; **6.** never elided, to Catul. above add: Et bis iō Arethusa iō Arethusa uocauit, Ov. M. 5, 625.

**iocus**, m. [see below] fun, jokiug, Maximas opimitates opparasque offers mihi, Laudem lucrum ludum iocum festiuitatem ferias, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 3; nec risu ut ioco comite leuitatis...sunt beati, Cic. fin. 2, 65; adhibes ioci causa magistrum, Phil. 2, 42; ut mihi saepe Bilem saepe iocum (a sense of fun) uestri mouere tumultus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 20; **2.** a joke, esp. in words, a jest, saepe utilis iocus et factiae, Cic. or. 2, 216; ioca tua plena factiarum, Att. 14, 1; ne aut scurrilis iocus sit aut inimicus, or. 2, 239; aritasse remissos Cum Iunone iocos, Ov. M. 3, 320; **3.** met. a thing to play with, a laughing-stock, Iocum me putat esse moecha turpis, Catul. 42, 3; haec mea cura est Ne quid tu perdas neu sis iocus, Hor. s. 2, 5, 37; Sed me Fallaci domituae iam pudet esse iocum, Prop. 3, 16 (18), 16; add Petr. 57; **4.** esp. as opposed to a grave affair, hic uerost qui si occiperit, Ludum iocumque dicit fuisse illum alterum Praetor huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Enn. 2, 3, 9; Ne tibi Cornoli quum Africam conspexeris Iudus iocisque fuisse Hispaniae tuae uidebuntur, Liv. 28, 42, 2; add Petr. 17 f.; **5.** as a deity=Κωμος or Γελως, L. quis istic habet? P. Amor...Venustas Gaudium Iocus\* Ludus Sermo Suauisaiatio: L. Quid tibi commercist cum dis damnosissimis? Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 8; Erycina rideus Quam Iocus circumuolat et Cupido, Hor. od. 1, 2, 34; **6.** per iocum, in fun, in joke, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 39; Ps. 4, 7, 126; Poen. 3, 1, 38 and 39; per ludum et iocuum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 155; **7.** ioco, the same, often opposed to serio, nec ioco nec serio, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 25 and 35; Bac. 1, 1, 41; Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 30; **8.** extra iocum, Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1; remoto ioco, 7, 11, 3—joking aside; **9.** ioca in pl., common in Cic. Lucr. Sal. wh. seems to show that iocus was orig. an adj., as quicum ioca seria, quicum arcana, quicum occulta, Cic. fin. 2, 85; ioca atque seria cum humillimis agere, Sal. Jug. 96, 2; and if so, ioco is an adv. not an abl.; **10.** iocus a uocosis, in Pl. above \* § 5; cf. Fr. jeu; **11.** prob. the i of iocus stands for l,



so that it = E. laugh, lach of G. lach-en, and so decap. from  $\gamma\epsilon\lambda\alpha(\chi)\omega$ : for change of l to i cf. iecur, iubeo, iuuo.

**Ipōlīta**, ae, f. form in Pl. of Hippolyte, daughter of Mars, taken prisoner by Theseus and married by him, nimium ego hanc periculo Surrupui hodie meo quidem animo ab Ipolita (so BCD) subcingulum, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 17; for single p and short i, cf. Hīlūrīca = Illurica, Trin. 4, 2, 19; Hīlūrīos for Illurios, Men. 2, 1, 10.

**ipse**, (old ipsus), a, um, ius, i, adj. pron. [see below], myself, thyself, himself etc. (to suit the case), very same, same, identical, very, even, always contrasted with some word expr. or und. (s. \* below), quo(i)ne ipse parens\*ue suos heres siet, CIL 198, 3; ipse aut procurator\* eius, 206, 41;

**2.** often connected with pers. pron. expr. or und., egone? tu ipsus, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 104; Tute heri ipsus mihi narrasti, Merc. 2, 4, 13; ego enim ipse cum isto non inuitus errauerim, Cic. Tusc. 1, 40; non ipse emam, Sed Lysimacho\* amico mandabo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 133; deest quod ad te\* scribam...neo ipse habeo a te quid exspectem, Cic. Att. 7, 6, 1;

**3.** w. other pron., in illo ipso (very) Platonis libro, Cic. or. 3, 129; is ego sum ipsus Charmides,...Is ipsusne es? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 43; is hercelt ipsus, 2, 4, 32;

**4.** w. other nouns, Ipse hanc acturus Iuppiter comediam, Pl. Amph. pr. 88; Adest optime ipse frater, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 66; Seuectus ipsast morbus, Ph. 4, 1, 9; neque enim ipse Caesar est alienus a nobis, Cic. fam. 6, 10, 2; res loquitur ipsa, Mil. 53;

**5.** w. numerals, just, exactly, precisely, neither more nor less, L. Marcio M' Manilio consulibus mortuus est, annis lxxxvī ipsis ante me consulē, Cic. Brut. 61; trīginta dies erant ipsi cum has dabam litteras per quos nullas a uobis acceperam, Att. 3, 21;

**6.** often elliptically, At iam adferret si a foro ipsus redierit—master—, Pl. Anl. 2, 6, 7; Ego eo quo me ipsa misit (so or amicit miss, Gepp. cj. miscel), Cas. 4, 2, 11; Charine in tempore ipso mihi aduenis (sc. quo oportebat), Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 10;

**7.** thus it may often be translated, in himself (itself etc.), for itself, alone, without aid from without, uiri boni ipsam aequitatem et ius ipsum amant, Cic. leg. 1, 48; a multis uirtus ipsa contemnitur, am. 86; natura serpentium, ipsa perniciosā, siti accenditur, Sal. Jug. 99, 5; consilium ignorantibus tumultus ipse et res nouae satis placebant, 66, 4; ipsae considit medicatis sedibus, ipsae...Verg. G. 4, 65; lectica Mathous Plena ipso (to say nothing of cushions etc.), Iuv. 1, 33;

**8.** but not so to be explained: in Cic. Tusc. 5, 62 ipsae defluant coronae, or off. 1, 77: arma ipsa ceciderunt, the very, even the...is the meaning; and for diu. 1, 74 see § 9;

**9.** whether ipse should agree with me etc., or not, depends solely on the meaning, Set ubi is nunc est? ubi ego\* minime atque ipse se uult maxime, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 108; Ita ego te hinc ornatum amittam, tu ipsus te ut non noueris (let alone others), Rud. 3, 4, 25; Ipsus se exercent qui quod amat uidet nec potitū dum licet, Curc. 1, 3, 14; nunc hic se ipse fallit, haud ego\*, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 15; Indicio de se(se) ipse erit, Ad. pr. 4; in templo Herculis ualuae clausae repagulis se ipsae aperuerunt, Cic. diu. 1, 74; add Cat. 1, 19 (bis); off. 1, 115; desperata salute se ipsi interfecit, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 6; temeritatem militum reprehendit quod sibi ipsi iudicauissent quid aegudum uideretur, 7, 52, 1; semet ipsi Numidas appellauere, Sal. Jug. 18, 7; ipsa se uirtus satis ostendit, 85, 31; a cuius crudelitate uosmet ipsi armis uindicastis, Liv. 3, 56, 3; Agassas urbem tradentibus sese ipsis recepit, 44, 7, 5; Calpurnius custodia\* militari cinctus extinguitur; Priscusse ipse interfecit, Tac. h. 4, 11; deinde dominam (seruos) sibi ipsos dedisse, Sen. ben. 3, 23, 2; in all these the emphasis is on the agent;

**10.** but on the sufferer in: ut quidam imperatores etiam se ipsos disc immortaliibus pro re publica deuouerent, Cic. diu. 2, 10; facie poterimus nisi nosmet ipsos ualde amabimus iudicare, off. 1, 29; fratrem\* suum, dein se ipsum interfecit, Tac. h. 3, 51;

**11.** ipsissimus, as a comic superl., Ipsus inquam Charmides sum. Ergo ipsusne's? Ipsissimus, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 146; cf. oculissime homo, Curc. 1, 2, 28;

**12.** form ipsus occurs more than 60 times in Pl.,

yet ipse oftener; so bos ipsus, Cato r. 70, 2 and 71; Ipsus ost de quo hoc agebam tecum, Ter. Heec. 3, 5, 5; yet ipse, Andr. 1, 1, 124; Eun. 3, 4, 5; ipsus also in Titin. 105 R; Pompou. 113 and 149; Att. 229;

**13.** ipsud only in Gloss. Philox.: ipsud auro;

**14.** ipsus in poets, Ipsus in uoltu uarios errare colores, Verg. G. 1, 452; Ipsus ante oculos, A. 1, 114;

**15.** for the suspicious ipsusce in Macr. s. 5, 22, 3, Eyss. cj.: ipsus deae.

**16.** ipsi in Afr. 230 R, and in Lucil. Aetn. 217, may well be dat.;

**17.** ipsus prob. for apsus (cf. re-apse wrongly expl. as re ea ipsa) and so = auros (i.e. aftōs); cf. igni-fire = S. agni; the suffix pte itself from ipse or rather apte.

**ir-rīto**, (in-r), āre, vb. frq. [rieto a lost frq. of ringo, whence ringor; and ring-der. from a form hirrig- (cf. hirrio); and this from hir, sound of snarling; so r the littera canina] keep snarling at, and so provoke, irritari (note the canina) proprie canes dicuntur. Lucilius de littera r: Irritata canes quod homo quam planius dictat, Donat. ad Ad. 2, 4, 18; less accur. ad Ph. 3, 4, 18: ducitur nerbum (irritor) a canibus qui restrictis dentibus hanc litteram r imitantur (al. iterant); tractum a canibus qni enm prouocantur inriunt (irriunt?), Non. 31; but of course a dog snarled at, snarls and bites in return, Ne canem quidem irritatam uoluit quisquam imitari, Saltem si uon arderent dentis ut restringerent, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 25; iritabis crabrones, Amph. 2, 2, 75; Nam si me irritassis hodie lumbifragium hinc auferes, 1, 2, 298; add Bac. 4, 8, 47; Curc. 5, 3, 48; St. 2, 2, 21; Pers. 5, 2, 48; Ter. as above; ui irritare ferroque lacessere uirum, Cic. Mil. 84; irritatum Antonium non oportuit, Phil. 7, 3; Omnes irritatus uentos omnesque procellas, Varr. s. 210, 3 R; Irritatusque uirum telis et uoce lacessit, Verg. 10, 644; hostemque irritat ad iram, Ov. M. 8, 418; iterum irritare inimicum in mortem tuam cupies, Seu. suas. 7, 1;

**2.** with abstr. acc., rouse, excite, animi uirtutem, Lucr. 1, 70; quo bono publico proprias similitates irritauit, Liv. 33, 46, 8; tuas iras, Stat. Th. 11, 716;

**3.** met., Cum fera dilunies quietos Irritat amnes, Hor. od. 3, 29, 40; Segnius irritant animos demissa per aures Quam..., A. P. 180; Ingenium potis irritet Musa poetis, Prop. 5 (4), 6, 75.

**is**, eā, id, eius, ei, adj. pron. [see below] this, that, refers not like the demonstr. hic iste ille to real object, but to the words of a sentence and gen. what precedes, Ego has (demonstr.) habeo usque hic (demonstr.) in petaso pinnulas; Tum meo patri autem torulus meriti aureus Sub petaso: id Amphitruoni signum noui erit. Ea signa nemo horunce familiarium Videre poterit, uerum uos uidebitis, Pl. Amph. pr. 145; delegit uiros primorum principes; Eos legat, 1, 1, 50; fuit olim hinc quidam senex Mercator: nauem is (this skipper) fregit apud Audrum insulam; Is obiit mortem, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 17; eunti mihi Antium uenit obuiam tuus puer. Is (this boy) mihi litteras abs te reddidit, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 1; ad eas res conficiendas Orgetorix deligitur. Is sibi legationem ad ciuitates suscepit. In eo itinere persuadet..., Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 2;

**2.** esp. w. que et etc., unam rem explicabo eamque maximam, Cic. flu. 1, 28; in primis nobis sermo, isque multus de te fuit, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 3; cum una legione et ea uacillante, Cic. Phil. 3, 31; uincula et ea sempiterna, Cic. Cat. 4, 7; certa inreos nec ea parua, Cic. Phil. 2, 44; una modo atque ea intra oppidum iugi aqua utebantur, Sal. Jug. 89, 6;

**3.** often refers to a relative, and in old lang. the rel. clause came first, and may be translated first, as by using if, Qui (if any one) mihi in cursu opstiterit, faxo uitae is opstiterit suae, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 21; (Qui)ei ex h(ace) l(ege) non iouranerit, is† magistratum nei petito, CIL 197, 19; quos legerit, eos† patrem tribum cognomenque i(n)dicet, 198, 14 and 17; quem agrum eos uendere licet, is† ager uectigal nei siet, 199, 6; hoc qui admirator is† se quid sit uir bonus nesire fateatur, Cic. off. 3, 75; non est consentaneum, qui metu non frugatur euu† frangi cupiditate, 1, 68; ita euenit ut quem nos imperatorem iussistis, is† sibi imperatorem alium quaerat, Sal. Jug. 85, 11; wh. note that is, if commencing the second clause, is emphatic, marked †;

**4.** at



times refers to what follows, *Id modo dic, abiisse Dorum, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 56; Et nunc id operam do ut per falsas nuptias...*, *Andr. 1, 1, 130; id tibi affirmo te in istis molestiis non diutius futurum, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 4; magis id laborare ut illi quam plurimi deberent, Sal. Jug. 96, 2;*

**5.** esp. to a rel. clause, eos *ep. uros, quos legerit, is pr(a)ctor omnis in taboleis puplicis scriptos habeto, CIL 198, 15; Alii me negant eum esse qui sum, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 51; Is\* mihi profectost seruos speetatus satis, Quoi dominus curaest, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 5; Nam quo redibo ore ad eam\* quam contempserim? Ph. 5, 8, 24; minime conuenit ex eo\* agro qui Caesaris iussu diuidatur, eum\* moueri qui Caesaris beneficio senator sit, Cic. fam. 13, 5, 2; si in eos\* quos speramus nobis profuturos non dubitamus eonferre officia, quales in eos\* esse debemus qui iam profuerunt? off. 1, 48; hostis apud maiores nostros is\* dicebatur quem nunc peregrinum dieimus, 1, 37;*

**6.** as the pron. in such cases is exclusively defined by the relative, the transl. by one, a, a man, or the mere noun, often suits, see \* above;

**7.** often it defines a class, and may be transl. by such, the sort of—, one of those, thé mau to, in eum iam res rediit locum, *Vt sit necessus, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 118; est enim is uir iste in ciuitatis nomen sua auctoritate sustineat, Cic. Flac. 34; ea est Romana gens quae uicta quiescere nesciat, Liv. 9, 3, 12; certo scio...neque illum gratiam aut inimicitias exercere, eos mores, etiamque modestiam uiri cognoui, Sal. Cat. 51, 16; non ea uestra in me merita sunt, ut non potiore priuatis necessitudinibus rem publicam habeam, Liv. 24, 8, 11;*

**8.** used even of 1st or 2nd pers., ego me (so *Ritseh. mss egomet*) *eredidi Homini docto rem mandare; is (so Camer., mss mandaris) lapidi mando maximo, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 47; ego is in illum sum quem tu me esse uis—all that—Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1; atque haec omnia is feci qui sodalis Dolabellae eram, Lent. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 14, 7; neque tu is es qui quid sis neseias, Cic. ib. 5, 12, 6; qui in proximum annum consulatum peteres, is (so mss a b g t, V om.) per municipia Galliae cum Gallicis et lucerna eucurristi, Phil. 2, 76; nos quorum maiores...uicerunt, hi (al. ii) nullo loco iam praedouibus pares esse poteramus, Man. 55;*

**9.** at times at first sight redundant but due to length of preceding words, or to an intentional pause, as in the last two, omnia ea quae terra concepiat semina quaeque...contineat, ea temperatione caloris et oriri et augescere, *Cic. N. D. 2, 26; iam uero reliqua pars mundi, ea et ipsa natura feruida est...*, 2, 27; ergo ego sceleratus appellor a te quem...; ille qui stillantem prae se pugionem tulit, is a te honoris causa appellatur, *Phil. 2, 30; nunc illos qui... tamen quia sunt ciues, monitos eos (so a b etc., but some good mss om. eos) etiam atque etiam uolo, Cat. 2, 27; nam in fuga salutem sperare, quum... ea uero dementia est, Sal. Cat. 58, 16; sed urbana plebes—ea uero praereeps ierat, 37, 4; tuus autem dolor—humanus is quidem (see ille and quidem) sed magno opere moderandus, Cic. Att. 12, 10;*

**10.** though referring to a preceding sb., has its gender fixed by its own noun, *Is locus urbis erit, requies ea certa laborum, Verg. 3, 393; His (see § 14) sensus uerbi, uis ea nocis erat, Ov. F. 5, 484; Sempronio datae legiones duae; ea quaterna milia erant peditum et treceni equites, Liv. 21, 17, 5; (see hic and qui; and illud, Cic. sen. 35);*

**11.** often in n., w. or without prep., as a link to attach a clause with ut, quod etc. (cf. G. use of darans etc. w. dass), *ex eo quod uoluptatem uidetur amplexari uehementius, in magnis uersatur angustiis, Cic. fin. 2, 28; an id exploratum cuiquam potest esse, quomodo...? 2, 92; sin autem in eo dignitas est, si quod sentias aut re effieere possis aut oratione defendere...*, *fam. 4, 14, 1; in eo uerti Thessalorum animos si...*, *Liv. 32, 15, 2; unum gaudium affulserat cum eo ut appareret haud procul exitio fuisse classem, 30, 10 f.;*

**II 12.** form—a nom. Is (with i of double length, i.e. a long i) *IRN 2646, (cf. Rhein. Mus. 14, 380 note); 13.* is as fem. nom., *diem dicent qua die...conueniant; is dies erat a. d. v Kal. Apr., Caes. b. g. 1, 6 f.;*

**14.** his as nom., see in *Vat. ms of Cic. fin. 3, 64 and 3, 75; A of mss Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 2; Ov. F. 5, 484;*

**15.** it for id in *mss of Tac. etc.;*

**16.** eius often a monos. in Pl. as: *Eutiche te oro: sodalis eius es: serua et subueni, Merc. 5, 4, 35; Eius*

*ornamenta et corium uti conciderent, Amph. pr. 85; add 3, 4, 6 and 8; Capt. 1, 2, 43; 2, 2, 39; 2, 2, 100; Mil. 2, 5, 22; 4, 1, 28; 4, 3, 12; Rud. pr. 52; 4, 5, 14; Trin. 2, 2, 56; 3, 3, 9 and 13; Bac. 2, 3, 133; St. 1, 3, 15; Merc. pr. 105; Poen. pr. 48; 1, 2, 36; 4, 2, 1; Aul. pr. 25; to these add Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 6; Hec. 3, 3, 44; Omnes formidant homines eius ualentiam, Naev. 3 R; Cum recordor eius ferocem et toruam confidentiam, Pac. 36; add 391; Caecil. 106; Turp. 39; 171; Titin. 141; 153;*

**17.** dat. ei, written as eiei 6 times in *CIL 198, 12 etc.*; as *iei, 205, 2, 12 and 30;*

**18.** in Pl. and old writers at times a spondee as: *Is Summanum se uocari dixit: ei reddidi, Curc. 4, 3, 12; Puere nimium delicatus. Ei aduersum uenimus, Most. 4, 2, 32; Ch. Fortasse. Sy. Argentum dabitur ei ad nuptias, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 29; add Ph. 1, 2, 11; Scilicet et fluitius quiuis est maximus ei, Lucr. 6, 674; add 710, 729, 795; add Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 34; Cas. pr. 66; Ps. 2, 4, 29 (wh. *Ritseh. inserts ego, male*); Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 79; Hec. 4, 1, 58;*

**19.** sometimes an iamb. in Pl. as *Mil. 4, 5, 5;*

**20.** gen. a monos., *Capt. 2, 1, 4; 2, 2, 35; 2, 3, 68 and 100; 5, 3, 6; so in Catul. 82, 3 Eripere ei noli;*

**21.** in dact. verse not an iamb. before *Ov., bal. 34, says L. Müller de r. m. 272;*

**22.** in Pl. and Ter. the e of *uis ei etc.* seems at times to be=y so as to stop elision, *Quid uis est quod suum esse nolit, id ei ultro ostentariet? Most. 1, 3, 129; add perh. Cas. 2, 8, 27; Nam ut mittam quod ei amorem difficillimum...*, *Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 4;*

**23.** hi and his for nom. pl., and dat. or abl. pl. gen. in best *mss of Cic., as hi in Med. of fam. 3, 10, 6; 4, 14, 2; 7, 1, 2; 11, 28, 8; in Vat. of fin. 2, 2 (bis); 3, 31 and 36; his in Med. of fam. 1, 1, 3 (bis); 1, 7, 8; 1, 9, 5 etc.; and in 1, 4 f. is added note, et sic solet (M); in Vat. of fin. 1, 1, 1, 4; 1, 26; 1, 53; 1, 55; in pal. of rep. 1, 3 and 4; in *Halm's Quint. in 1st book out of 17 cases A has 14 his or hiis; out of 3 A has hii twice, in one only iis and ii without note of var.; so too the tituli of Gaius, de his qui sui iuris sunt etc.; hi qui quondam aduersus p. Romanum pugauerunt, 1, 14 (see *Lachm. note*); add 1, 25; 1, 89 etc.; and dig. passim as: de his quae in testamento delentur, 28, 4;**

**24.** other forms of nom. pl. m.: *eis, CIL 197, 16 and 23; 198, 26 etc.; 199, 20; also ieis, 577, 3 and 12; is, 196, 17; iei, 185; 202, 1, 7 etc.;*

**25.** to dat. sing. *ibi, called an adv., corresponds dat. pl.: thus ibus as dat. pl. stands in: Vt in tabellis quos signaui interim Latrones, ibus denumerem stipeudium, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 68 (partly by cj.); Ibus by cj., Bac. 1, 2, 34; add Pomp. 104 R; but in Titin. 59 ibus as abl. if text be sound;*

**26.** other forms are *ecis, CIL 1965 and 25; ieis, 204, 1 and 8 etc.; is, 198, 48; and his as above, § 14;*

**27.** abl. pl. *ecis, 201, 11 and 12; ecis, 196, 5; ieis, 204, 1, 5 etc. and his as above;*

**28.** the suffix *ce (c)* is never added to this pron. or its deriv.; it has been unduly ascribed to *Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 21;*

**III 29.** in orig. one with root of *hic, setting aside its suff. ce (c);*

**30.** hence the *h* retained in the short forms as *sing. n. his of § 12; hi and his of § 22;*

**31.** the final *n* of root (see *hic*) accounts for form *Is* of § 12 and also for the derived *ind-e* and *in-ibi, wh. see;*

**32.** adv. *inde, ibi, eo, ita* are given in their places.

**istā, or istāe, adv. [iste] by the road near you, your way, Medea Nequaquam istuc istac (ms ista) ibit, Enn. tr. 304 V; Thesprio exi istac per hortum, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 53; add Pers. 3, 3, 39; Abi sane istac istorsum quouis, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 27;**

**2.** met., *etsi aduersus tibi fui, istac iudico, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 102, I give judgment for you.*

**istac-tēnūs, adv. [cf. haectenus, eatenus etc.] up to where you are, Istactenus (so far) tibi Lyde libertas datast Oratonis: satis est sequere me ac (hac ac BCD, a dittogr.) tacc, Pl. Bac. 1, 2 f.**

**iste, (old istus) a, ud, ius, ī, or (w. ce) istic, istaec, istuc etc., pron. adj. dem. [see below] that (near you), that (of yours), soluite istum nuuciam, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 104; ego si istoc sim loco—in your shoes—, Bac. 4, 9, 116; At tu pol tibi istas posthac comprinito manus, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 29; Primum: istam quam habes, unde habes uerstem? Taces? Eun. 4, 4, 28; Est equos perpulcer sed tu uehi non potes**



istoc (a sors), CIL 1442; ista quae te emisse scribis, (grata) mihi erunt, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 1; nou est quod ad hunc locum respiciens metiaris; ad istum respice in quo moraris, Sen. ep. 43, 1; **2.** often refers to words just uttered by the person one is talking to, or stated in a letter, S. Di te perdat. P. Te istuc aequomst, Mil. 2, 3, 15; D. Videre uideor iam diem illum quom hinc egens Profugiet aliquo militatum. S. O Demea, Istuc est sapere non quod ante pedes modest Videre, sed..., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 32; Verba istaec sunt, Ph. 3, 2, 32; Qui malum isti Pindenissitae? inquires, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 1, these P. you speak of; Num uesceris ista quam laudas pluma? Hor. s. 2, 2, 27; **3.** used of that which one is holding out and offering or (may be) giving to another, thus in Ter. Andr. 1, 5, Chrysis calls her sister illa, when uttering what she does not wish her to hear v. 52; haec in 56, 58; but ista in 60 wh. she finally transfers her to Pamph.; so Hor. closes ep. 1, 6 with: Si quid nouisti rectius istis, Candidus imperii, si non, his utere mecum;

**4.** in courts of law the orator when addressing the opp. party has to deal only with what he condemns, so that then ista has an ill savour, and this extended beyond the courts, Id isti (your critics, with a sneer) uituperant factum, Ter. Andr. pr. 15; isti qui linguam autum intellegunt Plusque ex alieno iecore sapiunt quam suo, Pac. 83 R; Vt philosophi aiunt isti quibus quiduis sat est, Turp. 144 R; a qua (sc. re publica) longissime isti qui philosophi uocantur recesserunt, Quint. 11, 1, 35; add Ov. am. 1, 8, 57; Petr. 9; **5.** contemptuous too is the use of the voc. pl. in Arnob. 1, 41: O isti (o ye) qui hominem nos colere morte functum ignominiosa ridetis! add 2, 13 and 35; prob. borrowed from  $\omega$   $\nu\rho\rho\alpha\iota$ ; **6.** yet it may be used towards the dearest friend, as in Ter. above § 3; also: Bono animo fac sis Sostrata et istam (her daughter) quod potes Fac consolere, Ad. 3, 5, 1; te ista uirtute fide probitate hmanitate in tantas aerumnas cecidisse, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 1; probabo modo ista sis aequitate quam ostendis, fin. 1, 29; cum ista sis auctoritate; non debes Marce (Cato) arripere maledictum ex triuio, Mur. 13; add Rose. Am. 154; **7.** in later writers, as Quint., used more vaguely, like is or hic, this, referring to something just named, de iustis honestis utilibus iisque quae sint istis contraria argumentantur, 10, 1, 35; Celsus non nomen isti figurae dedit, 9, 2, 40; ius naturale est quod natura omnia animalia docuit, nam istud ius..., Ulp. dig. 1, 1, 3; add Gai. 2, 96; **8.** hence used even in oppos. w. ille;

**9.** form, nom. m. istus (dub.), Ergo istus metus, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 18 (so CD, but B iste); **10.** gen. istius, Sancta ad uos anima atque istius inscia culpa, Verg. 12, 648; **11.** a gen. isti (modi), Cato orat. 50, 4 I; homin(em) isti modi, Pl. Truc. 5, 38; **12.** istae dat. fem., C. quid puero factumst?...A. istae dedi, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 16; **13.** w. loss of initial i, M. Cecidi. C. Animus iam stoc (so Non.) dicto plus praesagitur mali, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 28; libera essem iam diu, Habuissem ingenio si sto (ston, mss) amatores mihi; Caec. 137 R; At stuc (Non. 219) periculum in filia fieri grauest, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 34; Nimium stuc abisti (Non. 367), Ad. 2, 1, 15; Mirum facies, fatue, si stud nimium (so Lachm., mss sistudium) mirabis diu, Pomp. 108 R; quid mesta (so M, i.e. me sta) res consolatur? Cic. fam. 4, 3, 2; quae sti (so Non. 428) rhetores, or. 1, 87; quid uobis inquit stic negoti imneo (= in meo) est (so Ambros. pal.)? Tull. 20, wh. Baiter: quasi uulgarem pronuntiationem expresserit; utrum sta (so M) sollicito animo legas, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 15, 19 f.; quemadmodum ste..., Verr. 2, 1, 123; Fare age quid uenias iam stine (so M 1), Verg. 6, 389; cmm enim starum (so ms) personarum, Gai. 2, 96;—cf. Ital. sta;

**14.** w. suff. ce (c) comm. in Pl., Naev., Cato, Enn., Caec., Ter., and gen. old drama, aft. rare, iam istuc te impediēt, Cic. acad. pr. 109; but Att. 14, 1, 1 ista sic abire (M); so too in fam. 7, 23, 1; in Pomp. ad Cic. post Att. 8, 12, 1 C, M has: circum istic (ista?), edd. istaec; tuus pater istuc aetatis quum esset, b. Afric. 22, 1 (in Cato's mouth);

**15.** a common error is to insert a second c when ne is added; but istacine causa? Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 58, ms A; in Truc. 3, 2, 16 old edd. istacae, mss istec, Speng. ej. mitte; in Rud. 1, 2, 22 Fleck.: Isticine uos habitatis? in Ps. 1, 1, 81 Ritschl tacite: Istocine pacto me adiuuas (only F has cc);

in As. 5, 2, 82 Fleck.: istoscine; istcine in Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 14 Bentl. Fleck. and so Don.; cf. hicine illicine sicine nuncine; **16.** another comm. error is to insert an h (isthic etc.!) and make it=iste+hie! **17.** the nom. m. istic and n. istuc have the final vowel common: Tu istuc age. Actum reddam nugacissume, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 90; Vt 'stuc est lepudum; proxumae uiciniae Habitat, Bac. 2, 2, 27; Tum pol ego et donis prinatus sum et perii. Plane istuc est, Truc. 2, 7, 57; cf. illic and illic; isto—der. from cesto (cf. I. questo) or eosto (cf. I. adv. costi), wh. in a bill of exchange to be paid costi has been legally interpreted as at the house of the payee, chez vous; cf. illo-quallo; the t exer. after s, root con or cen=E. ken, see cen; for letter-ch. cf.  $\epsilon\sigma\beta\epsilon\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$  from  $\sigma\beta\epsilon\upsilon$ -. Hence Fr. cet, old Fr. cest, ce, cestui.

**isti**, adv. [dat. of iste] in the place where you are, patet isti ianua leto, Verg. 2, 661.

**isti-c**, adv. [ce] where you are, there, mane istic, iam exeo ad te Chrusale, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 129; add Ps. 4, 7, 60; quid istic inest? Quas tu edes colubras? St. 2, 1, 49; Tu istic mane...Pythias, Ter. Enn. 5, 2, 70; Quid istic tibi negoti est? Andr. 5, 2, 8; intellego te re istic prodesse, hic ne uerbo quidem me leuare posse, Cic. Att. 3, 12, 3; **2.** =in ista re, Neque istic neque alibi tibi erit usquam in mc mora, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 9; **3.** in agreem. w., or defined by, in and a sb., crepundia Isti in ista cistula insunt, quae isti inest in uidulo, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 38; add 4, 4, 65; **4.** to strengthen tu, Egone? Tu istic, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 24; add 1, 1, 210; Egone istic dixi? Tute istic, 2, 2, 115; **5.** istic sum, I am with you, all attention, Auscultate. Istic sum, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 39; attende quaeso. Istic sum inquit, Cic. fin. 5, 78; **6.** quid istic? well well, I leave the matter in your hands, have your own way, quid istic? Necessumst uideo; Dabitur talentum, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 44; quid istic? Quando ita uis, di bene uortant; spondeo, Trin. 2, 4, 172; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 40; quid istic? Tibi si istic placet, Profundat perdat pereat; nil ad me attinet, Ad. 1, 2, 53, wh. Don.: est de sententia sua decedentis; add Andr. 3, 3, 40, wh. Don.: concedentis et uelut uicti uerbum; and Eun. 2, 3, 97, wh. Don.: aegre concedentis; poteram hoc loco epistulam claudere, nisi te male instituissem; tibi uale dicere non licet gratis. Quid istic? Ab Epicuro mutuum sumam..., Sen. ep. 11.

**istic**, aec, oc, or uc, see iste.

**istim**, [iste] adv. from where you are, tanti fuerunt (sonitus nostri) ut ego eo breuior sim quod eos usque istim exauditos putem, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 4; qui istim (so Vb, isti M; al. istine) uunc ueniunt, partim te superbum esse dicunt, partim..., fam. 1, 10, 2; de malis nostris tu prius audis quam ego; istim (so Lamb., istum M 1, al. istine) cmm emanat, Att. 7, 21, 1; prob. in Enn. tr. 404 V: Nolite hospites ad me adire; ilico istim (mss isti etc.), Ne contagio mea bonis umbrae obsit.

**isti-mōdi**, see iste § 11.

**istin-c**, adv. [istim; cf. illim, illinc] from the place where you are, istine loquere si quid uis; procul, tamen andiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 71; add Rud. 3, 5, 34; Ite istine, ecferte lora, 3, 4, 126; Ps. 4, 7, 99; iterum istine excludere, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 4; te istine posse proficisci, Cic. fam. 6, 20, 1; te istine ne temere commoneas, 3; uos prius in me strinxeritis ferrum quam in uos ego; istine signa canent, istine clamor prius incipiet, Liv. 7, 40, 10; **2.** w. de and sb., Heus memento ergo dimidium istine mihi (so mss) de praeda dare, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 68; neque partem poseo mihi istine de isto uidulo, Rud. 4, 4, 33; **3.** on the side near you, on your side, Age alter istine, alter hinc assistite, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 28.

**istius-mōdi**, as adj. undecl., of the kind like you, of your kind, such as yours, T. Patrone salue. S. Nil moror istiusmodi (istimodi?) clientis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 59; i. amicos, Epid. 1, 1, 16; Et uos esse istiusmodi et nos non esse haud mirabilest, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 7; necesse est istiusmodi rationi aliquo consilio obsistere, Cic. Verr. 1, 33; **2.** of the kind you speak of, cum i. uirtutibus, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 15.

**istō** or **istō-c**, or **istuc**, adv. [isto prob. for istom, acc. of iste] to that place near you, te nusquam mittam nisi das



firmatam fidem, Te huc si omisero intro ituram...Do fidem si ouittis isto me intro iturau quo iubes, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 45; Nec quemquam interim istoc ad uos qui sit odio Intromittam, Truc. 4, 2, 7; Concedite istuc, As. 3, 3, 56; add Merc. 4, 1, 25; Poen: 3, 3, 1; Ov. tr. 5, 1, 79; liceat modo isto venire, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 9; isto, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 15, 2; Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 17, 2; destino excurrere isto, Plu. ep. 3, 6, 6; isto usque penetrasse, 4, 12, 7; **2.** with that matter (of yours), Trebatium quod isto admisceas nihil est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 9; **3.** to that extent, so far (but still referring to you), Isto tu's pauper, quoin nimis sancte piu's, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 8; ergo istoc magis Quia uanilocu's) uapulabis, Amph. 1, 1, 223; iam istoc probior es meo quidem animo cum in amore temperas, Epid. 1, 2, 8.

**istorsum**, adv. [isto-norsum] in your direction, that way (of yours), Abi sane istac istorsum quouis, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 27; Concede hinc a foribus paulum istorsum, Ph. 5, 1, 14.

**istūc**, adv. see isto, istoc.

**Itā**, first as nent. pron. indecl. [old form of id; see below] t̄bis, that, so, Rus ibo; ibi hoc me maerabo biduom: Ita facere certumst, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 108; ita aiunt, Andr. 1, 2, 21; cum Hiero requireret cur ita faceret, Cic. N. D. 1, 60; et hercule ita fecit, am. 37; ita te mandasse aiebat, fam. 7, 18 f.; Non Itā fata sinnt, Ov. M. 5, 534; te ita uelle certo scio, Cic. fam. 4, 14, 3; uelim des operam ut inuestiges sitne ita, Att. 12, 17; **2.** hence adv. often in answers, w. or without est, yes, just so, Haecin tua domust? Ita inquam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 206; de istac rogas Virgine? Ita, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 53; ita inquit Antonius, Cic. or. 2, 44; Non ita, Verg. 2, 583; Daosue? Ita, Daos, Hor. s. 2, 7, 2; **3.** so far referring to what precedes; but also to foll., Ita nunc tu dicis, non esse aequiperabilis Vostras cum nostris factiones atque opes, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 65; nec uero ita dici potest, mentis laetitiam solam esse in bonis, Cic. Tusc. 3, 41; tu uelim tibi ita persuadeas, nullam rem..., fam. 1, 8, 6; 6, 2, 1; 13, 10, 1; sed ita forsitan deuit, cum foederum ruptore duce deos ipsos profigare bellum, Liv. 21, 40, 11; **4.** as pred. w. esse, such, Nisi me uobis exornarem, nam itast\* iugenum muliebrem, Pl. St. 5, 3; Ita sunt Persarum mores, Pers. 4, 6, 25; ita sunt res nostrae, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 8; **5.** even of persons, Vidi ego nequam homines; uerum te nullum deteriorem. Ita\* sum, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 61; Ita\* plerique omnes sumus ingenio; nostri nosmet paenitet, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 20; nam itast homo, Ad. 1, 2, 63; quaero peregrinum cur me esse dixeris; nam si ita sum, non tam est..., Cic. Sull. 22; **II 6.** as adv. in this or that way (=eo modo, as sic=hoc modo), so, thus, ita quae mutat ea corruptit, quae sequitur sunt tota Democriti, Cic. fin. 1, 21; ita multo sanguine profuso in uictoria est mortuus, 2, 97; ita fit illa conclusio non solum uera sed ita perspicua ut..., 4, 55; ita fit ut duo genera reperiantur, 5, 68; potum in Arare faciendum curat atque ita exercitum traducit, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 1; add 1, 12, 6; ita geminata urbe..., Liv. 1, 13, 5; ita multiplici terrore perculti, 1, 14, 9; **7.** often refers to a preceding conj., esp. ut, as: ut cuim magistratibus leges, ita populo praesunt magistratus, Cic. leg. 3, 2; mihi hoc imperium ut amplum iudicio uestro, ita re ipsa graue esse, Liv. 25, 38, 2; ut in affecto corpore quamuis leuis causa magis quam ualido grauior sentiretur, ita tum aegrae ciuitati quodecumque aduersi acciderit, uiribus extenuatis aestimandum esse, 22, 8, 4; though ita cannot be a demonstr., sic unites w. demonstr. power that of referring to mere words; and Cic. after such an ut gen. prefers sic, as fin. 1, §§ 37, 50, 57, 66, 67; **8.** ut and ita often in phrases like: in morbis corporis ut quisque est difficillimus, ita medicus nobilissimus quaeritur, in periculis capitis ut quaeque causa difficillima est, ita deterrimus patronus adhibetur, Cic. Clu. 57; add or. 1, 120, 2, 265; ut quisque est genere amplissimus ita plurimos clientes habet, Caes. b. g. 6, 15, 2; **9.** ut..., ita..., is also used of a contrast, though—, yet—, ut a proeliis quietem habuerant, ita non nocte, non die unquam cessauerant ab opere, Liv. 21, 11, 5; pleraque Alpium ab Italia sicut breuiora, ita arrectiora sunt, 21, 35, 11; haec omnia ut inuitis ita non aduersantibus patriciis transacta, 3, 5, 15; quorum fauorem ut largitione male acquiri (note the inf.), ita per bonas artes haud

spernendum, Tac. h. 1, 17; add an. 1, 12; **10.** also points to what follows, cum seiret de damno legem esse Aquiliam tamen hoc ita iudicant...nihil opus fuisse iudicio, Cic. Tull. 9; **11.** esp. like is, ea, id, points to a following conj. as first those wh. mean as, non ita ut sani solent amo, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 38; An ita tu's animata ut qui expertis matris imperiis sies? As. 3, 1, 2; ita Quirites ut precamini eneniat, Cic. Phil. 4, 10; facies ut ita sit in libro quemadmodum fuit, Att. 13, 21, 3; add fam. 13, 4, 4; Liv. 6, 15, 4; Set ita adsimulant se quasi Amphitruo siet, Pl. Amph. pr. 115; Cic. Att. 7, 4, 2; fam. 6, 1, 4; sen. 12 and 82; neque enim ita se gessit tamquam..., Verr. 2, 4, 49; Pollio ap. fam. 10, 33, 3; **12.** only in poets w. quam, nam uitare...Non ita difficile est quam captum retibus ipsis Exire, Lucr. 4, 1147; but not as Hand 2, 1037; Non ita Carpathiae uariant Aquilonibus undae...Quam facile irati nerbo mutantur auantes, Prop. 3, 5, 11; **13.** rarely w. ac, atque, quod utile ad cibum, ita bubus ac subus, Varr. r. 1, 38, 2; praedo si dolo deserit possidere ita condemnatur atque si possideret, Paul. dig. 5, 3, 36, 3; ita uindicandum atque in propriis seruis censuit, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 1, 5; **14.** ref. to ut that, nec ita claudenda res est familiaris ut eam benignitas aperire non possit nec ita reserauda ut pateat omnibus, Cic. off. 2, 55; add fam. 15, 14, 5; Att. 5, 9, 2; am. 1; Arar in Rhodanum influit incredibili lenitate ita ut oculis in utram partem fluat iudicari non possit, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; **15.** in these ita denotes to such a great degree; but frequently in a restrictive sense, so far only, cuius ego ingenium ita laudo ut non pertimescam, ita probo ut me ab eo delectari facilius quam decipi putem posse, Cic. Caecil. 44; ita uiuunt dum possunt ut ducere animam de caelo non queant, Rosc. Am. 72; add Man. 8; Tull. 6; Cat. 4, 15; Sull. 61; off. 1, 88; Verr. 2, 5, 130; or. 3, 39; Att. 2, 21; fam. 5, 22, 1; ita fama nariat ut tamen plerique loci speculandi causa castris egressum...tradant, Liv. 27, 27 f.; ita admissos esse ne tamen iis senatus daretur, 22, 61, 5; 1, 17, 8; 5, 12, 4; 23, 3, 4; 24, 28, 7; ita sudario frontem siccare ne comae turbarentur, 11, 3, 148; **16.** ita followed by si is also restrictive, so only if..., ita enim senectus honesta est, si se ipsa defendit, Cic. sen. 38; hoc ipsum ita iustum est si est uoluntarium, off. 1, 28; add N. D. 1, 3; leg. 2, 26; Att. 16, 6, 2; iam plebes ita in tribunatu ponere aliquid spei si similes Icilio tribuno haberet, Liv. 3, 65, 9; ita ad bella ista parata uobis plebes est, si..., si... and so on, 4, 5, 5; 21, 13, 5; 21, 17, 6; 29, 3, 3; 30, 37, 6; 42, 30, 3; 42, 41, 6; **17.** ita is much used in oaths and strong affirmations, ita me amabit Iuppiter, Vxor, ut ego illud numquam dixi, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 24; add Aul. 4, 10, 31; Atque ita\* me di ament ut ego nunc nou tam meapte causa Laetor quam illius, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 8; 5, 4, 7; Ph. 5, 3, 24; ita mihi salua re publica uobiscum perfrui liceat ut ego...non atrocitate animi moueor, Cic. Cat. 4, 11; ita uiuam ut maximos sumptus facio, Att. 5, 15, 2; Verr. 2, 5, 35 and 37; fam. 10, 12, 1; uos Ceres mater ac Proserpina precor ut ita nobis uolentes propitii adsitis, si uitandae, non ferendae fraudis causa hoc consilii capimus, Liv. 24, 38, 8; Ac nenerata Ceres, ita culmo surget alto, Explicuit..., Hor. s. 2, 2, 124; **18.** elliptically nou ita, haud ita, chiefly w. adj. or adv., not so—(as one wd. expect), not so very, Non ita\* sunt dissimili argumento, Ter. Andr. pr. 11; sunt ea perampla atque praeclara sed non ita antiqua, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 109; mihi quidem non ita molesti sunt, or. 2, 77; non ita ualde mouentur, N. D. 1, 86; non ita multum moriatur, Caes. b. g. 5, 47, 3; haud ita multum frumenti, Liv. 4, 12, 9; add 1, 33, 2; 21, 20, 9; 32, 30, 1; **19.** more rarely w. vbs., quod quidem ego a principio ita (so very much) me malle dixeram, Cic. fin. 2, 17; but not in Att. 3, 15, 3; Hispanias armis non redundare, Tac. h. 2, 32; quod quid ita placuerit (so much as it did) iis nou uideo, Quint. 9, 4, 110; **20.** in old drama often a monos., it' or ya (for ya speaks quia as coming from a lost quita and cf. G. ja, Eug. yea), see \* above; and add: Ita ad (y'ad) me magna..., Pl. Truc. 4, 1, 4; **21.** ita like Go. tha-ta, hua-ta, mihi-la-ta, has the def. art. for a suff.; cf. ὁσ-τε, του-το; the a is lost in our it, that, what; so also id (it) is cut down from ita; cf. quia.



**iti-dem**, (or short. Item) [ita + dem; and so: ita :: idem : is; for item cf. quidem, pron. quem in drama; see quidem] lit. n. pron., the same thing, Vt filium bonum patri 'sse oportet, item (al. itidem) ego sum patri, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 9; Quasi piseis itidem amator lenae, As. 1, 3, 26; Estue tibi nomen Menaechmo? Fateor. Estne itidem tibi? Est, Men. 5, 9, 48; **2.** a thing virtually the same, a like thing, item his ut fere in omnibus stabilis lapides substerrendi aut quid item, ne unguiae putrescant, Varr. r. 2, 5, 16; snbsterntur eis acus aut quid item (om. item V) aliud, 2, 9, 12; **3.** gen. as adv., in the same way, in like manner, likewise, iube me uinciri : uolo, Dum istic itidem uinciator, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 76; Iube oculos elidere, itidem ut sepiis faciunt coqui, Rud. 3, 2, 45; quonque de eiis rebus senatuei purgati estis..., item uos populo Romano purgatos fore, CIL 201, 13; is...eadem omnia...item isdemque diebus ad eos profertur, 206, 3; item homines exercendo uidemus conteri, Cato ep. 83, 6 I; Sed postquam amans accessit... Vuus et item alter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 49; Romulus augur cum fratre item augure, Cic. diu. 1, 107; in rebus incommodis est itidem duplex (temperantia), part. or. 77; itemque Dumnorigi (persuadet), Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 5; add 3, 29, 3; **4.** non item, elliptically at close of sententia, uel rex semper maximas Mihi agebat quidquid feceram : aliis non item, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 8; corporum offensiones sine culpa accidere possunt, animorum non item, Cic. Tusc. 4, 31; add 4, 32; orat. 147; Att. 2, 21, 4; acad. pr. 22; Varr. l. 9, 26; **5.** for qty of item, to Ter. as above, add: Dano prognatum patre eodem quo ego sum forma aetate item, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 67; Pers. 2, 2, 42; Poen. 1, 2, 160; also: superant uitalia rerum Et sūperantūr item, Lucr. 2, 576.

**iūbeo**, ēre, ssi, ssus, vb. [see below] bid, order, far weaker than impero, command, neque te iubeo neque uolo, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 11; add Curc. 1, 2, 54; iubesne? Iubeo? Cogo atque impero, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 97; **2.** much used in salutations or farewells, iubeo te saluere, Pl. As. 2, 2, 49; add Most. 3, 1, 41; Truc. 2, 7, 23; Cas. pr. 1; and abbrev., iubeo Chremetem, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 1; Dionysium iube saluere (in a letter—my compliments to), Cic. Att. 4, 14, f.; iussi ualere cum me numquid uellem rogasset, 5, 2, 2; **3.** gen. w. acc. and inf., eos fineis facere iuserunt, CIL 199, 3; iubedum recedere istos ambo illic modo, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 7; seruui sectarii uirum iubet, Cato orat. 54, 8 I; Quis te istae iussit loqui? Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 34; sperare nos amici iubent, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 2; Labienum iugum montis ascendere iubet, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 2; Infandum reginā iūbes renouare dolorem, Verg. 2, 3; **4.** or w. pass. inf., utique eam figier iubeatis, CIL 196, 27; priusquam ego hic te iubeo mulari male, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 142; iubet magistrum arcessi, Cato orat. 21, 3 I; poutem iubet resendi, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; add 1, 19, 3; Sal. Jug. 46, 4; **5.** rarely, and not in best prose, w. ut and subj. or subj. alono, Telebois iubet sententiam ut dicant suam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 50; add St. 2, 2, 71; iube mi denuo Respondeat, Ter. Euu. 4, 4, 24; Vide ut puellam curent, conformiter iube, Afr. 177 R; iube modo adferatur munus, Pomp. 58; siue iubebat Vt facerem quid, Hor. s. 1, 4, 121; rescribat multa iubeto, Ov. am. 1, 11, 19; quibus iusserat ut instantibus comminus resisterent, Tac. an. 13, 40; add 13, 15; eodiceillis quibus ut id faceret iubebatur, Suet. Tib. 22; edictum quo iubebat urbe mathematici excederent, Vit. 14; add Vesp. 23; agrum iubet uti sit animo bono, Apul. flor. 23; **6.** w. acc. of thing, pass. inf. omitted, caedem fratris, Tac. an. 13, 15; scelera, Agr. 45; classica, Lucan. 2, 528; bella, 8, 684; luctus, 8, 832; **7.** w. dat. of pers., Quamquam hae mihi (me?) litterae Dolabellae iubent ad pristinas cogitationes reuerti, Cic. Att. 9, 13, 2; **8.** and even dat. of pers., acc. of thing, tributum iis iusserat modicum, Tac. an. 4, 72; pacemque iubeo Omnibus, Stat. Th. 7, 32; **9.** pass. first w. nom. of pers. and act. inf., frumentum iussi erant efferre, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 2; add b. g. 3, 6, 1; 3, 21 f.; iubentur scribere exercitum, Liv. 3, 30, 3; pollices cum faueamus premere etiam prouerbio iubeamur, Plin. 28, 25; Germanos non iuberi non regi sed euucta ex libidine

agere, Tac. h. 4, 76; opto ut ea potissimum iubeam (sc. facere) quae me deceat uel sponte fecisss, Plin. ep. 6, 29 f.;

**10.** pass. w. pass. inf., and nom. of person to be dealt with, iussus es renuntiatori consul, Cic. Phil. 2, 79; iussi sunt aegri in porticum deferri, Suet. Tib. 11; arcessi statim ac mori iussus est, Claud. 37; hunc interfici iussum, Vesp. 15;

**11.** iu offic. lang., of orders proceeding from the populus or plebs, order, vote, decree, p. Romanum bellum fieri Aequis iussit, Liv. 9, 45, 8; omnes P. Seipioni imperium esse in Hispania iusserunt, 26, 18, 9; add 30, 41, 4; 31, 50 f.; latum ad populum uellent inhererent populo Carthaginiensi bellum iudici, Liv. 21, 17, 4; add 31, 6, 1; **12.** so far w. inf., also inf. om., decree, pass. elect, is in diebus x proxum(eis) quibus h(ance) l(egem) populus plebes iouserit, facito utei..., CIL 198, 12; foedus, Cic. agr. 2, 58; legem, Balb. 38; ut quod tributum plebes iussisset populum teneret, Liv. 3, 55, 3; bellum, 21, 17, 4; 42, 33, 4; Tullum Hostilium regem populus iussit, 1, 22, 1; postquam ei prouinciam Numidiam populus iussit, Sal. Jug. 84, 1; rogationem, 40, 3; **13.** hence in pass.: de legibus iubendis aut uetandis, Cic. or. 1, 60; ego hanc legem iubendam censeo, Liv. 10, 8 f.; ad Romanam societatem iubendam, 32, 22 f.;

**14.** uti iussitur in Cato r. 14, 1 what? **15.** though always short in poets, an orig. long u seems implied in form iubeatis of § 4; see also next §; **16.** i of iubeo prob. for l, and so = Lith. lēp-ju, lēp-ti; and then lub-decap. from a vb. = κελει-ω; cf. iecur, iocus, iuno.

**iūbilaus**, adj. as sb. m. (sc. annus) [Hebr. jobel, bucina] jubilee year, Arator act. ap. 2, 677.

**iūbilatio**, ōnis, f. [iubilo] crying of io io (wh. sec), quid est iubilatio nisi admiratio gaudii quae uerbis non potest explicari? Aug. in Psalm. 46, 7; add 32, 8; 88, 16; 97, 4; but in Apul. M. 8, 17 rather sibilationibus.

**iūbilātus**, ūs, m. κρανγη ἀγροικων eiulatus iubilatus, Gloss. Cyr. 521.

**iūbilo**, āre [iubilum] shout io io, Io bucco! Quis me iūbīlat? Vicinus tuus Antiquus, Apriss.(?) 1 R; ut quietare urbanorum, sic iubilare rusticorum, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244 Sp.; deinde uuis metendis operam dedimus et consudauiimus et iubilauimus, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 6; iubilare Deo uinuersa terra, Vulg. ps. 97, 4, wh. Aug.: si quod gandetis loqui non potestis, iubilare; add 94, 3; 99, 3 and 4; iubilare est rustica uoce inelamare, Paul. ex F. 104.

**iūbīlum**, i, n. [io; see iubilo] a shout (of io), hurrah (of countrymen; but orig. perh. religious; and hence the use of iubilo in Aug.), uenatoris aut uindemiatoris studium qui iubilis suis cubiculum meum prestrepunt, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5; Et laetus scopulis (sedauit) iūbila Cyclops, Sil. 14, 475; Calp. ecl. 1, 30; **2.** for qty cf. iubilō.

**iūgūlum**, i, n. dim. (us\* m.) [iugum] the bone called the clavicle, a sort of iugum between the humerus and the sternum...iugulum; id autem altero capite in eo (osse) quod posui (the humerus), altero in exiguo sinu pectoralis ossis insidit, Cels. 8, 1, p. 326, 32 Dar.; terrestrium solus homo bipes; uni iugulū\* (so B) umeri, ceteris armi; uni ulnae, Plin. 11, 243; stupidum esse Socratem dixit (Zopyrus) quod iugula concana non haberet, Cic. fat. 10; **2.** hence the front of the neck, Deinde ab iugulo pectus glauco pampino...obtegent, Att. 257 R; **3.** esp. as weak against a sword, demisisti gladium in iugulum, iam cadam, Pl. Mere. 3, 4, 28; optabilius Miloni fuit dare iugulum P. Clodio, Cic. Mil. 31; add Phil. 14, 25; Att. 1, 16, 4; at tu iugulo uel pectore telum Conde meo, Ov. M. 13, 458; iugulos\* aperire susurro, Iuv. 4, 110; Hic dabit, hic pacem iugulus\* finemque laborum, Lucan. 2, 317; add 4, 541; 7, 182\*; Tac. an. 3, 15; h. 1, 41; **4.** aud met., iugulum petere, Quint. 8, 6, 51.

**iungo**, ēre, nxi, nctus, vb. [see below] yoke, i.e. unite for work by a cross-piece of timber, esp. oxen or horses, nunc equos iunctos iubes Capere me iudomitos ferocis atque iu currum inscendere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 109 and 115; iunctis quadrigis (i.e. four mares yoked abreast), 5, 5, 36; Iunge pares et coge gradum conferre iuuenecos, Verg. G. 1, 169;

Primus Erichthonius currns et quattuor ausus Iungere equos, 3, 113; Augues ingentes alites iuncti iugo, Pacuv. 397 R; Atque idem iungat uolpes, Verg. B. 3, 91; leones, A. 3, 113; Curru iungit Halesus equos, 7, 724; iunctis oloribus, Hor. od. 3, 28, 15; reges ad currum, Plin. 33, 52;

**2.** less accurately of the carriage, rheda equis iuncta, yoked to and so drawn by horses, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; iuncto uehiculo, Liv. 34, 1, 3; add 42, 65, 3; magnum qui piscibus aequor Et iuncto bipedum curru metitur equorum, Verg. G. 4, 389;

**3.** hence of bridges, ponte Ticinum iungunt, lit. yoke the river w. a bridge, throw a bridge over it, Liv. 21, 45, 1; Lyeum amuam ponte iunxit, Curt. 4, 9, 9; ratibus quibus iunxerat flumen, Liv. 21, 47, 2;

**4.** less acc., pontisque et propugnacula iungunt, Verg. 9, 170; Vel iunxisse ratem, Sil. 5, 553; iuncto ponte tramittit sex cohortis, Tac. an. 1, 49; Apameam (oppidum) ponte iunxerat, Plin. 5, 86;

**5.** unite by a cross-tie or ties, Tigna bina sesquipedia interuallo pedum ii inter se iungebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 3;

**6.** gen. fasten abreast of each other, carris iunctis, Caes. b. c. 1, 54, 3; nauibus iunctis, 1, 61 f.;

**7.** gen. join, unite, corpora inter se iuncta, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; arma armis iungunt, Liv. 23, 27, 7; Iunctaque Nymphis Gratiae, Hor. od. 1, 4, 6;

**8.** put to, close, iunctas quatiunt fenestras, Hor. od. 1, 25, 1; iunge ostia, Iuv. 9, 105;

**9.** met. of marriage, as of two yoked together, cf. coniuges and E. yoke-mate, (Deiopeam) Conubio iungam stabili, Verg. 1, 73; add 4, 192; matrimonio iunctam, Liv. 30, 14, 2;

**10.** of other ties, as blood, friendship, office, ut amicitiam colunt Atque ut eam iunctam bene habent inter se, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 28; Referetque gratiam ei unaque nos sibi (so THK, sibi opera mss) amicos iungit, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 32; Haec res et iungit, iunctos et seruat amicos, Hor. s. 1, 3, 54; add Ov. Pont. 1, 7, 31; tr. 4, 10, 46;

**11.** gen. met., sapientiam iunctam eloquentiae, Cic. or. 3, 142; religio iuncta cum cognitione naturae, diu. 2, 149;

**12.** esp. make continuous in time, sacra...Nomina quae iunctis quique diebus habent, Ov. F. 3, 810; labore quem difficilium est repetere quam iungere, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 10; iunge puer cyathos, Stat. Th. 1, 5, 10 (cf. iugis aqua);

**13.** iunctus forms a comp. iunctior, more closely united, Cic. fat. 36; superl., Ov. M. 5, 60; 10, 70; Tac. h. 4, 52;

**14.** uerba iuncta compound words, Cic. orat. 159;

**15.** final cons. of root varies between n, S. yun-aj-mi, cf. F. joind-re (d excr.) E. join; ng as in L. iung-o (g excr.) and g as in iugnum, *ἰυγ-νυμ*;

**16.** cf. G. joch, E. yoke.

**iurgo**, (older *iūrigo*\*) āre, vb. [implies a noun iurex, Igis, pettyfogger, from ius and dim. suff. eg=our ock, purgo from purigo] be at law (with), iurgatio iuris actio, Paul. ex F. 103; yet in Cicero's time limited, as: si iurgant, beniuolorum concertatio non lis inimicorum iurgium dicitur...iurgare igitur lex putat inter se uicinos, non litigare, Cic. rep. 4, 8;

**2.** yet again not so limited in later times, qui non ante in proprio foro iurgauerint, Th. C. 2, 1, 6; add 1, 16, 6; 1, 10, 3;

**3.** met., scold, brawl, Et eurrendum et pugnantum et autem (for place of autem, cf. Poen. 4, 2, 19) iurigandumst\* in uia, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 9; credo iam ut solet Iurgabit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 55; haec simul iurgans querens

obtestans agebat, Liv. 8, 33 f.; add Hor. ep. 2, 2, 22; Suet. Ner. 5; Apul. mag. 15;

**4.** w. cum, cum Dauo egomet uidi ancillam iurgantem, Ter. And. 5, 1, 19; add 2, 3, 15;

**5.** perh., w. recipr. form, Dionysius...apud aediles aduersus lenones iurgari, Iust. 21, 5, 7 (al. iurgarc), but here still of brawling;

**6.** as vb. trans., Trausius istis Iurgatur uerbis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 100.

**iussio**, ōnis, f. (iubeo), bidding, order, CIL 2, 191; testatricis iussioni parere, Modest. dig. 40. 4, 44; haec omnia uerbo ac iussione faciebat, Lact. 4, 15 med.; unius imperii iussione, Arnob. 2, 49; but in Liv. epit. 67 read Arausionem.

**iūuo**, āre, iūui, iūtus, vb. [iūuis, and so = iūuo; see below] lit. lift—hence firstly help, assist, enos Lases iuuate..., eos Marmor iuuato, CIL 280, 1 aud 5; Is est amicus qui in re dubia re iuuat, ubi re est opus, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 10; Neque umquam quicquam me iuuat (does me any good) quod edo domi, Capt. 1, 2, 33; add Ps. 1, 1, 17; Quia mortalis atque urbes beluasque omnis iuuat (sc. Iuppiter), Enn. Epich. 12 V; Aut consolando aut consilio aut re iuero, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 34; Hec. 3, 5, 10; qui nostros duces auxilio laboris iuuerit, Cic. Balb. 23; fam. 11, 17, 2; ne eos frumento neue alia re iuuaret, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; b. c. 1, 15, 1; Non possum reticere deae qua m(e) Allius in re iuuerit aut quantis iuuerit officiis, Catul. 68, 42; Non, ita me diui, uera gemunt, iūerint (but mss iuuerit), 66, 18; quater (pe)cunia mea iuui aerarium, Mon. Ancyr. 3, 34;

**2.** esp. in form dis iuuantibus, Cic. fam. 7, 20, 2; Liv. 21, 21, 6; 25, 38, 22;

**3.** also iu med. lang. relieve, Confossum medica postmodo iuuat ope, Ov. am. 2, 9, 8; add tr. 2, 270; decoctum (uinaceorum) coeliacos iuuat, Plin. 23, 14; add 28, 194;

**4.** pass. (lex Cornelia) proscriptam iuuari uctat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 123; naue equo tabernaculo uatico etiam a me iuuabitur, Liv. 44, 22, 13; add Ov. Pout. 2, 7, 71; 4, 12, 49;

**5.** impers. Si pereō, hominum manibus periisse iuuabit, it will be some relief, Verg. 3, 606;

**6.** lift with joy, delight, iuuare in utroque (sc. corpore et animo) dicitur ex eoque iucundum, Cic. fin. 2, 14; nec me uita iuuaret inuisa ciuibus meis, Liv. 28, 27, 10; Multos castra iuuant, Hor. od. 1, 1, 23; add Ov. a. a. 2, 159; Phaedr. 4, 7, 22;

**7.** pass. pers., refer ad aures, probabunt. Quare cur? Ita se dicent iuuari, Cic. orat. 159;

**8.** vb. impers., it delights, iuuat me tibi summam humanitatem profuisse, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 3; iuuat indulgere choreis, Verg. 9, 615; Sunt quos curriculo puluerem Olympicum Collegisse iuuat, Hor. od. 1, 1, 4; quae scire magis iuuat quam prodest, Sen. ep. 106, 3; quam iuuat quod in tempora illa non incidit! Plin. ep. 8, 7, 17;

**9.** but iu Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 118, and Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8 lubet, not iuuat;

**10.** iuuaturus, Sal. Iug. 47, 2; Plin. ep. 4, 15, 13; but Colum. poet. 10, 121 iutura;

**11.** part. perf. iutus, Tac. an. 14, 4, 1; Pall. 4, 10, 36;

**12.** for change of l to i initial, cf. iecur, iocus, iubeo.

**iuxtā**, adv. and prep. [iug of iungo?] Forte fuit iuxta tumulus, Verg. 3, 22; sed horrificis iuxta touat Aetna ruinis, 3, 571; add 7, 72; but if sound, Lumina Callisto iuxtā Lycaonia(m), Catul. 66, 66.



## L.

**L**, the eleventh letter of the Latin alphabet, a liquid, corresponding to Gr. A and differing from it only in the direction of the joined strokes; **2.** interchanges with d, see d § 10; **3.** also w, n, as *limfa* = *nimfa* (cf. *λιτρον* = *νιτρον*), *asinus asellus*, *pagina pagella*, *scamnum scabellum*, *bonus melior*; **4.** w, r, *umbra umbella*, *libra libella*, *ager agellus*, *liber libellus*, *lucrum lucellum*, *corulus colurnus*; **II 5.** initial l often the result of decapitation, as: *lubet* for *uol-ubet* from *uolo*, cf. *uolupe*, *uoluptas*; *Ino set* loose, for *solno*; *luxus* and *laxus* for *soluxus* and *solaxus* from *soluo*, cf. E. *slack*; *liber* (old *loeber*) for *soluber* from *soluo*, cf. *ελευθερος*; *liber* (= *lüber*) for *col-uber*, cf. *g(ol)ubo* and *col-or* skin; *laeuos* for *salaeuos*, cf. S. *salaiua*; *lux* for *gol-ux*, cf. W. *golen* light, E. *glow*; *lino* for *el-ino*, cf. *ελαιον*, *αλειφω* adeps; *latus part.* for *tolatus*, cf. *τολαμη*; **III 6.** abbrev., L. for *Lucius*, L. *Cornelio* L. f. *Scipio*, *CIL* 31; **7.** for *legio* etc., (*legionibus*) *III primis*, 198, 2; add § 22; **8.** for *lex* etc., ex h(ace) l(ege) §§ 5 and 11; **9.** *Inbens* or *libens* etc., l. m(erito), 1469; *uot(nm) solu(it)* l., *inser. Or.* 1411; v. s. l. m., 1416, 1419; **10.** for *libertus*, *liberta* etc., *Cratea Caecili(us)* M. l. = *Marci libertus*, *CIL* 840; *Baebia* Q. l., 837; **11.** for *latus* or *longus*, *locum terrae*, l. p. III, l. p. VII, *inser. Or.* 4500; *locum* l. p. v, lat. p. III, 4562; **12.** for *locus* etc., l. c. = *loco* *concesso*, 5813; l. d. = *loco* *dato*, 1872; **13.** for *ludus*, l. m. = *ludus magnus*, 6176; **14.** for *librarius*, l. tr(ibunus), 6791; **15.** for *leuga*, 1019; **IV 16.** *lar* for *Larentalia*, *kal. Maff. Dec.* 25; for *lares*, *inser. Or.* 2386, and 5631; **17.** *Lat* for *Latinae*, 2471; for *latum*, § 11 above; **18.** *Laur. Lauin.*, for *Laurens Lauinas*, 3100; **19.** *leg.* for *legatus* etc., *CIL* 199, 46; *inser. Or.* 6804; for *legauit*, 2180, 4357; for *lege* etc., *CIL* 206, 72; *inser. Or.* 3677; for *legio* etc., 3372, 3373 etc.; **20.** *Lem.* for *Lemonia tribus*, D. M... *Verseni* L. f. *Lem. Gratiani*, 90; *M. Caelio* T. f. *Lem. Bono*, 621; **21.** *lib.* for *liberalitas*, 3360; for *Libyae*, 3660; **22.** *Lig.* for *Liguria*, 3044; **23.** *loc.* for *locator*, 2618; for *loco* etc. 102, 253 etc.; **24.** *Lucar.* for *Lucaria*, *kal. Maff. July* 19; *lud.* for *ludus* etc., *ib.*; *inser. Or.* 2553; **25.** *Lug.* for *Lugdunensis*, 2292; **26.** *lustr.* for *lustrandis* etc., 3142.

**lābārum** or **lābōrum** (following the accent of *λάβρων* of *Sozomen.*), i, n. sacred banner of the Emperors, *Christus purpureum*... *Signabat lābārum*, *Prud. Symm.* 1, 487; *praepositi laborum* (g. pl.), *Th. C.* 6, 25, 1; *Iustin. C.* 12, 18, 1.

**labasco**, see

**labascor**, *asci* (for *cāl-āb-asc-or*, of which *cāl* = *cād-fall*; cf. *calamitas* = *kadamitas*), vb. r. be in the act of falling, totter, hence met. of the mind, give way, waver, postquam uidit misericordia Labasci mentem infirmam populi, *Varr. ap. Non.* 473, 10; **2.** *labasco*, ēre, *Saluos sum*, *leno labascit*, *libertas portenditur*, *Pl. Rud.* 5, 3, 38; *Labascit nictus uo uerbo*, *quam cito!* *Ter. Eun.* 1, 2, 98; add *Ad.* 2, 2, 31; neque cor tam ferum quod non labascat (so cj. *Voss* etc., *ms* *labascatur*) *lingua*, *mitiscat malo*, *Acc. ap. Non.* 473, 10; **3.** in *Verg. cir.* 450 *Ribb.* has *tābescent* (*ms* *labescunt*; others *agst. metre labascunt*).

**labda**, (for *λαμβδα*) ae, m. = *irrumator*? *Varr. ap. Non.* 70, 11; *Anson. epigr.* 126.

**labdācismus**, i, m. alliteration of l, *Mart. Cap.* 5, 167 G, 514 *Eyss.*; **2.** confusion of sounds ll (*l mouillé*?) and l, *Pomp. comm.* 286, 7 and 34 K; *Consent.* 394, 22.

**lābea**, ae, (*labia*\*, *Apul.*) f. lip, refer ad *labeas tibiae*, *Pl. St.* 5, 4, 41; *labeas pugnis caedere*, *Non. ap. Non.* 210, 26; add *Lucii. ib.*; *rictum et labeas cum considero*, *Pomp. ap. Non.* 456, 1; add *Nigid. ap. Gell.* 10, 4, 4; *labeatum ductu*, *Gell.* 18, 4, 6; *illibatae labiae*\*, *Apul. M.* 2, 24; add 3, 24; 7, 3; 10, 22 and 28; **2.** rarely in sing., as: con-

*torta in modum linguae postrema labia*\*... *calicem perhausi*, *Apul. M.* 10, 16; **3.** lip of an oil mill, *Cato r.* 20, 2.

**lābēcūla**, ae, f. dim. a slight stain, *Cic. Vat.* 41.

**lābēfācio**, ēre, fēci, factus, vb. cause to totter, undermine, loosen, *Pudet nihil?* *Omnes dentes lābēfēcit mihi*, *Ter. Ad.* 2, 2, 36; *labefacta magna parte muri*, *Caes. b. c. 2*, 22, 1; *partem labefecit in omuem*, *Ov. M.* 3, 70; add 8, 774; **2.** met. undermine, esp. cause to waver, *quem numquam ulla inuidia labefecit*, *Cic. Sest.* 101; *quem nulla ambitio*... *Mouere potuit in iuuenta de statu*, *Ecce in senecta ut facile lābēfēcit loco*... *blandiloquens oratio*, *Laber. ap. Maer. s.* 2, 7, 3; add *Tac. an.* 6, 35 (29); **3.** other met., *contagione ceteros (boues)*, *Colum.* 6, 5, 1; *corporea aestus*, *Tac. h.* 2, 93; *fidem*, *Suet. Vesp.* 4; and in same sense, *primores classiariorum*, *Tac. an.* 15, 51; add 4, 60.

**lābēfāctātio**, ōnis, f. causing to totter, loosening, dentium, *Plin.* 23, 56; **2.** met. undermining, *Quint.* 8, 4, 14.

**lābēfacto**, āre, vb. freq. make ready to fall by repeated action, cause to totter, undermine, weaken, demoliri signum ac uectibus labefactare, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 4, 94; *huius (phalangii) genera labefactat*, *Plin.* 29, 86; *horrea bellicis machinis labefactata*, *Suet. Ner.* 38; **2.** met., *Ita me ab ea astute uideo labefactarier*, *Ter. Eun.* 3, 3, 3; *nec destiti labefactare eum*, *Cic. fam.* 12, 25, 2; *leges ac iura*, *Caec. 70*; *illam munere uestis*, *Catul.* 69, 3; *fidem*, *Liv.* 24, 20, 15.

**lābēfio**, fieri, vb. be made to totter, be undermined, munimenta incussu arietis, *Sen. dial.* 2, 6, 4; see *labefacio*.

**1 labellum**, i, n. dim. (*lābrum*) a little lip, as of a child, *Platonī cum in cunis dormienti apes in labellis consedisent*, *Cic. din.* 1, 78; **2.** esp. as term of endearment, *Prehende anriculis compara labella cum labellis*, *Pl. As.* 3, 3, 78; *Nec te paeniteat calamo triuisse labellum*, *Verg. B.* 2, 34; **3.** esp. of women, as opp. to *labrum* of men, *Non placet: labrā labellis fērūminat*, *Pl. Mil.* 4, 8, 25; *Vbi amans complexus est amantem, ubi ad labrā labella Adjungit*, *Ps.* 5, 1, 14; add *Or. a. a.* 1, 575; **4.** of a man, *Pl. As.* 3, 3, 78; *Prop.* 2, 13, 29; *Iuv.* 14, 325; **5.** met. as a term of endearment, *Meus ocellus, meum labellum, mea salus*, *Pl. Poen.* 2, 1, 153.

**2 labellum**, i, dim. of *lābrum* a basin, *nrceum* i, *sextarinum* i, *labellum* i, *Cato r.* 13, 3; *eam murium in labello in sole ponito*, 88, 2; add 10, 2; *medicamentum in labello permisceto*, *Colum.* 12, 28, 3; add 12, 44, 1.

**lābeo**, (-io)\*, ōnis, m. one who has large lips, *modica labra, labia immodica et inde labiones\**, *Verr. Fl. ap. Char.* 103, 8 K; *brocchi labeones dicti*, *Plin.* 11, 159; *esse quosdam capitones, frontones, labeones*, *Arnob.* 3, 14; **2.** as a cognomen, *Q. Fabi(us) Labeo*, on a coin, *CIL* 343; *C. Caninius C. f. Arn. Labeo*, 1012; add 1484, 1485.

**lābeōsus**, adj. with large lips, *Lucr.* 4, 1169.

**Lābēriānus**, adj. of *Laberius*, *uersus*, *Sen. ira* 2, 3.

**Lābērius**, a surname, *Et Lābēri mimos ut pulchra poemata mirer*, *Hor. s. i.* 10, 6; add *Maer. s.* 2, 3, 10 etc.

**lābēs**, is (*lābor* vb.), f. a slip, a fall, as an avalanche, or earth-slip, *delata ad senatum labe agri Prineratis eum ad infinitam altitudinem terra desedisset*, *Cic. diu.* 1, 97; *tantos terrae motus... ut multis locis labe factae sint*, 1, 78; *moenia mundi Expugnata dabunt labem putrisque ruinas*, *Lucr.* 2, 1149; *si rium labe corrumpit*, *Lab. dig.* 19, 2, 62; **2.** of epilepsy, *Concilium populi labe horrenda diremit*, *Seren. Samm.* 57, 1018; **3.** of rain or blight falling, *labe imbris e caelo*, *Arnob.* 5, 40; and *perh.*, *si labe facta sit omnemque fructum tulerit* (contrasted with *prec. words: si uis tempestatis calamitosa contigerit*), *Ulp. dig.* 19, 2, 15, 2; **4.** met., *Quanta pernis pestis ueniet, quanta lābes larido*, *Pl. Capt.* 4, 3, 3; *praedonem iuris, labem atque perniciem prouinciae*, *Cic. Verr.* 1, 2; *regnum*, *Val. F.* 5, 237; **II 5.** as things split are apt to leave one, a

stain, a spot (of dirt), labes macula in uestimento...transfertur in homines uituperatione dignos, Paul. ex F. p. 121; Sed ueluti tractata notam labemque remittunt Atramenta, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 235; sine labe toga, Ov. a. a. 1, 514; **6.** met. anything that disfigures, a blemish, defect, nec labi† corporis ulla, Lncr. 5, 930; (taurus) Signatus tenui...nigro: Vna fuit labes, cetera lactis crant, Ov. a. a. 1, 292; Victima labe carens, M. 15, 130; corporis labe insignibus, Suet. Aug. 38; **7.** or defiles, donec longa dies...Concretam exemit labem purumque relinquit Aetherium sensum, Verg. 6, 746; **8.** met. stain, disgrace, animi labes nec...nec amnibus ullis elui\* potest, Cic. leg. 2, 24; ne labes illius dignitati adpersa\* nideatur, Vat. 15; est saeculi quaedam macula\* atque labes uirtuti inuidere, Balb. 15; famae non sine labe meae, Prop. 4, 8, 20; abolere\* labem ignominiae, Tac. h. 3, 24—where note the words marked \*; **9.** an abl. labi in Lucr., above † § 6.

**lābia**, see labea.

**Lābicanus**, adj. of the Labici, ager, Liv. 26, 9, 11; nia, a street in Rome, 4, 41, 8; **2.** absol. m. (sc. ager), the territory of the Labici, Cic. parad. 50; **3.** inhabitant of Labicium, Liv. 4, 45, 3.

**Lābici**, adj. pl. inhabitants of Labici, picti senta Lābici, Verg. 7, 796; add Sil. 8, 368; **2.** as name of the town, ne quid tumultus Labicis oreretur, Liv. 4, 45, 4; add 2, 39, 4.

**lābīdus**, adj. slippery, itinera, Vitr. 6, pr. 2.

**Lābiēnānus**, (so mss plerique) adj., of Labienus, bell. Afr. 29, 2.

**Lābiēnus**, name of a gens, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3 etc.; fortis in armis Caesaris Lābiēnus erat: nunc transfuga uilis, Lucan. 5, 346.

**lābilis**, e, adj. slippery, limus, Amm. 27, 10, 11;

**2.** met., Arnob. 7, 4.

**lābio**, see labeo.

**lābiōsus**, see labeosus.

**lābium**, ii, n. lip, labiis dum ductant eum, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 15 (wh. Char. 103, 11 K has labris against metre); in laborem uitiiis, Plin. 24, 14; add 29, 46; 34, 115; labiisque trementibus Anna, Sil. 8, 114; Incuruos tremulus labiis demissis gemens, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 45; **2.** in sing. Seren. ap. Non. 210, 11.

**lābo**, āre, vb. [shortened from lābasco, wh. see] be ready to fall or give way, totter, be loose, illud (sc. signum) Apollinis nulla lababat ex parte cum alii uectibus conarentur commouere, alii rapere ad se funibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; lābāt arietē crebro Ianua, Verg. 2, 492; Genua lābant, uastos quatit aeger anhelitus artus, 5, 432; si ex ictu alii labant deutes, auro uinciendi sunt, Cels. 7, 12, 1 (p. 288, 5 Dar.); **2.** met., as with the nom., res Troiana, Ov. M. 15, 438; memoria, Liv. 5, 18, 4; spes, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 12; mens, Cels. 3, 19, 1; **3.** esp. of resolution or fidelity, waver, cum labare M. Antonius uidergtur, Cic. Phil. 6, 10; scito labare meum consilium illud quod satis iam fixum uidebatur, Att. 8, 14, 2; (fides socio)rum quae ad eam diem firma steterat tum labare coepit, Liv. 22, 61, 10; suberat suspicio labare fidem sociorum, 32, 30, 9; **4.** labare sermone, to speak indistinctly (as a drunken man), Plin. 14, 146.

**1** **lābor**, i, lapsus, vb. r. [akin to E. slip, slide, glide, and perh. from the root cal=cad-, fall; cf. lābasco; see below] slip, glide, slide, move gently or imperceptibly, Lābitūr uncta carina, uolat super impetus undas, Enn. an. 379 V; Lābitūr uncta uadis abies, Verg. 8, 91; ille e manibus custodientium lapsus..., Curt. 3, 33 (in Tac. an. 6, 5 Halm has elapsus custodiae, not lapsum custodia); caeli subter lābentia signa, Lucr. 1, 2; add 4, 144; Verg. 3, 315; Ov. F. 3, 113; Cic. Arat. fr. 3; uaga et mutabili erratione labantur (sc. the planets), Tim. 10; at ille (sc. annis) Labitur et labetur in omne uolubilis aeuum, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; and met. of time, fugaces...Labuntur anni (glide by), od. 2, 14, 2; Tempora labuntur tacitisque senescimus anuis, Ov. F. 6, 771; add am. 1, 8, 49; **2.** descend with gentle motion, glide down, fall, naufragum in riuo inisse lapsum, Cic. fat. 5; Labere nympa polo finisque inuise Latinos, Verg. 11, 588; Labitur exsanguis, 9, 818; lapsasque lacertis Sponte sua fama est nullo soluente catenas, Ov.

M. 3, 699; **3.** gen. fall, Lapsuramque domum subeas, Ov. Ib. 509; ut scias...quibus de rebus lapsa fortuna accidat, Enn. tr. 396 V; **4.** met., Illico res foras labitur, liquitur, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 16, slips away; Ante...Ararim Parthus bibet...Quam nostro illius labatur pectore uoltus, Verg. B. 1, 64; labor eo—am inclining—ut adsentiar Epicuro, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 139; uerenti ne labar ad opinionem, ib. 138; iu uitium, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 94; **5.** esp. make a slip or mistake, take a false step, labi errare nescire decipi et malum et turpeducimus, Cic. off. 1, 18; ne plebs propter imprudentiam laberetur, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6; **6.** so facultatibus l. get into money difficulties, Ulp. dig. 27, 8, 1; and absol., si idoneus contutor subito lapsus sit, Paul. 26, 7, 13; **7.** of digressions, be carried away unwittingly, sed labor longius, ad propositum reuertar, Cic. diu. 2, 79; quiu labebar longius, nisi me retinuissem, leg. 1, 52; **8.** one with our slip, slide, glide; for the d, cf. uerbum word, gleba clod, etc.; also one with Lith. gleb-ti.

**2** **lābor**, ōris, m. [for alab-or=arab-or, where arab.=araplongh; and so akin to G. ar(a)b-eit labour, Lith. rabata, Pol. rob-ota; for meaning, cf. Fr. labour-er labour-age, used only of tillage, cf. also Labor-iui campi, so called as esp. fit for arable culture] prop. tillage, the labour of tillage, Sine me, uociuom tempus nequod dem mihi Laboris, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 37; Vrit enim lini campum seges, urit auenae... Sed tamen alternis facilis labor, Verg. G. 1, 79; haec cum sint hominumque boumque labores Versando terram experti, 1, 118; Nec cultura placet longior annua, Defunctum-que laboribus Aequali recreat sorte uicarius, Hor. od. 3, 24, 15; **2.** hence (tillage being the earliest form of labour) labour, toil generally, Maiorem laudem quam laborem inuenero, Afr. 335 R; Tum uariae uenere artes; labor omnia uincit Improbos, Verg. G. 1, 145; ingeniumst omnium Hominum ab labore proclue ad lubidinem, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 51; milites certiores facit paulisper intermitterent proelium...sequ ex labore reficerent, Caes. b. g. 3, 5, 3; in ea tu plus uerare laborisque consumpseras, Cic. or. 1, 234; ut omnem nitae suae cursum in labore corporis atque in animi contentione conficere, Cael. 39; **3.** pain, suffering, Validato mi (so THK for Valetudo of mss) deerescit, accrescit labor, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 4; Lucinae experta labores, Verg. G. 4, 340; sulphurosi fontes neruorum labores reficiunt, Vitr. 8, 3, 4; **4.** weight, pressure, hi (so lapides) tractabiles in opere laborem quoque tolerant, sub tecto dumtaxat, Plin. 36, 117; ex his saxa cum sunt exempta in opere facile tractantur, et si sunt in locis tectis sustinent laborem, Vitr. 2, 7, 2; **5.** of eclipses, the sun and moon being supposed to be suffering from witchcraft, Hic canit errantem lunam solisque labores, Verg. 1, 742; Te quoque Luna traho quamuis Temesaca labores Aera tuos miuuant, Ov. M. 7, 207; see laboro § 16; **6.** the produce of labour, a work, Pocolaque insignis ueterum labor, Val. F. 1, 143; Dona ducei promit chlamidem testosque labores, 2, 409; **7.** labour of mind, trouble, sorrow, grief, Tantum laborem capere ob talem filium! Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 29; cuius erga mo singularē beniuolentiam uel in labore meo uel in honore perspexi, Cic. fam. 15, 8; Et breuiter Troiae supremum audire laborem, Verg. 2, 11; Iliaeos audire labores, 4, 78; **8.** the demon of pain, Terribiles uisu formae Letumque Labosque, Verg. 6, 277; **9.** labōs, as nom., Pl. Merc. pr. 72 B, and virtually CD; Trin. 2, 1, 36 BCD; Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 6; Catal. 55, 13; cf. Quint. 1, 4, 13.

**lābōrātio** ? ōnis, f. depends solely on a corrupt passage which has only borationibus, Fronto p. 202, 16.

**Lābōriae**, ārum, f. pl. (perh. an adj. from labor, sc. terrae), a most fertile district of Campania, now Terra di Lavoro, Plin. 18, 111.

**lābōrifer**, a, um, adj. labour-bearing or -bringing, Hercules, Ov. M. 9, 285; iuuenens, 15, 129; currus, Stat. Th. 6, 25.

**Lābōrinus**, adj. (al. Leborinus), of Laboriae, campi, Plin. 3, 60; 17, 28.

**lābōriōse**, see

**lābōriōsus**, adj. full of labour, fatiguing, opus, Pl.



Merc. 3, 1, 9; deambulatio, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 3; quid nobis laboriosus? Cic. Mil. 5; uihil erit laboriosius prouincia, leg. 3, 19; cartae, Catul. 1, 7; utrum ei laboriosius an gloriosius fuerit difficile fuit iudicare, Nep. Att. 12, 5; operum fuit... laboriosissimum cuniculus, Liv. 5, 19, 10; Durum rus fugit (et) laboriosum, Gall. ap. Non. 133, 3; **2.** hard-working, homines, Cic. Tusco. 2, 35; (bos) laboriosissimus hominis socius, Colum. 6, pr. 7; **3.** much-enduring, Cic. Phil. 11, 8; **4.** laboriose adv., Catul. 38, 2; Cels. 5, 17, 2; **5.** comp., Cic. Rosc. com. 31; sup., Caeil. 71.

**lābōr-o**, āre, vb. [lābor. sb.; cf. color-o, uapor-o from color, uapor] prop. labour on land, at istos rastros interea tamen (Appone, ne labora, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 37; quamdin intellegebant sese sibi et populo Romano, non Verri et Apronio serere impendere laborare, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 121; **2.** gen. labour, work hard, Totum sudor habet corpus multumque laborat Nec respiraui fit copia, Enn. an. 436 V; sudet multum frustraue labore, Hor. A. P. 241; frustra laborabimus, Quint. 6, 3, 35; **3.** with ut and subj., animo laborabat ut reliquas ciuitates adiungeret, Caes. b. g. 7, 31, 1; non enim uirtute ut haberentur philosophi laborabant, Quint. pr. 15; add 2, 3, 2; **4.** with in aud abl., qua iu re, Quint. 2, 3, 2; in ceteris, 10, 1, 2; **5.** with circa and acc., circa memoriam, Quint. 6, 4, 1; circa praecpta huius partis, 8 pr. 15; **6.** with in and acc., conscientiae satis fiat, nil in famam labororem, Sen. ira 3, 41, 2; **7.** with inf., breuis esse laboro, Obscurus fio, Hor. A. P. 25; amari ab eo laboraui, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 2; add Hor. od. 2, 3, 11; A. P. 435; Ov. M. 13, 285; **8.** be hard pressed, be distressed, non quo illi scuta ocula esse uellent, sed ne familiares si scnta ipsi ferrent, labore, Cic. Phil. 5, 18; quos laborantes conspexerat his subsidia submittebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 4; add 7, 67, 4; b. c. 2, 6, 2; sunt qui crebro anhelitu imitentur iumenta onere et iugo laborantia, Quint. 11, 3, 55; **9.** and met. of inanimate objects, labour, have a hard task, suffer, Aquilonibus Querceta Gargani laborant, Hor. od. 2, 9, 7; nec iam sustineant onus Siluae laborantes, 1, 9, 3; Turpe laborantem deseruisse ratem, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 22; tum uocalium concursus, qui cum accidit, hiat et quasi laborat oratio, Quint. 9, 4, 33; **10.** esp. suffer (from disease or bodily pain), ualetudo tua me ualde conturbat, significant enim tuae litterae te prorsus laborare, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 1; cum sine febris laborassem, 5, 8, 1; add Tusc. 2, 61; similarly, oleis laborantibus circum radices amaram conuenient infundere, Colum. 11, 2, 29; add Pall. 4, 8, 1; **11.** with various constructions, as first ex, e dolore, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 33; ex intestinis, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 1; ex pedibus, 9, 23; ex renibus, Tusc. 2, 60; **12.** with ab, a frigore, Plin. 32, 10, 47; **13.** a mere abl., utero, Hor. od. 3, 22, 2; et fame et cruditate, Plin. 17, 219; torminibus, 24, 78; podagra, Mart. 1, 98, 1; **14.** and met., ex inuidia, Cic. Clu. 202; ex desiderio, fam. 16, 11, 1; ex inscientia, inu. 2, 5; ab auaritia (so Bentl., but mss ob auaritiam), Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; non odio solum apud hostes sed contemptu etiam inter socios nomen Romanum laborare, Liv. 6, 2, 4; diuersis uitis auaritia et luxuria ciuitatem laborare, 34, 4, 2; hoc uitio, Quint. 9, 2, 77; fastidio, 12, 9, 7; opinione arrogantiae, 4, 1, 33; **15.** of love, et fide Teia Dices laborantes in uno Penelopen nitreamque Circon, Hor. od. 1, 17, 19; **16.** of eclipses, Harum nulla solet rationem quaerere mundi Neo cur fraternis Luna laboret equis, Prop. 3, 30, 52 ed. L; and met., ueritatem labore nimis saepe aiunt, exstingui numquam, Liv. 22, 39, 19; see labor, § 5; **17.** non laboro, I do not trouble myself about, am indifferent about, heed not, cuius manu sit percussus non laboro, Cic. Rose. Am. 97; quorsum recidat responsm tuum non inagno opere laboro, Rosc. com. 43; **18.** with acc., work at, labour for, chiefly in poets, Nardo perunctum quale nou perfectius Meae laborarint manus, Hor. epod. 5, 60; Noctibus hibernis caestrensia pensa laboro, Prop. 5, 3, 33; frumenta ceterosque fructus patientius laborant, Tac. G. 45; add Stat. silu. 5, 1, 10; Sil. 16, 411; **19.** hence in pass. part., worked at, produced by labour, laboured, Arte laboratae uestes, Verg. 1, 639; Dona laboratae Cereris, 8, 181; antrum...Arte laboratum nulla, Ov. M. 3, 158; Plena labora-

tis habeas cum scrinia libris, Mart. 4, 33, 1; add 9, 18, 4; laboratam congestamque dierum ac noctium studio actionem aqua deficit, Quint. 12, 6, 5; ex me (sc. Pomouia) parata omnia neo cura laboranda sed sese porrigentia ultro, Plin. 23, 2; in Cic. Cael. 54 elaborata, not laborata; **20.** also passed in labour, aeuum, Val. F. 5, 225; uita, Stat. Th. 1, 341; **21.** a comp. laborator, Tert. uirg. uel. 10.

**lābōs**, see 2 lābor.

**lābōsus**? adj. [fm. a lost form labus, i, sb.] full of labour, fatiguing, laborious, toilsome, Praeterea omne iter est hoc labosum atque lutosum (wh. note the long a), Lucil. ap. Non. 489, 11; **2.** the other passage labosas Tantalus..., qu. by Forc. from Lucil. is an error; **3.** might perh. come from labos -oris, as decorus honorum from decor honor.

**lābratus**, quasi-part. [labrum, lip] lipped, χαιλῶ, unde et pisces ehilones inprobis labrati, Charis. 78; **2.** as sb. n. labratum, i, l. ασπαστικον βασιλειως, Gloss.; l. φιλημα βασιλικον.

**lābro**, ōnis, sb. a port on the Tuscan coast, perh. Leghorn, erat iturus (to Sardinia) a. d. III id. Apr. ut aut Labrone aut Pisis conscenderet, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 2.

**lābrōsus**, adj. [labrum] with a large lip or lips, ferramentum, Cels. 7, 26, 2 (used in lithotomy).

**1 lābrum**, i, [akin to E. lip, and perh. L. lambo; cf. lab-ium] n. lip, labra, a lābris nu(n)quam auferat, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 76; em uide ut discidit lābrum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; apes in labris Platonis condisse, Cic. diu. 2, 66; omni parte corporis rasa praeter caput et labrum superius, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 3; Impressit memorem dente lābris notam, Hor. od. 1, 13, 12; **2.** phrases, primoribus labris gustassent hoc genus uitae, Cic. Cael. 28; ne primoribus quidem labris attingissent, or. 1, 87; primis ut dicitur labris gustasse physiologiam, N. D. 1, 20—to have had just a taste of—(met.); **3.** non mihi labra linis, Mart. 3, 42, 2, deceive me; cf. patri sublinere os tuo, Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 17; **II 4.** met. of other things, lip, edge, brink, doliorum, Cato r. 107; fluminis, Sisen. ap. Non. 449, 18; fossae, Caes. b. g. 7, 72, 1; Liv. 37, 37, 11; (eoruum), Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 6; fontis, Plin. 31, 28; **5.** labrum Venereum, a river plant, Plin. 25, 171; l. Veneris, Seren. 1038.

**2 lābrum**, (for lāuābrum?) i, n. a bath, in balineo, Cic. fam. 14, 20; nec nos uideamus labra Dianae, Ov. F. 4, 761; **2.** gen. a large open vessel, tub, or basin, l. lupinarium...aquaria, Cato r. 10, 4; add 11, 5; olearia, 13, 2; culleare, 154; spumat plenis uindemia labris, Verg. G. 2, 6; add A. 8, 22; 12, 417; fictilia uel lapidea, Colum. 12, 15, 3; add 12, 52, 10—12; **3.** esp. a public basin for water, marmoreo labro aqua exundat, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 20; labrum ex D(eurionum) d(ecrete), inser. Or. 3277; labrum cum fulmentis marmor., 4517.

**lābruscus**, adj. name of one kind of wild-vine, uua, Colum. 8, 5, 23; Macr. s. 3, 20, 7; uitis, Plin. 12, 132 and 48; **2.** labrusca, ae, as sb. f.: raris sparsit labrusca racemis, Verg. B. 5, 7; add Plin. 23, 19; 17, 213; **3.** distinguished from other uites siluestres, Plin. 16, 208; **4.** labruscum, i, as sb. n. the grape of the labrusca, Densa-que uirgultis auide labrusca petuntur, Verg. cul. 52.

**lābundus**, quasi-part. gliding, Vnda sub undis lābunda sonit, Acc. ap. Nou. 504, 31.

**laburnum**, i, u. laburnum, Alpina arbor, Plin. 16, 76; palē laburno, 17, 174; **2.** neut., as best known in the dead wood.

**lābŷrinthēus**, (rather laberinteus), adj. of the Labyrinth, flexibus, Catul. 64, 114.

**lābŷrinthicus**, adj. the same, Sidon. ep. 9, 13; 11, 4.

**lābŷrinthus**, i, m. labyrinth, Verg. 5, 588; Plin. 36, 84—91.

**lac**, or lacte, lactis, n. [for gal-ac with gal prob. for root, cf. γαλ-α, ακτ-ος, with exrescent t; cf. A. Sax. meol-oc, our milk; and note interchange of m with gutturals] milk, maximam partem lacto atque pecore uiuunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 8; femina quaeque Cum peperit dulci repletur lacte, Lucr. 5, 814; Lac mihi non aestate nouom nou frigore deficit, Verg. B. 2, 22; **2.** as a religious offering, Pocula bina nouo



spumantia lacte quotannis...statuam tibi, Verg. B. 6, 67; add A. 3, 66; 5, 78; G. 1, 344; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 143; dis lacte rusticū multaeque gentis...litant, Plin. 1, 11; 3. a proverb, Neque lac lacti(s) magis est simile quam ille ego similis est mei, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 54; Tam similem quam lacte lactist, Mil. 2, 2, 85; add Bac. 1, 1, 19; Men. 5, 9, 30; 4. lac gallinaeum, hen's milk, of what is beyond the sphere of nature, Plin. 1, 24; add Petr. fr. frag. 38 Burm.; cf. *οριθων γαλα*, Arist. Vesp. 508 and 1671; 5. the milky juice of plants, Innumeraeque herbae quarum de lacte soporem Nox legit, Ov. M. 11, 606; tauta uis suci (sc. in piris Falernis) abundat...lacte hoc uocatur, Plin. 15, 53; lac ficulneum, Colum. 7, 8, 1; Pall. 6, 9, 1; lac caprifici, Cels. 5, 7; 6. met. of white objects, Signatus tenui media inter cornua nigro; Vna fuit labes, cetera lactis erant, Ov. a. a. 1, 290; 7. of infancy, ut paeue cum lacte nutritricis errorem sxisse uideamur, Cic. Tusc. 3, 2; corporum educatio a lacte cunisque iaitium ducit, Quint. 1, 1, 21; 8. met. ut teneras mentes satiari uelut quodam iucundioris disciplinae lacte patiantur, 2, 4, 5; 9. lacte as a nom., Enn. an. 355 V; Cato ap. Char. 78; Caecil. 220 R; Cass. Hem. ap. Non. s. v.; Pl. see above; Varr. r. 2, 1, 4; 2, 8, 4; 10. a noun. lact favoured by Varr. though gen. condemned, says Pomp. 199 Keil; cf. Char. 78; Claud. Sac. in anal. gr. 47; Cap. 3, 81; Auson. techn. 12; 11. an acc. lacem unduly ascribed to Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 16; Gell. 12, 1, 17; Apul. M. 8, 19 (p. 559), and 8, 28 p. 584 and 589; in all wh. Ritschl op. 2, 574 reads lacte, as also perh. in the Gloss. lacem *γαλα*.

**lacca**, ae, f. an unknown plant, Apul. herb. 3 f.; 2. a swelling like a bladder, on legs of horses, etc., Veg. uct. 1, 27, 4; 5, 18.

**lācēr**, ēra, ērum, adj. [= *λακερος*]; implies a vb. lac-, perh. for uel-ac-, from uel of uello tear, whence uolnus and ulcus; akin also to *ρακ-ος* (*βρακ-ος*), *ρακωδης*, and our rag] torn, mangled, mutilated, in diuersum iter equi concitati lacerum in utroque curru corpus qua inhaeserat ninculis membra portantes, Liv. 1, 28, 10; laniatum corpore toto Deiphobum uidet et lacerum crudeliter ora, Ora manusque ambas, Verg. 6, 495; Et lacernum cornu mediis caput addidit undis, Ov. M. 9, 97; lacera ueste, Tac. h. 3, 10; lacer quod auribus curtatis est, Paul. ex Fest. 117; lacer dicitur amputatis a corpore sensuum membris, Ascen. ad Verr. 1, 6; 2. met., lacerae domus couponit artus, Sen. Thy. 432; laceras gentilitates, Plin. pan. 39.

**lācērābīlis**, e, adj. that may be torn, Auson. Idyl. 15, 17.

**lācērātio**, ōnis, f. tearing, genarum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 62; corporis, Pis. 42; corporum, Liv. 7, 4, 2.

**lācērātor**, ōris, m. one who tears, Augustin. mor. eccles. 1.

**lācērātrix**, icis, f. one who tears, Macer. carm. 2, 6.

**lācerna**, f. a thick cloak, Cic. Phil. 2, 76; against cold weather, and so esp. for camp use; Quamprimum nostra facta lācerna mauu, Ov. F. 2, 746; Textitur haec castris quarta lācerna tuis, Prop. 4, 3, 18; Cum teget algentes alba lācerna togas, Mart. 14, 137; add Suet. Aug. 40 f.

**lācernātus**, quasi-part. cloaked, Vell. 2, 80, 3; Petron. 69; 2. worn by men, hence the satirical use of: lacerata amica, Iuv. 1, 62.

**lācernūla**, ae, f. dim. a small cloak, Arnob. 2, 56.

**lācēro**, (lacer) āre, vb. tear, esp. flesh, Vt tna iam uirgis latera lacerentur prope, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 10; eum tuo lacerato corpore, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 2, 18; in eius corpore lacerando, Cic. Phil. 11, 8; tergum uirgis, Liv. 3, 58, 8; crudeli uerbere terga, Ov. F. 2, 695; 2. cloths, uestem, Ov. M. 11, 726; Curt. 4, 10, 25; 3. shatter (a ship), puppem, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 35; nauem, Pont. 3, 6, 19; nauigia, Curt. 4, 3, 18; II 4. met., ne ego hunc lacerō diem, Pl. St. 3, 1, 45; As. 2, 2, 25; Iustris lacerant homines, Cnre. 4, 2, 22; cum Hannibal terram Italiam laceraret, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 6, 7; Maer. s. 6, 7, 10; hortor ne cuiusquam misereas, Quin spoliis mutiles laceres, quemque naeta sis, Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 8; inuidia quae solet lacerare plerosque, Cic. Brut. 156; optimum nrum incesto ore, Phil. 11, 5; ad reliquias uitae lacerandas et distrahendās, Quinct. 50; probris, Liv. 31, 6, 5; Nasonis carmina, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 1.

**lācērtā**, ae, f. a lizard, uirides rubum Dimouērē lācērtāe, Hor. od. 1, 23, 7; add Mart. 14, 172; Plin. 11, 46 and 220; 2. as edible, perh. a fish, lacertas cum muria sua, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 3; see lacertus.

**lācērtōsus**, (lacertus) adj. having large lacerti, muscular, brawny, centuriones, Cic. Phil. 8, 26; equi, Varr. r. 2, 7, 13; galli, 3, 9, 5; coloni, Ov. M. 11, 33; uiri, Colum. 10, 9, 4; feminibus, 6, 37, 6.

**lācērtūlus**? i, m. dim. a little lizard—hence a cake of this form, Apul. M. 10, 13; wh. some by cj. laterculos.

**lācērtus**, i, m. a lizard, picti squalentia terga lacerti, Verg. G. 4, 13; add Colum. 9, 7, 6; Cels. 5, 5 and 8; Plin. 8, 97 and 141; 2. a fish, ad captandos lacertos tempestates non sunt idoneae, Cic. Att. 2, 6, 1; add Colum. 8, 17, 12; Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, l. 21 Dar.; Iuv. 14, 131; Mart. 10, 48, 11; 11, 27, 3; 11, 52, 7; 12, 19; Plin. 32, 146 and 149;

II 3. met. cf. the term musculus fm. mus and Gr. *μυς*, the biceps, muscle of the arm, O pectora, o terga, o lacertorum tori, Cic. Tusc. 2, 22; laudat...Brachia...et nudos...lacertos, Ov. M. 1, 501; redeunt umeri: subiecta lacertis Brachia sunt, 14, 304; iuuenum sudantibus acta lacertis, 4, 707; non paterer immanes illos et ad pugnam natos lacertos iactu disci uanescere, Tac. dial. 10; 4. without reference to muscular action, the upper arm, ut auratos gereres Eriphyla lacertos, Prop. 3, 13, 57; habeant in lacertis iam et uiri Dardanum, Plin. 33, 40; subduenda pars tunicae ne ad lacertum in actu redeat, Quint. 11, 3, 140; 5. met. in Lysia sunt etiam lacerti, sic ut fieri nihil possit ualentius, Cic. Brut. 64; a quo cum ammentas hastas accepert, ipse eas oratoris lacertis torquebit, or. 1, 242; Aeschines carnus plus habet, minus lacertorum, Quint. 10, 1, 77.

**lācēsitiō**, ōnis, f. attack in the way of provocation or challenge, Amm. 19, 3, 1.

**lācēsitor**, ōris, m. one who attacks by way of provocation, Isid. or. 10 in litt. L.

**lāc-ess-o**, ēre, iui, itum, vb. frq. [fuller and older form of lac-i-o, lac standing for uel-ac- frq. of uello, pull; cf. for suffix, fac-ess-o, pet-ess-o, cap-ess-o] keep pulling by little and little, attack in a petty way again and again, hostium copiae magna contra me sedebant, usquequaque lacessebamur, Cato orat. 36, 2 Iord.; Vtque fores nondum reserati carceris acer Nunc pedo nunc ipsa fronte lacescit equus, Ov. tr. 5, 9, 30; mittit qui nuntiarent ne hostes proelio lacesserent et si ipsi lacesserentur sustinerent quoad..., Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 6; ferro fortissimum uirum, Cic. Mil. 84; Saguntini... nec lacescentes nec lacesiti per aliquot dies..., Liv. 21, 11, 5; 2. morally, as with words, be the first to attack, provoke, challenge, Hic respondere uoluit uon lacescere, Ter. Ph. pr. 19; add 13 and Eun. pr. 16; nemo illorum inimicus mihi fuit uoluntarius, omnes a me lacesiti; tu ne uerbo quidem uiolatus ultro me maledictis lacesisti, Cic. Phil. 2, 1; primo lacescere iurgis, Liv. 38, 33, 6; 3. in a friendly or at least not hostile way, slap, strike, Circumstant prope arigae manibusque lacesunt Pectora plausa cauis, Verg. 12, 85; non est mirandum qua ratione... Haec loca per uoces ueniant aurisque lacesant, Lucr. 4, 597; Hic odor ipse igitur naris quicunque lacesit..., 4, 687; add 4, 691; 4. with acc. of the object or result, challenge, provoke, call for, invite, hos ego sermones lacesiui nunquam sed non ualde repressi, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 7; Inmiscentque manus manibus pugnantque lacesunt, Verg. 5, 429; suadet quae ignota lacescere bella, 11, 254; ferrumque lacescere suasit, 10, 10; risus non solum facto aliquo dictoue sed interdum quodam etiam corporis tractu lacesitur (al. arecessitur), Quint. 6, 3, 7.

**lācēnīssō**, (or izo) āre, (*λαχανω*, ulus) vh. = langueo, Suet. Aug. 87.

**lācērima** or **lācēryma** etc., see lacruma etc.

**lācīnia**, (lacinea\*) ae, f. flap of a garment, lappet, Lacrumantem lacinia tenet lacrumans: quidnam 'sse dicam? Pl. As. 3, 2, 41; At tu edepol sume laciniam atque absterge sudorem tibi, Merc. 1, 2, 16; in lacinia seruantein ex secunda mensa semina, Cic. fil. ap. fam. 16, 21, 7; ita se proripuit ut calcata lacinia togae praeeptis per gradus iret, Suet. Cal. 35; add 15; and Ner. 19; me arrepta lacinia detrahens, Apul. M. 1, 23; 2. a piece of cloth



or rag, porrum serunt in laciniis colligatum, Plin. 19, 120; **3.** met. of anything hanging loose or projecting, id oppidum nelut in lacinia erat, Plin. 5, 148; lacinia folii, 15, 130; **4.** esp. the fleshy dewlap of a goat, feminarum generositatis insigne lacinia e ceruice binae dependentes (mammulae pensiles of Varr. r. 2, 3, 2; uerruculae of Colum. 7, 6, 2; Pall. 12, 13, 7); **5.** in the agrimensores, a slip of undivided land, lib. Colon.\* 229, 20; 230, 5 and 22 etc.; **6.** a subdivision, grex (of sick sheep) in lacinas colonis distribuatur, Colum. 7, 5, 3; melius est unum gregem totum quam ex pluribus particulatim mercaro ut nec in pastione separatim lacinae deducantur, 7, 6, 5; **7.** hence met. abl. lacinia, briefly, illud genus obtinent atque id ipsum lacinia, Cic. or. 3, 110; **8.** in Apul. several lacinae make up a dress, lacinas quas contendo mihi concesserant, M. 1, 7; gratiam suam probaturae lacinas omnes exuunt..., nudam pulchritudinem suam praebere se gestiunt, 2, 8.

**laciniatim**, (lacinia, § 6) adv. in small parts, non l. disperso sed cuneatim stipato commentu, Apul. M. 8, 15 f.

**lacinio**, āre, (lacinia) vb., break up into small parts, subdivide, diducimus uitam in partienlas ac laciniamus (lancinamus, Haase), Sen. ep. 32, 2; ut (uentus) adhaerens pressule membrorum uoluptatem graphice laciniaret (laciniaret, Hildebrand), Apul. M. 10, 31.

**laciniōsus**, adj. broken up into lacinae or ribands, so to say, spondylo (ostreae) non carnosio nec fibris lacinoso, Plin. 32, 60; folia, 25, 124; ad effigiem chlamydis lacinosam, 5, 62; **2.** adv. not found, for in Plin. 16, 226 Sillig w. best mss lacunosa et crispa.

**lacinium**, ii, n. = lacinia? Epitogum lacinium, not. Tir. 157.

**lacio**, ěre, vb. draw by little and little, a shortened form of lacesso, as capio de capesso, lacin in fraudem inducit, Paul. ex F. 117; in Lucr. 4, 1207 Lamb. by good ej. lacere in fraudem, mss iacere in f.; **2.** hence elicio, allicio, delecto etc.; see lacesso.

**lacōtōmus**, see logotomos.

**lacrīma**, see

**lacrīma**, later lacrima (pron. larma, like Fr. larme, in drama; akin to *δακρυα*, E. tear; perh. from a form *flac* = *fluc* of fluo), ae, f. tear, Vt prae laetitia (so mss) lacrumae proiliunt mihi Pl. St. 3, 2, 12; Strata terrae laure lacrumis nestem squalam et sordidam, Enn. ap. Non. 172, 19; Vt ne restringas lacrumis si extillaueris, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 82; Desinite luctu questu lacrumas fundere, CIL 1008, 13; neque enim prae lacrumis iam loqui possum, Cic. Mil. 105; multis cum lacrimis obscurare coepit, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 1; uolunt lacrimis atque ora rigabat, Verg. 9, 251; **2.** met., as issuing from plants, Nunc medica panacea lacrima... Spargite, Colum. 10, 103; e lacrimis arborum quae glutinum pariunt, Plin. 11, 14; lacrima uitium, 23, 3; uites lacrimarum nimietate tabescunt, Pall. 3, 30; **3.** of drops of wax from tapers, lacrimis olentibus, Prnd. cath. 5, 22; **4.** lacrima also came into use, h litteram...inserebant ueteres plerisque uocibus ut sonus earum esset uegetior: sic lacrimas...dixerunt, Gell. 2, 3, 3; **5.** lacrimas pro lacrimas Lilius saepe posuit, Paul. ex F. 68.

**lacrīmābilis**, e, (lacrim.\*) adj. worthy of tears, mournful, Verg.\* 3, 39; 7, 604; Ov.\* M. 2, 796; like weeping, destillatio, Arnob. 7, 27; **2.** adv. lacrimabiliter, Hier. ep. 140, 15.

**lacrīmābundus**, (lacrim.†) quasi-part. frq. weeping and weeping, Liv.† 3, 46, 8.

**lacrīmāto**, (lacrim.†) ōnis, f. weeping, tunicis oculorum quas subinde purificat natura lacrimationum† saluius, Plin. 11, 147; **2.** disease from closing of the exit, oenanthe emendat oculorum lacrimationes†, 23, 9.

**lacrīmo**, (lacrimo) āre, vb. weep, cry, Lacrumantem ex habitu concinuas tu tuam uxorem, Tace, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 31; licet Lacrumare plebi, regi honeste non licet, Enn. ap. Hier. epit. Nepot.; te ut a me discisseris lacrumasse moleste ferebam, Cic. Att. 15, 27, 2; **2.** w. acc. of neut. pron., Num it lacrumat uirgo? It opinor, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 13; **3.** in later wr. w. any acc., or pass. w. nom., nemo tam ferus quin eius casum lacrimarit, ps. Nep. Alc. 6, 4; ne non...

lacrimandus eat, Stat. Th. 9, 100; **II 4.** of plants or trees, lacrimatas cortice myrrhas, Ov. F. 1, 339; lacrimantis calamos, Plin. 17, 107; lacrimat sua gaudia palmes, Venant. 3, 9, 18; **5.** a dep. lacrimor did not exist, nec quisquam esse lacrimor credat, Diom. 381, 29 K; in Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 121 Zumpt and Madv. w. good mss give: equis fuit quin lacrimaret (lacrumaret?).

**lacrīmōsus**, (lacrim.†) adj. tearful, mournful, funera, Hor.† od. 1, 8, 14; bellum, 1, 21, 13; poemata, ep. 1, 1, 67; iussa, Ov.† F. 2, 387; carmen, tr. 5, 1, 35; **2.** of plants, uitium si sint lacrimosae, Plin. 17, 261; **3.** tear-causing, Flebile caepe simul, lacrumosaeque ordine tallae, Lucil. ap. Non. 201, 2; omnibus cepis odor lacrimosus, Plin.† 19, 101; fumus, Hor.† s. 1, 5, 80; **4.** adv. lacrimose, Gell. 10, 3, 4.

**lacrīmūla**, (lacrim.) ac, f. dim. a little tear, a teardrop, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 22; Cic. Plane. 76; Catul. 66, 16.

**lactāneus**, adj. milk-like, color, Theod. Prisc. 4, 2.

**1 lactans**, ntis, part. (impl. a vb. lactare) giving milk, full of milk, Vberaque ebiberant auidi lactantia nati, Ov. M. 6, 342; add Seren. Samm. 20; Rustica lactantes nec misit Sassina metas, Mart. 1, 43, 7; lactans (of a wet-nurse), Gell. 12, 1, 17; **2.** deum esse Lactantem qui se infundit segetibus et eas facit lactescere, Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 315, where is added by Varro (or Serv.?): lactans est quae lac praebet, lactens cui praebetur; **3.** lactantia, edibles made with milk, Cels. 2, 28 and 29.

**2 lactans**, see lacto 2.

**lactāris**, adj. suckling, capra, Marc. Emp. 23 m.

**lactārius**, adj. of milk, as of an animal which still sucks, (dauda) lactariis medica, Varr. r. 2, 1, 17; **2.** herba l., spurge or euphorbia, as full of milk, = *τὸ θυμαλός*, Plin. 26, 62; opus l., milk dishes, as food, Lampr. Hel. 32, 4; **3.** hence lactarius as sb. m., a confectioner who makes them, Lampr. Hel. 27, 3; **4.** lactarium as sb. n., a dish of the kind; **5.** L. columna, a place at Rome where milk was supplied to children, P. Vict. and Paul. ex F. 118; **6.** L. mons, a mountain in Campania celebrated for the milk of its cows, Cassiod. uar. 11, 10.

**lactātum**, est potio ex lacte, Isid. or. 20, 3.

**lacteo**, ěre, vb. suck, aut dormi aut lacte, Schol. ad Pers. 3, 17; **2.** esp. in part. lactens, sucking, (Romulum) in Capitolio lactentem, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; hostiae, leg. 2, 29; Liv. 22, 1, 15; porculi, Varr. r. 2, 4, 16; catuli, Colum. 10, 243; porcellus, Apic. 387 Sch.; lactentia uiscera (of children still sucking), Ov. F. 6, 137; **3.** absol. as sb. m., one still sucking; Liv. 37, 3, 6; **4.** met., annus, Ov. M. 15, 201; **5.** of plants yielding a milk, frumenta, Verg. G. 1, 315; sata, Ov. F. 1, 351; l. lactuca quam meconida uocauimus, Plin. 20, 67.

**lactēōlus**, adj. milky—and so white, puellae, Catul. 55, 17.

**lactes**, ium, f. pl. [= *γαλακτιδες*, says Prisc.; see also § 3] the small intestines, Ita cibi uocuitate nenio lassis lactibus, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 40; qua opera credam tibi, Vna opera alligem canem fugituum agniss lactibus, Ps. 1, 3, 85; hae lactes partes sunt intestinorum a Graeco *γαλακτιδες* dictae et seruauerunt apud nos quoque idem genus cuius singulare hae lactis est. Titinius in Ferentinati:articula cerebellum lactis agnissas. Pomponius in Lare familiari: oro te uaso per lactes tuas, Prisc. 686 p. 213 K; ab hoc uentriculo lactes in oue et homine per quas labitur cibus, Plin. 11, 200; lactibus unctis, Pers. 2, 30; **2.** Probus 1445 in error says: hi lactes genere masculino; see Fritschl op. 2, 576; **3.** the soft roe of fish, our milt, G. miltch, muraenarum lactes, Suet. Vit. 13.

**lactesco**, ěre, vb. become or form milk, cibus matrum lactescere incipit, Cio. N. D. 2, 128; add Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 315; Plin. 11, 237.

**lacteus**, adj. of milk, milky, umor, Lucr. 1, 258; Ov. M. 15, 79; ubera, Verg. G. 2, 525; **2.** milk-white, colla, Verg. 8, 660; ceruix, fo, 137; **3.** orbis lacteus, the Milky Way, Cic. rep. 6, 16; uia lactea, Ov. M. 1, 168.

**lacticina**, *ωγαλα*, Gloss. Philox.

**lacticōlor**, ōris, adj. of the colour of milk, spongia, Auson. ep. 7, 54.

**lacticulōsus**, adj. what? so Scheffer and Bücheler in Petr. 57.



**lactīdīo**, āre, (λακτιζω) vb. kick, Coruut. Schol.  
**lactīfēr**, a, um, adj. milk-bringing, inser. Mur. 70, 6.  
**lactīlāgo**, inis, f. dwarf-laurel, Apul. herb. 27.  
**Lactilla**, ae, f. dim. little milk-white, = our Lily, a cognomen, Atilia M. f. Lactilla, inser. Fabr. 616, 134.

1 **lacto**, āre, vb. see lactans 1.

2 **lacto**, āre, vb. frq. fm. lacio, allure, draw (one) on, wheedle, Ita me amor...lactat, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9; pollicitando animos, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 9; nisi me lactasses amantem, 4, 1, 24; dictis leuibus, Acc. ap. Non. 16, 18; frustraudo, Acc. ib.; quae te lactat largitas? Cael. ib.; Ne porro te error qui nunc lactat, maccret, Paev. ib.; auuditatem speribus suis, Varr. ib.

**lactōsus**, γαλατωδης, Gloss. Philox.

**lactūca**, ae (lac) f. lettuce, Grataque nobilium requies lactūca ciborum, Verg. mor. 76; add Colum. 10, 179; 11, 3, 25; 12, 9, 1; Cels. 2, 32; albae (lactucae) quae μηκωνος uocatur a copia lactis saporifera, Plin. 19, 126; add 20, 58 etc.; Prima tibi dabitur uentri lactuca mouendo Vtilis, Mart. 11, 52, 5; Claudere quae cenas lactuca solebat auorum, 13, 14.

**lactūcārius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in lettuces, Diom. 326, 13 K.

**Lactūcīnus**, adj. of lettuces, a cognomen in the family Valerii, Plin. 19, 59.

**lactūcōsus**, adj. full of lettuces, Diom. 326, 17 K.

**lactūcūla**, ae, f. dim. a little lettuce, Colum. 10, 111; Pall. 1, 30, 1; Diom. 236, 20 K.

**lācūlātus**, (lacus) quasi-part., checkered, uestis, Isid. or. 19, 22.

**lācūna**, or lacuna\* (lacus), ae, f. a hollow, small or great; hole, cavern, cavity, cum supercilia cana (sint) et sub eis lacunae, equum habere annos sedecim, Varr. r. 2, 7, 3; An teuebras Orei usat uastisque lacunas, Lucr. 1, 115; multosque lacus multasque lacunas\* In gremio gerere (terram), 6, 538; et caecae laustrant luce lacunas, Cic. Arat. 428; Vnde cauae tepido sudant umore lacunae, Verg. G. 1, 117; uno contentum lumine cuius Lippha sub atrita fronte lacuna patet, Mart. 8, 59, 2; testacea...sunt diligenter exigenda, ut ne habeant lacunas nec extantes tumulos, Vitr. 7, pr. 4; 2. of an ashpit under a furnace, lacunam magnam uti satis siet ubi cinerem concipiat, Cato r. 38, 1; 3. as hollows are apt to collect water, a lake, Et totae solidam in glaciem uertere lacunae, Verg. G. 3, 365; Hi siceant hibulas manu lacunas, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 54; si desit (anseribus) fluuius, lacuna formetur, Pall. 1, 30, 1; lacunas cisternarum sarcium hoc genere, 1, 17, 3; but less clearly in: magnas in aquae uastisque lacunas\*, Lucr. 6, 552; 4. met. a gap or hole of any kind, a defect, something wanting for completeness, est qui expleas lacunam Varr. r. 2, 1, 28; ut lacunam rei familiaris expleret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 138; uide ne quae lacuna sit in auro, Att. 12, 6, 1; illa quasi lacuna famae partarum amico utilitatum ratione solidatur, Gell. 1, 3, 23; 5. for lacuna w. a u, see Munro ad Lucr. 3, 1031; lacuna might have been expected; see lacus.

**lācūnar**, (lacuna) āris, or lācūnārium\*, ii, (only in plur.) ornamental work of the coffer between the beams of a roof as with carving, gold, etc., gladium e lacunari saeta equina aptum demitti iussit, ut impenderet beati ceruicibus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 62; Non ebur neque aureum Mea renidet in domo lacunar, Hor. od. 2, 18, 2; doctus spectare lacunar, Iuv. 1, 56; tunc camerarium dispositione in conclauibus expediatur, nisi lacunariis\* ea fuerint ornata, Vitr. 7, 2 f.; so lacunariis\*, 5, 2, 1, p. 108, 6 Rose; 6, 5, p. 143, 24; 6, 10, p. 149, 24; lacunarium\*, 4, 3, 1; 6, 4, p. 141, 8; 2. a sun-dial sunk in a basin, Vitr. 9, 8.

**lācūnārius**, adj. as sb. m. a ditcher, Firm. Math. 8, 21; = λακκοποιος, Gloss. Philox.

**lācūno**, (lacuna) āre, vb. hollow, nucleos lacunatis includit toris, Plin. 15, 35; 2. adorn (a ceiling) with lacunaria, Summā lācūnābant alterno murice conchae, Ov. M. 8, 563.

**lācūnōsus**, adj. full of holes, Cic. N. D. 2, 47; interualla, Vitr. 8, 6 f.; couuallis, Apul. M. 1, 7; add 9, 9.

**lācus**, ūs, rarely lacus, i, m. [for col-ac-us and so fm. col-dig] a hole, hollow, pit, basin of any kind, see below, and lacuna; but gen. for liquids, esp. water, a pond, lake, lacus lacuna magna ubi aqua contineri potest, Varr. l. 5, 5; qui post Marium et Carbonem consules agri aedificia lacus stagna loca possessiones publice data assignata uendita concessa sunt, lex ap. Cic. l. agr. 3, 7; uos sanctissimae deae quae illos Hennenses lacus lucoque colitis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 188; Exhalantque lācus nebulam, Lucr. 5, 463; lacu Lemanuo, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 3; l. Albanus, Cic. diu. 1, 100; l. Auerni, Lucr. 6, 746; si tibi tanta cupido Bis Stytgīos innārē lācus, Verg. 6, 134; 2. an open reservoir or basin made by man, si omniu aqua non est uiua, cisternae faciendae sub tectis et lacus sub dio, Varr. r. 1, 11, 2; 3. esp. in Rome supplied by aqueducts, Anionis ueteris...diuidebantur lacibus xcv quinariae coxviii, Front. aq. 80; add Si—86; Et quodcumque semel chartis illeuerit omnes Gestiet a furno redeuntes scire laque, Hor. s. 1, 4, 37; L. Iul. Broechus...nicanis Genauensibus lacus d(at), inser. Or. 254; (la)cum balnearium...fecit—for supplying baths, CIL 1166; add inser. Or. Henz. 7080; 4. l. uinarius, a wine-tank for making wine, Cato r. 25; Colum. 12, 18, 3; so lacus alone, Praemia de lacubus proxima musta tuis, Ov. F. 4, 888; and met., nouam istam quasi de lacu feruidam orationem, Cic. Brut. 288; 5. of a blacksmith's tank, alii stridentia tiugunt Aera lacu, Verg. G. 4, 173; 6. of an oil-tank, Colum. 12, 50, 5; 7. a basin for mixing lime, calx in lacu macerata asicitur, Vitr. 7, 2, 2; 8. prov. of the useless, Diebar sicco uilior esse lacu, Prop. 3, 5, 12; II 9. also for things other than liquids, a compartment, pit, pan, sed et lacubus distinguuntur granaria, ut separatim quaeque legumina ponantur, Colum. 1, 6, 14; 10. = lacunar or laquear, a hollow compartment in a ceiling, resultant...aedesque lacusque, Lucil. ap. Serv. A. 1, 730; 11. a pit for wild animals, l. leonum, Prud. cath. 4, 65; III. 12. lacus, i, m., L. Cornelio L. f. Sullae...uicus laci Fund(ani), CIL 584; wh. see Mommsen for other exx.; 13. note lacibus § 3 as well as lacubus; 14. theoretic colacus = E. hollow and hulk, fm. Sc. hole, dig; 15. cf. λακκος by the side of σκαλλω, G. loch, E. leak, and w. added idea of water, Sc. loch, E. lake.

**lācuscūlus**, i (should have been lacūculus, fm. lacus), m. dim. a small basin, as for holding oil, lacuseculos, Colum. 12, 52, 3 and 5; or water, 4, 8, 2; lacuseuli, arb. 10, 4.

**lācūturris**, adj. (sc. brassica f. or caulis m.), as sb. a kind of cabbage, lacuturres ex conualle Aricina ubi quondam fuit lacus turrisque remanet, Plin. 19, 141; the place Turis lacus is in Colum. 10, 138.

**lādanum**, or ledanum, i, n. resinous juice of a Cyprian plant leda or ledon, Plin. 12, 75; 26, 47 etc.

**Laeca**, ae, m. a cognomen of the gens Porcia, Sall. Cat. 17, 3; coin in Eckhel 5, 286.

**laedo**, or lido (cf. baeto, bito), ēre, si, sus, vb. strike and so hurt, ita lora laeduut brachia, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 9; turbida ponti Aequora lidebant (Lachm. cj. fligebant) nauis ad saxa uirosque, Lucr. 5, 1001; Cape caede lide (Lachm. cj. Elyde) come conde, Atil. ap. Varr. l. 7, p. 367 Sp.; lido κρουω, Gloss. Labb.; nec uolnerelaeduut, Ov. M. 4, 602; add 13, 926; dente, Phaedr. 4, 8, 6; 2. hurt generally, as first physically, Quae laeduut oculus festinas demere, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 38; robigine ferrum, Verg. G. 2, 220; (frondes) laesit hiemps, Ov. F. 6, 150; si ignis segetem laeserit, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 30, 3; 3. met. attack, try to hurt, damage, injure, dicto, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 53; Minus multo aduacter quam nunc laedit laederet, Ter. Ph. pr. 11; cum laesisset testis Silus Pisonem, Cic. or. 2, 285; laesa dignitas, Clu. 118; nullas inimicitias gessit quod neque laedebat quemquam neque..., Nep. Att. 11, 5; Marius...singulos modo, modo uiuos laedere, Sal. lug. 84, 1; maiestatem publicam, Marc. dig. 48, 4, 3; 4. phrase, nulli laedere os (abuse), arridere omnibus, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10.

**Laeliānus**, adj. of Laelius, naues, Caes. b. c. 3, 100, 2.

**Laelius**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, Laelia x K. N(ov.), CIL 886; In quo Laelius clamores σοφος ille solebat Edere, Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; Laeliae C. f., Brut. 211.

**laena**, (λαενα) ae, f. a cloak, laena... ut antiquissimum mulierum ricinium, sic hoc (haec?) duplex uirorum,



Varr. l. 5, 30; (M. Popilius) cum consul sacrificium cum laena faceret, Cic. Brut. 56; Tyrioque ardebat murice laena Demissa ex umeris, Verg. 4, 262.

**Laenas**, ātis, adj. a cognomen of the Popilli, M. Popilius Laenas, Liv. 41, 28, 4; add Quint. 1, 4, 25; said to be derived from laena as worn by M. Popilius, Cic. Brut. 56.

**Laenilla**, ae, a cognomen, Mummiæ Laenillae, inscr. Grut. 44, 5.

**laesio**, ōnis, f. a blow, hence injury, damage, attack, purgatio, conciliatio, laesio, Cic. or. 3, 205; add Quint. 9, 2, 2; publica, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 7, 14; si nullam laesionem ex hoc sentiet patronus, Scaev. 38, 1, 45; coniugi quai uix(it) mecum ann. xxxiii sine ulla animi laesione, inscr. Grut. 422, 10; add 428, 10.

**laesūra**, ae, f. striking, hence attack, quarrel, coniugi quae uixit mecum annis xvii sine ulla animi laesura, inscr. Grut. 617, 8; add 828, 10; see laesio.

**laetāb-ills**, e, adj. to be rejoiced at, joyful, quid habet ista res laetabile? Cic. Tusc. 1, 49; nihil intolerabile aut nimis laetabile, 4, 37; factum, Ov. M. 9, 255; sidus, Val. F. 6, 606.

**laetāb-undus**, part. frq. rejoicing and rejoicing, Gell. 11, 15, 8.

**laetāmen**, inis, n. that which delights—hence manure for land, (secale) ipsum pro laetamine est, Plin. 18, 141; haec sunt laetamina (so Forc. cj.; mss certamina) inuicemque ad tellurem alendam utuntur homines, 17, 51; anserum, Pall. 1, 23; prata laetamine saturantur, 3, 1; nunc olcae i accipiunt, 3, 20, 2; add 1, 6, 8; 9, 2; 10, 1, 4.

**laetaster**, an error in Forc., see lucteustaster.

**laetatio**? ōnis, f. rejoicing, neque hostibus diutina laetatio (laetitia Havn. and many good mss)...relinquatur, Caes. b. g. 5, 52, 6.

**laeticūlosus**, adj. full of petty rejoicing, Petr. 57, see laeticulosus.

**laeticus**, adj. of the colonists called laeti, quibus terrae laetiae administrandae sunt, Th. C. 13, 11, 9.

**laetificor**, ari, vb. r. act the laeticus homo, caper for joy, egomet me defraudau Animumque meum geniumque (mss add meum); nunc adeo alii laetificantur Meo malo et damno: pati nequeo ~~~~, Pl. Aul. 4, 9, 15; Vnde ego omni hilaros ludentes laetificantis faciem ut fiant, Pers. 5, 1, 8; 2. as simple vb. laetifico, are, the same, assume a happy look, sol uicissim laetificat ut cum caelo (terra) hilarata uideatur, Cic. N. D. 2, 102; 3. fertilize (land), Indus aqua agros laetificat, Cic. N. D. 2, 130; agrum suis manibus, Plin. 17, 50; faba solum laetificat stercoreis uice, 18, 120.

**laeticus**, adj. joyous, uites, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; sine certis imbribus anni Laeticos nequeat fetus submittere tellus, Lucr. 1, 193; tu laetifica refer Pelasgis, Sen. Tro. 605; add Stat. Th. 8, 261; 12, 521.

**Laetilius**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, L. Laetilius, CIL 1470.

**Laetius**, cognomen of adoption, M. Herennius M. f. Galeria Laetinus, Grut. 418, 7.

**laetisco**, ēre, vb. become joyful, utrumne diui (mss uiri) cultu erga se mortalium laetiscant, an superne agentes humana neglegant, Sisenn. ap. Non. 133, 3.

**laetitia**, (older laeticia) ae, f. joy, Vt prae laeticia (so mss) lacrumae prosiliunt mihi! Pl. St. 3, 2, 12; add 2, 1, 3 and 6; Ne me in laetitiam frustra conicias, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 51; Gaudia sua si omnes homines conferant unum in locum, Tamen mea exsuperet laetitia, Luvent. ap. Varr. l. 6, 6 f.; laetitia opinio recens boni praesentis in quo efferri rectum esse uideatur, Cic. Tusc. 4, 14; exultant laetitia, Att. 14, 6, 2; 2. met., membrorumque omnis aperta est Laetitia, Stat. Th. 6, 572; 3. esp. of vegetation or laud, thriving growth, fertility, loci laetitia plures (palmites), exilitas pauciores desiderat, Colum. 4, 21, 2; humi atque stirpis l., 4, 24, 4; add § 12; pabuli, Iust. 44, 4, 15; 4. of style, orationis, Tac. dial. 20; 5. in pl., Dem laeticia de tribus partas per maliciam et dolum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 15.

**laetitudo**, inis, f. rejoicing, joy, ex luctu in laetitudine, Acc. ap. Non. 132, 12; quanta in uenando affectust laetitudine, id. ib.

**laeto**, āre, vb. make joyful, oculos specie optabili, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 132, 33; te triplici bono, Acc. ib.;

2. met., manure, in laetandis arboribus, Pall. 1, 6, 18; 3. laetor, āri, vb. r. make oneself joyous, rejoice, non tam meapte causa Laetor quam illius, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 9; an Pompeium censes tribus suis triumphis laetaturum fuisse, si seiret...? Cic. Tusc. 2, 22; laetaris tu in omnium gemitu, Verr. 2, 5, 121; ut in hoc sit semper laetatus, Phil. 11, 9; 4. w. acc., esp. of neut. pron., utrumque laetor, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 1; illud mihi laetandum esse uideo, Man. 3; laetandum puto casum tuum, Sal. Iug. 14, 22; 5. iu old lang. w. a gen., nec ueterum memini laetorue malorum, Verg. 11, 280; II 6. met., esp. of vegetation, omue uitis genus laetatur tepore, Colum. 3, 9, 8; loca sterilia benificus laetatur incendi, Pall. 1, 6, 13; colocasiae circa fontes laetantur, 3, 24, 14; 7. laetans, part. as adj. glad, happy, Eos nunc laetantis faciam ego aduentu meo, Pl. St. 3, 1, 6; laetanti animo, Cic. Clu. 28; 8. met., loca aquarum, Lucr. 2, 344; 9. laetanter, adv. gladly, with joy, Lampr. Comm. 5, 3.

**Laetorius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, arbitrato Cn. Laetori Cu, f. magistri, CIL 571, 5; add Mart. 12, 26, 13.

**laetus**, (perh. an old part.; akin to E. laugh, G. lachen, and if so to γελᾶω) adj. glad, happy, joyful, joyous, Quae illaec est laeticia quam illic laetus largitur mihi? Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 49; concurrunt laeti mihi obuiani, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 25; Catilinam alacrem atque laetum, Cic. Mur. 49; omnibus laetitibus laetum esse, fin. 2, 13; laeti uelut explorata uictoria, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 8; oculos ad sidera laetus Extulit, Verg. 2, 687; 2. met., clamore, Verg. 3, 524; ore, Ov. M. 9, 242; seueritatis laetissimaet, Vell. 2, 127, 4; laetioire\* colore, Plin. 23, 26; cultus, Tac. an. 2, 75 f.; res laetae, Quint. 11, 3, 116; 3. esp. of vegetation, happy-looking, smiling, laughing, as fertile, growing well, ager, Cato r. 6, 1—quoted by Varr. r. 1, 23, 7; Quid faciat laetas segetes, Verg. G. 1, 1; laetum siliqua quassante legumen, 1, 74; hiberno laetissimaet puluere farra, 101; pabula, 3, 385; rapa laetiora\* fieri, si..., Plin. 18, 131; laetius\* solum, Quint. 12, 10, 78; prata, Sen. Herc. f. 702; cf. laetamen, laetificor § 3, laeticus, laetitia § 3, laeto § 2 and § 6; 4. so of that which thrives, in good condition, sleek, fat, hearty, armenta, Verg. 3, 220; sues, G. 2, 520; laetum opere corpus, Plin. pan. 82; 5. gen. that which causes joy, joyful, delightful, (uua) quid potest esse eum fruetu laetius\* tum aspectu pulchrius? Cic. sen. 53; omnia hoc biduo laetiora\*, Att. 7, 26, 1; prodigium, Plin. 37, 197; augurium, Tac. h. 1, 62;

6. of style, genus dicendi, Quint. 1, 1, 13; laetioribus\* numeris, 9, 4, 17; laetior\* stilus, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 10; II 7. w. abl., delighting (in or by), Et laetum equino sanguine Concanum, Hor. od. 3, 4, 34; saecis gens laeta, Sil. 1, 170; 8. w. inf., et ferro uiuere laetum, Sil. 9, 223; gens laeta domare labores, 3, 575; add 9, 453; 16, 565; 9. w. gen., laetus animi et ingeni, Vell. 2, 93, 2; laeta laborum...Dido, Verg. 11, 73; laetus...laetissimust umbrae, 1, 445, wh. Serv. quotes fm. Sal.; frugum pabulique laetus ager; laetus animi, Tac. an. 2, 26; aeris incepti, Sil. 7, 338; laetam tumultus pubem, 14, 279; opum pacisque meae, Val. F. 3, 659; III 10. laeti (leti), title of certain barbarians in the pay of Rome to guard the frontier, si quis praepositus fuerit aut classi aut laetis, Th. C. 7, 20, 10; cf. Amm. 20, 8, 13; Eumcu. pan. Const. 21; 11. comp. \* above; 12. sup. † above; 13. laete adv., Cic. Phil. 9, 7; Plin. 33, 89; 14. comp. Vell. 2, 45, 3; Plin. 16, 130; 15. sup., Gell. 3, 15, 2; 16. laetum, n. as adv., laetumque rubet, Stat. Ach. 1, 323.

**Laetianus**, adj. of Laeuius, carmen, Gell. 19, 7, 2.

**Laeticus**, a cognomen, Messius Laeticus, Oina Laeuica, inscr. Mur. 596, 2.

**laenigatio** etc., see lēnigatio.

**Laetius**, adj. left-handed, as a cognomen, esp. of the gens Valeria, Laeuinum Valeri gens, Hor. s. 1, 6, 12; C. Valerius, Laeuini filius, Liv. 38, 9, 8.

**laeuus** etc., see leuis.

**Laeuius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, same as Liuius, as



of the poet, Gell. 2, 24, 8; 12, 10, 5 etc.; Prisc. 1, 269, 6 K, and 281, 3 etc.

**laeuorsum**, (-us\*) adv. towards the left, laeuorsus\* flexo itinere, Amm. 31, 10, 11; laeuorsum uel dextrorsum labitur, Apul. flor. 1, 2; laeuorsum = sinistrorsum, Paul. ex F. p. 117.

**laenos**, (-us) a, om (um), adj. (=λαίος or rather λαίφος, decap. fin. σαλαίφος = salaiua) left, laeuo in femine habet laeuam manum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 48; manus, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 145; Radit iter laenom, Verg. 5, 170; latus, Ov. M. 12, 415; Pontus, Pont. 4, 9, 119; **2.** in augural ceremonies the king or priest looked to the south, and so had the east of good omen on his left, thus Varr. ap. Fest. 339A 2: a deorum sede cum in meridium spectes ad sinistra(m) sunt partes mundi exorientes, ad dexteram occidentes; (inde) factum arbitror ut sinistra meliora auspicia...existimetur (cf. Liv. 1, 18, 6; Plin. 2, 142); hence in augural omens, fortunate, favorable, esp. of thunder, Tum tonuit laeuom bene tempestate serena, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 2, 82, to wh. Cic. adds: At Homerius Aiax...nuntiati Prospera Iuppiter his dextris fulgoribus edit. Ita nobis sinistra, Graüs dextra meliora; Intonuit laeuom, Verg. 2, 693; foll. v. 700 by: Iam iam nulla morast, sequor et qua ducitis adsum; tonitru dedit omnia laeuo Iuppiter et laeuo fulmina missa polo: Augurio laeti..., Ov. F. 4, 833; **3.** of other objects, pulcerrima praepes Laeua nolauit auis, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Picus et cornix ab laeua...Consuadent, Pl. As. 2, 1, 12; Augurium coruo, laeua cornici omina, Phaedr. 3, 18, 12; **4.** still in ordin. lang., unfavorable, ill-omened, unlucky, perh. because the left hand is clumsy, Teque nec laeuos uetet ire picus Nec uaga cornix, Hor: od. 3, 27, 15; si mens non laeua fuisset, Verg. B. 1, 16; A. 2, 54; cum te sic tempore laeuo Interpellarim, Hor. s. 2, 3, 4; nomen, Mart. 6, 85, 3; **5.** laeua as neut. pl., the parts on the left, Propontidos, Ov. F. 5, 257; but in Plin. 6, 202 Sillig v. best miss laeuam; **6.** laeua (sc. manus), absol. the left hand, ab laeua, on the left, Pl. Cist. 3, 10; Enn. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 2, 89; dextra montibus laeua Tiberi saeptus, Liv. 4, 32, 8; add 21, 43, 4; Falernus ager a poute Campano laeua petentibus Vrbanam coloniam...incipit, Plin. 14, 62; ad laeuam, to the left, CIL 1027; Cic. Tim. 13; Plin. 28, 93; **7.** iu laeuom, to the left, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 17.

**lägänum**, i (akin to E. flake), n. a light cake of flour and oil, lägäniquë catinum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 115; humidus cibus assumendus est atque...in lagano similibusque perseuerandum est, Cels. 8, 7 f., after a broken jaw; **2.** a cake as the basis of a patina Apiciana, Apic. 134 (ter).

**lägëna**, ae, (lagoena or lagona\* or laguna† = λαγηνος, λαγνος and E. flagon) f. a flagon, a large vessel with a narrow neck, a bottle or jar, esp. for wine, Nomen Leaenaest..., Quasi tu lagocnam dicas, ubi unum solet Chium 'sse, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 78; unum in lagonam\* (al. lagenam) indito et confundito, Cato r. 122, 123; epulis lagona\* que temptant, Senec. ep. 114, 5; matrem nostram quae lagenas etiam inanes obsignabat, ne dicerentur inancs aliquae fuisse, Q. Cic. fam. 16, 26, 2; signo...lagoenae, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 134; add s. 2, 8, 41; Colum.\* 12, 11, 1; 12, 12, 2; nisi lagona\* (so Halm w. A) defecisset, occidissetem te, Quint. 6, 3, 10; M. Vlpio...diui Traiani Aug. a potione, item a laguna†, inscr. Or. 794; **2.** of other uses, calfacto uapore et per laganae collum subeunte, Plin. 28, 174; aqua mulsu picatis lagoenis (al. lagouis\*) condatur, Colum. 12, 11, 1; ut cydonea in lagoena (al. lagona\*) componantur, 12, 47, 2; intrito cibo Plenam lagonam\* posuit, Phaedr. 1, 26, 8; add 10; prob. made of glass or earthenware, yet also of roots, e quibus (radicibus) praetenuia fila decerpeutes spectabilis lagenas (lagoenas A) nectunt, Plin. 16, 128.

**Lägëos**, adj., a kind of vine, tenuisque Lägeos, Verg. G. 2, 93 = leporaria, says Servius; quoted by Plin. 14, 39 as Lägea (uua).

**lägine**, es, f. a kind of scammony, Plin. 24, 139.

**lägoena**, see lagena.

**lägöis**, idis, f. a fish, lepus marinnus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 22; cf. λαγώς in L. S. § 3.

**lägöna**, see lagena.

**lägöno-pönos**, i, m. pain in the flanks, Plin. 20, 24.

**lägöpus**, ödis, f. a sort of ptarmigan, 1, pedes leporino nullo nomen ei dedere, Plin. 10, 133; **2.** another bird, Plin. 10, 134; **3.** a plant, Plin. 26, 52.

**läguncüla**, ae, f. or läguncülus, i, m. dim. from a lost lago, Ynis, a small flagon, lagunculis, Colum. 2, 38, 7 and 8; Plin. ep. 2, 6, 2; for lagena the dim. wd. be lagella.

**läguncüläris**, e, adj. of a lagunculus or bottle, pix, Marc. Emp. 36.

**läicus**, (λαός) adj. one of the laity, öpp. to sacerdotes, Th. C. 16, 5, 52; Tert. ad cast. 7; Sulp. Sev. h. sacr. 2, 47.

**lälisto**, önis, m. dim. the foal of a wild ass, Plin. 8, 175; Dum teur est onager, solaque lälistö matre Pascitur, Mart. 13, 97.

**Lälisus**, (see lalisio) m. a cognomen, Ti. Claudius Lalisus, inscr. Grut. 1142. 8.

**lallo**, äre (cf. λαλος, babbling), vb. sing la la, as a nurse does a lullaby to a baby, Pers. 3, 17; Hier. ep. 14, 3; lallare βαβαζειν, Gloss. Philox.

**lallum**, or lallus, i, sb. n. or m., singing la la, a lullaby, Auson. ep. 16, 90.

**läma**, ae, (λαμος) f. an abyss, quagmire, Siluarum saltus latebras lämasque lutosas, Enn. ap. Schol. ad Hor. ep. 1, 13, 10; lamae πηλωδεις τοποι Gloss. Philox.

**lambdacismus**, see labdacismus.

**lambëro**, äre, (akin to lamina; cf. Fr. lambeau) vb. tear to shreds or ribands, heuce met., meo me ludo lamberras, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 53; lamberat scindit ac laniat, Paul. ex F. 118.

**lambïto**, äre, vb. frq. keep lapping (water), Soliu. 15, 12.

**lambïtus**, üs, m. licking, Aur. Vict. 20.

**lambo**, (=linguo; for change of vowel cf. Fr. langue = L. lingua) äre, lambi, lick, Iucundasque puer qui lamberat ore placentas, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 506, 25; horuü canum quos tribunal meum uidet lambere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 28; (pisces) quia dentibus carent aut lambunt cibos aut integros hauriunt, Colum. 8, 17, 11; piscibus...Qui norunt dominum manumque lambunt, Mart. 4, 30, 4; add 14, 67, 1; 1. lagonae collum, Phaedr. 1, 26, 10; **2.** lap, as a dog or cat; **3.** met., as a river, quae loca lambit Hydaspes, Hor. od. 1, 22, 7; of flame, tectum, s. 1, 5, 73; add Verg. 2, 684; 3, 574; of ivy, 1. imagines hederæ squaces, Pers. prol. 5.

**lämella**, (dim. of lämina) ae, f. a thin plate of metal, argenti, Sen. dial. 7, 21, 3; aertiginosa, 10, 12, 2; speculum argenteum tenui lamella ductum, Vitr. 7, 3, 9.

**lämellüla**, f. doubl. dim., a very thin or small plate of metal, Petr. 57.

**lämenta?** ae, f. = lamentum, Lamentas (lamenta?) fletus facere compendi licet, Pacuv. ap. Non. 132, 29.

**lämentäb-ilis**, e, adj. of loud wailing, mournful, uox, Cic. Tusc. 2, 32; fuera, leg. 2, 64; carmen, Stat. silu. 5, 3, 1; **2.** to be mourned over, lamentable, regnum, Verg. 2, 4; tributum, Ov. M. 8, 263.

**lämentärius**, (lamentum), adj. of mourning, aedes, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 28.

**lämentätio**, önis, f. loud wailing, lamentation, Cura miseria aegritudo lacrumae lamentatio, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 29; 1. aegritudo cum eiulatu, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; add 1, 30; Verr. 2, 4, 47; ut plangere et lämentatione complerimus forum, orat. 131.

**lämentätör**, θρηνητης, Gloss. Philox.

**lämentor**, (lamentum) äri, vb. r. wail loudly, esp. over the dead, lubet lamentari dum exeat: O Troia, o patria, o Pergamum meum (meum THK): o Priame, periisti senex, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 8; Quin tibi quidem quod rideas magist quam ut lamentere, Merc. 3, 1, 4; lamentari Aist illam miseram, cruciari et lacrumantem se adficiare, Mil. 4, 2, 41; lapides flere ac lamentari cogisset, Cic. or. 1, 245; **2.** wail loudly over, w. acc., te ipsum, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 7; minas sexaginta, 4, 9, 5; suam matrem lamentari mortuam, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 46; fortunam aduersam, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 51; caccitatem, Cic. Tusc. 5, 112; imperii calamitatem, Cat. 4, 4; **3.** w. acc. and inf., non esse



argentum tibi, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 79; non apparere labores Nostros, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 224; **4.** of the mind, worry oneself about, sed quid ego hic animo lamentor? Enn. ap. Donat. Ph. 5, 4, 2; **II 5.** as pass. impers., maeretur fletur lamentatur, Apul. M. 4, 33; **6.** esp. in perf. part. tua fata, Sil. 13, 711; lamentata Dindyma, filled w. lamentations, St. Th. 12, 224.

**lāmentum**, i, or rather lāmenta, orum, n. as perh. only found (for ulamentum, fm. a vb. ūla-, of wh. ūlula- and eiula- are reduplications, = ūla-, bark or howl as a man; akin to ελελεν, and = G. heulen, E. howl, and perh. wail), loud wailing or howling, esp. over the dead, negat se uelle suam mortem lamentis amicorum uacare, Cic. sen. 73; si se lamentis muliebriter dedet, Tusc. 2, 48; add Pis. 89; leg. 2, 64; Lamentis gemituque et femineo ululatu Tecta fremunt, Verg. 4, 667; filium amisit, quem casum neque ambitiose, neque per lamenta muliebriter tulit, Tac. Agr. 29; lamentis et plorantibus eiulantem, Apul. mund. 35 f.; **2.** met. lamenta (gallinae), mergentibus se pullis (ducklings), Plin. 10, 155.

**lāmia**, ae, f. a witch who sucks the blood or devours children, Hor. A. P. 340; Apul. M. 1, 17; **2.** lamiae turres, old nurse's tales, Tert. ad. Val. 3; **3.** a cognomen of the Aelii, from a Lamus, Hor. od. 1, 26, 8; 3, 17, 2; **4.** a cartilaginous fish, Plin. 9, 78.

**Lāmiānus**, adj. of Lamia, horti, Cic. Att. 12, 21, 2; Suet. Cal. 59.

**lāmīna**, lammina\*, lamna† (prob. for plāmīna and so akin to planus, from a root pal, cf. pando) æ, f. a plate, slab, flap, esp. of metal, cum lamina esset inuenta et in ea scriptum Honoris, Cic. leg. 2, 58; tigna laminis clausisque religant, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 3; argutae laminae serrae, Verg. G. 1, 143; Et leuis argenti lamina\* crimen erat, Ov. F. 1, 208; add M. 11, 124; lamna† duci, specula fieri non nisi ex optimo (argento), Plin. 33, 128; lamna† (aeris), 34, 94; (plumbi), 34, 166; ferreis laminis\*, Tac. h. 1, 79; argentum quod in massa neque in lamna† sit, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 27, 6; **2.** a hot plate of metal for torture, Qui aduersum stimulos laminas crucesque compedisque, Pl. As. 3, 2, 4; cum ignes candentesque laminas ceterique cruciatus admovebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 163; Verbera carnisficis robur pax lamina\* taedae, Lucr. 3, 1017; add Hor. ep. 1, 15, 36; **3.** of other material, columnae, Ov. M. 5, 172; (dolorium), Plin. 18, 266; ossa in lamnas secari, 8, 7; the young shell of a nut, Ov. nux 95; **4.** the flap of the ear, Arnob. 2, p. 72; Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 21; 14, 198.

**lāmium**, ii, n. dead-nettle, morsu carens, Plin. 21, 93; foliis non mordentibus, 22, 37.

**lāmīna** aud lamna, see lamina.

**lampāda**, wrongly ascribed to Prisc. 1, 330, 12 K, who has lampadem.

**lampādārius**, adj. as sb. lantern-holder, inser. Or. 2845 and 2930; Nov. Val. 112, 20, 1, 1; Iul. ep. nou. c. 38 § 166.

**lampādias**, ae, m. a torch-like meteor, Plin. 2, 90.

**lampas**, ādis, f. a torch (in poets), Ecce Apollo mihi ex oraculo imperat (so B; al. Ritschl) Vt ego illie oculos exuram lampadis (so Fleck.: mss lampadibus) ardentibus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 88; lucifera lampade exurat Iouis (nom.) Arietem, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 245 K; in monte Octaeo illatae lampades, id. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 41; coniecit lampādā\* Turnus Et flammam adfixit lateri, Verg. 9, 535; add Ov. M. 12, 247; Pont. 3, 3, 60; **2.** esp. a nuptial torch, missa haec face Hymenaeum turbas lampadas\* tibicinas, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 9; Vt...Hymen...ad aures Venit et accenso lampades igne micant, Ov. her. 12, 138; add Stat. silu. 1, 2, 5; 4, 8, 59; **3.** a lamp or lantern, Set eorum progreditur eum corona et lampade, Pl. Cas. 4, 2, 17; iuuenum simulacra per aedes Lampādās\* igniferas manibus retinentia, Lucr. 2, 25; conluent lampādēs\* auro, Ov. her. 14, 25; ferreis lampadibus, Colum. 12, 18, 5 (bis); **4.** met. a torch-like meteor (see lampadias), Plin. 2, 96; Sen. n. q. 1, 15, 4; Lucan. 1, 532; 10, 502; **5.** in poets, lamp of day or night, nona reddebant lampade uitam, Lucr. 6, 1198; Phoebeae lampadis, Verg. 3, 637; add 7, 148; cum se biua formauit lampade Phoebe, Nemes. cyn. 130; **6.** met.

fm. the torch-race, nunc cursu lampada\* tibi trado, Varr. r. 3, 16, 9; Et quasi cursores uitai lampada\* tradunt, Lucr. 2, 79; Qui prior es, cur me in decursu lampada\* poscis? Pers. 6, 61; **7.** for the Gk. forms of cases see \* above; **8.** lampadis in first ex. implies a nom. lampada; perh. also lampadas in Ter.

**lampetra**, μωραινα, Gloss. Philox., hence E. lamprey.

**lampyris**, idis, (λαμπυρις fm. λαμπω ουρα, or λαμπύρις) f. Gk. name of the glow-worm, L. cieindela, Plin. 11, 98; 18, 250.

**Lāmus**, i, m. the founder of the family of the Aelii Lamiae and founder of Formiae, Hor. od. 3, 17, 1; Ov. M. 14, 233.

**lāmŷrus**, i, m. (λαμψρος, greedy) a fish of some kind, Ov. hal. 120; and perh. Plin. 32, 149 wh. Sillig lariusus.

**lāna**, (= λαχνη, and ληνος, Dor. λανος; perh. for uellana fm. uello, cf. uellus and E. flann-el and wool) ae, f. wool, Inter ancillas sedere iubeas, lanam carpere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46; lana ac tela uictum quaeritans, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 48; Domum seruauit: lanam fecit: dixi: abei, CIL 1007, 8; quasi... lana trahatur, Lucr. 4, 376; quando ad me uenis cum tua colu et lana, Opim. ap. Cic. or. 2, 277; Alba neque Assyrio fucatur lana ueneno, Verg. G. 2, 465; Aut ducunt lanas aut... Ov. M. 4, 34; Lucretiam deditam lanae inter lucubrantes ancillas, Liv. 1, 57, 9; **2.** wool as used to protect weak organs or limbs, lanam ob oculum, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 37; cf. lanoculus; lana caput alligas, Mart. 12, 89; brachio lanis obuoluto, Suet. Dom. 17; add Plin. 29, 30; **II 3.** met. of like substances, as down, flock, fluff, cotton, eyeni, Mart. 14, 161; memora...mollis canentia lana, Verg. G. 2, 120; lana legata etiam leporinam lanam et anserinam et caprinam coutineri et de ligno quam εριοζυλον appellant, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9; **4.** of fleecy clouds, Tenuia nec lanae per caelum uellera ferri, Verg. G. 1, 397; si nubes ut uellera lanae spargentur, Plin. 18, 356.

**lānāris**, e, adj. of wool, woolly, pecus, Varr. r. 2, 9, 1.

**lānārius**, adj. of wool, herba l., fuller's weed, Gypsophila struthium Linn., Colum. 11, 2, 35; described, not named, in Plin. 19, 48; as food increases a ewe's milk, 24, 168; **2.** as sb. m., a dealer in wool, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 34 (al. linarius), Aruob. 2, 70; inser. Or. 1681, 4205-7.

**lānātus**, quasi-part. covered with wool, pelles, Colum. 6, 2, 4; uentre lanato, 7, 3, 3; (animalia), Plin. 8, 199; soleae, Mart. 14, 65 lemm.; **2.** lanata as sb. f. of a sheep, Iuv. 8, 155; cf. laniger; **3.** of other than sheep, downy, uitis, Colum. 3, 2, 12 and 17; māla, Plin. 15, 48; **4.** white as wool, folia lanatorie canitie, 21, 147; lupi (the fish), 9, 61.

**lancea**, (= λογχη, Paul. ex F. 118; of Span. origin says Varr. ap. Gell. 15, 30, 7; but lanceas Aetolos inuenisse, Plin. 7, 201; Sueui or Hispani, reading in Sisen. ap. Non. 556, 7 dub.), æ, f. large spear or lance, materibus aut lanceis medium perturbant agmeu, Sisen. ap. Non. 556, 7; ceteri sparos aut lanceas portabant, Sal. Cat. 56, 3; Commius equum coniungit equo lanceaque infesta femur traicit Voluseni, Caes. b. g. 8, 48, 5; disiectam testudinem lanceis contisque scrutantur, Tac. h. 3, 27; add Suet. Claud. 35; Galb. 18;

**2.** as a missile, hunc Lancea consequitur, Verg. 12, 375, wh. Conington says it occurs in Livy; but? Nec uolet exussa lancea torta manu, Mart. spect. 11, 4; Cuius torta manu commisit lancea bellum, Lucan. 7, 472; lancea est hasta habens amentum, Isid. or. 18, 7; **3.** met., mihi incussisti formidinem, iniecto non scrupulo sed lancea, Apul. M. 1, 11.

**lanceārius**, see lanciarius.

**lanceo**, āre, vb. throw a lance, Tert. lud. 9 m.

**lanceōla**, ae, f. dim. a little spear or lance, Iul. Capit. Maximin., 30, 2; pass. in Apul. M. 8, 27 dub.

**lanceōlātus**, quasi-part. shaped like a lance, plantago, Aem. Macer. 5.

**lanciārius** or -earius, adj. armed with a lance; Martino...mil(iti) ann. 1111 in lanciaria (legione), inser. Or. 3384; **2.** as sb. m. a lancer, praeire cum lanceariis, Amm. 21, 13, 16.

**lancicūla**, ae, f. doub. dim. a little dish, scale, or plate, Arnob. 2, 59.



**lancinātor**, ōris, m. one who tears to pieces, mangler, gregum, Prud. perist. 10, 1057.

**lancino**, āre, vb. tear to pieces, alium (ducem) intra celebris spectaculum fori lancinavit, Seu. dial. 3, 2, 2; e conuiuio rapi homines imperas et noui generis pocnis lancinari? 5, 40, 4; add 5, 19, 5; 10, 13, 6; but Sen. Thyest. 778 spur.; fetus (balaenas) lancinant morsum, Plin. 9, 12; coniuu membratim lancinatus, Arnob. 1, 20; **2.** met., Paterna primum (so mss) lancinata sunt bona, Catul. 29, 17; diducimus (uitam) in particulas ac lancinamus, Sen. ep. 32, 2; tot sinus Peloponnesi oram lancinant, Plin. 4, 19.

**lancūla**, ae, f. dim. a small scale (of a balance), Vitr. 10, 8, 4; see langula.

**lancica**, εσχαρα (i.e. κλετρος), Gloss. Philox.—hence: hanc culpam maiorem, au illam dicam? Potuit obsecenius? Cic. fam. 9, 22, 2.

**lānerum**, nestimentum ex lana sucida, Paul. ex F. 118.

**lānestris**, (: lana :: siluestris : silua) adj. of wool, woollen, pallium, Vopisc. Anr. 29, 1.

**lāneus**, adj. of wool, woollen, pallium, Cic. N. D. 3, 83; infula, Verg. G. 3, 487; in Plin. 15, 56 Sillig w. mss has Coriolana, not corio laneo; **2.** like wool, white and soft, latusculum, Catul. 25, 10; lupus (the fish), Mart. 13, 89 (but Dannius, Schneidewin).

**langa**, ae, f. a supposed beast, Plin. 37, 34.

**languēfācio**, ēre, vb. cause to be limp, droop, or flag, Cic. leg. 2, 38.

**languēo**, ēre, or langueseo, ēre, langui, (akin to flaccus, E. flabby, λανγ-apos; also to E. limp, cf. L. lingua, Fr. langue, Sard. limba) vb. get flabby, limp, soft, hence droop, esp. as a flower, flos suceisins aratro Languescit moriens, Verg. 9, 436; languentis hyacinthi, 11, 69; flos Impositus fronti langucat, Prop. 4, 2, 46; languescunt (uites) si (uicia) in arbusto seratur, Plin. 18, 138; **2.** of the muscles, become flabby or weak, languish, as from sickness, fatigue, sleepiness, somno pectora languent, Aec. ap. Prisc. 1, 512, 5; corpore languescit, Cic. fin. 4, 65; cum de nia languerem, Phil. 1, 12; nostris languentibus, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 1; tristi languabant corpora morbo, Verg. G. 4, 252; add Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 3; Tib. 3, 5, 28; **3.** hence absol. be ill, Nee mea consueto languescunt corpora lecto? Ov. tr. 3, 3, 39; Lauguebam: sed tu... Non habui febrem Symmache, nunc habeo, Mart. 5, 9; sub natalem suum plerumque languabat, Suet. Aug. 81; ter omnino per xiv annos languit, Ner. 81; **4.** of the eyes, from sleep or death, languescunt lumina morte, Catul. 64, 188; languentia lumina somno, Val. F. 4, 388; **5.** met. droop, become weak, flag, fail, first of physical things, pelagus, Verg. 10, 289; unda, Ov. F. 2, 775; aequor, Mart. 10, 30, 12; nec Phoebus nec earbasa, Lucan. 8, 471; luna, Tac. an. 1, 28; inbar (lunae), Stat. Th. 12, 305; ignes, Val. F. 7, 466; **6.** of the mind, get flabby, fail in spirit or energy, flag, ineitat languentes, Cic. leg. 2, 38; languet iuuentus neque in laudis cupiditate nersatur, Pis. 82; ipsa illa legio hoc nuntio languescet, Phil. 12, 8; si uos languere uiderint, feroces aderunt, Sal. Cat. 52, 18; **7.** w. nom. of abstract qualities etc., industria, Cic. orat. 6; amor, Ov. a. a. 2, 436; iustitia, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 19; enpido, 8, 20, 1; affectus, Quint. 11, 3, 2; **8.** languit in perf. always trisyllabic, rabies promptissima paulum Languit et easus... Lucan. 7, 246.

**languidē**, see languidus.

**languidūus**, adj. dim. somewhat flabby, flagging, drooping, somni, Catul. 64, 331; coroniae, Cic. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 66.

**languidus**, adj. flabby, flaccid, limp, folia languidiora, Plin. 22, 50; **2.** esp. of muscles fr. sleep, illness, fatigue, wine etc., languid, faint, weak, weary, quieti corpus...Dedi sopore placatus artus languidos, Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; uino nigillisque, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 31; add Cat. 2, 10; sopore, Hor. epod. 5, 56; uomerem...Collo trahentes languido, 2, 64; somno, Quint. 4, 2, 106; uoltus, 11, 3, 159; **3.** hence absol. ill, sick, languidior, Mart. 9, 85, 1; and met., arbor, Pall. 3, 25, 4; **4.** sluggish, tardam ac languidam pecudem, Cic. fin. 2, 40; posse quamuis languida mergi aqua infantes, Liv. 1, 4, 4; flumine, Hor. od. 2, 14, 17; **5.** met. faint, weak, first of things, languidiora uins, Hor.

od. 3, 21, 8; aura, Ov. Pout. 2, 1, 2; eolor, Plin. 12, 43; ignis, 34, 79; add 37, 34; **6.** of man wanting in energy, flabby, weak, languil, si qui languidiores fuerant, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 16; philosophus tam l., or. 1, 226; **7.** w. abstract nouns, studium, Cic. Lig. 28; auctoritas, Plin. 15, 121; **II B.** languide, adv. faintly, languidly, slowly, without energy, Colum. 11, 1, 17; Plin. 18, 53; comp., Caes. b. g. 7, 27, 1.

**languificus**, adj. making faint, leo, Auson. eel. 16, 6.

**languitas**, languitudo ἀρρωστια, Gloss.

**langūla**, a magnitudine, Varr. 1, 5, 25 perh. = laneula, a platter.

**languor** (-gor\*), ōris, m. flabbiness, weakness, esp. from work, fatigue, languor, uel me haec deambulatio...ad languorem dedit, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 3; langore\* oculos sopor operit, Catul. 63, 37; langoribus\* peresus, 55, 23; languore (al. langore\*) corporis, Cic. diu. 2, 128 and 139; Somnus... molli languore solutus, Ov. M. 11, 648; **2.** absol. illness, sickness, languore subito laboras, Mart. 9, 85, 3; in languorem incidit, Suet. Tib. 72; faucium, Ner. 41; **3.** met. of things, gemmarum, faintness of colour, paleness, Plin. 37, 130; maria fixa langnore, Sen. Agam. 162; **4.** of the mind, languor, flabbiness, want of energy or spirit, ne languori (al. langori\*) se dedat, Cic. off. 1, 123; quae languorem (al. langorem\*) adferunt, 3, 1; add Tac. h. 2, 42.

**langurium**, ii, n. a name for amber, Plin. 37, 34 (perh. the same word).

**langurus**, i, m. a supposed beast of Italy, Plin. 37, 34.

**lāniārium**, adj. n. as sb. a butcher's shop, Varr. r. 2, 4, 3.

**lāniātio**, ōnis, f. butchering, hominum, Sen. clem. 2, 4, 2.

**lāniātor**, μακελλαρς, Gloss.

**lāniātōrium**, μακελλειον, Gloss.

**lāniātus**, ūs, m. butchering, ferarum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 104; Val. M. 1, 6, 11; in the pl., Tac. an. 6, 12; Arnob. 1, 26.

**lānicus**, adj. woolly, Labe. ap. Tert. pall. 1 med.

**lāniēnis**, (lanius) adj. of a butcher, hoc internallo primum forensis dignitas cre(uit) atque ex tabernis lanienis argentariae factae, Varr. ap. Non. 532, 20; **2.** as sb. f., laniena (se. taberna) a butcher's shop, Per myropolia et lanienas circumque argentarias, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 15; ante lanienas pila ludere, Varr. ap. Nou. 104, 26; **3.** butchering, lanienam imminentem fuga uitare statui, Apul. M. 9, 1; add 2, 30; 3, 3.

**lānifer**, a, um, adj. wool-bearing, arbores, Plin. 13, 90.

**lānificium**, ii, n. working with wool, as spinning and weaving, De lanificio neminem metuo una aetate quae sit, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 22; Colum. 12 pr. 9; Iustin. 2, 6, 5; Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 6.

**lānificus**, adj. working with wool, spinning or weaving, manus, Tib. 2, 1, 10; ars, Ov. M. 6, 6; sorores, Mart. 6, 58, 7; mulieres, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 5 and 16, 2; hie sita est Amygone Marci...lanificia pia pudica, inser. Or. 4639.

**lāniger**, a, um, adj. wool-wearing, peens, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 53; Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; greges, Verg. G. 3, 287; arbores, Plin. 12, 38, of cottou; fertilitas, 11, 8, of the spider; **2.** laniger as sb. m., wool-wearer, Ov. M. 7, 312, of a ram; add Manil. 2, 220; 4, 444 and 744 etc.; Phaedr. 1, 1, 6, of a lamb.

**lanilutor**, ερισπυτης, Gloss.

**lānio**, āre, (lānius) vb. act the butcher, cut up as a butcher, ferramenta laniandae carnis causa praeparata, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18; met. tear (flesh) to pieces, butcher, cum homo a bestia lanitur, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; add diu. 1, 106; placari nequeant, nisi laniana uiscera nostra praebuerimus, Liv. 9, 1, 9; add 32, 29, 2; lāniābant dentibus artus, Verg. G. 3, 514; add 6, 494; digitis ora, Ov. a. a. 3, 678; **2.** gen. tear to pieces, tunicam, 2, 171; mundum, 1, 60; crinem, Ov. M. 2, 350; nistem, 5, 398; Tac. h. 3, 84; Quint. 11, 3, 174; **3.** bolder met., classem, Ov. her. 7, 175; tua carmina, rem. am. 367; cor tuum, Sen. ep. 51, 13; **4.** laniatius, w. acc. in poets, geuas, Verg. 12, 606; sinus, Ov. M. 2, 335; comas, 4, 139.

**2 lānio**, ōnis, m. a butcher, arrepto cultro de taberna lanionis, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 24; de lanionis instrumento, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18; add Petron. 39; M. Thorius M. l. laui, inser. Or. 4229; **2.** met., Sedul. earn. 2, 127.



**laniōnius**, adj. of a butcher, mensa, Suet. Claud. 15.

**lanipendens**, σταθμωχος, Gloss. Philox.: one who weighs out the wool.

**lanipendius**, adj. as sb. m. one who weighs out wool, σταθμωχος εριδιων, Gloss. Philox.; **2.** lanipendia f., Pompon. dig. 23, 1, 31; add Schol. ad Iuv. 6, 476.

**lanipendus**, i, or lanipens, dis, m. lanipenda, ae, f. the same, Philodespotos...Zosimene consernas lanipendi m(erito) fecit, inscr. Or. 2820; d. m. Ircues lanipendae, inscr. Spon. 223; T. Flavius Aug. l. lanipendus, inscr. Mus. Acad. Mant. 22.

**lanipēs**, pēdis, adj. wool-footed, lanipedis senis, Cass. ep. Quint. 5, 11, 24.

**lanista**, ae, m. trainer of gladiators, fencing-master, Cic. Rose. Am. 118; Att. 1, 16, 3; lenonibus atque lanistis, Iuv. 6, 216; et regia verba lanistae, 11, 8;

**2.** met., Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 40; Liv. 35, 33, 6; **3.** a trainer of fighting-cocks, rixosarum animum, Colum. 8, 2, 5; cf. Plin. 10, 47.

**lanistatūra**, ae, f. the profession of a lanista, queiue lanistaturam fecit..., queiue lenocinium faciet, CIL 206, 123.

**lanisticus**, adj. of fighting trainers, familia, Petr. 45.

**lanitia**, or lanicies\*, ae, f. wool, Nihil(ne) refert mollem e lanitia Attica, An ex hircino pecore uestitum geras? Laber. ap. Nou. 212, 19; lanicies\*, Tert. Marc. 2, 24.

**lanitium**, (lanicium\*) ii, n. wool, Si tibi lanitium curae, Verg. G. 3, 384; cuius coloris sub lingua habuers (arietes) uenas, eius et lanicium\* in fetu, Plin. 8, 189; **2.** met. of silk, Seres lanicio\* siluarum nobiles, Plin. 6, 54; **3.** a flock of sheep, Arnob. 1, 11 and 21.

**lanitiū**, adj. of wool, grex, Arnob. 5, 25; see lanitium, § 3.

**lanitondium**, ii, n. wool-shearing, Schol. ad Hor. epod. 2, 16.

**lanius** (often=lanyus), ii, m. a butcher, Tum lanii autem qui concinunt liberis orbis ouis, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 38; add 4, 3, 5; add CIL 1131; Cetarii lanii coqui fartores piscatores, Ter. Euu. 2, 2, 26; uidendum ns a lanis canes emas, Varr. r. 2, 9, 5; Pendere ad lanium quidam uidit simium, Phaedr. 3, 4, 1; **2.** to aid in a sacrifice, accere hostias Victimae lanis ut ego huice sacrificem summo Ioui, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 93; add 98.

**lannae** (=lamuae), λοβοι (ear-flaps), Gloss. Philox.

**lāno**, vb. ερισφορω, bear wool, Gloss. Philox.

**lanōcūius**, i, m. qui lana tegit oculi uitium, Paul. ex F. 118.

**lanōsitas**, ātis, f. woolliness, Tert. pall. 3.

**lanōsus**, adj. woolly, (ouis) lanosi uteri, Colum. 7, 3, 7; barbitium, Apul. M. 5, 8.

**lanterna** (in later wr. lāterna), ae, f. [λαμπη fm. λαμπω] a lantern, Non ego hic sto ante aedis nostras? Non mi est lanterna in manu? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 250 (255); Ita is pellucet quasi lanterna Punica, Aul. 3, 6, 30; pauci panosi linea lanterna (so, not lanterna, M), Cic. Att. 4, 3, 5; ab eo lanternam (al. lanternam) praelatam, Val. M. 6, 8, 1; dux lāterna uiac, Mart. 14, 61; res dicebat omnium sordidissimas, acetum et puleium et lanternas (so Bursian)... Sen. contr. 7, 3 f.; in lanternis portant lucernas, Veg. mil. 4, 18 f.; lāterna φανος, Charis. exc. 105 P, 553, 4 K and Gloss. Philox.; luceo lucerna..., lateo lāterna, Prisc. 622 P, 120, 20 K.

**lanternārius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. lantern-carrier, cum Catilinae lanternario (so mss) consule, Cic. Pis. 20.

**lanūginēus**, adj. woolly, downy, Apul. herb. 62.

**lanūginōsus**, adj. the same, folia, Plin. 25, 83; araneus, 29, 85; uermiculi, 30, 139; comp., 22, 50.

**lanūgo**, inis, f. woolliness, down, as of plants, fruit, a young beard, Nunc primum opacat flore lanugo genas, Pacuv. ap. Paul. ex F. 94; herba...mollī lanūginē abundantans, Lucr. 5, 817; tenera lanugine mala, Verg. B. 2, 51; teneras lanugine malas, Ov. M. 13, 753; nitis canescit lanugine, Colum. 3, 2, 12; harundinum, Plin. 24, 87; hence, linia lanugo, lint, Plin. 32, 126; **2.** the rough surface or sawdust left after drilling, lanugine quam excitabat antiqua terebra, Colum. 4, 29, 16; add Pall. 11, 12, 5.

**lānūla**, ae, f. diu. a bit of wool, (alumen) inuolutum

lanula, Cels. 6, 9, p. 247, 14; carunculae lanulis similes, 7, 27, 1.

**Lānuuiānus**, adj. of Lanuuium, templa, Capit. Anton. 8, 3; populus, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 129 K; hospites, Naev. ap. Macr. s. 3, 18, 6.

**Lānuuinus**, or Laniuinus\*, adj. the same, colci, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; agro, Hor. od. 3, 27, 3; Lanuuius ciuitas data, Liv. 8, 14, 2; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo...pontifici Laniuinorum\*, inscr. Or. 106; cf. 5177\*; senatus P. Q. Laniuinus\*, 3786; redemptor oper(um) publicorum Laniuinorum\*, 4014; **2.** Lanoni Lanuuiinae (sio), 1292.

**lanx**, lancis (for planx, and that for palanx, akin to planus palam pando), f. a dish, esp. for serving dinner etc., Pernam suis...In caruario fortasse dicis? Immo in lancibus, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 45; in filicatis lancibus oluseulis nos soles pascere, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; Curuat aper lances, Hor. s. 2, 4, 41; add Ov. 3, 5, 19; sic implet...scutulas cauasque lances, Mart. 11, 31, 19; lances e centenis libris argenti, Plin. 33, 145; **2.** in religious rites, Baccho lances et liba feremus, Verg. G. 2, 394; add 2, 194; Nec...Tura minus, grandi quam data lance, ualeat, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 40; **3.** scals of a weighing-machine, lancem iu libra ponderibus impositis deprimi, Cic. acad. pr. 38; cum in alteram lancem animi bona imponat, in alteram corporis, Tusc. 5, 51; add Verg. 12, 725; quod et in persona mulieris aequa lance seruari aequitatis suggerit ratio, Modest. dig. 42, 1, 20; **4.** lanx as used in search as to a theft, qui quaerens uelit (furtum) nudus quacrat linteo cinetus lancem habens, Gai. 3, 192; furta per lancem liciumque concipere, Gell. 11, 18, 9; add Paul. ex F. p. 117.

**lāpāthium**, or lapatium, ii, n. sorrel, Lapatium nullum utebatur, lardum lurcabat libens, Pompon. ap. Non. 11, 3; hanc uoluptatem consequi lapatio et tisana possum, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 19; add Varr. l. 5, 21.

**lāpāthum**, i, n. (λαπαθον) or lapathus (os), i, m. \* or f.†, sorrel, O lāpāthe\*, ut iactare nec es satis cognitus qui sis! Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; Aut herba lapathi prata amantis, Hor. epod. 2, 54; add s. 2, 4, 29; Lubrica iam lapathos†, Colum. 10, 373; aequinoctio autumnali seruntur malua lapathum..., Plin. 19, 170; add 184 etc.

**lāpicida**, ae, m. (implies a sb. lap-), a stonecutter, qui lapides caedunt, lapicidas, Varr. l. 8, 33.

**lāpicidina**, (-caedina\*), ae, f. a stonecutter's place of working, a quarry, Quid fecisti? In lapicidinas compeditum coudidi, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 24; add 3, 5, 78; 5, 4, 3; in Chiorum lapicidinis, Cic. diu. 1, 23; add Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; Plin. 7, 195; 36, 55; nouae lapicaedinae\* adinuentas, inscr. Or. 1243; ser(uus) a lapicidinis, inscr. Grut. 593, 8; see lapicidina.

**lāpicidinārius**, adj. as sb. m. a quarryman, T. Tremellius T. l. Nestor lapicidinarius, inscr. Or. 3246.

**lāpidāris**, e, adj. of stone, terminos, inscr. Or. 4334.

**lāpidārius**, adj. of stoue, latomiae, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 65; litterae, capital letters, Petron. 58; nauis for carriage of stone, 117; opifices, inscr. Or. 4208; **2.** as sb. m. a stonecutter, inscr. Or. 4220; Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 7.

**lāpidātio**, ōis, f. throwing of stones, stouing, fit uaguia l., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; add or. 2, 197; Flor. 1, 43, 5; grandinis, Constant. C. 9, 16, 3.

**lāpidātor**, ōris, m. thrower of stones, Cic. dom. 13.

**lāpidescō**, ēre, vb. become stone, be petrified, tactu protinus l., Plin. 32, 22; become hard as stone, 16, 21.

**lāpideus**, adj. of stone, Cic. leg. 2, 45; margines (flumini) Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; murus, Liv. 1, 38, 6; **2.** of stoues, imber, Cic. diu. 2, 60; campi, Plin. 3, 34; **3.** met., lapideus sum, commouere me non andeo, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 44; cor, Enn. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 162.

**lapidicaesor**, λατομος, Gloss. Philox.

**lāpidicina**, ae, by metathesis for lapicidina, encouraged by the form lapid- a stone, f. got into use in late writers, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 9, 2; 27, 9, 3, 6; Paul. 24, 3, 8; 50, 16, 77; Pompon. 23, 3, 32; lauol. 23, 5, 18 (bis); so also Constant. 391, 22; not. Tir. 93; Gloss. Philox. and Gloss. Hildeb.

**lāpido**, āre, vb. pelt with stones, stone, eum lapidare coeperunt, bell. Hisp. 22, 4; exercitus Postumium, Flor. 1,



22, 2; *templa*, Suet. Cal. 5; *te*, Petron. 93; 2. throw stones by way of burial on a corpse, Petron. 114; 3. vb. impers. *lapidat*, it rains stones, Liv. 27, 37, 1; 43, 13, 3; 4. pass. impers., Liv. 29, 10, 4; 29, 14, 4.

**lāpīdōsītās**, ātis, f. a stony substance, Tert. hab. mul. 6.

**lāpīdōsus**, adj. full of stones, stony, terra, Varr. r. 1, 9, 2; *ager*, Ov. M. 8, 799; *chiragra*, Pers. 5, 58; 2. hard as stone, stony, corna, Verg. G. 2, 34; *poma*, Colum. 10, 15; (*gemma*) Plin. 37, 145; 3. comp., Plin. 34, 120.

**lāpīllesco**, ēre, vb. turn to stone (of little things), Tert. nat. 2, 12.

**lāpīllūlus**, m. doub. dim. a tiny stone, Solin. 10, 12.

**lāpīllus** (for *lapidulus*), i, m. dim. a little stone, inuitat somnos crepitantibus unda lapillis, Ov. M. 11, 604; *excubias* (*gruum*) *lapillum pede sustinentis*, Plin. 10, 59; 2. black and white stones to mark the lucky and unlucky, *niueis atrisque lapillis*, Ov. M. 15, 41; *meliore lapillo*, Pers. 2, 1; Mart. 9, 52, 5; cf. Plin. 7, 131; 3. of jewels, *niueos uiridisque lapillos*, pearls and emeralds, Hor. s. 1, 2, 80; non caris anres onerate lapillis, Ov. a. a. 3, 129; Eol. Prop. 1, 15, 7; 4. in the jurists *gemmae* and *lapilli* are distinguished, *gemmae per lucidae materiae, uelut smaragdi*; *lapilli contrariae naturae, ut obsidiani*, Serv. ap. Ulp. 34, 2, 19, 17; hence: *aurum gemmae lapilli*, Ulp. 34, 2, 25, 10; *lapilli uel margaritae uel gemmae*, ib. § 11; 5. a stone of mosaic, Hor. cp. 1, 10, 19; 6. a small tombstone, inser. Mur. 1536, 6; 2058, 4.

**lāpīo**, ire, vb. turn to stone, petrify, *Lapit eor eurā, earumna corpus conficit*, Paev. ap. Non. 23, 8.

1 **lāpīs**, idis, m. (f. Enn. see § 1) [for *cal-ap-id-*; and *ap* and *id*, for *ao* and *ig* suffixes of dim., so that *cal-ap* = *cal'c* (n. *calx*); *lap-i-cidina* implies a noun *lap* = *c'lae* without the *id*; the *eo* or rather *ear*, the noise of scratching; see *calx* and cf. *laas*, *lauos*, etc.] prop. a piece of stone, a small stone, a stone, and so opposed at times to *saxum*, est et *uiridis* (*silex*) *uehementer igni resistens sed nusquam copiosus, et ubi inuenitur, lapis, non saxum est*, Plin. 36, 169; add 36, 136; tanto *sublatae sunt Augmine tum lapides*, Enn. an. 542 V; *edepol te hodie lapide percussum uelim*, Pl. St. 4, 2, 33; *M. Aemilium lapide percussum esse*, Cic. or. 2, 197; *Vnde mihi lapidem?* Hor. s. 2, 7, 116; 2. hence prov., *Altera manu fert lapidem, panem ostentat altera*, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 19;

3. also of larger stones fashioned by man, as first a millstone, *Num me illuc duois ubi lapis lapidem terit?* Pl. As. 1, 1, 17; 4. a boundary-stone, *non fixus in agris Qui regeret certis finibus arua lapis*, Tib. 1, 3, 43; called *sacer lapis* in Sen. Phaedr. 536; add Lact. 1, 20 f.; 5. a tombstone, *Fac lapis inscriptis stet super ossa notis*, Tib. 1, 3, 54; add Prop. 4, 1, 37 and 1, 18, 20; 6. a stone-slab for a sideboard, *lapis albus Pocula cum cyatho duo sustinet*, Hor. s. 1, 6, 116; 7. of a statue, *Iouem lapidem iurare*—swear by, quoted as an old legal phrase by Cic. fam. 7, 12, 2; Gell. 1, 21, 4; 8. a stone on which slaves were exhibited for sale, *nescis nunc uenire te Atque in eo ipso astas lapide ut praeco praedicat*, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 17; *uinitoris quem (uulgus) de lapide posse comparari putat*, Colum. 3, 3, 8; add met., *duos de lapide emptos tribunos*, Cic. Pis. 35; cf. *ὁ δὲ τοπος πρᾶτης λιθος καὶ πάλητηριον*, Pollux; 9. a milestone, *nosti materterae meae fundum qui est ad quartum et uicesimum lapidem uia Salaria a Roma*, Varr. r. 3, 2, 14; *nos intra uicesimum lapidem annum oppugnationem perferre piget*, Liv. 5, 4, 12; *Sacra uidet fieri sextus ab urbe lapis*, Ov. F. 6, 682; and with *lapis omissa*, ad duodecimum a Cremona, Tac. h. 2, 24; ad octauum a Bedriaco progressus, 3, 15; 10. stone generally, *lapidum natura restat*, Plin. 36, 1; *Thebaeus lapis*, 36, 63; *Phrygius lapis*, 36, 143; *l. bibulus*, Verg. G. 2, 348;

11. sometimes opposed to marble, *fuit inter lapidem atque marmor differentia iam et apud Homerum dicit enim marmore saxo perussum*, Plin. 36, 45; *Nerone principe in Cappadocia repertus est lapis duritia marmoris*, 36, 163; 12. of precious stones, esp. pearls, *aut perlicuduli deliciis lapidis*, Catul. 69, 4; *Vel nos in mare proximum Gomas et lapides aurum et inutile*, Mittamus, Hor. od. 3, 24, 48; *feminarum quis lapidum causa pecuniae nostrae*

ad externas gentes transferantur, Tac. an. 3, 53 f.; add Ov. med. f. 20 aud a. a. 432; Mart. 11, 50, 4; Sen. Phaedr. 399; Here. Oct. 666; Sil. 12, 231; see *lapillus*; 13. of a fool, blockhead, *quid stas lapis?* Quin accipis? Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 3; *Quot res dedere ubi possem pensentisere, Ni essim lapis?* 5, 1, 44; cf.: *Nam tu es lapide silice stultior*, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 78; 14. or a brute, *Ah! lapis est ferrumque, suam quicumque puellam uerberat*, Tib. 1, 10, 59; but in Ov. her. 10, 50 only cold as a stone; 15. *lapis candidus*, a white stone as emblem of good fortune, *Quo lapide illa diem candidiore notet*, Catul. 68, 148—see *calculus*; 16. phrases: *lapides loqueris*, of cutting remarks, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 30; *Noli amabo uerberare lapidem, ne perdas manum*, Curc. 1, 3, 41.

2 **lāpis**, is, m. or f. [*lapi-* for *lap-ic-*] a stone, *Obcum-bunt multi letum ferroque lapique*, Enn. an. 390 V—hence *lapi-cid-ina*, and vb. *lapio*.

**lappa**, ae, f. the plant bnr, intereste segetes, subit aspera silua Lappacquo tribolique, Verg. G. 1, 153; *Mixta tenax segeti crescere lappa solet*, Ov. Pont. 2, 1, 14; add Plin. 18, 153; 2. the hooked fruit of other plants, Plin. 25, 81 and 104.

**lappāc-eus**, (*lappae-* or *lappag-*, old crude form of *lappa*) adj. made up of burs, capita, Plin. 22, 41.

**lappāg-o**, inis (id.), f. dim. a small bur, Plin. 26, 102.

**lapsāna**, ae, f. an edible plant, *sinapis alba*, e *lapsana* cibum mel ceram, Varr. r. 3, 16, 25; add Colum. 9, 4, 5; 12, 7, 1; (*stomaeho aliena*) l., Cels. 2, 25; (*urinam mouens*), 2, 31; *inter siluestris brassicas l.*, Plin. 20, 96; *exprobrauere* (*Iuli milites*) *lapsana se uixisse apud Dyrrachium*, 19, 144.

**lapsīlis**, γλασπος, Gloss. Philox.

**lapsio**, ōnis, f. slipping, Cic. Tusc. 4, 28.

**lapsō**, āre, vb. frq. slip again and again, in sanguine, Verg. 2, 551; *sanguine et lubrico paludum*, Tac. an. 1, 65; add Stat. Th. 5, 223; Sil. 2, 632; 2. met., *uerba lapsantia*, inartiate, Gell. 1, 15, 1.

1 **lapsus**, part., see *lābor*.

2 **lapsus**, is, m. gliding, as of water, stars, birds etc., *Quo Castalia per struces saxae lapsu accidit*, Laev. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 310 B, 33; *ambiguo lapsu refuitque fluitique* (*Maeander*), Ov. M. 8, 163; *si lacus lapsu suo ad mare profuississet*, Cic. diu. 1, 100; (*stellae*) *certo lapsu spatique feruntur*, poet. ib. 1, 17; *medio uoluntur sidera lapsu*, Verg. 4, 524; *uoluerum*, Cic. N. D. 2, 99; add Verg. 3, 2; *lapsus... dracones effugiunt*, 2, 225; 2. slipping, falling, *lapsu ceci-dere uetusto*, Cic. diu. 1, 19; equi, Verg. 10, 750; *sustinere se a lapsu*, Liv. 21, 35, 12; 3. met., *ab omni lapsu conti-nuere temeritatem*, Cic. acad. post. 45; *populares lapsus*, or. 2, 339.

**lāquear** or *lacuar*\* (lāqueus::tribnna:l:tribunus, save that an r is preferred after an l), āris, adj. n. as sb. ornamental work in a coffer between the beams of a roof, = *lacunar*, roof fret-work, gen. in pl., dependent *lychini laquearibus aureis*, Verg. 1, 726; *Summi lacuaria\** (al. *laquearia*) *tecti*, 8, 25; *cenationum*, Sen. cp. 90, 15; *caelata laquearia*, 90, 42; *laquearia nunc et in priuatis domibus auro teguntur*, Plin. 33, 57; add 12, 10; *laquearia citro et ebore cauta*, Apul. M. 5, 1; 2. in the sing. *si nitor auri Sub laqueare domus*, Verg. eul. 64; add Prisc. 1, 127, 7 K; 222, 6.

**lāqueārium**, ορφώσις, Gloss. Philox.; add Serv. A. 1, 726.

**lāqueārius**, adj. m. as sb., maker of *laquearia*, Th. C. 13, 4, 2; Iust. C. 1, 10, 64.

**lāqueātor**, ōris, m. a gladiator who attended with a noose, Isid. orig. 18, 56.

**lāqueo**, (laqueus) āre, vb. inclose in a noose, corpus, Colum. 6, 19, 3; *profundum retibus*, Manil. 5, 659; *se nimio dolore*, Lact. ad Stat. Th. 11, 644; 2. w. acc. of net, throw so as to inclose, *cassem*, Grat. cyn. 29; 3. met., *si te laqueauerit error, luenc. 1, 537*; 4. fit (a roof) with *laquei* or *lacunaria*, esp. *laqueatus*, *tecta*, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 85; add Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 133; leg. 2, 2; Hor. od. 2, 16, 11; *templa*, Luer. 2, 28; *antra*, Ov. F. 2, 315; *cenationes*, Suet. Ner. 31; *sidera caelum laqueantia*, Manil. 1, 533.



**laqueus**, (akin to lacus a hole) i, m. lit. a hole, as seen in laquear, laqueatus; **2.** a noose, laqueo collum quando obstrinxero, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 39; add Cas. 2, 6, 40 etc.; collum in laqueum inserenti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 37; laqueis faleas auertebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; laqueis captare feras, Verg. G. 1, 139; qui sibi laqueo manus attulissent, CIL 1418, 5; **3.** met., esp. in pl., meshes, iudicii, Cic. Mil. 40; legum, Clu. 150; Chryssippi, fat. 7.

**Lar**, Lāris, m. a tutelary spirit, as of a house, attached to the hearth, Ego Lar (so mss and sense) sum familiaris ex hac familia, Pl. Aul. prol. 2; familiai Lar pater, Merc. 5, 1, 5; Haec inponentur in foco nostro Lari, Aul. 2, 8, 16; domino a familia sua manus allatas esse ante suos Lares familiares, Cic. Quinct. 85; creditumque (Seruium Tullium) Laris familiaris filium, Plin. 36, 204; **2.** as of roads, inuoco Vos Lares uiales, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 24; agri custodes, Tib. 1, 1, 20; compta grata deo, Ov. F. 5, 140; comptaes Lares ornari bis anno statuit, Suet. Aug. 31; Laribus uialibus, inscr. Or. 1672, 1762, 1894; Laribus competalibus (sic), 1664; **3.** one of whose festivals was on May 1, Praestitibus Maiaie Laribus uidere Kalendae Aram constitui, Ov. F. 5, 129; add 2, 616; **4.** old form w. s, enos Lases iuuate, CIL 28.

**Lāra**, ae, f. a nymph of the Tiber, Forte fuit Nais Lārā nomine, Ov. F. 2, 599.

**Lārālia**, n. pl. = Larentalia, Paul. ex Fest. 253 A, 16.

**Lārārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a shrine of Lares etc., Lampr. Sev. 29, 2; 31, 4.

**larbasis**, is, f. antimony, Plin. 33, 101.

**Larcius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, P. Larci(us) C. I. Hil(arus), CIL 888; Larcia P. OI. Horaea, 1194; T. Larcus, Cic. rep. 2, 56.

**lardārius**, adj. m. as sb. a dealer in lard, inscr. Grut. 647, 4.

**lardum**, see laridum.

**Lārētālia**, ium, u. pl. festival of Acca Larentia, Varr. 1. 6, 3; Ov. F. 3, 57; see Larentinae.

**Lārēntia**, ae, f. wife of Faustulus, and foster-mother of Romulus, Liv. 1, 4, 7; Plin. 18, 6; Macr. s. 1, 10, 16; Gell. 7 (6), 7, 8.

**Lārētinae**, (sc. feriae) f. pl. festival of Larentia, x Kal. Ian. Accae Larentiu(ae), fast. Praen.; Lar. N. P., fast. Maff.

**Lārētinalia**, n. pl. = Larentalia, Macr. s. 1, 10, 11.

**largē**, see largus.

**Largianus**, adj. of Largus, S. C. Largianum, Iust. C. 7, 6, 12; passed Lupo et Largo censulibus (a. n. c. 795), says Gai. 3, 63.

**largificus**, adj. bounteous, stips, Luer. 2, 627.

**largifluus**, adj. flowing freely, imber, Pacuv. ap. Cic. or. 3, 157; fons, Luer. 5, 598.

**largilōquus**, adj. talking copiously, gabbling, lingua, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 47; (mulieres), Cist. 1, 2, 3.

**largior**, iri, vb. r. act the largus homo, be lavish, Amor laetati largitur, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9; amico mea ex crumina (so mss) largiar, Pers. 2, 3, 13; largitus est homo liberalis et dissolutus Roscio, Cic. Rosc. com. 27; ad largiendum ex alieno restrictor, fam. 3, 8, 8; neu quibus largiri insuoceret, Sal. Jug. 8, 2; add 13, 6 and Cat. 38, 1; **2.** w. acc. bestow with lavish hand, lavish, libertatem Chrysalo, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 30; cenam essurientibus, Amph. 1, 1, 155; laetitiam mihi, Capt. 4, 2, 49; te, Mil. 4, 6, 28; Segetes largiri fruges, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; de te largitor puer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 17; add 5, 9, 31; eripiunt aliis quod aliis largiantur, Cic. off. 1, 43; Gallis prouinciarum propinquitas multa ad copiam largitur, Caes. b. g. 6, 24, 5; **3.** in old lang., largio ire, benigne largi (al. largito) atque ampliter, Acc. ap. Non. 470, 26; largio pro largior dicebant, Prisc. 1, 392, 21 K; pecuniam largio (so Iordan ej., ms inlargio), Cato ap. Non. 470, 26; **4.** hence as pass., Tib. 4, 1, 129.

**largitas**, ātis, f. lavishness, giving with a free hand, generosity, nehemens in utramque partem, Aut largitate nimia aut parsimonia, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 32; add Ad. 5, 9, 28; quae te laetati largitas? Caecil. ap. Non. 16, 20; terra (legumina) cum maxima largitate fundit, Cic. N. D. 2, 156; add Brut. 16.

**largiter**, see largus.

**largitio**, ōnis, f. free giving, free bestowal, l. quae fit ex re familiari fontem liberalitatis exhaurit, Cic. off. 2, 52; numquam est intermissa a maioribus nostris largitio ciuitatis, Balb. 31; largitione militum uoluntatem redemit, Caes. b. c. 1, 39, 4; add 3, 31, 4; aedilicia l., Liv. 25, 2, 8; nullius rei, minime beneficiorum honesta largitio est, Sen. ben. 1, 2, 1; **2.** esp. under the late Empire, a largess, Th. C. 11, 30, 25; 16, 5, 54 etc.

**largitiōnālis**, e, adj. of imperial largesses, officium, Th. C. 6, 30, 24; titulo, 11, 28, 14; **2.** as sb. m. commissioner of largesses, Th. C. 8, 3, 1, 1; 12, 6, 6 and 12.

**1 largitor**, āri, a bad ej. in Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 14, where Ritschl from A largiri te illi, other mss largitate illi.

**2 largitor**, ōris, m. one who habitually lavishes, Cic. off. 1, 64; Cat. 4, 10; Liv. 6, 2, 12; 6, 16, 6.

**largitūdo** = largitas, nusquam inuenitur nisi apud Neptem, says Char. 101, 3 K.

**largitūs**, adv. copiously, quid lacrimas l.? Afran. ap. Non. 514, 32; add perh. Apul. M. 11, 30.

**largius-cūlus**, (largior) adj. comp. dim. rather copious, haustus salinarum, Solin. 7, 4.

**largus**, adj. (?) freely giving, liberal, generous or prodigal, lavish, Audin hunc opera ut largus est uocurna? Pl. As. 3, 3, 8; lingua largior, Pl. As. 2, 2, 24; Iustus iniustus; malignus largus; tristis commodus, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 17; duo sunt genera largorum, quorum alteri prodigi, alteri liberales, Cic. off. 2, 55; si largissimus esse uellet, cumulatorie mensura uteretur, Verr. 2, 3, 118; largus animo, Tac. h. 2, 59; **2.** freely given, copious, abundant, bounteous, copia largissima, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 158; (sol) cum terras larga luce conpleuerit, N. D. 2, 49; aer, Lucr. 4, 894; imber, Verg. G. 1, 23; fetus, 2, 390; lac, 3, 308; uiua, Hor. od. 3, 18, 6; herbae, 4, 2, 55; imbres, epod. 16, 53; metallorum uena largissima, Plin. 34, 149; pili, 11, 229; largiora stipendia, Tac. an. 1, 31; munus largissimum, Suet. Tit. 7; **3.** w. gen. in poets, abounding (in), opum, Verg. 11, 338; comae, Sil. 7, 601; rapinae, S. 250; largas mercandi dextras, 15, 495;

**4.** w. inf., spes douae, Hor. od. 4, 12, 19; **5.** a cognomen, C. Silius A. Caecina Largus, consul of 766 a. u. c.; add Cic. fam. 6, 8, 1; dictus cognomine Largus, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 17; **II 6.** large, adv. bountifully, copiously, Nemini credo qui large blanditus diues pauperi, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 19; add Cic. Mur. 10; largius, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 48; largissime, Plin. 7, 167; **7.** widely, thus approaching the Fr. large, quod (sol) moutem Idam exoriens latitudine exsuperet, dextra laeuaque large amplectens, Plin. 2, 50; ita ponendae sunt large arbores cydonii, ne alteram... stillicidium tangat alterius, Pall. 3, 25, 21; large uagandi licentia, 1, 30, 3; cf. § 10; **III 8.** largiter, adv. liberally, lavishly, abundantly, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 8; Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 6; Lucr. 6, 1113; Hor. s. 1, 4, 132; **9.** w. gen. as adv. quantitat. Credo edepol ego illic inesse argenti et auri largiter, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 144; l. mercedis iudipisear, 5, 2, 28; lucri l. feci, Laeber. ap. Char. 204, 23; l. pecuniae habuit, Char. 184, 9 K; mihi l. aquae superest, Apul. mag. 28; **10.** w. a long ēr, Reor peccatum largiter. Immo haec east, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 49, (cf. 'Language' p. 410); i.e. widely, as also in: Edepol Neptune peccauisti largiter, Most. 2, 2, 8.

**lāridus**, adj. (perh. for salarius) salted, laridum carmen, Th. C. 7, 4, 2; **2.** laridum\* or lardum, i, as sb. n. bacon, lard, Quanta pernis pestis ueniet, quanta labes lārido! Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 123; add 4, 2, 67\*; Men. 1, 3, 27; lardi frusta, Hor. s. 2, 6, 85; Iuv. 11, 84; Mart. 5, 78, 10; latera lardi, Char. 102, 12 K; and pl., Ov. F. 6, 169; Plin. 28, 227; **3.** larida, ae, as sb. f. (sc. caro) salted meat, Th. C. 8, 4, 17.

**lārifuga**, ac, m. one who runs away from his Lares, one who absconds, Petrou. 57.

**lārignus**, adj. of larch, materies, Vitruv. 2, 9, 16.

**Lārinas**, ātis, adj. of Larinum, Cic. Clu. 21 and 24; Liv. 22, 18, 8; Plin. 3, 105; Ac Lārīnātum dextris, Sil. 8, 404.

**Lārīnum**, i, n. a municipium of Samnium, Cic. Cael. 40, 41 etc.; Att. 7, 13, 7.

**Lārīnus**, i, m. an inhabitant of Larinum, esp. a title of



a priest of Mars there, Cic. Clu. 43; **2.** a cognomen, M. Aurelius M. f. Vlp. Lariuus, inscr. Mur. 849, 3.

**Lāriscolūs**, i, m. dim. (of Lariscus), a cognomen, P. Accoleius Lariscolus, on a coin, Eckhel 5, 118.

**Lāriscus**, i, m. dim. (of larus, a gull) a cognomen, M. Ballonius M. l. Lariscus, inscr. Grut. 648, 4.

**lārix**, icis (=λαρίς) f. a larch, larix utis radicibus non repullulat, Plin. 16, 46; in umore praecipua est, 16, 218; nec ipsa per se potest ardere, Vitr. 2, 9, 14; Et lārices fumoque..., Lucan. 9, 920.

**Lārōnius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Lar(oni)us, CIL 740; Lārōnia, fuv. 2, 36; Mart. 2, 32, 5.

**lārua** (trisyl. in Pl.), and larua (disyl.), ae, f. the spirit of a deceased wicked human being, who torments the living, a hobgoblin, a fury, qui ob aduersa uitae merita incerta uagatione punitur, inane terriulamentum bonis hominibus, malis noxiū, id genus larnas perhibent, Apul. d. Soer. 15; add Aug. C. D. 9, 11; Lārūae hunc atque intemperiae insaniaeque agitant senem, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 15; Iam deliramenta loquitur, laruae stimulant uirum, Capt. 3, 4, 66; add Amph. 2, 2, 145; Cas. 3, 4, 2; cum dedi laruis... placet, Sen. de morte Cl. 9, 3; cum mortuis non nisi larus luctari, Plin. 1, 31; snffimentum abigit laruas, Vet. net. 6, 12, 4; add Mart. Cap. 2, 162; **2.** as a term of abuse, etiam loquere, larua? Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 20; add Petron. 44 (dub.); **3.** hence a mask, Nil illi larua aut tragicis opus esse cothurnis, Hor. s. 1, 5, 64; **4.** a figure used in magic rites, as a skeleton, formam duri cadaveris... Haecine est larua, hocine est daemonium, Apul. mag. 63; laruam argenteam sic aptatam ut articulis eius flecterentur, Petron. 34.

**lārūālis**, (at times quadris.)\* e, adj. of a hobgoblin, forma, Apul. mag. 63; **2.** of a skeleton, as representing a hobgoblin (cf. larua, § 4), nemo tam puer est ut larualem habitum (timeat) nudis ossibus cohaerentium, Sen. ep. 24, 18; l. simulacrum Armeuiae regis per quietem agitabat, Amm. 31, 1, 3; Pallorem maciemque lārūalem\*, carm. Priap. 33.

**Lārunda**, ae, f. a nymph, daughter of the Almo, mother of Lar, object of worship, Varr. 5, 10, p. 79 Sp.; nec Genius domuum Lārunda progenitus Lar, Auson. monos. 9.

**lārūo**, āre, persecute, as does a hobgoblin, bewitch, Num laruatust aut cerritus? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 2; pro laruato te circumferam, Pl. ap. Serv. A. 6, 229; hunc qui laruam putat, ipse est laruan (so Hild. v. mss), Apul. mag. 63 f.; add Firm. Math. 3, 14 m.

**lārus**, i, (=λαρος) m. a gull, λαρος larus gauia, Gloss. Philox.

**lāsānum**, i, n. a night-stool, Hor. s. 1, 6, 109; ab hoc ferulo ad lasanum surrexit, Petron. 41.

**lassar**, see laser.

**lasciua**, ae, f. running wild, playfulness, sportiveness, piscium, Pacuv. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 24; hilaritas, lasciua, risus, Cic. fin. 2, 65; tum caput...redimire coronis...lasciua laeta monebat, Lucr. 5, 1400; quem non in iocos euocabit illa l. (blaudissimii pueri), Sen. dial. 12, 18, 5; catulos emitti lasciuiiae causa, Colum. 7, 13, 12; of the gambols of a dolphin, Plin. ep. 9, 33, 9; inter gladios se atque frameas saltu iacint..., aft. audacis lasciuiiae, Tac. G. 24; add an. 11, 31; h. 3, 33; **2.** met., O catenarum colone. O uirgarum lasciuiae! Pl. As. 2, 2, 32; nec alibi maior naturae l., than in the variety of animals' horns, Plin. 11, 123; **3.** in a bad sense, wantonness, wildness, excess, adulescenti...pleno amoris ac lasciuiae, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 22; theatralem lasciuiam seueris edictis increpuit, Tac. an. 11, 13; of oratory, Quint. 2, 5, 22; 10, 1, 43; add Suet. Cal. 36; **4.** personified, Plin. 35, 110.

**lasciuiabundus**, in the mss of Pl. St. 2, 1, 16 wh. Ritschl by a sound cj. lixabundus.

**lasciuo**, āre, vb. play the wanton, run wild, sport, quid lasciui(s), stollide? Enn. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 317 A 15; lasciuire magis plebem quam saeuire, Liv. 2, 29, 9; exilit agnus Lasciuitque fuga, Ov. M. 7, 321; **2.** in uenerem, pecudes, Colum. 6, 24, 2; **3.** met. of oratory, Quint. 4, 2, 39; 9, 4, 142.

**lasciuitas**, ātis, f. running wild, sportiveness, animi, amusement, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 8, 118; Asiana, Firm. Math. 1, 1.

**lasciuōlus**, adj. dim. wanton, playful, manus, Laev. ap. Prise. 1, 536, 19.

**lasciuus**, or rather lasciuos, adj. [: lascus (=laxus) :: captiuus : captus—see laxus] unrestrained, playful, frolicsome, noua proles...teneras lasciua per herbas Ludit, Lucr. 1, 260; capella, Verg. B. 2, 64; tenero lasciuior haedo, Ov. M. 13, 791; puella, 3, 64; pueri, Hor. s. 1, 3, 133; **2.** in a bad sense, licentious, lewd, lasciuosus, femur, Ov. am. 3, 7, 10; libelli, Mart. 5, 2, 5; lasciuiissimae picturae, Suet. Tib. 43; **3.** of things, hederae, wanton, Hor. od. 1, 36, 20; acus, Mart. 11, 45, 6; oratio, over-lively, Sen. ap. Gell. 12, 2, 9; **4.** comp., Ov. M. 13, 791; sup., Suet. Tib. 43.

**lāsēr** (rarely lāsēr), ēris, or lasar\*, āris, n. the juice of the laserpicium or silphion, assafoetida, Colum. arb. 23, 1; laserpicium cuius succm laser uocant, Plin. 19, 38; add 22, 101—106; etc.; et lāsēr algens, Marcell. carm. 54; lasar\*, Apic. 31; **2.** the plant itself, radicuula laseris, Colum. 12, 7, 4; laseris radices, 12, 59, 4; Plin. 19, 153; 20, 80; **3.** another plant of the kind, Syriacum lasar\*, Colum. 21, 59, 5; laser S., Veg. uct. 5, 14, 12; **4.** for qty cf. laserpicifer and laserpicium.

**lāsērātus**, or lasaratus\*, quasi-part. flavoured with assafoetida, Apic.\* 243; 270; 371; 393; Plin. Valer. 1, 21; **2.** lasaratum\*, as sb. n. a condiment of the same, recipe in Apic. 31.

**lāsērcipiārius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in assafoetida, Petron. 35.

**lāsērcipiātus**, quasi-part. mixed with assafoetida, acetum, Cato r. 116; Plin. 18, 308.

**lāsērcipifer**, or lasarp\*, adj. bearing assafoetida, Lāsarpiciferis iacet Cirenīs, Catal.\* 7, 4.

**lāsērcipium**, ii, n. the plant assafoetida, Hoc anno multum futurum sirpe et laserpicium, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 16; laserpicium aceto diluito, Cato r. 116; add Plin. 16, 143; 19, 42—45.

**Lāses**, see Lar.

**lassātio**, onis, f. making weary, Mart. Cap.

**lassātor**, ōris, m. one who wearies, August.

**lassesco**, ēre, vb. become weary, fortuna, Plin. 7, 130; uitis, 14, 33; Prud. Symm. 2, 101 (dub.); Hieron. ep. 22, 39.

**lassitūdo**, inis, f. weariness, fatigue, lotum ut sedes lassitudinem, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 75; add Merc. 1, 2, 17; populum, Acc. ap. Non. 336, 28; l. conseruom (gen. pl.), Titin. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 270 B 19; ex lassitūdie dormire, Cic. inu. 2, 14; lassitūdie exanimatos, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 1; l. quae citra fatigationem sit, Cels. 1, 2, p. 15, 5 Dar.

**lasso**, āre, vb. (lassus) make weary, weary, fatigue, Diui potentes ferte lassatis opem, poet. ap. Mar. Victor. 79, 23 K; lassauit brachia plagis, Prop. 4, 8, 67; lassata sequendo, Ov. M. 9, 649; quid numiua lassas? Lucan. 5, 695.

**lassūlus**, adj. dim. weary, Catal. 63, 35.

**lassus** (a variety of laxus), adj. lit. loosened, flabby—hence weary, exhausted, lassus de uia, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 66; Heus tu niator lasse, CIL 1431; lassam esse aibant, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 41; proelio fessi lassique erant, Sal. Iug. 53, 5; **2.** met., animus lassus, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 4; Fructibus assiduis lasse seuescit humus, Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 14; lassoque papauera collo, Verg. 9, 436; lasa et effeta natura, Plin. ep. 6, 21, 1; **3.** w. gen., animi, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; maris, Hor. od. 2, 6, 7; **4.** w. inf., uocare, Prop. 2, 13, 28; soluere, 2, 15, 46; mittere, 2, 33, 26.

**latastaurus**, =κιναιδος, Suet. granum. 15.

**latacē**, ēs, f. a plant of supposed magic power, Plin. 26, 18.

**latēb-ra**, ( : lateo :: tereb-ra ; tero ; lateb- an older form of late-) ae, f. hiding-place, Quid faciam? In latebras abscondas pectorē penitissimum, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 65; add Poen. 4, 2, 13; Aul. 4, 2, 2; cum ignauiae ratio te in latebras impelleret, Cic. Rab. perd. 22; ille latebris aut saltibus se eriperet, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 6; **2.** met., lunaeque latebras, of an eclipse, Lucr. 5, 751; omnes latebras suspicionum, Cic. Cael. 53; latebras nox dabit, Ov. a. a. 3, 754; **3.** csp. a subterfuge, a refuge, an excuse,



escape from evil, si tuam (uillam) dicerem, latebram haberes, Cic. fin. 2, 107; te mirificam in latebram coniecisti, diu. 2, 46; ne quaeratur l. percurio, off. 3, 106.

**lätëbricöla** (latebra, col-o), ae, m. one who inhabits hiding holes, one who shuns the light of day, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 14.

**lätëbrösus**, adj. full of hiding-places, locus, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 22; 3, 3, 26; uia latebrosior, Cic. Sest. 126; flumina, Verg. 8, 713; pumice, 12, 587; locus, Liv. 21, 54, 1; 2. met. quaestio, August. retract. 1, 19 med.; 3. lätëbrösë, in hiding places, l. me occultabo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 3.

**lätëo**, ère, ui, vb. lie hid, cocleae in occulto latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 12; (fax) multos annos latuit, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 66; in siluis additi latebant, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 6; abditum latere in occulto, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; lätët anguis in herba, Verg. B. 3, 93; tu post carecta lätëbas, 3, 20; 2. met. be hid, be concealed, quoniam sub nomine pacis bellum lateret, Cic. Phil. 12, 17; ipsum illud uerum in occulto latet, orat. 237; quae tantum accenderit ignem Causa latet, Verg. 5, 5; 3. met. escape notice, and so obtain shelter, erant eo tutiores quod sub umbra Romanae amicitiae latebant, Liv. 34, 9, 10; Periclitatur magnitudo principum: Minuta plebes facili praesidio latet, Phaedr. 4, 6, 13; 4. w. dat., ab aliqua ui quae et oculis et auribus latere solet, Varr. l. 9, 52; at mihi semper, Tu quae... Vt superi uolere late, Lucan. 1, 419; hostique propinquo Roma latet, Sil. 12, 614; but the passage w. mihi latere in Cic. Cat. 1, 15 is spurious; 5. w. acc., escape the notice of, be hid from, unum (semen) quod latet nostrum sensum... Latet, si sunt semina in acre, ut ait Anaxagoras, Varr. r. 1, 40, 1; Nec latere doli fratrem Iunonis et irae, Verg. 1, 130; Nil illum toto quod fit in orbe latet, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 126; latet plerosque superiorum siderum ignis esse qui... Plin. 2, 82; 6. tute pone te latebis in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 27 corresponds to our: you will stand in your own light; II 7. latens, as an adj. hidden, secret, hence latentior origo, August. gen. ad litt. 12, 18; 8. latenter, secretly, Cic. top. 63; Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 60; Macr. s. 1, 11, 45 (not Gell. 1, 18, 10).

**lätër**, èris (akin to *πλωτος*), m. a brick made of clay and straw\* either baked or not, Quin maeria illa ait in horto quae est in noctis singulas Lätërë fit minor, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 48; lätëres si ueteres ruunt, 50; laterem qui ducit, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 22 (cf. the use of *ἐκκεν πλωτους*, Herod. 1, 179 and duco below †); maeria e lateribus coctilibus... e lateribus crudis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; num hoc in latere aut in caemento potnit ualere? Cic. diu. 2, 99; regulas defigunt quae lateres contineant, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 4; murus crudo latere ac luto constructus, Colum. 9, 1, 2; lateribus crudis extrui, Plin. 35, 169; lateres e cretoso solo sunt ducendi†, 170; de lateribus qua de terra ducit eos oporteat dicam, Vitr. 2, 3, 1 and foll.; coctus later siue crudus, 1, 5, 8; (lateres) fiunt sic: terra creta... mista cum paleis\* intra formam lateri similem deprimetur... Pall. 6, 12; 2. ingot of gold etc., lateres aureos, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 14; add 520, 17; ex aerario protulit laterum aureorum xv, argenteorum xxx, Plin. 33, 56; 3. phrase, laterem lauare (sc. crudum) to wash a brick clean (of an impossibility), Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 9; 4. for neut. g. Forc. quotes later quod... from Varr. ap. Non. 131, 12; but Non. gives same pass. w. later quem, 520, 19.

**lätërälis**, e, adj. of the side, dolor, Lucil. or Enn. ap. Max. Victor. 217, 1 K; Plin. 21, 155; l. cingula, Calp. ecl. 6, 40; 2. lateralia, as sb. n. pl. saddle bags, uiatoria, Scaev. dig. 32, 102.

**lätërämën**, inis, n. brickwork? or side? Lucr. 6, 233. **Lätëränus**, adj. or sb. a cognomen,—Plautius Lateranus, Tac. an. 15, 49 and 60; Lätëränörum obsidet aedes, Iuv. 10, 17; Laterani (al. Lateranas) adcurrat ad aedes, Prud. Symm. 1, 585; hence the Lateran palace, cf. Mayor's Iuv. l. 1; 2. the god of hearths, Arnob. 4, 6.

**lätërärius** (later), adj. of bricks, terra, Plin. 19, 156; 2. as sb. m. a brickmaker, Non. 445, 21; 3. lateraria, ae, as sb. f. brickmaking, Plin. 7, 194.

**lätërärius** (latus), adj. of the side, tigna, Vitr. 10, 20, 3.

**lätërcülënsis**, e, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of the Emperor's book of dignities (laterculum), Iust. C. 12, 34, 5; 12, 19, 15; as neut., Isid. orig. 6, 17: *laterculum παρα Ρωμαιοις λεγεται*.

**laterculum** (for laterculus), i, n. Imperial register of Th. C. 1, 8, 2; Iust. C. 12, 20, 3.

**laterculus**, i, m. a little brick, harae laterculis extruuntur, Colum. 8, 14, 1; crudis laterculis...obstructo sacello, Plin. 30, 63; observationes siderum coctilibus laterculis inscriptas, 7, 193; 2. of other material, de eruo farinam facito...Postea facito laterculus, Cato r. 109; nil nisi laterculus (of salt or some condiment) Sesamam papaueremque..., Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 112; sal qui in laterculis adfertur, Plin. 31, 84; 3. a land-measure, habentes singuli laterculi iugera mocl, Hygin. agrim. 122, 20; eum agrum laterculis l iugera incluserunt, Sic. Flac. 136, 18; 4. mistranslated confectioners, in Pl. above, and Cato r. 109.

**lätërens**, e, adj. as sb. sidesman, attendant, Tertul. Marc. 4, 43; 2. a cognomen, M. (Iuuentius) Laterensis, Cic. Planc. 2, 5 etc.; add Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 3.

**lateriäna** (pira), n. pl. perh. so called from Laterium, see below, Plin. 15, 54; add prob. Colum. 5, 10, 18; 12, 10, 4; Macr. s. 3, 19, 6.

**lätëricius**, adj. of brick, turris, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 4; in domibus latericiis, Varr. ap. Non. 48, 13; marmoram se relinquere (urbem) quam latericiam accepisset, Suet. Aug. 29; 2. latericium, as sb. (sc. opus) brickwork, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3.

**lätërina**, adj. f. as sb. brickmaking, mercedes pro laterinis deductis, Tertul. Marc. 4, 43.

**lateritana**, see lateriana.

**Laterium**, ii, n. a villa of Q. Cicero, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; Att. 4, 7, 3.

**laterina**, see lanterna.

**laternio**, see lanterniones.

**lätëscö**, ère, vb. become wide, widen, in uentrem, Colum. 2, 10, 24; ossa, Cels. 8, 1, p. 326, 23 Dar.; fascia, Manil. 1, 680.

**lätëscö**, ère, vb. become hidden, Cic. Arat. 385.

**lätëx**, (: lateo :: uortex :: uorto :: uomex :: uomo, says Prisc. 1, 140, 11 K; ab eo quod intra terrae uenas lateat, Serv. A. 1, 690) icis, m., rarely f.\* a poet. word—lit. water underground, as perh. in: Neo tibi sunt fontes laticis nisi paene marini, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 17; 2. gen. water, non calida\* laticè lautns, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 169, 14 K; Lethaei ad fluminis undam Securos latices...potant, Verg. 6, 715; Desilit in latices, Ov. M. 4, 353; In latices mutor, 5, 636; 3. of any liquid, laticum frugumque cupido, Lucr. 4, 1093; Absinthii laticem, 4, 16; liquoris uitigeni, 5, 15; Lyaeum, Verg. 1, 686; Palladios, Ov. M. 8, 275, oil; niueos, Prud. cath. 3, 67 (milk).

**lätëthyr**, is, Seren. Samm. 1099, same as **lathyris**, idis, f. a kind of spurge, Plin. 27, 95.

**lathyros**, i, f. a plant, also called leontopodium, Apul. herb. 7.

**Lätialis**, e, adj. of Latium, sermo, Plin. 3, 7; Iuppiter, Lucan. 1, 198; caput, 1, 535; 2. Latialiter; see Latianter, s.v. Latiaris.

**Lätiar**, äris, adj. m. as sb. the festival of Iupiter Latialis, Latiar erat exiturus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 4 f.; Latiar, hoc est Latinarum sollempne, Macr. s. 1, 16, 16.

**Lätiaris**, e, adj. of Latium, esp. a title of Iupiter, tuque Latiaris sancte Iuppiter, Cic. Mil. 85; add Plin. 34, 43; Laet. 1, 21; doctrina, Macr. s. 1, 2, 7; 2. Latiariter, adv. in the Latin way, Mart. Cap. 5, 137 G, 139, 2 Eyss.; 192 G, 198, 24 Eyss.

**lätibülör**, äri, vb. r. hide oneself, skulk, nocte ut latibuletur, Naev. ap. Non. 133, 8; Progredere et nequis latibuletur perspice, Publil. Syr. ib.

**lätibulum**, i, n. a hiding place, cum etiam feræ latibulis se tegant, Cic. Rab. Post. 42; tamquam serpens e latibulis, Vat. 4; add Catul. 63, 54.

**läticlauialis**, e, adj. wearing the laticlave, tribunus, inser. Grut. 180, 3.

**läticlauitum**, ii, adj. n. as sb. the dignity of the laticlave.



clave, Gai. dig. 24, 1, 42; Lampr. Comm. 4, 7; purpura maior laticlavium, Schol. Iuv. 1, 106.

**laticlavus**, adj. having a broad band of purple, tunica, Val. M. 5, 1, 7; mappa, Petrou. 32; 2. wearing or entitled to wear the same, M. CAELI... TRIBUNI LATICLAVI, inser. Or. 133; tribunus l., Suet. Dom. 20; add Aug. 38; Ner. 26.

**laticlavus** or **latus clausus**, i, the dress with a broad band of purple distinctive of a senator, a laticlave, ad laticlavum procedere, Th. C. 6, 4, 17.

**latifico** = πλατνω, Gloss. Philox.

**latifolius**, adj. broad-leaved, laurus, Plin. 15, 27.

**latifundium**, ii, n. an estate of wide extent, latifundia perdidere Italiam, Plin. 18, 35; parum est nisi latifundiis uestris maria cinxistis, Sen. ep. 89, 20; add 89, 10; Flor. 3, 19, 3; Petron. 77.

**latidoquens**, πλατλογοι, Gloss. Philox.

**latiniensis**, e, adj. name of a state in old Latium, Plin. 3, 69; add Cic. har. resp. 62; ager L., 20..

**Latinitas**, atis, f. the Latin language, Latinity, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 10; 2. the Latin franchise, ius Latii, multa (Siculis) Caesar, neque me inuito, etsi Latinitas erat non ferenda, Cic. Att. 14, 12, 1.

**Latinizo**, are, vb. turn into Latin, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 1, 8.

**Latino**, are, vb. the same, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 4, 77.

**Latinius**, adj. of Latium, Latin, ne quis adicere uolet... nominus (gen.) Latini, CIL 196, 7; populi tenere Latini, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 315 Sp.; Latinam linguam locupletiore esse quam Graecam, Cic. fin. 1, 10; 2. L. casus, ablativus (ablativum) Varro sextum, interdum Latinum appellat, quia Latinae linguae proprius est, Diom. 302, 5 K; 3. of lang., Latin worthy to be called Latin, pure Latin, libros subtiles et Latinos, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 3; see also comp. and sup., and Latine below; 4. L. feriae, or Latinae absol., the moveable festival of Jupiter Latiaris on the Alban mount first established by the old Latin states, Latinae instaurantur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 4; f. L. pontificum decreto instauratae sunt, Liv. 32, 1, 9; Lat(inae) fuer(e) ni idus Aug., inser. Or. 2472; add Varr. l. 6, 3; Pompon. dig. 1, 2, 2, 33; 5. L. uia, or Latina absol. the road from Rome to Casilinum, wh. it joined the via Appia, coponem de uia Latina, Cic. Clu. 163; Quorum Flaminia tegitur cinis atque Latina, Iuv. 1, 171; monumenta Latinae, 5, 55; 6. Latinius, as to status, having the Latin franchise, oppidum, Plin. 3, 35 and 36; condicio, 3, 91; ius, 3, 133; (seruum) manumissum modo ciuem Romanum, modo Latinum fieri, Gai. 1, 16; Latini libertini, 3, 55; per legem Iuniam... liberis esse coepisse et appellatos esse Latinos Iunianos, 3, 56; ius Latinorum suorum mihi reliquit, ex quibus rogo tribus ins Quiritium des, Plin. ep. 10, 105 (104); II 7. Latinus, an old king of Latium, Verg. 7, 45; Varr. l. 5, 8; 8. comp., nihil Latinius legi, Aurel. Frontoni 2, 3; sup., Hier. ep. 50, 2; 9. Latine, adv. in Latin, Id nos Latine gloriosum dicimus, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 9; Latine loqui, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 2; Liv. 40, 42, 13; scire Latine, to know Latin, Cic. Brut. 140; Caecin. 55; L. reddere, to turn into Latin, or. 1, 155.

**latio**, onis, f. actus ferendi, legum, passing of laws, Cic. Att. 3, 26; auxilii, bringing aid, Liv. 2, 33, 1; suffragii, giving a vote, 38, 36, 7; 45, 15, 3; expensi, charging to a person's debit, Gell. 14, 2, 7.

**latipēs**, pēdis, adj. broad-footed, anas, Auuen. progn. Arat. 358.

**latitab-undus**, part. frq. habitually hiding, Sidon. ep. 1, 6 f.

**latitatio**, onis, f. frequent hiding, Quint. 7, 2, 46; add Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 5 and 7.

**latitia**, ae, f. breadth, latitiae p. LXXV, longitiae p. CXXVII, inser. Or. 4561; add pass. quoted in iscriz. Alb. Mar. p. 119; fines in latitia breuiores, agrum. 312, 28; latitia fluuium pedes CL, 319, 24 etc.

1 **latito**, are, vb. frq. keep lurking, Quid ille... mihi latitabat? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 82; Honesti ut latites et nos ludas diutius, Afran. ap. Non. 20, 1; frondesque uideri Disperit inter terram (underground, so Lachm. cj., mss in terram)

latitare minute, Lucr. 1, 892; si latitare nideatur, quaerere quis procurator sit, Cic. Quint. 54; extrahitur domo latitans, Clu. 39; add Ov. M. 4, 405; Hor. od. 3, 12, 16; qui fraudationis causa latitant, Gai. 3, 78; Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 5; si alii absiut, alii latitent, 40, 5, 1; 2. w. acc. hide oneself from, latitans patronum, Pompon. 35, 1, 8.

2 **latito**, (fero tuli latus) are, vb. frq. habitually bear, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. 121.

**latitudo**, inis, f. breadth, width, quantum uiae inlongitudine et inlatitudine erit, CIL 206, 39; iu hac immensitate latitudinum longitudinum altitudinum, Cic. N. D. 1, 54; regionum, Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 1; 2. met., uerborum, broad pronuntiatiou, Cic. or. 2, 91; Platouica, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 5.

**Latium**, ii, n. the country of the Latins, Qui rem Romanam Latiumque angescere uoltis, Enn. ap. Aeron. in Hor. s. 1, 2, 37; Hor. od. 1, 12, 53; Latium antiquum a Tiberi Circeios, and soon: unde nouen Latii processit ad Lirim, Plin. 3, 56.

**Latius**, adj. of Latium, Latin, Roman, annus, Ov. F. 1, 1; agri, 5, 91; lingua, Pont. 2, 3, 75; musae, Colum. 1, pr. 30; 2. the Latin franchise, oppida Latio donata, Prisc. 3, 7; add §§ 30 and 135; 5, 20; Latium externis dilargiri, Tac. h. 3, 55.

**latōmia**, see lautmia.

**Latōna**, (= Λητω; for suff. cf. Siluanns, Diana, Pomona) ae, f. a goddess, mother of Apollo and Diana, Latona parit casta complexu Iouis Deli deos geminos, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 302 Sp.; Mercurius cumque eo filius Latouas, Liv. ap. Prisc. 1, 198, 14; Latonau... confugisse Delum atque ibi Apollinem Dianamque peperisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 48; Latonae tacitum temptant gaudia peetus, Verg. 1, 502; 2. note gen. Latonas in second ex.

**Latōnigēna**, ae, m. and f. child of Latona, Latonigenisque duobus, Ov. M. 6, 160; Latonigenas deos, Sen. Agam. 325.

**Latōnius**, adj. of Latona, Verg. G. 3, 6; A. 11, 557; Tib. 3, 4, 29; Colum. 10, 288; 2. Latonia, absol. for Diana, Catul. 34, 5; Verg. 9, 405.

**lātor**, ōris, m. qui fert, l. legis, Cic. Cat. 4, 10; Liv. 3, 9, 6; 3, 31, 8; Quint. 2, 4, 33; but Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 3 dnb.

**Latōus**, adj. of Leto or Latona, Hor. od. 1, 31, 18; Ov. M. 6, 384.

**lātrābilis**, e, adj. barking, uox, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 11, 103.

**lātrātio**, onis, f. barking, Mart. Cap.

**lātrātor**, ōris, m. a barker, Verg. 8, 608; Mart. 12, 1, 1; 2. met., Quint. 12, 9, 12.

**lātrātus**, us, m. barking, Verg. G. 3, 411; Ov. M. 7, 362; 2. pl., Verg. 12, 751; Ov. M. 4, 450.

**lātrina**, (i. e. lauatrina quod nunc balneum dicitur, Non. 212, 8; or rather lauitrina) ae, f. a washing place, a lavatory, a bathroom, Non pluris facio quam anouillau meam quae lātrinam lauat, Pl. Curc. 4, 4, 24; qui in latrina langu(et), Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 8; 2. a euphemism for a privy, Immundis quaecumque uomit latrina cloacis, Colum. 10, 85; add Suet. Tib. 58; 3. hence in pl. of sewers, abiici in latrias status iussit, Suet. Ner. 24; (si seruum) de palaestra (de)stercorandis latris praeponat, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 15, 1; 4. a brothel, Tert. pall. 4, cf. baguio.

**lātrinum**, i, n. the same, Noctu (so Baehrens. Rh. Mus. 29, 360; mss hoc tu) apte credis quemquam latrina petisse, Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 8; (Tu) seque in latrinu ut aliquid gust(e)s ex Cynica haeresi, Labeur. ib.

1 **lātro**, are, vb. [for lact-ero; and so akin to ὑλακτεω and perh. to blaetero and blatero, see below] bark, Tantidem quasi feta canes sine dentibus latrat, Enn. au. 518 V; si luce quoque canes latrent opinor iis crura suffringantur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 56; Nec uereor ne... latret canis, Hor. s. 1, 2, 128; et cūrū lātrantis Annbis, Auuen. Ar. 283; 2. with acc. bark at, Etiam me meae latrant canes? Pl. Pocr. 5, 4, 64; senem... adulterum Latrent Suburbanae canes, Hor. epod. 5, 58; and met., si quis Opprobriis dignum latrauerit integer ipse, s. 2, 1, 85; ceruinam pellem, ep. 1, 2, 66; nubila, Stat. Th. 1, 551; 3. hence in pass., hanc (the plant peristereo) habentis negat latrari a canibus, Plin. 25, 126; 4. also with dat., Scit cui



latretur cur solus obambulet ipse, Ov. tr. 2, 459; 5. bark for, demand with vehemence (esp. food), nonne uidero Nil aliud sibi naturam latrare nisi ut...? Lucr. 2, 17; animus cum peotore latrat, Enn. an. 570 V; latrare Ennius pro poscere posuit, Paul. ex Fest. 121; cum sale panis Latrantem stomachum bene leniet, Hor. s. 2, 2, 17; Cui dat latratos obuia turba cibos, Mart. 4, 53, 6; met., Quid est? Quid latras? Quid rabis? Quid uis tibi? Varr. s. 149, 3 Riese; latrant quidam oratores, non loquuntur, Cic. Brnt. 58; cf. latrator;

6. esp. of waves, Hac ubi curuo litore latrans (so Scal., mss latratu against metre) Vnda sub undis labunda sonit, Att. 569 R; Ceu pater Occanus cum...exesa in uiscera montis Coutortum pelagus latrantibus ingerit undis, Sil. 5, 397; add 3, 470; Stat. Ach. 1, 451; Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 148; but Lucan. 6, 66 alludes to Scylla; 7. of barking care, curis latrantibus, Petron. 119; latrant praecordia, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 13; latrantia pectora, Th. 2, 338;

8. latrans, part. as sb. a barker, in poetry, Ov. M. 8, 344, 412; for length of a cf.: Set nolo mi oblatricem in aedis iutromittere, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 87; but the Christian poets shorten it, as Anienus, see § 1 and: totum hoc circumlātrāt aestus, perieg. 48; Phaedr. too 5, 10, 7 has: Canem obiurgabat, cui senex contra latrans, wh. Beutl. reads Laco, and L. Müller: contra cui latrans senex, but eni so placed would throw the accent on the a of contra.

2. **lātr-o**, ōnis, m. [a foreign word, perhaps akin to λατρον pay, hire; for suffix, cf. leon-, caupon-] a hired soldier, Nam rex Seleucus me opere orauit maximo Vt sibi latrones cogere et conscriberem, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 76; add 4, 1, 3; Poen. 3, 3, 50; St. 1, 2, 78; fortunasque suas coepere lātrōnes Inter se memorare, Enn. 528 V; ut potius priuato latronum quam regio consilio susceptum bellum nideretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 109 f.; ut ex eius pecunia latronum largitio fieret, bell. Hisp. 1, 4; cf. Varr. l. 7, p. 337 Sp.; Paul. ex Fest. s. v., and Serv. A. 12, 7;

2. by an easy change, a highwayman, brigand, robber, = uiarum obsessor, Fest. s. v.; non semper uiator a latrone, non numquam etiam latro a uiatore occiditur, Cic. Mil. 55; Vt iugulent homines surgunt de nocte lātrōnes, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 32; add Iuv. 10, 22; C. Tadio C. F. Senecro abducto a latronibus, inser. Or. Henz. 7393;

3. = latronculus, a little soldier so to say, in a certain game, Cautaque noue stulte latronum proelia ludat, Ov. a. a. 3, 357; Insidiosorum si ludis bella latronum, Mart. 14, 20, 1;

4. a cognomen, as of M. Porcius Latro, Plin. 20, 160; Quint. 10, 5, 18;

5. hence Fr. larron.

**lātrōcinālis**, e, adj. of robbery or robbers, mauus, Apul. M. 2, 14; momentum, 4, 18; castra, Amm. 27, 2, 3;

2. latrocinialiter, adv. like a robber, Mart. Cap. 6, 206 G, 216, 3 Eyss.

**lātrōcinātio**, ōnis, f. robbery, Plin. 19, 59.

**lātrōcinium**, ii, n. service in a body-guard, qui apud regem in latrocinio fuisti, Pl. ap. Non. 134, 31; 2. profession of a robber, cum illum ex occultis insidiis in apertum latrocinium coniecimus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Cattorum latrocinia agitantium, Tac. an. 12, 27; 3. a body of robbers, banditti, sublata Mysiae latrocinia, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; si extanto latrocinio iste unns tolletur, Cat. 1, 31; 4. robbery by baudits or bodies of men, cum fines suos ab latrocinii tueretur, Cic. Deiot. 22; latrocinia nullam habent infamiam quae extra fines fiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 23, 6; in bello latrocinisique natos, 6, 35, 7; 5. act of robbery, in furto aut in latrocinio comprehensi, Caes. b. g. 6, 16, 5; 6. sea-robbery, piracy, latrocinia ac praedationibus infestato mari, Vell. 2, 73; latrocinio maris uitam tolerabant, Iustin. 43, 3, 5; 7. met., Cic. Rose. Am. 61; Sal. Iug. 4, 7; Sen. dial. 6, 20, 5; 8. of the game latrunculum, the men representing soldiers, Sine latrocinii sub imagine calculus ibit, Ov. a. a. 2, 207.

**lātrōcinor**, āri, vb. r. [from latro, cf. natieinor, patrocinor, sermoicinor, lenocinor] serve as a hired soldier, Ibit iste hinc aliquo...Latrocinatum aut in Asiam aut in Ciliciam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 198; Sed haec (these luxuries) latrocinantur quae ego dixi omnia. Quid ita? Quia aurum poscent praesentarium, Poen. 3, 3, 91; An quia latrocinamini, arbitramini Quidnis licere facere uobis uerbero? Mil. 2, 6, 19; Regi latrocinatus annos duodecim (al. decem) Demetrio, Pl. ap. Varr.

l. 7, p. 337 Sp. and Non. 134; 2. act the brigand or bandit, latrocinantem se interfici mallet quam exulem uiuere, Cic. Cat. 2, 16; quasi Appius ille uiam munierit ubi impuno sui posterio latrocinarentur, Mil. 17; add rep. 3, 15; 3. of pirates, e barbaris uulli erant maritimi practer Etruscos et Poenos, alteri mercandi causa, latrocinandi alteri, Cic. rep. 2, 9; 4. and met., pastinaca (a fish) latrocinatur ex oculo transeuntes radio figens, Plin. 9, 144; latrocinantis medici, Cels. pr. p. 7, l. 35 Dar., of vivisection.

**Lātrōniānus**, adj. of (Porcius) Latro, color, Sen. contr. 1, 7, 17.

**lātruncūlaris**, e, adj. of latrunculi, wh. see, tabula, Sen. ep. 117, 30.

**lātruncūlātor**, ōris, m. a detective officer, l. de re pecuniaria iudicare non potest, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 61, 1; latruncularos in provincias mittere, Iul. ep. nou. 15, 60.

**lātrun-cūlus**, i, m. dim. a petty robber, est dissimile res cum latrunculis gesta et bellum cum gentibus confectum, Cic. prou. cons. 15; add Vopisc. Firm. 2, 2; a latrunculis obsessus, Ulp. 32, 1; add 49, 15, 24; Pompon. 49, 15, 6; 2. a soldier or man in a certain game, latrunculis ludimus, Sen. ep. 106, 11; add dial. 9, 14, 7; 10, 13, 1.

**lātūra**, ae, f. portorage, Aug. serm. 345, 3 f.; Schol. ad Iuv. 8, 144; l. φορητρον, Gloss. Philox.

**lātūrārius**, adj. as sb. m. a porter, Aug. serm. 18, 4 f.; 38, 9; 60, 8.

1. **lātus**, adj. (or rather part. for pālatus from a lost vb. pāla—spread out, akin to pando; whence also pālātum; also akin to πλάτος) broad, wide, si...ex istoc loco Digitum transuorsum aut unguem lātum excesseris, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 18; indu foro lato, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; limen long(um) p(edes) viii, latum p(edem) i, CIL 577, 1, 11; fossa, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; palus non latior\* pedibus l., Caes. b. g. 7, 19, 1; latissimum\* flumen, 2, 27, 5; 2. met. as first of lang., diffuse, ut Stoicorum adstrictior est oratio..., sic illorum fiberior et latior\* quam patitur consuetudo fori, Cic. Brut. 120; Aeschines, nonne his latior\* et audentior? Quint. 11, 10, 23; latiore\* tractata, 7, 3, 16; genus orandi...ad implendas populi aures latum et sonans, Tac. h. 1, 90; 3. other met., magis homines iuuat gloria lata quam magna, Plin. ep. 4, 12, 7; latior\* interpretatio, Papin. dig. 22, 1, 1, 3; ius dicentis officium latissimum\* est, Ulp. 2, 1, 1; 4. esp. l. culpa or negligentia, grave, opposed to leuis, lata culpa est nimia negligentia, Ulp. 50, 16, 213, 2; si cum distrahere deberet, non fecit lata culpa, 36, 1, 23, 3; l. negligentia, 26, 10, 7, 1; 5. comp., see \* above; sup. †; II 6. late, adv. widely, late specus intus patebat, Enn. ap. Non. 222, 33; et maestis lātē loca questibus implet, Verg. G. 4, 515; agri...quo non possederat ante Latius, Ov. M. 5, 131; late longeque, far and wide, Naev. ap. Non. 503, 19; late longeque peregrinatur, Cic. N. D. 1, 54; omnibus longe lateque aedificiis incensis, Caes. b. g. 4, 35, 3; 7. met., ars late patet, Cic. or. 1, 234; latus loquuntur rhetores, fin. 2, 17.

2. **lātus**, (for tlatus and that for tol-a-tus, akin to tollo; cf. τλητος) part., see fero.

3. **lātus**, ōris, n. (?) as first of the body, side, flank, lembus ille mihi laedit latus, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 47; dextr(um) latus pertudit asta, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 518, 18; cuius latus ille mucro petebat, Cio. Lig. 9; In latus inque feri curam compagibus aluom, Verg. 2, 51; 2. met., Fibrenus diuisus in duas partes latera (insulae) adluit, Cic. leg. 2, 6; latus unum castrorum, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 5; l. mundi, Hor. od. 1, 22, 19; nascitur sexangulis lateribus (crystallus), Plin. 37, 26; triangula aquis lateribus, Quint. 1, 10, 3; 3. of the muscular action of the sides, esp. as affecting the breathing power, and so the voice, cum ego quinque et sexaginta annos natus legem Voconiam magna uoce et bonis lateribus suasisset, Cic. sen. 14; libertum meum admoneret uoci laterique consulerem, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 15; ueque scicntia modo constat orator, sed uoce latere firmitate, Quint. 12, 11, 2; 4. gen. as seat of strength, at least for wrestlers, neque ex te es nobilitatus (Milo), sed ex lateribus et lacertis tuis, Cic. sen. 27; reddes Forte latus, nigros angusta fronte capillos, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 26; Longaque fessum militia latus, od. 2, 7, 18; add Ov. am. 3, 11, 14; Seu. ep. 15, 2; 5. the



flank of an army, as weak for defence, esp. the right flank as having no shields, nostros latere aperto aggressi, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; add 2, 23, 5; **6.** hence met., triumpho, si licet me latere tecto abscedere, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 5; nullique malo latus obdit apertum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 49; Saepe dabis nudum uincat ut ille (or illa) latus, Tib. 1, 4, 52; **7.** the side of a great personage as flanked by friends, esp. to defend him (see latro), and sought by courtiers, ne tamen illi Tu comes exterior, si postulet, ire recuses. Vtne tegam spurco Dāmae latus? Hor. s. 2, 5, 18; Diuitis hic serui claudit latus ingenuorum Filius, Iuv. 3, 131; ne adulatoribus latus praebas, Sen. n. q. 4, pr. 3; contentundat uter det latus illis, 7, 32, 3; undum erit latus? incomitata lectica? ep. 22, 9; quos nostri lateris comitatus illustrat, Th. C. 6, 25, 1; **8.** of collateral relationship, gradus cognationis alii superioris ordinis sunt, alii inferioris, alii ex transverso sicut a latere...: a latere fratres et sorores liberique eorum, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1; sunt ex lateribus cognati, Paul. 38, 10, 10, 8; qui ex latere eam duxerit quam uetat, 23, 2, 68.

**lātus-cūlum**, i, n. dim. a little side; lātuscūla speculorum, Lucr. 4, 311; add Catul. 25, 10.

**lāuācerum**, i, n. a bath, Gell. 1, 2, 2; Claud. Eutr. 2, 410; Spart. Hadr. 18, 10; **2.** penult. in ignorance shortened in Venant. earm. 5, 5, 96; Alcim. Anit. 5, 712; 6, 191.

**lāuāndria**, ae, f. a laundry, lauat lauandria, not. Tir.

**lāuātio**, ōnis, f. washing, bathing, bath, Quid ista (so THK cj.; mss ea) messis attinet ad meam lauationem? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 4; quae ad lauationem pertinent, Cic. oecon. ap. Colum. 12, 3, 2; calida l., Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, 35; Plin. 8, 178; frigida l., Cels. 1, 3, p. 21, 20; lauationem praestare, Alfens. dig. 19, 2, 30, 1; lauationem gratuitam municipib(us)...in perpetuum dedit, inser. Or. 2287; add Or. Henz. 6962; **2.** a bathroom, a conisterio frigida l. quam Graeci λουτρον uocant, Vitruv. 5, 11, 2; **3.** a bath, ante te certiore faciam ut lautio parata sit, Cic. fam. 9, 5, 3; l. argentea, Phaedr. 4, 5, 22; continentur in eo specula... et si qua similia dici possunt, ueluti lautio, riscus, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 10.

**lāuātōrium**, πλυσίον, Gloss. Philox.

**lāuātrina**, ae, f. a bath? Varr. l. 5, 25 dub.; Ita uelim facias: iampridem uolo lauātrinam (so Lachm.; mss latrinam against metre) lāui, Pomp. ap. Non. 504, 23; gen. shortened to latrina, wh. see.

**lāuātūra**, ae, f. washing, Const. Afer 5, 9.

**laudāb-ilis**, e, adj. praiseworthy, laudable, honestum natura esse laudabile, Cic. off. 1, 14; laudabilior defensio, 2, 49; add Cornif. ad Her. 3, 7; Hor. A. P. 408; laudabilis (uinum), Plin. 14, 36; **2.** laudabiliter, adv. laudably, Cic. Tusc. 5, 12; comp., Val. M. 5, 1, ext. 2.

**laudābilitas**, ātis, f. praiseworthiness, as a title, (his) excellency, Th. C. 1, 15, 1; 8, 5, 57; 12, 1, 166.

**laudātē**, see laudo.

**laudāticius**, adj. of recommendation, litterae, not. Tir. 47.

**laudātio**, ōnis, f. praising, eulogy, panegyric, quam lauream cum tua (Catonis) laudatione conferrem? Cic. fam. 15, 6, 1; lege landationes nostrorum hominum, fin. 2, 116; **2.** a written commendation sent for judicial purposes, Massiliensium ciuitas obsecrat ut sua laudatio aliquid momenti habuisse uideatur, Cic. Font. 14 (4); lectissimos nros cum legatione ad hoc iudiciu et cum grauissima laudatione miserunt, Cael. 5; add Verr. 2, 5, 57; Flac. 36; **3.** a funeral panegyric, mortuorum, Cic. Brut. 61; spoliatum (Clodium) laudatione reliquisti, Mil. 33; add sen. 12; Liv. 5, 50, 7; aliud est laus aliud laudatio: haec et uocem exigit. Nemo dicit laudem funebrem (yet so Liv. 8, 40, 4) sed laudationem, Sen. ep. 102, 15.

**laudātiuus**, adj. laudatory, dealing with the merits (or demerits) of persons, genus (orationis) quo laus ac uituperatio continetur...appellatum a parte meliore laudatiuum, Quint. 3, 4, 12; partes rhetorices laudatiuum deliberatiuum iudiciale, 3, 3, 14; **2.** laudatiua, absol. the same, 2, 15, 20.

**laudātor**, ōris, m. one who praises, eulogizer, panegyrist, integritatis nostrae, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 8; add Hor. A. P.

433; **2.** of persons deputed to a trial as witnesses to character from foreign states, in iudiciis qui decem laudatores dare non potest, honestius est ei nullum dare, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 57; legatos excito, laudatores ad hoc iudicium missos, Balb. 41.

**laudātr-ix**, (landator) icis, f. one who praises, Cic. Tusc. 3, 4; Ov. her. 16 (17), 126.

**laudea**=laurea, Isid. orig. 17, 7; but not Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 53.

**Laudicēnus**, adj. of Laodicea, a name given in jest to claqueurs (as if a der. from lauda-re), inde non inurbane Σοφοκλεις uocantur (as if ἀπο του σοφως και καλεισθαι): isdem latinum nomen inpositum est Laudiceui, Plin. ep. 2, 14, 5.

**laudidignus**, επαυου αξιος, Gloss. Philox.

**laudifico**, ὑμνω, Gloss. Philox.

**laudo**, āre, (laus) vb. praise, pol istic me haut centensumam Partem laudat, quam ipse meruit ut laudetur laudibus, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 62; uirum bonum cum laudabant, ita laudabant, bonum agricolam, Cato r. pr. 2; numquam laudari satis digne philosophia poterit, Cic. sen. 2; potius quid se facere par esset intuebatur quam quid alii laudaturi forent, Nep. Att. 10, 1; **2.** esp. of funeral eulogia, Serrani filii funus perlucentosum fuit: laudauit pater scripto meo, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8, 5; (Africanum) cum supremo eius die Maximus laudaret, Mur. 75; **3.** auctorem l., refer to as one's principal authority, esp. in law, quem rerum Romanarum auctorem laudare possum religiosissimum, Cic. Brut. 44; auctores certissimos laudare possum et Scaeuolam et Q. Metellum, or. 3, 68; ut auctoribus laudandis ineptiarum crimen efugiam, 3, 187; Seia fundum a Titio emerat et quaestione mota fisci nomine auctorem laudauerat, Modest. dig. 21, 2, 63, 1; si tibi iter uendidero, ita demum auctorem me laudare poteris, si tuus fuerit fundus cui..., Pompon. 19, 1, 6, 5; **4.** testem laudo, Id uti scias (monos) Iouem supremum testem laudo Hegio, Pl. Cap. 2, 3, 66, as quoted by Non. 335, 10; but dub.; **5.** mention by name, Alex. C. 5, 44, 2; 8, 45, 7 and 14; **II 6.** laudatus, as adj. held in high repute, excellent, beautiful, laudatissima uirgo, Ov. M. 9, 715; saccharon laudatius, Plin. 12, 32; (hippomarathi) semen pulmonibus laudatissimum, 20, 256; **7.** laudatissime, adv. in Plin. 36, 46 dub.

**lauer**, ēris, n. a water-plant, sium angustifolium Liun., Plin. 26, 50 and 87.

**Lauerna**, ae, (?) the goddess of thieving, dea cui supplicant fures, Non. 134, 31; add Pl. aud Lucil. ib.; Per deam sauctam Lauernam quae cnlrix quaesti siet, Nov. ap. Non. 483, 21; ara Lauernae, Varr. l. 5, 34; Labra mouet metuens audiri: Pulchra Lauerna, Da mihi fallere, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 60.

**Lauernālis**, e, adj. of Lauerna, porta L., Varr. l. 5, 34; Paul ex F. p. 117.

**lauerniōnes**, fures antiqui dicebant, quod sub tutela deae Lauernae essent, Paul. ex F. 117.

**Lauernium**, ii, n. perh. a shrine of Lauerna, ad L. me consecutus est, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 4.

**Lauinas**, ātis, adj. of Lauinium, pontifici Lauinatium, inser. Or. Henz. 6709; add 6747.

**Lauiniensis**, adj. the same, Varr. r. 2, 4, 18.

**Lauinium**, ii, n. a town of Latium, Laurens castrum mnrusque Lauini est, Tib. 2, 5, 49.

**Lauinius**, adj. of Lauiniun, Verg. 4, 236; litora, Prop. 2, 34, 64; sedes, Lucan. 9, 991.

**Lauinus** or Lauiniu, adj. the same, Lauinaque uenit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; see Lauiniun.

**1 lauo**, ere, laui, lautus, vb. (for a theoretical plauo or flauo, and so one with pluo, fluo, as well as luo 2 and λουω) auri iubeo fonte lauere neminem manum, Naev. ap. Non. 504, 1; Nam ubi introductast puerumque ut lauerent locant In clueto, Eun. ib. 504, 15; Strata terrae lauere lacrimis uestem squalam et sordidam, ib. 172, 19; Heu me miseram! interii, pergunt lauere sangnem sanguine, ib. 224, 7; si iniquata crit (olea), lauito, Cato r. 65, 1; add 25; lauere salsis uoltum lacrimis, Acc. ap. Non. 504, 9; Cesso hinc ire et laure lucti uestem in leto coniugis? 485, 32; Salsis



cruorem guttis lacrumarum lauit, 578; aquam...haurire qui lauerent manus, Afran. ib. 504, 17;—Viden tu lauere lacrumis me tuom collum pater? 466, 29; Ita uelim facies: iam pridem uolo lauatinam (so Lachm., mss latrinam) laui, Pomp. 504, 23; hos multos dies Gestas tabellas tecum, eas lacrumis lauis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 8; Postquam peperit, pueros lauere iussit nos: ocepimus, Amph. 5, 1, 50; Pater ut cruore laueret ararum aggerem, Varr. ap. Non. 466, 21; Et Hymenaeus qui primo lauere aluom marsuppio solet, 503, 23; fluenta Lubrica prolunie larga lauere umida saxa, Lucr. 5, 950; Phoebe qui Xantho lauis amne crines, Hor. od. 4, 6, 26; Qui rore puro Castaliae lauit Crines solutos, 3, 4, 61; neque dulci Mala uiuio lauere aut exanimari..., 3, 12, 2; Ora manusque tua laumuis, Ferouia, lymphia. s. 1, 5, 24; lauit improba taeter Ora cruor, Verg. 10, 727; lauitur (note refl. vb.) patrios ubi uictor ad amnes, Val. F. 4, 229; **2.** so far only in imperf. tenses, which use is limited to old lang. and poets of all ages; in perf. laui etc., lautus and sup. lautum not so limited; sine cura laetus lautus aduenis, Enu. ap. Donat. Ph. 2, 2, 25; Tarcuini corpus bona femina lauit et unxit, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 6, 219; lautum credo e balneis Iam hic adfuturum, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 10; Te asumbolum uenire unctum atque lautum e balneis, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 25; illa si iam lauerit, mihi nuntia, Haut. 4, 1, 5; Vbi nos lauerimus, si uoles, lauto: accipio tristis, Eun. 3, 5, 48; hoc lautumst parum, Ad. 3, 3, 71; balneis parum lautas, C. Grac. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 3; Volnere tetro deformatum, Suo sibi lautum sanguine tepido, Acc. ap. Non. 337, 15; uon calida laticae lautus, Acc. ap. Prisc. 169, 14 K; Venias nunc preeibus lautum peccatum tuom? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 80; Tuscum relegauit quod balneis in aduentum suum exstructis lauisset, Suet. Ner. 35 (wh. note use as a refl., as also in: nonnunquam in thermis suis admissa plebe lauit, Tit. 8); **II 3.** lautus, as adj. grand, magnificent, fine in style of living or manners, first of persons, est lepida et lauta, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 28; coniuua, Afran. ap. Non. 235, 22; in Halesina ciuitate tam lauta tamque nobili, Cic. fam. 13, 32, 1; libertis minus lautis seruisque nihil deficit: nam lautiores\* eleganter accepti, Att. 13, 52, 2; ualde iam lautus es qui grauer litteras ad me dare, fam 7, 14, 1; **4.** of furniture, bauquets, style of living, stylish, expensive, recherché, nihil apud hunc lautum, nihil elegans, nihil exquisitum, Cic. Pis. 67; supellex, or. 1, 165; coniuuia, Catul. 47, 5; lautissima cena, Plin. ep. 9, 17, 1; Lauta tamen cena est, fateor; lautissima, sed cras..., Mart. 12, 48, 5; epulae lautiores\*, Stat. silu. 1, 6, 32; lautissima uina, Plin. 14, 92; **5.** of property, circumstances, Omnes te in lauta (esse) et bene a(u)eta (re) putant (so Bentl.), Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 50; lauta et copiosa patrimonia, Cic. Rab. Post. 38; add Plac. 90; quicumque equo meruisset, quod est lautius\*, Phil. 1, 20; **6.** w. iuf., nec rhombos...libertis ponere lautus, Pers. 6, 23; **III 7.** laute, adv. grandly, sumptuously, Vilicus autem cum corona candida Vestitus lauteque exornatus ambulat, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 10; uillam lautius\* aedificatam, Cic. leg. 2, 3; **8.** esp. of bauquets, Lauteque munus administrasti tuom, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; quo lautius\* inuitati acciperentur, Suet. Cal. 55; **9.** of speech, grandly, loquitur laute et minime sordide, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 11; facete, lepide, laute, nihil supra, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 37; but in Plin. ep. 2, 5, 6 Keil has laetius not lautius; **10.** other met., Militem lepide et facete et laute ludificariet, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 25; Vt me hodie ante omnes comicos stultos senes Versaris atque ut lusseris (mss ut iusseris) lautissimemet, Caecil. ap. Cic. am. 99; **11.** comp., see \* above; sup. t. **2** lauo, are, (borrowing its perf. and supine from lauo, lauire, wh. see) vb. frq. wash, niansu laua et cena, Cic. or. 2, 246; Sacra lauaturas mane petebat aquas, Ov. F. 2, 12; **2.** as vb. r. lauari, to bathe, cum parentibus puberes filii non lauatur, Cic. off. 1, 129; in eam se consuetudinem adduxerunt ut frigidissimis locis lauantur in fluminibus, Caes. b.g. 4, 1, 10; quadrante lauari, Iuv. 6, 447; **3.** for perf. in this sense laui is used, see 1 lauo, lauere, § 2; exx. from Ter. and Suet.; **4.** simple vb. as refl. in imperf. tenses of old lang., Piseis ego credo qui usque dnm uiuont lauant, Minus diu lauere quam haec lauat Phronesium, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 1; Vise illam aut oppertor hic: iam exhibit, nam

lauabat, 1, 2, 9; **5.** lauans, and sup. lauatum belong to both voices; to refl. in: Quid illa narrat? Ea lauatum dum it, seruandum mihi dedit (sc. anulum), Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 42; lauanti regi dicitur nuntiatum hostes adesse, Liv. 44, 6, 1; **6.** lauauit and lauatus seem not to occur; but for lauaturus see § 1.

**laurāgo**, inis, f. dim. a plant of the laurel-kind, Apul. herb. 58.

**laurea**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (sc. uirga) a branch of laurel or hay (not the whole plant), parite laudem et lauream, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 53; quam ego lauream cum tua laudatione conferrem? Cic. fam. 15, 6, 1; Laurea donandus Apollinari, Hor. od. 4, 2, 9; unius (arboris) folia distinguunt appellatione, lauream enim uocamus, Plin. 15, 138; **2.** the whole plant, Tum spissa ramis laurea feruidos Excludet ictus, Hor. od. 2, 15, 9; but perh. belongs to § 1, and still more: lauream in puppi nauis longae enatam, Liv. 32, 1, 12.

**laureātus**, quasi-part. decked with a laurel-branch, lictores, Cic. Att. 7, 10; fasces, diu. 1, 59; imago parentis sui, Mur. 88; litterae, Liv. 45, 1, 6; fores, Sen. dial. 12, 10, 8; uomer, Plin. 18, 19; naues, Vitr. 2, 8, 15; plebs, Suet. Aug. 58; **2.** w. litterae omitted, ne laureatis quidem gesta prosecutus est, Tac. Agr. 18.

**Laurens**, (older Laurentis) ntis, adj. of Laurentum. Laurentian, Quos homiues quondam Laurentis terra recepit, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 338, 1 K; ager, Varr. r. 3, 13, 2; Tibrim, Verg. 5, 797; arua, 7, 661; populus, Ov. F. 6, 60; inscr. Or. 124; 2276; **2.** esp. in the form Laurentes Lavinates of Lavinium, cur(ator) r. p. Laur. Lauin., inscr. Or. 3151; add 6709; 6747; **3.** in Sil. used for Roman, bella, 3, 83; praeda, 17, 282; **4.** absol. Laurens, as n. a villa near Laurentum, miraris cur me Laurentinum, uel si ita maui, Laureus meum tanto opere delectet, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 1.

**Laurentinus**, adj. of the Laurentes or Laurentum, uia, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 2; Val. M. 8, 5, 6; litus, Mart. 10, 37, 5; **2.** Laurentinum, n. absol. of a villa, see Laurens, § 4.

**Laurentis**, see Laurens.

**Laurentius**, adj. of Laurentum, palus, Verg. 10, 708.

**Laurentum**, i, u. a coast-town of Latium between Ostia and Lavinium, Plin. 3, 56; Mela 2, 4 f.

**laureōla**, ae, f. dim. a little branch of laurel, quod esset ad laureolam satis, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 2; **2.** phrase, laureolam in mustaeo quaerere, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 4—to seek honour in the humblest form—the cake 'mustaceus' (Cato r. 121; Plin. 15, 127) had an underlayer of laurel leaves.

**Laureōlus**, adj. dim. a cognomen, Iuv. 8, 184; Mart. spect. 7, 4.

**laurētum** or lōrētum, i, quasi-part. as sb. n. (sc. solum) ground planted with laurel, a laurel grove, Loretum in Auentino ubi silua laurus fuit, Plin. 15, 138; add Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 151 Sp.; laureta Numae, Sulp. 67.

**laureus**, adj. of laurel, uectes, Cato r. 31; folia, 76; corona, Liv. 23, 11, 5; sarta, Ov. tr. 2, 172; oleum, 24, 148.

**laurex**, icis, m. (a Balearic word yet prob. of Latin origin, as if for lacor-ex, a dim. of lepus; cf. λαγως and for suffix, E. lever-et) a young rabbit, Plin. 8, 217.

**lauricōmus**, adj. with tresses of laurel, montes, Lucr. 6, 152.

**laurifer**, a, um, adj. laurel-bearing, tellus, Plin. 15, 134; currus, Lucan. 5, 332; iuuenta, 8, 25.

**lauriger**, a, um, adj. laurel-wearing, Phoebus, Ov. a. a. 3, 389; manus, Prop. 4, 6, 54; fasces, Mart. 10, 10, 1.

**Laurilla**, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, Plautia Laurilla, inscr. Donat. 348, 9.

**laurinus**, adj. of laurel or bay, folium, Plin. 12, 34; oleum, 23, 86.

**lauripōtens**, ntis, adj. as sb. m. lord of the bay, Mart. Cap. 1, 10, p. 11, 3 Eyss.

**Laurōlāuinium**, ii, n. a later name of Lavinium, Serv. ad A. 7, 59; Symm. ep. 1, 71; hence the inhabitants called Laurentes Lavinates, see these words.

**laurus**, i or ūs, f. (= δαφνη, for d cf. lacruma w. δακρυον, ligo w. δεω; for φ cf. αυτος, pron. aftos) the plant laurel or bay, esp. as symbol of victory, l. Delphica, Cato r. 8 and 133; l. Delphica maxumis bacis atque e uiridi ruben-



tibus, Plin. 15, 127, who adds: haec victores Delphis coronari et triumphantis Romae, in gremio Iouis O. M. deponitur quotiens laetitiam noua victoria attulit, 15, 134; grata Apollini, ib.; accedit haec pompa lictorum...incurrit haec nostra laurus in oculos maliuolorum, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; cum Parthica lauru gloriam patris augetes, Plin. pan. 14, 1; in gremio Iouis Indica laurus, Stat. silu. 4, 1, 41; 2. as eaten gave prophetic and poetic power, quicumque...laurum momordit, Iuv. 7, 19; cf. *δαφνηφαγος* and Mayor's note; Vera cano, sic usque sacras innoxia laurus Vescar, Tib. 2, 5, 63; 3. and kept off drunkenness, Sed fallat ut nos folia deorat lauri, Mart. 5, 4, 2; 4. Cypria laurus, another species, Cato r. 8 and 133; folio breui nigro, Plin. 15, 127; 5. l. Augusta, another, Plin. 15, 129; 6. l. siluestris or tinus, the laurestius, Plin. 15, 128; 7. in declension, abl. lauru, Plin. 13, 10; 10, 157; Char. 136, 12; n. pl. laurus, Verg. 3, 91; acc. pl. laurus, B. 8, 13; A. 3, 360; g. pl. lauruum, Char. 136, 12.

**laus**, laudis, f. [for claud-; ult. from kal, call; see below] the being talked of, fame, glory, praise, Maiorum optenui laudem, CIL 606; Maiorem laudem quam laborem inuenero, Afr. 335 R; at tribuno militum parua laus pro factis relicta, Cato orig. p. 20, 2 Lord.; ea est uicunda laus quae ab his proficiscitur qui ipsi in laude uixerunt, Cic. fam. 15, 6, 1; qui dicere laudes Vire tuas cupiant, Verg. B. 6, 6; Principibus placuisse uiris non ultima laus est, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 35; 2. esp. laudi with esse ducere dare etc., Tu addis quod nitiosus, demis quod laudi datur, Att. 7 R; Vtrum, studio id sibi habet, an laudi putat Fore? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 28; hoc laudi est, 3, 3, 64; laudiu au uitio duci id factum oporteat, pr. 5; si Fabio laudi datum esset quod pingeret, Cic. Tusc. 1, 4; add off. 1, 71; 3. that which merits praise, a great and good deed, Hortalus quam ornate nostras laudes in astra sustulit! Cic. Att. 2, 25, 1; sunt hic etiam sua praemia laudi, Verg. 1, 461; add 5, 355; 9, 252; illa negligentia principum nec illos a crimine et hos deterrebat a laude, Plin. pan. 70; 4. repute of things, Cois (amphoris) laus maxima, Plin. 35, 161; coccum Galatae in maxima laude est, 9, 141; add 22, 81; 5. praise (to the gods) as thanksgiving, Sollemnitusque deo litat laudem lubens, Liv. And. 9 R; Laudes ago cum uotis me multat meis, Quod praeter quam uellem audiebam hoc..., Naev. com. 33 R; Neptuno laudes ago, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 2; primum dis immortalibus laudes gratesque egit, Liv. 26, 48, 3; 6. a gen. laudium occurs in: Hoc centesima laudium tuarum est, Sid. carm. 23, 31; 7. as the vb. claud- (see claudo) from claudid-; gaud- from gaud-, so the assumed sb. claud- may stand for clau-id, of wh. clau, i.e. cal-au-, is the old form of cal-a- (seen in calatus nomenclator); so κληδ of κληδ-ων, fame, stands for κλαφ-ιδ-, just as κλας, a bar, for κληφ-ις = Lat. claus; cf. κλας, clueo, and inclitus.

1 **lausus**, ūs, (for clausus? akin to κλαυσις) m. wailing, Thetis quoque etiam in lamentando lausum (so mss) fecit filio, Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 18; see lessus.

2 **Lausus**, l, m. a cognomen, L. Laberius Lausus, inscr. Grut. 333, 7; M. Sanguinius M. f. Pal. Lausus, inscr. Mur. 102, 1.

**lautē**, see lautus under lauo.

**lautia** (?) n. pl. a public allowance to foreign ambassadors, dautia, quae lautia dicimus et dantur legatis hospitii gratia, Paul. ex F. 68; munusque eis est formula locum lautiaque q (uestorem) urb. eis locare, inscr. Grut. 503 (after Ursinus!); locus lautiaque legatis praebere iussa, Liv. 28, 39, 19; add 33, 24, 5; 35, 23, 11; 42, 26, 5; 44, 16, 7; 2. met., Apul. 3, 26; 9, 11; Sidon. Apoll. ep. 8, 12 f.; Symm. ep. 4, 56; *laureta*, Plut. q. Rom. 43.

**lautitia**, ae, f. magnificence, grand style of living, esp. in banquets, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 8; regina lautitiam (Antonii) optrectans, quaerente eo quid adstrui magnificentiae possset, respondit..., Plin. 9, 119; columnis utebantur in templis nec lautitia causa, sed quia..., 36, 45; l. ceuarum, 35, 162; deinde ad cenas lautitia transfertur, Sen. ep. 114, 9; l. epularum magnificentia, Paul. ex F. 117; 2. in pl. Suet. Caes. 46; Aug. 71; Apul. M. 5, 8; Petron. 21 and 32.

**lautius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. somewhat magnificent, uestis, Apul. M. 7, 9, 1.

**lautulus** or ōlus, adj. dim. of water? locus, Serv. ad A. 8, 361; 2. hence lautulae (sc. aquae), as sb. f. pl. a hot spring, esp. one in Rome, Lautulae a lauando quod ibi ad Ianum Geminum aquae caldae fuerunt, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 156 Sp.; add Paul. ex F. p. 118; 3. another near Anxur, Liv. 7, 39, 7; 9, 23, 4.

**lautumiae** or lātōmiae, ārum, f. pl. stone-quarries, often used for penal purposes, Ita me di ament uel in (pron. flin) lautumiis uel in pistrino maelim Agere aetatem, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 5; Inde ibis porro in lātōmias lapidarias, Capt. 3, 5, 65; 2. esp. those at Syracuse, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 68; Latōmiae, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 151 Sp.; 3. hence quarries at Rome, used as a prison, in lautumias coniecti sunt, Liv. 37, 3, 8; add 26, 27, 3; 32, 26, 17; 39, 44, 7.

**laurus**, s. lauo.

**lax**, fraus est, Paul. ex F. 116.

**laxamentum**, i, a loosening, l. uentris comitatur timorem, Maer. s. 7, 11, 9; 2. a passage, (uentus) per minima laxameutorum parat (dub.), Sen. n. q. 6, 18, 3; 3. room, space, efficiunt amplum l. cellae, Vitr. 4, 7, 6; add 5, 9, 1;

4. met. relaxation, relief from trouble, sed ne legi quidem quidquam laxamenti datum est, Cic. Clu. 89; nactus pusillum laxamenti, spare time, Trebon. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 16, 3; laxamento cogitationibus dato, Liv. 7, 38, 10; a bello, 9, 41, 12; add 2, 3, 4; 2, 24, 5; 22, 37, 9; expectans aliquid laxamenti quo oculi ab eruoere adqueant, Sen. ep. 7, 3.

**laxatio**, ōnis, f. loosening, relaxation, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 1, 56 (bis); 2. space left free, interval, gap, duorum digitorum, Vitr. 4, 7, 4.

**laxatiuus**, adj. softening, cataplasmata, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 3, 67; uirtus, Apul. herb. 66.

**laxē**, see latus.

**laxitas**, ātis, f. looseness, softness of flesh, Arnob. 6, 12; 2. freedom of space, abundant room, great extent, in domo clari hominis adhibeuda cura est laxitatis, Cic. off. 1, 139; l. loci, Sal. ap. Non. 132, 22; add Colum. 4, 18, 2; posteris l. mndi damno fuit, Plin. 14, 5; 3. a wide opening, rursus (aequor) in artum coit; l. Propontis appellatur, Plin. 4, 76.

**laxo**, (laxus) āre, vb. make loose, set loose, loosen, slacken (what was stretched), rudentis (ease the sheets), Verg. 3, 267; frenos, Lucan. 7, 125; habeuas, Val. F. 2, 35; oleum ex Delphica (lauru) ad neruos laxandos utile est, Plin. 23, 157; Cito rumpes arcum, semper si tensum habueris, At si laxaris quum uoles erit utilis, Phaedr. 3, 14, 11; fideulas (instruments of torture), Val. M. 3, ext. 3, 5;

2. what was solid or firm, loosen, relax, make flabby, dissolve, quies laxauerat artus, Verg. 5, 857; Quam cito... laxatur corpora rugis! Ov. a. a. 3, 73; herbam laxandis intestinis, alioquin concretis deorant, Plin. 8, 129; ferrum laxatur ad usus Innumeros, Stat. Ach. 1, 429; 3. what was shut, open, unbar, undo, claustra, Verg. 2, 259; fores, Plin. 32, 11; ora, Lucan. 6, 566; 4. what pressed, loosen, iugum, Sil. 11, 17; 5. what was pressed, choked, confused, set at liberty, pedem ab nodo, Liv. 24, 7, 5; (lilii) ab angustiis in latitudinem sese laxantis, Plin. 21, 23; nis mira laxandi ructum, 19, 78; ubi dolor uocem laxauerat, Iustiu. 42, 4, 13; 6. clear of incumbances, Et uia uix tandem noci laxata dolore est, Verg. 11, 151; animas que per iuga longa sedebant Deturbat, laxatque fores, 6, 412;

7. what was confined or narrow, spread out, expand, extend, ut forum laxaremus et usque ad atrium Libertatis explicaremus, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 14; Iam nunc astringas, iam nunc granaria laxes, Pers. 5, 110; II 8. met. first w. acc. of what is pressed, set loose, set free, relieve, give a respite or relaxation to, ab hac contentione animos nostros laxemus, Cic. or. 3, 230; ut istis te molestiis laxes, Luce. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 14, 3; ab assiduis laboribus animum, Liv. 32, 5, 2; Cato uino laxabat animum curis publicis fatigatum, Sen. dial. 9, 17, 4; 9. w. acc. of what presses, loosen, relax, mitigate, or even remove, abest ut ex eo quo adstricti sumus laxari aliquid uelim, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 1; ut sibi laxaret aliquid laboris, Liv. 9, 16, 15; iras, Stat. Th. 6, 831; 10. l. annonam, make less tight the price of corn, Liv. 2, 34, 12; and simple vb. for refl., annonam haud multum laxauerat, 26, 20, 11; III 11. laxatus, as adj. loose,



flabby, limp, membrana laxator, Plin. 19, 17; **12.** hence Ital. lasciare, Fr. laisser.

**laxus**, adj. or rather part. [for solaxus or solac-tus, of which sol-ac=sol-ue whence solu-ere, see below] loose, not on the stretch, slack, lax, relaxed, Qui iam contento, iam laxo funo laborat, Hor. s. 2, 7, 20; Sed laxos referunt umeris languentibus arcus, Verg. 11, 874; Frenaque in effusa laxa iacere iuba, Ov. am. 3, 4, 16; and met., quam laxissimas habenas habere amicitiae, Cic. am. 45; **2.** met. milites laxiore imperio quam antea habere, Sal. Iug. 64, 5; si hostem haberemus in quo negligentiae laxior locus esset—freer scope—Liv. 24, 8, 1; urbi cum paco laxior etiam annona rediit, 2, 52, 1—cf. our term tight as applied to markets; **3.** esp. of time, dicm statuo satis laxam quam ante si solnerint dico me centesimas ducturum, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 16; tempus sibi et quidem laxius uindicauit, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 14; laxum spatium res magna desiderat, Sen. ep. 88, 35; **4.** gen. large, extensive, domus laxior, Vell. 2, 81, 3; laxas opes, Mart. 2, 30, 4; **5.** our slack has retained the s; see laxo and soluo.

**lea**, (cf. λ-ς a lion) ae, f. lioness, sicut nocet lea, Varr. ap. Philargyr. ad B. 2, 63; Inritata leae iaciebant corpora saltu, Lucr. 5, 1318; add Ov. M. 4, 255; tr. 4, 7, 14; but scarcely F. 5, 178.

**leaena**, (Λαενα; but for suff. of regina) ae, f. lioness, staturum aeream leaenam, Cic. ap. Philargyr. ad Verg. B. 2, 63; Torua leaena lupum sequitur, Verg. B. 2, 63; add G. 3, 245; 4, 408; Quenam te genuit sola sub rupe leaena? Catul. 64, 154; add Hor. od. 3, 20, 2; Ov. M. 13, 547; F. 5, 177 and 371; Tib. 3, 4, 90; 3, 6, 15.

**lēbens**, a variety of libens in inscr. Or. 4635.

**lēber**, old form of liber (libri), says Quint. 1, 4, 17.

**lēbes**, ētis, m. a metal basin, esp. of bronze, a caldron, Dodouaeosque lebetas, Verg. 3, 466; ex aere lebetas, 5, 266; Ov. her. 3, 31; curuique lebetes, M. 12, 243.

**lectārius**, īi, adj. as sb. m. maker of beds, L. Hostilius L. l. Amphio faber lectarius, inscr. Or. 4183; but lectarius in 2871 no doubt a blunder for lecticarius.

**lectē**, see lectus, adj.

**lectica**, ae, adj. f. for sb. (from a theoretical lectium, from lectus a bed, itself orig. a part.; cf. captius from captus; sc. sella) a sedan in which one can lie, a palanquin, a litter, lectica octophoro ferebatur, in qua puluinus erat Melitensis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 27; add Phil. 2, 58; Q. fr. 2, 10, 2; Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12, 3; Catul. 10, 16; Hor. s. 2, 3, 214; met. in Plin. 17, 99, if text be sound.

**lecticālis**, qui lectulos facit, Gloss. Isid.

**lecticāriōla**, adj. dim. as sb. f. quae lecticarios sectatur, Mart. 12, 58.

**lecticārius**, adj. as sb. m. a letter-bearer, Cic. Rosc. Am. 134; Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 3; Suet. Cal. 58; primus l. L. Canini Galli, inscr. Or. 2871; add 6285, 6323.

**lecticūla**, ae, f. dim. a little litter or palanquin, Cic. diu. 1, 55; Nep. Att. 22, 4; **2.** same used indoors like a sofa, for study, Suet. Aug. 78; met. of a hen's nest, Apul. M. 9, 33.

**lectio** (lego, pluck, gather etc.), ōis, f. plucking, gathering (florum), Arnob. 5, 24 and 37; **2.** picking up, collecting, lapidum, Colum. 2, 2, 12; **3.** selection, choice (iudicium), Cic. Phil. 5, 16; senatus, Liv. 9, 29, 7; 27, 11, 9;

**4.** reading, librorum, Cic. acad. pr. 4; neque unquam sine aliqua lectione cenatum est, Nep. Att. 14, 1; tabularum, Ulp. dig. 29, 3, 2, 5; in libris improbatæ lectionis, 10, 2, 4, 1; **5.** a reading, a passage in a book, a text, Th. C. 1, 4, 3; 9, 34, 10.

**lectisterniātor**, ōris, m. one who has charge of the lectisternium, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 29.

**lectisternium**, īi, n. lit. covering couches with cushions, and so a religious banquet, lectisternio tunc primum...facto, Apollinem Latonamque stratis lectis placuere, Liv. 5, 13, 6; add 7, 2, 2; 22, 10, 9 etc.; fast. Praen. ad idus Dec.; praebant item lectisternium tempore parentalior(um) ex \* cc, inscr. Or. Henz. 7336; add Sidon. ep. 4, 15.

**lectistitiūm**, lecti statio, Gloss. Isid.

**lectitō**, āre, vb. frq. read often, Pyrrhi libros, Cic. fam. 9, 25, 1; add Att. 12, 18, 1; Brut. 121; non legendos libros

sed lectitandos, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 8; add Tac. an. 14, 50; II **2.** gather, collect, Caietae litoribus conchulas, Val. M. 8, 8, 1; flores, Arnob. 5, 37.

**lectiun-cūla**, f. dim. a bit of reading, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 1.

**lecto**, āre, frq. of lēgo sanctioned by Macrobi. exc. Bob. 636, 13 K.

**lector**, ōris, m. reader, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 4; Verg. B. 3, 85; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 214; **2.** esp. a servant who reads to his master etc., ἀναγνώστης, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 2; 9, 17, 3; Grammaticus lectorque fui, inscr. Or. 1200; **3.** a class or order in the Church, Tertul. haeret. 41; lectores diuinorum apicum et hypodiaconi, Th. C. 16, 2, 7.

**lectr-ix**, icis (lector), f. reader, inscr. Fabr. p. 311, n. 347; lector facit lectrix, Cledon. 37, 8 K.

**lectuārius**, adj. of a bed, quod nunc torale uel lectuariam sindonem dicimus, Non. v. plagae, 538, 20.

**lectūlus**, ī, m. dim. a little bed, a couch, me in meo lectulo interfecturos, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; philosophi in suis lectulis moriuntur, fin. 2, 97; add Att. 14, 13, 5; add Mart. 10, 38, 7; **2.** a couch or sofa, as a place for study, Non haec in nostris ut quondam scribimus hortis, Nec consue meum lectule corpus habes, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 38; nisus est sibi iacere in lectulo suo compositus in habitu studentis, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 5; **3.** at the dinner table, Statuite hic lectulos: ponite hic quae adsoleo, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 7; straut pelliculis haediuis lectulos Punicanos, Cic. Mur. 75.

**lectum**, ī, n., see lectus 2.

**lectūrio**, ire, vb. desid. desire to read, Sidon. ep. 2, 10 med., and 9, 7; lecturio significat non lego sed legere uolo, Serv. in Don. 412, 33 K; ἀπο του lego lecturio, Macr. exc. Bob. 636, 13; add Prisc. 1, 429, 12.

**1 lectus**, part., see lēgo.

**2 lectus**, ī, m. (lego, in the sense to lie, cf. λγω and λκτρον, G. legen and liegen, E. lie, lay and lair; not as Varr. 1, 5, 35 and Paul ex F. 115, a collectis foliis) place to lie, bed, hammock, couch, lectum in cubiculo 1, lectos loris subtenstos 111, lectos tres communes, Cato r. 10, 5; Vbi tu cubuisti? In eodem tecum una lecto in cubiculo, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 176; lecti sui cubicularis, Cic. diu. 2, 134; te in lecto esse quod ex pedibus laborares, fam. 9, 23; **2.** a dinner-couch or sofa, lectos steruite, Pl. St. 2, 2, 33; Men. 2, 3, 3; Standumst in lecto si quid de summo petas, 1, 1, 27; L. tricliniorum lectos, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 183; conlocari (Damoclem) in aureo lecto, Tusc. 5, 61; coeco Tincta super lectos cauderet uestis eburnos, Hor. s. 2, 6, 103;

**3.** lectus, ūs, m. in old lang., Prius abis quam lectus ubi cubuisti concaluit locus, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 15, so quoted in Prisc. 1, 257, 9 K, who adds from Cornif.: ad Cereris memoriae nouaudae gratiam lectus sternuntur; **4.** a receptacle for a corpse, L. Vecilio...lectu (sic) 1 datu (sic)...; inscr. Or. Henz. 7363; **5.** lectum, ī, n., ut lectum legatum contineat et fuletra et claustra, Ulp. dig. 32, 52, 9.

**lēgālis**, e, adj. of law or laws, legal, quaestiones, Quint. 3, 6, 46 and 61; add 2, 15, 25 etc.; maiores personae et legales, Consult. uct. I. Cti c. 2; **2.** legaliter, adv. legally, Cassiod. ep. 4, 37; Consult. uct. I. Cti c. 3.

**lēgāria**, orum, n. pl. vegetables, quae alii legumina, alii legaria appellant, Varr. 1, 32, 2.

**lēgātārius**, adj. of a legacy, enjoined by a will, editiones, Tertul. spect. 6; **2.** as sb. m. a legatee, Suet. Galb. 5; Gai. 2, 226 and 260; Ulp. dig. 29, 4, 1, 11; Scaev. 2, 15, 3; **3.** legataria, as sb. f. Paul. 19, 1, 43.

**lēgātio**, ōnis, f. office or dignity of an ambassador, embassy, nomen legationis ultro missae timoris esse signum, Cic. Phil. 5, 26; is sibi legationem ad ciuitates suscepit, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 3; hac legatione decreta necedum missa, Liv. 21, 6, 5; **2.** legatio, au appointment as legatus or lieutenant by a governor of a province, posteaquam Cn. Dolabellae prouincia Cilicia constituta est, quanta iste cupiditate illam sibi legationem expugnauit? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; Murena legatus L. Lucullo fuit, qua in legatione..., Mur. 20;

**3.** hence libera legatio, by abuse one which at times might last for five years (Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4) and without any defined duties enable a man to conduct his private affairs abroad with greater influence and at public cost, C. Anicius...negotiorum suorum causa legatus est in African legatione



libera, Cic. fam. 12, 21, where Cic. requests that the governor of the province will allow Anicius lictors; qui legatione hereditates aut syngraphas suas persecuntur, leg. 3, 18; legationes sumere liberas exigendi causa (for exacting payment of debts), Flac. 86; add Att. 4, 2, 6; 4, 18, 3; 15, 11, 4; qui libera legatione abest, non uidetur rei publicae causa abesse...sui enim commodi abest, Ulp. dig. 50, 7, 15 (14);

4. as a collective, a body of ambassadors, an embassy, cuius legationis Diuico princeps fuit, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 2; legationes proxima aestate ad se reuerti iussit, 1, 35, 2; legationes deinde ceterae sunt auditae, Liv. 28, 39, 20.

**lĕgātĭuus**, adj. (legatum) left by will, epulum, inscr. Or. 3817; or Marin. Atti 1, 175; 2. legatium, i. n. as sb. (sc. uaticum) the salary of a legatus, legati uaticum quod legatium dicitur, interdum solent accipere, Arc. dig. 50, 4, 18, 12; his legatium ex forma restituatur, Ulp. 50, 7, 3; 3. as a cognomen, L. Caluentius Legatius, inscr. Mur. 1448, 4.

**lĕgātor**, ōnis, m. one who bequeaths, testator, Suet. Tib. 31.

**lĕgātum**, see lĕgo.

**lĕgātus**, see lĕgo.

**lĕgens**, see lĕgo.

**lĕgĭbĭlis**, c, adj. legible, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1.

**lĕgĭcrĕpa**, νομοδία, Gloss. Philox.

**lĕgĭfer**, a, um, adj. legislating, lawgiving, Ceres, Verg. 4, 58; Minos, Ov. am. 3, 10, 41; Athenienses, Apul. M. 10, 33.

**lĕgĭo**, ōnis, f. [lĕgo choose] choice, Tria est legio; adidicatio cum utro hanc noctem sies, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 6;

2. the élite of a population selected as soldiers, army, legio, quod leguntur milites in delectu, Varr. 1, 5, 16; Aspectabat uirtutem legionis suai (so Bergk ej.; mss sine), Enn. ap. Phylarg. G. 4, 188; Clanculum abii a legione, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 25; add 29; Idem istuc aliis adscriptiuis fieri ad legionem solet, Men. 1, 3, 2; add Most. 1, 2, 48; Capt. 2, 3, 91; Poen. 2, 31; Cetera dum legiō campis instructa moratur, Verg. 9, 368;

3. aft. a legion, itself a complete army w. from 3000 heavy-armed infantry and from 200 horse, of which the Roman army contained many, erat omnino in Gallia ulteriore legio una, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; legionum quattuor ueteranarum, 1, 24, 2; deciman legioem, 1, 42 f.; quattuor legiones quaternum milium scriptis, Liv. 6, 22, 8; ut Flaccus quinque milia peditum, quadringentos equites scriberet, eamque legionem..., 23, 34, 13; ut ex duabus legionibus una legio quinque milia peditum et trecenti equites essent, dimissis qui plurima stipendia haberent, 26, 28, 7; add 29, 24, 14; 37, 39, 7; binae legiones Romanae cum suo equitatu, 40, 36, 6; add 10; legio...ex omni parte perfecta, nullo extrinsecus iudgens adiumento, Veg. mil. 2, 2; in una legione decem cohortes esse debere, 2, 6;

4. of other than Romans, contra Teleboae ex oppido Legiones educunt suas, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 63; Ob Romam noctu legiones ducere coepit, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 179; Latinos Volcosque qui conuinctis legionibus..., Liv. 6, 32, 4; Horruit Argoae legio ratis, Val. F. 7, 573;

5. as a cognomen, Q. Numisius Q. f. Legio, inscr. Grut. 1075, 2.

**lĕgĭōnārius**, adj. of a legion, legionary, milites, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 5; 1, 51, 1; 7, 20, 10; Treb. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 5; cohortis, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; centurio, Plin. ep. 10, 78 (82), 1; equites, Veg. mil. 2, 2.

**lĕgĭrūpa**, ae, m. a law-breaker, Legirupā. Valide Permittis adulescentum. Aeerruere, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 130; Seti ni lĕgĭrūpam (so Ritschl, al. mss) damnet, dēt in puplicum Dimidium, Pers. 1, 2, 16.

**lĕgĭrūpio**, ōnis, m. dim. a petty law-breaker, Tun lĕgĭrūpionem hic nobis cum dis facere postulas? Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 4.

**lĕgĭslātor**, better as two words legis lator.

**lĕgĭtĭmus**, adj. [for legitumus from leg and a vb. tumeor=teor; cf. aedi-tumus or aedi-tuus=qui aedem tuetur; and cortumio wh. Varr. (l. 7, p. 293 Sp.) derives a cordis uisu; cf. also claustritumus. finitumus, maritumus] lit. law-observing, hence lawful, legal, dies comitiis habendis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 129; potestas, Tusc. 1, 74; imperium, Phil. 11, 26; contio, opt. g. o. 19; aetas, Liv. 25, 2, 6; coniuu, Ov. M. 10, 437; filius, Grau. p. 36, 10; Quint. 3, 7,

96; mensura, Front. aq. 112; lĕgĭtĭmō quique merelat eqno, Ov. F. 3, 130; 2. of the law, legal, quaestio, Cic. Arch. 3; Quint. 3, 6, 72; uerba, Ov. F. 2, 527; Gell. 11, 1, 4;

3. gen. beyond the sphere of what is strictly law, prescribed, approved, complete, regular, poema, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 109; seruntur lactucae anuo toto, legitimum tamen a bruma semen iacere, Plin. 19, 130; partus (asini) a trimatu legitimus, 8, 168; add 33, 64;

4. legitima as sb. n. pl. legal forms, legitimis quibusdam confectis, ps. Nep. Phoc. 4, 2; rights, Vulg. Lev. 18, 26;

5. legitime (legitume\*) adv. lawfully, legally, Cic. Caecin. 57; off. 1, 13; inscr. Or. 643\*; Iuv. 10, 338;

6. met. regularly, duly, l. coctus, Plin. 23, 64; studuisse, Tac. dial. 32; add Iuv. 12, 100.

**lĕgĭto**, āre, as freq. of lĕgo in Prisc. 2, 466, 20 K.

**lĕgĭtun-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a petty legion, male plenarium legiuncularum, Liv. 35, 49, 10.

1 **lĕgo**, (akin to E. leave, and perh. to linquo and λειπω) āre, vb. leave, as first by will, istoc testamento Seruitus legat tibi, Pl. As. 2, 2, 40; Venus mihi ha(e)c legauit, Merc. pr. 38; uti legassit suae rei, ita ius esto, tab. XII ap. Gai. 2, 224; ei testamento legat grandem pecuniam a filio (to be paid by him), Cic. Clu. 33; Cluuium a T. Hordeonio legare Terentiae ns 1000, Att. 13, 46, 2; add Caecin. 11; Numitori regnum legat, Liv. 1, 3, 10; nihil legari posse nisi quod testatoris sit, Gai. 2, 220;

2. leave in command, (as a general does when called away)—hence appoint as one's lieutenant (legatus), Dolabella me sibi legauit, Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4; Ego me a (wh. Madv. omits) Pompeio legari ita sum passus ut..., 4, 2, 6; Cassium sibi legauit, fam. 6, 6, 10; add Man. 57; Sert. 33; Calpurnius legat sibi homiues nobilis, Sal. Iug. 28, 4;

3. hence send as deputy, ambassador or representative, depnte, M. Fuluius legatus sum in Aetoliam, Cato ap. Fest. 182 B 3; delegit uiros primorum principes: Eos lĕgat: Telebois iubet sententiam ut dicant suam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 50; add St. 3, 2, 35; Is publice legatus Naupactum, Iug. Mil. 2, 1, 22; hominem nobilem legarunt ad Aprouium, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 114; tres adulescentes in Africae legantur qui reges adeant, Sal. Iug. 21, 4; add 25, 4; Romam legati fuerant, Liv. 40, 54, 9;

4. leave in another's hands, hand over to a depnty (business to be done by him), commission to do, Quin potius quod legatumst tibi negotium Id cura, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 12; cf. delĕgo;

5. in Liv. 28, 42, 15 delegare, not legare;

II **lĕgo**, legatus, part. as sb. m. one deputed, a deputy, first a lieutenant-(general), cum essem in prouincia legatus, Cato ap. Isid. or. 20, 3, 8; ei munitioni T. Labienum legatum praefecit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; neque se ignorare quod esset officium legati qui fiduciarium operam obtineret, b. c. 2, 17, 2; qui M. Aemilio legati et praefecti fuerunt, Cic. Clu. 99;

7. ambassadors, Introducuntur legati Minturnenses, Enn. ap. Max. Victor. 211, 22 K; ad socios nostros dispertieram alio legatos, alio litteras, Cato ap. Char. 222; cum ad senatum legatos mitterent, Cic. or. 2, 155; legatos ad eum mittunt nobilissimos ciuitatis, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3.

2 **lĕgo**, ĕre, lĕgi, lectus, (prob. for uel-ego, or rather uol-ego, and so akin to uol of uello; cf. their E. analogues pl-uck and pull; for uello and lego kinship seems to be claimed by Varr. r. 2, 23, 2; 2, 32, 2; and Plin. 18, 165) vb. frq. pluck, gather, esp. fruit, oleam, Cato r. 144; nuces, Cic. or. 2, 265; nuam, Varr. r. 1, 54, 2; mala, Verg. B. 2, 51; flores...et fraga, 3, 92; poma, Ov. M. 14, 650; Tib. 1, 7, 32; cf. legulus;

2. gen. gather, spolia, Titin. ap. Non. 332, 4; Liv. 5, 39, 1; ossa, Cic. leg. 2, 60;

3. pick up, ancoras classis legit (al. leget), Sen. Tro. 769; Has inter lacrimas legitur piger uncus harenis, Val. F. 2, 428;

4. gather by taking in, take in, extremaeque Lanso Parcae fila legunt, Verg. 10, 815; Quae (sc. Ariadne) dedit ingrato fila legenda uiro, Ov. F. 3, 462; Cum patuit lecto stamine torta uia, Prop. 5, 4, 42; prora fuuere legit Argus ab alta, Val. F. 1, 314;

5. esp. w. uela, nauita ponto Vmida uela legit, Verg. G. 1, 373; Ipse dabit tenera nela legetque manu, ps. Ov. her. 15, 216; Vela legunt, remis insurgitur, Val. F. 2, 13;

6. pick up in the way of theft, steal, Omnia uiscatis manibus leget, Lucil. ap. Non. 332, 31; Et qui nocturnus sacra diuom legerit, Hor. s. 1, 3, 117;



sacrum legere, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 49; cf. sacrilegus; and prob.: Quid, soceros legere et gremiis abducere pactas? Verg. 10, 79 (so at least Serv.); 7. met. of an eaves-dropping, Nunc huc concedam ut horum sermonem legam, Pl. Ps. 1, 4, 21; cf. sublego; 8. l. uestigia etc., pick up as it were a person's footsteps, follow close on his track, Subsequitur pressoque legit uestigia gressu, Ov. M. 2, 17; uestigia retro Obseruata legit, returns on his own track, Verg. 9, 393; Haut minus Aeneas tortos legit obuius orbes Vestigatque uirum, 12, 481; add Val. F. 1, 711; 9. hence go along, skim, skirt, sweep, as first water, pars cetera (so. angulum) pontum Ponelegit, Verg. 2, 208; Aequoraque Afrā legit, Ov. F. 4, 289; Iouimque rapax Icariumque legit, 566; 10. also land etc., coast along, follow the line of, skirt, oram Italiae legens Ariminum peruenit, Liv. 21, 51, 7; primi lege littoris oram, Verg. G. 2, 44; Inde legit Capreae promuntoriumque Minernae, Ov. M. 15, 709; nec me studiosius altera saltns Lēgit, nec..., 5, 579; Caelum freno propiore legit, Sen. Med. 795; 11. sweep (with the eye), take a survey of, scan, Et inmlum capit, unde omnis longo ordine possit Aduersos legere et uenientum discere uoltis, Verg. 6, 755 (wh. Conington refers to perlegerent oculis, ib. 34); 12. pick up (words), read, quae ego pro re publica fecissem leguntur, Cato orat. 37, 4 Iord.; non assequor ut scribam quod tuae conuinae aequo animo legere possint, Cic. Att. 12, 4, 2; Dumque legar, mecum pariter tua fama legetur, Ov. tr. 5, 14, 5; 13. read and explain, lecture upon, Cato grammaticus, Latina Siren Qui solus legit ac facit poetas, poet. ap. Suet. gr. 11; 14. as he who gathers fruit, commonly gathers the best, hence choose, select, omnia quae leget quaeque reiciat, Cic. fin. 4, 40; ut scribam iurati legerent, Clu. 126; seuatum ter legi, Mon. Anc. c. 8, 2; quum Vestalem eam legisset, Liv. 1, 3, 11; geminasque legit de classe biremis, Verg. 8, 79; 15. esp. of the senate, censores fideli concordia senatum legerunt, Liv. 40, 51, 1; eos qui in bulen a censoribus leguntur, Plin. ep. 10, 112 (113), 1; 16. and in the phrase uir nimum legit, where each soldier as selected selects another, adoptari a se Pisonem exemplo militari quo uir uirum legeret pronuntiat, Tac. h. 1, 18; senatorum numerum redegit duabus lectionibus, prima ipsorum arbitrata qua uir uirum legit..., Suet. Aug. 35; but in Verg. 11, 632 of each soldier in one army selecting a soldier in the other for combat; II 17. legens, part. as sb. a reader, (haec) quaeso ut legentes boni consulant, Plin. 8, 45; but in Ov. tr. 1, 7, 25 read: legentum (Sealiger's ej.) as a part., not legentem.

**lēgūla**, ae, f. a spoon, *legula μυστρον*, Gloss. Phil.; 2. met. flap of the ear, aurium legulae, Sidon. ep. 1, 2.

**lēgūlicus** (for lēgū-lēg-ius, cf. pulegium for pulegium; and so from lēgo, pick), m. one who picks holes in laws, a pettifogging lawyer, Cic. or. 1, 236.

**lēgūlus**, i, m. dim. one who gathers, ab legendo leguli qui oleam aut qui uas legunt, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 243 Sp.; extremas lēgūlus cum sustulit uas, Calp. ccl. 3, 49; 2. esp. olive-picker, legulus et uindemiator, alter ab oleis, alter ab uitis, Varr. l. 5, 18 p. 96 Sp.; legulos quot opus erunt praebeto, Cato r. 144, 3 (de olea legenda); legula uolunt ut olea caduca quam plurima sit, 64, 1.

**lēgūmen**, (fm. lego, say Varr. r. 1, 23, 2; 1, 32, 2; Plin. 18, 165; but? perh. for uol-eg-um-en, and so akin to uolmere, It. uolgere, wrap) inis, n. prop. a pod (Fr. légume, in botanical science the same), and so pulse, i.e. any vegetable that has its fruit in pods, as bean, pea, vetch, omnium satorum fructus aut spicis continetur ut tritici... aut includitur siliquis ut leguminum, Plin. 18, 52; 2. for various genera beginning w. faba, see Colum. 2, 7, 1; terra feta frugibus (grain) et uario leguminum genere, Cic. N. D. 2, 156; non ordeum (militis) non legumina recensabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 47, 7; legumina omnia singulas habent radices praeter fabam, Plin. 18, 51; leguminum cicer...; faba...; milinum..., 18, 185; 3. at times some special podded plant, and so opposed to faba, uicia etc., Vnde prius lactum siliqua quassantē lēgūmen, Aut tenuis fetus uiciae..., Verg. G. 1, 74; erumpit legumen die quarto, faba a xv ad xx legumen in Aegypto tertio die, Plin. 18, 51.

K. D.

**lēgūmentum**, i, n. dim. the same, nullo saepius legumento Pythagoram usum quam fabis, Gell. 4, 11, 4.

**lēgūminārius**, adj. as sb. m. a greengrocer, = *οσπριοπωλης*, Gloss. Philox.; 2. leguminaria, f. the same, D. M. Abudiae M. lib. ... negotiatrici leguminaria(e), inscr. Or. 3093.

**lelostreum**, ci, (*λεοστρειον*) n. a smooth-shelled fish, Lampr. Heliog. 19, 6.

**lēma**, (*λημη*, and *γλαμη*) ae, f. a gummy humor in the corner of the eye, si lemae iu oculis erunt, Plin. 23, 49; also called grama, 25, 155.

**lembārius**? adj. as sb. m. a boatman, septem milibus lembariorum (dub.)...interemptis, Vop. Aurel. 38, 4.

**lembūlus**, i, m. dim. a small boat, a cutter, Leuique uectum lembulo, Prud. perist. 5, 455; add Paul. Nol. ep. 49 (36), 1; and perh. w. Bothe in Pl. Men. 2, 3, 87; as also in Merc. 2, 1, 35.

**lembuncūlus**? in Tac. an. 14, 5 lenuncolorum preferred by Halm.

**lembus**, i, (*limbus* in Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 35 B; and Men. 2, 3, 87 BC; also in Isid. orig. 19, 1; Isid. Gloss.) m. a boat with a sharp prow, of great speed, a cutter, Is lembus nostrae nauī insidias dabat, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 52; add Merc. 1, 2, 81; Acc., Trnpil. (bis), ap. Non. 534, 2; Otaciliūm legatum cum scafis ac lembis, Sisen. ib.; aduerso uix flumine lembum Remigiis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 201; lembi biremes, Liv. 24, 40, 2; duos lembos qui non plus quam xvi remis agerentur, 34, 35, 5; add 40, 4, 11; 45, 10, 1 and 2; lembum Cyrenenses (inuenerē), Plin. 7, 208.

**lemma**, (*λημμα*) ātis, n. subject-matter for writing, a theme, lemma sibi sumpsit quod ego interdum nersibus ludo, Plin. ep. 4, 27, 3; mihi praeter lemma (sc.: Cupido cruci affixus) nihil placet, Auson. idyl. 324 pr.; 2. hence the title of any writing, Lemmata si quaeris cur sint ascripta docebo: Vt si malueris lemmata sola legas, Mart. 14, 2; lectorem lemma sollicitat tituli, Auson. praef. parent.; 3. what is written on any theme, an epigram, a tale etc., ex hoc lemmate secundus uersus, Plin. ep. 4, 27, 3; add Mart. 10, 59, 1; Nutrieis inter lemmata, Auson. epist. 16, 90; 4. an assumption in reasoning, in Gr. Cic. din. 2, 108; but in Gell. 9, 16, 7 Hertz has laudis, not lemmatis.

**lemniscātus**, quasi-part. adorned with pendent ribbons, palma, Cic. Rosc. Am. 100; lemniscatae coronae, Serv. A. 5, 269 in explanation of euincti tempora taenis; add Tert. anim. 1.

**lemniscus**, (*λημισκος* from *ληνος* wool) i, m. dim. a pendent ribbon or fillet, orig. of wool, aft. of various material, esp. as attached to wreaths (coronae), coronas lemniscosque iacientium, Liv. 33, 33, 2; tenuissimae (membranae tiliac) philyrae, coronarum lemniscis celebres, Plin. 16, 65; Crassus argento auroque folia imitatus ludis suis coronas dedit, accesseruntque et lemnisci, 21, 6; lemnisci, fascioiae coloriae dependentes ex coronis, Paul. ex F. p. 115; see Serv. under lemniscatus; 2. as adorning the palma of victory, (palma tibi) Lemnisco ornata est, quo mea palma caret, Auson. epist. 20, 6; see Cic. under lemniscatus; II 3. a plug of wool as applied to wounds, lemniscos ex aceto et oleo sub cute per foramina traiecit, Veg. uet. 5, 17, 3; add 3, 48, 6 and 11; in Gr. intus linamentum (*λημισκον* Graeci uocant) in aceto tinctum demittere, Cels. 7, 28.

**Lemonius**, adj. pagus, a village outside the porta Capena on the via Latina, Paul. ex F. p. 115; 2. hence Lemonia tribus, one of the rustic tribes, L. Tilennius L. f. LEMONIA Victorinus, inscr. Or. 446; M. Caelio T. f. Lem. Bono, 621.

**lēmōnium** or *limōuium*, (*λειμωνιον* from *λειμων* a wet meadow) ii, n. a plant that yields a white gummy juice, umidis locis, Plin. 25, 108; beta siluestris quam limonion uocant, 20, 72.

**lembuncūlus**, *σκαφιδιον*, Gloss. Lat. Gr., see lembunculus and lenunculus.

**lēmurēs**, um, m. shades of the dead, ghosts, iu sacris fabam iactant noctu ac dicunt se lemur(es) domo extra iannam ecire, Varr. ap. Non. 135, 16; Mox etiam lēmurēs



animas dixere silentium, Ov. F. 5, 483; Nocturnos lemures portentaque Thessala rides? Hor. ep. 2, 2, 209; add Pers. 5, 185; quicquid Vmbrarum est, quicquid Lemurum... oculis tuis oggerat, omnia noctium occursantia, Apul. mag. 64; add D. Socratis, 15.

**Lēmūria**, (lēmūres, but note long u) ōrum, n. pl. the festival for appeasing the Lemures, Ritus erat ueteris nocturna Lēmūria sacri: Inferias tacitis Manibus illa dabunt, Ov. F. 5, 421; on the 9th, 11th and 13th of May marked Lem. N(efastus) in fasti Tusc., Venus., Maff.

**lēna**, ae, a bawd, omnes sunt lenae leuifidae, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 61 etc.; but in Cure. 1, 1, 77; 1, 2, 20 Fleckeisen has laeana; improba lena...et meretrici blanda, Ov. am. 1, 15, 17; lenas dicimus quae mulieres quaestuaras prostituunt, Ulp. dig. 23, 2, 43, 7; 2. met., quam sui sit lena natura, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; uox sua lena fuit, Ov. a. a. 3, 316.

**lēnātus**, see lēnor, puellae, anthol. Meyer. 313, 9.

**lēnimen**, inis, n. in poets only, that which soothes, a solace, Hor. od. 1, 32, 15; Ov. M. 6, 500; 11, 450.

**lēnimentum**, i, n. the same, Plin. 25, 59; Tac. h. 2, 67.

**lēnio**, (lēnis) ire, lui or ii, itus, vb. make smooth or gentle, as first of motion, Thybris ea fluuium quam longa est nocte timentem Leniit, Verg. 8, 87; 2. hence of pain or disease, assuage, alleviate, relieve, allay, intrantem stomachum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 18; lenibunt\* uulnera, Prop. 3, 21, 32; add Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 6; epiphoras, Plin. 20, 135; articularis morbos, 20, 195; podagras, 22, 104; aluom lenit et mollit, 20, 96; 3. what acts on the senses, clamorem, Hor. od. 1, 27, 7; (ceparum) saporem, Plin. 23, 147; grauitatem odoris, Suet. Vit. 10; 4. of strong or painful feelings, miseriam, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 75; Quandoquidem amorem intercapidine ipse leniuit dies, Turp. ap. Non. 522, 4; desiderium, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 1; iras, Liv. 2, 45, 2; 5. w. acc. of person suffering, pacify more or less, ut leniunt reddas, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 36; iratum, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 2; te ipsum nunc concitatum dies leniet, aetas mitigabit, Mur. 64; lenire dolentem Solando, Verg. 4, 393; torua tuentem lenibat\* dictis, 6, 468; 6. met. of abstract nouns, allay, moderate, soften down, feruorem (solis), Varr. r. 2, 4, 6; atrocitatem facti, Sal. Iug. 27, 1; inopiam frumenti, 91, 1; seditionem, Liv. 6, 16, 6; ne lenire neue asperare crimina uideretur, Tac. an. 2, 29; cladis memoriam, 1, 71; dedecus, h. 3, 61; 7. lenio as vb. r. or intr. become more gentle, et me occultabo aliquot dies Dum haec consulescent turbae atque irae leniunt, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 100; 8. for lenibo as fut. and lenibam, see \* above.

1 **lēnis**, (perh. for leninis; akin to lenis and λεῖος) e, adj. lit. smooth, opp. to asper rough\*, but in this sense lēuis preferred—hence gentle, as first of motion, leni fluit agmine flumen, Enn. ap. Macr. 6, 4, 4; auster, Cato ap. Charis. p. 207 K; lenissimus Onchesmites, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 1; uentus, Caesar b. g. 4, 28, 1; Hor. od. 3, 20, 13; uolatus, Ov. M. 12, 927; postea lenis (Nilus) domitiae uiolentia in mare se euomit, Plin. 5, 54; 2. of slope, iugum leniore fastigio, Caes. b. c. 2, 24, 3; graecitas (harundinum) leni fastigio tenuatur in cacumina, Plin. 16, 158; 3. of what affects the senses, gentle, smooth, mild, soft, asperum\* hoc est (uinum): aliut lenius sodes uide, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 50; uenena, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 1; sonus, 16, 155; ignis, 21, 122; sol, 21, 111; color lenior, 9, 140; 4. met. first of persons, Opusne leni? Leniorem diceas quam mutunst mare, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 70; Si te tam leni et uicto esse animo ostenderit, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 29; populus R. in hostes lenissimus, Cic. Rose. Am. 154; iacentem lenis in hostem, Hor. c. saec. 52; 5. w. abstract nouns, seruitus, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 4; lenior sententia, Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 2; lenissima postulata, 1, 5, 5; consilium, Hor. od. 3, 4, 41; 6. often of language, lenissima uerba, Cic. fam. 5, 15, 1; tractu orationis leni, or. 2, 54; non semper fortis oratio quaeritur, sed saepe placida summissa lenis, 2, 183; pronuntiatio, Quint. 11, 3, 161; 7. in gramm. l. spiritus soft breathing, non-aspiration as opp. to asper\* sp., Prise. 51, 24 K; 8. w. infin., Non lenis precibus fata reclu-

dere, Hor. od. 1, 24, 17; 9. a cognomen, Suetonius Lenis, Suet. Oth. 10; 10. lene, as adv. in poets w. verbs, gently, lene sonantis aquae, Ov. F. 2, 704; leno spirat, Auien. descr. orb. 857; lene fluens, Nemes. ecl. 4, 47; cliui lene iacentes, Calp. ecl. 7, 25 (see § 2);

11. leniter, gently, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 4; Cic. rep. 6, 12; Caes. b. g. 7, 19, 1; 12. lenius, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 4; Ov. M. 3, 569; lenissime, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 9.

2 **lēnis**, (=ληνος?) is (gender?), a vessel, prob. a winevat; labella lenis, Afran. and Laber. ap. Non. 544, 32.

**lēnitas**, ātis, f. smoothness and so gentleness, firstly in motion, Arar in Rhodanum infuit incredibili lenitate, ita ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; 2. flexibility, softness, lini, Plin. 13, 82; 3. of action on other senses, gentleness, mildness, subdued character, Africa gypso mitigat asperitatem\* (uini), Graecia argilla lenitatem excitat, Plin. 14, 120; l. gustus, 27, 62; mellis, 37, 47; (zmaragdus) in niriidi lenitate lassitudinem mulcens, 27, 63; 4. of style, smoothness, gentleness, orationes ex quibus lenitas eius sine neruis perspicui potest, Cic. Brut. 17; orationis, or. 2, 128; genus orationis cum lenitate proflicus sine hac iudiciali asperitate\*, 2, 64; 5. of the voice, smoothness, sweetness, uocis, Cic. or. 2, 182; 6. of the mind, gentleness, mildness, et eri semper lenitas Verebar quorsum euaderet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4; inepta lenitas Patris et facultas (so all best mss) praua, Ad. 3, 3, 36; in mentibus uel ad iram incitandis nel ad lenitatem reuocandis, Cic. or. 1, 53; non est iam lenitatis locus, Cat. 2, 6; mores uigore ac lenitate mixtissimos, Vell. 2, 98, 3.

**lēnitudo**, inis, f. gentleness, as of character or manner, mira lenitudine Ac suauitate abuudat, Turp. ap. Non. 132, 1; uirorum nimia in istum lenitudine, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 136; 2. of speech, Lenitudo orationis, mollitudo corporis, Pacu. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 46.

1 **lēno**, āre, see lenor.

2 **lēno**, ōnis, m. keeper of a brothel, dealer in women slaves, Leno me peregre militi Macedonico Minis uiginti... uendidit, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 49; uah lēno iniqua me nou uolt loqui, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 33; periurissimum lenonem, Cic. Rose. com. 20; add or. in senatu 12; 2. met., Me lēnōnē placet, Ov. am. 3, 12, 11; lenonibus undis, Pentad. Anth. 246 Meyer; text in Iustin. 2, 3, 8 legationibus prob. right.

**lēnocināmentum**, i, n. = lenocinium, Sidon. ep. 7, 9 med.; ps. Quint. Trib. Mar. 5 med.

**lēnocinātor**, ōris, m. = leno, Tert. Marc. 1, 22 f.

**lēnocinium**, ii, u. the profession of a leno, brothel-keeping, dealing in slave-girls, qneue lenocinium faciet, CIL 206, 123; Quid, ego lēnocinium facio? Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 11; add Merc. 2, 3, 76; utrum l. a grego delicatae iuuentutis an ...petebas? Cic. Mur. 74; cum mulier uiri lenocinio adulterata fuerit, Scaev. dig. 24, 3, 47; add Ulp. 48, 5, 2, 2; 48, 5, 30, 3; 2. met. often even of things, seductive, cupiditatum, Cic. Sest. 138; corporum, N. D. 2, 146; uoluptatis, Sen. dial. 10, 10, 3; non faciem coloribus ac lenociniis poluisti, 12, 16, 4; forma fuit eximia...et omnis lenocinii negligens, Suet. Aug. 79; 3. of lang., nec ullum orationi l. addit, Tac. h. 1, 18; qm non ornamenta quaerimus sed lenocinia, Quint. 8 pr. 26; caret leuociniis expositio, 4, 2, 118; add 12, 1, 30.

**lēnocinor**, āri, vb. r. play the pimp—ouly met., tibi seruiet, tibi lenocinabitur, Cic. in Caecil. 48; gloriae meae, Sen. contr. 1; libro isti nouitas lenocinatur, Plin. ep. 2, 19, 7; add 1, 8, 6.

**lēnōnius**, adj. of a leno or brothel-keeper, seruitus, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 1; fides, Rud. 5, 3, 30; ianuae, As. 1, 3, 88; genus, Cure. 4, 2, 13; lutum, Pers. 3, 3, 2; pueri, CIL fast. Praen. at April 25; domus, Apul. mag. 75; but in 98 read lenonis; 2. lenonie, adv. Lampr. Comm. 15, 4 (al. leuonice).

**lēnor**, āri, vb. r. or lēno, āre, vb. play the pimp, Graecule consueta lenandi callidus arte, Anthol. Meyer, 647, 1; 2. leno, āre, as vb. tr. prostitute, puellas, Anthol. Meyer, 948, 9; filiam suam, Schol. Iuv. 6, 232; 3. lenatus, past part. puellae, Anthol. Meyer, 313, 9.

1 **lens**, lendis, f. a nit, tolluntur adipe canino, Plin. 29, 111; Vnda maris lendes capiti deducit iniquas, Sereu. Samm. 5, 72.



2 **lens** or **lentis**, **lentis**, f. and m.\* a lentil, lentim in rubricoso loco...serito, Cato r. 35, 1; lentim oleo perficatio, 116; **lenti calido\***, Titin. ap. Non. 210, 4; lentim, Varr. ap. Char. 126, 6 K; lentim solo resoluto seri, Colum. 2, 10, 15; Pelusiacae...lentis, Verg. G. 1, 228; **lens optuma**, Plin. 22, 142; add 18, 123; Mart. 13, 9; 2. a water-plant, G. meer-linsen, lentes quae supra aquam natant, Veg. uet. 5, 18; 3. in pl. lentes, Scrib. comp. 114; 4. lentis, as nom. lentis pro lens, Prisc. 341, 22 K.

**lenteo**, ēre, vb. be slow or pliant, hence met., lentet opus, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 397, 26 K.

**lentesco**, ēre, vb. become pliant or flexible, (salix) si minus lenta est, in stercore obruenda est ut lentescat, Colum. 11, 2, 92; 2. become soft, Set picis in morem ad digitos lentescit habendo, Verg. G. 2, 250; cicera... aqua maceratur dum lentescat, Colum. 2, 10, 35; l. ceræ modo, Plin. 37, 185; (succinum) ut in picem lentescit, Tac. G. 45.

**lentiarius**, see **linterarius**.

**lenticūla**, ae, f. dim. a small lentil, ex leguminibus ualentior lenticula quam pisum, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 3 Dar.; ad lenticulae magnitudinem, 6, 6, 1, p. 227, 4, etc.; lenticulae folia, Plin. 25, 135; lenticulam seres solo tenui, Pall. 3, 4; add 7, 3, 1; 2. like a lentil in shape, figura (gemmae) quae uocatur l., Plin. 37, 196; uasa fictilia a similitudine quas lenticulae uocant, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, 31 Dar.; add Isid. or. 20, 7; see too lenticularis; 3. a freckle, paene ineptiae sunt curare lenticulas, Cels. 6, 5; in nare prima ueluti lenticula mox inarescente, Plin. 26, 7; 4. a cognomen? Licinium Lenticulam (al. Denticulam), Cic. Phil. 2, 56 (Λεντικουλον), Dio 45, 47.

**lenticulāris**, e, adj. of a lentil, ampulla olearia lenticulari forma, Apul. flor. 1, 9, p. 36 Hild.

**lenticinōsus**, adj. freckled, uir, Val. M. 1, 7 extr. 6.

**lentigo**, inis, f. dim. a mark like a lentil—hence a freckle, atriplex lentigines gignit, Plin. 20, 219; qui lentigines habent, 28, 188; add 32, 87 and 140; 2. in sing. freckles, faciem lentigine obducit, 29, 73; lentiginem habentibus, 30, 16; add 22, 124; 3. other uses, l. chartae, Plin. 13, 81; stello plenus lentigine, 29, 90.

**lentipēs**, ēdis, adj. slow-footed, Spondaeus illi lentipēs ibat comes, Auson. epist. 21, 40.

**lentiscifer**, a, um, adj. bearing mastich-trees, Ov. M. 15, 713.

**lentiscinus**, adj. of the mastich tree, oleum, Plin. 23, 67; Pall. 2, 20; (resina), Plin. 24, 36.

**lentiscum**, i, n. mastich-oil, oleae in lentisco contusae, Cato r. 7, 4; quoted by Varr. r. 1, 60 and Plin. 15, 21; 2. mastich-wood, esp. as used for toothpicks, lentiscum melius, Mart. 14, 22; 3, 82, 9; 6, 74, 3.

**lentiscus**, i, f. the mastich tree, pistacia lentiscus Linn., lentiscus triplici solita grandescere fetu, Cic. diu. 1, 15; quoted by Plin. 18, 228; lentisci talea, Colum. 5, 10, 20; lentisci seminibus, 12, 49, 1; (lentisci) resina, Plin. 16, 55; (oleum) e lentisco, 15, 28; haedis lentisci cacumina praebenda, Pall. 12, 8; 2. the oil of the tree, mel crudum, ininum lentiscus, Cels. 5, 6; add 4, 27, p. 154, 13 Dar.; see lentiscum.

**lentitia**, ae, f. pliancy, flexibility, uirgas sequacis lentitiae, Plin. 16, 174; see lentitia platano, 16, 210; 2. viscosity, pituitae, 20, 64.

**lentitias**, ei, f. the same, Lentitiam plumbum non exit? Auct. Aetn. 543.

**lentitudo**, inis, f. the same, hence met. pliancy of character (in excess), eam quam lenitatem nos dicimus, uitiosus lentitudinis nomine appellant, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; (non irasci) est nonnunquam etiam lentitudinis, Q. fr. 1, 1, 38; 2. slowness, criminatus Metelli lentitudinem trahentis belum, Vell. 2, 11, 2; lentitudinis eorum pertaesa, Tac. an. 15, 51; mortis, 15, 64; 3. slowness of style, dulness, ceteros eiusdem lentitudinis libros, Tac. dial. 21.

**lento**, āre, vb. make supple or flexible, oleo lentati paratique ad arma, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 3, 384 (susp.); 2. bend—only in poets—as an oar, lentandus remus in unda, Verg. 3, 384; adductos simul Lentare remos, Sen. Agam. 459; exsertus lentandis nauita tonsis, Claud. cons. Mall. 42; or a

bow, arcus, Stat. Ach. 1, 436; Th. 1, 703; cornua, 3, 587;

3. makeslow in action, weaken, uaporem, Sidon. carm. 22, 191; 4. and so postpone, fata Romana, Treb. Poll. Claud. 6, 2.

**lentor**, ōris, m. pliancy, flexibility, rotarum axibus ad quos lentore fraxinus legitur, Plin. 16, 229; 2. of semi-fluids, (cumino) adicitur exiguum picis ut lentorem malagmatis habeat, Colum. 6, 17, 5; (pix) omni lentore misso in puluerem resolutur, 12, 23, 1; lentore ab alia pice differens, Plin. 16, 53; usque ad lentorem subigi, 17, 111; 3. a viscous substance, lentorem resinorum qui ex cortice erumpit, Plin. 13, 54.

**Lentūlitās**, ātis, f. the (honour of) being a Lentulus, a term invented by Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5; cf. Appietas.

**lentulus**, adj. dim. rather slow, existimas illum in illo genere lentulum? Cic. Att. 10, 11, 2; 2. a cognomen, L. Gellio Cn. Lentulo cos., CIL 204, 1, 3; P. Lentulus P. f. imp., 525 on a coin of Apamea; P. (Cornelius) Lentulus Sura, Sal. Cat. 17, 3; 3. the cognomen, says Plin. 18, 10 from the plant lens, comparing Piso and Fabius.

**lentus**, (prob. a part. of lino, i.e. of el-en-o; see lino—meaning oiled, at any rate akin to our lithe; cf. dent-, tooth) adj. supple, flexible, pliant, lithe, uirgae, Pl. As. 3, 2, 29; materies, Mil. 4, 5, 4; Ita istaec nimis lenta umela sunt escaria: Quam magis extendas, tauto astringunt artius, Men. 1, 1, 18; uiburna, Verg. B. 1, 26; uitis, 3, 38; genistae, G. 2, 12; uimen, 4, 34; rami (uitis), 4, 558; Aut leuis ocreas lento ducunt argento, A. 7, 634; braccia, Hor. epod. 15, 6; (salix) si minus lenta est, Colum. 11, 2, 92; materies (terebintho) admodum lenta, Plin. 13, 54;

2. of semifluids, viscous, glutinous, gluten...pice lentius Idae, Verg. G. 4, 41; see lentor; 3. as a thick medium impedes passage, slow, gentle, lento igne, Colum. 12, 42, 2; Plin. 16, 55; lento uapore decoctis malis cotoneis, 24, 129; and met., Lentis macer ignibus, Hor. od. 1, 13, 8;

4. slow, long, tedius, Τευκρῆς illa lentum negotium, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 1; lento duello, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 7; 2, 2, 98; tranquillitatis lentissimae taedio, Sen. ep. 70, 3;

5. of character, slow to act, calm, patient, considerate, in quo ego nimium patiens et lentus existimor, Cic. or. 2, 305; lentus in suo dolore esset, rei publicae iniurias ne largiretur, Tac. an. 3, 70; ignoscendi quaerens causas, non puniendi ocasiones, quod iudicis lentus et considerati est proprium, Amm. 19, 12, 18; 6. slow to act from want of feeling, unfeeling, unconcerned, unmoved, uninterested, scandentem moenia Romanae coloniae Hannibalem lenti spectamus, Liv. 22, 14, 7; Nos patriam fugimus: tu Tityre lentus in umbra... Verg. B. 1, 4; (eum) exanimat lentus spectator, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 178; uellere coepi et pensare manu lentissima braccia, s. 1, 9, 64; Haec est pro miseri lenta salute uiri, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 66; si tu Nostra potes lento pectore ferre mala, Tib. 4, 11, 6; Minasque tumidi lentus Aeacidae tuli, Sen. Tro. 263; add v. 907.

**lēnullus**, (for lenonulus) i, m. dim. a little pimp or brothel-keeper, Pl. Poen. 2, 24; Prisc. 1, 109, 6 as corrected by Keil.

**lēnuncūlārius**, adj. m. as sb. master of a boat (lenunculus), Q. Caecilio Q. l. lenunculario, inscr. Or. 3248; ordo corporatorum lenunculariorum, 4054 and 4104.

1 **lēnun-cūlus**, (leno) i, m. dim. a little pimp or brothel-keeper, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 7; Prisc. 1, 109, 6.

2 **lēnuncūlus**, i, m. dim. a small boat, esp. a fishing boat, pauci lenuneuli ad officium conueniebant, Caes. b. c. 2, 43, 3; 2. in lenuneulo piscan(t)is, Sal. ap. Non. 534, 32 who adds: nauigium piscatorium; add Tac. an. 14, 5; Gell. 10, 25, 5.

1 **leo**, vb. obsol. implied in lēui and de-leo; see lino.

2 **le-o**, ōnis, (cf. le-a and le-s; for suff. cf. pau-on) m. lion, nam cum leone...deluetari malui Quam cum amore, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 3; fraus quasi uulpeculae, nis leonis uidetur, Cic. off. 1, 41; Tum demum mouet arma leo, Verg. 12, 6; 2. leo femina, Plaut. ap. Philarg. ad Verg. B. 2, 63; 3. met., nunc populus est domi leones foras uulpes, Petron. 44; in praetoriis leones, in castris lepores, Sidon. ep. 5, 7 m.; in pace leones, in proelio cerui, Tertul. coron. mil. 1 med.; II 4. a constellation in the Zodiac, limitem



qui est inter Leonem et Cancrum, Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 34; ubi gratior aura Leniat...momenta Leonis, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 15; incipit crescere abundantissime Nilus Leonem sole transiente, Plin. 5, 57; sole primam partem Leonis ingrediente, qui dies xv ante Augustas Kalendas est, 2, 123; **5.** a kind of crab, cancrorum genera carabi, astaci...leones, Plin. 9, 97; leones quorum brachia cancris similia sunt, 32, 149; **6.** os leonis, not leo, the plant snap-dragon, antirrhinum maius Linn. (cf. G. löwen-manl, Fr. moufle de veau), Narcissique comas et hiantis saeva leonis Ora, Colum. poet. 10, 98; Oseit et leo, id. 260; **7.** Leones, the priests of the sun-god Mithra, Tertul. Marc. 1, 13; **8.** a cognomen, P. Valerius Leo, Ascon. in Mil. p. 35; add Emperor Leo.

**leōninus**, adj. of a lion, eadom, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 49; species, Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; adeps, Plin. 24, 165; pellis, 37, 142; **2.** leonina societas, societatem talem coiri non posse, ut alter lucrum tantum, alter damnum sentiret, et hanc societatem leoninam solitum appellare, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 29, 2; cf. E. a lion's share; **II 3.** of the Emperor Leo, lex Leonina, Iustin. C. 1, 3, 50.

**leonticē**, ēs, f. a plant, also called ecalia, Plin. 25, 135.

**leonticus**, adj. of the Leones priests of Mithra, Nonius Victor Olympius et Aurel(ius) Victor Augustinus tradiderunt Leontica, inscr. Or. 2343 and 2345.

**leontios**, ii, m. a gem, like a lion's skin, Plin. 37, 190.

**leontocāron**, i, n. a plant, Apul. herb. 57.

**leontōpētālon**, (lion-leaf) i, n. a plant, also called pardalion, leontice l. Linn., Plin. 27, 96.

**leontōphōnos**, i, m. a little animal, the taste of it fatal to a lion, Plin. 8, 136.

**leontōpōdion**, ii, n. a plant, Plin. 26, 52; Apul. herb. 7.

**leopardinus**, adj. of a leopard, adeps, Marc. emp. 28.

**leopardus**, i, m. a leopard, Lampr. Hel. 21, 1; Vop. Pröb. 19, 7.

**lepas**, see lepas.

**Lēpidānus** or **Lēpidiānus**\*, adj. of Lepidus, bellum Lepidanum, Sal. ap. Arus. Mess.; Lepidianus\* tumultus, Maer. s. 1, 13, 7.

**lēpidillus**, adj. doub. dim. of lepidus, as cognomen, Claudia Lepidilla, inscr. Grut. 726, 1.

**Lēpidinus**, adj. of the Lepidi, as a cognomen, perh. of adoption, Gaius Lepidinus, inscr. Spon. misc. ant. 257; Acilia L. f. Lepidina, inscr. Grut. 343, 3.

**lēpidium**, ii, n. a plant of two kinds, planted and wild, garden-cress, mixed with milk makes oxygala, folia lepidii cum dulei lacte miscent, Colum. 12, 8, 3; cf. 10, 124; and add 11, 3, 16 and 41; 12, 8, 3; Plin. 19, 166; 20, 181.

**lēpidōtis**, is, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 170.

**lēpidūlus**, adj. dim. nice, neat, of style, Mart. Cap. 7, 235 G, 255, 16 Eyss.; saturae, S, 272 G, 299, 12 Eyss.; adv. lepidule in mss of Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 15 but against metre, edd. lepidē.

**lēpidus**, (from a lost lepo=λεπω, peel; cf. lepor; and a peeled stick is very smooth) adj. lit. polished, hence nice, delicate (occurs 164 times in Plautus), of things, Cur in clementer dicis lepidis litteris, Lepidis tabellis, lepida conscriptis manu? Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 25; accipiam te lepidis uictibus, Mil. 3, 1, 144; locus, Bac. 1, 1, 51; unguentum, Cas. 2, 3, 10; dona, Ter. Eun. 4, 3, 9; **2.** of abstracts, oecasio, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 30; dies, Aul. 4, 8, 4; fama, Trin. 2, 2, 98;

**3.** of persons, nice, dear, sweet, darling, lepidus uiuis, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 109; l. senex, Mil. 2, 1, 77; 3, 1, 54; Non potuit (sol) reperire...Lepidiore duas ad hanc rem quam egomet, 3, 1, 209; add Capt. 5, 2, 3; o capitulum lepidissimum, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 25; pater lepidissime, Ad. 5, 7, 13; hi pueri tam lepidi ac delicati...sicas uibrare didicerunt, Cic. Cat. 2, 23; **4.** of style, polished, pretty, neat, uolo te ac tnos amoros Ad caelum lepidio uocare uersu, Catul. 6, 16; quae sunt lepida et concinna cito satietate afficiunt aurium sensum, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 32; Scimus inurbanum lepidio seponere dicto, Hor. A. P. 273; **5.** a cognomen, M. Aemilius M. f. M. n. Lepidus eos., CIL 535 and 536; **II 6.** adv. nicely, ornatus, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 26; Poen. 1, 2, 84; l. stratus lectus, 3, 3, 84; l. ludificari, Cas. 3, 2, 28; Quam lepidē lexeis eompostae, Lucil. ap. Cic. or. 3, 171; **7.** in

answers, Euge, euge, lepidē: laudo commentum tuum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 86; Quid est? Facete, lepidē, laute, nil supra, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 37; **8.** eomp. lepidius, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 88; sup. lepidissime, 3, 3, 66.

**lēpis**, īdis, or lepidā\*, ae, f. a flake of metal, Plin. 34, 107; **2.** as a drug, lepidis unciā unam, Veg. uet. 6, 27, 5; lepidam\*, 6, 28, 8 and 9.

**lēpista**, (λεπιστα) ae, f. a vessel for liquids, genus uasis aquarii, Paul ex F. p. 115; ferunt pulcras creterras, aurcas lepistas, poet. ap. Mar. Vict. 139, S K; lepistae Sabinorum fanis aut fietiles sunt aut aenae, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 24.

**lēpor**, or rather lepos\*, ōris (see lepidus), m. polish, shining surface, nitido capti leuiquo lepore (of metals), Lucr. 5, 1259; Aurea pauonum rident(i) imbuta lepore Saecula, 2, 502; **2.** hence neatness, elegance, delicacy, medio de fonte leporum† Surgit amari aliquid, Lucr. 4, 1133; homo affluens omni lepore ac uenustate, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; scommata sales uocantur omnisquo uitae lepos\*, Plin. 31, 88; **3.** esp. of language, tanta snanitas erat sermonis Latini ut adpareret in eo natium quemdam leporem esse, Nep. Att. 4, 1; expolium orationis genus in quo omnes uerborum illigantur lepores†, Cic. orat. 96; nullum ueteris leporis uestigium apparet, fam. 9, 15, 2; tantus in iocando lepos\*, or. 1, 27; accedat eodem lepos\* quidam facetiaeque, 1, 17; inusitatum nostris oratoribus leporem et salem...consecutus est, 2, 98; facetiarum non scurrilis lepos\*, Brut. 143; **II 4.** Lepos, a cognomen, Hor. s. 2, 6, 72; **5.** note pl.†.

**lēpōrārius**, adj. of hares, hence leporarium, ii, as sb. n. properly a preserve for rearing hares, but applied more generally, a parte quadam l. appellatum, nam neque solum lepores in ea includantur silua, ut olim in iugero agelli, sed etiam eerui aut capreae in iugeribus multis, Varr. r. 3, 12, 1; add 2, pr. 5; 3, 3, 1; **2.** leporaria sc. uitis, a kind of vine, Serv. G. 2, 93.

**lēpōrinus**, adj. of hares, coagulum, Varr. r. 2, 11, 4; Cels. 5, 5; cinis, Plin. 28, 166; lana, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9.

**lēpos**, see lepor.

**lēprae**, arum, f. leprous eruptions, leprosy, alium lepras exulcerat sanatque, Plin. 20, 55; lepidium lepras tollit, 20, 181; **2.** in sing., Iuenc. 1 f.; Serib. eomp. 250.

**lēprōsus**, adj. leprous, suffering from leprosy, uir, Sedul. 4, 191; met., Prud. perist. 2, 285.

**lēpta**, ae, m. a cognomen, Cic. fam. 3, 7, 4.

**leptōmērēs**, m. -ēs, n. adj. made up of small atoms Theod. Priso. diaet. 10.

**leptōmēricus**, adj. the same, subtle, Theod. Prisc. diaet. 10.

**leptōphyllon**, (small-leaved) i, adj. n. as sb. a kind of spurge, Plin. 26, 71.

**lepto-psēphos**, adj. of small stones, Plin. 36, 57.

**leptorrax**, (βαξ a berry) āgis, adj. having small berries, uitis, Plin. 14, 15.

**leptos**, adj. fine, minute, Plin. 25, 68.

**lēpūs**, (for salepus, and so from a secondary vb. saleb-, whence saleb-ra, and by loss of b salio; and that from a stem sal run leap, whence sal-tus a cattle-run; so E. leap, lope of e-lope, inter-lope, G. lanfen aro all decapitated; akin to λαγως, ελαφος, ελαφρος alacer) ōris, m. a hare, I modo uenaro leporem: nunc icem tenes, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 81; add Pers. 3, 3, 31; lepus multum somni adfert qui illum edit, Cato ap. Diom. 362 K; quoted by Plin. 28, 260; latebras ubi lepores interdiu delitescant in uirgultis, Varr. r. 3, 12, 3; lepores ad Alpes candidi, 3, 12, 6; Auritosque sequi lēpōres, Verg. G. 1, 308; **2.** in masc. even of females, Fecundi (so best mss; Bent. w. some, fecundae) lēpōris, Hor. s. 2, 4, 44; lepus solus praeter dasypodem superfetat, Plin. 8, 219; **3.** prov., of one starting a hare and another getting it, Credula si fueris, aliae tua gaudia carpent Et lēpūs hic aliis exagitatū erit, Ov. a. a. 3, 662; aliis leporem excitauit, Petron. 131; **4.** as a term of endearment, Meus pullus, passer mea columba, mi lepus, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 50; or of contempt, Lepus tute pulpamentum quaeris? Hahaehae! Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 34; borrowed from Liv. Andr. says Vopisc. Numer. 13, 5; **II 5.** a poisonous sea-fish, Plin. 9, 155; 32, 7; **6.** a constellation, subterque pedes...



Orionis iacet leupes Lepus, Cic. Arat. 121 (365); add Hygin. 3, 22; Manil. 5, 159.

**lepūs-cūlus**, or lepusculus\*, i, m. dim. a little hare, a leveret, Cic. N. D. 1, 88; hordeum nou nimis ab lepusculis appetitur, Colum. 9, 9 f.; Tantum tu comedas uelim lepusculos\*, Lampr. Sev. 38, 6; **2.** met., pro lepusculis capiebantur patellae, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 47.

**lērta**, n. pl. dim. ornamenta tunicarum aurea, Paul. ex F. 115; cf. *ληροι* the same, in Hesych.

**lessus**, (perh. a variety of fletus) ūs, m. wailing over the dead, Mulier ne lessum funeris ergo habento, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 59, where Cic. adds: Laelius lessum quasi lugubrem euolationem, quod eo magis iudico uerum esse quia lex Solonis id ipsam uetat; in Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 18 MSS lausum not lessum, edd. pausam.

**lētāb-ūlis**, e, adj. deadly, fatal, lues, Amm. 19, 4, 7.

**lētālis**, e, adj. the same, uolnus, Verg. 9, 580; Suet. Caes. 82; ensis, Ov. M. 13, 392; alis demptis letale est, Plin. 11, 118; add 11, 237; **2.** letale, as adv. compl. of a vb., letale minari, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 84; l. furens, Th. 12, 760; **3.** letaliter, Plin. 11, 206.

**lēthargia**? in Plin. 24, 63 Sillig has lethargo.

**lēthargicus**, adj. of lethargy, drowsy, lethargic, somnus, Aug. ep. 48 ad Vinc.; **2.** as sb. one suffering from lethargy, hos (epileptic sufferers) iisdem quibus lethargicos excitare conantur, Cels. 3, 23; Vt lethargicus licet cum fit pugil, Hor. s. 2, 2, 30; ocimum salutare lethargicis, Plin. 20, 121; add 28, 230 etc.

**lēthargus**, adj. forgetful, lethargic, recentes (uuae) morbum lethargum faciunt, Plin. 23, 10; **2.** hence as sb. m. (sc. morbus) overpowering drowsiness, as a disease, lethargo grandi est oppressus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 145; somnone te languidum an graui lethargo putem pressum? S. Sulpic. ap. Quint. 4, 2, 106; inexplugnabilis paene dormiendi necessitas: *Ληθαργον* Graeci nominarunt, Cels. 3, 20, see lethargicus; in lethargum uergentibus, Plin. 32, 116; add 24, 63; **3.** in pl., ocimum lethargos facere, Plin. 20, 119; resoluti sinistro latere lethargos quos fecerit dexter, 28, 116.

**lētūsa**, ae, f. the white poppy, Apul. herb. 53.

**lētifer**, a, um, adj. death-bringing, fatal, certamen, Catul. 64, 394; morbus, Colum. 7, 12, 14; annus, Verg. 3, 139; arcus, Io, 169; letus, Ov. M. 8, 362.

**lētō**, āre, vb. kill, murder—in poets—Quique Lyeurgidem letauit, Ov. Ib. 501; letataque corpora uidit, M. 3, 55.

**lētum**, old loetum (perh. for a lost lītum, dissolution; but see Varro below), i, n. death, si non quibo impetrare, Consciscam loetum (so CD), Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 26; Responde: quo loeto (so CD) censes me ut peream potissimum? Merc. 2, 4, 15; Emortuom ego me mauelim loeto (loetho B 2 m.), Aul. 4, 5, 1; liberi leto dati, Enn. ap. Nou. 15, 12; Obcumbunt multi letum ferroque lapique, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 287 K; leti domus, CIL 1009, 2; leto tacent, ib. 17; Vt sibi consciscant...letum, Lucr. 3, 81; in funeribus indictiuis quo dicitur Ollus leto datus est, quod Gracicus dicit *ληθη*, id est obliuioni, Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 328 Sp.; eodem sibi leto quo ipse interisset esse pereundum, Cic. diu. 1, 56; uide quam turpi leto pereamus, Att. 10, 10, 5; Eripui fateor lētō me et uincola rupi, Verg. 2, 134; **2.** met. Teuerum res eripe leto, Verg. 5, 690.

**lētūb-ūlis**, e, adj. admitting relief, motus, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 7, 71.

**lētūmen**, inis, n. that which relieves, relief, quod si esset aliquod l., id esset in te uuo, Cic. Att. 12, 16; riuus... Dulce uiatori lasso in sudore leuamen, Catul. 68, 64; omnis curae casusque leuamen, Verg. 3, 709; add Prop. 4, 11, 63; Tac. h. 5, 3.

**lētūmentārius**, adj. as sb. m. a lighter employed in unloading ships (nauis leuandae causa quia intrare portum non poterat, as Callist. dig. 14, 2, 4, says), Theod. C. 13, 5, 1.

**lētūmentum**, i, n. that which relieves, relief, consolation, miseriarum, Cic. fin. 5, 53; add Att. 12, 43, 1; Plin. 30, 23; Plin. ep. 8, 19, 1; Tac. an. 4, 66.

**Lētūna**, adj. f. as sb. goddess of childbirth, Aug. C. D. 4, 11.

**lētūatio**, ōnis, f. lifting, onerum, Vitruv. 10, 8, 1; **2.**

met. relief, aegritudinum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 119; uitiorum, fin. 4, 67; periculi, Vell. 2, 130, 5.

**lētūator**, ōris, m. a thief, Petron. 140, wh. see Bücheler.

**leuca** or leuga (Gael. clach, Bret. kalch, a stone), ae, f. lit. a stone to mark a league, hence a league or 1½ miles, exinde (i.e. ab Gallius) non millenis passibus sed leugis itinera metiuntur, Amm. 15, 11, 17; a loco (unde...) adusque uallum barbaricum quarta leuga signabatur et decima, id est, XXI milia passuum, 16, 12, 8; Imp. Caes. Antonino Pio... ab Aq(uis) leug. IIII, inser. Grut. 1078, 7; leuca finitur passibus MD, Isid. or. 15, 16; *λευγη μετρον τι Γαλακτικον* Hesych.

**leucacantha**, (white-thorn) ae, f. or -os\*, i, m. a plant, Plin. 22, 40; 27, 124; 21, 94\*.

**leucacathates**, ae, m. white agate, Plin. 37, 139.

**leucanthemis**, idis, f. a plant, also called anthemis, Plin. 22, 53.

**leucanthemum**, i, n. the same, Plin. 21, 60 and 163; 22, 53.

**leucanthēs**, adj. n. as sb. a plant, Plin. 21, 176.

**leucanthus**, i, m. a plant, Apul. herb. 92.

**leucargillos**, i, m. white clay, Plin. 17, 42.

**leucaspsis**, idis, adj. f. armed with white shields, phalanx, Liv. 44, 41, 2.

**leucē**, ēs, adj. f. as sb. dead-nettle, lanicum maculatum, Plin. 27, 102; **2.** white poplar? Scriv. ad B. 7, 61.

**leucōdron**, i, n. a plant, same as leontopodium, Plin. 26, 52; Apul. herb. 7.

**leucōchrysos**, i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 128 and 172.

**leucōcōmos**, adj. having white leaves, Plin. 13, 113.

**leucōcōsus**, adj. white Coan (wine), Plin. 14, 78.

**leucōgaeus**, adj. of white earth, Plin. 37, 162.

**leucōgrāphis**, idis, f. an unknown plant, Plin. 27, 103.

**leucōgrāphitis**, idis, f. a plant, Plin. 37, 162.

**leuco-ion**, i, n. white violet, Colum. 9, 4, 4; 10, 97;

**2.** a bulbous plant, Plin. 19, 95.

**leucōnōtus**, i, m. S.W. wind, Sen. n. q. 5, 16, 6; Auson. techn. de deis 12.

**leucōphaētus**, quasi-part. dressed in ash-grey, Mart. 1, 97.

**leucōphaeus**, adj. of ash-grey, pannus, Plin. 32, 114; Vitruv. 8, 3, 14.

**leucōphōrum**, adj. n. as sb. a glue for gold-leaf, Plin. 33, 64; 35, 36.

**leucophthalmos**, i, adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 171.

**leucōpis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, Apul. herb. 10.

**leucōpocillos**, adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 171.

**leucos**, adj. white, ardeola (egret), Plin. 10, 164; 11, 140.

**leucrocotta**, ae, m. or f. a wild beast of some kind, Plin. 8, 73.

**leuennam** hominem pro leui appellat Laberius, Gell. 16, 7, 11.

**leuga**, see leuca.

**leuic-ūlus**, adj. dim. light, trifling, Cic. Tusc. 5, 103; Gell. 13, 31, 15.

**leuidensis**, adj. not closely woven, uestis, Isid. or. 19, 22; met., muuisculum leuidense crasso filo, Cic. fam. 9, 12, 2.

**leuifēcit**, *εξουθενησεν*, Gloss. Philox.

**leuifidus**, adj. of light faith, untrustworthy, omnes sunt lenae leuifidae, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 61.

**leuigatio**, ōnis, f. making smooth, Vitruv. 7, 1, 4.

**leuigo**, āre, make smooth, smooth, polish, leuigatnr falce truncus, Plin. 17, 101; hoc ad leuigandam cutem in facie ntuntur, 20, 20; Spiniferas prunos...Leuigat et pulchris uestit adulta comis, Pall. insit. 82; **2.** esp. plaster (walls) with fine cement, parietes tectorio leuigantur ne faeces introire possit, Varr. r. 3, 11, 3; suggestus lapideus... opere tectorio leuigatur, ita ne ascensus laertis praebentur, Colum. 9, 7, 1; add 8, 8, 4; Pall. 1, 24, 1; 1, 38, 2;

**3.** work up (semi-liquids), so as to leave no lumps or grits, see leuis 2 § 5, quae subsederunt diligenter contrita leuigantur, Colum. 12, 42, 2; axungia cum piece leuigata imponitur, 6, 16, 2; galla cum uino leuigata, 7, 5, 12; omnia in uinum leuigata, 9, 13, 5; ut offulae (farinae) oleo leuigentur asperso, Pall. 1, 29, 4; aluum, (loosen) Gell. 4, 11, 4; **4.** leu-



igatus as adj., oleum leuigatus, Macr. s. 7, 12, 30; pulmo leuigatus, 7, 15, 9.

**lēuipēs**, pēdis, adj. light-footed, Aelius ap. Varr. r. 3, 12, 6; Cic. Arat. 121 (365).

**leuir**, iri, m. (= δαίτηρ, δαίτηρος, S. dēvri, Go. tacor) a husband's brother, uiri frater leuir, is apud Graecos δαίτηρ appellatur, Modest. dig. 38, 10, 4, 6; add Non. 557, 8;

**2.** Paul. ex F. p. 115 incorrectly: uxoris meae frater.

**1** **lēuis**, e, (= ελαχυσ, S. laghu, O. E. lick-le, fm. el-ick-le; root el, also virtually seen in the suffixes of oculus, cf. ocellus; οβελος and μεγαλη, E. thimble, mickle, little, G. fessel) adj., leuior quam pluma, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 23; Poen. 3, 6, 17; stipulae, Verg. G. 1, 289 (but lenes w. tiliae, 2, 449 and pharetrae, A. 5, 558 has a long e); **2.** hence light-armed, leuesque sequuntur in hastis, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 5, 37; lenes, qui hastam tantum gaeaque gerent uocabantur, Liv. 8, 8, 5; Prima leues ineunt siquando proelia Parthi, Verg. G. 4, 314; hence l. armatura, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 1; 2, 24, 1; Liv. 21, 55, 2; 22, 18, 2 etc.; **3.** terra leuis, light, as opp. to clayey (pinguis), Verg. G. 2, 92; light, as not pressing on a corpse, placideque quiescas, Terraque securae sit super ossa leuis, Tib. 2, 4, 50; hence S T T L for sit tibi terra leuis, inscr. Or. 159, 4653, 4749; **4.** of food as weighing on the stomach, easy of digestiou, me pascunt oliuae, Me chichorea leuesque maluae, Hor. od. 1, 31, 16; anes quae in aqua degunt leuiore cibum praestant... inter quadrupedes leuissima suilla est, grauissima bnbula, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 15 Dar.; **5.** active, quick, as being light, leuis cursu, Verg. 12, 489; cursu leui Canes elusit, Phaedr. 1, 12, 8; **6.** of the air, as not oppressive, and so healthy, grauiora quae sunt, ea diligenter leuiora facere possumus, Varr. r. 1, 4, 4; in Apulia loca calidiora ac grauiora, in Vesuuio leuiora et ideo salubriora, 1, 6, 3; **7.** other met. as first of physical things, affecting the senses, light, slight, faint, weak, gentle, soft, susurrus, Verg. B. 1, 55; aura, Sil. 15, 162; odores, Sal. ap. Philarg. ad G. 4, 49; somni, Hor. epod. 2, 28; lumen, Val. F. 3, 257; mustum, Pall. 11, 14, 4; **8.** more remotely, leuior labor erit, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 2; noxiae, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 30; quod dolor in longinquitate leuis, in grauitate breuis esse solet, Cic. fin. 1, 40; leuior reprehensio, acad. pr. 102; consules qui illud leui brachio egissent, Att. 4, 16, 6; (hoc), dum atrociora metuebantur, in leui habitum, Tac. h. 2, 21; periculum, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 4; proelium, b. g. 7, 36, 1; opus, Ov. tr. 2, 339; **9.** of persons, as first kindly, gentle, Numquam erit alienis grauis qui suis se concinnat leuem, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 58; **10.** of little weight or authority, and so untrustworthy, nomen imperii etiam in leui persona pertimescit, Cic. agr. 2, 45; auctorem lenem nec satis fidum super tanta re patres raty, Liv. 5, 15, 12; **11.** wanting in the ballast of good sense or principle, and so fickle or unprincipled, and so again, untrustworthy, Quid ais homo Leuior quam pluma, pessume et nequissime, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 23; in parua pecunia perspicuntur quam sint leues, Cic. am. 63; ueniunt leue uulgus euntque, Ov. M. 12, 53; Parua leuis capiunt animos, a. a. 1, 159; **12.** met. of abstract notions, leuiore de causa, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 10; having a weak foundation, mulieres sunt ferme, ut pueri, leui sententia, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 32; leues amicitiae, Cic. am. 100; ut leuem auditionem habeant pro re comperta, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 2; **13.** held in light esteem, of little value or importance, trifling, cui et pecunia leuissima et existimatio sanctissima fuit semper, Cic. Rosc. com. 15; leue et teune hoc nomen? nis cecroo sunt, 4; quod apud omnes leue est, id apud indicem graue esse ducetur? 6; quod inania et leuia conquiras, Planc. 63; **14.** w. iuf., omnes ire leues, Sil. 16, 488; **15.** w. gen., opum leuior, Sil. 2, 102; **16.** leuiter, adv. lightly, armati, Curt. 4, 13; leuius casura pila, Caes. b. c. 3, 92, 2; **17.** slightly, l. aegrotans, Cic. off. 1, 83; inflexum, diu. 1, 30; **18.** easily, quietly, id eo leuius ferendum est quod..., Cic. fam. 4, 3, 2; leuissime feram si..., pron. cons. 47; **19.** mildly, ut leuissime dicam, Cic. Cat. 3, 17; **20.** but in Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 26 and 5, 3, 35, read w. metre, leniter; also in Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3.

**2** **lēuis**, e, not laeuis, e, (= λειος) adj. smooth, polished, brassica opp. to crispa, Cato r. 157; quam lenissimo mar-marato, Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; corpuscula quaedam leuia, alia

aspera, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; leuissima corpora, Lucr. 4, 659; leni de marmore, Verg. B. 7, 31; Leuior assiduo detritis aequore conchis, Ov. M. 13, 792; **2.** esp. as opposed to hairy, fugit retro Leuis iuuentas, Hor. od. 2, 11, 6; leuique patens in pectore uolnus, Verg. 11, 40; leuis umeros, 7, 815; modo leuia fnluae Colla iubae uelant, Ov. M. 10, 698; cum sit uir lenior ipsa, a. a. 3, 437; **3.** leue absol., a smooth surface, Externi ne quid ualeat per leue morari, Hor. s. 2, 7, 87; ut per leue seueros Effundat iunctura ungues, Pers. 1, 64; and met., sectantem leuia nerui Deficiunt, Hor. A. P. 26; **4.** slippery, leui cum sanguine Nisus Labitur, Verg. 5, 328; **II** 5. of semi-liquids, well worked up (subactus) so as to have no grits or lumps, of uniform softness and consistence, leui rimosa cubilia limo Vngue fouens circum, Verg. G. 4, 45; si quod excernitur leue est, Cels. 2, 8, p. 49, 33; acetum intritum consumatur ad omnia quae teri debeant, dum lenia habuerint mellis spissitudinem, Scrib. comp. 201; haec terere donec leuia passi habeant temperamentum, 228; add 204; **6.** see leuitas § 2, aud leuigo § 3.

**lēuisomnus**, adj. lightly-sleeping, Lucr. 5, 864.

**1** **lēuitas**, ātis, f. lightness, l. armorum, Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 4; nec plumas auium papposque nolantis Qui nimia leuitate cadunt plerumque grauatum, Lucr. 3, 387; nulli fruticum l. maior, Plin. 13, 123; **2.** lightness, as aiding velocity, ubi tam uolucri leuitate feruntur, Lucr. 4, 205; add: Quae cum mobiliter summa leuitate feruntur, 4, 745; **3.** met. want of ballast whether of good sense or principle, levity, fickleness, inconstancy, aliquid de populari leuitate deponere, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 6; quid est inconstantia leuitate mobilitate senatui turpius? Phil. 7, 9; at uidete leuitatem hominis, 2, 77; hominibus leuitate Graecis, crudelitate barbaris, Flac. 24; (Galli) mobilitate et leuitate animi nouis imperiis studebant, Caes. b. g. 2, 1, 3; Et tantum constans in leuitate sua (sc. Fortuna), Ov. tr. 5, 8, 18; **4.** emptiness, vanity, worthlessness, nonsense, cuius opiniois l. confutata a Cotta, Cic. N. D. 2, 45; haec plena sunt futilitatis summaeque leuitatis, 2, 70; **5.** the being held in little esteem, leuitatem appellauerunt (ueteres) proinde quasi uilitatem, Gell. 6 (7), 11, 2; **6.** in pl. frivolities, levities, amatoris leuitatibus dediti, Cic. fin. 1, 61.

**2** **lēuitas**, ātis, f. smoothness, polish, speculorum, Cic. Tim. 14; figuram mundi leuitate circumdedit, 6; in ipso tactu esse modum et mollitudinis et leuitatis—things may be too soft, too smooth, or. 3, 99; nec (muudo), ut in uolucrum notamus ouis, leuitate continua lubricum corpus, quod clarissimi auctores dixere, Plin. 2, 7; **2.** fluid condition, (see leuis § 5 and lenigo § 3), intestinorum l., diarrhoea, Cels. 2, 8 bis, p. 46, 17 Dar.; 49, 29; and 4, 23 (16), p. 149, 1; **3.** smoothness (of words), effeminata l., Quint. 8, 3, 6; l. uerborum, 10, 1, 52.

**lēuitōnārium**, adj. n. as sb. dress of an Egyptian monk or Levite, Hieron. pr. Reg. s. Pach. 4; Isid. or. 19.

**lēuitādo**, ūnis, f. smoothness, granorum, Lact. ira D. 10.

**1** **lēuo**, (lēnis), āre, vb. make light, lighten (a load) hence met. lighten, lessen, weaken, impair, O Tite siquid te adiuuero curamue lēuasso...Ecquid erit praemi? Enn. ap. Cic. sen. 1; Leuandum morbum mulieri 'sse uideo, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 57; Tuaeque matri me leuare paupertatem, Epid. 4, 1, 29; Interpede quorum amicitias leuat, Turp. ap. Non. 337, 3; de cespite uirgo Se leuat, Ov. M. 2, 428; quem laborem nobis Attici nostri leuauit labor, Cic. orat. 120; haec tibi ad leuandas molestias magna esso debent, fam. 4, 3, 2; animi curas, Catul. 2, 10; inconstantia leuatur auctoritas, acad. pr. 69; atrocitatem (rei), Quinct. 52; criminationem, inu. 2, 84; suspicionem, Ver. 2, 3, 136; annonam, Mil. 72; Liv. 4, 13, 2; nihil ad leuandas iniurias pertinet, Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 1; (hoc) admixtum lacte inopiam leuabat, 3, 48, 1; Multa fidem promissa leuant, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 10; uarioque uiam sermone leuabat, Verg. 8, 309; sitim (relieve), Ov. tr. 4, 8, 26; famem, her. 14, 96; uim morbi, Liv. 4, 25, 6; fenus, 6, 27, 7; fenebrem rem, 7, 21, 5; aes alienum, 42, 5, 9; non indignitas rerum uinculum leuat



(make it easier to bear), 9, 9, 7; dedecus, 3, 72, 7; ignominiam, 4, 43, 2; leuauit apertis horreis pretia frugum, Tac. an. 2, 59; 2. lighten (the bearer of a load wholly or in part), relieve, w. acc. of person, gen.\* or rather abl. of load, ego hoc to fasce leuabo, Verg. B. 9, 65; (arboribus) putatione leuatis onere, Plin. 17, 246; 3. met., Spes mea, ut me omnium iam laborum\* leuas! Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 27; leua me hoc onere, Cic. fam. 3, 12, 3; miseris perditas ciuitates, 3, 8, 5; sese infamia, Verr. 2, 3, 140; regionem tanta urgente turba, Liv. 21, 26, 7; religione animos, 21, 62, 11; 4. absol., serpentum colla (of her weight), Ov. M. 8, 798; and met., epistola tua me ualde leuauit, Cic. Att. 4, 7, 1; nonnihl me leuant tuae litterae, 11, 8, 1; add 12, 50; leuatum uomitione, Plin. 14, 145; 5. lift, raise, Ter sese attollens cubitoque adnixa leuauit, Verg. 4, 690; gelida membra leuauit humo, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 94; furca leuat...terga suis, M. 8, 647; aqua leuata uento, Liv. 21, 58, 8; saxa...Vadis leuata, Hor. epod. 16, 26; ut apis se leuet sublimius, Colum. 9, 12, 1; ignea ui leuantur in sublime, Plin. 2, 69; in 36, 122 Sillig has lauarentur (but?); leuata manu, Quint. 2, 12, 9; corticem scalpro, Pall. 7, 5, 3 (in grafting); 6. hence lift and remove, arta leuari Vincla iubet, Verg. 2, 146; ab radicibus terram leuabis, Pall. 3, 25, 6.

2. **leuo**, (leuis) are, vb. make smooth, smoothe, polish, cubilla (for peacocks) vectorio leuata, Varr. r. 3, 6, 4; leuato lucida ferro Spicula, Verg. 5, 306; leuat id quod exasperatum est spodium oui album lac, Cels. 5, 13; snummum (ossis exasperatum) radi et leuari satis est, 8, 3 f., p. 332, 33; (talearum) plagae utraque parte falce leuentur, Colum. 5, 9, 3; add arb. 8, 2; 26, 4(3) and 6(7); leuati mensarum orbes, Sen. dial. 12, 11, 6; 2. make (body) smooth by removal of hair, tu elegans, qui leuare corpus potes, Cic. or. in Clod. 5, 1 (p. 94 B); uulsis leuatisque et inustas comas acn comentibus, Quint. 2, 5, 11; 3. met. of style, nimis aspera sano leuabit cultu, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 122; 4. leuatus as adj., faciliora ad coeundum (to congeal) quae leuatiore, Gell. 17, 8, 15.

**leuor**, oris, m. smoothness, leuor leuore creatur, Lucr. 4, 543; spectatur in chartis tenuitas...leuor, Plin. 13, 78; hae cocleae...leuorem corpori adferunt, 30, 127; add 37, 56 (dub.), but in Cic. Tim. 13 f. prob. spur.

**lex**, (prob. from obs. vb. lego = λεγω, I lay, whence lectus, a bed, and pollingo; cf. θεσμος from τιθημι, and E. term, lay down; but Varr. l. 6, 7: leges quae lactae; and Cic. leg. 1, 19: a legendo, nam delectus uim in lege ponimus) ēgis, f. law, lex alearia, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 9; leges diuomque hominumque, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; eiq(ue) omnium rerum siremps lexs esto quaei sei is haace lege (peguniam exegisset), CIL 197, 13; Eius morte ea ad me lege redierunt bona, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 4; ut magistratus leges, ita populo praesent magistratus, Cic. leg. 3, 2; legem promulgasti, tulisti, dom. 70; legem populum R. iussisse de ciuitate tribuenda, Balb. 38; sciuit legem de publicanis, Planc. 35; leges ininste rogatas, Sest. 61; Antonius fixit legem a dictatore comitibus latam qua Siculi ciues Romani, Att. 14, 12, 1; falsas leges Caesaris nomine in aes incidendas curauerit, Phil. 3, 30; l. Acilia, Verr. act. 1, 51; l. Iulia...Pompeia... Aurelia, Phil. 1, 20; 2. hence terms of a treaty or legal engagement, pax data Philippo in has leges est, Liv. 33, 30, 1; oleam faciendam hac lege oportet locare, Cato r. 145, 1; add 146, 1 etc.; 3. hence met., Ego dabo ei talentum, primus qui in cruce excurrerit, Set ea lege ut offigantur bis pedes, bis brachia, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 13; te in pistrinum...dedam..., Ea lege atque omine ut si te inde exemerim, ego pro te molam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 29; homines...ea lege natos, ut omnibus telis fortunae proposita sit uita nostra, Cic. fam. 5, 16, 2; 4. gen. a rule, or prescribed method, a law (met.), difficilior est oratione uti quam uersibus, quod in illis certa quaedam lex est, Cic. orat. 198; qua sidera lege mearent, Ov. M. 15, 71; equi...sine lege ruunt, 2, 204; add 11, 489; grammatica l., Gell. 21 (20), 13, 22.

**lexidium**, ii, n. dim. a word (in contempt), Gell. 18, 7, 3.

**lexipyrretos**, (ληξιπυρετος) adj. fever-checking, curatio, Veg. vet. 3, 26, 1; 2. as sb. f. a febrifuge, Plin. 20, 201; Marc. emp. 16 m.

**lexis**, is, f. a word, Quam lepide lexcis compostae! Lucil. ap. Cic. or. 3, 171 and orat. 149.

**leuculum**, λευκον (for leuaculum), Gloss. Philox.

**libadion**, ii, n. a plant, same as centaurion, Plin. 26, 68.

**libamen**, inis, n. (chiefly in poets) a libation or first offering as of wine\* and aft. of any kind, = ἀραρχαι, Nomine ab auctoris (Bacchi\*) ducunt libamina nomen, Ov. F. 3, 733; setas Ignibus inponit sacris, libamina prima, Verg. 6, 246; Sic fatus pingui cumulat libamine flammam, Val. F. 1, 204; sacri libamina Bacchi\*, 5, 192; cespes libamine umigatus (so Haupt, Herm. 1, 329; mss vary), Apul. flor. 1, 1; 2. more vaguely, raptumque suis libamen ab armis Quisque facit, seu frena libet seu cingula flammis..., Stat. Th. 6, 224; 3. met., libamina famae, Ov. her. 4, 27; see

**libamentum**, i, n. the same, ut libamenta serentur, Cic. leg. 2, 29; dona magnifica quasi libamenta praedarum Delphos misit, rep. 2, 44; oceano libamenta dedit, Iust. 12, 10, 4; Veneri, 18, 5, 4; 2. met., Sen. ep. 84, 5; primitias quasdam et quasi libamenta ingeniarum artium, Gell. praef. 13; hoc breue ex dialectica libamentum, 16, 8, 15.

**libanios**, (λιβανος, incense-tree) adj. as sb. f. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 118.

**libanitis**, ydis, f. a plant, same as polion, Apnl. herb. 57.

**libanochrus**, m. or f. a gem like incense, Plin. 37, 171.

**libanotis**, idis, f. a plant that smells like incense, Plin. 19, 187; 20, 172 and 173; 21, 58.

**libarius**, adj. one who sells liba, Sen. ep. 56, 2.

**libatio**, omis, f. a libation, Cic. harusp. 21.

**libator**, oris, m. one who offers a libation, Numa cenarum l., Fronto fer. Als. ep. 3, p. 226, l. 23 Naber.

**libatorium**, adj. n. as sb. a vessel for libations, Vulg. Macc. 1, 23; Esdr. 3, 2, 13.

**libella**, ae, f. dim. of libra, a small silver coin, worth at first a pound of bronze money, parietes uillae si locet libellis in pedes v, Cato r. 15, 1; Vna libella liber possum fieri, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 8; At ob eam rem mihi libellam pro eo argenti ne duis, Capt. 5, 1, 27; add Ps. 1, 1, 96; 2, 2, 34; 4, 7, 47; equis Volcatio unam libellam dedisset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 26; ms 1000 ad libellam sibi deberi, Rosc. com. 11 (= ad assem); 2. as a fraction a tenth (as being =  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a sesterlius), fecit (heredem) ex libella, me ex teruncio ( $\frac{1}{3}$ ), Cic. Att. 7, 2, 3; Don. ad Phorm. 1, 1, 9 says strangely: unciae unius duodecima pars libella; II 3. a level or theodolite, locus ad libellam aequus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; Et libella aequa si ex parti claudicat hilum, Lucr. 4, 515; libellam (iuuenit) Theodoros Samius, Plin. 7, 187; structuram ad normam et libellam fieri, 36, 172; conlocetur ad libellam amussium, Vitr. 1, 6, 6.

**libellaris**, e, adj. of a book, opus, Sidon. ep. 9, 11 m.

**libellaticus**, adj. one furnished with a libellus from a magistrate stating that he had sacrificed to the gods, Cypr. ep. 55.

**libellensis**, adj. one who has to deal with libelli—hence as sb. n. a clerk of writs or records, C. 7, 62, 32, 4; 12, 19, 14, 1.

**libello**, ouis, m. dim. (of contempt) a book-worm, Varr. ap. Non. 133, 28; De capsula miseri libellionis, Stat. siln. 4, 9, 21.

**libellulus**, i, m. doub. Dim. a little document or book, Mart. Cap. 3, 71 G, 75, 16 Eyss.

**libellus**, i, m. dim. of liber (cf. agellus from ager), thin bark as available for writing, Leuis in aridulo maluae descripta libello, Cinna ap. Isid. or. 6, 12; 2. any writing from a single sheet to a small book, in libello hoc opsignato, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 16; libellum ipsius (Bruti) habeo in quo est: Salamini..., Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5; ut primum agrum proscriptum uidimus, commotus Atticus libellum composuit...Eum libellum Caesari dedi, 16, 16, 4; non illi in libellis laudationem miserunt, sed homines honestissimos hunc praesentes laudare uoluerunt, Clu. 197; sedeo pro tribunali, subnoto libellos, conficio tabulas, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 9; epistolae eius ad Senatam exstant quas primum uidetur ad paginas et formam memorialis libelli couertisse, Suet. Caes. 56; in



libellis signandis Splingē usus est, Aug. 50; **3.** esp. a formal accusation in writing, Vbi tu's qui me conuadatu's Veneris uadimonis, Vbi tu's qui (me of mss I omit) libello Veneris citanisti? Ecce me: Sisto ego tibi me, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 6; accusat Manilia, si rea non est: Componunt ipsae per se formantque libellos, Iuv. 6, 244; libellorum inscriptionis conceptio talis est: Consul et dies. Apud illum praetorem L. Titius professus est se Maecium lege Iulia de adulteris ream deferre, quod..., Paul. dig. 48, 2, 3; **4.** hence of libels, sparsis de se in Curia libellis, id modo censuit cognoscendum posthac de his qui libellos aut carmina ad infamiam cuiuspiam sub alieno nomine edant, Suet. Aug. 55; nullo non damnatorum omne probri genus per libellos ingerente, Tib. 66; **5.** a libellus, one who has charge of papers, Suet. Dom. 14; C. Iul(io) C. fil. Quir. Celso a libellis et censibus, inscr. Or. Henz. 6929; (T. Haterio)... a censibus a libellis, 6947; add inscr. Grut. 587, 7 ad 9; **6.** libelli, as a contemptuous term for books, libellis (Scipionem) palaestraeque operam dare, Liv. 29, 19, 12; Sed gestatio fabulae libelli Campus..., Haec essent loca semper, hi labores, Mart. 5, 20, 8.

**libentia**, older lubentia, ae, f. delight, pleasure, Itaque onustum pectus porto laetitia lubentiaque, Pl. St. 1, 1, 3; cni libentiae gratiaequae omnes conuuiorum incognita sint, Gell. 15, 2, 7—wh. note plural; **2.** goddess of delight, Vt ego illos lubentiores faciam quam Lubentias, Pl. As. 2, 2, 2.

**Libentina**, older Lubentina, ae, adj. f. as sb. goddess of delight, or Venus, ab libendo Venus Libentina, Varr. 1, 6, 6; lucus Veneris Lubentinae, Varr. ap. Non. 64, 14; Lubentina Venus, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; add Aug. C. D. 4, 8.

**1 liber**, libri, m. [for lüber (cf. libet lübet) for golüber fm. g(ol)-ub-o peel; and so akin to λεπω; note too the old form leber given in Quint. 1, 4, 17] bark, tbin bark, salicium suo tempore glubito...librum conseruato, Cato r. 33, (34), 5; taleas oleaginis diligenter traetate ne liber labore, r. 45 (46), 1; caueto nec librum scindas, ib. 2; tum denique maturaee sunt ubi liber sese uertet, ib. 3; obducuntur libro aut cortice trunci, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; moriens alta liber ariet in ulmo, Verg. B. 10, 67, wh. Seruius: liber, corticis pars interior; huc aliena ex arbore germen Includunt udoque docent inolescere libro, G. 2, 77; libro et siluestri subere clausam, A. 11, 554; antequam librum demittat (ulmus), Colum. 5, 6, 12; possunt si iam librum remittunt inseri oleae, 11, 2, 37; add § 41; cf. Isid. orig. 17, 6; **II 2.** in pl. libri, orum, a collection of pieces of bark used for writing, hence a book, esp. l. Sibyllini, the volume of prophecy, ascribed to the Sibyl, gen. libri absol. 'the book' (only one book says Plin. 13, 88), libri per duumuiros sacrorum aditi, Liv. 3, 10, 7; add 10, 47, 6; 21, 62, 6 etc.; quotiens senatus decemuiros ad libros ire iussit, Cic. diu. 1, 97;—also libri augurales, the sacred book of auguries, called libri absol., nos autem (augures) in libris habemus non modo consules a praetore sed ne praetores quidem creari ius esse, Att. 9, 9, 3; litteras ad collegium (augurum) se (Gracchum et consulem et augurem) cum legeret libros recordatum esso uitio sibi tabernaculum captum fuisse, N. D. 2, 11; **3.** so w. utri, utrique in the pl., utros eius habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora an utrosque, nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; **4.** gen. in sing. liber, bri, a book, huius libri (de senectute) confectio, Cic. sen. 2; liber tuus legitur a me diligenter, fam. 6, 5, 1; Demetrii librum de concordia, Att. 8, 12 f.; de agricultura librum, Varr. r. 2, pr. 6; liber Graecae confectus de consulatione Ciceronis, Nep. Att. 18 f.; Vertumnum Ianumque liber spectare uideris, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 1; Hic meret aera liber Sosis, A. P. 345; Parue nec inuideo sine me liber ibis in Vrhem, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 1; add 1, 15; **5.** a volume of a work, a book, quattuor academicis libris, Cic. diu. 2, 1; quinae libris (sc. de finibus), ib. 2; tres libri de natura decorum, ib. 3—wh. note the card. num.—; quorum omnes qui fuerunt libri digesti sunt in centum quadraginta libros, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 44; Vlpianus libro primo regularum, dig. 2, 1, 1; **6.** w. ordinal numbers, liber often om., in tertio de Oratore ita scriptum est, Quint. 9, 1, 26; in T. Liuii primo, 9, 2, 37; **7.** of an Emperor's rescript, dixit petendum ab optimo principe ut

ipse tantis uitis moderetur. Pauci dies et liber principis, Plin. ep. 5, 13 (14), 8; **8.** for legal interpr. of libri, see Ulp. dig. 32, 3, 52.

**2 libër**, era, erum, old form loeber, adj. [for söl-üb-ero-, from solu-o; cf. sol-ub-ili- and ελ-ευθ-ερο- (=ελ-εφθ-ερο-) with exrescent θ; note also usual interchange of oe and u] set loose, free, uncontrolled, unshackled, Liber captiuus auis ferae consimilis est, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 7; lingua etc., Cist. 1, 2, 9; hoc liberiores et solutiores sumus quod integra nobis est iudicandi potestas, Cic. acad. pr. 8; homiuibus Epiroticis paulo liberiores litteras committere nou audeo, Att. 1, 13, 1; Sullam tamen intercessionem liberam reliquisse, Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 3; pabnlatio, b. g. 7, 36, 5; libera muri defendendi facultas, b. c. 2, 11, 3; Liberrima indignatio, Hor. epod. 4, 10; uox, Liv. 35, 32, 6; arbitrium, 31, 11, 17; 37, 1, 5; mandata, 38, 8, 1; **2.** old constr. w. gen. retained by poets, Indoctus...liberque laborum Rusticus, Hor. A. P. 212; libera fati... Lydia, Verg. 10, 154; Spei metusque liber, Sen. Phaedr. 500; libera regum Roma, Lucan. 6, 301; metuendi libera, Sil. 5, 212; **3.** w. ab, Ambitio iam more sanctast, liberast a legibus, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 26; soluti a epnditibus, liberi a delictis, Cic. agr. 1, 27; loca ab arbitris libera, Att. 15, 16 B; soluti ac liberi ab omni sumptu molestia munere, Verr. 2, 4, 23; ab obseruando homine peruerso liber, Att. 1, 13, 2; add acad. pr. 123; Liberaque a ferro crura, Ov. Pont. 1, 6, 32; **4.** w. abl. alone, excelsus auimus omni est liber cura et angore, Cic. fin. 1, 49; nestrae domus maxima ex parte sunt liberae religione, harusp. 11; haud liber crat religione animus, Liv. 2, 36, 3; omni liber metu, 7, 34, 5; et liber nubibus aether, Lucan. 3, 522; **5.** w. gen., in respect of, uos nouisse... meus pater Quam liber harum rerum...siet, Pl. Amph. pr. 105; reuertendi l., Ov. her. 1, 80; liberior campi, Stat. silu. 4, 2, 24; **6.** of status, free as opposed to seruos, Me qui liber fueram seruum fecit, e summo infumum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 55; iure ciuili qui est matre libera, liber est, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; omnes homines aut liberi sunt aut serui, Gai. 1, 9; fidem dare...liberos eos ac suis legibus uicturos, Liv. 25, 23, 4; praeda omnis praeter libera corpora militi concessa est, 6, 13, 6; **7.** liberae aedes, free quarters for a foreigner of note, as an ambassador, Liv. 30, 17, 14; 35, 23, 11; **II 8.** liberi, the children in a house as opp. to the slaves in the familia, liberi quid agunt mei Quos reliqui hic, filium atque filiam? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 67; uagamur egentes cum coniugibus et liberis, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 3; Neque tu (e)unquam in gremium extollas liberorum\* ex te genus, poet. ap. Cic. orat. 155; **9.** still used, where there is but one child, non est sino liberis cui uel unus filius unaue filia est, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 148; quid ego (de te con)merui adulescens mali, Quam-obrem ita faceres, inique meoque perditum ire liberis? Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 6 (Euclio of his only daughter); licitum est tibi generum deligere cuius fidei liberis tuos te tuto committere putares, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 3 (referring to Tullia); tu cum habitus sis in liberum loco, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 40; si sine liberis, uo pluribus morieris, Scaev. dig. 31, 89, 5; **10.** used of grandchildren and so on, liberi usque ad trincp(ot)em; ultra hos posteriores nocaatur, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 7; liberorum\* appellatione nepotes et pronepotes ceterique qui ex his descendunt continentur, Callist. 50, 16, 220; add 28, 3, 48; filiis uel nepotibus nel ceteris liberis, Gai. dig. 26, 2, 1, 1; **11.** ius trium liberorum under the lex Papia Poppaea (aft. quattuor, quinque, according to circumstances), a privilege granted at times by Emperors to those who had not so many, which excused from many duties, Gai. 3, 44 and 46; ab optimo principe (Voconio) trium liberorum\* ius impetraui, Plin. ep. 2, 13, 8; iura trium liberorum nix nni atque alteri (dedit), Suet. Galb. 14; dissimulata uacatione quam beneficio liberorum habebat, Claud. 15; cf. Mart. 3, 95, 6; L. Appuleio Brasidac habenti iur lib. ius dat. ab Imp., inscr. Donat. 456, 13; Corneliae Zosimae habenti ius iur liber(um) beneficio Caesaris, inscr. Grut. 631, 2; add 1081, 1\*; **12.** met., Tum lanii autem qui conciuant liberis orbas ouis, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 38; **13.** liber in sing. rare, si uoluerit liberum summ legitimum recuperare, fr. Vatic. 34; si quis...portionem libero relinquat, Iust. C. 3, 28, 33; add 5, 9, 8; **14.** liberum in



gen. pl. preferred in Cicero's day (orat. 155); but liberorum found in old and other writings, as \*; **15.** adv. libere, freely, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 4; Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 8; Cic. Att. 4, 16, 9; liberins, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 25; Cic. Planc. 33.

**3 Liber**, (prob. one w. the adj.); cf. play on the two words in Capt. 3, 4, 46) *lī*, m. the god of wine, Bacchus, inuocabo Cererem et Liberum quod horum fructus maxime necessarii ad uictum, Varr. r. 1, 1, 5; add 1, 2, 19; eum quem nostri maiores Liberum cum Cerere et Libera consecraverunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 62; Romulus et Liber pater et cum Castore Pollux, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 5; **2.** as symbol for wine, Florem anc(u)labant Liberi ex carchesiis, Liv. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 11; Vtrum, fontine an Libero Imperium te inhibere mauis? Pl. St. 5, 4, 17; salue...lepos Liberi, Curc. 1, 2, 3; sine Cerere et Libero friget Venus, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 6; cum fruges Cererem appellamus, unum Liberum, Cic. N. D. 2, 60; aperit praecordia Liber, Hor. s. 1, 4, 89.

**Libēra**, ae, f. sister of Liber, ludos Cereri Libero Liberaeque faciundos, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 36; add Liv. 33, 25, 3; 41, 28, 2.

**1 Libērālis**, e, adj. of a free man or woman, not a slave, of a gentleman or lady, gentlemanlike, ladylike, ingenuous, Maioreque opera ibi seruilis nuptiae quam liberales etiam curari solent, Pl. Cas. pr. 74; pulcer est...et liberalis, Mil. 1, 1, 64; ingenium, Capt. 2, 3, 59; Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 50; mulier, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 52; Quia forma lepidā et liberali captiuam adulescentulam De praeda mercatust, Epid. 1, 1, 41; add Mil. 4, 1, 20; Pers. 1, 3, 50; coniugium, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 29; huic facinori tua mens liberalis conscia esse non debuit, Cic. Cael. 52; artes, inu. 1, 35; **2.** generous, liberal, first as to money, etiam ante quam locuples liberalissimus fuit, Cic. Rosc. com. 22; laudis auidi, pecuniae liberales, Sal. Cat. 7, 6; liberales ex sociorum fortunis, 52, 12; **3.** as to other things, responsum, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 4; uerba, Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 487, 5; **4.** worthy of a gentleman as sufficiently copious, abundant, liberal, largo et liberali uiatico, Cic. Flac. 14; **5.** the same of diet, generous, potio, Cels. 3, 6, p. 87, 38 Dar.; liberalius alimentum, 8, 10, 7; **II 6.** legal use, concerning the liberty of one alleged to be a slave, as first caussa, si quisquam hanc liberali Caussa manu adsereret, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 4; add Poen. 4, 2, 83; 5, 2, 142; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 40; Paul. dig. 42, 1, 36; **7.** the same, caussa understood, Si quisquam hanc liberali (sc. caussa) adseruisset manu, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 68; add 5, 3, 31; Poen. 4, 2, 84; **8.** w. other words, contra quem iudicio liberali aderat, Quint. 6, 3, 32; post ordinatum liberale iudicium, Gal. dig. 40, 12, 25, 2; Ulp. 43, 16, 1, 21; add 48, 18, 12; negotium, Th. C. 6, 4, 16; **III 9.** adv. liberaliter, Vt lepidē, ut liberalitē ut honeste atque haut grauate, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 77 (wh. note the final ē); add Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 11; Cic. fin. 3, 57; Caes. b. c. 3, 61, 1; **10.** comp., Varr. r. 1, 17, 7; Cic. Att. 16, 6, 1; **11.** sup., Cic. Att. 5, 13, 2.

**2 Libērālis**, e, adj. of the god Liber, Libera lingua loquimur ludis Liberalibus, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 116; sacra, Macr. s. 1, 18, 22; **2.** Liberalia, n. pl. as sb. the festival of Liber, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 196 Sp.; Cic. fam. 12, 25, 1; Att. 14, 10, 1; Macr. s. 1, 4, 15 (where the gen. Liberalium and Liberaliorum occur); **3.** kept on xv kal. Apr. acc. to Ov. F. 3, 713; so on that day: D. Lib. N. P, fast. Maff.; (i) b. Agon. N. P, fast. Vatic.; D. Liber., fast. Farnes.

**Libērālitās**, ātis, f. the being generous, generosity, liberality, liberalitate liberos Retinere satius esse credo quam metu, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 32; add Cic. off. 1, 20 and 43; or. 2, 105 etc.; **2.** a largess, decuma parte liberalitatis apud quaeque relicta, Tac. h. 1, 20; reuocatas liberalitates (note the pl.) eius, Suet. Claud. 29; una modo liberalitate, Tib. 46; (Horatium) una et altera liberalitate locupletauit, uit. Hor.; Ant. Aug. lib., i. e. Antonini Augusti liberalitas, on a corn ticket, inscr. Or. 3360; posteros suos praestitit hac liberalitate securos, inser. Grut. 10, 6; **3.** the same personified, Liberalitas Aug. pont. max., on a coin of Hadrian, Eckhel 6, 477 w. a figure; add 6, 304, 305.

**Libērālitēr**, see liberalis.

**Libērātio**, ōnis, f. setting free, delivery, release, Cic. Pis. 87; culpae, Lig. 1; molestiae, fin. 1, 37; una

acceptatio et liberatio fieri potest, Florent. dig. 46, 4, 18; add Papin. 46, 3, 96, 2.

**Libērātor**, ōris, m. one who sets free, deliverer, liberator, scortorum, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 14; patriae, Cic. Phil. 1, 6; urbis, Liv. 1, 60, 2; add 6, 14, 5; Ioui liberatori, Tac. an. 15, 64; 16, 35.

**Libērātrix**, icis, f. the same, L. Clodi Maeri liberatrix S. C., coin in Eckhel 6, 288.

**Libēro**, āre, vb. set free, deliver, relieve, liberate, ut quorum linguae sic inhaerent ut loqui non possent, eae scalpello resectae liberarentur, Cic. diu. 1, 96; **2.** esp. of slaves, Di pol me faciant quod uelint, ni ob istam orationem Te liberasso denuo, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 66; si quis apud nos seruisset, seseque liberasset, Cic. or. 1, 182; seruos liberauerunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 3; **3.** w. abl., Quin tu labore liberas te atque istam inponis in me? Pl. As. 3, 3, 69; peste, Ps. 1, 2, 70; hoc me libera metu, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 14; animum corpore liberatum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 51; eum omni suspicione, fam. 1, 2, 3; me sollicitudine, Att. 6, 1, 10; Vbios obsidione, Caes. b. g. 4, 19, 4; periculo, b. c. 3, 83, 4; oculos tanti memoria decoris, Liv. 6, 20, 10; religione mentes, 27, 37, 5; **4.** w. gen., taciti eius uerecundiam non tulit senatus quin sine mora uoti liberaretur, Liv. 5, 28, 1; senatus nec liberatit eius culpae regem neque arguit, 41, 19, 6; ut pecuniae ouis nomine obligatus erit liberetur, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 29, 1; add 21, 1, 25, 9; quo enrae et tntelae liberetur, 32, 50, 2; **5.** w. ab, or even ex, ab omni erratione, Cic. Tim. 6; a quartana, Att. 10, 15, 4; but a scelere in Marc. 13 dub.; ex his incommodis, Verr. 2, 5, 23; **6.** w. acc. of the evil, get rid of, remove, ad Capuae liberandum obsidionem, Liv. 26, 8, 5; ea res impensam liberet, Colum. 3, 3, 11; **7.** phrases, l. fidem, by performance of the engagement, Fufis satis facit et fidem suam liberat, Cic. Flac. 47; quum obligatam aerario fidem liberare non posset, Suet. Claud. 9; **8.** l. promissa, may mean: to annul by authority as a judge, quae quidem promissa iure praetorio liberantur, Cic. off. 1, 32; **9.** flumen etc., (see § 6) get rid of it as a difficulty by crossing it, clear it, eum unam spem salutis haberet, si flumen liberasset, Front. strat. 1, 5, 3; add 4, 7, 28; Moerus liberato flumine carnificem consequitur, Hyg. fab. 257; ire extra casam coepi, necdum liberaueram limen, cum animaduerto..., Petron. 136, unwisely changed by cj. to superaueram.

**Liberta**, see libertus.

**Libertas**, ātis, f. freedom, liberty, as first of status, nuno quando patriam et libertatem perdidit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 50; seruo Q. Crotonis libertas data est, Cic. Rab. perd. 31; seruo spe libertatis persuadet, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 3; **2.** freedom of a state, aut exigendi reges non fuerunt aut plebi re non uerbo danda libertas, Cic. leg. 3, 25; aliae nationes seruitutem pati possunt, populi Romani est propria libertas, Phil. 6, 19; de recuperanda communi libertate, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 6; **3.** gen., quid est libertas? Potestas uinendi ut uelis, Cic. parad. 34; dat tabella eam libertatem ut quod uelint faciant, promittant autem quod rogentur, Planc. 16; Det libertatem fandi, Verg. 11, 346; **4.** in law, freedom of real property from seruitutes (seruitutes), aedium, Paul. dig. 8, 6, 18, 2; haec iura...ita (pereunt) si uicinus simul libertatem usucapiat, Gai. 8, 2, 6; libertas seruitutis usucapiatur si aedes possideantur, Iulian. 8, 2, 32, 1; **5.** esp. freedom of speech, multa cum libertate notabant, Hor. s. 1, 4, 5; uera de exitu eius magna cum libertate ominata est, Vell. 2, 72, 2; miseratus tanti uiri non culpae sed libertatis poenas pendentis, Iustin. 15, 3, 6; **6.** w. inf. in poets, Sit modo libertas quae uelit ira loqui, Prop. 1, 1, 28; Nec mihi libertas imis freta tollere harenis, Val. F. 1, 601; **7.** in pl., Non tribus conduci possum libertatibus Quin...comparem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 68; in libertatibus dandis, Gai. 2, 228; fideicommissaria libertates, Ulp. dig. 38, 1, 13, 1; **8.** as a goddess, Edepol Libertas lepidā's, quae..., Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 5; Concordiae Libertatis Victoriae (templā), Cic. N. D. 2, 61; in aede Libertatis, Liv. 24, 16, 19; Libertatis atrio, Tac. h. 1, 31; Libertatis Aug. signum cum sua basi C. Fabius C. f. Quir. Fabianus, inscr. Or. 1816.



**libertinitas**, atis, f. the status of a libertinus, Paul. dig. 4, 8, 32, 7; Ulp. 22, 3, 14; 40, 16, 2, 3.

**libertinus**, adj. [libertus] of the class liberti—thus Tiro for example was libertus Ciceronis, and so his status was that of libertinus, wh. is thus opposed to seruus and ingenuus, Ego sum tibi patronus plane qui huic pro te argentum dedi. Sed ita pars libertinorumst; nisi patrono..., Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 58; P. Trebonius complures fecit heredes, in his suum libertum...de sella uir optimus dixit: Equiti Romano libertinus homo sit heres? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 123, 124; ut me libertino patre natum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 6; mille socii nauales ciues Romani libertini ordinis scribi iussi, Liv. 43, 12, 9; nec ingenui modo, sed libertini (etiam) eenturiati, 10, 21, 4; in bonis libertinorum nullam incuriam antiquo iure patebantur patroni, Gai. 3, 43; si in libertinum animaduersum erit, patronis eius eripiendum non est, Flor. dig. 38, 2, 28; 2. (Appius Claudius) senatum primus libertinorum filiis lectis inquinauerat, Liv. 9, 46, 10; add Tac. an. 11, 24; Suet. Claud. 24—wh. is misrepresented by Anr. Vict. c. 34: App. Claudius Caecus libertinos quoque in senatum legit; and Suet. l. c. is inexact when he says: temporibus Appii libertinos dietos non ipsos qui manumitterentur sed ingenuos ex his procreatos.

**libertus** and **liberta**, (old leib. \*) part. of a lost vb., made free, as sb. m. and f. a freedman and freedwoman, tibi seruire maueim Multo quam alii libertus esse, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 47; ad meum libertum Cordalum, Capt. 3, 5, 77; magis decorumst Libertum potius quam patronum onus in uia portare, As. 3, 3, 100; Liberteis hisce (both nom.) fecere patrono Q. Oui(o) Q. l. Burg., CIL 1553; Sex. Gegan(ius) Sex. f. sibi et suis liberteis, 1056; C. Hostius C. l. Pamphilus medius...sibi...et liberteis et libertabus (note form), 1059; memor q(ui) fuit et feili sui et libertae suae, 623; optumo leiberto\*, 1086; Agonis quaedam liberta Veneris Erycinae, Cic. Caecil. 55; fei ex seruo ut esses libertus mihi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 10; Cossinii domus me diligit inprimisque libertus eius L. Cossinius Anchialus, homo patrono probatissimus, Cic. fam. 13, 23, 1; at hunc liberta securi Diuisti amicum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 99; 2. oft. shortened to l. as in † above; add L. L. P. E. for libertis libertabus posteris eorum, inscr. Or. 4389.

**libet**, older form **libēt**, lübēre, libuit, lübuit or lübītum est, vb. impers. [for uol-ub-et from vb. uol- wish, and so one with uolup- of uolupe and uoluptas] it likes (me), (I) choose, (I) please, as our old language had it (instead of I like as now), Imus huc, hinc illuc (so Ribb., libri illuc hinc); cum illuo uentumst, ire illine lubet, Enn. trag. 189 R; Quor id ausu's facere? Lubuit, mea fuit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 114; si quid te uolam, Vbi eris? Vbi quomq libuitum erit animo meo, As. 1, 1, 97; Quodquomque ei lubere accidit, posse retur, Amph. 1, 1, 17; Atqui iam dabitur. Vt lubet, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 16; Ne ego illos uelintantis ausulto lubens, Afran. 306 R; quidquid luberet faceremus, Cato orig. 23, 10 Iord.; sin et poterit Naeuius quod lubet et ei lubebit quod non licet, quid agendum est? Cic. Quinct. 94; cui facile persuasi mihi id quod rogaret ne licere quidem, non modo non lubere, Att. 14, 19, 4; 2. in the pl., cetera quae cuique libuissent dilargitus est, Suet. Caes. 20; 3. libens (lubens), pleased, approving, quare lubens te in gremio Scipio recip(i)t, CIL 33; Cape atque serua, me lubente feceris, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 47; res nostras quae tam lubenti senatu laudarentur, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 3; 4. happy, joyous, Inde ego omnis hilaros lubentis laetificantis faciam ut fiant, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 8; Vt ego illos lubentiores faciam quam Lubentias, As. 2, 2, 2; Hilarum ac lubentem fac te gnati in nuptiis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 38; 5. in offering of religious thanks and performance of vows lubens is often expressed, Neptuno Laetus lubens landes ago et gratas gratiasque habeo, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 2; Suleuis sacrum L. Aurelius...notum soluit laetus libens, inscr. Or. 2101; 6. often abbreviated, as lubs, CIL 183; libis, 182; lub, 1469; and l. alone, 166 and inscr. Or. 1411; 7. also lubens with pl. vb., Soli Ti. Claudius et Claudia...notum soluerunt libens merito, inscr. Or. 1924; P. Cornelius et Lania coniux eius uotum libens

soluerunt, inser. Grut. 41, 7; 8. libenter (lub.) adv., Iampridem ceastor frigida non laui magis lubenter, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 1; cenare libenter, Cato r. 156; adiurans nnsquam se unquam libentius (sc. cenasse), Cic. fam. 9, 19, 1; cui ego lubentissime commodabo, Cic. ap. Non. 275; 9. libitum, i, as sb. n., only in pl., sua ipsa libita uelut in captos exercebant, Tac. an. 6, 7 f.; add 12, 6; 14, 2 f.; Tertul. idol. 4 med.; 10. cf. G. lieb-en, Lith. lub-iti.

**libidinās**, (old. lub. \*) atis = libido, Laber. \* ap. Non. 491, 4.

**libidinor**, āri, vb. r. give way to lust, Mart. 7, 67, 13; Suet. Nero 28.

**libidinōsus**, (lub.) adj. wilful, ever ready to gratify a wish, (Fortuna) uaria et libidinosa domina et poenis et muneribus errabit, Sen. dial. 6, 10, 6; eloquentia—regardless of reason, wild, Quint. 5, 12, 20; 2. esp. in re Venerea, lustful, nihil libidiniosus (quam Piso), Cic. Pis. 66; hominem libidiniosissimum, Verr. 2, 2, 192; l. caper, Hor. epod. 10, 23; libidinosus congeniti pili maturius defluunt, Plin. 11, 231; libidiniosus hirtos, 11, 229; libidiniosior es quam ullus spado, anon. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 64.

**libido**, older lübido, inis, f. desire, lust (often without reference to reason), caprice, pleasure, Egon dem pignus tecum? Audacter si libidose perdere, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 6; Est libido orationem audire duorum adfinium, Trin. 3, 1, 25; Fac sis frugi. Iam non possum: a mis omnem libidinem, Mil. 4, 8, 50; l. nauseae, Cato r. 156, 4; quare quod cuique libido Venerit, extemplo mens cogitet eius id ipsum, Lucr. 4, 779; quod positum est in alterius uoluntate, ne dicam libidine, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 3; iracundia ulciscendi libido, Tusc. 3, 11; uoluntas est quae quid cum ratione desiderat; quae autem a ratione auersa, incitata est uehementius, ea libido est uel cupiditas effrenata, 4, 12; ad libidinem, at the pleasure or caprice (of), fin. 1, 19; Rose. Am. 141; Font. 36; Liv. 25, 21, 5; (Fortuna) res cunctas ex libidine magis quam ex uero celebrat obscurate, Sal. Cat. 8, 1; omnibus modis pecuniam trahunt, tamen summa libidine diuitias uincere nequeunt, 20, 12; l. dominandi, 2, 2; quaeunque libido est Incedo solus, Hor. s. 1, 6, 111; 2. esp. in re Venerea, cum partim eius praedae profundae libidines deuorassent, Cic. Pis. 48; libidinis suae administros, Verr. 2, 3, 76; sic inflammata ferri libidine ut eam non pudor non...a cupiditate reuocaret, Clu. 12; flagrans amor et libido, Hor. od. 1, 25, 13; 3. libidines, lascivious pictures etc., quis non frangeret illorum libidines? Cic. leg. 3, 31; in poculis libidines caelare inuit ac per obscenitates bibere, Plin. 33, 4; pinxit libidines (Parrasius), 35, 72.

**Libitina**, (implies a sb. libita, love, cf. for sulfix uita for uiuita) ae, adj. as sb. f. goddess of love, Venus, Λιβιτινα..., ὡς οὐ λογισται Ρωμαίων ὑπολαβισανουσιν, Αφροδιτην, Plut. Numa 12; add Q. Rom. n. 23; Dion. Hal. 4, 79; 2. but the temple of Venus L., prob. on grounds of decency, was diverted from its original object to a public office of burials, see Plut. as above; hence: pestilentia tanta ut Libitina funeribus uix sufficeret, Liv. 40, 19, 3; ne liberorum quidem funeribus L. sufficiebat, 41, 21, 6; multaque pars mei Vita-bit Libitina, Hor. od. 3, 30, 7; Autumnusque grauis Libitinae quaestus acerbae, s. 2, 6, 19; si Libitinam euaserit aeger, Iuv. 12, 122; add Phaedr. 4, 20, 26; 3. a bier, Dum leuis arsura struitur Libitina papyro, Mart. 10, 97, 1; called lectus Libitinae in ps. Aseon. arg. Mil.; add perh. Plin. 37, 45; 4. neque quis quei praeconium dissignationem libitinae faciet—be an undertaker by trade—CIL 206, 94 and 104.

**libitinārius**, adj. as sb. m. an undertaker, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 4; Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 8.

**libitinensis**, e, adj. of Libitina, porta, Lampr. Comm. 16, 7, gate prob. of an amphitheatre through which the corpses of gladiators were carried out.

**libitum**, see libet.

**libitus**, ūs, in. will, pleasure, pro suo libitu, Cod. de testam. 6, 23, 22.

1 **libo**, (λειβω) āre, vb. pour, esp. a libation of wine or other liquid to the gods, Hic duo rite mero libans carchesia Baccho Fundit humi, Verg. 5, 77; in mensam laticium libauit honorem, 1, 736; Et petere e uiuis libandas fontibus



undas, Ov. M. 3, 27; **2.** besprinkle, w. abl. of means, paterisque altaria libant, Verg. 12, 174; **3.** of other materials, certasque fruges certasque bacas libanto certis sacrificiis, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 19; Primitias frugum Cereri, Ov. M. 8, 274; Exta canum Trinia, F. 1, 389; uiscera ouis, 1, 588; tura, Pont. 4, 8, 40; uam, Tib. 1, 10, 21; **4.** met., lacrimas Celso libamur adempto, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 41; carmen...aris, Prop. 4, 6, 7; **5.** sip (a liquid), take a taste of, (apes) flumina libavit Summa leues, Verg. G. 4, 54; nulla neque amnem Libavit quadrupes, B. 5, 26; **6.** of other food, pullus equi qui gramine, matre relicta, Nunc primum teneris libavit dentibus, Calp. ecl. 6, 51; **7.** met. take a sip of, Oculi libavit natae, Verg. 1, 256; cf. delibare oscula of A. 12, 434; Suet. Ang. 94; Ergo terra tibi libatur et aneta recrescit, Lucr. 5, 260; add 5, 568; **8.** met. of abstracts, ex uariis ingenis excellentissima quaeque libauimus, Cic. inu. 2, 4; multa legendo percurrisse..., ut aliena libasse, or. 1, 218; ex aliorum laudibus libare laudem, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 5.

**2 Libo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, Q. Marc(ius) Libo, on a denar., CIL 289; L. Lucretius L. 1. Libo, 1063, 5; C. Scribonius Libo, whence puteal. Scribon. Libo on a gold coin, Eckhel 5, 301; putealquē Libōnis, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 8; exaequat turbā Libōnes, Prop. 4, 11, 31; uita spoliassē Libōnem, Sil. 5, 411.

**Libōniānus**, adj. of Libo, ex sententia S. Cti Liboniani tutor non erit qui..., Papin. dig. 26, 2, 29; add title of dig. 48, 10.

**Libra**, (akin to E. level, and prob. for lēibra leibra and so akin to lēuis, λείος; cf. for suff. tenebrae, terebra) ae, f. a level, pari libra cum aequore maris, Colum. 8, 17, 4, and soou: aquae iacentis infra libram maris; aquae ducentae causa supra infrae libram, inscr. Or. 6428 (bis); **2.** a levelling instrument, libratu libris aquarius, Vitr. 8, 6, 1;

**3.** a weighing machine, a pair of scales or balance, libra illa Critolai qui cum in alteram lancem animi bona imponat, in alteram corporis et externa tantum propendere illam putet ut..., Cic. Tusc. 5, 51; Scis etenim iustum gemina suspendere lance Ancipitis librae, Pers. 4, 10; add Plin. 10, 98; met., animi cunctantis libra, Claud. laud. Stil. 1, 75; **4.** as used in law of money-dealings, eventually as a mere form, the parties pretending to weigh the money, nexum quod per libram agitur, Cic. or. 3, 159; species imaginariae solutionis per aes et libram, Gai. 3, 173; is mihi emptus est hoc aere aeneaque libra, 1, 119; testamentum per aes et libram, 2, 102; add 2, 104; tamquam in proinctu testamentum faceret sine libra, Cic. or. 1, 228; rem creditori soluit libraque et aere liberatum emittit, Liv. 6, 14, 5;

**5.** the sign of the Zodiac, Libra die somnique pares ubi fecerit horas, Verg. G. 1, 208; in Libra quae rursus aequat noctem diei, Maer. somn. Sc. 1, 18, 17; **6.** by some made the claws of the Scorpion, Libram id est Scorpil chelas, id. 13; cum...coeperunt surgere chelae...aequato sub pondere librae..., Manil. 4, 549; cf. Verg. G. 1, 33; Ov. M. 2, 195; **7.** a pound in weight, libras farris endo dies dabit, XII tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 45; Eo lasarpici libram pondo diluont, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 27; libram pondo as ualebat, Varr. 1, 5, 36, p. 174 Sp.; coronam auream libram pondo, Liv. 3, 29, 3; 4, 20, 4; calami pondo libram, casiae selibram, Colum. 12, 20, 5; (nulli) binas libras ponderis raro exsuperant, Plin. 9, 64; attilus (piscis) pinguescens ad mille libras, 9, 44; **8.** hence Fr. livre, It. lira.

**Librālis**, e, adj. of a pound, offae, Colum. 6, 2, 7; copied by Pall. 4, 12, 3; pondus, Plin. 19, 34.

**Librāmen**, inis, n. a balance, met., iudicii, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 13 in.; but in Liv. 42, 65, 10 an interpolation.

**Librāmentum**, i, n. a balance, a weight serving as a balance, plumbi, Liv. 38, 5, 4; 42, 63, 4; ui nincla ac libramenta tormento absidissent, Tac. h. 3, 23; **2.** level, uiam ad l. proprium redigere, Ulp. dig. 43, 11, 1, 1; puteos fodiemus nsque ad aquae l., Pall. 9, 9, 2; inferiore labro demisso ad librāmentum aquae..., Plin. 11, 173; add Seu. ben. 5, 6, 4; **3.** hence level (of water) at different points, and so the fall, l. aquae in centenos pedes sicilici minimum erit, Plin. 31, 57; ut solum riui librāmenta habeat fastigata ne

minus in centenos pedes sicilico, Vitr. 8, 7, 1; **4.** a balance or average, uentorum, Colum. 1, 5, 8.

**Librāria**, see librārius.

**Librāriōlus**, i, m. dim. one who works at books, as scribe, binder etc., Cic. Att. 4, 4, 1; 15, 7; Balb. 14; leg. 1, 7.

**Librārium**, see librārius.

**1 librārius**, adj. of books, taberna, Cic. Phil. 2, 21; scriba, Varr. r. 3, 2, 14; scriptor, Hor. A. P. 354; atramentum, Plin. 27, 52; **2.** as sb. m. a copying clerk, writer, esp. one who makes books by copying, Cic. fam. 16, 21, 8; agr. 2, 13; Phil. 2, 8; Iuv. 9, 109; si librarins sit et librorum scribendorum operas edat, Gai. dig. 38, 1, 49; D. M. Benigno, Librario Q(uinti) u(ostris), inscr. Or. 2873; **3.** w. gen. a book-keeper or registrar, l. horreorum...depositorum...caducorum, Tarrunt. dig. 50, 6, 7; **4.** a bookseller, Libros dicimus esse Ciceronis, eosdem Dorus librarius suos uocat, et utrumque uerum est, Sen. ben. 7, 6, 1; add Gell. 5, 4, 2; 18, 4, 1; **5.** libraria, ae, as sb. f. (sc. taberna), a bookseller's shop, Gell. 5, 4, 1; 13, 31 (30), 1; **6.** a female registrar, Mart. Cap. 1, 17 G, 19, 10 Eyss.; **7.** librarium, ii, as sb. n. a box for holding books, a bookcase or collection of books, exhibe librarium illud legum uestrum, Cic. Mil. 33; ut exurere libraria, Amm. 29, 2, 4.

**2 Librārius**, adj. of a pound, foramen, Cato r. 21, 4; frusta, Colum. 12, 55, 4; asses, Gell. 20, 1, 31; caementum, Vitr. 8, 7, 14; **2.** as sb. f. one who weighs out the wool for spinning, Memphis Pompeiae librariae, inscr. Fabr. 214, 547.

**Librātio**, ōnis, f. levelling, ueram ex aqua librationem, Vitr. 8, 6, 3; **2.** balancing (caeli), Minue. Fel. Oct. 17 med.; **3.** in Diom. 477, 10, K has uibrationis.

**Librātor**, ōris, m. a surveyor who takes levels and so adjusts, as the parts of an oil-mill, Cato r. 22, 1; **2.** esp. in dealing with water, libratorem qui exploret sitne laeas altior mari, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 3; add Frontin. aq. 105 (bis); aquae l., Th. C. 13, 4, 2; **3.** see libritor.

**Librātūra**, ae, f. making level, levelling, cutis (after a wound), Veg. vet. 2, 22, 2.

**Librīger**, ōri, adj. as sb. m. book-carrier, Paul. Nol. ep. 28(9), 4.

**Librille**, adj. n. as sb. a warlike instrument, prob. a stone of a lb. weight slung with a string, fundis librilibus sudibusque Gallos proterent, Caes. b. g. 7, 81, 4, wh. ed. make librilibus an adj. to fundis; libria=saxa ad brachii crassitudinem in modum flagellorum loris reuneta, Paul. ex F. 116; **2.** the beam of a balance, scapus librae, Paul. ex F. 116.

**Libripens**, ndis, adj. as sb. m. a weigher (of money) in emptioibus mancipi, serving also as a witness, qui se sierit testarier libripensue fuerit, ni testimonium fateatur, intestabilis esto, XII tab. ap. Gell. 15, 13, 11; libripedes... in emptioibus mancipi, Plin. 33, 43; qui libram sic aeneam teneat qui appellatur l., Gai. 1, 119; add 1, 113; 2, 104; 3, 174; Ulp. 19, 3; 20, 7; mancipio accepit M. Herennius Agricola de T. Flauio ms N. 1 libripende M. Herennio Iusto, inscr. Or. 4358.

**Libritor**, ōris, (=librator) m. one who levels, esp. warlike instruments, as a ballista, gunner etc., libritores excutere tela inbet, Tac. an. 2, 20; add 13, 39; D.M. C. Aeli C. f...libratoris (sic), inscr. Or. 3493.

**Libro**, āre, vb. make level, level, pauimenta ubi libraueris, de glarea et calce arenato primum corium facito, Cato r. 18, 7; **2.** take a level, libratr dioptris aut libris aquariis ut chorobate, Vitr. 8, 6, 1; si aequaliter aqua canalus summa libra tanget, seietur esse libratum, 8, 6, 2; **3.** level (a weapon at an object), aim, Ecce alind summa telum librābat ab aure, Verg. 9, 417; add 10, 479; (iaculum) quod dextera librat, Ov. M. 7, 787; duosque reducta Librauit dextra media inter cornua caestus, Verg. 5, 479; quo...libraret uuluera tortu, Stat. Ach. 2, 421; **4.** balance, quibus librata ponderibus (terra) sustineatur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 69; turbines ita libratu pependunt ut puero circummagente tornarentur, Plin. 36, 90; (aeris) ui suspensam...librari tellurem, 2, 10; **5.** hence of flying as needing balanced wings, Omnes quae liquido libratris in aere cursus, Ov. am. 2, 6, 11; Daedalus librans iter Nube sub



media, Sen. Oed. 921; **6. met.**, crimina rasis Librat in antithetis, Pers. 1, 86; paulum stetit anxius heros Libratque mctus, Stat. Th. 9, 166; impendia, Th. C. 15, 9, 2.

**libis**, (Λιψ) libis, adj. as sb. m. W.S.W. wind, Plin. 2, 119; 18, 336; Auson. techn. 12.

**libum**, (coctum ut libaretur, Varr. l. 5, 22) i, n. a kind of cake, used as a religious offering, esp. a cheese-cake, libum hoc modo facito, casei p. 11, farinae siligineae libram..., Cato r. 75; Fingebat tremula rustica libā mānu, Ov. F. 3, 670; adorea liba, Verg. 7, 109; uenit libertus qui dicat liba absoluta esse et rem diuinam paratam, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; **2. libus**, i, m. the same, libos quattuor, libos duos, Nigid. ap. Non. 211, 31; libusque peribat, Sulp. 60.

**Liburnicus**, adj. of the Liburni—hence Liburnica as sb. f. a Liburnian galley, Plin. 9, 12; 10, 63; 16, 39; Suet. Aug. 17; Cal. 37; Nero 35.

**Liburnus**, adj. Liburnian—hence Liburna as sb. f. (sc. nauis), a Liburnian galley, of great speed, saeuus Liburnis inuidens, Hor. od. 1, 37, 30; Ibis Liburnis inter alia nauium...propugnacula, epod. 1, 1, 1; Quanta est uis agili per caerula summa Liburnae, Sil. 13, 240; add Lucan. 3, 534; Tac. G. 9; Veg. mil. 5, 7.

**licentia**, ae, f. permission, licēse, Scuta iacere fugereque hostis more habent licentiam, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 27; add Rud. 4, 6, 21; **2.** often w. genitive, ludendi, Cic. off. 1, 103; pecuniarum eripiendarum, Verr. 2, 3, 220; peccandi, Vell. 2, 100, 3; **3.** gen. leaving or being left uncontrolled, running wild, nimia illaē licentia Prefecto euadet in aliquod magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 63; Nam deteriores omnes sumus licentia, Haut. 3, 1, 74; tantum licentiae dabat gloria, Cic. sen. 44; nisi impunita scelera tulissemus numquam ad unum tanta peruenisset licentia, off. 2, 28; **4.** gen. in excess, and so often opp. to libertas, license, licentiousness, huius saeculi 1., Cic. Cael. 48; in hac licentia temporum, Plin. ep. 3, 3, 5; ne maiorem largiar ei libertatem et licentiam, Cic. acad. pr. 30; in ciuitate discordi...et inter libertatem ac licentiam incerta, Tac. h. 2, 10; **5.** of style, license, excessive liberty, poetarum, Cic. or. 3, 153; poetica 1., Quint. 2, 4, 3; 4, 1, 58; add 4, 1, 59; **6. met.**, iumensa licentia pouti, Ov. M. 1, 309; **7.** as a goddess (met.), templum Licentiae, Cic. leg. 2, 42.

**licentiātus**, (implying a vb. licentio) ōs, m. permission, meo licentiātū, Laber. ap. Non. 212, 6.

**licentiōsus**, adj. habitually exceeding bounds, licentious, extravagant, conuersatio cum uiris licentiosior, Sen. exc. cont. 6, 8, 5; ebor dicere licentiosum, Quint. 1, 6, 23; lamentationes, Apul. M. 4, 25; temeritas, 5, 14; amplexūs, 5, 29; fortuna, 9, 31; sup., Aug. Pelag. 2, 7.

**liceo**, ēre, vb. be bidden for at an auction, omnia Venibunt quiqui licebunt praesenti pecunia, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 97; de hortis quanti liceuisse tu scribis, id ego quoque audieram, Cic. Att. 12, 23, 3; Paruo cum pretio diu liceret (Schn. licerent), Mart. 6, 66, 4; **2. met.**, Lacinum...unius assis Non unquam pretio pluris liceuisse, Hor. s. 1, 16, 14; **3.** peruncantū (Apelli) quanti liceret—how much he might have it for—paruom nescio quid dixerat (Protogenes), Plin. 35, 88.

**liceor**, ēri, licētus, (prob. licet was the word of a bidder in assenting to the auctioneer's question, and so amounted to a bid, see licet, § 11) vb. r. bid at an auction, Logos ridiculos uendo: age licemini, Pl. St. 2, 1, 68; liciti sunt usque eo quoad se efficere posse arbitrabantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 77; licetur Aebutius: deterrentur emptores...: fundus addicitur Aebutio, Caecin. 16; uon qui contra se licetur emptor apponet, off. 3, 61; utrum esse aequius eum qui digito licitus sit possidere, an eum qui..., Verr. 2, 3, 27; cf. digitum tollit Iunius, 2, 1, 141; quod illo licente contra liceri audeat nemo, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 3; si obiciatur creditori quod amiose licitus sit, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 29; de seruo qui in fuga est, iubere debet liceri eos inter quos iudex est, 10, 3, 19, 3; licendo superare—to outbid—Ulp. 10, 3, 7, 13; **2. w. acc.** bid for, hortos liceri cogitant, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 4; and met., Et octum Graccos curto centusse licetur, Pers. 5, 191; matronam oculi licentur, Plin. 14, 141; **3. part.** licens, a bidder, inter licentem uenden-

temque, Plin. pan. 29 f.; and met., ad nutum licentium, Curt. 5, 12, 2.

**Liceriānus**, adj. of Licerius—hence Liceriana pira, Plin. 15, 54.

**licet**, licuit or licētum est, licēre (akin to lex), vb. it is lawful, it is permitted, Non erac meae nuntiare quod erus meus iussit licet? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 296; quem agrum eos uendere licet, is ager uectigalnei siet, CIL 199, 6; si uxorem uelit, Lege id licere facere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 66; aliis si licet tibi non licet, Haut. 4, 5, 49; Sei quis mag(istratus) multam inrogare uolet, liceto, CIL 197, 12; Eam quoniam haud licitum(st) uejiuam amare ornarier, Post mortem hoc fecit, 1306; utei quicquid quoieique ante h. l. r. licuit, ita ei habere post h. l. rogatum liceto, 200, 32; licet nemini contra patriam ducere exercitum, si quidem licere id dicimus, quod legibus, quod more maiorum conceditur, Cic. Phil. 13, 14; nihil magis ei liciturum esset plebeio rem publicam perdere quam similibus eius patriciis esset licitum, Att. 2, 1, 5; seruus ad statum licet confugere. Cum in serum omnia liceant, est aliquid quod in hominem licere ius uetet, Sen. clem. 1, 18, 2; **2. w. pass. inf.** id e pontificio iure intellegi licet, Cic. Tusc. 1, 27; add rep. 1, 60; quare in senatu dici nihil liceat, Att. 3, 12, 1; in utramque partem disseri copiose licet, or. 3, 107; hic cognosci licuit quantum..., Caes. b. c. 3, 28, 4; **3. w. acc. and inf.**, Hocine me miserum non licere, meo modo ingeuum frui? Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 21; Non licēt hominem 'sse saepe ita ut uolt, si res non sinit, 4, 1, 53; triumpho si licet me latere tecto abscedere, 4, 2, 5; quum eorum edicto non liceret quemquam Romae esse qui rei capitalis condemnatus esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 100; non licet me isto tanto bono iudices uti, 2, 5, 154; haec praescripta seruantem licet magnifice iuere, off. 1, 92; but in Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 14 read with A and Ritschl: Licetne (not licet me) id scire quid sit? **4. w. esse and acc. of adj.** but no pron., medios esse non licet, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 4; **5. w. esse and dat.**, licuit esse otioso Themistocli, Cic. Tusc. 1, 33; ut his ingratissimus esse non liceat, off. 2, 63; quo in genere mihi negligenti esse non licet, Att. 1, 17, 6; quid hanc tenem sectamini praedam quibus licet iam esse fortunatissimis? Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 8; illis timidis esse licet qui respectum habent, Liv. 21, 44, 8; but not to this head belong the non-predicative innocenti of Cic. Rosc. Am. 144; triumphanti of Liv. 38, 44, 19; **6.** less common w. dat. of pron. omitted, sibi uitam filiae sua cariore fuisse, si liberae ac pudicae uiuere licitum fuisset, Liv. 3, 50, 6; atqui licet esse beatis, Hor. s. 1, 1, 19; licet eminus esse Fortibus, Ov. M. 8, 407; **7. w. dat. of pron.** but acc. of predicative noun (rare), si cui Romano licet esse Gaditanum, Cic. Balb. 29; but in Cic. Flac. 71 Baiter has liberis; in Ov. her. 14, 64 Merkel has: Quo mihi commissio non licet esse piaē (al. piam); in Quint. 4, 4, 6 Halm with B has: procuratori tibi esse non licuit; and again in 7, 1, 19 procuratori (mss procuratorem); but not to this head belongs fact. acc. in: ei consulem fieri, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 1; **8. w. subj.**, Memini quom dicto haut audebat: facto nunc laedat licet, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 53; Si eam sustinueris, postilla iam ut lubet ludas licet, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 33; fremant omnes licet\*, dicam quod sentio, Cic. or. 1, 195; sed omnia licet\* concurrant, Idus Martiae consolantur, Att. 14, 4, 2; ex qua licet pauca degustes, 1, 16, 8; Caementis licet\* occupes Tyrrenum omne tuis...Non mortis laqueis expedit caput, Hor. od. 3, 24, 3; licebit Iniecto ter puluere curras, 1, 28, 35; Sis pecore et multa diues tellure licebit\*..., translatos alio macrebris amores, epod. 15, 19; Detrahat auctori multum fortuna licebit\*, Tu tamen..., Ov. tr. 5, 14, 3; **9.** often in form per me licet,—may as far as I am concerned; **10.** often in legal lang., a mode of asking permission, licet autestari? Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 23; Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; licet consulere? Cic. Mur. 28; testis processit: licet inquit rogare? or. 2, 245; **11.** heuce in answers, you may, and gen. of assent, yes, just so, I will, propria ergo. Licet, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 25; quaedo hominem ut iubeas arcessi, Licet, Capt. 5, 1, 29; Pseudule, adsiste altrimsecus atque onera hunc maledictis. Licet, Ps. 1, 3, 123; dato istunc sumbolum ergo illi. Licet, 2, 2, 57; and above all, Rud. 4, 6 w. 14 exx.; **12.** licessit as subj. perf., Ne iste hercle ab ista uo pedem discedat, si



licessit, Pl. As. 3, 3, 13; II 13. licet, still a verb, but used as a conj. (see exx. above \*, including two exx. of licebit) though, although; 14. eventually even w. ind. in late writers, licet inter gesta et facta uidetur quaedam esse differentia, Gai. 50, 16, 58—yet G. habitually has subj. v. licet; Augusta l. legibus soluta non est, Ulp. dig. 1, 3, 31; licet incendio subiecta transactio est, 2, 15, 8, 25; licet libertates deficiunt, Iulian. 29, 7, 2, 2; yet Ulp. has l. nideatur, 2, 15, 8, 4, Iulian. l. deperdat, and again l. non sint, 4, 2, 18; in Ulp. 30, 74 Momms. v. some mss licet rescripserit, not rescripsit; Diogenes licet ex libertate in seruitutem uenium ierat, Maer. s. 1, 11, 42; licet alia praetenditur natio, Amm. 2, 8, 29; add 26, 6, 1; Apul. M. 2, 6 f.; Coripp. laud. Iustin. 1, 3 and 85; 15. w. adj. and no verb, isque licet caeli regione remotos, Mente deos adiit, Ov. M. 15, 62; Huic licet ingratae, Tityrus ipse canat, Prop. 2, 34, 72; Immatura licet, tamen..., 4, 11, 17; quodcumque tuos, licet aequus, in Argos consulerem, Stat. Th. 1, 286; si quis unam rem, licet minimam, rapuerit, Gai. 3, 209; III 16. licens, free, unrestrained, licentious, ille licentior dithyrambus, Cic. or. 3, 185; turba, Sen. Phaedr. 788; gressus, Mart. 4, 8, 11; ioci, Stat. silu. 1, 6, 93; licentior uita, Val. M. 9, 1, 3; imperium, 6, 4, 2; add Gell. 15, 9, 4; 17. licenter, as adv. freely, without restraint, boldly, licentiously, Cic. N. D. 1, 109; orat. 77; Hor. A. P. 265; comp., Cic. Cael. 57; Tac. an. 6, 19 (13); 18. part. licitus, permitted, lawful, sermo, Verg. 8, 468; per licita atque illicita, Tac. an. 15, 37; acies, Stat. Th. 11, 123; negotiatio, Ulp. dig. 37, 14, 2; contractus, 50, 14, 3; 19. licite, adv. lawfully, Marcian. dig. 30, 114, 5; Solin. 11; 20. licito, Th. C. 11, 8, 3.

**Lichanos**, i, adj. as sb. f. l. hypaton and l. meson, two notes in the scale of the tetrachord, Vitruv. 5, 4, 5.

**Lichēn**, (Λειχην moss) ēnis, m. a moss of different kinds, Plin. 26, 22; 2. a skin-disease, Plin. 26, 2 and 3; 20, 4 and 55 etc.; Nec triste mentum sordidique lichēnes, Mart. 11, 98, 5; 3. in the horse, Plin. 28, 180; ass, 28, 230; mule, 30, 88.

**Licliamentum**, licium, not. Tir. p. 160.

**Licliātōrium**, ū, n. a weaver's beam, Vulg. 1 reg. 17, 7.

**Licliātus**, quasi-part. involved, membra in semine, Aug. C. D. 2, 14; id. Gen. ad litt. 3, 14.

**Licliānus**, adj. of Licinius, olea, Cato r. 6, 2; Colum. 5, 8, 3; ingera, 1, 3, 10; Catones (sons etc. by his first wife Licinia), Plin. 7, 62; oleum, 15, 7; (milites), Lact. mort. pers. 46; 2. a cognomen of adoption from the gens Licinia, Valerius L., Plin. ep. 4, 11, 1.

**Licini** candelae, Gloss. Isid.

**Licinium**, ii, n. lint, Veg. vet. 3, 22, 2; 3, 48, 6.

**Licinius**, adj. or sb. a plebeian gens, Q. Licinius, CIL 205, 1, 23; L. Lic. Cn. Dom. on a denar., 401; P. Licinius P. f. Crass., 552; Eucharis Licinia (e l.), 1009; Rectius uiues Licini neque altum..., Hor. od. 2, 10, 1; lex Innia et Licinia, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 5; Licinia et Mucia lex, Brut. 63; atria Licinia, employed for auctions, Quinct. 12 and 25; olea, Colum. 12, 51, 3; Pall. 3, 18, 4.

**Licinus**, adj. turned up, boues, Philarg. (not Serv.) ad Verg. G. 3, 55, as having horns of the kind; licinus ἀναβραξ, Gloss. Philox.; 2. a cognomen, ...us L. f. Pom. Licinus, CIL 1090; L. Porcius L. f. M. n. Licinus, as consul in the Fasti Cons. a. u. c. 570; Marmereo Licinus tumulo iacet, at Cato paruo, Anth. Meyer. 77.

**Licitatio**, ōnis, f. bidding at an auction, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 4; Verr. 2, 2, 13 (plur.); Suet. Aug. 75; Cal. 22; Nero 26; Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 7, 8; 10, 3, 7, 13; Tryph. 23, 7, 78, 4; Gai. 4, 166.

**Licitator**? ōris, m. a bidder at an auction, Cic. off. 3, 61; fam. 7, 2, 1 (—prob. right; but in both pass. Or. and Baier incitatore, a sham bidder); emit domum licitatoribus (a good cj.; al. mss) defatigatis prope dimidio carius quam aestimabatur, dem. 115.

**Lictor**, āri, vb. frq. r. bid at an auction, Potine ut ne licite aduorsum (mei) animi sententiam? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 104; licitantis calor, Paul. dig. 39, 4, 9; Gai. 4, 166; 2. cf. Caecil. ap. Non. 134, 15.

**Licium**, ii, n. a leash or thread of the wool in weaving

(= μίτος), et licia tāla addere, Verg. G. 1, 285; plurimus licia texere, qnao polymita appellant, Plin. 8, 196; Licia qui texunt, Anson. epig. 38, 1; per licia texta querelas Eddidit, ep. 416, 14; 2. of a spider's web, Plin. 11, 82; 3. gen. a thread, Ov. F. 3, 267; Plin. 23, 125; 29, 114; Licia fert glomerata manu deserta Ariadne, Auson. idyl. 335, 31; 4. used in incantations, Verg. B. 8, 73; Ov. F. 2, 575; am. 1, 8, 8; Plin. 28, 48; Petron. 135; 5. an ornament of a woman's headdress, Prud. Symm. 2, 1104; 6. a linen covering (for the pudenta), furta per lancem liciumque concepta, XII tab. ap. Gell. 11, 18, 9; add 16, 10, 8; lance et licio...quia qui furtum ibat quaerere in domo aliena licio cinctus intrabat, lancemque ante oculos tenebat propter matrum familiae praesentiam, Paul. p. 177 M.; cf. Gai. 3, 192.

**Lictor**, (implies a vb. lig-ere, whence as a freq. liga-re; cf. limen) ōris, m. lit.: one who binds, an attendant of Consuls and those cum imperio, who carried a bundle of rods tied up with an axe, at least out of Rome, Validos liciores ulmeis adfectos lentis nirgis, Pl. As. 3, 2, 29; add Epid. 1, 1, 26; Poen. prol. 18; Q. Iunio Cn. l. licitore, CIL 1060; i lictor colliga manus, Cic. Rab. perd. 13; instituit (Publicola) ut singulis consulibus alternis mensibus liciores praerent, rep. 2, 55; Liv. 1, 26, 7; (liciores) mndatos uirgis caedunt securique ferunt, 2, 5, 8; (Romulus) cetero habitu se augustiorem tum maxime licitoribus XII sumptis fecit, 1, 8, 2; liciores ad eum accedere consul iussit, et, quia in urbem non inierat, admonuit cum securibus sibi fasces praeferi, 24, 9, 2; 2. primus l., the one who going first in the line of twelve had the duty of clearing the way, apud quem primus l. quieuit, tacuit accensus, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; 3. proximus l., last in the series was the chief, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; diu. 1, 59; Liv. 24, 44, 10; and Sal. Iug. 12, 3 (a lictor of Iugurtha's); M. Vlpio Aug. lib. Phaedimo diui Traiani Aug. lictori proximo, inser. Grut. 578, 1; M. Valerius l. proximus, inser. Or. 3218; 4. l. curiatus, one of 30 who had the duty of summoning the comitia curiata, Cic. agr. 2, 31; Gell. 15, 27, 2; T. Flanius Aug. l. Epictetus l. curiatus (sic), inser. Or. 2922; Tl. Manlio lictori curiatio, 3240; (lict)or curiat., 2176; 5. met., licitorem feminae in publico unionem esse, Plin. 9, 114.

**Lictorius**, adj. of a lictor or lictors, uirga, Flor. 1, 26, 3; decuria, inser. Or. 2676; add Th. C. 8, 9, 1.

**Lien** or **lienist**, g. lienis (σπλην), m. spleen, Si lienēs turgent, si cor dolet, Cato r. 157, 7; C. genua hunc cursorem deserunt. A. Perii: seditionem facit lien\*, occupat praecordia, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 13; Lien dierectus. Ambnla: id lien\* optmmnst, Cure. 2, 1, 25; Nam iam quasi sona liene\* cinctus ambulo, 2, 1, 5; add 2, 1, 21; lienist\* ubi affectus est intumescit, ... in cursu dolor est, Cels. 4, 16; lienist\* bubulus, ib.; uentriculo adnectitur lien...Peculiare cursus impedimentum aliquando in eo, Plin. 11, 204; equisactum lienēs cursorum exstinguit, 26, 132; 2. met., fiscum lienem uocaret, quod eo crescente artus reliqui tabescant, Aur. Vict. ep. 42 f.; 3. m. or n. says Serv. ad A. 6, 647; 4. the e seems short; if long, lien- is a monos. in exx. \*, and add 2, 1, 21; 5. lienis as nom. in Cels. above † and add 4, 1, p. 121, 16 Dar.

**Lienosus**, (trisyll.) adj. suffering from enlarged spleen, Perii: cor lienosum opinor habeo; iam dudum salit, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 62; add Cels. 2, 8, p. 46, 37 Dar.; de lienosis, 4, 16 lemma; add Plin. 7, 20; Veg. vet. 5, 27.

**Lientericus**, (Λειεντερία) adj. passing food undigested, Plin. 29, 44; Theod. Prisc. 2, 2, 18 f.

**Ligāmen**, inis, n. a band, bandage, tie, Ov. M. 14, 230; Prop. 2, 29, 15; Colum. 6, 6, 4; 11, 2, 92; 12, 8, 1.

**Ligāmentum**, i, n. the same, Tac. an. 15, 54; Quint. 11, 3, 144.

**Ligariānus**, adj. of Ligarius, oratio, Cic. Att. 13, 19, 2.

**Ligarius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Ligarius, Cic. Lig. 1.

**Ligatio**, ōnis, f. binding, Scrib. comp. 255; 2. Fr. liaison.

**Ligātūra**, ae, f. binding, Pall. 1, 6, 11; 2. a bandage, as a charm, Aug. in Iohan. 7 med.



**Lignarius**, adj. of firewood, negotiatio, Capit. Pert. 1; uia, Front. contr. agr. 41, 27; **2.** as sb. firewood-cutter, ferrarii, lignarii, Pall. 1, 6, 2; **3.** inter lignarios, a street in Rome, Liv. 35, 41, 10; cf. inter falcarios, Cic. Cat. 1, 8.

**Lignatio**, ōnis, f. cutting of firewood, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 2; de lignatione quae necessaria est ad cibum coquendum, Vitr. 5, 9, 8; **2.** a wood for the supply of firewood, Colum. 1, 5, 1.

**Lignator**, ōris, m. cutter of firewood, Caes. b. g. 5, 26, 2; Liv. 10, 25, 5.

**Ligneolus**, adj. dim. of wood, scuta, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 115, 11; lychnuchus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 7, 2.

**Ligneus**, adj. of wood, equos, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 12 and 64; equo (of a ship), Rud. 1, 5, 10; candelabrum, Caecil. ap. Non. 202, 17; ponticulus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; materia, iuu. 2, 170; turres, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 3; putamen (of a walnut-shell), Plin. 15, 86; (semen), 16, 110; **2.** met., Lucr. 4, 1161; Catul. 23, 6.

**Lignicida**, ae, m. quoted by Varr. l. 8, 33 to condemn; qui ligna (caedunt) lignicidas non dicit.

**Lignifer**, adj. as sb. carrier of firewood, collegium ligniferorum, iuscr. Or. 2395.

**Lignitēs?** ae, m. a gem, Iul. Val. r. g. Alex. M. 3, 59.

**Lignor**, āri, (cf. materior, pabulor) vb. r. get firewood (for oneself), num lignatum mittimur? Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 126; aquatum et lignatum ire, Cato ap. Non. 208, 4; neque lignandi neque aquandi potestas fiebat, Caes. b. c. 3, 15, 2; add 3, 76, 2; lignatum se ire, Liv. 10, 25, 6; dum lignantur interfecti sunt, bell. Hisp. 27, 1.

**Lignosus**, adj. woody, nucleus, Plin. 13, 112; fructus, 24, 69; caulis, 25, 65; glutinum, 28, 236; **2.** lignosior, Plin. 19, 88.

**Lignum**, (prob. fm. liga-re, or rather a lost lig-ēre; cf. lictor, limen, and E. cord of wood) i, n. firewood, esp. as opp. to materia timber, neive prohibeto quo minus ex eo agro ligna materiaeque sumant, CIL 199, 34; uehes ligni\*, Cato ap. Char. 72, K; codicillos oleaginos et cetera ligna amurca perspergito...Ita neque fmosa erunt et ardebunt bene, Cato r. 130; add 55; Ligna hic apud nos nulla sunt (for cooking), Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 8; add 3, 1, 8; St. 2, 2, 34; Merc. 2, 3, 63; Cas. 2, 3, 37\*; ligna et sarmenta circumdare ignemque subicere, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 69; ligna super foco Large reponens, Hor. od. 1, 9, 5; exstruat lignis focum, epod. 2, 43; add s. 1, 5, 46; ep. 2, 2, 169; aridum Compone lignum\*, od. 3, 17, 14; per hunc (lacum) marmora ligna materiae...deuehuntur, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 2; materia est quae ad aedificandum necessaria est, lignum\* quidquid comburendi causa paratum est, Ulp. dig. 32, 55, 1; add 7, 1, 12 and 32, 55, 3; Paul. 32, 56; **2.** in this sense gen. pl.; but sing. in ex. \*; **3.** wood generally, even in a living tree, Te triste lignum, te caducum, Hor. od. 2, 13, 11; truncus eram...inutile l., s. 1, 8, 1; leges incidere ligno, A. P. 399; bonorum possessionem contra lignum (=contra tabulas testamenti), Tryph. dig. 37, 4, 19; **4.** esp. of fruit-stones, as of palm, Plin. 13, 40; olive, 15, 10; cherry, 15, 111; peach and plum, 15, 112; **5.** phrase, in siluam ligna ferre, Hor. s. 1, 10, 34, carry coals to Newcastle.

**1** **ligo**, (liga-, from a lost lig- = de of δεω, whence δεσ-μος, E. tie, whence tight; cf. lictor, lignum, limen) āre, vb. tie, bind, anima ut conclusa in uesica, quando est arte ligata, si pertuderis, aera reddet, Varr. ap. Non. 241, 27; zonam soluit ligatam, Catul. 2, 13; dum mula ligatur, Hor. s. 1, 5, 13; laequeque animosa ligauit Guttur, Ov. M. 6, 134; manibus post terga ligatis, 3, 575; uinene ligatae, Colum. 11, 2, 11; (conchis) breui nodo ligatis, Plin. 9, 103; cornu ad crus ligato, 18, 261; uitas quis ligatus lapis (erat), Tac. h. 4, 53; **2.** met., concordia pace ligauit, Ov. M. 1, 25; Pacta ligat, Prop. 4, 4, 82; quae Graeci in catenas ligant, Quint. 5, 14, 32; **3.** Nizolius lex. v. ligatus, quotes ligatum from Cic. Cat. 4, 13, where legatum is read; and ligatus from Tim. 13, a wrong ref. for c. 5, where conligatus is now read.

**2** **ligo**, (perh. akin to S. likh, scratch; cf. lima, litera; perh. also to λικε-ελλα and E. dig) ōnis, m. a hoe with two or more teeth\*, Sabellis doctā ligōnibus Versare glaebas, Hor.

od. 3, 6, 38; add epod. 5, 30; purgare ligouibus herbas, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 59; add am. 3, 10, 31; uiuacem cespitis herbam Contundat...deutē\* ligōnis, Colum. 10, 89; add Iuv. 7, 33; Mart. 4, 64, 32; incurui ligoues, Stat. Th. 3, 589; see Rich's Companion.

**Ligūla** or ligūla\*, ae, f. dim. (of lingua) a little tongue, as a tongue of land, (oppida) posita in extremis lingulis\*, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; **2.** a shoe-lappet, Non hesternā sed lunatā lingula\* planta, Mart. 2, 29, 7; but in Iuv. 5, 20 ligulas dimittere cannot mean, as Ruperti makes it, calcamenta non ligare; l.\* a similitudine linguae exsertae ut in calceis, insertae ut in tibiis, Paul. ex F. 116; cf. γλωττας...των ὑποδημάτων, Poll. 2, 109 (quotes Mayor ad Iuv. l. 1.); **3.** tongue of a musical instrument, see Paul. l. 1.\*; caure tibiae ipsae doceant, comprimentibus se lingulis\*, Plin. 16, 171; **4.** a tenon in carpentry, Cato r. 18, 2\*; 19, 2\*; Colum. 8, 11, 4\*; **5.** a small spoon of various uses, ita pone sauilum (a sort of cake)...cum lingulis\*, Cato r. 84; is saucius ligula purgandus est, Colum. 9, 15, 13; lingulis\* hauriunt florem, Plin. 21, 84; ligulam cum mittere possis...uel cochleare mihi, Mart. 8, 33, 23; **6.** hence a measure, a spoonful, adieitur in binas urnas ligula cumulata uel mensura semunciae, Colum. 12, 21, 2; u aut in ligularum (so a) mensura, Plin. 20, 37; **7.** tongue of a balance, Schol. ad Pers. 1, 6; **8.** a short tongue-shaped sword, or part of it, Ne mihi gerere morem uideat lingua uerum lingula\*, Naev. ap. Gell. 10, 25, 3 who adds: gladiolum oblongum in speciem linguae factum; enimvero gladii lingula\*, id. ap. Varr. 7, 6, p. 385 Sp.; **9.** part of a flesh-scraper (strigilis), Apul. flor. 1, 9, p. 37 Hild.; **10.** tentacle of a cuttlefish, Apul. apol. 35; **11.** in Vitr. 10, 8, 2 Rose has lingua (a wedge), not ligula; **12.** in Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 54; 5, 5, 30 text dub.; **13.** ligula, not from ligo, as many say, but one w. lingula, Quamuis me ligulam dicant equitesque patresque, Dicor ab indoctis lingula grammaticis, Mart. 14, 120.

**ligūrio\*** or ligurrio (lingo; the suff. seems like that of esturio, parturio, Sullatirio; and perh. orig. meaning was desire to lick) iui, ire, vb. lick, take a sip of, Dum ruri rurant homines quos ligurriant, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 16; Quae cum amatore suo (suo in all mss, om. by Umf.) cum cenant ligurriunt\* (mss ligurriunt agst. metre), Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 14; (apes) non ut muscae ligurriunt (so mss, Schn. ligurriunt), Varr. r. 3, 16, 6; Semosus piscis tepidumque ligurriert ius, Hor. s. 1, 3, 81; dum frusta (al. furta) ligurrit, 2, 4, 79; add poet. ap. Suet. Tib. 45; **2.** met., non reperietis hominem leuiter haec lucra ligurientem\*, deonora pecuniam non dubitant, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 177; cum agrariam curatorem ligurriunt, disturbant rem, fam. 11, 21, 5; quoniam haec quoque liguris\* (so Bait. w. best mss), dom. 47; add Catul. ap. Non. 134, 27.

**Ligūrius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, P. Ligurius, CIL 893; L. Ligurius L. l. Antiochus, 1131.

**ligurritio**, ōnis, f. fondness for eating, Cic. Tusc. 4, 26.

**Ligurritor**, ōris, m. one who licks, Macr. s. 3, 16, 17; Auson. lemma of ep. 128.

**ligustrum**, i, n. the shrub privet, Alba ligustrā cadunt, Verg. B. 2, 18; Candidior folio niuei Galatea ligustri, Ov. M. 13, 789; in aquis proueniunt populi siler ligustra, Plin. 16, 77; candidior puella...ligustro, Mart. 1, 115, 3;

**2.** thought by some, says Pliny, one w. the Egyptian tree cypros, 12, 109; 24, 74; **3.** another plant, nigrum l., Colum. 10, 300.

**lilīac-eus**, (lilium) adj. of lilies, oleum, Pall. 6, 14 in lemma.

**lilīetum**, quasi-part. as sb. n. (sc. solum), ground planted with lilies, Pall. 3, 21, 3.

**lilium**, (=λειριον) ii, n. lily, et grandia lilīa quassans, Verg. B. 10, 25; add A. 6, 709; neu breue lilium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; canentia lilia gestet, Ov. M. 12, 411; lilium rosae nobilitate proximum, Plin. 21, 22; rubens l., 21, 24; purpureum, 21, 25; **2.** a pit with a stake in centre, id. ex similitudine floris lilium appellabant, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 8.

**Lima**, (from a vb. = S. likh, scratch; cf. litera, § 9; also = λιμη) ae, f. a file, anum lima praeterunt, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 9; nec his anelli queunt nisi lima, Plin. 9, 109; topazos



sola nobilium (gemmarum) limam sentit, 37, 109; (uipera) limam momordit, Phaedr. 4, 8, 5; **2.** met., limae labor, Hor. A. P. 291; incipiam lima mordacis uti, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 19; ut in illis limae... plus uideatur fuisse, Vell. 2, 9, 3.

**Limāc-eus**, (limo- m.) adj. of mud, Tertul. res. carn. 49.

**Limārius**, adj. of mud, piscina (for deposit of mud before distribution of water), Front. 32, 1, 15.

**Limātor**, ῥινητής, a filer, Gloss. Philox.

**Limātūlus**, adj. dim. delicately filed, met.: iudicium, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2.

**Limātūra**, ῥινημα, filings, Gloss.

**Limax**, (a limo says Varr. l. 7, 3; and Paul. ex F. p. 116) ācis, m. f. \* dim. a snail, Implicuitus conchae limax, Colum. 10, 324; uere gignuntur limaces, Plin. 9, 162; add 18, 156 and 228; 29, 113\*; quattuor limacum capita, 30, 101; eum limaci magnae\* similem, 32, 5; **2.** met., Non quasi nunc haec sunt hic limaces liuidae\*, Pl. Cist. ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 345 Sp.

**Limātus**, quasi-part. bordered (or belted), clamydes, Gallien. ap. Treb. Pöll. 17, 5.

**Limbōlārius**, (implies a dim. limbolus) adj. as sb. m. a fringe- (or perh. sash-) maker, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 45; l. ἄσσανο-πρακτής Gloss. Labb.

**Limbus**, (prob. from ligo; for letter-change cf. stimulus fm. stinguo, Sard. limba = L. lingua, L. amb-ulare with E. gang) l, m. a fringe or border, perh. rather a sash, belt, or girdle, Sidoniam picto chlamydem circumdata limbo, Verg. 4, 137; Ultima pars telae tenui circumdata limbo, Ov. M. 6, 127; add 5, 51; picto discingit pectora limbo, Stat. Th. 6, 367; **2.** a belt of network for inclosing game, Grat. cyn. 25; **3.** met. of the Zodiac, Varr. r. 2, 3, 7.

**Limēn**, ἴνις, n. [for ligen? from a vb. lig-ere whence lig-are; = δε-ω (δεσ-μος), our tie (tigh-t)] prop. a tie in carpentry, i.e. a cross or horizontal timber used for keeping other timbers vertical, hence the lintel of a door, l. superum, or the threshold or sill of the same, limen sali, Carm. Arv. (ter); l. inferum, Limen superum quod mei (= mi) misero saepe confregit caput, Nov. 49 R; Limen superum inferumque salue, simul autem nale, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 1; **2.** absol. of the lintel, caput ut offendi ad limen, Turp. 174 R; in limine ipso quod foribus imponebat, Plin. 36, 96; in super id limen robustum long(um), p. viii latum p. i : altum p. s : inponito, CIL 577; pendentia linquit Vela domus et adhuc uirides in liminē ramos, Iuv. 6, 228; **3.** absol. of the threshold, Sensim super limen pedes attolle mea noua uapta, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 1; grauidi superant uix ubērē limen, Verg. G. 3, 317; Tarpeium limen adora Pronns, Iuv. 6, 48; **4.** hence in pl. of a single door, hic Dardanio Anchisae Armiger ante fuit fidusque ad limina custos, Verg. 9, 648; Saepe etiam famuli turbato ad limina somno Expauere truem per uasta silentia nocem, Sil. 1, 66; **5.** also limen in the sing., a door (see Key's Essays, p. 185), simulacrum Victoriae ad ualuas se templi limenque couertisse, Caes. b. c. 3, 105, 2; Iussi armati ad limen consulis adesse, Liv. 2, 48, 10; **6.** as the threshold is the outset and the end of a journey, hence met. first of a beginning, Candidus insnotum miratur limen Olympi, the east as the sun's starting point, Verg. B. 5, 56; omne Languebat corpus leti iam limine in ipso, Lucr. 6, 1157; add 1208 and 2, 960; Verg. culex 221; ite innocuae (sc. umbrae) Quas in primo limine uitae Scelus oppressit, Sen. Herc. f. 1140; in limine belli, Tac. an. 3, 74; limina sicut in domo finem quandam faciunt sic et imperii finem esse limen ueteres uoluerunt, Iustin. inst. 1, 12 med.; in ipso finitae lucis limine, Apul. M. 11, 21.

**Limēnarchēs**, or -ās, ae, m. harbour-master, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18, 10; Paul. 1, 6 A, 3.

**Limēn-inus** (limen w. t. exer.), adj. as sb. a god who guards a threshold, Tertul. idol. 15; Ang. C. D. 4, 8.

**Limēs**, ἴνις (limus), adj.—limites appellati a limo, id est antiquo nerbo transuersi, Hygin. 167, 17; suff. it-, old form of i-re; cf. pedes, eques, ames, ales), adj. as sb. m. a cross road, l. lutosi, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; inde Praeneste et transuersi limitibus in uiam Latinam est egressus, Liv. 22, 12, 2; add 31, 39, 5; 32, 13, 5; limitēs in agris nunc termini, nunc uiae transuersae, Paul. ex F. 116; **2.** a limit or

boundary, limes est quodcuque in agro opera manuum factum est ad obseruationem finium, agrim. 2, 3 LR; Ne signare quidem aut partiri limitē campum Fas erat, Verg. G. 1, 126; Saxum anticum ingens, campo quod forte iacebat, Limes agro positus, litem ut discerneret aruis, A. 12, 898; ultra limites clientium Salis auarus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 25; add ep. 2, 2, 171; semitas nouosque limites in agro fieri ne patiat, Colum. 1, 8, 7; **3.** esp. in the agrimensores, eae (uia) omnes publicae sunt limitesque inter centurias, CIL 200, 90; ut hi (limites) qui orientem occidentemque intuentur decimani dicerentur: hi qui meridianum et septentrionem, cardines sunt appellati, Sic. Flac. 153, 19; maritimi, montani, Frontin. 30, 3; **4.** Eius (i.e. the plot of the play) uunc regiones, limites confinia Determinabo: ei rei sum factus finitor, Pl. Poen. pr. 49; **5.** hence an earthen wall (agger) etc. to mark boundary of Roman empire, penetrat interius, aperit limites, Vell. 2, 120, 6; Romanus...limitem a Tiberio coeptum scindit, Tac. an. 1, 50; cuncta inter castellum Alisonem ac Rhenum nouis limitibus aggeribusque permantia, 2, 7 f.; iu plurimis locis in quibus barbari non fluminibus sed limitibus diuiduntur stipitibus magnis barbaros separauit, Spart. Hadr. 12, 6; **6.** gen. a limit, limes mihi carminis esto Oedipodae confusa domus, Stat. Th. 1, 16; **7.** gen. in poets, a road, way, path, bene meritis de patria quasi limes ad caeli aditum patet, Cic. rep. 6, 26; lato te limite ducam, Verg. 9, 323; add 2, 697; Quam multae graeili...ferre Limite formicae grana reperta solent, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 40; Flammiferumque trahens spatioso limite cinem Stella micat, Ov. M. 15, 849; add 2, 130 (of the Zodiac); bolis (a meteor) perpetua ardens longiorem trahit limitem, Plin. 2, 96; limites circi (the gaugways), Tertul. spect. 20; **8.** met., Si male dicetis, uostro gradiar limite, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 19; quanto satius est rectum sequi limitem, Sen. ep. 123, 12; add dial. 7, 1, 2; στεμματα cognationum directo limite (line) in duas lineas separantur quarum altera superior, altera inferior, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 9; Veientana gemma...uigram materiam distinguente limite albo (a line), Plin. 37, 184.

**Limētānus**, adj. a cognomen, C. Mamil(ius) Limetan(us), on a coin Eckh. 5, 242, who adds cognomen datum, ut creditur C. Mamilio tr. pl. quod a. u. c. 589 legem de limitibus tulit.

**Limneum**, i, n. a plant, used by Ganls for poisoning arrows, Plin. 27, 101.

**Limnicōla**, ae, m. f. living in mud, ostrea, Ausou. Mos. ep. 7, 36.

**Limigēnus**, or -a, adj. mud-born, ulua, Ausou. Mos. 45. **Limināris**, e, adj. of a limen, trabes, Vitruv. 6, 5, 4; met., pagina, Aug. ad Hier. 67, 2.

**Limis**, see limus.

**Limītāneus**, adj. of the frontier (see limen § 6), milites, Th. C. 7, 4, 30; 11, 59, 3; duces et milites, Lamp. Al. Sev. 58, 4; add Spart. Perc. Fig. 7, 7.

**Limītāris**, e, adj. of a boundary, iter, Varr. l. 5, 4, p. 31 Sp.

**Limītātio**, ōnis, f. the marking out of boundaries, terrae uinealis, Colum. 3, 12, 1; add Frontin. lim. 2, p. 32, 17 LR; Sic. Flac. p. 154, 17; 158, 11 etc.; but in Vitruv. 10, 22, 10 p. 283, 22 Rose reads lineatione.

**Limīto**, āre, vb. mark out limits (of land), the special business of agrimensores, uineas limitari decumauo xviii pedum latitudinis...aliisque transuersis limitibus x pedum, Plin. 17, 169; **2.** esp. divide land in colonies, nou...si limitatus est ager, occupantis alueus fiet, Ulp. 43, 12, 1, 7; in agris limitatis ius alluionis locum non habere, Florent. 41, 1, 16; limitati agri, Frontiu. p. 5, 5 LR; Hygin. 199, 11; **3.** met. limit, limitata est pecuaria quaestio, Varr. r. 2, 2, 1; ad defensionem...duum mensium tempora limitetur, Th. C. 4, 6, 3; causae ad x librarum auri quantitate limitatae, Nov. 23, 3, 1.

**Limitrōphus** (for limito-trophus, fm. limes ad τρεφω), adj. for the support of the frontier-guards, fundi, Th. C. 11, 59, 3 and 5, 13, 38.

**Limma**, ātis, n. a semitone, Mart. Cap. 1, 6 G, p. 6, 21 Eyss.; λεμμα, Macr. somu. Sc. 2, 1, 23.



**Limnestis**, *Idis*, a plant, same as *centaurea maior*, Apul. herb. 34.

**limnicōs**, *ēs*, f. the plant *gladiolus*, Apul. herb. 78.

**limō**, adv. see *limus*.

1 **limo**, *āre*, vb. file, gemmas, Plin. 36, 54; arbore exacuant limentque cornua elephanti, 18, 2; add 8, 71; 2. hence *limatum plumbum*, lead filings, Plin. 34, 168; *limata scobs*, sawdust, 34, 170; 3. met., cum (aliquo) *caput limare*, Pl. Mero. 3, 1, 39; Poen. 1, 2, 79; add Bac.; Liv. Andr.; Caecil.; Turpil., all ap. Non. 334, of lovers; 4. other met. file away, tantum alteri affinxit, de altero *limauit ut...*, Cic. or. 3, 36; de tua proluxa natura *limauit aliquid posterior annus*, fam. 3, 8, 8; 5. met. polish, te...nostrorum hominum urbanitate *limatum*, Cic. N. D. 2, 74; *stilo qui hoc maxime ornat ac limat*, or. 3, 190; neque haec ita dico, ut ars aliquos (al. aliquid) *limare* non possit, 1, 115; 6. file by way of testing metals, so as to distinguish the gilt and plated from solid gold and silver; hence gen. test, put to the proof, examine closely, veritas ipsa *limatur* in disputatione, Cic. off. 2, 35; si mendacium subtiliter *limasset*,...non euertisset domum, Phaedr. 3, 10, 49; quae tuae cognitionis *limauit examen*, Th. C. 13, 5, 32; II 7. *limatus*, as adj. polished, refined, homo oratione maxime l. atque subtilis, Cic. or. 1, 180; *limatius* dicendi genus, Brut. 93; fuerit *limator*, Hor. s. 1, 10, 65; *limatioris ingenii*, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; Th. C. 1, 1, 5.

2 **limo**, *āre*, vb. make muddy, A. cum illac numquam *limauit caput*. M. Curram igitur...ad lacum: *limum petam*. A. Quid eo opust? M. Ego dicam, ut illi(ce) et tibi *limem caput*, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 81; the word invented for the joke.

3 **limo**, *ōnis*, m. (*Λειμων*) meadow—name of a lost book written by Cicero, Suet. uit. Ter. 5; 2. a cognomen, C. Apronius *Limo*, Ascen. in Cic. Scour.

**limo-cinctus**, adj. as sb. m. a certain priestly officer who attended on a magistrate, as girl with an apron (*limus*), Honori M. Gaul M. f. ...apparitoris et *limocincti* tribunalis eius, inser. Or. 3219.

**limōnia**, (*Λειμωνία*) adj. f. as sb. a meadow-plant, Plin. 22, 86.

**limōsus**, adj. muddy, iuncus, Verg. B. 1, 49; Ov. tr. 4, 1, 7; riu, Cels. 2, 21; radix, Plin. 27, 34; 2. absol., *limosa*, mnddy ground, prima nascitur in *limosis*, Plin. 9, 142.

**limpido**, *āre*, vb. make limpid or clear, (oculum), Veg. uet. 3, 18, 1; uulnera, 6, 28, 3; humores, Macer. carn. 2, 5.

**limpidus** (a variety of liquidus), adj. clear, transparent, limpid, lacus, Catul. 4, 24; uox, Plin. 34, 177; alumen, 35, 184; chrysolithi, 37, 126; limpidior aqua, Vitr. 8, 7, 15; unum quam limpidissimum (al. liquid.), Colum. 12, 28, 3; 2. adv. limpidius, inet. more clearly, Aug. princ. rhet. p. 328 Capp.

**limpītūdo**? an ill-formed word in Plin. 32, 154 wh. Sillig has latitudo.

**limūla**, ae, f. dim. a little file, Perpolite quam potestis crebriore *limula*, Ter. Maur. de syl. 6.

**limūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat slanting, Viden *limulis* obscuro ut (te) intuentur, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 11 (oculis und.).

1 **limus** or *limis*, e (from *lig* of *ligo*; cf. for suff. *al-mus*, for loss of *g* before *m*, *limen*, *examen*, *flamma*, *contaminare*; a packet tied has the string across the narrower part, i.e. the breadth; see *limbus*, and *limus* 2), adj. cross, transverse, a *limo*, id est, antiquo uerbo *transuersi*, Hygin. de lim. p. 167, 17 LR; *transuersa omnia antiqui lima dicebant*, Isid. rat. lim. p. 366, 15; *limis obliquus*, id est *transuersus*, Paul. ex F. p. 116; *limum obliquum dicimus*, Serv. ad A. 12, 120; 2. slanting, oblique, *climatiae* (a variety of *carthagenae*) *limes rucetes* et *obliqui urbes complanant*, Amm. 17, 7, 13; 3. hence of gods, *quis est qui credat esse deos curatores obliquitatum Limos?* Arnob. 4, 9; II 4. gen. of the eye, looking askance, *limis subrisit ocellis*, Ov. am. 3, 1, 33; *nec limis intuentur ocellis* (*leones*), Plin. 8, 52; *oculi truces...transuersi limi*, 11, 145; *oculi natantes... aut limi et ut sic dicam ueneri* (cf. next ex.), Quint. 11, 3, 76; *ad me conuersa limis et morsicantibus oculis*, Apul. M. 2, 10; add Amm. 20, 9, 2; 5. *limus* and *limis*, absol.

the same, *aspice tu* (so T H K; *aspicito*, edd.; *aspicite* or *aspice*, mss) *limis* (so edd.; mss *limis oculis*, agst. metre), *ne ille nos se sentiat uidere*, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 2; *ego limis spectro Sic per flabellum* (over the fan) *clanculum*, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 53 (in both of wh. *limis* is best treated as a nom.; but some suppose *oculis* understood, cf. *Donatus*); *Neque post respiciens neque ante prospiciens sed limus intra Limites culinac*, Varr. ap. Non. 443, 3 and 133, 31; 6. *limo*, adv., *numquam limo uident* (*leones*), Solin. 27, 20.

2 **limus**, i, m. or *limum*, i, n. [for *lignus*, and so from *ligo*, says Doed. 2, 36; see also below] the apron (of a sacrificing priest)—comp. our bishop's apron—*Velati limo et uerbena tempora cincti*, Verg. 12, 120, wh. Serv.: *uestis quae ab umbilico usque ad pedes teguntur pudenda poparum...*; *Habet purpuram limam*, i.e. *flexuosam*; *limites appellati transuersi a limo*, a quo dicunt *limum cinctum* quod *purpuram transuersam habeat*, Frontin. lim. 2, p. 29, l. 15 Lachm.; add Hygin. lim. p. 167, l. 18; *licio transuerso quod limum appellatur*, qui *magistratibus praeministrabant*, *cincti erant*, Tiro ap. Gell. 12, 3, 3; see *limocinctus*.

3 **limus**, i, (perh. from *lino*, as *Doederlein* says) m. mud, curram...ad lacum: *limum petam*, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; *luta* (clay) et *limum adgebant*, Cic. ap. Non. 212, 16; *omnis mundi quasi limus in imum Confluxit grauis*, Lucr. 5, 496; *obducto late tenet omnia limō*, Verg. G. 1, 116; add 2, 188; *limo turbatam...aqnam*, Hor. s. 1, 1, 59; add 2, 4, 80; *limumque tenent in froude relictum*, Ov. M. 1, 347; add 1, 424; *frumentis acerosos illitos limo*, Liv. 2, 5, 4; add 31, 37, 8; 2. of clay, *Fertur Prometheus addere principi Limo coactus...*, Hor. od. 1, 16, 14; *Ridet et ipse deus limumque inducere monstrat*: *Hio paret montis et linit ora luto*, Ov. F. 3, 759; 3. slime of intestines, l. *dysentericae passionis*, Pall. 3, 31, 2; 4. met., l. *malorum*, Ov. Pont. 4, 2, 19.

**linabrum** and *lināmen*, see *linarius*, ex. 3.

**lināmentum**, i, n. linen rag or rather lint, in aeneam (*cucurbitam*) *linamentum ardens concitit ac sic os eius corpori aptatur*, Cels. 2, 11; *imponere l. molle et super linteolum illitum melle*, 7, 30, 1; 2. the wick of a lamp, *admouere naribus extinctum ex lucerna l.*, Cels. 4, 27 (20), 1; add Veg. uet. 3, 56; 3. in pl. lint, *siccis linamentis uulnus implendum est*, Cels. 5, 26, 21; add §§ 29 and 36; *linamentis oleo imbutis*, Colum. 6, 11; add 6, 12, 2; *delphini adipe linamenta accensa excitant uoluae strangulatu oppressas*, Plin. 32, 129; add Veg. uet. 4, 8, 1.

**linārius**, adj. of flax; hence as sb. m. *linarius*, sb. f. *linaria*, a dealer in flax or linen, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 34; C. Cassius *Sopater linarius sibi et Cassiae C. l. linariae*, inser. Or. 4214; 2. *linum*, *linaria*, *linabrum*, *linamen*, *linamentum*, not. Tir.

**linctor**, *λικτης*, Gloss. Philox.

**linctus**, ūs, m. licking, nectaris, Lucr. 6, 971 (a cj. of Lachm. for *tinctus*); Plin. 31, 104; 36, 133 and perh. 35, 177 (al. *linetum*, part.).

**linea**, or *linia*\*, adj. f. as sb. (sc. *regula*?) a string of flax, *linum iuncum spartum unde nectas...lineas restes funes*, Varr. r. 1, 23, 6; (*gallina*) *emissa ligato pede longa linea custoditur*, Colum. 8, 11, 15; ut *marem* (*mugilem*) *linia*\* *longinqua per os ad branchias religata* *emissum in mare eademque linia*\* *retractum feminae sequantur ad litus*, Plin. 9, 59; 2. of a necklace, *cum uxori margaritas dedisset easquo...perforasset ut pertnis in linea uretetur*, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 30; *lineas dnas ex margaritis*, Scaev. 34, 2, 40, 2; add 35, 2, 26; *linea diues*, Mart. 9, 78, 7; 3. a fishing line, *Tremulae captum linea trahit piscem*, Mart. 3, 58, 27; and met., *Non ego illi exemplo iram ostendam; sensim mittam lineam*, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 22; cf. Eng. give him line enough; 4. a line as used by builders, gardeners etc., chalked for marking a line or not, *columnas neque rectas neque e regione collocarat...aliquando perpendiculari et linea disceat uti*, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; *aequaliter mouenda linea est, obtinendumque ut eadem latitudo in imo reddatur quae coepta est in summo*, Colum. 3, 13, 10; add 3, 15, 1; uti *linca...omnia cacumina angulosque tangat*, Vitr. 5, 3, 4; add Pall. 3, 9, 10; 5. esp. in the form ad *lineam*, a. l. *palo grana bina demittito*, Cato r. 161, 1; *ferri deorsum a l.*



Cic. fin. 1, 18; nti longitudines a. l. exigantur, Vitr. 7, 3, 5; 6. other uses, as to frighten game, cum ferarum greges linea pinnis distincta contineat et in insidiis agat, dicta formido, Sen. dial. 4, 11, 5; Picta rubenti linea penna Vano cludat terrore feras, Sen. Phaedr. 50; add Grat. cyneg. 27 and 83; Nemes. 303; ut in plagis liniae\* offensae praecipiant in sinum, Plin. 11, 82 (of a spider's web); 7. alba linea in Luell. ap. Non. 282, 17 and 405, 15; and in Gell. praef. 11 seems to signify sine discrimine, but how is uncertain, esp. as both passages seem corrupt; 8. alba linea, a chalked line to mark the opening and close of a racecourse, Cassiod. uar. ep. 3, 51; met., mors ultima linea rerum est, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 79; cf. calcem so used in Cic. Tusc. 1, 15; sen. 83; cf. also a drawing of a mosaic picture in Rich's Companion; II 9. a line, linea est longitudo quaedam sine latitudine et altitudine, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 20, 8; quinta dum linea tangitur umbra, Pers. 3, 40 (of the sun-dial); non esset pictura nisi quae lineas modo extremas...circumscriberet, Quint. 10, 2, 7; liniam\* ex colore duxit summæ tenuitatis, Plin. 35, 81; 10. hence of sketching met., quum primas modo lineas duxissent, Quint. 2, 6, 2; ut uelut primis lineis designentur, 4, 2, 120; add Gell. 17, 20, 8; 11. of the features, adulti uenustissimis lineis, Arnob. 5, p. 179; 12. a line dividing the seats in the circus, cogit nos linea iungi: Haec in lege loci commoda circus habet, Ov. am. 3, 2, 19; aduersus hoc facientem (i.e. transeuntem in subsellia) lineas poposcit, Quint. 11, 3, 133; see drawing from amphitheatres in Rich's Companion; 13. a line as marking a limit not to be passed, peccare est tanquam transire lineas, Cic. parad. 20; cum poetae transilire lineas impune possint, Varr. l. 9, 1; 14. certe extrema linea Amare haut nihil est, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 12; Donatus explains ex. l. as =ex longinquo.

**lineālis**, e, adj. of a line, and so marked by a line, ambitus (as marked by lines), Amm. 22, 16, 7; 2. linealiter, Mart. Cap. 8, § 280 G, p. 308, 9 Eyss.

**lineāmentum** (or rather liniam\*), i, n. a line, liniammentum\* (so Halm w. best mss) sine latitudine, Cic. acad. pr. 116; in geometria lineamenta, formae interualla, or. 1, 187; add Petron. 79\*; 2. lineamenta, pl. lines of a painting or sculpture, and so of the human face, features, contemere signum quod eum multo magis lineamenta hospitiac delectabant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 89; tu operum lineamenta sollertissime perspicis? 2, 4, 98; quae compositio membrorum, quae conformatio liniammentorum\* (so Baiter), N. D. 1, 47; add 1, 75\*; oris l.\*, din. 1, 23; eundem habitum oris lineamtaque, Liv. 21, 4, 2; add 26, 41, 24 (said to be spur.; but?); and met., animi liniamta\* sunt pulchriora quam corporis, Cic. fin. 3, 75; 3. also met., numerus quasi extrema lineamenta orationi attulit—the last touches to complete the picture, orat. 186; nihil (Catonis) lineamentis nisi eorum pigmentorum quae inuenta nondum erant colorem defuisse, Cic. Brut. 298.

**lineāris** (or liniaris\*), e, adj. of a line or lines, linear, picturam liniarem\*—drawing in outline—Plin. 35, 15; 1. ratio—geometry—Quint. 1, 10, 36; probationes—geometrical—1, 10, 49; rigor, Frontin. contr. agr. p. 41, 8 LR.

**lineārius**, adj. the same, limits, Hygin. 168, 10 LR; rigores, 206, 14.

**lineātio** or liniatio, ōnis, f. drawing a line, a line, Vitr. 9, 4, 13; p. 223, 2 R; 10, 22, 10, p. 283, 22; Firm. Math. 1, 4.

**lineo** or linio\*, āre, vb. mark with a line (for sawing), materiem, Cato r. 14, 3; 2. adjust accurately, ubi probus est architectus Bene liniatam\* (so mss) si semel carinam collocauit, Facile 'sse nauem facere, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 42; met., iuuenes—well set up—Hier. ep. 127, 6; 3. extend in a right line, si radii per mundum...uagarentur, neque...linearentur (al. liniar.), Vitr. 9, 4, 3, p. 223, 5 R.

**lineōla** or liniola, ae, f. dim. a little line, tribus liniolis (so Hertz), Gell. 10, 1, 9.

**lineus**, or linius\*, adj. of flax, flaxen, uincula, Verg. 5, 510; terga, 10, 784; lineas uestis, Plin. 12, 25; linia\* lanugine, 32, 126; linio\* panno, 29, 114; cf. linteus.

**lingo** (=λεγω), lingere, linctus (?) mel mihi nideor lingere, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 21; crepidas, lingere carpatinas, Catul.

98, 4; add Plin. 31, 105; and perh. linctum, 35, 177; Mart. 1, 84, 1 etc.

**lingua**, (lingo, and=γλωσσα; old form dingua=Æ. tongue) ae, f. tongue, Oeclesti linguam: nihil est quod respondeam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 151; lingua haeret metu, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 7; in ore sita lingua est finita dentibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; aliud clausum in pectore, aliud in lingua promptum habere, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; uenalem linguam habentes, Liv. 45, 10, 11; 2. language, tongue, Latinam linguam, Cic. fin. 1, 10; ipsorum lingua Celtæ adpellantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 1; 3. met., linguae uolucrum, Verg. 3, 361; 10, 177; Sculptaque seruabant magicas animalia linguas (of hieroglyphics), Lucan. 3, 224; II 4. met. of plants, hypoglossa folia habet spinosa et in his ceu linguas, Plin. 27, 93; add 25, 161; 5. hence l. bubula=βυβλωστος, a boraginous plant, Cato r. 40, 4; quoted by Plin. 17, 112; 6. l. canina, Cels. 5, 27, 13; Apul. herb. 96; 7. absol. lingua, a plant, Plin. 24, 170; III 8. other met. as a tongue of land, ~ id promontorium cuius lingua in altum proicit, Pacuv. ap. Gell. 4, 17, 15; l. in altum mille passus excurrens, Liv. 37, 31, 9; add 44, 11, 3; l. promontorii genus non excellentis, Paul. ex F. 121; but in Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1 lingulis, not linguis; in Ov. M. 13, 724 Merkel has pinnis; 9. a wedge or thin end of a crowbar, Vitr. 10, 8, 2; 10. in Plin. 16, 119 lingulis or ligulis.

**linguārium**, adj. n. as sb. (sc. argentum) tongue-money, Sen. ben. 4, 36, 1.

**linguātus**, quasi-part. betongued (so to say), ciuitas, Tertul. anim. 3.

**linguax**, ācis, adj. obsolete, loquacious, talkative, Gell. 1, 15, 20 (al. lingulacas).

**lingūla**, see ligula.

**lingūlāca** (cf. for suff. portulaca, porcilaca, scandulaca), ae, f. dim. the plant hartstongue, Plin. 25, 133; 2. a kind of fish, St. emitto sepiolas...Ol. Vin lingulacas? St. Quid opust, quando uxor domi est? Ea lingulaca est nobis, nam nunquam tacet, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 61; add Varr. l. 5, 12; Paul. ex F. 117; 3. met. a chatterbox, see Plaut. and Fest. of § 2; Varr. ap. Non. 25, 18, and perh. Gell. 1, 15, 20.

**lingūlātus**, quasi-part. formed like a tongue, tubuli (sloped off so as to fit into each other), Vitr. 8, 7, 8; calcei, w. lappets, Isid. orig. 19, 34.

**lingūlus**, adj. dim. Ajax, poet. min. Wernsd. 2, 237.

**linguōsus**, adj. talkative, wordy, Petron. 43 and 63; Hier. ep. 108, 20; Aug. conf. 1, 9; Cassiod. uar. 4, 51.

**linia** etc., see linea.

**liniātūra**, (linitura?) χριστις, Gloss. Philox.

**linifer**, adj. flax-bearing, Siluano...linifero, inscr. Or. 1614.

**liniger**, adj. flax-wearing, dressed in linen, as Isis and her worshippers, Isis, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 51; turba, M. 1, 747; iuuenca, a. a. 1, 77; grex, Iuv. 6, 532.

**linimen**, inis, n. an ointment or liniment, Theod. Prisc. 1, 18.

**linimentum**, i, n. the same, dolii, Pall. 11, 14, 16; add Theod. Prisc. 1, 21; but in Petron. 79 liniamta; Cels. seems not to have the word.

**linito**, ire, linitus, vb. smear, anoint, caput et spina tepenti adipe liniuntur (so Schneider here agst. his habit), Colnm. 6, 30, 3; aures canum amaris nucibus contritis liniendae sunt (so agall Schn.), 7, 13, 1; linito capite, Plin. 29, 111 (so Sillig); in 17, 265 Sillig w. a has lini (liniri d); in Vitr. 7, 3, 11 Rose has liniuntur; uas linitus, Pall. 3, 31, 1; in 4, 10, 29 Schn. has calcem allinunt, not liniunt; but cf. allinio, circumlinio, illinio, and oblinio.

**linitus**, ūs, m. smearing, anointing, bnselinon praeuolare contra serpentis potu et linitu (so Sillig with mss a d), Plin. 20, 118.

**lino**, linere, liui or lēui, lītum, [for ὀ-lino, cf. ol-eum, ol-ia; for suffix in cf. pono (=pos-ino) sperno cerno; see below] smear, anoint, grease, wax, ubi temperate tepabit (dolium), tum cummim addito, postea linito. Si recte liueris (al. leueris), in dolium quinquagenarium cummim p. nū satis erit, Cato r. 69, 2; certatim tenuia cera Spirāmentā liniunt, Verg. G. 4, 39; Gracca quod ego ipse testa



Conditum leui, Hor. od. 1, 20, 3; carmina fingi Posse linenda cedro (cedar oil), A. P. 332; Omnia niperio spicula felle linunt, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 18; dolia nel serias crassa gummi liuerunt, Colum. 12, 50, 17; opercula...gypso linito, 12, 16, 4; eosque parietes marginesque omnes quae lita non erunt calce harenato lita politaque facito, CIL 577; Ardentes auro et paribus litā corpōrā guttis, Verg. G. 4, 99; Sintnē litae tenuis serpentis felle sagittae, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 83; **2.** smear out, blot out, qui plurima cerno Me quoque qui feci iudice digna lini, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 15; **3.** without notion of grease, coat, auro sublimia tecta linuntur, Ov. med. fac. 7; Et linit Hesperium bractea uia pecus, Mart. 9, 62, 4; in ceteris partibus cuncta auro lita, Suet. Nero 31; **4.** phrase: Polla tibi uentrem, non mihi labra linis, cheat, Mart. 3, 42, 2; cf. sublinere os; **5.** lisse perh. for luuisse, Spart. Hadr. 4, 5; **6.** Prisc. 898 says: uetustissimi lini in praeterito protulisse inueniuntur, ut Varro r. r.: cum oblinerunt uasa; but prob. a mere error for what Varr. 3, 7, 7 has: cum se obleuerunt uisco; **7.** the perfects leui, luiti, point to vbs. ol-e- and ol-i-, cf. de-le-o; and the part. litus is from the simpler vb. ol- for ol-itus; cf. situs cognitus agnitus, for es-itus etc.; the root appears as al in αλειφ-ω, as ad in ad-ep-s, as ελ in ελαιον; and in still fuller form in Go. sal-b- compared with αλειφ-, our salve; also cut down to an l in λ-ε-α; see Massmann or Grimm; cf. also obliuiscor and littera.

**linostēma**, ātis, n. a cloth of flax and wool, Isid. orig. 19, 22.

**linōstrōphon**, i, adj. n. as sb. the Gr. name of marubium, horehound, Plin. 20, 241.

**linozōstis**, is or idis, f. the plant mercury, Plin. 25, 38 and 39; 26, 121 and 150.

**linquo** (=λειπω, ἔ. leave), ēre, liqui, vb. leave, Erum (long for emphasis) in opsione linquet, inimicium animos auxerit, Pl. As. 2, 2, 14; Cur talem inuitam inuitum cogis linquere? Enn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 38; Currum linquit, Pacuv. ap. Non. 87, 26; Gnatos duos creauit: horunc alterum In terra linquit, CIL 1007; Interieisti et liquisti in maeroribus matrem, 1202; canis Hic liquit homines omnes in terrae pila, Varr. ap. Non. 333, 21; quod eum linquentem terram eam quam seruarat lacrimis prosecuti sunt, Cic. Planc. 26; fore ut is in insula Lemno linquetur, fat. 36; linquamus haec, or. 3, 38; linquamus naturam, 3, 179; Irrita uentosae linquens promissa procellae, Catul. 64, 59; Linque seuera, Hor. od. 3, 8, 28; precibus non linquar inultis, 1, 28, 33; et tuta limina linque fuga, Prop. 4, 9, 54; e Macedonia...quam ille linquens in insulam Samothraciam perfergit, Vell. 1, 9, 4; Padus, ubi linquit (liquit?) ubertatem, largitor, Plin. 3, 117; impubem filium domi liquerat, Tac. h. 3, 25; add an. 3, 46;

**2.** esp. of dying, lumen linque (linquit?), Pl. Cist. 3, 12; Quasi bipedes uolucres lino linquant lumina? Naev. ap. Non. 6, 17; Lumina qui lineunt moribundi, Lucr. 3, 542; Linquebat dulcis animas, Verg. 3, 140; linquentes uitam... olores, Sil. 11, 440; linquente spiritu...procubuit, Curt. 6, 1, 15; **3.** or fainting, in. w. animo or even absol., Linquor et ancillis excipienda cado, Ov. her. 2, 130; animo linqui...solebat, Suet. Caes. 45; **4.** impers. or w. a clause for nom., Linquitur ut..., the only view left is that...; hence it follows that..., Lucr. 2, 914; 5, 795; uix cernere linquitur undas, Sil. 4, 628.

**linteāmen**, inis, n. a linen cloth, as a handkerchief etc., Lampr. Heliog. 26, 1; Apul. M. 11, 10; Th. C. 9, 12, 1.

**linteāmentum**, linteum, not. Tir. p. 158.

**linteārius**, (or linti-\*) adj. of linen cloth, negotiatio, business of a lincndraper, Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 5, 15; uestis, Th. C. 10, 20, 6; **2.** as sb. in. a lincndraper, Donato qui (m)anet in Sebura (for Subura) maiore...linterius, inscr. Or. 8; memoriae Iliomari Apri lintiari\*, 6991; manibus Reburri linteari, 4215; uestiarii uel lintearii, Ulp. 14, 3, 5, 4.

**linteātus**, quasi-part. clad in linen, legio, Liv. 10, 38, 12; senex, Sen. dial. 7, 26, 8.

**linteo** (or linto\*), ōnis, m. one who weaves linen cloth,

a weaver, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 37; apud maiores stantes texebant ut hodie linteones, Serv. ad A. 7, 14; **2.** a lincndraper, ossa P. Postumi...lintonis\*, inscr. Or. Henz. 7239; linteones, purpurarii, Th. C. 7, 10, 47.

**linteōlus**, adj. dim. of linen, palliolum, Prud. perist. 3, 180; **2.** linteolum, i, as sb. n. a small linen cloth, caesicium, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 46; 1. duplex madens uino et oleo, Cels. 8, 7, p. 340, 21 Dar.; add 5, 28, 3; 6, 6, 1, p. 226, 36; linteola oleo imbuta, Colum. 6, 16, 2; add Plin. 14, 106; 31, 96 and 100; Apul. M. 2, 30 f.

**linter**, (older linter; this prob. from an obsolete λυντηρ; and that for λυντηρ, from λινω wash—for suff. cf. κρατηρ) tris, (rarely m.\*) f. lit. a washing tub, linter quod apud Graecos masc. est, ὁ λουντηρ (so G L; Hertz ὁ λουντηρ), apud nostros fem. est, Prisc. 1, 151, 19; **2.** hence a sort of boat or vessel for grapes as gathered, luntres (so P) π, Cato r. 11, 5 (in the equipment of a vineyard); canat arbore luntrem (so Eutyech.; luntres Ribb. w. best mss), Verg. G. 1, 262—wh. Serv.: alii (luntres) in quibus uua portatur;

**3.** a canoe or boat, iam in altum expulsa luntre (this, not luntre implied in luntre of D H), Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. l. 1; luntibus (implied in luntibus of E) in insulam materiem...conuexit, Cic. Mil. 74; conquirunt luntres: has magno sonitu remorum in eandem partem mittit, Caes. b. g. 7, 60, 4; Ferte coronatae (al. coronati) iuuenum conuitia luntres (inferred from luntres of e), Ov. F. 6, 771; Exiguus\* pulsa per nada linter aqua, Tib. 2, 5, 34; luntre (so Halm w. a good ms) Ostiam petens, Val. M. 2, 4, 5;

**4.** luntres as nom., Sidon. ep. 5, 283; lembus luntres, not. Tir. 178; **5.** cf. Bücheler Rh. Mus. 11, 297 whence much of this.

**linter-eus**, (linum, t exer.) adj. of flax, flaxen, linen, uestis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 146; Plin. 19, 8; thorax, Liv. 4, 20, 7; tunicae, 9, 40, 3; fascia, Cels. 5, 26, 24; 8, 10, 1, p. 345, 22 Dar.; **2.** esp. linteilibri, containing the oldest writings of Rome, Liv. 4, 7, 12; 4, 20, 8; 9, 38, 6; Vopisc. Aur. 1, 7; 8, 1; Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 4; **III 3.** linteum, i, as sb. n. a linen cloth, as a towel, napkin, handkerchief, linterum cape atque exterge tibi manus, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 110; add Curc. 4, 4, 22; ut tibi ceruicem fingam (wipe) linteo, Afran. ap. Isid. orig. 12, 6, 60; supparum, Nov. ap. Non. 540, 11; Cic. Rab. post. 40 in a corrupt pass.; Tollis linteae negligentiorum, Catul. 12, 4, explained in v. 14 by sudarium; Tarquinieniens linteae in uela (pollitici), Liv. 28, 45, 15; folia...trita per linteum spissum, Plin. 21, 122; sucus linteo colatus, 25, 164; iusserat se pingi in linteo, 35, 51; **4.** esp. an apron, nudus quaerit linteo cinctus, Gal. 3, 192; ad pedes stare succictos linteo, Suet. Cal. 26; **5.** or a sail, dare linteae retro, Verg. 3, 686; Zephyri ueniant in linteae, Ov. am. 2, 11, 41; quo sidere linteae tendant, Lucil. Aetna 244; add Val. F. 4, 83; **III 6.** cloth of other material, circa fruticem lanugines esse linteaeque ea Indicis praestantiora, Plin. 12, 39.

**linteriarius**, see linterarius.

**linterarius** (or linter-\*) adj. linter under linter), adj. as sb. a keeper of boats, de exercitoribus ratium, item linterariis\* (so Mommsen) nihil cauetur, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 4; add inscr. Or. 4245.

**linteriulus** or rather lunt-, i, m. dim. a little boat, uel lunticulo (Med. has uellunt ridiculos), si nauis non erit eripiam me, Cic. Att. 10, 10, 5; for gen. cf. linter m.

**linteris**, see linter 4.

**linum**, (=λινον) i, n. flax, Vrit enim lini campum seges, urit aenae, Verg. G. 1, 77; (linum) agris praecipue noxium est, Colum. 2, 10, 17; cataplasma ex lini semine (linseed), Cels. 2, 33 f.; tunsum et in mollitiem lanae coactum, Plin. 19, 5; lino legato tam factum quam infectum continetur, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 10; **2.** anything made of flax, as a thread, Quid? Stilum ceram tabellas linum. Iam faxo hic erunt, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 64; Cedo tu ceram ac linum actutum: age oblige, obsigna cito, 96; Per ceram et linum litterasque interpretes Salutem mittit, Ps. 1, 1, 40—where the thread binds the letter and is secured by sealed wax (so in 1, 1, 45 read pro lineam salute); ostendimus Cethego signum: cognouit: nos linum incidimus, Cic. Cat. 3, 10; aduersus falsarios reperitum ne tabulae nisi pertusae ac ter lino per



foramina traiecto obsignarentur, Suet. Nero 17; tabulas proprio lino propriaque cera consignamus, Gal. 2, 181; incisio lino et recognito testamento, Scaev. dig. 34, 3, 28, 1; Ulp. 29, 5, 3, 23; add Paul. rec. sent. 5, 25; **3.** in surgical use, Cels. 7, 4, 4; 7, 14, p. 291, 12 Dar.; **4.** a fishing-line, moderabar arundine linum, Ov. M. 13, 923; Vim spinæ nouitque suae uersoque supinus Corpore lina secat fixumque intercipit hamum (viz. the fish anthias), lial. 48; **5.** of nets for fishing, pelagoque alius trahit umida lina, Verg. G. 1, 142; Festa dies illis qui lina marentia ducunt, Ov. F. 6, 239; add M. 13, 931; Iuv. 5, 102; Plin. 19, 10 and 11; and even the sing. cymbac linue magister, Iuv. 4, 45; **6.** of nets for catching beasts or birds, transibat lina plagarum, Ov. M. 7, 768; lina nodosa, 3, 153; 7, 807; **7.** of a linen cloth, (uina) lino uitata (in straining), Hor. s. 2, 4, 54; lino celantibus uluam...Incubere toris, Ov. F. 5, 519; but in Verg. 12, 120 uelati limo is now read; **8.** of breastplates and helmets, Tempora multiplici mōs est defedere lino Et lino munire latus, Sil. 3, 271; fugit illa per oras Multiplicis lini, 4, 293; add 5, 588; Plin. 19, 12.

**līnyfārius**, (līnyfus) adj. as sb. m. weaver, corpus līnteariorum siue līnyfāriūm, Th. C. 10, 20, 16.

**līnyfio** (or -īfio), ōnis, m. the same, alii uitrum conflant, alii līnifones, Hadr. ap. Vopisc. Saturn. 8, 6.

**līnyfus**, (Λινυφος from φάω, weave) adj. as sb. the same, Th. C. 10, 20, 8.

**līo**, (λειω) āre, vb. make smooth, Apic. 179; 186 (bis); 196; 197; 208; Tertul. idol. 5.

**līpārae**, (λιπαρος) f. pl., adj. as sb. mild oily plasters, Plin. 23, 162; 33, 105 and 110; 34, 174; **2.** in Gr. Cels. 5, 19, 25.

**līpo** or **līpio**, vb. of the note of a kite, carn. Phil. 24.

**līppidus**, γλαμωδης, Gloss.

**līppinus**, a cognomen, P. Sextius Lippinus, inscr. Mnr. 1498, 9.

**līppio**, ire, vb. be bleary-eyed, cum leuiter lippirem, has litteras dedi, Cic. Att. 7, 14, 1; calor adiuuat lippientes, Cels. 1, 9, p. 25, 29 Dar.; add 6, 6, 1, p. 226, 25; lippinti ab afflatu (septiontrionis), Plin. 18, 330 (of sheep); add 28, 44; ne omnino lippiat, 28, 94; lippiturus, 29, 128; 27, 105; **2.** met., lippinti fauces fame, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 29.

**līppitudo**, inis, f. running of mucus from the eye, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 18; Poen. 1, 2, 182; Cic. Tusc. 4, 81; Att. 8, 12, 1; Cels. 6, 6, 1; 6, 6, 26; Plin. 28, 56; **2.** l. arida, wh. the eyes are only red, Cels. 6, 6, 29.

**līppulus**, adj. dim. bleary-eyed, Arnob. 7, 34.

**līppus**, (akin to λιμη, humour in the eyes, and so to γλαμη, γλαμπος and Λ. gramia; prob. also to cōlo, and Fr. couler) adj. bleary-eyed, Cubare in nauī lippam atque oculis turgidis, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 15; add 2, 3, 21; Pers. 1, 1, 11; Bac. 4, 8, 72; Hic oculis ego nigra meis collyria lippus Illinere, Hor. s. 1, 5, 30; add ep. 1, 1, 29; fuligine lippus, Iuv. 10, 130; **2.** met., Cum tua peruideas (overlook, fail to see) oculis male lippus inunctis, Hor. s. 1, 3, 25; lippa ficus, Mart. 7, 20, 12, the juice escaping from over-ripeness.

**līquāb-ilis**, e, adj. capable of melting, cera, Apul. mag. 30; saxum (of the pillar of salt), Prud. hamart. 744.

**līquāmen**, inis, n. a liquid mixture, dulcia, Colum. 9, 14, 17; adipis, 6, 2, 7; l. de paris, Pall. 3, 25, 12; **2.** esp. a fish sauce, like anchovy, perh. garum, liquaminis optimi heminam, Veg. net. 5, 67, 4; de liquamine emendando, Apic. 7; add 31, 35, 36 etc.

**līquāmentum**, i, n. a liquid condition, adiectio passi et aquae illius copia praestat l., Veg. uct. 5, 65, 3.

**līquāminārius**, γαρροπωδης, Gloss. Philox.

**līquāminātum**, quasi-part. n. as sb. essence of the sauce liquamen, Apic. 373 (see Schuch. who compares for suffix laseratum, piperatum etc.).

**līquāminōsus**, adj. full of the sauce liquamen, res, Marc. Emp. 5 f.

**līquāto**, ōnis, f. melting, Vopisc. Aurel. 46, 1.

**līquātōrium**, ū, adj. n. as sb. a strainer, Cacl. Aur. a-ent. 2, 39, 229.

**līquēfācio**, fēci, factus, fācēre, vb. trans. melt, legum acra liquefacta, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; add N. D. 2, 26; Omentum

in flamma pingue liquēfāciens, Catul. 90, 6; add Plin. 21, 84; 28, 144; **2.** met., uoluptatibus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 16; add Sil. 11, 417; **3.** for qty note: liquēfactaque uoluerē saxa, Verg. G. 1, 473; add w. the same qty, 4, 36 and 555; A. 3, 576; 9, 588; Ov. M. 13, 830; but medullis Tabe liquēfactis, 9, 175; Tura liquēfāciunt, 7, 160; so qty varies in Sil. : Pieria liquēfacta lyra, 11, 417; but: Ossā liquēfactis..., 1, 178.

**līquēfio**, ēri, factus, vb. be melted, (adipem) liquēfieri iubent, Plin. 28, 144; saxa liquefieri, Gell. 17, 10, 19 (from A. 3, 576); **2.** met., Sic mea perpetuis liquēfiunt pectora curis, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 57; see liquefacio.

**līqueo**, see liquet.

**līquesco**, ēre, vb. melt, ut cera liquescit, Verg. B. 8, 80; add A. 8, 446; tabem liquescētis niuis, Liv. 21, 36, 6; traditur in ore liquescere, Plin. 37, 162; **2.** met., meus mihi...De niue manantis more liquescit aquae, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 67; add M. 7, 550; Ib. 425; uoluptate liquescimus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; **3.** become clear (of water), aqua paulatim liquescit, bell. Alex. 5, 1; **4.** of the liquids, l m n r, Val. Prob. 1, 1389 P.

**līquet**, (see liquo) ēre, licuit, vb. impers. it is clear, it is distinct, in use only of ideas, Nunc liquet nunc defecatumst, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 70; (see liquidus 1 § 3); Sicut ego efciam quae facta hic turbauimus Profecto nt liquēant omnia et tranquilla sint, Most. 2, 1, 70; Illum liquet mihi deicere his mensibus Sex septem prorsus non uidisse proximis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 40; Protagoras qui sese negat omnino de deis habere quod liqueat, Cic. N. D. 1, 29; ne Protagoram quidem cui neutrum licuerit nec esse deos nec non esse, 1, 117; Dissimulare uelis, tō liquēt esse meum, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 62; mirabatur id cuiquam pro percepto liquere..., Gell. 14, 1, 11; **2.** non liquet, not proven, as the verdict of a jury, homines sapientes qui neque absolvere hominem nocentissimum possent, neque eum condemnare uellent, non liquere dixerunt, Cic. Clu. 76; their vote was given in the letters N. L., see Ascon. ad Verr. 2, 1, 9; **3.** out of legal sphere, iurauī mihi non liquere atque ita iudicatu illo solutus sum, Gell. 14, 2, 25; see liquor vb.

**līquiditas**, ātis, f. clearness, perfect transparency, aeris, Apul. mund. 1.

**līquidius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. clearer, brighter, met., Līquidiusculusque ero quam nentus est Fauonius, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 70.

**līquidus**, adj. [liquo, liquor] clear, bright (of liquids) per aetatem boues aquam liquidam bibant semper curato, Cato r. 73; liquidis inmis fontibus apros, Verg. B. 2, 59; Falernum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 34; l. merum (opp. to turbida Caecuba), Mart. 12, 60 b, 2—so Don. ad Andr. 4, 3, 14: quae sunt pura et defaecata liquida suut; curandum est ut cum diffundis liquidum et sine faece diffundas, Colum. 12, 38, 4; **2.** of the sky, Praeterea modo cum fuerit liquidissima caeli tempestas perquam subito fit turbida foede, Lucr. 4, 168; ubi...Nare per aetatem liquidam suspexeris agmen, Verg. G. 4, 59; add 1, 404; liquida si quando nocte cometae Sanguinei lugubre rubent, A. 10, 272; **3.** bright (as fire or light), Inde loci liquidas pilatasque aetheris oras, Enn. s. 3 V; Largus item liquidus fons luminis aetherius sol, Lucr. 5, 281; Et liquidus simul ignis, Verg. B. 6, 33; liquidum trans aethera uctae, A. 7, 65; **4.** of sound, Frigios (so mss LW, not Phrygios) per ossa cornus liquida canit anima, Varr. s. p. 132, 7 R; liquidis loca uocibus opplent, Lucr. 2, 146; add 4, 981; Verg. G. 1, 410; Hor. od. 1, 24, 3; **5.** met., Tam liquidumst (so mss) quam liquida 'sse tempestas solet, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 64; homo, 3, 2, 65; animus, Epid. 5, 1, 36; auspicinn, Ps. 2, 4, 72; mens, Catul. 63, 46; fides, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 10; Val. M. 6, 5, 1; oratio, Cic. Brut. 274; genus sermonis, or. 2, 159; uoluptas (unclouded by pain), fin. 1, 58; Lucr. 3, 40; somnus (undisturbed), Val. F. 4, 16; **6.** ad liquidum, to a clear condition (of ideas), Liv. 35, 8, 7; esp. with perducere, Vell. 1, 16, 1; Quint. 5, 14, 28; Curt. 9, 2, 14; redigetur, Sen. ep. 71, 32; **7.** liquidum as a cogn. acc. or adv., l. cantat, Ov. am. 1, 13, 8; l. canunt, Calp. ecl. 4, 150; **8.** liquido, adv. clearly, distinctly, Quia si forte opus sit ad erum iurato (so Bent., mss iurandum) mihi, Non adposisse



ut liquido possim, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 14; l. dicere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 49; negare, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 7; disicere, Liv. 39, 47, 3; iurare, Sen. ben. 7, 9, 5; liquidus iudicauit, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 1; liquidus audiunt talpae, Plin. 10, 191; liquidissime, Aug. ep. 28 f.; 9. liquide seems not to occur; 10. limpidae and lucidus merely other forms; II 11. liquid, Crassaque conueniant liquidis et liquida crassis, Lucr. 4, 1259; liquidam molem camposque natantis (of the sea), 6, 405; Et liquidum (sc. fulmen) puncto facit aes in tempore et aurum, 6, 230; ...Esse magis, fluuido quae corpore liquida constant, 2, 452; Vncus adest liquidumque plumbum, Hor. od. 1, 35, 20; nunc rigentia gelu flumina nunc liquida, Plin. pan. 82; alius liquida, Cels. 2, 6; 12. in gram., liquid or of varying quantity in metre, uocales apud Latinos omnes sunt ancipites uel liquidae, hoc est quae facile modo produci modo recipi possunt, Prisc. 1, 9, 30 K; sunt etiam in consonantibus ancipites uel liquidae ut l r...; his quidam addunt non irrationaliter m et n quia ipsae quoque communes faciunt syllabas post mutam positae, 1, 10, 4; add Char. 8, 6; Diom. 423, 2; Cled. 27, 32; 28, 10 etc.; 13. liquidum, as sb. n. liquid, water, Vt tibi si sit opus liquidi non amplius urna, Hor. s. 1, 1, 54; cum liquido mixta perdit diua polenta, Ov. M. 4, 454.

**Liquiritia**, ae, (γλυκυρριζα, sweet root) f. liquorice (the same word), Veg. vet. 6, 9, 6 (wh. Schn. glycyrrhizae); Theod. Prisc. diaeta 9.

**Liquis**, e, adj. oblique? summitas, agrim. 100, 2; 414, 20 L R.

**Liquo**, (perh. decap. fm. cōl-ico, and that a freq. of cōlo) āre, vb. strain, sapis, uinā liques, Hor. od. 1, 11, 6; sacens quo uinum liquatur, Colum. 9, 15, 12; per cōlum liquatum succum, 12, 38, 7; 2. hence make clear, interposita est piscina limaria, ubi... consisteret et liquaretur aqua, Frontin. aq. 1, 15; 3. melt, dissolve, make liquid, liquari non potest in aqua, oleo dissoluitur, Plin. 22, 48; (nitrum) continuis fornacibus liquatur, 36, 193; add 36, 63; pilā liquāuit, Lucan. 7, 158; (a lozenge) sub lingua liquatur, Cels. 4, 8, p. 131, 19 Dar.; uentrem liquare (open) dato lacte, 4, 19, p. 145, 14 Dar.; adipem liquatum, 4, 22, p. 148, 14.

I **Liquor**, (see **Liquo**) i, vb. r. be transparent, clear, bright—only in part. liquens, as adj., aut cum liquentia mella, Verg. 1, 436; Quales aerae liquentia flumina circum... quercus, 9, 679; et uina liquentia fundam, 5, 238; fluuiumque liquentem, G. 4, 442; 2. met., fidei purae liquentsque, Gell. 18, 5, 11; II 3. liquor, melt, orbem flammeum Radiatum solis liquer cursu nouo, Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; causas quae uim habeant concrendenti liquendi, Cic. Tim. 14; cum montibus umor liquitur, Verg. G. 1, 44; atro liquuntur (so Wagner; Ribb. liquuntur) sanguine guttae, A. 3, 28; and so G. 2, 187; sudor Liquitur, A. 9, 813; ut fraces et amurae liquantur (so a; liquentur Sillig with d), Plin. 15, 22; add Stat. Th. 5, 619; 4. met., Illico res foras labitur liquitur, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 16; liquitur aetas, Lucr. 2, 1132; 5. liquens, as adj. liquid, lac liquentium (rerum) maxime alibile, Varr. r. 2, 11, 1; camposque liquentes (the sea), Verg. 6, 724; 6. liquentia, as sb. u. pl. liquids, Nec speciem mutare suam liquentia cessant, Lucr. 4, 141; 7. for varying qty cf. liquor sb., liquidus; some refer liquens as adj. to liquet.

2 **Liquor**, ōris, m. fluidity (hoc) ipse liquor aquae declarat, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; calor ignis, liquor\* aquai, Lucr. 1, 453; lapis, cuius uomica aeterni liquoris argentum uinum apellatur, Plin. 33, 99; but for Cic. Tim. 14, see liquor vb.; 2. a fluid, liquid, innergere in me liquores tuos, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 15; liquores perlucidos annium, Cic. N. D. 2, 98; niteo spumato liquore, 1, 13; mellis, Lucr. 1, 938; amaracini, 2, 847; liquor ouorum albus, Colum. 6, 38, 2; Rursus abundabat fluidus liquor omniaque in se..., Verg. 3, 484; medius l., Hor. od. 3, 3, 46 (of the sea); 3. for qty note the one ex. of a long i marked \*.

**Lira** or lera (perh. from a lost vb. = S. likh, scratch; cf. lima, litera), ae, f. a broad ridge (as formed in ploughing), liras rustici uocant porcas cum sic aratum est, ut inter duos latius distantes sulcos medius cumulus siccam sedem frumentis praebet, Colum. 2, 4, 8; cauebitur ut patentes liras

crebrosque sulcos aquarios faciamus, 2, 8, 3; add 11, 3, 21; 2. acc. to others, the furrow, lera (sic) est fossa iu quam uligo terrae decurrit, Non. 17, 33; add Isid. or. 15, 15; 3. the same confusion holds w. porca and the G. fureche (see Key's Essays, p. 91).

**Lirātim**, adv. w. broad-backed ridges, lirātim seri debent, ut minus infestentur aquis, Colum. 11, 3, 20.

**Lirion**, (Λειριος of lilies) i, adj. n. as sb. an unguent or oil of lilies, Plin. 21, 22; 23, 95.

**Lirion**, ii, n. lily, Apul. herb. 107.

**Liris**, is, m. the river now called Garigliano which separated Latium from Samnium, perh. first called Galiris (for interchange of liquids cf. Sp. milagro = L. miraculum, colurnus for corulus), inmantem Maricae Litoribus tenuisse Lirim, Hor. od. 3, 17, 8; add 1, 31, 7; Plin. 2, 227; Lucan. 2, 424.

**Liro**, (lero\*) āre, vb. plough finally, tertio cum arant iacto semine lirare dicuntur, id est cum tabellis additis... Varr. r. 1, 29, 2; proscinditur iugerum duabus operis, iteratur una, lirantur una iugera quattuor, Colum. 11, 2, 46; sato semine iteratio tabula annexa quod uocant lirare, Plin. 18, 180; 2. met., Numquis hic resistit qui non (nondum mss) labeas lerarit\* (sic) mihi? Pomp. ap. Non. 18, 4; 3. in Auson. ep. 10, 8 lirare for delirare.

**Liroe**, (ληροι) m. pl. nonsense, lumbag, Gerraee germanae atque edepol liroe liroe, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 9.

**Lis**, (old forms leis, slis and slis; perh. one with G. streit; and G. vb. streiten = S. strida, and also trāta, quarrel, wrangle, w. a sb. rid—so like L. lit.) litis, f. a lawsuit, chiefly civil, Cn. Cornelius Cn. f. Scipio xvir s(iti)bus iudik(antis), CIL 2, 38; nam mihi Tris hodie litis iudicandas dicit, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 10; Qui falsas litis falsis testimoniis Petunt, Rud. pr. 13; add Cas. 3, 3, 6; Iudicia litis turbas tricas contiones maxumas, Turp. ap. Non. 8, 25; potius quam litis sequar, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 40; add Andr. 4, 5, 16; Pl. 2, 3, 61; bona tua repetere ac persequi lite atque iudicio, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 32; 2. gen. of civil suits, but also of criminal proceedings, litis nomen omnem actionem significat, siue in rem siue in personam sit, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 36; si quae in eum lis capitis illata est, Clu. 116; 3. litem dare, give a verdict (as jury), quo minus secundum eas (tabulas) lis detur, non recusamus, Cic. Rosc. com. 3; secundum eam (partem) litem iudices dare quae magis popularis esset, Liv. 23, 4, 3; 4. nearly one with res in its legal sense, quibus res erat in controuersia, ea uocabatur lis; ideo in actionibus uidemus dici: Quam rem siue mi litem dicere oportet, Varr. l. 7, 5; illud mihi mirum uideri solet tot homines... statuere non potuisse utrum... rem an litem dici oportet, Cic. Mur. 27; quarum rerum litem caussarum condixit pater patris, old formula ap. Liv. 1, 32, 11; 5. beyond legal sphere, dispute, controversy, row, scio liteis fore, Pl. St. 1, 2, 21; Proin siquis pugnam exspectat, litis contrahat, Capt. pr. 63; add As. 4, 2, 15; neque pugnas ego, nec litis coepo, Men. 5, 5, 57; nil mi opust Litibus aut tricis, Pers. 4, 3, 62; auctorem fuisse (philosophis) ut nollet acetem in litibus contere, Cic. leg. 1, 53; Quis... elegos emisit auctor... sub iudice lis est, Hor. A. P. 78; Semper habe morsus circa tua colla recentes Litibus alternis quos putet esse datos, Prop. 4, 5, 40; Nil agit exemplum litem quod lite resoluit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 103; 6. met., Lis est cum forma magna pudicitiae, Ov. her. 15 (16), 288; Vt semel hac (mss haec or hoc) rerum secessit lite suarum... Altum flamma petit, F. 1, 107; 7. for form cf. slis of § 1; and CIL 198, 7; leitiss (gen.) of CIL 198, 4; leitibus, ib. 57; leis nom., 205, 1, 48; (ausi sunt dicere) stlocum stlitesque, Quint. 1, 4, 16.

**Litāb-ills**, e, adj. like to appease (a god), hostia, Min. Fel. Oct. 32; uictima, Lact. 1, 21; litabilior uictima, epit. 7.

**Litāmen**, inis, n. an appeasing sacrifice, Stat. Th. 10, 610; Prud. ham. pr. 50.

**Litānia**, (λιτανεια) ac, f. a litany, Th. C. 16, 5, 30, 2; Inl. ep. nou. 115, 478; Sidou. ep. 5, 7.

**Litānicus**? in Plin. 20, 239, Sillig has tetanicos.

**Litatio**, ōnis, f. appeasing of a god by sacrifice, Vt hodie ad litationem huic suppetat satias Ioui, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 100;



hostiae sine litatione caesae, Liv. 27, 23, 4; add 41, 15, 4; hostiae litationem inspexerunt, inser. Or. 2271, 58.

**Litēra** etc., see littera.

**Literninus**, adj. of Liternum, rus, Plin. 14, 49; uilla, Val. M. 2, 10, 2; **2.** Literninum, n. absol. a villa near Liternum, Liv. 38, 52, 1; Plin. 16, 234.

**Liternum** or **Linternum\***, i. n. a town of Campania, Ov. M. 15, 714\*; Liv. 23, 35, 5; 32, 29, 3; Plin. 3, 61; Sil. 6, 654.

**Liternus** or **Linternus\***, adj. of Liternum, ager\*, Cic. agr. 2, 66; palus, Sil. 7, 273; **2.** as sb. m. the river Liternus, Liv. 22, 16, 4.

**lithargyrum**, i. n. litharge, oxide of lead, Plin. 26, 101.

**lithizon?** in Plin. 37, 94 Sillig has lignyzoutem, akin to λιγνυς.

**lithospermon**, i, adj. n. as sb. a plant of stony seeds, gromwell, Plin. 27, 98 and 99.

**lithostrotus**, adj. paved with stone, mosaic, pavimenta, Varr. r. 3, 1, 10; Plin. 36, 184; **2.** lithostrotum as sb. n. a mosaic pavement, Varr. 3, 2, 4; Capit. Gord. 32, 6.

**liticen**, inis, m. one who plays on the lituus, a trumpeter, Cato ap. Gell. 20, 2, 1 and 2; Varr. l. 5, 16 f.; Desides Baiae liticennē notus, Stat. silu. 4, 7, 19; Amm. 14, 2, 16; M. Aurelius M. Aur. l. Crestus liticen, inser. Or. 3519; M. Julius Victor ex collegio liticinum cornicinum, 4105.

**litigatio**, ōnis, f. litigation, dispute, Lact. 3, 8 (al. litigator); l. μαχη ἢ διαλογων, Gloss. Philox.

**litigātor**, ōris, m. one who goes to law, a party to a suit, a litigant, Tac. an. 13, 42; Quint. 3, 10, 4; 5, 7, 34 etc.; Suet. Aug. 33; Calig. 39.

**litigātrix**, icis, litigant, not. Tir. p. 34.

**litigātus**, ūs, m. litigation, ps. Quint. Lecham. 6, 19.

**litigiosus**, adj. fond of going to law, litigious, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 37; comp. in Sidon. ep. 8, 3; snp. in Aug. ep. 68; **2.** met., disputatio, Cic. fin. 5, 76; praediolum, or. 3, 108; fora, Ov. F. 118.

**litigium**, ii, n. a lawsuit, met. a quarrel, a row, Nam ego aliquid contrahere cupio inter eos litigi duos, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 31; Litigiumst tibi cum uxore, Men. 1, 2, 42; add 5, 2, 13 and 34.

**litigo**, (litem, ago) āre, vb. go to law (with), proceed legally against, quicum litigas abscessit, Pl. Poen. 3, 6, 3; noli pati litigare fratres et iudicis turpibus confictari, Cic. fam. 9, 25, 3; uelis forum inumbravit ut salubrius litigantes consistent, Plin. 19, 24; **2.** met. wrangle, quarrel, Relinque aliquantum orationis, cras quod meum litiges, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 34 (said to a wife); add 2, 5, 9; Rud. 4, 4, 16; As. 5, 2, 64; Cic. Att. 13, 37, 2; Mart. 11, 35, 3.

**lito**, (or litto; and so akin to luo—see Varro † below; but lno is a decap. sol-uo, of wh. sol is the root; from this sol-ito is a freq. which decap. becomes lito—for variety of vowel cf. lūbet libet, linter linter) āre, vb. discharge a (religious) debt, sacrifice effectually, i.e. with evidence that the sacrifice is accepted, Sex agnos immolavi nec potui tamen Propitiam Venerem facere ut prodesset mihi. Quoniam litare nequeo; abii illic ilico, Pl. Poen. 2, 7; tum me Iuppiter Faciāt ut semper sacrificem, numquam litem, 2, 42; habes cuius rei causa fecerim hecatomben, in quo ego, ut puto, quoniam est luere solvere, litauit, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 20; cum tristissima exta sine capite fuerunt, proxima hostia\* litatur saepe pincerhime, Cic. diu. 2, 36; cum pluribus dis immolatur, qui enenit, ut litetur aliis, aliis non litent? 2, 38; Decio capnt iocineris a familiari parte caesum (ostendit); alioqui acceptam dis hostiam esse; Manlium egregie litasse. Atqui bene habet, inquit Decius, si ab collega litatum est, Liv. 8, 9, 1; add 27, 23, 1; mola\* salsa litant qui non habent tura, Plin. praef. 11; profinus intereunt (mnscae), quum (mss qua or quam) litatum est ei deo, io, 75; add 8, 183; ut praetor... litaturum se sciat utulo\*, inser. Or. 736, 10; **2.** so far w. abl. of the means, see \* above; rarely w. acc., offer as an acceptable sacrifice, extā litābāt ouis, Prop. 4, 1, 24; Ieuniorum dum litamus uictimam, Prud. cath. 7, 5; honorem litabimus domino, Tertul. patient. 10; but in Flor.

3, 4, 2 Halm has litare dis sanguine humano; **3.** w. sacrum as a cogn. acc., forda sacra litātē boue, Ov. F. 4, 630; neque enim tibi summe litāui Iuppiter hoc sacrum, Lucan. 1, 632; tibi enim haec ego sacra litāui, Stat. Th. 10, 338; sacrisque litātis Indulge hospitio, Verg. 4, 50;

**4.** met., litemus ergo Lentulo, parentemus Cethego (i. e. to their manes), Cic. Flac. 96; Postquam litatum est Ilio, Phoebus redit, Sen. Ag. 598; add Med. 1028; illae (statuae) strage et ruina publico gaudio litauerunt, Plin. pan. 52; tunc iniuriae meae litatum crediderim, Apul. M. 5, 30; **5.** litato, as abl. absol., sacrifice having been effectually offered, nec auspicato nec litato instrunt aciem, Liv. 5, 38, 1.

**litōrālis**, e, adj. of the beach or seashore, diis, Catul. 4, 22; (pisces), Plin. 9, 65; Indi, Iustin. 12, 10, 6.

**litōrārius**, adj., the same, arena, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 11, 135.

**litōreus**, adj. the same, aues, Verg. 12, 248; ilices, 8, 43; cancer, Ov. M. 10, 127; 15, 369; arena, 15, 725; Salinae, Mart. 10, 78, 1; Cupra, Sil. 8, 434.

**litōrōsus**, adj. abounding in sand, in agrum macerrium litorosissimumque, Fab. Max. ap. Serv. A. 1, 11; mare, Plin. 37, 151.

**litōtēs**, ētis, f. simplicity—hence a fig. of gramm. = μειωσις, non innoxia uerba; litotes, i. e. nocentissima, Serv. ad G. 2, 129.

**litēra** or **litera**, (for lictera fm. a lost vb. = S. likh scratch, w. t excr.) ae, f. a letter of the alphabet, Immo edepol una littera plus sum quam medicus. Tm tu Mendicus es, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 18; Litteris recomminis: C' st principium nomini, Trin. 4, 2, 70; sns rostro si humi A litteram impresserit, Cic. diu. 1, 23; litteras nesciebat, Brut. 259; nellem nescirem litteras, Nero ap. Sen. elem. 2, 1, 2; **2.** in the verdict of juries, l. salutaris A for absoluto, l. tristis C for condemno, eamque sortem ex haece lege apertam bracioque aperto literam digiteis opertam... (afferto), CIL 198, 52; nec uobis tam hanc salutarem in iudicando litteram quam illam tristem dedisset, Cic. Mil. 15; **3.** in literam, in the order of the alphabet, digerere in literam senes orbos, Sen. ep. 68, 10; **4.** ad litteram, to the letter, literally, quem locum ad litteram (al. litteras), ne fraudarem legentis, Quint. 9, 1, 25; **5.** tun trium litterarum homo (i. e. fur, a thief) Me uituperas? Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 46; **6.** met. l. longa of a man hanging, neque quicquam meliust mihi, Vt opinor, quam ex me ut nnam faciam litteram Longam, meum laqueo collum quando obstrinero, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 77;

**II 7.** litterae, in pl. writing, esp. an epistle, a letter, ad socios dispertieram alio frumentum... alio litteras, Cato ap. Charis. 222 K; tuas litteras hodie expectabam, Cic. Att. 13, 2, 1; Caesar ad Lingonas litteras nuntiosque misit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; **8.** gen. writings, books, literature, tabulas libros leiterasue... (produ)cere proferrequ(e) uolet, CIL 198, 34; litteras ad magistratus... mitta(nt), 203, 10; dicam de istis Graecis quid exquisitum habeam, et quo(r) bonum sit illorum litteras inspicere, nou perdiscere, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14; lumen litterarum Latinarum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; ut Graecis de philosophia litteris non egeant, diu. 2, 5;

**9.** the sing. in the sense of a letter in poets, Quam legis, a rapta Briseide littera nenit, Ov. her. 3, 1; Cur mihi fama prior, quam nntia littera uenit? 6, 9; Mille potest causis, a te quae littera saepe Missa sit, in nostras rara uenire manus, tr. 4, 7, 23; Littera facundi gratum mihi pignus amici Pertulit, Mart. 10, 73, 1.

**litērālis**, e, adj. of writing, commercioium, Symm. ep. 4, 54; lectio, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 5, 162; syllaba est uox litteralis, Prisc. 1, 44, 5 K; uox l., Diom. 420, 12; grammaticae, ib. 421, 10.

**litērārius**, adj. of letters or writing, ludus, Plin. 9, 24; Tac. an. 3, 66; Quint. 1, 4, 27; Suet. Cal. 45; Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 6.

**litērātio**, ōnis, f. teaching to read and write, Varr. ap. Aug. ord. 2, 12; Isid. orig. 1, 3; add Mart. Cap. 3, 50 G, p. 56, 18 Eyss.

**litērātor**, ōris, m. one who teaches the ABC, Catul. 14, 9; Messal. Corv. ap. Suet. gram. 4; Gell. 16, 6, 1; 18, 9, 2; Apul. flor. 20.



**littērātōrius**, adj. of one who teaches the ABC, Quint. 2, 14, 3; Tertul. idol. 10.

**littērātrix**, iōis, adj. or sb. f. corresponding to litterator, Quint. 2, 14, 3.

**littērātūlus**, adj. dim. of contempt, a scholar, Hieron. ad Ruf. 1, 31.

**littērātūra**, ae, f. teaching the ABC, and so grammar, l. constat ex notis litterarum et ex eo in quo imprimuntur illae notae, Cic. part. or. 26; prima illa l. per quam pueris elementa traduntur, Sen. ep. 88, 20; grammaticae quam in Latinum transferentes litteraturam uocauerunt, Quint. 2, 1, 4; add 2, 14, 3; doctorem habuit in prima litteratura Dionysium, Apul. dogm. Plat. 2; 2. the alphabet, Graecam litteraturam, Tac. an. 11, 13; 3. in Cic. Phil. 2, 116 Halm w. best as has litterae, not litteratura.

**littērātus**, quasi-part. marked with a letter or letters, Nam haec litteratast: eapse cantat quoia sit (sc. an urna marked V. or Ven. as belonging to the temple of Venus), Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 21; eusciculus...litteratus, Dicedum in eo ensiculo litterarum quid sit. Mei nomen patris, 4, 4, 112; laciniis auro litteratas, Apul. M. 6, 3; laminae, 3, 17; 2. esp. a slave w. some letter burnt in his forehead, Hoc age sis Olympio. Si hio litteratus me sinat, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 49; frontes litterati, Apul. M. 9, 12; Colum. 10, 125; cf. inscripta so used by Iuv. 14, 24 and Mart. 8, 75, 9; 3. more or less instructed, acquainted with books, scholarly, C. Canius...nec inefactus et satis litteratus, Cic. off. 3, 58; tua nobilitas...hominibus litteratis et historicis est notior, Mur. 16; quem litteratissimum fuisse iudico, fam. 9, 16, 4; pueri litteratissimi, Nep. Att. 13, 3; ineptias quibus litteraturae est quisque non melior, Sen. n. q. 4, 13, 1; 4. hence a grammarian, (grammatici) initio litterati uocabantur, Suet. gram. 4; 5. literary, quid est dulcius otio litterato? Cic. Tusc. 5, 105; labor, Apul. mag. 4.

**littērio**, ōnis, m. dim. of contempt, a bookworm, Amm. 17, 11, 1.

**littērōsus**, adj. full of book-knowledge, homo mere 1., Cass. Hemin. ap. Non. 133, 5.

**littērūla**, ae, f. dim. a letter, accepi tuam epistolam uacillantibus litterulis, nec mirum, tam graui morbo, Cic. fam. 16, 15, 2; add Att. 6, 9, 1; 2. in pl. writing, a letter or epistle, often w. idea of modesty or contempt, ut eodem perfugio quo tibi utendum censeo, litterulis nostris, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 2; hoc litterularum exaravi, Att. 12, 1, 1; Chrysippum propter litterularum nescio quid libenter uidi, 7, 2, 8; Litterulis Graecis imbutus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7.

**littus**, see litus.

**littūra**, (see lino) ae, f. smearing, (terrae) quam prius amurca madefeceris, Colum. 4, 24, 6; 2. esp. the smearing out of writing, blotting out, erant acceptae pecuniae a C. Verrucio C. f., sic tamen ut ad alterum r litterae constarent integrae, reliquae essent in litura, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 187; unius nominis litura se commotum esse, Arch. 9; cum mendam scripturae litura tollatur, Caecin. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 1; carmen reprehendite quod non Multa dies et multa litura coecruit, Hor. A. P. 293; litura inductiones superductiones ipse feci, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1, 1; 3. a blot in writing, Littera suffusas quod habet maculosa lituras, Laesit opus lacrimis ipse poeta suum, Ov. tr. 3, 1, 15; add Prop. 4, 3, 4.

**littūrarius**, adj. of blotting, as sb. m. (sc. liber) a blotting book, and so a book for rough copy of any kind, Auson. Paulo 350, 4.

**litturgus**, (Λιτουργος) adj. as sb. m. a public servant or menial, Th. C. 11, 24, 6; met., Mart. Cap. 2, 45 G, p. 50, 7 Eyss.

**littūro**, āre, vb. blot out, Sidon. ep. 9, 3 f.; lituratum A G et erasum, inser. Or. 4405, 21.

1 **litus**, ūs, m. smearing, anointing, litu, Plin. 33, 110.

2 **litus**, part. see lino.

3 **litus**, or littus (for lictus, fm. a lost vb. = S. likh, scratch, w. t exer.; see littera and lima § 9: hence means scrapings as of rocks, and so) sand, see litorosus; 2. hence a sea beach, shore, coast, strand, Ab saxo auertit fluctus ad litus scapham, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 76; solebat Aquilius quaerentibus quid esset litus ita definire, qua fluctus elude-

ret, Cic. top. 32; litus est quousque maximus fluctus a mari peruenit, idque M. Tullium aiunt cum arbiter esset...primam constituisse, Cels. dig. 30, 16, 96; Littūs ut longe resonante Eoa Tuuditur nnda, Catul. 11, 3; Huc ades: insani feriant sine litora fluctus, Verg. B. 9, 43; 3. and so opp. to ripa as bank of a river, campoque recepta (sc. flumina) Liberioris aquae pro ripis litora pulsant, Ov. M. 1, 42; 4. rarely of the bank of a river, hostias constituit in litore (Eurotae) ut qui trans flumen essent uidere possent, Cic. inu. 2, 97; rex Niliaci littoris, Prud. cath. 5, 45; cf. Verg. 3, 389; 5. of a lake, Lariumque litus, Catul. 35, 4; Trasimenuaque litora, Ov. F. 6, 765; Sil. 15, 815; 6. at times of land near the coast, cui litus arandum, Cuique loci leges dedimus, Verg. 4, 212; de numero seruorum, electione litorum loqui, Tac. h. 3, 63; 7. prov. phrases, His qui contentus non est, in litus areus...in mare fundat aquas, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 44; Nec sinet ille tuos litus arare boues, 5, 4, 48; 8. met. so and so (name dub.), uou homo sed litus atque aer et solitudo mera, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 1, 18, 1.

**lituus**, i, (?) m. a trumpet of a shrill note\* with a straight stock and curved joint at the end†, Iude lōei litūus souitus effudit acutus\*, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 116; litui quo canitur, Cic. diu. 1, 30; Et lituo tubae Permixtus sonitus, Hor. od. 1, 1, 23; add 2, 1, 18; Et litūo pugnas insignis obibat et hasta, Verg. 6, 167; Iam lituus pugnae signa daturus erat, Ov. F. 3, 216; stridor\* lituum claugorque tubarum, Lucan. 1, 237; lituosque aduocō† (cornu), Sen. Oed. 752; stridor\* litui strepitus, Thy. 575; lituis acutis\*, Stat. Th. 6, 228; add Val. F. 6, 166; II 2. an augur's staff, with the end spirally curved, lituus iste quod clarissimum est insigne auguratus, Cic. diu. 1, 30; Ipse Quirinali litūo paruaque sedebat Succinctus trabea, Verg. 7, 187; add Gell. 5, 8, 6 and 8; Apul. mag. 22; see Rich's Companion.

**liuedo**, see liuidinus.

**liueo**, ēre, (perh. for pliuco and that for moliueo, and so akin to plumbus and μολυβδος; cf. for decap. E. lead; for vowel, ei of G. blei) vb. be of a leaden hue, be livid, liuent rubigine dentes, Ov. M. 2, 776; queritur liuere catenis Brachia, Prop. 4, 7, 65; 2. esp. in part. liuens as adj., leaden-coloured, livid, glandes Liuentis plumbi spargit, Verg. 7, 687; Liuenti dorso (of an elephant) turris, Sil. 9, 577; II 3. look black with envy, envy, liuere iis qui uiuidam eloquentiam tuendis ciuibus exerecerent, Tac. an. 13, 42; Et potet calidam qui mihi liuet aquam (grudging me ieed wine), Mart. 7, 86, 6; add 8, 61, 1; 9, 23, 5; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 151; Th. 11, 211.

**liuesco**, ēre, vb. take a leaden hue, become livid, In pedibus primum digitos liuescere et unguis, Lucr. 3, 528, gangrene; liuescentibus membris, Scrib. comp. 181; 2. envy, Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 27.

**liuianus**, adj. of Livius or Livia, fici, Colum. 5, 10, 11; modi, Cic. leg. 2, 39; exercitus, Liv. 28, 9, 10; (cbarta) Plin. 13, 80; (aes), 34, 3.

**liuidinans**? In Petron. 138 Bücheler has libidinantium.

**liuidinus**, adj. (implies a sb. liuido, inis) livid, uibeibus, Apul. M. 9, 12; 2. envious, si qui igitur ex illis liuidius (called just before inuisoribus meis malignis), Apul. flor. 1, 9.

**liuido**, āre, vb. make livid, Pallore uultum liuidet, Paul. Nol. carm. 21, 619.

**liuidūlus**, adj. dim. of contempt, livid—hence envious, Iuv. 11, 110.

**liuidūs**, adj. leaden (in colour), of leaden hue, livid, Non quasi nunc haec sunt hic limaces linidae, Pl. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 345 Sp.; liuidissima...uorago, Catul. 17, 11; uada (Acherontis), Verg. 6, 320; racemos, Hor. od. 2, 5, 10; aquae, Sen. n. q. 3, 2, 2; 2. esp. black and blue from blows, liuida gestat armis Brachia, Hor. od. 1, 8, 10; Oraque sint digitis liuida nostra tuis, Ov. her. 19 (20), 82;

3. in poets, envious, Liuidus et mordax uideor tibi? Hor. s. 1, 4, 93; add ep. 2, 1, 89; od. 4, 9, 33; differ opus liuida turba tuum, Ov. F. 1, 74; but et liuidi in Cic. Tusc. 4, 28 is justly struck out as spurious by Baier.

**liuilla**, ae, f. dim. daughter of Germanicus, Suet. Cal. 7.



**Livineius**, adj. and sb. a gens, L. Livineius L. l. Sco(p)a, CIL 1229; Livineia L. l. Martha, 1229.

**Livius**, adj. and sb. a gens, M. Livius (Drusus), CIL 200, 29; P. Livius M. l., 578; Livia L. l. Flora, 1269; C. Livius Salinator, Liv. 43, 11, 13; forum Livii, Plin. 3, 116; 2. as adj. lege Livia, CIL 200, 77 and 81; Cic. leg. 2, 14; arbos, Colum. 10, 413; familia, Tac. an. 6, 51 (57).

**luor**, ōris, m. lead-colour, si tumore et liuore decoloratum est corpus mortui, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 8; add Quint. 2, 21, 19; Vuaeque conspecta liuorem ducit ab uua, Iuv. 2, 81;

2. esp. the result of a bruise or blow, Sed niger in uaccae pectore liuor erat, Ov. am. 3, 5, 26; herbasque dedi quis liuor abiret, Quem facit...dente Venus, Tib. 1, 6, 13; haec candidior est oliua quam ea quae ex contusione liuorem contrahit, Colum. 12, 49, 3; (sinapi) inlinitur liuoribus, Plin. 20, 240; add §§ 24, 88; 31, 129; 3. envy, summa maliuolentia et liuore impediuntur, Brut. ad Cic. 11, 10, 1; Falsa licet epididus deponat gaudia liuor, Prop. 1, 8, 29; obtrectatio et liuor pronis auribus accipiuntur, Tac. h. 1, 1; 4. Envy personified, Ergo summotum patria proscindere, Linor, Desine, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 47; Rumpere, Liuor edax: magnum iam nomen habemus, rem. am. 389.

**lix**, lieis, m. lie, i.e. ashes in water, lix cinis dicitur nel humor cineri mixtus, Non. 62, 12; but in Plin. 36, 20 Sillig has pyxis w. best mss.

**lixa**, ae, m. a camp-follower, Fr. vivandier, edicto ne lixae exercitum sequerentur, Sal. Iug. 45, 2; inops regio quae...praedae haud multum praebet. Itaque non lixa sequebatur, non..., Liv. 39, 1, 6; lixarum in modum omnes (milites) per agros uicinasque urbes negotiabantur, 5, 8, 3; lixae modo (Flaminium) sine insignibus, sine lictoribus profectum, 21, 63, 9; lixarum mercatorumque qui plostris merces portabant, b. Afr. 75, 4; add 84, 1; lixas e castris submouit cibumque coctum uenalem proponi uetuit, Val. M. 2, 7, 2; Lxxx milia armatorum secuta sunt trecenta lixarum ex quibus coquorum pistorumque maior numerus fuit, Iust. 38, 10, 2; add Suet. Aug. 19; Galb. 20; Quint. 8, 6, 42; inutile Marti Lixarum uulgus, Sil. 5, 32; lixa *αγοραιος*, Gloss. Philox.; 2. lixas in Apul. M. 1, 24 in sense of lictors scarcely right.

**lixiōnes**, aquarum portitores, Isid. Gloss.

**lixiua**, adj. as sb. f. water in which ashes have been steeped, lie, lixiua cineris, Colum. 12, 16, 1; 12, 22, 1; lixiua (absol.), 12, 52, 14.

**lixiuus**? adj. implied in lixiua; see

**lixuus**, adj. (implies a part. lixus; see lixo and elixus) boiled, cinis, Cato r. 23, 2; Plin. 14, 129; 15, 67 (so Sillig, not from lixiuus); 28, 244 (here Sillig lixiuo, but R lixiuo, V lixiue); 2. absol. lixiuum, i, as sb. lie, Pall. 2, 18; 12, 13 (see mss readings); 3. mustum lixiuum, Cato r. 23.

**lixo**, āre, 'boil, lixo ἐψω, Gloss. Philox.

**lixūla**, ae, f. dim. a sort of cheesecake, Varr. l. 5, 22, p. 110 Sp.

**loba**, ae, f. nightshade, Apul. herb. 74; but in Plin. 18, mss obfa, Sillig phoba.

**lōcāliarius** or -ōrius, = ὁ μισθουμένος, Gloss. Philox.

**lōcālis**, e, adj. of a place, local, acrumnae, Amm. 14, 7, 5; clades, Tertul. apol. 20; aduerbia, Char. 203, 12 and 15.

**lōcālitās**, ātis, f. position, place, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 3 and 4.

**lōcārius**, adj. (of a place) as sb. m. one who keeps a seat in a theatre to sell it, Hermes diuitiae locariorum, Mart. 5, 24, 9; 2. locarium, as sb. n. payment for a stall etc., Varr. l. 5, 2.

**lōcāticius**, adj. hired out, fatigatio, Sidon. ep. 6, 8; manus, Salmian. ep. 1; for qty of i cf. adoptatīcius.

**lōcātū**? in Val. M. 5, 3, ext. 3 Halm has uicatim.

**lōcātio**, ōnis, f. placing, position, uerborum, Quint. 9, 4, 32; but in 7, 1, 1 Halm w. mss collocatio; 2. placing work to be done in the hands of a contractor, opp. to conductio, farming out, letting, lease, eam locationem per q(uaes-torem) urb(anum)...facito, CIL 206, 37; add §§ 49, 73, 76; uenditio locatio aedilis esto, 603, 9; quod cum ex lege locatōnis facere oportuerit non fecisse, an edict ap. Gell. 11,

17, 2; porticus Catuli quae ex S. Cto consulum locatione reficiebatur, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 2; rem malam esse frequentem locationem fundi, Colum. 1, 7, 3; praediorum, Liv. 45, 18, 3; res ad locationem et conductionem respicit, Paul. dig. 17, 1, 1, 4; quaeritur utrum emptio et uenditio an locatio et conductio contrahatur, Gai. 3, 147.

**lōcātor**, ōris, m. one who places in the hands of another work to be done, lessor, Corfidium funere locato reuixisse et locatorem funeris ab eo elatum, Plin. 7, 176; domus facienda locata erat ita ut probatio aut improbatio locatoris esset, Labeo dig. 19, 2, 60, 3; add Paul. 2, 14, 4.

**lōcellus**, i, m. doub. dim. a little casket, locellum tibi signatum remisi, Caes. ap. Char. 76, 20 K; add Mart. 14, 13; but in 10, 88 Schneid. has libellos; annulus in locellum repositus, Val. M. 7, 8, 9.

**Lōchia** or Lōcheia, adj. f. (of childbirth) title of Diana, Dianai Loch. s(acrum), inscr. Or. 1450.

**lōcīto**, āre, vb. let (a farm), agellist hic sub urbe paulum quod locitas foras, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26.

**lōco**, āre, vb. place, uigiles...semper locat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 195; pone sese homines locant, Poen. 3, 2, 35; castra ad Cybistra...locari, Cic. fam. 15, 2, 2; crates ad extremum tunulum...locari iussit, Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 1; cohortis ueteranas in fronte locat, Sal. Cat. 59, 5; 2. met., inter recte factum atque peccatum...media locauit quaedam, Cic. acad. post. 1, 37; hortor ut ita uirtutem locetis...ut ea excepta nihil amicitia praestabilis putetis, am. 104;

3. place (a daughter) in marriage, Cur me huic locabas nuptiis? Enu. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 38; Neque eam qneo locare quoquam, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 15; add 2, 2, 51; Vbi erit locata uirgo in matrimonium, Trin. 3, 3, 52; add Cist. 2, 3, 18; Vt potui nuptum uirginem locari huic adulescenti, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 25; add 4, 3, 41; II 4. w. gerundive, let out (work) to be done, farm out, contract to have done, Villam aedificandam, Cato r. 14, 1; uectigalia fruenda, CIL 200, 87 and 88; uiam tuendam, 206, 33 and 46; Qui locant caedundos agnos (hire men to kill them), Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 39; illum eferendum, Aul. 3, 6, 32; iter ex S. C. f(acien-dum) locauerunt, CIL 1188; laconicum faciendū, et porticus et palaestr. reficienda locarunt, 1251; columnas dealbaudas...aedificandas, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 154; monumentum faciendū, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12, 3; 5. w. gerundive understood, si Rhodiis turpe non est portorium locare (sc. exigendum), Cic. inu. 1, 47; uectigalia (sc. fruenda), agr. 1, 7; anseribus cibaria (sc. praebenda) publice locantur, Rosc. Am. 56; Innoni templum locauit, Liv. 5, 23, 7; add 40, 34, 6; funus, Sen. ep. 99, 22; minoribus xxv annis neque fundus neque uectigalia locanda sunt, Paul. 49, 14, 45, 14; 6. w. se or operam etc., let oneself out or one's labour for hire, quid si me pro manduco loceam? Pl. Rnd. 2, 6, 51; operam meam Tribus nummis hodie locaui ad artis nugatorias, Trin. 4, 2, 1; add Amph. 1, 1, 122; locabat se (Roscius) non minus ns cecio, Cic. Rosc. com. 28; noctes, Ov. am. 1, 10, 30; dubitat utrum se ad gladium loceat an ad cultrum, Sen. ep. 87, 9; Rabiosa fori iurgia uendens Inprobus iras et uerba locat, Herc. f. 175; (Plautus) operam pistori locasset, Gell. 3, 3, 14; 7. invest (money), Nec quicquam argenti locaui iam din usquam aequae bene, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 144; Locare argenti nemini nummum queo (as a loan), 3, 1, 4;

8. met., Bene facta male locata male facta arbitror, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 2, 62; sua beneficia, locata praesertim apud tam gratos, Liv. 7, 20, 5; 9. hence Fr. louer, to let.

**lōcūlāmentum**, i, n. a compartment of a set, a locker, a pigeon-hole, gen. iu pl., loculamenta quibus nificent aues (pigeons), Colnm. 8, 8, 3; add 8, 9, 3; 1. (apibus) a beehive, 9, 12, 2; tecto tenus exstructa loculamenta (for books), Sen. dial. 9, 9, 7; loculamenta dentium, sockets, Veg. uet. 3, 32; 2. in sing., Vitr. 10, 14, 3 (bis).

**lōcūlāris**, e, adj. of a box or locker, resina, Pall. 3, 25, 23.

**lōcūlātus**, quasi-part. divided into compartments or cells, areulae, Varr. 3, 17, 4 (paint-boxes).

**lōcūlōsus**, adj. of many cells, putamen, Plin. 15, 88.

**lōcūlus**, i, m. dim. a little place, a small spot, Sct in cella erat nimis paulum loculi lubrici, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 38;

2. a box, coffer or coffin, (two corpses) uidimus in loculis



adseruatos, Plin. 7, 75; (pollicem) cremari cum reliquo corpore non potuisse conditumque loco in templo, 7, 20; corpus Antiochi in loculo argenteo ad sepulturam remissum, Iust. 39, 1, 6; 3. loculi in pl., of anything divided into compartments, as a case for drugs, Ov. F. 6, 749; esp. a purse, Gestit enim nummum in loculōs demittere, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 173; neque enim loculis comitantibus intr Ad casum tabulae, posita sed luditor arca, Iuv. 1, 90; add 10, 46; 11, 38; Sen. n. q. 2, 31, 1; Mart. 14, 12; 5, 39, 7; a casket for jewels, Iuv. 13, 139; for keys, Plin. 14, 89; a schoolboy's satchel, Laco suspensi loculos tabulamque lacerto, Hor. s. i. 6, 74; a divided manger, ut singula iumenta hordeum suum nullo praeripiente consumant, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 4; and perh. for figs, ut ficorum coria siccentur et pulpae duplicatae in cistellis seruentur aut loculis, Pall. 4, 10, 35; 4. met., hic mastigia, Stimulorum loculi, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 11.

**locūplēs**, (or locuplex; for locus and pol of multus plus? —qui pleraque loca, hoc est, multas possessiones teneret, Nigid. ap. Gell. 10, 5, 2; quod tunc erat res in pecore et locorum possessionibus ex quo pecuniosi et locupletes, Cic. rep. 2, 16; locupletes, loci hoc est agri plenos, Plin. 18, 11; Aut peens aut latam diues habebat humum: Hinc etiam locūplēs hinc ipsa pecunia dicta est, Ov. F. 5, 281; add Quint. 5, 10, 55) ētis, adj. having much land, magno in aere alieno maiores possessiones habent...: horum species est honestissima, sunt enim locupletes, Cic. Cat. 2, 18; 2. hence rich, Nos iam de ornatu propemodum ut locupletes simus scitis, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 4; add Epid. 1, 2, 50; Trin. 2, 4, 164; Cist. 2, 1, 16; mulier copiosa et locuples, Cic. Caecil. 55; locupletissimas urbes, Caes. b. e. 3, 31, 4; proscriptioem locupletium\*, Sal. Cat. 21, 2; Iug. 84, 4; mancipiis locūplēs eget aeris, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 39; 3. esp. in law, trustworthy, as being rich, quei uadimonium...non promiserit aut uindicem locupletem non dederit, CIL 205, 22; sponsores sumus rei (from reus) satis locupletes, Liv. 9, 18; fideiussor pro rei qualitate l., Paul. dig. 2, 6, 1; ut l. ab emptore reus detur, 19, 1, 13, 23; 4. beyond sphere of law, num locupletiores quaeris auctores? Cic. off. 3, 100; Pythagoras et Plato locupletissimi auctores, diu. 2, 119; locupletior auctor quam Socrates, Att. 8, 2, 4; l. auctor Thucydides, Brut. 47; tabellarius, Q. fr. 3, 9, 6; auctor atque testis, diu. 1, 37; testis, off. 3, 10; auctor, Cels. 8, 8; 5. of other than persons, rich, implying wealth, of great value, locupletem ac refertam domum, Cic. or. 1, 161; l. frugibus annus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 137; aquila, Iuv. 14, 197 (see Mayor); hereditas, Gai. 1, 192; Ulp. dig. 35, 2, 43; peculium, 15, 1, 1, 4; 6. met., locupletior hominum natura ad beate uiuendum est quam deorum, Cic. N. D. 1, 112; oratione l. rebus ieiunior, fin. 5, 13; Latinam linguam locupletioem quam Graecam, 1, 10; add Quint. 12, 10, 78; 7. abl. locuplete, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 48; bnt ap. Priso. 343, 20 K locupletī; Pers. 3, 73 In locuplete penu...; 8. gen. locupletium, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 4; Tac. an. 6, 22 Halm; inser. Grut. 502; add Sal. \* above; but locupletum, Caes. b. e. 3, 110, 5 Nipp.; mss of Cic. par. 46 vary; 9. locuplex implied as existing, though condemned, in Prob. app. 199, 5 K; 10. adv. comp. locupletius, more richly, Fronto ad Anton. 1, 3; 11. superl., Spart. Hadr. 3, 3; Aur. V. ep. 9.

**locūplēto**, āre, vb. make rich, enrich, suas ut auro locupletent domos, Acc. ap. Non. 95, 8 and Gell. 14, 1, 34; add Cic. agr. 2, 68 and Verr. 2, 5, 80; Colum. 6, praef. 4; 2. met., Cic. fin. 2, 90; inu. 2, 1; Brut. 331.

**locus**, [old stlocus, Quint. 1, 4, 16, like lis from stlis; hence decap. fm. set-il-oc-us, i. e. fm. set root seen in si-s(eto) s(eto); and so in origin a doub. dim.; cf. *τοπος* prob. for *στοπος*, i. e. *στ-οπ-ος*; for loss of e cf. *sto*, *sisto*; for the same and suff. el. cf. *σ(ε)τ-ελλω* and G. *s(ε)tellen*, see § 151 j, m. in sing., m. and n. in pl. the place where one is standing, si...ex istoc loco digitum transuersum aut unguem latum excesseris, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 17; caue quoquam ex istoc excessis loco, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 21; 2. a soldier's post, in fugam...nemo conuertitur, Nec recedit loco quin statim rem gerat: Animam omittunt prius quam loco demigrent, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 83; 3. post or position of soldiers, qui

plu loco cedere ausi erant, Sal. Cat. 9, 4; alii (centuriones) locum uti deserent, Iug. 38, 3; amisso loco fusi fugatique, 52, 4; Praesidium regale loco deiecit, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 30; 4. met., Quam per tumulum noster grex motus locost, Ter. Ph. pr. 33; loco ille motus est cum est ex urbe depulsus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; urgere illi ut loco nos mouerent, Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; daudus est l. fortunae, cedendum ex Italia, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 3; II 5. gen. place, quo in loco? Hic in aedibus ubi tu habitas, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 67; locus nullus est quo non peruaserit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 207; ultra enim locum quo in loco Germani conserant, Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 1; 6. a piece of land, ager locus aedificium, CIL 206, 7, 8 and 12; cryptum et locum nbi crypta est...dederunt, 1147; locus est non fundus sed portio aliqua fmidi, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 63 (see whole pass.); 7. publicus locus, public laud, a term including areas insulas agros uias itinera, says Ulp. 43, 8, 2, 3 on authority of Labeo; public(om) locum, CIL 186; add 206, 29 and 73; muir locorum p. persequendor(um), inser. Grut. 398, 6; sunt loca publica...siluae et pascua publica, Frontin. de contr. 54, 17 etc.; 8. esp. ground for a sepulchre, C. Poplicio L. f. Bibulo...locus monumento quo ipse postereique eius inferrentur publice datus est, CIL 635; emerunt locum ollarum xv af Lucretia Sp. f. Rufa, 1055; nti locum sepulchro consul adsignet quo Ser. Pulpius inferatur, Cic. Phil. 9, 17; 9. a seat in the theatre, circus etc., utique ei collegio locus in teatro esset, CIL 571, 7; colonialia spectacula fac. coer. et colonis locum deder., 1246; Siculis locum gladiatoribus dare, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 5; ut locus et in circo et in foro daretur amicis, Mur. 72; aedes liberae loca lauita legatis decreta, Liv. 30, 17, 14; loca adsignata in amphitheatro fratribus Arualibus, inser. ap. Mar. fr. Aru. 130; 10. loci and loca pl.=putenda muliebris, si mulier eo lotio locos\* fouebit, Cato r. 157, 11; enim in locis semen insederit, Cic. N. D. 2, 128; quae locis laborat, Cels. 2, 8, p. 46, 34 Dar.; add Plin. 11, 209\*; 11. of other living creatures, as a mare, Colum. 6, 27, 10; ewe, 7, 3, 16; goat, 7, 7, 4; hen, 8, 7, 2; 12. loci and loca pl. neighbourhood, quarter, district, part of the world, quos locos\* adisti? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 86; in his dictust locis habitare, Epid. 4, 1, 7; qui mihi ex his locis...uiam monstret, Rud. 1, 3, 29; equem in his locis nouisti? 4, 3, 94; Hi loci\* atque hae sunt regiones quae ab ero mihi sunt demonstratae, Ps. 2, 2, 1; 13. of greater extent, a realm, a world, saluete...obnubila tenebris loca, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 6; in locis Neptuniis, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 3; suis (Neptuni) ex locis, Trin. 4, 1, 4; salsis locis, Rud. 4, 2, 2; ubicumque locorum uiuisti, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 34; rosa quo locorum Sera moretur, od. 1, 38, 3; 14. even in sing. space generally, ne aliquo loci moretur, Ulp. dig. 18, 7, 1; see † below (as also for time generally); 15. the site or place of that which is to be or no longer is, Teneo ego huic oculum. Face ut oculi locus in capite appareat, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 125; Hic ubi nuno urbs est, tum locus urbis erat, Ov. F. 2, 280; and as Hard. thought, locus Pherae... loca Buprasum Hyrmine, Plin. 4, 13; 1. Helos, 4, 15; 1. Parthenion, 4, 42; III 16. status, standing, station, position, condition, rank, esp. of birth, de summo adulescens loco, Pl. Aul. pr. 28; add Capt. pr. 30; uiden me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; infimo loco natum, Cic. Flac. 24; natns haud obscuro loco, Sal. Cat. 23, 1; Tanaquil summo loco nata, Liv. 1, 34, 4; 17. the same, as attained, summum locum ciuitatis, Cic. Clu. 150; ut tenerent oratorum locum, Brut. 137; prodest quorum in locum peruenire uelis, ab his illo loco dignum putari, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 4; 18. w. numerals, order, rank, secundo loco me consolatur recordatio meorum temporum, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 2; te meo beneficio e postremo in tertium locum esse subiectum, C. Anton., p. 941, 18 Baiter; quae secundum locum optinet, fin. 3, 52; 19. hence value, estimation, (Socrates) uoluptatem nullo loco numerat, Cic. fin. 2, 90; cum honestatem eo loco habeat, ut sine ea iucunde neget posse uiui, 2, 50; si quo in numero (hoc) et quo in loco illud haberi conueniat ostendetur, inu. 2, 151; qui illum secum habuerit eo praesertim numero ac loco, Verr. 2, 2, 134; cf. usquam in Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 15; and E. he is nowhere;



**20.** hence loco w. gen. in the place or light of, as, Si to in germani fratris dilexi loco, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 57; haec filium suum sibi in praemii loco deposcit, Cic. inu. 2, 144; praedonis loco intellegendus est is qui..., Modest. dig. 5, 3, 46; **21.** in locum, (in successions) in the place of, Cosconio mortuo sum in eius locum innitatus, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 4; add Phil. 11, 11; pontifex creatus Q. Caecilius Metellus in locum P. Scantini, Liv. 23, 21, 7; qui in locum eius succedunt, Ulp. 12, 2, 7; **22.** gen. position, uideris quo loco res siet, Cato ap. Front. ad Anton. 1, 2, p. 100 Nab.; cedo si uos in eo loco essetis, quid aliud focissetis? id. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 21; Haut facile in eundem rusum restitue locum, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 108; Propemodum ubi loci fortuna tuae sint facile intellegis, Capt. 5, 2, 5; ubi loci sunt spes meae? Rud. 4, 4, 117; si ego iu istoe sim loco, Dem potius aurum quam..., Bac. 4, 9, 116; restitue quem a me accepisti locum, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 57; Peiore res loco non potest esse, Ad. 3, 2, 46; res erat eo iam loci, ut erigere oculos nideretur, Cic. Sest. 68; meliore loco res erant nostrae, Att. 11, 13, 4; is enim si eo loco fuisset, negauit se facturum fuisse, fam. 4, 4, 4; **IV 23.** a *πov στω*, a place for one's action, a locus standi, a footing, room, occasion, opportunity, opening, non reperisti...locum Vbi tuas uirtutes explices, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 8; Ae meis uicissim date locum fallacis, Ps. 1, 5, 145; nihil est precii loci relictum, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 22; add 1, 1, 127; Haut. 2, 1, 6; nec precibus nostris nec admonitionibus relinquit locum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 2; uita turpis ne morti quidem honestae locum relinquit, Quint. 49; quoad aetas M. Caclii dare potuit isti suspiciōni locum, Cacl. 9; cuius uirtus dubitationi locum non daret, Balb. 16; si quis adhuc precibus loens, Verg. 4, 319; nobilitas locum inuadendi quaerit, Sal. lug. 85, 5; locum seditionis quaerere, Liv. 3, 46, 2; non esse lubrici locum in domo sua, 3, 50, 9; (actio) exercitoria locum habet, cum..., Gai. 4, 71; cum extrancus luces interuenit, non habet lex Iunia locum, sed S. C., 3, 70; quaeritur utrum pacti exceptio locum habeat, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 10, 1; **24.** dare locum, to make room (for), give place to, da locum melioribus, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 37; add Haut. 3, 3, 25; **V 25.** a point for discussion, a topic (*τοπος*), —in this sense pl. only masc.—Locus argumentost suom sibi proscenium, Pl. Poen. pr. 57; locum esse argumenti sedem, Cic. top. 8; traditi sunt e quibus (argumentorum praeepta) ducentur, duplices loci\*, uni e rebus ipsis, alteri assumpti, orat. 122; perpuratus est is locus quinque libris, diu. 2, 2; aneeps hic et lubricus locus est, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 6; **26.** loci\* communes, a commonplace-book for orators, haec argumenta quae transferri in multas causas possunt, l.\*e. nonianus, Cic. inu. 2, 48; add parad. 3\*; acad. pr. 80\*; Brut. 46\*; **27.** a passage in an author, Cum loca iam recitata reuoluimus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 223; uno ero exemplo contentus, eius loci quo Cicero haec dicit, Quint. 8, 4, 28; locos\* Lucreti plurimos scetatum esse Vergilium, Gell. 1, 21, 7; **VI 28.** of time, Satin uix reliquit deo quod loqueretur loci? Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 2; iuterea loci, Men. 3, 1, 1; Tim. 1, 1, 11; Pacuv. ap. Non. 488, 14; Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 24; postidea loci, Pl. St. 5, 5, 17; Cist. grex 3; inde loci, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 116; adhuc locorum, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 25; inde loci, Enn. ap. Fest. 301 A 13; Lncr. 5, 791; post id locorum, Pl. Cas. 1, 31; Truc. 3, 1, 16; **29.** in loco, at a proper time, Pecuniam in loco negligere maximum interdumst lucrum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 8; dulec est desipere in loco, Hor. od. 4, 12, 28; **30.** locum, i. n. ex iusso hoc locum fecerunt, inser. Grut. 129, 14; **31.** for a pl. loci or locos, see \* above.

**locusta** (older *litusta*), ae, f. a locust, prius pariet locusta lucam bouem, Naev. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 325 Sp.; Dic mihi hoc: solent tibi cumquam oculi duri fieri? Quid? tu me lucustam censens esse? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 25; nites cibandis pullis, Colnm. 8, 11, 15; pars Aethiopum locustis uiuit fumo et sale duratis in annua alimenta, Plin. 6, 195; add 11, 103, 104 and 152 etc.; *locustas*, w. short o. luene. Mat. 3, 1, 339; Alcim. 5, 193; **2.** a shellfish of the lobster kind, alia (aquatilia) erustis (integuntur) ut locustao, Plin. 9, 40; add 32, 149 etc.; **3.** a Roman cognomen, *καρ*) of a woman giveu to

poisoning, Tac. an. 12, 66; 13, 15; Suet. Nero 33; Iuv. 1, 71.

**locutio**, ōnis, f. talking, speech, Cic. orat. 64; Brut. 258; off. 1, 146; Cornif. ad Her. 3, 23; Quint. 1, 6, 20; **2.** a part of speech, a word, Quint. 1, 5, 2, as the usage of some; Gell. 1, 7, 18.

**Locutius**, adj. as sb. m. god of speech, templum Aio Locutio fieri, Liv. 5, 50, 5; add Arnob. 1, 28.

**locutor**, ōris, m. a talker, chatterer, Gell. 1, 15, 1; Apul. M. 1, 1.

**locutūleus**, adj. as sb. m. a chatterer, Gell. 1, 15, 20.

**locutūleus**, adj. chatteriug, rauae, Alcim. Av. carm. 5, 148.

**locutus**, ūs, m. talking, speech, Apul. flor. 2, 15 in abl.

**lodex**, icis, f. a counterpane, Iuv. 6, 195; as a mase., Pollio ap. Quint. 1, 6, 42, who condemns it.

**loedicula**, ae, f. dim. a little counterpane, Suet. Aug. 83; Petr. 20.

**Loebastus**? adj. a Sabine variety of the god Liber, Serv. ad G. 1, 7.

**loebesus** and **loebertas**, old forms of liber and libertas, Paul. ex F. 121.

**loedoria**, ae, f. abuse, Macr. s. 7, 3, 2.

**logarion**, ii, n. a petty account-book, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 10.

**logēum**, i (*λογειον*), n. a speaking-place, hence the front of a stage, Vitr. 5, 8, 2.

**logicē**, ēs, adj. as sb. f. logic, dialectics, only as a Gr. word, Cic. fin. 1, 22; fat. 1, 1.

**logicus**, adj. of reasoning, as a Gr. word, Cic. Tusc. 4, 33; as Lat. Sid. carm. 15, 100.

**logista**, ae, m. accountant, Gord. C. 1, 54, 3; Tib. Cl(audio) Candido .logistae ciuitatis Nicomedensium, inser. Or. 798.

**logistoricus** (*λογος ιστορια*), adj. historical, title of a work by Varro, Gell. 4, 19, 2; 20, 11, 4.

**logodaedalla**, ae, f. art of fine writing, Auson. idyl. 12, 1.

**logōgrāphus**, adj. as sb. m. accountant, Aread. dig. 5, 4, 18, 10; Th. C. 8, 4, 8, 1; 8, 2, 3; 11, 24, 6, 7.

**logos**, or **lōgus**, i, m. a word, Loquere, uter meruistis culpam, paucis; non longos logos, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 29; **2.** a good saying, a joke, logos ridiculos uendo, Pl. St. 1, 3, 168; add 2, 2, 59 and 68; Dabuntur dotis tibi inde sescenti logei, Atque Attici omnes, Pers. 3, 1, 6; logos qui ludis dicti sunt, Cic. ap. Non. 63, 17; **3.** a fable, Aesopeus, Sen. dial. 11, 8, 3; **4.** logi, mere words, idle talk, fabulae. .logi, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 8; Turp. ap. Non. 63, 19; **5.** reason, Auson. idyl. 11, 67; Marc. carm. med. 6.

**logōtōmus**, adj. cutting proportionally, linea, Vitr. 9, 8, 6, p. 235, 14 Rose.

**loliac-ius**, adj. of darnel, loliacia fariua, Varr. r. 3, 9, 20.

**loliā-rius**, adj. of darnel, loliarium eribrum, Colum. 8, 5, 16.

**lolligo**, see lolligo.

**lollium**, ii, n. darnel, Mirumst lollio uicitare te tani uili tritico, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 50; Infelix lollum, Verg. G. 1, 154; Et careant lollis oculos uitiantibus agri, Ov. F. 1, 691; add Plin. 18, 153; 22, 160.

**Lollianus**, adj. of Lollins, clades, Tac. an. 1, 10; **2.** as title of adoptiou, Treb. Pol. 5, 4.

**lolligo** (rather than *lolligo*), inis, f. cuttle-fish, octopus, succus lolliginis, Hor. s. 1, 4, 100; lolligo quod subuolat, primo uolligo, Varr. l. 5, 13; l. uolitat extra aquam, Plin. 9, 84; add 32, 15; octonos (pedes) polyypis saepius lolligini, 11, 258.

**lolligun-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a little cuttle-fish, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 57.

**Lollius**, adj. or sb. a geus, M. Lollius, M. f., CIL 575; add Hor. od. 4, 9, 33; ep. 1, 2, 1; Vell. 2, 97, 1; Plin. 9, 118; **2.** Lollia Orestilla, Suet. Cal. 25; Lollia Paulina, Claud. 26.

**lōmentarius**, *σμηγματωπῶλης*, Gloss. Philox.

**lōmentum**, i, (lauo) n. lit. a wash or unguent—esp. of

bean meal, with medicinal properties, Lomento rugas uteri quoad condere temptas, Mart. 3, 42, 1; l. appellatur (fabaceo) farina, Plin. 18, 170; add 20, 127 etc.; ex faba l. factum, Pall. 11, 14, 9; add Veg. uet. 2, 28, 19; 5, 62; 6, 8, 4; 2. a wash of another kind, Plin. 33, 84; 3. a painter's wash or unguent, a colour, Plin. 33, 89; 33, 162 and 163.

**lonchitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a spear-shaped plant, Plin. 25, 137; 26, 76 and 119.

**lonchōton**, i, n. a metallic colouring matter, Plin. 34, 124.

**lonchus**, i, m. a spear, Tert. cor. mil. 11.

**longaeuitas**, ātis, f. length of life, longevity, coruorum, Macr. 8, 7, 5, 11.

**longaeuos**, adj. long-lived, aged, Verg. 2, 525; 3, 169; 6, 764; Ov. M. 10, 462; Prop. 4, 1, 52; Mart. spect. 5, 3.

**longaio** or **longao**, ōnis, m. the straight gut or rectum, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 22; tard. 2, 1, 11 etc.; Veg. uet. 2, 14, 1 etc.; 2. and so a large pork sausage, fartum longaio, Varr. l. 5, 23; longaones porcini, Apic. 133 Sch.; longaionem, uel si porcina defuerint, caput haedinum, Veg. uet. 2, 28, 17; add 6, 8, 1—longaio seems an error.

**Longidius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Cn. Longid., CIL 1177.

**longilōquium**, ii, n. long talk, Donat. ad Eun. 2, 2, 34.

**longimānus**, adj. long-handed, a name of Artaxerxes, Hier. chron. Euseb. Ol. 79.

**longinquitas**, ātis, f. great distance, Cic. fam. 2, 9, 1; Tac. Agr. 19; 2. great length, nauigandi, Plin. 31, 62; itinerum, Tac. an. 3, 5; itineris, 6, 50 (44); uiae, Flor. 4, 12, 62; 3. of time, long duration, actatis, Ter. Hec. 4, 2, 20; temporum, Cic. diu. 1, 12; morbi, Phil. 10, 16; bellorum, Liv. 10, 31, 15.

**longinquo**, are, vb. remove to a great distance, Claud. Mam. 1, 1; Aug. in Ps. 34.

**longinquus**, (: longē :: propinquus : propē—can it be from longe hinc?) adj. far distant, ex locis tam longinquis, Cic. Man. 46; ab extero hoste atque longinquo, Cat. 2, 29; ex longinquiribus locis, Caes. b. g. 4, 27, 6; rationes, 7, 77, 16; Agric. Hor. ep. 1, 8, 6; auxilia, Liv. 2, 34, 3; longinqua rei cura, 22, 33, 6; longinqua imperii, Tac. an. 3, 34; 2. esp. ex (or e\*) longinquo, from afar, Sen. ep. 22, 2; Plin. 10, 61\* and 118; 35, 97\*; Tac. an. 1, 47\*; 3. of time, distant in the past or future, non longinqua memoria, Cato ap. Prob. p. 3 K; quum aut tempore longinqua aut praecipis periculo uictoria esset, Liv. 9, 24, 2; monumenta, Plin. 13, 83 (if sound); spes, Tac. an. 13, 37 f.; 4. long, lasting long, aetas, Enn. ap. Gell. 9, 14, 5; uita, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 136; sermo, 4, 2, 29; dolores, Cic. fin. 2, 94; obseruatio, diu. 1, 109; consuetudo, Caes. b. g. 1, 47, 4; oppugatio, b. c. 3, 80, 3; morbus, Liv. 5, 5, 12; 5. met. far-fetched, similitudo, Quint. 8, 6, 17; 6. longinquo, as cogn. acc., l. loqui, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 25; 7. longinque and longinquo, long, a long time, longinque a domo bellum gerentes, Enn. ap. Non. 155, 15; si l. sit afuturus, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 44; seruus l. absens, 30, 39; 8. longinquus, Gell. 1, 22, 12.

**Longinus**, adj. or sb. m. a cognomen (of adoption?), Q. Cassius Longinus, coin Eckhel 5, 166; C. Cassius C. f. C. n. Longinus, fast. Cons. 583 a.u.c.; Cic. or. 1, 256.

**longipēs**, pēdis, adj. long-footed, or rather long-legged, (aues), Plin. 11, 257; scarabaeus, 30, 30.

**longisco**, ēre, vb. become long, Enn. ap. Non. 135, 20 (bis).

**longiter**, see longus.

**longitia**, ae, f. length, in longitia breuiiores, agrim. 316, 2 LR; add 321, 14 etc.; Veg. uet. 6, 2, 2 (al. al.).

**longitrosus**, sicut dextrorsus, Paul. ex F. 120.

**longitūdo**, inis, f. length, quantum uiae inlongitudine et inlatitudine erit, CIL 206, 39; in hac immensitate latitudinum longitudinum altitudinum, Cic. N. D. 1, 54; agminis, Caes. b. g. 5, 33, 3; 2. of time, eam (noctem)... haec uicit longitudine, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 125; noctis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 26; longitudinum in sonis, orat. 173; 3. distance in time, consulere in longitudinem—for the distant future—Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 10.

**longiuitax**, ācis, adj. long-lived, Schol. ad Iuv. 14, 251. **longius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. rather long, longish, uersus, Cic. Arch. 25; 2. longiuscule, adv. rather far, Sidon. ep. 8, 11 f.; add Donat. 386, 32 K.

**Longūla**, ae, f. a tow of the Volsci, Liv. 2, 33, 4; 9, 39, 1.

**Longūlanus**, adj. of Longula, Plin. 3, 69.

**longūlus**, adj. dim. rather long, iter, Cic. Att. 16, 13 a, 2; 2. longule, adv. rather far, far, Illico hinc imus hau longule ex hoc loco, Pl. Rud. 1, 5, 8; ab urbe haut longule, Men. pr. 64; Non cogitas hinc longule esse? Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 10; l. dissita, Apul. M. 9, 15 f.; flor. 1, 2.

**longurio**, ōnis, m. dim. a lanky person, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 32.

**longurius**, ii, m. a pole, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 5; 4, 17, 8; Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; 2, 7, 10.

**longus**, (= δολύχος) adj. long, sorticolam longam digitos mi la (tam digitos...), CIL 198, 51; antas longas p. ii. crassas p. 1. 577, 1, 12; hastis longis, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 4, 6; Istanc machaeram longiorem habes quam haec est, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 76; musculum pedes lx longum, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; 2. of persons, tall, Sesquipede quidamst quam tu longior, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; Naeuium Pollionem pede longiorem quam quemquam longissimum, Colum. 3, 8, 2;

3. esp. of ships etc., long and so quick and fit for war or piracy, Isdem campus habet sextrinum nauibus longis, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 11, 326; lembus, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 45; nauis, Rud. 3, 4, 49; Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 1; 4, 25, 1; Lentul. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 15, 5; Liv. 21, 17, 5; 29, 26, 3; 4. in late writers, distant, Nam remeans longis olim Thyntius oris, Sil. 6, 628; qui tam longa a domo militia orientem subegit, Iust. 18, 1, 3; qui longas terras et ignotas regiones peragraui, ps. Quint. decl. 320; II 5. of time, long, uita, CIL 33; Neque ego hac nocte longiorem me uidisse censeo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 123; dies, Epid. 4, 1, 19; uno die longiorem mensem faciunt aut biduo, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 129; annos, Verg. 10, 549; 6. distant in time, Quandoquidem longos obitus exorta reuisunt, Lucr. 4, 393; longa spes auxiliorum, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 11, 544; Vitae summa breuis spem non uetat incohare longam, Hor. od. 1, 4, 15, long before fulfilled; 7. longus, of a person who talks long, or writes over much, long-winded, possum de ichneumonum utilitate dicere, sed nolo esse longus, Cic. N. D. 1, 101; in his litteris longior fui quam uellem, Q. fr. 1, 1, 36; compositione longior, Quint. 10, 1, 118; 8. longum est, it is a long story, it would be tedious, longumst Si tibi narrem quamobrem id faciam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 94; l. e. commemorare quae apud quosque uiseuda sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 135; l. est me explicare qua ratione..., or. 2, 119; 9. nihil longius est dum or quam—, nothing is more tedious while—, I long at once—, nec longius quoquam Nobis quam dextrae gladium dum aecommodet alter, Lucil. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 48; nec mihi longius quidquam est quam uidere hominum uolus, Rab. Post. 35; tum ille: nihil sibi l. fuisse quam ut me uideret, fam. 11, 27, 1; nihil ei longius uidetur quam dum illud uideret argentum, Verr. 2, 4, 39; 10. of metrical quantity, long, cretico qui est ex longa et breui et longa, Cic. or. 3, 183; spondiou longis duabus, Quint. 9, 4, 80; et longis longiores et breuius sunt breuiore syllabae, 9, 4, 84; 11. sometimes of a vowel long in itself, not by position, indoctus dicimus breui prima littera, ... infelix longa (pronounce ifelix), Cic. orat. 159; 12. absol. v. prep., iv pedes in longo constat—in length, Plin. 17, 205; ex longo (sc. tempore), Verg. 9, 64; per longum (sc. tempus), Sil. 2, 465; 12, 295; 15, 785; in longum (sc. tempus), Verg. B. 9, 56; Tac. an. 3, 27; 11, 20; h. 4, 22; in longius, 2, 95; but in Plin. 2, 196 in longum porrecta spatium; 13. longum, as adv. long, nimis l. loquor, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 87; Epid. 3, 2, 40; 5, 1, 58; add Verg. 10, 740; Hor. A. P. 459; 14. longa, as adv. or cogn. acc., longa tuendo, by taking long looks, Stat. Th. 2, 240; 15. longiter, old adv. far, non a leto longiter errat, Lucr. 3, 676; add 5, 133; 16. longe, far, tu ne hinc abeas longius, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 52; digitum longe a paedagogo, Bac. 3, 3, 19; non longe a Syracusis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 53; 17. of time, Quid longissime meministi? Pl. Meu.



5, 9, 52; cum longe tempus muneris abesset, Cic. Sul. 54; longe in posterum prospiciente, fam. 2, 8, 1; in posterum quam longissime providere, Phil. 7, 19; l. prospicere futuros casus, am. 40; uitam Naeuii producit longius, Brut. 60; longius tolerari potest parendo, Caes. b. g. 7, 71, 4; **18.** met., omnis l. antideo stultitia, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 3; quod sit a malo longissime, Capt. 2, 2, 21; 5, 1, 3; l. improbisimus, Cic. Brut. 224; **19.** w. gen., longe parentum uelut exulantes, Apul. M. 5, 9.

**lōquācītās**, ātis, f. talkativeness, loquacity, Cic. or. 1, 105; fam. 6, 4, 4; Liv. 44, 35, 3; Quint. 5, 10, 91; 8, 2, 17 etc.

**lōquācīlus**, adj. dim. talkative, Lncr. 4, 1165.

**lōquax**, ācis, adj. given to talking, talkative, Nam multum loquaces merito omnes habemur, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 5; l. qui nimium loqueretur, Varr. l. 6, 7; senectus est natura loquaci, Cic. sen. 55; homo loquacissimus, Flac. 48; loquax magis quam facundus, Sal. ap. Gell. 1, 15, 13 and Quint. 4, 2, 2; **2.** met., epistola, Cic. Att. 4, 14, 3; ranae, Verg. G. 3, 431; nidi, A. 12, 475; lymphae, Hor. od. 3, 13, 15.

**lōquēla** or rather loquella, ae, f. speech, talk, Loquelam commoda tuam: tibi proderit: fatemur... (corr. by T H K), Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 76; nutricis loquella, Lucr. 5, 230; funditque has ore loquellas (so Ribb.), Verg. 5, 842; Graia loquella, Ov. tr. 5, 2, 68; **2.** a word, quidam loquellam dixerunt uerbum, Varr. l. 6, 7.

**lōquēlāris** or rather loquell., e, adj. attached to words, l. praepositio (inseparable) ut am, Paul. ex F. 4; loquelares praepositiones, ut conduco recipio, Serv. in Don. 420, 4 K; cf.: praep. sex quac loquellis tributae sunt: con di dis re se am, Prob. 148, 31 K.

**lōquentia**, ae, f. talk, Sal. Cat. 5, 5 acc. to Prob. ap. Gell. 1, 15, 18 (perh. rightly); aliud esse eloquentiam, aliud loquentiam, Plin. ep. 5, 20, 5.

**lōquitor**, āri, vb. r. frq. keep talking, chatter, Eho tu scelus, loquitatusne es gnato meo Male per sermonem? Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 5; primum rudimentum sapientiae... loquitari dediscere, Apul. flor. 2, 15 p. 63 Hild.

**lōquor**, ui, lōquūtus or rather lōquūtus, vb. r. (prob. for cloquor or gloquor, and so akin to γλωσσα and lingua; cf. Russ. glogo) first as a plur. recipr., loquimur we talk or chat together etc., Dum haec loquimur, interea loci ad macellum aduenimus, Concurrunt laeti mi obuiam, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 24; ex quo ueni ad ea quae fueramus ego et tu inter nos de sorore locuti, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 3; saepiusque ista loquimur inter nos agemusque communiter, fin. 3, 9; **2.** hence often with cum, Meeum loquitur Numerius, Afran. 272 R; Sed nunc peropus est aut hunc cum ipsa aut do illa me aduersum hunc loqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 30; apud Pompeium cenauit nactusque tempus idoneum ita sum cum illo locutus ut..., Cic. fam. 1, 2, 3; expectabantur litterae tuae de quibus eramus iam cum Pompeio locuti, 1, 8, 7; loqui cum aliis minimum, plurimum secum proderit, Sen. ep. 105, 6; **3.** also of single speakers, but still with notion of familiar talk, Quis hic loquitur? Mysis salue, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 32; ad quem... locutast, Verg. 9, 5; **4.** hence of speech as a faculty, speak, nou, cum primum fingerentur homines, analogia (grammar) formam loquendi dedit, sed inuenta est postquam loquebantur, Quint. 1, 6, 16; Alexandro draco loqui uisus est, Cic. diu. 2, 141; bouem in Sicilia locutum, Liv. 24, 10, 10; capiti eius (se. psittaci) duritia eadem quae rostro; hoc cum loqui discit ferreo nerberatur radio, Plin. 10, 117; neque tam esset in nobis (ipsa ratio) nisi quae concepissemus mente promere etiam loquendo possemus, Quint. 2, 16, 15; **5.** hence with adverbs of language spoken, Cumanis eo anno permissum ut publice Latine loquerentur, Liv. 40, 42, 13; uel Themistocles testis quem nnum intra annum optime locutum esse Persice constat, Quint. 11, 2, 50; **6.** and gen. of mode of speech, barbare locutus existimatur, Quint. 1, 5, 9; aliud esse Latine aliud grammaticae loqui, 1, 6, 27; **7.** met., oculi mimi (so Heidegger, mss nimis) arguti quemadmodum animo affecti sumus locutus, Cic. leg. 1, 27; res loquitur ipsa, Mil. 53; ut fama loquitur, Vell. 2, 93, 3; nam Cytorio in iugo Loquente saepe sibilum edidit coma, Catul. 4, 12;

pinosque loquentes, Verg. B. 8, 22; tellus nobis aetheric chaosque Aequeoraeque et campi Rhodopaeque saxa loquentur, Lucau. 6, 618; Phoeboque (Phoebique) loquentia saxa, Sil. 15, 311; **8.** even in legal language, edictum loquitur de his qui in seruitute fuerint, Callist. dig. 4, 6, 14; de uiro heredeque eius lex tantum loquitur, Ulp. 24, 3, 64 f.; **9.** with acc. of what is said, Adulescens quaeaso hercle loquere (so mss, Fleck. eloquere) tuum mihi uomen nisi pignore, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 7; delramenta, Amph. 2, 2, 64; ipsam rem modo locutus, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 31; **10.** esp. of grandiloquent talk, as though the words uttered were the things of which they speak, nil nisi classes loquens et exercitus, Cic. Att. 9, 2, 3; merum bellum, 9, 13, 8; omnia magna loquens, Hor. s. 1, 3, 13; proelia, od. 4, 15, 1; cf. τριπαραρχίας ερει και χορηγίας;

**11.** with acc. of that about which, talk of, speak of, Vt tuam rem ego tecum hic loquerer familiarum, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 15; quas mulieres, Quos tu parisis loquere? Men. 2, 2, 53; ne singulas loquar urbes, Liv. 5, 54, 5; quid loquar marmora? Sen. ep. 90, 25; **12.** rarely with dat., magnaue uolantibus idem Voce loquantur equis, Sil. 16, 323; pars currus deflent niduisque loquantur Hoc solum quia restat equis, Stat. Th. 12, 26; **13.** with male loqui (to abuse) a dat. occurs even in old writers, as: Pergin male loqui mulier mihi? Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 10; Pergin ero absenti male loqui impurissime? Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 25; **14.** with acc. and inf., eodem die uolgo loquebantur Antouium mansurum esse Casilini, Cic. Att. 16, 10, 1; faunos esse locuntur, Lucr. 4, 581; Daphni tuum Poesos etiam ingemuisse leones Interitum montesque feri siluaeque locuntur, Verg. B. 5, 28; hospitibus nam te dare iura locuntur A. 1, 731; **15.** even as a simple vb. in Petr., tu qui potes loquere nou loquis, fr. trag. 46.

**lōra**, ae, f. a poor wine from grapes already pressed, with water added, as described by Varr. r. 1, 54, 3; Colum. 12, 40; loram bibant menses III, Cato r. 57, 1; mulieres bibehant loram, Varr. ap. Non. 551, 17; uina quae Graeci deuteria appellant, Cato et nos loram, Plin. 14, 86; lora correpta prima, uinum aqua corruptum, Char. 100, 4 K.

**lōrāmentum**, i, n. a thong, Iust. 11, 7, 16.

**lōrārius**, adj. of thongs—hence as sb. m. one who flogs (slaves), title of Pl. Capt. 1, 2; in scaenicis fabulis qui dicebantur lorarii, Gell. 10, 3, 19; **2.** a maker of thongs, C. Liuius C. l. Felix lorar., iuser. Maff. Mus. Ver. 295, 3.

**lōrātus**, quasi-part. bound with leather thongs, iuga, Verg. mor. 123.

**lōrea**, ae, f. = lora, Cato r. 25; and ap. Gell. 10, 23, 2.

**lōrētānus**, adj. of Loretum? portus, Liv. 30, 39, 1.

**lōreus**, adj. of leather, funes, Cato r. 3, 5; 3, 12; 135, 5; latera, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 2.

**lōrica**, ae, f. a breastplate or cuirass (from cuir), orig. of leather, aft. of metal etc., pto lorica malacum capiam pallium, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 40; add Cas. 3, 5, 53; ambulat cum lorica, Cic. Flac. 41; add Mur. 52; Lōricam cousertam hamis auroque trilecem, Verg. 3, 467; lōricam ex aere rigentem, 8, 621; Socraticam domum Mutare lōricis Hiberis, Hor. od. 1, 29, 15; multos graues lōricis hausere gurgites, Liv. 5, 38, 8; loricae ex cornibus rasis, Amm. 17, 12, 2; l. lintea, Suct. Galb. 19; si lorica scutum galeam (alienauit), Paul. dig. 49, 16, 14, 1; **2.** breastwork, parapet, loricae ex cratibus, Caes. b. g. 5, 40, 6; add 7, 72, 4; Tac. an. 4, 49; **3.** beyond sphere of war, spatium loricae ambitu circumclausum, Amm. 24, 5, 2, for inclosure of wild beasts; add Apul. M. 6, 30; **4.** plasterwork, in lōricis ostiorum fenestramque, Plin. 30, 89; loricae ex calce et harnea, Vitruv. 7, 1, 5; l. testacea, 2, 8, 18.

**lōricārius**, adj. of breastplates, fabrica, Veg. mil. 2, 11; **2.** maker of breastplates, l. θωρακοποιος, Gloss. Philox.

**lōricātio**, ōnis, f. plastering of walls (see lorica, § 4), Vitruv. 7, 1, 5; Paul. dig. 50, 16, 79, 2.

**lōricifer**, θωρακοφορος, Gloss. Philox.

**lōrico**, āre, vb. arm with a breastplate, only in part lorica-tus, statua, Liv. 23, 19, 18; Plin. ep. 8, 6, 13; loricati (cataphracti), 37, 40; elephantibus, Afr. 72, 4; effigies, Plin. 34, 18; **2.** ad loricata and a loricata, inscr. Or. 2893, 2894 still



unexplained; **3.** cover with plaster, Varr. r. 1, 57, 1; pluribus se coriis limi loricant, Plin. 8, 88.

**lōricūla**, ae, f. dim. a breastwork, bell. Gall. 8, 9, 3 (dub.); Veg. mil. 4, 28.

**lōrīōla**, ae, f. dim. of lorca, wh. sec, Varr. ap. Non. 551, 30 (wh. mss moriolam).

**lōripēs**, ēdis, adj. leather-footed, hos procos...loripedis tardissimos, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 7; gentem anguim modo loripedem, Plin. 7, 25; add Iuv. 2, 23.

**lōrum**, (perh. akin to E. leather, G. leder) i, n. leather, signum de paupere loro, Iuv. 5, 165; ut eorum...filii insigno id (sc. bullam anream) haberent, ceteri lorum, Plin. 33, 10; **2.** lora, pl. the leathers, a cat-o'-nine-tails so to say, Vis subegit rem (mss uerum) fateri: ita lora laedunt braccia, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 9; loris caedite etiam si lubet, Merc. 5, 4, 42; add Pers. 4, 8, 1; Ps. 1, 2, 12; Vsque ad necem opcriere loris? Loris liber? Sic erit, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 28; eum serui publici loris ceciderunt, Cic. Phil. 8, 24; loris non ueris, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 46; Cirrata loris horridis Scythae pellicis... Ferulaeque tristes, sceptrā paedagogorum, Mart. 10, 62, 8; add Iuv. 6, 414; **3.** reins, traces, as first of a chariot or wagon, lora ped. XIX, Cato r. 135, 5 (bis); iam in currum cousecendi, iam lora in manus epi meas, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 90; Et proni dant lora: uolat ui feruidus axis, Verg. G. 3, 107; curruque uolans dat lora secundo, A. 1, 160; add 5, 146; 9, 318; fortius utere loris, Ov. M. 2, 127; lora remisit, 2, 200; add Iuv. 1, 61; **4.** of a single horse, a rein, desilire ex equis iussit et loris ducere equos, Liv. 35, 34, 10; **5.** sing. or pl., a thong, as to bind with, uinciro uis? em ostendo manus: Tu habes lora, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 18; si lorum omisit, Cic. har. resp. 23; quum apparitor uerecuudia maiestatis Postumi laxē uinciret, Quin tu inquit adducis lorum? Liv. 9, 10, 7; Bulla super frontem paruis argentea loris Vineta mouebatur, Ov. M. 10, 114; **6.** esp. a long leather leash for controlling a hunting hound (see Rich's Compauium), comitantem inquisitorem loro trahens, Plin. 8, 147; longo sagax Loro teuetur Vmber, Seu. Thy. 498; celsa lorum ceruice ferentem, Grat. cyn. 213; **7.** l. uonitorium, seruius as an emetic, Scrib. comp. 180; **8.** met. of a vine-branch, sequacibus loris, Plin. 14, 11; **9.** lorus m., loros in aqua, Petr. 57; lorum quempiam, Apul. M. 3, 13; nequissimus loros iste, 3, 14.

**lōtārius**, adj. of washing, Iunia Fauorina Aug. n. serua lotaria, inscr. Mur. 908, 6.

**lōtio**, ōnis, f. washing, Vitr. 7, 9, 1.

**lōtiolentē**, adv. (implying an adj. lotiolentus from lotium) Titim. ap. Non. 131, 34.

**lōtium**, ii, n. urine, Cato r. 7, 3; 125, 1; 156, 1 and 7; Catul. 39, 21; Suet. Vesp. 23; Veg. uct. 2, 18, 2; 3, 28, 5; Petr. 57.

**lōtōmētra**, ac, f. see Plin. 22, 56.

**lōtor**, ōris, m. a washer-man, a lavender, inscr. Spon. 64 (bis).

**lōtos** or lotus, i, f. lotus tree, Egyptian water-lily, Plin. 13, 104; **2.** the lotus tree (African name celtis), Plin. 13, 104; **3.** = the faba Graeca, Plin. 16, 123; **4.** l. herba, nymphaea Nelumba Linn., Plin. 21, 103; 22, 56; **5.** = trifolium melilotus officinalis, Verg. G. 3, 394; **6.** a flute made of one of the above, Ov. F. 4, 190; Plin. 16, 172; Mart. 8, 51, 14.

**lōtūra**, ae, f. washing, Plin. 34, 128; Mart. 2, 52, 1.

**lōtus**, part. see lauo.

**lōtus**, ūis? not now in Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, 10 Dar.

**Luā**, (luo wash or luo pay) ac, f. goddess of purifying or atonement, ea (arma) Luae matris dare se, Liv. 8, 1, 6; add 45, 33, 2; Luam Saturni, Gell. 13, 23 (22), 2; Luae sacrum L. Albanus L. f., inscr. Reines. 1, 238 (if not spurious).

**luālis**, c, adj. of paying a penalty, tractus, Iul. Val. Al. 1, 34.

**lūbrico**, āre, vb. make slippery, lubricate, pytismate, Iuv. 11, 173; limo ripae supercillium lubricante, Apul. M. 7, 18; add Prud. perist. 12, 35; Arnob. 1, 39; **2.** met. dazzle, uisus, Prud. psych. 572.

**lūbricus**, (labor) adj. slippery, first from moisture, Set in cella erat paulum nimis loculi lūbrici, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 38;

oculi, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; anguis, Verg. 5, 84; instillare prulum rosae uel lactis quo magis lūbrico\* cirenmagatur (c'aus), Cels. 8, 3, p. 331, 8 Dar.; **2.** from polished surface, tela testudini iniecta lūbrico fastigio labebatur, Liv. 44, 9, 9; crus compeo lūbrico decenni, Mart. 9, 57, 3; but in Plin. 36, 77 Sillig has rubrica; **3.** from friable nature of ground, ne in lūbrico\* atque instabili fundamenta locarentur, Plin. 36, 95; **II 4.** met., uiam uitae praecipitem et lūbricam, Cic. Flac. 105; add Cael. 41; Verr. 2, 5, 137; defensionis ratio, Plane. 5; annus—quickly-gliding—Ov. a. a. 3, 364; uoltus—dazzling—(cf. lūbrico, § 2; or perh. bright), Hor. od. 1, 18, 8; **5.** lūbricum, as sb. n. slippery ground, cf. \* above, sanguine suo et lūbrico paludum lapsantes, Tac. an. 1, 65; si seruus negligentis per l. transierit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 7, 2; **6.** met., in lūbrico, Cic. Tusc. 4, 42; Tac. an. 6, 57 (51); in hoc lūbrico aetatis, Plin. ep. 3, 3, 4; aetatis lūbrico, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 11, 5; lūbrico tutelae fideicommissi remedium praetererat, Papin. 22, 1, 3, 3; propter l. consilii, Callist. 22, 5, 3, 5.

**lūca** (commonly treated as=Lucanus, and so Lucil. ap. Non. 363, 5; Lucanis oriundi montihms tauri; and Plin. 8, 16; but perh. for oluca, as Go. ulbandus implies a form olub-andus=ελεφ-avr-) bos, elephant, prius pariet locusta lucaem bouem, Naev. (al. Enn.) ap. Varr. 1, 7, 3; Inde houes lucaes turrito corpore, Lucr. 5, 1302; add 5, 1339; lucaea boues, Sen. Phaedr. 360; add Sil. 9, 572; Auson. ep. 15, 12.

**lūcānica**, adj. f. (of the Lucani) as sb. a sausage, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 8; Varr. 1, 5, 22, p. 114 Sp.; Mart. 13, 35, 1; Stat. silu. 4, 9, 35; Apic. 56 Seluch. (a recipe); add 181 and 194.

**lūcār**, āris, (prob. fm. lucus, as obtained from rent of public groves) n. an actor's pay, de modo lucaris multa decernuntur, Tac. au. 1, 77; l. aes quod ex lucis captatur, Paul. ex F. 119; lucaris pecunia quae in luco erat data, ib.; l. μισθος θεατρικος, Gloss. Labb.; l. erogatio quae fiebat in lucis, Isid. Gloss.; **2.** a of second syll. short, says Char. 85, 19 K on silly grounds.

**lūcāria** festa, n. pl. a festival in a grove between the via Salaria and the Tiber, in which the Romans when defeated by the Galli found shelter, says Paul. ex F. 119; diem Lucarium, Macr. s. 1, 4, 15; H. Lucar. NP, at Iul. 19 fast. Maff.; B. lucar. lud., ib. at Iul. 21.

**lūcāris**, pecunia, see lucar.

**lucceius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Cic. fam. 5, 12—15; Att. 1, 17, 11.

**lūcellum**, i, n. dim. of lucrum, a little gain, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 72 and 106; Catul. 28, 6; Hor. s. 2, 5, 82; ep. 1, 18, 102; Sen. ep. 5, 7.

**lūcensis**, e, adj. of Luca, a city of Etruria, municipium, Cic. fam. 13, 13; **2.** of Lucus a town near the Fucine lake, Plin. 3, 106.

**lūceo**, (lux) ōre, luxi, vb. glow, shine, as first of fire, starlight, nihilo miuis ipsi lucent (lumen), Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 51; ea stella luce lucebat alieua, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Funereas rapuere faces; lucent nia longo Ordine flammurar, Verg. 11, 143; Rara per occultos lucebat semita calles, 9, 383; Dum meus assiduo lucent igne focus, Tib. 1, 1, 6; cinis exstinctus exarsit repente atque in multam uocem luxit, Suet. Tib. 74; **2.** met., lucent genialibus altis Aurea fulera toris, Verg. 6, 603; idem oculi lucent, Ov. M. 1, 239; niueo lucent in ore rubor, an. 3, 3, 6; imperii uestri splendor lucent, Cic. Manil. 41; mea officia et studia parum antea luxerunt, Att. 3, 15, 4; uirtus (Catonis) lucent in tenebris, Sest. 60; **3.** impers. it is daylight, Priusquam lucent, adsunt, rogata noctu ut somnum ceperim, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 115; lucent hoc inquam, 2, 2, 63; nondum lucebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 97; Nam si luxerit, ad librariorum Curraur serinea, Catul. 14, 17; **II 4.** light, trans., Prodimunt famuli; tum candida lumina lucent, Enn. ap. Fest. 229 A, 24; huic lucebis uouae nuptae facta, Pl. Cas. 1, 30; luces cereum, Cure. 1, 1, 9; **5.** lucens as adj., metri lucentior usus, Mall. Th. metr. 9, 7.

**Lūcēreses**, ium and Lūcēres, um, pl. members of the third tribe in early Rome, pars tertia populi Romani, Paul. ex F. 119; ager Romanus primum diuisus in parteis tris... Tatiensium Ramnium Lucerum, Varr. 1, 5, 9; partes toti-



dem Titiensibus ille Quosque uocant Ramnes Lūcēribusque dedit, Ov. F. 3, 132; Hinc Titiens Ramnesque uiri Lūcē-resquē cōlōni, Prop. 4, 1, 31; cf. Cic. rep. 2, 14.

**lūcerna**, (short vowel due to ace. on penult.; cf. ōfella māmilla cūrulis) ae, f. lamp, si lucerna extincta sit, Pl. As. 4, 1, 40; add Most. 2, 2, 56; quodam obtutu oculo-rum duo pro uno lucernae lumina, Cic. diu. 2, 120; fraudatis immundus Natā lūcernis, Hor. s. 1, 6, 24; ut semel ieto Accessit feruor capiti numerusquē lūcernis, 2, 1, 25; Hacc ego non eradam Venusina dignā lūcerna? Iuv. 1, 51; 2. a sea-fish, trigla lucerna, Plin. 9, 82.

**lūcernārius**, adj. of a lamp or lamps, 1, λυχνουχος Gloss. Philox. 2. lucernaria, as sb. f. the plant ucrbasecum, Marc. Emp. 20; 3. lucernarium, as sb. n. lamplight, Aug. reg. cler.

**lūcernātus**, quasi-part. dressed with lamps, ianua, Tertul. ad ux. 2, 6.

**lūcernāla**, ae, f. dim. a little lamp, Hier. ep. 117, 12; 107, 9.

**lūcesco** or **lucisco**\*, ēre, vb. get light, dawn, lucescit hoc iam, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 45; luciscit\* (al. lucescit) hoc iam, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 1; ut cum lucisceret, in Amanum ascende-rem, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 8; lamque uouom terrae aspeant lucescere solem, Verg. B. 6, 37; add Ov. F. 5, 417;

2. met., luciscentis\* amoris, Fronto ad M. Ant. 1, 5, p. 103, 17 Nab.; caput erine lucescat, Firm. Math. 4, 13.

**lūcētius**, adj. of light, Iouen, Naev. ap. Gell. 5, 12, 6; Macr. s. 1, 15, 14; Paul. ex F. 114; Serv. ad A. 9, 570;

2. so Lucetia, a title of Iuno, Mart. Cap. 37 G, 42, 7 Eyss.

**lūcidiss**, φωτεινος, Gloss. Philox.

**lūcidius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, L. Lucidius L. l. Bello, CIL 1285.

**lūcidus**, adj. shining, bright, clear, aer, Lucr. 4, 340; sidera, Hor. od. 1, 3, 2; Lucidior uisa est quam fuit ante domus, Ov. F. 1, 94; amnis, Quint. 12, 10, 60; lucidissima stella, Vitr. 9, 6, 1; 2. met., ouis, Tib. 2, 1, 62; (puella), Ov. her. 18(19), 133; 3. stronger met., Hor. A. P. 41; lucidior (auctor), Quint. 10, 1, 74; causa, 4, 4, 4;

4. lucide adv., 1. definiat, Cic. or. 2, 108; lucidius inter diuina mansurus, Sen. ep. 71, 16; 1. dicens, Quint. 8, 3, 1; lucidissime ostendit, 4, 5, 12; 5. lucidus, name of a horse, inser. Grut. 337.

**lūcifer**, ēri, adj. light-bearing, lampas, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 245 K; Diana, Cic. N. D. 2, 68; pars (lunae), Lucr. 5, 726; equi (lunae), Ov. her. 11, 46; 2. as sb. m. Venus, as morning star, propter lunam Lucifer, Pompon. ap. Non. 506, 8; stella Venicris quae φωσφορος Graece, Lucifer Latine dicitur quum antegreditur solē, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; Lucifer ortus erat, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 72.

**lūcifluus**, adj. flowing with light, sol, Iuuen. 3, 294;

2. met., seimo, Iuuen. 4, 120.

**lūcifuga**, ae, u. one who shuns the light, Sen. ep. 122, 15; Apul. M. 5, 19; mag. 16 f.

**lūcifugax**, ācis, adj. light-shunning, natio, Min. Fel. Oct. 8 (al. lucifuga); noctua, carn. Philomel. 40.

**lūcifugus**, adj. the same, Lucil. ap. Non. 18, 27; Cic. fin. 1, 61; Verg. G. 4, 243; Colum. 9, 7, 5.

**lūciliānus**, adj. of Lucilius, as in adoption, L. Vitrouius S. f. Lucil(ianus), CIL 1227; add Varr. r. 3, 2, 17; Plin. 36, 185.

**lūcillus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Lucili(us) Ruf(us), CIL 408 on a deuar.; C. Lucilius C. l. Status, 1430; Hinc omnis pendet Lucilius, Hor. s. 1, 4, 6;...uersus Lucili. Quis tam Lucili fautor inepte est Vt...? 1, 10, 9;

2. Lucilia T. f., CIL 806.

**lūcillus**, n. dim. of Lucius, a cognomen, L. Caesonius C. fil. Quirina Lucillus, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. 179; Anicetus Domitiae P. f. Lucillae, ib. p. 667.

**lūcina**, ae, adj. f. as sb. goddess of light and so of parturition, Iuno Loucina, CIL 171; add 189 and 1200; Iuno Lucina, tuam fidem, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 11; add Truc. 2, 5, 23; Iuno Lucina fer opem, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 41; add Verg. G. 3, 60; 4, 340; 2. gen. as goddess of light, Efficiat uanos noctis Lucina timores, Tib. 3, 4, 13; cf. Fest. v. supercilia, 305 B 10.

**lūcinium**, cicindela, glowworm, Gloss.

**Lūcinūlus**, m. a cognomen, T. Cassius Lucinulus, inser. Grut. 675, 6.

**Lūcinus**, adj. of light and so of birth, horae, Prud. Symm. 2, 222; cf. Lucina.

**lūcipārens**, entis, adj. light-producing, nox, Avien. phaen. 853.

**Lūcipor**, (Luci puer) is, m. slave of Lucius, Plin. 33, 26.

**lūcisātor**, ōris, m. sower of light, Prud. cath. 3, 1.

**lūcisco**, see lucesco.

**Lūcius**, ii, m. a praenomeu, Cornelius Lucius Scipio, CIL 30; Lucio Scipioe, 32; P. Muncio L. Calpur(nio cos.), 200; Q. Marcus L. f., 196; 2. name of a gens, C. Lucius M. f., 1187; M. Lucius M. f., 1407; Sex. Lucius, 1477; 3. a cognomen, A. Furius Lucius, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. p. 116; 4. a fish, the pike? Aus. Mos. 123.

**lūcrātio**, ōnis, f. making profit, Tertul. ad ux. 2, 7.

**lūcrātius**, adj. profitable, lucrative, opera, Quint. 10, 7, 27; tempora, Fronto ad Ant. 2, 2; species possessionis, Gai. 2, 56; usucapio, 2, 60; adquisitio, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 4, 31.

**Lūcrētius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Cn. Lucr(eti)us Trio, CIL 286 on a denar.; L. Lucr(eti)us Trio, 451; C. Lucretius C. l. Apl., 566; Lucretia a. d. xii K. Ma(rt. or -i.), 897; af Lucretia Sp. f. Rufa 1055; Carmina sublimis tunc sunt peritūra Lūcrēti, Exitio terras enim dabit una dies, Ov. am. 1, 15, 23.

**lūcricius**, lucrum, not. Tir. 68.

**lūcrificāto**, fēci, factus, faciōrē, vb. best written as two words, make profit, gain, save, qui facere argenti cupiat ali-quantum lucri, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 7; Quin tu arabonem dicis? 'A' facio lucri, Truc. 3, 2, 22; fecisti lucri, Pers. 4, 4, 116; Me esse hos trecentos Philippos facturum lucri, Poen. 3, 5, 26; lucri fecerunt, Varr. r. 3, 4, 1; minus lucri facit, Cic. Flac. 91; add Verr. 2, 3, 174; ut quam plurimum lucri faciant, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 20, 2; add Mart. 8, 10, 2; Petr. 15 (diuisim Būch.); licet lucri dotem faciat, Gai. dig. 11, 7, 29; add Vennl. 35, 2, 6; 2. met. of a debt or loss excused, quam iniuriam lneri fecit, mercatus in luctu ciuitatis, Plin. 7, 129; transduc equum ac lucri fac censo-riam notam, Val. M. 4, 10; illo beneficio suum malificium lucri facere, bell. Hisp. 36, 1.

**lūcrificābilis**, e, adj. profitable, dies, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 2.

**lūcrifico**, āre, vb. make a profit of, gain, Tertul. praeser. 24.

**lūcrificus**, adj. bringing profit, Fortuna, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 46 and 47.

**lūcriflo**, fiēri, vb. better diuisim, be gained, in hac emptione lucri fieri tritici modium c, Cio. Verr. 2, 3, 111; add Mart. 11, 50, 5; aqua...tacite lneri fit ab eo qui ducit, Ulp. dig. 43, 20, 3, 3.

**lūcrifuga**, ae, m. one who runs away from profit, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 33.

**Lūcrinensis**, e, adj. of the Lucrine lake, Cic. Att. 4, 10, 1.

**Lūcrinus**, adj. Lucrine, lacus, Suet. Aug. 16; aqua, Prop. 1, 11, 10; conchylia, Hor. epod. 2, 49; ostrea, Plin. 9, 168; 2. absol. as sb. the Lucrine lake, An memorem portus Lūcrinōque addita claustra? Verg. G. 2, 161; add Plin. 9, 169; lasciu stagna Lūcrini, Mart. 4, 57, 1; add 6, 43, 5; 3. Lucrinum, as sb. u. Lucrine oyster, Mart. 6, 11, 5.

**lūcrio**, ōnis, m. dim. of contempt, κερδῶνα quem nos luerionem uocamus, Paul. ex F. 56; 2. a cognomen, T. Hostilius Lucrio, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. p. 252; M. Ver-sicianus Lucrio, inser. Maff. mus. Ver. 270, 10.

**lūcrīpēs**, pētis, adj. the same, Cassiod. nar. 11, 12.

**lūcrīpēta**, ae, m. money-grubber, fenerator, Pl. Most. arg. 6.

**lūcrius**, adj. of gain, Di Luerii, Arnob. 4, 9.

**lūcror**, āri, vb. r. gain, ut debitores lucrentur alienum, Cic. off. 2, 84; missorum stipendium, Verr. 2, 5, 62; auri pondo x, parad. 21; talentum, Hor. A. P. 238; lucrendi perdendiue, Tac. G. 24; plus periurio, Suet. Cal. 41; do-tem, Ulp. dig. 27, 6, 11, 4; lucrendi animo, Gai. 41, 1, 9, 8; 2. gain by saving, lucrendi salis, Plin. 18, 68; 3. met., indicia ueteris infamiae (as uot mentioned), Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 33; moram fati, Stat. Th. 9, 779.

**lūcrosus**, adj. profitable, uoluptas, Ov. am. 1, 10, 35; fraus lucrosior, Plin. 37, 197; id lucrosissimum, 18, 320; add Tac. Agr. 19 f.; hereditas, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 7, 5; Gai. 26, 8, 9, 3; **2.** adv. comp. lucrosius, Hier. ep. 22, 13.

**lūcrum**, (ab luendo says Varr. l. 5, 36, p. 176 Sp.—but how? rather for ol-ucrum and so from ol-escro grow, comp. ol-us etc. and ἄλ-ο raise) i, n. gain, profit, Quoi homini di propitii sunt, aliquidi obicinet lucri, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 1; Pecuniam in loco negligere maximum interdumst lucrum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 8; Auarus animus nullo satiatur luero, poet. ap. Sen. 94, 43; emendi aut nendendi luero, Cic. Tusc. 5, 9; ex publicis uectigalibus tanta luera facit, Verr. 2, 3, 86; Perque aditus tales luera pudenta petant, Ov. s. a. 3, 442; **2.** esp. in dat., Amanti amoenitas malost, nobis luero, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 5; add As. 1, 3, 40; Cist. 1, 1, 52; Merc. 3, 2, 10; Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 40; **3.** often met. from profit in bookkeeping, omne id deputare esse in luero, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 16; id de luero putato esse omne, Ad. 5, 3, 31; hoc in luero ponere, Cic. Flac. 40; id in lucris pono, iam. 7, 24, 1; in luero quae datur hora mihi est, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 68; de luero iam quadrieunium uiuimus, Cic. fam. 9, 17, 1; de luero tibi uiuere me scito, Liv. 40, 8, 2; **4.** Nou. 210, 17 speaks of a masc. g., wrongly quoting pergrandem luero from Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 24.

**lucta**, (see luctor) ae, f. wrestling, Auson. ep. 93; Ang. ep. 106 m.; Sidon. ep. 2, 2 m.; but in Capitol. Max. 6, 5 Peter has luctamina.

**luctāmen**, inis, n. wrestling—hence athletic exercise, effort, Thybris...ita substituit...remo ut luctamen abesset, Verg. 8, 89; seque toris misero luctamine trunci Denolunt, Val. F. 2, 234; post lectionem operam palaestrae...aut luctaminibus mollioribus dabat, Lampr. Al. Seu. 30, 4; **2.** a legal contest, a struggle, Th. C. 11, 30, 40; 4, 21, 1; but luctamine in Pall. 3, 9, 13 corrupt.

**luctatio**, ōnis, f. wrestling, sine aduersario nulla l. est, Cic. fat. 30; pugilatione et luctatione, leg. 2, 38 (so Madv., but dub.); multos uincere luctatione uel caestu, Sen. ep. 88, 19; **2.** struggling, taetra ibi luctatio erat, Liv. 21, 36, 7; **3.** met. a fight, contest, struggle, cum Academicis l., Cic. fin. 2, 43; cum Diodoro, fat. 12; ciuitatis pugnantis cum Caesare, Vell. 2, 124, 2.

**luctātor**, ōris, m. wrestler, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 31; Ib. 391; Sen. ben. 5, 3, 1; 7, 1, 4; ep. 88, 18; Gell. 3, 15, 3; **2.** met., (uinum) pedes captat primum: luctator dolosus, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 15.

**luctātus**, ūs, m. wrestling, Plin. 8, 33; 29, 26.

**luctifer**, ēra, ērum, adj. bearer of mourning, bubo, Sen. Herc. f. 691; annus, Val. F. 3, 454.

**luctificābilis**, e, adj. lamenting, Antiope aerumnis cor luctificabilis fulsa, poet. ap. Pers. 1, 78.

**luctificus**, adj. causing mourning (in poets), clades, Cic. Tusc. 2, 25; Allecto, Verg. 7, 324; uox, Sen. Phaedr. 1004; clangores, Stat. Th. 10, 552; pavor, Sil. 6, 557; **2.** as adv. or cogn. acc., luctificum clangente tuba, Val. F. 3, 349.

**luctisōnus**, adj. sounding mournfully, mugitus, Ov. M. 1, 732.

**luctio**, āre, vb, frq. and luctitor, vb. frq. r., Prisc. 1, 392, 14 K.

**lucto**, āre, vb. [see luctor] wrestle, ualidis uiribus luctant, Enn. an. 301 V; plurimum luctauimus, Pl. ap. Non. 468; Dicitque sese illi auulum, dum luctat, detraxisse, Ter. Hec. 5, 3, 31; see also delucto.

**luctor**, āri, vb. r. [for pluctor i. e. pol-uct-or, pol-uc=παλα of παλαίω, and παλακ theoretic form of παλῆ] first as plur. recipr., luctamur we wrestle with each other, fulua luctantur arena, Verg. 6, 643; Inter se aduersis luctantur cornibus haedi, G. 2, 525; **2.** hence also w. cum, wrestle, Verum illi ualent qui bene luctantur cum leonibus, Pomp. 176 R; **3.** also absol., for the adversary need not be mentioned, si esset dictum 'Luctabitur Olympiis Milon', et referret aliquis 'Ergo siue habuerit aduersarium siue non habuerit luctabitur', erraret; est enim copulatum luctabitur, quia sine aduersario nulla luctatio est, Cic. fat. 30; exercebatur plurimum luctando, ps. Nep. Epam. 2; luctatur (polyypus cum homine) et sorbet acetabu-

lis cum in urinantis impetum cepit, Plin. 9, 91; **4.** met., nondum statuo te uirium satis habere ut ego tecum luctari debeam, Cic. Sull. 47; diu quarum esset partium secum luctatus, Vell. 2, 64, 3; cum difficultate locorum et cum ui hostium luctatus, 2, 115, 2; malus est ager cum quo dominus luctatur, Plin. 18, 28; **5.** in poets with dat., Tristia robustis luctantur funera plaustris, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 74; Icaris fluctibus, od. 1, 1, 15; morti, Sil. 10, 296; pelago, 14, 353; tenebris, Stat. Th. 11, 522; and what for poets are dat., uiridi robore, Lucan. 3, 503; putri caespite, Sil. 4, 585; **6.** also absol. wrestle with difficulties, fight one's way, struggle, luctandum in turba, Hor. s. 2, 6, 28; in arido solo, Liv. 7, 38, 7; **7.** in poets with inf. struggle, strive, telum eripere, Verg. 12, 387; deducere uersum, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 13; **8.** the παλ of παλῆ etc. may be one with our fall.

**luctuōsus**, adj. full of mourning, mournful, dies, Cic. Sest. 27; tempora, fam. 5, 14, 1; preces, Att. 3, 19, 2; luctuosissimum exitium, Sul. 33; uictoria, Sal. Cat. 58, 21; Hesperia, Hor. od. 3, 6, 8; **2.** luctuose adv., canere, Varr. l. 5, 11, p. 81 Sp.; luctuosius nobis perierunt, Liv. 28, 39, 6.

**luctus**, ūs, m. lit. howling†, wailing, esp. for the dead\*; hence mourning, deep grief, Inopiam luctum maerorem paupertatem algum famem, Pl. Vidul. ap. Prisc. 1, 235, 6 K; illi permittim dabo, Mihi maerores, illi luctum, Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 66; quantum luctum audiui? Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; luctum addit luctibus, Acc. ap. Nou. 445, 2; filio luctum paras, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 13; summo in luctu ac sollicitudine (Prae desiderio)io\* gnatae, CIL 1008, 9; luctus aegritudo ex eius qui carus fuit interitu\* acerbo, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; hunc miserum luctu perditum qui nondum pateruo funeri\* iusta soluisset, Rosc. Am. 23; plena erant omnia luctus, Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 8; iuuenem... Transadigit costas...At fratres animosa phalanx acceusaque luctu\*, Verg. 12, 277; **2.** hence mourning, as shown in dress, erat in luctu senatus: squalebat ciuitas ueste mutata, Cic. Sest. 32; s. eto diebus xxx luctus est finitus, Liv. 22, 56, 5; Plancina luctum amissae\* sororis tum primum laeto cultu mutauit, Tac. an. 2, 75; minuitur populo luctus aedis dedicatione, priuatis cum liberi nati sunt, Fest. 154, B 19; **3.** lucti as gen., lapere (capere?) lucti uestem, Acc. ap. Non. 485, 33; Tuno quod superest socium mittis leto an lucti paenitet? Acc. ib.

**lūcubrātio**, ōnis, f. [lucubro] lamplight, per hiemem lucubratione haec facito, Cato r. 37, 3; longis noctibus ad diurnum tempus aliquid adiciendum est, nam multa sunt quae in lucubratione recte aguntur, Colum. 11, 2, 90; nulla regio non aliquid affert quod ad lucubrationem confici possit, 91; ad lucubrationem uespertinam palos conficere, totidemque per antelucanam lucubrationem, 12;

**2.** working by lamplight, Nunc propter intermissionem forensis operae et lucubrationes detraxi et meritationes addidi, Cic. diu. 2, 142; tota commenticia, uix digna lucubratione auicularum, N. D. 1, 94; oleum in lucubrationem seruabimus, Varr. s. p. 237, 1 R; uec possum in forum adducere lucubrationes meas uigilisque, Plin. 18, 43; cannabis uellitur post uiuendiam ac lucubrationibus decorticata purgatur, 19, 174; **3.** work so produced, perire lucubrationem meam nolui et eam ipsam Catinio dedi, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 1; lucubrationes, the title of a work by Bibaculus, Plin. 1, 24.

**lūcubrātiun-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a few minutes of lamplight, haec ad breuem lucubratiunculam celeri sermone dictaui, Hier. ep. 117, 12; **2.** working by lamplight, sed cupio paulisper somnus a me abscedat, et lucubratiunculae aliquam facultatem tradat, M. Aur. ap. Fr. 1, 3; **3.** work so produced, Gell. pr. 14.

**lūcubrātōr-ius**, adj. [implies a sb. lucubror] for one who works by lamplight, lecticula, Suet. Aug. 78.

**lūcubro**, āre, vb. [ult. from luc-] work by lamplight, Tum denique omnis cum lucerna combustast In lucubrando oliuitasque consumpta, Varr. s. p. 144, 4 R; inter lucubrautes ancillas sedentem inueniunt, Liv. 1, 57, 9; sin lucubrandum est, non post cibum id facere, Cels. 1, 2; lucubrare (Plinius) Vulcanalibus iucipiebat a nocte multa,



hieme uero ab hora septima, Pliu. cp. 3, 5, 8; **2.** vb. trans. work at or produce by lamplight, accipies hoc paruum opusculum lucubratum hie iam contractioribus noctibus, Cic. par. 5; nec die tantum uerum etiam nocte lucubratur peruigilem farinam? Apul. M. 9, 11; **3.** l. uiam, travel by lamplight, Quorsum istam lucubratis uiam nec noctis laruas formidatis, Apul. M. 6, 30; **4.** spend in such work, Haec dat nocturnis nox lucubrata Camenis, Mart. 4, 90, 9.

**lucularis**, e, adj. of a grove, P. Aelio Marcello...flamini Inculari Lauren., inser. Or.-Henz. 6747.

**luculentus**, implied in luculenter adv. clearly, cum Graece luculenter (so Madv. and Bait.) sciam, Cic. fin. 2, 15; but in off. 3, 60 Baiter has luculente w. the mss; and in Q. fr. 3, 5, 1 the same w. MR against luculenter of IE.

**luculentia**, ae, f. brilliancy, met., uerborum luculentias, Arnob. 3, 6; scriptorum, Oros. 5, 15.

**luculentitas**, atis, f. the same, met., Caecil. ap. Non. 135, 2; Laber. ib.

**luculentus**, (cf. fraud-ulentus, ui-olentus) adj. full of light, metuo ne frigeas in hibernis; quamobrem camino luculeto utendum censeo, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; **2.** met. brilliant, splendid, glorious, femina, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 12; concidio, 4, 1, 6; Rud. 5, 3, 51; homines, Capt. 2, 2, 75 (of station); familia, Cist. 2, 3, 18; diuitiae, Rud. 5, 2, 33; hereditas, Truc. 2, 3, 24; ambulacrum, Most. 3, 2, 132; facinus, Men. 1, 2, 32; dies, Epid. 1, 2, 5 and 3, 2, 5; proelium, Pl. ap. Non. 63, 15; forma, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 12; opus, Afran. ap. Non. 317, 19; auspicia, Licin. Macer ap. Non. 63, 13; patrimonium, Cic. Phil. 12, 19; plaga, 7, 17; nauigia, Att. 16, 4, 4; auctores, 10, 14, 2; homo, 2, 12, 4; scriptor, 7, 17, 2; uerbis luculentioribus, 12, 21, 1; oratio, Sal. Cat. 31, 6; **3.** luculente adv., Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 88; Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 1; Att. 14, 21, 1.

**lucullanus**, adj. of Lucullus, ager, Frontin. ag. 5; 8; 10; horti, 22; uilla, Suet. Tib. 73; carinae, Sidon. earm. 2, 511.

**lucullus**, adj. the same, marmor, Plin. 36, 6 and 49; lanceae, anon. ap. Suet. Dom. 10.

**lucullianus**, adj. the same, horti, Tac. an. 11, 32 and 37.

**Lucullus**, m. a cognomen, M. Terentius M. f. Varro Lucullus, CIL 583; Luculli miles, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 26.

**luculus**, i, m. dim. a little grove, Suet. uit. Hor. f.; cf. lucularis.

**lucuna**, see lacuna.

**lucunculius**, (lucuntulus?) i; m. dim. of lueuns, a little cake of some kind, Afran. ap. Non. 131, 27; Stat. silu. 1, 6, 17; Apul. M. 10, 13; l. *τηγαυτης*, Gloss. Philox.; but in Afran. and Apul. dub.

**lucuns**, (prob. for glucuns = *γλυκειος* or *γλυκος*; cf. *πλακος*) untis, f. a sweet cake of some kind, Panis pemma lueuns, eibus qui purissimus multost, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 24; 'Vinum (pemma lueuns) nihil adiuuat; ista ministrat, Varr. ib.; lucuntem genus operis pistorii, Paul. ex F. 119.

**lucus**, (perh. for solucus, a lost adj. of wh. sol is the root, analogue of E. adj. hallow, as in Hallow-e'en, = G. heilig, E. holy, G. selig; *αλ-σ-ος*, compared with *θαρ-σ-ος* and E. dare, has its root in *αλ* for *δα*, and so is perh. akin) i, m. holy ground gen. covered with trees, a consecrated grove, lucos in agris habento (diui), XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 19; lucum Dianium, Cato ap. Prisc. 129 K; Siluani lucus extra murumst auius, Crebro salicto oppletus, Pl. Aul. 4, 6, 8; uos Albaui luei imploro, uosque Albanorum arae quas ille caesis sanctissimis lucis oppresserat, Cic. Mil. 85; exaudita uox est a lueo Vestae, diu. 1, 101; circa (Hennam) luei sunt plurimi, Verr. 2, 4, 107; lueo tum forte parentis Pilumni Turnus sacra ualle sedebat, Verg. 9, 3; Lucus in urbe fuit media...Hic templum Iunoni...Dido Condebat, 1, 441; lucus et ara Dianae, Hor. A. P. 16; uirtutem uerba pntas et Lucum ligna, ep. 1, 6, 32; Tiburni lucus, od. 1, 7, 13; pios per lucos, 3, 4, 6; add 1, 4, 1; Et nemora in domibus sacros imitantia lucos? Tib. 3, 3, 15; templum erat Lacinae Iunonis. Lucus ibi silua saeptus..., Liv. 24, 3, 4; Deae dominac...(l)ucum consacraui, inser. Or. 4588;

**2.** in Verg. G. 2, 122; A. 7, 29 and 697; 11, 456 sanctity is neither expressed nor excluded.

**ludia**, ae, f. an actress or stage-dancer, Iuv. 6, 265; Mart. 5, 24, 10.

**ludiarius**, adj. of actors, ex pecun. ludiar., inser. Or. 2601.

**ludibriosus**, adj. calculated to excite laughter, scornful, nerba, Gell. 6 (7), 11, 5; auspicia, Amm. 15, 5, 25;

**2.** ludibriose, adv., Amm. 26, 6, 16; Tertul. res. carn. 61.

**ludibrium**, ii, (suffix what?) n. a laughingstock, a thing to laugh at, ludibrio habere, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 45; add Epid. 5, 2, 1; Cas. 3, 5, 19; 5, 1, 13; Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 11; ludibria Fortuna, Cic. parad. 9; l. impudentiae, dom. 131; ludibrio esse, Coruif. ad Her. 4, 51; Sal. Cat. 5, 13, 2; Brutus ab Tarquiniis ductus Delphos, ludibrium uerius quam comes, Liv. 1, 56, 9; Ne turbata uolent (foha) ludibria nentis, Verg. 6, 75; **2.** an insult, uirgines stupra perpeasae corporum ludibria defebant, Curt. 10, 1, 3; ludibria meorum nuntiaturus es, 4, 10, 27.

**ludib-undus**, adj. playing, joking, laughing, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 29; nos caelo sereno ad Hydruntem ludibundi perueni-mus, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 2; si Vulteiun habebis omnia ludib-undus conficies, Timarch. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 156; oculi, Gell. 3, 5, 2; circum uicos uagabatur l., Suet. Nero 26.

**ludic-er** or **crus**, **cra**, **crum**, adj. of public games or the stage, theatrical, quei artem ludicram fecit, CIL 206, 123; artem facere ludicram, Pl. Aul. 4, 3, 3 (dance like a stage actor); ludicrae artes ad uoluptatem oculorum atque aurium tendunt, Sen. ep. 88, 22; ars l., Liv. 7, 2, 12; ludicrae (tibiae), Plin. 16, 172; (coronae), 21, 7; eithara ludicrum in modum canere, Tac. an. 14, 14; ludicras partes sustine-runt, Suet. Nero 11; **2.** ludicrum, absol. as sb. n. public games, festival, Olympiorum sollemne l., Liv. 28, 7, 14; Isthmiorum statum l., 33, 32, 1; l. Nemeorum, 34, 41, 1; prope huius saeculi copia l. celebratum est, 39, 22, 2; Ludicra quid (censes)? Hor. ep. 1, 6, 7; clarissimum omnium ludicrum (a gen.?) certamen Olympiorum initium habuit, Vell. 1, 8, 1; cum patri funebri ludos faceret, quo in ludic-ro..., 1, 8, 2; ludos Augustales...; indulserat ei ludic-ro Augustus, Tac. an. 1, 54; (coronae) ludic-ro quaesitae, Plin. 21, 6; II **3.** gen. of play, playful, pueri exercitatione aliqua ludicra delectantur, Cic. N. D. 1, 102; ars ludicra armorum, or. 2, 84; neque enim leuia aut ludicra petuntur Praemia, Verg. 12, 764; Nunc itaque et uersus et cetera ludicra pono, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 10; **4.** nom. masc. not found; **5.** ludicri as abl. ap. Prisc. 1, 350, 6; **6.** ludicre, as adv., pars ludicre saxa iactant, Enn. ap. Non. 134, 14; add Apul. M. 9, 7.

**ludicror?** in Fronto ep. ad amic. 1, 12 mss havo ludificari, wh. Mai ludicrari.

**ludificatio?** in Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 41 Geppert w. mss ludos fecisti.

**ludificab-ilis**, e, adj. amusing, ludi, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 3.

**ludificatio**, onis, f. making a fool of (a person), trifling (with), cum omni ludificatione senatus auctoritas impedire-tur, Cic. Sest. 75; hostis, Liv. 22, 18, 9; uori, 26, 6, 16.

**ludificator**, oris, m. one who tries to make a fool (of a person), Pl. Most. 5, 1, 18.

**ludificator-ius**, adj. deceitful, imagiuatio, Aug. C. D. 11, 26.

**ludificatus**, us, m. making a fool (of), a laughingstock, Tum profecto me sibi habento scurrae ludificati (so Camer.; ms D ludificiseaui), Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 2.

**ludifico**, are, vb. make a fool (of), trifle (with), erum qui sic ludificas dictis delirantibus, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 38; Ita me ludificat, Mil. 2, 6, 8; si litaturo ac diutius ludificare uideatur, Cic. Quinct. 54; **2.** ludificor, ari, as pass., meamne hic in uia hospitam Tractatam et ludificatam! Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 10; postquam uideo me sic ludificari, Capt. 3, 1, 27; add Truc. 1, 1, 5; 2, 8, 6; qui obuii hostibus fuerant ludificati incerto proelio, Sal. Iug. 5, 1, 4; Vt puororum aetas iuprouida ludificetur, Lucr. 1, 939.

**ludificor**, ari, vb. r. make a fool (of), trifle (with), ni ludificata lepide Ero culpam omuam in me imponito, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 53; quibus modis Ludificatust me, Most. 5, 2, 26; add Capt. 4, 4, 80; ludificatust uirginem, Ter. Euu. 4,



3, 3; add 4, 4, 49; aperto ludificari, Cie. Rosc. Am. 55; hostem artibus belli, Liv. 27, 46, 6; Romanum impune, Tao. au. 3, 21; 2. so far either absol., or w. acc. of person; also met. w. acc. of thing, locationem, Liv. 39, 44, 8; quicquid hostes ingenti mole agerent, (Arehimedes) perleui momento ludificaretur, 24, 34, 2; fugā rostra, Flor. 2, 2, 8; nim (Hannibalis) eunetationibus ludificantem, Val. M. 7, 3 ext. 8.

**ludimāgister**, better as two words, and so in best edd. of Cie., Mart., Iustin.

**lūdimentum**, παίγνιον, Gloss. Philox.

**ludio**, δῶις, m. dim. of contempt [ludius] a play-aetor or dancer, ludiones (so mss, Madv. ludii, homines) ex Etruria acciti ad tibieinis modos saltantes haud indecoros motus Tusco more dabant, Liv. 7, 2, 4; add perh. 7, 2, 6 wh. Madv. has Indius, mss ludios; but in 39, 6, 8 edd. now ludorum; της πομπης ἡγγεμονες καλουμενοι προς αυτων...λυδιωνες, εικονες ως εμοι δοκει των σαλων, Diou. Hal. ant. 2, 71; σατυριστης ὁ σκληρικος ludio, Gloss. Cyril.; ludio (ms ludo) σατυριστης, Gloss. Philox.; Κουρητες (ms Κουρηταις) ludiones, gloss. uetust. of Haupt, whom see in Herm. 3, 149.

**lūdītor**, διαπαιτω, Gloss. Philox.

**lūdīus**, (from ludus or Lydus?) ii, m. professional dancer or aetor, glabriorem...quam uolsus ludīust, Pl. Aul. 2, 9, 6; si ludius constitit, Cie. har. resp. 23; Ludius aequatam ter pede pulsat humm, Ov. a. a. 1, 112; ex Circo ludios, Suet. Aug. 74; in Iuv. 6, 82 ludium is a bad ej.; 2. a cognomen, Ludius, a painter, Plin. 35, 116.

**lūdo**, (poss. for plugdo and so akin to E. play, G. spielen) ēre, si, sus, vb. play, as opp. to work, ludere inter se lactantis uidimus, Naev. ap. Non. 547, 28; signum in manu tibi, Ludenti puero quod memoridit simia, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 114; Campum ubi ludunt, CIL 1166, 7; ludendi est modus retinendus...suppeditat autem Campus noster honesta exempla ludendi, Cie. off. 1, 104; geminos huic ubera circum Lūdērē pendentes pueros, Verg. 8, 632; 2. of other than human beings, Congrum istum maximum in aqua sinito ludere, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 23; In sieco ludunt fulicae, Verg. G. 1, 363; equa eampis, Hor. od. 3, 11, 10; 3. of things, si qua Audet in exiguo ludere eumba Iacu, Ov. tr. 2, 330; Ludentis per colla iubaee, Sil. 16, 364; 4. w. abl., luto, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 54; tali ludo, Most. 5, 2, 36; tesseriis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 21; alea, Cie. Phil. 2, 56; pila et XII scriptis, or. 1, 217; seu trocho...seu alea, Hor. od. 3, 24, 57; latroneulis, Sen. ep. 106, 11; 5. w. acc., par impar, Hor. s. 2, 3, 248; latronum proelia, Ov. a. a. 3, 357; Troiam, Suet. Nero 7; aleam, ib. 30; hence in pass.: Sunt alii scriptae quibus alea luditur artes, Ov. tr. 2, 471; 6. w. adv., datatim, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 17; and met., Pomp. ap. Non. 96, 18; 7. esp. of military exercises, uideant ad ludendumne an ad pugandum arma sint sumpturi, Cie. or. 2, 84; Ludere qui neseit eampetribus abstinet armis, Hor. A. P. 379; Nec nisi lusura mouimus arma manu, Ov. tr. 4, 1, 72; 8. and daneing, nec dare brachia Ludentem nitidis uirginibus, Hor. od. 2, 12, 19; Inter ludere uirgines, 3, 15, 5; At iuuenum series teneris intuxta puellis Ludit, Tib. 1, 3, 63; Ludite, iam Nox iungit equos, 2, 1, 87; 9. of light words or writings thrown out in sport, indite trifles, often w. acc., in senatu lusit Appium propterea isse ad Caesarem ut tribunatum auferret, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; Multum lusimus in meis tabellis, Catul. 50, 2; et ipsum Ludere quae uellem ealam permisit agresti, Verg. B. 1, 10; Carmina qui lusi pastorum, G. 4, 565; si quid uacui sub umbra Lusimus, Hor. od. 1, 32, 2; Talia luduntur fumoso mense Decembri, Ov. tr. 2, 491; hie iuueni lusum mihi carmen, 1, 9, 61; Cetera quietiam quondam quae mihi lusa, Sulp. 5, 7; 10. w. cogn. acc., consimilem Iuserat ille ludum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 38; Ludum insolentem ludere, Hor. od. 3, 29, 50; 11. ludere operam, to trifle away or waste one's labour, In pertussum ingerimus dicta dolinn: operam ludimus, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 135; in illis opera luditur, Tor. Ph. 2, 2, 18; 12. w. acc. of person, make game of, make a fool of, trifle with, ludam hominem probe, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 51; mo, Cure. 2, 3, 47; Capt. 4, 2, 97; Mil. 2, 3, 53; nebulonem hunc certumst ludere, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 38; ludis fortasse me, Haut. 4, 6, 20; sophistas lusos uide-

mus a Soerate, Cie. fin. 2, 2; Verte deus lusus, Ov. F. 2, 357; eum lusi iocose satis, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; uatem formidine ludit, Verg. 7, 442; an me ludit auabilis Insania? Hor. od. 3, 4, 5; quo possot ludere pacto Custodes, Tib. 1, 6, 9; 13. w. cogn. acc., quam multa (haruspices) luserunt, Cie. diu. 2, 52; 14. eiudem bonum l., play the part of, Cacl. ap. Cie. fam. 8, 9, 1.

**lūds**, i, (old loidus\* and Iodust†; cf. oenus, oetor) m. play, game, fun, Non omnis aetas, Lyde, ludo conuenit, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 21; datur huic aetati Aliqui ludus, Cie. Cacl. 28; Nec Inssise pudet, sed non incidere ludum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 36; Posthabui tamen illorum mea seria ludo, Verg. B. 7, 17; 2. met., Ludum iocunqne dieet fuisse illum alterum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 9; ceterarum rerum oratio ludns est homiui non hebeti, Cie. or. 2, 72; illa perdiscere ludns esset, fin. 1, 27; quibus Iusurandum iocus est, testimonium ludus, Flac. 12; non medioeribus laboribus eouten lere ut ad istos honores peruenirent ad quos uos per ludum peruenistis, Verr. 2, 5, 181; Nil ibi per ludum simulabatur: omnia fient Ad nerum, Iuv. 6, 324; 3. dare ludum, give a holiday, l. datus est argentariis, Pl. Cas. pr. 26; Ego dare me ludum meo gnato institui, Bac. 4, 10, 7; amori, Hor. od. 3, 12, 1; 4. a title of a joking book, in Naecii poetae ludo, Cie. sen. 20; and: L. Annaei Senecae ludus de morte Claudi; 11 5. a school, as opp. to work (cf. σχολη), Eam uidit ire e ludo fideino domum, Pl. Rud. pr. 43; Haecin te 'sse oblitum, in ludo qui fuisti tamdiu! As. 1, 3, 73; add Pers. 2, 1, 6; (eam) in ludum duere et redduere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 36; add 38; Hee. 2, 1, 6 and 7; ludi magister fuit, Cie. N. D. 1, 72; e ludo atque e pueritiae disciplinis ad patris exeritum profectus est, Man. 28; add or. 2, 94 and 100; in ludo gladiatorio, Cat. 2, 9; add Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 4; quem puerum in ludo cognouerat, Nep. Att. 10, 3; in ludo militari eomiter faeilis, Liv. 7, 33, 1; III 6. ludi, public games, gen. in honour of some god, Libera lingua loquemur ludis Liberalibus, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 116; Simulque cursuram meditabor ad ludos Olympios, Pl. St. 2, 1, 34; ludis dare se uello aedilibus, Poen. 5, 2, 52; ludeis eireiensibus (sic), CIL 206, 64; Heisee magistreis Veneris...loidos\* feecerunt, Ser. Sulpicio M. Aurelio eo(s), CIL 565; add 566\*; Heisee magistrei Castori...loedos† feecere, 567; ludos Cereri faeiundos, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 36; 7. met., Indee ludos nunciam quando lubet, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 132; Lubidos ludos tuos spectare, Pseudule, 139; Quid eessamus ludos faecere? Cireus noster ecce adest, Pl. ap. Varr. l. 5, 32; 8. esp. w. faecere, and first a dat., make high sport (for), Sibi pastores ludos faeiunt coris Conualia, Varr. ap. Non. 21, 19; dum alii sibi ludos faeiunt, Petr. 73; 9. esp. in irony, Miris modis di ludos faeiunt hominibus, Pl. Mere. 2, 1, 1; Rud. 3, 1, 1; Ludos ego hodie uiuo praesenti hnic seni faciam, quod eredo uortuo numquam fore, Most. 2, 1, 80; tibi ego ludos faeiann, True. 4, 2, 46; 10. w. acc. make great game of, qui ludos faeis me, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 21; Exploratorem huie faciamus ludos suppositicium, Adeo douiem ipse sese ludos fieri senserit, Ps. 4, 7, 71; hociene me aetatis ludis factum! Bac. 5, 1, 4; ut ludos faeit, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 52; 11. ludis, at the time of (public) games, Pl. Cas. pr. 27; Cie. ap. Non. 63, 18; 12. ludos faecere of things, make them look foolish, waste and spoil them, Nam nunc et operam ludos faeit et retia, Pl. Rud. 4, 1, 9; 13. Ludus, as a god, Iocus, Ludus, Sermo, Suanisauitio, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 8.

**lūēla**, (or rather luella) ae, f. atonement, expiation, sceleris, Luor. 3, 1015.

**lūēs**, (from lauo and perh. akin to λουμος) is, f. water, nequaquam sui lauandi relauat arma lue (corrupt), Licim. Maer ap. Non. 52, 9; sed haec quoque (se. flumina) Stabant et iuncta fluctus stupore pruina, Et paulo ante lues iam coneidenada iacebat, Petr. 123; si qua lue tempestatis uel alio caeli uitio damna acceidisset, Th. C. 4, 65, 8; 2. nom. lues or luis in Prud.: Maelina, si terras lues (al. luis) incentiua fatigat, ham. 248; stupuit lues (al. luis) inproba castris, Psych. 508; note that Victorinus (1970, 20) expressly makes es of lues short; ut eos ludos haec lues impura polluerit, Cie. har. resp. 24; 3. pestilence, great ealamity, miserandaque uenit Arboribusque



satisque lues et letifer annus, Verg. 3, 139; Dira lues... Latias uitiauerat auras, Ov. M. 15, 626; Aut caeli terraeque lues, Lucan. 2, 200; grauem populis lueum Sparsura pestis, Sen. Thy. 88; haec lues (the disease lupus) primum Tiberi principatu inrepsit in Italiam, Plin. 26, 3; qui per lueum nita functi sunt, inser. Or. Henz. 5489; 4. met., lues morum, Plin. 29, 27; of an earthquake, Tac. an. 2, 47; of a man, Sen. Herc. fur. 362.

**lūgeo**, ēre, xi, ctum, vb. [for ol-ug-eo, root ol; akin to ul-ul-o, ολ-ολ-υξ-ω, ελ-ελ-εϋ and perh. our howl, wail] lit. howl, wail—hence howl over (esp. the dead), with acc., si ad pii rogum fili lugetur, Catul. 39, 5; lūgōbērē nōbis lūgēbisque alios, Ov. M. 10, 141; illa uaria genera lugendi, pædores, muliebres lacerationes genarum pectoris feminum, capitis percussiones Cic. Tusc. 3, 62; 2. wear mourning for, mourn for (the dead with all the ceremonies), matronaeque eum toto anno luxerunt, Gran. p. 42, 11; matrouae annum ut parentem eum luxerunt, Liv. 2, 7, 4; lugendi sunt parentes anno...; minor trimo non lugetur, fr. iur. ciu. ante-Just. p. 88 Mai; annum feminis ad lugendum constituere maiores uon ut tamdiu lugerent, sed ne diutius, Sen. ep. 63, 13; 3. of those who suffer a sort of civil death, hos pro me (when driven into exile) lugere uidebam, Cic. Planc. 101; 4. bewail, lament (a death), P. Clodii mortem acquo animo ferre nemo potest; luget senatus, maeret equester ordo, Cic. Mil. 20; quis bonus non luget mortem Trebonii? Phil. 12, 25; quid ego nunc lugeam uitam hominum (as something lost to me)? Tusc. 1, 83; and met., senatum populi Romani interitum rei publicae lugere uetuisti, Pis. 15; 5. lugentes campi, the plains of mourning in the world below, Verg. 6, 441.

**lūg-ūb-ris**, e, adj. [lug-e-o] of mourning (for the dead), funeral, et quis illaec est quae lūgūbri Succincta est stola? Enn. tr. 133 V; Sed quanam haec est mulier funesta ueste, tonsu lūgūbri? Att. 86 R; uestis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 45; sordes, Cic. ad Quir. 7; lamentatio, Tusc. 1, 30; Cum liquidam tollunt lūgūbri uoce querellam, Lucr. 4, 548; domus, Liv. 3, 32, 2; praecipō lūgūbres Cantus, Hor. od. 1, 24, 2; hūmīnā lūgūbris Ignara belli, 2, 1, 33; Quisquis ades sacris lūgūbrā dicite nerba, Ov. Ib. 99; 2. lugubria, u. pl. as sb. mourniug, Illa dies ueniet mea qua lugubria ponam, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 73; add M. 11, 669; Prop. 5, 11, 97; nosti quosdam quae amissis filiis inposita lugubria nunquam exuere, Sen. ad Helu. 16, 2; add Sen. Herc. f. 630; 3. lugubre as cogn. acc., cometae Sanguinei lūgūbrē rubent, Verg. 10, 273; 4. lugubriter, adv. mournfully, l. eiulantes, Apul. M. 3, 8; but in 8, 7 lugubriter is only a cj.

**lūitio**, ōnis, f. payment, discharge, Ulp. dig. 38, 16, 1, 4; 49, 15, 15; Paul. sent. 3, 6, 8; Th. C. 13, 5, 14.

**lūma**, ae, f. genus herbae uel potius spinae, Paul. ex F. 120; cf. lumectum.

**luma** sagum, Gloss. Isid.

**lumārius**, adj. of the plant luma, falces, Varr. l. 5, 31 (al. linariae).

**lumbāgo**, inis, uitium et debilitas lumborum, Paul. ex F. 120.

**lumbāre**, is, adj. n. as sb. a sort of knapsack? cinctorium siue l. quod renibus iungitur, Hier. Ierem. 13, 1; add Isid. or. 19, 22.

**lumbellus**, i, m. doub. dim. a little loin, Apic. 259 (al. libelli).

**lumbifragium**, ii, n. fracture of the loins, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 298.

**lumbicus**, i, m. a worm, Foras foras lumbricis qui sub terra erepsisti modo, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 1; hic turdus lumbricum petit, Bac. 4, 6, 22; add Cas. 1, 39; ut paludem rimentur (sues) effodiantque lumbricos, Colum. 7, 9, 7; add Seren. Sam. 12; 2. esp. of the intestines, ad tormina et si lumbrici molesti erunt, Cato r. 126; add Colum. 6, 25; 6, 30, 9; Plin. 27, 145; Veg. uet. 2, 16, 1; 2, 17, 4; 2, 24, 2; Cael. Aur. tard. c. 8.

**lumbulus**, i, m. dim. a little loin, suum, Plin. 28, 169; add Apic. 292.

**lumbus**, (=G. lende, E. loin) i, m. loin, Plaudite et

ualete: lumbos surgite atque exporgite, Pl. Epid. fu.; add St. 1, 3, 37; et Cepheus conditur ante Lumborum tenuis, Cic. Arat. 82; nautaeque caput lumbosque saligno Fuste dolat, Hor. s. 1, 5, 22; 2. met. in a vine, the part of the trunk whence the first branches start, Colum. arb. 3, 1; Plin. 17, 210.

**lumectum**, i, n. a variety of dumectum, lumariae (falces) sunt quibus seant lumecta, Varr. l. 5, 31, p. 139 Sp.

**lūmen**, (luc of luceo) inis, n. light, as first of the sun, Cum superum lumen nox intempesta teneret, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, p. 499 Ian.; distet luna a sole cuius lumine coulustrari putatur, Cic. diu. 2, 91; nouo spargebat lumino terras...Aurora, Verg. 4, 584; 2. of a lamp, quasi lumen de suo lumine accendat, facit, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 51; Tace: occultemus lumen et uocem. Licet, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 95; add 1, 2, 24; lumine adposito...animaduertit puerum, Cic. diu. 1, 79; 3.=day, in poets, Si te secundo lumine hic offendero, Moriore, Enn. ap. Cic. Rab. post. 29; uix lumine quarto Prospexi Italiam, Verg. 6, 356; 4. eyesight, Democritus lumiuis amissis, Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; Adempta uati reddidere lumina, Hor. epod. 17, 44; Et patiar (eitius) lumen abire genis, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 66;

5. hence of the eye itself, esp. in poets, conanti sua uertere lumina ceruix Deriguit, Ov. M. 5, 232; adstautis lumine toruo Aetnaeos fratres, Verg. 3, 677; membranula quae continet lumen...disrumpitur, Veg. uet. 3, 16, 4; 6. of light as seen only by the living, and so marking the two limits of birth and death, Tu produxisti nos intra luminis oras, Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 64; A. Equid agis? remorare? Lumen liuque. S. Amabo accurrite Ne se interinat, Pl. Cist. 3, 12; Ipse Epicurus obit decurso lumine nitao, Lucr. 3, 1042; add vv. 1025, 1033; 7. in law, light, as admitted or not admitted into buildings, lumen id est ut caelum uideretur, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 16; quodcumque faciat ad luminis impedimentum prohiberi potest, si seruitus debeat, Ulp. 8, 2, 15; ius luminum opstruendorum redemerunt, CIL 1252; cum aedes uideret lumina, uti tum essent, ita recepit, Cic. or. 1, 179; si uicino aedificante obscurentur lumina cenaculi, teneri locatorem inquilino, Gal. dig. 19, 2, 25, 2; 8. met. from legal lang., Catonis luminibus obstruxit haec posteriorum quasi exaggerata altius oratio, Cic. Brut. 67; nec mentis quasi luminibus officit altitudo gloriae, Rab. post. 43;

9. hence a window, an opening in a wall, in eo pariete lumen aperito, CIL 577, 10; conclaue obseratis luminibus umbrosam, Apul. M. 2, 23; se luminibus eius esse obstructurum minabatur, Cic. dom. 115; 10. opening or capacity of a pipe, as admitting light, longitudo (calicis) habere debet digitos non minus xii, lumen id est capacitatem, quanta imperata fuerit, Frontin. aq. 36; maioris luminis calicem probare, 105; l. thyretri (so Rose), Vitruv. 4, 6, 1; add Plin. 31, 57; 11. a chiuk, tenues subiere latentia cerae Lumina, Val. F. 1, 129; 12. light reflected from metals, flash, ferri, Val. F. 3, 100; Stat. Th. 9, 802; 13. of bright colours, calthae, Colum. 10, 97; loti, 10, 259; caelestis luminis hyacinthus, 9, 4, 4; 14. of painting, opp. to umbra, l. et umbras custodiit (Nicias) atque ut emerent picturae curauit, Plin. 35, 130; add 35, 29; in pictura lumen...umbra commendat, ep. 3, 13, 4; II 15. met., ciuitatis, Cic. Cat. 3, 24; uirtutis tuae, fam. 12, 5, 3; dicendi, or. 2, 119; eloquentiae, Brut. 66.

**lūmināris**, e, adj. of light, whence luminaria as sb. n. pl. of doubtful meaniug, in two suspected passages, Cato r. 14; Cic. Att. 15, 26, 4; 2. lamps, chaudeliers, Hieron. Vig. 3; Cassiod. uer. 3, 7; luminaria, φωτιστηρια, Gloss. Philox. 3. as cognomen, M. Abudius Luminaris, inser. Mur. 935, 3.

**lūminātio**, ōnis, f. an illumination? inser. Mnr. 762, 6. **lūmino**, āre, vb. light, illuminate, lumnat alma dies, inser. Or. 523; tu (Isis) luminas solem, Apul. M. 11, 25; add Mart. Cap. 17 G, p. 19, 20 Eyss.; Auiuc. Ar. 1450 (127); Prud. perist. 3, 192; 5, 127; Cael. Aur. aent. 9, 1, 58; 2. male lumnatus, of poor sight, Apul. M. 9, 12.

**lūminōsus**, adj. full of light, well lighted, aedificia, Vitruv. 6, 9, 6; 2. giving abundant light, oleum, Aug. ep.



137 f.; **3.** mct., partes orationis, Cic. orat. 125; caritas, Aug. ep. 144 f.

**lūna**, ae, (for lucina from lue-) f. moon, soli Inna obstitit, Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 25; Neque se luna quoquam mutat atque uti exortast semel, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 118; Lunnaique globum, Lucr. 5, 69; solis annuus cursus spatiis menstruis luna consequitur, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; **2.** a crescent of ivory woru as a distinction on the shoe of a patricia, *σεληνίς* or *σεληνιον*, geuerosus Appositam nigrae lunam subtexit alutae, Iuv. 7, 192; Primaque patricia clausit nestigia luna, Stat. silu. 5, 2, 28; wh. Isid. says represented a c, i.e. descent from one of the hundred senators of Romulus (Liv. 1, 8, 7); see Innatus and Mayor ad Iuv.; **3.** lunae dies, whence Fr. lundi, E. Monday, dep(ositus) xv Kal. Apr. d. Lun(ae), inscr. Mur. 383, 4; **4.** one of the imperfect rings of the windpipe, Sidon. carm. 7, 191; **5.** Luna as a goddess, Volcanus Sol Lunā Dies diei quattuor, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 21; Dianam et Lunam eandem esse, Cic. N. D. 2, 68; Soli Genio Lunae sacrum, inscr. Or. 324; **6.** old form Losna, Poloces Losna Amuceis, CIL 55; **7.** name of an Etrurian city, Lunai portum, est operae, cognoscito ciues, Enn. ap. Pers. 6, 9; add Plin. 3, 50; 6, 217; Sil. 8, 482.

**lūnāris**, e, adj. of the moon, lunar, dies, Varr. r. 1, 37, 1; horae, l. 9, 19; cursus, Cic. rep. 6, 18; equi, Ov. F. 5, 16; cornua, M. 10, 296.

**lūnāticus**, adj. governed by the moon, lunatic, quadam ratione lunatica animalia...repente corruunt, Veg. vet. 5, 32, 1; si furiosum aut lunaticum sit (mancipium), Paul. dig. 21, 1, 43, 6.

**Lūnenstis**, e, adj. of the city Luna, caseus, Plin. 11, 241; marmor, 36, 48; inscr. Or. 2962.

**lūno**, are, vb. bend into the form of a crescent, Luna-uitque genu...arcum, Ov. am. 1, 1, 23; geminos...lunarat in arcus, Prop. 4, 6, 25; **2.** esp. the part. lunatus, as: peltae, Verg. 1, 490; ferramentum, Colum. 12, 56; cornua, Plin. 6, 38; conchae, 9, 102; cauda, Sen. Oed. 471; frons, Stat. Th. 6, 266; **3.** equipped with a luna, or crescent of some kind, as with a pelta, agmen, Stat. Th. 5, 145; w. a patrician crescent of ivory, Non hesternā sedet lunata lingua planta, Mart. 2, 29, 7; pellis, l. 49, 31.

**lunxer**, see linter.

**lūnūla**, ae, f. dim. a little moon or crescent, as a lady's ornament, aurea l., Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 34; add Tertul. cult. fem. 10; Isid. or. 19, 31.

**Lūnus**, i, m. a god corresponding to the goddess Luna, cum Carras Lunī dei gratia uenisset, Spart. Car. 6, 6; cf. coins in Eckhel implying a god Lunus.

**l uo**, luēre, lui, vb. [for sol-u-o; cf. liber; so repo for ser-(e) p-o, rapio for sar-ap-io and cf. ἀρ(α)παίω, ῥαφ of ῥαπτω for σαρ-αφ, cf. sarcio] same as soluo, quoniam est luere soluere, Varr. s. p. 120, 4 R; **2.** hence like soluo, let go, set at liberty, luere fundm a testatore obligatum, clear it of encumbrances, Scaev. dig. 36, 1, 78 med.; l. pignus, redeem, Iul. dig. 30, 83, 1; **3.** get rid of (a debt), free myself from, pay off, cum pluribus uestrum defuturum uiaticum fuerit ni aes alienum luisse, Curt. 10, 10; l. sacramentum, Solin. 25, by fulfilment of it; datum hoc nostro generi est ut luendis periculis publicis (auert) picula simus, Liv. 10, 28, 13; ereptaque luat (auert) responsa pharetra, Val. F. 2, 570; quamquam is quoque (sc. Agrippa) soceri prae graui seruitio luisse augurium praeposteri natalis existimatur, Plin. 7, 46; Vt paria fata Troicis luere malis, Sen. Agam. 1066;

**4.** esp. pay (a penalty), cautum est xii tabulis ut qui iniuria cecidisset alionas (arbores), luere in singulas acris xxv, Plin. 17, 7; mei peccati luo poenas, Cic. Att. 3, 9, 1; itaque eos ad luendas rei publicae poenas Furiae quaedam incitauerunt, Sull. 76; add Ov. Ib. 618; Vell. 2, 54; Claud. vi cons. Hon. 139; qui Tusca pulsus ab urbe Exilium dira poenam pro caede luebat, Ov. M. 3, 625; quicunque capi potuerunt supplicia crucibus luere, Iust. 2, 5, 6; add 8, 1, 4; 16, 2, 5; 17, 1, 6; **5.** hence atone for, expiate, with acc. of the offence, Verresne tibi tanti fuit ut eius libidinem hominum innocentium sanguino lui uelles? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 77; quae (sc. Lucretia) per uim oblatum stuprum noluntaria morte luere, fin. 5, 64; sanguine uostro Laomedontae luimus periuria Troiae, Verg. G. 1, 502; ad luendam pecunia

noxam, Liv. 38, 37, 5; add 38, 38, 11; Ov. her. 10, 99; **6.** absol. atone for misdeeds, obsides secenti imperati qui capite luere si pacto non staretur, Liv. 9, 5, 5; **7.** hence di-luo 2.

**2 luo**, ēre, vb. [= lūuo, lūuēre] wash, Argiuos maior qua Graecia muros Seruat et Iouio luitur curuata profundo, Val. F. 11, 22; amuis pulchro gurgite moenia luit, Prud. stroph. 3, 190; **2.** met., Insontes errore luit culpamque remittens..., Val. F. 3, 407; **3.** hence ab-luo, al-luo, col-luo, de-luo, di-luo 1, e-luo, per-luo, pro-luo, sub-luo, praeter-luo, subter-luo.

**lūpa**, ae, f. a she-wolf, Rana decurrens lupa, Hor. od. 3, 27, 3; et rabidae tradis ouile lnpae? Ov. a. a. 3, 1, 8; quem...Nutrit inhumanae dura papilla lupae, Prop. 4, 4, 54; lupam...ad puerilem uagium cursum flexisse, Liv. 1, 4, 6; **2.** met. an impure woman, Diuertunt mores uirgini longe ac lupae, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 22; Cum ad lupam nostram tam multi crebro cometant lupi, Nov. ap. Non. 89, 30; sunt qui Larentiam uulgato corpore lupam uocataem putent, Liv. 1, 4, 7; ille qui semper secum scorta...semper lupas duceret, Cic. Mil. 55.

**lūpānāris**, e, adj. of a brothel, infamia, Apul. M. 9, 26; **2.** lupanar, as sb. n. a brothel, Haut consimili ingenio atque illest qui in lupanari acubat, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 50; add Iuv. 6, 121; Quint. 7, 3, 6; Apul. M. 7, 10; **3.** as term of abuse, O lutum, lupanar, Catul. 42, 13.

**lūpānārium**, adj. n. as sb. = lupanar, Ūlp. dig. 4, 8, 21, 11; 23, 2, 43.

**lūpārius**, adj. of wolves, hence luparius as sb. m. = λυκοθηρας, Gloss. Philox.; **2.** of prostitutes, lupariae (sc. aedes), brothels, Sex. Ruf. reg. 2; P. Victor.

**lūpātria**, ae, f. a prostitute, Petron. 37.

**lūpātus**, quasi-part., equipped with a lupus, or wolf-tooth bit, Gallica nec lupatis Temperat ora freuis, Hor. od. 1, 8, 6; **2.** as sb. pl. m. lupati (sc. freni\*) or n. lupata (sc. frena), a wolf-tooth bit, duris lupatis, Verg. G. 3, 208; Ov. am. 1, 2, 15; aurea lupata, Mart. 1, 105; is spreuit lupatos\*, Sol. 45, 13.

**Lūpercālis**, ae, adj. of the god Luperus (Pan), sacrum, Suet. Aug. 31; sacris Lupercalibus functo, inscr. Or. Henz. 6009; **2.** Lupercal, adj. as sb. n. a cave sacred to Pan or Faunus, in which the babes Romulus and Remus were sheltered, Lupercal Parrhasio dictum Panos de more Lycaei, Verg. 8, 343; add Ov. F. 2, 381; quao uatrix Romuli ac Remi in Lupercali protexit, Plin. 15, 77; **3.** Lupercalia, n. pl. as sb. the festival of Luperus or Pan, on the xv Kal. Mart., hence in fast. Maff. Feb. 15; Luper. NP; hodierni diei res gestas Lupercalibus habebis, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; adscribi iussit in fastis ad Luperalia: C. Caesari... M. Antonium...regnum detulisse, Caesarem uti noluisse, Phil. 2, 87.

**Lūpercilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. of Luperca, a cognomen, Ap. Aurelia Ap. filia Luperilla, inscr. Grut. 1147, 3.

**Lūpercus**, i, adj. as sb. m. (one who keeps off wolves, lupus, arceo), a title given by Romans to the Greek god Pan, = λυκεϊος, (Evander) templum Lycaeo quem Gracci Pansa, Romani Lupercum appellant, constituit, Iustin. 43, 1, 7; **2.** name of priests of Pan, who ran at the festival naked or wearing only a bit of goatskin, with scourges, and were supposed to have the power of removing sterility in women struck by them, cf. Ov. F. 2, 427 and 445 and Iuv. below—Clesipantus Geganius...(mag)ister Lup(erorum), CIL 805; Hic exultantis Salios undosque Lupercos, Verg. 8, 663; Tertia post Idus nudos Anora Lupercos Aspicit, et Fauni sacra bicornis eunt, Ov. F. 2, 267; Neo prodest agili palmas praebere Luperco, Iuv. 2, 142; A. Castricius...mag. colleg. Lupercor., inscr. Or. Henz. 6010; **3.** the colleges of Luperi were two, Fabiani and Quinctiliani, Fest. 257 B 10; Q. Considius Q. l. Ero...Luperus Quiuctil., inscr. Or. 2253; Q. Veturins Q. f. Pom. Pexsus Luperus Fabianus, 2254;

**4.** as cognomen, P. Setinus Luperus, inscr. Or. 2257.

**1 lūpillus**, i, m. dim. of lupinus, lupine, Pl. St. 5,

4, 9.

**2 Lūpillus**, i, m. doub. dim. of lupus, a cognomen,

p. m. s. C. Nonii Lupilli C. Nonius Saturninus et Lupilla filia, inscr. Mur. 1192, 10.



**lūpināc-eus**, adj. of lupines, Apul. herb. 21.

**lūpinārius**, adj. of lupines, labrum, Cato r. 10 and 11;  
**2.** as sb. m. a dealer in lupines, a greengrocer, Lampr.

Alex. Sev. 33, 2.

**1 lūpinus**, i, m. and lupinum\*, i, n. pulse, lupine, ibi lupinum\* bonum fiet, Cato r. 34; lacum esse oportet ubi maceretur lupinum\*, Varr. ap. Non. 212; tristicque lūpini Sustuleris fragiles calamos, Verg. G. 1, 75; lūpinos, Ov. med. fac. 69; Colum. 2, 10, 1—4; unum\* hoc seritur non arato, Plin. 18, 133; **2.** used in comedy for money, Nec tamen ignorat quid distent aera lupinis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 23; cf. Pl. Poen. 3, 2, 20, aurum est comicum: Macerato hoc pingues fiunt auro in barbaria boues.

**2 lūpinus**, adj. of a wolf, impetus, Enn. ap. Don. Ph. 2, 2, 25; ubera, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; galea, Prop. 4, 10, 20; pellis, Plin. 28, 257.

**Lūpio**, ōnis, m. dim. a little wolf, a cognomen, inser. Alb. Marin. 70.

**Lūpor**, āri, vb. r. play the lupa or meretrix, et diuos ture precemur...placeatne impune luperis, (so Scal., mss superbis), Lucil. ap. Schol. Verg. 8, 106; cum meretrico...per uias lupantur, Atta (al. Turpilius) ap. Non. 133, 12; lupari πορνεύειν, Gloss. Philox.

**lūpūla**, ae, f. dim. of lupa, as a term of abuse, perfidiae lupulae uerfarias insidias tibi comparant, Apul. M. 5, 11;  
**2.** as a cognomen, Nymphidia C. f. Lupula, inser. Mur. 1382, 4.

**Lūpūlus**, i, m. dim. little wolf, as a cognomen, Ti. Iulius Lupulus, inser. ap. De-Vita, p. 51.

**lūpus**, (for uol-upus or gol-upus, the little yellow one, cf. γολ-ιππος, L. gilvus, fulvus, E. yellow, G. gelb; = E. wolf, Dan. ulf, Russ. wolk and Gr. λύκος; cf. too L. uulpes) i, m. wolf, Torua laeana lūpum sequitur, lūpūs ipsē capellam, Verg. B. 2, 63; caecos gignunt lupi, Plin. 10, 177; **2.** of a she-wolf, lupus femina feta, Enn. ap. Serv. 2, 355; Indo tuetur ibi lupus femina, ap. Non. 378, 18; (antiqui) dicebant haec lupus, Paul. ex F. 60; Varro lupum feminam dicit Ennium Pictoremque Fabium secutus, Quint. 1, 6, 12; **3.** of superstitions, as of man turning into a wolf, His ego saepe lupum fieri et se condere siluis Moerim...uidi, Verg. B. 8, 97; Et sua nocturno fallere terga lupo, Prop. 4, 5, 14; homines in lupos uerti rursusque restitui sibi, Plin. 8, 80 and foll.; cf. λυκανθρωπία; ueneficis rostrum lupi resistere aiunt ob-id-que uillarum portis affigunt, and soon: ut uestigia eius calcata equis adferant torporem, 28, 157; creditur luporum uisus esse noxius nocemque homini quem priores contempserat adimere, 8, 80; uox quoque Moerim iam fugit ipsa; lupi Moerim uidere priores, Verg. B. 9, 54; **4.** proverbs, lupus in fabula, talk of the devil and he is sure to appear, so talking of Gelasimus, he appears, Atque ecum lupum in sermone: praesens esuriens adest, Pl. St. 4, 1, 71; homini ilico lacrumae cadunt Quasi puero gaudio. Em tibi autem. Quidnamst? Lupus in fabula. Patēr est? Ipsest (so mss), Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 21; de Varrone loquebamur: lupus in fabula, uenit enim ad me, Cic. Att. 13, 33, 4; **5.** of a difficult dilemma, id quod aiunt, auribus teneo lupum, where one can't long hold him and daren't let him go, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 21; enctandi causa erat metus nudique imminetium discriminum at saepe lupum se auribus tenere diceret, Suet. Tib. 25; **6.** also hac urget lupus, hac canis, aiunt, Hor. s. 2, 2, 64; **7.** like running into a lion's mouth, Lupo scelestā ouem (monos.) commisisti (where I change place of lupo and retain commisisti of mss), Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 16; O praeclearum custodem ouium ut aiunt lupum, Cic. Phil. 3, 27; Plenum montano credis ouile lupo! Ov. a. a. 2, 364; **8.** other provv., Lupo agnum eripere postulant: uugas agunt, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 31; Nunc et ouis ultro fugiat lupus, Verg. B. 8, 52; Hic tantum Boreae curamus frigora, quantum Ant numerum lupus ant..., 7, 52; **9.** a bit with teeth like a wolf's, Et placido duos accipit ore lupos, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 4; non colla iugo, non aspera praebet Ora lupis, Stat. Ach. 1, 281; cf. λύκος, Plut. 2, 641 F; **10.** a wolf-toothed grappling iron, in alios lupi superue ferrei infiecti ut...in murum extraheretur, Liv. 28, 3, 7; add Isid. 23, 15; **11.** a kind of small saw, lupos, id est serrulas manu-

briatas, Pall. 1, 43, 2; II 12. a river-fish, perh. the pike, l. Tiberinus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 31; add Maer. s. 3, 16, 11; Cum ei e tuo flumine lupum piscem formosum apposuisset, Varr. r. 3, 3, 9; copied by Colum. 8, 16, 3; praecipuam auctoritatem lupo et asellis Nepos et Laberius tradidere: laudatissimi qui appellantur lanati a candore mollitiaque carnis, Plin. 9, 61 etc.; add Mart. 13, 89; **13.** a epider, luporum minimi non texunt, maiores in cauernis uestibula praepandunt, Plin. 11, 80; add 29, 85; cf. λύκος, Arist. H.A. 9, 39, 1; **14.** l. salicetarius, a plant, Plin. 21, 86;

**15.** a cognomen, L. Cornelius Cn. f. L. n. Lentul. Lupus, fast. Cos. Capit. a. Varr. 598; Si Lupus aut Carbo Neptuni filius, Lucil. ap. Cic. N. D. 1, 63.

**lura**, ae, f. mouth of a sack or skin, Paul. ex F. 120;  
**2.** a bag, Auson. perioch. Odys. 10; but in Lucil. ap. Tuso. 4, 48 reading dub.

**lurc-āb-undus**, adj. gluttonous, Cato ap. Quint. 1, 6, 42.

**1 lurco** or lurcho\*, ōnis, (from lura, Paul. ex F. 120) m. a glutton, Perenniserue, lurco, edax, furax, fugax, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 16; Viuite lurcones, comedones, uiuite uentres, Lucil. ap. Non. 10, 31; lurconis Iuuii Grassi, Apul. mag. 57, called in same c. helluo; lurcho\* id est uorax, Serv. ad A. 6, 4; **2.** as a gen. term of abuse, a scoundrel, praeco lurchonem\* tractabat dicacule, Apul. M. 8, 25; **3.** lurconem et nebulonem appellans, Suet. gram. 15; lurcho\* ōnis significans ganeonem, Sacerd. p. 52 Endl.; **4.** a cognomen, M. Aufidius Lurco, Varr. r. 3, 16, 1; Plin. 10, 45; M. Perperna Lurco, inser. Grut. 237, 8; lurcho\*, expressly preferred by Prob. 14, 33 K, and 38, 29.

**2 lurco**, āre, vb. swallow greedily, Lapatium nullum utebatur, lardum lurcabat lubens, Pompon. ap. Non. 11, 5.

**Lurcōniānus**, adj. of Lurco, condimenta, Tertul. anim. 33.

**lurcor**, āri, vb. r. the same, Vt lurcetur lardum et carnaria partim Conficeret, Lucil. ap. Non. 11, 5; Cum psalta psallis, et cum Flora lurcare ac strepis ~, Varr. ib.

**luria**, ae, f. oxymel, Isid. 20, 3.

**lūrida**, āre, vb. make sallow, luridati maculis, Tertul. Marc. 4, 8.

**lūridus**, (akin to lūrum and perh. for soluridus, and so akin to obsol-escō obsordescō sordes etc.) adj. sallow, yellow, lurid, Viden tu illi maculari corpus totum maculis lūridis? Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 63; Lurida praeterea fiunt quaecunque teneunt Arquati, Lucr. 4, 332; rana, Varr. l. 2, 26; uerecundus color Reliquit ossa pelle amicta lūrida, Hor. epod. 17, 22; dentes, od. 4, 13, 10; pallor, Ov. M. 4, 267; horror, 14, 198; membra (of one who foribus laquei religauit uincula), 14, 747; luna, Lucan. 5, 549; brassica, Colum. 10, 325; billis, Sen. ep. 95, 16; exsanguis colore lurida, Apul. M. 5, 18 f.

**Lurius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Lurium pr. eid. Dec., CIL 898.

**lūrōr**, ōris, m. sallow colour, of jaundice, Lucr. 4, 333; lurore ad miseram maciem deformatus, Apul. M. 1, 6; lurore buxco foedata, 9, 30; add 8, 7; 9, 12; Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 238.

**lusciniā**, ae, f. luscinius, i, m. (see lusciniola; but prob. for nusciniā, and so for nucis-cau-ia, night-singer; for change of n to l cf. luscitio, luscus), nightingale, lusciniis diebus ac noctibus continnis quidecimum garrulus sine intermissu cantus, Plin. 10, 81 (cf. §§ 81—85); Lusciniās soliti impenso prandere coemptas, Hor. s. 2, 3, 245; habet uocem (homo), sed quanto dulciorem mobilior-remque lusciniū, Sen. ep. 76, 9; Pao ad Lunonem uenit indigne ferens, Cantus lusciniū quod sibinon tribuerit, Phaedr. 3, 18, 2.

**lusciniōla**, ae, f. dim. a little nightingale, Pol ego metuo ne lusciniolae (mss l. ne) defuerit cantio, Pl. Bae. 1, 1, 4; intra retem aues sunt omne genus, maxime caetrices, ut lusciniolae (al. luseiulolae) ac merulae, Varr. r. 3, 5, 14; **2.** from a masc. lusciniolus (cf. luscinius) comes It. rossignuolo, Fr. rossignol.

**luscinius**, ii, m. nightingale, see lusciniā; **2.** as a pun on luseus, monopodios et luscinius eos quibus aut singulos pedes aut singulos oculos (mss tullisset) fregisset appellabat, Lampr. Comm. 10, 6.



**luscinus**, (luscus) adj. one-eyed from violence, a cognomen of adoption (?), Luscini iniuriae cognomen habuerunt, Plin. 11, 150; C. Fabricius Luscinus, Val. M. 4, 3, 6.

**2 luscinus** αἰδωφ, Gloss.

**lusciosus** = luscitiosus, and perh. in error for it (see luscitio) adj. vesperi non videre quos appellat lusciosos, Varr. ap. Non. 135, 10; caecus, non lusciosus est, id.; prob. in Sen. ben. 3, 1, 5 we should read: lusciosi (not utiosii) oculi sunt quae lucem reformidant, caeci qui non vident.

**luscitio** or nuscitio, ōnis, f. (implies a vb. luscio from luscus; n prob. the earlier letter; so that luscus, older nuscus stands for nucis-oculus, night-eyed, from nuc- night, = noc- of nox, cf. νύξ, νυχίος, and oo of oc-ulus; cf. νυκταλωφ, and μωωφ) seeming, as an albino, better by a dim light, nuscitiosus, Ateius ait, qui parum uideret; at Popilius nuscitiosus esse caecitudines nocturnas; Aelius (more correctly than Pop.) qui plus uideret uesperis quam meridie, Fest. 173 A 21; Inscitionem eam esse quidam putant ubi homo lumine adhibito nihil uidet, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 4.

**luscitiōsus** or nuscitiosus, adj. one who sees better by a dim light, see luscitio.

**Luscus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Luscins O. l. Corumbus, CIL 1064; Luscia T. l. Montana, ib.

**luscus**, (for nuscus, see luscitio) adj. perh. orig. = luscitiosus and so blinking; **2.** hence one-eyed, oculum ego ecfodiā tibi, Si uerbum addideris, Hercle quiū dicam tameu: nam si (=sic) si non licebit luscus dixerō, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 64; ouis, Varr. r. 2, 2, 6; ceuabo, inquit, apud te, hinc luscō, C. Sestio, uni enim locum esse uideo, Cic. or. 2, 246; luscō qui possit dicere: luscē! Pers. 1, 128; Quum Gaetula ducem portaret belua luscum, Liv. 10, 158 (cf. Liv. 22, 2, 11); ambos Perdidi ille oculos et luscis inuidet, 10, 228; add Mart. 4, 65; **3.** has uo comp. or sup., quod nemo luscō magis sit luscus, Varr. l. 9, 43; **4.** a cognomen, T. Annii Luscus, consul a. u. Varr. 601.

**lūsto**, ōnis, f. playing, Cic. or. 1, 73; Q. fr. 3, 4, 6; pilaris lūsto, Stat. silu. 4 praef.; **2.** a game, Cic. sen. 58; fin. 5, 55.

**lūstatio**, ōnis, f. the same, Iul. Val. res Alex. 1, 42.

**lūsto**, āre, vb. frq. play, Aut anites aut cōturnices dantur quicum luscit, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6.

**lūsor**, ōris, m. one who plays, player, te ut deludam contra, lusorem meum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 62; non cessat perdere lūsor (at dice), Ov. a. a. 1, 451; add Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 2; l. amorum, amusing himself by writing love tales, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 1; pila Lusi decenter eum meis lūsoribus, inser. Or. 2591; lū(or) epidixib(us), 2620.

**lūstōrius**, adj. of players, and so of play, of games, pila, Plin. 7, 205; alueus cum tesseriis lusorij, 37, 13; spectaculum, Sen. ep. 80, 2; arma, 117, 25; fulmina, n. q. 2, 44, 2; **2.** idle, without effect, minae, Paul. dig. 45, 3, 4; edicta praetorum, Iulian. 5, 1, 75; imperium, 43, 8, 7; **3.** l. naues or lusoriae absol., little vessels of war as employed on the frontier, Amm. 17, 2, 3; **4.** lusoriae, absol. the same, Sen. ben. 7, 20, 3; cum in Reno lusoriae Germani incendissent, Vop. Bonos. 15, 1; add tit. de lusoriis, Th. C. 7, 17; **5.** lusorium, as sb. n. a theatre, Lampr. Heliog. 25, 8; Lact. mort. pers. 21; **6.** lusorie, adv. collusively, l. causam agentem, Ulp. dig. 30, 50, 1.

**lustrābilis**, περιβλεπτος, Gloss. Philox.

**lustrāgo**, inis, f. a plant = nerbenacea, Apul. herb. 3.

**lustrālis**, e, adj. of purification, lustral, sacrificium, Liv. 1, 28, 1; exta, Verg. 8, 183; aqua, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 73; saluiae, Pers. 2, 33; caput (Iphigeniae), Scu. Ag. 164; **2.** of a lustrum, certamen, Tac. an. 16, 4; census, Ulp. regul. 1, 8; aurum, Th. C. 1, 5, 14; possessio, 4, 15, 1; **3.** lustralis, as sb. m. collector of the aurum l., Primigenio lustrali Augg., inser. Or. 2452.

**lustrāmen**, inis, n. means of religious purification, Val. F. 3, 409 and 442.

**lustrāmentum**, i, u. the same, Marc. dig. 48, 8, 3, 3.

**lustratio**, ōnis, f. religious purification, Liv. 40, 6, 5; Colum. 2, 21, 5; inser. Or. 1387; 2481; **2.** going over all the ground, municipiorum, Cic. Phil. 2, 57; siluestris, Tusc. 5, 79.

**lustrātor**, ōris, m. one who goes over all the ground, Hercules l. orbis, Apul. mag. 22.

**lustricus**, adj. of purification, dies l., of a new-born baby on the 8th or 9th day, Suct. Nero 6; Paul. ex F. 120; Maer. s. 1, 16, 36.

**lustrificus**, adj. purifying, cantus, Val. F. 3, 448.

**1 lustrō**, āre, vb. [lustrum, sb.] purify in a religious sense, agrum lustrare sic oportet: impera suonetaurilia circumagi (and then follows the prayer to be used), Cato r. 141 (cf. Verg. G. 1, 339 esp.: Terque nouas circum felix eat hostia fruges; the ceremony, ambaruale, so called, quod arua ambiat uictina, Serv. ad Verg. B. 3, 77); fruges lustramus et agros, Tib. 2, 1, 1; oues, Ov. F. 4, 735; coloniam, and: populum, Cic. diu. 1, 102; Capitolium, Gran. p. 20, 4; Liv. 3, 18, 10; Terque senem flamma ter aqua ter sulphure lustrat, Ov. M. 7, 261; corpus (Aeneas), 14, 605; **2.** esp. with exercitum, first of the whole assembled citizens, Liv. 1, 44, 2 (see lustrum § 1); secondly of a mere army, in castris neni a. d. vii Kal. Septemb., a. d. in exercitum lustrati apud leonum, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 2; ibique (Caesar) exercitum lustravit, Caes. b. g. 8, 52, 1; exercitū lustrato, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; Liv. 3, 22, 4; add, for Macedonian army, 40, 6, 1; Curt. 10, 28 f.; **3.** as the going round the object to be purified was an essential part of the ceremony, hence of the sun's circuit purifying the world with his light and heat, ut cuncta (sol) sua luce lustrat, Cic. rep. 6, 17; Sol qui terrarum flammis opera omnia lustrat, Verg. 4, 607; and of Aurora, 4, 6; 7, 148; **4.** also of the circuit of other heavenly bodies, stella Mercurii...anno fere uertente signiferum lustrat orbem, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; cum alia (sidera) maiorem lustrarent orbem, alia minorem, Tim. 9; quando luna lustrato suo cursu solem consecuta est, ibid.; **5.** of other circuits, go round, make the tour of, go the round of, Agnoscunt longe regem lustrantque choreis, here perh. with religious notion added, Verg. 10, 224; so too in: aquila lustratis signis ingressus uiam sensim antecessit, Suet. Vit. 9; Lustrat equo muros aditumque per auia querit, Verg. 9, 58; Et salis Ausonii lustrandum nauibus aequor, 3, 385; certusque inerta pericula lustrat Aeneas, 9, 96; ac pede barbaro Lustratam Rhodopen, Hor. od. 3, 25, 12; add Prop. 3, 14, 3; **6.** and even in prose, cur Pythagoras Aegyptum lustravit? Cic. fin. 5, 87; Tigris lustratis montibus Gardiacorum...diuisus in alueos duos altero meridien petiit altero campos Cauchas secat, Plin. 6, 129; **7.** go round (with the eyes), look all round, survey, At pater Anchises...Inclusas animas superumque ad lumen ituras Lustrabat, Verg. 6, 680—wh. Servius saw an allusion to the review of an army; et quae sit me circum copia lustrō, 2, 564; tacitus uestigia lustrat, 11, 763; totum lustrabat lumine corpus, 8, 153; lustrati oculis totam urbem, Petron. s. 11; **8.** of the mind, sed cum omnia ratione animoque lustraris, Cic. off. 1, 57; totam licet animis tamquam oculis lustrare terram mariaque omnia, N. D. 2, 161.

**2 lustrō**, āre, vb. [ult. from luc- light] illumine, Delphinus laet haud nimio lustratu nitore, Cic. arat. 92; ferturque coruscis Omnia luminibus lustrans loca percitus ardor, Lucr. 6, 284; **2.** perh. implies an adj. lustris, cf. Illustris.

**3 lustrō**, ōnis, m. a frequenter of brothels, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 29; in Catul. 115, 7 only a cj. of Scaliger.

**lustror**, āri, vb. frequent brothels, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 5; Cas. 2, 3, 29; Lucil. ap. Non. 335, 32.

**1 lustrum**, i, n. [lu-o or lau-o wash; = λουτρον; in this sense of lustrum prima syllaba producitur, says Festus s. v.] purification, expiation, as of the Roman people by one of the censors, edixit ut omnes ciues Romani equites peditesque in campo Martio prima luce adessent; ibi instructum exercitum omnem suonetaurilibus lustravit, idque conditum lustrum appellatum, Liv. 1, 44, 2; census actus eo anno; lustrum propter Capitolium captum consulenti oecium condi religiosum fuit, 3, 22, 1; ne lustrum perficere mors prohibuit P. Furi, 24, 43, 4; is qui te ex aeraris exemit lustrum condidit et taurum immolauit, Cic. or. 2, 268; **2.** the period of five years, between one census and another, lustrum nominatum tempus quin quennale a luendo id est soluendo, quod quinto quoque anno uectigalia per censors persoluebantur (a wrong ety-



mon), Varr. l. 6, 2 f.; idem tempus quod lustrum appellabant ita a Servio Tullio institutum ut quinto quoque anno censu ciuium habito lustrum conderetur, Cens. 18, 13; populi (the free towns of Cicero's province Cilicia) publicanis quibus hoc ipso lustro nihil soluerant, etiam superioris lustris reddiderunt, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 5; **3.** hence gen. a period of five years, esp. in poets, Nondum Troia fuit lustris obsessa duobus, Ov. am. 3, 6, 27; add a. a. 3, 15; tr. 4, 10, 78; Cuius octauum trepidauit actas Claudero lustrum, Hor. od. 2, 4, 24; add Mart. 10, 38, 9; quique annorum nobis reliqua remisisti, o lustrum omnibus lustris felicius, Eum. grat. ad Coust. 13; **4.** under the influence of the Greek Olympiad of four years, Hic anni modus est; in lustrum accedere debet Quae consumatur partibus una dies, Ov. F. 3, 165 (of the Julian year); add Plin. 2, 122; **5.** ingens lustrum, the great purification, every 100 years at the secular games, Mart. 4, 1, 8; **6.** a quinquennial festival established by Domitian, Censor. 18, 14; Stat. silu. 4, 2, 60, also called agou; cf. Suet. Dom. 4.

**2 lustrum**, i, n. [for uolustrum from uolu-o] a place to wallow in, esp. for the wild boar, lustra significant lacunas lutosas quae sunt in siluis aprorum, Fest. s. v.; prodigunt (sues) in lutosos limites ac lustra ut uolentur in luto, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; illic saltus ac lustra ferarum, Verg. G. 2, 471; Cum uitam in siluis inter deserta ferarum Lustra domosque traho, A. 3, 647; add 4, 151; 11, 570; Ov. M. 3, 146; Val. F. 1, 104; 4, 370; **2.** met. of brothels etc., lustris studet, Pl. As. 5, 2, 17; Vos faenore, hisce (nom.) male suadendo et lustris lacerant homines, Curc. 4, 2, 22; Quibus rem rebus dispoliasti, foede dum in lustris lates, Turp. 149 R; in lustris popinis alea uino tempus aetatis omne consumpsisses, Cic. Phil. 13, 24; Desidiose agere aetatem lustrisque perire, Lucr. 4, 1136; Si neque avaritiam neque sordes aut mala lustra Obiciet uere quisquam mihi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 68.

**lūsus**, ūs, m. playing, game, apti lūsus anni, Ov. am. 2, 2, 13; add M. 14, 556; catulos emitte lūsus causa, Colum. 7, 12, 12; l. calculorum, Plin. ep. 7, 24, 5; Troicus, Sen. Troad. 788; Troiae lūsus, Suet. Claud. 21; lūsus iuuenum, inser. Or. 1740; 3949; **2.** esp. of gambling, absol., perdidit xx milia nummum, effuse in usu liberalis, Aug. ap. Suet. 71; regnum lūsus sortientium, Tac. an. 13, 15.

**lūtāmentum**, n. plastering of clay, neque lutamenta scindent se, Cato r. 128.

**lūtārius**, adj. of clay or mud, testudines, Plin. 32, 32; nullus, 9, 65.

**Lūtātianus**, adj. of Lutatius, praedia, Paul. dig. 33, 1, 12.

**Lūtātius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Lutatius Cerio, CIL 350; Q. Lutatius Q. f. Q. n. Catulus, 591; Lutatia A. l. 1099; pronaque Lūtātius aura, Sil. 6, 687.

**lūtea**, see lūteus.

**lūtēnsis**, e, adj. of mud, purpurarum genus, Plin. 9, 131.

**lūteolus**, adj. dim. (of lūteus), yellow, caltha, Verg. B. 2, 50; uiolae, Colum. 9, 4, 4; oliua, 12, 47, 9.

**lūter**, (λουτήρ) ēris, m. a washing vessel, Hier. Iovin. 1, 20.

**lūtesco**, ēre, vb. become muddy, Furinus ap. Gell. 18, 11, 3; Colum. 8, 17, 9.

**1 lūteus**, (lūtum) adj. of the herb lutum, hence lutea as sb. f. a cheap paint made of it, Plin. 33, 91; **2.** of the colour of lutum, orange-yellow, saffron, panis, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 19; arquatīs lutea quae non sunt lutea uidentur, Varr. ap. Non. 549, 23; soccus (Hymenaei), Catul. 61, 10; bigae (of Aurora), Verg. 7, 26; pallor, Hor. epod. 10, 16; sulfura, Ov. M. 14, 31; apices (rosae), Plin. 21, 14; flammea, Lucan. 2, 361; **3.** luteum as sb. n. coloris in l. inclinati, Plin. 24, 136; add 27, 133; 21, 46; uidentur in (areu) aliquod flammel, aliquod lutei, aliquod caerulei, Sen. u. q. 1, 3, 4; **4.** yolk of an egg, Plin. 30, 141.

**2 lūteus**, (lūtum) adj. of mud, muddy, Defingit Rheni luteum caput, Hor. s. 1, 10, 37; prodit hirundo Et luteum celsa sub trabe figit opus, Ov. F. 1, 158; lutei aedifici inueator, Piin. 7, 194; torcuina, Mart. 4, 46, 16; **2.** covered with mud or dirt, mōddy, galliua si sit luteis

pedibus, prius aqua purificatis, Plin. 30, 93; Vulcanus, Iuv. 10, 132; **3.** met. worthless, dirty, meretrix, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 1; erus, Poen. 4, 2, 2; (scyphos) luteum negotium esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 32.

**lūtīto**, āre, vb. frq. make muddy, defile, a cj. of Ritschl, in Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 14.

**1 lūto**, āre, vb. frq. (of luo=soluo), habes qui fecerim leaeatomben, in quo ut puto, quoniam est luere soluere, lūtaui (as though one with lūtaui), Varr. ap. Nou. 131, 20.

**2 lūto**, āre, vb. plaster with clay, Cato r. 92; uidos, Calp. ecl. 5, 17; **2.** gen. plaster, capillos, Mart. 14, 50.

**lūtor**, (=lotor) πλοτης, Gloss. Philox.

**Lūtorius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Plin. 7, 129.

**lūtōsus**, adj. full of mud, muddy, iter, Lucil. ap. Non. 489, 14; limites, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; ager, Colum. 2, 4, 5 and 6; rapa, 12, 56, 1.

**lūtra**, ae, f. otter, Varr. l. 5, 13; Plin. 8, 109; 32, 144; **2.** Fr. loutre.

**lūtulentus**, adj. abounding in mud or dirt, muddy, dirty, coenum, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 17; sus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 75; palma, s. 2, 4, 83; diluio tellus lutulenta, Ov. M. 1, 434; Philaenis, Mart. 7, 67, 7; **2.** met., Illius domino non lutumst lutulentius, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 30; persona illa lutuleta (Ballionis), Cic. Rose. com. 20; uitia, Pis. 1; lutulente Caesonine, 27; **3.** of language, muddy, cum fuieret lutulentus, Hor. s. 1, 4, 11; add 1, 10, 50; **4.** lutulente adv., Non. 131, 33.

**lūtūlo**? āre, vb. only a cj. in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 14; see lutito.

**1 lūtum**, (decap. from a form like sol- utum holutum folutum; akin to L. fuluos, giluos, E. yellow, yolk, gold, weld) i, n. the plaut weld or woad, reseda luteola Linn., a luto herba, Plin. 33, 91; herba quae l. appellatur, Vit. 7, 14, 2; **2.** yellow, as a colour, croceo mutabit uellera lūto, Verg. B. 4, 44; glomerarem flammea luto, cir. 316; Sed nimius luto (of jealousy) corpora tiugit amor, Tib. 1, 8, 52.

**2 lūtum**, i, n. lūtus\*, i, m. (from luo, cf. lues) clay, luta et limum aggerabant, Cic. ap. Non. 212, 16; contabulationem luto construxerunt, ne quid ignis nocere posset, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3; crates luto integuntur, 2, 15, 2; ficilia fecit Pocula, de facili composuitque lūtō, Tib. 1, 1, 40; nreus oblinitur luto paleato, Colum. 12, 21, 2; l. Punieum, 9, 7, 4; Ficta Saguntino cymbia malo lūtō, Mart. 8, 6, 2; **2.** met., hic homullus ex argilla et luto fictus, Cic. Pis. 59; Vdum et uolle lutum es... Pingendus sine fine rota, Pers. 3, 23; meliore luto fuixit praecordia Titan (Prometheus), Iuv. 14, 35; **3.** prov. fm. sticking in wet clay, Nune homo in medio lutost: Nomen nescit: haeret haec res, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 27; ut in luto haerem, Pers. 4, 3, 66; in eodem luto haesitas, Ter. Ph. 5, 2, 15; If **4.** as mud, teque ibidem prouoluam in luto, Ter. And. 4, 4, 38; imbrī lūtus\* erat multus, Quadr. ap. Nou. 212, 17; in Verre (a pun) quem in luto uolutatum inuenimus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 53; in Narniensi agro siccitate lutum feri, Plin. (qu. from Cic.) 31, 51; imbre lutoque aspersus, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 11; add Iuv. 14, 66; lutum neque arare (conuenit) neque fodere, Plin. 17, 189; tantum luti tota uia fuit, Sen. ep. 57, 1; Si lūtus\* aut puluis tardat te forte uiator, inser. Maif. 1, 359, 33;

**5.** as worthless, annona pro luto erat, (as we say dirt cheap), Petron. 44; omnia pro luto habereamus, 67; **6.** as a term of abuse, Verberibus, lutum caedere pendens, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 45; eho lutum lenonium, Pers. 3, 3, 2; o teuebrae lutum sordes, Cic. Pis. 62; o lutum lupanar, Catul. 42, 13; **7.** in contempt of wrestlers' sand (ἀφή), luctatores et totam oleo ac luto constantem scientiam expello ex studiis liberalibus, Scn. ep. 88, 18; **8.** note pl. in first ex.

**Lutus**, Luta, a cognomen, C. Vettius Nonelli f. sibi et Verginiae Lutae, inser. ap. Rosmiu. stor. di Milano 3, 57.

**lux**, (prob. for gol-ue; cf. E. glow, gleam, glare, E. Sc. gulfittit, γλαυκος, Γυλαππος, W. goleu light, golwg look), lūcis, f. or m.\* light, Exin candida se radiis dedit iceta foras lux, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Vt mortalīs inlucescas luce clara et caudida, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 49; ea (stella), citima terris luce lucebat aliena, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Stella facem ducens

multa eum liçs ecurrit, Verg. 10, 694; **2.** esp. daylight, as marking time, ante lucem, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 67; Cic. or. 2, 259; si ludo canes latent, erura iis suffringantur, Rosc. Am. 56; lince in foro saltet, off. 3, 93; prima luce, Caes. b.g. 1, 22, 1; Luco palam certum est igni circumdare muros, Verg. 9, 153; **3.** ceutesima lux est haec ab interitu P. Clodii, Cic. Mil. 98; crastina lux, Verg. 10, 244; **4.** as visible to the living only, Scibam hunc mihi supremam lucem et seruiti finem dari, Acc. ap. Non. 226, 8; tu te orbabis luce? Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; omnis miseros qui hac luce careant, 1, 12; corpora luce carentum, Verg. G. 4, 255; **5.** of blindness, Quam nullum aut leue sit damnum mihi liçis ademptae, Ov. M. 14, 197; effossae squalent uestigia liçis, Stat. Th. 11, 585; **6.** of reflected light, brilliancy, splendor, uiridi eum luce smaragdi, Lucr. 4, 1126; telis et luce coruscus aena, Verg. 2, 470; carbunculos lucem non fundentis, Plin. 37, 94; **7.** of stars, Illae quae fulgent luces, Cic. Arat. 96; **II 8.** met., in luce Asiae, in oculis clarissimae prouinciae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 8; nec uero ille in luce modo atque in oculis ciuium magnus, sed domi praestantior, sen. 12; non quo mea interesset qui lucem fugerem, Att. 3, 19, 1; **9.** of intellectual light, historia lux ueritatis, Cic. or. 2, 36; non hominum interitu sententiae quoque occidunt, sed lucem auctoritis desiderant, N.D. 1, 11; **10.** as opp. to a cloud of trouble, lux quaedam uidebatur oblata regno sublato, Cic. Phil. 1, 4; tantanne unius hominis uirtus lucem afferre rei p. potuit? Manil. 33; **11.** other met., hanc urbem lucem orbis terrarum, Cic. Cat. 4, 11; lux liberalitatis et sapientiae tuae, Lig. 6; Cicero l. doctrinarum altera, Plin. 17, 38; pro luce dignitatis suae, Aur. Arcad. dig. 1, 11, 1, 1; **12.** a term of endearment, o lux salue, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 34; o lux oppidi, St. 4, 2, 38; mea lux, meum desiderium, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 2; lux mea, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 52; **13.** as a god (in a joke), Idem ego sum Salus, Fortuna, Lux, Laetitia, Gaudium, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 84; **14.** luci as abl., cum primo\* luci, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 49; Quinet. Atta ap. Non. 468, 23; cum luci simul, Pl. St. 2, 2, 40; Merc. 2, 1, 31; in luci, Lucr. 4, 235; **15.** or perh. as dat., neue is in poplice luçi praetextam h(abeto), CIL 197, 5; palam luci, ib. 17 and 24; si luci si nox, Enu. ap. Prisc. 1, 284 K; luci claro\*, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 18; Varr. ap. Non. 210, 12 (bis); **16.** as masc. see \* above.

**luxatio**, *σπρέμμα*, Gloss. Philox.

**luxātūra**, ae, f. dislocation, Marc. Emp. 36 f.

**luxe**, (luxus), āre, vb. make loose—hence dislocate (a bone), esp. in part. luxatus, articuli, Plin. 30, 79; corpora, 31, 71; **2.** luxatum, as sb. n. a dislocated limb, a dislocation, luxatum si quod (not quid) est (brassica) sanum faciet, Cato r. 157, 4; add Plin. 20, 230; 22, 76 etc.; **3.** met., luxatis machinis (of a moveable amphitheatre), Plin. 36, 119; cum subarator luxauit radices (uitium), 17, 227; ne luxetur calamus dum deprimitur (in grafting), 17, 197; **4.** luxatis cornibus, Plin. 8, 179 prob. corrupt; **5.** in Prud. cath. 2, 78 luxante a bad cj.; **II 6.** luxor vb. r. play the loose one, Luxantur, lustrantur, comedunt quod habent, Pl. St. 4, 7, 5; luxantur a luxu dietum, id est luxuriantur, quod habent, Paul. ex F. 120.

**luxūria**, more commonly -es\* (luxus; but whence the r?), ae, f. luxuriant growth of vegetation, as of leaves etc., with less fruit, growing wild, esp. of the vine for want of pruning, Luxurietem\* segetum tenera depascit in herba, Verg. G. 1, 112; l. foliorum, 1, 191; in (oratione) interdum, ut in herbis, in summa ubertate inest luxuries\* quaedam quae stilo depascenda est, Cic. or. 2, 96; si uitis luxuria so consumpsit, Plin. 17, 181; **2.** met. of man, runniung into excesses for want of restraint, dissipation, luxury, ut eius animum qui nunc luxuria et lasciuia Diffiuit retundam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 72; luxuria omni aetati turpis, Cic. off. 1, 123; in urbe luxuries\* creatur, ex luxuria existat auaritia necesse est, Rosc. Am. 75; add agr. 1, 20\*; domus in qua lustra libidines luxuriae† (luxuriae P<sup>1</sup>); edd. luxuries uersentur, Cael. 57; diffuere luxuria, off. 1, 106; propter luxuriam epulum quotidianum est intra ianuas, Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; **3.** of cattle, excessive wildness, Val. F. 7, 66; **4.** personified, with her daughter Luopia, Pl.

Triu. prol. 8; o prodiga rerum Luxuries\*, Lucan. 4, 373; **5.** note dub. pl. in † above; **6.** Gell. S. 14, 18 on bad grounds attributes a gen. luxurii to C. Graechus; **7.** hence E. lechery.

**luxūrio**, (luxuria sb.); uuduly compared to nixurio -ire from nixus), āre, vb. grow rankly, run wild, of vegetation, esp. as producing abundant leaves, wood etc., but little fruit, Nunc ager assidua luxūriabat aqua, Ov. F. 4, 644; Vt seges in pingui luxuriabit humo, a. a. 1, 360; (uitis) peruciose luxuriat, Plin. 17, 178; add 183; caules obruntur...ne in frondem luxuriant, 19, 113; uitis quae fructu carent, fronde luxuriant, Pall. 12, 9; **2.** met., cuius corpus in tam immodicum modum luxuriasset (of one hugely fat), Gell. 6, 22, 4; luxūriantia compescet (of style), Hor. cp. 2, 2, 122; luxuriantia astringere, Quint. 10, 4, 1; uereor, ne haec laetitia luxuriat nobis ac uana euadat, Liv. 23, 12, 12; hiberno puluere laetiores fieri messis luxuriantis ingeni fertilitate dictum est, Plin. 17, 14; **3.** esp. of man, run riot, run into excesses, reuel, Capuam luxuriatē longa felicitate, Liv. 23, 2, 1; ne luxuriarent otio animi, 1, 19, 4; Luxuriant animi rebus plerumque secundis, Ov. a. a. 2, 437; si (multitudo) noua libertate luxuriat, Curt. 10, 7, 11; **4.** of animals, in poets, run wild, be exuberant in spirits and play, arrectisque fremit (equus) ceruicibus alte Luxurians, Verg. 11, 497; Ludit et in pratis luxuriatque pecus, Ov. F. 1, 156; stabulis qualis leo saeuit opimis Luxurians, Val. F. 6, 614.

**luxūrior** or **luxūrior\***, āri, vb. r. the same, eacumina uirgarum ne luxurientur, demutilato, Colum. arb. 11, 2; **2.** met. sit semel illa malo luxuriata meo, Ov. tr. 5, 1, 43; ne luxuriari felicitas urbis incepter, Flor. 2, 15, 5; luxuriantur\* (so A M) opes atque otia longa grauantur, Corn. Sev. ap. Diom. 378, 1 K; ubi sanguine multo Luxuriata fames, Stat. Th. 2, 677.

**luxūriōsus** or **luxoriosus\***, adj. running wild (of vegetation), laetas segetes, luxuriosa frumta, Cic. orat. 81 (as a quotation); neque pinguior aequo (seges) Diuitiis pereat luxuriosa suis, Ov. F. 1, 690; uitis, Colum. 4, 21, 2; 5, 6, 36; **2.** met. luxurious, extravagant, uescio quomodo possit, si luxoriosus sit, finitas cupiditates habere, Cic. fin. 2, 22; nihil scitote esse luxoriosus, Pis. 66; uescitum luxoriosum\*, Varr. ap. Non. 542, 7; luxuriosissimis oppidis, Memm. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 165; otium, Sal. Iug. 95, 3; **3.** luxuriose adv., ne haec laetitia nimis luxuriose eueniat, Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 14; cum libidinosis l. uiuere, Cic. Cael. 13; comp. ps. Nep. Paus. 3, 2; sup. Aug. mor. ec. Cath. 34.

**1 luxus**, [lu-loosen, wh. stands for sol-u or rather sol-uc-] ūs, m. lit. looseness—hence dislocation, articulus loco concessit exque eo luxu adhuc fluxus est, Apul. flor. 3, 16; uitulinus fimus luxui ac tortis, Plin. Val. 2, 49; turmoribus ex luxu concitatis, Apul. herb. 31; **2.** of character, dissipation, luxury, adulescens luxu perditus, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 42; nisi existimatis eum in uino ac luxu non risisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62; luxu cinitas corrupta est, Sal. Cat. 53, 5; Nunc hiemem inter se luxu...fouere, Verg. 4, 193; luxu solum (note the word), Quint. 3, 8, 28; **3.** in not a bad sense, luxury, splendour, At domus interea regali splendida luxu Instruitur, Verg. 1, 637; add 6, 605; (homo) crudito luxu, Tac. an. 16, 18; **4.** in pl., Explicuitque snos...Cleopatra...Nondum translato Romana in secula luxus, Lucau. 10, 110; add Sil. 11, 402.

**2 luxus**, [id.; and so=E. loose and one w. laxus and E. slack] part. or adj. loosened or loose—hence of dislocated (bones); luxu pede, Sal. ap. Prob. 31, 16; luxa membra e suis locis mota et soluta (note this word), Paul. ex F. 119; **2.** luxus, as sb. n. a dislocation, luxum si quod est, hac cantione sanum fiet, Cato r. 160; ad luxum alliga, ib.; luxum, id est, uulsum et locomotum, Non. 55, 15; luxum σπρέμμα, Gloss. Labb.; stercus luxum sanat, Sext. Plac.; cmplastrum utile ad luxa uel fracta, Marc. Emp. 36 f.

**Lyaeus**, (λυα) adj. or sb. a title of Bacchus, hence in poets for wine, curam...Dulci Lyaeo soluere, Hor. epod. 9, 38; add Ov. am. 2, 11, 49.

**lycaon**, ōnis, m. a wild beast of India or Aethiopia, cui iubata traditur ceruix, Plin. 8, 123; lupus est ceruice iuba-



tus et tot modis uariis ut nullus color absit, Solin. 30, 24; add Mela 3, 9, 2.

**lycapsos**, i, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 97.

**lycæum** or **lyceum**\*, i, n. a public building at Athens, Gell. 20, 5, 4\*; whence Cic. named one in his Tusculanum Cic. diu. 1, 8; Hadrian another, Spart. Hadr. 26, 5\*; inscr. Or. 3696 suspected.

**lychnicus**, (shining) adj. lapis, a bright Parian marble, Hygin. fab. 223.

**lychnis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a kind of rose, Plin. 21, 18, 67 and 121; 2. l. agraria, a plant = antirrhinum, 25, 129; a bright gem, 37, 103.

**lychnites**, ae, m. Parian marble, Plin. 36, 14.

**lychnitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, = phlomis, Plin. 25, 121.

**lychnobius**, adj. one who lives by lamplight, Sen. ep. 122, 16.

**lychnuchus**, (λυχνουχος) i, adj. as sb. m. a lamp-stand, ligneolus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 7, 2; pensiles, Plin. 34, 14; Suet. Caes. 37; inscr. Or. 2511.

**lychnus** or **lychinus**, i, [λυχνος] lamp, lychnorum (luciorum?) lumina bis sex, Enn. an. 328 V; add Lucil. ap. Maer. 6, 4, 18; lux longe alia est solis et lychnorum, Cic. Cael. 67; pendentes lychini (so add.; mss lyelini), Lucr. 5, 295; dependent lychni laquearibus aureis Incensi, Verg. 1, 726; 2. lucinus or licinus was the old form for Latin, lucini lucernae, Gloss. Mai Cl. Vat. 6, 532; licini candelae, Isid. 20 Goth.; licini lucernae, p. 65; see Ritschl op. 2, 479.

**lycisus**, (little wolf), i, m. a wolf-dog, Isid. or. 12, 2.

**lycophon**, i, n. a plant, = scelerata, Apul. herb. 8.

**lycophos**, primum tempus lucis, Paul. ex F. 121; add λυκοφως, Maer. s. 1, 36, 37.

**lycophthalmos**, (wolf's eye) i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 187.

**lycus**, (wolf) i, m. a kind of spider, Plin. 30, 52 and 104.

**lydius**, adj. Lydian, lapis, touchstone, Plin. 33, 126—first found in the river Tmolus, aft. passim; 2. Lydion as sb. n. a kind of brick, Plin. 35, 170.

**lygdinus**, adj. bright, lapis, Parian marble, Plin. 36, 62; Isid. or. 16, 5.

**lygdos**, i, f. Parian marble, Mart. 6, 13, 3; 6, 42, 21.

**lygus**, i, f. a willow-plant, Plin. 24, 59.

**lympha**, (λυμφη) ae f. water, in poets, puteales, Lucr. 6, 1174; Verg. 4, 635; Hor. od. 2, 3, 12; 3, 11, 26 etc.; Ov. M. 13, 531; Mart. Cap. 7 G, 7, 21 Eyss.; 2. a water-nymph, Nymphis Lymphisq. August. ob reditum aquarum, inscr. Or. 1637; precor Lympham ac Bonum Euentum quouiam sine aqua omnis agricultura frustratio est, Varr. r. 1, 1, 6; Gnatia Lymphis Iratis exstructa, Hor. s. 1, 5, 97; add Mart. Cap. 16 G, 17, 25 Eyss.; and personified, Catul. 27, 5; 3. written limfa in Non. 212, 2.

**lymphæeus**, adj. of water, Mart. Cap. 194, 19 Eyss.

**lymphæum**\*, or **lymphæum**, i, adj. as sb. n. a temple to Nymphs, inscr. Mur. 60, 3\*; 489, 4; 924, 5.

**lymphaticus**, adj. of one lymphatus, see **lympho**; and so of a madman, pauor, Liv. 10, 28, 10; metus, Sen. ep. 13, 9; 85, 27; somnia, Plin. 26, 52; situs, Apul. M. 4, 25; tripudium, 8, 27; error, Ser. Sann. 27, 507; 2. as sb. m. a madman, Apul. M. 8, 25; Mart. Cap. 314 G, 348, 1 Eyss.; and in joke l. aurei, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 132; 3. lymphaticum, as sb. n. the disease of madness, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 133; Plin. 25, 60; 28, 226.

**lymphatio**, onis, f. the madness due to a water-nymph or of sudden inexplicable fear, nocturnae, Plin. 34, 151; add 37, 50 and 61.

**lymphatus**, see **lympho**.

**lymphæum**, see **lymphæum**.

**lymphiger**, a, um, adj. water-bearing, Coripp. Iohan. 3, 145; 7, 246.

**lympho**, are, vb. drive mad, prop. of a nymph offended at being seen by a mortal, but extended beyond this, Flexanima tanquam lymphata et Bacchi sacris commota, Pacuv. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5 and Cic. diu. 1, 80; wh. Varr. adds: lymphata dicta a lymphā; lymphā a nymphā... In Graecia commota mente quos λυμφοληπτους appellant, ab eo Lymphatos dixerunt nostri; uelut lymphati et attoniti, Liv. 7, 17, 3; furit lymphata per urbem, Verg. 7, 377; mentemque lymphatam Mareotico Redegit in ueros timores, Hor. od. 1, 37, 14; Ecce nurus Ciconum tectae lymphata ferinis Pectora uelleribus..., Ov. M. 11, 3; lymphatos sanguinis talpae adpersu respiscere, Plin. 30, 84; ne lymphatos agat, 31, 9; add Lucan. 1, 496; 2. so far only in perf. part., add: lymphantes animi, Plin. 27, 107; hac (amne) pota lymphari homines, 24, 164; deus lymphaucrat urbem, Val. F. 3, 46; horrificis lymphare incursibus urbes, Stat. Th. 7, 113; add 7, 662.

**lymphor**, or **limfor**, oris, m. water, Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 3.

**lyncūrium**, (λυγγξ, ουρον) ii, n. a gem, Plin. 37, 52; cf. Ov. M. 15, 414.

**lynsa**, ae, f. a goddess of wild beasts, Mart. Cap. 16 G, 18, 1 Eyss.

**lynx**, lyncis, m.\* and f., a lynx, lynces Bacchi uariae, Verg. G. 3, 264; add A. 1, 323; B. 8, 3; fugacis lyncas, Hor. od. 4, 6, 34; timidus\* lyncas, 2, 13, 40; add Ov. M. 3, 668; 4, 25.

**lyo**, see **lio**.

**lyra**, ae, f. a lute or lyre, a stringed instrument, curuaeque lyrae parentem, Hor. od. 1, 10, 6 etc.; septena pntaris... fila dedisse lyrae, Ov. F. 5, 106 etc.; 2. a constellation, astri quod Graeci uocant λυραν, fidem nostri, Varr. r. 2, 5, 12; Signa dabunt imbres exoriente lyra, Ov. F. 1, 316; add Hygin. astr. 3, 6.

**lyricen**, inis, adj. as sb. m. one who plays on the lyre or lute, Aug. de gramm. p. 1977; 1. λυραδος, Gloss. Philox.

**lyricus**, adj. of the lyre or lute, uates, Hor. od. 1, 1, 35; soni, Ov. F. 2, 94; senex, tr. 2, 364; 2. lyricus, as sb. m. a lyric poet, Quint. 1, 8, 6; 8, 6, 71; in Greek, Cic. orat. 183; 3. lyrica, n. pl. lyric poetry, lyrics, Plin. ep. 3, 1, 7; 7, 17, 3.

**lyristes**, ae, m. a player on lyre or lute, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 2; 9, 17, 3; 9, 36, 4; Sidon. ep. 8, 11.

**lyristria**, ae, f. the same, Schol. Iuv. 11, 162.

**lyron**, i, n. a plant, = alisia, Plin. 25, 124.

**lysas**, antis, f. a plant, = artemisia, Apul. herb. 10.

**lysīmāchia**, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 25, 72 and 100; 26, 131 etc.

**lysīmāchos**, i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 172.

**lysiōnium**, ii, n. a collyrium, inscr. ap. Tochon. p. 63.

**lysis**, is, f. loosening, an architectural term, an ogee, Vitruv. 3, 3, 5; 5, 7, 6; but in 6, 11, 2 Rose has sublisas, not sua lysi.

**lytae**, arum, m. fourth-year men in the class of jurisprudence, Const. Omnem reip. § 5.

**lytra**, see **lutra**.

**lytrum**, i, n. a ransom, Hectoris lytra a poem of Enn. see Non. 111, 14; 222, 32 etc.; Fest. 270 B 29; add Ilyg. fab. 106.

**lytta**, ae, f. a worm under a dog's tongue, Plin. 29, 100.

## M.

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**mācēria**, (often pron. macerya) -es\* (?), ac, f. a wall including ground, of stone, bricks etc., Quin maceria illa ait, in horto quae est, quae in noctis singulas..., Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 48; Non mirumst ueteri mācēriae lateres si ueteres ruont, 50; maceriae ex calce, caementis, silice, Cato r. 15; maceria extrema, CIL 577, 2, 11; maceria aream sapiendam, 1488; Atque hanc in horto mācēriam iube dirui, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 10; maceria—huius species quatuor: e lapide, e lateribus cocclilibus, e lateribus crudis, ex terra et lapillis compositis in formis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; add 3, 5, 10 and 12; 3, 12, 3; nulla maceria nulla casa, Cic. fam. 16, 18, 2; add Caes. b. g. 7, 69, 5; sepulchrum maceriae circum. elus m (sic), inscr. Or. 4349; Quamuis mācēriās\* florentes ambiat hortos, Prud. hamart. 227; inter maceriem\* Calaminiaum et insulam Eucarpianam, inscr. Grut. 611, 13; maceriem\* alt. p. v adiecit, inscr. Or. 4057; **2.** a wall of rough stones without cement, maceriae fiunt de assis, i.e. siccis lapidibus, Serv. ad G. 2, 417; ex congestione maceriae fiunt, Sic. Flac. agrim. p. 149, 15; **3.** hence distinct from murus, eadem pronuncia habet muros maceriae..., Sic. Flac. agrim. 211, 10; add 227, 15; 228, 24 etc.

**mactus**, part. as adj. [decap. fm. humectus] moist, Gloss. Isid.; **2.** hence O. Fr. moiste, now moite, E. moist; cf. Métivier's Dict. Franco-Normand, p. 337.

**māgis**, older māgis\* (cf. πρῦν for πρῖον and potis aft. potis), often shortened to māgē, and even pron. as monos. magt or mais (cf. Fr. mais 'more', Sp. mas), adv. comp. [for mag-ius, and so=maius; cf. satis nimis and pris=prius, in priscus pristinus; also=μαλλον, i.e. μαλιον, cf. μοδῖς μογῖς] more, Etiam minitas? Mitte eā quae tū sunt magis quam mea, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 473 v. minitas; Numquam edepol hominem quemquam ludificariet Magis facete uidi et magis† miris modis, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 58; tanto magis animum nostrum inducimus, CIL 201, 10; nihil nidetur mundius Nec magis† compositum quicquam nec magis† elegans, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 13; Quod tu si idem faceres magis\* in rem et nostram et nostram esset, Hec. 2, 2, 7; Immo si scias... Tum magis\* (so all mss. and Don.) id dicas. Quodnam [quaeso] hercle? Eunuchum. Illumne obscero? Eun. 2, 3, 65, wh. cancel quaeso; tum magis id diceret si nuper in hortis Scipionis... adfuisse, Cic. am. 25; tum magis adsentire si... ad maiora peruenero, rep. 1, 62; **2.** referring to a phrase, not a mere word, quaeris quid potuerit amplius assequi, si Cn. Scipionis fuisset filius. Magis aedilis fieri non potuisset; sed hoc praestaret, quod ei minus inuideretur, Cic. Planc. 60; nisi forte magis erit parcieida si qui consularem patrem quam si quis humilem necarit, Mil. 17; **3.** often used to contrast two qualities, actions, or states, where we may say rather, yet also more, Quae istaetas fugere facta magis† quam sectari solet, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 28; neque uereor ne quis hoc me magis accusatorie quam libere (uere†) dixisse arbitretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 176; ad dicendum ueniebat magis audacter quam parate, Brut. 241; perfectam artem iuris ciuiliis habebitis magis magnam atque uberem quam difficilem et obscuram, or. 1, 190; Id Malli non est turpe, magis miserum est, Catul. 68, 30; add Lucr. 1, 612; in Ov. her. 16 (17), 102 Merkel has: Nec tibi plus cordis sed minus oris adest; Non equidem iuideo; inror māgts; undique totis..., Verg. B. 1, 11; praeterita magis reprehendi possunt quam corrigi, Liv. 30, 30, 7; nec ad ducis casum percussa magis quam irritata est multitudo, 9, 22, 7; Aut fuit aut uisa est, sed fuit illa magis, Ov. F. 6, 632; **4.** at times superfluously w. compar., Ita fustibus sum mollior magis quam ullus cinaedus, Pl. Aul. 3,

2, 8; Igitur demum magis† maiorem iu sese concipiet metum, Amph. 1, 1, 145; Magis multo patior facilius ego uerba, uerbera odi, Men. 5, 6, 15; potiusne in subsellio Cynice accipimur hic quam in lectis? Immo enim hic magis† dulcius, St. 5, 4, 22; Ego faxo posthac dei deaeque ceteri Contentiores mage erunt atque audi minus, Poen. 2, 15; Certon? Quin nihil inquam inuenies magis hoc certo certius, Capt. 3, 4, 11—but here perh.: which you may more truly call certo certius; Argentum nisi qui dederit nugas cgerit, Verum qui dederit magis† maiores egerit, Poen. pr. 82; all but repeated, Men. prol. 55; nouellae (gallinae) magis edendis quam excludendis ouis utiliores sunt, Colum. 8, 5, 5; magnitudo...construatur longior magis quam latior, Pall. 1, 17, 1; nec a debitoribus magis quam a (a om. Jeep) creditoribus gratius excepta, Iust. 12, 11, 2; non inuentione earum magis quam exemplo clarior, 3, 2, 7; uterque nostrum inuidia magis quam pecunia locupleior est, Val. M. 3, 7, 1; Quoque magis natura hominis sublimior exstet, Alcim. Av. 1; (sinistra manus)...aequitati magis aptior quam dextera, Apul. M. 11, 9 f.; finge enim malle eum magis suum consequi quam dominium insulae, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 52, 10; sunt enim magis in legandis suis rebus quam in alienis comparandis...faciliores uoluntates, Papin. dig. 31, 67, 8; magis rectius, Arnob. 1 p. 10; but in Liv. 22, 34, 11 is now read mature uincere, not magis uere u.; **5.** repeated, more and more, first w. que, -- dolet pigetque magis† magisque me Conatum..., Pac. 44 R; Profecto quanto magis† magisque cogito, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 1; Ex desiderio magis† magisque maceror, Afran. 353 R; enm quotidie magis magisque perdit homines templis urbis minuirentur, Cic. Phil. 1, 5; sed mihi magis magisque quotidie placet illud consilium, fam. 2, 18, 2; cnitar ut in dies magis magisque haec nascens de me duplicietur opinio, Cic. fil. ap. fam. 16, 21, 2; agitabatur magis magisque indies animus ferox inopia, Sal. Cat. 5, 7; add Iug. 53, 1; magis magisque turbatos hostes cernebant, Liv. 8, 39, 5; **6.** w. atque, Et māgis atque magis... Claescent sonitus, Verg. 2, 299; add G. 3, 185; beneficium demus quod iu usu m. ac m. placeat, Sen. ben. 2, 14, 4; add Tac. an. 6, 27; Plin. ep. 7, 3, 4; 10, 17, 3; Suet. Vit. 11; Tit. 3; gr. 3; **7.** w. et, de Graecia quotidie magis et magis cogito, Cic. Att. 14, 18, 4; **8.** without any conj., Post uento crescente māgis māgis inerebescunt, Catul. 64, 274; tenuemque māgis māgis aera carpunt, Verg. G. 4, 311; so in Gr. μαλλον μαλλον; **9.** magis est, for ucrius est, esp. iu law, sed illud magis est quod prius diximus, Gai. dig. 20, 1, 15, 2; magis est ne possimus, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 13; magis est ut et hic causa cognita dari debeat, 2, 12, 7; **10.** magis is used w. the positive of those adj. wh. have a comparative, neque...quemquam nidi magis† malum, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 27; Non spero. Insuperata accidunt magis† saepe quam quae speres, Most. 1, 3, 40; Neque lac lactis magis est simile quam ille ego similis est mei, Amph. 2, 1, 54; Hem sic abi laudo, nec te equo magis\* est [equus] ullus sapiens, As. 3, 3, 114 where I would cancel equus; si est pater Dicendum magis aperte, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 30; Priuatusque magis uinam te rege beatus, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 43; puraque magis perlucida gemma, Ov. M. 2, 856; **11.** mage, Accipiedum hoc; iam seibo utrum haec me mage amet an marsuppium, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 35; Et quanto circum mage sunt inclusa theatri Moenibus, Lucr. 4, 81; Aspicie nunc mage sit nostrum penetrabile telum, Verg. io. 481; nec quicquam mage patientiae loco uationes ferio uideat Solin. 22 f.; but in Enn. ap. Gell. 20, 10 Hertz has sed magis ferro—where magis is written, mage read.

**mammicūla** only a bad conjecture in Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 16? wh. mss mammam anicula..., Ritschl mamma mammicula;



read: *mamma ma(mil)la opprimitur, alia si lubet conduplicant.*

**1** *mando*, āre, vb. [man of man-us, with excreseut d] hand, hand over (iu person, as being valuable, instead of sending by another) entrust, commit as a trust, Mandatae quae sunt uolo deferre epistulas, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 12; Bona nostra haec tibi permitto et tuae mando fide, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 61; **2.** esp. of a woman given in marriage, Ego me mandatam meo uiro male arbitror, Titin. 15 R; ab illo quoi me mandauisti, meo uiro, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 40; **3.** often w. a gerund, give a commission to do something, entrust for a purpose, hunc...Infelix Priamus furtim mandarat alendum Threicio regi, Verg. 3, 49; aliquando ab his quibus inquirenda quaedam mandabat deceptus est, Quint. 10, 1, 128; gladiatores notos ui rapiendos mandabat, Suet. Caes. 26; **4.** often with gerund suppressed, praeterea typos tibi mando (sc. emendandi), Cic. Att. 1, 10, 3; em siquid uelis Huic mandes (sc. curandum) qui te ad scopulum e tranquillo auertat, Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 8; **5.** esp. of offices (sc. gerendum), hominibus nouis honores, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; sacerdotia, agr. 2, 18; Liv. 29, 38, 7; mihi magistratus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 35; his magistratus, Caes. b. c. 3, 59, 2; iurisdictionem, Papin. dig. 1, 20, 1; **6.** often of messages (sc. dicenda), send a message (properly by word of mouth), te L. Clodio mandasse quae illum mecum loqui uelles, Cic. fam. 3, 4, 1; est aliquid...In solida moriens ponero corpus humo Et mandare suis (send a few words when dying to one's friends), Ov. tr. 1, 2, 55; consulentes siquid ad uxores suas mandarent (if they had any messages for their wives), Flor. 1, 38, 6; adhibuit cenae nuptiali mandasse ad Pisonem contra acumbentem: Noli uxorem meam premere, Suet. Cal. 25; simul in urbem mandabat nullum proeliorum finem expectarent, nisi succederetur Suetonio, Tac. an. 14, 38; **7.** dying requests and legacies, Cum mihi supremos Lachesis peruenit annos, Non aliter einares mando iacere meas (wh. note the inf.), Mart. 1, 89, 10; add Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 14 med.; Papin. 26, 2, 26; **8.** used at times less accurately of writteu messages or orders, tibi de nostris rebus nihil sum aute mandaturus per litteras quam desperaro coram me tecum agere posse, Cic. fam. 3, 5, 4; Caesar per litteras Trebonio magnopere mandauerat ne per uim oppidum expugnari pateretur, Caes. b. c. 2, 13, 3;— in this sense the agent is commonly a person of mark, as a general or emperor—note our word com-mand; **9.** commit (to memory, writing etc.; sc. seruanda), memoriae, Cic. fam. 6, 13, 3; and Quiuet. 24; monumentis, acad. post. 3; animis uestris mentibusque, Cat. 1, 27; historiis Graecis, diu. 2, 69; scriptis, off. 2, 3; **10.** with the same idea of a trust (aliquid seruandum), commit, entrust, trust, uitam istam fugae solitudinique, Cic. Cat. 1, 20; fugae sese, Caes. b. g. 2, 24, 2; se fugae, 5, 18, 5; hordea suleis, Verg. B. 5, 36; me humo, A. 9, 214; **11.** with irony, entrust (to the tender mercies of), commit Ipus hortatur mc frater ut meos malis miser Mandarem (so Baier but? for mss have manderem) natos, Att. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 77; no Saturnus eum (the infant Ioue) malis mandaret, Lucr. 2, 637; **12.** phrase, quum Fortunae ipse minaci Mandaret laqueum, Iuv. 10, 53; suspensium sese legibus mandare proclamans, bid them go haug themselves, Apul. M. 9; **13.** in Cic. Sull. 57 and Quinet. 49 the true readings are amandare, amandatur.

**2** *mando*, āre, di, sum, vb. [= mol-o, see Essays, p. 198] chew, bite, eat, Volturus spineto (in siluis, Prisc. 683; in spineto, Charis. 120; cf. in spinis) miserum mandebat homonem, Enn. an. 141 V; Cum socios nostros mandisset impius Ciclops, Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. 817; animalia cibum alia carpunt alia mandunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; manditque trahitque (sc. leo) Molle pecus, Verg. 9, 340; cruentam Mandit humum, 11, 668; qui omnia minima mansa ut nutrices infantibus pueris in os inserant, Cic. or. 2, 162; nt cibos mansos ac prope liquefactos demittimus quo faeilus digerantur, Quint. 10, 1, 19; aurum (of a golden bit), Verg. 7, 279; **2.** met., Corpora Graiorum maerebar mandier ighi, Mat. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5,

p. 372 Sp.; **3.** as vb. r. eadem significatione protulerunt antiqui mando et mandor, Prisc. 799.

**3** *mand-o*, ōnis, m. [mand- vb.] glutton, mandonum gulae, Lucil. and Varr. ap. Non. 17.

**manipūlus** or *manīplus*, i, m. [for manuc- ulus, a dim. of manu (iu spite of gender) cf. dis- ip- ulus] lit. a handful— hence a truss or bundle, as of hay, herba subsecari fal- cibus debot...; do his manipulos fieri, Varr. r. 49, 1; bonus operarius prati ingerum desecat nec minus mille ducentos manipulos unus obligat qui sint singuli quater- narum librarum, Colum. 11, 2, 40; so also Plin. 18, 262; add Colum. 2, 19, 2; filicumque manipulis Sternere subter humum, Verg. G. 3, 297; **2.** a wisp of hay on a pole by way of a military standard, Romulus coacta pastorum mann eaque in centenos homines distributa perticas mani- pulis feni uarie uinctas dedit, Aur. Viet. 22; Pertica suspensos portabat longe maniplos, Inde maniplaris nomina miles habet, Ov. F. 3, 117; **3.** a company of foot soldiers in a legion, in legione sunt centuriae lx, manipuli xxx, cohortes x, Cincins ap. Gell. 16, 4, 6; add Caes. b. c. 2, 28, 1; b. g. 2, 25, 2; 6, 34, 6; Liv. 7, 26, 7; 8, 8, 5; 27, 14, 8; ubi centurio Sanga et manipulus furum? Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 6; **4.** less correctly of cavalry, infrenatque manipli, Sil. 4, 316; but Apul. M. 9, 9 manipulus armati etc., seems corrupt; **5.** manipulum, i, as n. the same, Spart. Hadr. 10, 2; **6.** the Sp. manajo confirms the theoretic manuculo-; cf. oculo-ojo.

**māritimus**, older form *māritūmus*, adj. [mari- + tum of an old vb. tūmeor = tūcor; see legitimus] lit. overlooking the sea, and hence living near the sea, on the coast, mari- time, homines m., Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 69; m. ciuitates, Caes. b. g. 2, 34, 1; **2.** of inanimate objects, loci, Cic. part. or. 36; urbes, rep. 2, 5; uilla, Nep. Att. 14, 3; **3.** of the sea, Incepui hibernum et fluctus moui māritimos, Pl. Rud. pr. 69; aestus, Cic. N. D. 2, 132; Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 1; flucti- bus, Nep. Att. 6, 1; salem, Varr. r. 1, 7, 8; mores, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 11; cursus, Cic. Planc. 96; ora, Tusc. 5, 40; nauem (sea-going), Liv. 21, 63, 3; officium, Caes. b. c. 3, 5, 4; **4.** maritima, as sb. n. pl. country near the sea, quod in maritimis sim, facillime moueo nonnullis suspensionem uelle me nauigare, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; Africae maritima, Plin. 6, 212; in Tarraconis maritimis, Flor. 2, 33;

**mātella**, ae, dim. [uidatella] f. a pot, aquarium uas says Non. 543; quotiens uidi matellas sine ansis, Cato orat. 62, 1 Iord.; add r. 10, 2 and 11, 3; ne tu postules matulam nnam tibi aquae (aquam mss) infundi in caput, Pl. Amph. ap. Non. 543; add Varr. ibid.; **2.** in later writers a chamber-pot, Matella curto rupta latere meiebat, Mart. 12, 32, 13; add 7, 89, 1; **3.** met. of a faithless wife, Petr. 45; **4.** prov., Dispream si tu Pyladi praebērē mātellam Dignus es, Mart. 10, 11, 3; satagis tamquam mus in ma- tella, Petr. fr. trag. 58 B.

**mātell-io**, ōnis, m. dim. [matella] a small pot or jug, Cato r. 10, 2 and 11, 3; matellio a matula dictus qui post- eaque longius a figura matulae discessit est (mss ct) ab aqua aqualis dictus, Varr. l. 5, 25, p. 124 Sp.; matellio- nem Corinthium, Cic. par. 38; ea sibi modo ponere ac suspendere quae utilitas postulare, trulleum matellio- nem..., Varr. ap. Non. 547; matellio diminutium a ma- tula, Fest. 126.

**mātēr-ia**, ae, or *mātēries*, ei, f. [mater, perh. an adj. f.] the parent stem of a tree (as opposed to the branches), trunk, facilius sicut in uitibus reuocantur ea quae se ni- mium profuderunt quam si nihil ualet materies noua sar- menta cultura excitantur, Cic. or. 2, 88; Quicquē sūā dē mātēriā grandescere alique, Lucr. 1, 191; **2.** the wood, as opposed to the softer parts, multum interest pluresne an pauciores materias pro natura stirpis uinitor summittat, Colum. 3, 21, 7; ressecta iuter librum et materiam, 5, 11, 1; inter corticem et materiem, 5, 11, 4; uitis in materiam effunditur, runs to wood, 4, 21, 2; **3.** timber (as opposed to firewood etc.), materia est quae ad aedificandum



fulciendumque necessaria est, lignum quidquid comburendi causa paratum est, Ulp. dig. 32, 53, 1; cornus nou potest uideri materies propter exilitatem sed lignum non alio paene quam ad radios rotarum utile, Plin. 16, 206; robor materies (dclē: pro ridica as nonsense) ubi solstitium fuerit ad brumam semper tempestiua est, Cato r. 17; **4.** hence for use in buildings, Cic. Mil. 74; in building ships, Bis denas Italo texamus robore nauis: ... iacet omnis ad undam Mātēries, Verg. 11, 328; earum nauium materia ad reliquas reficiendas utebatur, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 2; **II 5.** stock for breeding, equinum pecus tripartito diuiditur, est enim generosa materies quae sacris certaminibus equos praebet, est mularis..., Colum. 6, 27, 1; quod ex uetere materia nascitur plerumque congeneratum parentis senium refert, 7, 3, 15 (of sheep); **6.** of man's breed, quo tempore quidam cognouit quae materies et quanta ad maximas res opportunitas in animis esset hominum, Cic. inu. 1, 2; fac enim fuisse in eo C. Laelii aut M. Catonis materiem atque indolem, quid ex eo boni effici potest qui...? Verr. 2, 3, 160; si uero liberalior materia contingerit (as the stuff out of which to make an orator), Quint. 2, 8, 12; angebatur Tullia nihil materiae in uiro neque ad cupiditatem neque ad audaciam esse, Liv. 1, 46, 6; **III 7.** gen. that out of which things may be produced, materials, matter, stuff, subject-matter, source, suac gloriae, Cic. Mil. 35; omnium malorum, Sal. Cat. 10, 3; ingentis publice priuatimque decoris, Liv. 1, 39, 3; **8.** esp. for writing, matter, theme, quod me ut scribam aliquid hortaris, crescit mihi quidem materies, sed..., Cic. Att. 2, 12, 3; ad probandum duplex est oratori subiecta materies, or. 2, 116; Sumite materiam uestris qui scribitis aequam Viribus, Hor. A. P. 38; add Ov. am. 1, 3, 19; Phaedr. 1 pr. 1; **9.** in Cels. of food as regards nourishing power, cibus esse debet ex media materia maximeque ex uenatione, 3, 27, 1, p. 118, 14 Dar.; add 2, 18, often; **10.** of the e declens. gen. and dat. do not occur.

**mēdeor**, āri (no perf. part. Diom. 313, 20 K; Prisc. 560, 9), vb. r. [med = μελ of μελ-ω, care for; cf. curo in medical use, our cure, and note that physicians at Rome were Greeks; see also below] heal, with dat. of person or part affected, morbus eius cui mederi uolet (medicus), Cic. or. 2, 186; dies stultis quoque mederi solet, fam. 7, 28, 3; qui cum capiti mederi debeam, reduuiam eurem, Rosc. Am. 128; pullorum oculis illa (sc. chelidonia) medentes, Plin. 8, 98; ut...Sint plures oculis quae medeantur aquae, Laur. Tull. ap. Plin. 31, 8; animo polluto, Sen. Herc. f. 1269; **2.** with acc. of disease, cupiditates Quas cum res aduersae sient paulo mederi possis, Ter. Ph. 5, 4, 3; (some mss quibus)—but Prisc. 2, 273, 11 K quotes this with quas as an example of the acc.; and 1, 388, 17 has medeor tibi dicitur et medeor te; so Diom. 319, 3: medeor puero et puerum; medeor te and m. puerum are prob. errors; bituminosi (fontes) interioris corporis uitia potionibus purgando solent mederi, Vitr. 8, 3, 4; Iust. inst. 2, 7 f.; **3.** also dat. of disease, dentium dolori, Plin. 20, 4; capitis uulneribus, 24, 36; huic (malo), Cic. agr. 1, 26; incommodis hominum, Q. fr. 1, 1, 31; **4.** in gerundive constr., Hoc aegritudinem ad medendam inuenerunt, Varr. s. 123, 2 R; aquas medendis corporibus nobilis, Vell. 2, 25, 4; medendis corporibus, Liv. 8, 26, 7; medendae ualetudini leniendisque morbis, Suet. Tit. 8; **5.** pass. impers., ut huic uitio medeatur sic erit faciundum, Vitr. 6, 11, 6; **6.** pass. pers., ut frequens medeatur infirmitas, Hier. ep. 22, 8; **7.** medeor for medec-or as uereor for uerec-or (cf. uerec-undus); and medec-or implies a lost sb. med-ec, wh. medic-us; so that mede-ri is lit.: act the physician.

**I mēdico**, āre, vb. [medicus] lit. act the part of a physician, doctor, heal, with dat. of person or part affected, tremulis medicantia membris, Ser. Sam. 48, 902; **2.** with acc. of disease, Perii. Habe bonum animum, ego istum lepidē medicabo metum (so Ritschl, al. medicabor), Pl. Most. 2, 1, 40; uulneris aestus, Sil. 6, 98; rabidos furores, Nemes. ecl. 2, 28; **3.** mix with drugs, medicate, drug, semina, Verg. G. 1, 193; sedes, 4, 65; fruges, A. 6,

420; lanam fuco, Hor. od. 3, 5, 27; capillos, Ov. am. 1, 14, 1; pinsito (thymo) aquam, Colum. 11, 3, 40; cibum, 9, 13, 3; semina, 11, 3, 64; oues unguine, Pall. 6, 8, 1; **4.** as pass., ut eius odore medicentur (apes), Colum. 9, 13, 7; Aufer et ipse meum pariter medicande (so edd., but mss and Lachm. medicandū) dolorem, Lygdam. 3, 6, 3.

**2 Mēdico**, ōnis, m. physicius, a surname, Q. Iulius Lucanus Medicionis filius, Maff. Mus. Ver. 463, 2.

**mēdicor**, āri, vb. r. [medicus] lit. act the physician, heal, doctor, with dat. of person, Eius labore atque eius dolore gnato ut medicarer tuo, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 12; quom ego possim in hac re medicari mihi, 5, 4, 41; senibus medeatur anbelis, Verg. 2, 134; **2.** with acc. of disease, Sed non Dardaniae medicari cuspidis ictum Eualuit, Verg. 7, 756; see also medico § 2.

**mēdiōcris**, e (mediocor, Prisc. ? de acc. 2, 523, 28 K) adj. [for medioc-eris, from medioc- old theoretic form of mediō-] of the class medii or media, holding a middle place, ordinary, commonplace, moderate, homines, Cic. or. 1, 94; uiri, Sal. Iug. 6, 3; oratores, Cic. Brut. 136; poetae, Hor. A. P. 372; ingenium, Cic. or. 2, 119; familia (slaves), Nep. Att. 13, 3; amor, Cic. Att. 1, 20, 1; eloquentia, or. 1, 133; artes, 1, 6; latitudo, Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 1; castellum, Sal. Iug. 92, 5; **2.** esp. non mediocris, Non mēdiōcris hominis haec sunt officia. O lepidum caput, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 8; animus, Sal. Iug. 8, 1; diligentia, Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 2; imber, Gran. 42, 16; **3.** m. syllaba, of common quantity, syllabarum longarum et breuium et mediocorum, Gell. 16, 18, 5; **4.** adv. mēdiōcriter, moderately, in a moderate degree, with moderation, Flagitium et dampnum fecisse haut mēdiōcriter, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 13; ...Studebat et tamen omnia haec mēdiōcriter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 32; Mēdiōcriter uestitam ueste lugubri, Haut. 2, 3, 45; scriptorem ue mēdiōcriter quidem disertum, Cic. or. 1, 91; add Tusc. 3, 22; **5.** of the mind, ferre, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 95; fr. ap. Asc.; **6.** comp., hoc uellem mediocrius, Cic. Att. 1, 20, 5; but Charis. 156, 26 K denies mediocrius; **7.** uote the o in itself long, as shown by Pl. and Ter.

**mēdītor**, āri, vb. r. [med for men- measur, as seen in mentor mensus and virtually in metior; =mentior; cf. for letter-change modus; =μετρα-ω, practise, for such is its first seuse] lit. keep measuring and so repeating again and again—hence practise (as firstly music, cf. modi, musical measures), Siluestrem tenui musam medicaris auena, Verg. B. 1, 2; add 6, 82; I nunc et uersus tecum meditare canoros, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 76; citharodeicam artem, Suet. Nero 40; add 20; meditantur aliae iuueniores (sc. luscinae) uersusque quos imitentur accipiunt, Plin. 10, 8; **2.** of other things, Simulque cursuram meditabor ad ludos Olympios, Pl. St. 2, 1, 34 (as altered by R); meditor esse adfabilis, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 8; statua meditatur proelia Iusea, Iuv. 7, 128; editos partus (sc. cerui) exercent cursu et fugam meditari docent, Plin. 8, 113; semper cauda in ictu est nulloque momento meditari cessat nequando desit occasione, 11, 87; **3.** esp. of words, Set satin estis meditati. Tragici et comici Numquam aequae sunt meditati, Pl. Pers. 4, 2, 4; nullum patiebatur esse diem quin aut in foro diceret aut meditaretur extra forum, Cic. Brut. 302; **4.** hence think over beforehand (so as to be prepared), haec ego ad te ob eam causam maxime scribo ut iam de tua quoque ratione meditare, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 4; quanquam te ita gerere uolo quae per imperium gerenda sunt ut haec multo ante meditare, 1, 7, 9; **5.** keep thinking about, age uero non semper forum subsellia rostra curiamque meditare quid esse potest iucundius quam sermo facetus? Cic. or. 1, 32; **II 6.** as a pass., tractantur lenocinia, adulteria meditantur, Minuc. F. Oct. 25 f.; **7.** esp. in perf. tenses in best authors, Teneo omnia, in pectore condita sunt, meditati sunt doli docte, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 30; Meditata mihi sunt omnia mea iucommoda erus si redierit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18; leuiora sunt ea quae repente aliquo motu accidunt quam ea quae meditata et praeparata inferuntur, Cic. off. 1, 27; scelus, Phil. 2, 85; uerbum, 10, 6; querella, Lucr. 4, 1182; oratio, Plin. 26, 12; Suet. Aug. 84.



**mēlos**, n. (*μελος* n.; wh. is akin to Lat. *modus*), also *melos* m., and Latinized *melus*\* m. *aud melum*\* n. a musical measure, strain, song, suauisonum (cj., *ms suae summum*) *melos*, Naev. 25 R; omnes qui locuntur habere debeant quosdam *melos*†, Cato ap. Non. 213; acri erepitanes *melos*\*† (so L. Müller, Rh. Mus. 24, 240; *ms melos*, but Non. quotes pass. as from *melos* m.), Att. 238 R; *Thyāsiantem* (so Iunius cj.; *ms thesiantem*; *thyasio = θυασίω*) *fremitu concinui* (so L. Müller, *ms concidi*) *melum*†, Pacuv. 311 R; *Ac musaeā mēlē* per chordas organici quae *Mobilibus digitis experfacta figurant*, Lucr. 2, 412; *Et cyenēā mēlē*, 2, 505; *dic age tibia Regina longum Calliopē mēlos*, Hor. od. 3, 4, 2; *cui breuia mēlā\** *modifica reciuo* (all short syll.), Aus. 186, 2 Delph.; *docta souare mēlē*, iuser. Grut. 654; *Auctor et ductor mēlōrum*\*† *qui duas breues habet*, Terentian. 2412, 42 P; 2. the god of Melody, huius nascuntur pueri *Rhythmus et Melos*, Varr. s. 190, 6 R.

**mēmīni**, vb. in pres. perf. [implies a vb. *men-o*, *miud*, take notice of, for he who has taken good notice, remembers; cf. *με-μ(ε)ν-ημαι*] *remember*, *memini me fieri pauom*, Enn. an. 15 V; ...*meministin te despondere mihi gnatam tuam* ? anon. ap. Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 248 Sp.; *cui placet obliuiscitur, cui dolet meminit*, Cic. Mur. 42; *memini bene*, Hor. s. 1, 9, 68; 2. with gen., *ut fortis decet Milites, domi focique fac uicissim ut memineris*, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 45; *uiuorum memini*, Cic. fin. 5, 3; *constantiae tuae*, fam. 13, 75, 1; *huius iudicii*, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 13; *leti paterei*, Val. F. 1, 773; 3. with acc., *suam quisque homo rem memiuit*, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 51; *iam desine Meminisse illius formam*, Turp. 156 R; *Cinnam memini, uidi Sullam*, Cic. Phil. 5, 17; *memineram Paulum, uideram Gallum*, am. 9; *Epicuri dogmata*, acad. pr. 2, 106; *patriae beuificia*, Plane. 80; *Autipater quem tu probe meministi*, or. 3, 194; *umeros memini si uerba tenerem*, Verg. B. 9, 45; 4. with de, *De palla memento amabo*, Pl. As. 5, 2, 89; *de Herode meminero*, Cic. Att. 15, 27, 3; 5. imper. w. inf., *remember to—*, *memento...Suppetias mihi cum sorore ferre*, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 52; *Hylen noctam alius memento commendare*, Ateius ap. Suet. gr. 10; 6. so with ut, *Vt horridis utrumque uerberes latus Auster memento fluctibus*, Hor. epod. 10, 3; 7. with iuf. imperf. in reference to the past, *Ego illam uidi; nirginem forma bona Memini uidere*,—*remember seeing*—Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 18; *Certe east quam in Epidanro pauperculam memini comprimere*, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 14; in these cases me might have been expressed as in: *saepae ego longos Cantando puerum mēmīni mē condere soles*, Verg. B. 9, 52; *memiui domi sedentem in eum sermouem illum incidere qui...*—*remember his falling into*—Cic. am. 2; *memini te mihi Phameae cenam narrare*, fam. 9, 16, 8; 8. with aorist, *me ita distribuise initio causam*, Cic. Rosc. Am. 122; *add fam. 13, 72; memini me...Corycium uidisse senem*—that I once saw—Verg. G. 4, 125; 9. with relat. or iuterr. part., *olim ut (how) fuerit uostra oratio*, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 46; *quanta esset hominum uel admiratio uel querela*, Cic. am. 2; 10. met., *quam (such) meminit leuor praestare salutem*, Lucr. 4, 153; *Vt Salaminia cum meminit marc*, Lucan. 5, 109; 11. call to mind in words, *make mention of, meministi ipse de exulibus*, Cic. Phil. 2, 91; 12. also with gen., *neque omiuino huius rei meminit usquam poeta ipse, profecto nou taciturus de tanta sua gloria*, Quint. 11, 2, 16; *meminerunt huius coniurationis M. Bibulus in edictis*, C. Curio pater in orationibus, Suet. Caes. 9; 13. part. *memineus*, *Memineus Varro corde uolunt*, Laev. ap. Prisc. 1, 560, 22; *add Auson. prof. 2, 4; Sidon. ep. 2, 10 f.; 4, 12 etc.*

1 **mercēs**, *ēdis*, f. [for *merc-eg-* dim. of *merc-*, and so from *mer* of *merco* work].

2 **mercēs** or *mercis*, is, f. = *merx*, *Illicineus?* *illic est*, (ille) *mala mercist* (so BCD not *merx est* as in old editions, not *merceat* as Ritschl); *illuc sis uide*, o *mercis mala* (*ms mercis malae*; Ritschl, as a sing. as needed, *merces mala*), Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 55; Ps. 4, 1, 44; *merx*, *Sallustius merces dixit*, Charis.

42, 11 K; the gen. *mercium* too strictly belongs to *mercis*; see *merx* and *mers*.

**mercor**, *āri*, vb. r. [*merx*] first as a recipr. pl. *mercatur* we barter goods with each other—hence travel about trading, qui *mercantur* a *mercatoribus* quod statim uendant, Cic. off. 1, 150; *fundum Cymaeum Romae mercatus est de P. Meeulonio*, Flac. 46; *met.*, ab isto praeco qui uoluit illum ordinem pretio *mercatu* est, Verr. 2, 2, 122; *Hortos egregiasque domos mercarier unus Cum lucro noram*, Hor. s. 2, 3, 24; 2. buy gen., *Dico esse iturum me mercatum si uelit*, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 83; 3. buy in the way of trade or for profit, *Quos tam grandi sim mercatus praesenti pecunia*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 8; *Erat quidam euuichus quem mercatus fuerat frater Thaidi*, Ter. Enn. 3, 5, 21; *authepsa illa quam tauto pretio nuper mercatus est ut...*, Cic. Rosc. Am. 133; *add Hor. s. 2, 6, 12*; 4. met., *haec officia mercanda uita puto*, Cic. Att. 9, 5, 3; *Ergo muneribus quibus mercatur amorem?* 3, 17, 15; *add 3, 30, 73*; 5. *mercatu* also as a pass. part., *trulla*, Plin. 37, 29; *cultus*, Prop. 1, 2, 5; *comteatus*, Sal. fr. ap. Nou. 138; 6. hence Fr. *marcher*, our march.

**mēreo**, *ēre*, ui, itum, vb. and *mēreor*, *ēri*, itus, vb. r. [*mer* root; see below] *work*, *do*, *Amicum castigare ob mēritam uoxiam Inmoenest facinus*, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 1; *iam istuc gaudeo Vtut erga me meritast*, Amph. 5, 1, 49; but see § 8; and prob. *Ego Nausistrata esse in hac re culpam meritam* (yet *Bemb. meritum* non nego *Sed eam quiu sit ignoscenda*, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; *te noxam meruisse daturumque seruiles poenas*, Petr. 139; 2. *work out*, *earn*, non *amplius duodecim aeris*, Cic. Rosc. com. 28; *aes militare*, Varr. ap. Non. 345; *sestertios uicenos*, s. 126, 7 Riese; *quia plus merere debet in quo est uirtus*, ib. 8; *Hic mēret aerā liber Sosis*, Hor. A. P. 345; *aud met.*, *Quibus anus domi sunt uxores quae uos dote meruerunt*, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 124; 3. agree to accept as sufficient compensation, *take*, with ut and subj. of condition, *Neque hodie ut te perdam meream deorum (deum B) diuitias mihi*, Pl. Meu. 1, 3, 33; *Quem quidem ego ut nou hodie exercerem alterum tantum non meream*, Bac. 5, 2, 65; *Neque ille sibi mereat Persarum montes qui esse aurei perhibentur ut istuc faciat*, St. 1, 1, 24; *quid enim mereas ut Epicureus esse desinas?* Cic. N. D. 1, 67; *quid arbitrāmini Reginos merco uelle ut ab his marmorea Venus auferatur?* Verr. 2, 4, 135; *quid enim mereri uelis...quid merearis igitur ut dicas te nihil fecisse in uita nisi uoluptatis causa?* fin. 2, 72; 4. m. stipendia, *earn pay* as a soldier, *erue*, *Quid mihi fieret si non ego stipendia omnia ordinarius meruissem semper?* Cato orat. 4, 3, 10 Iord.; *add Cic. Cael. 11; Mur. 12*; 5. the same absol., *si adolescens patre suo imperatore non meruisset a patre repudiatu uideretur*, Cic. Mur. 11; *triennio sub Hasdrubale imperatore meruit*, Liv. 21, 4, 10; *affirmantibus qui uua meruerant*, 3, 24, 5; 6. with abl., *ut ei omnes quos censors notassent pedibus mererent*, Liv. 24, 18, 9; *tam primum equis suis (suis equis?) merere equites coeperunt*, 5, 7, 13; *quicumque equo meruisset*, Cic. Phil. 1, 20; *equo publico mererent*, Varr. ap. Non. 344 f.; *aud met.* *Iussit et iu castris aere merere suis*, Ov. am. 1, 9, 44; 7. m. corpore, *a lenone domino puer ad merendum coactus*, Gell. 2, 18, 3; *hence meretrix*; 8. deserve (what is good or bad), *Et tibi nuuc proinde ut merere summas habeo gratias*, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 33; *debeo sperare deos pro eo mihi ac mereor relatuos esse gratiam*, Cic. Cat. 4, 3; 9. with acc. *praemia*, Caes. b. g. 7, 34, 1; *laudem*, Cic. Caecil. 60; *piaculum*, Liv. 2, 38, 4; *supplicium*, Ov. M. 5, 666; *conuicia*, Quint. 6, 4, 10; 10. with ut or ue and subj., *merui ut fierem (sc. liber)*, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 47; *meres merito ut diligare*, Turp. 85 R; *sese meruisse ut amplissimis honoribus decoraretur*, Cic. or. 1, 232; *multo honestius quam mereri ne quis suas expeteret (sc. iuagines)*, Plin. 35, 8; 11. with iuf., *Quae merui uitio perdere cuncta meo*, Ov. tr. 5, 11, 16; *Sic appellari nou meruere mali*, Pont. 3, 2, 20; *Quid Minyae meruere queri?* Val. F. 1, 519; 12. with de, *ut de me meres*, Pl. As. 1, 2, 22; *meritus de me est quod queam illi ut commodem*, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 34;



Stet haec urbs quoquo modo erit merita de me, Cic. Mil. 93; add Cass. ap. Cic. Att. 12, 12, 5;—even here perh. lit. do concerning one; and so deserve of him; **13.** merens deservng (good or bad), Bene merenti bene profuerit male merenti par erit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 65; ita de republica merentem, Cic. ap. Non. 344; add Verg. 2, 229 and 585; filio dulcissimo...non merenti (to die so soon), inser. Or. 4601; **14.** mereor is never used in sense of §§ 4—7, except in the part. meritus, Tac. an. 11, 18; in that of § 1 only as a pass. part.; for § 8 a refl. is preferred in imperf., merui etc. in perf. tenses, at least by Cic. and Quint.; but for old writers this distinction does not hold either way; **15.** mereor as pass. only in perf. tenses; see above and: ignarus futuri laus an poena merita esset, Liv. 8, 7, 12; add Plin. 7, 106; esp. in part. meritus, palma, Verg. 5, 70; mors, 5, 696; honores, 3, 118; **16.** meritus as an adj. deserved, fama meritissima, Plin. ep. 14, 3; **17.** deservng, filiae meritissimae, inser. Or. 2455; **18.** adequate, meritis de causis, Paul. dig. 48, 20; **19.** meritum as sb. n. that which has been done by any one good or bad, a deed, and the merit which belongs to it, desert, magnitudo tuorum erga me meritorum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 1; supplicatio dis immortalibus pro singulari eorum merito decreta est, Cat. 3, 15; C. Caesar qui a me nullo meo merito alienus esse debebat, Sest. 39; **20.** esp. in the abl. merito, Pisonem nostrum merito eius amo plurimum, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 2; et hercule merito tuo feci, Att. 5, 11, 6; even as a superl., Meritissimo eius quae uolet faciemus qui hosce amores.... Pl. As. 3, 3, 147; **21.** honore merito as adv. deservedly, with good reason, ni tantum amarem talem tantum merito patrem, Afran. 248 R; merito commouebamur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 172; and superl. Meritissimo (sic Bemb.) hic me eicit ex hac decuria, Caecil. 15 R; quem omnes amare meritissimo pro eius eximia suauitate debemus, Cic. or. 1, 234; add a S. C. ap. Plin. ep. 8, 6, 6; **22.** root mer (cf. mers) = *φέρ-γ-ω* (*φε*)*ρε*ω; = wor of our work (ware); and prob. = ar of aro and our ear, plough (see labor); and as mere- stands for mer-ec- (cf. uere-or, uerec-undus), so it = *φέρω* of *εργον*, Lat. merc- sb. our work. Lastly, earn is of same stock.

**mergo**, ĩre, mersi, mersum, vb. [root mer, akin to mare, our meer, S. uari water, Germ. wass-er, wat-er, and ucr of uerg- pour; for suff. g (ag) cf. spargo, uergo, tergo] duck (in water), dip, immerse, sink, plunge, mergi eos (sc. pullos) in aquam insitit ut biberent quoniam esse nollent, Cic. N. D. 2, 7; ad eas auis quae se in mari mergerent, divers, 2, 124; nec me deus aequore mersit, Verg. 6, 348; nihil in Asphaltite lacu mergi potest, Plin. 2, 226; partem classis fugauit, partem mersit, Vell. 2, 42, 2; **2.** met. as of setting stars etc., Booten Qui uix sero alto mergitur Oceano, Catul. 66, 68; Mergat diem timendum Dux noctis Hesperus, Sen. Med. 885; add Phaedr. 687; Thy. 777; propior mergenti sidera caelo—the west, Lucan. 4, 54; or of a ship running land down, Templaque Tisaeae mergunt obliqua Dianae, Val. F. 2, 7; **3.** in other than water, inuenti quidam suut (on the battle-field) mersis in ciffosam terram capitibus, Liv. 22, 51, 7; plunge, sink, bury, mersisque in corpore rostris (of Actaeon's dogs), Ov. M. 3, 249; mersisque suos in cortice uoltus, 10, 498; acus per quas in pastinis sarmenta merguntur, Pall. 1, 43, 2; siue te iugulo iuat Mersisse ferrum, Sen. Ag. 1031; add Herc. Oet. 996; teneram mersit in ora manum, Mart. 3, 19, 4; **4.** met. as of sleep, uino somnoque mersos, Liv. 41, 3, 10; an lumina somno Mergimus? Val. F. 8, 66; **5.** of troubles, his malis, Verg. 6, 511; funere acerbo, 11, 27; ultimis suppliciis, Plin. 7, 132; **6.** of wine and debauchery gen., illa (potio) quae mergit quae ebriatati summam manum imponit, Sen. ep. 12, 4; in cas (sc. uoluptates) se merserant, Liv. 23, 18, 11; in noluptates mersi, Curt. 10, 12; **7.** esp. of expenditure, sink, overwhelm (cf. our over head and ears in debt), Tau tenuis census tibi contigit ut mediocris Iacturae te mergat ouus, Iuv. 13, 7; neque in hoc administrantur tutelae ut mergantur pupilli, Ulp. dig. 27, 4, 3; qui census domini mergit, of an extravagant cook, Plin. 9, 67; mergentibus sortem usuris, sinking the whole capital, Liv. 6, 14.

**mers** (mertis?), f. [mer- of mereo etc. work] a ware, a piece of goods, ficitores...Omnes capiunt ficitatem; mers est sine molestia, Nov. 27 R; Proba mers facile emptorem reperit, tametsi in occulto sita est, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 129; **2.** met. mers tu mala es, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 56; Mala mers era haec et callida est. Ecaster ita uidetur, Cist. 4, 2, 61;—see merx, and merces 2; **3.** so mers not merx, the mss; see Ritschl's op. 2, 656; **4.** to mers and merx correspond our ware and work.

**mersio**, ĩnis, f. = *βυθίαις*, Gloss. Philox.

**mersito**, ĩre, vb. frq. [merso], plunge (in water), eo profundius (equus) nares mersit in bibendo, Solin. 45 f.

**merso**, ĩre, vb. frq. [mergo] dip, duck, Balantumquo gregem fluuio mersare salubri, Verg. G. 1, 272; (gallinam) mersare Paleruo, Hor. s. 4, 19; uigens adhuc balneo infertur (Vestinus), calida aqua mersatur, Tac. an. 15, 69; **2.** met. contra nunc rerum copia mersat, Lucr. 5, 1008 mersor ciuilibus undis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 16.

**mersus**, part. of mergo.

**merto**, ĩre, vb. frq. [older form of merso].

**mērŭla**, ae, m. or f. [= O. Germ. am-isala, Grimm D. G. ii. 105; G. amsel; Fr. merle] blackbird, nare anaticulas uolare (so Non., not euolare) merulas, Cic. fin. 5, 42; merula quod mera, id est sola uolitat, Varr. l. 5, 11; add Paul. ex F. p. 124 s. v. merum; cum merulis albis, item aliis id genus rebus inusitatis, Varr. r. 3, 9, 17; merulae candidae, Plin. 10, 87; grues senectute nigrescunt; merula ex nigra rufescit, 10, 80; merulae bis anno pariant, 10, 147; merularum aquae motu uoces (of an organ's note), Vitr. 10, 12, 4; merula an merulus dicendum sit quaeritur; merula dicenda est, Char. 57, 16 K; **2.** a fish, non pisces? An e murena fit lupus aut merula? Varr. l. 9, 22; mērŭlaeque uirentes, Ov. Hal. 114; (pisces) saxatiles ut merulae, Colum. 8, 16, 8; add 8, 17, 8; saxatilius turdus et merula desunt, Plin. 9, 52; add 32, 149; **3.** a cognomen, Cn. Cornelius Merula, Liv. 34, 45, 4.

**merx**, cis, f, g. pl. mercium [mer of mereo, wh. see] produce of work, as for sale, work, ware, piece of goods, commodity, Inuendibili merci oportet ulro emptorem adducere, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 128; pretiumquo auellier ante quam mercem ostendi, Hor. s. 1, 2, 105; permutare (murenas) pretio noluit aliaue merce, Plin. 9, 171; si esculentae merci praeparabis (cucurbitam), Colum. 11, 3, 50; sarmenta quoque in merce sunt—included among ĩbings for sale, Plin. 12, 118; **2.** gen. in pl. merces fallaces, Cic. Rab. post. 39; Poeni primi mercibus suis inexplebiles cupiditates inportauerunt in Graeciam, Cic. rep. 3, p. 832 Halm; nec nautica pinus Mutabit merces, Verg. B. 4, 38; Indicarum mercium emporium, Plin. 5, 60; **3.** merx in sing., a stock of goods, a ship's freight, at ego quasi ex aliqua peregrina merce lusus meos tibi prodo (promo?), Plin. ep. 4, 14, 1; **4.** met. w. mala, a bad piece of goods, of a person, nugas agunt, malas noui ego illas merces, Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 21; see mers; **5.** a nom. merx seems not to occur in classical authors but, *φορτιον* ouus fascis merces merx sarcina, Cyril. Gloss.; **6.** see mers and merces.

**mĕta**, ac, f. [for ment-a, and that from men- root of mensus mensor—hence mentula] lit. that which marks a measure or distance (as our mile-stone)—hence the conical or sugar-loaf stone at the end of a race-course, goal, hence uet., Nec procul a mĕtis quas paene tenere uidebar Curriculo grauis est facta ruina meo, Ov. tr. 4, 8, 35; Iamquo propinquabam scopulo mĕtamquĕ tenebant, Verg. 5, 159; optatam cursu contingere metam, Hor. A. P. 412; Hic labor extremus, longarum haec meta uiarum, Verg. 3, 714; metasque dati peruenit ad aeu, 10, 472; add 1, 274; 12, 546; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 1; a. a. 2, 727; in two of wh. note the pl.; **2.** as the race commonly included more than one lap (spatium), the meta was the turning-point where it was a nice matter to save space, metaque...Euitata rotis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 5; Nunc stringam metas interiore rota, Ov. am. 3, 2, 12; Raditur hic elegis ultima meta meis, 3, 15,



2; *Brumalis adeat flexus* (sc. sol) atque indo reuertens Cancris se ut uertat metas ad solstitialis, Lucr. 5, 617; in hoc flexu quasi aetatis fama adulescentis paulum adhaesit ad metas, Cic. Cael. 75; **3.** gen. a cone, or cone-shaped thing, collis est in modum metae in acutum cacumen a fundo satis lato fastigatus, Liv. 37, 27, 7; in umbram terrae quae est meta noctis, Cic. N. D. 2, 17; neque aliud esse noctem quam terrae umbram figuram autem umbrae similem metae, Pliu. 2, 47; (foenum) in metas—conical haystacks—exstrui easque ipsas in angustissimos uertices exacti, Colum. 2, 19, 2; uimine contextus saccus inuersae metae similis, 9, 15, 12; called torta meta by Mart. 13, 28, 1; lactantes metas, 1, 43, 7 and metam lactis, 3, 58, 35, a cheese; **4.** meta sudans, a spot at Rome, Sen. ep. 56, 4; S. Ruf. reg. urb. 4.

**mētiōr**, *iri*, mensus, vb. r. [for *mentior*, and this from a lost sb. *ment-i*-a measure, wh. again from a lost vb. *men* measure, whence part. mensus meta mensor etc.; *men*=S, ma measure, Go. mat, Li. mat-ōju;=also *μετ* of *μετρον*, mod of modus, *μελ* of *μελ-ος* *μελ-εταω*, *μεδ* of *μεδιμνος*, med of meditor.]

**mētīcūlōsus** (later, *metic.*), adj. [impl. a sb. *metuculus*, dim. of *metus* (*metuc-*) full of petty fears, timid, as first of living creatures, Nullus hoc meticulosus (so Fleck.; Lind. Nullus est hoc meticulosus aequae, as though the *i* were short; but *metuculosus*?), Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 137 (142); leporem meticulosum, Apul. flor. 1, 2 f.; **2.** w. abstract nouu, admiratus res tantas meticulosa obseruatione custodi, Arnob. 5, 28; **3.** causing fear, fearful, Nescis quam metienlosa (so CD) res sit ire ad iudicem, Plaut. Most. 5, 1, 52; **4.** Fr. *méticuleux*.

**mēus** (old *mēus* or *meus* monos.), a, um, voc. m. mi (for *me*), adj. [mei gen. of ego, cf. G. *mein*, E. *mine* also a gen. in origin, as in *gedenke mein*, think of me; cf. *tuus suus noster uoster*] mine, my, my own, P. Estne hic mēus sodalis? M. Estne hic hostis quem aspicio mēus? Plaut. Bac. 3, 6, 5; ego ista sum omnia dimensus; mei sunt ordines, mea descriptio, multae etiam istarum arborum mea manu sunt satae, Cic. sen. 59; meis in uos meritis quae sunt adhuc mea noluntate leuora, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 10; siquid mea carmina possunt, Verg. 9, 446;—where note that *meus* before its noun is always emphatic; **2.** met. of one captured, *meus* hic est: hamum uorat, Pl. Cure. 3, 6, 61; 'Vicinus et meus est' exclamat Nais, Ov. M. 4, 356; **3.** w. first person, one's own master, quod quidem ego facerem, nisi plano esse uellem meus (independent of other thinkers): and soon after: prorsus assentior..., te esse malo tuum, Cic. leg. 2, 17; pauidum gelidumque trementi Corpore uixque meum (in my senses) format deus, Ov. M. 3, 689; and lit.: Vindicta postquam meus a praetore recessi, Pers. 5, 88; **4.** of affection or friendship, my, my own, my dear, quid istuc est mi uir negoti? Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 4; add 2, 2, 78, 84, and 180; Mi Pamphile, huius formam atque aetatem uides, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 51; An obsecro mea Pythias, Eun. 4, 3, 14; add Ad. 2, 4, 4; 5, 7, 3; Nero meus mirificas apud me tibi gratias egit, Cic. fam. 13, 64, 1; ita Hispanem meum per me ornaris, 13, 65, 2; **5.** often in irony or contempt, quantasque hic... mihi conflauit sollicitudines Meus carnufex, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 27; Talis iste meus stupor nil uidet, nihil audit, Catul. 17, 21; homo meus se in pulpito Totum prostermit, Phaedr. 5, 8, 32; homo meus coepit ad stelas facere, Petr. 62; **6.** absol. my friend, my relative, Iliac cineres et flamma extrema meorum, Verg. 2, 431; **7.** in my nature, non est mentiri meum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 38; non meast simulatio, 4, 5, 34; non finisse meum quem multis saepe orationibus decerassent, hunc uno uiolare uersu, Cic. Pis. 75; si intelligis quam meum sit curare quid in re publica fiat, Cic. Att. 5, 13, 3; add fam. 6, 5, 2; **8.** meus as sb. m, my master in Apul. (= noster of Ter.) nec moratus meus (so F. al. meus dominus), M. 9, 33; at meus adhuc maerore permixtus, 9, 39; **9.** in a pecul. sense, honoribus asino meo tributis, Apul. M. 7, 15; add 9, 13 f.; 11, 16; of the ass

into wh. the speaker Lucius had been changed; and vice versa, meo Lucio, 10, 29; 11, 2, 5; cf. suum hominem, Arnob. 1, 65; **10.** moum as sb. n., my property or stock, Obsonat, potat, olet unguenta: de meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 37; nihil addo de meo, Cic. har. resp. 40; **11.** mi in late writers, as fem. voc., parce inquit (ad anum), mi parens, Apul. M. 4, 26; mi soror, 5, 16; quietem interpellat uxoris 'Mi coniu...', 8, 8; mi domina, Eustochium, Hier. ep. 22, 1; mi catella, 22, 29; mi uirgo, 22, 38;—the lines w. mi sidus in Apul. mag. 10 are spurious; **12.** as voc. pl. o mi hospites, Petr. 116; but in Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 8 Loca haec circiter excidit mihi. Mei homines, Mei spectatores, facite iudicium, si quis..., the bacchiae metre req. a disyl. mēi (cf. Haupt Herm. 4, 33); **13.** meus as voc. m. s., Proice tela manu, sauguis meus, Verg. 6, 836; eia Solli meus, Sid. ep. 1, 9 med.; domine meus, 4, 10; **14.** meum as gen. pl., maiorum meum, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 63; Cas. 2, 6, 66; **15.** meus w. long penult. at times in old writers, if emphatic, as Plaut.: Magis nunc mēum officium facere, si huic eam aduersum, arbitror, Amph. 2, 2, 43; Non metuo quin mēae uxori latae suppetiae sient, 5, 1, 54; Qui simulauit mēi honoris mittere huc causa coquos, Aul. 3, 4, 4; mēus intus, 3, 4, 6; mēast; mala crux, Cas. 2, 6, 64; mēam amicam, Cist. 2, 1, 14; mēi honoris, Mil. 3, 1, 26; hodiast mēa, Pers. 1, 1, 34; mēo amico, 2, 3, 3; Em mea malefacta, em mēam anaritia tibi, Trin. 1, 2, 148; Nec quibus modis me mēae uxori purigem scio (so T H K, partly cj.), Cas. 5, 3, 5; also Ter. as: Maledicta famam mēum amorem et peccatum in se transtulit, Ad. 2, 3, 10; and prob. Catul. as: Mēas esse aliquid putare nugas, 1, 4; Mēae deliciae, mei lepores, 32, 2; Mēus crimina Caluus explicasset, 53, 3; cf. form *εμεο*; also It. mio mia and Phil. Soc. Tr. for 1870; and cf. the scansion of sūs tūs; **16.** for meus mea, etc. as monos. cf. Fr. ma=mea.

**milua**, ae, f. a kite, met. suadeo bonum tuum concoquas milua, Petr. fr. trag. 75.

**miluāgo**, inis, f. a sea-fish = miluus § 4, miluago quoties cernetur extra aquam uoluitans tempestates mutari Trebicus auctor est, Plin. 32, 15.

**miluinus**, adj. of a kite; An tu inuenire postulas quemquam coquam Nisi miluinus aut aquilinis unguis? Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 63; pullus, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 6 met.; plumae, Plin. 37, 167; genus, Petr. fr. trag. 42 f.; tibia, Solin. 5 med. and Paul. ex Fest. 123; pes, kite's-foot a plant perh. = *καταραχη*; cf. Plin. 27, 57; **2.** but in Pl. Men. 1, 3, 29 read: Madida quae me adposita in mensam bulimiam (*βουλιμια*) suggerant, wh. for miluuiam of the palimpsest. Ritschl (opus. 2, 599 n.) after Bernays reads bulimam.

**miluus**, i, m. [?] a kite, falco miluus Linu., Qui istuc? Quia non rete accipitri tennitur neque miluō, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 16; miluo est quoddam bellum quasi naturale cum coruo, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; adulteretur et columba miluō, Hor. epod. 16, 32; Vt uolucris uisis rapidissima miluūs extis... Flectitur in girum, Ov. M. 2, 716; add am. 2, 6, 34; Columbae saepe cum fugissent miluū, Phaedr. 1, 33, 3; add Plin. 10, 28; **2.** met., Tene sis me arto mea uoluptas, male ego metno miluōs, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 13; **3.** prov. of a vast estate, Diues arat Curibus quantum non miluus (disyl.) oberreret, Pers. 4, 26; tot praedia seruas Appula, tot miluōs intra tua pascua lassos, Iuv. 9, 55; **4.** a carnivorous fish, called also miluago, a garnet, et opertum miluus hamum (sc. metuit), Hor. ep. 1, 16, 51; et nigro tergore milui, Ov. Hal. 95; **5.** a constellation, Stella Lycaoniam uergit proliuis ad Arcton Miluūs: haec illa nocte uidentia uenit, Ov. F. 3, 794; **6.** note miluus a trisyl. with *i* in Pl. Ter. Hor. Phaedr.; a disyl.; or trisyl. with *i* in Pers. Iuv.; while Ov. has both.

**minax**, ācis, adj. [mineo] over-hanging, minae Pendentem scopulo, Verg. 8, 668; and perh. miuaci Robore cum saxi franguntur (fruges), Lucr. 1, 881; **2.** threatening, Indutionaro isti minaci atque arroganti, Cio. Font. 36; litterae, fam. 16, 11, 2; fluuii, Verg. G. 3, 77; uox, Hor. od. 1, 10, 10; uerba, Ov. M. 1, 91; boues, 11, 37; nox, Tac. an. 1, 28; ripae, Plin. pan. 56, 7; **3.** pestilential



coorta minacior quam perniciosior, Liv. 4, 52, 3; minacissimus, Suet. Cal. 51.

**minister**, tri, m. [strictly a compar. of min, root of minimus; opp. of magister; cf. sinister *ἀπιστερος*] an inferior servant, attendant, help-mate, Centum aliae (sc. famulae) totidemquo pares aetate ministri, Verg. 1, 705; minister oras vulneris leniter diducere debet, medicus intestina condere, Cels. 7, 16; m. Phrygius, the cup-bearer Ganymede, Mart. 12, 15, 7; Val. F. 5, 695; **2.** esp. in religious service, attendant-priest, minister, Martiales appellabantur, ministri publici Martis, Cic. Clu. 43; stans hostia ad aram... Inter cunctantis cecidit moribunda ministros, Verg. G. 3, 488; add Ov. F. 1, 319; Stat. silu. 3, 1, 86; **3.** with gen. of duty or charge, legum, Cic. Clu. 146; veteris Falerni, Catul. 27, 1; totius rei, Liv. 33, 28, 11; cubiculi, 3, 57, 3; fulminis, Hor. od. 4, 4, 1; consiliorum storum, Vell. 2, 129;

**4.** esp. in a bad sense, scelorum, Lucr. 3, 61; seditio-num, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 13; lubricis, am. 35; irarum, Liv. 24, 25, 9; **5.** often in abl. Calcante ministro, with aid of, Verg. 2, 100; Hannibale ministro, Liv. 34, 60, 1; **6.** met. of things and as an adj., ardore ministro, Lucr. 5, 297; m. baculo, Ov. lb. 261; sit anulus tuns non minister alienae uoluntatis sed testis suae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; see ministra.

**ministra**, ae, f. [see minister] a servant, attendant, Accipiat missas apta ministra notas, Ov. a. a. 3, 470; tristes sua pensa ministrae Carpebant, Prop. 4, 5, 15; **2.** in religious service, Cur sit nigrineis quaeris dea culta ministras, Ov. F. 6, 283; add 3, 47; 6, 441; necessarium credidi ex duabus ancillis quae ministrae dicebantur quid esset veri et per tormenta quaerere, Plin. ep. 10, 96, 8 (of Christians); **3.** with gen. of charge, pacisque bonas bellicae ministras, Verg. 11, 655; **4.** met. of things, when of fem. g., (uirtutes) uoluptatum ministras, Cic. fin. 2, 37; huic tanto facinori tua domus ministra, Cacl. 52; (manus) caedis scelerumque ministras, Ov. am. 1, 7, 27.

**miser**, ēra, ērum, adj. [= *μυγερος* and *στυγερος*, which seem to imply a root *σμου*; G. mülhe, trouble, akin] wretched, unhappy, hapless, illfated, poor (in sense of pity), Volturus spinet miserum mandebat hominem, Enn. an. 141 V; omnium miserimus, com. 1 V; in senecta hoc deputo miserimum, Caecil. 28 R; nihil est tam miserabile quam ex beato miser, Cic. part. or. 57; o multo miserior Dolabella quam ille quem tu miserimum esse uoluisti, Phil. 11, 8; **2.** is often parenthetic, and so should be translated where it stands—poor fellow, poor wretch—as in: foribus (miser) oscula figit, Lucr. 4, 1179; Ebruius urgeris multis (miser) undique curis, 3, 1051; **3.** causing pain, wretched to see etc., bonum liberi, misera orbitas, Cic. fin. 5, 84; rem miseram et calamitosam, Rosc. Am. 77; ambitio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; **4.** met. of things, wretched, pitiable, carmen, Verg. B. 3, 27; uinea miserior, Pall. 9, 2; uirgulta, 2, 13, 4; interdum iumentis misera fit coxa, Veg. uet. 3, 18, 1; **5.** with gen., miseros ambitionis, Plin. pan. 58; miseri morum, Stat. Th. 4, 403; and prob. cultūs miser, Hor. s. 2, 2, 66; **6.** adv. misere, wretchedly, moriri sese misere mauolet Qnam..., Pl. As. 1, 1, 108; ad beate misereue uiuendum, Cic. fin. 3, 50; nemo ex Olynthiis miserius seruit quam qui... Sen. coutr. 329, 7 B; **7.** pitiable, est misero scriptum Pseudule. O miserame, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 72; misere... eius noctem orantem, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 124; **8.** hence with adj. of bad sense to intensify it, utterly, m. perditus, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 1; m. miseri, Cist. 4, 2, 21; **9.** so with another adv. misere nimis cupio, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; **10.** with verbs wretchedly, painfully, m. deperit, loves to utter distraction, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 12; m. amat, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 33; bnt in Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 32 only a bad cj.; inuidere m., Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 22; m. quaerens, Hor. s. 1, 9, 8; Bassus misere noluit mihi legionem tradere, Cass. ad Cic. fam. 12, 12, 3.

**mitto**, ēre, mīsi, missum, vb. (root mit, go), lit. cause to go; hence send by physical force and first with violence, send flying, hurl, throw, Nunc eum uolo de tuo pouto mittere pronum, Catul. 17, 23; sacraeque ex arce Mineruao Praecipitem misit, Ov. M. 8, 250; hastam, Enn. an. 365 V;

Ov. M. 11, 18; fulmina, Hor. od. 1, 12, 59; pila, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 2; **2.** also with little effort, throw, panem cani, Phaedr. 1, 25, 3; add 2, 3, 2; talis iactatus ut quisque canem aut senionem miserat..., Suet. Aug. 71; **3.** more gently still, place, put, Alexandrum aiunt Xenophante canente manum ad arma misisse, Sen. ira 2, 2, 6; pira in nasculo, Pall. 3, 25, 11; baccas in linteo, 3, 31, 1; grana in fiscella, 4, 10, 10; add 11, 14, 6 and 10; cf. Fr. mettre; **4.** with effort, withdraw, let go, Mittam equidem istunc aestumatum tua fide, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 101; neque ille uoluit mittere, Poeu. pr. 100; Vuo uerbo eloquere, mittin me intro? Truc. 4, 2, 43; Mittite, nauu attractatu et quassu Saeuom amplificatis dolore, Pacuv. 266 R; S. Quo abis? D. Mitte me, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 5; Non missura eutem uisi plena cruoris hirudo, Hor. A. P. 476; **5.** esp. let (a prisoner or one arrested) go: quemcunque lietor iussu couculis premissis, tribunus mitti inheret, Liv. 3, 11, 2; mittique eum se iubere, 38, 60, 6; N. Magium deprehendi. Scilicet meo instituto usus sum et eum statim missum feci, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7, C, 2; **6.** discharge (a soldier), nonam legionem cum ignominia missam fecit, Suet. Caes. 69; missus honesta missione, inser. Or. 941; **7.** or gladiator, Flamma sec(utor) pugnat xxxiii uicet xxi mis(sus) mii, 2571; add 2581; **8.** geu. dismiss, remotis sine omnino missis lietoribus; **9.** esp. of bodies in council, ita praetorium missum, Liv. 21, 54, 2; misso repente senatu se ex curia proripuit, 8, 30, 11; **10.** let go, drop, Anlaeo misso, Phaedr. 5, 7, 23; Cretatam praetor cum uellet mittere mappam, Mart. 12, 29, 9; liberto mittente mappam, Suet. Ner. 22—the signal in Nero's time for starting the horses in the Circus; **11.** but something similar was employed before, hence: Exspectant ueluti consul cum mittere signum Volt, omnes auidi spectant ad carceris oras, Enu. an. 87 V; carceres dicti quod coercentur equi ne inde exeant antequam magistratus signum misit, Varr. l. 5, 31, p. 153 Sp.; hence m. equos, etc., at the races, Quadriugos aequo carcere misit equos, Ov. am. 3, 2, 66; add her. 17, 166; nt esset qui ludis Romanis signum mittendis quadrigis daret, Liv. 8, 40, 2; consuli ad quadrigas mittendas escendenti, 45, 1, 6;

**12.** put forth, send out (of vegetable growth), radices, Colum. 3, 18, 6; folium, Plin. 18, 58; album florem, 24, 60; **13.** of sound, put forth, utter, Denique si uocem rerum natura repente Mittat, Lucr. 3, 931; uocem pro republica neminem mittere, Cic. Sest. 42; si captiuae uocem supplicem mittere licet, Liv. 30, 12, 12; qui uocem liberam mittere aduersus regis legatum auderent, 35, 32, 6; add 1, 31, 4; 3, 56, 6; incassum missae preces, 2, 49, 8; haec Scipionis oratio ex ipsius ore Pompeii mitti uidebatur, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 1; neseit uox missa reuerti, Hor. A. P. 390; uocem mittunt mares (ranae), Plin. 11, 172; sibila, Ov. M. 3, 38; **14.** put forth to the eye, esp. with signum, show, Conueniebat enim fruges quoque saepe minaci Robore cum saxi franguntur mittere signum Sauginis aut aliquid, nostro quae corpore aluatur, Lucr. 1, 882; Afranianos contra multus rebus sni timoris signa misisse, Caes. b. c. 1, 71, 3; add Verg. G. 1, 229; Prop. 4, 9, 3; **15.** m. sanguinem, let blood, sanguinem incisa uena mitti nouum non est, sed nullum paene morbum esse iu quo non mittatur nouum est, Cels. 2, 10, 1; minime crudo sauguis mittendus, ib. p. 53, 22; sauginem tibi a capite mittam, Petr. 90; and met., Appius cum ἐξ ἀφαιρέσεως prouinciae uarant, sanguinem miserit, *προσανατρεφομένην* eam a me non libenter audit, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 2; missus est sauguis inuidia sine dolore, 1, 16, 11; **16.** put (into writing), multa huius ferutur sed longum est ea iu litteras mittere, Vop. Tac. 11, 8; qui eius uitam in litteras miserunt, Lampr. Alex. S. 48, 6; 13, 5.

**17.** with acc. of abstract nouns, let go, banish, lay aside, drop, mitto maledicta omnia, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 9; mitte iam istaec, 5, 3, 52; ambages, Liv. 6, 16, 1; 34, 59, 1; chiefly in poets, Mitte leues spes et certamina diuitiarum, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 9; maestum timorem, Verg. 1, 202; hauc curam, 6, 85; Syphaeis reconciliandi eura, Liv. 30, 3, 4; **18.** esp. in words, say nothing about, pass over, drop, mitto eiuem ant senatorem... quis illo grauior iu laudando? Cic. Brut. 65; mitto proelia, praetereo oppugnationes oppidorum, Mur. 33; mitto de amissa maxima parte exercitus, Pl. 47; mitto



quod omnis meas tempestates subieris, fam. 15, 4, 12; **19.** with inf., leave off, cease, mitte male loqui, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 2; pro nobis mitte precari, Ov. M. 3, 614; Mitte scetari, Hor. od. 1, 38, 3; **II 20.** send, quo mittis istanc quaeso? Iube maneat, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 14; mitte mecum Romam equitatum, Cato orig. 21, 2 1; filium suum ad propinquum mittit ad cenam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 65; (equitatum) auxilio Caesari miserant, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 10; **21.** w. supine, missast ancilla ilico Obstetricem accessitum ad eam, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 34; his pontibus pabulatum mittebat, Caes. b. c. 1, 40, 1; **22.** with qui and subj. misimus qui pro uectura solueret, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; misi qui hoc ei diceret, Phil. 1, 12; qui cognoscereut, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 1; Denique ego sum missus te ut requirem atque adducerem, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 41; Curio misi ut medico honos haberetur, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 3; ad Lingonam litteras misit ne eos frumento iuarent, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; **23.** with inf. Ego huc missa sum ludere, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 49; parasitum missi (perf. ind.) nudius quartus Cariam Petere argentum, Curc. 1, 3, 50; Misit porro orare ut nenirem serio, Ter. Euu. 3, 3, 22; celoem in Africam mittit uisere locum ubi exercitum exponat, Cael. Ant. ap. Char. 203, 32 K; Omnia namque tuo senior te quaerere misso Rettulerat gnato, Ov. her. 1, 37; Semper in Oceano mittit me quaerere gemmas, Prop. 3, 7, 17; **24.** with ad and gerundive, missis ad id nisendum prodigium, Liv. 1, 31, 2; missos ad arcendam (eam) non recepisse, Suet. Oth. 3; **25.** with causa and gen. of gerund, ne mittas quidem nisendi causa quemquam, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 7; **26.** with acc. and inf. of message (an idea implied in legatos, nuntios, litteras), legatos ad me misit se in mea castra esse uenturum, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 5; quum nuntios ad ducem mitterent premi sese, Liv. 33, 7, 6; miserat ad legatum Romanum traditum se urbem, 34, 29, 9; litteras misit sibi proclive fuisse Samum capere nisi..., ps. Nep. 13, 3, 4; **27.** so with litteras understood, Mittit Hypermestra detot modo fratribus uni, Ov. her. 14, 1; hodie Spintherem exspecto, misit enim Brutus ad me, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; **28.** with dat. of whither, Quando ego te...morti misero, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 34; Ille manus olim missuras Hecora leto..., Ov. F. 5, 385.

**moenia**, ium n. pl. [=munia, wh. see, as also munio s. below] lit. parts, as first duties (allotted), Atque agrum me (eum agrum me mss) habere quam te tua qui toleres moenia, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 61; Tamen niuimus nos, tamen efficiamus pro opibus nostra moenia, St. 5, 4, 13; Prohibit quin (quae mss) moenia aliundo (alia unde mss) ego fungar mea, Pl. ap. Fest. 145, 31; moenia praeter aedificia significant etiam et munia, hoc est officia, Paul. ex F. 151, 6; **2.** great works produced by the distributed labour of many, esp. fortifications, lines, esp. walls, Qua Galli furtim noctu summa areis adorti, Moenia concubia uigilesque repente cruentant, Enn. an. 170 V; Signa extemplo canere ae tela ob moenia offerre imperat, Att. 385 R; nulla iam pernicies a monstro illo moenibus ipsis intra moenia comparabitur, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Non illum tectis ullae non moenibus urbes Acceperat, Verg. 11, 567; domicilia coniuncta quas urbes diuinus inuento et diuino iure et humano ut (so Rauins, mss om. ut) moenibus saepserunt, Cic. Sest. 91; oppidum altissimis moenibus oppugnare, Caes. b. c. 3, 80, 6; intra moenia sunt hostes, Sal. Cat. 52, 35; nullae eum urbes accipiunt, nulla moenia, Liv. 22, 39, 13; **3.** moenia, muri et alia muniendae urbis gratia facta, Fest. 145, 27; **4.** buildings gen., Diuidimus muros et moenia pandimus urbis, Verg. 2, 234; wh. Serv. moenia esse urbis tecta aedes...; Moenia lata uidet triplici circumdata muro, 6, 549; At nunc semirutis pendunt quod moenia tectis Urbibus Italiae lapsisque ingentia muris Saxa iacent..., Lucan. 1, 24; Zama cuius moenia rex Iuba duplici muro saepsit, Vitr. 8, 4; Aeneas...muro moenia amplexus est, Flor. 1, 4, 2; **5.** met. walls, boundaries, mundi, Lncr. 1, 73; 5, 454; 6, 123; caeli, Ov. M. 2, 401; naturae, Manil. 1, 151; theatri, Lucr. 4, 82; nauis, Ov. M. 11, 532; **6.** in sing., apud emporium in campo hostium pro moene, Enn. (or Naev.) ap. Fest. 145, 24; **7.** as from a nom. moenium, licet ueteres contra artem moeniorum dixerint et

anciliorum, Cled. 43, 7; so abl. moeniis, inscr. Or. 408, 1, 34; **8.** moen- = moer- (cf. moerus, murus) =  $\mu\epsilon\rho$  of  $\mu\epsilon\rho\sigma$  (cf.  $\mu\alpha\rho\iota\sigma$ ) divide, allot; for where a great work as fortifications or road-building is to be done, the work is distributed.

**mōl-a**, ae, f. [mol-o erush, grind; akin to but not fm.  $\mu\omega\lambda\eta$ ,  $\mu\omega\lambda\lambda\omega$ ] a grindstone, eicera cum suspensa mola diuisa est, Colum. 2, 10, 35 (12); suspensa mola oliuam frangito, 12, 54, 2—i.e. the upper mill-stone somewhat raised so as not fully to crush; in the latter ease, ne nucleus...confringatur, 12, 52, 6; **2.** in plur. mola, a mill (esp. note the words marked \*, and the contrast†), esp. for grinding corn, worked by wind, water, animals, the hand, Quo me ducis? Vbi molarum strepitum audibis maximum, Enn. com. ap. Non. 506, 3; Tantum ibi mola, e crepitum faciebant (f. e.?), tintinnabant compedes, Naev. ap. Fest. 364 M; Nam plus quaesti facerem, quam quadrinas\* (note the distrib.) si haberem molas, Pomp. ap. Non. 483, 25; age anus, accinge ad molas, id. 469, 28; Et quae puniceas uersat asella molas, Ov. F. 6, 318; ut Rhodi uideretur molis potius quam Moloni operam dedisse, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 9; hordeum molis frangunt, Plin. 18, 72; cum (Plautus) ob quaerendum nictum ad circumagendas molas quae trusatiles appellatur operam pistori locasset, Gell. 3, 3, 14; molarum circinationem, Vitr. 10, 10, 2; ut ibi formati aquariis molis sine animalium uel hominum labore frumenta frangantur, Pall. 1, 42; **3.** in the punishment of slaves, quid ego eesso Pseudulum Facere ut det nomen ad Molas coloniam? Pl. Ps. 4, 6, 38; uerbera compedes mola...haec pretia sunt ignauiae, Men. 5, 6, 12; plusculum annum Fui praeferratus apud molas tribum uapularis, Pers. 1, 1, 19; Poen. 5, 3, 33; **4.** for other things than corn, as for oil, molas asinarias unas\*, Cato r. 10, 4; mola oleariae, Varr. r. 1, 55, 5; oleo conficiendo mola utiliores sunt quam trapetum†..., Colum. 1, 52, 6; for wine, molas asinarias unas\*, trusatiles unas, Cato r. 11, 4; for lupins and beans, Vtraque de nigris comminuenda molis, Ov. med. fae. 72; for vetches, see Colum. § 1; **5.** mola sing. a mill, only in late writers, Signipedes dignique molam (so Rup. tacite, but Forc. quotes molas) uersare Nepotis, Iuv. 8, 67; Fortunata mola buxea piper truiuit, Petr. 74; but in the passage of Pomp. ap. Non. v. festiuatim 534, 1 asellam of as is better than Ribbeck's cj. molam; **II 6.** ground spelt etc., meal, as sprinkled in religious rites, te prodigiali Ioui Aut mola salsa hodie aut ture conprecata oportuit, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 108; caput est in iecore, cor in extis: iam abscedet, simul ae molam et unum insperseris, Cic. diu. 2, 37; Sparge molam, Verg. B. 8, 82; cf. Serv.; ne possent saeva nocere Somnia ter saneta deuenienda mola, Tib. 1, 5, 14; Numa instituit deos fere colere et mola salsa supplicare, Plin. 18, 7; mola tantum salsa litant qui non habent tura; 18 pr. 11; in sacrificiis mola quae uocatur ex farre et sale constat, Val. M. 2, 5, 5; add Mart. 7, 54, 5; Sen. Thy. 688; Fest. 141 M; **III 7.** a hard scirrhus tumour in utero, Plin. 7, 63; 10, 184; **8.** hence immolo sacrifice, immolate.

**mōlior**, iri, itus, vb. r. [moles sb.] heave, put out all one's strength, horam amplius eam in demoliendo signo moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; **2.** with acc., montes sede sua, Liv. 9, 3, 3; ualidam in uitis molire bipennium, Verg. G. 4, 331; fulmina, 1, 329; ferro molirier arua, Lucr. 5, 934; terram aratro, Verg. G. 1, 494; **3.** esp. an anchor, pereussa ex alto uela paulo acriori uento prius in portum intulerant quinqueremes quam Poeni ancoras molirentur, Liv. 18, 17, 15; and abs. quaedam (naues) a Nicandro dum moluntur a terra captae, 37, 11, 12; una et traicisse me audietis...et moliri (al. Madv.) hinc Hannibalem, 28, 44, 6; euolatur iam e conspectu fere quadriremis eum etiam tum ceterae naues moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 88; molientibus ab terra naues Philippus superuenit, Liv. 28, 7, 7; and met. et nosti mores mulierum, Dum moluntur (getting under weigh), dum comuntur annus est, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 11; **4.** build or construct with great effort, force on, hurry on, Ergo audius muros optatae molior urbis, Verg. 3, 132; classem, 3, 6; 4, 308; puppim, Val. F. 1, 94;



uallum, Tac. h. 2, 40; **5.** force a passage through, force, breach, exustus foribus quas nulla moliri potuerant ui, Liv. 25, 36, 13; concursus ad ianuam facto moliturus fores, Tac. an. 1, 39; moliturus templorum fores, 2, 82; (hasta) uiam clipei molita per oras, Verg. 10, 477; **6.** met. force, quotidie eiciendo uorandi facultatem moliturus, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 28 D; si nihilominus uigilant, quidam somnum moliturus potui dando aquam in qua papauer aut hyoseyamm decoctum sit, 3, 18, p. 100, 23; non contentus agrariis legibus fidem moliri coepit—undermine—Liv. 6, 11, 8; **7.** esp. of plotting, move heaven and earth, leave no stone unturned, Sp. Cassium de occupando regno molientem, Cic. rep. 2, 60; agam per me ipse et moliar, fam. 6, 10, 2; **8.** with acc. devote all one's energies to, labour at, multitudo nec cessantium deorum, nec ea quae agant molientium cum labore operoso ac molesto, Cic. N. D. 2, 59; moliri coepit insidias filio, Cln. 176; optimis ciuibus periculum moliri, Sest. 1; peregrina regna, Liv. 1, 47, 4; fugam, Verg. 2, 109; triumphos, Ov. M. 14, 719; bellum Parthienum animo molientem, Vell. 2, 46, 2; imperium sibi, Tac. h. 1, 5; molitur crimina et accusatorem qui obiceret (Lolliae) Chaldaeos, an. 12, 22, doing all she could to find grounds for accusation and a person to act as accuser; **9.** with inf., mundum efficere, Cic. Tim. 4 f.; fallere, Val. F. 3, 490; subducere, 6, 625; **10.** as a pass. the part. molientis, oratione molieuda (sunt) amor odium iracundia..., Cic. or. 2, 206, one must labour to rouse the feelings of; but in Apul. 11, 9 deae pompa moliebatur, was working its laborious way.

**mollis**, e, adj. [for mol-ilis from molo (= μολλω) pound, and so make soft; and so akin to μαλακος and μαλασσω. Not for mouillis].

**mōnile**, adj. n. as sb. [lit. of the neck; cf. Welsh mwyn-wg neck, mwn-dorch neck-collar, mwndlws neck-lace; also *μαννος* *μαννακιον* necklace, and *μανιακης* bracelet] a necklace (for women chiefly), monile ex auro et gemmis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; ut monilibus et margaritis deformationi uiri, Quint. 11, 1, 3; colloque monile Baecatum, Verg. 1, 654; ornabant aurata monilia collum (of the boy Athis), Ov. M. 5, 52; add her. 9, 57; Transpadanorum feminis monilium uice succina gestantibus, Plin. 37, 44; **2.** of a horse's neck-trappings, Verg. 7, 278; of a stag's, Ov. M. 10, 113.

**mōs**, mōris, m. [for mōr-ōs- and so for mon-os from man-eo; hence one with our manner; cf. ōs ōris for ōs-ōs-? n. wh. see; as sorores has become Fr. soeurs, so mor-ores Fr. moerens].

**Mulcēb-er**, (Mulcib.) bēris\*, bēri† or bri†, m. [see below] a name of Vulcan, as the Hammerer, Mulciber Arma ignauo inuicta es fabricatus manu, Att. 559 R; Iouisque numen Mulcebrī† (so best mss) adsciuit manus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 23 (from Aeschylus); Volk. miti siue Mulciberof, inscr. Or. 1382; Mulciber† in Troiam, pro Troia stabat Apollo, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 5; Mulciberis\* capti Marsque Venusque dolis, a. a. 2, 562; Denique Mulciber et (so mss) ipse fereus altissima caeli, Egnat. ap. Macr. 6, 5, 2; where Macr. himself: Mulciber est Vulcanus quod ignis sit et omnia mulceat ac domet; Mulciber dictus est quod omnia mulceat, id est, molliat ac uincat, Don. ap. Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 8; Mulciber Vulcanus a molliendo ferro dictus, Paul. ex F. 144; **2.** poet. of fire, alimentaque cetera flammae Mulciber urebat, Ov. M. 14, 533; add 9, 263; deorante Mulcifero (so Eyss.), Mart. C. 6, 576 (189); Mulciber Mulciberis\* et Mulcibrī†... quod si est a mulcendo imbri(!) compositum melius simplicis declinationem seruat, Prisc. 696 P; 1, 230, 11 K (same etym. 646 P; 1, 150, 20 K); **3.** mulceb- is an older form of mulce in mulceo, keep striking; cf. lateb-ra, scateb-ra, fieb-ilis, ter-eb-ra; cf. mulco.

**mulceo**, ēre, lsi, lctum or lsum, vb. [for mol-uo-eo, ult. from mol-o pound and so make soft; cf. μαλασσω μαλακος, and mulco] pound, thump, or strike, Mulserat huc nauem compulsam fluctibus poutus, Enn. au. 257 V (referred by

Prisc. 870 P; 1, 465 K to mulgeo); Igniferum mulcens tremebundis aethera pennis, Cic. Arat. 88; Aera mulcens motu, Lucr. 4, 136 (138); Frigidus argestes summus mulcebit aristas, Ov. F. 5, 161; hence prob. name of Mulceber for Vulcan the Hammerer; **2.** soften by beating, mulcere est mollire siue lenire, Paul. ex Fest. 144 M; **3.** by pressure of hand along a limb towards the heart the course of the blood in the veins is aided which relieves the pain of fatigue etc., hence stroke gently and so please, cf. permulceo, stroke gently, Pendulaque aduaci mulcet palearia dextra, Ov. M. 7, 117; mulcendaque colla Quamlibet ignotis manibus praebere solebat, 10, 118; add a. a. 2, 341; F. 1, 259; si mulceatur barba (hircorum), Plin. 28, 198; caput, Quint. 11, 3, 158; **4.** of gentle winds, placidique tepentibus auris Mulcebant Zephyri natos sine semine flores, Ov. M. 1, 108; Mulcet ubi Elysias aura beata rosas, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 60; **5.** of wine, soften, make pleasant, Pocula nec norant succis mulcere Lyaei, Sil. 7, 169; **6.** of pain and ailments, soothe, assuage, relieve, uolnera, Ov. F. 5, 402; dolores neruorum, Plin. 22, 107; os stomachumque, 22, 110; graueolentiam oris, 28, 178; ebrietatem, 21, 138; lassitudinem, 37, 63; **7.** of the mind, esp. anger, soothe, charm, quid me... mulces laudibus? Pac. 395 R; tigris, Verg. G. 4, 510; fluctus (angry waves), A. 1, 66; iras, 7, 755; fessumque Daretam... dietis, 5, 464; Danai puellas carmine, Hor. od. 3, 11, 24; qui gladiis domari non poterant posse iure mulceri, Vell. 2, 117, 3; animos admiratione, Quint. 1, 10, 9; aures, 9, 4, 116; 11, 3, 60; 12, 10, 52.

**Mulciber**, see Mulceber.

**mulco**, āre, vb. frq. [for mol-ico, from mol-o pound, crush; cf. uellico, fodico] keep pounding, pummel, and so gen. maul, cudgel, belabour, thrash, chiefly of personal maltreatment, quod ille... Dicat, disperisti ni usque ad mortem male mulcassitis, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 8; cauto opnst ne huc exeat qui me male mulcet, Most. 4, 2, 23 (p. 131 R); add Truc. 4, 4, 3; omnem familiam Mulcauit usque ad mortem, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 10; add Eun. 4, 7, 4; An mala acetate maus male mulcari exemplis omnibus? Att. 85 R; male mulcati clauis ac fustibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; mulcatus nudatusque abibat, Liv. 3, 11, 8; sperare corpore utcumque mulcato se suos redempturam, 8, 24, 15; mulcati uirgis, 26, 12 f.; licitoribus iudignum in modum mulcatis, 29, 9, 6; prostratos uulneribus mulcant, Tac. an. 1, 32; nudo aut mulcato corpore, 1, 70; haruudinem rapuit iterumque mulcauit, Petr. 134; **2.** of other objects, quinquereis Romana ceteras (triremis) mulcasset, ni..., Liv. 28, 30 f.; **3.** met., scriptores illos male mulcatos exisse, Cic. Brut. 88.

**mūnia**, ium, n. pl. [later form of moenia, wh. see] parts allotted, and so duties, seruis... dum mūniā dēdit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 67; add ep. 2, 2, 131; omnia haec sunt officia necessarium, comoda teuiorum, munia candidato- rum, Cic. Mur. 73; qui suis ceruicibus tanta mūnia sustinent, Sest. 138; ex quo belli pacisque mūnia pro habitu pecuniarum fierent, Liv. 1, 42, 5; maior sexaginta annis iuuenum munia capesabat, 44, 41, 1; consulatum cuius munia praesens obiret, Tac. an. 2, 26; ducis munia implebat, h. 1, 62.

**munio**, ire (old form moenio) vb. [munia sb. n. pl., parts] lit. divide, allot (as duties), Magnam illic, homo, rem incipissis, magna moenis moeuia, Pl. Mil. 2, 73; **2.** hence of vast undertakings, as first in making roads, m. uiam (sc. faciendam), divide road-making among gangs of labourers, make a road, censura clara App. Claudii fuit quod uiam muniiuit, Liv. 9, 29, 5; quasi Appius ille uiam munierit ubi sui posteri impune latrocinarentur, Cic. Mil. 17; loca patefecit, itinera muniiuit, ps. Nep. Han. 3, 4; in Cato r. 2, 4 uiam publicam muniri, rather of repairing; **3.** so m. rupem etc., work upon so as to make a road along, ad rupem municiendam milites ducti, Liv. 21, 37, 2; L. Cassius Longin. pro cos. Tempe muniiuit, CIL 618; per munita (made passable) pleraque transitu fratris quae antea inuia fuerant ducebat, Liv. 27, 39, 7; **4.** m. uiam met., dicam nullam esse in illa disciplina munuitam



ad consulatum uiam, Cic. Mur. 23; abiit ad deos Hercules: nunquam abisset nisi cum inter homines esset eam sibi uiam munisset, Tuse. 1, 32; add or. 2, 202; Mur. 47; Verr. 2, 1, 64: **5.** esp. fortify (a town, camp etc.), Ostia munita est, Enn. an. 145 V; quem locum duplici altissimo muro muuierant, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 3; Palatium primum muniuit, Liv. 1, 7, 3; **6.** met. contra auium minorum morsus munitur uallo aristarum, Cic. sen. 51 (of an ear of corn); munitae sunt palpebrae tamquam uallo pilorum, N. D. 2, 143; tot modis fetu (juglandium) munito, Plin. 15, 86; sapientia munitum pectus, Att. Brut. 33 R; munitio me ad haec tempora, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 2; et luto munire et uineulo inelius, Plin. 17, 118 (of grafting); lieme quaternis cum pingui toga tunicis...muniebatur (he fortified himself), Suet. Aug. 82; **7.** with various prepp. impudentia contra ius et iniurias munitus, Sal. Jug. 33, 2; aduersus fraudes, Plin. 37, 198; Nocturnis ab adulteris, Hor. od. 3, 16, 4; hortum ab incursu hominum pecudumque, Colum. 11, 3, 2; **8.** gen. work (as soldiers etc.), quies muniendo fessis hominibus data, Liv. 21, 37, 6; utrinque summa et muniunt et pugnant, 21, 11, 11; **9.** munitus as an adj. has comp. and superl., dixit aperte se munitiorem ad custodiendam uitam suam fore quam Africanus fuisset, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 3; add off. 2, 15; et loci natura et manu munitissima castra, Caes. b. g. 5, 57, 1.

**mūnus**, (older *moenus*) *eris*, n. [implies a vb. *mūn-* divide; cf. *moenia*, *munia*, *muuio*, *moerus*, *munus*] lit. a part, as first an allotted portion of work, duty, part, office, tuum est hoc munus, tuae partes, Cic. fam. 11, 5, 3; ne munus adsignatum a deo defugisse uideamini, rep. 6, 15; nunc me ad meum munus pensumque reuocabo, or. 3, 119; honoribus et rei publicae muneribus perfunctum, 1, 199; omne officium munusque sapientiae, Font. 36; Tandem ut possimus nostra fungi moenera, Afran. 391 R; Lauteque munus administrasti tuum, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; fera militiae munera belli Vt praestarem, Varr. s. 151, 1 Riese; Effice ut interea fera munera militiae...sopita quiescant, Lucr. 1, 29; **2.** hence the produce of an individual's work, accipies igitur hoc paruum opusculum, quoniam illum maiorum uigiliarum munus in tuo nomine apparuit, Cic. par. 5; nulla eius ingenii monumenta mandata litteris, nullum opus otii, nullum solitudinis munus exstat, off. 3, 4—though these may be referred to § 7; **3.** a portion contributed,

a contribution, esp. towards religious worship, a religious gift, nos munera templis Quippe tuis ferimus, Verg. 4, 217;

**4.** public games etc. exhibited at the cost of aediles etc., as being in honour of some god, esp. in form edere m., P. Crassus functus est aedilicio maximo munere..., magnificentissima uero nostri Pompei munera secundo consulatu, Cic. off. 2, 57; munus magnificentum dederat (Milo), Q. fr. 3, 8, 6; munus edidit impetrata editione ab imp. Antonino, inser. Or. 5020; Hoc quaque cum Cirmi munere carmen eat, Ov. F. 5, 190; **5.** such were often in honour of the dead, L. Papius L. f. Ter. Pollio L. Papius L. f. Fal. patri...munus gladiatorum, CIL 1199; ita illud epulum est funebre ut munus sit funeris, Cic. Vat. 30; erat munus Scipionis dignum et eo ipso et illo Q. Metello cui dabatur, Sest. 124; Caesar primus in aedilitate patris funebri omni adparatu harenae argenteo usus est, Plin. 33, 53; **6.** hence often of funeral honours of a humble kind, Vt te postremo donarem munere mortis, Catul. 101, 3; egregias animas...decorato supremis Muneribus, Verg. 11, 26; fungar inani munere, 6, 887; add Ov. M. 13, 525; Val. F. 5, 14; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 165; **7.** gen. a contribution, a gift, mittit homini munera, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; Aecsten Muneribus cumulat magnis, Verg. 5, 532; quis praecipit uti ueteres amicos muneribus expleant, Sal. Ing. 13, 6; Muneribus seruos corrumpam, Hor. s. 1, 9, 57; Quae uel donanti nou graue muuus erat, Mart. 2, 30, 2;

**8.** esp. in dat. as a gift, with do, mitto etc., Nam sudaria Saetaba ex Hiberis (so Ellis, ex Hiberis Lachm. etc., exhibere mss) Miserunt mihi muneris Fabullus Et Veranius, Catul. 12, 15; quasi cunctam regionem muneris accepissent, Tac. an. 14, 31; regi muneri (al. munere) missum smaragdum, Plin. 37, 74; **9.** so, muneris est tui, is (part) of thy giving, Hor. od. 4, 3, 21; Ov. tr. 1, 6, 6; and M. 14, 125; **10.** again, the gods made their several contributions to mankind, gift: Inter iocosi munera Liberi, Hor. od. 4, 15, 26; Cereris sine munere sedit, Ov. M. 10, 74; Quicunque Terrae munere uescitur, Hor. od. 2, 14, 10; et quae tua munera Pallas Lugeat damnatae Phoebo uictore Celae-nae (of the tibia), Lucan. 3, 205; philosophiam quo bouo nullum optabilis datum est mortalium generi deorum munere, Cic. Tim. 14 f.; naturae muneribus ornati, or. 1, 115; **11.** note that *fungi* is used both of duties and of gifts given as a duty, see §§ 1, 4, 6; add: Is 'st immunis cui nihil 'st qui muuus fungatur suum, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 73.

## N.

**nam**, conj. or adv. [see below], thus, for example (after a general prop.), Quoi homini dii propitii sunt aliquid obieciunt lncro: Nam ego hodie compendi feci binos panes in dies, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 2; ...Ille miserum qui quom esse cupiit quod edit non habet: Nam hercle ego huic die si liceat oculos ecfodiam lubens, Capt. 3, 1, 4; add Trin. 1, 1, 3; 1, 2, 83; 4, 3, 49; Capt. 3, 1, 18; Men. 1, 1, 20; As. 1, 1, 110; Rud. 4, 2, 19; uiue in dies et horas nam proprium est nihil, CIL 1010; Melius est nirtute ius: nam saepe uirtutem mali Nanciseuntur; ius atque aecum se a malis spernit procul, Enn. tr. 223 V; add 254, 355, and 417; **2.** for, quamobrem Quirites celebratote illos dies..., nam multi saepe honores dis immortalibus iusti habitus sunt, sed profecto iustiores numquam, Cic. Cat. 3, 23; id memoria retinere debemus, nam tum cum in Asia res magnas per multi amiserint, scimus Romae fidem concidisse, Man. 19; **3.** often assigns a reason why a particular fact or name which might have been expected was not included in the preceding words: Quid Plancio cum Lemouia? quid cum

Oufentina? quid cum Clustumina? Nam Maeciam non quae indicaret sed quae reiceretur esse uoluisti—I say nothing of the Maecian tribe for that...—, Cic. Planc. 38; nam quod negas te dubitare quin magna in offensa sim apud Pompeium hoc tempore, non uideo causam cur ita sit—I say nothing of your statement..., for...—, Att. 9, 2 A, 2; facilia sunt ea quae a me de Vatino et de Crasso requiris; nam de Appio quod scribis te non reprehendere, gaudeo tibi consilium probari meum, fam. 1, 9, 19; add 3, 11, 4; 5, 20, 6; 15, 1, 5; Clu. 127; Arch. 23; Verr. 2, 1, 129; off. 2, 47; Brut. 228; **4.** often used in questions, it seems sometimes to correspond to our why then (as naturally growing out of what precedes), N. Perdidit filium me atque rem omnem meam. P. Quid tibi ex filio nam obscuro aegrest? N. Scies, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 21; Nam quae haec anus est exanimata, a fratre quae egressast meo? Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 5; P. Quam tu rem. actura obsecro es? T. Nam quid ita? Eun. 5, 2, 58; Nam quis te iuuenem confidentissime nostras Iussit adire domos, Verg. G. 4, 445; **5.** or do these belong to

quis-nam, who (what etc.) in the world? **6.** As nam now (tunc) corresponds to quum when, tum then, so does nam thus to tam so, quam how; hence nam is of pronom. origin.

**nanciscor**, *i*, nactus or nactus, vb. r. [?] obtain by chance, have the luck (good or bad) to get, saepe uirtutem mali Nanciscuntur, Enn. tr. 223 V; Meretricem quae te semel nt nactast semper studuit perdere, Turp. 161 R; Tu pueri pusilli similes quia enim ad os fers quicquid nactus's, Nov. 62; Habeas ut nactus's (nancetus A) Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 25; add Rud. 3, 6, 33; piscis ex sententia Nactus sum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 67; Vt ne addam quod sine sumptu iugenuam liberalem nactus es, Ph. 1, 3, 16; Non triumpho ex nuptiis tuis si nil nanciscor mali? 3, 3, 10; si aliud quippiam nacti sumus fortuiti boni, Cic. N. D. 3, 87; add fam. 3, 7, 1; 13, 7, 4; sen. 52; quam nacti erant praedam in occulto relinquunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 10; **2.** esp. of the chase or fishing, feras nanciscimur uenando, Cic. N. D. 2, 161; Meum quod rete atque hami nacti sunt, meum potissimumst, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 46; **3.** of disease, nactus est morbum, Nep. Att. 21, 2; febrim, Suet. Tit. 10; **4.** nactus as a pass. part. Hyg. fab. 1, 8 and 120; **5.** nactus seems the older and better form, as above, and cf. Cic. rep. 1, 16; Liv. 23, 2, 2; 24, 36, 1; **6.** nancitor in XII (sc. tabulis) nactus erit; praeno erit (praenderit M). Item in foedere Latino: pecuniam quis nascitor habeto, et si quid pignoris nasciscetur (nanciscitur?) sibi habeto, Fest. 166, 24 b, wh. however the verbs seem to be presents.

**ī nē**, adv. [shortened from the old nec, not; and perh. =*μη*] not, the simplest negative, wh. for propositions of assertion requires a something to be added, as in nou, old form noenum for ne-oenum not one, like G. nein=ne-ein; and in ne—quidem (wh. see); so in Fr. with ne—pas, ne—point etc., and our not=nought=ne-whit=G. nicht; but the simple ne, like *μη*, speaks of wishes, thoughts etc., not of facts. Hence with subj. pres. or past imp. to denote an object to be prevented, Obsecro te Anchiale, matri ne quid tnae aduersus fuas, Liv. And. 21 R—not to...—; hortatur ne bellum faciam, Enn. an. 374 V; ego id semper egi ue interesset, Cic. fam. 4, 7, 2; Caesarem obsecrare coepit ne quid grauius statueret, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 1; **2.** esp. with verbs of hindrance and caution, impediō dolore animi ne plura dicam—from saying—Cic. Sull. 92; quod et potuisti prohibere ne feret et debuisti, Caecil. 33; caueas (=caue ne eas), diu. 2, 84; Cocceius uide ne frustretur, Att. 12, 18, 3; uidendum est ne obsit benignitas his ipsis quibus beuigne uidebitur fieri, off. 1, 42; that it does not injure, or lest it injure, but ne in itself means only not; **3.** with pres. perf. of subj., primum hoc abs te oro, ni me inexorabilem Faxis, ni turpassis uanitudine aetatem tuam, Pacuv. 116 R; quod te obsecro, aspernabilem Ne haec aetritudo mea me iuenlta faxsit, Att. 556; **4.** with verbs of fearing, where it still denotes what one desires to prevent, though in English the neg. is dropped, Ei uereor ne quid Andria adportet mali, that she brings, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; hic ne quid mihi prorogetur horreo, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 3; mctuebat ue iudicaretur, Mil. 57; pavor ceperat milites ne mortiferum esset uulnus, Liv. 44, 42, 2; **5.** also with pres. tenses of subj., nimis metuebam male, ne abisses, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 8; intellexi te nereri ne superiores mihi (sc. litterae) redditae non essent, had not been delivered, Cic. fam. 14, 5, 1; ueritus es, nisi istam artem oratione exaggerasses, ne operam perdidisses, would have lost, or. 1, 234; **6.** with non, Ne non satis esses leno, id metuebas miser, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 4; timeo ne non impetrem, I shall not succeed, Cic. Att. 9, 6, 6; add 5, 18, 1; 7, 12, 2; Tusc. 1, 76; **7.** the sentence of the object is at times preceded by ut or uti, Pergunt turbare usque ut no quid possit conquiescere, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 12; haec mihi nuuc curast uaxuma ut ne quoi mea Longinquitas aetatis obstet, Ter. Hec. 4, 2, 19; excitandam (esse) diligentiam ut ne quid temere agamus, Cic. off. 1, 103; ducendus et unus Et comes alter uti ne solus rusue peregreue Exirem, Hor. s. 1, 6, 102; tu quam plurimis de rebus ad me uelim scribas, ut prorsus ne quid

ignorem, Cic. Att. 3, 10 f.; **8.** or the object may be introduced by other relat. adverbs as qui, Ego id agam mihi qui ne detur, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 35; **9.** with clauses of condition, after dum, dummodo, modo, Dum quidem ne quid percenteris quod non leubeat proloqui, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 34; interpellent me quominus honoratus sim, dum ne interpellent quominus res publica a me commode administrari possit, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 10, 1; cum...Nil obstat tibi, dum ne sit te ditior alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; modo ne summa turpitudi sequatur, Cic. am. 61; **10.** esp. with comp. and numerals, dum ne minus senatoribus C adesent, CIL 196, 6; add ib. 9; haice utei in ceutionid exdeicatis ne minus trinum noundinum, ib. 23; ne minus alti sint palmo, ne plus pede et digitis sex, latitudines eorum ne plus pedes duo semis, ne minus pedes duo constituantur, Vitr. 5, 6 f.; obsides uiginti dato ne minores octouum dcentum annorum neu maiores quinum quadragenam, Liv. 38, 38; **11.** so far only with subj., but also with ind., castratur uerres commodissime anniculi, utique ne minores quam semestres, Varr. r. 2, 4, 21; but Lucr. 4, 414 has: At conlectus aquae digitum non altior unum...Despectum praebet...; **12.** with imper. as first pres., abi, ne iura; satis credo, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 20; no lacruma,...ne retice, ne uerere, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 32; ah ne saeuī tantopere, Andr. 5, 2, 27; add Eun. 1, 2, 15; Ne pueri, ne tanta animis adsuescite bella, Verg. 6, 833; **13.** w. imper. fut., id ratum ne esto, CIL 205, 2; ne quis stipem cogito, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 22; impius ne audeto placare donis iram deorum, ib.; si macra erit (uinea), quod granum capiat ne serito, Cato r. 33, 3; sterius nisi decrescente luua ne tangito, Plin. 18, 322; frondem media die arborator ne caedito, 18, 330; **14.** with subj., some such vb. as quaeo or obsecro understood, see § 1, and first w. pres. imp. ne me attingas, Turp. 106 R; faciam, uerum ne post conferas Culpam in me, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 97; **15.** with past imp. in obliq. or., ne id Iuppiter optimus maximus sineret..., Liv. 4, 2, 8; **16.** often with pres. perf., see § 3, ne di sirit, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 28; ne id Iuppiter o. m. sirit..., 28, 28, 11; Ne me istoc posthac nomie appellassis, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 15; misericordia commotus ne sis, Cic. Mur. 65; ne transieris Hiberum, Liv. 21, 44, 6; **17.** in wishes (curses), ne uiuam si scio, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 8; ne sim saluus si aliter scribo ac sentio, nihil legi humanis, 16, 13 A, 1; Vtinam ne in memore Pelio securibus Caesa accedisset abiegna ad terram trabes...quae nunc nominatur nomine Argo, Enn. tr. 280 V; add 311; **18.** parenthetically, to guard against an inference, dico etc., understood, Ego me tua causa, ue erres, non rapturus sum, so don't make a mistake, Pl. Capt. pr. 14; Ego illos non uidi, ne quis uostrum censeat, Men. pr. 23; promisi foras, Ad cenam ne me te uocare censeas, Most. 4, 3, 13; uix incedo inanis, ne ire posse cum onere existemes, Amph. 1, 1, 174; ne miremini..., pr. 87; senectus est natura loquacior, ne ab omnibus eam uitii uidear uideare, Cic. sen. 55; **19.** not unlike this is the use of ne, nedum for much less, uix in ipsis oppidis frigus utatur, nedum in mari et uia sit facile abesse ad iniuria temporis, Cic. fam. 16, 8, 2; erat multo domicilium huius urbis aptius humanitati tuae quam tota Peloponnesus, nedum Patrae let alone Patrac, 7, 28, 1; nouam cam potestatem eripere patribus nostris, ne nunc dulcedine semel capti ferant desiderium, Liv. 3, 52, 9; Mortalia facta peribunt, Nedum sermonum stet honos, Hor. A. P. 68; **20.** also parenth., not to—, ne te morer, audi Quo rem deducam, Hor. s. 1, 1, 14; ne sic ut qui iocularia, ridens Percurram, 1, 1, 23; ne multa (to cut the matter short), perquiritur a coactoribus, Cic. Clu. 180; ne multa, Diogenes emitur, 47; crudelem Castorem, ne dicam sceleratum, Deiot. 2; tu tibi fac ut persuadeas non esse me tam imbecillo animo, ne dicam inbumano, ut..., fam. 12, 30, 3; A nimum simplex Helene, ne rustica dicam, Ov. her. 15, 285; **21.** in concessions, granted that, nemo is iniquis umquam fuit. Ne fuerit, ego enim quid desiderem, nou quid niderim disputo, Cic. orat. 101; ne sit summm malum dolor, malum certe est, Tusc. 2, 14; an ratio parum praecipit nec bonum illud esse, quod..., nec porro malum quo aut oppressus iaceas aut, ne opprimare, mente uix constes? 4, 39; ne aequaueritis Hannibali Philippum...,



Pyrrho certe acquabitur, Liv. 31, 7, 8; **22.** nei for ne in old documents, as CIL 196, 4; 197, 6 aud 19; 198 eleven times; also ui for ne, as in Pacuv. qu. in § 3; also CIL 197, 20; 199, 30; 202, 2; P. Octavi A. l. ossa heic sita sunt ...sacrum ni uiolato, 1241; **23.** ne is perh. an older form of de 'dowu'; **24.** ue enters into nescio, nēqueo, nēuolo, nēque, nēquis, ne-euter, nēfas, nēfandus, nēmo, nēquam, nihil, n'umquam, n'ullus, non, with varying quantity; **25.** ne=S. na, A. Sax. na and ne, Scot. na, cf. canna dinna.

**2 nē**, (nae?) adv. [=vae] yes indeed, verily, indeed, always begins a sentence, except when strengthened by another adv. of like power, and always followed by a pron., gen. a pers. pron., Ne ille mei feri ingeni iram (iram om. mss) atque animi acrem acrimouiam..., Naev. 40 R; **2.** from Plautus, Ne tu herele cum maguo malo mihi obuiam occessisti, As. 2, 4, 6; Ne iste..., Amph. 2, 2, 213; Ne illam..., Men. 4, 2, 40; **3.** from Ter., Edepol nē nēam erus esse operam deputat parui preti, Hee. 5, 3, 1; ne iste..., Andr. 2, 1, 24; ue tu..., Eun. 2, 2, 54; ne ego..., Haut. 4, 6, 21 and Ad. 4, 2, 1; **4.** from Cic., ne illi uehementer errant, Cat. 2, 6; mediusfidius ne tu... (ne, not nae M), Att. 4, 4 B, 2; ne ista gloriosa sapientia..., Tusc. 3, 8; ne ego..., Brut. 249; ne tu..., Phil. 2, 3; **5.** from Sal., ne ille..., Jug. 14, 21; ne illi..., 85, 20; ne ista uobis mansuetudo... Cat. 52, 27; **6.** also, ne illi sunt pedes faceti, Brut. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 20; ne tu..., Liv. 26, 6, 15; **II 7.** the passages at times quoted the other way have been or may be easily corrected; in Ter. Andr. pr. 17, Bentl. restores the old reading faciunt...? for faciunt nae; in Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 38: T. In mari inuentust. G. Ne [tu homo's, so Fleck. for metre] impudenter impudens; in As. 2, 2, 107 I insert tu, as: Ne tu hodie malo cum auspicio nomen commutaueris; in Liv. 26, 31, 10 Madv. has: ea uos rata habeatis neene (P. ne, not neene), magis rei publicae interest quam mea, wh. the sense demands; in Liv. 34, 4, 16 Madv. after Lentz: ue eas simul (mss ne simul) pudere quod non oportet cooperit, quod oportet non pudebit; in Sen. ben. 1, 15, 2 Haase has: ne perperam monitiones nostras exaudiat; perh. rather, ne is...exaudiat; in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 8 read (with BCD) Ly. Egone? Le. Tuue? not as Ritschl, tu ne; **8.** in comic metres instead of eliding e of ne, say ne 'lle ne 'ste, ne yo (ego); **9.** ue and vae prob. of pronom. origin, see nam aud nunc; and for sense cf. Lat. sic Fr. si.

**3 nē**, interr. adv. [from annē, whence also an; see these] lit. one of two—in use whether, or, as an enclitic attached to word on which the question turns, which gen. is first in its clause, it may be vb. sb. adj. pron. or adv., first in indir. qns., with anne, more commonly an, in second clause; Vosne uelit an me regnare era quidue ferat Fors Virtute experiamur, Eun. an. 203 V; illud refert iurene ane iniuria, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 25; honestumne factu sit an turpe dubitant, Cic. off. 1, 9; add Phil. 10, 5; **2.** or with ue in both clauses, chiefly in poets, Quauiter primum sintue di neene sint, Cic. N. D. 1, 61; potueritne...neene, Rose. com. 52;—note: Cic. only with neene—; neque interesse ipsoe interficiant impedimentisne exuant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; Qui teneant oras, hominesne ferane, Quaerere constituit, Verg. 1, 308; add Ov. M. 13, 912; **3.** with ne in second clause, no particle in first, Certabant urbem Romam Remoramne uocarent, Eun. an. 85 V; nihil interesse nostra putamus ualeamus aegrine simus, Cic. fin. 4, 69; uarie bellatnm, adeo ut in incerto fuerit uicissent, uetine essent, Liv. 5, 28, 5; **4.** esp. with neene in second clause, Nunc habeam neene incertumst, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 43; posset agi lege neene pauci quondam seiebant, Cic. Mur. 25; **5.** and with the same vb. in both clauses, hoc doce, doleam neene doleam nihil interesse, Cic. Tuse. 2, 29; fiat neue fiat, id quaeritur, Lucr. 1, 86; **II 6.** in direct qns., where we use no particle, only inverting order of vb. and nom., as first with -ne...an..., quod iter incipiam ingredi, Domnum patername anne ad Peliae filias? Enn. tr. 313 V; egone an ille iniurie facinus? is it I or he who..., Naev. 42 R; Romanne uenio an hic maneo an Arpinum...fugiam? Cic. Att. 16, 8, 2; add Clu. 94; aud N. D. 2, 156; **7.** second clause, nothing preceding, with ne in both clauses in poets,

Iustitiaene prius mirer belline laborum? Verg. 11, 126; **8.** with ne in second clause, no particle in preceding, chiefly in poets, sunt haec tua uerba neene? Cic. Tusc. 3, 41; Hectoris Andromache Pyrrhin conubia seruas? Verg. 3, 319; **9.** with second clause omitted, ne in first; thus in indir. qns.: uideamus primuna deorumne prouidentia mundus regatur, deinde consulantne rebus humanis, Cic. N. D. 3, 65; Publiiui iturusne sit in Africam ex Aledio seire poteris, Att. 12, 24, 1; ut uideamus satisne ista sit iusta defectio, acad. post. 1, 43; **10.** in direct qns. idne irascimini siquis superior est quam uos? Cato orig. 25, 5 I; licine is est quem famae gratia Ante omnis nobilitat uiros? Pacuv. 119 R; etiam idne lex coegit? Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 8; mi frater tune id ueritus es? Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 1; potestne uirtus semire? or. 1, 226; Apollinemne tu Delium spoliare ausus es? Verr. 1, 47; Santusne es qui temere lamentare? Turp. 117 R; Ambon adestis? Afran. 217; Nullon ego Chremetis pacto adfinitatem eefugere potero? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 12; pro-eunuchon? Eun. 5, 5, 22; ab laeone cornu uictoria incipiet? Liv. 9, 40, 10; wh. note that the prep. is but a proclitic; Sicine agis? Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 48; Illicone credere ea quae dici oportuit te? Eun. 5, 6, 11; **11.** with relatives and relative particles, in elliptical sentences, quodue ego descripsi porro illis quibus debui? what the money which...? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 30; Quemne ego heri uidi ad uos adferri uesperis?—what the baby which...? Andr. 4, 4, 29; quemne ipsa reliqui Resperum iuueuem fraterna caede secuta? Catul. 64, 180; C. Scelsestionem nullum inluxere alterum. N. Quanne Arehideuidem? Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 23; quiane auxilio iuuat ante leuatos? Verg. 4, 538; **12.** attached superfluously to interrog. pron., Quone malo mentem concussa? Hor. s. 2, 3, 295; illa rogare: Quantane? 2, 3, 317; uterne Ad casus dubios fidet sibi eertius? 2, 2, 108; **13.** in ellipt. sentences with subj. in reference to future—the idea of it, egon uitam meam Atticam contendam cum istac rusticana mea Syra? Caecil. 221 R; N. Non mihi respondes? P. Hicine ut tibi respondeat? Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 3; Egone Argiuom imperium attingam aut Pelopia digner domo? Att. 231 R; add Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 36; **14.** so with inf., in reference to past or pres., Men' obesse illos prodesse? Enn. tr. 84 V; Haeine te esse oblitum in ludo qui fuisti tam diu? Pl. As. 1, 3, 73; ex illan familia Tam inliberale facinus esse ortum? Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 2; add Andr. 1, 5, 10 and 18; Ph. 2, 1, 1; Mene incepto desistere uitam? Verg. 1, 37; **15.** ne is often reduced to a mere n, as Pyrrhin § 8; ambon nullon § 10, meu § 14; **16.** a final s is also dropped, leaving the vowel short if in itself short, and even in uidē; Sātine sic est? Non. Quid si sic? Propemodum. Quid sic? Sat est, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 33; satim, Enn. an. 370 V; Satin abiit neque quod dixi floeci existumat? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 73; Capt. 2, 3, 86; Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 10; Liv. 1, 58, 7; 3, 26, 9; uidēn ut te impietas stimulat nec moderat metus? Att. 303 R; Educet. Vidēn ut geminae stant uertice eristae? Verg. 6, 780; Afr. 91 R; Turp. 102; Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 25; sponden, ap. Varr. l. 6, p. 247 Sp.; rerin, Pl. Mil. 5, 2, 9(B); faterin, 2, 2, 67; sein, Att. 98; possin, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 20; uin, Mil. 2, 6, 54; Tuun hic seruos? Rud. 4, 4, 10; Puer sum Lusimache septuennis. Sanūn es? Merc. 2, 2, 21; Patiamur an narremus quoi-piam? Au au mi homo sanūn es? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 38; **17.** a short final e when ne or n is added is changed to i, as hicine, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 3; illicine, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 44 (A); stocin, As. 5, 2, 82; sicine, Merc. 1, 2, 46; tutin, Mil. 2, 3, 19 (BCD); seruiriu, Men. 5, 2, 44 (BCD); usquin ualuisti, Most. 2, 2, 19 (so Ritschl, mss usque inualuisti); cf. tutimmet, undi-que, indī-dem, illī-c, isti-c.

**nēb-ūla**, ae. f. dim. [nūb of nūbo, wh. see] mist, Nunc demum in memoriam redeo quom mecum recogito quasi per nebulas Hegionem meum patrem uoearier, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 27; add Ps. 1, 5, 47; orta ex lacu nebula campo sederat, Liv. 22, 4, 6; add 26, 17, 12; 33, 7, 9; Praeterea fluuiis ex omnibus et simul ipsa Surgere de terra nēbūlas, aestumque uideamus, Lucr. 6, 477; Quae tenuem exhalat nēbūlam, Verg. G. 2, 217; add Hor. od. 3, 3, 56; Ov. tr. 5, 5, 31; **2.** met. esp. in poets, pulueris, Lucr. 5, 253; in cuius hospi-



tio nec fumi nec nidoris nebula uererer, Apul. M. 1 f.; of a thin dress, Palam prostare nndam in nebula linea, Publ. 18 R; cf. Ov. M. 6, 21; erroris, Iuv. 10, 4; add Pers. 5, 7; quaestionum, lemma of Gell. 8, 10; **3.** prov. nebulae ciatho non emam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 62; **4.** = νεφέλη, Germ. nebel; also = infula, i.e. en-ef-ula; also umbra i.e. on-ub-era; perh. ult. from a root nen = *Fev* of *Fevvua*, ues of uestis; for suff. eb ul, cf. ten-eb-ra, ter-eb-ra; lug-ub-ris, sol-ub-ilis.

**1** *nēc*, adv. [a fuller form of ne in old Latin] not, si intestato moritur, cui suus heres nec escit, agnatus proximus familiam habeto, XII tab. 5, 4, 18 Schöll; si agnatus nec escit, gentiles familiam habento, 5, 5, 1; **2.** in neo mancipi; **3.** in nece or not, qui dubitet deus auimans neene sit, Cic. N. D. 1, 37; utrum prolium committi ex usu esset nece, Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 4; **4.** with opinor, Vt hano laetitiam nec opinanti primus obicerer domi, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 12; add Andr. 1, 2, 9; Et nec opinanti mors ad caput adstitit ante..., Lucr. 3, 959; si perspiciunt nec opinata quaedam bona, Cic. off. 2, 36; add Tusc. 3, 52; Phil. 2, 77; Liv. 3, 15, 4; 27, 8; 26, 51, 12; in these, esp. Madvig's Livy, often written as one word; and so in *nēōpina*, Ov. M. 1, 224; *nēōpinum*, Phaedr. 1, 9, 6; **5.** neceunt non eunt, Fest. 162, 11 M; **6.** hence *nē* not. **2** *nec*, shortened form of neque.

**necto**, *cre*, nexi or nexui, nexum, vb. [see below] link together, tie, nexuit catenas modo, Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 1, 536, 10; Necte tribus nodis ternos Amaryllis colores, Verg. B. 8, 77; apricos necte flores, Necte meo Lamiae coruam, Hor. od. 1, 26, 7; pars brachia nectit, Ov. F. 6, 329; add Stat. Ach. 1, 319; compedes, Plin. ep. 9, 28, 4; napuras nectito cum dixit Pontifex, funiculi ex stramentis fiunt, ap. Fest. 169, 22 M; so far of a chain; **2.** of a woven surface, as in basket-work, weave, plait, soliti nectere ex uimibus uasa agrestia, Sal. hist. 4 ap. Non. 554; tum retia nexit, Lucil. ap. Diom. 369, 24 K and Prisc. 1, 536, 13; but in Prop. 4, 7, 37 all mss tendisti retia, though Diom. and Prisc. quote nexisti; **3.** gen. bind w. acc. of thing attached, dat. of that to wh., Nos continuo ferrum eripimus, manibus manicas neximus, Att. 130 R; pedibus talaria, Verg. 4, 239; **4.** more commonly with acc. of the part bound, abl. of means, comam myrto, Ov. am. 1, 2, 23; cornua uitta, Val. F. 5, 79; **5.** also in the r., tres praemia primi Accipient hanaque caput nectentur oliua, Verg. 5, 309; Tempora nectantur ramo, Val. F. 6, 297; **6.** attach (debtors) as slaves (for a time) by sentence of court, liber qui suas operas in seruitute pro pecunia quam debebat (dabat) dum solueret, nexus uocatur, Varr. 1, 7, p. 383 Sp.; nexos ob aes alienum, 2, 23, 1; nexi uincti solutique se undique in publicum proripiunt, 2, 23, 8; et qui ante nexi fuerant creditoribus tradebantur et nectebantur alii, Liv. 2, 27, 1; ita nexi soluti cautumque in posterum ne necterentur, 8, 28 f.; perf. nexui sanctioned by Char. 244, 29 K; 262, 1; Diom. 369, 16; Prob. ap. Prisc. 1, 469, 13; Prisc. 81, 536, 8; **7.** met., uidetisne quanta series rerum sit atque ut ex alio alia nectantur? Cic. leg. 1, 52; rerum causas alias ex aliis aptas et necessitate nexas uidet, Tusc. 5, 70; **8.** esp. of intricate plots, weave (so to say), Liv. 27, 28, 4; fraudem, Sil. 6, 326; astus, Sen. Tro. 532; dolos, seclera, 937; **9.** of words, causas inanis, Verg. 9, 219; earmina, Stat. silu. 2, 2, 115; Nec Sphingia caecis uerba nectentem modis, Sen. Oed. 92; and absol. Talia nectebant, Stat. Th. 8, 637; **10.** perf. nexi and nexui both rare; to ex. given add: nexit, Enn. au. 501 V; **11.** nexus, part., see § 6; **12.** also gen. bound, as a prisoner, nexorum tria milia carcere dimittit, Iust. 21, 1, 5; add 21, 2, 2; res pignori nexas, pledged, mortgaged, Mart. dig. 49, 14, 22; saeramento, Iust. 20, 4, 14; crimine, Mart. 48, 21, 3; n. aes, pecunia per nexum obligata, Fest. 165, 27 M; **13.** nexum, a mortgage, a secured debt, cum suut propter minus libidinem omnia nexa ciuium liberata, Cic. rep. 2, 59; quod obligatur per libram neque suum fit, Varr. 1, 7 p. 382 Sp.; add Cic. or. 3, 159; **14.** the t of necto excrecent as in plecto, cf. *τυπτω*; and that nec is a decap.

wd. appears from *av-αγκ-η* and our knit and knot, so that the full form was prob. gen-cc.

**nēdum**, conj. [ne + dum] lit. not yet—with dicam perh. understood—not yet to say, let alone—hence much less or much more, as first much less, satrapa si siet Amator, nunquam sufferre eius sumptus queat, Nedum tu possis, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 45; optimis temporibus nec P. Popilius neque Q. Metellus uim tribuniciam sustinere potuerunt, nedum his temporibus siue uestra sapientia salui esse possimus, Cic. Clu. 95; ne uoce quidem incommoda nedum ut ulla uis fieret paulatim mansuefecerant plebem, Liv. 3, 14, 6; add 6, 7, 2; 24, 4, 1; 25, 26, 11; Quint. 11, 3, 3; Hor. A. P. 68; **2.** much more, adulationes etiam uictis graues, nedum uictoribus, Liv. 9, 18, 4; insueta quae uel solus nedum hostes uictos terrore possent, ib. 45, 29, 2; add 7, 40, 3; Sen. ep. 99, 33; Quint. 12, 1, 39; **3.** rarely precedes, as in: nedum hominum humilium ut nos sumus, sed etiam amplissimorum nrorum consilia ex euentu a plerisque probantur, Balb. et Opp. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 A, 1; **4.** in the cases of much less either a negative or what approaches to a neg., as uix, aegre, is found; or else a new vb. enters as stct in Hor., passuri forent in Liv. 26, 26, 11.

**nēmō**, inis, m. also f. (see § 1) [ne + mon, see below] no human being, no man, no one, Quem nemo ferro potuit superare nec auro, Enn. an. 220 V; Quod 'st ante pedes nemo spectat, caeli scrutantur plagas, tr. 277; uiciam neminem amo merito magis quam te, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 12; quod rogas neminem decet bonam, Titin. 158 R; faelo pluris omnium hominum neminem, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 4; quod illo licente contra liceri audeat nemo, Caes. b. g. 18, 3; quod optanti diuom promittēre nemo Auderet, uolunda dies en attulit ultro, Verg. 9, 6; **2.** a nobody, sed me mouerat nemo magis quam is quem tu neminem putas, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 8; **3.** nemo non—, no one not, no one but, an emphatic phrase for every one, aperte adulantem nemo non uidet, Cic. am. 99; nemo Arpinas non Plancio studuit, Planc. 22; **4.** non nemo, not no one, some, quas leges ausus est non nemo, potuit quidem nemo conuellere, Cic. Pis. 10; uideo de istis abesse non neminem ne de capite ciuium Romanorum sententiam ferat, Cat. 4, 10; **5.** as an adj. no, with sbs. denoting some kind of man, nemo cuius neque hostis, Enn. epig. 5 V; n. rex, Cato orat. 41, 5 I; n. opifex, Cic. N. D. 2, 81; n. discipulus, or. 1, 129; ciuis, Nep. Att. 19, 2; **6.** strengthened by homo, Nemo homo umquam ita arbitratus, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 29; cadueatori nemo homo uocet, Cato ep. 85, 8 Iord.; add orig. 23, 9; Fratrem homini nēmīni 'sse primarum artium magis principem, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 6; ut per biduum nemo hominem homo agnosceret, Cic. N. D. 2, 96; **7.** also by other words, nemo quisquam, Cato orig. 25, 8; Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 20; 5, 8, 2; and Hee. 1, 1, 10; Gell. 2, 6, 9; nemo unus, Liv. 2, 6, 3; 3, 12, 4; 28, 35, 9; Tac. an. 14, 45; h. 1, 82; n. alius, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 55; Cic. Att. 11, 9, 3; and Mil. 46; n. alter, Plin. 2, 91; **8.** strengthened by following neque- neque-, or by non- non; habeo hic neminem, Neque amicum neque cognatum, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 67; nemo umquam neque poeta neque orator fuit qui quemquam meliorem quam se arbitraretur, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 3 (4); add N. D. 1, 121; ut nemo non ligna non manu promptior haberetur, Liv. 3, 11, 6; add Quint. 12, 2, 1; **9.** in Greek fashion strengthened by a neg., Lapidose sunt corde multi quos non miseret neuinis, Enu. tr. 174 V; Iura te non uociturum 'sse homini de hac re nemini, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 18; but in both of these nemo might be marked off by a comma, and translated, no not anybody; Ne legat id nēmō quam meus ante uelim, Tib. 4, 7, 8—but here quisquam wd. offend as quicquam preceded and quam followed; Absenti nemo ne nocuisse uelit, Prop. 3, 11, 32; **10.** after a universal neg. sentence with n. mo, the notion of every one or all suggests itself for a following universal affirm., ut nemo quae sibi sortem Seu ratio dederit seu fors obicerit illa Contentus uiuat, laudet diuersa sequentes? (all praise) Hor. s. 1, 1, 1; nemo extulit eum uerbis qui ita



dixisset ut qui adesset intelligerent quid diceret, sed contempsit eum qui minus id facere potuisset, Cic. or. 3, 52; **11.** hence with a plur. vb. in: Adeo artatum angustiis temporum (so the ruck of able orators at that time) ut nemo memoria dignus alter ab altero uideri nequirerit (=omnes acquirerint), Vell. 1, 16, 5; Paphon nemo, Cnidon nemo ac ne ipsa quidem Cythera ad conspectum deae Veneris nauigabant, Apul. M. 4, 29; **12.** for nullus, neminem exceptit diem, Prud. *στεφ.* 10, 744; **13.** has of course no pl. and a gen. seems vut to occur except in old lang. (for in Cic. Att. 14, 1, 1 read praeterquam Lepido nenisse nemini—Lepidi, nemini M.—), as Enn. see § 9; Cato ap. Fest. 162, 30 M; Neminis ingenium tantum confidere oportet, Lucil. ap. Non. 143; **14.** the o long in older writers, see above, and add: Puer hucus, nemōn huc prodit? Cape, da hoc Dorcio, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 102; nemōn ut auarus Se probet, Hor. s. 1, 1, 108; then at times short; thus always in late writers, short in Iuven., as: Sedisti qua nemō faber, qua nemō sēderet..., 7, 223; add 2, 83; 4, 8; 6, 562; 13, 3; 13, 76; 14, 233; but common in Mart., as: Sed nemō potuit tangere, merda fuit, 3, 17, 6; Oecurrit tibi nemō quod libenter, 3, 44, 1; **15.** mon of nemon-, =our mau, a form wh. occurs in *ποι-μαν-ωρ*, in *Αναξτι-μανδ-ρος*; so that *αν-ηρ*, besides the authenticated form *fav-ηρ*, must once have had that of *μαν-ηρ*. To *Fav* of *fav-ep* corresponds hom of homo (cf. Ital. uom-o aud for letter-change of *om*-itto *avηημ*, hum-us *χθον-*, also on of Fr. on dit, our own one in one says, and the G. once had wan sagt for man sagt (see Grimm, D. G.). Thus the on of hom-on contributes nothing to nemo, as Fest. l. c. seems to have thought, but uemon-=G. nie-mand, our uo-one.

**nempō**, adv. [perh.=namque] just so, of course, I see, chiefly used in anticipating another's meaning and so often as a half question,—eh? C. Nempe huic dimidium dieis, dimidium domum? S. Nempe sicut dicis, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 15; L. Bene uolo illi facere nisi tu non uis. P. Nempe de tuo? L. De meo, Trin. 2, 2, 46; set tamen tu nempe eos asinos praedicas Vetulos claudos...? As. 2, 2, 72; Si. Paucis te uolo. So. Dictum puta; nempe ut eurentur recte haec? Si. Immo aliud. So. Quid est? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 3; S. Nempe ergo aperte uis quae restant me loqui? D. Sane quidem, 1, 2, 24; C. Causa optumast Nisi quid pater ait aliud. P. Nempe? S. Id scilicet, 5, 4, 47; M. Nempe negas ad beate uiuendum satis posse uirtutem? A. Prorsus nego, Cic. Tusc. 5, 12; **2.** gen. of course, without any idea of a question, Nempe in composito dixi pede currere uersus Lucili—of course I did say—Hor. s. 1, 10, 1; Nempe hoc assidue—of course the old story—Pers. 3, 1, wh. Koenig unwisely adds?; nempe intentio est..., depulsio..., questio..., Quint. 3, 6, 19; nempo sequitur ut..., 3, 8, 23; add 7, 1, 47; **3.** in comic metre often a monos., L. Nempe quas sponendi? S. Immo quas dependi inquit, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 18; Nempe tu nouisti militem meum erum. Rogare mirumst, Mil. 3, 3, 48; add Merc. 4, 4, 26 and Aul. 2, 4, 16; but Ritschl prol. to Trin. 126 would make nempe a pyrrhic!

**ne-scio**, ire, lui or ii, itum, vb. know not, Otioso in otio animus nescit quid uelit, Eun. tr. 256 V; nee pudet ut istos fateri nescire quod nesciam, Cic. Tusc. 1, 60; **2.** with interr. pron. or particle, nescis quoi male dicas nunc uiro, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 29; ah nescis quam doleam, Haut. 5, 1, 61; nescis quanta cum expectatione sim te auditorus, Cic. N. D. 3, 2; Anima sit ignisne nescio, Tusc. 1, 60; for nescio an, see an; **3.** nescio with quis and its adverbs often becomes one word as shown by aecuet, wh. is on the o, looking to the word itself, some (one) or other, and so does not call for a subj., Prope me hic nescio-quis loquitur. O mi Iuppiter, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 19; Laetus est nescio-quis. Nil est, nondum haec rescuiuit mala, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 3; Nam nitiumst oblatum uirgini olim ab nescio-quo improbo, Hec. 3, 3, 23; nescio (quei) inuēdit deus eum, CIL 1306; Dicere nescio-quis puero, Hor. s. 1, 9, 10; nisi forte me Paconii nescio-cuius, hominis ne Graeci quidem ac Mysi potius quereliis moueri putas, Cic. Q. fr.

1, 1, 19; sed nescio-quo pacto—somehow or other—ad praecipendi rationem delapsa est oratio mea, 1, 1, 18; here nescio is only a disyl.; cf. scio; **4.** with acc. and inf., nesciebamus semel unum singulum esse, Varr. r. 177, 6 R; quis nescit ignes aquas aliquando nocere? Quint. 2, 16, 6; ipse (pictor) ea plana esse non nescit, 2, 17, 21; **5.** with acc. of neut. adj. and pron., eloquentia hominis optima nescientis, Quint. 12, 2, 21; etiam illud quod scies nesciueris, Nec uideris quod uideris, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 89; Tu nescis id quod scis Dromo si sapias, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 26; **6.** with other acc. rarely as first in old writers, at nomen nescio Illius hominis, sed locum noui ubi sit, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 32; Is scit adulescens quae sit quam compresserit, Illa illum nescit, prol. to Pl. Aul. 30; but in these cases it is easy to supply quid or quis sit; so again in: Nescio alias, me quidem semper scio fecisse sedulo ut..., Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 16; and in: S. Di staeo prolibeant. D. Deos nescio, ego quod potero sedulo, it seems necessary to supply quid faciat or facturi sint; and then the constr. becomes like *fac me ut sciam* (1, 1, 32); **7.** more common in poets, Ne nocturna quidem carpentes pensa puellae Nesciueris hiemem, Verg. G. 1, 391; neque enim nescimus et urbem Et genus, A. 7, 195; unum toto nescire Decembri, Iuv. 7, 97; Solis nosse deos et caeli numina uobis (Druidae) Aut solis nescire datum, Lucan. 1, 435; sua uulnera nescit, Stat. Th. 7, 674; **8.** nescire litteras, not to know one's letters, uellem nescirem litteras, Nero ap. Sen. clem. 2, 1, 2; add Suet. Ner. 10; Quint. 6, 4, 15; **9.** with inf. know not how, be unable to—(as though not knowing how), Proinde ita parent se in uita ut uinci nesciant, ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 52; Stoicos dimitto neo eos iratos uereor quoniam omnino irasci nesciunt, or. 3, 65; Stare loco nescit (sc. equus), Verg. G. 3, 84; nescit uox missa reuertit, Hor. A. P. 390; loqui, Quint. 2, 3, 6; sacrificia nisi ex praecepto domini facere, Colum. 11, 1, 22; add Stat. Th. 9, 743; **10.** with adv. of language, sc. loqui, non enim tam praeclearum est scire Latine quam turpe nescire, Cic. Brut. 140; **11.** as pass., rare, talibus locis pruinarum nis nescitur, Pall. 11, 4, 2; **12.** as pass. impers., utrum consistere uspiam uelit an mare transire nescitur, Cic. Att. 7, 12, 2; **13.** si nescis, a civil apology for stating what is probably already known, Si nescis, meus ille caper fuit, Verg. B. 3, 23; Mars quoque, si nescis, per nostras editus artes, Ov. F. 5, 229; add Pont. 3, 3, 28; her. 16, 198; 19, 150; **14.** nescibam, old form of past imperf., Ineptus quid mihi uellem ex insolentia Nescibam, Turp. 17 R; **15.** as a dactyl, Karum nescio quid libet iocari, Catul. 2, 6; add 6, 4; as a spondee, Dixere cansam tum nescio-quam; iterum iubet, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 111; add 3, 1, 24, 39 and 41, Andr. 5, 2, 14; yet as a trisyl. at the end of a line, Pautiare nescio quid dixcrunt; id si forte est nescio, Hec. 3, 1, 41.

**nēuē**, (neu and niue) conj. [nē+nē], nor, and not, only used with imp. or subj., esp. after ne or ut, enos Lases iuuate neue lue rue Marmar sins incurere in plicoris, CIL 28; Bacss uir nequis adiese uolet ceuius Romanus neue nomen Latini neue socium quisquam, 196, 7; Vtinam ne in nemore..., Neue inle nauis incohandaē exordium Coepisset, Enn. tr. 282 V; cauto nequam materiam doles neu caedas neu tangas si potes, nisi siccam, neu gelidam, neu rorulentam, Cato r. 37, 4; Ne sursum deorsum cursites neue usque ad lucem uigiles, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; Quod utinam ne Phormionis id suadere in mentem incidisset, Neu mo cupidum eo inplulisset, Ph. 1, 3, 6; ne forte...rearis..., Niue (so mss, see Lachm.) alium quemuis..., Lner. 2, 734; hoc te rogo ne demittas animum neue te obrui sinas, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; Hio ames dei pater atque princeps Neu sinas Medos equitare inultos, Hor. od. 1, 2, 51; **2.** repeated, neither—nor—, eam nequis nobis minuat nene uiuus neue mortuus, Cic. leg. 2, 67; Nēuē tibi ad solem vergant uineta cadentem, Neue inter uitis eorylun sere, neue flagella Summa pete aut..., Verg. G. 2, 298; **3.** cf. our nor=ne+or.

**nēuis**, nēuolt, noltis (for nēnoltis), nēuellēs, old forms belonging to nolo (for neuolo), wh. see, first neuis, Filiam meam tibi despousam esse audio. Nisi tu nēuis, Pl. Trin. 5,



2, 32; Eine hic cum uino sinus fertur? Ni nēuis, Curc. 1, 1, 82; At (mss et) te moneri num nēuis? Sane uolo, Poen. 5, 2, 119; Vin tu te mi 'sse obsequentem; an nēnis? Opera licet Experiri, Merc. 1, 2, 39; Num nēuis (so Hare and Wagner, mss uonuis) me interrogare te? Immo si quid uis roga, Aul. 2, 1, 39; Qur nēuis (so Palmer, mss non uis)? nam procreare liberos lepidumst opus (so R; mss onus), Mil. 3, 1, 88; Nisi nēuis (so Bothe, mss nonuis) quotiens monstraui tibi, uiro ut morem geras? Men. 5, 2, 37; Verum adibo, quid uis nunc tu? Me nēuis (so THK for sense etc., V nunē uis mea, D P num neuis me), uoluptas mea, Quo uocatus sum ire ad cenam? Mox ad te huc cubitum iuero, Truc. 2, 6, 65; in Trin. 2, 2, 47 nisi tu non uis A, the others si tu non uis; 2. ueuolt, Ne exprobra pater multa (mala multa A) eueniunt homini quae uolt quae nēuolt, Non me (mihi?) istanc cogere aequomst meam 'sse matrem si nēuolt, Epid. 4, 2, 16; Eo non multa quae ne uolt eueniunt nisi fictor malust, Trin. 2, 2, 85; At ingratus quoi uēuolt (so for metre, but mss non uolt) nubet hodie, Cas. 3, 5, 56; Patrem uidere se nēuolt (so Herm. and Ritschl, mss senem non uolt, a dittograph) etiam nunc. Quapropter? Scies, Epid. 1, 1, 40; Si neult (so THK for metre, mss non uolt), equidem hac inuita tamen ero matris filia, 4, 2, 15; Quia patrem prius conuenire se ne uolt (so for metre, mss se conuenire non uolt) neque conspiciari, 1, 1, 69; Ipsus quidem herele ducerē (so mss rightly, edd. ducere eam) sane nēuolt, Titin. 105 R; 3. neuelles, Pol siquis uellet te, haut neuelles (so Götter and Wagner, mss non uelles) diuidi, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 7; 4. noltis, Actutum uoltis, emptast; noltis, non emptast, Caccil. 5 R; 5. In Epidiceo neuis pro non uis Gloss. in Keil's Prisc. 2, 58, 6; see Ritschl's opusc. 2, 248.

**neuter**, older ne-cuter, tra, trum, trius, tri, pron. comp. adj. [cut-er, old form of uter] neither (of the two), respondere quid bonum quid malum quid neutrum, Cic. diu. 2, 10; feci ut neutri illorum (Pompey and Caesar) quisquam esset me carior, Att. 1, 7, 2; neutrum sine altero sufficet, Quint. 2, 9, 3; 2. in pl. of two classes, parties, cum hoc commune sit potentiae cupidorum cum iis quos dixi otiosis, alteri se adipisci id posse arbitrantur si opes magnas habeant, alteri si contenti sint et suo et paruo, in quo neutrorum contemnda sententia est, Cic. off. 1, 70; ita neutris cura posteritatis inter infensos uel obnoxios, Tac. h. 1, 1; neutris (Thebans and Lacedaemonians) quicquam hostile facientibus, Just. 6, 7, 1; 3. rarely plur. for sing., qui uidebantur aut in diuersis aut in neutris fuisse partibus, Sen. ira 2, 23, 4; 4. in gram., first of vb., a neuter vb., neither active, nor passive, uerborum genera sunt quinque, actiuum..., neutrum ut sedeo curro, Char. 164, 23 K; also called neutrale, 165, 15; cf. Diom. 337, 3; and Pomp. 229, 21; 5. of nouns, neutrum genus quod nec masculinum est nec femininum, Prisc. 1, 552, 16; non uiriliter geuere neque neutro, Gell. 1, 7, 15; 6. also n. nomen and neutrum absol., a neuter noun, quae non sunt in omnibus neutris usitata nec enim dixerim, Pomp. 229, 23; tam liberent armum iudicium (as gen. pl.), Cic. orat. 155; 7. with a pl. vb., edixi tibi Vt caueres neuter ad me iretis cum querimonia, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 35; 8. a gen. and dat. f. neutrae ascribed to old writers by Char. 158, 28; a gen. neutri neutrae and a dat. neutro neutrae strangely said to be in more general use by Prisc. 1, 197, 6; 2, 7, 22; 2, 450, 2; so Auson. ep. 50; 9. gen. a disyll., yet Consent. 380, 28; si aliquis dicat neutrum disyllabum, quod trisyllabum enuntiamus, barbarismum faciet.

**neutiquam** or rather nūtiqum, adv. [ne+utiqum for cutiqum from quisquam, as uti (cuti) from quis] no how, by no means, in no wise, Filium tuum quod redimere (redimere?) se ait id utiqum mihi placet, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 54; Vsq̄ue illud uisumst Pamphilo nūtiqum graue, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 50; Ego Charine nūtiqum officium liberi 'sse hominis puto, Andr. 2, 1, 30; add Haut. 2, 3, 116; neutiquam dissolucimini, Cic. Tim. 11 med.; Att. 9, 12; eos contemnuunt quiddē neutiquam sed de iis male existimant, off. 2, 36; add cui te socium neutiquam puto esse oportere, Att. ap. Cic. 9, 10, 6; Sed mihi nūtiqum cor consentit cum oculorum

aspectu..., Enn. tr. Alemaeon qu. by Cic. in acad. pr. 52; add Cic. sen. 42; and ap. Char. 208, 16 K; Liv. 7, 12, 10; 2. Bent. saying: semper primam corripit, writes ne utiqum, and so Germ. editors of Pl. and Ter.; but why not nūtiqum like usquum, nunquam, nullus?

**neutrūbi**, pron. adv. [dat. of ueuter, as ibi, ubi, alibi of is, quis, alis] in neither place, Neutrūbi habeam stabili stabulum siquid diuorti fuat, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 56; neutrūbi proelio inclinato—on neither side—Amm. 19, 2, unless he used it for neutro.

**nexilis**, ē, adj. (for nect-ilis from necto) knitted, Nexilis ante fuit uestis quam textile togmen, Lucr. 5, 1350; Nexilibus plagis siluas Erymanthis ambit, Ov. M. 2, 499; Nexilibus flores hederis habet intertextos, 6, 128; 2. met., aduersatio, Amm. 29, 2.

1 ni or nei, adv. not; see nē.

2 ni, contr. for nisi unless, wh. see.

**nīco**, ēre, nīci, nictum, vb. [see below] wink, hence frq. nicto and sb. nictus, also con-ni-uo; 2. n. manu, make a sign with the hand, beckon, S. emoriere ocus Si manu niceris (so Turneb., mss uiceris). G. Quid manu nicerim? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 64; 3. perh. orig. lower, but limited in use to eyelids as nu-o to the head; and then as nu is corrupted from on-uc (see Essays p. 68) so ni is from eu-ic, so that both vbs. are akin to the prep. en in 'down'; and a form ven-ic wd. give the analogue of our wink.

**nīd-or**, ōris, m. [for enidor, akin to κνισα] the steam and odour of burnt animal matter, paulisper stēmms iu illo gancarum tuarum uidore atque fumo, Cic. Pis. 13; Captum te nidōrē suae putet ille culinae, Iuv. 5, 162; add Mart. 1, 92, 9; in cuius hospitio nec fumi nec nidoris nebulam uererer, Apul. M. 1, 21 f.; foedo quodam uidore ex adusta pluma, Liv. 38, 7 f.; barba reluxit Nidōremque ambusta dedit, Verg. 12, 301; lethargicos excitat caprini coruus nidor aut pilorum, Plin. 28, 230; 2. hence esp. of sacrifices, Et dis acceptus penetrauit in aethera nidor, Ov. M. 12, 153; add Minuc. F. Oct. 34 med.; Tert. apol. 22; 3. strong scents of other kinds, of cedar, Verg. G. 3, 415; as of sulphur, Plin. 35, 176; a quassis scapulis, Apul. M. 4, 3 f.; 4. as a term of reproach, Exi e culina...Exi inquam, nidor, e culina (mss cupinam); quid hic lates? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 5; 5. for cen-id-or pungeency, from a vb. cen=κεν puncture, cf. ε-κεν-σα, κεπ-ρον and κεπ-εω with exerescent t; for suff. id cf. form-id-o; and for Lat. root cen see censeo.

**nīhil**, ōras one syll. nihil or nil, iudeel. n. [ni not + hilum = filum] lit. not a thread, hence nothing, nimium boni est cui nihil est mali, Enn. tr. 237 V; nihil agit in amore inermus, Cacc. 66 R; repente largiter habere, repente nihil, Cato orat. 73, 11 I; id aliquid nihil est, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 14; nihil ergo agebat Q. Maximus, nihil L. pater tuus?...Ceteri senes Fabricii Curii Coruncanii...nihil agebant? Cic. sen. 15; 2. of persons, stronger than nemo, Quae (se, meretrices) dum foris sunt nil uidetur mundiis, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 12; nec id uictoris uitio quo nihil moderatus, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 2; cura ut ita tibi persuadcas mihi te carius nihil esse, 14, 3 f.; 3. for non, yet stronger than non, first as a sort of cognate acc., sci d(e) e(a) r(e) iniure nihil responderit, CIL 205, 2, 37 uaque no answer whatever—; nil circumitione nsus es, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 31; de Q. fratre nihil ego te accusavi, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 4; benignitate decemuirali nihil utitur, agr. 2, 61; 4. but also a cogu. acc. could not be, not one jot, in no way whatever, in no respect, herele haue quidem Nihil tu anassis, mihi desponsast, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 16; nihil me fallis, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 34; Nihil me fenellit, Hant. 4, 3, 4; nihil iam Caesaris imperium expectabant, Cacs. b. g. 2, 20 f.; Thebani nihil moti sunt, Liv. 42, 46, 8; nihil patricium magistratum inseram consilio plebis, 6, 38, 7; nihil uagnopere ad patrum aut plebis causam inclinati, 3, 65, 2; nihil consulto collega signum



proposuit, 22, 45, 5; senatus nihil sano intentus, Sal. Cat. 16, 4; **5.** with adj., plebs nihil Romanae plebi similis, Liv. 4, 9, 8; More nihil Graio, Stat. Th. 9, 610; **6.** for no reason, Quorsum tandem aut cur ista quaeris? Nihil sane nisi..., Cic. leg. 1, 4; **7.** with gen., first with sb., Ni nos texamus licet est nihil fullones uobis quaesti, Titin. 26 R; damni nihil facis, Cic. fam. 7, 33; nihil relictum esse urium, Liv. 2, 57, 3; **8.** with gen. of adj. if ending in i, of neuter adj. of o decl., Homō sum humani nihil a me alieum puto, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 25; nihil cognoui ingratus, in quo uitio nihil mali non inest, Cic. Att. 8, 4, 2; nihil noui, fam. 2, 14; **9.** but the adj. may agree with nihil and must if other words be attached to it, nihil dicam reconditum, nihil expectatione uestra dignum, nihil aut inauditum uobis aut cuiquam nouum, Cic. or. 1, 137;

**10.** with ellipsis of facio or ago, illa quidem nocte nihil (was done) praeterquam uigilatum est in urbe, Liv. 3, 26 f.; ab lictore, nihil aliud quam prendere prohibito, quum conuersus in patres impetus esset, 2, 29, 4; nihil prius quam legatos ad se duci iussit, 44, 32, 1; mox nihil quam uctabatur et decambulabat—he did nothing in the way of exercise but—, Suet. Aug. 83; see alius; **11.** also ellipt., ecce kalendis Iuniis mutata omnia, nihil per senatum, multa et magna per populum, Cic. Phil. 1, 6; nihil per libertos seruosque publicae rei, Tac. Agr. 19; **12.** of persons of no account, a cypher, a nobody, sin mecum in hac prolusione nihil fueris, quem te in ipsa pugna cum acerrimo aduersario fore putemus? Esto, ipse nihil est, nihil potest, at uenit paratus..., Cic. Caecil. 47; haec tibi scripsi ut isto in genere in quo aliquid posse uis, te nihil esse cognosceres, fam. 7, 27, 2; **13.** nihil agere, to be wasting one's time, nihil agis, Fieri aliter non potest, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 12; nihil agis dolor, quamuis sis molestus, nunquam to esse conficbor malum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 61; sed nil agis usque tenebo, Hor. s. 1, 9, 15; **14.** nihil est, it is a waste of time, At nihil est ignotum ad illum mittere, operam luseris, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 94; hoc nihil est, Phaedria, illicet, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 30; **15.** nihil minus, there is nothing less, it is the least, hence as a strong neg. = minime gentium, sic existimatis eos hic braccatos uersari animo demisso? Nihil uero minus (se. demissum), Cic. Pont. 33 (23); cedit in uirum bonum mentiri? Nihil profecto minus, off. 3, 81; quietos in tentoriis suis, nihil minus quam hostem aut proelium expectantes, Liv. 22, 19, 8; **16.** strengthened by quicquam, Cum interea nihil quicquam a me 'st praemi neque erat tuae benignitatis Atque obsequellae, Turp. 209 R; add Caecil. 173; nihil uidetur mundus, Nec magis compositum quicquam, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 12; **17.** nihil non, stronger perh. than omnia, Antonius nihil non ad rationem dirigebat, Cic. Brut. 140; tanta prosperitas Cacsarem est consecuta ut nihil ei non tribuerit Fortuna quod cuiquam ante detulerit, Nep. Att. 19, 2; **18.** non nihil, an emphatic aliquid, non nihil ut in tantis malis est profectum, Cic. fam. 12, 2, 2; non nihil me consolatur cum recorder haec me uidisse, 4, 14, 2; **19.** strengthened by a following nec—, nec—; ut omnes intellegant nihil me nec subterfugere uoluisse reticendo nec obscurare dicendo, Cic. Clu. 1, 18;

**20.** used with last syll. long in Ovid, wh. agrees with the qty. of hilum and filum, In superis opis esse nihil. At in aedibus iugens..., M. 7, 644; Morte nihil opus est pro me sed amore fideque, tr. 5, 14, 41; Morte nihil opus est, nihil Icarotide tela, Pont. 3, 1, 113; but Lachm.'s reading of Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 10 is now corrected from A; and Rud. 4, 4, 9 by Fleckeisen; **21.** as a disyll., nam nil supra ualet, nihil tacere, Catul. 6, 12; Talis iste meus stupor nihil (monos.) uidet nihil audit, 20, 21; see Lachm. ad Lucr. 1, 159; who with Germ. edd. seems too bold in changing nihil to nil.

**nihil-dum**, sec nihil and dum.

**nihilī**, see nihilum.

**nihilō**, ōnis, m. οὐδαμνος, nihilo nugatorius gerra, Gloss.

**nihilō-minus**, sec

**nihilum**, (nilum) i, n. [ni = ne, + hilum = filum] nothing, eius hac lege nihilum rogatur, CIL 198, 2, 30; nihilo minus ipsi lucret, Enn. tr. 389 V; Quamquam estis nihili (sec § 2), Titin. 157 R; ergo...erit aliquid quod aut ex nihilo oriatur aut in nihilum subito occidat, Cic. diu. 2, 37;

Nam si de nihilo (al. nilo and so Lachm. Mun.) fierent..., Lucr. 1, 159; Nil igitur fieri de nihilo (disyll., al. nilo) posse fatendum est, 1, 205; De nihilo nihil, in nihilum nil posse reuertī, Pers. 3, 84; **2.** nihili of no value, dictus est nihili qui non hili erat, Varr. l. 9, 37; Malus et nequam est homo qui nihili eri imperium seruos facit Nihili 'st autem suum qui officium facere immemor est nisi est ammonitus, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 1; Aut ego istuc abs te factum nihili penderem, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 14; **3.** pro nihilo, as of no value, quam mihi ista pro nihilo! Cic. Att. 14, 9, 1; p. n. duocere, Verr. 2, 2, 40; putauit, Caecil. 24; habuit, Liv. 33, 46, 4;

**4.** esp. nihilo w. compar., not one jot more—, minus, Enn. as above; Pl. Men. 5, 50—nevertheless, notwithstanding; plus, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 17; beniuolentior, Cic. fam. 4, 12, 4; scetius, Caes. b. g. 5, 4, 3; **5.** with aliter, Iste me fefellerit, ego isti nihilo sum aliter (alter?) ac fui, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 45;

**6.** and with comp. suppressed, if text is sound: Nihilo ego quam nunc tu sum amata atque uui (so Bent., uni modo, mss) gessi morem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 43.

**nil**, see nihil; for qty.: Nil intra est olcam, nil extra est in nuce duri, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 31.

**nīmīs**, adv. comp. [for nimius adj. n. from a lost primitive, cf. for loss of u magis, satis, pris of pristinus; and πῦρος; see Essays, pp. 122, 238] too much, Et ualida quinos (monos.) tenacia infrenast nimis, Enn. tr. 220 V; Nimis homō formidulosus, Naev. 45 R; nimis me indulget, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 16; nimis multa uideor de me, Cic. Brut. 318;

**2.** with gen., Haec loca lucis habent nimis et cum luce pudoris, Ov. F. 6, 115; insidiarum, Cic. orat. 170; **3.** exceedingly, Nimis uelim lapidem qui ego illi speulo dimmiam caput, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 109; nimisque id genus odi ego male hominum, Rud. 4, 2, 15; Legiones educant suas, nimis pulcris armis praeditas, Amph. 1, 1, 63; fundam tibi nunc nimis uellem dari Vt..., Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 16; add Ad. 4, 1, 6; **4.** Nimis quam formido ne..., Pl. Most. 2, 2, 79 is for nimis est q. f., it is beyond all conception how...; cf. nimium-quantum, mirum-quantum, saue-quam; **5.** nimis seems at times in comic writers reduced to nim; Nimis bella 's atque amabilis, et si hoc memm 'sset hodie..., Pl. As. 3, 3, 84; cf. § 1; for such loss of comp. suffix, cf. sat for satis.

**nīsī**, or ni (old forms nisci, nise) conj. [ni, not, + si] unless, neue socium quisquam nisei pr. urbanum adiesent..., CIL 196, 8; nisei seiquae causa erit, CIL 198, 37; nec polo homo quisquam faciet impune animatus Hoc nisi tu, Enn. an. 101 V; Quod nisi quieris Menelae haec dextra occides, tr. 380; Adhuc nisi ego insanio stulte omnia, Cic. Att. 7, 10; **2.** except, esp. after neg., hoc primum sentio nisi in bonis amicitiam esse non posse, Cic. am. 18; iure iurando ne quis enuntiaret nisi quibus communi consilio mandatum esset inter se sanxerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 30 f.; quid est pietas nisi uoluntas grata in parentes? Cic. Planc. 80; quod inter omnes constat nisi inter eos qui ipsi quoque insaniunt, Rosc. Am. 33; **3.** esp. in corrections, quid tu malum curas Vtrum crudum an coctum ego edim, nisi tu mihi es tutor, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 16; cum Patrone Epicureo mihi omnia sunt, nisi quod in philosophia uehementer ab eo discunt, Cic. fam. 13, 1, 2; nuno...condemneris necesse est nisi putamus..., Tull. 32; add Att. 2, 1, 11; Tusc. 3, 58; Plin. pan. 86, 5; **4.** esp. with forte and uero, Erueii criminatio tota dissoluta est, nisi forte expectatis ut illa diluam quae de pculatur obiecit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 82; add off. 1, 120; fat. 37; nisi uero existimatis dementem P. Africanum fuisse, Mil. 8; nisi forte in carminibus tantum exigitur inoffensa copulatio uocum, Quint. 1, 10, 23; add 2, 3, 6; 12, 2, 2; **5.** in some connections the best translation is: only, neues pineas ad eundem modum, nisi tanquam alium scrito, Cato r. 48, 3; add 77 and 80; Quid egerint inter se uouidum etiam scio, Nisi sane curaest quorsum euenturum hoc siet, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 118; de re nihil possum indicare, nisi illud mihi persuadeo te nihil temere fecisse, Cic. fam. 13, 73, 2; nequeo satis mirari neque conciere; Nisi quidquid est procul hinc lubet prius quid sit sciscitari, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 10; nescio Nisi amasse credo Pamphilam, 5, 1, 10;



ecce autem—again—de integro, nisi quidquid est Volo scire, Ad. 1, 2, 74; **6.** strengthened by a second *si*, when *quis* or one of its derivatives follows (neque quicquam se facturum quo) eam rem minus iudicet nisi seique causa erit quae eioi..., CIL 198, 37; noli putare me ad quemquam longiores epistolas scribere nisi si quis ad me plura scripserit cui puto rescribi oportere, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 1; nisi si quid in Caesare sit auxiliū, Gallis idem esse faciendum, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 14; eritque semper nisi si quando arma acceperimus, Liv. 6, 26, 5; **7.** in later writers more freely, in laudationibus nisi si funebres erunt, Quint. 11, 3, 153; add 1, 6, 2; 3, 10, 2; 9, 2, 98; nisi si Gallos fide teueri putatis, Tac. Agr. 32; **8.** in asseverations with an oath, Di (me) deaeque omnes pessimum exemplis interficiant, nisi..., Pl. Most. 1, 3, 36; moriar nisi facete, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 1; peream nisi admiror, Ang. ap. Suet. Claud. 4; **9.** nisi, nisi in old writers, see above and Fronto (p. 127 of Roman ed.); Nisi multa aqua usque et diu macerantur, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 34; Nisi (so A) se sciat ulico non datum iri, Cas. 3, 5, 56; Tu quantūvis nil nisi sapientia, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 40; nise occurs in CIL 1, 48 by the side of nisei and before *iei*, so that it may be a slip; but cf. *sibe* and *quase* in Quint. 1, 7, 24; **10.** in the Comedians nisi is often to be pron. as ni.

**nitēdūla**, ae, f. dim. [nitela] a mouse of a small kind, illa ex uepreculis extracta nitēdula, Cic. Sest. 72 (so schol. Bob. p. 303; Prisc. 1, 107, 9 K); Forte per angustam tenuis nitēdula (so Bentl., Lachm.; mss however uolpecula, sanctioned by Aug. e. mendac. 28; Isid. orig. 1, 39, 6; Cyril. apol. 2, 11; fable-writers care little for nat. hist.; note too the qty.) rimam Reperat in cumeram frumenti, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 29; add Arnob. 2, 75.

**nitēfaciō**, ēre, fci. ctum, vb. [niteo, cf. tepefacio] ease to shine, uentus mare nitēfacit, Gell. 18, 11, 3; grato erinem nitēfactus oliuo, Iuuen. 1, 607.

**nitēla**, ae, f. [niteo] brightness, armorum, Solin. 35; nitelae pulueris, gold dust, 36; oris, of tooth powder, Misi ut petisti munditias tibi (tibi om. mss) dentium Nitelas oris ex Arabicis frugibus, Calpurn. ap. Apul. mag. 6.

**nitor**, i, nixus and nisus, vb. r. [for gniet-or, and that from genu(c)-knee with exrescent t] kneel, Venus alma ambae te opsecramus Aram amplexantes hanc tuam lacrumantes genibus nixae, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 33; matronae nixae genibus orantesque, Liv. 26, 9, 8; genu nixa et manibus aram amplexa, Apul. M. 6, 3 f.; Impressoque genu nitens terrae applicat ipsum, Verg. 12, 303; scutis super capita densatis, stantibus primis, secūdis submissioribus, tertis magis et quartis, postremis etiam genu nixis, fastigiatam testudinem faciebant, Liv. 44, 9, 6; Quem genu nixae tremere gentes, Sen. Thy. 60; dictatorem magna ui offerente populo genu nixus...deprecatu est, Suet. Aug. 52 f.;

**2.** esp. of the constellation Hercules as kneeling, called *Ev-γωνασι* by Greeks, by Romans Ingeniculus and Nixus, Engonasin uocant genibus quia nixa feratur, Cic. N. D. 2, 108; flexo confidens corpore Nixus, Arat. 373; Qui medius nixique genu est anguemque tenentis, Ov. M. 8, 182; Dextro namque genu nixus diuersaque tendens Brachia, Germ. Arat. 67; Nixa genu species et Graio nomine dicta Engonasi ingenicula iuuenis sub imagine constans, Manil. 5, 645; **3.** press upon with the foot, Improuisum aspris ueluti qui sentibus anguem Pressit humi nitens, Verg. 2, 380; add 10, 736; **4.** lean upon, rest upon, ipse dux quia non habet ubi nitatur reuolat ut ipse quoque quiescat, Cic. N. D. 2, 125 (of cranes); Ille nides pura iuuenis qui nititur hasta, Verg. 6, 760; paribus nitens Cylleuius alis, 4, 252; **5.** esp. in the perf. part., hastili nixus, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; in hastam, Verg. 12, 398; baculo, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 52; super stipite, F. 3, 751; muliercula, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 86;

**6.** as the knee is often used for a fulcrum, hence of violent efforts, put out one's strength, exert oneself, strive (as onward or upward), Procede, gradum proferre pedem Nitere, Eun. tr. 249 V; Romani scalis summa nituntur opum ui, an. 168—fight their way; ardua per loca agrestia Trepidante gradu nititur, Paev. 273 R; remisque nixi, Att. 629 R; Sisyphus uersat Saxum sudans nitendo neque pro-

feit hilum, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; postisque sub ipsos Nituntur gradibus, Verg. 2, 443; Nitor in aduersum (says Apollo of his difficult course, as the sun) Ov. M. 2, 72; miles rupes oneratus in altis Nititur, Lucan. 4, 38; **7.** esp. of a supposed natural tendency, strive to reach, press towards, omnes partes eius (sc. mundi) undique medium locum capessentes nituntur aequaliter, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; fuge credere Memmi In medium summae quod dieunt omnia niti, Lucr. 1, 1053; add nixa 1056, nitier 1059; Poma quoque...ad sidera raptim Vi propria nituntur, Verg. G. 2, 428; ideo (totas aquas, sc. oceani) non decidere quoniam in interiora nitantur, Plin. 2, 165 f.; **8.** cacantum, statura fuit quadrata, uultu uelut nitentis—see the passage, Suet. Vesp. 20; cf. Mart. 3, 89; **9.** but de parturientibus only in the comp. enitor, for Plin. 9, 107 has eniti, not niti; but see nixus § 2; **10.** met. as first lean, rest, depend, rely upon, be supported (by), both with in and abl. or abl. alone, cuius in uita nitabatur salus ciuitatis, Cic. Mil. 19; add Cael. 24; diuinatio coniectura nititur, diu. 2, 55; add fam. 1, 5, 2; auctoritatem qua niti nitabatur, Caes. b. c. 3, 43, 4; **11.** put out all one's strength, strain every nerve, unusquisque nostrum si quis aduersus rem suam quid fieri arbitrantur, summa ui contra nititur, Cato orig. 23, 15 l; contra uerum niti, Sall. lug. 35, 8; pro libertate nonne summa ope nitimini? 31, 17; quum pro C. Laelio niteretur, Liv. 35, 10, 10; **12.** with ad, attain, uirtutis fiducia nitendum nobis ad spem beate uiuendi, Cic. Tusc. 5, 2; quod ni ita se haberet haud optimi cuiusque animus ad immortalitatis gloriam niteretur, sen. 82; **13.** with inf., summa ui Cirtam inrupere nititur, Sal. lug. 25, 9; Ingenio nitor non perissem meo, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 34; **14.** nisus and nixus both ackn. by Char. 248, 1 K; but nixus the older, Diom. 375, 1; nisus the ordinary form, Prisc. 1, 537, 27; **15.** nito in Cic. rep. says Diom. 340, 1 K; **16.** as to origin, gnitus et gnixus a genibus prisci dixerunt, Paul. ex Festo 96, 11 M, wh. see M's note; gnitus preceding (gnisus as mertare did mesare; for asnmmed loss of c in gitor before t etc., cf. irritō, rite, simitu, otium, setius.

**nixus**, part. of nitor; **2.** as sb. m. Nixi, the gods who presided over child-birth, magno Lucinam Nixosque patres clamore uocabam, Ov. M. 9, 294 says Alcumena; Nixi di appellantur tria signa in Capitolio genibus nixa, uelut praesidentes parientium nixibus, Fest. 174, 33 b; **3.** Nixus as the constellation of Hercules, so called because he was represented as kneeling, see nitor § 2; **4.** Ciconiae nixae, a public work of art in Rome, where three cranes resting their beaks on each other were represented, P. Victor. reg. 9; V. Marin. Fr. Arv. p. 151.

**nōlo**, nolle, nolui, vb. irr. [ne + nōlo] be unwilling, wish ...not, Quasi dedita opera quae ego uolo, ea tu non uis; quae (al. quod) ego nolo, ea cupis, Naev. 8 R; Nolite hospites ad mo adire; illico isti, Enn. tr. 404 V; nolo equidem, sed tu huic...ignosce, Att. 19 R; uoltis, empast; noltis, non empast..., Caecil. 5 R; Ipsus quidem herele ducerō (so mss, Bothe cj.: ducere eam) sane nōuolt, Titin. 105 R; noli noli scribere (so mss; but Momms. feribere; yet dele follows, l. 12) inquam istud, nolunt audire, Cato orat. 37, 6 I; noui ingenium mulierum: Nolunt ubi uelis, ubi nōlis cupiunt nitro. Bene putas, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 43; idem uelle atque idem nolle ea demum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; **2.** with subj., Nolo ego Neaeram te nocent set Nerienem, Licu. 1 R; nolo hic te uident, dominus est, Afran. 203; nolo mentiare, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 23; add Eun. 5, 2, 67; nolo me ut opicum contemnat, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1 f.; **3.** w. inf., see § 1; quae me hodie aduenientem domum Noluerit salutare, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 75; abire nolumus, St. 1, 2, 85; nolitote mirari, Sisen. ap. Non. 481; nolite iudices existimare..., Cic. Flac. 105; add Hor. s. 1, 6, 72; A. P. 427; **4.** w. acc. and inf., nolo ego Hanc adeo efflictim amare, Naev. 36; nolo eundem populum imperatorem et portitorem esse terrarum, Cic. rep. 4, 7; pluribus praesentibus eas res iactari uolebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 1; maiores nostri uirginis acerbae auris Veneris (Veneris, Laurenberg) uocabulis imbui noluerunt, Varr. s.



95, 3 I; add Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 32; **5.** at times with acc. of perf. pass. part., uolle (hist. inf. = nolabant) inultos homines, nolle successum, non patribus, non consulibus, Liv. 2, 45, 5; see also § 12; **6.** rarely with acc. alone, except neuter pron., nolo ego istam in te modestiam, Liv. 9, 34, 15; non Rhodiens modo id noluere, sed multos populos idem noluisse arbitror, Cato orat. 23, 6; **7.** will have it that...not..., ut nolint eundem pluribus rebus excellere, Cic. Brut. 84; **8.** with dat. of person, not wish well to, cui qui nolunt, idem tibi non sunt amici, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 3; see a similar use of malo, Planc. 59; of cupio, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 2; and Ad. 2, 4, 9 (as it shd. be read: cuperent tibi); **9.** the neg. of nolo (as of nego and nemo, *ov φημι* etc.) often belongs to some word that follows, not to the included uolo, so that the uolo alone passes on to the next clause, nolo existimes me adiutorem hinc uenisse sed auditoem, I must have you understand that I came not to assist our friend here but only as a hearer, Cic. N. D. 1, 17; **10.** nolim, I should wish (it) not (to be), I should be sorry (that), Nolim ceterarum rerum te socordem eodem modo, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 61; Numquidnam hic quod nolis uides? Eun. 2, 2, 41; Quid státis? Nōlīnt. Atqui licet esse beatīs—they would rather uot—Hor. s. 1, 1, 19; **11.** esp. in the parenth. quod uolim, si erit (quod nolim) accersendus, Cic. Att. 7, 18, 3; nihil esse molentius illa, Cum sua (quod nolim) numina laesa uidet, Ov. her. 19, 100; **12.** nollem I should have wished (that it had) not..., had it not now been too late, I could have wished (it) otherwise, I am sorry (that it was), C. Iam illi datumst argentum? D. Curauī ilico. C. Nollem datum, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 13; Siquid laboris, nollem, Haut. 1, 1, 30; Noui ego uostra 'nollem factum', I beg your pardon, I am so sorry, Ad. 2, 1, 11; quin ego (sc. Alcemena) illum aut deseram Aut faciat satis ille atque adiuret insuper Nolle esse dicta quae in me insontem protulit, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 9; at Karthaginem et Numantiam funditus sustulerunt: nollem Corinthum (sc. sublatam), Cic. off. 1, 35; **13.** noli came to have so completely the power of a mere don't, that uelle is at times added, Nolo oro te inquit Pomponiis (to Sulla) aduersum eos me uelle docere, cum quibus..., Nep. Att. 4, 2; nolite hunc iam natura ipsa occidentem uelle maturius exstingui uolnere uestro quam suo fato, Cic. Cacl. 79; **14.** nolo is at times strengthened by a following non...non..., see Livy above § 5, and cf. nemo § 6; **15.** for older forms see *neūis*; **16.** the imp. noli, nolite are borrowed and altered in the borrowing from the subj. nolis nolitis; a part. nolens seems limited to later poets and later prose, inuitus having long supplied its place, quamuis nolente senatu, Lincu. 1, 274; add 2, 175; Liv. 9, 113; Mart. 8, 30, 7; Sen. Thy. 420; aquilae prodire nolentes, Flor. 1, 22 (2, 6, 14); nolendum seems limited to modern grammars; **17.** a form nollo condemned by Dion. 386, 14K; non uis non uolt non uoltis are used to make up the pres. indic., Hegio hoc te monitum nisi forte ipse non uis tolueram, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 59; add Trin. 2, 2, 47 (so at least A, al. si tu non uois); Vis amare, uis potiri, uis quod des illi effici, Tuom 'sse in potiuo periculum non uis: haud stulte sapis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 82; **18.** compare our old Eng. nill from ne-will.

**nōn**, old form noenun [i.e. ne+ocnum (=unum); cf. G. nein=ne+cin and our no cut down from none, wh. =ne+one] an emphatic not, and so used chiefly with indic., also with subj. of result, and affecting individual words; Sed tamen hoc dicas, quod id (id om. mss) est si noenun (pron. noenu) molestumst, Lucil. ap. Non. 143 f.; si hodie noenun uenis, cras quidem si ueneris, erit dies (so Mercor cī, mss meridiem die—a dittograph) uatalis Fortis Fortunae, Varr. ap. Non. 144 M; non, non sic futurumst, non potest, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 73; non hoc ita iudices, non est profecto, Cic. Flac. 53; Non non hoc tibi salse sic abibit, Cat. 14, 16; Non omnis arbusta iuuant humilesque myricae, Verg. B. 4, 2; **2.** with subj. of result, non possunt multi rem amittere ut non plures secum in eandem calamitatem trahant, Cic. Man. 19; non se tam imperitum esso rerum ut non sciret, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 9; **3.** as attached to a single word, netus et

non ignobilis dicendi magister, Cic. Brut. 315; incredibilis animus et non unius uiri uires, Mil. 67; **4.** esp. when a word or phrase is opposed to another, illi iudices, si iudicea et non parricidae patrio nominandi sunt, Cic. Planc. 70; quasi uero me tuo arbitratu et non meo gratum esse oporteat, ib. 71; nulla res recte potest administrari, si unusquisque uelit uerba spectare et non ad uoluntatem eius qui ea uerba habernerit accedere, inu. 2, 140; pluribus uerbis ad te scriberem, si res uerba desideraret, ac non pro se ipsa loqueretur, fam. 3, 2, 2; in these six sentences neque would have been inadmissible; **5.** so in such cases (§§ 2, 3) it is required even with an imperative, or subj. used as such, Vos quoque non caris aures oncrate lapillis..., Munditiis capimur, non sint sine lege capilli (where moreover non is more emphatic than ne, like our *never*), Ov. a. a. 3, 129; Non petito ut bene sit, sed ut male tutius, Pont. 1, 2, 105; Non Teneora agat in Rutulos... nostro dirimamus sanguine bellum, Verg. 12, 78; cf. Hor. s. 2, 5, 91; ep. 1, 18, 72; A. P. 460; atque utinam pro decore tantum et non pro salute esset certamen, Liv. 21, 41, 13; **6.** non is at times so attached to a sb. as to signify qui (quod) non est, nullo modo arbitrabatur quicquam effici posse ab ea (sc. natura) quae expers esset corporis...nec uero aut quod efficeret aliquid aut quod efficieretur, posse esse non-corpus, Cic. acad. post. 1, 39; non oportet timidum fingi non bonum illum uirum, fin. 2, 53; quasi seruitute praedii non-possessori relicta, Modest. dig. 34, 1, 14 f.; ui possideri quoties non-dominus ui delectus est, Paul. 43, 15, 7; **7.** the usual place, when negating a whole proposition, is before the vb., si hanc causam tam idoneam tam illustrem tam grauem non haberem, si aut hoc a me Siculi non petissent aut mihi cum Siculis causa tantae consuetudinis non intercederet..., Cic. Caecil. 6; ueritas ex hoc loco repulsa locum ubi consistat reperire non poterit, Quinct. 5; se Haeduorum iniurias non neglecturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 35 f.; **8.** when negating a single word before that word, see exx. above quoted; **9.** but at times it comes first in a clause with great emphasis, esp. after a neg. sent. or question equivalent to a neg. and the rel., as: nulla gens est quae non aut ita sublata sit ut uix exstet aut..., Cic. prou. c. 31; quia nauiganit qui non se aut mortis aut seruitutis periculo committeret? Man. 31; quemquam horum esse putas qui non malit te sine uituperatione quam scelere discedere? Caecil. 60; add Verr. 2, 1, 19; nemo est nestrum cuius non ante oculoa ipse saepe militare aliquid ediderim facinus, cui non idem ego notata temporibus locisque referre sua possim decora, Liv. 21, 43, 17; **10.** when placed last is very emphatic, eam (sc. fugam) si nunc sequor, quonam? Cum illo non, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; fama uocem utique dammas, claritas non, Sen. ep. 102, 17; **11.** used by itself in answers, no, A. em, Satine sic est? G. Non, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 33; cognitorem ascribit Sthenio. Quem? Cognatum aliquem? Non, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 106; **12.** for non solum, non enim plebes incitata nostris rebus inuidit, sed uincula soluta sunt et seruitia incitata, Cic. leg. 3, 25; ut cum illic irent, non ad aedem Cereris, sed ad ipsam Cererem proficisci uiderentur, Verr. 2, 4, 108; uix mehercule seruis hoc cum suis, non uobis (he might have said nedum uobis), omnium gentium dominis, probaturum arbitror, agr. 2, 22; **13.** non is at times prefixed to vbs. of saying or thinking, though really belonging to the accompanying inf., non existamanit sui similibus probari posse se esse hostem patriae, nisi mihi esset iuimicus, Cic. Phil. 2, 2; Caesar quod memoria tenebat L. Cassium consulē occisum..., concedendum non putabat, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 4; cf. the use of *οὐκ εφη*, and of nego; **14.** non also when affecting the whole propos. at times commences a sententia when very emphatic, Non quia Maecenas..., persuades hoc tibi uere..., Hor. s. 1, 6, 1; **15.** at times strengthened by following negatives, non mediūsfidius prae lacrumis possum reliqua uec cogitare nec scribere, Cic. Att. 9, 12, 1; **16.** at times prefixed to superl. as to denote very much the opposite, uon iucundissimum nuntium, Cic. fam. 4, 12, 1; hic quam uolet Epicurus iocetur, homo non aptissimus ad iocandum, N. D. 2, 46; Cethego homini non



probatissimo, par. 40; **17.** at the same time available for modesty, et tu me consiliario, fortasse non imperitissimo nsus esses, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 2; sociorum querimoniae delatae ad hominem non inertissimum (the speaker himself), Caecil. 67; **18.** also to make positive a neg. adj. oratio non ingrata Gallis, Caes. b. g. 7, 30; sedes huic nostro non importuna sermoni, Cic. or. 3, 18; Ascanius meriti tauti non immemor umquam, Verg. 9, 256; **19.** and other neg. words, non iniuria, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 43; non haec sine numine diuom Eucuiunt, Verg. 2, 777; **20.** non followed by non, so as to make a strong affirm., non potui non dare, I could not but..., Cic. Att. 8, 2, 1; non illa praesidia, etsi contra nim collocata sunt, non afferunt tamen oratori alicquid, ut in foro, quamquam praesidiis salutaribus saepti sumus, tamen ne non-timere quidem sine aliquo timore possimus, Mil. 2; **21.** so non-nihil, non-nemo, non-nullus, non-numquam, non-nolle are very emphatic, perhaps more so than even aliquid aliquis aliquando uolo; see nemo etc.; **22.** again nihil non, nemo non, nullus non, numquam non, are more emphatic than omnia, omnes, omnis, semper; see nihil etc.; **23.** non is a proclitic, i. e. forms but one word with that to wh. it is attached, hence the order, quaero quis aut de misera uita posset gloriari ante de nou-beata, Cic. fin. 3, 28; ut iam liceat una comprehensione omnia complecti non-dubitantemque dicere..., ib. 5, 26 (Madvig); nec satis est iudicare quid faciendum non-faciendumue sit, 1, 47; see also non-timere in § 20.

**nosco**, ēre, nōui, nōtum, older gnosco [for gon-osc-o, see below], vb. con, study, make oneself acquainted with, praecipuum Apollinis ut se quisque noscat, ...cum 'nosce te' dicit, hoc dicit, nosce animum tuum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 52; sapientia nos docuit ut nosmet ipsos nosceremus, leg. 1, 58; noscere prouinciam, nosci exercitui, Tac. Agr. 5; **2.** take cognizance of, perceive, learn, see, come to the knowledge of, utique eam figier iouebatis ubi facillimum gnoscier potisit, CIL 196, 28; Noscens omniuoli plurima furta Iouis, Catul. 68, 142; deus ille quem mente noscimus, Cic. N.D. 1, 37; Id 'sae uerum ex me atque ex fratre quouis facilest noscere, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 8; **3.** recognize, know again, see, paelulam in caput Induce ue te noscat, Pomp. 95 R; forma in tenebris nosci non quitast, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 57; nullique nidenda Voce tamen noscar, Ov. M. 14, 153; At simul intonuit, fugiunt (sc. amici), nec noscitur ulli, Agminibus comitum qui modo cinctus erat, tr. 1, 5, 29; miserae nimium noscenda parenti Parma natat, Stat. Th. 9, 357; **4.** recognize and so acknowledge, admit, esp. with causam, (sei iudex)...causam non nouerit...ita pronuntiatio fec(isse uideri), CIL 198, 42; add 43 and 45; Numquam amatoris meretricem oportet causam noscere Quin..., Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 18; quod te excusas, ego uero et tuas causas nosco et..., Cic. Att. 11, 7, 5; illam partem excusationis nec nosco nec proba, fam. 4, 4, 1; atque uereor ne istam causam nemo noscat, leg. 1, 11; potesne Ex his ut proprium quid noscere? Hor. s. 2, 7, 89; erant qui genus ipsum orandi noscerent, Tac. h. 1, 90; **5.** hence in perf. noui I have studied, I have learned, and so I know, nomus (=nouimus) ambo Vlixem, Enn. tr. 199 V; hominis faciem, Ter. Hec. 3, 4, 25; tuos digitos, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 13; qui eius ciuitatis...non leges nou instituta nou mores nou iura noritis, Pis. 30; nosti cetera, fam. 7, 28, 2; si ego hos bene noui, Rosc. Am. 57; **6.** perh. also with inf., uolgens coria maxime perficere illo nonit (al. aliter), Plin. 23, 107; **7.** root gon is one with our con and ken, also with Corn. gon, Erse gen (W. Stokes's Cornish poem, The Passion, p. 94), Zend chin (Bopp V. G. 109 b 2 Anmerk.), S. ket in che-ket-mi, Chin. ken; hence to Lat. catus shrewd, and akin to it Lith. kat see there; a secondary form is seen in g(o)n-osc-o γ(ο)ν-ωσκ-ω and S. jnā, and our own k(o)n-ow; but the simple gon alone enters into a-g(o)n-itus co-g(o)n-itus, agnosco cognosco would have given agnotus cognotus wh. do not occur; the sb. *ov-ou-atar* or *ov-υι-ματ-*, and Welsh *en-w*, have lost the g but preserved the vowel.

**nōuem**, num. [see below] nine, sermo in nouem et dies et libros distributus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 5, 1; Vndē pēr ōrū nōuem uasto cum murmure montis It maro proruptum, Verg. 1, 245; **2.** nouem, *επνε(τ)α* and the Lith. dewyni, together point to a fuller indeuini or *επδοφει*; wh. suggest *ev*, *επδο*, inde, de for the first part, oeno *év* or wiena for the second, i. e. off one; cf. de-unx, dextans=de sextans, dodrans=de-quadrans where de is used in the same way; and for form see inde 2 down.

**nōuus**, older nōuos, nōua, nōuum older nōuom, adj. [for en-eu-os; but see below] lit. low, as seen in *ueatos* lowest, and in the derived forms *infra inferi infimus* etc. **2.** hence nouissimus lowest (in worth), perbreui tempore qui ne in nouissimis quidem erat histrionibus (a term of contempt) ad primos peruenit comoedos, Cic. Rosc. com. 30; **3.** hence nouus low in time, new, recent, mores ueteresque nouosque, Enn. an. 253 V; nihil fecit noui, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 11; nemo est qui non eo quo consuevit (sc. equo) libentius utatur quam intractato et nouo, Cic. am. 68; Romulum aliosque compluris quos quasi nouos ciues in caelum receptos putant, N.D. 3, 39; nouus ueteri exercitus iungitur, Liv. 7, 7, 3; ut nouum de integro proelium ediderint, 24, 16, 2; audium nouae libertatis populum, 2, 1, 9; nouum senatum, 2, 1, 11; Res memoranda nouis annalibus atque recenti Historia, Iuv. 2, 102; nouus serpens, with a new skin, Ov. M. 9, 266; hic nouus Camillus, Liv. 22, 14, 9; **4.** new of its kind, strange, unheard of, fero alia flagitia ad te ingentia...noua Capitalia, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 4; haec noui iudicii noua forma terret oculos, Cic. Mil. 1; Ignoti nōuā forma uiri, Verg. 3, 591; Saeculum Pyrrhae noua monstra questae, Hor. od. 1, 2, 6; **5.** esp. nouus miles, a young soldier, recruit, novice, facilius se ueteranos conuocaturum quam Pompeium nouos milites, Caes. ap. Suet. 29; and met., Et rudis ad partus et nōuā milēs eram, Ov. her. 11, 48; **6.** nouus homo, one new to public life, the first of his family so honoured, nouus sum, consulatum peto, Roma est, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 1, 1, 2; adeptus es quod non multi homines noui, amisti quae plurimi homines nobilissimi, fam. 5, 18, 1; M. Catoni homini ignoto et nouo, rep. 1, 1; add Mur. 17; or. 1, 117; **7.** nouae res, a change of government, a revolution, Sp. Maelium nouis rebus studentem occidit, Cic. Cat. 1, 3; qui... rerum nouarum causam quaerent, agr. 2, 91; add Att. 5, 21, 3; Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 3; Sall. Cat. 28, 4; **8.** nouae tabulae, a cancelling of debts, beginning with a new ledger, wiping off old debts, repudiation, tabulae nouae quid habent argumenti nisi ut emas mea pecunia fundum, eum tu habeas, ego non habeam pecuniam? Cic. off. 2, 84; ad timorem nouarum tabularum tollendum, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 3; add Cic. Att. 5, 21, 3; Liv. 42, 13, 9; Sen. ep. 81, 26; and met. beneficiorum uouas tabulas, ben. 1, 4, 6; **9.** nouae tabernae and nouae alone, a colonnade on the north side of the forum of bankers' shops (argentariae), on ground once occupied by butchers (lanienae), so called, as rebuilt after the great fire of 544 a.v.c., in opposition to the ueteres tabernae, ad tabernas quibus nunc uouis est nomen atque ibi ab lanio cultro arrepto..., Liv. 3, 48, 5; argentariae quae nouo nouae appellantur arserunt, 26, 27, 2; cf. ex tabernis lauienis argentariae factae, Varr. ap. Non. 532; cf. Liv. 26, 11, 7; sub nouis dicta pars in foro aedificiorum, Varr. l. 6, p. 237 Sp.; itaque cessit. Vt ii qui sub nouis solem non ferunt, item ille cum aestuare ueterum ut Maenianorum, sic Academicorum umbram seentus est, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 70; basilicam post argentarias nouas (fecit), Liv. 40, 51, 5; see Ritschl's opus. 2, 385; **10.** as sb. n. in gen., new, news, numquidnam inquit noui? Cic. or. 2, 13; propter hiemis magnitudinem nihil noui ad nos adferebatur, fam. 2, 14; in eius epistola nihil erat noui, Att. 13, 30, 2; **11.** fresh and so in full vigour, ut si semper decertandum sit, semper nouus nemiam, Cic. Phil. 2, 43; **12.** with dat., delictis hostium nouus, Tac. Agr. 16; nouusque dolori, Sil. 6, 254; **13.** with inf., Et noua ferre iugum ceruix, Sil. 16, 332; **14.** comp. nouior, only found in: ab nouo declinatum nouius et nouissimum quod extremum, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 236 Sp.; **15.** nouissimus lowest, see



§ 2—hence most recent, last, qui nouissimus uenit necatur, Caes. b. g. 5, 56, 2; recipero me nouissimus coepi ad castra, Galb. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 30, 4; haec nouissima nostra facta, Caes. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 13, 1; nouissima uerba, Verg. 4, 650; n. casum, last chance, Tac. an. 12, 33; **16.** esp. of the rear of an army, cupidius n. agmen insecuti, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 2; add 3 and 4; ex n. acie, Liv. 10, 29, 5; add 31, 27, 6; **17.** extreme, n. exempla, Tac. an. 12, 20; a summa spe nouissima exspectabat, 6, 56—here perh. lowest, as opp. to summa; see § 2; **18.** adv. noue, newly, in a new way, Sed nestita aurata ornata ut lepide ut concinne ut noue, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 38; ne quid noue dicamus, against use, as a solecism, ad Heren. 1, 15; add Sen. controu. 1, 4, 11; Gell. 17, 2, 13; 19, 17, 2; **19.** rarely nouiter, Basilicae Iuliae a se nouiter reparaetae, inser. Or. 24; **20.** nouissime, adv. of time, last of all, cum n. aegrotaret; and quod n. nobiscum foedus fecissent, Val. Ant. ap. Char. 208, 1 K; n. memoria nostra argentum aere solum est, Sal. Cat. 33, 2; librum quem n. tibi misi, Plin. ep. 8, 3, 1; add 4, 30, 4; Quint. 12 pr. 3; 2, 10, 1; **21.** in a series, lastly, primum..., deinde..., nouissime, Plauc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 24, 2; deinde..., nouissime, Sen. ira 3, 6, 3; add Quint. 3, 6, 24; 11, 2, 41; **22.** nouissimus and nouissime were condemned by L. Aelius in Varro's time as solecisms, Varr. 1, 6, p. 236 Sp.; so Tiro: nouissime non recte ait dici adicitque quod sua coeperit aetate id aduerbium, ap. Char. 207, 30 K; and Gell. 10, 21, 1 says of the two words: M. Ciceronem noluisse uti; so Probus 57, 1 gives nouus as the one ex. of nomina quae in positio gradu tantum sint constituta; yet see §§ 2 and 15; and add: id nouissime (so ms) exiuit, Fronto eloq. 144 Nab.; **23.** in comic verse often a monos., Prouenibant (al. mss) oratores noui, stulti adolescentuli, Naev. 62 R; Semper datores nouos oportet quaerere, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 33; Nouos omnis mores habeo, ueteres perdidit, ib. 3, 1, 10; Nouo liberto opus quod pappet. Dabitur, praebebo cibum, Epid. 5, 2, 62; Ego nouos maritos anno demum quinto et sexagesimo, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; so Bentl.; Ritschl prol. 152, 1; W. Wagner Aul. index: perh. nouus; so also with uos, Seidler doehm. 50; **24.** root in (*ev*) down, whence comp. *ev-epoi ev-epθ-ev* or *uεpθev*, and superl. *imus* for *in-imus*; then *en-ef-us* cut down in nouus *uefos* and S. nava, whence comp. *inferi* (*en-ef-eri*), sup. *infimus* (*en-ef-umus*); cf. also *nox*, *nuc*, *nico*, *inde* 2, and *de*; **25.** akin to our new, G. neu; **26.** time being represented by a stream, what is low is recent or new; conversely Germ. alt, our old, seems one with L. altus.

**1 nox**, noctis, f. [= *νυξ νυκτος*, from *nuc*, old crude form of *nu-o* lower with excrement t; s. below], lit. descent, hence solis *nox* at sun-down, Enn.; see 2 *nox* adv.; hence absol. sun-down, night, just as mid down in old Norse was used of the time when there was no moon (cf. Holmboe's *Ordforraad*). Hinc *nox* processit stellis ardentibus apta, Enn. an. 343; umbra terrae soli efficiens noctem efficit, Cic. N. D. 2, 49; ad multam noctem pugnatum est, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 3—till lato at night; **2.** the doings of night personified, omnis et insana semita nocte sonat, Prop. 5, 8, 60; Nox nou ebria sed soluta curis, Mart. 10, 47, 9; hence noctes Atticae the title of Gellius' work, as notes set down in or near Athens, Gell. pr. 4; **3.** hence in poets of sleep, nec umquam Soluitur in somnos oculisue aut pectore noctem Accipit, Verg. 4, 530; Abrupere oculi noctem, Stat. Th. 9, 599; noctemque retractat, of a dream, Sil. 3, 216; **4.** of death, Olli dura quies oculos et ferrens urguet Somnus; in aeternam clauduntur lumina noctem, Verg. 10, 746; omnes una manet nox, Hor. od. 1, 28, 15; add 1, 4, 16; **5.** of the infernal regions, Noctis aeternae chaos, Sen. Herc. f. 614; descendere nocti, Sil. 13, 708; **6.** of the darkness of a storm, taetra nimborum nocte coorta, Lucr. 4, 172; imber Noctem hiememque ferens, Verg. 3, 195; noctem paentes... nauitae, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 23; **7.** of a cloud of missiles, Noxque super campos telis conserta pependit, Lucan. 7, 520; **8.** of public calamities, doleo me in hanc rei publicae noctem incidisse, Cic. Brut. 330; ad Rose. Am. 91; Nox ingens scelerum, Lucan. 7, 571; **9.** of blindness, Perpetuaque trahens inopem sub nocte senectam, Ov. M. 7,

2; **10.** of mental blindness, quantum mortalia pectora caecae Noctis habent! Ov. M. 6, 473; Tantaeque nox animi est, 6, 652; **11.** meretricium etc., Hanc tibi noctem honoris caussa gratis dono dabo, Pl. As. 1, 3, 42; militem Eius noctem orantem, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 125; noctes certarum mulierum pro mercedis cumulo fuerunt, Cic. Att. 1, 21, 5; add Hor. epod. 15, 13; **12.** Night as a goddess, Erebo creata fuscis crinibus, Nox to inuoco, Varr. ap. Paul. ex Festo 63 M (Erebo with long E corresponding to Gr. accent *ερεβος*); Et nox atra polum bigis subuecta tenebat, Verg. 5, 721; Iam Nox aetherium nigris cmensa quadrigis Mundum..., Tib. 3, 4, 17; add Ov. F. 1, 455.

**2 nox**, adv. [for *noe* is a gen. of *noc* night, before the outgrowth of the t, cf. for form *νυχα νυχτος*; for meaning *νυκτος*] by night, si nox furtum faxsit si im occidit, iure caesus esto, XII tab.; Si luci si solis nox (so mss; I omit si mox as a dittograph) si iam data sit frux, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 278, 15; nox si uoles manebo, Pl. As. 3, 3, 7; but in Rud. 2, 4, 4 mox is now read.

**nubes**, (nubis or nubis) is, f. [s. below] cloud, Istic est is Iuppiter quem dico, quem Graeci uocant Aerem qui nentis (so mss, perh. an old variety of *uentus*) est et nubes, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, p. 70 Sp.; Flamma inter nubes coruscant, caelum tonitru tremant, Pacuv. 413 R; aer...concretus in nubes cogitur, Cic. N. D. 2, 101; Eripinnt subitō nubes caelumque diemque, Verg. 1, 88; simul atrā nubes Condidit lunam, Hor. od. 2, 16, 2; **2.** met. leucstarum, Liv. 42, 10, 7; telorum, 38, 26, 7; peditum equitumque, 35, 49, 5; (uolucrum), Verg. 12, 254; belli, 10, 809; meri, Val. F. 3, 65; soporis, Stat. Ach. 1, 646; mortis, silu. 4, 6, 72; frontis opacae, of blindness, Th. 4, 512; frontis, a frown, Sil. 8, 612; so Deme supercilio nubem, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 94; **3.** esp. of trouble, in illis rei publicae tenebris caccisque nubibus et procellis, Cic. dom. 24; Pars uitae tristi cetera nube uacet, Ov. tr. 5, 5, 22; add 2, 142; **4.** of precious stones, crystallia infestantur plurimis uititiis, maculosa nube..., Plin. 37, 28, add 118; cf. umbra used in a similar way ib. 67; nubecula 68; nubulum 126; **5.** nubs obsolete, Liv. Andr. ap. Serv. A. 10, 636; Perium Lapi-tham lunonia ludificat nubs, Aus. monos. 12, 4; quamuis quidam his adnumerent nubs, fragm. Bob. 561, 35 K; **6.** nubis apparently only in nubis ater imberque instat (so or nubisater B C D) Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 38—wh. edd. alter uariouly; but when Probus 198, 14 says nubes non nubis, he admits the existence of nubis; **7.** akin to nub-o veil; but nub shortened from on-ub and so akin to umbra (= on-ub-era) and to infula (= en-ef-ula = *ν-εφ-ελ-η*); prob. also to nox (of wh. *noc*- or *nuc*- is for on-*ne*-), see nox.

**nūbo**, ēre, psi, ptum [crude form *nūb*; cf. *pronūba*, cōtūbium, as also *νεφ-ος νεφ-ελη*, umbra for *ōn-ūb-era*; and see nubes] vb. lit. darken, hence veil (oneself), put on a veil, as a woman in marriage and so marry, with dat. of husband, se nupturam adulescentulo, Naev. 126 R; nirogo nupsit cui Caecilia nupta fuerat, Cic. diu. 1, 104; ad mulierem nuptam uni propositam omnibus, Verg. 2, 5, 34; si qua uoles apte nūbēre, nūbē pari, Ov. her. 9, 32; **2.** with in and acc. or quo, of the family into which, Namque hoc qui dicat: quo illae nubent diuites Dotatae si stud ius pauperibus ponitur? Quo lubeant nūbant, dum dos ne fiat comes, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 15; nam quo dedisti nuptum abire nolunus, Stat. 1, 2, 85; cum ex amplissimo genere in familiam clarissimam nupsisses, Cic. Cael. 34; add Clu. 183; **3.** met. of the vine, in Campano agro populis nubunt, Plin. 14, 10; populi albae uitibus nuptae, 28, 266; cf. Hor. epod. 2, 9; add Manil. 5, 238; of the earth, alna...tellus...depositis cnpiet se nubere plantis, Colum. 10, 158; **4.** also jokingly of a man likely to be henpecked, sed meus Frater...Nupsit posterius dotatae uetulae uaricosae uafrae (mss *afrae*), Pomp. 89 R; Vxorem quare locupletem ducere nolim, quaeritis. Vxori nubere nolo meae, Mart. 8, 12, 2; **5.** de praeposteris nuptiis, nubit amicus, Iuv. 2, 134; Callistratus Afro, Mart. 12, 42, 1; **6.** in a sense self-explained, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 45—47; **7.** as a pass. impers. Quousmodi hic cum fama facile nubitur, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 58; add Tert. Marc. 4,



38 m.; **8.** *nupta est* etc. is married, with *cum*, uirorum quibuscum illae nuptae erant, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 136; regis Parthorum filium quocum esset nupta regis Armeniorum soror, fam. 15, 3, 1; but so only in the pass. perf.; as also rarely with *apud*, utrum...utilius...unusne tu duas uxores haberet an ut una apud duos nupta esset, Gell. 1, 23, 8; in Christian writers used of men, Pontificem max. rursus nubere nefas est, Tert. uxor. 1, 7 f.; add 2, 11; and Hier. ep. 22, 19; but in Varr. ap. Non. 7, p. 480 is now read uiri nuptiis (miss nuptis, not nupti) sacrificabantur in cubiculo uiduae; yet Prisc. 1, 572, 15 K has: quamuis uetustissimi nouus nuptus protulisse inueniantur; and 1, 377, 16 he has nubo tibi quam antiquissimi etiam actiua significatione nubo te dicebant—but in such cases there was prob. a dat. for tibi or tebe as in Fr.; nuptum is used with eo doloco colloco, give etc. in marriage, Hostis est uxor inrita quae ad uirum nuptum datur, Pl. St. 1, 2, 83; ultro ibit nuptum, Cas. pr. 86; Vt potui nuptum uirginem locauit huio adulescenti, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 25; Propinquas suas nuptum in alias ciuitates collocasse, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 7.

**1 num**, interr. part. [said to be = *μῦν*, i.e. *μη οὐν*, but see below] first in indir. qns., whether, quaero igitur num aliter ac nunc eueniunt euenirent, Cic. fat. 6; uidete num dubitandum uobis sit omni studio ad bellum incumbere, Man. 19; add Cat. 1, 13; simul speculari num sollicitati animi sociorum essent, Liv. 42, 19 f.; uideamus ergo num haec expositio longior demum debeat esse, Quint. 4, 2, 79; prouidendum num forte superuacua an ambigua an communis sit finitio, 7, 3, 20; add Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 16; **2.** dir. qn. Num furis an prudens ludis me obscura canendo? Hor. s. 2, 5, 58; **3.** for the most part where a neg. answer is expected, Num cogitat quid dicat? Num facti piget? Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 6; num igitur te clarissimum ducum naufragium snstulit artem gubernandi? Ant num...? Aut num...?—of course not, Cic. diu. 1, 24; Num lacrimas uictus dedit aut miseratus amantemst? Verg. 4, 370; **4.** often strengthened by *nam*, haec cistella num nam hinc ab nobis domo est? Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 6; Num tibi nam amabo ianua est mordax mea, Quo...? Truc. 2, 4, 1; Num obscuro nam ariolust qui ipse se uerberat? 2, 7, 43; Num nam perimus? Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 12; num nam hic relictus custos? Eun. 2, 2, 55; num nam haec audiuit? Haut. 3, 2, 6; Num nam illa quaeso parturit? Ad. 3, 4, 42; quid, solis num quid nam simile uidisti? Cic. N. D. 1, 87; **5.** but numne seems not to occur except as a bad ej., for in Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 65 read: me neuis; and in Cic. N. D. 1, 88 prob.: quid, dum ipsum numnam uidisti? Ritschl opusc. 2, 248 note writes: quam iuncturam (sc. numne) ignorat Latinitas.

**2 num**, adv. [= *νῦν* and our now, of pron. origin see nam § 6] now, only in the form etiamnum, and with suff. ce in nun-c and nun-ei-ne.

**nunc**, pron. adv. [for nun-ce, i.e. num, which see, + ce demonstr. enclitic] now, at this time, Vieit Olimpia, nunc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 442 V; Alium 'se censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; erat tunc excusatio oppressis..., nunc nulla est, Cic. Phil. 7, 14; Hortatur Mnestheus, nunc nunc insurgite remis, Verg. 5, 189; **2.** strengthened by various adv., Otiose nunciam ilico hic consistite, now this instant, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 2; add Andr. 2, 5, 13; nunc demum uenis? Ad. 2, 2, 25; add Haut. 2, 3, 12; nunc denique est perfectum, Cic. prou. c. 33; **3.** with ipsum, quin nunc ipsum non dubitabo rem abicere, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 2; nunc ipsum ea lego ea seribo ut ii qui mecum sunt difficilium otium ferant quam ego laborem, 12, 40, 2; add S. 9, 2; **4.** with ne, in fuller form nuncine or nuncin (never nuncine or nuncine; for the i cf. 3 ne, § 17), hem nuncin demum? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 58; **5.** in a letter, with a past tense, as suited to the time when it will be read, nunc reus erat apud Crassum Diuitem Vettius de ui, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; **6.** also with erat, of a present opportunity lost, nunc Saliaribus Ornare puluinar deorum Tempus erat dapibus, sodales, Hor. od. 1, 37, 4; Nunc erat ut posito deberem fine laborum Vinere..., Ov. tr. 4, 8, 5; **7.** in a reported speech (where

tunc might have been used), dixit nunc demum se uoti esse damnatum, ps. Nep. Tim. 5, 3; **8.** repeated like modo modo, now—, at one moment, at another; Nunc dextra ingeminans ictus, nunc ille sinistra, Verg. 5, 457; add 441; nunc fraudem nunc negligentiam consulum aecusabant, Liv. 4, 12, 7; **9.** with the first nunc omitted, pariterque sinistros, Nunc dextros soluere sinus, Verg. 5, 831; **10.** followed by *mox*, Plaucus nunc adiutor...mox eiusdem proditor, Vell. 2, 63, 3; **11.** after an hypothesis to introduce the real fact, as it is, Nam absque te esset, ego illum haberem rectum ad ingenium bonum, Nunc propter te tuamque pranos factus est fideciam, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 9; quae quidem multo plura euenirent, si ad quietem integri iremus; nunc onusti cibo et uino perturbata et confusa cernimus, Cic. diu. 1, 60; add Verr. 2, 5, 171; Caecil. 20; Lucr. 6, 570; **12.** attached as an adj. to a sb., like *οἱ νῦν ἀνθρώποι*, Tacc stulta non tu nunc hominum mores uides, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 57; for qui nunc sunt hominum, cf. Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 44; Plin. 22, 147; **13.** for the pron. demonstr. in the form nus, na, num so to say, and with the sense of hic, haec, hoc cf. the Pali as given in Bopp's V. G.

**nunciam**, adv. [always trisyl. in Pl. and Ter.; nunc, old form of nunc, + iam] now at last, or now at once, Istue uolebam scire; i saue nunciam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 158; quid? Praeconium mi ut detis. Dabitur. Ergo nunciam..., Men. 5, 9, 93; Indices ludos nunciam, quando lubet, Ps. 1, 5, 132; Redi (~ or ~) nunciam intro atque intus serua. Quippini? Anl. 1, 2, 3; Seeede huc nunciam si uidetur procul, Capt. 2, 1, 24; curabo. Eamus nunciam intro. I praee, sequor, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 144; profer, dum proficiscor aliquid ne uideam. Audi nunciam, 2, 1, 29; i nunciam. Quid hoc reist? reguumne Aeschine hic tu possides? Ad. 2, 1, 21; add 2, 1, 14; **2.** in later authors printed as two words.

**nū-o**, ēre, vb. obsol., lit. lower, hence nod, whence au-nuo, in-nuo, re-nuo, a frq. nuto and sbs. numen, nutus; **2.** as the prep. iu (*eu*) down led to a secondary en-ef, as seen in inferi infimus and infula, = *eu-ef-ef-η*; so from another form of the word on = Anglo-Sax. and Engl. on, came forms on-uc-, wheuce nox *νυξ* (sun)-down, on-ub-, whence the verb nubo darken, veil, nubs and nubes cloud, on-ub-era cut down to umbra, on-ou-us cut down to nou-us; thirdly on-u- cut down to nu-, like the Gr. *νευ-ω*, whence *νε-νευ-κ-ως την κεφαλην* holding the head down.

**nūrus**, ūs, f. [for gnūrus or gēnūrus, wh. : gēner :: sōcrus : sōcer] daughter in law, Tu nūrum non uis odiosam tibi esse quam rareuter uideas, Caec. 183 R; Itaque adeo uno animo omnes socrus (omnis suas—added by Fleek.) oderunt nurus, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 4; reiecta mater amicam impuri filii tamquam nurum sequebatur, Cic. Phil. 2, 58; Cinetaque adest uirgo matrum nūriumque ceterua, Ov. M. 12, 216; nuribus mittit gestanda Latinis, 2, 366; add F. 6, 729; ib. 348; Lncan. 1, 165; Mart. 4, 75, 2; **2.** of a son's betrothed, uigilant nuptaeque nurusque In seclus, Stat. Th. 5, 200; Ulp. dig. 23, 2, 12 and 38, 10, 6; **3.** wife of a grandson or greatgrandson, Paul. dig. 23, 2, 14 f.; and 50, 16, 50; Ulp. 2, 8, 2; and 3, 1, 3; **4.** a form nura noticed but condemned by Prob. 198, 34 K; **5.** = S. *συρα, νυος*, O. G. schnur.

**nūtrio**, ire, vb. [from sb. nūtrīc-, wh. see] act as nutrix or wet nurse, suckle, nurse, quos lupa nutrit, Ov. F. 2, 415; add tr. 3, 11, 3; ballaenae uitulique mammis nutrium fetus, Plin. 11, 235; **2.** geu., feed (young ones), rear, serpente ciconia pullos Nutrit, Iuv. 14, 75; iligna nutritus glande...aper, Hor. s. 2, 4, 40; and met. terra herbas...nutrit, Ov. r. a. 45; add Plin. 27, 10; Iuv. 12, 12; **3.** of moral training, rear, indoles Nutrita faustis sub penetralibus, Hor. od. 4, 4, 25; **4.** nurse (the sick), pestilentia cogitationes hominum ad eorum corporum nūtriorum auertit, Liv. 4, 52, 3; **5.** in Cels. with two uses, first, nurse the strength of an invalid, per eos cibos quos propouit, 3, 23, p. 114, 16 Dar.; uires eius, 114, 20; **6.** and with acc. of disease, attend to in the way of healing, nrurse, ulcus, 5, 26, 33, p. 198, 3; oelorum morbos, 6, 6, 16, p.



232, 32; **7.** still of the body, cutem mulierum, beautify, Plin. 21, 159; capillum, 22, 82; **8.** n. uinum, nurse or doctor by adding drugs, make (it) keep, Colum. 12, 21, 3; 12, 30, 1; **9.** bolder met. first of material obj. (mensas nitreas), get into beautiful order, Plin. 13, 99; uillam, ps. Catul. 19, 4; **10.** of immat. obj., nurse, nourish, feed, foster, amorem, Ov. a. a. 3, 579; carmen, Pont. 3, 4, 26; uatum pectora, 4, 2, 25; opes (power), Val. M. 6, 5, ext. 2; malum, Sen. Phaedr. 139; furorem, Sil. 7, 497; **11.** nutribam, old past imperf., Verg. 7, 485; 11, 572; **12.** a fut. nutribo sanctioned by Cleo. 18, 30; **13.** a past perf. nutriram by Lulian. 324, 9.

**nūtrior**, iri, vb. r. [wh. prob. preceded nutrio of like meaning, cf. medicor] act as nutrix, nurse, Hoo pinguem et placitam paci nutritor olium, Verg. G. 2, 425, on wh. Prisc. 2, 393, 19 K: nutritor pro nutrito.

**nūtrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. [nuo, vb. obsol., move up and down, hence of one who rocks a babe to sleep?] a nurse, esp. one who suckles another woman's child; Nutricem arcessit: iit quae illam aluit paruolam, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 53; Immo abi uero, aliquam puero nūtricem para, Hee. 4, 4 f.; cum puellae (the young mother) parcendum esse diceret adhibendasque puero nutrices, Gell. 12, 1, 5; qui omnia minima mansa ut nutrices infantibus pueris in os inserant, Cic. or. 2, 162; ut paene cum lacte nutricis errorem susxisse uideamur, Tusc. 3, 2; ut nutrix pneros a lacte non subito

auellit, cum a cibo pristino in meliorem traducit, Varr. l. 9, 10; **2.** a lady who suckled her own child was a wonder, hence in Inser., Anr(eliae) Castao filia...Anrelia Fortunata mater nut(rix), Murat. 2055, 3; Liciniae Processae matri piaae nutrici dulcissimae Crescens fecit, Fabr. 187, 38; cf. Or. 2677; **3.** of animals, suckling beings in human form, Vbere quod nutrix posset habere Iouis (the goat Amalthea), Ov. F. 5, 120; Optima nutricum nostris lupa Martia rebus, Prop. 5, 1, 55; **4.** met. as of a farm, Nostramne ere nis nutricem quae nos educat Abalienare nobis? Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 111; illa nutrix eius oratoris quem..., Cic. orat. 37; curarum, Ov. M. 8, 81; of a nursery bed for seedlings, Plin. 17, 66; **5.** nutrices, the mammae, Nymphas Nutricum tenus extantes o gurgite eano, Catul. 64, 18; **6.** for qty. of the n cf. Ter. Hee. as above, and: Mea nūtrix surge si uis, profer purpuram..., Afr. 179 R; **7.** prob. from nuo obsol. vb. move up and down, hence nutrix, a female who rocks a babe to sleep; I once regarded it as for nutri-trix (Bell's E. Jour. Educe.), comparing quingenti stipendium monychus and our idolatry for quinquingenti stipendium, mon-onychus, εἰδωλο-λατρεία; but the stream runs the other way, nutrio comes from nutric-, just as our sb. nurse (Fr. nourrice) is older than the vb. nurse; yet a form nutritrix is given by Char. 44, 7 K, and Prisc. 1, 372, 2; and as the origin of nutrix, 140, 16; and again deduced from nutrio, 494, 26.

## O.

**1 ob**, prep. [?] with acc. towards, to (obsol.), ob portum obuagulatam ito, tab. xii 2, 3; Ob Romam noctu legiones ducere coepit, Enn. an. 295 V; Hicine est ille Telamon... cuius ob os Graii ora obuertebant sua? poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 39; intro ad uxorem meam sufferamque ei (et Non.) meum tergum ob iniuriam, Pl. ap. Non. 397; signa extemplo canere ac tela ob moenia offerre imperat, Cic. Att. 385 R; **2.** before, against, first with motion, Quin quom it dormitum follem obstringit ob gulam? Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 23; Nunc demum experior mihi ob oculos caliginem opstitisse, Mil. 2, 4, 51; ignis oculorum cum eo igne qui est ob os offusus se confudit, Cic. Tim. 14; **3.** the same without motion towards or of mero position, first with a dat. (obsol.), Mater iratata patri uehementer qui scortum sibi Ob oculis (so mss B C D) adduxerit in aedis, dum ruri ipsa abest, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 83; **4.** gen. with acc., lanam ob oculum habebat, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 37; mors ob oculos saepe uersata est, Cic. Rab. Post. 39; **5.** met. against, for, in return for, in accounts, as where money is set against the thing purchased, pledged etc., or vice versa, rogas Quine arrabonem a me accepisti ob mulierem? Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 23; Ait se ob asinos ferre argentum atriensi Saureae, As. 2, 2, 80; ager oppositus pignori Decem ob minas inquit, Ter. Phorm. 4, 3, 57; talentum magnum ob unam fabulam datum esse, C. Grac. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 6; pretia maxima ob tacendum accipiunt, ib.; ob rem iudicandam pecuniam accipere, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 78; et ob uacationem pretium datum...et ob probationem, Font. 17; ob aliquod emolumentum suum commodius aliquid dicere, ib. 27; **6.** beyond the sphere of money, in return for, as a reward for, Atque adeo ne me nequiquam serues ob eam industriam Hodie ducam scortum atque ad cenam aliquo condicam foras, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 15; opta ergo ob istunc nuntium quiduis tibi, Merc. 5, 2, 66; ob cuius seruatos, numm. ap. Eckhel 6, 121; poenas dare ob eam rem, Cato orig. 24, 5 lord.; honorem haberi ob eam rem, ib. 4, 14; cum

mihi ob eos mores...honus detur, ib. 50, 7; ob rem bene gestam coronatus, ib. 80, 10; Sed tu huic quem scis quali in te siet Fidelitate ob fidam naturam viri Ignosce, Att. 20 R; **7.** gen. on account of, for, ne tibi me esse ob eam rem obnoxium Reare, audibis male si male dicis mihi, Caec. 23 R; omnia uideri subita maiora et quidem ob duas causas, primum quod..., Cic. Tusc. 3, 52; ne ob eam rem suae magnopere uirtuti tribueret, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 5; unius ob iram prodimur, Verg. 1, 251; quasi ob metum defixo (militi), Tac. an. 1, 68; **11 ob**, of purposes, in order to, with a view to, for, Praeterea ad Troiam cum misi ob defendendam Graeciam, Scibam..., Enn. tr. 362 V; hanc Epicurus rationem induxit ob eam rem quod ueritus est nc..., Cic. fat. 23; haec ego ad te ob eam causam maxime scribo ut iam de tua quoque ratione meditare, fam. 1, 8, 4; mortem (Germanicum) ob rem publicam obisse, Tac. an. 2, 83; **9.** esp. in the phrase ob rem, to some purpose, so as to effect a solid purpose, A. Non pudet Vanitatis? D. Minime dum ob rem, provided it pay, Ter. Phorm. 3, 2, 41; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu situm est, Sal. lug. 31, 5; **10.** ob industriam, on purpose? Nam quid illae nunc tamdiu intus remorantur remelignes Quasi ob industriam? Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 8; unless it be to pay off old scores, see ob eam industriam in Pl. Men. above § 6; **11.** ob, prob. pronounced off (see sub) = επ of επι and our aft which has taken an excrecent t: and so possibly from ἐπ-ομαι cf. οπ-ισω οπ-ισθεν οπαδος etc. and πιματος if shortened from οπιματος and post or rather pōs as standing for ὄρος; see post. επι meant after as in επιμι επιρχομαι επιγυνομαι επιφορμαι, επιωδος, επισπασ, επισωρ, επισσαι, επιει, επιετα and Επιμηθεus after-thought comp. with Προ-μηθεus.

**2 ob**, in comp. with verbs to, towards, as oboeo, go to; ostendo, stretch out to hold towards; occurro, run to meet;

**2.** before, obduco, draw before; obambulo, walk back-

wards and forwards before; obuolito, keep flitting before; obuorsor, pass to and fro and before; obtineo, hold firm in the presence of (an enemy); occupo, seize by rapid movement before (an enemy);

**3.** against, first physically, offendo, strike against; obductor, struggle against; obnitor, strive against; obdo, put to (as the bar of a door); obstruo, build up against, obstruct; obsido, sit down before or against, besiege, blockade; officio, place oneself in the way of;

**4.** against, morally, occino, sing an unfavourable omen, obnuntio, report against; obrecto, handle injuriously, depreciate; obloquor, speak against; obsum, be injurious to;

**5.** over, as covering or in any way affecting the surface; obduco, draw over; infundo, pour over; occallesco, grow hard on the surface; obsordesco and obsolesco, get covered with dirt; obliuo, daub over;

**6.** in form usually assimilated before c, g, p, f as occurro, occaeo, ogganio, oppono, oppugno, officio, offendo; and in old writers with the b thinned into a p before s and t as opsecro, optineo.

**3 ob**, in comp. with adj. towards, as obnoxius, exposed to damage, from ob noxiam; obuius, in the way towards, from ob uiam; opportunus, coming across one; **2.** addition; ob-longus, oblong = επι-μηκης.

**4 ob**, for ab, away, as obduco (potionem) drink right off; for ab (=S. ava) down in comp. of verbs, as ob-tero, tread down; oceanico, tread down; occubo, lie down as one dead; obo, go down, set as a star; occido, cut down, kill; occido, fall down, die; opprimo, press down, crush; but not obsorbo.

**ōbātro**, āre, vb. blacken over, blacken, nascens luna si cornu superiore obraturo surget pluuia decrescens dabit, Varr. ap. Plin. 13, 349.

**ob-do**, dēre, dīdi, dītum, vb. [do put, dāre] put to or against, deprandi autem leonis (leoni si?) obdas ocreas (or ocream, mss ocreat), were to put a bit into a fasting lion's mouth, Naev. ap. Fest. 182, 9M; pessulum ostio obdo, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 55; **2.** hence put to, so as to close a passage, close, forem obdo ne senex me opprimeret, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 16; and met., Nec (neu?) rigidam timidis uocibus obde forem, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 42; Propontidos fauces sic obditis nauibus quasi porta obserauit, Flor. 1, 41, 10 (3, 6, 10); sapiens eris si cluseris aures, quibus ceram parum est obdere, Sen. ep. 31, 2; in Plin. 6, 30 Detl. gives obditae fores, mss obditae or additae; in Tac. an. 13, 5 Halm has additis foribus without note; **3.** close with abl. of means, domum feris (so Hildeb., al. seris) obditam, Apul. met. 5, 9f.; **II 4.** bind, tigillo iniecta atque obdita parte funiculi, Apul. met. 1, 16 (55); capillos in mutuos nexu obditos atque nodatos, ib. 3, 18; feralibus amiculis instrictus atque obditus, ib. 10, 12; perh. in this sense ob-do represents a vb. am-do put round.

**ob-dūco**, cēre, xi, etum, vb. draw before, draw over (so as to obstruct view etc.), Vos interea lumen afferite atque aulae obducite, Lucil. ap. Non. 360 f.; cubicula obductis uelis opaca nec tamen obscura facio, Plin. ep. 7, 21, 2; zotheca uelis obductis reductis modo adicitur cubiculo, modo auferitur, 2, 17, 21; quantum obducta ueste et adstrictis faucibus niti poterat clamitans, Tac. an. 4, 70; **2.** met. as first, put on a coating of, coat or cover with (with acc. of coating so to say), Myrrha...obducto cortice pressa latet, Ov. a. a. 1, 286; annis abundans Exit et obducto late tenet omnia limo, Verg. G. 1, 116; hieme saeua adeo ut obducta glacie nisi effossa humus tentorisis locum non praerberet, Tac. an. 13, 35; **3.** esp. of a coating of skin, caryotae...crustam uerius quam entem obducunt, Plin. 13, 47; cinis (fici) cum cera et rosaceo subactis ambustis cicatricem tenuissimam obducit, 23, 124; (sarmantum) radices e capite qua recisum est emittit eaeque cum accreuerunt cicatricem obducunt, Colum. 3, 18, 6; and met., ne refricare obductam iam rei publicae cicatricem uiderer, Cic. 1. agr. 3, 4; ipse labor quasi callum quoddam obducit dolori, Tusc. 2, 36; quorum animis diuturna cogitatio callum uetustatis obduserat, 3, 52; consuetudo diuturna callum iam obduxit stomacho

meo, fam. 9, 2, 3; **4.** also of a veil of darkness, conatus est clarissimis rebus tenebras obducere, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 16; omnem quae nunc obducta tuenti Mortalis hebetat uisus tibi...nubem eripiam, Verg. 2, 604; obductis committam mene tenebris? Prop. 4, 15, 5; obducta nocte, ps. Nep. Hann. 5, 2; paulatim tenebris sese obducentibus, Plin. 11, 143; add Quint. 10, 1, 72; **5.** still met., Hector qui haud cessat obsidionem obducere, Enn. ap. Fest. 198 b, 23 M, invest (or besiege) the place; **II 6.** same idea but with acc. of thing covered and often abl. of means, or nom. of samo as agent, coat, veil, clothe, cover, hide, obducuntur libro aut cortice trunci, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; pluma alias, alias squama uidemus obductas, 2, 121; caput ferali obduxit amictu, Lucan. 9, 109; quamuis lapidis omnia nudus Limosoque palus obducatur pascua iunco, Verg. B. 1, 48; cortice obductum betae (semen), Plin. 19, 119; **7.** met., as with a veil of darkness, Nox subit atque oculos uastae obduxere tenebrae, Lucan. 3, 735; mors nou dubia miserorum oculos coepit obducere, Petr. 19 f.;

**8.** or of oblivion, Obducta longo temporum tractu moues, Sen. Oed. 872;

**9.** of wounds covered with new skin and so healed, as met.: quid me alta silentia cogis Rumpere et obductum uerbis uolgare dolorem? Verg. 10, 63; quid me meminisse malorum Cogis et obductos annis rescindere luctus? Ov. M. 12, 542;

**10.** of grief clouding the brow, uultum quem tot aunorum continua tristitia, ut semel obduxit, tenet, Sen. cons. ad M. 5; but in Quint. 10, 3, 13 frontis adductae, Spald. and Bonnell; **III 11.** draw (a bolt or sliding door) so as to close, shut, close, Ianitor...si pulset inanis, Surdus in obductam somniet usque seram, Prop. 5, 5, 48; obductis foribus, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1552; but in Petr. 94 Buecheler has adduxit ostium;

**12.** with acc. of building closed, the same, multosque obducta per annos Delphica fatidici reserat penetralia Phoebi, Lucan. 5, 69; **13.** run (a thing) before (an object so as to cover it), ab utroque latere collis transuersam fossam obduxit, Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3;

**IV 14.** with acc. of person, lead to or against, nim Gallicam obduc contra in acie(m) exercitum, Att. 3 R; qui sic inopes ab amicis sunt ut mihi uideatur non esse aduato Curium obducere, to bring him into the (election) field against him, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; **15.** marry (as it were) in addition, επιγαμω, eum putat uxor sibi Obduxe scortum, arg. to Pl. Merc. 6; and prob. in 5, 2, 8 quia scortum sibi...adduxerit in aedis, we slid. read obduxerit (F has abduxerit); cf. obducto and duco uxorem (domum);

**V 16.** (with ob perh. for ab=S. aua and our off) take off at a draught, drink off, cum triginta iussu tyrannorum (Theramenes) uenenum ut sitiens obduxisset, Cic. Tusc. 1, 96; illam potionem publice mistam (Socrates) obduxit, Sen. prou. 3, 12; **17.** spued (time)? itaque obdixi posterum diem, Cic. Att. 16, 6, 1 if genuine.

**ōb-ōo**, ire, iui or ii, Itum, vb. go to, get at, reach, first with material acc., Donec uis obiiit quae res diuerberet ictu, Luer. 1, 222; Incolumi remanent res corpore dum satis acris Vis obcat, 1, 247; collapsum poplite caeso Ensis obit, Sil. 4, 344; eum hostes uestri tantum urbis (superfuturum putassent) quantum flamma obire non potnisset, Cic. Cat. 3, 35; nostras uillas obire, fam. 7, 1, 5; quas eos cenas et facere et obire scripsit ad me! Att. 16, 13, 6; **2.** with abstract acc., go in person to, go and assist at, attend to in person, ita clausa nobis erant maria omnia ut neque priuata rem transmarinam neque publicam iam obire possemus, Cic. Man. 53; negotium, 34; facinus, Cat. 1, 26; res suas, Arch. 13; censeo obicris Quinti fratris comitia, Att. 1, 4, 1; qui tantum modo reciperet quantum uideret se obire posse, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 47; cum propter longitudinem agminis miuus facile omnia per se obire et quid quoque loco faciendum esset providere possent..., Caes. b. g. 5, 33, 3; consularia munera, Liv. 2, 8, 4; munus uigiliarum, 3, 6, 9; sacra, 1, 20, 1; quia obire tot simul bella requirent, 4, 7, 2; apud milites obendo (putting himself in the way of, meeting) pericula ac labores pariter...tanta caritate esse ut..., 1, 54, 4; quas quidem (legationes) ille diligenter obeundo, fideliter administrando, ps. Nep. Diou 1, 4;

**3.** in Liv. with ad, periculum esse ne ad omnia simul obire



unus non possit, 10, 25, 14; obire ad omnes hostium conatus, 31, 21, 9; 4. esp. uadimonium, make one's appearance in answer to bail, uadimonium mihi non obiit quidam, Cic. Quint. 54; or attend out of respect when a friend answers to his bail, an si litibus tererer obstructum esse me crederem obeunti uadimonia mea? Plin. ep. 8, 12, 3;

5. so with diem, annum etc., make one's appearance on a given day etc., keep an engagement, keep, multi uiri cum rei publicae darent operam annum petitionis suae non obierunt, Cic. fam. 10, 25, 2; obire auctionis diem facile poterunt, Att. 13, 14, 1; diem edicti obire neglexit, Phil. 3, 20; qui diligenter semper illum diem et illud munus solutus esses obire, am. 7; Crassum paenitentia uel metu diem eaded destitutum non obiisse, Suet. Caes. 9;

6. hence met., diem suum or supremum, appear to the summons of Death, be called to one's last account, die, paulo ante lucem Marcellum diem suum obiisse, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 2; diem obiit supremum, ps. Nep. Mil. 7, 6; Dion 2, 5; 7. with diem alone, ibique diem obiit, Suet. Vesp. 1;

8. phrase: mortem obeo, go to death, die (cf. mortem oppeto), mortem obiisse dicimus ea consuetudine qua dixerunt antiqui, Paul. ex Fest. 147 M; Vbi is mortem obiit, Pl. Aul. prol. 15; is obiit mortem, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 18; tertio et tricesimo anno mortem obiit, Cic. Phil. 5, 48; add 9, 2; also Clu. 48; Suet. Aug. 4; Cl. 46; Tit. 39;

9. also absol., obeo die, Ipse Epicurus obit decurso lumine uitae, Lucr. 3, 1042; simul se cum illis obituros, Liv. 5, 39, 13; non ego quem uocas Dilecte Maecenas obibo, Hor. od. 2, 20, 7; Tecum uiuere amem tecum obeam libens, 3, 9, 24; add s. 2, 8, 59; gaudio obire, Plin. 7, 180; qui cardiaco morbo obierint, 11, 187; add Suet. Aug. 63; Curiaia obit a. d. . . II Kal (= II Kal. apr.), CIL 1539 b; but in Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 76 abeas, not obeas;

10. hence of stars etc. (regarded as living creatures), die, be annihilated, Hipparchus nouam stellam in aeuo suo genitam deprehendit. . . and soon after: ausus adnumerare stellas ac sidera expungere organis excogitatis per quae singularum loca signaret ut facilediscerni posset non modo au obirent ac nascerentur sed. . . Plin. 2, 95; omnia functa Aut moritura uides: obeunt noctesque diesque Astraque, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 209;

11. of stars etc., setting and so seeming to die, In pelago nautis ex undis ortus, in undis Sol fit uti uideatur obire et eendere lumen, Lucr. 4, 433; Abditur Orion, obit et Lepus additus umbra. . . obit infera Perscus In loca. . . Inde obiens Capricornus, Cic. Arat. 463; and even in prose, in reliquis orientis aut obientis solis. . . partibus, rep. 6, 22;

12. met. of cities, perish, interiere Daphnus et Hermesta. . . obiit et Archaeopolis, Plin. 5, 117; et Agamede obiit et Hiera, 5, 139; II 13. go over, traverse, cur tantas regiones barbarorum pedibus obiit? Cic. fin. 5, 87; tuuc putant obeundam esse maxime provinciam, Verr. 2, 5, 29; Nec uero Alcides tantum telluris obiuit, Verg. 6, 801; Hic ubi Virginea campus obitur aqua, Ov. F. 1, 464;

14. in poets met., run over, cover, Quem (sc. clipeum) pellis totiens obcat circumdata tauri, Verg. 10, 483; Indutus chlamydem Tyriam quam libus obibat Aureus, Ov. M. 5, 51; ora Pallor obit, 11, 418;

15. obeo oculis etc., run over with the eyes, survey, obitque truci procul omnia uisu, Verg. 10, 447; ferunt Xerxen cum immensum exercitum oculis obiisset, inlacrimasse, Plin. ep. 2, 7, 13; omnibus membris fractus tantas opes solis oculis obibat, 8, 18, 9;

16. o. oratione, go over in words, run over, cuumerate, nolite expectare dum omnes obeam oratione mea ciuitates, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 1.

**Obēsītās**, ātis [obesus] f. fatness, obesity, corpulence, ne eas (sc. uaccas) steriles reddat nimia corporis obcsitas, Colum. 6, 20, 3; aliquae (arbores) et obesitate laborant, Plin. 17, 219; defractis subselliis obesitate cuiusdam, Suet. Claud. 41; deformis obesitate uentris, Dom. 18.

**Obēso**, āre [id.] vb. fatten, madefacto tritico pane obeant auem, Colum. 8, 7, 4.

**Obēsus**, (obessus?) [see below] adj. fat, corpulent, obese, illi (equo) breuis aluos obessaque terga (so Wagn. Ribb., but mss MR obesa), Verg. G. 3, 80; Tussis anhela sues ac faucibus angit obessis (so W and R, and mss M 1 m.; al. obcsis), 497; obese Nil melius turdo, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 40; corporatura

pecoris. . . non adipibus obesa, Colum. 6, 2, 15; corpus neque gracile neque obesum, Cels. 2, 1, p. 28, l. 24 Dar.; miuus sollertes quibus obesissimus uenter, Plin. 11, 200; aper. . . toris callosac cutis obesus, Apul. M. 8, 4; 2. hence dull, sluggish, naris obesao, Hor. epod. 12, 3; obesis auribus, Calp. ccl. 4, 147; alto mens obesa uiscere, Aus. ep. 7, 20; obeso somno mori (of bees), Sulp. s. 56; 3. of other than animal fat, Sulphure non solum nec obesa bitumino (so Munro from ms a) terra est, Lucil. Aetn. 435; II 4. thin? so Gell. 19, 7, 3 and Non. 361 interpret: corpore pectoreque undique obeso in the Alcestis of Laevius (Naevius);

5. perh. from a lost omen fat, = ōmentum and ōmāsūm; for change of nt to ns and the loss of n compensated by a long uowel, cf. emensus dimensus, mētor mensura, It. mesura.

**ob-iurgo**, (older obiūrigo; cf. iurgo) āre, vb. orig. a legal term, accuse unjustly, says Varro l. 7, 5, p. 371 Sp. iurgare esse ab iure dictum quom quis iure litigare, a quo obiurgat is qui id facit iniuste (so B, al. iuste); 2. scold, chide, rebuke, nemost. Quid tu igitur rogitas tene obiurigem (so A, and Ritschl now)? Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 32; and so read obiurigem in v. 30, wh. mss vary; Me obiurigaui (so R cj.) plurimis uerbis malis, Bac. 4, 9, 97; Obiurigare (so Ritschl, mss obiurgare or obiurgat) pater haec noctes et dies, Merc. 1, 1, 46; set tu obiurgans me a peccatis rapis deteriorem in uiam, Trin. 3, 2, 54; other instances of the contracted form in Pl. are Curc. 1, 3, 15; Merc. 2, 2, 49 and 50; Trin. 1, 2, 59; Ita plorando orando instando atque obiurgando me optudit, Caecil. 150 R; fuit pertristis quidam patruus, obiurgauit M. Caelium, sicut neminem umquam parens, Cic. Cael. 25; non dicam plura ne in quo te obiurgem id ipsum uidear imitari, fam. 3, 8, 6; in quo cum obiurgaret quod nimio gaudio paene desiperem, 2, 9, 2; Cicero obiurgantibus quod sexagenarius Publiliam uirginem duxisset, cras mulier erit inquit, Quint. 6, 3, 75; 3. with acc. of thing censured, meam uerecundiam, Cic. ad Q. fr. 3, 1, 10; uillarum insaniam, 3, 1, 6; populi segnitiam, Quint. 6, 5, 8; petulantiam lingua, Suet. Tit. 61; 4. with dat. of person, obiurgo filium ueteres dicebant, nos autem obiurgo filio, Diom. 1, 305, p. 320 K;

5. of more than verbal punishment, fine, cuff, flog, chastise, punish, non committat ut sestertio centies obiurgatus sim, Maecen. ap. Sen. ben. 4, 36, 2; solca puer obiurgabere rubra, Pers. 5, 169; tu seruulum istum uerberibus obiurga, nam ego irascor, Sen. ira 3, 12, 6; sinum et latus (l. dub.) obiurgare, Quint. 10, 3, 21; colaphis obiurgari puerum iussit, Petr. 34; ferulis obiurgari, Suet. Cal. 20; ut saepe flagris obiurgaretur a patre, Oth. 2;

6. hence with mixture of met., quod me quodammodo molli brachio de Pompeii familiaritate obiurgas, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 6; II 7. obiurgatus, having chided? as if from obiurgari a depon. vb., Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 9, 1, if text be sound.

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uelim? 488; Mea facta (fata mss) in acie obliti, 12; an haec obliti sunt Phryges? 665; cultum oblitu's, Caec. 61; o die iuihi (monos.) an oblita obscuro es eius (monos.) crebras mansiones Ad amicae? Turp. 171; iniurias tuas, Cic. Cael. 50; et artificium obliuiscatur et studium deponat licebit, Rose. Am. 49; subito totam causam oblitus est, Brut. 217; Pomaeque degenerant uicos oblita priores, Verg. G. 2, 59;

**3.** with inf. or acc. and inf., paene est oblita pharetram Tollere cum telis, Ov. M. 2, 439; obliuiscor Roscium et Clnnum uiros esse primarios, Cic. Rose. com. 50; **4.** with indir. iuterr., etiam in scriptis obliuiscabatur quid paullo ante posuisset, Cic. Brut. 218; Quae deceat, quid non, obliti, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 62; **5.** as a pass. pers., adoptiuae familiae obliuiscuntur, Paul. dig. 23, 3, 60, 6; **6.** aud in part. even in good writers, oblitus, forgotten, obliuiscendus, to be forgotten, Mulieris mores discendi, obliuiscendi (pron. obliuscendi) stratitioei, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 49; nunc oblita mihi tot carmina, Verg. B. 9, 53; obliuiscendus et illis, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 9; obliti fragor aeris, Val. F. 2, 388; oblitos dolores, 1, 792; **7.** for shortened pron. of obliuiscor, see Att. in § 2, Pl. § 6; Ph. Quor ego te non noui? St. Quia iam mos est obliuisci (pron. oblis') hominibus, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 8; cf. also oblitus for obliuiscus, and Ritschl proleg. 152; **8.** for qty. of liu, cf. obliuio; **9.** obliuiscor for ob-olui-iscor, I smear myself over and so blot out the records of memory; for ol-ii- cf. oliu-a and αλεφ-ω; root syll. ol, smear with grease, see liuo, oleum etc.; for crasis of iui cf. diuitias prou. dittas.

**obsēs** (opses), sīdis [ob (see ob § 5) + sēd of sīdo, sēdeo] adj. as sb. m. f. lit. detained as a security—hence hostage, Cretensibus obsides imperauit, Cic. Man. 35; add Verr. 2, 3, 124; si obsides ab his sibi dentur uti ea quae polliceantur facturos intellegat, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 6; add 6, 2, 2; Demetrio Seleuci filio qui datus obses a patre erat, Grau. Lic. 14, 15 b; obsides ea ita futura daret quique, Liv. 34, 35, 11; nec opsides pignus futuros a fore fraudem agenda rei posceret, 43, 10, 3; Me tamen accepta poterat deponere bellum Obside, Ov. M. 8, 47; **2.** met., habemus a Caesare sententiam tamquam obsidem perpetuae in rem publicam uoluntatis, Cic. Cat. 4, 9; habet a M. Caelio res publicas duas accusationes uel obsides periculi uel pignora uoluntatis, Cael. 78; obsidem se (sc. senatum) auimum eius habere etsi corpus patri reddiderit, Liv. 39, 47, 10; Qui mihi coniugii sponsor ēt obsēs ērat, Ov. her. 2, 34; add Quint. 12, 7, 3.

**ob-sīdeo** (ops), ēre, no perf. or sup. [sēdeo] vb. remain seated before, set before, Illos scelestos... (Vt ulciscare) nosque ut hanc tua pace aram opsidere (sinas), Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 36; **2.** sit in the presence of others standing, Serui ne obsideant liberis ut sit locus, Pl. Poen. prol. 23; **3.** sit, to the hindrance of others, preoccupy, occupy as first possessors, occupy and so close a passage, cum omnes aditus armati obsiderent, Cic. Phil. 2, 89; corporibus omnis obsidetur locus, ita nullum inane...esse potest, N. D. 1, 65; ubi animaduertit hostem uias obsidere, Caes. b. g. 3, 23, 7; loca praesidiis regis obsideri, Liv. 44, 35, 11; ultra obsidet aequor, Sil. 1, 200; sed dira in limine coniunx Obsidet, Val. F. 2, 238; and met., ira...feras quidem mentes obsidet, eruditae praeterlabitur, Petr. 99; **4.** esp. sit before (a town as a besieger), besiege, beset, propius inopiam erant obsidentes quam obsessi, Liv. 25, 11, 11; locorum angustiis clausi ab hostibus obsidebantur, ps. Nep. Epam. 7, 1; num eodem modo undique obsideretur, Hann. 12, 4; **5.** met., cum speculatur atque obsidet rostra nindex temeritatis curia, Cic. Flac. 57; non Tutilinam quam ego ipse innocuo quod meae aures abs tete (so L. Müller r. m. 439, mss abs te) obsidentur, Varr. s. p. 148, 7 R; quum obsideri aures a fratre cerneret, Liv. 40, 20, 5; **6.** sit and wait for, or lie in wait for, nunc uero domi Certum obsidere est usque donec redierit, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 6; **7.** obsedi and obsessum belong to obsido, wh. see.

**ob-sīdo**, ēre, sēdi, sessum, vb. take one's seat before, sit down before, esp. in milit. lang. in order to besiege, invest, beset, Troicaque obsidens longinquo moenia bello,

Catul. 45, 2; Curio obsidere Vticam et uallo circummnire instituit, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; Carthaginem extemplo Scipionem obsessurum, Liv. 30, 7, 4; and obsessus in: propius inopiam erant obsidentes quam obsessi, 25, 11, 11; Marius proficiscitur in loca sola obsessum turrim regiam, Sal. Iug. 103, 1; Interea nigilum excubiis obsidere portas Cura datur Messapo et moenia cingere flammis, Verg. 9, 160; **2.** take possession of or seize to the exclusion of others, take firm possession of and so obstruct, block up, Ne auriculam obsidat caries, ne uermiculiue, Lucil. ap. Non. 21, v. caries; aer Crassior insequitur qui cuncta foramina complet, Obsiditque uias oculorum, Lncr. 4, 351; certas possunt obsidere partis, 4, 1092; ut totam Italiani suis praesidiis obsidere atque occupare cogit, cognoscite, Cic. agr. 2, 75; neu conubiis ambire Latinum Aeneadae possint Italosue obsidere finis, Verg. 7, 334; Et Sallentius obsedit milite campos Lyctius Idomeus, 3, 400; Obseditque frequens castrorum limina bubo, Sil. 8, 636; sin totum id (sc. inguen) ramex obsederit..., Cels. 7, 22; **3.** and met., id autem tum ualet, cum is qui audit ab oratore iam obsessus est ac teuetur, Cic. orat. 210; dictaturam quae iam nim regiae potestatis obsederat funditus ex re publica sustulit, Phil. 1, 3; **4.** sec obsideo.

**obsōle-fācio**, ēre, fēci, factus [obsolesc-o], vb. make dirty on the surface, sully, discredit or make obsolete, ne illam uis temporis obsolefaceret, Arnob. 5, p. 160; see also

**obsōle-fīo**, fīeri, factus, vb. be made dirty on the surface, be sullied or defiled, riui non opere nec fistula nec ullo coacto itinere obsolefacti, sed sponte currentes, Sen. ep. 90, 43; aud met., candidam togam turpitudinis maculis obsolefactam, Val. M. 4, 5, 1; **2.** met., nec habet (eius auctoritas) apud eos satis ponderis quos posset minus obsolefacta corrigere, Sen. ep. 29, 3; admonebat praetores ne paterentur nomeu suum commissionibus obsoleferi, Suet. Aug. 89; in homine turpissimo\* obsolefiebant dignitatis insignia, Cic. Phil. 2, 105.

**ob-sōlesco**, ēre, -sōlēui, -sōlētus [see below] vb. become dirty on the surface, Auream quisquis mediocritatem Diligit tutus carēt obsōlēti Sordibus\* tecti, Hor. od. 2, 10, 6; erat ueste obsoleta capilloque et barba promissa, Liv. 27, 34, 5; uestitu humili atque obsoleto, ps. Nep. Ages. 8, 2; caede respersam uiri Atque obsoletam sanguine hoc dextram ablue, Sen. Ag. 1035; obsoletus (i. e. cum obsoleta ueste) Thessalonica noctu uenisti, Cic. Pis. 89; see obsoleto § 1; **2.** met., O nec paternis obsoleta sordibus\*, Neque..., Hor. epod. 17, 46; **3.** hence met., get sullied, tarnished or dull, lose lustre, get into discredit, be defiled, M. Catonis splendorem† maculare uoluerunt ignari quid uirtus ualeret, quae lucret† in tenebris...splendēt†que per sese semper neque alienis nunquam sordibus\* obsoleseit, Cic. Sest. 60; solum hoc in re publica uectigal esse quod in pace niteat†, in bello non obsolescat, agr. 1, 21; antiquam officii rationem dilexit cuius splendor† omnis his moribus (sc. parsimonia) obsoleuit, Quinct. 59; Quare mihi uidentur postea cetera studia...coucelebrata ab optimis enituisse†, hoc uero a plerisque eorum desertum obsoleuisse, inu. 1, 4; ferentes uo bellum alii maiorum suorum antiquam et obsoletam gloriam† alii uireunt† (al. niteunt†) recentibus experimentis uirtutis florem, Iust. 30, 4, 15; enituit† aliquis in bello sed obsoleuit in pace, Plin. pan. 4; Dolabellae abnuit triumphalia, Sciauo tribuens ne Blaesi auunculi eius laus obsolesceret; sed neque Blaesus ideo inuictior† et huic negatus honor gloriam† intendit, Tac. an. 4, 26; ut gladius usu spleudeseit† situ robiguit, ita uox...duntino torpore hebetatur, Tragoedi adeo ni quotidiano proclamo claritudo† arteriis obsolescit, Apul. flor. 17; 2. p. 79 Hildeb.; **4.** esp. of words etc. that go out of use, become obsolete, be forgotten, his (uerbis) oportet si possis non uti, sic cum obsolescent, Varr. l. 9, 10; dum me ambitio tenebat, haec (the writings of Plato etc.) inelusa habebam et ne obsolescerent renouabam (rubbed them up) cum licebat legendo, Cic. acad. post. 11; obsoleuit iam ista oratio, re magis quam uerbis refutata, Mau. 52; chartae quoque quae illam pristinum securitatem continebant obso-



leuerunt, Cael. 40; add inu. 1, 39; vereor ne haec forte cuiusdam nimis antiqua et iam obsoleta uideantur, Verr. 2, 1, 56; studia militibus apud iuuentutem obsoletis, Font. 42 (32); 5. obsolesc. implies a vb. -solesc. become dirty, from solum the ground, the chief source of dirt, cf. our soil sb. and vb., sullage, s(ol)ush, Fr. souillir whence our sully, also sale adj.; 6. sol of obsolesco also = sord of sordes, obsordesco wh. see; note also the use with sordes and turpis in the pass. marked \* here and under obsolefio and with words of brightness marked † and for letter-change cf. molere mordere and alere arduus.

**obsôlêto**, âre [obsoletus], vb. make dirty, sully, defile, maiestatis uestigia, Tert. apol. 15; uestitum nuptialem, Gnost. 6 med.

**obsôlêtus**, part. of obsolesco, as adj. coated with dirt, dirty, esp. of dress under grief, shabby, see obsolesco § 1; uestitum obsoletiore corpore inculato et horrido, Cic. agr. 2, 13; qui exequias uenerant circumstare omnes tristissimos et obsoletissimos (al. obsoletissimo) uestitum, Apul. flor. 19; o. uasculum, Prud. στεφ. pr. 26; 2. out of use, forgotten, obsoleto, in propriis est uerbis illa laus oratoris ut abiecta atque obsoleta fugiat, Cic. or. 3, 150; see obsolesco, § 4;

3. out of use in the great world, old-fashioned, out of credit, thought little of, despised, vulgar, ne si paulo obsoletior fuerit oratio, non digna silentio fuisse uideatur, Cic. or. 3, 33; populo Romano usitata ac prope iam obsoleta ex victoria gaudia esse, Liv. 30, 42, 17; malitiosum? non negas; audacem? cupidum? perfidiosum? uulgaria et obsoleta sunt, Cic. Quinct. 56; ut populi nostri honores quondam fuerunt rari et tenues, ob eamque causam gloriosi, nunc autem effusi atque obsoleti, sic olim apud Atheniense fuisse reperimus, ps. Nep. Milt. 6, 2; 4. of colour, dirty, dull, dingy, dark, cicera colore tantum discernitur (a cicercula), nam est obsoletior et nigro propior, Colum. 2, 10 (11), 35; Graeca (salix) flauu coloris est, Gallica obsoleti purpurei; 5. adv. obsoletius more dirtily or shabbily, ut eum cuius opera ipse multos annos esset in sordibus\*, paulo tamen obsoletius uestitum uideret, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 152.

**ob-sorbeo**, (ops.), ui, ère, [ob=επι; cf. επιρροφη] vb. lit. suck aft, i. e. to the back of the mouth so as not to linger in the mouth etc.—hence gulp down, P. Neque tu bibisti? L. Di me perdant si bibi, Si bibere potui. P. Quid iam? L. Quia enim obsorui, Nam nimis calebat, amburebat guttorem, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 21; P. Vin aquam? C. Si frustulenta, da opsacro hercle, opsorbeam, Cure. 2, 3, 34; fores Quae obsorbent quicquid uenit intra pessulos, Truc. 2, 3, 30; ut decies solidum obsorberet (al. abs. and so Macr. s. 3, 17, 17, al. 2, 13, 17 speaks of the same with absorbit; unionem dissolutum absorbit; al. exsorberet) aceto Diluit insignem bacam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 240; totas semel obsorbere (al. abs.) pectentas, 2, 8, 24; ursis homines non plane comediendi sed obsorbendi obiectabantur, Lact. mort. pers. 21.

**ob-sord-es-co**, ère, sordui, vb. [=ob-sol-esc-o wh. see] become dirty on the surface, get coated with dirt, Ne coma fusa humeris fumo obsordescat amaro, Prud. apoth. 214; 2. met. get covered with the dust of oblivion, Obsorduit iam haec in me aerumna miseria, Caecil. ap. Non. 147 who adds = obsoleuit.

**ob-tineo**, (opt.), ère, ui, tentum, vb. [teneo] hold in the presence (of an enemy), hold firmly (against others), maintain, keep possession of, cum tu Hispaniam citiorem cum imperio obtineres, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 13; Sardiniam obtinebat M. Cotta, Siciliam M. Cato, Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 2; collaudauit militea quod duabus tantis deinceps cladibus ictu provinciam obtinuissent, Liv. 26, 20, 1; quarta aetas obtinendis quae percurrerant insumpta, Tac. Agr. 23; 2. with abstract acc. maintain, keep up, hold, defend, Antiquamque adeo tuam uenustatem obtines, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 18; pol Crito antiquom obtines, Andr. 4, 5, 22; eandem illam rationem antiquam obtine, Ad. 5, 3, 26; suam auctoritatem, Cic. Rose. Am. 139; regnum in Sequanis optinuerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; principatum in ciuitate optinebat, 1, 3, 5; quod ipse suae ciuitatis imperium

optenturus esset, 1, 3, 6; maestnm aliquando aientium, Liv. 1, 16, 2; necessitudinem, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; legationis principem locum optinebant, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; ut iam prouerbii locum optineret (maintained its ground as a pr.), Cic. Tusc. 4, 36; ad obtinendum mendacium, Quint. 75; 3. and with abstr. or inanim. nom. ibi caedes omnia obtinuit, Liv. 5, 49, 6; noctem insequentem eadem caligo obtinuit, 29, 27, 7; platanus agros longis obtinens umbris, Plin. 12, 9; 4. esp. with words of right, ubi nostrum ius contra illos obtineremus, Cic. Quinct. 34; illa lex quae in Graecorum conuiuiis obtinetur, Tusc. 5, 118; non tribunus ultra, non castrorum praefectus ius obtinuit, Tac. an. 1, 32; 5. hence of suits, defend successfully, gain, ut totam litem aut obtineamus aut amittamus, Cic. Rose. com. 10; id unum ad obtinendas causas potest plurimum, orat. 69; malas causas semper obtinuit, in optima concidit, Att. 7, 25; in senatu causam obtinere, Liv. 8, 21, 10; 6. and beyond legal sphere or met., gain, succeed in, carry (a point), eo tu consule omnia quae uoles obtinebis, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 5; his obtinuit ut praefereatur candidato quem Africanus ducebat, Liv. 35, 10, 9; 7. hence obtain (a request) with ab and abl., a tribuno plebis obtinuit ne reus fieret, Suet. Caes. 23; ut aegre sit ab eo obtentum ut uellet uiuere, Iust. 12, 8, 6; 8. maintain successfully in argument, succeed in proving, possumus hoc teste, possumus magistrorum litteris quod dicimus obtinere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 168; tres partes philosophiae congruere inter se primus obtinuit, Apul. dogm. Pl. 4 f.; 9. absol. carry a point, (Curio) de intercalando non obtinuerat, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 6, 5; 10. with abstr. nom., maintain its ground, obtain, Cassius in infinitum omnes parentes dicit, quod merito obtinuit, Ulp. dig. 2, 4, 4; consuetudinem quae retro obtinuit, 1, 16, 7; 11. or impers. the proposition maintains its ground, non ipsos quoque fuisse obtinebit (obtinere?) quod Parilibus potissimum condidere urbem, Varr. r. 2, 1, 9; hodie obtinuit indifferenter quaestores creari tam patricios quam plebeios, Ulp. dig. 1, 13, 1; antea obtinebat regna fortunam dono dare, or. ad Caes. de rep. ord. 1; note that in Ulpian and late writers obtinuit intersedes obtinet of the older lang.; 12. the form optineo seems preferred by Caes. (see above) and in the Pandects; add: ut cum dico obtinuit, secundam enim b litteram ratio poscit, aures magis audiunt p, Quint. 1, 7, 7.

**oc-cāno**, ère, ui, vb. [oc, cau-] sound (a horn etc.) after, iussu Metelli cornicines occanuerunt, Sal. hist. 1 ap. Diom. 374, 1 K; Prisc. 569, 6; but quoted as cornua occanuerunt by Serv. ad Verg. G. 2, 384; occanere cornua tubasque... iussit, Tac. an. 2, 81.

**occidit**, ònis (for qty. of i before d, cf. occidium and excidium) [occid-, crude form of occido] f. utter extinction, extirpation, ad preces uersi ne in occidione uictoriam ponerent, Liv. 3, 28, 9; occidioni exempti uict, Tac. an. 12, 56 f.; add 13, 57; nec ad occidionem uniuersum genus perducere patimur, Colum. 4, 17, 3; differens occidionem gregis, 7, 5, 16; add 9, 15, 3; 2. esp. with occidere (caedere), magnum eorum equitum occidione occisum, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 7; add Phil. 14, 36; duo praesidia occidione occisa, Liv. 4, 58, 9; add 3, 10, 11; 9, 38, 3; 28, 43, 10; 30, 32, 6; occidione occidisse, Iust. 2, 14, 8; add 26, 2, 5; 28, 2, 1.

**occidium**, ii [id.], same, rota lurida solia Haeret et occidium sentit iam iamque futurum, Prud. apoth. 695.

1 **occido**, ère, cidi, cisum [ob down, caedo] vb. cut down, slay, kill, si nox furtum faxsit, si im occisit, iure caesus esto, xii tab. 8, 11 Schoell; Summus ibi capitur meddix, occiditur alter, Enn. an. 296 V; Marsua hostem occidit, Cato orig. 12, 3 I; multii alteri alteros in castris occidere, 17, 3; Verginius uirginem filiam sua manu occidit, Cic. fin. 2, 66; add Rose. Am. 100; ipse fortissime pugnans occiditur, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 3; qui occisurus fratrem fuit, Liv. 40, 10, 2; 2. with a pl. acc. cut to pieces, extirpate, kill all, qui stirpem occidit meum, Pacuv. 421 R; copias hostium profugiarit occiderit, Cic. Phil. 14, 37; and of course with ad unum, hos consul ad unum omnes occidit, Liv. 3, 23, 5—see occidio; 3. met. or with exagg., murder, kill, Occidis me quom



istuc rogitas, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 23; occidis fabulans, Men. 5, 5, 23; Ctesiphon me pugnis miserum et istam psaltriam vsque occidit, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; Geta occidisti me tuis fallaciis, Ph. 4, 3, 67; occidis saepe rogando, Hor. epod. 14, 5; tenet occiditque legendo, A. P. 475; 4. note occisus in § 1 for occidesit, afterwards occiderit; 5. occisus, killed; and met., Occisast haec res nisi repperio atrocem mi aliquam astutiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 7; and euen iu superl., Occisissimum sum omnium hominum qui uiuunt, Cas. 3, 5, 53.

2 **occido**, ēre, cidi, cāsum (cassum) [ob for ab=S. a. va down; cādo] vb. be cut down, be felled, fall (by the sword etc.), be killed, occideritque sinas cum nomine Troia, Verg. 12, 828; Hos pestis necuit, pars occidit illa duellis, Enn. au. 549 V; Quod nisi quieris Menelae hac dextra occides, poet. ap. Sen. ep. 80, 8; illos uereor qui in bello occiderunt, Cic. fam. 9, 5, 2; proeliantem eum ad Syracusas occidisse, diu. 1, 53; uel ostentando uirtutem uel hostium saeuitia facile eum occisurum, Sal. Iug. 7, 2; Occiderit ferro Priamus? Verg. 2, 581; add 12, 660; Occidit a forti, sie uos uoluitis, Achille, Ov. M. 13, 597; 2. fall down or set, as the sun etc., interea fax Occidit oceanumque rubra tractim obruit aethra, Enn. an. 418 V; occidente sole, Pacuv. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 24; and Cic. Tusc. 1, 94; Soles occidere et redire possunt; Nobis cum semel occidit breuis lux, Nox est perpetua una dormienda, Catul. 5, 4; xvii kal. Feb. Leo mane incipit occidere, and xi kal. Feb. fiducula occidit, Colum. 11, 2, 4; 3. hence become extinguished, go out, of lights, lucernis occidentibus oleum infuderat, Petr. 22 f.; At si tautila pars oculi media illa peresa est, Occidit extemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Lucr. 3, 414; 4. met. from setting of sun, or extinguished light, Occidit spes nostra, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 3; Indidemque eadem quae oriuntur de integro aequae eodem occidunt, Pacuv. 92 R; occidit, occidit Spes omnis, Hor. od. 4, 4, 70; ut ne morte patris familias sacrorum memoria occideret, Cic. leg. 2, 48; quarum rerum memoria si una cum illo occidisset..., am. 104; 5. esp. of death, C. Vtius C. f. leto occidit, CIL 1273; Pollicita pueri uirtus indigne occidit, CIL 1422; 6. and gen. come to an end, perish, fall, ut nulla uis tantus queat motus moliri...ut hic ornatus (sc. muudi) umquam dilapsus occidat, Cic. acad. pr. 119; sin plane occidimus, ego omnibus meis exitio fuero, Q. fr. 1, 4, 4; add fam. 4, 3, 2; Mil. 100; occidit quod cum illo simul iusta regna occiderunt, Liv. 1, 48, 8; 7. occidi, as an exclamation, I'm a dead man, Nulla sum, nulla sum! tota, tota occidi, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 1; sed eecum uideo ipsum, occidi, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 26; add Eun. 2, 3, 1; 4, 4, 33; 5, 1, 11; Haut. 5, 1, 35; 8. occasus, as from a trans. vb., sol occasus (sun-set) suprema tempestas esto, xii tab. 1, 9 Schoell; nam ni ante solem occasum eas exploraueris, Meam domum ne imbitas, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 41; sole occaso, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 10; and Lucil. ap. Prisc. 869 P, 484, 13 K; post solem occasum, Gell. 3, 2, 3; add Prisc. 566, 20 K; 9. occidentis as sb. m. (se. sol) the west, ab oriente ad occidentem, Cic. N. D. 2, 164; Vel occidentis usque ad ultimum sinum, Hor. epod. 1, 13.

**occlillator**, ōris, m. [ocillo] a harrower.

**ocillo**, āre, vb. doub. dim. [occo] harrow in a slight manner, βλωστρωφω oeco ocillo pastinor; hinc occlillator βλωκοτος, Gloss. ap. Taubm.; 2. met., Aliquem hominem allegent qui mihi aduenienti os occlillet probe, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 28; cf. Numqui (mss numquis) hic restitit (mss restitit) qui nondum labeas lerarit mihi? Pomp. 158 R.

**occipit-ium**, ii, [occipūt] n. dim. (in form), back of the head, Quae in occipitio noque habet oculos pessuma, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 25; dolor circa tempora uel occipitium, Cels. 4, 2; uox earum (sc. locustarum) proficisci ab occipitio nidetur, Plin. 11, 107; 2. =the back, simul uidit occipitium uindemiatoris, Varr. r. 1, 8, 6; ne post occipitium exercitus relinqueret (relinqueret?) Varr. uit. pop. Rom. ap. Non. 245 v. anceps; fronte et occipitio congnassatus, Apul. mag. 43 f.; 3. prov. frons occipitio prior est, when the cat's away, the mice play, Cato r. 4; so Plin.

18, 31 quoting him: frontem domini plus prodesse quam occipitium.

**oc-cipūt**, Itis, [ob aft, capnt—so ετι in επ-εκγραυις the cerebellum, επ-κραυις, membrane of the cerebellum, or perh. rather the occiput] n. lit. the aft-head, i.e. the back of the head or skull, quos uiuere fas est Occipiti caeco (not using their eyes), Pers. 1, 62.

**occisio**, ōnis, f. [occido] killing, tu uim negabis factam si caedes et occisio facta non erit, Cic. Caec. 41; eiusque copias occisione (so mss a i. al. occidione) occiderit, Phil. 14, 36; Fabii ad unum occisione perierunt, Aur. V. 14.

**oc-cūlo**, ēre, ui, occultus or ōcultns [ob + colo] vb. lit. plough over;—hence cover with earth, bury, circum sese uruat ad pedes, terra occulit) caput, Enn. tr. 141 V; quae-cumque premes uirgulta per agros Sparge fimo pingui et multa memor oecule terra, Verg. G. 2, 347; 2. hide, Vetulae edentulae quae nitia corporis luo occultant, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; (feminae) ceteris in urbibus 'parietum umbris occultantur', Cic. Tusc. 2, 36 quoting an old poet; Appii uulnera non refrico sed apparent nec oculi possunt, Att. 5, 15, 2; interiueta argumentorum ocellas, orat. lib. 2 (§ 177) ap. Non. 148, for whom oeculo was obsolete; hastatos anfractus uiarum uallesque interiectae occultebant, Liv. 33, 1, 4; Classem in conuexo nemorum sub rupe cauata...Occulit, Verg. 1, 310; Siluaeque montanas occultare apta feras, Ov. F. 2, 216; nubibus aera caecis Occulit, M. 14, 817; me duplices occultuere fores, am. 1, 8, 22; add Tib. 1, 2, 39; Sen. Phaedr. 883; quorum neutrum affirmauerim neque tamen occultere debui, Tac. an. 3, 16; ipsis ea (sc. uitia) qui sanandi sunt occultentibus, Quint. 12, 8, 10; add Suet. Aug. 27 and 79; also Cal. 45; II 3. occultus or occultus, part. as adj. hidden, secret, malum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 39; res, off. 1, 13; periculum, Sal. Cat. 23, 4; calles, Verg. 9, 383; notas, Ov. a. a. 3, 630; aeuo, Hor. od. 1, 12, 45; occultiores insidiae, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 39; occultior atque teetior cupiditas, Rosc. Am. 104; res occultissimas, acad. pr. 62; 4. of character, close, reserved, fly, sin autem me astutum et occultum lnet fingere, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8; ab occultis cauendum hominibus, Liv. 25, 16, 4; 5. occulta as sb. n. pl., secret doings or places, secret things or secrets, quibus (sc. seruis) occulta credantur, Cic. Cael. 57; ut occulta saltum scrutarentur, Tac. an. 1, 61; qui occulta coniurationis retexisset, 15, 74; 6. also n. sing. with prep., sacra in (o)quod non nisquisquam fecisse uelut, CIL 196, 15—in a secret place, secretly; Intus in occulto mussabant, Enn. an. 185 V; Quasi quom caletur cochleae in occulto latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 12; Nihil ego in occulto (so ms C and Fleck.; al. occulto) agere soleo; meus ut animus eloquar, Trin. 3, 2, 86; quod eam in occulto uitauerat, Cato orig. 10, 1 Iord.; sineretque fata in occulto esse, Liv. 2, 22, 9; add Tac. an. 3, 18 f.; Vt tu illos proenl hinc ex occulto caederes, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 17; cum ex occulto interuenissent, Cic. Cael. 47; priuignos cum per occultum (by secret means) subuertisset, Tac. au. 1, 71 f.; delationes exerebant alii propalam, multi per occultum, 6, 7; add 5, 4; 7. for the shorts in Pl. Trin. and S. C. Bac. cf. cōruptus, Lucr. 6, 1135; 8. occulte, adv. secretly, Hoc est illud quod fore occulte Oeax praedixit, Pacuv. 138 R; Neque id occulte fert, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 30; quae res aperte petebatur ea nunc occulte euniculis oppugnatur, Cic. agr. 1, 1; add Caes. b. c. 1, 66; b. g. 7, 83; occultus, Sal. Cat. 17, 5; occultissime, Caes. b. c. 3, 67.

**occūpo**, āre [see below], vb. seize in the presence of (an enemy or rival, cf. obtineo), seize by rapid movement, be the first to seize,—hence often acc. with ante, prior, etc. as marked \*—Tr. Ego interim aram hanc occupabo. Th. Quid ita? Tr. Nullam rem sapis; Ne enim illi huc confugere possit quaestioni quos dabit, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 43; Pisaurum, Fanum, Aneonam singulis cohortibus occupat, Caes. b. c. 1, 11, 4; 2. esp. seize what is without an owner, quod nullius est id ratione naturali occupanti conceditur, Gai. dig. 41, 1, 3; add ib. § 2; 41, 1, 5 § 4 and § 5; uerius esse uidetur si rem pro derelicto a domino habitam occupauerit quis statim cum domino effici, Iust. 2, 2, 47; 3. seize



by force (without any title), squat (upon land), neive quis in eo agro agrum oqpatum habeto, CIL 200, 25; (cepi id) sacerdotium...eo mortuo (qui id per ciules dissensio) occupaverat, mon. Anc. 2, 26; Siciliam et Sardiniam occu(pat)as bello servili reciperavi, ib. 5, 34; ea est causa ut...forma urbis sit occupatae magis quam diuisae similis, Liv. 5, 55, 5; **4.** seize (A) before (he can seize you or get away, etc.), be beforehand with, strike first, anticipate, Qui te nisi illum tu occupas leto dabit, Pac. 148 R; Lyncea tendentem contra...Vibranti gladio conixus ab aggere dexter Occupat, Verg. 9, 768; Hebrum Sternit humi cum quo Latagum Palmumque fugacem, Sed Latagum saxo...Occupat, 10, 699; Phoenicias siue illi tela parabant Siue fugam...Occupat, hos morsu, longis amplexibus illos, Ov. M. 3, 48; **5.** met. first, get hold of before another, anticipate in seizing, first with acc. of uos, occupavi te Fortuna atque cepi omnise aeditus tuos interclusi, Cic. Tusc. 5, 27; Caluus comosa fronte nudo corpore; Quem si occuparis teneas, elapsum semel Non ipse possit Iuppiter reprehendere, Phaedr. 5, 8 (9), 3; Volteium mane Philippus Occupat et saluere iubet prior\*, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 66; **6.** with acc. of thing, Ni occupo aliquid mihi consilium, hi domum me ad se auferunt, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 94; ut ante\* occupet quod uideat opponi, Cic. orat. 138; quum qui prior\* auctor tam saeu exempli foret occupaturus insignem titulum crudelitatis fuerit, Liv. 4, 29, 6; in medio est scelus Positum occupanti, Sen. Thy. 204; add Ag. 194; Herc. Oet. 438; **7.** engage in words beforehand, secure before (others), iam hercle ego per hortum ad amicum transibo meam Mihi hanc occupatum noctem, Pl. St. 3, 1, 34; **8.** often with inf., be the first (to), noctu sacrificatum ire occupant Prius\*quam Venus expergiseatur, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 107; quod illos dicimus uoluisse facere, id nos priores\*facere occupabimus? Cato orig. p. 24, 2 I; auferre ab regina occupa Puerum, Att. 694 R; inpetum occupemus facere, 380; occupant bellum facere, Liv. 1, 14, 4; transire, 1, 30, 8; suum munus facere, 2, 18, 2; Padum traicere, 21, 39, 10; rapere (oseula), Hor. od. 2, 12, 28; **9.** in other constr., as with ut, Quoniam occuparat alter ut primus\* foret, Ne solus esset studui, quod superfuisset, Phaedr. 2 epil. 5; and absol. (dicere understood) hic instae Tydeus memor occupat irae: Me potius..., Stat. Th. 7, 538; **10.** met. of the mind, affections, preoccupy, pre-engage, engross the attention to the exclusion of other matter, Da in hunc diem operam Callipho quaeso mihi Ne quo te ad aliud occupes negotium, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 134; Qui illum di omnes perduint qui primus commentus malus (om. mss., Ritschl male) Contionem habere qui (so Scutar., B hac re qui) homines occupatos occupat, Men. 3, 1, 7; Ita populus studio stupidus in funambulo Animum occuparat, Ter. Hee. prol. 5; uult magnitudine rei sic occupare animos eorum qui audiunt ut difficilis aditus ueritati relinquatur, Cic. Font. 20 f.; add Q. fr. 1, 1, 38; Verr. 2, 5, 113; tantus subito timor omnem exercitum occupauit ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 1; paucor fugaque occupauerat animos, Liv. 5, 38, 5; **11.** other met., Hic incredibilis rerum fama occupat auris, Verg. 3, 294; pallor simul occupat ora, 4, 499; subitus tremor occupat artus, 7, 446; Effice ne macies pallentes occupet artus, Tib. 4, 4, 5; **12.** give full employment to, be enough for, milli sextarii quattuor totidemque panici bubulcorum operas occupant quattuor, Colum. 2, 12 (13), 4; legumina occupant operas lx, ib. 9; iugerum quinque modii occupabunt, 2, 9, 15; add 2, 10, 16; 2, 10, 33 (2, 11, 10); **13.** o. pecuniam, engage one's money so that it is not available for other things, invest, lock up, Atque id non decem occupatum tibi erit argentum dies, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 113; pecuniam adolescentulo grandi fenore occupauisti, Cic. Flac. 51; pecunias occuparat apud populos et syngraphas fecerat, Verr. 2, 1, 91; neue negotietur sibi pecuniamuo domini aut animalibus aut rebus aliis promercalibus occupet, Colum. 1, 8, 13; add 11, 1, 24; **14.** so with tempus, operam, engage, equid ego dicam de occupatis meis temporibus? Cic. Planc. 66; neque enim occupata opera res tanta suscipi potest, leg. 1, 8; **15.** esp. in the pass. be engaged, occupied, engrossed, with in, in sufficiendo collega occupatus, Cic. Mur. 85; in quo animum debeat habere

occupatum, inu. 1, 31; add Font. 46 (36); **16.** oocupator, Cic. Att. 10, 6; Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 3; occupatissimus, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 1; **17.** note the form oqpa- in § 3; **18.** occupo seems to have superseded a form occupor, and that to imply a noun oocupus occupis; cf. aucupo, for aucupor, act as an aucups, from aucups; cf. iudico, indico, uindico from iudex etc.; thus occupes might have been a name for troops specially trained for rapid movement, and occupari to act as such.

**Ocior**, adj. comp. [see below] quicker, cursus ad nictorem ocior fuit, Liv. 7, 26, 6; Ocior et iaculo et uentos aequante sagitta, Verg. 10, 248; Ocior ceruis et agente nimbos Ocior Euro, Hor. od. 2, 16, 23; pondere ocior acta remeat (tigris), Plin. 8, 66; ociore ambitu, 2, 38; ociore spatio, 2, 81; **2.** sup. ocissimus, quickest, partus, Plin. 8, 168; pira (in ripening), 15, 53; (uenenum), 27, 4; senectus, 16, 130; **3.** adv. ociter, quickly, cetera hinc usui profer ociter, Apul. M. 1, 23 (72); in 2, 24 Hild. has ocitus; in Enn. tr. i R and in Pacuv. 333 ociter is a conj.; **4.** comp. ocius, more quickly, Heus Phaedrome exi, exi, exi inquam ocius, Pl. Curc. 2, 2, 26 (v. 276); Sequere hao me ocius, Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 3; tanto ocius properemus, Eun. 3, 5, 61; ut ocius ad tuum peruenias? Cic. Quinct. 43; add Tusc. 4, 32; omnium Versatur urna serius ocius Sors exitura, Hor. od. 2, 3, 26; **5.** pretty quickly, quickly, scindite uestem ocius, Pacuv. 352 R; Dixit et e curru saltum dedit ocius aruis, Verg. 12, 681; but Caes. b. g. 5, 44 is misquoted by Forc., as also Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 17; **6.** adv. sup. ocissime, most quickly, Plin. 17, 87; 34, 100 and 167; **7.** has no pos. like the Gk. *okos*, but one is implied in ociter; perh. uiuus is the Lat. pos., wh. = our quick and prov. wick.

**oc-quínisco**, ěre, vb. [see conquinisco] crouch or stoop to, Pompon. (bis) ap. Non. 146, 22 wh. mss. oquinisc-.

**ōdi**, ěram, isse, ōsus sum, vb. [see below] have taken a disgust to, hate, Odi summussos; proinde aperte dice quid sit quod times, Naev. tr. 63 R; Quem omnes oderunt qua uiri qua mulieres, Pl. Mil. 4, 9, 15; Quem metuont oderunt, quem quisque odit periisse expetit, Enn. tr. 403 V; oderam multo peius hunc quam Clodium, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 3; quid odisset Clodium Milo praeter hoc ciuile odium quo omnes improbos odimus? Mil. 35; non dubito quin me male oderit, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; oderint dum metuunt, poet. ap. Sen. ira 20, 4; oderint dum probent, Tib. ap. Suet. Tib. 59 f.; neque studere neque odisse sed minime irasci deest, Sal. Cat. 51, 14; qui uitia odit homines odit, Thras. ap. Plin. ep. 8, 22, 3; **2.** met., illud rus, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 7; Persicos apparatus, Hor. od. 1, 38, 1; (eucumeres) oleum odere, Plin. 19, 65; add 19, 156; 12, 115; **3.** osus sum, Inimicos semper osa sum optuerier, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 19; osus um morum causa fuit, Gell. 4, 8, 3; qui dixisset ita amare oportere ut si aliquando esset osurus, Cic. an. 59; **4.** see odio vb.; **5.** root ōd (cf. ōd-ium and ōd-or) = ōl, smell; and perh. = an, wind or blow, as in Sansk., whence *av-emos*, an-ima, Germ. *ahn-en*, and our in-k-ling, a slight scent; cf. *βδελυσσω* and phrase 'stinks in the nostrils of men'; from a root ōd would come a perf. ōdi, I have smelt and so hate (him); **6.** = our hate.

**ōdio**, ěre, vb. (see ōdi) hate, partes quas Pompeius odiuit, Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 42; irascendi odiendi inuidendi, ps. Apul. dogm. Plat. 3 p. 262 Hild.; odientes, Tert. Marc. 4, 16; odiit, an. 10; oditur, Apol. 3; odiremur, Hierou. ep. 43, 2; odio, Serv. de fin. 1811 P, 451, 1 K; Prisc. ? accent. 1298 P, 528, 12 K; odirem and odire, Charis. 227 P, 257, 16 aud 21 K; **2.** = Fr. ha-ir.

**officio**, ěre, fēcī, fectum [ob, facio] vb. for officio me etc., put oneself in the way, get or stand in the way, obstruct, first with a dat., esp. of light, paululum inquit a sole, offecerat uidelicet apricanti, Cic. Tusc. 5, 92; umbra terrae soli officiens noctem efficit, N. D. 2, 49; nec mentis quasi luminibus officit altitudo fortunae, Rab. Post. 44; demoliri ea quorum altitudo officeret auspiciis, off. 3, 66; minus officit aliud alii ab sole ac luna et uento,



Varr. r. 1, 7, 2; officere claritati oculorum, Plin. 20, 68; and met., magnitudine eorum me qui nomini officent meo consoler, Liv. 1, pr. 3; 2. of other ideas, quum in angustiis ipsi sibi properantes officerent, Sal. Jug. 58, 6; aciem, quo hostium itineri officeret, latius porrigit, 52, 6; ei pecuniae uita Sex. Roscii obstare atque officere uideatur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 6; cur meis commodis officiis et obstas? 112; eum (Ciceronem) suis consiliis multum officere, Sal. Cat. 27, 4; timor animi auribus officit, 58, 2 (auribus om. Iord.); regium nomen in ciuitate esset, id officere, id obstare libertati, Liv. 2, 2, 6; nec uero Isocrati quo minus haberetur summus orator officit quod infirmitate uocis impediabatur, Plin. ep. 6, 29, 6; Illic officiant laetis ne frugibus herbae, Verg. G. 1, 69; 3. with acc., obstruct, close, aduersariorum excursionibus iter (so mss) officere non intermittit, bell. Afr. 61, 7; 4. hence as a pass. pers. officior, be obstructed, closed, stopped, inter se retrahuntur et extra Officiuntur (sc. corpuscula), Lucr. 2, 156; omnes Corporis effecti sensus per membra quiescunt (in sleep), 4, 762; effecto lumine (of an eclipse), 5, 776 with aperto lumine, v. 778; 5. in Lucr. 5, 889 all editors read occipit for officit of mss.

**officium**, ii, n. [for opific-ium from opifex] lit. doing work, hence with poss. pron. or gen. in emphatic position, doing one's own work, and so one's duty, Is est honos homini pudico meminisse officium suum, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 71; Homo homini deus est si suum officium sciat, Caecil. 264 R; Malo coactus qui suum officium facit, Dum id rescitum iri credit tantisper pauet (al. cauet), Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 44; Hominis frugi et temperantis functus officium, Haut. 3, 3, 19; add Phorm. 2, 1, 52; id uiri esse officium, Pacuv. 269 R; 2. so for old writers, aft. absol. duty and so with poss. pron. or gen. often in non-emphatic place, uerebare ne officio deessem, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 1; deserendi officii plures solent esse causae, off. 1, 28; omnibus officiis amicitiae diligenter a me seruatis, fam. 5, 17, 3; si uellent declarare in eo officium suum, laudaturum me; si qui suo sumptu functus esset officio, concessurum, 3, 8, 3; officii duxit exorare patrem, Suet. Tib. 11; 3. hence defined by Cic. fin. 3, 58; est autem officium quod ita factum est ut eius facti probabilis ratio reddi possit; 4. an act of kindness, friendship, or respect, Torquato nostra officia grata esse facile patior, Cic. Att. 13, 20, 1; tu uelim tua in me studia et officia recordere, fam. 15, 21, 5; Quae causa officii? Quid quaeris? Nubit amicus, Inv. 2, 134; 5. in officio esse, to perform one's duties, Nicanor in officio est, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 9; confido illum fore in officio, 1, 10, 2; add Q. fr. 2, 2, 2; fam. 15, 20, 2; 6. a sense of duty or friendship, si uellent declarare in eo officium suum, laudaturum me, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 3; mens in te animus quam singulari officio fuerit, tu es testis, 5, 5, 2; homo summo honore, summo officio, Verr. 2, 1, 137; 7. also a (public) duty or office, officio maritimo M. Bibulus praepositus cuncta administrabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 5, 4; 8. legati Pompeii... officia inter se partiuntur, Caes. b. c. 1, 38, 1; confecto legationis officio, 3, 103, 4; nouum denique officium instituit a uoluptatibus, Suet. Tib. 42 f.; 9. ex officio by virtue of one's office, id in tutore dicendum erit ceterisque qui ex officio pro alii interueniunt, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 31; ex officio facere, fr. 3 pr. de contr. tut. 27, 4; 10. in re obscena, de uiris, Ov. am. 3, 7, 24; Prop. 3, 14, 24; de feminis, Petr. 140 med.; de pueris, Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 5; Sen. exc. cont. 4, pr. 10; 11. met., office, part, neque pes neque mens satis suum officium facit, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 3; officium quod corporis extat, Officere, Lucr. 1, 336; cum canes funguntur officiis luporum, ad Her. 4, 46; 12. a body of public officers or officials attached to a court etc., si iussu iudicis rei iudicatae pignus captum per officium distrahat, dig. fr. 74, 1 de euit. 21, 2; officia iudicum, Iust. 11, 28, 3; libellos composuit quasi data centurioni ut ad officium transmitterent, dig. fr. 72 de furt. 47, 2; 13. hence a public office or court, ipse me conuenit in praetoris officio, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 11.

δὴε†, οὐε† or as monos. \* imper. of a vb. as interj.

[=εχεε, for change of vowel cf. οχεω, οχος, οχυρος and Lat. uomo = εμεω] hold, avast, ohe\* iam satis; nolo optaescat; aliu(m) ludum nunc uolo, Pl. St. 5, 4, 52; Quis nostras sic frangit foris? Ohe inquam, siquit audis, As. 2, 3, 4; Abscede; etiam nunc, etiam nunc. Etiam(ne)? Ohe†, Aul. 1, 1, 16; Ohe\* iam desinē deos tu (tu cj.; mss uxor) gratulando optundere, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 6; Ita, proxumo quidem: at nos unde? Aut quamobrem? Ohe†, Ph. 2, 3, 71; Capitalia...Ohe\* iam. Nescis qui uir sit. Scio, Ad. 4, 7, 5; trecentos inseris; ohe†, iam satis est, Hor. s. 1, 5, 12; δὴεε Ohe† iam Ad caelum manibus sublati dixerit, 2, 5, 96.

**olim**, adv. [either from ollus, old form of ille, or = our whilom] at a distant time, past or fut., whilom, once, sometime, first of past time, once, formerly, of yore, Versibus quos olim Faunei uatesque canebant, Enn. an. 222 V; add 326; fuit olim quasi ego sum senex, Pl. St. 4, 1, 33; Alium esse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; Quem olim oderat, sectatur ultro ac detinet, Turp. 100 R; qui mihi dixit olim nonis illis decembris, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 1; ante lucem inambulabam domi ut olim candidatus, 6, 2, 5; 2. with pleon. quodam, Olim isti fuit generi quondam quaestus apud saeculum prius, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; but in Plin. 3, 5, 59 prius olim arc om. by Sill. and Detl.; 3. in later writers = iam dudum, this long time, long (but note pass. from Nov. qu. in § 4), nonne olim casu pendemus ab nno? Lucan. 5, 769; olim iam nec perit quicquam mihi nec adquiretur, Sen. ep. 77, 3; Audio quid ueteres olim moneatis amici, Iuv. 6, 346; add 4, 96; 9, 17; stertere tanquam olim dormientes coeperunt, Petr. 22; me olim consulatu abire cupere, Fronto ad Caes. 2, 11, p. 56 ed. Rom.; 4. so far with pres. of vb.; also with perf., olim expectata neuunt septem saturnalia, Nov. 103 R; olim non librum in manus, non stilum sumpsit (for sumo), olim nescio quid sit otium, Plin. ep. 8, 9, 1; esp. in pass., olim prouisum erat, Tac. an. 13, 15; moribus olim corruptis, 14, 15; alueum Tiberis... completum olim rudibus, Suet. Aug. 30; olim exoptatus, Apul. M. 2, 13 f.; 11 5. of future, some time hereafter, one day, Sic tu illos fructus quaeras, aduersa hieme olim Quis uti possis, Lucil. ap. Non. 357; Vtinam coram tecum olim potius quam per epistolas! Cic. Att. 11, 4, 1; forsitan et haec olim meminisse iuuabit, Verg. 1, 203; non si male nunc et olim Sic erit, Hor. od. 2, 10, 17; add s. 1, 6, 85; dolor hic tibi proderit olim, Ov. am. 3, 11, 7; 6. also gen. at times, at any time, then, esp. followed by quum or ubi, clarior quam solis radii esse olim quom sudumst solent, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 2; Primum omnium olim terra quom proscinditur..., Trin. 2, 4, 122; add Poen. 1, 2, 143; Truc. 1, 1, 46; quod tumidis submersum tunditur olim Fluctibus hiberni condunt ubi sidera Caneri, Verg. 5, 125; add 8, 391; ut pueris olim dant crustula blandi Doctores, Hor. s. 1, 1, 25; 7. after an, ever, at any time, a quid olim hominis Salute melius? Pl. As. 3, 3, 127.

**ollus**, pron. an older form of ille, nocturna mulierum sacrificia ne sunt praeter olla quae..., XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; ollus quos censors locassint, 3, 11—But these quotations by Cicero not trustworthy, see Schoell p. 50, Olli respondit rex Albae longae, Enn. an. 34 V; Olli respondit suauis sonus Egeria, 122; Olli cernebant magnis de rebus agentes, 544; Flammeus est plerumque colos et splendidus ollis, Lucr. 6, 208; Olli subridens hominum sator atque deorum, Verg. 1, 254; olli certamine summo Procumbant, 5, 197; cf. Quint. 8, 3, 25; aboles dicebant pro ab illis, Paul. ex Fest. 19, 3 M.

1 **olor**, ōris, m. [see below] swan, the Latin name, while cygnus for κικυρος, argutus inter strepere ansér ōlores, Verg. B. 9, 35; purpureis ales oloribus (sc. Venus), Hor. od. 4, 1, 10; Ad uada Maeandri concinit albus olor, Ov. her. 7, 2; add Mart. 1, 53, 8; 8, 28, 13; Val. F. 6, 102; Sil. 13, 116; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 142; similis auseres quoque et oloribus ratione comment, and soon, olorum morte narratur flebilis cantus,



falso ut arbitror, Plin. 10, 63; 2. ol of ol-or=an of an-at (i.e. an-ak)= $\chi\eta\eta$ .

2 **ol-or**, **ōris**, m. an older form of od-or, stench, litera commutata dicitur odor olor, Varr. l. 6, 8, p. 261 Sp.; olor  $\sigma\sigma\eta$ , Gloss. Philox.; olacitas foetulentia olor, Gloss. Isid. p. 688; in Apul. Met. 1, 17 odore is read, but odore in ms Bert.; in Arnob. 2, 59 coloris: in Pall. 1, 19, 1 humore; in 1, 19, 33 odore; 2. ol of ol-or=S. an, blow, the same wh. is root of  $\alpha\nu\text{-}\sigma\mu\sigma$  and an-ima, see odi § 5.

1 **ōlus** (holus, also helus and folus), **ōris**, n. [see below] a herb (for food), greens, hiberna cibaria pcedibus id olus (sc. rapa) praebet, Colum. 2, 10, 22; donec Decoquerētūr ōlus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 74; Emptum cenat olus, ep. 2, 2, 168; Si pranderet olus, 1, 17, 13; add Pers. 6, 20; scandix quoque in olere siluestri a Graecis ponitur, Plin. 22, 80; Syria in hortis operosissima, unde in prouerbium Graecis: multa Syrorum olera, 20, 33; 2. esp. the cabbage (brassica), uitis adsita ad olus, Varr. r. 1, 16 f.; Hic olus, hic late fundentes braccia betae, Verg. mor. 72; coctis in folio oleris, Plin. 27, 54; cum suco oleris, 28, 171; 3. olus marinum, sea-kale, Plin. 29, 80; 4. olus atrum, or as one word olusatrum, i, the plant smyrnium olusatrum, Linn., called  $\iota\pi\pi\sigma\epsilon\lambda\iota\omega\nu$  or  $\sigma\mu\eta\rho\iota\nu$  by Greeks, Colum. 11, 3, 36; and Plin. 19, 162; atque ōleris pulli radix, Colum. 10, 123; (libanotis) radicem habet olusatri, Plin. 19, 187; 5. for initial h cf. holitor, CIL 1057; also: helus et helusa antiqui dicebant quod nunc holus et holera, Paul. ex Fest. v. helus, p. 100 M; cf. too heluella olera minuta, p. 103; and for initial f, antiqui dicebant folus pro olere, p. 84, s. v. foedum; perh. then akin to helus fuluus, to F(ol)ora,  $\chi\lambda\omega\pi\sigma$   $\chi\lambda\omega\eta$ , and so to Norse *vl. gro-a*, whence Dan. adj. *grøn* = our green; see Aufrecht, Trans. Phil. S. 1858, p. 14.

2 **Ōlus**, i, a form of Aulus the praenomen, Olus Terentius Pudens, inser. Or. 1943; D. M. Olus Publicius, 2697; D. M. Olo Plutio, 2866.

**ōlūsātrum**, i, see olus § 4.

**ōlus-cūlum**, i, n. dim. greens, in filicatis lancibus olusculis nos soles pascere, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; Vincta satis pingui ponentur oluscula lardo, Hor. s. 2, 6, 64; add Iuv. 11, 78.

**ōmāsum** (omassum), i, n. [said to be a Gallic word, but qn.=ōmentum] tripe, patinas cenābūt ōmāsi, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 34; piugui tentūs ōmāso, s. 2, 5, 40; omassum (so Sill., Detl. and al. omasum) edisse se, Plin. 8, 180; omasum  $\beta\omicron\epsilon\iota\omega\nu$   $\kappa\omicron\pi\epsilon\omega\nu$   $\lambda\iota\pi\alpha\rho\omega\nu$   $\tau\eta$   $\tau\omega\nu$   $\Gamma\alpha\lambda\lambda\omega\nu$   $\gamma\lambda\omega\tau\tau\eta$ , Gloss. Philox.

**ōmen**, **ōnis** (old osmen) n. [see below] utterance (esp. as inspired or prophetic)—hence omen, augury, Macte esto uirtute, operaque omen (what I thus say) approba (omenque asprobo, mss), Pacuv. 146 R; neque solum deorum uoces Pythagorei obseruauerunt sed etiam hominum quae uocant omnia, after speaking of the ara Aio loquenti, Cic. diu. 1, 102; S. Verum non est puero grauida. Am. Quid igitur? S. Insania... Al. Ob istuc omen ominator capics quod te condeet, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 90; Ciues ominibus faustis augustam adhibeat Fauentiam, Acc. 510 R; Neque enim tristius dicere quidquam deo ea de re quam tu ipse ominibus optimis prosequeris, Cic. fam. 3, 12, 2; consulatum in Bruti locum se petere confitetur: atque hoc detestabile omen auertat Iuppiter, Phil. 11, 11; Tum magnum exitium—quod di prius omen in ipsum Conuertant—Priami imperio Phrygibusque futurum, Verg. 2, 190; Quis fuit ille dies quo tristia semper amanti Omnia non albac concinuistis aues? Ov. am. 3, 12, 1; date candida ciues Omnia, Prop. 5, 1, 68; 2. hence accipere omen, placet omen, as: Quid est mea Tertia? Mi pater inquit Persa perii (sc. catellus). Tum ille: Accipio inquit omen, Cic. diu. 1, 103; centurio exclamauit: Signifer statue signum, hic manebimus optime; qua uoce audita senatus accipere se omen conclamauit, Liv. 5, 55, 2; quum Pulchri promuntorium id uocari audisset, placet omen inquit, 29, 27, 12; add 1, 7, 11; 3. of other forebodings than by words, as of a red sun, Quianam tam aduerso augurio et inimico omine Thebis radiatum lumen ostentas tuom? Att. 583 R; Hoc (a skirmish) principium simul omenque belli, Liv. 21, 29, 4; 4. a warn-

ing (as prophetic), ea lege atque omine ut si te inde exemcrim ego pro te molam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 29; 5. acc. to Varr. l. 6, 8, p. 252 Sp. os of os-men is os of os, oris and orare, cf. 7, 5, p. 375; so too Paul. ex Fest. p. 195 M; but rather akin to  $\sigma\sigma\sigma\alpha$  divine voice,  $\sigma\sigma\sigma\omega\mu\alpha$  foretell,  $\alpha\nu\delta\text{-}\alpha\omega$  utter as an oracle, and so to S. vad, speak.

**ōmento**, **āre**, vb. [omentum] wrap up in an omentum or caul, or else lard with fat of omentum, only in perf. part., omentata isicia, Apic. 2, 40.

**ōmentum**, i, n. [see below] literally a coat or clothing, hence the caul or omentum which folds over the intestines (=  $\epsilon\pi\iota\pi\lambda\omicron\omega\nu$ , i. c.  $\epsilon\pi\iota\pi\lambda\omicron\kappa\omega\nu$ ), contegit uniuersa haec (uiscera) omentum, Cels. 4, 1, p. 122, 15 Dar.; untriciulus atque intestina pingui ac tenui omento integuntur, Plin. 11, 204; Sed acta retro cuncta... non molli ambitu Omenta pingues uisceri obtundunt sinus, Sen. Oed. 374; add Pers. 2, 47; 6, 74; Iuv. 13, 118; 2. the periosteum or membrane which coats a bone, ut os secetur, omentum quod inpositum est ossi, cruciatum, dum sectionem patitur, inportat, Macr. s. 7, 9, 13; 3. the pia mater which envelops the brain, cerebrum non suo sensu sed uestitus sui, id est omenti, hunc inportat dolorem, Macr. s. 7, 9, 14; 4. ōmentum for osmentum, and that for uos-um-entum, where uos is the root whence uostis, or  $\eta\mu\phi\iota\text{-}\tau\epsilon\sigma\text{-}\mu\alpha\iota$ ; Goth. *vas-ian*; cf. orno.

**ōminālis**? false reading ap. Gell. 5, 17 f.

**ōmināto**, **ōnis**, f. [omino], foreboding, ap. Paul. ex Fest. p. 88, v. fauentia.

**ōminātor**, **ōris**, m. utterer of omens, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 90.

**ōmino**, **āre**, vb. [omen] utter an omen, A. bene euenat! B. Ita sit; etiam tibi bene sit qui recte ominas, Pomp. 36 R; male ominatis Parcite nerbis, Hor. od. 3, 14, 11; but in Prop. 1, 18, 4 Lach. has ominaque, not ominat.

**ōminor**, **āri**, vb. r. utter (what may be regarded as an omen), malo alii (rei publicae) quam nostrae ominari, Cic. off. 2, 74; melius quaeso ominare, Brut. 329; 2. with acc. pray for aloud (with something of prophetic power), clamore ac fauore ominati sunt faustum imperium, Liv. 26, 18, 8; Varro moriturus uera de exitu eius ominatus est, Vell. 2, 71, 2; primum anni incipientis diem laetis precationibus inuicem faustum ominamur, Plin. 28, 22; optamus tibi ominamurque in proximum annum consulatum, Plin. ep. 4, 15, 5; add Snet. Ner. 48.

**ōmitto**, **ēre**, **ōmisi**, **ōmissum**, vb. [of  $\delta\mu\text{-}\iota\text{-}$ ,  $\delta\mu\text{-}$ =an or  $\alpha\nu$ , and it- is base of it-er com-it- (comes) ex-it-ium, cf. per-bit-o; thus om-ito= $\alpha\nu\text{-}\eta\mu\mu\iota$ ; for letter-change cf. homon- and  $\alpha\nu\epsilon\rho\text{-}$ , humo- and  $\chi\theta\omega\nu\text{-}$ ]; let go again, let go, let slip, drop, omitte mulierem, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 18; quin omitte me, Ph. 3, 2, 1; quaeso omitte ac desere hanc, Turp. 166 R; omissis armis capessunt fugam, Liv. 33, 9, 11; inter sarcinas omissas, 8, 39, 2; omissas habenas bigae, Tac. h. 1, 86; Hoc primus repetas opus, hoc postremus ōmittas, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 48; Quod petiit spernit, repetit quod nūp̄r ōmisit, 1, 1, 98; 2. met. omissis Sidicinis Campanos adorti, Liv. 7, 29, 6; ut neque omitteret eum (sc. Hannibalem) neque congrederetur, 22, 12, 8; ut omnibus omissis rebus huic bello seruirent, Caes. b. g. 7, 34, 1; 3. esp. with abstract nouns, drop, lay aside, omitte tristitium tuam, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 3; iracundiam, 4, 7, 36; pietatem, humanitatem, Cic. off. 2, 41; timorem, rep. 6, 10; spem, Liv. 5, 43, 4; memoriam, 23, 4, 2; 4. let slip (an opportunity), teneo quam optabam occasionem neque omittam, Cic. leg. 1, 5; primam nauigationem ne omiseris, Q. fr. 2, 6, 3;

5. o. animam, cease to breathe or live, Animam omittunt prins quam loco demigrant, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 85;

6. in words, drop, pass over, omit, say nothing about, nam ut alia omittam, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 48; omitto gratulationes epulas promissa, Cic. Sest. 54; omitto quid ille tribunus fecerit, 27; ut omittam cetera, 29; de re ditu Gabiniū omittamus, Pis. 51;

7. with inf., leave off, cease, Iam omitto iratus esse, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 26; Iam de istoc rogare omitte, 4, 4, 90; omitte de te dicere, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 19;

8. omissus part. perf. as adj. careless, ubi te uidi animo esse omissus, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 9; metuas ne ab re sint tamen Omissiores, Ad. 5, 3, 45.



**ōpēro**, āre, vb. [opera sb.] work—hence do religious service, Aut operāt aliquo in celebri cum aequalibūs fano, Lucil. ap. Non. 523.

**ōpēror**, āri, vb. r. [opera, a labourer], lit. make oneself a labourer (for a time), engage oneself for work;—hence operatus sum, I am engaged in work, am busy; and operatus engaged in work, busy, esp. of religious duties with dat. of object, or of deity, pay one's vows to, offer sacrifice (to), cf. *βερω*; operatum illum Dianae, Afran. ap. Non. 523; Ad Veneris est profectus mane utulus uotum ut solueret, Ibi nunc operatus est, Pomp. 134 R; Sacra refer Cereri laetis operatus in herbis, Verg. G. 1, 339; Tristia iam redeunt iterum sollemnia nobis; Cynthia iam noctes est operata decem (sc. Isidi), Prop. 2, 33, 2; Conubiis aruisque nouis operata iuuentus, Verg. 3, 136; notis operata pudicis, Ov. her. 9, 35; Vesta faue, tibi nunc operata .resoluiumus ora, F. 6, 249; operataque doctis Cura vigil Musis nomen inertis habet, a. a. 3, 411; Atque alia assiduae texitrix (texitrix?) operata Mineruae Cantat, Tib. 2, 1, 65; regem tradunt operatum iis sacris se addidisse, Liv. 1, 31, 8; hostes operati superstitionibus, 10, 39, 2; aliis procurandis (prodigiis) prope tota ciuitas operata fuit (was engaged in—note the fuit, not est); uidit se operatum (in his sleep), Tac. an. 2, 14; abstinentissimo rebus ueneris: quibus si fuerit operatus (pay one's vows to Venus)—again note fuerit, not sit, Col. 12, 4, 3; see opero; 2. beyond religious sphere, yet perh. at first with some allusion to the same, sarcastic or not, Adde quod orandis illa est operata capillis, Ov. am. 2, 7, 23; In cute curanda plus aequo operata iuuentus, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 29; studioque operatus inhaesi (of one fishing), Ov. M. 8, 865; scholae operatum, Quint. 10, 3, 13; sedere in scholis auditioni operatos, Plin. 26, 11; quo magis uacuo animo studiis literarum operatus esset, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 4; caedendis materis operatum, Tac. h. 5, 20; II 3. so far only in perf., but in later writers operari to work, operans busily engaged, multi (aluos) et e speculari lapide fecere ut (o)perantis intus spectarent, Plin. 21, 80; seniores (apes) intus operantur, 11, 21; excrementa operantium, 11, 25; triginta hominum milibus operantibus, Suet. Cl. 20; iuuenum caedibus operatum, Apul. M. 3, 3; quod in ceteris membris uestis color, hoc in capite natiuus operatur, 2, 8; serui qui operari in agro consueuerunt, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35; quod (uenenum) cum minus operaretur, Lampr. Com. 17, 2; 4. with ad, work (to an end), nihil praetermitteret quod ad crudelitatem uideretur operari, Iul. Cap. Maximin. 13, 5; ad praescriptionem, Cod. 7, 16, 5; 5. comp., bonitas operantior, Tert. Marc. 2, 4; sup., Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 39.

**oppidō**, adv. (= *επιπεδος*, cf. oppidum) lit. flatly—hence quite, absolutely, oppido interii, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 143; C. Reddidisti? M. Reddidi. C. Omnino? M. Oppido. C. Occissi sumus, Bac. 4, 4, 30; Nam benignitas quidem huius oppido adolescentulisti, Mil. 3, 1, 39; S. Quid inceptat? B. Dic me hic oppido esse inuitam atque adseruari, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 12; P. Et iratum senem? G. Oppido. P. Ad te..., Ph. 2, 2, 3; add 5, 8, 2; oppido opportune, Ad. 3, 2, 24; oppido ridiculus, Cic. or. 2, 259; oppido pauci, fam. 14, 4, 4; but oppido in fin. 3, 33 (oppido not oppido mss A B) is corrupt; oppido adulescens, Liv. 42, 28 f.; 2. strengthened by quam, cf. sane quam, nec enim multa solum sed etiam pleraque oppido quam parua erant, Liv. 39, 47, 2; fonticulus oppido quam paruulus, Vitr. 8, 3, 11; oppido quam libens, Gell. 17, 12, 1; add 16, 7; 15, 30; 3. obsolete in Quintilian's time, satis est uetus ualde (ualde conj. of Zumpt); quid necesse est dicere oppido? Quo usi sunt paulum tempore nostro superiores, uereor ut iam nos ferat quisquam, Quint. 8, 3, 25; yet in Apul. mag. 35 f. and 62 f.; 4. for an absurd etymon see Paul. ex Fest. p. 184.

**oppidūm**, i, n. dim. [oppidum] a small town, hamlet, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 1; Hor. s. 1, 5, 87.

**oppidum**, i, n. [= *επιπεδον*] lit. the flat-ground as opposed to the arx or citadel-rock, ἡ κατω πολις, in use gen. a town or city, Asta atque Athenas anticum opulentum oppidum Contempla, Enn. tr. 324 V; add an. 487; peruchitur usque ad oppidum, Naev. 107 R; add Turp. 97; oppidum ui captum, Cato Iord. p. 85, 4; add 37, 8; 39, 6; praesidia in

oppidis nulla sunt, Cic. ad Pomp. Att. 11, 8; add Verr. 2, 4, 72; Ascracumque cano Romana per oppida carmen, Verg. G. 2, 176; non temere urbe oppidoue ullo egressus nisi uespera aut noctu, Suet. Aug. 53; 2. also of Rome itself (as opposed perh. to the citadel), Liberalia dicta quod per totum oppidum eo die sedent sacerdotes Liberi...sacrificantes, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 196 Sp.; eos (sc. legatos ab rege Perseo) in oppidum intrromitti non placuit, Liv. 42, 36, 1; seueri oppidum Martis, Mart. 10, 30, 2; 3. oppidum as gen. pl., tot oppidum cadauera, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5; 4. oppidum Britannii uocant cum siluas impeditas uallo atque fossa munierunt, says Caes. b. g. 5, 21, 3; 5. locus in circo unde quadrigae emittuntur, Paul. ex Fest. p. 184 M; 6. with e for i in: in oppedeis foreis..., CIL 198, 31; 7. Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 143 Sp., Pomp. Dig. sign. uerb. 239, 7 and Fest. l. c. derive oppidum ab ope.

**ops**, opis, f. [see below] lit. fruit or produce of vegetation, hence Ops goddess of vegetation, also called Terra, Magna mater etc., principes dei Caelum et Terra, and soon after, principes in Latio Saturnus et Ops, Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 63 Sp.; Terra Ops quod hic (hinc?) omne opus et hac opus ad uiuendum, et ideo dicitur Ops mater quod terra mater (al. nutrit), ib. p. 69; cf. Maer. s. 1, 10, 19 etc.; Sic Saturnus Opem iunctam sibi sanguine duxit, Ov. M. 9, 498; add tr. 2, 34; 2. a temple to Ops and Saturn in common in the forum, with a bank attached to it, Vict. reg. urb.; pecunia utinam ad Opis (sc. aedem) maneret, Cic. Phil. 1, 17; ubi est septiens miliens quod est in tabulis quae sunt ad Opis? 2, 93; II 3. hence in pl. means, wealth, hoc couiuuium Pro opibus nostris satis commodulumst, Pl. St. 5, 4, 8; Ex opibus summis opis egens Hector tuae, Enn. tr. 125 V; add 396; Condit opes alius defossoque incubat auro, Verg. G. 2, 507; Ruris opes paruae, pecus et stridentia plaustra, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 59; Magnas inter opes inops, Hor. od. 3, 16, 28; relictus in amplis opibus heres, Plin. 9, 122; 4. also power, influence, ceterae res quae expetuntur opportunae sunt singulae rebus singulis, diuitiae ut utare, opes ut colare, honores ut laudare, Cic. am. 22; ad paucos opibus et copiis affluentes totum agrum perferri uidebitis, agr. 2, 82; credo uos non pecuniam, non opes uolentas et minime ferendam potentiam...concupuisse, Phil. 1, 29; 5. physical power, might, momentum, Romani scalis summa nituntur opum ui, Enn. an. 168 V; add 404; Pro se quisque uiri magna nituntur opum ui, Verg. 12, 552; opes acquirit eundo (sc. amoris), Ov. a. a. 2, 343; III 6. in sing. power, in old writers and poets, the nom. only in Acc. see § 10, Vidi ego te astante ope barbarica, Auro ebore instructam magnifice, Enn. tr. 120 V; Nisi eum quantum tibi opis di dant seruas castigas mones, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 31; Hinc ope barbarica uariisque Antonius armis, Verg. 8, 685; grates persoluere dignas Non opis est nostrae, 1, 600; 7. also in certain phrases in later writers, omni ope atque opera enitar ut..., Cic. Att. 14, 14, 6; quacumque ope possent, Mil. 30; omni ope niti, Sal. Cat. 1, 1; 8. help, assistance, aid, see Enn. § 3 above; iam opes meas, non opem exspectat, Cic. Att. 9, 16, 1; ut quisque maxime opis indigeat, off. 1, 49; 9. esp. opem ferre to bear aid, Enn. tr. 86 V; Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 41; Cic. fin. 2, 118; cf. optulor; 10. in this sense Acc. 669 R has nom., quorum genitor fertur esse ops gentibus (sc. Herules); 11. op, fruit, akin to *σπ-ωρα* fruit season, to Germ ob-st, Lith. ob-elis, and our apple (prov. opp-le); cf. pomum; but in the meanings of § 3 and so on perh. from a root vb. op work, whence opera and opus.

**opto**, āre, vb. frq. [see below], pray for, ask (of gods), Illud ut uiuat optant, meam autem mortem expectant scilicet, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 20; numquam a dis immortalibus optabo ut..., Cic. Cat. 2, 15; Quod uotis optastis adest, Verg. 10, 279; quod optanti diuom promittere nemo Auderet..., 9, 6; 2. with inf. hunc uidere saepe optabamus diem, Ter. Heec. 4, 4, 29; 3. with acc. and dat. of person, numquam uereire in mentem insauiam optare uobis, Cic. Pis. 46; tibi optamus eam rempublicam in qua..., Brut. 331; 4. choose, opta ocus Rapin te optorto collo nauis



an trahi; Vtrumuis opta dum licet, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 14; Quae sese inhoneste optauit parere hio diuitias potius quam... Ter. And. 4, 5, 2; Sol Phaethonti filio faeturum se esse dixit quidquid optasset, optauit ut in currum patris tolleretur, Cic. off. 3, 94; ab rege iussus optare quid uellet se faeturum, Varr. s. 165, 2 R; Pars optare locum tecto, Verg. 1, 425; 5. pray for in one's heart, wish for, wish, Omnes mortales sese laudari optant, Enn. an. 551 V; Quis tam crudelis optauit sumere poenas? Verg. 6, 501; 6. a simpler vb. op-ere or opt-ere implied in optio, optius; of which root op perh. =  $\epsilon\pi$  or  $\sigma\epsilon\pi$  of  $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\upsilon\omega$ , = uoc of uoco and uox.

**Orbus**, adj. [see below] bereaved, bereft (of parents or children), as first reft of parents, orphan, Lex est ut orbae qui sunt genere proximi Eïs nubant, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 76; haec uirgo orbast patre, Ad. 4, 5, 16; add And. 1, 3, 19; filiam meam Ciceronemque quid ego tibi commendem?... Te incolumi orbi nou erunt, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 10; causas orbarum nuptias indicentium, Quint. 7, 4, 24; add 11, 3, 170; 2. reft of children, A totidem natis orba sit aequo uiro, Ov. her. 6, 156; Memnonis orba mei\* uenio (sc. Aurora), M. 13, 595; tunc orba tigride peior, Iuv. 6, 270; 3. childless, ille orbus expes liberum, Att. 376 R; Orbus uirilii sexu adoptauit sibi, Afr. 240 R; quem nutum locupletis orbi senis non obseruat? Cic. parad. 39; parens liberorum an orbus sit plurimum distat, Quint. 5, 10, 26; add 7, 4, 23; 4. reft of a husband, husbandless, widowed, orbum cubile, Catul. 66, 21; see above Ov. § 2; 5. met. reft (as of parents), orbas auxiliique opumque\* Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 19; Aree et urbe orba sum, Enn. tr. 114 V; usque adeo orba fuit ab optimatibus illa contio, Cic. Fl. 54; orba respublica, ad Quir. 11; add leg. 3, 9; re publica ex parte orba, consule altero amisso, Liv. 2, 47, 10; duo consules interfecti uelut orbam rempublicam reliquerant, 27, 33, 7; Orba parente suo quicumque uolumina tangis, Ov. tr. 1, 7, 35; orbos palmitis (without eyes or buds), Colum. 4, 27, 4; 6. gen. reft, devoid, orbus his rebus omnibus quibus natura me consuefecerat, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 3; forumque Litibus orbem, Hor. od. 4, 2, 44; orba suis... linteis uelis, Ov. M. 13, 195; add 1, 72; tr. 3, 2, 11; Pont. 1, 2, 44; 3, 2, 52; 4, 2, 5; am. 2, 2, 42; 7. esp. of limbs and senses and above all eyesight, Orba pedum\* partim, manuum uiduata uicissim, Lucr. 5, 840; quem si quis caecum genitum putat, omnibus sensibus orbus est, Vell. 1, 5 f.; si tu quoque luminis\* huius Orbus ait fieres, Ov. M. 3, 517; add 14, 189; orbam luminibus exitit senectam (sc. Metellus), Plin. 7, 141; uisus\* orbus, Sil. 13, 726; uisu regnisque, Stat. Th. 1, 74; 8. and absol., blind, siue quis arthriticus... siue epilepticus, siue orbus, excusantur (a tutela), fr. iur. antiinst. (Mai) p. 38; cf. It. orbo blind; 9. note constr. w. gen. marked\*; with prep. ab marked †; gen. w. abl.; 10. orbus, akin to  $\sigma\phi\alpha\nu\sigma$ , Sp. huerfano, stands for or-ub-us ( $\sigma\phi\upsilon\phi\text{-}\sigma\upsilon\text{-}\sigma$ ); also to Lat. rap-io our rob and be-are and reft; but fuller form seen in  $\alpha\rho\text{-}(\alpha)\text{-}\pi\text{-}\alpha\gamma\text{-}$  ( $\acute{\alpha}\rho\pi\alpha\zeta\omega$ ).

**Orcus** (Horcus\*) i, m. [prob. for Vor-ag-us, and so from uora-re; cf. Fest. below, and esp. W. Wagner, Phil. Tr. 1867, 214; also  $\beta\alpha\rho\alpha\theta\rho\nu$ ] lit. the Swallow—hence the God of the infernal regions or Death, Quin ob eam rem Orcus recipere ad se hunc noluit, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 6; Nam me Acheruntem recipere Orcus noluit, Most. 2, 2, 68; sacrificas Plico Orco hostiis (Horcus\* ostiis, vs A), Epid. 2, 1, 7; add 3, 2, 27; Poen. 1, 2, 131; As. 3, 3, 16; Bac. 3, 1, 1; nam me grauis impetus Orei Pertudit in latus, Enn. an. 539 V; Acherunsia templa alta Orei, tr. 107; Pluto Latine est Dis pater; alii Orcum uocant, Euh. 20; Mihi sex menses satis sunt uitae, septimum Orco spondeo, Caecil. 70 R; Egon qui ab Orco mortuom me reducem in lucem feceris, Sinam sine munere a me abire? Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 12; add 5, 4, 35; At uobis male sit malae tenebrae Orci quae omnia bella deuoratis, Catul. 3, 14; ut Verres, alter Orcus uenisse Hennam et non Proserpinam asportasse sed ipsam abripuisse Cererem uideretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; horri-feris accibant uocibus Orcum, Luer. 5, 996; eos se Orco

maectare dicitans, Liv. 9, 40, 9; quintam (sc. lunam) fuge, pallidus Horcus\* (so P) Eumenidesque satae, Verg. G. 1, 277—wh. Servius: Hesiodus horcum quinta luna dicit natum; multos Danaum dimitimus Orco, Verg. 2, 398; Maerctque partus fulmine luridum Missos ad Orcum, Hor. od. 3, 4, 75; Impudeus Oreum moror, 3, 27, 50; add ep. 2, 2, 178; Sic erimus cuncti postquam nos auferet Orcus (al. Orchus), poet. ap. Petr. 34; Crispe fili lepidissime heu heu Orcus cum te uorauit... Anthol. 1489 Meyer; hunc a dis senectuti meae seruatum... uorax abstulit Orcus, anth. Burm. 2, 67; 2. the realm of Pluto, Hell, Vestibulum ante ipsum, primis in faucibus Orci, Verg. 6, 273; Nou tamen immerito Minos sedet arbiter Orci, Prop. 4, 18 (3, 19), 27; 3. phrase, rationem cum Orco ponere (habere), have dealings with Orcus, i.e. risk life, Porcius Cato ceusebat...; nam ubi sit cum Orco ratio ponenda, ibi mortem quaestu certiore, Colum. 1, 3, 2 (from Cato); ubi ratio cum Orco (al. Horco\*) habetur (sc. in pestilentia agro), ibi non modo fructus est incertus, sed etiam colentium uita, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; 4. Orcum quem dicimus ait Verrius ab antiquis dictum Vragum, Fest. 202 b 28; 5. Orcus  $\chi\alpha\rho\nu\sigma$ , Gloss. Philox.; 6. Horcus\* pro orcus, sicut enim dicebant antiqui, Serv. in Don. 444, 21 K; Orchus, sic enim in antiquioribus reperies, Prob. 1449 P, 10, 22 K; add 1455 P, 14, 33 K; 7. Ital. (of Naples) huorco, old Sp. huergo, huercio; Orco chimera e bestia imaginaria, Dict. Ac. della Crusca.

**ordino**, are [ordo sb.] vb. lit. plant (vines etc.) in trenches or rows, Est ut uiro iur latius ordinet Arbusta sulcis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 9; ordinent uineam paribus interuallis, Colum. 3, 13, 5; ordinata uineta, 4, 27, 1; eundem uitibus locum ordinare, 5, 3, 7; ordinandi pastinandique soli tempora, 11, 3, 9; uilla... Non otiosis ordinata myrtetis, Mart. 3, 58, 2; 2. distribute soldiers into companies (ordines), form in rows, marshal, uoluntarios milites ordinauit centuriantique, Liv. 29, 1, 1; non illa ordinata per principes hastatosque ac triarios (pugna), 22, 5, 7; In quem superbus ordinat agmina Mysorum, Hor. epod. 17, 9; in ordinanda acie, Iust. 11, 9, 8; familiam ergastulo liberatam sub signis ordinat, Flor. 2, 7, 9 (3, 19); and met., tunc futura pericula struunt, tunc cupiditates improbas ordinant, Sen. ep. 10, 2; 3. gen., marshal, arrange in order, settle, partes orationis, Cic. inn. 1, 19; litem, or. 2, 43; publicas res (in history), Hor. od. 2, 1, 10; causam, Paul. dig. 40, 12, 24; Gal. 40, 12, 25; spes suas, Sen. u. beat. 6, 1; res suas, ep. 9, 17; testamentum, ben. 4, 11, 4; add Marcian. dig. 5, 2, 2; scelus, Sen. Thy. 716; bibliothecas, Suet. gram. 21; 4. esp. of political constitutions, res suas, Sen. ep. 9, 17; uoletudinaria, Colum. 12, 3, 8; testamentum, Sen. ben. 4, 11, 4; add Mart. dig. 5, 2, 2 and 5; statum liberarum ciuitatum, Plin. ep. 8, 24, 2; prouinciam, Suet. Galb. 7; equestrem militiam, Claud. 25; Macedoniae (statum), Flor. 1, 32, 3 (2, 16); 5. in late writers, as Suet., appoint to an office, candidatum ad se uocauit exactaque pecunia ordinauit, Vesp. 23; magistratus in plures annos, Caes. 76; se perpetuum consulem, Vit. 11; so also, tribunatus et praefecturas et ducatus mulieres ordinabant, Iust. 30, 2, 6; filium suum quem in successionem regni ordinauerat, 17, 1, 4; hence our ordain (a priest); 6. as adj., ordinatus, well arranged, regulated, orderly, compositum ordinatumque... uirum, Sen. u. beat. 8, 3; uitam ordinatiorem, ep. 74, 25; sup., Apul. d. Soer. 2; 7. ordinatus as sb. a military officer of a certain rank, ordinatus ex eq. Romano, inser. Or. Henzen 6772.

**ordior**, iri, orsus, vb. r. [orior with excr. d] lit. begin, but in first use begin weaving, and so weave, tertium genus (sc. araneorum)... orditur telas, Plin. 11, 80; but passage from the Ludus of Sen. 2 in Haase's ed. stands: At Lachesis... fecit illud, non orditur as Forc. says; cf. exordior; 2. esp. begin weaving words, begin to speak, cf.  $\upsilon\phi\alpha\rho\omega$  texo contexo, as: Non paruolam rem ordibor, Att. 95 R; ab eo nobis causa ordianda est, Cic. leg. 1, 21; princeps Crasus eius sermionis ordiendi fuit, or. 1, 98; te reliquas res ordiri, fam. 5, 12, 2 (of a history); paulo altius ordiri ao repetere memoriam, Verr. 2, 4, 105; et unde est orsa in eodem terminetur oratio, Marc. 33; ea ipsa de qua disputare ordimur eloquentia obmutuit, Brut. 22; contra sic filius orsus, Verg. 1,



325; cum sic orsa loqui uates, 6, 125; sic orsus Apollo Mortalis medio aspectus sermone reliquit, 9, 656 (wh. Diom. 373 P, 377, 8 K misinterprets orsus by desinens); add 12, 186; Nec gemino bellum Troianum orditur ab ouo, Hor. A. P. 147; querellae ab initio tantae ordiendae rei absint, Liv. praef. 12; bellum quod nunc ordiri pergam, 38, 12, 1; Celsaque Romanis decerpta palatia tauris Ordari, Prop. 4, 8 (3, 9), 51; **3.** other met. from weaving, begin, machinam ordiris nouam, Pac. 379 R; alterius uitae quoddam initium ordimur, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 8; Minucius ab Liguribus orsus bellum est, Liv. 32, 29, 6; magno principio sibi orsus bellum nidebatur, 35, 51, 10; Maius adorta nefas maioremque orsa fuorem, Verg. 7, 386; termina ab atra bile orsa, Cels. 2, 8, p. 49, 27 Dar.; iecur a dextra parte sub praecordiis ab ipso septo orsum, 4, 1, p. 121, 13 (and in eight other places, but perh. for orstns); pinguescunt (sues) lx diebus sed magis tridui inedia saginatione orsa, Plin. 8, 207; cum ex depresso loco fuerint orsa fundamenta, Colum. 1, 5, 9; **II 4.** orsa orum as sb. n. pl. words, as nitred, sic orsa vicissim Ore refert, Verg. 7, 435; in melius tua qui potes orsa reflectas, 10, 632; Talia miranti propius tulit orsa tyranno, Val. F. 5, 470; **5.** words, or efforts of an author, ut orsis operis successus prosperos darent, Liv. pr. 13; Nostra loquor: nulli uatm debebimus orsa, Man. 2, 57; add Val. F. 1, 21; 5, 195 and 291; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 114; Aus. id. 4, 46; **6.** note fut. ordibor in Att. qu. in § 2; **7.** orditus as part. Sid. ep. 2, 9 med.; Venant. carm. 2, 10 f.; **8.** *opdeu* weave, a loan-word from Lat.

**ordo**, inis, m. [see below] prop. a trench for planting vines etc., and then a row of vines etc., quae arbores in ordinem satae sunt eas aequaliter sol ac luna coquunt, Varr. r. 1, 7, 4; cum admiraretur et proceritates arborum et directos in quincuncem ordines, Cic. sen. 59; eius fundi extremam partem oleae directo ordine dcfiniunt, Caec. 22; pone ordine uites, Verg. B. 1, 73; Sin tumulis acclius solum collisque supinos, Indulge ordinibus, G. 2, 276; si colatur in ordines (haec uitis) medicrem (terram) desiderat, Pall. 3, 9, 4; **II 2.** hence a rank or row, or line of soldiers, in plures ordines instruebantur; ordo sexagenos milites binos centuriones uexillarium unum habebat, Liv. 8, 8, 4; hunc ex primo ordine pauci consecuti milites, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 3; nullo ordine iter fecerant, 2, 26, 4; neque ordines seruare poterant, b. g. 4, 26, 1; instructos ordines deducit, Sal. Cat. 59, 1; omnibus locis Romanorum ordines conturbare, Iug. 50, 4; and met., nt explicatis ordinibus temporum nno in conspectu omnia uiderem, Cic. Brut. 15; **3.** hence ordinem ducere, to command a company (as centurion), qui hunc eundem ordinem in exercitu Cn. Pompeii duxerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 4; add 3, 104, 3; qui ordines duxerunt, Cic. Phil. 1, 20; ordines duxisse aiebant, Liv. 2, 23, 4; pater virginis L. Verginius honestum ordinem in Algido ducebat, 3, 44, 2; **4.** hence ordo the post of centurion (ducendus understood) quoque aput exercitum ingnominiac (sic) caussa ordo ademptus est erit, CIL 206, 121; imp. Caesar Antoninus...ordinem Alexandriae dedit, inscr. Or. 3456; add 7170; ex equite (conj.); Grut. exq. ucter.) uirtutis causa mihi T. Quinctius decimum ordinem hastatum adsignauit, Liv. 42, 34, 5; ordinem accepit, inscr. Or. 3454; ordine(m) accepit ex equite, 3456; **5.** esp. primi ordines, centurions of the highest rank, calonn loco primos ordines...seruili habitu mittebat, Liv. 30, 4, 1; Labienus tribunis militum primisque ordinibus conuocatis quid sui sit consilii proponit, Caes. b. g. 6, 7, 8; **III 6.** an order, rank, class of persons, in a state, as of the senate and knights, cuius erat ordinis (Fidiculanus)? Seuatorii, Cic. Clu. 104; uisi sumus senatum commemoratione tuae uoluntatis erga illum ordinem permouere (al. comm.), fam. 1, 2, 1; ut erat necum cunctis equester ordo, Planc. 87; add Liv. 43, 16, 1; Tiberi principatus nono anno in nntatem uenit equester ordo, Plin. 33, 32; **7.** also in the mnicipia etc., quae municipia coloniae...sunt erunt, neiquis ineorum quo municipio colonia...in senatu...esto, neue quoi ibi inco ordine sententiam dicere liceto, qui..., CIL 206, 110; add vv. 127; ordo decurionum, inscr. Or. 1167; ordo splendidissimus coloniac Abellinatium, ib. 1180; add 1181; **8.** of other orders or classes, eos uiatores eosque praecones omneis quos

eo ordine dignos arbitrabuntur legunto, CIL 202, 33; uniuerso ordini publicanorum, Cic. fam. 13, 9, 2; centurionum, Phil. 1, 20; si cuiquam ordini aratorum siue pecuariorum siue mercatorum probatus sit, Verr. 2, 2, 17; ordo collegi f. (sc. Aesculapii), inscr. Or. 2417; ex decreto ordinis corporis piscatorum et urinatorum totius alu. Tiber., ib. 4115; L. Crassitius ordinis libertini, Suet. gram. 18; **9.** gen. rank, hominem ornatissimum loco ordine nomine, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 127; **IV 10.** a row or line of things, portulaque tegito tegularum ordinibus seneis, CIL 577, 2, 6; **11.** esp. a bank (of oars), terno consurgunt ordine remi, Verg. 5, 120; ualidaeque tremeas Quasque quater surgens extructi remigis ordo Commouet, Lucan. 3, 530; (nanem) sex ordinum Xenagoras Syracusios (fecisse auctor est), Plin. 7, 208; **12.** of a row of seats in a theatre, the first row assigned to Senate and then 14 to knights, sedisti in quattuordecim ordinibus cum esset lege Roscia decotoribus certus locus, Cic. Phil. 2, 44; effice summam Bis septem ordinibus quam lex dignatur Othonis, Iuv. 14, 324; nt primus subselliorum ordo uacaret Senatoribus, Suet. Aug. 44; add 14; **13.** hence quattuordecim absol. (ordines understood), spectare ludos e quattuordecim, Suet. Aug. 40; **14.** a series of events, chain of causation, fatum id appello quod Graeci *επιμαρμεν* id est ordinem serieque causerum, Cic. diu. 1, 125; Magnus ab integro saeculorum nascitur ordo, Verg. B. 4, 5; add A. 3, 376; 7, 44; rerum tamen ordine ducar, Ov. M. 13, 161; add Pers. 3, 66; Manil. 1, 531; **V 15.** fit arrangement, good order, order, ordinem sic definiunt, compositionem rerum aptis et accommodatis locis, Cic. off. 1, 142; his rebus quae tractantur in uita modum quandam et ordinem adhibentes, 1, 17; eas (particulas) primum confusas postea in ordinem adductas mente diuina, acad. pr. 118; dispositio est per quam illa quae inuenimus in ordinem redigimus, ad Her. 3, 16; **VI 16.** phrases: in ordinem cogo, reduce (an officer) to the ranks, and so met. degrade, treat (a superior) as a nobody, decemuiri quereutes se in ordinem cogi, Liv. 3, 51, 13; huic rogationi qua se in ordinem cogi uidebat, 6, 38, 12; add 3, 35, 6; 25, 3, 19; 43, 16, 9; nisi eodem tempore grex miserorum sub (ictu, by conj.) stetit crudelitatem suam in ordinem coactam putat, Sen. clem. 1, 26 f.; **17.** so also in ordinem redigo, Socrates eodem illo noltu quo triginta tyrannos in ordinem redegerat carcerem intrauit, Sen. ad Helu. 13, 4; gula reprimenda et quasi in ordinem redigenda est, Plin. ep. 2, 6, 5; ut alios auctores in ordinem redegerint, alios omnino exemerint numero, Quint. 1, 4, 3; **18.** ordine in due order, from first to last, rem enarrato omnem ordine, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 53; tuam progeniem ede ordine, Att. 50 R; recte atque ordine factum, Cic. Quinct. 28; an id recte ordine a re publica factum esse defendis? Verr. 2, 3, 194; **19.** in ordine, in due order, Hos Corydon, illos referebat in ordine Thyrsis, Verg. B. 7, 20; **20.** in ordinem, the same, haec (sc. aduersaria) sunt disiecta, illae (sc. tabulae) in ordinem confectae, Cic. Rosc. com. 7; **21.** ex ordine, according to order, in order, ut quisque aetate et honore antecedit ita primus solet dicere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 142; **22.** one after the other, without a break, nendit Italiae possessiones ex ordine omnes, Cic. agr. 1, 4; Septem illum totos perhibent ex ordine menses...Fluissie, Verg. G. 4, 507; **23.** per ordinem, in succession, one after the other, sortiti nocte singuli per ordinem cum ferro cubiculum intrarunt, Quint. 4, 2, 72; add 11, 2, 20 and 23; **24.** extra ordinem, out of the usual course, id quaestor...extra ordinem dato, CIL 198, 69; ei prouinciam extra ordinem dcecebant, Cic. prou. cons. 19; ad eam spem quam extra ordinem de te ipso habemus...accedunt..., fam. 6, 5, 3; **25.** ord-on, same in orig. sense as *ορχο-* (*op-ux-*) from a root or (*op-uas-*) or ar (*aro*), dig; cf. Lith. or-ti, to plough; the d of ord-on- excrecent; **26.** ordine with an apex on the o, inscr. Grut. 448, 7.

**oriundus**, part. as adj. [ori-or] lit. springing (from), the course of genealogy, still going on, of a family sprung (from), ultimately sprung from (ortus would refer to the immediate parentage), Cartaginem Vnde sum oriundus, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 95; and met., Egone apicularum congestum



opera non feram Ex dulci oriundum meleulo dulci meo? Curc. 1, 1, 11; O pater o genitor o sanguen dis oriundum, Enn. an. 117 V; Poenos Didone oriundos, 300; unde oriundi sunt, Cato orig. 9, 9 I; qui ab ingenuis oriundi sunt, Cic. top. 29; Denique caelesti sumus omnes semine oriundi (oriundi? cf. ortus wh. implies a vb. or-or), Lucr. 2, 991; ne se oriundos ex Etruscis...exsulare pateretur, Liv. 2, 9, 1; Nemenium Agrippam facundum uirum et quod inde oriundus erat plebi carum, 2, 32, 8; uirgines Vestae legit, Alba oriundum sacerdotium, 1, 20, 3; liberis parentibus oriundus, Col. 1, 3, 5; fluens aqua e montibus oriunda, 1, 5, 2.

**orno**, āre, vb. [see below] clothe, dress. Partim uenusta muliebri ornati stola, Varr. s. 133, 8 R; sollers ornare Cypussis (a lady's maid), Ov. am. 2, 7, 17; **2.** make comely, dress, dress out, deck, adorn, Mollibus intexens ornabat cornua sertis, Verg. 7, 488; Adde quod oriandis illa est operata capillis, Ov. am. 2, 7, 23; tenues (capillos) et quos ornare timeres, 1, 14, 5; ornabant aurata monilia collum, M. 5, 52; Ornabat niueas nullane gemma manus? Prop. 4, 5 (3, 6), 12; An ut matrona ornata phaleris pelagiis..., Publil. S. 12 R; capillus etsi non cotidie acu oriandus tamen pectine cotidie expediendus est, Front. de eloq., init. (Mai); **3.** equip, furnish, arm, fit out, Proletarius publicitus scuteisque feroque Ornatur ferro, Enn. an. 190 V; ornato focum (with charcoal), Cato 76 (77), 4; paribusque ornauerat armis, Verg. 12, 344; armatos...quos appellare uere possumus? Opinor eos qui sculis telisque parati ornatique sunt, Cic. Caec. 60; **4.** of animals, tun pueru equum ornatum donat, Liv. 27, 19, 12; effectit ut ea elephantis ornatus (laden) ire posset, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 4; **5.** esp. equip (sbips), posteaquam maximas aedificasset ornassetque classes, Cic. Man. 9; naues omni genere armorum ornatissimae, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 2; uaues ornatae sunt, Liv. 40, 26, 8; add 9, 30, 4; **6.** furnish (magistrates with staff and outfit), ornat (decemuiros) apparitoribus scribis librariis praecombibus praeterea mulis tabernaculis supellectili, Cic. agr. 2, 32; magistratus mulis tabernaculis et omni alio instrumento ornabantur, Liv. 42, 1, 9; and absol., referebatur de ornandis praetoribus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 1; de consulibus ornandis, Att. 3, 24, 1; **7.** so o. prouincias, vote an outfit for, consulum prouincias ornatas esse, Cic. Att. 3, 24, 1; antequam prouinciae ornarentur profectus est, Suet. Caes. 18; **8.** o. conuiuium, dress out rooms for a banquet, Cic. Quint. 93 and Verr. 2, 4, 44; **II 9.** met. deck out, honour, artibus atque uirtutibus, Cic. fin. 2, 112; Caesar rebus maximis gestis singularibus ornatus et nouis honoribus ac iudiciis senatus, fam. 1, 9, 14; ciuitas quam omnibus rebus ornasset, ita pedestri exercitu ornato, Liv. 1, 43, 8; add 44, 1, 6; Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 1; **10.** esp. with words, honour, compliment, qui me non solum meis laudibus ornaret sed etiam alienis, Cic. Phil. 2, 25; tu es is qui me tuis sententiis saepissime ornasti, fam. 15, 4, 11; **11.** clothe (ideas in choice language), embellish, eum statuebam...eloquentem qui mirabilibus augere posset atque ornare quae uellet, Cic. or. 1, 94; illa quibus orationem ornari atque illuminari putem, 3, 25; non dubitauit seditiones ipsas ornare, 2, 124; **12.** dress out with weals, give a dressing to, S. regnumque hic tu possides? A. Si possiderem ornatus esses ex tuis uirtutibus, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 22; **13.** ornatus part. as adj., well fitted, (for), locus ad dicendum ornatissimus, Cic. Man. 1; **14.** beautiful, agro bene culto nihil specie ornatus, Cic. sen. 57; **15.** of persons, distinguished, ornatissimus loco ordine nomine uirtute ingenio copiis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 127; and absol. Caecil. 29 and Flac. 48; **16.** ornate (in oratory), homines, Cic. or. 1, 42; oratio, 1, 50; uersus, orat. 36; **17.** for comp. see § 14; for sup. §§ 5, 13, 15; **18.** ornātē adv. beautifully as to style, eloquently, Cic. off. 1, 4; or. 3, 53; Plin. ep. 1, 16, 2; ornatus, Cic. fam. 9, 21, 1; ornatissime, Brut. 21; **19.** orno implies a lost sb. ornum (cf. dono from donum, signo from signum); and this ornum for osnum points to the lost vb. uos, whence uestis; Go. vas-ian; cf. *fer-vvμi*, whence *εσθης* and *ημφι-εσ-μαι*; cf. also omentum; the change of s to r is assumed in Varro's

(1. 5, 29) idle words; ornatus quasi ab ore natus, hinc enim maxime sumitur quod eam (sc. mulierem) deceat; **20.** ornamentum with an apex on the o, inscr. Or. 622; and Cardinal. dipl. imp. 183, 325.

**5s, ōris, n.** [see below] a perforation or hole, excisa trabe firma cauauit Robora et ingentem lato dedit ore fenestram, Verg. 2, 482; **2.** esp. a mouth, uirginem sparsore adunco naso, Ter. Hant. 5, 5, 18; turundas (meal balls) (gallinis) in os indat, Cato r. 89 (90); ex ore in eins os inflato aquam, 90; ad haec (sc. cibum potionem spiritum) percipienda os est aptissimum, Cic. N. D. 2, 134; cibum oris hiatu et dentibus capessunt, 2, 122; spumantia frenis Ora...equorum, Verg. 12, 373; Centenasque manus quinquaginta oribus\* ignem Pectoribusque arsisse, 10, 566; **3.** met. a mouth, as: ulceris, Verg. G. 3, 454; pleno quum turget sacculus ore, Iuv. 14, 138; hoc dolium ore in enniculum uerso posuerunt, Liv. 38, 7, 11; nascula oris angusti, Quint. 1, 2, 28; oribus\* uasculorum gypso clausis, Pall. 3, 25, 9; altero specus eius ore inuento, Liv. 10, 1, 5; add 45, 27, 8; eius (specus) os saxis obruit, Tac. an. 4, 59; Hic ora soluit Ditis inuisi domns, Sen. Herc. f. 669; os uuluae, Cels. 6, 18, 9 and 10; **4.** esp. of a river, in ore Tiberis, Liv. 1, 33, 9; add 22, 19, 12; **5.** akin to t̄bis met., in Ponti ore et angustiis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 129; in ipso aditu atque ore portus, 2, 4, 30; ante os ipsum portus, Liv. 25, 11, 19; fontem superare Timauū Vnde per ora nouem...It mare proruptum,—holes in the earth through wh. the several streams rush as from moutbs—Verg. 1, 244; ora uenarum, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, 27 Dar.; add 6, 18, 9; but in Colum. 8, 15, 3 ora lacus ne corruptantur, we sh. perb. read ora, the margin of the pond, cf. oras naturalium, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, 13; **II 6.** mouth as organ of speech, speech, language, orator...suauiloquenti Ore, Enn. an. 305 V; add 415, 565; artificium dicendi, nisi accessit os, nullum potest esse, Cic. or. 2, 29; clarissimo uiro fugitiui ore male dicere, Deiot. 28; ora sono discordia signant, Verg. 2, 423; Graiis dedit ore rotundo Musa loqui, Hor. A. P. 323; philosophorum Socratico ore defluentium, Vell. 1, 16, 4; quorum nomina uix est eloqui Romano ore, Mela 3, 3, 30; posecabatur ore uulgi dux Agricola, Tac. Agr. 41; **7.** esp. in ore, as: in orest omni populo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 13;—in everybody's moutb; istius nequitiam tum in ore uolgi esse uersatam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 121; add 2, 56 and am. 2, 2, 76; **8.** uno ore, with one voice, Vno ore auctores fore ut..., Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 20; add Andr. 1, 1, 69; unoque omnes eadem ore fremebant, Verg. 11, 132; **9.** so. An ut peruenia(s) in ora uulgi, Catul. 40, 5; ne in ora hominum pro ludibrio abiret, Liv. 2, 36, 3; Maius ab exequiis nomen in ora uenit, Prop. 4 (3), 1, 24; **III 10.** by extension, face, countenance, noua figura oris, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 26; ora ipsa iratorum, Cic. off. 1, 102; qui ora iudicium aspicere aut os suum populo Romano ostendere auderet, Verr. 2, 1, 1; add Mil. 42 and Cat. 4, 1; uulnus ore exceptum, Quint. 6, 3, 75; qui os oculosque Galli rostro atque alis euerberaret, 2, 4, 18; and met. nulli laedere os, say nothing to a person's face to pain him, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10; **11.** in poets, ora pl. of one person's face, uidet...lacerum crudeliter ora, Ora manusque ambas, Verg. 6, 495; ut nultum uidit morientis et ora, Ora etc., 10, 821; **12.** eyes, sight, presence, uolito uiuos per ora uirum, soar aloft before their eyes (cf. Hor. od. 2, 20), Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 34; temptanda uiast qua me quoque possim Tollere humo uictorque uirum nolitare per ora, Verg. G. 3, 9; nereor coram in os te landare amplius, to your face, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 5; hinc concedas aliquo ab ore eorum, Haut. 3, 3, 11; quae in foro palam Syracusis, in ore atque in oculis prouinciae gesta sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 81; in ore omnium quotidie uersabatur, Rose. Am. 16; add Verg. 11, 887; in ore eius ingulatur, Tac. b. 3, 77; traductus per ora ciuitatum popnlis qui descuerant ostenditur, Iust. 36, 1, 5; **13.** the face as exhibiting shame or proof against it, Nam quo redibo ore ad eam quam contempserim? Ter. Pb. 5, 8, 24; os tuom inpudens uidere nimium uellem, Eun. 3, 5, 49; os durum, 4, 7, 36; quod tandem os est illius patroni qui ad eas causas sine ulla scientia iuris audet accedere? Cic. or. 1, 175; nostis os

hominis, nostis audaciam, Verr. 2, 2, 48; ore durissimo, Quinct. 77; Nec tibi plus cordis sed minus oris inest (sense of shame), Ov. her. 16 (17), 102; duritia oris, Sen. dial. 2, 17, 3; os hominis! Mart. 9, 94, 2; nihil erat mollius ore Pompeii; numquam non coram pluribus rubuit, utique in contionibus, Sen. ep. 11, 4; 14. praebere os alicui, throw oneself in the way of blows or insults, Sy. adulescenti morem gestum oportuit. Sa. Qui potui melius qui hodie usque os praebni? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 7; desisse postremo praebere ad contumeliam os, Liv. 4, 35, 10; 15. by further extension, the head (but with spec. ref. to face), Gorgonis os pulcherrimum cinctum anguibz abstulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 124; truncis arborum antefixa ora, Tac. an. 1, 61; add Stat. Th. 3, 131; 16. os nauis, a ship's head, tot ora nauium Rostrata, Hor. ep. 4, 17; 17. calyx of a plant, hiantis saeua leonis Ora, Colum. 10, 98; perh. leontice chrysozonum; 18. prov., inter os atque offam multa interuenire posse, Cato orat. 67, 4 Iord.; 19. oribus is rare but found in Verg. and Pall. as marked \*; the gen. pl. is not found; 20. os prob. for fōs-ōs, aud so from the root of forare fodere; hence ostium with ex-crescent t; fōres, foris, foras and (o)στ-ου-a also akin; hence too Fr. huis in à huis clos; cf. huissier from ostia-rius.

**ostium**, ii, n. [ōs oris, with ex-crescent t] aperture, entrance, ex ostio Acheruntis, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; an-trum Quo lati ducunt aditus centum, ostia centum, Verg. 6, 43; 2. esp. a door way, door, in eo pariete medio ostii lumen apertito latum p. ui altum p. uii, CIL 577, 1, 10; ostium...quod nunc est...opstruito, 577, 2, 13; maceriem pin-nas et austia desuo fecit Mineruae, CIL 1463; Nam nihilst qua hinc huc transire ea possit nisi recto ostio, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 58; hoc obseruare ostium, 2, 3, 81; ante ostium hic erimus, Caec. 117 R; haec ubi aperit (so Bentl. and metre, mss aperuit) ostium, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 35; obsera ostium, Eun. 4, 6, 25; aperto ostio dormientes, Cic. Rosc. Am. 65; ostium carceris, Tusc. 5, 13; 3. met., ne in rimis eius (sc. arcae) grana oblitescant...et ostia aperiant muri-bus ac fornicis, Varr. r. 1, 51, 1; 4. of the larynx and epiglottis, cum aspera arteria...ostium habeat adiunctum linguae radicibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; 5. mouth of a port, Insula...in utriusque portus ostium aditumque pro-iecta est, Verr. 2, 4, 118; pleno subit ostia uelo (note pl. in a poet), Verg. 1, 400; 6. mouth of a river, o. Tiberinum, Cic. Man. 33; o. fluminis Cydni, Phil. 2, 26; o. Rhodani, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 2; so: nunc nullam intra Oceani ostium praedonum nauem esse, Cic. Man. 33, straits of Gibraltar, as though Oceanus were a river; 7. Ostia, orum, the two mouths of the Tiber whence the name of the city Ostia (ae), Ostia contigerat qua se Tiberinus in altum Diuidit, Ov. F. 4, 291; so too Sall. ap. Charis. 76 P, 98, 16 K; but in Iuv. 11, 49 ostrea not Ostia; 8. note form austia in § 2; 9. a form Hostium also found as Hostia in Ov. l. c. in two good mss; cf. Fr. huis huissier.

**ōstium**, ii, n. [see below] leisure, opp. to negotium, haut centensumam Partem dixi atque otium rei si sit possum expromere, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 169; Otio qui nescit uti plus

negoti habet quam...; and soon: otioso in otio animus nescit quid uelit, Enn. tr. 252 V; non hercle otiumst Nunc mi auscultandi, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 65; tantumne ab re tuast oti tibi Aliena ut eures? Haut. 1, 1, 23; clarorum hominum atque magnorum non minus oti quam negoti rationem exstare oportere, Cato ap. Cic. Planc. 66; in otio de negotiis cogitare, Cic. off. 3, 1; horum libros cum est otium legere soleo, or. 2, 59; de quibus in foro atque in negotiis agendi non est otium, Varr. s. 176, 3 R; Vtrumne iussi persequemur otium, Non dulce ni tecum simul, An..., Hor. epod. 1, 7; 2. hence peace, quiet, nihil esse tam populare quam pacem, tranquillitatem otium, Cic. agr. 2, 102; ualde me ad otium pacemque conuertit, Q. fr. 3, 5 (6) 5; minime miror te otium pertinbare, Phil. 2, 87; insolens belli diurnitate otii, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; expectabat (Caesar Rauennae) suis lenissimis postulatis responsa, si qua hominum aequitate res ad otium deduci possit, 1, 5 f.; 3. in pl., peace or leisure, deus nobis haec otia fecit, Verg. B. 1, 6; ut in otia tuta recedant, Hor. s. 1, 1, 30; 4. what is produced under leisure, Excitatasque oculis otia nostra tuis, Ov. tr. 2, 224; 5. otio as adv. at one's ease, quamlibet lambe otio, Noli uereri, Phaedr. 1, 27 (25), 6; 6. otium for uocet-ium, from uoc-are, old form of uac-are, with ex-c. t.

**ōuis**, is, m., more freq. f.; [?] sheep, firstly masc., quando citatus neque respondit neque excusatus est, ei ego unum ouem multam dico, Varr. ap. Non. 216; and Gell. 11, 1, 4; ouem masculino genere dixerunt ut ouibus duobus, non duabus, Paul. ex Fest. s. u. ouem, p. 195 M; oui mari testiculi dempti, Varr. l. 5, 19, p. 101 Sp.; Semimaris flammis uiscera libat ouis, Ov. f. 1, 588; cf. su-ouea-aurilia, of the boar, ram and bull; cf. *ὄ και ἡ οὐς*; 2. gen. f. ewe, sheep, (aries and uerux for the male), Oues scabrae sunt tam glabrae em quam haec est manus, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 140; S. Cum feruit maxime, tam placidum quam ouem reddo. C. Quomodo? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; quid oues aliud adherunt nisi ut earum uillis homines uestiantur? Cic. N. D. 2, 158; pastorem Tityre pinguis Pascere oportet ouis, Verg. B. 6, 5; Aut tondet infirmas oues, Hor. epod. 2, 16; quas...Nec placidae carpsistis oues hirtae capellae, Ov. M. 13, 927; 3. prov. of wolf and lamb, ut maueis lupos Apud oues quam domi linqere hos custodes, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 7; Lupo scelesta (so T H K, mss scelesta lupo) ouem (monos.) commisisti; disputet..., Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 16; o praeclarum custodem ouium ut aiunt lupum! Cic. Phil. 3, 27; 4. met. of a fool to be sheared, B. quis has ouis (monos.) adegit? N. Ouis nos uocant pessumae. S. Pastor harum..., Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 4; Ouem tibi occillam dabo natam annos sexaginta Peculiarem...Tondetur nimium scite, Merc. 3, 1, 26; Et stolidum pleno uellere carpe pecus, 3, 7 (2, 16), 8; 5. poet. for wool, Et niteam Tyrio murice tingit ouem, Tib. 2, 4, 28; 6. in comic poets ouis ouem etc. often monos. cf. Pl. § 4, Ter. § 3 and Ritschl prol. 152; cf. also bones a monos. Aul. 2, 2, 57; Ps. 3, 2, 23; 7. in abl. oui or one, Varr. l. 8, 37, p. 440 Sp.; but not ouim; in Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 26 mss have ouem or quem for ouem; 8. cf. S. avi, *οὐί-ς*, Lith. *awi-š*, Go. *awi* in *avistr*, ovile, Eng. ewe.



## P.

**pābūlāris**, e, adj. [pabulum] of or for fodder, uicia, Colum. 2, 13, 1; Pall. 1, 6, 14; add Plin. 18, 142.

**pābūlā-rius**, adj. as sb. m. dealer in forage, pabulariorum collegium, iuser. Dou. cl. 9, 3 and 20.

**pābūlātio**, ōnis, f. foraging, esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 4; 7, 14, 2; 7, 16, 3; 7, 20, 9; Varr. r. 3, 16, 21 of bees; Colum. 7, 9, 14 of hogs.

**pābūlātor**, ōris, m. forager, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 1; Liv. 29, 2, 3.

**pābūlātōr-ius**, adj. of a forager, corbis, Col. 6, 3, 5; 11, 2, 99.

**pābūlor**, āri, vb. r. [pabulum, cf. frumentor, materior fm. frumentum etc.] forage, get fodder or food, Cotidie ex urbe ad mare hnc prodimus pabulum, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 6; Colum. 7, 6, 9 of a goat; 8, 15, 6 of birds; 2. esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; b. c. 1, 59, 2; Tac. an. 12, 38 f.; 3. as a pass. met., fimo pabulandae sunt oleae, Colum. 5, 9, 13.

**pābūlōsus**, adj. abounding in forage, (Britannia) pabulosa, Solin. 22, 2.

**pābūlum**, i, n. [for pa-ab-ūlnm, see pascor] food, chiefly of animals, fodder, pabulum hoc modo parari darique oportet...; glandem..., Cato r. 54, 1; hirundo Pabula parua legens, Verg. 12, 475; pabula fecit equis, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 122; 2. esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 2; 7, 74, 2;

3. in poets of man, Pabula dia tulit, miseris mortalibus ampla, Lucr. 5, 941; tibi pabula dira Et miseras Polypheme dapes, Val. F. 4, 105; 4. met., Acheruntis, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 11; anamorum, Cic. acad. pr. 127; studii, sen. 49; amoris, Lucr. 4, 1056; pabula morbo, Ov. M. 8, 876.

**paalex**, (pellex).

**paenitet**, ēre, uit, paenitūrus, vb. [akin to paene paenria, cf. Gell. 17, 1, 9] a feeling of not having enough possesses (me), or parum uidetur, as Dou. says Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12 and Phorm. 1, 3, 20 paenitet eum qui parum putat; first with a gen., paenitet me eius, I feel that I have not enough of it, am dissatisfied, discontented with, and so perh. ashamed of, Immo duas dabo inquit ille adolescens, una si parumst; Et si duarum paenitebit inquit, addentur duae, Pl. St. 4, 1, 45; Ecator mnnns te enratum scio Vt quous (monos) me non paeniteat (tu?) mittas mihi, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 77; An paenitebat flagiti te auctore quod fecisset Adnlescens ni miserum insuper etiam patri iudicares? Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12; nostri nosmet paenitet, Ph. 1, 3, 20; quod si efecero (so Bentl., mss perficio) non paenitet me famae, Hec. 5, 2, 9; Quod si procedit neque te neque quemquam arbitror Tuae paeniturum laudis, Att. 312 R; quid eum Mnesarchi paenitebat, quid Dardaui? Qui erant principes Stoicorum, Cic. acad. pr. 69; iam ipsa terra ita mihi parua uisa est ut me imperii nostri quo quasi punctum eius attingimus paeniteret, rep. 6, 16; quippe minime paenitere se uirum suarum si bellum placeat, Liv. 8, 23; Stant et ones circum; nostri nec paenitet illas, Nec te paeniteat pecoris diuue poeta, Verg. B. 10, 16; 2. with quod, an paenitet uos quod saluum atque incolumem exercitum nulla omnino naue desiderata traduxerim? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12; paenitet quod antiquissimum sollempno ad seruorum ministerium deduxisti...nisi..., Liv. 9, 34, 18; 3. with iuterr. pron., paenitete te quot ancillas alam (alam Speng., mss iam) Qui etiam mihi (mss quin etiam mea) superadducas quae mihi comedint cibum, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 52; At dices Quantum hic operis fiat paenitet, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 20; quao qualiacunquo in me snnt—me eum ipsum paenitet quanta sint..., Cic. orat. 130; non paenitet me quantum profecerim, Att. 12, 28, 2; tamdiu uelle debebis quoad te quantum proficias non paenitebit, off. 1, 2; 4. with nom. of cause, Et me quidem haec condicio nunc

nou paenitet, Pl. St. 1, 1, 51; but this use of paenitet seems to cease with Aug. age, and was obsolete for Gell. 17, 1, 9.

II 5. geu. be ashamed of (the past), regret, repeat, cum interemisset Clitum, uix a se maus abstinuit, tanta uis fuit paeniteudi, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; solet eum, cum aliquid furiose fecit, paenitere, Att. 8, 5, 1; Cum bene peccati paenituisse uident. Paenitet..., Paenitet et facto torqueor ipse meo, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 58; 6. with neut. pron. for nom., cause repentance, sapientis est nihil quod paenitere possit facere, Cic. Tusc. 5, 81; ntrum id facinus sit quod paenitere fuerit necesse, inu. 2, 43; 7. rarely as vb. pers., repent, paenitebunt, Pacuv. 31 R; Actolos quoque si paenitere possuit, posse et incolumes esse, Liv. 36, 22, 3; Athenienses sicut primi defecerat, ita primi poenitere coeperunt, Iust. 11, 3, 3; 8. hence in part. paenitens repenting, optimus est portus paenitentis mutatio consilii, Cic. Phil. 12, 7; Lepidum paenitentem consilii, Sall. ap. Charis. 224 P, 253, 11 K; add Diom. 359 P, 363, 30 K; 9. adv. paenitenter, penitently, Min. F. Oct. 26; 10. paenitendus, to be ashamed or repented of, sub haud paenitendo magistro, Liv. 1, 35, 5; ager paenitendus, Colum. 2, 2, 7; dicta factaque non paenitenda, Gell. 1, 3, 2; 11. paeniturus (perh. with long i for paenit-iturus) likely to repent, eo usque processum est ut non paeniturum pro non acturo paenitentiam dixerit (Sallustius), Quint. 9, 3, 12; cf. impers. paeniturum, Att. 312 R; 12. paen. not poen. in best mss, as Med. and Rom. of Vergil; paen. is also meant by pen., Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 77 and 2, 6, 52 in mss B C D.

**pālam**, adv. [pal=pan of pando; cf. pal-ma pal-ud-pl-anus; for suff. cf. el-am cor-am proten-am] openly, eam locationem palam in foro facito, CIL 206, 37; Auferimus aurum omno illis praesentibus Palam atque aperte, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 67; Neque id occulte fert; ab lenone ipsum eripuit palam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 30; palam in eum tela iaciuntur, clam subministrantur, Cic. Cael. 20; add Ver. 2, 4, 49; Mil. 42; eos nec palam nec secreto iacturo consilia sua, Liv. 44, 34, 2; Luce pālam certumst igni circumdare muros, Verg. 9, 153; Vōcē pālam pecori, clam sibi quisque uocet Ant etiam sibi quisquē pālam, Tib. 2, 1, 84; 2. hence p. facio let out (a secret), divulge, me honestins Quam te palam hanc rem facerest, Pl. As. 4, 2, 12; nt ne id fiat palam, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 30; credo palam factum esse, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; add Liv. 1, 41, 6; 3. palam est it is divulged, well known, out, is clear, palam est res, Et quidem palamst eam esse ut dicis, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 65; continuo pālamst, Ter. Euu. 1, 2, 24; haec commemoro quae snnt palam, Cic. Pis. 11; Esse igitur genere in quouis primordia rerum Infinita palamst, Lucr. 2, 568; II 4. as prep. with abl. (or dat. ? for me te may be old datives), rem creditori palam populo soluit, Liv. 6, 14, 5; palam senatu, Anr. V. 5, 5; 5. also after noun, as: fleuit populo Caesar utrumque palam, cleg. ad Liv. 442; Mēquē pālam de me tuto mala saepe locuntur, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 39; add a. a. 2, 549.

**pāpilio**, ōnis, m. [perh. for palpill-ion-, redupl. fm. a stem pal=παλλω; and so little quiverer; cf. φαλ-αυα a moth Hesych.; Germ. falt-er, nacht-falter; It. far-falla butterfly] a moth or butterfly, Quaeque solent canis frondes intexere filis Agrestes tineae (caterpillars)...Ferali mutant cnm pāpiliōue figūrā, Ov. M. 15, 374; nemiculi qui tineae uocantur, item papiliones enecandi sunt, Colum. (de apibns), 9, 14, 2; papilio..luminibns aduolitant, pestifer (apibus), Plin. 11, 65; inde porrigitur uermiculus paruos, et tridno mox eruca...duro cortice; ad tactum tantum mouetur, araneo adcreta, quom chrysalidem appellat; rupto deinde cortice uolat papilio, 11, 112; bestiolas necat, araneos, papiliones, teredines; and soon: papilio, pestis maior, lucernis tollitur...accensis ante aluos; in eam flammam



sese ingerunt, 21, 81; papilio Incernarum Inminibus aduolans, 28, 162; papilionēs qui nemiculos stercore suo faciunt nasci, Pall. 4, 15, 4; add 5, 9, 7; 2. of the silk-worm moth, 11, 77; II 3. a pavilion or soldiers' tent, in expeditionibus apertis papilionibus prandit atque cenat, Lampr. Alex. 5, 51, 5; add 61, 2; aurati papilionēs, Trebel. 16, 1; miles...ad bellum procedit...de papilionibus expeditis, Tert. ad Mart. 3; 4. also in religious use, inscr. Fr. Arv. Orel. 5054, 20.

**pārāmus**, i, m. (prob. a Span. wd.=modern paramo) table-land, flat summit of a mountain, Ceruom altifrontum cornua dicat Dianae Tullius, Quos uicit in parami aequore uectus feroei sonipede, CIL 2, 2660.

**pārīchrūs**, i, m. (πρασόχρως; cf. porrum=πρασον), a kind of topaz, Ambros. psalm. 118; serm. 16, 41 (Haupt cj. prasochrus).

**pāro**, āre, vb. [akin to par-eo, par-io p(o)r-o prae παρα] cause to be near or at hand, get ready, get, prepare, provide, cetera parare quae parantur pecunia, equos famulos nestem, Cic. am. 55; qui alteri exitum parat, Enn. tr. 21 V; omnia ab integro paranda erant, Cato orat. 34, 3 I; quod parato opus est para, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 43; hisce ego non paro me ut rideant, Eun. 2, 2, 18; quam (nam) hio fugam aut furtum parat? Ph. 1, 4, 14; add Ad. 3, 4, 31; fuga parabatur, Cic. Att. 7, 26, 1; in quo parat se ad descendum, orat. 122; ut huc te pares, fam. 1, 7, 9; subsidium senectuti, diu. 2, 122; bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 3; 6, 2, 3; copias, 3, 23, 2; parantibus utrisque se ad proelium, Liv. 9, 14, 1; alterutri se fortunae parans, Vell. 2, 43, 2; diuitias sine fine, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 75; 2. esp. with money, buy, iam ego parabo aliquam dolosam fiduciam...Quae se emptam simulet, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 35; cogito trans Tiberim hortos aliquos parare, Cic. Att. 12, 19, 1; serui aere parati Sal. Iug. 31, 11; argento parata mancia, Liv. 41, 6, 10; 3. of fates, destiny etc., ordain, aequum fuit Deos (monos.) parauisse, uno exemplo ne omnes uitam niuerent, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 131; si ita natura paratum esset, Cic. din. 2, 122; per ima cucurrit Ossa tremor cui fata parent, quem poscat Apollo, Verg. 2, 121; 4. abs. me etc. understood, prepare, make preparations, Animo niri praesentia ut sis para, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 64; moliri parare, Sal. Iug. 11, 8; oppidani...parare omnibus locis, 60, 1; at Romani festinare parare, Cat. 6, 5; but in Liv. 21, 7, 1 dum ea parant, and in 42, 53, 2 iussis parari; 5. with inf. iam cata signa fere (so mss, fera O. Müller) sonitum dare uoce parabant, Enn. an. 447 V; Maledictis deterrere ne scribat parat, Ter. Ph. pr. 3; legem parabat ferre, Liv. 38, 30, 3; sortiri, 32, 28, 2; In nemo ire parant, Verg. 4, 118.

**pascito**, āre, vb. frq. intr. feed, (apes) quae in siluestribus locis pascant (al. pastitant), Varr. r. 3, 16, 19.

**pasco**, ēre, pāui, pastus, vb. [for pa-asco (cf. θα-ασω, θασσω), where pa is for pēn (as in penus penum, food, wh. see; cf. μεμα-α, γεγα-α for μεμονα, γεγονα); cf. pa-astor old form of pastor] first as trans. feed (animals) supply with fodder, graze, qui in agro pascuom pequdes maiores non plus x pascet, CIL 200, 14; neque pequs...in eo agro pascito, 200, 86; lead to pasture, non didici baiolare, Nec pecua nri pascere nec..., Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 11; lanigerum pecus piscibus pascit, Enn. ap. Paul. ex Fest. p. 59 M; Pecua...pascunt Danaī, Acc. ap. Non. 159, 8; Tu cornifrontes pascere armentas soles, Pacu. ap. Serv. A. 3, 540; cum sues puer pasceret, Cic. diu. 1, 31; capras, Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; non, me pascente, capellae...salices carpetis amaras, Verg. B. 1, 78; armentaue bucarā paut, Ov. M. 6, 394; 2. of slaves, plures calones atque caballi Pascendi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 203; non circumstant illam turba seruorum ad quos pascentes..., Sen. ep. 17, 3; quot pascit seruos? Iuv. 3, 141; uiginti uentres pasco et canem, Petr. 57; 3. irreverently or jokingly of men, olusculis nos soles pascere, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; argentum et ministros quando pascebat (gave a feed) accipiebat ab amicis, Lamp. Alex. Sev. 41; his moribus non modo sufficebant fruges, nulla prouinciarum pascente

Italiam, uernm..., Plin. 18, 15; Haud tamen inuideas uati quem pulpita pascent, Iuv. 7, 93; pictores quos nescit ab Iside pasci? 12, 28; 4. also in poets, quos diues Anagnia pascis, Verg. 7, 684; 5. met. flammās, Ov. M. 14, 467; aram, tr. 4, 4, 63; amorem, rem. am. 749; crinem, Verg. 7, 391; let grow; barbam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 35; spes pascis inanis, Verg. 10, 627; nummos alienos, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 35; (umbra) pascent sata, Plin. 17, 90; 6. esp. oculos, animum, Restabat aliud nihil nisi oculos pascere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 35; eius cruciatu pascere oculos, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 65; in eius corpore lacerando cum animum satiare non posset oculos pauerit suos, Cic. Phil. 11, 8; II. 7. w. acc. of land, use for grazing cattle, ea prata...inuicteis eis niquis sicut (sic) niue pascat, CIL 199, 40; in pass., pecoris quod in eo agro pascutur, CIL 200, 19; nbi granes pascantur paucorum greges, Varr. ap. Non. 4, 218; 8. more commonly as a refl. feed, graze, eat, si pulli non pascentur, Liv. 6, 41, 8; Cetera pascentur nrides armenta per herbas, Verg. G. 3, 162; Pascutur in silua...iuuena, 3, 219; add B. 1, 60; 9. w. abl. feed on, frondibus et uictu, Verg. G. 3, 528; otia corpus alunt, animum quoque pascutur illis, Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 21; Pascere crudelis nostro Latona dolore, Ov. M. 6, 280; 10. and met. devour, fatten on, pascor bibliotheca Fausti, Cic. Att. 4, 10; his ego rebus pascor, his perfruo, Pis. 45; discordiis ciuium ac seditione, Sest. 99; malificio et scelere, off. 2, 40; 11. w. acc. in poets, pascentur siluas et summa Lycaei, Verg. G. 3, 314; pascentur et arbuta passim (of bees), 4, 181; III. 12. pasco as intr. esp. in part. and snpine, ire uis mla pastum foras, Pl. Most. 4, 1, 21; sine (boues) ire pastum, Pers. 2, 5, 23; Saltibus in uacuis pascent, Verg. G. 3, 143; and met. Duxerat esuriens locupletem pauper animumque Vxorem: pascit Gellius, Mart. 9, 82; 13. pasco et pascor unius significationis sunt, Serv. A. 2, 215; pasco herbas et pascor herbas, Pomp. 233, 14 K; pascit iuena et pascutur iuena recte dicitur, Consent. 368, 28 K; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 12 read poscit escam.

**pastor**, ōris, m. [old form paastor from pasco i.e. pa-asco] first, gen., one who feeds animals, as shepherd etc., feci ut de agro poplico aratoribus cederent paastores, CIL 551, 14; Quapropter Parim pastores nunc Alexandrnm uocant, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 82; pastor Ilins, Acc. ap. Prisc. 2, 411 K; quot sint habendi pastores, Varr. r. 2, 10, 1; seruos pastores armat atque his equos attribuit, Caes. b. c. 1, 24, 2; pastores nescio quos cupidos litterarum, Cic. Flac. 39; optimi pastoris qui e grege nullam pecndem patitur in agro relinqui, Colum. 11, 1, 18; 2. esp. of goats, Ov. M. 1, 1, 676; rem. am. 181; F. 3, 879; of sheep, Tr. 4, 12; F. 4, 735; 3. also of large cattle as oxen etc. as: armentaue pastor agebas, Ov. her. 5, 79; nec me pastoris Iberi Forma triplex...mouit, M. 9, 184; non hic armenta gregesque Obseruo, M. 1, 514; Pastor ab excelso per denia rura iuencos Romule praedones, et Reme dixit agunt, F. 2, 369; 4. yet also distinguished from neat-herd, bubulcis pastoribusque cellae ponantur iuxta sua pecora, Colum. 1, 6, 8; Pastoris duri est hic filius, ille bubulci, Inv. 11, 151; 5. of birds (panonum), Varr. r. 3, 6, 5; columbarius, 3, 7, 5; parandi modus est duramentum capium (gallinarum) quae pastoris unius curam distendant, 3, 8, 7; met., nec pastorem populi (ποιμνα λαων) auctore Homero dixerim, Quint. 8, 6, 18; boni pastoris esse tondere pecus, non deglubere, Suet. Tib. 32.

**pātē-fācio**, ēre, fēci, factum, vb. canse to open, open, throw open to view, Indē pātēfecit radiis rota candida caelum, Enn. an. 548 V; Qui simul atque uias oculorum luce replent Atque pātēfecit quas ante obsederat ater, Lucr. 4, 320 (345); in ea parte oris qua esculentis et potulentis iter natura fecit, Cic. N. D. 2, 141; ne assentatoribus patefaciamus auris, off. 1, 91; hostibus portas patefacere, Liv. 2, 15, 3; patefactis ordinibus, 28, 14, 13; patefacta acie, 28, 22, 15; illos pātēfactūs ad auras Reddit ecus, Verg. 2, 259; sulcum pātēfecit ātrato, Ov. M. 3, 104; magnis olim pātēfacta triumphis Ianua, Prop. 1, 17 (16), 1; Tellus iu longas est patefacta uias, Tib. 1, 3, 36; 2. met. indicia communis exitii, Cic. Mil. 103; o-



dium snum, Att. 11, 13, 2; liberto tuo totum me patefeci, fam. 6, 10, 1; 3. patefacturus, Cic. acad. pr. 44; patefaciendus, Flac. 5; 4. e long in older writers, Enn. Lucr.; after short.

**pâtēfactio**, ōnis, f. opening, haec patefactio quasi rerum opertarum, Cic. fin. 2, 5.

**pâtēfactus**, part. of patefacio and patefio.

**pâtēfio**, ēri, factus, vb. be made to open, be thrown open, be opened, Quin si hoc celetur in metu; sin patefit in probro siem, Ter. Phorm. 5, 4, 6 (but read pateat and with Benth. sim; pâtēfīsit is of wrong mood and for Ter. wrong qty); Causa patefiet; quae ferri pelliciat uim, Lucr. 6, 1001; iter per Alpes...patefieri uolebat, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 2; Nec flenti dominae patefiant nocte fenestrae, Prop. 4 (3), 20, 19; 2. for qty of e cf. patefacio.

**pâter**, tris, m. patēr as nom. in: Tibi patēr (so ms A, Ritschl by ej. paterque) auroque facilem fecit et planam uiam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 19; Meus fuit patēr Antimachus, ego uocor Liconides, Aul. 4, 4, 49; Ostentans artemque pater arcumque sonantem, Verg. 5, 521; add 11, 469; 12, 13; II pater pron. pa'er, cf. Fr. pēro and parricida, as: Nen tibi aegritudinem pater parerem parsi sedulo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 34; P. Quaesio edepol exsnrge, pater aduēnit. C. Tnos uenit pater? Most. 2, 1, 29; Pater uenit sed quid perimui autem belua? Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 11; but here W. Wagner (Aul. pr. 33) would drop the r.

**pâtro**, âre, vb. [pater] create a father (met.), hence pater patratus, an officer appointed to represent the state in a foreign embassy, esp. for declaring war or making a treaty, fetialis regem Tullum ita roganit: Iubesne me rex cum patre patrato populi Albani foedus ferire? Liv. 1, 24, 4; and § 5, fetialis erat M. Valerius, is patrem patratum Sp. Fusium fecit; cf. too §§ 6 and 7; p. p., hoc est princeps fetialium proficiscebatur ad hostium fines et praefatus quaedam sollemnia clara uoce dicebat se bellum indicere..., Serv. ad A. 9, 53; add 10, 14, 12, 206; 2. patro for patror vb. r. (see patror), act as pater patratus, and so execute any grave office of state, pater patratus ad iusiurandum patrandum id est sciendum fit foedus, Liv. 1, 24, 6; 3. hence gen. conclude a war, bring it to an end, conclude or sign a peace, ni multitudo togatorum fuisset, uno die coeptum atque patratum bellum foret, Sal. Ing. 21, 2; spe patrandi belli, 75, 2; add 88, 4; patranda pacis, inser. ap. Liv. 40, 52, 5, and 44, 25, 6; ea patrando bello mora fuit quod..., Vell. 2, 79, 3; add 2, 123, 1; posse bellum patrari, Tac. an. 2, 26, 2; gratiam patrati belli, h. 3, 64; 4. met. of other grave deeds, conclude, commit, execute, perpetrate, perform, effect, bring to an end, sementim, Cato r. 54 (55); promissa, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 7; opera, 2, 19; tantam rem, Sall. Ing. 92, 1; cuncta, Cat. 53, 4; incepta, 56, 4; facinus, Liv. 23, 8, 11; proelium, Vell. 2, 21, 3; maluit patrati quam incepti facinoris reus esse, Tac. an. 2, 66; mortes, 11, 28; uictoriam, 13, 41; iussa, 4, 83; remedium, 4, 81; 5. patrans, solemn, as if doing some grave deed, patranti fractus oculo, Pers. 1, 18; but by some taken in an obscene sense like Iuv. 7, 241 oculos in fine trementes; cf. Quint. 8, 3, 44 in obscenum intellectum sermo detortus est, ut ductare exercitus et patrare bella apud Sallustium dicta sancte ridentibus.

**pâtror**, âri, vb. r. [pater] lit. act as pater patratus (see patro), hence bring to a conclusion, effect, Quod facere intendunt neque adhuc conata patrantur, Lucr. 5, 385; 2. patrandum under patro § 2 and patrans § 5 perh. belong to patror.

**pâdicâtor**, (paed.) m. = pedico, Licin. Calv. ap. Suet. Cacs. 49.

1 **pâdico**, ōnis, m. [pedico vb.] = qui pedicat, Mart. 6, 33, 1; 12, 85, 1.

2 **pâdico**, (paed.) âre, vb. [prob. from a form πρυδίω πρυδίω with excr. δ, al. from παιδ-; by Bücheler Rh. Mus. 13, 153 from podex, but note the long i] rem turpem cum

perero habeo, Catul. 16, 1 and 14; 21, 4; Mart. 11, 94, 6; 2. item cum muliere, Mart. 7, 67, 1; 11, 104, 17; and met. 11, 99, 2; 3. in a riddle, Penelope primam Di-donis Priama sequatur Et primam Ca-ni syllaba prima Re-mi, anct. Priap. 68.

**pellex** or rather pēlex, Icīs, f. [see below] lit. a little young one, hence a young person, as euphemism for a concubine of a married man (cf. amica, εταίρα and Sp. manceba, as opp. to amicus, εταίρος, mancebo), pelex aram Iunonis ne tangito, lex Numae ap. Gell. 4, 3, 3; Efecer police ut meum priuarem uirum, Caecil. 156 R; uxor generi, nouera filii, filiae\* pellex, Cio. Clu. 199; Tune cris et matris\* pelex et adultera patris? Ov. M. 10, 347; pelex ego facta sororis\*, 6, 537; add her. 14, 95; C. Flaccus scribit pellicem nunc uulgo uocari quae cum eo uxor sit corpus misceat, Paul. dig. 50, 16, 144; so far is chiefly used with gen. of the wife marked\*; 2. gen. a concubine, nobilem uirginem constupratam seruo pellicem dederat, Curt. 10, 1, 5; quaerit de filia quae inter regias pelices erat an..., Iust. 1, 9, 15; add 10, 1, 1; 12, 3, 10; 3. met., Suet. Caes. 49; Mart. 12, 96, 3; 14, 119, 2; 4. pelex with one l in MSS DE GR of Ov. F. 2, 179; 3, 493; 6, 35; 6, 481, though Merkel reads pellex; the form paelex preferred by some, as Munro, and Jeep in Iust. 10, 2, 2 and 42, 4, 15, but ms A in both has pel.; 5. pellex = πᾶλλαξ, πῶλος, pullus, Sc. pollock, our fillie, a little young one, and in the first syll. = foal; ex dim. suff. like Gk. αἶ, our ock and ie.

**pelluua**, ae, adj. f. as sb. [ped- + lau- wash] a foot-pan, quibus pedes (sunt lautae) pelluuaio; add Paul. ex Fest. 207, 1.

**pelluuium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. same, = ποδονπτηρ, Gloss. Philox. v. pollubrum.

**pēnēs**, prep. [akin to penitus, penetro, penus] in the possession of, in the hands of, penes nos quod in potestate nostra est, Fest. p. 250 b 18 M; apud et penes in hoc differunt quod alterum personam cum loco significet, alterum personam et dominium, Paul. ex Fest. 22, 9; penes te est quod quodammodo possidetur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 63; scrutatus es Tuo arbitratu neque tui me\* quicquam inuenisti pēnes, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 27; quom uoluit...nbi iam pesse sese habent..., Capt. 2, 1, 37; add Truc. 4, 4, 5\* and 4, 5, 9; Trin. 5, 2, 2\*; quid istaec, iam pēnes uos psaltriat? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 34; quod omnis frumenti copia peses istum esset redacta, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 171; hi centum dies penes accusatorem enm fuissent, Mil. 60; edicunt penes quem quisque sit Caesaris miles productor, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 4; Neue putes aeterna\* penes residere potesse Corpora prima quod in summis fluitare uidemus Rebus, Lucr. 2, 1010; penes donatorem remanet (id quod donatum est), Paul. dig. 2, 23, 5; 2. so far with vbs. of rest or perfect tense, but in legal writers, w. vbs. of motion, as: Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 2; Paul. 16, 3, 29; 3. met., Quos\* pēnes mei fuit potestas, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 3; omnia adsunt Bona quem\* penes est uirtus, Amph. 2, 2, 21; Ego etiam illorum esse hanc culpam credidi quae test\* penes, Ter. Heo. 4, 1, 20; cuius penes quos lans adhuc fuit, non fuit rationis, Cic. Brut. 258; penes quem est potestas, fam. 4, 7, 3; eos penes quos est (eloquentia), orat. 142; fides eius rei peses auctores erit, Sal. Ing. 17 f.; add Sen. N. Q. 4, 3, 1; Plin. 17, 93; iudicia penes uos erunt, Liv. 3, 53, 10; Me\* pēnēs est unum uasti custodia mundi, Ov. F. 1, 110; cum summa niriium penes eum foret, Vell. 2, 63, 1; scires illum priore biduo non penes rempublicam fuisse, Tac. h. 1, 57; add an. 1, 44; Agr. 15; 4. in Caes. b. g. 7, 21, 3 paene in eo, not penes eos; 5. in old drama both as prep. and as postposition, theso marked\*; in existing prose only as prep.

1 **pēr**, prep. [decap. from snper, see below] over, above, T. Vola curriculo. P. istuc marinus passer per circum solet, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 17; quos per eorum fineis publicanei transportabunt (fructus), CIL 204, 2, 36; Quendam municipem moum de tuo uolo ponte Ire praecipitem in lutum



per caputque pedesque, over head and heels, *Cat.* 10, 9; is transmissio per uiam tigillo uelut sub iugum misit inuenem, *Liv.* 1, 26, 13; Tullia per patris corpus carpentum egisse fertur, 1, 48, 7; per uallum per fossas irruperunt, 10, 19, 21; elephantos transgredientes in ipso uallo conficiunt; quorum corporibus quum oppleta fossa esset, neque aggere aut ponte iniecto transitum hostibus dedit; ibi per stragem iacentium elephantorum atrox edita caedes, 26, 6, 2 (*wh. Madv.* vol. 2 pt. 2 pr. wrongly sanctions a cj. super); ibi equos pilo traiecit quum prolapsus per caput regem effudisset, 27, 32, 35; Antiochens...ponte per Nilum facti transgressus, 44, 19, 9; hostes se per munitiones deicere intenderunt, *Caes. b. g.* 3, 26, 5; per eorum corpora reliquos transire conantes reppererunt, 2, 10, 3; ut ducatur Iazyx Per medias Histri planstra bubulcus aquas (frozen), *Ov. Pont.* 4, 7, 9; quantum aquarum per gradus cum fragore labentium, *Sen. ep.* 86, 7; naues suas ueneris per iuga montium...transtulerunt, *Inst.* 32, 3, 14; deinde per caput prisca calida (aqua) tum egelida perfundi, *Cels.* 6, 6, 8, p. 229, 17 *Dar.*; dein uicinales uias agrestesque per ipsas foras (pipes of an aqueduct) derigunt, *Frontin. ag.* 126; Perque uolabit (so *Bentl.*, al. al.) equos, ludet per terga nolantum, *Manil.* 5, 87; misso per murum corpore (Quieti) Odenato se dediderunt, *Treb. Poll. Gall.* 3, 2; per proximi fluminis marginem praecipitem sese dedit, *Apul.* 5, 25; 2. less evidently in the following as through accords with the *Engl.* idiom, Atque assimilato quasi per urbem totam hominem quaesieris, *Pl. Epid.* 2, 2, 11; Per mare non necatus, nunc oculi terram mirantur tui, *Merc.* 2, 3, 37; Ita repleuero atritrate atr(at) cor, multo ut sicut Quam Aegyptini qui cortinam ludis per circum ferunt, *Poen.* 5, 12 *Gepp.*; Nemphe equo ligneo per uias caeruleas estis uectae, *Rud.* 1, 5, 10; add *Capt.* 4, 2, 5; and *Cas.* 3, 4, 23; Quo Castalia per struces saxae lapsus accidit, *Liv.* *Andr.* 36 *R.*; Dubii fauentem per fretum introcurrimus, *Naev.* 59 *R.*; perque agros passim dispergit corpus, *inc. fab.* 182 *R.*; rapiunt per undas currus suspensos, *ib.* 196; ardua per loca agrestia trepidante gradu nititur, *Pacuv.* 272 *R.*; nunc per terras uagus extorris, *Att.* 333; coronam auream per forum ferre, *Cic. Att.* 14, 16, 2; militi sicuti prostrata uiam per, *Lucr.* 6, 1262; unctos saluare per utres, *Verg. G.* 2, 384; Transtra per et remos et pictas abiete puppis, *Verg.* 5, 663; per omne Audaces mare qui currunt, *Hor. s.* 1, 1, 29; non semper exercitus per plana ducendus est, *Quint.* 12, 9, 2; over the surface of, through, ego iam per hortum iussero Meam istuc transire uxorem ad uxorem tuam, *Pl. Cas.* 3, 4, 23; 3. spread over, distributed through, in all, Quid hoc negotiat quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias? *Pl. Cist.* 5, 1, 1; per herbam Corpora fusa uident, *Verg.* 9, 316; eos per familias benigne accipiendos quum diuisissent, *Liv.* 22, 54, 2; custodiens diuisi per domos eorum, 25, 31, 8; pars fuga dissipati per proximas ciuitates sunt, 28, 16, 13; add 1, 9, 9; significatione per castella fumo facta, *Caes. b. c.* 3, 65, 3; ipsos in uinculis habendos per municipia, *Sal. Cat.* 51, 43; per muros turresque tormenta disponunt, *Curt.* 4, 2, 12; 4. hence per omnia over all (*G. überall*, *Fr. partout*), throughout, in all things, fortuna per omnia humana maxime in res bellicas potens, *Liv.* 9, 17, 3; Papius iam per omnia ad dimicandum satis paratus, 10, 39, 8; non per omnia potestas esse oratori sequendus, *Quint.* 10, 1, 28; add *Iust.* 19, 1, 13; 42, 5, 9; II 5. through, from one side to the other with idea of perforation, At tu ut oculos emungare ex capite per nasum tuos, *Pl. Cas.* 2, 6, 39; in quem sanguis a iecore per uenam illam cauum inluit, *Cic. N. D.* 2, 138; it hasta Tago per tempus utrumque, *Verg.* 9, 418; si uestras forte per auris Troiae nomen iit, 1, 375; 6. so of sight or speech, Ita per impluuium intro spectant, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 2, 4; oculos membranis tenuissimis uestiuit quas pelluciditas fecit ut per cas cerni posset, *Cic. N. D.* 2, 142; quod uidebam equidem sed quasi per caliginem, *Phil.* 12, 3; ex superiore parte aedium per fenestras populum alloquitur, *Liv.* 1, 41, 4; 7. of time, lasting all through, during, for, tenuisti prouinciam per decem annos, *Cic. Att.* 7, 9, 4; tamen te rogo ne te uiae per hiemem committas, *fam.* 16, 8, 1; non plura per annos quinquaginta benefacta Hieronis quam

paucis his annis malificia eorum qui..., *Liv.* 25, 31, 4; 8. during, in the course of, Ea me spectatum tulerat per Dionusia, *Pl. Cure.* 5, 2, 45; quum per ludos ab Sabinorum iuuentute scorta raperentur, *Liv.* 2, 18, 1; an paenitet uos quod bis per biduum equestri proelio superauerim? *Caes. b. c.* 2, 32, 12; 9. of means, through, by, by means of, and first of an agent, eam locationem palam in foro per (quaestorem) urb(anum) queue aerario praerit facito, *CIL* 206, 37; per legatos...mittito, 206, 150; cum et per meinet ipsam egissem, et per Drusum saepe temptassem, *Cic. or.* 1, 97; insidias Habito ab Oppianico per Fabricios factas, *Clu.* 62; nihil esse in quo tantulum interesset ntrum per procuratores ageres an per te ipsum, *Att.* 4, 16, 15; per quos priore bello rupta foedera sunt ulti, *Liv.* 21, 10, 5; per me iacet inclitus Hector, *Ov. M.* 13, 178; add *Cic. Rosc.* 112; *Sal. Cat.* 44, 1; *Caes. b. c.* 3, 1, 2; and *b. g.* 6, 4, 2; 10. of material means, digiti per quos numerare solemus, *Ov. F.* 8, 123; haesuros terna per ora caues, *her.* 9, 38; 11. met., in castris per laborem (by a long course of hard work) usu militiam discerebat, *Sal. Cat.* 7, 4; per amici fallere nomen, *Ov. a. a.* 1, 585; ne famam quidem ostentanda uirtute ant per artem quaesiuist, *Tac. Agr.* 9; 12. of deceitful means, with acc. of species, nomen, causa, etc. per speciem alienae fungendae uicis suas opes firmavit, *Liv.* 1, 41, 6; add 42, 52, 8; aemulationis suspectos per nomen obsidum amouebat, *Tac. an.* 13, 9; per causam equitatus cogendi ab exercitu discedit, *Caes. b. g.* 7, 9, 1; add *b. c.* 3, 24, 1; 3, 76, 1; and *Liv.* 2, 32, 1 and 22, 61, 8; 13. a person not employing an agent is said to act through himself by himself, nihil audacter ipsi per se sine P. Sulla facere potuerunt, *Cic. Sull.* 67; quocumque nouis rebus idoneos credebatur, ant per se aut per alios sollicitabat, *Sal. Cat.* 39, 6; 14. hence per se also denotes spontaneously, of himself, (itself), not influenced by others, qui ante erant per se infideles, *Caes. b. g.* 7, 5, 9; non eandem...si coarguatur ab alio ac per se petenti ueniam aut gratiam fore, *Liv.* 30, 12, 8; 15. of hindrance, through, owing to, quod per Genuenses mora non fiat, *CIL* 199, 27; quouis in locum per leges plebeiae scita uiatorem sublegei non licebit, 202, 2, 17; quominus discessio fieret per aduersarios tuos est factum, *Cic. fam.* 1, 4, 2; nec recipi (urbs) per Antiochum potuit, *Liv.* 33, 18, 22; 16. esp. with stare, Si poteri fieri ut ne pater per me stetit credat Quo minus haec fierent nuptiae uolo, *Ter. Andr.* 4, 2, 16; utrisque apparuit nihil per alteros stare quo minus incepta persequerentur, *Liv.* 6, 33, 2; per utros stetit quo minus discederet ab armis aduersus eos se pro alteris pugnatos, 9, 14, 1; add 3, 61, 2; 17. of non-hindrance or concession, iam ut nolt per me habeat liceat, as far as I am concerned, for me, *Pl. Merc.* 5, 4, 30; add *As. pr.* 12; per me uel stertas licet, *Cic. acad. pr.* 93; oum commodet et per ualetudinem et per anni tempus nauigare poteris, *fam.* 16, 7; add *Tusc.* 4, 47; *Phil.* 2, 9; *fin.* 2, 92; *fam.* 16, 7; quietum...reliquit tempus fuisse per Poenum hostem, *Liv.* 22, 21, 1; 18. hence per se taken by itself etc., of itself etc. for its own sake, ipsam (amicum) amari per se etiam omnia spe uoluptatis, *Cic. fin.* 2, 82; uoluptatem ipsam per se esse expetendam, 1, 31; una controuersia est per se furti, per se adulterii, *Quint.* 3, 10, 1; 19. of motives, or cause, through, on account of, for, in, per amorem si quid feci, *Pl. Poen.* 1, 1, 12; quod fecisset per iram, *Cic. Tusc.* 4, 79; per metum potius quam uoluntatem afflictis ciuium suorum fortunis consuluisse, *Liv.* 2, 24, 5; 20. by, in oaths, iourando per Iouem deosque Penate(is), *CIL* 196, 24; Per sapremi regis regnum iuro et matrem familias Ionunem quam..., *Pl. Amph.* 2, 2, 201; ubi semel quis peierauerit, ei credi postea etiam si per plures deos iuret non oportet, *Cic. Rab. Post.* 36; iurarem per Iouem deosque Penatis me ea sentire quae dicerem, *acad. pr.* 65; 21. by, in solemn entreaties, sine me per\* te ere opseco Deos immortales ire huc intro ad filium, *Pl. Bac.* 4, 8, 64; ita te optestor per senectutem tuam, Perque illam quam tu metuis uxorem tuam, *Pl. As.* 1, 1, 3; per\* ego te deos oro, *Ter. Andr.* 5, 1, 15; add 3, 3, 6; per deos immortales quae ista tanta crudelitas est? *Cic. Rosc. Am.* 146; *fam.* 10, 5, 3;



Meue fugis? Per\* ego has lacrimas dextramque tuam te... Per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos... Oro... exue mentem, Verg. 4, 314; per\* ego to fili quaeque iura liberos iungunt parentibus precor quaeque, Liv. 23, 9, 2; add 29, 18, 9\*; 22. note how per in preceding passages marked \* is emphasized by separation from its noun; 23. often the verb of entreaty is suppressed, as: ad quae recuperanda per fortunas incumbere, Cic. Att. 3, 20, 1; magna expectatio cuius per deos caue tempus amittas, fam. 10, 5, 3; 24. in grammar, exire per, eud in, dummodo per eandem litteram exeant, Quint. 1, 6, 8; in longe diuersas figuras exeunt ut uirgo Iuno, cuspis puppis, 1, 6, 25; 25. per is rarely, yet at times, placed after its noun, as first after rel. or interr. pron., Exerce uocem quam per uiuisque et uales (so Gepp. c.), mss colis, Pl. Poen. pr. 7 (13); Quas ego te terras et quanta per aequora uectum Accipio, Verg. 6, 692; 26. after the first of two nouns, Transtra per et remos, Verg. § 2; 27. without such excuse, prostrata uiam per, Lucr. qu. in § 2; III 28. as adv. very, bef. adj. part. and adv. see compounds; often parted by another word, as: per pol saepe peccas, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 20 (18); Per pol quam paucos reperas, Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 1; per ecastor scitus puer est, Andr. 3, 2, 6; per mihi gratum est, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 3; per fore accommodatum sibi, fam. 3, 5, 3; add or. 1, 214; 2, 271; and Att. 10, 1, 1; per inquit magister optime exoptatus mihi uenis, Gell. 18, 4, 2; add 2, 18, 1; 3, 6, 1; 29. esp. when repeated and so taking a que, nobis ista sunt pergrata perque iucunda, Cic. or. 1, 205; 30. rarely with a vb., ibi te quam primum per uidere uelim, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 2; 31. often strengthened by quam, as in Ter. Hec. l. c.; see quam; 32. per in comp. with vbs. signifies over, as peruorto, overturn; percello, throw over, upset; perlineo and perungo, smear all over; perfundo, drench; perprurisco, itch all over; 33. end, destruction, failure, as: perdo and perimo, bring to an end, destroy; pereo, come to an end, perish; peruido, overlook, fail to see; 34. thoroughly, percuero, percoquo; 35. very much, percupio, pertimesco; 36. through, permano, permeo; 37. with adj. and adv., bringing to an end, destroying, violating, perfidus, perierus; 38. very, permagnus, pergratus, percarus; 39. decap. from super, as G. ver from über; A. S. for from over; and παρα of παραπῆδω παραφήμι παροραω παραθερμος from a lost ὑπ-απα akin to ὑπ-ερ. See Philol. Essays, p. 101; 40. so in Lith. per has for its chief meaning over as per kalna, per tilta wazoti, to go over the mountain, over the bridge; per szimta zingsniū, over a hundred steps. See Nesselm. Lex.

2 **pēr** for por by umlaut or influence of following weak vowels, i or e, as in pergo for porgo or por-rigo, stretch forward, per-hibeo for por-hibeo hold forth, perinde for por-inde=pro eo, expergiscor for exporgiscor, stretch out in waking.

**pēr-ambūlo**, āre, vb. walk over, Qualubet perambula acdis oppido tamquam tuas, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 122; omnium cubilia, Catul. 28, 7; multas terras, Varr. r. 1, 2, 3; bos rura, Hor. od. 4, 5, 17; uiridia, Phaedr. 2, 6 (5), 14; si medicus me inter eos quos perambulat (ou his visiting list) ponit, Sen. ben. 6, 16, 2; 2. met., frigusque perambulat artus, Ov. her. 9, 135; Recte necne erocum floresque perambulet Attae Fabula, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 79.

**per-bito**, ēre, vb. [baeto] go over? Num me perbitere (peruiter ms) illis opitularier Quouis exitio cupio dum prosim, Pacuv. 287 R; 2. like pereo, come to an end, perish, Vtinam tu, priusquam te oculis uidissem meis, Malo cruciatu in Sicilia perbiteres, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 11; ne fame perbitat, Liv. Andr. 25 R; ...quo cruciatu perbiteret, Enu. tr. 240 V; Eum cras cruciatu maximo perbitere, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 12; perbitere Pl. pro perire, Paul. ex Fest. p. 215 M.

**per-cello**, ēre, cūli, culsum, vb. [cel of this cello meaning strike = κελ of κελλω urge; see § 5] knock over, overturn, P. Hoc leno tibi. D. Perii, percult me prope, Pl.

Pers. 5, 2, 28; uentus Cercius...armatum hominem, plastrum oneratum percellit, Cato orig. 28, 9 Iord.; Percellunt magnas quercus exciditur ilex, Enu. an. 194 V; Quo trudis? perculeris iam tu me, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 88; alius teueram abietem solus percellit, Varr. s. p. 189, l. 7 R; quem cuspidem percult, Ov. am. 2, 9, 7; but in Plin. 18, 334 Detl. reads praegelat; 2. met., Martem communem qui saepe spoliante iam et exultante euerit et percult ab abietto, Cic. Mil. 56; quos amissimus ciues eos Martis uis percult, Mare. 17; add Cael. 80; and Tac. an. 2, 39; 3. esp. of the mind, stupefy, bewilder, paralyse, Rex ipse Priamus somnio mentis metu Perculsus, poet. ap. Cic. din. 1, 42; haec te uox nou percult, non perturbauit, Verr. 2, 3, 132; Aricinos res inopinata perculeat, Liv. 2, 14, 5; ciuitates atrocibus edictis perculeat, Tac. h. 1, 53; Idem Amyci mentes uiso timor omnibus antro Perculeat, Val. F. 4, 651; ingens Aetida percult horror, 6, 481; tanta admiratione percult ut..., Flor. 1, 4 (10), 2; II 4. strike violently, Postumius genu femur quanta maxima poterat ui percult, Liv. 9, 10, 10; uox percult urbem, Val. F. 2, 91; 5. urge violently, caelitem Venerem nullis ad turpiditatem stimulis sectatores suos percullentem, Apul. mag. 12; 6. percultis for percult, Amm. 17, 8, 4; 7. percult said to be for perculsus est in Flor. 1, 45 (3, 10), 8; qu. perit?

**per-cido**, ēre, cēcidi or cidi, cisum, vb. [caedo] strike over, or violently—gen. with os—either punch a person's head or box his ear—as: si os perciderim tibi, non metum, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 12; S. Percide (al. praecide) os tu illi hodie... O. Compressan palma an porrecta ferio? Cas. 2, 6, 52; qui me usque ad mendacia haec leuiora in quibus os percidi, uos oculi erui solent, credulum praesto, Sen. N. Q. 4, 4, 1; Os tibi percisum, Mart. 2, 72, 3; 2. cnt to pieces, terga hostium percecidi, Flor. 2, 22 (4, 12), 7; but in 2, 8 (3, 20), 10 Halm has cecidit; 3.=pēdico, Mart. 4, 48, 1 and 4; 6, 39, 14; 4. hence percisus as sb. m.=exoletus, Sen. prou. 5, 3; bnt Haase has praecisos.

**per-cognosco**, ēre, cōi, itum, vb. make oneself acquainted with, hence percognoui know well, D. Vtrosque percognoui pridem (so TH K). A. istoo pol tu otiosus, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 50; wh. mss percognoui trobedidem; ead. cognoui probe; the orig. ms prob. had pridē (with obe above) for two readings; whence probeidem.

**per-cōlo**, ēre, ui, cultum, vb. till thoroughly—hence met. treat with all care, affection, honour, deck out completely, si patrem percoles, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 5; Nam quae lautast nisi perculast meo animo quasi infuscatast (so Grain, mss iniusta est etc.), Poen. 1, 2, 23; coniugem liberosque eius, Tac. an. 4, 68; honore, h. 2, 82; eloquentia, Agr. 10; quae ipse incohaui aut incochata percolui, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 41; diuinis honoribus, Apul. M. 8, 4 f.

**per-crēbesco**, (-crebresco) ēre, ui, vb. intr. lit. be crowded everywhere, hence met. of reports, become everywhere known and talked of, cum hoc percrebescit plurimos nostros amicos inueniri, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 1; fama quae de tua uoluntate percrebuit (so Med.), fam. 10, 10, 1; add Mur. 50; Caecil. 12; Verr. 1, 1; 2, 56; 4, 68; 4, 94; cum fama per orbem terrarum percrebuisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 43, 4; add Tac. an. 12, 6 f.

1 **per-crēpo**, āre, vb. intr. sound all over, resound everywhere (with), locum illum litoris percrepare totum mulierum uocibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 31; 2. as vb. traus. sound aloud, Percrepa pugnam Pompili, facta Corneli cane, Lucil. ap. Non. 255 v. crepare.

2 **per-crēpo**, ēre, vb. intr. obsol., be sounded or spoken of everywhere, propter percrepis Vocibus uolitans aureis uolgi, Varr. s. 131, 3 R.

**per-curro**, ēre, cūcurri or curri, cursum, vb. run over in a line, as: Continuo ad te properans percurro ad forum, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 18; add Haut. 4, 4, 11; ubicunque esses ad te percurrissem, Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 16, 4; citato equo Cales percurrit, gallops over, Liv. 26, 15, 8; 2. of



space in two dimensions, run over, overrun, omnem agrum Piconum, Caes. b. o. 1, 15, 1; omnes conuentus, b. g. 8, 46, 5; Tenceros, Flor. 2, 30 (4, 12, 22); 3. run over or along, per temonem, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 3; 4. met. with abl., labro calamos, Lncr. 4, 588; pectine telas, Verg. 7, 14; Imine nimbo, 8, 392; pollice chordas, Ov. am. 2, 4, 27; tempora nodo, and so bind, Val. F. 6, 63; 5. esp. with the eye or mind, run over, scan, ut sit boni oratoris... multa animo, multa legendo percurrisse, Cic. or. 1, 218; animoque rotundum Percurrisse polum, Hor. od. 1, 28, 6; Veloci percurrere oculo, s. 2, 5, 55; paginas, Liv. 9, 18, 12; 6. in speech, run over, skim, speak of cursorily, partes eae quas modo percurri uel potius praeterii, Cic. or. 3, 52; add din. 2, 96; pancis, Vell. 2, 38, 1; 7. as a pass. (charta) glutino percurrit, Plin. 13, 82; quae breuitar a te percurta sunt, Cic. or. 1, 205; add 2, 140 and Tac. an. 4, 40, 1.

**per-cütio**, ěre, cussi, cnssum, vb. [quatio] knock over, strike over, or down, edepol te hodie lapide percussum nelim, Pl. St. 4, 2, 33; Nisi haec meraclo se uspiam percussit flore Liberi, Cas. 3, 5, 15; hunc nec Iuppiter fulmine percussit nec..., Cio. N. D. 3, 84; multaeque per herhas Considerant illo percutiente\* ferae, Ov. her. 4, 93; Iam stratioticum hunc ego nuntium adnientem pol percusum\*, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 9; add Amph. 1, 3, 28; 2. met., percussi calamitate, Cic. Mnr. 49; fortunae grauissimo percussus uolnere, acad. post. 11; repente percussus est atrocissimis litteris, fam. 9, 25, 3; add Att. 3, 12, 2; Mil. 79; Flao. 46; 3. strike violently, strike, res (al. turres) de caelo percussae, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; Cato percussa ab eo qui arcam ferehat, or. 2, 279; peronssum ontello concidisse, Varr. r. 2, 69, 2; 4. esp. securi p., behead, kill, principem securi percussisti, Cic. Pis. 84; add Liv. 39, 43, 2; Suet. Claud. 25; collum percussa securi Victima, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 5; 5. hence foedus p. make a treaty, cum Albanis foedus percussit, Iust. 42, 3, 4; 6. of coining, strike off, coin, numum argenteum percusserit, Suet. Aug. 94 f.; qua nota numum percussit, Ner. 25; and met., ut omnia facta tua inter se congruant et uua forma percussa sint, Sen. ep. 34, 4; 7. gen. strike, lyram, Ov. am. 3, 12, 40; Albin. 2, 51; auriculas (uocula), Prop. 1, 17 (16), 28; 8. strike the mind, Percussit ilico animum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; percussit animum, Cic. Att. 4, 8 b, 3; add Tusc. 5, 33; sen. 41, 3; Tum porro quid il est animum quod percussit\* ipsum? Lucr. 2, 886; Me nec..., Nec tam Larissae percussit campus opimae, Hor. od. 1, 7, 11; 9. by a bold met. p. fossam, cut (a ditch) through, as we say strike a line, per eadem loca inuenio fossam a rege percussam, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 4; fossa a fronte percussa, Front. strat. 3, 17; 10. p. uenam, open a vein, ad extenuandum corpus uena percussit\*, Sen. ep. 70, 16; 11. imperf. tenses seem rare except in poets, as marked\*; and add Ov. M. 4, 138; 14, 300; Tib. 1, 5, 68; Val. F. 5, 100; but note § 7; for imperf. the allied ferio was in use.

**perdeo**, an imag. wd. in Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 62; palimps. has ne me perd... Gepp. by cj. ne me perdim.

**per-depso**, ěre, ui, vb. knead thoroughly, met., patruu uxorem, Catul. 74, 3 as corrected by Scaliger.

**perdix**, icis, m. and f. [περδίξ] partridge, perdicas (note Gk. form) Boeotios, Varr. ap. Non. 218; hunc... Garrula limoso prospexit ab elice perdix, Ov. M. 8, 237; picta perdix, Mart. 3, 58, 15; perdices feros (speaking only of male birds) Plin. 10, 101; perdicum uita et ad sedecim annos durare existimatur, 10, 103; 2. Perdix, a nephew of Daedalus, under whom he invented the saw etc.; see fable in Ov. l. c., to which he refers in his Ibis 496; 3. Fr. perdrix implies a Lat. perd-er-ix where er denotes the male as in G. gäns-er-ich our old lav-er-ock; ic of perdix dimin.

**per-do**, ěre, didi, ditum, vb. [per over, to an end; do, däre] bring to an end, finish, destroy, ruin, quid ego (de te con)merui (so Brix by cj.) adulescens mali Quamobrem ita faceres meque meoque perditum ires liberos? Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 6; quae inuon Perdidit pessum dedit tibi filium, Bac. 3, 3, 3; grauidus armatis ecus, Suo qui partu perdat Pergama ardua,

Enn. tr. 98 V; Vt te quidem di deaeque omnes superi inferi Malis exemplis perdant, Ter. 4, 4, 7; di illum perduint, Hec. 3, 4, 27; si Iuppiter fruges perdidit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 131; ciuitatem funditus perdidissem, Att. 6, 1, 5;

2. in law with gen. capitis p., ruin by getting (you) tried for a capital offence, Ibo ego ad trisuros uostraque ibi nomina Faxo erunt; capitis te perdam ego et filiam, Pl. As. 1, 2, 6; add Bac. 3, 3, 86; 3. bring to an end without any return, throw away, waste, amisit uitam (Decius) at non perdidit, ad Her. 4, 57; tempus non perdere, Cic. or. 3, 146; operam, Mur. 23; et operam et oleum, fam. 7, 1, 3;

4. lose, aquam (of the clepsydra, Quint. 11, 3, 52; Amici diem perdidit, Tit. ap. Suet. 8; perdo (so T H K for metre, mss perdidit) spem qua me oblectabam, Pl. Rnd. 1, 4, 3; perii hercle, nomen perdidit (i.e. forgotten it), Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 39; oculos, Cic. har. resp. 37; memoriam, sen. 21; libertatem, Rab. Post. 24; causam, Rosc. com. 10; litem, or. 1, 167; summa uirtute filium, fam. 4, 6, 1; dextram manum, Plin. 7, 104; ne locum (place in a theatre) perdas, Quint. 6, 3, 63;

5. as a pass. perdi in the imperf. tenses: perh. only in Perditur haec inter misero lux non sine uotis, Hor. s. 2, 6, 59; where Lachm. ad Lucr. 2, 829 would read porgitur, comparing Ov. M. 4, 199; perdundus or at any rate perdundum also occurs, as, quin (so Ritschl cj. mss quid) ego istic quod perdundumst (read: quod est perdundum) properem perdere, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 126; add v. 122; pereio supplies a pass. to perdo, as ueneo does to uendo; 6. cf. also perditus, for meanings see above, Siquoi mutnon quid dederis, fit pro proprio perditum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 44; Quibus et re salua et perditia profueram et prosum saepe, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 27; classes optinae cum magna ignominia populi Romani amissae et perditae, Cic. Verr. 1, 13; 7. esp. of character, as of persons, lost to all decency, hopeless, desperate, de adolescente perditio ad dissoluto, Cic. Tusc. 4, 55; hominem uix liberum contaminatum perditum, Verr. 2, 3, 134; 8. also with abstract nouns, desperate, nequitia, Cic. Cln. 36; consilia dissoluta atque perditia, agr. 2, 55; add Phil. 5, 29; perditii amore, Catul. 91, 2; 9. comp. perditus, Catul. 42, 14; Cic. Att. 8, 11, 4; superl. tu omnium mortalium perditissime, Verr. 2, 3, 65; 10. adv. perdit, desperately, amare coepit perdit, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 45; se gerere non p., Cic. Att. 9, 2 a, 2; p. amo, Catul. 45, 3; conatur p., Quint. 2, 12, 5; 11. subj. perdim, is etc. in old writers, as perdis, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 215; perdit, Poen. 3, 4, 31; perdnint, Most. 2, 2, 30 (al. faxint); Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 72; Cic. Deiot. 21; perdim is a safe cj. in Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 62; 12. to perdo correspond our fordo, destroy, now obsolete, and Germ. verthun.

**per-dūco**, ěre, dnxi, ductum, vh. lit. draw over—hence spread over, Proderit hanc (sc. lanam succidam) aegrus crebro perducere membris, Ser. Sam. 25, 457; 2. with acc. of snrface, abl. of means (cf. circumdo, conspergo) cover, liquidum ambrosiae diffundit odorem, Quo totum nati corpus perduxit, Verg. G. 4, 416; auro sacras quod ouato Perdnis facies, Pers. 2, 56; stereore corpus, Ser. Sam. 39, 739; add 1, 26; 49, 922; 3. blot out, cancel, draw the pen through, 'inducta' accipiendum est et si perducta sint, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1; si aliquid interleuerit perduxerit adiecerit, Iul. dig. 29, 1, 20 f.; cuius nomen in testamento uoluntate testatoris perducunt sit, 37, 11, 8 med.;

4. lead over, bring over, legionem in Nantuatis perduxit, Caes. h. g. 3, 6, 5; comprehensos eos ad Caesarem, 7, 13, 2; 5. de muliere stupri causa perducta, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 31; Hor. s. 2, 5, 77; Suet. Tib. 45; add Cal. 25; Vesp. 22; cf. perductor; 6. bring over from one station of society to another, esp. raise, elevate, omnes tuos ad honores amplissimos, Cic. am. 73; ex humili loco ad summam dignitatem, Caes. b. g. 7, 39, 1; qui me ab imo ordine ad summum perduxit honorem, inscr. Or. 4649; 7. gen. bring over to a new state, ad exitum, Cic. inu. 2, 169; perductae in summum artes, Quint. 12, 11, 28; ulcera ad cicatricem, Plin. 30, 79; carbunculos ad suppurationem, 20, 130; 8. of the mind, draw or bring over, Postremo si dictis nequis perduci ut uera haec credas, Ex factis nosce rem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 41; ueteranos ad suam sententiam, Cic.



Att. 16, 8, 1; omni maritima ora ad suam sententiam perducta, Caes. b. g. 3, 8, 5; add 6, 12, 2; regis Boecii proximos magnis muneribus et maioribus promissis ad studium sui perducit, Sal. Iug. So. 3; **9.** with inanimate obj., carry over, carry all the way, conduct over, a lacu Lemano ad montem Iuram perducit, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 1; ex quo (se. portu) naufragabilem alueum perduere in Nilum Sesostris cogitavit, Plin. 6, 165; **10.** esp. of aqueducts etc., ex quo (fonte) uidetur aqua debere perduei, Plin. ep. 10, 37 (46), 2; neque dubitandum puto quin aqua perdueenda sit in coloniam, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 17, 91 (92); add Suet. Aug. 42; Claud. 20; **11.** of time, carry over, continue, prolong, cause to live (to), usque ad assum uitulinum opera perducitur, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; quae (se. respublica) si ad tuum tempus perducitur, facilis gubernatio est, 10, 1, 2; res disputatione ad mediam noctem perducitur, Caes. b. g. 5, 31, 3; sermo nigrae noctis ad umbram Aurorae perductus, Lucr. 4, 538; subicit qua medicina se et coniugem usque ad longam senectam perduxerit, Plin. 29, 15; but in Cic. sen. 60 read perdurasse for perduxisse; **12.** drink off the whole of (a liquid), Perducat totum cyceonis lacta liquorem, Arnob. 5, 26; aqua frigida uel calida perducta, Serib. comp. 135 f.; perdue as imper. Ser. Sam. 40, 754.

**p̄rēgr-ē**, adv. [per over, sc. the borders; ager territory; with suff. e from, as in supernē infernē indē undē etc.] from abroad, Hospitium et cenam pollicere ut conuenit Peregre aduenienti, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 18; Aut quod illa dicat peregre adlatam epistolam, As. 4, 1, 16; add St. 4, 2, 7; Most. 3, 2, 55; Amph. 1, 1, 205; Pericla damna peregre rediens semper secum cogitet, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 13; alios peregre in regnum Roman accitios, Liv. 2, 6, 2; plus omnibus aut nuntiatibus peregre aut uisid domi prodigijs terruit..., 28, 11, 6; prodigia et Romae uisa et nuntiata peregre, 40, 19, 1; **2.** with prep. a, quae (uersurae) efficiunt una a foro altera a peregre aditus in scenam, Vitr. 5, 7 f. (of a theatre); this Charis. 86 P, 111, 21 K condemns: peregre uenit sine praepositione dicendum...ut rure uenit; nou a rure nec a peregre; **3.** see also peregrī §§ 2 and 3.

**per-ēgrēgius**, adj. superexcellent, Coloneum suam peregre in tragoediarum, Apul. mag. 37.

**p̄rēgr-ī**, and later p̄rēgrē adv. [see peregre and cf. heri here] abroad, prop. of rest, quia eras peregrist, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 29; Bene facit: quia nos eramus p̄rēgrī, tutatust domi, Amph. 1, 1, 196; p̄rēgrīque et domi, prol. 5; Domos patres patriam ut colatis potius, quam p̄rēgrī probra (so R, mss probro), Naev. 93 R; peregrī (al. peregre) necandus, Prud. stroph. 4, 89; **2.** peregre, Gestandunt peregre (peregrī) clupeus galea sarcina, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 195; T. quia eras peregrist. S. ain tu peregrist? (so B, but Ritschl bis: peregrist), Pers. 1, 1, 31; ubi isti duo adulescentes habent, qui hic anteparta patria p̄rēgrē prodigunt? Naev. ap. Char. 189 P, 213, 2 K; qui peregre depuguarit, Cic. Phil. 5, 30; dum peregre est animus sine corpore uelox, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 13; add Suet. Cal. 20; and Gram. 3; **3.** with prep. in, in peregre est, Pl. ap. Char. 212, 20, if text be right, prob. akin to Skr. pāra land beyond; **4.** peregre with vbs. of departure, (go) abroad, Haecin' mandauit tibi quom peregre hinc ite senex? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 24; Quom iam (mss quoniam) hinc est p̄rēgrus (so Seal., mss profectus) peregre Charmides. Trin. 1, 2, 112; Leno me peregre militi Macedōnico...uendidit, Ps. 1, 1, 51; add Cist. 2, 3, 37; Cas. pr. 62; Et comes alter uti ne solus ruse p̄rēgreue Extrem, Hor. s. 1, 6, 102; abunte illo peregre, Plin. 35, 151; neu quis senatoris filius, nisi contubernalis..., peregre proficisceretur, Suet. Caes. 42; amico peregre cunū, Gai. dig. 18, 1, 25, 3.

**p̄rē-ernē**, adj. n. as sb. se. auspiciū [per-emuus from amuis, over the river] a kind of auspice taken in crossing water, peremne dicitur auspiciari qui amnem aut aquam quae ex sacro oritur auspiciato transit, Fest. 245 a 32 M; cf. v. Petronia amnis, 250 a 12; nulla peremnia seruantur (so edd. but best mss perennia), Cic. N. D. 2, 9.

**p̄rēndīē**, adv. [see below] the day after tomorrow, A.

K. D.

Cras apud me eritis et tu et illo eum uostris uxoribus. P. At apud me perendie, Pl. St. 4, 1, 12; quae eras ueniat perendio foras feratur soror, Aul. 2, 1, 34; scies igitur, fortasse cras, summum perendie, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 3; **2.** peren (decap. from superen, cf. supern-e) = περαν (itself for ἵπερ-av); cf. Germ. über-morgue.

**p̄rēndinātio**, ōis, f. [implies a vb. perendino or -or] postponement to the day after tomorrow, Mart. Cap. 9, p. 335, 9 Eyss.

**p̄rēndinus**, adj. [see below] of the day after tomorrow, statuere non potuisse utrum diem tertium an perendinum dici oporteret, Cic. Mur. 27; perendino die, Caes. b. g. 5, 30, 3; crastina uel perendina Domini passio, Aug. ep. 23, 9; **2.** perendinum absol. as sb. n., Tu in perendinum paratus sis ut dueas, Pl. Trin. fin.; **3.** in Gell. 10, 24, 9: sacerdotes cum conuicti in diem tertium die (die?) perendini dicunt; **4.** prob. from pereu, see perendie, with exerescent d, and not from perendie itself; cf. nund-inus from nouem (nouen); for qty. of i ef. also erast-inus, prist-inus.

**p̄rēo**, īre, īi (periui, see below\*), periturus vb. [per over] come to an end, perish, be destroyed, be ruined, vanish, non uideor mihi Sarcire posse aedis meas, quin totae perpetuae ruant, Cum fundamento perierint, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 68; Amyclas iam tacendo perisse audio, Afr. 275 R; Sed penitus pereunt (artus) conuolsi conque putrescent, Lucr. 3, 343; urbibus ultimae Stetere causae eur perirent Funditus, Hor. od. 1, 16, 19; **2.** esp. of death, Et perente uiro raucum sonus aere ecurrit, Enn. an. 509 V; equa inde parua periisset soror, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 15; and, quao olim periit paruola, 3, 3, 18; summo cruciati perit, Cic. N. D. 3, 81; Si pereo, hominum manibus perisse inuabit, Verg. 3, 606; **3.** met., Extemplo et ipsus periit et res et fides, Pl. True. 1, 1, 24; quod si fit pereofunditus; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 9; Liberalia tu accusas. Quid fieri tunc potuit? Iampridem perieramus. Meministin te clamare causam perisse si funere elatus esset? Cic. Att. 14, 19, 1; **4.** hence perit as an interj., I am ruined, destruction! Pl. Most. 4, 3, 37; Aul. 4, 9, 1; Afr. 214 R; **5.** often met. of love, Ni te perditte amo atque amore (so Fröhlich, Schwabe, mss amare) porro Omues sum assidue paratus anuos...perire, Catul. 45, 5; Gallus amore peribat, Verg. B. 10, 10; quo beatus Volnere, qua perat sagitta, Hor. od. 1, 27, 12; Ipse Paris nuda fertur perisse Laeana, Prop. 3, 6 (2, 15), 13; **6.** hence with acc., love to distraction, earum hic alteram ecclietim perit, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 135; cf. depereo w. acc.; **7.** with prep. ab in poets, be slain (by), Fac perat uitreo miles ab hoste tuus, Ov. a. a. 2, 208; ab discipulo, Pout. 3, 3, 46; a qua morte, Prop. 3, 21 (2, 27), 11; **8.** not to be confounded with ab on the side of, as in: Bis perit amator, ab re atque ab animo simul, Pl. True. 1, 1, 26; periuit\* sed a gloria non periuit, Apul. M. 4, 21; **9.** be consumed without anything to show for it, be thrown away or wasted, be lost, ne et opera et oleum philologiae nostrae perierit, Cic. Att. 2, 17, 1; nullus uen per caelum licuit otio perit dies, Plin. 11, 14; of bees; add Prop. 3, 14 (2, 21), 5; **10.** as an oath, peream si (nisi), may I die if, peream nisi sollicitus sum, Cass. ad Cic. fam. 15, 19, 4; peream..., Te nisi momentis uideo paene omnibus absens, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 45; add her. 16 (17), 183; **11.** run away, disappear, Vrnannia perit (for perit?) de taberna, sei quis eam retulerit dabuntur lxx, CIL 1254; si res uendita per furtum perierit..., Gai. dig. 18, 1, 25, 4; **12.** in Lucr. 1, 250 pereunt imbres and Hor. od. 3, 11, 27 lymphae pereutis, vanish or disappear is the sense, not going through; **13.** as a pers. pass.? Haecine ubi senex rescibit (so Gepp. ej., mss scibit senex) puppis pereunda est probe, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 72; but perh. puppi pereundum, or puppem perdendum; **14.** no part perf. occurs, nor nom. of imperf. part.; **15.** periet for peribit, Corip. Ioh. 7, 27; **16.** perisse seems to have better authority than perisse the existence of wh. I doubt, thus palimps. has perisse in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 22; add Bac. 4, 9, 122 wh. Ritschl's perisse is against all his best mss; **17.** yet on glandes: peristis, CIL 646 and 647; peristi, 685; **18.** pereo serves as



pass. to *perdo*, wh. see; **19.** for power of prefix *cf.* Germ. *ver-gehen* perish.

**per-fōdio**, ēre, fōdi, fōssum, vb. dig through, Athone *perfosso*, Cic. fin. 2, 112; *montem*, Varr. r. 3, 17, 9; *perfosso monte*, Liv. 4, 22, 6; **2.** esp. of wounds, *thoracae perfossum\**, Verg. 11, 10; *pectus*, Plin. ep. 3, 16, 6; *perfossi\* gladiis*, Gell. 3, 7, 16; add 5, 2, 4; *perh.* in \* of many wounds; **3.** of a house or building, In eo *conclavi* ego *perfodi* (Ritschl *cf.* ego *perfodiui*) *parietem*, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 64; *licet parietes perfoderis, uicinos compilaris*, Cic. Vat. 11; *cf.* *perforator*; **4.** of picking teeth, *pinna argentea dentes perfodit*, Petr. 33.

**per-frīco**, āre, frīcui, frīcātum, vb. rub all over, *caput sinistra manu perfricans*, Cic. Pis. 61—as we say scratching his head; *aluis in quam transituræ sunt apes apiastro perfricanda*, Varr. r. 3, 16, 22; *ungi leniterque perfricari*, Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, 28 Dar.; *leuiter ex oleo perfricatus*, 6, 6, 8, p. 229, 15; *post febrem perfricetur*, 3, 14, p. 95, 23; *totumque os perfricatur*, Colum. 7, 5, 22; *faucibus extrinsecus fimo perfricatis*, Plin. 28, 190; *ceruicium dolores adipe perfricentur*, 28, 192; *totam faciē eius fuligine perfricuit*, Petr. 22; *piscatori perfricari pisce faciē iussit*, Suet. Tib. 60; **2.** esp. p. os, etc. in order to hide blushes, *quam tu idem cum os perfricisti soles (uoluptatem) dicere*, Cic. Tusc. 3, 41; *perfrica frontem et dic te digniorem qui praetor fieres quam Catonem*, Calv. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 25; *Aut cum perfricuit frontem posuitque pudorem*, Mart. 11, 27, 7; p. *faciē*, Quint. 11, 3, 160; **3.** in Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62 Jordan has *confriocaret*; in Ov. a. a. 3, 216 Merkel has *defricuisse*.

**per-fūg-a**, ae, m. [*perfusio*, go over as a deserter] a deserter, *initio proditor deinde perfuga*, Cic. Rosc. Am. 117; add *off.* 3, 86; *cur de perfugis nostris copias comparant contra nos?* Crass. ap. Cic. orat. 223; *pro perfuga ad eos uenit*, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 3; *pro perfuga iussus transire*, Liv. 27, 15, 11; add 30, 16, 10; 30, 43, 13; *perflugam qui idem dicitur transfuga*, Fest. 214 b 15 M; **2.** *cf.* *transfuga* and Germ. *überläufer*.

**per-fūgio**, ēre, fūgi, vb. [*per over*], fly over (to the enemy) as a deserter, desert, qui *hostes ad nostros imperatores perfugisset*, Cic. Balb. 24; *ante id tempus nemo aut miles aut eques a Caesare ad Pompeium transierat*, cum *paeno cotidie ad Caesarem perfergerent*, Caes. b. c. 3, 61, 2; **2.** fly over (for refuge), take refuge with, *cum perfugisset ad tribum pedibusque Caecinae aduoluerunt*, Tac. an. 1, 32; *cum in culpa reuicti sunt, perfugiunt ad fati necessitatem tamquam in aliquod fani asyllum*, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 13; **3.** *cf.* Germ. *überlaufen* desert.

**per-fūg-ium**, i or ii, n. [*perfusio* § 2] place of refuge, a refuge, *cum propter siccitates paludum quo se recipere non haberent, quo superiore anno perfugio fuerant usi*, Caes. b. g. 4, 38, 2; **2.** *met.* a refuge, *Nescio unde auxilii praesidi perfugi Mi (so mss but del.?) aut opum copiam comparare aut expetam*, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 3; *perfusio omnium laborum somnus*, Cic. dñu. 2, 150; add Clu. 7; Arch. 17; Rose. Am. 150; Sull. 79; Verr. 2, 1, 119; 2, 2, 101; fam. 12, 6, 2; Manil. 39; in altero miseris *perfusio*, in altero malis *perueiēs*, Sal. Cat. 54, 3; add Iug. 52, 3; and Vell. 2, 109, 2; Tac. an. 5, 3.

**per-fundo**, ēre, fūdi, fūsum, vb. [*per over*] pour over, *Nequiquam perfusa meis unguenta capillis*, Prop. 2, 4 (3, 4), 15; *eisdem (sextarios musti) in id uas unde sumpseramus perfunderē, transfer from one vessel to another*, Colum. 12, 24, 3; **2.** with acc. of surface, abl. of liquid, *dreneh, bathe, flood, wash and met. drowu, Dulcibus idcirco fluiuis pecus omne magistri Perfundunt*, Verg. G. 3, 446; *per caput calida (aqua) perfundi*, Cels. 6, 6, 8, p. 229, 17 Dar.; *pisces oliuo*, Hor. s. 2, 4, 50; add *od.* 1, 5, 2; *te lacrimis*, Ov. her. 11, 115; *oleo perfusa inuentus*, Verg. 5, 135; **3.** with nom. of liquid, *ossaque et artus Perfudit toto proruptus corpore sudor*, Verg. 7, 459; *tot annuum fontiumque ubertas totam eam (sc. Italiam) perfundens*, Plin. 3, 41; **4.**

*met.* as first of light, *lumine colles*, Lucan. 7, 215; *cubiculum sole perfunditur*, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 24; **5.** of flowing vestments, *Deiecto quid incepte pedes perfundis amictu?* Mart. 7, 33, 3; *Lugubris imos palla perfundit pedes*, Sen. Oed. 566; add *Arnob.* 3, 108; **6.** of feelings, qui *mo horror perfudit!* overwhelmed, Cio. Att. 8, 6, 3; *perfusis uano timore Romanis*, Liv. 2, 63, 4; *perfusum ultimi supplicii metu*, 9, 16, 18; **7.** of pleasurable feelings, *perh.* from the *met.* of perfumes, *uoluptas aurium, oculorum, tactionum... quae sunt unius generis ad perfundendum animum tanquam inliquefactae uoluptates*, Cic. Tusc. 4, 20; *sensus dulcedine omni quasi perfusi*, fin. 2, 114; *laetitiae perfundi*, 5, 70; *uano gaudio*, Liv. 30, 16, 2; **8.** other *met.*, *corpus frigore leti*, Lucr. 4, 924; *scena croco*, 2, 416; *canitiem puluere*, Verg. 12, 611; *papanera somno*, G. 1, 78; *ostro uestes*, A. 5, 112; *auro teeta*, Sen. op. 115, 9; *nos iudicio perfunderē, overwhelm*, Cic. Rosc. Am. 80; **9.** water the whole of, *perfunditur (Imbros) amne Ilisso*, Plin. 4, 20; **10.** wash all along, *Propontis unda quam liquenti caerulea Natantem perfundit cape*, Varr. s. 161, 5 R; *oram Proxima quae nostri perfunditur aequoris aestu*, Verg. 3, 397; but in Plin. 5, 108 *Trallis... adluitur Eudone amne* (has the Eudon running along it on the outside), *perfunditur Thebaide* (while the Thebais flows through it). **11.** of washing as temporary, compared with dyeing, *perseueret perbibere liberalia studia, noui illa quibus perfundi (a single dip) satis est, sed haec quibus tingendus est animus*, Sen. ep. 36, 3; *si illa (notitia) non perfuderit, sed infecerit*, 110, 8.

**pergo**, ēre, *per-rexi* -rectum, vb. [*for porgo*, from *por*=*por*+*rego*; the *for*ns *porgo* porrigo reserved for gen. use as *trans.*; see 2 *per*] first as *vb. tr.* stretch forward, chiefly with acc. *iter, proceed straight on one's way, pursue one's course without stopping, pergam quo coepi hoc iter*, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 119; *maturauerē iter pergeret*, Sal. Iug. 79, 5; *pergere iter ambitione uacuum*, Tac. an. 4, 20; *pergit in mo maledicta (but text dub.)*, Cic. Phil. 13, 40; *prospere celsura quae pergerent, they were proceeding with (perh. agere underst.)*, Tac. an. 1, 28; **2.** as *vb. intr.*, *perh. iter or me (te se) underst.*, go or come straight forward, straight on, proceed without delay, *Sed quis hic est qui huc pergit?* Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 20; in *Macedoniam ad Planciumque perrexi*, Cic. Planc. 93; *laeti ut explorata victoria ad castra (Romanorum) pergunt*, Caes. b. g. 3, 18 f.; **3.** *met.* *pergamus ergo ad reliqua et institutum ordinem persequamur*, Cic. Brut. 153; *ut ad eas cursim perrectura beata uita nec eas se desertas uideatur*, Tusc. 5, 13; **4.** as *pass. imp.* ad *plebem pergitur*, Caecil. 185 R; add *Maer.* s. 7, 16, 13; **5.** with *iuf.* go on, persist (in), *Pergitin\* pergere\**? Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 4; *pergin pergere?* Poen. 1, 3, 24; *argutariet?* Amph. 1, 1, 193; *pergunt\* lauere sanguem sanguine*, Enn. tr. 228 V; *nul-lam moram interponendam putauimus...* Itaque *confestim ad eum ire perreximus*, Cic. acad. post. 1; *explicare, part. or. 28; mitigare*, Att. 11, 7, 4; *ad hostem ducere*, Liv. 32, 6, 1; *ire*, 21, 22 f.; 21, 30, 1; 24, 2, 2; **6.** *abs.* with *inf.* *underst.* go on, *pergam\** (*sc. dicere*) *atque iusequar longius*, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 51; *perge\** *Pomponi et redde quae restant*, Brut. 258; *de his uideris, quos si pergis seruitus manet*, Liv. 2, 40, 9; *Pergite!* *Pierides*; Verg. B. 6, 13; **7.** *pergo*, used alike of continuing a route begun (\* above), and of starting (†); **8.** *pergero dicebant expergefacerē*, Paul. ex Fest. 215, 3 M.

**per-grācilis**, e, adj. very slender, *caulis*, Plin. 25, 159. **per-graecor**, āri, vb. r. play the Greek or revel incessantly, *Dies noctesque bibite pergraccamini*, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 22; *ruri pergraeatur*, Titin. 175 R; *pergraccari est epulis et potationibus inseruire*, Paul. ex Fest. 215, 5 M. **per-grandescō**, ēre, vb. grow up completely, *fruges*, Att. 440 R.

**per-grandis**, e, adj. very great (by growth or age), *ad fratrem regis pergraudem natu*, Liv. 29, 29, 7; **2.** *gen.* *lucrum*, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 23; *gemma*, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62.

**per-grāphicus**, adj. very artistic, *sicofanta (sicophanta BCD)*, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 15.



**per-grātus**, adj. very agreeable, id mihi pergratum perque iueundum, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 12; litterae, 3, 1, 20; add am. 16; 2. tmesis, per mihi, per inquam gratum feceris si..., Att. 1, 20 f.

**per-grāuis**, e, adj. very heavy or serious, opp. to leuia, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 12; testes, carrying great weight by character, Cic. Cacl. 63; but in Sest. 107 read semper grauis; 2. adv. per-grauiter, very heavily or seriously, offensum, Cic. Att. 1, 10, 2; reprehendere, or. 1, 227.

**perg-ūla**, ae, f. [pergo or porgo] a projecting building, as first a balcony, L. Fuluius cum corona rosacea e pergula sua in forum prospexisse dictus..., Plin. 21, 8; cum pictor in pergula tabulam expositam habuisset eaque exeidisset et transeunti damni quid dedisset, Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 5, 12; 2. a lean-to or shed, facium ut deportere in pergulam, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 79; Cras Phoenicium poeniceo corio iuises pergulam, 1, 2, 92; in pergula natus, Petr. 74; Vilis arundineis cohibet quam pergula tectis, Aus. ep. 4, 6; 3. same, as used by painters, Pergula pictorum, ueri nihil, omnia ficta, Lucil. ap. Laet. 1, 22; perfecta opera (Apelles) proponebat in pergula transeuntibus, Plin. 35, 84; 4. by professors, etc. for pupils, Theogenis mathematici pergulam ascenderat, Suet. Aug. 94; Crassilius in pergula docuit, gram. 18; in Africa rhetoricae operam dederat, Romae frequentauerat pergulas magistrales, Vop. S. 10, 4; Sed nee structor erit, cui cedere debeat omnis Pergula, discipulus Trypheri doctoris, Iuv. 11, 137; 5. a roof of trained vines to a garden-walk, the pergola of Italy, una uitis Romae in Liuiiae portibus subdialis inambulationes umbris pergulis opacat, Plin. 14, 11; illa (sc. uitis) pergulae magis quam uiccae figuram obtinet qua supra hunc modum (sc. octo palmites) materiis distinditur, Colum. 4, 21, 2; pergulae uitium generosarum, 11, 2, 32; add 3, 9, 2.

**pergūlāna**, adj. f. [pergula § 5], p. uitis, a kind of vine for training over a walk, Colum. 2, 3, 28.

**per-haurio**, ire, si, stum, vb. drain completely, grandissimum calicem uno haustu perhausi, Apul. M. 10, 16 f.; 2. met. mille perhausis Ignibus, Lucil. Aetu. 421; infantem, Tert. ad Nat. 1, 15 f.; but in Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 34 read with A B D peraudienda.

**pēr-hībeo**, ēre, uī, Itum, vb. [2 per for por, habeo] hold forth, put forward, present, supply, give, Cur ego uestem aurum atque ea quibus est uobis usus perhibeo? Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 49; so at least mss gen., B prohibui; operam rei publicae strenuam perhibuit, Cato orig. p. 19, 13 I; idem (sc. Caesar) magnanimitatis perhibuit exemplum, Plin. 7, 93; difficile uerborum honorem tam paruis perhibere, 19, 59; solatium, Apul. M. 3, 7; in this sense praehibeo or praebeo is often preferred, as in Pl. Men. 5, 2, 51; Pers. 3, 3, 24; Rud. 1, 2, 50; As. 1, 3, 36; 2. with acc. of person, sine eo quem Caecilium suo nomine perhiberet, put forward as counsel to represent him, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 4; 3. p. testimonium, give evidence, ueni mi aduocatus nt testimonium perhibere possis, Varr. r. 2, 5, 1; so also Plin. 7, 112; 7, 127; Colum. 3, 9, 6; 4. gen. of words, give out, hold out (to the world), speak publicly of as, ego me nolo fortem perhiberi, Pl. Cist. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 7, 3; Quis me improbius perhibere esse? Trin. 3, 2, 66; Persarum montis qui esse aurei perhibentur, St. 1, 1, 25; si uos nolitis perhiberi probos, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 59; Tyndaridae fratres qui adiutores in proeliis fuisse perhibentur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; nec minus est Spartiatus Agesilaus ille perhibendus, fam. 5, 12, 7 (wh. Madv. op. 1, 200 interprets cum laude narrandus); but Lamb. cj. probandus; add diu. 2, 12 in verse; but not Lig. 25 where ut perhibetis no longer stands, nor fin. 2, 15 which is a quotation: Nam perhibent olim crudeli morte coactam..., Catul. 64, 76; add Verg. G. 1, 247; 4, 323; 4, 507; A. 8, 135; 5. simply, call, Id quod nostri caelum perhibent, Grai perhibent aethera, Pacuv. 89 R; 6. ascribe, attribute, magnam auctoritatem huic animali perhibet Nigidius, Plin. 29, 138; add 37, 62; cum apud ueteres ponderosissimo cuique tritico praecipua salubritas perhibita sit, 18, 104; add 25, 101; 31, 80.

**pēr-īmo** or **pēr-ōmo**\*, ēre, ōmi, emptum or emtum, vb.

[emo] bring to an end, destroy, annul, annihilate, knock on the head (met.) ne quid consul ansipiei peremat, Cato de re mil. 81, 5 I; si supremum illo dies commutationem affert loci, quid optabilius? Sin autem perimit ac delet, quid melius quam...? Cic. Tusc. 1, 117; si uis maior reditum peremisset..., Planc. 101; causam publicam, Sest. 49; consilium, off. 3, 33; diuom simulacra, diu. 1, 20 in verse; peremit\* curas, Plin. 11, 190; ntrmne sententiae duae collatis uiribus nouissimam perimit? Plin. ep. 8, 14, 17; peremptalia (fulgura) quae superiora fulgura ut portenta peremunt\*, Fest. 245 a 23 M; 2. esp. in law; 3. of death, bring to an end, destroy, kill, slay, teneros uolucris matremque peremit, Cic. diu. 2, 64 in verse; hunc perimet mea dextra, Ov. M. 8, 395; add 13, 250; concepit abortu perimit, Plin. 8, 172; quam sexta peremit lieneps, Mart. 10, 61, 2; ne alterius generis herba medicam peremat\* (al. perimat), Colum. 2, 10, 27 (11, 4); add 2, 11, 5.

**pēr-inde**, adv. [with per for por; see 2 per; and so=pro-inde=pro eo] in proportion to this, according (as) with reference to what follows with ut, tanquam, quam, quam si or quasi, atque (ac) and even prout, as first ut, omnes res perinde sunt, Vt agas ut eas (so A, edd. eas ut, male) magni facias, are valuable or not according as..., Pl. Ps. 2, 1, 3; Atque haec perinde sunt ut illius (disyl.) animus qui ea possidet, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 21; sed haec omnia perinde sunt ut aguntur, Cic. or. 3, 213; perinde erit ut acceperis, off. 3, 121; omnia ista perinde ut cuique data sunt pro rata parte, ita aut longa aut breuia dicuntur, Tusc. 1, 94; add Brut. 188; Clu. 70; ciuitas...perinde nt euenisset res ita comunicatos honores pro bene aut secus consulto habitura, Liv. 7, 6, 8; 2. also with ut-cumque, uerum esse censent perinde utcumque temperatus sit aer ita pueros animari, Cic. diu. 2, 89; 3. with prout, perinde coniecturam de moribus suis homines esse facturos, prout hoc uel illud elegerint, Plin. pan. 20 f.; cum aliae (uocales) subiunguntur aliis, perinde (so Spald., al. proinde) asperiores erunt, prout oris habitu simili aut diuerso pronuntiabuunt, Quint. 9, 4, 34; cf. proinde (perinde?)...prout..., Sen. ep. 89, 15; 4. (non) perinde atque, (not) so much (well) as, Bruto cum saepe iniecissem de *δησπλαζ*, non perinde atque ego putaram arripere uisus est, Cic. Att. 16, 5, 3; uereor ut hoc quod dieam perinde intelligi possit auditu atque ipse cogitans sentio, Marc. 12; desiderium absentium nihil perinde ac uicinitas acuit, Plin. ep. 6, 1, 1; 5. perinde quam, so much as, as much as, perinde se quam Tiberium falli potuisse, Tac. an. 6, 36 (30); nec perinde periculum quam pudor obstupescerat, h. 4, 72; add an. 2, 1, 2, 5; 3, 31; 11, 10; 13, 21; nulla re perinde commotus est quam responso mathematici, Suet. Dom. 15; perinde speciosa mors fuit quam pugna, Flor. 3, 3 (1, 38), 17; 6. perinde ac, just as, numero etiam additos tres (tribunos), perinde ac duo antea fuerint Piso auctor est, Liv. 2, 58, 1; 7. perinde ac si, with subj. as much as if; just as if, quod ego perinde tuabar ac si usus essem, Cic. Att. 13, 49, 1; perinde ac si in hanc formulam omnia iudicia comprehensa sint, perinde dicemus, Q. Rosc. 15; add part. or. 84; omnium rerum ius perinde habeatur sernetur ac si e lege senatus edictus esset habereturque, inser. Or. p. 567 (Vesp. imp.); add Pomp. dig. 26, 7, 61; Quint. 5, 10, 112 Spald. (al. proinde); add Colum. 2, 8, 4; 8. perinde ac (without si), Africam ei perinde ac debellatum in Italia foret prouinciam destinabant, Liv. 28, 38, 10; orationes legatorum percenseamus, perinde ac nou postulauerunt quae e re sua essent, 32, 21, 2; 9. perinde quasi with subj. as much as if, perinde ualebit quasi armatissimi fuerint, si reperierint ita parati fuisse ut uin nitae potuerint afferre, Cic. Caec. 61; haec perinde loquor quasi debueris P. Quinctium de possessione deturbare, Quint. 83; add Verr. 2, 3, 48; Tusc. 3, 62; perinde quasi conuictus esset cedere patria iubetur, Tac. an. 13, 47 f.; 10. p. tanquam si, as much as if, hoc perinde (proinde Hertz) est tanquam si ego dicam..., Gell. 15, 29 f.; 11. and without si, perinde hoc ualet plebeiusne consul fiat, tanquam seruum aliquis consulim futurum dicat? Liv. 4, 3, 7; cf. Liv. in § 8 for si omitted; 12. heuce perinde quasi, just as if, is often



used elliptically with a sneer, as: Metelli sperat sibi quisque fortunam, perinde quasi aut plures fortunati sint quam infelices aut... Cic. Tusc. 1, 86; quaestores se in scauatu cxspectare dixit, perinde quasi non... (al. proinde), Verr. 2, 1, 99; in Mil. 19 Baiter has proinde, Or. perinde; 13. perinde referring to what precedes, proportionately, accordingly, equally, in like manner, artem tam operosam et perinde fructuosam, Cic. fin. 1, 72; corpore ingens, perinde armatus, Sal. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 82 (so Spald., Bonn. proinde); Verginius...uir exempli recti. Perinde uxor iustituta fuerat, Liv. 3, 44, 3; hand uana attulere, sed nec perinde patres moti sunt et C. Sempronius..., 4, 37, 6; eo certamine superior Alexander, incertum qua fide cnltrus si perinde cetera processissent, pacem cum Romanis fecit, 8, 17, 10; non Pyrrhum aut Antiochum populo Romano perinde metuendos fuisse (as this Maroboduus), Tac. an. 2, 63; add 4, 61; 12, 40 f.; 14, 58; clarissimi ciuis, perinde felicitis, Plin. ep. 2, 1, 1; quartam elementorum litteram id est d pro a et perinde reliquas commutat, Suet. Caes. 56; 14. equally alike, the ideas compared connected by et or que, perinde odium prauis et honestis, Tac. an. 2, 2 f.; perinde dines et eloquentia clarus, h. 4, 43; periti imperitque nandi perinde attolluntur (by the Dead Sea), 5, 6; 15. referring to something understood, like our so, so very, quare aduentus eius non perinde gratus fuit, so—as was to have been expected, Suet. Galb. 13; ne mortuo quidem (Druso) perinde affectus est, Tib. 52; 16. see proinde; note that in mss p=per, p=pro, wh. are easily confounded.

**per-lābor**, i, psus, vb. r. glide over, Isque (sc. aer) ita per nostras acies perlaborit omnis, Lucr. 4, 248; undas, Verg. 1, 147; 2. glide over or all the way (to), apud Graecos indeque perlapsus ad nos Hercules praesens habetur deus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; Ad nos uix tenuis famae perlaborit aura, Verg. 7, 646; 3. glide through, Menstrua dum rigidas coni perlaborit umbras, the moon in eclipse, Lucr. 5, 764.

**per-lēgo** (pellego\*, perligo†, pellego\*), ēre, lēgi, lectum, vb. lit. sweep over—hence p. oculis, sweep over with the eyes, survey, run over, quin protinus omnia Perlegerent oculis ni..., Verg. 6, 34; maiorum benefacta perlecta, Cato orat. p. 37, 3; ubi id utrumque perlectum est, ib. 4; Morare gressum et titulum nostrum perlege, CIL 1009, 4; Hospes resiste et pa(ru)om scriptum perlig(e)†, 1306; Hospes quod deico, panlum est, asta ac pellege\*, 1007; and absol.: Perlege dispositas generosa per atria ceras, Ov. F. 1, 591; 2. hence read over, through, from first to last, sine perlegam (pellegam?), Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 104; tabellas tene has, pellege\*, Pers. 4, 3, 27; leges pellege\*, As. 4, 1, 2; Perlegere animis oculisque sequacibus auras, Stat. Th. 3, 500; perlegi tum tertium de uatura deorum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 8; tanta dulcedine me traxit (liber tuus) ut illum sine ulla dilatione perlegerim, Sen. ep. 46, 1; add Plin. pr. 33; Suet. Claud. 41; Apul. flor. 16, p. 66 H; but in Liv. 38, 28, 1 legerunt; 3. in compositis quibusdam inuicno r in l conuerti ut intellego pro interlego, pellego\* pro perlego, Prisc. p. 571 P.

**per-līnio**, ire, a donbtful read. in Colum. for

**per-līno**, ēre, perlitus, vb. smear all over, ulcera pice perlinuntur (so Sch., al. perliniuntur), Colum. 7, 5, 22; loculamentum perlinat (al. perliniat) intrinsecus herbis, 9, 12, 2; amurea excisio perlinetur (perlinatur?), Pall. 3, 30; nudum ao totum melle perlitum alligauit arbori, Apul. M. 8, 22, p. 714 H; nudus et lotio perlitus (so mss but perlitus?), 1, 14.

**per-luo**, ēre, lui, lūtus, vb. [luo or lauo, ēre] wash all over, promiscene in fluminibus perluuntur, bathe, Cnes. b. g. 6, 21, 5; gelida cum perluor unda, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 4; Cnque manus puras fontana perluit unda, Ov. F. 5, 435; cum eam diligenter aqua marina perlueris, Colum. 12, 20, 3; posteaquam diligenter aqua dulci perlutae sunt, 9, 16, 1; aedem pinnis perluunt, Plin. 10, 127.

**permārinus**, adj. [per mare] over the sea, i.e. presiding, (laribus perma)rinis in port(iciu) (Mi)nucci(a), Kal. Praen. CIL (x1 Kal. Dec.) I p. 319; dedicauit aedem Iarium Permarinum in campo, Liv. 40, 52, 4; deos uiales et promarinos (perm.?) uotis imploro, Fronto ad Caes. 3, 9, p. 47 Nab.; cf. Maer. s. 1, 10, 10; Varr. ap. Non. 538 v. strofium; and 542 v. reticulum; permardini διαπορτοιοι, Gloss. Philox.

**permātūruit**, a perf. of permaturesco, has become quite ripe, Ov. M. 4, 165; Hygin. fab. 136 (cj. of Munker for permaturauit); but in Cels. 2, 24, 13 read bene matnrerunt.

**per-mingo**, ēre, nxi, vb. [per over, all over] bepiss, met., Hor. s. 1, 2, 44.

**permiābilis**, older form of perniciabilis, so first Med. of Tac. an. 4, 34.

**permiālis**, older form of perniciālis, Coniunctum est id quod nusquam (al. nunquam) sine permiāli Discidio potis est sciungi seque gregari, Lucr. 1, 451. So best mss.

**permiēs**, ēi, f. [permiēt- of permitto, in the lost sense of let go to destruction; cf. per-eo perimo perdo, and see mitto, let go] destruction, annihilation, same sense as pernicies; but Pl. has permiēs, As. 1, 2, 7 BD; permiēm, Bac. 3, 1, 6 Ba; permiēte, 4, 7, 29 cDa and peruiēte BDB; permiēs, Most. 1, 1, 3 B, pernicies CD; permiēs, Ps. 1, 3, 130, pernicies A; pernicies, Cist. 2, 1, 13 Ba; and these are all the places in Pl.; in Catul. 27, 6 mss CV have permiēs; again first Med. of Tac. has permiēm in an. 2, 20; 3, 49; 4, 33; 6, 4, and 11 and 26; also permiētiabile, 4, 34. See Koch's exero. crit. Bonn. 1851.

**permiōsus**,=perniciosus, so permiōsā consilia, Tac. an. 12, 22 in second Med.

**per-mitia**, e, adj. over-ripe, sorba non permiētia, Colum. 12, 42, 1.

**per-mitto**, ēre, īsi, īssum, vb. let go over, send over, hoc genus casei potest etiam trans maria permiēti, Colum. 7, 8, 6; 2. hand over (without reserve), place at the free disposal of, Regnum tibi permiēti malunt? Att. 18 R; totum ei negotium permiēti, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 9, 2; sese suas ciuitatisque fortunas eius fidei permissurum, Caes. b. g. 5, 3 f.; add 2, 3, 2; 2, 31, 3; ipsos se in dicionem consulis permississe, surrendered themselves, Liv. 8, 20, 6; add 36, 28, 1; tota Quinctio res permissa est, 36, 35, 1; se regnumque dicioni eius permissit, Vell. 2, 37, 3; 3. esp. p. habenas abandon the reins (to), effusas (equo) permiētere habenas, Tib. 4, 1, 92; Acerque habenis lora permissis quatit, Sen. Phaedr. 1015; 4. and of sails to the wind, classis permissa omnibus uentis, Plin. pan. 35, 1; permiētamus uela uentis, Quint. ad Tryph. 3; 5. p. equum (sc. sibi), to leave a horse and so let him go at full speed, concitant equos permiētuntque in hostem, Liv. 3, 61, 9; iu quem ita permiēt ut uno ietu equo praecipitaret, 9, 22, 7; 6. so, tumultuariis lingua exercitationibus ad famam sese facundiae miserat (so Gron., prom. Hertz) Gell. 7 (6), 16, 1; had made a dash at; 7. let fly (with all one's might), scopulum in undas, Ov. M. 14, 182; add 12, 282; 8. leave entirely to, fully permit, permit, first with ut, quis Antonio permiēt ut partes faceret? Cic. or. 2, 366; Pelian...permississe ut se uel uiuū degluberet dummodo redderet puellum, Varr. s. 162, 11 R; huic consuli permissum\* ut duas legiones scriberet, Liv. 35, 20, 4; ibi permissum\* ut se dicere prius se audire mallet ita coepit (so mss, and rightly, some wd. del. ut); 9. w. subj. alone, permissum\* ipsi erat faceret quod e re publica duceret esse, Liv. 24, 14, 5; an permiēteret T. Quinctio faceret quod e re publica censeret esse, 33, 45, 3; 10. with inf., ipsis iudicibus coniecturam facere permiētam quam improbum esse uideatur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 22; animus si in iram so proceit non permiētatur\* reprimere iupetum, Sen. ira 1, 7, 4; ut ei permiēterit quem uellet eligere, ps. Nep. Con. 4, 1; 11. with inf. und., tibi permiēto (sc. eligere) responderene mihi malis de singulis rebus an uniuersam audire orationem meam, Cic. N. D. 3, 4; 12. as an impers. vb. see\*; 13. as a pass. pers., quci lege



pl(ebe)ue se(ito) permissus est (for cni permissum est) utei leges in municipio daret, CIL 159; **14.** with dat. of pers., abandon out of regard to, eas so (sc. inimicitias) patribus conscriptis permissurum (but remissurum?), Cic. Sest. 72.

**per-mulceo**, ēre, lsi, lotus\* or lsust, vb. make quite soft, quae (sc. cera) picem lenitate permulcens frigoribus eam non patitur dissilire, Pall. 10, 11, 2; **2.** esp. by passing the hand gently over, stroke, smooth down, (pedem) Manibus isdem quibus Vlix saepe permulsi abluam Lasitudinemque miuum manu mollitudo, Pacuv. 245 R; capite permulso†, Varr. s. 238, 3 R; Candida permulcens liquidis uestigia limphis, Catul. 64, 162; Terque mauu permulsi enm, Ov. F. 4, 551; add M. 1, 716; 2, 733; Gallo barbam suam (sc. Papirii) permulcenti, Liv. 5, 41, 9; malas, Suet. Ner. 1; **3.** met., Aram quam flatu perinulet spiritus austri, Cic. Arat. ap. N. D. 2, 114; **4.** esp. of the mind, as a met. from the pleasurable stroking of a weary limb, soothe, qui permulcet sensum uoluptate, Cic. fin. 2, 32; duae sunt res quae permulceant aures, sonus et numerus, orat. 163; permulso† atque recreata est, ap. Prisc. 871, 1, 487, 7 K; add Cic. or. 2, 315; eorum animis permulsi†, Caes. b. g. 4, 6, 5; corollis...permulso† domus odore, Catul. 64, 284; leuita iam ira postero die liberalibus uerbis permulcti\* sunt, Sal. ap. Prisc. ut supra; iram eius, Liv. 39, 23, 10; permulcti\* suis mitioribus, Gell. 1, 11, 2.

**perna**, ae, f. [=Skr. charna foot; perh.=περονη, the small bone of arm or leg, radius or fibula, whence περνα heel or sole; per of perna may = ped-, as Varr. says, l. 5, 22 p. 114 Sp.: perna a pede sueris (al. suis)] a foot, castrantur feminae (sues) suspensae pernis prioribus (posterioribus? for Arist. hist. an. 9, 50, from whom Plin. takes this, has τῶν σπασίων σκέλων), Plin. 8, 209; **2.** gen. a salted leg of pork, a ham, praecium omasum pernam callus clifis(?) glandia, Naev. com. 65 R; pernam quidem lus est adponi frigidam postridie, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 25; Quanta pernis pestis ueniet, quanta labe larido! Capt. 4, 2, 123; pernas sic salire oportet, Cato r. 162, 1; eo addito unguam de perna, 15 R; pernam totam diligit, Titin. 84 R; fumosae cum pede pernac, Hor. s. 2, 2, 117; add Apic. 203, 294 Sch.; cf. περνα a ham; **3.** of men, thigh, ls (al. his) pernas succidit iniqua superbia Poeni, Enn. an. 279 V; **4.** foot of a kind of shell-fish, appellantur et pernae concharum generis...Stant uelut suillo erure, Plin. 32, 154; **5.** foot of a stout, auolsi arboribus stolonem uixere, quo in geure cum perua sua auelluntur, Plin. 17, 67; **6.** in Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 39 pernam is merely an error.

**per-pello**, ēre, pūli, pulsus, vb. [per over] drive over, hence met. prevail upon, bring over, persuade (to a different course), Callidum senem callidis dolis Conpuli et pepuli mi omnia ut crederet, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 5; nunquam destitit... Suadere orare usque adeo donec perpulit, Ter. Aud. 4, 1, 38; Antonium pactione prouinciae perpulerat ne contra rempublicam sentiret, Sal. Cat. 29, 4; add lug. 38, 2; illum non minae plebis non senatus preces perpellere potuerit ut supplex prensaret homines, Liv. 2, 61, 5; add 29, 23, 7; 32, 32, 4; eo metu (Gomphos) perpulit ad deditonem, 32, 14, 2; **2.** with inf. in Tac., Pharasmauem perpulit conatus suos iuare, an. 6, 39 (33); duas paecies perpulit dolationem subire, 11, 29 f.; add 12, 50; 13, 54; **3.** but in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24 pepulit (bis, not perpulit), for so A aud metre requires it.

**perpeccicus**, adj. [perpessi] of the class perpessi, accustomed to suffer and so hardy, cum uera febris exarsit etiam duro et perpeccio confessionem excutit, Sen. ep. 53, 6; Socraten perpeccicum senem, 104, 27; **2.** for qty of i cf. tralaticius.

**perpētro**, āre, vb. [pātro, wh. see] bring to a close (a grave business), achieve, complete, Posquam opus meum ut nolui omne perpetravi hostibus fugatis, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 24; Spartam reportare instat, id si perpetrat, Pacuv. 249 R; add 317; perpetrata caede, Liv. 1, 6, 1; sacro, 25, 12, 2; pace,

33, 21, 6; sacrificio, 44, 37, 13; ad reliqua Iudaici belli perpetranda, Tac. h. 4, 51 f.; add 4, 65; an. 14, 7; quasi perpetraturus bellum, Suet. Cal. 46; **2.** with inf., Male quod mulier facere incepit nisi id efficere perpetrat, Id illi morbo, Id illi senio, ea illi miserae miseriast, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 13.

**perpēt-uus**, adj. [implies a vb. perpeto go over to the end, go all the way] continued all the way, continuous, unbroken, ultro citroque sulcos perpetuos ducito, Cato r. 33, 2; palus quae perpetua intercedebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 26, 2; add 7, 57, 4; trabes, 7, 23, 1; fossae, 7, 73, 2; munitiones, b. o. 3, 44, 4; meus quidem (reditus) is fuit ut a Brundisio usquo Romam agmen perpetuum totius Italiae uiderit, Cic. Pis. 51; hic arietate caeso Perpetui soliti patres considere meusis, Verg. 7, 176; Perpetui tergo bonis (whole, not cut up), 8, 183; **2.** of time continuous, unbroken, uninterrupted, the whole of, huic diem Misere nimis cupio ut coepi perpetuum in laetitia degere, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; triduo hoc perpetuo, 4, 1, 4; biennium p., Hec. 1, 2, 12; suam innocentiam perpetua uita esse perspectam, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 13; primaque ab origine mundi Ad mea perpetuum deducite tempora carmen, Ov. M. 1, 4; **3.** hence perpetual, eternal, never-ending, legis perpetuae aeternae, Cic. N. D. 1, 40; stellarum perennes cursus atque perpetui, 2, 55; Ergo Quinctilium perpetuus sopor Vrget, Hor. od. 1, 24, 5; **4.** of speech or writing continuous, Clodium fregi cum oratione perpetua, tum altercatione, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 8; perpetua disputatione, or. 2, 16; quum res a perpetuis orationibus in altercationem uenisset, Liv. 4, 6, 1; a perpetuis suis historiis ea quae dixi bella separauerunt, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 2; add 5, 12, 6.

**per-rēpo**, ēre, psi, vb. crawl over, creep over, Non ego tellurem genibus perrepere supplex (dubitem), Tib. 1, 2, 87; add Colum. 6, 5, 1; 4, 24, 14.

**perrepto**, āre, vb. frq. [perrepto] crawl or creep over and over, omnis plateas perreptai, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; Perreptai usque omne oppidum, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 3; **2.** with inf., omnis latebras perreptai Quaerere (quaerens? for metre also) conseruam uoce..., Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 4.

**per-siccus**, adj. over-dry, si oculi persicci sunt, Cels. 3, 6, p. 86, 18 Dar.

**persōna**, ae [see below], f. a mask, Quid ita? Quia enim reperuerascis fugitas personas pater? Nov. 2 R; Cretea persona, Lucr. 4, 297; personae pallentis hiatum in gremio matris formidat rusticus infans, luv. 3, 175; Personam tragicam forte uulpes uiderat, Phaedr. 1, 7, 1; scit te Proserpina canum, Persōnam capiti detrahet illa tuo, Mart. 3, 43, 4; timetur (ira) a plurimis sicut deformis persona ab iufantibus, Sen. ira 2, 11, 2; **2.** a gurgoil, primus (Butades) personas tegularum extremis imbricibus inposuit, Plin. 35, 152; personas e quarum rostris aqua salire solet, Ulp. dig. 19, 1, 17 f.; **3.** a character or person in a play (from an actor's wearing a mask), Colacem esse Naeui et Planti netem fabulam; Parasiti personam inde ablatam et militis, Ter. Eun. pr. 26; add 32 ad 35; Medea et Atreus, heroicae personae, Cic. N. D. 3, 71; sub persona militis, Gell. 13, 23 (22), 11; **4.** hence met. illam grauitatis seueritatisque personam non appetiit, Cic. Mur. 6; est proprium munus magistratus intellegere se gerere personam ciuitatis, off. 1, 124; ille finis Appio alienae personae ferendae fuit, Liv. 3, 36, 1; **5.** gen. a person, as an individual, nunquam (Caesar) nisi honorificentissimo Pompeium appellat. At in eius personam multa fecit asperius, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 10; ut mea persona semper ad improborum ciuium impetus aliquid uideretur habere populare, ad Pomp. ap. Att. 8, 11 d § 7; add Clu. 78; ne uidear in personam non in rem dicere sententiam, Sen. lud. mort. Cl. 9, 3; in personam actio est qua...; in rem actio est cum..., Gai. inst. 4, 2; add Paul. dig. 1, 5, 1; **6.** in grammar, suffixes of verbs wh. mark the agent, in uerbis quis est adeo imperitus ut ignoret personas et numeros? Quint. 1, 4, 27; 1, 5, 41; 1, 6, 15; personarum notitia est triplex, primae secundae tertiae, Char.

142 P, 168, 13 K; 7. phrases, personam imponere alicui, make a person wear a mask or play a part, Cic. Sul. 8; Mur. 6; off. 1, 115; 8. personam detrahere, tear it away, Cic. Sul. 8; p. demere, take it away, unmask, Sen. ep. 24, 13; 9. p. suscipere take up and so put on one, Cic. or. 1, 169; p. sumere, Planc. 100; 10. p. gerere, Cic. off. 1, 115 and 124; p. ferre, Liv. 2, 36, 1; p. tueri, Cic. Brut. So; p. sustinere, Mur. 6; or. 2, 102; all these to wear a mask or support a character; 11. p. deponere, Cic. Quinct. 45; fam. 7, 33, 2; p. abicere, Planc. 100, to lay it down or throw it off; 12. Persona from Περσεφονη (or Περσοφονη?) says Mr Fox Talbot, as having been first used he suggests to represent her; cf. larua first a hobgoblin and then a mask. The usual derivation (Gell. 5, 7) from personare seems absurd.

**per-strido**, ěre, vb. whistle over, At geminis leuiter perstridunt caerulea uenti, Germ. Arat. 2, 6.

**per-stringo** (prae-stringo\*), ěre, inxi, ictum, vb. [per over, on the surface, or prae the edge of] scratch the surface of, graze, quod solum tam maerum est quod aratro perstringi non possit? Cic. agr. 2, 67; cuius (sc. aratri) uomere portam Capuae paene perstringisti (so or rather perstringisti V i m., praest. Nou. 374), Phil. 2, 102; femur perstringit Achatae, Verg. 10, 344; flamma (Aiaeem) perstringit cadens, Sen. Ag. 555; rostroque (aquila) coruscae Praestringens\* conum galeae, Sil. 4, 119; and met. Tarfalorum terras praestringens\*, Amm. 31, 3, 7; 2. met., first of words, give (a person) a wipe, ille L. Crassi uoluntatem asperioribus faciliis saepe perstringit, Cic. Planc. 33; ut eos quorum sceleris furore uiolatus essem nocis libertate perstringerem (pre-mis P), Sest. 14; nemo unquam me tenuissima suspicione perstringit, Sul. 46; 3. also, touch lightly upon (a topic), skim, leuiter transire ac tantummodo perstringere unamquamque rem, Cic. Rosc. Am. 91; reliquum uitae cursum...celeriter perstringam, Phil. 2, 47; (id) perquam breuiter perstringi atque attingi, or. 2, 201;

4. p. aciem, take the edge off, Neque illi quorum lingua gladiatorum aciem praestringit\* domi, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 11; uis tanta ut aciem gladii praestringat\* (pre-a, per dβγ), Plin. 15, 52; acies ferri praestringitur\* eborisque nitore, 7, 64;

5. hence met. of the sight, take the edge off, blind for a time, dazzle, Curate ut splendor meo sit cluideo clarior quam solis radii esse...solent, ut...Praestringat\* oculorum aciem in acie hostibus, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 4; Praestringat\* oculorum aciem splendore micanti, Lucil. ap. Non. 34 f.; existimat se gemmae nitore et auri splendore aspectus omnium praestringere\*, ad Her. 4, 63; non mirum si caecutis, aurum enim non minus praestringit\* oculos quam ὁ πῶλος ακρατος, Varr. ap. Non. 34 f.; fulguribus praestriugentibus\* aciem oculorum, Liv. 40, 58, 4; obliqua praestringens\* lumina flamma, Lucan. 1, 154 (where Bentl. omnes nostri codices nel praestringens uel quod idem est perstringens); c(u)ndunt oculi nimio splendore praestrieti\*, Sen. ep. 71, 34; cum solis radii uisus perstringere nostros, Plin. 2, 80; add Stat. Th. 5, 666; Sil. 1, 358; 6. of hearing, deafen, for a while, stuu, iam nunc miuaci murmure eorum Perstringis aures, Hor. od. 2, 1, 18; 7. met., from the sight, of the mind, blind for a time, dazzle, (uoluptas) mentis ut ita dicam praestringit\* (per-mis A of Nou. 34) oculos, Cic. sen. 42; nec illius animi aciem praestringit\* splendor sui nominis, Rab. Post. 43; quod uidebam equidem sed quasi per calligenem, praestriugentat\* (so Halm, but per mis a b i) aciem animi D. Bruti salus, Phil. 12, 3; aciem auimorum nostrorum uirtutis splendore praestringitis\*, fin. 4, 37; 8. so also of eloquence taking away for a while the power of thinking, uti eaueretis ne uos facile praestriugentat\* modulatus aliquis currentis facundiae sonitus, Gell. 11, 13, 10;

II 9. grasp violently, bind tight, strangle, uites bene nodentur...; diligenter cauto ne ninium praestringas\* (so Schn. with P, al. per.), Cato r. 32, 2; praestriugentat\* fauce, Ov. Ib. 547; dracones tantae magnitudinis ut et ipsos (elephantos) nexu nodi praestringant\*, Plin. 8, 32; add 10, 197; ninclis manus Secantibus praestriugentat\*, Sen. Tro. 569;...pollices nodo praestringere\*: mox ubi sanguis (se) in artus extremos suffuderit, leui ictu cruorem eliciunt, Tac. an. 12, 47; 10. esp.

of cold, as ice or wind, praestriugentat\* (gelu) non potuit eo perucinare umor, Plin. 17, 217; praestriugentat\* hic (sc. aquilo) radices arborum quas positurus adferes, 18, 334; Verum ubi Cauriuo perstriugentat\* frigore uesper, Grat. cyn. 296; 11. in med. lang., dant (panem) et ex niuo ad discutienda quao praestriugentat\* opus sit, Plin. 22, 138; 12. bind (at the end), Ille tuis toties praestriugentat\* tempora sertis, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 112; 13. seize violently (the mind), horror ingens spectantes perstringit, Liv. 1, 25, 4; perstriugentat\* horror Ipsum etiam, Val. F. 7, 81; mentem perstringere languor incipit, 7, 194; 14. note that the form praestriugentat\* chiefly in §§ 4—12.

**per-suādeo**, ěre, si, sum, vb. [per over] bring over by sweet words or deeds, talk over, persuade, with dat. of person, Celabat metuebatque te ne tu sibi persuaderes Vt..., Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 99; At hoc demior qui tam facile potueris Persuadere illi, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 122; uelim tibi ita persuadeas, me nullo loco defuturum\*, Cic. fam. 11, 5 f.; huic magnis praemiis persuadet uti ad hostes transeat, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 2; huic persuadet regnum ab senatu petat, Sal. Jug. 35, 2; 2. with neut. acc. of pron. of the thing to be believed or done, at hoc Anaximandro non persuasit, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 118; quorum si utrumuis persuasisset, in has miseriae nunquam incidissemus, Phil. 2, 24; hoc cum mihi persuasisset, Att. 16, 5, 2; inprimis hoc uolunt persuadere non interire\* animas, Caes. b. g. 6, 14, 5; suadeo adhuc mihi ista quae laudo, nondum persuadeo, Sen. ep. 71, 30;

3. met. of inanimate subjects, Persuasit nox amor uinum adulescentia, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 24; Persuasit maeror anxidudo aegror dolor, Att. 349 R; 4. with an inf. of truths as in cases marked \*, rarely of a course to be pursued as in Pl. below †; but in late writers common, as: quod eum ita fieri persuasissent..., Gell. 4, 5, 4; ualuit eloquentia ut ei persuaserit tyrannidis facere finem, ps. Nep. Dion. 3, 3; 5. as pass. impers., Persuasumst faceret quous me nunc facti pudet, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 93; satis nobis persuasum esse debet nihil auare esse faciendum, Cic. off. 3, 37; add Verr. 2, 4, 11; sibi persuaderi enim neque suam neque populi Romani gratiam repudiaturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 3; his persuaderi ut diutius morarentur nou poterat, 2, 10 f.;

6. esp. in neut. perf. part., primum illa opinio mali quo niso atque persuaso aegritudo insequitur necessario, Cic. Tusc. 3, 72; and hence even in superl. mihi persuasissimum est Lepidum recte facturum, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 9, 2; ea (sc. uilica) persuasissimum habere debebit, Colum. 12, 1, 5; 7. in Enn. ap. Serv. ad Aen. 10, 10, with te prob. as a dat., quis te persuasit? But this constr. misunderstood led to use of acc. of person in late writers, aliqua die te persuadeam ut ad nullam uenias, Petr. 46; persuadeo hospitem ut mecum ueniat, 62; 8. hence persuasus of the person persuaded, si persuasus auditor fuerit, ad Her. 1, 10; cum animus auditoris persuasus esse uidetur, 1, 9; iam dudum persuasus erit, Ov. a. a. 5, 679; Tandem persuasa est iureiurando gruis, Phaedr. 1, 8, 7; Capam regnum pacisci persuasam, Val. M. 3, 8, 1; nihil erat difficile persuadere persuasus mori, Iust. 2, 11, 14.

**per-sulto**, ěre, vb. [per over, salto] keep leaping or dancing over, Inde ferae pecudes persultant pabula laeta, Lncr. 1, 14; pueris ac feminis persultantibus terga (elephantorum) impune calcata, Sen. ira 2, 31, 6; 2. esp. of a contemptuous enemy, dance about, traverse dancing (as it were) memores quam saepe in agro eorum impune persultassent, Liv. 34, 20, 6; ante uallum more gentis cum carmiuibus et tripudiis persultabant, Tac. an. 4, 47; add 11, 9; captam Italiam, h. 3, 49; add Sil. 3, 385; 3. hence met. of contemptuous speech, haec persultanti, Prnd. σρεφ. 11, 77.

**per-suo**, ěre, vb. sew over or thoroughly, suit persuit, not. Tir. p. 136; persuo διαπαρτω, Gloss. Philox.

**pertaedeo**, see

**per-taedescit**, pertaedet, -taesum, or -tisum (-taedui Gell.) vb. impers. it thoroughly wearies one, with acc. of person, gen. of thing, nolito multum dare ne pertaedescat,



Cato r. 106 (107), 6; quem pertaesumst... (mss pertesunt), Pompon. 93 R (who reads pertisumst); pertaesum est leuitatis, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 4; numquam suscepti uegotii eum pertaesum est, Nep. Att. 15, 2; Si non pertaesum thalami taedaeque fuisset, Verg. 4, 18; Exit saepe foras magnis ex aedibus ille Esse domi quem pertaesumst, Lucret. 3, 1061; quarum matrimonii pertaedeat, Gell. 15, 20, 6; 2. with a dat. for gen., usque adeo pertaesum uos mihi (mei?) esse, Grac. ap. Dion. 291 P, 311, 23 K; 3. as a pers. vb. cum iam omnes uerbis eius defetigati pertaeduissent, Gell. 1, 2, 6; 4. esp. in perf. part., lenitudinis eorum pertaesam, Tac. an. 15, 51; 5. even with acc., quasi pertaesus ignauiam suam, Suet. Caes. 7; p. morum peruersitatem eius, Aug. 62; semet ipse pertaesus, Tib. 67; 6. pertisum, a form of part. compounded by Cic. orat. 159; iniquum nou inaequum, concisum non concaesum, ex quo quidam pertisum etiam uoluit, quod eadem consuetudo nou probauit; 7. in Pl. Most. 1, 4, 4 taesumst, not pertaesumst.

**pertango**, *are*, *im*, word, in Apic. 6, 239 Schuch. has tangis, in 8, 342 tauges.

**per-tēgo**, *ēre*, *xi*, *vb.* thatch over or completely, Quin tu in paludem is exsecasque harundinem, Qui pertegamus uillam? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 35; 2. met., Benefacta benefactis aliis pertegito ne perpluant, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 39; 3. cover all over, decorate, Odeum nauium malis pertexit, Vitr. 5, 9, 1; Cereris cellam Dorico more pertexit (so mss, but G pertexit), 7 pr.

**per-tempto** (-tento), *āre*, *vb.* frq. lit. keep straining on all sides—hence put to the proof, sound with all care, try thoroughly, ea gratia Simulauit, uos ut pertemptarem, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 9; diuersis sermonibus pertemptatum, Tac. an. 6, 20; placuit pertemptari animum cohortis, h. 1, 29; cum utrumque (pugionem) pertemptasset, 2, 49; omnia pertempto, omnia exterior, *παντα* denique *λιθον κινω*, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 15; quum haec ita erunt pertemptata, Vitr. 8, 1, 6;

2. examine (in thought) from all points of view, tu perscipe rem et pertempta (so ed. pr., Baiter pertenta), Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 5; 3. seize violently, attack, as first of pleasure, Latonae tacitum pertemptant gaudia pectus, Verg. 1, 502;

4. esp. of ailments, ut tota tremor pertemptet equorum Corpora, Verg. G. 3, 250; Ac dum prima lues udo sublapsa ueneno Pertemptat sensus, A. 7, 355; fatigatione pertentatus, Apul. M. 1, 11; indignatio pertentauit animos, 9, 36.

**per-tēneo**, *ēre*, *ui*, *vb.* [per over] keep to the last, tuus me tenebat eremus, atque utinam pertenuisset, Hier. ep. 66, 13; see pertineo.

**per-tergeo**, *ēre* (perh. also pertergo, *ēre*), *rsi*, *vb.* wipe over, wipe, Gausape purpureo mensam pertersit, Hor. s. 2, 8, 11; inunda spongia uasa pertergere, Colum. 12, 9, 2;

2. met., Isque (sc. aer) ita per nostras acies perlabitur omnis Et quasi perterget (ass perterget) pupillas, Lucret. 4, 249; lux oculos perterget, 4, 277.

**per-texo**, *ēre*, *xui* (*xi*, Vitr., see below), *xtus*, *vb.* weave throughout, bysso tenui pertexta, Apul. M. 11, 3, p. 758 or 990 H;

2. weave to the end, hence met. of speech (cf. *ὑφανω*), pertexe modo quod exorsus es, Cic. or. 2, 145; totum huic locum grauiter pertextit (sc. Pompey addressing the people), Att. 1, 14, 3; coeptum pertextere dictis, Lucret. 1, 418; add 6, 42; 3. but in Vitr. 5, 9, 1 and 7 pr. pertexit from pertego.

**per-tineo**, *ēre*, *ui*, *vb.* intr. keep straight on (to), extend (to), cum aspera arteria ad pulmones pertineat, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; uias quae pertinent ad iecur...; uenas in omnes partes corporis pertinentes, 137; uim uitalem per omniem mundum pertinentem, 24; Belgae pertinent ad inferiorem partem Rheni, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6; omnes riuos qui ad mare pertinebant, b. c. 3, 49, 4; add 3, 68, 2; in uastae magnitudinis urbe partium sensu non satis pertinere in omnia, Liv. 25, 24, 6; 'pertinet' hoc significat dirigitur extenditur peruenit, Ulp. dig. 42, 23, 1; 2. of time,

hic (orbis) pertinet a natali ad diem extremum, Sen. ep. 12, 6; quae ad posteritatem memoriam pertineunt (live to), Cic. sen. 82; 3. met., ea caritas patriae per omnes ordines uelut tenore nno pertinebat, Liv. 23, 49, 3; 4. be aimed (at), point (to), be directed (to), have for object or consequence, Illic quam ad rem credam pertinere somnium Nequeo inuenire, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 28; id eo scripsi quo plus auctoritatis haberem, eodemque pertinere quod causam eius probat, Cic. Att. 8, 9, 1; add Brut. 298; id pertinere putant quo facilius ad greges pastores retineant, Varr. r. 2, 1, 26; non esse obscurum ad quem suspicio malificii pertineat, Cic. Rosc. Am. 18; 5. bear upon, belong (to), have to do (with), concern, illa res ad meum officium pertinet, Cic. Rosc. Am. 36; cum (animal)... quatenus quidque se attingat ad seque pertineat perspicere coepit, fin. 5, 24; see legal def. in Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 181.

**per-tingo**, *ēre*, *vb.* [tango] reach to, attain (to), collis in immensum pertingens (so at least all mss, but? pertingens), Sal. lug. 48, 3; fac te ad sapientiam Cleanthidis posse pertingere (? peruenire), Front. ad Ant. 1, p. 144 Naber; but note that our attain comes through Fr. atteindro from attingere; 2. in Lucret. 4, 249 perterget.

**per-torqueo**, *ēre*, *vb.* twist or writhe to the utmost, distort thoroughly, foedo ora sapore, Lucret. 2, 401; 2. met., quam senticosa uerba pertorquet, Afr. 1 R.

**per-trāho**, *ēre*, *xi*, *et*, *vb.* drag draw or tow over or all the way (to), Quinctium in castra pertraxerunt, Liv. 7, 39, 14; uiuus ad Laelium pertrahitur, 30, 12, 2; ratis ab actuariis nauibus ad alteram ripam pertrahitur, 21, 28, 9; Romamque (sc. mulierem) pertraxerunt ad centumuiros, Phaedr. 3, 10, 35; add Plin. 7, 11; Tac. h. 2, 72; ad scalas Gemonias perque eas pertraetns in Tiberim deicitur, Aur. V. 8 med.; add Val. M. 1, 7, ext. 8; 5, 3, ext. 3, p. 242, 18 Halm; 2. without phys. force, draw over (by wily practice), ad tumulos tegentes Romanum equitatum pertraxit, Liv. 29, 34, 13; in contionem percibus, 45, 10, 6; 3. in Plin. 28, 9 traheuda not pertr.

**per-transeo**, *ire*, *vb.* pass over or through, Plin. 37, 68 if uot corrupt; in Sen. ep. 4, 3 transeat, not pertr.

**per-trībuo**, *ēre*, *ui*, *vb.* give unstintingly, certatim ei testimonia, Plin. ep. 10, 86 (18), 2.

**per-trux**, *trūcis*, *adj.* very savage, pertrucus bestiae, Apul. M. 17 f. (so Flor. ms 1, Oud. and Hild. trucus).

**per-tundo**, *ēre*, *tūdi*, *tūssus* or *tusus*, *vb.* lit. beat through, hence gen. perforate, pierce, Iu pertussum iugerimus dicta dolium; operam ludimus (alluding to Danaids, as Lucret. below), Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 135; and met., ne quis (quisquam mss) pertundat (hanc) eruminam cautiōis, 1, 2, 37; lātūs pertūdīt asta (so ms Berne, al. hasta), Enn. an. 395 V; trulleos nassiternas pertusos (mss perfnos), Cato orat. 62, 11; terebra uitem pertundito, r. 41 (42), 3; in qualos pertusos, and soon: calicem pertundito per fundum aut qualum, 52, 1; sub sellam pertusam, 107, 11; anneta concluda iu uesica arte ligata, si pertuderis, aera reddet, Varr. s. 102, 9 R; uasa pertusa, 227, 2; pertusum congesta quasi in uas, Lucret. 3, 936; add 1009 and 6, 20; Nonne uidēs etiam guttas in saxa cadentis Vmoris longo in spatio pertundere saxa? 4, 1287; pertundere perque forare, 5, 1268; tunicamque palliumque, Catul. 32, 11; uenam, Iuv. 6, 46; pertusa laeta (with holes in it, ragged), 5, 131; crebra foramina, Vitr. 10, 22, 10; ungu-lam, Col. 6, 15; margaritas, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 30; 2. esp. pertusus of roads cut through rocks, as tnnels or deep cuttings, pertusa ad compita, Pers. 4, 28; hence Ad pertusa, as name of town in Africa, Anton. Itin. p. 391; also Petra pertusa or intercisā of a tunnel, south of Urbinum in Italy made by Vespasian, Aur. Vict. Vesp. p. 195 Delph. ef. inser. ad locum, Claud. cons. hon. 6, 500, and Procop. r. Got. 2; 3. It. pertuso a hole, Pierre pertuis in France, Switzerland. See also Paul. Diaconus

for tunnel so called near Puteoli, cauti montes per Flaminian sunt quae vulgaripter Pertusa petra vocatur; cf. *τρῆτρον* a tunnel near Argos.

**per-uādo**, ēre, si, sum, vb. go over, pass over (the whole of), make its way all over, pervade, Pervade polum\*, Att. ap. Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 300 Sp.; quacumque iter fecit eiusmodi fuit ut quaedam calamitas pervadere videretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; cernitis quantum incendium per agros aratorum pervaserit, 2, 3, 66; omnes per aequa atque iniqua loca pervadunt, Liv. 25, 14, 9; add 37, 25, 6; quum fama ea forum\* atque urbem pervasisset, 5, 7, 6; murmur ab tribunali totam contionem\* pervasit, 26, 15, 19; omnia aspera\* uti soles pervade, or. ad Caes. de rep. 1, 6, 3; **2.** go over all the way (to), make one's way over (to), locus nullus est quo non hominum libido pervaserit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 207; quas in oras (so best mss, other quas oras) quasi morbus quidam pervaserat, Sul. 53; nares contractiores habent introitus nequid in eas quod noceat possit pervadere, N. D. 2, 145; ad castra pervadit, Liv. 7, 36, 4; add 26, 5, 11; pervasit iam multos\* ista persuasio, Quint. 8, 2, 21; venenum cunctos eius artus\* pervasit, Tac. an. 13, 16; **3.** make one's way through, nisu corporis et impetu equi pervasit (sc. per signa hostium), Tac. an. 2, 17; **4.** note besides the use of prepp. as per, in, ad, use of acc. alone\* and so Lach. Lucr. 1, 555 in aetatis pervadere finis, wh. he adds: neque eo veteres unquam aliter usi sunt; **5.** hence in Amm. pervasus, passed over, traversed, pervasis Alanorum regionibus, 31, 3, 1; also pervasa urbe but not in 24, 3.

**per-uāgor**, āri, vb. r. wander over, traverse in all directions, hic praedonum nauculae pervagatae sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 98; ut errabundi domos suas pervagarentur, Liv. 1, 29, 3; natio pervagata bello prope orbem terrarum, 38, 17, 3; but in Caes. 7, 45, 1 best mss uagarentur; **2.** met. (quod—the fame of wb.) usque ad ultimas terras pervagatum est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 64; timores omnium mentes, leg. 1, 32; dolor omnia membra, Plin. ep. 1, 12, 6; memoria orbem terrarum, 6, 10, 3; **3.** esp. become common or vulgar, ne is honos nimium pervagetur, Cic. inu. 2, 113; **4.** hence part. pervagatus of what has spread far and wide, gloria, Cic. Marc. 26; bona, top. 69; **5.** hence hackneyed, commonplace, istis communibus et pervagatis, Cic. or. 1, 165; pervagatum ac vulgare, orat. 195; add Planc. 47; **6.** comp. Cic. inu. 2, 47; superl. orat. 147.

**per-uēho**, ēre, xi, ctms, vb. carry or convey over or all the way (to), in a vehicle, on horseback, in ship etc., sacra in plautrum imposuit et Caere peruexit, Liv. 5, 40 f.; add Val. M. 1, 1, 10; com meatibus peruehendis, Liv. 44, 6, 6; corpus pedibus praegrediens Romam peruexit, Suet. Tib. 7 f.; inde nunc peruehuntur ad nos (imported), Plin. 35, 39; in Apul. deo Soer. 23 read: non modo perneciter ueum etiam permolliter uehat (partly cj.) not molliter peruehat; **2.** peruehor, vb. r. ride, drive, sail etc. over, lacus inde et oceanum usque ad Amisiam flumen peruebitur, Tac. an. 2, 8; **3.** ride etc. all the way (to), Dictator ubi currum insilit (mss insidit agst. metre) peruehitur usque ad oppidum, poet. ap. Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 153 Sp.; tranquillo peruectus Chalcidem, Liv. 31, 23, 4; Caesar peruectus in Africam, Vell. 2, 55, 1; exceptum ab uno (sc. delphino) in litus peruectum, Plin. 9, 28; met., alium portum uidebamus in quem malle peruebi, Cic. Att. 14, 19, 1; add off. 2, 11; **4.** of one on foot, peruecta ad litora (Dido), Sil. 8, 126.

**per-uēnor**, āri, vb. r. hntt over (the whole of), Defessus sum urbem totam peruenarier, Pl. Merc. 4, 5, 3, 818 R.

**per-uerto** (older uorto for imperf. tenses), ēre, uerti, nersus (norsus), vb. overturn, knock over, upset, Aulas peruortunt, ignem restinguunt aqua, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 16; Si rex obstabit obuam, regem ipsum prius peruortito, St. 2, 1, 14; Ea ballista si peruortam turrim et propugnacula, Bac. 4, 4, 59; Pinus proceras peruortunt, Enn. an. 196 V;

Croesus Halyn penetrans magnam peruertet opum uim, Cic. diu. 2, 115; arbusta uirgulta tecta, 1, 49; **2.** met., iusticiam et amicieiam (so mss A B)...labefactare atque peruertere, Cic. fin. 3, 70; officium omne, off. 1, 5; iura diuina et humana, 1, 26; imperium, Tac. an. 16, 22; **3.** also of persons, cito homo peruorti potest, may be bowled over, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 52; eos imitari quos ipse pernererat, Cic. Brut. 273; Iunium, Clu. 108; Numquam ille me ullo artificio peruertet, Caecl. 44; posse Blaesium peruerti, Tac. h. 38; Ollium, an. 13, 45; **3.** peruersus, inverted, topsy-turvy, peruersas comas, Ov. a. a. 3, 246; partus (of a foot presentation), Varr. ap. Gell. 12, 16 f.; peruersissimis oculist\*, Cic. N. D. 1, 79; **4.** met., Edepol ne hic dies peruorsus atque aduersus mi optigit, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 1; **5.** esp. of character, perverse, cross-grained, wrong-headed, ut erat praeposterus atque peruersus, Cic. Clu. 71; peruerse Menalea, Verg. B. 3, 13; **6.** peruerse (older -uorse) adv. topsy-turvy, curulem (sc. sellam) peruerse collocatam, Suet. Galb. 18 f.; **7.** met., Haec sunt si recte seu peruorse facta sunt, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 146; peruorse interpretaris, Trnc. 1, 2, 41; peruorse uides, Merc. 2, 2, 20; erras peruorse, utterly wrong, Most. 4, 2, 36; si quid peruerse factum est a muliere, Cato orat. 68, 4 I; peruorse dicere homines peruerse dicendo facillime consequi, Cic. or. 1, 150; quo quid potest dici peruersius\*? Tusc. 5, 50; **8.** for comp. see \*; for superl. see †.

**per-uiam**, adv. on the way, by the way, en passant, Augustus reprehendens Ti. Claudium: scribis peruiam *arti* *uog* obiter, ap. Char. 187 P, 209, 17 K; but the pass. Aul. 3, 2, 24 is spur.

**per-uideo**, ēre, vb. overlook, fail to see, be blind to, Cum tua peruideas oculis male lippus inunctis, Cur in amicum uitiiis tam cernis acutum? Hor. s. 1, 3, 25; cf. παραβλεπω, ὑπεροραω, παροραω; Germ. übersehen, versehen, verachten; A. Sax. forseou, despise, our overlook; cf. also Germ. überhören and verhören to miss hearing; and Key's Essay IV; **II 2.** see thoroughly, clearly, qui peruidet omnia solem, Ov. M. 14, 375; **3.** met. of the mind, peruideri iam animi mei firmitatem, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 3; indies meritorum fieri accessiones peruidere te spero, fam. 10, 9, 1; Et quo iactari magis omnia material Corpora peruideas, reminiscere..., Lucr. 2, 90; peruideamus utrum..., 1, 956; et plus fortasse sit quam ego peruideo, Sen. tranq. 1, 15; uidet quid eueniat sed cur id accidat non peruidet (uidet?), Colum. 2, 1, 5; Cunctaque mens oculis peruidet illis suis, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 34; **4.** Cic. Att. 4, 12 has ibi te uidebo et promouebo (not peruidebo); and in Att. 15, 4, 2 te quamprimum per uider uelim (for peruelim); **5.** for two very different meanings in one word cf. our overlook.

**per-ungo** (unguo), ēre, unxi, unctus, vb. smear or grease all over, or the whole of, with acc. of surface, corpora oleo, Cic. Tusc. 1, 113; nardo, Hor. epod. 5, 59; peruncti faecibus ora, A. P. 277; Ora nec immunda tota perungue manu, Ov. a. a. 3, 756; axibus perungendis, Plin. 28, 141; uolnera, 29, 90.

**per-uōlito**, āre, vb. frq. [peruolo] keep flying over or through, nemora, Lucr. 1, 346; Denique per dissaepa domorum saxea uoces Peruolitant, 6, 952; lumen...omnia... loca, Verg. 8, 24; tecta, Val. F. 4, 505.

**1 per-uōlo**, āre, vb. fly over, as a bird etc., or, all the way (to), omuem peruolat caeli fretum (sc. puluis), Enn. tr. 31 V; Nigra uelut magnas domini cum diuitis aedes Peruolat...hirundo, Verg. 12, 474; aerium peruolat altus iter (sc. coruus), Ov. F. 2, 252; **2.** met., decem horis nocturnis sex et quinaginta milia passuum eisis peruolauit, Cic. Rose. Am. 19; add rep. 6, 29; Per totum..., Perque uolare mare ac terras (of the sun's rays), Lucr. 4, 202; add Ov. F. 6, 527; dum peruolat axe citato Flaminiam, Iuv. 1, 60; **3.** fly through, ut aestus Peruolet intactus, Lucr. 6, 1060.

**2 per-uōlo**, uelle, vb. wish exceedingly, quem uidere



peruelim, Cic. Att. 11, 14 f.; est quod abs te mihi ignosci peruelim, 1, 1, 3; scire ex te peruelim, Sull. 23; negasse umquam nidisse quemquam securi ferientem et peruelle id uidere, Liv. 39, 43, 3; 2. with tmesis, te quamprimum per uidere uelim, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 2; 3. but in Lucr. 2, 1047 read Atque animi iactus liber (sit) quo uolet (ire), not peruolet ipse.

**per-uoluo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. roll over, or thoroughly, Nisi puerum tollis, iam ego hunc in medium uiam Prouoluum teque ibidem peruoluam in luto, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 37; in suo sibi peruoluta sanguine, Apul. M. 8, 14; 2. esp. turn over (a volume) and so read from first to last, Zmirnam cana diu saecula peruoluent, Catul. 95, 6 wh. note scansion; 3. in Liv. 24, 34, 14 prou., not peru.

**per-uolūto**, āre, vb. frq. [peruolu-] keep rolling over, hence read again and again from first to last, meos libros, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 2; bonarum artium doctores atque scriptores legendi et peruoluant, or. 1, 158.

**pēr-urgeo**, (urgeo\*), ēre, vb. press violently, summa ui Germanicum ad capessendam rempublicam perurgebant, Suet. Tib. 25; nocentes innocentesque maligna insectatione perurgebat, Amm. 29, 1, 18; cum uideret se perurgueri\* sub hora mortis, Spart. Sev. 23, 6; cum Aureolus perurgueret\*, Treb. P. Gall. 5, 6; 2. esp. in law, ad pensitanda fiscalia, ood. Th. 16, 2, 15, 2; criminaliter perurgenti, 9, 20, 1; add 9, 19, 4; 3. but sacra p. quoted from Lucil. Aetn. 226 seems a mis-reading of saecula pergunt, v. 229.

**pēr-ūro**, ēre, ussi, ustus, vb. burn all over, or thoroughly, burn up, ignis multa perussit, Lucr. 5, 396; perusti late agri, Liv. 24, 20, 4; ossa, Ov. F. 5, 454; semina, Lucan. 6, 521; feruens arena...quicquid attigerat perurebat, Curt. 4, 3, 26; 2. of chemical destruction, mirum uas e plumbo, si in aqua addatur aereus quadrans, peruri, Plin. 34, 165; 3. in poets of what is sun-burnt, Libyco sole perusta coma, Prop. 5 (4), 9, 46; a perustis Indiae populis, Sen. Med. 487; but in Maer. somn. 3, 8, 1 Ian has ustam; 4. burn by rubbing, chafe, or gall, severely, subducunt oneri colla perusta boues, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 24; Hibericis peruste funibus latus, Hor. epod. 4, 3; galcae fragmenta...perurunt Tempora, Lucan. 6, 193; 5. met. burn up, perustus febre, Plin. ep. 7, 1, 4; sitis saucios perurebat, Curt. 4, 16, 12; 6. of the mind, hominem perustum gloria uolunt incendere, Cic. fam. 13, 15, 2; ualidoque perurimur aestu (of love), Ov. a. a. 3, 543; perusti pectoris Curis leuamen, Sen. Med. 550; Illos (sc. uniones) qui male cor meum perurunt (of envy), Mart. 12, 49, 9; add Catul. 77, 3; Sen. const. sap. 17, 2; Val. F. 1, 76; II 7. of frost, stramentis per hiemem operito (asparagum) ne peruratur, Cato r. 161, (162), 2; terra perusta gelu, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 48; add Sen. N. Q. 4, 13, 7; Colum. 4, 8, 2.

**pēt-esso**, (-isso\*), ēre, vb. frq. keep going after, seek, make for, aim at, qui hanc (laudem) petessunt nullum fugiunt dolorem, Cic. Tusc. 2, 62; Corpore reliquo pugnam caedesque petessit, Lucr. 3, 648; aurascque petessens, 8, 810; petissere\* antiqui pro petere... (or rather) saepius petere, Fest. p. 206 b 19 M; 2. petiui, petitus come from petisso; cf. Fr. fin-iss-ant fin-i-i.

**pēticius**, adj., p. qui frequenter petit, Gloss. Isid.; 2. a cognomen, C. Iulius qui uocatur Peticius, Inscr. Maff. M. V. 288, 5.

**Peticus**, a cognomen, C. Sulpicius Peticus, Inscr. Grut. 290.

**pēto**, ēre, ii or iui\*, ūtus, vb. go or come, hence with cogn. acc., iter uiam cursum, go (by), take (a road), iter a Vibone Brundisium terra petere, Cic. Plane. 96; alium cursum petiuit\*, Att. 3, 8, 2; quod iter petiturus esset ignarus, Liv. 44, 2, 9; quam uiam potissimum peteret, 44, 2, 5 (so Madv.; sss omit uiam owing to quam); Diuersas petiere uias, Val. F. 1, 92; 2. absol. make for, go to, first with names of places, Cyzicum, Cic. fam. 14, 4, 3; Dyrrachium, Plane. 97; Crotonem, Att. 9, 22, 2; 3. with other nouns, grues... loca calidiora petentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; cuius classis pe-

tere altum uisa est, Liv. 25, 27, 11; aequora rostris Ima petunt, Verg. 9, 120; Nunc fruitur caelo quod pinnis ante petebat, Ov. F. 3, 457; ut te supplex peterem et tua limina adirem, 6, 115; 4. esp. for attack, cuius latus ille mucro petebat, Cic. Lig. 9; Hic ferus expositum...anguis...os petit, Ov. M. 11, 57; 5. hence direct a blow at, strike at, throw at, try to hit, sciebam Catilinam noui latus aut uentrem sed caput et collum solere petere, Cic. Mur. 52; gladiatores nihil nec uitando facere nec petendo (that is not graceful), orat. 228; add Mil. 31; Tarquinius spiculo, Liv. 2, 20, 2; Malo me Galatea petit, Verg. B. 3, 64; cni petat ungue genas, Ov. a. a. 2, 452; patriae quam armis petebat, Vell. 2, 68, 3; 6. met., quotienscumque me petisti, per me tibi obstiti, nunc rem publicam petis, Cic. Cat. 1, 11; qui me epistola petiuit\*, ad te comminus accessit, Att. 2, 2, 2; scire uter ab utro petitus fraude et insidiis esset, Liv. 40, 55, 3; falsis criminibus sororem, Tac. an. 4, 31; 7. go or come for, go to get, fetch, ourram ad lacum..., limum petam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; puerum petis, Truo. 4, 4, 10; petam hinc aquam, Rud. 2, 3, 69; 8. even with two acc., one of town to which, one of that for wh., petere Brundisium ostreas, Plin. 9, 169; 9. in other cases with prep. of quarter to wh., iura in Baeticam, Plin. 5, 3; petunt murram...ad Troglodytas, 12, 66; colle in quem uimina petebantur, 16, 37; add 19, 52; 10. esp. of fetching a sigh, hoo sis uide ut petiuit\* Suspirium alte, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 57; gemitus alto de corde petitos, Ov. M. 2, 622; et latere petitus imo spiritus, Hor. epod. 11, 10; 11. hence met. seek, aim at, strive for, eloquentiam principatum, Cic. orat. 56; uoluptatem, fin. 2, 61; sapientiam, inu. 1, 66; 12. of public office, be a candidate for, put up for, stand for, (Qu)ei ex h(ace) l(ege) non iourauerit, is magistratum imperiumue nei petito neue gerito, CIL 197, 19; magistratum, Cato orat. 52, 13 1; imperium, Varr. s. 208, 4 R; consulatum petere, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 11; Phil. 2, 76; Sal. Cat. 18, 3; praeturam, Cic. Verr. 1, 23; regnum, Liv. 1, 35, 2; and absol. de his qui nunc petunt, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; add Sal. Jug. 63, 6; 64, 1; hence petitor, petitio, petiturio; 13. in law, take legal proceedings to recover, qui per se litem contestatur, sibi soli petit, Cic. Rosc. com. 53; aliquando cum seruis Habiti furti egit, nuper ab ipso petere coepit, Clu. 163; add Mil. 74; 14. hence qui petit, the plaintiff, unde petitur, the defendant, sei postulabit quei petit, pr(actor) recuperatores...dato, CIL 197, 10; is eum unde petit in ious ed(ucito), 198, 6; is unde petitur..., is quei petit, 198, 24; unde petitur, Cato orat. 62, 6 and 10; 15. ask of a person, ask for, request, gen. with ab, also de, first with acc. of thing, a me argentum petito praesentarium, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 14; Ergo ab eo petito gratiam istam, Capt. 3, 5, 63; M. Curtio tribunatum ab eo petiui\*, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; pacem ab Romanis petierunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 13 f.; si de me petisses ut..., Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5 f.; 16. with ut or ne and subj., or subj. alone, id sibi ut donaret rogare et uehementissime petere coepit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 66; a P. Sulla petit ut emat gladiatorum, Sul. 55; petendum ne quo progredieris..., Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 10, 8, 1; quod ne facias a te peto, id. ib.; sincerum mihi Candore noto reddas iudicium peto, Phaedr. 3 pr. f.; 17. the exx. of two acc. in this sense are errors; for petit hoc Aetidia, Ov. M. 7, 296 Merk. writes capit hoc a Colchide; for Has petit auxilium, 14, 787; Has rogat a.; for regem petierunt Iouem, Phaedr. 1, 2, 11, Eys. has regem petiere a Ioue; 18. petit for petiit, Scepra Palatini sedemque petit Euandri, Verg. 9, 9; add Ov. tr. 1, 10, 25; F. 1, 109; M. 5, 460; Lucan. 5, 522; 9, 32; 10, 64; v. Laehm. ad Lucr. 3, 1042.

**pētro**, ōnis, m. [prob. from *πετρα* in the sense of testis; cf. our stone, Bret. kall] a ram, Qui petroni nomen indunt uerueci sectario, and again bis, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 40—42; 2. a cognomen, T. Flavius Petro, Suet. Vesp. 1; 3. a name for a boor, Fest. 206 b 23 M.

**pālārae**, ārum, f. pl. [*ρα φάλαρα*] ornaments worn on the breast, a petrel (Sidney's Arcadia, p. 299, ed. Frisw., Fr. poitrail from pectorale), ut plerique nobilium annulos aureos et phaleras deponerent, Liv. 9, 46, 12; inde (sc. a



Tuscis) curules anuli phalerae, Flor. 1, 5; phaleras pulcherrime factas quae regis Hieronis fuisse dicuntur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 29; Euryalus phaleras Rhamnetis et aurea bullis Ciugula... Haec rapit, Verg. 9, 359; **2.** of a horse, Primus eorum phaleris insignem nictor habeto, Verg. 5, 310; si quid argenti, quod plurimum in phaleris egnorum erat, Liv. 22, 52, 5; equum et phaleras et sua arma, Flor. 1, 45 f. (3, 10, 26); Dunque auro phalerae, gemmis dum frenata reudent, Claud. epig. 20; add IV cons. Hon. 548; cochlides tantae magnitudinis ut equis regum in oriente frontalia ac pro phaleris peusilia facerent, Plin. 37, 194; **3.** as military rewards, donati equites phaleris, Liv. 39, 31, 17; praemia uirtus sanguine parta capit; phaleris hic pectora fulget, Sil. 15, 255; donatus phaleris xxv, Plin. 7, 102; add Gell. 2, 11, 2; Vt qui sit fortis sit felicitissimus idem, Vt laeti phaleris omnes et torquibus omnes, Iuv. 16, 60; **4.** perh. woru by ladies, matrona ornata phaleris pelagiis (i.e. made of pearls), Publil. Syr. 12 R; **5.** in Plin. 33, 18 Sillig gives sed et phaleras positas and rightly, uot the neut.

**Philippēus**, adj. [Φιλιππεος] of Philip, Vna Philippēo sanguine adusta nota, Prop. 4, 10, 36 Laclum. (40); **2.** for Φιλιππεος στατηρ, a gold coin of Philip's worth about £1. 3s., philippēus or perh. for Pl. filipeus (philipeum D in Trin. 4, 2, 117; filippeo B C D in Bac. 2, 2, 42), Trecenti nummi qui uocantur Philippi, Poen. 3, 4, 4; Qui ad te trecentos Philippeos (Philippus mss) modo detulit, 3, 5, 36; Praeterea centum Philippae minae in pasceolo sorsus (so Fleck.), 5, 2, 27; Nemost. Nummorum (for nummum) Philippum ad tria milia, Triu. 1, 2, 115; **3.** eum, eo, pl. ei, eos, eum gen., pronounced um, o, i, os, um, Trecenti nummi Philippi (pron. filipi or filpi). Seseenti quoque, Poen. 1, 1, 38; Nam istoc fortasse aurumst (so mss, aurost R), opus. Philippeo (—oom?) quidem, Bac. 2, 2, 42; Nunc quasi ducentis Philippeis (so B) emi filium, 4, 8, 78; qui mihi mille nummum crederet Philippum, quod me aurum..., Trin. 4, 2, 113; **4.** also with e omitted, Trecentos Philippos Collabisco uilico, Poen. 1, 3, 6; add 3, 1, 55; 3, 2, 22; 3, 3, 57; 3, 5, 26; 5, 6, 26; Trin. 5, 2, 34; As. 1, 3, 1; Bac. 2, 2, 52; 4, 1, 18; 4, 8, 27; 4, 8, 41; 4, 9, 74; 5, 2, 64; Cure. 3, 70; **5.** so far of gold, also of silver, Em tibi talentum argenti: Philippi est (so P): tene tibi, Truc. 5, 1, 60; **6.** thus Pl. always has the metre of filipeus or filipus of the coin; **7.** but Hor. ep. 2, 1, 134: Rettulit acceptos, regale nomisma, Philippus; **8.** and speaking of the king, even Pl. has: Philippum regem aut Darium (Darium?) triuencica, Aul. 1, 2, 8; Ego sum ille rex Philippus. O lepidum diem, 4, 8, 4; but in an iambic: Mirum qui regis Philippi causa aut Attali, Pers. 3, 1, 11.

**Philippiānus**, adj. of Philippus the Roman emperor, qui militauer. in cohortibus praetor. Philippiānis decem..., coh. viii pr. Philippiān., inser. Or.-Henz. 6859.

**Philippicus**, adj. of Philip (of Macedon), in eis orationibus quae Philippicae uonimantur enituerat Demosthenes, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 3; **2.** hence of Cicero's speeches against Antony, iucipit liber primus Philippicarum, inser. of ms g; Qnam te conspiciuae dinina Philippicae famae, Iuv. 10, 129;

**3.** of Philippi, the Macedonian town, Bruti e Philippiis campis epistulae, Plin. 33, 39; Ph. campis, Flor. 2, 13, 43 (4, 2) by a blunder for Pharsalia, so also Verg. G. 1, 490, with Serv.; Ov. M. 15, 823; Lucan. 7, 853; Manil. 1, 905; Petr. 121, v. 111.

**philōmēla**, ae, f. [φίλομηλα, bul-bul of East, mimetic] nightingale, Qualis populea maerens philomela sub umbra, Verg. G. 4, 511; for fable cf. Ov. M. 6, 451; Mart. 14, 75.

**pīrum**, i, n. [for ep-ium = απ-ιον, cf. malum for amal-um = Wclsb afal, our apple; and pomum for op-omum, = our prov. opple, cf. O. G. op-az, απ-ωρα from op-fruit] a pear, Tam crebri ad terram decidebant quam pīra, Pl. Poen. 2, 38; pīra uolema, Cato r. 7, 3; Vt gaudet insitua decerpens pīra, Hor. opod. 2, 19; add Plin. 15, 53 ff.; Colum. 5, 10, 17 ff.; Cels. 2, 24; Suet. Cl. 27; **2.** a pear-tree, mala pīra uitēs inseri oportet luna silenti, Cato r. 40 (41), 1; copied by Plin. 17, 111.

**pīrus**, i, f. a pear-tree, Inere nunc Meliboe pīros, Verg. B. 1, 74; circinata (folia) pīro, Plin. 16, 90; add 16, 109 and 114.

**piscor**, āri, vb. r. [pisc of pisc-is, refl. suff. = sibi, cf. pabula-ri get fodder for oneself] fish, ut ante suos hortulos piscarentur, Cic. off. 3, 58; piscemur uenemur, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 57; lina ad retia praecipue in piscando durantia, Plin. 19, 15; add Suet. Aug. 25 and 83; Ner. 30 and 35; si quis me prohibeat in mari piscari, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 13, 7.

**pistātio**? ōnis, f. [pisto are] ramming, rudus crebriter pistatione (Rose by cj., piscatione as H) solidetur, Vitr. 7, 1, p. 163, l. 16.

**pistor**, ōris, m. [pinso or rathern piso], lit. a pounder, hence one who pounds or grinds corn, a miller, Tum pistores serofipasei qui alunt furfuri sues, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 27; Postidea ad pistores dabo, ut tibi cruciere currens, As. 3, 119; referring to the punishment of slaves as employed in placeo of a mule to work the mill; so Epid. 1, 2, 18; nec pistoris nomen erat nisi eius qui ruri far pinsebat, Varr. ap. Non. 152; nec pistorem ullum nossent, nisi eum qui in pistrino piuseret farinam, ib.; cum... ad circumagendas molas... operam pistori locasset (sc. Plautus), Gell. 3, 3, 14; certum fit Atci Capitonis sententia pistores tantum eos qui far pisebant nomiutos, Plin. 18, 108; in early days bread was made at home; **2.** one who, besides grinding corn, makes bread, a baker, Quom a pistore panem petimus, uinum ex ocnopolio, Pl. As. 1, 3, 48; pistores Romae non fuere ad Persicum usque bellum... ipsi panem faciebant Quirites mulierumque id opus erat, Plin. 18, 107; **3.** gen. a baker, including a confectioner, est hoc monumentum Marci Vergilei Eurysacis pistoris redemptoris, CIL 1013 and 1014; Ogulnius pistor simi(laginarium), CIL 1017; Pistori nubat cur non scribilitario Vt mittat fratris filio lunuculos? Afran. 161 R; uendit pueris ientacula pistor, Mart. 14, 223, 1; pistor candidarius, inser. Or. 4263; **4.** a servant who had to make bread, pastry etc. pistor domi nullus, nulla cella; panis et uinum a propola atque de cupa, Cic. Pis. 67; elegantis, optimis cocis pistoribus... uitantis cruditate, Cic. fin. 2, 23; mitto hasce artes uulgares coquos pistores leuciaris, S. Rose. 134; si quantum operae sumpsi ut tuus pistor bonum faceret panem... nunc illum qui norunt, uolunt emere milibus centum, Varr. ap. Gell. 15, 19, 2; domesticam disciplinam adeo seuererit, ut pistorem alium quam sibi panem conuiuis subicientem compedibus uinxerit, Suet. Caes. 48; Faustus Marcellae pistor, inser. Or. 647; add 4264; Priapus a pistore factus, Petr. 60; **5.** an epithet of Jupiter, Ov. F. 6, 394; Lact. 1, 20; **6.** a collegium pistorum existed, mentor perpetuus... corporis pistorum siglignariorum, inser. Or. 1810; corpus pistorum, Gai. dig. 3, 4, 1; Paul. 27, 1, 46; consisting of 100, fr. iur. ante lust. Mai p. 56.

**plāceo**, ēre, ui or Itus\* sum, vb. [plac- for pal-ac, of wh. pal = pan of pando, make flat; cf. pal-ma, pal-am, p(a)-anus], lit. be of a calming tendency, cf. placidus; hence of tranquil pleasure, be satisfactory or pleasing (to), please, find favour (with), with dat. of person, Placet ille-meis mihi mendicis; suus rex reginae placet, Pl. St. 1, 2, 76; Neque patiar te stane gratis laudasse quae placet mihi, Most. 1, 3, 19; apage Harpax, non places, Ps. 2, 2, 58; Nam ubi amor condimentum inierit, quouis placitum credo, Cas. 2, 3, 5; sic sum; si placeo, utere, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 42; quae uobis placita\* est condicio datur, Hec. 2, 1, 44; ubi sunt cognitae, Placitae\* sunt, Hec. 2 prol. 13; non placet M. Antonio consulatus meus; at placuit P. Seruilio, Cic. Phil. 2, 12; numquam mihi mius quam hesterno die placui, Cic. or. 2, 15; omni tibi dōtē plācebam, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 57; placita\* es simplicitate tua, am. 2, 4, 18; Di quibus septem placere colles, Ilor. c. saec. 7; Quod spiro et placeo, si placeo, tuum est, od. 4, 3, 24; Vietrix causa deis placuit, sed nicta Catoni, Lucan. 1, 128; **2.** as vb. impers. placet mihi, I approve, it is my pleasnre, nonne fieri poterat ut populo de rege placeret, de exsilibus displi-



ceret? Cic. p. dom. 53; sed, si placet in hunc diem haecenus, rep. 2, 70; postea mihi placuit ut Graecas orationes explicarem, or. 1, 154; placitum\* est mihi ut Brundisium ducere hanc copiam, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12, a 4; placuit ut Litanicus praeficeretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 37, 7; deliberatur de Avarico, incendi placeret an defendi, 7, 15, 3; add 1, 34, 1; so chiefly of resolutions arrived at, 1 determined etc.—hence placuit abbrev. to pl., item pl. pr. non... diuiderent..., inser. Or. 2417; 3. hence of those in authority, it is (my) pleasure, (I) lay it down, as of the Gods, Non ita dis placuit, Ov. Pont. 4, 11, 7; Nero, quoniam ita placuit dis, princeps...demonstravit rationem, Plin. 34, 166—see si dis placet under si; 4. of philosophers, ut doctissimi sapientibusque placuit, Cic. diu. 1, 110; duo placet esse Carneadi genera uisorum, acad. pr. 2, 99; Quis paria esse fere placuit peccata, Hor. s. 1, 3, 96; 5. of lawyers, diuersae scholae auctoribus placuit, Gai. 3, 178; per populum feminae non adoptantur, nam id magis placuit, 1, 101; add 2, 91; 3, 16; 3, 145; dig. 18, 1, 45; 6. of public edicts etc., senatus placere C. Cassium pro consule prouinciam Syriam optinere, Cic. Phil. 11, 30; Verba senatus consulti haec sunt: cum..., placere senatus ne cui..., Ulp. dig. 14, 6, 1; 7. placens as adj. pleasing, Linqnenda tellus et domus et placens Vxor, Hor. od. 2, 14, 22; 8. pass. part. placitus, approved, agreed upon, Hoc pinguem et placitam Paci nutritor obium, Verg. G. 2, 425; Est uirtus placitis abstinuisse bouis, Ov. her. 16 (17), 98; artes, Tac. an. 2, 66; exemplum, 4, 37; placita deo, inser. Or. 4657; cum suis usuris placitis, dig. 22, 1, 41, 2; 9. placitum, i, as sb. n. what is pleasing, si ultra placitum laudarit, Verg. B. 7, 27; 10. what is laid down (by), a precept, dogma, Catonis placita de oliuis, Plin. 15, 20; medicorum placitis 14, 143; quae Graeci uocant dogmata, nobis uel decreta licet appellare uel placita, Sen. ep. 95, 10; philosophiae placita, 95, 37; 11. gerundive, si illa (sc. uxor) tibi placet, placenda dos quoquest quam dat tibi, you must be contented with, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 35; 12. prob. the impers. use the oldest, cf. piget taedet etc.

**plác-ídus**, adj. [placeo] lit. flat—hence calm, tranquil, Nam pol placidum te (sc. Neptunum) et clementem eo usque modo ut uolui usus sum in alto, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 8; Tam placidast quam est aqua, Most. 3, 2, 165; placidum Ladonis ad amicum, Ov. M. 2, 702; nequaquam par gubernatoris est uirtus cum placido et cum turbato mari uehitur, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 4; 2. hence met. of sky, calm, serene, accipit ab hoc (sc. Apennino) auras quamlibet sereno et placido die, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 14; nec placido commota tonitrua caelo, Sil. 12, 667; 3. hence met. calm, placid, quiet, tranquillitatem id est placidam quietamque constantiam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 10; semper in animo eius (sc. sapientis) esse placidissimam pacem, 5, 48; placida ac lenis senectus, sen. 13; ut...placidam possent opulenti degere uitam, Lucr. 5, 1122; 4. esp. of man, placidum te hodie reddam, Pl. Curc. 5, 3, 49; Vxor tibi placata et placidast, Merc. 5, 4, 4; Quom feruit maxime tam placidum quasi ouem reddo, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; Clemens placidus nulli laedere os, 5, 4, 10; ita ueni placidum mollemque reddidi ut..., Cic. Caecin. 28; nihil illis placidius\* aut quietius erat, Liv. 3, 14, 5; 5. esp. of public quiet or peace, in re populi placida atque interfectis hostibus, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 21; Re placida atque otiosa uictis hostibus, Truc. 1, 1, 56; rex arua Latinus et urbes iam senior longa placidas in pace regebat, Verg. 7, 46; 6. of other met., somnus, Ov. F. 3, 185; mors, Verg. 6, 522; oratio, Cic. or. 2, 183; sunt aliquae (sc. arbores) siluestres, aliae placidiores\* quae culta optinent, Plin. 16, 16; uuae (opposed to fruit of labrusca), Sedul. 1, 29; 7. comp. see \* above, superl. † and add Stat. Th. 12, 302; 8. plaoido adv. calmly, quietly, gently, softly, Forem hanc pausillulum (mss pausillum or paucillum) aperi; placide, ne crepa, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 35; Suspensio gradu placide ire, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 27; sedate placideque loquitur, Cic. orat. 92; placide progrediebatur, Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 2; qui plebem placidius tractarent, Sal. Cat. 39, 2.

**Placiánus**, adj. of Plancius, aedito Dianae Plancianae

(as specially worshipped by the Plancii, see Plancius), inser. Or. 2880; ait Plancianum S. C. rem (sc. de agnoscentis liberis) cessare, Ulp. dig. 25, 3, 1, 10; 2. a name adopted from the Plancia gens, M. Laeforius Plancianus, mag. eq. to dict. Q. Ogulnius Gallus n. c. 257, Fast. Cap.

**Planci**a, ae, f. dim. a female cognomen, as Munatia, Pl. dr. of L. Munatius Plancus, wife of Piso, inser. Grut. 985, 8; Tac. an. 2, 43.

**Plancius**, [prob. in orig. a patronymic from Plancus] a Roman gens, Cn. Plancius, Cic. Plane. 1; Cn. Plancius aed. cur., on a coin ap. Eckh. 5, 275, with head of Diana and a chamois on the reverse.

**plan-c-us**, adj. dim. [planus] flattish, flat,—hence a cognomen of one who has flat or square feet, uola (hollow of the instep) homiui tantum..., namque et hinc cognomina inuenta Planci Plauti Pansaer Scauri, Plin. 11, 254; Planci appellantur qui supra modum pedibus plani sunt, Fest. v. plancae 231, 3 M; so Gloss. Philox.; 2. planca as sb. f. (sc. tabula) a plank, plancae planae tabulae, Fest. ib.; plancae roboreae, Pall. 1, 21, 2; but in Plin. 8, 169 plan-carum is an idle cf. for aquarium; 3. a slab of marble, si q(uis) h(anc) planc(am)...a(mouerit) d(abit) in f(iscum) C(aesaris) H S I n(ummum), inser. Mur. 1427, 4; s(i)...h(acc) planc(a) a(mouebitur) d(ari) d(ebeunt)...H S m u., inser. Donat. 278, 3; Plancus as a cogn., as L. Munatius Plancus, consul 42 b. c.; M. Cicero L. Planco S., Cic. fam. 13, 29; Sen. N. Q. 4 pr. 5 and 6; 4. hence Fr. planche, E. plank.

**plango**, ðre, nxi, nctum, vb. [= πλῆσσω, cf. πλῆγη plāga; pal of p(a)l-ango = pal of p(a)l-am, p(a)l-anus; and pan of pando make flat] strike with a flat surface, hence lash, slap, strike, fluctus plangentis saxa, Lucr. 2, 1155; Aut ubi suspensam uestem...Verberibus uenti uersant planguntque, 6, 115; Plangebant aliae proceris tympana palmis, Catul. 64, 261; planguntur litora fluctu, Ov. her. 18 (19), 121; add 15 (16), 334 and M. 12, 118; Nunc ipsas (Boreas) alis stridentibus Alpes, Sil. 1, 589; plangebant ubera, Apul. M. 5, 7; 2. plangor as vb. r. lash oneself, Vtque suum laqueis...Crus ubi commisit uolucris sensitque teneri, Plangitur, Ov. M. 11, 75; 3. esp. from grief, scissaeque capillos Planguunt matres, Ov. M. 8, 527; Dumque uolunt plangi, per brachia mota lenatae Acre pendebant...picae, 5, 675; 4. in perf. planxi = plancus sum (cf. reuertor, deuertor), planxero sorores Naides, et sectos fratri posuere capillos, Planxere et Dryades; plangentibus assonat Echo, Ov. M. 3, 505; 5. plangens = plangens se, turba Phrygum ueniens plangentia iungit Agmina, Verg. 11, 145; add Stat. Th. 5, 651; toto litore plangentium gemitus...audiebantur, Iust. 19, 2, 10; cf. Ov. in § 4; 6. even in imperf. tenses simple for r. numquam plenas plangemus ad urnas? Lucan. 9, 68; rursus geminato uerbere plangunt, 9, 173; Thrasyllus plangere clamare, Apul. M. 8, 7; dolere et plangere, flor. 3, 16, p. 67 H; 7. as vb. impers. ab omni Plangitur arce, Stat. Th. 11, 417; 8. beat oneself (about something), and hence lament, complain, with acc., cf. queror κοπτομαι, and Fr. se plaindre, Memphiteu plangere docta bouem (sc. Apim), Tib. 1, 7, 28; Sic tendit palmam ceu sit plantura relicta Andromedam, Germ. arat. 199; neque tuus potius nunc plangeret error? Val. F. 3, 298; sua damna, Stat. Th. 11, 117; mea funera, 12, 383; 9. Fr. plaindre, E. plaint, plaintiff, com-plain.

**plātēa**, ae, adj. f. as sb. sc. uia [πλατεια, sc. ódos] a broad-way, a street (chiefly of Greek towns), Nam omnis plateas perreptaui gymnasia et myropolia, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; sterilis hinc prospectus usque ad ultimum plateamst probe, Mil. 3, 1, 15; add Capt. 4, 2, 15; Cure. 2, 2, 28; Cas. 4, 3, 2; Men. 5, 3, 5; Aul. 3, 1, 2; Cist. 2, 1, 58; G. Sed quis hic est seux quem uidio in ultima platea? A. Ipsi est, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 37; Praeterito hac recta platea sursum: ubi eo ueneris, Ad. 4, 2, 35; add 4, 5, 1; Eun. 2, 3, 53; uicos plateasque (of Bruidisium) inaedificat, Caes. b. c. 1, 27, 3; alias (turris) directis plateis (of Alexandria) mouebant, bell. Alex. 2, 5; nihil ueremur Istos qui in platēa



modo huc modo illuc..., Catn. 15, 7; Purae sunt plátēae (of Rome), Hor. ep. 2, 2, 71; strauit saxis Porphyreticis plateas in Palatio, Lampr. Hel. 24, 6; per plateas populosas, Apul. M. 8, 16; 2. note plátēa, not plátēa in every ex. of poets, implying a Gr. plátēia from πλατῆια; cf. cincecūm, conopeum, caduceus, chorea by Gr. γυναικειον etc.; 3. hence It. piazza, Fr. place, E. place.

**pláticō**, adv. [Lat. form of πλατικός] in the lump, not treated in detail, G. in Bausch und Bogen, roughly, sed in-terim platice, nam paulo post...partiliter ostendens, Firm. Mat. 2, 16, p. 30 of Basel ed.; sed haec...platice...dixisse sufficient; postea uero quatenus haec loca subtili partium definitione monstrantur, explicare curabimus, 2, 17, p. 30; in a Bemb. schol. on Ter. Phorm. pr. 17 [in medio omnibus Palmam esse positam qui artem tractant musicam]; omnibus περιφραστικως αντι του qui comoedias scribunt platice (ms platiceae) et nouis et ueteribus; 2. cf. των εν πλατει θεωρουμενων ως αγελητε και σωρος, Dion. Hal. comp. uerb. 21, 147 R; and οραται...ου κατ' απαρτισμον αλλ' εν πλατει, 24, 186; παχυμερος και πλατικως εσει τριακοντα, Achil. Tat. isag. 18, p. 137; all from Usener Rh. M. 24, 311, as also **pláticus**, adj. (from πλατικός) taken in the lump or as a whole, sed haec platice supputatio est..., partiliter uero..., Firm. Mat. 4, 10, p. 98; platiceae uiae, 2, 17, p. 30.

**plaudo**, (plodo\*), ēre, si, sus, vb. [see below] strike with a flat surface and so produce a noise, clap, slap, flap, pat, plauduntur pectine statat, Verg. Cir. 179; clypeum ter pectore plausit, Stat. Th. 7, 134; natatu aquas, silu. 1, 3, 74; 2. esp. of horses etc., plausae sonitum ceruicis amare, Verg. G. 3, 186; manibusque lacessunt Pectora plausa cauis, 12, 86; but in Ov. M. 2, 867 Merk. has palpanda; 3. of dancing, Pars pedibus plaudunt choreas, Verg. 6, 644; tellus pede plausa (al. pulsa) sororum Personat, Val. F. 3, 527; 4. of birds flapping their wings, absol. for plaudit se, alis Plaudentem nigra figit sub nube columbam, Verg. 5, 516; plausis alis, Ov. M. 14, 577; sumptis quin candida pennis Ipsa sibi plaudat...ciconia, 6, 97; with ref. to meaning cf. § 6; as also in Et plausit penis (sc. perdis) testataque gaudia cantu est, 3, 238; 5. of man with his hands, auersas inter se manus collide, non plaudent: sed palma cum palma collata plausum facit, Sen. N. Q. 2, 28, 1; ploderē\* coepimus et murmurari, Varr. s. 136, 1 R; 6. for applause, spectanti...comicos... Sapienter dicta dicere atque his plaudier, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 24; peius existimare eos qui ploderent\* quam eos qui non ploderent\*, Cic. ap. Diom. 378 P, 382, 28 K; populum manus suas in plaudendo consumere, Att. 16, 2, 3; Vatinium incidimus dis hominibusque plaudentibus, Q. fr. 2, 4, 1; Ingeniis non ille fauet plauditeque sepultis, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 88; 7. esp. on the stage; 8. esp. plaudite at the end of a play as Pl. in Amph. Mil. Triu. Cure. etc., and all of Ter.; donec cantor Vos plaudite dicat, Hor. A. P. 155; tunc est commouendum theatrum cum uentum est ad illud Plodite\*, Quint. 6, 1, 52; 9. hence met., neque sapienti usque ad Plaudite ueniendum est, Cic. sen. 70; iam dixisse rebus humanis ualere et plaudere, Apul. flor. 3, 16, p. 67 H; 10. plaudo implies a form plauido (cf. gaudeo gausus, audeo for auideo, claudio by κληιδ-) and this a sb. plau-id-, perh. a clapper, ult. from a root pal, see plango.

**plaustrārius**, (plos.\*), adj. as sb. m. [planstrum] a wagoner, Marcellinum aed(ileu) lignarj et plostrarj\* (sic) rog(ant) ut (faciatis), iusc. Or. 4265; si ex plostro lapis ceciderit et quid ruperit, plostrarium\* teneri, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 33; in Lampr. Al. S. 24, 5, Peter has claustrariorum.

**plaustridūciūs**? adj. wain-drawing, Sub te plaustriducis (so Grot. by cj., mss plaustriducis or -is) luminat iguibus, Mart. C. 9, 912 (399) of Charles's wain.

**plaustrix**, icis, f. [plaudo] a female applauder, ap. Non. v. possestrix, 150 (codd. plautrix).

**plaustrum**, (plos.\*) i, n. [plaudo :: clatrum :: claudio :: rastrum : rado etc.] perb. orig. a clapper, hence plaustra orum pl. clappers, and so a wagon as armed with clappers

to give notice of approach in the main roads of Italy; Tar- daque Eleusiniās matris uoluentia plaustra, Verg. G. 1, 163; Ruris opes paruac, pecus et stridentia lauzra, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 59; Ipse uidens onerata ferox ut ducat lazyza Per medias Histri plaustra bubulcus aquas, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 10; Dicitur et plaustris uexisse poemata Thespiis Qui canerent agerentque, Hor. A. P. 275; sequitur sua plaustra Bootes, Germ. arat. 139; altera pinum Planstra uehunt, luv. 3, 256; 2. plaustrum, i, a waggon, plus plaustrorum in aedibus Videas quam ruri, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 31; uendat plostrum\* uetus, Cato r. 2, 7; eas (sc. sues) in plaustrum imponit, orig. 11, 4 I; add 28, 9; se interfectum in plaustrum a copone esse coniectum, Cic. diu. 1, 57; si plostra\* du-centa Concurrentque foro tria funera, magna sonabit Cornua quod nincatque tubas, Hor. s. 1, 6, 42; si ex plostro\* lapis ceciderit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 33; uacuo plostro\* subiungendi (boues), Colum. 6, 2, 8; 3. of Charles's wain, or great bear, interque Triones Flexerat obliquo plaustrum temone Bootes, Ov. M. 10, 447; add Pout. 4, 10, 39; and Germ. § 1; 4. proverb, perii, planstrum per-culi, Pl. ep. 4, 2, 22; nnde prouerbium, bene plaustrum per-culit, Don. ad Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 37.

1 **plēcto**, ēre, vb. [=πληγω of πλησσω, with excrement t, E. flog] flog, chiefly as a pass., am flogged, tu iam lites au-dies, Ego plector pendens, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 43; Tergo plector enim, Hor. s. 2, 7, 105; 2. am punished, Ecastor faxim si itidem plectantur uiri..., Pl. Merc. 4, 6, 10; iure plectimur, Cic. off. 2, 28; noxiae poena par esto ut in suo uitio quisque plectatur, leg. 3, 46; Aemilius fecit, plectitur Rutilius, Scaur. ap. Cic. or. 2, 280; add Cic. off. 1, 89; canit ne qua iure plecteretur, Nep. Att. 11, 6; Quicquid delirant reges, plectuntur Achiui, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 14; add Ov. tr. 3, 5, 49; and Pout. 4, 14, 18; Phaedr. 1, 33 (31), 13; capitis poena plectetur, Ulp. dig. 48, 8, 10; add Mod. 48, 9, 9, 1; 3. with nom. of offence, ut in iudiciis sine inuidia culpa plectatur, Cic. Clu. 5; 4. with gen. ut in simulationis falsae non plectetur, Apul. mag. 2; II 5. in active voice, capite eum plectere, cod. 9, 20, 7; ni (=ne) turpassis uanitudine aetatem tuam Oro, niue plectas (so Bothe cj., mss flectas) fandi mi prolixitudi-nem (cf. this acc. with § 2), Pacuv. 123 R; quae sibi ignoscunt et plectunt deum, Auson. idyl. pr.

2 **plecto**, ēre, plexi, plexus, vb. [=πλεκω, with excrement t, root pal=pan of paudo; cf. simplex and plico are] plait, fold, wrap, involve, not found in imperf. tenses, Te Andro-macha...Insolito plexi munere, Laev. ap. Prisc. 10, p. 506 P, p. 537, 2 K; 2. plexus, plaited, interlaced, Tum caput atque umeros plexis redimire corollis, Lucr. 5, 1399; Hos (sc. flores) iudistinctis plexos tulit ipse corollis, Catul. 64, 283; scansoria ratio transuersariis et plexis conliga-tionibus continetur, Vitr. 1, 10, 2; but in Pacuv. 308 R has flexa...dictio; in Lucr. 4, 621 codd. perplexa; 3. flexa colligata significat ex Graeco, Fest. 230 b 2 M; 4. spoken of as obsolete, Eutyct. 2185 P, 484, 15 K.

**plōro**, āre, vb. [?] bawl out, cry aloud, howl, plorare flere [inclamare] nunc significat, (olim clamare), et cum praep. implorare [id est] inocare, et (at?), apud antiquos, plane inclamare;...in Serui Tulli haec est (sunt?), wh. erase [ ], insert ( ) ; si parentem (mss parentum) puer uerberit (uerberat?), ast olle plorassit, puer diuis parentum sacer esto, Fest. 230 b 15 M; interea uxorem tuam Neque gementem neque plorantem nostrum quisquam audiuimus, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 47; 2. howl with tears, cry, Ne plora. Nimis stulte facis: oculos corrumpis talis, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 3; Ne plora, nescis ut sit res Phoeuicium, Ps. 4, 4, 1; add Cncr. 1, 2, 47; 4, 2, 34; Rud. 2, 6, 73; Poen. 1, 2, 164; plorando orando, Caecil. 150 R; plorat orat, Ter. Ph. pr. 8; plorando fessus sum, Cic. Att. 15, 9, 1; discunt lacrimare decenter; Quoque uolunt plorant tempore quoque modo, Ov. a. a. 3, 292; 3. but ploro includes more than lacrimo, nec sicci sunt oculi amisso amico nec fluunt; lacrimandum est non plorandum, Sen. ep. 63, 1; 4. with acc. wail over or at, turpo commissum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 38; et non sua funera plorant, Stat. silu. 5, 3, 245; 5. with inf. wail at the



idea of, Aquam hercle plorat quom lauat profundere, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 29; me tamen... obicere incolis Plorares Aquilonibus, Hor. od. 3, 10, 4; add ep. 2, 1, 9; **6.** hence in pass. part. wept over, bewailed, Veneri p. Adonis, Ov. a. a. 1, 75; rogas, F. 4, 856; cupressus, Stat. Th. 4, 460; **7.** Fr. pleurer.

**pluit**, ūre, (?) ūit† or ūit\*, vb. impers. [akin to πλυνω wash, also to l. lauo wash (for plavo), also fluo, and so to fun of fundo] it rains, it pours, Tam hoc quidem tibi in procliuium quam imber est quando pluit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 86; Nam rus ut ibat forto ut multum pluerat\* (so best mss, R pluerat) Ingressus fluium rapidum..., Most. pr. 63; add Curc. 1, 2, 41; Has Graeci stellas Hyadas uocitare suerunt [a plueno *ὑέω* enim est pluerē], nostri imperite suculas, Cic. N. D. 2, 111; qui quia iugata uerba essent pluuiā et plueudo diceret omnem aquam oportere arceri quao plueno creuisset, top. 38; sex menses nunquam pluuisse, Liv. 40, 29, 2; **2.** with acc. sanguinem (so mss; edd. sanguine perh. rightly) pluisse senatui nuntiatum est, Cic. diu. 2, 58; add pass. in § 3 and § 6; **3.** gen. with abl., lapidibus pluuisse (so, not pluisse, Madv. gen.), Liv. 1, 31, 1, 7; 28, 7; 21, 62, 5 and 6; 26, 23, 5; 34, 45, 8; 35, 9, 4; 36, 37, 3; 38, 36, 4; 39, 22, 3; lacte pluuisse, 27, 11, 5; terra, 10, 31, 8; 35, 21, 3; creta et sanguine, 24, 10, 7; sanguine, 39, 56, 6; 42, 20, 5; 43, 13, 5; lacte et sanguine pluuisse, carne..., lana, Plin. 2, 147 (mss vary between pluuisse, pluuisse; pluuit pluit); **4.** met., nec de concussa tantum pluūt ilice glandis, Verg. G. 4, 81; Iam bellaria adorea pluebant, Stat. silu. 6, 3, 10; stridentia fundae Saxa pluunt, Th. 8, 416; effigies quae pluuit†, Plin. 2, 147; **5.** as pass. impers., qua pluuit et ninguitur, Apul. flor. 1, 2; **6.** pluens, diua pluens cruorem, Laet. carm. de pass. d. 43; **7.** in praeteritis (sc. pluit luit) n dicimus longum, in praesentis breue, Varr. l. 9, 60; pluo pluui, Prisc. 881 P, 503, 14 K (quoting Livy too); yet: ut pluit utrobique (as imp. and perf.) pronuntietur priore correpta, quamuis Plautus produxerit in Menaechmis, Consent. 2066 P, 378, 32 K.

**pōlenta**, ae, f. [pol, of polluo in sense of mix, = *φύρ*] roasted barley-meal as prepared by Greeks, pluribus fit haec (sc. polenta) modis. Graeci perfusum aqua hordeum siccant nocte una ac postero die frigunt, dein molis frangunt, Plin. 18, 72; uidetur tam puls ignota Graeciae fuisse quam Italiae polenta, 18, 84; cf. *παλιγγη*, *πολυτρα*, polentam grandem indito...; puolentam (ditto? for pul and pol) abiecit, Cato r. 108 (109); **2.** as the food of the poor and abstentious, in porridge, lymphanque roganti Dulce dedit tosta quod texerat ante polenta, Ov. M. 5, 450; add 454; Porticus (Stoicus) grandis pasta polenta, Pers. 3, 55; disce paruo esse contentus et... exclama: habemus aquam, habemus polentam, Sen. ep. 110, 18; **3.** of use as medicine, Plin. 22, 126; 27, 59; 30, 107; **4.** thin gruel made of it and so drunk, polentae tenuis cyathi duo, Scrib. 159; **5.** polenta caseata, our dish macaroni, Apul. M. 1, 4; **6.** in Maer. s. 7, 15, 10 polenta as a n. pl. seems corrupt.

**pollector\***, (-lic and -line), ōris, m. [pollingo] one who lays out a corpse, Quia mihi pollector\* (so mss) dixit qui eum pollinerat, Pl. Poen. fr. 63; equus currit pollictorem (so Fleck.) arcessere... Mortuos Demaenetus, As. 5, 9, 60; nutrix tradit pollictori\* (to this mss poiut), Varr. s. 150, 5 R; plures dies inter medici discessum et aduentum pollictoris\* (al. pollic.) interfuerunt, 173, 1; iam pollinctore parato... conualuit, Mart. 10, 97, 3; si libitinarium seruum pollinctorem habuerit, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 8; add Sid. ep. 3, 13 med.; pollictores sunt qui mortuos curant, Non. 157.

**polluctūra?** ae, f. [pollector] a wake-feast? lit. a laying out of a corpse, hence Hodie polluctura (so mss, R poluctura by ej.) praeter nos iam dabitur nemini, Pl. St. 5, 4, 6; cf. Apul. flor. 4, 19.

**polleo**, (pōleo) ūre, vb. [a byform of pendeo, cf. pondus for vowel, candeo caleo for cons.] weigh, in use always met. be weighty or powerful, auail much, Videtin uiginti minae quid pollut\* quidue possunt? Pl. As. 3, 3, 46; tanto ma-

gis ferito quanto magis potes\* pollesque, old formula ap. Liv. 1, 24, 8; Pariter (added by ej. of THK) tibi in utraque parte pollet\* et pariter potest, Afran. 226 R; add poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 69; harum duarum ad fidem faciendam iustitia plus pollet, off. 2, 34; perorandi locum, ubi plurimum pollet oratio, Brut. 190; add 242; and Sal. Iug. 25, 6; **2.** esp. of medicinal potency, aduersus scorpiones, Plin. 20, 171; contra anginas, 24, 171; **3.** part. pollens as adj. weighty, powerful, genus pollens, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 28; animus abunde pollens\* potensque, Sal. Iug. 1, 3; add Cat. 6, 3; Iug. 30, 4; classis pollens, Vell. 1, 2, 3; **4.** with abl., equo, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 55; uenenis, Val. F. 6, 85; **5.** with inf., uox cunctis pollutior herbis Excantare, Lucan. 6, 685; tractare uulgum, Sil. 14, 81; **6.** as sb. lord, uini pollens... Liber, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 21; **7.** comp. § 5; add Tert. Psych. 6; sup. Sol. 2, 22; **8.** note union of possum and polleo above\*; but in Liv. 2, 34 Madv. om. pollutem; and inscr. Or. 1555 is susp.; **9.** polet, pollet quia nondum geminabant antiqui consonantem, Fest. 205 a 16 M.

**pollingo**, ūre, nxi, nctus, vb. [por+lingo, a lost vb. (=Germ. leg-en, E. lay) whence lectus superlectilis etc.] lay out a corpse, see pollector § 1; met., cuius pollincto iam corpori senectutem tuam distrauisti, Val. M. 7, 7, 4; iam eum pollinctum iam cenae paratum contemplatus pertractauit corpus et inuenit uitam latentem, Apul. flor. 4, 19; **2.** met. anoint as a corpse, embalm, uoluptatem medicamentis pollinctam, Sen. uit. b. 7, 3; **3.** polingo polinxi *σοροπλοκω*, Charis. 245, 12 K; add exc. 565, 9; pollingo *περιστελλω νεκρον...ταρχευω σοροπλοκω*, Gloss. Philox.

**polluo**, ūre, ui, ūtus, vb. [not a comp. of lauo wash, but *πολ*=*μολ* of *μολυνω*] pollute, defile, in a religious sense, first physically, Turba sonans (sc. Harpyiae)... Polluit ore dapes, Verg. 3, 234; nec polluit ora cruore, Ov. M. 15, 98; pollui cuncta sanie, Tac. an. 4, 49; pollutus homicida sanguine, Liv. 45, 5, 4; no sanguine cernam Polluta hospitia, Sil. 11, 337; **2.** gen., ne cum delati essent in mare, ipsum polluerent (sc. parricidae), Cic. Rosc. Am. 71; qui omnia deorum hominumque iura nouo scelere polluerit, Phil. 11, 29; quae (sacra) ab isto polluta ac uiolata sunt, Verr. 2, 5, 187; Pollueritque nouo sacra marita toro, Prop. 4 (3), 20, 26; omnes caerimonias polluimus, Liv. 6, 41, 9; **3.** esp. of treaties, violate, polluta pace, Verg. 7, 467; hic erit ille Qui polluta dolis iam foedera sanciet ensis, Sil. 11, 323; **4.** of women, defile, debauch, cum fratris filiam incesto polluisset, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 6; coniuges sorores quo polluuatur, Tac. Agr. 31; palicem regiam p., an. 12, 46; Stuproque turpi pollui famam domus, Phaedr. 3, 10, 17; **5.** gen., auaritia sine modo inuadere, polluere et uastare omnia, Sal. Iug. 41, 9; auro ne pollue formam, Tib. 1, 9, 17; aures hominum, Tac. an. 3, 50.

**pōmēridiā-nus**, adj. [pomeridie] of the afternoon, pomeridianas quadrigas quam posmeridianas (so Ritschl for postm. of mss), Cic. orat. 157; pom. tempus, or. 3, 17; pom. sessio, 3, 121; pom. scholis, Quint. 3, 1, 14; postm. umbra, Vitr. 1, 6, 6; postm. horis, Suet. gram. 24.

**pōmēridie**, as adv. [for posmeridie, see pos] after midday, inde pomeridie (antiquorum), Quint. 9, 4, 39.

**pōmum**, i, n. [for opomum, op the root and seen in Ops goddess of fruit or produce, and so akin to *σπ-ωρα* fruit season, and our prov. opple=apple, and Germ. obst, old G. op-az] fruit gen. incl. apple, pear, plum, peach, cherry, sorb, and even fig, nnt. date, grape and walnut, solum hoc pomum (sc. nucem glandem) natura compactili operimento clausit, Plin. 15, 88; Strata iacent passim sua quaeque (al. quaque) sub arbore poma, Verg. B. 7, 55; sunt ponia grauantia ramos, Ov. M. 13, 812; **2.** of the fig, ficus densissima pomis, Ov. F. 2, 253; ficus ibi exilia poma, Plin. 12, 22; ei (sc. ficui) serius folium nascitur quam pomum, 16, 113; add 15, 74 and 17, 247; **3.** of nut-kiud, An-nua cultori poma referre suo, Ov. nuc. 6; add 163;



4. of date, coma (sc. palmae) omnis in cacumine et pomum est, Plin. 13, 30; 5. of grape, poma Lyaei, Nemes. 3, 38; qui pomum recepit, nuces et ficos et uvas duntaxat duracinas...recepta uideri, Paul. dig. 50, 16, 205; add Colum. 12, 44, 8; 6. mushrooms and even truffles, Tubera boletis poma secunda sumus, Mart. 13, 50, 2; 7. at times more limited, Pomum holus ficum uam, Afr. 300 R; oleum ficus poma non habet, Cic. oecon. 20; Vatinus optinuerat ut aediles edicerent ne quis in arcuam nisi pomum misisse uellet...Cascellius consultus an nux pinea pomum esset, respondit: si iu Vatinium missurus es, pomum est, Macr. s. 2, 6, 1; 8. a fruit-tree, oleas ulmos ficos poma uites...cum seres, bene cum radicibus eximito, Cato r. 28, 1; Poma quoque...ad sidera...nituntur, Verg. G. 2, 426; poma serantur inseranturque, Plin. 18, 240; add Plin. cp. 5, 6, 35; 9. Serv. ad B. 2, 51 idly implies an obs. scense.

**pōmus**, i, f. a fruit-tree, Tunc nictus abiere feri, tunc consita pomus, Tib. 2, 1, 43; in Plin. 15, 20 read hoc p. demptum.

1 **pōr**, insep. prep. [=E. for] forward, forth, off, out, before, beforehand, as in porteo (por-creo), porricio (for por-icio), por-rigo, por-tendo and assimilated in pol-lex, pol-licior, pol-liquo. Hence pro or rather proe for por-oe, and por-ro.

2 **por**, for puer, slave-boy, in compounds, a puero composita Publipor Publiporis et Marcipor Marciporis. Sic Probus, ita enim autiqui pro Publilii puer et Marci puer dicebant, Prisc. 700 P, 236, 11 K; P. Rubrio Latino Sici-nius P. por patrouo suo b. m. inser. Grut. 952, 11. Cf. also Caipor, Lucipor, Olipor, Quintipor.

**pora**, for puera, slave-girl, Iulia Aexia M. Iul. pora.

**porca**, ae, f. [por, a variety of col plough, wh. itself is for pol-ough] a furrow, porcae appellatur rari sulci...aquae deriuandae gratia dicti quod porcant (porcant?), id est prohibent (M. cj. prohibeant) aquam frumentis nocere, Fest. p. 218 b 16; satum frumentum operiunt in porcis, Varr. r. 1, 30, 2; 2. less correctly the ridge between the furrows, quod est inter duos sulcos, elata terra dicitur porca quod ea seges frumentum porricit, 1, 30, 3; add Varr. l. 5, 4 f.; 3. also a ridge of great breadth, liras rustici nocant easdem porcas cum sic arumul est ut inter duos latius distantes sulcos medius cumulus siccam pedem frumentis praebat, Colum. 2, 4, 8; liranter una (sc. opera) iugera quattuor, cum in subacta terra laterios porcae sulcantur, 11, 2, 46; semina...in summo porcae dorso collocanda, 11, 3, 44; 4. when two things necessarily lie by each other their meanings interchange, as lira wh. see, E. dyke and ditch, Germ. furche (cf. Campe's Lex.). Note that furche, furrow and porca are one word.

**porticus**, ūs, f. [ult. from a lost vb. por go, =E. fare and πορ of πορευομαι] lit. a walk or mall, in use a covered walk, with a roof to keep off sun and rain, often supported on columns, the Gr. στοα or στοια (for στογια ὄδος from στεγ-ω), arcade, colonnade, gallery, portico, ea cingemus excelsa porticu ut mille passuum conficiatur, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 14; porticum pauimentatam trecentum pedum, p. dom. 116; porticus haec ipsa ubi nunc ambulamus, or. 2, 20; summam dignitatem pauimentata porticus habebat, Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; Porticibus lougis fugit, Verg. 2, 528; Illos porticibus rex accipiebat in amplis, 3, 353; quanam nunc porticus illam Integit? Prop. 3, 17 (23), 5; Hic ruidis aestiuas praestabat porticibus umbras, Mart. 1, 12, 5; constituantur in tribus porticibus exedrae spatiosae habentes sedes in quibus philosophi...sedentes dispartare possint, Vitr. 5, 11, 2; add Sen. N. Q. 1 pr. 7; ep. 115, 8; Labeo ap. Nerat. dig. 39, 2, 47 speaks of a portico built over two houses; 2. esp. the so-called porch of the Stoics, Chrysippum qui fulcire putatur porticum Stoicorum, Cic. acad. pr. 75; ex eadem porticu prudentiorum hominum, Gell. 12, 5, 10; 3. colonnade of a temple, Namque Aesculapi liberorum saucii opplent porticus, Enn. tr. 16 V; 4. a covered way in fortification, pedaliibus lignis coniunctis inter se porticus integebantur,

Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 3; 5. a roof as for hive-depôt, conuenit aluearia porticibus supermniri, Colum. 9, 7, 4; porticu protecta uasa, 9, 14, 14; 6. a gallery in upper part of a house.

**pōs** (pus), prep. or adv. [for op-os and that for op-ios, comp. of ob, wh. =επι and E. aft.; for loss of o cf. pomum, bouus; for loss of i cf. minor, primores; for root op cf. οπ-ισ-ω, οπ-ισθ-εν, οπ-αδος] after, Postquam ego me aurum ferre dixi pos (so BC) tu factus Charmides, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 134; Pos (so at least p' in D, i. e. pos, just as p'sidet in Gai. 4, 150 means possidet), id frumentum quom alibi messis maxumast..., 2, 4, 128; Praetēr hae si mihi tale pōs (so at least p' in C) hunc diem Faxis..., Men. 1, 2, 3; Parcat illis magi qui pos sint cui fidem esse existimem, Lucil. ap. Non. 370; nactae pos sunt (miss possunt, edd. savo Munro post sunt) tamen unde puellas Suscipere...posseut, Lucr. 4, 1252; postergum, Caes. b. g. 7, 84, 4 (B); posse (= post sc), b. c. 3, 31, 2 (a); Cur petis posttempus consilium? Quod rogas non est, CIL 1454; in mur(o) postemplum dini Augusti, inser. Or.-Henz. 6859; poscolumnam, inser. Mar. 182 and 258; pos (so P) multas tempestates, Sal. Iug. 73, 7; ut te pos (or pns) multa (implied in ut tempus of ms a 1), Verg. 2, 283; longo pos tempore (for P has posttempore with t above), B. 1, 29; and 6, 409 (so b); pos Troiae excidium (so at least b 1 c, and Serv. in ms Bern. a), Verg. 5, 626; pos tergum (so b 1 c), 1, 296; pos terga, 2, 57 (b); and 11, 81 (γc); quia mo pos multas iniurias parentem sibi amuegauerit (sic), inser. Or. 1175; pos ad(em) Cast(oris), 4195; pos multum, inser. (Christ.) Rh. Mus. 8, 516; pos se (seems meant by posset R a d, possit V), Plin. 26, 91; An et ipsa palmae uinctas pos tergum datas...? Sen. Phoen. 215; Terrasque suas pos terga uidens, Med. 303 (so Peiper-Richter pr. xlv, xlvi); pos terga (so B), Pedito ap. Sen. suas. p. 7, 29 Burs.; pos legem datam, Hygin. de cond. agr. p. 118, 6 Lachm.; ut pos te relinquas orientem, M. Inn. Niss. p. 294, 6; casa pos si (= post se) finem habet, p. 329, 12 (opp. to finis ante sc habentem of l. 3); 2. compar. poserus for posterus, superl. posimus, wh. see; 3. cf. posquam, poshac, posilla, posmeridianus or posum., posterganeus, poscaenium; and pomerium; also pus-tertiu of Iguv. tab. 1 b 40 Husehke, and pus-ueres, 1 a 7, 14 and 24, opp. to pre-ueres, 11 and 20; also Skr. pas-kat after and pas-cha after-coming, Lith. pas-kui afterwards, and O. Prus. pans-dau the same; see also Ritschl Rh. M. 7, 573; G. Curt. Kuhn's Z. 1, 268; Ribbeck's Verg. Proleg. 442; 4. hence Fr. puis, Sp. pues.

**posca**, ac, f. [pos as root of ποσκα, poculum, potio; cf. es-ca from es- eat] drink, Tun tantilli doni causa olerum atque escarum et poscarum...? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 59; 2. esp. an acid drink used by soldiers, Alii ebrii sunt, alii poscam potitant, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 23; ipse eibis castrensibus utens, hoo est larido caseo et posca, Spart. Hadr. 10, 2; (cf. praeter lardum ac buccellatum atque acetum militum in expeditione portare prohibuit, Vuleat. Avid. 5, 3); add Suct. Viti. 12; 3. same in medical use, decoquatur in posca doluri dentium, Plin. 27, 29; posca (coluere) oculos contra lippitudines, 28, 56; si plus doloris est,...davidus panis ex posca frigida, Cels. 4, 12, p. 137, 25 D (4, 5).

**pōshāc**, adv. [older form of posthac from pōs+hāc] after this, hereafter, me ut amet poshac (so P), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 66.

**pōsilla** (pūs.), older form of postilla, since that day, Neque patrem umquam pōsilla (n...illa B 1, p'illa° B 2) usquam (usquam added by T H K) uidi. Quid, nos tum patri..., Pl. Men. 5, 9, 58; see pos.

**pōsimus**, adj. superl. [pōs after, wh. see] last of all, posthumous, a cognomen, M...M. I. Posimus, iuscr. Grut. 251, 2; cf. comp. poserus=posterus and postumus; 2. hitherto taken ποσιμος, wh. wd. mean drinkable, not =Bibulus.

**pōsitus**, ūs, m. [pos of pōno] position, Nam dubium positu melius defensa manune Vrbs erat..., Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 23; add a. a. 3, 151; and med. f. 19; p. regionis, Tac. an.



4, 5; qui uiuos incidere considerant, quae ca quae natura ante clausis edit corumque positum, colorem..., Cels. pr. 5, 2 Dar.; de posit ossium, tit. of 8, 1.

**posmeridianus**, (pūsm-) adj. [pos meridiem, see pos] of the afternoon, posmeridianas quoque quadrigas inquit (Cicero) libentius dixerim quam postmeridianas, Vel. L. 2237, 13 P (referring to orat. 157); erunt fortasse alterae pusmeridianae (pūsm...uc M), Cic. Att. 12, 53.

**pos-quam**, adv. [older form of postquam, see pos] after that, after, as first in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 43 (Ba); Mil. 2, 1, 46 (Cda); p'quam, 2, 1, 43 (B); p'qui corrected to p'quam, 4, 8, 21 (D); pquam (for p'quam i.e. posquam), Ps. 5, 1, 24, (Ba) pesquam (for posquam), Poen. pr. 104; 2. p'quam, Varr. s. 177. 4 R (Leid.); posquam, Catul. 11, 23 (D); Ov. M. 5, 39 ap. Prisc. 254, 5; Posquam res Asiae..., Verg. 3, 1, as quoted by Marius V. p. 2467 P.

**pos-sideo**, ēre (no perf. or sup.) vb. [pot of potis + sedeo] lit. hold possession of by power, be in p. of, possess, hold, Et quid (al. Ecquid) uideo? Ferro saeptus possidet scdis sacras, Enn. tr. 375 V; ut partem fuitumū agri per uim occupatam possident, Caes. b. c. 6, 12, 4; qui (agri) ab Hiempsale possidentur, Cic. agr. 2, 10; cum forum armatis cateruis perditurum hominum possideres (so mss, Graev. and Bait. by ej. obsideres), Cic. p. dom. 110; adeo indignum uisum eius soli quod ipse bello captum possideret haberet-que inuentum Komae emptorem, Liv. 26, 11, 7; Cum de luero duorum quaeratur, melior est causa possidentis, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 126, 2; si de fundo uel aedibus iudicatur eum potiorē esse praetor iubet qui eo tempore quo interdictum redditur...possidet, Gai. 4, 150; 2. in law, hold by a title, be owner of, qui in aliena potestate sunt rem peculiarem tenere possunt, habere possidere non possunt, quia possessio non tantum corporis sed et iuris est, Papin. dig. 41, 2, 49, 1; quod bonorum possessio spectetur in uniuersis quae teneri et possideri possint, Cic. Quinet. 89; met. iniuria falsum nomen possidere Philocomasium postulas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 27; palmam, Most. 1, 1, 32; Haec huius saeculi mores in se possidet, Truc. pr. 13; qui plus fidei quam artis possidet in se, Cic. Rosc. com. 17 (in both of wh. note in se); magnam possidet religionem paternus maternusque sanguis, Rose. Am. 66; Possidet hunc Iani sic mea meuse diem, Ov. F. 2, 586.

**pos-sido**, ēre, scdi, sensus, vb. [pot of potis + sīdo] take possession of, come or enter into possession of, seize, ixx oppida ui atque armis possedissee, Liv. 42, 23, 2; Pompeii bona siue testamento possederat, Cic. or. 2, 283; bona (Dolabellae) consuit publice possidenda, Phil. 11, 15, as public property, i.e. to be confiscated; so: in bona L. Scipionis possessum publice quaestores praetor misit, Liv. 38, 608; duo fuero maximi uiuones per omne aenom; utrumque possedit Cleopatra, Plin. 9, 119; 2. met., quibus rebus totum hominem totamque eius praetura possederat, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 158; acr omne necessit inter corpora quod fiat possidit in aue, Luer. 1, 386; quem quisque locum possidit..., 1, 966; circumfluus unor Vltimā possidit, Ov. M. 1, 31.

**post**, prep. [for ὀπός, o lost, t exerescent; ὀπ-ός for ὀπ-ός; ob = ερ of ἐπι, prob. from ἐπ-ουα; opios = E. aft-er, Go. afar; while Go. adj. afara = Skr. apara, and sup. posimus and postumus = Go. aft-nma, Skr. apama; cf. for root ὀπ-ἰσ-ω, ὀπ-ἰσ-ε-ν, of wh. ὀπ-ἰσ- again is a compar.] after, first with motion, following, cum ad id (sc. intermedium) peruenerint apes atque ingressae fuerint post odorem, Pall. 5, 8, 3; 2. with rest, behind, in the rear of, occipere aliae mulieres, Duac sic post me fabulari inter sese, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 53; cum Mamertini creuem fixisset post urbem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 169; quod (flumen) esse post nostra castra demonstratum est, Caes. b. g. 2, 9, 3; repente post tergum equitatus cernitur, 7, 88, 3; add 2, 19, 3; 7, 83, 7; qui castra aggredierentur post montes circummisit, Liv. 4, 18, 4; add 22, 4, 3; tu post carecta latebas, Verg. B. 3, 20; post equitem sedet atra cura, Hor. od. 3, 1, 40; add Ov. am. 3, 2, 23; Heate in Ephesi in templo Dianae post aedem (two of oldest mss post caedem, perh. pos aedem), Plin. 36, 32; add

Lucan. 3, 233; Quint. 11, 3, 21; Q. Curt. 4, 12 (45), 9; see pos; 3. as adv. the same, seruos qui post erant, Cic. Mil. 29; neque post respiciens neque anto prospiciens, Varr. s. 159, 4 R; II 4. prep. of time, after, siue, post hunc diem, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 21; Mil. 2, 6, 82; sexenuo post Veios captos, Cic. diu. 1, 100; post has miserias... nihil esse actum aliud cum dignitate, fam. 4, 4, 3; quum fundum secunda fortuna emisset in diem neque post calamitatem uersuram facere potuisset, Nep. Att. 9, 5, 5; 5. esp. with perf. part., since, optimus longe Post homines natos, Lucil. ap. Cic. opt. g. o. 17; causa est post urbem conditam haec inuenta sola in qua omnes sentirent unum, Cat. 4, 14; longe post natos homines improbissimus, Brut. 224; add Mil. 69; Balb. 26;

6. with neut. pron., after this, then, as p. hoc, post hoc securus cadat an recto stet fabula talo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 175; quieuque praetor post hoc factus crit, lex Pap. ap. Fest. 347 a 5 M; add Plin. ep. 5, 1, 61. Mart. 4, 73, 8; Calp. 3, 59; Suet. gram. 3; p. haec, post haec praecipitem darem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 20; Nec tibi me post haec committet Cynthia, Prop. 1, 4, 19; numquam post haec usura, 1, 16 (15), 13 (see Lachm.); add Colum. 3, 4, 3 (al. hoc); 12, 2, 1; 12, 38, 2 (al. hoc); Quint. 6 pr. 9; Suet. Ner. 25, and Vit. 5; p. quae, Tac. an. 3, 17; Cels. 4, 2, 4; 5, 27, 13; for post id see postid;

7. as adv. afterwards, Post animi causa mihi nauem faciam, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 27; Post eum demum huc eras duam, As. 5, 2, 65; Quod faciendum sit fortasse post, hoc nunc si feceris, Ter. Hec. 4, 3, 3; de Capitone post uiderimus, Cic. Rosc. Am. 84; consequens enim est et post oritur, fin. 3, 22; rursus aliis, post aliis munitari, Sall. Iug. 55, 8; 8. esp. after postquam, then, Postquam comedit rem, post rationem putat; Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 15; Postquam ego me aurum ferre dixi, post tu factus Charmides, 4, 2, 133; add 4, 2, 156; 9. with an abl. of the how long, first before post, paucis diebus post Tareuti emortuost, Pl. Men. pr. 36; recepi me biennio post, Cic. Brut. 316; auno post Paulus paruit, diu. 2, 71; quas anno post administrauisset, Brut. 218; anno post Agrippa moritur, Liv. 2, 16, 7;

10. with post between the nouns, multis post annis, Cic. Flac. 56; paucis post diebus, or. 2, 276; Liv. 42, 37, 1; tertio post die, 37, 38, 5; diebus post paucis, 37, 12, 9; 11. with post first, Nam aiunt tecum (eam) post duobus concubuisse mensibus, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 33; Quam te post multis tueur tempestatibus, Pacuv. 319 R; post paucis diebus, Liv. 32, 5, 10; 40, 47, 4; 40, 57, 2; post aliquanto, Cic. Cat. 3, 11; orat. 107; rep. 3, 59; Liv. 2, 31, 4; post paulo, Caes. b. c. 1, 20, 4; b. g. 7, 60, 4; Liv. 32, 25, 8; post tanto, Verg. G. 3, 476; 12. theu. with an acc. by a sort of attraction to post as if a prep., aliquot post menses (some months after) homo occisus est, Cic. Rosc. Am. 128; at idem Pericles non fecit annum fere post quinquagesimum, Att. 7, 11, 3; ablato post undecimum annum a plebe consulatu, Liv. 7, 18, 1; paucas post horas, 31, 24, 7; paucos post dies, 37, 45, 20; 41, 25, 6; III 13. in enumeration, as prep. after, or adv. next, then, Primum omnium...; Post id locorum...; Post autem...; Post id quum lassus fueris et famelicus Noctu ut condigne te cubes curabit, Cas. 1, 16, 31; Ensiculus aureolus primum literatus... post altrinsecus aniceps securiculast, Rud. 4, 4, 114; 14. of order in worth, power etc. after, in Sal. Hor. and later writers, uti sua necessaria post illius honorem duceret, Sal. Iug. 73, 6; neque erat Lydia post Chloen, Hor. od. 3, 9, 6; ciuium post unum (sc. Augustum) eminentissimus, Vell. 2, 99, 1; tantus crit ambitiosus furor ut nemo tibi post te uideatur si aliquis ante te fuerit, Sen. ep. 104, 9; piscium... grauissimū sunt..., deinde..., tum... post quos leniores nulli et post hos omnes saxatiles, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 23 Dar.; 15. also as adv., ubi periculum aduenit inuidia atque superbia post fuere, were found in the rear, slunk away; 16. cf. aute.

**postē**, adv. [for postid, wh. see] after this, afterwards, then, chiefly in Pl., Poste (so mss uet., al. Post eum) demum hunc (so R, mss huc) eras adducam ad lenam ut uiginti minas..., As. 5, 2, 65; Poste (so B, al. postea) hac nocte non quieui satis mea ex sententia, Merc. 2, 3, 36; Poste (so B, A postea, al. post haec) unguenta multiguerum mala. Non uendo logos, St. 2, 3, 59; Deos salutabo inodo; poste ad te (postead te A, al. postea ad te) continuo transeo, 4, 2, 43;

17. with post between the nouns, multis post annis, Cic. Flac. 56; paucis post diebus, or. 2, 276; Liv. 42, 37, 1; tertio post die, 37, 38, 5; diebus post paucis, 37, 12, 9; 11. with post first, Nam aiunt tecum (eam) post duobus concubuisse mensibus, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 33; Quam te post multis tueur tempestatibus, Pacuv. 319 R; post paucis diebus, Liv. 32, 5, 10; 40, 47, 4; 40, 57, 2; post aliquanto, Cic. Cat. 3, 11; orat. 107; rep. 3, 59; Liv. 2, 31, 4; post paulo, Caes. b. c. 1, 20, 4; b. g. 7, 60, 4; Liv. 32, 25, 8; post tanto, Verg. G. 3, 476; 12. theu. with an acc. by a sort of attraction to post as if a prep., aliquot post menses (some months after) homo occisus est, Cic. Rosc. Am. 128; at idem Pericles non fecit annum fere post quinquagesimum, Att. 7, 11, 3; ablato post undecimum annum a plebe consulatu, Liv. 7, 18, 1; paucas post horas, 31, 24, 7; paucos post dies, 37, 45, 20; 41, 25, 6; III 13. in enumeration, as prep. after, or adv. next, then, Primum omnium...; Post id locorum...; Post autem...; Post id quum lassus fueris et famelicus Noctu ut condigne te cubes curabit, Cas. 1, 16, 31; Ensiculus aureolus primum literatus... post altrinsecus aniceps securiculast, Rud. 4, 4, 114; 14. of order in worth, power etc. after, in Sal. Hor. and later writers, uti sua necessaria post illius honorem duceret, Sal. Iug. 73, 6; neque erat Lydia post Chloen, Hor. od. 3, 9, 6; ciuium post unum (sc. Augustum) eminentissimus, Vell. 2, 99, 1; tantus crit ambitiosus furor ut nemo tibi post te uideatur si aliquis ante te fuerit, Sen. ep. 104, 9; piscium... grauissimū sunt..., deinde..., tum... post quos leniores nulli et post hos omnes saxatiles, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 23 Dar.; 15. also as adv., ubi periculum aduenit inuidia atque superbia post fuere, were found in the rear, slunk away; 16. cf. aute.

**postē**, adv. [for postid, wh. see] after this, afterwards, then, chiefly in Pl., Poste (so mss uet., al. Post eum) demum hunc (so R, mss huc) eras adducam ad lenam ut uiginti minas..., As. 5, 2, 65; Poste (so B, al. postea) hac nocte non quieui satis mea ex sententia, Merc. 2, 3, 36; Poste (so B, A postea, al. post haec) unguenta multiguerum mala. Non uendo logos, St. 2, 3, 59; Deos salutabo inodo; poste ad te (postead te A, al. postea ad te) continuo transeo, 4, 2, 43;



Poste (so Fleck., mss postea) ibo lautum in puelum; ibi fouebo senectutem meam, 4, 1, 62; Poste (so R, post te BCD) antem illic hircus alius qui saepe actate in sua..., Men. 5, 2, 85; Poste (so R, mss postea) nequiquam exornast bene, si morast male, Most. 1, 3, 132; neque lacte lacti...similiust Quam hic tuist tuque huius autem; poste (so R, mss postea) eandem patriam ac patrem Memorast, Men. 5, 9, 31; Poste ut (so R, A postea, al. post ut) ocepit narrare fidicinas tibicinas, St. 2, 2, 56; Poste (so R, mss postea) autem cum primo luci cras nisi ambo occidero, Cist. 2, 1, 49; Postē recumbite uestraque pectora pellite tonsis, Enn. ap. Fest. 356 b 2 M; cf. Ritschl's opusc. 2, 541 ff.

**postea**, adv. [for post-eam, cf. postquam; also antea (anteam) and antequam] after this or that, afterwards, then, P. Quid ego hoc faciam postea, mea? D. Sic sine eumpse. P. Age tu interim, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 32; Si auctoritatem postea defugeris, Poen. 1, 1, 19; A. Quis me amplectetur postea? H. Nunc ego sum fortunatus, 5, 4, 92; quid tum postea? Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 79; si forte eos primus aspectus mundi conturbauerat, postea cum uidissent..., Cic. N. D. 2, 90; qui et in exercitu L. Stullae et postea in M. Crassi fuerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 4; 2. with deinde, legati deinde postea missi ab rege, Liv. 41, 24, 20; but the passage inde (from Amphipolis) postea, 44, 24, 9; and postea...deinceps (in succession) 45, 14, 2 not in point; 3. of order of merit, fertilissima omnium inoculatio, postea emplastratio, Plin. 17, 121; 4. with loci, postea loci consul uictor peruenit in oppidum, Sal. lug. 102, 1. See locus.

**postid**, adv. [prob. for posteid = postein, a comp. of post; cf. anteid] afterwards, then, only in Pl., Postid cum lassus fueris et famelicus, Cas. 1, 42; Postid igitur deinde ut animus meus erit faciam palam, St. 1, 2, 29; Postid ego (pronounced postid yo) tecum mea uoluptas usque ero, Truc. 2, 4, 67; Postid ego manum te (a dat.) inieciam quadrupuli uenefica, (so Bothe ej., mss ego te manum or ego in te manum, and quadrupus), Truc. 4, 2, 49 (52); Postid (or pos id; see pos) frumenti quom alibi messis maxumast, 2, 4, 128; Postid si deprensi (so W. Wagner, mss prensi) simus, excusemus ebrios, Aul. 4, 10, 19; Diphilus Hanc Graece scripsit postid rursum denuo Latine Plautus, Cas. pr. 33; 2. with locorum (of time, see locus) Eradicare certumst cum primis patrem Postid locorum matrem, Truc. 3, 1, 16; P. l. quauo ad uillam ueneris, Cas. 1, 32; P. l. tu mi amanti ignoscito, Poen. 1, 1, 16; cf. postidea; 3. Post id written separ. prob. an error; 4. hence poste.

**postid-eā**, adv. [for postid-eam, cf. postid and postea] afterwards, then, postid-eā loci Qui deliquit uapulabit, qui uon deliquit bibet, Pl. Cist. fin.; (Cas. Ritschl op. 2, 269 by slip); postid-eā loci Si hoc eduxeris proinde nt consetus antehac celeriter..., St. 5, 5, 17; and prob. postidea domum Me rursum quantum potero tantum recipiam, Aul. 1, 2, 40 (wh. W. Wagner with mss postidem).

**postidem**? adv. the same? See just above, but indidem (from idem) to which W. W. refers is scarcely analogous.

**postillā**, postillam\*, posillā, adv. [pos old prep., illam acc. or rather dat.] from or since that time, Set cum qui mihi illam uendidit numquam postilla uidi, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 43; Minā mihi argenti dono postilla datast, Poen. 1, 2, 21; Is mihi explicauit meam rem postillam\* (so V) lucro, 3, 5, 5; Nam ego quidem postquam illam dudum tibi dedi atque abii ad forum, Nunc redeo, nunc te postilla uideo, Men. 4, 3, 11 (wh. note postilla as referring to postquam); Neque patrem umquam pōsillat (p. illa Ba, p'illa, i.e. posilla, B b) usquam (usquam cj.; mss om.) uidi, 5, 9, 58; add St. 4, 1, 24; saepe postillam\* (so mss) operam rei publicae fortem perhibuit, Cato orig. 19, 12 Iord.; ita sola Postillā germana soror errare uidebar, Enn. an. 42; puerum primus Priamo qui foret, Postilla natus temperaret tollere, poet. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 42; Tum illam relinquere hic este uirtus; posillat hunc (so Aa, nunc Ab; hic? Lachm. cj. post ibi) primum audio, Quid illo sit factum, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 33; prima eotioast acerima: Si eam sustinueris, postillam\* (so Don. and Aa; postilla iam Ab) ut lubet Iudas licet, Ter. Ph. 2, 2,

33; add Eun. 1, 2, 48; Nec sibi postillā metuebant talia uerba, Catul. 84, 9.

**postquamdē**, conj. [=postquam], egomet postquamde (so A) illas audiuī loqui, Coepi rursum uorsum ad illas paussillatim accedere, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 62.

**post-ūlo**, āre, vb. dim. [from root pos, whence pos-e-o, with t exrescent] first in law ask (of a magistrate as a suppliant), petition for, postulare est desiderium suum uel amici sui in iure apud eum qui iurisdictioni praestet exponere..., Ulp. dig. 1, 3, 1 de postulando; sei postulabit quei petet pr(actor) recuperatores...dato, CIL 197, 10; coram eo qui postulauer(it), 198, 40; 205, 1, 9 and 15; cum in P. Gabinium L. Piso delationem nominis postulare, Cic. Caecil. 64; 2. hence accuse, take legal proceedings against, (perh. with uocandum in ius underst.), Gabinium tres factiones postulant, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 15; postulat me praetore de pecuniis repetundis, p. Corn. 1, p. 934 Baiter; postulaudum me lege Scantinia curant..., ego Appium censorem eadem lege postulauī, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 12, 3; ut quadringentos reos postulare, Plin. 33, 33; Homo ad praetorem plorabundus denenit Infit ibi postulare plorans eiulans Vt sibi liceret miluom uaduari, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 39; 3. with gen. of charge, impictatis, Plin. ep. 7, 33, 7; captis, Papin. dig. 46, 1, 53; repetundarum, Suet. Caes. 4; iniuriarum, Aug. 56; 4. with abl. repetundis, Tac. an. 3, 38; 5. with de, de maiestate, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 15; de repctundis, fam. 8, 8, 2; de ui, p. red. in sen. 19; de ambitu, Q. fr. 2, 3, 5; 6. beyond legal sphere, beg, request, ask, tu paucis expedi quid postulas, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 58; et ius et aequom postulas, St. 3, 1, 22; neque quicquam unquam nisi honestum alter ab altero postulat, Cic. am. 82; ob eam rem se ad senatum uenisse auxilium postulat, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 9; add 1, 42, 1; 7. claim, expect, demand (as a right), esp. with aequom, aequom postulabat senex, Pl. St. 4, 1, 53; iam postulabas te impurata belua Totam Siciliam deoraturum insulam? Rud. 2, 6, 60; quid impurate?... tuae mercedis gratia Nos nostras aedis postulat comburere? Aul. 2, 6, 12; o facinus impudicum Quam liberam esse oporteat seruire postulare! Rud. 2, 3, 63; add As. 1, 3, 37; Ps. 3, 2, 62; Capt. 2, 2, 89; 5, 1, 18; num iniquom postulo? Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 64; Immo enim nunc quam maxime abs te postulo atque oro Chreme Vt..., Andr. 5, 1, 4; add Haut. 5, 3, 9; dasue igitur hoc? Do sane si postulas, Cic. leg. 1, 21; omnia ad senatum reiciam quaecumque postulat Antonius, Phil. 12, 28; postulat magis quam petebat ut\* matrem sibi restitueret, Curt. 4, 1, 2 (8); hence as sb. n. postulatam, a demand, intolerabilia postolata retulerunt, Cic. fam. 12, 4, 1; add Phil. 12, 28 bis; sua quoque ad eum postulata deferre, Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 1; add 1, 5 f.; 3, 16, 2; 8. met. with abstract nom., claim, call for, demand, Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adfert (al. defert) alios mores postulat, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 18; tempus necessitasque, Cic. off. 1, 81; res...ut\*..., or. 2, 313; amicitia et fides, fam. 2, 16, 7; sollicitudines leuare† tua te prudentia p., Lucc. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 14, 2; 9. with ut, see \* above §§ 7 and 8; 10. with acc. and inf. see † above, and add Pl. Men. 2, 3, 88; Aul. 4, 1, 3; Capt. 3, 5, 59; Cas. 1, 53; Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 20; Eun. 1, 1, 16; 11. in Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 34 read expostulare, not p.

**pōtior**, iri (rarely poti), itus, vb. r. 3\* and 4 conj. mixed [potis more powerful and so master] get the better (of), make oneself master (of or in), get possession of, gain, win, get, with gen. abl. and even acc., Quod numquam opinatus fui neque alius quisquam ciuium Sibi euenturum id contigit ut salui pōtēremur\* domi, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 32; Dic quo pacto eum potiti sitis, pugnan in dolis, Naev. 39 R; penetrat penitus thalamoque potitur, Naev. (al. Ninn.) ap. Prisc. 881 P, 1, 503, 1 K; paeis, Enn. tr. 9 V; sine labore patria pōtitur\* commoda†, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 17; miseriam omnem ego capio, hic pōtitur gaudia†, 5, 4, 22; Occidunt ubi pōtitur\* ratus Romulus praedam†, Enn. an. 78 V; regnum pōtitur\* transmisso patris, Paev. 57 R; regnum potior, 289; seeptrum† patietur poti\*, 217; Profecto aut inibi



est aut iam potiuntur (potientur?) Frūgum, 205; nec plebes pane potitur, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 881 P, 1, 502, 22 K; rerum potiri, Cic. Cat. 2, 19; Lucr. 1, 13; Nep. Att. 9, 6; illius regni, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 5; uoluptatibus, sen. 48; totius Galliae imperio, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 2; impedi- mentis castrique, 1, 26, 4; uictoria, 3, 24, 2; quorum unus Homerus Scepra† potitus, Lucr. 3, 1037; uti Adher- balis potiretur, Sal. Iug. 25, 10; urbis, Cat. 47, 2; Cymenes et Angeias (two cities), Liv. 32, 13, 10; Egressi optata potiuntur Troes harena, Verg. 1, 172; auro Vi potitur\*, 3, 56; 2. esp. of women etc., Vis amare, uis potiri, uis quod des illi effici, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 81; ut potiare roga, Ov. a. a. 1, 711; add M. 3, 405; 3. of an evil, Nequid propter tuam fidem decepta pōtētur\* mali, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 5; feras...potiuntur plagas†, Att. 40 R; mortis letique potium, Lucr. 4, 766; Quadraginta annos nata necis poti(or), CIL 1011, 15; 4. hold possession of, possess, and so enjoy, prudentissima ciuitas Atheniensium, dum ea rerum potita est, fuisse traditur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 70; Cle- anthes solem dominari et rerum potiri putat, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 126; fore ut natura iis potiens dolore careat, Tusc. 3, 41; Et qui multarum pōtitur\* primordia† rerum, Lucr. 2, 659; fiducia mox capiendae urbis quoniam oppido potirentur, Liv. 6, 33, 10; donec mari hostes potiantur, 25, 11, 12; Et nunc inferno pōtitur\* Proserpina regno, Colum. 10, 274; semper habiti sunt fortissimi qui summam† (al. summa) imperii potirentur, ps. Nep. Eum. 3, 4; II 5. potio ire as vb. act. make (one) master, enrich (iron.), Qui hodie fuerim liber Eum nunc potiuit pater seruitutis, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 23;

6. hence as pass., be mastered (by), become the property (of), fall into the hands (of), Ego postquam gnatus tuus potitust hostium..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 41; Ita gnata mea hostium potita neque ea nunc ubi sit scio (so Gepp., mss nescio) Epid. 4, 1, 5; potitus seruitute (ab antiquis dicebatur) qui ut ait Labeo seruitutem seruit, Fest. 250 a 30 M; 7. gerundive, spem potiundorum castrorum, Caes. b. g. 3, 6, 2; spes potiundi oppidi, 2, 7, 2; cupidine oppidi potiundi, Sal. Iug. 37, 4; laud in dubia spe erant mature urbis potiundae, Liv. 8, 2, 5; nec tamen est potiunda tibi, Ov. M. 9, 753; 8. pōtītur, pōtēretur, pōti of 3rd conj. marked \* belong to old lang. and poets; add: Aninus aeger semper errat, neque poti (so Ribb., mss pati) neque percti Potis est, Eun. tr. 260 V; Liber ut innuptae poteretur flore nouercae, Catul. 64, 402; Tuque tuis armis, nos te poteremur Achille, Ov. M. 13, 130; Scilicet Aeliae pecudis poteretur ut auro, Val. F. 7, 54; Et capto pōtīmur mundo, Manil. 4, 882; ut poteretur equis, Aus. ep. 35; 9. acc. marked † seems limited to old writers and poets; in Cic. Tusc. 1, 90 mss have urbem nostram, best edd. urbe uostra; in off. 2, 81 mss have urbe; in de fato 13 VI and AI have Cartagine, others Cartaginem.

pōtis, (rarely potis\*) or pōtēs (potē?)† adj. comp. both potis and pote as m. f. or n. [for potios- and potius, see below] lit. more powerful—hence with es- be, be able (to do), can (for wh. superior power to one's opponents is necessary), potiu es (al. potine) tu homo facinus facere strenuom? Pl. ap. Gell. 7 (6), 7, 3; Qui malum intellegere quisquam pōtis est, ita nngas blatis? Amph. 2, 1, 79; At ea supter- fugere pōtis es pauca si non omnia, Capt. 5, 2, 17; duae (sc. mulieres)...Populo cullibet plus satis (sc. negoti) dare potis sunt, Poen. 1, 2, 17; Nec sanguis ullo pōtis est (so Bothe, mss potest) pacto profluens consistere, Enn. tr. 18 V; Pōtīs es mihi uerum dicere? Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 6; Haud quis- quam potis est tolerare acritudinem, Att. 466 R; 2. by an easy slip with pass. inf. be possible, can (be done or be), (cf. our I've no right to be punished); utique eam figier iubeatis ubi facilumed gnoscier potisit (= potis sit), CIL 196, 28; Qui istuc potis est fieri quaeso ut diois? Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 61; quin si egomet totus ueneam, uix recipi potis est Quod tu me rogas, Pers. 1, 1, 41; omnis uoco cinaedos contra ut saltent. Satis esse nobis non magis pōtis\* est (so mss, Guyet potis sunt, Ritschl hoc potis est) quam fungo imber, Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; Nam equidem me iam quantum potis\* a uita abdicare, Pl. As. 3, 3, 17; tam east quam potis Nostra eillis concubina, Mil. 2, 5, 47; potiu (sc. est) ut apstineas manum? Amph. 3, 2, 22; Potin ut taccas?

Poen. 4, 2, 94; potin ut desinas? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 23; Nihil potē† (potis?) supra, (so Don., Beutl. nil supra pote agst metre) sed quidnam? (dele foris crepuit, as a gloss) S. mane mane, ipse exit foras, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 11; Qui potis est (so mss, but potis, potist or potest?) refelli quisquam ubi nullust eausandi locus? Att. 418 R; 3. so far only in very old writers, but Cic. in arat. 477 has: Nec potis est (sc. nox) caput atque uncros obducere latos; not rare is pote in later poets and familiar prose, hoc quidquam pote impurius? Cic. Att. 13, 38, 1; hospes, non pote minoris, Brut. 172; ueget ut pote plurimum, Varr. s. 157, 7 R; necnon emtor pote ex emto uendito illum damuare, r. 2, 2, 6; Hoc facias siue id non pote siue pote, Catul. 76, 16; Nec peccatum a me quisquam pote dicere quiequam, 67, 11; In te si in quemquam dici pote putide Victi..., 98, 1; Nec deuitari letum pote quin obeamus, Lucr. 3, 1079; Qua pote quisque in ea conerat arte diem, Prop. 2, 1, 46; Qui pote? Vis dicam? Pers. 1, 56; quid pote simplicius? Mart. 9, 15, 2; ueo eniti remis pote, Val. F. 4, 680; aufugiamus istinc quam pote longissime, Apul. M. 1, 11; quam pote tutus, 2, 11; 4. potis less common, but as a nent., Nec potis Ionios fluctus aequare sequendo, Verg. 3, 671 and often in Arnob., as 2, 62; 3, 22; 4, 18; 5, 20 f.; 5, 40; 6, 17 and 19; 7, 3, also 22 and 28; Priscian limits potis wrongly to m. and f., 708 P, 1, 251, 17 K and 1003 P, 2, 68, 16 K; 5. for loss of u in potis cf. magis, uimis, satis and pris of pristinus; for length of i in potis cf. magis in Ter. Hec. 2, 2, 7; and πρῖν of Homer (for πρῖον) after πρῖν; with change of potis to poto, Dom. compares magis mage; 6. hence potestas, as maiestas from magis; also possum and possido possideo; 7. cf. potur and Skr. patis lord.

1 prae, prep. and adv. [ult. from por before; see below] before, firstly as prep. with abl.—chiefly with se, stillantem prae se pugionem tulit, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; Dona ferunt prae se, Catul. 64, 34; ubi paullo asperior ascensus erat, singulos prae se inermis mittere, Sal. Iug. 94, 2; prae se armentum agens, Liv. 1, 7, 4; praedam prae se agentes, 3, 66, 6; argenti in aerarium prae se tulit xiv milia (pondo), 28, 38, 5; ut a tergo potius quam prae se flumen habeat, Colum. 1, 5, 4; limina alia prae aliis erant, Apul. mund. 26; 2. met., prae se ferre, gerere, make no secret of, openly exhibit or avow, ceteri teictiores, ego semper me didicisso prae me tuli, Cic. orat. 146; Sampsiceramo negat, ceteris prae se fert et ostentat, Att. 2, 23, 3; add Tusc. 5, 49 (bis); inu. 2, 30; agr. 2, 4; Mil. 43; 3. prae manu, at hand, within reach, Qui patri reddidi quod fuit prae manu, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 10; huic aliquid paulum prae manu dederis, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 24; quum prae manu (pecuniam) debitor non haberet, Ulp. dig. 13, 7, 27 (so ad manum nummos, Afric. dig. 16, 1, 19, 5); ut si Gai Caesaris liber prae manibus est promi iubeas, Gell. 19, 8, 6; aes si forte prae manu non fuerit, Apul. M. 6, 18; 4. in presence of, before (=coram), nihil homini prae istis custodibus (so. daemonibus) esse secreti, Apul. d. dco Soer. 16; 5. before, in preference to, above, Ne me uxorem praeuertisse dicant prae re publica, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 30; but in Cic. am. 4 read praeter ceteros flourisset, and in Verg. 3, 435 proque omnibus unum; 6. for, ou account of, through, Exsurgite inquit qui terrore meo occidistis prae metu, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 14; Vt prae timore in genua in uudas concidit! Rud. 1, 2, 84; prae amore excludi hunc foras, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 18; add Andr. 5, 1, 6; quum prae indignitate rerum stupor ceteros defixisset, Liv. 6, 40, 1; 7. esp. with neg. or words nearly neg.; Neque miser me conuocare possum prae formidine, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 181; nix asto prae formidine, Capt. 3, 4, 104; add Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 67; 5, 1, 47; nec loqui prae macore potuit, Cic. Planc. 99; solem prae iaculorum multitudine non uidebitis, Tusc. 1, 101; add Phil. 13, 20; Att. 11, 7, 6; 6, 5, 4; uiuere non quit Prae macie, Lucr. 4, 1167; uix prae strepitu audita lex est, Liv. 10, 13, 9; uec diuini humane iuris quiequam prae inuotenti ira est sernatum, 21, 24 f.; add 45, 7, 4; 8. in comparisons, by the side of, compared with, to, Pithecium haec est prae illa, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 42; Quia enim non sum dignus prae te ut figam



palum in parietem, 4, 4, 4; add 4, 4, 34; Nam omnium unguentum odos prae tuo naueast, Curc. 1, 2, 4; Hic ego illum contempti prae me, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 8; Quin omnia sibi postputauit esse prae meo commodo, Ad. 2, 3, 9; add Hec. 3, 5, 33; Romam prae sua Capua irridebunt, Cic. agr. 2, 96; ut illos prae se agrestes putet, Brut. 286; prae nobis beatus, fau. 4, 4, 2; Gallis prae magnitudine corporum suorum (suor. corp.?) breuitas nostra contempti est, Caes. b. g. 2, 30, 4; 9. in this sense with a rel. clause, Immo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, Pl. St. 2, 2, 38; 10. prae in the sense of over and above with an acc. doubtful, me prae cetera flagitia nunc nouis periculis angit, (so mss, al. edd.), Apul. M. 7, 21; in Petr. 46, scimus te prae literas fatuum esse is an intentional solecism; 11. hence with ut or quam and a clause—better as one word praeut praequam, folia nunc cadunt Prae ut si triduum hoc hic erimus, tum arbores in te cadent, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 25; add Amph. 1, 1, 218; Men. 5, 5, 33; Ludum iocumque dicit finisse illum alterum Prae ut huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 10; Satin parua res est uoluptatum..., Prae quam quod molestumst? Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 2; nihil hoc quidemst Triginta minae prae quam (so Lamb., mss praeter q.) alios dapsilis sumptus facit, Most. 4, 2, 66; add pr. 23; nisum est id quod feci prae quam erant alia toleratu facilius, Gell. 1, 3, 5; laxioribus nerbis comprehensa est prae quam illud Graecum, 16, 1, 3; II 12. as adv. before, ab prae Sosia; Iam ego sequar, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 45; I tu prae nirgo, Curc. 4, 2, 1; i prae puere, Ps. 1, 3, 12; add 1, 2, 37; i prae, sequor, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 144; 13. prae=παρα, is for praed as seen in Fest. 205 a 13; praedopiunt (so Müller, mss praedotiunt praeprotant); cf. poste ante from postid antiq; from praed comes praet-er wh. see.

2 **prae**, in comp. with vbs. before, in place, praemitto, praeeo; 3. before, as passing by, praefino, praenauigo; 3. before or at the head of, as commanding, praesum, praeficio; 4. at the end, praerodo, praecido, praeccludo; 5. before as surpassing in worth, praesto, praeeo; 6. before in time, praedico, praesagio, praemoustro; 7. doing a thing first for others to copy, and so enjoin, praeco (nerba), praecipio, praescribo.

3 **prae**, in comp. of adj. and part. firstly before, in place, praeeeps; 2. of time, praescius; 3. at the end, praecastus, praecautus; 4. very, praealtus, praeclarus (already in Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 51).

**praeco**, ōnis (ōnis Pl.?) m. [for praedic-on from praedico; cf. places marked \*; for loss of d cf. Fr. prêcher from praedicare] a public crier, herald, as at theatre or other public games, consules praecōnem unum legunt qui in ea decuria praeco appareat, CIL 202, 12, 20 and 29; Exsurge praeco, fac populo audientiam, Pl. Poen. pr. 11 (5); add As. pr. 4; praecōnes ludorum gymnicorum qui cum ceteris coronas imposuerint uictoribus eorumque nomina magna uoce pronuntiarint, cum ipsi corona donentur alium praecōnem adhibeant ne sna noce se ipsi uictores esse praedicent\*, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 8; Victorem magna praecōnis nocē Cleanthum Declarat, Verg. 5, 245; uox praecōnis irrisa est inuitantis ad ludos (sc. saeculares) quos nec spectasset quisquam nec spectaturus esset, Suet. Cl. 21; and met., o fortunatē adolescens qui tuae uirtutis Homerum praecōnem inueneris, Cic. Arch. 24; 2. an attendant on magistrates, testes citari inbet, dicit unus et alter breuiter, praeco dixisse pronuntiat, Verr. 2, 2, 75; add agr. 2, 4; praecōni sic imperato ut niros nocet, Varr. 1, 6, 9; add 7. 3, p. 328 Sp.; quum repelleretur assertor uirginis... silentium factum per praecōnem, Liv. 3, 47 f.; add 45, 29, 3; add Gell. 12, 8, 6; 3. at funerals, indictium funus ad quod per praecōnem enocabantur, Paul. ex Fest. 106, 13; cf. Varr. 1, 7, 3, p. 328; Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 37; 4. as auctioneer, Atque in eopse astas lapide ut praeco praedicat\*, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 17; ut faciam praecōnis compendium Itaque auctionem praedicem\* ipse ut uenditem, Pl. St. 1, 3, 40; eundem haec sublata de fanis per praecōnem uendidisse, Cic. N. D. 2, 84; de hortis hoc effici posse ut praecōni subiciantur, Att. 12, 40, 4; add p. dom. 52; Ilor. A. P. 419; add

Apul. M. 8, 23 and 24; 9, 10; 5. as crier of lost property, Certumst praecōnem iubere iam quantumst conducier Qui illam inuestigat qui inueniat, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 78; praeco haec proclamauit: puer paulo ante aberrauit..., si quis cum commonstrare uoluerit accipiet nmmos mille, Petr. 97; 6. was the o short in praecōnis etc. for Plautus? See §§ 4 and 5; so in Men. 5, 9, 92 read with B and Camer. what the sense requires: A. Quid? B. Mihi ut praecōnem detis. A. Dabitur. B. Ergo nunc iam....

**praedico**, āre, vb. [implies a sb. praedex meaning praeco; cf. uindico indico iudico] proclaim as a crier (praeco), nescis nunc uenire te Atque in eopse astas lapide ut praeco praedicat, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 17; ut faciam praecōnis compendium Itaque auctionem praedicem ipse ut uenditem, St. 1, 3, 41; si palam praeco iussu tuo praedicasset non decumas frumenti sed dimidias neniro partes, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 40; de quo praecōnis uox praedicat et pretium conficit, Quinct. 50; add fam. 5, 12, 8; add opt. gen. or. 19; off. 3, 55; 2. from duty of herald to proclaim victors at the games, proclaim the merits of, praise loudly, extol, quid ego eius tibi nunc faciem praedicem aut laudem, Antipho? Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 17; Themistoclem dixisse cum ex eo quaeretur cuius noceam libentissime audiret: eius a quo sua uirtus optime praedicaretur, Cic. Arch. 20; add 26 and Phil. 13, 33; hortum Cato praedicat caulis, Plin. 19, 57; miris laudibus, 13, 130; 25, 40; and Plin. ep. 1, 14, 10; 3. hence of self-praise, boast, de me ipso gloriosius praedicare, Cic. dom. 93; add Pis. 2; Tusc. 5, 50; de meis in nos meritis praedicaturus non sum, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 10; add b. g. 6, 18, 1; and Plin. ep. 1, 8, 15; and absol., ita uirtute in obsequendo nerecundia in praedicando extra inuidiam nec extra gloriam erat, Tac. Agr. 8 f.; 4. gen. proclaim to the world, say openly, publish, give out, ntrum praedicemne at taceam? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 53; Volo ipsius haec uoluntate fieri ne se eiectam praedicet, Ph. 4, 5, 13; atque hoc non auditum sed cognitum praedicamus, Nep. Att. 13 f.; ipsum Crasum ego postea praedicantem audiui..., Sal. Cat. 48 f.; 5. gen. assert, say, Sceltestissime andes mihi praedicare id Domi te esse nunc qui hic ades? Vera dico, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 11; Ain tandem, cuius Glycerinmst? Ita praedicant, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 4; II 6. in Tertull., foretell, persecutions, fug. in pers. 6 and 12 med.

**praestino**, āre, vb. [from a lost steno or stiuo fix, whence also destino and obstinatus; cf. στείνω] lit. secure beforehand—hence buy up before others, Ego eo in macellum ut piscinm quiddid ibist pretio praestinem, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 36; Alium piscis praestinatium abire, Capt. 4, 2, 68; Vt eam (al. enim) praestines argento priusquam ueniat filius, Epid. 2, 2, 92; Comperto Hypatae caseum admodum commodo pretio distrahi accucurri id omne praestinatium, Apul. M. 1, 5; percontato pretio xx denariis praestinaui, 1, 24; add 8, 23 and 24; 9, 6, 8 and 10; and mag. 101.

I **praesto**, āre, stāui\* and stīti, stātum† and stitum, vb. [prae+sto; but see below] first as vb. trans., lit. cause to stand before—perh. first in law, praestabo, I will as bail produce (him or it), and then praesto, I so produce—hence produce or exhibit as bound to do, fulfil (a duty), make good, neque legis improbitumae poena deductus est quominus hospitii et amicitiae ius officiumque praestaret, Cic. fam. 14, 4, 2; nos ea praestitisse quae ratio praescriperit, N. D. 1, 7; omnes artes aliae sine eloquentia sum minus praestaro possunt, or. 1, 38; add fam. 3, 10, 3; munera belli, Varr. s. 151, 2 R; praestate eandem nobis ducibus uirtutem quam saepenumero imperatori praestitistis, Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 4; add 2, 27, 3; 5, 33, 2; mors omnia praestat Vitalem praeter sensum calidumque naporem, Lucr. 3, 214; si quid eis (sc. legatis) opus esse indicasset, enixe id populum Romanum merito eius praestaturum†, Liv. 31, 11, 12; quoniammodo id (sc. a promise) praestaturus† esset, 9, 24, 4; libenter primam ei fidem praestaturum† fuisse quam uir uxori debuert, quoniam eius arbitrium qui possint adinant, scenndau fidem praestare, 30, 15, 5; add 33, 21, 4; saepe ex eadem obligatione aliquid iam praestari oportet, aliquid



in futura praestatione est, Gai. 4, 131; add 2, 202; 2, 205; 2, 262; 3, 137; se praestatorum cuncta, Val. M. 5, 6, 8; in uendendo fundo quaedam etiam si non dicantur praestanda sunt, Pomp. dig. 18, 1, 66; Hadrianus cum ab eo uiri praetorij peterent ut sibi liceret respondere (act as barristers) reserpsit eis hoc non peti sed praestari (was a duty to be performed) solere, 1, 2, 2, 49; 2. esp. with acc. of refl. prou., show (oneself as bound to do), assert (oneself as), praesta te eum qui mihi a teneris unguiculis es cognitus, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 2; Extrema membrorum circumcaesura tamen se Incolumentum praestat, Lucr. 3, 2, 20; Indignata malis mens est succumbere seque Praestitit inuictam iuribus usa suis, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 104; add 4, 5, 23; 2, 170; ne ad illam quidem artissimam innocentiae formulam praestare nos possumus, Sen. ira 2, 28, 3; cum intendimus (aliquem) dare facere praestare oportere, Gai. 4, 2; 3. in inser. written as p. in certain formulae, sei is eam rem quae petur in iure d(are) f(acere) p(raestare) restituereue confessus erit..., CIL 205, 2, 31; and soon: quoi eam rem d(are) f(ire) p(raestari) restitui...oportebit..., 205, 2, 39; 4. hence with acc. of loss or damage, hold one harmless against, be answerable for, make good, cum satis esset ea (uitia) praestari quae essent lingua nuncupata, Cic. off. 3, 65; emptori damnum praestari oportere, 3, 66; is periculum iudicii praestare debet qui se nexu obligauit, Mur. 3; dixit eam sententiam eius inuidiam capitis periculo sibi praestandam uidebat, Sest. 61; add fam. 5, 17, 3; habitator suam suorumque culpam praestare debet, Paul. dig. 9, 3, 6, 2; in contractibus iuterdum dolum solum interdum et culpam praestamus, Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 2; 5. with acc. of person, answer for (him), he responsible for, ut non te unum sed omnes ministros imperij tui sociis praestare uideare, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 10; Ariobarzanes...quem tamen ego praestare nou poteram, erat enim rex perpauper..., Att. 6, 3, 5; quanto enim magis arduum est alios praestare quam se (perh. rather to make others do their duty), Plin. pan. 83; 6. warrant, guarantee, eos (sc. bones) cum emimus domitos, stipulamur sic, Illosce boues sanos esse noxisque praestari—spondesne? Varr. r. 2, 5, 11; neque in uenaliibus ea (sc. corpora muliebria) cum sunt praegnancia praestantur sana, Vitruv. 2, 9, 1; and met., usuras (quas) praestauimus\*, Paul. dig. 3, 5, 18 (19), 4; nullos fore (praedones) quis praestare poterat? Cic. Flac. 28; se praestatorum nihil ex eo te offensionis habiturum, fam. 6, 8, 1; 7. hence in very late writers as Salvia. and Venantius lend; so Ital. prestare, Sp. prestar, Fr. prêter; 8. not unlike this is the lending oneself or being a willing party to an act, as: qui cum pater familias esset adrogandum se praestauit\*, Paul. dig. 5, 3, 36; 9. gen. furnish, praestat ex se (anser) pullos atque plumam, Colum. 8, 13, 3; ut senatoribus certam summam praestaret, Suet. Dom. 9; 10. present, hold out, Fulminibus me saecue iubet tantaeque ruinae Absentem praestare caput, Lucan. 5, 771; iam hostium cateruae paucioribus terga praestare, Tac. Agr. 37; si ceruicem praestitero, Sen. ap. Diom. 362 P, 366, 14 K; 11. p. uicem, supply the place of, ntrum euentis me nicem aeri praestare an exercitum sine frumento et stipendio habere posse? Pomp. ap. Sal. hist. p. 118, 19 Iord.; otium des corpori ut aduetam fortius praestes uicem, Phaedr. 3 pr. 13; 12. note praestau marked \* and add praostari(m), Ulp. dig. 22, 1, 37 f.; praestaturus marked + to wh. add Cic. fam. 6, 8, 1; Treb. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 16, 2; Gai. dig. 13, 6, 5, 3; Paul. 3, 5, 17 (18); Iustin. 11, 12, 14; praestatu iri, Pomp. 18, 1, 66, 1; 13. in this sense praesto may perh. = praes (praedis) + sto or perh. for late writers from praes alone with an excrement t; II 14. stand before, surpass, be superior, Hoc tuis fortunis Iuppiter praestant meae, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 21; Nisi deos ei nil praestaret, Bac. 3, 2, 3; Sed Priamus hic multo illi praestat, 4, 9, 49; Omnibus ad Clupeam praestat mustela marina, Enn. hcd. p. 166, 1 V; homini homo quid praestat? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 1; Chremes Hoc mihi praestat, Haut. 5, 1, 3; hoc praestat amicitia propinquitati, Cic. am. 19; quantum praestiterint nostri maiores prudentia ceteris gentibus, or. 1, 197; add iuu. 2, 1: quum uirtute omnibus praestarent, Cacs. b. g. 1, 2, 2; quod erat

magna ciuitas et inter Belgas auctoritate praestabat, 2, 15, 1; qui sese student praestaro ceteris animalibus, Sal. Cat. 1, 1; quantum uel uir uiro uel gens genti praestat, Liv. 31, 7, 8; add 42, 52, 10; 15. in a bad sense, surpass, qui ubique probo atque petulantia praestabant, Sal. Cat. 37, 5; truculentia caeli praestat Germania, Tac. an. 24, 1; 16. of timo or age, stand before, precedo, quattuor et triginta annis mihi aetate praestabat, Cic. Brut. 161; aetate praestat Tubero, Q. fr. 1, 1, 10; 17. with abl. (like prae prep.), Si facies facie (facie om. mss) praestat, si corpore corpus (where facie and corpore = dat.), Lucil. ap. Non. 371; dici uix potest quid nauus operarius ignauo et cessatore praestet, Colum. 11, 1, 16; 18. with acc., uiris qui honore rerumque gestarum amplitudine ceteros populi Romani praestiterunt, Nep. Att. 18, 5; qui primus in alterutra re praestet alios, Varr. ap. Non. 502; quantum Galli uirtute ceteros mortales praestarent, Liv. 5, 36, 4; add 3, 61, 7; 7, 30, 4; 44, 38, 5; yet see Liv. in § 14; Te nec Apollineus Ladon nec Xanthus uterque...Praestiterint, Stat. Th. 4, 838; 19. as vb. impers., Pol pudere quam pigere praestat totidem litteris, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 64; add Bac. 3, 2, 12; mori milies praestitit quam haec pati, Cic. Att. 14, 9, 2; quanto haec dissimulare quam per nos confirmare praestat, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 5; add 2, 31, 6; 4, 14, 2; sed motos praestat componere fluctus, Verg. 1, 135. 2 praesto, adv. [ult. from por; see below] at hand, at a person's service, in waiting, with est, etc. for predicate, ready, Ego ibo ad medicum; praesto ero illi quom uenietis, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 7; eecum praesto militem, Mil. 4, 6, 1; add Rud. 3, 6, 26; Trin. 4, 1, 18; As. 2, 2, 89; sed ubist frater? Praesto adest, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 20; add Haut. 1, 1, 120; Andr. 2, 5, 4; Lemnia praesto litora, Att. 525 R; togulae lictoribus ad portam praesto fuerunt, Cic. Pis. 55; ibi mihi praesto fuit L. Lucilius cum litteris tuis, fam. 3, 5, 1; Cum locus est praesto nec res nec causa moratur, Lucr. 2, 1068; nulla fuit clementia praesto? Catul. 64, 137; Pauper erit praesto semper tibi, Tib. 1, 5, 61; 2. as an aid, ius civile didicit, praesto multis fuit, Cic. Mur. 19; me salutem tuam praesto futurum, fam. 4, 14 f.; add 4, 8, 1; and Att. 10, 8, 3; Verr. 2, 1, 78; 3. or as an adversary, si qui mihi praesto fuerit cum armatis hominibus et me introire prohibuerit, Cic. Caec. 87; quaeuores cum fascibus mihi praesto fuerunt, liis qui successerunt non minus acres contra me fuerunt, Verr. 2, 2, 12; 4. praestus fui, inser. Grut. 669, 4; 5. praesto prob. for praestos (see § 4) and so for por-aest-os, a double comp. of por; see praeter; 6. hence It. Sp. presto, Fr. prêt. 1 praesul-, (old praisul) ūlis, adj. as sb. m. [sal of salio leap, run] the priest who danced at the head of the college of Salii, Flam. Dialis Flam. Mart. Salius Praisul (of Lavinium) Augur..., inser. Or. 2276 (hy error 2275); fuit in eo sacerdotio (sc. saliatu) et praesul et uates et magister, Capit. Anton. pl. 4, 4; praesulem sibi non placuisse, Cic. diu. 1, 55; peruulgatum illud de praesule, 2, 136. 2 praesul-, ūlis, adj. as sb. m. f. [=prae sed of praes-]; cf. solium, sella from sed of sideo, sedeo] one who presides over, president, chief, Angeronae quae diua praesul silitii, Sol. 1, 6; praesul creatus litteris, Ans. ep. 4, 79; arbori huic esse praesulem Castitatem, Pall. 1, 6 med.; agri p. (sc. vilicus) ib. fin.; Et Iunone calent hic arae praesule semper, Auic. per. 519; Testis Roma sui praesulis esse potest, Rut. itin. 1, 550; Quod dux sanguineo praesulque corusca duello (sc. Pallas), Mart. C. 6, p. 195, 14 Eyss.; praesul fori, Sid. ep. 4, 14. praet-er, prep. and adv. [praed old form of praec; see below] first as prep. v. acc. by the side of, along, past (with motion), Mustella murem apstulit praeter pedes, Pl. St. 3, 2, 8; Neu designator praeter os obambulet, Poon. pr. 19; praeter oculos Lollii haec ferebant, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62; praeter castra Caesaris suas copias traduxit, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 2; auolsaque saxa...solum succedere praeter, Lucr. 4, 141; exercitum per finis suos praeter Ruseinonem transmiserunt, Liv. 21, 24 f.; praeter oram uagari, 22, 14, 6; praeter oram uectus, 28, 42, 3; add 34, 14, 1; 35, 27, 14;



38, 18, 9; 40, 41, 3; 45, 29, 8; Tela uolant...Praeter ntrumque latus praeterque et lumeu et aures, Ov. M. 5, 159; praeter snorum ora sublime rapti, Tac. h. 4, 30; praeter radices moutis lapsus, Plin. 6, 10; add 36, 6; **2.** near, alongside of (without motion, past; rare and dub.), ludere inter se laetantis uidimus Praeter (so mss, edd. propter) anuam, Naev. 47 R; praeter (so mss; propter L. Müller) matris (so Popma, mss matrem) deum aedem exaudio Cimbolorum sonitum, Varr. ap. Non. 529; **3.** beyond, surpassing, more than, quem ego amo praeter omnis, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 8; add 2, 140 and Mil. 4, 9, 6; Horum ille nil egregie praeter cetera Studebat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 31; cum lacus Albanus p. modum creuisset, Cic. diu. 1, 100; quod mihi praecipuum fuit p. alios, Sul. 9; p. ceteros nobilitata crudelitas, off. 2, 26; add Verr. 2, 3, 130; or. 2, 217; liquido praeter iustum tenuique, Lucr. 4, 1241; Vt Argonautas praeter omnes candidum, Hor. epod. 3, 9; **4.** beyond and so contrary to, Nam multa praeter spem scio multis bona euenisse, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 69; Dum caueatur praeter aequum nequid delinquit, sine, Bac. 3, 3, 15; p. naturam, Ter. Ad. 5, 4; add Andr. 2, 6, 5 and 5, 3, 8; si quid praeter spem erit, Cic. Att. 15, 13, 5; p. consuetudinem, diu. 2, 60; multa impendere p. naturam praeterque fatum, Phil. 1, 10; **5.** besides (inclusive), over and above, in addition to, Si nunc suspendam me, meam operam luserim, Et praeter operam restim sumpti fecerim, Pl. Cas. 2, 7, 2; rogauit numquid aliud ferret praeter arcam, Cic. or. 2, 279; nellem aliquid praeter illud de ratione dicendi sane exilem libellum libuisset scribere, Brut. 163; add leg. 2, 43; praeter se denos ut ad conloquium adducerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 3; praeter imperatas pecunias suo etiam prinato compendio seruiebant, b. c. 1, 43, 3; add 3, 57, 3; qui p. Volscos et Aequos Sabiuu etiam belli perfecti gloriam pepererant, Liv. 3, 70, 15; add 4, 10, 4; 10, 30, 1; 21, 29, 3; 23, 14, 1; quae distinctio p. illud commodum, quod... tum etiam oculos et uestigia domini admittit, Colum. 4, 18, 1; add Curt. 8, 43 (12, 16); esp. p. haec, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 61 and Ph. 5, 3, 17; Cels. 2, 2 f.; 2, 4 f.; and p. ea, CIL 199, 30; **6.** of exclusion, putting aside, except, quae Thermensorum praeter loca agros aedificia sunt, CIL 204, 1, 28; add 204, 2, 26; omnibus sententiis praeter unam condemnatus est, Cic. Clu. 55; omnes praeter eum rem me facere rentur, Att. 7, 3, 12; primo clamore oppidum p. arcem captum est, Liv. 6, 33, 7; **7.** esp. with neg. or in questions, besides, beyond, except, but, Nec nobis praeter me quisquam alios seruos Sosia, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 244; Neque praeter te in Alide ullus seruos istoc nominest, Capt. 3, 4, 58; quid in illis (litteris) fuit praeter querellam temporum? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 1; res sunt eius modi ut si Romae sis nihil te praeter tuos delectare possit, 4, 4 f.; nec quicquam aliud est philosophia praeter studium sapientiae, off. 2, 5; add 3, 74; nec tela iam alia habebant p. gladios, Liv. 38, 21, 5; add 3, 68, 5; 45, 38, 2; Nil sibi legatum praeter plorare, Hor. s. 2, 5, 68; Nil illi potui dicere praeter erit, Ov. her. 16 (17), 162; **8.** with conj. as first, quam, Virgo atque mulier nulla erit quin sit mala Quae praeter sapiet quam placet parentibus, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 38; Lucrum ingens facio praeterquam mihi meus pater Dedit aestu-natas merces, Merc. pr. 95; uerbum si mihi Vnum praeter quam quod rogo (mss te rogo), Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 14; Neque praeter quam quas ipse amor molestias Habet, addas, Eun. 1, 1, 32; nullum monumentum laudis postulo praeterquam huius diei memoriam sempiternam (al. al.), Cic. Cat. 3, 26; a qua (sc. Moneta) praeterquam de suo plena quid unquam moniti sumus? diu. 2, 69; nullas iis praeterquam ad te dedi litteras, fam. 3, 7, 1; sine ullis doloribus praeterquam quos ex curatione capiebat, Nep. Att. 21, 3; oppugnatio, praeterquam ui ac uirtute exercitus intestina etiam proditione adiuta, Liv. 25, 23, 1; Cuneta potest...uctustas Praeterquam curas attenuare meas, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 18; legumina fere quadriduo (e terra exeunt) praeterquam faba, Varr. r. 1, 45, 1; nitam quae nullius ad id temporis praeterquam auito fulgore uinceretur, Vell. 2, 4, 6; aqua frigida infusa praeterquam capiti prodest, Cels. 1, 9; add Plin. 10, 146; 11, 131; Gell. 15, 1, 1; Suet. Caes. 36; also Aug. 25, 45 and 71; Tib. 38; Ner. 1; Dom. 2; **9.** praeterquam with

quod, ut or si, omnes mihi labores fuere quos cepi leues, Praeter quam tui carendum quod erat, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 20; ego me praeterquam quod sine te, ceterum satis oblectabam, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 14, 1; add leg. 3, 45; praeterquam quod non mersas (so Madv., mss om. uon) naues ceteros terrores... exposit, Liv. 29, 27, 14; add 35, 25, 11; and Plin. 20, 109; nec quod petamus quicquam est praeterquam ut hominum numero simus, Liv. 4, 4 f.; praeterquam sei quouis..., CIL 206, 117; tergoris impenetribilis praeterquam si umore madeat, Plin. 8, 95; **10.** praeter with si, potius surculos quam grana expedit praeter si aliter nequeas, Varr. r. 1, 41, 5; **11.** praeter as adv. besides, gen. with que, Maenalis Nonacris praeterque (and besides these) ignobiles octo, Plin. 4, 21; add 5, 16; 11, 10; 29, 105; **12.** like nisi, with a noun whose case depends on other words, ceterae multitudini diem statuit ante quam sine fraude liceret ab armis discedere praeter rerum capitalium condemnatis, Sal. Cat. 36, 2; (pro condemnatis says Prisc. 1101 P, 2, 188, 15 K; and praeter ablatiuo inuncta says Cleon. 1933 P, 76, 14 K); Qua Velabra..., Nil praeter salices cassaque canna fuit, Ov. F. 6, 406; uti posthac pueri cum patribus in curiam ne introeant, praeter ille unus Papirius, Gell. 1, 23, 13; exules praeter caedis damnati restituebantur, Iust. 13, 5, 2; certe mea carmina nemo Praeter ab his seopulis uentosa remurmurat echo, Calp. ecl. 4, 27; but in Liv. 4, 59, 7 read with Madv.: ne quis praeter armatos (not armatus) uiolaretur; **13.** praeter a doub. comp. for praester (cf. οὐμπαρεπος for οὐμσρεπος), and so from pris = prius, with excrement t (see prist-inus); so too παραί for παραίτ = παριστ-; cf. praesto and sin-ist-ero; root por, wh. see.

**prēhendo**, (præh., praendo, prendo) ħre, di, sus, vb. [implies a lost vb. hando, akin to E. hand, and so to L. manus] catch hold of or by something projecting, Prændit dexteram, seducit, rogat quid ueniat Cariam, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 60; manum, Amph. 2, 2, 85\*; Præhēde\* auriculis, As. 3, 3, 78; add Poen. 1, 2, 163; accessi ad patrem, prendi manum, Pompon. ap. Prisc. 1, 484 K; Caesar eius dextram prendit, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 5; **2.** gen. catch hold of, catch, take, Si posthac prēhēdero\* ego te hic..., Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 33; in mari prēhēdit\* Rete atque excepti nidulum, Rud. 5, 1, 11; quae manu prenderentur (al. prēhend.), Cic. acad. post. 41; Loecrensibus se permittere ut quod sui quisque cognosset prenderet, Liv. 29, 21, 5; uoluntantia (carmina) prēndere, Verg. 3, 450; tecta manu, 9, 558; add 3, 624; 12, 775 etc.; **3.** grasp, hold, of capacity, Arcutisque rosae quantum manus unā prēhēdat, Ov. med. fac. 105; cinerem, quantum prēhēditur ternis digitis, Plin. 30, 40; **4.** esp. catch hold of (a person, to talk or ask a favour), see § 1; and add: Prēndo hominem solum, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 15; add Hant. 3, 1, 100; prēnde C. Septimium, Cic. Att. 12, 13, 2; add Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 11, 2; Femellas omnes amice prēhēdit\*, Quas nolui uidi tamen serenas, Catul. 55, 7; **5.** catch (as an offender), arrest, tako up, Post id si prēhēsi\* simus, excusemus ebrios Nos fecisse, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 19; Qui (so Guyet, mss quam or qua) malum facile, quem mendaci (note the gen., catch in a lie) prēhēdit\* manifesto modo? Bac. 4, 4, 45; Vbi prēhēns in furto sies manifeste et uerberatus, As. 3, 2, 45; in furto ubi sies prēhēnsus\* (præcansus?), ib. 3, 2, 17; add Poen. 5, 4, 62\*; in adulterio...si prēhēndisses, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 23, 5; Quis homo pro moeche unquam uidit in domo meretricia Prēhēdit\* quemquam? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 39; quemcunque licitor iussu consulis prēhēndisset, Liv. 3, 11, 2; add 8, 33, 5; 9, 34, 26; qui manifesto furto prēhēnsus esset, Gell. 11, 18, 7; **6.** of plauts taking root, w. nom. of earth or plaut, Nam quorum stirpis tellus amplexū prēhēdit\*, Haec..., Cic. arat. 116; transferes sine ambiguitate prēhēndendi, Pall. 3, 10, 7; add 3, 25, 3; **7.** of the senses or mind, grasp (as it were), quum ipsum (se) ea moderantem et regeutem paene prenderit, Cic. leg. 1, 61; in aduerso (amore) sunt (mala) Prēndere quae possis oculorum lumine operto, Lucr. 4, 1143; **8.** prēhend. or prēhend. often as disyll., see \* above, and add: Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 22; but even Pl. and Ter. have the contracted form,



see above and add Capt. 1, 2, 9; even when written as a disyl. may be monos. see † above.

**primor**, ōris, (but used only in a few forms), adj. comp. [from primus; for loss of i cf. minor plus secus; also cf. E. form-er from A. Sax. sup. forma] in the front, front-, (note the hyphen) tip of, tegulas primores omnes in antepagmento ferro figito, CIL 577, 2; Sic hoc digitulis duobus sumebas (sumeres?) primoribus, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 24; add Poen. 3, 1, 63; surculum inter librum et stirpem aruito primores digitos duos, (two inches of the extremity) and again: capito tibi surculum quod genus inserere uoles, eum primorem praecauito obliquum primores digitos duos, Cato r. 40 (41), 3; primores erigit unguis (sc. Gallus), Lucil. ap. Non. 427; Eduisque animam in primoribus naribus, ib.; Atqui etiam modo uersabatur mihi in labris primoribus, Pl. Triu. 4, 2, 65; Quod primoribus habent ut aiunt labris, Cic. ap. Non. 428 (at the tip of one's tongue, as we say); ut in litore cancri digitis primoribus stare..., Varr. s. 105, 1 R; Sandalio innixa digitulis primoribus, Turp. 31 R; apage sis Diram tuam animam (so R ej., mss cluam or elium tum animam) in naribus primoribus Vix pertuli, Afran. 385 R; nasi primoris acumen Tenne, Lucr. 6, 1193; primori in acie uersabantur, Tac. h. 3, 21 f.; inter primores dimicat, Curt. 4, 27 (6, 17); cauda late fusa primori parte, Plin. 8, 216; add 18, 112; tunicis ut uirum prolixis usque in primores manus indecorum fuit, Gell. 6 (7), 12, 1; opiuari uestibulum esse partem domus primorem, 16, 5, 2; 2. esp. with labra, as met.: noui modo qui primoribus labris gustassent hoc genus nitae sed qui totam uitam uoluptatibus dedissent, Cic. Cael. 28; haec...isti rhetores ne primoribus quidem labris attigissent, or. 1, 87; 3. p. dentes, front teeth (not as some say first teeth) primores septimo mense gigni dentis, Plin. 7, 68; continui (dentes) aut utraque parte oris (al. ori) sunt ut equo, aut superiore primores non sunt ut bubus; eaprae superiores non sunt praeter primores geminos, 11, 161; add 11, 164, 165, 167, 168; 4. of meu, foremost, leading, chief, of the first rank, Primores procerum prouocauit nomine, Att. 325 R; primores Argiuorum...uiros, Catul. 68, 87; cum primoribus eorum affinitates iungebat, Liv. 1, 49, 8; add 1, 12, 8; 4, 1, 3; 4, 13, 10; 7, 8, 1; and Colum. 12, 3, 10; primores equitum centurionumque, Liv. 25, 6, 1; but in 24, 12 read w. Madv. impigre; Primores populi arripuit, Hor. s. 2, 1, 69; add Tac. an. 2, 19; and met. primores (uenti), Gell. 2, 22, 18; II 5. of time, first part of, early, youthful, cum primitus oritur herba imbribus primoribus euocata, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; primoribus annis, Sil. 1, 511; excisam primori Marte Saguntum, 11, 143; in primori pueritia, Gell. 10, 19, 3; primore aspectu, at first sight, 2, 7, 6.

**prior**, ōris, adj. comp. [for proior from pro and ult. from por] firstly of place, front, (rare) canities homini semper a priore parte capitis, tum deinde ab auersa, Plin. 11, 131; substringebat caput (sc. equi) loro altius quam ut prioribus pedibus terram posset attingere, ps. Nep. Eum. 5, 5; 2. of time, first of two, former, preceding, at illic pollicitust prior, was the first of the two to bid, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 102; Haec est occasio; dum ille dormit uolo tu prior occupes, Ps. 4, 1, 15; quod illos dicimus uoluisse facere, id nos priores facere occupabimus? Cato orig. 24, 2 Iord.; tu rideas, Prior\* bibas prior decumbas; cena dubia adponitur, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 28; Mea lege ntar ut potior sit qui prior\* ad-dandum-st. Vale, 3, 2, 48; ais prioribus comitiis Aiuensium tibi esse concessam, Cic. Planc. 54; priore aestate, fam. 1, 9, 24; qui prior has angustias occupauerit, ab hoc hostem prohiberi nihil esse negotii, Caes. b. c. 1, 66 f.; add 1, 82 f.; prioris anni consules, Liv. 4, 13, 10; Quanta nec est nec erit nec uisa prioribus annis, Ov. M. 15, 445; 3. esp. priores as sb. pl., those of former times, nomen dixere priores, Verg. 3, 693; more priorum, Ov. M. 10, 218; add Vell. 2, 28, 2; Seu. ep. 52, 7; Plin. 8, 180; Plin. ep. 3, 4, 5; 4. heuce of the dead, Abiturus illuc quo priores abierunt, Phaedr. 4, 20, 16; 5. prior first (of two) in worth or rank, taking precedence, better,

superior, Conspicit indo sibi data Romulus esse priora, Enn. an. 98 V; Siquidem hercle possis nil prius neque fortius, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 5; mo cum quaestorem in primis, aedilem priorem, praetorem primm populus Romanus faciebat, Cic. Pis. 2; to Iugurtha qui actate et sapientia priores, Sal. Iug. 10, 7; bellante prior, iacentem Lenis in hostem, Hor. c. sacc. 51; qui color est puniceae flore prior rosae, od. 4, 10, 4; ut nemo tota iuuentute haberetur prior nec probator, Liv. 27, 8, 6; Si nocem haberes, nulla prior\* ales foret, Phaedr. 1, 13, 8; inuenitur saepe prior pro melior positum, Prisc. 602 P, 1, 90, 20 K; 6. prior as a neut. in old writers, as prior bellum and p. foedus, Claud. Q., p. bellum, Cass. Hem., p. senatus consultum, all ap. Prisc. 767 P, 1, 347, 5 K; II 7. prins as adv., first (of two), hoc prius\* uolo Meam rem agere, Pl. Cnrc. 5, 2, 70; ut nesciam Vtrum me expostulare tecum aequomst prius An..., Mil. 2, 6, 35; (me) fuerat aequius ut prius introieram, sic prius exire de uita, Cic. am. 15; 8. hence formerly, before, Bis tanto amici sunt intor se quam prius, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 62; nunc .benignius Omnes salutant quam salutabant prius, Aul. 1, 2, 37; no aueret Philippus quod Pyrrhus prius ausus esset, Liv. 31, 3 f.; 9. with quam, as a conj., Prius\* abis quam lecti ubi cubuisti concealit locus, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 36; Pergin istuc prius\* diiudicare quam scis quid ueri siet? Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 8; 10. with quam attached as an encl., Prius-quam lueet, adsunt, rogitant..., Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 115; omnia experiri certumst prius\*-quam pereo. B. Quid hic agit? Ter. And. 2, 1, 11; quod ego prius-quam loqui coepisti sensi, Cic. Vat. 4; 11. a subj. may be used where the future act is yet doubtful, Ito ad dextram; prius-quam ad portam uenias apud ipsum lacum Est pistrilla, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 44; add Haut. in next; 12. prius in sense of sooner, rather, si semel...intellexerit Prius\* proditurum te tuam uitam et prius Pecuniam omnem quam abs te amittas filium, hui..., 3, 1, 70; quamuis carnificinam prius subierit quam ibitu uiolent, Cic. Tusc. 5, 78; add Lig. 34; staturat prius hos iudicio populi debere restitui quam suo beneficio uideri receptos, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 6; 13. prior and prius often monos. esp. in iamb. and troch. metres of old drama, as marked \*, except at end of iambic, cf. prist-inus, πρῖν as well as πρῖν, magis (for magius).

**priōr-ātus**, ūs, m. priority, precedence, preference, Tert. Val. 4.

**priorsum**, (-rūs) adv. forwards, aut accedit priorsum (al. prorsum) aut retrorsum recedit, Macr. s. 7, 9, 3; neruum de corde natum priorsum (al. deorsum) pergere usque ad digitum..., 7, 13, 8; mouetur corpus priorsus ac retrorsus, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 1, 18.

**Prisciānus**, m. [Priscus as a cogn.] a cognomen of adoption, as the grammarian so called; and a physician Theodoros P.

**Priscillus**, m. dim. [id.] a cognomen, Ti. Claudius Ti. f. Clu. Priscillus, inscr. Mur. 806, 3; 2. Priscilla, f. a cogn. Heluidia Priscilla, inscr. Fabr. 167, 32.

**Priscinus**, m. [id.] cogn. of adoption, M. Peducaeus Priscinus cos. (A.D. 110), inscr. Mur. 318, 1.

**priscus**, adj. [pris=prios, i.e. prior, see pristinus; hence Prisco, IRN 3690; Grut. 318, 7; Priscus, 702, 8; Πρῖσκος, CIG 2987; Mur. 1464, 6; IRN 2451] in orig. comp. hence Tarquinius Priscus, the first of the two Tarquins, so Paul. ex F. 226, 11 M; though Liv. 1, 34, 10 gives it as already his name; add 1, 46, 4; 2. of old time, ancient, gen. of very old times, illud erat insitum priscis illis quos caseos appellat Ennius, esse..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 29; Credendum est ueteribus et priscis ut aiunt uiris qui se progeniem deorum esse dicebant, Tim. 11; prisca horrida Silent ora clera crepera..., Varr. s. 173, 7 R; Ecce Sabinorum prisco de sanguine...Clausus, Verg. 7, 706; Vt prisca gens mortaliuim, Hor. epod. 2, 2; Me Chaos antiqui, nam sum res prisca, uocabant, Ov. F. 1, 103; add 1, 197; 3, 779; a. a. 3, 121;

3. hence of character, rough but true, old-fashioned, Claudia cuius priscam seueritatem..., Cic. har. r. 27; quotiens priscus homo ac rusticus Romanus barbam radebat, Varr. s. 139, 9 Iord.; priscae sanctimoniae uirginem, Tac. an. 3, 69 f.; 4. esp. stern, as in olden time, Saeua quod horre-



bas prisci praecepta parentis, Catul. 64, 159; A! percat cui sunt prisca supercilia, Verg. cop. 34; **5.** sometimes in poets, former (though recent), Quid si prisca redit Venus? Hor. od. 3, 9, 17; priscum pariter cum corpore nomen Mutat, Ov. M. 14, 850; add Val. F. 4, 391; **6.** Prisci Latini and priscae colouiae, of colonies founded before foundation of Rome, says Paul. ex F. 226, 10 M; and so Liv. 1, 3, 7; add 1, 38, 4; **7.** as a cognomen, T. Numicius Priscus (cons. 285 a. u. c.), Liv. 2, 63, 1; C. Claudius C. f. Priscus, CIL 1145, 3; **8.** priscae, adv. in the olden way, hence sternly, quaeram utrum me priscae agere malit, Cic. Cael. 33.

**prisma**, ātis, n. [πρισμα, what is sawn] a prism, Mart. C. 6, p. 253, 12 Eyss.

**prista**, ae, m. [πριστης] a sawyer, Plin. 34, 57, of a piece of sculpture by the Greek Myron.

**pristigēr**, a, um, adj. carrying a sea monster (pistris), Sid. ep. 4, 8.

**1 prist-inus**, adj. [pris = prios = prior, with excrement t, cf. crast-inus] of former times, former, olden, old, pristine, Eu (so Speng. cj. B eū, CD eum) hercle in vobis resident mores pristini, Pl. Truc. pr. 7; Delubra teues mysteria queis Pristina cistis consaepta sacris, Att. 527 R; dignitas, Cic. fam. 1, 5 b, 2; bonitas, Rosc. Am. 150; labor, Sul. 26; mos iudiciorum, Mil. 1; consuetudo, Caes. b. c. 1, 32, 3; opinio, 3, 82, 2; status, b. g. 7, 54, 4; mens tantum pristinā mansit, Ov. M. 3, 203; nomen, Colum. 5, 1, 7; annotationes, Gell. pr. 3; **2.** also immediately preceding, pristini diei perfidia, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 3; quum Etrusci pleni animorum ab pristini diei meliore occasione quam pugna in aciem processissent, Liv. 4, 32, 10; die pristini eodem modo dicebatur quod significabat die pristino id est priore, quasi pristino die, Gell. 10, 24, 8; but in Liv. 9, 23, 11 pristino die means on the preceding occasion, at several days distance, cf. quum per aliquot dies post pugnam continuisset suos intra uallum of § 7; note pristini in Gell. as an old dat.

**2 pristinus**, adj. [pristis] of the sea monster or whale, the constellation so-called, p. sidus, Colum. 11, 2, 5 and 64.

**pristis\*** or pistris, is and pistrix† or pristix†, icis, f. [prob. of foreign origin] a sea-monster (like our sea-serpent) maxima animalia in Indico mari ex quibus balaenae quaternum iugerum, pristis\* duodenum cubitorum, Plin. 9, 4; quae in toto Pistris adest miseraeque inhiat iam proxima praedae, Val. F. 2, 531; Lucullum qui quasi marina pristis\* enaserat, Flor. 1, 40 (3, 5) 16; pistricum† dominus atque macnarium, Arnob. 3, 31 (of Neptune); **2.** of the whale constellation, Andromedam tamen explorans fera quaerere pistrix† Pergit, Cic. arat. 140; Haud procul expositam sequitur Nereia pristis\* Andromedam, Germ. arat. 356; Auster pristin\* agit, 360; aegnoreae pristis\*, 371; pistrieis†...cristac...caudaque, 717 and pristis\* squamea terga, 721; **3.** of Scylla, et pulchro pectore uirgo Pube tenus, postrema immani corpore pistrix†, Verg. 3, 427;

**4.** a sort of long boat, quinque pristis\*, nauigium ea forma a marina belua dictum (mss dicta) est, Claud. Q. ap. Non. 535; as a name, Velocem Muestheus agit acri remige Pristim\*, Verg. 5, 116; pristrix† bellua maris, Actius (Altius) pristices dixit, gloss. Salmas. ad Flor. as above.

**prō**, prep. [for por-o and so for por (=E. for), as seen in por-rigo aud assim. in polliceor, pol-lingo; =πρ-ο] before, of place before, in front of, iudices qui in eam rem erunt pro rostreis in forum (uorsus iouranto), CIL 198, 36; add 1. 42; ibi terminus stat immonte pro cauo, 199, 16; proelium factum depugnatumque pro castris, Cato orig. 21, 7 Iord.; nonne sedens pro aede Castoris dixit? Cic. Phil. 3, 27; hasta posita pro aede Iouis Statoris, 2, 64; praesidia quae pro templis omnibus cernitis, Mil. 2; pro Aurelio tribunali dilectus seruorum habebatur, Pis. 11; non est necesse pro tribunali manumittere, Gai. dig. 40, 2, 7; add Marc. 4, 1, 7; alarios pro castris minoribus constituit, Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 1; add 1, 48, 3; 7, 70, 2 and 5; equitatum pro castris agitare iubet, Sal. Iug. 59, 1; quodni maturasset pro euria signum sociis dare..., Cat. 18, 8; in regia

sede pro curia sedens, Liv. 1, 47, 8; laudati pro contione (in presence of the assembled troops) omnes sunt, 38, 23 f.; add 22, 23, 9; 25, 11, 4; 30, 10, 5; add Tac. Agr. 35; an. 2, 80; h. 1, 27; pro foribus adstantem, Suet. Tib. 32; add Caes. 61 f.; Aug. 100 f.; not so used in Pl., or old drama;

**2.** in the procc. exx. the sense is in front of, but on the outside; pro also means in the front of (yet in or on), in contione pro rostris sententia(m) ita pronuntiatio, 198, 42 (but perh. the rostra, i.e. the beaks of ships, might be behind the speaker); nihil enim habent (epistolae) quod definitum sit nisi me nultu significasse tibi non esse amicum idque pro tribunali, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; imponendo capiti eius Iupercalibus sedentis pro rostris insigne regium, Vell. 2, 56 f.; stabat pro litore diuersa acies, Tac. an. 14, 30; and prob. 2, 81; **3.** in defence of (as if standing before the person protected), for, in behalf of, dimicare pro legibus pro libertate pro patria, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; qui ita sese armat eloquentia ut non oppugnare commoda patriae sed pro his propugnare possit, inu. 1, 1; add Sest. 1; Pro qua mihi sunt magna bella pugnata, Catul. 67, 13; pro Italia uobis est pugnandum, Liv. 21, 41, 14; Saguntinis pro nudata moenibus patria corpora opponentibus, 21, 8, 8; **4.** met. of words, Quid istae mutae sunt quae pro se fabulari non queant? Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 69; Quae pro me causam diceret patronam (so Guyet, mss patronum) liberaui, Most. 1, 3, 87; me pro meo sodali et pro mea omni fama fortuuisque decernere, Cic. or. 2, 200; haec quum contra legem pro lege dicta essent, Liv. 34, 8, 1; **5.** in one's favour, to one's advantage, quae facta postea iudicia dicerentur partim nihil contra Habitum ualere, partim etiam pro hoc esse, Cic. Clu. 88; hoc non modo uon pro me sed contra me est potius, or. 3, 75; et locus pro nobis et nox erit, Liv. 9, 24, 8; add 39, 30, 3; quae antea pro illis erant, in contraria conuersa sunt, Curt. 4, 14, 16 (4, 54); **6.** as one who speaks in the name of others and so represents them stands in their front, so in the name of, or behalf of, (M. Aimjilio M. f. C. An(fo C. f. pra)itoris pro pop(ulo Di)ti Dioue ded(ere), CIL 188; pro tribu Q. Fabius Q. f. primus sciuit, 200, 1; pro collegio (tribum) pronuntiant, Liv. 4, 26, 9; supplicatio pro collegio decemuirorum imperata fuit, 38, 36, 4; uti pro consilio imperatum erat, Sal. Iug. 29, 6; pontifices pro collegio decrenisse, ap. Gell. 11, 3, 2 (in a discussion about pro); **7.** hence in the capacity of, as, si M. Furius pro dictatore quid egisset, Liv. 6, 38, 9; **8.** also with abstract nouns, by right of, in virtue of, pro me iure (sc. ut referam gratiam) oras, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 36; Tametsi pro imperio uobis quod dictum foret Scibat facturos, Amph. pr. 21; add Capt. 2, 1, 47; non necesse habeo omnia Pro meo iure agere, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 27; satis pro imperio illud (se. iudicium) pro potestate dimitti iussit, Cic. Clu. 74; qui haec palam de superiore loco ageret pro imperio et potestate, Verr. 2, 4, 49; quia pro imperio palam interfieri non poterat, Liv. 1, 51, 2; add 3, 49, 5; ut dictatorem dicere consules pro potestate uestra (as tribunes) cogatis, 4, 26, 8; consules in priuato abdti nihil pro magistratu agere, 9, 7, 12; nos existimare quam me pro magistratu quicquam incompertum dicere melius est, 9, 26, 15; add 39, 5, 2; **9.** hence of persons, in place of, instead of, T. promitte (accept the invitation to dinner); ego ibo pro te si tibi non lubet. Th. Verbero, etiam inridet? T. Quian me pro te ire ad cenam autumo? Pl. Most. 5, 2, 10; eo magnitudinis procederet, ubi pro mortalibus gloria aeterni fierent, Sal. Iug. 1, 5; **10.** hence gen. of a deputy or representative, neue magistratum neue pro magistratu... quicum fecisse uellet, CIL 196, 12; nei quis magistratus proue magistratu, 198, 70; quoi is ager uetere (a dat.) proue uetere possessore datus (fuerit), 200, 17; de ea re pr(aetor) proue pr(aetore) quo iu ious adierit (recuperatores) xi dato, 200, 37; ei pro curatore eius, 200, 69; L. Manli pro qu(aestore), 423 (on a coin); enim cui legatus et pro praetore fuisset, Cic. Verr. 1, 11; neu quis miles neue pro milite, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 2, 157; **11.** as if one were, like, Pro sano loqueris, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 24; Hoc quidem edepol hau pro insano uerbum respondit mihi, 5, 5, 28; hunc...amaui pro meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 23; eum se iam tum gessisse pro ciue, Arch. 11; Caes. b. e. 3, 109, 1; quorum alter per suos pro occiso sub-



latns, alter interfectus est, 3, 109, 5; nihil hunc pro sano facturum, b. g. 5, 7, 7; inde abiere Romani ut uictores, Etrusci pro uictis, Liv. 2, 7, 3; ut pro bonis ac fidelibus sociis facerent, 24, 48, 5; **12.** of things, as, as if, in the light of, in place of, to serve as, for, aram habete hanc Vobis pro castris, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 30; Iam herelo ego uos pro matula habeo nisi mihi matulam datis, Most. 2, 1, 39; ut communibus pro communibus utatur, priuatis ut uis, Cic. off. 1, 20; **13.** esp. with vbs. of regarding, Vtrum pro ancilla me habes an pro filia? Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 13; Omne ego pro nihilo esse duco quod fuit, quando fuit, 4, 4, 85; ut pro eo (sc. tuo beneficio) tamen id habeamus, Cic. fam. 13, 7, 5; pro certo habetote, Sal. Cat. 52, 17; ita communicatos honores pro bene aut secus consulto habitura (ciuitas), Liv. 7, 6, 8; **14.** of things and abstract ideas, in place of, instead of, libenter uerba iungebant ut sodes pro si audes, sis pro si uis, Cic. orat. 154; pro Afris immutat Africaem, 93; pro ope ferenda sociis pergit ipse ad urbem oppugnandam, Liv. 23, 28, 11; pro eo ut ipsi ex alieno agro raperent agerentque, suas terras sedem belli esse uiderunt, 22, 1, 2; **15.** hence of purchases, for, pro hisse aedibus Minas quadraginta accepisti a Callicle, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; Tres minas pro istis duobus praeter uecturam dedi, Most. 3, 2, 138; add Cure. 1, 1, 63; As. 2, 2, 102; dixisse se dimidium ei eius (so T H K ej., mss eius ei) quod pactus esset pro illo carmine daturum, Cic. or. 2, 352; misimus qui pro uectura soluere, Att. 1, 3, 2; **16.** or the consideration for any payment, pro eo agro uectigal Langenses dent uic(toriatos) n(ummos) CCCC, CIL 199, 25; **17.** and met. in consideration of, in return for, esp. of punishments, (as we say, pay for it) Nam si pro peccatis centum ducat uxores, parumst, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 62; Sex talenta magna dotis demam pro ista inscitia, Truc. 4, 3, 71; Vt pro huius peccatis ego supplicium snfferam, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 17; par pro pari (so mss, and so quoted by Cic. fam. 1, 9, 19) referto, Eun. 3, 1, 55; Ego pol te pro istis dictis et factis scelus Vleiscar, 5, 4, 19; **18.** often with abstr. sb., on account of, for, hunc amare pro eius suauitate debemus, Cic. or. 1, 234; quem omnes amare pro eius eximia suauitate debemus, 1, 234; **19.** equivalent to, as good as, Eaque educauit eam sibi pro filia, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 24; pro patre huius est, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 28; Cato ille noster qui mihi unus est pro centum milibus, Cic. Att. 2, 5, 1; add Verr. 2, 4, 90; hoc (se. edictum) pro contione pro rostris pro iureiurando, Plin. pan. 65, 4; **20.** having before one or in view, looking to, considering, making allowance for, for, quibus de rebus mihi pro Cluentii uoluntate nimium, pro rei dignitate parum, pro uestra prudentia satis dixisse uideor, Cic. Clu. 160; quae cum cogito, timeo quidnam pro offensione hominum et magnitudine rerum dignum eloqui possim, Caecil. 42; Quis potis est dignum pollenti pectore carmen Condere pro rerum maiestate? Lucr. 5, 2; Dignum praestabo me, etiam pro laude merentis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 24; hoc conuiuium Pro opibus nostris satis commodulumst, Pl. St. 5, 4, 8; facere certumst Pro copia et sapientia (as far as our means etc. will permit), Merc. 3, 1, 8; sedulo Moneo quae possum pro mea sapientia, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 73; pro sua quisque facultate parat (canes) a quibus lanietur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 108; faciendum est modo pro facultatibus, off. 2, 58; modo satis illa dilucide dixerimus pro rerum obscuritate, Tusc. 4, 33; pro multitudine hominum et pro gloria belli angustos se finis habere arbitrabantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 5; proelium atrocius quam pro numero pugnantium editur, Liv. 21, 29, 2; add 36, 10, 12; his raptum pro tempore (as well as circumstances permitted) instructis, 30, 10, 7; **21.** esp. with parte or portione, proportionally, oportet ut aedibus uesibula sic causis principia pro portione rerum praepone, Cic. or. 2, 320; militibus pollicetur quaterna in singulos iugera et pro rata parte centurionibus, Caes. b. c. 1, 17, 1; but in Cic. Tusc. 1, 94 pro rata parte is a gloss; censorem aedilem curulem tres tribunos plebis mortuos ferunt, pro portione et ex multitudine alia multa funera fuisse, Liv. 7, 1, 8; adice nunc pro portione quot uerisimile sit Graeciam totam habuisse, 34, 50, 7; ceteris pro portione...honos habitus est, Curt. 9, 1, 6; **22.** hence p. mea (uirili, ciuili) parte, as far as was to be expected from—, ut ita

fieret pro mea parte adiui, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 9; omnes pro sua parte defendunt, Sul. 4; rempublicam pro nostra parte celeriter uobis expediri posse, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 13 f.; haec qui pro uirili parte defendunt optimates sunt, Sest. 138; me eius beneficio plusquam pro uirili parte obligatum puto, Phil. 13, 8; add Ov. tr. 5, 11, 23; ut deo pro ciuili parte rem publicam uelle saluam, Mat. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 28, 4; **23.** in accordance with, quae de causa pro mea consuetudine breuiter dixi, Cic. Arch. 32; reliqua tu pro tua prudentia considerabis, fam. 4, 10 f.; add Att. 11, 6, 1; **24.** pro eo atque (quasi)... just as if... si tacebitur pro eo ac si concessum sit concludere oportebit argumentationem, Cic. inu. 1, 54; deos pro eo mihi ac mereor relatores esse gratiam, Cat. 4, 3; pro eo ac debui grauius tuli, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 1; pro eo est (testis) atque si adhibitus non esset, Ulp. dig. 28, 1, 22, 4; pro eo erit quasi nec legatum quidem sit, Pomp. 30, 1, 38, 1; **25.** pro eo ut...with ind., according as, pro eo ut temporis difficultas tulit, Metell. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 126; **26.** pro eo ut with subj. instead of, see § 14; **27.** pro eo quod... in consideration of, for that, according as, cum Hannibal pro eo quod eius nomen erat magna gloria inuitatus esset, Cic. or. 2, 75; add Clu. 43; pro eo quod uos fatigauit, ueniam petitam uelim, Liv. 38, 49 f.; add 9, 8 f.; **28.** with quantum, according to, ea pro eo quantum in quoque sit ponderis esse aestimanda, Cic. fin. 4, 58; pro eo quanti te facio quidquid feceris approbabo, fam. 3, 3 f.; **29.** prout with the several meanings of pro, according as, argenti facti prout Thermitani hominis facultates ferebant satis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 83; tuas litteras prout res postulat exspecto, Att. 11, 6 f. (according to circumstances); uaria diligentia prout eiusque aut uatura aut studium ferebat, Caes. b. c. 3, 61 f.; coronam auream parui ponderis, prout res haud opulentae erant (as was to be expected seeing that...), Liv. 3, 57, 7; prout tempus patiebatur instrneta acies, 9, 43, 12; add 38, 40, 14; pro cuique libido est, Hor. s. 2, 6, 67; and Cels. 2, 14, p. 60, 9 Dar.; 5, 20, p. 177, 31; Plin. 5, 51; 10, 180; 31, 58 f.; Plu. ep. 6, 16, 6; 9, 33, 2; Tac. h. 2, 10; 2, 98; an. 1, 28; Quint. 1, 7, 2; 7, 2, 57; **II 30.** pro in comp. of verbs, forward, as progredior, porrigo, proeديو, proeديو; **31.** hence forth or out, proeديو, prosilio; **32.** to a distance, off, away, profugio, proterreo, prohibeo, prosequor, accompany part of the way; **33.** publicity, before (the world) profiteor, declare publicly, promulgo, pronuntio; **34.** met. progress, profit, proficio, prosum; **35.** in place of (another), proeديو; **36.** before, in time, pro-ludo, rehearse, or open with a prelude; **37.** forward, of time, to a future date, postponent, proeديو, name a future day, prodo, put off, profero, put off, prorogo, continue for a longer period (by enactment); **38.** down, profligo, knock down, protero, trample down, prodo, hand down, propago, fasten down, procello, proeديو, proeديو proclino, proculco, proeديو, prolabor, prortio, prosterno, promitto (sc. capillum barbam etc.), promo (uinum), propendo, prouoluo; **39.** in comp. of adj. down, procliuus, down hill; **40.** negation, profundus, bottomless, profauus, not sacred, profane; **41.** pro in comp. of sb., deputy, as proconsul, propraetor, procurator; **42.** in names of ascent or descent, like our great, proauus, great-grandfather, pronepos, great-grandson, add proauita, proauia, proauunculus, proneptis, propatruus; **43.** add prorsum, downwards, pronus, looking down, cf. supinus; **44.** perh. for por-os, and so a comp. of por; cf. *προς*.

**procul**, adv. [pōr-ōe-ūl, ult. from por prep., oc and ul dim. suff.; prob. proculle and that for proculle-is or ūis; cf. uigil, faeul, semel] lit. from a short distance, Concedam a foribus huc; hinc speculabor procul, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 82; istine loquero siquid uis procul, Capt. 3, 4, 71; add Mil. 4, 4, 34; Cure. 1, 2, 16; Poen. 3, 2, 37; 3, 3, 69; Rud. 4, 3, 82; 4, 4, 104; Truc. 4, 1, 11; Vidistis ludos? Hinc auscultauit procul, Afr. 265 R; Quem cum istoc sermonem habueris procul hinc stans accepi uxor, Ter. Hec. 4, 3, 1; non quaesiuit proeديو alicunde sed proximum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 48; qui (sc. di) iam non procul ut solebant sed hic



praesentes sua templa defendunt, Cat. 2 f.; senectus procul eas (sc. uoluptates) spectans, sen. 48; procul quid narrare attendere, or. 2, 153; add Planc. 29; Brut. 290; prouuntiari iubet ut procul tela coniciant neu propius accedant, Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 3; nullo iu stationes quidem qui (qui om. mss) procul iacularetur excurrente, Liv. 37, 20, 3; missilibus procul auxilia melius pugnant, 44, 35, 19; myocetionem appellare mallent quoniam procul et e longinquo odore muris necat, Plin. 27, 10; 2. to a small distance (cf. peregr. § 4), Proin tu ab istoc, procul (monos.) apscedas, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 19; ego huc procul recedam, Mil. 2, 4, 4; procul concessero, Afr. 200 R; Et procul iu teum ex oculis euanuit auram, Verg. 4, 278; omnibus arbitris procul amotis, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; Vadē procul, Ov. M. 4, 649; ni procul abscedat..., 6, 362; 3. at short distance, in the distance, but still within sight, Set quid ego misera uideo procul in litore? Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 29; uissus sum tuerier Procul sedere louge a me Aesculapium, Curc. 2, 2, 11; add Capt. 4, 2, 8; postero die procul a castris hostes in collibus constituerunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 1; ubi turrim procul constitui uiderunt, 2, 30, 3; Est procul in pelago saxum spumantia contra Litora Verg. 5, 124; procul (corpus) ab eo loco infoderunt quo erat mortuus, ps. Nep. Paus. 5, 5; 4. so far of distances rather short than long; but also gen. far off, without limit of distance, Multi suam rem hene gessere et publicam patria (a patria?) procul, Enn. ap. Cic. 7, 6; Delos tam procul a nobis in Aegaeo mari posita, Cic. Manil. 55; egit cum Bueleio quod cuiuscunq; particulae caeli officeretur, quamnis esset procul, mutari lumina (lights of a building) putabat, or. 1, 179; repente te quasi quidam aestus ingenii tui procul a terra abripuit, 3, 175; procul o procul este profani, Verg. 6, 258; 5. esp. with neg., cum seiret non procul a suis finibus exercitum populi Romani esse, Cic. fam. 15, 2, 2; haud procul oppido consedit, Liv. 3, 22, 4; pugnatum est haud procul radicibus Vesuuii montis, 8, 8, 19; in Macedonia nou procul Euripidis poetae sepulchro, Plin. 31, 28; 6. met., Postremo quando ego consciā mihi sum a me culpam 'sse hanc procul, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 50; Scias abesse ab lustris ingenium procul, Afr. 242 R; animi adfectio...procul ab omni metu, Cic. Tusc. 5, 41; iam haud procul seditione res erat, Liv. 6, 16, 6; praua ambitione procul, Hor. s. 1, 6, 52; cum liber inuidia procul contentionibus famam in tuto collocarit, Quint. 12, 11, 7; illud procul uero est, Colum. pr. 33; 7. procul est ut credere possis..., Lucr. 4, 856; Munro compares prope est ut...; 8. with quin and subj., ut hand procul esset quin Remum agnosceret, Liv. 1, 5, 6; legatos haud procul afit qui uiolarent, 5, 4 f.; add 9, 2, 3; quis tam procul a litteris quin sic incipiat? Quint. 7, 1, 46; add Sil. 2, 335; 9. note that old writers to Cic. inclusive (Enn.?) have abl. only with ab, Liv. Hor. and later a mere abl.; 10. procul εγγυς και μακρην και πορρωθεν, Gloss. H. Stephan. 11. Serv. ad A. 3, 13 and 6, 10 treats procul as=porro ab oculis, prac oculis.

**prod-iūs?** adv. comp. [prod] farther, primum uenit in urbem atque iutra muros deinde accedit prodius atque introit domum, Varr. ap. Non. 47 who adds=ulterius (so Pohl cj. see F. R. in Rh. M. 23, 704; mss interius), longius; 2. but prodius is prob. an error of Nonius for propius, cf. Bücheler Rh. M. 13, 597.

**prod-do,** ēre, didi, ditus, vb. [do dāre] put forth, send out, hold out, produce, Aut aliquo tamquam partu quod proditum extra (so mss, edd. al.), Lucr. 2, 933; extra prodita corpus (sc. mens), 3, 603; Medusae Ipse retrouorsus squalentia prodidit ora, Ov. M. 4, 656; Quae tam festa dies ut cesset prodere furem? Claud. inu. 13, 23; Eurus al occasu Zephyrus se prodant (comes forth) ab Indis, Get. 58; but in Ov. M. 1, 656 Merkel has ducis not prodis; in 6, 80 edere; in F. 5, 508 and 518 promit; in Suet. Ner. 54 proditurum in is from prodire; 2. esp. with excupulum etc., set a precedet or example, ne periculosos imitacionem exempli reliquis in posterum proderetis, Cic. Flac. 24; in hoc ego reo ne quod perniciosum exemplum prodatur pertinescam? 25; prodendi exempli causa ne quid usquam

fidum proditori esset, Liv. 1, 11, 7; quam clarum exemplum L. Eggius, tam turpe Ceionius prodidit qui..., Vell. 2, 119, 4; id unum nefarie ab Opimio proditum quod..., 2, 6, 5; 3. put forth as an officer, noniuatē, appoint, eique quem patres produnt consulom rogandorum causa, lex ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10; Launui a dictatore Milone prodi flaminem, Cic. Mil. 46; interregem, Liv. 3, 40, 7; 5, 31, 8; 6, 41, 6; dictatores proditi sunt, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 18; 4. put forth an edict etc., cum decretum proditur, lex ueri rectique proditur, Cic. acad. pr. 27; 5. hence gen. of words put forth, publish, make generally known, assert as an historian, si...ca quae scriptores Graeciae prodiderunt eruere coner, Cic. Tusc. 1, 29; Proclius non idem prodidit quod Piso, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 148 Sp.; haec prodente me, Plin. 10, 124; 6. divulge a secret, it may be treacherously, betray, ab homine propter uim doloris enuntiantē comissa, prodente conscios..., Cic. Tusc. 2, 31; tectusque reccusat Prodere uoce sua quemquam, Verg. 2, 127; Heu quam difficilē crimen non prodere uultu! Ov. M. 2, 447; Nil ego peccau; tua te bona cognita produnt, tr. 4, 4, 9; ferunt (testudines) summa in aqua obdormiscere, id prodi stertentium sonitu, Plin. 9, 36; sed prodere malunt Arcanum, Iuv. 9, 115; 7. lay down, abandon, leave to (its) fate, sacrifice (for connection of ideas cf. desero, destituo, deficio), rem prodere summam, Enn. an. 411 V; Prius proditurum te tuam uitam et prius Pecuniam omnem quam abs te amittas filium, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 70; eho an non alemus? Prodemus quaeso potius? Hec. 4, 4, 50; intolerabili dolore lacerari quam aut officium prodat aut fidem, Cic. acad. pr. 23; urbem philosophiae proditis dum castella defenditis, Cic. diu. 2, 37; Et comenam utrimque alarum proditur omne (of birds over the Avernus), Lucr. 6, 835; rem publicam prodi per metum ac deseri, Liv. 2, 57, 4; produntur ea omnia delecto exercitu, non seruantur, 9, 4, 12; publica prodeudo tua uequiquam seruas, 26, 36, 9; unius ob iram Prodimur, Verg. 1, 251; add 10, 593; 8. esp. with treachery, betray, and so as stronger than desero abandon, leave in the lurch, cum amici partim deseruerint me, partim etiam prodiderint, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 5; ut me non modo desereret sed etiam hostibus republicae proderet, p. red. in sen. 32; cur causam populi Romani deseruisti ac prodidisti? Verr. 2, 1, 84; is me deseruit ac prodidit, Flac. 81; si M. Brutum deserueritis et prodideritis, Phil. 10, 7; caput et salutem meam, Pis. 56; patriam, fin. 3, 32; classem praedonibus, Verr. 2, 5, 106; queritur sese proiectum ac proditum a Cn. Pompeio, Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 5; hosti republicam, Sal. Iug. 31, 18; desertam ac proditam causam publicam, Liv. 2, 54, 8; 9. put off, defer, postpone, Inpetrabo ut aliquot saltem nuptiis prodat dies, Ter. Andr. 3 (2), 1, 13; (cf. aliquos dies profer of v. 29); te diem prodidisse militibus, Cato orat. 73, 8 Iord.; prodidisse dicitur tempus longius fecisse, Fest. 242 b 14 M; possime elabi an prodenda dies sit, Lucil. ap. Non. 363 (to future ages); 10. hand down, continue, sed fore qui...geus alto a sanguine Teucri Proderet, Verg. 4, 231; 11. esp. as a record for future time by writing or otherwise, hand down, haec de sapientissimis uiris monumenta nobis litterae prodiderunt, Cic. Planc. 94; qui auspicia nobis suis posteris prodiderunt, Mil. 83; ius inaginis ad memoriam posteritatemque prodeudae (so Gron., mss prodendam), Verr. 2, 5, 36; eodem anno Alexandria in Aegypto proditum conditam, Liv. 8, 24, 1; 12. esp. with memoriae or an abl. memoria marked \*; et quod proditum memoriaest (so mss, i.e. memoriae st or est), Cic. rep. 2, 54; quos natos in insula memoria\* proditum dicunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 1; quos memoria\* proditum est...solitos, Val. M. 2, 6, 10; huius bella gesta multi memoriae prodiderunt, ps. Nep. Han. 13, 3; idem...memoriae prodidit, Them. f.

**proelium,** ii, n. [?] a battle, (C.) Sergius M. f. Vel. (i.e. Velina tr.) Mena, (...S)ergius C. f. Vel. quom (=cum) Q. Caepione proelio est occisus, CIL 582 (a. n. c. 664), Conuenit uicti utri siut eo proelio, Urbem agrum aras focos seque uti dederent, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 70; add vv. 99 and 259, and 2, 2, 112; Eloquere eloquere res Argiuom proelio ut



se sustinet, Enn. tr. 23 V; proelium factum depugnatumque pro castris, Cato 21, 7 Iord.; cum Crotoniatas maximo proelio deuicisset, Cic. N. D. 2, 6; ita proelium restitutum est, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 1; Naualis proeli spectaculum populo dedi tra)ns Tiberim, inser. Ancyr. 4; M. Billienus M. f. Rom. Actianus legione xi proelio (so, not praelio) nauali facto in coloniam deductus, inscr. Or. Henzeu 6959; proelio uno debellatum est, Liv. 2, 26 f.; 2. met., de rebus Venereis, S. Ergo edepol palles. T. Sancius factus sum in Veneris proelio (so, not praelio, in ABCD), Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 24; add Claud. Fesc. 4, 28; Arnob. 3, 10; 3. with parasites, of eating and drinking, M. Ego istic mihi hodie adparari iussi apud te proelium (praelium B, prelium rel.). E. Hodie id fiet. M. In eo uterque proelio (pro illo mss) potabimus: Vter ibi melior bellator erit inuentus cantharo Eum leges, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 3; Set metuo ne sero ueniam depugnato proelio, 5, 6, 31; Set quid cessamus proelium committere? Pers. 1, 3, 32; 4. a proelium, a general battle, contains many pugnae, hence not idly united in proelia pugnas edere, Lucr. 2, 118; 4, 1009.

**profecto**, adv. [prō factō] for a truth, indeed, assuredly, Nos profecto probe ut uoluimus uiximus, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 48; Ita profecto. Nuue profecto uapula ob mendacium. Non edepol uolo profecto. At pol profecto ingratiis: Hoc quidem profecto certumst, non est arbitrarium, Amph. 1, 1, 216; Profecto sic est, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 22; add Hec. 3, 3, 19; Ad. 1, 1, 3; non est ita iudices, non est profecto, Cic. Flac. 53; nunc quidem profecto Romae es, Att. 6, 5, 1; Quod profecto cucuict si..., Varr. s. 175, 22 R; sed profecto fortuna in omni re dominatur, Sal. Cat. 8, 1; Quodsi Catilina superior discessisset, profecto magna elades rempublicam oppressisset, 39, 4; Nec quos quaque darent motus pepigerē profecto, Lucr. 5, 421; illē profecto Reddere personae seit conuenientia cuique, Hor. A. P. 315.

**profiteor**, (porfiteor? prof. Pl. Enn., prof. Ter. Ov. etc.) ēri, fessus, vb. r. [fateor] declare publicly, give out to the world, profess, quando nil pudet Neque uis tua uoluntate ipse profiteri (porfiteri C) audi atque ades, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 80; quo imus una ad prandium? Atque illi taent. Quis ait 'hoc'? Quis profitetur? inquam: quasi muti silent, Capt. 3, 1, 20; Te ipsum hoc oportet profiteri et proloqui Aduorsum illam mihi, Enn. tr. 203 R; quid confitetur atque ita libenter confitetur ut non solum fateri sed etiam profiteri uideatur? Cic. Caec. 24; fateor atque etiam profiteor et prae me fero..., Rab. perd. 17; cuius rei facultatem consecutum esse me non profiteor, secutum esse prae me fero, N. D. 1, 12; profitetur se nullum periculum recusare, Caes. b. g. 7, 2, 1; add 7, 37, 6; quam profitebar amare, Ov. am. 1, 6, 33; 2. esp. w. refl. pron. give oneself out as, profess (to be), both w. csse, as: triduo me esse iuriconsultum profitebor, Cic. Mur. 28; me omnium prouinciarum defensorem esse profitebor, Verr. 2, 3, 217; se Thucydidios esse profitentur, orat. 30; add Rose. Am. 84; ei me profiteor inimicum, Poll. ad Cic. fam. 10, 31, 3; 3. and without esse, grammaticum se professus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 12; legatum se senatus ac populi Romani professus est, Suet. Galb. 10; add Calig. 25; 4. absol. (of rhetoric) cum omnes qui profitentur audiero, Plin. ep. 2, 18, 3; in Sicilia ubi nunc profitetur, 4, 11, 14; audistine, Valerium in Sicilia profiteri? 4, 11, 1; 5. w. abstract name of science professed, quei quaestum spurcum professi essent, CIL 1418, 8; philosophiam...quam qui profitetur, Cic. Pis. 71; in eo ipso cuius profitetur scientiam, Tusc. 2, 12; grammaticen, Quint. 2, 1, 6; qui rationalem medicinam profitentur, Cels. prooem. 3, 11 Dar.; medicinam, Suet. Caes. 42; rhetoricam professus, rhet. 3; lenocinium, Tib. 35; 6. w. other abstract sbs., publicly promise (to give), operam uestram, Cic. Rose. Am. 153; ego tibi profiteor atque polliceor exitium meum studium, fam. 5, 8, 4; 7. in legal sphere, make a return of—(to the authorities), quem h(ae) l(eg)e ad eos. profiteri oportebit, sei is quom eum profiteri oportebit Romae non erit, tum quei eius negotia curabit, is eden (= eadem) omnia...ad eos profitemini, CIL 206, 1; and so repeatedly, ib.; edixerat ut aratores iugera sationum sua-

rum profiterentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 38; aurum argentum ex praeda..., id profiteri apud decemuiros iubet; and soon: ut quantum habeat praedae...proficitur, agr. 2, 59; profiteri frumentum et uendere quod usui menstruo superest, Liv. 4, 12, 10; (as passive) greges ouium abigantur in Samnium aestiuatum atque ad publicanum profitentur, Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; si sexaginta diebus apud praetorem essent professi, Cic. Arch. 7; 8. p. nomen, or profiteor absol., give in one's name as a candidate to the authorities, prohibitus erat consulatum petere quod intra legitimos dies profiteri nequiebat, Sal. Cat. 18, 3; nt qui se tanto imperio dignos crederent, nomina profitentur, Liv. 4, 18, 5; quaesturam petentis quos indignos iudicauit profiteri uctuit, Vell. 2, 92, 3; and beyond the legal sphere, Si quisquamst qui..., In his poeta hic nomen profitetur suum, Ter. Eun. pr. 2; 9. hence professa of a meretrix (sc. nomen suum acdilibus p.), Ov. F. 4, 866; cf. Tac. an. 2, 85; 10. p. indicium, offer to give evidence against one's accomplices, deprehensus...indicium profitetur, Sal. Iug. 35, 6; summum supplicium deerebatur ni professus indicium foret, Tac. an. 6, 9 (3) f.; add Curt. 8, 6, 23 (8, 23); Suet. Dom. 17; bell. Alex. 55, 3; 11. as pass. see Varr. in § 7; esp. in perf. part. professus, avowed, publicly declared, Solaque famosam culpa professa facit, Ov. am. 3, 14, 6; dies...quo Stellae Violantillaeque professus Clamaretur hymen, Stat. silu. 1, 2, 25; imitatio, Maer. s. 1, 24, 18; 12. but not pass. in professum ducem, Instin. 8, 4, 4; uersus simplicius professi, Apul. mag. 11 f.; 13. ex professo as adv. avowedly, confessedly, pars securitatis et in hoc est non ex professo eam petere, Sen. ep. 14, 8 f.; philosophiam ex professo ostentantibus, Quint. 11, 1, 33; 14. de professo same, Apul. mag. 2.

**profundus**, adj. [fundus bottom with pro for neg. as in profanus; cf. demens, amens] strictly bottomless, unfathomable—hence deep, illae undae comitiorum ut mare profundum et immensum efferrescent, Cic. Planc. 15; hiauit humus multa, uasta et profunda, Sal. ap. Non. 318; Non qui profundum Danubium bibunt, Hor. od. 4, 15, 21; in profundae altitudinis conualles delapsa est, Liv. 38, 23, 7; 2. lying at a great depth, far below, quacunque Acheruntē profundo Proditā sunt esse, Lucr. 3, 978; at illum Sub pedibus Styx atra uidet Manesque profunda, Verg. G. 1, 243; Erebi sedes Ditisque profunda Pallida regna, Lucan. 1, 455; 3. of height, unfathomable, boundless, caelus profundus, Enn. an. 474 V; caelumque profundum, Verg. G. 4, 222; profunda quod caeli spectabo latus? Val. F. 7, 478; 4. of horizontal depth, siluasque profundas, Lucr. 5, 41; profundae siluae, Curt. 7, 29 (7), 4; 5. met., bottomless, insatiable, deep, profound, ut eorum diuitias in profundissimum libidinum suarum gurgitem profundat, Cic. Sest. 93; cum partim eius praedae profundae libidines deorassent, Pis. 48; auaritia, Sal. Iug. 81, 1; si libidinem et auaritiam solns ipse exercere satis haberet, unam, profundam quidem uoraginem tamen expleremus, Liv. 29, 17, 13; immensusque ruit profundo Pindarus ore, Hor. od. 4, 2, 7; cupiditas, Vell. 2, 125, 1; animi uitia, Plin. 30, 14; gula, Suet. Vit. 7 and 13; uenter, Apul. M. 4, 22 f.; 7, 27; securitas, Gell. 1, 15, 2; amor, Apul. M. 2, 5; somnus, 2, 25 f.; merum, Val. F. 5, 593; add Stat. silu. 3, 3, 107; and Th. 5, 187 and 262; 6. profundum, i as sb. n. an abyss, a deep hole, a depth, si essent in profundo (sc. aquae), Cic. fin. 3, 48; Trebiam et Tuscū post stagna profunda (of Thrasimene lake), Sil. 7, 378; uastique maris temptare profundum, Ov. hal. 84; 7. also absol. of the sea, chiefly in poets, the deep, profundo Vela dabit, Verg. 12, 263; Iactor in indomito brumali luce profundo, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 39; add M. 5, 439; 7, 65; 8, 592; 11, 197 and 202; Val. F. 1, 585; 2, 606; and even Colum. 8, 16, 9; 8. of the sky, alto caeli summota profundo, Mauil. 5, 719; 9. met. an abyss, Profundum uendis tu quidem, hau fundum mihi, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 79; miseriarum, Val. M. 2, 10, 6; eladium, 6, 9, 7; iniuriarum et turpitudinis, 9, 1 ext. 2; 10. esp. of what is buried, hidden, unknown, naturam accusa quae in profundo (in a well) ueritatem abstruserit, Cic. acad. pr. 52; haec res legatae quae in pro-



fundo esse dicuntur, quandoque apparuerint praestantur, Maecian. dig. 32, 15.

**prō-misc-am**, adv. [see promiscus] mixed together, in common, Nunc ego Simonem mi obuiam ueniat uelim Vt mea laetitia laetus promiscam (so Camer. cj., B promisca) siet, Pl. Ps. 4, 5, 11; promiscam dicebant pro promiscue, Paul. ex F. 224, 7.

**prōmiscē**, see promiscus.

**prōmiscēo**? in Maer. somn. 1, 6, 24; Jan with best mss has permisceri.

**prōmiscuē**, see promiscus § 6.

**prōmiscus**\*, (-uus) adj. [misc of miscuo, but what is pro here?] in common, mixed, promiscuous, quando operam promiscam\* damus, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 138, unless prom. be here the adv.; diuina atque humana promiscua, nihil pensi habere, Sal. Cat. 12, 2; plus ibi sanguinis promiscua\* (so Madv.) omnium generum caede factum, Liv. 2, 30 f.; promiscu\* (so M) usu rerum omnium in propatulo posito, 5, 13, 7; conubia promiscua habere, 4, 2, 6; consulatam promiscuum patribus ac plebi facere, 7, 21, 1; publice armis multati priuatis et promiscis\* copiis iuere militem, Tac. h. 1, 66; exsequiis (illustres uiri) a uaria promiscua\* sepultura separantur, an. 16, 16; lata lex qua flaminica Dialis sacerorum causa..., cetera promiscu\* feminarum iure ageret, 4, 16; haud promiscu\*, 14, 14; a uaria promiscua\* que cogitatione, Gell. 11, 16, 8; 2. ordinary, common, in usu promiscuo, Plin. 14, 2, 21, 7; numerus argenteorum facilius usui est promiscu\* ac uilia mercantibus, Tac. G. 5 f.; opinationis tam promiscuae\*, Gell. 16, 13, 4; 3. with inf., muta ista et inanimata intercidere ac reparari promiscua\* sunt, have nothing but what is ordinary in falling into ruin and being repaired, Tac. h. 1, 84; 4. in gramm. p. nomen, m. or f., epicene, Quint. 1, 4, 24; 5. in promiscuo, as an adv. in common, promiscuously, adeo in promiscuo licentiam esse uoluerunt, Liv. 29, 17, 14; habuere in promiscuo pecuniam, 40, 51, 7; add 34, 44, 5; nec arma in promiscu\* (so Halm), Tac. G. 44; 11 6. promiscu\* (-quet, -eue), in common, promiscuously, promiscuo toto (Campo Martio) quam proprie parua frui parte malitis, Cic. agr. 2, 85; unum est aurium indicium, promiscu\* (so Halm with mss V S) et communiter stultis ac sapientibus datum, Font. 22 (13); ex quo promiscue haurirent, or. 3, 72; Vnam uirtutem propriam mortalibus fecit, Cetera promiscuet uoluit communia habere, Varr. s. 112, 3 R; omnes puberes promiscu\* (so W. Wagner with ms P) interfecit, Sal. Iug. 26, 3; promiscu\* (so W. W. with Va) diues et pauper, ep. ad Caes. 7 f.; promiscu\* (so Madv.) urbs aedificari coepit, Liv. 5, 55, 3; promiscue maribus ac feminis, Plin. 11, 130; promiscue spectare, Suet. Aug. 44; Cl. 21; Dom. 8; promiscu\* largita est, Gell. 2, 24, 7.

**prōmiscuē**, see promiscus.

**prōteruūs**, (us) adj. [prōt.\* Plaut. Ter. and prob. Enn.; prōt.† Hor. Ov. etc. prōtero; for suffix cf. conspicuus] trampling down (all that crosses one's path)—hence, rushing headlong (at one's object), reckless, passionate, ungovernable, unsparing, proteruus est qui dum alius obuius est, proterit, quod faciunt et tauri in appetitu coitus, Donat. ad Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 53; Petulans proteruo\* iracundo animo indomito incogitato, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 1; flexi fractique motus quales proteruorum hominum aut mollium esse solent, Cic. fin. 5, 35; si proterua (mulier) petulanter uiueret, Cael. 38 f.; p. uenti, Hor. od. 1, 26, 2; Africus, epod. 16, 22; Eurus, Ov. her. 11, 14; manus, M. 5, 670; Mart. 11, 54, 5; 2. of speech, lingua, Ov. lb. 520; uerba, tr. 5, 6, 26; Et multo salo nec tamen proteruo†, Mart. 10, 9, 2; 3. esp. of ungovernable lust, mad with love, rampant, see Cic. above, iam proterua Fronte petet Lalage maritum, Hor. od. 2, 5, 15 (cf. Donat. above); Parcius iunctas quantant fenestras lactibus (so Haupt, Herm. 4, 145; al. icibus) crebris iuuenes proteruit†, 1, 25, 2; rixae cupidus proterua†, 3, 14, 26; Me satyri celeres... Quaesierant rapido, turba proterua†, pede, Ov. her. 5, 136; Cum modo me spectas oculis lasciuo proteruist†, 16 (17), 77; Musa, Ov. r. a. 362; furor, Sen. Pbaedr. 273; mcretrix proter-

uor, Iust. 30, 2; 4. as a cognomen, Cornelia O. 1. Proterua, inser. Fabr. 408, 333; 5. adv. proteruē, recklessly, quae non deliquit deest Audacem esse, confidenter pro so et proterue\* loqui, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; Quis illic est qui tam proterue in nostras aedes arietat? Truc. 2, 2, 1; add Rud. 2, 4, 1; Ecce autem tu quoque proterue\* iracundus es, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 53; add Haut. 4, 4, 1; Multa miser timeo quia feci multa proterue†, Ov. am. 1, 4, 45; proteruius, a. a. 1, 599; proteruissime, Aug. ciu. D. 5, 22; 6. adv. proteruiter, Quis est qui nostris foribus tam proteruiter...? Enn. com. 4 V.

**psōādīcus**, [ψοαδίκος] adj. suffering from lumbago, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 1.

**psōāe**, f. pl. [ψοαί] museles of the loin, ib.

**psōicus**, [psoa] = psoadicus, siue quis arthriticus sit siue psioicus (so Haupt. cj., ms posicus), frag. Vat. 129.

**purgo**, (older purigo; see §§ 7, 8) āre, vb. [implies a noun purex igit a cleaner, from purus and eg a suff. = our ock] act as a cleaner, clean, clear, cleanse, firstly w. acc. of thing cleansed of dirt etc., si inquinata erit (olea) lauito, a foliis et stercore purgato, Cato r. 65; piscis ceteros purga Dromo, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 22; immissi cum falcibus purgarunt et aperuerunt locum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 65; ut facile purigare possit cubile, Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; haras, 2, 4, 15; cultello ungues, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 51; fossas, Plin. 18, 236; segetes, ib. 241; uiperam, 29, 70; prunum, 13, 64—stone it; muribus purgo domum, Phaedr. 1, 23 (22), 3; Purgentque saeuae cana labra uolsellae, Mart. 9, 27, 5; fabam—amygdalas—nucleos pineos, ed. Diocl. 15—17, i. c. peel; pira granis, Pall. 3, 25, 9; alucaria sordibus, 5, 9, 7; 2. esp. p. uiam etc., clear the ground, quominus inuiri(ei) uicis in urbem purgandis inuiri(ei) uicis extra urbem purgandis, uias publicas purgandas curent h(ac) l(ege) n(ihil) r(ogatur), CIL 206, 50; purgari (uiam) proprie dicitur ad libramentum proprium dirigere, sublatō eo quod super eam esset, Ulp. dig. 43, 11, 1, 1; 3. met., educ tecum omnes tuos, purga urbem, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; tu... forum purges, Sest. 78; add Suet. Cal. 29; Vesp. 9; 4. w. acc. of dirt etc. removed, purgare ligonibus herbas (so Merkel, but? al. arua), Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 59; rudera, Suet. Vesp. 8; uermes, Pall. 4, 10, 4; lapides, 3, 6; sordes, Claud. in Eutr. 1, 383; see also passages marked \*; 5. in med., clear (of noxious humours etc.), purify, including both vomiting† and purging, ubi lubido ueniet nauseae... purget† sese, Cato r. 156, 4; haec (brassica) ulcera\* purgabit, 107, 3; canceres\* morbum articularium\*, 107, 7; qui hac purgatione purgandus erit, 107, 13; perdicēs lauri folio annuum fastidium\* purgant, Plin. 8, 101; corpora, 19, 43; pituitas\*, 20, 188; uulnera, 21, 129; purgat per inferna, 25, 51; bibunt cum ut purget uomitione† et aluo soluta, 26, 64; 6. met. of expiations, purify, expiate, Luce Palis populos purget ut ille cinis, Ov. F. 4, 640; add M. 13, 952; Di patrii purgamus agros, purgamus agrestes, Tib. 2, 1, 17; bac (sc. uerbernaca) domus purgantur, Plin. 25, 105; crimen purgandum gladio, Lucan. 8, 518; add 1, 593; 7, 777; Plin. 15, 119; 7. clear of a charge, w. acc. of person, quibus de rebus uos purgauiatis, CIL 201, 3; add 12 and 14; Et id huc reuerti ut purigarem me (so cj. Ritschl; me purigarem mss) tibi, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 28; Nec quibus modis me mcae uxori purigem (so R. cj.) scio, Cas. 5, 3, 5 (order of words by T H K); nullast tam parui preti, Quom (Bothe, mss quin) pudeat quin puriget se (so R. cj.; mss purget sese), Aul. 4, 10, 61; purgon ego me de istac Thaidi? Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 44; add Hee. 5, 4, 31; Ad. 2, 1, 8; 4, 3, 17; purgat Caesarem de interitu Marcelli, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; quod te mihi de Sempronio purgas, accipio excusationem, fam. 12, 25, 3; add Att. 3, 15, 2; fam. 3, 10, 6; 7, 27, 2; se, Tac. an. 4, 42; 8. w. acc. of charge or deed, prove groundless, disprove, defend, or at least make excuse for, palliate, apologize† for, Verum eadem si isdem (nom.) purigas (so R.; mss purgas mihi), patiunda sunt, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 64; Non mihi omnes placent qui quando male fecerunt, purigant (so R.; mss purgant), Aul. 4, 10, 27; L. Nihil herole istius quicquamst. D. Numero purigas



(so R, mss purgas, Merc. 4, 4, 5; Aut ea refellendo ant purgando † uobis corrigemus, Ter. Hee. 2, 2, 12; orat con- fiteitur purgat †, Pla. 5, 9, 46; quantum defensor purgandis criminibus consequi et dicendo probare poterit, Cic. Clu. 3; accedebant blanditiae uirorum factum purgantium † cupiditate atque amore, Liv. 1, 9, 16; neque eo negligentius ea quae ipsis obiecerentur purgabant, 8, 23, 4; add 27, 20, 12; innocentiam suam, 9, 26, 17; crimen, 38, 48, 13; 9. w. acc. and inf., defend (themselves) by saying, qui pur- garent nec accitos ab eo Bastarnas nec auctore eo quicumque facere, Liv. 41, 19, 5; 10. w. gen., quibus purgantibus ciuitatem omnis facti dietique hostilis aduersus Romanos, Liv. 37, 28, 1; Et miror morbi purgatum te illius, Hor. s. 2, 3, 27; 11. purgor as vb. r. (=purgo mihi) w. acc.,

Qui purgor bilem sub uerni temporis horam, Hor. A. P. 302; 12. the form purgo often supplanted by a spurious freq. purgito, condemned by Ritsehl, op. 2, 430; cf. ex- purigo, perpurigo, iurigo, obiurigo.

**Puteoli**, orum, m. dim. pl. [puteus] lit. the little wells— hence the town so called, now Pozzuolo, from its hot-springs a puteis oppidum ut Puteoli, Varr. l. 5, 5 (12); add 9, 41; adsunt Puteoli toti, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 154; add Vat. 12; aead. pr. 80 and 125; fin. 2, 84; Att. 1, 13, 5; Sen. ep. 77, 1; 2. in Gk. Ποσειδοι, Strab. 17 p. 793; also Ποσειδοι, CIG 5853, 26; and so Puteolis with an apex, I R N 2532 (see Rhein. Mus. 14, 636); hence now Pozzuolo.

Q.

**quā**, (abl. f. of qui, sc. uia) firstly as rel., along which or what road or line, in what direction, where (so limited), at times w. some noun as antecedent, uestigium hic requiro Qua aufugit quaedam, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 59; o quanti ille agros emit qua aquam duceret, Cato ap. Char. 192 P, 216 K; terminos restituendos ex s. e. coerauit qua...uir(i) statuerunt, CIL 583, 6; omnes introitus qua adiri poterat in eum fundum, Cic. Caece. 21; spatium pedum sescentorum qua flumen intermittit, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; montem occupa- pat qua Metellus descenderat, Sal. Iug. 50, 3; ad omnes aditus qua signa ferri uidebat, Liv. 5, 43, 2; add 1, 44, 4; Spiramenta nouas ueniat qua sucus in herbas, Verg. G. 1, 90; 2. the word uia itself is often expressed, Date uiam qua fugere liceat, Pl. Aul. 3, 1, 2; add Poen. 3, 3, 14; relinquatur una uia qua..., Caes. b. g. 1, 9, 1; eadem qua te insinuaueris uia repetenda (est), Liv. 9, 2, 8; 3. without an expressed antec., qua mollissimum est adoriuntur, Cato ap. Serv. A. 4, 293; in uia(m) popli- cam Campanam qua proximum est, CIL 1291; uadis Rodani qua minima altitudo fluminis erat, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; add 1, 10, 3 etc.; Liv. 40, 58, 8; Verg. B. 9, 7; G. 1, 33 etc.; 4. of the space limited, within what limits, qua ager priuatus casteli Vituriorum est..., is ager uectigal nei siet, CIL 199, 6; Qua(que) propter Hannibalē copias conseraderat, Enn. ap. Gell. 4, 7, 5; regna mihi liquit Pelops Qua ponto ab Helles atque ab Ionio mari Vrgetur Isthmos, poet. ap. Sen. ep. 80, 7; qua terra patet, fera regnat Erinys, Ov. M. 1, 241; add 14, 361; litus publicum est caeuus qua maxime fluctus exaestuāt, Iaul. dig. 50, 16, 112; omnia, qua nius erat, constrata telis, Sal. Iug. 101 f.; 5. as interr. first ind., along which or what road, which way, Scio qua me ire oportet, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 53; qua ant quo nihil scimus, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; qua digitum proferat, non habet, Caece. 71; in templum nescio qua ascendit, Phil. 3, 20; ea modo qua irent consultatio fuit, Liv. 9, 2, 5; partis rimatur apertas Qua uoluis letale ferat, Verg. 11, 749; 6. as dir. interr., quo aut qua eamus? Liv. 9, 3, 3; 7. met., in what way, where, how, Quid fieret, qua fieret? Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 56; Antonium...delectus qua possit habiturum, Cic. Phil. 6, 5; statui non ultra attingere externa nisi qua Romanis cohaerent rebus, Liv. 39, 48, 6; coeant in foedera dextrae Qua datur, Verg. 11, 293; ueterem tntare sodalem Qua lieet, Ov. Pont. 2, 4 f.; scisti qua cogere posses, F. 4, 527; 8. esp. in the sense, so far as, aerem (Aegyptii) marem iudicant qua uentus est, feminam qua nubilosus, Sen. N. Q. 3, 12, 2; ignem uocant masculinam qua ardet flamma, feminam qua luget, ib.; aut adsu- mere in causam naturas eorum qua competunt, aut mitigare qua reppgnabunt, Quint. 4, 1, 17; et qua heres est et qua ...possidet ex substitutione hereditatem, Cels. dig. 29, 4,

25; 9. indef., as after si, ne, num, by any way, road, channel, by some way, Nisi si qua Vlixes interuasit Lartius, poet. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 96; Asside si qua uentura est alia strena strenue, Pomp. ap. Non. 17, 1; fieri potis est ut ne qua exeat, Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 18; 10. as demonstr. (at least in imagination), repeated, on this side...on that..., here... there..., at one time...at another..., alike...and..., leges mori seruiunt, Mores autem rapere properant qua sacrum qua publicum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 37; gladiatoribus qua domi- nus qua aduocati sibilis conscissi, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3; quam expedita tua consilia qua itineris qua nauigationis qua congressus...emm Caesare, 9, 12, 1; add 15, 18, 2; Q. fr. 3, 1, 5; usi snt qua suis quisque qua totius ordinis uiri- bus, Liv. 2, 35, 4; add 2, 45, 3; 10, 38, 1; ex superiore basilicae parte qua feminae qua uiri...imminebant, Plin. ep. 6, 33, 4; add pan. 33, 1.

**quā-cumquē**, adv. (abl. f. of quicumque, sc. uia), by whatever road, along whatever line, whatever way, quacum- que iter fecit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; q. uelint...uagari ut liceat conceditur, agr. 2, 34; q. ingredimur in aliqua historia uestigium ponimus, fin. 5, 5; add Att. 14, 17, 6; q. custodia- diant plebis homines, ea patere aditum, Liv. 24, 2, 10; Romani omnia haec maria duobus nominibus appellant, Macedonicum q. Maecdoniam aut Thraciam attingit, Graeci- ense qua Graeciam adluit, Plin. 4, 51; add 17, 90; 2. qua w. cumque apart, Qua se eumque furens medio tulit agmine uirgo, Hae Arruns subit, Verg. 11, 762; 3. within whatever limits, wherever, Nam quaecumque uacat spatium, quod inane uocamus, Corpus ea non est, Lucr. 1, 507; 4. and so w. verbs of seeing, where it seems = unde- cunq;e, connexus (mundus) mediusque q. cernatur, Plin. 2, 5; Minerna spectantem spectans quaecumque aspiceretur, 35, 120.

**quādam-tēnus**, (-n-tenus) adv. up to a certain line, to some extent, in a some degree, somewhat, Est quā- dam prodire tēnus, si non datur ultra, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 32; wh. note the tmesis; q. rubens, Plin. 24, 124; add 37, 2; but in 15, 110 the best mss have quidam tenuis; add Gell. 17, 21, 1 f.

**quādrāgiens**, (-iēs) adv. forty times, ciuium Romano- rum censa sunt quadragiens centum millia et sexaginta tria millia, mon. Ancyrr. 2, 4; add 7 and 10; quadrages quater accusatus, Aur. V. 47; 2. ellipt., sesterterium ter et q. erogabamus, Cic. Flac. 30, 430000 sesterces, ducenties q. litem aestimatam, Liv. 38, 55, 9.

**quādr-āgintā**, (quatr.\*) num. adj. [implies a lost quadra- gin- dim. of quattuor = Fr. quatrain; ta = ten] forty, Quid rere igitur? Quot minis? Totis quadrāgintā minis, Pl. Epid.

1, 1, 50; add 1, 2, 11 etc.; triginta iugera prati Quatraginta\* arui, Catul. 115, 2; annos natus maior quadraginta, Cic. Rose. Am. 39; Quādrāginta (written xxx) annos nata necis potior, CIL 1011 b 14; 2. for short qty. of the first a cf. quadrantal quadrigae.

**quādrī-bācium**, ii, n. an ornament of four berries, in collo quadribacium margaritis n̄. xxxvi, zmaragdīs n̄. xviii, CIL 2, 3386.

**quādrī-fāriam**, adv. [cf. bifariam, esp. for qty.] in four parts or divisions, ea q. dispertierim, Varr. ap. Non. 92, 11; q. se diuiserunt, Liv. 38, 1, 7; add Suet. Vit. 13.

**quādrī-finius**, adj. [quattuor, finis] having four boundaries, i.e. bordering on four other properties, terminus, grom. p. 250, 27 Laehm.; 343, 28 etc.; 2. as sb. n. quadrifinium a place so bounded, id. 10, 3; 110, 12 etc.; add Isid. 15, 14.

**quādrigae**, ārum, adj. f. pl. as sb. [for quadriugae, sc. equae asinae etc.; cf. bigae] four mares etc. yoked or for yoking (abreast), Cum quadrigis† Sol exoriens, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 266; et quadrigas qui uehar, St. 2, 1, 19; Men. 5, 5, 36; Poen. 1, 2, 156; Aul. 4, 1, 14; curru quadrigarum uehi, Cic. diu. 2, 144; duabus admotis quadrigis in curru earum distentum illigat Mettium, Liv. 1, 28, 10; Glauei Potniades malis membra absumpsere quādrigae, Verg. G. 3, 268; Vt cum carceribus sese effudere quādrigae\*, 1, 512; sacerorum certaminum studiosi pernicissimarum quadrigarum\* semina diligenti obseruatione eustodiunt, Colum. 3, 9, 5; 2. so far of horses only, but also of other animals, ut mea memoria asinus uenerit H̄S milibus ix et unae quādrigae constiterit quadringenis milibus, Varr. r. 2, 1, 14; camelorum\*, Suet. Ner. 11; 3. a chariot drawn by four, quadrigas† si nunc incendas Iouis, Atque hinc fugias, ita uix poteris ecfugere infortunium, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 294; quadrigis uehentem, Cic. Brut. 331; 4. often in reference to races in the Circus, cf. \* above; add nec enim in quadrigis secundum numerauerim aut tertium qui uix e carceribus exierit, Cic. Brut. 173; and Liv. 44, 9, 4; Suet. Caes. 39; Claud. 21; Dom. 4; 5. attributed to Gods, cf. † above; add: roseis Aurora quadrigis, Verg. 6, 535; Iam Nox aetherium nigris emensa quadrigis Mundum, Tib. 3, 4, 17; 6. a favourite simile for speed, Nam si(n) (so THK cj., mss si) huic occasione sese subterdixerit, Numquam edepol quadrigis albis indispicet postea, Pl. As. 2, 2, 13; cursu corrigam tarditatem, cum equis, tum uero...quadrigis poetiis, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 2; add † above; 7. gen. of any batch of four, initiorum quādrigae, locus et corpus (et) tempus et actio, Varr. l. 5, 1 p. 23 Sp.; ut quādrigae tyrannorum bono principi miscerentur, Vop. Prob. 24, 8; 8. met. irarumque effunde quadrigas, Enn. an. ap. Serv. A. 12, 499; 9. quadriga in sing. both of a chariot drawn by four horses, uolucris currit axe quadriga, Pacuv. ap. Isid. diff. 47; inuenimus quadrigam numero singulari dietam in libro saturarum Varronis, says Gell. 19, 8, 17—though condemned by Caes., cf. Gell. 19, 8, 4; Amphiaræae haud prorsus fata quādrigae, Prop. 2, 34, 39; Eleae...pahua quādrigae, 3, 9, 17; quadrigam ex (ebore), Plin. 7, 85; Thessalium q. decus, Grat. cyn. 228; add Val. M. 1, 8 ext. 9; Ulp. dig. 45, 29 f.; 10. and of the four horses alone, Vapulat assidue ueneti q. flagello, Mart. 6, 46, 1; quadriga curruisque ex uno lapide, Plin. 36, 36; eum tres equos haberes et ego unum, societatem coimus ut accepto equo meo quadrigam uenderes, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 58; but in Gai. inst. 3, 212 Laehm. w. best ms has now: si ex quadrigis (not quadriga) equorum unum occiderit; 11. see Key's Essays ix.

**quādrigēni**, (quadrīg.) ōrum, num. pl. distr. [for -genteni fm. quadringenti] 400 each, quadringenis milibus admisarii (asini) uenerunt, Varr. r. 2, 8, 3; denarios nummos quadringenos (so some of the best mss), Liv. 8, 11, 16; quadringenis millibus nummum, Suet. Vit. 13; in Liv. 45, 16, 3 and Plin. 8, 170 reading dub.

**quādr-imus**, adj. [hiem-winter] of four winters—hence four years old, Puerum quadrimum quem mihi seruos surpuit, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 114; add 4, 2, 96; 5, 4, 14; de quadrimo Catone, Cic. fam. 16, 22, 1; boues, Varr. r. 1, 20, 1; uitis, Colum. 4, 16, 1; infanitem quadrimo parem, Liv. 27, 37, 5; merum, Hor. od. 1, 9, 7.

**quādringēn-ārius**, adj. [quadringeni] containing 400, cohortes, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 14; Liv. 7, 7, 4; 2. q. iudex, as having an income of 400,000 HS, inser. Mur. 1048, 4; Grut. 431, 7.

**quādringētēni**? num. distr. 400 each, a dub. reading in Plin. 8, 170 and Vitr. 10, 14, 4, p. 264 wh. Rose has cccc.

**quādringētēsimus**, adj. num. ord. four-hundred-th, annum, Liv. 5, 45, 4; anno, Plin. 8, 16.

**quādrin-genti**, (in old l. quādrigenti) adj. num. card., four-hundred, Qui misere male muleaberis (muleabere, mss) quadringentis (pron. earg.) Philippis (pron. Phil'pis) aureis, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 10; Quadringentos filios habet atque omnis leetos sine probro, ib. 50; add 5, 2, 64; Quadringentos. Tramas putidas. Quingentos. Cassam glandem, Rud. 5, 2 (3), 37—in Bac. 5, 2, 64 C has quadringentis; all the rest in all other places have the form w. n agst metre; annos quadringentos, Cic. Pis. 10; add rep. 1, 58; sed quinque tabernae Quādringenta parant, Iuv. 1, 106; denticuli quadringenti, Vitr. 10, 14, 2.

**quādringētēs**, (iens) num. adv. four hundred times, C. Verrem H̄S quadringentis contra leges abstulisse (sc. centena milia), Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 27.

**quādrini**, num. pl. distr. four each=quaterni, Sicut...a quattuor quadriini (so mss Flor. Har., not quatriui), sic a duobus duini non bini diceretur, Varr. l. 8, 55; trinis aut quadriuis diebus—every three or four days—Plin. 11, 120; add 7, 169; cardines, Arnob. 6, 5; salsamina quae sunt una commixtio quadringis copulata de frugibus, 7, 24; 2. so w. plurals of singular power, as molae, a mill, Nam plus quaesti facerem quam quadringas si haberem molas, Pomp. ap. Non. 483, 27.

**quādrūpēdāns**, ntis, part. [implies a vb. quadrupedo or -or] galloping, Qui aduehuntur quādrūpēdanti (pron. earp.) eruciant canterio, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 34; equo iuxta quadrupedante, Plin. 8, 182; 2. in poet. as sb. a galloper, Quadrupedante putrem sonitu quatit ungula campum, Verg. 8, 596; add 11, 614; cf. quadrupedus.

**quādrūpēdātim**, quoted as adv. fm. quadrupes, Charis. 163 P, 183, 11 K.

**quādrūpēdium**? see quadrupes § 5.

**quādrūpēdus**, (quadrūp.) adj. galloping, met. sententias eius uideo nusquam quadrupedo concito cursu tenere, Fronto de orat. p. 156 ed. Nab.; 2. as adv. cursu understood, aequae pernicitatis equorum exercitus siue quadrupedo currant...seu tolitum, id. ad Caes. p. 22; 3. fourfooted, quadrupedo gradu repentis—on all fours—Amm. 14, 2, 2.

**quādrūpēs**, (-ip\*) ēdis, adj., four-footed, Denique ui magna quadrupēs ceus (al. eques) atque elephantī Proiciunt sese, Enn. ap. Gell. 18, 5, 4; Macr. s. 6, 9, 10; erocodilum habet Nilus, quadrupes\* malum, Plin. 8, 89; uolucres quadrupes\*, 11, 120; 2. of man on all fours, as a quadruped, multos honesti ordinis...bestiarum more quadrupedes cauea coereuit, Suet. Cal. 27; (Nero) quadrupes per angustias effossae cauernae receptus...decubuit, Ner. 48;

3. quadrupedem constringito, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 24—hands and feet together, as calves so sent to market; 4. as sb. m. f. n., a quadruped or four-footed animal, Nam iam calcari quadrupedem (pron. carp.) agitato aduersum cliuom, Pl. As. 3, 3, 118; si bouem aut aliam quamuis quadrupedem serpens momorderit, Cato r. 102; add Varr. r. 1, 20, 1; quadrupedum\* (al. quadrup.) uectiōnes, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; ut uihil inter te atque inter quadrupedem\* (al. quadrup.) aliquam putes interesse, par. 1, 14; nulla nee amnem Libauit quadrupes nec..., Verg. B. 5, 25; Saueius aut quadrupes (sc. ceruos) 7, 500; quadrupedemque citum, 11, 714; add Colum. 6 pr. 6; 5. quadrupedia as n. pl., maiora quadrupedia, Colum. 11, 2, 14; peens lanatum ceteraque quadrupedia, 11, 2, 33; add Pall. Mart. 13 f.;



plurima obruerit quadrupedia, Iul. Val. r. g. Alex. 3, 36 f. ed. Mai; but these poss. from a sb. quadrupedium; 6. for form quadripes, see Hildebrand Apul. p. 522.

**quadrūplātor**, (older -pulator, later quadrip.) ōris, m. [quadruplor], one who lives by prosecuting actions quadrupli, i.e. where the law grants four-fold damages, like an E. attorney conducting a speculative case, w. a view to the costs, and so gen. a pettifogger, Vbi quadrupulator† quempiam (so mss, edd. quioipiam) inexit manum, Tantidem ille illi rursus inicit manum, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 18; nisi forte existimatis ei quadruplatores ad fretum praesto fuisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 21; homo omnium ex illo conuentu quadruplatorum deterrimus, ib. 22; populum Romanum quadruplatoris et interceptoris litis alienae personam laturum, Liv. 3, 72, 4; quid multis? Vt eum quadruplatores agam..., Apul. apol. 89; quadruplatores diebantur qui eo quaestu se tuebantur ut eas res persequerentur quarum ex legibus quadrupli erat actio, Paul. ex F. 259 M; quadruplatores sunt accusers criminum publicorum sub poena quadrupli, siue quod..., Ase. Verr. 2, 2, 21 above; 2. met. male istis... beneficiorum suorum quadruplatoribus, Sen. ben. 7, 25, 1; **quadrū-plex**, icis, adj. [plia, v. simplex] four-fold, Quam ego pecuniam iam (eam T H K cj., mss om.) quadruplicem (pron. carp.) aps te et lenone auferam, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 21; quadruplicis stellae, Cic. anat. 93; onerariarum quadruplicem ordinem pro muro...opposuit, Liv. 30, 10, 5; differentia, Plin. 15, 85; radice quadruplici, 27, 60; Syracusas, Auson. urb. 11, 1.

**quadrūplicātio**? ōnis, f. a fifth stage in a legal argument, viz. actio, exceptio, replicatio, triplicatio, et contra triplicationem rursus quadruplicatio, Ulp. dig. 44, 1, 2, 3; but Mommsen omits quadruplicatio.

**quadrūplicātō**, adv. four times as much, Plin. 2, 76; 2. at four times as much, emptis q. uineis, 14, 51.

**quadrūplico**, āre, vb. (quadruplex) make four times as great, (Merenrius) me...luuit lucrisque quadruplicauit (pron. carp.) rem meam, Pl. St. 3, 1, 4.

**quadrūplo**, (older -pulo) āre, vb. (quadruplus) same, si quis non restituat, in quadruplum in eum iudicium pollicetur, quadruplabitur autem omne quodeunque restitui oportuit, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 14, 1; add ib. 14; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 18, p. 361, l. 35 Mommsen; 2. as vb. r. quadruplor, play the part of a quadruplator, wh. see, Neque quadrupulari† me uolo, neque enim deest, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 10.

**quadrū-plus**, (older pūlus) adj. [pul=mul of multus, πολ of πολυς] four times as much, quadrupled, strenam, Suet. Tib. 34 f.; eum quadruplis fructibus, dig. de I. F., § 20; 2. as sb. n. quadruplum, eorniei nouem nostras attribuit aetates, quadruplum eius cernis, Plin. 7, 153; quadruplo maior, 11, 203; 3. esp. in legal l. of fourfold damages, Post id ego te manum inieci quadrupli† (pron. carp.), uenefica, Pl. True. 4, 2, 49; furem dupli eondemnari, faeneratorum quadrupli, Cato r. pr. 1; se in aratore in quadruplum (iudicium) daturum, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 34; siue in duplum est actio siue tripli aut quadrupli, Gai. dig. 2, 8, 3; in quadruplum eius pecuniae...actio competit, Ulp. 3, 6, 1; in quadruplum damnatur, Modest. 48, 13, 15 (13); omnes quadrupli poenam pro uirili portione debent, Herm. 49, 46, 9; 4. the forms quadrupuli, quadrupulator, quadrupulari for quadrupli etc. in Plaut. marked† are agst. mss but needed for metre, cf. Fleckeisen in Geppert's True.

**quā-libescit**, adv., qualibet, qualibuit, qualibescit, not. Tir. 35.

**quā-libet**, (-lūbet) adv. along any road or way you please, Qualibet perambula aedis oppido tamquam tuas, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 122; qualibet transitum praebet, Quint. 5, 13, 13; 2. met. in any way, any how, Quid uis? Qualubet esse notus optas? Catul. 40, 6.

**quālis**, e, pron. adj. [from a lost stem qua-lic, like what; =G. we-l(i)ch-er, Scotel-Eng. quwhi-ik, now which; just as L. ta-li-s compared w. G. so-l(i)ch-er, Sc.-Eng. th-lk, now suchj like which, or what, (such) as, first as rel. w. antee. talis, Nec meus seruos umquam tale fecit quale tu mihi, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 38; add Mil. 1, 1, 50; ut qualem te

antea praebuisti, talem te hoc tempore impertias, Cic. Rose. Am. 11; quales in re publica principes essent, tales reliquos solere esse ciues, fam. 1, 9, 12; add inu. 2, 176;

2. without talis, such as, the like of which, like that which, conspice qualis uolo, uetulos duo, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 4; add Amph. 1, 3, 39; aliud genus est uerbis uolucere, qualist (mss quali est) nunc Asia tota, Cic. Brut. 325; ad aperta et clara ueniamus quale est de illo interfecto a eopone Megaris, diu. 2, 135; Spartanae uel qualis equos Threissa fatigat Harpalyce, Verg. 1, 316; Diuitior forma, quales audire solemus Naiadas et Dryadas incendere siluis, Ov. M. 6, 452; 3. rarely with other antee., Pariter suades, qualis est, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 37; esp. in reference to a preceding sentence, like this, so, Qualis populea maerens philomela sub umbra, Amissos queritur fetus, Verg. G. 4, 511; Qualis ubi in lucem coluber..., A. 2, 471; 4. as ind. interr. like what, what sort of, Heia scimus nos quidem te qualis sis, ne praedices, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 41; add Bac. 4, 6, 16; 4, 8, 15; qualis fuerit contra patronum patronam parentem coniugem momentum indieat, CIL 147, 3; si negare quicquam interesse quali uteretur uictu, Cic. fin. 2, 90; ipsius rei natura qualis et quanta sit quaerimus, Tusc. 3, 56; 5. dir. interr., quali fide, quali pietate existimatis esse eos qui...? Cic. Font. 31 (21); hoc quale est? N. D. 1, 105; qualis oratoris putas esse historiam scribere? or. 2, 51; 6. in exclamations, He, qualis imperator! nunc priuatus est, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 63; Ei mihi qualis erat! Enn. ap. Serv. A. 2, 274; 7. the same w. interr. part., Qualine amice mea commendauit bona? Pl. Trin. 4, 4, 3; 8. quale as a term of metaphysics, illa quae appellant qualia, Cic. acad. post. 28; prius aliquid esse debet, deinde quale esse, Sen. ep. 117, 27; II 9. qualiter adv. just as, as, laerimae fluxere per ora Qualiter uiceta de niue manat aqua, Ov. am. 1, 7, 58; antiquis torus e stramento erat qualiter etiam nunc in castris, Plin. 8, 193; 10. as ind. interr. like what, how, refert uilla q. aedificetur, Colum. 1, 4, 6; add 8, 2, 6; cf. qualis-qualis.

**quālis-cumquē**, pron. of whatever kind, no matter of what kind, first w. vb., homines beniuolos, qualescunqae sunt, graue est insequi contumelia, Cic. Att. 14, 14, 5; add leg. 3, 31; N. D. 2, 76; Qualis enim cumque est, non latet esse meam, Ov. Pont. 4, 13, 6 (note tmesis); add Quint. 5, 13, 7; 2. as mere adv. any whatever, si libertatem sequimur, qui locus hoc dominatu uaeat? Sin qualemumque locum, quae est domestica sede iueundior? Cic. fam. 4, 4, 8, 2; carmina lector Commendat dulei qualiaumque sono, Ov. a. a. 2, 248; bonos imperatores noto expetere, qualescunqae tolerare, Tac. h. 4, 8; add Quint. 2, 2, 10; 3. qualiterumque adv. no matter how, first w. vb., qualiterumque obruas, sustinet coloni neglegentiam, Colum. 2, 10, 2; 4. as mere adv. any how, happen what may, meminerint q. proeliantibus eadendum esse, Iust. 2, 11, 11.

**quālis-libet**, (-lūbet) adj. pron. of any kind you please, formae litterarum uel aereae uel qualeslibet, Cic. N. D. 2, 93; pisces qualeslibet euratos friges, Apie. 143 Schuch.

**quālis-nam**, pron. adj. like what in the world, facile intellectu fuit q. accusatio futura esset, Apul. apol. 2, § 381.

**quālis-quālis**, pron. adj. of whatever kind, no matter of what kind, first with its own verb, qualisqualis sit, debet audiri, Ulp. dig. 25, 4, 1, 13; add 43, 8, 2, 11; 43, 16, 1, 8; 2. as mere adj. of any kind whatever, si qualesquales ad instruemdam nauem adhibuerit, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 7, 4; add 5, 14, 3; Tryph. 20, 5, 12, 1; Id qualesquales chartis mandatam diu, inser. Momms. Rh. Mus. n. f. 6, 140, 8; 3. qualiter-qualiter in any way whatever, gestum sic accipimus qualiter-qualiter, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 7; siue fuste uel alio telo petit uel qualiter-qualiter, 9, 2, 7, 1; add 4, 4, 7 etc.

**quālitās**, ātis, f. of what likeness, character, quality, quasi qualitatem quandam nominabant, dabitibus enim ut in rebus inusitatis, utamur uerbis inauditis, Cic. acad. post. 24; qualitates appellauit quas ποιοτητας Graeci uocant, 25; qualitates (soli), Colum. 2, 2, 2; add 1 pr. 24; 2, 2, 17 etc.; Sen. ep. 112, 2; 118, 15; Plin. 36, 159; Quint. 1, 4, 27; 2, 4, 40 etc.



qualit̄er, see qualis.

qualit̄ercumquē, see qualiscumque.

quālum\*, i, n. or quālus, i, m. [for a lost quasulum(s) or rather quagulum(s) implied in quasillus; and so akin to our wicker; as also to Lat. cōlum] a wicker basket, quala\* satoria vii, Cato r. 11, 5; quala\* parentur, sarciantur, 23, 1; in qualos pertusos...eum qualum, 52, 1; tu spisso uimfno quālos Colaue prelorum fumosis deripelectis, Verg. G. 2, 241 —wh. Serv.: qualos per quos unum defluit, qui et ipsi a colaudo dieti sunt; Tibi quālum Cythereae pner ales... aufert, Hor. od. 3, 12, 5; uimneos qualos, Colum. 8, 3, 4; saligueus qualus, 9, 15, 12; si quis librarium...qualum portare cogat, abuti uidebitur proprietate, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 15, 1; quali uindemiatorii exceptoriae in quibus uuae comportantur, 33, 7, 8; Ferre quālis ter quaternis ferulorum fragmina, Prud. cath. 9; qualum\* quod est cistae genus, Paul. ex F. p. 65 v. canifera; 2. a basket-full, iam tertium qualum rumigabam, Apul. M. 4, 22 f.; 3. wicker-work, insiti sncruli qualo desuper omnino muniendi sunt, Pall. 4, 10, 16.

quam, pron. adv. or conj. [qui, quis—cf. tam, nam, both fm. pron. roots] measures the how much; firstly as rel. w. adj., either in form quam- tam-, as- so-, marked\*; esp. in old l.; more commonly as: tam- quam-, as (so)- as-, Oues scabrae snnt, tam glabrae, em, quam haec est manus, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 140; add Capt. 2, 2, 60; Merc. 5, 2, 115; Cist. 4, 2, 5; Men. 5, 9, 4; Cum feruit maxume, tam placidum quam ouem reddo. Quomodo? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; tam esse clemens tyrannus quam iupertunus potest, Cic. rep. 1, 50; tam glaber quam Socrates, Varr. ap. Non. 106, 15; nec tam Turpe fuit uiuci quam contempsisse decorum est, Ov. M. 9, 6; 2. w. adv., tam satis quam—that—numquam hoc inuenies secus, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 106; tam cito euortetur quam nauis, Cic. rep. 1, 51; quorum neutrum tam facile quam tu arbitraris conceditur, diu. 1, 10; 3. more rarely w. vb., Tam hoc scit me habere quam egomet: anus fecit palam, Pl. Anl. 3, 6, 7; add St. 3, 2, 1; Epid. 1, 2, 25; Equidem tam (as much) sum seruos quam tu, Capt. 3, 4, 11; Nam canis uon tam (so much) illum adpetit qui sese icit quam lapidem, Pacuv. ap. Non. 124, 2; tam perit quam extrema faba, poet. ap. Fest. 363 a, 18 M; quam\* formidatius ante est, tam contemuetur, Sal. h. Lep. or.; Tam uiolasse deum quam non agnosce nepotem Paenitet, Ov. M. 4, 613; 4. tam omitted, esp. in form quam si, Vt absente ero rem sui eri diligenter tutetur quam si ipse adsit, aut rectius, Pl. Men. 5, 6, 4; neo me ars mea quam (so much as) beniuolentia perturbat, Curt. 7, 7, 27; 5. often w. possum etc., tam sometimes expressed, gen. omitted, Tuast imago; tam consimilist quam potest, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 4; Et quam (as far as) quisque potest, aliqua mala nostra leuate, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 75; haec tunsu cribra- taque uino quam possunt excellenti digeruntur, Plin. 20, 264; quam potuit constanter cum populo egit ut..., Val. M. 4, 1, 5; 6. esp. w. superl., Quam potero in uerba conferam paucissima, Pl. Men. pr. 6; Concede huc mea gnata ab istoc quam potest longissime, 5, 2, 79; nidos quam possunt mollissime substernunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 129; add fam. 15, 4, 7; diu. 1, 70; 7. w. possum etc. omitted,—as possible, quam maxumas, quam primum, quam saepissime gratias agat, Cic. fam. 13, 6 b; carorum quam maximum numerum coemere, sementes quam maximas facere, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 1; quam plurimas ciuitatis suo beneficio habere obstrictas, 1, 9, 4 etc.; 8. w. superl., quam- tam-, the more- the more-, olenm quam\* ditiusse in amurca erit, tam deterrum erit, Cato r. 64, 2; quam\* acerbissima olea olcum facies, tam oleum optimum erit, ib. 65, 1; add 157, 8; Quam\* ad probos propinquitate proxime te adiunxeris Tam optimumst, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 59; Qui quam\* resisto, tam res maxime in periclo uortitur, Merc. 1, 2, 12; add Truc. 1, 2, 60\*; adulescens quam\* in minima spe situs Erit tam facillume patris pacem in leges conficit suas, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 44; add Ad. 3, 4, 56; quam\* paucissimos reliqueris (catulos), tam optumi in alendo fiunt propter copiam lactis, Varr. r. 2, 9, 12; quam\* quisque possime fecit, tam maxime tutus est, Sal. Iug. 31, 14; 9. w. comp. in the same sense, Magis

quam\* (quam\* magis?) id reputo, tam magis uror, Pl. Bao. 5, 1, 5; Quam\* magis aerumna urget, tam magis ad male faciendum uiget, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 3, 15; Tam magis illa fremeus...quam magis..., Verg. 7, 788; 10. w. second magis omitted, Quam\* magis to in altum capessis, tam aestuste in portum refert, Pl. As. 1, 3, 6; 11. w. tam omitted, quam magis..., Lacta magis..., Verg. G. 3, 309; 12. referring to tanto, Quam magis extendas, tanto astringunt artius, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 19; uicina caecumina caelo Quam sint quaeque (al. quoque) magis, tanto magis edita fument, Lucr. 6, 460; non tantum gaudium ab recenti metu attulerunt quam a uetere fama, Liv. 37, 51, 9; 13. referring to aequē in place of tam, chiefly after neg., marked †, Neque...profectost quisquam tanta audacia Qui aequē† faciat confidenter quicquam quam quae (quae om. mss; quande for quam?) mulieres, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 55; Nullum †sse opinor ego agrum...Aequē† feracem quam hie est noster, Periphane, Epid. 2, 2, 3; add St. † 2, 1, 2; nihil aequē† eos terruit quam..., Liv. 28, 26, 14; an est quisquam qui dubitet nullis iniuriis nostris...unquam aequē† quam munere patrum in plebem...tribunos plebis infensus esse? 5, 3, 4; add 5, 6, 11†; 31, 1, 3†; Tac. † an. 14, 38; h. † 2, 10; 4, 52†; Plin. † ep. 2, 15, 1; Suet. Caes. 12; Aug. 64 etc.; Quint. 2, 4, 85; II 14. w. comp., than, Satis †sse nobis non magis potis est quam fungo imber, Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; Grauius tuum erit unum uerbum ad eam rem quam ceutum mea, Trin. 2, 2, 107; dum ne ampliorem modum pratorum habeant quam proxima aestate habuerunt, CIL 199, 42; Vbiuis facilius passus sim quam in hac re me deludier, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 32; nihil est timeudum magis quam ille consul, Cic. Att. 7, 9, 3; ut magis uirtute contendere quam dolo aut insidiis niterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 6; 15. w. comp. after quam, dignitati quam irae magis consulens, Sal. Iug. 33, 3; lingua quam manu promptior, 44, 1; add 58, 3; 92, 6; Non mihi quam fratri frater amate minus, Ov. Pont. 4, 12, 22; 16. w. secus (wh. is a comp.), Ne me secus honore honestes quam quom scribas mihi, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 50; add 2, 2, 23; 2, 3, 68; secus aetatem agerem quam illi egissent, Cato ap. Char. 195 P, 220, 23 K; Si tu illam attingeris secus quam uigulmst liberam, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 91; ne quid fiat secus quam uolumus quamque oportet, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 2; Ennius non longe secus dixit quam Catullus, Gell. 7, 16, 9; 17. w. double comp., non timeo ne...lubentius haec in illum euomere uidear quam nerius,—with more pleasure than truth—Cic. Mil. 78; qui alia bella fortius semper quam felicius gessisset, Liv. 5, 43, 7; Pauli...contio fuit uerior quam gratior populo, 22, 38, 8; turbauit hunc ordinem pugnandi non acrior quam pertinaciter impetus Romanorum, 31, 35, 4; cf. ταχύτερα η σοφώτερα, Hdt. 3, 65; 18. also w. two pos. adj., artem iuris habetis magis magnam quam difficilem, Cic. or. 1, 190; add dicendum ueniebat magis andacter quam parate, Brut. 241; add Verr. 2, 2, 172; 19. in Tac. w. the two constructions mixed, pulchritudinem gloriae...uehementius quam caute adpetebat, Agr. 4 f.; 20. w. alius, aliter etc., Tam, Nunc mihi certumst alio pacto Pseudulo insidias dare, Quam in aliis comediis fit, Pl. Ps. 4, 8, 2; si...aliter nos Faciant quam aequum sit, St. 1, 1, 43; aliter quam ego uelim, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 24; Non aliter quam qui..., Verg. G. 1, 201; add A. 4, 669; Haud aliter titubat quam si mera uina bibisset, Ov. M. 15, 331; add 2, 623 etc.; quibus (rogationibus) quid aliud quam ammonemus ciues nos eorum esse? Liv. 4, 3, 3; quem...nihil aliud quam bene ausos uana contemneret in- crucutus deicit, 9, 17, 16; add 23, 3, 13; 31, 24, 3; 35, 49, 11; 45, 22, 4—iu wh. passages of Livy some vb. liko facere seems understood, what else are we doing but re- minding? aliter quam se natura habet, Quint. 8, 3, 58; add 9, 4, 106; 11, 1, 77; 21. w. contrarius, diuersus, and prep. aduersum, Vtrum indicare mo ei thensaurum aequum (so A) fuit Aduorsum quam eius me opsecrauisset pater? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 139—in opposition to what—(see also § 25); pransus quoque ac potus diuersum ualet quam in- dicat—from what—, Quint. 1, 4, 29; haec contraria dicendi quam quae intellegi uelis ratio, 9, 2, 50; 22. quam than omitted after some comp. of measure, as maior,



minor; plus, minus, amplius; longior, latior, altior; quae ex his (pecudibus) minus annum gnatae erunt, CIL 200, 15; et nunc nihil magis Vereor quam ne quid in illum iratus plus satis faxit pater, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 24; calesces plus satis, Eun. 1, 2, 5; tecum plus annum uixit, Cic. Quinct. 41; a Caecilio propinqui minore centesimis numerum mouere non possunt, Att. 1, 12, 1; reliquum spatium quod non est amplius pedum sescentorum, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; ex hominum milibus amplius triginta plus tertia parte interfecta, 3, 6, 2; add 4, 12, 1; 5, 53, 7; At conlectus aquae digitum non amplius unum, Lucr. 4, 414; non amplius quadraginta, Sal. Iug. 58, 3; satis constabat non minus ducentos equites fuisse, Liv. 29, 34, 17; talentum ne minus pondo octoginta, 38, 38, 13; obsides uiginti dato, ne minores octonum denum annorum, neu maiores quinum quadragenam, 38, 38, 15; uti singula ne minus occupent pedes septenos, Vitr. 6, 9, 1; add 6, 9, 3 etc.; 23. rarely w. magis omitted, so that quam= rather than, non patiar praeterhac Quin uidua uiuam quam tuos mores perferam, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 26; quod si...a multis eligere commodissimum quodque quam sese uni alicui certo uellent addicere, Cic. inu. 2, 5; fimo anni excess(it) Asinius Agrippa, claris maioribus quam uctusit, Tac. an. 4, 61; quia pacem quam bellum probabam, 1, 58; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 70 for sake of metre read perh. w. Bentl.: tacitast melior mulier (or rather mulier melior) semper quam loquens; cf. *μαλλον* understood w. *βουλομαι η...* Hom. Il. 1, 117; *αιρεομαι η...*, Pind. N. 10, 110; 24. w. adj. and adv. of proportion, w. or without quod, what, of what, compared w. what, Immo bis tanto ualeo quam ualui prius, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 26; multiplex quam pro numero damnum est, Liv. 7, 8, 1; dimidium tributi quam quod regibus ferre soliti erant, 45, 18, 7; ut uix dimidium militum quam quod acceperat successori traderit, 35, 1, 2; duplex stipendium accipere quam quantum a Turdetanis pepigissent, 34, 19, 4; ut duplicia (ferramenta) quam numerus seruorum exigit reposita custodiat, Colum. 1, 8, 8; Timotheum duplices ab his quos alius instituisset solum exigere mercedis quam si rudes traderentur, Quint. 2, 3, 3; III 25. often after disyll. prep., wh. are in fact comp., so as to convert the prep. into a conjunction; often w. quod ut or si added; utei ea Bacanalia, Si qua sunt extrad quam sei quid ibei sacri est...faciatis utei dismota sient, CIL 196, 28; extra quam sei quid in saturam feretur, 198, 72; post (see post from op-os, comp. of ob) quam uectigalia constiterint, 200, 19; Nam praeter quam quas ipse amor molestias Habet addas, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 32; Quod mihi uidere praeter aetatem tuam Facere et praeter quam res te adhortatur tua, Haut. 1, 1, 8; quod ultra quam satis est producitur, Cic. inu. 1, 26; saepe supra feret (orator) quam fieri possit, orat. 139; super quam quod dissenserant ab consilio, Liv. 22, 3, 14; add 27, 20, 10; praeter quam quod nihil anctum ex uano uelim, 22, 8, 4; add 4, 4, 12; 5, 14, 5; Campanos omnes extra quam qui eorum..., 38, 38, 9; uon ultra saeuisse quam ut legatum eum relinqueret, 8, 33, 14; add 8, 33, 19; 25, 9, 6; 28, 39, 1; generi sui contra quam fas erat amore capta, Cic. Clu. 12; quum contra fecerint quam polliciti sint, leg. 2, 11; add or. 2, 86; dummodo supra sit quod sumitur quam id ad quod sumitur, top. 39; memini Catonem anno ante quam est mortuus mecum disserere, an. 12; ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, fam. 10, 3, 2; Ante leues ego pascentur in aethere cerui, Quam nostro illius labatur pectore uolus, Verg. B. 1, 60; iam minoris (omnia alia fac)io praed (shortened from *παραι*) quam quibus modis Ludificatust me, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 25; nihil hoc quidemst Triginta minae prae quam (so Lamb. w. metre and sense; mss praeterquam) alios dapsilis sumptus facit, 4, 2, 66; add Aul. 3, 5, 33; 26. at times w. ca (ead) interposed, quei aduersum ead fecisent quam suprad scriptum est, CIL 196, 25; neque quis quid postea quam uectigalia consistent,...ob eos ag(ros) populo dare debeat, 200, 20; add 200, 70; postea nero quam ita cepi maxima imperia ut..., Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5; postea uero quam equitatus noster in conspectum uenit, Caes. b. g. 4, 37, 4; 27. w. pridie, postero die, postridie, wh. again contain a comp., haec est pridio data quam illa, Cic.

Att. 3, 8, 2; postero die quam illa erant acta, or. 2, 12; quum eo nos postridie uenissemus quam apud Catulnum fuissimus, acad. pr. 9; postero die quam uenit, Liv. 36, 39, 5; 28. w. ord. numbers, post understood, from the time when, after, Minus quincecim dies sunt quam (so at least A, edd. quom) pro hisce aedibus Minas quadraginta acceperisti a Callide—since—Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; anno trecentesimo altero quam condita Roma erat..., Liv. 3, 33, 1; add 4, 7, 1; dictator...die octauo quam creatus erat magistratu se abdicauit, 4, 47, 6; add 6, 29, 10; Lilybaeum tertio die quam inde profectus erat rediit, 25, 31, 4; add 26, 27, 15; 27, 5, 9; 29, 35, 5; sunt qui uetant tangi proximo anno quam translata sit, Plin. 17, 176; Mithridatis filium...intra quintum quam affuerat diem...profligauit, Suet. Caes. 35; add Claud. 17; Vit. 3; Flor. 1, 18, 7 (2, 2, 7); Iustin. 26, 1, 10; 29. even w. pauei, in paucis diebus quam Capreas attigit, Tib. 60; 30. w. malo as containing magis, Eho an maus uituperarier falso quam uero extolli? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 21; Nuptias ecfugere ego istas malo quam tu adipiscier, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 32; seruire quam pugnare mauult, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 2; regnum Galliae malle Caesaris concessu quam ipsorum habere beneficio, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 2; 31. so w. praestat it is better, Pol pudere quam pigere praestat totidem litteris, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 64; add Bac. 3, 2, 12; sibi praestare...quamuis fortunam a populo Romano quam ab his interfici, Caes. b. g. 2, 31, 6; in acie praestare interfici quam non ueterem gloriam recuperare, 7, 1, 8; add 7, 10, 2; b. c. 2, 31, 5; IV 32. in indir. interr. to what degree, how, first w. adj., Is probust quem paeuitet quam probus sit et frugi bonae, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 39; Nescis quam metuculosa res sit ire ad iudicem, Most. 5, 1, 52; add Men. 2, 1, 21; 5, 2, 3; Vide quam iniquos sis prae studio, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 6; quam sint morosi qui amant, uel ex hoo intellegi potest, Cic. fam. 7, 15, 1; 33. how far (w. notion of small extent), how little; Nec clam test quam illi utraeque res nunc utiles Et ad pudicitiam et rem tutandam sient, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 52; nunc me hospitem Litis sequi quam mihi sit facile atque utile, 4, 5, 16; cf. like use of tantus and quantus; 34. w. adv., sat scio quam me habeat male, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 20; Prouisam quam mox uir meus redeat domum, Men. 5, 1, 4; prouiso quam mox uirginem Accersant, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 1; Scimus quam misere hanc amarit, Andr. 3, 2, 40; 35. w. vb., how much, how far, to what extent, ah nescis quam doleam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 61; attende quam ego defugiam auctoritatem consulatus mei, Cic. Sul. 33; seis quam diligam Siculos et quam illam clientelam honestam iudicem, Att. 14, 12, 1; 36. in exclam. preceded by a phrase of admiration, Pro di immortales uerbis paucis quam cito Alium fecisti me, alius ad te ueneram! Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 123; Heu heu quam ego malis perdidit modis quod tibi detuli! Ps. 1, 3, 26; o rem plaue perditam! Quam nihil praetermittis iu consilio dando! Quam nihil tameu...explicas! Cic. Att. 9, 2, a 1; Eheu quam dispar...! Ov. Pont. 2, 10, 30; O quam de multis...! 3, 9, 5; 37. in exclam. more abruptly, quam confidenter loquitur! Pl. Most. 1, 1, 37; add Men. 5, 2, 120; Ch. Vel heri in nino quam inmodestus fuisti! S. Factum. Ch. Quam molestus! Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 7; Reiecit se in eum, flens, quam familiariter! Andr. 1, 1, 109; ut se accursari nolunt! Quam cupiunt laudari! Cic. fin. 5, 61; fecerunt quidem alii alia, quam multa! Verr. 2, 3, 206; quam peritus ille et priuati iuris et publici! Plin. ep. 1, 22, 2; 38. w. adv. as if of exclamation, ex amore hic admodum quaui saeuos est, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 43; Nimis quam formido ne manifesto hic me opprimat, Most. 2, 2, 79; Nimis quam paucae sunt defessio male quae facere ceperunt, Truc. 2, 5, 15; mire quam illius loci...cogitatio delectat, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 3; sano quam refixit, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; nam suos (milites) ualde quam paucos habet, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 13, 3; per quam diligenter, Cic. or. 2, 237; per quam nelim scire..., Plin. ep. 7, 27, 1; oppido quam libens, Gell. 17, 12, 1; uoce admodum quam suauis, 19, 9, 10; oppido quam paruulus, Vitr. 8, 3, 11; 39. quam identical w. η than, so that *πρην η*=priusquam; 40. if the adj. wh. goes w. quam has a prep., this prep. gen. separates the two: uidete quam in paruo lis sit, Cic. acad. 2, 83; se ut custodiat quam in optimo sui generis



statu, fin. 5, 26; ut appareret quam ab sano initio res in hanc insaniam uenerit, Liv. 7, 2, 13; quam in exiguum orbem contracta castra essent retulerunt, 7, 37, 8; O quam de tenui Romanus origine creuit! Ov. F. 3, 433; see foll.

**quamdē**, (quande) conj. [=quam+?] than, Iuppiter ut muro fretus magis quamde manus (ui), Eun. an. ap. Fest. 261 a M; Quando tuas omnes legiones ac popularis, ib.; Clarus ob obscuram linguam magis inter inanis Quamde grauis inter Graios, Lucr. 1, 640; see also postquamde.

**quam-dīū**, conj. speaks of the how long, first as rel. answering to tamdiu (so long) as, qui se oppido...tamdiu tenuit quamdiu in prouincia Parthi fuerunt, Cic. fam. 12, 19, 2; tamdiu requiesco, quamdiu ad te scribo, Att. 9, 4, 1;

**2.** without tamdiu, as long as, disces quamdiu uoles, Cic. off. 1, 2; quoties quisque uoluit dixit et quam uoluit diu (wh. note the tmesis), Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; quamdiu potuerit tacuisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 6; illud praecipendum habeo, ut neque fumus neque fulguro quamdiu uride oleum conficitur (note the imperf.) in torcular admittatur, Colm. 12, 52, 13; si ius displicuisset iubebat ut semper id comesset, quamdiu tamen melius inueniret (so Peter, al. inuenisset), Lampr. Heliog. 29, 7—so long as he was finding=until he found;

**3.** indir. interr., how long, ut nobis tempus quamdiu diceremus praestitueris, Cic. Quinet. 33; **4.** dir. interr., how long? Quamdiu id factumst? Hic annus incipit uicenumus, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 3—how long has this been the case? quamdiu furor iste tuns nos eludet? Cic. Cat. 1, 1;

**5.** int. of admiration, oh, how long! haec tu mancus esses in reo, quamdiu diceres! Quo te modo iactares! Cic. Rosc. Am. 89; **6.** quamdiutius comp. how much longer, quamdiutissime, as long as possible, not. Tir. 35.

**quam-dudum**, adv. interr. how long? first indir. uide quamdudum hic asto et pulso—have been standing, Pl. St. 2, 1, 38;

**2.** dir. interr. or admir., quamdudum nihil habeo quod ad te scribam! Cic. Att. 14, 12, 3; **II 3.** how long ago, first in indir. interr., quod istic tibi negotist?...Modo introiui. Quasi ego quamdudum rogem, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 9;

**4.** dir. interr. quamdudum tu aduenisti? Pl. As. 2, 4, 43; Quamdudum istuc aut ubi actumst? Trin. 3, 1, 7; quamdudum in portum uēnis? St. 4, 1, 23; uēnit Chaerea...quamdudum? Modo, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 30.

**quam-libeat**, adv. =quam-libet, quamlibeat uetustam, Plin. 19, 29; tenuis, 36, 160.

**quam-libet**, (older -libet) adv. as much as you please, to any extent you please, ever so much, first w. adj., quamlibet esto Vinea res quaedam natiuo corpore sola, Lucr. 2, 541; Lana... Mollis et ad teneras quamlibet apta manus, Ov. F. 4, 774; infirmas, am. 1, 7, 66; **2.** w. adv., Occupat (nauis) egressas quamlibet ante rates, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 6; add Quint. 1, 12, 5; 2, 10, 9 etc.; **II 3.** as conj., although, Philippus Magnum procreat, quamlibet Olympias nobiliorem ei patrem adquirere adfectauerit, Sol. 9, 18.

**quam-mox**, see quam and mox.

**quam-ob-rem**, as conj. for which thing, why, first as rel. without reference to gen. or number of antec., Ni quid patiat quambrem fugiat uiuere, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 67; add 4, 2, 71; quid ego...merui adulescens mali Quambrem ita faceres? Aul. 4, 10, 5; eam...Multae sunt causae quambrem cupiam abducere, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 65; add Hec. 3, 3, 22; Ego uero hinc abeo, quando is, quambrem huc ueneram, Rus abii, Ad. 3, 3, 81; si uel minima res reperit quam ob rem uideatur illi nonnihil secuti, Cic. Rosc. Am. 8; multa mihi ueniebant in mentem, quambrem istum laborem tibi honorem putarem fore, fam. 3, 10, 1; add Verr. 2, 4, 135;

**2.** at beginning, and so referring to preceding sentence, for which reasons, and...so, therefore, q. ego te hoc soror...moneo, ut... Pl. St. 1, 1, 41; add Amph. 3, 4, 7; Poen. 1, 2, 167; quambrem quaeso a uobis ut..., Cic. Flac. 65; add fam. 2, 4, 2; quambrem placuit ei ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 34, 1; **3.** indir. interr. for what reason, why, Scio equidem quambrem me pater tu tristem credas nunc tibi: Quia..., Pl. As. 5, 1, 14; **4.** dir. interr. what for, why? Quambrem iubeam? Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 48; restim uolo Mihi emere: quambrem? Qui me faciam pensilem, Ps. 1, 1, 87; quambrem? Quia..., Trin. 4, 2, 143; Aul. 3, 2, 2;

Amph. 2, 1, 2; Poen. 1, 2, 97; Repudiatus repeto: quambrem? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 14; quambrem non satisfacit? Cic. fin. 1, 15; quambrem sciebat? Quambrem suspicabare? Verr. 2, 5, 74; **5.** if written in two words, quamobrem rather than, as now w. some Germans, quam obrem, for the ob belongs to quam, as shown by: quam in quisque decuriam ita uiator lectus erit, CIL 202, 1, 33.

**quamquam**, (qnanq.) pron. conj. [: quisquis :: quam: quis] however, no matter how or how much, or to what extent, esp. w. adj. or adv., Quamquam libenter cscis alienis studes, Tuin uentris causa filiam uendas tuam? Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 9; quamquam multa noua miracula fecere inimici mei, tamen nequeo..., Cato ap. Char. 229 K; Nec sese dedit in conspectum, Quamquam multa manus ad caeli caerulea templa Teudebam lacrumas, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 41; Quamquamst scelestus non committet hodie ut iterum uapulet, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 5; Quamquam haec inter nos nuper notitia admodumst, Haut. 1, 1, 1; quamquam id est minime probandum tamen..., Cic. rep. 1, 42; quamquam tibi immatura et unde minime deuit uita erepta est, tamen..., Sal. lug. 14, 22; q...diuersum est, tamen..., 17, 7; add Ov. M. 1, 185; Pont. 2, 10, 19; 3, 5, 17; 4, 9, 65; 4, 10, 75;

**2.** w. vb., Quid igitur? Quamquam grauatus fuisti, non nouit tamen, Pl. St. 5, 4, 40; Quamquam festinas non est mora longa, Hor. od. 1, 28, 35; add Ov. M. 1, 395; Pont. 3, 8, 23; **3.** so far w. ind., also w. subj. even in Cic. if editors be right, q. antem in amicitia alii dicant..., alii autem..., tamen..., Cic. fin. 3, 70; q. enim sint in quibusdam malis, tamen..., Tusc. 5, 85; but in Mur. 20 Baiter has loquor; in off. 1, 6 sunt; and the subj. has its own ground in uideatur, may possibly be thought, orat. 55; and in: erant multi qui q. arbitarentur, tamen...praedicarent, 2, 1; quamquam et possis et delicta corrigas, Sal. lug. 3, 2; si..., sic essem luce superbus Vt..., Et quamquam cupere semper tibi proximus esse, Gauderem..., Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 19; q. fas sit (in obl. or.), Tac. an. 1, 10;

**4.** often in poets and later prose, Nec uero Alciden me sum laetatus euntem Acepisse lacu nec Thesea Pirithoumque, Dis quamquam geniti atque inuicti uiribus essent, Verg. 6, 394; q. tres status omnes cadere in hoc opus possint, hisque usum C. Caesarem...notauerit Cicero, Quint. 3, 7, 28; add 9, 4, 79; **5.** in ell. sentences without vb., si omnia quae sunt extra, quamquam expetenda, summo bono contiuerent, Cic. fin. 5, 68; acri uiro et quamquam aduorso populi partium fama tamen inuiolata, Sal. lug. 43, 1; add or. Phil. 2; Quamquam inuita, probat, Ov. M. 1, 613; add 3, 186; quamquam honora oratione quaedam de...instituti eius iccerat, Tac. an. 1, 10 f.; habitus corporum q. in tanto hominum numero, idem omnibus, Germ. 4, q. incompti, largi tamen, 14; add Quint. 7 pr. 2; 9, 2, 53 etc.;

**6.** in corrections and then without influence on tense, however, and yet, Quamquam, ut iamdudum dixi, resciscet tamen Amphitruo rem omnem, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 29; Quamquam illum mater arte contenteque habet, As. 1, 1, 65; quamquam, quem potissimum Herulem colamus, scire uelim, Cic. N. D. 3, 42; quamquam isti...non tam hoc qucruntur quam uerentur, Cat. 2, 16; add 1, 22 and 30; 3, 18; Mur. 83; quamquam, etsi priore foedere staretur, satis cautum erat Saguntinis, Liv. 21, 19, 4; quamquam et illud dicere poteram..., 41, 24, 12; **7.** hence in obl. or. w. inf.; q. ne inupiditiam quidem nunc abesse, Tac. an. 12, 65; **8.** and in aposiopesis, quamquam o—set superent quibus hoc Neptune dedisti, Verg. 5, 195.

**quam-uis**, adv. [lit. two words] as much as you please, no matter how much, first w. adj. or adv. si innoxius, andacter quam-uis dicit, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 27; add Epid. 1, 1, 15; Quamuis sermones possunt longi texier, Trin. 3, 3, 68; add 2, 2, 99; Bac. 2, 3, 105; Most. 2, 1, 64; Men. 2, 2, 43; Merc. 4, 1, 21; 4, 7, 79; Q. Lucienus...homo quamuis humanus ac iocosus, Varr. r. 2, 5, 1; quiduis facere in eiusmodi rebus, quauuis callide, quamuis andacter, quamuis impudenter, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 134; quamuis multos proferre, Rosc. Am. 47; inopia frumentum quamuis in praecipua dum celeriora essent agebat consilia, Liv. 2, 51, 7; add 1, 4, 4; 22, 8, 3; 38, 19, 3; (caseus) quamuis mundissimis tabulis com-



ponitur, Colum. 7, 8, 4; **2.** w. licet, you may...as much as you please, w. an apodosis (tamen) yet..., quamuis enumeres multos licet, cum deni creentur, nonnullos...reperies perniciosos tribunos, Cic. leg. 3, 24; quamuis licet insectetur istos, metuo ne soli philosophi sint, Tusc. 4, 53; add N. D. 3, 88; Proinde licet quamuis caelum terramque reantur Incorrupta fore...Et tamen interdum praerens uis ipsa periculi Subdit adhuc stimulum, Lucret. 6, 601;

**3.** hence as conj. although, first w. concessive subj., still chiefly w. adj. or adv. Quamuis malam rem quaeras, illic reperias, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 153; quamuis subito uenias, semper liber est, Bac. 1, 1, 49; quae (tabernae) quamuis sint fructuosae, nihilo magis sunt agriculturae partes, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; quamuis non fueris suasor..., approbator certe fuisi, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 2; homines quamuis in turbidis rebus sint, tamen...interdum animis relaxantur, Phil. 2, 39; add am. 73; Att. 12, 37, 2; Ergo ipsas quamuis angusti terminus acui Excipiat..., At genus immortale mauet, Verg. G. 4, 206; Pertimuitque lupos quamnis pater esset in illis, Ov. M. 2, 495; quum recentiores medici, quamuis quaedam mutarint, tamen haec illorum optime praesagisse fateantur, Cels. 2 pr.;

**4.** more rarely w. ind., Et quamuis sopor est oculorum parte receptus, Parte tamen uigilat, Ov. M. 1, 686; Te quoque turbatum memorat fugisse, Boote, Quamuis tardus eras et te tua plaustra tenebant, 2, 177; add 2, 568; non tibi quamuis infesto animo et minaci perueueras, ingredientis fines ira cecidit? Liv. 2, 40, 7; add Hor. s. 2, 2, 29; Colum. 2, 9, 1; **5.** elliptically without vb., atque utiuam posset alioque ratione, quamuis falsa modo humana...defeudere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 224; res bello gesserat, quamuis rei publicae calamitosa, at tamen magnas, Phil. 2, 116; Qui tibi materno quamuis a sanguine iunctus, Mente tamen, Phaethou, propior fuit, Ov. M. 2, 368;

**6.** like quamquam in corrections, and yet, although (on second thoughts), quamuis ne haec quidem sic praeteriri debent, Cels. 1 pr. p. 9, l. 27 Dar.; **7.** cf. the use of uolo and quam separated as: quam uolent in conuiuuii faceti sint; or: quam uolent impudenter mentiantur.

**quanam**, pron. adv. [qu: aa: quisnam: quis] by what possible road or channel, quum circumspectarent quamquam per iuncta caelo iuga in alium orbem terrarum transirent, Liv. 5, 34, 7; **quanam** audiant (dolphius, as having no ears) mirum, Plin. 11, 137.

**quandiu**, see quamdiu.

**quandō**, (see § 6) conj. [rel. qui + ?] when, Quando abiit rete pessum, adducit lineam, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 15; Vbi satur sum nulla crepitant (i.e. intestina); quando esurio tum crepant, Men. 5, 5, 27; Laudo. Laudato quando illud quod cupis fecerero, Curc. 2, 3, 85; Nox quando mediis signis praecinita uolabit, Enu. ap. Fest. 258 M; astat quando edit, Naev. ap. Prise. 1, 494 K; nam canis quando est percussa lapide, Pacuv. ap. Non. 124, 2; Vt quimus, aiunt, quando ut uolumus non licet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 10; tum quando...legatos Tyrum misimus, Cic. agr. 2, 41; utinam tum essem natus quando Romani dona accipere coepissent! off. 2, 75; **2.** of reason, now that, seeing that, since, Quando bene gessi rem, uolo hic in fano supplicare, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 41; Non loquar nisi pace facta, quando pugnis plus uales, Amph. 1, 2, 234; add 3, 2, 45; Duc me ad eam, quando huc ueni ut uideam. Maxime, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 23; id omitto quando uobis ita placet, Sal. Iug. 110, 7; qui quando talis es, maneat in sententia...te hortor, or. Phil. 16; uolo ego illi beluae ostendere, quando adeo ferox praesultat hostium signis, me ex ea familia ortum quae..., Liv. 7, 10, 3; add 9, 4, 8; 9, 8, 4 and 5; 10, 14, 8; in Cic. mss vary w. quoniam, as fin. 5, 67, and Wunder (Var. lect. cod. Erf. p. lxxv) says: (Ciceronem) semper quando sic usurpauisio ut temporis haberet notionem; the confusion being due to similarity of signs qu=quando and qm=quoniam; quandō tot stragis aceruos Teucrorum tua dextra dedit, Verg. 11, 384; fabor enim quando haec te cura remordet, 1, 261; add 4, 291 and 315; **3.** as iudr. interr., when, Venit nos rogatum quando nostrae essent Sephasiae, Pompon. ap. Non. 226, 18; semper in his studiis uiuenti non intellegitur quando obrepit senectus, Cic. sen. 38; Hinc tempestates dubio praedidicere caelo...Et quando infik-

dum remis impellere marmor Conueniat, quando armatas deducere classes, Verg. G. 1, 254; quando ipsos loqui, quando aduocati uoce uti decaat, quartus liber continet, Quint. 11, 1, 59; uelut spectans quando incipiendum sit, 11, 3, 159; **4.** dir. interr., when? Quando istaec innatast tibi (sc. uomicia)? Hodie, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 13; quando aut quo iu loco? Hic, quom auctorem praedicabas pessumam, St. 1, 3, 89; add Cure. 1, 3, 56; Pers. 4, 3, 28; Quandō dies adueniet quem profata Mort'ist? Liv. Andr. ap. Gell. 3, 16, 11; Iam aderunt. Quando istuc erit? Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 9; uenit Chaerea. Fraterne? Ita. Quando? Hodie, Eun. 4, 4, 30; O rus quando ego te adscipiam; quandoque...? Hor. s. 2, 6, 60; **5.** w. si ue num, at any time, ever, existit quaestio num quando amici noui ueteribus sint anteponendi, Cic. am. 67; si quando tibi uisus es irasci alicui, rep. 1, 59; ut si quando auditum sit, portenti simile numeretur, Rose. Am. 38; id te uereri ne quando liberis proscriptorum bona patria reddantur, 145; si quando...desperare coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 3; si quando...naueu religauerant, b. c. 2, 6, 2; add 3, 82, 3; Liv. 10, 14, 11; etc.; Pocula si quandō saeuae iufecere nouereae, Verg. G. 2, 128; add 4, 228 and 314 etc.; **6.** o at times short in later poets, as; Dic mihi, cras istud Postume quandō uenit, Mart. 5, 58, 2; Vt si quandō rñit..., Stat. Th. 7, 86; Cetera tetrametris reddemus quandō duobus..., Ter. Maur. 2179; add 460, 968; 2114 etc.

**quandō-cumquē**, (-cunque) conj. whenever, every time that, **quandōcunque** trahunt inuisa negotia Romam, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 17; q. fors obtulerat, procurantibus, bell. Alex. 22, 1; **2.** whenever the time comes that, whenever, Q. igitur uitam mea fata repositent, Prop. 2, 1, 71; add 2, 13, 17; quod, si testamenti facti tempore decessisset testator, inutile foret, id legatum, q. decesserit, non ualere, Cels. dig. 34, 7, 1; **3.** as adv. some time or other, si non perierunt omnia mecum, Q. mihi poenas dabis, Ov. M. 6, 544; add tr. 3, 1, 57; and w. tmesis: Garrulus hunc quando consumet cunque, Hor. s. 1, 9, 33; **4.** at times, occasionally, Ast enim Graius locabit quandōcumque hanc ultimam, Ter. Maur. 2404—wh. note the short o; **5.** no matter when, at any time whatever, susceptorem uerberatum...ubieumque et quandocumque non uindiat, Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 2; **6.** in Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14 read quandoque.

**quandō-libet**, adv. at any time one pleases, Lact. op. D. 4, 7.

**quandōnē**, conj. [suffix what?] when, when the time comes that, ut quandone ego esso desier(o), pariter cum eis ponar, inser. Or. 4370.

**I quandōquē**, conj. [quando :: quisque : quis] whenever, every time that, mansit certum sollemne ut quandoque idem prodigium nuntiaretur, feriae per nouem dies agerentur, Liv. 1, 31, 4; Indignor quandōquē bonus dormitat Homerus, Hor. A. P. 359; q. arabitur, obseruabimus ne..., Colum. 2, 4, 5; add 4, 24, 1; 7, 4, 7; **2.** when the time comes that, whenever, Concines maiora poeta plectro Caesarem, quandoque trahet feroes Persaerum cliuom...Sigambros, Hor. od. 4, 2, 34; q. in usus prompserimus, integram lentem reperiemus, Colum. 2, 10, 16; ut absenti sibi, quandoque imperii tempus expleri coepisset, petitio secundi consulatus daretur, Suet. Caes. 26; q. ossa Cypis detecta essent, fore ut lulo prognatus...nccaretur, 81; Et quandoque mihi fortunae adriserit hora, Non sine honore tuum patiar dehis, Petr. 133; ut q. is mortuus...sit, eiusdem qualitatis res restituatur, Gai. dig. 7, 5, 7; add Maec. dig. 32, 15; **II 3.** as adv. some time or other, gen. of future, in the end, hoc puta uatem dixisse: Quandoque ista gens suas litteras dabit, omnia conrumpet, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14 (q. whenever would have needed dederit); istum iuuenem domi teneudum...eenseo ne quandoque paruis hic ignis incendium ingens exsuscitet, Liv. 21, 3, 6; et tu Galba quandoque degustabis imperium, Tac. an. 6, 26 (20); quanto tu quandoque dignior caelo, Plin. pan. 35; add Ulp. dig. 18, 4, 2, 4; 24, 1, 9; **4.** also of past, quis nou hinc aestimet mundum quandoque coepisse? Macr. somn. 2, 10, 7; **5.** at last, ego me Asturae diutius arbitrator commoratum quoad ille quandoque ueniat, Cic. fam. 6, 19 f.; **6.** at times, sometimes, q. fiunt trabes (meteors so called), q.



clipei, Sen. N. Q. 1, 1, 15; quas res in hoc damus ut accipientium fiant, et quandoque (ut) nobis non eadem sed alia eiusdem naturae reddatur, Gai. 3, 90; but in Cels. 6, 6 read quandoquumque finitur; in Colum. 7, 3, 13 quantum quaque.

**2** **quandoquē**, (shortened fm. quandoquidem, wh. see) conj. seeing that, since, in old formulae, quandoque hisce homines inuissu populi Romani Quiritium foedus ictum iri sponderunt..., ob eam rem...hosce homines uobis dedo, ap. Liv. 9, 10, 9; quandoque tu, T. Manli, aduersus edictum nostrum pugnasti, nos nostro delicto plectemur, Liv. 8, 7, 15; so Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 187: quandoque tu quid in proelio, in bello, in re militari...au illa? quandoque tu nulla umquam mihi in turpitudine defuisti..., ob eas res te hoc anulo aureo dono; actio est in auctorem praesentem his uerbis: quandoque (so mss) te in iure conspicio, Caecil. 54.

**quandoquidem**, (perb. rather pron. *kāndōkem* than *quāndōquidem*; see *quandoque* no. 2 and *quidem*) conj. seeing indeed that, since, Herclē quia aequum postulabat ille senex quandoquidem Filiae ille dederat dotem accipere pro tibicina, Pl. St. 4, 1, 53; Eloquent, quandoquidem me oras. Tuus pater...Quid meus pater? Men. 1, 2, 68; add 5, 2, 92; Quandoquidem tntē ad me non nis promittere, Vin ad te ad cenam ueniam? St. 3, 2, 29; Q. illarum neque te quisquam nouit neque scit qui sies, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 83; add Ph. 2, 3, 58 etc.; q. tu istos oratores tanto opere laudas, uellem..., Cic. Brut. 163; q. apud te nec auctoritas senatus nec actas mea...ualet, tribunos plebis appello, Liv. 8, 33, 7; Dicite quandoquidem in molli cōsuedimus herba, Verg. B. 3, 55; add A. 7, 547; 10, 105; 11, 587.

**quandūdum**, see *quandūdm*.

**quanquam**, see *quamquam*.

**quantillus**, (dim. of *quantulus*) adj. interr. double dim. how much (of little things), how little, first indir. subducam ratiunculam, Quantillum argenti mihi apud trapessitam siet, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 90; **2**. dir. Quid meres? Quantillo argenti te conduxit Pseudulus? Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 95; huic debet Philolaches Paulum. Quantillum? Quasi quadraginta minas, Most. 3, 1, 95; quantillum sicut? Modicist; capit quadrantal, Curc. 1, 2, 8; **3**. of admir. oh how little, haecine meae sunt filiae? Quantae e quantillis iam sunt factae! Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 48; add Truc. 2, 8, 7.—**3** only in Plautus.

**quantispēr**, (cf. *tantisper*, *paulisper*, *parumper* etc.) rel. conj. as long as, Possum exorare te ut recedas a me paulisper modo; Quantisper sat habes, Pomp. ap. Non. 511, 35; **2**. interr. adv., how long? Velim paulisper te operiri. Quantisper? Non plus triduum, Caecil. ib.

**quantitas**, ātis, f. quantity, amount, degree, umoris, Plin. 37, 219; lenitatis, 34, 101; uitium quod fit per quantitatem, ut magnum peculiolum, Quint. 1, 5, 46; lis est de quantitate, 7, 4, 3; add 3, 6, 38 etc.; ex quantitate quae Graece *ποσότης* dicitur, Vitr. 1, 2, 2; (pretii), Apul. mag. 29; hereditatis amissae, Gai. 3, 212; add Gai. dig. 2, 1, 11, 1; Ulp. 2, 8, 2, 5; **2**. esp. as opp. to the corpus, si non corpus sit legatum sed quantitas, Ulp. dig. 30, 34, 2; siue in pecunia non corpora cogit, sed quantitatem, Papin. 46, 94, 1; **3**. in logical l., sunt et aliae differentiae (propositionum), quantitates et qualitates; quantitates quidem quod aliae uuiuersales sunt..., aliae particulares, Apul. dogm. Pl. 3, p. 263 cd. Hild., quae sint differentiae proloquiorum in quantitate, quae in qualitate, Mart. Cap. 342; add 371—373.

**quāto**, abl. as adv. w. comp., tbe (more), a measure of a following tanto the (more), Atque quanto nox fuisti longior hac proxima, Tanto breuior dies ut fiat faciam, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 50; add Capt. 4, 2, 1; add Cas. 4, 3, 8; et quanto diutius Abest, magis cupio tanto et magis desidero, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 15; q. magis te istiusmodi esse intellego, Tanto Autigona magis..., Acc. ap. Macr. s. 6, 2, 17; q. erat in dies grauior oppugnatio tanto crebriores litterae mittebantur, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 1; add b. c. 3, 25, 2; qua in re q. uersi me unum antistant\* tanto uobis quam mihi maiorem iniuriam facit, Metell. Num. ap. Gell. 12, 9, 4; Sed quanto ille magis formas se uertet in omnis, Tauto nate magis..., Verg. G. 4, 411; **2**. w. eo following, q. magis appropinquare aduersarius coepit, eo tibi celerius agendum

erat, Pompei. ad Dom. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 b; q. longius ab urbe hostium abscederet, eo solutiore cura in Lucretium iucidunt consulem, Liv. 3, 8, 8; **3**. foll. by tantum aut a vb. of comparison, quum...quanto iure potentior intercessio crat, tantum uiuiceretur fauore legum ipsarum, Liv. 6, 38, 5; q. uiolenti cetero mari Oceanus..., tantum illa clades magnitudine excessit, Tac. an. 2, 24; **4**. without foll. adv., Ita quanto magis extergeo, rutilum atque tenuius fit, Pl. Rud. 5, 2 (3), 14; (frumēta) q. sunt expolitiora, minus a curculionibus exeduntur, Colum. 2, 21 (20), 6; q. fecundior est (sus), celerius senescit, 7, 9, 3; q. plus spei ad effugium, minorem ad resistendum animum dabant, Tac. h. 3, 18; so w. quanto following, multitudinem segnius securatum, q. longius ab domo traheretur, Liv. 21, 53, 10; **5**. q. w. positive adj. in Tac., ut...q. ignota barbaris, tanto laetiora capesseret, an. 12, 11; tanto acceptiua in uulgum, q. modicus priuatis aedificationibus...struxit, 6, 51 (45); **II** **6**. indir. interr., still w. comp., how much, how, uidetote quanto secus\* ego fecerim, Cato ap. Char. 216 K; cogitate q. nos inter nos cautius facimus, Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 16; nemo scit quanto siet Melior, Nov. ap. Non. 116, 25; impediō quo minus exponam, quam multa ad me detulerit, quanto ante\* prouiderit, Cic. Sest. 8; ut appareat q. sit aliud\* proximum esse aliud parem (so Hertz cj.), Quint. 10, 1, 53; **7**. iu interr. of admiration, first w. interj., a mea quanto Sithonia malle nupisset uirgo sub Arcto! Stat. Tb. 3, 286; **8**. without interj., quanto satius est Adire blandis uerbis! Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 34; Quanto satius rus abire te aliquo! Merc. 3, 4, 72; Quanto libertatem hanc hic superat\* seruitus! Naev. ap. Cbar. 216, 16 K; quanto Stoici melius! Cic. N. D. 1, 121; quanto Aristo grauius et uerius nos reprehendit! off. 2, 56; quanto haec dissimulare (-ri)? et oculatari quam per nos confirmari praestet\*, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 5; **9**. note use of quanto w. words marked \* above vb. perh. are all comp. at bottom.

**quātoōcius**, (shortened perh. fm. quanto ocins tanto satius) adv. as quickly as possible, discede q. ne me ob iniuriam tuam caelestis ira consumat, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2 (3), 4, 6; add Licin. ap. Lact. mort. pers. 48, 10; Claud. M. gr. ad Iul. 2, 6.

**quātoōpère**, (or rather quanto opere) conj. as laboriously or strongly, vehemently as, first referring to tantopere (tanto opere), ueque enim tanto opere hanc a Crasso disputationem desiderabam quanto opere eius in causis oratione delector, Cic. or. 1, 164; quanto opere (so best mss) eorum animi magnitudinem admiraretur..., tanto opere licentiam reprehendere, Caes. b. g. 7, 52, 3; **2**. as ind. interr., how energetically, how greatly, de philosophia quanto opere expetenda esset, satis dictum est, Cic. Tusc. 3, 6; illa etiam notiora quanto se opere custodiant bestiae, nt..., N. D. 2, 126; locutus sum de agro uectigali...quantoque opere eius municipii causa laborarem, fam. 13, 7, 1; dici non potest quanto opere gaudeat, Att. 14, 6, 2; quanto opere (so P M) uos contemnerent...saepe equidem uidcor animaduertisse, Liv. 4, 3, 2; add Suet. Aug. 57; Tib. 45; Claud. 21.

**quantūlus**, adj. pron. dim. (quantus) first as rel. as much or rather little as, ex illa pecunia...mulieri reddidit quantum uisum est, Cic. Caecil. 57; carmen Pindari, quantum mihi memoriae est, dicam, so far as my poor memory suffices—Gell. 17, 10, 9; ut tantandem partem habeat quantum unus heres, Lab. dig. 32, 29, 1; **2**. as indir. interr. how little, mors sola fatetur Quantula sint hominum corpuseula, Iuv. 10, 173; **3**. dir. interr., esp. in admiration, (sol) quantum nobis uidetur! Mihi quidem pedalis, Cic. acad. pr. 82; id autem quantum est! leg. 2, 47; Quantum eum summae curtabit quisque dierum, si...! Hor. s. 2, 3, 124; quantum esse (sanguinis) in tantulis potest! Plin. 11, 12; **4**. repeated, no matter how little, little as it might be, aderant illi quantum quantum uentum ferentes auxilium, Apul. M. 9, 35 f.; **5**. in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 86 read quantum w. Bentl., in 4, 4, 54 with ms B.

**quātoōlus-cumquē**, (cunque) adj. all the little that, however little, first w. its own verb, de hac mea, quantula-cumque est, facultate quaeritis, Cic. or. 1, 135; ex eo quod



dico, quantum id quicque est, quid faciam iudicari potest, 2, 98; add orat. 106; quantumcumque aquae inest, pedibus eueritur, Colum. 8, 4, 9; Quantulacumque adeo est occasio sufficit irae, Iuv. 13, 133; **2.** without vb., any quantity of—however small, Haec inquit tellus quantulacumque tua est, Ov. F. 3, 572; Nam terra est illi quantulacumque grauis, Mart. 11, 14, 2.

**quantulus-libet**, adj. pron. as small as you please, non fabriculam quantulamlibet ad causam huius edicti pertinere, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 4, 6.

**quantum**, see quantus.

**quantumcumquē**, quantumlibet etc., see quantumcumque etc.

**quantus**, adj. pron. (old quantus, see \* below) [fm. quam how much, as tantus fm. tam; t perh. exerescent; = both ποσος and ὄσος] as a measure of quantity, for what is expressed in the main clause, first w. tantus following, great as... (so great...), Quanta\* pecunia eam uiam locauerit, tantae pecuniae..., CIL 206, 37; add 43\* and 48\*; Viri, quantas pecunias ab uxoribus... acceperunt, tantas ex suis bonis communicant, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 1; quanta cuiusque animo audacia inest, tanta in bello patere solet, Sal. Cat. 58, 2; **2.** w. tantus etc. (so great) as, preceding, Malo benefacere tantum est periculum Quantum bouo malefacere, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 21; uidere mihi uideor tantam diuinationem... quanta numquam fuit, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; add am. 22; tanta est contentione actum quanta agi debuit, Caes. b. c. 3, 111, 5; Tartarus ipse Bis patet in praeceptis tantum... Quantus ad Aetherium caeli suspectus Olympum, Verg. 6, 579; Adde quod est frater, tanto tibi uinctus amore Quantus in Atridis Tyn-

daridisque fuit, Ov. Pont. 1, 7, 32; add 2, 4, 22 etc.; **3.** without tantus, as great as, esp. in poets, Nam qualis quantusque cano Polyphemus in antro Lanigeras clauditis pecudes..., Centum alii..., Verg. 3, 641; horrendumque itonant armis Quantus Athos, aut quantus Eryx, aut ipse coruscis Cum fremit illeibus quantus... Appenninus, 12, 701; luna... Mense fere medio quanta nitere solet, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 6; add 4, 9, 115; quantus non nunquam antea exercitus ad Sutrium uenit, Liv. 9, 37, 2; (crocodilus) parit oua quanta anseres, Plin. 8, 89;

**4.** indir. interr. how great, non edepol tu scis mulier, Quantum ego honorem nunc illi habeo, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 83; Nescis facinus quantum exordiar? Bac. 4, 4, 71; quanta uis amicitiae sit ex dissensionibus percipi potest, Cic. am. 23; utque quanta esset insulac magnitudo neque quantae nationes incoherent..., reperire poterat, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 4; ut cogitare... cum quanto periculo reditum esset, Liv. 8, 25, 12; add Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 23 etc.; **5.** dir. interr., how great? quanti hominis iudicando putas esse historiam scribere? Cic. or. 2, 51;

**6.** in admiration, how great! first w. interj. preceding, O Cupido quantus es! Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 13; hercle quantus et quam ualidus es! Amph. 1, 1, 143; hui! Quantam fenestram ad nequitiam patefeceris! Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72; pro quanta potentia regni Est Venus alma tui! Ov. M. 13, 758; add 6, 472; 15, 88; **7.** without interj., quantum luctum, quantum gemitum, quid lacrumarum, quantum fletum factum audiui! Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; Quanta permis pestis ueniet! Quanta...! Quanta...! Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 123; ut desint cetera, quantum est Esse Iouis fratrem! Ov. M. 5, 524;

**8.** how little, first in indir. interr., Homunculi quantum sunt quom recogito, Pl. Capt. pr. 51; Discite quam paruo liceat producere uitam Et quantum natura petat, Lucan. 4, 378; **9.** in dir. interr., how great, but with the answer, little, expected, Vilibus in scopis, in mappis, in scobe quantus Consistit sumptus? Hor. s. 2, 4, 81; wh. at least the answer is expected to be little; quantumst quod desit in istis Ad plenum facinus? Ov. M. 15, 468; see also last ex. in preceding §;

**10.** in admiration, first with preceding interj., Hui! homunculi quanti estis! Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 65; **11.** as sb. n., tantundem argenti quantum miles debuit, Pl. Pm. 4, 7, 109; mons ex sale mero magnus: quantum demas tantum aderescit, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; Non pot(iss) ecfari dictis quantum factis suppetit, Fnu. tr. 24 V; cur tantum interest inter nouum et ueterem exercitum quantum exporti su-

mus? Cic. Tusc. 2, 38; **12.** esp. w. gen., Apage sis negoti quantum in muliere aqua est! Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 15; ut auri quantum uellet sumeret, Bac. 2, 3, 18; Non tu scis quantum ualarum rerum sustineam, Scio, Merc. 2, 4, 18; quantum is uoluerit Datum esse dotis, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 10; hao litterae Metelli hoc quantum est ex Sicilia frumenti hornotini exarauerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 45; ex quo iudicari posse quantum haberet in se boni constantia, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 6; Quantum perfidiae tecum scelerate perisset! Ov. her. 12, 19; tollere haec aranea Quantum est laboris? Phaedr. 2, 8, 24; huius sermonibus quantum dulcedinis inest! Plin. ep. 6, 7, 3; **13.** w. gen. of persons, all that, the whole lot of, quid metuis? Ne hercle hodie, quantumst familiarium, Maximum in malum cruciatumque insiliamus, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 7; Quid ais, quantum in terra degit hominum perurissumo? Ps. 1, 3, 117; Certumst praecognitum iuber iam quantumst conducier, Merc. 3, 4, 78; add Poen. 1, 3, 22; pr. 90; Capt. 4, 2, 56; Rud. 3, 4, 1; Omnium quantumst qui uiuont homo hominum ornatisissime, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 13; Lugete o Veneres Cupidinesque Et quantum est hominum uenustiorum, Catul. 3, 2; add 9, 10; **14.** w. gen. understood, Senex optume quantumst in terra, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 51; Vt illum di immortales omnes deaque quantumst perduint, Aul. 4, 10, 55; non unum in diem Verum hercle in omnis quantumst, Ps. 1, 5, 121;

**15.** quantum for quantum est, all, quantumque Amisiam et Lupian inter uastatum, Tac. an. 1, 60 f.; **16.** elliptically in parentheses, making allowance for the amount of, as far as, quanta meast sapientia, Ex malis multis malum quod minimumst, id minimumst malum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 62;

**17.** esp. with neut., quantum, to judge from what, as far as, Nescio quid male factum a nostra hic familiarist, quantum audio, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 11; add 2, 6, 13; Ne illi, quantum ego nunc corde conspicio moe, Malam rem... danuut, Ps. 3, 1, 3; quantum perspexi modo, Est hinc praeda nobis, Men. 2, 3, 85; add As. 2, 1, 15; erus, quantum audio, uoxo excidit, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 12; quantum suspicor Ad uirginem animum adiecit, Eun. 1, 2, 62;

**18.** in parenthesis, = tantus (cf. qui used in like manner for is), illis, quantum impunitatis habent, parum est impune male fecisse, nisi..., Sal. Iug. 31, 22; **19.** quanti, as gen. (or dat.?) of price, at what amount or price, how much, quanti eius rei slis ae(stumata) erit tantam pecuniam... dato, CIL 198, 7; aedilis multatio esto quanti uolet, 603, 15; quanti mimmo potest Emi? Ad quadraginta fortasse eam posse emi mimmo minas, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 110; quanti? Viginti minis, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 14; quanti locauerint, tantam pecuniam redemptori soluendam, Cic. Phil. 9, 16; quanti in litem iurauerit actor, Paul. dig. 12, 3, 2; add Gai. dig. 9, 2, 2, 1;

**20.** met., Tu illum numquam ostendisti quanti penderes, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 103; Quanti est sapere! Eun. 4, 7, 21; qui scias quanti Tullian meam faciam, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 5; uide quanti apud me sis, 7, 19, 1; noli spectare quanti homo sit, parui enim pretii est, Q. fr. 1, 2, 14; quanti haec philosophia aestimanda est! N. D. 1, 55; legatorum uerba quanti fecerit, pericula mea declarauit, Sal. Iug. 24, 7;

**21.** for quanto w. comp. see quanto; **22.** in quantum, as far as, how far, Quippe pedum digitos in quantum quaeque secuta est Traxit et..., Ov. M. 11, 71; uerum in tantum laudandum in quantum intellegi uirtus potest, Vell. 1, 9, 3; uide in quantum corporibus uagari liceat, Sen. ben. 6, 23, 6; qui nationem eam regebant in quantum Germani regnantur, Tac. an. 13, 34; In quantum sitis atque fames et frigora poseunt, Iuv. 14, 318; quae a me in quantum potuerit requirentur, Plin. ep. 10, 70 (75) f.;

**23.** quantum ad for q. attinet ad, as far as (is concerned), as for, Quantum ad Pirithoum Phaedra pudica fuit, Ov. a. a. 1, 744; proximus annus, cuius bello intuentus, quantum ad Iudaeos per otium transit, Tac. h. 5, 10; **24.** quantum as adv., as much as, how much, Si graderer tantum quantum loquere, iam esses ad forum—as fast as—Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 138; tantum quantum quis fuge, Most. 2, 2, 94; Darc uoll uxorem filio quantum potest—as soon as—3, 2, 71; comendi iube quantum potest, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 20; rescribas ad mo quantum potest, Cic. Att. 4, 13, 1; add 9, 7, 7; Ei mihi, qualis erat! quantum mntatus



ab illo Hectore qui... Verg. 2, 274; **25.** esp. in phrases like, quantum in te est, as far as lies in you, Cic. N. D. 3, 15; nomen civium Romanorum quantum in ipsis fuit sustulerunt, Flac. 61; ut omnia in omnibus quantum in ipsis est... perfecta sint, Tusc. 5, 37; republicam, q. in se fuit, prodebat, Liv. 2, 43, 6; pater, q. in se fuit, Thracem me genuit, ps. Nep. Iph. 3, 4; Quantum in te, Theseu, nolucres Ariadua marinas Panit, Ov. a. a. 3, 35; **26.** at times w. comp. more commonly quanto, quantum iuniores patrum plebi se magis insinuabant, eo acrius... Liv. 3, 15, 2; (aqua) liquidior et purior est quantum altiori mari hausta est, Colum. 12, 22, 4; **27.** quantum ab assiduis laboribus... laxaverat animum, tanto magis... curae angunt, Liv. 32, 5, 2; quantum increaseret aestus, uolus minus uigentes erant, 44, 36, 5; answering to a comp. = quanto magis—the more—et quantum introspiceret, magis ac magis trepidus, Tac. an. 6, 27; **28.** w. superl. and potest etc., as great as (possible), the greatest (possible), tanta est inter eos quanta maxima potest esse morum distantia, Cic. am. 74; opus esse et illum quanta maxima ui... posset Comitiuui oppugare, Liv. 10, 39, 9; Postumius genu femur quanta maxima (maxime Madvig etc. w. mss) poterat ni perculit, 9, 10, 10; consul quantis maximis itineribus poterat ad collegam ducebat, 27, 43, 12; Harpalus quanta maxima celeritate poterat regressus..., 42, 15, 1; add 24, 35, 5; **29.** as multum and πολλοι much have pl. multi and πολλοι many, so with quantum how much; above all ὅσοι = quot; quanti in Prop. (?) and late writers is used for quot how many, At tibi erarum milia quanta (al. multa) dabit! Prop. 1, 5, 10; quanti ex his fortes uiri? Quanti tyrannicidae, quanti futuri sacerdotes? Sen. controu. 10, 4, 3 (dub.); O quanta pariter manus laborant! Stat. silv. 4, 3, 49; annos... Quot Tithonia computat senectus et quantos ego Delium poposci, 4, 3, 152; quum sermo esset ortus quanti herniosi esse possent in urbe Romae, Lampr. Heliog. 25, 6; Pallad. 4, 9, 11; add Claud. III Honor. 126 and Rapt. Pros. 2, 308; but not Lucr. 5, 45 nor Val. F. 3, 261.

**quantus-cumque**, (-cunque) adj. pron. however great, how great soever, no matter how great—including the smallest marked \*, first w. its own vb. quorum bona, quantumque erant, suis comitibus discipulis, Cic. Phil. 5, 22; totum hoc, quantumcumque est, quod certe maximum est, totum est inquam tuum, Marc. 7; ego quantumcumque sum ad iudicandum... sic statuo..., or. 2, 122; si omne unum... quantumcumque esset, uno pretio uenierit, Gai. dig. 1, 35, 5; add Cels. dig. 12, 1, 42; 36, 1, 33 (32); **2.** without a vb., as mere adj. any, no matter how great (or small), Philippo ludorum celebritatem quantaecumque\* de Romanis tamen uictoriae partae fama auxerat, Liv. 27, 31, 3; unum quantumcumque\* ex insperato gaudium affulserat, 30, 10, 20; add 32, 5, 1; si eum pretio quantumcumque pactus est, Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 6, 3; add † below; **3.** quantumcumque, n. adj. as adv. however much, no matter how much, debeo q. possum (al. possim) in eo elaborare ut..., Cic. fin. 1, 10; Q. tamen praeconia nostra ualebunt, ... uiues, Ov. tr. 1, 6, 35; **4.** quanti-cumque, no matter at what cost, tu nou concupisces quantumcumque† ad libertatem peruenire? Sen. ep. 80, 4; **5.** quantumcumque pl. no matter how many, naues eorum quantumcumque fuerit, Th. C. 13, 5, 5; add de hered. inst. 2, 14, 5, 1.

**quantus-libet**, (older libet) adj. pron. as great as you please, ceterum quantumlibet me poscitote aurum: ego dabo, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 52; quantumlibet magnitudo hominis concipiatur animo, unius tamen ea magnitudo hominis erit, Liv. 9, 18, 8; quantumlibet ordine dignus, Ov. F. 6, 669; quantumlibet hiemis saenitia, Colum. 8, 17, 11; populi agmine, Plin. 8, 87; oneris, 16, 219; suppurationes, 20, 56; facilitate, Tac. Agr. 6; Gloria quantumlibet quid erit si gloria tantum? Iuv. 7, 81; tempore, fr. Vatic. 272; **2.** quantumlibet, n. adj. as adv. as much as it pleases (them), te q. oderit hostes dum perhorrescant, Eum. Const. 10.

**quantus-quantus**, adj. pron. [ : quantus :: quisquis : quis] as great as you please, no matter how great, Homo furti sese adstringet... quantum quantum ad eum erit delatum. Quippini? Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 29; Tu quantusquantus

nihil nisi sapientia es, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 40; heus quanta quanta haec mea paupertas est, tamen..., Ph. 5, 8, 10; Quantaque quantast (note tmesis) hinc nobis uideatur in alto, Lucr. 5, 584 (partly cj.); **2.** quantiquanti, absol. no matter at what price, sed q., bene emitur quod necesse est, Cic. Att. 12, 23, 3.

**quantus-uis**, adj. pron. as great as you please, Ne tu habes seruum graphicum et quantiuis preti, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 29; add Poen. 4, 4, 73; uidetur esse quantiuis preti, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 15; Sed tamen esto iam quantumvis oris honore, Lucr. 4, 1171; quantasuis etiam copias (T H K cj.; omitting magnas etiam, as a gloss) Germanorum sustineri posse, Caes. b. g. 5, 28, 4; quantumvis hominis ingenio, Gell. 14, 1, 5; but Liv. 26, 42, 4 spurious; **2.** quantumuis, n. adj. as sb. as much as you please, q. fiducia, Nazar. Const. 19 f.

**quāpropter**, rel. or interr. conj. [for quam-propter] for what (which) reason, wherefore, why, first w. antec., Set quid est quapropter nobis uos malum minitami? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 25; te mirari Bacchis Quid sit quapropter te huc foras puerum euocare iussi, Ter. Heec. 5, 1, 7; **2.** indir. interr., Non tu scis mulier, Hecubam quapropter canem Graii esse praedicabant? Pl. Men. 5, 1, 14; add Ps. 1, 5, 83; narrare... qua me propter exanimatum citius eduxi foras (note the tmesis), Ter. Heec. 3, 3, 4; **3.** dir. interr., for what reason? Why? Quapropter id uos factum suspicami? Pl. Most. 2, 2, 52; Quapropter? Quia..., 1, 3, 116; Rud. 2, 6, 52; Ter. Heec. 3, 1, 31; Quapropter? Rogas? Pl. Triu. 1, 2, 43; Ter. And. 1, 1, 136; **4.** at beginning of a sentence, referring to preceding, wherefore, for which reason, and therefore, aud so, hence, Quapropter Parim pastores nunc Alexandrum uocant, Enn. tr. ap. Varr. l. 7, 5 p. 360 Sp.; quapropter tum priuum ex plebe alter consul factus est, Fab. Pict. ap. Gell. 5, 4, 3; Quapropter bene cum superis de rebus habenda Nobis est ratio, Lucr. 1, 127; add 1, 334 etc.; quapropter hoc dicam..., Cic. Caec. 78; add Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; q. uos memineritis uos patriam in dextris uestris portare, Sal. Cat. 58, 8; q. praecienda sunt optima, Quint. 1, 1, 11 etc.; **5.** Apul. places it second at times: diuina q. esse, dogm. Pl. 1; tres q. partes, 4; superna q., de mundo 5.

**quā-quā**, pron. conj. [ : qua :: quisquis : quis] along whatever line or road, in whatever direction, wherever, his deridiculost, quaque incedit, omnibus, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 14; Quaque tangit, omne amburit: si prope aetes, calefacit, Epid. 5, 2, 9; but in Apul. M. 6, 26 read: ante quam decideris; **2.** quaque uersus? in every direction, conualles q. repositae (reading dub.), Apul. M. 4, 6; but in Cic. Phil. 9, 16 read perh. quoque.

**quāquam**, see haudquamquam, nequamquam.

**quāquē**, adv. in every direction, only in usquequaque, wh. see; Manil. 5, 318 text dub.

**quā-rē**, conj. [lit. two words, see \* in § 4] on which account, wherefore, why, first as rel. w. antecedent, quae-ramus quae tanta uitia fuerint in unico filio quare is patri displiceret, Cic. Rosc. Am. 41; commissum uihil esset, quare ad istam rationem perueniretur, Quinct. 60;

**2.** indir. interr. wherefore, why, Sollicitus mihi nescio quare nunc uidetur, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 30; et fuit aperte mihi nescio quare non amicus, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 6; Quis mihi nunc dicat quare caelestia Martis Arma ferant Sali? Ov. F. 3, 259; add 3, 725 etc.; nunc accipe quare Desipiant omnes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 46; add ep. 2, 2, 96; **3.** dir. interr. why? quare filiam Credidisti nostram? Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 27; quare's (so Ritschl; mss om. 's) ausus? Mil. 5, 1, 12; quare Tempa ruunt antiqua deum? Cur?... Hor. s. 2, 2, 103; add 2, 3, 126; the shorter cur is gen. preferred in dir. interr.;

**4.** at beginning of sentence referring to what precedes, wherefore, and therefore, and so, qua re\* lubeus te in gremiu(m) Scipio recip(i)t, CIL 33, 7; quare sint haec fundamenta dignitatis tuae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 18; add 22, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 37, 38; quare aequum est uos cognoscere atquo ignoscere, Ter. Eun. pr. 42; Quare participem leti quoque conuenit esse, Lucr. 4, 462; quare Heraclides plus sapit, Varr. ap. Non. 230, 16; quare ne committeret ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 13 f.; Quare agite..., Verg. G. 2, 35; A. 1, 627; 7,



130; quare ne paeniteat te...., Hor. s. 1, 2, 77; add 2, 3, 176; 5. short saying, nunc nee quid nec quare—nobody knew why or wherefore—in caelum abiit, Petr. 37;

II 6. by which means, how, omnia excogitantur, quare nec sine periculo maneat et languore militum et uigiliis periculum augetur, Caes. b. g. 5, 31, 5; multas res nouas in edictum addidit quare luxuria reprimeretur, Nep. Cato 2, 3; quod neque commissa a se quare timeret neque..., Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 2; satis esse causae quare... 1, 19, 1 etc.; quae fuit causa quare toto abessent bello, 7, 63, 7.

**quartādēcīmā-nus**, adj. as sb. m., of the fourth (legion), Tac. h. 2, 11 and 43; cf. quartodecimanus.

**quartānārius**, adj. containing a fourth, tabulam, Pallad. 2, 11? (al. quaternarium); 2. suffering from a quartan ague, Schol. ad Iuv. 9, 16.

**quartā-nus**, adj. of the fourth, hence quartana febris a quartan ague, as occurring quarto quoque die, every third day, febris quartana liberatus est in acie, Plin. 7, 166; Saeua nocens febris saltem quartana fuisset, Mart. 10, 77, 3;

2. quartana abs., the same, in quartanam conuersa uis est morbi, Cic. fam. 16, 11, 1; Frigida si puernum quartana reliquerit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 290; ex eiusmodi morbo q. fere nascitur, Cels. 2, 7, p. 43, l. 14 Dar.; add 2, 1, p. 29, l. 10; credunt quartanas excutere potum capnt..., Plin. 20, 56, etc.; cf. Gell. 17, 12, 2; 3. quartanus as sb. m. a man of the fourth legion, Tac. h. 4, 37; diui Augusti indulgentissimi erga quartanos suos principis epistula, inser. Or. 3118.

**quartā-rius**, adj. [cf. sextarius] of a fourth part—hence as sb. m. a fourth of a sextarius, sumito sulfuris quartarium, Cato r. 95 (96), 1; quartarios uini, Liv. 5, 47, 8; mellis, Colum. 12, 5, 1; quartarii farris, Plin. 18, 9.

**quartātō**, adv. (implies a part. quartatus) repeated four times, uerba tertiato et q. dicere prae metu, Cato ap. Serv. A. 3, 314 (of stuttering).

**quartī-ceps**, ipis, adj. [capio, cf. princeps] taking the fourth place, fourth, collis, ap. Varr. 5, 8, p. 58 Sp.

**quartū**, quantum, see quartus.

**quartōdēcīmānus**, adj. of the fourteenth (day), Cassiod. hist. eccl. 9, 38.

**quartus**, num. adj. [for quātertus, cf. quater, quatuor, quaterni, *tetrapros*] fourth, calcis partem quartam, CIL 577, 20; Mulieres tres: quartus inte's, quintus ego, sextus senex, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 19; partem, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; q. ab Arcesila, Cic. acad. pr. 16 etc.; 2. legio, Tac. an. 1, 70; 14, 34; aetatis annum, 13, 15; 3. q. pater=abauus, grandfather's grandfather, Pilmunusque illi quartus pater, Verg. 10, 619; 4. die quarto three days ago, nuper, die quarto, ut recorder, Cor. Mat. ap. Gell. 10, 24, 10;

5. die quarte three days from this, of future, Dies hic sextus(t), eum nihil egi: die quarte moriar fame, Pomp. ib. 5,—the distinction is fm. Gellius; 6. quarta as sb. f., sc. pars, fourth part, quarter, leges decimas nxoribus, quartas meretricibus, Quint. 8, 5, 19; cum habeat quartam, Ulp. dig. 5, 2, 8, 15; add Paul. 35, 2, 24, 1; 7. Quarta, f., a cognomen, Claudia C. f. Quarta sibi et Sulpicio Simili uiro suo, et Quartino fil. suo, inser. Visc. 1, 186.

**quasco**, āre (κωσά), vb. croak as a frog, Fest. 258 b 27 M.

**quāsi**, (see §§ 11, 19; older quansei, quasci) conj. [quam si] as if, w. subj., firstly present, simulato quasi eas prorsum in nauem, Pl. Men. 4, 5, 5, as if you were going (when in fact you are not); sies, Mil. 4, 4, 45 etc.; adsimilabo quasi nunc exeam, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 8; qui, quasi sua res agatur, ita diligenter S. Naeuii studio morem gerunt, Cic. Quinct. 9; 2. w. pres. perf., Atque assimila quasi per urbem totam hominem quaesieris, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 11, as if you had been (when you have not); adfuerim, Amph. 1, 1, 45 etc.; adieeris, Mil. 3, 3, 35; Atque haec perinde loquor quasi debuissis aut potneris P. Quinctium de possessione deturbare, Cic. Quinct. 83; Sic igitur quāsi me nullus deeeperit error, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 59; 3. w. past imp., Coepi rursum uorsum ad illas pauxillatim accedere, Quasi retruderēt hominum me uis inuitum. Intellego, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 64 (as if they had been when in fact they were not); essent, Amph. 5, 1, 44; Et quasi sentirent, ...nepotes

Tendebant ad auos brachia parua suos, Ov. F. 3, 321; 4. w. past perf., coeperam Me exerceiare animi, quasi quid filius meus Med erga deliquisset, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 9 (when in fact he had not); ita q. ex iure Quiritium dominus factus esset, intendit hoc modo, Gai. 4, 36; 5. ellipt., w. main clause omitted, esp. w. uero, as if (you talk as if, I am talking as if), Quasi te dicas atriensem, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 15; Quasi mihi (so mss) non sescenta tauta soli soleant credier, 2, 2, 37; add 39 and 40; q. tacere quicquam potis sis, Poen. 4, 2, 53; Age inepte, quasi nunc non norimus nos inter nos Clitipho, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 7; add Andr. 2, 2, 35; 5, 2, 9; Hec. 1, 2, 35; q. uero me pudeat istorum, Cic. fin. 2, 7; q. uero ad cognoscendum ego ad illos, non illi ad me uenire deberint, fam. 3, 7, 3; cf. Beier ad off. 3, 39; quasi uero consilii sit res, ac non necesse sit..., Caes. b. g. 7, 38, 7; add b. c. 2, 31, 3; q. uero mali tantummodo in urbe...sint, Sal. Cat. 52, 15;

6. in ellipt. phrases without its own verb, illa autem quasi ob industriam, Mihi aduersatur, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 58; add 4, 3, 8; Q. Dedita opera, Cist. 4, 1, 17; andisse me Quasi per nebulas Hegionem memm patrem uocari, Capt. 5, 4, 27; add Pl. 1, 5, 48; Sed quasi lippo oculo me erus meus manum abstinere hau quit tamen, Pers. 1, 1, 11; litteras Graeeas...sic auide arripui quasi diuturnam sitim explere cupiens, Cic. sen. 26; hostes q. (al. sicuti) parta imi uictoria...nullum ascendere coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 3; Et quāst cum uero nmmine posse loqui, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 10; add M. 1, 614; 7. hence w. noun in apposition w. noun of main clause, as if it were, like, Ten (so A) amatorem 'sse inuentum inanem quasi cassam nucem! Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 137; eum necabam... quasi turturem, Poen. 2, 40; add Rud. 3, 6, 4; Amph. 1, 1, 163; 8. esp. w. itidem, item, Quid, illas itidemne esse censos, quasi te eum ueste uniea? Pl. St. 2, 2, 26; Proripite hominem pedibus huc itidem quasi occisam suem, Rud. 3, 2, 46; add 3, 4, 27; As. 1, 3, 26; 9. to soften a strong term, as it were, so to say, a sort of, mapalia...q. cohortes rotundae sunt, Cato ap. Fest. 146 M; nam istae commemoratio Quasi exprobratiost inmemori benefei, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 17; de Cor(fid)is q. fabula est, Gran. Licin. p. 10 l. 8, ed. Bonnensium ph.; facilius erit mihi q. decurus mei temporis, Cic. fam. 3, 2, 2; q. lumen aliquod...elucere sanetitatem tuam, 4, 3, 2; ea q. materies omnium malorum fuere, Sal. Cat. 10, 3; collis, Ing. 48, 3; seruis q. ciuitas domus est, Plin. ep. 8, 16, 2; omnes ad amplificandam orationem q. machinae, Quint. 11, 1, 44; in uerbis dubiis et q. duplicibus, 9, 2, 69 etc.; 10. esp. w. quidam, illae undae comitorum...effervescent quodam q. aestu, Cic. Planc. 15; mortem non interitum esse...sed quandam q. migrationem uitae, Tusc. 1, 27; cf. Beier ad off. 1, 30;

11. so w. vb. or predicatio, qui monet, quasi adiuuat, Pl. Curc. 3, 89; ea (occasio) nunc quasi decidit de caelo, Pers. 2, 3, 6; Et deuicta quasi cogatur ferre patique, Lucr. 2, 291; 12. esp. in law—wh. quasi is used in English—de possessione aut quasi possessione, Gai. 4, 139; coepit quasi usufructus haberi, Dig. 7, 5, 2, 1; nec castrense nec quasi castrense peculium, Ulp. 37, 6, 1, 15; 13. w. numbers etc., about, so to say, some, (paulum) huic debet Philolaches. Paulum? quantillum? Quasi quadragintā minas, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 95; quia quasi una actas erat, Capt. pr. 20; Nunc quasi ducentis Philippiis emi filium, Bac. 4, 8, 78; quasi talenta ad quindecim Coegi, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 93; ex his q. x fiscos ad senatorem illum relictos esse, Cic. Verr. 1, 22; est enim q. in extrema pagina Phaedri..., orat. 41; hora q. septima, Suet. Cal. 58; cf. w. numerals; 14. hence repeated, cum diceret quasi ioco quasi serio, half in joke, half seriously, Spart. Geta 4, 5; 15. w. notion of si wholly lost, just as, and so w. indic., Quasi quom caletur, cocleae in occulto latent. . . Item parasiti rebus prolatis latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 12; fuit olim quasi ego sum senex; ei filiae Duae erant, quasi nunc meae sunt..., St. 4, 1, 33; Nam qui amanti seruitutem seruit quasi ego seruiu, Aul. 4, 1, 6;

16. w. a superfluous si, as if, siemps lux esto quasei sei is haace lege..., CIL 197, 13; add 202, 1, 39; 202, 2, 3; 603, 14; inser. Or. 2488; tam qua sei sei locus in teatro esset, CIL 571, 8; 17. quausei, old form, CIL 200, 27;



18. sibe et quase scriptum in multorum libris est. Quint. 1, 7, 24; 19. qty.—though in origin both syll. long, cf. nisi; yet in poets a never long, i rarely long as in Bacchiac line, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 32 Quasi salsa muriatica esse autumantur; and sed quasi ferrum aut lapis, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 515, 26; in Lucr. 2, 291 of § 11; but in 5, 729 add. have Proinde quasi id fieri; 20. in old drama perh. often a monos. (qua'?), cf. nisi ni and ei; and so si being obscured, the word was lost sight of in sense also, cf. §§ 7, 8, 15; and hence a second si added as in § 16; cf. nisi si for nisi.

**quāsill-ārius**, adj. [quasillus] of the wool-basket, hence quasillaria as sb. f. a spinning-woman, Petr. 132; Musa quasill. uix. an. xxx Cratinus. lanipend. de. suo. inscr. Grut. 648, 5.

**quāsillus**, sb. dim. m. (-nm n.) [qualus, see qualum] a small wicker basket, esp. for wool, eum quasillum terra impleto, Cato r. 133, 3; pressumque quāsillo Scortum, Tib. 4, 10, 3; Et grauiora rependit iniquis pensa quasillis, Prop. 4, 7, 41; Calathos Graeci, nos dicimus quasillos, Paul. ex P. 47 M; talassionem uocabant quasillum qui uocatur calathus, uas lanificis aptum, 350; but quasilla as n. in Cic. Phil. 3, 10 corrupt.

**quā-tēnūs**, (quātīnus Veg.\*) pron. conj. [quam tenus] to what limit, as far as, first of place, uti Italiae, nisi q. uallum castrorum cingit, nihil reliqueritis Poeno, Liv. 28, 39, 14; ut q. tuto possent, Italiam spectatum irent, 21; praeciditur inferior (pars arboris) q. uidetur inhabitari, Colum. 9, 8, 11 (of bees); non totus...locus religiosus fit, sed q. corpus humatum est, Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 2, 5; 2. indir. interr. how far, dici potest q. nocuerit (fistula), Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 213, 38 D; locus latere potest quatenus determinetur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 60, 2; 3. met. as far as, so far as, leges (tollunt astutias) q. manu possunt, philosophi q. ratione, Cic. off. 3, 68; q. de religione dicebat, Bibulo assensum est, fam. 1, 2, 1; add 4, 4, 1; eum praetor in heredem dat actionem q. ad eum pertinet, Paul. dig. 50, 17, 127; 4. indir. interr. how far, q. sint ridicula traetanda oratori, perquam diligenter uidentum est, Cic. or. 2, 237; in omnibus rebus nidendum est quatenus, orat. 73; uideamus q. amor in amicitia progredi debeat, am. 36; add Ulp. 11, 8, 5, 1; 5. dir. int. how far? how long? quibus auspiciis istos faeces angur acciperem? Quatenus haberem? Cic. Phil. 14, 14; II 6. iu as much as, since, Quatenus in pullos animalis uertier ona Cernimus..., Seire licet..., Lucr. 2, 927; add 3, 218; quatenus, heu nefas, Virtutem incolumem odimus..., Hor. od. 3, 24, 30; add s. 1, 1, 64; 1, 3, 76; 2, 4, 57; laedere quatenus ipsum Non poterat, Ov. M. 14, 40; add 8, 784; tr. 5, 5, 21; q. ueritati nusquam locus est, Tac. an. 3, 16 etc.; q. nobis denegatur diu uiuere, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 14; 7. in order that, esp. w. eomp., conuenit in pascua mitti...faeilius digerat morbum, Veg. 1, 14, 6; q.\* melius, 1, 22, 5; q.\* citius, 3, 13, 7.

**quātēr**, adv. [for quater-is? as ter for ter-is; cf. bis, δυακis τετρακis, E. twice thrice] four times, uel quater quinis\* minimis, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 111; quater pecunia mea iuui aera-rium, mon. Aneyr. 3, 34; add 4, 35; quātēr ipso in limine portae Substitit, atque uero sonitum quātēr arma dedere, Verg. 2, 242; add G. 1, 410; toto non quātēr anno, Hor. s. 2, 3, 1; fit pedes xx; hoc duo quater: fiunt lxxx, Colum. 5, 2, 9; Cinnae quater consulis, Suet. Caes. 1; 2. w. ord. numbers, see \* above, Me quater uidenos..., Hor. ep. 1, 20, 27; Ante quater denos hunc se remiuisceit annos, Ov. M. 7, 293; septenos quater, Auson. parent. 9, 25; quotations in Forc. fm. bell. Afr., Vitruv., Plin. al. erroneous; see too

**quātēdec-īēs**, adv. [quattuordecim] fourteen times, IIS quaterdecies 14(0000) sestertees, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 100.

**quātērn-ārius**, adj. of four each, scrobes quaternarii, hoc est quoquouersus pedum iiii, Colum. 11, 2, 28; nomina—having four cases, Gramm. Vat. de nom. 68; numerus q., number four, Plin. 28, 64.

**quātēr-ni**, num. adj. distr. four (each), Titurium quaternos denarios in singulas uini amphoras portorii nomine

exegisse, Cic. Font. 19, (9); primam aciem quaternae cohortes ex V legionibus tenebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 2; quaterna in singulos iugera, b. c. 1, 17, 4; Saepe tribus lectis uideas enare quaternos, Hor. s. 1, 4, 86; si quaterna pedum spatia inter ordines relicturi sumus, Colum. 5, 5, 2; balaenae quaternum iugerum, Plin. 9, 4; add Solin. 26, 6; 2. iu multipl., in Italiam terna atque quaterna milia succidiarum aduehere, Cato orig. ap. Varr. r. 2, 4, 11; bis quaternas causas, Varr. 1, 5, 1, 5 p. 17 Sp.; IV legiones quaternum milium, Liv. 6, 22, 8; duplicatque quaternos, Manil. 3, 596; bisque quaternorum, Auson. idyl. 11, 60; ter sanxere quateruae, 61; 3. in poets sing. for pl., Amphora uicenis, modius datur aere quaterno, Mart. 12, 76, 1.

**quātērn-īo**, ōnis, m. dim. a little packet of four (as in dice), Isid. orig. 18, 65; 2. number four, quaternioni duos adiciendo, Mart. Cap. 7, 767 (255).

**quātīnūs**, see quatenus.

**quātīo**, ēre, per-cussī, quassus vb. [=παλ of παλλω and so παλ of παλ-ησσα, pl-ango; also =quer of queror, wh. see] strike, significat ut Verrius putat ferire, Fest. 261 a 14; homo quatiatur certe cum dono foras—be kicked out of the house—Ter. Enn. 2, 3, 67; Quod quasi temone adiunetam prae se quatit Arcton, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 109; cf. quassus below and percutio; 2. met., Non uoluit instantis tyranni Mente quatit solida, Hor. od. 3, 3, 4; est in animis tenerum quiddam...quod aegritudine quasi tempestate quatiatur, Cic. Tusc. 3, 12; Et siqua nouo belua uoluit Quatiens populos terrore graui, Sen. Herc. Oet. 2003; II 3. strike and so shake, Harum pars tecta quatiebant euspide thyrsos, Catul. 64, 256; Carthaginis moenia quatit ariete, Liv. 21, 10, 10; Quadrupedumque putrem eursu quatit unguia campum, Verg. 11, 875; Neptunus muros magnoque emota tridenti Fundamenta quatit totamque a sedibus urbem Eruit, 2, 611; Matris quate cymbala, G. 4, 64; super muros seuta quatiuntur, Tac. h. 2, 22; manibus catenas gerebat quatiebatque, Plin. ep. 7, 27, 5; 4. shake, manu Pineam quate taedam, Catul. 61, 15; add 78; 63, 10; quum equus magna ui caput quateret, Liv. 8, 7, 10; magnis quatiunt clangoribus alas, Verg. 3, 226; mihi frigidus horror Membra quatit, 3, 30; Glandiferam quereum quam dum complexibus ambit Et quatit huc illic..., Ov. M. 12, 329; Ardua si terrae quatiatur motibus Ide, 12, 521; 5. met., quatit oppida bello, Verg. 9, 608; quatiebatur his segne ingenium, Tac. h. 1, 52 f.; ut Morinos et extrema Galliarum quateret, 4, 28; III 6. quassus part. shattered, broken, quid refert mea An aula quassa cum einere eeffosus siet? Pl. Curc. 3, 26; ab infimis Quassas eripiunt aequoribus rates, Hor. od. 4, 1, 32; add 1, 1, 18; tegula, Ov. F. 6, 316; faces, 5, 508; M. 3, 508; tibiae, Quint. 11, 3, 20; 7. met., sexta nostrarum (littera f) quassa quodammodo utique quatiens aliquam consonantium frangit, ut in hoc ipso frangit, Quint. 12, 10, 29; haec quassa uoce, Curt. 7, 7, 20; but in Sen. Herc. f. 1316 fessam.

**quātīduās**, adj. of four days, Lazarus quatrīduanus mortuus, Hier. ep. 108, 24.

**quātī-duum**, (quadr.?) i, n. [quater, diu-; cf. bīduum, trīduum] space of four days, quos continuo tibi reponam hoc trīduo aut quatrīduo, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 38; quatrīduo (al. quadr.) quo haec gesta sunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 20; ludos per iiii fecerunt iiii primi, inscr. Vise. 1, 80.

**quātī-īo**, ōnis, m. dim. a small packet of four, as four on dice, Isid. orig. 18, 65. See quatenus.

**quātī-sextium**, i, n. sextarium, bisextium trisextium q., not. Tir. 147.

**quattuor**, (quātūr?) num. undecl. [?] four, de eis quattuor uiatoribus, CIL 202, 2, 18; q. praeeonibus, 22; Iam pridem uidetur factum heri quod homines quattuor..., Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 147; Quattuor uiros sopori..., 150; add 12 others; bellum quod quattuor et uiginti annos fuit, Cato orig. ap. Non. 100, 12; uix tria aut quattuor nominantur paria amicorum, Cic. am. 15; add Tim. 5; rep. 3, 12; Temporusque parem diuersis quattūr annum, Verg. G. 1, 258; add B. 5, 66 etc.; resonat quae chordis quattūr ima, Hor. s. 1, 3, 8 etc.; Quattūr in partes certamina quattūr



addit, Ov. M. 6, 85 etc.; **2.** as disyl., quātor (quattor, Ritschl Rh. Mus. Phil. n. 8, 309) or quātor, Cedunt de caelo ter quattor corpora sancta, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; lamque fere quātor partum..., ap. Char. 114 P, 141, 26 K; see quattuordecim; **3.** but in Pl. Most. 3, 1, 102: Quattuor quadraginta illi debentur minae—for q. et q.—is bad Latin; read perh. imo of which im may have been confounded w. imi and so changed to quattuor; **4.** q. primi, the four leading members of the decuriones, ludos fecerunt imi primi, inscr. Visc. 1, 80; add Grut. 506; **5.** = Go. fīdvōr, S. catvār, Gr. τετραρ-ες and πύρρ-ες, Osc. petur, Gael. ceathair w. pedwar, old Slav. ceturige.

**quattuordécies?** adv. 14 times, Plin. 3, 84 has only **xiiii**; see quaterdecies.

**quattuor-décim,** (quatuor-?) num. undecl. fourteen, Plin. 2, 58; but not Flor. 2, 18; **2.** absol. of the 14 front rows in the theatre set apart for equites (gradus understood), Herennium Gallum...in xiiii sessum deduxit, Asin. Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 2; eques Romanus es...At multis quattuordecim clausi sunt, Sen. ep. 44, 2; in q. deduxisse, ben. 3, 9, 2; also: Gradibus propinquis in quattuordecim sedes, Aus. sap. 5—quaterdecim?

**quattuor-vīr,** -vīri, m. one of four leading men in a municipium etc., **iiii**vīr praefectus municipi, CIL 205, 1, 6; add 16 etc.; 206, 139; **iiii**vīre iour(i) deic(undo), 1184; C. Quinctus C. f...**iiii**vīr(i) portas turcis aquas qum moiro faciendum coirauerunt, inscr. Or. 566.

**quattuorvīr-ālis,** e, adj. of the office of quattuorvīr, cena, inscr. Or. 7061; **2.** one who has held that office (cf. consularis), C. Iulianus Iulius dec. mun. **iiii**vīralis sibi et...coniugi..., inscr. Or. 494.

**quattuorvīr-ātus,** ūs, m. office of quattuorvīr, nci quis eorum...**iiii**vīr(atum) neve quem alium mag(istratum) petito neve capito, CIL 206, 90; add 95 and 136; anno **iiii**vīr. sui, inscr. Or. 3848.

**quātus,** i, m. (=cyathus and pure Latin), Pallad. 1, 27, 1; 1, 28, 2; 5, 1, 1 (al. ciati); 11, 14, 5 (al. ciatos).

**quē,** conj. [see below] and, fortis vir sapiensque...subigit omne(m) Loucanam opsidisque addoucit, CIL 30; deque\* eis rebns decerneret, 196, 5; and in all authors; **2.** esp. in uniting cognate words, iouranto per Iouem deoque, CIL 197, 18; add 24; petito nominisque delatio, 198, 4; possidere fruique, 199, 24; cibatus commeatusque, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 69; somno leni placidoque, Enn. ap. Front. ep. 4, 12, p. 74 Nab.; id gratum acceptumque habendum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; carus acceptusque, Sal. Iug. 12, 3; 108, 1; varius incertusque, 74, 1; **3.** w. words of precisely opposite meaning, and so united in idea, noctes diesque, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 18; Amph. 1, 1, 14; dies noctesque, Truc. 5, 12; As. 3, 3, 12; diuina hmmanaque omnia, Amph. 1, 1, 102; plus minusque, Capt. 5, 3, 18; domi duellique, As. 2, 2, 17; Accipe daque fidem, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, 13; res maguas paruasque, ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; terra marique, Cic. Manil. 56; fam. 5, 9, 2; Sal. Cat. 13, 3; ultro citroque, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 170; Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 4; Liv. 5, 8, 6; **4.** so far chiefly uniting single words, also as uniting clauses, ...Deiciamque earum omnis telas, Pl. St. 2, 2, 25; ...cumque in omnibus rebus vni habeant maximam prima et extrema, Cic. N. D. 2, 67; cum ciuitas...conaretur, multitudinemque...magistratus cogent, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 3; **5.** w. same word repeated, in tanta felicitate tantisque victoriis, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 18; quam ego semper sum admiratus semperque amaui, 1, 7, 9; magis magisque, Phil. 1, 5; fam. 2, 18, 2; peuitis penitusque, Ov. M. 2, 179; **6.** same w. order inverted, digitorum enim contractio facilis facilisque porrectio..., Cic. N. D. 2, 150; **7.** esp. w. rel. repeated, and this because repetition implies emphasis (as in following §§), quei Thermes maiores Peisidae fuerunt, queique eorum..., CIL 204, 1, 1; qui dant quique accipiunt faeneratori, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 19; quae leget quaequo reiciet, Cic. fin. 4, 40; qui senatores essent quibusque in senatu sententiam dicere liceat, Liv. 36, 3, 3; **8.** so w. conj. rep., Di tibi omnes omnia optata offerant, Quom me tanto honore houestas quomque ex uinelis eximis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 106; add Truc. 2, 4, 33; 2, 6, 35; dum licitumst ei dumque actas tulit, Ter. Andr. 2, 16, 12; add 3, 3, 25; Haut. 5, 5, 15; cum

ipsum mundum, cum eius membra, caelum terras maria, cumque horum insignia, solem lunam stellasque uidissent, Cic. N. D. 1, 100; Antec...Debita quam sulcis committas semina, quamque..., Verg. G. 1, 223; ut...utque, 3, 24;

**9.** w. prep. rep., pro eo agro proque scriptura pecoris, CIL 200, 19; de eo aquo ea pecunia peteita erit, deque eo quoi..., 205, 2, 9; add 205, 2, 38; Id ted optestor per senectatem tuam, Perque illam quam tu..., Pl. As. 1, 1, 4; add Sal. Iug. 58, 5; 71, 5; Ov. M. 7, 853; cum condimentis tuis Cumque tuis istis omnibus mendacis, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 49; add Cure. 1, 1, 2; ad Illiberim adque Rusciouem, Cato ap. Char. 207 K; de ui ignea deque eo calore, Cic. N. D. 3, 18; add top. 94; fam. 11, 21, 5; pro domo templis proque urbis muris, N. D. 3, 94; add Cat. 23; fam. 6, 22, 2; in communi religione inque his sacris quae..., Verr. 2, 4, 115; In latius inque feri curuum compagibus aluom Contorsit, Verg. 2, 51; add 12, 293; **10.** w. per very, as attached to adj., rep., id mihi pergratum perque iucundum, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 12; add or. 1, 205; **11.** w. prefix to vbs. rep., in alto Distraxissent disque tnissent satellites tui miserum foede, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 14; Sed penitus pereunt conuolsi comae putrescent, Lucr. 3, 343; disiectis disque supatis, 1, 651; seiugui seque gregari, 1, 452; **12.** w. in neg. (or= male) rep., Hanc ego nunc i-gnaram huius quodcumque perelisset, Iuque salutatum linquo, Verg. 9, 288;—and through confusion w. prep. in, inutilis inque ligatus, 10, 794;

**13.** q. added to final term of series alone, a b c que, Vos quae in mundiciis mollicis deliciis aetatnam agitis, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 40; nobis haec habitatio Bona fausta felix fortunataque euenat, Trin. 1, 2, 3; temporum matritates mutaciones uicissitudinesque, Cic. N. D. 1, 100; urbem pulcherrimam florentissimam potentissimamque esse uouerunt, Cat. 2, 29; Numidas funditores sagittariosque, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; add 5, 47, 2; **14.** esp. when the final sums up, scenam pulpitem ceteraque quae ad eos ludos opus erunt, CIL 206, 77; ita me Iuppiter Iuno Ceres... Saturnus dique omnes ament, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 54; pietas bonitas...comitas quaeque sunt eiusdem generis, Cic. fin. 5, 65; solem lunam sidera uniuersitatemque rerum, N. D. 1, 39; add Tusc. 4, 64; liberis uxores suaque omnia, Caes. b. g. 4, 19, 2; funibus ancoris reliquisque armamentis amissis, 4, 29, 3; libidinem odium inuidiam metum cupiditatesque omnes, Cic. Clu. 159; **15.** w. que added to all but the first, a bque eque, hos ut accipias coquos Tibicinamque obsoniumque in nuptias, Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 8; fame stibique speque, Rud. 2, 2, 7; muros urbemque forumque Excubii curant, Enn. ap. Gell. 16, 10, 1; propterea quod a cultu... absunt, minimeque ad eos mercatores comment..., proximique sunt Germanis, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 3; add 5, 43, 4; sed adhuc Mineia proles Virgnet opus, spernitque deum festumque profanat, Ov. M. 4, 390; huc Sagaris Peuiusque Hypanisque Calesque, Pont. 4, 10, 47; quae more parentum Rura colunt, operique fauent, iuspenque laborant, M. 15, 367; add 15, 473 and 727;

**16.** que before first of the two words united, chiefly in poets, both—and—, at once—and—, alike—and—, a que b que, amicum mem, Quoi ego liberisque bonaque commendauit Callielem, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 35; Aput aedilem pro eius factis plurimisque pessumisque Dixi causam, Men. 4, 2, 22; Quem fecit mores ueteresque nouosque tenentem, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; noctesque diesque, ap. Cic. sen. 1, 1; Quo res sapsa loco sese ostentatque iubetque, ap. Fest. 325 M; ferroque lapique, ap. Prisc. 1, 287 K; hastas frangitque quatitque, ap. Maer. 6, 3, p. 516 Ian; hominumque ferarumque, Verg. G. 3, 242; aptant remosque rudentisque, A. 5, 753; add 9, 650; 12, 119; Et eum fortuna statque caditque fides, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 10; postquam senior regnumque aeuumque peregit, M. 15, 485; add 490 and 590; **17.** rarely in prose, but only w. single pron. in first clause, seque remque publicam, Sal. Cat. 9, 3; 36, 4; Iug. 85, 36; seque illisque, 21, 4; illoque aliusque temporibus, 100, 5; seque regnumque tutatus est, Tac. an. 2, 3; add 1, 4; **18.** the same more than once repeated, a que b que c que etc., Quae res recte uortat mihique tibi que tuaeque filiae, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 41; huic malo...Quod mihique eraeque filiaeque erili est, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 3; Vbi fidemque remque seque teque pro-



perat perdere, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 36; omnia secum Armeutarius Afer agit, tectumque Laremque Armaque Amyclaeumque canem Cressanque pharetram, Verg. G. 3, 344; add A. 6, 682; Ignaros deinde...Aleandrumque... 9, 767; add 9, 344; Ingentique gradu contra ferrumque locumque Saxaque... Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 33; **19.** que— et— both— and— alike— aud— (in wh. the first clause is limited to a single word, chiefly two in poets), meque et spes meas, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 59; Est profecto deus qui quae nos gerimus auditque et uidet, Capt. 2, 2, 64; Sileteque et tacete, Poen. pr. 3 (perh. fin. Enn.); Equidem pol in eam partem accipioque et uolo, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; praeter acquoique et bonum, Ad. 1, 1, 39; Non potest quin illa stacta longaque et multis olat, Afran. ap. Non. 147, 1; armenta uidebant Romanoque foro et lautis mugire Carinis, Verg. 8, 361; Attollens uero famamque et fata nepotum, 8, 731; add 5, 467; **20.** so in Sal. with a pron. by itself in first clause, uti seque et oppidum tradat, Iug. 26, 1; ut seque et exercitum...gereret, 55, 1; id ibique et in omni Africa, 89, 7; aqua seque et iumenta onerare, 91, 2; add 104, 1; 114, 2; **21.** also in Livy and Tac. w. a single noun in first clause, sed dique et homines prohibere... Liv. 5, 49, 1; add 5, 51, 3; tela in hostem hastaque et gladius, 1, 43, 2; eo pauore signaque et ordines turbauit, 2, 59, 7; Quinctiorum Cincinnatque et Capitolini sententiae abhorrebant a caede, 4, 6, 7; plausuque et assensu, 4, 53, 12; omnibus priuatisque et publicis fungitur officis, 9, 1, 7; seque et cohortem, 25, 14, 5; add 27, 21, 1; cuetos sibi que et proelio firmabat, Tac. an. 1, 71; eorum quis seque et coniugem abstulit, 12, 51; **22.** similarly et— que, both— and—, memor et quae essent dicta contra quaeque ipse dixisset, Cic. Brut. 302; quis est quin intellegat et eos qui... immemores fuisse utilitatum suarum nosque... honestate duci? fin. 5, 64; Pompeius et apud populum... clamore iactatus est in senatuque a Catone... est accusatus, fam. 1, 56, 1; igitur et Epaminondas... fidibus praeclare cecinisse dicitur, Themistoclesque... cum in epulis recusaret lyram est habitus indoctor, Tusc. 1, 4; nam et uoluptate capiuntur omnes... similique inscientia mors fugitur, leg. 1, 31; id et singulis uniuersisque semper honori fuisse, Liv. 4, 2, 3 (so P. M., but suspicious); cf. Madv. ad fin. 5, 64; **23.** rarely que— atque—, both— and—, Componens manibusque manus atque oribus ora, Verg. 8, 486; illa... seque ac maiores et posteros municipali adultero foedabat, Tac. an. 4, 3; but scarcely Liv. 26, 24, 6, wh. Madvig adds facturum, nor Tac. an. 4, 34, wh. Halm omits que, 22; **24.** w. adj. or adv. of comparison, first preceding both of the things compared, non idem iudicium eomissatorumque conspectus, Cic. Cacl. 67; iuxta boni maleque, Sal. Iug. 67, 2; pestilentia innesserat pari clade in Romanos Pconosque, Liv. 28, 46, 15; discedunt pariter somnusque deusque, Ov. M. 15, 25; **25.** or after both, ut imperii nostri terrarumque illarum idem esset extremum, Cic. pron. 13; eorum ego uitam mortemque iuxta aestumo, Sal. Cat. 2, 8; **26.** inserted, as if enclitically, cunctatio Fabii... ita contempta erat inter ciues, armatos pariter togatosque, Liv. 22, 23, 3; hoc, principium-simul omenque belli, 21, 29, 4; binis eadem hora captis-simul incensisque castris, 26, 30, 14; innabant pariter fluctusque secabant, Verg. 10, 222; **27.** for que combined w. et or atque or w. both so as to group and distinguish the parts of a long compound passage, see Gram. and et, atque; **28.** at times for the very purpose of delugiug the ear w. confusion, que in every clause chief or secondary, parent matresque nurusque Telasque calathosque... solumque bimatem, Ov. M. 4, 9—12; cf. Cic. leg. 1, 60; N. D. 1, 100; **29.** like et, used at times disjunctively or more strictly, to indicate—some one and some the other, Aut alio quouis, uno narioque, colore, Lucr. 2, 825; fugiebant saxea tecta Spumigeri suis aduentu ualidique leonis, 5, 985; **30.** opposed to a preceding neque (nec), neque ei desse uolebam et qui possem timebam, Cic. Att. 12, 24, 1; ex quo intellegitur nec intemperantium propter se esse fugiendam, temperantiamque expetendam, non quia... sed quia... fin. 1, 48; nec enim in Torquati sermone quicquam implicatum fuit, nostraque... dilucida oratio, 3, 3; add N. D. 1, 68; si istic affuissem

neque tibi defuissem, coramque meum dolorem tibi declarassem, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 1; Arcanum neque tu scrutaberis illius nequam, Commissumque tegetes, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 38; sed neque eum prohibeo quo minus cuncta profert... nosque oro ne... Tac. an. 3, 12; **31.** que appears at times to stand third in its clause; but the first of the two preceding words will gen. be a proclitic, esp. a prep., as: exaeque (written gen. ex eaque), Cic. N. D. 1, 105; 2, 138; inbonisque numeraueris, fin. 3, 10; inprimisque uersutum, off. 1, 108; 2, 39; inmarique perierunt, N. D. 3, 89; in-spemque laborant, Ov. M. 15, 367; obeamque causam, Cic. fin. 1, 47; Tusc. 2, 54; N. D. 2, 25; obciusque mulieris, fin. 2, 66; obeumque errorem, 1, 43; adcaemque degendam, off. 1, 11; adcaelique conspectum, leg. 1, 26; anaturaque desciscimus, Tusc. 3, 3; abarnisque recessimus, Rosc. Am. 16; detotaque re, Att. 12, 24, 1; deprimaque (parte) diximus, N. D. 3, 20; peracutus et callidus cumprimisque ridiculus, Brut. 224; pereosdemque, off. 2, 18; quamuis enim res bonas uitiose peruinque tulerit, Phil. 5, 10; postpaucosque dies, Liv. 36, 21, 3; suboccasumque solis destiterunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 11, 6; obeasque res, 2, 35, 4; this order seems to have been unknown to old language, cf. exx. marked \*; abundant in Cic.; **32.** even w. disyll. prep., apudeosque ne cogas causam dicere, Cic. Planc. 40; internasque conferre sollicitudines nostras, fam. 6, 21, 2; ad eas artes celebrandas internasque reoolendas, or. 1, 2; quod sit ipsum sua ui proptersequere expetendum, fin. 2, 44; **33.** so w. other proclitics, ut iam liceat una comprehensione omnia complecti nondubitantemque dicere... Cic. fin. 5, 26 (cf. nonfacieudum, 1, 47); Messalam terra dum-sequitur-que mari, Tib. 1, 3, 56; dissensio et quot genera, et quae quam-multaque sint species, Quint. 9, 1, 10; **34.** que postponed to second half of pentameter, tuto mala saepe loquuntur, Forsitan obiciunt exiliumque mihi, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 40; rumpam mea uita catenas Ferratam Danaes transsilicque domum, Prop. 2, 16, 11; quum maestus ab alto Ilion ardentem respiceretque deos, Tib. 2, 5, 22; add 1, 6, 54; 1, 3, 55; 1, 10, 53; 2, 5, 86; 12, 6, 15; **35.** que affixed at times to a predicate or adj. common to the words it should join in poets, Insanum te omnes pueri clament-que puellae (growing perh. out of a fuller: pueri clament clament-que puellae), Hor. s. 2, 3, 130; sed idem Pacis eras mediusque belli, od. 2, 19, 27; Ore pedes tetigitque crura, 2, 19, 32; Moribus hic meliorque fama, 3, 1, 12; Ludo fatigatumque somno, 3, 4, 11; Orbis ut cantus referatque ludos, carm. saec. 22; Di bene fecerunt inopis me quodque pusilli Finxerunt animi, s. 1, 4, 17; add 1, 4, 115; 1, 6, 42; 2, 3, 182; od. 1, 5, 6; 2, 19, 24; O quantum et auri potius peratque smaragdi, Tib. 1, 1, 55; **36.** que attached to first word of a speech, yet belonging to a following ait etc.: 'Quid' que 'tibi lasciuie puer cum fortibus armis?' Dixerat, Ov. M. 1, 456; 'In' que 'futurum Pone metus' inquit, 1, 735; add 757; 2, 33; 4, 335 and 336; 5, 327; **37.** que as added to é, not pleasing, yet found in: colereque, CIL 199, 29; habereque, 200, 41; mittereque, uenireque, 205, 47; auferreque, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 35; sineque, Capt. 2, 1, 28; maleque, Bac. 4, 9, 54; beneque, Capt. 2, 3, 44; fugereque, Trin. 4, 3, 27; docereque, Cic. acad. pr. 29; iucolumque, fin. 4, 19; orationeque, N. D. 3, 5; mutareque, Lucr. 1, 666; lacrimareque, 2, 420; penetrareque, 2, 460 etc.; but never perhaps in Verg. or Ovid, says Munro ad Lucr. 1, 666; **38.** que rarely in good writers added to sic, hic, nunc, cf. Madv. ad fin. 5, 40; yet Ov. her. 7, 152 has hancque; indeed if admissible the forms should have been sicque etc., cf. sicine, hicine, nunciue; but lexque occurs CIL 202, 2, 3; exque\* ieis libris, 206, 155; roxque, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 6; Phil. 1, 10; noxque, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 25; duxque, M. 5, 327; uixque, Liv. 3, 16, 4; Tib. 2, 5, 111; hancque, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 18; hocque, Amm. 23, 4, 2; **39.** quò w. long e at times in dactylic verse, Calones famulique metallique caculaeque, Acc. ap. Fest. 146 M; Limiaque laurusque, Verg. 3, 91; Chloreaque Sybarimque... 12, 363 etc.; Faunisque Satyrique, Ov. M. 1, 193; Telasque calathosque, 4, 10; add 5, 484; 7, 225; 10, 262; 11, 290; Celaeoque Meropeque, German. arat. 262; Laeuaque dextraque, Corip. laud. Iust. 3, 177; cf.



Ἀρκεσίλοος τε Προβόηωρ τε Κλονίος τε, Il. 2, 495; see next §; 40. que written as a mere q, fama-que-bona-existit-que-hones(to)-felix, CLL 1071; eisdem. prob(aucrun), 1140; eisdemq. locum emerunt, 1143 etc.; 41. que=te just as quis=tis; again as que of utrique quandoque in Oscan is pid (pid, pit) in pūtūrūspid, pokapid (-pit), so que may have come from an older que; cf. Oscan cen often reduced to a mere c(k)=ce and c of huius-ce, hi-c; also cf. ue as enclitic for uel; thus τε, και, que, et are prob. all of one stock, the oldest form being something like ken, and so one w. Oscan in (in, ev), as well as Dutch en, E. and; see Essays, p. 149.

**quem-ad-mōdum**, adv. (pronounced in Pl. qu'admōdum) to what measure, or extent, how far, as far as, Omnium primum amoris arteis eloquar quemadmodum expediant, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 11; isti qui Clodii leges timerunt, q. ceteras observarunt? Cic. dom. 71; ius esse belli ut qui uicissent his quos uicissent q. uellent imperarent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; si ipse populo Romano non praescriberet q. suo iure uteretur, non oportere..., 1, 36, 2; ut q. in tribunis consulari potestate creandis usi sunt (ipsi uiribus suis), adaeque in quaestoribus liberum esset arbitrium populi, Liv. 4, 43, 5;

2. how, after what fashion, uide Quemadmodum astitit senere fronte curas cogitans, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 46; eo omnem rem scio Quemadmodumst, Bac. 3, 3, 70; add 4, 4, 81; Mil. 3, 3, 11; Curc. 2, 3, 91; Nunc si dico ut res est... quemadmodum existimet me? Merc. 2, 3, 18; q. congruit ut et...et...? Plin. ep. 7, 2, 1;

3. how, by what means, Facere (Facere amicū) tibi me potis es sempiternum. Quemadmodum? Vt mihi des nummos sescentos quos..., Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 36; neque q. oppidum defenderent habebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 3; consilia inibat q. a Gergouia discederet, 7, 43, 5; prius consumerentur quam q. accidisset animaduerti posset, b. c. 2, 14, 2; si non reliquit, q. HΣ cccccc ab eo postea exegisti? Cic. Rosc. com. 55; add Cat. 3, 3; II 4. as, oft. followed by sic, ita, item, so etc., si q. soles de ceteris rebus, sic de amicitia disputaris, Cic. am. 16; add rep. 1, 3; q. me censes oportere esse..., ita esse scito, Q. fr. 2, 15, 4; non enim q. si quaesitum ex eo sit..., item si de officio nescire se dicat, acad. pr. 110; add fin. 2, 83;

5. as, esp. in examples, q. Linius scripsit, Quint. 2, 5, 20; add 6, 3, 75 etc.

**quō**, quire, quiui, quitus [stem quin, as in nē-quin-ont, = E. can, G. können] vb. can, be able, qui me meosque non queam defudere, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 5; qui ipse sibi sapiens prodesse non quit, nequiquam sapit, Enn. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6; Vt quimus aiunt, quando ut uolumus non licet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 10; non queo reliqua scribere, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 5; nam multitudinum hostium ne circumuenire queat prohibent angustiae loci, Sal. Cat. 58, 20; add Iug. 10, 4; quod iam implorare queamus, Verg. 10, 19; ut uis...deterri quiuicrit, Liv. 4, 24, 9; 2. in pass. Nec subigi queantur unquam, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 12; si non sarciri quitur, Caecil. ap. Diom. 385, 28 K; forma in tenebris nosci non quita est, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 57; neque ui impelli neque prece quitus sum, Acc. ap. Diom. 385, 23 K; unde omnia...perdisci ac percipi queantur, ib.; Dum uciunt aliae ac suppleri summa queatur, Lucr. 1, 1045; 3. for forms, quibam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 31; quibo, Mil. 4, 6, 25; quiuero, Varr. l. 5, 1, 4; quirem, Pl. Merc. pr. 55; quiret, Tac. an. 1, 66; quierit, Lucr. 6, 855; quissent, Anson. ep. 139; quire, Gell. 11, 9, 1; quisse, Lucr. 5, 1422; quiens, Apul. M. 6, 5.

**quēror**, i, questus, vb. r. [quer=quat strike, and so=πάλ of παλλω, καρ of καρκαίρω and even fer of ferio; cf. for initial cons. πεμπτος, quin(ē)tus, E. five, πισυρες quattuor four, πι-π(ε)τ-ω σφαλλω cado fallo and E. fall; for final cons. ὑδρ ὕδατος, and the rel. what, where-in, G. was, wor-cin] lit. beat oneself—and so complain (cf. κοπτομαι, plangor whence Fr. plaindre, E. com-plain), Dum tibi nunc haec aetatulast, in senecta male querere, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 60; quid de aliorum iniuriis querar? Cic. fam. 1, 4, 3; querebantur cum luctu et gemitu, Verr. 2, 3, 132; quod soli nec queri nec auxilium implorare audent, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 4; queris super hoc etiam quod..., Hor. ep. 2, 2, 24; 2. w.

acc., complain of, Nunc huc meas fortunas eo qnestum ad uicinam, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 14; meas fortunas, As. 3, 1, 12; seruitutem, Amph. 1, 1, 22; quid clamem aut quērar? Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 3; tua uitia, Thrp. ap. Non. 185, 30; Milonem meum queri per litteras iniuriam, Cic. Att. 5, 8, 2; haec, or. 2, 198; eadem, Flac. 57; suum fatum, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 4; facta mariti, Ov. F. 5, 233; 3. w. acc. and inf., or inf. alone, ne querantur se a beata uita esse relictas, Cic. Tusc. 5, 14; se tum extingui, 3, 69; queritur a discipulis abesse tamdiu, Att. 13, 2, 3; 4. w. quod, quod falsum uiderem, Cic. acad. pr. 81; quod aduersus regem bellum gereret, ps. Nep. Chabr. 3, 1; 5. oft. w. cum prep., quarrel with, complain against, quererer tecum atque expostularem ni..., Cic. fam. 3, 10, 7; quid est quod tu aut illa cum fortuna queri possitis? Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 5; questus est cum patribus conscriptis quod..., Liv. 35, 8, 2; II 6. in poets met. esp. of the plaintive notes of animals, wail, Solaque culminibus ferali carmine bubo Saepē quēri et longas in fletum ducere uoces, Verg. 4, 463; Queruntur in siluis aues, Hor. epod. 2, 26; add Ov. am. 3, 1, 4; queri rauco stridore, M. 14, 100 (of apes); 7. of the lute, Flebile nescio quid quēritur lyra, Ov. M. 11, 52.

**querquēd-ūla**, (querquet.) ae. f. [dim. of cerceer-is, and so akin to quer-or shake oneself, querqu-erus, καρκαίρω] a kind of waterfowl, Varr. l. 5, 13, p. 84 Sp.; anseres querquedulae anates, r. 3, 3, 3; add 3, 11, 4; Colum. 8, 15, 1; nimbos aquae...Pertinuērunt aquatiles querquētūlae nantantes, Varr. ap. Non. 91, 1.

**querquē-rus**, adj. [implies a Gr. adj. καρκαρος akin to καρκαίρω] shaking, and so querquera febris, or querqnera absol., Is mihi erat bilis aqua intercus tussis querquera (so T H K combining words of Fest. 257 b 32 M, and Prisc. 1, 271, 4), Plant.; iactans me ut febris querquera, Lucil. ap. Fest. ib.; febris rapida et querquera, Gell. 20, 1, 26; querquera atque intercus morbos, Arnob. 1, 48; add perh. Apul. mag. 35 f.

**questus**, ūs, m. [queror], beating (of the breast), complaining, Desinite luctu questu lacrimas fundere, CIL 1008, 3; qui denique questus dignus calamitate tauta...?, Cic. Quinet. 94; Fors etiam nostris inuidit questibus auris, Catul. 64, 170; cum magnis fletibus questibus(que), Liv. 22, 61, 3; in questus flebiles sese profuderunt, 23, 20, 5; caelum dehinc questibus implet, Verg. 9, 480; add Ov. M. 9, 370; 2. met., philomela...maestis late loca questibus implet, Verg. G. 4, 515.

**qui**, rel., see quis.

**qui**, pron. adv. interr. [shortened from quia, wh. oft. answers to it (as in exy. \*), and was itself oft. a monos.] why, firstindir. how, why, in what way, nimis demior Sosia, Qui illaec illi me donatum esse aurea patera sciat, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 133; add Trin. 3, 2, 62; nec qui hoc mihi enueniat scio, Ter. Hec. 2, 3, 6; qui istuc credam ita esse mihi dici uelim, Ph. 5, 6, 15; Facite fingite inuenite ecfite qui detur tibi; Ego id agam mihi qui ue detur, Andr. 2, 1, 34; 2. direct interr., why? non ex usu nostrost neque adeo placet. Qui uero? Quia\* enim non nostra forma habet dignam domo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 61; qui non? Quia\* flagitiumst, Bac. 5, 2, 44; add Amph. 2, 2, 34\* and 35\*; Most. 3, 2, 51\*; Truc. 1, 2, 34\*; non potest. Qui? Quia\* habet aliu magis ex sese, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 51; si...accepta foret, qui ego minus in Africam...traicerem? Liv. 28, 43, 18; 3. how? Qui tu scis eas adesse? Quia\* oculis meis Vidi sororem hic eins, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 11; add Trin. 1, 2, 40\*; Amph. 4, 2, 14\*; Epid. 1, 2, 29; 2, 2, 24\*; 2, 2, 65\*; 2, 2, 87\*; Most. 1, 1, 155\*; nam qui tibi istaec incidit suspicio? Qui? Quia\* te noram, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 21; deum nisi sempiternum intellegere qui possumus? Cic. N. D. 1, 25; add 1, 84; qui fit ut ego nesciam, sciant omnes? fin. 2, 12; qui conuenit in minore negotio legem timere, quum eam in uaiore ueglegeris? Sal. Cat. 51, 24; qui fit Maccenas ut nemo..., Hor. s. 1, 1, 1; 4. oft. w. dum, how pray? how so pray? celata omnia Paene ille ignauos funditus pessumdedit. Quidum? Quia\*..., Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 129; add Bac. 3, 3, 62\*; Most. 3, 2, 44; Rud. 4, 4, 72\*; As. 3, 3, 30\*; Epid. 2, 2, 114\*; quidum? Quia\* tristi's, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 42.



**quā**, conj. [prob. for a lost *quita* from the rel., as *ita fin. is*; cf. *Go. neuters ita thata midjata*] for the reason that, because, see *qui adv. § 1*; add: *quamam gratia? Quia ad foris nostras unguentis uncta's ausa accedere Quiaque bucculas...*, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 34; *nunc mea mater irastat mihi, quia non redierim domum ad se*, Cist. 1, 1, 103; *Quapropter? Quia enim incertumst etiam quid se faciat*, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 14; *quarta (urbis) est quae quia postrema coaedificata est Neapolis nominatur*, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 119; *Pompeius quia expedito itinere flumen ei transeundum non erat...*, Caes. b. c. 3, 30, 4; *Nam quia neo fato merita nec morte peribat*, Verg. 4, 696; *Vel quia sum uates uel quia fata cano*, Ov. F. 6, 8; *quia tanti quantum habeas Sis*, Hor. s. 1, 1, 62; **2.** that=quod, utio uertunt quia multa egeo: *at ego illis quia nequunt egere*, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24 (23), 1; **3.** *quianc? what because? tu nunc me irides. Quiane te uoco ut tibi bene sit?* Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 69; add Verg. 4, 538; Stat. Th. 10, 592; **4.** in old drama perh. a monos. commonly, as aft. Terent. Maur. vv. 524, 591, 642 etc. **5.** a long in Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 93: *Nisi quia lubet experiri quo euasurust denique*; in Phaedr. 1, 5, 7: *Ego primum tollo, nominor quia leo*; and in Auson. prof. 8, 7: *Sed quia uostro docuere in acuo, who elsewhere has always quia*.

**quā-nam**, interr. adv. [*quia :: quisnam : quis*] why in the world, (Hen) *quānam dictis nostris sententia flexa est?* Enn. ap. Fest. 257 M; *Summe deum regnator quānam genuisti?* Naev. ib.; q. *Saturnium populum pepulisti?* id. ib.; *Heu quānam tanti cinxerunt aethera nimbi?* Verg. 5, 13; *Caeciliae magni quānam seutentia nobis Versa retro?* 10, 6.

**qui-cumquē**, (-cunquē) quae-c. quod-c. pron. rel. whatever, who-ever, which-ever, first w. its own vb., quodque quisque quomq(ue)\* d(e) e(a) r(e) decernct..., is in id decretum..., CIL 205, 2; *Quicumque ubique sunt qui fuerunt qui futuri sunt posthac stulti...*, solus ego omnis longe antideo stulticia, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 1; *Nam pupinae rei causa quicumque id facit, eum...*, Pers. 1, 2, 13; *Quoi male dico? Quoi pol cumque\* occasiost, 2, 2, 28; Cum quibus erat cumque\* una, his sese dedere*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 36; add 1, 5, 28\*; *quod erit cumque\* uisum ages*, Cic. fin. 4, 69; *non omnia quaecunq(ue) loquimur mihi uidentur ad artem esse reuocanda*, or. 2, 44; *ut...fortunam quaecunq(ue) accidat experiantur*, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 14; *At contra quae amara atque aspera cunq(ue)\* uidentur, Haco...*, Lucr. 2, 404; *Qui te cumque\* manent isto certamine casus Et me Turne manent*, Verg. 12, 61;—in ex. \* note separation of cumque; **2.** quodcumque as sb. w. gen., all of—that, whatever amount of, uos hortor nt quodecumque militum contrahere poteritis contrahatis, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 a, 4; *Heia inquit (in) commune quodecumque est lucri*, Phaedr. 5, 6, 3; **3.** without an antecedent, whoever etc., no matter who, *nestras occasiones studia sermones, quemcumque cursum fortuna dederit se secum ablatum esse dicit*, Cic. Mil. 96; *nec M. Caclium praetereundum arbitror quaecumque eius fortuna fuit*, Brut. 273; *Qui testamentum tradet tibi cumque\* legendum, Abnuere...mento*, Hor. s. 2, 5, 51; **4.** without a vb. of its own, no matter what, every possible, te oro ut si quid erit quod perspicias quaecunq(ue) in partem scribas, Cic. Att. 3, 21; *quacumque ratione contendamus*, 12, 29 f.; add Cat. 2, 11; *Nos tamen hacc quocumque modo tibi nostra uicissim Dicemus*, Verg. B. 5, 50; *Macedonas in societatem belli quacumque ratione censeo deducendos esse*, Liv. 36, 37, 3; *qui de quacumque causa tum aspernati nostra auxilia estis*, 45, 23, 6; *Et quocumque modo maluit esse mea*, Prop. 1, 8, 34; **5.** note qty. in: *Mittat et donat cūcumquē terrae*, Sen. Tro. 861; **6.** quescumque as n. pl. m. Cato ap. Charis. 91, 18 K.

**quid**, as *ad. [n. of quis]* first shortened from something like *q. de hoc dicis*, and so used in transitions, esp. before a question, well and, well but, *Quid diuitiae, suntne opimae?* Vnde excoquat sebum senex. *Quid pater, uisitne? Viuom quom inde abimus liquinus*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 31; *Quid patri etiam gratulabor quom illam innenit? Censeo. Quid matri eius? Censeo*, Rud. 4, 8, 6; *Quid hoc qua*

*causa cum (hinc) in Ephesus miseram, Accepitne aurum ab hospite?* Bac. 2, 3, 15; *Quid qua profectus causa hinc est Lemnum Chremes, Adduxitne tecum filiam?* Ter. Ph. 4, 1, 1; *quid ipsae quid aiunt?* Ad. 4, 5, 22; *quid ille ubi est Milesius?* 68; *Quid paedagogus ille qui citharistram, Quid rei gerit?* Ph. 1, 2, 94; *Quid uirgo, quoiast?* Eun. 2, 3, 30; add *Audr. 1, 5, 6; Quid benefacta mei patris, cuius opera te esse ultum autumant?* Pacuv. ap. Non. 237, 3; *quid qua de re...centumuirum iudicant...*, nonne in ea causa fuit de toto geutilitatis iure dicendum? *Quid, quod\*...*, nonne in ea causa...? *Quid nuper cum...nunc omnis nostra in iure uersata defensio est?* Cic. or. 1, 176—178; *quid lituus iste uester, unde uobis est traditus?* din. 1, 30; *quid illa duo somnia, quae creberrime commemorantur a Stoicis, quis tandem potest contemnero?* 56; add 2, 144; *Tusc. 2, 56; 4, 50; 4, 54 bis; off. 3, 82; fat. 10; N. D. 1, 29 bis; 1, 118; 1, 119; 2, 153; Plane. 37; Manil. 46; leg. 1, 48; Mur. 59; Clu. 82; Caecl. 24; 40; Balb. 50; Mil. 64; quid in uerbis sententiis figuris, nonne humani ingenii modum excedit?* Quint. 10, 1, 50; **2.** the subject of the coming question in the form: *quod...* (see \* above), *quid, quod non intellegunt...*, *medicis erroris est? and soon: quid, quod...habent, parumne declarat...?* Cic. diu. 2, 94, 95; *quid quod salus sociorum in periculum uocatur, quo tandem animo ferre debetis?* Man. 12; add *sen. 83; 3.* hence *quid quod* without a question, *Nay, q. q. idem perturbaciones, quas nos extirpandas putamus, non modo naturalis esse dicunt, sed etiam utiliter a natura datas*, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; *q. q. eadem mente res dissimillimas comprehendimus*, 1, 46; add *N. D. 1, 108; II 4.* =propter quid, why, what about (cf. quod because=propterea quod), first indir. interr., *Possum scire quo profectus, quous sis aut quid ueneris?* Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 190; *quaesitum quid dubitaret profioisci*, Cic. Cat. 2, 13; *Mirabar quid maesta deos Amarylli uocares*, Verg. B. 1, 37; add *G. 2, 481; III 5.* direct, why? *Quid me consultas quid agas?* Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 4; *quid multis moror?* Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 87; *quid me ostentem?* Cic. fam. 1, 4, 3; *sed quid ego argumentor?* *Quid plura disputo?* Mil. 44; *Galle quid insanis?* Verg. B. 10, 22.

**qui-dam**, quae-d. quid-d. quod-d. cuius-dam etc. pron. adj. certain (which one cannot or does not choose to define), some, amat mulier quaedam quendam, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 29; see for repeated use, Cist. 4, 2, 69—74; *fuit olim quidam senex*, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 16; *Neque pugnas narrat quod quidam facit*, Eun. 3, 2, 29; a certain person one does not choose to name, *sed sunt quidam ita uoce absoni, ut in oratorum numerum uenire non possint*, Cic. or. 1, 115; *Accurrit quidam notus mihi nomine tantum*, Hor. s. 1, 9, 3; **2.** to soften a strong metaphor or epithet, *habet enim quendam aculeum contumelia—a sort of sting—Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 95; fuit enim mirificus quidam in Crasso pudor—I had almost called astounding—*, or. 1, 122; *omnium artium procreatricem quendam et quasi parentem eam quam φιλοσοφίαν Graeci uocant, iudicari*, 1, 9; *poetam neminem sine quodam afflatu quasi furoris (existere posse)* 2, 194; **3.** at times w. certus, certis quibusdam uerbis, Cic. or. 1, 183; add 1, 254; 3, 44; **4.** in distributions, quibusdam quaestionibus alios, quibusdam alios esse aptiores, Cic. top. 79; *quaedam leuia, alia aspera...*, N. D. 1, 66; add Quint. 1, 3, 6 etc.; **II 5.** quiddam n. sb., something, some portion, *puget dicerē tibi quiddam*, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 36; *fateor in ista potestate inesse quiddam mali*, Cic. leg. 3, 23; *quiddam diuinum, acad. post. 33; 6.* as adv. or thereabouts, or so, *sesquiped quiddamst (so BC) quam tu longior*, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; **7.** a form quaedam (n. or ac. pl.) quoted by Prisc. 2, 9, 18 K fin. Accus.

**quidem**, an enclitic adv. [?] indeed, certainly, faith, oft. strengthened by *hercle*, *edepol* etc., *Flagitium quidem hercle fiet nisi dos dabitur uirgini*, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 11; add *St. 1, 3, 35; Istuc quidem edepol nihil est*, Mil. 2, 1, 19; *ne hercle operae pretium quidemst mihi te narrare*, 1, 1, 31; *Ita pol quidem† res est dixisti Lesbia*, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 1; *illo (discensus) dolor meus dumtaxat, uestrum q. scelus haberetur*, Cic. Pis. 32; *Diocarchus q. et Aristoxenus nulum omnino animo esse dixerunt*, Tusc. 1, 51; add *am.*



24; **2.** esp. after et, and indeed, nay, Missas iam ego istas artis feci, et quidem ego dehinc iam, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 40; add Ps. 5, 5, 17; Pers. 2, 2, 35; Mil. 2, 15, 65; Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 25; in statuae capite extitit corona et q. subita, Cic. diu. 2, 68; post substitutum Canicinia exoritur et q. aliquot diebus, 2, 23; add Phil. 11, 9; Att. 10, 8, 3; nobis nero placet et uehementer q., Brut. 122; **3.** so used in ironical assent, w. addition rendering the assent useless, w. or without et, torquem detraxit hosti. Et quidem se textit ne interiret. At magnum periculum addit. In oculis quidem exercitus, Cic. fin. 1, 35; at erat mecum senatus. Et quidem ueste mutata. At tota Italia conuenerat. Quoi quidem uastitatis metus inferebatur, Planc. 87; **4.** after nisi, Nisi quidem uos uostra crura ant latera nihili penditis, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 4; add Ps. 1, 2, 86; Poen. 5, 2, 59; **5.** after rel., indeed, by the way, Adibo hunc, quem quidem ego hodie faciam hic arietem Phryxi; Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 7; Quam quidem te iamdiu deperdidisse oportuit, Epid. 1, 1, 9; add Bac. 4, 8, 47; 5, 2, 65; de triumpho tibi assentior, quem q. totum facile abiecero, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; quo q. in bello uirtus enituit egregia M. Catonis, Mur. 32; add Att. 2, 16, 2; am. 43; Cat. 17; **6.** in contrasts, followed oft. by autem, uero, sed, like μέν and ἔτε, as de primo q. officii fonte diximus; de tribus autem reliquis..., Cic. off. 1, 19; Atque haec q. uestra, Lucili; qualia uero alia sint ab ultimo repam superiorum, N. D. 1, 25; Zeno q..., sed Socraten..., 1, 93; **7.** hence much used in concessions, misera...est illa\* q. consolatio...sed tamen necessaria, Cic. fam. 6, 2, 2; facis tu\* q. fraterne quod inae hortaris, sed mehercule curentem, Q. fr. 2, 15, 2; illa quae sunt a nobis bona corporis numerata, complent ea\* q. beatissimam uitam, sed ita ut..., fin. 5, 71; tnus dolor, humanus is\* q. sed magno opere moderandus, Att. 12, 10; deinde tui municipes, sunt illi\* q. splendidissimi homines, set tamen pauci, Planc. 21; oratorias exercitationes, uon tu\* q. reliquisti, sed philosophiam illis anteposuisti, fat. 3; add fam. 1, 7, 7; 15, 14, 3; Brut. 18; 28; 37; 50; 51; 70; Phil. 2, 22 aud 66;—in wh. note the use of the seemingly superfluous pronouns \* emphasizing preceding word; cf. equidem (ego quidem) so used, as in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 72; **8.** indeed (if not more), at least, at any rate, Sperat quidem animus, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 36; Estne intus nunc Phronesium? Vt ut alii, tibi quidem intus, Truc. 1, 2, 86; Adhuc curauit unum hoc quidem, ut mihi esset fides, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 11; nunc q. profecto Romae es, Cic. Att. 6, 5, 1; hoc q. certe manifestum erit, Verr. 2, 2, 183; **9.** esp. w. personal pron., scimus nos quidem te qualis sis, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 41; Nam ego quidem meos oculos habeo nec rogo utendos foris, Mil. 2, 3, 76; Mihi quidem hercle non fit ueri Simile, atqui(i) ipsis commentum placet, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 20; add Haut. 2, 4, 16; nisi tu aliquid dixisses, nihil sane ex me q. audire potuisses, Cic. N. D. 1, 57 etc.; Nimis stulte faciunt mea quidem sententia, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 5; add Cas. 3, 3, 1; Cic. off. 2, 39; meo quidem animo, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 69; 3, 2, 10; Men. 1, 3, 17; Merc. 2, 2, 43; meo quidem iudicio, Cic. Brut. 32; **10.** w. rel. and vb. in subj., esp. to limit an assertion, istuc detrudi maleficos Aequom uidetur qui quidem istius sit modi,—at least one who—Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 151; littera nulla est, quae q. ornatum aliquem habeat, Cic. Brut. 27; nec uero habeo quenquam antiquiorem, cuius q. scripta preferenda putem, 61; Catonem uero qui nostrorum oratorum, qui quidem nunc sint, legit? 65; quas q. adhuc inuenerim, ib.; nunquam illum offendi quod q. senserim, am. 103; neque erat in exercitu, qui q. pedestria stipendia fecisset, uir factis nobilior, Liv. 7, 13, 1; **11.** w. dum, so long indeed or at least as, Nunquam edepol quoquam supplicabo dum quidem Tu uiuos niues, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 92; add St. 5, 4, 5; Pers. 4, 4, 105; Merc. 2, 3, 89; Aul. 2, 2, 34 etc.; Dum quidem (note m not elided) unus homo, Romanus togā, superescit, Enn. ap. Fest. 302 b 32 M; **12.** ne—quidem, not even—, ne mina quidem, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 87; ne gry q., Most. 3, 1, 67; (uinum honorarium) numquam accipi ne priuatus q., Cato ap. Isid. 20, 3, 8; An no hoc quidem adipiscar, quod ius publicumst? Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 64; ne id q. faciant, Cic. am. 18; tu ne quae ille q. fecit obicies, Caecil. 35; ne iu publicis q. (rebus), fam. 10, 2, 2; **13.** quidem monos.

see † above. Beutl. ad Andr. 1, 3, 20 and elsewhere wd. oft. make it a pyrrhic even before a cons.; but better to read it as a monos. quem, like item for itidem; better still as que (ke), just as quandoquidem was cut down to quandoque, wh. see. In this way siquidem, quandōquidem, ēquidem would have long vowels, as they ought to have, so quidem is one with γε, cf. εἰ γε, εἴ γε, εἴ γε γε. Note too:...Littera. Per me quidem (mss equidem!) sint omnia protinus alba, Pers. 1, 110; in 5, 45 read as sense requires: Non equidem hoc dubite(m), amborum...; see U. K. S.'s Journ. of Ed. 2, 359; Penny Enc. Terentian metres, both by T H K; copied by Donaldson, Varr. c. 10 § 5; **14.** added to ille illa iste etc. at times perch. lengthens thin final, Illa quidem nullum sacrificauit. Quomodo? Pl. St. 1, 3, 97; Ista quidem illa est. Quae illast? Illa. Ohe ia(m satist), Merc. 4, 3, 31; Ille quidem iam scit quid negoti gesserit, Pers. 4, 7, 1.

**quimatus?** an old reading in Plin. 8, 178, wh. mss quinquennatu.

**quin,** conj. or interr. adv. [for quine, rel. or interr. + ne] first nom. or acc. m. f. n., s. or pl. + ne, who not, which not, but what, but,—but only after neg., interr. and uix, nullust tam parui preti...quin puriget se, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 61; nullust Ephesi quin sciat, Bac. 2, 3, 102; nihil est Antipho Quin male uarrando possit deprauarier, Ter. Ph. 4, 6, 16; add Haut. 4, 2, 8; 4, 6, 1; quis est quin cernat? Cic. acad. pr. 20; quod est nemo quin...malit, fin. 3, 17; adest fere nemo quin...uideat, or. 1, 117; nemo est quin existimet..., fam. 1, 4, 2; nego in Sicilia...nullum argenteum uis fuisse, ullam picturam quin conquisierit, Verr. 2, 4, 1; nemo fuit militum quin uulneraretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 3; nulla fuit eiuitas quin...mitteret, 2, 19, 2; **2.** for abl. and ne, dies fere nullust quiu hic donum meam ueniat, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 3;

**3.** so that not, but what, but, nequeo quin fleam, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 32; Video non potesse quin tibi eius nomen eloquar, Bac. 3, 6, 30; non tantulum Vmquam intermittit tempus quin eum nominet, 2, 2, 32; numquam accedo quin abs te abeam doctior, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 21; facere non possum quin quotidie ad te mitam, Cic. Att. 12, 27, 2; prorsus nihil abest quin sim miserimus, 11, 15, 3; dubitabis quin ab hoc Phryge ciuem iudicetis? Plac. 40; totius hiemis nullum tempus intermiserunt quin...mitterent, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 1; add 1, 33, 4; Nec requies quin aut pomis exuberet annus, Aut..., Verg. G. 2, 516; Non potuit mea mens quin esset grata teneri, Ov. Pont. 4, 1, 7; **4.** to this head belongs Cato's phrase ap. Gell. 17, 13, 4; Neque satis habuit quod..., quin eius famam prostitueret; Paenitetne te quot ancillas (a)llam, Quin (so mss; quine Haupt) examen (so Haupt, Herm. 3, 229; mss etiā men) superadaxam, quae mihi comedint cibum? Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 53; **5.** even w. a superfluous ut, neque occultum id haberi Quiu participem pariter ego te et tu me ut facias, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 13;

**6.** at times the pron. is ea id is needlessly inserted, negat nullum esse cibum tam grauem quin is nocte et die concoquatur, Cic. N. D. 2, 24; nihil esse quod sensum habeat quin id intereat, 3, 34; **7.** after words of ignorance, doubt, wonder, wh. the affirmative, you know etc., would require aec. and inf., Quid dubitas quin sit paratum nomen puero Postumus? Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 42; Mirum quin tua me causa faciat Iuppiter Philippum regem? 1, 2, 7; Non dubiumst quin uxorem nolit filius, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 1; quis ignorat, quin tria Graecorum genera sint? Cic. Flac. 64; neque abest suspicio quin ipse sibi mortem conseruerit, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 4; non esse dubium quiu totius Galliae plurimum Heluetii possent, 1, 3, 7; si quis Zoippo nuntiet... cui dubium esse quin extemplo consensus sit nauem? Liv. 24, 26, 6; add 40, 56, 7; **8.** for quo non, after neg., not that not, to guard against an inference, Non eo haec dico, quin quae tu uis ego uelim et faciam lubens, Pl. Triu. 2, 2, 60; haut eos eo postremum scribo, quin populi et boni et strenui sient, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 17, 13, 3; non quin ab eo ipse dissentiam, Cic. fam. 4, 7, 1; non quin breuiter reddi responsum potuerit, non recipi reges, Liv. 2, 15, 2; **9.** for propter quod non, why not, hodie quin faciamus numquaest eusa? Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 84; quin ad diem



decadam nulla causa est, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 1; quid igitur est causae quin coloniam in Ianiculum possint deducere? agr. 2, 74; add Quinet. 32; nil uerbi percas quin fortiter addam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 42; add 1, 1, 20; **10.** dir. interr. why not? Quin eum restituis? Quin ad frugem corrigis? Pl. Triu. 1, 2, 81; Quin tu salutem primum reddis quam dedi? Bac. 2, 3, 11; quin taces? Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 23; quid stas lapis? Quin accipis? Haut. 4, 7, 4; quin continetis uocem, indicem stultitiae uestrae, testem paucitatis? Cic. Rab. perd. 18; quin conscendimus equos? Liv. 1, 57, 7; Quin potius pacem aeternam pactosque hymenaeos Exerceamus? Verg. 4, 99; **11.** as such a question is often virtually an order (quasi increpans says Gell. 17, 13, 2), hence v. imperative of impatience, come, come, Quin tu audi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 42; Quin tu tuam rem cura potius quam Seleuci, 4, 1, 5; Quin tu huic responde, Mil. 4, 2, 55; Quin tu uno uerbo dic quid est quod me uelis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 18; quin omitte me, Ph. 3, 2, 1; Quin ergo, quando conuenit, completeite, Pompon. ap. Non. 472, 32; quin age, Verg. B. 3, 52; G. 4, 329; Quin agite, A. 5, 635; **12.** nay, oft. strengthened by etiam, immo, potius, contra, Quia ossa ac pellis totust, ita cura macet: Quin exta inspicere in sole (iam) uiuo licet, Pl. Anl. 3, 6, 29; add 4, 10, 22; Bac. 2, 3, 78; Quin ut quisque est meritis praesens pretium pro factis ferat, Naev. ap. Non. 366, 4; credo neque id iniuria: quin Mihi molestumst, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 20; ego nero iam te nec hortor nec rogo ut domum redeas; quin hinc ipse euolare cupio, Cic. fam. 7, 30, 1; equidem credibile non est quantum scribam die quin etiam noctibus, Att. 13, 26, 2; add 1, 13, 2; 14, 21, 3; quin sic attendite iudices, Mil. 79; huius miraculi nunquam ab ipso elusa fides est, quin potius ancta, Liv. 26, 19, 8; nihil ea res animum uiri imminuit; quin contra..., 35, 26, 10; praeualuit sententia Caepionis, quin immo consurgenti ei adclamatumst, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 18; **13.** so far quin, nay, stands first; Verg. has it second in: Ausus quin etiam uoces iactare per umbram, 2, 768; Mortua q., 8, 485.

**quippe**, adv. or conj. [prob. for quodpe, cf. quip-piam; pe either=que, so that quippe=and why; or the same as pote in ut-pote] and why? Nimis tandem aps te contempnor. Quippe ego te ni contempnam, Stratioticus homo qui cleuar? Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 12; iam non uereor ne eam me amare hic potuerit resciscere; quippe? Haut etiam quicquam inepte feci, amantes ut solent, Merc. 2, 3, 49; add Ps. 5, 1, 29; Capt. 4, 2, 106; Mil. 3, 1, 10; Amph. pr. 37; Poen. 3, 1, 50; quippe? Sine cura laetus lautus cum aduenis, Infertis (=infestis) malis, expedito braccio, Enn. ap. Donat. Ph. 2, 2, 25; nos quibuscumst res non sinunt; quippe? Forma impulsis..., Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 9; quippe? Qui (=quia) Magnarum saepe id remedium aegritudinumst, 3, 2, 27; Nunc torrete igni fruges..., Quippe? Etiam festis quaedam exercere diebus Fas et iura sinunt, Verg. G. 1, 268; add 2, 49; nec tamen omnes: Quippe? Equus et pecudes armentaque gramine uiuunt, Ov. M. 15, 84; **2.** in answers or remarks on what has just been said, of course, nae aetati tuae. Quippe, quando mihi uil credis quod ego dico sedulo, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 106; recte diceres te restituisse; quippe; quid enim facilius est quam...? Cic. Caecin. 55; leue nomen habet utraque res; quippe; leue enim totum hoc risum monere, or. 2, 218; ista a te quidem apte ac rotunde; quippe; habes enim a rhetoribus, fin. 4, 7; Quippē; uidēmūs enim uestis umore madentis..., Lucr. 6, 617;...note in these the enūm; **3.** hence in mid sentence, ni faciat, maria ac terras... Quippe ferant secum, Verg. 1, 59; subitque omnis de corpore fugit Quippe dolor, 12, 422; **4.** and so in irony, mouet me quippe lumen curiae, Cic. Mil. 33; nos munera templis Quippē tuis ferimus famamque fouemus—inanem, Verg. 4, 218; Quippē uētor fati, 1, 39, belongs also to § 1; **5.** often followed by rel. or rel. adv., of course, seeing that (he), persimilem tui. Quippe qui frater siet, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 17; quippe quo nemo aduenit Nisi quem..., Bac. 3, 1, 2; add As. 1, 1, 51; Truc. 1, 1, 49; Men. 4, 2, 18; Amph. pr. 22; conuulsa cum patre non inibat. Quippe; qui ne in oppidum quidem nisi ferraro ueniret, Cic. Rose. Am. 52; quippe; qui etiam somnia putet mitti ab Ioue, N. D. 3, 95;

Quippe nbi..., Lucr. 1, 617; incendium sibi calamitosum putabat, quippe cui omnes copiae in usu cotidiano erant, Sal. Cat. 48, 2; add Iug. 1, 3 etc.; plurimum terroris celestis hostium tulit, quippe quibus..., Liv. 5, 37, 7; Quippe ubi fas uersum..., Verg. G. 1, 505.

**Quirina**, adj. as sb. f. (se. tribus), [Quirinus] one of the 35 tribes of Rome, C. Pomponi Quir. opus (=opus), CIL 52; P. Bruttius P. f. Quir., 1298; T. Flauio T. fil. Quir. Aelian, inser. Or. 117; add 119, 157 etc.; L. Albius Sex. filius Quirina, Cic. Quinct. 24; duae tribus adiectae sunt, Velina et Quirina, Liv. ep. 19f. (b.c. 241 completing the 35).

**Quirinus**, adj. as sb. m. [?] a Roman god so called, regarded as Romulus deified, Quirino L. Aemilius L. f. praetor, CIL 630; Romulus Mart(is) filius urbem Rom(am) condidit recep(t)usque in deor(um) numerum Quir. appellat(us est), inser. Or. 534; (Teque) Quirine pater neneror Horamque Quirini, Enn. ap. Non. 120, 1; Cana Fides, et Vesta, Remo cum fratre Quirinus, Verg. 1, 292; add Ov. M. 14, 806—851; **2.** also as Mars when peaceable, Mars cum saeuit Gradius dicitur, cum tranquillus est Quirinus, Serv. ad A. 1, 292; hence perh. Tertiaeque arma patri suspendet capta Quirino, Verg. 6, 860; **3.** also as Ianus, (still a god of peace?) Iano Quirino agnum marem caedito, Fest. 189 a 17 M; in mon. Ancyr. 2, 42 (Iannm) Qu(i)ri(uum) is as to cases cj.; aedem Quirini feci, 4, 5; andi Iuppiter et tu Iane Quirine, Liv. 1, 32, 9; in sacris inuocamus...Iannum... Quirinum, Macr. s. 1, 9, 15; uacuum duellis Iannm Quirini (so mss, al. Quirinum cj.) clausit, Hor. od. 4, 15, 9; **4.** Quirinus quod curi id est hasta uteretur, Fest. 254; *Κυρινον ονομα προμαχον*, Laur. Lyd. 4, 2; some fm. Cures, some fm. Quirites, see Ov. F. 2, 476; why not fm. curia? See Quiris.

**1 quiris**, f. (a Sabine word) a spear, Sine quod hasta quiris prisca est dicta Sabinis, Ov. F. 2, 475.

**2 Quiris**, (old n. Quiritis, Prisc. 633 P, 1, 134, 2 K) itis, adj. m. as sb. a Quirite or Roman citizen in his civil capacity, quod bonum fortunatum...siet populo Romano Quiritium, ap. Varr. l. 6, 9, 1; pro patria Quiritibusque Romanis, Liv. 5, 41, 3; populum Romanum Quiritium, and soon: populus Romanus Quiritium, 1, 32, 11, 13; Vesta p. R. Quiritium, three coins of Vitellius ap. Eckh. 6, 317 A; Quis te redonauit Quiritem Dis patriis? Hor. od. 2, 7, 3; quibus una Quiritem Vertigo facit, Pers. 3, 75; Quiris leto datus, ap. Fest. 254 a, 34 M; ius Quiritium, Gal. 1, 34 etc.; add Ulp. 3, 1; **2.** hence to a soldier a term of reproach, decumanos missionem flagitantes una uoce qua Quirites eos pro militibus appellat circumegit, Suet. Caes. 70; cf. *πολιτας αντι στρατιωτων προσειπεν*, App. ciu. 2, 93; *Κυριτας αλλ ου στρατιωτας αυτους νομοασε*, Dion 42, 52; diuus Iulius seditionem exercitus uerbo uno compescuit Quirites uocando qui..., Tac. an. 1, 42; discedite castris, Tradite nostra uiris ignaui signa Quirites, Lucan. 5, 358; **3.** met. of bees, Verg. G. 4, 200; **4.** g. pl. Quiritum, ueterum quae scita Quiritum, Ans. prof. 22, 9; Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244 Sp.; **5.** written as Q., Fauonia M. f. sacerdos Cereris publica P. R. Q., CIL 1106; **6.** a title of Jmo, pontifex (sic) Iunouis Quiritis, inser. Or. 1304; ad lucum Iunouis Curitis, 1303; add 5659; **7.** also I Curritis, inser. ap. Eph. epigr.; Quirites a Curibus appellati, Liv. 1, 13, 5; cf. Fest. p. 254; Paul. ex F. p. 255; but perh. fm. curia and so limited to civil life.

**quiritatio**, ōnis, f. a crying out 'help, murder,' screaming, Liv. 33, 28, 3.

**quiritatus**, ūs, m., the same, ululatus feminarum, infantum quiritatus, Plin. ep. 6, 20, 14; add Val. Max. 6, 2, 8; 9, 2, 1.

**quiritō**, āre, vb. [Quiris] cry out Quirites, appeal for help to one's countrymen, q. dicitur is qui Quiritum fidem clamans implorat, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244; cum...illi quiritanti, ciuis Romanus natus smm, responderet, Abi nunc populi fidem implora, Asin. ad Cic. fam. 10, 32, 3; nulla uox quiritantium inter caedes exaudiri poterat, Liv. 39, 8 f.; **2.** hence met. of a furious orator, Quint. 3, 59.

**quirrito**, āre, vb. [fm. a form queres=verres] grunt, carm. Phil. 55.

**quis** or qui (quei), quae or qna, quid or quod, g. quouis or cuius etc. rel. or interr. pron. [qui- or quo-, older quin-



=τιν of τις, see § 60] first as rel. adj., qui quae quod etc. who, which, what, followed by is, ea, id etc. (idem), w. sb. in both clauses, quem agrum poplicum iudicamus esse, eum agrum castelanos Langenses possidere uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 24; quei ager compascuos erit, in eo agro..., 199, 33; quae nia...est, eius uiae..., 206, 29; add 204, 18; quibus rebus uis fit eiusmodi, eae res appellantur in iuterdicto, Cic. Caeciu. 63; add Liv. 34, 35, 3; 2. in old l. the uouu in the saue case w. rel. at times precedes, yet w. a noun or pron. often following, ager publicus...quei...fuit, eius agri..., CIL 200, 15; uiatores praecones quei...lectei erunt, eis uiatoribus praecionibus..., 202, 31; paries qui est propter uiam, in eo pariete...lumen aperito, 577, 1, 9; add 577, 2, 12; prata quae..., ea prata..., 199, 37; Hi qui illum dudum conciliauerunt mihi Peregrinum Spartanum, id nuce his ce(rebrum) uritur Me..., Pl. Pocr. 3, 5, 24; Tum piscatores qui praehibent populo piscis foetidos..., Eis ego ora uerberabo..., Capt. 4, 2, 33; Hos quos uidetis stare hie captiuos dnos, hi stant ambo, non sedent, pr. 1; Ostium quod in angiportust orti (=horti) patefeci foris, Men. 5, 1, 5; add Trin. 1, 2, 100; agrum quem ur i habet tollitur, Cato ap. Serv. A. 1, 573; Telum immane manu ualida quod forte gerebat, Huic natam...Implicat, Verg. 11, 552; 3. akin to this the anacoluthon in: Vidulum istum quouis est, noui ego hominem, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 24 (34); Nummum illum quem mihi dudum pollicitu's dare, Iubeas..., Men. 2, 2, 37; 4. w. sb. in rel. clause alone, Nam qua nocte ad me uenisti, eadem abis, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 34; His (=is) quod mihi dederit de hac re consilium, id sequar, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 9; quem agrum miles...cepisset, eum senex quoque uindicaret, Liv. 3, 71 f.; quam rogationem..., et..., 4, 48, 15; 5. w. sb. in neither, quei ex h(ace) l(ege) non iourauerit, is magistratum nei petito, CIL 197, 19; quei ita lectei erunt, eis (nom. pl.) in eam rem iouidices sunt, 198, 26; add 198, 12 and 14; Qui ipsus se contempnit, incoest indoles industriae, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 41; Quod...conpersit miser, Id ille uniuorsum abripiet, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 9; cum quae philosophi Graeco sermone tractauissent, ea Latinis litteris mandaremus, Cic. fin. 1, 1; quae mutat, ea corrumpit, 1, 21; add off. 1, 68; 3, 75; quos pro scelere eorum ulcisci uelint, his (dat. of is) secundiores interdum res concedere, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 5; et quorum in fines primum Romani exercitum introduxissent, ad eos defendendos conuenirent, 2, 10, 4; 6. w. hic haec hoc etc. following, Quam quisque norit artem in hac se exerceat, ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 41; quae de beuc uiuendo a Platone disputata sunt, haec explicari non placebit Latine? fin. 1, 5; quod quos inermos timuissent, hos postea armatos superasset, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 6; quae prima signa conspexit, ad haec constitit, 2, 21, 6; 7. without a correl. pron. in second clause, Nam quos uidere me exoptabam maxime, Vna excutis nideo, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 43; Quod iubebo, scribito istic, Bac. 4, 4, 77; Quod habui summum pretium persolui tibi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 12; Quae sese in ignem inicere uoluit prohibui, 1, 1, 113; quod scis nescis, Eun. 4, 4, 54; Quod fors feret feremus, Ph. 1, 2, 88; in quibus sequitur Democritum non fere labitur, Cic. fin. 1, 18; add 1, 10; 1, 11; 1, 21; quae ad oppugnandum usui erant, imperare coepit, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 3; quos in praesentia tribunos militum circum se habebat, se sequi iubet, 5, 37, 1; II 8. referring to an antecedent, first w. is and sb. in both clauses, de eo agro quei ager in Africa est, CIL 200, 69; eausam dicit ea lege qua lege senatores soli teuentur, Cic. Clu. 156; add Verr. 2, 4, 26; 9. w. sb. in both, motust loco Quem actoris uirtus nobis restituit locum, Ter. Ph. pr. 33; diem scito esse nullum qui die noui dicam pro reo, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 3, 1; add Sest. 96; fam. 9, 13, 1; 13, 58, 1; add Verr. 2, 2, 43 and 183; 2, 3, 39 and 131; 2, 4, 46; erant omnino itinera duo quibus itineribus domo exire possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; diem instare quo die..., 1, 16, 5; add 1, 49, 1; 2, 18, 1; lex Porcia aliaque leges paratae sunt, quibus legibus..., Sal. Cat. 51, 40; 10. w. is and sb. in antec. clause alone, inuime conuenit ex eo agro qui Caesaris iussu diuidatur, eum moueri qui Caesaris beneficio senator sit, Cic. fam. 13, 5, 2; 11. w. any antec., A. Trebonio, qui in tua provincia magna negotia habet, utur ualde familiariter, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 1; adeunt per Haeduos quorum antiquitas erat in fide

ciuitas, Caes. b. g. 6, 4, 2; 12. at times the rel. has a different but equivalent noun, Parilibus qui dies hodie est, Cic. Phil. 14, 14; illis ignibus quae sidera uocatis, rep. 6, 15; domicilia quas urbes dicimus, Sest. 91; quibus Romulus gradibus ascendit in caelum? Isne quae isti bona appellant an...? parad. 1, 11; erat luna plena qui dies maritimos aestus maximos efficere consuevit, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 1; ex flumine quam proximam oppido aquam supra diximus, Sal. Iug. 75, 6; Cumnae quam Graeci tum urbem tenebant, Liv. 4, 44, 12; cohorti suae quam delectam manum circa se habebat, 2, 20, 5; paulo aute lucem quod aestiuus noctibus sopitae maxime quietis tempus est, 9, 37, 9; supplicatioes qui maximus honos uictoribus ducibus datur, Quint. 2, 16, 7; 13. a short rel. clause interposed as a sort of adj., habetis quam petistis facultatem—you now have your sought-for opportunity—Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 4; ca quae secuta est hieme—in the following winter—4, 1, 1; ad eas quas diximus munitiones—to the above-mentioned fortifications—3, 26, 2; in quas di dedissent auguris sedes, Liv. 5, 34, 3; 14. an antec. often dispensed with, as first, when it wd. have been in the same case as the rel., bene est cui deus obtulit Parca quod satis est manu, Hor. od. 3, 16 f.; see also ex. † in § 16; 15. when the vb. etc. immediately attached shows the connection, Non placet qui amicos intra dentis conclusos habet, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 64; auctoribus qui aderant, Liv. 3, 44, 8; scorpione icto qui proximus eum steterat, 29, 7, 6; terga dantibus qui modo secuti erant, 31, 37, 7; apparebat regnatum qui uicisset, 1, 48, 2; parto quod auebas, Hor. s. 1, 1, 94; see also ex. \* in next §; 16. in short rel. clauses when antec. wd. be a nom. or ace., quod te dignumst facies, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 55; add 4, 6, 24; Nam expedit bonas 'sse uobis: nos quibuscum est res non sinuit, 2, 4, 8; interuenit\* enim eui metuisti credo ne saluo capite negare non posses, Cic. Phil. 2, 99; nec erat\* quod scriberem, Att. 12, 9; habebis\* cui des litteras, 11, 13, 5; assequeret\* quod uis, 11, 7, 3; 17. more rarely, when a dat., Peruelim mercedem dare qui monstret eum mihi hominem, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 9; qui placebunt aut custodi aut qui eam oleam emerit, Cato r. 145, 1; lepus multum somni adfert qui illum edit, ap. Diom. 362 K; dies praestituta capitalisque poena qui non remigrasset Romam, Liv. 6, 4, 5; cf. Cic. off. 2, 64; uilicis imperauit ut omnia praeberebantur quicunque Laciades in uillam suam deurtisset; 18. so too when prep. inimed. precedes rel. clause as its noun, Imo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, Pl. St. 2, 2, 38; nullas acciperam (litteras) praeter quae mihi in Trebulano redditae sunt, Cic. Att. 5, 3, 2; but in Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; praeterquam quod...; in Sal. Iug. 108, 3; ob ea quae...; 19. in short phrase, rel. may adapt its case to that of antec., quem uidebitur praeficies, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 2; quibus quisque poterat elatis, Liv. 1, 29, 4; columnas cuius tibi uidebitur generis, Plin. ep. 9, 39, 3; 20. rel., referring to two foll. clauses, gen. adapts its case to the secondary clause if it precede, Multi more isto atque exemplo uiuunt, quos quom censeas Esse amicos reperiuntur falsi falsimoniis, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 11; is enim fueram eui cum liceret maiores ex otio fructus capere quam..., non dubitauerim me grauissimis tempestatibus obuuium ferre, Cic. rep. 1, 7; nam quid me diecam? Cui ut omnia contingant quae uolo, leuari non possum, Att. 12, 23, 4; is qui albus aterne fuerit ignoras, Phil. 2, 41; Heraclitum qui quoniam quid diceret intellegi noluit omitamus, N. D. 3, 35; quem nisi Saguntinum scelus agitaret, respiceret profecto..., Liv. 21, 41, 8; quos quom Romau misisset consul uirgis caesi omnes ac de saxo deieeti, 24, 20, 6; ut ignaua animalia quibus si cibum suggeras iacent torpentque, Tac. h. 3, 36; prob. also in Cic. Phil. 2, 17; cui quia iure inimicus fui doleo a te omnibus uitis esse superatum (wh. I omit ei after iure as a dittogr.); yet, as Mr Bywater points out to me, quibus (not qui) stands at present in Verr. 2, 2, 138; 21. so too the rel. of a secondary clause may serve to connect the main cl. w. what precedes, o infortunatum senem! Hic uero est qui si occiperit—such that if he once begin—Ludum iocumque dicit fuisse illum alterum, Praeut huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 8; est in manibus laudatio, quam cum legimus, quem philoso-



phum non contemnimus? Cic. sen. 12; lex erat lata..., et ea lex quae ut ne ferretur senatus fuerat uenuta, Sest. 53; noli aduersum eos me uelle ducere eum quibus ne contra te arma ferrem Italiani reliqui, Nep. Att. 4, 2; agimus ei... qui quodeunque egerimus ratum ciuitates nostrae habiturae sint, Liv. 30, 30, 9; **22.** the antec. if separated from main cl. by the rel. cl. sometimes adapts its case to rel., Naucratem quem conuenire nolui in navi non erat, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 1; Patronus qui nobis fuit futurus perdidistis, As. 3, 3, 31; Set istum quem quaeris ego sum, Curc. 3, 49; Eunuuchum quem dedisti nobis quas turbas dedit! Ter. Mn. 4, 3, 11; Vrhem quam statuo uestra est, Verg. 1, 573; Populo ut placerent quas fecisset fabulas, Ter. Andr. pr. 3; cecidere manu quas legerat herbas, Ov. M. 14, 350; **23.** rel. w. gen. rather belonging to suppressed antec., quod eius—what of it or: so much of it as—non uenieit, CIL 200, 65; Quod in opere faciundo operae consumis tuae, Si sumas in illis exercendis, plus agas, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 21; Hannibal quod agri est...peruastat, Liv. 22, 4, 1; qui eorum curules gesserant magistratus, 5, 41, 2; eorum ipsorum quos sedes suae tenuerant, pellicit donis ad..., 21, 26, 7; Fideuatum qui supersunt, 4, 33, 11; captiuorum qui Latini nominis essent sine pretio dimissis, 22, 7, 5; aliorum qui comparebant..., 38, 11, 5; **24.** hence in parentheses of limitation w. eius—so far as—si eam (provinciam) quod (so M, al. quoad) eius facere potueris, quam expeditissimam mihi tradideris, Cic. fam. 3, 2, 2; ut quod (so M, al. quoad) eius fieri possit † praesentiae tuae desiderium minuatur, 5, 8 f.; ut quod (so AT, quoad P) eius fieri possit...uideatur, inu. 2, 20; quod (Baier quoad) eius facere poteris, Att. 11, 12, 4; id eos ut prohiberet, quod eius sino bello possot, praetori mandatum est, Liv. 39, 45, 7; **25.** then without eius, Quia me meamque rem quod in te uno fuit Dilacerauisti, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 12; Inpetrabis inperator, quod (so mss, not quoad) ego potero, quod uoles, Mil. 4, 4, 24; Nullum periculumst, quod sciam (ind. pres.), stipularier, Ps. 4, 6, 14; add Men. 3, 2, 35; Capt. 2, 2, 15; Amph. 2, 2, 117; Quod (so mss, not quoad) primarius uir dicat†, comprime huius sis, si tuust, Rud. 4, 4, 29; tu quod in te fuit sacra deseruit, Cato ap. Fest. 344 M; quod in me esset†, 242; quod potero adiutabo senem, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 7; ut regem reducas quod commodo rei publicae facere posses†, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 3; quod sine molestia tua fiat†, 13, 23, 2; cura quod (so M, not quoad) potes ut ualeas, 14, 4, 6; quae tibi mandauit...uelim cures, quod sine molestia tua facere poteris, Att. 1, 5, 7; Quod potui renui, Ov. Ier. 8, 3; **26.** qui itself is used in limitations w. an indic., et. similar use of quantum w. indic., Catonem uero quis nostrorum oratorum, qui quidem nunc suut, legit? Cic. Brut. 65; antiquissimi fere suut, quorum quidem scripta constant (so mss), Pericles atque Alcibiades, or. 2, 93; Piso si addeset, nullius philosophiae, earum quidem quae in honore suut, uacaret locus, N. D. 1, 7; **27.** in the three prec. §§ qui etc. takes in itself an indic. for the subj. marked † have their own special reason for being subj., still a subj., being by error felt in the familiar quod sciam, led to a use of snbj. in: Refertae suut orationes (Catonis) amplius et, quas quidem adhuc inuenerim et legerim, uerbis illustribus, Cic. Brut. 65; neque enim quiequam est de hac parte...explicatum, quod quidem mihi probarotur, off. 3, 34; Madvig Gr. 364, 2 and Zumpt Gr. 559 seem wrong in this; **28.** quae res, ostener quod, introduces a preliminary prayer, Quae res bene nortat mihi meoque filio Vobisque, uolt..., Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 1; quod bouum fortunatum felixque siet populo Romano Quiritium..., formula ap. Varr. l. 6, p. 263 Sp.; Quod ego te per hanc dexteram oro et genium tuom...Te obtestor ne..., Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 54; Quod te per superos et conscia numina ueri, Verg. 2, 141; Quod te per caeli iucundum lumen et aras, 6, 363; Quod te per genium...Obseero et obtestor, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 94; add Sil. 13, 463; Apul. M. 2, 6 f. **29.** a rel. referring to preced. sentence and separated fm. its own vb. by a conj. or rel. is often best translated by 'this' w. a conj. (and or but) if needed, quod nbi Caesar rescit—and when C. found this out—Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; quod cum fieret, 1, 42, 6; quod ut facias te rogo, Cic. fam. 2, 42, 2; **30.** qui w. subj. often gives a reason, in

that, seeing that, Amant te(d) omnes mulieres neque iniuria, Qui sis tam pulcer, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 59; Itane aibant tandem? Quae me ambae obsecrauerint Vt te...praeterducerem, 1, 1, 66; nos iamdudum hic te absentem incensamus qui abieris, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 7; satin sanus qui me id rogitas? Quem ego igitur rogem, Qui hic neminem alium uideam? Andr. 4, 4, 10; nna in re miuus consideratus, qui societatem eum S. Naenio fecerit, Cic. Quinet. 11; **31.** elliptic in interr. w. ne, where it is apt to be taken for an interr., Quemne ego seruauit in campis...?—what the man whom..., Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 9; add Rud. 1, 5, 15; Quemne ego heri uidi ad uos adferri uesper? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 29; Quodue ego discripsi porro illis quibus debui? Ph. 5, 8, 30; **32.** qui=is in parentheses, such, quod si mihi permisisses, qui meus amor in te est, confecissem, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 1; qua impudentia est, Rosc. com. 45; qua seueritate fuit, dom. 84; add fam. 12, 29, 2; 13, 78, 2; Att. 6, 9, 1; Verr. 2, 1, 105; or. 3, 10; quae iam patientia nostra est, Ov. M. 5, 373; Quaeque tua est pietas in totum nomen Iuli, Pont. 2, 2, 21; add her. 17 (16), 2, 9; **33.** qui abl., referring even to pl. nouns, marked \*, with which, wherewith, restim uolo Mibi emere. Quamobrem? Qui me faciam pensilem, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 87; patera donata aureast, Qui Pterela potitare rex est solitus, Amph. 1, 1, 105; add 1, 3, 37; ignem qui signum daret, Bac. 4, 9, 15; cui nihil †st qui minus fungatur suom, Trin. 2, 2, 73; add 3, 2, 74; quadrigas\* Qui uehar, St. 2, 1, 19; Quom nihil est qui illi homini dimminuam captu, Meu. 2, 2, 30; minis\* decem qui..., Curc. 4, 2, 39; multa\* concurr simul Qui coniecturam hano nunc facio, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 32; moenibus\* altis Qui sua tutentur, Lucr. 5, 233; **34.** rarely of living beings, as Qui homine hominum adaeque nemo uiuit fortunator, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 48; **35.** except in form quicum, with whom, with which, cedo quicum habeam iudicem, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 24; Aut anates\* aut coturnices\* dantur quicum lusingit, Capt. 5, 4, 6; add St. 4, 1, 41 and 42; Trin. 4, 2, 111; ut habeas quicum cantites, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 32; quicum tu contendes, Cio. Caccin. 76; **36.** absol., the wherewithal, Da tu qui bene sit, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 51; Deum uirtute habemus et qui nosmet utamur pater, Et aliis qui uinitati simus beniuolentibus, Trin. 2, 2, 74; add 2, 4, 160; Most. 3, 2, 26; see also qui as adv.; **37.** qui in exclam., oh that! qui istum di perdant! Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 78; qui di illos perduint! Men. 2, 2, 34; add Cas. 2, 4, 1; qui illum di omnes perduint! Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 73; wh. Don.: qui utinam est, nt Lucilius: Qui te Nomentane malum iam cetera perdat! de Apollonio quod scribis, qui illi dii irati! Cic. Att. 4, 7, 1; III **38.** as interr. quis or qui, quae, quid or quod, of wh. qui gen. adj. quis sb. or adj., quid only sb., quod only adj., who, which, what...first indir., Ceterum qui sis, qui non sis, floccum non interduim, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 152; Namque huio alterae quae patria sit profecto nescio, Rud. 3, 4, 45; quae ego sim dicam, Trin. pr. 6; Neque ille scit quid det, quid damni faciat, As. 1, 3, 30; faxo scias Quid pericli sit dotatae nxori uitium dicere, 5, 2, 50; sentiet qui uir siem, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 21; quae sit rogo, Andr. 1, 1, 124; obserues filium Quid agat quid cum illo consili captet. Sat. est, 1, 1, 143; uide quod inceptet facinus, Haut. 3, 3, 39; meum grauius esse iudicium, qui adiuuandus in his causis, qui oppugnandus, qui defendendus esse uideatur, Cic. Sul. 3; possum obliuisci qui fuerim, non sentire qui sim? Att. 3, 10, 2; quam uiam munitet, quod iter affectet, uidetis, Rosc. Am. 140; uidete quod ius nobis, quam condicionem constituere uelitis, Caccin. 40; **39.** at times a double question is asked in one clause. considera quis quem fraudasse dicatur, Cic. Rosc. com. 21; cf. uter utri..., Mil. 23; ex quantis opibus quo..., Liv. 30, 42, 18; IV **40.** dir. interr., quis as adj. or sb.; qui the same in old l., aft. rarely sb., Qui homost me insipientior? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 84; Quis homo hic loquitur? Aul. 4, 9, 21; Quod ad exemplumst? Trin. 4, 2, 76; quid modist dando? As. 1, 3, 17; qui uocat? Aul. 2, 6, 1; qui reuocat? Truc. 1, 2, 20; quis est quam accersis? St. 1, 3, 69; quis erat petitor? Quid noctis uidetur? Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 4, p. 353 Sp.; quis homo te exsuperauit? Cic. Tusc. 4, 77; Quicum loquitur filius? Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 4; o qui uocare? Geta. Ad. 5, 6, 3; Quis uideo? Miser, aequae atque ego, Andr. 4,



2, 19; Fannius. Quis reus? Flavius. Quis iudex? Cluuius, Cic. Rose. com. 42; occiso Roscio qui (so mss, Halm cj. quis) primus Ameriam nuntiat? Rose. Am. 96; qui locus est, quod tempus, qui dies, quae nox, cum ego non ex istorum mucronibus eripari? Mur. 82; quis enim dies fuit quem tu non totum in ista ratione consumpscris? 46; quid hoc est, quod quod hoc monstrum in prouinciam misimus? Verr. 2, 4, 47; quod est munus, quod opus sapientiae? fin. 4, 35; 41. quid even v. gen. of living beings, quid turbæst apud forum? Quid illi (mss illic) hominum litigant? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 6; 42. in exclam., quid lacrumarum, quantum fletum audiui! Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; at quem deum! Qui templa caeli..., Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 42; at quem uirum! Quem ego uiderim in uita optimum, Ph. 2, 3, 20; habuisses unum hospitem sed cotubernalē. At quem uirum! Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; qui tibi dies ille Antoni fuit!... Qui tu uir, di immortales, fuisses, si..., Phil. 2, 90; Quem sese ore ferens, quem (sch. Vat., al. quam) forti pectore et armis! Verg. 4, 11; V 43. qui at times for uter, both as rel. and as interr., qui prior has angustias occupauerit, ab hoc hostem prohiberi nihil esse negotii, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 4; ut di legerent qui (Romulus or Remus) nomen nouae urbi daret, qui conditam regeret, Liv. 1, 6, 4; foedus ictum inter Romanos et Albanos est his legibus, ut cuius populi ciues uicissent, is alteri populo imperitaret, 1, 24, 3; incertos quae pars sequenda esset, 21, 39, 6; 1, 56, 10; 7, 9, 7; 9, 45, 8; add 22, 23, 6; 27, 35, 11; 27, 40, 6; 36, 2, 1; quis nemori imperitet, Verg. 12, 719; quis potior iudex? Pers. 2, 20; quos anteferet, Tac. an. 1, 47; add Phaedr. 4, 24, 2; VI 44. as enclitic, any, some, quis or qui, quae or qua, quid or quod, esp. after si, nisi, num, ne, rel. (cf. too aliquis, eo-quis), ea Bacanalīa si qua sunt, extrad quam sei quid ibei sacrei est, CIL 196, 29; iudiciumue quod (d(e) e(a) r(e) dabit, 205, 3; Simoni adesse me-quis nntitate, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 37; quod benc facere uoluisset-quis dicit, Cato ap. Gell. 6, 3, 38; quotiens lunae aut solis lumine aut quid obtiterit, id. 2, 28, 6; si-quis-quid alter ab altero peteret, id. 14, 2, 26; Haut cito mali-quid ortum ex hoc sit publice, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 89; iam illis promissis standum non est, quae coactus-quis metu promisit, Cic. off. 1, 32; quo-quis uersuti, hoc inuisor, 2, 34; ubi semel-quis peierauerit, ei eredit non oportet, Rab. Post. 36; num-quod eloquentiae nestigium apparet, or. 1, 37; si-quis-quid peteret, Verr. 2, 4, 60; si-cui-quid relictum sit, 2, 3, 103; habent legibus sanctum, si-quis-quid de re publica fama acceperit, uti ad magistratum deferat, neue cum-quo alio comunicet, Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 1; si-qui grauiore uulnere accepto equo deciderat circumstitebant, 1, 48, 6; si-quando-quid tardius faceret, b. c. 3, 82, 3; qui-quid administrat, Varr. 1, 6, 8; uestem seruocae sequentes In magno ut populo si-qui uidisset, auita..., Hor. s. 1, 6, 79; si-quis-quem detulisset, Liv. 39, 17, 1; 45. as nom. f. quae in older l. preferred, aft. quae or qua almost indiff., si quae lex, CIL 200, 41; nisei siquae causa erit, 198, 37; Numquae causast quin..., Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 103; Nisi quae mihi in-test aut tibist in-me salus, Ps. 1, 1, 71; ne mora quae sit, 1, 2, 35; Si-quae forte ex Asia nauis..., St. 1, 2, 95; but in Men. 2, 2, 65 and in Ter. Haut, pr. 44 most mss have si-qua; nisi haruncae quae causa erit, and soon: si-cui haruncae quae causa erit, Cinc. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 4; Cic. has quae in Att. 8, 11 d, 6; fam. 1, 6, 1 etc.; but si-qua in Att. 4, 2, 4; Verr. 2, 5, 149 etc.; qua preferred in poets as: Si-qua tui Coridonis..., Verg. B. 7, 40; Tu mihi si-qua fides, Ov. am. 1, 3, 16; add 1, 8, 11; 2, 6, 51 etc.; and quae in tr. 1, 1, 115; 46. so in u. Cic. has both, quae, as iu: Att. 1, 10 f.; fam. 1, 4, 2 etc.; but siqua, inu. 1, 107; fin. 1, 26—wh. Madv.: probo qua, sequar optimos codices; Si-qua tamen caccis...scripta, Ov. her. 11, 1; 47. quis in old l. as fem., Quis illaec est mulier...quae ipsa se miseratur? Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 6; add 4, 2, 4; 5, 1, 14; 5, 2, 37; Dic mihi quaeois quis east quam nis ducere uxorem. Eloquar, Anl. 2, 1, 48; add 2, 1, 16; Pers. 2, 2, 18; Truc. 1, 1, 76; Mil. 2, 4, 8; 2, 5, 26; 3, 3, 51; 4, 1, 22; St. 1, 3, 83; Et quis illaec est quae lugubri succincta (cineta) est stola? Enn. ap. Non. 198, 2; quis uostrarum, Caccil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10; Quis tu es mulier quae me... Pacuv. ap. Non. 197, 33; cf.

quisquis; 48. quis in old l. as rel., pecuniam quis nancitor habeto, ap. Fest. v. nancitor, p. 166 b, 25 M; but in Gell. 14, 12, 2 read by cj.: si quis eques; 49. quid in old l. as rel., dominus uino quid (so Gesner) nolet faciet, Cato 147 and again 148; cf. quidlibet, quiduis; 50. cui, as gen., rare, cni-modi, Gell. 9, 13, 4; 12, 15, 1; 18, 3, 6; cf. cuiuicimodi; cui rei mihimet ipsi conscius sim, ueteres quoque scire uelim, Fronto ad am. 1, 12 f.; cui non miser-tus ego, inser. Alger. Renier 2074; 51. ques (queis) as nom. pl. in old l., sei ques essent quei..., CIL 196, 4 and 24; ques sunt isti (or is)? Pacuv. ap. Char. 91, 19 K; and 133, 4; also ap. Prisc. 960 P, 2, 9, 16 K; cf. queseumque, Cato and quesdam, Acc., ib.; 52. gen. quouis and cuius at times monos., like E. whose, Vincetus asto, quouis haec hodie opera inuentast filia, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 51; Set Stalag-mus, quouis erat tunc nationis, quom hinc abit? Capt. 4, 2, 107; quouis sis aut quid feceris, Amph. 1, 1, 190; add 2, 1, 42; Et ualida quouis tenacia infrenat nimis, Enn. ap. Non. 407, 22; cf. quouismodi (—), Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 100; Most. 3, 2, 130; Pers. 4, 4, 96 etc.; cuiusquo (—), Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 43; Cuius tu fidem in pecunia perspexeris, Ph. 1, 2, 10; add Lucil. ap. Non. 320, 29 and 366, 10; Principium cuius hinc nobis exordia sunet, Lucr. 1, 149; 53. queis or quis for quibus, in quis reguas, Cic. fam. 11, 16 f.; Varr. 1, 5, 8, p. 51 Sp. etc.; Sal. Ing. 7, 7; 13, 6 etc.; Liv. 21, 62, 2; 30, 25, 7 etc.; even quiscum, Fronto 1, 51, says Neue (but?); 54. so quibus in old l. is gen. a monos. (pron. quis?), mores Turbidos quibus boni sese dedecorat, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 18; add 4, 2, 107; Bac. 3, 1, 13; 3, 6, 35 etc.; Quibus dinitias pollicentur ab eis drachumam ipsi petunt, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 132; In quibus sis inludatis. Veni iu tempore, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 19; Dilucide expediti quibus me oportuit, Ph. 2, 3, 52 etc.; 55. quis nom. at times long iu old l., Quis hic (so mss, Ritschl cj. hic quis) est qui contra me astat? Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 13; Neque seicis quis abstulerit (so mss), Aul. 3, 10, 43; Quis est (so Bemb.) tam potens cum tauto munere hoc? Miles Thraso, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 62; Tunc ipsos adoriant, no quis hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3 K; Proh dii immortales quis hic illuxit dies? poet. ap. Cic. Pis. 1—wh. Quint. (9, 4, 76) saw a senarius, as also Diom. 468, 10 K; 56. while the interr. qui had a circumflex accent, the rel. was without accent, in lectione grauatur, says Prisc. 2, 9, 20 K; absque accentibus, ib. 2, 127, 6; 57. the rel. and even indir. interr., when they give up their first place to an emphatic word may become enclitics, as Quint. 1, 5, 27 says of: Arma uirumque cano, Troiae-qui primus ab oris..., Verg. 1, 1; add: Nos tua progenies, caeli-quisbus adnus arcem, 1, 250; notumque, furens-quid femina possit, 5, 6; 58. so also they may be proclitics, quid-agam-que rogautibus, intus, Vt possim tuto scribere Dormit ait, Ov. her. 21, 19; 59. quid and quod in old l. subject to elision, Quid abstulisti hinc? Di me perdant, si ego tui quicquam abstuli, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 18; Propere a portu, tui honoris causa. Equid adportas boni? St. 2, 2, 14; Quid hoc negotist, quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias? Cist. 5, 1; Quid interest? Hoc adeo ex hac re uenit in uentem mihi, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 2; Quid ignaue? Peniculon pugnare...? 4, 7, 7; Si quid huius simile forte aliquando enenerit, Haut, 3, 2, 40; Mane habeo aliu, si istue metuis, quod ambo confiteamini Sine periclo esse, 2, 3, 97; Quod is iubebit faciam. Mulier sapiens es Nausistrata, Ph. 5, 9, 57; so Quintilian 11, 3, 33 speaking of elision says: consonantium quaedam insequenti uocali dissimulantur (so not m alone); cf. idem for id-dem, τούτο, εκείνο, το ό for τούτον etc.—some would explain the metre by the assumption of a short vowel in abstulisti, ud-portas, omnes, Interest, huius, ignaue, is iubebit, but? 60. the stem has lost a final nasal, standing for quin=τιν of τις τινος; cf. S. kim, Sp. quien, Port. quem, Swed. hvem, gen. hvems; Dutch q. wien-s; Mong. and Finn. ken, nay Dr. Guest, Proc. Phil. Soc. 1, 287, claims whom as an old Eug. nom.; comp. is old form of is for ins, also sanguis (for sanguins), aft. sanguis; ult. fm. a form kene or gene look, imper. of a lost vb. gou, whence g(o)n-osco=our kn-ow for kon-ow, secondary form of our vb. ken or con, see uosco γιγνωσκα, equis, ecce. From the assumed ken



(for *keue*) come alike en and the pronom. suffix *ce*. Note too *Chiu*. vb. ken see. Lastly, in §§ 29 and 32 *qui* means this, i.e. is a dem. pron.

**quis-nam**, adj. or sb., *qui-n.* adj. or sb., *quae-n.* quod-n. adj., *quid-n.* sb., pron. interr. [*nam?*] first indir., who or what in the world, which of all, *Reuiso quidnam Chaerea hic rerum gerat*, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 1; *si incertum fuisset, quisnam exitus illius iudicii futurus esset*, Cic. Clu. 63; *add inu. 2, 2; temptandum existimauit quidnam Pompeius uoluntatis ad dimicandum haberet*, Caes. b. c. 3, 84, 1; *ut quaerere libeat quanam (so best mss) euentus...futurus fuerit*, Liv. 9, 17, 2; *perpetuas controuersias habebant quanam (for uternam) anteferretur*, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 2; **2.** dir. interr., *quisquam aegreditur foras?* Pl. Pers. 3, 2, 5; *Quinam homo hic ante aedis nostras...?* Aul. 4, 9, 17; *quinam exit foras?* Bac. 2, 2, 56; *Quanam ab illarum?* Mil. 4, 2, 56; *Quodnam ob factum?* Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 3; *Quinam Tantalarum internecioni modus sit?* Acc. ap. Char. 71 f., 91, 8 K; *quisnam taebitur P. Scipionis memoriam?* Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 80; *estne ut praeponeere cures Huuc...uinam?* Pers. 2, 19; **3.** *quidnam* as adv. what about, why in the world? *quid tu malum nam\* me retrahis?* Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 8; *Sed quidnam Pamphilum exanimatum uideo?* Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 7; **4.** after *si*, *num* etc., any whatever, *ut sciam num quidnam haec turba tristitiae adferat*, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 8; *eho num quidnam accusat uirum?* Hec. 2, 2, 25; *add Eun. 2, 2, 41; 5. nam* apart fm. *quis*, to ex. marked \* *add: quis east nam optuma?* Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 16; *add 3, 2, 13; but in ps. Cic. ad Brut. 1, 2, 1 read w. M quidnam se.*

**quis-piam**, *qui-p.* *quae-p.* *quid-p.* (or rather *quip-p.*), *quod-p.* *prou.* [*piam* perh.=*quam*, as in *quis-quam*] any whatever, some or other (=no matter who or what), *Quod quispiam ignem quaerat, extingui uolo*, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 13; *Nunc si ridiculum quaerat hominem quispiam*, St. 1, 3, 17; *Vide modo ne illic sit contegnatus quippiam*, 4, 6, 34; *Num quippiam alint me uis?* Pers. 4, 8, 5; *quid si hoc quispiam uoluit deus?* Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 36; *censeo deducendam eam ad quampiam ciuitatem ibique uouundandam*, Apul. M. 7, 9; *pecuuiam si cuippiam fortuna ademint*, Cic. Quinct. 49; *dixerit quispiam*, Phil. 14, 13; *si grando cuippiam nocuit*, N. D. 3, 86; *num aliud quodpiam membrum tumidum non uitiose se habet?* Tusc. 3, 19; *ad aliam rem quampiam*, fin. 5, 30; *aliae quaequam rationes*, fam. 9, 8, 2; *cum quaequam cohors impetum fecerat*, Caes. b. g. 5, 35, 1; *add 6, 17, 5; ut etiam in amplissima quaque laetitia subsit quaequam uel parua querimonia*, Apul. flor. 18, 85; *Tereutio non similem dices quempiam*, Afran. ap. Suet. 5; *cum proferre (id quod a me didicisti) ad quospiam coeperis*, 18, 90; **2.** as adv. in any way, to any extent, at all, *Visam ne nocte hac quippiam turbauerint*, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 18; *num peccauit quippiam?* Ps. 1, 3, 134; *nisi Sist osculando quippiam impudicior*, Curc. 1, 1, 52; in both these Fleck. *quippiam*; *Num illi molestae quippiam (so B C; not quidp.) haec sunt nuptiae?* Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 7; *Nam si remittent quippiam Philumena dolores*, Hec. 3, 2, 14.

**quis-quam**, m. f. sb. or adj., *quid-quam*, or rather *quicquam* (as gen. in good mss), n. adj. or sb., separate fem. form not found, pron. indef., any whatever, anyone whatever, in neg., and what are virtually neg., interr. and cond. clauses, first neg., *magister neque uir neque uxor quisquam eset*, CIL 196, 10; *neue pro magistratu(d)...quiquam (=quic-q.) fecisse uolet*, 12; *sacra in quolotdo ne quisquam fecisse uolet*, 16; *Neque quicquam nunc est uile (so A) nisi mores mali*, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 10; *nisi huic uerri adfertur merces, Non hic suo seminio quemquam proculum (so mss; porcam or serofam?) impertiturst*, Mil. 4, 2, 68; *Nec pol homo quisquam faciet impune animatus Hoc nisi tu*, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, p. 499 Jan; *Quaerebam comperibam nihil ad Pamphilum Quicquam attinere*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 64; *Nam nemo illorum quisquam, scito, ad te uenit, Quin...*, Hec. 1, 1, 10; *Nec quisquam locus est quo...*, Lucr. 1, 1077; **2.** *euen w. subj.* of object, as stronger than *ne quis*, *interdicat omnibus ue quemquam interficiant*, Caes. b. g. 7, 40, 4; *edicto...ne quisquam in castris panem uenderet;...ne q. ordine egrederetur*, Sal. lug. 45, 2; *si lex lata erit ne id quisquam faciat*, Sen. ben. 4, 35, 1; **3.** in interr. sen-

tences, *an quisquam usquam gentiumst aequae miser?* Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 13; *Estne quisquam omnium mortalium de quo melius existimes tu?* Estne quisquam qui tibi purior uideatur? Cic. Rosc. com. 18; *quidquam (quic-q.) tu illa putas de ualetudine decreta prae his de uictoria gratulationibus?* Att. 9, 5 f.; *potest...quicquam...?* fat. 27; *hic mihi quisquam (looking perh. at Caesar) mansuetudinem nominat?* (odd. without?) Sal. Cat. 52, 11; *et quisquam nume Lunonis adoret Praeterea?* Verg. 1, 48; *add 10, 65; A tenera quisquam sic surgit mane puella, Protinus ut...?* Ov. am. 3, 7, 53; **4.** so in exclam., *Pro di immortales! Essene quemquam tanta audacia praeditum, qui, Cic. Rosc. eom. 4; dubitare quemquam prudentem quin...!* Att. 15, 20, 1; *quemquamne fuisse tam sceleratum qui hoc fingeret!* Phil. 14, 14; **5.** after comp., wh. a neg. notion is implied (un in Fr. expressed), *nisi uos fortiores cognossem quam quemquam uirum*, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 2; *ne non hoc potius omnes boni serius a me quam quisquam crudelius factum esse dicat*, Cat. 1, 5; *priusquam quicquam conaretur*, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 3; *supra quam cuiquam credibile est*, Sal. Cat. 5, 3; *priusquam quicquam decernamus*, Liv. 32, 20, 6; *quum multi magis fremerent, quam quisquam unus recuare auderet*, 3, 45, 4; **6.** in conditions, *Eorum si quouisquam serofam in publico conspexero*, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 29; *Secus si umquam quicquam feci, carnicem cedo*, Naev. ap. Char. 2, 195 P; *Si sensero hodie quicquam in his te nuptiis Fal-laciae conari*, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 25; *si quidquam (quic-q.) nunc cuiusquam est*, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 3; *si quisquam est timidus in magnis rebus...is ego sum*, fam. 6, 14, 1; *errare eos si quicquam ab his praesidii sperent*, Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 5; *praesensque minatur Exitium si quisquam adeat*, Verg. 12, 761; **7.** a condition lurks in: *te moueri oportere iniuria quae mihi a quoquam facta sit*, Cic. Att. 9, 15, 5; *nihil est exitiosius quam...quicquam agi per uim*, leg. 3, 42; *si concedendum est quicquam fieri posse sine causa*, fat. 26; *causas... quae prohibent quicquam secus cadere atque casurum sit*, 28; *quamdiu quisquam erit qui se defendere audeat*, Cat. 1, 6; *laberis...quod quidquam (quicq.?) stabile in regno putas*, Phil. 8, 12; *Cuius potest accidere quod cuiquam potest*, Syr. ap. Sen. tranq. 11, 8, 8; **8.** strengthened by *alius* or *alter*, *neque illo quisquamst alter hodie ex paupertate parior*, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 29; *ne ille ex te sciat Neue alius quisquam*, Trin. 2, 4, 118; *neque quisquam\* alia mulier*, Cist. 1, 1, 68; *legendus est hic orator, si quisquam alius, inuentuti*, Cic. Brut. 126; **9.** by *unus*, *ne quisquam unum...tam popularis esset quam...*, Liv. 2, 9, 8; *nec quisquam alterius gentis unus tantum ex arte (excellit)*, 28, 37, 6; *add 3, 45, 4 in § 5; 32, 20, 7 in § 13; 10. nemo* strengthened by *quisquam*, *quod eorum nemo q. quicquam mihi ignoturus est*, Cato orig. ap. Prise. 887 P, 1, 510, 21 K; *Lepidiorum uxorem nemo q. quam ego habeo habet*, Pl. Cas. 5, 4, 29; *add Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 21; 5, 8, 2; Hec. 1, 1, 10; Gell. 2, 6, 9; 9, 10, 4; and perh. Suet. Cal. 3; 11. so nihil w. quicquam*, *Nihil ego tibi hodie consili quicquam dabo*, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 113; *add Merc. 3, 1, 9; Poen. 3, 1, 1; Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 30; 2, 1, 20; Hec. 3, 3, 40 etc.; Gell. 1, 3, 3 etc.; 12. in an abbrev. answer, as an absol. neg.*, *Quid Dauos narrat? Aequae quicquam nunc quidem*, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 23; cf. Fr. idiom in like case *w. a. uen. personne, rien, pas, point, lequel des deux est venu? aucun d'eux (n'est venu understood); 13. so quemquam = neminem* in: *haec adhortatio non modo quemquam unum elicit ad suadendum, sed ne fremitum quidem...mouit*, Liv. 32, 20, 7; **14.** *quisquam* as adj. seems limited to man, as *homo q.*, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 57; *Poen. 5, 4, 32; Rud. 1, 3, 23; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 10 etc.; auator*, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 28; *discipulum*, Bac. 1, 2, 43; *regem*, Naev. ap. Char. 192 P, 216, 15 K; in Gell. pr. 2 Hertz has: *ut librum quemque (not quemquam); 15. quicquam* as adj. perh. only in: *Numquam quicquam facinus feci peius neque scelestius*, Pl. Men. 3, 1, 2; **16.** *quisquam* as f., *add to\* above, anum quemquam*, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 75; *Quandoquidem illarum, neque te quisquam nouit, neque scit qui sies*, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 83; *hunc oculis suis Nostram nunquam quisquam uidit Phaedria*, 4, 4, 11; **17.** *quicquam* as an adv., at all, in any way, *Spero si speres quicquam prodesse potis sunt*,



Enn. ap. Fest. 333 M; cf. nihil so used; **18.** fem. forms quae-q. quam-q. qua-q. a neut. quod-q. and a plur. m. f. n. give by Diom. 321 P; 332, 19—23; but not found, unless in haud-quaquam, ne-quaquam.

**quis-quòs**, (old *quesque*\*) quae-que, quic-que (rather than quid-que), quod-que, quous-que (old; aff. cuiusque), quoi-que (old; aff. cui-que) etc., pron. adj. or sb. [prob. for quis-quis] in old L. often, whoever, whichever, whatever, Ni hercle defregeritis talos posthac, quemque in tegulis Videritis alienum, ego..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 1; add 2, 2, 5; 2, 5, 50; Qui omnis se amare credit, quaeque (queque for quaeque B as usual, al. quemque) aspexerit, 4, 9, 14; add Merc. 1, 1, 20; As. 2, 3, 24; Capt. 4, 2, 18 and prob. 17; but in As. 1, 3, 47 read: Cetera quae (not quaeque) uolumus uti, Graeca inercamur fide; **2.** so again in very late L., latrones, quique eorum recte sapiunt, Apul. M. 7, 9; Edicta...miserat, Christum negaret, quisque mallet uiuere, Prud. *περι στ.* 10, 35; Pareto legi quisque legem sanxeris, Ans. sap. Pitt. Mityl. 5; Parciit quisque malis, perdere uult bonos, id. Cleob. 5; add Sidon. ep. 4, 11; Aurel. V. 33, 29;

If **3.** every, each, ita quoique in aetate hominum comparatum...uoluptatem ut maeror comes consequatur, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 2; mens cuiusque is es quisque, non ea figura quae digito demonstrari potest, Cic. rep. 6, 26; permultos excellentes in quoque genere inuenies, or. 1, 6; refici rem quamque (ui)demus, Lucr. 1, 562; ternorum pedum in quamque partem, Plin. 17, 167; **4.** esp. after a rel. or iuter. and in close connection with it, is in diebus V proximeis quibus quaeque\* eorum sciet..., CIL 197, 14; add 17 and 23; ex eo die quo quousque quique u(omen) detolerit, 198, 21; quodque quisque quom(que) d(e) e(a) r(e) decerneret ..., 205, 2; Dicat quod quisque uult, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 45; Insequ Musa...Quod quisque in bello gessit cum rege Philippo, Enn. ap. Gell. 18, 9, 3; quem quisque odit perisse expetit, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 2, 23; quod cuique optigit (optigerit?), id quique teneat, 1, 21; magni esse iudicis statuere...quid quisque cuique praestare oporteret, 3, 70; ut quanti quisque se ipse faciat, tanti fiat ab amicis, am. 59; uidendum est non modo quid quisque loquatur, sed etiam quid quisque sentiat, off. 1, 147; aestimationes rerum quanti quaeque earum ante bellum fuisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 2; sepulchra exstant quo quisque loco cecidit, Liv. 1, 25, 14;

**5.** or rel. adv., utel quicquid quoeique ante h(anc) l(egem) r(ogatam) licuit, ita..., CIL 200, 32; Vt quisque quicque conditum sustauerit, Ipse (so A) sibi faciam ut digitos praerodat suos, Pl. Pa. 3, 2, 93; add 5, 2, 15; Most. 3, 2, 145 etc.; Vbi quamque in urb(ium) est ingressus, ilico Omnes meretrices ubi quisque habitant, inuenit, Poen. pr. 106; add Amph. 4, 3, 14; 5, 1, 11; Non tu te incommodatam rem, ut quaeque est, in animum inducos pati? Ter. Hec. 4, 2, 27; pro se quisque ut in quoque erat auctoritatis plurimum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 68; ut quaeque pars castrorum...premi uidebatur, Caes. b. g. 3, 4, 2; quo maius quodque animal, eo robustior ex eo cibis est, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 18 D;

**6.** attached to suus or sui sibi se, Sibi quisque ruri metit, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 112; suam quisque homo rem meminit, Merc. 5, 4, 51; Meus mihi, suus quoique carus, Capt. 2, 3, 40; pro se quisque sedulo faciebant, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 74; More fit moriri suam quisque uxorem ut(i) uelit, Pomp. ap. Non. 127, 7; sui quoique mores fugunt fortunam hominibus, ap. Nep. Att. 11, 6; sua cuiusque animantis natura est, Cic. fin. 5, 25; cum suo cuique iudicio sit utendum, 3, 1; trium mensium cibaria sibi quemque domo efferre iubent, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; add 1, 5, 2, 1; 2, 10, 4; 2, 11, 1; sibi quoque teudent ut periculo primus (T H K ej., mss and edd. prius) euaderet, Liv. 21, 33, 5;

**7.** quisque is itself an emphatic word, and so often precedes in poetry (esp. as suiting metre), Quisque suos patimur Manis, Verg. 6, 743; Quisque suas artes..., Ov. F. 1, 169; add 2, 715; tr. 3, 4, 64; Pont. 1, 5, 35; 2, 3, 17; 2, 5, 61; 2, 9, 36; see also \* below; cuique sua is no longer read in Colum. 12, 3, 4;

**8.** at times in this combination quisque takes its case from suus and its noun, quae stipendia...maiorem partem sui quousque antii fecerit, CIL 296, 91 and again 101; Tanta ibi copia uenustatum aderat, in suo quisque (so D) loco sita munde, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 5; see Titin. ap. Charis.

183 P, 204, 30 K; quia cuiusque partis naturae...sua quaeque uis sit, Cic. fin. 5, 46 (see Madvig); quaeque suo quoque (quidque Schneider) loco sunt posita, ca minus loci occupant, Varr. r. 1, 7, 2; omnia certo suo quoque (quaeque Sch.) loco ad uillam posita, 1, 22, 6; sic ex reliquis sui cuiusque generis, 1, 9, 21 p. 474 Sp.; cum analogiae sui cuiusque temporis uerba debeant discriminare, 9, 60 p. 533; cf. utroque, 9, 23 p. 475; has...aliae totidem (cohortes) suae cuiusque legionis subsequebantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 2; quoduis frumentum, non tamen omne Quisque\* suo genere inter se simile esse uidebis, Lucr. 2, 372 (see Lachm.); equites item suae cuique parti post principia collocat, Liv. 3, 22, 6; Strata facent passim sua quaeque sub arbore poma, Verg. B. 7, 54; motibus armorum...suae cuique genti assuetis, Liv. 25, 17, 5; pecunia quae in stipendium Romanis suo quoque anno penderetur, 33, 46, 9; cum tribunis...et uti cuiusque ordinis militibus, Tac. an. 14, 27; Sed Rufum atque alios caedit sua quaeque (al. quemque) iuuentus, Iuv. 7, 213; ad regiones sui cuiusque generis apta distributio, Vitr. 1, 3, 2 p. 15, 23; suo quoque tempore, 2, 9, 4 p. 55, 13; sui cuiusque uocabuli, Gell. 10, 9, 3; s. c. mensis, Suet. Ang. 40; ut populus pro sua quaque parte haberet ministrum sacrorum, Fest. 344 b 21 M;

**9.** attached to superl., all the -est, the more—the more—, optimum quidque (quicque?) rarissimum est, Cic. fin. 2, 81; doctissimum q. contra hanc immortalitatem disseruit, Tusc. 1, 77; recentissima quaeque sunt emendata maxime, acad. post. 13; add Sest. 96; Tusc. 1, 35; fortissimum quemque tutissimum, Sal. Iug. 87, 2; Liv. 1, 9, 8; 42, 20, 3;

**10.** attached the same way to comp., all the -er, placidiora quaeque, Lact. opif. 14, 6; imbecilliora q., Aurel. V. 9, 9; probrosior quisque, 9, 9; **11.** even w. pos., all the—, or perh. w. idea of proportion, the more—the more—, auresos boues eximum quemque pulchritudine caudis in speluncam traxit, Liv. 1, 7, 5; inuulidus quisque obriti, Tac. an. 12, 43; noxius quisque, Lact. ira d. 21, 10; prudentes quique, 1, 22, 12; boni quique iudices, 6, 12, 21;

**12.** w. ordinals, cf. § 8, Nam in foro uix decimus quisque qui ipsus sese noucrit, Pl. P. 4, 2, 17; primum quidque uideamus, Cic. N. D. 3, 7; tertio quoque uerbo excitabantur, Rab. Post. 34; quinto quoque anno, Verr. 2, 2, 139; cetera multitudinis sorte decimus quisque ad supplicia lecti, Liv. 2, 59 f.;

**13.** for uterque, duas ciuitates ex una factas; suos cuique parti magistratus esse, Liv. 2, 44, 9; diuersique (consules) ad suum quisque bellum proficiscuntur, 10, 12, 3; add 10, 26, 6; 27, 35, 5; Atque ita quisque suas iterum redeamus ad urbes, Ov. her. 19, 169; in hoc propria quisque eorum quaestione nitetur, alter enim..., Quint. 3, 6, 102; ut Caium et Lucium filios...suo quemque tirocinio deduceret in forum, Suet. Aug. 26; Draeger adds that uterque is never found in this connection;

**14.** quisque at times in secondary clause, esp. abl. absol., adapts its case to nom. of main cl., exercitus...: amisso duce ac multis sibi quisque imperium petentibus dilabatur, Sal. Iug. 18, 3; omnes uelut diis auctoribus in spem suam quisque acceptis proelium...poscunt, Liv. 21, 45 f.; cf. use of ipse in: causa ipse pro se dicta..., 4, 44, 10; but in Iust. 1, 8 read w. Jeep: erant...in suorum quisque...intenti.

**15.** vb. in this comb. gen. pl. (see † above); but at times sing., poetae suum quisque opus a uolgo considerari uult, Cic. off. 1, 147; multi...sibi quisque...ex victoria talia sperabat, Sal. Cat. 37, 6; finitumis imperat...quam plurimum quisque aquae portaret, Iug. 75, 5.

**quis-quis**, quic-quid (rather than quidquid), cuius-cuius (old quous-quous), cui-cui (old quoi-quoi, quoei-quoei) etc., pron. whichever, whoever, whatever, first as rel., quicquid eum Q. Licinium d(are oporteret), CIL 205, 1, 27; quem quem uisco offenderant, Tam crebri ad terram decidebant quam pira, Pl. Poen. 2, 37; add Truc. 2, 1, 17; Men. 5, 1, 17; omnia uenibunt quiqui licebant praesenti pecunia, 5, 9, 97; Quisquis honos tumuli, quidquid (al. quicq.) solamen humani est, Largior, Verg. 10, 493; Et quicquid huius feci, causa uirginis Feci, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 122; quidquid (quicq.) maleficii sceleris caedis erit, proprium id Rosciorum esse debet, Cic. Rose. Am. 122; quicquid erit



scribes, Att. 14, 1 f.; Quisquis adest faucat, Tib. 2, 1, 1; Quisquis... ille..., 2, 3, 25; Iuno et deorum† quisquis amicior..., Hor. od. 2, 1, 25; iurantes per quicquid deorum† est, Liv. 23, 9, 3; At o deorum† quidquid (quicquid?) in caelo regit..., Hor. epod. 5, 1; 2. absol., no matter who (what), Quisquis es, quicquid tibi nomen est senex, summum Iouem Detestor, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 60; quisquis es, Ps. 1, 3, 20; 2, 11 etc.; sed fores, quicquid futurumst, feriam, Truc. 2, 1, 41; add Mil. 2, 6, 102; Satis pro imperio quisquis es, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 19; Gabinius illud quoquo consilio fecit, fecit certe suo, Cic. Rab. Post. 21; confido aduentum nostrum illi, quoquo tempore fuerit, ἀσμεκτον fore, Att. 9, 2, 2; sequor omina tanta, Quisquis in arma uocas, Verg. 9, 22; 3. quicquid as adv. of degree = quantum, the more, every step that, Ride quicquid amas Cato Catullum, Catul. 56, 3; q. ab urbe longius proferent arma, magis..., Liv. 7, 32, 6; q. progredior, in nastiorem me altitudinem iuueli, 31, 1, 5; q. amare patrem uidentur, ...non naturalis ille amor est, Gell. 12, 1, 23; 4. without a vb. of its own, no matter what, any whatever, utei quicquid quocicque aute h(ance) l(egem) r(ogata) licuit, ita ei habere o(citi...licito), CIL 200, 32; quod quemquam h(ac) l(egem) profiteri oportebit, is apud quem ea professio fiet...curato, 206, 13; suum, quidquid\* genus talearum serito, Cato r. 48, 1; Ordine omne, ut quicquid (so mss) actumst, dum apud hostes sedimus, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 49 (52); Ego istos uoui polipos qui ubi quicquid (so mss, not quidque) tetigerint tenent, Aul. 2, 2, 21; Quod si exquiratur...auctoritas, Vnde quicquid (so mss, not quid) auditum dicant, nisi id appareat..., Trin. 1, 2, 181 (wh. note quicquid elided, see quid elided under quis § 59; ex bestiis... quae ut quicquid obiectum est, ...o contentae non quaerunt amplius, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; quocunq; in loco quisquis est, idem est ei sensus, fam. 6, 1, 1; tu quoquo modo... hominem inuestiges uelim, Q. fr. 1, 2, 14; nocturnum furem quoquo modo...interfici impune uoluerunt, Mil. 9; but in Verr. 2, 4, 31 quicque and quicquid are in mss; Inque suos quicquid rursus reuocare meatus, Lucr. 2, 957; quod hic quisquis de meliore nota..., Catul. 68, 28; liberos suos quibusquibus Romanis...mancipio dabant, Liv. 41, 8, 10; perinde in foro in conuiuio quaque de re locuti incusabantur, Tac. an. 6, 13 (7); quicunq; id quod quaque exceptione elidi potest petit, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 2, 5; si quid a quoquo eorum furtum factum esse dicitur, 47, 5, 1; quod a quoquo poenae nomiue exactum est, Gai. 50, 17, 46; uel alio quoqu(o) modo, Quint. 9, 4, 47; 5. for quicquid as an adj. see Cato\* above; as a sb. w. a gen. see exx. above, including even living beings, marked †; 6. a suspiciōis quocquod in Mar. Vict. 2460, 31 P quicquam et quicquid et quocquod prima syllaba quoties habuerit d, id uos praecidite et superponite e; on form quicquid see Quint. 1, 7, 6; 7. a gen. euicui seen in cuicui modi, Cic. leg. 2, 13; Att. 3, 22, 4; Rose. Am. 95.

**qui-uis**, quae-uis quod-uis or quae-uis cuius-uis (old quouis-uis) etc. pron. any you please (best or worst, greatest or least), Oppidum quoduis uidetur posse expugnare (so mss) dolis, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 21; Quoduis genus ibi hominum uideas, Poen. 4, 2, 9; hoc modo quod genus uis (note the words yet separate) propagabis, Cato r. 52 (53) f.; Abs quiuis homine quomst opus beneficium accipere gaudeas, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; Praestost: audacissime oneris quid-uis impone: hic (al. et) feret, Ph. 3, 3, 28; Nam me perbitere, illis opitularier, Quouis exitio cupio, Pacuv. ap. Non. 153, 23; tanta uis erat iniuriarum ut homines quiduis perpeti quam non congeri mallent, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 45; omnia sunt eiusmodi, quiuis ut perspicere possit, Quinct. 84; ad quenuis numerum ephippiatorum equitum quauuis pauci adire audent, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 5; praestare...quamuis fortunam a populo Romano pati quam..., 2, 31, 6; E quibus unus amet (al. auct) quauis aspergere cunctos, Praeter cum qui praebet, aqua (mss aquam)—with any (the dirtiest) water, Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; quibusuis potius quam agricolis, Plin. 18, 24; contra scabiem quiuis (adepts), 28, 139; 2. strengthened by alius or unus, Nam quaeuis alia quae morast aequae mora, Minor ea uidetur quam quae propter mulieremst,

Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 10; quantum non quiuis unus de populo...posset cognoscere, Cic. Brut. 320; si tu solus aut quiuis unus..., Caecin. 62; but in Liv. 9, 17, 15 quilibet u., not quiuis u.; 3. as adv., ea...quiduis anni legere possis; at any time of the year, Cato r. 17, 1; cf. hoc noctis, id aetatis.

**quouis-cumquē** etc., pron. any you please whatever, Nec repentis itum cuiusuis cumque animantis Sentimus, Lucr. 3, 388; Quouisque loco, Mart. 14, 1a, 1.

**quō**, pron. adv. and conj. [for an old acc. quom?] to which, whom or what; whither, where (in sense of whither), first as rel. and w. correlating pron., quo auctast eo sequemur, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 38; istuc quo, 2, 3, 79; add Mil. 2, 5, 45; illuc quo, Merc. 3, 4, 64; huc quo, Trin. 2, 4, 199; (sitellam) quo (into which) iudices sortieulas concieciat, CIL 198, 50; agro quo coloniam deduxit, 200, 24; 2. w. sb. as antecedent, dolia quo uinaceos condant x, Cato r. 10, 4; Neque sepulcrum quo recipiat habeat portum corporis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; me ad eam partem provinciae esse uenturum quo te maxime uelle arbitrarer, Cic. fam. 3, 5, 3; omnibus uicis adificiisque quo adire poterant incensis, Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 3; turrim regiam quo Iugurtha perugas omnis praesidium imposuerat, Sal. Jug. 103, 1; 3. even w. person as antec. is praefator) consule quo de ea re in ious aditu(m) erit, CIL 200, 89; I nunc ad erum quo uocas iamddum, quo uolebas, Pl. As. 2, 4, 79; add Mil. 2, 1, 41; uendo...Parasitum inanem quō (into whom) recondas reliquias, St. 1, 3, 75; (O)-hominem beatum quo illac perueniunt diuitiae? Pomp. ap. Non. 508, 4; apud eos quo se contulit splendidus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 38; 4. w. no antec., tamen est eundem quo imperant, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 6; pergam quo cecepi, As. 1, 1, 102; nam quō (to the family into which) dedisti nuptum abire nolimus, St. 1, 2, 85; quo lubeat nubant, Aul. 3, 5, 17; nauigauit quo neque terra neque mari quisquam Romanus ante id tempus adit, mon. Ancyr. 5, 15; non longius aberant quam quo telum adici posset, Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 3; 5. iudir. interr., Scio qua me ire oportet, et quo uenerim, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 53; quia autem aut quo nihil scimus, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; securi Saucia trabs...Quo cadat in dubio est, Ov. M. 10, 374; 6. met., lubet experiri quo euasurum denique,—what he will come to at last—Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 93; quo euadat, sum in metu, As. 1, 1, 36; Quo euadat uide, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 61; uide quo me inducas, Andr. 2, 3, 25; 7. dir. interr., Quo agis te? Domum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 294; quo imus una ad prandium? Capt. 3, 1, 20; quo nubent? Aul. 3, 5, 15; quo accēdam? quo applicem? Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; quo igitur haec spectat oratio? Att. 8, 2, 4; quō, quō scelesti ruitis? Hor. epod. 7, 1; 8. as euclit. to any place, esp. after si, ne, num, adserua istunc Ne quo hinc abeat, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 99; add Rud. 3, 4, 72; sed num quo foras Vocatus is ad cenam? Capt. 1, 2, 69; Si quo hic gradietur pariter tu progredimiuo, Ps. 3, 2, 70; cas (sues) si quis quo traicere uolt, Cato ap. Varr. 2, 74, 11; uide sis ne quo hinc abeat longius, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 38; ipse ne quo inciderem—fall in with any people—reuertit Formias, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 7; si quo erat longius prodeundum, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 7; si quando Roman alione quo mitterent legatos, Liv. 38, 30, 7; 11 9. for what purpose? quo ciuem importunum reserues? Cic. Sest. 29; dixit quo uellet aurum, Cael. 53; quo tantam pecuniam...conferebant? Verr. 2, 2, 137; Nescio quo ualeat nummus, quem praebet usum? Hor. s. 1, 1, 73; si quo usui esse I. Aemilio posset, Liv. 40, 26, 8; 10. esp. in legal l., quo ergo haec exceptio? Ulp. dig. 2, 11, 4; often q. bouum, as: quo bonum fuit actiōem polliceri praetorem, cum...? 7, 1, 13, 2; add 37, 4, 3, 11; 37, 4, 10, 4; Scaev. 46, 3, 93; Gai. 16, 1, 8, 13, 2; 11. in ellipt. clauses of acc. or acc. and inf., Marti uero signum quo mihi, pacis auctori? Cic. fam. 7, 23, 2; Quō mihi fortunam, si non couceditur uti? Hor. ep. 1, 5, 12; Quō mihi fortunam, quae numquam fallere curet? Ov. sm. 2, 19, 7; Quo tibi formosam, si non nisi casta placebat? 3, 4, 41; Quo tibi turritis inclugere moenibus urbes, Quo tibi discordes addere in arma manus? 3, 8, 47; Quo mihi inquit mutam speciem, si uincor sono? Phaedr. 3, 18, 9; 12. to denote object or purpose, esp. w. compar.



marked \*, cf. § 16; in order that, An quo furatum uenias, uestigas loca? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 23; Hanc simulant parere, quo Chremetem abstercant, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 14; add Eun. 1, 2, 70\*; obdecentur cortice trunci quo sicut a frigoribus tutiores\*, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; quo facilius\* equitatum impediunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 4; 13. of the tendency or result, so that, neque lege(m) de(i)-cito quo inuicem eis (aliter pascantur), CIL 200, 89; neque facito quo quis eo meliores introducat, quoue ibei meliores hieuerunt, 204, 2, 10; add 198, 71; 204, 2, 15; per me stetit credat Quo minus\* haec fierent nuptiae, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 17; 14. quo (w. neg. and eo) w. subj.; (not for this reason) because, Non pol. quo quemquam plus animum aut plus diligam, Eo feci, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 16; Neque eo nunc dico, quo quicquam illum senserim, Haut. 3, 2, 43; non eo dico quo mihi ueniat in dubium tua fides, Cic. Quinct. 5; 15. and so ellipt., esp. to guard against a false inference, not that, Non deploro quo te esse inuidiam crederem, Pl. Ampli. 3, 2, 32; non quo libenter male audiam, sed quia causam non libenter relinquo, Cic. or. 2, 395; non quo celaudus esses... sed quia uidetur, fam. 5, 19, 2; quod scribis non quo alieunde audieris, sed te ipsum putare, Att. 10, 1, 3; non quo unquam de tua uoluntate dubitasset, fam. 10, 12, 1; III 16. w. compar. how far, to what degree, the (more), first w. eo, quo erant suauiores (litterae) eo maiorem dolorem ille casus afferebat, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; quo maior est in animis praestantia, eo maiore indigent diligentia, Tuse. 4, 58; 17. w. other correl. pron., quo magis noui, tanto sapius, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 14; quo difficilius hoc praeclearius, Cic. off. 1, 64; 18. w. foll. correl., quo minus ingenio possum, subsidium mihi diligentiam comparavi, Cic. Quinct. 4; quo plures erant, maior caedes fuit, Liv. 2, 51, 5; 19. ref. to prec. sentence and (the more) therefore on this account, quo aequior sum Pamphilo, Si..., Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 18; quo magis quae agis curae sunt mihi, Ad. 4, 5, 46; quo magis hoc philosopho faciendum est, Cic. fin. 3, 4; miscella (uua) quam nocent nigrum multo ante coquitur, quo prior legenda, Varr. r. 1, 54, 1; 20. in parentb. w. comp., so far, Immo etiam, quo tu minus (so little) seis aerumnas meas, Haec nuptiae non apparabantur mihi, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 31; 21. without compar., and so, quo etiam scripsit Persium non curo legere, Cic. or. 2, 25; uoraces sunt natura (anseris) quo temperandum his, Varr. r. 3, 10, 5; 22. w. gen., Sequere hac me... Quo gentium, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 33; 23. w. gen. of abstr. nouns, to what degree (of ...), ne hodie quidem scire uideamini quo amentiae progressi sitis, Liv. 28, 27, 12; cf. eo consuetudinis, 25, 8, 11; huc arrogantia, Tac. an. 3, 73; 24. quo loci, for ubi, radiculam ore ferre et dicere quo illa loci nasceretur, Cic. diu. 2, 135; quod in nummis haberet, nescire quo loci esset, Att. 8, 10; res eodem est loci quo reliquisti, 1, 13, 5; in arbitrio eius est quo loci exhibeat, Ulp. dig. 16, 3, 5, 1; cf. eo loci, Cic. Sect. 68; 25. like other pron. adv. as if in agreement w. a noun, Ibi... semper erit praesidium, Vietus, uestitus, quo in tectum te receptes, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 15; Non herele quo hinc nunc gentium aufugiam scio, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 44. **quod-ad**, pron. conj. first of place, as far as, fugientibus, quoad insequi pedes potuit terga caesa; eques usque ad castra pauidos egit, Liv. 2, 25, 4; in aquam progressi quoad caputibus humeris(que) exstare possunt, 22, 6, 6; II 2. of time, as long as, so long as, while, (quo) ad uiciei, CIL 37 (note the separated words); mirifice torqueor. Quousque inquires? Quoad erit integrum, erit autem usque dum ad nauem, Cic. Att. 15, 23; tam diu uelle debetis, quoad te quantum proficias non paenitebit, off. 1, 2; ipse equo unlnerato deiectus, quoad potuit, fortissime restitit, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 5; quoad licebat latiore spatio circumuenire nostros... contendebant, b. c. 1, 58, 1; quoad\* uixit, creditit ingens Pauperium nitium, Hor. s. 2, 3, 91; 3. by what time (of a limit), argento haec dies Praestitutast quoad\* referret nobis, neque dum retulit, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 29; Percontatum ibo ad portum quoad\* se recipiat, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 22; 4. as dir. interr. by what time? how soon? Quid, senem Quoad exspectatis nostrum? Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 98; 5. until,

w. perfect tenses, neque finem (nostri) (in)sequendi fecerunt quo(ad) equites praecipites hostes egerunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 3; et sustinerunt, quoad ipse cum exercitu propius accessisset, 4, 11 f.; ipse quoad legiones collocaasset, in Gallia morari constituit, 5, 24 f.; interea quoad fides esset data Caesarem facturum quae polliceretur, non intermissuros consules delectos, b. c. 1, 10 f.; usque eo retinuit (ferrum) quoad renuntiatum est, uicisse Boeotos, ps. Nep. 9, 3; III 6. of measure gen. as far as, lubeo te saluere uoce summa, quoad\* uires ualent, Pl. As. 2, 2, 30; but in Rud. 4, 4, 29 read quod w. miss; and prob. in Men. 5, 2, 19; ita eram deductus ad Scenolam ut quoad possem et liceret a senis latere numquam discederem, Cic. am. 1; cognitis quoad possunt ab homine cognosci bonorum et malorum finibus, Tuse. 4, 82; quorundam (uerborum) inclinationes sequi iubet, quoad patiatur consuetudo, Varr. l. 9, 1; 7. for phrases like quoad eius facere poteris, see quis § 24; 8. quoad in the sense of as regards is an error for quod ad; 9. quoad in verse a monos. see \* above; and add: Quoad licet ac possis reperire..., Lucr. 2, 850; also 5, 1213 and 1433. **quod-ad-usque?** conj. incessantly until, read by some in Suet. Caes. 14; only a cf. of Ursin. in Varr. l. 5, 2 f. **quod-circā**, rel. conj. on which account, nisei... ei uocatio rei militaris... ex foedere erit quocirea eum inuictum merere non oporteat, CIL 206, 93; add 104; quci iudicio publico condemnatus est quo circa (note the separate words) eum in-Italia esse non liceat, 118; 2. often at beg. of a sentence, and so, and therefore, quocirea et absentes adsunt et egentes abundant, Cic. am. 23; add diu. 1, 92 etc.; Quocirea capere ante dolis et circare flamma Regiam mediator, Verg. 1, 673; quō bōuē cing\* Dum licet in rebus iucundis uiue beatus, Hor. s. 2, 6, 95; add Val. Fl. 2, 101; 3. note tmesis at \*. **quod-cumque** (old quoquomque) pron. conj. [quo :: quicumque : quis] whithersoever, wheresoever (in same sense) first w. its own vb. Vt uoluptati (pron. uonp.) obitus sermo aduentus (so mss inucl. A) tuos quocumque adueneris, semper sit, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 19; q. uenerint, hanc sibi rem praesidio futuram, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 167; add Mil. 1; orat. 52; Quo res eumque\* cadent unum et commune periculum... erit, Verg. 2, 709; Quo nos cumque\* feret melior fortuna parente Ibumus, Hor. od. 1, 7, 25; add epod. 16, 21; Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 55; Sen. ep. 12, 1; 2. w. person as antec., to whomsoever, nuir inuiri praefec(tus)ue quoquomque d(e) e(a) r(e) in-ius aditum erit, CIL 205, 1, 16; add 206, 44; 3. without a vb. of its own, any whither (where), no matter whither, Praecipitis metus acer agit quocumque rudentis Excute, Verg. 3, 682; 4. note tmesis at \*. **quodā**, neut. pr. as conj., that, the fact that, viz. that, first in explan., Nunc ne hunc ornatum uos meum admiremini, Quod ego huc processi sic cum seruili schema, Pl. Amph. pr. 117; me uia consolatio sustentat, quod tibi nullum a me pietatis officium defuit, Cic. Mil. 100; senatus in eum beneficia commemorauit, quod rex appellatus esset, quod amicus, quod munera amplissima missa, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 4; cum ad has suspiciones certissimae res accederent, quod ... quod... quod... 1, 19, 1; 2. hence often referring to a prou. (is hic ille) or their advs., ob eam rem quod peqnniam ex h(ace) l(ege) cepit, CIL 198, 28; add 61; 206, 47; 206, 112; Hoc quidem hau molestum iam quod collus collari caret, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 107; ... Quidnam hoc sit negoti quod filia sic Repente expetit me nt ad sese irem, Men. 5, 2, 10; add As. 2, 1, 14; poenas dare ob eam rem quod arguatur male facere noluisse, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 36; honorem non aequum est haberi ob eam rem quod... Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 38; Inde adeo quod agrum in proximo hic mercatus es, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 2; uidentumque illud est quod\*..., Cic. off. 2, 70; an mihi de te nihil esse dictum putas? Ne hoc quidem quod\*..., fam. 3, 8, 6; illud extremum est quod..., leg. 1, 32; propter hanc causam quod ipsi non sane multum me adiuuerunt, Verr. 2, 3, 109; hoc me consolabar quod non dubitabam quin..., Att. 1, 17, 2; add Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 6, 1\*; uirgo de conuiuio abducatur ideo quod..., Varr. s. ap. Non. 247, 17; tergus suis ab eo quod eo tegitur, l. 5, 22; magnum hoc ego duco Quod plaui tibi qui..., Hor. s.



1, 6, 63; **3.** esp. aft. propterea, nunc propterea quod me meus erus Fecit ut uigilarem, hic pugnis faciet hodie ut dormiam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 141; add As. 1, 1, 34; add Cato ap. Fest. 182 M; Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 11; 3, 4, 5; Cic. fin. 3, 50; Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 3; 1, 3, 6; 1, 6, 2; 1, 7, 3; 1, 16, 3; 1, 18, 3; **4.** without anteo, attaching a clause as obj. of a vb., uos nuno ne miremini Quod uon triumpho, peruolgtatumst, nil moror, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 150; add Merc. 4, 4, 43; As. 2, 2, 49; Mihique ignoscaes quod animi impos uini uitio fecerim, Truc. 4, 3, 54; add huc quod..., Acc. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 68; mirari se aiebat quod non rideret haruspex haruspiciem cum uidisset, Cic. diu. 2, 51; sane gaudeo quod te interpellaui, leg. 3, 1; **5.** or as nom. to a vb., Haud temerest quod tu tristi cum corde gubernas, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 9, 329; unum id sat est Quod diu uiuendo multa quae non uolt uidet, Caecil. ap. Cic. sen. 25; eam... Multae sunt caesae quamobrem cupiam abducere, Primum quod soror est dicta, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 66; accedit quod patrem amo, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 7; add fam. 6, 6, 8; **6.** at times, absol., in that, fecisti mihi pergratum quod librum ad me misisti, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 1; bene facis quod me adiuuas, fin. 3, 16; memini cum mihi desipere uidebare quod cum istis potius uiueres quam nobiseum, fam. 7, 28, 1; bene facitis quod abominamini, Liv. 6, 18, 9; **7.** so too for propter quod, on account of which, why—cf. the mere neutrals quid why, id and hoc, ou this account—Nunc hoc quod ad te noster me misit senex, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 60; Quid hoc quod ad te uenio? Curc. 3, 86; add Epid. 3, 4, 20; Nihil erit quod deorum ullum accusatis, Most. 3, 2, 23; add Epid. 4, 1, 33; in uiam quod te des hoc tempore nihil est, Cic. fam. 14, 12; **8.** so also referring to what follows, for this reason, because, huius experiar fidem, Fretus ingenio eius, quod me esse scit erga se beniuolum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; et quod oculos exiguos haberet, Caeculum appellatum, Cato ap. Serv. A. 7, 681; Tu illos duo olim pro re tollebas tua Quod satis putabas tua bona ambobus fore, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 24; Tertia est urbs, quae, quod in ea parte Fortunae fanum fuit, Tycha nomiata est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 119; caelum dictum quod est caelatum, Varr. 1, 5, 3; Nec quod frigida nis ferrist, hoc setius..., Lucr. 6, 315; **9.** quod as introducing a subject, for remark, as to the fact that, first w. ind. quod me uetas quicquam suspicari accidisse ad animum tuum quod..., geram tibi morem, Cic. Att. 3, 20, 3; quod scribis te si uelim ad me nenturam, ego uero te istic esse uolo, fam. 14, 3, 5; quod me hortaris ut..., currentem tu quidem, Att. 13, 45, 2; add 12, 28, 2 (bis); fam. 4, 2, 3; 7, 25, 1; 8, 6, 5; 14, 4, 5; **10.** the same with subj. referring to what may happen, Quod illa amicum...nomet—as perhaps she may—Fores occlusae omnibus sint nisi tibi, Pl. As. 4, 1, 12; add 13, 1 and 16; Quod quispiam ignem quaerat, extingui uolo, Aul. 1, 2, 13; Quod ille gallinam aut columbam se sectari aut simiam Dicat, disperistis ni..., Mil. 2, 2, 8; add Rud. 4, 4, 106; As. 4, 1, 51; Cas. 1, 39; quod dicas mihi Alium quae-rebam, iter hac habui, periisti. Heia haud sic decet, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 33; Tu quod te posterius purges, haec iniuriam mihi nolle Factam esse, huius non faciam, Ad. 2, 1, 8; **11.** as a connective particle, before conj. si, nisi, ubi, ut, ne, cum, lit. as to this, more idiomatic whereas (if), but (if), Quod apsqe hoc esset...snis me ductarent dolis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 96; quod nisi quieris Menelae, hac dextra occides, Enn. (?) ap. Sen. ep. 80, 8; Quod si te sors Afris...praefecisset, tamen esset humanitatis tuae consulere eorum commodis, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 27; quod si in philosophia tantum interest quemadmodum dicas...quid tandem in causis existimandum est? orat. 51; add Brut. 119 etc.; N. D. 2, 94; quod si praeterea nemo sequatur, tamen se cum sola decima legione iturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 15; add Sal. Cat. 2, 3; quod ni ita putarem, ipse perscriberem, Cic. fam. 12, 23, 2; add Tusc. 5, 18; Quod ni Catilina maturasset..., eo dic...foret, Sal. Cat. 18, 8; Quod utinam minus uitae cupidus fuissetus! Cic. fam. 14, 4, 1; quod utinam illum...eadem haec simulantem uideam! Sal. lug. 14, 21; quod quia nullo modo sine amicitia firmam iucunditatem tenere possumus, idecirco..., Cic. fin. 1,

67; quod ubi sensi me in possessionem iudicii constitisse..., tunc...coepi, or. 2, 200; quod ubi ille intellexit id agi ut..., seruos suos ad se uocat, Verr. 2, 1, 67; add Caes. b. g. 3, 23, 7; b. c. 2, 16, 1; quod cum esset animaduersum con-iunctam esse flumini (munitionem)...transcenderunt, 3, 68, 3; quod ne longiore exordio legentem fatigemus, unum quasi exemplum subiciemus, Colum. 5, 11, 13; Quod ut hanc quoque curam determinemus, iustum est..., Plin. 18, 194; quod contra (whereas on the contrary) saepius illa Relligio peperit scelerosa atque impia facta, Lucr. 1, 82; cuius a me corpus est crematum, quod contra deicit ab illo meum, Cic. am. 84; quod contra oportebat, delicto dolere, correctione gaudere, 90; add Quiuct. 87; but quod contra some regard as prep. and sb. see Munro on Lucr. prob. rightly, esp. as contra is no conj.; **12.** a similar use for connection has quod in: mihi ista probata sunt, quod item fratri puto, Cic. fin. 5, 76—wh. see Madv.; quod uostri non item, 5, 83; **13.** w. phrase of time, tertius dies quod audiui recitantem Sentium, Plin. cp. 4, 27, 1; but not Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 146; Trin. 2, 4, 1; cf. quum § 12;

**II 14.** for acc. and inf. in very late writers, a step towards wh. is seen in such a phrase as: Non commemoro, quod draconis saeui sopiui impetum, Non quod domui uim taurorum, Enn. tr. ap. Char. 252 P; **15.** the well-known fact that; so with a prefixed illud etc., viz. that, illud quoque nosse oportet quod ex labore sudanti frigida potio perniciosissima est, Cels. 2, 3, p. 17, 1 D; add p. 20, 27; see also \* in § 2; **16.** at last, we have: sufficit mulieri hoc notum facere quod sit praegnas, Ulp. dig. 25, 3, 1, 3; illud notandum est, quod bonorum possessio...locum habet sino quis heres existerit sine non, Paul. 37, 4, 4; recordatus...quod nihil cuiquam toto die praestitisset, Suet. Tit. 8; mihi uidetur quod nulla prouincia est quae..., Pall. 3, 10, 4; alii semen eius non obrunt, opinantes quod a nulla aue tangatur, 2, 24, 5; Martialias affirmat quod..., 5, 3, 4; Nec credit quod bruma rosas innoxia seruet, Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 223; cf. Madvig opusc. alt. p. 232; in Fathers and Vulgate passim, prob. in transl. of *ori.*

**quōdam-mōdō**, as adv. in a certain measure, Cic. or. 1, 251; Brut. 261; arr. Nep. 7 f.

**Quod-sēmēl-arrip-idēs**, ae, m. a patronymic invented by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 23, Mr Once-catch-hold-ison.

**quoeppe** for quippe, Ulp. dig. 47, 4, 8, 14 Flor. 1 m.; cf. dig. 31, 2, 18, 1.

**quōi**, old form of cui.

**quō-lūbēt**, (-libet) adv. to any place you please, manus una...gubernaculum contorquet quolubet unum, Lucr. 4, 904; add Ov. tr. 3, 8, 22.

**quō-mōdō**, as adv. first as rel. in which way, at times w. correl. ita or sic, as, Necesses quo tu me mōdō\* (note tmesis and † below) uoles 'sse ita 'sse mater, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 48; et quomodo hoc sit consequens illi, sic illud huic, Cic. Tusc. 5, 18; consulem (me) ita fecistis quomodo pauci nobiles...consules facit sunt, agr. 2, 3; **2.** without correl. adv., iure...communitati ut oportet, gloria...quomodo sibi quisque struxit, Cato ap. Fest. 313 M; **3.** absol. like ut, q. nunc se istorum artes habent, pertimescenda est multitudo causarum, Cic. or. 2, 140—to judge from the way in which; nam q. nunc est, pedem ubi ponat in suo nou habet, Att. 13, 2, 2; certe transeunt, nel q. nunc est (making allowance for the time now elapsed), transierunt, S. 15, 3;

**4.** as indir. interr., in what way, how, Rationem habetis quomodo unum amiserit, Pl. Capt. pr. 23; Sed facinus mirumst quomodo haec hinc huc transire potuit, Mil. 2, 5, 8; haec negotia quomodo se habeant, ne epistola quidem narrare audeo, Cic. fam. 2, 5, 1; q. republicam habuerint...disscere, Sal. Cat. 5 f.; se aliquam rationem iuituros quomodo ab Hispania sumant stipendium, Liv. 23, 48, 5; Nunc quo quamque modo† possis cognoscere dicam, Verg. G. 2, 226; add 4, 120†; 4, 284†; A. 3, 459†; **5.** esp. in form nescio-quomodo, I know not how=somehow or other, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 16 etc.; **6.** as dir. interr., how? Set tu et Palaestra, quōmōdō\* saluae estis? Seibis faxo, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 35; tam placidum quam ouem reddo, Quomodo? Laudariet te audit lubenter, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; Maecenas quōmōdō tecum? Hor. s. 1, 9, 43; **7.** in exclam., quo-



modo mortem filii tulit! Cic. am. 9; q. se uenditant Caesari! Att. 8, 16, 1; add 7, 2, 7; **8.** for qty —, see \* above; add *cretics*: Quomodo mi Epidici blanda dicta euenant, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 2; Quid est? quomodo; iam quidem hercle ego tibi istam..., Amph. 2, 1, 6; **9.** for —, see Hor. iu § 6; add Mart. 3, 5, 2; **10.** for — quomodo tu istue Stasime dixti? Nostrum crilem filium, Pl. Triu. 3, 1, 1; add Most. 2, 2, 27; Epid. 5, 2, 41; cf. Span. como, It. come, Fr. comme.

**quōmōdō-cumquē** (-cunque), adv. w. its own vb., in whatever manner, no matter how, q. dicitur intellegi potest, Cic. fin. 5, 30; and perh.: Sed tamen quomodocumque est mss ouit est, i. e., ē), quamquam sumus pauperuli, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 33; absol. though ever so little, Flor. 2, 11 (3, 23), 4.

**quōmōdō-libet**, adv. the same, Aug. c. D. 21, 19.

**quō-mōdō-nam**, interr. adv. [quisnam] how in the world, q., mi frater, de nostris uersibus Caesar? Cic. Q. fr. 2, 16, 5.

**quō-nam**, [id.] interr. adv. whither (where) in the world, to what place of all places, first indir., Cogito quonam ego illum curram quaeritatum. Certa rest, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 16;

**2.** met. how far, id quaero...quonam usque\* id fieri debeat, Gell. 1, 3, 19; **II 3.** dir. Quonam te agis? Quonam nisi domum? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 66; quonam clam se eliminat? Pacuv. ap. Non. 38, 31; ...fugam. Eam si nunc sequor, quonam? Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; **4.** met. to what in the world? q. haec, nisi ad suam perniciem, pertinere? Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 4;

**5.** esp. w. usque (see \*above, how far? how long?...q. timidiae commenta parentis Vsque ferēs? Stat. Ach. 1, 624; add Th. 1, 215; 9, 511.

**quondam**, adv. [: quidam :: quom : quis]=quodam tempore, at a certain time, sometime, first of the past, formerly, once, of yore, extra eum locum ubi oppodum Char-(tago) fuit qu(ondam), CIL 200, 81 (partly cj.); Quem quondam Ioui Iuno custodem addidit, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 20; add Ps. 2, 4, 52 etc.; Quos homines quondam Laurentis terra recepit, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 332 K etc.; Olim isti fuit generi quondam quaestus apud saeculum prius, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; add 3, 5, 37; omnia fere quae sunt conclusa nunc artibus, dispersa quondam fuerunt, Cic. or. 1, 187; add Rosc. Am. 154; Clu. 188; Ite meae felix quondam pecus, ite capellae, Verg. B. 1, 75 etc.;

**2.** hence attached to nouns, Iul. Victor. negotiatori q. uestiario, inser. Or. 4729; add inser. Grot. 389, 8; 1090, 14; **3.** of the fut. some time or other, nec Romula quondam Vlo se tantum tellus iactabit alumno, Verg. 6, 877; Hic tamen uel melius poterit transcurrere quondam, Hor. s. 2, 2, 82; **4.** hence, like aliquando, w. imper., before it is too late, or for once; at quondam lacrimis...concede moueri, Stat. silu. 1, 2, 67; **5.** gen., at times, ever and anon, esp. in poets, Charbasus ut quondam magnis intenta theatris Dat crepitu, Lucr. 6, 109; Frigidus ut quondam siluis innummurat Auster, Verg. G. 4, 261; quondam cithara tacentem Suscitamus musam, neque semper arcum Tendit Apollo, Hor. od. 2, 10, 18; Ipse cruor, gelido ceu quondam lamina cadens Tincta lacu, stridit, Ov. M. 9, 170;

**6.** and so used w. other adv. of time, saepe lapidum, sanguinis nonnumquam, terrae interdum, quondam etiam lactis imber defluxit, Cic. diu. 1, 98; **7.** condam for q., inser. Reines. 543.

**quōn-iam**, conj. [quom iam] first of time, now that, quoniam ego adsum, faciet nemo iniuriam, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 6; Quoniam haec euenerunt nobis frater ex sententia, In patriam redeamus ambo, Men. 5, 9, 89; Quid nunc, quoniam ambo nos ut est colubitum delusistis, Datisne argentum? As. 3, 3, 121; **2.** hence often in narrative, when, now that, Is quoniam moritur...Numquam indicare id filio uoluit suo, Aul. pr. 9, on wh. Don. ad Ad. pr. 1: quoniam pro postquam; Quoniam hinc iturust ips(us) in Seleuciam, Mihi commendauit uirginem, Trin. 1, 2, 75; add 1, 2, 149; St. 5, 3, 3; Men. 3, 2, 15; Mil. 2, 1, 51; Bac. 2, 3, 56; Rud. pr. 67; Capt. pr. 30; quoniam non solum id quod quia, sed etiam quod postquam, Fest. 261 M; cf. Wagn. ad Aul. who compares the two uses of the G. weil; so too we use since;

**II 3.** of reason, now that, since, seeing that, hic ante ostium Meo loquar modo (prou. moo) quae uolam, quoniam

intus non licitumst mihi, Pl. As. 1, 2, 26; quoniam non potest id fieri quod uis, Id uelis quod possit, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 5; Nunc quoniam fatum se ita tolit animo uo(lo) Aequo uos ferre concordese uinere, CIL 1008, 6; mo...quoniam ita tu uis nimium gratum esse concedam, Cic. Planc. 82; oratiunculas mittam, quoniam ea quae nos scribimus te delectant, Att. 2, 1, 3; quoniam ciuitati consulere non posset, legatos ad Caesarem mittit, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 5; Insanire libet quoniam tibi, Verg. B. 3, 36; Vel merito quoniam in propria non pelle quiessem, Hor. s. 1, 6, 22.

**quō-piam**, pron. adv. [: quis-piam :: quo : quis] to any place whatever, Vidēs in forte ad merendam quopiam deuerteris, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 50; Ituran Thais quopiam es? Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 9.

**quō-quam**, pron. adv. [: quis-quam :: quo : quis] to any place whatever, in neg. phrases, Scruate istum ne quoquam pedem Eceferat sine custodia, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 96; add Amph. 1, 1, 18; Caue nunciam oculos a meis oculis quoquam demoueas tuos, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 16; nec cedere quoquam, Lucr. 5, 843; add 1, 1055; neque quoquam mouit ex urbe, Nep. Att. 7, 1; prius inde q. procederet, Liv. 34, 16, 10.

**quōquē**, adv. [?], too, also, Si illa tibi placet, placenda dos quoquest, quam dat tibi, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 29 etc.; me maxime sed proxime illum quoque fefellissem, Cic. Rab. Post. 33; ad eam sententiam cum reliquis causis haec quoque ratio eos deduxit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 5; Tē quoque magna Pales...canemus, Verg. G. 3, 1; patriae quis exul Se quōquē fugit? Hor. od. 2, 16, 20; **2.** oft. strengthened by etiam, Ni etiam is quoque me ignorabit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 305; add 2, 2, 70; num tu quoque etiam insanis, quom id me interrogas? 2, 2, 121; add 2, 2, 166 etc.; Ego pol quoque etiam timida sum, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 8; Est etiam quoque uti possit caelum omne manere In statione, Lucr. 5, 517; **3.** in old l. ne-quoque for ne-quidem, se ne id quoque quod tum suaderet facturum esse, Q. Claud. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 18; who adds: ne id q. dixit pro ne id quidem, infrequens nunc in loquendo, sed in libris ueterum creberrimum; **4.** q. always an enclitic, and so never entitled to metrical accent, unless another encl. follow, in which case quoque=one long acc. syllable, as in mihi-quoque-pol ita uidetur, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 9; Militem Pyrgopolinicum. Satin haec-quoque-me deperit? 4, 2, 9; Salua res est, philosophatir-quoque-iam, non mendax modest, Capt. 2, 2, 34; add Ps. 1, 3, 61; Aul. 4, 4, 17; in Men. pr. 74 read: Sic (mss sicut) familiae quoque assolent (mss solent) mutiarum.

**quōquē-uersus**, (-uersum) adv. in every direction, trabuculas abiegineas u crassas quoque uersus s(emissem) inponito, CIL 577, 1, 19; asseribus...crasseis quoque uersus (trientem), 2, 2; add 2, 7; **2.** abbrev. in: in agr(um) p. xvi quoq. uersum, inser. Or. 4503; l(ocus) m(onumentum) Flauiorum q. q. u. p(edes) L. 4501.

**quō-quō**, conj. [: quis-quis :: quo : quis] to whatever place, whithersoever, wherever (w. motion), first w. its own vb., certumst mihi, Quasi umbra quoquo tu ibis, te semper sequi, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 4; certa rest Me usque quaerere illam quoquo hinc abductast gentium\*, Men. 5, 2, 17; add Ps. 3, 2, 69 etc., Quoquo hinc asportabitur terrarum\*, certumst persequi, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 18; add Eun. 3, 5, 6; quoquo sese uerterint Stoici, iaceat necesse est omnis eorum sollertia, Cic. din. 2, 24; **2.** note the gen. marked \*.

**quōquō-mōdō**, (or as two words) as adv. first with its own vb., in whatever manner, howsoever, no matter how, Catoui, quoquomodo res se habet, resistem, Cic. fam. 1, 5, 2; add Verr. 2, 5, 89 etc.; **2.** without its own vb., somehow or other, no matter how, tu, quoquomodo, hominem inuestiges uelim, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 14; ut q. aut liberarem te aut certe leuarem, fam. 9, 16, 1.

**quōse?** rel. adv. [=quorsus, for loss of r cf. susum, prosum etc.] in four best mss of Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 81, defended by Kiessling Rhein. M. 23, 414.

**quōt**, (quod, see \*) adj. undecl. [akin to rel.] how many, first as rel., esp. answering to tot (totidem) as many as, quid eas, quanti destinat? Talentis magnis totidem quot ego et tu sumus, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 114; add Rud. 2, 7, 6; St. 5, 4, 24; As. 4, 1, 62; quot homines tot sententiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 4,



14; quot hominum linguae, tot nomina deorum, Cic. N. D. 1, 84; quot homines, tot causae, or. 2, 140; totidem uerbis quot Stoici, acad. pr. 40; add orat. 53; subeunda dimicatio toties quot coniurati suppreissent, Liv. 2, 13, 2; tot mensibus elugeantur quot annorum (wh. note gen.) decesserint, fr. Vatic. § 321; **2.** w. tot omitted, et quot dies erimus in Tusculano, agamus haec, Tusc. 1 f.; cf. § 7; nou plures quam quot manu capi possunt, Ulp. dig. 19, 6; **3.** as indir. interr. how many, Paenitetne te quot ancillas (a)lam, Quin (so mss rightly) examen (Haupt, mss etiā meū) superadducas quae mihi comediunt cibum, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 49; dum id perdiscat quod\* pereat modis, 1, 1, 2; edocet quot uirorum fortium morte necesse esset constare uictoriam, Caes. b. g. 7, 19; **4.** as dir. interr. how many? quanti eam cui? Quot minis? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 51; **5.** in exclam. first w. preceding exclam., Perii! Quot hic ipse annos uiuet quouis filii tam diu uiuunt! Mil. 4, 2, 89; add St. 5, 2, 9; **6.** then without any, quot te modis, Si uiuo, habeo in nuptiis miserum meis, Pl. Cas. 1, 29; Quot adeo cenae, quas defleui mortuae! Quot potiones mulsi! Quot item praudia! St. 1, 3, 58; quot quantas quam incredibilis hausit calamitates! Cic. Tusc. 1, 86; **7.** with abl. pl., written apart or joined, every—de cōz nireis quot annis (legundis), CIL 198, 15; Vos meministis quot-kalendis petere demensum cibum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 3; Quid istae, quae nestei quot-annis nouina inueniunt noua? Epid. 2, 2, 45; circum capita oleaginea quot-mensibus fodere, Cato r. 43 (44), 2; quotannis tributa conferunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 131; si stipendium quotannis peuderent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 5; add 4, 1, 4 etc.; add Verg. B. 1, 43; 7, 33; A. 5, 59; in all wh. Ribbeck w. good mss prefers quod annis\*; ita (luna) quot-mensibus sub rotam solis...latens obscuratur, Vir. 9, 4, 3; add 10, 7; nihil interesse utrum in annos singulos uel quotannis, an in singulos annos uel quot mensibus, an in singulos dies uel quot diebus legetur, Ulp. dig. 36, 2, 12, 6; ut nummum quotannis uel quot mensibus acciperet, 2, 15, 8, 24; frigidiora alia...ut quotidie, non cotidie, ut sit quot-diebus, Quint. 1, 7, 6; uti apud eam aram quod\* annis a. d. k. Sept. publice manibus eius...inferiae mittantur, inser. Or. 642, 1, 19; ut quod\* annis iii k. Octobr...epulenter, 1368, 1, 10; **8.** even w. acc. Mesopotamiam fertilem efficit Euphrates in quam quod\* annos (so in both best mss l m) quasi nouos agros inuehit, Cic. N. D. 2, 130; sedulum quot dies obibam...ministerium, Apul. M. 11, 22.

**quot-annis**, see quot § 7.

**quot-cumquē**, adj. undecl. rel. as many as ever, first w. tot, q. senatus creuerit, tot sunt, Cic. leg. 3, 8; Totque dabit uires, dominos quotunque recepit, Manil. 4, 315; but in Catul. 64, 280 and Prop. 1, 13 (15), 36 quot-cumque is only a cj. not needed.

**quot-ēni**, adj. num. distr. [cf. noueni etc.] m. pl., how many each, partes fecit in ripa nescio quotenorum iugerum, Cic. Att. 12, 33, 1.

**quot-ennis**, e, adj. [annus, cf. biennis etc.] of how many years, how many years old, quotenue unum sit...peritia, Aug. quant. an. 19 f.

**quotidiā-nus**, (or rather cot.) adj. [quotidie] of every day, Proiu tu tui cotidiani uiceti uentrem ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; Taedet cotidianarum harum forniarum. Ecce... Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 6; sumptus, Haut. 4, 5, 7; opus, Afran. ap. Non. 434, 8; couiuiua, ib. 235, 22; sermo, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 2; uictus, or. 1, 232; nita, Pis. 64; labor, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 4; exercitatio, 4, 1, 9; usus, 4, 33, 3; Cultus sindone non cotidiana, Mart. 11, 1, 2; in Catull. 68, 138 read prob. conoquit iram; **2.** quotidiano (rather cot.) adv. every day, daily, nisi Cotidiano sesquipos conferis..., Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 67; res illum diuinas prope cotidiano facere uidisti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 18; cotidiano, uou cotidiane disserimus, Charis. 193, 13.

**quot-iens**, (-ēs) num. adv. [cf. inquit-iens etc.] first as rel. w. toties, (as often) as, oft as, illud soleo mirari non me toties accipere tuas litteras, quoties a Quinto mihi afferantur, Cic. fam. 7, 7, 1; add or. 1, 251; quoties oculos coniecit in hostem..., Auersos toties currus luturna retor-sit, Verg. 12, 483; **2.** without toties, as often as, oft

as, every time that, whenever, seiquis faxsit, quotiens fax-sit, in agri iugra signa l sestertios n(unmos...dare) debeto ei quei..., CIL 200, 25; Horresco misera mentio quotiens fit partitionis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 93; Quouis quotiens sepulcrum nides sacrificas, Epid. 2, 1, 7; add Men. 1, 2, 5; Anbigitur quotiens utro uter sit prior, aufert Pacuius docti famam seuis, Accius alti, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 55; **3.** interr. indir. how often, non lubet scribere quotiens annona cara, quotiens Innae lumine caligo...obstiterit, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 28, 6; **4.** interr. dir., gen. as exclam., how often? quotieus monstraui tibi, uiro ut morem geras? Pl. Men. 5, 2, 37; add Most. 4, 2, 33; Vel hic Pamphilus iurabat quotiens Bacchidi...? Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 3; quoties (so Iordan; quotieus?) et quot nomiuius a Syracusanis status auferes? Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 145; q. tibi iam extorta est ista sica de manibus? Cat. 1, 16.

**quotiens-cumquē**, rel. conj. as often as, whenever, first w. totiens, quotienscumque dico, totiens mihi uideor in iudicium uenire...officii, Cic. Clu. 51; **2.** without totiens, Quid tu huc occurras, in urbem quotienscumque aduenimus? Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 27; add Capt. 1, 1, 29; cetera q. uoletis parata erunt, Cic. Tusc. 3, 84; add Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 5.

**quotiensquē**? rel. conj. [ : quisque whichever :: quotienscumque : quicumque] same, a reading in Colum. 6, 17, 41.

**quotiēs** etc. see quotiens.

**quoties-libet**, adv. as often as you please, Boeth. inst. music. 1, 4.

**quot-libet**, num. adj. undecl. as many as you like, Hyg. astr. 1, 6 f.

**quot-quot**, num. adj. undecl. [ : quot :: quisquis : quis] whatever number, no matter how many, si leges duae aut si plures, aut quotquot erunt, conseruari non possint, Cic. inu. 2, 145; in Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 23 quotquot only a cj.; Adeste hendecasyllabi quot estis, Omnes undique quot-quot estis omnes, Catul. 42, 2; Non si trecentis, quotquot eunt dies...places...Plutaua tauris, Hor. od. 2, 14, 5; Ver-tumnis, quotquot sunt, natus iniquis, s. 2, 7, 14;

**2.** hence w. abl. absol. quotquot annis every year, Varr. 1, 5, p. 40 Sp.; 9, p. 472; q. mensibus, 5, p. 53; but in Gell. 7 (6), 5, 1 Hertz has quotannis.

**quot-ūmus**, ord. num. adj. [a superl. like sept-ūmus, dec-ūmus] occupying what place in a series, the how-many-eth (so to say), first as interr. indir., Quotumas aedis—the number of his house in the street—dixerit..., incerto scio, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 7; quotumo die Ex Sicione peruenisti huc? Altero ad meridiem, 4, 7, 77.

**quotūplex**, icis, adj. [quotus, plica] how many fold? onom. vet.

**quotus**, ord. num. adj. [cf. for suffix quintus sextus] occupying what place in a series, the how-many-eth (so to say), first as rel., answering to tōtus, caelum summa totius unum, Quam sit paruola res et quam multae summa constet, Nec tōta pars, homo terrai quota tōtius unus, Lucr. 6, 652; **2.** as indir. interr., a question answered by tōtus or an ord. num., Scire uelim chartis pretium quotus aroget annus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 35; Tu quotus esse uelis, rescribe,—one in a party of how many—1, 5, 30; Dic quotus et quanti cupias cenare, Mart. 14, 217; seis quota de Libyco litore puppis eat? 9, 35, 8; cf. στρατηγος ην πεμπτος αυτος, Thuc. 1, 46; ηρεθη προβευτης δεκατος αυτος, Xen. h. 2, 2, 17; so in Bohem. sám-desát = δεκατος αυτος, Dobrowsky Gr. § 138; respondere debet quota ex parte eius sit praedium, Paul. dig. 11, 1, 20, 2; illud non interest quota portio hereditatis ad nepotem pertinet, Ulp. 37, 8, 1, 10; **3.** as dir. interr., si ternos denarios qui coegit erit absolutus quaterunos...necnon coget alius...Quotus erit iste denarius qui non sit ferendus? Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 220; quota est mundi plaga Oriens subactus aut quota est Gorgon fera? (Ans. but one, the first and last), Sen. Herc. Oct. 95;

**4.** often w. hora, gen. not expressed, hora quota est?—what o'clock is it? (answered by prima, altera etc.), Hor. s. 2, 6, 44; quo praebente domum et quota Pelignis caeam frigidibus taees, od. 3, 19, 7; **5.** w. pars (portio) in interr., and so the greater the ordinal in answer the less the qty., how small a portion?—cf. § 1—ut uincas alios, Acheloe,



dracones Pars quota Lernacae serpens eris unus echidnae? Ov. M. 9, 68; Ex tot in Atridis pars quota laudis erat? am. 2, 12, 10; Haec animum—et quota pars haec sunt—movere puellae, her. 12, 89; add 13, 60; quamuis quota portio faccis Achaei? Iuv. 3, 61; add 13, 157; 6. for the same reason, w. quisque, every how-many-eth, one in how many, how few—cf. the answers decimus quisque one in ten, millesumus q. one in a thousand, and so how few? q. eum quisque philosophorum inuenitur qui sit ita moratus...ut ratio postulat? Cic. Tusc. 2, 11; q. enim quisque disertus, q. quisque iuris peritus est? Plane. 62; add or. 3, 196; N. D. 1, 79; Flac. 104; diu. 2, 52; Att. 1, 13, 1; forma quota quaeque superbit? Ov. a. a. 3, 103; nam quoto cuique eadem honestatis cura secreto quae palam? Plin. ep. 3, 20, 8; quotum quemque inuicis qui domi quietam aliud loquatur? Tac. dial. 29; Cornif. ad Herenn. 3, 30 prob. corrupt.

**quótuscumquē**, (cunque) adj. [cf. quotus § 5] as small as possible, the least soever, Mouerit e notis pars quota-cunque deos, Tib. 2, 6, 54; but in Ov. her. 13, 60 read quota quemque.

**quót-uis**, adv. [ : quouis :: quo : quis] to any place one pleases, quouis admittit aues, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; cibo perduci poteris quouis—to anything one pleases—Most. 4, 2, 7; Immo abeat potius malo quouis gentium (note the gen.), Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 55; abi sane istac istorsum quouis, 3, 3, 27; Iussit proficisci exilium quouis gentium, Acc. ap. Non. 185, 6.

**quót-usquē**, adv. all the way to what, how far, properly of place, Plin. 33, 3; Gell. 1, 3, 15; 2. of time, all the time to when? how long, q. humi defixa tua mens erit? Cic. rep. 6, 17; q. abutere patientia nostra? Cat. 1, 1; add Flac. 70; Att. 15, 22, 1; 3. to what extent, how far, usque excrea, Etiamne?...Etiam amplius. Nam quo usque? Vsque ad mortem uolo, Pl. As. 1, 1, 29.

**quum**, (oldest form cum quoted from a carmen Saliare by Ter. Maur. eol. 2261 P; i. e. a dat. of rel.; cf. ὅτε, ποτ-ε, ποτ-ε, A. S. hwoune, thonne, and whanne thanne of Chancer, vv. 1 and 9360; O. G. whanne; also heri here, mani mane; add older quom, aft. cum or quum) conj. when, first w. indic., Egomet mihi non credo, quom illac autmare illum audio, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 260; et quom e(a) res agetur quam in rem quisque testis erit(...facito...), CIL 198, 32; q. ea uectigalia fruenda locabit,...(deicito), 200, 87; ex lege...quam...cens(ores) quom eorum agrorum uectigalia fruenda locauerunt,...deixerunt, 200, 88; Si tu Sosia's, legiones quom pugnabant\* maxime, Quid in tabernaculo fecisti? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 274; Horrescet, faxo, lena, leges quoru audiet, As. 4, 1, 4; Neque nostrum quisquam sensimus quom peperit neque prouidimus, Amph. 5, 1, 19; inde optime aspellam uirum, De supero quom huc accesserit, 3, 4, 6; Cum (note the form) diu ambulareis tamen hoc neniendum est tibi, CIL 1431; qui non defendit iniuriam...cum potest, iniuste facit, Cic. off. 3, 74; res cum haec scribeham erat in extremum adducta discrimen, fam. 12, 6, 2; longum illud tempus cum non ero magis mouet, Att. 12, 18, 1; cum Caesar in Galliam uenit, alticius factionis principes erant Haedui, Caes. h. g. 6, 12, 1; Cum faciam uitula pro frugibus, ipse uenito, Verg. B. 3, 67; Quae nemora aut qui uos saltus habuere puellae, Naides, indigno cum (all the time that) Gallus amore peribat\*? 10, 10; 2. esp. w. nunc or tum preceding, tmn quom is eum agrum locum emit, CIL 200, 63; tum quom primum leges eis municipibus dedit, 206, 161; nunc quomst melius, Pl. As. 1, 2, 18; nunc quom compares, peris, Anl. 4, 4, 2; res quom auimam agebat, tum'sse offusam oportuit, Triu. 4, 3, 85; nunc cum (so Umpf.) non quoc animo aequo fero, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 20; qui status rerum fuerit tum cum has litteras dedi scire poteris ex Strabone, Cic. fam. 12, 6, 1; ea quae concupierat, ne tmn quidem cum omnia se posse censebat\*, consequebatur, Tusc. 5, 57; add Cat. 3, 3; cum iniucis nostri uenire dicentur, tum in Epirum iho, fam. 14, 3, 4; add Man. 19; fam. 3, 7, 3; Verr. 2, 4, 46; quanto facilius abire fuit cum procul abessemus quam nunc cum in ceruicibus sumus! Liv. 44, 39, 7; 3. in past phrases, a

mere pres., often w. quom, Quot eras annos gnatus, tmn cum te pater patria auehit, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 56; Grauidam ego illane hic reliqui quom abeo. Hei perii miser, Amph. 2, 2, 36; Quid pater, uiuine? Viuom quom inde abimus liquimus, Capt. 2, 2, 32; quid habuisset cum perit, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 16; add 4, 4, 57—yet a past imp. in: Loquere. Quouismodi reliqui quom hiuc abibam (abito?) filium? Most. 5, 1, 68; and see \* above; 4. also wh. the one act virtually includes the other, Nunc petit quom pollicetur, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 18; multa hona mihi dedisti huius cum (so Gepp, quom?) copiam Mihi fecisti, Cas. 4, 4, 18; quae cum taces, nulla esse concedis, Cic. Rosc. Am. 54; praeclare facis cum eorum memoriam tenes, fin. 3, 9; loco ille motus est, cum est ex urbe depulsus, Cat. 2, 1; 5. in phrases of repeated action, whenever, every time that, in-eandem-que quom se recepit includitur, Cic. fin. 3, 63; eum ad flammam se adplicauerunt, sine gemitu adurunt, Tusc. 5, 77; add fin. 4, 38; 5, 42; or. 2, 24; Tusc. 2, 27; 3, 3; 4, 54; 5, 102; cum ur esse coeperat, dabat se labori, Verr. 2, 5, 27; cum ad aliquod oppidum uenerat, eadem lectica usque in cubiculum deferrebat, ib.; cum se inter equitum turmas insinuauerunt, ex essedis desiliunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 1; milites stauis castris habebat, nisi quom odos aut pahuli egestas locum mutare subegerat, Sal. Iug. 44, 4; quum de Romanis mentio incidit, uix manibus temperatis, Liv. 32, 20, 3; in these phrases note the perf. tenses of q. clause; 6. a time-definiug phrase at times precedes q., in wh. case what follows is a main clause, uix ille hoc dixerat cum iste pronuntiat..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 93; legebam (so best mss) tuas litteras xiii Kalend., cum mihi epistola affertur a Lepta, Att. 9, 12, 1; commodum ad te dederam litteras, cum ad me Dionysius fuit, 10, 16, 1; iam scalis egressi milites prope summa ceperant, quum oppidani concurrunt..., Sal. Iug. 60, 6; lamquo adeo super unus eraui, cum limina Vestae Seruanteu...Tyndarida aspicio, Verg. 2, 567; Postera iamque dies primo surgebat Eoo...Cum subito...procedit, 3, 590; 7. the same w. interim or interea, (see also § 8) when in the meanwhile, in the course of which, ultimas maris oras petiuit, cum interim milites domum...obsidere coeperant, Cic. Pis. 93; caedebatur uirgis...cum interea nulla uox alia...audiebatur nisi haec: cuius Romanus sum, Verr. 2, 5, 162; diuorsi regem quaerere..., scrutari loca abdita, q. iuterim Hiempsal reperitur, Sal. Iug. 12, 5; add 49, 4; 105, 5; iamque in ipsis castris pugnabatur, cum Agricola...iubet, Tac. Agr. 26 (cf. for obliq. orat., Liv. 6, 11, 4); 8. the same w. historic inf. after quum (as in a main clause), iamque dies consumptus erat, quum tamen barbari nihil remittere atque...acrius instare, Sal. Iug. 98, 2; uictor...Romanus promissa consulis expectabat quum Appius... ius de creditis pecuniis dicere, Liv. 2, 27, 1 (cf. for ohl. orat. w. q. interim, Liv. 4, 51, 4; 6, 27, 6); strepebant iam uestibulo..., cum Libo...uocare percussorem, prensaro seruorum dextras..., Tac. an. 2, 31, 1; uulgabatur...sernatum munere deum Agrippam..., cum Tiberium anceps cura distrabere, nine...an..., 2, 40, 1; add 4, 50, 4; 6, 44 (50), 2; 11, 34, 2; 14, 5, 1; h. 3, 31, 1; 9. after statement of time, during which, hanc domum iam multos annos est quom possideo et colo, Pl. Aul. pr. 3—that I have been in possession; Quia septem menses sunt, quom iu haec aedis pedem Nemo intro tetulit, Most. 2, 2, 39; multi anni sunt cum ille in aere meo est, Cic. fam. 15, 14, 1; permulti anni iam erant quom inter patricios magistratus tribunusque nulla certamina fuerat, Liv. 9, 33, 3; 10. after statement of time, w. aorist, =ex quo, since, Minus quindecim dies sunt quom (A quam) pro hisce aedibus Minas quadraginta accepisti a Callicle, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; hau dum sex mensis Megaribus Hue est quom commigrant, Pers. 1, 3, 58; nondum centum et deceni anni sunt cum de pecuniis repetundis a L. Pisone lata lex est, Cic. off. 2, 76; sexto die quom ad flumen uentum est, maxima uis utrium effecta, Sal. Iug. 91, 1; but the pass, Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 23, 3. triduo cum...dabam..., does not apply; 11. as when in phrases of comparison, rarely, Nam ut hic laturus hoc sit..., Non edepol clauu me est, cum hoc quod leuius tam animo irato tulit, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 53; quid faceres pro in-

nocente homine, cum propter hominem perditissimum de officio decedis? Cic. Verr. 1, 28; cuius quantam honoris huius cupiditatem fuisse creditis cum uidetis (so TE) luctus societatem? Planc. 29; haec cum uidetis quo me in te animo putas esse? 78; Quid domini faciant, audent cum talia fures? Verg. B. 3, 16; but in Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 37 read w. A: Nunc quam ego...; **12.** in older lang. = quod, Hospes gratum est quom apud meas restitistei sedes, CIL 1006, 3; Quid patri etiam gratulabor quom illam inuenit? Censeo, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 6; Quom tu recte pronenisti, quomque es aucta liberis, Gratulor, quom mihi tibi que magnnm peperisti decus, Truc. 2, 6, 35; Ioui disque ago gratias merito magnas, quom... reddiderunt, Quomque exemerunt, Quomque ... conspicio..., Quomque... repertast..., Capt. 5, 1, 2; add Men. 5, 9, 87; ei mihi Cnm non habeo spatium ut..., Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 17; Dis pol habeo gratiam Cum in parindo aliquot adfuerunt liberae, 4, 4, 32; hoc fretus, Chreme, Cnm e medio excessit, Ph. 5, 8, 74; add Ad. 1, 2, 59; gratulor tibi cum tantum uales apud Dolabellam, Cic. Att. 14, 17, 3; Verum ego meas queror fortunas quom illo quem amo prohibeor, Pl. As. 3, 1, 12; o multa tibi di dent bona, Quom hoc mihi obtulisti tam lepidum spectaculum, Poen. 1, 1, 81; tibi gratias ago cum tantum litterae meae potuerunt ut..., Cic. fam. 13, 24, 2; magna nobis laetitia est, quom te di mouere uti..., Sal. Iug. 102, 5; and much like this: Quom ille itast ut eum 'ssc nolo, id crucior, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 46; ..... fuit tempus cum rura colerent homines neque urbem haberent, Varr. r. 3, 1, 1; fuit antea tempus cum Germanos Galli uirtute superarent, Caes. b. g. 6, 24, 1; **16.** yet an ind. in: fuit q. hoc dici poterat, Liv. 7, 32, 13; Turno tempus erit magno cum optauerit emptum Intactum Pallanta, Verg. 10, 503; **17.** of reasons for or against, first for, since, seeing that, in as much as, cum solitudo et uita sine amicis insidiarum plena sit, ratio ipsa monet amicitias comparare, Cic. fin. 1, 66; cum in communibus suggestis consistere non auderet (Dionysius), contionari ex turri solebat, Tusc. 5, 59; qui cum una domo iam capi non possint, in alias domos tamquam in colonias exeunt, Cic. off. 1, 54; **18.** in old l. even w. indic. in this sense, quae futura et quae facta eloquar, Multo adeo melius quam illi (sc. ariolos), quom sum Iuppiter, Pl. Amph. 5, 2, 4; **19.** of reasons against, although, hoc ipso tempore, cum omnia gymnasia philosophi teneant, tamen eorum auditores discum audire quam philosophum malunt, Cic. or. 2, 21; is amnis... quom aquae uim uehat ingentem, non tamen nauium patiens est, Liv. 21, 31, 10; **20.** often strengthened by praesertim, esp. as or when, puerum iniussu... non tollet meo, Praesertim in ea re cum sit mihi adiutrix socrus, Ter. Hec. 4,

4, 83; quid fuit caussac cnr Caesarem non sequerere, cum praesertim belli pars tanta restaret? Cic. Phil. 2, 71; de timore superuacaneum est disserere, q. praesertim... tanta praesidia sint in armis, Sal. Cat. 51, 19; add Iug. 2, 4; ...q. praesertim nec nos temperemus imperiis, Liv. 3, 52, 9; **21.** so also w. quum, though, (and this) even though, ut nullum signum... attingeres, cum praesertim et essent multa praecleara et tu omnia concupisses, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 113; adhuc non soluit, praesertim cum se aere alieno Faberii mann liberarit, Att. 14, 18, 1; add Brut. 267; orat. 32; cf. Madv. ad Cic. fin. 2, 25 who says: q. praes. et praes. q. nullo quod animaduerterim discrimine; **22.** quum and tum to unite two clauses, whereas—, so—; not only—, but also—; while—, at the same time—; if—, still more—; in wh. case q. at times has a subj., at times an indic., and deals w. what is general, common, or old; but tum introduces what is special, strange or new, and so is often strengthened by uero, mehercule etc.; cum maximas commoditates amicitia contineat, tum illa praestat omnibus, quod..., Cic. am. 23; cum multae res in philosophia nequaquam satis explicatae sint, tum perdifficilis quaestio est de natura deorum, N. D. 1, 1; hic cum omni tempore nobilitatis fantor fuisset, tum hoc tumultu proximo praeter ceteros...eam partem defendit, Rosc. Am. 16; cum eum antea tui similem in dicendo uiderim, tum uero nunc multo uidebam similiorem, Brut. 250; add Deiot. 1; Quinct. 78; Brut. 228; fam. 9, 14, 4; 15, 9, 1; quum ipsi se homines in regis mores forarent, tum finitimi etiam populi... in eam uerecundiam adducti sunt ut..., Liv. 1, 21, 2; add 3, 34, 1; **23.** then w. ind., cum ipsam cogitionem iuris augurii consequi cupio, tum mehercule tuis studiis erga me delector, Cic. fam. 3, 9, 3; cum illa certissima uisa sunt argumenta sceleris, signa manus confessio, tum multo certiora illa, color oculi taciturnitas, Cat. 3, 13; cum meus me maeror lacerat, tum uero haec cura uix mihi uitam reliquam facit, Att. 3, 8, 2; add fam. 15, 7; 12, 30, 2; **24.** at times quum has no separate vb. of its own, not only—, but also—, Cum uirum tum (so R. cj., *ms* cum perhaps rightly) uxorem di uos perdant, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 103; quos ego senatores uidi, qui acerrime cum cetera tum hoc iter Pompei uituperarent! Cic. Att. 7, 5, 4; Pythagoras... tenuit magnam illam Graeciam cum disciplina tum etiam auctoritate, Tusc. 1, 38; add Brut. 77; qui cum magnae partis harum regionum, tum etiam Britanniae imperium optinuerit, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 7; **III 25.** a subj. after quum is often due to other causes, as: quom aspicias (one looks at) tristem, frugi censeas, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 32; or in secondary clauses, as: etiam catulo meo Subblanditur nouos amator, et ut quom uideat gandeat, As. 1, 3, 33; curata fac sint quom a foro redeam domum, Aul. 2, 3, 6; add Curc. 2, 5, 28; 3, 1, 13; **26.** Marius Vict. 2459, b 11 gives the form quum, and says quom and quum were pronounced as cum.



## R.

**R** is the seventeenth letter of the Latin alphabet, a liquid and called the littera canina, whence Pers. 1, 109: sonat hic de nare canina littera, referring to a snarling dog as guarding the entrance to a nobleman's house; and Lucil. ap. Char. 125, 20 K; Non. 31, 21; Dou. Ad. 2, 4, 18: Inritata canes quam (al. quod) homo quam plautius dicit; **2.** often supplanted an s, quod antiqui dicebant S, postea dicitur R ut in carmine Saliorum...dolosi eso (for dolori ero)...foedesum foederum, plusima plurima..., Varr. l. 7, 3; tum Papisii dicebimini (not Papirii), Cic. fam. 9, 21, 2; Furios Fusios scripsere quidam, Liv. 3, 4, 1; Valesii Fusii in Valerios Furiosque uenerunt; ita arbos labos uapos, etiam clamos ac lases, Quint. 1, 4, 13; helusa antiqui, quod nuuc holera, Paul. ex F. 100; Appius Claudius R litteram inuenit, ut pro Valesiis Valerii essent, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 36; **3.** r preferred between vowels, as opus operis, puluis, pulueris but puluisculus; est esse but eram ero; **4.** interchanged with l, esp. after a preceding l, as rualis Dialis puerilis, but familiaris Apollinaris puellaris; or again piaculum miraculum iaculum, but lauacrum simulacrum inuolucrum; nubilis but lugubris; **5.** rd with l, as obsor-desco and sordes mordeo arduus by the side of obsolesco molo alo; **6.** for r with d see d; **II 7.** r initial generally the result of decapitation, as seen in remus (resmus) ερεσσα, rego ορεγα, rapio ἀρπαζω, ruo ερωα, ruber ερυθρος, ros δροσος, rosa βροδον, ructo ερευγω; or re-po, serpo, ringor, hirrio, rota (for uorota), uorto, res (for er-es); or radix E. root and wort and G. wurz, robur E. hard, rumex E. sorrel, rogo G. fragen; **III 8.** abbreviations, R. or RET.=retro, in f(ronte) p. xi r. p. xl, inser. Or. 2384; in f. p. xxxvi ret. p. xvi, ib. 4789; R. P. respublica etc., curator i. r. Vettonensium, 95; R. R. recta regione, terminauit r. r. proxim(o) cip(po) ped. cxxi, inser. Or. 5011; RET.=retiarus, 2566; ROB.=Robigalia, CIL fast. Praeu. at Apr. 25; ROG.=rogat, rog. ut (faciat), inser. Or. 4265; ROM.=Romilia (tribu), P. Caesius P. f. Rom. aedilis, 5972; C. Cluentius C. f. Rom. Proculus, 3987.

**rābīdus**, adj. mad, chiefly in poets, rābīdae tradis ouile lupae, Ov. a. a. 3, 8; canes, Plin. 29, 100; ferae, Suet. Cal. 26; but in Plin. 29, 98 Sillig has rabiosi canis; **2.** met., animi furor, Catul. 63, 38; fames, Verg. 6, 421; ira, Ov. M. 7, 413; facundia, Gell. 19, 9, 7.

**Rābīēnus**, adj. as a punning nickname of a rabid orator Labienus, Sen. controu. praef. 5.

**rābīēs**, cī, f. madness, gliscit rābīes, caue tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 26; (lupus) Qui quamquam saeuit pariter rābīeque famequo Acrior est rabie, Ov. M. 11, 369; equarum, Colum. 6, 35, 1; (cauda abrupta) rabies arceat huic generi (sc. canum), 7, 12, 14; nulli animantium rabies acrior (sc. homini), Plin. 7, 5; add 14, 116; in rabiem aguntur gustato eo canes, 7, 64; **2.** met., ludum...dicit fuisse illum alternum, Prae ut huins rabies quae dabit, Ter. Euu. 2, 3, 10; Hecubam propter animi acerbitatem quadam et rabiem fingi in canem esse couersam, Cic. Tusc. 3, 63; belli, Verg. 8, 327; caelique marisque, 5, 802; Noti, Hor. od. 1, 3, 14; ciuica, 3, 24, 26; **3.** personified, Val. F. 2, 206; **4.** rabies as gen., rabies unde illac germina surgunt, Lucr. 4, 1083; **5.** rabia, the same, Serv. A. 1, 204, whence Fr. rage; cf. gobio goujon, Dibo Dijon.

**rābīōsūlus**, adj. dim. mad, Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1.

**rābīōsus**, adj. mad, canis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 84; 5, 5, 34; homo, Capt. 3, 4, 16; canis, Plin. 29, 98; met., fortitudo, Cic. Tusc. 4, 50; nox, Petr. 96; **2.** rabiose adv. Cic. Tusc. 4, 49.

**Rābiriānus**, adj. of Rabirius, marking adoption, D. Vo-luseius Rabirianus, inser. Reuid. 1, 94.

**Rābiriūs**, adj. or sb. namo of a gens, magnique Rābiri-rius oris, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 5; add Sen. ben. 6, 3, 1.

**1 rābo**, (perh. for frabo or for-abo and so from furo) ěre, vb. rage as a madman, be mad, Sed quid oculis rābere uisa es derepente ardentibus? poet. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 66; quid rabis? Quid uis tibi? Varr. ap. Non. 40, 1; rabere se ait, Caecil. ib.; uidebis cosdem intra exiguum tempus acerrime rabere et acerrime ridere, Seu. ep. 29, 7; add Manil. 5, 207 and 224 (of the dog-star).

**2 rābo**, ōnis, m.=arrhabo, cut down in joke, Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 29.

**rābūla**, ae, m. a ranting orator, a brawler, non proclama-torem ant rabulam conquirimus, Cic. or. 1, 202; non declamatozem de ludo ant rabulam de foro quaerimus, orat. 47; gregem rabularum, Varr. ap. Non. 26, 24; add Lucil. ap. Fest. 282 a 14 M.

**rābūlāna pix**, a sort of pitch, Plin. 14, 120.

**rābūlātio**, (implying a vb. rabulor) ōnis, f. ranting, Mart. Cap. 189 G, 196, 1 Eyss.

**rābūlātus**, ūs, m. the same, rabulatu, Mart. Cap. 46 G, 51, 31 Eyss.

**rabuscūla uitis**, a sort of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 27; Plin. 14, 42.

**rācēmārius**, adj. left for gleaners, as bearing small grapes, pampinus, Colum. 3, 18, 4; pampinus r. επιφυλλis, Gloss.

**rācēmātio**, ōnis, f. grape-gleaning, Tert. Apol. 35 med.

**rācēmātus**, quasi-part. clustered, paruis paniculis, Plin. 18, 54.

**rācēmifer**, a, um, adj. bearing clusters of berries, Ov. M. 3, 666; 15, 413.

**rācēmor**, āri, vb. r. glean (grapes), met. Varr. r. 3, 9, 1.

**rācēmōsus**, adj. growing in clusters, pomum, Plin. 13, 30; superl. 14, 40.

**rācēmus**, (μαξ μάγος a berry; see fragum = E. berry; a shortened before a long penult., cf. mōlestus cūrulis mūmilla) i, m. a cluster of berries, esp. of grapes, fert uua racemos, Verg. G. 2, 60; lecti de uite racemi, Ov. a. a. 3, 703;

**2.** of other plants, poma dependent alia pediculis ut pira; alia racemis, ut uuae palmae; alia et pediculis et racemis ut hederæ sambuci, Plin. 15, 115; palma in spathis habet fructum racemis propendunt, 16, 112.

**Racilius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Racilius tribunus pl., Cic. Q. fr. 3, 6, 5; Racilia, wife of Cincinnatus, Liv. 3, 26, 9.

**rādia**, ae, f. nave of a wheel, =χοινωνικς ἡ του τροχου, Gloss.

**rādiātīlis**, e, adj. radiating, nmbra, Venant. u. S. Mart. 2, 286.

**rādiātio**, ōnis, f. emission of rays, radiation, marmoris, Plin. 36, 32; lucis, Arnob. 6, 208.

**rādiātus**, quasi-part. spoked, rota, Varr. r. 3, 5, 55;

**2.** armed with rays of light, radiating, Quiaquam (sol) tam aduerso...omine Tbebis radiatum lumen ostentas tuum? Acc. ap. Prisc. 2, 411 K; orbis, Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; in-signe diei, Lucr. 5, 700; caput, Plin. pan. 52. See radio.

**rādicesco**, ěre, vb. send out roots, take root, Sen. ep. 86, 20.

**rādic-īna**, ae, f. dim. a little root, rootlet, Pelag. Vet. 2 med.; 25 init.

**rādicītus**, adv. from the root, herbas malas r. effodito, Cato r. 50; add Colum. 6, 3, 1; (pius) r. exturbata, Catul. 64, 108; **2.** met., Omnia ualefacta nostra repperi radi-citus, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 62; r. e uita se tollit, Lucr. 3, 877; Epicurus ex animis extraxit r. religionem, Cic. N. D. 1, 121.

**rādicor**, āri, vb. r. send out roots, take root, mergi

(uitium) facile radicanter, Colum. 4, 2, 2; add Plin. 13, 36; 18, 51; 19, 99; Pall. 3, 10, 1; 3, 18, 1; 2. uet., Sidon. ep. 5, 10 f.

**radicōsus**? abounding in roots, radicesa braccia, Plin. 16, 151 (ramosa?).

**radic-ūla**, ae, f. dim. a little root, rootlet, Cic. diu. 2, 135; Colum. 4, 8, 1; 5, 5, 5; 2. a special plant, as a kind of laserpicium, = struthion, Plin. 19, 48; 24, 96;

3. another, Plin. 25, 52; 4. a radish, qui mane uomiturus est esse radiculam debet, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 23 D; add 2, 18, p. 65, 5; 2, 21, p. 67, 30; 5, 27, p. 204, 31.

**radio**, āre, vb. emit rays, as first with abl., Argenti... radiabant lumine ualuac, Ov. M. 2, 4; Vnda repercussae radiabant imagine luuae, her. 18 (17), 77; Astrobolon (a gem) radiare fulgore candido in sole, Plin. 37, 133;

2. absol., miles radiabat in armis, Prop. 4, 1, 27; felium in tenebris radiat oculi, Plin. 11, 151; 3. w. acc. and abl., aliquid aduersus ducem ausa Fortuna est, quasi prospera eius aduersis radiaret (so Halm; al. radiarctur), Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2), 30; II 4. radior, āri, vb. r., Scuta sed et galeae gemmis radiantur et auro, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 103; (templa) auro radiantur, Tac. dial. 20 f.; 5. see radiatus.

**radiōsus**, i, m. dim. a little ray (of light), solis, Amm. 28, 4 med.; 2. a kind of olive, Colum. 12, 49, 2;

3. a kind of fern, Apul. herb. 93.

**radiōsus**, adj. full of rays, sol, Pl. St. 2, 2, 41.

**radius**, ū, m. [from *ραδ-ος*, wh. is prob. from an older *rap-aβ-ος*, or rather *rap-aβ-ος*, δ being excrement; and this from *rap-ασσ-ω* aft. *ρασσ-ω* strike; so that the Lat. uer-(e)ber is of the same origin] a stick, hoc (sc. caput psittaci) cum loqui discit ferreo uerberatur radio, Plin. 10, 117; In numerum quoties radiis ferientibus ictae Respondent dociles modulato uerbere pelues, Auson. ep. 25, 24; but in Liv. 33, 5, Madv. has rami, not radii; 2. a shuttle, Insilia ac fusi, radii scapulae sonantes, Lucr. 5, 1353; Excussi manibus radii reuolutaque pensa, Verg. 9, 476; Inseritur medium radiis subtemen acutis, Ov. M. 6, 55; add 6, 132;

3. the stick used by mathematicians in drawing figures on sand, humilem homunculum a puluere et radio excitabo... Archimedes, Cic. Tusc. 5, 64; Descripsit radio totum qui gentibus orbem, Verg. B. 3, 41; caelique meatus Describeret radio (melius), A. 6, 851; 4. the spoke of a wheel, hinc radios triuere rotis, Verg. G. 2, 444; add A. 6, 616;... Axis, in hac radii fractarum parte rotarum, Ov. M. 2, 317;

5. the radius of a sphere, cuius omnis extremitas paribus a medio radiis attingitur; Cic. Tim. 6; 6. hence a ray of light, as from the sun, Exin candida se radiis dedit icta foras lux, Enn. an. 93 V; add 548; Non radii solis neque lucida tela diei, Lucr. 3, 92; add 2, 115; 5, 1104; ubi primos crastinus ortus Extulerit Titan radiisque retexerit orbem, Verg. 4, 119; add 7, 25 and 142; Ov. M. 2, 171; 7. or from a thunderbolt, Verg. 8, 429; Val. F. 6, 55; or from the eye, Gell. 5, 16, 2; 8. the spur of a bird's leg, anium quibusdam in cruribus additi radii, Plin. 11, 257; 9. the small bone or radius of the forearm, (brachium) constat ex ossibus duobus: radius quem *κερκίδα* Graeci appellant, superior breuiorque et primo tenuior, rotundo et leniter cauo capite exiguum humeri tuberculum recipit: cubitus inferior longiorque et primo plenior, Cels. 8, 1; p. 327, 12 D; again 20, 21 and 33; 10. the spike or prickle of a ray-fish, radius super caudam eminens trygonis, Plin. 9, 155; add 32, 35; 11. a long-shaped olive, Orcbades et radii et amara pausia baea, Verg. G. 2, 86; wb. see Serv.; radius maiorem, Cato r. 5, 1; add Colum. 5, 8, 4; and arb. 17, 3; 12. r. uirilis = *ιθυφαλλος*, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 14.

**radix**, icis, f. [for vor-ad-ic- and so from uor (uort-) turn, = cur wort, root; G. wurz; note the twistings of roots] root, (pulos arborum) in terram deprimito uti radieem capere possint, Cato r. 133; platanum radices xxxiiii cubitorum egisse, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Et teneram ab radice ferens, Siluane, cupressum, Verg. G. 1, 20; a radicebus subruunt arbores, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 4; 2. of special edible and medicinal roots, omnes radices, excepto sisere et pastinaca, Cels. 2, 26; 3. esp. a radish, Rapula lactucae radices, Hor. s. 2, 8, 8; add Ov. M. 8, 666; Colum. 11,

3, 18; 4. r. dulcis, glycyrrhiza of liquorice, Cels. 6, 10, p. 247, 31 D; Scrib. comp. 170; 5. r. Pontica, rhu-barb, Cels. 5, 23, p. 182, 2 D; II 6. met. first of things, te elingundam dederō usque ab radicebus, Pl. Aut. 2, 73; cordis, Curc. 2, 1, 23; saxi, Lucr. 2, 103; linguae, Ov. M. 6, 557; 7. esp. of mountains, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; 7, 69, 2; Sal. Cat. 57, 3; 8. of other than things, uera gloria radices agit, Cic. off. 2, 43; Pompeius eo robore uir, his radicebus, Att. 6, 6, 4; 9. esp. of origin or source, ea erunt ex radicebus trinis, et quae animaduerti, et quae legi, et quae audiri, Varr. r. 1, 1, 11; primigenia dicuntur uerba ut 'lego' et cetera quae non ab aliquo uerbo sed suas habent radices, l. 6, 5, p. 216 Sp.; ex isdem quibus nos radicebus natum, Cic. Sest. 50; Apollinis sc radice ortum, Plin. 35, 71; 10. gen. pl. radicum, Cbar. 124, 31; 142, 14 with Varr. ib.; but radicum, Hygin. ap. Char. ib.; Apul. mag. 31.

**rado**, si, sus, dōre, vb. scrape, Scmul radebat pedibus terram et uoce crocibat sua (sc. coruos), Pl. Aut. 4, 3, 2; quod supra terram est e matre (of the vine) radi iubet ne fruticeet, Plin. 17, 204; Rādat inaurati femur Herculis, Iuv. 13, 151; nummos aureos, Ulp. dig. 48, 10, 8; 2. shave, capite et superciliis semper est rasis, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; radi cotidie instituit Africanus, Plin. 7, 211; ut modo tonderet, modo raderet barbam, Suet. Aug. 79; 3. to shave the head was a sign of great grief, was a vow of sailors fearing shipwreck, and a custom too of slaves at manmission as though escaping a sort of shipwreck, ille faxit Iuppiter, Vt ego hodie (so T H K; mss hodie) raso capite caluos capiam pileum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 306; gaudet ibi uertice raso Garrula securi narrare pericula nauatae, Iuv. 12, 81; Regulos (on the death of Germanicus) barbam posuisse et uxorum capita rasisse ad indicium maximi luctus, Suet. Cal. 5; (cf. capita cum superciliis denudanda tonsori praebuimus... unus ex uectoribus excretus omen quod imitaretur naufragorum ultimū uotum, Petr. 103; non licere cuiquam in naue...capillos deponere uisi cum pelago uentus irascitur, 104;) in (Feroniae) templo (liberti) raso capite pileum accipiebant, Serv. A. 8, 564; (cf. qui liberi fiebant ea causa calui erant quod tempestatem seruitutis uidebantur effugere, ut uaufragio liberari solent, Non. 528, 22);

4. scratch, mulieres geas ne raduoto, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 59; amicam nolo...quae clune nudo radat, Mart. 11, 100, 3; 5. hence in poets of rivers acting on the banks, ripas radentia flumina rodunt, Lucr. 5, 256; radensque Salerni Cultra Siler, Lucan. 2, 425; 6. clear of projections, make smooth, polish, area primum radatur, Colum. 2, 19 (20), 1; rasae hastilia uirgae, Verg. G. 2, 358; rasum pumice...Martialem (i.e. a book), Mart. 1, 117, 16; galbana rasa, Iuv. 2, 97; II 7. in poets, skim (a surface), saxa Pachyni Radimus, Verg. 3, 699; Proxima Circaeae raduntur litora terrae, 7, 10; Raditur hic legis ultima meta meis, Ov. am. 3, 15, 2; Posse putes illos sicco freta radere passu, M. 10, 654; 8. met., teneras mordae radere uero Auriculas, Pers. 1, 107; palleutes radere mors, 5, 15; aures delicatas, Quint. 3, 1, 3; 9. met. polish (of style), criuina rasis Librat in antithetis, Pers. 1, 85; lima rasa recenti, Mart. 10, 2, 3.

**radūla**, ae, f. dim. a scraper, Colum. 12, 18, 5.

**ragae**? arum, f. a foreign article of dress, cod. Th. 14, 10, 3 (al. racis or braecis).

**Ragōnius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Ragonius M. f. CIL 575.

**raia**, ae, f. the fish ray, Plin. 9, 78, 144 and 161.

**Raius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Raius Sta(tii) f. Broceus, CIL 1266.

**ralliāna**, adj. as sb. f. a kind of fine dress, edict. Diocl. 21.

**rallum**, (for rād-ulum) i, n. dim. a scraper, Plin. 18, 179.

**rāmālla**, adj. u. pl. as sb. small twigs, as Multifidasque faces ramalibus arida...admodum aeno, Ov. M. 8, 644; spissatis ramalibus (on a roof) decursus imbribus erat, Sen. cp. 90, 10; Ruminalem arborem mortuis ramalibus, Tac. an. 13, 58; 2. met. Pers. 1, 97 (in the sing. ramale); 5, 59.



**rāmēnta**, ac, f. a scraping, a scrap, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 15; Rud. 4, 3, 77.  
**rāmētōsus**, adj. full of scrapings, flaky, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 40.  
**rāmētum**, i, n. a scraping, shaving, flake, ferri, Lucr. 6, 1045; Colum. 4, 29, 16; arb. 8, 4; Plin. 15, 67; 33, 66;  
**2.** r. sulphuratum, a brimstone match, Mart. 10, 3, 3;  
**3.** met. Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 29.  
**rāmēus**, adj. of branches, fragmenta, Verg. G. 4, 303.  
**rāmex**, icis, m. dim. lit. a small branch, but in Colum. 9, 1, 3 Schn. has amites; **2.** ramices, the blood-vessels of the lungs (heuce of swift running), Tua causa rupi ramices, iamdudum sputo sanguinem, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 27; Tua causa nemo nostrorum est suos rupturus ramices, Poen. 3, 1, 37; pythaulas ramices rmpit, Varr. ap. Non. 166, 13; **3.** ramices, varicose veins? Plin. 20, 142; 22, 84 and 121; **4.** heruia, esp. scrotal etc., Cels. 7, 22 tho whole c.; senex...exilis rāmīcē magno, Lucil. ap. Non. 166; add luv. 10, 205; testium uitia et ramices, Plin. 20, 251;  
**5.** inguinal hernia, inguen nonnumquau ramice impletur, Cels. 7, 18 f.; **6.** umbilical h., infantium ramici et umbilicis emiueutibus, Plin. 26, 79; add 30, 135.  
**rāmīcōsus**, adj. one suffering from hernia (or perh. varicose veins), Plin. 30, 136.  
**Ramnensēs** or Ramnes, ium, m. pl. the first of the three original trites of Rome, Ramnenses a Romulo, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 5, 55; Ramnenses ab Romulo appellati, Liv. 1, 13, 8; celsi Ramnes, Hor. A. P. 342.  
**Ramnius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Ramnius P. l. Diopant(us), CIL 571.  
**rāmōsus**, adj. full of brauches, arbor, Lucr. 5, 1096; stipes, Ov. F. 3, 751; radices, Plin. 21, 89; lappago ramosior, 26, 102; conyza mas ramosior, 21, 58; **2.** of other than plants, cornua, Verg. B. 7, 30; curalium ramosissimum, Plin. 32, 22; **3.** met. in poets, nubila, Lucr. 6, 133; Lernaea echidna, Ov. M. 9, 73; compita, Pers. 5, 34.  
**rāmūlōsus**, adj. full of branching veins, folia r. ulmo et cytiso, Plin. 16, 32.  
**rāmūlus**, i, m. dūn, a little branch, Cic. diu. 1, 123; Plin. 24, 132; 27, 111; Val. M. 2, 8, 5.  
**rāmūs**, i, m. branch, Rami bacarum ubertate incurrisere, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; in arboribus truncus rami folia, Cic. or. 3, 179; Exilit ad caelum rāmīs felicibus arbos, Verg. G. 2, 81; **2.** a branch, as a club, iacuit pulsus tria tempora rāmo, Prop. 4, 9, 15; **3.** met. first material, a summo cornu (bouis) sicut palmae rāmīque diffunduntur, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 2; Caucasi, Plin. 6, 134;=το αἰδοιον ἀρρεπικον, Nov. ap. Non. 116, 27; Prud. Symm. 1, 115;  
**4.** immaterial, ramos amputare miseriarum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 13; **5.** of a genealogical tree, Pers. 3, 28; Samii rami, of the letter T, one leading to vice, one to virtue, 3, 56; add Auson. idyll. 12, 9.  
**rāmuscūlus**, (barbarously formed) i, m. dim. Hier. ep. 133, 3; Isid. or. 9, 6; but in Plin. 20, 161 now corrected.  
**rāna**, (prob. one w. φρῶνη, Fr. gren-ouille, E. frog; and poss. w. βατραχος), ac, f. pluuias metuo, ranae euim ῥητορευουσιν, Cic. Att. 15, 16 b; Et uterem in limo ranae cecinere querellam, Verg. G. 1, 378; culices ranaeque palustres Auertunt somuos, Hor. s. 1, 5, 14; **2.** a toad, rana lurida, Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; sunt (ranae) quae iu uepribus tantum uiuont, ob id rubetarum nomine, quas Graeci phrynos uocant, grauidissimae omnium, Plin. 32, 50; ranae rubetae quarum et iu terra et in umore uita, 8, 110; **3.** the tree frog, est rana parua arborem scandens, Plin. 32, 92; **4.** supposed to be poisonous (testudinis sanguis) contra ranarum uenena auxiliatur, Plin. 32, 33; ranae rubetae uenenum, 32, 48; **5.** hence used in witchcraft, Et uncta turpis oua ranae sanguine, Hor. epod. 5, 19; turgentis ranao portenta rubetae, Prop. 3, 6, 27; **6.** also by haruspices in seeking knowledge of the future, ranarum uiscera numquam Inspexi, luv. 3, 44; **7.** of great medicinal power, as for gout, Plin. 32, 11; crysipelas, 32, 119; ear-ache, 32, 78 etc.; **8.** prov. inflat se tanquam rana, Petr. 74; cf. Hor. s. 2, 3, 314; Phaedr. 1, 24; **9.** qui fuit rana, nunc est rex, Petr. 77; **11 10.** a sea flat-fish, lophius piscatorius L., ranae marinae, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; add Plin. 9, 78 and 175;

32, 88; **III 11.** a disease of the tongue in cattle, Colum. 6, 8, 1; Veg. uct. 3, 3, 12;=βατραχος and Fr. grenouillette; see ranula.  
**rancens**, ntis, part. (impl. a vb. ranceo) becoming putrid, Lucr. 3, 719; Seren. Sam. 54, 978.  
**rancesco**, ōre, vb. become putrid, Arnob. 1, 12.  
**rancidūlus**, adj. dim. putrid, luv. 11, 135; **2.** met. of speech, affected, Pers. 1, 33; Mart. 7, 34, 7.  
**rancidus**, adj. putrid, rotten, cadauera, Lucr. 6, 1155; aprum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 89; rancidiora seligens, Apul. M. 10, 15 f.; noscuntur uenena boletorum rancido adspectu, Plin. 22, 92; **2.** of language, offensive as being affected, luv. 6, 185; Prud. περι στερφ. 10, 305; senex, Apul. M. 1, 26 f.; **3.** rancide, adv. affectedly, Gell. 18, 8, 1; 18, 11, 2.  
**Rancius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Quinctus Rancius, CIL 1008.  
**ranco**, (rauco or raceo) āre, vb. cry as a tiger, carm. Philomel. 49.  
**rancor**, ōris, m. putridity, musty smell, Pall. 1, 20, 2; 11, 10, 2; **2.** met. rancour, Hier. ep. 13, 1.  
**rānūla**, ae, f. dim. a small frog, Apul. M. 9, 34;  
**2.** an abscess under the tongue, Veg. uct. 4, 5, 1; **3.** the frog in a horse's hoof, Veg. uct. 2, 28, 31; 3, 58, 4; cf. βατραχος for all meanings.  
**rānucūlus**, i, m. dim. a little frog, Cic. diu. 1, 15 (bis); **2.** met. of the inhabitants of marshy Ulubrae, fam. 7, 18, 3.  
**rāpa**, ae, f. turnip, Colum. 11, 3, 16 and 59; Pall. 8, 2, 2; see rapum.  
**rapacia**, an error in Plin. 18, 127 for rapacia.  
**Rāpācidae**, arum, m. pl. a joking patronymic, sons of the great Langfanger, Rapacidum (Rapacidarum mss and cdd. agst metre) ubi tantum siet in aedibus, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 8.  
**rāpācitas**, ātis, f. habit of robbing, rapacity, Cic. Cael. 13; Mart. 6, 72, 1; Iustin. 38, 7, 8.  
**rāpax**, ācis, adj. given to robbing, rapacious, rāpax auarus inuidus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 7; Vos scelesti uos rapaces uos praedones, Men. 5, 7, 26; add 4, 2, 13; Pers. 3, 3, 6; olim furunculus nunc rapax, Cic. Pis. 66; furem aut rapacem, Verr. 2, 3, 2; lupi, Hor. od. 4, 4, 50; (ungues) hominibus lati, rapacibus (beasts and birds of prey) unci, Plin. 11, 247; **2.** met., Europam Libyamque rapax ubi diuidit unda, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 45; fluiui, Lucr. 1, 17; rapacior procella, Catul. 25, 4; Orcus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 30; ignis, Ov. M. 8, 837; chryseletrum rapacissimum ignium (ready to take fire), Plin. 37, 51; **3.** dens r., an incisor tooth, iumentum (dentes) habet molares xxiv, caninos iv, rapaces xii, Veg. uct. 6, 1, 1; **4.** title of the 21st legion, C. Vibius C. f. Vel. Publilianns tribunus leg. xxi Rapaces, inscr. Or. 1549; add 3341 etc.; Rapaces atque Italici omnibus se manipulis miscerant, Tac. hist. 3, 22.  
**rāphāninus**, adj. of radishes, oleum, Plin. 23, 94.  
**rāphānitis**, Idis, adj. f. as sb. a kind of Iris, Plin. 21, 41.  
**rāphānos**, or -us, i, m. or f. radish, Cato r. 35, 2; Colum. 11, 3, 47 and 59; Plin. 19, 80 and 83; 20, 22; in Pall. 9, 5, 3 inimicam\* or inimicum; **2.** raphanos agria\*, a kind of radish, Plin. 26, 72.  
**rāpic-ius**, (rapum) adj. of turnips, coles (turnip tops), Cato r. 35, 2; semen, 134, 1; **2.** rapicia as sb. n. pl. turnip-tops, Plin. 18, 127.  
**rāpiditas**, ātis, f. tendency to carry away, rapidity, fluminis, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 2; b. c. 1, 62, 2.  
**rāpidūlus**, adj. dim. rapid, quo stertore (so Bradshaw cj.; ms terrore) et rapiduli sonitus raucitate, Mart. Cap. 270 G, p. 297, 9 Elyss.  
**rāpidus**, adj. given to robbing, rapacious, leones, Lucr. 4, 712 (al. by cj. rabidi); ferae, Ov. her. 10, 96; Vt uolucris uisus rapidissima milnus rapis, M. 2, 716; **2.** met. w. added notion of swiftness, rapid, esp. of water in motion, rus ut ibat...Ingressus fluuium rapidum...Rapidos raptori ueris subduxit pedes, Pl. Men. prol. 64; rapidas undas Inachi, Acc. ap. Non. 192, 4; turbo, Lucr. 6, 668; rapidissimum flumen, Caes. b. c. 1, 50, 3; torrens, Verg. 2, 305; mare, Tib. 1, 2, 40; rapidior nnda, Curt. 4, 9, 18; **3.** of wind, neuti, Verg. 6, 75; procellae, Prop. 2, 16, 45; **4.** of fire, destructive, ignis, Verg. G. 4, 263; Sirius, 4, 425; sol,

1, 92 and 424; aestus, B. 2, 10; 5. gen. rapid, swift, passus, Verg. 7, 156; manus, 8, 442; currus, 12, 478; rapido qui uehit axe diem, Ov. F. 3, 518; agmen, Tac. h. 2, 30; uenenum, an. 12, 67; 6. met., eum fertur quasi torrens oratio, quamuis multa rapiat..., nusquam orationem rapidam coereas, Cic. fin. 2, 3; rapidus consilii, Liv. 22, 12, 11.

1 **rāpina**, adj. f. as sb., turuip field, rapinae per hos dies finit, Colum. 11, 2, 71; 2. turnips, rapinam lupinumque serito, Cato r. 5, 8; add 35, 2; ibi...omnes cum rapinis acceperunt, inser. Mar. fr. aru. 41, 30.

2 **rāpina**, ae, f. robbery, rapine, nihil cogitant nisi rapinas, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; rapinas scribis ad Opis fieri, Att. 14, 14; hostem rapinis prohibere, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 4; furta rapinae, Marc. dig. 35, 2, 30; 3. carrying off a woman, rape, (Proserpinae) Ov. M. 10, 28; (Helena) a. a. 3, 760; 3. met., terrae tris partis abstulit caelum, Oceani rapina in incerto este, robbery from use by man, Plin. 2, 172; necant inter se arbores densitate atque alimenti rapina, 17, 239.

**rāpinātio**, ōnis (implies a vb. rāpiuo or rapinor), f. robbery, rapine, inde tibi istos equites, nam illi solent maximas rapinationes facere, laug. of a shepherd, Aurel. ad Front. 2, 12.

**rāpinātor**, ōnis (id.), m. robber, Varr. ap. Non. 167, 20. See rapister.

**rāpio**, (for hār-āp-io, cf. ἀρ(α)παζω, ἀρ(α)παλεος; root har, prob. =gar of E. gr-asp, gr-ab, gr-apple; rap=E. rob) ēre, ui, tus, vb. quod nequ(i)ter tang(i), tantum fas habent, Quo manus apstineant; ceterā rape trahe fug(e) late, Pl. Triu. 2, 2, 12 (partly altered by THK); seize, snatch, arma rapiebant, Liv. 10, 20, 12; arma rapiunt, Tac. an. 2, 19; 2. met., seize, Viue Vlixes dum licet: Oculis postremum lumen radiatum rape, poet. ap. Cic. or. 3, 162; rapiamus amici Occasiouem, Hor. epod. 13, 3; Admotam rapiunt niuacia sulfura flammam, Ov. M. 3, 374;

3. hence carry off or away rapidly and irresistibly, hurry away, ui atque inuitam ingratiis, Nisi uoluntate ibis, rapiam te domum, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 40; Ducite istum: si non sequitur, rapite sublimem foras, 5, 1, 1; sublimem hunc intro rape quantum potest, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 20; rapit in ius, Hor. s. 1, 9, 77; quattuor hinc rapimur nigniti et milia radcis, 1, 5, 86; missos rapit ungula currus, 1, 1, 114; Aeueau...Nube caua rapui, Verg. 5, 810; Turnoque ferocis Mille rapit populos, 7, 725; per hoc spatium cum legiones duceres, seu potius (tanta uelocitas erat) raperes, Plin. pan. 14; expeditum exercitum in Chattos rapuit, Tac. an. 1, 56;

4. met., amentia rapior ferorque, Acc. ap. Non. 503, 7; rapimur in errorem, Cic. leg. 2, 43; cum Caesar amentia raperetur, fam. 16, 12, 2; Furone caecos an rapit uis acrior? Hor. epod. 7, 13; 5. esp. carry off by robbery, rob, Minus iam furtifus sum quam autehae. Quid ita? Rapio propalam, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 10; erat ei uiucudum latronum ritu, ut tantum haberet quantum rapere potuisset, Cic. Phil. 2, 62; spes rapiendi atque praedandi, 4, 9;

6. in war, not called robbery, plunder, tum res rapuisse licebit, Verg. 10, 14; 7. hence, lay waste by plundering, clear of all that is valuable, harry, rapi Armeniam adlatum est, Tac. au. 13, 6; raptas domos, Stat. Ach. 1, 152;

8. carry off (women) and so ravish, nec rapi ad stuprum uirgines uidebo, Liv. 26, 13, 15; multitudo puerorum iam est ex raptabus, Gellius (historian) as quoted by Char. 54, 14 K; amat Proserpina raptas, Mart. 12, 52, 13; Proserpium rapuit, Arnob. 5, 37; 9. interpret in a violent manner, put a forced construction upon, sensit scripturam suam... aduersarios Rapero in peiorem partem, Ter. Ad. prol. 3; consilium meum rapereut in contrariam partem, Pollio ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 2; 10. of eager purchasers of books, snatch up, carry off, exemplaria certatim rapiebantur, Hier. ep. 57, 2; cum liber certatim raperetur, exultautes librariorum uidi, Sulpic. Sev. dial. 1, 23; cf. diripior; 11. raptum, part. n. as sb., but only in abl., what is obtained by robbery or plunder, raptu uiuere, Liv. 7, 25, 13; Verg. 7, 749; Ov. tr. 5, 10, 16; Sen. ep. 70, 28; 121, 18; Viuitur ex raptu, Ov. M. 1, 144; ad exercitum tenendum raptu utebatur, Vell. 2, 73, 3; 12. rapsit as a fut. perf. (not for

rapiuit), cf. faxit; sacrum qui clepsit rapsitue, parricida esto, xii tabb. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 22; 13. uote f. abl. pl. raptabus above § 8, like malubus.

**rāpister**, (or rapaster?) tri, m. dim. a little robber, -- homo impuratus et impuno atque (so THK hy cj.; miss est; L. Müller estque) rapister, Lucil. ap. Non. 129, 27.

**rāpistrum**, i, n. a wild turnip, Colum. 9, 4, 5.

**rāpo**, ōnis, m. a robber, Varr. ap. Non. 26, 29.

**rāpsātus**, (implying a vb. rapso)=raptatus, inser. Or. 4859.

**raptim**, adv. by snatches, non ludunt raptim pila, Nov. ap. Non. 96, 20; 2. hurriedly, haec scripsi raptim, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 1; add dom. 139; aguntur omnia raptim atque turbate, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 1; exercitu r. ducto, Liv. 5, 37, 7.

**raptio**, ōnis, f. carrying off, rape, Ctesiphonem...Vna fuisse in raptione cum Aeschine, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 2; Helena, Auson. perioch. II. pr.; Proserpinae, Arnob. 5, 37.

**raptiō**, vb. frq. sanctioned by Gell. 9, 6, 3.

**rapto**, āre, vb. frq. seize violently, handle violently, Quid me afflictas? Quid me raptas? Qua me causa uerberas? Pl. Aul. 4, 3, 5; euersa domus, dissipati liberi, raptata uxor, Cic. Sest. 145; 2. drag along violently, hurry away, Vidi...Heetōrem curru quadriуго raptarier, Enn.? ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 105; add Enn.? ap. Cic. diu. 1, 40; Phac-thonta rapax uis solis equorum Aethere raptauit toto, Lucr. 5, 398; add 1, 279; Ter circum Iliacos raptauerat Hectora muros, Verg. 1, 483; add 2, 272; legiones luce atque illic, b. Afr. 73, 4; nos ad ostia Ponti Raptat iter, Val. F. 2, 576;

3. plunder, lay waste, devastate, Africam, Tac. an. 4, 23; raptare inter se, 12, 54; Vt quum possessas audis uictoribus arces (urbes?) Dux raptare dedit, Stat. Th. 6, 115; 4. met., Ita me amor...ludificat...raptat retinet, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9.

**raptor**, ōnis, m. one who carries off, and so may be a robber, panis et peni, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 23; hostium, Epid. 2, 2, 115; lupi, Verg. 2, 356; Ov. M. 10, 540; Cacus, Prop. 4, 9, 9; ferus, Colum. 7, 12, 9; furibus raptoribus receptoribus, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 1; 2. esp. one who carries off women stupri causa, ravisher, Tityosque raptor, Hor. od. 4, 6, 2; add Ov. a. a. 1, 680; Prop. 3, 22, 4; Mart. 12, 52, 7; adulter raptor homicida, Th. cod. 9, 38, 3; 3. met., Italiae libertatis, Vell. 2, 27, 2; alieni honoris, Ov. M. 8, 438; ferri (magnet), Aug. c. D. 21, 4.

**raptōrius**, adj. for extracting, instrumentum, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 88 p. 464.

**raptrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who carries off, aquila, Hieron. chron.

**raptus**, ūs, m. violent seizure or removal, lacerata est raptu, Ov. M. 3, 722; incitatos runcinae raptūs, Plin. 16, 225; materiae ad intestina, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 8, 91; nernorum—spasm—ib. 3, 15, 117; add tard. 3, 8, 151; eueurbitarum—cupping—id. acut. 1, 11, 79; 2. robbery, plundering, Tac. an. 2, 52; 15, 38 f.; 3. carrying off of women etc. rape, uirginis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; Ov. F. 4, 417; 4. absol. rape, Tac. an. 6, 7 f.; h. 2, 73; raptus erimen legis Iuliae de adulteris potestatem excedit, Marc. dig. 48, 6, 5, 2; stuprum uel raptus uel adulterium, Th. cod. 9, 2, 5.

**rāpūlum**, i, n. a small turnip, Hor. s. 2, 2, 43; 2, 8, 8.

**rāpum**, i, n. turnip, Varr. r. 1, 59, 4; Colum. 2, 10, 22 and 23; Plin. 10, 78; 18, 131 etc.; see rapa.

**rārē**, see rarus.

**rārēfācio**, ēre, fēci, factus, vb. make thin or rare, rarefy, Lucr. 6, 870 and diuisim, 6, 233; cf. facit are, Lucr. 6, 962; add 2, 1139; 3, 442.

**rārēfio**, ēri, vb. become thin or rare, Lucr. 1, 648.

**rārēnter**, (implies a part. rarens and a vb. rareo=rare) adv. rarely, seldom, dato (amuream) r. bibere conmixtam cum aqua, Cato r. 103; add Liv. Enn. Caecil. Nov. ap. Non. 515, 26; Pompon. ib. 164, 26; Gell. 10, 15, 3; 17, 8, 8; Apul. flor. 8 and 17; but not Cic. as misstated on authority of Char. 217 K.

**rāresco**, ēre, vb. become thin or rare, Lucr. 6, 513; Colum. 3, 16, 3; Plin. 11., 231; Tac. Germ. 30; nubila ucutis, Lucr. 6, 513; umor ab aestu, 6, 875; claustra Pe-



lori, Verg. 3, 411, cf. raritas § 2; interitu seminum cetera quo nirent rarefcunt, Colum. 3, 16, 3; lanae, Plin. 11, 231; colles, Tac. Germ. 30; miles, Sil. 17, 423—ranks are thinned; 2. sonitus—gets faint, Prop. 3, 15, 33.

**rāripūbus**, adj. thin-haired, pecus, Colum. 1 pr. 26.

**rāritās**, ātis, f. looseness of texture, opp. to density, sponginess, thinness, fewness, rarity, in pulmonibus inest raritas quaedam et adsimilis spongiis mollitudo, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; modo multitudo (of stars)...modo raritas, Plin. 2, 80; superciliorum, 28, 163; exemplorum, 7, 58; equi (Bucephali), 8, 64; add 12, 43; Cels. 7, 14 init.; 2. an opening or chink, nec pontis transeunt asini per raritatem eorum translucentibus fluminis, Plin. 8, 169; per raritatem dentium, 11, 3; 3. pl. in Gell. 3, 16, 9.

**rāritūdo**, inis, f. looseness of texture, rete dictum a raritudine, Varr. 1, 5, 29; mediocri raritudine terra, Colum. arb. 3, 7.

**rārō**, see rarus.

**rārus**, (prob. for ar-arus, in suffix=au-arus; and so akin to *ap-arus*; cf. Welsh *gwas-arnu*, *gwas-garu* to strew) adj. widely scattered, far apart, uides habitari in terra raris in locis, Cic. rep. 6, 20; accedebat huc ut nunquam conferti sed rari magnisque interuallis proeliarentur, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 4; ipsi ex siluis rari propugnabant, 5, 9, 6; rari in confertos illati, Liv. 23, 27, 6; dextra pars qua Samnites raris ordinibus constiterant, latius patefacta stetit; (sinistri) confertiores steterant, 9, 27, 8; Apparent rari nantes in gurgite uasto, Verg. 1, 118; rara manus (with fingers apart), Quint. 11, 3, 103; 2. loose in texture, thin, textura praedita rara, Lucr. 4, 195; rariae perplexa foramina linguae (full of pores), 621; rarior aer, 6, 1024; Rara sit an supra morem si densa requires, Densa magis Cereri, rarissima quacque Lyaeo, Verg. G. 2, 227; Qua rara est acies interlucetque corona Non tam spissa uiris, A. 9, 508; retia rara, 4, 131; Hor. epod. 2, 33; uitio parentum Rara iuuentus, od. 1, 2, 24; albam raramque comam, Ov. am. 1, 8, 111; 3. in time, seldom occurring, rare, Si raras noctes ducit, ab animo perit, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 28; rarus genus et quidem omnia praeclara rara, Cic. am. 79; Tu mihi, quod rarus est, uiuo subline dedisti Nomen, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 121; rari sint imbres (in Aegyptio), Colum. 2, 11, 3; 4. rare in merit, Rara quidem facie, sed rarior arte canendi, Ov. M. 14, 337; iuuenis rarissime, Pont. 2, 3, 55; II 5. adv. raro, seldom, rarely, prodest raro, nocet saepissime, Cic. N. D. 3, 69; rarius quam tu expectabis, fam. 1, 7, 1; rarissime, Colum. 5, 5, 7;

6. thiuily, sata, Colum. 2, 9, 5; rarius tenui uimine contextus saccus, 9, 15, 12; 7. rarē in old writers, seldom, rarely, Verum (uidulus piscis) rarē (raro Fleck.) capitur: nullus minus saepe ad terram uenit, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 56; a rarus non dicitur rare; sed alii raro dicunt, alii rarenter, Varr. ap. Gell. 2, 25, 8; yet Charis. 217, 8: rare Cicero (dub.) pro raro. Catonem quoque ita locutum. Sed et Plautus: Verum raro capitur.

**rāsāmen**, inis, n. scraping, shaving, Marc. Emp. 1 med.

**rāsilis**, e, adj. that may be shaved or polished, torno rasile buxum, Verg. G. 2, 449; 2. polished, smooth, foris, Catul. 61, 168; fibula, Ov. M. 8, 318; Stat. Th. 7, 658; calathi, Ov. her. 9, 76; argentum, Vell. 2, 56, 2; hasta, Sil. 4, 176; 3. palmes r. barked, Plin. 17, 206.

**rasis**, is, f. pitch or resin, Colum. 12, 20, 6; add a gloss on *pix liquida* in Veg. uet. 1, 13, 3; =It. *rasa*.

**rāsio**, āre, vb. frq. shave, Suet. Otho 12; Gell. 3, 4, 3.

**rāsor**, ōris, m. a scraper, a name for a fiddler, Paul. ex F. 275 M.

**rasta**, ae, f. a German mile, Hieron. Joel 3, 18;

2. cf. Go. *rasta*, Slav. *werst*.

**rastelli**, ōrum, m. pl. dim. a little rake, stipulam rastellis eradi, Varr. r. 1, 49, 1; ab rasu rastelli, l. 5, 31; medica obruitur non aratro sed lignis rastellis, Colum. 2, 12, 6; 2. in later lang. rastellus, i, the same, Suet. Nero 19.

**rastrārius**, adj. of a rake, Hypobolimaera rastraria, a comedy of Caccilius, ap. Non. v. lactare, 16, 20; 176, 8 etc.

**rastri**, ōrum, m. pl. a rake (as containing more than one tooth), rastros quadridentes ii, Cato r. 10, 3; 11, 4;

rastros dentiferos, Enn. ap. Non. 66, 27; istos rastros uilico...facito ut tradas in manum, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 6; at istos rastros interea tamen Appone: ne labora, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 40; mihi illuc (so THK cj.; *ms* ille on erasure A, illeac C D E) uero ad rastros res reddit, 5, 1, 58; rastri quibus dentatis eradunt terram, Varr. l. 5, 31; rastris glaebas qui frangit inertis, Verg. G. 1, 94; Iam rigidos pectis rastris, Polypheme, capillos, Ov. M. 13, 765; ligneis rastris, Colum. 2, 10, 27; 2. in later writers rastrum, i, n. a rake, fodientem et altius rastrum adleuantem, Sen. dial. 4, 25, 2; occatio sequitur crato uel raistro, Plin. 18, 180.

**rāsūra**, ae, f. scraping, (calami) Colum. 4, 29, 9; gulao (in pronunciation of aspirates), Hier. ep. Paul. ad Tit. 2, 9;

2. shaving, barbae capitisque luctus indicium, Hier. Isai. 5, 15, 2; 3. a shaving, rasuras eboris, Veg. uet. 1, 10, 6; add 6, 8, 8.

**rāsūs**, ūis, m. scraping, Varr. l. 5, 31.

**rātārius**, or rātārius, adj. of rafts, hence ratariae -arum as sb. f. pl. (sc. naues) rafts, Gell. 10, 25, 5; ratariae the same, Serv. A. 1, 47; 2. ratiarius, ii, as sb. m. a raft-owner, ratiario crederat, Paul. dig. 14, 7, 30; Deo Siluano pro salute ratiarior(um), inscr. Or. 276.

**rātihābitio**, ōnis, f. ratification, adoption of another's act as one's own, Ulp. dig. 3, 40, 3; 3, 5, 5, 11 (6), 9; Paul. 29, 2, 48; and diuisioni: rati enim habitio, Ulp. 46, 3, 12, 4; Paul. 37, 1, 16.

**rātio**, ōnis, f. [reor, wh. see] reckoning, calculation, account, (de) eis agris ita rationem iui(t)o, CIL 200, 59; Itur, putatur ratio cum argentario, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 53; Bene igitur ratio accepti atque expensi inter nos conuenit, Most. 1, 3, 146; Quod ego defraudauit? Em istaec ratio maxumast, Trin. 2, 4, 11; rationes putare argentariam, frumentariam, pabuli causa quae parata sunt, rationem unariam, oleariam quid uenierit, quid exactum siet, quid reliquum siet, quid siet quod uceat, Cato r. 2, 5; ne tu summam rationem putes, Afr. 79 R; uenit in fundum, rationes a colono accepit, Cic. Caecin. 94; (dicebatur) accepisse a Cluentio HS ecce. Cuius erat ordinis? Senatorii. A senatore ratio repeti solet, Clu. 104; cedo rationem carceris quae diligentissime conficitur, quo quisque die datus in custodiam, quo mortuus, quo necatus sit, Verr. 2, 5, 147; cum horum omnium ratio haberetur, ad duorum milium numero ex Pompeianis cecidisse reperiēbamus, Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 1; Romani pueri longis rationibus assem discunt in partes centum diducere, Hor. A. P. 325; 2. met., Numquam ita quisquam bene subducta ratione ad uitam fuit, Quin... Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 1; uihil est quod minus fereudum sit quam rationem ab altero uitae reposeo eum qui non possit suae reddere, Cic. Caecil. 27; opera danda est ut .. semper ita uiuamus ut rationem reddendam nobis arbitremur, Verr. 2, 2, 28; hoc est nimis exigue ad calculos uocare amicitiam ut par sit ratio acceptorum et datorum, am. 58; 3. esp. rationem habeo, dno, keep an account, take account (of), take into account, provide for, qui eorum quibuscum est uel dignitatis uel commodi rationem non habet, Cic. or. 2, 17; sit hoc persuasum...deos...pio-rum et impiorum habere rationem, leg. 2, 15; non laborat de pecunia, non ullius rationem sui commodi ducit, Rose. Am. 128; iste nouus astrologus qui non tam caeli rationem quam caelati argenti duceret, Verr. 2, 2, 129; sauciorum modo et agrorum habita ratione, Caes. b. c. 3, 75, 1;

4. cum aliquo rationem habeo, pono, keep an account with, have dealings with, cum hac aliquid adolescentem hominem habuisse rationis num tibi perturpe esse uideatur, Cic. Cael. 50; habent rationem cum terra (agricolae), sen. 51; cum omnibus Misis rationem habere cogito, Att. 2, 5, 2; ubi ratio cum Orco habetur, ibi nouo modo fructus est incertus, sed etiam colentium uita, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; ubi sit eum Orco ratio ponenda, ibi... Colum. 1, 3, 2;

5. thus we find: pono r. set down, § 4 and Sen. ep. 87, 5; infero r. enter, Cic. Flac. 20; semen rationibus infero, Colum. 1, 7, 7; habeo r. keep account of, § 3; subduco r. add up, § 2; puto r. calculate, § 1; conficio make up, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 2 (bis); repeto call for, § 1; in eo go into, Cato r. 2, 1; Cic. N. D. 3, 71; refero reddo gero in, make a return of, §§ 2, 3; add: Quattuor miuae perierunt plane ut



ratio redditur, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 23; rationibus non relatis, Cic. opt. g. or. 20; add fam. 5, 20 saepe; confere compare, Att. 5, 21, 12; constat ratio, is well established, is clearly made out, auri ratio constat, aurum in aerario est, Flac. 69; Plin. ep. 2, 4, 4; pan. 38; Iustin. pr. f.; 6. a rationibus, accountant to an emperor, L. Mumius Achaicus...a rat. D(ini) Caes(aris), inser. Or. 3567; Antemo Ti. Caesaris Aug. I a ratiouis (rationib. for rationibus?), 2930; Callisthenes...a r(ationibus) cel(iae), 2891; 7. rationes allicuius, his interests, me ad eius rationes adiungo quem tu in meis rationibus tibi esse adiungendum putasti, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 2; si meas rationes nmquam uestrae salutis anteposuissem, Cic. ? ad Quir. post red. 1; fac consideres quid tuae rationes postulent, Sal. Cat. 44, 5; 8. beyond the sphere of numbers, calculation, forethought, quibus in rebus temeritas et casus, non ratio nec consilium ualet, Cic. diu. 2, 85; Ariouistum (Gallos) magis ratione et consilio quam uirtute uicisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 8; ut agentem te ratio ducat non fortuna, Liv. 22, 39, 21; 9. the reasoning faculty, reason, duplex est uis animorum; una pars in appetitu sita est quae... altera in ratione quae docet quid faciendum fugiendumque sit, Cic. off. 1, 101; ita afflicendum est (corpus) ut obediendo consilio rationique possit, 1, 79; 10. with a gen. or other defining word, reason, rationale, ground, si mei consilii causam rationemque cognouerit, quod facio probabit, Cic. Caecl. 1; ad eam sententiam cum reliquis causis haec quoque ratio eos deduxit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 5; 11. theory, science, system (of knowledge), principes, Improbata nauigii ratio tum caeca iacebat, Lucr. 5, 1006 (if genuine); erit haec formula Stoicorum ratioui disciplinaeque consentanea, Cic. off. 3, 20; qui primi Platonis rationem auctoritatemque susceperant, acad. post. 34; musicae rationis studiosi, Colum. 1 pr. 3; 12. a plan, method, way, sic (so A) hanc rationem institi (so Ritschl, *ms* instite or iustit), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 198; hoc aditu laudis uitae meae rationes prohibuerunt, Cic. Man. 1; quorum operum haec erat ratio, Caes. b. e. 1, 25, 5; eadem ratione qua pridie ab nostris resistitur, b. g. 5, 40, 3; 13. what calls for an exercise of the reason, business, transactions, quae domi gerenda sunt ea per Caecilium transiguntur; fori iudicique rationem M. Messalam suscepit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 149; haec res non solum ex domestica est ratione (attingit etiam bellicam), sed etiam..., off. 1, 76; 14. in aliquam rationem loqui etc. in support of a view or plan (cf. in eandem sententiam), haec cum omnes sentirent et cum in eam rationem pro suo quisque dolore loqueretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 69; epistolis in eandem rationem scriptis, Att. 1, 11, 1; 15. ratione or cum ratione as an adv., quod domi te inclusisti ratione fecisti, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 3; Existima modo et ratione omnia Romae Naeuum fecisse, Quinct. 28; 16. ratio est, it is right, reasonable, ironiam alterius nulla fuit ratio persequi, Cic. acad. pr. 74; suadebant nullam esse rationem amittere eiusmodi occasionem, Caecin. 15; minari diuisoribus ratio non erat, Verr. 1, 24; confectum inedia hostem prorure ratio fuit, Tac. h. 3, 22; and like this: tenuissimo solo uitarium facere minime rationis est, Colum. 3, 5, 3; ratio for rac-io, as reor must have had for its theme re=our reek and reck-on; as ratio: Fr. saison our season, so ratio: raison reason.

**ratiocinabiliter?** in Maer. somn. Sc. 2, 11, 17; Jan has rationabiliter, wh. see s.v. rationabilis.

**ratiocinatio**, ōnis, f. calculation, architecti scientia nascitur e fabrica et ratiocinatione: fabrica est usus meditatio..., r. quae res fabricatas sollertia, ratio proportionis demonstrare potest, Vitruv. 1, 1, 1; 2. reasoning, r. est diligens faciendi aut non faciendi exogitatio, Cic. inu. 2, 18; r. est per quam rationem poscimus, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 23; add Quint. 3, 6, 15; 5, 14, 5; 8, 4, 15 and 16; Apul. mag. 16 and 53.

**ratiocinātus**, adj. of calculation or reasoning, Cic. inu. 1, 17; Quint. 3, 6, 46; 5, 10, 6; 7, 1, 60; 7, 8, 3; conuentiones as quamobrem igitur, Diom. 416, 9.

**ratiocinātor**, ōris, m. accountant, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 2; Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 5, 16; met., Cic. off. 1, 59.

**ratiocinūm**, ii, n. calculation, Colum. 1, 5, 13; 5, 2, 6.

**ratiocinor**, āri, vb. r. calculate, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; inu. 2,

115; 2. met., reason, infer, si recte ratiocinabimur, uni accepta referemus Antonio, Cic. Phil. 2, 55; add Verr. 1, 20; inu. 2, 61; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 35; Apul. M. 1, 24.

**ratiōnābilis**, e, adj. capable of reasoning, rational, natura, Sen. dial. 7, 13, 5; but in Quint. 5, 11, 35 ratiōnabilis; 2. reasonable, rational, sententia, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 2, 3; causa, Marc. 41, 2, 20; magis ratiōnabile, Pompon. 50, 16, 122; ratiōnabilis, 45, 3, 37; 3. ratiōnabiliter adv. reasonably, eod. Th. 11, 8, 3, 1; 15, 1, 41.

**ratiōnābilitas**, ātis, f. power of reasoning, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 14.

**ratiōnālis**, e, adj. of accounts, litterae, inser. Or. 39; officinm, eod. Th. 11, 30, 8, 1; 2. as sb. m. accountant, ratiōnalis s(acrarum) r(emunerationum), inser. Or. 1090; add inser. Fabr. 101, 233; Donat. 7, 179; Th. cod. 11, 39, 28 and 41; Lampr. Al. Sever. 45, 6; 46, 5; Capitol. Gord. 7, 2; imp. Commod. ap. Capitol. Clod. Alb. 2, 4;

3. rationalia account-books? for pass. in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 1, 3 dub.; II 4. capable of reasoning, rational, animal, Quint. 5, 10, 56; 7, 3, 24; 5. founded on or dealing with reason, reasonable, rational, disciplina, Cels. 1 pr. p. 2, 28 D; causa, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 18; pars philosophiae, Sen. ep. 89, 15; add 102, 4; 71, 27; 6. ratiōnālīter adv. by reasoning, Sen. ep. 109, 11.

**ratiōnālitas**, ātis, f. power of reasoning, reason, Tert. anim. 38 f.

**ratiōnātor**, ōris, m. accountant, not. Tir. 69.

**rātia** or rates\* (perh. for er-atis, and so akin to ερ-εσω), is, f. perh. orig. an oar, eodem nomine (rates) significarunt etiam (remos), Fest. 273 b 27 M; 2. a raft, id (flumen) ratibus ac lintribus uictis transibant, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; nauibus iunctis ratibusque compluribus factis alii, alii uadis..., 1, 8, 4; add 6, 35, 6; rates duplices quoquoersus pedum xxx, b. e. 1, 25, 6; rates fabricatae in quibus equi uirique...traicerentur, Liv. 21, 27, 5; ratem unam et longam pedes, l latam...lumo constrauerunt. Altera ratis aequae lata, longa pedes...huic copulata est, 21, 28, 7; ratibus aut nauibus accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 5; utrum rati in piscatorio nauigio, Cael. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 41; uae primus in Graeciam Danaus aduenit, antea ratibus nauigabatur, Plin. 7, 206; cxl (elephanti) trauecti ratibus, 8, 16; add 12, 87; si nemo plus effecisset eo quem sequebatur..., ratibus adhuc nauigaremus, Quint. 10, 2, 7; de exercitoribus ratium nihil cauetur, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 4; in fluuio nauem ratem agere, 43, 14, 1; 3. in poets, for a ship, a bark, Caeruleum spumant mare conferta rātē pulsum, Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26, 21; mox refecit ratis Quassas, Hor. od. 1, 1, 17; in impiam Aiace ratem, epod. 10, 14; pandas ratibus posuere carinas, Verg. G. 2, 445; 4. mark on smaller coins, uota aeris fuit...ex altera parte rostrum nauis, in triente uero et quadrante rates\*, Plin. 33, 45; 5. rates\* as nom. sanctioned by Prob. 29, 10 K.

**rātītus**, quasi-part. marked with a ratis, ratitum quadrantem quod in eo et triente ratis fuerit effigies, ut nauis in asse, Fest. 274 a 16; quadrantem ratitum, Lucil. ib.; triens ratitus, Anton. ib.

**rātiuncūla**, ae, f. dim. a little account, subdixi ratiunculam quantum aeris mihi sit, Pl. Curc. 3, 1; add Capt. 1, 2, 89; erat ei de ratiuncula...aput me relicuom pauxillulum Nummorum, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 2; 2. reason, contentiously, leuis ratiunculas corum qui ita cogitarent, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; huic incredibili sententiae ratiunculas suggerit, N. D. 3, 73.

**rātō**, adv. see ratis.

**Ratumenna**, porta, a gato at Rome, named after an Etruscan charioteer, Plin. 8, 161; Fest. 274 b 9 M.

**rātus**, part. of reor with act. sense having calculated and so thinking, see reor § 6; 2. as a pass. or adj. calculated, reduced to figures, and so certain, fixed, pro firmo certo ponitur ratus et ratum. Ennius: Occiduntur, ubi potitur ratus Romulus praedam, ap. Fest. 274 b 2 M; Scire ratosne habeant an uanos pectoris orns, Cic. poet. ap. diu. 2, 63; eorumque (sc. astrorum) ratos inmutabilesque cursus, N. D. 2, 95; 3. esp. of laws, decrees etc., ratified, and so valid, d(e) ea re quod ita iudicium datum iudicare iussum iudicatumque erit, ius ratumque esto, CIL



205, 1, 20; add 1, 2; neuc quis interced(i)to neuc quid facito quo minus ea rata sint, CIL 206, 163; ita id (sc. focdus) ratum fore si populus censuisset, Liv. 21, 19, 3; Dixerat, idquē rātem Stygii per flumina fratris...Annuit, Verg. 9, 104; Efficiatque ratas utraque diua preces, Ov. F. 1, 696; spes iubet esse ratas (sc. ebrietas), Hor. ep. 1, 5, 17; 4. pro rata parte, portione, in the fixed or usual ratio, proportionally, rateably, militibus...pollicetur quaterna in singulos iugera et pro rata parte centurionibus cuoatisque, Caes. b. c. 1, 17 f.; L. Prudentem quaeris?...est tibi ex eis ipsis qui adsunt bella copia. S. Atque utinam ex omni senatu pro rata parte esset! Cic. rep. 2, 67; add 6, 18; x partem apibus relinquī placet si plenae fuerint alui, si minus pro rata portione, Plin. 11, 40; 5. pro rata alone, pediti in singulos dati (denarii) centeni, duplex (centurioni triplex) equiti. (Alterum) tantum pediti daturum fuisse credunt et pro rata aliis, si..., Liv. 45, 40, 5; dig. passim; 6. superl. beneficia ratissima atque gratissima, Cato orat. 42, 3 I; cf. for alliteration, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 1; II 7. rato adv. surely, Tert. anim. 35; ad ux. 2, 9.

**rāuastellus**, (al. rāuist.) adj. dim. [implies a dim. rāuaster from rāuis] little grey-eyed, Sed haec quis est muliercula et ille rāuastellus (so A) qui venit (so mss, v. Paul. ex F. 272 M, aduenit, Parl. ib. 96)? Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 14. See grauastellus.

**rauca**, ae, f. a kind of worm, in radice quercus nascuntur, Plin. 17, 130; si raucis segetes corruptae sint, Ulp. 19, 2, 15, 2.

**raucēdo**, inis, f. hoarseness, Isid. or. 4, 7.

**raucīdūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat hoarse, Hier. ep. 14, 2. **raucio**, ire, rausi, rausum, vb. become hoarse, Rausuro tragicus qui carmina perdit Oreste, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 542, 28; sarcio sarsi, farcio farsi, raucio rausi, 1, 536, 1.

**raucisōnus**, adj. hoarse-sounding, cantus, Lucr. 5, 1084; bombi, Catul. 64, 263.

**raucitas**, ātis, f. hoarseness, Cels. 2, 1, p. 30, 12 D; Plin. 20, 53; 22, 104.

**raucor**, āri, βραρχιω, Gloss. Cyrill.

**raucus**, adj. [for raucio-us from rausi, wh. see] hoarse, nos (sc. oratores) raucos saepe attentissime audiri, Cio. or. 1, 259; sputa...per fauces rauca (al. raucas) uix edita tussi, Lucr. 6, 1189; Exercent raucos tertia (sc. hora) caudidos, Mart. 4, 8, 2; 2. also of animals, uox iracunda minaxque (of the transformed bear)...rauco de gutture fertur, Ov. M. 2, 484; cicadae, Verg. B. 2, 13; palumbes, 1, 58; cyeni, A. 11, 485; of frogs, Ov. M. 6, 377;

3. of inanimate objects, as first of land or sea, Fractisque rauci fluctibus Hadriae, Hor. od. 2, 14, 14; aquilo, Mart. 1, 49, 20; litus, Stat. Th. 5, 291; of a river, Verg. G. 1, 109; A. 6, 327; 4. of musical instruments, Cumque caput (of a dying trumpeter?) caderet, carmen tuba sola peregit, Et percunte uiro raneum sonus aere cucurrit, Enn. ap. Lactant. ad Stat. Th. 11, 56; aeris, Verg. G. 4, 71; tympana, Ov. Ib. 454; cornu, Prop. 4, 2, 41; 5. of creaking doors, Ov. am. 1, 6, 50; Prop. 5, 8, 49;

6. raucum, as cogn. acc., sonat, Ov. a. a. 3, 289; rauca sonans, Verg. 9, 125; gemit, Lucan. 5, 218.

**raudus**, rōdus, rūdus, ēris, n. a piece of copper or bronze, aes raudus dictum: ex eo ueteribus in mancipiis scriptum raudūsculo libram ferito, Varr. 1, 5, 34; aeris acerui, quum rudera milites iacerent, magni inuenti, Liv. 26, 11, 9; olim aera raudera dicebantur, Val. M. 5, 6, 3; add Fest. 274 a 2.

**Rauduscūla** or Rauduscūlāna, porta, a gate of Rome, so called as being aerata, Varr. 1, 5, 34, from a bronze bust of a praetor Genucius Cīpus adorning it, Val. M. 5, 6, 3; add Fest. 274 a 2 M; 2. hence, uicus portae Rudusculanae, a street in Rome, inscr. Grut. 251, 1; Rodusculana porta, Paul. ex F. 275.

**rauduscūlum**, i, n. dim. a little piece of copper or bronze, see raudus; 2. hence of trumpety money matters, like our slang use of tin, do rauduscūlo quod scribis, μῆπω..., Cic. Att. 4, 8, 1; de rauduscūlo Nuneriano multum te amo, 7, 2, 7a

**Rauelius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Rauelio (nom.), CIL 185.

**rāuidus**=rāuus, Colum. 8, 2, 9.

**Rāuilla**, ae, m. a cognomen, L. Cassius Longinus qui Rauilla appollatus est, Frontin. ag. 8; Rauillae a rausi oculis quemadmodum a caesiis Caesullae, Fest. 274 b 8 M.

**rāuio**? irc, vb. become hoarse, quoted only from Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 33, wh. it is only a bad cj., agst metre; perh. to be read: Nego et nega(bo), si quid refert, ad rauium.

**rāuio**, āre, vb. (same sense as prec.) Paul. ex F. p. 275 M.

**rāuis**, (perh. for corauis, and so akin to coruus, S. Karava, E. raven; cf. E. hoarse as a raven) is, f. hoarseness—only in acc.—Vbi si quid poscam usque ad rauium poscam prius Quam quicquam detur, Pl. Aul. 2, 5, 10; Expurigabo or -aui (expurgabo, Non. 164, 18, experiurau, Fest. 274 a 31 M) hercle omnia ad raucam raui, Pl. Cist. fragm.; tragodi ni quotidie proclamant, claritudo arteriis obsolescit: igitur identidem boando purgant rauium, Apul. flor. 17; rausis est raucitas, Non. 164; rausis κορυφα φωνης αποκοπη, Gloss. Labb.

**rāuūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat hoarse, choraulae, Sidon. ep. 9, 13.

1 **rāuus**, adj. hoarse, uox, Verr. ap. Fest. 289 b 17 M; cantus, Sidon. ep. 8, 11 in carm. f.

2 **rāuus**, (perh.=flauus; perh.=γλαυκος; G. grau, E. gray), tawny? gray? in spicis flaua frumenta) raua appellari ait Verrius, Fest. 289 b 17 M; mare rauium (al. flauum), Cic. acad. pr. 105; lupa, Hor. od. 3, 27, 3; wh. Acron: rausus color, niger mixtus cum fuluo; rausos (al. flauos) lcones, Hor. epod. 16, 33 (cf. χαροπα τε λεωντες, Od. λ. 611); rauī coloris qui inter flauos et caesios, Paul. ex F. 272;

2. esp. of the eye, rausis oculis arietes, Varr. 2, 2, 4; r. o. canes, 2, 9, 3; aliis nigri, aliis rausi, aliis glauci coloris orbibus circumdatis, Plin. 11, 148; Si paeta (al. laeta; Merk. crassa) est Veneris, si raua (so Heins. cj.; mss flaua parua fulua; Merk. torua) Mineruae, Ov. a. a. 2, 659; so Bentl. raua (not flaua) of Minerva, am. 1, 1, 7; Met. 6, 130; F. 6, 646; and Haupt (Herm. 1, 258) adds: M. 2, 749; tr. 1, 10, 1; cf. γλαυκωπις Αθηνη; rausus χαροπος Gloss. Philox.

**rē**, (older red, as in red-eo red-ambulo red-do red-ducō; whence ret of retro; but this red decap. from er-ed, of wh. er the root=G. prefix er. So G. rüek back stands for er-ück; and G. ruck a jolt for or-uek; the root er or er being one with or of L. orior, G. ορεινω ορθος, with ar of E. ar-ise, L. ard-uus, al-o, for suff. cf. prod (=por-od), extrad, intrad, suprad, antid of antidea, postid of postidea, older forms of pro extra etc.; the d of wh. supplanted an n, retained in It. sovrano (implying a form supranus), extraneus interaneus; and this an lastly a comp. suff. as in περαν (L. peren of perendie) λαν αταν), insep. prefix, first w. sense of up, recuruōs turned up, opp. to in-curnos bent down, recubo lie with the back raised, resideo sit up (as in bed); cf. reciprocus and G. er-siechen, erpressen, erheben, erhaben;

2. back in redeo, reddo, remitto, redimo; cf. G. erlassen, erkaufen; 3. again, recognosco, renouo, reuiuico, recreo; cf. erkennen, erneuen, erquicken; 4. reversal of the act expressed in the simple vb., redarguo disprove, recingo ungird, recludo unshut open, refello undeceive, retexo unweave, reuoluo unroll, re-cid-iuus getting up again after a fall, recutitus circumcised, recubitus ricochet; cf. G. er-lösen unloose, erschliessen unshut. See Key's "Essays" p. 74 ff. and Key's "Language" p. 387 ff.

**re-ādūnātio**, ōnis, f. reunion, Tert. res. carn. 30.

**re-aedificō**, āre, vb. build up again, Tert. Marc. 5, 3.

**re-ambūlo**, not. Tir. p. 146.

**reapse**, (reabse) two words, in reality, [see ipse] est re ipsa Paevv.—si non est ingratum reapse (-) quod feci bene, Fest. 278 b 2 M; Id magis ueri simile esse usus reapse (-) experiundo edocet, Paevv. 374 R; Ne istuc (so Gepp., mss De istoc) ipsa, etsi tu taccas, reapse (so edd., mss reab) experta intellego, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 41; 2. Lucr. seems to use re...ipse for reapse, Concedamus ut hic terrarum dicitur orbem Esse deum matrem, dum uera re tamen ipse Religioe animum turpi contingere parcat, 2, 656 (659); formae quae reabsc (so mss) nullae sunt speciem autem

offerunt, Cic. diu. 1, 81; eorum rerum quas isti in angulis perant, reapse non oratione perfectio, rep. 1, 2; ut ciuitate maxima reapse cereretur quale esset id quod ratio oratioque describeret, 2, 66; eosdem libros (sc. de rep.) eum grammaticus explicuit, uerba expressa reapse diei a Cicerone, id est re ipsa, in commentarium refert, Sen. ep. 108, 32.

**Reātinus**, adj. of Reate, asini, Varr. r. 2, 1, 14; Plin. 8, 167; ager, 2, 208; paludes, 31, 12; praefectura, Val. M. 1, 8, 1; **2.** Reatini inhabitants of Reate, Cic. Seaur. 27; Liv. 28, 45, 19; Plin. 3, 107.

**Reāte**, is, n. a town of the Sabines, non longe a Reate, Varr. r. 3, 1, 6; add Plin. 3, 109; magnaue Reate diatum Caelicolum matri, Sil. 8, 417.

**reātus**, ūs, m. the condition of one accused or impeached, Messala primus reatum dixit, Quint. 8, 3, 34; fraudis causa adoptio facta, etiamsi nou in reatu, sed desperatione rerum, Paul. dig. 48, 20, 7, 2; quod pater in reatu criminis est, filii impedimento esse non debet, Ulp. 50, 4, 3, 9; reuocato ad reatum Alebiade, Iustin. 4, 4, 4; **2.** met., malae conscientiae reatum, Apul. M. 7, 9; **3.** the garb of one under prosecution, mulier reatu miraque tristitie deformis, Apul. M. 9, 30.

**rebaptizātor**, ōris, m. one who baptizes again, Aug. in Ezech. 46, 37.

**re-baptizo**, āre, vb. baptize again, cod. Th. 16, 6, 1 and 3; Aug. ep. 203 f.; Hier. Lucif. 23.

**rebatur**, batuit, not. Tir. 117.

**rebellātio**, ōnis, f. rebellion, Tac. an. 14, 31; Val. M. 7, 3 ext. 9.

**rebellātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. rebellious, Germania, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 47; prouincia, Liv. 40, 35, 13.

**1 rebellio**, ōnis, f. rebellious, Cic. Seaur. 42; Caes. b. g. 4, 30, 2; 4, 38, 1; Liv. 8, 14, 4; Tac. an. 1, 55; 3, 40; 11, 19.

**2 rebellio**, ōnis, m. dim. a miserabile rebel, Faustina ad M. Anton. ap. Vule. Gall. Avid. 9, 11; rebellio, ἀναστατης Gloss. Philox.

**rebellis**, c, adj. rebellious, Gallus, Verg. 6, 858; Aeneadae, 12, 185; amor, Ov. rem. am. 246; eolonia, Tac. h. 4, 72; **2.** as sb. m. a rebel, Tac. an. 1, 40.

**rebellium** ? in Liv. 42, 21, 3 Madv. has rebellandum.

**re-bello**, āre, vb. rebel, Liv. 8, 14, 5; 33, 12, 12; 42, 21, 3 corr. by Madv.; b. g. 8, 44, 1 (dub.); **2.** met., rebelat saepe umor, Plin. 13, 81; rebellare uitia (diseases), 25, 174; rebellante taedio, 26, 3; cinis in nos, Sen. Oed. 107.

**Rebilus**, i, m. a cognomen, L. Petrouius...Rebilus, CIL 1353; C. Caminius Reb(ilus), cons. suff. a. u. c. 709, fast. eos.; Tac. h. 3, 37 f.

**re-bito**, ēre, vb. [baeto] go or come back, return, Nunc ita conuenit...ut...Si non rebitas huic ut uiginti minas Dem pro te, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 20; Et mea opera si hinc rebito, faciam ut faciat faeilus, 2, 3, 49; At unum hoc quaeso, si huc rebitet Philoerates, 3, 5, 89.

**re-boo**, āre, vb. bellow again, rebellow, reecho, Et reboat rauem regio eita barbara bombum, Lucr. 4, 546; add 2, 28; uasto Cum gemitu reboat siluatae et longus Olympus, Verg. G. 3, 223; add Sil. 17, 252.

**re-bullio**, ire, vb. bubble up, uinum, Apul. M. 9, 34; **2.** as vb. trans. send bubbling up, spiritum, Apul. M. 1, 13; oleum, 5, 26.

**Reburinus**, and -a, a cognomen, perh. of adoptiou, C. Iulius Reburinus, inscr. Grut. 547; Iulia Sex. f. Reburina, 407, 5.

**reburus**, adj. = hispidus, Gloss. Isid.; **2.** a cognomen, M. Vlpus C. f. Reburus, 325, 6.

**re-calcio**, āre, vb. unshoe, excaleiat recaleiat, not. Tir. 129.

**re-calcitro**, āre, vb. kick in return, Hor. s. 2, 1, 20.

**re-calco**, āre, vb. tread back or again, humum, Colum. 2, 2, 19; mea uestigia recalcans—retraing—Apul. M. 9, 11; limen, Prud. eath. 9, 75.

**re-cālefācio**, ire, or recāfacio\*, ēre, fcei, factus, vb. make warm again, caede telum, Ov. M. 8, 444\*; corpus, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 10, 63, p. 99; **2.** met., mentem, Ov. a. a. 2, 445.

**re-cāleo**, ēre, vb. become hot again, recalent nostro Tiberina fluenta Sanguine, Verg. 12, 35; **2.** met., in auribus parentis effata, Amm. 28, 1, 7; add Auson. prof. 7, 15.

**re-cālesco**, ēre, vb. the same, (corpora nostra) motu recalescunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; Flor. 4, 2, 53; **2.** met., Ov. rem. am. 629; Plin. ep. 7, 9, 6.

**re-calfācio**, see recālefācio.

**re-calfio**, ēri, vb. become hot again, Serib. Comp. 271.

**re-caluastrer**, tri, m. dim. one rather bald, ut ex duobus aequae iustus eomatum malis quam recaluastrium, Sen. ep. 66, 25 (dub.).

**re-caluaſtio**, ōnis, f. becoming bald, Vulg. Lev. 13, 42.

**re-caluos**, adj. bald, Realuom ae silonem senem, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 12; for the re-ef. ἀνα of ἀναφαντιας.

**re-candesco**, ēre, ui, vb. become white in return, Seque super pontum...Mittit (Io) onusque suum; pereussa recanduit uuda, Ov. M. 4, 530; **2.** become hot again, tellus (after the deluge) Solibus aetheriis altoque recanduit aestu, Ov. M. 1, 435; **3.** met., audito elamore recanduit ira, Ov. M. 3, 707; but in rem. am. 734 Merkel has Flamma (amoris) redardeset.

**re-cāno**, ēre, vb. sing back, as of a hen partridge calling her mate back by her note, Plin. 10, 102; **2.** reverse a charm, disenchant, serpentes ipsas recanere (creduut), Plin. 28, 19.

**re-canto**, āre, vb. frq. sing back, return in song, graeula quod reantat echo, Mart. 2, 86, 3; **2.** undo a charm, disenchant, remove what has been effected by sorcery, Nulla recantatas deponit pectora curas, Ov. r. a. 259; opprobria (imprecations), Hor. od. 1, 16, 27; henece our recant.

**re-cāpītūlo**, āre, vb. recapitulate, Tert. Marc. 5, 17; id. adu. Iud. 8, 4.

**re-cauta**, seo

**re-cāueo**, ēre, vb. give a release, non prius...quam...recauerit, cod. Th. 9, 2, 3; **2.** recantum as sb. u. a release, facientes apochas siue recauta, Iul. ep. nou. c. 123 §§ 552, 534, 536.

**re-cāuus**, adj. concave, speeulum, Prud. perist. 186.

**re-cēdo**, ēre, ssi, ssum, vb. go back quietly, step back, retire, retreat, withdraw, Interea sol albus recessit in infera noctis, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Age nunciam insiste in dolos, ego abs te procul recedam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 4; erant qui censerent in castra Cornelia reeedendum, Caes. b. c. 2, 30, 3; senes ut iu otia tuta reeedant, Hor. s. 1, 1, 31;

**2.** esp. retire to a bedroom for rest, iamque recessurae... Ov. lb. 235; pigritiam reeedendi imposuerat hilaritas longior, Petr. 85; **3.** in geographical descriptions places are said to retire as well as project, run back, Magna Graecia in tris siuus reeedens, Plin. 3, 95; (Macedonia) ad Epiroticas gentis in solis occasum reeedens, 4, 33; exiu Phoenice, et, qua reeedit iutus, Damascena, 5, 66; add 6, 24; litora in portum reeedentia, Sen. dial. 6, 18, 5;

**4.** so of retired buildings, etc., Ipsi ad sedes quaeunq; opulenta recessit Regia, Catul. 64, 43; secreta parentis Anchisae domus arboribusquo obteeta reecessit, Verg. 2, 300; contra parietem zotheca reeedit, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 21; papillae (of a statue) iacent, uenter recessit, 3, 6, 2;

**5.** of painting, pietor ui artis suae efficit ut quaedam eminere in opere, quaedam recessisse credamus, Quint. 2, 17, 21;

**6.** of objects seeming to go from us as we in fact go from them, Prouehimur portu, terraeque urbesque reeedunt, Verg. 3, 72; ubi terra recessit longius, Ov. M. 11, 466; Gargara desidunt surgenti (as he flies aloft), et Troia reeedit, Stat. Th. 1, 549; add Sil. 3, 157;

**7.** of things separating, part, reeede, Ante recessisset caput hoc cernice cruenta Quam tu..., Ov. her. 15, 153; Nam caput e nostra citius erueice reeedet, Pont. 2, 8, 65; iu ossibus (fractis) saepe fragmentum a fragmento reeedit, Cels. 8, 7; (meloppones) maturitatem adepti statim a pediculo reeedunt, Plin. 19, 67; reeedentia ab ossibus earnis, 22, 22; **8.** opp. to aceedo, illae undae emittiorum sic efferuceuut aestu ut ad alios aceedant, ab aliis reeedant, Cic. Plane. 15; cf. recessus; **9.** met., labor ille a uobis cito reeedet, bene



factum, dum uiuitis, uon abscedet, Cato ap. Gell. 16, 1, 4; Postquam recessit (for recessisset; so Lamb. ej.; mss recessit) uita patrio corpor(i) (so THK; B corpora; CD corpore), Pl. Merc. pr. 73; ut longius a uerbo recedamus, Cic. Caecin. 58; ab officio nunquam recedemus, off. 3, 19; ab usitata consuetudine, Quinet. 67; unquam corde recedit Nata tuo (is forgotten), Stat. silu. 3, 5, 55; recessum a priore contraetu uidetur, Papin. dig. 18, 1, 72; si paratus sit recedere ab usu fruetu, Paul. 7, 1, 48; ab emptione nenditione, locatioue conductione quin... recedi possit, dubium non est, Nerat. 2, 14, 58.

**re-cello**, cre, vb. intr. rear up, spring up, inelinatur (descends) enim (sc. terra) retroque recellit, Luer. 6, 573 of earthquakes; tollenon super murum eminentē ferrea manus firmæ catuæe illigatae, quum iniecta prora esset grauique libramcutio plumbi recelleret..., suspensa prora nauem in puppim statuebat, Liv. 24, 34, 10; **2.** trans. cause to rear up, throw up, conterritus totum corporis pondus in postremos poplites recello arduaue ceruice sublimiter eleuata lorum quæ teubar rumpo, Apul. M. 7, 24 (an ass speaking); cum equo per uiam concito peruolauit, si quem conspicantur nobilem hominem honoris eius gratia recellunt (so Hildebrand, mss reuclant) gradum et in pedes desiliunt, pull the horse up on his haunches, flor. 4, 21; **3.** draw back, withdraw, nates, Apul. M. 10, 22.

**re-ceno?** are, vb. dine again, (Restionem) quoad uixit foris postea non recenasse (al. cenasse or coenasse), Maer. 8, 3, 17 (2, 13), 13.

**recens**, ntis, adj. (or part.?) [see below] fresh, Phoenissâ recens a uolnere Dido, Verg. 6, 450; pullum asiunum a partu recentem subiciunt eque, Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; Poenum hostem recentem ab excidio opulentissimæ urbis, Liv. 21, 16, 5; alti spiritus uiros et ut ita dicam a dis recentis, Sen. ep. 90, 44; a Græcis litteris recentior, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1 f.; Turc calent aræ sertisque recentibus halant, Verg. 1, 417; Illa recens pota est, nostra tepetit aqua, Ov. Pout. 3, 4, 56; caespites, Caes. b. c. 3, 96, 1; recente... sanguine, Catul. 63, 7; **2.** more boldly, Homerus qui recens ab illorum actate fuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; inter multa magnifica Demetrii nostri et haec uox est a qua recens sum: sonat adhuc et uibrat in auribus meis, Sen. prou. 1, 3, 3; **3.** esp. re recenti, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 8; and Poen. 3, 4, 18; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 139; negotio, 2, 1, 101; **4.** fresh, and so in full vigour, accedebat ut integri et recentes defatigatis succederent, Caes. b. g. 5, 16 f.; add 7, 25, 1; 7, 48 f.; equi, Liv. 38, 25, 15; Ov. M. 2, 63; animus, Liv. 21, 52, 2; recens clamor (i. e. recentium), fresh and hearty, Plin. pan. 23; **5.** new, toga, Pers. 1, 15; uinum, Scrib. comp. 271; **6.** recent, modern, of late date, opposed to uetus, uetustus, antiquus, uiri, Cic. Mur. 17; iufamia, Verr. 1, 1, 5; iniuriæ, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 3; uictoria, 5, 47, 4; horum recentiorum (sc. scriptorum), Cic. fin. 2, 82; add Plin. 4, 103; Senones recentissimi aduenarum, Liv. 5, 35, 3; **7.** recens as adv. recently, fresh, chiefly with participles, recens natum, new-born, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 17; Et cum scena eroco Cilici perfusa recens est, Luer. 2, 416; coria recens detracta, Sal. fr. ap. Serv. G. 3, 155; r. acceptum uulnus, Tac. an. 2, 21; Hispaniæ recens perdomitæ, 4, 5; r. reuersos, 12, 27; conditam, Suet. Tib. 1; **8.** recenter, in late writers, r. capti, Pall. 1, 26; r. lecta 5, 4; **9.** recentissime, stercorato, Plin. 18, 192; gestæ, Iust. 30, 4, 8; **10.** prob. a part. from a vb. ree- risc, as sub recente sole, Pers. 5, 54 under the rising sun or east; but rise itself is deap. from arise and so rec may be for eree- or orec-, i. e. akin to orior *ορειω* ordior; cf. re prep. and phrase recens a lecto.

**re-censeo**, scire, sui, sum or situm, vb. lit. count over again, recount, hence review, take a fresh survey or fresh list of, omnemque suorum Forte recensebat numerum, Verg. 6, 682; pecus et familiarum, Colum. 3, 8, 20; tam uestem seruitiorum quam ferramenta bis debet singulis mensibus recensere, 11, 1, 21; tonsuris interesse et uellera ad numerum pecoris r., 12, 3, 9; loea (as means of artificial memory), Quint. 11, 2, 20; **2.** esp. muster,

review (troops, prisoners), equitum viii milia et peditum cexl. recensebantur, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 3; exercitum, Liv. 1, 16, 1; add Suet. Cal. 44; captiuos quot enisueque populi essent, Liv. 26, 49, 9; captiuos ordine pisces, Ov. M. 13, 932; **3.** met., review, Signa recensuerat bis sol sua, Ov. F. 3, 575; fortia gesta, her. 9, 105; add Plin. ep. 1, 8, 15; Stat. silu. 4, 1, 29; 5, 3, 20; Gell. 17, 10, 6; **4.** part., recensitis, Suet. Caes. 41 (al. recens); Pirisea recensitis, Claud. Eutr. 2, 60; recensita (al. recenseta), Prud. ap. 1069; **5.** recenso (al. recensito) senatu et equite, Suet. Vesp. 9; add Tert. Marc. 4, 5 med.

**recensio**, ðnis, f. registration, memoriæ reensionis tabulis impressam, Cic. Mil. 73; add Suet. Caes. 41; cod. Th. 11, 29, 4.

**recensitio**, ðnis, f. registration, seruorum, Ulp. dig. 10, 3, 4, 7.

**recensus**, ūs, m. registration, Suet. Caes. 41;

**2.** review, uitae, Tert. anim. 58.

**recentarius**, adj. as sb. m. dealer in new iced wine, hic positus Epulitus..., filius eius r. dolens posuit, inser. in Labus. mon. epigr. Ambros. 35, 8; **2.** recentaria *νεαροφορος*, Gloss. Philox.

**recentatus**, see recento.

**recenter**, see recens.

**re-cento**, arc, vb. make fresh, renew, iam iam albicassit Phoebus et recentatur Commune lumen hominibus uoluptatis, Matius ap. Gell. 15, 25, 1; Non. 167, 16; **2.** recentatum part. n. as sb. (sc. uinum) new iced wine, *ραικευτατον*, Alex. Trall. 11, 1, 17.

**receptaculum**, i, n. place of retreat or shelter, oppidum r. praedae, Verr. 2, 5, 59; a receptaele, ueterum Catilinae militum, Cic. Pis. 11; aratorum, agr. 2, 89; si pro receptaculo turrim fecissent, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 1; ad detractandam militiam, b. g. 7, 14, 9; r. aduersae pugnae, Liv. 6, 33, 4; fugientibus r. erat, 41, 23, 2; perfugarum, Tac. an. 14, 29; senum, G. 46; and met., mors aeternum nihil sentieudi r., Cic. Tusc. 5, 117; **2.** a vessel for receiving, a reservoir, eum alui natura cibi et potionis sit r., Cic. N. D. 2, 136; corpus quasi uas est aut animi r., Tusc. 1, 52; laeus superfuentis Nili receptacula, Tac. an. 2, 61; fossa est r. aquae manu facta, Ulp. dig. 43, 14, 1, 5; add Vit. 8, 7, 1; Mania M. f. Celerina r. aquae... consummauit, inser. Mar. fr. Aru. 286.

**receptatione**, a, conjectural reading in Ammian. 20, 11, 28.

**receptator**, ðris, m. one who harbours, furibus raptoribus, receptatoribus, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 1; pessimum genus receptatorum sine quibus nemo (latronum) latere diu potest, Marc. 47, 16, 1; add 48, 3, 6, 1; **2.** met., Rhenus r. hostium, Flor. 3, 10, 9; see receptor.

**receptibilis**, e, adj. recoverable, Aug. Trin. 15, 13 f.

**recepticulus**, adj. of the class recepti or recepta, reserved, seruos r., Cato ap. Gell. 17, 6, 1; add Non. 54 9—reserved for the wife; dos quam quis in mortem mulieris a marito stipulatur, Gai. dig. 39, 6, 31, 2; actio, cod. Th. 4, 18, 2; add Ulp. regular. 6, 5.

**receptio**, ðnis, f. harbouring, sheltering, quid tibi hunc receptio ad test meum uirum? Pl. As. 5, 2, 70; add eod. Th. 8, 5, 58; 7, 14, 1; **2.** reservation, exception, Ulp. dig. 8, 4, 11.

**re-cepto**, are, vb. frq. take back again, resume, Id rursum caeli rellatum templa receptant, Lucr. 2, 1001; add 3, 505; hastamque receptat Ossibus haerentem, Verg. 10, 383; placido Natura receptat Cuncta sinu, Luean. 7, 810; add Aur. Vict. 35; **2.** harbour, shelter, meum receptas filium ad te, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 16; eodem subsidio (of asylums) obacratī suspectique criminum receptabantur, Tac. an. 3, 60; **3.** r. sc, retire, retreat, esp. for shelter, ibi tnae stultitiae erit praesidium... Victus uestitus quo in teetum te receptes, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 15; Frigida Saturni sese quo stella receptet, Verg. G. 1, 336; **4.** recede, qua... multa litus se ualle receptat, Pers. 6, 7.

**receptor**, ðris, m. one who retakes, orientis, Aurel. ap. Vopisc. Aur. 26, 7; **2.** one who harbours or shelters, harbourer, latronum occultator et receptor (al. receptator), Cic. Mil. 50; abigeorum, Callistr. dig. 47, 14, 3, 3;



**3.** receiver (of goods stolen or robbed), receptores non minus delinquent quam aggressores, Ulp. 47, 9, 3, 3.

**receptōrius**, adj. for receptiō, locus, Tert. res. carn. 27, med.; **2.** receptorium as sb. n. a place for receiving, eod. Th. 6, 30, 3; Sidon. ep. 5, 17.

**receptrix**, icis, f. a receiver, (Natura) receptrix naturarum ad diuersa tendentium, Apul. de mundo 19;

**2.** esp. in a bad sense, Messana tuarum praedarum ae furtorum r., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 17; 2, 5, 160.

**receptum**, i, see recipio.

**receptus**, ūs, m. retreating, retreat, chiefly in military lang., Caesar recepti suorum timens, Caes. b. c. 7, 46, 1; facilis est nostris receptus datus, 1, 46, 2; Caesar recepti cani iussit, b. g. 7, 47, 1; signo receptui dato, Liv. 2, 62, 2;

**2.** met., a (miseriis) cum cecinit (ratio) receptui, Cic. Tusc. 3, 33; eane Musa receptus, Ov. tr. 4, 9, 3; habere se quoque ad Caesaris gratiam receptum, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 3; si paeniteat, tutum receptum ad clementiam fore, Liv. 3, 2, 5; **3.** a place to retreat to, a place of shelter, Planities ignota iacet tutique receptus (al. recessus), Verg. 11, 527; (perdices) spincis fruticibus receptus suos (i.e. nidos) uestiunt, Solin. 7, 29.

**recessim**, adv. by steps backward, Recessim cedam ad parietem: imitabor nepam, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 7.

**recessus**, ūs, m. stepping back, retreating, retiring, withdrawal, sub uallo se coustipauerant recessumque ultimis non dabant, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 5; accessum ad res salutare, a pestiferis recessum, Cic. N. D. 2, 34; de marinis aestibus... quorum accessus et recessus (flood and ebb) lunae motu gubernantur, diu. 2, 34; cum processui et recessui cani iuberet, Treb. Poll. Gall. 17, 3; and met., tum accessus ad causam facti, tum recessus, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 7;

**2.** of place, a recess, a retreat, Est prope Cimmerico longo spelunca recessu, Ov. M. 11, 592; add 10, 691; discripto in omnis recessus maris praesidio nauium, Vell. 2, 32, 4; Oceanus Europam recessibus crebris excauans, Plin. 3, 5; (sinus) Tarentinus appellatur ab oppido iu recessu hoc iutumo sito, 3, 99; (chamaeleonis) oculi in recessu cauo, 8, 121; domum in multis diductam recessus, Quint. 11, 2, 18;

**3.** a retreat for man from the turmoils of public life, mihi solitudo et recessus prouincia est, Cic. Att. 12, 26, 2;

**4.** met., cum in animis hominum tantae latebrae sint et tanti recessus, Cic. Marc. 22; uita hominum altos recessus magnasque latebras habet, Plin. ep. 2, 3, 6; (grammatica) plus habet in recessu quam fronte promittit, Quint. 1, 4, 2.

**rechāmus**, i, m. a block of pullies, in summa troclea quem rechamum dicunt, Vitruv. 10, 2, 1.

**re-charmido**, āre, vb. un-Charmidize, drop the sham Charmides, Proin tu te fidem ut charmidatus es rursum recharmida, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 135; wh. Ritschl by a bad cj. decharmida.

**reçidiuātus**, ūs, m. getting up again after a fall, resurrection, Tert. res. carn. 18 and anim. 28.

**reçid-iuus**, (reçid- of recido, rather than of recido; for suff. cf. uociuus aft. uociuus and uacuuus) adj. sprouting afresh from the roots after the tree has been felled, hence met., reçid-iuāque Pergama, Verg. 10, 58, wh. Serv.: sermo ab arboribus quae sectae repullulant; add 4, 344; 7, 322; Sil. 1, 106; but Char. 99, 19 K refers it to cado fall: reçidiuā dicimus quae post interitum redeunt, reçidiua quae ex suo casu restituantur, unde Vergilius...; idly, for çād is as much the root of cado, as of cado;

**2.** so, reçidiuus semiuibus segetem nouantibus, Mela 3, 6—of a second self-sown crop from seeds dropped; and met., quae mala adimis, prospicere ne possint esse reçidiua, Auson. gr. act. 33; **3.** met., as of a relapse in illness, febris, Cels. 3, 4, p. 80, 28 D; Pliu. 30, 104; numus, Iuv. 6, 364; **4.** hence Ital. reçidue.

**1** **re-çido**, (rec-çido from rec) çre, reçidit, reçisum vb. (cado) fall back, Quem prius... in auras Misit... Reçidit in solidam longo post tempore terram Pondus, Ov. M. 10, 180; reçidunt omnia in terras et oriuntur e terris, Cic. N. D. 2, 66; neque posse e terris in loca caeli Reçidère inferiora, Lucr. 1, 1063; add 5, 280; and met., multo mihi praestat in eandem illam reçidere fortunam quam..., Cic. Sest. 146; in agro ambulanti ramulum adductum ut remissus esset

in oculum suum reçidisse (reçidisse?), diu. 1, 123;

**2.** rebound (after being thrown) on falling, esp. in met. of an act ending in the discomfort of its author, reçoil, Omnes in te 'staeç reçident contumeliae, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 54; Aetolorum prana consilia atque in ipsorum caput semper reçidentia, Liv. 36, 29, 8; pleraque eorum (sc. maleficiorum) quo debuerint reçidisse, 25, 31, 4; ut non modo ab hoc crimine resillire nideas uerum ouinem suspitionem in uosmet ipsos reçidere intellegas, Cic. Rose. Am. 79; et me, quod iu ipsam reçidat, orbam Dixit, Ov. M. 6, 212; **3.** fall by a second blow, fall in the end, finally strike, leuarunt modo in praesentia uelut corpus acrum quo mox in grauiorem morbum reçideret, Liv. 24, 29, 3; posse hunc casum ad ipsos reçidere, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 4; quorsum reçidat responsum tuum non inaguo opere laboro, Cic. Rose. com. 43;

**4.** end (in), come at last (to), Nolite sinere per uos artem musicam Reçidere (or Reçidere) ad paucos, Ter. Heu. pr. 2, 39; id ego puto ut multa eiusdem ad nihil reçasurum, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 12; In quem (sc. the lower world) reçidimus quicquid mortale creamur, Ov. M. 10, 18; add her. 14, 46; quod nisi fecerimus impensa iu cassum reçidat, Colum. 4, 3, 5; **5.** esp. of degradation, be reduced (to), be brought down to a level with, ne id Iuppiter O. M. sineret regiae maiestatis imperium eo (sc. ad Canuleios Icilioque) reçidere, Liv. 4, 2, 8; ex liberatore patriae ad Aquilios se Vitelliosque reçidisse, 2, 7, 8; quam cito illa omnia ex laetitia ad luctum reçiderunt! Cic. Sul. 91; ex quantis opibus quo reçidissent Carthaginiensium res, Liv. 30, 42, 18; Delusa ue spes ad querelam reçidat, Phaedr. 3, 18, 15; add Iuv. 12, 54;

**6.** the perfect reçidit as standing for re-çeçidi like repperi, reppuli, rettuli is used by all authors, though some editors still write reçidi (reçidit); even a pres. reçeçido in Lucr. see § 1 etc. and in Cic. rep. 2, 14, palimps.

**2** **re-çido**, çre, çidi, çisum [caedo] vb. lit. cut back, hence cut down (still leaving a portion), esp. of vegetation in excess, prune, per ferias potuisse uesper reçidi, Cato r. 2, 4; malculos (uitis) reçidere ad imum articulum, Plin. 17, 160; add 17, 156; unguium (palumbis) qui citra perniciem reçiditur, 10, 106; lam libet hirsutam tibi (sc. Polypheмо) falee reçidère barbam, Ov. M. 13, 766; comas, Mart. 31, 4; imedicabile uulnus Ense reçidendum est ne pars sincera trahatur, Ov. M. 1, 191;

**2.** met., ambitiosa ornamenta, Hor. A. P. 447; reçideret omne quod ultra Perfectum traheretur, s. 1, 10, 69; Si non supplicio culpa reçiditur, od. 3, 24, 33; et maguis parua miueris falee reçisurum simili te, s. 1, 3, 121; inanem loquacitatem, Quint. 10, 5, 22; quid enim primum prohibere et prisnam ad morem reçidere adgređiar? Tac. au. 3, 53; hi stirpem hostium Gaudet reçidi, Seu. Tro. 1138; nationes partium reçisas, partium repressas, Cic. prou. c. 31; commoda emeritae militiae ad sex milium Summam reçidit (a perf.), Suet. Cal. 44; mirmillouum armaturas reçidit, 55; but in Plin. pan. 51 Keil has reçeçire; **3.** with acc. of part removed, cut (from), (sceptrum) imo de stirpe reçisum, Verg. 12, 208; columnas ultima reçisas Africa, Hor. od. 2, 18, 4;

**4.** add: Pompeii diro sacrum caput ense reçidis, Lucan. 8, 677; wh. perh. he alludes to the dignity of Pompey towering above other mortals; ita cedentibus apibus mella reçidentur (removed in part); ad examius pabulum pars fauorum debet quieti dimitti, Pall. 7, 7, 2; mala cydonia in breuissimas particulas reçides, 11, 20, 1.

**re-çingo**, çre, nxi, nctum, vb. unçird, in ueste reçiucta, Verg. 4, 518; Castaque fallaci zona reçiucta manu, Ov. her. 2, 116; tunicasque reçingunt, M. 1, 398; add am. 1, 5, 9;

**2.** reçingor, vb. r. unçird oneself, reçingor Molliaque inpono saliei uelamina curuae, Ov. M. 5, 594; **3.** with acc. of girdle, sumptumque reçingitur anguem, Ov. M. 4, 511; cf. l. 483 tortoque inçingitur angue; **4.** acc. of sword, as taken off in the girdle, reçingit ferrum, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 75.

**re-çino**, (rec-çino Apul.) çre, vb. [cano] sing back, return in song, cuius reçinet iocosa Nomen imago (sc. the nymph Echo), Hor. od. 1, 12, 3; Pan eam uoculas omnimodas edocens reçinere (so mss), Apul. M. 5, 25; haec



recinunt (repeat in sing-song) iuvenes dictata senesque, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 55; (in prose reddunt, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; Hor. ep. 1, 18, 14; but Cic. fin. 4, 10 has dictata decantare);  
**2.** un-siug so to say, recant offensive words, *παλιφθεω*, ne prius transcenderet Illisi amnis flumentum quam increpitu indignatum Amorem recinendo (cj. Casaub.) placasset (parodying Plato Phaedr. p. 229 a), Apul. d. Socr. 19;  
**3.** warn off by singing (for sense of re, cf. renuo), Impios parrae recinentis omen, Hor. od. 3, 27, 1 (or else sing up, sererech), cf. recito; **4.** in Cic. Brut. 171 Baiter has retinuit; and so or retinuit mss; recinit only a cj.

**recípéro**, see **recupero**.

**re-cípío**, ére, cēpi, ceptum, vb. [cūpio] first with re up, take up (ou myself what involves responsibility) be responsible for, with in me, ad me or mihi, qui auspicio adest si quid falsi nuntiat iu semet ipsum religioneu recipit, Liv. 10, 40, 11; nisi periculum quoque in se receperit, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13; periculum ad me nou recipio, Solin. 21; recipit in sese omnia, Pacuv. 91 R; ad me recipio, Faciet, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 12; **2.** with acc. and inf. or neut. pron., take upon oneself the responsibility, undertake, answer for, be responsible for, spondeo iumeque recipio eos esse M' Curii mores ut..., Cic. fam. 13, 17, 3; spondeo inmeque recipio fore eum tibi uoluptati, 13, 10, 3; quid sibi is de me recepisset in memoriam redegit, 1, 9, 9; **3.** absol., without any in me, ad me, or mihi etc. cum rezeptum officium Siculis crit persolutum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 183; promitto recipio spondeo C. Caesarem talem semper fore eum qualis hodie sit, Phil. 5, 51; ego in hoe iudicio mihi (=a me) Siculorum causam receptam, populi Romani susceptam esse arbitrator, Caccil. 26; in quo est offensio uel negligentiae susceptis rebus uel perfidiae receptis, or. 2, 101, wh. note that recipere is more than suscipere, viz. to undertake and at the same time auswer for the result; si pax non impetrata foret, obsides reddi Philippo receptum est, Liv. 33, 13, 15; si neque de fide barbarorum niquequam recipere potes et..., 40, 35, 11; add Cic. Att. 13, 1, 2; Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 4; Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 1; **4.** also with dat. of person to whom the promise is made, mihi diligentissime se ut anni essemus defensurum receperat, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 4; Pansa mihi non solum confirmauit uerum etiam recepit..., fam. 6, 12, 3; omnia me rei publicae praestitisse quae tibi recepi, Plane. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 7, 1; omnia ei petenti recepi, 10, 21, 1; **II 5.** with re back, receive back, recipient arma quae per pacationem tradiderant, Liv. 9, 11, 4; potestatem omnibus fecit quoties uellent obsides recipiendi, Suet. Aug. 21; **6.** take back, take out again (what has entered), pull out again, totum qui cominus ensem Condidit assurgenti et multa morte recepit, Verg. 9, 348; cf. *ανεπισπαστο*, Il. 13, 574; saepius (sagitta) ab altera parte quam ex qua uenit recipienda est, Cels. 7, 5, 2; **7.** take back, withdraw, draw off, intentus recipiendo exercitui, Liv. 10, 42, 1; **8.** esp. with refl. pron., take oneself back, return, retreat, retire, get back, recipe to ad dominum domum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 1; add Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 24; recipe to ad nos (after visit to Asia), Cic. Att. 4, 15, 2; se Laodiceam, 5, 20, 5; se in currus, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 3; sese intra munitiones, 5, 44, 13; se Adrumetum, 2, 23, 4; **9.** and met., Atque ad ingenium uetus uorsutum te recipis tuum, Pl. As. 2, 1, 7; multos uidi qui totam adolescentiam nolutatibus dedissent, emersisse aliquando, et se ad frugem bonam recepisse, Cic. Cacl. 28; **10.** r. me, take myself to the back, or into retirement, retire (as for quiet or safety), a cena lucubratoriam se in lecticulam r., Suet. Aug. 78; in additum et concameratum locum, 90; in cubiculum, Dom. 16 f.; **11.** absol., without refl. pr., return or retire, Neque sepulcrum quo recipiat (recipiat?) habeat portum corporis, retire, Enn. tr. 415 V; equidem suadeo Vt ad nos abeat potius dum recipis. Plaet. Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 42; ergo acutum face cum praeda recipias, Merc. 2, 4, 30; rursum in portum recipimus, Mil. 2, 3, 60; with a finite vb. perh. only in old writers; but Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 7 has: si quo erat longius prodeundum aut oelerius recipiendum; **12.** get back (ab inuendo), rectae, recover, Tarentum quo consilio recepit! Cic. sen. 11; and soon: mea opera, Q. Fabi, Tarentum recepisti. Uerte, inquit, nam uisi tu

amisisses, numquam recepissem; add Liv. 27, 25, 4; ibi non sociorum res sed suas Romanus populationibus agrorum amissas recipit, 3, 63, 4; duas receptas provincias, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 5; recepto Asculo, 1, 16, 1; ceterior Hispania recepta, Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2, 29), for in Caesar's view these were recaptures; Scodra recepta (for the allies of Rome), Liv. 44, 32, 1; recepti et signa quae M. Crasso ademerant Parthi, Suet. Tib. 9; but what such excuse is there for: Cypros recepta, Flor. 1, 44 (3, 9); sexagensimo auno post libertatem receptam, Cic. fin. 2, 66? **13.** get back (persons), rescue, Illum ego per flammam... Eripui his uictris medioque ex hoste recepi, Verg. 6, 111; gladiis dextricis portas oocupauerunt suosque omnis incolumes receperunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 12 f. 5; **14.** so recover in special phrases, anhelitum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 16; Epid. 2, 2, 21; animam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 26; a pauore animum, Liv. 2, 50, 10; a (added by Madv.) tanto pauore animos, 21, 5, 16; **15.** esp. with se, as of bodily health, castrae (uitulos) non oportet ante bimatum, quod difficulter si aliter feceris se recipiunt, Varr. r. 2, 5, 17; of the senses, quae cum intuerer stupens, ut me recepi, Quid inquam hic (hoc?), Cic. rep. 6, 18; **16.** get back as a return, dena milia sestertia ex melle, Varr. r. 3, 16, 11; si qua pecunia ex nouis uctigalibus recipiatur, Cic. agr. 2, 62; **III 17.** keep back, reserve, except, Posticulum hoc recepit quom aedis uendidit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 157; principio uobis magnam dotem attulit, tum magnam pecuniam recipit quam iu uiri potestatem non committat, Cato orat. 54, 6 I; bubus domitis binis canterio uni, cum emptor paset, domini usioni recipitur..., r. 149, 2; fecique quod uenditores solent, ut cum aedes fundumue uendiderint rutis caestis receptis concedant tamen aliquid emptori, Cic. top. f.; add Paul. ap. Lab. dig. 19, 1, 53; see **recepticius**; **IV 18.** take to the back or interior, take so as to let enter or mix, accipit [Penius] amnem Horcou nec recipit, Plin. 4, 31; cum ab eo quaeretur quid accusaturus esset eum (sc. Scaeuolam) respondisse quod non totum telum corpore recepisset, Cic. Rosc. Ani. 33; nigras (oliuas respuit palatum) nisi prius eas sale maceraris ut libenter in os recipiantur, Varr. r. 1, 66; **19.** hence in prescriptions, receive as ingredients, be composed of, antidotos recipit haec, stoechados marrubii..., Scrib. eomp. 106; add 27, 28, 37, 52; cf. our terms recipi and receipt; **20.** so with acc. of persons, shelter, harbour, seruum, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 1; te opsecramus... In custodelam nos tuam ut recipias (recipias?) et tutere, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 34; eum ne quis urbe tecto meusa lare receperet, Liv. 26, 25, 12; **21.** gladiator, ferrum recipere iussus, Cic. Tuse. 2, 41; num, ut gladiatoribus imperari solet, ferrum non recepit? Sest. 80; ferrum (sc. ut gladiator) non subducta ceruice, nec manibus oppositis, sed animose recipis, Sen. tranq. 11, 5; **22.** r. nomen alicuius (as praetor) receive from an accuser (qui nomen defert) the name of a person he proposes to accuse, and so authorise proceedings, si quis absentem Sthenium reum facere uellet, sese eius nomen recepturum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 94; and soon: Paecilium ait si liceret nomen absentis deferre se uelle; iste nero et licere et se recepturum; licere nomen recipere absentis, 2, 2, 102; again: cum absentis nomen recipretur; quae (sc. lex Memmia) eorum qui rei publicae causa abessent recipi nomina uetabat, Val. M. 3, 7, 9; **23.** with nom. of inanimate objects, admit of, permit, allow, sed ueque paruum Carmen maiestas recipit tua nec..., Hor. ep. 2, 1, 25; non recipit istam coniunctionem (sc. cum uoluptate) honestas, Cic. off. 3, 119; re non ultra recipiente cunctationem, Liv. 29, 24, 7; haec oliua contusa recipit quamecunq; uolueris condituram, Colonn. 12, 47, 5; add Vell. 2nd book, 2, 2; 52, 3; 97, 2; 104, 3; 130, 3; **24.** recipio (recepim?) for recipiam, Cato ap. Fest. 286 b 21 M; recepso for recupero, Catul. 44, 19; **25.** for qty. recipio note: Neque sepulcrum quo recipiat habeat portum corporis, Enn. tr. 415 V.

**recíprocatío**, ōnis, f. movement up and down, backwards and forwards, aestus, Plin. 9, 29; **2.** returu, longitudo filo (al. fili) a culmine ac rursus a terra... reciprocato. Plin. 11, 83 (of a spider's web); in ponte praetenui duabus (capris) obuiss e diuerso eum circumactum angustiae nou



capere nec reciprocationem longitudo in exilitate caeca alteram decubuisse atque ita alteram proculcatae supergressam, 8, 201; errantium siderum r., Gell. 14, 1, 23; talionum—retaliation—20, 1, 18; animum—metempsychosis, Tert. nat. 1, 19; **3.** in grammar, the character of reflective and reciprocal verbs, Prisc. 1, 584, 4; 2, 14, 23 etc. K.

**reciprocātus**, ūs, m. the same, Aug. Gen. ad litt. 11, 1 f.  
**reciprocicornis**, e, adj. with horns turned inwards, aries, Laber. ap. Tert. pall. 1 med.

**reciprocitas**, ātis, f. = reciprocatio, not. Tir. 52.

**reciprocus**, adj. [rec older form of re; proe older form of pro; see re and pro] up and down alternately, ridge and furrow (Scotch rig and fur), backwards and forwards, ebbing and flowing, esp. of tides, aestus maris paribus interuallis reciproci senisque semper horis, Plin. 2, 213; reciproci amnes, 9, 176; sinus diuiditur in geminos, Syrtium reciproco mari diros, 5, 26; luna... Fertemps refertque fretum sequiturque reciprocā Tethys, Sil. 3, 60; **2.** esp. ebbing, receding, lacus maturius reciprocus (after being full), Plin. 16, 170; and perh. quo leuior classis reciproco (mari) sideret, Tac. an. 1, 70; **3.** gen. reciprocating, alternate, uoces reciprocās, of echoes, repeated first on one side then on the other, Plin. 2, 115; pugnandi uices, Gell. 15, 18, 3; taliones, 20, 1, 35; munus, Auson. ep. 7; epistolae, Hier. ep. 5, 1; **4.** r. tela, weapons that return upon the thrower, as the boomerang, Reciprocā tendens neruo equino concita Tela, Att. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5; wh. he adds: reciproca est quom unde quid profectum redit eo; uitia argumentorum reciproca, which may be turned against the user, ἀναστρεφοντα, Gell. 5, 10, 2 wh. see an example; **5.** hence too r. pronomina, reflective, Prisc. 1, 583, 10 K; **6.** r. uersus, a verse wh. is still verse when read backwards, as, Musa mihi causas memora quo numine laeso: see this and other exx. ap. Diom. 516, 24 K; add Serv. 467, 7; as, Micant nitore tecta sublimi aurea, 407, 13; and add from a modern Italian source, In girum inus nocte ecce et consumimur igni (canunt blattae circa lumina uolitantes), where the letters, not mere words, are to be inverted; **7.** reci-procus is the exact analogue of our ridge and furrow, Scotch rig and fur.

**recisāmentum**, (implies a vb. reciso from recido) i, n. a chip or scale, Plin. 34, 111; pyramidis, frag. ap. Mai, praef. to Cic. rep. p. xl.

**recisio**, ōnis, f. cutting or pruning, rosa recisione proficit, Plin. 21, 21; **2.** met., cutting down, diminution, legatorum, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35, 1.

**recitatio**, ōnis, f. reading out, Cic. Clu. 141; dom. 22; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 15; Suet. Cal. 16; **2.** esp. reading poems etc. to an audience of friends, recitation, Sen. ep. 122, 11; Tac. dial. 9; Plin. ep. 1, 13, 6; 3, 15, 3; 3, 18, 4.

**recitator**, ōris, m. one who reads aloud, esp. the clerk of a court, Cic. Clu. 140 and 141; **2.** one who recites poems etc. to friends, Indoctum doctumque fugat recitator acerbus, Hor. A. P. 474; r. historiam ingentem adtulit, Sen. ep. 95, 2.

**re-cito**, āre, vb. [re up, as in our speak up, raise your voice; cito call aloud:] say aloud, repeat aloud, recite, quod spectant qui recitare solent (sc. histriones), Mart. 9, 83, 4; recitare si qua memierunt cogendi sunt (speaking of insane literary men), Cels. 3, 18, p. 100, 17 D; **2.** esp. read aloud, read out, istud quoque dele, nolunt audire, recita porro;... istuc quoque dele;... non opus est recitato, Cato orat. 37, 10 I; da quaeso scribae; recitet ex codice professionem. Recita edictum de professione, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 26; ne ego istas litteras in contione recitari uelim, Att. 8, 9, 2; **3.** esp. read aloud a list of, call over the names of, w. acc., censors senatum recitauerunt, Liv. 29, 37, 1;

**4.** esp. read (a composition) to an audience of friends, the common mode of winning literary fame, wh. became a grave nuisance, Nec recito cuiquam nisi amicis idque coactus, Hor. s. 1, 4, 73; add 1, 4, 75; cf. A. P. 474; Augusto recitantes mense poetas, Iuv. 3, 9; Plus tibi polliccor, nil recitabo tibi, Mart. 11, 52, 16; add Plin. ep. 7, 17, 1.

**reclāmatio**, ōnis, f. crying out against, a protest, praecare reclamatione uestra factum Martialium comproba-

nistis, Cic. Phil. 4, 5; auditisne reclamationem? Auditisne mendacii uestri damnationem? Apul. mag. 64.

**re-clāmāto**, āre, vb. frq. keep crying out against, protest against, reclamant istis suspicionibus natura, Cic. Rosc. An. 63.

**re-clāmo**, āre, vb. cry out against, protest against, eius orationi uehementer reclamatum est, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 2; in his, si paullum modo offensum est, theatra tota reclamant, or. 3, 196; cum eius promissis legiones reclamassent, Phil. 5, 22; add fam. 1, 2, 2; Balb. 12; Plin. ep. 3, 9, 25; Quint. 12, 1, 14; Suet. Aug. 37; Vit. 15; Iustin. 24, 2, 10; cod. Th. 16, 8, 8; **2.** met., Quod quoniam ratio reclamat uera negatque Credere posse animum, Lucr. 1, 623; scopulis inlisa reclamant Aequeora, Verg. G. 3, 261; reclamare uidetur huiusmodi sanctio constitutio Leonis, cod. Iustin. 5, 9, 10; **3.** cry out in return, plangoribus arua reclamant, Stat. Th. 3, 120; canenti Mutus ager domino reclamant, silu. 4, 5, 20; **4.** cry out again and again, Rursus Hylan et rursus Hylan per longa reclamant Auia, Val. F. 3, 596; dominantque reclamant Nomine, 8, 173.

**re-clango**, ēre, vb. reecho with fearful crashes, reclangentibus cunctis sonitu ruinarum, Amm. 17, 7, 4 (of an earthquake).

**reclīnātōria**, ōrum, adj. n. pl. as sb. cushions of a sofa, Isid. orig. 19, 26.

**reclīnis**, e, adj. [from a lost vb. clino = κλινω] lying with the body raised, leaning back, reclining, Inque sinu (sc. Veneris) posita ceruice reclinis, Ov. M. 10, 558; in gramine floreo, Mart. 9, 90, 1; Huic ubi reclinem stratis... Aspicit, at a banquet, Val. F. 4, 535; reclinis ipsa sedis auratae toro, Sen. Phaedr. 393; ille (Nero) ut erat reclinis, at a banquet, Tac. an. 13, 16; Accronia super pedes cubitantis reclinis paenitentiam filii memorabat, 14, 5.

**reclīno**, āre, vb. [reclinis adj.] cause to or let lean back, Nullum ab labore me reclinat otium, Hor. ep. 17, 24; Defugit tellure hastas et scuta reclinant, Verg. 12, 130; candido ouorum pili reclinantur, Plin. 29, 40; **2.** met., in quem onus imperii reclinare (cooperat) throw upon (him), Sen. cons. 2, 3; **3.** r. me, or reclinor as vb. r. lean against, recline, ad eas (sc. arbores) se adplicant (alces) atque ita reclinatae quietem capiunt... Huc cum se reclinauerunt..., Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 3 and 5; in gramine reclinant, Hor. od. 2, 3, 6; reclinatus in cubitum, Petr. fr. tr. 39; solet obrepere somnus in aliquod adminiculum reclinatis, Sen. ep. 36, 9; reclinari ad suos et manibus sustineri, Quint. 11, 3, 132.

**reclīnus**, adj. [later variety of reclinis] lying with the back raised, Vop. Firm. 4, 3; coma, iter Alex. 13 M.

**reclīuis**, e, adj. [cliuus] sloping, campo ad solem recliuu, Pall. 1, 5, 15; tabulae torinsecus recliuēs, sloping upwards and outwards, 7, 2, 3.

**re-clūdo**, (perh. also reccludo in Pl.) ēre, ūsi, ūsum, vb. [re of reversal + claudio, wh. see] lit. un-bar, unshut, i. e. open, pergam pultare ostium. Heus reclude; heus Tranio; etiamue apris? Pl. Most. 4, 2, 28; add Rud. 2, 3 f.; Cellas refregit omnis intus reclusitque (reclusitque?) armarium, Capt. 4, 4, 10; Infernas reseret sedes et regna reclūdāt Pallida, Verg. S. 244; uel aeratas hosti reclūdērē portas, Ov. M. 8, 41; tellurem, Verg. G. 2, 423; humum, Tac. an. 2, 25; pectus mucrone, Verg. 10, 601; ense iugulum, Ov. M. 7, 285; eusem, Verg. 4, 646 and 9, 423, unsheath; **2.** met., Quibus ego iram omnem recludam atque illi perniciem dabo, ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 66; sanctos fontis, Verg. G. 2, 175; tyrannorum meutes, Tac. an. 6, 6; auaritiā ac libidinem, 16, 32; principis comitatem, Plin. ep. 6, 31, 1; **3.** in late writers, shut up, stow away, as in a prison, Iustin. 26, 1, 7; and Tert. idol. 17 f.; singulas separatim, 1, 9, 16; ficus recentes, Pall. 4, 10, 33; tanquam recluso Iani templo stratisque cunctis hostibus, Amm. 16, 10, 1; cum satis absurdum esset quod cognatis a praetore apertum est, hoc agnatis esse reclusum—concealed, Iustin. inst. 3, 2 f.

**re-coeno**, āre, see reeno.

**re-cōgītātus**, ūs, m. thought, Tert. anim. 15 and 7 f.; pall. 6.



**rē-cōgīto**, āre, vb. think over again and again, Homun- culi quanti sunt quum recogito, Pl. Capt. pr. 51; tu mihi uideris de nominibus Pomponianis recogitasse, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 2, 1; saepe mecum retractatus ad recogitans, Colum. pr. 13.

**rēcognīto**, ōnis, f. reviewing, review, investigatio, per recognitionem Postumi magna pars agri Campani... recuperata in publicum erat, Liv. 42, 19, 1; frequens r. (uestis ferramentorumque), Colum. 11, 1, 21; equitum, Suet. Claud. 16; but in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110 recordatione of the better mss now preferred.

**rē-cogn-osco**, ēre, ōni, itus, vb. examine again, review, tua consilia mecum licet recognoscas, Cic. Cat. 1, 6; recognosce mecum noctem illam superiorem, 1, 8; neque enim mihi uidetur haec multitudo cognoscere ex me causam uoluisse, sed ea quae scit mecum recognoscere, Verr. 1, 15; ergastuli mancipia, Colum. 1, 8, 16: nestem maucias pedumque tegmina, 1, 8, 18; peregrinos, Iustin. 43, 4, 11; gregem, 6, 23, 3; instrumentum rusticum, 11, 1, 20; equitum turmas, Suet. Aug. 38; custodias, Ner. 61; **2.** revise what is written, collate, and verify or authenticate, haec summa cura recognita et collata et ab hominibus honestissimis obsignata sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 190; subscriptio quod illi dictaui et recognoui, Marc. dig. 48, 10, 1, 8; auctoritas subscriberentis se ea dictasse et recognouisse, 48, 10, 15, 3; ceteri descriptum et recognitum faciunt, Gai. dig. 10, 2, 5; descriptum et recognitum, inser. Or. 3787; add inser. Grut. 573, 1; **3.** examine and authenticate (seals), ut signatores admoniti nemine ad recognoscenda signa, Ulp. 43, 5, 3, 9; **4.** gen., recognize, in quibus litteris tuum erga me amorem recognoui, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 12, 2; Sacra recognosces annalibus eruta prisceis, Ov. F. 1, 7.

**rē-cōgo**, ēre, vb. force or compel again, Paul. Nol. carm. 35, 309.

**rē-colligo**, ōre, lēgi, lectus, vb. pick up again, collect again (oua), Colum. 8, 5, 4; talos, Sen. lud. de morte Claudii, 15, 1; stolam, Pliu. ep. 4, 11, 9; hastam, Val. F. 6, 254; arma, 6, 423; **2.** met., recover, si cuius animus in te esset offensior, a me recolligi oportere, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 5; primos annos, Ov. M. 7, 215; quin te ipsa recolligis? 9, 744; (manum extensam), Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 10, 71—draw back again; **3.** recovering from illness, aegris se recolligentibus, Plin. 20, 35; add 23, 122; uiris (=uires) recolligentibus, 28, 129.

**rē-collōco**, āre, vb. place again, lecto, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 31, p. 279.

**1** **rē-cōlo**, āre, vb. strain again, Scrib. comp. 268.

**2** **rē-cōlo**, ēre, ui, cultus, vb. cultivate again, desertam terram, Liv. 27, 5, 5; humo...post tempora longa recultae, Ov. M. 5, 647; agros, Val. F. 7, 68; **2.** work (mines) again, metalla et uetera intermissa recoluit et noua instituit, Liv. 39, 24, 2; **3.** met., antiqua recolam—return to the habits of youth—et seruibo mihi, Pl. Merc. 3, 2, 3; ad eas artes quibus a pueris dediti fuimus...recolendas, Cic. or. 1, 2; dignitatem meam, ap. Non. 439, 2; auitum decus, Tac. an. 3, 72; ut terrae uariis seminibus, ita ingenia nunc hac nunc illa meditatione recolunt, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 7; remissam iniuriam, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 11, 1, resume proceedings for a wrong that had been passed over; **4.** esp. think over again, recal to mind, Haec ego cum animo meo reputo et recolo, Vbi qui eget quam preti sit parui, Apagae amor, non places (text dub.), Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 25; quae si tecum recolueris, maiore consolatione moriere, Cic. Phil. 13, 45; animas...Lustrabat studio recolens omnemque suorum...recensebat numerum, Verg. 6, 681; Hoc tua (nam recolo) quondam germana canebat, Ov. her. 5, 113; add Apul. M. 9, 21; 11, 7.

**rē-commisacor**, i, vb. r. think over again, recal to mind, Litteris recommisacor: C est principium uomini, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 70.

**rē-compingo**, ēre, vb. fasten together, os ad os, Tert. res. carn. 70.

**rē-compōno**, ēre, pōsui, pōsitus, vb. put together again, readjust, comas, Ov. am. 1, 6, 68; fracturam, Veg. uet. 3, 47, 2; but in Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, II Moumsen has: resoluti ut componantur.

**rēcōnciliāto**, ōnis, f. first reunion, gratiae, Cic. har. resp. 51; ad Quir. 13; Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7, 4; concordiae, Cic. Cat. 3, 25; **2.** absol. reconciliation, Suet. Caes. 73; Aug. 17; Ner. 34; Iustin. 16, 1, 8.

**rēcōnciliātor**, ōris, m. one who reunites, pacis, Liv. 35, 45, 3; **2.** one who recouciles, populi, Apul. mag. 19.

**rē-concillo**, āre, vb. bring back into union, unite again, reunite, restore, Nil pretio parsit, filio dum parceret, Reconciliare ut facilius posset donum, Pl. Capt. pr. 33; nam illum confido domum In his diebus me reconciliassere\*, 1, 2, 65; Si huius huc recouciassot in libertatem filium, 3, 4, 44; ut reconciliatae (apes) ad suum quaeque domicilium redeant, Varr. r. 3, 16, 38; **2.** met., de uestra uetere gratia reconcilianda, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 1; quod scribis de reconciliata nostra gratia, fam. 5, 2, 5; inimici in gratiam reconciliabantur, dom. 129; hic me meus in rem publicam animus pristiuss cum C. Caesare reducit reconciliat restituit in gratiam, prou. cons. 23; nobis uoluntatem senatus, fam. 1, 2, 1; reconciliare existimationem iudiciorum amissam, Verr. 1, 2; animum patris sui sorori tuae, Att. 6, 7, 1; animos militum imperatori, Liv. 8, 36, 7; pacem, 42, 46, 3; **3.** absol. reconcile, w. acc. of person, Tua recouciiletur uxor, mea necetur filia, Enn.? ap. Rufin. § 37, p. 222 Ruhnk.; quibus Eum eadem res publica reconciliauit quae alienarat, Cic. prou. cons. 21; reconciliantur (apes) lacte, Pliu. 11, 58; add ep. 6, 5, 5; **4.** reconciliassere\* inf. of old vb. reconciliasso used as a fut.; but reconciliassot for reconciliaueso, a perf. fut.

**rē-concinnō**, āre, vb. put together afresh, make up anew, pallam illam...ad frignonem (so mss) ut deferas, Vt reconcinnetur atque ut opera addantur quae uolo, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 73; Iubeasque spinter nouom reconcinnarier, 3, 3, 4; **2.** repair, tribus locis aedificum, reliqua reconcinnō, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 3; detrimentum uirtute militum reconcinnatur (so Aldus ej.; mss reconciliatur), Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 4.

**rē-conclūdo**, ēre, vb. shut up again, Tert. Prax. 16 m.

**rē-condo**, ēre, didi, ditus, vb. stow away in a back place, and so gen. stow away, Parasitum inanem quo recondas reliquias, Pl. St. 1, 3, 75; quod celari opus erat habebant repositum et reconditum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 23; non explicata ueste neque proposito argenteo sed his omnibus rebus reconditis, or. 1, 161; ensem in pulmone recondit, Verg. 10, 387; Multi praeterea quos fama obscura recondit, 5, 302; necessarium fuit alterum sub dio esse qui labore compararet quae tectis recondentur, Colum. 12 praef. 2; oleum nouis uasis, 12, 53, 2; (nuas) in amphoras, 12, 16, 3; **2.** met., alia mens quasi recondit a quibus memoria oritur, Cic. acad. pr. 30; uultus (procerum) iu erimen detorquens recondebat, Tac. an. 1, 7 f.; odia in longum iaciens quae reconderet auctaque promeret, 1, 69 f.; iu hoc me recondidi...ut prodesse pluribus possem, Sen. ep. 8, 1; Demosthenes se in locum ex quo nulla exaudiri uox posset recondebat, Quint. 10, 3, 25; **3.** stow away again, gladium e nagia eduxit..., gladium cruentatum in uaginam recondiuit, Cic. iuu. 2, 14; Ad nomen Thisbes oculos iam morte grauatos Pyramus erexit, uisaque recondidit illa, Ov. M. 4, 146; add 11, 649; **II** **4.** reconditus, part. as adj. hidden, out of the way, abstruse, recondite, secret, quid Aegyptus? ut occulte latet! ut recondita est! Cic. agr. 2, 41; si quid erit occultius et ut scribis reconditum, meorum aliquem mittam, fam. 11, 21, 5; litterae, N. D. 3, 42; a me ea quae in promptu erant dicta sunt, a Lucullo reconditiora desidero, acad. pr. 10; natura tristis ac recondita (reserved) fuit, Quinct. 59; **5.** in Prop. 2, 32, 16 recondit seems to have its usual meaning of stowing away, hiding.

**rē-condūco**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. bring back, aegrum, Plin. 29, 22 (dub.); **2.** contract again to do work, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 11.

**rē-conflo**, āre, vb. blow up again (into flame), Lucr. 4, 927.

**rē-consigno**, āre, vb. seal or mark again, Tert. res. carn. 52 f.

**rē-construo**, ēre, vb. build up again, Cassiod. Var. 2, 39 med.

**rē-cōquo**, ēre, coxi, coctus, vb. boil again, haud sane

quis me facile tamquam Peliam recoxerit, Cic. sen. 83; recoquit (so Gron. cj.; miss recohit or refouet) fessos acetate parentes, Val. F. 6, 444 (of Medea); seni recooto, Catul. 55, 10 (5), hoiled young again; lana quosdam colores nisi saepius recocta non perbibit, Sen. ep. 71, 31; (cera) post insolationem recocta, Plin. 21, 84; 2. melt again, cast again, forge again, recogunt patrios fornacibus enses, Verg. 7, 636; ex ferro ergastulorum recocto gladios fecerunt, Flor. 3, 20 (2, 8), 6; 3. purify by repeated melting, ocreas electro auroquo recocto, Verg. 8, 624; an satis recoctum sit (acs) splendore deprehendente, Plin. 33, 65; 4. heat again or thoroughly in the sun, Vel passum psyllis suis recoctum, Stat. silu. 4, 9, 38; 5. fire again, light again, carbo (queneus), desinente flatu protinus emoriens (instead of mouldering away) saepius recoquitur, Plin. 16, 23; 6. met. from recasting, recoctus Scriba ex quinqueuro, Hor. s. 2, 5, 55; se (Moloni) rursus formandum ac uelut recoquendum dedit, Quint. 12, 6, 7.

**recoḡāb-ilis**, e, adj. memorable, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 14; Aug. Mus. 6, 6.

**recoḡātio**, ōnis, f., memory, remembrance, recollection, Cic. or. 1, 4; Brut. 9; protu. cous. 43; Plin. ep. 1, 9, 3;

2. in pl. Cic. Att. 18, 18, 1; fam. 5, 13, 4; Tac. an. 4, 38.

**recoḡātūus**, adj. of the class recordata, i. e. recorded; in Gramm. name of the past perfect tense as commaueram; species, Mart. Cap. 3, 85 G, p. 89, 26 Eyss.

**recoḡātus**, ūs, m. recollection, Tert. res. carn. 4; id. Psych. 5.

**recoḡo**, āre, vb. remind, patria(e) cum, Quadrig. ap. Non. 475, 26.

**recoḡor**, (cor, as the seat of memory, cf. E. learn by heart) āri, ātus, vb. r., first = recordo mihi (see "Language," p. 209), I bring to my mind, recall to mind, remember, w. acc., Recordatus multum sum et diu cogitavi, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 1; add Men. 5, 6, 7; Cum recordor eius ferocem et torum confidentiam, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 355; Heu me miserum, cum haec recordor, cum illos remiutor dies, Acc. ap. Non. 499, 32; omnes gradus aetatis tuae, Cic. or. 3, 82; desperationes eorum, fam. 2, 16, 6; tuam uirtutem animique magnitudinem, 5, 17, 1; huius meritum (not meriti), Plane. 69; 2. w. acc. and inf., Inde recordati Teucros a sanguino Teucri Ducere principium, Ov. M. 13, 705; 3. w. indir. interr., r. quam bella paulisper nobis gubernantibus ciuitas fuerit, quae mihi gratia relata sit, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; non r. uide ceciderim, sed unde surrexerim, ib.; 4. even of the future as inferred from the past, non tantum quae sum passura recordor, Sed quaecumque potest ulla relictā pati, Ov. her. 10, 79; iam omnium captiuitatem et seruitutem recordantes, Flor. 5, 7, 10; II 5. = recordo me, I remind myself (of), remember, w. gen., flagitiorum suorum recordabitur, Cic. Pis. 12.

**recoḡōrātio**, ōnis, f. in med. diaphoretic treatment, Cael. Aur. tard. praef. 1; 2. restoration of flesh, Tert. res. carn. 30.

**recoḡōrātūus**, adj. diaphoretic, = μετασφικτικός, uirtus, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 38, 223; adiutoria, 3, 16, 134; eucurbitae, tard. 2, 1, 31; 2, 7, 107; curatio, 2, 1, 49.

**recoḡōro**, āre, vb. = μετασφικρίζω, discharge peccant humours, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 4, 47; 2. re-embody, in asinos et mulos, Tert. anim. 33 med.; animas, 35; in materiam robustiorem, res. carn. 7.

**recoḡōro**, āre, xeri, rectus, vb. set right again, correct, animum, Sen. ep. 50, 5; costas, Petr. 43; add Tert. Marc. 4, 5.

**recoḡrāstino**, āre, vb. procrastinate, Colum. 2, 21, 2; Plin. 17, 113.

**recoḡrātio**, ōnis, f. restoration of strength, Plin. 22, 102.

**recoḡrator**, ōris, m. restorer, reviver, munerum, inscr. Or. 6; somnus corporum r., Tert. anim. 43.

**recoḡrumentum**, i, n. refuse, plumbi, Cels. 6, 8, p. 244, 21 D, farris, Plin. 18, 142; aridiora ex (escu.entis) recoḡrumenta, Gell. 17, 11, 2; add Prud. apoth. 65.

**recoḡro**, āre, vb. create afresh, aer nisi contra Corpora

retribuat rebus recreetquo fluentis Omnia iam resoluta forent, Lucr. 5, 277; add 5, 323; ad callum erodendum et rasis ossibus earnis recreandas, Plin. 34, 155; 2. restore the strength (of), reuiuigorate, recruit, revive, refresh, illie homo homines non alit uerum eduent Recreatque: nullus melius medicinam facit, Pl. Meu. 1, 1, 23; quam mox recreas me ere? Cena modo si sit cocta, Cas. 3, 6, 15; e graui morbo reercati, Cic. ad Quir. 4; uoculam, Att. 2, 23, 1; nouella (uitis) sic intabescit ut nullis deinceps impensis recreari possit, Colum. 4, 3, 5; lassitudines (=lassos) recreat, Plin. 22, 32; recreans membra olei liquor, 12, 4; adspetu smaragdi reeratur acies (oculi), 37, 63; 3. met., uerter, iudices, conspectus reficit et recreat mentem meam, Cic. Plane. 2; recreaui afflictos animos bonorum, Att. 1, 16, 8; prouinciam perditam reercasti, Verr. 2, 3, 212.

**recoḡro**, āre, vb. sound again, echo, eymbala, Catul. 63, 29; saepe lapis reerapat Cyllenia murmura (notes of the lute) pulsus, Verg. Cir. 108.

**recoḡresco**, ēre, ēui, ētus, vb. grow again, Luna quater latuit, toto quater orbe reeruit, Ov. her. 2, 5; nec praecisa ossa reerescent, Plin. 11, 216; reeretis erinibus, Paul. Nol. 21, 560; but Liv. 26, 41, 22 an interpol., says Madvig.

**recoḡrūdesco**, ēre, ui, vb. become raw again, and so break out again as an ulcer, met., hoc tam graui uulnere etiam illa quae consanuisso uidebantur reerudescunt, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 2; reerudescente seditione, Liv. 6, 18, 1; interuentu Gellii reerudit pugna, 10, 19, 20.

**recoḡtā**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**recoḡtē**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**recoḡtācio**, ορθοτομω, Gloss.

**Recoḡtinus**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, perh. of adoption, Iulia M. f. Rectina, inscr. Mur. 1691, 15; Popilla L. f. Rectina, inscr. Grut. 818, 6; codicillos Rectinae, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 8.

**recoḡtio**, ōnis, f. guidance, rerum publicarum, Cic. fin. 4, 61; 5, 11.

**recoḡtātor**, ōris, m. one who guides, ratis, poet. ap. Mar. Victor. 2551 P.

**recoḡtūdo**, ōnis, f. straightness, Comment. on Frontin. agr. qual. 3, 9 ed. Lachm.; 2. correct method, scribendi, Cassiod. pr. 2276 P; 3. equity, Hier. Iesai. 8, 10.

**recoḡtō**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**recoḡtor**, ōris, m. one who guides, as a pilot, nauium, Cic. diu. 1, 24; Verg. 5, 161; (currūs), Ov. a. a. 2, 433; equi sine rectoribus consternantur, Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 436, 6; (boum arantium), Plin. ep. 8, 17, 4; beluas rectoribus earum, Curt. 8, 14, 16; add 8, 14, 33; equi, Suet. Tit. 4; 2. met., ruler, non solum habitorem in hac caelesti domo sed etiam rectorum tanti operis, Cic. N. D. 2, 90; rei publicae, or. 1, 211; animus rector humani generis, Sal. Iug. 2, 3; Summe Deum rector, Ov. M. 12, 499; animus ille rector dominusque nostri, Sen. N. Q. 7, 25, 2; exercituum prouinciarumque, Suet. Aug. 89; 3. esp. a tutor or guardian to the young, Burrus et Seneca, retores imperatoriae iuuentutae, Tac. an. 13, 2; regnum filio, addito rectore, tradidit, Iustit. 38, 1, 10; rectorem apponere aetato paruis, Suet. Aug. 48.

**recoḡtrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who guides, uidemus uelut aurigam reetricemque membrorum animam, Colum. 3, 10, 9; artes ministratae..., sapientia domina reetricque est, Sen. ep. 85, 32; Italia reetric parensque mundi altera, Plin. 37, 201.

**recoḡtūra**, ae, f. straight line, direction, in terminum r. dirigitur, Front. cont. agr. 2, p. 39, 12 Lachm.; add p. 58, 13; agrorum, Hygin. lim. 109, 14.

**recoḡtus**, part. of rego as adj. straight.

**recoḡbitus**, ūs, m. [recoḡb- of recumbo] ricochet, baculum ex ea (sc. aquifolia) factum in quoduis animal emissum, etiamsi citra ceciderit defectu mittentis, ipsum per se recubitu (so ms a; Sill. from ms d per sese cubitu!) propius adlabi, Plin. 24, 116; Fore. has rightly: subsultus ille quem faciunt corpora in solum durum inciduita; 2. ricochet itself implies a sb. recubicatus.

**recoḡcūbo**, āre, vb. [re up] lie with the back raised, recline,



in hortulis suis...recubans molliter, Cic. or. 3, 63; recubans sub tegmine fagi, Verg. B. 1, 1; Tyrio toro, Tib. 1, 2, 77; sub arbore, Ov. a. a. 2, 342; cum lector inductus est non minore cum taedio recubant, Plin. ep. 9, 17, 3;

2. less accurately, lie at ease, recline, of a sow, Verg. 3, 392; of Cerberus, 8, 297; of a snake, Val. F. 7, 523; for recubui see recumbo.

**rē-cūla**, (in late writers rescula) ae, f. dim. [rec for er-ec, old crude form of res, wh. see] a little thing, a small property, Si quidem imperes pro copia pro recula, Pl. fr. ap. Prisc. 107, 8 K; pater Vergiliū apibus curandis reculam auxit, Donat. vit. Verg.; quid oro fili paupertinas pannosaque resculas (traps, chattels) anus donas vicinis diuitibus, Apul. M. 4, 12; ipsa te resculis tuis spoliās, Salv. auar. 4, 8, p. 546 Ritt.

**rēcūltus**, part. of recolo.

**rē-cumbo**, ēre, cūbui, cūbitum, vb. [re up or back] prop. denotes an act but is at times used even in imperf. tenses of the resulting position and then marked †, first take a recumbent position with body somewhat raised (re np), lie down, as on a dinner couch, take a seat at table, recline, Si potes Archiacis conuiua recumbere lectis, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 1; quos inter Augustus recumbens† Purpureo bibit ore nectar, Hor. od. 3, 3, 11; cenabat Nerua cum paucis, Veiento in sinu recumbebat†, Plin. ep. 4, 22, 4; recumbebat† mecum Fadius, super eum munieeps ipsius, 9, 23, 4; Promisit, rediit, hora dicta recubuit; Splendebat hilare poculis conuiuium, Phaedr. 5, 25, 19; cautum est ut Saturnalibus in conuiuiis serui cum dominis recumbant, Iust. 4, 3, 4; 2. lie down, on a bed, grass, etc., cum in cubiculo recubuissem, Cic. Deiot. 42; Ascendit spondaque sibi propiore recumbit, Ov. F. 2, 345; cum in couclauū edito recubuisset (Diou) (and soon after: in lecto cubantem), ps. Nep. Dion 9, 1; cum in herba recubuissem, Cic. or. 2, 287; medioque recumbere sulco (sc. tauros), Ov. M. 7, 538; recumbens† Antro Chiron, Sen. Tro. 840; Cum maiore sui parte recumberet† (sc. anguis), Sen. Oed. 748; 3. also, lie down again, cum primo surrexisse dein, cum se conlegisset, recubuisse, Cic. diu. 1, 57; met., et minax...unda recumbit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 32;

4. fall down, mulier sopita recumbit, Lucr. 6, 794; inque umeros ceruix conlapsa recumbit, Verg. 9, 434; add Ov. M. 10, 195; 5. met., recline†, cauaque in palude recumbat† (sc. pons), Catul. 17, 4; nebulae campo, Verg. G. 1, 401; stagno pelagus, Sen. Thy. 589; uitis in terra, Plin. 17, 209; and 210 uitium porrigi lumbos (even viues stretch their legs); 6. met., Et rursus multae fortunae forte recumbunt, Enn. 298 V.

**rēcūpērātio**, (or recip.) ōnis, f. getting back again, recovery, libertatis, Cic. Phil. 10, 20; urbium, Iustin. 30, 1, 7; 2. measures taken for restitution between public communities, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 274 b 21 M; 3. restitution, cod. Tb. 9, 43, 1, 3.

**rēcūpērātīuus**, (or recip.) adj. of legal proceedings before a recuperator, coutrouersiarum effectus, Agenn. Vrb. 68, 18; 69, 10 Lachm.; status, comm. Frontin. 25, 10 and 20.

**rēcūpērātor** (or recip.) ōris, m. one who recovers, r. urbis (sc. Camillus), Tac. an. 2, 52; 2. recuperatores, arbitrators, three or more private persons appointed by the praetor to act as judges for the time in a suit, Postquam quidem praetor rēcūpēratores dedit, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 36; praetores...iniuriis aestumandis recuperatores se daturos edixerunt, Gell. 20, 1, 13; recuperatores sunt. Si paret..., recuperatores illum libertum illi patrono sestertium x milia condemnate, cdict. ap. Gai. 4, 46;

3. in the army appointed by the general, Liv. 26, 48, 8; in the provinces by the governor, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 68.

**rēcūpērātor-ius**, adj. of recuperatores or arbitrators, iudicium, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 27; inu. 2, 60; Gai. 4, 105 and 109.

**rēcū-pēro** (or recip.) āre, vb. [rec, older form of re, paro are] get back, recover, quos leiberos seruosne bello Mitridatis amiserunt, magistratus ita de ca re iudicia recuperationis dauto utei ie(i) eos recenperare possint, CIL 204, 2, 5; pecuniam, Cic. agr. 2, 41; gloriam libertatemque, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 8; mo ipsum, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 3; uires, Tac. h. 3, 22;

2. as a vb. r. r. me or recuperor, recover, get strong again, familia ubi nersetur, prouidendum, si fessi, ubi possint se quiete recipere, Varr. r. 1, 13, 1; o terra recipientes radices arborum in se sucum recuperatur, Vitr. 2, 9, 2; for qty. seo recuperator.

**rē-cūro**, āre, vb. take care of, and so restore to health, Et me recurui otioque et urtica, Catul. 44, 15; plagas, Apul. M. 6, 25; corpora lauiata, 8, 18; 2. gen. deal with successfully, (charta) non ita recurata...mansit amphitheatrica, Plin. 13, 75.

**rē-curro**, ēre, cūcurri or curri, cursum, vb. run back, Recipo te et recurre re recenti, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 8; iam huc recurret sat scio, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 21; (puerum) ad me statim recurrere iussi, Cic. Att. 2, 11, 1; Ad fontem Xanthi uersa recurret aqua, Ov. her. 5, 30; add am. 2, 1, 30; tr. 1, 8, 2;

2. met. (luna) mutatur tum crescendo tum in initia recurrendo, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; Naturam expelles furca, tamen usque recurret, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 24; febrim quartis diebus recurrentem, Gell. 17, 12, 2; seruos miserat in Galliam ad merces comparandas, recursuros si comparasset, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35, 3; 3. fall back upon, have recourse to (what was thought of before but rejected), ad easdem conditionis condicione recurrunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 16, 3; ad hunc Secundum recurret, Tac. dial. 9; ad eos auctores qui..., Quint. proem. 17; ad eam rationem recurrunt, ut..., 1, 6, 13;

4. ap. Quint. 5, 8, 6 quaedam in contrarium uon recurrent, of non-convertible propositions, as mouetur qui ingreditur; but uot necessarily ingreditur qui mouetur; 5. uersus recurrentes, Sidon. ep. 8, 11; 9, 14 as, Roma tibi subito motibus ibit amor; and let me add: (canunt blattae circa lumina uolitantes): In girum imus nocte ecce et consumimur igni.

**rēcūrsio**, ōnis, f. recurring, return, Mart. Cap. 9, 308 G, p. 341, 6 Eyss.

**rē-cursūto**, āre, vb. frq. keep running back or returning, Mart. Cap. 1, 10 G, p. 11, 31 Eyss.

**rē-curso**, āre, vb. frq. the same, Quid ego huc recurrem? Pl. Most. 3, 1, 54; dissiliunt longe, longeque recursant, Lucr. 2, 106; recursat huc et huc, Sen. Med. 388;

2. met. cura, Verg. 1, 662; curae, 12, 802; add 4, 3; recursabant animo uetera omina, Tac. h. 2, 78.

**rēcursus**, ūs, m. running back, return, Inde alios ineunt cursus aliosque recursus, Verg. 5, 583; (undae), Ov. Ib. 419; Maeandri recursibus, Plin. 5, 110; ut ad moenia urbis r. pateret, Liv. 26, 42, 10 (deemed spurious by Madv.); (labyrinthi) occurus ac recursus, Plin. 36, 85; but in 16, 95 Sillig has uatalisue pomorum annuus (without recursus).

**rē-curuo**, āre, vb. bend or turn up, os (pecten) rectius in uiris, recuruat magis iu exteriora in feminis, Cels. 8, 1, p. 328, 10 D; hamulum mucrone intus recuruato, 7, 4, p. 274, 11; praetorto capite et recuruato, Colum. 3, 18, 1; radix nucis duritia humi coercita recuruatur, 5, 10, 2;

2. bend by a rise (of the centre), si palmae lignum tam graniter oneres, ut magnitudo oueris sustineri non queat, sursum nititur recuruaturque, Gell. 3, 6, 2;

3. bend back, recuruatae (Maeandri) undae, Ov. M. 2, 246; add am. 1, 8, 6; equi luctantia colla, her. 4, 79.

**rē-curuus**, adj. [re up, back] turned up, with concave side upwards, tergo delfina recuruo Se memorat oueri subposuisse nouo, Ov. F. 2, 113; Coruus inauratum pedibus cratera recuruis Tollit, so when the bird is flying, 2, 251; (conchis) ad bucinum recuruis, Plin. 9, 103; cornuque recuruo (sc. bucina) Tartaream intendit uocem, Verg. 7, 513; puppis recurua, Ov. M. 8, 141; 15, 698; recuruum et sursum uersus spectans, Colum. 3, 18, 2; 2. bent back, Cornibus aeris atque in sua terga recuruis (sc. capella), Ov. F. 5, 119; tecto recuruo (tho labyrinth), her. 10, 71;

3. gen., bent, curving, aera recurua (fish-hooks), Ov. F. 6, 240; of ivy, M. 3, 664.

**rēcūsāb-ilis**, e, adj. that may be rejected, Tert. Marc. 4, 35 f.

**rēcūsātio**, ōnis, f. declining, excusing oneself from, Cic. or. 2, 26; Cat. 3, 5; leg. 2, 41; 2. met. stomach, Petr. 141.

**rēcūso** or recusso, āre, vb. back out of with an excuse.

decline, excuse oneself from, postridie iussisti adesse: non ausi recusare, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 482, 12 K; Adsum: nam si apsim haut recussare quin mihi male sit, mel meum, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 7; Numquid recussas (so Fleck.) contra me? Haud verbum quidem, Poen. 5, 6, 17; Tamen numquam ausus sum reeusare eam quam mihi obrudit pater, Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 15; non recuso, non abnuo, Cic. Mil. 100; populum Romanum disceptatorem uou modo non recuso sed etiam deosco, Flac. 97; nullum periculum communis salutis causa recusare, Caes. b. g. 7, 2, 1; enim trigeminis agunt reges: nihil recusatur, Liv. 1, 24, 2; 2. w. inf., neque repertus est quisquam qui...mori recusaret, Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 3; quae facere ipse recusem, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 208; 3. w. ne, quin, quomiuus, (Regulus) sententiam ne diceret recusauit, non esse se senatorem, Cic. off. 3, 100; cum reliqui...ne unus omnes antecederet recusarent, Caes. b. e. 3, 82, 5; non possumus quin alii dissentiant recusare, Cic. acad. pr. 7; neque reeusare, si lacessantur, quin armis contendant, Caes. b. g. 4, 7, 3; nec recusabo quo minus mea legant, Cic. fin. 1, 7; neque recusaturus quo minus sub illorum ditione essent, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 7; 4. met. genua impediunt cursumque recusant, Verg. 12, 747; ignis non umquam alimenta recusat, Ov. M. 8, 837; castauea recusat glaream rubricam cretam, Plin. 17, 147; (gemmae) recusant limae probationem, 37, 199.

**recussābilis**, e, adj. to be thrown back, tum permittenti uiribus recussabili sfera (=sphaera) utatur (om. mss) quam Italicam uocant (i.e. the κωρυκος), Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 88.

**recussus**, part.; see recutio.

**recussus**, ūs, m. rebound (in abl.), recussu (ibex) pernicis exsulat, Plin. 8, 214.

**recutio**, (quatio) ēre, cussi, cussus, vb. strike back—hence of an echo, stetit illa (aluis equi) tremens, uteroque recusso Iusonuere cauae gemitumque dedere cauernae, Verg. 2, 52; Fit fragor...Horruit inmeus Ponti latus...penitusque recusso Aequore Cyaneas Minyae timuere relictas, Val. F. 5, 166; Christi iugum, Aug. doctr. Ch. 2, 40 f.

**recūtītus**, part. [implies a vb. recuti-o of like meaning; re of reversal] unskinned (so to say), skinned, with the skin taken off, Nec ruptae recutita colla mulae, Mart. 9, 57, 4; 2. circumcised, Iudaei, Mart. 7, 30, 5; Petr. fr. tr. 68 b f.; sabбата, Pers. 5, 184.

**red**, see re.

**reda**, or raeda (so ms E in Cic.) rather than rhēda [of Gallie origin, and so akin to Bret. vb. redek and redi, run, W. vb. rhedeg, run, also to Bret. sb. red, course and W. sb. rhed, the same; cf. L. currus from curro] ae, f. a carriage, first on Gallic ground, aciem suam redis et carris circumdederunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 2; add 6, 30, 2; hence: Curriculi genus est, memorat quod Gallia, reda, Ven. Fort. 3, 20; 2. hence, a light four-wheeled carriage, much used by the rich Romans, as fitted for great speed, quod si tuam heri redam (so mss) non habuissem, uarices haberem, Varr. ap. Non. 267, 18; Dixe (al. aliter) Medeam aductam per acra in reda (so mss) anguibus, ib. 457, 15; equi ad redam idonei, r. 2, 7, 15; add Cic. Att. 5, 17, 1; 6, 1, 25; Mil. 28 (bis), 29 (ter); Phil. 2, 58; Quattuor hinc rapimur uiginti et milliā rōdis, Hor. s. 1, 5, 86; quem tollērē rēda Vellet (Maecenas), 2, 6, 42; Cum cathedralicis portet tibi reda ministros, Mart. 10, 13, 1 (of one rich to his misery); add 3, 47, 5; Vel quod habet inunctos Vasatica reda caballos, Auson. ad Theou. ep. 19; Sed cisium aut pigrum cautus conscende uerudum: Non tibi sit redae, non amor acris equi, id. ep. 14, 14; rhēda genus uehiculi quatuor rotarum, Isid. orig. 20, 12.

**red-accendo**, ēre, di, sus, vb. set on fire again, Tert. anim. 30 f.; res. caru. 12; Hier. ep. 5, 1.

**redactus**, part. see redigo.

**redactus**, ūs, m. return in money from a sale, money-produce, redactum uenditionis soluerunt, Scaev. dig. 46, 3, 88; ex redactu fructuum holeris et porrinae, 7, 1, 58, 1.

**red-adopto**, āre, vb. adopt again, quem denuo redadoptauit, Modest. dig. 1, 7, 41.

**redādunatio**, ōnis, f. reunion, Tert. res. carn. 30.

**red-ambulo**, āre, vb. walk back, bene ambula et redambulata, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 120; ambulat reambulata, not. Tir. 146b.

**red-amo**, āre, vb. love in return, uel amare, uel, ut ita dicam (hence as a word not in use) redamare, Cic. am. 49.

**red-ampiruo**, [the simple vb. ampiruo from am round + ped foot—for the r cf. ar=ad, auris w. audio—or else ampir=amber, see amfractus; in either case through an adj. ampiruus] āre, vb. pirouette in return, redampiruar dicitur in Saliorum exultationibus, cum praesul ampiruauit (so ms), ei referuntur inuicem idem motus Lucil.: (eum uiderit ipse) Praesul ut ampiruēt (so mss), inde (monos. or else at) uolugus redampiruaabit, 3;... (and met.) Pacuuius: pro(m)erenda gratia: Simul cum uideam Graios nil mediocriter Redampiruar opibus quae summis prosequi; Fest. 270 b 32 M—wh. the ms has 1 redantuarare, 2 redamplauit (agst metre), 3 redampruarare; 2. hence by de-cap. Fr. pirouette, Sp. pirueta.

**redānimatio**, ōnis, f. reanimating, Tert. res. earn. 38.

**red-animō**, āre, vb. reanimate, Tert. res. carn. 13, 19 and 31.

**red-ardesco**, ēre, vb. blaze up again, met. Flamma redardescet quae modo nulla fuit, Ov. rem. am. 734.

**red-arguo**, ēre, ui, vb. [red of reversal] disprove, prove to be untrue, refute, oratio quae ueque redargui neque conuinci potest, Cic. Tim. 3; uim omuem deorum, N. D. 3, 88; illa, or. 2, 293; contraria, part. or. 33; Aduenit qui uestra dies...Verba redarguerit, Verg. 11, 688; famosos libellos, Suet. Aug. 55; crimen ipsum, Quint. 11, 1, 9;

2. with ace. of person, conuict of misstatement, refute, confute, redargue me si mentior, Cic. Clu. 62; opto redargui me, N. D. 3, 95; add Tusc. 2, 5; redarguimus aperte ut Cicero Curium de annis actatis suae mentientem, Quint. 6, 3, 73; 3. without acc., id Sextilius factum negabat; poterat antem impune, quis enim redargueret (sc. id or eum)? Cic. fin. 2, 55; add Quint. 6, 3, 73 above;

4. prove in answer, in hoc inconstantiam redarguo tuam, Cic. dom. 21; rationem falsam quidem sed quam redarguere falsam esse tu non queas, Gell. 15, 9, 7.

**redārius** or raedarius (so ms E in Cic.) adj. of a carriage (redā), muli, Varr. r. 3, 17, 7; 2. as sb. m. coachman, Cic. Mil. 29; 3. a coach-builder, raedarius, Capit. Max. et Balb. 5, 1.

**red-armo**, āre, vb. arm again, Diet. Cret. 2 med.

**red-auspico**, āre, vb. take the auspices again, met. Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 109.

**redditio**, ōnis, f. making a return, rationis, Aug. c. D. 21, 7; 2. in rhetoric, an apodosis, Quiut. S. 3 §§ 77, 79 and 80.

**redditiuus**, adj. of the class reddita, answering to something preceding (anteedens), corresponding, as talis tu qualis, Prisc. 2, 128, 19 K; 132, 4 and 9; 491, 23; 501, 21; but in Diom. 437, 26 K (432 P) Keil has: redditas w. mss (not redditiuas).

**redditor**, ōris, m. one who pays, Aug. ep. 5 med.

**red-do**, dēre, didi, ditus, vb. put back, give back, restore, possessiouem dedit assignauit reddidit, CIL 200, 16; in Sicilia fugiteius Italicoorum conquaesiu reddideque homines deccccvii, 551; Postulo aps te ut mi illum reddas seruom quem hic reliqueram, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 18; primum ut suis (eam) restituum ac reddam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 67; cogebantur Sullani homines quae per uim abstulerant reddere, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; (ut) obsides quos haberet ab Haeduis redderet, Caes. b. g. 1, 35, 3; tribuni uobis amissa reddent, Liv. 3, 68, 4; 2. esp. pay back (what is due), pay (a debt) repay, mihi faenus reddet, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 71; reddere est id quod debeas ei cuius est uolenti dare, Sen. ben. 7, 19, 2; redde quod debes, 3, 14, 3; 3. hence of vows, sacrifices, promises, discharge, perform, offer, caute uota reddunto, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 22; reddita uota loui, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 46; Lancibus et pandis fumantia reddimus exta, Verg. G. 2, 194; Flauaque Thebanae reddite liba deae, Ov. F. 6, 476; reddique uiro promissa iubebant, Verg. 5, 386; 4. in writing, fulfil a promise, tertium actum de pastionibus



postea tibi reddam, Varr. r. 3, 17, 1; perge de Caesare et redde quae restant, Cic. Brut. 258; cetera suis reddemus locis, Plin. 30, 20; **5.** of penalties incurred and so of punishment, pay, suffer, mearum miseriarum grauis poenas reddet, Sal. Iug. 14, 21; **6.** of returns for acts of kindness etc., repay, Pro benefactis eius ut ei pretium possim reddere, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 20; duo genera liberalitatis, unum dandi beneficii, alterum reddendi, Cic. off. 1, 48; beneficia inuitus accipere, sed ea properantius quam aes mutuum reddere, Sal. Iug. 96, 2; quoad viues, numquam tibi redditam gratiam putaueris, 110, 4; pro quis o grati patres egestatem et famem redditis, Pomp. ap. Sal. frag.; Hanno haud multo minore quam ad Beneuentum acceperat reddidit hosti cladem, Liv. 24, 20, 2; **7.** of land etc. (cf. Fr. rente, E. rent), return, bring in, Fructum quem Lemni uxoris reddunt praedia, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 75; Et sata cum multo faenore reddidit ager, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 26; cum in pabulo (pratium) non minus redderet quam in foeno, Colum. 2, 16, 2; bene positam uineam bono cultore nunquam non cum magno faenore gratiam reddidisse, 4, 3, 5; **8.** administer (justice), as giving to each his due, magistratus adiudicium de eadem causa iterum ut reddant tibi, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 57; neque his petentibus ius redditur, Caes. b. c. 6, 13, 7; Sancta incorrupta iura reddebat fide, Phaedr. 4, 13, 8; **9.** as do is used of handing a letter to the carrier, so reddo of its delivery, Cincius eam mihi abs te epistolam reddidit quam tu idib. Febr. dederas, Cic. Att. 1, 20, 1; cum ad te litteras dedissem, reddidit mihi litterae sunt a Pompeio, 8, 1, 1; progresso ei paulo longius litterae a Gadibus redduntur, Caes. b. c. 2, 20, 2; cum litteris eum quas Micipsae redderet dimisit, Sal. Iug. 9, 1; **10.** of what is returned from the body having previously eutered it, cum aspera arteria excipiat animam spiritu eandemque a pulmonibus reddat, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; spinam aliudue quid faucibus adhaerens...reddi, Plin. 28, 190—thrown up—; dum nimis imperat uoci sanguinem reddidit, Plin. ep. 5, 19, 6; **11.** esp. of the egesta, cui satis alius quotidie reddit, Cels. 2, 12, 2, p. 57, 18 D; add 7, 23; asinus bene confectum reddit fimum, Colum. 2, 14, 4; inter aquaticas (auis) mergi soliti sunt deouare quae ceterae reddunt, Plin. 10, 130; uriuam, 8, 165; **12.** of dying (cf. 5th ex.), noua reddebant lampade uitam, Lucr. 6, 1198; Integer hanc potui nuper bene reddere lucem, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 35; uitam, Ib. 403; cum ultimum redderet spiritum, Vell. 2, 14, 2; animam caelestem caelo reddidit, 2, 123, 3; ita summum diem securus reddat, Sen. Oed. 275; **13.** of burial, reddere corpus humo, Prop. 3, 5, 37; **14.** give back (words), answer, report, Reddere de multis ut uerba nouissima posset, Ov. M. 3, 361 (of Echo); but in 6, 329 Merkel has retulit; **15.** translate, reuder (into—), cum ea quae legeram Graece, Latine redderem, Cic. or. 1, 155; uerbum pro uerbo reddere, opt. gen. or. 14; **16.** met. answer, correspond, siue paribus paria redduntur, siue opponuntur contraria, Cic. orat. 164; cf. reddunt; **17.** r. rationes or rationem, give in an account (as steward etc.); **18.** hence met., Tibin (or Tibi) ego rationem reddam? Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 14; Aul. 1, 1, 6; ut rationem redderet populo Romano cur ex Gallia in Histriam transisset, Liv. 41, 7, 7; **19.** of change from one condition to another, render (cf. Fr. rendre=reddere), make, Tam frictum ego illum reddam, quam frictumst eiecer, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 7; Reddam ego te ex fera fame mansuetam, As. 1, 2, 19; Tametsi bonast natura, reddunt curatura iuncea, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 25; Quom feruit maxime, tam placidum quam ouem reddo, Ad. 4, 1, 18; add 5, 3, 63; me hebetem molestiae reddiderunt, Cic. Att. 9, 17, 2; domum (Sthenii) exornatam et instructam fere (Verres) reddiderat nudam atque inanem, Verri. 2, 2, 84; quae res et... et post eum quae essent tuta ab hostibus reddebat, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 5; haec itiuera infesta reddiderant, b. c. 3, 79, 4; **20.** w. acc. of perf. part. aud dat. of person, expressed or understood, effect it for him, libertatem tibi... dabo si impetras. Reddam impetratum, Pl. Mil. 4, 5, 15; Efectum hoc hodie reddam utrumque, Ps. 1, 5, 116; actum reddam, Trin. 3, 2, 90; **21.** reproduce what one has heard or been taught, ut quae secum commentatus esset ea

uerbis eisdem redderet quibus cogitauisset, Cic. Brut. 301; reddidi carmen docilis modorum, Hor. od. 4, 6, 43; Vt puerum saeuo credas dictata magistro Reddere, ep. 1, 18, 14; **22.** met. reproduce, et qui te nomine reddet Siluius Aeneas, Verg. 6, 768; faciem reddi in scuto cuiusque, Plin. 35, 13; illam matrem ut reddat ac refert nobis, sic auferet, Plin. ep. 7, 19, 9; in litteris ueteres acumulator exprimit reddidit, 9, 22, 1; reddentia formae Ora tuam laceras, Sil. 2, 634; omnia pictor reddiderat, Petr. 29; **23.** hence uitreis acinis imaginem quam uiae reddidit, Plin. 34, 123; reddidit flammam purpuream, 35, 46; odorem croci saporemque reddidit, 36, 177; **II 24.** for the simple do, says Cels. dig. 50, 16, 94; uerbum reddendi quamquam significatum habet retro dandi recipit tamen...dandi significationem, but? **25.** fut. reddibo occurs in Pl. Cas. 1, 41; nunquam Ieiunum est aequae atque ego te ruri reddibo; but reddibitur in Epid. 1, 1, 22 dub.; **26.** a part. redditus in Lucr. 4, 761 now rejected.

**redemptio**, ōnis, f. contracting for the farming of public revenue, non temeritate redemptiois afflictos publicanos, Cic. prou. cons. 11; **2.** redeemiug, ransom, cum captiuus r. negabatur, Liv. 25, 6, 14; puellae, Val. M. 4, 3, 1; **3.** buying off, suppression by means of money, iudicii, Cic. Verr. 1, 16.

**redemptio**, āre, vb. frq. redeem,—hence met. malefacta benefactis, Cato ap. Fest. 286 b 22 M.

**redempto**, āre, vb. redeem, ransom (mancipia), Tac. h. 3, 34.

**redemptor**, ōris, m. a contractor for public work, farmer of revenue, redemptorei quod lege (= e lege) locationis dari oportebit damdam (sic) curato, CLL 206, 49; Marcei Vergiliei Eurysacis pistoris redemptoris, 1013; add 1014; r. qui columnam faciendam conduxerat, Cic. diu. 2, 47; hostias nisi r. praebuisset, inu. 2, 96; Festinat...mulis gerulisque r., Hor. ep. 2, 2, 72; add Liv. 34, 9, 12; tutelae Capitolio r., Plin. 35, 14; ne recentiore trima uteretur r. (calce), 36, 176; uiae publicae per redemptores muniuntur, Sic. Flac. p. 146, 4 Lachm.; r. pontis portorium exigebat, Labeo dig. 19, 2, 60, 8; fisci uectigalium, Papin. 50, 5, 8, 1; r. operum, inser. Or. 1523; r. proscenii, 1713; scaenarius redempt., 2636; Q. Turpilius A. l. Niger red. ab aer(ario), 3236;

**2.** in law, met. of one who contracts to hold a litigant free of expense, si quos causarum concinnatores uel redemptores deprahendat, Ulp. dig. 1, 16, 9, 2; litium alienarum, cod. Th. 4, 35, 22; calumniarum, 2, 14, 1; **3.** one who ransoms, nisi (redemptus) redemptori satisfecerit, Tryphon. 49, 15, 12, 14; add §§ 17 and 18; **4.** in Fathers, the Redeemer, Hier. ep. 66, 8 f.; Aug. serm. 130, 2.

**redemptrix**, icis, aff. or sb. f. one who buys off, ransoms or redeems, Prud. perist. 10, 773; Coripp. laud. Iust. 4, 297.

**redemptūra**, ae, f. business of a contractor or farmer of public works, cohortaodos qui redempturis auxissent patrimonio ut rei publicae ex qua creuissent tempus commodarent, conducereutque ea praebenda quae ad exercitum opus essent, Liv. 23, 48, 10; redempturis faciendis, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 2; add Paul. 2, 8, 2.

**red-oo**, ire, rediui? or rediī, reditum, vb. go back, return, L. Mummi(us) L. f. eos...Corinto deleto Romam redieit, CLL 541; Achaei Troia domum redeuntis, Cato ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 5 p. 3 Keil; cito ambula: actutum redi, Pl. Trin. 4, 4, 16; peregre rediens, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 13; ut primum e prouincia rediit, Cic. Verr. 1, 16; **2.** of time or with time, return, revolve, come round again, redit agricolis labor actus in orbem, Verg. G. 2, 401; ter denis redeuntibus annis, A. 8, 47; redeunt iam gramina campis, Hor. od. 4, 7, 1; arboribus Frondes, Ov. F. 3, 237; redeuntia saecula, Mart. 4, 1, 7; **3.** dies proferetur dum ex tanto gaudio in potestatem nostram redeamus, Cato ap. Gell. 6(7), 3, 14; redeunt rursus iu gratiam, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 59; add Cic. prou. cons. 21; Caes. b. c. 1, 4, 4; istoc uerbo animus uilhi redit et cura ex corde excessit, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 12; Vt rediit animus, pariter redire dolores, Ov. her. 13, 29;

**4.** esp. in phrases such as: animus redieit, sei mecum seruat fides, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 32; aspersisti aquam: iam rediit animus, Truc. 2, 4, 16; reprime iracundiam atque ad te



redi, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 8; Si sperat fore clam, rursus ad ingenium redit, 1, 1, 46; id quod animum induxerat paulisper non tenuit sed cito ad se rediit, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 8; repente redit ad se atque ad mores suos, Caecil. 57; iam ad se rediisse (regem), Liv. 1, 41, 5; 5. of the memory, first w. nom. of person, redii mecum in memoriam, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 19; in memoriam rediit Quinctius quo die Roma profectus sit, Cic. Quinct. 57; (sepulchris) legeudis in memoriam redeo mortuorum, sen. 21; in memoriam redibit orator, inu. 1, 98; 6. also w. nom. of idea, redit animo ille latus clausus, illa suffragia, illi sermoues, Plin. ep. 8, 23, 6;

7. after digression, go back to, return, sed redeamus illuc unde deuertimus, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 5; haec de rebus forensibus: redeamus domum, 7, 1, 9; sed iam de prouinciis decedatur in urbem-que redeatur\*, leg. 3, 18; ad inceptum redeo, Sal. Ing. 3, 9; 42, 5; ad rem redeo, 79, 10; illuc unde abii redeo, Hor. s. 1, 1, 108; 8. of produce, return, bring in, lamne enumerasti id quod ad te rediturum putes? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 28; ut alibi ex eodem semine cum decimo redeat, alibi cum quintodecimo, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; in Sybaritano cum centesimo redire solitum, 1, 44, 2; possentne fructus pro impensa ac labore redire, 1, 2, 8; Ex pecore redeunt ter ducenta Parmensi, Mart. 4, 37, 5; cf. reddo § 7; 9. of property or power changing hands, devolve (on), come (to), pass (to), Eius morte ea ad me lege redierunt bona, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 4; ea ad hos redibat lege hereditas, Hee. 1, 2, 97; Venus Quam penes amantum summa summarum redit, Pl. Triu. 1, 1, 4; Iuppiter, Quom ad deos minores redierit regnum tuum, Cas. 2, 5, 27; ad te summa solum, Phormio, rerum redit, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 3; se alterum fore Sullam ad quem summa imperii redeat, Caes. b. c. 1, 4, 2; quorum ad arbitrium summa rerum redeat, 6, 11, 3; 10. of book-keeping, be transferred from day-book to ledger, be finally registered, haec bona in tabulas publicas nulla redierunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 128; of a change of circumstances, a result come (to), Adeon rem redisse... patrem ut extimescam! Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 1; Quod si eo meae fortunae redeunt, Phanium, abs te ut distrahar, 1, 4, 23; in eum iam res rediit locum Vt sit necesse, Haut. 2, 3, 118; mihi illuc (= ad illos; mss illa; Bentl. cj. illie) uere ad rastros res redit, 5, 1, 58; opinioe trium legionum deiectus ad duas redierat, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 1; 11. so too gen. result, come (to), Nempe incommoditas denique huc omnis redit, Si eueniat..., Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 35; Nempe omnia haec nunc uerba huc redeunt denique: Ego excludor, ille recipitur, Eun. 1, 2, 78; 12. change of action, have recourse (to), fall back upon, Pompeiani pilis missis ad gladios redierunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 2; cum ab hostibus eodem modo pugnaretur, nec comminus ad manus rediretur\*, bell. Afr. 18, 4; 13. w. cogn. acc., itque rediturque niam, Verg. 6, 122; 14. an acc. w. the simple vb. is implied in tecta non redeunda of Ov. Ib. 372; 15. as pass. impers., add to exx. \* above: dum stas reditum oportuit, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 43; dum ab illo rediri posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 16, 5; quum in urbem rediretur, Liv. 8, 11, 4; 16. rediuit in Lucil. ap. Non. 384, 26 is a mere error of copyists for redibit: Si nou tamen hoc ad te (so ms B with metre) rediuit, tu hoc carebis commodo;

17. a fut. rediet is a bad cj. of Haupt (Herm. 3, 153) for redit ad in German. phaen. 712: non integer ipse In caelum redit, ad pars dextera mergitur undis;—wh. read redditat, cf. ito, inito, adito, perito; 18. a fut. reddibo or reddebo acc. to Nou. 476 and some mss in Pl. Men. 5, 7, 49; 19. an old redinunt=redeunt, like prodinunt, Eneu. ap. Fest. 286 a 13 M.

**rederguisse**, for redarguisse, Scip. Afric. ap. Fest. 273 a 7 M.  
**red-hālo**, āre, vb. send up (air), exhale, Terraque cum fumans umorem tota redhalat, Lucr. 6, 523 f.  
**red-hībeo**, or reth \* (red of reversal), ēre, ui, itus, vb. un-have so to say, return on the hands of a vendor a slave or animal for unsondness, redhibere est facere ut rursus habeat uenditor, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 21; cf. Fest. 270 b 15 M; si quis hominem uenditor redhibuerit, 41, 2, 13, 2; ad Iulian. 41, 4, 7, 4; si male emptae Foront nobis istas redhiberi\* (so ms B) haut liceret, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 113; ea (uita)

quae nisi dixeris redhibeatur mancipium iure ciuili, Cic. off. 3, 91; rethiberi\* posse (eunuchum) quasi morbosum, Gell. 4, 2, 7; add 4, 2, 10\*, 11\* and 12\*; 17, 6, 2; 2. hand over (a deserter), ad ea signa quibus destituti fuerant, redhibendi sunt, cod. Th. 7, 18, 14, 1; 3. beyond legal sphere, restore, Saluum (argentum) tibi item ut mihi dedisti redhibeo (so CD; sed habeo B; reddibo, Non. 476): hic me mane, Pl. Meu. 5, 7, 49; II 4. take back (what has been sold, if objected to), Dixit se redhibere, si non placeat, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 87.

**redhībīto**, or reth.\*, ōnis, f. the act redhibendi; si quis plures digitos habeat..., non est in causa redhibitiouis, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 2; facta redhibitione omnia iu iutegrum restituntur, Paul. 21, 1, 60; add Ulp. 19, 1, 11, 5; mancipiū, Quint. 8, 3, 14; si...concipere fetus non posset, tum esse in causa rethibitionis\*, Gell. 4, 2, 10; 2. restitution, multae, cod. Th. 4, 8, 1, 4; sumptuum damnorumque, 10, 8, 5; carnis et sanguinis, Tert. res. carn. 32.

**redhībitor**, αναδοχος, Gloss. Philox.  
**redhībītōrius**, adj. of a redhibitor (see redhibeo), iudicium, Gai. dig. 21, 1, 18; actio, Ulp. 21, 1, 23, 7; 50, 16, 195, 3.

**red-hostio**, īre, vb. redhostire gratiam referre, uam et hostire pro aequare posuerunt, Paul. ex F. 271; redostit redit (reddit?), Non. 165, 20, who quotes corrupt pass. from Naev. and Acc.

**re-dīco**, ēre, vb. say again, Sidon. ep. 9, 13 med.  
**Rēdicūlus**, adj. as title of a god, Rēdiculi fanum extra portam Capenam quia accedens ad Urbem Hannibal ex eo loco redierit uisus perterritus, Fest. 282 a 23 M; dextra uiae Appiae ad 11 lapidem in campo Rēdiculi, Plin. 10, 122.

**red-igo**, ēre, āgi, actus, vb. drive back, tauros in gregem, Varr. r. 2, 5, 12; Disiectosque redegit equos, Lucr. 5, 403; hostem in castra, Liv. 21, 9, 2; mulcati uirgis in Capnam rediguntur, 26, 12, 19; Et redigit actos in sua rura boues, Ov. E. 3, 64; 2. met., bring back to a former state, ego redigam uos in gratiam, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 73; rem ad pristinam rationem redegit, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 5; cicatrices ad planum, Plin. 20, 93; 3. of memory, tu redige in memoriam, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 36; r. uos in memoriam, Rutil. Lup. 2, 7; 4. bring to another, esp. a more limited condition; reduce, bring down, first of matter, familiam ad pauces redactam, Cic. Marc. 10; hos ipsos (sc. libros viii) utiliter ad vi libros redegit Diophanes, Varr. r. 1, 1, 10; (uitis) ad ultimam redigitur maciem, Colum. 4, 3, 5; sextarii tres suci leni uapore ad crassitudinem mellis rediguntur, Plin. 23, 136; 5. of the non-material, Nil moror quae in seruitutem sumptibus redigunt uiros, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 47; Eheu redactus sum usque ad unam hanc tuniulam, Rud. 2, 6, 65; ad inopiam redigat patrem, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 56; hem quo redactus sum, Eun. 2, 2, 7; Donec ad interitum genus id natura redegit, Lucr. 5, 877; tinorem ad uerum, Sen. ep. 13, 13; farris pretium ad assem, Plin. 18, 15;

6. esp. of subjection to power, si uidulum hunc redegissem in potestatem eius, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 23; ciuitatem in potestatem, Caes. b. g. 7, 13, 3; bellicosissimas gentes in dicionem huius imperii, Cic. Phil. 5, 13; 7. bring to another condition (=reddo) facilia ex difficillimis animi magnitudo redegerat (reddiderat?); 8. of money, or money's worth, pay in (what has been received), (sei is iud) ex pecuniam omnem ad quaestorem redigere non potuerit, tum in diebus x proximeis quibus (quae potuerit) redacta erit, index..., CIL 198, 62; add § 68; Atque omne ego argentum tibi hoc acutum incolume redigam, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 23; bona uendit, pecuniam redigit, Cic. Caecil. 56; quicquid captum ex hostibus est uendidit ac redigit in publicum, Liv. 2, 42, 2; (praedae) pars maxima ad quaestorem redacta est, 5, 19, 8; add 5, 16, 7; redigeretur praeda in fiscum, Tac. h. 4, 72; fructus ad eum redigendi sunt, Iulian. dig. 10, 2, 51; 9. obtain in return (for labour or money spent), realize, collect, cum omnem pecuniam ex uectigalibus redegissetis, Cic. agr. 2, 98; omnem redigit Idibus pecuniam, Hor. epod. 2, 69; quod in fructus redigendos est impensum ipsos fructus deminere debere, Ulp. dig. 22, 1, 46; colere agros et fructus redigere, 36, 4, 5, 22.

**redimiae**, χυρρα, Gloss. Philox.



**redimiculat**, (red of reversal) ἀναλπει δεσμάτα, Gloss. Philox.

**redimiculūm**, i, n. [redimic- older form of redimi-] prop., a band for securing ornaments of the head often with depending lappets, worn by ladies, eastern races and priests, mulieres opterae auro purpuraque, ... diadema, coronas aureas, ... pelles, redimicula, Cato orig. 29, 2 I; a chaplet, Et tunicae manicas et habent redimiculā mitrae, Verg. 9, 616; qui longa domi redimicula sumunt Frontibus et toto poscerc monilia collo, Iuv. 2, 84; redimicula sunt quibus mitra adligatur, Isid. or. 19, 31; **2.** less correctly for the neck, Aurea marmoreo redimicula soluite collo, Ov. F. 4, 135; Aure leues bacae, redimicula pectore pendunt, M. 10, 265; **3.** less distinctly, haec ciuitas mulieri redimiculum praebet, haec in collum, haec in crines, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 76; ut necerentur ex eis (sc. pampinis) Nymphis Bacchisue redimicula, Fronto eloq. f.; **4.** met., (in a woman's mouth) Vt esset aliquis laqueus et redimiculum Reuersionem ut ad mo faceret denuo, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 44.

**red-imo**, ire, ii, itum, vb. [for red-imico, from a lost vb. amico (=amicio) whence amictus; redimic-ulum has kept the c; with red up] bind up, encircle, gird, esp. of circular head ornaments, accubantes in conuiuiis sertis redimiti, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; add Tusc. 3, 43; angineo redimitū capillo Frons, Catul. 64, 193; tempora uitta, Verg. 10, 538; hedera capillos, Ov. F. 6, 483; papauere frontem, 4, 661; mitra capillos, her. 9, 63; frontem coronam, Mart. 8, 70, 6; **2.** of neck also, Tum caput atque humeros plexis redimire coronis, Lucr. 5, 1399; and bosom, redimibat zona papillas, Aus. epig. 94; **3.** met. of inanimate things, chiefly with part. redimitus, wreathed, terra quasi cingulis, Cic. rep. 6, 21; e(corol)lis domus, Catul. 63, 66; fastigium aedis tintinnabulis redimit, Suet. Aug. 91; Naxos ponto, Sen. Oed. 499; redimitum missile, of the thyrsus, Stat. Ach. 1, 612.

**redimitus**, ūs, m. only in abl. head-dress, Sol. 33, 16.

**redimo**, ĩre, dĕmi, demptus or dentus, vb. buy again, buy back, tuo ero redempta es rursum: Ego te redemi illi, Pl. Mere. 3, 1, 31; seruus si redemptus sit a testatore, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 9, 16; (Pompei domum) non minoris quam emit Antonius redimet Pompei filius, Cic. Phil. 13, 10; de fundo Frusinati redimendo, Att. 11, 13, 4; qui seruum redemerit, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 19; si rem depositam uendidisti eamque postea redemisti, 16, 3, 1, 25; **2.** buy back, redeem, ransom (from slavery etc.), Tuu redimes me si me hostes interceperint? Pl. As. 1, 1, 92; Meum ut illi redimat filium, Capt. 2, 3, 6; add 37; Pers. 4, 6, 14; captos a praedonibus, Cic. off. 2, 55; add § 63; redimendi se captiuus copiam facere, Liv. 22, 58, 4; add 22, 59, 6 and 7; Sit qui me raptum pugna pretioque redemptum Mandet humo, Verg. 9, 213; ut eos ex hostibus redimeret, Paul. dig. 24, 3, 20; **3.** met. first w. acc. of thing valued, uitam omnium ciuium quinque hominum perditorum poena redemi, Cic. Sul. 33; pecunia se a iudicibus, Mil. 87; parte fructuum pacem, Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; omnium gratiam eius morte, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 12; largitione militum noluntates, b. c. 1, 39, 4; belli moram, Sal. Iug. 29, 3; ab inuidia (Fortunae) se redimi, Plin. 37, 3; facilitate dissimulationem, Tac. Agr. 6; **4.** with acc. of thing to be got rid of, buy off, (hanc perturbationem) a re publica meis incommodis libentissime redemissem, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 4; metum uirgarum pretio, Verr. 2, 5, 117; Si mea mors redimenda tua (quod abominor) esset, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 105; delatorem, Ulp. dig. 49, 14, 29; **5.** redeem (faults by virtues), compensare, atone for, purchase immunity for, Vt sua per nostram redimat periuria poenam, Ov. am. 3, 3, 21; aes grande quo flagitium aut facinus redimeret, Sal. Cat. 14, 3; praeteritam culpam, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 8, 1; uitium auctore, Ov. her. 16 (17), 49; multa desidiae erimina morte, Vell. 2, 87, 1; uitia uirtutibus, Sen. ec. contr. praef. 11; **6.** buy in return, orabo ut mihi pallam reddat, quam dudum dedi: Aliam illi redimam meliorem, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 110; add 4, 3, 6; uendentibus quae capiunt, nihil inuicem redimentibus; Plin. 6, 162; **II 7.** contract for public work, gen.

with a gerundive (expressed or understood), queiqumque id publicum fruendum redemptum conductumue habebit, CIL 200, 25; uectigalia, 204, 2, 35; uiam tuendam, 206, 40; add 577, 1, 6; classicum ad comitia centuriata, edict. ap. Varr. l. 6, 9; picarias, Cic. Brut. 85; portoria, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 3; **8.** for other than public work, uestimenta texenda uel nauem fabricandam, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 6; **9.** r. lites, take the risk of another's suit for a consideration, Cic. Rosc. com. 35; euentum litium, Papin. dig. 17, 1, 7; **10.** obtain by bribery, sententiam, Macer 49, 14, 34; **11.** bribe, acmulos, cod. Th. 10, 53, 1; testes, 4, 20, 18.

**red-induo**, ĩre, ui, ūtus, vb. put on again, carnem, Tert. res. carn. 42 f.

**redintĕgratio**, ōnis, f. renewal, Macrob. s. 1, 11, 5; Arnob. 7 p. 249; Tert. Marc. 4, 10; **2.** repetition, uerbi, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 38.

**redintĕgrator**, ōris, m. restorer, operum publicor., inscr. Or. 3766; somnus r. uirium, Tert. anim. 43 med.

**red-intĕgro**, āre, vb. make whole again, renew, restore, refresh, deminutas copias, Caes. b. g. 7, 31, 4; (oues), Varr. r. 2, 2, 10; (columbas), 3, 7, 6; fontes, Sen. ben. 4, 25, 2; bellum, Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; proclium, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; legentium animum, Tac. an. 4, 33; spem uictoriae, Caes. b. g. 7, 25, 1; memoriam, Cic. inu. 1, 99; Liv. 3, 56, 2; lactitiam, Plin. pan. 61 f.; iacturam, cod. Th. 12, 6, 11; **2.** repeat, uerbum, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 38; **3.** as vb. intr. become whole again, be renewed, iucunditas in herba redintegrabit, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11.

**redinunt**, see redco § 19.

**red-inuĕnio**, ĩre, uĕni, vb. find again, coronam, Tert. anim. 46 m.

**red-ĭpiscor**, (apiscor) i, vb. r. get again, recover, find again, Inter eosue homines condalium te redipisci postulas? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 13.

**red-ĭsco**, ĩre, vb. learn again, Venant. u. S. Mart. 1, 122.

**redĭtio**, ōnis, f. returning, return, Iube cum abire rursum: quid illi reditio huc etiam fuit? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 30; Quid (clided) huc reditios? Quid uisus haec (haec om. mss) mutatio? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 4; celeritas reditionis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 16; domum r., Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3.

**red-ĭto**, āre, vb. frq. return, haut totum carnes (sc. Myrtilon, the constellation): non integer ipse In caelum reditat (edd. and prob. mss redit at; Haupt by a bad ej. rediet, as a fut.), pars dextera mergitur undis, German. phaen. 712; cf. itare, initare, aditare, peritare; and esp. peritat in Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 32 changed by Fleck. to perit at. A refl. vb. for a periodical action is in place.

**redĭtus**, ūs, m. returuing, return, quis (al. qui) noster itus reditus inter istos (ueteranos)? Cic. Att. 15, 5, 3; septenos solis infractus reditusque, rep. 6, 12; his reditu interclusis, Caes. b. g. 4, 30, 2; **2.** as opp. to reuersio, the turning back in order to return, reditus the return completed, quam ualde ille reditu uel potius reuersione mea lactatus! Cic. Att. 16, 7, 5; **3.** met., in gratiam, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 3; si r. ei gratiae patuerit, har. resp. 52; **4.** return in the way of profit, produce, income, rent, omnis eius pecuniae reditus constabat in Epiroticis possessionibus, Nep. Att. 14, 3; Aut populi reditus\* positam componet ad hastam, Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 19; nunc reditus\* hastae, 4, 9, 45; add am. 1, 10, 41; r. propter condicionem agellorum incertior, Plin. ep. 2, 4, 3; Caesaris reditus\*, Suet. Cal. 41; add 16; eum ad quem reditus\* omnes perueniunt, siue is dominus nauis sit, siue..., Ulp. dig. 14, 1, 1, 15; quaerero debet an pecuniam pupillus habeat uel in numerato... uel in redituum\* spe, 27, 9, 5, 9; **5.** to exx. of plur. \* above add Verg. 11, 54; Hor. epod. 16, 35; Ov. M. 11, 576.

**rediuua**, see reduua.

**rediuuus**, adj. coming to life again, met., bella, Sil. 10, 257; **2.** of matter previously used and turned to account again, employed in rebuilding, columnam efflere nouam, nullo lapide rediuuio, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 147; rediuua sibi habeto, ib. 148; rudus si nouum erit..., si rediuuio fuerit..., Vitruv. 7, 1, 3; **3.** in Sil. 1, 106 read recidiua.

**redō**, ōnis, m. a kind of fish, Auson. id. 10, 89.

**red-ōleo**, ĩre, ui, vb. smell, give out a smell, hence w. acc. smell of, uinum, Cic. Phil. 2, 63; foetorem aco-



remue, Colum. 12, 17, 3; unguenta, Plin. 11, 61; delicias Cosmi, Mart. 14, 59; thymum, Quint. 12, 10, 25;

**2.** met., where we say savour of, antiquitatem, Cic. Brut. 82; doctrinam exercitacionemque puerilem, or. 2, 109; seruitutem, Val. M. 6, 2, 8; **3.** w. abl., thymo, Verg. G. 4, 169; A. 1, 440; nectare, Val. F. 4, 15; thymi flore, Val. M. 1, 6 ext. 3; **4.** without such cases, mala, Ov. M. 8, 675; grauter, Mart. 13, 18.

**redōmo?** ēre, rather than āre, vb. implied in redomitus tamed down, met., improbi ac perditī ciues redomiti atque uicti, Cic. Sul. 1.

**redōnātor**, ōris, m. one who gives back again, a restorer, uiae populi, inser. Or. 6.

**rē-dōno**, āre, vb. give back again, te dis patriis, Hor. od. 2, 7, 3; **2.** met. forget and forgive out of regard (to), iras et nepotem Marti, Hor. od. 3, 3, 30.

**rēd-opto**, āre, vb. pray for again, Tert. res. carn. 4 f.

**rēd-ordior**, iri, vb. r. unweave, perfusam aqua depectentes frondium canitiem, the silkworm's, unde gemius labor redordendi fila rursusque texendi, Plin. 6, 54; (telas aranearum) redordiri rursusque texere, 11, 76.

**rēd-dormio**, ire, vb. sleep again, Cels. 1, 2, p. 148 D; Plin. ep. 9, 36, 3.

**rēdormitio**, ōnis, f. sleeping again, Plin. 10, 211.

**rēd-orno**, āre, vb. repair, Tert. res. carn. 12.

**rēd-dūco**, older reddūco, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. draw up, ut quidquid faecis subsederit, in summum reduceat, Colum. 12, 19, 4; cf. reductio; **2.** draw back, falces tormentis introrsum reducebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; ut alii turres reducerent, 7, 24, 5; durosque reducta Librauit dextra media inter cornua caestus, Verg. 5, 478; timidasque reducee plantas, Ov. M. 6, 107; in iaelando brachia reducimus, Quint. 10, 3, 6; **3.** met., nemo haec ita interpretabitur tamquam reduceam liberalitatem et frenis artioribus reprimam, Sen. beu. 1, 14, 2; timor reducens animum ab iis quae facienda sunt, Quint. 12, 5, 3;

**4.** esp. bring back, to older state, iumentorum ulcera ac scabiem radix ad pilum reducti, Plin. 22, 72; carnis exerescentis in ulceribus ad aequalitatem, 30, 113; nyma inlita cicatrices r. ad colorem, 27, 106; **5.** gen. bring back, febrim, Hor. s. 2, 3, 294; solemque reducti, Verg. 1, 143; noctemque reducti, 11, 913; hiemes, Hor. od. 2, 10, 15; spem mentibus auxiliis, 3, 21, 17; **6.** bring back into use, restore, reestablish, intermissum morem, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 21; legem maiestatis, Tac. an. 1, 72; **II 7.** w. aec. of persons, lead back, take or bring (a person) back, Sequere hac: reducam\* te ubi fuisti, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 106; hunc ex Alide huc reducumus\*, 5, 4, 17; **8.** esp. of soldiers, lead back, march back, se exercitum domum reduciturum\*, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 53; exercitum ad mare, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 1; **9.** take (a person) back, against his will, his uti conquerent (fugientes) et reducerent imperauit: reductos in hostium numero habuit, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; si qui ad eos Eburones ex fuga conuenissent ad se ut reducerentur, imperauit, 6, 32, 2; **10.** conduct or accompany back, in ludum ducere et reducere\*, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 36; Mercurius qui animas ducere et reducere solet, Petr. 140; **11.** by way of compliment, bene comitati per forum reducuntur, Quint. 12, 8, 3; Cinctum togatis post et aute Saufeium, Quanta reduci Regulus solet turba, Mart. 2, 74, 2; **12.** met., Suo uatico redduxit\* me usque ex errore in uiam, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 2; quouis illos tu die Redducas\* (sc. in uiam), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 44; in gratiam, Andr. 5, 4, 45; Cic. Rab. Post. 19; in pristinam concordiam, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15; **13.** reductus as adj. retired, uallis, Verg. 6, 703; Hor. epod. 2, 11; sinus, Verg. G. 4, 420; A. 1, 161; **14.** met., (pictores) alia eminentiora, alia reductiora fecerant, Quint. 11, 3, 46; **15.** for the dd in reduco, add to \* above

exx. wh. the metre requires dd: Age si quid agis: ego ad hunc redao: sequere: reduco hanc tibi, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 107; Redducit Venus aut reductum daedala tellus, Lucr. 1, 228; add 4, 992; 5, 1337; cf. Munro Lucr. 1, 228.

**reductio**, ōnis, f. drawing up, ex eo clipeum aeneum catenis pendeat, per cuius reductiones et demissiones perficietur sudationis temperatura, Vitruv. 5, 10, 5; **2.** bring-

ing back, S. C. quo r. regis tibi adempta sit, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4.

**rē-ducto**, āre, vb. frq. lead back, exereitum, Aur. V. Caes. 38.

**rēductor**, ōris, m. one who leads or brings back, plebis in urbem, Liv. 2, 33, 11; **2.** met., restorer, litterarum r. ac reformator, Plin. ep. 8, 12, 1.

**rēd-ulcēro**, āre, vb. bring back to a sore, reopen as a wound, (scabra pars) defricata pumice redulceratur, Colum. 7, 5, 8; **2.** met., redulcerato dolore, Apul. M. 5, 11.

**rēd-uncus**, adj. hooked, rostroque reduco (of an eagle), Ov. M. 12, 562; **2.** in Plin. 11, 125 aliis adunca (cornua), aliis reduca, difficult to explain, as he has: (cornua) in dorsum adunca in § 124.

**rēd-undans**, see redundo.

**rēd-undantia**, ae, f. overflowing, excess, aer qui non habet redundantias, Vitruv. 1, 6, 3; illa pro Roscio iuuenilis r., Cic. orat. 108.

**rēd-undo**, āre, vb. first cause to flow back, hence in pass., Amne redundantis fossa madebat aquis, Ov. F. 6, 402; **2.** and met., Volturnus raucis talia (sc. uerba) faucibus Redundat, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 71; **3.** flow back and so flood or overflow, Guttura fac pleno sumpta redundet aqua, Ov. rem. 536; redundantibus cloacis aduorso aestu maris, Sal. fr. ap. Non. 138; mare medium terrae loeum expetens conglabatur undique aequabiliter neque redundet unquam, Cic. N. D. 2, 116; si lacus Albanus reduduisset, diu. 2, 69; Nilus in aetatem erescit campisquē rēdūdat, Lucr. 6, 712; **4.** met., hoc tempus omne obicimus iis fluetibus qui per nos a communi peste depulsi in nosmet ipsos redundarent, Cic. or. 1, 3; quorum ad amicos redundet infamia, am. 76; add Sul. 27; and Cat. 1, 29; Plin. pan. 31 med.; 62; reus ex ea causa quae iudicata est, redundet, is caught and carried off by an overflow (of evidence so to say) from another impeachment, Cic. Rab. Post. 11; **5.** gen. overflow, be in excess, abound, ut neque in Antonio deesset hic ornatus orationis neque in Crasso redundaret, Cic. or. 3, 16; tuus deus non digito uno redundet, sed capite collo..., N. D. 1, 99; **II 6.** redundans as adj. excessive, extravagant, nitor, Tert. cult. fem. 2, 9; **7.** redundanter, adv. in excess, immodice et reduduanter (of oratory), Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; redundantius bibendum, Ambros. ep. 82 (63), 27.

**rē-dūplico**, āre, vb. double, quae amiserat reduplicata possedit, Tert. Pat. 14 f.

**rē-dūresco**, ēre, vb. become hard again, (ferrum) candens tinctum frigida, Vitruv. 1, 4, 3.

**rēdūuia**, rather than reduuia, (luo?) ae, f. agnail? reduuias et quae in digitis nascuntur pterygia, Plin. 30, 111; ita et reduuias sanari, 28, 40; reduuiam (reduuiam Müller) quidam, alii reduuium appellat, cum circa unguis cutis se resoluit, quia luere est soluere, Fest. 270 b 17 M; **2.** met., — lassitudo conseruorum, rēdūuiam ilagri, Titin. ap. Fest. 270 M; intellego me errare, qui cum capiti Sex. Roseii mederi debeam, reduuiam curem, Cic. Rose. Am. 128.

**rēdūuiōsus**, adj. abounding in roughness of skin, met., scabra in legendo reduuiosae offendeus, Laev. Fest. 270 b 20 M.

**rēdux**, dūcis, adj. bringing back, esp. to one's home, restorer, a title of gods, Et sua det redūci uir meus arma Ioui, Ov. her. 13, 50; templum Iouis reducis, inser. Or. 1256; ludi diuo Augusto et Fort. reduci committ., fast. Amit. (Oct. 5); ara Fortunae reduci dedic. est, ib. (Dec. 16); pro salute imp. Hadriani Aug. Fortun. red., inscr. Or. 764; add 332, 343, 922 etc.: Fortunae reducis templa, Mart. 8, 65, 1; **2.** conducting or accompanying (a consul etc.) home, Nune consul praetorae tenet reducesque choreae, Mart. 10, 70, 9; **II 3.** pass., brought back (home), returned (from exile etc.), Ioui...ago gratias..., Quom te reducem tūo patri reddiderunt, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 2; add v. 11 and prol. 43; Egon qui ab Orco mortuum me reducem in lucem feceris, Sinam sine munere a me abire? Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 12; quid me reducem esse uoluistis? Cic. Mil. 103; uti mecum domos reduces sistatis, Liv. 29, 27, 3; captiuam reducem, Plin. 8,



48; Caesarem exercitumque reducem uidere, Tac. an. 1, 70 f.

**re-exinānio**, ire, vb. empty back again, iu caccabum, Apic. 4, 135 Sch.; 5, 190.

**rē-fābrico**, āre, vb. build up again, collapsum balneum, cod. Th. 8, 10, 5.

**rēfactus**, see reficio.

**rēfectio**, ōnis, f. repairing, restoration, ut cetera quae refectionem desiderant fabris concinnanda tradantur, Colum. 12, 3, 9; add Vitr. 6, 3, 2; aedificii, Ulp. dig. 20, 1, 20; (aedium sacrarum), 1, 16, 7, 1; (domūs), Paul. 7, 8, 18; (uia), 43, 11, 1, 1 and 2; **2.** met. as recovery of strength, restoration of health, recreation, refreshing, etiamsi (morbo) uacant, refectionem non accipiunt, Cels. 3, 22, p. 110, 10 D; si in refectione manserit tussis, 4, 13 (6), p. 139, 15; recreation, quae refectiones tuas arbores praetexerint, Plin. pan. 15; add Quint. 10, 3, 26; oculorum, Plin. 37, 63; lassitudinum, 23, 80; add Apul. M. 5, 5.

**rēfactor**, ōris, m. one who repairs, restorer, colossi, Suet. Vesp. 18.

**rēfectus**, ūs, m. repairing—hence restoration of strength and health, refreshment, recreation, refectui redditus, Apul. M. 9, 22; add 5, 4; 8, 18; **2.** r. paupertatis, recovery from poverty, Scaev. dig. 36, 1, 80, 12.

**rē-fello**, āre, felli or fēfelli, vb. [re of reversal, fallo] undeceive, and so refute, with acc. of person, sed tu me γεωμετρικως refelleras (reffelleras?), te autem Brutus, Cic. Att. 12, 5, 3; Qui potis est refelli (repelli mss) quisquam ubi nullus causandi locus? Att. 418 R; nos ipsos redargui refellique patiamur...et refellere et refelli parati sumus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 5; testem se in iudiciis refelli aequissimo animo patiebatur, Suet. Aug. 56; **2.** w. acc. of thing, refute, disprove, Quum tu horum nihil refelles, uineam scilicet, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82; id quod contra diceretur refellere, Cic. or. 1, 90; refellere et redarguere nostrum mendacium, Lig. 16; cetera conuicia ut falsa non alio argumento refellebat quam quod..., Suet. Ner. 41; neque dicta refello, Verg. 4, 380; Et solus ferro crimen communē refellam, 12, 16; **3.** fallit refellit, refellit refefellit, not. Tir. 92; cf. Serv. ad Verg. 4, 380; Donat. ad Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82.

**rē-fercio** or -fario, ire, fersi, fertus, vb. cram to the very back, cram full, stuff full, corporibus ciuium cloacas refareiri (al. refer.), Cic. Sest. 77; cupas pice refertas, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 2; domicilia regis omnibus rebus refertas, Cic. Manil. 21; stupebant agricolae plena horrea quae non ipsi refersissent, Plin. pan. 31 f.; **2.** met., puerilibus fabulis refersit libros, Cic. N. D. 1, 34; aures sermonibus, Rab. Post. 40; **3.** refertus as adj. crammed full, both w. gen., referta Gallia negotiatorum est, Cic. Font. 11; oppida hominum referta, Varr. ap. Non. 501, 15; **4.** and w. abl., uita referta bonis, Cic. Tusc. 5, 86; litteris refertis omni officio, Q. fr. 2, 15, 1; **5.** comp. referturus, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 203; sup. refertissimum, Q. fr. 1, 1, 42.

**rēfērendārius**, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of petitions etc., referendary, Iul. ep. nou. 106, 370; 122, 531; 6, 26.

**rē-fērio**, ire, vb. strike back again or in return, patitor tu item, quom ego te referam, Pl. As. 2, 2, 108; me seruolum Qui referire non audebam uicuit; hui, perfortiter, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 28; percussit te: recede; referiēdo et occasionem saepius ferendi dabis et excusationem, Sen. dial. 4, 34, 5; **2.** of reflected light, orbe Opposita speculi referitur imagine Phoebus, Ov. M. 4, 349; **3.** or sound, referitur uocibus echo, Auson. ep. 10, 23.

**rēfērius** or **refrius**\* (refero) adj. brought back, fabam e frugibus referre mos est auspici causa quae ideo referiua (so a, d) appellatur, Plin. 18, 119; refriua\* faba, Fest. 227 a 17 M.

**rē-fēro**, ferre, rettūli or rētūli, rellatus or rēllatus, vb. carry back, bring back, Nunc domum haec ab aede Veneris refero uasa, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 25; Ea ibo obsonatum, eadem referam obsonium, St. 3, 1, 42; (candelabrum) tollero incipiunt ut referent, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 65; **2.** w. acc. of person, when carried (otherwise reduco), clipeo exceptum in castra referabant, Curt. 6, 1, 5; lecticae impositum domum

rettulerunt, Suet. Caes. 82; add Vit. 16; **3.** se referre, to return or retire, Romam se rettulit, Cic. Flac. 50; huc se referabant, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 2; ouans se de Britannia rettulit, Tac. an. 13, 32; **4.** r. pedem, retreat little by little still facing the foe, give ground, pedem referre et loco excedere non turpe existimarent, Caes. b. c. 1, 44, 2; nec ullo pedem referente, ne in relictum a se locum hostem immitteret, Liv. 21, 8, 8; acies pedem referre coepit et urgente hoste apertius fugere, Curt. 6, 1, 11; **5.** give back, pay, restore, argento haec dies Praestituta est quoad referret nobis nequedum rettulit, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 29; quaestione adhibita pateram rettulit, Cic. diu. 1, 54; **6.** return (a favour etc.), requite, Philocrates, numquam referre gratiam possim satis, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 12; si referre gratiam non potest, habere potest, Cic. off. 2, 69; par pro pari referbo, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 55; duleis salus uisa est per te missa ab illa: referes igitur ei plurimam, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 6; non poteras ipsa referre uicem, Ov. a. a. 1, 370; r. iusiurandum, take one's oath against in a suit, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 34; Paul. 12, 2, 38; **7.** throw up or out, utter, vomit, cum sanguine mixta Vina referat moriens, Verg. 9, 350; referebat pectore uoces, 5, 409; **8.** of sound, reechoed, theatrum ita resonans ut usque Romam uoces referantur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 42; his naturis relatus amplificatur sonus, N. D. 2, 144; Huc coeamus ait: ...Coeamus rettulit Echo, Ov. M. 3, 387; Tota (domus Famae) fremit, uocesque refert, iteratque quod audit, 12, 47; Qualis silenti nocte remorum sonus Longe refertur, Petr. 89; **9.** bring (word) back, report, Tuno ipsos adoriane ne quis hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3; mittebat qui rumores exciperet et ad se referrent, Cic. Deiot. 25; his mandauit ut quae diceret Ariouistus ad se referrent, Caes. b. g. 1, 47, 5; his responsis ad Caesarem relatis, 1, 35, 1; referunt Sucuos ad extremos fines se recepisse, 6, 10, 4; legatione Romam relata, Liv. 7, 32, 1; talisque miserima fletus Fertque refertque soror, Verg. 4, 438; **10.** r. rationes, give in accounts (to the Treasury), si rationum referendarum ius uetus, me relaturum rationes, nisi tecum confecissem, non fuisse, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 1; ne quis populi seitum faceret ut quisquam corona donaretur in magistratu prius quam rationes rettulisset, opt. gen. or. 19; **11.** bring back into use, reestablish (a practice), haec maiorum consuetudo longo interuallo repetita ac relata, Cic. Caecil. 67; hoc institutum referri ac renouari, ib. § 68; relatis ex magno interuallo caerimoniis, Liv. 3, 55, 6; Hunc morem cursus atque haec certamina primus...Rettulit, Verg. 5, 597; **12.** bring back in one's memory, recall to mind, Foeda Lyeaoniae referens conuiuia mensae, Ov. M. 1, 165; Saepe refer teum sceleratae facta puellae, rem. 299; add tr. 4, 3, 55; am. 2, 8, 17; **13.** reproduce in appearance, nec possint saecula referre Naturam mores uictum motusque parentum, Luer. 1, 597; Siquis mihi paruulus aula Luderet Aeneas, qui te tamen ore referret, Verg. 4, 329; rettulisse parentis sui speciem, Liv. 10, 7, 3; (filia) non minus mores (patria) quam os uultumque referebat, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 9; (matrem) reddit ac refert nobis, 7, 19, 9; Buri sermone cultuque Suebos referunt, Tac. G. 43; **14.** in bookkeeping, transfer from day-book to ledger, met. admit oneself to be indebted for (to), give the credit of (to), quietem senectutis acceptam refert elementiae tuae, Cic. Deiot. 38; nemo (erat) qui mihi non uitam snam...referret acceptam, Phil. 2, 12; omnia...uni accepta referemus Antonio, 2, 55; add Verr. 2, 1, 100; **15.** hence gen. euter in public books, register, record, enroll, in formas tabulasue rettulit referiue iusit (wh. note old habit of single for double consonants), CIL 200, 7; in formam publicam rellatum, ib. 81; add 203, 7; 206, 14, 15, 40 and 155; uti praeda in publicum referatur, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 368 K; quam facile falsas rationes inferre et in tabulas quodeumque commodum est referre soleant, Cic. Flac. 20; **16.** met. enroll (among), terram et caelum refert in deos, Cic. N. D. 1, 34; eodem Q. Caepionem, Brut. 223; eius fide factum est, ut hic potius uiuus in reos quam occisus in proscriptos referetur, Rosc. Am. 27; imagines in deorum uumero (better with Lamb. numerum), N. D. 1, 29; ut inter festos referretur dies quo patrata uictoria esset, Tac. an. 13, 41;



**17.** in polit. lang. refero and fero speak of matter brought respectively before the senate and the people, uti consules de eius honore ad senatum referant, Cic. Phil. 8, 33; ut ex litteris (Caesaris) ad senatum referretur impetrari non potuit. Referunt consules de re publica, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 1; (Cicero) rem ad senatum refert, Sal. Cat. 29, 1; de redimeudis captiuis relatum esse nec censuisse redimendos senatum, Liv. 22, 61, 7; **18.** refer (a matter to another for advice or as higher authority), cum ei praescriptum esset, ne quid sine Sexti nostri sententia ageret, neque ad illum neque ad quemquam nostrum rettulit, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 6; ad Apollinem Athenienses de maioribus rebus semper rettulerunt, diu. 1, 122; censorem de signo Concordiae dedicando ad pontificum collegium rettulisse, dom. 136; eam rem ad collegium praetor rettulit, ib.; **19.** test by reference (to), estimate (by a standard), judge (by), ita iustitii sumus ut omnia ad uirtutem referremus, Cic. Phil. 10, 20; omnia ad uoluptatem corporis doloremque referens, or. 1, 226; cum in (historia) ad ueritatem cuncta referantur, in (poemate) ad delectationem pleraque, leg. 1, 5; **20.** ascribe, causam abscensus ad Sciani artes rettuli—and soon—ad ipsum referri uerius sit, Tac. an. 4, 57; causa ad matrem referebatur, 6, 55 (49); **21.** draw in, contract, si quis existimat nos benignitatis fines introrsus referre, Sen. ben. 1, 15, 1; **22.** hence in law or religion, r. diem, exchange for an earlier day, opp. to proferre diem, for a later day, arbiter ita sumptus ex compromisso ut et diem proferre possit, hoc quidem facere potest: referre contradicentibus litigatoribus non potest, Papiu. dig. 4, 18, 33; referri diem predictam, id est anteferri, religiosum est, Fest. 289 a 21 M.

**rēfert**, ferre, tūlit, vb. impers. [for rem fert] first commonly with a gen. or poss. pron. as meā, tuā, suā, nostrā, uestrā, cuiā, standing for meam etc. and agreeing with rem, it carries with it something belonging to me etc., it concerns (me), matters (to me), faciendum aliquid quod illorum magis quam sua retulisse uideretur, Sal. Iug. 111, 1; ut taceam de uegligentibus, quorum nihil refert ubi..., Quint. 12, 8, 2; neque refert cuiusquam Poenicas Romanas (ue Halm) acies laetius extuleris, Tac. an. 4, 33; nam quid id refert mea? Pl. Curc. 3, 25; Mihi quidem aetas actas ferre; tua istuc refert maxime, Trin. 2, 2, 37; Equid est quod meā? rēfert? Scilicet, Rud. 4, 3, 12; Deerit; id mea miuume rēfert qui sum natu maxumus, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 27; Fac tradas: mea nihil rēfert dum potiar modo, Eup. 2, 3, 29; add Hec. 5, 3, 12; Ph. 4, 5, 11; nou adscripsi id quod tua nihil referebat, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 5; quasi referat quam id saepe fiat, diu. 2, 62; fac in puero referre ex qua affectione caeli primum spiritum duxerit, 2, 99; ipsi animi magui refert quali in corpore locati sint, Tusc. 1, 80;—of course the person concerned need not be mentioned, so that refert is used alone; **2.** the amount of interest is expressed by such gen. as parui, magni, quanti, pluris etc., which also depends on the rem, nihilo pol pluris tua hoc quam quanti illud refert mea, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 27; illud permagni referre arbitror, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 58; parui refert abs te ius dici aequabiliter nisi..., Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 20; magni refert hic quid uelit, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; **3.** the amount is also otherwise expressed, as by quid and maxime, Pl., minime and nihil, Ter., in § 1; maguo opere, Cic. Cael. 57; plurimum, Plin. ep. 8, 22, 4; quid, Pl. § 4 and Ter. § 6; Cic. Flac. 21; Hor. s. 1, 1, 49; **4.** in place of mea etc., ad with acc. occurs, Quid id ad me aut ad meam rem rēfert, Persae quid rem (so A) gerant? Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 44; Quam ad rem istuc refert? Rogas? Epid. 2, 2, 91; refert ad fructus quem-admodum..., Varr. r. 1, 16, 6; and even as a pers. vb., ita inserere oportet referentem ad fructum ut..., looking to the produce, 1, 40, 6; **5.** with a dat., quid rēferat intra Naturae fines uiuenti..., Hor. s. 1, 1, 49; **6.** the vb. itself is at times omitted, P. Etiam dotatis soleo. C. Quid id nostrā? P. Nihil, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 47, what is that to us? Illuc confugies: quid meā? num mihi datumst? Haut. 4, 5, 45; Quid istuo nostrā? Magni, Ph. 5, 3, 17; abiit; quid mea? Hec. 3, 5, 60; **7.** has often the eoustruction of indir. int., see Sal., Quint. Tac. Cic. in § 1;

or with acc. and inf., see Cic. Q. fr. in § 2; **8.** with a nom., Vsque adeo magni refert studium atque noluptas, Lucr. 4, 984; **9.** for qty. of the a in mea etc. so used, see † above; **10.** ill-explained by Prisc. 2, 159 K: refert mea tua... (in quibus subauditur in re, in utilitate mea tua...).

**rē-feruesco**, ēre and rēferueo, ēre, referui? vb. [re up] boil up, boil over, Mercurium e patera sauginem uisum esse fundere, qui cum terram attigisset referuescere uideretur sic ut tota domus sanguine redundaret, Cic. diu. 1, 46; terebinthinam in sartagine referenti, Plin. 16, 55? see passage as to meaning, wh. boil over suits (Jan: cinere feruenti); **2.** met. boil over, nonne ut ignis in aquam coniectus contiuiu restinguitur, sic referuens falsum crimeu in prissimam uitam conlatum statim concidit? Cic. Rosc. com. 17; **II 3** (re of reversal) cool down again, quasi referuerat (so miss; defuerat had done fermenting, Manut.) oratio, Cic. Brut. 316.

**rē-festino**, āre, vb. make haste again, Ruf. ap. Hieron. 3, 6; Paul. Nol. ep. 45 (44).

**rē-fibūlo**, āre, vb. un buckle, Mart. 9, 27, 12.

**rē-ficio**, ēre, feci, factus, vb. make again; iure militari testamentum, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 9; **2.** reelect, cum ferret legem de tribuuis pl. reficiendis, Cic. am. 96; plebs Volterronem tribunum refecit, Liv. 2, 56, 5; magistratus continuari et consules tribunosque refici contra rem publicam esse, 3, 21, 2; legem qua intra x annos eundem consulem refici non liceret, 10, 13, 8; praetor unus relectus, noui alii creati, 24, 9, 4; **3.** replace (what is lost) ea quae sunt amissa, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; arma tela alia quae amiserat reficere, Sal. Iug. 66, 1; **4.** repair, make good again, uias, CIL 206, 26 and 27; M. Lepidus Aimilia(m) ref., ou a denar., 474; porticum, 571 and 605; muros portas classem, Caes. b. c. 1, 34, 5; aedes restituere non debet, nec reficere, Cic. top. 15; quum aedes utustate prolaberetur, ut eam reficiendam curaret, Nep. Att. 20, 3; rates, Hor. od. 1, 1, 17; **5.** of the body, recruit, reinvigorate, restore the strength of, hic cogito commorari quoad me reficiam, nam et uires et corpus amisi, Cic. fam. 7, 26 f.; Tironis reficiendi spes est in M' Curio, Att. 7, 3 f.; exercitum ex labore atque inopia refecit, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 1; (smaragdus) aciem (oculorum) refecit (so d), Plin. 37, 66; **6.** of the feelings, sed mo recreat et refecit Cn. Pompeii consilium, Cic. Mil. 2; uester conspectus refecit et recreat mentem meam, Planc. 2; ceterorum animos, Sal. Cat. 48, 4; ex terrore animos militum, Liv. 33, 36, 7; refecitque in proelia pulsos, Verg. 11, 731; **7.** met. refresh, saltus refecit iam rosida luna, Verg. G. 3, 337; cum teneras aurora refecerit herbas, Ov. F. 3, 711; noctium opacitate terras, Plin. 2, 52; **8.** produce in the way of return, = redigo, hostium quod ex uno facto olei reficitur, Varr. r. 1, 24, 3; autem tibi ex tuis possessiouiibus tantum reficietur ut eo tueri sex legiones possis, Cic. parad. 45; diuendenda praeda xl talenta argenti r., Liv. 1, 53, 3; cetera uendenda quaestori data; quod inde refectum est militi diuisum, 35, 1, 12; tantum quisque pecuniae reliquit, quantum ex bonis eius refici potest, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 88.

**rēfictio?** in Ulp. dig. 43, 21, 1, 7 Mommseu has refectio.

**rē-figo**, ēre, fixi, fixus, vb. unfix, take down again or remove that which has been fixed, num figentur rursus eae tabulae quas uos uestris decretis refixistis? Cic. Phil. 12, 12; add 13, 5; fam. 12, 1, 2; clipeum de poste refixum, Verg. 5, 360; templis Parthorum signa, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 56; si dolor in gingiuis est mouenturque aliqui dentes, refigi eos oportet, nam curationem impediunt, Cels. 6, 15, p. 252, 28 D; **2.** in Verg. G. 4, 202 read refingunt.

**rē-fingo**, ēre, vb. squeeze again, hence mould afresh, aulaque et ccrea regna refingunt (al. refingunt), Verg. G. 4, 202; **2.** met., laetioer me refingens, Apul. M. 3, 12.

**rē-firmo**, āre, vb. make strong again, limitem, Sex. Ruf. breu. 14 f.

**rēffab-ilis**, e, adj. easily blown back, cibus, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 1, 6 (bis)—causing eructation?



**rēflābrus**, adj. blowing back, uenti, Apul. mund. 12.  
**rē-flāgito**, āre, vb. frq. demand back, Catul. 42, 6 and 10.

**rēflātio**, ōnis, f. expulsion of air, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 12.

**rēflātus**, ūs, m. blowing back, naues delatas reflatu, Cie. Att. 12, 2, 1; (nauigium) reflatu (oreae) oppletum unda, Plin. 9, 15.

**rē-flecto**, ōre, xi, xus, vb. bend back, capnt, Catul. 45, 10; longosque reflectitur ungues, Ov. M. 5, 547; ceruicem, a. a. 3, 779; canum degeueres (caudam) sub aluom reflectuut, Plin. 11, 266; 2. met., Quem neque fides iusurandum neque illum misericordia Reppressit neque reflexit, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 9; meutes, Cie. or. 1, 53; animum, Sul. 46.

**rēflexim**, adv. conversely, in logic, opp. to directim, Apul.? dogm. Plat. 3, p. 270, 6 Hild.; add l. 10, p. 271, 21 and 26 etc.

**rēflexio**, ōnis, f. bending back, Maer. s. 5, 11, 11; 2. in logic, the converse, Apul.? dogm. Plat. 3, p. 268 l. 22 Hild.; 270, 7.

**rēflexus**, ūs, m. a bending back, hence a bay, Oceani, Apul. flor. 6 init.

**rē-flō**, āre, vb. blow back or against, first of wind, Athenas (uolo) uenti Etesiae ualde reflant, Cie. Att. 6, 7, 2; sin reflantibus uentis reiciemur, Tusc. 1, 119; enm reflaut (Fortuna), adligimur, off. 2, 19; lacuiam uentus reflabat, Apul. M. 10, 31; add 2, 4; 4, 35; 2. of the breath, expire, ducitur (aer) atque reflatur, Lucr. 4, 938; auhelitus aegre reflantem, Apul. M. 9, 25; II 3. (w. re of reversal), empty of air, folles, Lampr. Heliog. 25, 2; utres, 25, 3; (medicamina) reflantia, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 8, 116; viz., quae uentositatem tollunt as Cael. himself says; add acut. 1, 10, 75; 2, 29, 151; tard. 5, 10, 108.

**rē-flōresco**, ēre, vb. bloom or blossom again, secatur (melica) incipiens florere et quotiens reformuit, Plin. 88, 146; add 19, 160.

**rēfluāmēn**, inis, n. overflow, met. Venant. n. S. Mart. 1, 29.

**rēfluō**, ēre, vb. flow back, Maeandros...refluitque fluitque, Ov. M. 8, 163; mare...refluentibus undis, Verg. G. 4, 262; add A. 8, 240; aut pingui flumine Nilus Cum refluit campis, 9, 32; ut aquam excluderet quae exundante palude in agrum eius refruere solet, Ulp. dig. 39, 3, 1, 2.

**rēfluus**, adj. flowing back, ebbing, aestus, Plin. 2, 213; mare, 2, 219; amnes, Sil. 5, 624; 2. r. littus, Apul. 4, 31, means what?

**rē-focillo**, or -cilo, āre, vb. warm again, esp. bring back to feeling one near death, efficacibus remediis refocillasse lugentem, Seu. ben. 3, 9, 2; aegre refocillatus (al. focillatus) non sine ultionis solacio decessit, Plin. ep. 3, 14, 4; refocillata (al. focillata) dixeram inquit inuenturam me ad mortem uiam, 3, 16, 12.

**rē-fōdio**, ēre, fōdi, fossus, vb. dig up, refossae radices eomburi (debent), Colum. 3, 11, 4; add 2, 11, 28; si ulli essent inferi, iam illos anaritia euiculi refodissent, Plin. 2, 158; solo refosso, 19, 88; Orestis corpus, 7, 74; tellure refossa, Lucan. 4, 292.

**rēformātio**, ōnis, f. change of form, transformation, Apul. M. 3, 24 and 25; 11, 13; 2. met., reformation, morum, Sen. ep. 58, 26.

**rēformātor**, ōris, m. reformer, Plin. ep. 8, 12, 1.

**rēformātus**, ūs, m. transformation, aconnm, Tert. Valent. 13.

**rēformidātio**, ōnis, f. shrinking back in fear, Cie. part. or. 11.

**rē-formīdo**, āre, vb. shrink in fear, si muae quia aliquid reformidassent (recessissent), Alfen. dig. 9, 2, 52, 2;

2. met., repressiouem uulgi, Cie. fin. 3, 7; dolore, Tusc. 5, 85; pacis nomie bellum inuolutum, Phil. 7, 19; reuerentis occasum, non reformides, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 7; posteritatis memoriam, 5, 8, 2; membra tactum, Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 13; lumina solem, 3, 4, 49; 3. stronger met., Ante reformidant ferrum (uites), Verg. G. 2, 369; quae putatio non debet secundum articulum fieri, ne reformidet oculus,

Colum. 4, 9, 1; add 4, 24, 15; 4, 33, 4; 4. w. inf. dread (to), ea dicere, Cie. Phil. 14, 9; quis comparari tibi non reformidet? Plin. pan. 44; w. acc. and inf., his auctoritatem attribui, Caes. b. c. 1, 32, 8.

**rē-formo**, āre, vb. change the shape of, transform, Ora reformatus primos folaus in annos, Ov. M. 9, 399; in facies hominum tales figuras r., Apul. M. 3, 23; minus morigeros (maga) in saxa reformat, 2, 5; 2. resume (a former shape), dum quod fuit ante reformat, Ov. M. 11, 254; 3. met., cum ruinas patriae in pristinum habitum reformaret, Val. M. 6, 5 ext. 2; si potest tota res tolli, eur non et reformari? Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 7, 6; licet nonnumquam in peius reformat, 49, 1, 1; 4. change back to the good old state, reform, corruptos mores reformat et corrigit, Plin. pan. 53; solutam disciplinam, Eum. pan. Const. 2; 5. restore, seruos dominis suis, cod. Th. 7, 18, 9, 3.

**rē-fōueo**, ēre, fōui, fōtus, vb. warm again, Pressa refoiusti pectora nostra tuis, Ov. her. 11, 58; heram, quam pectore Magus Ambit et astrictos refouet complexibus artus, Lucan. 8, 66; admoto igne refouebat artus, Curt. 8, 4, 15; refotus calidis piscinis (baths), Suet. Ner. 27; 2. met. warm up again, tepidosque refouerat ignis (se. amoris), Ov. am. 2, 19, 15; studia prope extincta refoentur, Plin. ep. 3, 18, 5; disciplinam castrorum extinctam refoiusti, pan. 18; calefacto refotoque animo, si quid in eo frigidae tristitiae fuerit, deluamur, Gell. 15, 2f.; 3. stercoreatione terram, Colum. 2, 1, 7; ut stercore (solum) adiuues et absumtas uires hoc uelut pabulo refoueat, 2, 13, 3; paucis diebus exercitum ad refouendas eius niris moratus, Vell. 2, 113, 2; refouendis uiribus mollitia caeli Sinuessam pergit, Tac. au. 12, 66.

**rēfractāriōsus**, adj. dim. disputatious, dicendi genus, Cie. Att. 2, 1, 3.

**rēfractārius**, adj. disputatious, philosophiae deditos refractarios esse, Sen. ep. 73, 1.

**rēfraeno**, see refreno.

**rēfrāgatio**, ōnis, f. opposition, Aug. ep. 177.

**rēfrāgator**, ōris, m. opponent, Ascen. ad orat. in tog. eand.

**rēfrāgātus**, ūs, m. opposition, Lact. ad Stat. Th. 4, 468.

**rēfrāgo**? āre, vb. vote against, oppose, refragabunt primo (mss pro), subfragabunt post, Pompon. ap. Non. 468, 9.

**rē-frāgor**, āri, vb. r. vote against—and so gen. oppose, ne refragari homini amicissimo uidear, Cie. Phil. 11, 20; si non refragati honori eius fuissent, Liv. 45, 5; refragatur ne promissa a Pompeio persouerentur, Vell. 2, 40, 5;

2. met., illa lex petitioni refragata est, Cie. Mur. 46; sunt quaedam auribus danda, si materia non refragatur, Plin. ep. 2, 5, 5; but in Plin. 19, 127 read (by cj.) refrigerandae ueneri.

**rēfrēnatio**, ōnis, f. curbing, doloris, Sen. dial. 5, 15, 3.

**rē-frēno**, āre, vb. check by the bridle, eurb, equos, Curt. 4, 16, 3; 2. met., fluuios, Lucr. 6, 531; aquas, Ov. her. 6, 87; 3. by a stronger met., iuuentutem, Cie. din. 2, 4; add Phil. 2, 4; Cael. 76; Verr. 2, 3, 130; religione refrenatus, Lucr. 5, 114; add 1, 850.

**rē-frīco**, āre, vb. rub again, id refricato denno, Cato r. 87 (88); 2. met. chiefly from reopening a wound by rubbing, Appii uulnera, Cie. Att. 5, 15, 2; refricatura\* uulnus meum, 12, 18, 1; cicatricem, Cie. agr. 3, 4; dolorem tuum, Att. 5, 15, 4; Ammonitu refricatur amor, Ov. rem. am. 729; 3. as vb. intr. = refricat se or refricatur, erebro refricat lippitudo, Att. 10, 17, 2; 4. note refricatura\* as implying a part. refricatus.

**rēfrigeo**, see refrigesco.

**rēfrigērātio**, ōnis, f. cooling down again, r. aestate (me delectat), Cie. sen. 46; aurae, Colum. 11, 1, 16; add Veg. uet. 5, 56, 1.

**rēfrigērātorius**, adj. fit for cooling, eooling, palustris lens refrigeratoariae naturae, Plin. 22, 145; nis, 25, 151.

**rēfrigērātrix**, icis, adj. f. the same, natura, Plin. 19, 127.



**rēfrigerium**, ii, n. cooling, Tert. apol. 39 med.; uirg. uel. 9; Oros. 5, 15.

**rē-frigēro**, āre, vb. make cool or cold again, cool down, cool, frumentum, Cato r. 92; ut cum summa Saturni refrigeret, media Martis incendat, Cic. N. D. 2, 119; ignis in aquam coniectus restinguitur et refrigeratur, Rosc. com. 17; granaria, Varr. r. 1, 57, 3; plumbum, Plin. 34, 170; **2.** in med. lang., nouum nimum refrigerare, uetus calefacere, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 31 (30), 14; refrigerant intubus lactuca coriandrum, Cels. 2, 27 of the vine; **3.** and met., defessa ac refrigerata accusatio, Cic. Verr. 1, 31; refrigerato sermone, fam. 3, 8, 1; Plancus cum Glaucum saltasset in conuiuio refrigeratus ab Antonio transfugit, Vell. 2, 83, 2; testis urbane dicto refrigerandus (est), Quint. 5, 7, 26; aegre perlegit, refrigeratus a semetipso, Suet. Claud. 41; **4.** refrigerantur (uites) cum alio loco alligatae sunt—are refreshed as after fever—Colum. 5, 6, 27; **5.** refrigeror, ari, vb. r. give a drink (to), met., Tert. Scap. 4 med.; anim. 51.

**rēfrigescentia**, ae, f. cooling, met., Tert. anim. 43.

**rē-frigesco**, ēre, xi and gui\*, vb. get cool again, cool down, ubi unum refrixerit, Cato r. 105, 1; Refrigescit enim cunctando plaga per auras, Lucr. 4, 703; cor refrixit, Ov. M. 12, 422; si bos sudans refriguit\*, Veg. uet. 4, 12, 1; **2.** met., refrigescere agrum qui non stercoretur, Colum. 2, 15, 2; **3.** of stronger met., ubi illine rediero Nihil est: refrixerit res: nunc demum uenis? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 25; illud crimen caluit re recenti, nunc refrixit, Cic. Plane. 55; tereur interea tempus, belli apparatus refrigescent, Phil. 5, 30; sortes (illae) plane refrixerunt, diu. 2, 87; add Att. 1, 1, 2; 4, 18, 3; Q. fr. 3, 2, 3; ne oratio refrigescat, Quint. 4, 3, 2; calor cogitationis, qui scribendi mora refrixit, recipit uires, 10, 3, 6.

**rē-frigo**, ēre, vb. roast again, roast, Fest. 277 a 23 M. See referuius.

**rē-fringo**, (frango) ēre, frēgi, fractus, vb. break open, portasque refregit, Enn. ap. Hor. s. 1, 4, 61; cellas refregit, Pl. Capt. 4, 4, 10; portas, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 6; Liv. 10, 43, 5; 24, 30, 2; 25, 9, 15; Ov. M. 6, 597; carcerem, Liv. 6, 17, 6; 34, 44, 7; **2.** met., claustra nobilitatis, Cic. Mur. 17; **3.** break up, crush, glaeba refringitur et resoluatur in puluerem, Colum. 11, 2, 60; castanea refractum totum non respicit, 4, 33, 1; in refracto solo, Plin. 17, 76;

**4.** drive back or repel violently, break the force of, disposito equitatu qui uim fluminis refringeret, Caes. b. g. 7, 56, 4; Achiuos, Hor. od. 3, 3, 28; **5.** met., uim (Fortunae) ingruentem, Liv. 5, 37, 1; ingeniorum impetus, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 7; but in Quint. 1, 3, 16 Halm (w. ms A) frangit; **II 6.** break off (ramum), Verg. 6, 210; leones condito in uaginas unguinum mucrone ne refringantur hebetenturque ingrediendo, Plin. 8, 41; **7.** and met., sic auribus duci ut aculei iudicii mei illarum delenimentis refringantur, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 3; **8.** refract, bend by refraction, supra rorem salis edita pars...recta est...: Quae demersa liquore obeunt, refracta uidentur Omnia conuorti, Lucr. 4, 440.

**rēfrua**, see referuius.

**rē-frondesco**, ēre, vb. throw out branches again, Sidon. carm. 22, 46.

**rēfūga**, ae, m. a runaway, refugae ex opere metalli, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 6; custodiae r., Macer 49, 16, 13, 5; **2.** an apostate, cod. Th. 16, 6, 6, 1.

**rē-fūgio**, ēre, fūgi, vb. fly back, (ceruus) Mille fugit refugitque uias, Verg. 12, 753; **2.** esp. run away, fly (of soldiers), quum cohors impetum fecerat, hostes refugiebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 35, 1; ueritus nauium multitudinem ex alto refugerat, b. c. 2, 23, 3; exceptus scapha refugit, 3, 101, 6; add 3, 40, 3; 3, 95, 3; per deuos tramites refugientem, Suet. Aug. 16; **3.** gen. fly to a place of shelter, take refuge (in or with), reliqui Syracusas classe amissa refugerant, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 101; nonne refugit ad legatos? Deiot. 32; admissis equis ad suos refugerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 34, 3; in finitimas ciuitates, 3, 99, 3; quadrupes nota intra tecta refugit, Verg. 7, 500; quum refugientem ad urbem sequeretur, Liv. 23, 47, 8; **4.** met. as in poets, medioque refugerit orbe (sol), Verg. G. 1, 442; ex oculis uisa refugit

humus, Ov. F. 3, 590; **5.** in geogr. description, of remoteness, refugitque ab litore templum, Verg. 3, 536; pontus Euxinus longe refugientis occupat terras, Plin. 4, 76;

**6.** of the feelings, shrink from, refugit animus eaque dicere reformidat, Phil. 14, 9; refugio a te ammonendo, Att. 12, 18, 1; pndore a dicendo refugisti, or. 2, 10; and met.: (uitēs) a brassicis ut a pestiferis refugere, N. D. 2, 120; **7.** w. ace., impetum armati Autiochi ceterorumque tela atque incursum refugit, Cic. Caecin. 22; auersusque refugit Foeda ministeria, Verg. 7, 618; scelus unda refugit, Ov. F. 3, 51; scelerataque dextra Munera porrexit: Minos porrecta refugit, M. 8, 95; Castaque mandatum dextra refugit opus, her. 14, 50; quae nunc memoriam meam refugiant, Colum. 12, 52, 8; **8.** hence in pass., hic ager colono est paenitendus ac tanquam pestilens refugiendus, Colum. 2, 2, 7; **9.** w. inf., tendere barbiton, Hor. od. 1, 1, 33; nec te transire refugi, Ov. am. 3, 6, 5; **10.** refugio or refugio, said to exist, but in Lucr. 3, 69 edd. now have: effugisse uolunt longe, longeque remosse; the line in Enn. ap. Cic. or. 3, 218 and fin. 5, 31: nemo est... tanta confidentia Quin refugiat timido sanguen atque exalbescat metu, seems by the accent to imply refūgiat (not rēfūgiat); but Non. 224, 18 gives the pass. w. fugiat, so that Enn. perhaps wrote: Quin ei fugiat...

**rēfūgium**, ii or i, n. a place of refuge, siluae tutius dedere r., Liv. 9, 37, 10; nationum portus erat et r. senatus, Cic. off. 2, 26; add Suet. Tib. 35; Iustin. 2, 6, 11; 11, 4, 9; domus tutissimum enique r., Gai. dig. 2, 4, 18; est recipere r. abscondendi causa seruo praestare, Ulp. 11, 3, 1, 2; **2.** esp. a secret underground place of retreat in a private house against an enemy or fire, neque ei permittitur refugia aperire, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 7; called κρυπτα in 43, 17, 3, 7.

**rēfūgūs**, adj. flying away, running back, receding, unda, Ov. M. 10, 42; flumen, her. 18 (17), 182; ut instantibus resisterent, refugos non sequerentur, Tac. au. 13, 40; add h. 3, 61.

**rē-fulgeo**, ire, vb. prop up again, not. Tir. 117.

**rēfulgentia**, ae, f. brilliancy, lacunarium, Apul. flor. 18.

**rē-fulgeo**, ēre, lsi, vb. reflect light, shine, Feruidus ille Canis stellarum luce refulget, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 114; nubes Solis inardescit radiis longeque refulget, Verg. 8, 623; corpus auro caelatis refulgens armis, Liv. 7, 10, 7; stella refulsit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; **2.** met., a docto fama refulget auro, Prop. 3, 20, 8; tum refulsit certa spes liberorum parentibus, Vell. 2, 103, 5; spes nummi, Pers. prol. 12; primus refulsit Apollodorus (as a painter), Plin. 35, 60.

**rē-fulgērat**, vb. impers. it lightens again, not. Tir. 118.

**rē-fundo**, ēre, fudi, fūsus, vb. pour up\* or back, stellae terrae... uaporibus aluntur... quibus renouatae refundunt codem (so Lamb. cj.; mss eadem) et rursus trahunt indidem, Cic. N. D. 2, 118; sensit... imis Stagna refusa\* uadis, Verg. 1, 126; Egerit hic fluctus aequorae refundit in aequor, Ov. M. 11, 488; Fluctus refundens\* ore physeter capax, Sen. Phaedr. 1039; **2.** pour back, so as to cause an overflow or inundation, Tiberis immenso aucto proruto sublicio ponte ac strage obstantis molis refusus plana urbis loca impleuit, Tac. h. 1, 86; **3.** so far of liquids, also of solids, si angustus uulnus (uentris) est quam ut intestina commode refundantur, Cels. 7, 16, 1, 16 D; laterique inlisa refunditur alga, Verg. 7, 590; **4.** met. return, give back, repay, refund (note this), ubi accepit ut manumitteret, deinde seruus decessit, refundere eum (debere) quod accepit, Ulp. dig. 12, 4, 5, 4; hoc solum refundere debes quod ex pretio habes, 12, 6, 26, 12; summam aureorum refundam tibi, Scaev. 2, 14, 47, 1; add Papin. 40, 7, 34, 1; and met., refundimus Nilo suas copias: recepit frumenta (in a famine) quae miserat, Plin. pan. 31; **5.** gen. return, ablatis codicillis primitus et refusus, cod. Th. 13, 11, 10.

**rēfūsiō**, ōnis, f. pouring back, solis calor ad supera trah(it) umorem, cuius refusio pluuiialis est copia, Macr. s. 1, 21, 27; **2.** refunding, repayment, restitution, similitudo donationis est r., schol. ad cod. Th. 3, 13, 3; **3.** = exsolutio, discharge, munerum, ib. 12, 1, 185.



**refūsōrius**, adj. of discharge, litterae, Sidon. ep. 9, 10.

**refūtatio**, ōnis, f. refutation, disproof, accusationis, Cic. top. 93; maledictorum, Quint. 4, 3, 15; add 3, 9, 1 and 5; 5, 13, 1 and 55; 2. a document of refutation, cod. Th. 11, 30, 11.

**refūtator**, ōris, m. one who refutes, Arnob. 1, 18.

**refūtātorius**, adj. of refutation, preces, or libelli, cod. Th. 11, 30, 1, 11, 14 etc.

**refūtātus**, ūs, m. refutation, Ancipitque refutatū concinere falsum, Lucr. 3, 525.

**re-fūto**, āre, vb. frq. [refundō] lit.: by addition of a little cold water reduce (boiling water) to rest, cf. confuto;

2. met. throw cold water upon, calm down, cool down (what is overheated), semper illas nationes (sc. Gallicas) nostri imperatores refutandas potius bello quam lacessendas putauerunt, Cic. prou. c. 32; quam quidem eius bonitatem non modo non refutare sed augere debetis, Rab. Post. 44; praesertim cum sine suspitione tuae cupiditatis non possis illius cupiditatem refutare, fam. 1, 9, 26; refutetur Philoctetes ille clamor, Tusc. 2, 55; eius conatum, Cic. ? har. resp. 7; haec tibi est excidentia lingua qua uel euolsa libidinem tuam libertas mea refutabit, Crass. ap. Cic. or. 3, 4; arrogantiam, Arnob. 4, 137; 3. esp. an opponent in argument, cool down by refutation, quiet, refute, quos tum refutare domesticis testibus solebamus, Cic. or. 2, 2; neque tu me peregrinum posthac dixeris ne grauius refutare neque...

4. Sul. 25; non tam id laboro ut si qui mihi obtrectent a te refutetur quam..., fam. 9, 11, 2; in refutandis testibus, Font. 11 (1); tribunos feroci oratione, Liv. 2, 52, 7;

5. w. acc. of things, throw cold water upon, refute, answer, disprove, nostra confirmare rationibus, contraria refutare, Cic. or. 2, 80; scelcratorum hominum periuria testimonii suis, Font. 45 (35); neque id manifesta refutant... in promptu eognita quae sunt, Lucr. 2, 867; fors dicta refutet, Verg. 12, 41; 5. with acc. aud inf., si quis eorum sentire refutat, attempts to throw cold water on the doctrine that..., Lucr. 3, 350; 6. reject with a sort of contempt, se regibus deuouent et post eos nitam refutant, Sal. ap. Serv. ad G. 4, 218; nummum refutant; dant res et accipiunt, Solin. 22 med.; 7. from this last sense prob. Fr. refuser.

**regāliōsus**, (implying a noun regalius = regalis) adj. or sb. m. dim. the golden-crested wren, Suet. Caes. 81; cf. Plin. 10, 203; dissident...aquilae et trochilus...quouiam rex appellatur auium.

**regālis**, e, adj. of a king, royal, regal, Non ego nunc parasitum sum, sed regum rex regaliior, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 45; sapientiam regalem, non progeniem quaeri oportere, Cic. rep. 2, 24; luxus, Verg. 1, 637; mensae, 1, 686; regalissimum munus, Iul. Val. res g. Alex. 2, 33; 2. r. fulmina, cum (tanguntur) principalia urbis liberae loca, Sen. N. Q. 2, 49, 2; 3. r. exta, quae honorem, hereditates, dominationem pollicentur, Fest. 289 a 27 M; II 4. regales, members of a royal family, reges numero quinque regalesque decem, Amm. 16, 12, 26; ut neque regalibus neque legatis (iumenta suppeditent), eod. Th. 7, 1, 9; 5. members of a certain college, L. Varronio L. f. Pal. Capitoni...ordo Regalium, inscr. Or. 3884; III 6. regaliter adv. in kingly fashion, regally, Ov. M. 2, 397; Liv. 42, 51, 2.

**re-gammo**, āre [the letter Γ], vb. fork (as a road) regamante nia uel limite, dum a se utrimquo discesserit, desinit nia finem praestare, Frontin. controu. 2, p. 41, l. 28 Laehm.; a regamantibus lineis, ib. 347, 21.

**regālātio**, ōnis, f., thawing, Frontin. contr. 2, p. 50, l. 22.

**re-gālo**, (re of reversal) āre, vb. thaw, solum matutino ortu regelari poterit, Colum. 1, 5, 8; dum (nites) regelatae siccantur, 11, 2, 7; ubi torpentia frigore...Zephyrus regelauerit aura, 10, 78; add Mart. 3, 93, 15; 11, 8, 6;

2. met. actas mea nix media regelatur aestate, Sen. ep. 67, 1; in Varr. r. 1, 57, 3 read w. Schn. refrigerare.

**re-gēmo**, ēre, vb. groan again, Stat. Th. 5, 389; 8, 17.

**regēnērātio**, ōnis, f. being born again, regeneration, Aug. c. D. 20, 5.

**re-gēnēro**, āre, vb. reproduce in offspring or descendants,

esp. by throwing back (as breeders say), naeuos et cicatrices, Plin. 7, 50; (Nicaeus) Aethiopsis nata matre nihil a ceteris colore differente ipse auom regenerata Aethiopeni, 7, 51; nec alio magis Drusus regenera(uit) patrem Tiberium, 14, 145; ex ea platano (quae numquam folia dimittebat) platani satae regenerauerit uitium, 12, 12; 2. met. rege-neratus, regenerate, Isid. or. 15, 4.

**regerminātio**, ōnis, f. sprouting again after being cut down (castaneae), Plin. 17, 147; (lactuceae), 19, 122.

**re-germino**, āre, vb. sprout again after being cut down, (cupressus) in Aenaria succisa regerminat, Plin. 16, 141; (lactuea), 19, 122.

**re-gēro**, ēre, essi, estum, vb. [gero, shoot, shovel, and first re up] shoot up, shovel up, throw up as with a spade, re-fossas radices in summum regeri atque comburi, Colum. 3, 11, 4; in acruum culmos regerant, 2, 10, 13; humus quae erat regesta reponitur, 11, 3, 5; add 3, 11, 7; iguis regestus (as a refl. part.), shooting up; II 2. (re back) shoot back, shovel back, discharge in return, quibus ad uotum dies est actus, si bene desudauerunt; si in locum eius quod effluxit multum potionis regesserunt, Sen. ep. 15, 3; si summa terra sublata ex fundo meo et alia regesta esset, Iuul. dig. 7, 4, 24 f.; add Plin. 17, 30; 6, 104; conflagrauit (the amphitheatre) siue ab oppugnatoribus incensum dum faces in obsessos iaculantur siue ab obsessis dum regerunt, Tac. h. 2, 21; (lunam) in coitu (conjunction with the sun) non cerni quoniam haustum omnem lucis auersa (sc. a terra) illo regerat unde acceperit, Plin. 2, 46; asteria contraria soli regerit candiantis radios in modum stellae, unde nomen innenit, 37, 131; 3. met. esp. of abuse returned, hurl back, retort, as a sort of filth, regerit conuicia durus Vindemiator, Hor. s. 1, 7, 29; propter spectra Catiana, pro quo tibi tot rusticos Stoicos regeram ut... (pay you off with) Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 15, 19, 1; ut inuidiam omnem in eum regereret qui hoc se coegisset, Quint. 11, 1, 22; dum communem culpam hi in illos, illi in hos regerere posse confidunt, Plin. ep. 10, 19 (30), 2; mensarum (of citron wood) insania quas feminas uiris contra margaritas regerunt, Plin. 13, 91; Regeramus ipsi crimen, Sen. Phaedr. 728; fata... regesta Danais, Ag. 225; despiciamus comitalis morbos, hoc est, contagia regerimus, throw back with our spite the miasma supposed to be thrown upon us, Plin. 28, 35;

4. shoot into some back place, stow away, met. puerorum commentariis (common-place books) in quos ea quae aliis deelamantibus laudata sunt regerunt, Quint. 2, 11, 7; regestae in commentariis, 3, 6, 59; 5. in Luell. Aetna 436 generandis is now read from ms a; regerunt in Varr. r. 1, 64, 2 is corrupt; 6. regesta as sb. n. pl. (papers) stowed away, archives, records, usus sum regestis scribarum porticus Porphyreticae, Vop. Prob. 2; Hic in regestis est liber caelestibus, Prud. στερφ. 10, 1131; 7. hence through a late form regestarius one who has charge of the archives, a register (now obsolete); and through regestarium a list of archives, another register.

**regib-ilis**, e, adj. controllable, tractable, iuuentus, Amm. 16, 12, 10; add 19, 7, 8.

**regificus**, adj. as dono by a king, kingly, royal, regal, luxus, Verg. 6, 605; paratus, Val. F. 2, 652; adv. regificē, in kingly fashion, (domum) Auro chore instructam regifice, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; add Sil. 11, 273.

**regifūgium**, ii ori, n. flight of kings, a festival at Rome, VI Kal. Mart. (Feb. 24), Fest. 278 a 6 M; cf. Ov. F. 2, 685; Rogif. N., Kal. Maff. on that day; Nec regifugium pulsus ex urbe tyrannis, Auson. ecl. de fer. R. 13—wh. the long i points to an old form regis fugium; cf. whales bone in Sh., beddisyo in Chaucer.

**re-gigno**, ēre, vb. reproduce, Lucr. 5, 244.

**regilla**, see regillus.

**Regillānus**, adj. of Regillus or Regilli, a Sabine village, as a cognomen, Claudius Appius Regillanus, decemuir legibus scribendis, Suet. Tib. 2; Πρωλιος Κλωδιος Πηγίλλανος, Diod.; but in the fasti cons. 451 B.C.: Ap. Claudius Ap. f. M. n. Crass. Inr(i)gill. Sabin.

**Regillensis**, e, adj. of the Lake Regillus, as a cognomen, M. Postumius Regillensis, Liv. 4, 49, 7.

1 **regillus**, adj. (dim. of regius), royal, Quid erat induta?



au regillam induculam, an mendicula? Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 39; tunica, Varr. ap. Non. 539, 14.

**2** *Regillus*, (dim. of rex) 1, and Regilla, ae, cognomina, M. Aemilius Regillus, Liv. 24, 7, 12; Annia Regilla, inscr. Fabr. 413, 356; **2**. name of a Sabine village, a uico Regillo, Liv. 2, 16, 4; or Regilli, ex Regillis, oppido Sabi-norum, Suet. Tib. 1; **3**. a lake, near Tibur and mount Algidus, lacum Regillum, Liv. 2, 19, 3; Plin. 33, 38; but apud Regilli lacum, Flor. 1, 11, 2.

**régimen**, inis, n. guidance, steerage, equorum, Tac. an. 13, 3 f.; (nauium), 2, 23; **2**. met., government, command, Primus senex...in regimen bellique paratus, Enn. ap. Fest. 278 b 5 M; animum...In quo consilium uitae regimen-que locatum est, Lucr. 3, 95; r. totius magistratus penes Appium erat, Liv. 3, 33, 7; elassis, Vell. 2, 85, 2; uocis regimen primores (dentes tenent), Plin. 7, 70.

**régimentum**, i. n. guidance, command, regimentis rei publicae ad imperatores perpetuos translatis, Aur. Arcad. dig. 1, 11, 1.

**régina**, (for suff. cf. Icaena, βασιλινα) ae, f. queen, Sciunt quid in anrem rex reginae dixerit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 171; suus rex reginae placet, St. 1, 2, 76; solae utuntur his (i. e. eunuchis) reginae, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 88; reginae fuga mihi non molesta est, Cic. Att. 14, 8, 1; dum Capitolio Regina dementes ruinas...parabat, Hor. od. 1, 37, 7; **2**. as a title of goddesses, Q. Caecilius Flamini libertus Iunone Seispitei Matri reginae, CIL 1110; Itaque me Iuno regina et Iouis supra filia..., Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 37; teque Iuno regina, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 184; Siderum regina bicornis, Hor. carm. saec. 35; Fortuna reginae, inscr. Grut. 78, 7; **3**. in poets of any royal lady, a princess, of Medea, Val. F. 5, 373, 385 etc.; of Messalina, Plin. 29, 20; of Deidamia, Stat. Ach. 1, 295; **4**. met., omnium regina rerum oratio, poet. ap. Cic. or. 2, 187; iustitia r. uirtutum, off. 3, 28; r. pecunia, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 37; regina chori, Stat. Th. 4, 379; Alpini r. cupressus Verticis, 6, 854; Appia regina uiarum, silu. 2, 1, 12; **5**. the Flaminica or wife of the rex sacrificulus, uirgula quam r. sacrificans in capite gestabat, Paul. ex F. 113 v. inarenlum; add Serv. ad A. 4, 137; r. sacrorum, id est regis uxor, Macr. s. 1, 15, 19.

**rég-io**, ónis, f. [rego stretch, make straight] direction, quarter, Ecquem uidisti quaerere hic amabo in hac regione Cistellam cum crepundis? Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 42; Hi loci atque haec sunt regiones quae mihi ab ero sunt demonstratae, Ps. 2, 2, 1; Quor ergo in his te conspicio regionibus? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 32; Sed nil omnino nulla (so Lachm.; om. mss; alii recta) regione uia Declinare..., Lucr. 2, 249; si qui tantulum de recta regione deflexerit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 175; namque aua crnsn Dum squor et nota excedo regione nariam, Verg. 2, 737; Eurylea infelix qua te regiónē reliqui, Quae sequar? 9, 390; **2**. a line, esp. as marking a boundary, a limit, ex eis terminis recta regione in riuo(m) Vendupale(m), CIL 199, 9; add 12; Eius (sc. argumenti) nunc regiones limites confinia Determinabo: ei rei ego sum factus finitor, Pl. Poen. pr. 48; res eae quas gessimus orbis terrae regionibus definiuntur, Cic. Arch. 23; add 29; Balb. 64; Cat. 4, 21; uix facile sese regionibus officii continet, agr. 2, 97; **3**. esp. a line drawn by an angur's staff dividing the heavens and earth, caeli fulgera (so AB 1 m.) regionibus ratis temperato, xi tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; quae sit ab Attio Nauio per lituum regionum facta descriptio, Cic. din. 1, 31; cf. Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 292 Sp.; **4**. a space so marked off; hae gen. a district, a country, sunt in his regionibus ferrariae, Cato orig. 28, 6 I; quae regio orae terrarum erat latior in qua non regnum aliquod statureretur? Cic. Sest. 66; terrae maxumas regiones inhabitabilis uidemus, N. D. 1, 24; **5**. esp. a district of the city Rome, a quarter, a region, spatium urbis in regiones uicosque diuisit, Suet. Aug. 30; ipsa (Roma) diuiditur in regiones quattuordecim, Plin. 3, 66; add Tac. an. 15, 40; **6**. a division of Italy, regio ea a Tiberi prima Italiae seruat ex descriptione Augusti, Plin. 3, 63; a Silerio regio tertia..., 3, 71; **7**. met. a field, a domain, Tace, Dum in regionem astutiarum mearum te induco, ut scias..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 78; beue dicere non habet definitam aliquam regionem cuius terminis

saepta teneatur, Cic. or. 2, 5; **8**. e regione, in a straight line, ut alterum e regione moneatur alterum declinet, Cic. fat. 18; add 47; si omnia deorum e regione ferrentur et ut dixi ad lineam, fin. 1, 19; **9**. with a line, in a right line with, directly opposite, e regione castris castra ponebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; castris positis e regione unius eorum pontium quos..., 7, 35, 2; uos dicitis esse e regione nobis in contraria parte terrae qui aduersis nescitis stent contra uostra uestigia quos αντιποδας uocatis, Cic. acad. pr. 123; **10**. on the contrary, Arabes camelorum lacte et carnis uiuunt; e regione septentrionales populos si ad esum camelorum compellas..., Hier. Iov. 2, 7.

**régionális**, e, adj. of a district, provincial, concilium, Ang. bapt. contr. Don. 7, 53; **2**. regiãoaliter adv. Apul. mund. 23.

**régionarius**, adj. the same, not. Tir. 63.

**régionatim**, adv. by or in districts, r. tribns diseripserunt, Liv. 40, 51, 9; r. commercio interrupto, 45, 30, 2; edidit ludos r. urbe tota, Suet. Caes. 39.

**régius**, adj. of a king, royal, regal, in sedes conlocat se regias; Clytemnestra iuxtim, tertias natae occupant, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 127, 30; sed ualuae resonant regiae, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 474, 5; add id. ap. Non. 505, 13; O grata cardo regium egressum indicans, Grac. ap. Prisc. 1, 206, 13; potestas, Cic. Phil. 1, 3; maiestas, Caes. b. c. 3, 106, 4; domus, Sal. Iug. 76, 6; uomen, Liv. 27, 19, 4; **2**. king-like, princely, forma, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 10; copias, Bac. 4, 4, 6; apparatus, Cic. rep. 6, 10; moles, Hor. od. 2, 15, 1; Regia res scelus est, Ov. F. 6, 595; superbum istud et regium, Plin. pan. 7; Regia...res est succurrere lapsis, Ov. Pout. 2, 9, 11; **3**. as a special epithet of excellence, olea, Colum. 3, 8, 3; pira, 5, 10, 18; Plin. 15, 56; spina, 13, 129; laurus, 15, 129; palmae, 13, 41; stella, in the Constellation Lion, 18, 235; hastula, the plant asphodel, 21, 109; Apul. herb. 32; **4**. r. atrium, the hall attached to Vesta's temple at Rome, Liv. 26, 27, 3—cf. Ov. F. 6, 263; **5**. r. morbus, jaundice, regium eognominatum arquatorum (al. arquatum) morbum, Varr. ap. Plin. 22, 114; morbus quem interdum arquatum, interdum regium nomiuant, Cels. 3, 24; add Ser. Samm. 58, 1033; Veg. uet. 5, 48, 1; **6**. regii, as sb. m. pl., ps. Nep. Ages. 8; **7**. regia as sb. f. (sc. domus), a royal palace, Cic. fin. 3, 52; Caes. b. c. 3, 112, 8; Liv. 2, 12, 10; **8**. a city as a royal residence, Croesi regia Sardis, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 2; Siga oppidum Syphacis regia, Plin. 5, 19; **9**. esp. the residence of the Pontifex Maximus, nuper me ad Regiam paeue confecit, Cic. Mil. 37; uisum te aiunt in Regia (of Caesar as Pont. Max.), nec reprehendo, quippe cum ipse istam reprehensionem non fugerim, Att. 10, 3; quod C. Iulius L. f. pontifex nuntiavit in sacratio Regiae hastas Martias mouisse, S. C. ap. Gell. 4, 6, 2; dum lectica ex Regia domum redeo, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 76; dnae statuae ante Martis Vltoris aedem, totidem ante Regiam, Plin. 34, 48; pontifices non in Regiam sed in Albaam uillam conuocauit, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 6; **10**. met., Caci regia, Verg. 8, 242; gregis, Val. F. 5, 67; **II** 11. regie adv. royally, accubabo regie, Pl. St. 2, 2, 53; add Varr. r. 1, 2, 10; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 115.

**re-glescit** = crescit, Fest. 278 a 30 M—rather burns up afresh.

**re-glütino**, (re of reversal) are, vb. unglue, met., tuis ab unguibus, Catal. 25, 9; add Mart. Cap. 191 G, p. 198, l. 10 Eyss.; **2**. glue again together, Prud. perist. 10, 873.

**regnator**, óris, m. ruler, sovereign, Vbi rex Agathocles regnator fuit, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 58; (Iuppiter) Deum reguator, Amph. pr. 45; Acc. ap. Serv. A. 1, 88; Verg. 4, 266; Asiae, 2, 557; **2**. met., agelli, Mart. 10, 61, 3; r. fritillus, 11, 6, 2.

**regnatrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. ruliug, sovereign, r. donns, Tac. an. 1, 4.

**regnicóia**, ae, m. f., dweller in a kingdom, Aug. Faust. 20, 7.

**regno**, are, vb. rule as a king, reign, quescumbi Romae regnauissent, Cato ap. Prisc. 2, 9, 17 K; Et ubi Pterela rex regauit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 257; annum iam tertium et



uicesimum regnat, Cic. Manil. 7; **2.** pass. impers., ab sua parte non erant regnatum, Liv. 1, 17, 2; ter centum regnabitur annis, Verg. 1, 272; **3.** w. a gen., Daunus agrestium Regnavit populorum, Hor. od. 3, 30, 12; cf. ἡρξ̄ε λαών, Hom.; βασιλευν̄ της Ασίας, Isocr.; **4.** with acc. rule over, reign over—implied in pass. pers. qui nationem eam regebant in quantum Germani regnantur, Tac. au. 13, 54; geutibus quo regnantur, h. 1, 16; **5.** esp. in part. pass., w. a dat. of the person, regnata rura Phalanto, Hor. od. 2, 6, 11; terra regnata Lycurgo, Verg. 3, 14; tollus regnata parenti, Ov. her. 10, 69; add M. 8, 623; 13, 720; Sil. 14, 7: so far in poets only; gens Pandae sola Indorum regnata feminis, Plin. 6, 76; **6.** add gerundive, regnandam acceperit Albam, Verg. 6, 770; **7.** met. play the king, olim cum regnare existimabam non tam ab ullis quam hoc tempore observor, Cic. fam. 7, 24, 1; equitum centurias in quis regnas, 11, 16, 3; παθητικόν... in quo uno regnat oratio, orat. 128; umor regnarit in aruis, Lucr. 5, 395; uiuo et regno simul ista reliqui, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 8; quousque reguabis? Plin. ep. 7, 3, 2; **8.** esp. in a bad sense.

**regnum**, i, n. royal power, cipientes regni, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Sibi sua habeant regna reges, sibi diuitias dinites, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 19; Sp. Maellium r. adpetentem, Cic. sen. 56; **2.** the country ruled by a king, a kingdom, quod conspicio in meo regno Scipionem, Cic. rep. 6, 9; Aduatncos qui erant eius regno finitimi, Caes. b. g. 5, 38, 1; Nuda triumphati iacuit per regna Iugurthae, Lucan. 2, 90; qui regna Dauni praefuit, Hor. od. 4, 14, 26; **3.** met. sovereignty, supremacy, abnteris atomorum regno et licentia, Cic. N. D. 1, 65; sic ego amisso regno forensi, fam. 9, 18, 1; sub regno Cinarac, Hor. od. 4, 1, 4; regnum in auis nagas, 4, 4, 2; Nec regna uini sortiere talis, 1, 4, 18; **4.** met. of place, id nisi hic in tuo regno essemus non tulissem, Cic. or. 1, 41; in Puteolana regna renaugaro, Att. 14, 16, 1; Post aliquot, mea regna uideus, mirabor aristas? Verg. B. 1, 70.

**rēgo**, ēre, rexi, rectum, vb. [for a fuller er-ego; see below] first rear, erect, ita iacere talum ut rectus assistat, Cic. fin. 3, 54; Illa quidem recto pugnat se attollere trunco, Ov. M. 2, 822; ut sit (caput oratoris) primo rectum et secundum naturam, Quint. 11, 3, 69; rectique in pedes (sc. equi) iactant onus, Sen. Phaedr. 1093; cella frigidaria in qua rectus stabat, Petr. fr. tr. 73 B; **2.** make straight, hence rectus straight; and regula a rule; **3.** hence direct, guide, Hunc sine me turbare globum et rege tela per auras, Verg. 9, 409; uestigia, 6, 29; equum, Ov. a. a. 3, 556; Ib. 470; impotentes regendi equi, Liv. 35, 11, 10; arte leues currus arto regendus Amor, Ov. a. a. 1, 4; artem, tr. 1, 4, 12; neque egebit adiutorio manum suam manu superimposita regentis (in learning to write), Quint. 1, 1, 27; **4.** r. fines, ruu a boundary-line for land, ille exercitatus est in propagandis finibus, tu in regendis, Cic. Mur. 22; e xii (sc. tabulis) tres arbitri finis regemus, leg. 1, 55; add top. 43; non fixus in agris Qui regeret certis finibus arua lapis, Tib. 1, 3, 44; finium regundorum, the title of dig. 10, 1; **5.** met. guide, rule, govern, keep straight, keep or set in the right road, ut errantem regere posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 57, 3; non multa peccas, sed si peccas te regere possum, poet. ap. Cic. Mur. 60; de summis rebū regundis, Eun. an. 242 V; uin quaudam qua omnia regantur, Cic. N. D. 1, 32; mundi motum regat atque teatur, 1, 33; deus qui regit id corpus cui praepositus est, rep. 6, 26; dum spiritus hos reget artus, Verg. 4, 336; animi motus, Cic. part. or. 76; iuuenem, Att. 10, 6, 2; Martem bella regere, Caes. b. g. 6, 17, 2; **6.** as our rise is decap. from arise, of wh. ar alone is radical, so reg- is for er-eg; and so akin to prep. re up, which is for er-ec, with er for root as in Germ. pref. er up; or-ig-o or-i(g)-or, op-ey-ω in root and suff. are the same with (e)reg-o, while or of ortus has not yet taken the suff.; for suff. cf. spar-g-o mer-g-o str-ag-es; **7.** akin are our vb. reach, and sb. reach (of a river). See also Essays, p. 74 ff.

**rēgrādātio**, ōnis, f. loss of rank, degradation, cod. Th. 8, 5, 2.

**rē-grādo**, āre, vb. degrade, reduce to a lower rank, cod. Th. 12, 17, 3; nou. Th. 11, 1, 21, 1; Hier. Ioan. Ieros. 19; **2.** bring back to former order, menses (by intercalation), Solin. 1, 45.

**rē-grāuo**, āre, vb. = iterum grauo, not. Tir. 46.

**rē-grādior**, i, gressus, vb. r. march back, return, Illuc rēgredere ab ostio: illuc sis, uide ut Incedit, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 7; ut regredi quam progredi mallent, Cic. off. 1, 33; ex itinere regressi, Liv. 24, 18, 5; Caesar regressus in urbem omnibus...ignoni, Vell. 2, 56, 1; postliminio regressi, Papin. dig. 50, 1, 17, 6; pass. in Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 2 dub.; **2.** met. of time, superiora repetentem regredi infinite, Cic. fat. 35; cum dos ad eum regredi possit, Paul. dig. 21, 2, 71; se in reorum potestatem regressuros, Ulp. 48, 5, 28 (27), 11; but pass. in Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 26 a gloss; **II 3.** a form regredio or regredo is implied in: quo nunc...gradum Rēgredere conare, Enn. ap. Non. 166, 22; **4.** re w. a long e implies a form redgredior; in Pl. the e must be long, and may be in Enn.

**rēgressio**, ōnis, f. marching back, return, retreat, Fronto princ. hist. p. 204 Nab.; Apul. M. 2, 18; 9, 22; **2.** a gramm. figure, = επανόδος, Quint. 9, 3, 35.

**rēgressus**, ūs, m. the same, progressūs et regressūs (stellarum), Cic. N. D. 2, 51; Regressus non dabat ille uiro, Ov. a. a. 2, 32; **2.** met., Fuditus occidit neque habet Fortuna regressum, Verg. 11, 413; ut esset regressus ad ueniam, Plin. praef. 26.

**rēgūla**, (w. its long ē: rēgo :: tēgula: tēgo—an irregularity noticed by Quint. 1, 6, 33), ae, f. an instrument for measurement and securing straightness of lines, a ruler or rule, non egeremus perpendicularis, non normis, non regulis, Cic. ap. Non. 163, 2; add Colum. 3, 13, 11 and 12; materia ad regulam et libellam exigitur, Plin. 36, 188; uti longitudo ad regulam et ad lineam, altitudines ad perpendiculariculum, anguli ad normam respondententes exigantur, Vitr. 7, 3, 5; **2.** gen. a straight staff or bar, of wood or iron, quadratas regulas, quae lateres contineant, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 4; inuolutam lana regulam, Cels. 8, 10, p. 351, l. 28 D; duabus angustis ligneis (or stanneis) regulis (in castratione uitulorum), Colum. 6, 26, 2; submitis rēgūla limen—iron bar to a door—Stat. Th. 6, 593; regulae ferreae, Vitr. 5, 10, 3; r. oleaginea, Veg. uet. 3, 41, 3; **3.** met., regulam qua uera et falsa iudicarentur, Cic. Brut. 152; (lex est) iuris atque iniuriae r., leg. 1, 19; adsit Rēgūla peccatis quae poenas inroget aequas, Hor. s. 1, 3, 118; **4.** rule as to food, diet, r. sicca, frigida, nutritibilis, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 1, 24; **5.** a plant = βασιλική, Apul. herb. 128.

**rēgūlaris**, e, adj. of a regula, acs—malleable and ductile—as fit for regulae, Plin. 34, 94 (bis); **2.** according to rule, in due order, regularly, dicere, Ulp. dig. 15, 3, 3, 2; Macr. somn. 1, 20, 13 and 20.

**rēgūlātum**, adv. by rule? Diom. 407, 3 K; but in Veg. uet. 3 (not 2), 41, 3 Schin. facit a rotam.

**rēgūlo**, āre, vb. regulate, regnantur sine diriguntur eorum uirtutes genere passionis, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 4, 62.

**rēgūlus**, i, m. dim. a petty king, a prince, Sal. Iug. 11, 2; 12, 1 and 2; Liv. 29, 30, 5; Plin. 18, 22; Tac. an. 2, 80; Suet. Cal. 5; **2.** a king's son, a prince, responsum regno (i.e. Masinissae filio), Liv. 45, 14, 1; **3.** the golden-crested wren, Regulus atque merops et rubro pectore progne, carn. Phil. 13; **4.** king- (or as we say) gneue-bee, animaduertat (mellarius) ne reguli plures existant, Varr. r. 3, 16, 18; **5.** a basilisk, Hieron. ep. 7, 3; and Is. 16, 59, 6; **6.** a cognomen, M. Atilius Regulus, Cic. Sest. 127; Regulo et Verginio consulibus, Sen. N. Q. 6, 1, 2.

**rē-gusto**, āre, vb. taste again, quicquid biberunt, nomitu remetientur bilem suam regustantes, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 13; **2.** taste again and again, salinum, Pers. 5, 138; **3.** met., Varronis laudationem, Cic. Att. 13, 48, 2; ἀπικισμον, 4, 17, 1.

**rē-gy-ro**, āre, vb. wheel back, met. (bellum) in Hispaniam regrauit, Flor. 4, 2 (2, 13), 6.

**re-hālo**, see redhalo.

**rēicūlus**, (rather than reiculus) adj. to be rejected,



(oues), Varr. r. 2, 1, 24; 2, 5, 17; in Sen. ep. 47, 9 Haase has ridicula nancia; in Sen. dial. 20, 7, 7 reiculus is a cj. **reiectaneus**, adj. to be rejected, morbum...non mala, sed si libet (if I may say so) reiectanea, Cic. fin. 4, 72.

**reiectatio**, ōnis, f. throwing up, Solin. 5, 24.

**reiectio**, ōnis, f. throwing up, sanguinis, Plin. 23, 146; **2.** met. throwing back, rejection, ciuitatis, Cic. Balb. 29; opp. to selectio, fin. 3, 20; **3.** esp. r. iudicium, challenging or right to challenge, ut reiectio facta est, cum accusator...homines nequissimos reiceret, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 3; add Verr. 1, 16; Planc. 36; Sul. 92; and met., quid te iudicem facis?... Est quaedam etiam eruditorum r., Plin. praef. 7; uelut reiectione facta ad optimum peruenire, Quint. 7, 1, 34; **4.** a fig. of rhetoric, Quint. 9, 1, 30.

**reiecto**, āre, vb. frq. keep throwing back, throw back, clamoreque montes fecti reiectant uoces ad sidera mundi, Lucr. 2, 328; **2.** not as a frq., throw np, vomit, cum caseum edisset auidius, nocte reiectauit, Inl. Capit. (not Spart.) Anton. 12, 4.

**reicio**, (in better authors reiecio or reicio, trisyl. and acc. to some quadris. reicio), ēre, iēci, iectum, vb. [iacio or icio+re up] throw up, siue ore sanguis reiciatur siue naribus ac, cauentur (apyrena) aequae uomitionibus ac bilem reicientibus, 23, 106; quoties largissime se inuitart senos sextante non excessit aut si excessisset reieciat, Suet. Aug. 77; **2.** (re back) throw back, drive back, hurl back, as first what has come towards one, cum a Leucopetra profectus stadia circiter ccc processissem, reiectus sum austro uehementi ad eandem Leucopetram, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 1; add Caecin. 88; eos qui eruptionem fecerant in oppidum reiciebant, Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 6; Bis Tusci Rutulos egere ad moenia uersos, Bis reiecti armis respectant tergā tēgentes, Verg. 11, 630; S. Enim metuo ut possim reicere in bubile ne uagentur. T. Ego reiciam, habe animum bonum, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 24; Tityre pascentis a flumine reice capellas, Verg. B. 3, 96; minas, Hor. od. 4, 8, 16;

**3.** esp. ward off, ita ab his (sc. corūs) reicientur plagae ballistarum et impetus incendiorum, Vitr. 10, 20 f.; quorum ego ferrum et audaciam reieci, Cic. Mur. 79; hos reiecit (reiecit?) ictus, Hos cauet, Stat. Th. 6, 769; **4.** hence met. reject, spurn, Quin tu aps te socordiam omnem reicis, segnitium amoues? Pl. As. 2, 1, 6; reicias (so R, mss reicis etc.) Abs te religioem, Att. 430 R; ad bona eligenda et reicienda contraria, Cic. leg. 2, 60; quis enim tam inimicus paene nomini Romano est qui Ennii Medeam spernat aut reiciat? fin. 1, 4; in primisque refutetur ac reiciatur Philoctetes ille clamor, Tusc. 2, 55; add diu. 2, 88; bouus atque fidus iudex...Reiecit alto dona nocentium Voltu, Hor. od. 4, 9, 42; recens animi dolor consolationes reicit, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 11; reiectae Lydiae, Hor. od. 3, 9, 20; Et si reicērer (reicērer?) potui moritura uideri, Ov. M. 9, 606; add 9, 512; condiciones, bell. Alex. 39, 1; **5.** r. iudices etc., reject, challenge (as we say), nam Maeciam non quae indicaret, sed quae reiceretur (so T), Cic. Planc. 38; cum ex cxxv iudicibus quinque et lxx reus reiceret (so again T, L referret); and soon after reiciendum and reiciamus in the same sense, 41; add Verr. 2, 1, 17; 2, 3, 28 and 32; Att. 1, 16, 3; Balb. 45;

**6.** throw back, postpone, put off for a time, nuper cum iam te aduentare arbitraremur, repente abs te in mensem Quintilem reieci sumus, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 1; habes acta nnius diei; reliqua, ut arbitror, in mensem Ianuarium reiciatur (so Baizer, but reicientur?), Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; **7.** refer for decision or for additional information, hoc animo esse debes ut nihil huc reicias (so Baizer, reicias?) neue in rebus tam subititis tamque angustis a senatu consilium petendum putes, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 2; sed ne bis eadem legas, ad ipsam te epistolam reicio (so B, reicio?), Att. 9, 16, 8; ille neque legatos recipere neque periculum praestare eorum sed totam rem ad Pompeium reicere, Caes. b. c. 3, 17, 5; senatus eam rem ad Pontifices reiecit, Verr. Fl. ap. Gell. 5, 17, 2; id Cenomani questi Romae apud senatum reiectique ad consulem..., Liv. 39, 3, 2; add 2, 22, 5; 9, 43, 7; 42, 32, 7; **8.** throw back (i.e. towards one's own back), Capillus passus prolixo et circum caput Reiectus neglegenter, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 50; toga reiecta ab umero latus succinctum gladio uadat, Liv.

23, 8, 10; add Suet. Aug. 26; cum tunica soluta manibus ad tergum reiectis inuambaret, Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 3; add Plin. 28, 45; confiteor me si qua premat res uehementius ita cedere solere ut non modo non abiecto sed ne reiecto quidem scuto fugere uidear, Cic. or. 2, 294;

**9.** so r. se, throw oneself back, Tum illa...Reiecit se in eum flens quam familiariter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 136; in gremium qui saepe tuum se Reicit (reiecit?), Lucr. 1, 34; add Petr. 92; **10.** throw to a distance behind one, throw off, togulae licioribus (of the emperor Piso) ad portam praesto fuerunt, quibus illi acceptis signa reiecerunt, Cic. Pis. 55; Haec fatus duplicem ex ueris reiecit amictum, Verg. 5, 421; reieci uiridem de corpore uestem, Ov. M. 8, 32; paeunlam, Cic. Mil. 29; Phaedr. 5, 2, 5; **11.** turn away, Sic ait atque oculos Rutulorum reiecit (reiecit?) aruis, Verg. 10, 473; **12.** throw in return, suisque imperauit nequod omnino telum in hostes reiceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 2; **13.** for the form reiecio cf. Lachmann ad Lucr. 2, 951.

**reicūlus**, see reiculus.

**reincipio**, ēre, vb. begin again, inser. Grut. 1161, 5.

**reitēro**, āre, vb. renew, mugitus, Apul. M. 8, 8 (so Hild. w. Flor. ms).

**rēlabōr**, i, pns, vb. r. glide, slide or slip back, unda, Verg. 10, 307; arduis relabi riuos montibus, Hor. od. 1, 29, 11; Relaxit amans oculos; et protinus illa relapsa est, Ov. M. 10, 57; Fleete ratem Thesen uersoquo relabere uento, her. 10, 149; **2.** met., in uolunt honor, Hor. epod. 17, 18; in Aristippi praecepta (relapse), ep. 1, 1, 18.

**rēlambo**, ēre, vb. lick up again, Sedul. 4, 248.

**rēlanguesco**, ēre, ui, vb. grow flabby again, hence met. moribunda relanguit, Ov. M. 6, 291; grow faint, neuti etsi uiolentiores flauere, relanguescunt, Sen. N. Q. 5, 8, 3; concipere stellam quae relanguescat, Plin. 37, 134 (of a gem);

**2.** met. relanguisse se (in point of anger), Cic. Att. 13, 41, 1; relanguescere animos et remitti, lose energy, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 4; add Ov. am. 2, 9, 27; Liv. 35, 45, 5.

**rēlātio**, ōnis, f. carrying back (of the pen to inkstand), Quint. 10, 3, 31; **2.** statement, relation, gentium, Plin. 7, 6; bene dictorum, Quint. 2, 7, 4; caesarum, 6, 3, 77; add Apul. M. 3, 15; mund. 26;

**3.** gratiae, return or requital of a favour, Sen. ben. 5, 11, 1; ep. 74, 13; throwing back (an accusation etc.), retorting, criminis, Cic. inu. 1, 15; ut non relatione criminum sed innocuita reus purgetur, Ulp. dig. 48, 1, 5; **4.** r. iurisuraudi, opposing oath to oath in a suit, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 34, 9; **5.** bearing on a subject, reference, relatione facta ad quod praetor fecit, Paul. dig. 1, 1, 11;

**6.** a reference (of matter by consuls etc. to the senate), equis audiuit aliquam relationem tuam? Consulm tu te fuisse putas? Cic. Pis. 29; post relationem Ap. Claudii, priusquam ordine sententiae rogarentur..., Liv. 3, 39, 2; quod relationi consulum iure tribuniciae potestatis non interessisset, Tac. an. 1, 13; add 2, 38; 13, 49; Suet. Cal. 15; placere secundum relationem...pecuniam accipi, inser. Or. 775; hoc decretum post tres relationes placuit in tabula aerea scribi, ib.; decerno ius tertiae relationis, Vopisc. Prob. 12, 8;

**7.** reference of matter to a higher authority, esp. the prince, cod. Th. 1, 15, 3; 11, 30, 11; **8.** a figure of rhetoric, Cic. or. 3, 207, ou wh. Quint. 9, 3, 97 says: relationem quid accipi uelit (Cicero), non liquet mihi; **9.** in grammar, the relation of a pronoun to what it represents, Prisc. 1, 579, 15; 2, 139, 22; 2, 141, 20.

**rēlatiuus**, adj. relative, referring to something, dicuntur relatiua tribus modis, ut filius, uicinus, duplum, Mart. Cap. 111 G, 114, 20 Eyss.; add Aug. Trin. 5, 16; **2.** in Grammar, of pronouns, as pronomen...relatiuum, is eius ei, Diom. 331, 5 K; relatiua ut is sui, Prisc. 2, 21, 15; **3.** relative, relatively, Aug. Triu. 5, 71.

**rēlātor**, ōris, m. one who refers, as a consul etc. bringing a matter before the senate, incipiam sperare, auctore te, illo (Lentulo) relatoe (illos) coniungi posse, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15; **2.** one who relates, as an historian, Venant. u. S. Mart. 2, 471; but not now in Prop. 4, 6, 5; **3.** a registrar? Ti. Flauius Aug. lib. Firmus relator aution(um), inser. Or. 3238.

**rēlātōrius**, adj. of res relatae, i.e. goods delivered—



hence relatoria (sc. apocha) as sb. f. a receipt for the same, cod. Th. 13, 5, 8 (bis).

**rēlātus**, part. see refero.

**rēlātus**, ūs, m. a statement, recital, uirtutum, Tac. h. 1, 30; (earminum), G. 3; **2.** taking the pleasure of the senate on a subject, abuentibus consulibus ea de re relatum, Tac. an. 15, 22.

**rē-lando**, āre, vb. praise again, not. Tir. 47.

**rēlaxāmentum**, i, n. relaxation, indulgence, xx dierum, Iul. ep. nou. 89, 339.

**rēlaxātio**, ōnis, f. loosening what has been stretched, hence met. relaxation, relief, animi, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 1; or. 2, 22; (doloris), fin. 2, 95; **2.** remission, praescriptionis, peremptoriae, cod. Th. 1, 2, 5.

**rēlaxātor**, ōris, m. one that loosens, fluentium, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 38, 221.

**rē-laxo**, āre, vb. unloose, unbind, loosen, open, sc. corporis uinculis, Cic. sen. 81; (alnus) tum astringitur tum relaxatur, N. D. 2, 136; glaebas ad accipiendum imbrem relaxatas, Varr. r. 1, 27, 2; ninela, Lucr. 6, 356; calor... caeca relaxat Spiramenta, Verg. G. 1, 89; **2.** met. animum, Cic. Brut. 21; pater nimis indulgens quidquid ego adstrinxi relaxat, Att. 10, 6, 2; (occupationibus) si me relaxaro, fam. 7, 1, 5; a contentionibus relaxes aliquid, leg. 1, 11;

**3.** relaxor as vb. r. interdum animis relaxantur, Cic. Phil. 2, 39; (insani) quum relaxentur, acad. pr. 52; **4.** relaxo as a refl. in seuse, dat (dolor) intervalla et relaxat, Cic. fin. 2, 95.

**rēlaxus**? in Colum. 11, 3, 4 Schn. relaxata.

**rēlectus**, part. see relecto.

**rēlēgātio**, ōnis, f. a modified exile, not including loss of citizenship or property, either limiting residence to some place or district, or else excluding therefrom, sometimes for a time, sometimes for life, cf. Ulp. dig. 48, 22, 7; exsilio et relegatione ciuium, Liv. 3, 10, 12; add 4, 4, 6; insulae r., Marc. dig. 48, 19, 4; add Ulp. 48, 22, 7, 5; **2.** met. haec uita rusticana relegatio appellabitur, Cic. Rose. Am. 44; **3.** bequeathing back, dotis, a restoration of dower to a wife in form of a bequest, Maecian. dig. 32, 95; Ulp. 33, 4, 1, 5; Afric. 33, 4, 4.

**1** **rē-lēgo**, āre, vb. lit. perh. leave behind and so: banish (see relegatio), L. Lamiam relegant edixitque ut ab urbe abesset milia passuum ducenta, Cic. Sest. 29; ut M. Piso... in decem annos relegaretur, Tac. an. 3, 17 f.; siue ad tempus siue in perpetuum quis fuerit relegatus, et ciuitatem R. retinet et testamenti factionem non amittit, Ulp. dig. 48, 22, 3; **2.** met., quod filium ab hominibus relegasset et ruri habitare iussisset, Cic. off. 3, 112; add Caes. b. g. 5, 30, 3; nos a patria... ab hoste relegati sumus, Liv. 25, 6, 7; sub ministerii titulo Catonem a republica relegauit, Vell. 2, 45, 4; tauros in sola relegant Pasqua, Verg. G. 3, 212; artes, Plin. pan. 47, 1; ambitio relegata, Hor. s. 1, 10, 84; **3.** ascribe (unduly?), Illa quidem orandi causas tibi diua relegat: Est tamen occulte eni placuisse uelit, Tib. 4, 6, 5; fortunae inuidiam, Vell. 2, 64, 2; rationem rectae uitae ad philosophos, Quint. 1 praef. 10; frustra mala omnia ad crimen fortunae, 6 praef. 13; culpam in hominem, 7, 4, 13;

**4.** refer (to another), ad auctores, Plin. 7, 8; and perh., studiosos ad illud uolumen relegamus (so ms Voss. 1; al. delegamus); **II** **5.** bequeath back again, uxori dotem, Alf. dig. 23, 5, 8; add Ulp. 33, 4, 1; si socer nurui dotem relegauerit, ib. § 9; dotem marito, § 11 etc.

**2** **rē-lēgo**, ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. pick up again, Ianua (of the Labyrinth) difficilis filo est inuenta relecto, Ov. M. 8, 173; abies docilis relegi docilisque rēlinqui, Val. F. 6, 237; **2.** met., qui omnia quae ad cultum deorum pertinerent tamquam relegeret, Cic. N. D. 2, 72; **3.** esp. of one retracing his steps, Vt mea conuerso relegam uestigia cursu, Claud. b. g. 529; cursum, Prud. apoth. 1072; **4.** sweep again, traverse again, coast again along, littora, Verg. 3, 690; aquas, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 24; Asiam, Tac. an. 2, 54; campos, Val. F. 8, 121; and of the eye in a memoria technica founded on objects in a room, relegendes inueniunt ubi posuerunt, Quint. 11, 2, 23; **5.** sweep along words and as it were pick them up again, i. e. read again, Cum relego seripsisse pndet, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 15; add 3, 5, 11; de monstris

releges quemcumque libellis, Esse puta solum: sic tibi pluris erit, Mart. 4, 29, 10.

**rē-lentesco**, ēre, vb. grow apathetic again, amor, Ov. am. 1, 8, 76.

**rēlētūmen**, inis, n. lightning again, relief, Prisc. perieg. 440.

**rēlētūtio**, ōnis, f. lightning again, relief, ut oneris translatio (in sinistro ab dextro umero) uideatur releuatio, Fronto ad M. Caes. 12, p. 73, l. 17 Nab.; **2.** r. capillum, thinning or shaving of the hair, Theod. Prisc. 1, 9.

**1** **rē-lēuo**, āre, vb. [ro up, lēuo] lift up, e terra corpus releuaro uolentem Arcuit, Ov. M. 9, 318; Territus in cubitum releuo mea membra sinistrum, Pont. 3, 3, 11; nec sic mea fata premuntur Vt nequeam releuare caput, Lucan. 8, 268; **2.** lift np again, pupilla uidebatur in ceteris litis speciebus releuata fuisse, Mod. dig. 4, 4, 29.

**2** **rē-lēuo**, (rell.?) āre, vb. [lētis adj., with re in sense of Germ. er in verbs formed from adj., a ser-licht-en] make light, lighten, quotus quisque est qui epistolam paulo grauiorem ferre possit, nisi eam pellectione releuarit? Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; ut releuent dempti uimina curua fani, Ov. rem. 186;

**2.** met. lighten, relieve, alleviate, laborem, Plin. pan. 19; sumptus, Suet. Dom. 12; sitim, Ov. M. 6, 354; famem, 11, 129; aestus, a. a. 3, 697; luctus, rem. 586; **3.** also with acc. of person, and abl. of burden removed, lighten, relieve, comfort; sic unquam longa releuere catena, Ov. am. 1, 6, 25; uidebimur cura et metu esse releuati, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; haec eo scripsi ut potius releuare me quam nt castigatione dignum putares, Att. 3, 10, 3; nec enim aequum est dolum suum quemquam releuare, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 63 med.; **4.** with acc. of the part relieved, Nam et illi animum iam releuaris (so T H K, edd. releuaris or releuabis) quae dolore ac miseria Tabescit, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 11; omnis ab hac cura (note ab) mens releuata mea est, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 12; pectora, F. 3, 304; membra, M. 8, 639; **5.** in Cic. Cat. 2, 7, 4; Flac. 41; Q. fr. 1, 4, 4 mss vary betw. leuare and releuare.

**rēlicinus**, (from an absol. reliciō draw back? or from re and licinus?), adj. with a bald forehead? laudans sese (Marsyas) quod erat coma relicinus, Apul. flor. 3; ut omnibus statusis (Alexander) eadem gratia relicinae frontis cerneretur, 7.

**rēlicio**, ōnis, f. leaving, abandoning, rei publicae, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 5 (dub.); illam relictionem (mss relectionem) prodictionemque consulis, Verr. 2, 1, 35; argenti uiui, Vitr. 7, 9, 1.

**rēlicetus?** ūs, m.? ut (in his) labor uirilīs relicui sit, Gell. 3, 1, 9.

**rēlicuus**, see reliquus.

**rēlido**, ēre, rēlisus, vb. dash back, frontem, Prud. perist. 9, 48; alapas, apoth. 162; **2.** met. deny, Ausou. ep. 25, 42.

**rēligāmen**, inis, n. a bandage, Prud. psych. 358.

**rēligens**, [relego?] ntis, adj. religious, as opp. to religiosus, superstitious, Religentem esse oportet, religiosus — uel uefas, poet. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 1; cf. Cic. N. D. 2, 72.

**rēligio**, or religio [rēligo āre, w. Serv. A. 8, 349; August. retract. 1, 13; and Lactant. 4, 28; cf. also \* below; rather than fm. relego, as Cic. N. D. 2, 72 or from relinquo, as Gaius 2, 7 implies, and Serv. Sulpic. ap. Macr. s. 3, 8 says; also Masur. Sab. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 8], ōnis, f. lit. restraint—hence religious feeling, religion, miror (eos) religione non tenerei (so Hertz cj.; mss teuere), status deorum pro supellectile statuere, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 368 K; (religio) deorum cultu pio continetur, Cic. N. D. 1, 117; **2.** the being held in religious reverence, sanctity, Dianae simulacrum summa praeditum religione, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 72; fanum Iuouonis tanta religione fuit ut..., 2, 4, 103; add 2, 4, 129; inu. 2, 1; **3.** w. gen. of the object, sense of religious feeling (towards), illius orationem r. deorum uincebat, Cic. am. 96; **4.** a sense of being under, or the being under, the displeasure of the gods, religious responsibility or guilt, nouas religiones excitabant in animis hominum prodigia nuntiata, Liv. 30, 2, 9; ut inexpliabilis religiones in rem publicam inducerentur, Cic. Phil. 1, 13; cuius supplicio senatus religiones expiandas censuit; Mil.



73; qui auspicio adest, si quid falsi nuntiat in semet ipsum religionem recipit, Liv. 10, 40, 11; 5. of an inanimate object, liberaret religione templum—profanation—Liv. 45, 5, 8; 6. a religious scruple, Religionem illic (so mss) obiecit: recipiam me illic. Sapis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 40; Vocat ad cenam: religio fuit: denegare nolui, Curc. 2, 3, 71; Noua nunc religio in te istaee incescit: cedo, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 15; cum decemuiris religionem inieisset, Cic. Caecin. 97; ut nelut nmine aliquo defensa castra oppugnare r. fuerit, Liv. 2, 62, 2; nulla mihi inquam Religio (al. religio) est, Hor. s. 1, 9, 71; 7. sense of duty under religious feelings, as w. jurymen, witnesses etc. after their oath, iudicis, Cic. Rosc. com. 45; testimoniorum, Flac. 9; 8. or without such oath, si ab religione officii declinarit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 2; r. priuati officii, Sul. 10; 9. in pl. in deos caeremoniae religionesque tolluntur, Cic. leg. 1, 43; Religionum animum nodis exsoluere\* pergo, Lucr. 1, 932; add 1, 109; nisi muliebribus religionibus te impluisses\*, Cic. dom. 105; 10. met., (Atheniensium) sincerum finit iudicium, nihil ut possent nisi incorruptum audire. Formi religioni cum seruiret orator, nullum uerbum insolens ponere audebat, Cic. orat. 25; oratio nimia religione attenuata, Brut. 283; 11. Ribbeck in Verg., Munro in Lucr., Umpf. in Ter., prefer religio; Keller in Hor. religio; at any rate the first syl. seems always long in authors from Pl. to Verg., though in Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 40 religionem; in As. 4, 1, 37 religiosa; in Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 37 religiosae, and in Luoil. ap. Non. 379, 18: Tetri miseri ac religiosi, either ē as rē-ligōnem etc. or ē as rel-gionem etc. would equally fit the metre; Phaedrus has religio in 4, 11, 4; but religio in 3, 13, 8.

**rēligiōsitas**, ātis, f. religious character, holiness, Apul. dogm. Plat. 7 (bis); Tert. Apol. 25.

**rēligiōsūlus**, adj. dim. (of contempt) religious, Hieron. Ruf. 3, 7.

**rēligiōsus**, or rēligiōsus (for qty. see religio last §), adj. religious, holy—first of persons, si magis religiosa fuerit, Tibi dicat, Pl. As. 4, 1, 37; ut stultae et miserae omnes sumus Religiosae, cum exponendam do illi, de digito anulum Detraho, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 37; senatores natura sanctos et religiosos, Cic. Rosc. com. 44; 2. religious to excess, superstitious, Religētum esse oportet, religiosus — nefas, poet. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 1; religiosus qui nimia religione sese alligauerat, Nigid. ib. § 2; 3. of things holy, sacred, loca, Cic. Rab. perd. 7; altaria, Planc. 86; templum, Verr. 2, 4, 94; pecuniam, Ulp. dig. 48, 13, 1; 4. sometimes religious is contrasted with sacer, as: sacrae sunt quae diis superis consecratae sunt; religiosae, quae diis manibus relictæ (wh. seems to imply a false etymon) sunt, Gai. 2, 4; religiosum faecium mortuum inferentes in locum nostrum, 2, 6; si mortuum intulit fecitque religiosum locum legatum, Ulp. dig. 30, 53, 7; add Marcian. 1, 8, 6, 4; sacrum aedificium..., sanctum munus..., religiosum sepulcrum, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 24; 5. dies religiosi—accursed days, quibus nisi quod necesse est, nefas habetur facere, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 12; anno uertentei dies Tetri miseri ac religiosi, Lucil. ap. Non. 379, 8; religiosus dies Alliensis pugnae, Cic. Att. 9, 5, 2; add Liv. 6, 1, 11; Gell. 5, 9, 5; 6. involving religious guilt, religiosum in aedem Bonae deae uirum introire..., Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 18; fructum campi (consecratum Marti quia religiosum erat consumere...) fudere in Tiberim, Liv. 2, 5, 3; naeuos in facie tondere religiosum habent, Plin. 28, 34; unguis reseeari nundinis...religiosum est, 28, 28; 7. also prescribed by religion, monstra in quibus hominem occidere religiosissimum† erat, Plin. 30, 13; sternuentis nomine consulatē religiosius\* putant, 28, 23; 8. met. scrupulous or fastidious to excess, Atticorum aures, Cic. orat. 28; II 9. in late writers, clerical as opp. to lay, Iul. ep. nou. 1, 4; Salv. auar. 3, 5; 10. comp., equis religiosior? Cato ap. Fest. 286; add \* above; 11. sup., Sal. Cat. 12, 3; add † above; 12. religiose adv. Cic. Cael. 55; comp., Plin. pan. 65; sup., Cic. inu. 2, 1; 13. with scrupulous care, Colum. 3, 10, 7; 8, 5, 11; 11, 2, 91.

**rē-līgo**, āre, vb. first (w. re up) tie up, storias trabibus,

Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 4; cui flauam religas comam? Hor. od. 1, 5, 4; in comptum Lacaenae More comas religata nodum, 2, 11, 24; foeniseas inducere et desectam herbam religare et exportare, Colum. 2, 17, 5; si increscentia folia (lactucarum) contra ipsas religatur, Plin. 19, 131; capillum in uertice religant, Tac. G. 38; tabulae religatae catenis, Pompon. dig. 50, 16, 245; 2. of animals, tie up, religatos rite uidebat Carpere gramen equos, Verg. 9, 352; canem pro foribus, Suet. Vit. 16 f.; II 3. (w. re back) tie back, tie, bind, Hectorem ad currum religatum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 105; ferreis manibus nauem, Caes. b. c. 2, 6, 2; 4. esp. of mooring (a ship), nauem ad terram, Caes. b. c. 3, 15, 2; add Catul. 64, 174; Verg. 7, 106; Gai. dig. 9, 2, 29, 5; 5. met. (uirtus) si intrinsecus religata pendent, Cic. Tusc. 3, 37; III 6. (w. re of reversal) untie, unbind, inga manu, Catul. 63, 84; oportet uitem resoluti ac religari quia refrigeratur (is refreshed), Pall. 3, 13, 2; but not in Lucan. 7, 860; 8, 791.

**rē-līno**, ōre, lēui, vb. nauax so to say, remove the wax by which a wine-jar is closed, =uncork, tap, Releui dolia omnia, omnes serias, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 51; 2. met., seruatque mella Thesauris relines, Verg. G. 4, 229; 3. but in Pl. St. 5, 4, 38 read w. ms B 1 m.: nulli rei erimus postea, or rather nulli re e. p.

**rē-līnquo**, ēre, liqui, lietus, vb. leave behind, what one might have taken away, ensem Orestes abiens reliquit, Cato ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 5 p. 3 Keil; nihil relinquo in aedibus, Nec uas nec uestimentum, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 88; cum multis non modo granum nullum sed ne paleae quidem ex fruetu relinquerentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 114; 2. leave (unconsumed), Paucorum mensum sunt relictæ reliquiae, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 78; Ne scintillam quidem relinques, genus qui congliscat tnum, Tru. 3, 2, 52; (Ilerrdae) paulum frumenti reliquerant, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 3; 3. leave (a person) instead of taking him (her) away, alterum...auexit seoum...: reliquit alterum apud matrem domi, Pl. Men. prol. 28; legatorum quos ad exercitum reliquerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 5, 3; petere ut in Gallia relinqueretur, 5, 6, 3; fratrem si reliquissem (in provincia), Cic. fam. 2, 15, 4; 4. leave, instead of staying with, Non ego te hic lubens relinquo neque abeo abs te. Sentio, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 33; uae miserae mihi: Reliquit me homo atque abiit, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 5; 5. leave (to misery), abandon, desert, relictusne abs te niam? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 64; lamne ego relinquo? Pulere Palinure occidi, Curc. 1, 3, 58; Si illum relinquo, eius nitae timeo, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 5; add Ov. her. 10, 80; Tib. 3, 6, 39; Prop. 1, 6, 8; urbem relictam direptioni et incendiis, Cic. fam. 4, 1, 2; 6. leave (a place), rsre, orta luce sub sinistra Britanniam relictam conspexit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; Ilio relicto, Hor. od. 1, 10, 14; litusque...relictum, Ov. M. 2, 873; Roma relinquenda est, tr. 1, 3, 62; 7. r. agrum, leave fallow, agrum alternis annis relinqui oportet aut leuioribus sationibus ser(i), Varr. r. 1, 44, 3; 8. leave in a certain state, w. a predicative partic. adj. etc..., Morinos pacatos, Caes. b. g. 4, 37, 1; naues deligatas ad ancoram, 5, 9, 1; sine imperio copias, 7, 20, 1; 9. leave behind (at death), ea mortuast: reliquit filiam adulescentulam, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 41; At si talentum rem reliquisset decem, Ph. 2, 3, 46; add Eun. 1, 2, 40; fundos decem et tres reliquit, Cic. Rosc. Am. 20; heredem reliquit P. Quinctium, Quinct. 14; non mihi... ulla armenta reliquit, Ov. M. 3, 585; 10. met., Reliqui fletum nata genitori meo, CIL 1009, 18; Sibi uero hanc laudem relinquent: nixit dum uixit bene, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 11; opus hoc a parentibus meis relictum, Cic. rep. 1, 35; 11. leave behind (as in a race), outstrip, surpass, (Homerus) omnis in omni genere eloquentiae procul a se reliquit, Quint. 10, 1, 51; iamque hos, iamque illos, populo mirante, relinquit, Sil. 16, 503; 12. leave (land unallotted) as trimmivrs..., miui dedit assignauit reliquit, CIL 200, 7; relicta loca sunt quae siue locorum iniquitate siue arbitrio conditoris relicta limites non acceperunt, Frontin. controu. 21, 8 Lachm.; haec loca quod assignata non sint, relicta appellatur, id. 56, 7; 13. met. leave, Qui igitur relictus est oburgandi loens? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 127; Nihil est precii loci relictum, 3, 4, 22; nec precibus nec ad-



monitionibus relinquit locum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 2; munitioni castrorum tempus relinqui uolebat, Caes. b. g. 5, 9, 8; paenitentiae relinquens locum, Liv. 44, 10, 2; **14.** of what is left after an enumeration, relinquebatur una per Sequanos uia, Caes. b. g. 1, 9, 1; relinquitur ut si uincimur in Hispania, quiescamus, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 2; relinquebatur ut neque longius ab agmine discedi pateretur et...noceretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 19, 3; **15.** of logical conclusions, relinquitur (it follows) ut omnia tria genera sint causarum, Cic. inu. 1, 18; **16.** r. res, leave one's business, Probus amator qui relictis rebus rem perdit suam, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 25; add Epid. 4, 2, 35; Erus me relictis rebus iussit Pamphilum Hodie observare, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 1; **17.** r. alias res, omnis res, leave all other business for one duty, Eum roga ut relinquit alias res ut huc ueniat. Licet, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 3; Immo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, St. 2, 2, 38; add Cist. 1, 1, 6; omnia reliquas, si me amabis, cum tua opera Fabius uti uolet, Cic. fam. 2, 14; omnibus rebus relictis persequendum sibi Pompeium, Caes. b. c. 3, 102, 1; **18.** w. acc. abstract or denoting action, leave, abandon, give up, agrorum et armorum cultum, Cic. rep. 2, 7; bellum quod erat in manibus, 2, 63; obsidionem, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 1; Liv. 5, 48, 7; consilium eorum qui scripserunt et rationem et auctoritatem, Cic. Caecin. 51; curam morum, Quint. pr. 13; **19.** leave unused, eum Plautus locum Reliquit integrum, Ter. Ad. pr. 10; **20.** leave unnoticed, quae nunc praetereo et relinquo, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 106; omitto iuris dictionem contra leges, caedes relinquo, libidines praetereo, prou. cons. 6; cur iniurias tuas reliquisti? Verr. 2, 84; quis est qui uim hominibus armatis factam relinqui putet oportere? Caecin. 9; **21.** as an advocate, abandon a point on the other side as indisputable, give up, concede, Si non quod cohibet solidum constare\* reliquas, Lucr. 1, 515—wh. cf. Munro; Et fugitant in rebus inane relinquere purum, 1, 658; add 1, 743; **22.** w. inf. mirari multa reliquas—cease, Lucr. 6, 654; **23.** w. inf. and acc. see \* in § 21 and add Lucr. 1, 703; **24.** so far w. nom. of man, also met. w. abstract nom., onustum gero corpus: uires Reliquere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 6; animum hano reliquerat, Mil. 4, 8, 37; quem uita relinquit, Lucr. 5, 63; Ov. M. 11, 327; ab omni honestate relictus, Cic. Rab. perd. 23; conquiret homines a ceterorum laudibus relictissimos (wh. note the superl.), Fronto laud. fum. p. 213, l. 11 Nab.

**reliquatio**, ōnis, f. arrears, balance, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 44, 1; **2.** met., Tert. anim. 55 (bis).

**reliquator**, ōris, m. one in arrears, a defaulter, reliquatores uocetigalium ad iterandam conductionem, antequam superiori conductioni satisfaciant, admittendi non sunt, Paul. dig. 49, 4, 9, 2; superioris anni r., Scaev. 46, 3, 102, 2.

**reliquātrix**, icis, f. a defaulter, met., Tert. anim. 35.

**reliquiae**, reliquiae\* or reliquiae, arum, f. pl. what is left, remains, Vbi reliquarum† reliquias† reconderem, Pl. Curc. 3, 1, 18; Parasitum inanem quo recondas reliquias†, St. 1, 3, 75 (78); bonorum, Rud. 1, 3, 16; Tuburcinari sine me uoltis reliquias†, Titin. ap. Non. 290, 8; huius generis, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 90†; cibi, Cic. N. D. 2, 138; gladiatoariae familiae, Caes. b. c. 3, 21, 4; tantae cladis, Liv. 22, 56, 2; Danaum, Verg. 1, 30; **2.** esp. of the dead, Vbi se reliquiae conlocarent corporis, CIL 1009, 6; quous corporis reliquiae quod superant sunt in hoc panario, 1016; quous heic reliquiae\* suprema manent, 1051; Neu reliquias† quos meos (monos.) sieris denudatis ossibus... foede diuexarier, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 106; reliquias diuinique ossa parentis, Verg. 5, 47; nulli reliquias meas commendo, Sen. ep. 92, 35; ferales reliquias sinu ferre, Tac. an. 2, 75; **3.** =excrementa, nec reliquias (sc. alui) et effusa intueri dignatur (medicus), Sen. dial. 2, 13, 2;

**4.** Conuertitorem pridianae reliquias† (a toothpick), Apul. apol. 6 (where note the sing.); **5.** in pass. unmarked † a short e is needed for metre, as also in Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 25; 1, 3, 25 and 58; but a long e in: Cras de reliquiis uos uolo: multum uale, St. 3, 2, 40; Immo si scias reliquiae quae sint. Scire nimis lubet, Curc. 2, 3, 42—if sound.

**reliquarium**, adj. n. as sb. a place for the deposit of reliquiae, not. Tir. 106.

**reliquor**, āri, vb. r. retain unduly a balance of money received on the account of others, be in arrears or a defaulter, quod ex conductione reliquatus est, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 46; quae mala ratione reliquatus est, Scaev. 40, 7, 40; **2.** esp. of public officers, qui ex administratione rei publicae reliquantur, Ulp. 50, 4, 6, 1; si in muneribus publicis reliquatus est, 10, 2, 20, 6; **II 3.** reliquare se (=sibi)=reliquari, reliquas exigere quas quis se reliquauit, Ulp. dig. 34, 3, 9.

**reliquus**, (tris.), reliquus or relicuus (qua'tris.), reliquus? adj. left, remaining, quom amplius dies LX reliquei erunt antequam..., CIL 206, 151; Novembris reliquus erat, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 270, 20 K; audi. Ibi quaeuis relicua alia fabulabimur, Pl. Pocr. 3, 4, 8; Itan parasti te ut spes nulla reliqua (so all mss) in te esset tibi? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 9; ex qua familia reliquus est M. Titurius Rufus, Cic. fam. 13, 39; **2.** with sing. noun, the rest of, remaining, militibus, equis exceptis, reliquam praedam coucessimus, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; reliquum exercitum legati ducendum dedit, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 5; reliquum equitatum, 1, 18 f.; **3.** closing a series, or cutting short a quotation, as we say etc., without a preceding et, Brutorum, C. Cassii, Cn. Domitii, C. Trebonii, reliquorum...causam, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; Saturnum et Opem, deinceps Iouem atque Iunonem, reliquos, Tim. 11; aderat ianitor carceris, car-nifex praetoris, reliqua, Quint. 9, 4, 124; **4.** of time, that which remains, future, illud cogita nos non de reliqua gloria laborare sed de parta dimicare, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; spe reliquae tranquillitatis praesentis fluctus fugisse, Sest. 73; in reliquum tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 20 f.; Metell. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 128; **5.** reliquum est ut..., it only remains that, r. e. ut officii certum inter nos, Cic. fam. 7, 31, 1; r. e. ut egomet mihi consulam, Nep. Att. 21, 5; id si non contingit, relicum (so Halm w. mss) erit ut eum nolle manifestum sit, Quint. 5, 7, 19; **6.** reliquum, as sb. n. often w. a gen., the rest of, remainder, reliquum uitae, Liv. 39, 13, 6; but in a phrase, Vt pernoscat equid spei sit relicuom, Ter. Andr. pr. 25, spei depends on equid, and relicuom is an adj.; the same applies to: quod belli reliquum erat, Liv. 26, 40, 2; **7.** the gen. reliqui is also a sb. in, Quid reliquist (so mss, not relicuist) quin habebat? Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 19; add exx. in next two §§;

**8.** reliquum facere, leave, quibus aratum aliquod reliquum fecit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 128; quod reliquum uitae uirumque fames fecerat, 2, 5, 89; nihil relicui uictis fecere, Sall. Cat. 11, 7; add 28, 4; quos reliquos fortuna ex caede fecerat, Liv. 9, 24, 13; add 7, 35, 8; **9.** nihil reliqui facere, leave nothing undone, or untried, n. r. fecisse quod ad sanandum pertineret, Nep. Att. 21, 5; n. r. f. ad celeritatem, Caes. b. g. 2, 26, 5; n. r. f. quominus invidiam permouerent, Tac. an. 1, 21; **II 10.** esp. of arrears of debt, a balance due, rationes putare...quid uenierit, quid exactum, quid reliquum siet, Cato r. 2, 5; Dromon mercedem rettulit? Dimidio minus opinor. Quid relicuom? Pl. As. 2, 4, 36; erat ei de ratiuncula Iampridem apud me relicuom pauxillulum Nummorum, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 3; maxime me angit ratio reliquorum ineorum, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 5; dico me accepisse a Gaio Titio reliquum omne, Scaev. dig. 46, 3, 89; Stichus reliqua habente, being in arrears, Paul. 35, 1, 81; **11.** reliqua (sc. pecunia) as sb. f. the same, non impeditur reliquas exigere, Ulp. dig. 34, 3, 9; **12.** met. Nunc quod relicuom restat uolo persolvere. Vt expungatur nomen, ne quid debeam, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 40 (of a prologue); Nunc quod ad uos spectatores, relicuom relinquitur..., date plausum, ib. fin.; **13.** in reliquum (see § 4) for the future, Sal. Ing. 42, 4; Liv. 36, 10, 14; **14.** the e is long in a few pass. of Plaut. as: Neque hoc quod relicuom† plus risurum opinor, Casiu. 5, 1, 14 (bacchiae m.); Non omnino iam perii; est relicuom quod peream magis, As. 1, 3, 80; Quod dedi datum non uellem, quod relicuom† non dabo, Cist. 2, 1, 30; always long in Lucr. as: Numquam relicuo reparari tempore posset, 1, 560; and this was to be expected as orig. written w. ll (see reliquiae under reliquiae); in later writers as Pers. Iuv. a trisyl. w. ē; but



in Pl. gen. and always in Ter. to be pronounced as a trisyl. rel'cuis; but see Munro ad Lucr.

**relligio**, etc. see religio.

**rē-lōco**, āre, vb. relet, place a contract in another's hands, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 10 (ter); Iavolen. 19, 2, 51.

**rē-lōquor**, ī, vb. r. reply, Varr. l. 6, 7 p. 233 Sp.

**rē-lūcesco**, ēre, and relūceo, ēre, luxi, vb. shine back, reflect light, igui freta lata relucent, Verg. 2, 312; uestis fulgore reluxit Sacra domus, Ov. M. 11, 617; fons purus ut numerare relucens calculos possis, Plin. ep. 8, 8, 2; tota area hinc auro hinc argento relucebat, pau. 52;

2. shine again, get light again, paulum reluxit (impers.), quod nou dies nobis sed aduentantis ignis indicium uidebatur, Pl n. ep. 6, 20, 16; caeco reluxit dies, Tac. h. 5, 81 f.; 3. shine brightly, flamma ex capite (boum), Liv. 22, 17, 2; stella, Cic. arat. 56; Occupat os flammis: olli ingens barba reluxit, Verg. 12, 300; lucerna (piscis) tranquillis noctibus relucet, Plin. 9, 82; 4. met. shine again, a Sullana uolentia Caesariana aequitas reluxit, Val. M. 9, 15, 5 (so Forc. perh. cj.; mss reduxit; Halm cj. rem reduxit).

**rē-luctatio**, ōnis, f. wrestling against, hence met. reluctance, cod. Th. 14, 17, 9; 12, 1, 179.

**rē-luctor**, āri, vb. r. wrestle or struggle against, first met. but physical, in reluctantis dracones, Hor. od. 4, 4, 11; (uitulus), Verg. G. 4, 301; Luna, Ov. her. 6, 85; uir, am. 2, 17, 16; reluctantis Aproniae uestigia, Tac. au. 4, 22; ita navigationi etesiae reluctantur, Plin. ep. 10, 15 (26); fractis aquis ac reluctantibus, Quint. 9, 4, 7; 2. met. non-physical, reluctatus innitusque reuertens in Italiam, Vell. 2, 102, 4; his rationibus multum reluctata ue-reundia principis cessit, Plin. pan. 60; cum postulare ut...diu sum reluctatus, Quint. pr. 1; 3. w. inf. sedare, Claud. Ruf. 2, 353; 4. as a pass., Claud. rapt. Pros. 1, 45; 5. relucto as a simple vb., faucibus ipsis Cerberi reluctabat, Apul. M. 4, 20; add reluctabant, 7, 5.

**rē-lūdo**, ēre, lūsi, vb. play a joke in return, sibi que ipse reludat, Manil. 5, 170; ipsa aduersus mariti iocos relusit, Sen. contr. 2, 10, 7.

**rē-lūminatio**, ἀναγνασσία Gloss.

**rē-lūmino**, āre, vb. light up again, met. caecos, Tert. apol. 21; quod caecatum fuerat, Paul. Nol. ep. 30 (8), 4.

**rē-luo**, ēre, vb. unloose = resoluo, repigno, Fest. 281 a 28; ut aurum et uestem quod matris fuit Reluat quod uina ipsa opposiuit (mss ipsi opposuit) pignori, redeem, Caecil. ib.

**rē-lūuīsa**, elnuies, not. Tir. 134.

**rē-mācresco**? ēre, vb. grow thin again, crura ei ualitudine longa remacruerant (some cj. emācruerant), Suet. Dom. 18.

**rē-mālēdico**, ēre, vb. abuse in return, Vesp. ap. Suet. Vesp. 9 f.

**rēmancipatio**, ōnis, f. actns remancipandi, Coll. LL. M. 16, 9.

**rē-mancīpo**, āre, vb. transfer to another mancipio, what one has received mancipio, Gal. 1, 115, 134, 140, 172, 195; Vatic. § 51; Paul. dig. 2, 13, 3; Gall. Ael. ap. Fest. 277 a 11.

1 **rē-mādo**, ēre, vb. chew again, chew the cud, Pontici mures, Plin. 10, 200; eundem cibum, Quint. 11, 2, 41.

2 **rē-mādo**, āre, vb. send word back, cum pacem habere non posse, Eutr. 2, 13.

**rē-māneo**, ēre, si, vb. remain behind (when the rest is gone), Remanet gloria apud me, exuiuas dignauit Atalantae dare, Att. 447 R; sermone confecto Catulus remansit, nos ad nauiculas nostras descendimus, Cic. acad. pr. f.; nihilo te maiore in discrimine esse quam quentuis aut eorum qui discesserint aut eorum qui remanserint (last four words first found in ed. 1471, not in existing mss), fam. 6, 3, 4; add off. 1, 36 and 37; Tusc. 1, 26; rep. 2, 59; Manil. 54; saepe ex equis desiliunt ac pedibus proclinantur equosque eodem remanere uestigio aduenerant, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 3; hi rursus unicum anno post in armis sunt, illi domi remanent, 4, 1, 5; add 4, 15, 5; 6, 1, 2; b. c. 1, 33, 2; also Varr. l. 6, 6, p. 225 Sp.; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 23; Curt. 10, 23 f.; ps. Nep. Epam. 9, 3; in qua uulnere etiam nunc uestigia anti-

qui officii remanent, Cic. Rose. Am. 27; uolenti omnia post se salua remanere, Vell. 2, 123, 2; 2. hence when the idea of a part is expressed, publicis quarum pars inferior integra remanebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 4; si nlla apud uos memoria remanet aui mei, Sal. lug. 24 f.; obsecrat ne quam contumeliam remanere in exercitu uictore sinat, 58, 5; ne quid ex contagione noxae remaneret penes uos, Liv. 9, 1, 6; si quid antiqui tibi Remanet uigoris, Sen. Med. 42;

3. even in Hor. od. 1, 27, 8 rioters may be supposed to have left; but in Ov. M. 3, 477 remane seems to have no such excuse; nor remansit in Lucr. 3, 403.

**rē-māno**, āre, vb. ooze back, return by pores, retroque remanat Materies umoris, Lucr. 5, 269; remanant repetunt (mss reptant), Enn... (corrupt) ap. Fest. 282 a 33.

**rēmansio**, ōnis, f. remaining behind (when others go), Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; Ligar. 4.

**rēmansor**, ōris, m. (a soldier) who stays away when his leave is expired, Arr. Men. dig. 49, 16, 5, 6; but in 49, 16, 4, 13 Mommsen has emansores.

**rēmēāb-īlis**, e, adj. that may return, ever-returning, saxum (of Sisyphus), Stat. Th. 4, 537; add Prud. apoth. 1117; Tert. res. carn. 1 med.

**rēmēāc-ūlum**, ī, n. reascent, opp. to demaealum, Apul. M. 6, 2.

**rēmēātus**, ūs, m. return, or permission to return, nemo potest commeatum remeatum dare exuli nisi imperator, Marc. dig. 48, 19, 4.

**rēmēdiābilis**, e, adj. curable, Sen. ep. 95, 29.

**rēmēdiālis**, e, adj. curative, ius, Macr. s. 7, 16, 34.

**rēmēdiātor**, ōris, m. one who heals or cures, Tert. Marc. 4, 8 and 35.

**rēmēdiōr**, āri, vb. r. heal, cure, Hier. ep. 68, 1 med.; Apul. herb. 2; remedio, āre, vb. the same, Tert. Marc. 4, 35; ad Scap. 4; Scrib. comp. 11 and 18.

**rēmēdium**, (med- of meodor, medicus) ii or ī, n. a cure, a remedy, pantheras quae uenenata carne caperentur remedium quoddam habere, quo cum essent usae, non morentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; neque cibo neque ulli remedio locus est, Cels. 3, 9, 1; remedio sunt cucurbitulae, 4, 27 (20), p. 154 l. 4 D; ulceribus gallae tritae remedio sunt, Colum. 6, 13, 2; adsidere cum remedia alicui adhibentur digitis pectinatim inter se inplexis ueneficium est, Plin. 28, 59; 2. met., Nuuc enim uero ~ ~ ~ cum meae morti remedium Repperibit nemo, Caecil. ap. Non. 508, 17; Iniuriarum remediumst obliuio, poet. ap. Sen. ep. 94, 28; Quod remedium nunc huic malo inuenium? Quid hoc? Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 10; Id nunc me fiat, haec res solast remedio, Euu. 3, 1, 49; Magnarum saepe id remedium aegritudinum, Haut. 3, 2, 28; Inueni opinor remedium huic rei. Quid Geta? Ph. 4, 3, 11; Ego nullo possum remedio me euoluere ex his turbis, 5, 4, 5; Quin semper ueniat. Solum mearum miseriarumst remedium, Ad. 3, 1, 7; Nec ratio remedi communis certa dabatur, Lucr. 6, 1226 (of the plague); praesenti malo alius malis remedia dabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 81, 3; 3. an antidote, (Mithridati) excogitatum cotidie uenenum bibere praesumptis remediis, Plu. 25, 5; Mithridatem medicinae rei et remediorum id genus solertem fuisse, Gell. 17, 16, 2; 4. met., remedii ut ne tam assidue domus Romae arderent, Gell. 15, 1, 3.

**rēmēllgo**, (dim. of remora) inis, f. a fish supposed able to check a ship's course (see remora), hence met., Nam quid illaec nunc (so mss; Gepp. cj. illae hinc) tamdiu intus remorantur remelignes? (so A w. Fest.), Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 7 (of women); (Ego) remeligo a Laribus missa sum huic (mss hanc), quae cursum cohibeam, Afran. ap. Fest. 277 a 33; remilicibus ueneno, praesentibus, Gloss. Isid.

**rēmēmīni**, vb. perf. pres. I remember again, ne rememineritis priorum, Tert. Marc. 4, 1.

**rē-mēmōro**, āre, vb. mention again, Tert. Marc. 4, 43.

**rēmēo**, āre, vb. go or come back, return, Remeato audacter mercedem si cris nactus: nunc abi, Pl. As. 1, 3, 75; add Epid. 5, 1, 55; Vetuit me sine mercede prosum Paccius (ms Paucius) Remeare in ludum, Afran. ap. Fest. 277 a 28; cum umore consumpto neque terra ali posset nec remearet (al. remaneret) aer cum (coturnices) ex Italia trans mare remeant, Varr. r. 3, 5, 8; Si patrios unquam



remeassem uictor ad Argos, Verg. 2, 95; uictor domito remeabat ab hoste, Ov. M. 15, 569; uictos remeare triumphos\*, Lucan. 7, 256; remeati qui uictor ab oris Bebryciis, Val. F. 4, 589 from which 4 pass. it has been hastily inferred, proprie de uictoribus esse dictum (see cx. † in § 2); add Plin. 2, 181; Aegyptio remeans, Tac. an. 2, 69; cedens ac rursus in terga remeans, 3, 21; mari remeabant, 12, 17 etc.; 2. in poets acc. without prep., patrias remeabo inglorius urbes †, Verg. 11, 793; remeare penates, Stat. silu. 3, 5, 12; add ex. \* above.

**rē-mergo**, ēre, vb. sink again, Aug. confess. 8, 5 med.

**rē-mētor**, iri, mensus, vb. r. measure back, quicquid biberunt, uomitu remententur, Sen. dial. 1, 13; uinum omne uomitu, ep. 95, 21; Ille fide summa testae sua uina remensu, Mart. 6, 89, 5; 2. hence met. go over again, retrahere, ex Sicyone Elim nec stadia ix diei confectis horis indeque tertia noctis hora remensus est, Plin. 2, 181; Iamque remensus iter, Stat. Th. 3, 324; 3. go over again in thought, totum diem meum scrutator factaque ac dicta mea rementior, Sen. dial. 5, 36, 3; 4. in words, repeat, tu sodes fabulam rementire, Apul. M. 1, 4; add 2, 20; 5. remensus as pass. perf. part., pelagoque remenso, Verg. 2, 181.

**rēmex**, (qui remum agit) Igis, m. (and f.?) rower, remiges scribiti ciues Romani, Cato ap. Fest. 234 b 8; plenior Alli ulpicie quam Romani remiges, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 35; remigem aut baiulum, Caecil. ap. Cic. or. 2, 40; classis infirma propter diuisionem remigum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 86; add diu. 2, 114; minus exercitatus remigibus utebantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 58, 3; add 3, 24, 1; 2. in poets, sing. for plur. (cf. Key's Lat. Gr. § 1032) agit acri remige Pristim, Verg. 5, 116; Sine opus est remore, remige carpit iter, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 4; Vela damus, quamuis remige puppis eat, 5, 14, 44; add her. 3, 153; uauēs...ualido cum remige, Tac. an. 4, 5.

**rēmīcat**, micat, not. Tir. 110.

**rēmīgātio**, ōnis, f. rowing, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3.

**rēmīgium**, ū, n. rowing, Vbi portu eximus, homines remigio sequi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 55; Remigio† uelocque quantum potis es festina et fuge, As. 1, 3, 5; quae acies, quod remigium, qui motus hominum non ita expictus est (ab Homero), ut...? Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; lembum Remigis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 201; portus x dierum remigio distans, Plin. 6, 174; siuus xii dierum et uocetium remigio enauigatus, 9, 6; 2. as a collective, a body of rowers, Remigium\* supplet: socios simul instruit armis, Verg. 3, 471; remigium uitiosum Ithacensis Vlixii, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 63; remigium classicque milites, Liv. 26, 51, 6; instructae remigio\*... quinquereemes, 21, 22, 4; add 33, 48, 1; 37, 11, 3; claudae naues raro remigio, Tac. an. 2, 24; 3. seems at times to include plant w. rowers, nudum remigio latus, Hor. od. 1, 14, 4; cf. \* above; 4. met., esp. of flying, Remigi oblitae pennarum, Lucr. 6, 743; uolat ille per aera magnum Remigio alarum, Verg. 1, 301; add 6, 19; (Daedalus) Remigium uoluerum disponit in ordine pennas, Ov. a. a. 2, 45; (Cupidinem) remigio plumae raptum, Apul. M. 5, 25; remigia pennarum, de deo S. 8; flor. 2; 5. other met., meo remigio remi gero, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 152; add † in § 1.

**rēmīgo**, (for remigor from remex) āre, vb. act the rower, row, contra aquam remigantibus, Sen. ep. 122, 19; 2. met., statimne nos...an paulum remigare? Cic. Tusc. 4, 9; 3. w. ace. of boat, Pado qui remigat alnum, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 178; 4. of flying, peunis remigare (dub.), Quint. 8, 6, 18.

**rē-mīgro**, āre, vb. return to an old residence, Romam, Cic. fam. 9, 18, 4; in aeternam et plane nostram domum remigremus, Tusc. 1, 118; in domum ueterem e noua, acad. post. 13; in suos uicos, Caes. b. g. 4, 4, 6; suos in agros, 4, 27, 7; Inque locum quando remigrant, Lucr. 2, 966; uinculis liberata corporeis anima remigrat ad deos, Apul. dogm. Plat. 20; 2. met., remigrat animus nunc demum mihi, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 46; Cruminam hanc emere aut facere, ut(i) remigret domum, Pers. 4, 6, 3; Ad argumentum nunc...uolo Remigrare, Poen. prol. 47.

**remillum**, quasi repandum, Fest. 277 b 19 w. corrupt quotation from Lucell. and Afran.

**rēmīscēntiae**, ārum, f. pl., recollections, reminiscences, Tert. anim. 23 and 24 f.; Arnob. 2.

**rēmīscor**, i, vb. r. recall to mind, reminisci (dictum) cum ea quae tenuit mens...cogitando repetuntur, Varr. 1, 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; se non tum illa discere sed reminiscendo cognoscere, Cic. Tusc. 1, 57; ut eas non tum primum accipere uideantur sed reminisci et recordari, sen. 78; ea reminiscere quae digna tua persona sunt, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 5; reminiscitur Argos, Verg. 10, 782; reminiscor amicos, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 31; 2. w. gen. of that about wh. the memory acts, reminisceretur et ueteris inuocemodi populi Romani et pristinae uirtutis Heluetiorum, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 4; ueteris famae, ps. Nep. Phoc. 4, 1; improuidi sermonis mei, Apul. M. 2, 26; doloris unguiae, 6, 30; 3. reminisco ēre the same, Ruf. ap. Auson. epigr. 48 and 49, condemned by Auson. but quoted by Prisc. 1, 396, 20 K.

**rēmīstrat**, ministrat, not. Tir. 41.

**rēmīnuīt**, minuit, not. Tir. 51.

**rēmīpes**, pēdis, adj. rowing with the feet, anates, Auson. ep. 30, 12; 2. walking with oars, lembi, id. Idyll. 10, 201.

**rē-misceo**, ēre, mixtus, vb. mix again, ant in meliorem emit(et)nr uitam aut naturae suae remisceritur, Sen. ep. 71, 16; 2. mix up, sic ueris falsa remiscet, Hor. A. P. 151; Lydis remixto carmine tibiis, od. 4, 15, 30.

**rēmīssa**, ae, f. letting go again—hence met. remission, peccatorum, Tert. Marc. 4, 18 f.? Cyprian. ep. 59 f.

**rēmīssārius**, adj. that can be let go back, nectes—sliding bolts or bars?—Cato r. 19, 2.

**rēmīss-ib-ilis**, e, adj. that can be let go or be remitted, pardonable, delicta, Tert. pud. 2; 2. yielding, gentle, digestio, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 13, 164.

**rēmīssio**, ōnis, f. letting go again what has been stretched, relaxation, ex superciliorum aut remissione—dropping—aut contractione, Cic. off. 1, 146; intentio motus et remissio in corde, Gell. 18, 10, 10; 2. met. diminished intensity, morbi, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 1; animi—relaxation—9, 24, 3; or. 2, 22; uocis—lowering—Brut. 313; laboris—relief more or less from—Varr. r. 2, 6, 4; operis, Plin. 8, 168; 3. esp. remission, more or less, from payment, remissionem (of rent) colonus petere non audet, Colum. 1, 7, 1; post magnas remissiones reliqua creuerunt, Plin. ep. 9, 37, 2; add 10, 8 (24), 5; tributi, Tac. an. 4, 13; publicanos remissionem petentes, Suet. Caes. 20; ut propter uetustatem uinearum r. tibi detur, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 5; add 23, 1, 5, 5; 4. or of punishment, poenae, Cic. Cat. 4, 13;

5. removal or dissolving of a legal restraint (as by a practor), si is cui opus nouum nuntiatum est (i. e. serving of notice not to interfere with neighbours' rights by new building), ante remissionem aedificauerit, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 7; cui nuntiatum est abstinere oportere donec r. nuntiationis fiat, Paul. 39, 1, 8, 4; add Ulp. 43, 25, 1, §§ 2, 3, 4. II 6. sending back (an order), solent praesides remittere ad ordinem, nominat(im) ut Gaium Seium creent magistratum: utrum igitur a remissione est appellandum an tunc cum..., Ulp. dig. 49, 4, 3; III 7. = iterata missio (see missio) ludorum, Petr. 60.

**rēmīssiuis**, adj. of the class remittentes or -tia, relaxing, laxative, relaxare tumentia rebns remissiuis, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 4, 31; 2. cantionary, (adnerbia) ut pedetemptum paulatim sensim, Prisc. 2, 86, 20 K.

**rē-mitto**, ēre, mīsi, mīssi or meissi\*, missus, vb. let go again more or less, esp. what has been stretched or held tight, Paulisper remitte restem—let go (altogether), Pl. Rud. 3, 97; in agro ambulanti ramulum adductum, ut romissus esset, in oculum suum recedisse, Cic. diu. 1, 123; habenas quas uel adducas cum uelis uel remittas, am. 45; qui aduerso uix flumine lembum Remigis subigit, si brachia forte remisit, Verg. G. 1, 201; ut onera contentius corporibus facilius feruntur, remissis opprimunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 54; Semina qua possint membris manare remissis, Lucr. 5, 852; remisso filius arcu—unstrung—Hor. od. 3, 27, 67; Collecti flores tunicis cecidere remissis, Ov. M. 5, 399; Deque meis manibus lora remissa fluent, am. 3, 2, 14;



frena remittit equo, tr. 1, 4, 14; Vere nitent terrae, uere remissus ager, F. 4, 126; Cum se purpureo uere remittit humus, Tib. 3, 5, 4; add Verg. G. 4, 35; cum erexere auris (cerui), acerrimi sunt auditus, cum remisere† surdi, Plin. 8, 114; digitum contraheus ac remittens, 11, 94; 2. met. first of physical things, Nam si remittent quipiam Philumena dolores, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 14; cum remisera† dolores pedum, Cic. Brut. 130; ubi imbres remisera†, Liv. 40, 33, 4; ubi dolor et inflammatio se remisera†, Cels. 4, 31 (24), p. 158, 18 D; febres quae remittuntur, 3, 12, 1; 3. of abstracts, ut curam animi remitteret, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 137; (canendi uis) tum remittit animos tum contrahit, leg. 2, 38; urgent et nihil remittunt, fin. 4, 77; quaero non quibus intendam rebus animum, sed quibus relaxem ac remittam, Cic. ap. Non. 383, 24; superioris temporis contentionem remisera†, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 6; ut praesidio litterarum diligentiam in perdiscendo ac memoriam remittant, b. g. 6, 14, 4; equites ab eo petere ut sibi... laxaret aliquid laboris; quibus ille Ne nihil remissum dicatis remitto ne dorsum demulceatis quum ex equis descendetis, Liv. 9, 16, 16; belli opera, 30, 3, 3; ardorem pugnae, 35, 5, 5; numquam remisit a colligendis in pace niris quibus ad bellum uteretur, 39, 24, 1; 4. absol. relax or abate, remisisset aliquid de seueritate, Cic. Phil. 1, 12; quod ipse potest in dicendo aliquantum remittit, Caecil. 48; remittendum de celeritate, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 6; ex pristina uirtute aliquid, b. c. 3, 28, 5; 5. in law, remove a legal restraint, dissolve (an injunction etc.), operis noui nuntiationem uiuir non remisisset\*, CIL 205, 1, 6; cf. remissio § 5; 6. remit, excuse (a payment or penalty or obligation), multam, Cic. Phil. 11, 18; tritice modium lx dare debebant: abs te remissum est, Verr. 2, 4, 20; nauem impereare debuisti: remisisti in triennium, ib. 21; pecunias quas erant polliciti remittit, Caes. b. c. 2, 21, 2; poenam tibi senatus remisit, Liv. 40, 10, 9; quadragesuma remissa, on coin of Galba ap. Eckhel 6, 296; xxxx remissae, ib.; nebulatioe Italiae remissa, coin of Nerva, 6, 408; si pater iniuriam suam precibus oratus remisisset, Marc. dig. 48, 6, 5, 2; fustium castigationem, Paul. 1, 15, 3, 1; Plautio mors remittitur, Tac. an. 11, 36; remissa ignominia, h. 1, 52; 7. hence met. forgive, or forget, often w. dat. = out of regard to, Tranioni iam remitto hanc noxiam causa mea, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 47; supplicium quo usurus eram in eum remitto tibi et condono, Vatin. ad Cic. fam. 5, 10, 2; alterum suas inimicitias remisisse rei publicae (out of regard to), Liv. 39, 5, 5; memoriam simulatim patriae, 9, 38, 12; priuata odia publicis utilitatibus, Tac. an. 1, 10; 8. let go altogether, cease, remittas iam me onerare iniuriis, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 8; remittas Quae-rere, Hor. od. 2, 11, 3; 9. (re up), send up, e molli sanguis pulmone remissus, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 19; 10. send back, omnes remissi sunt domum, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 22; ad me epistulam, Truc. 2, 4, 43; illi nuntium, 4, 3, 74; (mulieres) Romam, Cic. Att. 7, 23, 2; librum tibi, 9, 9, 2; Fabium in hiberna, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 3; pila intercepta, 2, 27, 4; teloque... remisso Pectora rupisset nisi..., Ov. M. 5, 35; 11. r. exercitum, disband, remisso exercitu... simul agnū... discedere iubetur, Fest. 289 b 34; and met. remissus est edundi exercitus, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 50; hence of a discharged soldier, remissus honesta missione, iuser. Or. 3580; 12. met., Salutem mittit et salutem abs te expedit... Perii salutem nusquam inuenio... Quam illi remittam, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 44; sonum... remittit acutum, Hor. A. P. 349; nocem neiora alta remittunt, Verg. 12, 829; add Ov. M. 3, 500; Et bibit umorem et cum uolt ex se ipsa remittit, Verg. G. 2, 218; Pressa... quod bacca remisit oliuae, Hor. s. 2, 4, 69; tractata notam labemque remittunt Atramenta, ep. 2, 1, 235; 13. gen. give back, return, (aedes), Pl. Most. 3, 2, 111; 14. esp. as declining to accept, reject, etiam si quid ab omnibus conceditur, id reddo ac remitto, Cic. Sul. 84; nestrum uobis beneficium remitto, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 14; Quae nisi respuis ex animo longaque remittis, Lucr. 6, 68; III 15. refer or hand over to another, pleraque ad praetores remittebat, Plin. pan. 77; ad cognitionem imperatoris a praeside remissus, Papin. dig. 42, 4, 13; ad ius ordinarium remittendus erit, Ulp. 47, 1, 3; qui dolo

fecisse incendium couincetur ad praefectum urbi remittes, 1, 15, 4; IV 16. r. nuntium or repndium, give notice of a betrothal dissolved, Ego adeo iam illi remittam nuntium ad (fui) meo: Dicam ut aliam condicionem filio inueniat suo, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 74; Ea re repudium remisit auonculus causa mea, Aul. 4, 10, 69; Cum uestri honoris causa repudium alterae Remiserim, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 36; cohibet domi Maestus se Albinus, repudium quod filiae Remisit..., Lucil. ap. Non. 383, 21; in potestate manente filia pater sponso nuntium remittere potest, Ulp. dig. 23, 1, 10; repudium sponsae remitti uidetur, Modest. 50, 16, 101, 1; V 17. note the use of the simple vb. as a refl. marked †, esp. in the perf. tenses; VI 18. w. inf. cf. § 8; 19. remissus as adj. liquid or soft, amoniaeum, Pall. 1, 41, 2; adeps, Veg. uet. 1, 11, 4; 20. mild, remissioribus frigoribus, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; 21. of character, mild, easy, forgiving, not strict, languid, idle, dubitasset utrum remissior essem an summo iure contenderem, Cic. Att. 16, 15, 1; cum tristibus seuro, cum remissis iucunde uiuere, Cael. 13; leni animo ac remisso, or. 2, 193; remisso ac languido animo, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 5; quae cum dixisset Aper acrius et intento ore, remissus et subridens Maternus..., Tac. dial. 11; remissus et mitis, Plin. ep. 3, 14, 5; remississimo ad omnem comitatem animo, Suet. Aug. 98; 22. w. abstract nouns, ioci, Ov. M. 3, 318; remissior ira, Liv. 24, 39, 6; remissioris hoc, illud grauioris materiae exemplum, Val. M. 8, 1, 13; 23. remisse adv., quam leniter, quam remisse, Cic. or. 3, 102; senere an remisse, Cael. 33; nihilo remissius, Verr. 2, 4, 76; 24. for comp. cf. §§ 20, 21, 22, 23; for superl. § 21.

**rēmīuāgus**, adj. wandering uuder oars, celox, Varr. ap. Nou. 533, 9.

**Remmius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, as Remmius, the author of the lex Remmia, for imposing a fine on an accnsation that failed, Cic. Rosc. Am. 55; Marc. dig. 48, 16, 1, 2; Papin. 22, 5, 13; 2. Remmius Palaemon, a grammarian, Suet. gram. 23.

**rē-mōlior**, iri, vb. r. heave up, upheave, (Typhoeus) Saepe remoliri luctatur poudera terrae, Ov. M. 5, 354; cupiens excedere (calor) proxima quaeque remolitur (demolitur) Haese, male) ac iactat, Sen. N. Q. 6, 13, 4 (of volcanic action); nec orbe si remolito queat Ad supera nictor numina Alcides nehi, Herc. fur. 508; 2. (re back), force back or open, claustra, Stat. Th. 10, 527; cf. refringo; 3. (re again), heave again, arma, Sil. 1, 36.

**rē-mollesco**, (re of reversal) ēre, vb. become soft from being hard, be softened, cera, Ov. M. 10, 285; 2. met., (uino) ad laborem ferendum remollescere homines atque effeminari, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 6; precibus si numina... Vieta remollescunt, Ov. M. 1, 378.

**rē-mollio**, (re of reversal) ire, vb. soften (what was hard), softue, artus, Ov. M. 4, 286; terram, Colum. 2, 12, 9; grana umore, Apul. herb. 3, 9; 2. met., uultu (Augusti) remollitus, Suet. Aug. 79.

**rē-mōneo**, ēre, vb. remiud again, Apul. M. 5, 24; not. Tir. 88.

**rēmōra**, ae, f. an obstacle, Rēmōramque faciunt rei priuatae et publicae, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 16; Quenam uox te (te) resonans meo gradu remoram facit, Lucil. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 276; 2. a small fish, thought able to check a ship's course, = εχεννης, echeuis, ruant uenti licet, cogit stare nauigia... e nostris quidam remoram (so d. Sillig w. BVR moram), Plin. 32, 2—5; cf. for description, 9, 79 and 80; remorari a remora piseae minutissimo qui naues retinet, Donat. ad Andr. 4, 3, 24; see remeligo.

**rēmōra**, (Remus) ac, f. a name proposed for Rome, Certabant urbem Romam Remoranque uocarent, Eun. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; cf. Ρεμοριαν Diouys. Hal. 1, 87.

**rēmōrāmen**, iuis, n. obstacle, hindrance, Ov. M. 3, 567.

**rēmōrātio**, αναστροφὴ διατριβῆς, Gloss. Cyr.

**rēmōrātor**, ōris, m. one who delays, Mart. Cap. 1, 19 G; 21, 10 Elyss.

**rēmorbescat**, = in morbem reccidat, Enn. ap. Fest. 277 b 22.

**rē-mordeo**, ēre, morsurus, vb. bite again or in return, et



me remorsurum petis, Hor. epod. 6, 3; **2.** met., Praeteritisque male admissis peccata remordet, Lucr. 3, 827; Aut cum conscius ipse animus se forte remordet—cf. E. remorse—4, 1135; libertatis desiderium remordet animos, Liv. 8, 4, 3; haec te cura remordet, Verg. 1, 261; uitia ultima...castigata remordent, Iuv. 2, 35.

**Rēmōria**, dicitur ubi Remus de urbe condenda fuerat auspiciatus, Paul. ex F. 276; but Remu(ria) Fest. 277 b 8.

**1 rēmōror** [remora, the fish so called, see Donat. below] āri, vb. r. act as the remora, stop, hinder, keep waiting, often w. acc. see \*, Nam quid illaēc nune (so mss, illae hinc Gepp. cj.) tam diu intus remorantur reueligines? Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 7; Set aperiuatur aedes: remorandust gradus, Pers. 1, 2, 28; Manebo ne quod uostrum remorer commodum\*, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 24; wh. Donat. says: remorari a remora pisce minutissimo qui nanes retinet: Graece *εχρημης* uocatur; eae res quae ceteros\* remorari solent, (illum) non retardarunt, Cic. Manil. 40; sed abit dies: Perge, ne remorere, Catul. 61, 205; nox atque praeda castrorum hostis\* quo minus uictoria uteretur remorata sunt, Sal. Iug. 38, 8.

**2 rēmōror**, [moror] āri, vb. r. remain behind, cod. Th. 8, 8, 9.

**rēmōtio**, ōnis, f. removal, (tutoris), Ulp. dig. 26, 10, 4, 2; **2.** met. criminis, warding off, Cic. inu. 2, 86; causae, 2, 87; rei, 91; add Quint. 5, 10, 66; exceptionis, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 10; add Mart. Cap. 5, 147 G, 149, 13 and 18 Eyss.

**rēmōtius**, adj. warding off (a charge), assumptio, Iul. Vict. art. rhet. 4, 6.

**rē-mōueo**, ēre, mōui, mōtus, vb. move back; Rorantesque comas a fronte remouit ad aures, Ov. M. 5, 488;

**2.** move out of sight, remove, withdraw, tolle hanc patinam: remoue pernam, nil moror, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164, and 166; multa palam domum snam auferabat, plura clam de medio remouebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 23; pecora longius remouerant, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 6; Quin ubi se a uolgo et scaena in secreta remorant, Hor. s. 2, 1, 71; Et monet arcanis oculos remouere profanos, Ov. M. 7, 256; quae infantem (a lacte) removerit—weaned—Plin. 28, 72; **3.** met., fores facite ut pateant: remouete moram, Pl. St. 2, 1, 37; qui illam suspicionem a se remouere euperet, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; remouete ut a suspitione alicuius tui commodi, agr. 2, 22; quae Iugurtham tutata sunt omnia remonistis, anritiam..., Sal. Iug. 85, 45;

**4.** remouere se, withdraw oneself, retire, a negotiis pnblicis, Cic. off. 1, 69; ab amicitia Pompeii, am. 77; ab (so Lamb. ej.; mss om.) artibus suis, orat. 5; se a me remouit, Att. 4, 8 b, 3; **5.** gen. v. ab, also w. mere abl., Meque ministerio scelerisque artisque remoui, Ov. M. 3, 645; alium quaestura, Suet. Tib. 35;

**6.** contracted forms—to remorant=rēmouerant in § 2 add remosse=remouisse in Lucr. 3, 69; **II 7.** remotus retired, secret, siluestribus ac remotis locis, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 4; remoto salubri amoeno loco, Cic. fam. 7, 20, 2;

**8.** distant, remote, terrisque remotis, Lucr. 2, 534; Gades, Hor. od. 2, 2, 10; Britannii, 4, 114, 47; **9.** met., scientia remota ab iustitia, Cic. off. 1, 63; hominem remotum a dialceticis, Att. 14, 12, 3; **10.** eomp., a uulgari intelligentia remotiora, inu. 2, 67; nullo uerbo remotiore usus es, Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 1; **11.** superl., sermo a forensi strepitu remotissimus, Cic. orat. 32; remotissima a uiris debet esse uilica, Colum. 12, 1, 3.

**rē-mūgio**, ire, vb. bellow back (as an ox) or in answer, quodque nnum potes, ad mea uerba remigis, Ov. M. 1, 657; (taurus) alio si forte remugit Bellatore nemus, Stat. Th. 12, 602; **2.** met., uox, Verg. G. 3, 4; Sibylla, A. 6, 99; caelum, 9, 504; nemus Aquilone, Hor. od. 3, 10, 5; tympanum, Catul. 63, 29.

**rē-mulceo**, ēre, mulsus? vb. make soft or smooth again, stroke, equi sudorem fronte exfrio, aures remulceo, Apul. M. 1, 2; **2.** met. soothe, pacify, dulcissimis modulis animos, Apul. M. 5, 15; minas stimulatque corda remulce, Stat. Th. 8, 93; **3.** in Verg. 11, 812; calm oneself down? Occiso pastore Inpus...Consciis audacis facti, caudamque remulcens Subiecit pauitantiem utero; remulcens seems to have reflective power, soothing himself again, remittens iram; or perh. r. caudam uay mean relaxiug his tail, previously stiff with rage; scarcely as Couington aft. Forc.

says= retrahens intra crura caudam; **4.** remulsi crines as a dub. reading occurs in Apul. M. 7, 16; and flor. 3 and 15.

**rēmulco**, āre [rēmulco—cf. Gr. *βμουλκω* fm. *βμμα* and *ελκω*—for changed qty. of antepen. cf. *lucerna*, *molestus*], vb. tow (a ship), si quae (nauis) celeriter solui poterat, in altum remulca(t, ... remulco) trahit, Sisenn. ap. Non. 57, 29; hence It. rimorchiare, Sp. remolcar, Fr. remorquer.

**rēmulus**, (rym. \*) as referred to *βμουλκω*, i, m. or -um, i, n. a tow-rope, postquam in litore relictaum nauem conspexit, hanc remulco abstraxit, Caes. b. c. 2, 23, 5; subinersam nauim remulco multisque contendens funibus adduxit, 3, 40, 1; nauem onerariam cum armatis remulco quadrirems trahi iussit, Liv. 25, 30, 7; trahendis remulco nauibus, 32, 16, 4; nauis onerarias remulco...deducit, bell. Al. 11, 6; Hic mea me longo succedens prora remulco Laetantem gratis sistit in hospitibus, Valg. ap. Isid. or. 19, 4—who adds: remulcum funis qua deligata nauis trahitur uice remi; Et cum per ripas nusquam cessante remulco Intendunt collo mularum uincula nauatae, Aus. idyll. 10, 41; add Fest. 277; Paul. 279; **2.** met. non contis nec rymulco\* ut aiunt...sed uelificatione plena in rem pblicam ferebatur, Amm. 18, 5; **3.** a tow-boat, a tug, celerisque remulci Culpabam properos aduerso flumine cursus, Aus. epis. 2, 9; nauem remulco praeceunt duxerunt, Paul. Nol. ep. 49 (36).

**1 Rēmulus**, i, m. dim. of Remus, Remulique exturbat alumnos—i.e. the Romans—, Sulpicia s. 19; **2.** as a cognomen, Verg. 9, 360; 11, 636; Sil. 4, 186.

**2 rēmulus**, i, m. dim. a little oar, Remulus sensim celox ab oppido processerat, Turpil. ap. Nou. 533, 5.

**rē-mundo**, āre, vb. clean again, monumentum, inscr. Maff. Mus. Ver. 146, 3.

**rēmūnērātio**, ōnis, f. return for a service, celerior r., Cic. off. 2, 69; r. beniuolentiae, am. 49; Val. Rusticus V. P. rat(ionalis) s(acrarum) r(emunerationum), inscr. Or. 1090; sacrarum remunerationum per triennium comes, ib. 1140; add cod. Th. 12, 1, 184.

**rēmūnērātor**, ōris, m. rewarder, Tert. apol. 36; remuneratores uirtutum, inscr. Or. 1140.

**rē-mūnērōr**, āri, vb. r. (orig. perh. recipr.) return a favour or service, requite, of person w. acc., return a favour to, recompense, haec ita a nobis accipietis, ut uos remuneremini nos ac quae scitis proferatis, Varr. r. 2, 1, 2; tu me remunerere uelim, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 4; te remunerari simillimo munere, fam. 9, 8, 1; hoc te officio remunerentur (so best mss), Q. Cic. pet. cons. 38; magno se illum praemio remuneraturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 13; omnia colligam uenena Ac te his suppliciis remuuerabor, Catul. 14, 20;

**2.** w. acc. of former service, make a return for, quibus officiis T. Annii beneficia remunerabor (so the best mss), Cic. grat. sen. 30; laborem maguo foetu remuneratur, Colum. 2, 2, 5; **3.** in later writers rēmūnero āre vb. laborem remunerare uoluerit, non eum simili dicto remunerabo, Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 2; Papin. dig. 17, 1, 7; puellae artificium remunerabat, Petr. 140; add ps. Quint. decl. 2, 6;

**4.** hence as pass. remuneratus est a me mutuo, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1, 8, p. 24 Nab.; philosophi status remunerantur, Tert. apol. 46.

**Rēmūria**, ōrum, old name of the festival Lemuria, Ov. F. 5, 479.

**Rēmurius**, ager, possessus a Remo; sed et Remoria, locus in summo Auentino ubi Remus de urbe condenda fuerat auspiciatus, Paul. ex F. 276.

**rē-murmūro**, āre, vb. murmur back or in reply, unda, Verg. 10, 291; pinus, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 152; **2.** w. acc. mea carmina remurmurat echo, Calp. ecl. 4, 27; **3.** murmur agaiust, si quis quid remurmurat, Fronto ad amic. 2, 7, 1.

**1 Rēmus**, i, m. brother of Romulus, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Glubit magnanimos Remi nepotes, Catul. 58, 5; Regnaue prima Rēmi, Prop. 2, 1, 23; domus ista Rēmi, 4, 1, 9; add Liv. 1, 7, 2.

**2 rēmus**, i, m. [for er-es-mus, see below] oar, remisque nixi properiter uauem in fugam Tradunt, Att. 629 R.; remis contendit ut eam partem insulae caperet qua..., Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 3; retinet ipsa nauis motum sumi intermisso



pulsu remorum, Cic. or. 1, 153; Ferte citi flammās, date tela, inpellitē rēmos, Verg. 4, 594; Laeuam cuncta cohors remis uentisque petiuit, 3, 563; Caesar ab Italia uolantem Remis adurgens, Hor. od. 1, 37, 17; reduciunt... ad fortia pectora remos, Ov. M. 11, 462; **2.** met., quaecebam utrum pandere uela oratiouis an eam dialecticorum remis propellerem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 9; taetra res est uelis ut ita dicam remisque fugienda, 3, 25 f.; uides, quamquam non semper ad eloquentiam uelificaris tamen sipariis (topsails) et remis (te) tenuisse iter, Fronto ad Ant. p. 97, 10; cf. Sil. 1, 568; remis ego corporis utar, Ov. her. 17, 215—of swimming; Posse super fluctus alarum insistere remis, M. 5, 558, of flying; and so, solutis Peunarium remis, Sil. 12, 98; **3.** for er-es-mus cf. trismus, and ερ-εσσα-ω ερ-ετμος from a root ερ pull, as seen in ερ-υ-ω ερ-υκ-ω, wh. again = *φέλκ-ω*, so that uel of uello is the Lat. root. **4.** perh. our oar is akin.

**rēn**, see renes.

**rēnālis**, e, adj. of the kidney, passio, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 3, 52.

**renan(x)itur**, = reprehenderit, Verr. ap. Fest. 277 b 29.

**rē-narro**, āre, vb. relate again, relate, fata diuom, Verg. 3, 716; priora, Ov. M. 6, 316; facta, 5, 635; Argos, Stat. Th. 12, 390.

**rē-nascor**, asci, ātus, vb. be born again, come into existence again, qui mihi pinnas inciderant, nolunt easdem renasci; sed iam renascuntur, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 5; de niloque renata forent, Lucr. 1, 542; phoenix renasci, Ov. M. 15, 402; nec fibris requies datur ulla renatis, Verg. 6, 600; add Plin. 13, 42; **2.** replace what perishes by a new growth—as of second teeth, quinto anno binos (dentes) amittit (equus), qui sexto anno renascuntur: septimo omnis habet renatos, Plin. 11, 168; add Iuv. 14, 10; lapis, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 7, 13; (silua) quae succisa rursus ex stirpibus renascitur, Gai. 50, 16, 30; **3.** met., principium extinctum nec ab alio renascetur nec..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 54; Multa renascuntur quae iam cecidere... uocabula, Hor. A. P. 70; ab stirpibus laetius renata urbs, Liv. 6, 1, 3; Archibucolus Taurobolio Criobolique in aeternum renatus, inser. Or. 2352; **4.** in law, reuere, renascetur tibi uindicatio, Ulp. dig. 8, 5, 6; actio, 47, 2, 41, 3.

**rē-nāuigo**, āre, vb. sail back, Cic. Att. 14, 16, 1; Plin. 32, 4; Sen. Herc. fur. 720.

**rēnecat**, necat, not. Tir. 122.

**rē-necto**, ēre, vb. knit again (to), Avien. arat. 474; not. Tir. 122.

**rē-neo**, ēre, vb. nnsprin, unravel, fila, Ov. F. 6, 757; Parcarum fila rēnebo (al. tenebo, male), Stat. silu. 3, 1, 171; fila, Albin. 1, 144.

**rēneruat**, eneruat, not. Tir. 108.

**renes**, ium or um, ac. is rather than es, m. pl. kidneys, Sed quid tibist? Lien enecat, renes dolent, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 21; umores qui e renibus profunduntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 137; ex renibus laborare, Tusc. 2, 60; renes lumbis inhaerent, Cels. 4, 1, p. 121, 20 D; renum dolores, 2, 1, p. 31, 12; renes habent omnia quadripedum quae animal generant, Plin. 11, 206; **2.** loins, canis... renibus ampla satis ualidis, Nemes. cyn. 112; **3.** siug. rēū or rēn, Male tibi euenisse uideo: glaber erat tamquam rien, Pl. ap. Fest. 277 a 17; hic rien rienis, Char. 28, 13 and 87, 15 K; rien *νεφρος* rienis et ren, 38, 8; rien uel ren, Prisc. 1, 149, 8; rienes, Petr. 35; rienes quos nunc uocamus antiqui nefrundes appellabant, Graeci *νεφρος*, Fest. 277 a 13;

**4.** gen. renium, gcu. in best mss of Plin. esp. in 21, 175; 28, 98 and 102 quoted by Hard. for renium; but renium Cels. above and Cael. Aur. acut. 5, 3, 52; **5.** acc. renis, Sillig gives in Plin. 22, 149; 20, 257 (but here renes in a. d.); **6.** prob. decapitated from nefrēn-, and so akin to *νεφρος*, see § 3.

**rēnīcūlus**, i, m. dim. a little kidney, Marc. Emp. 26 f.

**rēnīdentia**, ac, f. smiling, infantum, Tert. anim. 49.

**rē-nid-esc-o**, rēnīdeo, nidere, vb. [see below] smile, renidit, *εμεδιασεν*, Gloss. Philox.; Egnatius quod candidos habet dentes Renidet usque quaque, Catal. 39, 2; add 4, 6 and 15; **2.** esp. in the part. renidens, homo renidens condimentis ait uarietatem illam feruiae carnis ex mansuetu sue factam, Liv. 35, 49, 7; puer Icarus... Ore reni-

denti... Captabat plumas, Ov. M. 8, 197; add Val. F. 4, 234; add 359; Iste lasciuus puer et renidens (sc. Cupido), Sen. Phaedr. 282; add Tac. an. 4, 60; 15, 66; h. 4, 43; Apul. M. 2, 13; and with dat., mollius mihi renidentis Fortunae, 10, 16; uultu renidens, Maer. s. 1, 2, 10; renidens, 1, 4, 4; 1, 11, 2; 3, 10, 5; 7, 3, 15; 7, 9, 10; 7, 14, 5; **3.** met., hilarior renidet oratio, Quint. 12, 10, 28; renidenti cortice Chias (sc. ficus), Calp. ecl. 2, 81; Iam sola renidet In Stilichone salus, Claud. Eutr. 2, 501; **4.** esp. of things glittering; as first metals, Nec domus argento fulget auroque renidet, Lucr. 2, 27; Non ebur neque aureum Mea renidet in domo lacunar, Hor. od. 2, 18, 2; tota circum Aere (of arms and armour) reuidescit tellus, Lucr. 2, 326; late fluctuat omnis Aere renidentis tellus, Verg. G. 2, 282; cf. *γλασσε δε πασα περι χθων Χαλκου υπο στερρης*, Pl. 19, 362; add Stat. Th. 10, 660; **5.** or of the rippling sea, Vt pura nocturno renidet Luna mari, Hor. od. 2, 5, 19; cf. *κυματων ανηρθμον γλασμα*, Aesch. Prom. 90; **6.** of other objects, palaestra exercitum corpus... renidebat, Mart. C. 1, 5; of the gem sarda, Plin. 37, 88; fulgentium rosarum color, Apul. M. 4, 2; **7.** the syll. nīd, perh. one with *μειδιω*; our smile, S. smi; **8.** or perh. shine, glitter is the first meaning, and the idea of smile follows; cf. our terms: the face brightening or being lighted up with a smile, and conversely, a dark scowl, looking black as night, dull and gloomy; but the same must then apply to *γλαω* and our laugh, Germ. lach-en, wh. wd. be connected with our glow, glitter, W. goleu; as well as the decap. lux and light.

**rēnītescit**, renituit, not. Tir. 183.

**rē-nītor**, i, vb. r. strive against, resist, Gallos submoueri iubet. Quum illi renitentes dicerent..., Liv. 5, 49, 2; si renititur quod specillo contingitur, ad os uentum est, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 2 D; postes alterno pulsū renitente, Plin. 2, 197; (serpentes) extrahunt renitentis, 8, 118; abies larix renituntur (under pressure), 16, 222.

**rēnīsus**, ūs, m. resistance, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 7 D; Aug. e. D. 21, 16.

**Renius**, ii, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Reui(us), on a denar. CIL 300.

**rē-no**, āre, vb. swim back, Hor. epod. 16, 25; Albin. 1, 432; and perh. Aug. e. D. 18, 17.

**reno**, ōnis, for rhenō.

**rēnōdis**, e, adj. tied back in a knot, capillus, Capitol. Alb. 13, 1.

**rē-nōdo**, āre, vb. tie back in a knot, comam, Hor. epod. 11, 28; te renodatam—with the hair so tied—Val. F. 5, 381.

**rē-normo**, āre, vb. mark out (land) again with boundaries, lib. col. 1, p. 232, 16 ed. Lachm.; add 288, 25 and 27.

**rē-nosco**, ēre, vb. recognize, Paul. Nol. carn. 15, 342.

**rēnōuāmen**, inis, n. a new form, Ov. M. 8, 729.

**rēnōuātio**, ōnis, f. renewal, mundi, Cic. N. D. 2, 118; timoris, fam. 11, 18, 3; doctrinae, Brut. 250; auspiciorum, Liv. 5, 52, 9; **2.** centesimis... cum renouatione singulorum annorum—compound interest—Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5.

**rēnōuātīuus**, adj. of the class renouata, repeated, fulgur, Fest. 289 a 18.

**rēnōuātor**, ōris, m. renovator, restorer, operum publicorum, inser. Fabr. 101, 232.

**re-nōuello**, (nouella uinea) āre, vb. renew, plant anew, uineam, Colum. arb. 6, 1.

**rē-nōuo**, āre, vb. make new again, restore, repair, templum Honoris, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; uitem by fresh planting—Colum. 4, 27, 6; **2.** restore in vigour, ut se nouis opibus renouarit, Cic. Mur. 33; auditoris animum, inu. 2, 49; terram renouarit aratri, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 13; add M. 1, 110; niriū plus adferunt ad discendum renouati (by a holiday), Quint. 1, 3, 9; ars uariandi renouat aures, 11, 3, 44; **3.** w. abstract nouns, renew, repeat, scelus suum, Cic. Verr. 1, 11; belli reliquias, prou. cons. 19; bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 2, 2; proelium, 3, 20, 4; cursum, b. c. 3, 93, 1; luctūs, Ov. M. 14, 465; iram, Tac. h. 4, 36; **4.** of memory, haec ne obsolescerent, renouabam legendo, Cic. acad. post. 11; bona praeterita recordatione, fin. 1, 57;



5. bring to others' memory, repeat, *renouabo illud quod initio dixi*, Cic. agr. 2, 2, 24; 6. centesimis renouato in singulos annos fenore, compound interest—Cic. Att. 6, 3, 5; see *renouatio* § 2.

**re-nūbo**, ēre, vb. marry again (as a woman), Tert. ad ux. 1, 7.

**re-nūdo**, āre, vb. lay bare, parietem, Arnob. 2, 77; coronam, Mart. Cap. 1, 15; 16, 23 Eyss.; cetera corporis, Apul. M. 1, 6; dentium hastas, 7, 16; brachia, 8, 27; (asinum), 8, 30.

**renūdus**, adj. bare, Tert. uirg. uel. 17 (al. nudae).

**re-nūméro**, āre, vb. count over, milia sagittarum xxx, Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 4; 2. of money payment, repay, pay back, pay, aurum, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 12; 3, 4, 18; 4, 2, 26; dotem, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 52; Apul. apol. 92; summa Tusulanis renumeraretur, inscr. Or. 775.

**renūtiatio**, ōnis, f. report, rem gestam renuntiarat, renuntiationemque eius..., Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 88; renuntiat se dedisse: cognoscite renuntiationem, 2, 3, 89; mensuris, Ulp. dig. 11, 6, 5; 2. esp. official return or declaration at an election, (suffragiorum), Cic. Planc. 14; renuntiatio gradus habet, Mur. 18; 3. renouncing an engagement, giving notice of a marriage or betrothal broken off, r. dicitur recusatio eius rei quae in pactum uenerat, Ascon. ad Verr. 1, 16; in repudiis, id est renuntiatione, comprobata sunt haec uerba: tuas res tibi habeto...; in sponsalibus discutiendis placuit renuntiationem iuteruente...condicione tua non utor, Gai. dig. 23, 2, 2, 1—3.

**renūtiātor**, ōris, m. one who reports, reporter, consiliorum nostrorum (to the enemy) r. uiui exuruntur, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 38, 1; add Tert. anim. 57 f.; pall. 4 f.

**re-nūntio**, āre, vb. bring word back (as a messenger), report, Era quo me misit ad patrem, non est domi... nunc domum renuntio, Pl. Merc. 4, 6 (5, 1), 2; Postquam ad nos renuntiatumst te et patrem 'sse mortuom, Men. 5, 9, 68; Non it: negat se ituram. Abi et renuntia, Bac. 4, 2, 10; qualis esset in circuitu ascensus qui cognoscerent misit: renuntiatum est facilem esse, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 2; ad Caesarem reuertitur quaeque perspexisset renuntiat, 4, 21, 9; 2. w. acc. r. legationem, report the result of an embassy, Cic. Phil. 9, 1; Liv. 39, 33, 2; 3. =nuntio, carry or bring word, report, hunc metuebam ne meae Vxori renuntiaret de palla et de prandio, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 67; quasi non tibi renuntiatia sint haec sic fore, Ter. Audr. 3, 2, 19; acta tua domum renuntiauerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 73; posteaquam mihi renuntiatum est de obitu Tulliae, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 1; 4. esp. report the results of an election, w. accus. of successful candidates, ceopti sunt a praecone renuntiare quem quaeque tribus fecerint aedilem, Varr. r. 3, 17, 1; L. Murenam consulem renuntiaui, Cic. Mur. 1; qui priusquam renuntiauerunt iure uocatis tribubus, Liv. 5, 18, 2; etiamsi factus esset consul suffragiis populi, tamen se enim non renuntiatum, Vell. 2, 92, 4; a quibus consules renuntiabatur, Plin. pan. 63;

II 5. (re back, of rejection), renounce, give notice of something ended, w. acc. of thing, dat. of person, hospitium ei r., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 89; condicionem, 1, 16; ad collegium rettulit num societates et amicitia eis renuntianda esset, Liv. 36, 3, 8; amicitiam ei, Tac. an. 2, 70; renuntiata adfinitas, Paul. dig. 22, 1, 38, 1; renuntiatam societatem, 17, 2, 65; 6. absol., P. Ad cenam promisi foras...G. Iube domi cenam equi Atque ad illum renuntiare (that you cannot dine with him), Pl. St. 4, 2, 19; quid impudentius publicanis renuntiantibus (a contract)? Cic. Att. 2, 1, 8; gausus quod aduocatum inuenerat, renuntiare amicis quos in consilium rogauerat imperauit (that he declined their services), Sen. clem. 1, 9, 7; 7. in later lang. w. dat. of thing, qui Campaniae renuntiauerunt quique emigrauerunt, Sen. N. Q. 6, 1, 10; inertiae, Plin. pan. 59; ciuilibus officiis, Quint. 10, 7, 1; uitae, Suet. Galb. 11; foro, rhet. 6, 4; nuptiis, Tert. ux. 1, 1; societati, Paul. dig. 17, 2, 65, 3, 4, 5, and 7; Gai. 3, 151 (bis); beneficium militari, Ulp. 29, 1, 3; nuptiis, 42, 5, 17, 1; 8. but Paulus has a personal pass. founded on the old construction with an acc. as renuntiata societates, dig. 17, 2, 65; renuntiata adfinitas, 22, 1, 38, 1; 9. r. repudium,

give notice of a betrothal broken off, Pl. Anl. 4, 10, 53; Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 72.

**renūntius**, ii, m. one who brings back a message, nuntii renuntii, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 21; cod. Th. 3, 7, 1.

**re-nuo**, ēre, vb. say no by a shake of the head, renuit negitatque Sabellus, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 49; oculo renuente negaui, Ov. her. 16 (17), 89; renuente deo, M. 8, 325; Mart. 2, 14, 14; 2. w. dat. of thing, say no (to), deny, superciliis crimini, Cic. Rab. Post. 36; 3. w. acc. of tbing, decline, forbid, qui nullum conuiuium renuerit, Cic. Cael. 27; reuuis quod tu, iubet alter, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 63.

**re-nūto**, āre, vb. frq. say no by a shake of the head,—met., uox...Incolumis transire, simulacra renutat, Lucr. 4, 600; corpus sentire renutat (Lamb. by a good ej.; mss refutat), 3, 350.

**re-nūtrio**, īre, vb. nourish again, restore to health by good food, Paul. Nol. ep. 23, 9; add not. Tir. 123.

**renūtus**, ūs, m. implying no by a shake of the head, nutu ao renutu respondere,—referring to Homer's (Il. 16, 250) ἔτερον μὲν ἔδωκε...ἔτερον δ' ἀνενεύσεν, Plin. ep. 1, 7, 2.

**reōnerat**, onerat, not. Tir. 131.

**reor**, rēri, rātus, vb. r. [see below], count, reckon, calculate, Reiri ter in anno tu has ouis (monos.) tonsitari? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 9; see ratio; 2. hence think, first of imperf. tenses, reor, Pl. Aul. 5, 1, 7; Epid. 3, 4, 49; rere, 1, 1, 51; Remur impetrari posse plaussum si clarum datis, As. f.; Nos illum interea praeficiendo propitiatorum faul Remur, Pacuv. 322 R; reurur, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 20; rebamur, 5, 1, 43; Teque aute quod me amare rebar ei rei firmasti fidem, Ter. Hee. 4, 2, 5; rebitur, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 28; Nec quom me melius mea Scaphā rear 'sse deficiatam, Most. 1, 3, 2; Magnifice uolo me uiros (summos uiros mss; Bothe, Ritschl uiros summos) accipere ut mihi rem (so mss; R rem mi) esse reantur, Ps. 1, 2, 34; Aduenio ue tibi me 'sse ob eam rem obnoxium Reare, Caecil. 23 R; Opinione factumst ut quanto minus Stirpem educabant tanto ut reremur (nt remur mss) magis Eos 'sse, Att. 378; thus all the imp. tenses of ind. and subj. occur in old writers; 3. but Cic. or. 3, 153 speaks of rebar as obsol. and poet., though used at times, as by Catulus, with the result of a grandior oratio; so he himself has: remur, off. 2, 32; reurur, top. 78; rebar, diu. 2, 5; N. D. 3, 15; rebarur, Att. 7, 3, 10; aud (te) natura rebar ita dicere ut..., or. 3, 82 (in the mouth of Catulus); rebarur, Liv. 31, 39, 9; rebar, Apul. M. 4, 4; 9, 11; 4. Verg. and poets of his and later date have, esp. after ut, reor, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 69; Ov. M. 11, 438; Prop. 4, 2, 38; reris, Verg. 6, 96; rere, 7, 437; reurur, Stat. Tb. 11, 59; rebare, Verg. 10, 608; rebor, Sen. Herc. f. 307; rearis, Ans. VII Sap. init.; II 5. perf. tenses, ratus est etc., were in use at all times, Hocinest quo tu tam temeriter meam beniuolentiam Interis es ratus? Att. 96 R; Vxorem quam numquamst ratus posthaec se habiturum reddo, Ter. Hee. 5, 3, 21; tum est ratus (so M; al. tum elatus spe, and so Baier; malc) posse se..., tum est..., Cic.? har. r. 49; 6. esp. the part. ratus having calculated, and so thinking; in the 21st book of Livy alone it occurs full 15 times, as: 5, 1; 11, 8; 12, 4; 14, 3; 21, 7; 22, 1; 33, 4; 34, 4; 39, 6; 42, 1; 45, 4; 45, 9; 48, 3; 48, 7; 63, 5; 7. from a mimetic root such as car, scratch, cf. χαρ-ασω γ(α)ρ-αφ-ω, came words signifying stone, as W. car-eg, our c(a)r-ag, Sc. car in scar; and with slight change, cal-c cal-c-ulo-; then as pebbles are used in counting, calculi so used (ad calculos uocare), our calculate; next by decap. (κ)αρ-ιθ-μος, (c)ar(a)c-rock or citadel, also rock itself; our reek and reek-on; with change of gutt. to t, rat-io, and with loss of gutt. re-or.

**reornat**, ornat, not. Tir. 56.

**repāiscitur**, pāiscitur, not. Tir. 71.

**repāgēs**, um or perhaps -ium, pl. in poets=repagula, Fest. 281 a 12.

**repāgūla**, ōrum, n. pl. bars, esp. as securing doors, Vbi estis scrui? Oculudie acdis pessulis repagulis, Pl. Cist. 3, 8; conuulsis repagulis effractisque ualuīs, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; ualuae clausae repagulis, diu. 1, 74; Raptaque de dextro robusta repagula posti, Ov. M. 5, 120;



but in Plin. 16, 225 Sillig w. best mss ualuarum paginis; **2.** or a race-barrier, Ov. M. 2, 155; Lucan. 1, 295; Sil. 16, 318; **3.** met., repagula quibus ego iram omnem recludam, poet. ap. Cic. diu. 3, 66; r. pudoris officique, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 39.

**rēpāndi-rostrus**, adj. with np-turned snout, Nerei repandirostrum incuruicercicum pecus, Pacuv. ap. Quint. 1, 5, 67.

**rē-pāno**, ēre, vb. open, fores ianuae, Apul. M. 4, 18; fores, 9, 20.

**rē-pāndus**, adj. (re up) turned up, with the concavity presented upwards, (luno) Sospita cum calceolis repandis, Cic. N. D. 1, 82; **2.** esp. of the dolphin, dorsum repandum, Plin. 9, 23; truncōquē repandum in undas Corpore desiluit, Ov. M. 3, 680; Lasciure pecus nisi nostrique (dorsi rostrique?) repandum, Lucil. ap. Non. 158 f.

**3.** pectorosa cerucis repaudae ostentatio, Plin. 14, 140 means what? **4.** r. crura Socratis, bow-legs, Hier. lov. 1, 48.

**rē-pango**? in Colum. 5, 10, 14 and arb. 22, 3, ibique seuen ferulae repāngito, but in both reading dnb.

**rēpārāb-ilis**, e, adj. that may be reproduced; repaired, made good again, repairable, retrievable, nulla reparabilis arte Laesa pudicitia est, Ov. her. 5, 103; damnus, M. 1, 379; abire (uitam) ut rem rēpārāblem sinitis, Sen. dial. 10, 6, 4; **2.** act., r. producing, echo, Pers. 1, 102.

**rēpārātio**, ōnis, f. restoration, reproduction, thermas... afflictas ita ut desperationem rēpārātōnis adferrent... restituit, inscr. Or. 1147; **2.** met., mors r. uitae, Prud. cat. 10, 120.

**rēpārātor**, ōris, m. restorer, reproducēr, aeuī (i.e. Ianus), Stat. silu. 4, 1, 11; rēpārātōres orbis adque urbium restitutores, inscr. Or. 1103.

**rēparco** or rēperco, ēre, vb. spare or be frugal, nuuc repercis (so A: reparcis BD) sauūis, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 25; ex nulla facere id si parte reparcent, Lucr. 1, 668; add Symm. ep. 1, 33.

**rēpāro**, āre, vb. restore, repair, make good again, uillam, Laurea Tullius ap. Plin. 31, 8; ut quae sunt uetustate sublapsa (aedificia) reparantur (so a: Keil relaxentur) in melius, Plin. ep. 10, 70 (75), 1; bibliothecas incendio absuimas, Suet. Dom. 20; **2.** met., exercitum, Liv. 30, 7, 7; bellum, ib. § 8; magnas noui exercitus niris, Vell. 2, 37, 1; auxilia, Tac. an. 3, 73; **3.** make good again (a loss), recover, recoup, id perdere quod eodem ex agro reparare posset, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 199; decrescite reditu agelli pretium minuit quod te curante reparabit, Plin. ep. 6, 3, 1; reparare quod amiseris, 6, 8, 6; **4.** recruit (one's strength), refresh, fessa membra nutrit reparatque, Ov. M. 4, 216; Haec (requies) reparat uires, her. 4, 90; tam assiduis in tribunali ut labore refici ac reparari uideretur, Plin. pan. 77; attrita cotidiano actu forensi ingenia rerum talium blanditia reparantur, Quint. 10, 1, 27; **5.** purchase with money or obtain by barter, uina Syra reparata merce, Hor. od. 1, 31, 12; iusserat eos boues uēnīre et alios reparari, Alf. dig. 15, 3, 16; uti, si non reparasset merces, redderet pecuniam, Scaev. 45, 1, 122, 1; **6.** repair to? returu to? nec latentes Classe cita reparauit oras, Hor. od. 1, 37, 24; Siluano sacrum M. Vicirius Rupus, Quod lieuit Iuuiānos reparare Penates, Quodque tibi uouī posui de marmore signum, inscr. Or. 1587.

**rē-partūrio**, ire, vb. bring forth again, Alcim. 6, 71.

**rē-pasco**, ēre, vb. feed again, Paul. Nol. ep. 44 (31), 1 f.; carm. 21, 853.

**rēpastinātio**, ōnis, f. digging up again, Cic. sen. 53; Colum. 2, 2, 13; **2.** met., Tert. exhort. cast. 6.

**rē-pastīno**, āre, vb. dig up again with a two-pronged dibble, esp. for the removal of stumps of trees, stones etc. adolescentiam meam (ob)tinui agro colendo...silicibus repastinandis, Cato ap. Fest. 281 a 26; add Afran. in a corrupt pass., ib.; Varr. r. 1, 18, 8; Colum. 3, 18, 1; 4, 32, 3; Cn. Terentium agrum suum repastinauteum effodisse arum, Plin. 13, 84; repastinari ager is dicitur cuius natu(r)a mutatur fodiendo cum aut siluester ex(c)odiatur aut lapīs mollitur frangendo ut fiat (utilis) uel peoribus

herba uel hominibus satioue, Fest. 281; **2.** met., Tert. poeu. 11; cult. fem. 9 m.; etc.

**rē-pātrio**, āre, vb. return to one's fatherland, cum multi leonibus obuī repātrauerint, Sol. 27, 15; ad Pelusium repatriemus, 33, 23; repātriat Macedoniam, Inl. Val. Alex. M. 1, 4 in.

**rē-pecto**, ēre, pexus, vb. nucomb—so to say—, dishevel (hair), Et neglecta decet multas coma: saepe iacere Hesternam credas, illa repexa modost, Ov. a. a. 3, 153; stantesque repectit Aura comas, Stat. Th. 6, 418; flaua repexo Gallia crine (i.e. G. comata), Claud. Prob. et Olybr. 240.

**rēpēdo**, (implying perh. an adj. repes, retreating, from ped- foot) āre, first vb. trans., cause to retreat, Nunc paulum (repeda) gnate a uestibulo gradum, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 281 a 16; **2.** vb. intr., repedare recedere, Fest. 281; Rediisse ac repedasse ut Romam uitet (see mss) gladiatoribus, Lucil. ap. Non. 165, 13; (Sane) ego a Metell(i) Rom(a) (tum) repedabam munere, id. ib.; ad signa repedauit miles, Amm. 24, 4, 30; add Iuuen. c. 4, 492; itin. Alex. 103.

**rē-pello**, ēre, repuli (for re-pepuli), repulsus, vb. push back, drive back, repel, repullit mili manum, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 14; cum milite...Conflixit atquo hominem repulli, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 43; repagula Reppulit, Ov. M. 2, 157; repullit aras, 9, 164; cuneos umbone, Mart. 3, 46, 5; insigne regium, as rejecting it, Vell. 2, 56, 4; (Zoroastri) cerebrum ita palpitasse ut inpositam manum repelleret, Plin. 7, 72;

**2.** without personal contact, drive back, repel, it may be by physical means, homines inermos armis uiris terrore periculoque mortis, Cic. Caecin. 33; telis repulsi conatu destiterunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; transire conantes multitudinē telorum repulerunt, 2, 10, 3; Marcellus qui Hannibalem ab Nola repulisset, Liv. 25, 41, 1; **3.** or otherwise, Eum ego meis dictis malis his foribus...Reppuli reieciue hominem, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 19; tu filiam meam superbissimis uerbis a genibus tuis repullisti, Cic. in sen. 17;

**4.** of hard surfaces, repel (instead of giving way to), ad defendendos ictus ac repellendos, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3; Duritia pellis ualidos cute repullit ictus, Ov. M. 3, 64; **5.** in poets, strike back (at least in appearance) and so obtain an impetus in the opposite direction, (Pallas) hand plura locuta Fugit et impressa tellurem repullit hasta, Ov. M. 2, 786; Taugete...Oceani spretos pede repullit amnis, Verg. G. 4, 233; **11.** G. met. drive away, repel, first w. acc. of person, hanc ad meretricium quaestum, Pl. Cist. 1, 43; hac religione ab hoc conatu repulsus, Cic. orat. 36; te a consulatu, Cat. 1, 27; oratore a gubernaculis ciuitatum, or. 1, 46; ab hac spe repulsi, Caes. b. g. 5, 42, 1; repulsus ab amicitia, Sal. Jug. 102, 13; **7.** w. acc. of thing, ward off, (Clodii) furores a ceruicibus uestris, Cic. Mil. 77; belli pericula, Mur. 30; fraus est concessa repellere fraudem, Ov. a. a. 3, 491; facinus, 15, 777; arietis petulei saeuitiam, Colum. 7, 3, 5; **8.** push away (cf. Vell. in § 1), reject, conubia nostra, Verg. 4, 213; preces, Ov. M. 14, 377; dictaturam, Vell. 2, 89, 5; **9.** repulsus repulsive? whence repulsior in Cato ap. Fest. 286 b 29.

**rēpendo**, ēre, ndi, nsus, vb. weigh back, pay back or return in equal quantity by weight, Aequaque formosas pensa rependis erae? Ov. her. 9, 78; cui pro C. Gracchi capite aurum repensum, Cic. or. 2, 269; auro rependendum caput, Plin. 33, 48; auro se id repensurum, Val. M. 9, 4, 3; pondus (magnētis) argento rependitur, Plin. 36, 129; **2.** make a return of, return, ecce atilies spectantur asparagi et Rauenna ternis (so Sillig with a, al. ternos) libris rependit, of three pounds each, Plin. 19, 54; **3.** ransom, auro repensus miles, Hor. od. 3, 5, 25; **4.** met. pay in return, repay, requite, pay for, si uera feram, si magna rependam, Verg. 2, 161; neu gratia facto Nulla rependatur, Ov. M. 2, 694; quod nemo incolumitatem turpitudine rependit, Plin. pan. 44, 5; **5.** of penalties, Non...Vnquam rependam secleribus poenas pares, Sen. Oed. 1052; **6.** redeem, compensate, balance, tristisque ruinas Solabar fatis contraria fata rependens, Verg. 1, 238; Vauescet culpa culpa repensa tua, Ov. am. 1, 8, 80; nec gratuita seruitute sed donis rependitur honor, Colum. 1 praef. 10; rependitur et compensatur leue damnun delibatae honestatis maiore honestate, Gell. 1, 3, 231.



**rēpens**, ntis, (= rēpens or rēcens?) adj. sudden, Erus stupidus adstat: ita eius aspectus repens Cor torporavit homini amore, Turp. ap. Non. 182, 4; hostium r. aduentus, Cic. Tusc. 3, 52; Ne me imparatum cura laceraret rēpens, 3, 29; Phaethontā rēpenti fulminis ictu Deturbavit, Lucr. 5, 400;—the only ex. of an oblique case; tumultus repens in urbem illatus, Liv. 1, 14, 5; defectio r. Lucanorum, 8, 29, 1; si quod r. bellum oritur, 10, 7, 8; tantum moratus quantum Attali r. casus cogit, 33, 2, 7; Quo ruitis, quaeue ista rēpens discordia surgit? Verg. 12, 313; Seditioque repens, Ov. M. 12, 61; **2.** recent (so at least say Boetticher etc., but?), neque discernere...quid repens aut netustate obscurum, Tac. an. 6, 13 (7); non ut plerique falluntur repens sed priori populo factum est, 11, 24; acceperat repens causa quod..., 15, 68; sceleris cogitatio incertum an repens, h. 1, 23; repens perfidia, 4, 25; **II 3.** as adv. (suddenly), Ianus Bina repens oculis obtulit ora meis, Ov. F. 1, 96; fama repens belli Gallici allata, Liv. 6, 42, 4; repens alia nuntiat clades, 22, 8, 1;—in all which repens may be a nom.; in Tac. an. 1, 25 Halm has: atrox clamor et repente quies.

**rēpensatio**, ōnis, f. restitution, making amends, Salv. in auar. 4, 3.

**rē-pensātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who makes compensation, Mart. Cap. 9, 304 G, p. 335, l. 17 Eys.

**rē-penso**, āre, vb. frq. repay, make compensation for, compensate, balance, incommodum utarum multitudine, Colum. 3, 2, 15; bonis mala, Vell. 2, 12, 5; cuius interitus uoluptas ciuium damno repensata est, 2, 21, 4; merita meritis, Sen. dial. 4, 32, 1.

**rēpētē**, adv. suddenly, Haec ecafatus pater germana rēpētē recessit, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 40; repente largiter habere, repente nihil, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. 378 M; Vt corripuit se repente atque abūt! Hei misero mihi! Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 76; Quid istuc? Quae res tam repente mores mutavit tuos? Modo egens, repente diues, Cic. Phil. 2, 65; ita hostes repente celeriterque procurrerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 3; anguem Pressit humi nitens trepidisque rēpētē rēfūgit, Verg. 2, 380; **2.** comp. and sup., dicimus repente, repentiū, repentiissime, Charis. 114, 20 K.

**rēpēntinus**, adj. sudden, commotus metu, Spe, gaudio, mirando hoc tanto (so best mss) tam repentino bono, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 35; amor, Cic. agr. 2, 60; nis, or. 2, 225; aduentus, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 2; periculum, 3, 3, 2; Inquē rēpēntinos conuiuia uersa tumultus, Ov. M. 5, 5; **2.** homo repentinus, an upstart, Cic. Brut. 242; **3.** a cognomen, CIL 765; **4.** comp., nimbus quanto repentinior est, tanto uehementior, Apul. mund. 9; **II 5.** repentino, adv. suddenly, Repente exortus sum, repentino occidi, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 39; Vt sint repentino apparandae nuptiae, Afr. ap. Char. 217, 5 K; Vbiq̄ue repentino huius consimile accidit, id. ib.; rare afterwards, as, moritur in Gallia et moritur repentino, Cic. Quinct. 14, esp. noted by Char. ib.; imber r. eeoratus, Apul. flor. 16; **6.** repentine? the same, Lact. 1, 11 M (dub.).

**rēpercussibilis**, e, adj. to be rejected, usus, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 45.

**rēpercussio**, ōnis, f. striking back, as reflection of light, siderum, Sen. N. Q. 17, 19, 1.

**rēpercussus**, part. see repercutio.

**rēpercussus**, ūs, m. striking back, as of roots from obstacles, occursantium iuter se radicum, Plin. 16, 6 (see repercutio § 1); (causam incrementi Nili) etesiarum ex aduerso flantium r., 5, 55; **2.** esp. reflection of light, solis, Plin. 5, 35; colorum, 37, 22; obiectis ad os seutis quo plenior nox repercussu intumescat, Tac. G. 3; Plin. ep. 2, 17, 17.

**rē-percūtio**, āre, cussi, cussus, vb. strike back, remigem cum e nauī fluctus abieisset repercussum contrarius fluctus in nauem rettulit, Val. M. 1, 8, extr. 11; cum concreti (nodi) ademere transitum (medullae), repercussa erumpit...; hoc uocatur in uite gemma, Plin. 17, 153; lapis subter ponendus est ut radicem (nux 'the tree') non simplicet sed repercussa respergat, Pall. 2, 15, 15; est aliquid quod fontis excursum repercutiat, Plin. ep. 4, 30, 8; **2.** esp. reflect (light), labris ubi lumē acnis Sole repercussum,

Verg. 8, 23; gemmae Clara repercussu reddebant lumina Phoebō, Ov. M. 2, 110; repercussae...imaginis umbra, 3, 434; natura mira imagines reddenti quod repercussu atque in oculis regesto aere fieri couenit...Tantum interest repercussu (aerem) respuat an excipiat, Plin. 33, 128; **3.** (or sound), montis amfractu repercussae uoces, Tac. an. 4, 51; and as a reflective: clamoribus dissonis quos memora etiam repercussaeque ualles augebant, Liv. 21, 33, 6; **4.** blunt, multa aciem nostram splendore nimio repercutiunt, Sen. ep. 115, 6; **5.** met. strike back, ward off, retort, answer, quo dicto repercussit illas (orationes), Plin. praef. 31; (despuendo) fasciaciones repercutimus, 28, 35; repercutiendi multa sunt genera, Quint. 6, 3, 78; add §§ 23 and 45.

**rē-perio**, ire, reppēri, rēpertus, vb. [pario, parire] find again (what has been lost), Ego caput huic argento fui hodie (tibi) reperiundo, Pl. As. 3, 3, 138; mea Glycerium suos parentes repperit, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 5; **2.** gen. find out, Gnaeus reperit homo Graio patre Graius homo rex, Eun. an. 183 V; Hoc ego repperi in mari, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 20; add Poen. 3, 3, 2; Truc. 4, 1, 1; Quid si ex Graccia Omni illius par nemo reperiri potest? Att. 465 R; nunc enim uero est cum meae morti remedium Reperit nemo, Caecil. 120; Simul rem et gloriam armis belli repperit, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 60; Cum nemo qui a te recipiat reperibitur, Pomp. 9 R; add Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 1; si quaerimus cur..., causas reperiemus duas, Cic. Brut. 325; lintribus inuentis sibi salutem repperunt (edd. pepererunt), Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 2; **3.** with acc. and inf., find, discover (a truth), quorum de moribus cum quaereret, sic reperiebat, nullum aditum esse ad eos mercatoribus, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 3; cum transgressos (se, esse) reperisset consules, Vell. 2, 50, 1; **4.** hence in pass. with nom., are found to be, turn out to be, prove, quos cum censeas Esse amicos, reperiuntur falsi falsimoniis, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 12; Stoici...traducti a disputando ad dicendum inopes reperiuntur, Cic. Brut. 118; hoc moliantur ut uestrae sententiae optimo cuique infestissimae reperiaut, Flac. 94; quartum iam annum regnante Tarquinio Snerbo Sybarim Pythagoras uenisse reperit, rep. 2, 28; inferiores reperiemur, N. D. 2, 9; nec ulli perisse nisi in proelio reperiuntur, Suet. Caes. 75; **5.** discover (a new thing), invent, Vt illum di perdant primus qui horas repperit, Aquil. 1 R; Zenoni nihil noni reperiuit sed emendanti superiores, Cic. acad. pr. 16; et serrae repperit usum, Ov. M. 8, 246; add Plin. 10, 52; and perh. 37, 79; aliquid consilii, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 71; aliquid, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 22; **6.** of original writing, Huiusmodi paucas poetae reperiunt comediae, Pl. Capt. f.; **7.** note the old fut. reperibo of Caecil. and Pomp. § 2; **8.** the perf. has two p's, as standing for re-pereri, reperio repperi quod notandum est quod ante-pentultimum produxit positione, Prisc. 1, 467, 8 K; add 1, 540, 11; Bentley's reading repperis, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 1, is only a bad cj.; **9.** an imperf. repperio etc. would correspond to recido reddo, and would suit the metre in Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 1; Ego in hac re nihil repperio quamobrem lauder tantopere, Hegio.

**rēpētor**, ōris, m. discoverer, inventor, Libero repertori nitis, Varr. r. 1, 2, 19; doctrinarum atque leporum, Lucr. 3, 1049; perfidiae, Sal. ep. Mithr.; medicinae, Verg. 7, 772; hominum rerumque, 12, 829; (mellis), Ov. F. 3, 762; Quiue repertorem torruit arte sua, Pont. 2, 9, 44; personae palaeque, Hor. A. P. 278; detrahendi sanguinis, Plin. 28, 121; flagitii, Tac. an. 4, 71.

**rēpētorium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. an inventory, tutor qui r. non fecit, quod uulgo inuentarium appellatur, dolo fecisse uidetur, nisi... Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 7.

**rēpertrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. inventress, paupertas omnium artium r., Apul. apol. 18.

**rēpertus**, ūs, m. finding again, Ceres repertu laetata filiae, Apul. M. 11, 2; **2.** invention, discovery, Apul. M. 11, 11; flor. 3; only in abl.

**rēpētentia**, ae, f. going back to—hence met. recollection, memory, consciousness, Interrupta semel cum sit repententia nostri, Lucr. 3, 851—so Munro (al. al.); amittere repententiam priorum, Arnob. 2, 26; priorum repententiam detrahit, 2, 28.



**rēpētītio**, ōnis, f. going back to—hence, counting back, commodati (actio) an Aquilae remaneat in eo quod in repetitione xxx dierum est, dubitatur, Paul. dig. 43. 7. 34, 2; cf. repeto so used, Iulian. 9, 2, 51, 2; **2.** claimiug back (what has been paid) or the right to do so, ex hac causa solum repeti non posse, superesse enim cansam quae inhibet repetitionem, Ulp. dig. 2, 2, 3, 7; cuius per errorem dati r. est, Paul. 50, 17, 53; add Apul. apol. 92; **3.** repetition, as of words, legata inutiliter data confirmari per repetitionem, id est per hanc scripturam postea factam, Ulp. 30, 19; alia repetitioe, alia commoratione infigere, Quint. 9, 2, 4; reficienda breui repetitione memoria est, 4, praef. 6; **4.** esp. in rhetoric, =anaphora, r. est cum continenter ab uno atque eodem uerbo... principia sumuntur, hoc modo: tu in forum prodire, tu..., tu... couaris? Cornif. ad Her. 4, 19; eiusdem (uerbi) crebra r., Cic. or. 3, 206; add Quint. 9, 3, 29 and 41.

**rēpētitor**, ōris, m. one who claims back a restitution, nuptae ademptae, Ov. her. 8, 19.

**rēpētītus**, ūs, m. claiming back, (Octauiae), Tac. an. 14, 61 (but prob. corrupt); pedatu positum pro repetitu, Non. 64, 16.

**rē-pēto**, ēre, iui or ii, itum, vb. [peto go] go back (to), return (to) with acc., omisa praeda castra repetiuerē, Liv. 31, 21, 5; qui onerarias retro Africam (so Madv., al. al.) repetere iubent, 25, 27, 12; Apuliam, 22, 18, 7; repent praesepia tauri, Verg. B. 7, 39; patriam, Ov. her. 17, 123; domum, Pout. 4, 4, 41; Penates, Hor. od. 3, 14, 3; fratresque uirumque, Ov. her. 3, 143; Suriam, Tac. an. 15, 17; urbem, Suet. Vit. 1; cenatoria, Petr. 21; **2.** esp. of disease, return, ii morbi tunc maxime et inchoantur et repetunt, Cels. 2, 1, p. 28, 33 D; febris etiam quum quiet, tamen repetit, 3, 22, p. 110, 20; add 4, 11, p. 134, 21;

**3.** with abstr. acc., return to, resume, studia, Cic. fat. 4; praetermissa, fin. 5, 51; Hoc primus repetas opus, hoc postremus omittas, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 48; solita ministeria, Plin. ep. 9, 33, 9; sollempnia, Tac. an. 3, 6 f.; pampinationem, Col. 4, 28, 1; **4.** hence repeat, go over again, begu again, nisi molestum est repetere quae cooperas. Repetam uero, Cic. N. D. 1, 17; orationem quum ingressus essem, Cassius interuenit. Ego eadem illa repetui, Att. 15, 11, 1; repetere et diu inculcare fuerit utilius, Quint. 1, 1, 31; oratio carens hac uirtute (sc. ordine) necesse est multa repetat, multa transeat, 7 pr. 3; si repetiuero quod dixi, Sen. ben. 6, 35, 4; iterum iterumque praeconem repetere uocem illam iuebant, Flor. 1, 23 f.; **5.** go back for, fetch (from), bring back, with ab or abl. alone of the whence, quam mox nauigo In Ephesus ut aurum repetam Teotimo domum? Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 6; Omnia ni repetant Argis, Verg. 2, 178; quum partem reliquam copiarum continentem repeteret, Suet. Aug. 16; add Cal. 39; **6.** hence claim return of, demand back, Quod datum utendumst repetuudi copias quando uelis, Pl. Tr. 5, 2, 7; si forte snas repetitum uenerit olim Grex auium plumas, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 18; **7.** esp. rem or res r., before war, lit. claim the return of property etc. unduly taken away (as cattle etc.), hence claim compensation or satisfaction, sed mage ferro Rem repetunt, Enu. an. 277 V; ex his (sc. Fetialibus) mittebantur qui res repeterent, Varr. l. 5, 15 f.; nullum bellum esse iustum nisi quod aut rebus repetitis geratur aut..., Cic. off. 1, 36; Fetialibus ad res repetendas missis, Liv. 7, 32, 1; add Sen. ben. 3, 6, 2; **8.** gen. endeavour to recover, ut ne mors quidem sit in repetenda libertate fugienda, Cic. Phil. 10, 20; ereptae pecuniae... ciuili fere actione repetuntur, Caecil. 18; in suo iure repetundo, 17; **9.** claim in return, Hanc tibi dono de neque repeto pro illa quicquam abs te preti, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 11; Furiae quae parentum poenas a filiis repetunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 67; **10.** claim as one's own, Homeum Salaminium repetunt, Cic. Arch. 19; est enim Atticus quamquam Timaeus eum repetit Syracusas, Brut. 63; **11.** count back, repetitis ex die uulneris cccxv diebus, Iulian. dig. 9, 2, 51, 2; **12.** of the memory, go back (to), return in thought (to), cogitanti mihi et memoria uetera repenti, Cic. or. 1, 1; animo repetentem exempla tuorum, Verg. 12, 439; sic reminisci enim ea quae tenuit mens cogitando repetunt, Varr. l. 6, 6, p. 223; de quo si paulo altius ordiri ac re-

petere memoriam religionis uidebor, igitur scite, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 105; add Deiot. 20; **13.** hence absol. call to mind, remember, praecepta, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; add Verg. 7, 122; Plin. ep. 7, 6, 13; Suet. gram. 4; **14.** hence in speaking, writing, thinking, go back to (the origin) and begin from, with ab or even ex, deduce, derive, date, iuris ortum a fonte, Cic. leg. 1, 20; a capite quod quaerimus, 18; urbis natalem diem ab iis Parilibus quibus..., diu. 2, 98; add: Tuse. 1, 116; 5, 34; fin. 1, 65; or. 1, 91; repeterem initia amicitiae ex parentibus nostris, fam. 6, 16; **15.** ask again for, invite back, Repudiatus repeto, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 14; Gallum ab eodem Verticone repetit, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 2; **16.** [peto aim at, strike at] strike at again or in return, repetitum saepius cuspidē ad terram affixit, Liv. 4, 19, 5; Nam quis satis constare sibi uideatur, si mulam calcibus repetat et canem morsu? Sen. ira 3, 27, 1; bis caure bis repeterē, Quint. 5, 13, 54 (of sword exercise); **17.** and met. repetitum toxico, Suet. Claud. 44; reos qui..., discrimine liberauit nec repeti (by judicial proceedings) nisi intra annum permisit, Suet. Dom. 9; add Aug. 32 and Paul. dig. 48, 2, 3; and 16, 10; **18.** hence repetundae pecuniae, proceeding for restitution of public moneys misappropriated by one in office, and suitable punishment, embezzlement, quid mea de pecuniis repetundis, Cic. Clu. 147; te lege pecuniarum repetundarum non teneri, 148; legem de pecuniis repetundis tulit, Brut. 105; **19.** and absol. repetundae, repetundarum criminibus, Tac. an. 4, 19; repetundarum crimine, Quint. 4, 2, 15; repetundarum conuictos, Suet. Caes. 43.

**rēpēxus**, s. repecto.

**rē-pignēro**, āre, vb. unpledge so to say, take out of pledge, rem tibi dedi ut creditori tuo pignori dares: dedisti: non repignerat ut mihi reddas, Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 12; reuere resoluerē repignerare, Fest. 281 a 28.

**rēpīgro**, āre, vb. retard, (eam) obsepto utero et repigra-to fetu perpetua praegnatione damnauit, Apul. M. 1, 9; bestiarum impetum, 8, 15; add Mart. Cap. 1, p. 13 G; repigra-tior, ib.

**rē-pīngo**, ēre, vb. paint again, Venant. u. S. Mart. 1, 172; 1, 246.

**rē-plāno**, iterum planum facio, not. Tir.

**rē-plaudo**, ēre, vb. strike again, dextra frontem, Apul. M. 1, 7; solum, 6, 28.

**rē-plecto**, ēre, xus, vb. fold back, cauda reflexa, Plin. 20, 7.

**rē-pleo**, ēre, ēui, ētus (re up), vb. fill up, to the full, agcā longa repletur, Enn. ap. Isid. or. 19, 2; Ibi te replebo ego usque nugentum geumatis, Pl. Poet. 3, 3, 88; Ita meas repleuit anris, Rud. 4, 6, 22; delubra repleat\* Corporibus mors, Lucr. 6, 1272; aquilones... contra fluium flantes remorantur et undas Cogentes rursus replet, 6, 718; scrobibus superabit terra repletis, Verg. G. 2, 235; gemitu tectum omne replebat, A. 2, 679; corpora tosta carue replet, Ov. M. 12, 156; lagonam uino, Mart. 7, 20, 19; but in Cic. Manil. 44 Baiter has completis; **2.** met. repleti scientia, Cic. or. 1, 191; pietate repletum, Lucr. 2, 1168; spectaculis animos oculosque populi, Vell. 2, 100, 2; **3.** (re again) fill up again, supply what has been lost, replenish, qui consumpta replere, crepta recuperare uellent, Cic. Mur. 50; ut exhaustas domos replere possent, prou. cons. 4; haustum cratera repleri, Ov. M. 8, 679; breui repleuit exercitum, Liv. 24, 42, 6; (carduus) expressus inlito suco alopecias replet, Plin. 20, 263; cum suut replenda nolnera, 34, 155; exhaustum (aerarium) innocentium bonis, Plin. pan. 55; si minorem diem statuerit index tempore legitimo, repletur ex lege quod seuteutiae iudicis deest, Ulp. dig. 42, 1, 4, 5; **4.** hence of food, recrui, refresh, frumentumque et pecoris copiam nactus repleto his rebus exercitu..., Caes. b. g. 7, 56, 5; **5.** and met., tu refugas uires et pectora bello Exanimata replē, Stat. Th. 4, 760; iuuenuncque replesti\* Parthenopen, silu. 3, 1, 92; **6.** note contraction in \* above.

**rēplētio**, ōnis, f. filling up (a deficiency), cod. Iustin. 3, 28, 36; 6, 28, 4; 7, 2, 15, 4.

**rēplīcāb-īlis**, e, adj. lit. that may be bent back—hence retiring, in sinus reductos, i.e. replicabiles, Serv. ad A. 1, 165; **2.** deserving to be repeated, Venant. 7, 8, 33.



**rēplicātio**, ōnis, f. unfolding, r. quaedam mundi, Cic. N. D. 1, 33; **2.** in law, reply (of plaintiff to plea, exceptio, of defendant), so called (says Gaius 4, 126) quia per eam replicatur atque resoluitur vis exceptionis; quia iniquum est me excludi exceptione, r. mihi datur, id. ib.; si obiciatur exceptio 'rei iudicatae,' replicatione uti potero, Paul. dig. 4, 3, 25; aduersus excipientem 'si dominus eius sit' utilem mihi replicationem 'doli mali' profuturam, African. 9, 4, 28; replicatione repelli poterit, Ulp. 35, 3, 3; add 44, 1, 2, 2; 50, 17, 154; Gai. dig. 40, 12, 9, 2; **3.** in arith. division, Mart. Cap. 250 G, 272, 13 and 273, 7 Eyss.  
**rēplicātūra**, ae? mending (of a dress), in ueste subtili, edict. Diocl. p. 21.

**rē-plīco**, āre, vb. (re back), bend back, reflect, uirtulus replicata ceruice, Plin. 34, 80; ab omni laeuitate acies radios suos replicat, Sen. N. Q. 1, 3, 7; radii solis replicantur, 2, 10, 3; **2.** met., (Chryssippi) acumen nimis tenue retunditur et in se replicatur, Sen. ben. 1, 4, 1; **3.** (re of reversal), unfold, separate, ne cortex replicetur in rugas, Plin. 17, 107 (of grafting); (resina) palpebras lentiscina replicat, 24, 36; anguis (seuectam) exiit a capite primum replicans, ut extra fiat membrano quod fuerit intus, 8, 98; **4.** hence of unfolding a roll or volume, annalium memoriam, Cic. Sul. 27; memoriam temporum, leg. 3, 31; possumus istos homines fuisse monstrare Euhemero replicato, cuius libellos Ennius sermonem in Italum transtulit, Arnob. 4, 29; **5.** met. develop, non illa quae futura sunt subito existunt, sed est quasi rudentis explicatio, sic traductio temporis... primum quidque replicantis, Cic. diu. 1, 127; **6.** of thoughts, revolve, haec identidem mecum, Apul. M. 1, 14; 3, 1; 6, 29; **7.** of words, unfold, parcam replicare causas, Pacat. pan. Theod. 3; singula quacris Nomina: difficile est ut replicare queam, Prud. perist. 11, 3; **8.** uestigium suum replicat, retraces his steps, Apul. M. 4, 19; **9.** in arith., divide, Graeci multiplicatos numeros *πολλαπλασιους*, replicatos *ὑποπολλαπλασιους* (submultiples) appellat, Mart. Cap. p. 250 G, 272, 17 Eyss. **10.** old part. repletus (rare), peeled off, non repletiae Bulborum tunicae nec oua tantum? Stat. silu. 4, 9, 29; cf. frietus beside fricare.

**rēplīctus**, see above § 10.

**rēplōrat**, plorat, not. Tir. 121.

**replum**, i. n. a covering or lid? as part of a door, chelonii r., quod est operimentum, Vitruv. 10, 17 (11), 8; add 4, 6, 5; **2.** part of a lady's dress, Gloss. Isid.

**rē-plumbo**, (re of reversal) āre, vb. unsolder, argentum, Sen. N. Q. 4, 2, 18 (nascula argentea); Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 3; aurea emblemata, Panl. 34, 2, 32, 1.

**rēplumīs**, (pluma) e, adj. fledged anew, corpus, Paul. Nol. 21, 857.

**rē-pluo**, ūre, vb. rain again, caelo repluunt, Sen. controu. 10 praef. 9.

**rēpo**, ōre, psi, ptum, vb. [rēp- from sēr-ēp- (serp-), a frq. of a lost vb. ser-go, =S. sr or sar go whence S. sarp; for suff. cf. car-p-; and for long vowel, cf. scribo, nūbo, dico, dūco, *τριβω τεινω* from scrib- etc.] go by little and little, creep, crawl, Nec repentis itum cuiusuisque animantis Sentimns (e.g. culicum), Lucr. 3, 388; cochleae, Sal. Iug. 93, 2; millepeda multos pedibus arcuatum repens, Plin. 29, 136; muraena in sicco quoque repunt, 9, 73; pedibus confossus elephas repisit genibus in ceteruas, 8, 20;

**2.** of plants, (eucurbita) humi repit, Plin. 19, 70; spatium radiibus qua repunt lapides praebent, Col. arb. 4, 5; **3.** gen. of slow motion, crawl, Perque fabam repunt (sc. grues) et mollia crura reponunt, Enn. an. 545 V; Ferme aderant ratibus repentibus aequore in alto, poet. ap. Varr. l. 7, 23, p. 308 Sp.; Milia tum pransi tria repimus, Hor. s. 1, 5, 25; **4.** met., sermones repentis per humum, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 251.

**rē-pōlio**, ire, vb. furbish np anew, frumenta, Colum. 2, 21, 16.

**rē-pondēro**, āre, vb. weigh back—hence met. repay (a favour), Sidon. ep. 1, 4 f.; 5, 1.

**rē-pōno**, ūre, pōsui (old repositui), positus or postus, vb. put back, bend back, ceruice reposta, Lucr. 1, 35; ceruicem reponunt, Quint. 4, 2, 39; quartus (digitus) oblique repo-

nitur, 11, 3, 99; **2.** put back, replace, utrum minus operis unam columnam efficere nouam an quattuor reponere? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 147; Pompeius insigne regium, quod ille de suo capite abiecerat, reposuit, Sest. 58; si ante reposita non sunt, postea reponenda sunt, Cels. 8, 10, p. 345, l. 16; ut quidque suo loco reponeret, Colum. 12, 3, 4; capillum, Quint. 8, praef. 22; togam, 11, 3, 149; **3.** put or lay down again (where down is in pono), si repositui remum..., familiae causa consistit, Pl. As. 3, 1, 10 (16); onus, Catul. 31, 8; infectaque pensa reponunt, Ov. M. 4, 10; pontum (lay, calm down), Val. F. 1, 651—cf. Hor. od. 1, 3, 16, ponere freta; **4.** return (money etc.), repay, Vt mihi des nummos sescentos..., quos continuo tibi reponam, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 37; quid cui debeam scio: aliis post longam diem repono, aliis in antecessum, Sen. ben. 4, 32, 4; quosdam ex debito aliquid, quosdam nihil reposituisse, Plin. ep. 8, 2, 6; and met., donata, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 39; **5.** esp. of evil for evil, pay off, peto a te ut id a me (non) requiras, ne tibi ego idem reponam, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 19; cupiditatem doloris reponendi, Sen. dial. 3, 3, 3; non facere iniuriam, sed reponere, 4, 28, 5; numquamne reponam? Inv. 1, 1;

**6.** of a second putting, put in place of something gone (=Fr. remplacez), replace by, substitute, te meas epistolas delere ut reponas tuas, Cic. fam. 7, 18, 2; praedarum diem illis repositui Verria ut agerent (in place of Marcellia), Verr. 2, 2, 52; ligna super foco Large reponens—ever replacing logs consumed by others—Hor. od. 1, 9, 6; eorum in uicem idonea (pedamenta) reponenda, Colum. 4, 26, 2; inuitus perdit quod elegerat uerbum nec facile reponit aliud, Quint. 11, 2, 49; **7.** stow away (as into some back place for future use, cf. regero), neque condendi ac reponendi ulla pecudum scientia est, Cic. N. D. 2, 156 (de uitibus); formicae farris acernum Cum populant... tectoque reponunt, Verg. 4, 403; add G. 3, 403; mella in uctustatem, Colum. 12, 11, 1; uuas, 12, 44, 3; add 12, 16, 2; in hiemem alimenta, Quint. 2, 16, 16; optimum emendandi genus si scripta in aliquod tempus reponant, 10, 4, 2;

**8.** met., Sensibus haec imis...reponas, Verg. B. 3, 54; odium donec..., Tac. Agr. 39; obstare memoriae usum litterarum, quoniam illa, quae scriptis repositimus..., dimittimus, Quint. 11, 2, 9; **9.** place finally or for good, class, laetis animas reponis Sedibus, Hor. od. 1, 10, 17; sidera in deorum numero, Cic. N. D. 2, 54; homines morte deletos repouere in deos, 1, 38; in illo antiquissimorum hominum numero, Verr. 2, 3, 210; in fabularum numero, inu. 1, 39; meam defensionem in aliquo artis loco reponetis, or. 2, 198; in suis Ciceronem reponere, Anton. ap. Cic. Att. 10, 8;

**10.** place for rest, rest (cf. E. repose), Perque fabam repunt et mollia crura reponunt, Enn. an. 545 V; grues in tergo praeuolantium colla et capita reponunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; maturius quieti nos reponamus, Apul. M. 1, 11;

**11.** met. rest, repose, trust, in uestra mansuetudine causam, Cic. Sul. 92; spem omnem in uirtute, Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 3; in caritate ciuium nihil spei, Liv. 1, 49, 4; plus in duce quam in exercitu, Tac. G. 30; qui in se reponit omnia, Apul. dogm. Plat. 22; **12.** invest, spend, in his (sc. studiis) uigilia in his somnus reponatur, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 3.

**rē-porrigo**, ēre, vb. stretch forward, back—hence, hand back, fialam, Petr. 51.

**rē-porto**, āre, vb. carry back, bring back, uini amphoras quas plenas tulcrunt, eas argento repletas domum reportauerunt, C. Graec. ap. Gell. 15, 12, 4; exercitum Britannia, Cic. Att. 4, 17, 3; duobus comeatibus exercitum, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 2; add 4, 29, 4; b. c. 2, 43, 1; exercitum, Liv. 38, 50, 3; add 38, 42, 12; legiones classe, Tac. an. 1, 63—so far all referring to the sea; **2.** add: equis insignibus et eurru aurato reportati, Cic. in sen. 28; massam picis urbe, Verg. G. 1, 275; infantem suam, Quint. 6, 1, 39;

**3.** still bolder, pedemque ex hoste reportat, Verg. 11, 764; ad Didium se reportant, bell. Hisp. 40, 2; ad hospitium Milonis me reporto, Apul. M. 1, 25; **II 4.** of what generals etc. bring home from foreign wars, often met. and in non-substantial form, insignia uictoriae, non uictoriam, Cic. Manil. 8; nihil praeter laudem ex hostibus, leg. 3, 18; spem bonam, Hor. carm. s. 74; imperator triumphum, Plin. praef. 30; ex proconsulatu gloriam, Plin. ep. 3, 7, 3;



imperator ueram gloriam, pan. 16; spolia opima, Flor. 1, 1, 11; praemium, Apul. M. 11, 15; 5. carry back (words), report, haec tristia dicta, Verg. 2, 115; aduenisse uiros, 7, 167; auditaque uerba, Ov. M. 3, 369; mandata, Prop. 3, 6, 37; ad socerum haud mollia, Apul. apol. 77.

**rē-posco**, ēre, vb. demand back, demand what is due.

**rēpūd-ium**, ii, n. [rēpūd=repel of repello; cf. tripudium] a written notice (by a man) of a betrothal withdrawn, the form being: *conditio tua non utor*, Gai. dig. 24, 2, 2; L. Is me nunc renuntiare repudium iussit tibi. E. Repudium rebns paratis, exornatis nuptiis? Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 53; Ea re repudium remisit anoniculus (pron. nonculus) causa mea, 4, 10, 69; Iam accipiat, illis repudium renuntiet, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 72; add 5, 8, 35; 2. in late writers of a woman also, Maecia denuo repudium sponsalibus misit, Marc. dig. 24, 3, 38; 3. in late writers divorce, Tac. an. 3, 22; M. Lepidus Apuleiae uxoris caritate post repudium obiit, Plin. 7, 122; Iuliam uxorem ob adulteria damnatam repudiumque ei suo nomine remissum, Suet. Tib. 11; repudium inter uxorem et uirum, Val. M. 2, 1, 4; si mulier iniusti repudii ageret, Sen. controu. 2, 13, p. 163, 23 B; Olympiada repudio dimisit, Iust. 11, 11, 5; causam repudii dare, Pap. dig. 24, 3, 39; add Paul. 50, 16, 191.

**rēs**, rōi, f. (rarely, if ever, m.; cf. dies, and §§ 13 and 36) [for ēr-ēs from ēs-be; cf. uōrus; and for suffix fides, faci-es, speci-es], reality, fact, truth, rem fabulare, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 79; uideamus ne plus ei tribuas quam res et ueritas ipsa concedat, Cic. or. 1, 77; Ere primum te arbitrari quod res est uelim, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 9; 2. hence often opposed to what is said, as uerbum, nomen, fama, rumor, Vsque adeo illius ferre possum ineptiam et inagnifica nerba, Verba dum sint; uerum enim si ad rem conferentur nupulabit, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 4; Peripateticos et Academicos nominibus diferentes, re congruentis, Cic. acad. pr. 15; sequantur nos tuae litterae quibus non modo res omnes sed etiam rumores cognoscamus, Att. 5, 5, 1; ut in omnibus factis re, non teste moueamur, fin. 2, 52; Aut sine re uomen deus est frustra que timetur, Ov. am. 3, 3, 23;

3. esp. of prophecy or promise become a fact and gen. result, et me, si quem esse uoluisti, eum exitu rebusque cognoscis, defende ac suscipe, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 11, 1; Vana diu uisat nox auribus, exitus illum Resque probat, Ov. M. 3, 349; 4. or in contrast to what is thought, eos in caelum translatos non re sed opinione esse dicunt, Cic. N. D. 3, 53; sunt enim omnia sicut adolescentis non tam re et maturitate quam spe et expectatione laudati, orat. 107;

5. often strengthened by ipsa or nera, Non simulare mortem uerbis, re ipsa spem uitae dare, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 23; eum tametsi uerbo non audeat, tamen re ipsa de malificio suo confiteri, Cic. Rosc. Am. 123; per speciem auxilii Byzantiis ferendi, re ipsa ad terrorem regulis Thracum iniciendum, Liv. 39, 35, 4; habet aduersarium uerbo Sex. Naeuium, re uera huiusce aetatis homines disertissimos nostrae ciuitatis, Cic. Quinct. 7; II 6. as the something real, money, property, studiosum rei quaerendae, Cato r. pr. 3; Inuabo aut re aut opera aut consilio bono, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 19; P. habuitne rem? L. Habuit. P. Qui eam perdidit? Trin. 2, 2, 49; Instant (instat Scal.) mercaturam, spero rem faciet, frugi est homo, Nov. 61 R; Numquam rem facies, abi, inescare nescis homines, Sannio, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 12; Bis perit amator, ab re atque ab animo simul, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 26; at enim metues ne ab re (ou the money-side) siut tamen Omissores, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 44 and soon after: Attentiores sumus ad rem omnes quam sat est; often with familiaris added, res familiaris alteri eorum ualde exigua est, alteri uix equestris, Cic. fam. 9, 13, 4; res eos iam pridem, fides (credit) uuper deficere coepit, Cat. 2, 10; non esse in ciuitate duo milia hominum qui rem haberent, off. 2, 73; Et genus et uirtus nisi cum re uilior alga est, Hor. s. 2, 5, 8; 7. hence with various adjectives, as et re salua et perdita, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 27; in tenui re, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 20; magna, s. 2, 5, 12; angusta, Iuv. 3, 165; 8. esp. in the pl. position, fortune, circumstances, Bonis tuis rebus meas res inrides malas, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 45;

habes auctores consilii publici, qui numerus etiam bonis rebus exiguus esset, quid censes perditis? Cic. fam. 12, 2, 3; ut aduersas res sic secundas immoderate ferre leuitatis est, off. 1, 90; dubiis ne defice rebus, Verg. 6, 196; 9. in divorce the phrase, Apage sis Amor, tuas tibi res habeto, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 42; illam (mimam) suam suas res (her goods and chattels) sibi habere iussit, clauas ademit, exegit, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; and jokingly speaking to a wife, maritum Deseris atque iubes res sibi habere suas, Mart. 10, 41, 2; 10. a (public) power, state, with an adj. or gen. of the state, Qui rem Romanam Latiumque augescere uoltis, Eun. an. 455 V; Moribus antiquis res stat Romana uirisque, 492; Eloquere, eloquere res Argiuum proelio ut se sustinet, tr. 23 V; ut paulo ante animum inter Fidei-natum Romanamque rem accipiem gessisti, ita, Liv. 1, 28, 9; Postquam res Asiae Priamique euertere deent Immeritam nisum superis, Verg. 3, 1; 11. in pl. deeds, doings (history), haudquaquam par gloria sequitur scriptorem et auctorem romani, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; si a primordio urbis res populi Romani perscripserim, Liv. pr. 1; rerum scriptores, historians, 21, 1, 1; but in a diff. sense, poetarum ista sunt, nos autem philosophi esse uolumus, rerum (of realities) auctores, nou fabularum, Cic. N. D. 3, 77; esp. in the phrase res gestae, achievements, great deeds, uix inuenitur qui non quasi mercedem rerum gestarum desideret gloriam, off. 1, 65; 12. useful work, esp. in the dat. with esse, fit for, Nolo ego nos (hoc) prosum exhibere, nulli rei erimus postea, Pl. St. 5, 4, 38; si illum potest Qui aliqui (alicui) as a gen. m.? see § 13) reist etiam cum ad nequitiam adducere, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 3; 13. also in gen. nulli rei of no value, qui tautisper nulli (so, not uallae) rei sies dnm nihil agas, Cato ap. Prisc. 6, p. 227 K (Prisc. adds: potest tamen hic datus accipi); erraticum esse hominem et nulli rei, Gell. 9, 2, 6; hominem nulli rei dimissimus, 15, 9, 11; nosti nerbum illud uetus, musicam quae sit abscondita eam esse nulli rei, 13, 31, 3; constabat illum unde petebatur hominem esse non bonae rei uitaeque turpi, 14, 2, 6; 14. ob rem and in rem leading to some useful result, to the purpose, A. non pudet Vanitatis? D. Minume, dum ob rem, provided it put money into my pocket, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 41; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu situm est, Sal. Iug. 31, 5; in rem fore credens uiuuiuersos appellare, Cat. 20, 1; ad coupanda ea quae in rem erant tempus habuit, Liv. 30, 4, 6; 15. with possessive pron. or gen. an affair which concerns one, Quasi istic mea res minor agatur quam tua, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 113, as if I had less at stake; tauta mihi eum eo necessitudo est ut si mea res esset, non magis laborarem, Cic. fam. 13, 44; 16. interest (in a matter), esp. with prep., as first with in, to one's interest, ego quae in rem tuam sint ea uelim facias, for your interest, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 9; Si in rem utriusque ut fiant (sc. nuptiae), accessi iube, Andr. 3, 3, 14; 17. with ex, in accordance with, the interest of, Ex tua re non est ego emoriar, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 100; Non hercle ex re istius me instigasti, Demiphro, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 76; statues ut ex fide fama reque mea uidebitur, Cic. Att. 5, 8, 3; 18. ab re against a person's interest, ab re consulti blandiloquentulus (Amor), Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 13; haut est ab re aucupis, As. 1, 3, 71; cf. interest and refert; 19. esp. with est and dat. or habeo, Postremo tecum nil rei nobis, Demiphro, est, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 74; business, dealings, tecum mihi res est T. Rosci, Cic. Rosc. Am. 84; erat autem res ei cum exercitu C. Marii inuictio, Sest. 37; proinde te para, cum homine et edaci tibi res est et qui iam aliquid intellegat, fam. 9, 20, 2; 20. a euphemism de turpi consuetudine, Qui, tibi non meretricum aliarum erat Athenis copia quibusseum haberes rem nisi...? Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 34; quocum tum uno rem habebam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 39; add 1, 2, 57 and Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 35; 21. in law etc. a uatter iu dispute, suit, claim, ideo in actionibus uidemus dici quam rem siue litem dicere oportet, Varr. l. 7, p. 370 Sp.; illud mihi mirum uideri solet tot homines tam iugenosos etiam nunc statuere nou potuisse utrum rem an litem dici oporteret, Cic. Mur. 27; tractu temporis futurum ut res pereat, Gai. dig. 3, 3, 12; add Ulp. 43, 29, 3; so in a dispute with a foreign state, quarum rerum litium



causa condixit pater patratus... Liv. 1, 32, 11; **22.** hence in pl., Prolatis rebus parasi uenatici Sumus, when the law-courts are prorogued, in vacation-time, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 17; **23.** in discussions, the subject-matter, as opposed to what is irrelevant or secondary and so to digressions, the real question before us, business, ut ad rem redeam, Cato r. pr. 4; mitte ista atque ad rem redi, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 31; sed haec nihil sane ad rem, Cic. fin. 2, 82; sed ad rem redeamus, de hominibus dici non necesse est, 1, 65; Quid uis faciam? (so Fleck. but perh. faciam), dum ab re ne quid ores, nothing foreign to the matter in hand, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 88; haec autem notare non esse abs re uisum est, Gell. 18, 14, 6; non ab re fuerit subtexere..., Suet. Aug. 94; **24.** with adj. of department, and first in siug., all that concerns—, rem diuinam (acts of religion) nisi comitalibus in compto aut in foco ne faciat, Cato r. 5, 3; add Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 11; abhorrenti ab re uxoria, from all idea of marriage, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; add Afran. 86 R; supply of corn, commissariat, res frumentaria, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 2; Caes. b. g. 1, 23, 1; 1, 37, 5; 1, 39, 6; res militaris, military matters, science of war, Cic. acad. pr. 2; Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 4; res iudiciaria, the judicature, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 31; **25.** in pl. res rusticae, farming, in eo libro quem do rebus rusticis scripsi, Cic. (in Cato's name) sen. 54; res uenereae, 47; **26.** res pl. absol. all things, the world, uersibus... Quos ego de rerum natura pangere conor, the birth of the universe, Lucr. 1, 25; rerum pars altera adeptast, Verg. 9, 131; mersis for opem mitissima rebus, Ov. M. 1, 380; but Cic. Quinct. 3, erat ei pecnaria res ampla et rustica, a large farm for breeding cattle etc., of course does not belong to this § but rather to § 6; **27.** esp. quid rerum, what in the world, Ne me obseruare possis quid rerum geram, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 15; add 1, 2, 39; Visso quid rerum meus Vlixes gesserit, Ps. 4, 6, 1; add Rud. 4, 4, 24; Capt. 2, 3, 16; Reuiso quidnam Chaerea hic rerum gerat, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 1; **28.** also with superl., quid agis dulcissime rerum? in all the world, Hor. s. 1, 9, 4; Si quae te genuit talis pulcherrime rerum Qualis es ipse fuit..., Ov. M. 8, 49; maxime rerum (sc. Hercules), her. 9, 107; **29.** in the siug., matters (generally), circumstances, the state of things, ut nune se res habet, admirabili gloria est, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 5; fidenti animo, si ita res feret, gradietur ad mortem, Tusc. 1, 110; **30.** esp. with nata, Fiat, ut rem gnatum uideo, hoc accipiendumst quod datur, Pl. Truc. 5, 70, considering the circumstances which I see have turned up; add Bac. 2, 2, 40; animaduertenter posse pro re nata te non incommodum ad me uenire in Nonas Ian., Cic. Att. 7, 8, 2; Antonii colloquium cum heroibus pro re nata non incommodum, 14, 6, 1; e re nata capto consilio fugam destino, Apul. M. 4, 3; **31.** quae res? is a phrase of indignation, what do you mean? or when it precedes a question, What?.....? Quae res? Tun libero homini male seruos loquere? Pl. As. 2, 4, 71; O foetet tuus mihi sermo. S. Quae res? O. Haec res, Cas. 3, 6, 8; cf. Wagner ad Aul. 420; **32.** mala res, misfortune, trouble, used in slang, Ille homo a me sibi malam rem accessit iumento suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 170; abi in malam rem maximam Cum istac condicione, Epid. 1, 1, 73, go and be banged with...; Abiu hino in malam rem cum suspicione istac scelus? Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 17; add Ph. 5, 7, 37; **33.** rarely with a gen. and then doubtful to express a lot of (like the Greek *χρημα*), Satiu parua res est uoluptatum in uita atque In aetate agunda praequam quod molestumst? Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 1; Haec (sc. uipera) cum temptaret, si qua res esset cibi, Limmam momordit, Phaedr. 4, 8, 4 (so mss, Heinsius spes); **34.** vaguely, a thing (comp. Germ. sache thing, orig. law-suit, and Fr. chose a thing from Lat. causa), earum rerum quae numquam fuerunt nec esse potuerunt ut Scyllae ut Chimaerae, Cic. N. D. 1, 108; Nam risu inepto res ineptior nulla est, Catul. 39, 16; **35.** at times used in relative sentences by the side of a preceding definite sb. or neuter pron., as: Secede huc, nam sunt quae ex te solo scitari nolo, quarum rerum te falsilocom mihi esse nolo, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 14; qui (esset) uietus aut cultus nisi tam multae nobis artes ministrarent, quibus rebus exulta hominum uita tantum destitit (al.

distat) a uictu et cultu bestiarum? Cic. off. 2, 15; the two passages given by Forc. from Varro are misquoted; **36.** m. and f. like dies, yet rarely m. as in nulli rei of § 13, a phrase wh. still lived for Gell., so: antequam Barcha perierat alii rei causa in Africam missus, Cael. ap. Prisc. 13, p. 8 K, wh. Prisc. idly calls alii a fem. gen.; Bi rei argumenta dicam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 121, wh. ei is an old gen. m.; cf. Post argumentum huius eloquar tragodiae, Amph. pr. 51; so too quor the old form of cur implies quo-re = quare; lastly the S. rās g. rāj-as them. rās is both m. and f.; this from Meunier's paper, Mém. de la Soc. de Linguistique 1868, p. 22 etc. **37.** the gen. and dat. rei in old writers is either a spondee or long monos., Praeterea rei quae corpora mittere possit, Lucr. 1, 688; add 2, 112; 6, 918; Ego cum genui tum morituros scui et ei rei sustuli, Enn. tr. 362 R; Aut aliae cuius desiderium inseat rei, Lucr. 3, 918; but in Augustan age an iamb, Contemptao dominus splendidior rei, Hor. od. 3, 16, 25.

**re-scindo**, ēre, scīdi, scissum, vb. (first re of reversal) tear down or away, cut down (what has been set up) pontem, Caes. b. g. 7, 35; 2; 7, 57, 5; Liv. 1, 10, 7; nullum ac loriam, Caes. b. g. 7, 86 f.; pluteos, Sal. fr. ap. Non. 95; tecta domum, Iust. 1, 31, 10; **2.** tear open (a wound already healed), re-open, chiefly met., ne uulnera curatione ipsa rescinderentur, Flor. 2, 11, 4; obductos annis rescindere luctus, Ov. M. 12, 543; rescindere curamina noli, tr. 3, 11, 63; an male sarta Gratia neququam coit et rescinditur? Hor. ep. 1, 3, 32; coeuntis gratiae cicatricem, Petr. 113; **3.** met. tear up, rescind, repeal, reverse, set aside, Mihi non uidetur quod sit factum legibus Rescindi posse, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 15; acta M. Antonii, Cic. Phil. 13, 5; quod a se constituta rescinderem, Att. 6, 1, 2; pactiones, prou. c. 10; res iudicatas, Sul. 63; testamenta, Verr. 2, 1, 111; leges, Lucr. 5, 58; foedus, Vell. 2, 90, 3; decretum, inscr. Or. 775; decreta, Suet. Cal. 3; iudicia, Cl. 29; beneficium insequentium iniuria, Sen. ben. 3, 12, 4;

**II 4.** (re of opening) tear up or open, cut open, manibus magnum rescindere caelum, Verg. 6, 583; add G. 1, 280; ulceris os, 3, 454; unenam, Colum. 6, 30, 5; suppurationem ferro, 6, 11; **5.** so r. uiam, cut or force a passage, Proptereaue solere uias rescindere nostris Sensibus introituque suo perumpere corpus, Lucr. 2, 406; r. locum, force a passage into, carry a position by storm, cum locum quem nobilitas obuallatum tenebat me duce rescidistis, Cic. agr. 2, 3.

**re-scisco**, ēre, scīni or scīi, scītum, vb. (re of reversal) come to the knowledge of (that which it is attempted to conceal), find out (a secret), Si umquam (cumquam?) quicum filium resciero Argentum amoris causa sumpse mutuum, Naev. 97 R; sero est iam; rescieris, Cato orig. 21, 5 I; E. Recte dicis; sed stuc nxor faciet, quom hoc rescierit. D. Nihil opust resciscat. E. Quid istic? Non resciscet: ne time, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 43; Dum id rescitum iri credit, tantisper pauet, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 45; add 4, 2, 7; 5, 3, 5; Haut. 1, 1, 47; Ph. 4, 1, 19; 5, 8, 59; Hec. 2, 1, 11; 3, 1, 7; 5, 4, 27; add quadris. (bis) ap. Gell. 2, 19, 7; quaerit si sapiens adulterinos uimmos acceperit pro bonis, cum id rescierit soluturusne sit eos pro bonis, Cic. off. 3, 91; id postquam rescit (so M; perh. for rescit), scanduit (so M; edd. excaudit), Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 12, 2; quod ubi Caesar rescit..., Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; simul atque Carmina rescieris nos fingere..., Hor. ep. 2, 1, 227; ea quid ageretur rescit filiumque monuit, ps. Nep. Dat. 2, 4; intellegebat prius aduersarios rescituros de suo aduentu quam ipse tertiam partem confecisset itineris, Eum. 8, 6; qui factum aliquod occultius... cognoscit, is dicitur proprie rescire, Gell. 2, 19; where alono and perh. Cael. (as above), rescio, rescire seem to occur.

**rē-sēco**, āre, scēui, scētus, or scētus, vb. cut back, restrain by cutting, cut (what would be too long), cut away (what is useless), perh. orig. prune (trees, etc.), cf. resectio; arbores musco infestantur quem nisi resecueris..., Colum. 5, 9, 15; euodes trunci rescantur, cut down (for grafting), Verg. G. 2, 78; Gethyum saepius resccatur (so



as to grow again), Plin. 19, 107; **2.** in surgery, extrema pars unguis (sc. bouis) ad uinum resecatur, Colum. 6, 12, 3; ut quorum linguae sic inhaerent ut loqui non possent, eae scalpellecto resectae liberarentur, Cic. din. 2, 96; sicut aegra corpora resectata aliqua parte sanantur, Eum. Const. 11 f.; **3.** hence met., hoc sentio, nisi in bonis amicitiam esse non posse, neque id ad uinum resecro, Cic. am. 18; aiunt nimia resecari oportere, naturalia relinquere, Tusc. 4, 57; quae sanari poterunt quacunque ratione sanabo; quae resecanda erunt non patiar ad perniciem ciuitatis manere, Cat. 2, 11; is nummum dabat—Vnde? de frumento? Quasi habuisset quod uenderet. De uiuo aliquid erat resecandum, Verr. 2, 3, 118; liber creuit dum ornare patriam et amplificare gaudemus, tu tamen haec ipsa resecra, Plin. ep. 2, 5, 4; libidinem, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 2; spem longam, Hor. od. 1, 11, 7; **4.** cut away (of a part), cut off, Seruatoque diu resecat de tergore partem, Ov. M. 8, 649; resectis palpebris, Cic. Pis. 43; longos capillos, Ov. M. 11, 182; barbam, tr. 4, 10, 58.

**rē-sēcro**, āre, (rē-sac), [re of reversal, sacro], nn-curse (so to say), relieve of a curse, exorcise, Enmolpidae sacerdotes rursus resecrare sunt coacti qui eum deuenerant pilaeque illae in quibus deuotio fuerat scripta in mare praecipitatae, ps. Nep. Alc. 6 f.; **2.** relieve of a (possible future) curse by taking it upon oneself, resecrare resoluere religione nique quum (uti quum?) reum populus (reus populum?) comitiis orauerat per deos ut eo periculo liberaretur, inbebat magistratus eum resecrare (sc. populum aut iudices) si nocens esset, Fest. and Paul. sub v. resecrare; obsecrari et resecrari populus aut indices solebant, Front. ad Ant. 1, p. 99 Nab.; obsecro Resecroque te, operam da hanc mihi fidelem, I implore you and make myself responsible for all consequences, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 49;

**3.** un-beg (so to say), reverse a preceding entreaty, Resecroque mater quod dudum obsecraueram, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 4; **4.** the translation implore again and again seems unauthorised; and indeed the single sacro never means implore.

**rē-sīdeo**, ēre, (without perf.) vb. (of rest) [sedeo] sit with the back reclining, Vtque piger pandi tergo rēsīdēbāt āselli, Ov. F. 3, 749; **2.** met. remain behind, remain in part, remain at last, be left at the bottom (cf. residuo, § 8; and remaneo), ne residere iu te ulla partem iracundiae suspicemur, Cic. Deiot. 8; etiamnunc residet spes in uirtute tua, fam. 12, 3 f.; quorum in nutu residebat auctoritas, sen. 61; huiusmodi culpa ubi residet facilius possum existimare quam scribere, Att. 1, 17, 3; add Tusc. 1, 104; fam. 5, 7, 2; Cat. 1, 31; quorum in consilio pristinae residere uirtutis memoria uidetur, Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 4; Quin iram eius si qua ex certamine residet lenimus? Liv. 40, 7, 5; Nam sine mente animoque nequit rēsīdēre p̄r artus Temporis exiguum partem pars ulla animai, Lucr. 3, 398; **3.** r. ferias, keep as a holiday from all work, nec tam denicales quae a nece appellatae sunt, quia residentur mortui (mortuo? or mortui causa?) quam ceterorum caelestium quieti dies feriae nominarentur nisi..., Cic. leg. 2, 55; Ita nenter gutturque resident esurialis ferias, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 8; see residuo.

**rēsīdia**, ae, f. [reses adj.] rest from labour, Inhaeret etiam auditas residia (so BCD<sup>1</sup>) inopia, Pl. Merc. pr. 29.

**rē-sīdo**, ēre, sēdi, sessum, vb. (of action) sit up, as with the back supported, grauis morbi periculum est ubi residere uult (ager) in ipso acuti morbi impetu, Cels. 2, 4 in it.; **2.** sit down (after exercise, for rest), errauitue uia seu lassa residit, Verg. 2, 739; Lassus in haec iuuenis saepe rēsīdit humo, Ov. a. a. 3, 696; Fessa rēsīdit humi, F. 3, 15; madidaque fluens in ueste Menoetes Summa petit scopuli sicaeque in rmp̄e resedit, Verg. 5, 180; cetera genera (aiuum) residunt et insistent; his quies nisi iu nido nulla, aut pendet aut iacent, Plin. 10, 114; Alpini mures residunt (Detl. resident) in clunēs, S. 132; **3.** stop for rest, or settle permanently after toils, cur neque ante occurrit ne ille in ulla resideret, nec...? Cic. Mil. 51; Siculisne resideret aruis...Italasne capesseret oras, Verg. 5, 702;

**4.** gen. sit down, sed residamus inquit si placet, Cic. fin. 2, 9; solioque alte subnixā resedit (Dido), Verg. 1, 506; medio rex ipse resedit, Ov. M. 7, 102; **5.** remain behind, Lydum patriis in terris resedissee, Tyrrheno datum nouas ut conderet sedes, Tac. an. 4, 55; **6.** of swollen things, settle down again, subside, sink, qua ui maria alta tumescant...rursusque in se ipsā residunt, Verg. G. 2, 480; incipit (Nilus) crescere cancrum sole transeunte et residit in nigine, Plin. 5, 57; tutissimum est (of earthquakes) cum intumescit adsurgens alternoque motu residit, 2, 198; residere lienem aegri uitium, 28, 291; Verg. 6, 407; Ov. am. 1, 1, 27; Plin. ep. 5, 17, 2; **7.** gen. settle down, subside, sink, iam iam residunt emribus asperae Pelles, Hor. od. 2, 20, 9; **8.** of liquids, settle, fall to the bottom, harenae lauantur atque ex eo quod resedit (sc. auri) coniectura capitur, Plin. 33, 67.

**restis**, is, f. [prob. for uer-estis and so from uer root of uerto, cf. our wrest] a rope, between funis a cable or strong rope, and linea string, quae fiunt de cannabim...nt funes restes tegetes, Varr. r. 1, 22, 1; sic ubi cannabim... (seras) unde nectas paleas lineas restes funes, 1, 23, 6; nanticiis ueteribus funibus uel quibuslibet aliis restibus, Colum. 11, 3, 5; **2.** of various uses, as Restim tu tibi cape crassam ac te suspende, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 34; Atimeto lib. cuius dolo filiam amisi restem et clauum unde sibi collum alliget, inser. Grut. 715, 10 (if genuine); Nihil Ammiano praeter aridam restem Moriens reliquit, Mart. 4, 70, 1; **3.** hence phrase, ad restim res redit, things are coming to the point of hanging oneself, Caecil. 215 R; Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 5; **4.** for flogging, our rope's end, Caedere hodie tu restibus, Pl. Pers. 2, 6, 11; **5.** of rope-daucing, incipit figens uestigia planta...brumamque famemque Illa reste cauet, Iuv. 17, 274; **6.** a festoon for dancers etc., Tu inter eas restim dnetans saltabis. Probe, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 34; per manus reste data uirgines sonnu uocis pulsu pedum modulantes iucesserant, Liv. 27, 37, 14; **7.** a rope for onions, Caluaeque restes alioque cepisque, Mart. 12, 32, 20; also the stalk of garlic, Plin. 20, 51; **8.** met. in a fisherman's mouth, Paulisper remitte restem (stop hauling the rope) dum concedo et consulo, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 97; **9.** acc. restim preferred by Caes. ap. Char. 123, 1 K; Prisc. 1, 329, 4; Consent. 355, 24.

**rē-ticeo**, ēre, ni, vb. be silent (where one has something that might be said), keep back (a secret), respondebo, nil reticebo quod sciam, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 47; Non paruum rem ordior. Ne retice obsecro, Att. 95 R; uah nil reticuit, Ter. Ad. 3, 51; add Haut. 1, 1, 33; 2, 3, 79; non possum ntriusque uestrum errorem reticere, Cic. Phil. 1, 29; de Chelidone reticuit quoad potuit, Verr. 2, 1, 39; add Q. fr. 1, 2, 3; fam. 4, 2, 1; Clu. 1; neque reticere quae audierat neque suamet ipse scelera occultare, Sal. Cat. 22, 2; Multaque praeterea linguae reticenda modestae, Ov. her. 18, 63; Non solua uestros didici reticere calores, Prop. 1, 11, 13; **2.** keep silent when spoken to, answer not, nunc interroganti senatori si reticeam aut superbus aut obnoxius uidear, Liv. 23, 12, 9; quae nec reticere loquenti. Nec prior ipsa loqui didicet, resonabilis Echo, Ov. M. 3, 357; optimum quemque iurgio lacessens et respondentem reticens, Tac. an. 14, 49; add Cic. or. 2, 232.

**rē-torqueo**, ēre, rsi, rtum, vb. turn back, oculos saepe ad hanc urbem, Cic. Cat. 1, 2; sacer orā retorsit Imolus ad os Phoebi, Ov. M. 11, 163; ad praeterita animum, Sen. ben. 3, 3, 3; **2.** hurl back, throw back, Rhoetum retorsisti leonis Vnguibus, Hor. od. 2, 19, 23; Vidimus flammam Tiberim retortis Litore Etrusco uiolenter undis Ire..., 1, 2, 13; Ac uestra retro sidera obliquos agant Retorta cursus, Sen. Phaedr. 685; Ille (sc. anguis) dolore ferox caput in sua terga retorsit, Ov. M. 3, 68; **3.** twist and so throw back, uidi ego ciuium Retorta tergo brachia libero, Hor. od. 3, 5, 21; **II 4.** (re of reversal) untwist, and so make smooth, Adnuit his Iuno et mentem laetata retorsit, smoothed again a soul so long by passion wrung, Verg. 12, 841.



**ring-or**, i, rictus, vb. r. [rig- for hrr-i(g)-; from a mimetic root hrr], snarl, growl, fit desubito hilarus tristis; saltat ridens, ringitur, Pomp. 124 R; Dum tibi fit quod placeat (tibi fit quod placet?) ille ringitur, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 27; Praetulerim scriptor delirus inersque uideri...Quam sapere et ringi, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 128; but in Sen. ep. 104, 9 inuidebis, not ringeris; ringi est stomachari, tacitum est enim a canibus latratibus, Don. ad Ter.

**rōb-ūr**, ōris, n. [see below, § 10] hardness, fruge(s) frendo sola saxi robore (mss saesic pbore), Pacuv. 11 R; fruges quoque saepe minaci Robore cum saxi franguntur..., Lucr. 1, 882; duri robora ferri, 2, 449; aeternaque ferri Robora, Verg. 7, 610; nos o quibus integer acui Sanguis ait solidaeque suo stant robore uires, 2, 639; strength of body, vigour, qui si satis roboris haberet, ipse pro S. Roscio diceret, Cic. Rosc. Am. 149; 2. heuce, hard wood, Viribus haud ullis ualuit discludere morsus Roboris Aeneas (sc. oleastri, v. 766), Verg. 12, 783; cape saxa mauu, cape robora pastor, G. 3, 420; ignis...primum sub cortice tectus Robora comprehendit, 2, 305; 3. esp. of the oak, Ac uelut annoso ualidam cum robore quercum, Verg. 4, 441; add G. 3, 332; 4. a kind of oak tree, Plin. 16, 678; and 38; 5. anything made of oak-wood, oak, Laedaemonii quotidianis epulis in robore accumbunt, Cic. Mur. 74; graue robur aratri, Verg. G. 1, 162; Val. F. 7, 555; ferro praefixum robur acuto, Verg. 10, 479; 6. a part of the prison called Tullianum, 'the dungeon of the doomed' (Munro), robur quoque dicitur is locus quo praecipitator malefactorum genus quod aute arcis robusteis includebatur, Paul. ex F. 264; ut in carcere uir clarissimus (sc. Scipio) includatur et in robore et tenebris exspiret, Liv. 35, 59, 10; cateuas Parthus et Italum robur (timet), Hor. od. 2, 13, 19; robur et saxum aut patricidarum poenas mimitantium, Tac. an. 4, 29; familiares eorum (the Gracchi) de robore praecipitati sunt, Val. M. 6, 3, 1 f.; perh. also: Verbera carnifices robur pix lammina taedae, Lucr. 3, 1017; o subtilitas digna carcere et robore! Apul. mag. 81 f.; cf. Sal. Cat. 55, 3; and Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 34; 7. met. firmness, strength, power of endurance, neque his ipsis tantum umquam nirium aut roboris fuit, Liv. 21, 1, 2; est incredibili animi robore, Cic. Mil. 101; habuerant tantum animi tantum roboris ut M. Scauro testi nou crederent, Font. 26 (16); 8. of persons, the elite, Pusio Titinnius Maecenas illa robora populi Romani, Cic. Clu. 153; add Att. 6, 5, 3; robora uiuorum, Liv. 21, 54, 3; 22, 6, 2; robora pubis Lecta, Verg. 8, 518; add Tac. h. 4, 33 f.; 9. the disease tetanus (in animals), Veg. uet. 24, 3 etc.; 10. rob of robur=our hard, cf. uerbum cucurbita barba rubi with our word good beard red; but ha of hard suggests eo for Lat.; hence cor-ob, of wh. cor is the root, the noise of scratching, see arx, reor, calx callum collum; ρωμα ρωννιμ also akin, for ερωμαι ερωσθηρ by the double ρ point to a lost cons. and suggest such a root as κορ; hence perh. κορ-εννιμ stuff a thing till it is full and so quite hard.

**rōpio**, ōnis, m. [rōp=rūb of rubeo; cf. rubellio] a red mullet? quem non pudet et rubet non est homō sed ropio, Sal. in Pomp.? ap. Cl. Sacrd. gram. 1, 153; cf. Sen. ep. 11, 4; Plin. 7, 53; 37, 14.

**rosulentia?** ae, f. [from ros through lost forms roseulus and rosulentus] dew-iness so to say,—hence met. of diffusing money. S. Quid uis? A. Quin (mss qui) tuam expecto rosulentiam (so mss), Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 7.

**rūber**, bra, brum, adj. [see below, § 10] red, as 1 of the setting sun, interea fax Occidit oceanum rubra tractim obruit aethra, Enn. ann. 418 V; iamque rūbrum tremulis iubar ignibus erigere alte Cum coepat natura, Lucr. 4, 404; Praecipitem Oceani rubro lauit aequore cnrum, Verg. G. 3, 359; Quos Aurora suis rubra colorat equis, Prop. 4, 12, 16; 2. of crimson, scarlet or purple, rubro ubi cocco Tineta...uestis, Hor. s. 2, 6, 102; Phasis purpureis rūber lacernis, Mart. 5, 8, 5; 3. of blood, gelidos inciet tibi rubro sanguine riuos, Hor. od. 3, 13, 7; et

tuo Cruore rubros obstetrix pannos lauit, epod. 17, 51;

4. of other objects, hunc dico rubrum breum incurium, ad Her. 4, 63; ruber (sal) Memphi, rufus est circa Oxum, Plin. 31, 86 (al. rubet); Canicula, Hor. s. 2, 5, 39; of a wolf's eyes, rubra suffusus lumina flamma, Ov. M. 11, 368; Maiorum leges, Inv. 14, 192 (as having their tituli written in red ink; cf. our rubric); Priapus, Ov. F. 1, 415; custos (sc. Priapus), Tib. 1, 1, 17; crine ruber, Mart. 12, 54, 1; 5. esp. r. mare the Red sea, ερυθρα θαλασσα, the Indian sea including at least both Persian and Arabian gulfs, ea genera beluarum quae in rubro mari Indiae gignantur, Cic. N. D. 1, 97; Examen Eois timendum Partibus oceanique rubro, Hor. od. 1, 35, 32; et a rubro lucida concha mari, Tib. 2, 4, 30; salum, Prop. 4, 12, 6; 6. saxa rubra, Red-rocks, a place in Etruria, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; Liv. 2, 49, 12; breues rubrae, Mart. 4, 64, 15; 7. comp., rubrior, Plin. 10, 180; ruberrimus, Cels. 5, 171, 34 D; 8. rubrus for ruber, Sol. 40, 23; 9. Gell. 2, 36 seems to make rufus and ruber equivalent, but see Plin. above § 4; 10. S. rudhira, Germ. roth, E. red ruddy; cf. Lat. rufus, rutilus, russus (rusus); prob. from root uer turn (uerto), whence uermis qirmiz or kermes of the East, the coccus ilicis of the East, and so our vermilion, carm-ine, crimson; thus ruber and ερυθρος would be for uor-ub-er and εep-υθ-ros.

**rūmex**, icis, f. [see below] sorrel, both wild and cultivated, Apponunt rūmicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; ceras (rūmic) ex omnium arborum satorumque floribus confingunt excepta runcice et echinopode, Plin. 11, 18; hoc (sc. lapathum) in satius rumex uocatur, 19, 184; est et silvestre (lapathum) quod nostri rumicem (appellat), 20, 231; 2. for sor-um-ec- and so one with our prov. sour-ock and sorr-el, W. sur-an, and so from a root=our sour, W. sur, Fr. sur; even suff. um of the assumed sor-um-ec=our ock; cf. apium apiac-us and G. eppich; Plium Iliac-us; bell-um bellic-us.

**rumpo**, ěre, rūpi, ruptum, vb. [see below] tear, ab litore funem Rumpite, Verg. 3, 640; tenues a pectore uestes Rumpit, Ov. a. a. 3, 708; At lacrimas sine fine dedi rūpique capillos, her. 3, 15; 2. break, si quis eorum uincula ruperit, Cic. Cat. 4, 8; add Tusc. 1, 74; Lucr. 3, 84; claustra, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 9; cum hiemps frigore saxa rumperet, Verg. G. 4, 136; montem rumpit aceto, Iuv. 10, 153; aspergite et gelu (tophi) rumpuntur in testas, Plin. 36, 167; adamantina sanguine hircio rumpente, 20, 2; 3. burst, cause to burst, inflatas rumpi uesiculas, Cic. diu. 2, 33; aqua tendit rumpere plumbum, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 20; (rana) dum uult ualidius inflare sese rupto iacuit corpore, Phaedr. 1, 26, 10; add Verg. G. 1, 49; Ov. Pont. 4, 27; 4. hence of hernia, Ego me tua causa ne erres non rupturus sum, rupture myself, Pl. Capt. pr. 14; tua causa rupi ramices, Merc. 1, 2, 27; tu Lucilium Credis contenturum cum me ruperim (mss ruperint), summa omnia Fecerim ima (ima om. mss), Lucil. ap. Non. 88 (corr. by L. Müller); 5. met. of great exertions, esp. uuder rage or envy, Ego misera risu (miso mss) clandestino rumpier, Afr. 127 R; ut (hac) licentia, qua ante rumpebar nunc ne mouer quidem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 1; ornate poetam Arcades inuidia rumpantur ut ilia Codro, Verg. B. 7, 26; rumpantur iniqui, Prop. 1, 8, 27; Rumpor et inuideo, Ov. her. 15, 221; add Hor. ep. 1, 19, 15; Mart. 9, 97 (13 times); 6. de lubricine, ilia rumpens, Catul. 11, 20; tentigine rumpi, Hor. s. 1, 2, 118; add Prop. 3, 7, 14; Mart. 11, 104, 6; but in Ov. am. 2, 10, 29 Merkel has perund; 7. in law, commit a grave personal injury on, seriously hurt, si membrum rupit (perh. ruperit) ni cum eo pacit talio esto, xi tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 4; Fest. 363 a 5; Cato orig. 17, S I; Gai. 3, 223; ruperit (mss rupitias) in xi significat damnum dederit, Fest. 265 a 3; rupisse (referring to ruperit in the lex Aquilia) eum utique accipiemus qui uulnerauit uel uirgis uel loris uel pugnis cecidit, uel telo uel quo alio ut scinderet alicui corpus, uel tumorem fecerit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 17; 8. exhaust, uouisse hunc dicam, si..., ut me ambulando rumperet, Ter. Hec. 3, 4, 20; uernos apros Leporeneque

forti callidum rumpes equo, Mart. 1, 49, 25; cum maiore onere conductor eas (sc. mulas) rupisset, Alf. dig. 19, 2, 30; nimiam lassitudinem sequitur aegritudo et omne animal est debile si rumpitur, Veg. uet. 3, 1, 9; **9.** break off, interrupt, stop, sacra, Verg. 8, 110; somnum, 7, 458; nouissima uerba, Ov. a. a. 1, 539; coeptum iter, am. 3, 6, 88; iter institutum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 5; reditum, epod. 13, 16; amores, Verg. 4, 292; otia, 6, 814; carmina, Tib. 2, 3, 20; fletus, Sen. Tro. 795; **10.** met. break (a law etc.), foedera, Cic. Balb. 13; ius gentium, Liv. 4, 17, 4; fidem, 24, 29, 5; (societatem) fidei atque amicitiae, 28, 32, 5; edicta Iulia, Hor. od. 4, 15, 22; **11.** tear up (a deed), and so cancel, annul, revoke, constat (testamentum) agnascendo rumpi, Cic. or. 1, 241; fata aspera, Verg. 6, 883; decreta sororum, Ov. M. 15, 780; **12.** so the phrases, r. silentium, break silence, quid me alta silentia cogis Rumpere? Verg. 10, 64; add Hor. epod. 5, 85; Ov. M. 1, 208; Val. F. 3, 509; r. patientiam etc., after long forbearance break out, ut quidam patientiam rumperent atque unus in tumultu proclamaret, aut agat, aut desistat, Suet. Tib. 24; r. obsequium, primi obsequium rumpere ausi, Galb. 16; **13.** so of sudden speech etc. after long reticence, suddenly give vent to, send rushing out, iamne rumpere hoc licet mihi gaudium? Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 2; Tantos illa suo rumpchat pectore questus, Verg. 4, 553; Vix tandem... Composito rumpit uocem et me destituit arae, 2, 129; Dat gemitum (sc. Turnus) rumpitque has imo pectore uoces, 11, 377; subitoque trementem Corripuit pallor gemitumque ad sidera rupit, Sil. 4, 458; add 8, 301; and Claud. rapt. Pr. 2, 249; but in Ov. M. 10, 147 Merkel has mouit; **14.** r. moras, burst through obstacles, lose no time, belongs to § 2 or 3; Rumpere moras omnis et turbata arripe castra, Verg. 9, 13; add Ov. M. 15, 583; Plin. ep. 5, 10 (11), 2; Mart. 2, 64, 9; Lucan. 1, 264; Val. F. 1, 306; **15.** r. uiam etc. force a passage, ferro rumpenda per hostis Est uia, Verg. 10, 372; Scythici quae Phasidis oras Ausa sequi, mediosque inter iuga concita cursus Rumpere, Val. F. 1, 4; add: iter, Sil. 4, 196; 15, 778; cursum, 7, 568; uiam, Stat. Th. 8, 468; **16.** for rumpor, as a refl. vb. burst, see § 5; **17.** rump of rumpo is for er-up and so =  $\epsilon\rho\text{-}\nu\kappa\text{-}\omega$  and  $\epsilon\lambda\kappa\text{-}\omega$ , or rather for uer-up- or uor-up-, from uel or uol of uello uolsum, drag, tear; and thus akin to uol-nes-; other varieties are seen in ru-o and  $\epsilon\rho\text{-}\omega$ .

**ruo**, ñre, rui, rúrurus (rútus in compounds), vb. [see below, § 11] drag or tear away, send rushing, carry away, procellae infensae fremere frangere malum Ruere antenuas scindere uela, Pl. Triu. 4, 1, 17; Ceteros ruerem agerem raperem tunderem et prosternerem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 21; seu ruet (knock down) seu eriget rempublicam, Cic. Att. 2, 15, 2; tauri...terram minitanti fronte ruebant, Lucr. 5, 1325; nanis, 1, 272; spumas salis aere ruebant,

Verg. 1, 35; molem, 9, 516; ossa focis, 11, 211; cumulos arenae, G. 1, 105; atram ubem, 2, 308; diuitias aerisque... aceros, obtain suddenly in large quantities, sweep into one's net, amass (cf. Ibi me corruere posse aibas diuitias, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 58); in the same sense perh., ruis hoc et colligis omnia furtim, Lucil. ap. Non. 273 and 380; add gen. Ov. M. 12, 134; Val. F. 3, 102; but in Verg. 6, 696 edd. now have aqua, and in Plin. 10, 196 eruunt; **2.** hence ruo me, I rush etc., in errores se ruunt, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 8; querit (aquila) quorsus potissimum in praedam superne sese ruat fulminis uicem, Apul. flor. 1, 2 f.; aucta aquarum powdera ualentius se in campos ruunt, Sol. 9, 7 (p. 71 Momm.); cf. prorueri se, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 51; Sol. 2, 25 (p. 41); and gen. for use as a vb. trans. diruo eruo prouo subruo; **II 3.** absol. as vb. intr., rush, rapite cogite ruite celeripedes, poet. ap. Cens. fr. 15 (p. 72, 3 Hultsch); at illum (sc. Caesarem) ruere nuntiant et iam iauque adesse, Cic. Att. 7, 20, 1 (see § 5); legiones infesto agmine ruere ad urbem, Liv. 3, 3, 3; add 3, 47, 7; 24, 16, 2; 27, 41, 8; Aeneadae in ferrum pro libertate ruebant, Verg. 8, 648; add 6, 44; 9, 438; 12, 526; **4.** met., ad interitum, Cic. Marc. 14; ferme fugiendo in media fata ruitur, Liv. 8, 24, 4; in seruitium, Tac. an. 1, 7; in exitum, h. 1, 84; **5.** absol. rush on wildly without regard to self or others, run a muck, Sed heus tu uide sis nequid imprudens ruas, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 128; ego bonos uiros sequar etiamsi ruent, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 7; uihil est magis timeudum quam ne ille (Pompeius) ruere incipiat, 2, 14, 1; de quo ego cum continuo rueret uerbum feci numquam, Sest. 133; Neseit uestra ruens ira referre pedem, Prop. 4, 14 (3, 15), 44; **6.** esp. rush down, fall suddenly with violence, ruit alto a culmine Troia, Verg. 2, 290; crebris motibus terrae ruere teeta, Liv. 4, 21, 5; ruitura domus, Lucan. 7, 404; and met., ruere illa (money matters abroad) nou possunt ut haec non eodem labefactata motu couciant, Cic. Man. 19; Vitellium ne prosperis quidem parem ruentibus debilitatum, by a downfall or crash of his fortunes, Tac. h. 3, 64; **7.** of those who fall in battle etc., caedebat pariter pariterque ruebant, Verg. 10, 756; nec quisquam primus ruit, Val. F. 7, 642; **8.** of the rushing elements in a storm etc., chiefly down-rushing, Mare caelum terram ruere ac tremere dieres, Afr. 9 R; ruit arduus aether, Verg. G. 1, 324; ruere omnia uisa repente, A. S. 525; nec frustra aduersus impios hebescere sidera, ruere tempestates, Tac. an. 1, 30; add Sen. Phaedr. 682; Val. F. 4, 663; 6, 616; Mart. 3, 100, 3; cf. Zeus καταβαρῆς; **9.** as a prov., quid si nuuc caelum ruat? if the sky were to fall, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 41; **10.** with an inf., dieere, Prop. 5, 1, 71; scire, Lucan. 7, 751; ditare, Stat. Th. 7, 177; **11.** ru- is for er-u- or rather er-uc-; and so =  $\epsilon\rho\text{-}\nu\kappa\text{-}$  and  $\epsilon\rho\text{-}\nu\kappa\text{-}$ ; but the full root was uel (as in uello) and uer (as in uerro); cf.  $\epsilon\lambda\kappa\text{-}\omega$  ( $\epsilon\lambda\kappa\text{-}\omega$ ); again rup of rumpo is but a variety of the same.

## S.

**săcellărius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. [săcellus] purse-bearer, sacellarius  $\beta\alpha\lambda\alpha\nu\tau\iota\phi\upsilon\lambda\alpha\zeta$ , excerpt. gloss. Steph.

**săcellum**, i, n. dim. [sacrum as sb. u.] a small piece of consecrated ground, with an altar, sacellum est locus paruus deo sacratus cum ara, Trebat. ap. Gell. 7, 12, 5; sacella dicuntur loca dis sacrata sine tecto, Fest. 318 a 33; exisse in quoddam sacellum omnis capicndi causa, Cic. din. 1, 104; sunt enim loca publica urbis, suut saecella, agr. 2, 36; Ara mihi positat paruo coninnecta saecello, Ov. F. 1, 275; add Prop. 5, 3, 57; Iuv. 13, 232.

**săcellus**, i, m. doub. dim. [sacculus, saecus; for loss of c and short vowel cf. mamilla ofella curulis] a little sack or pouch, hence a purse, uagnua cumulata est arcă săcellis,

Coripp. Ioh. 3, 369; Augusti seruans pia gaza (from gazum) sacelli, Iust. 4, 334; unde lenatores uiuerent nisi souantes aere sacellos (so mss, Buecheler saccellos) pro hamis in turbam mitterent? Petr. 140; see sacellarius and Haupt in Herm. 3, 149.

**săcrífico**, see

**săcrífico**, older săcrífico, řri, vb. r. [sacrificus] lit. act the sacrificus or priest; hence offer sacrifice, cum initiarent pueros, sacrificabantur Edusae, Cato ap. Non. p. 480; sacrificabantur in cubiculo uiduae, Varr. ibid.; uerba patiendi pro agentibus in omnibus fermemodum neterum scriptis reperiuntur, ex quibus sunt pauca ista... sacrificor pro sacrificio..., Gell. 18, 12, 10; see also Varr. 1.



9, 61; **2.** as a non-reflective vb. the same, Edepol si eo (mss have eo after Ioni) summo Ioui argento sacrificassem, ...numquam aeque id bene locassem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 84; Quoius quotiens sepulcrum uides sacrificas, Epid. 2, 1, 7; add Amph. 4, 2, 14; spatium quidem... Vocandi sacrificandi dabitur paululum, Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 21; in Capitolio mulierum turba erat nec sacrificantium nec precantium deos patrio more, Liv. 25, 1, 7; ita ferunt a Medea pellicem crematam, postquam sacrificatura ad aras accesserat, Plin. 2, 235; **3.** with abl. of the offering, Quoius (sc. uxoris) quotiens sepulcrum uides sacrificas Hico Orco hostiis, Pl. Epid. 2, 1, 7; **4.** also with acc. esp. in later writers, G. quot agnis fecerat? C. Illa quidem nullum sacrificauit, Pl. St. 1, 3, 97 (but qu. nullo?); Qui ullum turis granum sacrificauerit, Poen. 1, 2, 3; ignauam sacrificatē suam, Ov. F. 4, 414; sacrima appellabant mustum quod Libero sacrificabant pro uineis, Fest. p. 319 M; **5.** in comic metre seems to have been pronounced as sarficio; see Pl. and Ter. above, and cf. Fr. serment from sacramentum, larme from lacrūma.

**sālēb-ra**, ae, f. [sal-eb, from sal leap, like ter-eb, ter-ih in ter-eb-ra, trib-ulum and τριβ- from ter rub] a jolt or upward leap (as in travelling over rough ground, or water rushing over rugged rocks), Brundisium comes aut Surrentum ductus amoenum Qui quēritur sālēbras et acerbum frigus et imbres, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 53; si necesse habuerimus longinquis itineribus aduehere (apes) curabimus ne salebris sollicitentur, Colum. 9, 8, 3; **2.** the cause of a jolt, rugged ground, a hole, Luna ministrat iter, demonstrant astra salebras, Prop. 4, 15, 15; si quando rotae maiore nisu in salebras inciderunt, terram concuti senties, Sen. N. Q. 6, 22, 1; Nec quae Flaminiam secant salebrae, Mart. 9, 57, 5; **3.** met., uultum breui tristitiae salebra succussum, Val. M. 6, 9, ext. 5; senile guttur salebris spiritus granauit (of one who choked himself with laughing), 9, 12, ext. 6; **4.** esp. of rugged speech, alter (Herodotus) sine ullis salebris quasi sedatus amnis fluit, alter (Thucydides) incitator fertur, Cic. orat. 39; 'tria genera bonorum, proclui currit oratio, uenit ad extremum, haeret in salebra, fin. 5, 84; add 2, 30; disturbant de industria si quid placidius effluxit; nolunt sine salebra esse iuncturam (compositionis), Sen. ep. 114, 15; Carmina nulla probas molli quae limite currunt, Sed quae per salebras altaque saxa cadunt, Mart. 11, 90, 2; **5.** with a decapitated saleb, our 'leap and 'lept are akin.

**sālīo**, ire, ui (or ii?), saltum, vb. [=ἀλλ-ομαι, and a form sal- is implied in both salui and saltu-] leap or run (so our leap is one with the Germ. lauf-en to run); first leap, Nam qui in amore praecipitauit, perit quasi de saxo saliat, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 30; S. Maxumum in malum cruciatum hic insuliamus. O. Tu sali Solus, Mil. 2, 3, 8; add Bac. 3, 3, 24; alii obsaepis itineribus super nallum saliant, Liv. 25, 39, 5; alii salire de muro praecipitarique, 25, 24, 5; Mollibus in pratis unctos salire per utres, Verg. G. 2, 384; Inque maris salias Glancus ut alter aquas, Ov. Ib. 554; Per flammam aluisse pecus, saluisse colonos, F. 4, 805; ambulat aliquae (aues) ut cornices, saliant aliao ut passerres, currunt ut perdes, Plin. 10, 111; **2.** esp. of male animals ἐν τῇ συνοισίᾳ, with acc., cum equus matrem ut saliret adduci non posset, Varr. r. 2, 7, 9; uerris octo mensium incipit salire, 2, 4, 8; **3.** hence in pass., neque pati oportet minores quam bimas saliri, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; lacta salitur ouis, Ov. a. a. 2, 485; **4.** beat, throb, esp. of the heart or pulse, Atqui id futurum unde dicam nescio, Nisi quia futurumst; ita supercilium salit, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 105; saliant temptatae pollice uenae, Ov. M. 10, 289; salientia uiscera possit Et perlucent numerare in pectoris fibras, 6, 290; in ouo gutta ea salit palpitante, Plin. 10, 148; **5.** rebound, fly up again, Iam multa in tectis crepitans salit horrida grando, Verg. G. 1, 449; farre pio et saliente mica, Hor. od. 3, 23, 20; Farra deae micaeque licet salientis honorem Detis, Ov. F. 4, 409; add Tib. 3, 4, 10; **6.** run, esp. as water, lacum ubi aqua saliat, Varr. r. 1, 13, 3; Dulcis aquae saliente sitim restinguere riuo, Verg. B.

5, 47; haec amoenitas deficitur aqua salienti, sed puteus habet, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 25; **7.** for the general notion of running see saltus § 2.

**saltus**, us, m. [sal of sal-io] leaping, nec excursionem nec saltu uteretur, Cic. sen. 19; cum alacribus saltu, cum uelocibus cursu certabat, Sal. ap. Veg. mil. 1, 9 f.; Tum demum praeceps saltu sese omnibus armis In fluuium dedit, Verg. 9, 815; saltus uel ille qui corpus in altum leuat, uel ille qui in longum mittit, uel ille, ut ita dicam, Saliaris, aut, ut contumeliosius dicam, fullonius, Sen. ep. 15, 4; **2.** running, Non illas grauibus quisquam iuga ducere plaustis, Nou saltu superare uiam, Verg. G. 3, 141; **3.** dancing, but only in poets, saltuque imitatus agresti, Ov. M. 14, 521; Gaudentis foedo peregrina ad pulpita saltu Prostigni, Iuv. 8, 225; so also Saliaris in Sen. above; **II 4. a** cattle-ruu, a sheep-run, the Gk. ἀλο-ος (itself from ἀλλ-ομαι), i.e. poor land unfit for the plough, which for Italy means chiefly mountains, and so given up to the growth of wood or to pasture, quos agros non colabant propter siluas aut id genus ubi pecus possit pasci ab usu suo saltus nominantur, Varr. l. 5, 4, p. 37 Sp.; saltus est ubi siluae et pastiones sunt, Aelius ap. Fest. p. 302 M; **5.** hence a mountain-pass or defile, because that part of a mountainous district is most used, usque ad saltum Castulonensem est progressus, Liv. 22, 20, 12; intra saltum Thermopylarum sese recepit, 36, 15, 5; uallesque cauae saltusque profundi, Verg. G. 2, 391; **6.** met. of what it is difficult to enter or to get out of, ex hoc saltu damni, Pl. Men. 5, 6, 30; Qui nolt cubare pandit saltum sauiis, Cure. 1, 1, 56; **7.** a gen. salti in old writers, as, in salti faucibus, Att. 435 R.

**sardina**, ae, f. a fish, perh. the sardine, Colum. 8, 17, 12; pisces natura pingues ut sunt salmone et anguillae et alausae et sardinae uel aringi, auct. anon. in a receipt for ocogarum, Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 226.

**sātis**, (older sātis), or abbr. sāt, comp. neut. as adv. [for sat-ius; for root cf. sat-ur, ἀδ-ην, ἀλ-ις; for suff. pris for prius in prist-inus, magis, nimis, potis, ἀλ-ις and πλεον], lit. rather full, fullish—hence enough, is ea (praedia)...satis supsignato, CIL 200, 73; Iam nero Menaechme satis iocatus es; nunc hanc rem age, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 73; Non possum: satis iam satis pater durus fui, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 30; (libros) satis multos, Cic. top. 1; satis multa, Rab. Post. 45; ne pabuli quidem satis magna copia subpetebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 2; **2.** often as predicate to esse, Per Ionem deosque omnis adiuro uxor (satiu† hoc este tibi?) Non dedisse, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 92; quod satis sit faciet ipsa, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 17; sum enim audior plus quam satis sit, Cic. fam. 9, 14; **3.** w. gen. supplicii iam habeo satis, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 43; Satis sumpsimus iam supplicii, Pers. 5, 2, 72; Satis iam nerborunst, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 89; Nec satis ad obiurgandum causae, Andr. 1, 1, 111; testium, Cic. fin. 2, 62; temporis, Verr. 2, 2, 2; exemplorum, Liv. 32, 21, 29; **4.** satis habeo, regard as enough, be satisfied, Quando id quod sat erat satis habere noluit, Pl. Poen. 2, 12; Obscuro, satis iam ut habeatis, Merc. 5, 4, 42; satis habeo nihil me de tui fratris iniuria conqueri, Cic. fam. 5, 2; **5.** satis ago or agito, be sufficiently employed, have enough to do, enough upon one's hands, In somnis egi satis et fui homo exercitus, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 4; Nunc agitas sat tute tuarum rerum, ego ut opem te putem Ferre mihi posse inopem, Bac. 4, 3, 23; iam apud uallum nostri satis agebant, Cato ap. Char. 218, 2 K; is quoque suarum rerum sat agitat, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 13; pugnatur acriter; agitur tamen satis, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 9; Manlium Suram multum in agendo discursantem salientem inanus iactantem togam deicientem et reponcentem non agere dixit sed sat\* agere, Quint. 6, 3, 54; nostris in sentina satis agentibus, Gell. 19, 1, 3; curris, stupes, sat agis tamquam mus in matella, Petr. 58; **6.** weakening the next word, tolerably, passably, rather, pretty, like Fr. assez, Et quidem hercle forma luclenta. Sic satis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 12; cum quaereretur quid maxime expedit, respondet



bene pascere; quid secundum? satis bene pascere; quid tertium? male pascere, Cic. off. 2, 89; si me uultis esse oratorem, si etiam sat\* bonum, si bonum denique, non repugnabo, or. 3, 84; bonorum omnium, etiam satis bonorum, Att. 2, 19, 4; hoc enim satis impium est, Ulp. dig. 29, 2, 71; **7.** satis in old lang. often a monos.; cf. Ital. as-sai, Fr. as-sez; Tu de thesanro sumes. Satis scite et probe, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 56; At metuo ut satis sis subdola. Ceo uel decem, edocebo, Mil. 2, 4, 2; add 3, 1, 124 etc.; Satis cum periculo. Ibi tum exanimatus Pamphilus, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 104; Satis iam satis Simo spectata erga te amicitias mea, 5, 1, 1 etc.; **8.** often sat with loss of comp. suffix, cf. Old E. bet for better, leug for lenger i.e. longer, Nec sat liber sibi uidetur, nec sat frugi, nec sat honestus, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 58; tantum quantum sat est, Cic. sen. 48; Qui non sat habuit coniugem inlece in stuprum, Att. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 68; add \* above; **9.** satis w. long final at times in old lang. cf. magis, potis; Neque nunquam satis haec (so mss) duae res ornantur (bacchiac met.), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 5; Eo illud satius(t), si satis est, habitu quam quod plus sat est, 1, 2, 75; **10.** satin for satis-ne or sate-ne (cf. mage), Pl. above 1; satin est id ad uitam beatissimam? Cic. N. D. 1, 114 etc.

**sātius**, adj. n. comp. only used in this form [from a lost pos. of wh. sat is the root, as in adj. satur] better (as more expedient), only with esse expressed or understood, plus scire satius quam loqui Seruom hominem, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 57; add Cist. 4, 1, 10; Trin. 2, 2, 30; Truc. 5, 34 and 36; Poen. 3, 1, 49; and Att. 472 R; Quanto satius te id dare operam qui istum amorem ex animo amoueas, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 7; add Eun. 4, 7, 2; Haut. 5, 2, 16; Ad. 1, 1, 33; Ph. 5, 8, 63; Hec. 5, 1, 4; repertus est nemo quin mori diceret satius esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 88; add Att. 7, 1, 4; quanto satius saluis cruribus in circo expectare (sc. uenationem), Varr. s. 166, 4 R; bono uiuci satius est, quam malo more iniuriam uincere, Sal. Iug. 42, 3; Nonne fuit sātius tristis Amaryllydis iras Atque superba pati fastidia? Verg. B. 2, 14; satius multo fuisse non moueri bellum quam omitti motum, Liv. 34, 33, 7; add 3, 70, 4; 5, 20, 8; 5, 53, 8; add Mart. 10, 37, 6; Suet. Caes. 86; ps. Nep. Ag. 2, 1; **2.** as an adverb, rather? perh. in Ennod. epigr. 54; but see Haupt, Herm. 3, 217; while in Prop. 3, 32 (2, 32 or 34), 31 Latius is now read; in Cic. Att. 4, 16, 3; Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; Spart. Hadr. 20 the reading is doubtful or corrupt; **3.** satior in Plin. 17, 36 has given place to satis (from sata orum); **4.** see satis.

**sātrāpa**, ae, sātrāpes, ae, or is, sātraps, is, m. [corrupted from a Persiau word, prob. Schah-derbān, Kiug's door-keeper, v. Liddell and Scott, v. σατραπης] a satrap, a Persian viceroy, sātrāpa si siet Amator, numquam sufferre eius sumptus queat, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 43—a nabob; Darei satrapam, Curt. 3, 13, 1; oppidum Caphrena satraparum regia appellatur, Plin. 6, 119; Mardonius satrapes regius, ps. Nep. Paus. 1, 2; Pharnabazi satrapis regii, id. Lys. 4, 1; Pharnabazm satrapen Ioniae, id. Con. 2, 1; satrapae regii, id. Dat. 3, 1; quisque sedet sub rēgē sātraps, Sid. 2, 78; Praefectos satrapasque percussisse, 9, 50; Ornati cum fraude satraps, Alcim. 6, 392; **2.** in Ter. pronounce sa'r'pa, cf. parricida for patricida.

**sātrāpea**, (pia) ae, f. [satrapas] a satrapia, government of a satrap, satrapea, Curt. 5, 6 f.; 5, 9; satrapias, Plin. 6, 78.

**satraps**, see satrapa.

**scandala**, (scandula) ae, f. a kind of spelt or barley, called by Galli brac, Plin. 18, 62 (al. sandala); scandulae siue speltac K. M. \* (so) triginta, Edict. Diocl. 27; add Isid. or. 17, 3.

**scandūla**, (scind.\*) ae, f. [scando from the arrangement; but see below] a wooden shingle for roofing, scandula e robore aptissima...scandula coutectam fuisse Romam ad Pyrrhi usque bellum, Plin. 16, 36; materies piceae (picea?) ad fissiles scandulas, 16, 42; scandulis robustis aut stramentis, Vitruv. 2, 1, 4; porticus (for fowls) quae uel scandulis (al. scind.\*) uel tegulis tegentur, Pall. 1, 22; cupas seuo

pice scandulis complent, bell. Gall. 8, 42, 1; scindulae\* dictae eo quod scindantur, Isid. or. 19, 19; scindulae\* quod scindantur, scandulae uulgo, Gloss. Pap.; **2.** a climbing-plank for hens to their roosting-place, ab cohorte fenestellis scandulae iniungantur quibus irrepant aues ad requiem nocturnam, Colum. 8, 3, 6.

**scēlēr-us**, adj. (sceles. sb. n.) accursed, Teritur sinapis scelera quae illis qui ternet, Priusquam truerunt oculi ut extillunt facit (so Ritschl with ms A etc.), Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 28; Hic mihi corrumpit filium scelerum caput (wh. however scelerum might have been a gen. pl.), 1, 5, 31; Serv. ad A. 9, 485 quotes both these passages for the adj.

**scēl-ūs**, ōris, n. [from a lost vb. = σκεδ of σκεδαννμι, Germ. schiessen, our shoot, one with Lat. scat-; and so akin to σκερ- of σκερ-βολος dung-throwing, to σκωρ and σκατ-ος, to ster of stercus, spur of spureus and our own sharn shard as in Shakspeare's shard-born and met. scorn; from a vb. of shooting readily comes a name for dung, so that schiess-en and scheiss-en are one in origin. To the same belong χεδ of χεδω and S. had] hence religious pollution, with vbs. denoting contact, contactosque eo (eos?) scelere ad arma ituros, Liv. 21, 48, 3; nomen populi Romani tanto scelere contaminauit ut id nulla re possit nisi ipsius supplicio expiari, Cic. har. resp. 35; homini sceleribus flagitiisque contaminatissimo, prou. cons. 14; uitius et sceleribus coutaminati, ap. Lact. 3, 19; quis hoc non perspicit non istum maius in sese scelus concepisse, cum fana spoliavit, quam eos qui...? Verr. 2, 1, 9; quid sceleris fingi aut cogitari potest quod non ille conceperit? Cat. 2, 7; spes quaedam se ostentabat (so Beier, mss me obtentabat) fore ut aliquid conueniret potius quam aut hic tantum sceleris aut ille tantum flagitii admitteret, Att. 9, 10, 3; sentio quid sceleris admiserim, Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; Cum prudens scelus ob titulos admittis inanes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 212; in these phrases with admitt- in se is wanted to complete them, as culpam in se a., Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 40; and again; quodnam ego concepi tantum scelus aut quod in me tantum facinus admisi? Cic. Mil. 103; **2.** similarly the removal of the scelus is expressed by words which signify making clean or pure, wiping out. tua scelera di immortales in nostros milites expiauerunt, Cic. Pis. 85; so also in first pass. from Cic. above; **3.** hence the curse under which such an offender lies, quod hoc est scelus? (see the passage), Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 104; Neque quemquam ego hominem esse arbitror quō magis bonae Felicitates omnes auorsae sient. Quid hoc est sceleris? Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 35; **4.** met. a person whose touch is defilement, a term of abuse, abomination, scoundrel, ego pol te faciam scelus Te quoque etiam ipsum ut lamentaris, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 6; Abin a me scelus? (to a woman), Bac. 5, 2, 57; **5.** even with a masc. adj., guilt of impiety of the strongest nature, is me scelus auro usque attondit dolis doctis, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 9; Vbi illic scelus est qui me hodie...? Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 1; **6.** or with gen., Scelus tu pueri es, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 10; scelus uiri Palaestrio Is me in hanc inlexti fraudem, Mil. 5, 41; etiam scelus uiri unilitare? Truc. 2, 7, 60; **7.** often in comic metre a monos., as scūs perhaps, = σκωρ for σκεδ-ωρ, see above.

**scio**, scire, sciui or scii, scitum, vb. [shortened from scisco; and that for sec-isc-o from sec- cut, divide, cf. cern- first sift, thou see; also uid- first divide (cf. diuid-), then see; see also scindo and spcio] hence know, gen. with an acc. and inf., or else with an interr. pron., as first, Scibam hanc mihi supremam lucem et seruiti finem dari, Att. 37 R; scibamus ea uos merito nostro facere non potuisse, CIL 201, 6; in perditam et plane euersam in perpetuum prouiciam nos uenisse scito pridie Kal. Sextilis, Cic. Att. 5, 16, 2; **2.** with interr., quid agam scio, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 28; Scio ubi sit, uerum hodie nunquam monstrabo, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 31; ille scit ut hostium copiae, tu ut aquae pluuiae arcantur, Cic. Mur. 22; **3.** often with acc. of a neuter pron., quasi ego quidquam sciam, Cic. fam. 9, 17, 1; primum illud te scire uolo Sampsiceramm...,



Att. 2, 23; 2; hence in the pass., id de Marcello sciri petest, 22, 22, 2; 4. rarely with other acc. and that perh. only in old writers, as: Et is omnis linguas scit, Pl. Poen. pr. 112; Sed tu probe secui (so A) fidicinam Acropolistideum, Epid. 3, 4, 67; si suum officium sciat, Caecil. 264 R; Quid, non sciant ipsi uiam domum qua ueniant? Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 25;

5. in the phrase fidibus scire, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 53, to know how to play on the lute, canere is to be supplied; and in scire Latine, Cic. Brut. 140, and, eum Graece luculenter sciam, fin. 2, 15, to know how to speak a language, loqui completes the sentence, indeed the latter follows a clause with Graece loqui expressed; 6. with ex, and less frequently de, of the person from whom, Volo scire ex te urbanas res desubito deseris, Pomp. 102 R; Nam quod scio omne ex hoc scio, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 7; Nemo ex me scibit, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 38; quasi si quid aliquando scio non ex isto solem scire, Cic. fam. 9, 17, 1; and soon after, habuisti enim ex quo uel ex sobrio uel certe ex ebrio scire posses; for de see s. v. de § 10;

7. as a pass. impers., hoc scitis, nsque adeo hominem in periculo fuisse quoad scitum est Sestium uiuere, Cic. Sest. 82; nendum lucebat cum Ameriae scitum est, Resc. Am. 97; Quid tibi deberem tota sciretur in urbe, Ov. tr. 5, 9, 5; 8. de re ueneria, know, it ne uirum suum quidem scierit nisi temptatis conceptionibus, Trcb. 30, 12; 9. decree as plebs, ut tribuuns plebis prius rogationem ferret sciretque plebs uti..., Liv. 26, 33, 10, so Madvig, though in this sense scisceret would have been more usual; cf. scitum and plebiscitum; 10. old forms are scibam, see § 1 and Enn. 278 R; Pl. As. 2, 2, 34; Lucr. 5, 934; Catul. 68, 85; scibo, Att. 74 R; Pl. As. 1, 1, 13; and Most. 4, 3, 5; Turpil. 65 R; Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 38; and pass. scibitur, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 5; 11. sciam in old lang. was an indic. pres. and was preserved in certain phrases (ef. inquam and sum), quod laud sciam an tu primus ostenderis, Cic. or. 1, 255; atque haud sciam anne (Halm an ne) opus sit quidem..., am. 51; haud sciam an iustissimo triumpho ad eam actatem secundum Furium Camillum triumphauerit, Liv. 9, 15, 10; tantum quod sciam, Pl. Merc. 642, and even in the phrases wh. the meaning is, as far as I know, as: non ego te quod sciam unquam ante hunc diem uidi, Men. 3, 2, 35; add v. 39; non ero quod sciam, Capt. 2, 2, 15; Sestius nen uenerat quod sciam, Cic. Att. 16, 2, 4; it was prob. the mistaking this ind. for a subj. which led to such phrases as quod senserim, am. 103; see Lat. Gr. 1158, 1;

12. the sing. of the imper. pres. (sci) does not occur, and scite is rare, Mandere uos uestros scite et sentite colonos, Ov. M. 15, 141; more commonly the futres seito scitote are used in their place, Semper, tu seito, flamma fumo proxumast, Pl. Cnrc. 1, 1, 53; sed unum hoc seito, Most. 1, 1, 69; nideite quanta religio fuerit apud Segestanos; repertum esse iudicesscitote, neminem esse (I add esse) neque liberum neque seruum qui illud signum auderet attingere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 77;

13. scio in comic verse is sometimes a monos., Omnia ego istae quae tn dixti seio uel exsignauro, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 29; Seio quicquam; ita omnis meos dolos fallacias, Caecil. 208 R; Scio te sponte non tuapte errasse set amorem tibi..., 3, 2, 40—cf. Ital. so; add Pl. Most. 2, 2, 92; 3, 1, 49; and nescio as disyl. so as monos. sciunt, Pomp. 129 R; scies, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 4; sciam (subj.), Pomp. 138 R; 14. the perf. sciui occurs in Titin. 4 R; Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 26; but the forms without u aft. prevailed, scisse, Cic. or. 1, 58; Liv. 43, 5, 5; scisti, Ov. F. 4, 527; a. a. 1, 131; sciere, Plin. 33, 73.

scilareia, ae, f. the plant clary, herbae bene olen-tes ut puta satureia sclarcia ruta—and again: singuli manipuli in hanc mixturam coiciuntur acciti...et satureiae atque sclarciae, in a receipt for oenogarum, auct. anon., Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 227.

scrutor, ari, vb. r. [implies a simple vb. scrui- for scuru- or scaru- = σκαλ-εν- as crux = σκολοψ, crux = σκελος, creber = celebr; and that from σκαλ of σκαλλω; and so one with scalp- and sculp- for scal-ap- or scul-up-] give little digs to, keep poking, poke into, agnere gladio scrutare, Hor.

s. 2, 3, 276, from πυρ μαχαίρα σκαλενεν, Diog. Laert. 8, 17 and Athen. x 452 d, a met. phrase for introducing violence; quid uiscera nostra Scrutaris gladio? Lucan. 8, 557; Scrutabor ense uiscera et ferro extraham, Sen. Med. 1021; scrutari paleam cooperunt erutaque subinde patonina oua diuisere conuiuus, Petr. 33; disiectam fluitantemque testudinem lanceis contisque scrutantur, donec soluta compagine seutorum laceres prosternerant, Tac. h. 3, 27; Scrutatur audis manibus uncis lumina, Sen. Oed. 986; add Stat. Th. 1, 426; 2. esp. search (a man's person, as for stolen goods or arms), age rursus ostende huc dexteram:: Em tibi :: uunc laenam ostende :: quin equidem ambas profero: iam scrutari mitto: redde huc, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 24; nihil est Glancia quod metuas, non excutio te si quid forte ferri habuisti, non scrutor, Cic. Rosc. Am. 97; consuetudinem scrutandi salutantes manente adhuc bello ciuili omiserat, Suet. Vesp. 12 f; qui locus omnibus dispositi ab utraque parte scrutantur tabellarios et retinent, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 31, 1; uulnere stratum dum scrutatur (in search of plunder), Tac. h. 3, 25; 3. with acc. of object, by poking search for, accubantes effodiunt ibi inter saxa eneam scrutantes, Plin. 35, 37; uentus Offenso per saxa furit rimosa meatu Dum scrutatur iter, Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 172; 4. met. poke into, neque enim mihi placet scrutari te omnes sordes, excutere nnum quemque eorum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 11; respice primum Et scrutare uiros, Iuv. 2, 45; 5. met. poke into in search of, search after, immo uero scrutabimur (argumenta) et quaeremus ex omnibus, Cic. part. or. 8; Arcanum nequē tū scrutāberis illius unquam Commissumque teges, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 37; ereptas uiuenti pectore fibras Inspiciunt, mentesque deum scrutantūr in illis, Ov. M. 15, 137.

secta, ae, f. [sequor] a following, i.e. body of followers, party, train, suite, hence w. a gen. of person, horum nos sectam atque instituta persequimur\*, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 181; sequi eius auctoritatem cuius sectam atque imperium... secutus es\*, fam. 13, 4, 2; quam auctoritatem quam uocem cuius sectam sequi...uelles, Rab. perd. 22; hanc sectam rationemque uitae...secuti\* sumus, Cael. 40; Diuitioris enim sectam plerumque secuntur\*, Lucr. 5, 1115; Sectam meam executat\* (Gallae) duce me mihi comites, Catul. 63, 15; pro Vitruuio sectamque eius secutis\*, Liv. 8, 19, 10; add 29, 27, 2\*; 35, 49, 5\*; 36, 1, 5\*; 42, 31, 1\*; 2. esp. the followers of a philosopher, school, sect, qui eorum, id est, ex uetere Academia philosophorum sectam secutus\* es, Cic. Brut. 120; inter sapientiae sectas, Plin. 30, 3; Stoicorum, Sen. clem. 2, 5, 2; add 2, 5, 3; N. Q. 2, 35, 1; ep. 123, 15; auctoritatem Stoicae sectae praeferebat, Tac. an. 16, 32; add 6, 28 (22); h. 4, 40; Iuv. 14, 122; 3. a school of medicine, Vettius...nouam institit sectam, Plin. 29, 8; alia est Hippocratis secta, alia Asclepiadis, alia Themisonis, Sen. ep. 95, 9; 4. in jest, quos (sc. latrones) ad istam sectam paupertatis necessitas adegit, Apul. M. 4, 23 f.; at subita sectae commutatione (from the school of indolence to that of industry) risum commouerat, 9, 12, 1;

5. a rule (esp. of life) to follow, habet quasi uiam quandam et sectam quam sequatur\*, Cic. N. D. 2, 57; formam huius operis...quam uelut sectam legemque sequantur\* agricolae, Colum. 2, 2, 21; quae tibi secta uitae quod hominum genus placeat, Plin. pan. 45; placeat tibi semper haec secta, 85, 7; adsumpta Stoicorum adrogantia sectaque quae turbidos et negotiorum adpetentes faciat, Tac. an. 14, 57; diuersam uitae sectam, Quint. 3, 8, 38; add 12, 2, 6; 6. note the use of sequi w. secta, as marked \*; wh. alone condeems the deriv. fm. secta (uia), a path; 7. the Fr. suite (for suite) implies a lost form socta, cf. soc-ius and σπ-αδος etc. beside ἐπ-ομαι.

secubito, are, vb. frq. [secubo] lie apart habitually, Si seculibit, si quoque a me quae roget non impetret, Lucil. ap. Non. 382 f.

secūs, adv. comp. [shortened from sequius or secius, as minus from a theoretic minus, see sequior] otherwise, Corruit quasi ictus scena (a hatchet). Scine? Hau multo secus, Liv. Audr. 2 R; Secus si unquam quicquam feci



carnificem cedo, Naev. 14 R; Postremo si illuc quod uolumus euenet gaudebimus, Sin secus, patiemur animis aequis, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 25; nobis aliter uidetur, recte secusne postea, Cic. flu. 3, 44; uidesne Africane, quod paulo ante secus tibi uidebatur...? rep. 1, 26; quod longe secus est, am. 29; perinde ut euenisset res ita communicatos honores pro bene aut secus consulto habitura, Liv. 7, 6, 8; **2.** with quam, or atque, mihi erit caeae ne quid fiat secus quam uolumus quamque oportet, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 2; eadem sunt uembra sed paulo secus a me atque ab illo distributa, or. 3, 119; Haut secus ac iussi faciunt, Verg. 3, 236; **3.** often with neg., Tenebrae latebrae, bibitur estur; quasi in popina, hau secus, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 11; hora fere undecima aut non multo secus, Cic. Mil. 29; Aequam memento rebus in arduis Seruare mentem, non secus in bonis..., Hor. od. 2, 3, 2; **4.** with quam uelim uellem etc. understood (cf. sequior § 4), Quintus frater purgat se multum et affirmat nihil a se cuiquam de te secus esse dictum, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 11; ne quid de collega secus senatui scriberet, Liv. 8, 33, 15; interrogatus a consule quae de matre eius locuta secus (secus locuta?) argueretur, reticuit, Tac. an. 2, 50; but in Cic. Clu. 124 secus refers to the preceding bonum; in fam. 6, 21, 2 to the following recte; **5.** in comic writers at times a monos., perh. sec' like minus pron. miu' and our bet, mo, leng in old writers, for better, more, longer.

**sēm-ēl**, adv. [sem prob. meant one, as in semper, and = sim in simplex, sing. (old form semul), similis, sin in sincerus, sing in sing-uli; also = ἀμ of ἀμα, ὄμ of ὄμων etc., our same; while el is a dim. suffix] once, Nam ter sub armis malim uitam cernere Quam semel modo parere, Eun. tr. 297 V; Nunc certumst nulli posthae quicquam credere, Satis sum semel deceptus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 99; Liberare iurauisti me hand semel sed centiens, Poen. 1, 2, 148; comitem illum suum inelamauit semel et saepius, Cic. inu. 2, 14; **2.** hence often used in a succession, once, first, demonstrauius Vibullium bis in potestatem peruenisse Caesaris, semel ad Corfinium, iterum in Hispania, Caes. b. c. 3, 10, 1; bis post Numae regnum clausus fuit (Ianns), semel T. Manlio consule, iterum post bellum Actiacum, Liv. 1, 19, 3; tuam doleo uicem cui ter proditae patriae sustinendum est crimen, semel quum..., iterum quum..., tertio hodie quum..., 23, 9, 11; **3.** by one act completing all, at once, quod si e mari ferretur Atlantico, semel oppleret Aegyptum, at nunc per gradus crescit, Sen. N. Q. 4, 2, 25; lumen non paulatim proreperit sed semel uniuersis rebus infunditur, 2, 9, 1; lana quosdam colores semel ducit, quosdam nisi saepius macerata non peribit, cp. 71, 31; **4.** esp. of words, denique ut semel finiam sic fere componendum quomodo pronuntiandum erit, Quint. 9, 4, 138, in one word (so to say); et ut semel plura complectar, nunquam docebit, 1, 11, 66; **5.** once for all, once for good and all, so that there can be no occasion for retreat or repetition, qui ne quid tale uideret, Procnbnit moriens et hūmum sēmēl ὄrē momordit, Verg. 11, 418; cum facile orari, Caesar, tum semel exorari soles; nemo unquam te placauit inimicus qui ulla resedisse in te similitatis reliquias senserit, Cic. Deiot. 9; nulla reparabilis arte Laesa pudicitia est, deperit illa semel, Ov. her. 5, 104; **6.** strengthened as in: successerat Philippo Perses qui semel in perpetuum uictam esse Macedoniam non putabat ex gentis dignitate, Flor. 1, 28, 2; pestem semel et in perpetuum uolens extinguere, 1, 41, 7; **7.** hence used with conj. si semel, if once, ut semel, when once, hercle ego illum semel si prendero, Nunquam inridere nos inultum illupee seruom hominem sinam, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 6; Nam si semel tuum animum ille intellexerit, ...hui Quantam fenestram ad nequitiam patefeceris! Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 69; Neque se luna quoquam mutat atque ut exortast semel, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 118; in haec aedis pedem Nemo intro tetulit, semel ut emigrauius, Most. 2, 2, 40; Meretricem quae te semel ut nactast semper studnit perdere, Turpil. 161 R; Ariouistum ut semel Gallorum copias proelio uicerit superbe imperare, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 12; **8.** ut semel the moment that (comp. simul nt), saltat Milonius, ut semel iceto Accessit feruor capiti, Hor. s. 2, 1, 24; **9.** of magui-

tude, hic sol omni terrarum ambitu non semel maior, not merely once as big again, Sen. N. Q. 6, 16, 2; **10.** semel often a monos. (perh. sel) in old writers as in Eun., Pl. Capt. and Epid. above. See simul.

**semper**, adv. [sem means one, see semel, and for meaning § 5, once for all; per seems to mean time, as in nuper, parumper, paulisper, tantisper, quantisper] always, Ego deum geus 'sse semper dixi et dicam caelium, Enn. tr. 269 R; ut semper tibi Apud me iusta et elemens fuerit seruitus Scis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 8; me quidem fateor semper a genere hoc sermonis refugisse, Cic. or. 1, 99; iamque dies nisi fallor adest quem semper acerbum, Semper honoratum, sic di uolnisti, habeo, Verg. 5, 49; **2.** as a quasi-adj., et eri semper lenitas uerebar quorsum euaderet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4, master's constant gentleness; medium est quod Graeci aigleucos (αἰγίλευκος) uocant, hoc est semper mustum, Plin. 14, 83; **3.** with a gen., gratias libro mandabo uti laudes benefacti tui ubique gentium semper annorum representet, Apul. flor. 77.

**sēnect-ūs**, ūtis, f. [senec- with exrescent t] the being an old man, old age, T. Aufidius qui uixit ad summam senectutem, Cic. Brut. 179; subeant morbi tristisque senectus, Verg. G. 3, 67; **2.** of beasts, old age, senectus in equis et ceteris ueterinis intellegitur superciliorum canitie, Plin. 11, 169; **3.** of wine, Albani pretiosa senectus, Iuv. 13, 214; Cras bibet Albanis aliquid de montibus aut de Setinis cuius patriam titulumque senectus Deleuit, 5, 34; **4.** in other met., populum Atheniensem prope iam deficietem senectute, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 18; quae uos subito tam foeda senectus Corripuit fregitque animos? Val. F. 6, 283; cumque ipsa oratio iam nostra canesceret haberetque suam quandam maturitatem et quasi senectutem, Cic. Brut. 8; **5.** met. of what uarks old age, as grey hairs or moroseness, aemula necdum Temporibus geminis canebat sparsa senectus, Verg. 5, 416; dumque uirent genua Et decet, obducta soluaturo fronto senectus, Hor. epod. 13, 5; **6.** the old skin or slough which snakes cast off is called membrana senectutis or absol. senectus, uerrucas (sanat) membrana senectutis anguim, Plin. 30, 81; senectus anguim dysenteriae in stanneo uase decoquitur, 30, 57; another term for the same is uernatio; cf. Verg. G. 3, 437; cum positis nouus exuniis nitidusque iuuenta Volnitor (sc. anguis); **7.** also of the shell which crustacea etc. shed, ambo (sc. locustae et caneri) ueris pricipio senectutem anguim more exuunt renouatione tergorum, Plin. 9, 95; Theophrastus auctor est anguis modo et stellioues senectutem exuere eamque protinus deurare, 8, 111; **8.** aquilae senectus, see aquila § 8; **9.** senectus is often disyl. in comic verse, Solum nuum hoc nitium senectus affert hominibus (so the mss), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 47; Senectutem oblectet, respice aetatem tuam, Ph. 2, 3, 87; and prob., Metus egestas maeror senium exiliumque et senectus (- -) (for so the mss), Pacuv. 301 R; pronounced prob. sen'tus etc., just as senex has a gen. senis etc., but Bentley suggests snectus, ad Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 47.

**sēn-ex**, (prob. a nom. sen- once existed) gen. sēnis, acc. sēnem etc. sb. m. (rarely f.) or perh. adj. [sen old = ἐν of ἐνθ και νεα, Welsh hēn old, uet of uet-us; found also in sen-jor, sen-ium, sen-escio etc.] lit. a little old man, but in use au old man, Senex sum, utinam mortem oppetam priusquam cucnat Quod in pauperie mea senex grauitur gemam, Enn. tr. 170 R; Alui educaui; id facite gratum ut sit seni, Att. 114 R; sed ut tum ad senem senex de seuectute, sic hoc libro ad amicum amicissimus scripsi de amicitia, Cic. am. 5; quod ad me (sc. Hannibalem) attinet, (iam) aetas senem in patriam redeuntem unde puer profectus sum, iam...eruduerunt, Liv. 30, 30, 10; **2.** of an old woman, but perhaps with reference to the beard of such, matrem Sustinuit magna senem ceruice recepit, Val. F. 1, 349; Hanc animo gaudente uident iuuenumque cateruae Commemorant merito tot mala ferre senem, Tib. 1, 6, 82; nam uere pusus tu, tua amica senex, poet. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 3, p. 317 Sp.; **3.** of animals, cerui, Ov. a. ā. 3, 78; porci,



Iuv. 6, 160; cygni, Mart. 5, 37, 1; mulli, 10, 30, 24;  
**4.** of other objects, Bacchus (wine), Mart. 13, 23, 1; antumui (of wine), 3, 58, 7; saecla, Verg. car. 41; **5.** comp. older, quo uis non modo senior est quam aetas populorum et ciuitatum sed aequalis illius caelum regentis dei, Cic. leg. 2, 9; Sospite sic te (sc. Augusto) sit natus quoque sospes, et olim Imperium rogat hoc cum seniore senex, Ov. tr. 2, 166; curae fuit consulibus et senioribus patrum nt..., Liv. 2, 30, 4; consulares quoque ac seniores (in opposition to iuniores patrum just preceding), 3, 41, 5; reliquum populum distribuit in quinque classis senioresque a iunioribus diuisit, Cic. rep. 2, 39; octoginta confecit centurias, quadragenas seniorum ac iuniorum, Liv. 1, 43, 2; **6.** in sense rather old, somewhat old, an elder, a senior, chiefly in poets, Vix ea fatus erat senior (Auchises), Verg. 2, 692; Restitit et senior quamuis onus uerget, Ov. F. 4, 515 (of Celesus, called senex a few lines before and after); **7.** as adj., rather old, hoc quoque malo (erysipelas) fere corpora senora temptantur, Cels. 5, 28, 4; **8.** Varr. ap. Censor. D. N. 14 says: in tertio gradu (aetatis) qui erant usque xxxv annos iuuenes appellatos; in quarto autem usque ad lx annum seniores esse uocatos; inde usque finem uitae quinctum gradum factum, in quo qui essent senes appellatos; **9.** seniores, as a title of honour, the house of elders, or senate, scriptum erat Aristonem priuatum ad neminem, publice ad seniores, ita senatum uocabant (sc. at Carthage), maudata habuisse, Liv. 34, 61, 15; senaculum uocatum nbi senatus aut ubi seniores consisterent, dictum ut γεροντια apud Graecos, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 155 Sp.; **10.** senex in comic verse often a monos. (see senectus), perh. pronounced sen, being that lost nom. whence came senem etc., Senex qui huc Athenis exul uenit hau malus, Pl. Rud. pr. 35; Senex obsonari filii nuptiis, Aul. 2, 4, 17; Senex noster quid fit? quid tu's tristis? O scelus! Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 6.

**sentio**, ire, sensi, sensum [root seu=sinn of Germ. sinn-en, with exerescent t, cf. sententia; this root sen is seu in sensi, sensum, while senti- is shortened from sentisc-, wh. see] vb. feel, as used of all the senses (see Lucr. 3, 631), as first of touch, Nec nebulam noctu neque aranei tenuia fila Obuia sentimus quando obretimur euntes, Lucr. 3, 384; Frigus item transire per aes calidumque uaporem Sentimus, 6, 949; temptat in tenebris caput; Vt sentit tonsum, gladio pectus transigit, Phaedr. 3, 10, 27; **2.** of hearing, hear, perceive, sentio sonitum, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 69; Sed quid tonitru turbida toruo Coueussa repente aequora caeli Sensimus sonere? Att. 225 R; Atque adeo ualua sonere sensi regias, 470 R; omnia semper Cernere odorari licet et sentire sonare, Lucr. 4, 229; **3.** of sight, see, perceive, C. Nou prius salutem scripsit? N. Nusquam sentio, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 78; Et quoniam plagae quoddam genus excipit in se Pupilla, cum sentiro colorem dieitur album, Atque aliud porro, nigrum cum et cetera sentit, Lucr. 2, 811; **4.** of taste, taste, perceive, iam gustatus, qui sentire eorum quibus uescimur genera debet, habitat in ea parte oris quae..., Cic. N. D. 2, 141; quidam morbo aliquo suauitatem cibi non sentiunt, Phil. 2, 116; **5.** of smell, smell, perceive, canis forte feram sei nare sagaci Sensit, Enn. an. 346 V; Tm porro uarios rerum sentimus odores, Lucr. 1, 298; cf. Fr. sentir to smell and our own misspelt scent; **6.** gen. of the senses, feel, perceive, discover, plerique conebant ut noctu iter facerent. posse prius ad angustias ueniri, quam sentiretur, Caes. b. c. 1, 67, 1; qui homines si stare non possunt, corruant, sed ita ut ne uicini quidem proximi sentiant, Cic. Cat. 2, 21; cum mens tamen atque hominis uis Mobilitate mali non quit sentire dolorem, Lucr. 3, 646; articularios morbos sentientibus bibitur, Plin. 32, 39; **7.** of plants and met. of things, feel, putatae (uites) rursus alligentur alio loco, namque orbitas uinculi sentinut uexatione non dubia, Plin. 17, 210; uastationem namque sub Ciminii montis radicibus iacens ora senserat, Liv. 9, 37, 1; transitum exercitus ager senserat, 9, 41, 8; Tunc alnos primum fluiui sensere cauatas, Verg. G. 1, 136; sensit terrarum orbis degressum a custodia urbis Neronem, Vell. 2, 100, 1; **8.** to be liable

to (disease), morbos uniuersa genera piscium ut cetera animalia etiam fera non accipimus sentire, Plin. 9, 156; celeriter ea (radix) cariem sentit, 12, 28; cf. 8, 68; **9.** of the mind, feel, perceive, be sensible of, sentit animus se moueri; quod cum sentit, illud uua sentit, se ui sua non aliena moueri, Cic. Tuse. 1, 55; si me senserit Quam queritare, numquam dicet carnufex, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 8; **10.** as to constr. for acc., also for acc. and inf., see above; **11.** with cum, have the same feeling with, agree with, ne isto haud mecum sentit, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 24; fateor (me) insanisse qui cum illis senserim, Cic. Rosc. Am. 142; ego quidem cum L. Aelio et M. Varrone sentio, Gell. 2, 21, 8; **12.** with ab, side with in feeling, Omnia ego staece facile patior dum hic hinc a me sentiat, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 56; and sim. si iudices pro causa mea senserint, Gell. 5, 10, 14; **13.** senti for sensisti, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 11; **sentis**, is, m. and f. (see below one example of each) [sent-i- for sent-ic-, nom. sentix wh. see, sent- for sen-, see sentio] a thorn, H. Asper meus uictus sanest. E. Sentisne essitas? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 85; silua...Florida quam densi complerant undiquo sentes, Verg. 9, 382; densis sentibus, G. 2, 411; aspris sentibus, A. 2, 379; incultis sentibus, B. 4, 29; hamatis sentibus, Ov. M. 2, 799; ne prona cadas indignaue laedi Crura notent sentes, 1, 509; At rubus et, sentes tantummodo laedere natae, Ov. (?) in naue, 113; **2.** met. of a thief, Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 1; **3.** a thorny plant, κιννοσβατον sentem canis (the dog-rose or wild brier), Colum. 11, 3, 4.

**sentis-co**, ěre, vb. [older form of senti-o, wh. see] Lncr. 3, 392; 4, 586.

**Sentius**, ii, m. name of a Roman gens, as C. Sentius, praetor of Macedonia, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 217; Pis. 84; Cn. Sentius, prefect of Syria, Tac. an. 2, 74 and 79.

**sentix**, icis, f. [hence sentic-etum, sentic-osus and by loss of c senti-] a thorn, or rather a thorny plant, Rhamnus genus est rubi quam uulgo senticem ursinam appellant, Lsid. or. 17, 7.

**seorsum**, seorsus, also sorsum and sorsũs, adv. [for seorsum etc. turned aside] apart, separately, In aediciam istanc sorsum concludi uolo, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 21; Praeterea centum Philippeae minae in pasceolo sorsus, Rud. 5, 2, 26; Omnibus gratiam habeo et seorsum tibi praeterea Demea, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 14; so far only in disyl.; **2.** in Lucr. both disyl. and trisyl., Non ut opinor ita est; nam seorsum cuique potestas Diuisast, sua uis euquest, ideoque necesse est Et quod molle sit et gelidum feruens seorsum Et seorsum uarios rerum sentire colores Et quaecumque coloribu' sint coniuuncta uidere. Seorsus item sapor oris habet uim, seorsus odores Nasentur, sorsum sonitus, Lucr. 4, 489; **3.** in prose, suapte natio sua separata seorsum, Cato ap. Charis. 2, 195 P; qui se ciuem Hernicum dixerat seorsus in entodia habitus, Liv. 9, 42, 8; traditi in custodiam omnes sunt, seorsum ciues sociique, 22, 52, 3; seorsus a collega puto mihi omnia paranda, Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 9, 3; plerumque seorsum ab rege exercitum ducate solitus erat, Sal. Iug. 70, 2; **4.** so constr. with ab, but Lncr. has abl. alone, nequit ullam Dispicere ipse oculus rem seorsum corpore toto, 3, 564; At neque seorsum oculi neque nares nec manus ipsa Esse potest anima (so MSS, edd. animae), neque seorsum lingua, neque anres Auditu per se possunt sentire neque esse, 3, 631; **5.** seorsum sentire to feel differently, from the habit of dividing in meetings, Officiis cogi ut abs te seorsus sentiam, Afran. 85 R; At ego aio recte qui aps te seorsum sentio, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 52.

**sep-ĕli-o**, ire, iui or ii, sepultum (sepelitus also, see below) [root sep=σεν of βαπτω; cf. ser of sero=θεσ of τθημι, i.e. τιθεσμι, and of θεσ-μος; for suff. cf. ap-eri-o, op-eri-o, wh. are no compounds of pari] vb. bury, hominem mortuum in urbe ne sepelito neue urito, leg. xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 58; mortuus est, sepelitus est, Cato ap. Prisc. 10, 56 K; mater...surge et sepeli natum tuum priusquam ferat Volucresque..., Pacuv. 198 R; suorum corpora collata in unum sepeliri iussit, Liv. 27, 42, 8; sepultum Consentiae quod membrorum reliquum fuit ossaque Meta-



pontum ad hostem remissa (misunderstood I think by Fore.), 8, 24, 16; mortuos quei istic sepultus est, CIL S18; **2.** orig. burial in the earth was implied, but aft. used more gen., sepultus intellegitur quoquo modo conditus, humatus uero humo contactus, Plin. 7, 187; hunc sepeliri accuratissime imperauit, quod quum fieret, euenit ut repentina tempestate deiecto funere semiumtum cadauer discernerent canes, Suet. Dom. 15; **3.** met., Nunc hostes nino domiti somnōquē sepulti, Enn. an. 291 V; Vbi somno mi (somnum mss) sepēliui omnem atque obdormiui crapulam, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 1; nullus sum... sepultus sum, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 49; bellum exspectatione eius (Pompeii) attenuatum, aduentu sepultum, Cic. Manil. 30; id quoque (bellum) aduentu Caesaris sepultum atque discussum est, Vell. 2, 75, 1; finita uicesimo anno bella ciuilia, sepulta externa, 2, 89, 3; sepultae ac situ obsitae iustitia aequitas industria ciuitati redditae, 2, 126, 2; Dixit et asiduo linguā sepultā mero, Prop. 4, 10, 56.

**septentrio**, ōnis, older as a pl. septentriones -um or rather septem triones, m. [trion for ter-ion sb. m. dim. a little star, cf. Sansk. tara star] first as pl., the seven stars or constellation of Ursa Maior; Charles's Wain, Nam neque se Septentriones quoquam in caelo commouent, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 117; Helice, cuius clarissimas stellas totis noctibus cernimus, Quas nostri septem soliti uocitare triones, Cic. ex arat. ap. N. D. 2, 105; quare quod ἀμαξαρ Graeci uocant, nos septentriones uocamus, Gell. 2, 23, 4; and soon after: uulgus grammaticorum septentriones a solo numero stellarum dictum putat, triones enim per sese nihil significare aiunt sed uocabili esse supplementum, but soon after he adds that L. Aelius and M. Varro triones rustico uocabulo boues appellatos scribunt, quasi terriones, hoc est arandae terrae idoneos; **2.** the north, inflectens sol cursum tum ad septentriones, tum ad meridiem, aestates et hemes efficit, Cic. N. D. 2, 49; erat a septentrionibus collis, Caes. b. g. 7, 83, 2; **II 3.** as sing. the constellation of Ursa Maior, Talis Hyperboreo Septem subiectā triōni Gens..., Verg. G. 3, 381; Scythiam septemquē triōnem Horrifera inuasit Boreas, Ov. M. 1, 64; siderum in nauigando nulla observatio, septentrio non cernitur, Plin. 6, 83 (speaking of Taprobane or Ceylou); **4.** also with maior of Ursa Maior, minor of Ursa Minor; see Vitruv. 6, 11; **5.** the north, circa septentrionem frequentissime adparent (coactae), Sen. N. Q. 7, 21, 1; **6.** the north wind with uentus added or not added, ex ea die fuere septemtriones uenti, Cic. Att. 9, 6, 3; septentrio ortus nudauerat uada, Liv. 26, 45, 8; a septentrionali latere summus est aquilo, medius septentrio, imus thrascias, Sen. N. Q. 5, 15, 6; **7.** see ursa and plaustrum; **8.** for change of pl. to sing. see Philolog. Essays, p. 185.

**sēquior**, ōris, adj. comp. [from a lost adj. sequi-s following, second, seen in sequi-s i.e. semi-sequis 1½, and ult. from sequor] inferior, worse, sed et personarum contemplatio habenda est utrum frugi uitae an sequioris, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 11; si sexus sequioris (i.e. feminine) edidisset fetum, Apul. M. 10, 23; sequioris sexum, 7, 8; **2.** gen. as uent. adj. or adv. worse, in eo consistit melius an sequius terrae mandauerit pecuniam, Colum. 3, 5, 2; **3.** other, else, otherwise, and here three forms occur as sēqu-ius, sēt-ius for sēt-ius with an exrescent t, and secus through loss of i (like minus for minius), Quid sēquius (mss secutus est) aut quid interest dare te in manus Argentum amanti homini? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 93; Haec uihilo esse mihi uidentur sētius quam somnia, Men. 5, 7, 57; Quid fecimus quid diximus tibi sēquius (sētius?) quam uelles? Aul. 3, 2, 22 (if genuine, see Wagner's ed.); **4.** with ref. to an understood quam uelles or quam uelis, unkind or unkindly, inuitus quod sequius de meis ciuibus loquor, Liv. 2, 37, 3; at uero ne homines de me sequius loquantur, Sen. ben. 6, 42, 2; **5.** with neg., (not) otherwise, (not) the less (on this account), esp. with hoc, nihilo or nilo etc., Sed nilo sētius mox puerum deferent ante ostium, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 18; Nec quod frigida nis ferrist hoc setius illi Semina concurrunt calidi fulgoris ad ictum, Lucr. 6, 315;

nec setius omnis in unguem Arboribus positus secto uia limite quadret, Verg. G. 2, 277; add A. 7, 781 and 9, 441; in all wh. Ribbeck with mss has setius; tamen propositum nihilo secius (so Fiseher but?), Nep. Att. 22, 3; nihilo secius (so Elberling and Nipperdey but?) Caesars duas acies hostem propulsare iussit, Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 4.

**1 sēquor**, quī, quītus or cūtus, vb. r. [=ἐπιουαι and S. sach, =Goth. sak-an litigate and sok-j-an seek, perh. =our seek, G. such-en and sach-e a suit] follow, sequere me, praeci hercle tu, Caecil. 273 R; Comites secuti scilicet sunt uirginem, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 55; praefecturas sic accepit ut neminem in prouinciam sit sequentus, Nep. Att. 6, 4; sequiturque patrem non passibus aequis, Verg. 2, 724; ex urbe amicitiae causa Caesarem secuti, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 2; **2.** of time, follow, ut male posuimus initia sic cetera sequuntur, Cic. Att. 10, 18, 2; sequitur hunc annum nobilis clade Romana Caudia pax, Liv. 9, 1, 1; lacrumae sunt nerbā secūtae, Ov. M. 9, 781; **3.** with uiam iter etc. follow (a road), keep to (it), nec Agnore natus Quas fugerem docuit quas sequerere nias, Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 38; Diuersum quamuis quisque sequamur iter, 2, 10, 18; captus semel per canernam lautumiarum euasit uolpium aditus secutus, Plin. 11, 185; **4.** met. yield to, take a form under pressure, Vt laus est cerae, mollis cedensque sequatur Si doctos digitos insaueque fiat (i.e. faciat) opus, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; artificis uicturac pollice cerae Accipiunt formas ignemque inanumque sequuntur, Stat. Ach. 1, 332; cf. sequax; **5.** met. take for one's guidance, follow, obey, imitate, ille Plato quem ego uehementer auctorem sequor, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 18; haec qui ante dicunt (foretell eclipses) quam rationem sēquuntur uides, diu. 2, 17; **6.** have for an object, pursue, sin Caesarem respiciant atque eius gratiam sequantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 3; qui remoti a studiis ambitiouis otium ac traquilittatem uitae secuti sunt, Cic. Mur. 55; **7.** follow, as property, follow the line of inheritance, pass to, devolve upon, si quis mortuus est Arpinatis, eius heredem sacra non secuntur, Cato ap. Prisc. 4, 21, p. 129 K; aqua ager priuatus casteli Vitoriorum est, quem agrum eos uendere heredemque sequi licet, is ager uicetigal(is) nisi siet, CIL 109, 6; (hoc sepulchrum heredem non) sequetur, 1090; heredes monumentum ne sequeretur, Hor. s. 1, 8, 13; or abridged: hered. non seq., CIL 1269; or still more so, H M H N S, inser. Or. 2807; add Plin. 9, 124; **8.** of order of topics, esp. as a vb. impers., sequitur ut doceam omnia subiecta esse naturae, Cic. N. D. 2, 81; haec sint dicta de aere; sequitur terra, Plin. 2, 154; sequitur de usucapione dicere, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 4; sequitur uidere de eo..., 45, 1, 91; **9.** also vb. impers., follow as an inference, nec si omne enuntiatum ut uerum aut falsum est, sequitur ilico..., Cic. fat. 28; nec enim sequitur ut cui cor sapiat, ei non sapiat palatus, flu. 2, 24; nam si est insidiarius Clodius, sequitur ut recte sit occisus, Quint. 3, 11, 17.

**2 sēquor**, quī, cūtus, vb. r. [=Germ. sag-en, our say, a form soc or soq first changed to suer or sfer seems to explain εἰσὶ πειν, εἰνπετε for εἰν-σπετε=insequer; as also σπετε for εἰσπετε, a redupl. aor.=σε-σπε-ερε; as well as σπε-ερε-ερε; also S. vach, and vach-as speech, with Lat. uocare; for refl. suff. cf. loqu-or] talk together, chat (with), A. Ne parce uoci ut audiat. M. Cum ipso pol sum secuta (so all mss and Lindl., al. locuta by conj.); cf. insequo, insectio, sequester; and Gell. 18, 9.

**sēriēs**, acc. em, abl. e, pl. n. and acc. es, f. [sēro link together, wh. see; or rather from a lost vb. seri-o, cf. for suff. faci-es, speci-es, fid-es] a row or series of things connected, as the links in a chain, series uiuculorum (in the iugum of the carriage of Gordius) ita astricta erat ut unde nexus inciperet quome se conderet nec ratione nec uisu perspicere posset, Curt. 3, 1, 17; sic inter se iuga uelut serie cohaerentia perpetuum habent dorsum, 7, 3, 21; equitibus equisque tegumenta erant ex ferreis laminis serie inter se connexis, 4, 9, 3; Ac iuuenum series tenetis immixta puellis, Tib. 1, 3, 63 (with hands linked in dance); puelli puellaeque in obliquam serieu conexi, Apul. M. 10, 29;

**2.** and met., est enim admirabilis quaedam continuatio



seriesque rerum ut alia ex alia nexa et omnes inter se aptae conligataeque uideantur, Cic. N. D. 1, 9; fatum id appello quod Graeci *επιρμηνον* id est ordinem seriemque causarum cum causae causa nexa rem ex se gignat, diu. 1, 125; fatum est sempiterna quaedam et indeclinabilis series rerum et catena, Gell. 7, 2, 1; 3. esp. of time, annorum, Hor. od. 3, 30, 5; temporis, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 54; uitae, Ib. 64; 4. line or succession of a family, Digne uir hae sērie, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 109; Et serie fulcite genus, Prop. 5, 11, 69; familiae ueteris propinquitatis serie cohaerenti, Val. M. 2, 7, 5; 5. in pl. fictas litium series, Vell. 2, 118, 1; litium series ubique maiorem in modum excreuerant, Suet. Vesp. 10.

**sermōno**, āre, vb. [sermo sb.] converse, quomodo mortuus qui istic sepultus est nec loqui nec sermonare potest, scie Rhodine...mortua sit nec sermonare possit, CIL 818; cf.

**sermōnor**, āri, vb. recipr. [id.] converse, sermonari rusticus uidetur sed rectius; sermocinari rectius sed corruptius, Claud. an. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 17; cf. consermonor.

1 **ser-o**, sēre, ui (?), tum, vb. [= *ερω*, for Homer's *ἔρωον* *ἠλεκτροισιν ἐρμηνον* shows that *ερω* has lost an init. cons., prob. σ] link or string together, Accipiunt sertas nardo florente coronas, Lucan. 10, 164; genus loricarum mutauit et pro sertis (so Fischer with mss, al. ferreis) atque aeneis linteas dedit, ps. Nep. Iphicr. 1, 4; commeantem puellam (se. ut Venerem) populi frequentes floribus sertis et solutis adprecatur, Apul. M. 4, 29; iaculis floribus sertis et soluti deam snant propitiantes, 10, 32; cf. sertum; 2. met., fato cuius lege immobilis rerum humanarum ordo seritur, Liv. 25, 6, 6; quid seris fando moras? Sen. Med. 281; cf. nectere moras in Tac., Sen., Val. F.; 3. esp. of talk, haec...damna multa mulierum Me prohibent uxore quae mi huius similia sermones serat, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 106; ubi sermones inter se serentium circulos uidissent, Liv. 28, 25, 5; Multa inter sese uario sermōnē sērebant, Verg. 6, 160; qui mos ille rotigantes colloquia serendi cum hoste..., Liv. 24, 31, 3; certos homines quotidie cum eo secreta colloquia serere, 34, 61, 7; querelas uerbaque incassum sero, Sen. Med. 26; cf. sermo wh. comes from sero; also such a use of text as in: Quamuis sermones possunt longi texier, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 68; and of *ἔφανω*; 4. but serere uis negotium of Pl. Most. 5, 1, 51 belongs to sero sow.

2 **ser-o**, ēre, ui, tum, vb. [a variety of *sin-o* and = *θεσ* of *τιθημι*, *θεσπος*; for change of init. cons. compare *sep-elio* by the side of *θαπτ-ω*, indeed the fuller forms were perh. es erō and es-ino, cause to be (in a place), put (there)] put, seen in the compounds in-ser-o put in, ex-ser-o or exer-o put out, de-ser-o put down, abandon; 2. let, permit, neue lue rue Marmar sers incurrere in pleoris, carm. aru. 2, CIL 28, wh. sers an old imper, 2 pers. for sere, itself for seris; 3. perh. one in origin with sero sow, as this is but putting in the ground.

3 **sero**, ēre, sēui, sātum, vb. [= uero sow, Go. sai-an, Germ. sä-en; see also sero 2] sow, in iugero medimnum fere tritici seritur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 112; seruntur fabae modii iiii iu iugero, ordei vi, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; interiores plerique frumenta non serunt, sed lacte et carne uiuunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Exercete uiri tauros, sērite hordeā campis, Verg. G. 1, 210; 2. plant, si in sulsis seres ternas taleas ponito, Cato r. 45, 3; add 133, 3; da mihi ex ista arbore quos seram surculos, Cic. or. 2, 278; nos nero iustissimi homines qui Transalpinas gentis oleam et uitam serere non sinimus..., rep. 3, 16; Nullam Vare sacra uite prius seueris arborem, Hor. od. 1, 18, 1; and for both meanings, hac res et semine et plautis seruntur, Colum. 3, 11, 39; 3. de hominibus, Tertullae nollem abortum; tam enim Cassii sunt iam, quam Bruti serendi, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 2; disputari solet perpetuis cursibus caelestibus exstitisse nandam maturitatem serendi generis humani, leg. 1, 24; add Tusc. 1, 118; 4. esp. the part. satus iu poets, O sātē gentē deum, Verg. 8, 36; Matre satus terra, Ov. F. 3, 799; s. Nereide, M. 12, 93; ab imbri, 4, 282; de Numitore F. 4, 54; 5. met. sow the seeds of, quid

tu porro serere uis negotium (trouble)? Pl. Most. 5, 1, 51; mirari se dicitans quid ita nune demum ciuiles discordias serant, Liv. 3, 40, 10; cum patribus serere certamina, 2, 1, 5; ex bellis bella serendo, 21, 10, 4; Rmoresque serit uarios, Verg. 12, 228; uulnera uasta serabant, Lucr. 5, 1290; 6. prov. Mihi istic nec seritur nec metitur, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 80; I have nothing to lose and nothing to gain in that.

4 **Sēro**, ōnis, m. a Roman cognomen, L. Gaius Sero, inscr. Grut. 129, 11.

5 **sēro**, āre, vb. [sera sb.] bolt, lock, ap. Prisc. 8 p. 443 K.

6 **sēro**, adv. [sērus adj.] in the evening, Veni Capuam ad Nonas Febr., eo die Lentulus uenit sero, Cic. Att. 7, 21, 1; quum accusator interrogaret quo tempore Clodius ocieus esset, respondit Sero (with a double meaning), Quint. 7, 3, 49; 2. late, uidesne quam ea (se. eloquentia) sero prodierit in lucem? Cic. Brut. 39; etsi domum bene potus seroque redieram, tamen..., fam. 7, 22, 1; suspiret ab imo Femina tam sero cur ueniatque roget, Ov. a. a. 3, 676;

3. more commonly, too late, res rustica sic est, si unam rem sero feceris omnia opera sero facies, Cato r. 5, 7; abi stultus, sero post tempus uenis, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 90; age modo, hodie sero ac nequiquam uoles, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 103; sero resistimus ei quem per annos decem aluimus contra nos, Cic. Att. 7, 5, 5; in Equo Troiano scis esse in extremo 'sero sapiunt', tu tamen mi uetule non sero, fam. 7, 16, 1; sero sapiunt Phryges, who took ten years before they restored Heleu, became a prov.; cf. Fest. v. sapio; 4. comp., serius, later, omnium 26-satur urna serius oculus Sors exitura, Hor. od. 2, 3, 26; ad quae (sc. mysteria) biduo serius ueneram, Cic. or. 3, 75; wh. too late also would suit; in Mart. 1, 108, 9 Leutsch has saepius; couiuiā nonnunquam et serius inibat et maturius relinquebat (than the other guests), Suet. Aug. 74; add Claud. 8 and Caes. 65; 5. too late, hi in auxilium aduolauerunt, sed serius itinere denio per ignorantiam locorum retardati, Suet. Galb. 20; 6. superl., quam serissime, Caes. b. c. 3, 75, 2; (pira) Tarentina serissime (serissima Detlefsen) legi, Plin. 15, 61.

**sertus**, part. of sero 1; 2. sertum, i, as sb. n. flowers strung together, a garland, incedens odores, sertis redimiri iubebis et rosa? Cic. Tusc. 3, 43; Ture calent arae sertisque recentibus halant, Verg. 1, 421; add B. 6, 16; Ov. tr. 5, 3, 3 and F. 4, 616; roseo Vener anrea serito Maerentium pulsat puerum (i.e. Cupid), Aus. id. 6, 88; 3. sarta, ae, as sb. f., perh. uitae understood, the same, Cum tua praependent demissao in pocula sarta, Prop. 3, 31, 37; Huc ades Aonia crinem circumdata sarta, Corn. Sev. ap. Charis. 1, p. 107 K.

**sesquis**, adj. only found in abl. [for semi-sequis, of wh. sequi-s is a lost adj. from sequ-or, with the sense of following or second, like secundus; its comp. sequior sequius exists] lit. half the second, meaning 1½, like the Lat. sestertius for semis-tertius half the third, i.e. 2½ (cf. Germ. andert-halb 1½, drittenhalb 2½ etc.), pes qui adhibetur ad numeros partitur in tria, ut necesse sit partem pedis aut aequalem esse alteri parti aut altero tanto aut sesqui esse maioreui; ita fit aequalis dactylus (sc. - | - -), duplex iambus (sc. - | -), sesquipedes paeon (sc. - | - - -), Cic. orat. 188, wh. note that two short = one long.

**si**, [shorteued from *sin*, wh. sec; writteu also *sei*\*, and set] first as pron. adv. so (cf. It. Fr. Span. si so and Lat. sic for si-ce; also si-eut), ne mi hanc differant Me germanauit meam sororem in conebinatium tibi Si (so mss, Camer. ej. sic) sine dote deditisse, Pl. Tru. 3, 2, 65; iube oeti; sei\* si fecerit, gaudebit semper, CIL 1447 on a sors, wh. Büeheler needlessly writes iubeo and sic; Honestam uitam nixsit pius et spleudidus Vt quisque exoptet set honeste uiuere, 1273, wh. Mommson wd. write sic for se; Quid si te (mss sit, edd. sic or sic te) extra aedis exauinata elimiua(s)? Ein. tr. 290 V; Prineipium hoc oro in animo ut si statuas tuo, Afran. ap. Charis. 195 P, 219, 21 K, wh. Bothe



sic; Si nalebit, plus in buccam baetet, si dicunt, schēma, Pomp. ap. Non. 224 v. schema (a dress as in cum serullis schēma, Pl. Amph. prol. 117), wh. mss si dicim, edd. sic dicunt; si quassante capite tristes Incedunt, Caecil. ap. Serv. G. 1, 74, wh. Ribbeck (de suo) sic; Ferri tautum si roget me, non dem, quantum auri petit; Si secubitet, si quoque a me quae roget non impetret, Lucil. ap. Non. 382, wh. L. Müller sic quoque; Si mouet ae simat (mss aximat) nares delphinus ut olim, Lucil. ap. Non. 169, wh. L. Müller by cj. sic monet; utque canina Si (so mss; L. Müll. cj. sic) lingua dico: nihil ar me, Lucili ep. Vel. Long. 2213; quare ea quae scribam, si (so ms Med., edd. sic) habeto, me de illius sententia scribere, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4; Sicine (mss sicine) snbrepsti meaque (mss mei atque) intestina perurcus, Si misero eripuisti omnia nostra bona? Catul. 77, 4—wh. edd. ei or hei misero; Caementis licet occupes Terrenum omne tuis...(Si figit adamantinos Summis uerticibus dura Necessitas Clausos), non..., Hor. od. 3, 24, 5—where Bentl. cj. sic for si; **2.** esp. in the phrase, si dis placet, so heaven ordains, aduenit si dis placet Ad nillam, argutum meo qui debet patri, Pl. Truc. 3, 1, 3—so heaven ever rewards the good; hunc ego, si placet Diouae...cecidit—so Venus ordains such guilt shall be avenged—Catul. 56, 6; **3.** but si dis placet gen. as marking an indignity, so Don. ad Eun. proprium est exclamantis propter indignitatem alieuius rei, so heaven ordains to punish us for our sins no doubt, can indignity be greater? what next? uide ut otiosus it, si dis placet, Ter. Eun. 5, 3, 10—Pythias speaking of Parmeno—misunderstood by Prisc. 2, 244 K; Ille bōnus uir nobis psaltriam, si dis placet, Parauit quicum uiuat, Ad. 3, 4, 30; quoniam si dis placet ab Epicuro loqui discimus, Cic. fin. 2, 31; alter, si dis immortalibus placet, testimonium etiam in Sex. Roscium dicturus est, Rosc. Am. 102; quin etiam, s. d. p., nefas aiunt esse, consulum plebeium fieri, Liv. 4, 3, 9; L. illum Sextium et C. Licinium, perpetuos s. d. p. tribunos, 6, 40, 7; nos s. d. p. iam etiam rem publicam capessere eas patimur, 34, 2, 11; cum Philippo hoste nostro...s. d. p. affinitatem etiam...pepigisti, 34, 32, 17; et s. d. p. quum has tantas opes affectabant, dissimulabant ulla parte id ad se pertinere, 37, 53, 5; ex decem legatis s. d. p...aduersarios habeo, 38, 47, 3; add s. d. p. sumebant, 39, 28, 5; praetendit, 39, 28, 11; accusatis, 39, 36, 14; contulit, 40, 13, 1; probamus, 41, 23, 7; suut, 44, 22, 8; praemio inuitatur ebrietas et s. d. p. emittit, Plin. 14, 140; ut ductare exercitus et patrare bella apud Sallustium dicta sanete... ridentibus s. d. p., Quint. 8, 3, 44; post Macedonas s. d. p. Thraeces rebellant, Flor. 1, 39 (3, 4), 1;—cf.: Nero, quoniam ita placuit dis, princeps lamna pectori imposita sub ea cantica exclamans alendis uocibus demonstrauit rationem, Plin. 34, 166;—si, if, in this phrase could only give a meaning like our D. V. and could only apply to the future, though even here si placebit wd. be needed; as it is, all the cases above quoted with one exception are in the present or past; II **4.** as pron. conj. if, a meaning which grows out of so, on this condition; thus in Eng. so is used for if, as in: And now, so you will let me quiet go, To Athens will I bear my folly back, Shaks. Mids. N. D. 3, 2; also in Germ., so ihr bleiben werdet an meiner Rede, so seid ihr meine rechte Jünger, St John 8, 31. Hence first perh. answering to some phrase or word of condition, filio dixeram librum tibi ea conditione daret si reciperes te correcturum, Caec. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 4; si ignouisse pntato Mē tibi si cēnas hodie mecum, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 69; cuius (sc. paeis) ita aliqua spes est si eam uos ut uicti audietis, Liv. 21, 13, 5; dietator se ex curia proripnit, tum nero maiestatem dictatoriam a magistro equitum eucrsam dictitans, si illi impune spretum imperium fuisset, 8, 30, 11; **5.** even if, though, nam si ego digna hac contumelia Sum maxime, at tu indignus qui faceres tamen, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 26; satis uebis persuasum esse debet, si deos celare possimus, nihil tamen iniuste esse faciendum, Cic. off. 3, 37; **6.** when (but only of the future, wh. involves the notion of if; compare too Germ. wenn 'if' by the side of our when), Meditata mihi sunt omnia mea incommoda, erus si redierit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18; Nam si luxerit (illuxerit?) ad librariorum Curram serinia, Catul. 14, 17; Praetērā si nōnā diem mortalibus alnum

Aurora extulerit...Prima citae Teucris ponam certamina classis, Verg. 5, 64; **7.** if, as sure as, to express a certainty by addition of an if-clause which speaks of a certainty, si est boui consulis ferre opem patriae, est etiam bonorum ciuium intercludere omnes seditionum uias, Cic. Rab. perd. 3; Di tibi, si qua pios respectant nuuina, si quid Vsqum iustitias et mens sibi conscia recti, Praemia digna ferant, Verg. 1, 603; **8.** after an assertion, to correct it, if at least, Romae delectus habetur, si hic delectus appellandus est, cum ultro se omnes offerunt, Cic. fam. 11, 8, 2; iam ille hic deludetur probe Si quidem non uoltis ausentando operam dare, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 23; **9.** si...si..., like the double siue, whether...or..., sei deo sei diuae sac. C. Sextius C. f. Caluinus pr. de seuti sententia restituit, ou au altar (to Aius Locutius?), CIL 632; sei deus sei dea, 1114; eas ferias si quis polluisset hostiam si deo si deae immolabant, Gell. 2, 28, 3; **10.** also si...siue...in the same sense, si uiuimus siue morimur, Enn. an. 384 V; Si media nox est siuest prima uespera, Tamen est eundum quo imperant iugratis, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 4; so frequently in old writers but not to the exclusion of siue...siue (cf. Amph. 4, 3, 15); III **11.** conj. w. subj. after verbs of knowledge, whether if, lamdudum exspecto si tnum officium scias, Pl. Poen. pr. 12; non recusauit quominus uel extremo spiritu, si quam opem reipublicae ferre posset, experiret, Cic. Phil. 9, 2; si nostri transirent exspectabant, Caes. b. g. 2, 9, 1; hanc (uallē) uterque si aduersariorum copia transire conarentur, exspectabat, b. c. 2, 34, 1; situm urbis contemplantis si qua parte temptare aut opere aut ni possent, Liv. 44, 13, 8; ad collegium pontificum referre consul iussus si posset reete uotum incertae pecuniae suscipi, 31, 9, 8; accepto poculo nihil aliud locutum feruut (Philopomenem) quam quaesisse si incolnmis Lycortas equitesque euasissent, 39, 50, 7; quaeiuit si aquam in totidem dies quot frumentum imposuissent, 29, 25, 8; quaeiuit si cum Romanis militare liceret, 40, 39, 6; Sed fatis incerta feror si Iuppiter unam Esse uelit Tyriis urbem Troiaque profectis, Verg. 4, 111; identidem cogitamus si maius principibus praestemus obsequium qui seruitute ciuium quam qui libertate laetantur (laetatur?), Plin. pan. 2, 5; but this construction is rare in the best writers, Cic. using it only with experiri, Caesar only with expectare; quaeiuit si quem nouissent ad id expeditum, Vitr. 7, 1, 5; **12.** in old writers this construction occurs with an indic., as: uisam si domist, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 7 and Haut. 1, 1, 118; Vide si quid opis potes adferre huic, Ph. 3, 3, 20; so too Vitr. 7, 5, 4 has: neque animaduerterunt si quid eorum fieri potest (possit?) necne; **13.** not unlike the use of § 11 is that with verbs of action, directed to an object which may or may not be attained, if, whether, in the hope that (still with subj.), Operam usque assiduo seruos dat si possiet Meretricem illam inuenire, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 37; Homines captiuos conmercatu si queat Aliquem inuenire suum qui mutet filium, Capt. 1, 1, 32; si perumpere possent conati operis munitione repulsi destiterunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; teutata res est si primo impetu capi Ardea posset, Liv. 1, 57, 3; **14.** similarly si with imperf. subj. is used in reference to a preceding nouu which points to a future possibility, una subsidiū spes erat si consules maturassent in prouincia ire, Liv. 40, 26, 4; and in elliptical sentences of wishing (what would I give) if, oh that, Si nunc se nobis ille aureus arbore ramus Ostendat neuore in tanto! Verg. 6, 187; O si Sub rastro crepet argenti mihi seria! Pers. 2, 10; IV **15.** in hypothetical sentences, where non-existence of the supposed case always is implied, with a subj. and first a pres. imperf., when for active verbs the English has were...ing, were to attempt to, were to, Si ego item memorum quae me erga multa fecisti bene, Nox diem adimat, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 56; Quod in opere faciundo operae consumis tuae, Si sumas iu illis exercendis, plus agas, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 22; Nouue sapiens si fame ipse conficiatur (were in a way to be destroyed) abstulerit cibum alteri? Cic. off. 3, 29; **16.** with pres. imperf. of static verbs, with a mere past tense in English, hoc nec scio nec si sciam (if I knew or did know) dicere ausim, Liv. praef. 1; Tu, si hic sis (were here, were iu nuy shoes), aliter sentias, Ter.



Andr. 2, 1, 10; **17.** with pres. perf. of active verb, if... were to..., quid faciam si furtum fecerit? Hor. s. 1, 3, 94; id si acciderit, simul armati, Cic. Tusc. 1, 78; **18.** with past imp. of active vb., if... had been ...ing, if... had attempted to..., Si graderere tantum quantum loquere, iam esses ad forum, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 138; Quod si uera meae comitarent castra puellae, Non mihi sat magnus Castoris iret equus, Prop. 2, 7, 15; **19.** with past imp. of static verb, if—had—, Si frater esset aut sodalis qui magis morem gereret? Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 74; S. regnum hio tu possides? P. Si possidorem, ornatus esses ex tuis uirtutibus, 2, 1, 21; **20.** with past perf. of active vbs., if—had—, si quis hoc gnato tuo Tuos seruos faxet, qualem haberes gratiam? Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 54; si has inimicitias cauere potuisset, uiceret, Cic. Rosc. Am. 17; **V 21.** si with the indic. is used either of a fact or what may be a fact, and for this every tense is available according to the idea, as: pres., Erras si id credis, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 53; past imperf., si quod erat grande uas lacti adferebant, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 47; fut., apud me si quid crit eiusmodi, me imprudente crit, Att. 1, 19, 10; pres. perf., si qui eorum decreto non stetit, sacrificiis interdicitur, Caes. b. g. 6, 13; past perf., si a persequendo hostis deterere nequiuert, disiectos a tergo circumueniebant, Sal. lug. 50; fut. perf., si uidero exquisiuero, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 19; Si sensero hodie quicquam in his te nuptiis Fallaciae conari quo fiant minus, Verberibus caesum te in pistrinum Daue dedam usque ad necem, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 25; **22.** often used in reference to a preceding case of *is* *ea* *id*, esp. the phrase in *eo*; qui in *eo* uerti salutem gentis crederent, si cum Romanis iuiuiolatum foedus seruaretur, Liv. 41, 23, 5; but rarely an *ind.* is used, where the non-existence of the case is implied, as in: si amabas, iuuenires mutuom, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 52; si amabat, rogas quid faceret? adseruaret Dies noctisque; in custodia esset semper, Rud. 2, 3, 48; **23.** but the use of a subj. in place of the indic. is not very rare in the poets and later prose writers, Si fractus illabatur orbis, Impauidum ferient ruinae, Hor. od. 3, 3, 7 (but here some mss have *inlabetur*, and *perh.* Hor. wrote *feriant*, if heaven were to fall it would strike); Hanc quoque qua perii culpam seclus esse negabis, Si tanti series sit tibi nota mali, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 38; uituperatio si grauius sit tibi nota mali, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 38; uituperatio si grauius sit (positast?) seuera est, Quint. 6, 3, 27; **24.** but with the second person used vaguely for 'one', the subj. is right, though translated as if an *ind.* in English, as: in excitando plurimum ualet, si laudes eum quem cohortere, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 5; so also after *ubi* or the relative; **25.** when, in sentences of futurity, Non si redisset ei pater, ueniam daret? Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 69; Si mi argentum dederis, te suspendito, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 131; add Capt. 2, 2, 1; Vt ne imparatus sim si adueniat Phormio, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 84; nunc proficiscemur ad reliqua si pauca ante fuerimus a nobis deprecati, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 10; quemadmodum sit utendum eo dicemus si prius his de rebus quae uirtuti propiores sunt dixerimus, off. 2, 22; quare si hoc unum proposuero, finem faciam scribendi, Serv. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 6; quae mihi tunc fuerint solacio dicam, si prius hoc dixerim..., Sen. ep. 78, 3; note that Germ. *wenn* (=our when in *foru*) means *if*.

**sic**, pron. adv. [for *si-cē*, i.e. *si* so+*ce* demonstr. enclitic; and thus closely akin to *hic*] so, thus, first pointing or drawing attention to some real object, *δεικτικως*: Quid sic (si?) te extra aedis exauimata eliminās? Enn. tr. 290 V; ego limis spectro Sic per flabellum clanculum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 54; A. uoluto contemplantini, en, Satine sic est? G. non. A. quid si sic? G. propemodum. A. quid sic? G. sat est. Em stuc serua, Ph. 1, 4, 33; Sed moriamur ait; sic sic iuuat ire sub umbras, Verg. 4, 660; Pinu iacentes sic temere, Hor. od. 2, 11, 14; 'Patris dictum sapiens temeritas filii comprobauit.' Hoc dichoroce tantus clamor contentis excitatus est ut admirabile esset...Verborum ordinem immuta, fac sic; 'Comprobanit filii temeritas,' iau nihil crit, Cic. orat. 224; for pointing to objects ita would be inadmissible; **2.** hence it often requires some motion of the hand to supply the meaning, quae aliis sic, aliis secus...uidentur, Cic. leg. 1, 47; **3.**

hence with a shrug of the shoulders or something equivalent, but so so, poorly, Quid paedagogus illo qui citharistiam, Quid rei gerit? Sic, tenuit, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 95; Et quidem cre forma luculenta. Sic, satis, Haut. 3, 2, 12; illa siue faceta sunt, siue sic, fiunt narrante to uenustissima, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 2; **4.** like ita, pointing to the words of a sentence, first preceding words, siue eum sic est siue illo modo uideri possunt pernulta somniantibus falsa pro ueris, Cic. diu. 2, 120; sic et utilitates ex amicitia maxime capiuntur et..., am. 32; **5.** or to words following, as: simul inter Sese sic memorant 'o Romule Romule die', En. ann. 115 V; ingressus est sic loqui Scipio, Cic. rep. 2, 1; **6.** esp. referring to an acc. and *inf.*, sic habeto non esse te mortalem sed corpus hoc, Cic. rep. 6, 26; sic habeto neminem esse qui me amet quin idem te amet, fam. 16, 4, 4; **7.** often refers to conjunctions preceding or following, quemadmodum propinqui mihi non fuerunt, sic adiutores ita multi fuerunt ut..., Cic. post red. ad Q. 9; sic ei te commendauit ut grauissime potui, fam. 7, 17, 2; huius praefectura plena uirorum fortissimorum sic ut nulla tota Italia frequentior dici possit, Planc. 21; Pomponium Atticum sic amo ut alterum fratrem, fam. 13, 1, 4; eius negotium sic uelim suscipias ut si esset res mea, 2, 14; apud eum sic fui tamquam domi meae, 13, 69, 1; ego sic nihil expecto quomodo Paulum primum sententiam dicentem, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 4; **8.** yes in answers, Itane patris ais aduentum ueritum hinc abisso? Admodum. Phanium relictam uolam? Sic, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 2; **9.** on this condition, followed by *si*, sic ignouisse pūtato Me tibi si cenās hodie mecum, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 69; deducuntur sumptus quoscumque fecerit (tutor) in rem pupilli, sic tamen si ex bona fide fecit, Ulp. dig. 27, 4, 8; **10.** in oaths or adjurations, sic hās deūs aequoris artes Adiuuet ut nemo iam dudum litore in isto Me tamen excepto nec femina constitit ulla, Ov. M. 8, 866; Sic te diua potens Cypri, Sic fratres Helenae lucida sidera Ventorumque regat pater... Vergilium finibus Atticis Reddas incolumem precor, Hor. od. 1, 3, 1; Sic tua Cyrneas fugiant examina taxos, Sic cytiso pastae distendant ubera uaccas, Incipe siquid habes, Verg. B. 9, 30; **11.** for talis, as a predicate, A. satiu tu sanus es? S. sic sum ut uides, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 57; sic sum; si placeo, utere, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 42; sic est uolgas; ex ueritate pauca, ex opinione multa aestimat, Cic. Rosc. com. 29; **12.** so so, only tolerable, illustrated by a shrug, with *ne* added, only in the form *sicne*, i.e. *si-ci-ne* (cf. *licine*; *sicne* is a blunder), is this the way in which? Quid hoc? Sicne hoc fit, pedes? Statin annon? Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 1; sicne agis? Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 34; Ad. 1, 2, 48; Sicne discedens neglecto numine diuum Inmemor ah denota domum periuria portas? Catul. 64, 134; Sicne cam in contemptis iudisti flere capillis? Prop. 4, 5, 9; Sicne, sic inquit grates pretiumque rependis Paule tui capitis? Sil. 9, 25.

**simila**, ae, f. [? akin to *σεμιδᾶλις*] the finest wheat flour, ex tritico firmissima siligo deuide simila, Cels. 2, 18, p. 64, 36, 45 D; Nec dotes similae possis numerare nec usus, Mart. 13, 13, 1; **2.** It. semola.

**similaginarius**, adj. [similago] of the finest wheat flour, Ogulnius pistor similaginarius), CIL 1017.

**similag-o**, inis, f. dim. [similag old crude form of similla] the finest wheat flour, similago e tritico fit..., Ita appellat in tritico quod florem in siligine, Plin. 18, 89; e modio similaginis, 18, 90.

**similis**, e, adj. [implies a root *sim*, whence too *sim-in* an ape, and *im-itor*; the Gk. *μίμος* prob. for *σμίμος* a redupl. word; at any rate=*sem* of *sem-el*, *sem-ul* and prob. *semper*, *sim* of *simul*, *simplex*, *simplex*, *am* and *om* of *ama omou omiois*; *sin* of *sincerus*, *sing* of *siuguli*, and our *same*; cf. too *simulo*; the orig. meaning of *sim* prob. one] like, first with *dat.*, Simia quam similibus turpissima bestia nobis! Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 1, 96; Haud similis uirgost uirginum nostrarum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 22; Terentio non similem dices quempiam, Afran. 29 R; quid enim simile habet epistola aut iudicio aut contioui? Cic. fam. 9, 21, 1; Democritus huic in hoc similis, acad. pr.



118; Os uerosque deo similis, Verg. 1, 589; **2.** regarded as a sb. it takes a gen., quam uterque similis sui! Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 16; Saluos sit, spero; est similis maiorum suum, Ad. 3, 3, 57; dolore paupertatem ignominiam similia horum, Cic. fin. 3, 51, as we say in low Eng. the like of them; Phidias sui similem speciem inclusit in clupei Mineruae, Tusc. 1, 34; **3.** and this even in comp. and sup., Rhodii saniores et Atticorum similiores, Brat. 51; Portitorum simillimae sunt ianuae lenoniae, Pl. As. 1, 3, 88; (cf. municipum suorum dissimillimi, Cic. Clu. 46;) **4.** at times the constr. with gen. and dat. united, Nam ego hominem homini (hominis Ritschl) similiorem nunquam uidi alterum, Neque aqua aquae neque lactis est lacti (lactis Ritschl) crede mihi usquam similis Quam hic tui est tuque huius, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 29; plectri similem linguam nostri solent dicere, chordarum dentes, nares cornibus iis qui ad neruos resonant in cantibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; Tum similes matrum materno seminis fiunt, Vi patribus patrio, Lucr. 4, 1211; and in close succession, Cic. N. D. 2, 40 and 41 has: ei similis sit igni quem..., horum ignium sol utri similis sit, and, solis ignis similis eorum ignium sit qui...; **5.** Ritschl, op. 2, 579, holds similis to take a gen. alone in Pl. and Ter.; and Madvig ad Cic. fin. 5, 12, referring to Wesenberg, says that Cic. and older writers prefer the gen. when speaking of living beings, esp. men and gods, as in Cic. N. D. 1, deos hominum similis § 77, homo hominis similis § 78; an tu mei similem putas esse aut tui deum? § 84 etc.; so Livy also; whilst Vergil, Horace, Ovid (in Met.) nearly always have a dat. in such cases; **6.** Charis. p. 84 admits only a gen. in ueri simile et sui simile, yet Liv. has simillimum uero; **7.** there is no truth in the distinctions suggested by Diomedes 293, similis sum tibi figura; by Caper 2242, illius similis ad mores refertur, illi similis ad uultum; or by Beda 2345, similis sum tui moribus, similis tibi facie; **8.** similis of course falls short of par and idem, similia omnia magis uisa quam paria, Liv. 45, 43, 2; so that there is a climax in: Pro di immortales similiorem mulierem Magisque eandem quae non sit eadem non reor Deos facere posse, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 49; nihil est unum uni tam simile tam par quam omnes inter nosmet ipsos sumus, Cic. leg. 1, 29; **9.** yet they are at times treated as synonymous, e quibus uita beata existit par et similis deorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 153; par est auaritia, similis improbitas, eadem impudencia, gemina audacia, Rosc. Am. 118; par similisque ceteris efficiebatur, Sal. Cat. 14, 4; **10.** with iuter, homines inter se cum forma tum moribus similes, Cic. Clu. 84; **11.** with atque, si uis docere aliquid ab isto simile in aestimatione atque a ceteris esse factum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 193; hortatur ut simili rationes atque ipse fecerit suas iniurias persequatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 38, 10; **12.** with ut si, tanquam si, similes sunt ut si qui gubernatorem in nauigando nihil agere dicant, Cic. sen. 17; similes sunt dei, si..., tanquam si Poeni..., diu. 2, 131; **13.** in agreement with the name of a person, a picture, status etc. of him, Si quis Aristotelem similem uel Pittacon emit, Iuv. 2, 6; te lucida saxa, Te similem doctae referet mihi liuea cerae, Stat. silu. 3, 3, 200; Optassetque nouo similem te pouere templo, 1, 1, 100; **14.** simile as sb. n. a likeness, simile, nihil hoc similist similius, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 290; quo facilius res perspicit possit, hoc simile pouitur, Cic. fin. 3, 54; **15.** similit is given by Ribbeck before est and es, Naev. 60, Nov. 62 and Pomp. 74; so also Ritschl op. 2, 331; but Lachm. ad Lncr. 1, 186 would write, similit' st similit-s; cf. uolup, faenl, diffieul, dsbil, uigil; **16.** similitus as a superl., see Pl. in § 3, is formed with a suff. imus, like min-imus, (in-imus whence) imus.

**simittū** or **simitur**, adv. [prob. for sim-ictu at one blow, cf. for meaning, Fr. tout d'un coup; G. mit einem Schlage; for root cf. sem-el and for loss of e nitor irrito rite=nictor, irrito suarl and and recte; the r of simitur=d of old abl. simitud] at one blow, at the same time, together, Nou ego cum uino simitu (simitur, Ritschl op. phil. 2, 258) ebibi imperium tuum, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 84; Et cum eo simitu mu-

licrem mitto simul, Ps. 4, 2, 55; Ita tres simitu res agundae sunt quando unum ocepseris, Merc. 1, 2, 8; Ego hic esse et illi simitu (simitur Ritschl) hau potui, Most. 3, 2, 105; Immo nenisse cum simitur aibant (so Ritschl) illi: ego hic citus, St. 2, 2, 66; Gratia habetur utrisque illisque tibus simitu (so Juv., illisque uibusque mss), Lucil. ap. Non. 175; Hilara minor Midae uinistra simitur cum Mida sita est in eadem olla, inser. Or. 2863; so sim...ur (i.e. simitur), inser. r. Neap. 423.

**simplex**, Yeis, simplici abl., simplicia u. pl., simplicium gen. pl. adj. [compressed from simplicis of which sim=ἀμ ἀμα etc. meaning one, and the second part is from a lost sb. plicus (=πλοκος), whence Ital. plico-, Fr. pli; so that simplex=ἀπλοος wh. represents ἀπλοκος; cf. Germ. einfach for ein-flach] of one fold (not double), simple, single, opposed to duplex etc., Duplex ex argumento factast simplici, Ter. Haut. pr. 6 (Beutley's simplex...duplici involves a false qty. in duplici); quaedam sunt in rebus simplicia, quaedam copulata, Cic. fat. 30; principes (qualitates) sunt uisusmodi et simplices, ex iis autem ortae uariae sunt et quasi multiformes, acad. post. 26; etenim aut simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel umida aut concretum ex pluribus naturis, N. D. 3, 34; simplices uoces natura sua constant, compositae aut praepositionibus subiunguntur, aut e duobus quasi corporibus coalescunt, Quint. 1, 5, 65; biremium quaeque simplicii ordine agebantur, Tac. h. 5, 23; plus uice simplici, more than once, Hor. od. 4, 14, 13; cibi simplices, without sauces or spices, plain or au naturel, Tac. G. 23; **2.** morally, simple-minded, frank, open, straightforward, void of deceit, opposed to duplex double-faced, tota illa aspera et montuosa et fidelis et simplex regio se huius houore ornari arbitrabatur, Cic. Planc. 22; quod tuum erga me auimum simplicem atque amicum aperuit, Att. 11, 28, 8; Quid merere boues, animal sine fraude dolisque Innocuum simplex? Ov. M. 15, 121; **3.** plain, unadorned, natural, Simplex munditiis, Hor. od. 1, 5, 5; perdidisset gratiam quae in eo (dicendi genere) maxima est simplicis atque inaeffectati coloris, Quint. 9, 4, 17; simplici uirtute merentis semper nunquam captantis gloriam, Vell. 2, 129, 1; **4.** free from complication or difficulty, simplex est manere, illud (sc. in Hispaniam ire) anceps, Cic. Att. 12, 7 f.; **5.** comp., simplicior, Hor. s. 1, 3, 63; Quint. 11, 1, 33; Mart. 9, 15, 2; sup., Quint. 10, 5, 10; 10, 2, 10; Petr. 101.

**simul**, old form sēmūl and sēmōl, adv. [one in origiu with semel, wh. see; sem one+el suff. of dim.] in one place, together, or at one and the same time; first of place, together, uterque iuperator in medium exeunt, Extra turbam ordinum conlocuntur simul, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 69; Cena appositast; coucenant necum; ego accubui sēmūl, 2, 2, 172; propter uicuitatein totos dies simul eramus iunctim, Cic. Att. 5, 10 f.; **2.** more commonly, at the same time, together, et hoc sēmūl accipē dictum, Enu. au. 204 V; Nunc sēmūl res fides fama uirtus decus Deserunt, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 64; **3.** strengthened with una, Nunquam ego uinum bibo, at mandata non consueni simul bibere una, Pl. Pers. 2, 1, 3; et do istac simul...consilium nolo capere una tecum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 66; semol ts orant se uoti crebro (pron. crebero) condemnes, CIL 1175, l. 10; **4.** with cum, Ad portum hiuc abii maue cum luci simul, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 31; Simul consilium cum re amisti? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; cum corporibus siuul auimos iutere, Cic. am. 13; **5.** w. abl. alone, first in poets, then in later prose, Vos Bibule et Serui, simūl his te candidē Furui, Hor. s. 1, 10, 86; Quippe simūl nobis habitat discrimine nullo Barbarus, Ov. tr. 10, 29; Tralliani Laodiceis ac Magnetibus simul tramissi ut parum ualidi, Tac. an. 4, 55; **6.** with conj., as first followed by et, too, simul et illud Asia cogitet nullam..., Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; demonstra haec Caecilio, simul et illud ostendi..., Att. 1, 1, 4; **7.** with a single et que or atque, when simul may precede or follow both of the things united, or be attached to the first as au enclitic, his simul inflatus exacerbatusque,



Liv. 6, 18, 5; quum uni inuideret eximio simul honoribus atque uirtutibus, M. Furio, 6, 11, 3; Nunc operam potestis ambo mihi dare et uobis simul, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 40; quosimul et Volcatio pecunia numeratata, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; hoc principium-simul omenque belli, Liv. 21, 29, 4; cogitare optima simul et deterima, Quint. 12, 1, 4; **8.** with repeated et, militibus simul et de nauibus desiliendum et in fluctibus consistendum et cum hostibus erat depugnandum, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 2; simul et qualis sit et optimam esse ostendam, Cic. rep. 1, 70; Ego faxo et operam et uinum perdidit simul, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 42; **9.** simul followed by que et, cuncta simul malaque et bona dicta Enumeret si qua uellet, Enn. an. 245 V; **10.** simul repeated, Germani ad eum uenerunt simul sui purgandi causa, simul ut de indutiis impetrarent, Caes. b. g. 4, 13, 4; increpando simul temeritatem simul ignauiam, Liv. 2, 65, 4; Ille uolat simul arua fugā, simul aequora uerrens, Verg. G. 3, 201; simul terra simul mari bellum impellitur, Tac. Agr. 25; **11.** with double simul and double et, simul et a classe nauales socii simul et terrestres exercitus est admotus, Liv. 29, 35, 7; **12.** simul atque (ac), the moment that, as soon as, simul atque increpuit suspicio tumultus artes ilico nostrae conticescunt, Cic. Mur. 22; simul ac mihi eollibitum est, praesto est imago, N. D. 1, 108; **13.** simul ut, the same, simul ut expectati sumus, uisa illa contemnimus, Cic. acad. pr. 51; tu simul ut (al. et) ille uenerit, primam navigationem ne omiseris, Q. fr. 2, 6, 3; **14.** simul et, the same, if genuine, simul et quid erit certi, scribam ad te, Cic. Att. 2, 20, 2; ego ad te habeo quod scribam simul et uidero Curionem, Att. 10, 4, 12; in epistula quam accepi simul et in Cumanum ueni, 6, 16, 4; simul et constituero scribam, 16, 11, 6; Madvig ad fin. 2, 33 thinks that in Cic. simul ut and simul et have supplanted a simple simul; **15.** simul alone, the same, Simul linen intrabo, illi extrabunt ilico, Afran. 5 R; simul intro ueni, accessi ad patrem, Pomp. 170 R; Hic simul argentum reperit cura sese expediuit, Ter. Ph. 5, 4, 4; Simul aliquid audiero, scribam ad te, Cic. Att. 8, 11, 7; simul accepi a Seleuco tuo litteras, statim quaesui e Balbo quid esset in lege, fam. 6, 18, 1; simul inflauit tibicen, a perito carmen agnosceitur, acad. pr. 86; nostri simul in arido constiterunt in hostes impetum fecerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 5; simul instrui Romanam aciem Sabini uidere, et ipsi procedunt, Liv. 3, 62, 6; Taygete simul os terris ostendit honestum, Verg. G. 4, 232; quorum simul alba nauitis stella refulsit Defuit saxis agitatus humor, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; **16.** simul strengthened with primum, Q. Fabio simul primum magistratu abiit dicta dies est, Liv. 6, 1, 6; Vnde simul primum me dimisere Philippi, ... paupertas impulit audax ut uersos facerem, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 49; **17.** simul often shortened in comic verse, either si I think, or a pyrrhic as others say (see Wagner ad Aul. p. xxxv), Simul consilium cum re amisti? Viden me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; Simul uereor Pamphilum ne orata nostra nequeat diutius Celare, Hec. 4, 1, 60; Simul circumspectat, ubi praeter se neminem Videt, Turp. 194 R; cf. tamen shortened in ta'n-dem.

**sin**, pron. conj. [for sin-in of wh. in is old dat. suff.; this suff. became first in, then i; cf. *ουρανο-φιν*, aft. *ουρανο-φι*; cf. too min of Sanskr. tas-min. Again root sin=tin=ken of demonstratives, base of 3 person. pron. Cf. for initial consonant *σημερον, στες*, Skt. sa 'this', Germ. sie; and for final consonant *τιν, κειν-ος*, yon, Germ. wenn, Sp. quien etc. Latin sin : si :: Eng. some : so. In the same way the now vulgar how-som-ever passed into how-so-ever; the deriv. from si ne is absurd] if, in the old writers occasionally in a first condition, Eu. Potin ut animo sis tranquillo? Ch. Quid sin (sint BCD) animus fluctuat? Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 49 (see Bergk Beitr. 120); Quod sin ulla potest mulier tam corpore duro Esse, tamen..., Lucil. ap. Non. p. 311 Gerl. (so Luc. Müller Jahrb. f. class. Ph. 1868 p. 493, *ms* si nulla); Pream sin unquam fatiscare facere quod quibo boni, Pacuv. (or Attius) ap. Non. p. 211 and 326 (so L. Müller *ibid.*, *ms* uereor si nunquam); but gen. only used after a preceding si, expressed or implied, so

that the translation but if often suits; Si illum relinquo, eius uitae timeo, sin opitūlor, huius minas, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 5; Si domi sum, foris est animus; sin foris sum, animus domist, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 2; so Verg. G. 1, 432: Si nigrum... At si uirgineum..., Siu ōrtū quarto, namque is certissimus auctor etc.; **2.** the first supposition expressed without a si, danda opera est ne tributum sit conferendum; sin quae necessitas obuenerit, danda erit opera ut omnes intelgant necessitati esso parendum, Cic. off. 2, 74; hominibus opus est eruditus qui adhuc nostri nulli fuerunt; sin quando extiterint, etiam Graecis erunt antepoenidi, or. 3, 95; **3.** is often followed by autem, uero, aliter, minus, secus, is qui nisi uincit nomen populi Romani deleatur necesse est, sin autem uincit, Sullano more uincet, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 1; Parilibus si sit ouis matura, sin nero feta, circa Iulium mensem, Colum. 7, 3; id si ita ost, omnia faciliora, siu aliter, magnum negotium, Cic. fam. 11, 14, 3; si mihi ueniam dederit, utar illius conditione, sin minus, impetrabo aliquid a me ipso, Att. 9, 15, 1; Postreino si illuc quod uolumus euenet gaudebimus, Sin secus, patiemur animis aequis, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 25; **4.** at times the clause of sin is purposely suppressed or abbreviated, si pares aeqne inter se, quiescendum, sin—, latius manabit et quidem ad nos, Cic. Att. 16, 13 b, 2; si uir esse uolet, praeclara *συνωδια*, sin autem—, erimus nos qui solemus, 10, 7, 2; ego ut constitui adero, atque utinam tu quoque eodem die, sin quid (multa enim)—, utique postride, 13, 22, 4; qui si conseruatus erit, uicimus; sin (quod di omen auertant)—, omnis omnium cursus est ad uos, fam. 12, 6, 2; **5.** Quod sin, in place of the familiar quod si, may well stand in Val. F. 5, 667: da uellera rector, Et medio nos cerne mari. Quod sin eā Mauors Abnegat...Ibimus indecores.

**sincērus**, adj. [sin one, see sem-el; cer perh. one with Ital. cera look, and Sansk. kri or kar make] of one kind, unmixed, nam cum una clausa sunt diuersa genera inter se discordant; propter quod etiam seminalium uinearum non tam est firmum unum quam si per se sincerum Amineum uel Apiauum condideris, Colum. 12, 45, 6; aut cum sale aut sincerus (adeps), Plin. 28, 135; caueat ne societur sanguis: quid hoc si polluit nobilitatem istam nestram, sinceram seruare non prinatis consiliis poteratis? Liv. 4, 4, 7; Germaniae populus nullis aliis aliarum nationum conubiis infectos propriam et sinceram et tantum sui similem gentem extitisse arbitrantur, Tac. G. 4; sincerus et integer populus, h. 4, 64 f.; sincerum atque ab omni colluione peregrini ac seruilis sanguinis incorruptum seruare populum, Suct. Aug. 40; adeo nulla est sincera uoluptas Sollicitumque aliquid laetis interuenit, Ov. M. 7, 453; Achaëis quantum restituti Argi laetitiae aferebant, tantum serua Lacedaemon relicta et lateri adherens tyrannum non sincerum gaudium, Liv. 34, 41, 4; ne sincero gaudio frueretur, 44, 44, 1; sincerius gaudium capturus si..., Iust. 10, 1, 3; seiunxit a uero atque sincero Stoico (Stoic pur sang) uulgus nebulonum hominum qui se Stoicos nuncuparent, Flor. 1, 2, 7; colatur in transitu mare, quod amaritudinem ponit et in sinceram aquam transit, Sen. N. Q. 3, 5; **2.** hence pure, clean, clear, ex amphora primum quod est sincerissimum effluit, grauissimum quodque turbidumque subsidit, Sen. ep. 108, 26; Sincerumst nisi uas, quodeumque infundis acescit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 54; **3.** as adulteration is chiefly by mixing, genuine, unadulterated, crocus, Plin. 21, 32; odoratus iuncus, 21, 120; and met. as base metal is detected by its ring, Nam neque irati neque blandi quicquam sincere sonant, Enn. tr. 106 R, have the genuine ring; Scire licet non sincerum sonere, Lucr. 3, 873; **4.** sound, optimum corium et sincerissimum, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 52; porci sacres sinceri, Men. 2, 2, 16; sine uulnere corpus sincerumque fuit, Ov. M. 12, 100; donec ad sincera ueniarum recidendam, Plin. 17, 193 (of vine-pruning); utrumque animi partium aut sincerarum aut agrarum, Gell. 5, 1, 4; **5.** met., Scipionem fama, cum esset adulescens, haud sincera fuisse, unblemished, Gell. 7, 8, 5; *φλεππιζειν* Pythiam dicebat..., quo licet existimare in aliis quoque oraculis aliquid non sinceri fuisse, genuine, Cic. diu. 2, 118; Thucydides rerum gestarum pronuntiator



sincerus, honest, Brut. 287; **6.** sinceris a variety, sinceris εὐκάρης Gloss. Philox.; Charis. 61 quotes sinceris to condemn it, sincerus dicitur non sinceris; yet he here calls sincere (Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 96) a neut., otherwise in 194; see too § 9; **7.** for comp. Iust. § 1; super. Pl. § 4, Sen. § 2; **8.** adv. sincere, honestly, sincerely, dici, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 96; dicere, Catul. 109, 4; locutum, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 2; aget, Att. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 10, 9; corrigere, in a more genuine manner, Gell. 6, 3, 55; diligunt (superl.), Aug. ad Volus. f.; **9.** sinceriter as from sinceris, percipiunt, Gell. 13, 17, 1.

**singultus**, ūs, m. [root sing or rather sig, perh. = our sob and sigh, the t exrescent] a spasm of the diaphragm, hiccupping, hiccough, frequens singultus iecur inflammatum esse significat, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, l. 21 D; singultus sternutamento finitur, 2, 8, p. 46, l. 29; singultus olefactum (anesm) potumque decoctum inhibet, Plin. 20, 189; iuncus odoratus singultus sedat, 21, 120; Voluitur ille uomens calidum de pectore flumen Frigidus, et longis singultibus ilia pulsata, Stat. Th. 3, 90; imaqne longo ilia singultu tendunt, Verg. G. 3, 507 of a horse; **2.** sobbiug, a sob, fletum cum singultu, Cic. Plane. 76; Atque haec extremis maestam dixisse querelis Frigidulos udo singultus ore cicutum, Catul. 64, 131; Exeipiunt sparsi lacrimas per colla capilli Oraque singultu conculente sonant, Ov. am. 3, 9, 11; **3.** clucking of a bird, esp. of a hen, debet custos speculari parientes, quod se facere gallinae testantur crebris singultibus interiecta uoce acuta, Colum. 8, 5, 3, wh. he adds that glocire was only a rustic word; reducuntur in uillam (pulli paonini) persequentes nutriceis singultus (i.e. of the common hen), 8, 11, 15; corui singultu quodam latrantes, Plin. 18, 362; **4.** of water checked and so passing by jerks through the mouth of a bottle, crebris quasi singultibus sistunt quod effundunt, Plin. ep. 3, 30, 6. The Fr. sanglot implies a Lat. sing-ul-ue.

**sinister**, tra, trum, adj. comp. [ist-er, a doubl. suff. of comp., like mag-ister, min-ister, ἀ-ιστερος, so siu the root, perh. sin- put down, and dexter = dek-ister from a vb. = δεχ of δεχομαι take] left, Tu Simalio in sinistrum cornu, tu Syrisce in dexterum, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 5; ab sinistra parte nudatis castris, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 4; **2.** unlucky, ill-fated, ill-starred, pugnamque sinistram Cannensem, Prop. 4, 2, 9; Et studii repeto signa sinistra mei, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 64; **3.** bringing bad luck, unfavourable, unfriendly, aduerse, Cui mea uirginitas auibis libata sinistris, Ov. her. 2, 115; Di precor a nobis omen remouete sinistrum, 13, 49; Arboribusque satsique Notus pēōriqūē sinister, Verg. G. 1, 444; Quis tam sinister diuidit captus deus? Sen. Tro. 993; heu diuis uisa sinistris Regna mihi, Val. F. 3, 503; sinistris quidem auspiciis amicitiae conditionem secuti, sed quo miseriora hoc certiora fideliter cultae nobilitatis exempla, Val. M. 4, 7, 2 f.; **4.** what is done irato deo, perverse, wrong, quid est alit (= alid) sinistra liberalitas? Catul. 29, 15; ad alios hanc sinistram diligentiam conferant, Plin. ep. 7, 28, 3; cetera instituta sinistra (Iudaeorum) foeda prauitate ualuere, Tac. h. 5, 55; sinistra erga eminentes interpretatio, Agr. 5 f.; **5.** in strict augural language for Romans generally, lucky, auspicious, favourable (see laeusus), ita nobis sinistra uidentur, Graiis et barbaris dextra meliora, quamquam haud ignoro quae bona sint (sunt?) sinistra nos dicere, etiamsi dextra sint, Cic. diu. 2, 82; **6.** yet in certain cases even with Romans unlucky, quid augur cur a dextra coruus, a sinistra cornix faciat ratum? Cic. diu. 1, 85; omnibus auibis utuatur (exteri), nos admodum pauca; alia illis sinistra sunt, alia nostris, 2, 76 (cf. 2, 80; see also Ov. Prop. § 2); **7.** with a gen., Ingenio motus auidis fideique sinister (sc. Hannibal), perverse in faith, i.e. treacherous, Sil. 1, 56; **8.** as sb. n. the perverse, the wrong, siqua est studiosa sinistri, Ov. tr. 2, 257; **9.** the left, but with prep., multi gestus necesse est in sinistrum eant, Quint. 11, 3, 135; auersis in se palmis, 11, 3, 114; reicere a sinistro togam, 11, 3, 144; **10.** sinistra as sb. f., sc.

manus, the left hand, partem togae sinistra tenere, Quint. 11, 3, 160; **11.** esp. as bearing the shield, neque sinistra impedita satis commode pugnare poterant, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 3; non haec...cassis neque onus caua parma sinistrae Auxilio mili sunt, Ov. M. 12, 89; hence: per allegoriam M. Caelum melius obicientem crimina quam defendentem, bonam dextram, malam sinistram habere dicebat, Quint. 6, 3, 69; **12.** as used for theft, nataeque ad furta sinistrae, Ov. M. 13, 111; Porci et Socratio duae sinistrae Pisonis, Catul. 47, 1 (cf. Catul. 12, 1; Marrucine Asini manu sinistra Non belle uteris; in ioco atque uino Tollis lineta negligentiorum); **13.** as of a special use in racket, Si me mobilibus nosti expulsa sinistris, Snu tua: tu nescis rustice, redde pilam, Mart. 14, 46, 1; Nec laudet Polybi magis sinistras, 7, 2, 11; but sinistris in Liv. 9, 27, 9 is a masc. pl. as proved by quod confertiores steterant; **14.** in adv. phrases gen. with prep. at times abl. alone, the left, aspice nunc ad sinistram, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 38; adspicite illum a sinistra equitem, Cic. Phil. 6, 12; sub sinistra Britanniam relictam conspexit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; miles dextra ac sinistra muro tectus, b. c. 2, 15, 3; **15.** sinister-ior doub. comp. left, pars, Varr. l. 9, 27; cornu (wing), Galb. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 30, 4; rota, Ov. M. 2, 139; mamma, Cels. 4, 1, p. 121, 1, 6 D; equus, Suet. Tib. 6; **16.** sup. sinistimus only in Prisc. 3, 19, p. 95 K and 3, 22.

**sino**, sñēre, siui, situm vb. [perh. for es-ino, let be, from es-be; and so = sero n° 2, i.e. es-ero; for identity of words cf. carm. aruale, wh. siris aud sers interchange] lit. cause to be, and so place, esp. in the pass. situs situated, Hoc erit tibi argumentum semper in promptu situm, Enn. sat. 7 V; ita probe in latebris situm est, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 2; in ore sita lingua est, finita deutibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; **2.** esp. of towns, nations etc., insula ea sinum ab alto claudit in quo sita est Carthago, Liv. 30, 24, 9; cis Rhenum sitarum gentium, Vell. 2, 120, 1; **3.** situs, erected, built (iu Tac. only), Philippopolim a Macedone Philippo sitam, Tac. an. 3, 38 f.; ueterem aram Druso (in honour of Drusus) sitam, 2, 7; urbes Macedonibus sitae (for the use of Macedonians), 6, 41; (nallum) duabus legionibus situm, h. 4, 22; **4.** a corpse, suam matrem lamentari mortuam: Ea sita erat exaduorsum, lay, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 47; esp. when buried, Is hic situs quei nnumquam uictus est uirtute, here lies, CIL 34; declarat Ennius de Africano: Hic est ille situs, ap. Cic. leg. 2, 57; Hic siti sunt Acarnanes qui pro patria pugnantem mortem occubuerunt, Liv. 26, 25, 14; **5.** situs est with in and abl. lies in, rests with, depends upon, huiusce rei potestas omnis in uobis sita est, Cic. Mur. 83; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu situm est, Sal. Iug. 31, 5; cf. too situs sb., and desino, lit. put down; **II 6.** put down, leave, sinite arma uiris et cedite ferro, Verg. 9, 620; (ficus uiridis) in dolium conditur et ibi sinitur fermentari, Colum. 12, 17, 1; dum hae (sc. uites) regelare sinuntur, 11, 2, 7; **7.** let go, drop, Hem quisquis es sine me, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 23; G. Pol tibi stuc credo nomen (sc. fureifer) actutum fore. Pl. Dum uterea sic sit, istuc actutum sino, let it pass, Ter. Most. 1, 1, 68; Vir Troiane sine hanc animam, Verg. 10, 598; add 10, 427; **8.** let, permit, allow, suffer, gen. with inf. Haud sinam quidquam profari priusquam accepsio quod peto, Pacuv. 325 R; Exulare siuitis, sistis pelli, pulsum patimini, Att. 365 R; Sine sis loqui me, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 50; quod certo scio Nec fore nec fortunam id situram fieri, Poen. 3, 3, 11; non deiici, non enim siui accedere, Cic. Caecin. 64; numquam sinit eum (improbitas) respirare, fin. 1, 53; C. Cato coutionatus est se comitia haberi non siturum, Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; qui ne uiuo quidem Trebonio Dolabellae latrocinium in Syriam penetrare siuinisset, Phil. 11, 32; uiuum ad se omnino iuportari non sinunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 6; **9.** rarely with ut aud subj., Dum tempus ad eam rem tulit, siui animum ut exploret suum, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17; neque siuam ut...Mea pertinacia esse dicat factum, Hec. 4, 2, 15; **10.** with subj. alone, chiefly by the imp. sine, sinite, in comedy and poets, Sine suam seucutem ducat usque ad senium sorbilo,



Caecil. 73 R; sine me expurgem, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; iusani feriant sine litora fluctus, Verg. B. 9, 43; natura repugnat Nec siuit incipiat, Ov. M. 3, 377; **11.** rarely with acc. alone, Neu propius tectis taxum sine, Verg. G. 4, 47; serpentium multitudo nisi hieme transitum non sinit, Plin. 6, 43 f.; **12.** sine modo and sine are often used in threats, as: Patiar, sine modo aducniat senex, Sine modo uenire saluom, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 11; sine, uenias modo domum, faxo ut scias Quid periculi sit dotatae uxori uitium dicere, As. 5, 2, 48; or, with other words understood, only let me have the chance and..., as sine, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 85, wh. Donatus: sine separatim accipe quia uim habet comminantis; pulere ludificor, sine, Quantillo mi opere nunc persuaderi potest Vt ego hic suffringam talos totis aedibus, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 6; sine, at hercle cum malo tuo magno, si hoc caput sentit, Aul. 3, 2, 11; Et quod nunc tute tecum iratus cogitas, Egone illam...sine modo, Haec uerba illa una mehercle falsa lacrumula Restinguet, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 22; **13.** ne di suerint, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 51; ne di sierint, Bac. 3, 3, 64; ne istuc Iuppiter sirit..., Liv. 28, 28, 11 and 34, 24, 2; add Plin. ep. 2, 2, 3; **14.** pass. accusare uon est situs, Cic. Sest. 95 f.; and Colum. in § 6; **15.** the perf. sini seems to depend on a false reading in Diom. 1 p. 371, wh. Keil has siuisent and siui; in Pl. Curc. 1, 1 the reading is sierit or sirit, not sinit as a subj.; for sii in Varr. ap. Diom. 371 Keil has siit, i. e. siit as a monos., cf. Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 24; sistis, Att. in § 8; pres. perf. subj. sieris, Pacuv. 201 R; Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 18; sirit, Liv. § 13; siritis, Pl. Poen. 5, 1, 20; past perf. sisset, Liv. 27, 6, 8; sissent, Cic. Sest. 44; **16.** sins as imper. pres. for siue, or rather for an older sinis, neuue lue rue (i. e. luem, ruem), sins incurrere in pleores (and plcoris), Carm. aru. 2, CIL 28, where Mommsen takes sins for sinas.

**siparium**, ii, n. dim. [of supparum] lit. a small topsail, hence one of the small curtains above the aulaeum which were folded up, while the aulaeum descended to show the stage, aulaeo subducto et complicitis sipariis (al. sipariis) scena disponitur, Apul. M. 10, 29 f.; and met., aulaeum tragicum dimoueto et siparium scenicum complicato, 1, 8; erat uelum minutum (al. mimicum) quod populo obstitit dum actus commutantur, Donat. prol.; quibuscum in exoetra heluatur, antea post siparium solebat, Cic. prou. cons. 14; **2.** also the curtain in the stage for mimes, Publius, quotiens mimicas ineptias et uerba ad summam caueam spectantia reliquit, inter multa alia cothurno, non tantum sipario fortiora, et hoc ait..., Sen. tranq. an. 11, 8; Consumtis opibus uocem Damasipie locasti Siparioro, clamorosus ageres ut Phasma Catulli, Liv. 8, 186; siparium genus ueli mimicum, Paul. ex F. 341; **3.** a piece of cauas for painting on, depictam in tabula siparioue imaginem rei, Quint. 6, 1, 32; cum eius accusator in sipario nudum eum in neruo pinxisset, 6, 3, 72.

**si-quidem**, adv. (=εἰ γὰρ) if at least, actumst siquidem haec uera praedicat, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 7; sequitur ut uitia sint paria si quidem prauitates animi recte uitia dicuntur, Cic. parad. 22; tui municipes sunt illi quidem splendidissimi homines, sed tamen pauci si quidem cum Atinatribus conferantur, Plauc. 21; Hoc quoque temptemus, siquidem icluna remansit, Ov. F. 4, 603; **2.** if really, if truly, Si quidem mihi saltandum est, iam uos date bibat tibicini, Pl. St. 5, 5, 16; S. Quid aliud tibi uis? C. Siquidem hoc fit. S. Siquidem? experiundo scies, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 90; **3.** since, summa etiam utilitas (est in iis) qui militari laude antecellunt siquidem eorum consilio et periculo quum re publica tum etiam nostris rebus perfrui possumus, Cic. Mur. 24; cum antiquissimum et doctis genus sit poetarum, siquidem Homerus fuit et Hesiodus ante Romam conditam, Tusc. 1, 3; **4.** even if, although, siquidem centiens hic uisa sit, tamen infitias eat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 32; D. Tuum est? L. Rogitas? Siquidem hercle louis fuit, meus est tamen, Rud. 5, 3, 5; **5.** qty. either siquidem or rather as a disyll. si-quem, for si in itself long could scarcely have been shortened, when made emphatic by an euclitic; see quidem.

**si-quis**, or -qui, -quae or -qua, -quid and -quod, if any, Ingenio te 'esse in liberos leni puto, Et illum obsequenti siquis recte aut comode Tractaret, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 99; itaque ei testamento legat grandem pecuniam a filio si qui natus esset, Cic. Clu. 33; **2.** whoever, whatever, as a relative but without an antecedent (or consequent), Vos saltem si quid quaeritis exhibitis (uss et bibitis) et comestis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 54; ut in araneolis aliae quasi rete texunt ut siquid inhaeserit conficiant, Cic. N. D. 2, 123; qui est est pabuli obrunt niues, Liv. 21, 37, 4; **3.** strengthened with ullus, Rhoeebe diu, res siqua diu mortalibus ullast, Viximus, Verg. 10, 861; **4.** in nom. m. siquis is preferred to siquis by Cic.; in nom. f. and n. pl. siqua is most common, still there occur siquae laboriosast ad me curritur, Ter. Haut. pr. 44; so the Bemb. but all others siqua and a trochee here is admissible; so in Hor. s. 2, 6, 10 si fors quae mihi, wh. quae is perh. due to the euclitic mihi; but in Cic. Att. 4, 2 Med. has si qua uis esset facta; in n. pl. si quae...ea...is in Att. 16, 5, 2; but siqua is more common; Priscian held siqua to be the only form both in nom. f. and n. pl.; **5.** adv. si-cundē (cunde orig. form of unde), if from any (place or person), mi sicunde potes crues qui decem legati Mummio fuerint, Cic. Att. 13, 30, 3; nec consul tentandis urbibus sicundo spes aliqua se ostendisset deerat, Liv. 26, 38, 5; **6.** si-cūbi (a dat.; cubi old form of ubi), if in any (place), if anywhere, sicubi eum satietas...ceperat, requiescere, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 13; si me adsequi potueris aut sicubi nauctus eris, sepelito, Cic. Tusc. 1, 103; equidem sicubi loco ecessum, si signa foede amissa obici nobis possent, tamen hoc a te impetrari aequum censerem, Liv. 7, 13, 4; Sicubi magna louis antiquo robore quercus Ingentis tendat ramos, aut sicubi uigrum Illicibus crebris sacra nemus accubet umbra, Verg. G. 3, 332; **7.** siquō, if to any (place), eas (litteras) si quo ille misit, in publico proponat uelim, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 1; imperatum est ut classem duceret in Ligurum oram siquo usui esse posset, Liv. 40, 26, 8; **8.** siquā, if by any road, if in any way, Inbet illum eundem persequi, siqua queat reperire quae sustulerit, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 35; Si qua fata sinant, Verg. 1, 18; **9.** siquī, if by any means, if anyhow, Siqui probiorem facere posses, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 83.

**sirempse**, sirempsē, siremps, adv. [for si-repse, from si so (wh. see) and reapse; for m cf. rumpo, cumbo] so substantially, a legal term followed by quamsi etc., eiq(ue) omnium rerum siremps lexs esto quaei sei is haec lege (pecuniam...exegisset), lex Bant. CIL 197, 13; (deque ea re ei) praetori omnium rerum quod ex haec lege factum non erit siremps lex esto qua(sei sei apud eum ea res acta esset), lex repet. CIL 198, 73; de eo agro siremps lex esto quaei sei is ager P. Mucio L. C(alpurnio) eos. (publicus fuisse), lex agr. CIL 200, 27; sirempsqe eis uiatoribus...omnium rerum ius lexque esto quaei sei ei uiatores...; sirempsqe eis praecoonibus...omnium rerum ius lexque esto quaei sei ei praecoones..., lex Coru. CIL 202, 1, 39 and 2, 2; de eo aquo ea pecunia petita erit deque eo quoi eam pecuniam d(arei) o(portebit) s(firemps) res lex ius caussaque o(mnibus) o(mnium) r(erum) esto atque utei esset esse oporteret, sei is..., lex Rubr. 2, 10; so in initials aloue s i r i c q o o r e atque utei esset esse oporteret sei is..., 2, 40; siremps lex esto quasi sacrum uiolauerit, Caes. ap. Charis. 116; qui aduersus ea quid fecerit siremps lex ius (so Scal. ej.; ms sirepublicam ex iussu) causaque omnium rerum omnibus esto atque uti esset esse oporteret sei is..., lex Quinctia ap. Frontin. 129; s. r. l. r. i. c. q. o. r. e., si remps lex res ius causaque omnium rerum esto, as corrected by Mommsen, Val. Prob. de sing. litt. Keil. 10, vol. 4, p. 272; cf. Festus 344 a 28 M; **2.** beyond legal sphere, Sirempse legem (so Scal. ej.; ms similem rem ipse in legem) iussit esse Iuppiter Quasi magistratum sibi alterique ambiuerit, Pl. Amph. pr. 73; ubi ad finem mortaliu uentum est, discede inquit ambitio, omnium quoque terram premunt siremps lex esto, Sen. ep. 91, 16; **3.** Charis. 73 speaks of a nom. sireps, abl. sirempse; aud again, 116: siremps ab hoc sirempse, but adds: nisi forte quidam aduerbialiter legere maluerint; see Ritschl, Rhein. Mus. n. f. 8, 298.



**sisto**, ēre, stōti (stiti only in Cato, see § 20), stātum, [for si-set-o, root set, cf. gigno, γιγνομαι, μινω, πιπω for gi-ge-n-o, γι-γεν-ομαι, μι-μην-ω, πι-πετ-ω; so sta- for set-a-, as our stop for set-up] as vb. trans., vb. i. sistere se or sisti, vb. intr. and pass. impers., stop, Haec se carminibus promittit...Sistere aquam pluuiis, Verg. 4, 489; Siste puer lacrimas, Ov. F. 1, 367; sanguinem, Plin. 20, 59 and 28, 239; Tac. an. 15, 54—stanch; uentrem, Mart. 13, 116, 2; Plin. 20, 256; aluum, 22, 129; 23, 113; gradum, Verg. 6, 465; Prop. 5, 10, 36; equos, Verg. 12, 355; legiones, Liv. 1, 37, 3; fugam, 1, 12, 5; querellas, Ov. M. 7, 711; non prius se ab effuso cursu sistunt quam in conspectu Praeneste fuit, Liv. 6, 29, 3; 2. esp. stop what is in the act of falling, save from falling, save, magnum hoc tuum erga tecta ipsa meritum sistere ruinas, Plin. pan. 50; but in Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 7 sustine rather than sistere; 3. and met., non ita ciuitatem aegram esse ut consuetis remediis sisti posset, Liv. 3, 20, 8; totam plebem aere alieno demersam esse nec sisti posse ni omnibus consulatur, 2, 29, 8; uix concordia sisti (impers.) uidebatur posse, 3, 16, 3; add 45, 19, 13; rempublicam sistere negat posse ni ad equestrem ordinem iudicia referantur, save itself from falling, stand, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 223; Hic re Romanam magno turbante tumultu Sistet eques (so Med., bnt Wagner and Ribbeck sistet, eques etc.—pessime), Verg. 6, 859; 4. fix what is loose, succus cum aceto calefactus mobilis (dentis) sistit, Plin. 20, 15; 5. place in a firm or safe position, land, Ego stum in tranquillo et tuto sistam, ne time, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 50; Suam rem sibi saluam sistam si illo aduenerit, 5, 2, 153; ita inhi saluam ac sospitem rem publicam sistere in sua sede liceat..., ut..., Aug. ap. Suet. 28; Tu modo scrutio uacuum me siste superbo, Prop. 4, 16, 41; Nusquam abero et intum patrio te limine sistam, Verg. 2, 620; officioque meo ripa sistetur in illa Haec ait Alcide, Ov. M. 9, 109; 6. place, esp. with great labour or power, Et monstrum infelix sacra sistimus arce, Verg. 2, 245; o qui me gelidus in nallibus Haemi Sistat! G. 2, 488; sed rapit acer Totam aciem in Teucros et contra in litore sistit, A. 10, 309; multa nocte cohortes expeditas summis moutium iugis super caput hostium sistit, Tac. h. 3, 77; 7. of a weapon, plant, Intorquens iaculum clamanti sistit in ore, Verg. 10, 323; dextroque in lumine sistit Spicula saeua ferae, Sil. 4, 612; 8. of religious matters, make permanent, consecrate, dedicate, set up, fana sistere, Antist. Lab. ap. Fest. 351; cum diuus Augustus sibi et urbi Romae templum apud Pergamum sisti non prohibuisset, Tib. ap. Tac. an. 4, 37; Harspices monuere ut templum iisdem uestigiis sisteretur, h. 4, 53; Romae tropaea de Parthis arcusque medio Capitolini sistebatur, an. 15, 18; 9. in law, produce (a person; as bound to do); as vb. trans. or intrans. esp. in perf.; ita tum disceditur ut Idibus P. Quinctium sisti Sex. Alfenus promitteret, Cic. Quinct. 29; si seruum in eadem caussa sistere quidam promiserit et liber factus sistatur, non recte sistitur, Ulp. dig. 2, 9, 5; qui duos homines in iudicio sisti promisit, si alterum exhibet, alterum non, ex promissione non uidetur eos stetitisse, 2, 6, 4; cum quis in iudicio sisti promiserit, neque adiecerit poenam si status non esset..., 2, 5, 3; add Paul. dig. 2, 9, 6; Testificatur P. Quinctium non stetitisse et se stetitisse (so mss, rejected for stititisse solely on the weak authority of Gell. 2, 14), Cic. Quinct. 25; ut quantum domini litis interfuit sisti, tantum non stato reo procuratori debeatur, Nerat. dig. 2, 11, 14; Vbi tu's qui me conuadatu's Veneris uadimonis? Sisto ego tibi me et mihi contra itidem ut sistas suadeo, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 6; promisimus Carnufici aut talentum magnum aut hunc hodie sistere, Rud. 3, 4, 73; 10. sistere nadimonium to appear in fulfilment of bail, uenit Romam Quinctius, uadimonium sistit, Cic. Quinct. 29; Quid si uadimonium capite obuoluto stitisses (so, not stetitisses, says Gell.), Cato ap. Gell. 2, 14; but in Nep. Att. 9, 4, praestiterit u., not stiterit; 11. beyond legal sphere, produco, pede ego iam illam huc tibi sistam in uiam, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 73; Annam cara mihi nutrix huc siste sororem, Verg. 4, 634; 12. as vb. intr., besides exx. already given, stop, stand still, solstitium quod sol eo die sistere uidebatur, Varr. l. 6, 2, p.

190 Sp.; sistunt amnes terraeque dehiscunt, Verg. G. 1, 479; 13. stand firm, maintain one's ground, Nec quisquam...Teucros...Sustentaro ualet telis, aut sistere contra, Verg. 11, 873; with a dat., Galba inruenti turbae neque aetate uoque corpore sistens (al. aliter), Tac. h. 1, 35; 14. oro sistere, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 13; capite s., Cure. 2, 3, 8—stand on one's head; 15. bc (of things permanent), Mauil. 3, 529, and 4, 546; cf. Ital. stare; 16. stātus, part. fixed (as to place), stellis tam nagis quam statis, Censor. 8, 2; 17. fixed (as to time), sacrificium, Cic. Tusc. 1, 113; nec stātā sacra facit, Ov. F. 2, 528; tres in anno statos dies habuisse quibus Bacchis initiarentur, Liv. 39, 13, 8; ut hi ludi in perpetuum in statam diem uouerentur, 27, 23, 7 (not to be confounded with statutus dies, a day fixed for a special occasion, as in Liv. 24, 27, 1: statutus est comitiis dies); 18. fixed (in amount), reditum sicut modicnm ita statum praedicant, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 5; 19. stata forma, perh. a lasting beauty, not depending on youth, of doubtful meaning, cas fere (nam) feminas Iucolumi pudicitia esse quae stata forma forent, Enn. tr. 7 V; 20. stiti only in Cato, on the authority of Gell. 2, 14; steti alone is given by Charis. 220; Diom. 369; Prisc. 903; 21. steti really belongs to sisto, not to sto, though it is convenient to give its meanings under sto; the perf. shd. have been seseti or sesiti, which with exerescent t led to sesteti, sestiti, and then the redupl. se fell off, as in tuli from tetuli.

**sitis**, is, f. [see below] thirst, miserumst opus Igitur demum fodere puteum ubi sitis fauces tenet, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 33; P. Salue. L. Egon salua sim quae siti sicca sim? Curc. 1, 2, 26; ex febris ex siti ex medicamentis bibendis, Cato 78, 6 I; cibo et potione fames sitisque depulsa est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; Ex unoque sitim sedantes flumine aquai, Lucr. 2, 664; Dulcis aquae saliente sitim restinguere riuo, Verg. B. 5, 47; Nec sitim pellit nisi causa morbi Fugerit, Hor. od. 2, 2, 14; 2. of drought, in poets, Hoc ubi hiulca siti findit canis aestifer arua, Verg. G. 2, 353; Et canis arenti torreat arua siti, Tib. 1, 4, 42; Inachios haurit sitis ignea campos, Stat. Th. 4, 699; 3. met. of the mind, thirst (for), libertatis, Cic. rep. 1, 66; crurios, Ov. M. 13, 768; tauto maior famae sitis est quam Virtutis, Iuv. 10, 140; 4. also, sitis aestatis restiguitnr fontibus, Colum. 11, 3, 9; 5. sitis, crude form sitic- (cf. siticulosus), seems to have grown out of sic-is (old crude form sic-ic—which wd. have been offensive, and for change of c to t, cf. suff. of frq. vbs. with a preceding guttural, clamito agito quaerito, by the side of the more genuine uellico fodicco mulco); note also siccus; 6. again a root sic wd. agree with *σικ* for initials *σικ* of *δεννι* and *σικματ* for *σικματ* or *σικματ*, signum by deico, dico), cf. Welsh sych dry; syched thirst, drought; 7. then sitis with a long vowel in a verse quoted from an old poet by Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; Mento summam aquam attingens (read attigens) enectus siti Tantalus, confirms this, as standing for sict-is with an exerescent t, just as we have *sētius* for *sectius* by the side of *secus*, itself too for *secius*; Herm. and Sauppe wd. read enectus Tantalus siti; but the order of Cic.'s text is supported by Prisc. 1, 470, 19 K; 8. a root sic in Rome wd. have a provincial variety sip, and hence Fr. soif; cf. palumbes pitpit popina, also as Port. neve: Lat. nic-(nix) snow, so Port. seve: our theoretic sic-

1 **situs**, part. of sino, wh. see.

2 **situs**, ūs, m. [sin-o place] situation, position, site, urbem Syracusas elegerat cuius hic situs esse dicitur ut..., Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 26; erant eiusmodi fere situs oppidorum ut..., Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; sub castris eius uagabatur ut situm castrorum cognosceret, 5, 57, 3; Africae situm paucis exponere, Sal. Iug. 17, 1; 2. a district, a region, a country, in hoc situ interiere Comini, Tadiates Alfaterni, Plin. 3, 108; necant gustatu carum pantheras, nisi hoo feret, repleturas illos situs, 27, 7; 3. the being left alone, non-use, locum esso debere quam siccissimum ne situ penora mucorem contrahat, Colum. 12, 4, 4; uolumina ex diutino situ squalabant, Gell. 9, 4, 4; 4. as the result



of non-use, rust, dirt, mould, rottenness etc., Aera nitent usu, uestis bona quaerit haberi, Canescunt turpi tecta relicta situ, Ov. am. 1, 8, 52; mollior...situ araneoso (a cobweb), Catul. 25, 3; Araneosus obsidet fores situs, auct. priap. 82, 30; quae in usu sunt et manum cotidie tactumque patiuntur, uumquam periculum situs adeunt, Sen. ben. 3, 2, 2; detergete situm ferro, Sil. 7, 534; and met., corumpor situ (I am getting quite mouldy), Ita miser cubando in lecto hic expectando obduru, Pl. Truc. 5, 23; 5. of land untilled, per loca scutā sitū (weeds etc.), Verg. 6, 462; Cessat iners rigido terra relicta situ, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 70; prata sita uetustatis obducta, Colum. 2, 18, 2; 6. of the infirmities of age, uictā sitū uerique effeta senectus, Verg. 7, 440; Dumque refert inter meritorum maxima, demptos Aesouis esse situs, Ov. M. 7, 303; 7. of the mind, rust, Ne pereant turpi pectora nostra situ, Ov. tr. 5, 12, 1; add 3, 14, 36 and Pont. 1, 5, 8; marcescere otio sitaque ciuitatem, Liv. 33, 45, 7; mens...in huiusmodi secretis languescit et quendam uelut in opaco situm ducit, Quint. 1, 2, 18; torpentis animi situs, Sen. tranq. an. 2, 8; 8. of what becomes obsolete, sepultae ac situ obsitae iustitia, aequitas, industria, Vell. 2, 126, 2; quantum apud Enuium uerborum situs occupauerit, Sen. ep. 58, 5.

**si-ue**, (old form *seue*) or *seu* adv. or if, Dehinc postulo, *sive* aequomst, te oro Daue ut redeat iam in uiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19; 2. at times the term suggested as perhaps preferable to the *sive* clause, is to be understood though not expressed in the main clause, ut ei conlegio, *seue* magistri sunt Iouei compagei (then to the magistri also), locus in teatro esset quassei sei ludos fecissent, CIL 571, 2; Ilithya tuere matres, *Sive* tu Lucina probas uocari *Seu* Genitalis, Hor. carm. s. 15, or Lucina or G., if so to be called thou dost prefer; haec pars dialectica *sive* illam dicere malum disputatricem, or pars disputatrix, if we prefer that term..., Quint. 12, 2, 13; 3. elliptically, with such a vb. as *mauis* understood, opulentam urbem *matri* sen (or shall I say?) nouercae reliquit, Liv. 1, 3, 3; 4. esp. with *potius*, o hominem fortunatum qui eiusmodi nuntios *seu* *potius* Pegasos habeat! Cic. Quint. 80; quid foedius hoc ab *nrbe* discussu *sive* *potius* turpissima fuga? Att. 8, 3, 3; 5. *sive* (*seu*) doubled, and first each with its own vb. and its own apodosis, if on the one hand..., then...; if on the other..., then..., *sive* enim ad sapientiam perueniri potest, non paranda nobis solum ea sed fruenda etiamst; *sive* hoc difficilest, tamen nec modus est ullus inuestigandi ueri, nisi inuenieris, et quaerendi defetigatio trpns est, quom id quod quaeritur sit pulcherrimum, Cic. fin. 1, 3; *Sive* lyrae carmen digitis percussit eburnis, Miramur faciles ut premat arte manus; *Seu* uidi ad frontem sparsos errare capillos, Gandet laudatis ire superba comis; *Sive* illam..., Hoc totum...; *Seu* cum..., *Iuuenio*...; *Seu* nuda..., *Tum* uero..., Prop. 2, 1, 5; and prob. in Cic. Tusc. 1, 97 we should read: quamobrem *sive* *sensus*..., quid *lucri* est emori?...*sive* uera..., id multo iam *beatius* est (rather than *sin* uera); 6. wh. the two *sive* clauses have their own verb or verbs, but a common main verb, alike whether...or..., no matter whether...or..., nam illo loco libentissime soleo uti, *sine* quid mecum ipso cogito *sive* aliquid scribo aut lego, Cic. leg. 2, 1; homines nobiles *seu* recte *seu* perperam facere coeperunt ita in ntroque excellunt ut..., Quint. 31; *sive* enim sic est *sive* illo modo, uideri possunt permulta somniantibus falsa pro ueris, diu. 2, 120; *sive* in respondendo fuerit subito dicendum, *sive* quae alia exegerit ratio, nunquam oppressum se credit orator, Quint. 12, 9, 20; a quibusdam tota res repudiatur *sive* intellegatur *sive* non intellegatur, 9, 2, 69; in eo (sc. nerbo) fiunt soloecismi per genera tempora personas modos, *sive* cui status eos dici *sue* qualitates placet, 1, 5, 41; Nam si qui palmam ambissent histrionibus, si quoquam artificii...*seu*...*seu*, Pl. Amph. pr. 70; but see pass. in Ritschl; add Ov. F. 2, 81; 2, 477; *seu*, 4, 171, 177, 693, 719; 7. or the *sive* clauses may have no vb. of their own, the following words being in construction with the main clause, ubi quemque hominem aspexero *Sive* ancillam *sive* seruum si uxorem si adulterum Si patrem si auoni nidebo, opruncabo in aedibus, Pl. Amph. 4, 3, 15; si apud te plus auctoritas mea quam

tua *sive* natura paulo acrior *sive* quaedam dulcedo iracundiae *sive* dicendi sal facietiaeque ualuisse, nihil sane esset quod nos paciteret, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; *sive* deo *sive* deae ueruecos II, inscr. Or. 961; ita *sive* casu *sive* consilio deorum immortalium..., Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 6; Heluetii sen quod timore perterritos Romanos discedere existimarent *sive* eo quod re frumentaria intercludi posso confiderent, nostros iusequi coeperunt, 1, 23, 3; 8. in old writers *sive* often corresponds to a preceding *si*, *se* tr(ibunus) pl(ebei)...*quae* ex hae lege facere oportuerit non fecerit, *seine* aduersus hanc legem fecerit..., CIL 197, 9; *se* i pupillus *sive* ea pu(pilla) erit, 206, 4; *Si* media nox est *sive* prima nespera, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 4; add Cato orat. p. 68 Iordan; but in Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 11 we should prob. read: haec *Andria* *sive* ea uxor *sive* amica, grauidia e Pamphilost (for *si* ista here is a solecism); so also in Cic. acad. 1, 7 read with Turnebus: *sive* enim Zenonem..., *sive* Academiom (not *si* nero Ac.); 9. *sive* followed by *ue* in: *Sive* sacro pau, *sedue* sub arbore sacra, Ov. F. 4, 749; 10. *sive* alone, never *se*, is found in inscriptions before the death of Caesar; nor does *sen* occur in old trag. or com.; for in the quotation of Charis. p. 254: *Sive* ista uirtus *seu* latrocinium..., *seu* is a conj., the *ms* has *sive*; it is assigned by Charis. 181 to Enn. but in a passage wh. seems not trustworthy; in Cic. Caes. etc. *sive* and *seu* seem used indifferently.

**sōbrius**, adj. (for qty. see Pl. § 2 Ter. § 3 and Hor. § 1) [for *sobrius* and *so*=σωφρων sound-minded, *so*=σω of σωος σωζω and *sa* of sanus; then as b Lat.=φ Gk., cf. Bruges =Phryges, φρεν=Lat. brin or bren, =W. bryd mind, Corn. brys whence com-brys of one mind, an-combrys dissentient, see W. Stokes note on 'The Passion', Tr. Philolog. Soc. 1860 p. 87; cf. too e-brius without mind, drunk] lit. sound-minded, sober-minded, Auream quisquis mediocritatem Diligit...*caret* inuidenda Sōbriūs aula, Hor. od. 2, 10, 8 and perh. in some of the passages quoted in § 3; 2. gen. in reference to wine, sober, Si alia membra uino madeant, cor sit saltem sōbrium, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 2; ne uiolenti quidem quae faciunt, eadem approbatione faciunt qua sobrii, Cic. acad. pr. 52; 3. of sober habits, non fratrem uidet Rei dare operam ruri parcum ac sōbrium? Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 15; sunt omnes Siculi non contemendi sed homines et satis fortes et plane frugi ac sobrii, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 67; quae nisi uigilantes homines nisi sobrii consequi non possunt, Cael. 74; 4. met., nec aestimant noluptas illa Epicuri quam sobria ac sicca sit, Sen. uit. b. 12, 4; si ille (sc. animus) sanus est, ingeuum quoque siccum ac sobrium est, ep. 114, 3; note the *siccus* in these passages; 5. applied met. to things, pocula, Tib. 1, 6, 28; nox, Prop. 4, 16, 11; ineticulam (sc. Albeuem uitem) appellanere, iustius sobriam dicturi siquidem temulentiam sola non facit, Plin. 14, 31; rura, without vines, Stat. silu. 4, 2, 36; nerba, Mart. 1, 27, 5; Sobrius uicus, a street in Rome said to have been so called as having no taverns, Fest. s. v.; 6. without comp. or superl., quod nomen (sobrius) comparari non debet, neque enim sobrior neque sobrius dici potest, quamuis Laberius sobrior dixerit, Charis. 1, 15 p. 64; 7. a nom. sober seems to have existed, though condemned by Prob. de nom. exc. 213, inst. art. 126; 8. Eugenius 3, 6 makes the o short, L. Müller de re m. 364.

**sōcordia**, (al. sec.) ae, f. [socris; wh. see] stupidity, Quin tu aps te socordiam omnem reicis, segnitium amoues? Pl. As. 2, 1, 6; Eniuero Dane nil locist segnitiae neque socordiae, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 1; quod ostenderetis immensam timiditatem ac socordiam causa erat ne quid negotii gereretur, Cato ap. Fest. sub v., wh. F. adds: socordiam quidam pro ignauia posuerunt, Cato pro stultitia posuit; Multa amittuntur tarditie et socordia, Att. 278 R; scitis socordia atque ignauia Lentuli quantam ipsi nobisque cladem atulerit, Sall. Cat. 58, 4; cum eo hoste res est qui hesterno die delendi omnis exercitus fortuna per socordiam usus non sit, Liv. 7, 35, 5; philosophia uitanda est, affert enim socordiam atque desidiam, ad Her. 2, 35 (who observes, uana ratio est); ac si quem socordiae argueret (Antonia), stultiozem aiebat filio suo Claudio, Suet. Claud. 3; quo



magis socordiam eorum iridere libet qui praesenti potentia credunt exstingui posse etiam sequentis aevi memoriam, Tac. an. 4, 35; socordia Darei creuisse hostium famam, Curt. 7, 4, 3; **2.** inactivity of mind, sluggishness, non fuit consilium socordia atque desidia bonum otium conterrere, Sal. Cat. 4, 1; nisi felicitas in socordiam nertisset, exuere iugum potuere, Tac. Agr. 31; **3.** for qty. of first syllable see socors § 4.

**sōcors**, cordis (al. sec.) adj. [se+cord-, lit. without a heart, hence] stupid (the heart being the seat of intellect and memory, not as with us of the affections and memory, cf. cordatus), Si era me sciat tam socordem esse quam sum; Quamne in manibus tenui atque accepi hic ante aedes Cistellam, ubi ea sit nescio! Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 5; contra quos Carneades ita multa disseruit ut excitaret homines non socordes ad ueri inuestigandi enpuditatem, Cic. N. D. 1, 4; suspectabat maxime Cornelium Sullam socors ingenium eius in contrarium trahens callidumque et simulatorem interpretando, Tac. an. 13, 47; add h. 3, 50; **2.** inactive in mind, sluggish, Nolim ceterarum rerum te socordem eodem modo, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 61; an dubium habetis ne officere quid uobis uno animo pergentibus possit, quos languidos socordesque pertimere? Sal. or. Licin.; at Seianus nimia fortuna socors, Tac. an. 4, 39; **3.** with gen., gregarius miles futuri socors (not troubling themselves about the future), Tac. h. 3, 31; **4.** the o or e socors, socordia (sec.) should by origin be long, yet Prud. Cath. 79 has: Ne somnus usque ad terminos Vitae socordis opprimat; in p. st. 10, 810: Gula est ferina sed socors edacitas; and in apoth. 126 (al. 193) Caecorum caecos loquor atra socordia quorum; L. Müller, de re metr., p. 364, compares *sēpare* as used by Martial; further in all the passages from Pl. Ter. Att. a short vowel suits the metre; **5.** socordius as adv. comp. with less spirit, Liv. 1, 22, 5; Tac. h. 2, 15.

**sōdālis**, e, adj. [sēdes; cf. for qty. cūrnlis from curns, māilla from mamma, for change of first vowel cf. solium of same stock; of second cf. glacialis dialis] of the same table or mess, Tristori idcirco nox est quam tempora Phoebi; Quae releuet luctus turbā sōdālis abest, Ov. r. am. 586; **2.** hence as sb. m., a messmate, sodales quidam dictos putant quod una sederent essentque, Fest. 297 b 24 M; Verrm hic sodalis tuus amicus optimus, Pl. Cas. 3, 18; Si frater aut sodalis esset, qui magis morem gereret, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 74; at hoc Anaximandro populari et sodali suo (Thales) non persuasit, Cic. acad. pr. 118; aequales sodalesque adolescentium Tarquiniorum, Liv. 2, 3, 2; **3.** esp. a member of the same club or company (sodalitas), neque illud me commouet quod sibi in Lupercis sodalem esse Caelium dixit, Cic. or. 2, 26; primum habui semper sodales; sodalitates autem me quaestore constitutae sunt sacris Idaeis Magnae Matris acceptis, sen. 45; **4.** sodales sunt qui eiusdem collegii sunt, quam Graeci *ἐταίριαν* uocant, Gai. dig. 47, 22, 4; **5.** esp. of religious colleges in honour of deceased Emperors etc., sodales Titii, inscr. Or. 746; 890; sodal. Augusti, 3661; sodali Augustali, 663; sodales (Her)culani, 5003; sodali sacror. Tusculanor., 3905; **6.** of a quasi-husband or wife, Rubriae Tycho T. Flauius Hermes sodali optima b. m. f., 2667; D. M. Primaie digna fui merito meo rara sodali..., inscr. Or.-Henz. 6197; **7.** met., Vēnēris sōdāli craterae, Hor. od. 3, 18, 6; hiemis sodali Hebro, 1, 25, 19.

**sōdāes**, for si audes if you please, please [see andeo § 2 and § 3], libenter copulando uerba iungebant ut sodes pro si audes, sis pro si uis, Cic. orat. 154; heus puer Dic sodes quis heri Chrysidem habuit? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 58; wh. Donatus: Sodes est si audes; Dic sodes mihi, Bellian uidetur specie mulier? Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 39; Da sodes aps te; ego post tibi reddam duplex, Men. 3, 3, 22; iube sodes nummos curari, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 11; Aut sodes mihi redde decem sestertia Silo, Catul. 103, 1; uescērē sodes, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 15; corrigē sodes Hoc aiebat et hoc, A. P. 438; tu sodes qui coeperas fabulam remetire, Apul. M. 1, 4 f.; **2.** the full form si audes, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 17, and in: E. Dic mihi

si andes quis east quam uis ducere uxorem. M. Eloquar, Aul. 2, 1, 48 as quoted by Prisc. 690; but here the mss of Pl. have dic mihi quaeoso.

**sōl**, sōlis, m. [a contracted word; cf. Go. sauil and sunna, Gk. *αἴλιος* as well as *ἥλιος*, S. *syūna*, *sūra* etc., Lit. saule, Norse sol and sunna] the sun, Interea sol albus recessit in infera noctis, Enn. an. 92 V; iam solis aestu candor cum liquesceret, Naev. 53 R; omnium (temporum) moderatorem et ducem solem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 68; **2.** of the sun's heat and light, sun-shine, in sole ambulare, Cic. or. 2, 60; uam tecum apricationem iu illo Lucretino tuo sole malim quam omnia istiusmodi regna, Att. 7, 11, 1; add 12, 6, 2; scapos in solem proferendos, Plin. 21, 110; mala diuisa in sole ponuntur donec arcescant, Colum. 12, 14; specularia puros Admittunt soles, Mart. 8, 14, 4; **3.** in poets, for a day, Tris adeo incertos caeca caligine soles Erramus pelago, Verg. 3, 203; Bis senos soles totidem per uulnera saenas Emensi noctes, Sil. 3, 554; **4.** of a year, as though each year had a sun of its own (cf. luna for a month), sit femina (sc. canis) binos Quae tulerit soles, Nem. cyn. 120; **5.** met., quo quidem anno P. Africanus sol alter exstinctus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 14; Solem Asiae Brutum appellat stellaeque salubres Appellat comites, Hor. s. 1, 7, 24; **6.** as fixing points of compass, Belgae spectant in septentrionem et orientem solem (to the North and East)...; Aquitania spectat inter occasum solis et septentriones (west and north), Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6 and 7; alterum (latus Britanniae) uergit ad Hispaniam atque occidentem solem, 5, 13, 2; Hic mutat merces surgente a sole ad eum quo uespertina tepet regio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 29; **7.** dies solis, Sunday, Imp. Caes. Constantinus...prouisione etiam pietatis suae nundinas die solis perpeti anno constituit, inscr. Or. 508; **8.** the sun as a god often confounded with Apollo, Regia Solis erat sublimum alta columnis, Ov. M. 2, 1; Sol oculis inuenem quibus aspiciet omnia uidit, 2, 32; quid Medaeae respondebis quae duobus auis sole et Oceano, Aeeta patre matre Idyia procreata est? Cic. N. D. 3, 48; Imp. Caesar Diui f. Augustus...Soli donnm dedit, inscr. Or. 36; L. Aelio...pontifici dei sol(is) collegium fabrorum tignar., 60; deo soli Heelagabalo Aur. Bassinus, 1941; **9.** esp. of the Eastern God Mithras, A. Decimus...denm solem Mithra(m)...restituit, 1911; deo soli inuicto Mythre, 1915; and the same often abbrev., hieroceryx D. S. I. M., 2335; **10.** solis gemma, precious stone, Plin. 37, 181; **11.** promunturium solis, a headland on the coast of Mauretania, Plin. 5, 9; **12.** solis aqua, a spring in the oasis of Hammon, Curt. 4, 31; Mel. 1, 8; **13.** phrases, solem e mndo tollere uidentur qui amicitiam e uita tollunt, Cic. am. 47; elatus deinde ira adiecit nondum omnium diem solem occidisse, of the end of all things, Liv. 39, 26, 9; **14.** sole ipso est clarior, Arnob. 1, 28; nec si solem ipsum gestem in manibus fidem commodabunt ei doctrinae, Lact. 7, 1 med.

**soluo**, uēre, ui, ūtum, vb. [for sol-ue or sol-ub, the root sol (meaning run or go)=sal of salio, ser of serpo, and Skr. ser go] lit. let go by little and little, but in praetice let go or let run, set loose, set at liberty, disengage, loosen, unbind, as first with acc. of what was bound, soluite istum nuuiciam Atque utrumque, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 104; P. Pater non recte uinctust. S. Haud ita iussi. P. Iube solui obsecro, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 52; seiquis inuinculis obeas res est, eos omneis soluei mittef leiber(are)que Genuenses uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 44; (Antouius) ergastula (barracoons of slaves) soluendo, D. Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 3; ergastula soluit, 11, 13, 2; Soluite me pueri, Verg. B. 6, 24; solue senescentem...equum, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 8; **2.** of dead objects, soluite uela citi, Verg. 4, 574; nec crines soluere curat, Scindit, Ov. M. 11, 682; **3.** esp. of ships, unmoor, weigh anchor, set sail, put to sea, nauem cupimus soluere, Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 17; nauem soluiumus, Merc. pr. 92; paulo post medium noctem naues soluit, Caes. b. g. 4, 36, 3; **4.** absol. (se. nauem or ancoram understood), Soluere imperat secundo rumore aduersaque aui, poet. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 29; nos cenati soluiumus, fam. 16, 9, 2; complures mereatores Alexandria soluiuisse,



off. 3, 50; naues xviii ex superiore portu soluerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 28, 1; but not b. c. 3, 101, 6; 5. of bowels, open, relax, alium astringit labor sedile crcta..., contra soluit aucta ambulatio atque esca, Cels. 1, 3; (Thasia uua) soluit alium, Plin. 14, 117; tithymallus uentrem soluit, Colum. 9, 13, 2; 6. of the tougue etc., set a going, give a loose to, dum linguam ad iurgia soluit (sc. Iuno), Ov. M. 3, 261; uana quoque...fama...Innumeras soluit falsa in praeconia linguas, Lucan. 1, 472; ternisque ululibus ora Soluit (sc. Medea), Ov. M. 7, 191; ora, Tib. 3, 5, 14; 7. secondly with acc. of that which bound, ancora soluta, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; uix solui duos a pectore nexus, Ov. M. 9, 58; nunquamne hos laqueos si soluere negatur abruptam? Plin. ep. 2, 8, 2; II 8. met. set free (from), relieve, with acc. of person (nom. in pass.) and abl. of bond etc., petente Flacco ut legibus solueretur, Liv. 31, 50, 8; ut religione einitas soluantur, Cic. Caecin. 98; me tener soluet uitulus (sc. uoto), Hor. od. 4, 2, 54; Ergo omnis longo soluit se Teueria luctu, Verg. 2, 26; hanc beluam (sc. Clodium) soluit lege curiata, Cic. Sest. 16; 9. in old legal lang. with a gen., cauent ut is heredes testamenti soluat, Cic. leg. 2, 51; as also in poets, Cum famulis operum solutus, Hor. od. 3, 17, 16; 10. or with acc. of that from wh. one is set free, remove, Soluite corde metum, Verg. 1, 562; L. Manlius perinde ac rei gerendae ac non soluendae religionis gratia creatus esset, Liv. 7, 3, 9 (wh. implies a construction soluere religionem); icunia uirgo soluerat, Ov. M. 5, 534—had ended (or broken) her fast; soluens icunia belli Massagetis quo fugit equo, Lucan. 3, 282; III 11. met. of debts, pay off, discharge, non quiu aes alienum soluere possem, Sal. Cat. 35, 2; argentum (debts in silver) aere solum est, 33, 2; Quintus laborat ut tibi quod debet ab Egnatio soluat, Cic. Att. 7, 18, 4; and met., Neque tu uerbis solues unquam quod mihi re malefeceris, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 10; magna mihi debebat beneficia..., et cum ut ea solueret (repay) sibi imperare non posset, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 12, 1; 12. with acc. of the money etc. paid, pay, utei quod eius is reus non soluerit ab eis pecunia exigatur, CIL 198, 67; eam (pecuniam) praesentem mulieri soluit, Cic. Clu. 34; nummos, off. 3, 91; pro frumento nibil, Verr. 2, 3, 169; and absol., misimus qui pro uectura solueret, Att. 1, 3, 2; 13. with dat. of gerundive or gerund and esse, to be unable to pay one's debts, to be insolvent, quum...nec tamen soluendo aere (as a dat.) alieno respublica esset, Liv. 31, 13, 5; cum soluendo ciuitates non essent, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; add Phil. 2, 4; Att. 13, 10 f.; off. 2, 79; and with ad, sic pecuniam contriuit ut ad soluendum non esset, Vitr. 10, 6 f.; 14. hence of penalties and punishment, pay, capite poenas soluit, Sal. Iug. 69, 4; hac manu poenas tibi Soluam, Sen. Phaedr. 1185; add Oed. 958; 15. a debt of duty, pay, discharge, qui nondum omnia paterno funeri iusta soluisset, Cic. Rosc. Am. 23; suprema militibus duci- que, Tac. an. 1, 61, 1; inferias uiro, Sen. Phaedr. 1207; 16. esp. of vows, Ad Veneris est profectus mane netulus uotum ut solueret, Pomp. 133 R; uota ea quae numquam solueret nuncupauit, Cic. Phil. 3, 11; Vouerat et uoti soluerat ille fidem, Ov. F. 1, 642; 17. hence abbrev. I. O. M. et Genio loci huius Q. Caecilius...V. S. L. M. (uotum soluit lubens merito), inser. Or. 186, etc.; 18. so soluere fidem to fulfil an engagement, keep one's word, soluisti fidem, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 19; suam fidem solutam esse, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 3; IV 19. loosen the component parts of, as melt, dissolve, break up, Tum labefactatus rigor auri soluitur aestu, Lucret. 1, 492; Ignis agit uires...saxa ingentia soluit, Lucan. 3, 506; Tamque Pyrenaeae quas nunquam soluere Titan Eualuit fluxere niues, 4, 83; Soluitur acris hiemps, Hor. od. 1, 4, 1; 20. hence with in and acc. of the new condition, nullum tellus se soluit in annem, Lucan. 2, 408; Romulus exebias decreuit in otia solui, Prop. 5, 4, 79; Austrum...Libye... Dissipat et liquidas e turbine soluit in auras, Lucan. 9, 451; 21. make loose, soft, or flabby, relax, esp. of the once firm muscles, first of sleep, homines uolucresque ferasque Soluerat alta quies, Ov. M. 7, 186; or blows, plagisque perempto Tunsae per integram soluuntur uiscera pellem,

Verg. G. 4, 302; or death, ast illi soluuntur frigore membra Vitaque cum gemitu fugit, A. 12, 951; 22. hence in late prose of dissolution by death, pass away, die, Massiliae morbo Lucius (Caesar) moritur, Flor. 2, 32; admotis ad uenas serpentibus (Cleopatra) sic morte quasi somno soluta est, 2, 21; quid proderit tibi si soluta inedia fueris? Petr. 111; 23. met. soften, melt (the rugged and hard of mind), ut tamen artum Solueret hospitium animum, Hor. s. 2, 6, 83; Latinus Ille ego sum...Qui spectatorem potui fecisse Catonem, Soluere qui Curios Fabriciosque graues, Mart. 9, 28, 4; 24. cause to evaporate, vanish, carry off, relieve, sunt qui (cometas) credant nasci umore et ignea ui ideoque solui, Plin. 2, 94 f.; eo tempore quo ebrietas solui solet, Cels. 2, 6, 23; qui (dolores) neque tempore neque remediis soluuntur, 2, 7, 15; 25. undo (a knot), solve, segnesque nodum soluere Gratiae, Hor. od. 3, 21, 22; and met., Qui iuris nodos et legum aenigmata soluat, Iuv. 8, 50; qua nia captiosa soluantur, ambigua distinguantur, Cic. fin. 1, 22; aenigmata, Quint. 8, 6, 53; ambiguitatem, 7, 2, 49; 26. soluere uersum, to break a line of poetry up so as to destroy the rhythm, Non ut si soluas Postquam discordia tetra etc., Hor. s. 1, 4, 60; Si quinque continnos dactylos, ut fit in illo Panditur interea..., solueris uersum, Quint. 9, 4, 49; soluto uersu, 1, 8, 13; uersum primo soluere, mox mutatis uerbis interpretari condiscant, 1, 9, 2; Scribere conabar uerba soluta modis, Ov. tr. 4, 16, 23; 27. hence soluta oratio, prose, libros de oratione soluta duo, de poetica unum, Varr. l. 6, 11; ut in soluta oratione sic in poematis, 7, 1; liberior est oratio et sic est uere soluta ut sine uinculis sibi ipsa moderetur, Cic. or. 3, 184; 28. of two objects engaged together whether in friendship or war, separate, part, Commissas acies ego possum soluere, Prop. 5, 4, 59; Pol- luit ille deus cognatos, soluit amicos, 3, 32, 5; Nulla queat posthac nos soluuisse dies, Tib. 4, 5, 16, where note the quadrisyl. soluuisse; 29. hence by decapitation luo, loosen as *λυω*, also *luxu-*; as also *laxo-* with our loose etc.; = also our slack (for sal-ack) and slacken; from a variety sol-ub-comes solubilis and by decap. lobero=libero-, wh.= *ελευθερο* for *ελεφθ-ερο* where the *θ* is excrement.

**sorb-co**, ēre, nī, vb. freq. [sorbo, for sor-ob-o, of wh. sor=swallow of our swallow, schwel- of the term schwelger-er, and uor of uora-re; from a lost *σorp-ophe-* by decap. comes *ροφε-*] sip and sip, suck in, swallow, L. Sorbet dormiens. P. Quid sorbet? L. Illut 'stertit' uolui dicere; sed quia consimilest quom stertas quasi sorbeas, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 6; Semul flare sorbereque haut factu facilest, Most. 3, 2, 104; Et cum spirantes mixtas hinc ducimus auras, illa quoque in corpus pariter sorbere necessest, Lner. 6, 1130; atque imo barathri ter gurgite uastos Sorbet in abruptum fluctus, Verg. 3, 422; Fluminaque...partim sorbentur ab ipsa, Ov. M. 1, 40; crudum ouum, Plin. 29, 42; acetum, Cels. 4, 4, 86; aera, Iuv. 6, 306; 2. met. quid eum non sorbere animo (censetis)? Cic. Phil. 11, 10; me ab eo (sc. Vatinius) ita obseruari scio ut eius ista odia non sorbeam solum sed etiam concoquam, Q. fr. 3, 9, 5; 3. see sorbo.

**sorb-ilia**, e, adj. [sorb-o] capable of being sucked, ovum, Cels. 2, 18; cibi, Colum. 8, 17, 13; oua, Petr. 33.

**sorbillo**, āre, vb. double dim. [from sorbilo] sip and sip, suck, (uinum) labellis sorbillat, Apul. M. 2, 16; oculos Fotidis sorbillantibus sauuis hauebam, 3, 14 f.; cf. sorbilo.

**sorb-ilo**, āre, vb. dim. [sorbo] sip, ...Carpam, et eiathos sorbilans paulatim hunc producum diem, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 52.

**sorb-ium**, i, n. dim. [sorbo] food for sucking, pap, Nam mihi iam uideo propter te uicitandum sorbilo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 185; Sine suam senectutem ducat usque (mss utique) ad seuium sorbilo (mss sorbitio), Caecil. 73 R.

**sorb-itio**, ōnis, f. lit. sipping, sucking; sorbitio tollit quem dira cicuta, Pers. 4, 2; 2. hence a thickish liquid, broth, liquida sorbitioe hoc per dies vii dato, Cato r. 157, 13; et illi in patina liquida Posuisse sorbitioem quam nullo modo Gustare esurians potuerit ciconia, Phaedr. 1, 26, 5; astringunt panis..., pulcicula uel ex alica uel ex panico uel ex milio, itemque ex iisdem sorbitio, Cels. 2, 30; cunila



cum farina oleo et aceto in sorbitionem temperata, Plin. 20, 170.

**sorbĭtĭum**, ii, n. the same, mentae, Ser. Sam. 21, 360 (al. sorbitio).

**sorbĭtĭum-cŭla**, ae, f. dim. a small 'sorbitio', Marc. Emp. 10 med.; Plin. Val. 1, 54; Hieron. Hilar. 11.

**sorbo**, ĕre, vb. freq. [see sorboo] suck, sup, sip, Cum canibus rapidas inter (under) freta sorberet (so Heinsius by conj.; mss serperet) undas (sc. Scylla), Lygdam. 4, 1, 72; uinum istud sorbamus omne (al. sorbeamus), Apul. M. 2, 11; 2. sorbeo uel etiam sorbo ut Probo placet, sorpsi uel sorbui, Prisc. 873; so sorbsi or sorpsi supported by Charis. 216, Diom. 362; but condemned by Probus 1480, Vel. 2233, Caper 2240; cf. absorpsit Lucan. 4, 100.

**sŏr-or**, ōris, f. [?] sister, ita sola Postilla germana sorŏr errare uidēbar, Enn. an. 42 V; T. salue mea soror. P. Frater mi saluc, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 57; filiam eius sororem tuam eiecisti, Cic. Phil. 2, 99; duae fuerunt Ariouisti uxores, una Suaeua, altera Norica, regis Voctionis soror, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 4; Panaque Siluanumque senem Nymphasquē sŏrŏres, Verg. G. 2, 494; Iŏuisque Et sŏrŏr et coniunx, A. 1, 47;

2. of the Parcae or Fates, Dum res et actas et sororum Fila trium patiuntur atra, Hor. od. 2, 3, 15; Tunc quae dispensant mortalia fata sorores, Ov. her. 12, 3; 3. of the Furies, Viperaeque ciet Stygia de ualle sorores, Ov. M. 6, 662; Nec metues atro crinitas angue sorores, 10, 349; 4. of the Muses, Paece nouem uestra liceat dixisse sorores, Ov. tr. 4, 12, 45; doctaeque sorores, Tib. 3, 4, 45; 5. of the Graces, Gratia nudis iuncta sororibus, Hor. od. 3, 19, 16; add 4, 7, 5; 6. as a term of affection for other than sisters, Haec uenusa soror potui, Verg. 11, 822—called just before Accam ex aequalibus unam; mearum Vidistis siquam hic errantem forte sororum, 1, 321; add Ov. M. 1, 351; 7. met., Nunc obscuro te Milphio hanc per dexteram Perque hanc sororem laeuam, Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 9; add Verg. mor. 28; Catul. 66, 51; 8. in old drama often a monos. (cf. uŏrus for uŏrŏrus, μωνυχος for μονο-νυχος as also Fr. soeur, and see mos; Satis nunc lepide ornatam credo soror te tibi uideret, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 84; Ph. Quid agimus soror si oflirmabit pater aduersum nos? P. pati Nos oportet, St. 1, 2, 11; add 1, 1, 18 and 20; Soror dictast; cupio abducere ut reddam suis, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 77;

9. in old lang. the qty. sorŏr prevailed, see Enn. above and: Ad. 1 sorŏr abscede tu a me. Ag. Perii, eho quid ais Milphio? Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 151; 10. soror=S. swasr, Russ. sestra, Lith. sessere (nom. sessou, gen. sesseres), N. systir, Go. svistar, G. schwester, E. sister; the t in these words excrement, the or of sor-or=er of frater etc. a dim. of affection, o preferred to suit preceding vowel, as also in uxor.

**spātĭllĭum**, (spath.) ii, n. (σπαταλιον or σπαθ, dim. of σπαταλη), lit. a small blade, esp. as an ornament, a bracelet or anklet, fruticem...qui uocatur chariton blepharon, efficacem in amatorĭis; spatia ex eo facere et monilia feminas, Plin. 13 fin.; impositis spatialis arg(enteis), CIL 2, 206; in spatialis zmaragdi n̄. viii margarita n̄. viii, 2, 3386; nescio an manus spathalio circumdari solita in duritia cataractae stupescere sustineat, Tert. cult. fem. 13.

**spātĭum**, ii, n. [borrowed from Gk. σπαδιον, Aeolic form of σταδιον. So Hesych. σπαδιον, το σταδιον; like σπολη σπαλεις for σπολη σταλεις, Greg. Cor. dial. Aeol. 44. Tbis σταδιον, lit. a neut. adj. 'standard' signifying the standard of length, a stade or furlong, which was the length of the race-course of Olympia (L. and S.), comes ult. fr. from ἰστημι, whose baso=Lat. sta., see sto] a measured stadium as a race-course, which was commonly run over several times to make up the complete race, and so the word is often used in the plural, Sicut fortis equus spatio qui saepe supremo Vicit Olimpia, nunc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 441 V; Vt cum carceribus sese effudere quadrigae Addunt in spatia (wh. gradium is to be supplied in thought), put on fresh speed every lap (so to say) of the race, Verg. G. 1, 513; Hie uel ad Elei metas et maxima campi Sudabit spatia, 3, 203; Seu septem spatiis Circo meruere coronam, Ov. hal.

68; Circusium die quo facilius centum missus peragerentur, singulos a septenis spatiis ad quina corripuit, Suet. Dom. 4; 2. met. esp. of the race of life, Quid mihi opust decurso aetatis spatio cum meis Gerere bellum? Pl. St. 1, 2, 33; nam ego uitam duram quam uixi usque adhuc Prope iam excurso spatio mitto, Ter. Ad. 5, 6; Nec uero uelim quasi decurso spatio ad carceres a calce reuocari, Cic. sen. 83; cf. Verg. 9, 275; Ov. M. 15, 225 and 874; and Sen. Troad. 407 if genuine; 3. met. of poet or orator, Tu mihi supremae praescripta ad candida calcis Currenti spatium praemonstra, callida Musa, Lucr. 6, 93; quoniam me ex comparato et constituto spatio defensionis in semihorae curriculum (al. circulum) coegisti, Cic. Rab. perd. 6; ut nostrum cursum perspicere possis et uidere quemadmodum simus in spatio Q. Hortensium ipsius uestigis persecuti, Brut. 307; istuc mens animusque Fert et amat spatiis obstantia rumpere claustra, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 9; 4. other met. as of the sun's course, lamque tenebat Nox medium caeli spatium, Hor. s. 2, 6, 101; of military evolutions, Inde alios ineunt cursus aliosque recursus Aduersis spatiis, Verg. 5, 584; of a whipping top, ille actus habena Curuatis fertur spatiis, 7, 381; 5. a turn in a walk (backwards and forwards), postero die in ambulationem uentum esse dicebat; tum Seaeuolam duobus spatiis tribusue factis dixisse... Cic. or. 1, 28; si uno basiŏcae spatio honestamur, diligenter obseruari uidemur, Mur. 70; nihil aliud quam deambulabat ita ut extremis spatiis subsultim decurreret, Suet. Aug. 83; 6. hence a short space fit for walking, or walk, quin ad illa spatia nostra sedesque pergitmus? Cic. leg. 1, 14; in cupressetis Gnosiorum et spatiis siluestribus disputauit, 1, 15; fateor me oratorem non ex rhetorum officinis sed ex Acaemiae spatiis exstitisse, orat. 12; cf. Stat. silu. 3, 5, 90; Sen. Thy. 649; 7. a long space, esp. in the form: in spatium, nec limite callida recto In spatiumue fugit sed decipit ora sequentis Et redit in gyrum, Ov. M. 7, 782; neo Delius aures Humanam stolidas patitur retinere figuram Sed trahit in spatium, 11, 176; 8. great size, Dum spatium uictor uicti considerat hostis, Ov. M. 3, 95; Nec tutus spatio est elephas, Lucan. 9, 732; Et vasti spatio uincere corporis, Sen. Phaedr. 814; 9. gen. space, room, Nam quo squamigeri poterunt procedere tandem Ni spatium dederint latitiae? Lucr. 1, 379; flumen paene totum oppidum cingit, reliquum spatium mons continet, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 4; add Lucr. 2, 163; Caes. b. c. 3, 92, 1; 10. space of time, time, Spatium quidem tandem adparandi nuptias (adparandis nuptiis mss), Vocandi, sacrificandi dabitur paululum, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 20; hoc interim spatio conclauē illud, ubi epularetur Scopas, cecidisse, Cic. or. 2, 353; spatia omnis temporis non numero dierum (dierum numero?) sed noctium finiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 18, 2; sex dies ad eam rem conficiendam spatii postulant, 1, 3, 6; 11. time (in measurement of verse), trocheum qui est eodem spatio quo choreus, cordacem appellat, Cic. orat. 193; 12. a lap of the sun's course so to say, a year, quosdam (morbos) post sexagesimum uitae spatium accidere, Plin. 7, 170.

**spĕcĭo**, spēĕre, spēxi, vb. absol. [=σκεπ of σκεπτομαι; root sec=seh of Germ. seh-en and our see (cf. sight)=see of s(e)c-isco and s(e)c-io; prob. also=see of sectus, sec-a-cut, cf. uid of uideo and diuido; from a dim. or freq. sec-ec, to avoid two gutturals, came sep-ec, i.e. spec and σκεπ-ε, i.e. σκεπ-; the S. spach is still more corrupt] see, Quos ubi rex...ulo spēxit de contibus (montibus? cautibus?) celsis, Enn. an. 402 V; (Nunc) sciam, nunc specimen spēcitur, nunc certamen cernitur, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 2; spētare dictum ab spēcio antiquo quo etiam Eunius usus...et quod in auguris etiam nunc dicunt auem spēcere...; speculum quod in eo spēcimus imaginem, Varr. l. 6, 8; in persona eius a quo alimenta relicta sunt, haec erunt spēcienda, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 11.

**spŏlĭum**, ii, n. dim. (by form) [=σκυλον from σκυλω of σκυλλω skin; one with pell-is and our fell; also with col of col-or] skin (of an animal), Necdum res igni scabant tractare neque uti Pellibus et spŏlis corpus uestire ferarum, Lucr. 5, 954; cum lubrica serpens Exiit in spinis uestem, nam



saepe uidemus Illorum spoliis nepres uolitantibus auctas, 4, 62; Mox nt erat (sc. Hercules) phlaetrageque grauis spoliique leonis, Ov. M. 9, 113; add *her.* 4, 100 and 6, 13; **2.** met. in the pl. of the strippings of a slain enemy, and so gen. spoils (of war), Hodie hostis fugauit, spolia plaoido posterius leget, Titin. 154 R; add 182; Fabius duem Gallorum occidit spoliaque eius legentem Galli agnovere, Liv. 5, 36, 7; caesorum spolia legero, 5, 39, 1; si spoliolum causa uis hominem occidere, spoliasti, Cic. Rosc. Am. 145; quis umquam praedo fuit tam nefarius ut cum integram praedam sino sanguine habere posset, cruenta spolia detrachere mallet? 146; **3.** esp. spoils of war set up as trophies, cum cum nobis (locum, sc. the rostra) maiores nostri exuuiis nauticis et classium spoliis ornatum reliquissent, Cic. Man. 55 f.; parta de Antio spolia quae Maenius in suggestu foro sufflxit, Flor. 1, 5, 10; **4.** met., Eum ego adeo uno mendacio deici, uo ictu extemplo Cepi (ab eo) spolia, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 44; ex funere rei publicae raptis consularibus spoliis, Tac. h. 4, 42; **5.** in siug., ualidam ui corripit hastam Actoris Aurunci spoliolum, Verg. 12, 94; paludamentum mordicus trahens (Caesar) ne spolio potiretur hostis, Suet. Caes. 64 f.; add Ov. M. 8, 87; Petr. 13.

**stercus**, ōris, n. [see below] dung, esp. for manure, terra stercus operito, Cato r. 29; stercus optimum scribit esse Cassius uoluerium, Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; omni solo quod fatiscit una medicina est ut stercore adiueas, Colum. 2, 14, 3; se interfectum in plaustrum esse coniectum et supra sterens iniectum, Cic. diu. 1, 57; **2.** of other uses, as: colorque Stercore fucatus erocodili, Hor. epod. 12, 11; **3.** removal of night-soil from temple of Vesta of religious moment, stercus ex acde Vestae xvii kal. Iul. defertur..., ap. Fest. 344 b 13 M; so 258 a 25 M: quando stercus delatum fas; cf. Ov. F. 6, 227 and 713; **4.** met., nolo stercus oriaie dici Glauciam, Cic. or. 3, 164; **5.** from a root such as scat of scateo, and our scatter=σκαεδ of σκεδαννυσι, came sker as seen in σκερ-βολος, lit. dung-throwing, and σκωρ σκατος; also cerda of Lat. su-cerda pig-dung, S. karda, Russ. skered; N. kar, Eng. shard-(born beetle of Shakspeare); A.-Sax. secaru, Dan. skarn, Eng. scorn (met.); also sharn of old Eng. as sharn-bude the dung-beetle of Gower, still used in Kent; Lat. scel-us (met.); of same stock spar of spargo, σπερ of σπειρω, with Lat. spur-cus; lastly ster-c-us by euphony for sker-c-us.

**stern-ax**, ācis, adj. [from a root ster with excrescent n; cf. Germ. stören, Eng. stir, start, startle; also Lat. tur-b-a-and esp. consterna-re] apt to start (as a horse), Et sternacis equi lapsum ceruice Thymoeten, Verg. 12, 364; equum, Sil. 1, 261; **2.** of a man easily alarmed, Sid. 5, 14 f.

**sterno**, ēre, strāui, strātum, vb. [ster=S. str, σπορ of σπορηννυμι and στρωννυμι; the n perh. excrescent; strāui and stratum from a form st(o)r-ag=our vb. straw or strew; cf. strages, strag-ulus; poss. ster is one with spar of spargo, σπερ of σπειρω; cf. sternuo for echange of p to t] strew, scatter.

**sto**, stāre (stēti, stātum only borrowed from sisto) vb. intr. [root set, as shown by sist-, i.e. si-set- compared with gigu- or γιγν-, μιν-, πππτ- from gen. γεν-, μεν-, πετ-, see below] be stopping, be at a stand-still, be without motiou, be at rest, stay, be fixed, Ita statim stat signa neque nox quoquam concedit die, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 120; Cum placidum uentis staret mare, Verg. B. 2, 26; nec Armeniis in oris... stat glacies iners Menses per omnes, Hor. od. 2, 9, 5; ueluti stet uolueris dies, 3, 28, 6; **2.** esp. of ships, be at anchor, ridc, be beached, decem naues in sinu Maliaeco stabant, Liv. 36, 20, 5; classem iustratam in portu stare, 37, 11, 3; add 37, 16, 5; 42, 48, 10; 45, 2, 9; Ancora de prora iacitur; stant litore puppes, Verg. 6, 902; **3.** of the features, be fixed (chiefly in late poets), nunc uultu pauido, nunc torua minaci, Stat nunquam facies, Lucan. 5, 214; stant ora metu nec fessa recedunt Lumina, Val. F. 4, 639; add Sil. 15, 29; Stat. Th. 10, 693; **4.** of fate, be fixed, Stat sua cuique dies, Verg. 10, 467; **5.** of the miud, be fixed, stat sententia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18;

ipsi sententia stetit pergere ire, Liv. 21, 30, 1; **6.** esp. as a vb. impers., modo nobis stet illud una uiuore in studiis nostris, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; Stat casus renouare omnis, Verg. 2, 750; add Nep. Att. 21, 5; Cic. Att. 3, 14, 2; Val. F. 5, 289; **7.** of hindrances, in the form per me stat or stetit, it is stopped through me, Si poterit fieri ut ne pater per mo stetisse credat Quo minus haec fierent nuptiae, uolo, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 16; uelut persoluta fide quoniam per eum non stetisset quin praestaretur, Liv. 2, 31, 11; utrisque apparuit, nihil per alteros stare quominus incepta persequerentur, 6, 33, 2; quasi per ipsum staret ne redderetur, Suet. Aug. 28; non per me stetit, sed per illud, Quint. 3, 6, 78; add Liv. 3, 61, 2; 8, 2, 2; 9, 14, 1; and even with inf. in late writers, si per cum non stetit parere defuncti uoluntati, Scaev. dig. 32, 1, 36; **8.** consist (of), be one continued mass (of), with abl., stant puluere campi, Enn. an. 592 V; Familiae fame peribant (perant mss), ager autem stet sentibus, Caec. 219 R; Atque illud ante partum comedit, fundi stabant sentibus, Titin. 144 R; stat sentibus pectus, Lucil. ap. Don. ad Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 16; cf. Gell. 8, 5; caelum caligine stat, Sisen. ap. Non. p. 266 Gerl.; iam pluere caelum Stare uident, Verg. 12, 407; stant lumina flamma, 6, 300; Vides ut alta stet niue caudidum Soracte, Hor. od. 1, 9, 1; **9.** be decided (by), abide (by), stand (by), adhere to, first with a mere abl., facere promissa, stare conuentis, Cic. off. 3, 95; suis stare iudiciis, Tusc. 5, 81; cupiebant Caesarem staro condicionibus iis quas tulisset, Att. 7, 15, 2; si quis eorum decreto non stetit, sacrificiis interdicitur, 6, 13, 6; quae pars maior erit, eo stabitur consilio, Liv. 7, 35, 2; fama rerum (so not famae), 7, 6, 6; add 8, 40, 5; 21, 19, 4; also Ov. M. 2, 818; Quint. 5, 6, 4; 7, 6, 12; **10.** also with in and abl., si in eo quod ostenderat non stat, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 1; stare oportet in eo quod sit iudicatum, fin. 1, 47; **11.** and in late writers with a dat., patris uoluntati, Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 3; uoluntati defuncti, 36, 3, 6; emptiois, 19, 1, 13; conuentioni, Afric. 2, 1, 18; rei iudicatae, Call. 42, 1, 32; **12.** be, exist, with the notion of continuance, as in Romance langg., saxo stant antra uetusto, Quae iustum memorant incoluisse senem, Ov. F. 5, 383; nec nōtis stābat contenta uenenis, Val. F. 7, 354; Vacuum sine ullis classibus stabit mare, Sen. Phaedr. 480; **13.** when man or an animal first stops, he is in a standing position, hence stand, Hos quos uidetis stare hic captiuos duos...hi stant ambo, non sedent, Pl. Capt. pr. 1; cum uirgo staret et Caecilia in sella sederet, Cic. diu. 1, 104; haec duo signa quae nunc ad impluuium stant, Verr. 2, 1, 61; Starū lōcō nescit, micat aribus et tremat artus, Verg. G. 3, 84; **14.** often of soldiers, stand, make a stand, stand firm, as opposed to flying, ut fit in proelio ut ignauus miles fugiat eo eamque caussam pereat, cum ei qui steterit nihil tale euenerit, sic..., Cic. Tusc. 2, 54; quum in acio stare ac pugnare decuerat, tum in castra refugerunt, Liv. 22, 60, 25; and met., cum in senatu pulcherrime starems uuumque certamen esset relictnm, sententia Volcatii, res ab aduersariis uostris extracta est, Cic. fam. 1, 4, 1; **15.** hence met., stand on the side of, side with, stand by, first with ab or pronom. adverbs of the class in -de, talis fuit ut nemo a senatu steterit constantius, Cic. Brut. 273; a mendacio contra uerum stare, inu. 1, 4; horum unumquodque a se potius quam ab aduersariis stare, 1, 81; euentus belli uelut aequus iudex unde ius stabat ei uictoriam dedit, Liv. 21, 10, 9; inconditam Thurinorum turbam nec satis fido aumo unde pugnabat stantem, 25, 15, 13; ut unde stetisset (Alcibiades) eo se uictoria transferret, Iust. 5, 4, 12; **16.** less frequently with cum, Nam nihaec ita essent, cum illo haud stare Phaedria, Ter. Phorm. 2, 1, 39; si quid de aequitate ea quae cum aduersario staret derogasset, Cic. iun. 2, 142; quum di prope ipsi cum Hannibale starent, Liv. 26, 41, 17; ad id tempus se cum Romanis stetissent, 44, 14, 6; Belgas secum palani aut uoto stare, Tac. h. 4, 76; **17.** with pro the meaning is slightly different, stand up in defence of, successisset fraudi, ni pro iure gentium stetisset fortuna, Liv. 38, 25, 8; **18.** met. of an actor, stand one's ground, as opposed to being driven away, hissed off the stage, In his quas



primum Caecili didici nonas Partim sum carum exactus, partim uix steti, Ter. Hec. 2 pr. 7; 19. stand, not fall, consul arietibus muros quatitabat, oppidanos primo pavor cepit, deinde ut praeter spem stare muros uiderunt..., Liv. 38, 5, 4; 20. met., quae si naluisent, res publica staret, tu concidisses, Cic. Phil. 2, 24; qui homines si stare non possunt, corruant, Cat. 2, 21; in hac ruina rerum stetit una integra atque immobilis nirtus populi Romani, Liv. 26, 41, 12; 21. esp. of plays which maintain their ground; Quod si intellegeret quom stetit olim nona, Aetoris opera magis stetisse quam sua..., Ter. Ph. pr. 9; 22. of things, stand up, be erect, stand out, project, hic stare papillas Pectore marmoreo, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 265 Gerl.; sic stant Pectora celsa toris, Ov. M. 12, 401; mammae, Plin. 28, 249; mentula, Mart. 3, 75, 1; 23. stand (one in so much), cost, centum talentis eam rem Achaeis stetisse, Liv. 34, 50, 6; si extemplo rem fortunae commisisset haud scio an magno detrimeto staturum fuerit, 3, 60, 2; multo sanguine ac uulneribus ea Poenis uictoria stetit, 23, 30, 2; haud illi stäbunt Aeneia paruo Hospitia, Verg. 10, 494; haec te uictoria perdet, Heu quanto regnis nox stetit una tuis! Ov. F. 2, 812; add: morte, Vell. 2, 64, 4; 24. sta or set-a is a corruption of set-ag, seen in st-ag-num; more commonly g gives way to b, as in stäb-ulum; also to d, as in städibus and our stood, stand, stead; and to t as in super-stet-, stät-u-, stät-ion-, stät-uo-

**stömächus**, i. m. [στομαχος wh. is from στοματ- or rather from an older form στομαχ-, and perh. orig. meant mouth, but στοματ- or στυματ- (so Dor.) seems itself decap. from σστ-ματ- or σστ-υματ- (cf. σσ-ματ- and σσ-υματ- for γον-ματ etc.) and so of same root with os (oris) a mouth, the t being exrescent; yet in practice στομαχο- came to mean first] gullet, oesophagus, throat, the true Latin name being gula, linguam ad radices eius laerens excipit stomachus quo primum inlabuntur ea quae accepta sunt ore, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; deinde duo itinera incipiunt; alterum asperam arteriam nominant, alterum stomachum; ..stomachus interior ad uentriculum fertur, Cels. 4, 1; 2. the stomach or in Latin uentriculus, summum gulae fauces uocantur, postremum stomachus; hoc nomine est carnosia inanitas lagoenae modo fusa, Plin. 11, 179; eadem auis scribitur conchis se solere complere easque cum stomachi calore concoxerit euomere, Cic. N. D. 2, 124 f.; Dummodo quod apias concoctum didere possis Artubus et stomachi umidulum seruare tenorem, Lucr. 4, 632; Ieiunus raro stomachus nulgaria tenmit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 18; 3. met. the stomach as the seat of the feelings, whether of pleasure or disgust, locus ille animi nostri stomachus ubi habitabat olim concalluit, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; ludi apparatusissimi sed non tui stomachi—not to your taste, fam. 7, 1, 2; in hoc agello, si modo adriserit pretium, Tranquilli mei stomachum multa sollicitant, uicinitas urbis, opportunitas uiae, mediocritas nullae, modus ruris qui auocet magis quam distringat, Plin. ep. 1, 24, 3; compositus non ad animum iudicis sed ad stomachum litigatoris, Quint. 12, 9, 12; bono sane stomacho (having a stomach that can digest anything) contenti sunt, 2, 3, 3; 4. absol. disgust, rage, quae (sc. epistola) plena stomachi et querellarum est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8, 1; hoc adpersi ut scires me tamen in stomacho solere ridere, fam. 2, 16, 7; puto te existimaturum a me illos libros non sine aliquo meo stomacho esse relictos, Q. fr. 3, 5, 2; 5. esp. with the verbs fac- and moue-, non illi quidem ut mihi stomachum facerent, quem ego funditus perdidit, sed certe ut facere se arbitrantur, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 10; ita mihi uidetur non minus stomachi nostro quam Caesari fecisse, Att. 5, 11, 2; in quo ille mihi risum magis quam stomachum mouere solet, 6, 3, 7.

**stringo**, ěre, strinxi, strietum, vb. [=στραγγω] bind, nisi..., eras te quasi Dircam olim ut memorant duo gnati Ionis Deuinxere ad taurum, item hodie stringam (Ritschl ej. constringam) ad carnarium, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 66; tunc torta priores Stringit uitta comas, Lucan. 5, 143; Dissiluit stringens uterum membrana fluntque viscera, 9, 773; Ipse rotam stringit multo sufflamine consul, Iuv. 8, 148 (al.

astringit); 2. bind (liquids), freeze, stanch, mare omne quod Scythicum dicitur gelu stringi, Gell. 17, 8, 16; quos stricta matutino frigore excitauerant uolnera, Liv. 22, 51, 6; 3. met. of language, compress, qui uti επιδωγγησει uolet narrationis loco rem stringat, Quint. 4, 3, 128; II 4. graze, scrape, deflexit partim stringentia corpus (sc. tela) Alma Venus, Verg. 10, 331; Illa uolans (sc. hasta) ...magno strinxit de corpore Turni, 478; Nunc stringam metas interiore rota, Ov. am. 3, 2, 12; Litus ama et laeua stringat sine palmula cautes, Verg. 5, 163; 5. esp. of water, ruffle the surface of, skim, Stringebat summas ales miserabilis undas, Ov. M. 11, 733; Summae cum tepido stringitur unda Noto, am. 1, 7, 56; add Mart. 10, 30, 11; 6. met. touch (one's feelings), hurt, wound, Atque animum patriae strinxit pietatis imago, Verg. 9, 294; Spiritus hic...membris exeat aut meis Quam tua delicto stringantur pectora nostro, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 21; add 2, 350; III 7. strip off (esp. by passing compressed fingers over); so, gather (fruit, leaves, branches), with acc. of what is gathered, foliis ex arboribus strictis, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 3; quernas glandes tum stringere tempus, Verg. G. 1, 305; cum...Agricola et fragili iam stringeret hordea culmo, 317; add B. 9, 60; 8. strip (of leaves or branches) with acc. of that from wh., possunt etiam folia ficulnea probe dari si stringere arbores expedit, Colum. 6, 3, 7; and met., aui eur atque parentis Praeclaram ingrata stringat malus ingluuie rem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 7; 9. hence by a similar use of the two hands, stringere gladium, to draw the sword (from the sheath), nos prius in me strinxeritis ferrum quam in uos ego, Liv. 7, 40, 10; stricto super capita consultantium gladio, Ex mei animi sententia inquit..., 22, 53, 9; cultrum stringit et super lectum stans ferro intento..., 7, 5, 5; add 9, 5, 10; Verg. 12, 278; 10. and met., Liber in aduersos hostes stringatur iambus, Ov. rem. am. 377; stricturum se luebrationis suae telum, Suet. Calig. 53; 11. Perhaps the stringo of § 4 and onward may be of different origin, and = Germ. streifen, our strip, and perh. from the root -ter- rub; 12. from stringo in first sense comes Fr. êtreindre.

**struix**, icis (note the qty.; cf. radix, icis), f. a pile, Quo Castalia per struces saxae lapsa accidit, Liv. Andr. ap. Fest. 310 b 35, who adds extractio omnium rerum; ita mensas extruit, Tantas struces concinnat patinarias, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 102; lignorum, Arnob. 7, 15; 2. met., malorum, Naev. ap. Serv. A. 4, 267.

**struo**, ěre, struxi, structum, vb. freq. [the theme struc seems to stand for s-tol-uc, a dim. form of tol (tollo) raise] raise by little and little, pile up, build up, fornacem bene struito, Cato r. 38, 1; Per speluncas saxis structas asperis penditibus, ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; Structa meis manibus per iurae moenia Troiae, Verg. 5, 811; Innumeras struxere pyras, 11, 204; aggerem struere coepit (al. instruere), bell. Gall. 8, 41, 2; Altaque eougestos struxisse ad sidera montes (of the giants), Ov. M. 1, 153; acerro Quem struit (sc. formica), Hor. s. 1, 1, 35; 2. hence place in due order, arrange, marshal, Neu struere auferent aciem, Verg. 9, 42; tesseras, Lucil. ap. Quint. 9, 4, 113; sua sponte struebatur acies, Liv. 9, 31, 9 (wh. we should prob. read instruebatur); in 42, 51, 3 Madvig has: armatos in campo instruit (not struit); so in Caes. b. c. 3, 37, 1 Nipperdey has copias instruit (not struit); 3. met., struere uerba sic ut neuo asper eorum concursus neuo hiulcus sit, Cic. or. 3, 171; orationem, Quint. 7, 10, 7; ut dum proxima dicimus struere ulteriora possimus, 10, 7, 8; ex praepositione et duobus uocabulis dure uidetur struxisse Pacuuius repandirostrum, incurrueruium, built up, compounded, 1, 5, 67; 4. esp. of things, build up, construct, plot, Neque pudit eum id aetatis sucphantias Struere, Pl. As. 1, 1, 57; Nonde aut senem aliquam fabricam fingit? Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 34; add 3, 4, 3; quiescebat ut optare aliquid calamitatis filio potius quam id struere et moliri nideretur, Cic. Clu. 178; sed dicis me ipsum mihi sollicitudinem struere, Att. 5, 21, 3; insidias, Liv. 23, 17, 10; Quid struit aut qua spe inimica in gente moratur? Verg. 4, 235; 5. old phrase,



pedem struere, take to one's heels, si caluitur pedemue struit unanum endo iacito, XII tab. 1, 2; pedem struit in duodecim significat fugit, ut ait Ser. Sulpicius, Fest. 313 a 5 M; pedem struit *φενγει*, Gloss. Labb.

**süb**, prep. [= *ὑπ* of *ὑπο*, S. up-a, Go. aud O. G. uf, G. auf, O. Fris. op or up, Dutch op, Eng. up; cf. sub with vbs. § 21; also sup-er *ὑπ-ερ*, summus (= sub-inus), sup-remus and *ὑπατος* 'highest'] up, aud hence first with acc. up to, sub montem in quo erat oppidum positum Ilerda succedunt, Caes. b. e. 1, 45, 2; sub primam nostram aciem successerunt, b. g. 1, 24, 5; rostrum sub rostra adfert, Varr. s. 158, 7 R; celerique fuga sub sidera lapsae, Verg. 3, 243; lucem sub nubila iactant, 7, 527; *οὐλοσὸν* *ὑβ* astrā tenebat, 5, 853; Ditis magni sub moenia tendit, 6, 541; **2.** esp. in the old phrase, sub manus succedere, to come up into one's hands ready made as by a sort of magie, Lepide hoc succedit sub manus negotium, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 59; Bono animo es; negotium omne iam succedit sub manus, 4, 4, 13; Si quam rem acures sobrie aut frugaliter, Solet illa reete summanus (so mss) succedere, Pers. 4, 1, 2; nearly so, consilium nasei sub diem debet, et hoc quoque nimis tardum est, sub manum (so by ej., Haase manu) quod aiunt nascatur, Sen. ep. 8, 2, 1; **3.** movement towards what is more or less elevated so as to come under it, up, up to, under, Quom manum sub uestimenta ad corpus tetulit (not detulit) Baechidi, Pl. Bao. 2, 3, 78; exercitum eius sub iugum missum, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 4; consulum interfecerat et eius exercitum sub iugum miserat, 1, 12, 5; uelut sub iugum misit iuuenem, Liv. 1, 26, 13 (but sub iugo misit, 3, 28 f.); totamque sub arma coactam Hesperiam, Verg. 7, 43; cf. sub armis in § 10 ex. 1; nec uariis obsita frondibus Sub diuum rapiam, Hor. od. 1, 18, 13; ibis sub furcam, s. 2, 7, 66; **4.** esp. of coming within reach of things from above, as within dart-throw, within view, ut sub ictum uenerunt telorum uis ingens effusa est, Liv. 17, 18, 11; si amnem ponte transgrederentur, sub ictum dabantur, procul transiere, Tac. an. 13, 39 f.; cf. § 13 ex. 1, 2; ea quae sub oculos ipsa non cadunt, Cic. orat. 9; cf. sub oculis § 13 ex. 3, 4; non est beneficium id quod sub oculos uenit sed beneficium uestigium, Sen. ben. 1, 5 f.; and from eyesight extended to other senses, quae sub eos (sc. sensus) subiecta sunt, Cic. acad. pr. 74; signum est quod sub sensum aliquem eadit, inu. 1, 48; prima illa naturae sub iudicium sapientis eadunt, fin. 3, 61; Nec quae sub sensus eadit ullo tempore nostros, Lucr. 1, 447; **5.** met., sub populi Romani imperium dicionemque ceciderunt, Cic. Font. 12 f.; cecidit sub leges atque iura, Lucr. 5, 1147; **6.** less consistently of coming under what is not elevated, Et datores et factores omnis subdam sub solum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 18; sub terram (so Madvig, not terra) demissi sunt in locum saxo consaeptum, Liv. 22, 57, 6; **7.** of time, when one is just coming to, on the verge of, just before, Tu secunda marmora Loeas sub ipsum funus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 17; Quid latet ut marinae Filium dicunt Thetidis sub lacrimosa Troiae Funera? 1, 8, 13; Leuesque sub noctem susurri Composita repetantur hora, 1, 9, 19; Pompeius sub noctem naues soluit, Caes. b. e. 1, 28, 3; senatus fuit frequentior quam putabamus esse posse mense Decembri sub dies festos, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; quibus (sc. comitiis) indietis sub tempus pueros uenatam ablegauit, Liv. 1, 35, 2; **8.** but instead of our moving towards events the events may be looked upon as moving in the reverse direction towards us, hence sub with acc. gen. means (immediately) after, as: sub eas (litteras) statim recitatae sunt tuae, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; esse se legionem abdueturum sed non statim sub concionum obtrectatorum, Pomp. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 4; sub haec dicta omnes proebuerunt, Liv. 7, 31, 5; Africum bellum sub recentem Romanam pacem fuit, 21, 2, 1; add 35, 31, 13; Sub uerbum querulas inpulit aura fores, Ov. F. 3, 642; **9.** hence sub with acc. is used vaguely of near time, about, sub idem fere tempus et legati qui redierant ab Karthagine rettulerunt omnia hostilia esse et Sagunti excidium nuntiatum est, Liv. 21, 16, 1; **10.** with abl., when movement upward to or towards an

object ceases, the result is under; hence gen. under—(without motion),... Nam ter sub armis malum uitam cernere, Quam semel modo parere, Enn. tr. 297 V (add Verg. 5, 440; Liv. 9, 37, 4); Saepe est etiam sup palliolo sordido sapientia, Caeil. 266 R; Sub axe posita ad stellas septem unde horifer Aquilonis stridor gelidas molitur nines, Att. 566 R; Est ibi sub eo saxo penitus strata harena ingens specus, Pacuv. 99 R; Interdius sub terra lapides eximet, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 72; qui sub terra semper habitauissent, Cie. N. D. 2, 95; Gallia sub septentrionibus posita est, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 2; Namque sub ingenti lustrat dum singula templo, Verg. 1, 453; **11.** less accurately, under as near to the lower part of some lofty object, aliam (urbem) sub Albano monte condidit—at the foot of—, Liv. 1, 3, 4; sub ipsis Numantiae moenibus solebat mecum eiusmodi aliquid conquirere, Cic. rep. 1, 17; est ager sub urbe nobis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 107; tertio modo metitur ut sub urbe Roma, Varr. r. 1, 50, 2—under the walls of, hence our term suburb; **12.** esp. in the names of streets, sub aede Kastoris, CIL 201, 1; sub Veteribus (tabernis?) ibi sunt qui dant quibus accipiunt fenore, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 19; demonstrauit digito pictum Gallum in Mariano seuto sub Nouis distortum..., Cic. or. 2, 266; **13.** under, as being within reach of things from above, adpropinquare non ausae naues ne sub ietu superstantium iu rupibus piratarum esset, Liv. 37, 27, 8; quam (sapientiam) non quidem contigerunt, in conspectu tamen et ut ita dicam sub ictu habent, Sen. ep. 72, 10; spe libertatis excitati sub oculis domini suam probare operam studebant, Caes. b. e. 1, 57, 4; iam lucisebant omniaque sub oculis erant, Liv. 4, 28, 1; classem sub ipso ore urbis iucendit, Flor. 1, 31, 7; **14.** so where a presiding officer is seated above others, under (or as we say before), sub iudice his est, Hor. A. P. 78; quam fraudis sub iudice damnauisset, Tac. an. 3, 36; **15.** hence of superiors, uir impiger et sub Hannibale magistro omnes belli artes edoctus, Liv. 25, 40, 5; gladiatores sub eodem magistro eruditi, Quint. 2, 17, 33; id metere ne sub solo imperio nostro in seruitute nostra essent, Cato orat. 23, 10 Iord.; matris sub imperio, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 4; sub qua lege controuersiae illud proprium habent..., Quint. 7, 4, 38; **16.** so under a person playing music, and hence under the music itself, Crispum sub erotale docta mouere latus, Verg. (?) eop. 2; compositum gracili sub arundine carmen, Nemes. eel. 1, 3; **17.** met. of terms, subject to, under, iuhero ei praemium tribui sub (so mss, but Baier sed from Sehul. Ambros.) ea condicione ne quid postea scriberet, Cic. Arch. 25; sub condicione non reficietis decimum tribunus, Liv. 6, 40, 8; sub certa condicione, Ov. F. 4, 320; add Phaedr. 4, 5, 8; sub mortis poena, Suet. Cal. 48 f.; sub pacto abolitionis, Quint. 9, 2, 97; nec quiequam nisi sub exceptione polliceri, si tamen..., Suet. Caes. 78 f.; **18.** of time, nuder, during, at, ne sub ipsa perfectione milites oppidum irumperent, Caes. b. e. 1, 27, 3; Vt fierent ietus uno sub tempore plures, Lucr. 6, 413; add 417; sub hae pessimi exempli uictoria delectus edicitur, Liv. 2, 55, 1; Sed tamen haec tria sunt sub eodem tempore festa, Ov. F. 5, 491; **19.** in late lang., statua sub auro, a gilt statue, inscr. Or. 3161; and 3192; statua sub aere, with a coating of bronze, ib. 3185 (a. d. 353); **20.** sub assimilated to following vowel, see § 2 ex. 3; § 10 ex. 2; **III 21.** sub in compos. with vbs., first up, as subueh- carry up, sub-due- draw up, subici-throw up, subleua- lift up, siim- (for sub-im-) take up, sustine- hold up; **22.** support, assistance, subueni- come up, assist; succurr- run up to; **23.** after, succin- sting after, suceclama- ery out after; subsequi (r.) follow close after; **24.** hence succession, substitution, suffici- appoint in place of, suppon- put in place of, substitu- set up in place of; **25.** abundance (opposed to de denoting want) suffici- be abundant, suppet- be abundant; **IV 26.** under, subes- be under, subince- lie under, subinerg- sink; **27.** nearness, sub-es- be at hand; **28.** underhand, secretly, surripi- snatch away secretly, steal; suborna- equip secretly, subduc- withdraw quietly; **29.** slightly, subride- smile, subaccusa- accuse in a manner, subinge- be in half-mourning; **V 30.** as to form, it remains un-



altered before vowels including *i* consonans and *u* consonans, as also before *d h l n*, and generally before *m r* and *s*; it is assimilated before *f* and *g*, as *suffer-sugger-*; also, but not exclusively, before *c m p* and *r*, as *succed-*, *sum-moue-* as well as *submoue-*, *suppon-*, *surripi-*; before the thin consonants *p c t a n s* at times appears, before *wh*. the *b* vanishes, as *suspend-*, *suscipi-* as well as *succipi-*, *suscense-* as well as *succense-*, *suscita-*, *sustine-*, *sustoll-*; while before *sp* the *b* of *sub* vanishes, as in *suspici-suspira-*; *nay* *suscripsi* *suscribitio* *sussilio* occur in *inser.*, see *Schurhardt's Vokalismus*, 1, 148; lastly *sub* before *s* in old lang. changes at times to *sup*, as in *supsigna*-CIL 200, 28, 73 and 84; *supsica-* as implied in the deriv. adj. *supsiciuo-*, 200, 66; VI 31. *sub* in compos. w. adj. slightly, as *sub-agresti*, *sub-anar-*; 32. in such forms as *subalpinus* from *sub alpis*, *subrostrani* from *sub rostris*, which are not comp. adj., the *sub* of course retains its meaning of under; VII 33. *sub* in comp. w. sbs., under, *sublamina* an underplate, *subheres* a second heir, *subsellium* a low bench.

**subdo**, *dĕre*, *dŷdi*, *dŷtum*, vb. [do put] put up, raise, apply, At si forte oculo manus uui subdita supter Pressit eum..., Lucr. 4, 447; subdit calcaria equo, Liv. 2, 20, 2; calcariibus subditis in unum fertur hostem, 4, 19, 4; add 22, 6, 4; Ov. Pout. 2, 6, 38; and a. a. 2, 732; Curt. 4, 60, 7, 6; 2. met., is risus stimulus animo muliebri subdidit, Liv. 6, 34, 7; Ingenio stimulus subdere fama solet, Ov. tr. 5, 1, 76; Mixtus dolori subdidit stimulos timor, Sen. Ag. 134; 3. put up, while the agent keeps himself as such out of sight, put forward secretly, *suborn*, *adsimulabat iudicis partes*, *subditis qui accusatorum nomina sustinerent*, Tac. an. 4, 59; *subdito rumore*, 6, 42; 4. in medical lang. of suppositories, *haemorrhoidas pellere subditas pro balanis*, Plin. 20, 43; *usus (sc. glycyrrizae) in subditis decoctae ad tertias*, 22, 25; 5. put under, *omnis subdam sub solum*, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 18; *quum alterum (sc. pugionem) puluino subdidisset*, Suet. Oth. 11; *pugionem puluino subditum*, Dom. 17; 6. esp. of fire, put under, apply, *mustum in ahenum infundito, ignem subdito*, Cato r. 105; *hostilia arma subdito igne concremanit*, Liv. 8, 30, 8; add Verg. G. 3, 371; Ov. F. 6, 856; and met., *Nec nimis irai fax umquam subdita*, Lucr. 3, 303; *irritatis militum animis subdere ignem ac materiam seditioi*, Liv. 8, 32, 16; 7. add words to what has been said or written, add as a postscript, *append*, *subjoin*, *hic tu paulisper haecisti, deinde ilico subdidisti*, Anson. grat. act. 23; *uersus ipsos subdidi*, Gell. 18, 11, 4; add 19, 11, 3; 8. place under, subject, *subdue*, *Plutonis subdita regno Magna deum proles*, Tib. 4, 1, 67; *Liber ego. Vnde datum hoc sunis, tot subdite rebus?* Pers. 5, 124; *legibus Oceanum*, Claud. II cons. Stil. pr. 8; 9. put in place of, substitute, *meditetur, de ducibus hostium quos accepta pecunia liberauit, uideat quid de illis respondeat, quos in eorum locum subditos reseruauit*, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 12; *Nec soluit Danaas subdita cerua rates*, Prop. 3, 22, 34; *mortuo iudice quod cum iudicare oportuerat idem eum qui subditus est sequi oportet*, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 60; 10. esp. substitute by fraud, forge, counterfeit, as of a supposititious child, *subditum se suspicatur*, Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 12; *non nequiquam me subditum et pellice genitum appellat*, Liv. 40, 9, 2; *ea quae partum subdidisse contenditur*, Paul. dig. 48, 10, 19; or of a false will, *ei propinquus subdidit testamentum*, Tac. an. 14, 40; or of a spurious book, *libros tanquam subditos summouere*, Quint. 1, 4, 3.

**sub-dŷco**, *cĕre*, xi, etum, vb. draw up, Nisi unum hoc faciam ut in puteo ceuam coquant, Inde coctam susum subducemus corbulis, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 4; *cataracta (portecullis) deiecta clausa erat; eam partim uectibus partim funibus subducunt*, Liv. 27, 28, 10; *Maltinus tunicis demissis ambulat; est qui Inguen ad obscenum subductis*, Hor. s. 1, 2, 26; *Interea tunicas ora subducit ab ina, Horrebant deus aspera crura pilis*, Ov. F. 2, 347; 2. draw up (with the breath), *suck up*, *brassicam ad nasum admoueto, ita subducito susum animam*, Cato r. 157 f.; *recentis (meutae)*

*sucus narium uitia spiritu subductus emendat*, Plin. 20, 150; *sanguinem sistit in naribus coagulum ex aqua, maxime agninum, subductum*, 30, 112; 3. esp. *s. nauem*, draw (a ship) up (on the beach)—opposed to *deducere* n.—*quaenc subducta erat tuto in terram (sc. nauis)?* Pl. Most. 3, 2, 50; *naues subduci et refici inberet*, Caes. b. c. 3, 23, 3; add 2, 23, 3; *classem quae subducta esset ad Gytbeum*, Cic. off. 3, 49; *ab classe quae Corcyrae subducta erat*, Liv. 31, 22, 5; add 37, 10, 10; 42, 27, 1; 45, 2, 9; *Quassatam uentis liccat subducere classem*, Verg. 1, 551; add 573;

4. s. *supercilia*, draw up or contract (the eyebrows), *Cum antehac uidcham stare tristis turbido Voltu subductis cum superciliis scues*, Turp. 168 R; *ego unus antiquorum hominum subductus superciliis*, Varr. s. 135, 9 R; *o pueriles ineptias! In hoc supercilia subduximus? In hoc barbam demisimus?* Scu. ep. 48, 7; 5. run up (an account), add up, calculate, *Ibo intro atque intus subducam ratiunculam Quantillum...*, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 192; *Beatus uideor, subdixi ratiunculam Quantum aeris mihi sit quantumque alieni siet*, Curc. 3, 1; *ineundis subducendis rationibus*, Cic. ap. Non. 399; and absol., *assidunt, subducunt, ad uimum conuenit*, Att. 5, 21, 12; *hoc quid interit si tuos digitos noui certe habes subductum*, 5, 21, 13; 6. and met., *Numquam illa quisquam bene subducta ratione ad uitam fuit, Quin res...*, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 1; *quid fortes uiri, uoluptatumne calculis subductis proelium ineunt, au quodam animi ardore conceitati?* Cic. fin. 2, 60; add fam. 1, 9, 10; N. D. 3, 71; 7. draw from under, withdraw, *ubi bullabit unum ignem subducito*, Cato r. 115; *Terraque se pedibus raptim subducat*, Lucr. 1, 1106; *neque intellegunt se rerum illarum fundamenta subducere*, Cic. fin. 4, 42; *si id quo nititur aduersariorum causa subdixerit, iuu. 2, 143; 8. gen. withdraw quietly, illo facto quod illos milites subduxit exercitum seruauit*, Cato orig. 19, 14 I; *Hunc (sc. Ascanium) tegere et dirae ualeam subducere pugnae*, Verg. 10, 50; *Et nos ergo manum ferulae subduximus*, Liv. 1, 16; 9. esp. with *se* etc. or as vb. r. withdraw, steal away, *Tempus est subducere hinc me*, Pl. As. 5, 2, 62; *quae...cum eo clam te subduxti mihi*, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 25; *is de circulo se subduxit*, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 1; and of inanimate things, *qua se subducere colles Incipiunt*, Verg. B. 9, 7; *hie quoque fons nascitur simulque subducitur*, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 39; 10. take away by stealth, steal, *Caput deponit, coudormiscit, ego ei subduco anulum*, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 81; *Rapidus (sc. fluuius) raptori pueri is subduxit pedes*, Men. pr. 65; *aureas pelles, ut Argis Atrous quam sibi Thyestem subduxe queritur*, Varr. r. 2, 1, 6; *saeculari qui uetitas in saeculo artes exercentes partem subducunt, partem subtrahuunt*, Ulp. dig. 47, 11, 7; 11. lead up, march up, *copias suas in proximum collem subducit*, Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 1; *cunctos pleno gradu in collem subducit*, Sal. lug. 98, 4; 12. s. *aluum*, move, purge, *quoniam is cibus (sc. fabae) et subduceret sensim aluum et leuigaret*, Gell. 4, 11, 4; but in Cels. 3, 4 read with Med. duxit, not subduxit; 13. subduxti, Ter. § 9; subduxe, Varr. § 10.

**sŷb-ĕo**, *ire*, iui (? in Ov. F. 1, 314 subibit, not subitui) or ii, itum, vb. irreg. go up, come up—first come up, area...creta solidanda tenaci Ne subeant herbae, Verg. G. 1, 180; *tonsor dum circuit ora Luperci...altera barba subit*, Mart. 7, 83, 2; 2. met. spring up, subeant morbi tristisque senectus, Verg. G. 3, 67; *subeunt lippitudines tormina febres*, Cels. 2, 1; *naturaliter semper aliquibus decedentibus, nullis uero in eorum locum subeuntibus, summa macies oritur*, 3, 22, 1; 3. go up, often with prep., as *sub, ad, in, contra*, *Vel isti qui trium nummorum causa subeunt sub falas*, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 10; *secundam legionem subire ad portam castrorum iussit*, Liv. 34, 16, 2; *ad tecta subibant Pauperis Euaudri*, Verg. 8, 359; *Donec in appositi memoris subiere latebras*, Ov. M. 4, 601; add Pont. 4, 7, 34; 4. with *merc* acc., *murosque subibant (so Ribb., al. muro)*, Verg. 9, 371; *subimus Impositum saxis late candentibus Anxur*, Hor. s. 1, 5, 25; *subeuntibus arces*, Sil. 15, 215; (aqua) *subit altitudinem exortus sui*, Plin. 31, 57; 5. with dat. in poets, *portuque subimus Chaouio*, Verg. 3, 292; *Progressi*



subeunt luco, 8, 125; dumis, Sil. 5, 283; 6. go up (not merely go up to), ascend, multi subeuntes nallum transfixi suut, Liv. 36, 18, 8; si forte Romani subire collein conarentur, Caes. b. g. 8, 15, 1; 7. go up to, so as to receive upon one, go under, take upon (one's back or shoulders), Ergo age care pater cervicū imponere nostrae, Ipse subibo ueris, Verg. 2, 708; Quem subiisse humeris confectum acetate pareutem, 4, 599; Cum grauius dorso subit dñis, Hor. s. 1, 9, 21; phoenicem subire patrium corpus inque Solis aram perferre, Tac. an. 6, 34 (28); Illo non ualidus subit iuga tempore taurus, Tib. 1, 3, 41; cum leones iugum subeant, Plin. 10, 128; iuncti currum dominae subiere leones, Verg. 3, 113; 8. also with a dat., pars ingenti subiere feretro, Verg. 6, 222; 9. hence met. take upon oneself (a burden), encounter, incur, submit to, labores, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 7; minas terrores periculaque, Rosc. Am. 31; uim atque iniuriam, pron. cons. 41; cruciatum, off. 3, 105; inuidiam, Caecil. 46; odium, Att. 11, 17, 2; pericula, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; casum, b. c. 3, 77, 1; seruitium, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 8; uincula, am. 1, 6, 28; and hence in pass., inimicitiae suut: subeantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 182; 10. of ideas, rise up, spring up, present or suggest themselves, subit cari genitoris imago, Verg. 2, 560; Plurima cum subeant audita et cognita nobis, Ov. M. 15, 307; 11. as vb. impers. the thought rises, quid sim quid fnerimque subit, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 38; add 2, 201; quo magis admirari subit, his a principiis caedi montes in marmora, Plin. 12, 2; misereri sortis humanae subit, 25, 23; 12. go up to, face (an enemy), attack, multam sine nomine plebem Fadumque Herbesumque subit, Verg. 9, 344; interim fallendus est iudex et uariis artibus snbeundus, Quint. 4, 5, 5; 13. go under, enter, qui inter annos xiiii tectum non subiissent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 7; Macra caunm repetes artum quem macra subisti, Hor. cp. 1, 7, 33; si latum subeant uenabula pectus, Lucan. 1, 211; subit illa cuspis, Val. F. 3, 105; 14. met. enter (the mind), occur (see also § 10), cogitatio animum subit indignum esse in unum Coronensem agrum saeuire, Liv. 36, 29, 3; add 26, 7, 3; nec te natalis origo Commonuit mentemque subit quo praemia pacto... pararis? Ov. M. 12, 472; si non subiissent uelut otiosum animum aliae cogitationes, Quint. 11, 2, 33; 15. come after, go after, follow, succeed, take the place of, Pone subit eouiuux, Verg. 2, 725; amnem taurus Primus init, mox omne pecus formidine pulsa Pone subit, Val. F. 4, 197; Isque Latine tibi pater est, subit Alba Latinum, Ov. F. 4, 43; casa parua Vertitur in templum, furcas subiere columnae, M. 8, 699; subit argeteae proles Auro deterior, 1, 114; 16. esp. with in locum, in quorum locum snbierunt inquilinae impietas perfidia impudicitia, Varr. s. 216, 2 R; fugere pudor uerumque fidesque, In quorum subiere locum fraudesque dolique, Ov. M. 1, 129, see also Verg. and Cels. § 2; 17. come to the support of, primae legioni tertia, dextrae alae sinistra subit, Liv. 27, 2, 7; 18. go under, sink below, Cum Tritoniacam nouies snbiere paludem, Ov. M. 15, 358; Praceps occiduas ille subit aquas, F. 1, 314; 19. sensu obscen., iuuenes, Iuv. 2, 50; deo, Prop. 4, 18, 14; 20. go down? sink? nonnumquam incipiente febre subeunt (uenae) et quiescunt,—of the pulse—Cels. 3, 6.

**subicēs**, or **subicēs**, acc. pl. [subicō?] jets (as of steam), congruus est ut subices etiam quod proinde ut obices congruitum est u litera breui dici oporteat. Ennius in tragodia quae Achilles inscribitur subices pro aere alto ponit qui caelo subiectus est his uersibus: Per ego deum sublimas subicis Vmidas nnde oritur imber sonitu saeuo et spiritu (al. strepitu)—plerisque tamen legere audias u litera producta, Gell. 4, 17, 13; cf. Fest. 305 a 23 M and Non. 168 f.

**sub-icō**, (rather than subicio) icēre, icēci, icetum, vb. throw up, Gallo cuius amor tantum mihi crescit in horas, Quantum uere nouo uiridis se subicit alnus, Verg. B. 10, 74; Parua sub ingenti matris se subicit umbra, G. 2, 19; at illum (sc. discum) Dura repercussum subiecit in aera tellus In uultus Hyacinthe tuos, Ov. M. 10, 184; Camillus (now old and infirm) subiectas ab circumstantibus in eqnum, Liv. 6, 24, 5; pauidum regem in equum subiecit,

31, 37, 10; corpora saltu Subicunt In eqnos, Verg. 12, 288; 2. put up, put forward, esp. to screen others who keep back, or to play a falso part, subicitur L. Metellus ab inimicis Caesaris qui hanc rem distrahat reliquasque res impediāt, Caes. b. c. 1, 33, 3; suspicione subiecti petitoris non carebit, Quint. 4, 2, 96; frequenter subici ab aduersario solent et omnia profutura polliciti diuersa respondent, 4, 7, 12; 3. hand up, supply, Ipsē manū subicūt gladios ac tela ministrat, Lucan. 7, 574; 4. esp. supply (knowledge, ideas), suggest, hint, prompt, quod si scientiam hanc non subiciat euidentis causa, multo minus eam posse subicere quae in dubio est, Cels. pr. p. 5 f. D; Si meministi id quod olim dictumst subice, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 40; cupio mihi ab illo subici, si quid forte praetereo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 25; hic mihi quasi ministrator aderat, subiciens quid in suos ciues si uellem dicerem, Flac. 53; cetera quae in tali re muliebris dolor subiecit, Liv. 3, 48, 8; add 45, 18, 8; spes, 28, 44, 7 and Ov. M. 7, 304; carmina, Prop. 1, 7, 20; 5. throw up (to), bring up (to), drive up to, castris Scipionis aciem suam subiecit, Caes. b. c. 3, 37, 2; ut paene castris Pompei legiones subiceret, 3, 56, 1; ut collibus Pompeianis aciem subiceret, 3, 84, 2; circa meridianos aestus (oues) sub umbriferas rubos et arbores patnas subiecit, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; 6. hence throw under, pnt under, bring under, either with dat. or with sub and acc. (not sub and abl.; cf. Madvig ad Cic. fin. 2, 48), si parum habet lactis mater ut subiecit sub alterius mammam, Varr. r. 2, 1, 20 (of sheep); (epistolam) sub puluinum subiciens In crastinum inquit differo res seueras, ps. Nep. Pel. 3, 2; aizoum si ignorantis puluino subieciatur, Plin. 26, 111; puluino eius saeculum subiecit, Sen. ben. 2, 10, 1; ad ea quae sub eos (sc. sensus) subiecta sunt, Cic. acad. pr. 74; nec res ulla quae subiectae sensibus uidentur, post. 31; in iis rebus quae subiectae sunt sensibus, fin. 5, 36; 7. met., si nos sub eorum potestatem subiciemus, ad Herenn. 2, 50; subiciunt se homines imperio alterius et potestati, Cic. off. 2, 22; matribusfamilias sub hostilem libidinem subiectis, ad Herenn. 4, 12; aras focos deos penates subiectos esse libidini tribuniciae, Cic. p. dom. 106; 8. esp. of auctions, put up (for sale), bring under the spear or the auctioneer's voice, hastam in foro ponere et bona ciuium uoci subicere praekonis, Cic. off. 2, 83; cuius etiam uictus uestitusque sub praekonem (so Wesenberg and Madv., mss praekonem) subiectus est, Quint. 49; ut Cyprius rex cum bonis omnibus sub praekonem (so Wesenb. and Madv., mss praekonem) subiceretur, p. dom. 52; fundum in Veienti subiecit praekoni, Liv. 6, 14, 10; ipsum bonaque subiecit hastae, Suet. Aug. 24; auctione proposita reliquias omnium spectaculorum subiecit et uenditauit, Cal. 39; hos subicci ac uenire imperauit, Tit. 8 f.; 9. bring under (a comprehensive term), comprehend, include, understand under, hae quattuor partes quae subiciuntur sub uocabulum (al. uocabulo) recti, ad Herenn. 3, 7; formarum certus est numerus quae cuique generi subiciantur, Cic. top. 33; omnes species quae sunt generi subiectae, Quint. 5, 10, 57; partem quartam adiciunt quidam imitationis quam nos arti subieimus, 3, 5, 1; 10. snbjeet, expose, odio ciuium, Cic. or. 1, 202, hiemi nauigationem, Caes. b. g. 4, 36, 2; calumniae, Liv. 38, 48, 14; 11. place after, ut mollire temptauerunt in praepositione (sc. abs) b litterae s subiciduo, Quint. 12, 10, 32; 12. esp. of words, subjoin, append, add, et cur sic opinetur rationem subiecit, Cic. diu. 2, 104; edicto subiecit quid in utrumque uestrum esset impensum, Plin. pan. 20; 13. also to another's speech, answer, reply, subiecit Scrofa..., Varr. r. 1, 7, 2; uix pauca furenti Subicō, Verg. 3, 314; 14. put in place of, substitute, mutata (dico) in quibus pro uerbo proprio subieitur aliud quod idem significet, Cic. orat. 92; alterum (librum) pari magnitudine subiecit, ps. Nep. Lys. 4, 2; subici aries dicitur, Fest. 347 b 2 M; causa (cocegyi) pullos subiciendi putatur, quod sciat se inisam cunctis auibus, Plin. 10, 26; si quis in pignore pro auro aes subieciisset creditori, qualiter teneatur quaesitum est? Ulp. 13, 7, 36; 15. put forward what is false, forge, counterfeit, testamenta credo snbiciunt, Cic. Phil. 14, 7; publice interest partus non subicci, Ulp. 25, 4, 13; 16. the length of u is noticed by Gell. 4, 17, 3, who



quotes from Lucilius: Subiecit hinc humilem et suffercitum posteriorem; but see *subiecit* in Lucan above § 3.

**subigitiō**, ōnis, f. indecent handling, Pl. Capt. 5, 5, 2.

**subigitiātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who indecently handles, ne me attracta s., Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 45.

**subigito**, āre, vb. frq. [subigo] handle indecently, Neque alienum ego umquam scortum subigito in conuiuio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 58; Quor es anus subigitare alienam uxorem, impudens? 5, 9; add Merc. 1, 2, 90 and 91; eius amicum subigitare, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 6; **2.** solicit to indecency, cur tabernariis blanditiis (eam) subigitarem quem iidem aiunt uerbis amatoris satis scite lasciuire? Apul. mag. 87; **3.** coax, agitur bibliothecarius tibi subigitandus est aliquid in eam rem insumendum, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5, p. 103, Mai.

**sub-igo**, igēre, cēgi, actum, vb. [ago] cause to go upwards, drive up, send up, bring up, sues antequam aestus incipiat subigunt in umbrorum locum, Varr. r. 2, 4, 6; aduerso uix flumine lembum Remigiis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 202; naues in flumine Vulturno comprehensas subigi ad castellum iussit, Liv. 26, 7, 9; subigendae ad moenia classis, Sil. 15, 218; Ast alius subigit saxum contra ardua montis, 13, 610; Frondosumque apicem subigenas ad sidera... Pyrene, 17, 641; **2.** with dat., Cels. (by cj. N H; mss celsos) sonipedes ocius subigit iugo, Sen. Phaedr. 1011;

**3.** work up, break up, pulverise, as in digging or ploughing, (terra) gremio subacto sparsum semen excepit, Cic. sen. 51; loenm subigere oportet bene (for asparagus), ubi erit subactas areas facito, Cato r. 161; glebis subigendis exercitati, Cic. leg. agr. 2, 84; segetes agricola subiguunt aratris ante quam serant, Hort. ap. Non. 400; Ante lonem nulli subigebant arua coloni, Verg. G. 1, 125; ager bipalio prius subigi debet, Colum. 3, 5, 3; **4.** work up (with liquids etc.) into a sort of paste, soften by beating, knead, panem pedestricum sic facito, farinam in mortarium indito, aquae paulatim addito, subigitoque pulcre; nbi bene subegeris, defingito (diffigito?) coquitoque, Cato r. 74; quidam ex onis (pauem) aut lacte subigunt, Plin. 18, 106; Cato argillae harenam fimumque bubulum admiscet atque usque ad lentorem subigi iubet, 17, 111; ichtthyocolla contusa et subacta ad liquorem usque mellis, 32, 84; fluuiatiles (cancr) tritii ustique et ex oleo subacti, 32, 111; fissura (in graftiug) diligenter subacta luto linitur, Col. 4, 29, 8; emplastrum tetrapharmacum ex aceto subactum, Cels. 6, 3; **5.** esp. of softening (skin etc.) by beating or repeated pressure, make supple, in pellis subactas effunditur (sc. argentum uiuom), Plin. 33, 99; saepe prodest pressa manu subegisse terga (pecudum) quam si largissime cibos praebas, Colum. 6, 30, 1; Siue rudem primos lanam glomerabat in orbes, Seu digitis subigebat opus, Ov. M. 6, 19; **6.** hence obscen. sensu, Gallias subegit Caesar, Nicomedes Caesarem, ap. Suet. Caes. 49; uxorem habere, subigere ancillam uelit, Auson. ep. 142; adest dea Prema ut subacta (sc. noua nupta) ne se commoueat, comprimatur, Aug. c. D. 6, 9; heuce subacti=pathici, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 9; cf. subactor and subigus; **7.** met. by repeated pressure remove rigidity, reuder supple, tame, Nam illa mulier lapidem silicem subigere ut se amet potest, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 77; Ego illum ut sit quietus uerberibus subegero, Most. 5, 2, 52; militia subactus, Varr. s. p. 212, 7 R; egestas tristis ac (ms hinc) durus labor Quamuis rigentem tot malis subigunt uirum, Sen. Thy. 304; **8.** hence compel by repeated pressure, tame, Nec tu me quidem nmquam subiges reddidit ut reddam tibi, Pl. Curc. 5, 8; Vis subigit uerum fateri, ita lora laedunt brachia, Truc. 4, 3, 9; Castigatque anditque dolos subigitque fateri, Verg. 6, 567; Tarquiniensem metu subegerat frumentum exercitui parare, Liv. 9, 41, 5; ut ederet socios subigi non potuit, Tac. an. 2, 40; **9.** esp. absol. subdue (by arms), subigit omne Loucanam opsidisque abducit, epit. Scip. OIL 30; regem Antiocho subegit, 35; Africanus qui suo nomine declarat tertiam partem orbis terrarum se subegisse, Cic. Rose. Am. 103; and met., quod mihi cum iis uiuendum est quos uici ac subegi, Cat. 3, 27;

**10.** whet (by repeated pressure), subiguntque in cote secures, Verg. 7, 627; **11.** harden by repeated pressure? pauimenta ad hunc modum facito; ubi libraveris de glareā et calce arenato primum corium facito, id pillis subigito, Cato r. 18, 7; but qu. solidato. Cf. Vitr. 7, 1 (p. 163 ed. Rose) and Verg. G. 1, 178.

**Subigus**, i, m. a god (subigendi, v. subigo § 6), adest deus Subigus ut uiro (noua nupta) subigatur, Aug. c. D. 6, 9, 3.

**1 sub-indē**, adv. [sub up; inde 2 down, wh. see] lit. up and down, and so like our off and on, ever and anon, from time to time, subinde ab tribunis mentio in senatu de agris diuidendis illata est, Liv. 4, 44, 7; uendite ista et illicite lucro mercatorem ut sequatur agmen, eo subinde suggeram quae uendatis, 10, 17, 6; transfugac... dimissi cum donis, ut subinde, ut quaeque res noua decreta esset, exploratam perferent, 10, 27, 4; praedae minus inuentum est, quod subinde spolia agrorum capta domos mittebant (Ligures), 35, 21, 9; erit pergratum mihi hanc effigiem eius subinde iutucri, subinde respicere, Plin. ep. 2, 7, 6; si diligenter subinde emundata fuerit humus, Colum. 6, 30, 2; add 6, 2, 4; aut semel fac illud Mentitur tua quod subinde tussis, Mart. 5, 39, 5; esp. in Suet. as, subinde iactabat in ciuitate libera linguam mentemque liberās esse debere, Suet. Tib. 28; tragicum illud subinde iactabat, Oderint dum metuant, Cal. 30; subinde de secessu cogitauit, 50; Tib. 57; Cal. 33; Claud. 41 and 43; Nero 10 and 41; Galb. 16; nec contentus maledictis tollebat subinde altius pedem, Petr. 117; **2.** of place, every here and there, futurāe ac substructiones quibus subinde suscipitur (theatrum), Plin. ep. 10, 39, 2; **3.** hence Ital. sovente and Fr. souvent.

**2 sub-indē**, adv. [sub after; inde from prou. is] soon after, presently, then, Si dicit Recte, primum gaudere, subinde Praeceptum auriculis hoc instillare memento..., Hor. ep. 1, 8, 15; Appius mortem sibi cousciuit, subinde arreptus Sp. Oppius, proximus inuidiae quod in urbe fuerat, Liv. 3, 58, 7; aliud subinde bellum cum alterius orae Graecis exortum, 8, 27, 1; add 7, 10, 10; 23, 27, 9; 30, 7, 2; 39, 39, 1; Capnam ab iisdem Tuscis conditam ac subinde Nolan, Vell. 1, 7, 3; consularium primum Aulus Plautius praepositus ac subinde Ostorius Scapula, Tac. Agr. 14; exilis ager planus primum aretur ultima in parte mensis Augusti, subinde Septembri sit iteratus, Colum. 2, 4, 11; subinde ut in locum secretiorem uenimus, contonem anus receit et.... Petr. 7; esp. in Suet. as, post necem Caesaris circulus ad speciem caelestis arcus orbem solis ambiit, ac subinde Iuliae, Caesaris filiae, monumentum fulmine ictum est, Aug. 95; add Ner. 3 and 6; Galba 1, 10 and 16; Vit. 9; Tit. 5.

**subitus**, part. of subeo, as adj. [just come up as it were out of the ground, and so] unexpected, sudden, Bene facis sed nunc quid subiti mihi febris (or febres, mss by dittograph febris ciuit) cinit mali? Att. 155 R; Nam quod ego hinc nunc subito exitio remedium ueniam miser? Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 22; et maris subita tempestas quam ante prouisa terret nauigantes uehementius, Cio. Tusc. 3, 52; ut sunt Gallorum subita et repentina consilia, Caes. b. g. 3, 8, 3; **2.** hence made at the time, offhand, extempore, nam si subitam et fortuitam orationem commentatio et cogitatio facile uincit, hanc ipsam profecto assidua ac diligens scriptura superabit, Cic. or. 1, 150; nec excusatur offensa fortuitae ac subitae dictionis impetu, Tac. dial. 10; aduentare ex Italia legionem, nec subitum militem sed ueterem expertumque belli, h. 4, 76; liberos quibus uideor non subitas (not of to-day) imagines relicturus, Plin. ep. 8, 10, 3; duo genera eius (sc. aquae mulsae), subitae ac recentis alterum (I add this word), alterum inueteratae, Plin. 22, 110; **3.** cliuus subitus, an abrupt ascent, Stat. Th. 6, 258; **4.** attached to vb. as an adv., haud temendae manus ductor Trapezuntum subitus inrupit, Tac. h. 3, 47; Claudium Caesarem ferunt, cum dictum esset recitare Nonianum, subitum recitanti inopinatumque uenisse, Plin. ep. 1, 13, 3; **5.** subitum, i, as sb. n., a sudden emergency, ut ad subita rerum duo iusti scriberentur exercitus, Liv. 9, 43, 4; ad subita belli, 25, 15, 20; etiam fortes



uiros subitis terreri, Tac. an. 15, 59; **6.** phrases, de subito, suddenly, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 46; Cic. rep. 6, 2; **7.** per subitum, suddenly, Sil. 7, 594; 8, 628; 10, 505; 12, 653; **8.** subitum, as adv., suddenly, Sil. 15, 459; **III 9.** subito, adv., suddenly, Quid istuc est mi uir negoti quod tu tam subito domo Abeas? Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 4; Ita uunc imparatum subito tanta te impendunt mala, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 2; hos Arionistum dispersos subito adortum uicisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 8; Dixit et ex oculis subito...fugit diuersa, Verg. G. 4, 499; **10.** hastily, quickly, ex tabellis iam faxo scies, Quam subito argento mi ussus inuento siet, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 48; Quaesio edepol quo ante lucem te subito rapis Ere cum tuo puero, Turp. 50 R; breuiores has litteras properanti publicanorum tabellario subito dedi, Caes. ad Cic. 8, 7, 1; quae (sc. scuta) subito pellibus induxerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 33; Et quamuis subito per colum uina uidemus Perfluere, Lucr. 2, 391.

**sub-iungo**, iungēre, iunxi, iunctum, vb. [sub up, iungo yoke] yoke (to a vehicle), with a dat., Daphnis et Armenias curru subiungere tigris Instituit, Verg. B. 5, 29; nactu plostro subiungendi (iuuenci), Colm. 6, 2, 8; subiunctas carpento suo equas, Plin. 11, 262; and met., puppis rostro subiuncta leones, Verg. 10, 157; also with acc. if we may trust: libet subiungere currus, Manil. 4, 231; **2.** met. bring under the yoke, Nulli fas Italo tantam subiungere gentem, Verg. 8, 502; urbes Achaiae multas sub imperium populi Romani subiunxit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 55; sub uestrum ius, agr. 2, 98; imperio nostro prouincias, Vell. 2, 39, 3; Et mihi res non me rebus subiungere conor, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 19; **3.** gen. place under, Immortalia si uolumus subiungere rebus Fundamenta quibus nitatur summa salutis, Lucr. 2, 862; **4.** hence gen. subjoin, attach, join, Tu fac utrumque uni subinngas nomen eorum (sc. animi and auimae), Lucr. 3, 421; si placet omnes artes oratori subiungere, consider as belonging to him, Cic. or. 1, 218; Aristoteles tralationi et haec ipsa subiungit et abusionem (*καταχρησιν*), includes under the term, orat. 94; esp. of words, cauendum ue decrease oratio et fortiori snbiungatur aliuid infirmius, Quint. 9, 4, 23; dicit Senecio quae res ferebat, aliqua subiungo, Plin. ep. 7, 33, 7; non est alieum subiungere qui post Messalam hnic officio praefuerit, Frontin. aq. 102; in Gell. 1, 25 the reading is subdita 'substituted', not subiuncta.

**sublābro**? āre, vb. [lābrum, sb. n.] cibum intra labra mitto, so at least Non. p. 170 quoting Novius in Decuma: iam ego illi subiens sublabrabo esui illud sineciput.

**sublestus**, adj. [perh. from an old part. lastus of a lost vb. lasc.- as seen in lasc-ius and so=laxus, cf. It. lasciare, Fr. laisser; cf. for cons. mist-us from misc-co, for vowel incestus from castus] lit. rather loose? Lingua factiosi inertes opera sublesta (sublesti Acidalium) fide, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 13; Nam ad paupertatem si admigrant infamiae, Grauior paupertas fit, fides sublestior, Pers. 3, 1, 20; sublesta antiqui dicebant infirma et tenuia, Fest. 294 b 3 M; sublestum est leue friuolum, Non. 177; **2.** uinum sublestissimum, Pl. Neraul. ap. Fest., who adds, quia infirmos faciat uel corpore uel animo, perh. rather most deceitful.

**sublimēn**? a word unduly accredited as an adv. for sublimen aloft by Ritschl chiefly on the ground that the ms B of Plautus repeatedly has sublimen in place of sublimem or sublimis (see Rbein. Mus. for 1850, p. 556); and by Baiter as a sb. n. in Ennius, Aspice hoc sublimem candens..., in oppos. to every ms of Cicero in four separate passages, and to all but one of Apul.; as also to Fest. and Prob.—see excursus in Klotz's Andria, Leipzig. 1865.

**sublimis**, c, adj. [i.e. subleūmis from subleu-are, cf. for suffix incolumis; also sublimus compared with almus, firmus, μαχμος] uplifted, above-ground, aloft, sublime..., noctis iter, Enn. tr. 179 R; omnis de uniuerso quacstio in caelestia sublimia terrena diuiditur, Sen. N. Q. 2, 1, 1; supra terram granaria quidam sublimia faciunt, Varr. r. 1, 57, 3; Nec tenuem tēxens sublimis aranea telam,

Catul. 68, 49; Apparet liquido sublimis in aere Nisus, Verg. G. 1, 404; uertex, 1, 242; ipsa (sc. Venus), A. 1, 415; Sublimes in equis redeunt, 7, 285; arma, 11, 602; columba, 11, 722; sublimi flagello, Hor. od. 3, 26, 11; haco locutus sublimis abiūt (Romulus), Liv. 1, 16, 8; sublimis abūt (aquila), 1, 34, 8; **2.** esp. of persons lifted off their feet to be carried away, as in Pl., Quin tu illum iubes ancillas rapere sublimem domum? As. 5, 2, 18; Ducite istum; si non sequitur rapite sublimem foras (al. sublimen), Mil. 5, 1; add Men. 5, 7, 3; also 6 and 13; and 5, 8, 3; then from Ter. Audi obsecro. Quid uis? Sublimem hunc intro rape quantum potes, Andr. 5, 2, 20; Sublimem primum medium arriperem et capite in terram staturerem, Ad. 3, 2, 18; quem praepes ab Ida Sublimem pedibus rapuit Iouis armeriger uncis, Verg. 5, 255; see snblimen, **3.** rising high, lofty, portis sublimibus, Verg. 12, 133; quercus sublimi uertice, 9, 682; s. atrium, Hor. od. 3, 1, 46; equus, Lucau. 7, 342; armenta, Colum. 3, 8, 3; **4.** met. exalted, lofty, sublime, grand, uiri, Varr. r. 2, 4, 9; nomen, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 121; natura, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 165; carmina, Ov. am. 3, 1, 39; Iuv. 7, 28; genus dicendi, Quint. 11, 1, 3; **5.** snblime, absol. as sb. n. mid-air, Aspice hoc sublimo (not sublimen, as Baiter has) candens quem uocant (al. inuocant) omnes Iouem, Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 2, 4 and 65; 3, 10; 3, 40; Apul. de mundo, 33; Fest. 306 b 16 M; Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 31; **6.** esp. with prep., qui (sc. sonus) in sublime fertur (so mss, but Davies and Baiter om. in), Cic. N. D. 2, 141; anates solae in sublime protinus sese tollunt, Plin. 10, 112; Dianae facies in sublimi posita, 36, 13; grues silentio per sublime uolantes, 18, 362; datur decoctum (rhaemacae) ex sublimi deolutis, 27, 129; piro per lusum in sublime iactato, Suet. Claud. 27; iualidum quemque distento sago inpositum in sublime iactare, Oth. 2; **7.** sublime, as adv. aloft, first as an acc. with motion, haec aut pondere deorsum ant leuitate sublime ferri, Cic. N. D. 2, 44; aer extenuatus sublime fertur, 2, 101; add 2, 117; concurrunt sublime uolantes Aetheriae nubes, Lucr. 6, 97; eos ipsos legatos non pinnis sublime elatos Alpes transgressos, Liv. 21, 30, 8; add Verg. G. 1, 318; **8.** secondly as a dat. (for sublimi) without motion, ea scuta quae fuerant snblime fixa sunt humi iuuenta, Cic. diu. 2, 67; Theodori nihil interest humine an snblime putescat, Tusc. 1, 102; **9.** comp., sublimius, Iuv. 8, 231; aud Quint. 8, 3, 75; sublimior, 10, 1, 68; sublimissimus, Tert. apol. 33; Symm. ep. 6, 57; **10.** sublimer, adv. aloft, high, as of one standing erect, four times in Cato r. 70 and 71; pauo nec sublimer potest nec per longa spatia uolitare, Colum. 8, 11, 1; sublimius altum Atollit caput, Ov. hal. 69; **11.** met. in a lofty tone, alia lenius, alia sublimius esso dicenda, Quint. 9, 4, 130.

**sublimo**, āre, vb. [1 sublimis=sublimis] lift up, Sol qui candeum in caelo sublimat facem, Eun. tr. 318 V; aquila cum se ubium tenus altissime sublimauit, Apul. flor. 1, 2; **2.** met. exalt, in maximum decus atque in excelsissimam claritudinem snblimauit, Cat. orig. 15, 2 lord.; apud poetam (sc. Vergilium) nostrum tantam scientiam iuris auguralis inuenio ut si aliarum disciplinarum doctrina destitueretur, haec illum uel sola profeccio sublimaret, Macr. s. 1, 24, 17; add Prud. apoth. 913; Hier. ep. 1, 11.

**1 sublimus**, adj.=sublimis, sublimas subices, Enn. ap. Gell., see subices; Aut saepe ex humili sede sublima euolat, Att. 576 R; ex sublimo uertice saxi, 563 R; At nunc per maria ae terras sublimāquē caeli...moueri Cernimus, Lucr. 1, 340; sublima nebula caelum obscurabat, Sall. ap. Non. 489.

**2 sub-llmus**, adj. [limns, adj.] looking slightly aside, askance, si praestat oculos abducere ab eiusmodi propudiis, aspice tamen uel snblimis (sc. oculis), Tert. pall. 4 med.

**submissus**, (summ.) part. of submitto; **2.** as adj. low, quadrato agmino facto stantibus primis, secundis summissioribus, postremis genu nixis fastigatam testudinem faciebant, Liv. 44, 9, 6; **3.** met. esp. of the voice, low, uolet et contenta uoce atrociter dicere et summissa leniter,



Cic. orat. 56; rogavit Summissa fugiens uoce clientis opem, Ov. Pont. 4, 3, 42; leuior atque summissor oratio, Quint. 11, 1, 64; summissus orator, a quiet speaker, Cic. orat. 76 and 90; 4. of the mind, humble, priuatum oportet parum ciuibus iure uiuere, neque summisum et abiectum neque se eferentem, Cic. off. 1, 124; summissa adulatio, Quint. 11, 1, 30; non dubitabat quin recenti calamitate summissiores essent futurae, Caes. b. g. 8, 31, 2; II 5. submisso, adv. low, quemadmodum cingemur? Nec submisso neo succincte, Cur. Fortun. art. rhet. 3 f.; 6. met. as of words, low, quietly, summissus a primo, deinde pressius, post ut uidit ardentis (iudicis) in reliquis exultauit audacius, Cic. orat. 26; asperum an leuiter an etiam summisso loqui expedit, Quint. 6, 5, 5; 7. of the mind, humbly, ut quanto superiores simus tanto nos geramus summissius, Cic. off. 1, 90; Multa quo summisso, multa minanter agat, Ov. a. a. 3, 582.

**sub-mitto** (summ.), mittĕre, mĭsi, missum, vb. let go up, send up, raise, Sic et Auerua loca altibus summittere debent Mortiferam uim de terra quae surgit in auras, Lucr. 6, 818; Huc accedit uti siue certis imbris anni Laetificos nequeat foetus submittere tellus, 1, 193; Aspicue quos submittit humus formosa colores, Prop. 1, 2, 9; non pabula tellus Pascendis submittit equis, Lucan. 4, 411; nou... Monstrumue submittere Colchi Maius, Hor. od. 4, 4, 63; 2. esp. s. manus, lift up (the hands) as in adoration or prayer, Vtque solent famuli cum uerbera saeua uereantur Tendere submissas ad tua crura manus, Ov. her. 19 (20), 77; Et pias numen precatus rite submisi manus, Sen. Oed. 231; Submissi palmas lacerato tegmine uestis Adigunt prona squalentia corpora terrae, Sil. 1, 673; Credite submissas Romam nunc tendere palmas, 4, 411; add 12, 640; 3. esp. of vegetation, leave to grow up, as grass for hay, opposed to what is consumed in grazing, de pratis summissis, Varr. r. 1, 49, 1; pratium si irriguum habebis, foenum non deficiet; si non erit, siccum ne foenum desiet summittito, Cato r. 8, 1; prata in foenum submittuuntur, Colum. 11, 2, 15; 4. or plants for seed, si alterius fructus (sc. atri oleris) in semen submittas, Colum. 11, 3, 36; stilus (asparagi) qui nouissime nascitur, non omnis est tolleudus sed aliqua pars eius in semen submittenda est, 11, 3, 45; 5. so in pruning, pampinarios (sureculos) in resecum submitti, Colum. 3, 10, 15; nec (pueritia uitis) plus quam in unum flagellum est submittenda, 4, 14, 3; add 3, 21, 7; 4, 6, 1 and 4; 4, 15, 3; 4, 31, 2; 5, 6, 14; arb. 5, 1 and 2; 6. hence met. of the hair let grow, apud Chattois in consensum uertit ut primum adoleuerint crimem barbamque submittere, Tac. G. 31; reis moris est submittere capillum, Plin. ep. 7, 27, 14; barbam capillumque submittere, Sen. ad Polyb. 17, 5; add Suet. Caes. 67; Aug. 23; Cal. 47; Ner. 51 and esp. capillo pone occipitium summissiore, Tib. 68; 7. of cattle, let grow up and so reserve (for stock), Tu modo quos in spem statures submittere gentis..., Verg. G. 3, 73; quos (sc. uitulos) pecori malint submittere habendo, 3, 159; add B. 1, 46; in nutratu haedi, trimestres cum sint facti, tum submituntur et in grege incipiunt esse, Varr. r. 2, 3, 8; quos arietes submittere uolunt, potissimum eligunt ex matribus quae geminos parere solent, 2, 2, 18; add 2, 3, 4; hoc fit longinquis regionibus ubi nihil nisi submittere expedit, nam suburbanis lactens porcus aere mutandus est, Colum. 7, 9, 4; add 7, 9, 5 and 7, 3, 13; 8. send up (esp. to support or assist), quos laborantes conspexerat, his subsidia submittebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 4; qua ex parte uostros premi intellexerant, his auxilio ex castellis deductos submittebant, 7, 81, 6; 9. the same absol., laboratibus submitti, Caes. b. g. 7, 85, 1; prouiciam tuear dabo operam quoad exercitus luc summittatis, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 6; 10. send up, supply, Vina submittit capreas non semper edules, Hor. s. 2, 4, 43;

11. put up (a person to act on one's behalf, at the same time keeping out of sight), send secretly, employ as an emissary, suborn, submittebat iste Timarchidem qui moneret eos si sapereut nt transigerent, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 69; esp. in Suet. as, summissis consularibus uiris qui regio genere ortam peierant, Ner. 28; add 32 and 34; Tit. 6; et a trepido Thymeles submissa Latio, Iuv. 1, 36; and absol., ad pupillae matrem submittebat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1,

105; 12. send as a successor, relieve (of an office), huc uos non submittetis, huc diutius manere (sc. in provincia) patiemini, Cic. prou. cons. 8; II 13. put up (to), i. e. put under, is (iis) canterius propius a terra quam uitibus ordinariis submittendus, Colum. 4, 14, 1; singuli agni biuis nutricibus submittantur uec quicquam submissis expedit quo saturior lactis (agnus) celeriter confirmetur, 7, 4, 3; 14. put to (a male), generosas equas alternis auis submittere debebimus, Pall. 4, 13, 6; hoc tempore maxime tauris submittendae sunt uaccae, 8, 4, 1; femina (ouis) debet bima submitti, 8, 4, 3; 15. put down, lower, summissis fascibus (cousul) in coutionem escendit; gratum id multitudini spectaculum fuit summissa sibi esse imperii insignia, Liv. 2, 7, 7; introeanti regi dextram porrexit submitteutemque se ad pedes sustulit, 45, 7, 5; teneraque latus mismisit in herba, Ov. M. 3, 23; Summissoque humiles intrarunt uertice postes, 8, 638; Summisere oculos cum duce turba suo, F. 3, 372; omnes fruges (Tiberis) deuellit in urbem, hieme dumtaxat et uere; aestate submittitur, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 12; see also summissus; 16. met., inceptum frustra submitte furorem, Verg. 12, 832; orationem tam submittere quam attollere decet, Plin. ep. 3, 13, 4; neque enim pudor sed aemuli pretium submitunt, Plin. 29, 21; puer ut sciat quando attollenda uel summittenda sit uox, Quint. 1, 8, 1; so submittere alone, Cic. Caecil. 48; Camillo submittere imperium, Liv. 6, 6, 7; 17. esp. s. aimum, lower one's courage, submit, bow, neque conuenit nobis periculo ulli submittere animum nostrum, Brut. et Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 3; adeo summisserant animos, Liv. 6, 34, 3; ne qui Cannensi ruinae non succubissent, ad minores calamitates animos submitterent, 23, 25, 3; 18. s. se lower oneself, descend, condescend, submit, ut ii qui superiores sunt submittere se debent in amicitia, sic inferiores extollere, Cic. am. 72; appellauit populum tributum, submisi me et supplicauit, Plauc. 24; uaior animus erat (Scipioni) quam ut reus esse sciret et submittere se in humilitatem causam dicentium, Liv. 38, 52, 2; add 27, 31, 6.

**süböl-es** (or sob.), is, f. [subol of suboles], lit. undergrowth, hence a number of suckers growing from the roots or the lower part of the stem of a tree, plant etc., natura plautaria demonstrauit multarum radicibus pullulante subole densa et pariente matre quas necet, Plin. 17, 65; (cf. Pullulat ab radice aliis densissima silua, Verg. G. 2, 17); nemo iam serit (Atiniam ulmum) ex samera (quod est semen eius arboris) sed ex sobolibus, Colum. 5, 6, 2; Marsiam simplicem (cepam) quam uocant unionem rustici eligito, ea est autem quae non fruticauit nec habuit soboles adhaerentes, 12, 10, 1; possunt etiam soboles (al. suboles) per brumam caedi, arb. 5, 4; materia quam inseueris si sobole uel superiores ramos habebit, omnia praecidit, 26, 9; arbores pomifera subole fecuudae, Apul. M. 768; ne ulmo marito cubet in ipso gremio terrae matris inter suboles herbarum et propagies uitium, aug. 88; 2. undergrowth of hair on the human head, aut aures ex sobolibus paruuli intorti demittebantur cincinni, Varr. ap. Non. 456; cum (capillus?) frequenti sobole spissus cumulat uerticem, Apul. M. 2, 110 H; 3. of men, offspring, youth, first in a pl. sense even for the sing., sequuntur couubia et adfinitates ex quibus etiam plures propinquae, quae propagatio et suboles origo est rerum publicarum, Cic. off. 1, 54 (where propagatio supports the met.); censors populi acuitates suboles familias pecuniasque ceuseuto, xii tab. ap. leg. 3, 7; omnem subolem inuentutis, Phil. 2, 54; et robur et suboles militum perit, Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 1; Diuã prædicas sübölem, Hor. carm. s. 17; add od. 4, 3, 14; but Liv. 26, 41, 22 is spurious; 4. of a single child, Cärã deum süböles, Verg. B. 4, 49; Saltem siqua mihi de te suscepta fuisset Ante fugam suboles, A. 4, 328; Me cret Archytae suboles Babyliouis Horos, Prop. 4, 1, 79; Psyche diuinae sobolis solacio gaudebat, Apul. M. 5, 12; nnde me praecelara sobole auiam beatam faciat, 6, 9; 5. of animals, in both pl. and sing. sense, lasciuia suboles gregis (sc. haedus), Hor. od. 3, 13, 8; auniculae (capellae) coufestium depelleuda soboles, Colum. 7, 6, 8; animalium quae cynocephalos uocamus lacte uiuit, quarum armenta pascit



maribus interemptis praeterquam subolis causa, Plin. 7, 31.

**sub-rēpo**, (surrepo) ēre, si, tum, vb. creep up, crawl up, Ambo propositum peragunt iter urbis auentes Moenia nocturni subrepere, Hor. s. 2, 6, 100; mediis subrepsit uinea muris, Lucan. 2, 506; subrepenti laertae, Plin. 34, 70; **2.** met. as of creeping into the affections, Sicine subrepsti meaque (mei atque mss) intestina perrens Si (=sic) misero eripuisti omnia nostra bona? Catul. 77, 3; uido quam non subrepam tibi nec furtum facere adfectibus tuis cogitem, Sen. ad Marc. 1, 5; **3.** gen. creep upon, iam subrepet iners aetas neque amare decebit, Tib. 1, 1, 71; huic obliuionem cibi subrepere aiunt, Plin. 8, 35; dissimulata et ut Graeci dicunt *απειρητος* actio melius saepe surrepit, Quint. 4, 1, 60; nt insinuatio surrepat animis, 4, 1, 42; and in pass. impers., ita surrepetur animo iudicis, 4, 5, 20; **4.** hence creep upon and so supplant, Et quaecunque meo furtim subrepat amori, Tib. 4, 3, 21; Ars mea nunc malo pira temperat et modo cogit insita praecoquibus subrepere persica pruiis, Calp. ecl. 2, 42; **II 5.** creep under, emergebat subito (praetor) cum sub tabulas subreperat, Cic. Sest. 126; facile clatris subrepunt (lepusculi), Colum. 9, 1, 9; **6.** note constr. sub with acc., more freq. a dat., and in poets an acc.

**sub-ruo**, ēre, i, subrūtum [ruo, send rushing], vb. force up, dig up, and so undermine, testudine facta portas succedunt murumque subruunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 6, 2; captam suam urbem uidere (sc. dicunt), opera perfecta, turrim subrutam, b. c. 2, 12, 4; subrutis cuniculo moenibus, Liv. 5, 21, 6; add 21, 11, 8; 31, 46, 15; 33, 17, 9; 34, 29, 6; castraque (al. claustraque) Pelusi Romanō subrutā ferro, Prop. 4, 8, 55; arecs, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 23; uallum, Tac. h. 3, 28; muros, 3, 20; **2.** gen. undermine, Subter ubi ingentis speluncas subruit aetas, Lucr. 6, 545; His igitur rebus rarescit corpus et omnis Subruitur natura, 4, 866; Anio subruit montes, Plin. ep. 8, 17, 3; **3.** met., nos nostram libertatem subruī patimur, Liv. 41, 23, 8; subruit aemulos Reges numeribus, Hor. od. 3, 16, 14; Sic leue sic paruum est animum quod laudis anarum Subruit aut reficit, ep. 2, 1, 179; militum animos, Tac. h. 2, 101; ne securitas subruatur, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 10, 111; tempus te tacitum subruet, Sen. Phaedr. 783.

**sub-scribo**, bēre, psi, ptum, vb. write underneath, quibus (statuis) subscripsit reges ab se in gratiam esse reductos, Cic. Clu. 101; subscripsere quidam L. Bruti statuae Vtinam uiuere, Suet. Caes. 80; **2.** write as a postscript, add in writing, Caesar nobis litteras perbreues misit quarum exemplum subscripsi, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 13 a; munusculum (of some verses) tibi infra subscripsi, Treb. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 16, 3; I puer atque meo citus haec subscribē libello, Hor. s. 1, 10, 92; **3.** esp. of the complimentary words wh. close a letter, Commodus in subscribendo negligens, ita ut in epistulis plurimis Valo tantum scriberet, Lampr. Com. 13, 7; quum Rhodiorum magistratus quod litteras publicas sine subscriptione ad se dederat cuocasset, tantummodo iussos subscribere remisit, Suet. Tib. 32 (cf. *οὐχ ὑπεγραψαν τῆ ἐπιστολῆ εὐχας αὐτῷ ποιούμενοι*, Dio. 57, 11); **4.** subscribe (one's name as an authority or in approval), endorse, as first in accusations, cras subscribam homini dicam, Pl. Poen. 3, 6, 5; in P. Popilius subscripsit L. Gellius, quod is pecuniam accepisset quo innocentem condemnaret, Cic. Clu. 131; **5.** esp. of those who back the chief accuser, Gabinius de ambitu reum fecit P. Sulla, subscribente Memmio, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 3, 2; neminem neque suo nomine neque subscribens accusauit, Nep. Att. 6, 3; Capito patruus meus Agrippae subscripsit in C. Cassium, Vell. 2, 69, 5; accusanti patrono subscripsit, Suet. rhet. 3; **6.** gen. affix one's name as an authority, quum de supplicio cuiusdam capite damnati ut ex more subscriberet admoneretur, Quam uellem inquit nescire litteras, Suet. Ner. 10; nec quicquam prius subscripsit quam quingenties ad peragendam auream domum, Oth. 7; si plures tutores tutelam simul administrauerint, aut omnes edere debent,

aut certe unius editioni subscribere, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 6, 1; **7.** met. endorse, back, parum ex dignitate populi Romani ducbat (Scipio) subscribere odiis accusatorum Hannibalis et factionibus Karthaginiensium inserere publicam auctoritatem, Liv. 33, 47, 4; Neque precor magni subscribite Caesaris irae, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 3; ulterioribus quidem diebus cubantibus luxuriae subscripsit (Asclepiades), primis uero tortoris uicem exhibuit, Cels. 3, 4 (p. 79, l. 3 D); tuo desiderio subscripsi, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 10, 95; si uoto fortuna subscripsit, Colum. 1, 2, 3; **8.** record (the writer affixing his signature), sub Domitiano miseriarum pars erat uidere et aspicī cum suspiria nostra subscriberentur, Tac. Agr. 45; **9.** write after (a person), take down his words, Puarium quum concionante se subscribere quaedam animaduertisset, confodi iussit, Suet. Aug. 27.

**subsciūus**, (rather than subsec.) adj. [subsec-o] cut up, or left after cutting, a term of the agrimensores, applied to the remnants of assigned land left after marking off whole centurics, quanto (al. quando) minus fuerit quam centuriae modus esse debet, subsecium uocatur etc., Sic. Flac. p. 155, l. 26; cf. Frontin. de agr. qual. p. 6, l. 5; subsciūus ager, Agr. 246, 27; s. fossa, 366, 3; loca, 398, 4; subsciūum as sb. n., 6, 4; subsciūia quae diuisis per ueteranos agris carptim superfuerunt, ueteribus possessoribus concessit, Suet. Dom. 9; quid constituerim de subsciūis huic epistulae subici inssi (sc. Domitianus); and soon after, dii Augusti epistula qua admonuit eos ut omnia subsciūia sua colligerent et uenderent, inser. Or. 3118; **2.** hence gen. left as a remnant, odds and ends of, esp. of time or labour, s. opera, Lucil. ap. Non. 175; subsciūia quaedam tempora incurrunt quae ego perire non patior, Cic. leg. 1, 9; quae ego sero, quae cursim arripui, quae subsciūis operis ut aiunt, iste a puero summo studio summis doctoribus, or. 2, 364; rogas ut aliquid subsciūi temporis studiis meis auferam, impertiam tuis, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 1; non est res subsciūia (philosophia), Sen. ep. 53, 9; quibus studiis haec temporum uelut subsciūia (as sb. n.) donabimus, Quint. 1, 12, 13; quantum habui temporis subsciūi medicinae disciplinae libros attigi, Gell. 18, 10, 8; quas subsciūio aut tumultuario studio colo, 13, 25, 4; **3.** in other met., una tantum subsciūia sollicitudo nobis relicta est, Apul. M. 3, 8; quamuis eos (deos) priuēt sublimitate caelium, subsciūis tamen accumulāt laudibus, Arnob. 5, 30.

**subsideo**? ēre, vb. lie in wait (for), subsident aliqui copiosos homines, senes aut iuuenes, orbos nel caelibes, Amm. 28, 4, 22; wh. we should perh. read subsident; in Lucan. 1, 646 subsident is of course a fut. with a long i; subsēdi belongs to subsideo; so that the existence of subsideo is doubtful. So too consideo of Dictionaries is a myth.

**sub-sido**, sidēre, sēdi, sessum, vb. settle down, sink, neque enim poterant subsidere saxa, Lucr. 5, 493; multae per mare pessum Subsedere suis pariter cum ciuibus urbes, 6, 590; Iussit et extendi campos, subsidere nalles, Ov. M. 1, 43; **2.** esp. in liquids, omnis mundi quasi limus in imum Confluxit grauis et subseidit funditus ut faex, Lucr. 5, 497; ex amphora primum quod est sincerissimum effluit, grauissimum quodque turbidumque subseidit, Sen. ep. 108, 26; in qua (sc. urina) quod subseidit si album est significat circa articulos dolorem imminere, Plin. 28, 68; si urina habet quaedam subsidentia, Cels. 2, 5, p. 35, 28 D; ea quae in colo subsederunt diligenter contra leuigantur, Colum. 12, 41, 3; add 12, 50, 14; auellanas naues cum precatone mersit in uinum et siue in suinum redierant siue subsederant ex hoc coniecturam ducebat, Petr. 137; **3.** of living beings, sink, sit down, subseidi in ipsa uia dum haec tibi perscriberem, Cic. Att. 5, 16, 1; alii elephanti pedibus persistentes alii cluuiibus subsidentes prolabebantur, Liv. 44, 5, 7; subsident Hispani aduersus emissa tela ab hoste, inde ad mittenda ipsi consurgunt, 28, 2, 6; Substitit Aeneas et se collegit in arma Poplite subsidens, Verg. 12, 192; add Lucan. 3, 695; **4.** esp. sit down in ambush, lie down in wait (for), sic Miloni cum insidiarum esset si illum ad urbem nocte accessurum sciebat subsidendum atque expectandum



fuit, Cic. Mil. 49; add § 51; partem militum subsidere in insidiis iussit, Liv. 1, 14, 7; 5. await, deuita Asia subsideit adulter, Verg. 11, 268; and this with dat. or even acc. of object for wh. Aut spumantis apri cursum clamoribus urges Subsidisque fero, Aus. ep. 4, 30; subsidere saepe leonem Assuerat, Sil. 13, 221; copiosos homines, Amm. 28, 4, 22; 6. settle down (at a place) for good, take up one's permanent residence, quosdam ex Vitelliis subsideisse Nuceriae, Suet. Vit. 1; non negauerim patrem e regione transpadana fuisse, subsideisse autem in oppido Reatino uxore ibidem ducta, Vesp. 1; 7. remain behind or at home, when others go out, magna multitudo calorum magna nis iumentorum quae in castris subsederant, facta potestate sequitur, Caes. b. g. 6, 36 (al. 35), 3; si ex alio minus frequentes euadunt (apes) ac subsidit aliqua pars, suffumigaudum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 36; 8. de femina marem admittente, Nec ratione alia uolucres armenta feraeque Et pecudes et equae maribus subsidere possent Si non..., Lucr. 4, 1198; inuet ut tigres subsidere ceruis, Hor. epod. 16, 31; 9. met. sink, go down, disappear, commixti corpore tantum Subsident Teuceri, Verg. 12, 835; go down, disappear, be forgotten, ubi testis abscessit, uitia subsidunt, quis eam quam nulli ostenderet induit purpuram? Sen. ep. 94, 69; nihil tam certum est ex his quae timentur ut non certius sit et formidata subsidere et sperata decipere, 13, 12; anime quid rursus times Et ante rem subsidis? sink in heart, Sen. Thy. 284; hinc accidit ut aetas altioribus iam disciplinis debita in schola minore subsidat, lower itself, Quint. 2, 1, 3.

**sub-sisto**, sistere, stiti, vb. strictly stand up against (a load), and hence gen. bear up against, as first with dat., non si Varronis thesauros haberem, subsistere sumptui possem, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 5; maxime mouit patres Hasdrubalis transitus in Italiam uix Hannibali atque eius armis subsistentem, Liv. 27, 7, 3; Res quoque tanta fuit quantae subsistere summo Aeneidos uati grande fuisset onus, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 83; densis turmis, Tib. 4, 1, 195; liti, Cels. dig. 21, 2, 62; 2. with acc., iam nou feras tantum subsistere, Liv. 1, 4, 9; praepotentem armis Romanum nec acies subsistere ullae nec urbes poterant, 9, 31, 6; 3. absol., Tantae in te impendent ruinae; nisi suffulcis firmiter, Non potes subsistere, itaque in te irruunt montes mali, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 78; quod neque ancorae funesque subsisterent (sc. tempestati), Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2; Ergo nec clypeo iuuenis subsistere tantum Nec dextra ualet, iniectis sic undique telis Obruitur, Verg. 9, 806; 4. hence met. maintain itself, stand firm, hold good, subsistit omnis sententia, Quint. 8, 5, 27; non eo minus sententia aduersus te lata iuris ratione subsistit quod..., cod. Iust. 2, 13, 14 de proc.; sententia ab eis prolata nullo inre subsistit, 3, 3, 1 de ped. iud.; II 5. stop behind, stop short before reaching the end, stop on one's way, reliqui in itinere substiterant, Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 3; locus ubi nationum subsisterent legati qui ad senatum essent missi (sc. Graecostasis), Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 155 Sp.; Me sine prima manu temptare pericula belli, Tu pedes ad muros subsiste, Verg. 11, 506; is ad eam diem ex Campauia remeauerat quantumque apud lapidem suburbano rure substiterst, Tac. an. 15, 60; consultant intra tecta subsistant an in aperto uagentur, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 15; ab Ostia oram Campaniae legens imbecillitate Augusti nuntiata, paulum substitit, Suet. Tib. 11; Rauennae, Caes. 30; Brixelli, Oth. 9; 6. esp. for ambushade, magister equitum substitit occultus, Liv. 9, 23, 6; modo..., modo repente in aliquo flexu uiae...ocultus subsistebat, 22, 12, 7; 7. met. stop short (while others advance), remain behind, contentum honore Pallantem intra priorem paupertatem subsistere, Tac. an. 12, 53; proceritas (balsami) intra bina cubita subsistit, Plin. 12, 113; altius ibunt qui ad summa nitentur quam qui praesumpta desperatione quo uelint euadendi circa ima substiterint, Quint. pr. 20; seruum quoque et filium familias procuratorem posse habere aiunt; et quantum ad filium familias uerum est, in seruo subsistimus, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 33; 8. esp. of words, stop short, substitit hic Erato, Ov. F. 4, 349; Talibus ut dietis nostros descendit in annos Substitit in mediis praescia lingua sonis, 1, 538 (medios sonos Merkel, male).

**suc-cēdo**, ēre, cessi, cessum, vb. [sub + cedo] go (quietly) up, step up, Inque dies magis in montem succedere siluas Cogebat inufragae locum concedere cultis, Lucr. 5, 1370; A-pedibusque miutatim succedere frigus Non dubitabat, 6, 1192; fluuiio succedit opaco, Verg. 7, 36; caelo, G. 4, 227; Ille quidem ad superos quorum se deuont aris Succedet fama, A. 12, 235; Romani scandere hostem sinunt, quo successerit magis in arduum eo pelli posse per procliuē facilius rati, Liv. 5, 43, 2; supra hostium muitionem succedunt, Sisen. ap. Non. 91; Fregellana arx Sorauaque et ubicunq̄e iniquo successum est loco memorabantur, Liv. 9, 31, 13; 2. go up (to), come up (to), as first with sub or ad and acc., Heluetii sub primam nostram aciem successerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 5; sub montem in quo erat oppidum positum Ilerda succedunt, b. c. 1, 45, 2; ad castra hostium, Liv. 7, 37, 7; ad urbem, 26, 44, 7; 3. with acc. alone, testudine facta portis succedunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 6, 2; quum per colloquia principum succedens murum parum proficeret, postremo consulis permissi ingressus urbem euicit ut..., Liv. 38, 9, 7; 4. with dat., quum multa succedentes temere moenibus milites acciperent uulnera, Liv. 24, 19, 6; hostium munimentis, 9, 14, 9; add 10, 34, 5; 5. with acc. go up, ascend, climb, assuetudine succedendi muros, Liv. 27, 18, 13; ex inferiore loco succedens tumulum, 22, 28, 22; militum tam prompte succedentium muros, 31, 45, 5; si murum succederent, Tac. an. 2, 20; origi scalas iussit ac promptissimum quemque succedere, 2, 81; Nequiquam armatos ausit succedere muros, Sil. 10, 597; 6. met. rise, prosper, thrive, succeed, Parum succedit quod ago, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 55; res nulla successerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 26, 1; postquam inceptum non succedebat, Liv. 42, 58, 1; Audiit et noti Phoebus succedere partem Mente dedit, partem uolucris dispersit in auras, Verg. 11, 794; 7. as vb. impers. success attends, Hac non successit, alia aggrediemur uia, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 46; si ex sententia successerit, bene erit opera posita, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 14, 1; si successisset coeptis, Liv. 25, 37, 19; frandi, 38, 25, 8; facinori, 40, 11, 10; and pass., cum omnia uelles mihi successa, Cic. fam. 16, 21, 2; esp. impers., nolle successum non patribus non consulibus, Liv. 2, 45, 5; 8. for the phrase sub manus succedere, see sub § 2; II 9. go after, follow, succeed (to), take the place of, with dat. of person succeeded, accedebat luc ut integri et recentes defetigatis succederent, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 4; nec prius inclinata res est quam secunda acies ad prima signa integri fessis successerunt, Liv. 9, 32, 8; 10. also with dat. of that which preceded, ei succedo orationi quae..., Cic. Balb. 4; uix bono regi facilis erat fauor succedenti tantae caritati Hieronim, Liv. 24, 5, 1; consules quo maior gloria rerum domi forisque gestarum succedere se cernebant, eo impensius..., 4, 11, 2; male gestis rebus alterius successum est, 9, 18, 15; 11. gen. with in and acc. or else ad of the new position succeeded to, nondum in Pompei locum repentinus heres successerat, Cic. Phil. 2, 62; cohortes quae in stationibus erant secum proficisci, ex reliquis duas in stationem succedere iussit, Caes. b. g. 4, 32, 2; commota pedestri acie eques in pugnam succedit, Liv. 9, 27, 10; ut in paterna succederes opes (Hannibal), 21, 3, 2; Regillo succedenti ad uanale imperium, 37, 14, 1; 12. at times with a dat. of same, succedam ego uicarius tuo muneris, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; quum in sex partes diuersus exercitus senis horis in orbem succederet proelio, Liv. 6, 4, 10; regno, Plin. 36, 204; Iustin. 2, 4, 17; 13. de femina marem admittente, granem succedere (subsiderē?) tigrin Aua canis maiore tulit de sanguine fetum, Grat. 164.

**suc-curr-o**, (sub-c.) ēre, i, cursum, vb. run up, run up (to), face, cur...Tempore eodem alii nequeat succurrere lunae Corpus, Lucr. 5, 765; 2. esp. run up (to assist), succurrit illi Vorenus et laboranti subuenit, Caes. b. g. 4, 44, 9; Catilina laborantibus succurrere, Sal. Cat. 60, 4; 3. met., quoniam semel suscepti (causam), licet undique mihi minae periculae impendeant, succurram atque subibo, Cic. Rosc. Am. 31; saluti fortunisque communibus, Rab. perd. 3; non florentibus se uocidauit sed afflictis



semper succerit, Nep. Att. 11, 4; his malis haec subsidia succurrebant, Caes. b. c. 3, 70, 1; cuius aduersae fortunae uelit succurrum, Liv. 3, 58, 4; **4.** esp. medically, os fractum nisi succursum est, grauib. inflammatiouis afficit, Cels. 8, 4, 23; uetustis ulceribus, 6, 6, 146; capillis fluentibus, 6, 1, 3; aridae lippitudini, 6, 6, 189; semen (cannabis) iumentorum alio succerit, Plin. 20, 259; uenenis fungorum, 31, 119; strangulationibus, 26, 158; **5.** run up in the mind, rise, suggest itself, occur, esp. as vb. impers., ut quidque succerit libet scribere, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; illud etiam mihi succurrebat graue esse me de iudicio patris iudicare, fam. 16, 21, 6; non dubito illud quoque succursum unde Volseis suffecerint milites, Liv. 6, 12, 2; succerit nersus illo Homericus, Suet. Tib. 21; sed prius mirari succerit, Plin. 17, 10.

**suffero**, (sub-f.) ferre (sustuli rare, but see Cic. § 3 and Ulp. § 4 below; sustuli gen. and sublatum perh. always go with tollo), vb. irr. bear up against, support, sustain, Imbrem perpetiar, laborem sufferam, solem, sitim, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 20; laborem, Att. 73 R; in grege molorum parando spectanda aetas ut ueturis sufferre labores possint, Varr. r. 2, 8, 5; plagas, Pl. As. 3, 2, 11; uolnera, Lucr. 5, 1303; Instat ui patria Pyrrhus; nec claustra neque ipsi Custodes sufferre ualent, Verg. 2, 492; uentos et imbres, Colum. 3, 2, 15; **2.** met., eius sumptus, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 44; haec sufferre et pereti, Serv. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 3; **3.** esp. of fines and punishments, suffer, pay, poenas, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 19 and Cist. 1, 3, 54; Att. 17 R; at Phalaris poenas sustulit, Cic. N. D. 3, 82; poenam sui sceleris, Cat. 2, 28; poenam, Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 15; supplicium, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 17; multam, Cic. Caecin. 98; Callist. dig. 47, 21, 3, 1; **4.** esp. litis aestimationem, to pay compensation, Gai. 4, 75 and 89; si emptor uictus l. ae. sustulerit, Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 21, 2 and 21, 1, 23, 8; **II 5.** bring up, supply, Vt enim, mihi ubi uapulandumst, tute corium sufferas, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 33; ...intro ad uxorem meam sufferamque meum tergum ob iurium, Pl. ap. Non. 397; nutrire octonos porcos paruolus primo succerit; incremento facto a peritis dimidia pars remoueri solet, quod mater neque potest sufferre lac, neque..., Varr. r. 2, 4, 19; **6.** in Prop. 3, 21, 21 we should perh. read: Quod superest snfferre (not sufferre), pedes, properate laborem, see § 1.

**sufficio**, fieri, feci, factum, vb. lit. put up, hand up—hence supply, Vt cibis...Disperit atque aliam naturam sufficit ex se, Lucr. 3, 704; Ipse pater Danais animos uirisque secundas Sufficit, Verg. 2, 618; Nec contra uiris audet Saturnia Iuno Sufficere, 9, 803; Ipsa satis tellus...Sufficit umorem et grandas cum uomere fruges, G. 2, 424; salices humilesque genetae Aut illae pecori fronden aut pastoribus umbras Sufficiunt, 2, 436; **2.** put in the place of, appoint as successor, unus erit consul et is in sufficiendo collega occupatus, Cic. Mur. 85; si Appii os haberem in cuius locum suffectus sum, Vat. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 10, 2; suffectus in Lucretii locum M. Horatius, Liv. 2, 8, 4; add 5, 31, 6 and 7; ipsae (sc. apes) regem paruosque Quirites Sufficiunt, Verg. G. 4, 202; add 3, 65; septimo eosdem (sc. dentes) decidere anno aliosque suffici, Plin. 7, 68; liberto...Sperant heredem suffici se proximum, Phaedr. 3, 10, 12; **3.** dye=inificio, qui conbibi purpuram uolunt sufficiunt prius lanam medicamentis quibusdam, Cic. ap. Non. 386 and 521; and met., Ardentis oculos suffecti sanguine et igni, Verg. 2, 210; cum dicitur nubem sole esse suffectam, Sen. N. Q. 1, 5, 12; cf. ut nubes infici possint, 1, 5, 9; effera et ingens Et maculis suffecta genas, Val. P. 2, 105; suffecta quoque leto Lumina, 1, 821; **4.** as vb. intrans. be supplied, come up, Illa quidem unlt plura loqui, sed lingua repente In partes est fissa duas, nec uerba loquenti Sufficiunt, Ov. M. 4, 588; **5.** keep up under a burden, be sufficiently strong to bear, be equal to a duty, with dat., quamquam nec scribae sufficere nec tabulae nomina illorum capere poterant, Cic. Phil. 2, 16; nec iam uires sufficere cuiusquam nec ferre operis laborem posse, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 11; nec sufficit umbo Ictibus, Verg. 9, 810; Romani quoad sufficere remiges poterunt

satis pertinaciter secuti sunt, Liv. 36, 45, 2; cique destinato successores eos quorum ceruices tam fortiter sustinendo terrarum orbis imperio sufficienti quam huius suffecisse sensimus, Vell. 2, 131, 2; uiris concipit (uitis) suffecturas oneri, Plin. 17, 173; luxuriae ita indulsit ut...nec sufficeret sumptibus, Suet. gram. 23; cf. the opp. deficere, to give way under a weight, to fail; **6.** hence gen. be large enough, suffice, with dat., Quodque satis populo poterat, non sufficit nni, Ov. M. 8, 833; Sufficiet nostris si modo uita malis, Pont. 2, 1, 64; (mons) hominum carne ac lacte uescentim abunde sufficiebat alimentis, Liv. 29, 31, 9; **7.** or with in and acc. of the purpose, Nec locus in tumulos nec sufficit arbor in ignes, Ov. M. 7, 615; Ergo sufficiam reus in noua crimina semper? am. 2, 7, 1.

**sufflāmen**, ūnis, n. [for subligamen?] an instrument for checking the speed of a vehicle in the descent of a hill, either a spike (the Ital. stanga), or an iron shoe under the wheel (Ital. scarpa), a break, a drag, Ipse rotam astringit multo sufflamine, Iuv. 8, 148, wh. see the schol.; tardat sufflamine curram, Prud. Ps. 417; **2.** met., Nec res atteritur longo sufflamine litis, Iuv. 16, 50.

**sufflāmino**, āre, vb. [sufflāmen] put on the drag to (a wheel), Ixionis rotam sufflaminandam, Sen. lud. de morte Cl. 14, 3; **2.** met., tanta erat illi nclocitas orationis ut uitium fieret, itaque diuus Augustus optime dixit: Haterius noster sufflaminandus est, Sen. exc. contr. 4 pr. 7.

**suffōdio**, (sub-f.) fōdēre, fōdi, fossum, vb. dig up, neque suem impasci uelimus quoniam rostro suffodiat et cespites excitet, Colum. 2, 18, 1; qui sariet caueat ne frumenti radices subfodiat, Plin. 18, 184; ob receptum suffossis montibus in terras mare, Vell. 2, 33, 4; uineas subfodiendis muris expediunt, Tac. h. 2, 21; **2.** dig into from below, stah (in the belly), subfossis equis, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 2; ilia (equis) suffodere, Liv. 42, 59, 3; suffosso equo, Verg. 11, 671 (wh. Ribbeck relying chiefly on Serv. suffuso, niale), add Tac. an. 1, 65 and 2, 11; **3.** undermine (still by actioui upward) aud so destroy or remove, sacella suffossa, Cic. har. resp. 32; quercus subfossae fluctibus, Plin. 16, 5; a cuniculis subfossam oppidum, 8, 104; **4.** ndermine (yet so as to leave standing), Alexandria est fere tota suffossa specusque habet ad Nilum (al. a Nilo) pertinentes, bell. Alex. 5, 1.

**suffundo**, (sub-f.) fūdi, fūsum, vb. pour np (from below), used in two constructions, as with an acc. of the liquid and dat. of that to which, or acc. of the latter with abl. of the liquid, wh. acc. becomes a nom. for the pass. Exx. of the latter construction are marked †; first, quorum aqua per secretos cuniculos reddita suffunditur (of rivers wh. rise though no rain fall in the neighbourhood), Sen. N. Q. 3, 26, 1; tenuis et aequabili calore suffusus aether, Cic. N. D. 2, 54; Empedocles animum esse censet cordi suffusum sanguinem, Tusc. 1, 19; lassae mlae merum in os suffunditur, Colum. 6, 38, 4; Surgere de terra nebulas aetumque uidemus, Quae...feruntur, Suffunduntque sua caelum caligine, Lucr. 6, 479—bedew; **2.** of liquids etc. poured up to the surface of the body, as in dropsy, Sic quibus intumuit suffusa uenter ab unda, Ov. F. 1, 215; of tears, lacrimis oculos suffusast nentis, Verg. 1, 228—suffused; tepido suffundit† lumina rore, Ov. M. 10, 360; ad quas ille uoces lacrimis ac multo pudore suffunditur†, Plin. pan. 2 f.; add Sen. clem. 2, 6, 4; of blood-shot eyes etc., sanguinem oculis suffusum, Plin. 20, 142; oculis cruore suffusist, 29, 126; add 23, 49; suffusast sanguine mammae, Cels. 2, 7, 70; of eyes lighted up with fire, rubra suffusast lumina flamma (sc. lupus), Ov. M. 11, 368; igne suffuso genae Scelus minantur, Sen. Herc. Oet. 1409; **3.** esp. of the bile in jaundice, bilem subfusam sanat, Plin. 22, 54; prodest felle subfusist, 22, 65; datur bile subfusist, 22, 49; **4.** and met., Pectora felle uirent, lingua est suffusa ueneno, Ov. M. 2, 777, of Envy; metus ille...Funditus humanam qui uitam turbat ab imo Omnia suffundent† mortis nigrore, of superstitioui, Lucr. 3, 39; animum nulla maliuolentia suffusum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 22; **6.** more esp.



of blushing, haec audienti rubor suffusus, Liv. 30, 15, 1; Pulcra urecondo suffunditur ora ruboro, Ov. M. 1, 484; and met., At si nigrineum suffunderit ore (dat.) ruborem (sc. luna), Ventus erit, Verg. G. 1, 430; 6. and abs. cause to blush, and in refl. suffundi to blush, haec disserens quem non suffundat? Hieron. Iou. 1, 48; subfundi si uirginem uiderit, Tert. uirg. uel. 2 f.; 7. hence part. suffundendus to be blushed for, resurrectio, Tert. res. carn. 61; and suffusus as adj. given to blushing, suffusior sexus, anim. 38 med.; 8. fill up (with liquid) so that it shall rise to the top fresh, and so supply with fresh liquid (after evaporation), ossibus fractis superpositis lanis quae subinde subfundantur, Plin. 30, 119; sic comprimi (oportebit) ut ius supernatet, quod ut fiat, is qui huic officio praerit saepe suffundere ius debebit, nec pati sitire salagma, Colum. 12, 9, 2; doliis sarmen-ta collocantes aceto snffuso supra sarmen-ta collocant plumbeas massas, Vitr. 7, 12, 1; Nolo ego semper idem capiti suffundere costum, Petr. fr. 33, 1; 9. pour nnder, suffundam aequalam (sc. cardinibus forium), to prevent their creaking, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 3; 10. suffusus (equus uel mulus), with swollen legs, Veg. uet. 1, 53; cf. suffusio; bnt in Verg. 11, 671 read suffosso.

**suffusio**, ōnis, f. [suf-fnndo] up-poning, fellis, jaundice, Plin. 22, 104; 2. s. oculorum (*βροχυσίς*), cataract, as ascribed to rising humours, Cels. 6, 6, 35; 7, 7, 13 and 14; Plin. 28, 7; 32, 33; 34, 114; pedum, swollen legs (of horses etc.), si de labore itineris s. pedum pronouerit, Veg. uet. 1, 38, 8; 3. s. uini, Apic. 1, 1; agrestis cucumeris et colocynthidis, Pall. 1, 35, 9; meaning doubtful.

**suffulsorium**, adj. n. as sb. the oil-chamber of a lamp, Hier. Isai. 2, 4, 1; = *επιχυσίς* Gloss. Philox.

**suffusus**, part. of suffundo; 2. as adj., see suffundo § 7 and § 10.

**suggĕro**, (sub-g.) ĕre, gessi, gestum, vb. [gero 2 shoot] shovel up, heap up, as earth, snggesta castra coronat humo, Prop. 5, 4, 8; cf. suggestum, i, a mound; building materials or honey, aliae (apes) struunt, aliae poliunt, aliae suggerunt, Plin. 11, 22; fuel, magno ueluti cum flamma sonore Virgea suggeritur costis uudentis aeni, Verg. 7, 463; and met., accusator inuidiae flammam ac materiam criminibus suis suggerere, Liv. 3, 11, 10; 2. gen. supply in large quantities, Suggere tela mihi, Verg. 10, 333; Prodigia diuitias alimentaque mitia tellus Sugerit, Ov. M. 15, 82; ut ignava animalia quibus si cibum suggeras iacent torpentque, Tac. h. 3, 36; lacus piscem feras siluae adfatim suggerunt, Plin. ep. 2, 8, 1; quor tu his rebus sumptum (money) snggeris? Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 37; 3. of immaterial things, cum causis in plura genera seuerunt, singulis generibus argumentorum copiam suggerunt, Cic. or. 2, 117; atque huic incredibili sententiae ratiunculas suggerit, N. D. 3, 73;

4. simply supply, furnish, ut quidam annales nihil praeter nomina consulum suggerant, Liv. 4, 20, 9; 5. of ideas, suggest, recommend, but only in late writers, quotiens aequitas restitutionem suggerit, Ulp. dig. 4, 6, 26, 9; quae res suggerit ut..., 28, 5, 35, 3 f.; 6. raise, celsis suggesta theatra columnis, Sil. 14, 644; 7. place after, subjoin, apud quosdam nou inuenio Lucretium consulem, Bruto statim Horatium suggerunt, Liv. 2, 8, 5; 8. Druso ludus suggerendus, a trick must be played upon him, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 2.

**sum**, esse, essus (ĕsus), fĕre, fui, fūtūrūs, vb. irr. [es- or ĕd- root; eat, live, be, whence esca, esculentus, S. ad, as; Lith. ed-mi, G. ess-en, E. eat; fuller form ves, whence ues-ci, old Fr. ves-cu, G. wes-en; Norse ves-a, aft. ver-a; E. was; also fes? whence for-e, fui etc.; =bis of old G. bir-umes, Br. bez-an or be-an, E. be] first eat, but only in the forms beginning with es, ago ut lubet, bibe es disperde rem, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 32; bibite pergraeccamini Esto cefercite uos, Most. 1, 1, 65; Nulli negare soleo siqui essum uocat, St. 1, 3, 28; herbas...Formidulosas dicta non essu modo, Ps. 3, 2, 35; Si aput me essuru's, mihi dicari operam uolo, Rud. 1, 2, 93; si uoles in conuiuio multum bibere, esto crudam (brassicam) quantum uoles ex aceto, Cato r. 156; ubi uti monebat esse (uenter), Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5; credidi

silicernium Eius me 'sse esnrum, Caecil. ap. Fest. 294 M; coimus in Piraeo In hunc diem ut de sumbolis essemus, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 2; mergi eos (sc. pullos) in aquam iussit, ut biberent quoniam esse nollent, Cic. N. D. 2, 7; Quinquennes oleas est et silicestria corua, Hor. s. 2, 2, 57; piget iam esse singula, coguntur in unum sapos, Sen. ep. 95, 27; si Dionysium adulari uelles, ista non cesses, Val. M. 4, 3, 4;

2. even in pass., dies noctesque estur bibitur, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 78; non est(ur) nisi soli lubet, Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5; libum quod ut libaretur priusquam essetur erat coctum, Varr. l. 5, 22, p. 109 Sp.; colubra ipsa tuto estur, ictus eius occidit, Cels. 5, 27, 3; estur ac potatur incondite, Apul. M. 4, 8; 3. met., ut mala culmos Esset robigo, Verg. G. 1, 151; est mollis flamma medullas, A. 4, 66; lentusque carinas Est uapor, 5, 683; siquid Est animum, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 39; Estur ut occulta uitata teredine nauis, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 69;

4. the forms essus, essum, essa, essurns, estur and essetur occur only in the sense of eating; II 5. live, exist (of living beings), Nunc illut est quom me fuisse quam esse nimio mauelim, Pl. Capt. 3, 2, 1; nec enim dum ero, angar ulla re; et si non ero, sensu omni carebo, Cic. fam. 6, 3, 4; Siue erimus, seu nos fata fuisse uelint, Tib. 3, 5, 32—cf. 'Rachel weeping for her children because they are not'; 6. hence fui of past existence or death, non-existence, see Pl. and Tib. in last §; add mortuost, qui fuit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 18; Horreoso misera, mentio quotiens fuit partitionis: Ita paene nulla tibi (so BCD; A sibi) fuit Phronesim, Truc. 1, 2, 94; fuimus Troes, fuit Ilium, et ingens Gloria Tenorrum, Verg. 2, 325; Mollibus ex oculis aliquis tibi profuēt umor, Cum dicar subita uoce fuisse tibi, Albin. 3, 157; L. Lucilius Q. f. Cn. n. qui fuit, inser. Or. 4563; Anicia P. l. Glycera fui, 4649; ossa hic sita sunt Auctae Apustiae Rufae quae fuit, 4788; 7. live for a time in a place, dwell, be, ne niam mi Attice si mihi non modo Tusculanum, ubi ceteroqui sum libenter, sed μακαριων νησοι tanti sunt, ut sine te sim tot dies, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; quocun- que in loco quis est, idem est ei sensus, fam. 6, 1, 1;

8. exist, be (as first of matter), Est hinc praeda nobis, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 86; Est ad hanc manum sacellum, ... Illi ubi etiam caprificus magnast... Est pristrilla et exaduorsum fabrica: ibi est, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 37—45; fuit apud Segestanos ex aere Dianae simulacrum... singulari opere perfectum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 72; Est in secusso longo locus; insula portum Efficit, Verg. 1, 159; 9. of the ideal, Quid tibi uis dicam, nisi quod est? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 17; Est atque non est mihi in manu Megaronides; Quiu dicant non est; merito ut ne dicant, id est, Trin. 1, 2, 67; nisi iam tum esset honos eloquentiae, Cic. Brut. 40; Est hic, est animus luesis contemptor, Verg. 9, 205; imperium ibi esse ubi non esset libertas indignabantur, Liv. 3, 38, 2; 10. gen. as the logical copula, be, is, first w. adj. as predicate, nota mala res optumast, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 25; luxuria cum omni aetati turpis, tum senectuti foedissima est, Cic. off. 1, 123; cum uiuere ipsum turpe sit nobis, Att. 13, 28, 2; 11. with subst. as pred., Sonectus ipsast morbus, Ter. Ph. 4, 1, 9; Ira furor breuis est, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 62; 12. with adv. as pred., qui sic sunt, haud multum heredem uiuant, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 10; ita est, ut scribis, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1; cuius neque consilium neque inceptum nullum frustra erat, Sal. Jug. 7, 6; 13. w. prep. and sb., cum uidet quo sit in odio status hio rerum, Cic. Att. 2, 22, 1; uenit qui nuntiaret filium eius uiuere et in agro Gallico esse in seruitute, Clu. 21; erat enim (Crito-lans) ab Aristotele, or. 2, 160; 14. w. gen. of sb., first of quality, nimium me timidum, nullius animi, nullius consilii fuisse confiteor, Cic. Sest. 36; haec (iumenta) cotidiana exercitatio summi ut sint laboris efficiunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 2; 15. w. gen. of value, qui (ager) nunc multo plus quam tunc fuit, Cic. Rose. com. 33; magni mihi erunt tuae litterae, fam. 15, 15, 4; 16. w. part. gen., Solon capite sanxit si qui in seditione non alterius utrius partis esset, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 2; 17. w. gen. (or possessive) of duty, office etc., est adulescentis maiores natu uereri, Cic. off. 1, 122; cum non minus esset imperatoris consilio superare quam gladio, Caes. b. c. 1, 72, 2; his tantis in periculis est tuum, M. Cato, uidere quid agatur, Cic. Mur. 83; 18. w. gen. of possession, met. be at the command of, iam me



Pompeii totum esse scis, Cic. fam. 2, 13, 2; plebs Hannibal tota esse, Liv. 23, 14, 7; (patres) cesserant in agros suarumque rerum erant, amissa republica, 3, 38, 11; hominum (decemviri) non caesarum toti erant, 3, 36, 7; expulsis iuribus aliis pietatis est totus, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 8; alius libidine insanit, alius lucri totus est, Sen. ben. 7, 26, 4;

**19.** w. dat. of possessor, as est mihi I have: nomen Mercuriosus mihi, Pl. Amph. pr. 19; Vnde esset adulescenti amicae quod daret, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 22; quibus opes nullae sunt, bonis invident, Sal. Cat. 37, 3; **20.** w. dat. of relation, natura tu illi pater es, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 46; mihi quaestor imperatori fuerat, Cic. p. red. in s. 35; **21.** w. dat.=in place of, serving as, Vtrum? Studione id sibi habet an laudi putat Fore si perdidit natum? Ter. Ad. 3, 29; cui (n.) bono (n.) fuit? who was the gainer by it?—Cic. Rosc. Am. 84; desinant ca dicitare, quae detrimento maculae invidiae nobis esse possint, Verr. 2, 3, 144; ut sint reliquis documento, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 10;

**22.** w. dat. of that wh. a person is fit for or equal to, ne uideatur non fuisse soluendo, Cic. off. 2, 79; ut diuites conferrent qui oneri ferendo essent, Liv. 2, 9, 6; Non eris invidiae, torrens, mihi crede, ferendae, Si..., Ov. am. 3, 6, 21; recte malagmata inciduntur quae umori extrahendo sunt, Cels. 4, 10 f.; etiam quae esui potnique non sunt, contineri legato, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3; **23.** w. abl. of sb. and adj., denoting quality or state, Bonis esse oportet dentibus, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 14; bono animo es, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 18 and Ad. 2, 4, 20; capite et supercilis semper est rasis, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; capillo sunt promisso, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 3; **24.** est qui, there is who, one, sunt qui, there are who, some, first w. subj., sunt qui censeant, Cic. Tusc. 1, 18; sunt qui Crustis et pomis uiduus uenentur auaras, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 77; quis est qui (= qui ne) cernat? Cic. acad. pr. 2, 20;

**25.** w. ind., sunt-qui quod sentiunt non audent dicere, Cic. off. 1, 84; sunt-qui ita dicunt, Sal. Cat. 19, 4; Est-qui nec ueteris pocula Massici, Nec partem solido demere de die Spernit, Hor. od. 1, 1, 19; Sunt-quos curriculo puluerem Olympicum Collegisse iuuat, 1, 1, 3; sunt-quos genus hoc minime iuuat, s. 1, 4, 24; est-qui non curat habere, ep. 2, 2, 182; here the hypben denotes the union of est-qui, sunt-qui into one word, which accounnts for the ind.;

**26.** more completely the vb. loses its character in; Est-quis Eleae concurrat palma quadrigae, Est-quisibus in celeres gloria nata pedes, Prop. 4, 8, 17; cf. εστιν-οι;

**27.** so w. relative adv., est ubi, there is where, somewhere, in some cases; est unde, there is whence, from some quarter or other; est quatenus, up to a certain point; fuit quum, there was a time when, once etc., as: est ubi id ualeat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 23; est-ubi peccat, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 63; est unde haec fiant, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 41; est-cum non est satius, ad Her. 4, 36; fuit-cum hoc dici poterat, Liv. 7, 32, 13; est quatenus amicitiae dari uenia possit, Cic. am. 61; non est quod multa loquamur, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 30; **28.** est (sunt) at the beginning of a sentence of course emphatic (note εστιν in Gr. so placed has its own accent), and so often followed by a sed, est istuc quidem aliquid, sed nequaquam in isto sunt omnia, Cic. sen. 8; Est animus tibi, sunt mores et lingua fidesque, Sed..., Hor. ep. 1, 1, 57; Sunt aliquid manes; letum non omnia finit, Prop. 5, 7, 1; Est aliquid ualida scepra tenere manu, Ov. rem. am. 480; **29.** est w. nt and subj., sin (mss si) est facturus nt sit officium suum, Faciat, Ter. Ad. 3, 5, 4; sin est ut nelis Manere apud te, dos hic maneat Demipbo, Ph. 5, 8, 32; Est ut uiro uir latius ordinet Arbusta sulcis..., aequa lege necessitas Sortitur insignis et imos, Hor. od. 3, 1, 9; Fructibus...Si recte frueris non est ut copia maior Ab Ioue donari possit tibi, ep. 1, 12, 2; **30.** esp. w. fore, the result will (would) be that..., eram in magna spe fore ut in Italia possemus concordiam constituere, Cic. Att. 8, 11 d, 1; add fam. 1, 6, 1; 1, 7, 4; Verr. 2, 2, 97; 2, 4, 10; 2, 4, 87; fin. 1, 1; Tusc. 1, 82; Pompeius dixerat priusquam concurrerent acies, fore uti exercitus Caesaris pelleretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 86, 1; add b. g. 7, 32, 5; Sal. Iug. 110, 1; Liv. 6, 42, 12; 42, 57, 11; Tac. h. 1, 22; **31.** later writers use futurum ut in place of fore ut, Tac. h. 3, 32 f.; ps. Nep. Datam. 6, 3;

**32.** futurum fuisse in hyp. sentences, the result would

have been that..., si aetas (hominum) potuisset esse longinquior, futurum fuisse nt omni doctrina hominum uita erudiretur, Cic. Tusc. 3, 69; **33.** rarely est w. inf. for est ut..., est interdum praestare (= ut praestet) mercaturis rem quaerere, Cato r. 1, 1; and perh. pollicitus si praesidium acciperet, uacuam arcem tradi futurum (so ms Flor.), Tac. h. 3, 77; **34.** est in sense of licet w. inf., one may..., scire est (so or scire et, mss) liberum ingenium atque animum, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 42—Lachmann and Fleck. by cj. scires against meaning; Quid narrat? Quid ille? Se miserum esse. Miserum? Quem minus crederest? Haut. 1, 2, 18—so mss including A; Lachm. again cj. crederes; inter duas filias regum quid mutet (= mutetur says Gell.) inter Antigonom et Tulliam est animaduertere, Varr. ap. Gell. 18, 12, 9; Neenon et Tityon Terrae omniparentis alumnorum Cerere erat, Verg. 6, 596; Est quadam prodire tenuis, si non datur ultra, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 32; unde laboris Plus haurire mali est quam ex re decerpere fructus, s. 1, 2, 79; neque est Leuare tenta spiritu praecordia, epod. 17, 25; quod uersu dicere non est, Signis perfacile est, s. 1, 5, 87; add 1, 2, 101; Vtque aliis numerum quorum comprehendere non est, Ov. tr. 5, 11, 19; ut coniectare erat intentione nultus, Tac. an. 16, 34; Est tamen nonnusquam innere ita scribisse quosdam, Gell. 13, 25, 31; in Liv. 42, 41, 2 Madvig inserts by cj. satis between negare and sit; in Hor. s. 2, 5, 103 for si paulum potes, illacrimare; est Gaudia prodentem uoltum celare, Lachm. ad Lucr. 5, 533 by cj. ...illacrima; e re est...;

**35.** id est and hoc est, that is, sed domum redeamus, id est, ad nostros reuertamur, Cic. Brut. 172; quod si in scena, id est, in contione uerum ualet, am. 97; si Epicurum, id est, si Democritum probarem, acad. post. 6; quid facies cum in bona tua inuasero, hoc est, cum te docuero maledicere? Cass. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 89; quod genus uidetur a parte negotialis, hoc est, πραγματικη remouisse, 3, 7, 1; hic catagrapha inuenit, hoc est..., Plin. 35, 56; consulatum gesserat, a patre tuo, id est quanto minus quam a te datum, Plin. pan. 61; per notas scripsit, id est, sic structo litterarum ordine nt nullum uerbum effici posset, Suet. Caes. 56; **36.** the forms wh. begin w. fu take an abl. w. the sense of fo, become of, happen to, Si- quid eo fuerit, certe illius filiae Quae mihi mandatast habeo dotem (c)unde dem, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 120; In ambiguo etiam nunc est quid ea re fuat, 2, 4, 193; Veniat: procul hinc obseruabō meis quid fortunis fuat, Truc. 4, 1, 11; Quin mea quoque iste habebit siquid me fuat, Poen. 5, 2, 125; Quid fuat me nescio, Mil. 2, 3, 28; Quid me futurum est quando miles uenerit? Truc. 2, 4, 66; Quid te futurumst? Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 87; quidnam se futurum esse profectus in Italiam Romanis? Liv. 33, 27, 11; **37.** fore (though in form a simple inf. imp. like ero εσομαι which are in form pres. imp.) is in use only a future, will be, would be, promitte hoc fore, Pl. Ul. 2, 2, 42; confido fore, Amph. 3, 2, 54; Sequor: set finem fore quem dicam nescio, Trin. pr. 2; Si tibi sat acceptumst, fore tibi uictum sempiternum, Most. 1, 3, 67; At eadem amicas fore tibi promitto rem ubi cognorint, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 25; dixin hoc fore? Ad. 1, 2, 3; scripsit nondum te sibi satis esse familiare, sed certe fore, Cic. fam. 7, 8, 1; fore dicis? inquit; ego uero esse iam uictum, or. 3, 229; Caesari nuntiabant, cum castra moneri iussisset, non fore dicto audientes milites, Caes. b. g. 1, 39 f.; confisum si coniuratio ualuisset, facile apud illos principem se fore, Sal. Cat. 17 f.; see also § 30; **38.** fore w. gerundive of a future need, will or would have to..., instare hiemem: aut sub pellibus habendos milites fore aut differendum esse in aestatem bellum, Liv. 37, 39, 2; ubi semel decretum erit, omnibus id pro bono fore (so Periz. cj., mss foedere) defendendum, 32, 20, 6; laetus (quod expetierat) in illis potissimum angustiis decernendum fore, Curt. 3, 8, 19;

**39.** fore w. perf. part. of refl. or pass. vb. for a fut. perf. inf., me satis adeptum fore, si ex hoc in omnes mortales beneficio nullum in me periculum redundarit, Cic. Sul. 27; quos spero breui tempore societate uictoriae tecum copulatos fore, fam. 11, 8 f.; debellatum innox fore si anniti paulum uoluissent, rebatur, Liv. 23, 13, 6; see also § 30; **40.** the pres. subj. as fuam etc. occurs only in the forms fuam

as at ant, and rarely except in very old writers, Opseco

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as at ant, and rarely except in very old writers, Opseco



te Anciale matri ne quid tuae aduersus fuas, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 111; si quid diuorti fuat, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 56; si fuat oecasio, Capt. 2, 2, 10; Pol metuo magis ne Phoeuix tuis factis fuam, Bac. 1, 2, 48; Ne capta praeda capti praedones fuant, Ps. 4, 3, 12; (A) te exproco ut hoc consilium Achiuis auxili(o) fuat, Enn. ap. Non. 111; ne ego maiialis fuam, Titin. ib.; caue ne pendeas Si fuas in quaestione, Afran. ib.; Quare fulmineus multo penetratior ignis Quam noster fuat e taedis terrestribus ortus, Lucr. 2, 383; aliis fuat aere uenenum, 4, 638; Tros Rutulusue fuat nullo discrimine habebit, Verg. 10, 108; **41.** forem in some writers is used like *essem*, first without a participle, as: Me idem decere, si n't deceret me forem, Pl. Merc. pr. 78; Eo quia paupertas fecit ridiculus forem, St. 1, 3, 23; add Rud. 2, 6, 69; interea uita ut in tuto foret, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 7; fecit animi ut incertus foret, Hec. 1, 2, 46; add 2, 1, 23; eo fecisse quo inter se fidi magis forent, Sal. Cat. 22, 2; multa antecapere quae bello usui forent, 32, 1; **42.** w. participles, as first perf.: Nunc qui minus (ego) seruius quam si forem (monos.) serua nata? Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 44; in cauea si forent Conclusi, Curc. 3, 79; add Most. 3, 2, 113; Siue adeo cor sapientia imbutum foret, Pacuv. ap. Non. 521; Aut genus humanum iam tum foret omne preceptum, Lucr. 5, 1026; ex aliis rebus magna quam quod cuiquam id competentem foret haec fama ualebat, Sal. Cat. 14 f.; quod n'i maturasset signum dare, eo die pessimum facinus patrum foret, 18, 8; add 20, 2; 23, 6; gaudio efferris qua parte copiarum alter consul uictus foret, ea se uicisse, Liv. 21, 53, 1; quod eius opera receptum Tarentum foret (yet proditum esset, tutatus esset just before), 27, 25, 4; add 27, 25, 5; **43.** w. fut. part. act., haud dubius quin paucos expulsurus foret, Liv. 25, 24, 8; qui uel in pace bellum excitare possent, nedum in bello respirare ciuitatem forent passuri, 26, 26, 11; add 30, 2, 5; 35, 13, 9; **44.** with part. pass. imp. (-endus), Quid faceres si aliud quid grauius tibi nunc faciendum foret? Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 29;—such uses of *forem* for *essem* prob. never in Cic. or Caes.; **45.** fui w. part. in *terus* and *endus* much used in consequences of past hypoth. sentences, would have ...-ed, wd. have been..., quos ego si tribuni triumphare me prohiberent, testes citaturus fui rerum a me gestarum, Liv. 38, 47, 4; quid si Andranodoro consilia processissent, illa cum uiro fuerit\* regnatura, sibi cum ceteris seruiendum? 24, 26, 5; ut si effugium patuisset in publicum impleturae urbem tumultu fuerint\*, 24, 26, 12; in eos nersa peditum acies haud dubium fecit quin nisi firmata extrema agminis fuissent, ingens in eo saltu accipienda clades fuerit\*, 21, 34, 7; oratione habita qualis habenda Alexameno fuerat, 35, 37, 2; in the three *exx.* marked \*, fuit and fuerunt wd. have been required in *or. dir.*; Cic. in this constr. has erat rather than fuit as in Verr. 2, 3, 121; Liv. 1, 26; see also § 32; **46.** the forms fui and futurus in familiar style seem to signify *como*, *comme* ad te dederam litteras eum ad me bene mane Dionysius fuit, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 1; ut certior fieret quo die in Tusculanum essem futurus, 15, 4a, 2; perh. also: tum ad me fuerunt, quod libellionem (me?) esse sciebant, Varr. ap. Non. 133, 28; stupidum (Augustum) cubuisse nec prius surrexisse ac militibus in conspectum fuisse quam fugatae sint hostium naues, Anton. ap. Suet. Aug. 16; idem principes ciuitatum qui aute fuerant ad Caesarem, reuerterunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 1; cf. Fr. je fus le recevoir, j'ai été le recevoir and Eng. I have been to the doctor's; also *εγινετο ες Λακεδαιμονα*, Herod. 5, 38 and Fr. j'en fus = je m'en allai; **47.** est and es often enclitics with loss of e, iucastelum quei noctatust Alianus, CIL 199, 17; (ara) Vestae dedicatust, Kal. Praen. iv Kal. Mai.; so ms A in Pl. Epid.: id lubidost scire, 2, 2, 56; P. haec inquamst. M. Non haec inquamst, 3, 4, 44; gentiumst, 3, 4, 47; suspiciost, 3, 4, 53; negotist, 3, 4, 65; Eho tu scelesto qui illi supponis, eho (note the long u), Mil. 3, 2, 12; I. Adulescens Plesidippus. C. Ut nancius habe, Rud. 3, 6, 33; Vt tu inclutis apud mulieres, Mil. 4, 6, 12; Si innoxius audacter quamuis dicito, Merc. 4, 3, 27; animo malest Aedibus? Ps. 4, 1, 43; multumst, Verg. G. 2, 273; see Lachm. Lucr. 1, 993; **48.** so in elision 'sse rather than esse, 'sset rather than esset, by wh. accent

falls on preceding word, Omnium primum sodalem me 'sse seis gnato tuo, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 32; Minus malum lunc hoinem 'sse opinor quam 'sse censebam coquum, Ps. 4, 2, 1; tu idem hercle faceres si tibi 'sset credita, Mil. 2, 2, 25; Nam ni ita 'sset tecum orarem ut ei quod posses mali Facere, faceres, Bac. 3, 6, 25; Difficilem ostendes to 'sse et cognosces tamen, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 60; Ego te autem noui quam 'sse soleas impotens, 2, 3, 130; Exponendam. O lupiter tantam 'sse in animo iuscitiam! 4, 1, 17; **49.** and even after a cons., Nec quom (so B) me melius meā Scaphā rear 'sse deficantam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; Hanc Demipho negat 'sse eognatam? Negat, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 6; **50.** escit, a very old form, a pres. used also as a fut., si morbus acuitasue uitium escit, iumentum dato, XII tab. 1, 3; cui auro deutes uincti escunt, 10, 8; add 5, 4; 5, 5; 5, 7; Ergo rerum inter summam minimamque quid escit, Lucr. 1, 619; cf. superescit, uesc-or, esc-a; **51.** fūi etc. w. long u, for fuui, Nos sumus Romani qui fuimus ante Rudini, Enn. an. 440 V; magnum cum lassus diei Partem fuisset, ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; Libera ego proguata fūi maxime, nequiquam fūi, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 43; Cogitauo identidem tibi quam fidelis fuerim, Mil. 4, 8, 54; fuui prob. an older form in such uses; **52.** fui of fuit, fuisti etc. as monos., Fuitne hic tibi amicus Charmides? Est et fuit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 69; Propter eosdem quorum causa fui hoc aetate (=aetatis) exercitus, 4, 3, 83; Fuistin liber? Fai. Enimvero non fuit, nugas agit. Qui tu scis? an tu fortasse fuisti meae matri obstetrix? Capt. 3, 4, 95; Aedeon me fuisse fungum ut qui illi crederem! Bac. 2, 3, 49; Hi senes nisi fuissent uihili iam inde ab adulescentia, 5, 2, 89 (cf. Fr. fusse); uel heri in uino quam inmodestum fuisti! Faetum. Quam molestus! Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 7; **53.** siem sies siet sient for *sim* etc. in old writers, esp. at close of iambic line and of second dimeter in septenarius, as diuos siem, Pl. Amph. pr. 57; noster siem, 1, 1, 248; suppetiae sient, 5, 1, 54; coniunctus siem, Aul. 2, 2, 52; numquam siem, 2, 2, 54 etc.; uereor quid siet, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 7; add 2, 3, 16; 2, 4, 5; 2, 5, 13 etc.; Quas, cum res aduersas sient, paulo mcedri possis, Ph. 5, 4, 3; cf. possim; **54.** also at times elsewhere, Haut quisquam quaeret qui siem aut quid uencrim, Pl. Amph. pr. 1, 130; add 1, 1, 54; As. 3, 3, 12; Curc. 2, 3, 43; **55.** yet sit etc. also at end of line in old drama, as: Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 5; 4, 4, 11; Eun. 1, 2, 115; 2, 1, 3; **56.** sit and siet w. long final at times in old lang., Vt si itura sit Athenas, eat tecum ad portum cito, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 49; add 2, 2, 87; Men. 5, 7, 55; Nam illi uil uitist relictum quin siet itidem tibi, Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 19; so also fuat, see § 40; **57.** es of ind. and imp. has a long e not merely in sense of eat, as Prisc. p. 849 P, 1, 456, 21 K; but also in sense of be in old lang., Sin aliter es, iuimici atque irati tibi, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 9; Et postquam es emissus, caesum uirgis sub furca (furcis?) scio, Men. 5, 5, 40; Esne tu annon es ab illo militē Macedonio? Ps. 2, 2, 22; add Rud. 1, 2, 54; Satiū sanus es et sobrius? Tu quidem illum plane perdis, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 29; **58.** hence nom. in a and us when followed by 's for es are always long in old drama, Vbi tu's? etiamne hanc urnam acceptura's? Vbi's? Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 10; Satis dicacula's amatrix. Mater is quaestust mihi, As. 3, 1, 8; see § 47 for *supponū's*, *nancū's*, *inclutū's*, *innoxū's*; but short in Augustan age, Quisquis es haud credo inuisus caelestibus auras Vitalis carpis, Verg. 1, 387; **59.** esens as part. implied in praesens, absens, consentes; otherwise not existing; **60.** ens not in use, yet: Caesar non incongrue protulit ens a uerbo sum, quomodo a uerbo possum potens, says Prisc. 1140 P, 2, 239, 8 K; but not Serg. in Quint. 8, 3, 33.

**suo**, ēre, sui (so at least Prisc. 10, 881), sūtum, vb. sew. Sed sūta lino et sparteis serilibus, Pacuv. 251 R; hi (sc. Liburni) plerasque naues loris suebant, Varr. ap. Gell. 17, 3, 4; plaga sui debet, Cels. 5, 26, 113; tūm sui narem debere, 7, 11, 7; satius intestinum sui potest, 7, 16, 4; cutis ntrinque suitur, 8, 6, 3; tum uinctae orae iuter so suendae sunt, 7, 9, 15; quod ita sutum est, 7, 9, 18; tegumenta corporum uel texta uel suta, Cic. N. D. 2, 150; seu corticibus tibi sūtā cūnātis Sen lento fuerint aluearia uimine texta, Verg. G.



4, 33; sutis bracis, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 19; **2.** sutum as sb. n., what is sewn, a seam, perque aerea sūta, Verg. 10, 313; **3.** in Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 6: A. Metuo lenonem nequid...G. suo suat capiti, we should perh. read luat capite—the words as they stand are meaningless.

**sūpern-ē**, adv. [supern = super with excrecent n, ē ablat. suff. as in iud-ē, und-ē; cf. infern-ē] from above, Quando utrumque (sc. calore frigusque) Seusimus infuso lympharum rore superne, Lucr. 1, 496; Haud, ut opinor, enim mortalia saecula superne Aurea de caelo demisit fuvis, 2, 1153; pars Remorum recta est et recta sūpernē gūberna, 4, 439; nemus uude superne Plurimum Eridani per siluam uoluitur amnis, Verg. 6, 658; superne in aersum contionem decurrunt, Liv. 24, 39, 4; quum tecta occupassent ne peti superne possent, 24, 47, 3; add 1, 25, 12; 1, 51, 9; 7, 10, 9; 28, 3, 7; 30, 10, 13; superne lumen accipiunt (admittunt Zumpt cj.), Curt. 7, 3, 9; add 8, 11, 14; 9, 4, 32; **2.** above, overhead, Terrā sūpernē trēmit magnis concussa ruinis, Lucr. 6, 544; Tectā sūpernē timent, metuunt inferne caernas, 6, 597; argentum innatat superne ut oleum aquis, Plin. 33, 95; **3.** upward, solum hoc genus (sc. napum Corinthium) superne tendit, non ut cetera in terram, Plin. 19, 76; **4.** cf. for later changes of meaning peregre.

**sūperstēs**, stītis, adj. [stet for set-et, as that for set-ec, a secondary form of set, root of sisto, wh. see; cf. stat-u, σταδ-ιον, our stood, stead] lit. standing over or above, hence still living while others are buried, surviving, outliving, with dat., Vt tibi superstes uxor aetatem siet, Pl. As. 1, 1, 6; add 1, 1, 2; uitae tuae, Trin. 1, 2, 19; Ita mihi atque huic sis superstes, Ter. Haut. 5, 4, 7; Aeneas patriae s., Hor. carm. s. 42; priscis auis, Ov. a. a. 3, 127; opus, am. 3, 15, 20; tamquam superstes sibi, Sen. ep. 30, 5; cenisque tribus iam perua superstes, Mart. 10, 48, 17; **2.** with gen. as a sb. survivor, Vtinam te nou solum uitae sed etiam dignitatis meae superstitem reliquisset, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 1; gloriae suae, Liv. 2, 7, 8; nostri superstites sumus, have outlived ourselves, Tac. Agr. 3; iniquorum, an. 3, 4; omnium quos..., Plin. 7, 156; omnium suorum, Suet. Tib. 62 f.; **3.** absol., scitus puer est, deos quaeso ut sit superstes, that it may live, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 6; add Lucan. 7, 660; **4.** esp. as an old law term, present, as a witness, nunc mihi licet quiduis loqui, nemo hio adest superstes, Pl. ap. Fest. 305 a 32 M, who adds superstites testes praesentes significat; so Serv. ad A. 3, 339; superstes praesentem significat; suis utrisque superstitibus praesentibus, quoted in ridicule by Cic. Mur. 26.

**sūper-stillo**, āre, vb. drop over, oleum, Apic. 442 ed. Schuch.

**sūperstīt-īo**, ōis, f. lit. standing above, exaltation (in their own opinion)—and so superstition, fanaticism, maiores nostri superstitionem a religione separauerunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 71; superstitiones paene aniles, 2, 70; capti quadam superstitione animi, Liv. 26, 19, 4; Vna sūperstītio superis quae reddita diuis, Verg. 12, 817 (Juno speaking); magicas superstitiones obiectabat, Tac. an. 12, 59; ut a religione superstītio distat, Quiet. 8, 3, 55; **2.** met. undue reverence, qua tanta superstitione prohibemur dare per hanc figuram sententiae uires, Quint. 4, 1, 64; amentis superstitione praceptorum contra rationem causae trahi, 4, 2, 85; huius (sc. uirtutis) quadam superstitione teneatur, Sen. ep. 95, 35.

**suppārum**, i, n. (suppārus, sīpārum, sīphārum or us) [=σπάρπος and σίφαρος; prob. from super, ὑπερ; see Varr. below; cf. παρα-σειον for ὑπαρα-σειον, where σειον perh. =σχι-ιον corresp. to Germ. seg-el, sail] a top-sail (prob. of a red colour, see Sen. Med. and Naev. § 3 below), quod est uelum minus in nani, Fest. 340 a 20 M; supparum genus ueli quo iuari nauigia solent quoties uis uenti languescit, Isid. orig. 19, 3; summaque pandens Suppārā uelōrum perituras colligit auras, Lucan. 5, 429; uos summis adnectite suppara uelis, Stat. silu. 3, 2, 27; rates...Quarum ferunt suppara nubes, Sen. Herc. Oct. 703; et alto Rubicunda tremunt sīpara uelo, Mcd. 328; and met., quamquam non semper

summis opibus ad eloquentiam uelificaris, tamen sipharis et remis tenuisse iter..., Fronto ad Ant. 1, 2 med.; add sīparum etc., Sen. ep. 77, 1 and 2; cf. ὑποθίζομενον πλοίου στῖ μοι εἰπαιρεῖς τοὺς σίφαρους, Arrian. Epict. 3, 2; **2.** of the military standard labarum, Tertul. apol. 16; nunc supparos appellamus uela linea in cruce expansa, Fest. 310; **3.** a girl's tippet, tae, puella non sum supparo si induta sum (indutus sum?) Afrau. 123 R; Quid istae quae uestei quot annis nomina inueniunt noua,...Supparum aut subminiam...? Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 48; Supparum purum Veliensem linteum, Nov. 70 R; hic indutus supparum Coronam ex auro et gemmis fulgentem gerit, Varr. ap. Non. 540; alterum quod supra a quo supparus, l. 5, 30 (of female dress); humerisque haerentia primis Suppara nudatas cingunt angusta lacertos, Lucan. 2, 363; =puniceum uestimentum, Naev. ap. Fest. =περιωμιον, gloss. Philox.; **4.** as consecrated to Neptune, Naev. ap. Fest. 310.

**suppēdīto**, āre, vb. frq. [ped for pel, a lost vb. = our fill, root of ex-pl-e-o etc., pl-enus, as πελ is of πολυς πλ-ε-ιον] keep filling up, supply continually, with acc. of thing supplied, Luxuriae sumptus suppeditare ut possies, Pl. As. 4, 2, 10; aliquis deus suppeditans omnium rerum quas natura desiderat abundantiam, Cic. am. 87; tu patria nobis Snpeditas praeepta, Lucr. 3, 10; **2.** absol. furnish continual supplies, Nam si illius pergo suppeditare sumptibus, Menedeme, mihi illos (so by cj., mss illaec) uere ad rastos res redit, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 58; and hence as pass. impers., quod curae tibi est ut ei suppeditetur ad usum copiose, per mihi gratum est, Cic. Att. 14, 11, 2; **3.** a construction suppedito te rebus (cf. circnm-do, insero, indno) would explain the pass. iu: omissis his rebus omnibus quibus non suppeditatur, eget ille—we are abundantly supplied—Cic. Cat. 2, 25; suppeditamus could only mean we furnish a large supply, or a large supply of us is furnished, not we abound in; **II 4.** suppeditare as vb. intr. = suppeditare se, snpply itself in abundance, be abundantly supplied, come constantly as wanted, ita gaudiis (dat.) gaudium (nom.) suppeditat, a new joy comes to fill up the gap of exhausted joys, Pl. Trin. 5, 1, 5; Vnde mare iugenei fontes extentaque lounge Flumina snppeditant? Lncr. 1, 231; Cothegus, cui de re publica satis suppeditabat oratio, Cic. Brut. 178; Ad neque cur faciant ipsae quareue laborent, Dicere suppeditat, Lncr. 3, 731; materia crescendi per summam gloriam suppeditat, Liv. 8, 13, 16; **5.** hence suffice, parare ea quae suppeditent ad cultum et ad uictum, Cic. off. 1, 12; cui si uita suppeditanisset, consul factus esset, Brut. 245; add 105 and 124; Pompinae manubiae uix in fundamenta suppeditauere, Liv. 1, 55, 7.

**suppēto**, (subp.) ēre, ii, vb. lit. come up, hence present itself when wanted, be ready for use, be at one's command, Deoque oro nt uitae tuae superstes suppetat, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 19; ne pabuli quidem satis magna copia suppetebat, Aes. b. g. 1, 16, 2; quum frumentum copiaequae aliae largius obsessis quam obsidentibus suppeteret, Liv. 5, 26, 9; credo uererer ne mihi crimina non suppeteret, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 31; add fam. 15, 13, 2; **2.** esp. in the phrase uita suppetit, Cic. fin. 1, 11; Plin. ep. 5, 5, 8; si uita longior suppetisset, Liv. 40, 56, 7; **3.** with dat. other than of person, Vtinam quae dicis dictis facta suppetant, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 108, fail not to support your words; Nouis ut usque suppetas doloribus, have strength to support, Hor. epod. 17, 63; ut amori copiae suppetant, Cic. Tusc. 5, 89; lingua non suppetebat libertati, Liv. 2, 56, 8; **4.** for qui suppetet, Ulp. dig. 47, 2, 52, 11, read qui sic petiit.

**supplic-ium**, ii, n. [supplicio, vb.; or rather an adj. n. for sb.] what is offered by a suppliant to appease a powerful offended one, including sacrifices and other offerings to the gods\*, gen. in pl. but not exclusively, Atque (atqui?) hoc scelesti inducent in animum suom, Ioueu (monos.) se placare posse donis hostiis. Et operam et snmptum perdunt. Id eo fit quia Nihil ei acceptumst a periuriis supplici\*, Pl. Rud. pr. 25; Numquam hercle hodie nisi supplicium mihi das, me solui sinam. Optnum atque aequissimum oras; soccos tunicam pallium Tibi dabo, Epid. 5, 2, 58; Nunc pergam ut supplicii placans caelitem aras



expleam, Acc. ap. Non. 398, 19; --- nullam profecto accessi ad aram, quin deos Supplicii sumpto notis donis precibus plorans obscans Nequiquam defetigare, Afran. ap. Non. 398, 20; (supplicium a supplicii differt, ut usnar) guit quod...haec deorum (illud hominum sit), Fest. p. 309 b 6 M; w. quotation from Sinius Capito; quos (boues) ad deorum seruant supplicia, Varr. r. 2, 5, 10; in supplicii deorum magnifici, domi parci, Sal. Cat. 9, 2; non uotis neque supplicii muliebribus auxilia deorum parantur\*, 52, 29; legatos ad consulum cum supplicii† mittit, Iug. 46, 2; senatus ob ea feliciter acta dis immortalibus supplicia decernere—as part of a public thanksgiving (supplicatio), 55, 20; Fabius Delphos missus est esciscitatum quibus precibus supplicii deos possent placare, Liv. 22, 57, 5; matronae...per omnia delubra uagae supplicii uotis que fatigare deos\*, 27, 50, 5; euncti populi, tam religiosi quam profani, uannos onustas aromatis et hincsemodi supplicii certatim congerunt (nauem), Apul. Met. 11, 16; **2.** symbols of suppliants, as branches of sacred trees, supp (icia) sunt quae caduceatores portant: ea sumebantur ex uerbena felic(is arboris), Fest. 309; perh. also in Sal. above†; **3.** also in pl. solemn prayers or entreaties, beyond religious sphere, Vageses...fatigati regis supplicii, Sal. Iug. 66, 2; **II 4.** gen. in sing., yet also in plur. ‡, a heavy fine and so a heavy punishment, like poena; and w. same construction, first of him who pays or suffers, w. dare, soluere, pendere, luere, as: Dabitur pol supplicium mihi de tergo uestro. Vae te, Pl. As. 2, 4, 75; add Mil. 2, 6, 22 and 31; quanam unquam ob mortem Myrtilli Poenis luendi dabitur satias supplici? Acc. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 90; dabis ultro ei supplicium, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 25; soluto supplicio parricidii, Anton. ep. apud Cic. Phil. 13, 22; supplicia ‡ annua canes pendunt uiui in furca fixi, Plin. 29, 57; satis supplicii luisse, Tac. an. 15, 69 f.; **5.** of the avenger, s. sumere, lit. take the fine (from), and so take vengeance (on), inflict punishment (on), de te sumam supplicium, ut uolo, Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 17; de homine nobili...uirgis supplicium crudelissime sumeret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 91; non dubitare quin de obsidibus grauisimum supplicium sumat, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 15; s. petere to demand satisfaction, claim to take vengeance, iamiam me praeside Roma Supplicium poenamque petat, Lucan. 2, 539; **6.** s. ferre or pati, to suffer punishment, satis supplicii tulisse, Caes. b. c. 1, 84, 4; qui pro meis maximis meritis supplicia ‡ miserima pertulisse, Cic. ad Pomp. ap. Att. 8, 11 d, 7; Supplicium patitur non noua culpa nouum, Ov. tr. 2, 540; **7.** gen. punishment, torture, neque ignorabat se...ad exquisita supplicia ‡ proficisci, Cic. off. 3, 100; legatum...omni supplicio exercitatum necauit, Man. 11; ne armis traditis supplicio adficerentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 27, 4; grauisimum ei rci s. cum cruciatus constitutum est, 6, 17, 5; Si non supplicio culpa reciditur, Hor. od. 3, 24, 34; ac res Vt quaeque est, ita supplicii ‡ delicta coerces, s. 1, 3, 79.

**sup-pōno**, (sub-p.) ēre, pōsui (supposui Pl. and Ter.; so the mss, al. supposui by ej.), pōsitum, vb. put up to and so put under but with the idea of elevation, Supponunt alii cultros tepidumque cruorem Succipiunt pateris, Verg. 6, 248; add G. 3, 492; Ceruicemque polo suppositurus Atlas, Ov. F. 5, 180; Colla iube domitos ueri subponere tauros, rem. an. 171; add M. 7, 118; **2.** put up (when another goes down, as his successor), substitute, meliorem quam ego sum suppono tibi, Pl. Curc. 2, 2, 6; quibus in rebus ipsi interesse non possumus in his operae nostrae uicaria fides amicorum supponitur, Cic. Rose. Am. 111; add Deiot. 42; **3.** esp. substitute fraudulently, put forward as real, palm off, in eorum locum...substituere et supponere coepit ciues Romanos, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 72; ut ille suppositus facile se illum qui non erat esse simularet, 2, 5, 70; qui supposita persona falsum testamentum obsignandum curauerit, Clu. 125; Tib. 1, 6, 28; **4.** esp. of supposititious children, quae herae meae supposita est parua, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 49; add 2, 3, 11; quid illa cui dono donatust? Supposuit (so mss). Cui? Sibi, Trnc. 4, 3, 30; Alienos dolores mihi supposuit, 2, 5, 8; pcurum supponi, Ter. Eun.

pr. 39; Qui hunc supposuit nobis (so mss), 5, 3, 3; **II 5.** put uuder, without the idea of elevation, Sub cratim ut iubeas sese supponi atque eo Lapidis supponi multos ut sese neces, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 65; His igitur rebus subiunctis suppositisque Terra superne tremit, Lucr. 6, 543; anitam (al. anatum) oua gallinis supponimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 124; preemptum Subposuit tumulo regis uetante soror, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 68.

**suppōsitic-ius**, adj. [supposito- or rather a theoretic suppositoc-] of the class suppositi or supposita, supposititious, Exploratore hunc faciamus ludos suppōsiticium, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 68; pullum asinum a partu recentem subiuncti equae...matri suppositiciae etc., Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; Hermes (a gladiator so called) suppōsiticius sibi ipse, Mart. 5, 24, 8; **2.** Forcellini is wholly wrong about qty.; he confounds derivatives from participles which have a long i with derivatives from sbs., like tribunicius, with short i. So: Sane genus hoc muliebrosustum tunicis demissicis, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 24; Circumspectatrix cum oculis emissicis, Aul. 1, 1, 2; Demarcho item ipse fuit adoptaticius, Poen. 5, 2, 100; Ex patribus conuenticiis (al. commenticiis ej.), Cist. 1, 1, 42; Eas esse ingenuas ambas surrupticias, Poen. 5, 2, 2; Inter nos amore utemur semper surrupticio, Curc. 1, 3, 49; Adoptat illum puerum surrupticium, Men. pr. 60; Reuortor ad illam puellam (pueram?) expositiciam, Cas. pr. 79; Di sunt locuti more translaticio, Phaedr. 5, 8, 24; magistri murum CAEMENTICIVM faciendu(m) curarunt, CIL 1279, 6.

**sursum**, sursūs or snsum, adv. [for sub-uorsum etc.] up-ward, up, Dein sursum escendam in tectum ut illum hinc prohibeam, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 25; Quid nunc supina snsum in caelum conspicias? Cist. 2, 3, 78; brassicam ad nasum admoueto, ita subducito sursum animam, Cato r. 157, 15; Ne sursum deorsum cursites neue usquam ad lucem uigiles, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; add Ad. 4, 2, 35; nares quod omnis odor ad supera fertur recte sursum suet, Cic. N. D. 2, 141; palpebras eius ne coniuere posset sursum deorsum diductas insuebant, Tubero ap. Gell. 6, 4, 3; **2.** with a superfluous uorsum or uorsus added, uineam sursum uorsum semper ducito, Cato r. 33, 1; cum gradatim sursum uersum reditur, Cic. orat. 135; Sursus enim uorsus gignitur, Lucr. 2, 188; **3.** phrase, omnia ista sursum deorsum fortuna uersauit, topsy-turvy, Sen. ep. 44, 4; quod sursum faciens iusum, Aug. tract. 8, ep. 1, 2; **4.** for sursum cf. prosum, rusum, iusum (=deorsum): as also dossarius from dorsum with the Ital. dosso, Fr. dos.

**sūs**, suīs, m. f. [root sug, mim.] boar or sow, first boar, uemini ignotum nisi qui apros non putat sues uocari, Varr. r. 2, 1, 5; In iuuenes certo sic impete uulnificus sus, Ov. M. 8, 359; hence populus Romanus cum lustratur suouitaurilibus, circumaguntur uerres aries taurus, Varr. r. 2, 1, 10; Nam ui depugnare sues stolidi solidi sunt, Enn. an. 109 V; Et quae lanigero de sue nomeu habet (i.e. Medio-lanum), Sid. ep. 7, 15; so *sus* and *ūs* are m. f.; so too Plin. writes suis feminae lardum, 28, 230; suillum genus inuisum Veneri prodiderunt poetae ob interfectum ab apro Adonim..., quidam autem quod immundissimi sunt sues...et ardentissimaē libidinis, Fest. 310 b 10 M; **2.** gen. fem., hoc scio, Occisam saepe sapere plus multo suem, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 104; qui alunt furem sues Quarum odore..., Capt. 4, 2, 27; sus adeo pinguitudine solet ut se ipsa stans sustinere non possit, Cato orig. 11, 2 Iord.; lutulenta ruit sus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 75; ignauam sacrificae suem, Ov. F. 4, 414; **3.** from Gk. prov. *ūs ppos Athrau* of a dunce setting himself up against a wise man, summe sanus qui haec uos docto? Nam etsi non sus Minerum, ut aiunt, tamen inepte quisquis Minerum docet, Cic. acad. post. 18; docebo sus ut aiunt oratore eum quem..., or. 2, 233; sus Minerum in prouerbio est ubi..., Fest. 310 b 18 M; **4.** a fish so called, Lolligo durique sues sinuosaque caris, Ov. hal. 132; same perh. as in Plin. 11, 267; is qui aper (al. caper) uocatur in Acheloo amne grunnitum habet; **5.** suis as nom., perh. a little pig, Prud. adu. Sym. 2, 813; hence sueres acc. pl., (At) ego pernam sumen sueres spēttle callum (so Müller,



ms galium) glandia, Pl. ap. Fest. 330 b 2S M; and gen., perna a pede sueris, Varr. l. 5, 22 p. 114 Sp.; 6. sūbus d. and ab. pl. of sus, Denique amaracinum fūgītat sūs et timet omne vnguentum, nam saetigeris subus acre uenenuimst Quod..., Lucr. 6, 974; add 977; a quibusdam animalium ut subus manditur, Plin. 29, 75; 7. G. sau, E. sow, O. N. sy-r; Scotch dim. suggie.

**sus-cīpio**, (suc-c.) cīpĕre, cēpi, ceptum, vb. [subs or sub + capio] catch up (what would otherwise fall), catch, solque cadenti (sc. Phaethonti) Obuius aeternam suscepit lampada mundi, Lucr. 5, 402; Concurrunt trepidae comites domianque ruentem Suscipiunt, Verg. 11, 856; silici scintillam excudit Aehates Suscepitque ignem foliis, 1, 175; 2. take up (from the ground etc.), catch up, in Iouis epulo num alibi quam in Capitolio puluinar suscipi potest? Liv. 5, 52, 6; Et caua suscepto flumine palma sat est, Prop. 5, 9, 36; Oraque suscepta mane laeuntur aqua, Ov. a. a. 3, 198; 3. esp. take up a new-born child, as signifying the intention to rear it (instead of exposing it, cf. Leuana), and hence rear, bring up, puerum ne resciscat mihi esse ex illa cautiost; Nam pollicitus sum suscepturum, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 27; add Phorm. 4, 3, 32; 5, 8, 50; 5, 8, 74; 5, 9, 19; haec ad te die natali meo scripsi, quo utinam susceptus non essem, Cic. Att. 11, 9, 3; cf. tollo; 4. hence have (children) and rear (them), filiam quam ex te suscepi, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 34—a woman speaking; (qui) ipse ex libertini filia suscepit liberos, Cic. Phil. 3, 17; add Verr. 2, 3, 161; Saltem si qua mihi de te suscepta fuisset Ante fugam suboles, Verg. 4, 327; 5. take up and put on (a mask); assume (a character), eum qui hanc personam suscepit ut amicum causas tueatur, Cic. or. 1, 169; persona uiri boni suscepta, Clu. 101; hence with partes, a me in hac causa pictatis potius quam defensionis partes esse susceptas, Sest. 3; redeo ad te ac mihi auctoritatem patriam seueritatemque suscipio, Cael. 37; tautum sibi auctoritatis in re publica suscepit ut..., Verr. 2, 5, 152; 6. take up (the word wh. a preceding speaker is supposed to drop), follow (in conversation), suscipit Stolo, Varr. r. 1, 2, 24; Aeneas having asked: quae lucis miseris tam dira cupido? Dicam equidem nec te suspensum nate tenbo, Suscepit Anchises, Verg. 6, 723; suscipit unus ex illo posteriore numero, Apul. M. 4, 9; 7. esp. take up, take upon one (a burden or duty), undertake, onus officii, Cic. Rose. Am. 112; onus atque munus, or. 1, 116; inimicitias laborem sumptus, off. 1, 28; bellum, leg. 2, 34; negotium, Cat. 3, 5; 8. esp. with a gerundive, quae occidendum uirum regnumque adultero tradendum suscepit, Iust. 7, 4, 7; is Epaminondam pecunia corrumpendum suscepit, ps. Nep. Epam. 4, 1; 9. and with gerundive suppressed (esp. defendendum), neminem fore qui auderet suscipere contra improbos ciues salutem rei publicae, Cic. Sest. 49; si me amas, suscipite me totum atque hoc quidquid est oneris tibi sustinendum puta, Vat. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 9, 1; Varroni te commendauit ut totum te susceperet ac tueretur, fam. 16, 12, 6; suscepi candidatum (have taken him up) et suscepisse me notum est, ego ambio, ego periclitor, Plin. ep. 6, 6, 9; cuius fiducia debes famam defuncti pudoremque suscipere, 2, 4, 2; 10. take upon oneself, be responsible for, qui aes alienum suscipiunt amicorum, Cic. off. 2, 55; 11. with acc. and inf. undertake to prove, qui quod tota in hac causa difficillimum est suscipiant, posse animi manere corpore uacantem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 78; 12. esp. undertake responsible duties connected with religion, as uota, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 75; Liv. 27, 45, 8; Ov. F. 6, 246; Mart. 8, 4, 2; cum inaudita ac nefaria sacra successeris, Cic. Vat. 14; si qua sacra priuata suscepta sunt, Acl. ap. Fest. 321 M; et pontifex edoceret quae prodigia susceperunt (sc. curanda) atque curarentur, Liv. 1, 20, 7; quod humatus non sit, heredi porca suscipienda Telluri et Cereri, aliter familia pura non est, Varr. ap. Non. 163;

13. subject oneself to, contract, incur, inuidiam atque offensionem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 137; odium Pompeii, Att. 6, 1, 25; qui susceperit scelus in se, Phil. 11, 9; omnes impunitates, 2, 6; maculam atque ignominiam, Font. 36; inmanis morbos durumque laborem, Lucr. 3, 460; II 14. hold up, support, sustain, quid (loquar) lapideas moles quibus porticus suscepiamus? Sen. ep. 90, 25; qui labentem domum suscipit et agentem ex imo rimas insulam arte suspendit, Sen. 6, 15, 7; futurae ac substructiones quibus subinde (every here and there) suscipitur non tam firmatae mihi quam sumptuosae uidentur, Plin. ep. 10, 39, 2; corpus eius suscepiuntibus obuiis scribarum decuriis ad urbem delectum est, Suet. Claud. 1; ut ualeant libri (sc. Sibyllini) ad deponendas potius quam ad suscipiendas religiones, Cic. diu. 2, 112.

**suspicio**, ĕre, spexi, spectrum, vb. [sub + specio] look up, look up to, cum caelum suspeximus caelestiaque contemplati sumus, Cic. N. D. 2, 4; eum suspexit in caelum, har. resp. 19; uarie formare uultus respicientes snspicientesque et despicientes, Plin. 35, 56; nubes suspexit Olympum, Lucan. 6, 477; 2. met. look up to, nihil altum suspicere possunt qui suas omnes cogitationes abiecerunt in rem tam humilem, Cic. am. 32; 3. esp. in admirationi, esse praestantem aliquam aeternamque naturam et eam suscipiendam admirandamque hominum generi, Cic. diu. 2, 148; hanc eloquentiam quam suspicerent omnes, quam admirarentur, orat. 97; eos uiros suscipiunt maxumisque eferunt laudibus, off. 2, 36; I nunc argentum et marmor uetus aeraque et artes Suscipie, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 18; II 4. look, regard with suspicion, suspect, chiefly in perf. part., suspicior in this sense having superseded suspicio, Bomilcar suspectus regi et ipse eum suscipiens, Sall. Iug. 70, 1; scio nemini aliter suspectum fore, Ter. Heec. 3, 3, 38; add 4, 2, 1; 5, 1, 32; 5, 2, 11; 5, 3, 22; in qua (sc. tyrannorum uita) omnia semper suspecta atque sollicita, Cic. am. 52; add Tusc. 1, 1 and Cat. 1, 17; ut praeter Haeduos et Remos nulla fere ciuitas fuerit non suspecta nobis, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4.

**Syrtycus**, (Syrtis) adj. of a sandy desert, esp. the Sahara, non in defosso latent Syrticae gentes? Sen. ep. 90, 17; elephantos fert Africa ultra Syrticas solitudines, Plin. 8, 32; S. Ammon, Lucan. 10, 38; ager, Sid. ep. 8, 12; 2. of the Syrtes or quicksands off the N. coast of Africa, depressi mari Syrtico modo in siccio relinquuntur, modo torrente unda fluctuantur, Sen. uit. beat. 14, 1; 3. S. arbor, a name of the lotos plant, Plin. 24, 6.

**Syrtis**, is (gen. Syrtidos, Lucan. 9, 710), f. [sert Arab.; not as Sal. has it, from *σῦρῶ* traho] a sandy desert, esp. the Sahara, Hinc (on the west) Gaetulae urbes...Et Numidae infreni eingunt et inhospita Syrtis; Hinc (on the east) deserta siti regio lateque furentes Barcaei (Verg. 4, 41); Hunc ego Gaetulis agerem si Syrtibus exsul..., 5, 51; Non genetrix Europa tibi est sed inhospita Syrtis, Ov. M. 8, 120; Vsque Paraetonias...Syrtis, Lucan. 3, 295; nam littore siccio Quam pelago Syrtis uiolentius excipit Austrum, 9, 448; Nec responsa refert Libycis in Syrtibus Ammon, Prud. apoth. 511; ipsasque arenas Syrtium Fragarasse nardo et nectare, id. Cath. 11, 65; add 7, 30; 2. of the shifting sand and sea of the so-called Syrtis minor et maior off the N. coast of Africa, prima Cyrene est...ac deinceps duae Syrtis interque eas Leptis, Sal. Iug. 19, 3; duas Syrtis, quibus nomen ex re inditum...Syrtis ab tractu nominatae, 78, 3—4; Exercitatus aut petit Syrtis Noto, Hor. epod. 9, 31; add Prop. 2, 9, 33; Syrtis, uel primam mundo natura figuram Cum daret, in dubio pelagi terraeque reliquit, Lucan. 9, 303; a regione quae duas Syrtis iuteriacet, Plin. 5, 27; add §§ 28, 31, 33, 34, 41; aestus discordes sicut in Syrtibus, 2, 218; Et amica ratibus ante promittit uada Incerta Syrtis, Sen. Phaedr. 578; 3. met., uidendum est ne longe sit ductum 'Syrtim patrimonii,' Cic. or. 3, 163.



## T.

**tālio**, ōnis, m. (Tert.), f. (Gell.) [implies a vb. tal- cut, whence talea (talia), a cutting (of a plaut), cf. Fr. tailler; others from talis such] lit. a tally, hence like for like, esp. in punishments, si membrum rupsit, ni cum eo paeit, talio esto, XII tab. 8, 2; si quis membrum rupit aut os fregit talione proximus cognatus ulciscitur, Cato p. 17, l. 8 Iord.; octo genera poenarum in legibus (sunt), damnū uineula uerbera talio ignominia exilium mors seruitus, Cic. ap. Aug. c. D. 21, 11 and Isid. orig. 5, 27; in Cornelia (familia) nemo autē Sullam dictatorem traditur crematus, idque uoluisse ueritum talionem eruto C. Mari eaduerē, Plin. 7, 187; Corrupti sine tāliōnē caelebs, Mart. 12, 63, 10; quibusdam iniuriis talionem adposnerunt, Gell. 20, 1, 33; quam talionem..., ib.; de talione redimenda, ib. 34; taliones illae tuae reciprocae, ib. 35; pati talionem, ib. 36; hanc ipsam talionem redigi solitam, ib. 37; ad iniuriam coercendam quam prohibuerat talioe inposito, Tert. Marc. 4, 16.

**tā-lis**, e, adj. pron. [i. qualis :: tam : quam; from a root to=kto=ko or quo this], like this, such, of this kind, Talia commemorat lacrumas exterrita somno, Enn. au. 37 V; Quid me facere oportet nbi tu talis uir falsum autumas? Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 2; non equidem hoc diuinaui sed aliquid tale putauī fore, Cic. Att. 16, 8, 2; Tum Venus, haud equidem tāli me dignor honore, Verg. 1, 335; **2.** corresponds to qualis, ut facillime quales simus tales esse uideamur, Cic. off. 2, 44; eum esset talis qualem te esse uideo, Mur. 32; **3.** often united with hic, haec taliaquo uociferantes, Liv. 5, 2, 13.

**I tam**, pron. adv. so much, so (of qty. or degree) gen. with adj. or adv., Ast hic quem nuue tu tam toruiter increpuisti, Enn. au. 79 V; quo tam temere itis citati? 543; numquam reo cuiquam tam praecise negaui, quam hic mihi, Cic. Att. 8, 4, 2; nemo orator tam multa scripsit quam multa sunt nostra, orat. 108; grauitur eos accusat quod tam necessario tempore tam propinquis hostibus ab his non subleuetur, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 6; **2.** rarely with vb., Nam canis quandost percussa lapide, non tam illum adpetit Qui sese icit quam illum cumpse lapidem qui ipsa ietast petit, Pacuv. 38 R; ni meum Gnatum tam amem, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 9; Tam hoc seit me habere quam egomet, Aul. 3, 6, 12; Mox tamen Acritum... Tam uiolasse deum quam non agnosce nepotem Paenitet, Ov. M. 4, 613; but in Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 9 tam refers to contumeliosas understood; in Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 24: quid tu ergo hanc quaeso tractas tam? some adverb as lasciuitur is wanted to complete sense and verse; in Most. 4, 2, 9: Feroecem te facis quia te erus tuus tam amat. Vah—tam is only a good cj.; nec minora consequi potuit, sed non tam concupiuit, Vell. 2, 88, 2; Tacen an non taees? Numquam ego te tam 'sse matulam credidi, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 64; **3.** with quam, see exx. from Cic. § 1; in Deiot. 8: istam dexteram non tam in bellis neque in proeliis quam in promissis et fide firmiore, as well as in Liv. 28, 39, 12: quod nobis non tam fructu uicundius est quam uultione, the word tam shd. prob. be cancelled; **4.** with quasi (wh.=quam si), Tam a me pudicest quasi soror mea sit, nisi..., Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 51; **5.** with ut or uti, uon se tam barbarum esse ut non sciret..., Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 9; uon essem tam inurbanus uti eo grauauer, Cic. or. 2, 365; **6.** with relative, quis est tam lyneus qui in tantis teuebris nihil offendat, nihil incurrat? fam. 9, 2, 2; Nil tam difficilist quiu quaerendo inuestigari possiet, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 8; neque enim ullum erit tam difficile quod non eommodo inseri possit, Quint. 9, 4, 145; **7.** with compar. in poets, Et quo quaeque magis cohibet res intus inane, Tam magis his rebus penitus

temptata labascit, Lucr. 1, 535; quo mage plurima habemus Tam magis ardescit dira cuppedine pectus, 4, 1090; add 5, 487; Tam magis illa fremens et tristibus efera flammis Quam magis effuso crudescunt sanguine pugnae, Verg. 7, 787; Quau magis aerumna urget, tam magis ad malefaciendum uiget, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 3, 15; **8.** with superl. in all styles, quam citissime conficies, tam maxime expedies, Cato r. 64, 2; quam paucissimos reliqueris (catulos), tam optimi in alendo fiunt, Varr. r. 2, 9, 12; ita quam quisque pessime fecit, tam maxime tutust, Sal. Jug. 31, 14; **9.** though closely connected with its adj. etc. it yields place commonly to a prep., tam in amici hospitium, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 146; tam in breui spatio, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 2; tam ob paruolam rem, Ad. 2, 4, 10; tam in paucis uillis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 127; tam ex amplo statu, Att. 3, 10, 2; tam ex contrariis studiis, Cael. 12; tam in praecipitem locum (so Madvig, mss tamen in), acad. 2, 68; tam in periculosum inorbium, Liv. 23, 34, 11; so read in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96: nequaquam tam ex ampla (mss ex tam ampla) neque tam ex nobili ciuitate; but still in tam tenui sententia, Mnr. 25; In tam tranquillo et tam clara luce loeuat, Lucr. 5, 10; ex tam turbido die, Liv. 1, 16, 2; in tam paucoerum uirtute, 1, 25, 2; in tam propinqua castra, S. 19, 8; ex tam alto iugo, 44, 3, 7.

**2 tam**, adv. [i. e. ta'n for tamen; cf. tandem for tamen-dem and tametsi for tamenetsi] yet, still, antiqui tam etiam pro tamen usi suut, ut Naeuius: quid si taceat (taees R cj.)? Dum te uideat tam etiam sciat quid scriptu sit; Ennius: illae† meae tam potis pacis potiri; Titinius: Bene eum facimus, tam male subimus† ut quidam (quidem Lips. cj.) perhibeat uiri, and quamquam estis nihili tam (not elided) ceastor ego (this by cj.) simul Vobis consului, Fest. 360 M; also: Locatost opera nunc quidem; tam gratiast, Pl. St. 3, 2, 18; Eamus iuro ut prandeamus. Bene uocas, tam gratiast, Men. 2, 3, 36.

**tāmēn**, adv. [ta + met, of wh. ta is the old demonstr. this (see tam) and met=meta=Germ. mit=Eng. with] lit. with (all) this, withal, after all, yet still, Di me etsi perdunt tamen esse adiutam expetunt, Pacuv. 206 R; quanquam aetas senet, Satis tamen habeam uirium ut te ara arecani, 305; quanquam abest a culpa, suspicione tamen non caret; tametsi miserum est, tamen ei qui hunc accuset, possim aliquo modo ignoscere, Cic. Rose. Am. 55; licet tibi significarim ut ad me uenires, tamen intellego te istic prodesse, Att. 3, 12, 3; tamenetsi omuium causa uelle debeo, tamen cum omnibus non eadem mihi causa est, fam. 13, 71, 1; quamuis prudens sis, tamen, nisi..., numquam ea res tibi tam belle in mentem uenire potuisset, Att. 12, 37, 2; ista ueritas etiam si iucunda non est, mihi tamen grata est, 3, 24 f.; etsi nerebar quorsum id casurum esset, tamen sperabam uos aliquid aliquando uidisse prudentius, 3, 24, 1; cui cum Cato et Caninius intercessissent, tamen est per-scripta, fam. 1, 2, 4; add Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 6; thus tamen may follow etsi, tamenetsi, tametsi, etiamsi, licet, quanquam, quamuis and cum; **2.** it may refer to a preceding word. — sed, quasi auinis rapida, tamen (still though rapid) inflexu flectitur, Naev. 44 R; Beneque ero gessisse morem in tantis aernmuis tamen, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 44; curruque haeret resupinus iuani Lōrā tēueus, tāmēn, Verg. 1, 477; **3.** though usually first or second in its clause, sometimes closes it, Istuc ne praecipias, facile memoria memini tamen, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 33; Non inuiceram, uerum in istam partem potius peceato tamen, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 20; **II 4.** of time, after all, at last, Retraham herclo opinor ad me idem illud fugitiuom argentum tamen, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 11; Repperit ossā tāmēn peregrina condita ripa, Ov. M. 2, 337.



**tāmēn-etsi**, adv. still though, although, At Romanus homo, tamenetsi res bene gesta est, Corde suo trepidat, Enn. 512 V; Quae tamenetsi uno non est contenta Catullo, Rara uerecundae furta feremus herae, Catul. 68, 95; **2.** in correction, though after all, and yet, Nos (tamenetsi hoc te ex aliis audire malo) sic in provincia nos gerinius ut..., Cic. Att. 5, 17, 2; perh. better written as two words tamen etsi.

**tāmetsi**, conj. [either for tam=tamen, +etsi; or tamet=tamen, +si] still though, although, Tametsi fur mihi es, molestus non ero furi; refer, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 38; obtundis tametsi intelligo? Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 11; Meini tametsi nullus moneas, Eun. 2, 1, 10; non haec crederem, tametsi uulgo audieram, nisi..., Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62; **2.** followed by a second tamen, tametsi statim uicisse debeo, tamen de meo iure decedam, Cic. Rosc. Am. 73; tametsi mihi nihil fuit opatius quam ut..., tamen afflictor summo dolore eiusmodi tempora consecuta esse, fam. 1, 5, 1; add Verr. 2, 2, 23 and fam. 3, 4, 1; tametsi ab duce et a fortuna deserebantur, tamen omnem spem salutis in uirtute ponebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 2; **3.** in correction, though after all, and yet, quam putas auctoritatem laudationis eorum futuram, si...? Tametsi quae est ista laudatio cum laudator interrogatus laedat uicisse est? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 19.

**tāmīacus**, adj. (ταμιακος, from ταμιας steward, comptroller) of the privy-purse (of the cuperors), de praediis tamiaci, cod. Iust. 11, 68; and fundos tamiaci iuris, ib. § 2; t. cingulum, the belt of office worn by the comptroller, Iul. ep. nou. 22, 83; **2.** as sb. m. or tamiaca as sb. f. a serf attached to such lands, cod. Iust. 11, 68 § 1; **3.** tamiacus=fiscalis, Gloss. Philox.

**taminius**, adj., taminia uua, the fruit of the climbing plant tamnus, which see; used largely in medicine, uidentur hanc facultatem (diuretic) habere iris, nardum, ... uua taminia (σταφίδα αγρια Graeci nominant), Cels. 3, 21, 25; add 5, 4, 3; 5, 5, 5; 5, 18, 69 etc.; staphis αγρια quam uuam taminiam aliqui uocant falso, fert folliculos potius quam acinos, in his nucleum triangulum, Plin. 23, 17.

**tāmīno**, āre, vb. [either from a lost sb. tamen from tango, or from a lost vb. tam=Sansk. tam rot] pollute, taminat attaminat contamiuat, not. Tir. 123.

**tamnus**, i, f. a climbing plant, the black bryony, tamus communis Linn., βρονον of modern Greeks, tamaro, vite nera of Italy, Fr. taminier, αμπελος αγρια of Diosc. 4, 180; the root, berries, seeds used in medicine, see taminia uua; the young shoots as food, tanno of Italians, seeuntur herbae sponte nascentes quibus pleraeque gentium utuntur in cibis ... In Italia nouimus fraga tamnus..., Plin. 21, 86; iam tamni (al. rhamni) sponte uirescunt, Colum. 10, 373.

**tantīdem**, adj. n. as sb. [for tantum Idem] just as much, the same in quantity, Hoespes quid miras animo (so mss. Quicherat cj. animos) curare Serapim? Quid quasi non curet tantīdem Aristoteles? Varr. ap. Non. 480, 25.

**Tārēnt-um**, i, n., Tarentus, i, f. [Ταραντ-; um dim. suff.=our oek of hilloek etc., cf. Breco)nock from Brecon, Aber-broth-ock, also Arbroath, Lub-ock of wh. Lub alone is the real name; so also Agrigent-um from Ακράγαντ-, Metapont-um from Μεταποντ-. Maleuent-um from Μαλοεντ-] a Greek city of Southern Italy, founded by Phalantus from Sparta, Lacedaemonium, Hor. od. 3, 5, 56; imbellis, s. 2, 4, 34; molle, Ov. M. 15, 50; but superba Tarentus, Sil. 12, 433; uncta Tarentus, Sidon. 5, 430.

**tēgillum**, i, n. dim. [tēgulum; for qty. cf. tēgula] a rooflet of thatch, Tēgillum ecclitid mihi unum areseit; id si nis dabo, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 18; (quando pergat) iūgere (mss uigere) nolitans miluus (Ante noctem) aquam (d)e nubibus tortam indicat fore ut Tegilluu pastor sibi sumat, Varr. ap. Non. 179.

**tēgo**, ċre, texti, tectum, vb. [=στεγω, whence στεγη roof and σταια for στογια sc. ὄδος, a covered way or portico, S. sthag, Germ. deck-en with dach roof, Eng. thatch with deck of a ship] thatch, roof, Chelophonagi testudinum

superficie casas tegentes, Plin. 6, 109; M. Auianus M. f. Coniunctus iuir iter texit, roofed the road, covered it with an arcade, not as Forc. says, strait, inser. Grut. 172, 11; ubi tigna quae musculi tegendi causa ponant collocentur, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 3; so after speaking of extrucciones tectorum, tegumenta corporum, Cic. N. D. 2, 150 adds: ex quo intellegitur adhibitis opificum manibus omnia nos consecutos ut tecti ut uestiti esse possemus; hence Tecta uia, name of a street in Rome, as covered with an arcade, Lux eadem Marti festa est, quem prospicit extra Appositum Tectae porta Capena niae, Ov. F. 6, 192; Lingonus a Tecta Flaminia recens, Mart. 8, 75, 2; inter Tiberim et niam Teetam descendit ad inferos, Sen. apocol. med.; Forc. under rectus interprets tecta uia by forniciibus seu porticibus strueta; cf. tegula, tectum, detego, pertego; **2.** hence of animals taking shelter in eaves from outer weather, hanc uim frigorum quam nos uix huius urbis tectis sustinemus excipere, cum etiam ferae fatibulis se tegant, Cic. Rab. Post. 42; **3.** so of ships, roof over, deck, chiefly in the part. tectus, decked, tectis instructisque scaphis, Caes. b. c. 3, 100, 2; Rhodiae naues tectae omnes, Liv. 31, 46, 6; centum nauibus quarum septuaginta tectae, 36, 43, 8; **4.** hence cover (the head), cap, Et texit galea barbara molle caput, Prop. 5, 3, 44; cuellio caput tectus, Mart. 5, 14, 6; and met. of a mountain, tectumque cacumen nubibus, Lucan. 3, 6—cloud-capt; **5.** gen. cover, amica corpus eius texit suo pallio, Cic. diu. 2, 143; ensis uagina tectus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 41; prima tectus lanugine malas, Ov. M. 12, 291; **6.** hence tecta ouis, clad in skins, si ea (sc. ouis) tecta solet esse, quam habuit pellem eam intrinsecus eadem re perinungunt et tegunt rursus, Varr. r. 2, 11, 7 speaking of sheep-shearing; pratis planisque noualibus tectum pecus commodissime pascitur, Colum. 7, 2, 3; siluestres arietes tectis ouibus admittit, 7, 2, 4; ouium summa genera duo, tectum et colonicum, Plin. 8, 189; cf. pellitis ouibus, Hor. od. 2, 6, 10, and Ov. F. 2, 298, speaking of more natural farming: Ibat ouis lana corpus amicta sua; **7.** esp. of burial, Ossa tēgēbat hūmus, Ov. M. 15, 56; Me licet unda ferat, te modo terra tēgat, Prop. 3, 20, 24; add Ov. am. 2, 6, 59; Mart. 9, 29, 11; **8.** cover in the sense of protect, Quia non minns res hominem quam sentus tēgit, Turp. 40 R; miles dextra ac sinistra muro tectus, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 3; qui portus ab Africo tegebatur, ab Austro non erat tutus, 3, 26, 4; and met., quod is meam salutem sua beniuolentia texisset, Cic. Planc. 1; rogo ut cum tegas atque tueare, fam. 13, 66, 2; libertatem patriam parentisque armis tegere, Sal. Cat. 6, 5; ut legatos cura magistratum magis quam ius gentium ab ira hominum tegetet, Liv. 8, 6, 7; **9.** cover in the sense of hide, nebula matutina tēxerat inceptum, Liv. 41, 2, 4; Ostendit terras Titan et sidera texit, Lucan. 8, 202; Non timidum nuptae leuiter tectura pudorem Lutea demissos uelarent flammae uultus, 2, 360; **10.** esp. met., qui uidentur triumphī nomine tegere atque celare cupiditatem suam, Cic. Pis. 56; quod ne mendacio quidem tegere possis, Quinct. 81; illis artificio opus est ut turpia facta oratione tegant, Sal. Iug. 85, 31.

**tēmērārīē**, adv. blindly, rashly, heedlessly, cod. Iust. 9, 1, 18; Tert. uirg. uel. 3.

**tēmēr-ārius**, adj. [temus, eris obsol. see temere; note that the other nineteen adj. in arius all come from sbb.] lit. one who acts in the dark, hence with one's eyes shut, rash, heedless, temulentast mulier et tēmērāria, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 2; caeca ac temeraria cupiditas, Cic. iuu. 1, 2; saepe homines temerarios atque imperitos falsis terroribus terri, Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 2; Parce meo iuuenis tēmērārius esse pērielo, Ov. M. 10, 545; **2.** of acts etc. done in the dark, rash, haphazard, quae dicis suut et turbulenta et temeraria et periculosa, Cic. Caecin. 33; consilium, Liv. 25, 37, 17; uirtus, Ov. M. 8, 407; Non temerariumst ubi dines blande appellat pauperem, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 7; Set quid hoc quod pius ulmum tundit? Hau temerariumst, As. 2, 1, 14; tributum t., seo Festus 364.

**tēmērātio**, ōnis, f. defilement, cod. Iust. 11, 7, 2.

**tēmērātor**, ōris, sb. m. [temcro vb.] one who defiles (a woman), Apollinae matris (sc. Tityos), Stat. Th. 11, 12;



add Ach. 1, 600; **2.** one who violates (a law), poenam temeratoris luit, Mod. dig. 48, 10, 29; cuius legis temeratores L. librarum condemnatione coerceri deernimus, cod. Iust. 7, 41, 3; praesentis legis t., 12, 53, 2.

**tēmērē**, adv. [or rather abl. of an obsol. sb temns, eris darkness=S. tamsa, sb. n. the same, Lith. tem to become dark, tamsa darkness, tamsūs dark; S. tam vb. translated by tabescere, i.e. perh. to rot, to become black or putrid, Ir. teim dark, Russ. temnyl dark; see Bopp's Gloss. v. tamsa. Cf. tenebrae] lit. in the dark, hence rashly, heedlessly, blindly, ut ne res temere traectat turbidas, Enn. tr. 353 R; Rapidus fluvius est hic, non hac temere transiri potest, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 52; Quaeso ne temere hanc rem agas, ne iracunditer, Caec. 78 R; Apollinis opertis quorum partim ficta aperte partim ecfutita temere, nunquam prudenti probata sunt, Cic. diu. 2, 113; etsi te nihil temere nihil imprudenter facturum indicam, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 10, 8 B 1; emisso temere pilo iectum pullarius cecidit, Liv. 10, 40, 13;

**2.** hence pell mell, without order, argentum temere per uias uelut obiectum ad praedam, Liv. 22, 42, 6; sub pinu iacentes, Sic temere, Hor. od. 2, 11, 14; Sic tēmērē iactae colla perfundant comae, Sen. Phaedr. 402;—had the final e been long, it would not have been so habitually elided—

Tris iuxta famulos temere inter tela iacentis, Verg. 9, 329; **3.** with a neg., non t., nunquam t., not without good reason, Nunquam edepol temere tinnit tintinnabulum. Nisi qui illud traectat aut mouet, mutumst, tacet, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 162; Nescio quid tristis est, non temerest; timeo quid sit, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 7; nullus dies temere interessit quo non ad eum scriberet, Nep. Att. 20, 2; si cuperent hostes fieri temere fieri non (so Putsch, mss nunc) possent, Cato orat. 34, 11 lord.; ubi anteire primores euitatis uident, quicquid sit haud temere esse rentur, Liv. 1, 59, 6; **4.** also non temere, not easily, illud ingeniorum uelut praecox genus non temere unquam peruenit ad frugem, Quint. 1, 3, 3; ut non temere quis tam aduerso rumore magisque inuitis omnibus transierit ad principatum, Suet. Tit. 6.

**tēmēritās**, ātis, sb. f. [implies an adj. temeris, e, cf. temeriter; or temer, a, um, cf. temero vb., or temus, eris like netus] rashness, heedlessness, absence of all foresight. nunquam temeritas cum sapientia eonmiseretur neque ad consilium casus admittitur, Cic. Marc. 7; quibus in rebus temeritas et casus non ratio nec consilium nalet, diu. 2, 85; temeritas quae maxime illi hominum generi est innata, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 2; **2.** as a goddess, Bliud-chance, Sunt autem alii philosophi qui contra Fortunam negant Esse ullam sed Temeritate res regi omnis autumant, Pacuv. 373 R.

**tēmēriter**, adv. [implies an adj. temeris, cf. temeritas] rashly, heedlessly, Hocines quo tu tam temeriter meam beneuolentiam Interisse es ratus? Att. 96 R; Enn. ap. Prisc. 1010 P; **2.** comp. temerius, Att. ap. Non. 178.

**tēmēritādo**, inis, f. =temeritas, euno† tyrannum noui temeritudinem, Pacuv. ap. Non. 181.

**tēmēro**, āre, vb. [temus, eris obsol. sb. n., see temere] lit. blacken, and so defile, pollute (what is sacred or pure), chiefly in poets, temerare uiolare sacra, Fest. 365; arae foci deum delubra sepulcra maiorum temerata ac uiolata, Liv. 26, 13, 13; templa et temerata Mineruae, Verg. 6, 841; lucos uetustos, Ov. M. 8, 742; thalamos pudicos, am. 1, 8, 19; uiliam in matrimonio Agrippae temerauerat, Tac. an. 1, 53.

**tēnax**, ācis, sb. (m. or f.?) [ten of teneo] a thing to hold by—hence stalk, incisos botryonum tenaces calida pice oportet ambiri, Pall. 10, 17 f.; **2.** any band, ulmeis uinculis uel tenacibus quibuseunq; coustricta, Pall. 3, 18, 1; si dum pendent poma (Punica), tenacibus intorseris, in totum annum seruabis, 4, 10, 4.

**tend-o**, ĩre, tētēdi, tentum and tensum, vb. [root ten, with excrement d; =ten of tenwa, S. tan, Go. thanja, G. dehn-en, Russ. tongu, Lith. temp-, and perh. Welsh taen-u spread] stretch, strain etc.

**tēnēbra**, ae, see tenebrae, § 7.

**tēnēbrae**, ārum, f. pl. [for tem-ebrae? from a lost vb. tem- blacken, whence temere in the dark, temero blacken, pollute; =Sansk. tam become rotten] darkness, cum obscurato sole tenebrae factae essent, Cic. rep. 1, 25; add N. D. 2, 96, and leg. agr. 2, 44; incultu tenebris odore foeda facies (of the Tullianum), Sal. Cat. 55, 4; Semper et obtenta densantur nocte tēnēbrae, Verg. G. 1, 248; Mirabar tenebris quisquis iturus erat, Ov. am. 1, 6, 10; **2.** of a swoon, P. Quid tibist? C. Tēnēbrae oboriuntur, genua inedia succidunt, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 30; Palliut (Phaeton) et subito genua intremuere timore Suintque oculis tēnēbrae per tantum lumen obortae, Ov. M. 2, 181; **3.** of death, Certuust mihi ante tēnēbras tēnēbras perscqui, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 90; iuro...Me tibi ad extremas mansurum, nita, tēnēbras, Prop. 3, 13, 17; **4.** of blindness, At si tantula pars oculi media illa peressat, Occidit extemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Lner. 3, 414; tenebrasque et cladem lucis ademptae Obicit, Ov. M. 3, 515; add 525; **5.** a dark place, a dark hole, Demostres ubi sint tuae tēnēbrae, Catul. 55, 2; esp. of the infernal regions, At uobis male sit malae tēnēbrae Orci, 3, 13; Luctificam Allecto dirarum ab sede dearum Infernisque eiet tēnēbris, Verg. 7, 325; **6.** met. darkness, obscurity, Quas tu mihi tenebras trudis (al. eudis)? Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 40; conatus est clarissimis rebus tenebras obducere, Cic. aead. pr. 16; rex uestram familiam obscurem e tenebris in lucem euecit, Deiot. 30; Qualibus in tēnēbris uitae quantisque periculis Degitur hoc aeni quodcumquest! Lucr. 2, 15; **II 7.** as a sing., repentina caligo ac tenebra in circo oborta, Lampr. Comui. 16, 2.

**tēneo**, ĩre, ui (old perf. tetini), tum, vb. [ten of tendo =ten of tenwa, S. tan, Go. thanja, Russ. tongu, Lith. temp-, Welsh taen-u] bold with a tight grasp, keep grasped, hold, Dum clauom rectum teneam nauemque gubernem, Enn. an. 472 V; teneone te Antipbila maxime animo exoptatam meo? Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 27; Quo teneam uoltus mutantem Protea nodo? Hor. ep. 1, 1, 90; **2.** hold as a possession, possess, occupy, multa bereditatibus, multa emptiouiibus, uulta dotibus tenebantur, Cic. off. 2, 81; Vastabat Cyprum et uictor ditione tenebat, Verg. 1, 622; summam imperii tenebat, Caes. b. g. 2, 22; Euandrum qui multis ante tempestatibus tenuerit loca, Liv. 1, 5, 2; amnis abundans Exit et obducto late tenet onnia limo, Verg. G. 1, 116; **3.** of disease or feelings, possess, hold possession of, unquam tacet quem morbus tenet loquendi, Cato orat. 57, 29 lord.; uolo ut mihi respoudeas quae te tanta prauitas mentis tenuerit, qui tantus furor ut... Cic. Vat. 14; uere exposita illa sententia est quod beatum sit id, neque ira neque gratia teneri, N. D. 1, 45; **4.** confine, keep (witbin), Sabinus castris sese tenebat, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 5; domesticis te finibus teues, Cic. Att. 7, 12, 6; Texendae saepes etiam et pecus omne tenendum (al. tuendum), Verg. G. 2, 371; and met., magnam partem Galliae in officio tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 1; **5.** keep, detain, quem (sc. letter-carrier) diutius tenui quia quotidie aliquid noui expectabamus, Cic. Att. 11, 3, 1; septimum iam diem Coreyrae tenebamur, fam. 16, 7, 1; ne diutius teneam, pecunia numerata est, Verr. 2, 1, 34; **6.** hold back, restrain, suppress, uociferari palam, lacrimas interdum uix tenere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; risum, Vat. 20; Hor. A. P. 5; est difficillimum ea quae occurrunt, eum salissime dici possunt, tenere, Cic. or. 2, 221; **7.** esp. as a vb. refl. or with refl. pron., abstain, refrain, keep from, nec se tenuit quin contra suum doctorem librum etiam ederet, Cic. aead. pr. 12; teneri uix potui quin tibi apertius illud idem declararem, Att. 15, 14, 2; even with iuf. in Pl. Merc. prol. 51; praedicere Omnes teneant (so mss, Ritschl timentent, Lamb. cauerent) mutuantii credere; **8.** also absol. without pron., ego tamen teneo ab accusando uix mehercule sed tamen teneo, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; **9.** in milit. lang. hold (a post), perturbatis antesignanis legio locum non tenuit, Caes. b. e. 1, 44, 5; **10.** keep up (a custom etc.), maintain, preserve, morem, Cic. off. 3, 44; consuetudinem, Phil. 1, 27; ordinem, 5, 35; **11.** i. cnrsum, iter, keep one's course, not to be driven from it, cum secundissimo uento cursum teneret, Cic. N. D. 3, 83;



uento intermisso cursum non tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; and met., ut te ad istum cursum tenendum quem a prima aetate suscepisti cohortentur, Cic. Plane. 52; quoue tenetis iter? Verg. 1, 370; and absol., Cassandream petentes primo ad Mendaeum maritimum uicium tenere, Liv. 31, 45, 14.

**ter-o**, ĕre, triui, tritum, vb. [of mimetic origin, noise of whirling; triui and tritum from a secondary vb. t(e)rib- = τριβ-, whence aor. τριβην; cf. ter-cb-ra τερτρον, tribulum; see also below and trib-ulum] lit. turn—hence turn (as with a lathe). Hinc radios triuere rotis, Verg. G. 2, 444; aliud flatu figuratur, aliud torno teritur, Plin. 36, 193—of glass-making; but not catillum Euandri manibus tritum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 91, as the scholiasts would have it, for the sculptor Evander came to Rome only A. U. C. 725, but this satire was written about 716 or 718; the notion of turning explains τερματ-, τερμον-, the turning-point or boundary, also Lat. ter-minus, also τορνος, tornus, lathe, with the vbs. τορνευ-, torna-, also torque-, vb. torsi, tortus, see torqueo; cf. also ter-ebra, a boring instrument, τερρον-, teredon- the boring worm, and τε-τρανω-; II 2. rub, premitur pede pes atque armis arma teruntur, Enn. an. 559 V; Teritur sinapis scelera (an old adj.) quae illis qui terunt Prinsquau triuerunt oculi ut existillunt facit, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 28; Num me illuc ducis ubi lapis lapidem terit? As. 1, 1, 17; calemeque terit iam calce Dioces, Verg. 5, 324; teritur lignum ligno ignemque concipit atritru, Plin. 16, 208; 3. hence thrash corn, Et medio tostas aestu terit area fruges, Verg. G. 1, 298; Milia frumentii tua triuerit area centum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 45; Area dum messes sole calente teret, Tib. 1, 5, 22; hence our th(o)r-ash or thresh-, Go. thr-isk-an, Norse thr-esk-ia, G. dresch-en, Du. dorsch-en; 4. pound, grind, teritur in mortariis plumbeis, Plin. 34, 168; semen tritum in aqua, 26, 145; teritur in farinam, 34, 170; alii teri cibum in uentre contendunt, Cels. praef. 1; 5. esp. wear away (a road etc.), tread, traverse, cum Brundisium iteque illud quod tritum in Graeciam est non sine causa uitauissem, Cic. Phil. 1, 7; Aua Pieridum peragro loca nullius ante Trita solo, Lucr. 1, 927; Angustum formica terens iter, Verg. G. 1, 380; Et Appiam mannis terit, Hor. epod. 4, 14; Nec tibi nt inuenias longa terenda uiast, Ov. a. a. 1, 52; porticum, Mart. 2, 11, 2; limina, 10, 10, 2; our t(e)read and Germ. tr-et-en of the same stock; 6. hence trample upon, use disrespectfully, iurata deorum Maiestas teritur, Claud. Ruf. 1, 228; nec iau clarissimorum uirorum receptacula habitatore seruo teruntur, Plin. pan. 50, 3; 7. of words, hackneyed, common, in Graeco sermone haec ipsa quondam rerum nomina nouarum non (noua?) uidebantur, quae nunc consuetudo diuturna triuit: quid censes in Latino fore? Cic. fin. 3, 15; ex quo illud Summum ius summa iniuria factum est iam tritum sermone prouerbiu, off. 1, 33; 8. of things much handled, catillum Euandri manibus tritum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 91; quid haberet Quod legeret tereretque uirum publicus usus? ep. 2, 1, 92—thumb; teritur noster ubique liber, Mart. 8, 3, 4; sed meus... A rigido teritur centurione liber, 11, 3, 4; 9. rub, and so wear away, chafe, gall, si forte subuicula pexae Trita subest tunicae—ragged—Hor. ep. 1, 1, 96; et tritae munere uestis, 1, 19, 38; trita labore... colla (sc. boum), Ov. M. 15, 124; 10. rub, and so make smooth or sharp, Nec tua mordaci pumice erura teras, Ov. a. a. 1, 506; Dentibus ille ferox in querno stipite tritis (whetted) Imminet exitio (sc. aperi), M. 8, 369; 11. wear away (time), while away, spend (whether wastefully or not), Diem sermone terere segnitie merast, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 66; neque omnem teramus in his discendis rebus aetatem, Cic. or. 3, 123; teretur interea tempus, belli apparatus refrigescet, Phil. 5, 30; omne aeuom ferro teritur, Verg. 9, 609; appropinquare non ausae naues diem triuere, Liv. 37, 27, 8; 12. sensu obsceno, Boius est, Boiam terit, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 108; Prop. 4, 10, 30; Petr. 87; 13. a perf. terui from tero, Charis. 220; but not in Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 29; 14. of the same stock, Lith. triniù, Slav. trù, Erse tar, Go. thair-kò, foramen.

**theatrum**, i, n. [θεατρον fm. θεα-omai specto] lit. a place to see from—hence spectators' part of a theatre, first open, aft. covered, opp. to scena the stage, a scena uenit spec-

tator, e scena uenit qui egit; contra spectator e theatro, a theatro actor, Scaur. do orth. 1264 P; Quae ego in theatro hio meis probauit plausibus, Naev. 71 R; populi sensus maxime theatro et spectaculis prospectus est, ...Eandem uirtutem istam ueniet tempus cum grauius gemes: totius theatri clamore dixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3; theatrum cum commune sit, ...tamen... eius esse eum locum quem quisque occuparit, fin. 3, 67; si paulum modo offensum est..., theatra (i.e. spectators) tota reclamant, or. 3, 196; In uaeuo laetus sessor plaususque theatro, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 130; hos arto stipata theatro Spectat Roma potens, 2, 1, 60; add 1, 19, 41; Nec sine te curuo sedeat speciosa theatro, Ov. a. a. 1, 497; 2. less commonly, a theatre (including the scena), Nugas theatri, uerba quae in comediis Solent lenoni dici, Pl. Ps. 4, 6, 19; 3. a theatre as a whole building, numi species praeclara oppidi (sc. Athenarum) aut theatrum gymnasia porticus...aut Piraeus ille magnificus rempublicam efficiebat? Cic. rep. 3, 44; a theatro quod est ante oppidum, Caes. b. c. 2, 25, 1; C. Quinctius C. f. Valgus, M. Porcius theatrum tectum fac(quinum) locar(unt) eidemque probar(unt), inser. Or. 3294; but 2637 spurious, says Henzen; add Vitr. 5, 3, 1, 4 and 8; 4. of a theatre or other place used for a public meeting, in monumento Mari de tuo reditu magnificentissimum illud S. C. esse factum... idque frequentissimo theatro incredibili clamore comprobatum, Cic. diu. 1, 59; add Flac. 16; 5. met., nullum theatrum uirtuti conscientia maius est, Cic. Tusc. 2, 64; ut me quaesturamque meam quasi in aliquo terrarum orbis theatro uersari existimarem, Verr. 2, 5, 35; forum quod fuit quasi theatrum illius ingenii, Brut. 6; add fam. 12, 29, 1; maiore se theatro dignum putat, Quint. 1, 2, 9.

**titillo**, āre, vb. dim. [for tietillo of wh. tic stands for tag touch, followed by an excrescent t, and dim. suff. illa-; cf. sorb-illa, conscrib-illa; and for loss of c cf. nitor, irrito, simitu; cf. also our tickle wh. seems to stand to touch as mickle to much] tickle, Titillārē magis sensus quam laedere possunt, Lucr. 2, 429; uoluptas quae quasi titillaret sensus, Cic. fin. 1, 39; 2. met., illa (est consuetudo) quasi adsentatorum populi, multitudinis leuitatem uoluptate quasi titillantium, Cic. off. 2, 63; Praetērēā nē uos titillet gloria, Hor. s. 2, 3, 179.

**torque-o**, ĕre, torsi, tortum, vb. [torque-sb., but perf. and sup. from root tor=ter; see tero; and cf. tor-mina, tor-nus, tortor, torsio] turn, twist, throw (in its old senso of twisting as in silk-throwster and tbrown-ware for turned goods), first, of complete revolutions, Hicetas caelum stare censet, neque praeter terram rem ullam in mundo moueri, quae eum circum axem se conuertat et torquet eadem effeci omnia quae si stante terra caelum moueretur, Cic. acad. pr. 123; torquet qui sidera mundi, Verg. 9, 93; stamina pollice, Ov. M. 12, 475; buxum flagello, Pers. 3, 51; praegnantem stamine fusum, Iuv. 2, 55; ferro capillos, Ov. a. a. 1, 505—curl; 2. turn, bend, twist, Sapientiā gubernator (pron. gu'rnator) torquet nauem, haut ualentia, Titin. 127 R; ceruices oculosque pariter cum modorum flexionibus torquent, Cic. leg. 2, 39; Ituraeos taxi torquentur in arenis, Verg. G. 2, 448; 3. met. turn, distort, uersare suam naturam atque huc et illuc torquere ac flectere, Cic. Cael. 15; iuris (est) rem et sententiam plurimum ualere oportere, libidinis uerbo ac littera ius omne torqueri, Caec. 77; II 4. esp. torture, put to the rack, non posse sapientem beatum esse cum eculo torqueatur, Cic. fin. 3, 42; de decurione damnato non debere quaestionem habere diuus Pius reseripit, unde etiam si desierit decurio esse, deinde damnetur, non esse torquendum iu memoriam prioris dignitatis placet, Paul. dig. 50, 2, 14; add Ulp. 2, 1, 7; Tac. an. 15, 57; Suet. Aug. 27; 5. met., equidem dies noctesque torqueor, Cic. Att. 7, 9, 4; torquerier omni Sollicitudine, Hor. s. 2, 8, 67; ne torseris illum, ne torseris etiam te, torqueris enim cum tam lenis irasperis, Plin. ep. 9, 21, 3; Et torque mero quem perspexisse laborant..., Hor. A. P. 435; quaestiones nobis seruorum ininitatur...; nita P. Sullae torqueatur, Cic. Sul. 78; III 6. send rolling, carry away rolling, Quae rapidus flammis ambit torrentibus ani-



nis Tartareus Phlegethon torquetque sonantia saxa, Verg. 6, 551 (cf. nunc lapides adesos stirpesque...uoluentis, Hor. od. 3, 29, 38); IV 7. hurl, throw, esp. a dart or stone from a sling, because the thrower first gave the dart a circular motion around his head by means of the thong (auentum) attached to it and then hurled it, so also with the sling—compare the use of the Spanish lasso and bolas—note too that hurl itself is but a corruption of whirl, while for throw see § 1—*iaeculum nam torquet in hostem*, Verg. 10, 585; *telum*, 12, 536; *pila*, Ov. F. 2, 11; *quantum Balearica torto Funda potest plumbo medii transmittere caeli*, M. 4, 708; 8. and gen., *glebas, ramos, silices*, Ov. M. 11, 29; *fulmina*, Verg. 4, 208; *aqnosam hiemem*, 9, 670; *spumas*, 3, 208; *aqnas*, Ov. F. 5, 644; *nubes*, Lucan. 4, 62; *sibila*, Prop. 5, 8, 8; and Val. F. 7, 525; 9. a part. torsus sanctioned by Prise. 871, cf. *dorsus* in Cato orig. 12, 4.

**torris**, is, m. and older *torrus\**, i, m. [akin to *torr-eo*; and perh. *θερ-ω*] a brand, firebrand, (O) *regina erit tempus quum hic torrus\**, quem amburi uides, Att. ap. Non. 15; quum suum Vitae fineui ac fati interneionem fore, Vbi torrus\* esset interfectus flammeus, ibid.; *torrus\** dicitur fax, Non. ibid. ed. Quicherat; *illud Ennii et Pacuui penitus de usu recessit ut hic torrus huius torri dicamus*, Serv. Aen. 12, 298; *Obuius ambustum torrem Corynaeus ab ara Corripit*, Verg. 12, 298; *flagrantem mater ab igne Eripuit torrem*, Ov. M. 8, 457; *Funereum torrem*, 8, 512; *Pruniceum torrem*, 12, 272; *uiuoque reluxit Torre focus*, Val. F. 3, 116.

**torr-or**, ōris, m. [*torreo*] *buruing, solis*, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 4 med.; *corporis* (= *ἡλιωσος*) 3, 6 f.

**torrus**, i, m. see *torris*.

**tor-uus**, or better *tor-nos*, a, um, adj. [*tor*=*ter* of *ter-o*, bore, pierce; cf. for suff. *pasc-uus*, *caeduuus*; see also *trux*] piercing (as the eye), fierce-looking, *Ille tuens oculis inmitem Phinea toruis...*, Ov. M. 5, 92; and even absol.: *Aspicit hanc toruis*, 6, 34; *frons*, Verg. 3, 636; *lumen*, 3, 677; *uoltus*, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 12; *aspectus*, Plin. 8, 154 (of the horse *Bucephalus*); *uius*, 2, 91; *Talibus Aeneas ardentem et torua tuentem Lenibat dictis animum*, Verg. 6, 467; Val. F. 2, 555; 2. fierce-eyed, fierce-looking, *draeo*, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 42; *bos*, Verg. G. 3, 51; *leacua*, B. 2, 63; *angues*, A. 6, 571; *taurus*, Ov. M. 8, 132; *aper*, Prop. 2, 3, 6; *Medusa*, Ov. A. a. 2, 309; *Ister* (as personified), Val. F. 8, 218; 3. met., o uim toruam aspecti atque horribilem! Att. So R; *Cum recorder eius ferocem et toruam confidentiam*, Pacuv. 36 R; *cupressus bacis torua*, Plin. 16, 139; 4. of sound, piercing, *toruunque repente Clamat* (sc. *Allecto*), Verg. 7, 399; *uoce hominis tuba rudore toruior*, Apul. fl. 17 (80); 5. of taste, sharp, sour, praeter soli uitia cultura quoque torua fiunt uina, Plin. 17, 212 f.; 6. toruior comp., Apul. fl. 17; superl., *leonis toruissima facies*, Arnob. 6, 196.

**trābēs**, f. [*trabe*- for *trab-ec-*; cf. *trabec-ula* and *τραπέζης*] same practically as *trab-s*. Tbus for § 1, tree, *Vti uiam ne in nemore Pelio securibus Caesa accēdisset abiegna ad terram trabes*, Enn. tr. 281 V; 2. beam, *fnit trabes* (al. *trabs*) *e larice longa pedes exx bipedali crassitudine*, Caes. b. g. 4, 17; 3. a ship, as hollowed out of a tree, *trabes remis rostrata per altum*, ap. Varr. l. 7, 32 p. 320 Sp.; 4. the other cases belong rather to *trabs*, wh. see; 5. in Greg. Tur. a clog attached to the foot, *trabes illa quae uictorum pedes coarctabat*—heuce *trave* Portug. the same, *Prov. entravar*, Fr. *entraver*, Sp. *trabar*.

**trab-s**, or *traps* (and perh. *trābēs*), bis, f. [*trab* for *dor-ab* = S. drum a tree, *δορυ* a tree, Od. 6, 167, gen. a beam or spear, *δορυ* an oak, Norse *doru* (nom. *dōrr*) spear, our tree, for as *γόνυ*: Sax. *knū* and *knee*, so *δορυ*: Sax. *triu* and tree; further *trab*=*τραπέζης* of *τραπέζης*; cf. also S. *dāru* wood] a tree (orig. perh. a small tree), but chiefly in poets, *alia traps fragant ramos cadens*, Varr. ap. Non. 178 f.; *Lucus...Nigranti picea trabibusque obscurus acernis*, Verg.

9, 87; *Silua frequens trabibus*, Ov. M. 8, 329; *utque securi Saucia trabs ingens ubi plaga nouissima restat, Quo cadat in dubiost omnique a parte timetur*, 10, 373; *in densum trabibus nemus*, 14, 360; *curuatur in sna fata trabes*, Prop. 4, 22, 38; *illa* (sc. *quercus*) *iam spissa cadens Radice fulta pendet aliena trabe*, Sen. Oed. 550; 2. a beam (but beam itself orig. meant tree, as in horn-beam and Germ. *baum*; and tree means beam in roof-tree), *transtra pedalibus in altitudinem trabibus confixa clauis ferreis*, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 4; *praenutas trabes in muro collocabant*, 2, 29, 3; *fores obdita ferratis trabibus*, Plin. 6, 30; *Et celeri flamma degnstant tigna trabesque*, Lucr. 2, 196; *uetabo sub isdem Sit trabibus mecum*, Hor. od. 3, 2, 28; *trabes compactiles*, Vitruv. 4, 7; *supra columnas ex tribus tignis bipedalibus compactis trabes sunt conlocatae*, 5, 1 (p. 107, 10 ed. Rose et ms) *cum opus esset firma atque procerata trabe qui arietem faceret*, Gell. 1, 13, 11; 3. in poets, anything made of a tree, esp. a ship or boat, *Iam maro turbari trabibus...uidebis*, Verg. 4, 566—cf. 4, 593; *ut trabe Cypria Myrtoum pauidus nauta sequet mare*, Hor. od. 1, 1, 13; *trabs Coleha sacra cucurrit aqua*, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 76; add Sen. Agam. 121; 4. a spear, *Et trabe fraxinea Capaneus subit obuius*, Stat. Th. 5, 566; add 9, 124; a club, 1, 621; a large torch, *quum trabe infesta petit Megaera*, Sen. Med. 970; 5. a beam-shaped mass of other kinds, as of marble, *non trabes Hymettiae Premunt columnas*, Hor. od. 2, 18, 3; *trabes ex eo* (marble from Syene) *fecere reges obeliscos uocantes*, Plin. 36, 64; also, *argentea trabes*, 33, 52; 6. esp. of meteors, *ex hac uexatione* (sc. *aeris*) *nascuntur trabes et globi et faces et ardores*, Sen. N. Q. 1, 1, 5; *quandoque fiunt trabes*, *quandoque clipei et uastorum imagines ignium*, 1, 1, 15; add 1, 15, 4; 7, 4, 3; 7, 5, 5; 7, 21, 1; *nocturni ignium tractus columnaequ ac trabes*, ep. 94, 56 f.; *emicant et trabes quas dokous uocant*, Plin. 2, 96; *Aduersasque faces immensoque igne columnas Et trabibus mistis audios typhonas aquarum Detulit*, Lucan. 7, 156; *trabs ardens ab ocausu ad caelum extenta*, Iul. Obs. 122; 7. obsceno sensu, Catul. 28, 10; 8. see *trabes*.

**tracto**, āre, vb. frq. [*traho*] drag about, *tractatus per aequora campi*, Enn. an. 140 V; o germane *Hector quid ita cum tuo lacerato corpore miser, aut qui te sic respectantibus tractaure nobis?* ap. Macrobi. s. 6, 2, 18; *ferre coma, tractate per aspera saxa*, Pacuv. 351 R; *Nam si in morte malumst malis morsuque ferarum Tractari*, Lucr. 3, 889; *tractata comis antistita Phoebi*, Ov. M. 13, 410; 2. in later writers rather, handle gently, stroke, *quum illa tractans lanigineum eius per blanditias dixisset...*, Suet. Ner. 34; *tota terga* (sc. *bovm*) *et tractare et respere mero quo familiares bubuleo fiant*, Colum. 6, 2, 6; and met., *ne uoce quidem incommodi paulatim permittendo tractandoque mansuefecerant plebem*, Liv. 3, 14, 6; cf. also *tractim*; 3. handle, *Tum quod tractausti hospitam ante aedis meas*, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 30; add 2, 6, 8; *ut ea quae gustemus olfaciamus tractemus audiamus...* Cic. Tusc. 5, 111; *aret Pellis et ad tactum tractanti dura resistit*, Verg. G. 3, 501; *unctis manibus calicem*, Hor. s. 2, 4, 79; *atramenta*, ep. 2, 1, 235; *fila lyrae*, Ov. am. 1, 8, 60; *tela*, Liv. 7, 32, 11; *pecuniam publicam*, Cic. Caeel. 32; 4. met. deal with, treat, handle, first with acc. of person, *rogo ut omnibus rebus eum ita tractes ut...*, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 2; *me summa simulatione amoris insidiosissime tractauit*, Q. fr. 1, 3, 8; *cum nimis aspere tractat*, 2, 6, 5; *non tractabo ut consulem*, Phil. 2, 10; *benignius ipsum te*, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 12; 5. so tractare se, deal with oneself, govern oneself, *quo in munere ita so tractauit ut accepisse ab eo beneficium uideret non dedisse*, Cic. fam. 13, 12, 1; *ita me in republica tractabo ut meminim semper quae gesserim*, Cat. 3, 29; 6. gen. handle, deal with, treat, manage, administer, conduct, *quos ego* (sc. *Apollō*) *ope mea Pro incertis certos computes consiliū Dimitto ut nec tenere tractent turbidas*, Enn. tr. 189 V; *minus caute suam rem*, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 46; *artem musicam*, Ter. Phorm. pr. 17; *uitam*, Lucr. 5, 932; *bellum*, Liv. 23, 28, 4; *personam*, *sustain the part* (of), Cic. Rosc.



com. 20; Quint. 4, 1, 13; so too, partes secundas, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 14; 7. esp. of speech or writing, handle, deal with, treat, discuss, res tragicas paene comice tristes remisse soueras hilarae tractauit, Cic. or. 3, 30; philosophiae partem, acad. post. 30; quaestiones, Quint. 2, 1, 11; 3, 5, 5; scrupulosius tractabo uentos, Plin. 2, 118; 8. with interr. clause, tractare quo modo pro falsis aliquando dicitur, Quint. 12, 1, 34; gratisne ei semper agendum sit tractari potest, 12, 7, 8; 9. in later writers with de or super, de figuris orationis, Quint. 1, 5, 5; de utilitate, 2, 20, 10; de negotiis ad frequentem senatum referendis, Suet. Aug. 35 f.; de condicionibus, ps. Nep. Eum. 5, 7; ut eam rem super qua tractauissent ne quis enuntiaret, Gell. 1, 23, 5.

**trāho**, ēre, traxi, tractum, vh. [trah for tol-ah from tol of tollo; suff. ah=αχ of Grk. vbs. as ταραχ- (ταρασσω), =ag of p(a)l-ag- (plango); st(e)r-ag, whence strag-cs stragulo-, stra-ui stratum; cf. Germ. tr-ag-en] bear.

**trans**, prep. [tran for peran=περαν and pereu as seen in perendie, and S. param; peren being for super-en; cf. per over and Philolog. Essays p. 111; s an outgrowth from the n, as ans-er and gans compared with χηρη, mens-is with μνη] takes only an acc., first over, across, to the other side of, with motion, trans mare hinc uenium asportet, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 20; tollitur Nauius atque trans Alpes transfertur, Cic. Quinct. 12; fer cineres... Transque caput iace, Verg. B. 8, 102; qui trans mare eurrunt, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 27; arpeptum nexillum trans uallum hostium traiecit, Liv. 25, 14, 4; 2. without motion, over, on the other side of, queue trans mare erit, CIL 17 and 23; inde alter trans uiam Postumiam terminus stat, 198, 12; eogito trans Tiberim hortos parare, Cic. Att. 12, 19, 1; tuae res gestae ita notae sunt ut trans montem Tanrum etiam de Matrinio sit auditum, fam. 2, 15, 5; Germanis qui trans Rhenum incolunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; add 1, 5, 4; 3. through, Nimis beat quod commeatu transinet trans parietem, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 58; cf. per; II 4. in comp. trans before vowels, as transeo, transadigo, transigo; before cons. trans or tra, as transmissi or tramisiti, transponit or trasposuit, Vel. Long. 228, 3; transnauius or tranauimus, see MSS of Verg. 6, 671; but tran alone before s, as tran-sendo, tran-scribo; at times the n is dropped before the s, as trasferat, Fronto p. 326; trastra, Verg. 10, 306 (M); trasenna=transenna; cf. Ital. trasporre trastevere; 5. before verbs means over, from one place to another, as transcurro, tran-scendo, trado; 6. through, transadigo, transfigo, transfodio, transfluo, transtineo; 7. completion, transigo; 8. before adj. over, beyond, transalpinus, transrhenanus, transtiberinus; 9. the root also appears with a t for p in Sansk. tiras through, Erse tar; 10. hence Fr. trās.

**transenna**, (tras. or trass.) ae, f. [perh. for transtenna (cf. mersus pulsus from mersus pulsus) from trans+ten of tendo or tenno] a net, esp. for bird-catching, Nunc ab transenna (al. trasenna) hio turdus lumbricum pctit; Pendebit hodie pulcre, ita intendi tenus, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 22; in aetate hominum plurimae Fiunt transennae (al. tras.) ubi deceptiui dolis, Rud. 4, 7, 10; Hunc hominem ego hodie in trasennam (so MSS ACD, B trasennam) doctis inducam dolis, Pers. 4, 3, 11; 2. netting for other uses, as: transenna demissum Victoriae simulacrum cum machinato strepitu coronam capiti imponebat, Sal. ap. Non. 180; 3. or at the starting point of a race-course, βροχος εν αφετηριας τεταμενος transenna, Gloss. Philox.; 4. (conjectural) sheet-lightning, wh. seems for the moment to spread over all and fall as a net of light, hence met., copiam ornamentorum constructam nno in loco quasi per transennam praetereuntes strictim adspeximus, Cic. or. 1, 162; ietus uarii ballistarum tanquam per transennam decurrentes, Amm. 20, 11, 22; tanquam e transenna simul emissi spe citius ripas occupauere contrarias, 25, 6, 14; 5. Nonius 180 wrongly translates it by fenestra.

**transfunctōrius**, adj. [implies a sb. transfuctor from

transfungor] done with a view to getting utterly rid of the work, perfunctory, careless, praecpta, Tert. Marc. 1, 27; expugnatio, id. Valent. 6.

**trans-fundo**, ēre, fūdi, fūsus, vb. pour over (from one vessel into another), decant, transfuse, si sanguis in eas uenas quae spiritui accomodate sunt (i.e. arteries) transfunditur, Cels. pr. 3, 24 Dar.; transfuso in arterias sanguine, ib. 10, 27; cum cam in alia uasa transfuderunt, Colum. 12, 12, 1; transfunditur in aereum uas, Plin. 33, 103; again in 103 and 104; in alias fornaces, 36, 194; add 37, 131; sed te (Pompey's ashes) transfundet in urnam, Lucan. 8, 770; Et transfudimus hinc et hinc labelis Errantis animas, Petr. 79; 2. met., libentius meas laudes ad te transfuderim, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 4; omnem se amorem in hanc transfudisse, Phil. 2, 77; eorum mores in Macedonas transfundo, Curt. 8, 8, 13 (27 f.); add Tac. an. 4, 52.

**trans-fungor**, i, vb. r. get utterly rid of, Ne more peccoris otio transfungeri Menandri pancas uorti scitais fabulas, inser. Rhcin. Mus. n. f. 6, 140.

**transfūsiō**, ōnis, f. pouring over, decanting, transfusion, Cels. pr. 10, 31 Dar.; Plin. 34, 172; 2. met., quam ualde putamus eam (gentem) tot transfusionibus coacuisse? Cic. Scaur. 43; nouatio est prioris debiti in aliam obligationem transfusio, Ulp. dig. 46, 2, 1.

**trans-gēro**, ēre, vb. carry over, transfer, oua transgerunt (transferunt β) alio, Plin. 10, 98.

**trans-igo**, igēre, ōgi, actum, vb. [ago, trans over and so completion] finish, bring to a conclusion, aliud est properare aliud festinare; qui unum quidquo mature transigit is properat, Cato orat. p. 44, l. 5 lord.; hic transactum reddet omne si illuc uenerit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 95; Ego iam transacta re conuortam me domum, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 22; peto a te ut negotium ipse suscipias transigas... Cic. fam. 13, 14, 2; 2. esp. act (a play) through to the end, Tantisper dum transigimus hanc comoediam, Pl. Truc. pr. 11; add Cas. pr. 84; and Ps. 1, 5, 151; and of time, pass the whole of, quod tempus alii per ostentationem transigit, Tac. Agr. 18; placidas transigebant sine suspirio noctes, Sen. ep. 90, 41; adolescentiam omnem per haec fere transigit, Suet. Tib. 7; sponsalia filiae silentio transigit, Claud. 12; 3. arrange privately, and at times absol. without acc., qui cum reo transigit, post cum accusatore decidat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 79; reliqua cum Bestia et Scauro secreta transigit, Sal. Iug. 29, 5; 4. esp. arrange (a legal dispute) out of court, and so commonly by a compromise, qui transigit quasi de re dubia et lite incerta transigit, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 1; cum Maeuio minimo transigit, Scaev. 2, 15, 3; de his controuersis neque transigi neque exquiri ueritas aliter potest quam cognitis uerbis testamenti, Gai. 2, 15, 6; cf. Span. transaccione a compromise; 5. met. settle accounts (with), and so have done (with), transigite cum expeditionibus, Tac. Agr. 34 f.; cum spe uotoque uxoris semel transigitur, G. 19; cum luce iam transegerat (with life), Apul. M. 8, 7, p. 526; et pulchre fuerit cum materia clamore transactum, Quint. 7, 1, 44; II 6. (trans through) drive through, first with acc. of weapon, Bellatorem alacer per pectora transigit ensem, Sil. 13, 376; Ferrum per ambos tenue transactum pedes, Sen. Oed. 357 (so Fore.); 7. with acc. of what is pierced, pierce, transiūx; se ipse (not ipsum) gladio transigit, Tac. an. 14, 37 f.; gladio pectus transigit, Phaedr. 3, 10, 27; and hence with nom. iu pass., Basiliscus cuspidē Murri Transactus, Lucan. 9, 829; 8. with nom. of weapon, as itself an agent, Viscera non unus iamduddum transigit ensis, Lucan. 5, 545; Transegit iuuenem...cuspis Sidonia, Sil. 5, 473; 9. hence Fr. transiger to compromise or compound.

**transtīneo**, ēre, vb. intr. [teneo] extend through (of a road), cf. attinet, pertinet, Nimis beat quod commeatu transtinet trans parietem, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 58.

**transtrum**, i, n. [for trans-erum, with an excrescent t] a thwart or cross-timber, whether beam or plank, chiefly in ships, transtra et tabulae nauium diemur et tigna quae ex pariete iu parietem porrigunt, Fest. p. 367; naues totaefactae ex robore, transtra pedibus in altitudinem trabibus,



Caes. h. g. 3, 13, 4; furit inmissis Volcanus habenis Transtra per et remos et pietas abiete puppis, Verg. 5, 663; incurvae fumabant transtra carinae, Ov. M. 14, 534; **2.** esp. as seats for rowers, considite transtris, Verg. 4, 573; **3.** of other buildings, as houses, sub tectis si maiora spatia sunt, transtra (ponuntur), Vitruv. 2, 1, 4; add 2, 1, 4; of the military testudo, 10, 21, 3; of chemical works, transtris dependent restes lapillis extentae, Plin. 34, 123; **4.** gen. in plur. as above, but also in sing., tibi...Cena sit in transtro, Pers. 5, 147; in se mucroni uerso ad transtrum nauis obnixus corporis pondere incubuit, Liv. 89 perioch.; **5.** a m. transter tri? the same, late longaque transtros feruere, Naev. 54 R by cj., mss trans uostros.

**trapezita**, or rather tarpezita (as Ritschl cj., op. phil. 2, 524), or better still (with Fleckeisen) tarpessita, ae, m. [τράπεζιτα, cf. for first syll. corcodilus = κροκοδειλος, hardus = βραδus, porrum = παρσον; and for ss=z patrisso with Μηδίζω], but mss give only trapezita, bankēr; occurs only in Plautus, as Eqnem in Epidaurō Luconem trapezitam nouerim, Curc. 2, 3, 62; C. Luconem quaero trapezitam. L. Dic mihi, 3, 36; T. Me ipso praesente et Lucone trapezita. C. Non taces? 5, 3, 34; so far tarpessita is demanded by metre;

**2.** The lines Quantillum argenti mihi apud (= m'apud) trapezitam siet, Capt. 1, 2, 90 and Sequere me uiaticum ut dem hinc a trapezita tibi, 2, 3, 89 admit either trapezita or tarpessita;

**3.** metre fails in any case for the following without some change as suggested, and then tarpessita will suit: Trapezitae (insert snut) mille dracumarum (dracūmum or dragmum?) Olumpico, Trin. 2, 4, 23; Dedistin (= deistin) tu argentum? inquam. Immo (Fl. inserts inquit) apud (= apud) trapezitam situmst, Curc. 2, 3, 66; Die modo unde auferre me nis (uis me? with Fl. or uis alone?) a quo trapezita peto? Epid. 1, 2, 40.

**trēmo**, ēre, ui, vb. [for cremo, cf. Fr. crémir and craindre, like gémir and geindre from gemere; root cer=καρ of καρκαίρω; and so one with quer-or, lit. I beat myself, quat-io, beat and so shake, and cut of per-cut-io] shake (as the result of a blow), tremble, Africa terribili tremit horrida terra tumultu, Enn. an. 311 V; Mare caelum terram ruere ac tremere diceres, Afr. 9 R; pulsuque pedum tremit excita tellus, Verg. 7, 722; hasta per armos Acta tremit, 11, 644;

**2.** gen., non placet; pro monstro extemplost, quando qui sudat tremit, Pl. As. 2, 2, 23; Totus Parmeno Tremo horreoque postquam aspexi hanc, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 4; ut si quī tremere et exalbererent uel ipsi per se motu mentis aliquo nel obiecta terribili re extrinsecus, Cic. acad. pr. 48; **3.** esp. quiver, as flesh not yet quite dead, uidi atro cum membra fluentia tabo Manderet et tepidi tremere sub dentibus artus, Verg. 3, 627; ueribusque tremencia figunt, 1, 212; Erepta uiuis exta pectoribus tremunt, Sen. Thy. 755;

**4.** with acc. of cause, tremble before, tremble at, in qua magistrī equitum nigras ac secures dictatoris tremere atque horrere soliti sint, Liv. 22, 27, 3; Te Stygii tremere lacus, te ianitor Orci, Verg. 8, 296; Est uero cur quis lunonem laedere uoluit Offensamque tremat? Ov. M. 2, 519; t. iratos regum apices, Hor. od. 3, 21, 19; t. iussa uirum nutusque, Sil. 2, 53; **5.** met., tremere animo, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; toto pectore tremement, Tusc. 4, 49; Et corde et genibus tremit, Hor. od. 1, 23, 8; **6.** with acc., shake (though involuntarily), Concidit et spumas agit ingemuit et tremit artus, Lucr. 3, 489; Stare loco nescit, micat auribus et tremit artus, Verg. G. 3, 84; tremis ossa pauore, Hor. s. 2, 7, 57.

**trēpido**, āre, vb. [trepidus] play the part of a trepidus homo, turn first to one thing and then to another (whether of thought or action), and in the plur. some turn to one thing, some to another, bustlo about in (at least apparent) confusion, be flurried, run to and fro in all directions, trepidante tota ciuitate (sc. Campana) ad excipiendum Poenum uisendumque, Liv. 23, 7, 10; uigiles aperiri portam iubent, consulem adesse. Vigiles, uelut ad uocem eorum excitati, tumultuarii trepidare, moliri portam, 27, 28, 10; nobis repente trepidandum in acie instruenda erat, 44,

38, 11; nūbum Dum trepidant alae saltusque indagine eینگnt Desuper infundam, Verg. 4, 121; Ne trepidate meas Teucri defendere nauis (inquit Berecynthia mater), 9, 114; Farnast praecipitem (sc. Turnum)...patricio mucrone relicto, Dum trepidat ferrum aurigae rapuisse Metisei, 12, 737; in these exx. there is no trace of fear; **2.** so of water in rapids again and again diverted by rocks, obliquo laborat Lympha fugax trepidare riuo, Hor. od. 2, 3, 12; Quam quae (sc. aqua) per pronum trepidat cum murmure riuum, ep. 1, 10, 21; **3.** gen. hasten, cuius octauum trepidauit aetas Claudere lustrum, Hor. od. 2, 4, 23; **II 4.** so far without any notion of fear, less marked cases with the meaning move about in confusion, be flurried, are: At Romanus homo tamenetsi res bene gesta est Corde suo tropidat, Enn. an. 513 V; Vt ille trepidabat! Vt festinabat miser! Pl. Cas. 2, 7, 9; G. Era. S. Quid est? Quid trepidas? G. Ei mihi. C. Quid festinas mi Geta? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 25; Titurius qui nihil ante prouidisset trepidare et concursare, haec tamen ipsa timide atque ut cum omnia deficere uiderentur, Caes. b. g. 5, 33, 1; ex summa laetitia repente omnis tristitia inuasit, festinare trepidare, Sal. Cat. 31, 1; add: Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 58; Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 8; Hee. 3, 1, 35; Caes. b. g. 6, 37, 6; Sal. Iug. 38, 5; Phaedr. 4, 6, 3;

**III 5.** (through confusion w. tremo), palpitate, throb, pant, tremble, quiver, twitter, go pit-a-pat, thrill, Sentit adhuc trepidare nouo sub cortice pectus, Ov. M. 1, 554; elisi trepidant sub dentibus artus, 14, 196; trepidantia consulit exta, 15, 576; Iugentes trepidare Titos, quum carmina lumbum Intraut, Pers. 1, 20.

**trēpidus**, adj. [obsol. vb. trep-tum = τρεπ] turning first to one thing and then to another, flurried, confused, bewildered, agitated, excited (not necessarily with fear), as in: tum Nisus et una Euryalus confestim alacres admittunt orant, Rem magnam pretiumque morae fore. Primus Iulus Accepit trepidos, Verg. 9, 233; At trepida et coeptis immanibus effera Dido, 4, 642—wh. Serv.: festina, nam moritura nihil timebat; tum trepidae inter se coeunt (sc. apes preparing for battle), G. 4, 73; **2.** hence the same meaning exists where fear is the exciting cause, Ego tum pudendam trepidus hortabar fugam, poet. ap. Char. 252; terra... trepido terrore repleta est, Lucr. 5, 40; curia trepida ancipiti metu, Liv. 2, 24, 3; trepidi improviso metu, Sal. Iug. 97, 5; **3.** res trepidae res trepidae, a state of things that causes bewilderment, alarming, critical, Tullus in re trepida duodecim nouit Salios, Liv. 1, 27, 7; add 4, 46, 8; 26, 5, 7; senatus ut in trepidis rebus dictatorem dici iussit, 4, 17, 8; add 4, 56, 8; Hor. od. 3, 2, 5; Tib. 2, 3, 21; **4.** with gen., trepidi rerum suarum, Liv. 5, 11, 4; 36, 31, 5; Illae (sc. apes) intus trepidae rerum per cerea castra Discurrunt, Verg. 12, 589; trepidae salutis, Sil. 12, 13; trepidus admirationis et metus, Tac. an. 6, 21; **II 5.** palpitating, throbbing, trepidaeque, sine ulla Pelle micant uenae, Ov. M. 6, 389; Panidumque trepidis palpitat uenis iecur, Sen. Hero. Oet. 713; hut in Ov. read with Merkel tepida...unda; and in Verg. G. 1, 296, nndam trepidi aheni, the notion agitated exists; **6.** the word has no connection with trem-o, hut a confusion with this word may have influenced the meanings of trepidus, trepido etc.

**trēp-o**, vb. obs. [for ter-ep-; cf. serp-, i.e. ser-ep for suffix; root ter of tero, turn; and trep-o = τρεπ-ω] turn, trepit uertit unde trepido, Paul. ex Fest. p. 367 M.

**tribūlo**, āre, vb. [tribulum] θλιβα presso premo Gloss. Philox., hut in Cato r. 23 for tribulato read rutabulo as in Colum. 12, 23, 2.

**tribūlōsus**, adj. [tribulus] full of thistles, uiarum uoargines frigorum siccitate tribulosae, Sid. ep. 3, 2 f.; **2.** met. thorny, tribulosissima dissimulatio, 1, 7 med.

**tribūlum**, i, n. [for tēr-ib-ulum, from trib-, ult. from ter rub] a threshing machine, viz. a roller covered with iron teeth, hūno (sc. a terendo) in messe tritna quod tuu frumentum teritur et triuolum (al. tribulum) quo teritur, Varr. l. 5, 4; quae ex uiuinibus et materia rustica fiunt ut corbes fscimae tribula mallei rastelli, r. 1, 22, 1; add 1, 52, 1; Tribulāquē trahaeeque et iniquo pondere rastri,



Verg. G. 1, 164; wh. Serv.: genus uehiculi omni parte dentatum; add Plin. 18, 298.

**trib-ūlus**, i, m. dim. [? see below] the star-thistle, or caltrop, tribulus terrestris Linn., τριβόλος of Theophr. h. pl. 6, 5, 3; τριβόλος χερσαίος of Diosc. 4, 15; Ital. tribolo, mod. Gr. τριβόλος, Lappacque tribulique interque uidentia culta..., Verg. G. 1, 153; Asperior tribūlis, feta truculentior ursa, Ov. M. 13, 803; add Plin. 21, 91; **2.** a water-plant, tribulus non nisi in palustribus nascitur; dira res alibi iuxta Nilum excipitur in eibis (al. cibos), Plin. 21, 98;

**3.** hence an iron missile made of four nnited spikes so as to rest on three and have a fourth erect for laming an enemy's horse, a caltrop, toto campo tribulos abiecerunt in quos currentes quadrigae cum incidissent deletae sunt, Veg. mil. 3, 24; Et tribūlis per castra locat furcasque bicornes, Coisip. Ioh. 4, 617; **4.** the last part of It. calca-treppolo, a star-thistle, is the same word, and the Fr. chausse-trape, our cal-trop, imply a primitive tribus or rather trobus. The derivation from τρι + βολη is an error.

**tribū-o**, ēre, nī, ūtum, vb. [tribu- sb. m. a third] lit. divide into three parts (it may be between the three original tribes, or of spoils in war between the gods, the treasury and the army)—in use divide generally, distribute, eam artem quae doceret rem uniuersam tribuere in partes, Cic. Brut. 152; cf. tributo; **2.** allot to people as their due share, Secundam (sc. partem) quia sum fortis tribuetis mihi, Plaedr. 1, 5, 8; aut...aut in hominum societate tuenda (uersatur) tribuendoque suum cuique, Cic. off. 1, 15.

**triōbōlum**, i, n. [τριωβόλον] a piece of three obols, a half drachm. Non ego homo trioboli sum nisi ego illi mastigiae Exturbo oculos, Pl. Poeu. 1, 2, 168; condigne haruspex, nou homō trioboli..., 2, 17; add 4, 2, 46; Bac. 2, 3, 26; Rud. 4, 3, 100; 5, 2, 43 and 67; 5, 3, 11—with ob in all.

**2.** a weight of three obols, puero pro aetate triobolum (in place of dragma) et nini heminam, Cato r. 127, 2.

**triumuir**, -ūiri, sb. m. [orig. trium uirum a gen. pl. (one) of the tres uiri, then made one word and declined nom. triumuir, -ūiri etc.; cf. sestertium orig. gen. pl. then declined as a neuter noun, also pro consule aft. proconsul, -is etc.; so with duumuir.—Thus: praetor facito utei cūz uiros legat...dum nei quem eorum legat quei triumuirum a(g)ris d(anda)s a(d)signandis) siet fueritue, CIL 198, 13 as supplied by Mommsen] one of three commissioners.

**trūcūlentus**, ac, f. fierceness, wildness, brutality, met., t. caeli, Tac. an. 2, 24;—a cj. reading in Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 7, see rosulentia.

**trūcūlentus**, adj. [trux; cf. uiolentus, maelentus] fierce-looking, truculentus oculis, Pl. As. 2, 3, 21; Set nunc truculento mi atque saeuo usus seuest, Bac. 4, 5, 3; Ego ille agrestis saeuos tristis parcus truculentus teuax, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 12—wh. Don. saeuus factis, truculentus uoltu; quam taeter incedebat! Quam truculentus, quam terribilis aspectu! Cic. Sest. 19; spectat trūcūlentā lōquentem (sc. Hecabe), Ov. M. 13, 558; see last ex. § 8; **2.** fierce, savage, brutal, truculent, Nulla Getis toto gens est trūcūlentior orbe, Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 31; feta truculentior ursa, M. 13, 803; add her. 11, 9; tigris etiam feris ceteris truculenta, Plin. 8, 10; uocibus truculentis, Tac. an. 1, 25; add 12, 50; **3.** met. pelage, Catul. 63, 16; aequor, 64, 179; **4.** of an aet, huic truculentissimo ac nefario facinori, ad Her. 4, 12; **5.** savage, wild, brutal, without notion of cruelty, A. Nimis quidem hic truculentust (rustico preceded, rus merum follows). S. Pergin male loqui mulier mihi? A. Quid tibi ego maledico? S. Quia me trunem lentum (so A.) nominas, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 11; note the pun; hence in joke w. a long n in: S. Iam non sum trūcūlentus: noli metuere, 3, 2, 6; Truculentus et siluester et nitae inscius, Sen. Plaedr. 469; **6.** n. pl. as adv., truculenta tuctur, Cic. poet. ap. N. D. 2, 110; **7.** a play of Plantus; **8.** adv. savagely, fiercely, truculentus se gerebat, Cic. agr. 2, 13; 'quid que toruo uoltu intueris Seuere?' 'Non faciebam inquit, sed si sic scripsisti ecce!'

et quam potuit truculentissime cum aspexit, Quint. 6, 1, 43.

**trux**, trūcis, adj. [for tor-ux and so=toru of toru-us; from ter-o turn; see toruus] perh. piercing—hence of plants, stinging, excogitant (natra) aliquas (herbas) tactu trūcis ut tantum non uocem ipsis fingitis illas exaudire uideamur ne se depascat anida quadripes his muniendo aculeis, remedia ut tuta sint, Plin. 22, 17; of winds, fieri uidentur discursus stellarum numquam temere ut non ex ea parte truces uenti cooriantur, 2, 100; **2.** more commonly piercing (of the eye, like toruus), aspectu truci, Paeniv. 3 R; E trūcibusque oculis duo fernida lumina flagrant, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 107—of a dragon; quid omnium Voltus in unum me trūces? Ilor. epod. 5, 3; **3.** fierce-looking, Arictes truces nos erimus; iam in uos incurabimus, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 29; uertere truces (sc. tauri) uientis ad ora Terribiles uultus praefixaque cornua ferro, Ov. M. 7, 111; non saeui ac truces Regnent tyranni, Sen. Herc. f. 941; **4.** met. fierce, savage, genuit...Ira truces inimicitias et funebre bellum, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 49; Blanda truces animos fertur mollisse uoluptas, Ov. a. a. 2, 477; **5.** w. inf., Calenum Nutriant audere truncem, Sil. 13, 220; **6.** a comp. and superl. in Rhem. 1369.

**tū**, tūi, pron. [see below] you, Haud temere est quod tū tristi cum corde gubernas, Inn. an. 473 V; Te solum habemus, tu es patronus tū pater, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 10; ad mortem te Catilina duci iam pridem oportebat, in te conferri pestem quam tu in nos machinuaris, Cic. Cat. 1, 2; Tū sūpresse uelim, tua uita dignior aetas, Verg. 9, 212; Te minor latum reget aequus orbem, Hor. od. 1, 12, 57; His uerbis: o gnātā tibi sunt ante ferendae Aerumnae, Enn. au. 46 V; O Tite tute Tātī tibi tanta tiranne tulisti, 123 V; Aeole nateque tibi diuom pater atque hominum rex..., Verg. 1, 65; Solue metus, feret haec aliquam tibi fama salutem, 1, 463; Vōs et Scyllaenam rabiem penitusque sonantis Accestis scopulos, uōs et Cyclopa saxa Experti, 1, 200; Testor nūmēn ūit, uōs ārae ensesque nefandi, 2, 155; Atque nūam ex uōbis ūnus uestrique fuissem Aut custos gregis..., B. 10, 35; **2.** the nom. tu and uos are only used for emphasis, as the personal endings of the vb. already express the idea, Natura tu illi pater es, consiliis ego, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 46; uos me indotatis modo Patrocinari fortasse arbitramini, Ph. 5, 8, 46; see also § 1; **3.** uos is not used (like you, uos, etc. in modern languages) in speaking to but one person, Nam id nobis (to us slaves) tam flagitiumst quam illa Demea Non facere uobis (to you gentlemen), Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 69; Adeon uidemus uobis (to you Mysis and your people) esse idonei In quibus sic inludatis? Andr. 4, 4, 18; cum hanc iam epistolam complicarem tabellarij a uobis uenerunt (i. e. from Quintus and others, Caesar etc.), Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; **4.** in precepts tu is often treated as superfluous, but is not so, Tu (whatever others may do) quos ad studium atque usum formabis agrestem, Iam uitulos hortare, Verg. G. 3, 163; nec dulces amores Sperne pner neque tu choreas, Hor. od. 1, 9, 16; tu pulmentaria quaere Sudando, s. 2, 2, 20; add ep. 1, 16, 53; 1, 18, 37; 1, 18, 44; A. P. 385; Tu nube atque tace, Iuv. 2, 61; **5.** the gen. tui and uestri are used with what is called the objective meaning, si uos uobis Quirites, si uestri nulla cura tangit, at uos ueremini deos uestror, Liv. 3, 17, 3; tui me miseret, mei piget, Enn. tr. 82 V; Miseret te aliorum, tui nec miseret nec pudet, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 30; habetis ducein memorem uestri oblitum sui, Cic. Cat. 4, 19; uou ueror ne quis me haec uestri adhortandi causa magnifice loqui existimet, Liv. 21, 41, 1; **6.** in old writers also as a possessive, D. Quoium puerum hic apposuit, die mihi. M. Vostri. D. Quoius nostri? M. Pamphili, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 26; uestrum (uostrum), and in old writers uostrorum, uostrorum, are used as partitive gen., Verum illud 'se maximum adeo pars uestrorum intellegit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 123; equis est qui uestrorum quod ad sese attineat aequum censent peneas dare ob eam rem quod arguatur male facere uoluisse? Cato orig. p. 24, 4 ed. Iord.; Et merito adeo,



nam uostrarum nulla est quin gnatum uelit Ducere uxorem, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 43; si quis uestrum bello superfuert, egebit, Cato orig. p. 63 1, 1; nectigalia locare numquam licet nisi hoc ex loco, hac uestrum frequentia, Cic. agr. 2, 55; in Pl. Men. 5, 9, 58 uostrum, though in the mss, has been long justly changed to uos tum; and in Sal. Cat. 33, 2, maiores uostrum, though this reading is sanctioned by Gell. 20, 6, 14 and adopted by Jordan, the right reading is uostri (nostri is in PC); 7. a redupl. nom. tute and in old writers acc. tete, abl. tete occur, as in Enn. an. 46 V, see above § 1; tute scis, Naev. 37 R; and Cic. Att. 8, 3, 2; modo tute ipse te (so mss, Bothe tete) offirma et compara, Att. 372 R; tute ipse aderis, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 54; Verum id quod multo tute ipse fatebere maius, Verg. B. 3, 35; for the quantity of the e, cf. tutimet in § 10; tete esse (rather tete 'sse) huic noxae obnoxio, Att. 429 R; Epidice, nisi quid tibi in tete auxiliist, absumptus es, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 76; cf. for reduplic. sese; 8. tute with suff. ne becomes tutin, S. (Hercle) nidi. P. Tutin? S. Egomet duobus his oculis meis, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 19; 9. met is also added to the dat. tibi, as also to uos and uobis, and in Sen. to acc. te, nay even to gen. tui in Prisc. 947; Petet undecumque temet haec dextra et feret, Sen. Herc. f. 1016; ita uosmet aibatis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 18; a cuius crudelitate uosmet ipsi armis nindicastis, Liv. 3, 56, 3; 10. the nom. tu takes two suffixes te and met, as tutemet or rather tutimet, C. Laudabis. S. Videsis. C. Tutimet (so Fleckeisen) mirabere, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 133; Tütümēt in culpa cum sis neque cernere possis, Lucr. 4, 915; Tutemet (tutimet?) a-nobis iam quouis tempore uatm..., 1, 102; 11. with pte (prob. for ipsi or rather apti=ατρο, cf. reapse), uopte pro uos ipsi Cato posuit, Paul. ex Fest. 379; 12. a gen. tis (for tu-is, cf. δῖς for δν-ῖς), Vt ita te aliorum miserescat ne tis (so Ritschl with A) alios miserat, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 62; Mis (al. mei) te rogandi et tis (al. tui) respondendi mei, Ps. 1, 1, 6; Quia tis egeat, quia te careat; ob eam rem huc ad te missast, Mil. 4, 2, 42; in ovs desinens genetiuis solet apud nos in is definiri, in ou uero in i...; sic εμου σου mei tui, εμουσ σουσ mis tis, Prisc. 955; cf. mis old gen. of ego; 13. an old form of dat. is tibe; quibus sei in longa licu(i)set tibe utier

uita, CIL 33, 5; also tibi, but as a pyrrhic, De decuma uictor tibi Lucius Mummius donum..., 542; Quod fugis quod iactas tibi quod datur speruere noli, 1453; 14. in Pl. ted seems to occur as an acc. (perh. for tete), Et ob eam rem in carcerem ted esse compactum scio, Men. 5, 5, 39 (but see mss); Tollam ego ted (so BC, tet D) in collum atque intro hinc auferam, Bac. 3, 6, 42—where note the long e—; Immo oro ut facias Chrysale et ted (so BC) opsecro, 4, 8, 68; C. Obsecro, sanus es? S. Sanus quom ted (so mss) amo, Cas. 2, 3, 16; 15. also as an abl. (with the d of the old abl.), Loqui atque cogitare sine ted arbitro, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 2; cf. med from ego and sed from sui; 16. from a root teb or teu, whence tu of tui, tuus; for the b or u of the root, cf. S. gen. tav-a, old Sl. gen. teb-e and instr. tob-oro. Compare too sui with its root seb or seu; 17. so too uo of uos may well stand for dno; cf. uiginti for duiginti; 18. a word for the second person may well be connected with duo, and its root dub as seen in dub-ius. So in Chinese eul means both thou and two.

**Tullia**, ae, f. dim. [Tullia] dr. of Cicero, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 1 and 6; 14, 2, 1.

1 **tullius** (tullius), ii, m. [?] a jet or cascade, Animam (so or aiā Herman cj., mss Ajax) sanguine tepidum (so cj., mss sanguine tepido) tullii efflantes uolant, Enn. in Aiace, ap. Fest. 352 b 3, wh. F. notes: (Tullios alii dixerunt esse silanos, alii riuos, alii uehementes projectiones sanguinis arcuatum fluentis quales sunt Tiburi in Aniene; = συμριγγες of Soph., cf. Soph. Ai. 918 and 1411; tolli aquarum proiectus quales sunt in Aniene, Suet. in Müller's Fest. p. 382, 17 and Rh. Mus. 5, 252.

2 **Tullius** (Tullius), ii, m. [from praeu. Tullus] name of a gens, as of the king Servius Tullius, puero qui Seruio Tullio fuit nomen, Liv. 1, 39, 1 and 5; 2. of M. Tullius Cicero, Cic. fam. 14, 3, 1; 14, 4, 1; M. Tulli on a denar., CIL 369; M. Tull. imp. 527 (a.u.c. 703); C. Antoni M. Tuli cos. 599 (a.u.c. 691); 3. Q. Pomponius Q. f. L. Ser. f. Tullii praetores, CIL 1148; 4. Tullia, a female of same gens, as dr. of Servius, Liv. 1, 46, 2, 6 and 8; also dr. of Cicero.

## V.

**V** (u), the 20th letter of the Roman alphabet, grew out of the letter O, the circle left open above, and thus was a letter added to the Cadmean alphabet, which, like the Hebrew, ended with t; 2. hence Prisc. 554, 16: V multis Italiae populis non erat in usu, sed e contrario utebantur O; 3. at the beginning of words before a vowel, and in the middle between vowels, it was pronounced as our w, and called u consonans, ex uocalibus i et n transeunt in consonantium potestatem cum aut ipsae inter se geminantur, ut luno, uita; aut quando alius uocalibus applicantur ut uates, uelox, uox, lanus, iecur, Diom. 416, 19; 4. when a syllable consists of a guttural or s followed by an o or u, the addition of a syllable with an i or e is in all languages apt to cause a change of the o or u into ue or ui (we, wi), and then the guttural or s often falls off. Thus g e or s seems, but only seems, to be changed into a u (w). Thus, from a root eor (= cur of curr- revolve) came a form quermi-, aft. uermi-; and from a root σσx as Greek came first a form σφέx, whence the Lat. ueh- as well as εχω, σx-ησω. See uermis, ueho and uelum. Thus it corresponded to the Greek digamma F and Hebrew uau. Hence, Aeolicae literae qua seruum ceruumque dicimus, etiamsi forma a nobis repudiata est, nis tamen nos ipsa persequitur, Quint. 12, 10, 29; so also Huic (u) digamma ascribi solet, ut cum sibi praepositur ut serfus, Fulgus, Diom. 416, 32; nostri praecoptores seruum ceruumque u et o litteris scripserunt, quia

subiecta sibi uocalis in uuum sonum coalescere et confundi acquirit; nunc u gemina scribuntur ea ratione quam reddidi; neutro sane modo uox quam sentimus efficitur, Quint. 1, 7, 26. Hence Claudius employed an inverted F,  $\mathbb{F}$ , to denote the sound, as seen in Marini's Iser. Atti p. 97 and AMPLIARIT TERMINANTOQUE, INSCR. OR. 710; FIAM CLAVDIAM AALERIAM, 711; SERILIAE ARIOL...LIB. AMERINVS EX AIVS, 714; nec inutiliter Claudius Aeolicam illam ad hos usus litteram adiecerat, Quint. 1, 7, 26; hence often found in Latin words, where the Greek had a digamma, uis *fis*, nēr *seap*, Achius *Aχαιφος*, diuus *diuos*, ouis *oſis*, uinum *ſouos*, uicus *ſoukos*, uideo *ſouδα*; 5. after a guttural, q or g, it was eventually not pronounced: u litera interdum nec uocalis nec consonans habetur, cum inter q literam consonantem et aliam uocalem constituitur ut quoniam quidem, Diom. 416, 29; est quando (u) amittit uim tam uocalis quam consonantis, ut cum inter q et aliam uocalem ponitur, ut quis, quam; hoc idem plerumque patitur etiam inter g et aliquam uocalem ut sanguis, lingua. Cf. the Fr. habit as in qui, quel, gué, guerre. Hence too the possibility of short vowels in āqua, nēque, decōquit;

II 6. letter-changes: a long u has often superseded oi and oe of the older language, as coirare 26 times in CIL vol. 1, also coerare 56 times, comoinem loidos and loedos, moinicium moiro and moerus, ploirume oiunorsei oitile and oeti, Poenicas Poenicio for curare comunem etc., see Hübner's Index. So also elsewhere poeua, moenia, po-



moerium, Poeni, oenus, together with punirc, munia, murus, Punicus, unus; **7.** u doubled in old documents to denote a long u, as arbitratu, Iulius, luuci, Muucius, autei, CIL;

**8.** the silent u after q and g at times omitted in old writings, qum, CIL 1230; ungentarius, CIL 1065, 1268;

**9.** one u in place of uu or ou, in CIL, as fluio 199, 9; Flaus 277, iuenta 885;

**10.** very rarely u for ou of distinct syllables, as aeditus for aedituus, CIL fast. Ant. 2, 28; mortus for mortuus, fast. Cap. a. 578; **11.** u omitted in other words, in CIL, as Noembres, 831, 884, 909, 924; noicia, 819; uius, 1223; **12.** and often a short u between consonants at all times, as oraclum, periclum, poplus, whence poplicus and publicus, tableis=tabulis, CIL 200, 46; Treblanus, 1461; **13.** short u of the older language superseded by i in the later, hence sumus, quacsumus, but scribimus etc.; optumus infumus decumus, aft. optimus infumus decimus; aestumaro recuperare lubet capitalis, aft. aestimare recipere libet capitalis;

**14.** u in gerunds often superseded an e, as capiundis, deducundae, deferundo etc. of CIL, including faciundum 32 times, also gerundum in law-writers, and eundum with its compounds at all times. So also redeuntis etc. by the side of rediens; add condunnari CIL 197, 10 for condemnari; **15.** a long u for au in frude for fraude, CIL 198, 64; cf. defruda-re; so also cludo by the side of claudo, as well as recludere etc.;

**16.** u in place of o, as Apullonius, CIL 1039; facitud, 813; Laudicaes, 1212; lungum, CIL. So for tabula there was an older tabola; **17.** u from a false learning has often been made to give place to the non-Latin letter y, and this in non-Greek words, but murtus, cumba, corulus are truer forms than myrtus, cymba, corylus; and Sylla for Sulla is a mere monstrosity; **18.** u consonans in place of b, as libertatus, CIL 1063; uasi for basi, inscr. Or. 2504. See b; **19.** u between vowels was often elided, as contio for coentio, nuper for noniper, dis for diues, semosses for semouisses, amasti for amauisti, bobus for bouibus, malo for mauolo, acternus for aeuiternus, aetas for aeuitas. Cf. our sennight for sevennight, een for even, Evesham pron. Esham, and the Welsh Lerpwl for Liverpool; **III 20.** abbreviations: V. for uir, CIL 1250, 1252; inscr. Or. 3764; V. A. uixit annos, CIL 1422; V. S. uici seitu, 1285; cf. 146 and 1467; V. S. uotum soluit, 1468; V. F. uiuos fecit, 1082, 1411; cf. inscr. Or. 3751, 4350; also for uerba fecerunt etc., 642, 775, 3114, 4040-19; **21.** ou coins, V. for uti (rogas), CIL 478; **22.** in letters V for ualeo etc., Cic. passim; also **23.** in late writings V. C. uir clarissimus, inscr. Or. 13 and 2244; V. Valens (legio), 476;

**24.** V as a numeral for quinque, five, being probably the upper half of X decem.

**Vāala, Vāla** and **Valla**, a Roman cognomen, written aa for a long a in a coin of the gens Numonia, Morell. numism. fam. R.; Vala Numonius, legatus Vari, Vell. 2, 119, 5; quod caelum Vala Salerni, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 1; L. Tuccius medicus Valla, Plin. 7, 183.

**uācans**, part. of uaco q. v.; **2.** as adj. unoccupied, without an owner, vacant, deserted, as bona u., Marc. 30, 114, 2; uelut parens omnium populus uacantia teneret, Tac. an. 3, 28; **3.** performing no duty, superfluous, useless, putare ueteres dixerunt uacantia ex quaque re ac non necessaria auferre et excidere, Gell. 6, 5 med.;

**4.** as sb. m. a soldier who is relieved of many duties, ex campidoctore uacans, Amm. 15, 3; quod nullum adscripticium, id est uacantem haberet, Treb. xxx Tyr. 18;

**5.** mulier uacans, a woman without any legal protector, as a husband, qui uacantem mulierem rapuit, ultimo supplicio punitur, Marc. dig. 48, 6, 5; **6.** uacanter, adv., idly, for no purpose, Gell. 17, 10 f.

**uācantiuus?** adj. belonging to the class uacantes, a sinecurist, iureiurando se constrinxit ne quem adscriptum, id est uacantium haberet, Lamprid. Alex. Seu. 15, as corrected by Gruter.

**uācātio** (uoc.), ōnis, f. [uaco] the being without work, freedom from a burden or duty, exemption, immunity, with a gen. of the from what, as omnium munerum, Cic. N. D. 1, 20; publici muneris, fam. 9, 6 f.; omnium rerum, Verr. 2, 4, 23; malorum, Sen. ep. 85, 5; esp. from military service,

militiae cis uocatio (sic) esto, Lex repet. 77; aut ei uocatio (sic) rei militaris legibus erit, Lex Iulia munic. 93 and 103; Druides militiae uacationem omniumque rerum habent immunitatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 14, 1; rorum iudicandarum uocationem (sic) dari, Senec. lud. 11; **2.** with ab of the whence, a causis, Cic. leg. 1, 4; ab belli administratione, Liv. 23, 32, 15; **3.** with quominus and subj., uacationem angures, quominus iudiciis operam darent, non habere, Cic. Brut. 117; **4.** absol. of military service, delectum haberi sublati uacationibus, Cic. Phil. 5, 31; militibus neceteris uacationem esse senatui placere, 5, 53; **5.** with gen. of the ground of the claim, on the score of, si me non modo rerum gestarum uacatio neque aetatis excusatio uideat a labore, Cic. Sul. 26; adolescentiae, Cacl. 30; aetatis, Nep. Att. 7; **6.** the fine or purchase money for exemption from service, Otho promisit ex fisco suo uacationes annuas exsolutorum, Tac. h. 1, 46.

**uacca**, ae, f. a cow (probably of the same root with bon-), Cic. N. D. 1, 77; Verg. B. 9, 31; G. 2, 524; Varr. r. 2, 5, 6; Colum. 6, 21, 1.

**uaccinium**, ū, n. whortle-berry, u. myrtillus Linn., Verg. B. 2, 18; 10, 39; used as a dye, Vitr. 7, 14; Ov. tr. 1, 1, 5; Plin. 16, 77.

**uaccinus**, a, um, adj. [uacca] of a cow, cow's, lac, Plin. 25, 94; medulla, 28, 185; iocur, 28, 204; caseus, 28, 205.

**Vaccius**, a Roman cognomen, Varr. r. 2, 5, 2.

**uac-cūla**, ac, f. dim. [uacca] a little cow, a heifer, Catul. (?) 20, 14; **2.** a Rom. cognomen, M. Voconius Vacula, inscr. Grut. 489, 11.

**Vaccus**, i, m. a Rom. cognomen, as of M. Vitruuius Vaccus, Liv. 8, 19, 4; Vacci prata, ib. and Cic. dom. 101.

**uācēfio**, vb. [from uaca-, as labe-fio from labe-] become empty, written as two words by Lachmann, multusque uacē fit In medio locus, Lucr. 6, 1005; unde uacē fit eumque locus, 1017.

**uācerra**, ae, f. a log, a post, stipes ad quem equos solent religare, Aelius ap. Fest. 375; **2.** a large cage for wild animals, ratio postulat uacerris includi; sic enim appellatur genus elatorum; idque fabricatur ex robore, quereu, uel subere, Colum. 9, 1, 3; cf. 6, 19, 2; **3.** met. of stupid persons, a log, a blockhead, Liv. Andron. and Ateius ap. Fest. 375; **4.** a Rom. cognomen, Cic. fam. 7, 8, 2.

**uācerrōsus**, adj. [uacerra § 3] crazy, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 87.

**uacila**, a mode of writing uatia, wh. sec.

**uācillātio**, ōnis, f. swaying to and fro, of an orator's gesture, est et illa indecora in dextrum ac laeuum latus uacillatio alternis pedibus insistentium, Quint. 11, 3, 128; Suet. Claud. 21 f.

**uācillātor**=συκοφαντης, Gloss.

**uācillo** and **uacillo**, āre, vb. [root uac=that of Germ. wank-en and schwank-en and our wag, wav-cr, as also sway, and swagger; Fr. vague a wave; also Sansk. cac wli. Bopp translates by uacillare] sway to and fro, stagger, reel, esp. of a drunken man, quosdam ex uino uacillantes, Cic. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 66; cum uini uis penetrarit...praepeiduntur Crūrā uacillantī, tardescit linguā, mādēt mens, Lucr. 3, 479; also generally, Et rāmōsā tāmeu cum uentis pulsā uacillans, 5, 1096; Dēniquē sat pēdibus tellus cum tōtā uacillat, 5, 1235; Hac igitur ratione uacillant omnia tecta, 6, 575; but in 3, 504 with a different qty.: Tum quasi uacillans primum consurgit et omnis etc. So also with cc, uacillare, Nonius 34 (cod. Leid.); **2.** met. waver, sway to and fro, vacillate, tota res uacillat et claudicat, Cic. N. D. 1, 38, 107; iustitia u., off. 3, 118; legio u., Phil. 3, 30; γερωντικωτερον est memoriola uacillare, Att. 12, 1, 2; in uetere aere alieno uacillat, reel like drunken men, Cat. 2, 21; fama u., Lucr. 4, 1124; testes, Mod. dig. 22, 5, 2.

**uācīuē**, adv. from uacius.

**uācīuitas**, or rather uociuitas, ātis [from uociuus] emptiness, Ita cibi uociuitate uenio laxis lactibus, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 40.

**uācīuus**, or rather uōciuus, older form of uacuis [uāca-old form uāca-] adj. empty, void, Accipite et date uociuas (so ms A) aures dum eloquor, Pl. Trin. pr. 11; Valens afflicet me uociuum uirum, Bac. 1, 2, 46; Fac sis uociuas Psen-



dule aedis anrium, Ps. 1, 5, 54; At bene uocinas aedis fecisti mihi, Cas. 3, 4, 6; Aures nociuae (so ms Pat.) si sunt, animum aduertite, ib. prol. 29; Sine me uociuom tempus ne quod dem mihi Laboris, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 38—in all which the metre rejects the form uacuuus. For the o rather than a seo uaco.

**uāco**, older form uoco, āre, vb. [perhaps mimetic, from noise on tapping an uocyo barrel] be empty, be without, be free from, be unoccupied; aedes, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 7; domus superior, Cic. Att. 12, 10; triclinium, 13, 52, 1; agri, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 1; cera, without writing, Ov. am. 1, 11, 19; ripae, without water, Sen. Thy. 107; **2.** with abl. of what is wanting, Constitere amues perennes, arbores nento uacant, Enu. s. ap. Macrob. s. 2 p. 513 J; terra et lumore, Cic. Tusc. 1, 65; hoste, Verg. 3, 123; culpa, Cic. fau. 7, 3, 4; cura et negotio, leg. 1, 8; **3.** with ab, haec a custodiis classium loca maxime uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 5; a metu ac periculis, Liv. 7, 1, 7; **4.** in law, be without an owner, possessio, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 37; see uacans; **5.** esp. be exempt from duties, be relieved, uacat aetas nostra muneribus iis quae etc., Cic. sen. 34; milites ab opere uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 76, 2; Vtrum di omni curatione rerum uacant, Cic. N. D. 1, 2; respublica et milite et pecunia uacat, from the task of supplying them, Liv. 2, 48, 9; **6.** absol. be idle, be at leisure, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 2; tam. 12, 30, 1; Hor. od. 3, 18, 11; **7.** and with dat. of that to which one's leisure time can be given, be at leisure for, philosophiae, Cic. diu. 1, 11; sermoni, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 2; huic uni (curae), 3, 5, 15; libellis legendis, Suct. Aug. 45; clientium negotiis, Tac. an. 16, 22; also with in and acc., in nullum opus, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 35; in cibos, am. 2, 6, 29; and even an inf., Tu Tyrias acies... uacasti sternere, Stat. Theb. 8, 185; **8.** with dat. of person, have leisure to receive a person, be at home for him, queruntur de superiorum fastidio, quod ipsos adire nolentibus non uacauerint, Sen. dial. 10, 2, 5; mors interim adierit, cui, uelis nolis, uacandum est, 10, 8, 5; **9.** imp. uacat, there is leisure, one has leisure, with dat. of person, Verg. 1, 373; Ov. tr. 2, 216; and Pont. 3, 3, 1; Plin. ep. 1, 10, 11; Iuv. 1, 21. So of Inppiter, Haetēnus iudulsiſſe uacat, Verg. 10, 625; imitated by Sil. 17, 373. The forms uoca-, uocation-, uociuo-, nocuo- are now admitted to be right for all the older authors. The first appearance of an a in inser. is said to be uacuum in the lex Malacitana c. 64 of the age of Domitian; but already eas (uias) faciunt pateant uacuaeque sient occurs in the lex agr. of a. u. c. 643. See CIL p. 81, xxviii. Cf. Bergk Zeitschrift für Alterth. 1848 p. 1127; Fleckeisen Jahn's Annal. vol. 60, p. 255, Bücheler Rhein. Mus. n. f. 13, 583; Mommsen CIL p. 70.

**uacuāneus**, uacuuus uacuatius, not. Tir. p. 54.

**uacuātius**, adj. see prec.

**uacūē**, adv. from uacuuus.

**uacuēfācio**, faciēre, fēci, factus, vb. make empty, empty, ista subsellia uacuefacta sunt, Cic. Cat. 1, 16; uenas inedia, Macr. s. 7, 12, 17; locum (alicui) in cena, 1, 2, 10, give up a place to him; bello uacuefactas possessiones, ps. Nep. Timol. 3, 2; turpi sentina uacuefactus exercitus, Val. Max. 2, 7, 1.

**uacuītas**, ātis, f. [uacuo- adj.] empty space, interueniorm uacuitates (speaking of stones), Vitr. 2, 7; **2.** vacancy (in public offices), quantum cupiditatem hominibus inicit uacuitas, non te fugit, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 2; **3.** freedom, relief (from), w. gen. molestiae, Cic. flu. 1, 37; doloris, 2, 34 and 37; aegritudinis, Tusc. 5, 42; **4.** with ab, ab angoribus, Cic. off. 1, 73.

**Vācūna**, ao, f. a goddess worshipped by the Sabines, who had a temple and sacred grove near the Nar, Haec tibi dictābam post fanum pūtrē Vācūnae, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 19; where Aeron: V. apud Sabinos plurimum colitur; antiquae sacra Vācūnae, Ov. F. 6, 307; iuxta Vacnae nemora, Plin. 3, 109; **2.** as the goddess of idleness in late authors, Quas si solueris o poeta nugas, Totam tradō tibi simul Vacunam, Auson. ep. 4, 98; Qui legis haec, diuae bona nerba precare Vacnae, Nunc saltem uacuo donet ut esse mihi, poet. ap. Bonad. carm. ex lapide 2, p. 536.

**Vācūnalis**, adj. of Vacuna, Antē Vacuanales...focos, Ov. F. 6, 308.

**uācuo**, āre, vb. [uacuo-] make empty, empty, rarior aer Factus iuanitusque locus magis ac uacuuus, Lucr. 6, 1025; dolia, Colum. 12, 50, 14 (al. euacuata); sulenm, 3, 13, 10; Elysium nemus, Mart. 11, 5, 6; colus, Sidon. 22, 197.

**uācuus**, older form uocuuus\*, still older uociuus, adj. [uoca- or uaca-] empty, void, free from, with ab, or a mere abl., or gen., but this chiefly in poets, first with ab, neque erat quisquam a telis uacuuus, without weapons, Acc. ap. Fest. 265; Messana ab his rebus uacua atque nuda est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 3; oppiduum uacuum ab defensoribus, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 2; dies nullus ab exercitationibus oratoris uacuuus, Cic. Brut. 309; hora nulla uacua a furto sceleris crudelitate, Verr. 2, 1, 34; **2.** with abl. alone, nihil igni uacuum, Cic. Tim. 4; uacua defensoribus moenia, Liv. 42, 63, 6; ense ebnr uacuum, Ov. M. 4, 148; **3.** with gen., laboris, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 38; ager frugum uacuuus, Sal. lug. 90, 1; uacuuus habuissim criminis umbras, Ov. M. 6, 541; Fraus absit, uacuuus caedis habete manus, a. a. 1, 642; operum uacuo, Hor. s. 2, 2, 119; perhaps also, uacua castra hostium conspicuata, Caes. b. g. 7, 45, 7; **4.** absol., Et iam porticibus uacuuus Iunonis asylo, Verg. 2, 761; uacuo patuerunt aequore campi, 12, 710; **5.** esp. relieved (of trouble), exempt, having immunity, omni tributo, Tac. an. 12, 61; a securibus et tributis, 12, 34; **6.** unoccupied, at leisure, idle, dies hic mi ut satis sit uerere Ad ageudum, ne uacuum esse (uociuum?) me nunc ad narrandum credas, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 23; in longum sermonem me uocas, quem tamen suscipiam et quoniam uacuuus sumus, dicam, Cic. leg. 1, 13; **7.** or easy in mind, light-hearted, postquam Rutilium condesidisse iam et animo uacuum accepit, Sal. lug. 52, 6; proelia uirginum Cantamus uacuuus siue quid urimur Non praeter solitum leues, Hor. od. 1, 6, 17; paucitatem nostrorum uacuuus spernebant, Tac. Agr. 37; **8.** without meaning, empty, idle, si respublica et senatus et populus uacua (so ms Flor., al. uana) nomina sunt, Tac. h. 1, 30; similisque teuenti Non tenet, et uacuos exeret in aera morsus, Ov. M. 7, 786; uacua et inanis productio (uerbi), Gell. 11, 15, 6; **9.** of property, without an owner, vacant, in quam (possessionem) homiuus quasi cadneam atque uacuum uiuolauerunt, Cic. de or. 3, 132; uacuum possessionem regni sperans, Caes. b. c. 3, 112, 9; ut scribare secundus Heres, et siquis casus puerum egerit Orco, In uacuum uenias, Hor. s. 2, 5, 47; pronin-cium uacuuus morte Atilii, Tac. Agr. 40; uacuuusque rursus Armeniam inuasit, au. 12, 50; sacerdotia uacua contulit in alios, 6, 40; ne bona hereditaria uacua sine domino diuitius iacerent, eod. Iust. fr. 1 pr. § 12; si uelimus uacuum possessionem nobis tradi; and soon after, ut postea nobis de uacua possessione tradenda nulla uerserit actio, Gai. 4, 131; similarly uacuuus equus, Liv. 27, 16—without a rider; and of a woman without a husband, whether widow, as: Irin ad Hersilium descendere linite curuo Imperat et uacuae (al. uiduae) sua sic mandata referre, Ov. M. 14, 831; or one divorced, ubi mulier uacua fuit, Tac. an. 13, 44; or of one not yet married, Elige de uacuuus quam non sibi uindictae alter, Ov. her. 20, 149; with met. from a horse without a rider: ān ego te uocuuus\* atque animosam Thessalam ut indomitam frenis subigam ante domeinquo? Lucil. ap. Non. 401, 4; 233, 13, corrected by Bachrens, Rh. Mus. 29, 361 and T H K; ms acuum (prob. due to a marginal correction a, i. e. read uacuum, not uocuum, wh. misunderstood led to acuum); **10.** u. pecunia, money lying idle, not invested, Scaev. dig. 16, 3, 28; Afric. 19, 5, 25 f.; **11.** note the special use in, quum morte superioris uxoris nouis nuptiis domum uacuum fecissis, Cic. Cat. 1, 6; Aurelia creditur necato filio uacuum domum scelestis nuptiis fecisse, Sall. Cat. 15, 3; continuatis funeribus quum domos uacuas nouo matrimonio fecissent, Liv. 1, 46, 9; **12.** uacuum est = uacat, there is leisure, one has leisure, postquam simulatas exercere uacuum fuit, Sal. ap. Gell. 9, 12, ubi securas opes concupiscere uacuum fuit, Tac. h. 2, 38; **13.** as sb. n. empty space, multo uacuum (al. uacuu) inuius intus habere, Lucr. 1, 367—esp. with prep., publicani per uacuum irruerunt, Liv. 25, 3, 18; in uacuum poterunt se extendere rami, Verg.



(t. 2, 287; Quo ne per uacuum Romano incurreret hostis, Hor. s. 2, 1, 37.

**uādātus**, part. see uador.

**uādēs**, sb. pl. see uas.

**Vadimonis lacus**, a small lake of Etruria near the Tiber, now perhaps Lago Bagnaccio, held sacred and noted for its floating islands, described at length in Plin. ep. 8, 20; see also Liv. 9, 39, 5; Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 3; Plin. 2, 209; Flor. 1, 8, 21.

**uādīmōnium**, ii, n. [uas uad-is; cf. patrimonium] a promise to appear in court under a penalty, bail, hence *facere* or *promittere* u. to enter into recognizances, give bail; qui in ius uocatus fuerit ab aduersario, ni eo die finierit negotium, uadimonium ei faciendum est, id est, ut promittat se certo die sisti, Gai. 4, 184 etc. wh. see; hence u. *promittere* to give bail, quod u. eius rei c(ausa) consul praetorae promitti iusserit, lex agr. (of 643), 34; in eum qui ita uadimonium excreto eius que ibei i. d. p. (iure deicundo praerit) non promisscrit..., lex Rubr. 2, 22; so u. ultro mihi hic facit, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 19; quacsiuit quo die u. istuc factum esse diceret, Cic. Quinct. 18, 57; fatetur u. promississe, 63; hominem iubet Lilybaeum u. Venerio seruo promittere, Verr. 2, 5, 54; Tantundem est: feriunt pariter, uadimonia deinde Irati faciunt, Iuv. 3, 298. In Lucr. 4, 1123 the reading is Babylonia fuit; **2.** concipere u. to draw a bail-bond, negat in tanta multitudine quemquam fuisse qui u. concipere posset, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; **3.** constituere u. to settle a bail, Cic. sen. 7; **4.** sistere u. to appear in court in accordance with one's bail, quod si u. capite obnoluto stitisses, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 14; where Gell. adds stitisses dictum a Catone quoniam sisteretur u., non staretur; Fulviae tanta diligentia officium suum praestitit, ut uallum illa stiterit u. sine Attico, hic sponsor omnium rerum fuerit, Nep. Att. 9; uenit Romam Quinctius; u. sistit, Cic. Quinct. 29; and with u. understood, testificatur P. Quinctium non stitisse et stitisse se, 25; so also, but not technical, ad u. non uenit, and qua tibi (hora) non sit obitum, 16; **5.** differre u. put off the appearance, Cic. Att. 2, 7; Quinct. 22; 23; **6.** deserere u. fail to appear and so forfeit the recognizances, Cic. Quinct. c. 18 three times; and 75; so also, ad u. non uenit, 52; **7.** missum facere u., let the bail be discharged, Cic. Quinct. 46; **8.** met., amatorem tibi uadimonio sistam, Apul. M. 9, p. 227, will produce him or forfeit my recognizances; and so, promissae libidinis u. flagitat, 10, p. 240.

**1** **uādo**, āre, vb. [uādum sb.] ford, flumina quae sine pontibus nadari nequeunt, Veg. mil. 2, 25.

**2** **uādo**, ēre, vb. [the root uād- = βᾶν of βαῶν = our gang] (the perf. uasi in Tert. Pall. 3) go, march, esp. in mil. lang., go boldly, urgenti uadit cursu, Enn. an. 470 V; Rem repetunt regnumque petunt, uadunt solida ui, 277 V; inferenda suut signa et uadendum in hostem, Liv. 7, 24, 6; per tela, per hostes Vādīmūs haud dūbiam in mortem, Verg. 2, 358; non ego per praiceps et acuta cacūmina uadam, Ov. a. a. 1, 381; nec uadere per hostes tam parua manu poterat, Tac. h. 3, 41; and of Tullia to her charioteer: Vadis an expectas pretium pietatis amarum? Duc inquam inuitas ipsa per ora rotas, Ov. F. 6, 607; **2.** in a quieter sense, or met., ad eum postridie mane uadebam, Cic. Att. 4, 10, 2; Lentulus hodie apud me: cras mane uadit, 14, 11, 2; Euphrates in Mesopotamiam uadit per Seleuciam, Plin. 5, 90; **3.** hence all of Fr. aller (cf. vais vas va), and of Ital. and-are, and Neapolitan an-are. See also ambulo. Of the same kiu wand- of Germ. wand-el-n and wand-er-n.

**uādor**, -āri, vb. r. [uad-e sibi facere] as plaintiff, make (a person) enter into recognizances to meet one's claim, get bound over under bail, with acc. of person, S. Vadatur hic me. P. Utinam uades desiat, in carcere ut sis, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 18; debere tibi dicis Quinctium, procurator negat; in ius uocas, sequitur, Cic. Quinct. 61; ut se iam neque uadari amplius neque uadimonium promittere; and soon after, hominem in praesentia nou nadatur; ita sine uadimonio disceditur, 23; in uinclā conici uetant; sisti reum pecuniamque nisi sistatur, populo promitti placere pronuntiant; uades dare placuit; tot uadibus accusator uadatus est, renm. Hic primus uades

publicos dedit, Liv. 3, 13; et cāsū tunc responderē uādāto (Bentley uadatus) Debebat, quod ni fecisset perdere litem, Hor. s. 1, 9, 36; and jokingly, infit ibi postulare plorans eiulans, Ut sibi liceret miluom uadarius, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 40;

II perf. part. as pass., bound over in recognizances, met., ita me uadatum amore uinctumque adtiues, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 3; nec mihi amatore hoc opus nec tricone nadato, Lucil. ap. Non. 8; memineris mihi reliqua uitae tuae curricula ad usque terminos ultimi spiritus uadata, Apul. M. 11; uadatus, obstrictus, uel sub fideiussione ambulans: sicut Fenestella ait, Fulg. 567.

**uādum**, i, n. [uād- root of uād-o, as dic-, dūc of dico dūco] ground, bottom in reference to water, as of the sea, river or well, Sicca diu fuerat tellus; sitis uisuerat herbas: Sedit limoso pressa carina uado, Ov. F. 4, 300; qua duobus locis uada nndabat amnis...exercitus traduxerunt, Liv. 39, 30, 10; frequentes taeniae candicantis nadi carius terant, Plin. 3 praef. 4; supcr omnia uena obseruatio ut e uado (sc. putei) exsiliat uena, non e lateribus, 31, 39; ostrea neque in luto, neque in harenosis, sed solido uado, 32, 60; hence temptare uadum, to try and find the bottom, to sound, illi uadum fluminis temptare si transire possent, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 4; and met., Cera uadum temptet rasis iufusa tabellis, Ov. a. a. 1, 437; **2.** hence of shallow water, a ford in a river, carinae planiores quo facilius uada ac decessum aestus excipere possent, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 1; Rhodanus nonnullis locis uado transitur, 1, 6; equitem uado transmittere, Tac. an. 2, 11; leuior est piscis qui in alto quam qui in uado uiuit, Cels. p. 65, 38 D; **3.** in poets, gen. the sea, Immemor at iuuenis fugiens pellit uada remis, Catul. 64, 58; et longā ualeant nādā salsā carina, Verg. 5, 158; Nou tangenda rates transilint nada, Hor. od. 1, 3, 24; **4.** shallow water for the sailor has two aspects, to one about to land after a voyage it marks danger over, hence of two boats, Viden alteram illam ut fluctus eiecit foras? At iu uadost: iam facile enabit. Eugepae, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 82; met., Haec propemodum iam esse in uado salutis res uidetur, Aul. 4, 10, 73; omnis res est iam in uado, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 4; **5.** more frequently shoal water is a great danger, hence met., sed quoniam emersisse iam e uadis et scopulos praeterueta uidetur oratio mea, perfacilis mihi reliquus cursus ostenditur, Cic. Cael. 51; **6.** hence Fr. gué a ford.

**uādus**, i, sb. = uadum, Varr. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 115; Sal. ap. Non. 265.

**uae** or uē, interj. [sound of pain = oia, akin to Germ. wehe, our woe] woe, alas, gen. with dat., Vae illi qui tam indiligenter operauerat ianuam, Pl. As. 2, 2, 7; Vae illis uirgis miseris quae hodie in tergo uoriorunt mihi, Capt. 3, 4, 118; S. Ve (so BCD) capiti tuo. P. Immo tuo istuc Sceledre, promitto fore, Nisi etc., Mil. 2, 3, 55; uae misero mihi, quanta de spe decidi! Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 9; uae mihi, Eun. 4, 4, 41; **2.** esp. uae uictis, the exclamation of Brennus, aft. a proverb: m. pondo auri pretium populi... factum, rei adiecta indignitas est, additus ab Gallo ponderi gladius auditaque intoleranda Romanis uox, nae uictis esse, Liv. 5, 48, 9; uae uictis, uorte ergo tergum, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 19; cum ad iniqua pondera addito etiam gladio insuper uae uictis incerpant, Flor. 7, 17; **3.** uae uictis, a satire of Varro so entitled, Non. 156; **4.** with acc. (or old dat.?), uae te, Pl. As. 2, 4, 75; uae me, puto, concacui me, Sen. apocol. med.; **5.** absol., Mantua, uae, miserae nimum uicina Cremonae, Verg. B. 9, 28; Cum tu Lydia Telephi Laudas brachia, uae, meum Ferucns difficili bile tumet iecur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 2; **6.** as a prefix of nouns, = male, as ue-grandis, ill-grown, dwarf, ue-pallidus, very pale, Ve-diouis, the bad Iuppiter. Cf. the prefix in = male, and Phil. Essays, p. 394. That Fest. 372 wrote ue, not uae, is shown by the order of his words, but the Med. ms of Verg. has uacsausus.

**uaeneco** etc., see ueneo.

**uāfellus**, adj. dim. of uaffer, Fest. 7.

**uāf-er**, uāfra, uāfrum, adj. [?] many-coloured, spotted, pied, uaffer = uarius, multiformis, diuersipellis, Gloss. Hild. 288; so uafro as epithet of a calf, in Umbrian, tab.



Iguv. II b, 21, 24, 25; cf. Kuhn's Z. 16, 383; **2.** hence, like *ταυλος*, shifty, versatile, shrewd, Chrysippus Stoicorum somniorum uaferrimus habetur interpres, Cic. N. D. 1, 39; neu si uaferrimus et alter Insidiatorem praeroso fugerit hamo, Hor. s. 2, 5, 23; **3.** gen. in a bad sense, artful, esp. in use of words, shifty, sly, tricky, nou sunt in disputando uafri, non ueteratores, non malitiosi, Cic. rep. 3, 26; linguam uaftram, Pomp. 139 R; uafri insectia iuris, Hor. s. 2, 2, 131; Consultoque fui iuris amore uafri, Ov. her. 20, 30; nisi interrogationes uaferrimas struxero et conclusione falsa a uero nascens mendacium adstrinxero, non potero a fugiendis petenda discernere, Sen. ep. mor. 48, 5; Hannibalis uafri mores, Val. Max. 7, 3 ext. 8; uaftris ac fallaciosis et quasi Graecorum sophistarum sollicitis, Gell. 67, 3, 34; eauillent uafriora licet, Hier. ep. 38, 5; **4.** uabrum, uarium, multiforme, Gloss. Isid.; **5.** a Roman cognomen, L. Galerius Vafer, inser. Frat. Aru. p. 530.

**uafraumentum**, i, u. a sly trick, Val. Max. 3 ext. 2, and 7.

**uafre**, adv. sily, in a tricky way, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 132; Val. Max. 7, 3 ext. 2; **2.** = iuaequaliter, Gloss. Hild. 288.

**uafricia**, or uafritia, ae, f. [uafri] subtilty, slyness, Sen. ep. mor. 49, 7.

**uagab-undus**, [uagab-, older form of uaga-] part. or adj. strolling, wandering, nagabunda errando cursilatas, Fenest. ap. Fulg. 3, 9; flamma, Solin. 5 med.; per annos nouem quibus eos uagabundus audiui, Ang. conf. 5, 6; also 13, 5; in Sen. uit. b. 13, 12 Haese has ructabndus.

**uagatio**, onis, f. [uaga- vb.] strolling, wandering, Apul. de deo S. p. 50.

**uage**, see uagus.

**uagina**, ae, f. [?] (any) sheath, as of grain, spica in tritico tria habet continentia, granum, glumam, aristam, et ctiam primitus spica cum oritur, Varr. r. 1, 48, 1; frumentum quindecim diebus esse in uaginis, 32, 1; quae (herbescens ex semine uiriditas)...uaginis quasi pubescens includitur, Cic. sen. 51; **2.** esp. sheath of a sword, scabbard; gladium e uagina eduxit, Cic. inu. 2, 14; Vaginamque caua fulgentem deripit eusem, Verg. 10, 475; and met., habemus senatus consultum, uerum inclusum in tabulis, tanquam in uagina reconditum, Cic. Cat. 1, 4; conueniebant in uaginam tuam machaera militis? Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 85; **3.** also met. of animals' claws, etc., leones et similia condito in corporis uaginis unguium nucrone, ne refringantur hebetenturque, ingredi, Plin. 8, 41; (delphinus) pinnae aculeos nelnt uagina condens, 9, 25.

**uaginula**, ae, f. dim. a little sheath, as of grain, far in uaginulis suis seruand ad satus, Plin. 18, 61.

**uagio**, ire, iui, itum, vb. [mimetic] cry wah web, as a baby, cry, squall, Misera, nam audiuisset uocem pueri uisus uagientis, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 2; si quis deus mihi largiatur ut repuerescam et in cunis nagiam, Cic. sen. 83; Vagierunt ambō: pāriter sensissē pūtares, Ov. F. 2, 403; **2.** cry as a kid, of kids, multa ab animalium uocibus tralata in homines partim quae sunt aperta, partim obscura; perspicua ut...; minus aperta Ennii ab haedo: Clamor (clamos?) ad caelum uoluentis per aethera uagit, Varr. l. 7, 104; cf. obuagio and: uagitus similes puerilibus haedum Edentem, Ov. M. 14, 466; **3.** of the hare; Glaucit et catulus, at lepores uagiunt, carn. Phil. 60. Note the qty.

**uagitus**, ūs, sb. [uagi-] the crying of a baby, squalling, Ov. her. 11, 85; Plin. 7 praef. 2; Mart. 9, 21, 3; **2.** of an adult under an operation, chirurgus perinde faciet omnia ac si nullus ex uagitibus alterius affectus oriretur, Cels. 7, praef. med.

**uago**, are, see

**1 uāgor**, āri, vb. r. [uago- adj.] act the wanderer, wander, stroll, roam, tota Asia uagatur, Cic. Phil. 11, 6; aues huc illuc passim uagantes, diu. 2, 80; Germani latius nagabantur, Caes. b. g. 4, 6, 4; (cerui) Nunc interque cānēs et circum actā uāgantur, Verg. G. 3, 540; met., quorum uagetur animus errore, Cic. off. 2, 7; ne uagari et errare cogatur oratio, or. 1, 209; Votum pro reditu simulat, ea

fama uagatur, Verg. 2, 17; **2.** in old writers as a simple vb.; arbores uento uagant, Enn. tr. 151; recepta exsul incerte uagat, Pacuv. 225 R; triplici pertimefactus maerore animi incerte errans uagat, id. 302 R; uagant matronae percitae tumultuant, Att. 236 R; id. 409 R; uagent ruspantes siluas, sectantes feras, id. 441 R; uecordi uagas insania, Turpil. 121 R; per maritimas oras uagat, Varr. s. 148, 8 R; aut septem in utroque cum choro pari uagant, 203, 10; te adloquor niti probrique plena, Quae circum uicinos uagas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 14, go gadding about, wh. however uagas may = naga es, and so miss B 2 m., C, D.

**2 uāgor**, ōris, m. [uāg of uāgio] cry of babies, squalling, miscetur funere uāgor Quem pueri tollunt uisentis luminis oras, Lucr. 2, 576; **2.** of other cries, qui clamos oppugnantis uagore uolauti, Enn. an. 407 V. See uagio as used by Eun.

**uāgūlātio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uagula-; cf. also obuagulatam] repeated crying aloud, as before the house of an alleged offender by complainant, leg. xii ap. Fest.

**uāgūlus**, adj. dim. fitting about, Animula uagula blanda, Hospes comesque corporis, Quae nunc abibis in loca? etc. Hadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9.

**uāgus**, adj. [from a root uag- = Goth. gagg, our gang, = uāg of uādo] always on the go, wandering, roaming, cum uagus et exsul erraret, Cic. Cluent. 175; Gaetuli uagi palantes quas nox coegerat sedes habebat, Sal. Jug. 18, 2; At tū nautā uāgae nē parōē māliguū ārēnae, Hor. od. 1, 28, 23; utque nagi crines per colla iacebant, Ov. M. 2, 673; **2.** met. fickle, changeable, nou errantem et uagam, sed stabilem certamque sententiam, Cic. N. D. 2, 2; uide quam sit uaria uitae ratio, quam uaga uolubilisque fortuna, Mil. 69.

**uah**, interj. [perh. imper. uādē shortened; accordingly ua for uade occurs in a gloss; see Schuchardt Vocal. p. 393] be gone, have done, go to, enough, uah apage te a me, pestis te tenet, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 30; uah Quid illa pote peius quiequam mulierē memorarier? Most. 1, 3, 99; **2.** often denotes a pleasiug satisfaction or delight, that 'll do, good that, Vah, solus hic homost qui sciāt diuinitus, Pl. Curc. 2, 1, 33; Vah, gloriare euenisse ex sententia, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 17; uah! leno iniqua me non uolt loqui, Ad. 2, 1, 33; Tum autem Syrum impulsorem, uah, quibus illum lacerarem modis? 3, 2, 17; hence August. Tr. in Iohan. 51 cum delectamur uah dicimus;

**II 3.** at times a cry of pain (=ah), ah, oh, uah, perii, hoc malum integrascit, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 5. In this sense ah is often now found, where editors had uah.

**uāhā**, suggested by Priscian. 570, 6, as an older form of uah, and so Charis. 184 quoting from Afran. uaha, retinet nunc linguam mordicus; so also Val. Prob. 1430, 14: uah, siue uaha, ex breui et longa constat. Fleckeisen reads uaha in Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 30.

**ualdē**, and older uāldē, adv. [ualido- and ualdo- adj.] strongly, violently, loudly, very much, very, first with verbs, ut ualide touuit! Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 10; ut nunc ualide fluctuat mare! Rud. 2, 1, 10; and met. with placuerit, Merc. 1, 1, 103; and Cic. esp. in letters, as: exspecto, fan. 16, 19; quicquid uult ualide uult, Caes. ap. Att. 14, 1, 2;

**2.** with adj. u. magna, fam. 15, 17, 3; mala nalde est Bestia, Catul. 69, 7; **3.** with adv. u. uehementer eum uisum et libere dicere, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; u. grauitertulerunt, 1, 17, 8; u. bene, fam. 1, 8, 7; u. multum, Q. fr. 3, 9, 9; **4.** a strong assent, or affirmative answer, decidedly, assnredly, by all means, C. Legirupa. B. Valide. Ps. Pernicies adulescentum. B. Acerrime, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 130; C. Meam tu amicum uandidisti? B. Valide: uiginti minis, 1, 3, 110; **5.** comp. ualidius, Plin. 11, 54; Phaedr. 3, 16, 6; ualidius, Hor. ep. 1, 9, 6; and A. P. 321; ualidissime, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 2; Plin. ep. 9, 35, 1; 3, 15, 2; ualidissime, Sen. breu. u. 10, 8, 4.

**uālē**, see ualeo.

**uālēdico**, say farewell, better written as two words.

**uālēfācio**, fācēre, fēci, vb. say one's farewell, ualefacio, discessimus, Apul. M. 4; cum ualefēcisset collegae suo, and soon after, ualefaciens collegae suo, August. ep. 65.



**uālēns**, entis, part. as adj. strong, cum homo imbecillus a nālentissima bestia laniatur, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; robusti et ualentes et audaces satellites, agr. 2, 84; **2.** esp. strong in health, hearty, sound, medicus confirmat propediem te ualentem fore, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 2; **3.** of drugs etc. powerful, potent, efficacious, nimis ualentibus medicamentis, Cels. 1, p. 18, 30 D; siluestri papaueri capita longa et ad omnes effectus ualentiora, Plin. 20, 202; **4.** u. eibus, nourishing, ualentissimum uoco (legumen) in quo plurimum alimenti est, Cels. 2, p. 64, 17 D; **5.** powerful in a military sense, malle tantis ei (Caesari) uires (res-publica) nou dedisset, quam nunc tam ualenti resisteret, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 4; **6.** a Roman cognomen, as Val(erius) Valens, inscr. Or. 3596; and esp. of the emperor, 61, 1102, 2335 etc.; **7.** a title of the 20th legion, leg. Aug. xx. V. V. (Victrix Valens), inscr. Or. 2369, 2760, 3488.

**uālēnter**, adv. [ualens] powerfully, strongly, u. resistent, Colum. 1, 5 f.; spirare ualentius, Ov. M. 11, 481; dicebat u., Sen. contr. 3, 22 med.; si uerba numeres, absce; si sensum aestimes, ualenter, Val. Max. 3, 7, ext. 6.

**uālēntia**, ae, f. power, strength, omnes formidant hominis eius ualentiam, Naev. 3 R; sapientia gubernator torque nauem non ualentia, Titin. 127 R; ualentiam luctatoribus praebet, Macr. somn. 2, 14 med.; **2.** Valentia, a name given by Romans to many provincial towns, as on the Rhone, now Valence, Plin. 3, 36; Hippo or Vibo V. of the Bruttii, 3, 73; to the colonia V. on the Turius in Hispania, now Valenza, 3, 20; **3.** an old name of Rome, fabled to explain Roma (ῥωμη), Solin. 1; **4.** a goddess worshipped at Oeriuolum, Tert. apol. 24; hence inscr. found there: pro salute itus ac reditus... (Elagabali?) aedieulam... Aurelius Faustus... ex uisu dei Valentiae, s. p. f. e., inscr. Or. 1869.

**Valēntinus**, adj. of Valentia, an inhabitant of V., as of V. Vibo, Cic. Verr. 2, 40; of V. in Sardinia, Plin. 3, 85; **2.** a Roman cognomen, C. Iulius V., inscr. Maff. 248, 2; **3.** Valentinum, i, a town of Liguria, now Valenza, Foro Fului quod Valentinum (cognominatur), Plin. 3, 49.

**Valēntio**, ōnis, m. dim. a Rom. cognomen, Sex. Laetilius Valentio, inscr. Grut. 428, 4.

**uālēnt-ūlus**, adj. dim. little strong (creature), Obsecro ut ualentulast, pæne exposiuit canito, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 26.

**uāleo**, ēre, ui, uāliūtor, vb. be strong, plus potest qui plus ualet: Vir erat, plus ualebit, uicit; quod petebat apostulit (ancilla speaking), Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 39; alios nidemus uelocitate ad cursum, alios uiribus ad luctandum ualere, Cic. off. 1, 107; quid ferre recusent, Quid ualeant humeri, Hor. A. P. 39; Tum quia plus ualeo, me sequetur tertia (says the lion), Phaedr. 1, 5, 9; **2.** be strong in body or mind, have good health, be well, be sound, N. Benene usque ualuit? Ch. Pancratice atque athleticæ, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 14; Facile omnes quom ualeamus recta consilia aegrotis danus, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 9; Nam matri oculi si ualere mecum uenisset semul, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 8; E. Benene usque ualuit? S. A morbo quidem ualui, ab animo aeger fui, Epid. 1, 2, 26; ut inter optime ualere et grauissime aegrotare nihil prorsus dicerent interesse, Cic. fin. 2, 43; confection annis Micipsam parum animo ualuisse, Sal. Iug. 11, 5; ut uales? how do you do? Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 26; Hor. ep. 1, 5, 12; and jokingly: M. Ain tn te ualere? E. Pol ego hand a pecunia bene, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 9; **3.** impers. Sagaristio hic quidemst. Quid agitur Sagaristio? Vt ualeatur? Pers. 2, 5, 8; **4.** hence at head of letters, si uales, bene est; ego ualeo, Luceius ap. Cic. fam. 5, 14; or abbrev. S.V.B.E.E.V., Vatinus ap. Cic. fam. 5, 9; cf. 12, 15; Mos antiquis fuit usque ad meam seruatus aetatem primis epistulae uerbis adicere: si uales bene est, Sen. ep. 15, 1; **5.** In saying adieu, goodbye, imperat. uale, ualete, farewell, In hoc biduum Thais uale, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 110; quo pransi discedentes dicimus alius alii uale, Varr. s. 168, 2 R; also at the close of letters, uale mi Tiro, uale et salue, Cic. fam. 16, 4; ualete mea desideria, ualete, 14, 2; niue ualeque, Hor. s. 2, 5, 110; in quo illum agentem aliquid credo salutani, post etiam iussi ualere, Cic. Att. 5, 2, 2; **6.** so of a final or angry farewell, in subj. pres.: ualeant Qui inter nos dis-

cidium nolunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 13, farewell to those who...; si talis est deus ut nulla hominum caritate moueatur, ualeat, I say goodbye to him, Cio. N. D. 1, 124; quare ista ualeant: me res familiaris mouet, Att. 16, 15, 5; Castrā pētō: uāleatquē Vēnus, uāleantquē puellae, Tib. 2, 6, 9;

**7.** met. be powerful, have weight or influence, auail, plus opibus armis potentia, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 10; plurimum Bellouacos et uirtute et auctoritate et hominum numero ualere, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 5; potestis iam constituere hanc auctoritatem quantum apud exteras nationes ualituram esse existimetis, Cic. Manil. 46;

**8.** with ad to denote the direction of the power, ut inuidia laedat inuidos—mihī ualeat ad gloriam, Cic. Cat. 3, 29; sic et ad subcundum periculum et ad uitandum multum fortuna ualuit, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 4; multum ad terrendos nostros ualeat clamor qui post tergum pugnantibus existit, 7, 84, 4; as also the pron. adv. in o, Nescis quō uāleat nummus, quem praebēt ūsum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 73. See § 10. **9.** with inf. in poets and late prose writers, Nec uāluērē manū infixum cūcūcūrō tēlum, Ov. M. 13, 393; nec ualuit lotos coeptos auertere cursus, Tib. 4, 1, 55; neque ex eo infamiam affectati regii nominis diseutere ualuit, Suet. Caes. 79;

**10.** with neut. pronouns etc. to measure the power, as quid, quantum, plus, quantum gratia ualent, Caes. b. g. 7, 63, 2; maiora, Haec amor et maiora ualet, Tib. 3, 6, 17; Quid ualeat laesi sentiat ira dei, 3, 6, 26; see also §§ 7 and 12;

**11.** of medical power, cimum natura contra serpentium morsus ualere dicitur, Plin. 29, 61; fimm (hyaenae)... ad dysentericos ualere potum, 28, 105; sandarache ualet purgare, sistere, excalefacere, 34, 177; id quoque collyrium eodem ualet, Cels. 6, p. 233, 37 D;

**12.** of laws etc. have force, legem tribunus pl. tnlit, ut lex Aelia et Fufia ne ualeret, Cic. in sen. 11; illa obun-tiatio nihil ualuit, aut si ualuit, id ualuit ut..., diu. 1, 30; **13.** of words, mean, have the force of, signify, saepe quaerimus uerbum Latinum par Graeco et quod ualeat idem, Cic. fin. 2, 13; *ualeo* ualet cito, Varr. r. 1, 31, 4; **14.** of value, be worth, with an acc., denarii quod denos aeris ualebant, Varr. l. 5, 173; larifuga qui non ualet lotium suum, Petr. 57; pro argento si aurum dare mallent, darent conuenit, dum pro argenteis decem aureus unus ualeret, Liv. 38, 11, 8; si seruum memm occidisti, non affectionem aestimandam puto, set quanti omnibus ualet, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 33; **15.** Sansk. bala and Lith. wala, power=Germ. walt-en (of wh. the t is excrecent).

**Valēriānus**, adj. of Valerius, praedatores Valeriaui, Sal. ap. Non. 553; V. pirum, Macr. s. 3, 19, 6; **2.** name of adoption from family of Valerii, as Cornelius V., a writer de rebus sacris, Plin. 14, 11; Arnob. 6, 194; and the emperor so called, hence V. aurei, Treb. Cl. 17; A Valēriāno Polliō pētes Quinto, Mart. 1, 114.

**Valēriēnsis**, adj. of Valeria, a city of Hisp. Tarr., Plin. 3, 3, 4, 25.

**Valērius**, old form Valesius, sb. and adj. (orig. a patron., gen. of the praen. Volesus or Volnus), Volnus Valer. Mossal. nruir a. a. f. f. on a coin, Eckhel 5, 3, 4. The gens Valesia or Valeria was both patrician and plebeian. Among the cognomina are Catullus, Coruos, Flaccus, Laeuinus, Messala, Spinther, Triarius, Turpio, Contrā Laeuinum, Valēri genū undē superbus Tarquinius regio pnlus fugit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 12; II 2, writers, V. Antias, aequalis Sisennae... V. Antias, Vell. 2, 9, 4; Liv. 33, 10, 8 etc.; Gell. 7, 9, 9; Ceusor, N. D. 17; Macr. s. 1, 13 f.; Prisc. 9 f.; **3.** C. Valerius Flaccus, born in Setia a city of Campania, author of Argonautica, Mart. 1, 62 and 77; Quint. 10, 1, 90; **4.** Valerius Maximus, who wrote under Tiberius his 'Facta et dicta memorabilia' (see Halm's ed. 1865); III 5. laws, lex Valeria Horatia a. u. c. 305, legem centuriatis comitiis tulere ut quod tributum plebes iussisset populum teneret; **6.** also one de prouocatione, nequis ullum magistratum sine prouocatione crearet; qui creasset eum ius fasque esset occidi; **7.** a third, ut qui tribunus pl. aedilibus iudicibus decemuiris nouisset, eius caput Ioui saerum esset, Liv. 3, 55; **8.** lex V. of L. Valerius Flaccus, ratifying the acts of Sulla, Cic. agr. 3, 6; Rosc. Am. 125; **9.** another of his remitting three-fourths of debts (a. u. c.



666), Vell. 2, 23, 2; IV 10. V. tabula the office of one V. in the forum for some public duty, Cic. Vat. 21; fam. 14, 2, 2; V 11. V. uia, from Tibur to Cerfenia, so called from M. V. Maximus censor (448), Liv. 9, 43, 25; 12. V. Claudia uia from Cerfenia to mouth of Alernus, M. Blanio...curatori uiae Valeriae Claudiae..., inser. Murat. 1050, 7; 13. V. aquila, a very small blackish eagle, *μικραετος* of the Greeks, Plin. 10, 6.

**uálesco**, ére, uálui, vb. [fuller form of uale-] grow strong, Lucr. 1, 940; Tac. h. 1, 32; an. 2, 39; 11, 15.

**Válétium**, i, n. a town of Calabria, Mela, 2, 4; called Balentium, Tab. Peut.ing.; Valentia, itiu. Hieros.

**uáletudinárius**, adj. or sb. m. [ualetudon-, § 4] of delicate health, a valetudinarian, alias stipulandum e ualetudinario, alias e sano pecore, Varr. r. 2, 1, 15 (but Keil omits the word); ebrioso uina mittere aut ualetudinario medicamenta, Sen. ben. 1, 11, 6; officium tribunorum est...ualetudinarios inspicere, Macer. dig. 49, 16, 12, 2;

2. as sh. n. a hospital, infirmary, esp. for slaves, ualetudinaria si uacent ab imbecillis identidem aperire et immunditias liberare, Cic. ap. Colum. 12, 3, 8; languidiorem seruuum in u. deducere, 11, 1, 18; qui ampla ualetudinaria nutriunt, quia singulis summa cura consulere nou sustinent, ad communia ista confugiunt, Cels. praef. p. 11, 15 D; non sum tam improbus ut curationes aeger obeau; sed tanquam in eodem ualetudinario iaceam, de conuuii malo tecum colloquor, Sen. ep. 27, 1; non rideo quare sibi placeat qui robustior est in ualetudinario, N. Q. i praef. med.; si intrassem u. exercitatus et sciens, aut donum diuitis, non adeo imperassem omnibus per diuersa aegrotantibus, ira 1, 16, 3; 3. also a military hospital, duae (cohortes) tendere debebant in praetentura, supra quas ualetudinariam... Vt septuaginta pedes v et reliqua quae supra tendunt accipiant, hoc est neterinarium et fabrica quae ideo longius posita est, ut u. quietum esse conualescentibus possit, Hyg. grom. p. 3, col. 1; 4. hence optio ualetudinarii, the chief officer in charge, quibusdam aliquam uacationem munerum grauiorum conditio tribuit, ut sunt meosores, o. n., medici, capsarii, T. Arruntenus dig. 5, 6, 6; Fortunae sacrum T. Statilius...optio ualetudinarii d. d., inser. Giorn. Pisan. 16, p. 172; cf. Veg. mil. 2, 10.

**uálet-údo** or uáilitudo, inis, f. [ualec- = ualese, whence vb. uale] literally strength, and so health; u. sustentatur notitia sui corporis et obseruatione quae res aut prodesse soleant aut obesse..., Cic. off. 2, 86; ualetudinem intermissis exercitationibus amiseram, fam. 9, 18; et cui Gratiã famã uáletúdo contingit ábunde, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 10; 2. with an adj. denoting bad, of course bad health, as incommoda u., Cic. Att. 5, 8, 1; infirma atque etiam aegra u., Brut. 180; minus commoda, Caes. b. c. 3, 62, 4; 3. or bad health may be implied in context, excusatione uti ualetudinis, Cic. Pis. 13; ualetudine oculorum impediri, fam. 14, 4, 6; grauis autumnus exercitum ualetudine temptauerat, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 3; 4. eventually, partly because good health we take as a matter of course, while bad health calls for remark, partly from uses of preceding §, in late writers u. by itself meant bad health, quo ille animo mensium octo ualetudinem tulit, Quint. 6 pr. 11; Oppio correpto subita ualetudine, Suet. Caes. 72; correptus ualetudine, Aug. 43 f.; quod in diuturna ualetudine galbeo uteretur, Galb. 3; ad iriuam famam ualetudinis, Cal. 6; rusci radix decocta bibitur in calculorum ualetudine, Plin. 21, 173; propter ualetudinem maiorem quam patiebatur, Iust. 13, 2, 11; oculorum ualetudinem contraxit, 21, 2; concessit uita Burrus, incertum ualetudine an ueneno, Tac. an. 14, 51; qui ad epulandum non couenissent, sportulae eorum praesentibus diuiderentur, excepto eorum qui perpetua ualetudine detinentur, inser. Fabr. p. 724, 443; 5. esp. in pl. erat medicus nomine Charicles, non quidem regere ualetudines principis solitus, sed..., Tac. au. 6, 50; graues et periculosas ualetudines expertus est, Suet. Aug. 81; corpora non laborant ualetudinibus, Vitr. 1, 4, 4; 6. as a god less, nent ex altera (parte) Fortuna et Valetudo Faouique, Mart. Cap. 1, 16; her figure on a coin of M' Acilius - III - VIR with legend SALVTIS | VALETV, CIL 472; 7. on the form ualet. or ualit. see Drakenborch ad Liv. 5, 11, 5;

Spalding ad Quint. 3, 6, 76 and 11, 2, 35; Beier ad Cic. off. 1, 94 and Lael. p. 14. For ualetudo speak the coin, the passage from Hor. and two in Manil. 1, 394 and 3, 140.

**ualgíter**, see ualgus.

**ualgium**, ii, n. [ualgo-] a pouting of the lips, ualgia labellorum contortiones, Fulg. 46.

**Valgius**, a Roman gentile name, as C. Valgius Saturninus Rufus, inser. Or. 3693 and 7041, prob. same as Valgius the poet, Tib. 4, 1, 180.

**ualgus**, adj. [ual = uar of uarns, wh. see] said to mean bowlegged, bandy, at any rate the opp. of uarus, si femur in interiorum partem prolapsum est, crus longius altero et ualgus est, extra enim pes ultimus spectat; si in exteriorum, breuius uarumque fit et pes ultimus inclinatur, Cels. 8, p. 359, 16 D; ualgos Opillus Aurelius alique complures aiunt dici, qui diuersas suras habeant, Fest. 375 quoting from Pl.: sin ea mihi insignitos pueros pariat postea, Aut uarnum aut ualgum aut compernem aut pactum aut bocchum? filium; 2. pouting? Itaque hic meretrices labiis dum ductant eum Maiorem partem uideas ualgis sauiis, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 16; Valgus, ueterinosus, genibus magnis, talis turgidis, Nov. 60 R; 3. a Rom. cognomen, as C. Quinctius C. f. Valgus, CIL 1246;

4. adv. ualgiter, in a pouting manner, obtorto ualgiter labello, Fulg. 46; but in Petr. 26 Bicheler reads obiter;

5. similar confusion in the alleged meanings of *βλαισος*, *βαιβος*, *σκαμβος*.

**uálidē**, older form of ualde, wh. see.

**uáliditās**, ātis, f. strength (of limb), Apul. Trismeg. p. 97.

**uáldo**, āre, vb. make strong, Symmach. p. 72 Mai.

**uálidus**, adj. [uale-] strong, ita, Quasi incudem ue miserum homines octo ualidi caedant, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 7; ualidis contorsit uiribus hastam, Verg. 2, 50; 2. of things, hastilia, Verg. G. 2, 447; aratrum, Ov. am. 3, 13, 41; 3. and met., Ioni opulento inluto Ope guato supremo ualido, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 1; ut facile adparere ducibus ualidiorem quam exercitu re Romanam esse, Liv. 2, 39, 2;

4. esp. strong in health, well, sound, hearty, bene factum te aduenisse...saluom atque ualidum, Ter. Heec. 3, 5, 6; omnia uiceris si ut spero te ualidum uidero, Cic. fam. 16, 4, 3; of the mind, iamne isti abierunt qui me cogunt ut ualidus insaniam? Pl. Men. 5, 3, 1; mente minus ualidus, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 7; 5. of soil, strong, dense, fertile, fabam in locis ualidis serito, Cato r. 3; copied by Plin. 18, 164;

6. of drugs etc., medicamine, Ov. M. 15, 553; succos, 7, 316; uino, F. 6, 677; uenenum, Tac. an. 13, 15; 7. of food, strong in nourishment, robustis (hominibus) apta uateria ualidissima est, Cels. 2, p. 66, 36 D; tisanæ usus ualidissimis, Plin. 18, 74; 8. w. inf., pondus sustinere ualidae abies larix, Plin. 16, 222.

**uallāris**, e, adj. [uallum] of a palisade, as n. corona given to one who first got over an enemy's rampart, Liv. 10, 46, 3; 30, 28, 6; Plin. 16, 7; 22, 6; Suet. Aug. 25.

**uallātio**, ōnis, f. a stockade, met., sine uallatione medicorum, Theod. Prise. 4, 1 med.

**uallātus**, part. of uallo.

**uallēc-ūla**, ae, f. dim. [ualle-] a little valley or dale, Serv. ad Verg. 12, 522.

**uallēs**, or uallis, is, f. a valley, a dale, Catul. 68, 59; Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 5; Verg. 7, 802; Est enruo anfractu ualles, adcommoda fraudi, 11, 522; but, Vallis erat piccis et acuta densa cupressu, Ov. M. 3, 155; Concaua uallis erat qua se demittere riuu Assuerant pluuialis aquae, 8, 334; met., Catul. 69, 5; Auson. ep. 128, 2.

**uallo**, āre, vb. [uallum] fortify with a palisade or stockade, castra, bell. Al. 27, 6; Tac. h. 2, 19; and somewhat harshly: Multum, ut inter Germanos sollertiae...disponere diem, uallare noctem, throw up a stockade as a security against a night attack, G. 30; 2. gen. fortify, nulli uallarent oppida mūri, Lucan. 4, 224; uallaut-que feri tempora dentes (of the lion's skin), Seu. Herc. Oct. 1932; 3. met., haec omnia quasi sepimento aliquo uallabit disserendi ratione, Cic. leg. 1, 62; esp. in the part., Catilinam stipatum choro inuentutis, uallatum indicibus atque sicariis, entrenched behind, Mur. 49; Hydra nenenatis uallata colubris, Lucr. 5, 27.



**Vallōnia**, ae, f. goddess of valleys, Aug. c. D. 4, 8.

**uallum**, i, n. [see uallus] a fence of ualli or stakes, a stockade or palisade, oppidum uallo et fossa circumdedit, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 10; castra in altitudinem pedum xii uallo fossaque duodeviginti pedum munire iubet, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 6; hostes scalis uallum aescendere coeperunt, 5, 43, 3; uallum scindere et fossas complere, 3, 5, 1; u. proruere, Vell. 2, 63, 1; u. rumpere, Iustin. 13, 5, 13; 2. a fortification consisted of the fossa, the earth thrown out of this on the inside making the agger, and the stockade upon the agger; hence u. is often used so as to include the agger, rampart; 3. met., munitae sunt palpebrae tauquam uallo pilorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 143; spica contra auium minorum morsus munitur uallo aristarum, sen. 51; so Pis. 81; Gell. 13, 27, 9.

1 **uallus**, i, m. [see below, § 6] a strong stake, as for supporting vines, Exacuout alii uallos furcasque bieornis, Verg. G. 1, 264; Quadrifidasque sudes et acuto robore uallos, 2, 25; geu. in military use, a pointed stake for forming the uallum, Romanus (as opposed to a Greek) leues et bifurcos plerosque, et trium aut quum plurimum quattuor ramorum uallos caedit, Liv. 33, 5, 9, cf. the whole c.; these the soldier had to carry on a march, uallum (but here a neuter) secum ferente milite ut paratus omni loco castris ponendis esset, 33, 6, 1; Scipio militem triginta dierum frumentum, ad septenos nallos ferre cogebat, epit. 57; qui labor et quantus agminis ferre plus dimidiati mensis cibaria..., ferre uallum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 37; hence Verg. G. 3, 346, Iniusto sub fasce uiarum dum carpit; 2. for the collective uallum, a stockade, Non arces non uallus erat, Tib. 1, 10, 9; and met., Non acus abruptis, non uallus pectinis illos (capillos), Ov. am. 1, 14, 15; but the line M. 8, 286 is now cancelled; 3. a wall (eveu of stone), omnibus uis atque angiportis triplieem (note gender) uallum obdlexerant, erat autem quadratus extractus saxo, bell. Al. 2, 4; 4. a kind of large tile, Cato r. 14; Serv. ad Verg. G. 1, 264; 5. a reaping machine used in Gallia, ualli praegrandes dentibus in margine infestis duabus rotis per segetem impelluntur, iumento in contrarium iuncto; ita dereptae in uallum cadunt spicae, Plin. 18, 296; described by Pall. 7, 2 but called by him uehiculum; 6. of same root with cal-on- wood-man, woodcutter, κάλον wood, el-auis = κληῖς 'a bar,' el-uaa (for cal-uaa), Germ. wald, and so with our own wood.

2 **uallus**, i, f. dim. (for uann-ulus) a small winnowing fan, Varr. r. 1, 23, 5 and 52, 2.

**ualuae**, ārum, f. pl. [uolu- vb.] folding valves of a door, ualuae sunt quae reuoluuntur et se uelunt, Serv. ad A. 1, 453; fores et ualuae claustra suūt: sed fores dicuntur quae foras, ualuae quae intus reuoluuntur et duplices complicabilesque sunt; sed generaliter usus uocabula ista corrumpit, Isid. or. 15, 7; used only of temples, palaces, and the dining rooms of the great, first of temples, in foro Herculis ualuae clausae repagulis subito se ipsae aperuerunt, Cic. diu. 1, 74; ualuae magnificentiores, ex auro atque ebore perfectiores, nullas unquam templo fuisse, Verr. 2, 4, 124; conuulsis repagulis effraetisque ualuīs demoliri signum conantur, 94; add Ov. M. 2, 4; 2. of palaces, sed ualuae resonant regiae, Att. 29 R; atque adeo ualuae sonere sensi regias, 470 R; facili patuerunt cardine ualuae, Iuv. 4, 63; 3. of the great, (triclīnium) narmore splendet, ualuīs in uiridia prominet et exit, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 38; (triclīnium) undique ualuas aut fenestras non minores ualuīs habet, atque ita quasi tria maria prospectat, 2, 17, 5; 4. of a single fold in a door, ualua, u. idem omnia per foramen ualuae, Petr. 96; Huc eat et illic ualua (al. claua) deiecit obice, Sen. Herc. f. 1004; in prima ualua est, uix haeret miser (whatever it means), Pomp. 91 R.

**ualuārius**, adj. as sb. m. [ualua] one who makes folding doors, a builder, u. = δομοτεκτων, Gloss.

**ualuātus**, part. provided with folding doors, triclīnia u., Varr. l. 7, 14; Vitr. 6, 6; fores u. and forium ornamenta u., 4, 6 f.

**ualuōsus**, i, m. dim. [uolu- vb.] pod, hordei uel fresacum suis ualuolis fabae, Colum. 7, 4, 2; lentes ualuolis ex-

emptae, 6, 10, 1; u. erui, 6, 4, 3; ualuoli folliculi fabae, Fest. 374.

**uānans**, part. of a lost verb uanari, to play the cheat, tantum ut frustrando lactans uanans protraheas, Att. 66 R. Hence with excrecent t, It. vantare, Fr. vanter.

**uānē**, see uanus.

**uānesco**, ēre, vb. become empty, vanish, disappear, only in poets and late prose writers, Vos nolite pati nostrum uanescece luctum, Catul. 64, 199; Carmine laesa Ceres sterilem uanescit in herbam, Ov. am. 3, 7, 31; cuncta (ibi) spoute edita aut manu sata atra et inania uelut in cinerem uanesunt, Tac. h. 5, 7; credulitas u., an. 2, 40; ira, 5, 9.

**uānga**, ae, f. spade, Pall. 1, 43, 3.

**uānidicus**, adj. [uano- + dīc- of dīco] talking idly or deceitfully, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 37.

**uānilōquentia**, ae, f. [uaniiloquus :: magnificentia :: magnificus] idle talk, empty boasting, Pl. Rud. 4, 1, 14; Liv. 34, 24; Tac. an. 3, 49.

**uānilōquī-dōrus**, (δωρον) sb. m. coined by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 20, with the meaning 'given of the god Vaniloquus.' Cf. Diodorus, Apollodorus.

**uānilōquium**, ū, n. = uaniiloquentia, Aug. ep. 134, 4; 166, 6.

**uānilōquus**, or rather uānilōcus, adj. [loqu- vb.] talking idly, lying, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 223; 2. boasting, bragging, Liv. 35, 48, 2; Sil. 14, 279.

**uānitās**, ātis, f. [uano- adj.] literally emptiness—hence falsehood, opposed to constantia, Cic. N. D. 2, 56; to ueritas, Tusc. 3, 2; si uituperandi sunt qui reticuerunt, quid de his existimandum qui orationis uanitatem adhibuerunt? off. 3, 58; and in pl. Plin. 22, 20; 26, 18; 27, 57;

2. empty boasting, bragging, vanity, nec Agricola prosperitate rerum in uanitatem usus, Tac. Agr. 18; so h. 3, 73; Suet. Vit. 10.

**uānitēs**, ēi, f. = uanitas, Amm. 21, 1, 13; 29, 1, 11.

**uānitūdo**, inis, f. falsehood, cheating, ni turpissis uanitudine actatem tuam, Pacuv. 123 R; tu inuentu's uera uanitudine Qui conuincas, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 37.

**Vanniānus**, adj. of Vannius, regnum V., Plin. 4, 81. See

**Vannius**, ii, m. a Roman imposed on the Suevi as their king by Drusus, Tac. an. 2, 63; 12, 29.

**uanno**, ēre, vb. winnow, met. Lucil. ap. Non. 19.

**uannus**, i, f. [uann- vb.] a winnowing fan, Colum. 2, 21, 4; esp. as used in the mysteries of Bacchus, mystica uannus Iacchi, Verg. G. 1, 166; 2. a large basket, uannos onustas aromatis, Apul. M. 11.

**uānor**, see uanans.

**uānus**, adj. [for uācinus or uācānus, from uāc-o] empty, Expectatū sēges uānis elūsit āristis, Verg. G. 1, 225; granum u., Colum. 2, 9, 13; Non uanae redeat sanguis imāgini (of the ghost of one dead), Hor. od. 1, 24, 15; so ināgo uana of a dream, 3, 27, 40; 2. without effect, vain, empty, idle, groundless, cum tibi maerenti uana quaedam miser atque inania falsa spe inductus pollicebar, Cic. Planc. 101; ut pila omnia hastaeque nou uana cadent, Liv. 7, 23, 8; Vana diu uisa est uox auguris, Ov. M. 3, 349;

3. with gen., aut ego ueri Vana feror, Verg. 10, 631; noti uanus, Sil. 12, 261; 4. of persons, as untrustworthy, esp. as being false, uanum se et perfidiosum fateatur, Cic. Quinet. 26; nec si miscrum fortuna Sinonem finxit, uanum etiam mendacemque improba finget, Verg. 2, 79; 5. boasting, bragging, uaiu, Vane Ligus frustraque animis elate superbis, Verg. 11, 715; Vt uidit fulgentiu armis ac uana tumentem, 11, 854; laudare se uani, uituperare stulti est, Val. M. 7, 2, ext. 8; 6. abs. as u. sing. or n. pl., esp. with prep., ad uanum et irritum redaeta uictoria, Liv. 26, 37, 8; uon tota ex uano criminatio erat, 33, 31, 4; corruptus uanis rerum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 25; oblatum Caesaris periculum anxii uana rumoris, Tac. an. 4, 59.

**uāpidō**, see

**uāpidus**, adj. [see uap-or] that has evaporated, flat, uapid, u. uinum, Colum. 12, 5, 1; u. pice, of bad quality, such as allows spirit to pass through it, Pers. 5, 148;

2. met. Pers. 5, 117.

**uāpor**, ōris, m. [see below] steam, vapour, exhalation;



aquarum quasi uapor quidam aer habendus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 27; terrenus u. siccus est et fumo similis, qui uentos tonitrua et fulmina facit; aquarum halitus humidus est et imbres et nines creat, Sen. (translating Aristotle) N. Q. 2, 12, 4; of boiling water, Nec iam sē cāpīt undā; nōlat uāpōr ātēr ād anras, Verg. 7, 466; Nec tantus unquam siderum insedit uāpōr Sītuculosae Apuliae, Hor. epod. 3, 15; 2. esp. heat, (terra semen) tepefactum uapore diffundit, Cic. sen. 51; uti...possint tamen omnia reddi Mollia quae fiunt, aer, aqua, terra, uapores, Lucr. 6, 567; 3. met., pectus iusanum uapor Amorque torret, Sen. Hipp. 648; 4. uapors, Att. 112 R; Lucr. 6, 952; 5. probably of the same root with Lith. kwap-as, 'breath,' καπ-ος, perh. Germ. hauch; certainly our waf t, the t being excrement, as in aft and adj. left.

**uāpōr-ālis**, e, adj. vapour-like, tenuitas, Aug. de gen. ad lit. 2, 5; adv. uaporaliter, ib. 2, 4 f. and 3, 10 f.

**uāpōr-ārium**, adj. n. as sb. steam-pipe of a bath, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1 f.

**uāpōrātio**, ōnis, f. steaming, evaporation, Sen. N. Q. 6, 11, 6; Gell. 19, 5, 6 (al. euap.); Plin. 28, 65.

**uāpōrifer**, a, um, adj. [uapor] steam-bearing, fornaces, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 45; Baiae, 3, 5, 96; with its hot-baths. Cf. Plin. 31, 5.

**uāpōro**, āre, vb. [napor sb.] give out steam or vapour, (aquae) uaporant et in mari ipso, Plin. 31, 5; add Solin. 21; 2. vb. trans. steam, fumigate, esp. medicinally, dum coquantur (earnis), oculos uaporari his praecipunt, Plin. 28, 170; met., uaporata aure, Pers. 1, 126; 3. gen. warmed, neniens dextrum latus aspiciat sol, Laenu decēdens currū fūgientē nāpōret, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 6; glebae solibus aestiuis uaporatae, Colum. 2, 16, 6;

4. fumigate with incense, perfume, uaporatis lucent altariibus ignes, Stat. Theb. 1, 445; add Calp. ecl. 2, 62.

**uāpōr-ōsus**, adj. full of steam or heat, fontes, Apul. M. 5; caligo, ib. 9.

**uāpōr-us**, adj. [cf. canor-us] steaming, tus, Nem. ecl. 4, 63; ardor, Prud. στεφ. 6, 115.

**uappa**, ae, f. [uap of nap-or] wine that has undergone a second fermentation, and so lost its flavour, nitium musto iterum sponte feruere, qua calamitate cum defernuit sapor, uappae accipit nomen: probrosum etiam hominum cum degenerauit animus, Plin. 14, 125; Veientanum festis potare diebus solitus, uappamque profestis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 144; 2. a term of abuse, a good for nothing, see Plin. above; satisne cum isto Vappa frigoraque et famem tulistis? Catul. 28, 5; non ego auarum Cum neto te fieri, uappam iubeo et nebulonem, Hor. s. 1, 1, 103.

**uappo**, ōnis, m. [?] animal uolans quod nullo animas uocant, hos uappones, Lucretius (al. Lucilius) ap. Prob. 1450, 16.

**uāpūlaris**, e, adj. coined by Pl.: Fui praeferratus apud molas tribunus uapularis, Pers. 1, 1, 22, in imitation of tr. militaris—say Flog-lieutenant.

**uāpūlo**, āre, vb. [implicat a sb. napul, as exulo exul] enact the part of floggee, be flogged; Quia uaniloen's uapularis; ego sum, non tu, Sosia, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 223; Ego uapulando, ille uerberando usque ambo defessi sumus, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 5; saepe territus quasi uapulaturus, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 15; 2. met., Susurratoris dumtaxat ueniunt, alius equitem perdidisse, alius septimam legionem uapulasse, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 1, 4, 'had been whipped'; uapulat peculium, Pl. St. 5, 5, 10; cum se omnium sermonibus sentiat uapulare, Cic. Att. 2, 14, 1; 3. in the imper. and subj. pres. a slang phrase of abuse, Quid faciet mihi? Verberibus caedi iusserit, compedes imponi? Vapulet, he be flogged, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 16; tun libero homini Male seruos loquere? L. Vapula, As. 2, 4, 72; uapulare ego te nehemer ubeo; ne me territes, Curc. 4, 4, 17; comp. the salutation saluere iubeo. Hence the prov. uapula Papiaria, said to have been an insult from a freedwoman to her former mistress, Fest. 372.

**uārae**, ārum, adj. f. as sub. strictly the divergent legs of a trestle, and hence a trestle, esp. for supporting the plank (uibia) on which builders stand, Vitr. 10, 19;

2. uara, ae, sing. the same (see furcae), ut in uetere uerbo est 'sequitur uaram uibia,' Auson. id. 12, pr. monos;

3. the forked poles of a hunter's net, Aut dum dispositis attollat retia uaris, Lncan. 4, 439.

**uārātio**, ōnis, f. a beud.ng, diuinis, Anct. lim. 257.

**uārātus**, see uaro.

**Vargūla**, ae, m. dim. [uargo- adj.] a Rom. cognomen. Cic. or. 2, 244.

1 **uargus**, i, adj. = ualgus, uargus = βλαῖος, Gloss. Philox.

2 **uargus**, i, n. a thief in old Gallic, Sidon. ep. 6, 8, v. Ducange.

**uāria**, adj. f. as sb. a spotted creature, as the panther, panthera et tigris macularum uaricitate prope solae bestiarum spectantur...Nunc uarias et pardos, qua mares sunt, appellat, Plin. 8, 62; primus autem Scaurus aedilitate sua uarias cu mneras misit, ib. 64; cf. Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 15;

2. a sort of magpie (pica), Plin. 10, 78; 3. a town of Italy near the Anio, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 3; tab. Peut.

**uāriābilis**, e, adj. changeable, Apul. de mundo 58.

**uāriantia**, ae, f. variety, rerum, Lucr. 1, 653; 3, 319.

**Vāriānus**, adj. [cf. Caesar-ianus] of Varus, V. ciades, Suet. Aug. 23, the disaster of P. Quintilius V.; V. uuae, a kind of grape, Plin. 14, 29.

**uāriātum**, a false reading in Gell. 5, 12, 9 for uaria tum.

**uāriātio**, ōnis, f. difference, Liv. 24, 9, 3.

**uāriātor** = ποικιλτής, Gloss. Cyril.

**uāriātor**, ōnis, m. a straddler, met., Praenaricator est quasi uaricator, qui diuersam partem adiuuat prodita causa sua, Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4, 4.

**Varicio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, M. Vlpus V., inser. Notiz. del giorno ann. 1820, 6.

**uārico**, āre, vb. [uatico- adj.] straddle, Quiut. 11, 3, 125; 2. pass., uaricatis gressibus, Cassiod. uar. 6, 6.

**uaricosius**, Fest. 149, an error.

**uāricōsus**, adj. [uatic-] suffering from varicose veins, Commendāre uolet; uāricōsus fiet hāruspex, Iuv. 6, 397; Sidon. ep. 5, 5; u. ceururiones, Pers. 5, 189, but how applicable here?

**uāric-ūla**, ae, f. a small varicose vein, Cels. 5, p. 197, 16 D.

1 **uāricus**, adj. dim. straddling somewhat, Ambulāt in-gentes uārica fertque pēdes, Ov. a. a. 3, 303.

2 **uāric-us**, rather than uaritus, adv. [uāro- adj.] straddling, Apul. M. 1 p. 108, 19.

**uāriē**, see uarius.

**uāriēgo**, āre, vb. [uario- + ag- vb.] make of various colours, adorn, figuras, Auson. praef. id. 13; nauem picturis, Apul. M. 11; balteum coloribus, flor. 9; 2. intr. give out different colours, sparkle, lyra gemmis, Apul. flor. 3.

**uāriētās**, ātis, f. [uario- adj., cf. pietas] variety of colour, and also gen. variety, u. Latinum nerbum est, idque proprie quidem in disparibus coloribus dicitur; sed transfertur in multa disparia: uarium poema, uaria oratio, narii mores, uaria fortuna, uoluptas uaria etiam dici solet, Cic. fin. 2, 10; as a pl. Liv. 9, 17.

**Vārilla**, adj. dim. (of uara-) as sb. a little straddler, a Rom. cognomen, Sempronia V., Grut. 466, 9; Babullia V., Fabr. p. 488, 174.

**Vārinus**, i, m. a cognomen of adoption out of geus Varia, J. Matuccius V., inser. Mur. 1054, 3.

**uārio**, āre [uārio- adj.], make of various colours, embellish, Ne et hic uaricatur uirgis et loris domi, Pl. Poen. prol. 26; Putridaque infirmis uariabant pectora palmis, Catul. 64, 351; E quibus omne geus gignunt uariantque colores, Lucr. 2, 758; Sol ubi nascentem maculis uarianerit ortum; Verg. G. 1, 441; nestes pieto Clyte uariauerat auro, Val. F. 3, 11; Texta Semiramia quae uariantur acn, Mart. 8, 28, 18; met., orationem uariare et distinguere quasi quibusdam uerborum sententiarumque insignibus, Cic. or. 2, 36;

2. as vb. intr. give out various colours, change colour, Prima mihi uariat lucentibus uua racemis, Prop. 4, 2, 13; cum primum baccae uariare cooperent, Colum. 12, 50, 9;

3. gen. as vb. trans. vary, change, (uocem) uariabit et mutabit, Cic. orat. 59; sententias, Liv. 2, 57, 2; 4. as vb. intr., Proinde ex seminibus constant uariante figura, Lucr. 4, 648; quoniam uariant animi, uariamus et artes, Ov. rem. 525; 5. vb. imp., cum sententias uariaretur, Liv. 22, 60; uariatum deinde proeliis, Vell. 2, 51, 3.



**uariolus**, adj. dim. [uariō-] of different colours, uua u., Macr. s. 3, 20, 7.

**uarius**, adv., see uaricus.

**uarius**, adj. [?] of different colours, parti-coloured, whether at once or in succession, see Cic. flu. 2, 10, s. v. uarietas; Ita ego uostra latera loris faciam ualde uaria sint (so mss), black and blue, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 12; uuae, Cato r. 33; lapides, Hor. s. 2, 4, 83; **2.** esp. spotted, or striped, arietis lingua, Varr. r. 2, 2, 4; lynces, Verg. G. 3, 264; tigres, Sen. Hipp. 63; seo uaria; **3.** gen. changing, changeable, various, genera bellorum, Cic. Manil. 28; uictoria, Sal. Jug. 5, 1; Liv. 2, 6, 10; **4.** sulcus uarius, Cato r. 61 copied by Plin. 18, 174; terra u., Colum. 2, 4, 5; of land wet on the surface, dry below; **5.** uarium est, is a matter as to which people differ, Cic. N. D. 2, 13; **6.** with a dat. different from, alterum et huic uarium, Hor. s. 2, 3, 56 (so Bentl. etc., others as Heindorf, uarum); **7.** the Varii, a Roman gens, as the poet L. Varius, Hor. od. 1, 6, 1; Verg. B. 9, 35; **8.** = βάλιος, spotted.

**uārix**, icis, m. f. (m. Plin. f. Senec. m. f. Cels.) [uer of uert-] a varicose vein, Cic. Tusc. 2, 35; Varr. ap. Non. 26; Sen. ep. 78, 17; Cels. 2, p. 46, 25 D; 7, p. 295, 3 D; Cicero suffered from them, Maer. s. 2, 3, 5; Quint. 11, 3, 143; cf. Sidon. ep. 5, 5.

**uāro**, āre, vb. to bend, aluceo pontium, Auct. lim. 257.

**Vārōnilla**, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, [Varon- m.] Aurelia V., inser. Gud. 229, 11.

**uarro**, or uāro, ōis, m. [uaro- adj. ?] a rough clown, perh. literally a straddler, Varouum ac rupicum squarrosa incondita rostra, Lucil. ap. Fest. 328; Pers. 5, 138;

**2.** a cognomen, esp. the author M. Terentius V.; and the poet C. Terentius Varro. So in CIL: Varo 256; Varro 583.

**Varrōniānus**, adj. of Varro, V. milites, Liv. 23, 38, 9; V. comediae, the plays of Plautus sanctioned by the writer Varro, Gell. 3, 3, 3.

**1 uārus**, adj. [uer of uert-] knock-kneed with the legs bent outward, opp. to ualgus and uatius, Canum uarum uentriosum 'buceulentum breui culum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54; Compernem ant uarum iuisse Amphitruonis ακοιτιν, Lucil. ap. Non. 25; (canes) debent esse cruribus rectis et potius uaris quam uatius, Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; see also ualgus;

**2.** met., pede regula uaro, Pers. 4, 12; **3.** stretched out apart, of the arms, u. brachia, Mart. 7, 32, 9; Stat. Th. 6, 850; u. manus, Ov. M. 9, 33; **4.** a cognomen, as of the Quinctilii, Hor. epod. 5, 73; **5.** = Germ. quer, 'crooked,' our queer.

**2 uarus**, i, m. a pimple, Cels. 6, p. 224, 27 D; Plin. 22, 151; 23, 19 etc.

**1 uas**, uādis, m. f. [akin to A.-S. wed, to pledge] one who answers for the appearance of a friend in court, bail, surety, uas appellatus qui pro altero uadimonium promittebat, Varr. l. 6, 74; uas factus est alter eius sistendi, ut si ille nou reuertisset, moriendum esset ipsi, Cic. off. 3, 45; uadem te ad mortem tyranno dabis pro amico, fin. 2, 79; qui aut citati non adferuerant aut uades deseruerant, Liv. 39, 41, 7; datis uadibus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 11.

**2 uās**, uāsis, n. but in pl. uāsa, ōrum, as from uāsum, wh. see [?], orig. any utensil, cultrum securim pistillum mortarium Quae ntenda uasa semper uicini rogant, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 17; uasa quae utilia culturae sunt, aratrum ligones sarcula fales bidentes, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 8; uasa, Grat. cyn. 219—of hunting apparatus; **3.** esp. in milit. lang., uasa, baggage, in the phrase uasa colligere, Cic. Verr. 2, 40; Liv. 27, 47, 8; and met. Sen. ep. 19, 1; also colligenda understood, signum dari iubet et uasa militari more conelamari, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 2; ne conelamatis quidem uasis, 3, 37, 4;

**3.** aft. in a more limited sense a vessel for holding anything, uasa argentea... u. uinariū, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; u. Samia, Mur. 75; escariis uasis, Plin. 37, 18; **4.** but still in law of wider sense: si uasa sint legata, non solum ea continentur, quae aliquid in se recipiunt edendi bibendique causa paratum, sed etiam quae aliquid sustineant; et ideo scntellas uel promulsidaria contineri, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 10; **5.** =genitalia, M. Quid agis? S. Facio quod manifesto moechi laud ferme soleht. M. Quid id est?

S. Refero uasa salua, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 40; Dulichii uasā pē-tisse uiri, Priap. 70; cf. uasatus and uasculum;

**6.** prob. contracted from uat-as- or uet-es- a neut. noun from oet-i, old form of itī.

**uāsārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [uas 2] sc. argentum, rent for use of farming plant, Cato r. 145; **2.** outfit-money of magistrates going to a province, nonne H8-centiens et octogens, quod quasi uasarii nomine in uenditione mei capitis adscripseras, ex aerario tibi adtributum Romae in quaestu reliquisti? Cic. Pis. 86; **3.** a room for holding the utensils of a bath, Vitr. 5, 10; **4.** au inventory of utensils, and so gen. a register, neo sunt omnia uasaria (registers of death) excutienda, Plin. 7, 162, quoting instances of long life; o uasariis publicis auferatur, cod. Th. 13, 11, 12; ita faciatis de uasariis publicis diligenter abradi, Cassiod. uar. 7, 45 f.

**uāsātus**, part. [uas 2] bene uasati, Lampr. Elag. 5, 8, 9 and 31. See uas § 5.

**uascellum**, i, n. treb. dim. a small urn for holding the ashes of the dead, inser. Or. 4555; uas uasculum uascellum, not. Tir. 150.

**uas-c-io**, ōnis, m. doub. dim. a small vessel, Theod. Pr. 4, 1 med.

**uasculārius**, or uascularius, ii, adj. m. as sb. [uasculum] a silversmith, Cic. Verr. 1, 24; Ulp. dig. 19, 5, 20, 2; SCALPTORIS VCLARI (i.e. uasculari), inser. Or. 4276.

**uas-c-ūlum**, i, n. doub. dim. [uas 2] lit. a little utensil, esp. a vessel, de materia hederacea, Cato r. 111; eqquid audis? Vascula intus prome prope atque clue, Filiam despondi ego, hodie nuptum huic Megadoro dabo, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 3—cooking vessels, dishes, plates; argenti, Iuv. 9, 141; u. oris angusti, Quint. 1, 2, 28; **2.** a liue, Pallad. 7, 8; **3.** a compartment in certain fruits (as a section in an orange), quaedam (poma) uasculis constant, ut Punica et mespila, Plin. 15, 115 (not a seed vessel); **4.** a tool, met. Petr. 24.

**uascus**, adj. uasea tibia, a sort of flute, Solin. 5 med.; =μελετητικός αυλος, Gloss. Philox.

**uastāb-undus**, part. freq. laying waste every thing, Amm. 31, 8, 6.

**uastātio**, ōnis [uasta-], f. laying waste, devastation, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Liv. 7, 15, 11; 10, 4, 7; Tac. an. 15, 27; h. 4, 34. **uastātor**, ōris, m. devastator, ravager, ferarum, Verg. 9, 771; Arcadiae u. aper, Ov. M. 9, 192.

**uastātor-ius**, adj. of a devastator, devastating, Amm. 18, 6; 19, 9.

**uastātr-ix**, icis, f. ravager, Sen. ep. 95, 19.

**uast-esco**, ēre, vb. become waste, ne scelere tuo Thebani uastescant agri, Att. 600 R.

**uastificus**, adj. causing devastation, devastating, Erymanthiam haec (dextra) uastificam abiecit beluam, Cic. (transl. Soph.) Tusc. 2, 22.

**uastitas**, ātis, f. [uasto- adj.] deserted state, desolation, devastation, To propter tot tantasque habemus uastitatis funerum, Att. 175 R; caedem a uobis, uastitatem a templis urbe Italia depellebam, Cic. Flac. 1; quae moles ea quidue prodigū esset quaerentem aduisse uastitatem Italiae esse, Liv. 21, 22, 9; **2.** in late writers, vast size or extent (see uastus), u. caeli, Plin. 2, 110; tam modico ore tam immensa aequorum uastitas panditur, 3 pr., of the Ocean; hostis formidandae uastitatis, Gell. 9, 13, 4; u. uocis, loudness of (a shepherd's) voice, Colum. 1, 9, 2.

**uastitiēs**, ōi, f. deserted state, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 70.

**uastitūdo**, inis, f. same, Atratus taetra ueste et uastitudine Tam deformatus, Att. 374 R; Quae uastitudo haec aut unde inuasit mihi? 455; inculata u., Pacuv. 314; **2.** vast size, leo corporis uastitudine, Gell. 5, 14, 9.

**uasto**, āre, vb. [uasto- adj.] lay waste, devastate, Italian uastare et diripere, Cic. Cat. 4, 13; provinciam incursionibus u., Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 5; latos uastant cultoribus agros, Verg. 8, 7; **2.** met., ita conscientia mentem excitam uastabat, Sal. Cat. 15, 4.

**uastūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat vast, n. corporibus, Apul. M. 2 f.

**uastus**, adj. [?] desert, waste, desolate, quae nunc abs te uiduae et uastae uirgines sunt, Enn. tr. 279 V; ian



hanc urbem ferro uastam faciet Peleus, Att. 668 R; genus agrorum propter pestilentiam uastum atque desertum, Cic. agr. 2, 69; haec ego uasta dabo, Verg. 9, 323; **2.** as the result of devastation is a vast and ugly uniformity, hence vast, mundus caeli uastus constitit silentio, Enn. s. 10; elephantio beluarum nulla prudentior, at figura quae uastior? Cic. N. D. 1, 97; in uastissimo atque aperitissimo Oceano, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 7; Spelunca alta fuit uastoque immanis hiatu, Verg. 6, 237; **3.** of sound, loud, clamor, Verg. 10, 716; Ov. M. 12, 495; latratus, Colum. 7, 12; **4.** large and ugly, clumsy, coarse, uastus homo atque foedus, Cic. or. 1, 115; sunt quidam ita uultu motuque corporis uasti atque agrestes ut..., 1, 117; ne nos tanquam uastos quosdam et insubidos ἀναφροδισίας condemnatis, Gell. 19, 9, 9; and met., uastam atque hiantem orationem, ad Her. 4, 12; Quomodo noster Axilla Ala factus est, nisi fuga uastioris litterae? Cic. orat. 153; **5.** akin to Germ. öde.

**uāsum**, i, n. [uas 2]=uas, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 23, 1; Fab. P. ap. Non. 544; Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 33; acc. uasum, Vitr. 9 pr. 11; abl. uaso, Colum. 2, 2, 20; Vitr. 8, 1, 4; a gen. uasi assigned to Lucr. by Mart. Cap.; but here (6, 233) Lachmann has uasis. The plural in general use, see uas.

**uāsus**, i, m.=uas, u. fictilis, as a term of reproach, Petr. 57.

**uātes**, is, m. f. [fa- vb?] a prophet, Sed superstitiosi uates impudentesque harioli, Enn. tr. 356 V; bonus uates poterat esse, nam quae sunt futura dicis, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 37; alterum (genus) quod interpretetur fatidicorum et uatum ecfata incognita, Cic. leg. 2, 20; tūque ò sanctissimā uates Praescia uenturi, Verg. 6, 65; **2.** a poet (as being inspired), antiquos poetas uates appellabant, Varr. l. 7, p. 323 Sp.; scripsere alii rem Vorsibus quos olim Faunei uatesque caneabant, Enn. an. 222 V; Quod si me lyricis uatibus inseres, Hor. od. 1, 1, 35; **3.** a great teacher (as one inspired), an oracle, ab Herophilo medicinae uate, Plin. 11, 219; Q. Scaeuola legum clarissimus et certissimus uates, Val. Max. 8, 12, 1; **4.** derived by Varro a uersibus uiendis, as if for uietes.

**uātia**, or uacia, ae, m. f. one who is bow-legged, the opp. of compenuis, Varr. l. 9, 5; **2.** a cognomen, Plin. 11, 204. See uatius.

**Vaticānus**, adj. V. mons, a hill beyond the Tiber on which now the Vatican palace, Et Vaticānō fragiles de monte patellas (to this day bricks and pottery are made of this clay, L. Horner, Edinb. New Phil. Journ. 27), Iuv. 6, 344; ager, Cic. agr. 2, 96; Gell. 16, 17; and, in Vaticano (sc. agro), Plin. 8, 37 etc.; uallis, Tac. an. 14, 14; circus, Plin. 16, 201; uina, Mart. 6, 92, 3; 10, 45, 5; **2.** a deity so called, Gell. 16, 17; **3.** a cognomen, P. Sestius...V., Borghesi fasti cons. 1, 81.

**uaticinatio**, ōnis, f. a prophecy, Cic. Att. 8, 12, 1; N. D. 2, 10; Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 4; Plin. ep. 6, 20, 19.

**uaticinator**, ōris, m. a prophet, fortune-teller, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 42.

**uaticin-ium**, ii, n. prediction, prophecy, Plin. 7, 178; Gell. 16, 17, 1.

**uaticinor**, āri, vb. [implies a sb. uaticen from can-] play the part of a prophet or soothsayer, foretell, prophesy, C. Sacrilege. B. Fateor. C. Periure. B. Vetera uaticinamini, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 129; add Cic. diu. 1, 34 and Lael. 24; Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 94; **2.** with notion of contempt, sed ego fortasse u.; et haec omnia meliores habebunt exitus, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 6; eos...uaticinari atque insanire dicebat, Sest. 23.

**uaticinus**, adj. [uate + can-] prophetic, libri, Liv. 25, 1, 12 (al. naticinios); furores, Ov. M. 2, 640.

**Vatinius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of Cicero's deformed enemy, P. Vatinius; also a low favourite of Nero's, also deformed, famed as a maker of certain glass cups, Villa sutoris calicem monumenta Vātini Accipe, Mart. 14, 96, 1; Tac. an. 15, 34; **2.** adj. n. as sb., sc. uitrum, the cup itself, Vatiniorum proxcneta fractorum, Mart. 10, 3, 4; **3.** Vatinius implied crooked legs, Plin. 11, 254. See the following wd.

**uātius**, adj. [?] bowlegged (see uarus), Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; Iuntea ferret Apro natus cum uerula nuper, Mart. 12, 70, 1. See uatia and

**uātrax**, ācis, m. dim. a bowlegged person, a waddler, Vt si progeniem antiquam, qua est Maximus Quintus, Qua uātrīcōsus uātrux, Lucil. ap. Non. 25; **2.** perh. = βατραχος with βατ for root, whence uatius, uatia, Vatinius and

**uātric-ōsus**, adj. bowlegged, see natrax.

**Vatusicus**, adj. of a town Vatus (or Vatusa etc.), in the district Faucigni near Salauche, hence Vatusicus caseus, a cheese in high repute in Rome, Centronicas (Alpes) Vatusicum (mittunt), Plin. 11, 240; τυρος ευδοκιμων εν Ρωμη, βαθυσικος τουνομα, Galen. alim. fac. 3, 17, tom. vi p. 697, l. penult. ed. Kühn (fem. Dr Greenhill).

**ubba**, for obba.

**ūb-ēr**, ēris, n. [um of um-esc-: tuber: tum of tum-e- Cf. uu-esc- and v-ew to pour] literally pouring, a stream, Vbērā mammaram in somnis lactantia quaeret, Lucr. 5, 885; Vberaque ebibant anidi lactantia nati, Ov. M. 6, 342; utroque ferebant Obuia securis ubera lactis oues, Tib. 1, 3, 46; **2.** breast or dug (of milk) whether of woman, as Siqua tibi soror est et quae dedit ubera nutrix, Ov. M. 4, 234; sua quemque mater uberibus alit, Tac. G. 20; **3.** or of animals, bina die siccant ouis ubera, Verg. B. 2, 42; Refertque tenta grex amicus ubera, Hor. epod. 16, 50; add: ubera prope similiter utrisque (Jan utriusque, male) grandescunt, that is, et feminis et eunuchis, Maer. s. 7, 10, 14; **4.** met. of a growing bunch of grapes, alma tellus uitibus annua uice, uclat aeterno quodam puerperio laeta, mortalibus distenta musto demittit ubera, Colum. 3, 21, 3; cf. 4, 27, 5 and bimammae nites of Plin. 14, 40; also of fertile land, putria maturi soluantur ut ubera campi, Colum. as poet, 10, 90; **5.** a swarming cluster of bees, cum agmina se in ramo suspenderint, si unius uberis educatione pendebant, noris unum regem esse uniuersis; si duo uel plura ubera suspendens se populus imitatur, et discordes sunt, et tot reges esse, quot uelut ubera uideris, confitentur, Pall. 7, 6 and 9; **6.** richness of soil, in poetry, fertilis ubere campus, Verg. G. 2, 185; dinitis u. agri, A. 7, 262; terra potens armis atque nbere glebae, 1, 535; in denso non segnior ubere Bacchus, G. 2, 275; **7.** of course one with *oubar*, Skr. udhas, old Germ. ūtar, Erse uit, uitche as Bopp says p. 54; but whence these?

**2 ūb-ēr**, ēris, adj. [ub-er sb.] lit. flowing abundantly, streaming, uberibus flent omnia guttis, Lucr. 1, 349; quo de concussu sequitur grauis imber et uber, 6, 290; aquareque belle sane fluentem uidi, praesertim maxima siccitate; uberioremque aliquanto sese collecturos esse dicebant, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; lactis et uberes Cantare riuos, Hor. od. 2, 19, 10; inde balneae peteres, corpus ad sudorem uberem commoueres, Fronto ad Anton. 3, p. 224 Naber; Sulmo mihi patria est gelidis uberrimus undis, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 3;

**2.** esp. of weeping, lacrimae...Erumpunt grauidis uberibusque genis, Albin. 1, 116; uberibusque oculis lacrimarum flumina misit, 225; Proclamat, oculos uberi fetu rigat, Sen. Med. 391; **3.** of fluency of speech, Quis uberior in dicendo Platone? Cic. Brut. 121; tuasque Iugenio laudes uberiore canunt, Ov. tr. 2, 74; oratorum uberrimus, Tac. an. 3, 31f.; Catoni seni comparatus C. Gracchus plenior et uberior est, dial. 18; **4.** fertility depending much on water-supply, esp. in hot countries, fertile, abundant (of produce), copious; Locrorum late uiridia et frugum nbera, Att. 49 R; spicae, Cic. fin. 5, 30; fruges, Hor. od. 4, 15, 5; quod plerumque in uberi agro euenit, Liv. 29, 25, 12; and met., cum tota philosophia frugifera et fructuosa sit, tum uullus feracior in ea locus est nec uberior quam de officis, Cic. off. 3, 5; **5.** of other things, abundant, piscatu nouo me uberi compotuiuit, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 6; oneri uberi mihi erunt, Ps. 1, 2, 64—a rich load; is questus nunc uberrimus, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 21; uberrima supplicationibus triumphisque prouincia, Cic. Pis. 97; **6.** note uberior, uberimus and abl. uberi above; **7.** adv. uberius, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; fam. 3, 11, 1; uberrime, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 9; Cic. diu. 2, 3. The simple adv. not found.



**ūberitas**, ātis, f. [uber adj.] = ubertas, on coins, Rasche Lex. R. N. 5, 2, 759.

**ūbēro**, āre, vb. [uber adj.] fertilize, Plin. pan. 3, 17 med.; Pall. 11, 8 f.; 2. as vb. intr. be fertile, bear abundantly, Colum. 5, 9, 11.

**ūbēr-ōsus**, [uber sb.] uberosum γοιμιον, Gloss.

**ūbertas**, ātis, f. [uber adj.] flowing abundantly, animum fontiumque u., Plin. 3, 41; Iasione mulieribus lactis ubertatem praestat, 22, 82; prope duplicata ubertas est (aquarum), Frontin. aq. 2, 87; 2. fluency of speech, u. in diendo, Cic. or. 1, 50; uerborum u., Quint. 10, 1, 1; 3. abundance of fruit etc., baccarum u., poota ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; agrorum, Manil. 14.

**ūbertim**, adv. [uber sb.] in streams, esp. of tears, lacrimulis Vbertim thalami quas intra limina fundunt, Catul. 66, 17; laerimis u. manantibus, Petr. 134; populo coram u. fleuerat, Suet. Tit. 10; add Caes. 81; Sen. contr. 4, 25; Apul. M. 3, p. 161.

**ūberto**, āre, vb. [uberto- adj.] fertilize, Plin. pan. 32; Eumen. ad Const. 9 f.

**ūbertus**, adj. [: nber adj. :: libertus : liber] fluent, copious, u. genus dicendi, Gell. 6, 14, 7.

**ūbī**, older form ubei (=ubi), over 30 times in CIL, twice in the inscr. Bae. (a. u. c. 568); L. Spurinna O. L. Hilarus, hic est ube nunqua fuit, inscr. O. 4805; pronom. adv. [for eubi=cui, dat. of quis; cf. ali-cubi, si-cubi; also ibi from is, alibi from alis] where, in what place; when, at what time: first of place, where, as a rel. or conj., ibi futuros Heluetios, ubi Caesar constituisset, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 3; uelini ibi malis esse ubi aliquo numero sis, Cic. fam. 1, 10; 2. also referring to antecedent nouns, no matter of what number or gender, neque nobis praeter te quisquam fuit ubi (=apud quem) nostrum ius contra illos obtinueramus, Cic. Quint. 34; cum multa colligeres ex legibus et ex senatusconsultis, ubi (=in quibus) si uerba sequeremur, confici nihil posset, or. 1, 253; capiunt nauem illam ubi (in qua) uectus fui, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 40; 3. indir. interr., tuas litteras exspecto ut ubi sis sciam, Cic. Att. 5, 7; responde Blaesie ubi (=in quo loco) cadauer abieris, Tac. an. 1, 22; 4. dir. interr., ubi inueniam Pamphilum, ubi quaeram? Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 1; ubi sunt qui Antonium Graecae negant scire? Cic. or. 2, 59; esp. in the way of reproach, Delos ūbī nunc Phoebe tua est? ūbī Delphica Pytho? Tib. 2, 3, 27; 5. with a gen. loci, locorum, terrarum, gentium, ubi illum quaeram gentium? Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 13; ubi loci fortunae tuae sint facile intelligis, Capt. 5, 2, 5; quid ageres, nbi terrarum esses ne suspicabar quidem, Cic. Att. 5, 10, 4; II 6. of time, rel. or conj. with an indic. when, the moment that, as soon as, Vbi uoles accesse, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 7; ubi de eius aduentu certiores facti sunt legatos ad eum mittent, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; 7. in question direct or indirect, quando is used; 8. both with ubi where and ubi when, the antecedent may be omitted, si rem seruassem, fuit nbi negotiosus essem, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 38; est ūbī peccat, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 63; 9. in comic wr. often a monos., Pro di immortales, Crusale, ubi misti fuisti? Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 10; so also in Hor. epod. 2, 67: Haec ubi locutus faeuator Alfius; see also ubicumque and ubinam; 10. an old form cubi, suggested to Ritsehl (Rhein. Mus. 25, 306) and Bergk Beitr. 119 by metre of Plaut., as: Ibidem ego meam operam perdidit, cubi tu tuam, Bac. 1, 2, 26; D. Promisi. P. Cubi cenabis? D. Cnbi tu iusseris, Truc. 2, 4, 9; add 5, 22; Aul. 4, 7, 20; Bac. 3, 3, 27; 4, 4, 105; 4, 5, 5; Capt. 5, 2, 2; Cas. 2, 3, 29; Mil. 3, 1, 4; Most. 2, 1, 33; Pers. 4, 4, 78; Poen. 3, 3, 89; 4, 2, 33; Ps. 1, 5, 75; 2, 4, 61; Rud. 4, 7, 10; Men. 1, 2, 38; 2, 2, 7; 2, 2, 25; but in most of these the metre is clumsily saved by ūbī; in Amph. 2, 2, 68 and 5, 1, 28 in aedibus ubi tu habitas, bus might be long; cf. too usquam, unquam, nnde; 11. =Ital. ove, Fr. où.

**ūbicumque**, or -cunque, older f. ubiqumque, adv. [old dat. of quicumque] wherever, wheresoever, with iud., patria est ubicumque est bene, incert. trag. 91 R; Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 10; Cic. Att. 3, 25; Verr. 2, 5, 172; u. gentium, N. D. 1, 121; u. terrarum, Phl. 2, 113; uni Seruor ubi-

cumque est, uni mea gaudia serno, Ov. M. 7, 735; 2. divided, istius hominis ubi fit quomque mentio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 18.

**ūbidus**, adj. [ub- vb., seo uber sb.] lit. pouring, whence comp. adv. with more abundant sap, ut nouella praesequina (graftings) congulo libri ubidius iuolescant, Sym. in Grat. (ed. Mai) 6.

**ūbi-libēt**, adv. [old dat. of qui-libet] where you please, everywhere, cibus ubilibet non defuturus, Sen. tranq. 1, 6.

**ūbi-nam**, adv. interr. [old dat. of quis-nam] where in the world? our vulgar wherever? first indir., in qua non uideo, ubinam mens constans possit insistere, Cic. N. D. 1, 24; 2. dir., u. est hic homo gentium? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 97; o di immortales, u. gentium sumus? Cic. Cat. 1, 9.

**ūbiquāque**, a wrong reading in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 18 for ubi fit quomque; in Liv. 22, 4, 6 for ubi qua cuique; in Apul. mund. 69 H for quaeuicque ibi.

**ūbi-que**, adv. [old dat. of quis-que] in every place, everywhere, crudelis ūbique Lucretus, ūbiquē pauor et plurima mortis imago, Verg. 2, 368; 2. esp. in the form qui u. est, Verres quod ubique erit pulcherrimum auferet, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 7; ceteri agri omnes, qui ubique sunt, decemuiris addicentur, agr. 2, 57; et quod ubique habet frumenti ostendit, Caes. b. c. 2, 20, 8; litteras omnes quae ubique depositae essent conferri, Liv. 45, 29, 1; 3. w. gen., itineris u., Apul. M. 1 p. 118; u. gentium, flor. 16; u. orbis, Tert. pall. 2 med.; 4. not to be confounded with ubi-que, and where, and when.

**ūbiūbī**, adv. [old dat. of quisquis] wherever, wheresoever, with ind. in directa or., Perii ego oppido, nisi Libanum inuenio iam ubiubist gentium, Pl. As. 2, 2, 21; Ch. Tu frater ubiubist fae quamprimum haec audiat. P. Visam domum, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 12; wh. note ubiubi a disyl. with accent on first=ubi or wewi; facile ubiubi essent se conuersuros aciem, Liv. 42, 57, 12; 2. in Cic. Tusc. 1, 70 the true reading is alias (se. disputemus) ubi sit animus; certe quidem in te est.

**ūbi-uis**, adv. [old dat. of qui-uis] where you please, Vbiuis (pron. ou-vis) faeilius passus sim quam in hac re me deludier, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 32; ut nemo sit quin ubinis quam ibi ubi est esse malit, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 1; Non ubiuis coramue quibuslibet, in medio qui..., Hor. s. 1, 4, 74; 2. w. gen., u. gentium, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 4.

1 **ūdo**, āre, vb. [udo- adj.] make wet, wet, moisten, quae uadana sunt corporis uino fontur, quae siccanda sunt melle detergnatur, Maer. s. 7, 12, 10; labra uappa u., Aug. mor. Mau. 2, 13 f.; sic udas totum corpus (peniculo), Pelag. antol. di Fir. 95, 1828 Sept.

2 **ūdo**, ōnis, m.=ουδων, a slipper of goat's hair, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 4; udones Ciliciei, lemma of Mart. 14, 140.

**ūd-or**, ōris, m. [udo, vb.] wet moisture, in algore et odore (Haupt cj., ms. ardore) rigere nudipedem, Tert. pall. 5; Lucretium qui dicit ex odore terrae nebulas oriri, schol. ad Stat. Theb. 1, 206; ὑγρασία udor, Gloss. Cyril.

**ūdus**, adj. [fm. uiduis] wet, more wet than humidus, dicit, inquit, nubes attritas edere ignem, cum sint humidae, imno udae, Sen. N. Q. 2, 25; Vērē mādēt ūdo terrae ac pluuiālibūs austris, Verg. G. 3, 429; Dixerat, auenerunt omnes Tiberinides udae, Ov. F. 2, 597; u. genao (with tears), an. 1, 7, 84; lumina, Prop. 2, 6, 10; so: exeuntem Vdo Dalmata gaudio sequeris, Mart. 10, 78, 8; u. aleator, sc. uino madens, 5, 84, 5; 2. in gramm., u. littera, a liquid, Terentian. 2402; 3. turpi sensu, u. puella, Mart. 11, 16, 8; u. inguinibus, Iuv. 10, 321; 4. as sb. water, cretulum amant udoque inlini reusant purpurissum indicum ceruleum melium...Plin. 35, 49.

1 **uō**, enclit. conj. [for uel] or, in the CIL some 400 times against three instances of uel, and four times in the first line of the Lex Rep. viz. [quoi socium no]minisue Latini exterarumue nationum, quoie in arbitrato dicione potestate amicitia[e populi R]; O Tite si quid te adiuero curamue leuasso, Enn. 339 V; nam quid hic tam obscure dictum est tamue inenodabile? Att. 75 R; esp. in certain phrases: Non me Lncrina iuerint conchylia, Māgisue rhombūs aut scāri, Hor. opod. 2, 50; uti C. Pansa A. Firtius consules alter amboe, aut, si aberant, M. Cor-



nutus praetor nrbanus supplicationes...constituat, Cic. Phil. 14, 37; post hanc habitam couthonem duabus tribus horis litterae uenerunt, 14, 16; [cum in populo aliquis unus pluresue diuitiores existissent, rep. 1, 48;

**2.** in poetry, ue...ue..., either... or...: nec quod fuimus, ue, sumus, Cras erimus, Ov. M. 15, 215; **3.** but never for an or ne in questions, thus the reading is albus aterne fueris, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; peccesne togata, Hor. s. 1, 2, 63; impedimentisne exuant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; matremne, ps. Nep. Iph. 3. Componuds are neuue, uiue, neu, siue, seu.

**2 ue**, or uae, pref. [=uae interj.] in meaning= male, as ue-grandis, ill-grown, dwarfish; ue-sanus, uele-mens, ue-cors, Ve-diouis, the bad Iuppiter, ue-pallidus= male pallidus, or sadly pale, very pale. See these words and cf. in as priv. as in iusanus= male sanus. But Gell. 5, 12, 9 takes a different view; ue particula, quae in aliis atque aliis uocabulis uaria, tum per has duas literas, tum a litera media inmissa dicitur, duplicem significatum eundemque inter se diuersum capit, nam et augendae rei et minuendae ualet...; Ve syllabam rei paruae praeponebant, Fest. 379. See Vedious. Oue with Germ. wehe, Eng. woc, and prob. Lat. ah, ax of ax-os, a cry of pain.

**Vebidius**, a gentile name, P. Vebidius Q. f. Numa, CIL 256.

**Vecidius**, a gentile name, C. Vecilius L. f., CIL 1313.

**uecord-ia**, ae, f. the having a bad heart, cruel, savage, Tanta uecordia innata cuiquam ut siet, Vt malis gaudent atque ex incommodis Alterius sua ut comparent comoda, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 1; colos exsanguis, foedi oculi; prorsus in facie uultuque uecordia inerat, Sal. Cat. 15, 5; egregie homo improbus, atque immani uecordia, Gell. 20, 1, 13;

**2.** want of intellect, madness, 'quae te uecordia' Theseus 'Euryte pulsat' ait, 'qui me utente lacessas Peirithoum, uioloesque duos ignarus in uno?' Ov. M. 12, 227; ita formidine quasi uecordia exagitari, Sal. Iug. 99, 3; nec legatus obuam ibat: quippe plurium u. constantiam exemerat, repente lymphati districtis gladiis in centurionis inuadunt, Tac. an. 1, 32; add 3, 50; 4, 22.

**ue-cors**, rdis, adj. [ue 2] of a bad heart, uecors est turbati ac mali cordis, Fest. 373; see uecordia § 1.

**2.** mad, uecordi uagas insaniam, Turp. 122 R; Ego te non uecordem, non furiosum, non mente captum, non tragico illo dementiorem putem? Cic. Pis. 47; cum ille furibundus incitata illa sua uecordi mente uenisset, Sest. 117; scribet mala carmina uecors: Laudato, Hor. s. 2, 5, 74.

**uectāb-ilis**, e [uecta- vb.] adj. capable of floating, ipsius insulae materia u., Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 9.

**uectāb-ūlum**, i, n. a vehicle, Gell. 20, 1, 28.

**uectāc-ūlum**, i, n. the same, Tert. bapt. 3; anim. 53.

**uect-ārius**, adj. [uecto- part.] sc. equus, for riding or for draught, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15.

**uectātio**, ōnis, f. [uecta- vb.] riding, Sen. tranq. 17, 8; Suet. Cal. 3.

**uectātor**, ōris, m. a riding horse, Corip. Iohan. 3, 253.

**uecti-ārius**, adj. m. as sb. [uecti- sb.] one who works a hand-spike, spike-man, Vitr. 6, 9 med.

**uecticulārius**, adj. [impl. a sb. dim. uecticulo- m. from uecti] of a crow-bar, uecticularia uita (a housebreaker's life) dicitur eorum qui uectibus parietes alienos perfodiunt furandi gratia. Cato: uecticulariam uitam uiuere, repente largiter habere, repente uihil, Fest. 378.

**uectigal**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. [uectigāli-] sc. acs, properly custom-duty, u. aes appellatur, quod ob tributum et stipeudium, et equestre et ordinarium populo debetur, Fest. 371; uectigal, decumae scriptura ut nunc sunt ita iu perpetuum mancant, lex agr. (643) CIL 200, 85, 86; but used gen. for any tax, toll, in uectigalibus non solum aduentus mali sed etiam metus ipse affert calamitatem, and soon after, ita neque ex portu (custom-dues etc.) neque ex decumis (tithes on land), neque ex scriptura (rent for public pastures) uectigal conseruari potest, Cic. Manil. 15; ut uectigalia uestra augeatis, C. Gracc. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 3; uectigalia locare (sc. exigenda) to farm out the taxes, Cic. agr. 2, 55; quo animo esse existimatis aut eos qui uectigalia nobis

pensitant (pay) aut eos qui exercent atque exigunt (work and collect)? Manil. 16; qui agrum publicum uectigali leuauit, Brut. 136; uectigal nouum ex salaria annona statuerunt, Liv. 29, 37, 2; pro eo agro uectigal Langenses Veituris inopulum Genuum dent in anos singulos vic-toriatos) n(ummos) ecce, CIL 199; **2.** met. of private property, revenue, uectigalia urbana rusticis anteponantur, Cic. off. 2, 25; Contracto melius parua cupidine Vectigalia porrigam, Hor. od. 3, 16, 39; rent, pro d milibus agrum aetori publico mancipauit; eundem uectigali imposito recepi cce milia annua daturus, Plin. ep. 7, 18, 2; met., nou intelligunt homines quau magnum uectigal sit parsimonia, Cic. par. 49; add Claud. ad Ser. 17; **3.** gen. pl. uectigaliorum, as from uectigalio-, Cic., Varr., Pollio; uectigalium Messala Rutilius Scaurus, Charis. 119, 31.

**uectigāli-ārius**, adj. m. as sb. farmer of reuene, = publicanus, Firm. Math. 3, 13 init.

**uectigālis**, e, adj. [implies an adj. uectiuo- from part. uecto-, comp. castiga- vb. from casto-, aud captiuo- from capto-] lit. of imports and exports—hence pecunia u. of provincial revenues, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 89; **2.** subject to the payment of duty, ciuitas, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 79; hos uectigales sibi fecerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 4; Annibal uectigalis stipendiariusque et seruos populi Romau i a patre relictus, Liv. 21, 41, 7; **3.** subject to payment of rent to the state, agri, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 103.

**uectio**, ōnis, f. carriage, u. quadrupedum, their employment as beasts of burden, Cic. N. D. 2, 151.

**uectis**, is, m. a bar or pole, of wood or metal, for various purposes, as for barring a door, Centum aerei claudunt uectes aeternaque ferri Robora, Verg. 7, 609; **2.** as a lever or handspike, a crowbar, in medium huc agmen cum uecti Donax, Ter. Euu. 4, 7, 4; saxa uectibus promouent, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 1; demoliri signum ac uectibus labefactare conantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; hic hic ponite lucida Funalia et uectes et arcus Oppositis foribus inaces, Hor. od. 3, 26, 6; **3.** for carrying, penetralibus exit Effigies, breuis illa quidem, sed plurimus infra Liuiger imposito suspirat ueste sacerdos, Claud. iv cons. Hon. 571.

**uect-īto**, āre, vb. frq. [ueh-] carry (as iu a carriage), curru uectitatus, Arnob. 5, p. 183. Cf. Gell. 9, 6, 3; Caper 2246 P.

**uectius**, a gentile name, as Vectius Valeus, Tac. an. 11, 30 etc.; Plin. 29, 8.

**uecto**, āre, vb. frq. [ueh-] carry (of horses, vehicles), and vb. r. ride, be carried, first of horses etc., ambo Vectabantur equis, Ov. M. 8, 373; Vectabor humeris tunc ego inimice eques, Hor. epod. 17, 74; delphinum dorso uectauisse Arionem, Gell. 16, 19, 16; **2.** of land vehicles, plaustris u. ornos, Verg. 11, 138; uehiculo, Front. ad M. Caes. ep. 40; **3.** of boats, ships, Stygia uectare carina, Verg. 6, 391.

**uector**, ōris, m. [qui uehitur] first ou horseback, a rider, Sed neque uector equum, qui nuper seusit habenas Comparibus frenis artificemque reget, Ov. a. a. 3, 555; quod currens uector ab urbe legat, Prop. 5, 7, 84; **2.** a passenger in a ship, summi gubernatores in magnis tempestatibus a uectoribus admoneri solent, Cic. Phil. 7, 27; Idem nauigium, nauita, uector ero, Ov. her. 18, 148; male uehi malo alio gubernante, quam tam ingratis uectoribus bene gubernare, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 3; cf. Lucan. 5, 580; Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 8; met., nunquam nisi nauis plena (i.e. utero) tollo uectorem, Iulia ap. Macr. s. 2, 5; II **3.** (qui uehit) Ipse equus, non formosus, gradarius optimus uector, Lucil. ap. Non. 17; Sileni uector asellus, Ov. F. 1, 433; Atlas u. Olympi, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1907; u. puellae taurus, 553.

**uectōr-ius**, adj. of passengers, u. nauis, a transport, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 4; Suet. Caes. 63.

**uectr-ix**, icis, adj. f. carrying, nauis, Paul. Nol. 49, 8 f.; equa, Anth. Lat. Burm. 1, 628.

**uectūr-a**, ae, f. [uector] carriage, whether on a horse, in a vehicle, or by water, first (equi) idonei ad uecturam, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15; uecturae imperabantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 32; uecturas frumentis euitatibus discipit, 3, 42, 4; misimus qui pro uectura solueret, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; **2.** facit uecturam, carries on the trade of a carrier, Protagoras corpore



suo, as a mere porter, Gell. 5, 3, 1; and sneeringly, classis nostra, ps. Quint. 12, 18 f.; **3.** payment for carriage or freight, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 136; Sen. ben. 6, 15, 4.

**necturā-rius**, adj. of carriage, boues, draught-oxen, a ud as sb. m. a driver, Imp. Constant. eod. Th. 14, 6, 1.

**uctus**, part. of ueho.

**Vediantius**, adj. of some such town as Vediautum in Liguria, matronis Vedianiabus, inser. Fabr. 620, 168; Plin. 3, 5, 7.

**Ve-diōis**, Vedioius or Veioius, is, m. [uo bad, wh. see] the bad Iuppiter: Cum Iouem et Diuom a iuando nominassent, eum(que) contra deum, qui non iuandi potestatem sed uim nocendi haberet, nam deos quosdam ut prodessem celebrabant, quosdam ut obessent, Vedioiem appellauerunt dempta iuandi facultate, Gell. 5, 12, 8; and § 11: simulacrum dei Vedioius sagittas tenet quae sunt uidelicet partae (paratae?) ad nocendum; Veioiei patrei gentiles Iuliei, CIL 807; (Aeseu)lapiō Vedioi in iusula, Fast. Praen. Ian. 1; **2.** the god had one temple in the Tiber-island with a festival on the Kal. of Ian.; cf. Ov. F. 1, 290; another between the arx and the Capitol, with a festival on the Noues of March: Vna nota est Marti nonis sacrata quod illis Templā putant leuos Vedioius ante duos, Ov. F. 3, 429; **3.** according to some=paruus Iuppiter: Veioiem paruum Iouem dicebant, Paul. ex Fest. 379; uis ea si uerbi est (ne=small), cur uon ego Vedioius aedem Aedem non magni suspicer esse Iouis? Ov. F. 3, 447.

**Vēdius**, m. [=Veioius] the bad Iuppiter, Vouit Opi Florae Vedio Ioui Saturouque, Enn. an. ap. Varr. p. 79 Sp. (see Haupt Herm. 1, 401); Vedioius, id est Pluton quem etiam Ditem Veioiemque dixerat, Mart. Cap. 2, 40; **2.** a gentile name as of P. Vedio Pollio, the friend of Pompey and Augustus, who fed his lampreys with condemned slaves, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; Plin. 9, 77 and 9, 157; **3.** hence Vedianus, of Vedioius, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25.

**neflamen?** in Gruter's inser. 347, 1; 364, 1; 498, 8

VEFLAMINI etc. should be read uiro egregio flaminī etc.

**uegeo**, ēre, vb. tr. [?] wake up, rouse, raise, et aequora salsa ueges ingentibus ueutis, Enu. com. 2 V; eum magno strepitu Voleanum uentus uegebat (so Seal., ms uegerat), an. 477 V; animos Venus ueget uoluptatibus, Pomp. 78 R; **2.** vb. intr. be awake, be roused, nec natus est nec morietur: uiget ueget ut pote plurimum, Varr. s. 157, 7 Riese. Hence uegetus. In Lucr. 5, 1298 Laehm. has uigere. Prob. root of uigil and =our wake.

**uegētābilis**, e, adj. enlivening, flabra, Mart. Cap. 6, 223 G; radix (of rhubarb), Amm. 22, 8, 28.

**uegētāmen**, inis, u. vivifying principle, Prud. Ham. 75 and 299.

**uegētatio**, ōnis, f. excitement, Apul. M. 1, p. 102.

**Vegētius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of the writer de re militari, who dedicated his work to Valentinianus II; and of the writer de re ueterinaria.

**uegēto**, āre, vb. [uegeto-adj.] make lively, rouse up, excite, Liber dictus est inuentor nini quia liberat seruitio curarum animum et adserit uegetatque et audaciorum in omnes conatus facit, Sen. tranq. 17, 8; gaudia non illum uegetent, Aus. ep. 25, 64; memoria uegetandae causa, Gell. 17, 2, 1; spiritus qui animalia omnia uitali et fecunda ope uegetat, Apul. mund. p. 61.

**uegētus**, adj. [uege vb.] lively, brisk, in full vigour, vigorous, tu, quoniam quartana caeres, te uegetum nobis in Graecia siste, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 6; fessi enim recentibus ac uegetis pugnabant, Liv. 22, 47, 10; ubi curata sopori Membra dedit, uegetus praescrpta ad munia surgit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 80; u. oculus, Suet. Caes. 45; uegetior aspectus (tantri), Colum. 6, 20; **2.** of the mind, mens, Cic. Tuse. 1, 17, 41; ingenium, Liv. 6, 22, 7; **3.** of light and colours, bright, color conchyliorum uegetissimus, Plin. 21, 46; **4.** also gustus, sharp, strong, Aus. eph. 3; **5.** of time, lively, busy, hoc interuallum temporis uegetissimum agricolis, Plin. 18, 238.

**ne-grandis**, or uehgrandis, e, adj. ill-grown [ue= male], qui male eruit as Ouid says; uegrandē significat malē grande...alii paruū intelligunt ut uegrande frumentum, Fest. 373; uegrandem fabam minutam dicebant, Paul. ex F.

379; Nunc uocor ad nomen. Vegrandia farra coloni, Quae male eruerunt, uescaque parua uocant, Ov. F. 3, 445;

**2.** thin, lean, (oues) fiunt uegrandes et imbecillae, Varr. r. 2, 2, 13; hominem uegrandi macie, Cic. agr. 2, 93;

**3.** uehgrandia in many mss of Ovid.

**uehātio**, ōnis, f. [impl. a vb. ueha- from ueh-] carriage, eod. Th. 16, 4, 3.

**uehēgrandis**, = uegrandis.

**uehēla**, ae, f. [ueh-] a waggon, Cap. Max. 13 mcd.

**uehēmens**, or ueimens, eutis, adj. [ue or uehe= male; cf. uehegrandis] lit. mlae mentis, heuce ferocious, violent, savage, uehement, nimium es uehemens feroxque natura, Cic. Vat. 4; ita uehemens in alios, qui iuehorabilis esse nisus sum, Sul. 87; ueemens in utramque partem Menedemo es nimis, Aut largitate nimia aut parsimonia, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 31; post hoc uehemens lupus et sibi et hosti Iratus pariter ieunus deutibus acer, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 28; Laceratus quidam morsu uehementis canis (savage), Phaedr. 2, 3, 1; Nam signum Arcturus omnium sum acerrimum; Uehemens sum exorients, quom occido uehementior, Pl. Rud. pr. 71; **2.** of inanimate things, violent, strong, forcible, imber, Lucr. 6, 516; telum, Liv. 9, 19; causa, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 122; maledictum, Ad. pr. 17; capitis dolor, Plin. 24, 62; lethargus, 20, 238; calcis quam uehementissima, 36, 173; genus orationis, Cic. or. 2, 200; statnmina, Colum. 4, 16, 2; uitis, 3, 1, 5; **3.** Verum tibi uementi magis est commota metu mens, Lucr. 3, 153; Uemens et liquidus puroque simillimus amni, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 120.

**uehēmenter**, adv. [uehement-] vehemently; Cic. Tusc. 4, 52; Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 1; uehementius, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 149; Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 4; uehementissime, Cic. or. 1, 152; Caes. b. c. 3, 17, 5.

**uehēment-esco**, ēre, vb. become violent, Cacl. Aur. tard. 1, 2, and 4, 6.

**uehēment-ia**, ae, f. violence, uehement, great strength; of men, Pollio aeris uolentiae, Plin. 36, 33; naturalis illa Gracchi u., Gell. 1, 11, 14; **2.** of things, violent use of, linteorum strigulumque, Plin. 28, 55; uini, 23, 36; odoris, 13, 59.

**uehens**, see ueho.

**ueh-es**, or ueh-is, is, f. a cart-load, or waggou-load, satis erit in siugula iugera uehes stercois comparare decem et octo, uehes autem stercois habet modios octoginta, Colum. 11, 2, 86; u. funi, Plin. 18, 193; foeni, 36, 108; nougentarum uehum sarcina, eod. Th. 14, 6, 3; materies si roborea est, ab uno fabro dolari debet pedum xx. Haec erit uehis uua, Colum. 11, 2, 13.

**uehiculāris**, e, adj. [uehiculum] of a carriage or vehicle, res u. the post or mail department, Herm. dig. 50, 4, 1; eursus, the mail-post, Are. ib. 50, 4, 18, 4.

**uehiculārius**, [id.] adj. the same, res u., Amm. 14, 11, 5; u. eursus, Capit. Ant. 12; see Suet. Aug. 49;

**2.** u. fabricator, a carriage-builder, Capit. Max. et Balb. 5; **3.** as sb. m. coachman, Charippus M. Antoni u., inser. Dou. 7, 109.

**uehiculatio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uehacula-] the duty of providing for the public mail, uehiculatioe Italiae remissa, on a coin, Eckhel, 6408.

**ueh-iculum**, i, n. a carriago or vehicle, mihi acquumst dari...uehacula qui uehar, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 28; u. tensarum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 186; and even of a ship, 2, 5, 59; triumphalia u., Pis. 61 (al. fereula); Liv. 34, 1, 3; Capit. Pert. 8; **2.** a reaping-machine, Pall. 7, 2, 2. See uallum;

**3.** ab uehiculis, a commentariis uehiculorum, officers so called, inser. Grut. 592, 4.

**uehis**, see uehes.

**ueho**, ēre, uexi, uectum, vb. carry, corpore, equo, curru, nauī, and uehi vb. r. be carried, ride, drive, sail, first of men, Nam muliones mulos clitellarios Habent; ego homines habeo clitellarios, Magni sunt oneris; quiequid imponas, uehant, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 94; ut si Reticulum panis uenalis inter onusto Forte uehas humero, Hor. s. 1, 1, 48; Siculi iuuenes...uexerunt parentes suos, Sen. ben. 3, 37, 2; so of the ant, Granifero solitum eum uehit ore eibum, Ov. a. a. 1, 94; **2.** of horse etc., equo in quo ego uehebar,



was riding, Cic. *din.* 2, 140; ille taurus qui uexit Europam, N. D. 1, 78; Pisce uehi quaedam, Ov. *M.* 2, 13; **3.** of land vehicles, uisus est in somnis curru quadrigarum uehi, Cic. *diu.* 2, 144; e Incoque uehit, male sobrius ipse, Vxorem plaustro progenitum domum, Tib. 1, 10, 51; **4.** on water, nam ut in nauī uecta's credo timida's, Pl. *Bac.* 1, 1, 73; quaesuit num etiam in iis uatibus Diagoram uehi crederet, Cic. N. D. 3, 89; uehebantur litribus, Varr. 1, 5, p. 156 Sp.; **5.** even in a carriago the horses etc. are said uehere, hence Fest. 372: uehere portare uel trahere; triumphantem (Camillum) albi per urbem uexerant equi, Liv. 5, 28, 1; te Bacche tuae Vexere tigres indoeili iugum Collo trahentes, Hor. *od.* 3, 3, 13; **6.** in other ways, Dum caelum stellas, dum uehit annis aquas, Tib. 1, 4, 60; of bees flying, liquidum trans aethera uectae, Verg. 7, 65; **7.** in the part. uehens has two senses, qui uehitur, riding, driving, sailing etc., consuli proconsul obuiam in equo uehens uenit, Quadrig. ap. Gell. 2, 2, 13; cuius in adulescentiam quasi quadrigis uehentem..., Cic. *Brut.* 331; aud qui uehit: simulaera duo, delphinus uehens et homo insidens, Gell. 16, 19, 23. Cf. uector; **8.** Skr. uah, Gr. *εχ*- with its deriv. *οχ*- and *οχ*-o- a wheel, pl. a carriage; the root of wh. was perhaps *σoχ*, aft. *σφεχ* and thence both *σoχ* and *φεχ* (cf. uelum); wag of Germ. wag-en.

**ueia**, ac, f. [ueh-] apud Oseos dicebatur plastrum, Paul. ex F. 368.

**Veia**, ac, f. a gentile name, as of Veii, Hor. *epod.* 5, 29. **Velānus**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of two brother soldiers, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; a gladiator, Hor. *ep.* 1, 1, 4.

**uelārii**, stipites in plaustro, Paul. ex F. 368.

**uelātūra**, uectura, Paul. ex F. 368. Cf. Fr. voiture.

**Velens**, entis, adj. of Veii, ager, Cic. *Rosc. Am.* 47; populus, Liv. 4, 58, 1; bellum, 5, 52, 9; **2.** au inhabitant of Veii, 4, 1, 4; 4, 2, 13 etc.

**Velentānus**, adj. of the Veientes, ager, Liv. 4, 19, 6; unum (of bad quality), Hor. s. 2, 3, 14; called V. rubellum by Pers. 5, 147 and, Et Veientani bibitum faex crassa rubelli, Mart. 1, 103, 9; V. uua, 2, 53, 4; add 3, 49, 1; **2.** pl. inhabitants of Veii, inser. Nibb. 1, 51.

**Velentilla**, f. a cognomen, Castricia V., inser. Fabr. 155, 241.

**Velentinus**, m. a cognomen, L. Calpurnius V., inser. Mur. 1650, 9.

**Velentius**, adj. of the Veientes, as a cognomen, inser. Fabr. 434, 14.

**Veiento**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, Cic. *Att.* 7, 3, 5; Tac. *an.* 14, 50.

**Veii**, orum, m. pl. a city of Etruria, Liv. 4 and 5 passim.

**Velouis**, see Vedionis.

**Veisinnius**, a gentile name, CIL 1366.

**uel**, conj. [for uele choose, as an imper. of uol- wish by 'umlaut,' as in uelim uelle, cf. heus; and for loss of e ef. fae fer] or, lege, uel tabellas redde, Pl. *Ps.* 1, 1, 31; eiusmodi coniuentionem tectorum uel urbem appellauerunt, Cic. *rep.* 1, 41; **2.** it often serves to correct, esp. with an added potius, unum illud extimescebam, ne quid turpiter facerem, uel dicam, iam effecissem, Cic. *Att.* 9, 7, 1;

**3.** repeated, uel... uel... either... or..., Nunc quamobrem huc sum missa, amabo uel tu mi aias uel neges, Pl. *Rud.* 2, 4, 14; hunc ordinem ex censu descripsit uel paci decorum uel bello, Liv. 1, 42, 5; **4.** more than once repeated, Tu uel suda uel peri algu uel tu aegrota uel uale, Pl. *Rud.* 2, 7, 24; una atque altera aetas nel metu uel spe uel praemiis nel legibus potest totam Galliam sempiternis uinculis adstringere, Cic. *pron. cons.* 34; **5.** even, Carmina uel caelo possunt deducere lunam, Verg. *B.* 8, 69; per me uel stertas licet, non modo quiescas, Cic. *acad.* 2, 93; hoc quidem ascensu uel tres armati quamlibet multitudinem arcuerint, Liv. 9, 24, 7; **6.** esp. with superlatives, cuius eo tempore uel maxima apud regem auctoritas erat, Liv. 36, 41, 2; hoc in genere uerborum uel minimum est, suauitatis autem uel plurimum, Cic. *orat.* 91; **7.** hence uel is used to introduce a strong instance, as: Nullast tam facilis res quin difficilis siet, Quom inuitus faeias. Vel me haec deambulatio, Quam non laboriosa ad languorem dedit,

Ter. *Haut.* 4, 6, 1; Per pol quam paucos reperias meretricibus Fidelis euenire amatores Syra. Vel hic Pamphilus irabat..., Hec. 1, 1, 1; Raras tuas quidem sed suauis accipio litteras. Vel quas proxime acceperam, quam prudentes, Cic. *fam.* 2, 13, 1; cf. uel-ut; **8.** uel in this sense may be repeated, but here it must not be confounded with uel eithor, Ita me di ament, uel in lautuniis uel in pistrino manelim Agere aetatem, Pl. *Poeu.* 4, 2, 5; **9.** uel and aut used separately are at times pretty well synonymous; yet more commonly aut divides two notions essentially different, while uel marks a distinction either not essential in itself or unimportant in the mind of the speaker, so that it is often used to correct a mere expression. Where they are repeated the difference is more marked. In the construction aut—aut—the denial of one clause is an affirmation of the other; whereas with nel—uel—all the clauses may for the most part coexist or not, the speaker merely expressing his indifference as to a choice between them. Thus Fest. 369: Vel colligatio quidem est disiunctiua, sed non earum quae natura disiuncta sunt, in quibus aut coniuunctione rectius utitur, ut: aut dies est aut nox, sed earum quae non sunt contra, e quibus quae eligatur nihil interest, ut Ennius: Vel tu dictator, uel equorum equitumque magister Esto uel consul; **10.** still in late writers, uel...uel..., is used for the double aut, Qui filium in potestate habet curare debet ut eum uel heredem instituat uel nominatim exheredet, alioquin inutiliter testabitur, Gai. 2, 123; **11.** the single uel, or, is in poetry at times postponed, Prima uel autumnī sub frigora, Verg. *G.* 2, 321.

**uela**, ac, f. a Gallic name for a siliquose plant, Latin iro, Greek *ερωσιμον*, in Fr. *vélar*, Pliu. 22, 158.

**Velābrensis**, e, adj. of the Velabrum, caseus, Mart. 11, 52, 10; 13, 32, 2; **2.** as sb. an inhabitant, inser. Fabr. 164, 297.

**uelābrum**, i, n. [uēla- vb.] an awning, nonnulli nelabris umbraculorum theatralium latent, Amm. 14, 6, 25;

**2.** hence Velabra pl. and Velabrum, the name of a place in Rome as so covered in old time for the market there held, as also for public processions or games, see Plutarch Romul. 5; but by him and others also ill-explained as from ueh-ere to carry, because, often flooded, it was then passable only in boats, Varr. 1, 5, p. 50 Sp.; Qua Velābrū solent in Circum ducere pompas, Nil praeter salices, cassaue canna fuit, Ov. *F.* 6, 405; At qua Velabri regio patet, ire solebat Exiguus pulsa per uada linter aqua, Tib. 2, 5, 33; Qua Velabra suo stagnabant flumine, quaque Nauta per urbana uelificabat (note the word) aquas, Prop. 5, 9, 5; **3.** as a market, Omnes de compecto rem agunt quasi in Velabro clearii, Pl. *Capt.* 3, 1, 29; cum Velabro omne macellum, Hor. *s.* 2, 3, 229, wh. *Comm. Cruq.* has: ubi probabant omnia quae ad uictus rationem atque delicias pertinebant; **4.** in Plut. *Βηλαβρον*.

**uelāmen**, inis, n. [uēla- vb.] a covering, for dress, as a veil, chiefly poetical, Et circumtextum croceo uelāmēn acantho, Verg. 1, 649; Ov. *F.* 6, 579; *M.* 6, 566; *a.* 3, 267; *luv.* 3, 178; **2.** in later prose, Tac. *G.* 17; Sen. ad *Helv.* 11.

**uelāmentum**, i, n. a covering, esp. an olive-branch, *ικετηρια*, a symbol of peace, and serving as a veil to hide the face of a suppliant, ramos oleae ac uelamenta alia supplicum porrigentes orare ut recipient sese, Liv. 24, 30, 14 (speaking of Greeks); Velāmenta manu praetendens supplic qui sit Quoque satus memorat, Ov. *M.* 11, 279 (also of a Greek); Viennenses uelamenta et infulas praeferentes, Tac. *h.* 1, 66; **2.** a veil or curtain, interiecto tantummodo uelamento, quod pontificis oculos a funere arceret, Sen. *Marc.* 5, 3; **3.** in surgery, a suspender, Cels. 7, p. 295, 24 D; **4.** met. a cloak, quaerentes libidinis u., Sen. *nit.* b. 12, 4.

**uelāris**, e, adj. [uelum] of a sail, auuli, Pliu. 13, 62.

**uelārius**, adj. as sb. first m. an imperial slave who has charge of the curtains, D. M. L. FLAV. | AVG. LIB. SVpra VELAROS DE DOMV, inser. Or. 2967; cf. inser. Mur. 916, 4; **2.** u. duplicarius, a sort of quartermaster, who had charge of the sails, Valerius . . ex uelar. duplicar. mil. (militauit)



ann. xxvi . . , inser. Or. 3642; **3.** n. an awning (over a theatre), pueros hinc ad uelaria raptos, Iuv. 4, 122.

**uēlātio**, ōnis, f. giving the veil (to Christian virgins), Aug. ep. 150 f.

**uēlātō**, adv. as through a veil, Tert. Marc. 4, 29.

**uēlātrūm**, = uelarium, Tert. do cultu fem. 6.

**uēlātus**, part. see uelo; **2.** as sb. m., uelati appellabantur uestiti et inermes qui exercitum sequebantur, quicquid in mortuorum militum loco substituebantur, Fest. 369; M. Consilius M. l. accensus uelatus, inser. Or. 111; A. Plutius Accens. uel., ib. 1368.

**Velciās**, or Velleiās, ātis, m. an inhabitant of Velcia, a town 12 miles from Placentia, P. Onicius Velciatium Lib., inser. De-Lama 65; L. Coclio respublica Velleiatium patrono, ib. 71.

**uēles**, Itis, adj. m. as sb. [uelum (as serving under a uexillum) + it- go; cf. ped-it- etc.] a light-armed soldier, eis parmac breuiore quam equestres et septena iacula data;... eos singulos in equos suos accipientes equites aduefecerunt et uehi post sese et desilire... institutum ut uelites in legionibus essent, Liv. 26, 4, 5; aniuatur ira in proelium: uelēs eques recipit se, Titin. 9 R; Quem secuntur cum rutuudis uelitis (nom. pl.) leues parnis Antesignani quadratis multisignibus tecti, Varr. s. 100 R. Add Liv. 23, 29, 3; 27, 18, 1 etc.; Nondum calfacti uelitis hasta solum, Ov. Ib. 48; **2.** met., scurrām uelitem, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1.

**Vēlia**, ae, f. one of the hills of Rome, aedificabat in summa Velia, Liv. 2, 7, 6; Varr. l. 5, p. 60 Sp.; **2.** Velia, a city on the coast of Lucania, Ἐλεα or rather Ἰελεα, Quae sit hiems Veliae, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 1.

**Vēliensis**, e, adj. of Velia, the hill, Varr. s. 100 Sp.;

**2.** Veliensis, of Velia the city, Cic. Balb. 55.

**uēli-fer**, ēra, ērum, adj. [uelum] sail-bearing, Ov. M. 15, 719; Prop. 4, 8, 35; Val. F. 1, 26.

**uēlifīcātio**, ōnis, f. sailing, met., mutata uelificatione, by changing your tack, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21.

**uēlifīcium**, ii, n. [uelificā-vb.] making sail, Hyg. fab. 277.

**uēlifīco**, = uelificor, per summa aequorum, Plin. 9, 103; Flor. 3, 7, 3; **2.** with acc. sail over, aquas, Prop. 5, 9, 6; **3.** hence as pass. uelificatus, Athos, Iuv. 10, 174.

**uēlifīcor**, āri, vb. r. [uelifico-adj.] lit. play the part of a uelificus, make sail, but only used met., trim the sails so as to catch the breeze (cf. aura popularis), go on the right tack, first with dat. of object, si quis spe ducitur se posse turbulenta oratione honori uelificari suo, Cic. agr. 1, 9; so fauori ciuium, Flor. 1, 9, 5; **2.** with ad, quaquam ad cloquecutiam uelificaris, Front. ad Antonin. ep. 2 med.; cf. Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 10, 2.

**uēlifīcus**, adj. [uelum] making sail, noctis diesque uelifico nauigij cursu, Plin. 13, 70.

**Vēlinus**, adj. of Velia the city, portusque Velinos, Verg. 6, 366; **2.** V. lacus, a lake or rather lakes so called in Umbria, Plin. 3, 108; also the river, fontesque Velini, Verg. 7, 517; **3.** Velina tribus, so called from same district, Liv. epit. 19; Cic. Att. 4, 15, 9; L. Caluisius L. f. Velina Secundus, inser. Grut. 66, 7.

**uēlīt-āris**, e, adj. of a uelites or light-armed soldier, hasta, Liv. 26, 4, 4; Plin. 7, 201; arma, Sal. Iug. 38, 20.

**uēlītātio**, ōnis, f. skirmishing with words, Fest. 369 M; Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 41.

**Vēlītērnus**, adj. of Velitrae, populus, Liv. 8, 12, 6; coloni, 6, 36; uinum, Plin. 14, 65.

**uēlītēs**, see ueles.

**uēlītō**, āre = uelitor, comperco uerbis uelītārē: ad rem redi, Turp. 145 R.

**uēlītōr**, āri, vb. r. [uelit.] skirmish, only met., Nescio quid nos uelitati estis inter uos duo, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 28; iutera uerba iactare et labris inter se uelitari uelificari, Afran. 267 R; Gell. 6, 11, 1; Apul. M. 5 p. 164 and 9, p. 231.

**Vēlītērae**, arum, f. a town of the Volsci, aft. a Roman colony, Liv. 2, 31, 4; birthplace of Augustus, Suet. Aug. 1 etc.; quos Setia et e celebri miscrunt ualle Vēlītērae, Sil. 8, 379. The Oscan spelling inserts an s before the t, Velest., see Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 8, note. Hence the i of Velitrae is long.

**uēliuolans**, ntis, part. [implies a vb. ueliuolor] sail-flying, nauibus, Enn. tr. 89 V.

**uēli-uolus**, adj. sail-flying, nauces, Enn. tr. 111 and an. 381 V; puppos, Lucr. 5, 1442; mare, Verg. 1, 224; Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 42.

**Velleiānus**, adj. of Velleius, senatconsultum, Ulp. dig. 16, 1, 2.

**Velleius**, i, m. a gentile name, as of the historian V. Paternulus, who lived in the reign of Tiberius; **2.** lex Iunia Velleia, Seae. dig. 28, 2, 29, 11; Ulp. 28, 3, 13.

**uēlēr-eus**, adj. of sheepskin, Ascon. ad Verr. 1, 8.

**uēllicātīm**, adv. [uellica- vb.] by snatches, Sisen. ap. Non. 188.

**uēllicātio**, ōnis, f. twitching, opp. to lacerationes, Sen. ut. h. 5, 3; **2.** in words, twitting, opp. to conuicia, Sen. ira, 3, 43, 5.

**uēllicō**, āre, vb. dim. pull by little and little, pluck, Cornix atat; ea uoltrios duo uicissim uellicat, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 149; Cui deus aridens horrentes pectore setas Vellieat, Nemes. ecl. 3, 31; of bees, Varr. r. 3, 16, 7; **2.**

pinch, puer quem productum quid fletet interrogabat, a paedagogo se uellicari respondit, Quint. 6, 1, 41; uellicata blande auricula, Paul. Nol. ep. 36, 3; **3.** in words, pick holes in, pull to pieces, carp at, in conuiujs rodunt, in circulis uellicant, malelicio dente carpunt, Cic. Balb. 57; Vellieat absentem Demetrius, Hor. s. 1, 10, 71; nullum est tam plenum beneficium quod non uellicare malignitas possit, Sen. ben. 2, 28, 4; Nec mihi tam duris insultet moribus et te Vellieat, Prop. 2, 5, 8.

**uēlliciger**, a, um, adj. as sb. m. fleece-wearer, of Aries in the Zodiac, Germ. anthol. 2, 340.

**uello**, ēre, noli or uulsi, uolsum or unls-nm [root uol: cf. uol-n-es-], vb. pull, tear, cum pars uellerent uallum atque in fossas proruerent, Liv. 9, 14, 9; postesque a cardine uellit, Verg. 2, 480; **2.** pluck, as grass, hair, wool, etc., Ynguibus et ranis uellentem dentibus herbas, Ov. M. 8, 800; barbam, Hor. s. 1, 3, 133; lanam, Varr. l. 5, p. 61 Sp.; plumam auscrum bis anno, Colum. 8, 13, 3; **3.** also with acc. of the body whence, ut non solum tonderetur diligenter (Caesar) ac raderetur sed uelleretur etiam, Suet. Caes. 45; cf. Galb. 22, and see uolus; **4.** pull without violence, as aurem, by way of drawing attention, Verg. B. 6, 3; Calp. ecl. 4, 155; **5.** the perf. uulsi rare, but in Lucau. 6, 546 and uulserat, 4, 414; the root uol-(uel-) is also seen in ἔλ-κ-ω for ἔλ-κ-ω (cf. uol-n-es-, ulc-es- and ἔλ-κ-ε-σ-) as also in ἴερ-u-; while our pull p[ro]l-ueck is virtually the same. Cf. the letter-change of uenia, bonus, bene.

**uēll-us**, -ōris, n. lit. a plucking, hence wool, as plucked from the sheep, pastores Palatini ex ouibus ante tonsuram inuentam uellere lanam sunt soliti; ex quo uellera dicuntur, Varr. l. 5, p. 61 Sp.; cf. r. 2, 11, 9; oues non ubique tondentur, durat quibusdam in locis uellendi mos, Plin. 8, 190; Nymphae quae uellera motis Nulla trahunt digitis nec fila sequentia ducunt, Ov. M. 14, 264; and in the sing., absinthium in uellere adpositum, Plin. 27, 50; **2.** wool as on the sheep, ipse aries etiam nunc uellera siccant, Verg. B. 3, 95; Mollē gerit tergo lucida uellus ouis, Tib. 2, 1, 62; **3.** a sheepskin, a fleece, stratisque inebant Velleribus, Verg. 7, 94; Cum lustrant celebres uellera secta uias, Ov. F. 5, 101; **4.** a skin of other animals, leonis, Ov. F. 2, 339 and 5, 396; eeuina, M. 3, 197 and 6, 592;

**5.** met. of silk, Verg. G. 2, 121; of fleecy clouds, 1, 397; Lucan. 4, 124; uellus aquarum, of snow, Mart. 4, 3, 1; **6.** Paruassia n. of wreaths of laurel or ivy bound up with wool for poets, Stat. s. 5, 3, 8.

**Vellutus**, m. [wh. implies a vb. uell-u or uel-u = ἔλ-(u)-κ- and ἴερ-u-; cf. uelumen] a cognomen, as L. Sicius L. f. Vellutus, Ase. or Corn., Βελλουτος, Diouys. 6, 89; Plut. Cor. 7.

**uēllō**, āre, vb. [uelum] cover with a curtain or awning, uelari loca ea qua pompa ueheretur, Maer. s. 1, 16, 15; **2.** veil, esp. the head, uelat materna tempora myrto, Verg. 5, 72; dum uelat tempora uitij, Ov. Pout. 3, 2, 75; **3.** similarly of temples, Nos delubra deum... festa uelanus fronde, Verg. 2, 249; Altaque uelantur fortasse



Palatia sertis, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 3; 4. hide, conceal, solium (togam ad calceos demittere) Ciceronem uelandonum uaricum gratia, Quint. 11, 3, 143; circa uelanda corporis, Plin. ep. 6, 24, 3; and met., scelere uelandum est scelus, Sen. Hipp. 721; 5. as a vb. r., Et capita ante aras Phrygio uelamur amicta, Verg. 3, 545.

**uēlōcītās**, ātis, f. [ueloc-adj.] swiftness, rapidity, speed, alios uideamus uelocitate ad cursum ualere, Cic. off. 1, 107; perosque uelocitas et regio hostibus ignara tutata sunt, Sall. Jug. 52, 4; 2. in plur., non uiribus aut uelocitatibus aut celeritate corporum res magnae geruntur, Cic. sen. 17.

**uēlōcīter**, see uelox.

**uēlōsus**, adj. uelum, uelamentum, uelosus, uelificat, not. Tir. 177.

**uēlox**, ōcis, adj. [uēlum, quasi plenos uelo, Prisc. 4, 105 K; cf. celox and uelum] swift, rapid, nauis, Verg. 5, 116; pedites uelocissimi, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 5; cerui, Verg. 5, 253; flamma, Lucr. 6, 688; horae, Ov. M. 2, 118; Fama malum quo non aliud uēlōcius ullum, Verg. 4, 174; 2. active in leaping, Et male uēlōci iusta soluta Remo, Ov. F. 5, 452; thoes, luporum id genus est...nelox saltu, Plin. 8, 123; 3. with iuf., absistere u., Stat. Th. 6, 797; 4. of the mind, nihil est animo uelocius, Cic. Tusc. 1, 43; iugenum, Quiut. 6, 4, 8; 5. adv., uelociter, Ov. M. 11, 586; uelocius, Cic. rep. 6, 29; uelocissime, Tim. 9.

**uelatragā** = canis, not. Tir. 176. See uertraga.

**uēlum**, i, n. [?] sail, stridens aquilone procella Velum aduersa ferit, Verg. 1, 102; Aut portum tenet aut pleno subit ostia uelo, 1, 400; 2. gen. iu pl., first as setting sail, uelis in altum datis Icum peruenere, Liv. 31, 45, 11; Soluite uela citi, Verg. 4, 574; Velaque deducunt genuinaque ope currere temptant, Ov. M. 3, 663; and met., ad id unde aliquis flatus ostenditur uela do, Cic. or. 2, 187; utrum mauis, statimne nos uela facere an paululum remigare? Tusc. 4, 9; 3. of taking in sail, contraxi uela, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 2; Contrahes uento nimium secundo Turgida uela, Hor. od. 2, 10, 24; omnis nauita ponto Vmida uela legit, Verg. G. 1, 373; celeriter uela subduci demittique autemas iubet (as preparing for action), bell. Alex. 45, 4; 4. remo uelocite etc., met., Remigio uelocite quantum potis es festina et fuge, Pl. As. 1, 3, 5; res detestabilis uelis ut ita dicam remisque fugienda, Cic. Tusc. 3, 25; but in off. 3, 116 uiris equisque, not remis; 5. met. of flying, penarum uela remittunt, Lucr. 6, 743; II 6. a curtain, eadem, si quando recito in proximo, discreta uelo sedet, Plin. ep. 4, 19, 3; non adieuaabit uelum, Sen. ep. 80, 1; 7. esp. an awning, as in an ancient theatre otherwise open above, lutea russaque uela Et ferrugina cum magnis intenta theatris..., Lucr. 4, 76; cf. Plin. 19, 23; Ov. a. a. 1, 103; Prop. 5, 1, 15; A. Suetitii aedilis familia gladiatoria pugabit Pompels pr. K. lunias: uenatio et uela erunt, inscr. Relaz. d. scavi di Pompei 4; 8. jestingly, uelis amictos non togis, Cic. Cat. 2, 22; 9. met., multis simulationum inuolueris tegitur et quasi uelis quibusdam obtenditur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 5; 10. uelum : uexillum :: ala : axilla :: mala : maxilla etc., cf. Cic. or. 153; and so uelum is prob. for uclholum. Similarly παρα-σειον a top-sail (see Ph. Essays) is perh. fr. παρα-σειον, and that fr. σειχ root of εχω, wh. = Lat. ueh-o. Hence uehel-um = Germ. segel, our sail.

**uēl-ūm-en**, uis, n. [uel of nello; cf. Vellutus] wool, lanam demptam ac couglobatam alii uellera, alii uelumina appellat, Varr. r. 2, 11, 9.

**uēl-ūt** or ucl-ūtī, conj. even as, just as, Studeo hunc lenonem perdere, uelut meum erum miserum macerat, Pl. Poen. 4, 1, 2; pedem cum uoce repressit, Improuisum aspris ueluti qui sentibus anguem Pressit lumi nitens, Verg. 2, 378; 2. esp. in adding an instance, as for example, Id magis ueri simile esse usus reapse experiundo edocet, Velut Orestes modo fuit rex, factus mendicis modo, Pacuv. 375 R; non elogia monumentorum id significant, uelut hoc ad portam? Cic. fin. 2, 116; in bestiis aquatilibus quae gignuntur in terra, ueluti crocodili, N. D. 2, 124; 3. with si and subj., just as if, absentis Ariouisti crudelitatem, uelut si coram adesset, horrebant, Caes. b. g.

1, 32, 4; tantus patres metus cepit, uelut si iam ad portas hostis esset, Liv. 21, 16, 2; and in poetry without si, Saepa uelut gemmas eius signumque probarem, Per causam memini me tetigisse manum, Tibul. 1, 7, 25; 4. with abl. absol., laeti uelut explorata uictoria ad castra pergunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 6, where it would be wrong to say that si is omitted; 5. or again, in adding an instance, atrox antem iniuria aestimator uel ex facto, uelut si quis ab aliquo uulneratus fuerit; uel ex loco, uelut si cui in theatro iniuria facta sit, Gai. inst. 3, 225; 6. followed by sic or ita, quum uelut Sagunti excidium Hannibali, sic Philippo Abydenorum clades ad Romanum bellum animos fecisset, Liv. 31, 18, 9; itaque uelut si urbem extemplo adgressurus Scipio foret, ita ad arina est conclamatum, 29, 28, 9; uelut per fistulam ita per apertam uitis medullam humor trahitur, Colum. 3, 18, 5; 7. to qualify a single word, like quasi, as it were, ut terras mundumque rubescere uidit, Cornuaque extremae uelut euanescere lunae, Ov. M. 2, 116; comae (ascyroidis) tritae uelut cruentant, Plin. 27, 37.

**uēna**, ae, f. [?] an underground watercourse, whence springs etc. are supplied, ad postremum cuniculis uenae fontis intercisae sunt atque auersae, bell. Gall. 8, 43, 4; C. Plantium cui ob inquisitas eas aquae (Appiae) uenas Venocis cognomen datum est, Frontin. aq. 1, 5; add 1, 10; occultos continere latices quorum uenae in mare permanentes nuda miscerantur, Liv. 44, 33, 2; cum ad aquam uentum est, sine larenato opus surgit ne uenae obstruantur, Plin. 31, 49; omnia litora naturaliter aquae dulcis uenas habere, bell. Alex. 8, 1; cf. § 11; 2. hence gen. water, Nec in Lucrina lota Salmacis uena, Mart. 10, 30, 10; II 3. by an easy met., an artery or vein, which the Romans for the most part did not distinguish (as the Greek *v. φλεψ*). Thus first of the pulse, i.e. beating of an artery, si cui uenae sic mouentur, is habet febre, Cic. fat. 15; uenis enim credimus, fallacissimae rei, quia saepe istae lentiores celerioresque sunt et aetate et sexu et corporum natura, Cels. 3, p. 84, 15 D; Tange miser uenas et pone in pectore dextram, Pers. 3, 107; tentatas uenas, Suet. Tib. 72 f.; and met., tenet oportet uenas cuiusque generis..., feel the pulse, Cic. or. 1, 224; 4. a veiu strictly, as in medical bleeding, detracto sanguine uenis, Lucr. 3, 442; uenam incidere, Cels. 2, 10; but even here there was confusion of ideas as in: inter Ima ferire pedis salientem sanguine uenam, Verg. G. 3, 460; 5. but for suicide or murder the arteries would not be spared, as: medico imperasti ut uenas hominis incideret, Cic. Pis. 83; Labeo per abruptas uenas sanguinem effudit, Tac. an. 6, 29; 6. still the learned distinguished them, nerui sicut uenae et arteriae a corde tracti et profecti in corpus omne ducuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 139; 7. of the ureters, a renibus singulae uenae ad uesicam feruntur, Cels. 4, p. 122, 18 D; 8. membrum uirile (uelut uena per quam sanguis genitalis eicitur), quum singuliet inguine uena, Pers. 6, 72; Mart. 11, 16, 5; 9. met., periculum erit inclusum in uenis atque in uisceribus reipublicae, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; III 10. a veiu of metal, nos aeris argenti auri uenas penitus additas inuenimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; ubicumque uena inuenta nena est, non procul inuenitur alia, unde metalla (sc. *uer' alla*) Graeci uidentur dixisse, Plin. 33, 96; nec tamen adfirmauerim nullam Germaniae uenam argentum aurumque gignere, Tac. G. 5; 11. hence ore, Romam adfertur uena (minii) signata ad bina milia fere pondo annua, Romae autem lauat, Plin. 33, 118; exusto lapide uenis permixto, 119; 12. a veiu in wood, (apiata citrus) uenis suis refulgens, Plin. 13, 97; in quarundam arborum carnibus pulpae uenaeque sunt, 16, 184; or in precious stones, ueram onychem plurimas uariasque cum lacteis habere uenas, 37, 91; (achates) Thebis repertae caret rubentibus uenis et albis, 37, 141; or in marble, An picturata lucentia uarnora uena Mirer? Stat. s. 1, 3, 36; or in fluit, as supposed to contain veins of fire, quaerit pars semina flammae Abstrusa in uenis silicis, Verg. 6, 6; 13. met. from a rich spring of water, a veiu of talent, poetry etc., at fides et ingeni Benigna uena est, Hor. od. 2, 18, 9; Hoc (ingenium) ego Pegasidas deduxi primus ad undas, Ne male fecundae



uena periret aquae, Ov. tr. 3, 7, 15; ego nec studium sine diuite uena, Nee rude quid possit uideo ingenium, Hor. A. P. 409; Sed uatem egregium eui non sit publica uena, Iuv. 7, 53; **14.** uena prob. for nes-na, and so of one stock with uer of nerg- pour, wh. see; Skr. uari and Germ. wass-er; cf. uena from cerna, uena from pesna. Cf. Verox.

**uēnāb-ūlum**, i, u. [uēnāb- = uēna- vb.] hunting-spear, praecleara bestia uenabulo transnerberatur, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; lato uenabula ferro, Verg. 4, 131; but sagittarum uenabula, Plin. 8, 26, must be corrupt.

**Vēnāfer**, adj. of Venafrum, M. Ovius M. f. Ter. Rufus V., inser. Grut. 567, 3.

**Vēnāfrum**, i, n. a town of Campania near the Vultur-us, famed for its olives, uiridique certat Baea Vēnāfro, Hor. od. 2, 6, 15; Hoc tibi Campani sudauit baca Venafri, Mart. 13, 101.

**uēnālicīarius**, adj. [uēnālicio- as sb. m.] of a slave-dealer; uenāliciarum exercere, Ulp. dig. 32, 73, 14; **2.** belonging to the class uenālicii, slave-dealers; Paul. dig. 21, 1, 44.

**uēnālic-ius**, adj. [uēnāli- as sb. m.] of slaves, as offered for sale, greges, Plin. 35, 201; familia, Suet. Aug. 42 med.; mercator, inser. Grut. 411, 1; 637, 5; **2.** as sb. m. a slave-dealer, Cic. orat. 232; Plin. 21, 170; **3.** as sb. n. a gang of slaves for sale, cf. seruitium: ea quae nimium sumptuosa sint, uelut iumenta aut uenālicia, uendere, Ulp. dig. 28, 8, 5, 1; ex uenālicio uenāliciorum emptus, Venul. 21, 1, 65, 2; u. (cum) titulis pictum, Petr. 29; genius uenālicii, inser. Grut. 5, 1 and 2, 8, 3; una me tecum congressum in uenālicio, Or. 3023 (of one libertus to another).

**uēnālis**, [uen- sb.] e, adj. for sale, aedes, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 67; hortī, Cic. off. 3, 58; familia, ap. Quint. 7, 2, 26; postremo dixisse (Iugurtham) urbem uenālem et mature perituram si emptorem inuenere, Sal. Iug. 35, 10; **2.** as sb. m. a slave for sale, uel gregem uenālium, Pl. Aul. 3, 3, 4; Mercaturamne an uenālis habuit ubi rem perdidit? Triu. 2, 2, 51; uenāles Asiaticos, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 146.

**uēnālitās**, ātis, f. [uenāli- adj.] the being for sale, uenality, Sidon. ep. 5, 13 med.; cod. Iust. 4, 52 f.

**Vēnāntius Fortūnātus**, m. a Christian poet of the sixth century.

**Venaria**, ae, f. an island of the Tyrrhene Sea, Plin. 3, 81.

**uēnāticus**, adj. [uenato- part.] of that which is hunted, of the chase, praeda, Amm. 29, 3, 3 and 30, 1, 15.

**uēnāticus**, adj. [uēnāti- sb.] of the chase, canis, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 113; canum duo genera, unum uenāticum, Varr. r. 2, 9, 2; catulus, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 65; **2.** met., prolatis rebus paritū uenāticis Canes sumus, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 17.

**uēnātio**, ōnis, f. [uenā- vb.] hunting, chase, piscatu aucupio uenatio, Cic. fin. 2, 23; aucupium atque uenatio, sen. 56; multumque sunt (Sueui) in uenationibus, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 8; **2.** esp. a combat of wild beasts in the Circus, reliquae sunt uenationes biniae per dies quinque, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; Cirencens in Vatianno commisit, interiecta per quinos missus uenatione, Suet. Claud. 21; inser. Or. 2556 and 2559; **3.** produce of the chase, cum miramentum unde illi tam multa et uaria uenatio, Liv. 35, 49, 6;

**4.** hence game, as food, ex uenatione maxime lepus (urinum mouet), Cels. 2, p. 72, 14 D; et auis et uenatio et suilla dari potest, 5, p. 196, 2; add 2, p. 67, 17; p. 69, 2; p. 70, 6; uenatu utitur nec utitur uenatione, Sidon. ep. 4, 9;

**5.** septum uenationis, a preserue, Varr. r. 3, 12, 2; Colum. 9 praef.

**uēnātor**, ōris, m. a hunter, quasi uenator tu quidem es Dies atque noctes cum cane aetatem exigit, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 11; pernoctant uenatores in niue, Cic. Tusc. 2, 40; manet sub Ioue frigido Vēnātor tenerae coniugis immemor, Hor. od. 1, 1, 25; **2.** met., nequis... Nostro consilio uenator adsit cum auribus plagis, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 14; speculatorem uenatoreque naturae, Cic. N. D. 1, 83; **3.** of a gladiator, as fighting with wild beasts, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 11; Apul. M. 4; Cassiod. Var. 5, 52; **4.** as adj. of the chase, u. canis, Verg. 12, 751; u. equus, Stat. Th. 9, 685; **5.** a collegium uenatorum, mentioned in inser. Or. 4118.

**uēnātor-ius**, adj. of a hunter, instrumentum, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 3; culter, Suet. Aug. 19 f.

**uēnātr-ix**, icis, f. [uenator-] a huntress, Verg. 1, 319; **2.** as adj. f., dea, Ov. M. 2, 454; puella, Iuv. 13, 80; both of Diana; Ida, Verg. 9, 177; (canes), Mart. 11, 69, 2.

**uēnātūr-a**, ae, f. [uenator-] the business of a hunter or huntress, Videtur illam oculis uenaturam facere atque aucupium auribus? Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 43.

**uēnātus**, ūs, m. [uenā- vb.] hunting, chase, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; Verg. 7, 746 and 9, 605; **2.** of fishing, dominus huic ne frustrā sis, Nisi ego nemo natust, hunc qui cepi in uenatu meo, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 31; cf. uenatio, § 4.

**uend-ax**, ācis, adj. or sb. one given to selling, patrem familias uendacem, non emacem esse oportet, Cato r. 2 f.

**uend-ib-ilis**, e, adj. easy to sell, readily finding a purchaser, marketable, illa uia u. Hereulaeae multarum deliciarum, Cic. agr. 2, 36; ager, Varr. r. 1, 4, 2; fundus, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 47; puella, Ov. am. 3, 12, 9; **2.** hence met. popular, nam ut sint illa (scripta) uendibilia, haec uberiora certe sunt, Cic. fin. 1, 12; orator, Brut. 174; **3.** uendibilis adv. in a more popular manner, Hier. ep. 130, 18.

**uendīco**, āre, see uindico.

**uendītārius**, adj. [uend-] for sale, lingua, dub. in Pl. St. 1, 3, 102.

**uendītātio**, ōnis, f. [uendita-] a showing off, display, exhibiting to the best advantage, Cic. Tusc. 2, 64; am. 86; scientiae, Plin. 29, 25.

**uendītātor**, ōris, m. one who shows off, Tac. h. 1, 49.

**uendītio**, ōnis, f. [uend-] selling, sale, uenditio alienatio est et rei suae iurisque in ea sui in alium translatio, Sen. ben. 5, 10, 1; uenditio locatio aedilis esto, CIL 603, 8; bonorum, Cic. Rosc. Am. 110; illud est quod uulgo putant per permutationem rerum emptionem et uenditionem contrahi, Gai. 3, 139; but see the whole §; **2.** for the thing sold, antequam u. transferatur, Ulp. dig. 18, 2, 4, 4; cf. 43, 23, 11; **3.** uenditiones of things sold, Plin. ep. 10, 108.

**uend-ito**, āre, vb. frq. [uend- wh. see] be in the habit of exhibiting for sale, offer for sale, sell (as a habit), Non ego possum quae ipsa sese uenditatur tutari, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 41; istius decreta imperia litteras uenditabat (libertus), Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 135; Tusulanum uenditatur ut si possit emat Paecilianam domum, Att. 1, 14, 7; pacem pretio uenditantes, Liv. 38, 42, 11; matrem eius ne olus quidem legitimum uenditasse sed scandicem, Plin. 22, 80; **2.** met. puff up, show off, Antonio tuo nomine gratias egi;...ualde te uenditauit, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 16; **3.** esp. se u. make oneself acceptable (to), ingratiare oneself (with), pay one's court (to), quomodo autem se uenditatur (optimates) Caesari? Cic. Att. 8, 16, 1; horum quibus te uenditabat, Sull. 32; (Appius) per illos se plebi uenditatur, Liv. 3, 35, 5; senatui se litteris uenditans, Vell. 2, 63, 3.

**uendītōr**, ōris, m. [uend-] seller, Cic. off. 3, 51; Varr. r. 3, 5, 6.

**uendīttr-ix**, icis, f. [uenditor] seller, Scaev. dig. 18, 3, 8.

**uendo**, dōre, didi, ditum, vb. [= unum, wh. see, + do] lit. put in the window (for sale), hence sell, Iurauisti te illam nulli uenditurum nisi mihi, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 118; quidam apud forum praesente testibus mihi uendidit, Pomp. 168 R; si uertas in percipiendis fructibus fuit, consequitur uilitas in uendeudis, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 227; **2.** in certain phrases, with a gerund understood (=locare), farm out, decumas frumenti (se. exigendas) lege Hieronica uendidi, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 123; ubi illa consuetudo in praediis uendeudis omnium consulum, ib. 2, 1, 142; cf. Gai. 3, 145, 146; **3.** met. show off to advantage, set off, puff up, Ligarianam (orationem) praecclare uendidisti; postquam quidquid scripsero, tibi praecconium deferam, Cic. Att. 13, 12, 2; Si uersus paulo uocemini uisus et alter, iniuste totum dicit uenditque poema; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 75; purpura uendit Causidicum, uendunt amethystina, Iuv. 7, 135; **4.** a passive uenditur, uendi, not found in Latin writers before Ulp. and Paul.; cf. Lachmann Mus. Rhein. 3, 613 and ad Lucr. 2.



829; nōnre serving for them. Cf. perdo, pereō;  
**5.** still a perf. part. (as perditus) uenditus, cmm constet negotiatio eius ex empto et uendito, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 2.

**uēnēfica**, see ueneficus.

**uēnēficiōlum**, i, n. dim. ueneficus, ueneficium, not. Tir. 134.

**uēnēficiūm**, ii, n. [uenefico-adj.] strictly the preparation of poisonous drugs; but also the use of magical arts or sorcery in general, for the two were classed together, neque de ueneficiis ante eam diem Romae quaesitum est, Liv. 8, 18, 11; libertos eius sescenti sunt qui de ueneficiis accusabant, Cic. Rose. Am. 90; ueneficii reos detulerat ad principem, Plin. ep. 7, 6, 8; subito tonnam causam oblitus est, idque ueneficiis et cantionibus Titinniae factum esse dicebat, Cic. Brut. 217; durat persuasio ueneficiis et herbis id (sc. solis lunaeque defectum) cogi, Plin. 25, 10; Chresimus in inuidia magna erat, ceu fruges alienas pelliceret ueneficiis (but producing his splendid plant, slaves, oxen), postea dixit: Veneficia mea Quirites haec sunt, 18, 42.

**uēnēficius**, adj. [for ueneni-fic-us] lit. drug-making, and so not absolutely one with magical: thus Pliny speaking of magic in general: proinde ita persuasum sit, inanem esse, habentem tamen quasdam ueritatis umbras, sed in his ueneficas artis pollere, nou magicas, 30, 17; **2.** of magic or sorcery, magical, Concipit illa preces et uerba uēnēficiā dicit, Ov. M. 14, 365; **3.** as sb. m. and f. a sorcerer or wizard, a sorceress or witch; quis tota Italia ueneficus, quis gladiator...? Cic. Cat. 2, 7; cum uenefici cuiusdam nomen esset delatum, inu. 2, 58; Barbara narratur uenisse uenefica tecum, Ov. her. 6, 19; **4.** as a term of abuse, etiam dicis ubist, uenefice? Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 7; Th. Quid ais, uenefica? P. Atqui certo comperi, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 9.

**Ueneticus**, ii, m. a gentile name, CIL 780, 785.

**uēnēnārius**, adj. m. as sb. [uenumum] a dealer in poisons, Suet. Ner. 33; Tert. pud. 5 med.

**uēnēnātus**, part. see ueneno; as adj. poisonous, venomous, colubris, Lucr. 5, 27; dentibus, Ov. her. 12, 95—hence comp., nihil est usquam uenenuatius quam in mari pastinaca, Plin. 32, 25; sup., uipera uenenatissima, Tert. bapt. 1; **2.** as sb. n. a dyed garment, the official saffron robe of a flaminica, (flaminica dialis) uenenato operitur, Masur. Sab. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 27; ueteri iure praecceptum est ut flaminica uenenato operata sit, Serv. ad A. 4, 137; cf. cund. ad A. 12, 602.

**uēnēni-fer**, era, erum, adj. poison-bearing, venorous, palato, Ov. M. 3, 85.

**uēnēno**, āre, vb. [uenumum] drug, hence first poison, ut spatium caeli quadam de parte uenenet, Lucr. 6, 820, of the Avernus; pantheras quae uenenuata carne caperentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; Nec uenenatis grauida sagittis Fusce pharetra, Hor. od. 1, 22, 3; **2.** dye, iam tonsiles tapetes ebrii fuco, quos concha purpura imbuens uenenuauit, Cu. Mat. ap. Gell. 20, 9, 3; see uenenuatus § 2.

**uēnēnōsus**, adj. [id.] poisonous, herba, Aug. de gen. 8, 13.

**uēnēnum**, i, n. [?] a liquid or juice, potent for good or evil, = φαρμακον, qui uenenum dicit adicere debet, malum a bonum sit; nam et medicamenta uenena sunt, quia eo nomine omne continetur quod adhibitum eius naturam cui adhibitum est mutat, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 236; qui u. malum fecit fecerit, lex de ueneficiis ap. Cic. Clu. 148; auaritia quasi uenenis malis imbuta corpus animumque uirilem effeminat, Sal. Cat. 11, 3; **2.** absol. poison, Oppianicum ueneno necatum esse quod ei datum sit in pauca, Cic. Clu. 169; Quid hoc uēnēni saeuit in praecordiis? Hor. epod. 3, 5; Pectora felle uirent, lingua est suffusa ueneno, Ov. M. 2, 777 of Inuidia; **3.** met., tribuni plebem agitare suo ueneno, agraria lege, Liv. 2, 52, 2; Caesios Aquinos Suffenum, omnia colligam uenena, Catul. 14, 19; **4.** a drug, as a magical charm, quae meum uenenis flexit socium pectora, Pacuv. 401 R; Item ut Medea Peliam concoxit senem, Quem medicamento et suis uenenis dicitur fecisse rursus ex seue adulescentulum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 81; and met., Aetas et corpus tenerum et morigeratio, Haec sunt uenena formosarum mulierum, Afran. 382 R; **5.** a drug, as a dye, in

poets, Alba nec Assyrio fucatur laua ueneno, Verg. G. 2, 465; Lana Tarentino uiolas imitata ueneno, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 207; **6.** perh. from uer pour; see uergo, and for change of liquid uenōr.

**uēn-ēo**, ire, ii, itum, vb. irr. [uenum, wh. see, + eo] lit. go into the window, be exposed (for sale); hence be offered for sale, Adulescens, quibus hic pretiis potci uenunt Sacres sinceri? Pl. Men. 2, 2, 15—how much do they ask for...? maucipia uenibant Saturnalibus tertius, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; Non pudet, heu Superi! populos uenire sub hasta? Claud. in Eutr. 1, 210; **2.** be sold, quei ager publice non uenicit (sic), dare reddere commutare liceto, lex agr. 58; (sei is) ager locns, qui ei emptus fuerit, publice uenicit..., ib. 65; ei mandasti cui expediret illud uenire quam plurimo, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 1; cogis eos plus lucri addere, quam quati uenerant cum magno uenissent, Verr. 2, 3, 89; Corruptus panis rerum, quia ueniat auro Rara auis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 25; **3.** as a pass., egone illi uenear (ueneam?)? Pl. ap. Diom. 365, 40; id melius emitur quam uenitur (P. uenditur), Titian. de agric. ib.; hoc m. (monumentum) ueto ueniri ueto donari, inser. Or. 4388; **4.** uenitum with a short penult Prisc. 907, 44 seems to sanction as secundum analogiam; **5.** uen-co preferred by some to ueneco; so Ritschl Pl. Men. 2, 2, 15, but against the mss. In CIL 16 times with a mere e in ueneco etc. aud uenum, never ae.

**uēnērābilis**, e, adj. [uenera-vb. r.] lit. worthy to be worshipped, uenerabilis uir miraculo literarum, uenerabilior diuinitate matris, Liv. 1, 7, 8; Ante larem gustet uenerabilior lare diues, Hor. s. 2, 5, 14; douum, Verg. 6, 408; ego uero omnem eloquentiam omnesque eius partes sacras et uenerabiles puto, Tac. dial. 10; **2.** act. worshipping, devout, quato nostrae ciuitatis uenerabilior in deos, Val. M. 1, 1, 15; uenerabilibus erga deos uerbis, 2, 4, ext. 4; **3.** adv. uenerabiliter, Macr. s. 7, 11, 10; Val. M. 5, 1, ext. 5.

**uēnērābundus**, part. frq. devoutly worshipping, Liv. 5, 22, 4 and 41, 8; Suet. Cal. 5.

**Vēnērālia**, adj. u. pl. festival of Venus, Kal. Apr. Venerealium, Vet. Kal. ap. Graev. 8, 98; των Ουνεραλιων εορτη, Plut. Q. Rom.

**uēnērāndus**, part. of ueneror; **2.** as adj. deserving to be worshipped, non eos (maiores nostros) in deorum numero uenerandos putatis? Cic. agr. 2, 95; uenerande puer, Verg. 9, 275; **3.** with a gen., seeptri uenerande, Sil. 16, 249; 6, 574; **4.** uenerandissimus, a title of emperors, inser. Grut. 209, 2; Paul. Nol. ep. 38, 3.

**uēnērāntēr**, adv. [implies an adj. uenerans] devoutly, Tert. de iud. Dom. 184; Sedul. 5, 432.

**uēnēr-ārius**, adj. of Venus, res. u., Petr. fr. trag. 61.

**uēnērātio**, ōnis, f. first worshipping, worship, religious veneration, habet enim uenerationem iustam quidquid excellit, Cic. N. D. 1, 45; solis ac lunae, Plin. 8, 1;

**2.** pass., the being worshipped or held in religious veneration, annum tertium et octogensimum excessit (Verginius Rufus) in altissima tranquillitate, pari ueneratione, Plin. ep. 2, 1, 4; (amici Alexandri) eius uenerationis erant, ut singulos reges putares, Iust. 13, 1, 10.

**uēnērātus**, part. of uenero and ueneror.

**Vēnēr-eus**, see Venerius.

**Vēnērīanus**, adj. or sb. m. [Veuerius] a cognomen of adoption, Treb. Poll. 13, 7.

**Vēnērīfūga**? u. one who flies from Venus—so Lachmann (lect. Berol. aest. 1848, 3) in place of

**Vēnērīuāgus**? adj. Spatule cuirauit omnes pueros uenuriaga, Varr. s. 164, 5 R.

**Vēnēr-ius**, rather than Vener-eus, adj. of Venus, Si te saluom hinc amittemus Venerium nepotulum, Pl. Mil. 5, 20; in nutricatu Venerio, 3, 1, 55; V. uoluptates, Cic. Tusc. 4, 68; cum quidam quaereret uteretur rebus Veneriis, sen. 47; balneum V., inser. Pompe. ap. Rosin. 63, tab. 4; **2.** esp. V. seruos, a slave attached to the temple of Venus in Eryx, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 50 and absol. 2, 2, 92; so of a freed slave, inser. Or. 3018; **3.** as sb. m. (sc. iactus) a throw of four dice where all differed, Quattuor tali iactu casu Venerium efficiunt; num etiam centum Veuerios, si quadringentos casus icceris, casu futuros putas? Cic. diu. 1.



23; so 2, 48 and 121; 4. V. pira, a kind of pear, also called colorata, Plin. 15, 56; Colum. 5, 10, 18 and 12, 10, 4;

4. as sb. f. (sc. concha) the Nautilus shell, nauigant ueneriae, praeibentesque coucauam sui (so ms B, not sibi) partem et aurae opposites per summa aequorum uelificant, Plin. 9, 103; 5. Colonia Veneria Cornelia, a title of Pompeii as having a colony founded there by Sulla, CIL 1252.

**uēnēro**, āre = ueneror, wh. see.

**uēnēror**, āri, vb. r. [Venus; see § 5] worship, adore, quos (deos) auguste omnes saneteque ueneramur, Cic. N. D. 3, 53; non solum id (simulacrum) uenerari, uerum etiam osculari solent, Verr. 2, 4, 94; Te (Augustum) caedo gaudentes Sugambri Compositis uēnērantur armis, Hor. od. 4, 14, 52; 2. beyond the ordinary sphere of religion, Et modo uobiscum quos sum ueneratus amici...loquo, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 51; mariti memoriam uenerari, Tac. Agr. 46;

3. with the added notion of prayer, and so with ut, or a neuter acc., put up a prayer to, pray, (Quisquis) deus est, ueneror ut nos ex hac acrumia eximat, Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 36; qui multa deos uenerati siut contra eius salutem, Caecina ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 2; si ueneror stultus nihil horum, Hor. s. 2, 6, 8; 4. as a proverb, dixisti me arcem facere e cloaca lapidemque e sepulcro uenerari pro deo, Cic. Planc. 95; 5. as a priest of Dionysus at times assumed the character of Bacchus, whence bacchari, so uenerari may at first have signified to play the part of Venus.

**uēnēro-ōsus**, adj. lascivious = ἀφροδισιαστής, Gloss.

**Vēnētia**, ae, f. [Veneto-adj.] the country of the Veneti, Liv. 39, 22, 6; Plin. 3, 26.

**Vēnētī-ānus**, adj. m. as sb. a favour of the Blue faction, factio Veneta, in the Circus, Victoria Venetianorum constat feliciter, inser. Grut. 1075, 9; cf. Marini, inser. frat. arn. 582; multas a Venetianis est passus iniurias, quod turpissime contra eos faueret, Capit. Ver. 6, 2.

**Vēnēticus**, adj. first of the Veneti in Italy, insulae, Plin. 4, 109; 2. of the Veneti in Gallia, bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 6 and 4, 21, 4.

**Venetulani**, m. pl. the inhabitants of an old city of Latium, Plin. 3, 69.

**Vēnētus**, adj. of Venetia, terrae, Mart. 13, 88, 1; Eridanus, Prop. 1, 12, 4; lutum, Mart. 3, 74, 4; a cosmetic; 2. Veneti, a people at the north of the Hadria, Venetos Troiana stirpe ortos auctor est Cato, Plin. 3, 130; cf. Liv. 1, 1, 3; 3. a people of Gallia Lugdunensis, capital Dariobriges, aft. Veneti, now Vannes, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 4; Plin. 4, 107; 4. u. color, a sort of blue, colore ueneto qui est marinis fructibus similis, Veg. mil. 4, 37; cucullus, Iuv. 3, 170; pisces quasi in marina aqua cum colore suo coetos conditura Veneta comedit, Lamp. Elag. 24; 5. hence Veneta factio, the Blue party in the races of the Circus, quosdam de plebe quod Venetao factioni maledixerant interemit, Suet. Vit. 14; De prasino conuiua meus uēnētōque loquatur, Mart. 10, 48, 23; add 6, 46, 1; 14, 131, 1;

6. lacus V., blue lake, name of the Lake of Constance, Mela, 3, 2, 8; 7. a cognomen, A. Vettius Q. l. Venetus, inser. Labusi Gazz. di Venez. 1829, 272; 8. Veneta, of a woman, inser. Mur. 1370, 4.

**uēnia**, ae, f. [bono-adj.; cf. bene] a kindly feeling, esp. as shown in a readiness to look over faults, habent alii quoque comici, si cum uenia leguntur, quaedam quae possis decerpere, Quint. 10, 1, 72; nobile illud nepentes obliuionem tristitia ueniamque affertens, Plin. 25, 12; referring to Odys. 4, 221; 2. esp. in the phrases, bona uenia, cum bona uenia, uenia tua, often in a parenthesis, Adulescens primum abs te hoc bona uenia peto, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 31; bona uenia me audies, Cic. N. D. 1, 59; add or. 1, 242; expromerent quid sentirent, cum bona uenia se audiant, Liv. 29, 1, 7; Calue tua uenia, pace Catulle tua, Prop. 3, 17, 4; 3. hence pardon, forgiveness, eiusus errata nulla uenia, recte facto exigua laus proponitur, Cic. agr. 2, 5; ceteris si errorem suum deposuerint ueniam et impunitatem dandam puto, Phil. 8, 32; 4. an act of kindness, a favour, Set ueniam mihi quam grauate dedit pater de Crusalo! Pl. Bae. 3, 6, 3; D. Da ueniam. Ae. Ne

grauere, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 19; quaeso a uobis ut in hac causa mihi detis haec ueniam, ut... Cic. Arch. 3; procumbunt Gallis ne urbem suis manibus succedere cogentur; datur petentibus uenia, Caes. b. g. 7, 15, 4; Extremam hanc oro ueniam, miserere sororis, Verg. 4, 435; 5. hence in Christian writers, the short prayer, in passing a holy spot, ingresso sanctissimam istam ciuitatem praefanda uenia est. Apul. flor. init.

**uēniābīlis**, e, adj. [implies a vb. uenia-] pardonable, ueuil, Sidon. ep. 9, 1; Prud. Ham. 943.

**uēniālis**, e, adj. [uenia sb.] the same, Maer. s. 7, 16, 5; Sidon. ep. 1, 11; u. pacem, with pardon, Amm. 28, 5, 3.

**ueniculus**, see ueneculus.

**Vēnilia**, ae, f. a nymph, wife of Faunus, Turnum, Cui Pilmunus auus, cui diua Venilia mater, Verg. 10, 75;

2. wife of Ianus, Ov. M. 14, 334; 3. Venilia unda est quae ad litus uenit, Varr. ap. Aug. e. D. 7, 22.

**uēnio**, ire, uēni, uentum, vb. come, Nunc quoius iussum uenio et quamobrem uenerim Dicam, Pl. Amph. pr. 17; cupio te ad me uenire, Cic. fam. 16, 10, 1; esp. with the sense of reaching, arrive, go (to), imus, uenimus, uidemus, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 51; Nisi co ad mercatum uenio, damnum maxumumst, Ad. 2, 2, 23; nam illo si ueneris tanquam Vlysses, cognosces tuorum neminem, Cic. fam. 1, 10 f.;

2. with acc. of towns, domum, rus, etc.; and in poets of other words, Laināquō uēnit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; tumulum antiquae Cereris sedemque sacratam Venimus, 2, 742; 3. with supine, neque to derisum uenio, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 46; uenisse eam tibi tot dierum uiam gratulatum, Cic. Phil. 2, 61; 4. rarely with inf., and only in old writers, poets, aurum petere hinc uenerat, Pl. Bae. 4, 3, 18; Non nos aut ferro Libyeos populare penatis Venimus, aut raptas ad litora uertere praedas, Verg. 1, 527; Vos Scythiae saturare canes, Scythiaequo uolucres

Huc miser uenistis, Val. F. 6, 643; 5. of fruit, come, be produced, Hic segetes, illic uēniunt felicius uuae, Verg. G. 1, 54; Nam quae aliae (arbores), nullis hominum cogentibus, ipsae Spoutē suā uēniunt, 2, 11; 6. of property, come (to me), neque emisti (equum) neque hereditate uenit, Cic. inu. 1, 84; maior hereditas ueniueque nostrum uenit in isdem uobis a iuro quam ab iis a quibus illa ipsa bona nobis relicta sunt, Caecin. 74; 7. appear in court as an advocate, come forward, contra rem suam uenisse me nescio quando questus est, Cic. Phil. 2, 3; ne contra antici summam existimationem miserime eius tempore uenirem, Att. 1, 1, 4; 8. fit (into), horum pedum nullus non in orationem uenit, Quint. 9, 4, 87; 9. with in and acc. come into, as in buccam, in mentem, see bucca; 10. esp. pass into a new state, become the subject of, fall under, in contentionem, Cic. diu. 2, 129; in discrimen, Rose. Am. 16; in dubium, Liv. 3, 13, 7; in religionem, Cic. N. D. 2, 10; in suspicionem, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 3; 11. or with nom. of agent, euter (into), begin (to), in sermone, begiu to talk (about), Cic. fam. 3, 5, 3; in spem, or, 2, 217; 12. of time, come, Eandem uirtutem istam ueniet tempus cum grauiter gemas, trag. inc. 116 R; esp. in the part. ueniens, coming, future, non enim sumus omnino sine cura uenientis anni, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 4; exemplo trahenti Pernicium uenies in aeuum, Hor. od. 3, 5, 15; 13. as also the fut. part., uenturique inieus aui, Verg. 8, 627; and in the neut. as, taciti uentura uidebant, 2, 125; uates, Praescia uenturi, 6, 66; 14. as pass. impers., esse ut uentum gaudeam, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 37; hac uia spe ad iudicium uenitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 71; ueniri ad se existimantes ad arma conelamant, Caes. b. g. 7, 70, 6; 15. uēnibo as fut., Pomp. 65 R; 16. that uen is the root of uen-i- is shown by the forms uēni uentum, by such forms as the compound uenat; and this uen- = quim of Gothic quim-an, Eng. come. Cf. Germ. be-quem = conuen of conueniens and our becom-ing.

**uēnitur**, see uenec § 3.

**Vēno**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as L. Plautius V. (al. Venox), Liv. 9, 20, 1; inser. Grut. 291.

**Vēnōntus**, ii, m. a gentile name, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; leg. 1, 6.

**uēnor**, āri, vb. r. [?] hunt, hunt after, chase; de pan-



theris per eos qui uenari solent, agitur diligenter, Cic. fam. 2, 11, 2; quo me in siluam nenatum uocas? Pl. Men. 5, 2, 82; Et canibus leporem, canibus uenābōrē damas, Verg. G. 3, 410; 2. of fishing, exspecto ut aliquis in mari uentur, Sen. N. Q. 3, 17, 1; fugientis uim mari piscis circa tuguria (Chauci) uenantur, Plin. 16, 3; 3. met., uiduas, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 78; suffragia, 1, 19, 37; laudem, ad Her. 4, 3, 5; uiros, Phaedr. 4, 5, 4; 4. as pass., teneor consipta, undique uenor, Enn. tr. 335 V; cf. Prise. 794, 7; 5. uen-ari stands for fena-ri aud so=θηρα-εσθαι, for Lat. f=θ (see f) and n at times corresponds to ρ, as in noenia, munia, compared with murus, μοῦρα, μείρομαι.

**uēnōsus**, adj. [uēna] full of veins, veiny; renes, Cels. 4, p. 121, 22 D; folia, Plin. 18, 58; zmaragdi, 37, 72; 2. met., liber, Pers. 1, 75.

**Vēnox**, ōcis, m. [uēna] a cognomen, as of C. Plautius, who as censor (a. u. c. 442) with App. Claudius brought the Aqua Claudia to Rome, Frontin. aq. 1, 5; fast. Grut. 291.

**uent-er**, tris, m. [?] belly, equas dēcet esse clunibus ac uentribus latis, Varr. r. 2, 7, 4; nonnunquam uenter ictu perforatur, ut intestina euoluantur, Cels. 7, p. 293, 1 D; cf. Plin. 11, 207; 2. = uentriculus, the stomach, subest uenter stomachum (i.e. the oesophagus) habentibus, ceteris simplex, ruminantibus geminus, Plin. 11, 199; uentris duo sunt officia, quorum superior recipit deorata et in follem uentris recondit..., inferior demissum intestinis inseritur, Macr. s. 7, 4, 17; 3. but the two meanings are commonly founded, hence bella, as seat of hunger, Proin tu uici cotidiani uicti uentrem ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; Quidquid quaeserat uentri donabat auaro, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 32; 4. the belly, with esp. reference to the womb, Vt sua maturus compleuit tempora uenter, Nascitur Autolyceus, Ov. M. 11, 311; homines in uentre necandos Conducit, Iuv. 6, 595; esp. in phrase, uentrem ferre, be pregnant, ignorans nurum uentrem ferre, Liv. 1, 34, 3; equa uentrem fert duodecim menses, uacca decem..., Varr. r. 2, 1, 19; hence the legal phrases, uentrem inspicere, custodire, in possessionem mittere etc., Ulp. dig. 25, 4, 10; 37, 9, 8 and 9; 5, 4, 3; see Dirksen's Manuale v. uenter; 5. met. of anything wh. bellies out, as of a cucumber, Verg. G. 4, 121; of a gourd, Prop. 5, 2, 43; of a flagon, Iuv. 12, 60; of an aqueduct, Vitr. 8, 7; 6. uentrem facere, of a wall, bulge out, Ulp. 8, 5, 17; but in Veg. vet. 3, 57 = uentrem exonerare; 7. uent-er-er, having an excrement t., = γεῦτ- of τα γεῦτ-α of Callimachus, = γαστ(-ερ-), and γεῦτ(-ερ-) of Hesych.; = Germ. wamme and wampe, our womb, and Scotch wemb; which last is used of belly generally.

**Ventidiānus**, adj. of Ventidius, Cic. ap. Non. 92.

**Ventidius**, m. a gentile name, D. Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; P. Ventidius Bassus, Gell. 15, 4, 2.

**uentigēnus**? but in Lucr. 6, 701 Lachmann has uertice enim, not uentigeni.

**uentilābrum**, i, n. [uentila- vb.] a winnowing shovel, Colum. 2, 10, 14; Prud. apoth. praef. 53.

**uentilātio**, ōnis, f. exposure to wind, airing, Plin. 23, 10.

**uentilātor**, ōris, m. one who winnows grain = a winnower, Colum. 2, 10, 14; 2. a juggler, as affecting to toss things away with an *οἰχεται*, or with a puff of breath, quo constant miracula illa in scenis pilariorum ac uentilatorum, ut ea quae emisierint ulro uenire in manus credas et qua (quo?) iubentur decurrere, Quint. 10, 7, 11; tu uentilator urbis et uulgi leuis Procella, Prud. σρεφ. 10, 78.

**uent-ilo**, āre, vb. dim. frq. [uent-o m.] blow gently upon, quietly blow upon, fan, Vt cum populeas uentilat aura comas, Ov. am. 1, 7, 54; aestate apertis foribus atque etiam aliquo uentilante cubabat, Suet. Aug. 82; roseis paonum alis, Claud. Entr. 1, 108; Ventilat aestium digitis sudantibus aurum, Iuv. 1, 28; 2. expose to the wind, air (but not winnow), oleas in acerris iactando, Varr. r. 1, 55, 6; exesae fruges in horreo uentilicetur et quasi refrigerentur, Colum. 1, 6, 16; uinum, 12, 30, 1; frumenta ac legumina, Plin. 18, 322; 3. met., aureos manu mea, give the guineas an airing by turning them over, Apul. M. 2, p. 126; nomen tuum pro tribunalibus, id. apol. p. 337; prisca monumenta, Synmach. Valent. 2; 4. fan (a flame),

incendia, Sil. 17, 507; met., Hanc Venus ut uiuat uentilāt ipsa facem, Prop. 5, 3, 50; so, Vsque adeo orba fuit illa contio ut princeps principum esset Maeandrius cuius lingua quasi flabello seditionis illa tum est egentium contio uentilata, Cic. Flac. 54; 5. of gladiators, spar, or fight with weapons against the air, as opposed to real fighting, quam stultum est cum signum pugnae acceperis, uentilare; remoue ista lusoria arma, decretoriis opus est, Sen. ep. 117, 25; aliud est pugnare, aliud uentilare, Sen. cont. 3 pr.; cf. Mart. 5, 31, 4; 6. conjure away, see uentilator § 2, magicis artibus uitas insontium et manibus accitis uentilare, Imp. Constant. cod. 9, 18, 6 and cod. Th. 9, 16, 5; II 7. with a cogn. acc., Et aestuanti tenue uentilat frigus Supina prasino concubina flabello, Mart. 3, 82, 10; 8. as vb. r. uersare se et alio atque alio positu uentilari, air himself, cool himself, Sen. tranq. 2, 12.

**uentio**, ōnis, f. [uen- of ueni- vb.] coming, quid tibi huc uentio est? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 61, what business have you here?

**uent-ito**, āre, vb. frq. [uen- with excrement t] be in the habit of coming or going, resort, multum ad eos mercatores, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; in castra, 4, 32, 1; domum, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 5.

**uent-o**? In Varr. s. 132, 1 Riese has cum illoc uenio, not uento; uentabant dicebant antiqui unde praepositione adiecta fit aduentabaut, Paul. ex Fest. 377.

**uentōsē**, see

**uentōsus**, adj. [uento- m.] full of wind, windy, uentosissima regio inter Cycladas Delus, Liv. 36, 43, 1; mare, Hor. od. 3, 4, 45; follibus, Verg. 8, 449; 2. met., an tibi Mauors Ventosa in lingua pedibusque fugacibus istis Semper erit? Verg. 11, 390; gloria, 11, 708; homo uentosissimus, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; Tu leuis es multoque tuis uentiosior alis, Ov. am. 2, 9, 49; 3. u. cucurbita, or uentosa absol., a cupping gourd, a cupping glass, iam pridem caput hoc uentosa cucurbita quaerat, Iuv. 14, 58; scapulis cucurbitas uentosas imponimus, Theod. Prisc. 2, 2, 16; uentosis aduotis ineluctationi matricis occurremus, id. 3, 2; 4. hence Fr. ventouse.

**uentr-ālis**, e, adj. [uenter] of the stomach, Macr. s. 7, 8, 8; 2. of the stomach, ventral; hence uentrale as sb. n., a belly-band or belt, Plin. 8, 193; one use of which was to carry money, as with modern gold-diggers, nummulos in uentrali, Ulp. dig. 48, 20, 6.

**uentrī-cōla**, ae, sb. one who worships his belly, Aug. ep. 86 med.

**uentrī-cūlātio**, ōnis, f. pain in the stomach or belly, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 143.

**uentrī-cūlōsus**, adj. of the stomach or belly, passio, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 48.

**uentrī-cūlus**, i, m. dim. the stomach, u. qui receptaculum cibi est coustat ex duobus tergoribus; isque inter lienem et iccur positus est, Cels. 4, p. 121, 26 D and 5, p. 188, 29; Plin. in 11, 199 speaks of the stomach as uenter; and then in § 200 has: ab hoc uentriculo lactes in homine per quas labitur cibus; 2. the belly gen., plana omnia dicas Infra uentriculum, Iuv. 3, 96; 3. ventricle of the heart, ex eaque (anima) pars redditur respirando, pars concipitur cordis parte quadam, quem uentriculum cordis appellat, cui similis alter adiectus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 138.

**uentrī-fūsus**, adj. purgative, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 134.

**uentrī-go**, āre, vb. [uenter, ag]=uentrem facio or exonero, Plin. Val. 1, 2 med.

**uentrī-lōquus**, adj. m. as sb. a belly-speaker, i.e. one who affects to have a demon in the stomach and through him to prophesy, Tert. adv. Marc. 4, 25; Hieron. Isai. 3, 8, 20; Isid. Gloss.

**Ventr-io**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen, L. Ouidio L. f. Ser. Ventrioni, inser. Mur. 839, 2.

**uentrī-ōsus**, adj. bell-bellied, pot-bellied, Canum, uarum, uentriosum, bucculentum, breuicululu, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54; add As. 2, 3, 20.

**uentruōsus**? (al. and better, uentrosus) adj. the same, u. dolia, Plin. 14, 134.

**uentūlus**, i, m. dim. [uento] a little wind or air, as in fanning, nolo equidem mihi Fieri uentulum, Pl. Curc. 2, 3,

incendia, Sil. 17, 507; met., Hanc Venus ut uiuat uentilāt ipsa facem, Prop. 5, 3, 50; so, Vsque adeo orba fuit illa contio ut princeps principum esset Maeandrius cuius lingua quasi flabello seditionis illa tum est egentium contio uentilata, Cic. Flac. 54; 5. of gladiators, spar, or fight with weapons against the air, as opposed to real fighting, quam stultum est cum signum pugnae acceperis, uentilare; remoue ista lusoria arma, decretoriis opus est, Sen. ep. 117, 25; aliud est pugnare, aliud uentilare, Sen. cont. 3 pr.; cf. Mart. 5, 31, 4; 6. conjure away, see uentilator § 2, magicis artibus uitas insontium et manibus accitis uentilare, Imp. Constant. cod. 9, 18, 6 and cod. Th. 9, 16, 5; II 7. with a cogn. acc., Et aestuanti tenue uentilat frigus Supina prasino concubina flabello, Mart. 3, 82, 10; 8. as vb. r. uersare se et alio atque alio positu uentilari, air himself, cool himself, Sen. tranq. 2, 12.

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**uentūlus**, i, m. dim. [uento] a little wind or air, as in fanning, nolo equidem mihi Fieri uentulum, Pl. Curc. 2, 3,



37; Cape hoc flabellum et uentulum huic sic facito dum lauamus, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 47.

**uent-us**, i, m. [see below] wind, Quoius dcutrbauit uentus lectum et tegulas, Pl. Rud. pr. 78; efluens (aer) huc et illuc uentos efficit, Cic. N. D. 2, 101; **2.** with a qualifying noun in appos., Exoritur uentus turbo; spectacula ibi ruont, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 47; septemtriones uenti, Cic. Att. 9, 6, 3; Corus uentus, Caes. b. g. 5, 7, 3; **3.** the four leading winds are Septentrio, Subsolanus, Auster, Fanonius, Cels. 2, p. 28, 11 D; corresponding to the Greek Boreas, Eurus, Notus, Zephyrus, see Ov. tr. 1, 2, 27; M. 1, 60; hence Incr. 6, 1111: Quattuor a uentis et caeli partibus; **4.** the winds regarded as gods, Te Apollo sancte per opem teque omnipotens Neptuue inuoco Vosque adeo uenti, Turp. 119 R; meritis aris mactauit honores, Nigram hiemi pecudem, Zephyris felicibus albam, Verg. 3, 120; **5.** met., alios ego uidi uentos, alias prospexi animo procellas, Cic. Pis. 21; quid si etiam Caesarem, cuius nunc uenti ualde sunt secundi, reddo meliorem? Att. 2, 1, 6; intelligimus in istis subscriptionibus uentum quendam popularem esse quacsitum, Clu. 130; see aura popularis s. v. aura § 14; qui omnes rumorum et coutionum uentos colligere consensset, illo and changeable reports, id. 77; **6.** the wind, as carrying away words, so that they are not heard or are forgotten, Expediam: tu fac ne uentis uerba profundam, Lucret. 4, 931; Quae cuncta aeri discernunt irrita uenti, Catul. 64, 142; cf. Verg. 10, 652; Hor. od. 1, 26, 1; Ov. her. 2, 25; **7.** met. of thin clothing, Aequum est induere nuptam uentum textilem, palam prostare nudam in nebula linea? ap. Petr. 55 f.; **8.** uent-o from a root uen with excrement t. This uen=uan of uanno-, =win of Eug. winn-ow and Sc. winu-ock; also Eng. wind, sb., wind in the sense of smell. In Skr. uan takes the two forms an 'blow' and ua 'blow'; of which an appears in *av-emo-*, animus, anima, and the Germ. es ahn-et mir I wind it, and in of iu-k-l-ing. Also with a t or th in place of n, as Germ. witt-ern to smell, wett-er, our weather, Germ. ath-em (=anima), and *at-uo-*. In *a-er-* (n. *atp*) and the redupl. *a-η-μi* only a vowel is preserved. See also uenum.

**uēnūcūlus**, adj. [?] u. uua a kind of grape, uēnūcūlā conuenit ollis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 71; uuae u. quas antiqui in uasis condebant, Colum. 12, 43 med.; u. ollis aptissima, Plin. 14, 34.

**uēnūla**, ac, f. dim. a little vein, Cels. 2, p. 36, 15 D; met., Quint. 12, 10, 25.

**Venuleius**, m. a name or cognomen, as Q. Claudius V. Saturninus, the lawyer, dig. 42, 8, 1, 25 etc.

**Venulus**, m. a cognomen, as of A. Firmius Veulus, inser. Maff. 476, 8.

**uenum** an accusative from a sb. uenu- or ueno-; there is also a dat. uenui and ueno, lit. a window, whence uenum-dare to put into the window, and so sell or offer for sale (see uenundo); also uenum ire to go into the window, be offered for sale, be sold (see ueneo), sei quod donum datum erit, utei liceat oeti nennm dare ubei uenum datum erit id profanum esto, CIL 603; Delfos uenum pecus egi, inde ad stabula haec itiner coutuli, Pac. 121 R; ut cius familia ad aedem Cereris uenum irct, Liv. 3, 55, 7; pileatos seruos uenum solitos ire, Gell. 6, 4, 1; postquam foedera pacis Coguita Petreio seque et sua traditā uenum Castra uidet, Lucan. 4, 206; Venum cunctā dari, Claud. Ruf. 1, 178; Omnes pacnituit pretii uenumque redibat, Dum uendi potuit, id. Entr. 1, 37; **2.** ueno as dat., lit. in the window, hence for sale, posita ueno irritamenta luxui, offered for sale, Tac. an. 14, 15; edixit ut immunitas seruaretur, nisi in iis quae ueno exerceret, what they dealt with as traders, ib. 13, 51; **3.** uenui as dat., the same, rogauit haberetne uenui lacte, Apul. M. 8, p. 210; cantherium uenui subicere, offer for sale, 8, p. 221; **4.** ue-nu- or ue-no=our window, Sc. winn-ock. See uentus § 8. The suffix u or ow oc of these words either the dim. suffix or oc-'eye.' Comp. oris first mouth, then door.

**uēnun-dātio**, ōnis, f. sale, u.=πρῶσις, Gloss. Cyrill.

**uēnun-do**, or nennm-do, dāre, dēdi, datum, vb. [see uēnu-] lit. put into the window, and so offer for sale, put up for sale; donec sententia Dolabellao uenundaretur

(quaestura), Tac. an. 11, 22 f.; **2.** hence be sold; Numidae puberes interfecti, alii omnes uenumdati, Sal. Jug. 91, 6; per commercia uenumdati, Tac. Agr. 28 f.; Tuque o Minoa uenumdata Scylla figura, Prop. 4, 18, 21.

**Vēnūs**, ēris, f. [?] Venus, goddess of love, daughter of Caelum and Dies, or of Iuppiter and Diona, etc., Cic. N. D. 3, 59; Sic Vēnūs, et Vēnēris contra sic filius orsus, Verg. 1, 325; alma Vēnus, Lucret. 1, 2; **2.** =Astarte, and so connected with Phoenician colonies and the sea, (1) Venus regina Cnidi Paphique, Hor. od. 1, 30, 1; Veneri Erycinae, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 21; Laeuum marinae qui Veneris latus Custodit, Hor. od. 3, 26, 5; **3.** love, res uenerae, Frigidus in uenerem senior, Verg. G. 3, 97; inlita radix inhihet uenerem, Plin. 26, 94; cf. Verg. G. 3, 137;

**4.** as a term of endearment, Venus, love; Parta meae Veneri sunt munera, Verg. B. 3, 68; hence as a cognomen, Caesiae Veneri, inser. Or. 2617; **5.** met. grace, beauty, elegance, charm, Amocuitates omnium uenerum et uennstatum adfero, Pl. St. 2, 1, 5; Fabula nullius ueneris, sine pondere et arte, Hor. A. P. 320; ille non est mihi par uirtutibus, sed habuit suam uenerem, Sen. ben. 2, 28, 2; **II 6.** Venus, as the goddess of good fortune; hence the best throw with the dice when all turned up differently, Mo quoque per talos uenerem quaerente secundos, Semper damnosi subsilucro canes, Prop. 5, 8, 45; ut quisque canem aut senionem miserat, in singulos talos singulos denarios in medium conferebat; quos tollebat uniuersos qui uenerem iecerat, Suet. Aug. 71; cf. inuenustus and Venerius § 3; so Plut. Sull. 34 and App. b. c. 1, 97 translate Felix the epithet of Sulla by *επαφροδίτος*;

**III 7.** as the goddess of gardens, Coens edit Neptunum Venerem Cererem..., where Fest. p. 58 adds: significat per Cererem panem, per Neptunum pisces, per Venerem olera; aduenerit Mineruam et Venerem, quatum uenus procuratio olineti, alterius hortorum, Varr. r. 1, 1, 6; cf. inser. Or. 1369;

**8.** Venus, the planet, infima est quinque errantium stella Veneris quae *Φωσφορος* Graece, Lucifer Latine dicitur, cum antegreditur solem, cum subsequitur autem *Εσπερος* (=Vesper), Cic. N. D. 2, 53; cf. rep. 6, 17;

**9.** hence Veneris dies, decessit pridie Non. Aprilis die Beneris (sic), inser. Donat. 180, 4 (A. v. 235); cf. inser. Grut. 1053, 4; **10.** Venerus as gen., Venerus Herue. (=Erycinae), inser. Or. 1364; **11.** uen-us prob. at first a neut. sb. from uen- come, with notion of union, and so love, kindly fitness, whence grace and good luck. For change of gender cf. Cupido, as a god, masc., otherwise gen. fem.; for meaning cf. our comely, becoming and see uenio § 16.

**Vēnūsia**, ac, f. a town of Apulia, on the borders of Lucania, where Horace was boru, Liv. 22, 54.

**Vēnūsianus**, adj. of Venusia, Nam Vēnūsianū arat finem sub utrumque colonus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 35; Vēnūsianā digna lucerna, Iuv. 1, 51; populus V., Liv. 22, 54, 3.

**uēnust-as**, ātis, f. [uenusto-] fitness, hence first, good fortune, Quis mest fortunatior uenustatisque adeo plenior? Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 8; diem pulcrum et uenustatis plenum, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 44; **2.** grace, elegance, cum pulchritudinis duo genera sint, quorum in altero uenustas sit, in altero dignitas, uenustatem muliebrem ducere debemus, dignitatem uirilem, Cic. off. 1, 130; Capitoli fastigium illud non uenustas sed uecessitas fabricata est, or. 3, 180.

**uēnustē**, see uenustus.

**Vēnustinus**, adj. or sb. m. a cognomen of adoption, Ti. Claudius V., inser. Gud. 277, 6; **2.** of a woman. Laelia Venustina, inser. Grut. 700, 9.

**uēnusto**, āre, vb. make elegant, set off, quo (unguento) me uenustarem, Naev. ap. Fulg. 43.

**uēnustūlus**, adj. diu. elegant, lovely, oratione, Pl. As. 1, 3, 70.

**uēnustus**, adj. [uenus] lit. fitting, hence fortunate, see inuenustus and uenustas; **2.** becoming, elegant, graceful, lovely, et uultu Sosia Adeo modesto adeo ueuusto ut nil supra, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 93; Lugete o Veneres Cupidinesque Et quantumst hominum uenustiorum, Catul. 3, 1; **3.** esp. of speech, Sententiis non tam grauibus et seneris quam conciuuis et uenustis, Cic. Brnt. 325; plerumque



dolor etiam uenustus facit, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 3; 4. as a cognomen, C. Attius Venustus, inser. Mur. 1305, 13; and of a woman, Lulia Venusta, 1343, 11.

**uē-pallidus**, adj. sadly pale, awfully pale, Nec uercoer ne uepallida lecto Desiliat mulier, Hor. s. 1, 2, 130. See ue.

**uēpra** est ueprecula, Non. 231 (Pomp. 130 R).

**uēprāt-icus**, adj. [uepra] of a blackthorn, spinæ, Colum. 7, 1, 1.

**uēprēc-ūla**, ae, f. dim. a small blackthorn, ex uepreculis extracta nitidula, Cic. Sest. 72; add Pomp. 130 R where the reading uipera etc. is merely a conj.

**uēprēs**, is (f. Lucr., hence ueprecula; m. Verg. Colum.; doubtful Hor.) [?] a blackthorn, Illorum spoliis uepres uolitantibus auctas, Lucr. 4, 62; hirsuti secuerunt corpora uepres, Verg. G. 3, 444; quid si rubicunda benignæ (al. benigni) Cornæ nēprēs et pruna ferant? Hor. ep. 1, 16, 9; hunc neprem, Colum. 11, 3, 7; 2. esp. used as a fence, cuius (Arehimedi) septum undique et uestitum uepribus indagaui sepulcrum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 64; hence for a blackthorn hedge, uepres efficiendi consistis spinis rationem talem reddiderunt, Colum. 11, 3, 1.

**uēprētum**, i, n. a place overgrown with blackthorn, a spinney, Colum. 4, 32, 1; Pallad. 1, 43.

**uēr**, nēris, n. [see below] spring, the season of the year so called, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 27; Vērē nōuō gelidus canis cum montibus humor Liquitur, Verg. G. 1, 43; Ver ādōō frondi nemorum, uēr ūtilē siluis, 2, 323; dies primus est ueris in Aquario, Varr. r. 1, 28, 1; 2. met. of human life, locundum cum aetas florida ner ageret, Catul. 38 (a), 16; Aetatis breue uer, Ov. M. 10, 85; 3. uer sacrum, a holy spring, u. s. uouendi mos fuit Italis. Maguis enim periculis adducti uoebant quæcunq; proximo uere nata essent apud se animalia immolatos. Sed quum crudele nideret pueros ac puellas innocentes iuterficere, productus in adultam aetatem uelabant atque ita extra fines suos exigebant, Paul. ex Fest. p. 379; cf. Liv. 22, 10, 2; 34, 44, 6; Sisenna ap. Non. 12, 18; Iustin. 24, 4, 1; 4. uer *Feap* stand for uer-er or ues-er *Feo-ap* from a lost vb. ues or uer *Feo* 'pour' (see uena (ues-na) and uerg-pour), so that it denotes the fresh flowing of sap.

**uērāciter**, adv. see uerax.

**uērāc-ūlus**, adj. m. as sb. a soothsayer, ueraculis et mathematicis, Suet. Vit. 14.

**Vērāniōlus**, m. dim. of Veranius, Catul. 12, 17.

**Vērānius**, m. a gentile name, Vērāni omnibus e meis amicis, Catul. 9, 1; 12, 16.

**Vērānus**, m. a cognomen, M. Aurelius V., inser. Mur. 820, 9; and of a woman, Valeria Vērāna, inser. Grut. 481, 4.

**Veratius**, m. a gentile name, CIL 1478, 10.

**uērātrix**? icis, adj. or sb. f. a female soothsayer, a fortune-teller, Apul. M. 9, p. 230; al. ueteratrix.

**uērātrum**, i, n. [?] hellebore, Praeterea nobis uērātrum est acre ueneuom, Lucr. 4, 640; cf. Plin. 25, 52; non hic est Ilias Acci Ebria uērātrō, Pers. 1, 51—implying that Accius took hellebore largely; 2. perh. from a lost vb. uera-cleanse. See sb. uer § 4.

**uērax**, ācis, adj. [perh. implies a vb. uērā-ri from uēro-adj.] truthful, Si eris uērax ex tuis rebus feceris meliusculas, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 15; oraculum, Cic. diu. 1, 38; Herodotum cur ueraciorem ducam Ennio? 2, 116; ueracissima promissio, Aug. ep. 6; 2. adv. ueraciter, Pl. ap. Prisc. 1010; Hieron. ep. 56, 3; ueracissime, Aug. c. D. 5, 8.

**uērālis**, e, adj. [uerbum] of a word or words, verbal, undae, Fulg. Myth. I praef.; 2. of a verb, nomina, Charis. 128, 45; Diom. 310, 29; nouns derived from verbs, ῥηματικα.

**Verbanus lacus**, Lago Maggiore out of which the Ticinus flows, Plin. 3, 131; 2. a cognomen, Saturnino Verbani (sc. seruo), inser. Mur. 1578, 6.

**uērascum**, i, n. [?] = φλόμος, the plant mullein, Plin. 25, 120.

**uērβēna**, ae, f. [?] fresh grass, or a fresh bough of a holy plant used for religion, as rosemary, myrtle, olive, laurel, in making treaties, embassies and gen. in sacrifices, foetalis ex arce graminis herbam puram attulit...is patrem

patratum Sp. Fusium fecit uerbena caput capillosque tangens, Liv. 1, 24, 6; non aliunde (quam ex herbis) sanguina et in sacris legationibusque uerbena. Vtroque nomine significatur gramen ex arce cum sua terra euolsum; ac semper e legatis cum mitteretur res raptas repetitum unus uerbenauius uocabatur, Plin. 22, 5; et ara hinc sume uerbena tibi, Ter. Audr. 4, 3, 11 (where Menander said myrtle, Serv. ad A. 12, 120); praesto mihi sacerdotis Cereris cum uerbena fuerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110; cf. Nov. 39 R; Verg. B. 8, 65; A. 12, 120; Hor. od. 4, 11, 6; 2. gen. in pl., but sing. also in Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 27; Verg. 12, 120; and Liv. in § 1;

3. used also in medicine, Cels. 2, p. 73, 17 D; 4. prob. an adj. (sc. herba) green, cf. egenus, uerb- uiridi and uerg-pour, all growing out of a form uer-eg. Cf. uerb-er.

**uērβēnāc-a**, ae, f. = ἰερα βοτάνη, the plant vervain or verbena, Plin. 25, 105; 26, 140.

**uērβēnārius**, adj. m. as sb. who carries verbena, Plin. 22, 5, s. v. uerbena § 1.

**uērβēnātus**, part. wreathed with verbena, Suet. Cal. 27.

**uērβ-ēr**, ēris, n. an instrument for flogging, a lash or rod; as in flogging men, Verberibus caesum te in pistrinum Daue dedam usque ad necem, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 28; magistratus nec obedientem ciuem multa uinculis uerberibus coherceto, lex ap. Cic. leg. 3, 6; nudari (Papirium) iubet uerberaque adferri, Liv. 8, 28, 4; 2. of a driver's lash, illi instaut uerbero torto, Verg. G. 3, 106; Inpauidus conscendit equos Gradius et ictu Verberis increpuit, Ov. M. 14, 821; 3. of thongs gen., Balaris uerbera fuadae, Verg. G. 1, 309; Sil. 1, 314; Lucan. 3, 469;

4. a blow or lash, huc nunc et illuc uerbere assiduo rotat (robur of Hercules' club), Sen. Herc. f. 805; of oars, uerberibus senis, Lucan. 3, 535; centeno uerbere, Sil. 11, 492; uentorum, Lucr. 5, 957; 5. met., contumeliarum, Cic. rep. 1, 9; Patruae u. linguae, Hor. od. 3, 12, 2; fortunae, Gell. 13, 28, 4; 6. from fer of feri-strike, or, what is the same, quer-or I strike myself; and of the same root with β-ασσ-αρ-ασσ- (ἴαρ-ασσ-?) strike, β-αββ-ο- and our rod. See uerbum.

**uērβērābilis**, e, adj. flogable, used jestingly, S. Qua me causa uerberas? En. Verberabilissime etiam rogitas, noui sed trifur? Pl. Aul. 4, 3, 10.

**uērβērābundus**, part. frq. always flogging, Pl. fr. Mai. 30.

**uērβērātus**? ūis, m. flogging, striking, Plin. 31, 39; but Sillig has part. uerberatum.

**uērβēr-eus**, adj. made of lashes, jestingly, caput, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 2; statua, Capt. 5, 1, 31; and Ps. 4, 1, 7.

**uērβērīto**, āre, vb. frq. from uerbero, Cat. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 379 M.

1 **uērβēro**, āre, vb. strike, beat, locum coacquo et pauiculis uerberato, Cato r. 91; uerberare est cum dolore caedere, Ofilius ap. Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 5, 1; Noli amabo uerberare lapidem ne perdas manum, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 41;

2. esp. flog (men), lictores ad uerberandos homines exercitissimi, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; Suet. Cal. 26;

3. also gen. flog, lash, sulcum cum feceris, patiere duobus mensibus eum tempestatibus uerberari, Colum. arb. 16 med.; Campaniae nobilissima uina exposita sub diuo in cadis uerberari sole luna imbre uentis aptissimum uidetur, Plin. 14, 136; simul aethera uerberat alis (aquila), Verg. 11, 756; Vt horridis utrumque uerberes latus Auster memento fluctibus, Hor. epod. 10, 3; 4. met., me uerbis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 17; os conuicio, Cic. Pis. 63; 5. merberit, apparently for uerberarit in a law of Servius Tull. ap. Fest. p. 230.

2 **uērβēro**, ōnis, m. one made for flogging, love-lash, a term of abuse, Pl. Ampl. 1, 1, 128; Ps. 4, 7, 63; Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 3; Cic. Att. 14, 6, 1.

**uērβērōsus**, adj. = μαστιγίας, Gloss. Cyril.

**uērβificātiō**, ōnis, f. [impl. a vb. uerbificari] chattering, Caecil. 63 R.

**uērβigēna**, ae, m. born of the Word, Prud. Cath. 3, 1, 4.

**uērβigēro**, āre, vb. [imitated from belligero] carry on a war of words, Apul. apol. p. 321.

**uērβilōquium**, ii, n. talking, Fulg. Myth. 1.



**uerbiuēlītīo**, ōnis, f. word-skirmishing, Pl. As. 2, 41; see uelitatio.

**uerbōsitas**, ātis, f. wordiness, Prud. σρεφ. 10, 551; Sym. ep. 8, 47.

**uerbōsus**, adj. wordy, Cic. Mur. 30; epistola uerbosior, fam. 5, 3, 6; Catul. 98, 1; uerbosissimi loci, Quint. 2, 4, 31; **2.** adv. wordily, Cic. Mur. 26; uerbosius, fam. 7, 3, 5; Varr. r. 2, 5, 11.

**uerbum**, i, n. [see below] word, hoc uerbum nnde utrumque declarat et ex quo loco et a quo loco, Cic. Caec. 87; uerbum ipsum uoluptatis, fin. 2, 75; Verbum unum caue de nuptiis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 65; **2.** verb, as part of speech, consuetudo illa sit scribendi ut sententiae uerbis finiantur, Cic. or. 3, 191; Varr. l. 8, 3; **3.** tria uerba, which define a praetor's power, viz. do dico addico, Ille (dies) nefastus erit per quem tria uerba silentur, Ov. F. 1, 47; cf. v. 52; **4.** a sentence, a proposition, and esp. a proverb, Vtinam istuc uerbum ex animo ac uere diceres 'Potius quam te inimicum habeam,' Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 95; cf. Ad. 5, 8, 29; nam uetus uerbum hoc quidemst Communia esse amicorum inter se omnia, 5, 3, 17; cf. Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 32; innoque uerbo (in one word) rempublicam expulsam atque exterminatam suis sedibus, Cic. Phil. 2, 54; **5.** uerbi causa, uerbi gratia, for example, si quis uerbi causa oriente caucula natus est, Cic. fat. 12; propter quampiam rem, uerbi gratia, propter uoluptatem, fin. 5, 30; **6.** word of mouth, speech, as opposed to writing, plnra (legato) uerbo quam scriptura uiaudati dedi, Plauc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 8, 5; **7.** word, as opposed to reality, a mere word, an empty word, where note that words may be exceeded by the reality, though more frequently they fall short of it, dolor est malum, existimatio dedecus infamia uerba sunt atque ineptiae, Cic. Pis. 65; cum praetor in provincia sua uerbo permittit, re hortaretur, Verr. 2, 2, 67; **8.** hence, uerba dare, to impose upon, to cheat, cui uerba dare difficile est, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 6; uel uerba mihi dari facile patior in hoc, neque libenter praebere credulnm, Cic. Att. 15, 16a; **9.** uerba facere, to speak, uerba facit emortuo, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 18; cf. Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; indignum facius esse, quod ego in senatu Graeco uerba fecissem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147;

**10.** hence V. F. for uerba fecerunt, quod Teiburtes V. F., CIL 201, 3; cf. inser. Or. 642, 775 etc., and four documents in Frontin. ag. 2, 100, 104, 106 and 108; similarly, multis uerbis ultro citroque habitis, Cic. rep. 6, 9;

**11.** word of command, order, Omnia sub uerbone creat natura paratque, Luer. 4, 785; see Lachmann and Büemann ad Lact. inst. 4, 15, 22; **12.** of literal translation, uerbum de uerbo, Ter. Ad. pr. 11; uerbum pro uerbo reddere, Cic. opt. gen. 14; uerbum uerbo reddere, Hor. A. P. 133; **13.** meis uerbis etc., in my name, as from me (Fr. de ma part), Quem (anulum) ego militi darem tuis uerbis, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 39; Atticae meis uerbis sanium des, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 8; uenerant denuntiatum senatus uerbis ne saltum Ciminium transiret, Liv. 9, 36, 14; add Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 49; Sal. Iug. 21, 4, 25, 11; Liv. 6, 17, 8; Cic. fam. 9, 6, 1; 15, 8;

**14.** uerbum as gen. pl. Pl. As. 1, 3, 1; Truc. 2, 8, 14; **15.** uerbum uer-eb-um from a lost root uer *Fep*, say, whence *ειρω ῥημα* (for suffix eb comp. ter-eb-ra, ten-eb-ra etc.), or rather from sor, which changed to sur leads on the one hand to ser-o, ser-mo, on the other to uer. See ueho. Also=our word, Germ. wort. See barba § 12.

**Vercellae**, ārum, f. a city of Italy north of the Po, Tac. h. 1, 70; Plin. 3, 124.

**Vercellinus**, adj. of Vercellae, ager, Plin. 33, 78; porta, inser. frat. Aru. 722.

**uercūlum**, i, n. [uēr-] little spring, a term of endearment, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 15.

**uērē**, see uērus.

**uērcūndē**, see uerecundus.

**uērcūndia**, ae, f. fear of losing respect, senso of shame, bashfulness, expetunt laudem optuani, ignomiuiam fugiunt; nec uero tam metu poenaque terrentur quae est constituta legibus, quam uerecundia, quam natura homiui dedit quasi quendam uitperactionis non iniustae timorem, Cic. rep. 5, 6; custos uirtutum omnium, dedecus fugies laudemque

maxime consequens uerecundia est, part. or. 79; iuuenis iuuenem appello quo minor sit inter nos huius sermonis uerecundia, Liv. 26, 50, 6; **2.** with gen., respect (for), awe (of), fear (of), uerecundia maiestatis magistratum timorem uicit, Liv. 2, 36, 3; quando nec ordinis huins ulla nec reipublicae est uerecundia, 4, 45, 8; but u. oris, blushing, Suet. Dom. 18; **3.** of false modesty, Quint. 12, 5, 2; 4, 1, 19; **4.** Fr. vergogne.

**uērcūnditōr**=uerecunde, Pomp. ap. Non. 516 (miss reuercenditer).

**uērcūndor**, āri, vb. r. play the uerecundus, do the bashful, be shy or afraid, Verecundari neminem apud mensam deest, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 77; claudicanti et ob eam caussam uerecundanti in publicum prodiro, Cic. or. 2, 249.

**uērcūndus**, adj. bashful, modest, Deest nerēcundum esse adulescentem, Argurippe, Pl. As. 5, 1, 6; Illa uerecundo uix tollens lumina uultu, Ov. M. 14, 480; uerecundioremne coram putamus in postnolando fore? Cic. Phil. 12, 11; Pompeius in appetendis honoribus immodicus, in gerendis uerecundissimus, Vell. 2, 33, 3; **2.** pass. to be feared, or respected, Amm. 14, 6, 6; 30, 8, 4.

**uērdārius**, adj. m. as sb. [ueredo-] public courier who had relays of horses, Sidon. ep. 5, 7 med.; Firm. M. 3, 13 f.; Victor epistolarum nostrarum ueredarius pedes, aut bipes ueredus, Paul. Nol. ep. 9; **2.** met. Hieron. ep. 22, 28.

**uērdus**, i, m. [?] a horse of great speed, esp. for hunting, Parcius utaris moneo rapiente uērdio Prisee, nec in lepores tam uolentus eas, Mart. 12, 14, 1; Stragula suocineti uenator sume ueredi, 14, 86, 1; cf. Auson. ep. 8, 7; and 14, 13; **2.** horse of a public courier, Imp. Iul. cod. 12, 15, 4 and 7; D. M. Aurelio Stephano Proc. a ueredis, Aug., inser. Mur. 2042, 3.

**Vereius**, m. a gentile name, CIL 1477, 6.

**uērendus**, see uereor.

**uērens**, part. of uereor; **2.** as adj. afraid, with gen., plagarum, Colum. 6, 2 f.; sumptuum, Aus. vii sap. pr. 18; **3.** uerenter, adv. reverently, Sednl. 1, 8.

**uēreor**, ēri, uēritus, vb. r. lit. I fear me, as Shakspeare says, am afraid, hence with gen. in old authors, (Ego) si non uerear, nemo uereatur tui, Afran. 31 R; Optandum uxorem quae non uereatur niri, 99; tui Veretur, me ad te uisit oratum pater, 303; Neque huius sis ueritus feminae primariae, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 87; Tyndareo fieri contumelian Cuius ueretur maxime, Pacuv. 183 R; and even in Cic. Att. 8, 4, 1: ne tui quidem testimonii ueritus; **2.** as an impers. with acc. of sufferer, it fears (me), gen. of cause, Si tui ueretur te progenitoris, cōdo, Att. 76 R; Nilne te populi ueretur qui uociferere in uia? Atta 7 R; quos nou est neritum in uoluptate summum bonum ponere, Cic. fin. 2, 39; **3.** fear, Ego dudum non nil ueritus sum Daue abs te ne faceres idem Quod..., Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 3; de qua (Karthagine) uereri non auto desinam quam illam excisam esse cognouero, Cic. sen. 18; eo minus ueritus nauibus quod in littore molli deligatas ad ancoras relinquebat, Caes. b. g. 5, 9, 1; **4.** with acc. of thing feared, ac uereor Gallica etiam bella, Cic. Att. 14, 4, 1; **5.** with inf., ei mihi uereor dicere, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 23; uereor committere ut..., Cic. leg. 1, 37; quos in conspectu Galliae interficere uerecur, Caes. b. g. 5, 6, 5; **6.** with ut or ne non and subj., where the object is desired, illa duo uereor ut tibi possim concedere, that I shall not be able, Cic. or. 1, 35; iutellexti te uereri ne superiores mihi (litterae) redditae non essent, fam. 14, 5, 1; **7.** with ne, of objects not desired, ueritus es ne operam perdidisses, that you had lost your labour, Cic. or. 1, 234; ne Diuitiaci auimum offenderet uerebatur, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 2; **8.** with interr. pronouns and particles, eri semper lenitas uerebar quorsum euaderet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4; uereor quid sit, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 3; uereor num hic aliud sit diceudum, Gai. dig. 20, 4, 11; **II** **9.** as opposed to metuo, timeo, fear from nobler feelings, fear to lose the respect of, reuerenco, feel what is due to, metuebant (Appium caecum) serui, uerebantur liberi, Cic. sen. 37; cf. Donat. ad Andr. 2, 3, 16; ueremur quidem uos, Romani, et si ita uultis etiam timeamus, Liv. 39, 37, 17; quid ueteranos non nermur, nam timeri se ne ipsi quidem uolunt, quonam modo accipiant seueritatem meam? Cic. Phil. 12, 29; see uere-



cundia; **10.** as a pass., ubi malunt metui quam uereri se ab suis, Afran. 34 R; **11.** uereudus, to be held in awe or reverence, Alexander, Lucan. 10, 46; maiestatem, Ov. M. 4, 539; patribus, tr. 5, 6, 31; **12.** uerenda, τα αἰδοία, Plin. 30, 144; Plin. ep. 3, 14, 2; in uerendis partibus, Veg. uet. 1, 7; **13.** uer of uereor=our fear, whence a-fear-d of old Eng.; while uere- for uer-ec (cf. uerec-undus) has the same suffix as our fr-igh-t, Germ. fur-ch-t, the guttural of which (c, gh) is also lost in Fr. fray-eur, ef-fray-er and our a-frai-d.

**uērētillum**, i, n. dim. of ueretrum, also name of a fish, Apul. apol. p. 298.

**uērētinus**, adj. of Veretum, Plin. 3, 105.

**uērētum**, i, n. membrum uirile, Suet. Tib. 62; Phaedr. 4, 14, 1; Arnob. 5, 165; **2.** met. from cock of a barrel, so from a root uer pour, see uergo 1.

**Veretum**, i, n. a town of the Salentiui, Frontin. col. 127.

**Vergae**, ārmn, f. pl. a town of the Bruttii, Liv. 30, 19, 10.

**Vergellus**, i, m. a river of Apulia, Val. M. 9, 2, ext. 2; Flor. 2, 6, 18; **2.** prob. a little brook, from uerg- pour.

**Vergiliae**, ārum, f. pl. the Latin name for the constellation Pleiades, uirgiliae primatum tenent ad fructus, ut quarum exortu aestas incipiat, occasu hiems, Plin. 18, 280; cf. 18, 309; G. non. (mai) F. uergili(ae) exori(untur), Kal. Venus., inscr. Or. p. 391; fessis taedio tot malorum niuis etiam casus occidente iam sidere Vergiliarum ingentem terrorem adiecit, Liv. 21, 35, 6; at propter laenom genus (Persei) omni ex parte locatas Paruas Vergilias tenui cum luce uidebis, Cic. arat. 261; inter tauri finitionem et caudam arietis stellae sunt quas nostri Vergilias, Graeci Ηλειαδες dixere, Hyg. ast. 2, 21; **2.** derived by Festus 372 M and Isid. orig. 3, 70 a uere; but perh. from uerg- pour, and Ηλειαδες not from πλεω to sail, but πλυ- wash=Lat. pluirain.

**Vergiliānus**, m. adj. of Vergilius, Sen. rem. 5, 1; **2.** a name of adoption, inscr. Or. 1179.

**Vergilius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of P. Vergilius Maro.

**Verginia**, see

**Verginius**, or Virginius, a gentile name, as of L. Verginius, Liv. 3, 44, 2; L. Verginius Rufus, quid enim Verginiis armis Debit ulcisci magis? Iuv. 8, 221; **2.** Verginia, Liv. 3, 46, 3; cuperet Rutilae Virginiā gibbum Accipere atque suam Rutilae dare, Iuv. 10, 294.

**1 uergo**, gēre, si, vb. [see below] pour, Illi imprudentes ipsi sibi saepe uenenum Vergabant, Lucr. 5, 1010; In terras igitur quoque solis uergitur ardor, 2, 212; Ille tibi exequias et magni funus honoris Fecit et in gelidis uersit amoma sinus, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 52; **2.** esp. in religious rites, Spumantesque mero paterae uergantur, Stat. Th. 6, 211; cf. Serv. ad A. 6, 244; **3.** cf. also inuergo, euergo, diuergium; **4.** as spargo (σπειρω), tergo (τερω, tero), mergo (mare, Skr. uari) owe the g to a suffix, so uer is the root of uergo, pour. From uer or ues pour, come uēr, uireo, uiridis, uirgo, ueretrum, uena (ues-na) and perh. uēn-enum; our wash is the same root, to which also belong S. uar-i-, Lat. mar-i-, Germ. wass-er, Eng. wat-er.

**2 uergo**, ēre, vb. [see below] slope, incline, eorum una pars quam Gallos obtinere dictum est, uergit ad septentriones, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; ab oppido decliuus locus tenui fastigio uergebat in longitudinem passuum ecce, b. c. 1, 45, 5; id nunc honeste uergit in tectum porticus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 14; **2.** hence looks to, faces, portus qui in meridiem uergit, Liv. 37, 31, 10; in mari quod Antieyram uergit, inscr. Or. 3671, 24; **3.** met., illic (in Tiberium) euncta uergere; filius collega imperii consors tribuniciae potestatis adsumitur, Tac. an. 1, 3 med.; **4.** esp. of day or year's declining, uergente iam die iugressus senatum, Suet. Oth. 7; uergentem anuis (Iuniam) dietitans, Tac. au. 13, 19; nam suam aetatem uergere, Germanici nondum satis adoleuisse, 2, 43; **5.** as a pass., polus uergitur Austri, Lucan. 1, 54; **6.** uerg (uer-eg)=βερ (φέρ-ερ); perh. from uer root of uert turn; but may be one with uerg- pour, as the course of water is the simplest test of inclination.

**uēria?** ae, f. [uera- vb.] a prophcy or fortune-telling, post uerias fel. h. d. l. m., iuser. R. Venut. fum. Clitumno 38.

**Vēriānus**, adj. of Verus, inscr. Grut. 457, 2.

**uēri-cōlus**, adj. truth-worshipping, lex, Tert. ad sen. 43.

**uēricūlum**, see ueruculum.

**uēridicē**, adv. from ueridicus.

**uēridicētia**, ac, f. truth-speaking, Iul. Val. 1, 14 (Mai), and 2, 2.

**uēri-dicus**, adj. truth-speaking (as an oracle), oracular, ore, Lucr. 6, 6; uoces, Cic. diu. 1, 101; sorores, Mart. 5, 1, 3; usu, Plin. 18, 25; **2.** as prophesied, ueridico exitu consecuto, De Vita 7, 69; **3.** hence as title; Iunoni Veridicae, inscr. De Vita Ant. Ben. 1, 7.

**uērildōquax**, = αληθινος, Gloss.

**uērildōquium**, ii, n. coined by Cic. as = ετυμολογία, top. 8.

**uērildōquus**, adj. = ueridicus, oraculum, Front. ad M. Caes. 3, ep. 12; lingua, Hier. Ruf. 3, 42.

**uērīnus**, m., name of adoption, inser. Mur. 7, 11.

**uērīsimilis**, better ueri similis; see uerus.

**uērīsimiliter**, adv. probably, Apul. apol. p. 293; uerisimilius, ib. and Tert. apol. 16.

**uērīsimilitūdo**, better ueri similitudo; see uerus.

**uērītas**, ātis, f. [uero- adj.] reality, what is, truth, in omni re uincit imitationem ueritatis, Cic. or. 3, 215; cum salus omnium nostrum non ueritate solum sed etiam fama niteretur, Q. fr. 1, 2, 2; **2.** speaking truth, truthfulness, caudour, Obsequium amicos, ueritas odium parit, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 41; ut in illa tua ueritas tuus candor agnoscutur, Plin. pan. 84; **3.** = ueriloquium, etymology, quibus in uerbis eae primae litterae sunt quae in sapiente atque felice, producte dicitur in, in ceteris breuiter, itemque composit, consuevit, concrepuit, confecit; consule ueritatem, reprehendet, Cic. orat. 159; **4.** what is morally right, justice, equity, quae mihi ad spem obtinendae ueritatis grauissima sunt, Cic. Deiot. 5; sin istius ingentes diuitiae iudiciorum religionem ueritatemque perfergrent, Verr. 1, 3; **5.** pl. ueritates, Gell. 18, 7, 4.

**uērīuerbium**, ii, n. [seems to imply a vb. uerb-] truth-speaking, Tu enim repertus Philocratem qui superes ueriuerbio, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 36.

**uermiculātio**, ōnis, f. breeding worms, as a disease of trees, Plin. 17, 87; also 218, 223, 226.

**uermiculōr**, āri, vb. r. [uermiculo- m.] breed worms, uermiculantur inagis minusue quaedam (arbores), omnes tamen fere, Plin. 17, 220; **2.** part. pass. uermiculatus, made up as if of worms, inlaid with pieces of marble of different colours so as to represent various objects, mosaic, Quam lepide λεξεις compostae, ut tesserae, omnes Arte pauimento atque emblemate uermiculato, Lincil. ap. Cic. orat. 149; interraso marmore uermiculatisque ad cffigies rerum et animalum crnstis, Plin. 35, 2; **3.** hence adv. tesserae ut ait Lucilius struet et uermiculate inter se lexis committet, Quint. 9, 4, 113.

**uermiculōsus**, adj. full of worms, poma, Pall. 12, 7, 14.

**uermic-ūlus**, i, m. dim. [uermis] a little worm, Quam uil rerum in lignis glaebisque uidemus, Et tamen haec eun sunt, quasi putrefacta per imbres, Vermicūlos pariunt, Lucr. 2, 899; tradunt obituris (muribus) uermiculum in capite gigli, Plin. 10, 187; **2.** esp. the coccus Indicus, and so scarlet, Vulgat. Exod. 35, 25 where the Hebrew tolaath also means a worm; so also Hieron. ep. 64, 19; the pass. Plin. 24, 8 is corrupt, even uermiculum doubtful; **3.** our crimson and carmine come from kermes the eastern name of the insect, in Skr. kriini a worm; and from uermiculus come It. vermiglio, Fr. vermeil, Eng. vermilion; **4.** perh. as a u. uermiculum, i= uermiculatum opus, inlaid marble-work, mosaic, ... uermiculum strauerunt, inscr. Or. 4240 (B. C. 94).

**uermi-flu-us**, adj. flowing with worms, Paul. N. 22, 134.

**uermīna**, um, n. as if from uerm-en [akin to uerm-i m.; so Festus 375; ult. from uer- turn] writhings (with pain),



Donique eos uita priuarant nermina sacua, Lucr. 5, 997; met., furialium uermina passionum, Arn. 1, 30.

**uerminatio**, ōnis, f. a writhing (with pain); iumentorum u., Plin. 28, 180 and 30, 144; cerebri, Sen. ep. 95, 17; (podagrae...), 78, 9.

**uerminis**, āre, vb. [uermis] first breed worms, in uenenatis corporibus uermis non nascitur, fulmine ieta intra paucos dies uerminant, Sen. N. Q. 2, 31, 2; **2.** itch (as referred to worms in the intestines), Si tibi morosa prurigino uerminet auris, Mart. 14, 23, 1 (auriscapulum).

**uerminor**, āri, vb. r. [uermis] writhe (with pain), Decimo mense demum turgens uerminatur, parturit, P'omp. 56 R; podagra, Sen. uit. b. 17, 4.

**uerminis-sus**, adj. full of worms, aures, Plin. 20, 146; ulcera, 26, 145; fici, 17, 261.

**uermis**, is, m. [uer of uert- turn] a worm (as a little wiggler), Quippe uidere licet uiuos existere uermes Stercoere de taetro, Lucr. 2, 871; nec passerem nec uermis milio nocere, Plin. 18, 158; **2.** from uermic (cf. uermic-ulus), i.e. uer-em-ic, where m or em is dim. as in our film, calm, quamo compared with fell, coal, Germ. qual; and =um of Latin. Cf. worm, Germ. wurm, Sansk. krimi.

**uerna**, ac, m. f., [?] a home-born slave, Quid? nutrici non missuru's quicquam quae uernas alit? Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 103; Qui hodie fuerim liber Eum nunc potiuit pater seruitutis; Hic qui uerna natust conq'ueritur, Amph. 1, 1, 25; Positosque uernas ditis examen domus, Hor. ep. 2, 6, 65; aut exules Corinthiorum aut seruos uernasque Tuscorum, Iust. 38, 6, 7; **2.** of women, Autia uernae suae dulciss., inser. Grut. 654, 3; Onesimini uernae suae, inser. Don. 10, 97; **3.** met., u. apros, Mart. 1, 49, 25; tuberes, 13, 43, 2; lupos, 10, 31, 21; liber, 3, 1, 6.

**uernac-ulus**, or uernaculus, adj. or sb. dim. of uerna, first as sb., Vernaculorum dicta, sordidum dentem, Mart. 10, 3, 1; (puer) uernaculis congregatur et ludit, Sen. ben. 6, 11, 2; Cascia Siluano uernaculo suo b. m., inser. Fabret. 613, 109; **2.** as f., Isauricae uernaculae suae, inser. Mur. 1540; **3.** as adj., of home-born slaves, u. urbanitate, Tac. h. 2, 88; u. multitudo, an. 1, 31; urbanitatis, Petr. 24; plebem, Tert. apol. 35; **4.** gen. homeborn, native, Aquatiliu uocabula partim sunt uernacula, partim peregrina, Varr. 1, 5, p. 81 Sp.; consilium, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 105; crimen domesticum ac uernaculum (home-made), Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 141; equi, Plin. 27, 202.

**uernalis**, e, adj. of the spring, horas, Manil. 3, 258.

**uernatio**, ōnis, f. putting on a spring dress, as a snake when shedding its old skin, membrana siue senectus angulum uernatione exuta, Plin. 29, 101; anguiniae uernationis membrana, 30, 24; **2.** the snake-skin itself, uernatione quam exuunt pota, Plin. 29, 111.

**uerni-cōmus**, adj. with spring-tresses on, oliua, Mart. Cap. 6, p. 194, 20 Eyss.

**uernifer**, a, um, adj. spring-bringing, Mart. Cap. 1 p. 1, 15 Eyss. (al. uernificis).

**uernilis**, e, adj. [uerna] of a home-born slave, slave-like, dictum (a slave's joke), Tac. h. 3, 32 f.; blanditiis, 2, 59; **2.** uerniliter, adv. ...credo: nimis tandem hoc quidem fit uerniliter, Caecil. 131 R; Hor. s. 2, 6, 108; Sen. ben. 2, 11, 3.

**uernilitas**, ātis, f. waggery (as of a slave), manganem puerum subdolae ac fucatae uernilitatis, Plin. 34, 79 (speaking of a statue); neque seruili uernilitate imbuatur (futurus orator), Quint. 1, 11, 2; haec siue leuitas est siue u., puniendi est promittendi facilitate, Sen. ep. 95, 2.

**2.** met. auium, Fulg. Myth. 1.

**uerniliter**, adv. see uernilis.

**Vern-io**, ōnis, m. dim. [uerna] a cognomen, M. Vibius m. l. Vernio, inser. Mur. 2088, 10.

**uernirōseus**, adj. of spring roses, Tert. iud. Dom. 2.

**uernisera**, messalia aegria, Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**uerno**, āre, vb. [perh. at first uernor vb. r., from uerno-adj.] put on or wear a spring dress or habit, Vernat humos floresque et mollia pabula surgunt, Ov. M. 7, 284; auis, tr. 3, 12, 8; ager, Mart. 9, 54, 8; dum uernat sanguis, Prop. 5, 5, 59; Cum tibi uernarent dubia lanigine

malae, Mart. 2, 61, 1; aer uernat, Plin. 2, 136; **2.** esp. part. uernans, arbores fruticosque, Plin. 22, 95; caelo, 7, 26; siluae, Sen. Iere. Oct. 380; and met., senioque iterum uernante, Claud. Stil. 1, 316.

**uernūla**, ae, m. f. dim. [uerna] a little home-born slave, Iuv. 10, 117; Plin. 22, 44 (al. uerna); **2.** met. a native, (lupus) u. riparum, Iuv. 5, 105; **3.** as adj. native, libellos, Mart. 5, 18, 4; auis, Rutil. it. 1, 112.

**uer-nus**, adj. of spring, tempus, Cic. sen. 70; species u. dici, Lucr. 1, 10; flores, Hor. od. 2, 11, 9; **2.** uernum as sb. n. spring, in best writers only as abl. uerno, in the spring, Cato r. 52 and 54; Plin. 19, 95; Colum. 4, 10; **3.** aft. gener., hiemes et aestates et uerna et autumna, Tert. res. carn. 12 med.; prasinus color uirenti uerno uenetus nubilae hiemi dicitur est, Cass. V. 3, 51.

**1 uērō**, [uero-adj.] adv. really, only in old writers, others using uere; Immo iste eum sese ait qui non est esse, et qui uerost negat, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 35; Immo nero indignum Chreme iam facinus faxo ex me audies, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 13, where uero qualifies indignum; Dolet padetque Grauium me et uero piget, Att. 471 R; uerumero inter offam atque herbam, ibi uero longum interuallumst, Cato or. 67, 6 I; **2.** with dico, in questions, dicis or dicit understood, I really mean what I say etc., really; Ego noui adolescentem uostrum Stratilax. S. Veron? A. Serio, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 47, do you really mean it? D. Quid mulier? S. Mulier meretrix. D. Veron? S. Serio, Merc. 4, 1, 27; Itane uero? Obturbat? Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 23, is it so indeed? does he really mean to...? (not: itane uero obturbat? cf. Cic. Att. 14, 10, 1); **3.** truly, with a real foundation, Eho an mauis uituperari falso quam uero extolli? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 21; **4.** as in § 2 with dico understood, repeating a request, to show you are in earnest, I say, I tell you once more I really mean it, N. Cape hoc tibi aurum...Ch. Nou equidem accipiam...N. Cape uero, odiose facis, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 139; P. Cedo tu, ut exsoluam, mauus. E. Ne attigas. P. Ostende uero, Epid. 5, 2, 58; **5.** so also in decided answers or in confirming what has been doubtfully expressed, whether of yes or no, certainly, indeed, assuredly, with a preceding yes or no, puellam petiisse a matertera ut sibi concederet ut in eius sella requiesceret, illam autem dixisse: uero, mea puella, tibi, concedo meas sedes, yes my dear girl I will etc., Cic. diu. 1, 104; C. Vah gloriare enenisse ex sententia. S. Non hercle uero, uernm dico, Ter. Haat. 4, 5, 17; A. Nunc dicam opinor quod sentio. C. Tu uero inquam Tite, Cic. Brut. 292; **6.** hence often at the beginning of a letter, in reply to one which contained a remark of the kind, ego uero utar prorogatione diei, yes my friend you are right, I shall..., Cic. Att. 13, 43; cf. 10, 7, 1; 13, 41, 1; 16, 3, 1; fam. 16, 10, 1 and 23, 1; **7.** and gen., indeed, cui neque proprium crimen obicitur, nec uero aliquod einsmodi, Cic. Cael. 72; so enim uero, indeed indeed, see enim, §§ 4, 5;

**8.** often in irony, Egregiam uero laudem et spolia ampla refertis Tuque puerque tuus, Verg. 4, 93; **9.** a common use is in transitions, but assuredly, but at any rate; ne T. quidem Postumius contemendus in dicendo, de republica uero non minus uehemens orator quam bellator fuit, Cic. Brut. 269; nunc uero cum sit unus Cn. Pompeius qui etc., Man. 27; in Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2 the reading is fere, not uero; in this construction it is too common to translate by but only; **10.** in some cases uero appears in the protasis, while its full power belongs to the apodosis as above containing the assertion, ut uero Numidas insequentes aquam ingressi sunt, tum rigere omnibus corpora, but wheu..., then and no mistake, Liv. 21, 54, 9; ubi aeger paulum se remisit, alimenta pleniora dari possunt; si in refectioe uero manserit tussis, intermittero oportebit, Cels. 4, p. 139, 13 D.

**2 uēro**, āre, vb. [prob. at first ueror, āri, vb. r. from uero-adj.] act the truthful one, foretell with truth, see uericidus; satin uerant nates? Enn. an. 371 V.

**uēr-o**, ōnis, m. dim. [akin to ueru] a small spit or spear, uerones plumbei, Aur. V. Caes. 17.

**Vērōna**, ae, f. a city of Transpadanae Italy on the Athesis or Adige, a Roman colony, Mantua Vergilio gaudet, Vērōna Catullo, Ov. am. 3, 15, 7; Tac. h. 2, 23 etc.



**Vērōnensis**, e, adj. of Verona, flos Vērōnensum depereunt iuuenum, Catul. 100, 2; Tac. h. 3, 8.

**uērosus**, adj. truthful, assertive, Mart. Cap. 4, p. 100, 22 Eyss. (al. uirosae).

**uer-pa**, ae, f. [?] membrum uirile, Catul. 28, 12; Mart. 11, 46, 2; 2. prob. akin to uer-erum, wh. see.

**Verpūlus**, m. dim. a cognomen, Verpulo beue mereuti, inscr. Giorn. di Pisa 6, 39.

**uerpus**, adj. [?] circumcised, Catul. 47, 4; Iuv. 14, 104; Mart. 7, 82, 6; 11, 94, 4.

**uerrēs**, (uerris Varr.) is, m. [see below] a boar, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; Hor. od. 3, 22, 7; Colum. 7, 9, 7; met. Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 67; 2. a cognomen, as of C. (Cornelius?) Verres and of C. Crassicius P. f. C. n. Verriis, CIL 1150;

3. = Sanskr. varāha, Gr. *epaos*, Eng. boar.

**uerr-ic-ūlum**, i, n. a drag-net, a seine, Val. M. 4, 1, ext. 7; Serv. A. 1, 59.

**uerrinus**, adj. [uerri- sb. m.] of a boar, iocur, Plin. 28, 152; sincipita, 8, 211; 2. of Verres, ius Verrinum (with a pun), Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 121; Prisc. saepe.

1 **Verrius**, adj. of Verres, lex, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 117; 2. n. pl. Verria, festival of Verres, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 52 and 114.

2 **Verrius**, m. a gentile name, as of M. Verrius Flaccus, the grammarian, Suet. gram. 17.

**uerro**, older uorro, ēre, uersi, uorsum or uersum, vb. drag, Ni faciat, maria ac terras caelumque profundum Quippe ferant rapidi secum uertrautque per auras, Verg. 1, 59; vb. Serv.: proprie est trahere; Caesariemque meam quam longa per aequora uerro, Ov. M. 13, 961; Canitiemque suam in concreto sanguine uerrens, 13, 492;

2. sweep away, sweep up, Nam modo uerrebant nigras pro farre fauillas, Ov. F. 2, 523; Quidquid de Libycis uerritur areis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 10; 3. met. sweep off, donis quidquid uerritur εξω, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 7; Quicquid ponitur hinc et inde uerris, Mart. 2, 37, 1; 4. sweep, with acc. of surface cleared, facite ut offendam parata, Vorsa sparsa tersa strata, lauta structaque omnia ut sint, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 31; Verre pavementum, Iuv. 14, 60; crinibus templa uerrentes, Liv. 3, 7, 8; crinibus passis aras uerrentes, 26, 9, 7; uersa templa, Sen. ap. Diom. 375; 5. met. in poets, nauatae Adnixi torquent spumas et caerula uerrunt, Verg. 8, 674; Aptaque uerrendis sidera quaeret aquis, Ov. am. 1, 9, 14;

6. uerri as perf. sanctioned by Charis. 218, Prisc. 90; but found only in Hier. Helv. 20. Serv. A. 1, 63 gives uersi; 7. uer- the root one with *sup-* drag (see ueho), and prob. = nel of uello, pull.

**uerrūca**, ae, f. [?] a small hill, a hillock, -- saxea est uerruca in summo montis uertice, poet. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 48; and 8, 6, 14, where he condemns the metaphor as low, assuming that wart is the original sense; ut quadringentis milites ad uerrucam illam (sic enim Cato locum editum asperumque appellat) ire iubens, Gell. 3, 7, 1; 2. a wart (as on the hands), uerrucas (ocimum) mixto atramento sutorio tollit, Plin. 20, 123; uerrucas cum sale tollit sucus e folio (helioscopi, uel uerrucariae), 22, 58; Qui ne tuberculibus propriis offendat amicum Postulat, ignoscet uerricis illius, Hor. s. 1, 3, 74; cf. Sen. uit. b. 27, 4; 3. an excrescence on a precious stone, Plin. 37, 195; 4. uerruca (uorr-uea?) perh. a dim. of colli-; and if so = our hill-oek, for hill = coll- Lat.; at any rate = Eng. wart. Cf. old Fr. ueruc or beruc, an eminence.

**uerrūcāria**, adj. f. as sb. [uerruca-] a plant = ἡλιοσκοπιον, spurge, as a cure for warts, Plin. 22, 58.

**Verrius**, m. a gentile name, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 187 etc., an alleged interpolation for Verres.

**uerrūcōsus**, adj. covered with warts, a cognomen of Q. Fabius Maximus, Cic. Brut. 57, from a wart on the upper lip; Aur. V. 43; Βερουκωσος, Plut. Fab. 1; Virrucossus, inser. Grut. 297, 2; 2. met., u. Antiopa, Pers. 1, 77.

**uerrūcūla**, ae, f. dim. a little mound, in uerrucula collis unius, Arnob. 2, 77; 2. a little wart, Cels. 5, p. 217, 6 D; Colum. 7, 6, 2.

**Verrug-o**, inis, f. [perh. = uerrūc-a] a town of the Volsci, Liv. 4, 1, 4; 55, 8 etc.; 5, 28, 6; Val. M. 3, 2, 8; 6, 5, 2.

**uerrunco**, (uerrunco Fest.) āre, vb. [uer- of uert- turn +?] always with bene and as a prayer, turn out well, ueniam precor Petens ut quae egi ago axim uerruncent bene, Pacuv. 297 R; Te sancte uenerans precibus innicte inuoco Porteuta ut populo patriae uerruncent bene, Att. praet. 6 R; haec bene uerruncent populo, 36; 2. as a trans. vb., uti ea mihi populoque R. di bene uerruncent, Liv. 29, 27, 2.

**uersāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uersa- vb.] easy to turn, aer, Sen. N. Q. 6, 16, 4; 2. met., eondicio, Sen. tranq. 11, 8; fortuna, Curt. 5, 8, 15; femina, Amm. 16, 8, 4.

**uersāb-undus**, part. frq. turning again and again, turbo, Lucr. 6, 438; sidera, Vitr. 9, 7 med.

**uersāt-ilis**, e, adj. easy to turn, mundi templum, Lucr. 5, 1436; laquearia, Sen. ep. 90, 15; molae, Plin. 36, 135;

2. met., u. ingenium pariter ad omnia, Liv. 39, 40, 5.

**uersātio**, ōnis, f. turning, nec pupillae motu (chamaeleo) sed totius oculi uersatione circumspicit, Plin. 8, 121; Sen. tranq. 11, 12; Vitr. 9, 7, 4 etc.

**uerse**, see arse uerse.

**uersī-cōlor**, ōris, adj. colour-changing, presenting different colours from one moment to another, shot (as silk), alia, quasi ad ornatum (donata), ut plumae uersicolores columbis, Cic. fin. 3, 18; pauo pluma multicolor et discolor et uersicolor, Tert. Pall. 3; arma, Verg. 10, 181; or successively, nullum expirantem uersicolori quadam et numerosa uarietate spectari proceres gulae uariant, rubentium squamarum multiplici mutatione pallescentem, Plin. 9, 66; poma, Colum. 3, 21, 3; 2. esp. of purple, ne qua mulier uestimento uersicolori uteretur, lex Oppia ap. Liv. 34, 1, 3; uestis, 7, 10, 7; cultus, Ov. F. 5, 356; cf. Ulp. dig. 32, 1, 70, 12; 3. met., elocutio, Quint. 8, pr. 20.

**uersī-cōlōrius**, adj. the same, lana, uestis, Ulp. dig. 32, 1, 70, 12.

**uersī-cōlōrus**, adj. the same, paries, Prud. adu. Sym. 2, 56.

**uersīc-ūlus**, i, m. dim. [uersu- m.] a line (of writing), ut uideret ne quid respublica detrimenti eaperet, quo uuo uersiculo satis armati semper consules fuerunt, Cic. Mil. 70; Att. 5, 1, 3; 2. a verse, Cic. orat. 67, Catul. 16, 3 and 6; Hor. s. 1, 10, 58; Plin. ep. 3, 21, 2.

**uersīficātio**, ōnis, f. verse-making, Colnm. 11, 1, 2; Quint. 9, 4, 116.

**uersīficātor**, ōris, m. a maker of verses, u. quam poeta melior, Quint. 10, 1, 89; Iust. 6, 9, 4.

**uersīfico**, āre, vb. trans. put into verse, describe in verse, Sibyllae fatiloquia, Apul. de deo Soc. p. 46; 2. in pass., portenta in Homero uersificata, Lucil. ap. Nou. 533.

**uersīficor**? āri [uersificus], vb. r. play the part of a verse-maker, make verses, a term of contempt, only in the gerund, Quint. 9, 4, 143; Amm. 21, 16, 4.

**uersīficus**, adj. verse-making, ordo, Sol. 11, 6.

**uersīlis**, e, adj. [uert-] turning, profunditas, Mart. Cap. 4, 135 G, 137, 4 Eyss.; scena, Serv. G. 3, 24.

**uersī-pellis**, older norsipellis, e, adj. skin-changing, a name for those who were believed to take the shape of wolves at their pleasure, homines in lupos uerti rursusque restitui sibi... Vnde ista uolgo infixā sit fama, in tantum ut in maledictis uersipellis habeat, indicabitur etc. (wh. see), Plin. 8, 80; intellexi eum uersipellem esse nec postea cum illo panem gustare potui, Petr. fr. tr. 62 f.; met., uersipellem se facit Iuppiter quando lubet, Pl. Amph. pr. 123; add Bac. 4, 4, 12; aud perh. Pers. 2, 2, 48; also Lucil. ap. Non. 38; 2. coup. nersipellius, Porc. L. in Catul. 9 f.

**uerso**, older uorso, āre, vb. frq. trans. [uert- vb.] keep turning, turn again and again, Qui caelum uersat stellis fulgeatibus aptum, Enn. an. 30 V; uersabat se in utramque partem, non solum mente uerum etiam corpore, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 74; dum turbos uersat in igni, Hor. s. 1, 5, 72; docta ligouibus Versare glebas, od. 3, 6, 39; 2. turu over again and again, uos exemplaria Graeca Nocturna uersate manu, uersate diurna, Hor. A. P. 269; esp. met. of the mind, Multas res sinitu in mco corde uerso, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 1; Illa dolos dirumque nefas in pectore uersat, Verg. 4, 563; uersate diu quid ferre recuscut, Quid ualeant humeri, Hor.



A. P. 39; **3.** handle or deal with in various ways, tum Tarquinus uersare in omnes partes muliebrem autum, Liv. 1, 58, 3; non ut in iudiciis uersaret caussam, sed ut in historiis bella narraret, Cic. orat. 31; nummulario non ex fide uersanti pecunias manus amputauit, Suet. Galb. 9; testes multum domi ante uersandi, uariis pereotationibus, quales haberi ab aduersario possint, explorandi sunt, Quint. 5, 7, 11; **4.** keep in constant movement and trouble, worry, curamue leuasso Quae nunc to coquit et uersat in pectore fixa, Enn. an. 340 V; Vorsabo ego illuc hodie si uiuo probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 6; **II 5.** as vb. r. move to and fro, tum tu furcifer Quasi mus in medio pariete uersabere, Pl. Cas. 1, 52; quo in fundo propter insanas illas substructiones facile mille hominum uersabantur, Cic. Mil. 53; eum hostes in nostris castris uersari uidissent, Caes. b. g. 2, 24, 2; **6.** gen. busy oneself, employ oneself (in), be occupied, be involved, still with prep. in, opifices omnes in sordida arte uersatur, Cic. off. 1, 150; a uiris in rerum publicarum uarietate uersatis, rep. 3, 4; **7.** live (in or among), dwell, an nescis quantis in malis uorsor miser? Ter. And. 4, 1, 25; nobiscum uersari iam diutius non potes, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; quod in simili culpa uersabantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 110, 4; **8.** and with abstract nom., concern itself (with), as dicendi ratio in etc., Cic. or. 1, 12; omnes artes in etc., off. 1, 19; **9.** pass to and fro (before the mind), numquam tibi populi Romani dignitas in oculis animoque uersata est? Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 144; nam mihi ante oculos dies noctesque uersaris, fam. 14, 2, 3; ob oculos u., Sest. 47.

**uersor**, ōris, m. implied in uersorios and uersura, and established by the inser. ΔΙΟΤΕΕΙ ΔΕΡΣΟΡΕΙ (Ioui uersori), Mommsen's Osk. Stud. Nachtr. 55.

**uersōr-la**, or rather uorsoria, adj. f. as sb., only in—capo uorsoriam, put about, go on the other tack, met., Quin tu quod perit periisse ducis? cape uorsoriam: Recipe te ad erum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 19; Si huc item properes ut istuc properas, facies relictus. Huc secundus uentus nunc est: cape modo uorsoriam... recipe te ad terram, Mere. 5, 2, 35.

**uersus**, older norsum, adv. -wards, only used after prepositions, and so written with them; unless separated by another word, as: animaduortit fugam ad se uorsum fieri, Sal. Iug. 58, 4; cf. 69, 1. See uersus prep.

**uersura**, older uorsura, ae. f. [implies a sb. uersor] a turning, a turn, foliorum, Varr. r. 1, 46; loci, l. 7, p. 350 Sp.; cum uentum erit ad uersuram, in ploughing, Colum. 2, 2, 28; **2.** a loan, i.e. money borrowed from A to pay a debt due to B, so that the creditor alone is changed (uersura), the debt remains and prob. at greater interest, hence uorsura soluere, as uorsura soluis (al. uorsuram solues), Geta, praesens quod fuerat malum in diem abiit, plagae crescut, Ter. Ph. 5, 2, 15; wh. Donat.: dicitur uorsuram facere, cum minore fenore acceptam quis pecuniam maiore (al. maiorem) occupat (absoluit?); quae quidem ego utique uel uersura facta solui uolo, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2; ut uerear, ne illud uersura mihi soluendum sit, 5, 15, 2; **3.** so uersuram facere, borrow money, raise a loan, Salamiuii eum Romae uersuram facere uellent, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 12; add 15, 20, 4; 16, 15, 5; Nep. Att. 2 and 9; Cic. Font. 11; and Flac. 48; and Paul. ex Fest. 379. But in Cic. Tusc. 1, 100 quam (poenam) sine mutuatione et sine uersura possem dissoluere, and in Tac. an. 6, 16, postremo uetita uersura, we should prob. read usura.

**1 uersus**, older uorsus, prep. or adv. [uert- vb.] -wards, towards, cum Brundisium uersus ires ad Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 3; Labieum ad Oceanum uersus in eas partes... proficisci iubet, Caes. b. g. 6, 33, 1; ad urbem modo, modo in Galliam uersus castra mouere, Sal. Iug. 56, 4; **2.** often attached to prepp., and then written as one word with them, see aduersus, utroqueuersus etc.

**2 uersus**, (uorsus) part. of uert-; **2.** part. of uerr-, wh. see.

**3 uersus**, ūs, m. lit. a turning, hence a furrow (as every turn of the plough ends one and commences another), bubulum per proseissum ingredi oportet alternisque uersibus obliquum tenere aratrum, Colum. 2, 2, 25; in arando uersum peragi (oportet), Plin. 18, 177; **2.** hence gen. a

line, Ille etiam seras in uersum distulit ulmos, Verg. G. 4, 144; triplici uersu (of uersors), A. 5, 119; sexdecim uersus remorum, Liv. 33, 30, 5; **3.** esp. a line of writing, quod de Quinti fratris epistola scribis... ita deplorat primis uersibus mansionem suam ut quemuis mouere possit, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 4; ego non paginas tantum sed uersus etiam syllabasque numerabo, Plin. ep. 3, 12, 16; **4.** a verse, of poetical writing, Non ridet uersus Enni grauitate minores, Hor. s. 1, 10, 54; Ov. am. 1, 11, 21; **5.** a measure of land in Campania, uersum dicunt centum pedes quoquo- uersum quadratum, Varr. r. 1, 10, 1.

**4 uersus**, i, m. the same, uersorum, Laber. 55 R; Quid hic cum tragicis uersis et syrma facis? Valer. ap. Prise. 679 P; omnes sunt denis syllabis uersi, Laev. ap. Prise. 712, 15.

**uersūtē**, seo uersūtus.

**uersūtia**, ae. f. cunning, ista in acusando u., Apul. apol. p. 307; insidiosa, ib.; fallax, Iuuen. 1, 371.

**uersūti-lōquus**, adj. cunning in words, uersutiloquas malitias, fab. trag. inc. 114 R.

**uersūtus**, older uorsutus, adj. [: uersu :: cornutus : cornu] armed with resources for everything, ready-witted, clever, shrewd, uersutos eos appello quorum celeriter mens uersatur, Cic. N. D. 3, 25; uersutissimum Lysandrum aecipimus, off. 1, 109; adulescens docte norsutus fruit, Pl. St. 4, 1, 55; **2.** often in a bad sense, shifty, sly, uorsutior es quam rota figularis, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 35; Non esse seruos peior hoc quisquam potest, Nec magis uersutus, As. 1, 1, 106; hoc est hominis non aperti nou simplicis..., uersuti potius... neteratoris uafri, Cic. off. 3, 57; cf. 2, 10; fin. 2, 53; Paul. ex Fest. 370; **3.** adv. uersute, cleverly, Cic. orat. 22; **4.** shily, Brut. 35; uersutissime, Aug. Trin. 15, 20.

**uertagra**, ae. m. see uertraga.

**uertagus**, see uertragus.

**uert-ēbra**, ae. f. a vertebra, so called as a means of turning the body, spina constat ex uertebrae quattuor et uiginti, Cels. 8, p. 325, 15 D; u. tertia tubercula quae inferiori inserantur exigit, ib.; uertebrae dolor, Sen. ep. 78, 9; of insects, Plin. 11, 1.

**uertēbrā-tus**, part. articulated, ossa, Plin. 11, 177; dens? 34, 75.

**uert-ex**, or uortex, ūeis, m. lit. a turning, or whirling, an eddy, as of water, uertex est contorta in se aqua, given by Quint. 8, 2, 7 as the first meaning (proprium); amnis transuerso uertice dolia impulit ad ripam, Liv. 23, 19, 11; Dat sonitum saxi et torto uertice torrens, Verg. 7, 567; Medumque flumen gentibus addit uertice Vietis minores uoluere uertices, Hor. od. 2, 9, 22; cf. Verg. 1, 117; **2.** of wind, a whirlwind, quaei potest eur turbo fiat?... uentus... similem illis quas diximus conuerti aquas facit uorticeum, Sen. N. Q. 5, 12, 2; interdum (uenti) uertice torto Corripit rapidaque rotanti turbine portat, Lucret. 1, 293; cf. Liv. 21, 58, 3; **3.** of flame or smoke, flammis inter tabulata uolutus Ad caelum undabat uertex turrinque tenebat, Verg. 12, 673; Sordidum flammae trepidant rotantes Vertice fumum, Hor. od. 4, 11, 12; **4.** pole, as stars revolve round it, Extremusque adeo duplici de cardine uertex Dicitur esse polus, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 104; Hic uertex nobis semper sublimis; at illum etc., Verg. G. 1, 242; **5.** from a confusion between the N. pole and zenith, the highest part of the sky, and so in poetry, a vertice from above, Vnam... ingens uertice pontus In puppin ferit, Verg. 1, 114; ille ictum uenientem a uertice uelox Praeuidit, 5, 444; **6.** hence of any summit, esp. crown of the head, non ab imis uingibus usque ad uerticem summum ex fraude constare totus uidetur? Cic. Rosc. com. 20; Suppositoque grauem uertice portat aquam, Ov. Pont. 3, 8, 12; **7.** or gen. the head, in poets, At roseo niueae residabant uertice uitiae, Catul. 64, 309; et toto uertice suprast, Verg. 7, 784; **8.** the peak or summit of a mountain, ignibus qui ex Aetnae uertice erumpunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 106; Atheuacis in mocnibus, arcis in ipso Vertice, Lucret. 6, 750; **9.** of a tree, quales eum uertice celso Aereae quercus etc., Verg. 3, 679; hirsutaque uertice pius, Ov. M. 10, 103; **10.** met. like κορυφή, a man who out-tops his class, a coryphaeus, eum principiorum uerticibus collocatus, Amm. 15, 5, 16.



**uer-tib-ūlum**, i, n. a joint, Lact. op. D. 5 med.

**uerticillus**, i, m. [uerticulo- m.] a spindle? In Syria feminas uerticillos inde (de electro) facere, Plin. 37, 37.

**Verti-cordia**, adj. f. heart-turning, an epithet of Venus, ut Veneris Verticordiae simulacrum consecraretur quo facilis uirginum ualierumque mens a libidine ad pudicitiam conuerteretur, Val. M. 8, 15, 12; Iul. Ob. prod. 79; cf. Or. F. 4, 157.

**uertic-ōsus**, older uorticosus, adj. full of eddies, mare, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 117; hence, et ut Sallustii utar uerbis, uorticosus, Sen. N. Q. 7, 8, 2; amnis, Liv. 21, 5, 15.

**uertī-cūla**, ae, f. a vertebra or joint, Lucil. ap. Fest. 371; but see uerticulus; 2. a hinge or pivot in machinery, Vitruv. 10, 13, 1.

**uertic-ūlum**, i, n. a bend in the intestines, Cael. Anr. acut. 3, 17, 138.

**uertic-ūlus**, i, m. a vertebra, uerticuli spinae, Sol. 4; Haeret uerticulis adfixum in posteriore Parte, Lucil. ap. Non. 207; 2. a bend, as in the intestines, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 242.

**uertigino**, āre, vb. revolve, Tert. Pall. 3, of a chameleon's eyes.

**uert-igo**, iuis, f. turning, whirl, twirl, assidua rapitur uertigine caelum, Ov. M. 2, 70; uentus se ipsa uertigine concitans turbo est, Sen. N. Q. 5, 13, 3; una Quiritem Vertigo facit, Pers. 5, 76, the final whirl by the master in manumission of a slave; so v. 78 Verterit hunc dominus momento turbinis, exit Marcus Dama: cf. Sen. ep. 8, 7; 2. met. rerum, Lucan. 8, 16; 3. whirling of the brain, giddiness, vertigo, rupes ita abscissae sunt ut despici uix sine uertigine quadam simul oculorum animique possit, Liv. 44, 6, 8; cf. Macr. s. 7, 9, 5; Iuv. 6, 303; Plin. 20, 194: 21, 46 etc.; 4. a revolving machine, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 3, 86.

**uertilāb-undus**, quasi-part. frq. [implies a vb. dim. uertila-] turning first this way and then that, fickle, sic ad uos citius opinione uertilab-undus miser decidi, Varr. s. 122, 3 R.

**uerto**, older uorto, ēre, uerti, uersum or uorsum, [root ner, mimetic] vb. trans. turn; uertor, vb. r. for wh. also uertit se etc., and with se as intr. but chiefly in perfect tenses and the participles, uertens uersurus—first turn, cause to revolve, Vertitur interea caelum et ruit Oceano nox, Verg. 2, 250; Cardine tunc tacito uertere posse fores, Tib. 1, 6, 12; Nec strepitum uerso Saturnia cardine fecit, Ov. M. 14, 782; 2. turn, change direction, uerti me a Minturnis Arpinum uersus, Cic. Att. 16, 10, 1; Vortē hac te puer, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 21; 3. esp. in mil. language, reliqui se uerterunt et loco cesserunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 51, 2; ipsos equites in fugam uerterunt, put to flight, Liv. 30, 33, 10; tandem confecti uulneribus hostes terga uortēre, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 1; 4. turn up, turn over, turn, as in ploughing, terram qui uertit aratro, Hor. s. 1, 1, 28; uertere solum bidentibus, Colum. 4, 5; 5. hence, uerturū, upset, in poets, Proceras maubus uertero fraxinos, Hor. od. 3, 25, 15; Cyenum Vi multa uertit terraeque afflixit Achilles, Ov. M. 12, 38; met., Nosne tibi fluxas Phrygiae res uertere fundo Conamur? Verg. 10, 88; add Hor. od. 3, 3, 20; but in Cic. off. 1, 84 read ...egregio, euertit...; 6. uerto me, turn (to a person or thing for help), have recourse (to), fly (to), ut quo se uortat nesciat, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 73; haerebat nebulo; quo se uerteret non habebat, Cic. Phil. 2, 74; 7. change, as to form, metamorphose, turn, In anginam ego nunc me uelim uorti ut ueneficae illi Faucis prehendam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 61; Verte omnes tete in facies, Verg. 12, 891; 8. met., quae to genitor sententia uertit? Verg. 1, 237; cur nunc tua quisquam Vertere iussa potest? 10, 35; 9. change, exchange for, as in uertere solum, change one's country, emigrate, qui erant rerum capitalium condemnati, non prius hanc ciuitatem amittebant quam erant in eam accepti quo uertendi, hoc est mutandi soli caussa uenerant, Cic. dom. 78; uertēre solum, Iuv. 11, 49; 10. turrū (the course of events), cause them to eud favourably or unfavourably; with intr. end well or ill, D. Puer natust. M. Di bene uortant, Heaven bless it, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 10;

Si malus aut nequamst, male res uortunt quas agit, turn out ill, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 5; quod bene nertat, castra Albanos Romanis castris iungere inbet, with a prayer for heaven's blessing, Liv. 1, 28, 1; 11. so iutr., ea ludificatio ueri et ipsa in uerum uertit, ended in a reality, Liv. 26, 6, 1;

12. turn into another language, translate, Philemo scripsit, Plautus uertit (sic, not uortit, libri cum A) barbare, Pl. Trin. pr. 19; si sic uerterem Platonem, ut uerterunt nostri poetae fabulas, Cic. fin. 1, 7; annales Acilianos ex Graeco in Latinum sermonem uertit, Liv. 25, 39, 16; 13. hence met. interpret in any sense, regard (as), ascribe, refer, ne sibi illae uitio uerterent quod abeset a patria, Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; ne ea quae reipublicae causa egerit, in suam contumeliam uertat, Caes. b. c. 1, 8, 3; cum omnium seundorum aduersorumque causas in deos uerteret, Liv. 28, 11, 1; in religionem ea res uersa est, 26, 11, 4; 14. of money etc., give a wrong direction to, convert, embezzle, usurp, ex illa pecunia magnam partem ad se nertit, Cic. Caecil. 57; uertere in se Cotyi data, Tac. an. 2, 64; 15. met. from a hinge, with in and abl., turn upon, hinge upon, depend upon, omnia in unius potestate ac moderatione nertentur, Cic. Verr. 1, 20; in co (dictatore) nerti spes ciuitatis, Liv. 4, 31, 4; add 37, 7, 8; Quam restitio (so T H K, mss resisto) tam maxime res in periculo uortitur, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 12; in maiore discrimine domi res uertebantur, Liv. 6, 36, 7; iure in quo illa caussa uertebatur, Cic. Brut. 145;

16. strange to doubtfulness the phrase: Perit, animam nequeo uorterē: nimis nihili tibicen siem, qu. ducere? Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 15; 17. uerti=uersari, busy oneself, Patrisat iam homo, in mercatura uortitur, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 109; 18. uertens, part. both trans. and intr. as Nunquam hercle hunc mensem uortentem credo seruiit tibi, this current month, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 76; anno uertente, in the course of the year, Cic. Quinct. 40; cum autem ad idem unde semel profecta sunt cuncta astra redierint, tum ille uere uertens annus appellari potest, rep. 6, 24; a year completing itself, the annus mudanus of Macr. s. Sc. 2, 11, 7; 19. by the side uorto etc. and uorsus, yet in the perfect tenses the old writers seem to have preferred uert-, see Tr. Pl. Soc. 1860—1, p. 192; 20. the t of uert perhaps excrement; perh. nert=uer-et-for uer-ee.

**uertrāga**, ae, m. [?] a greyhound, Et pictum maculo uertragam delige, Grat. cyn. 203. See

**uertrāgus**, i, m. the same, Non sibi sed domino uenatur uertragus acer, Mart. 14, 200; see also ueltraga, wh. is prob. an error for uestraga. Prob. a Gallic word, and the dog=Gallieus canis of Ov. M. 1, 534; Mart. 3, 47, 11, both of whom connect it with the hare, as in the Fr. lévrier; 2. Ital. vetro, Prov. vetro.

**Vertumūālia**, or Vortunalia, adj. n. pl. as sb. festival of Vertumnus or Vortunus, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 203 Sp.

**Vertumnus**, Vortumnus or Vortunus, i, m. the god of change,=Proteus of Greece, deus Etruriae princeps says Varro (l. 5, 8, p. 51 Sp.), and hence his statue in the Vicus Tuscus, cf. Asc. ad Verr. 2, 1, 59; Vertumnis quotquot sunt natus iniquis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 14; Talis in aeterno felix Vertumnus Olympo Mille habet ornatus, mille decenter habet, Tib. 4, 2, 13; cf. Ov. M. 14, 642; Hor. ep. 1, 20;

2. prob. an old part. of uortor. Cf. alumnus, and such forms as uortumini, uortimino of the verb.

**uēru**, n. [see below] a spit, exta in ollo (al. olla), non in neru coquantur, Varr. l. 5, p. 100 Sp.; Pars in frusta secant ueribusque tremantia figunt, Verg. 1, 212; add Ov. F. 2, 363; 2. a small spear, Et tereti pugnant mucrone uerūque Sabello, Verg. 7, 665; Statque latus praefixa ueru, Tib. 1, 6, 49; 3. iron spike or bar as a fence, Haec area...clausa nerubus, inscr. Or. 736; 4. as a transl. of οβελος the mark÷to denote what is spurious, Hier. ep. 106, 7; 5. ueru and ueribus or nerubus alone occur, except that uerua is sanctioned by Prisc. 672, condemned by Charis. 59 and 118, used by Paul. ex Fest. 375 M;

6. the e short always save in: concoquit Partem uapore flammae tribnit ueribus Lacerta in focos, Att. 221 R (but see Bergk Rhein. M. 1835, 82); 7. ueru has superseded a form uoru, as genu a gouu (γουου) and this from fōr of fōrare,=fōd of fōdēre. Comp. our broach (Fr. broche) from bore.



**uerua**, ae, f. a ram's head in a frieze, M. Iunius... frontem templi nerulis et hermis marmoreis...ornauit ..., inser. Or. 3676.

**ueruactor**, ōris, m. [ueruag- vb.] who gives land its first ploughing, a title of a deity who presides over this duty, Fab. P. ad Verg. G. 1, 21.

**ueruactum**, part. n. as sb. land once ploughed, and then left fallow for a time, Cato r. 27; Varr. r. 1, 44, 2; Plin. 18, 176; Colum. 11, 2, 32; Pall. 4, 2.

**ueruago**, ōre, vb. [?] plough once and then leave fallow, Colum. 11, 2, 8.

**uērūcūlātus**, part. armed with a small pike, falces, Colum. 2, 20, 3.

**uērūc-ūlum**, or uērūcūlum, i, n. dim. [neru-] a small spit or spike, a graver, Plin. 33, 107; 35, 149; **2.** a dart, Veg. mil. 2, 15 (al. ueruculum).

**ueruē-cus**, adj. of a ram, u. Iuppiter, or as Ovid says, Libys eum cornibus Ammon, Arn. 5, 171.

**ueruē-inua**, adj. of a ram, pellis, Lampr. Com. 1; caput, Arnob. 5, 157; **2.** as sb. f. se. caro, ram's flesh, not. Tir. 175.

**Veruēcius**, m. a cognomen, Q. Sollonius V., inser. Mur. 1013, 3.

**ueruella**, ae, f. double dim. [uerua?] small ram's head, Grammat. Vindob. p. 106.

**ueruex**, (uerbex) ōcis, m. a ram, Qui petroni nomen indunt ueruci sectario, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 40; see uerueeus; **2.** a wether, is quoi oui mari testiculi dempti et ideo ut natura uersa ueruec declinatam (where et and declinatam are corrupt), Varr. l. 5, p. 101 Sp.; add Varr. ap. Non. 189; but Cie. leg. 2, 55 suspected; **3.** a term of reproach, as calf with us for a blockhead, D. Vt illo intro eam. L. Itane uero ueruec (al. uerbex)? intro eas, Pl. Merc. 3, 3, 6; Veruēcum in patria crassoque sub aere nasci, Iuv. 10, 50; indignatum quod illum ueruecem marinum dixerat, Sen. contr. 17, 1; **4.** Fr. brebis.

**ueruina**, ae, f. [ueru-+?] a dagger, bodkin (of Shakspeare), Si tibi est maechra, at (libri et) nobis ueruinast domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 46; o ueruina confodiende, non te nauci facio, Gav. B. ap. Fulg. 564, 22.

**ueruinus**, adj. [uerua-] of a wether; hence ueruina (se. caro), mutton, not. Tir. 175.

**Vērūla**, f. dim. [Vera-] a cognomen, Eppia Q. f. V., inser. Mur. 1459, 5.

**Verūlae**, f. pl. a town of the Hernici, now Veroli, Flor. 1, 11.

**Verūlānus**, adj. of Verulae, Liv. 9, 42, 11; Plin. 3, 64.

**1. uerum**, adj. n. as adv. first a strong affirm. answer, certainly, P. Comites secuti scilicet sunt uirginem? C. Verum, parasitus cum anella, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 54; C. Nihil minus ego hoc faciam tamen. S. Facies? C. Verum, Haut. 5, 3, 11; C. Men quaerit? S. Verum, Ad. 4, 2, 4; **2.** conj. but, Merito male dicas mi si sit id ita factum, Verum hau mentior resque nti factast dico (corr. by T H K), Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 22; fortasse nou recte, uerum practerita omittamns, Cie. Phil. 5, 31; **3.** esp. in oppos. to a non, ea sunt omnia non a natura uerum a magistro, Cie. Mur. 61; sed nos non quid nobis utile, uerum quid oratori necessarium sit quaerimus, or. 1, 254; **4.** hence after non modo, uon tantum, non solum, comes uerum etiam or uerum quoque, as: non modo agendo uerum etiam cogitando, Cie. Cael. 45; seruauit ab omni Non solum facto uerum opprobrio quoque turpi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 84; te autem non solum natura uerum etiam studio esse sapientem, Cie. am. 7; non ingrato tantum uerum etiam inuido animo, Iust. 21, 6, 7;

**5.** uerum, but, is at times strengthened by a uero, an enim, and still more commonly by enimuero, as: uerum uero inter offam atque herbam ibi uero longum interuallum est, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 17, 1; Verum enim quando bene promeruit fiat, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 47; in Cie. or. 3, 54 we should probably read uerum enim with Ern. or uero enimuero with Schütz, but Baiter has uero enim; uix quidem ulli regi facilis erat fauor apud Syraeusanos, uerum enimuero Hieronymus..., Liv. 24, 5, 1; cf. 4, 4, 9; 29, 8, 7 etc.; eorum ego uitam mortemque iuxta aestumo, quoniam de

utraque siletur; uerum enimuero is demnm etc., Sal. Cat. 2, 9; cf. 20, 10.

**2. uerum**, i, n. = ueru, Verum extergetur, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 17.

**uerumtamen**, or ueruntamen, conj. but still, consilium stultum uerumtamen clemens, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 101; non dubitabam quidem, ueruntamen multo mihi notioerem amorem tuum effecit Chaerippus, fam. 12, 30, 3;

**2.** or divided, si ita defenderet, mala defensiono uerum aliqua tamen nti uideretur, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 101; **3.** in resuming, after a parenthesis, cum essem in Tusculano (erit hoc tibi pro illo tuo, cum essem in Ceramicio), ueruntamen cum ibi essem, etc., but still as I was saying, Cie. Att. 1, 10, 1.

**uērus**, adj. [see below] what is, real, true, genuine, quantum inter hunc et illum Numidicum, uerum ac germanum Metellum interesset, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 147; quid stultius quam cupiditatem dominandi praecipitem et lubricam anteferre uerae graui solidae gloriae? Phil. 5, 50; Nam ego quae dico uera an falsa audierim iam sciri potest, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 19; Vis dicam tibi ueriora ueris? Mart. 6, 30, 6; eausa mihi uidetur esse uerissima, Cie. acad. 2, 10; **2.** truthful, veracious, Da. Sum uerus? Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 12; Vērā fuit uates, dictos innenimus ignes, Ov. her. 16, 123; Talia dum uerō mēmōrantur Apollini ore, M. 10, 209; **3.** right, jnst, lawful, cum aliquid uerum et rectum esse dicitur sed optineri, id est, obsisti posse populo negatur, Cie. leg. 3, 34; neque uerum esse qui suos fines tueri non poterint, alienos occupare, Caes. b. g. 4, 8, 2; uerum esse habere (agrum) eos quorum sanguine partus sit, Liv. 2, 48, 2; me uerius unum Pro uobis focud luere et decernere ferro, Verg. 12, 694; **4.** uerum as sb. n. what is or was, the real, reality, fact, trnth, Ex uero positum permansit Eqniria nomen, Ov. F. 2, 859; laborant Cum uentum ad uerumst, when they come to real life, Hor. s. 1, 3, 97; si notionem ueri et falsi nullam habemus, Cie. acad. 2, 33; quod absit longissime a uero, ib. 36; **5.** esp. in gen. with similis, likely, probable, with similitudo, likelihood, probability, uolunt probabile aliquid esse et quasi ueri simile, Cie. acad. 1, 32; haec ego nunc physicorum oracula fundo, uera an falsa nescio, sed ueri tamen similiora quam uestra, N. D. 1, 66; ut in omni disputatione quid est simillimum ueri quaereremus, Tusc. 5, 11; Concinnat neri similitudo suspicio culpam, Aus. ep. 24, 8; ipsam ueri similitudinem sequi, Cie. acad. 2, 107; ad similitudinem ueri, part. or. 40; but often written as one word, esp. in later writers;

**6.** uērus (= Germ. wahr, Lith. wēroj) contracted from uēr-ērus, and that from au old ues be, aft. es; cf. for root our was, Goth. vis-au, Germ. wes-en existence, Norse uer-a to be; also *er-uos er-eos* real, from *er-* be; for suffix cf. pig-ero-, rub-ero-; for contraction of uērēr into nēr, *μονουχο-* for *μονουχο-* and Bell's Jonr. of Edu. 9, 153. See also res and suui.

**uērū-tus**, quasi-part. armed with an iron spike or ueru, strictā uērūtis dentibus, Grat. cyn. 110; pila, Paul. ex Fest. 375 M; **2.** armed with a ueru or dart, Adusuetumque malo Ligūrem Volscosque uērūtis, Verg. G. 2, 168; **3.** as sb. m. or n. a dart, Vix absunt nobis missus bis mille sagittae, Vix etiam eursus quingentos saepo ueruti, Lucr. 4, 409; the last line borrowed from Enn. an. 356 V; Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 7; Sal. ap. Non. 554; Sil. 3, 363; cf. Veg. mil. 2, 15.

**uēsānia**, ac, f. [uesano-adj.] madness, n. discors, Hor. s. 2, 3, 174; Vlixes simulata uesania bouem cum equo iungens, Plin. 35, 129.

**uēsānio**, ire, vb. be mad, rage, only in part., uesani-ente uento, Catul. 25, 13.

**uē-sanus**, adj. = male sanus, of unnsound mind, mad, insane, u. remigem, Cie. diu. 2, 114, called just before demens; te homine uesano ae furioso, dom. 3; Romauorum uesanos noltus et furentia ora, Liv. 7, 33, 17; flamma, Catul. 100, 7.

**Vesbinus**, m. of Vesuvius, a cognomen, M. Vlpus Aug. 1. V., inser. Grut. 214.

**Vesbius**, see Vesuuus.

**Vescia**, ae, f. an old city of the Ausones, Liv. 8, 11, 5; whence



**Vescinus**, adj. of Vescia, ager, Liv. 10, 21, 7; caseus, Plin. 11, 241; Mart. 13, 31 lemma (but mss in both Vestinus).

**uesco**, ēre, vb.=uescor, carne, Tert. iei. 5; hence as pass. Isid. orig. 20, 2.

**uescor**, i, vb. r. [see below] feed oneself and so eat, but with an abl., chiefly of human beings, exclusive of slaves, nec his escis aut potionibus uescuntur ut..., Cic. N. D. 2, 59; lacte caseo carne uescor, Tusc. 5, 90; Numidae plerumque lacte et ferina carne uescuntur, Sal. Jug. 89, 7; uitalibus auris, Lucr. 5, 857; aura aethera, Verg. 1, 546; **2.** met. enjoy (cf. fruor), Qui uiget uescatur armis ut percipiat praemium, Pacuv. 22 R; arte hac uescimur, 108; Sed ita Achilli armis inclutis uesci studet, Att. 145; Num pariter uideor patriis uesci praemiis? 591; paratissimis uoluptatibus, Cic. fin. 5, 47; uesci uariante loquella, Lucr. 5, 72; **3.** rarely with acc., uestimentum uesceris, Nov. 52 R; aut eandem uescatur dapem, Att. 218 R; sic usque sacras innoxia laurus Vescar, Tib. 2, 5, 63; ut infirmissimos suorum uescerentur, Tac. Agr. 28; caprinum iecur, Plin. 8, 203; singulas (columbas), Phaedr. 1, 31, 11; and met., Priusquam infans facinus oculi uescatur tui, Att. 189; **4.** absol. in part. and gerund., (delphinus) ex manu hominum uescens, Plin. 9, 26; Tac. an. 1, 49; in aede Iouis uescendi, Liv. 9, 30, 5; esp. uescendi causa, Ulp. dig. 28, 8, 7, 3 etc.; **5.** root ues-eat, orig. form of es-eat, be; cf. uerus § 6; and for loss of u esc-a esc-ulentus. See also uiuo.

**uescūlus**, adj. dim. male curati et graciles homines, Fest. s. v. See uescus.

**1 ues-cus**, adj. [uescor vb. r.] eatable, uescas salicem frondes, Verg. G. 3, 175; uescumque papauer, 4, 131.

**2 uescus**, adj. [ue-esens from -esca] had at eating, hence first, much-devouring, greedy, Nec mare quae impendent uesco sale saxa peresa, Lucr. 1, 326; **2.** eating little, dainty, quam fastidiosum ac uescum cum fastidio edendi uiuere, Lucil. ap. Non. 186; cf. Gell. 5, 12, 10; 16, 5, 6, where he says, uescum ex ue particula et esca copulatum est; so: uescus ολιγοσitos, Gloss. Philox.; **3.** hence meagre, lean, small, corpore uesco sed eximiis uiribus Tritanum, Plin. 7, 81; At puer est uescis imbecillus uiribus, Afran. 315 R; uescaque parua uocant, Ov. F. 3, 445.

**Vesentini**, a people of an Etrurian town, now Bisentio, Plin. 3, 52.

**Veseris**, is, a river and perh. a town of Campania, Cic. off. 3, 112; Liv. 8, 8, 19; Val. M. 6, 4, 1.

**Vēsūus**, i, m. [oes- burn, old form of ūr-] a name of Mount Vesuvius, Sic ubi praeuerti tonitruum cum forte Vēsūi Hesperiae letalis apex, Val. F. 4, 507; cf. Stat. silu. 4, 8, 5; **2.** as adj., Capua et uicinā Vēsūo Ora iugo, Verg. G. 2, 224.

**uēsica**, or rather uesica, ae, f. [for uent-ica, akin to uento- from a lost vb. uen or uan, blow, see uento-; uesica n habet quia non est sine uento, Caper 2246, 32; so follis from flare, our bladder from blow] a bladder, displōsā sōnat quantum uēsica, Hor. s. 1, 8, 46; cum super eaput dirupta u. est, Sen. N. Q. 2, 27, 3; qui minium poliunt faciem laxis uescis inligant ne in respirando pernicialem puluerem trahant et tamen ut per illas spectent, Plin. 33, 122; uesicae non imperat, Iuv. 6, 64; uesica queritur (sc. micturientium), Tert. apol. 48; Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 18; uesicae morbi, Cic. fin. 2, 96; Plin. 8, 65; **2.** used for many purposes, as a cap for bathers, Mart. 8, 33, 19; a lantern, 14, 62, 2; **3.** a blister on the skin, Plin. 20, 51; **4.** met. of big and empty words, bombast, Mart. 4, 49, 7.

**uēsicārius**, adj. of the bladder, aqua, Marc. Emp. 26; **2.** uesicaria as sb. f. a plant, same as τρυχρος, so called quoniam uesicae et calculis prosit, Plin. 21, 177.

**uēsico**, āre, vb. grow into a blister, Theod. Pr. 1, 28.

**uēsicūla**, rather uesicula, ae, f. dim. a little bladder, cum plena animae uesicula parua Saepe det haut paruū sonitum displosa repente, Lucr. 6, 130; **2.** of a seed capsule, Cic. diu. 2, 33.

**uēsicūlōsus**, adj. full of bladders or blisters, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 171.

**Vesidia**, ae, a river of Etruria, Tab. Peut.

**1 ues-pa**, ae, f. [prob. from oes- burn, aft. ūr-] a wasp, Varr. r. 3, 16, 19; Plin. 11, 71 etc.; 20, 133; Phaedr. 3, 13, 3; **2.** a cognomen, as V. Terentius, Cic. or. 2, 253. **2 uesp-a**, ae, m. [akin to uesp-ero-, see uesper § 13] an undertaker's man, Vespae et nespillones dicuntur qui funerandis corporibus officium gerunt, quia uespertiuo tempore eos (pauperes) efferunt, Fest. 368.

**Vespāsianus**, i, m. a name of adoption, as of the Emperor, probably adopted by a maternal uncle, Suet. Vesp. 1; Vespāsianus erat, Sidon. 5, 327.

**Vespāsius**, a gentile name as—Vespasius Pollio; and his daughter Vespasia mother of Vespasian, Suet. Vesp. 1.

**uēsper**, ēra, ērum [see below], orig. an adj. of the west or evening, his horae rigandi matutina atque uespera ne inferuescat aqua sole, Plin. 19, 183; **2.** as sb. m. Venus as the evening-star (cf. Lucifer), Plin. 2, 36; Illie sera rubens accendit lumina Vesper, Verg. G. 1, 251; Puro to similem Tephle Vespero, Hor. od. 3, 19, 26; cf. Cic. N. D. 2, 53; **3.** evening, cum ab hora septima ad uesperum pugnatum sit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 2; et iam die uesper erat, Sall. Jug. 52, 3; nescis quid uesper serus uehat, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 11, 1; **4.** evening meal, supper, In uesperum parare piscatum mihi, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 64; and we should prob. read uespero in: Numqui hic prope adest qui rem alienam potius curet quam suam... qui de uespero uiuat suo? who rich enough to find his own supper without work can live as a Paul Pry? Mil. 4, 2, 5; Si tu de illarum ceuaturus uesperis, Illis curadum censeo, Rud. 1, 2, 91; see uesperna; **5.** the west, Nunc Zephyrus sero uespere missus adest, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 28; M. 1, 63; Nec non totus adest uesper populique reposti, Sil. 3, 325; **6.** uesper, an old dat. (for uesperoi) in the evening, Numquam tam mani egredior neque tam uespero Domum reuortor quin..., Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 15; add Andr. 4, 4, 29; eum ad me in Tusculanum heri uespero uenisset, Cic. or. 2, 13; Lepidus ad me heri uespero litteras misit Autio, Att. 13, 47, 2; **7.** uesper was often supplanted by uespere (cf. mani, heri, aft. mane here); Cephalio mihi a te litteras reddidit a. d. iix Id. Mart. uespere, Cic. Att. 11, 12, 1; imperat ut primo uespere scaphas ad litus adpulsas habeant, Caes. b. c. 2, 43, 1; **8.** the form uesper eris a mere uenientiuo to account for uespero, uespere so used; **9.** a cognomen, Q. Coelius Q. I. Vesper, inscr. Reines. 11, 34; **10.** uespera as sb. f. evening, tum germanas meas Vespera oriente clanculum ferri ad specum, Atta 24 R; ibi se occultans perpotauit ad uesperam, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; si accelerare uolent ad uesperam consequentur, Cat. 2, 6; **11.** uespera absol. in the evening, trudent florem (loti) uespera mergi, Plin. 13, 109; uespera fatigatus luce dormitans, Aurel. Caes. ap. Charis. 198, 4; ad eum uespera in triduum mittant, Fronto ib. 6; **12.** the readings vary much between uespere and uespero, uesperum aut uesperam; **13.** uespero=έσπερο-; so ues of uespero=hes of heri, hest-eruo- (with exrescent t),=our west. Prob. ues is for eu-es and so of same stock with our eve, whence ev-en-ing; all ultimately from a root=Sansk. awa down, that is sun-down. Cf. noct-.

**uespērālis**, e, adj. of the west, plaga, Solin. 9.

**uespēr-ascit**, vb. impers. it is getting dusk, Ter. Ilaut. 2, 3, 7; uesperauerat, Gell. 17, 8, 2; uesperascens, Tac. an. 16, 34; ps. Nep. Pel. 2; with a perf. part. die iam uesperato, Sol. 11 ued.

**uesperna**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (sc. ceua) evening meal, supper, Fest. 368.

**uespert-ilio**, ōis, m. bat, Plin. 10, 168; 11, 164; Maer. s. 7, 16, 7; factus sum uespertilio; neque in muribus plane, neque in uolueribus sum, Varr. s. 96, 8 R; At uespertilio dubios euentus timens, Aesop. fab. 18, 3 Schwab.; Strix nocturna sonans et uespertiliō stridunt, Philomel. 39; cf. Nocte uolant seroque tenent a uespere nomen, Ov. M. 4, 415.

**uespert-inus**, adj. [uesper] of the evening, Cic. N. D. 2, 52; Att. 13, 23, 1; u. acies, clear-sightedness in the dusk,



Plin. 8, 203; *ursus*, Hor. epod. 16, 51; **2.** of the west, regio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 29; **3.** *uespertino* as adv. in the evening, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11.

**uesp̄erug.** = *uesperugo*, inser. ap. Quint. 1, 7, 12; only a fuller form of *uespero*.

**Vesp̄er-ūg-o**, *inīs*, sb. dim. the evening star, Nec *ingulae neque uesperugo neque uergiliae occidunt*, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 119; Vitruv. 9, 4 med.; **2.** a bat, Tert. anim. 32.

**uespices?** *fructecta densa*, Fest. 369.

**uespillo**, or *uispillo\** or *uispellio†*, *ōnis*, m. dim. [*uespa* 2] a bat-ling, so to say—hence a contemptuous term for an undertaker, *Nuper erat medicus nunc est uispillo\** Dianlus; *Quod uispillo\* facit, fecerat et medicus*, Mart. 1, 47, 1; *cadaver eius populari sandapila per nespillones exportatum*, Suet. Dom. 17; **2.** a cognomen, as of the aedile Lucretius who threw the body of Ti. Gracchus into the Tiber, Aurel. V. 64; **3.** one who strips the bodies of the slain in a battle-field or robs from the grave, Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 31†; Macc. 36, 1, 7†; Marcell. 46, 3, 72, 5†; **4.** *Bispello νεκροφορος*; *Bispelliones νεκροπαται*; *τυμβωριχος* *sepulcri uiolator*, *uispiliator*, Gloss.

**Vest-a**, ae, f. [*oes*-burn, old form of *ūr*-, with excrecent *t*] the goddess of fire, *Nec tu aliud Vestam quam uiam intellege flammam*, Ov. F. 6, 291; nam *Vestae nomen a Graecis, ea est enim quae ab illis Έστια dicitur*; *uis autem eius ad aras et focos pertinet*, Cic. N. D. 2, 67.

**Vestālis**, e, adj. of *Vesta*, *sacra*, Ov. F. 6, 395; *uirgines*, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; CIL 206, 62; Gell. 1, 12, 9; *sacerdos*, ib. 14; **2.** hence V. V. for *Virgo Vestalis*, *Terentiae Rufillae V. V. Max. (maximae)*, inser. Or. 2235 etc.; **3.** as sb. f. a *Vestal virgin*, Liv. 1, 3, 11 etc.; **4.** as sb. pl. *Vestalia*, festival of *Vesta*, Varr. l. 6, p. 199 Sp.

**uester**, older *uoster*, tra, trum, adj. poss. [*uos*] of you (pl.), your, yours, *Teneo quid animi uostri super hac re sient*, Pl. Amph. pr. 58; *Corinthum patres nestri totius Graeciae lumen extinctum esse noluerunt*, Cic. Man. 11; *Noui ego uostra haec, these ways of you Mr. Aeschinus and your like*, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 11; **2.** as an objective gen., *uec esse in uos odio uestro consultum ab Romanis creditis*, Liv. 30, 44, 7, from hatred to you; **3.** in addressing a slave, *uoster* is at times used as including his fellow-slaves, hence *uoster* (sc. *erns*) your master, *Ibi uoster cenat...*; *Ibidem eras est noster*, Pl. St. 5, 2, 16, where *Stichus* speaks to *Sagarinus*; **4.** *uestrorum*, *uestrarum* the gen. of the adj. are at times found for the gen. of the sb. *uestrum*: *Is uestrorum uter sit quod signum datumst cete*, Pacuv. ap. Non. 85; *Verum illud esse maxuma adeo pars uostrorum intellegit*, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 123; *Omniunqu adeo uostrarum uolgus quae ab se segregant*, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 6.

**uestiārius**, adj. [*uesti*-sb.] of clothes: *arca*, Cato r. 11, a clothes-chest; *negotiator u.* a merchant who deals in clothes, Scaev. dig. 38, 1, 45; **2.** as sb. m. a maker of or dealer in clothes, inser. Or. 3643, 5004; cf. *tenuarius*; **3.** *nestiarium* as sb. n. a clothes-chest, Cato r. 98; copied by Plin. 15, 33; or wardrobe, *aulicum u.*, Cass. uar. 1, 2 f.; **4.** clothing, as for slaves, Sen. ben. 3, 21, 2; Colum. 1, 8, 17.

**uestibulum**, i, n. [?] a front court to a house, a vestibule, *locus ante ianuam domus uacnus per quem a uia aditus ad aedes est*, says *Aelius* ap. Gell. 16, 5, 2; Vitruv. 6, 8; *Viden hoc ante aedis uestibulum et ambulacrum quouismodi?* Pl. Most. 3, 2, 130; in primo aditu *uestibuloque templi*, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 160; *Hinc quoque* (sc. a *Vesta*) *uestibulum dici reor*, Ov. F. 6, 303; **2.** gen. au *entrance* or vestibule, *Vestibulum ante ipsum primisque in faucibus Orei*, Verg. 6, 273; *sepulcri*, Cic. leg. 2, 61; of a *dove-cote*, Varr. r. 3, 7, 4; **3.** met. Cic. orat. 50; u. *artis huius*, Quint. 1, 5, 7; **4.** one would gladly deduce it from *uesti*-re, but how in meaning?

**uesticeps**, puer, qui iam *uestitus* est *pubertate*, c *contra iuestis* qui *nequum pubertate uestitus* est, Fest. p. 368, bearded, arrived at puberty; *adrogari non potest nisi iam uesticeps*, Gell. 5, 19, 7; Tert. anim. 56; *Aus. idyl.* 4, 73; *Apul. apol.* p. 336; cf. in certo dentes cadere *imperat*

*actas* *Tempore et inpubem molli pubescere ueste*, Lucr. 5, 673.

**uesti-contubernium**, i, n. a sharing of the same clothes, Petr. 11.

**uestic-ūla**, ae [*uesti*-sb.] f. a small garment, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 13.

**uestifex**, *Icis*, m. robe-maker, *Dipirus...beneficio Heliconis Scriboniae Caesaris* (i.e. Augustus' wife) *uestificis*, inser. effem. lett. Rom. 2, 44.

**uestifica**, see *uestificus*.

**uestificina**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. *ars*) robe-making, Tert. pall. 3 f.

**uestificium**, *ισαπομια*, Gloss.

**uestificus**, adj. m. as sb. a robe-maker, inser. Grut. 578, 7; **2.** *uestifica* as sb. f. the same, inser. Or. 2437.

**uesti-fluus**, adj. with flowing robes, u. Ser., *Auson. techn.* 24; but in Petr. 133 *Buech.* with *mss septiflans*.

**uestigātio**, *ōnis*, f. following the track (of), *Apul. M.* 6, 172.

**uestigātor**, *ōris*, m. one who follows a track, a searcher, Varr. l. 5, p. 96 Sp.; for swarming bees, *Colum.* 9, 8, 10; for criminals, a detective, Sen. ben. 3, 26, 2.

**uestigium**, ii, n. [*ped*+*stig* of *stinguo*, stamp] foot-step, *hac socii uideo uestigium in puluere*, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 29; *pergunt hostem uestigiis sequi*, Liv. 9, 45, 16; *quarum* (*alcium*) *ex uestigiis cum est auimaduersum a uenatoribus quo se recipere conserunt*, *Caes. b. g.* 6, 27, 4; and met., a *pueritia uestigiis ingressus patris*, Cic. rep. 6, 26; **2.** hence, in poetry, of the foot of a man or fetlock of a horse; *Candida permulcens liquidis uestigiū limphis*, *Catul.* 64, 162; *Sen. Thy.* 1043; *Oed.* 833; *uestigiā primi Alba pedis frontisque ostentans arduus albam*, *Verg.* 5, 566; **3.** scent, as the means of tracking, *cerui semper fugiunt secunda aura, ut uestigia cum ipsis abeant*, Plin. 8, 114.

**4.** a horse's shoe, *uestigium equi excussum ungula*, Plin. 28, 263; **5.** gen. mark left by any impression, a trace, in lecto *mulieris uestigia recentia*, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 79;

**6.** met. a trace, a vestige, *ut non remaneant amoris uestigia*, Quint. 11, 1, 59; *imprimi quaedam uestigia animo existimauit*, 11, 2, 4; **7.** a step in distance, *litterae Marcelli negantis e republica esse uestiginum abseedi ab Hannibale*, Liv. 27, 4, 1; **8.** phrases: *uestigium facere* or *ponere*, set foot, *aliud nihil orat nisi ut in hoc foro u. facere licent*, Cic. Rab. Post. 48; *Quas effecit strages ubi-cunquo posuit u!* *Phil.* 4, 31; add *Lucr.* 3, 389;

**9.** in *uestigio* and *e uestigio*, on the spot, but with this distinction, that, as the prepositions suggest, in *uestigio* is limited to suffering, o *uestigio* to action, as: *quum uicti mori in uestigio mallent quam fugere*, Liv. 22, 49, 4; *saepē consilia ineunt quorum eos in uestigio paenitere necesse est*, *Caes. b. g.* 4, 5, 3; *pugnacissimus quisque in uestigio, multi palantes occubere*, Tac. h. 4, 60; so also *Verus* ad *Front.* 187; **10.** but: *repente e uestigio ex homine factus est uerres*, Cic. *Caecil.* 57; o *uestigio eo sum profectus prima luce*, *Sulp. ap. Cic. fam.* 4, 12, 2; *se in hostium habiturum loco qui non e uestigio ad castra Cornelia neta dux-isset* (*ded-isset?*), *Caes. b. c.* 2, 25, 6; cf. *ex templo, illico, sur-le-champ, auf der Stelle*; **11.** and so gen. of time, a moment, an instant, *eodem loci uestigio et temporis*, Cic. *Pis.* 21; *tantus luctus exceperit ut nrbs ab hoste capta eodem uestigio uideretur*, *Caes. b. c.* 2, 7, 3; *omnem Galliae salutem in illo uestigio temporis positum*, b. g. 7, 25, 1; **12.** for *nec uola nec u.*, see *uola*.

**uestigo**, *āre*, vb. [*for uestigia-* from *uestigium*] lit. track by footsteps, but in use, trace, search for, in any way, *errare nidebar Tardaue uestigāre et quaerere te*, *Enn. an.* 43 V; *perugas quos inquirendo uestigare potuerint reddidisse*, Liv. 31, 19, 2; *Brigo alte uestiga oculis et rite repertum Carpe manu*, Verg. 6, 145; (*tigris*) *fertur praiceps odore uestigans*, Plin. 8, 66; **2.** met. Cic. or. 2, 166; 3, 88.

**uestimentārius**, adj. of clothing, *uestimentum u.*, not. Tir. 69.

**uestimentum**, i, n. dim. [*uesti*-vb.] a garment, si *ex lana mea uestimentum feceris*, *Gai.* 2, 79; *neque mihi uestimentum ullum est manupretiosum*, *Cato or.* 72, 22



I; uestis generaliter dicitur, uestimentum pars aliqua, Fest. 368; see uestis § 1; **2.** hence in pl. only, coverings in the most general sense, uestis an uestimenta legentur? Vestimentorum sunt omnia lanæ lineaque uel serica uel bombycina quae induendi, praecingeudi, amiciendi, iusterneudi, incindi incubandiue causa parata sunt, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 24; Huc est intro latus lectus uestimentis stratus est, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 30; **3.** but commonly, clothes, domum uenit, calceos et uestimenta mntauit, Cic. Mil. 28; cuiusque nocere nolebat Vestimenta dabat pretiosa, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 36; **4.** prov. Nudo detrahere uestimenta me iubet, Pl. As. 1, 1, 79.

**Vestini**, ōrum, m. pl. a people of Italy, Vestina uirum nis, Enn. an. 280 V; Sil. 8, 517; **2.** Vestinus, as a cognomen, C. Iulius Atticus V., consul a. d. 65, Tac. an. 15, 68.

**uestio**, ōre, vb. [uesti- sb.] clothe, Vt uir te uestiat, tu despolies uirum, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 4; proinde isti licet etiam Vatini strumam sacerdotii διαβαφω uestiant, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 2; te his Afro Murice tinctae Vestiant lanæ, Hor. od. 2, 16, 37; **2.** met. first in prose, trabes aggere uestiuntur, Caes. b. g. 7, 23, 2; his tabulis interiores templi parietes uestiebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 122; testudinum putamina secare in lamnas lectosque et repositoria his uestire, Plin. 9, 39; (natura) oculos membranis tenuissimis uestiuit, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; **3.** esp. of the earth, saeptum undique et uestitum uepribus et dumetis indagauit sepulchrum (Archimedi), Cic. Tusc. 5, 64; uestiti (montes) frequentibus siluis sunt, Liv. 32, 13, 3; olea magnum uestire Taburnum, Verg. G. 2, 38; Quaeque suo semper uiridis se gramine uestit, 2, 219; **4.** of language, ita exquisitas sententias pellucens uestiebat oratio, Cic. Brut. 274; (inuenta) uestire atque ornare oratione, or. 2, 142; **5.** and more freely in poets, Tum demum pueris...iuuentas...mollis uestit langvine malas, Lucr. 5, 889; cf. Verg. 8, 160; Larior hic campos aether et lumine uestit Purpureo, 6, 640; **6.** uestibat, Verg. A. 8, 160.

**uestīplex**, icis, =following, uestis, uestīplex, not. Tir. 69. **uestīplica**, ae, adj. f. as sb. one who folds up dresses, a lady's maid, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 22; Iucundae Pexsae u., inscr. Or. 3315; ps. Quint. decl. 363 in lemmate.

**uestīplīcus**, adj. m. as sb. the same, inscr. Or. 2838.

**Vestirikius**, a gentile Oscan name, =Lat. Vestricius, cipp. Abell. 1. 1.

**uest-is**, is, f. [with an excrement t from a root ues= *Fes, Fesθ, Fesθ-vvμi* or *ἐν-υυμi*, perf. *ἐσ-μαι, εσθ-ητ* with excrement *θ*; Sansk. *vas*, Goth. *vas-jan*, cf. our weed] clothing generally, a collective noun, either dress for the body or as furniture, and so in prose only in sing., illi (Graeci) uestem tritam τριβωνας appellant, Paul. ex Fest. 12; first, of body, clothes, ut mulierem cum auro et ueste abduceret, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 69; Strata terrae laeure lacrimis uestem squalam et sordidam, Eun. tr. 370 V; discedit uestem, resarcietur, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 41; **2.** hence mutare uestem, to change one's ordinary clothes for the garb of mourning, quid de his uiris talibus quos uidetis neste mutata? Cic. Plauc. 29; uestem mutandam omnes senserunt, Sest. 26; cf. Liv. 6, 20, 2; **3.** covering for furniture, u. stragula, tanquam in aliquam locupletem domum uenerim non explicata ueste neque proposito argento, sed his omnibus rebus reconditis, Cic. or. 1, 161; maximus uini numerus fuit, pretiosa uestis, multa et lauta supellex, Phil. 2, 66; hence of a dinuer couch, Vestibus hunc uelant quas non nisi tempore festo Sternere consueant; sed et haec uilisque uetusque Vestis erat lecto nou indignanda saliguo, Ov. M. 8, 657; of bedding, quam si in plebeia neste cubandum est, Luer. 2, 36; **4.** met. of a snake's skin, Lucr. 3, 614; of a spider's web, 3, 385; of the beard, 5, 673; **5.** a ueste, as title of an officer, keeper of wardrobe, inscr. Or. 794; Alcimus Neronis Caesaris scruus a ueste castrensi uix. ann. xxx, 2836.

**uesti-spex**, icis, adj. as sb. examiner of wardrobe, inscr. Mur. 949, 7.

**uesti-spīca**, adj. f. as sb. the same, Afran. 388 R; Varr. s. 187, 10 l.

**uesti-spīcus**, adj. m. as sb., uestispīci appellabatur

uestium custodes serui, Non. 12; inscr. Reines. 11, 95; and Mur. 972, 1.

**uestitor**, ōris, m. a maker of clothes, tailor, Lampr. Al. Sev. 41; **2.** one who dresses, a dresser, inscr. Grut. 1111, 3; and Mur. 1842, 2; simulacrorum, Firm. math. 3, 11, 9; 3, 14, 3.

**uestitūra**, ae, f. covering, dressing, tegulas aeneas auratas cum uestituris basium, inscr. Or. 3272.

**uestītus**, ūs, m. [uesti- vb.] clothing, dress, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 8; Cic. Att. 1, 13, 3; Caes. b. g. 7, 88, 1; met., orationis, Cic. Brut. 327; montium, N. D. 2, 161.

**Vestoriānus**, adj. of Vestorius, caeruleum, Plin. 33, 162.

**Vestorius**, m. a gentile name, Cic. Att. 4, 6, 4; Vitr. 7, 11.

**uestras**, ātis, adj. of your people or country, Charis. 133; Diom. 317; Prisc. 1095.

**Vesuius**, ii, m. [from Vēsūius] Mount Vesuvius, in poetry, Val. F. 3, 209; Mart. 4, 44, 1; **2.** as adj. of Vesuvius, rura, Colum. 10, 133.

**Vesulliaicus**, name of an Oscan gens, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 114.

**Vesuno**, (=Vesuna) gen. ai, f. the Volscian form of Feronia, the goddess, Vesune (dat.), inscr. Lep. 45.

**Vēsūuius**, ii, m. the volcanic mountain of Campania, Plin. 14, 22 and 34; Plin. ep. 6, 16, 5 and 13; **2.** as adj. of Vesuvius, colles, Colum. 3, 2, 10; **3.** as an epithet, Ioui Vesuuio sac. dd., inscr. Or. 1274; **4.** the vowel is short, as proved by form Vesuius.

**uēter**, see uetus.

**uētērāment-ārius**, adj. [implies a sb. ueteramen or -mentum] of old things, u. sutor, a cobbler, Suet. Vit. 2.

**uētērānus**, adj. of the class ueteres, old, veteran, esp. of soldiers, u. milites, Cic. Phil. 3, 3; legiones, Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 2; hostis, Liv. 21, 16, 4; **2.** as sb. m. Caes. b. c. 3, 24, 2; Liv. 37, 20, 2; **3.** met. of what has served its time, effete, boues, Varr. r. 1, 20, 2; uitis, Colum. 3, 15, 3; pecnes, 6, 2, 9; gallinae, 8, 5, 6; **4.** but mancipia u., slaves who have served a year, and so are no longer nouicia, fr. 37 de Aedil. edict. 21, 1.

**uētēr-ārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a cellar for old wines, Sen. ep. 114, 26.

**uētērāscō**, ascēre, āui, ātum, vb. intr. grow old, become inveterate, in eo quem ueterascentem uideat ad gloriam, Cic. ap. Nou. 437; cum febres ueterauerunt, Cels. 3, 12, p. 93, 32 D (al. inueterauerunt); quam sex mensibus passus ineris ueterascere, Colum. 2, 14, 2; ulceribus ueteratis, Plin. 32, 141.

**uētērātor**, ōris, m. one who has grown old in any pursuit, an experienced veteran, au old hand, in caussis publicis nihil, in priuatis satis u. uidebatur, Cic. Brut. 178; qui uidebatur esse in literis ueterator, Gell. 3, 1, 5;

**2.** of slaves, opposed to nouicius, that is one who is in his first year of service, praecipuit aediles ne ueterator pro nouicio ueneat, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 37; Venul. 21, 1, 65; **3.** hence often as a term of reproach for slaves, a knowing old fox, quid hic uolt u. sibi? Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 26; and met., omnia callide referentem ad utilitatem, acutum, uersutum, ueteratorem, Cic. fin. 2, 53.

**uētērātōr-ius**, adj. of one who has had much experience, hence in a bad sense, knowing, cunning, sly, ratio dicendi, Cic. Brut. 261; nihil ab isto uafum, nihil ueteratorium expectaueritis, Verr. 2, 1, 141; **2.** ueteratorie adv., Cic. orat. 99, not in a bad sense.

**Vētērensis**, e, adj. a cognomen, Colum. 4, 3.

**ueteretum**? =ueteratum, part. as sb. n. land that has long been unploughed, Colum. 2, 10, 4; but reading doubtful.

**uētērīnārius**, adj. [ueterino-] strictly of beasts of burden or draught; but in use extended to other animals, as sbeep, ueterinaria medicina, art of treating diseases of animals, ueterinary art, Colum. 7, 3, 16; **2.** m. a ueterinary surgeon, Colum. 7, 5, 14; 11, 1, 12; **3.** ueterinarium, as sb. n. a ueterinary hospital, as attached to a camp, Hygin. grom. 12, 1.

**uētērīnus**, adj. [uectura] of carriage or draught, bestia, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 369; **2.** ueteriua as sb. f. (sc.



bestia) a beast of burden, esp. the horse, mule, ass, stercois equinum ac ceterarum ueterinarum, Varr. r. 1, 38, 3;

**3.** ueterinus as sb. m. the same, aetas ueterinorum dentibus indicatur, Plin. 11, 168; in equis et ceteris ueterinis, 11, 169; cf. 11, 265; **4.** as adj. of beasts of burden, Ne forte ex homino et ueterinō semine equorum..., Lucr. 5, 890; uigulae ueterino tantum generi renascentur, Plin. 11, 255.

**uēternōsitas**, ātis, f. somnolency, Fulg. M. 3, 4f.

**uēternōsus**, adj. [uetero- as sb. m.] suffering from the disease called ueternus, drowsy, senex, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; ut arquatīs et ueternosis lutea quae non sunt, aequo lutea uidentur, Varr. s. 129, 3 R; quem morbus tenet loquendi tanquam ueternoso bibendi atque dormiendi, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Plin. 20, 24 and 28, 230; cf. Paul. ex Fest. 369 M and Don. ad Ter. Eunu. 4, 4, 21; **2.** met. Sen. dial. 3, 20, 3; ueterosissimum artificium, ep. 82, 19.

**uētern-us**, adj. of the old—hence as sb. m. (sc. morbus) a disease marked by drowsiness, great thirst, and at times jaundice, drowsiness, lethargy, Num eum ueternus aut aqua intercus tenet? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 3; **2.** of the bear's winter-sleep, Plin. 8, 127; **3.** met. lethargy, nisi ego cum aquariis pugnarem n. ciuitatem occupasset, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 6, 4; cf. fam. 2, 13, 3; Si pote stolidum repente excitare uēternum, Catul. 17, 24; Nec torpere graui passus sua regnā uēterno, Verg. 1, 1, 124; Colum. 7, 5, 3; 4, 24, 6; **4.** as adj. drowsy, silentia, Prud. Cath. 9, 68; rupis, Fulg. M. praef.

**uētēr-ūlus**, adj. dim. wretched old—, Ruf. in Hier. 2, 7.

**uētītus**, part. of ueto; **2.** uētītum as sb. n. the forbidden, an interdicit, iussa netita, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10; iussa ac uetita populorum, Cic. leg. 2, 9; contra u., Verg. 10, 8; in uetium, Ov. am. 3, 4, 17.

**uēto**, āre, uētui, uētūm; older uōto etc. vb. forbid, gen. with acc. and iuf., uetuit me...remeare, Afran. 93 R; ab opere legatos Caesar discedere uetuerat, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 3; uetabant me reipublicae diffidere, Cic. fam. 5, 13, 3; **2.** also with pass., cum leges duo ex una familia magistratus creari uetarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 3; castra uallo muniti uetui, b. c. 1, 41, 4; **3.** hence as a pass. pers. uetor, I am forbidden, Quippe uētor fatīs, Verg. 1, 39; mathematici, genus hominum quod in ciuitate nostra et uetabitur semper et retinebitur, Tac. h. 1, 22; **4.** and this still with an inf. of the thing forbidden, sternique uetabere terra, Lucan. 4, 646; or what is equivalent, with a neuter acc. of pron. etc., acta agimus, quod uetatur ueteri proerbio, Cic. am. 85; uetustissimi mortalium nihil per metum uetabantur, Tac. an. 3, 26; **5.** with a mere acc. of a noun, for the thing forbidden, at least in poets, quem...

quia bella uetabat, Demisere neei, Verg. 2, 84; nec maiora ueto, Ov. F. 2, 541; **6.** so also with mere acc. of person, still only in poets, warn off, Stat uasta late quereus et Phoebum uetat, Sen. Herc. Oet. 1628; Et solem uetuit Delia tardior, 150; **7.** rarely and only in poets with subj., Edicto uetuit ne quis se praeter Apellen Pingeret, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 239; uetabo qui Cereris sacrum Volgarit arcanae sub isdem Sit trabibus, od. 3, 2, 26; Illius ut uerbis sis mihi lenta neto, Tib. 2, 6, 36; **8.** where ueta- is said to be used absol., the acc. is easy to supply as in: L. Edim nisi si ille uetot. S. At pol ego etsi uetot, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 73; aruspex uetuit (sc. me uxorem duere), Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 28; Optat...sed Iouis leges uetant, Hor. epod. 17, 69; **9.** the old form uot is shown in: uotium est, Pl. As. 4, 1, 44 confirmed by Non. 45; by uotet of the palimps. in Trin. qu. in § 8; while uetui, Merc. 1, 1, 105, uetuit of Ter. and of Cato orat. 66, 1 I, may be in analogy with the perf. uerri, uerti as opposed to uorro, uorto. See uerro, uerto.

**Vettianus**, adj. of Vettius or Vetto, as name of adoptiou, inser. Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vettilla**, ae, f. dim. name of a lady of the gens Vettia, inser. Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vettiōlus**, adj. dim. [Vettius] epithet of an Umbrian town Turocelum, Plin. 3, 114.

**Vettius**, ii, adj. a gentile name, as Chrysippus Vettius Cyri libertus, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 7; fam. 7, 14, 1.

**Vetto**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Q. Sergius, inser. Grut. 357, 8; of T. Flavius, Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vettona**, ae, f. a city of Umbria, tab. Peut., now Bettona.

**Vettonensis**, e, adj. of Vettona, inser. Mur. 1094, 1; Or. 95; Plin. 3, 114.

**Vetulo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Sentius Saturninus, Val. M. 7, 3, 9.

**Vētūlōnia**, ae, f. a city of Etruria, Maconiaeque decus quondam Vētūlōnia gentis, Sil. 8, 583.

**Vētūlōniensis**, e, adj. of Vetulonia, inser. Grut. 1029, 7; Plin. 3, 52.

**Vētūlōnius**, adj. the same, Plin. 2, 227.

**uētūlus**, adj. dim. [implies an adj. ueto-] old with notion of contempt or pity, wretched old, poor old, Nam istae ueteres, quae se unguentis unctitaut, interpoles Vetulae, edentulae, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; gladiator, Cic. Quinct. 29; equi, am. 67; Falernum, Catul. 27, 1; cornix, Hor. od. 4, 13, 25; **2.** as sb. m. Pomp. 132 and 133 R; mi uetule, Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1; **3.** uetula as sb. f., Nupsit posterius dotatae uetulae uaricosae uafrae, Pomp. 89 R; turpi uetulae, Iuv. 6, 241.

**Veturius**, adj. as a gentile name, as of T. Veturius, Cic. off. 3, 109; Liv. 9, 8, 8; and Veturia, the mother of Coriolanus, 2, 40, 1; **2.** Veturia, older Voturia, name of one of the sixteen tribes, Liv. 26, 22 (quater); abbrev. Vot., C. Atrius, C. f. Vot. Har., CIL 1029; L. Horatius L. f. Vot. holitor, Sex. Horatius L. f. Vot. sen., 1057; L. Pupius, C. f. Vot., 1082.

**uētūs**, old nom. ueter, ēris [see below], adj. old, Veter fatorem terminus sic iusserat, Att. 481 R; Cum ueter occubuit Priamus sub Marte Pelasgo, Enn. an. 17 V; mores ueteresque nouosque tenentem, 253; nouus amator uetus puer, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 15; Antenna uetior est quam Roma, Cato orig. 9, 5 I; Certe hercle quam ueterum homini optimus amicus, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 71; ueterrima quaeque (amicitia) esse debet suauissima, Cic. am. 67; u. contumelia, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 3; ueteres milites, old soldiers, only in the sense of having seen much service, 6, 40, 4; **2.** with gen. militiae, Tac. h. 4, 20; operis ac laboris, an. 1, 20; cf. 6, 44; 6, 12; gnaros belli ueteresque laborum, Sil. 4, 532; add 6, 616; **3.** with inf. ueterem bellare Labienm, Sil. 5, 565; **4.** abl. both ueter, Nep. Att. 7 f.; and ueteri, et ueteri spumauit Lerna uencno, Stat. Th. 1, 360; **5.** sub ueteribus (sc. tabernis), a part of the forum, distinguished from that called sub nouis, Sub ueteribus ibi sunt qui dant quique accipiunt faenore, Pl. Curc. 4, 1, 19; aedes P. Africani pone Veteres ad Vortumui signum, Liv. 44, 16, 10; **6.** a cognomen, as of Q. Antistius, Val. M. 6, 3, 7; **7.** uetere as a dat., CIL 200; **8.** uet-es prob. a dim. of an older net-, = seu- of sen-ex, sen-is, Welsh hen, Gk. *ev* (*tev* or *σεν*) of *evos* old.

**uētus-cūlus**, adj. dim. rather old, oldish, color, Fronto el. 232; dictio, Sidon. ep. 8, 16 (al. uetustula).

**uētustas**, ātis, f. antiquity, long existence, old age, (municipium) uetustate antiquissimum, Cic. Phil. 3, 15; uetustate possessionis, agr. 2, 57; quae familiarum uetustatibus (note the pl.) aut pecuniis ponderantur, rep. 1, 47; **2.** ancient times, antiquity, historia nuntia uetustatis, Cic. or. 2, 36; contra omnia uetustatis exempla, Caes. b. c. 1, 6, 7; sic credidit alta uetustas, Sil. 1, 26; **3.** old acquaintance, hos mihi maxime coniunctos esse uetustate officiis beniuolentia, Cic. fam. 13, 32, 2; Hoc [Lamia] uxor plurimum; magna uetustas intercedit, 11, 16, 2; **4.** of the future, length of time (to come), old age, Nec poterit ferrum nec edax abolere uetustas, Ov. M. 15, 871; hence uinum in uetustate seruare, Cato r. 114; uinum uetustatem patitur, Colum. 3, 2, 19; quae mihi uidentur habitra etiam uetustatem, Cic. Att. 14, 9, 2; Scripta uetustatem si modo nostra ferent, Ov. tr. 5, 9, 8; **5.** of old ulcers, uetustas ulcus occupat, Cels. 5, 26, p. 196, 15 D, which see; lili folia (illinantur) ulcerum uetustati, Plin. 21, 127.

**uētustē**, adv. from uetustus.

**uētustesco**, ēre, vb. (uetustisco, Nigid. ap. Non. 437) grow old, uina, Colum. 1, 6, 20.

**Vētustilla**, ae, f. dim. [uetusta] a name prob. coined iu joke by Mart. 3, 93, 1.



**Vetustinus**, m. a cognomen, as of P. Aelius, inscr. Grut. 518, 6.

**uetustisco**, see uetustesco.

**uetust-ulus**? dub. for uetusulus.

**uetustus**, adj. [implies a u. sb. uetus, cf. onustus and see uetus § 8] of long standing, old, ancient, cum Demetrio mihi uetustum hospitium est, Cic. fam. 13, 36, 1; tam uetustam opinionem, Clu. 4; templumque uetustum Desertae Cereris, Verg. 2, 713; uetusto nobilis ab Lamo, Hor. od. 3, 17, 1; dictatorem qui censor ante fuisset uetustissimisque ex his qui uiuerent censoriis osset creati placuit qui senatum legeret, oldest in seniority of office, Liv. 23, 22, 10; but: qui Vononem uetustissimum liberorum eius acciret (for maximum aetate), Tac. an. 2, 2; cf. 2, 43; 2. old-fashioned in style, antiquated, uetustior et horridior ille (Laelius) quam Scipio, Cic. Brut. 83.

**uexāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uexa-] worrying, harassing, Cael. Aur. acut. 1, 11, 78; 2, 9, 39.

**uexāmen**, inis, n. shaking, concussion, convulsion, Aut cecidisse urbis magno uexamine muudi, Lucr. 5, 340.

**uexātio**, ōnis, f. properly shaking from rough carriage, then shaking generally, uexationem uiae, Colum. 1, 3, 3; prouolentes se simul cum armis alisque oneribus cum omni genere uexationis processerunt, Liv. 44, 5, 8; sterilitatem a partus nexatione fieri certum est, Plin. 28, 253; 2. esp. rough personal treatment, personal violence, ut uirgines Vestales ex acerbissima uexatione eriperem, Cic. Cat. 4, 2; iacentis corpus ab omni alia uexatione intactum uno torque spoliavit, Liv. 7, 10, 11.

**uexātius**, [uexato-part.] adj. worrying, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 29, 156 and tard. 3, 4, 63.

**uexātor**, ōris, m. one who inflicts personal violence, one who worries (as a dog), first, a worrier, harasser, actulatae suae, Cic. Sest. 18; o praeclearum custodem ouium ut ainnt lupum! Custosne urbis au direptor et uexator esset Antonius? Phil. 3, 27; u. furoris sui—constantly worrying (Clodius) so as to thwart his mad doings, Mil. 35.

**uexātrix**, icis, f. the same, Fortuna, Lact. 3, 29 med.; libido n. hominum, Prud. Ps. 58.

**uexātus**, part. of uexo; 2. as sb. n. a contusion or strain, the result of external violence without a wound, Cels. 7 praef. p. 262, 14 D; Plin. 8, 98.

**uexillārius**, adj. [uexillum] of a standard; hence as sb. m. a standard-bearer, ordo sexagenos milites, duos centuriones, uexillarium unum habebat, Liv. 8, 8, 4; u. comitatae (Galbam cohortis, Tac. h. 1, 41; 2. a captain of banditti, Apul. M. 4, p. 146; 3. in pl. uexillarii, under the empire, soldiers serving apart from the legions under a flag (uexillum) of their own, see uexillum § 4; esp. those who after sixteen years of ordinary service were still attached indeed to a legion but relieved of many duties, Tac. h. 2, 83; cum uexillariis trium Britannicarum legionum, 2, 100; inscr. Or. 988; 3480; L. Saluius C. f. Fab. Vexillarius Veter. leg. III, 3545.

**uexillatio**, ōnis, f. a battalion of uexillarii (§ 3), Suet. Galb. 20; Imp. Caes. T. Aelio Hadriano Antonino Aug. Pio P. P. uexillatio leg. vi uict. p. f. per (perfectis?) M. P. III DELXVI, on the completion of 3666 paces of the wall of Autouine in Britain, inscr. Or. 845; so nexillatio leg. xx ual. uic. f. per mil. p. III, 3565; add 3388; uexillatio (sic) leg. xxII, 2009; 2. a body of cavalry serving under one uexillum, Veg. mil. 2, 1.

**uexilli-fer**, adj. standard-bearing, Prud. Ps. 419.

**uexillum**, i, n. dim. [uelum, wh. see] lit. a small sail, hence a standard, flag, banuer, primum uexillum triarios ducebat, Liv. 8, 8, 8; ut uexillum tolleres et aratrum circumduceres (in founding a colony), Cic. Phil. 2, 102; num umquam perditis seruis uexillum quo concurrant defuturum putatis? 5, 29; 2. a red flag hoisted above the general's tent as signal for battle, Caesari omnia uno tempore erant agenda, uexillum proponendum quod erat insigno cum ad arma concurrere oporteret, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 1; exercitui imperavit ne iniussu suo concurreret, se cum id fieri uellet uexillo signum daturum, b. c. 3, 89, 4; 3. or hoisted on the Capitol as a notice for an army to assemble, Macrob. s. 1, 16, 15; Serv. ad A. 8, 1; 4. esp. uuder

the empire the flag under wh. the uexillarii served, and hence the whole body so serving, tironum, Tac. an. 2, 78; Germanica uexilla diu nutanere, h. 1, 31; Germanorum, 1, 70; equitum, 2, 11; nonae secundaeque et uicesimae Britannicarum legionum, 3, 22; 5. of the flag hoisted on a ship with Caligula on board, Suet. Cal. 15; 6. met., submittere u. fortunae, to haul down one's flag, Stat. silu. 4, 2, 43.

**uexo**, āre, vb. frq. [ueh-vb.] keep in constant and violent motion, toss about, let have no peace, harass, worry, montisque supremos (uis uenti) Silnifragis nexat flabris, Lucr. 1, 275; Scyllam quam fama secutat Dulichias nexasse rates, Verg. B. 6, 76; 2. often of the cruelties of war, cumque Hannibal terram Italian laceraret atque uexaret, Cato orat. 55, 81; cum ueis copiis omnibus uexauit Amanienses hostes, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 3; supplicia Gallorum ueritū quorum agros uexauerat, Caes. b. g. 4, 15, 5; 3. treat with personal violence, quid nos uxor mea misera uiolauerat? Quam uexauistis, raptauistis, omni crudelitate laerauistis, Cic. dom. 23; 4. hence of bruises, contusions, chelidoniam uisui saluberrimam hirudines monstrare uexatis pulorum oculis illa uedentes (where oculis perh. del.), Plin. 8, 97; see also uexatus § 2; 5. of the mind, quaeuam sollicitudo uexaret inuipio sublato suppliciorum metu, Cic. leg. 1, 40; ita conscientia mentem excitam uexabat (al. uastabat), Sal. Cat. 15, 4; 6. of words, (Cato) iis Pisonem uerbis uexauit ut illum paene iam provinciae paeniteret, Cic. Sest. 60; uexatur et libris et scholis omnium philosophorum quod... Tusc. 5, 25.

**uia**, ae, or uea (Varr. r. 1, 2, 14), f. [for ueh-a from ueh, vb.] properly a road-way for vehicles, a road, si tam angusta loci demonstratione facta uia concessa fuerit ut neque uehiculum neque iumentum ea inire possit, iter magis quam uia aut actus acquisitus uidebitur; sed si iumentum ea dnei poterit, non etiam uehiculum, actus uidebitur acquisitus, Pomp. dig. 8, 1, 13; uiae latitudo lege XII tab. in porrectum pedes habet octo, in anfractum id est ubi flexum est pedes sedecim, Gai. 8, 3, 8; ut qua agebant actus, sic qua uehebant uiae dictae, Varr. l. 5, p. 37 Sp.; often opposed to semita, a lane, aliquem nelim qui mihi ex his locis Aut uiau aut semitam monstret, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 29; nou optimis uis angustissimis semitis, Cic. agr. 2, 96; Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 80; Cas. 3, 5, 40; Caes. b. g. 5, 19, 1; and prov. Qui sibi semitam non sapiunt, alteri monstrent uiam, Enn. tr. 358 V; 2. march or journey, travelling, reuertit ex itinere cum iam progressus erat multorum dierum uiam, Cic. diu. 1, 27; cum tridui uiam processisset, nuntiatum est ei Ariouistum tridui niam a suis finibus profecisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 1; cum e uia languerem, Cic. Phil. 1, 12; 3. by sea, course, Flecte uiam uelis, Verg. 5, 28; Tum nia tnta maris, Ov. M. 11, 747; 4. gen. a way, a passage, ferro atque audacia uia fit quamuis per confertos hostis, Liv. 22, 50, 9; Rima patet praebetque uiam letalibus undis, Ov. M. 11, 515; tu abi taeitis tuam uiam, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 88; 5. met. a way, a method, habeo certam uiam atque rationem qua onices illorum conatus inuestigare possim, Cic. Verr. 1, 48; in omniibus quae ratione docentur et nia (by rule, methodically), orat. 116; nam antea neminem solitum uia uce arte dicere, Brut. 46;

6. even of a band or stripe in a dress, illa gerat uestes tenues quas femina Coa Texuit, auratas disposuitque uias, Tib. 2, 3, 54; 7. phrases, tota erras uia, you are utterly out, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 14; inter uias, on the road, on the way, at ne inter uias praeterbitamus metuo, Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 43; Dum rus eo, coepi egomet mecum inter uias Aliam rem ex alia cogitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 1; 8. an old gen. uias, dux ipse uias, Enn. an. 421 V; also uiai, Lucr. 1, 406 and 659 etc.

**uiālis**, e, adj. of road or roads, innoco Vos Lares niales ut me beuc iuuetis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 24.

**uiārius**, adj. the same, lex u. a road-law, Cael. ap. Cic. 8, 6, 5.

**uiāsius**, adj. old form of preceding, as sb. m. commissioner of roads, CIL 200, lines 11 and 12.

**uiaticātus**, quasi-part. provided with a uaticum or requisites for a journey, esp. money, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 29.



**uaticulum**, i, n. dim. a small uaticum, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 18 f.; Apul. M. 7, p. 191.

**uaticus**, adj. of a journey, cena (to one just arrived from a journey), Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 61; **2.** uaticum as sb. n. what is requisite for a journey, as food, money etc., esp. money, *εφοδιον*, Iam tu sequere me uaticum ut dem a trapezita tibi (i.e. Philocrates about to return homo to procure a ransom), Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 89; in Macedonia mecum ueniat; naue equo tabernaculo uaticum etiam a me iuuabitur, Liv. 44, 22, 13; potest enim quicquam esso absurdum quam quo minus niae restet eo plus uatici quaerere? Cic. sen. 66; **3.** esp. travelling-money given to public officers, legato tuo uaticum eriperunt, Cic. fam. 12, 3, 2; **4.** met. of preparations put by for a political campaign, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 13; **5.** gen. of a soldier's stock of money, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 26; Suct. Caes. 68; **6.** Hence Fr. voyage.

**uiator**, ōris, m. a traveller, non semper uiator a latrone, nonnumquam etiam latro a iatore occiditur, Cic. Mil. 55; Cantabit uaeuus coram latrone uiator, Iuv. 10, 22; esp. in epitaphs, as uiator uale, CIL 1027, 1220, 1471;

**2.** esp. a messenger, attached to a public officer, ardens ira tribunus uiatorem mittit ad consulem, Liv. 2, 56, 13; of Cato as censor, ornamenta...in censum referre uiatorem iussit, 39, 44, 2 (al. iuratores); of Vatinius as tribune, miseris uiatorem qui M. Bibulum domo ui extraheret? Cic. Vat. 22; so CIL 200; inser. Or. 3251, 3252 etc.; **3.** a messenger of a court of justice, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 82; **4.** perh. a cognomen, inscr. Or. 3401.

**uiatōr-ius**, adj. of a traveller, uasa, Plin. 16, 50; argentum, Scaev. dig. 34, 2, 40; horologia, Vitr. 9, 9; **2.** of a (public) messenger or messengers, decuriae duae iatoria (see CIL 200) et lictoria, inscr. Grut. 745, 5; decuriae, Or. 2204.

**uiātrix**, icis, f. female traveller, Mart. Cap. 6, 190 G, 197, 7 Eyss.; inser. Mur. 1058, 8; **2.** as a cognomen, Aquilia V., inscr. Grut. 745, 5.

**uibex**, icis, f. a weal, the mark of a blow, insignitas iniurias plagas uerbera uibices te facere ansim esse! Cato orat. 41, 7 I; Age respecta uide uibices quantas! Iam inspexi quid esset, Pl. ap. Varr. l. p. 344 Sp.; Si putcal multa cautus uibicē flagellas, Pers. 4, 48.

**uibia**, ae, f. the horizontal bar of a trestle, Auson. id. 12 pr. See uara.

**Vibinas**, ātis, adj. of Vibinnus, Plin. 3, 105.

**Vibinum**, i, n. a town of Apulia, see preceding.

**Vibionius**, a cognomen, inscr. Grut. 626, 2.

**Vibius**, a gentile name, as of C. Vibius Pansa, CIL 417; also Vibius, CIL 1541 a; **2.** hence Vibia Petroni, CIL 1388; **3.** a title of the city Perugia, inser. Or. 94; II **4.** an Oscan praenomen, as of a Campanian, V. Virrius, Liv. 23, 6, 1; a Pelignian, V. Accuaeus, 25, 14, 4; a Britian, Viuius, 27, 15, 2; abbreviated as V iu Oscan inser., as Lep. 2, 4, 13 and 20; also of an Oscan gens, Guarini, Cou. 16.

**Vibo**, ōnis, m. a city on the Bruttian coast, Cic. Att. 16, 6, 1; Hippo quod nunc Vibonem Valentiam appellamus, Plin. 3, 73.

**Vibonensis**, e, adj. of Vibo, Liv. 21, 51, 4; inser. Mur. 1777, 12.

**uibōnes**, pl. [a British word] the blossoms of a plant called Britannica, Plin. 25, 21.

**uibrāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uibra- vb.] that may be brandished, hasta, Auson. ep. 24, 108; **2.** quivering, flickering, sidus, Mart. Cap. 1, 12 G, 13, 6 Eyss.

**uibrāb-undus**, quasi-part. flickering, shimmering, of the planet Mercury, Mart. Cap. 8, 297 G, 328, 3 Eyss.

**uibrāmen**, inis, n. vibration, trisulca uibramina draconum, Apul. M. 6, p. 179.

**uibrātio**, ōnis, f. brandishing, hastae, Fest. 97 M;

**2.** flashing, tonitruum, Iun. Calp. ap. Vopisc. Car. 8.

**uibrātus**, ūs, m. flickering, flashing, ignium, Mart. Cap. 1, 17 G, 19, 19 Eyss.; Inminis, 8, 300 G, 330, 21 Eyss.

**uibrissae**, ārum, f. pl. the hairs in the nose, Fest. 370; *τριχες βίνας*, Gloss. Philox.

**uibrisso**, āre, vb. frq. shake (the voice), uibrissare est uocem in cantando crispare, Fest. 370; cf. exuibrisso.

**uibro**, āre, vb. [implies a n. sb. uibro-, prob. from a root uac, as seen in uac-illa-] first trans. cause to move rapidly to and fro, cause to quiver or flutter, shake, brandish, ut Samnitium qui uibrant hastas ante pugnam, Cic. or. 2, 325; Obuiaque aduersas uibrabant flamina uestes, Ov. M. 1, 528; draco multifidas linguas uibrans, Val. F. 1, 61; rapidly darting and withdrawing again and again;

**2.** throw with a suddeu motion, dart suddenly, sicas uibrare didicerunt, Cic. Cat. 2, 23; Aut tremulum excusso iaculum uibrare lacerto, Ov. her. 4, 43; and met., Desissemque truces uibrare iambos, Catul. 36, 5; **3.** as vb. r. dart oneself, dart, uolgamus est iaculum (the snake so called) ex arborum ramis uibrari et missili uolare tormento, Plin. 8, 86; **4.** vb. intr.=uibro me or uibror, move rapidly to and fro, quiver, flutter, flash, Tremē uibrat linguae: triplici stant ordine dentes (of a serpent), Ov. M. 3, 34; numerabat pilas, non quidem eas quae inter manus lusu expellente uibrabant, sed eas quae in terram decidebant, Petr. 27; **5.** esp. flash as light, flicker, mare quia a sole collicet, albescit et uibrat, Cic. acad. 2, 105; sacris ignibus Ide Vibrat, Val. F. 2, 583; neque in oculos (sapphiri) ut carbunculi uibrant, Plin. 37, 122; Tyrio uibrat torus ignens ostro, Val. F. 2, 342; and hence of brilliant oratory, cuius (Demosthenis) non tam uibrarent fulmina illa, nisi..., Cic. orat. 234.

**Vibulānus**, adj. as a cognomen, as of Q. Fabius M. f. K. n., consul of 289 a. u. c., fast. cons.

**Vibuleius**, a gentile name, CIL 1141.

**Vibullius**, a gentile name, as of L. Vibullius Rufus, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 1; Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 4.

**uiburna**, ae, f.=uiburnum, *ροδοδάφνη* lanrea uiburna, Gloss. Philox.

**uiburnum**, i, n. the tree uiburnum lantana, Liuaeus, Quantum lenta solent inter uiburna cupressi, Verg. B. 1, 26.

**Vica Pota?** see Cic. leg. 2, 28.

**uicānus**, adj. of a village, haruspices, Cic. diu. 1, 132;

**2.** as sb. villager, Cic. Flac. 8; Liv. 38, 30, 8; see also CIL 200, 11 and 12 and Mommsen ad loc.

**uicāria**, see uicarius.

**uicāriānus**, adj. of a uicarius or vicar, vicarial, adparitores, adpartitio, cod. Th. 1, 12, 5; apex, Sidon. ep. 1, 3.

**uicāriētās**, ātis, f. the duty of a deputy, Venant. ep. praef. carm. 6, 5 f.

**uicārius**, adj. vicarious, supplying the place of another, deputy, fides, Cic. Rosc. Am. 111; praefectura, Amm. 28, 5 (bis); **2.** as sb. a substitute, a deputy, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; fam. 16, 22, 2; Liv. 29, 1, 8; Hor. od. 3, 24, 15;

**3.** esp. a slave placed under another slave as his deputy, Pl. As. 2, 4, 28; Hor. s. 2, 7, 79; Mart. 2, 18, 7; Paul. dig. 9, 4, 19, 2; inser. Or. 362; and so uicaria of a female slave-deputy, inser. Mur. 972, 11; Fabr. 304, 297; **4.** under late Empire, the vicar or deputy of many high officers, cod. Th. 1, 16, 1; 9, 1, 13.

**uicātim**, adv. in villages, Liv. 9, 13, 7; Plin. 6, 117; **2.** from street to street, Sisen. ap. Non. 188; Hor. epod. 5, 97; Tac. h. 2, 95.

**uicēnālis**, e, adj. containing twenty, sphaera (sc. nigintī-angula), Apul. d. Plat. 1, p. 5.

**uicēnārius**, adj. [uiceni] of twenty square digits in area, fistula, Vitr. 8, 7; Frontin. aq. 30. **2.** as a sb. a youth of twenty, Arnob. 5, 58.

**uicēni**, (uigeni) adj. pl. [for uiginteni] twenty each, si duae res uicenas habent partes, Varr. l. p. 546 Sp.; annos nonnulli uicenos in disciplina permanent, Caes. b. g. 6, 14, 3; partus (suum) bis anno, numerns fecunditatis ad uicenos, Plin. 8, 205; so also in Mart. 4, 26, 3 and Plin. 25, 88 the distributival sense still exists.

**uicēni-quinī**, adj. pl. twenty-five each, Frontin. aq. 29 and 47; Colum. 12, 18, 7; Plin. 7, 163; in inverted order, militibus denarios quinos uicenos diuiserunt, Liv. 41, 7, 3.

**uicennālis**, e, adj. [uicennium] of twenty years, notis uicennalibus, coin of Alex. Sev. Eckhel 7, 275;

**2.** uicennalia n. pl. a festival, recurring every twenty years, Lact. mort. pers. 17; **3.** also on the completion



of 20 years from an emperor's accession, *nota vicennialior*, on coin of Constantine the younger, Eckhel 8, 108.

**vicennīs**, e, adj. [for *vicen-ennis* from *anno-*] of twenty years, *nota*, Porpl. ad Const. 10, 35.

**vicennium**, ii, n. [*vicennīs*] a space of twenty years, Modest. dig. 50, 8, 8 (10).

**vicēsīmāni**, adj. pl. [*vicēsīma* adj. f., sc. *legio*] of the twentieth legion, Tac. an. 1, 51 and 64.

**vicēsīmārius**, adj. [*vicēsīma* adj. f., sc. *pars*] of the twentieth part, *aurum u.* the gold raised by the tax *nicesīma*, Liv. 27, 10, 11; 2. as sb. m. the collector of the same tax, Petr. tr. 65 f.

**vicēsīmātio**, ōnis, f. a selection of one in twenty for execution, Capitol. Macr. 10.

**vicēsīmus**, older *nicensūmus*, adj. [*viginti*] twentieth, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 3; Cic. Man. 7; Caes. b. g. 6, 21, 5; quem (annum) intercalaris mensis interponendo ita dispensavit ut uicesimo quoque anno ad metam eandem solis uide orsi essent plenis omnium annorum spatiis dies congruerent, Liv. 1, 19, 6; i.e. every nineteenth year (according to the Roman habit of counting), thus adopting the Metonic Cycle; 2. *pars uicesīma*, a twentieth, tum quod in eo agro natum erit frumenti partem uicesūmam... dare debent, CIL 28; Plin. 2, 65; 3. hence *uicesīma*, as sb. f. the same, esp. the tax of 5 p. c. on the value of a slave at manumission, Liv. 7, 16, 7; Cic. Att. 2, 16, 1;

4. also u. portorii, a custom duty of 5 p. c., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 185; 5. u. hereditarium, a 5 p. c. succession duty, C. Iunio promagistro xx hereditarium, inscr. Or. 3331; cf. Dion 55, 25.

**vicētia**, or *Vicentia*, ae, f. a city of Venetia, Tac. h. 3, 8.

**vicētīnus**, *Vicentinus* (older *Veic.*) adj. of *Vicetia*; inter *Aestinos* et *Veicetinos*, CIL 549, 3 (619 a. u. c.); Plin. ep. 5, 4, 2; 5, 13, 1.

**uicia**, ae, f. vetch, or vetches, Aut tenues fetus uiciae tristisque lupini Sustuleris calamos, Verg. G. 1, 75; Flore semel laeso pereunt uiciaeque fabaeque, Ov. F. 5, 267; Varr. r. 1, 31, 5; Colum. 2, 13, 1; Plin. 18, 137.

**uiciālis**, e, adj. of vetch, hence *uiciālia* as sb. n. pl. vetch-stalks, Colum. 6, 30, 5. Cf. *fabalia*.

**uiciārius**, adj. of vetch, cribrum, Colum. 8, 5, 16.

**uiciēs**, better *uiciens*, adv. [*viginti*] twenty times, est in circuitu uicies centena milia passuum, Caes. b. g. 5, 13, 7; uiciens tanto addito aquae, twenty times as much water, Plin. 14, 53; u. et semel, and quinquies et uicies, Colum. 5, 3; centiens uiciens proehatis, Plin. 7, 101; 2. in money uicies is an abbrev. of u. centena milia, nobis superficiem aedium aestimarunt uicies, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 5; in cistophoro habeo ad HS bis et uicies, 11, 1, 2; non plenum modo uiciens habebas, Mart. 1, 99, 1.

**uicinālis**, e, adj. [*uicino-*] of the neighbourhood, usus, Liv. 21, 26, 8; bella, Iust. 41, 1, 9; 2. u. uia, a village- or country-road or way, Frontin. ag. 126; Sen. ben. 5, 24, 3; Ulp. dig. 43, 8, 2, 22.

**uicinārius**, adj. same, nia u. a cross-road in a camp, Hyg. grom. 5, 2 and 12, 2.

**uicinia**, ae, f. neighbourhood, as to place, vicinity, Certo edepol scio me uidisse hic proxumae (sic) uiciniae (dat.) Philocomasium, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 2; proxumae uiciniae (so UD) habitat, Bac. 2, 2, 27; Modo quamdam uidi uiginem hic uiciniae (still dat. = in hac uicinia)... Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 45; Ex Andro commigrauit huc uiciniae (gen.), Andr. 1, 1, 42; Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; Verg. G. 4, 290; 2. neighbourhood, in the sense of all the neighbours, Hor. s. 2, 5, 105; ep. 1, 16, 44; Petr. 93; 3. likeness, affinity, ad uiciniam lactis, Plin. 31, 37; ad uiciniam (wh. Sillig uicina, male) crystalli, 37, 123; est quaedam uirtutum uitiorumque u., Quint. 2, 12, 4; add 8, 4, 12; 8, 6, 28.

**uicinītas**, ātis, f. neighbourhood, the being neighbours, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 4; Cic. Att. 5, 10, 5; fin. 5, 65; 2. of place, neighbourhood, vicinity, in Vmbria atque in ea uicinītate, Cic. Rosc. Am. 48; non modo sui municipii, uerum etiam eius uicinītatis facie primus, 15; ceteros in ea uicinītate, 16; 3. of men, neighbours, neighbourhood, si te libenter u. uidebit, Cato r. 4; Sal. Cat. 36, 1; 4. like-

ness, affinity, uicinītate nominis, Plin. 21, 115; quia sit quaedam uirtutibus ac uitis u., Quint. 3, 7, 25.

**uicinītus**, adv. [*uicino-*] from or in the neighbourhood, omnes intra c pedes...arceantur, cod. Th. 15, 1, 4.

**uicinus**, adj. [*uico- m.*] of the same village or street, hence as sb. m. or f. a neighbour, Chrysis uicina haec moritur, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 78; quam (Fidem) in Capitolio uiciniam Iouis esse uoluerunt, Cic. off. 3, 104; uel tribules uel uicinos meos, Rosc. Am. 47; Sul. 58; Hor. s. 1, 1, 85; and met., uicinam eius atque finitimam dialecticorum scientiam, Cic. orat. 113; 2. of time, a contemporary, Terullianus uicinus eorum temporum, Hieron. uir. ill. 7;

3. as adj. neighbouring, chiefly in poets, often with a dat., urbes, Verg. G. 1, 510; terra mihi, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 52; Ni contuixa foret, parti uicinior esset, F. 6, 275; caelo uicinum Olympum, Tib. 4, 1, 131; 4. as sb. n. uicinum, neighbourhood, adjoining land, a near place, oppidum in uicino condidit, Plin. 6, 123; quamdiu in uicino sint terrae, 2, 68; cum ex uicino Africæ (from that part of Africa which lies near) arietes deportarentur, Colum. 7, 2, 4; and met., in uicino uersatur inuidia, Sen. breu. u. 15, 4; 5. met., in character, like, odor uicinus nardo, Plin. 21, 115; molle ferrum plumboque uicinum, 34, 143; 6. adv. uicinus, at a less distance, Ven. 3, 12, 11; uicinissime, Aug. doctr. Chr. 1, 33 f.

**uic-is**, gen. f. turn, alterna uice, Enn. tr. 151 V; Ipsa quoque his agit uicibus Trachynia puppis Et nunc... nunc..., Ov. M. 11, 502; alterna uice annorum, Colum. 3, 2 med.; 2. turn of fortune, fate, Tacite gementes tristem fortunæ uicem, Phaedr. 5, 1, 6; commoti patres uice fortunarum humanarum, Liv. 7, 31, 6; tuam uicem saepe doleo quod..., Cic. fam. 12, 23, 3; uicem suam conquestus est quod..., Suet. Aug. 66; 3. from the military notion of relieving guard, turn of duty, and so generally duty, office, celata morte (Tarquinii) per speciem alienae fungeudae uicis suas opes firmavit, Liv. 1, 41, 6; fungar uice cotis, Hor. A. P. 304; ne sacra regiae uicis desereretur, Liv. 1, 20, 2;

4. a return of kindness or injury, spernentem sperne, sequenti Redde uices, Ov. M. 14, 36; noui poteras ipsa referre uicem, a. a. 1, 370; tanto procliuus est iniuriæ quam beneficio uicem exsoluere, Tac. h. 4, 3; neque est ullus affectus qui magis uices exigat (quam amor), Plin. pan. 85;

5. a turn or trick (cf. Fr. *tour*), Testor in occasu nostro nec tela nec ulla Vitauisse uices Danaum, Verg. 2, 432; II 6. adverbial phrases, as, uicem absol. with gen. or possessive (prob. for *in uicem*) in turn, ut unus fasces haberet et hoc insigne regium in orbem suam cuiusque uicem per omnes iret, Liv. 3, 36, 3; 7. in place of, instead of, nam cibaria uicem duorum me comesse concedet, Pomp. 72 R; Vos respoudetote istinc istarum (l. illarum) uicem, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 34; remittimus hoc tibi ne nostram uicem irascaris, Liv. 34, 32, 6; Cnm Pompeius aedem Victoriae dedicaturus foret cuius gradus uicem theatri essent, Tull. Tiro ap. Gell. 10, 1, 7; quoniam res familiaris obsidis uicem esse uidebatur, 16, 10, 11;

8. hence, ou account of (as if one stood in another's place), Menedemi uicem miseret me, I feel for him as if it were my own case, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 1; stupentes tribunos et suam iam uicem magis anxios quam eius cui auxilium ab se petebatur, Liv. 8, 35, 1; maestus non suam uicem sed propter ipsum periclitantium fratrum, Curt. 7, 2, 5; add Cic. fam. 12, 23, 3; dom. 8; Liv. 2, 31, 11; Suet. Aug. 66; cf. German wegen (as in *meinewege*) wh. is probably the same word;

9. also like, as if in the place of, nisi forte me Sardanapali uicem in suo (meo?) lectulo malle censueris, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 7; ceteri uicem pecorum obruncabantur, Sal. ap. Non. 9, 5; Venena magnum fas nefasque non ualent Conuertere humanam uicem (like men, as they can metamorphose men), Hor. epod. 5, 87; 10. uice, in place of, with a gen., in pane salis uice utuntur (nitro), Plin. 31, 115; iugo ramus temonis uice trahitur, Colum. 6, 2, 7;

11. hence like, iactari se passa (urtica, the nettle-fish) fluctu algæ uice, Plin. 9, 147; quaeque dixerat oraculi uice accipiens, Tac. an. 6, 21; 12. ad uicem, like, maiores natu a minoribus colebantur ad deum prope et parentum uicem, Gell. 2, 15, 1; 13. in uicem or as one



word inuicem, rarely in uices, in turn, hi rursus in uicem anno post in armis sunt, illi domi remanent, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 5; Etruscus multis in uicem casibus uictos uictoresque, Liv. 2, 44, 12; Inque uicem illorum patiar delicta liberet, Hor. s. 1, 3, 141; Inque uices illum tectos qui laesit amores, Laedit amore pari, Ov. M. 4, 191; add 12, 161; **14.** per uices, in turn, Perque uices modo Persephone, modo Filia clamat, Ov. F. 4, 483; uulneratos in medium agmen recipiunt (elephanti) ac ueluti imperio per uicis (sic) subeunt, Plin. 8, 23; add Tac. G. 26; **15.** uice sacra indicans, in place of the emperor, iuser. Or. 1082, 1101, 1129; **16.** hence Fr. fois; cf. plus uice simpliciter, more than once, Hor. od. 4, 14, 13; **17.** no nom., no dat. sing., no gen. pl. occur; Charis. (27) however has uix as uom.; **18.** from a root uic, turn, bend, come both this sb. and uimen, uictus, uictilis, uicto, and perh. uitium. Moreover as necessitudo etc. imply a vb. nec-esso from nec (nect-), like capesso from cap-, so uicissitudo implies a vb. uic-isso, like incipisso from incip-; and uicisso again implies a vb. uic.

**uicissatim**, adv. [implies a sb. uicissā] in turn, in return, Ad argumentum nunc uicissatim uolo Remigrare, Pl. Poen. pr. 46; Vosmet potius nos uicissatim oneremus uoluptatibus, St. 4, 1, 27.

**uicissim**, adv. [implies a vb. uiciss- from uic, see uicis § 18] in turn, Vis ergo iuter nos quid possit uterque uicissim Experiamur? Verg. B. 3, 28; hanc ueniam petimusque damusque uicissim, Hor. A. P. 11; **2.** in return, on the other hand, da te mihi uicissim, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 10; hoc ego meo facto delector, considera nunc uicissim tuum, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 3; add Verg. B. 5, 50; A. 11, 123.

**uicissitas**, ātis, f. [implies an adj. uic-issi-; cf. nec-esse] Vicissitatemque inperitandi tradidit, Att. 586 R.

**uicissitudo**, ūnis, f. [id.] change, alternation, omnium rerum heus uicissitudost, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 45; fortunae uicissitudines, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 4; dierum ac noctium, leg. 2, 16; **2.** exchange, interchange, nihil remuneratione beniuolentiae, nihil uicissitudine officiorum iucundius, Cic. am. 49.

**uictima**, older uictuma, ae, f. [see below] a large beast offered in sacrifice, a victim, Victima maior est hostia minor, Fronto diff. uoc. f.; Nolo uictumas (so A); agnitis me exitis placari uolo, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 95; Victima pontificum seures Ceruice tinget, Hor. od. 3, 23, 12; **2.** met. Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; **3.** perh. from uicta an old form of uitta, a fillet.

**uictimarius**, older uictum., adj. m. as sb. an assistant at a sacrifice, Liv. 40, 29, 14; Val. M. 1, 1, 12; colleg. uictimarior., inser. Or. 2453; uictimarius principalis, 3644. The pass. in Plin. 7, 54 corrupt.

**uictimātor**, ōris, m. [uictima- vb.] the same, Lact. ad Stat. Th. 4, 463.

**uictimo**, āre, vb. [uictima- sb.] sacrifice, Apul. M. 7, pp. 192, 197.

**uict-ito**, āre, vb. frq. [uic- for uiu- with excrement t] first of food, live (on, as a habit), Nullum habemus ignem, ficis uictitamus aridis, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 59; uictitant suco suo, Capt. 1, 1, 12; **2.** gen. live, etenim bene lubenter (cum illa) uictitas, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 44; **3.** in Varr. 1. p. 67 Sp. read uictitari; in Pl. Men. 5, 1, 27 uiuuito.

**uictor**, ōris, m. [uic or uinc- vb.] conqueror, victor, Cic. fam. 4, 9, 3; Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 2; **2.** as adj. or in appos., exercitum uictorem, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 12; and met., animus libidinis uictor, Sal. Iug. 63, 2.

**uictōr-ia**, ae, f. victory, Cic. Man. 8; Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 1; **2.** as a goddess, Victory, Varr. 1. p. 68 Sp.; Cic. N. D. 2, 61.

**uictōriā-ilis**, e, adj. of victory, dies, Treb. Gall. 3; scipio, Cass. uar. 6, 1.

**uictōriātus**, quasi-part. m. as sb. (sc. nummus) a silver coin, with a figure of Victory on it, is qui nunc u. appellatur lege Clodia (prob. by C. Clodius Cento consul of 514 a. u. c.) percussus est, antea enim hic nummus ex Illyrico aduectus mercis loco habebatur; est autem signatus Victoria et inde nomen, Plin. 33, 46; tulit eo triumpho denarium...et uictoriatum octoginta quinque milia septin-

gentos duos, Liv. 41, 13, 7; Cic. Font. 19 in a very corrupt pass.; **2.** said to be half a denarius, but this only on the doubtful authority of Varr. 1. p. 567 Sp.; **3.** as a weight for drugs, Marc. Emp. 15; Scrib. 26.

**uictōricus**, i, a cognomen, inser. Alb. 204, 3; Mur. 1507, 2.

**uictōriensis**, e, adj. of Victoria, a town of Germauy, inser. Or. 988.

**uictōrilla**, ae, a cognomen, inser. Grut. 715, 2.

**uictōrinus**, i, a cognomen, inser. Grut. 300, 2; **2.** Victorina, 379, 2.

**uictōrio**, āre, vb. [uictoria sb.] gain a victory, hence as impers. pass. Tert. Gnost. 6.

**uictōriōla**, ae, f. dim. a statuette of Victory, Cic. N. D. 3, 84.

**uictōriōsus**, adj. victorious, Cato ap. Gell. 4, 9, 12; on a coin of Probus, Eckh. 7, 505; uictoriosissimus, inser. Or. 1045; Sidon. ep. 5, 6.

**uictōrius**, ii, a gentile name, Liv. 34, 46, 12.

**uictoricensis**, e, adj. of the colony entitled Victrix which was settled at Camalodunum in Britain, probably so called from the title of a legion long quartered there, inser. Fabr. 29, 129.

**uictor-ix**, icis, f. [uictor] conqueress, filiae, non libidinis, Cic. Clu. 14; **2.** adj. f., Athenae, Cic. Tusc. 1, 116; flammae, Ov. F. 1, 525; Victrix causa deis placuit sed uicta Catoni, Lucan. 1, 128; **3.** adj. n. pl. arma, Verg. 3, 54; fulmina, Ov. M. 10, 151; signa, Lucan. 1, 347; fatis uictricibus, coin, Eckh. 8, 6; **4.** rarely in sing., uictrici concepta solo, Claud. vi cons. Hon. 24; facinus, inser. Maff. 170, 2.

**uictuālis**, e, adj. [uictu- m.] of food, ministerium, Apul. d. Pl. 1; sumptus, Cass. uar. 3, 44; **2.** as sb. n. pl. victuals, Cass. uar. 3, 44; 4, 5.

**uictu-ārius**, adj. of food, exhibitio, Tert. mon. 8.

**uictumulae**, ārum, f. pl. a town of Cispadane Italy, Liv. 21, 45, 3 (al. Vicotumulis) and 57, 9.

**1 uictus**, part. of uinco; **2.** with inf., uir nulli uictus uel ponere eastrā Vel iunxisse ratem, Sil. 5, 552; add 6, 141.

**2 uictus**, ūis, m. [uiu- wh. see] food, Meae domi accipiam benigne, lepide et lepidis uictibus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 144; Persarum a Xenophonte uictus exponitur quod negat ad panem adhibere quicquam praeter nasturcium, Cic. Tusc. 5, 99; maior pars eorum uictus lacte caseo carne consistit, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 1; **2.** liuigi, mode of living, all the requisites for life, including food; persectus est Aristoteles animantium omnium ortus uictus figuras, Cic. fin. 5, 10; neque enim conferendum esse Gallicum cum Germanorum agro, neque hanc consuetudinem uictus cum illa comparandam, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 11; uerbo uictus continentur quae essui potui cultuique corporis quaeque ad uiuendum homini necessaria sunt, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 43; **3.** a gen. uictuis, Varr. ap. Non. 88; also uicti, Proin tu tui cotidiani uicti uentrem ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; dat. uictu, Lucil. ap. Gell. 4, 16, 6; Verg. G. 4, 158.

**uicūlus**, i, m. dim. a little village, a hamlet, Cic. rep. 1, 3; Liv. 21, 33, 11.

**uicus**, i, m. [= *foikos* house; for change of meaning cf. our word town, the first meaning of which is a farmhouse, as still in Scotland. So also from uilla a farmhouse comes Fr. ville a town, a village] (Ebro-mago) qui uicus inter Tolosam et Narbonem est, Cic. Font. 19; oppida sua omnia, uicos ad quadringentos incendunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 2; Seis Lebodus quid sit, Gabiis desertior atque Fidenis Vicus, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 8; **2.** a street, nullum in urbe uicum esse dicebant in quo Miloni non conducta esset domus, Cic. Mil. 24; Dēfērār in uicum uendentem tus et odores, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 269; add Ov. F. 6, 610.

**uidēlicet**, lit. one may see, i. e. it is clear, with acc. and inf., Vidēlicet pareum fuisse illum senem qui id dixerit, Pl. St. 4, 1, 49; Vidēlicet (uid'licet) nequam fuisse illum adulescentem qui illico..., 4, 1, 51; Esse uidēlicet in terris primordia rerum, Lucr. 1, 210; add Gell. 17, 5, 9;

**2.** as adv. of course, no doubt, H. Pol haud paternum istuc dedisti, D. Vidēlicet De psaltria hac audiuit, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 5; C.



Nemost miserior me. S. Hic de nostris uerbis errat uidelicet Quae hic sumus locuti, Haut. 2, 3, 22; uenisse tempus his qui in timore fuissent, coniuratos u. dicebat, ulciscendi sui, Cic. Sest. 28; quid metuebant? Vim uidelicet, Caccin. 44;

3. esp. in irony, homo enim u. tumidus uocem consulis ferre non potuit, Cic. Cat. 2, 12; tuus u. salutaris consulatus, perniciosus meus, Phil. 2, 15; 4. cf. for form sci-licet, i-licet.

**uiden**, see uideo.

**uideo**, ēre, uidi, uisum, vb. [see below] see, Clare oculis uideo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 36; Hic illum uidi uenenum, Verg. B. 1, 43; laeto complerant littora coetu Visuri Aenēadas, A. 5, 107; 2. for uiso, go and see, loco ualde opus est, quare etiam Othonem uide, Cic. Att. 12, 37, 4; rogo mane uideas Plinium domi et quoquo modo efficias ne mihi irascatur, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 8; 3. of the mind, see, quem (exitum) ego tam uideo animo quam ea quae oculis cernimus, Cic. fam. 6, 3, 2; cum me uideas plus fateretur, se sperasse meliora, Phil. 2, 39; 4. esp. sec after, take care, look to, provide, Sed uide ex nauī eferantur quae imperaui iam omnia, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 82; antecesserat Staius ut prandium nobis uideret, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 3; nam absque eo esset, Recte ego mihi uidissem, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 11; 5. this very often in the forms uide and uidero, Senex adest, uide (have a care) quid agas, Ter. Phorm. 2, 2, 32; ego istaec recte ut fiaut uidero, Andr. 2, 6, 25; quid mihi inquit cum ista summa sanctimonia? Viderint ista officia uiri boni (let them look to...), Cic. Quint. 55; sed mihi quidem βεβιωτα, uiderint iuuenes, Att. 14, 21, 3; Vidēit Atrides, Helenen ego crimine soluo, Ov. a. a. 2, 371; 6. me uide, look at me the great man that I am and feel assured that all will go right, Nihil est de signo quod uereare, me uide, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 79; Atqui istuc ipsum nil periclit, me uide, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 13; G. Haec fient. A. Ut modo fiant. G. Fient, me uide, Ph. 4, 4, 31; 7. as pass. be seen, Si quidem centiens hic uisa sit tamen inficias eat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 32; ubi sol sex mensibus continuus uideatur, Varr. r. 1, 2, 4; P. Oh. D. Visus sum, Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 10; Diuisque uidebit Permixtos heroas et ipse uidebitur illis, Verg. B. 4, 15; 8. as pass. impers., D. Vidēs modo etiam. L. Visumst. D. Certen? J. Perdis me, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 52; A. Da mihi istas niginti minas: uides me amantem egere. L. Videbitur, factum uolo, As. 3, 3, 95; 9. part. uidentis, with my eyes open, often from love of alliteration united with uiuus, as: et prudens seiens Vinos uidentis pereō, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 28; Mortua cui uita est prope iam uiuo atque uidenti, Luer. 3, 1046; huic acerbissimum uiuo uidentique funus ducitur, Cic. Quint. 50; uiuus ut aiunt est et uidentis cum uietu ne uestitū suo publicatus, Sest. 59; 10. uidentem for uidesne, ...Educat. Viden ut geminae stant uertice cristae? Verg. 6, 780; wh. Servius: naturaliter den longa est; breuem tamen posuit secutus Enuium; 11. also as a mouos, pronounced uī'n, Prodeas noua nupta si iam uidetur et audias Nostra uerba; Videu ut faces Areae quatiant comas? Catul. 61, 98; esp. in comedy, E. Ea praestolabatur illum apud portam. P. Viden ueneficam? Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 37; Simul consilium cum re amisti? Viden me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; Viden otium et cibis quid facit alieuis? 2, 2, 34; in Tib. 2, 2, 17 Lachm. has utinam, not uident ut; 12. so uide-sis, ...Auriculas. Vidēs ne maiorum tibi forte Limina frigescant, Pers. 1, 108; or as disyl. (uī'esis), Vidēs quam mox uapulare uis nisi actutum hinc abis, Pl. Ampb. 1, 1, 204; add Cas. 4, 2, 103; 13. also uide or rather monos. (uī'e?), M. Set uide consilium si placet. C. Quid consistit? Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 33; S. Vide quid scriptomst. O. Vnum. C. Iniquumst, quia isti prius quam mihi st, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 26; add 2, 6, 28; also Ter. passim; and even Phaedr. 3, 6, 3; Vide ne dolone collum compungam tibi; and Val. F. 5, 594: uide lātā comantem Pectora; see also uidelicet; 14. uīd- the simple vb. is seen in compound dī-uīd- with orig. meaning of separate, and so in adj. uīd-uus, as well as dī-uīd-uus. Cf. cern- sift and then see, also scisc- and scil- from a root sec- cut, which is our see. Then again uīd-, see, = *fid* of εἶδ-ov, Sansk. vid, Germ. wiss-en, Eug. wit

(to wit), wot, wis-dom, wise, Lith. wid-, wist-i; Bret. gouz-out, or with weak vowel in suffix, gwéz-

**uideor**, uideri, uisus, vb. r. seen, with adj. or inf., illorum beata mors uidetur, horum uita laudabilis, Cic. am. 23; solem e mundo tollere uidentur, 47; amens mihi fuisse uideor a principio, Att. 9, 10, 2; 2. often in opp. to what is real, induxit eam quae uideretur esse, non quae esset repugnantiam, Cic. off. 3, 34; pulchra Lauerna, Da mihi fallere, da iusto sanctoque uideri, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 61; 3. dream, Mercari uisus mihi sum formosam capram, Pl. Mere. 1, 2, 10; Hac nocte in somnis uisus sum, uiderier Procul sedere longe a me Aeseulapium, Curc. 2, 2, 16 (that Aesc. seemed to be sitting); 4. as impers. with acc. and inf., non mihi uidetur (it does not seem to me that...) ad beate uiuendum satis posse uirtutem, Cic. Tusc. 5, 12; quia uidebatur et Limnaeam eodem tempore obpugnari posse, Liv. 36, 13, 9; in Attius ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44 the readings vary between uisust pastor and uisumst pastorem; 5. esp. in the sense, it seems fit, tibi si uidebitur, uillis iis utere quae longissime aberunt a militibus, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 3; nunc mihi uisum est de seuectute aliquid ad te conscribere, sen. 1; 6. often in relat. clauses with a suppressed inf., so that the case of the relative seems to depend on a word in the main clause, uelim Lentulum puerum uisas eique de mancipiis quae tibi uidebitur attribuas, Cic. Att. 12, 28, 3; ut consul quem uideretur ei cum imperio mitteret, Liv. 31, 3, 2; consules deem legatos quos iis uideretur ex senatu legere, 29, 20, 4; 31, 4, 2; 7. uideri was from delicacy used as a technical word in judicial language, qui (sc. maiores) uoluerunt, quod iudicialis multa uersaretur in uita, quae iurati iudices cognouissent, ut ea non esse facta sed ut 'uideri' pronuntiantur, Cic. acad. 2, 146; thus: iste pronuntiat Sthenium litteras publicas corrupisse uideri, Verr. 2, 2, 93; consul adiecit senatus consultum Ambraciam non uideri captam esse, Liv. 38, 44, 6; eum agrum castelanos (sic) Veituros possidere fruique uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 24 (637 a. u. c.); add Cic. Att. 4, 2, 3; Verr. 2, 2, 100; 2, 5, 14; Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 7; Liv. 30, 17, 12.

**uidua**, see uiduus.

**uiduālis**, ātis, adj. of widowhood, anni, inser. Mur. 75, 2.

**uiduātus**, ūs, m. widowhood, Tert. uirg. u. 9.

**uiduertas**, ātis, f. u. calamitas, dicta quod uiduet bonis, Paul. ex Fest. 369; uti tu morbos uisus iuuosque uiduertatem uastitudinemque calamitates iutemperiesque prohibessis, Cato r. 141.

**uiduītas**, ātis, f. widowhood, Cic. Caccin. 13; Liv. 40, 4, 2; 2. bereavement, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 1.

**uidūlārius**, adj. [uidūlo- m.] of a leathern bag, hence the lost play Vidularia (sc. comedia) of Plautus.

**uidūlus**, i, m. dim. a leathern bag, Referam. Rectest obsignatum in uidūlo marsuppium Cum uiatico, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 47; Tu herele opino in uidūlum conuortes piscem. Nisi caucs, Fiet tibi pniecum corium postea atrum denuo, Rud. 4, 3, 60; D. Estne hic uidulus ubi (pron. wi) cistellam tuam inesse aibat? P. Is est, 4, 4, 86.

**uiduo**, āre, vb. [uidua- adj. f.] make a widow, as in perf. part. uiduata, filia marito Pollione in exilium pulso uiduata, Tac. an. 16, 30; Agrippinae uiduatae morte Domitii, Suet. Galb. 5; Mart. 9, 30, 6; 2. gen. bereave, with abl., ciuihus urbem, Verg. 8, 571; foliis ornī, Hor. od. 2, 29, 8; arua pruinis, Verg. G. 4, 518; uitis pristino alimento, Colum. arb. 1, 4; 3. with gen. Orba pedum partim, manuū uiduata uieissim, Lucr. 5, 840.

**uidūu-ium**, ii, n. widowhood, Sidou. ep. 6, 2; inser. ap. Don. 10, 51.

**uid-uus**, adj. [uid- (a lost vb., divide: see uideo § 14) :: diuid-uus: diuid-] lit. separate, single; in use, not married, and gen. as sb. f. uidua, husbandless, a single woman or widow, first a single woman, ea (Tullia) se rectius uiduam et illum caelibem futurum fuisse contendere quam eum impari iungi, Liv. 1, 46, 7; Regina gentis uidua Thermodontiae, Sen. Herc. f. 250; uiduam...eam quoque mulierem quae uirum uon habuisset adpellari ait Labeo, dig. 50, 16, 242, 3; 2. more commonly a widow, utrumst melius, uirginemne an uiduam uxorem ducere,



Naev. 53 R; Dum tete abstineas nupta uidua uirgine, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 37; sunt qui Crustis et pontis uiduas uenentur auaras, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 78; and met., (columba) nisi caelebs aut uidua nidum nou relinquit, Plin. 10, 104; **3.** also gener., quae sine uiro cubat, Credo ego miseram fuisset Penelopam... quae tam diu uidua uiro suo caruit, Pl. St. 1, 1, 2 (ms A); Cist. 1, 1, 46; Prop. 3, 31, 17; **4.** met. of a vine unsupported by a tree, Vt uidua in nudo uitis quae nascitur aruo, Catul. 62, 49; **5.** in poets of things, widowed, cubile, Ov. am. 2, 10, 17; domus, F. 1, 36; **II. 6.** uiduus, of the male, unmarried, Cum inuit uiduos rapta Sabina uiros, Ov. a. a. 1, 102; nec nunc placuisset Achilli Abducta uiduum coniuge flere uirum, her. 8, 86; so in reference to the vine, u. ramum, Colum. 5, 6, 31; arbore, Hor. od. 4, 5, 30; ulmos, Iuv. 8, 78; platanus, Mart. 3, 58, 3; for in spite of the grammatical gender these trees are uirorum loco; **7.** uiduus for a widower seems not to occur; **8.** met. bereft, with abl., solum arboribus, Colum. 2, 2, 25; gen., amoris, Ov. am. 3, 10, 18; teli, Sil. 2, 247; and a lumie, Verg. Culex 371; **9.** Hence perh. Fr. vide; **10.** According to some = Sansk. vidhava from vi without, dhava husband. Kindred words are old Prus. widdewa, Slav. udova, Goth. viduon-, Erse feadhb.

**uieo**, ēre, vb. [root uie, see uicis] bend, bind, weave, uiere est uincire, a quo est in Sota Ennii Ibant malaci (al. malam) uiere Veneriam corollam, Varr. 1. p. 68; sic alia serunda ut habeas uimina unde uiendo quid facias ut sirpeas uallos crates, r. 1, 23, 5; cf. Fest. s. v.; Non. 189.

**uiesco?** the reading uiescentem ficum in Colum. 12, 15 untrustworthy.

**uictor**, = uitor, Donat. Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21.  
**uictus** (Ter., Lucr.), uictus (Hor.), part. as adj. soft, flabby, Hic est uictus uetus ueterosus senex, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; wh. Don. interprets mollis flaccidusque...; Nec supra caput eiusdem cecidissē uictam Vestem (a spider's web), Lucr. 3, 385; bouis uictum cor, Cic. diu. 2, 37; ficus neque nimium uicta neque immatura legi debet, Colum. 12, 15, 1; Qui sudor uictis et quam malus undique membris Crescat odor, Hor. epod. 12, 7.

**Vifus**, = Vibius, an Oscan nomen and praenomen, as L. Vifus, C. f. Ocella, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. Nachtr. 54.

**uigēni**, see uiceni.  
**uigeo**, ēre, ui, vb. [see below] be awake, full of life, vigorosus, Qui uiget uescatur armis ut percipiat praemium, Pacuv. 22 R; quae a terra stirpibus continentur arte naturae uiuant et uigent, Cic. N. D. 2, 83; cf. Tusc. 1, 66; uictoria in manu nobis est, uiget aetas, animus ualet, Sal. Cat. 20, 10; Pallor abit subitaeque uigent in corpore uires, Ov. F. 4, 541; **2.** met. flourish, stand high, Cuius facta uia nunc uigent, qui apud gentes solus praestat, Naev. com. 109 R; Esse in deliciis summoque in honore uigere, Lucr. 4, 1156; **3.** a vb. uigo existed, Charis. 216; **4.** the connection with our wake proved by uig-ili-, uigila-  
**uig-escō**, ui, vb. wake up, become full of life, De niloque renata uigescere copia rerum, Lucr. 1, 757; Iam lacti studio pedes uigescunt, Catul. 46, 8.

**uigēsimus**, see uicesimus.  
**uigēssis**, = uiginti asses, Mart. Cap. 7, 241 G, 262, 6 Eyss. (but reading dub.), Mart. 12, 76, 1 has uicenis.

**uigēs**, = uicies, Mart. Cap. 6, 194 G, 202, 5 Eyss.

**uigil**, is, adj. [uig of uig-o, uig-eo] wakeful, awake, esp. at night time, hence as sb. m. a night-sentinel, Qua Galli furtim noctu (f.) summa arcis adorti Moenia concubiā uigilesque repente cruentant, Enn. an. 170 V; Heus uigiles properate, exporgite Pectora tarda sopore, exurgite, Att. 140 R; Rex Creon uigilis nocturnos singulos semper locat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 95; clamor a uigilibus fauicue custodibus tollitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; and met., At uigiles mundi magnum uersatile templum Sol et luna..., Lucr. 5, 1436; **2.** in poets as an adj., watching at night as a sentinell, or up before the sun, et uigilum canum (watch-dogs) Tristes excubiae, Hor. od. 3, 16, 2; Aurora, Ov. M. 2, 112; ales (the cock), 11, 597; et prius ortu Sole uigil calarum et chartas et scrinia posco, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 113; and

met., Extenuant uigiles corpus miserabile curao (keeping Echo awake all night), Ov. M. 3, 397; uigilemque sacra- uerat ignem (burning at night as well as day), Verg. 4, 200; uigiles lucernas Perfer in lucem, Hor. od. 3, 8, 15; flammam Vestae, Ov. a. a. 3, 463.

**uigilāb-ilis**, e, adj. keeping awake, O stulta nostri pectoris dormitio Vigilabilis quae me puellum impuberem Cepisti, Varr. s. 217, 4 R.

**uigilans**, part.; **2.** as adj. watchful, vigilant, Cic. Rose. Am. 139; agr. 1, 3; uigilantior, Verr. 1, 32; uigilantissimus, Val. M. 9, 1, ext. 1; **3.** uigilanter adv. vigilantly, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 144; uigilantius, rep. 6, 26; uigilantissime, Mur. 32.

**uigilantia**, ac, f. doing with little sleep, sed erat summa uigilantia; lucubrare Vulcanalibus incipiebat statim a multa nocte, hiemo uero ab hora septima, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8 (of his uncle); fuit mirifica uigilantia (Caninius) qui suo toto consulatu somnum non uiderit, Cic. fam. 7, 30, 1; **2.** gen. watchfulness, uigilantia, uigilantiam tuam tu mihi narras? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 44; add Cic. Att. 8, 9, 4; Planc. 62.

**uigilārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. watch-house, uigil uigilārium, not. Tir. 105. See uigilium.

**uigilatē**, adv. [implies uigilatus, as an adj.] as one awake, Gell. 3, 14, 12.

**uigilatio**, ōnis, f. inability to sleep, Cacl. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 101.

**uigilax**, ācis, adj. keeping awake at night, wakeful, canes, Colum. 7, 12, 5; curae, Ov. M. 2, 779.

**uigilia**, ac, f. acting as sentinel at night, watch, guard, uigiles scutum in uigiliam ferre uetuit, Liv. 44, 33, 8; exercitus stationibus uigiliisque fessus, 5, 48, 6; negotium datur aedilibus ut noctu uigilias agerent ad aedes sacras, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 93; **2.** a body of night-sentinels, si excubiae si uigiliae si dilecta iuuentus contra Milonis impetum armata est, Cic. Mil. 67; ab incendio intellegebat urbem uigiliis muuitam, Sal. Cat. 32, 1; **3.** the time during which a sentinel has to keep guard, a night-watch, viz. of three hours each, but these hours varying according to the season, two from sunset to 12, two from 12 to sunrise; cf. Hieron. ep. 140, 8; prima uigilia capite arma, Liv. 5, 44, 7; secunda, Cic. fam. 3, 7, 4; de tertia, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; de quarta, 1, 40, 14; **4.** met., cupio iam uigiliam meam tibi tradere, Cic. fam. 11, 24, 1; manendum mihi statuebam quasi in uigilia quadam senatoria, Phil. 1, 1; cf. 7, 19;

**5.** in pl. uigiliae, a night-festival, Cereris uigiliis, Pl. Aul. pr. 36 and 4, 10, 65; cf. Cic. leg. 2, 35; **II 6.** being awake at night-time, non-sleeping, Cels. 2, 6, p. 36, 8 D; **7.** esp. of night-hours given to work, cui non sunt auditae Demosthenis uigiliae? Cic. Tusc. 4, 44; accipies hoc opusculum lucubratum his iam contractioribus noctibus, quoniam illud maiorum uigilium munus in tuo nomine apparuit, parad. pr. 5; **8.** uigilias for uigilias, CIL 1139.

**uigilārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a sentinel's box, a watch-box, quid interest utrum supra aliquem u. ruat an mons? Sen. ep. 57, 6; inser. Or. 4557.

**uigil-ium**, ii, n. employment of night hours not in bed, Varr. s. 120, 7 R.

**uigilo**, āre, vb. [uigil] lit. act as sentinel, keep guard, hence met., uigilandum est semper: multae insidiae sunt bonis, Att. 214 R; quantum potero excubabo uigilaboque pro uobis, Cic. Phil. 6, 18; Ne sursum deorsum ensites neue usque ad lucem uigiles (pronounce uigles; see below § 7), Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; **2.** gen. sit up at night, in litteris dandis proxima nocte uigilarat, Cic. Cat. 3, 6; noctes uigilabat ad ipsum Mane, Hor. s. 1, 3, 17; **3.** with cogn. acc., qui in lectitando nullas hoc genus uigilias uigilarunt, Gell. pr. 19; and hence as pass. pers. with nom. of time, Non mihi grata dies, noctes uigilantur amarae, Ov. her. 12, 169; uigilata nocte, F. 4, 167; **4.** the object on wh. the night hours are employed is expressed either by in and abl., as in Cic. above § 2; or by dat. as, si possem studiis uigilare securis, Prop. 2, 3, 7; **5.** or perh. in poets by acc., work out by night, whence the pass. pers. as: Quae uigilanda uiris, Verg. G. 1, 312; carmen uigilatum, Ov. F. 4, 109; uigilatorumque laborum, tr. 2, 11; **6.** the imper. uigila, wake up, uigila Chryssippe ne tuam caussam deseras.



Cic. fat. 12; so, Mars uigila, the words addressed by a general, before going away on duty, to the god in his temple, Serv. A. 8, 3; but here the primitive meaning is perh. to be preferred; 7. hence Ital. vegliare, Fr. veiller, confirming Priscian who says per syncopam. See also uiglias for nigilias, CIL 1139.

**uiginti**, adj. num. indecl. [see below] twenty, Pl. As. 1, 1, 76; Quattuor hinc rapimur uiginti et milia rhedis, Hor. s. 1, 5, 86; ad littorā mittit Viginti tauros, Verg. 1, 633; Cic. Planc. 90; 2. ueiginti, CIL 1194, 6; 3. with the numbers above twenty, the addition may either precede with et, as, annos natus unum et uiginti, Cic. or. 3, 74 and Hor. above § 1; or follow immed., as uiginti unam muscas, Plin. 30, 92; diebus uiginti uno, 29, 141; but if larger numbers precede then the added numeral must follow, as, asses efficies quattuor milia ducentos et uiginti unum, Colum. 5, 3; 4. uiginti is for duigin-ti from duo+agin+ti, wh. ag-in is a double dim. suff. corresponding to aine of Fr. trent-aine, cent-aine, and seen in tri-'gin-ta, quadr-agin-ta; and the ti (=ty of our thirty, forty etc., zig of Germ. vier-zig, ti of Sansk. numerals) means ten. Thus uiginti=our tw-en-ty (for twain-ty) and Ital. ven-ti. The Greek *εκατη*, Sansk. *vinçati* are very corrupt.

**uiginti-angulus**, adj. of twenty angles, uiginti-angula sphaera, Apul. d. Pl. 1, p. 5, meaning an eicosahedron, wh. however has twenty triangular sides but only twelve solid angles.

**uigintiuir**, i, m. one of a commission of twenty officers, as for the division of the ager Campanus under Caesar's law, Cic. Att. 2, 6, 2; Plin. 7, 176; Suet. Aug. 4;

2. also for the execution of certain municipal duties in Rome, ten of whom held petty courts of law, four had charge of the roads, three of the coinage, three of public executions, see Becker; *x̄xiuro* monetali, inscr. Or. 2761; Spart. Iulian. 1; 3. as a council of state against Maximinus (about A.D. 265), inscr. Or. 3042; Capit. Gord. 10; 4. also out of Rome, as at Ostia, Iseriz. Mar. 806.

**uigintiuiratus**, ūs, m. the office of a uigintiuir, Cic. Att. 9, 2 a, 1; Tac. au. 3, 29; Quint. 12, 1, 16; inscr. Or. 3970.

**uigo**, ēre, vb. whence uigeo, Charis. 216, 31.

**uig-or**, ōris, m. vital energy, spirit, vigour, eundem uigorem in uultu uimque in oculis intueri, Liv. 21, 4, 2; Igneus est ollis nigor et caelestis origo Seminibus, Verg. 6, 730; add 9, 610; iuuentas et patrius uigor, Hor. od. 4, 4, 5; 2. aud iu pl., et corporum membris animorumque uigoribus, Vitr. 6, 1 f.; Sil. 15, 355; 3. met. as spirit or strength of wine, uigor indomitus, Plin. 14, 54 (so *ms* β); brilliancy of pearls, nec nisi in iuuenta constat ille qui quaeritur uigor, 9, 109; and of precious stones, et hic mares (sandastros) austeritas distinguit et quidam uigor adposita tinguens, 37, 101.

**uigōro**, āre, vb. invigorate, Tert. pud. 2; 2. intr. gain fresh vigour, Tert. res. 26 med.

**uilefācio**, ēre, vb. make contemptible, Lact. ad Stat. Theb. 5, 28.

**uile-escō**, ēre, ui, vb. [uili-adj.] become cheap, lose value, Hier. ep. 66, 7; Sid. cp. 7, 9; Avien. arat. 318.

**uilica**, ae, see uilicus § 5.

**uiliçatio**, ōnis, f. [uilica- vb.] management of a farm, office of bailiff or steward, Colum. 11, 1, 13; Petr. tr. 69.

**uilico**, ōnis, m.=uulicus, Apul. apol. p. 329.

**uilicor**, āri, vb. r. [uulico-m.] act as bailiff, Ego nondum etiam hīc uilicabar Faedria, Turp. 170 R;...Pater uilicatur tuus, iam mater uilica est, Atta 17 R; in Arpinos iam quantum pote explodam hominem ut uilicetur, Afran. 327; Longe ab urbe uilicari quo erus rarenter uenit, Nam non uilicari sed dominari est mea sententia, Pomp. 45; 2. aft. uilico, the same, met., ut in ea (sc. republica) quodammodo uilicaro possit, Cic. rep. 5, 5; and euen with acc., qui possessionem maximam uilicabat, Apul. M. 8, p. 211.

**uiliçus**, i, adj. [from uilla, with a single l because 1 follows i; cf. milia by the side of mille] lit. of a farm, uilica nomina lini, Aus. ep. 4, 56; 2. a farm-steward or bailiff, uilicus agri colendi causa constitutus atque appellatus a uilla, Varr. r. 1, 2, 14; male agitur cum domino quem uilicus docet, Cato ap. Colum. 11, 1, 4; Viltçē

siluarum et mihi me reddentis agelli, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 1; add Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 119; inscr. Or. 1789, 2858 and 5015;

3. gen. an overseer or bailiff over slaves, Eutyclus uilic. a plumbo, inscr. Or. 2859; uilic.  $\bar{x}$  lib. (uulicus uicesimae libertatis), 3334; utraque familia in aliquot ministeriorum species diducitur uulicos castellariorum..., Frontin. 117 de aqua Claudia; 4. met., Pegasus attonitae positus modo uilicus urbi, Iuv. 4, 77; 11 5. uilica, a female bailiff or bailiff's wife, Cato r. 143; Colum. 12, pr. 8; Atta 17 R; Catul. 61, 136; Mart. 1, 56, 11; Iuv. 11, 69.

**uulifāco**, āre, vb. [implies an adj. uulifāco-] make of little value, hold cheap, Hier. ep. 135.

**uulio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of M. Aurelius V., inscr. Mur. 2055, 5.

**uulipendo**, ēro, vb. hold cheap, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 58.

**uulis**, e, adj. first plentiful, abundant; 2. and so, of little value, cheap; plentiful, Neque quidquam uile nunc est nisi mores mali, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 10; et postea Qui homines probi essent, esset his annona uulior, Mil. 3, 1, 140; Saepē oleo tardi costas agitator aselli uulibūs aut onerat pomis, Verg. G. 1, 274 (so at least Serv. ad l.); hence, D. Atque huic aliquid paulum prae manu Dederis nnde utatur; reddet tibi cito. M. Istoc uulius, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 24 for Isto hoc (sc. aes) uulius (erit quam si tibi morem gesserim), this purse of mine will be so much fuller, for I will do nothing of the kind, i. e. a negative, 'Excuse me' or 'I wish you may get it.' Cf. Charis. 180, 26: Rex qui (l. Rex ei qui) uocabat ad cenam si tibi ea res exhibenda indiceretur quam exhibere non posset respondit ut Tranquillus refert: Isto uulius (uulior?) hominis erit cena, there will be so much the more dinner for others at the fellow's table, for he won't see me; 3. of little value, so worthless, vile, etiam si honor noster uobis uulior fuisset, salutem certe caram futuram, Cic. Flac. 103; neque adeo tibi uilis uita esset nostra ut..., Liv. 40, 9, 4; Et genus et uirtus nisi cum re uulior alga est, Hor. s. 2, 5, 8; Da reditum puero, senis est si gratia uilis, Ov. a. a. 2, 29; 4. hence cheap, frumentum quoniam uulius esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 195; Ac rebus uulioribus tamen duō talenta, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 8; 5. and so absol. in abl., uili, at a low price, cheap, E. Quid istam quam emit quanti eam emit? T. Uili. E. Haud istuc te rogo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49; Instructam uili uendis Amoene domum, Mart. 12, 66, 10; and in superl., res stipulatoris uulissimo distracta est, Ulp. dig. 13, 4, 2, 8; 6. uilo as adv. at little cost, uile uirentes ramos, Claud. 12 cons. Hon. 37; 7. adv. uuliter, Apul. flor. 7, p. 8, 12 Krueg.; uulius, Pl. Curc. 2, 1, 28; Plin. ep. 10, 46; uulissime, Plin. 18, 45; 8. some hold uilis to be one with Germ. feil 'for sale.'

**uulitas**, ātis, f. plenty and so low price, cheapness, tanta repente uilitas annonae ex summa uiopia et caritate rei frumentariae consentanea, Cic. Manil. 44; si uilitas in percipiendis fructibus fuit, consequitur uulitas in uendendis, Verr. 2, 3, 227; 2. uulitas sui, holding oneself cheap, Sen. ep. 121, 24; and clem. 1, 3, 4; 3. perh. goddess of plenty or cheapness in: Nam tu nunc uides pro tuo caro capite Carum offerre meum caput uilitati, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 34.

**uulito**, āre, vb. make of little value, Quiu moneam quiu clamem et querar tua uita quae te uulitant, Turp. 148 R.

**uulius**, a gentile name, CIL 979.

**uilla**, ae, f. [prob. for uicula, first Doederl.; dim. of a f. sb. uica= uico- m.] a farm-house, qui ager neque uillam habuit nequo..., Cic. Rose. com. 33; Modus hic probatur ut neque fundus uillam quaerat neque uilla fundum; and soon after, cum uilla Scaeuolae fructus non caperet, Plin. 18, 32; cf. Varr. r. 1, 11, 13; Colum. 1, 4, 5; Vitr. 6, 9; 2. uilla urbana, a country house with the added advantages of a town house, a villa, Colum. 1, 6, 21; Cato r. 4; Vitr. 6, 8; 3. u. publica, a vast public building in the Campus Martius, u. p. ad republicam administrandam est utilis, ubi cohortes ad delectum consuli adductae consistant, ubi arma ostendant, ubi ceusores censu admittant populum, Varr. r. 3, 2, 4; eo anno (320 a. u. c.) C. Furius Pacellus et M. Geganius Maecurius censores uillam publicam in Campo Martio probauerunt, ibique primum census populi



est actus, Liv. 4, 22, 7; VIL. PVB. on coins of the gens Didia and Gens Fonteia, CIL 483; 4. also for reception of ambassadors, Macedones (legati) deducti extra urbem in uillam publicam ibique iis locus et lautia praebita, Liv. 33, 24, 5; 5. the business part of a farm-house as opposed to that in which the family live, rogo scribas tuis ut illi uilla, ut domus pateat, Plin. ep. 5, 19, 8; 6. u. Iouis, a palace of Tiberius in Capreae, Suet. Tib. 65.

**uillā-ris**, e, adj. of a farm-house, gallinae, Plin. 10, 116. **uillā-t-icus**, adj. of a farm-house, pastionum genus, Varr. r. 3, 2, 13; gallinae, 3, 9, 3; greges, 2, 2, 8; mel, Colum. 9, 4, 7; canis, 7, 12, 3; alites, Plin. 23, 28.

**Villius**, a gentile name, as of L. Villius Tappulus, Liv. 31, 49, 12; L. Villius Annalis, Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 8, 5.

**Villonius**, a gentile name, Villoni L. 1. Niger, CIL 1339.

**uillōsus**, adj. [uillo- m.] shaggy, leo, Verg. 8, 177; pectora (Cacl), 8, 266; radix, Plin. 12, 45; uillosior, 16, 46; uillosissimus, 11, 229.

**uillōla**, ae, f. dim. a little farm-house, Cic. Att. 8, 9, 3; Hor. s. 1, 5, 45.

**uillum**, i, n. dim. [uino- n.; cf. ullus from ūnus] poor wine, black-strap, hoc uilli, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 11.

**uillus**, i, m. [see below] a tuft of hair, animalium aliae coris tectae sunt, aliae uillis uestitae, Cic. N. D. 2, 121; uisque aries in gurgite uillis Mersatur, Verg. G. 3, 446; 2. uillo- = floe of floeco- = our flock and lock (of hair) and λαχ of λαχων; from uell-; cf. uellus.

**uimen**, inis, n. [lost vb. uie bend, whence ui- eo; cf. uie- is] a flexible branch of any plant, see uieo; esp. an osier; reliquum corpus nauium uiminibus contextum coriis integebatur, Caes. b. c. 1, 54, 2; scutis ex cortice factis aut uiminibus intextis, b. g. 2, 33, 2; frutuosae legebant Vimina cum iuncis, Ov. M. 6, 344; 2. of Mercury's staff, Stat. Th. 2, 30.

**uiment-um**, i, n. [uimen] a pliable branch of any plant, moenia non saxo sed eratibus et uimentis ae media humo, Tac. an. 12, 16.

**uiminālis**, e, adj. of flexible branches, salix u., Plin. 17, 143; Colum. 4, 30, 2; 2. abs. uiminalis, a tree of this class, Plin. 17, 142; 3. V. collis, one of the seven hills of Rome, so called from its uimina, Varr. 1. p. 57 Sp.; CIL 1011; Fest. p. 376; and V. porta, a gate leading to it, id.; Macr. s. 1, 9, 17.

**uimin-ārius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in osiers, basket-maker, inser. Or. 4298.

**uimin-ētum**, i, n. a place overgrown with uimina, Varr. 1. p. 57 Sp.

**uimin-ēus**, adj. of uimina or flexible branches, fascēs, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 25; tegumenta, Caes. b. c. 3, 63, 7; crates, Verg. G. 1, 95.

**Vimin-ius**, adj. the same, a title of Iuppiter, Varr. 1. p. 57 Sp.; al. Viminio.

**Vimitellari**, one of the populi Albenses of Latium in old time, Plin. 3, 69.

**uin**, for uisne, see uolo.

**uināc-ēus**, (ius) adj. [uinum] of the vine, quae ex acino uinaceo (a single grape-berry) tantos truncos procreat, Cic. sen. 52; 2. as sb. m. (se. acinus) a grape-berry or raisin, post primam pressuram uinaceorum, Colum. 12, 36; uinaceos calcare, 12, 39, 2; 3. as sb. n. (so. granum) a grape-stone, uinacea quae acinis celantur—and soon after—cum in media parte acinorum sint, Colum. 11, 2, 69; sine uinaceis uuae quomodo creentur, arb. 5, 2;

4. more commonly, m. pl., f. pl.\* n. pl.† or f. s.‡, the grape-refuse after pressure, grape-cake (cf. our oil-cake), στερμφίλα, βρωτα, as cheap food for cattle etc., uinaceos quotidie recentes...conuoleato in dolia; id bene operito...quod des bubus per hiemem, Cato r. 25; add 10, 4, and 147 (8); quaeuunque iubentur uescentur (oues pellitae), ut folia ficulnea et palea(m) et uinacia†, Varr. r. 2, 2, 19; pabulum his (se. anatis) datur triticum ordeum uinacei uuae, 3, 11, 3; nec dubium quin ea† (se. uinacia) melius cum suis foliulis bubus praebere possint, nam et cibi et uini uires habent, Colum. 6, 3, 5; uinacea† (galinis), quamuis tolerabiliter pascent, dari non debent, nisi...,

8, 4, 2; cum parere desinent aues, uinacea† praebenda, 8, 5, 25; uinaceae‡ (eo?) cibo sterilescent (gallinae), Pall. 1, 27, 1; 5. for manure, circum capita addito sterens paleas uinaceas\*, Cato r. 33, 4; uinaceae‡ heminam uuae ponito (when sowing) atque ita serobem stercozata terra completo, Colum. arb. 4, 5; 6. as packing material, haec (so. grapes) in ollis; ollae in uinaceis conduntur, Cato r. 7, 2; (uuae) doliis inclusae stipatao uinaceis circumsudantibus, Plin. 14, 16.

**uināciōla**, adj. dim. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 38.

**Vinālia**, adj. n. pl. as sb. wine-festival, as first the Vinalia priora or urbana, on the ix kal. Mai. (Ap. 23), πρθοια, first tasting the preceding year's wine, degustaudis uinis instituta, Plin. 18, 287; Vinalia diem festum habebant, quo die uinum nouum Ioui libabant, Fest. p. 374; cf. Ov. F. 4, 863; so VIN is affixed to the day in the Fasti Maff. and Praen.; 2. Vinalia altera or rustica, on the xiv kal. Sept. (Aug. 19) on opening the vintage, Plin. 18, 289; quo die primum uina in urbem deferebant, Fest. p. 264; rustica Vinalia Veneri fiebant, p. 289; cf. Varr. r. 1, 1; so VIN affixed to this day in the Fast. Maff.

**uinālis**, e, adj. [uino- n.] of wine, fortitudo, Macr. s. 7, 19.

**uināriārius**, adj. as sb. m. [uinario- sb. n.] a dealer in wine-vessels, as bottles, etc., inser. Or. 4249.

**uinārius**, adj. [uino- n.] of wine, lacus, Cato r. 25; Colum. 12, 18, 3; uas, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; cella, Plin. 14, 89; saccus, 24, 3; 2. as sb. m. a dealer in wine, a vintner, Pl. As. 2, 4, 30; 3. as sb. n. (se. uas), a vessel for holding wine, a bottle or decanter, Hor. s. 2, 8, 39.

**uincā-peruinca**, ae, f. the plant periwinkle, Plin. 21, 68.

**uincerter**, adv. [implies uincens as an adj.] triumphantly, Schol. ad Cic. Sul. p. 81 Mai.

**uincens**, a non-existing word resting on a false reading in Pl. St. 4, 2, 56 for uincea of Ms A.

**uinciam** dicebant continentem, Fest. p. 379.

**uincib-ilis**, e, adj. [implies a secondary vb. uinc-ib- from uine, conquer; cf. trib- i.e. ter-ib- from ter-] able to be conquered, terra, Colum. 3, 12; 2. able to be established, causa, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 48; cf. uineo § 4; 3. conquering, victorious, elangor, Anthol. Burm. 2, 329.

**uincio**, ire, nxi, netum, vb. [see below] bind, uincio (com) aut neruo aut compedibus, lex ap. Gell. 20, 1, 45; Ne illum uerberes, uerum apud te uinctum adseruato domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 95; eum trinis catenis uinctus traheretur, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 5; suras uicere cothurno, Verg. 1, 337; nouis tempora floribus, Hor. od. 4, 1, 32; 2. met., pacto matrimonii, Tac. an. 6, 45; 3. the perf. and supine and sb. uinc-ulum show that there must have been a vb. uine- 'bind,' which is prob. one with

**uincō**, ěre, uici, uictum, vb. [see below] conquer, overcome, subdue, ius esse belli ut qui uicissent his quos uicissent quemadmodum uellent imperarent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; maiores nostri omnibus naualibus pugnis Karthaginienses uicerunt; hene in pass., si autem uincar, uinei a tali nullum mi est probrum, Att. 149 R; 2. absol. conquer, ueni, uidi, uici, Caes. ap. Suet. Caes. 37 f.; si hoc bene fixum omnibus in animo est, iterum dicam uicistis, Liv. 21, 44, 9; 3. met. gain the day in a suit or argument, prevail, (Ego) dico nicisso Orestem, nos ab hoc facessite, Enn. tr. 136 R; Quum tu horum nil refelles, uincem scilicet, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82; factumst, uentumst, uincimur, 1, 2, 85; 4. hence, prove, establish a point, either with acc. and inf., uicue bonum uirum fuisso Oppiaicum, Cic. Clu. 124; Viucit enim stultos ratio insanior nepotes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 225; 5. or with ut and subj., Neo uincet ratio hoc tantundem ut peccet idemque, Qui... et qui..., Hor. s. 1, 3, 115; bnt in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 31 and Hor. epod. 17, 27 the idea is differret; 6. win (a prize, a wager etc.), win in gambling, with acc. of that which is won, Sicut fortis equus, spatio qui saepe supremo Vicit Olimpia, nuuc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 442 V; ostendo eum uincere sponsonem si ostendat eum (illum?) non possedisse, Cic. Caecl. 91; numquid est cauae quin iste ex edicto non possederit, ego sponsonem uicierim



(al. sponsioe)? *Quinct.* 84; *Nou omnes causam uincere posse suam, Ov. her.* 15 (16), 76 (if uot spurious); cf. *uincibilis* § 2; nam si... uicissem quinquaginta milia, *Ang. ap. Suet.* 71; **7.** surpass. *Eam quoque (se. noctem) edepol etiam multo haec uicit longitudine, Pl. Amph.* 1, 1, 125; *morum immanitate uastissimas uincit beluas, Cic. rep.* 2, 48; **8.** a future part. *uinciturus, Petr. tr.* 45; *Iul. Val. Alex.* 1, 3; **9.** the root *uic-* prob. meant bind (cf. the phrase *da-re manus* to acknowledge oneself beaten); see *uic-is* and *uincio* § 3.

**uinctio**, ōnis, f. binding, *Cael. Aur. acut.* 3, 17; *Arnob.* 2, 87; 6, 203.

**uinctor**, ōris, m. one who binds together, *Arnob.* 6, 199. **uinctūr-a**, ae, f. binding, *Cels.* 8, 10, p. 346, 9D; *Plin.* 16, 174; **2.** esp. a truss, *Cels.* 7, 20, p. 300, 33D. 1 **uinctus**, part of *uincio*.

**2 uinctus**, ūs, m. a binding, *uinctu quod antiqui dicebant cestum, Varr. r.* 1, 8, 6.

**uinculātus**, quasi-part. [uinculo- n.] chained together, *met. Cael. Aur. tard.* 4, 8, 108; *Mart. Cap.* 1, 21 G, 23, 28 *Eyss.* (al. *uinctis*).

**uinc-ūlum**, and *uinculum* (ip prose as well as verse), i, n. [uinc- of uinci-] that with which one binds, a band, cord, chain, fetter, etiamsi corpora sint coustricta uinculis, *Cic. or.* 1, 226; *nodos et uincula linea rupit, Verg.* 5, 510; *Ipsē uiro primus manieas adquo arta leuari Vincula iubet Priamus, 2, 147; medias uites ninclis in terram defigito, Cato r.* 41; *Orgetorigem ex uinculis (so nrs) causam dicere coegerunt, Caes. b. g.* 1, 4, 1; *mitto uincula, mitto carcerem, mitto uerbera, Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 59; **2.** met., qui ius ciuile contemnendum putat, is uincula reuellit uitae communis, *Cic. Caeci.* 70; *dixerim me uel plurima uincula tecum summae coniunctionis optare, Att.* 6, 2, 1.

**uindēmia**, ae, f. [uiniū dem-; cf. *Varr.* 1. p. 96 Sp.] grape-gathering, vintage, messis uindemiaque, *CIL* 200, 95; *Pol ut praedicas uindemia haec huic anui non satis solist, Pl. Cure.* 1, 2, 16; *uua cum erit matura, uindemiam ita fieri oportet, Varr. r.* 1, 54, 1; *xi kal. Septembris stella quae uindemitor appellatur exoriri mane incipit uindemiae maturitatem promittens, Plin.* 18, 309; **2.** in pl. the vintage-season (so in Ital. le vendemmie) uindemias laetas agere te opto, *M. Aur. ad Fr.* 5, 23; uindemiarum gratiam nunc demum integram sentiam cum ualetudo placatior esse nobis coeperit, *ib.* 47; **3.** the grapes themselves, emptori addicta pendente uindemia, *Plin.* 14, 50; *Non eadem arboribus pendet uindemiā nostris, Verg. G.* 2, 89; *add 2, 522; 4.* of other agricultural harvests, olearum, *Plin.* 15, 5; *mellis, 11, 35; Colum.* 9, 15, 1; *turis, Plin.* 12, 58; **5.** hence *Fr.* vendange and so our vintage.

**uindēmiā-lis**, e, adj. of the vintage, fructus, *Macr. s.* 7, 7, 14; *escas uindemiales, inscr. Or.* 4419.

**uindēmiātor**, ōris, m. [uindemia vb.] grape-gatherer, *Varr.* 1. p. 96 Sp.; *durus uindēmiātor et inuictus cui saepe uiator...*, *Hor. s.* 1, 7, 30 (wh. note the metrical licence); **2.** a star in *Virgo*, *Colum.* 11, 2, 24; called also *uindēmtor*, *At non effugiet uindēmtor. Hoc quoque causam...*, *Ov. F.* 3, 407; *Sen. ludus* 2, 1; *Plin.* 18, 309.

**uindēmiātorius**, adj. of the vintage, uasa, *Varr. r.* 3, 2, 8.

**uindēmiō**, āre, vb. [uindemia sb.] gather in the vintage, nouissimas (uuas) uindemiant, *Plin.* 14, 30; uinum, *Colum.* 12, 33, 1; **2.** absol., sed iam et kal. Ianuar. defectu uasorum uindemiantis uidi, *Plin.* 18, 319.

**uindēmiōla**, ae, f. a little grape-crop, *Cic. Att.* 1, 10, 4. **uindēmiōtor**, see uindemiator.

**uindēmitus**, a cognomen, *Ser. Cornelius V.*, *inscr. Grut.* 1145, 3.

**uindex**, icis, m. [see below] one who asserts a right to a thing, a claimant. See *uindicia* § 1 and *uindico* § 5;

**2.** one who protects from arrest by becoming a security, qui ita uadimouium... non promississet aut uindicem locupletem ita non dederit..., *CIL* 205, 2, 23; uindex ab eo quod uindicat quominus is, qui prensus est ab aliquo, tenetur, *Fest. p.* 376. See *uindico* § 2; assiduo uindex assiduus esto; proletario iam cui cui quis (l. quisquis for cui quis) uolet uindex esto, *xii tab. ap. Gell.* 16, 10, 5; 'quod

tu mihi iudicatis es sestertium x milia, ego tibi manus inicio' (so far *xii tab.*); et simul aliquam partem corporis eius predebat neo licebat iudicato manum sibi depellere sed uindicem dabat qui pro se causam agere solebat; qui uindicem non dabat, domum ducebatur ab actore et uinciebatur, *Gai.* 4, 21; and *Cic. top.* 10; **3.** hence assertor, protector, deliverer, first with gen. of what is defended, *L. Scipio et C. Laelius iudices maiestatis imperii, Liv.* 28, 28, 14; *mo (Ciceronem) illum ipsum uindicem aeris alieni (of creditors), Cic. Att.* 2, 1, 11; *arreptus a uiatore 'pronoco' inquit; audita uox una uindex libertatis silentium fecit, Liv.* 3, 56, 6; *habeat sane populus tabellam quasi uindicem libertatis, Cic. leg.* 3, 39; **4.** with gen. of what is warded off, *placuit Verginium acciri e castris, in eo uerti puellae salutem si nindex iniuriae ad tempus praesto esset, Liv.* 3, 46, 6; *re illum (Pompeium) sibi collegam adscriberetis custodem ac uindicem cupiditatum, Cic. agr.* 2, 24; *C. Vesnio Stel. uindici populi Vruini, patrono suo, inscr. Or.* 3714; **5.** an auerger or puisher of past misdeeds, *me uindicem conuentionis oderunt, Cic. fam.* 5, 6, 2; *Furiae (so Madvig) deae sunt speculatrix et uindices facinorum et sceleris, N. D.* 3, 46; **6.** a cognomen, as *M. Cominius V.*, *CIL* 1432; **7.** perh. uin-dec- for suun-dec-, i.e. qui suum esse dicit; as to loss of s cf. ueh for sueh. At any rate uindico is from uindex (cf. iudico, iudico, praedico), not the converse.

**uindicatio**, ōnis, f. the prosecution of a claim to property, actionum dno sunt genera in rem quae dicitur uindicatio et in personam quae conditio appellatur, *Ulp. dig.* 44, 7, 25; *bonorum, Traj. ap. Plin. ep.* 10, 88; **2.** the warding off or punishing insolence and insult, uindicationem per quam uim et contumeliam defendendo aut ualcendo a nobis..., et per quam peccata punimus, *Cic. inu.* 2, 66; 2, 161.

**uindicia**, ae, f. [uindex- sb.] first u. rei, the laying one's hand on anything and so claiming it as one's property, nam de qua re disceptatur in iure (iu re) praesenti, siue ager siue quid aliud est, cum aduersario simul manu prendere et... (soll)emnibus uerbis uindicare, id est uindicia; correptio manus... apud praetorem ex *xii tabulis* fiebat, *Gell.* 20, 10, 7; si uindiciam falsam tulit rei siue litis, *xii tab. ap. Fest. p.* 376 M; **2.** the thing itself so claimed, *Ser. Sulpicius... uindiciam esse ait qua de re controuersia est, Fest. p.* 376; uindiciae olim dicebantur illae (glebae?) quae ex fundo sumptae in ius adlatiae erant, *Cinc. ap. Fest.* 1. c.; **3.** uindicia or uindiciae litis, a previous suit as to which of the parties should hold the property in the interval before a judicial decision, when the praetor had to decide in favour of one or the other, secundum hunc uel illum uindicias dicere or decernere, and the party so far succeeding was said uindicias ferre; but both had to give security (sponsio), one that he would not damage the property and would account for profits etc., the other for costs; see *Ascon. ad Verr.* 2, 1, 115 (or 45); *edictum... (ut) si quis testamento se heredem esse arbitretur quod tum non extaret; lege ageret in hereditatem; aut pro praede litis uindiciarum cum satis accepisset, sponsionem faceret, ita de hereditate certaret, Cic. l. c.; praetores secundum populum uindicias dicunt, Cato orat.* 50, 2 I; **4.** so in a previous trial as to which party, the assertor in libertatem or the assertor in seruitutem, should have the custody of one alleged to be a slave, postulauit ut uindicias det (*Appius*) secundum libertatem, *Liv.* 3, 44, 5; si huius uindiciis cesserit, if he yield to this man's claim, 45, 11; *decesse (Appium) uindicias, secundum seruitutem, 47, 5; nox ex eo missa ore quo uindiciae nuper ab libertate dictae erant, 56, 4; iudicem illi ferre in uindicias ab libertate in seruitutem dederit, 57, 5; tertio illo anno (decemuirorum) cum uindicias amississet ipsa libertas, Cic. rep.* 3, 44.

**uindiciūm**, ii, n. = uindiciatio, *inscr. Visc. P. M.* 1, 33; *εκδικησις* defensio uindiciūm, *Gloss. Philox.*

**uindico**, āre, vb. [uindex] lit. claim as one's own in a court of law, see *uindicia* § 1; **2.** act. as uindex or security for another, and so protect from arrest, Ni iudicatum facit aut quis endo eom iure uindicit, secum ducito, *xii tab. ap. Gell.* 20, 1, 45, wh. uindicit seems to be for



uindicarit, just as uerberit for uerberarit, in an old law ap. Fest. p. 230; cf. uindex § 2; 3. obtain the custody as a friend, pendente lite, of one alleged to be a slave, se a M. Claudio petiturum ut...uindicari puellam in posterum diem pateretur; and soon after, ita uindicatur puella spondeuibus propinquis, is given over to them pro tem. as uindices, Liv. 3, 46, 8; 4. by met. from the ease of one protected against a claim as being a slave, se (Caesarem) ex provincia egressum ut populum Romanum in libertatem uindicaret, to assert the liberty of, Caes. b. e. 1, 22, 5; eum me existima esse qui rem publicam uindicare in libertatem paratus sim, Asin. Pol. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 31, 5; and more briefly, tanta Galliae consensio fuit libertatis uindicandae, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 2; 5. still more beyond the sphere of law, claim, generally, Homerum Colophonii ciuem esse dieunt suum, Chii suum uindicant, Cic. Arch. 19; clamitans flagitium fore si alterum exercitum utriusque uictoriae compotem sinerent fieri nec ad se sui belli uindicarent deus, Liv. 9, 43, 14; prospera omnes sibi uindicant, aduersa uni imputantur, Tac. Agr. 27; 6. defend (from injury), hold harmless, gen. with ab, sapientiam esse solam quae nos a libidinum impetu uindicet, Cic. fin. 1, 46; uos a uerberibus, ab uno, a crucis terrore ueque res gestae neque uostri honores uindicabunt? Rab. perd. 16; existimator uetus oleum et ebori uindicando a carie utile esse, Plin. 15, 32; 7. avenge, punish, chiefly with acc. of misdoings, petimus a uobis iudices ut quam acerrime malificia uindicetis, Cic. Rose. Am. 12; talis improborum consensio supplicio omni uindicanda est, am. 43; Quique necem Crassi uindicet ultor erit, Ov. F. 6, 468; existumans Adherbalem iniurias suas (the wrongs he had suffered) manu uindicaturum, Sal. Jug. 20, 4; Scipionis nemo uindicauerat mortem, Plin. 10, 123; 8. rarely with ace. of person avenged, Credis te satis esse uindicatum, Mart. 2, 83, 4; morte me anseris uindicauit, Petr. 136; utrum me ab illo debeam uindicare, Sen. ben. 6, 5, 4, perh. lit. protect myself from him as to any future wrong by present vengeance; 9. pass. impers. with iu and ace. of persons, vengeance is taken (upon), punishment is inflicted (on), fateor non modo in socios sed etiam in ciues nostros persaepe esse uehementer uindicatum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 133; in quos grauius Caesar uindicandum statuit, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 4; Quid igitur censes, uindicandum in eos? Sal. Jug. 31, 18; 10. hence Fr. venger, as from iudicare iuger.

1 uindic-ta, ae, f. [uindic-, as an assessor of freedom, with exrescent t], perh. orig. an adj. and hence as sb. f. (se. uirga) the wand which a lietor by order of a consul (aft. praetor) placed on the head of a slave as a sign of freedom and citizenship, Ph. Ita me Veuus amet ut ego te hoc triduum nunquam suam in domo esse istae quiu ego te liberalem liberem...Quando ego te uidebo? Pl. Hem istoe uerbo uindicatam para, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 52; si neque censu nec uindicata nec testamento liber factus est, non est liber, Cic. top. 10; quem ter uindicata quaterque Imposita haud unquam misera formidine priuet, Hor. s. 2, 7, 76; Viudicta postquam meus a praetore recessi, Pers. 5, 88; ille primum dicitur uindicata liberatus, Liv. 2, 5, 9; add Plin. ep. 7, 16, 3; Sen. clem. 1, 8, 6; and prob. inser. Or. 4359 wh. uindicata seems to be an error for uindicata; 2. hence gen. assertion, defence, libertatis, Vell. 2, 64, 3; legis seuerae, Ov. Pont. 4, 6, 33.

2 uindic-ta, ae, f. [from uindica- vb.] revenge, vengeance. At uindicata bonum uita iucundius ipsa, Iuv. 13, 180; interea Artabanus cupidine uindicatae exardescere, Tac. an. 6, 32; hac uindicata gaudens, Petr. 136; add Plin. 29, 18; Phaedr. 1, 29, 10; Iuv. 16, 22.

uindictor, ōris, m. ἐκδικῶς defensor uindictor, Gloss. Vindinātes, ium, pl. the inhabitants of a town Vindinum in Umbria, Plin. 3, 114; inser. Grut. 411, 3.

Vindullus, i, m. a cognomen, Cn. Pompeius V., Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; apparently a freedman of Pompey's.

Vindupales, or Vendupales, is, a small stream near Genua, CIL 199.

uinea, or uinia, adj. f. as sb. (se. arbor) [uinum] a vine, Cato r. 6; Varr. r. 1, 25; Fame coacta uulpes alta in uinea Vuam appetebat summis saliens uiribus, Phaedr.

4, 3, 1; Colum. 4, 10, 2; 4, 22, 5 and arb. 4; 2. as a collective, a vineyard, nec uero segetibus solum...et uineis...res rusticae laetatio uent sed hortis etiam et pomariis, Cic. sen. 54; iugera eo in quibus oliuetum fieri potest; iugera ecce ubi institui uineae possunt, agr. 2, 67; Hinc omnis longo pubescit uinea fetu, Verg. G. 2, 390; add Hor. s. 2, 4, 43; reip. (=reipublicae) Petelinorum dari uolo uineam Caedicianam eum partem (sie) fundi...and soon after, uineam...quae est Aminea..., inscr. Or. 3678; locum uiniae (sie) publicae occupatum a priuatis restituit, 3261 (A. D. 75); II 3. as sb. f. (se. machina) a moveable shed, prob. at first made of vine-branches, and hence the name a uinea, under wh. the soldiers might undermie the wall of a besieged city. Veg. mil. 4, 15 (wh. see) describes one as 8 feet high, 7 broad and 16 long; tanta (erat in oppido) multitudo tormentorum ut eorum uim nullae contextae nimirum uineae sustinere possent, Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 1; id (oppidum) ex itinere propter muri altitudinem expugnare non potuit; castris munitis uineas agere coepit, b. g. 2, 12, 2; add 7, 17, 1; uallo et fossa circumdedi (Piudenissum)...aggere uineis turribus oppugnaui, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 10; et mediis subrepsit uinea muris, Luncan. 2, 506; Sal. Jug. 92, 8; 4. as sb. f. (se. uirga) a centurion's staff made of a vine, sub nitem procliari dieuntur milites quum sub uinea militari pugnant, Fest. p. 311; sub uineam iacere dicuntur milites quum astantibus centurionibus iacere coguntur sudes, ib.; cf. uitis.

uinea-lis, e, adj. of a vine, terra, Colum. 3, 12, 1.

uinea-rius, adj. of a vine, colles, Colum. 5, 6, 36; horti, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 198.

uinea-ticus, adj. of a vine, falces et faleulae, Cato r. 11, 4; semina, Colum. 4, 1, 1; fructus, 7, 3, 11.

uina-tum, i, n. [uinum] a vineyard, Cic. N. D. 2, 167; Verg. G. 2, 319; Colum. 3, 4, 1; prov. Vt uineta egomet caedam mea, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 220, like our 'to foul my own nest,' cf. quid messes uris acerba tuas? Tib. 1, 2, 98.

uineus, adj. of wine, latex, Solin. 5 med.; cf. uinea.

uinia, see uinea.

Viniciānus, adj. of Vinicius, coniuatio, Suet. Ner. 36.

Vinicius, name of a gens, see above; 2. also of an Oscan gens, Viinikiis, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 30.

Vinidius, or Vindius, a gentle name, as Vinidius Verus, the juriconsult, Paul. dig. 2, 9, 2; Ulp. 2, 14, 7; Capitol. Anton. P. 12.

uiniola, ae, f. dim. [uinia=ueinea] a little vineyard, inscr. Or. 4401.

uinitor, ōris, m. [uinum] a vine-dresser, Cic. fin. 5, 40; Aut custos gregis aut matura uinitor uuae, Verg. B. 10, 36.

uinitōr-ius, adj. of a vine-dresser, falx, Colum. 4, 25.

uiniuōrax, aeis, adj. wine-swallowing, Commod. instr. 18, 23.

uinnūlus, adj. dim. [?] soft, gentle, Osculaudo oratione uinnula uenustula, Pl. As. 1, 3, 70; uinnula uox est leuis et mollis, Isid. orig. 3, 20 f.

uinnōlentia, ae, f. a habit of drinking, drunkenness, Cic. Phil. 2, 101; top. 75.

uinnōlentus, or uinnūlentus, adj. [uinum] drunken, furor, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 4; agr. 1, 1; 2. u. medicamenta, strong of wine, Cic. Pis. 13.

uinnōsitas, ātis, f. drunkenness, Tert. iei. 1 f.

uinnōsus, adj. drunken, lena uinosissima, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 77; Scip. Afr. ap. Gell. 7, 12, 5; Homerus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 6; uinosior actas, Ov. F. 3, 765; 2. drunk, Istrorum pauci qui modice uinuat erant memores fuerunt fugae, aliis somno mors continua est, Liv. 41, 4, 4; 3. of plants, having a wine-flavour, punicea, Plin. 13, 113; odor, 27, 28; sapor, 12, 47.

Vinūla, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, Rutilia Rufina V., inser. Grut. 922, 4; cf. uinnulus.

uinum, i, n. [see below] the produce of the vine, as first, grapes, Tum uinum priusquam coctum est, pendet putidum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 125; haec lege uinum pendens (grapes yet hanging on the tree) uenire oportet, Cato r. 147; Vindemiator uel quod uinum legere dicitur uel quod de uiti id demit, Varr. l. p. 96 Sp.; 2. wine, si uinum bibit



(mulier), condemnatur, Cato orat. 68, 5 I; Vel heri in uino quam immodestus fuisti, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 7; quam uolent ad uinum disertū sint, Cic. Cael. 67; passim somno uinōque per herbam Corpora fusa uident, Verg. 9, 316; 4. wine from other fruits, e nipsis..., e iunipero, Plin. 23, 52; apsinthite uino, 23, 53; e mili semina...ex loto arbore...e pomis...e palmis...e fico..., 14, 101 and 102; 4. uinum as a n. sb. denoting the produce of a tree suggests a f. uinus for the tree itself; cf. malum, pirum etc. by the side of malus, pirus etc. Also uinea both as a shed and as a centurion's staff can only be deduced from such a form; 5. uinum compared with uitis tells us that the u is not radical. The root is prob. uic-bend, so that these two words stand for uic-num and uiet-is; 6. uino- = uino-, i.e. *uouo*- or *uivo*-; = Eng. wine.

**uio**, āre, vb. [uia-sb.] go, of wine condemned by Quint. 8, 6, 3; hoc (laureati pro illo lauro coronati) feliciter eualuit, at contra uio pro eo infeliciter; Amm. 20, 9, 1; Iuuen. 1, 126; Prud. Sym. 2, 772.

**uiō-cūr-us**, i, m. [uia, cur-a-vb.] commissioner of roads, Varr. l. p. 18 Sp.; inser. Mur. 667, 1; Grut. 383, 8; Iecorus (uicorus conj. Vulcanius) ἀστυνομος, Gloss.

**uiōla**, ae, f. dim. violet, Pallentes uiōlae, Verg. B. 2, 47; Plin. 21, 27; 2. in the sing. a mass of gathered violets, A. Etiamne in cruciata atque tormentis? M. An tu me in uiola putabas aut in rosa dicere? Cic. Tusc. 5, 73;

3. violet as a colour, Nec tinctus uiōlā pallor amantium, Hor. od. 3, 10, 14; quod in uiolam desinat fulgor, Plin. 37, 121; 4. a female cognomen, Fufisia A. l. Viola, inser. Grut. 725, 7.

**uiōlāb-ilis**, e, adj. that may be polluted or violated, Verg. 2, 154; Ov. ? her. 15 (Sappho), 79; Stat. Th. 5, 258.

**uiōlāc-eus**, adj. [= uiola] of violet, as a colour, violet, purpura, Nep. ap. Plin. 9, 136; flos, Plin. 22, 47; ion (gemma), 37, 170.

**uiōlāc-ium**, adj. n. as sb. (sc. ius) a violet-sauce, Apic. 1, 4.

**Viōlantilla**, ae, f. a cognomen, Stat. silu. 1, 2.

**uiōlā-rius**, adj. of violet, hence as sb. m. a dyer in violet, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 36; inser. Don. 8, 78; 2. as sb. n. a bed of violets, Varr. r. 1, 35, 1; Verg. G. 4, 32; Ov. F. 4, 437; item, xi Apr. die uiolari..., inser. Or. 2417.

**uiōlātio**, ōnis, f. pollution, violation, templi, Liv. 29, 8, 11; fidei, Vell. 2, 1, 5; religionum, Sen. ep. 104, 28.

**uiōlātius**, = uiolarius § 1; Fest. p. 89.

**uiōlātor**, ōris, m. polluter, violator, gentium iuris, Liv. 4, 19, 3; templi, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 27; foederis, Tac. an. 1, 58; dictatoris (Caesaris), Maer. s. 2, 3, 13; natrix uiolator aquae, Lucan. 9, 720.

1 **uiōlātus**, part. of uiolo.

2 **uiōlātus**, quasi-part. [uiola f.] flavoured or scented with violets, Pall. 3, 32.

**uiōlens**, ntis, adj. impetuous, furious, violent, only in poets, Aufidus, Hor. od. 3, 30, 10; uictor, ep. 1, 10, 37; Nunc ferus et uiolens, Pers. 5, 171; 2. a cognomen, L. Volunnius Flamma Violens (cons. 447 a. u. c.);

3. adv. uiolenter, impetuously, furiously, violently, in prose as well as verse, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 4; Sal. Iug. 40, 5; Liv. 5, 1, 4; Hor. od. 1, 2, 13; uiolentius, Suet. Aug. 51 and Tit. 6; uiolentissime, Colum. 7, 3, 4; Iust. 25, 5, 1.

**uiōlentia**, ae, f. violence, fury, hominis, Cic. Phil. 12, 26; fortunae, Sal. Cat. 53, 3; uini, Lucr. 3, 483.

**uiōlentus**, adj. [ui-sb. f. cf. fraud-ulentus] impetuous, furious, violent, quamuis sis u. et furens, Cic. Phil. 2, 68; censoris, Liv. 9, 34, 9; uiolentior Enrrus, Verg. G. 2, 107; uiolentissimae tempestatis, Cic. Clu. 138; 2. for adv. see uiolens.

**uiōleus**, adj. of violet, Terent. syl. 378; nectar, Cass. uar. 12, 4.

**uiōlo**, āre, vb. [ui- = ui of uiuio-] pollute (what is holy or pure), de locis religiosis ac de lucis quos ab hoc uiolatos esse dixisti, Cic. Rab. per. 7; nullum (esse) ius tam sanctum quod non eius scelus uiolarit, Rosc. Am. 109; neque deorum pudet quos periurio uiolasti, Sal. or. Phil. f.; Cereale nemus, Ov. M. 8, 741; Porrum et caepe nefas

uiolare, Iuv. 15, 9; hospites, Caes. b. g. 6, 23, 9; parentes, Cic. fin. 3, 32; Hae quicumque sacrum uiolarit uolnere corpus... (Camillae, Dianae famulae), Verg. 11, 591; Pontia Prima haec sita est, nolei uiolare, CIL 1081; P. Octaui ossa haec sita suut, ni uiolato, 1241; indutias, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; foedera, Liv. 28, 44, 7; uiolauit nirginem pro uitiantū dicebant, Varr. l. p. 256; gnati uiolasse cubile, Catul. 67, 23; aures obscuro sermone, Petr. 85; 2. met., fues eorum se uiolaturum negauit, Caes. b. g. 6, 32, 2; solent fistulae septum transuerum uiolare, Cels. 7, 4, p. 267, 17 D; Indum sanguineo ueluti uiolauerit ostro Siquis ebur, Verg. 12, 67; from ὡς δ' ὅτε τις τ' ἐλεφαντα γυνή φοινικὶ μαινή (note this vb), Il. 4, 141; 3. these examples counteract the idea that the word is connected with uis or uiolentus.

**uiōpera**, ae, adj. f. as sb. [= uiui-pera; cf. puerpera] a viper or adder, terrestrium eadem (sc. uipera) sola intra se parit ova; tertia die intra uterum catulos excludit, Plin. 10, 170; Vipera delituit caelumque exterrita fugit, Verg. G. 3, 417; Neque intumescit alta uiperis humus, Hor. epod. 16, 52; Gell. 4, 13, 2; 2. met. as a term of abuse, Non sum tam criniosa quam tu uipera, Afran. 282 R; etiamne in sinu uiperam illam ueneuata[m] habere potuerunt? Cic. har. r. 50; recisa prius lingua, quam in manu teneus barbarus, Tandem inquit uipera sibilare desiste, Flor. 4, 12, 37; add Iuv. 6, 641; 3. prov. uiperam nutricare sub ala, Petr. tr. 77; but the alleged prov., uipera est in ueprecula, attributed to Pomp. ap. Non. 231, is solely due to a wrong conjectural reading.

**uiōpēr-eus**, adj. [uipera] of viper or adder, anima, Verg. 7, 351; carnes, Ov. M. 2, 769; sorores (of the Furies), 6, 662; uenenum, Lucan. 9, 635.

**uiōpērlnus**, adj. the same, e uiperino morsu uenae uiscerum Veneno inbutae taetrois cruciatus cient, Att. 552 R; nodo, Hor. od. 2, 19, 19; cruor, epod. 3, 6; sauiē, Plin. 7, 279.

**uiōpio**, ōnis, m. [a foreign word] a small crane, item uipiones sic eum uocant minorem gruem (in honore mensarum est), Plin. 10, 135, speaking of the Balearic islands.

**Vipsanius**, a gentile name, M. Vipsanius Agrippa the son-in-law of Augustus.

**Vipsanus**, adj. of Vipsanius, or M. Vipsanius Agrippa, laurus, Mart. 1, 108, 3; columbis, 4, 18, 1.

**uir**, uiri, m. a man, first as opposed to a woman, melius quam uiri callent mulieres, Att. 27 R; Vos enim iuuenes animum geritis muliebrem, illa (pron. monos. as Fr. elle) uirgo uiri, poet. inc. ap. Cic. off. 1, 61; uirum me natam uellem; Ego ostenderem..., Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 9; Dequē uirō factus mirabile femina semper Egerat autumnos, Ov. M. 3, 326; Quisquis ades lingua uir mulierque faue, Tib. 2, 2, 2; Quod tu non esses iūrē, uir illa fuit, Ov. her. 9, 104;

2. hence, a husband, quid uiro meo respondebo? Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 1; nec uereor ne uir rure recurrat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 127; matrona cum uirum extulisset, Petr. 111; add Sal. Cat. 24 f.; 3. of animals, Vir gregis ipse caper derraucrat, Verg. B. 7, 7; (cf. ταν ἀργαν ἀνερ of Theoc. S, 49; uiri capellarum, Mart. 3, 93, 11; Ov. M. 1, 660); 4. manhood, virility, Itaque ut relicta seusit sibi membra siue uiro, Catul. 63, 6; Necon infelix ferro mollita iuuentus Atque exsecta uirum, Lucan. 10, 134; 5. a man, not a child, a grown man, Littera communis mediis pueroque uiroquo Inscripta est foliis, Ov. M. 13, 397;

6. hence in opp. to woman and child, a man of courage, C. Marius rusticanus uir sed plane uir cum secaretur (for varicose veins) pricipio utcuti se alligari...et tamen fuisse aerem morsum doloris idem ostendit crus enim alterum non praebuit. Ita et tulit dolorem ut uir et ut homo maiorem ferre sine caussa necessaria noluit, Cic. Tusc. 2, 53; non sentire mala sua non est hominis, et nou ferre non est uiri, Sen. ad Pol. 17, 2; 7. very rarely with evil epithets, turpissimi uiri, Sal. Iug. 85, 42; nefaudus, Verg. 4, 497; but in Sen. Thy. 212 humili uiro, the eulogistic idea is intended; 8. still often used ironically, Praeter spem enenit; scutio; hoc male habet uirum, Ter. And. 2, 6, 5; Vidisti igitur uirum ut scripseras? Ingenuisti? Certe, Cic. Att. 9, 18, 3; see also the ironical use of bonus uir under bonus; 9. in milit. lang. uiri as opposed to



equites, the infantry, terrebant ex aduerso hostes omnem ripam equites uirique obtinentes, Liv. 21, 27, 1; Magna noce trahens equitemque uirosque, Sil. 9, 559; pariter turmaeque uirique...iacebant, Petr. 123, v. 194;

**10.** uir uirum legit, a mode of election well adapted to get the élite, where a small number are first selected by the authorities and each of them makes the choice of one and so on, Etrusci lege sacra coacto exercitu, cum uir uirum legisset, quanti numquam antea simul copiis simul auinis dimicauerunt, Liv. 9, 39, 5; this system is alluded to in Cic. Mil. 55 in speaking of Clodius and his friends, and was applied to the election of Senators; Suet. Ang. 35; **11.** uirum for uirorum common in poets; **12.** uireis as nom. pl., CIL 198, 14; **13.** uir, Welsh gwŷ, Gael. fear, also forms the suffix of such nouns as act-or, ianit-or, Fr. brass-ear, Welsh bat-wi; Germ. kat-er, Eng. brew-er. See erus.

**uir-a**, ae, f. a woman or nymph, querquedulae uirae putantur significari Nymphae praesidentes querceto. Feminas antiqui uiras appellabant, Fest. p. 261.

**uirāc-ius**, or uirāceus, adj. [uirō-] made of man, masculine, ...si non malit uiraciam se uxorem habere Atalantam (alii al.), Varr. s. p. 167 R.

**uirāgo**, uis, f. dim. [uir] a masculine woman, a stout woman, a heroine, ego emero matri tuae Ancillam uiraginem aliquam non malam forma mala, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 78; Hoc concussa metu mentem Iturna uirāgo Aurigam Turni media inter lora Metisum Excudit, Verg. 12, 468; Huc ubi peruenit bello metuenda uirāgo, Ov. M. 2, 765 of Pallas, and so again 6, 130; Stat. silu. 4, 5, 23 and Th. 11, 414. In Cic. off. 1, 61 the reading is uirgo not uirago; see uir zud ex.

**uirātus**, ūs, m. manliness, Sid. ep. 7, 9 med.

**Virbiālis**, e, adj. of Virbius, Flamini Virb., inscr. Or. 4022; Flamini Virbiali, 4102.

**Virbius**, ii, m. [not from uir bis, but rather from *Διοσβιος* = *Διοσβιος*; cf. *ἑκατε* for *δευκατε*, uigiuti for duiginti] Hippolytus, son of Theseus, who as having two lives took the name of Virbius, quique fuisti Hippolytus dixit nunc idem Virbins esto, Ov. M. 15, 544; Ibat et Hippolyti proles pulcherrima bello Virbius, Verg. 7, 762.

**uiridārium**, see uiridarius.

**uirect-um**, aft. uiretum, i, n. [implies a sb. uir-ec-t; cf. carectum from carec; the t crescent] coppice, shrubbery, Deuenere locos laetos et amoena uirecta, Verg. 6, 638; Optima siluarum formosis densa uiretis, Dirae ad Battarum 27; Prud. Cath. 3, 201; **2.** the green of an emerald, Mart. C. 1, 18 G, 20, 3 Eyss.

**uirens**, ntis, part. of uireo; **2.** as adj. green, mons illicibus, Verg. G. 3, 146; agellus, Hor. A. P. 117; **3.** uirentia, as sb. n. pl., places covered with vegetation, Colum. 1, 5, 8 and 3, 8, 1.

**1 uireo**, ēre, ūi, vb. [uer- of uerg- pour, in reference to sap] flow with sap, be green, et arbores et ea quae sunt humiliora, alia semper uirent, alia, hieme nudata, uerno tempore frondescunt, Cic. Tusc. 5, 37; Quale solet...uisum fronde uirere noua, Verg. 6, 206; Summa uirent pinu, Ov. F. 5, 382; **2.** met., esp. of a green old age, have the sap flowing, be strong, dumque uirent gēna, Hor. epod. 13, 4; exactae iam aetatis Camillus erat sed uegetum ingenium in uiuido pectore uigebat uirebatque, Liv. 6, 22, 7; haec est secunda aetas populi Romani et quasi adulescentia qua maxime uiruit, Flor. 1, 22; add Ov. M. 9, 267; F. 5, 273.

**2 uir-co**, or uir-io, ōnis, f. a greenfinch, Plin. 18, 292.

**uīres**, see uis.

**1 uir-escere**, escēre, ui, vb. flow with sap, hence become green, Arborei fetus alibi atque iniussa uirescunt Gramina, Verg. G. 1, 55; Resquo fide maior, coepere uirescere telae Inque hederæ faciem pendens frondescere uestis, Ov. M. 4, 394; **2.** met., Claud. cons. Prob. 63; but in Lucr. 1, 674 uigescat, Lachm.; **3.** see uireo.

**2 uiresco**, ēre, vb. [uir- of uires] become strong, Increscunt animi, uirescit uolnere uirtus, Fur. ap. Gell. 18, 11, 3, who defends the word against the grammarian Caesellius Vindex.

**uirētum**, see uirectum.

**uirga**, ae, f. [uerg- pour (sap)] a young branch, sprout, stalk, Et specus in medio uirgis ac uimino densus, Ov. M. 3, 29; Vt quatitur tepido fraxina uirga noto, her. 11, 76; Vt si quis uiolas...Liliaque infringat fuluis haerentia uirgis, M. 10, 190; add 11, 109; **2.** hence a slip for planting or grafting, illam (salicem) in umidis uirga seri, Plin. 17, 136; fissa modo cortice uirgam Inserit, Ov. M. 14, 630; **3.** more commonly a branch, as removed from the living tree, a stick, a rod, a switch, Nuno facilis rubra textatnr fiscina uirga, Verg. G. 1, 266; uolucrum uiscata fallere uirga, Ov. M. 15, 474; **4.** a rod or stick for flogging (slaves), Vao illis uirgis miseris quae hodie in tergo morietur meo, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 117; uirgia dorsum depoliet meum, Epid. 1, 1, 85; **5.** also a licitor's rod, hominem nudari iebet, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 161; forte incidit ut licitor Sulpicii, cum is se domum reiperet, forem ut mos est uirga percuteret, Liv. 6, 34, 6; hence a symbol of office, et quos praetexta uerendos Virgaque eum uerbis imperiosa facit, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 31; **6.** also of Mercury's staff, Tum uirgam capit; haec animas ille euocat Oreo Pallentes..., Verg. 4, 242; uirgaquo lenem coecet Aurea turbam, Hor. od. 1, 10, 18; **7.** of a magician's wand, Aurea percussum uirga uersumque uenenis Fecit aem Circe, Verg. 7, 189; Et tetigit snmos uirga dea dira capillos, Ov. M. 14, 278; **8.** met. a branch in a genealogical tree, multa deducere uirga fumosos equitum cum dictatore magistros, Iuv. 8, 7; **9.** a streak, a stripe, as of rouge, Pallida purpureis spargat sua corpora (flesh of the cheek) uirgis, Ov. a. a. 3, 269; cf. uirgatus; of light in the sky, Sen. N. Q. 1, 9, 1.

**uirgā-rius**, adj. as sb. m. = *παρθουχος*, licitor, Gloss.

**uirgātor**, ōris, m. [implies a vb. uirga-, cf. uirgatus] a flogger, Astutos audaces uiros ualentis uirgatores, Pl. As. 3, 2, 19.

**uirgātus**, quasi-part. striped, calathisci, Catul. 64, 319; sagulis, Verg. 8, 660; uestes, Sil. 4, 155; fera (i.e. tigris), Sen. Herc. Oet. 146; nurus (perh. tattooed), Val. F. 2, 159.

**uirgētum**, i, n. [uirga sb.] a coppice or orchard, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21.

**uirg-eus**, adj. of branches, twigs etc., scopae, Cato r. 152; supellex (basket-work), Verg. G. 1, 165; flamma, A. 7, 463; cratibus, Colum. 1, 6, 22.

**uirgī-dēmia**, or uirgindēmia, ae, f. [formed jestingly after uin-dēmia] rod-harvest, Si tibi ulmeam futuram spes uirgindemiam, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 22; Ideoque scapulae metront uirgindemiam, Naev. (?) ap. Non. 187. See Riese's Varro, p. 97, 5.

**Virgiliae**, see Vergiliae.

**uirgī-llis**, e, adj. [uirgo] of a maiden, maidenlike, modesta, Enn. tr. 40 R; cum uirginali mundo, Att. 654 R; felis, maiden-cat, i.e. stealer, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 43; habitu, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 5; ploratium, Tusc. 2, 21; **2.** Fortuna uirginalis, as tutelary goddess, Varr. ap. Non. 149; Aru. 2, 91; **3.** as sb. n. uirgīnāle or uirgīnal (sc. genitale), Plaedr. 4, 15, 12; Prud. *στεφ.* 14, 8; Aug. c. D. 22, 8.

**uirgīn-ārius**, adj. of maidens, feles, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 14.

**uirgīndēmia**, see uirgindemia.

**uirgīn-ensis**, e, adj. of maidens, dea, Aug. o. D. 4, 11 and 6, 9.

**uirgīn-eus**, or uirginus, adj. of a maiden, a maiden's, sagitta, Hor. od. 3, 4, 72; ara, Ov. F. 4, 731, of Vesta; pudor, Verg. G. 1, 430; aurum, Mart. 9, 23, 1, given in the name of Minerva; domus, 1, 70, 4, of Vesta; actas, Plin. 68, 29 (so β); **2.** like a maiden, uirgincae uolucres, tho Harpies, Ov. M. 7, 4; **3.** uirginous, of the conduit called uirgo, aqua, Ov. F. 1, 464; liquor, Pout. 1, 8, 38; **4.** as sb. m. a husband, whom one married with a uirgiu, T. Aelio...marito uirgiu. incomparabili...coniux carissima, inscr. Or. 2439; **5.** as sb. f. a wife who married when a uirgiu, Arriae parauti...coniugi uirginiae...fecit Cn. Arrius, 4355.

**uirgīn-is**, e, adj. [uirgo] uirgiu, untouched, Septimus...hoc monumentum uirgine, inscr. ap. Lup. Epit. S. Sev. 159; a word formed to serve as a neuter, by the side of uirgo used as an adj. § 3.



**Virginis-vendōn-ides**, a patronymic, jestingly formed by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 20, Maiden-seller-ides.

**uirgin-itas**, ātis, f. maidenhood, virginity, Cic. N. D. 3, 59; Verg. 12, 141; Ov. M. 3, 255.

**uirgin-or**, āri, vb. r. act the virgin, live a maiden life, Tert. uirg. uel. 12 f.

**uirgo**, inis, f. [for uir-igon- from uer of uerg- pour and uir of uire- flow (with sap)]—so lit. flowing of sap, and so youth, hence] a young girl, even though not a maid, A! nirgo infelix quae to dementia cepit (of Pasiphae), Verg. B. 6, 47; miseraeque nuper Virgines nuptiae (te metunt), Hor. od. 2, 8, 23; pensa inter nigrines partientem (spokeu of just before as scortorum greges), Inst. 1, 3, 2; matronarum uirginumque apud quas (but mis uiorumque apud quos) comitas habetur uulgati corporis uilitas, Curt. 5, 1, 38; **2.** a maid, virgin, Custodem adsiduum Ioni adposuit uirgini, Att. 386 R; Sabinas honeste natas uirgines rapi iussit, Cic. rep. 2, 12;

**3.** as adj. or in appos., cum Verginius uirginem filiam sua manu interemisset, Cic. rep. 2, 63; esp. of animals, u. porca, Mart. 13, 56, 1; equae, Plin. 28, 147; **4.** even of men, in Christian writers, Ter. uirg. uel. 8; Paul. Nol. 22, 2; inser. Spon. Lugd. 3; **5.** of things, virgin, terra, Plin. 33, 52; charta, Mart. 1, 66, 7; oratio philosophorum... casta, uerecunda, uirgo incorrupta quodammodo, Cic. orat. 64; uirgines carnis edendas, flesh of a maid, Plin. 28, 43; columbaria XII in quibus ollae uirgines n. XIII (in which no ashes had yet been deposited), inser. Fabr. 53, 307; D. M. M. Aurelius emit locum nigrinem, a solo fecit sibi et lib...., Or. 4556; **6.** esp. of an aqueduct made by Agrippa, Aqua Virgo; Virginem noque in agro Luculano collectam Romam perduxit, Frontin. aq. 1, 10; aqua Virgo, 1, 4; Ov. a. a. 3, 385; Mart. 6, 42, 18; 7, 32, 11; 11, 47, 6; Plin. 31, 42; so called no doubt because of its purity, in spite of what Frontin. and Plin. say; **7.** a constellation, one of the signs of the zodiac, Cic. arat. N. D. 2, 110; Hyg. astr. 2, 25; 3, 24; **8.** a name of the number six, Macr. somn. 1, 6, 11.

**uirgōsus**? adj. [uirga] full of long slender branches, frutex, Pall. 1, 24, 2?

**uirgūla**, ae, f. dim. a small slender branch, Colum. 3, 13; ps. Nep. Thras. 4; **2.** a small stick or switch, Popilius uirgula stantem circumscripsit, Cic. Phil. 8, 23; esp. u. diuina, a magician's wand, si omnia nobis quae ad nictum pertinent quasi uirgula diuina ut aiunt suppeditentur, off. 1, 158; one of Varro's satires so called, Riese's edit. p. 41; **3.** u. uitrea, a stick or prism of glass, Sen. N. Q. 1, 7, 1; **4.** a line, u. normalis, Manil. 2, 289; Macrob. s. 2, 4, 24; an accentual mark, an accent, Mart. C. 3, 62 G, 68, 10 Eyss.; censoria n., of a grammarian's 'obelus' for what is spurious, Quint. 1, 4, 3; **5.** a cognomen, Iuliana Virgula, inser. Reines. 2, 176.

**uirgūlā-tus**, quasi-part. striped, Plin. 9, 103.

**Virgulina**, a cognomen, Iulia V., inser. Reines. 1, 176.

**uirgultōsus**, adj. Serv. ad A. 3, 516.

**uirgultum**, i, n. [uerg- pour (sap), +el (dim. suff.) with exrescent t, +um a collective suffix, not for uirguleum; cf. arbust-um, salict-um, uirect-um] apparently only in pl., bushes, si regio uirgultorum ferax est, fieri debent corbes ex uimine, Colum. 11, 2, 90; Dum tenera attondent simae uirgulta capellae, Verg. B. 10, 7; add G. 2, 346; sarmentis uirgultisque collectis quibus fossas compleant, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 8; uia interclusa iam frondibus et uirgultis, Cic. Cael. 42; arbusta uirgulta tecta peruertere, diu. 1, 49; (Circe) uirgultis abditā, Ov. M. 14, 349; Liv. 1, 14, 7.

**uirgultus**, adj. covered with bushes, consedit in ualle uirgulta nemorosaque, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 3, 516; Virgulta legitur ualle ac frondentibus umbris, Sil. 12, 354.

**uirgunc-ūla**, ae, f. dim. a little maid, a maiden, a girl, Frontin. aq. 1, 10; Iuv. 13, 40; Sen. N. Q. 1, 17, 9; Petr. 18 and 20.

**uiriae**, ārum, f. pl. armlets, habeant (aurum) in lacertis ianu quidem et uiri—uiriolae Celto dicuntur, uiriae Celtiberice, Plin. 33, 40; Tert. Pall. 4 med.; for quantity cf.

**uiriā-tus**, quasi-part. armlet-wearing, Contra flagitium necesse bello uinci a barbaro Viriato Annibale, Lucil. ap. Non. 186.

**uiric-ūlae**, ārum, f. pl. dim. little strength, met. patri-monii, Apul. M. 11.

**uiricūlum**, see ueruculum.

**uiridans**, ntis, part. as adj. green, fresh (of vegetation), lauro, Verg. 5, 539; toro, 5, 388; hedera, Plin. 8, 117; uiridantium (gemmarum), 37, 113.

**uiridārius**, adj. as sb. m. a gardener of a uiridarium, inser. Grut. 602, 2 and 621, 2; **2.** as sb. n. a garden abounding in trees and shrubs and so full of shady places, Cyrus aiebat uiridarium *διαφασεις* latis luminibus non tau esse suauis, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 2; ambulatio in umbra quam parietes aut uiridaria efficiunt, Cels. 1, 2, p. 15, 2 D (al. uiridia); praedium uiridaria uel gestationes uel deambulationes arboribus infructuosas opacas habens, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 4; Plin. 18, 7; inser. Fabr. 225, 62; **3.** also uiridarium, inser. Fabr. 225, 61; Lampr. Hel. 23, 8.

**uiridescō**, θαλλω uiridescō uireo, Gloss.

**uiridic-o**, āre, vb. [uiridi] whence uiridicans part. as adj. of a light green, Tert. pud. 20; silua uiridicata? Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 3.

**uiridis**, e, adj. [uir- of uire vb.; ner of uerg- pour; lit. flowing with sap, hence] green, ripa, Cic. leg. 1, 15; gramine, Verg. G. 2, 219; campos uiridissimos, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 47; herbas uiridores, Plin. 6, 185; **2.** esp. of sea gods and monsters, Nereidum comae, Hor. od. 3, 28, 10; uiridesque dei quibus aequora curae, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 59; **3.** met. of age, flowing with sap, succi plenus, vigorous, Eurypalus forma insignis uiridique iuuenta, Verg. 5, 295; iam senior sed cruda deo uiridisque senectus, 6, 304; cf. our green old age; seux sed mehercule uiridis animo ac uigens, Sen. ep. 66, 1; add Ov. tr. 4, 10, 17; Colum. pr. 12; Plin. ep. 7, 24, 1; Val. F. 1, 76; **4.** gen. moist, caseus dum adiuuo uiridis succum retinet, Colum. 7, 8; maligne Respondet uiridi non cocta fidelia limo, Vdum et molle lutum es, Pers. 3, 22; **5.** hence met. fresh, in vigour, clear, bright, sapor oliuarum, Colum. 12, 47 med.; fructum sturdiorum, Quint. 12, 6, 3; color, Gell. 2, 26, 17; sonus, 2, 3, 1 and 13, 21, 13; **6.** phrase, e uiridi before other colours, to denote something between them, bacis e uiridi rubentibus, Plin. 15, 127; callaina (gemma) e uiridi pallens, 37, 110; **7.** uiridia as sb. u. pl. vegetation gen., esp. trees and shrubs, ambulatio tonsis uiridibus inclusa, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 17; cisternam uiridibus subditam, Sen. ep. 86, 4; media spatia quae erunt sub diuo inter porticus adornanda uiridibus uidentur, Vitruv. 5, 9 med.; **8.** adv. uiridius, Plin. 37, 62; **9.** uiridum as gen. pl. Stat. Th. 2, 279.

**uiriditas**, ātis, f. greenness of vegetation, verdure, Cic. sen. 51 and 57; **2.** gen. green colour, maris, Plin. 37, 76; **3.** met. freshness, Cic. Tusc. 3, 75.

**uirido**, āre, vb. make green, Ov. hal. 90; Val. F. 6, 136.

**Virilio**, ōuis, m. a cognomen, L. Valerius Virilio, inser. Grut. 481, 7.

**uirilis**, e, adj. first of man, as opposed to woman, of the male sex, concurrentibus undique uirile et muliebre secus, Sal. ap. Macr. s. 3, 13, 7; Amulius stirpem fratris uirilem interimit, Liv. 1, 3, 11; uxor eius dixit se in balneis uirilibus lauare uelle, C. Grac. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 3;

**2.** so Fortuna uirilīs, *τυχη ἀνδρεια*, whose festival on the Kalends of April was attended by women only, their prayer being that the goddess would conceal their personal defects from their husbands, Ov. F. 4, 145; cf. Dion. Hal. 4, 27; **3.** hence of the genitalia uiri, Viuebant ferro priuati parte uirili, Luer. 6, 1209; cum uirilem partem unam ferro resectam detraxeris alterum quoque testiculum educito, Colum. 7, 11, 2; uirilia, Petr. 108; uirilium mala, Plin. 20, 169; uirilium uitis, 20, 243; uiriliores, Lampr. Helio. 8, 7; **4.** masculine in grammar, u. genus, Gell. 1, 7, 15; 4, 1, 3; 11, 1, 4;

II **5.** of man as opposed to a child, uirilīs toga, Cic. Phil. 2, 44; III **6.** like a man, manly, whether opposed to women or children, acta enim illa res est animo uirili, consilio puerili, Cic. Att. 14, 21, 3; animi matrona uirilīs (sc. Lucretia), Ov. F. 2, 847; Almiac Sabiniae uirilissimae, inser. Gud. 148, 5; IV **7.** in legal lang. pars



or portio uirilil, or uirilil absol. as sb. f. a single equal share, as where an inheritance or part of an inheritance is divided between several, or the payment of money is so divided, in capita diuidi hereditatem. Singuli uiriles partes habebunt, Paul. sent. 3, 7, 1; quotquot erunt numero (sponsors fidepromissores), in tot partes deducitur (diducitur?) inter eos obligatio et singuli uiriles partes (condemnantur), Gai. 3, 121; **8.** hence met., est aliqua mea pars uirilil quod eius ciuitatis sum quam ille (P. Africanus) claram reddidit, yes I too come in for an equal share with my fellow-countrymen in the inheritance, in that..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; illius gloriae pars uirilil apud omnes milites sit, suae (Manlii) uictoriae uicium socium esse, Liv. 6, 11, 5; **9.** pro uirilil parte, as far as one man's share goes, me eius beneficium plus quam pro uirilil parte obligatum puto, Cic. Phil. 13, 8; haec qui pro u. parte defendunt optimates sunt, Sest. 138; non potuisse se inducere in animum quin quem agrum miles pro parte u. manu cepisset, eum senex quoque noce uindicaret, Liv. 3, 71, 7; Ov. tr. 5, 11, 23; **10.** and in later writers pro uirilil portione, the same, tanquam pro u. portione innocentiam principi donares, Tac. Agr. 45; h. 3, 20; Lact. 2, 7; Mamert. grat. ad lul. 17. Forcellini wrong under these two §§; **11.** uiriliter adv. manfully, Cic. Tusc. 2, 65; Hor. ep. 1, 17, 38; uirilil, Sen. contr. 5, 33 f.

**uirililias**, *ātis*, f. manhood, Plin. 33, 152; **2.** met. manliness, Val. M. 2, 4, 2; Quint. 1, 8, 9; **3.** uirililia (membra), Abūda ademptae uirililitatis, Tac. an. 6, 31; Plin. 7, 36; Ulp. dig. 48, 8, 4, 2; **4.** of animals, Plin. 23, 44; Colum. 6, 26, 3.

**uirilōla**, *ae*, f. dim. an armet, Scaev. dig. 34, 2, 40, 2; Ulp. 18, 1, 14; Isid. orig. 19, 31; for qty. see uiriatus.

**uirī-ōsus**, *adis*, [uirī- of uires uiri-um] strong, uitia usu u., Tert. Valent. 16 med.; adv. comp. uiriosus, auim. 19 med.

**uiriplācus**, *adis*, adj. husband-appeasing, in sacellum deae uiriplacae, Val. M. 2, 1, 6.

**uiripōtens**, *ntis*, adj. lord of men, Ioui...Ope gnato supremo ualido uiripōtenti, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 1; **2.** of women, marriageable, Scaev. dig. 26, 7, 59; Labeo 24, 1, 65; 35, 1, 99.

**uiritānus**, *adis*, [uiritim adv.] u. ager dicitur qui uiritim populo distribuitur, Paul. ex Fest. p. 373.

**uiritim**, *adis*, [uirō- m.] man by man, praeda uiritim diuisa, Cato ap. Fest. 378 M; Populo uiritim potuit disperitir, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 26; Cic. Brut. 57; Caes. b. g. 7, 71, 7; **2.** of a single man, individually, separately, si quis uiritim dimicare uellet, Curt. 7, 4, 33; possum douare sapienti quod uiritim meum est, Sen. ben. 7, 6, 2; ex his quibus dominus inscriptus est, quae uiritim ei seruiunt, 7, 7, 4; **3.** met., in uniuersum de uentis diximus, uunc uiritim incipimus illos excutere, Sen. N. Q. 5, 7, 1.

**uir-or**, *ōris*, m. greenness, of vegetation; of half-ripe barley, Pall. 7, 12; Vopisc. Prob. 19.

**uirōsus**, *adis*, [uirō- u.] longing for men, cf. mulierosus; Virosa non sum et si sim (so Steph., R. sum, male) non desunt mihi..., Afran. 62 R; non modo uinosus sed uirosus quoque sit, Seip. Afr. ap. Gell. 6, 12, 5; uetulam atque uirōsam vxorem, Lucil. ap. Non. 21; Apul. M. 9, p. 223.

**uirōsus**, *adis*, [uirus n.] full of poisonous juice—hence poisonous, spinae, Apul. M. 7, p. 196; met., aures uirosa susurronum fauce completae, Sid. ep. 5, 7 f.; **2.** fetid, At Chalybes uidit ferrum uirōsāquē Pontus (mittit) Castorea, Verg. G. 1, 58; Nemes. cyu. 223.

**uirūis**, *ātis*, f. [uirō- u.] manliness, courage, appellata est ex uiro uirtus, uiri autem propria maxime est fortitudo, Cic. Tusc. 2, 43; perfacile esse cum uirtute omnibus praestarent (Heluetii) totius Galliae imperio potiri, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 2; **2.** gen. moral perfection, est autem uirtus nihil nisi perfecta et ad summum perdueta natura, Cic. leg. 1, 25; cf. inu. 2, 159; **3.** the perfect manly character, as subdivided, and so, a virtue, habet igitur (uirtus) partes quatuor, prudentiam iustitiam fortitudinem temperantiam, Cic. inu. 2, 159; aliis ego te (Sulpiciam) uirtutibus continentiae gratitatis iustitiae fidei ceteris omnibus consnlatu semper

dignissimum iudicauit, Mur. 23; **4.** met. of animals, and things gen., worth, merit, excellence, power, nam nec arboris nec equi uirtus quae dicitur (in quo abutitur nomine) in opinione sita est, sed in natura, Cic. leg. 1, 45; Sicut uerci pretium statuit...pro uirtute ut ueneat, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 131; praedium sua uirtute ualeat, Cato r. 1; nauium, Liv. 37, 24, 1; herbarum, Ov. M. 14, 357; oratoris, Cic. or. 2, 120; **5.** esp. in the abl. uirtute by the merit of, thanks to, Ego uirtute deum et maiorum nostrum diues sum satis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 73 (if genuine); Virtute formae id euenit te ut deceat quicquid habeas, Most. 1, 3, 17; Deum uirtute est unde hospitio accipiam apud me com(iter), Mil. 3, 1, 82; **6.** Virtus, a goddess, maiorum institutis Mens Fides Virtus Constantia consecratae et publice dedicatae sunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 79; Liv. 27, 25, 7; Iuv. 1, 115; inser. Or. 1835, 1842, 1843; **7.** a title of a colony, Ituci quae Virtus Iulia, Plin. 3, 12; **8.** uirtutum, an old form of gen. pl., inser. Or. 896 as corrected by Henzen p. 94; cf. alitum; uirtutum, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 2, 28; Paul. Nol. 10, 52.

**uirūlentia**, *ae*, f. fetor, hircorum, Sid. ep. 8, 14 med.

**uirūlentus**, *adis*, [uirus n.] poisonous, serpentium, Gell. 16, 11, 2.

**uir-us**, u. nom. and acc. with a gen. uiri and abl. uiro as if from a noun uirum, and no pl. [uir-e- vb.] the sap or juice of plants, Servius ad G. 1, 129; Quam minime ut possit (oliui natura) mixtos in corpore odores...suo...perdere uiro, Lucr. 2, 853; sic quoque uirus intractabile illi est (pastinacae), Plin. 19, 89; obesse solo uirus ciceris et lini, Colum. 2, 14, 3; Virus odoriferis Arabum quod doctus in aruis Aut Amphrysiaco pastor de gramine carpsi, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 103; **2.** of animals, juice, cochlearum, Plin. 30, 44; esp. de semine, nisi editis ouis interuersando mares (piscis) uitale asperserint uirus, 9, 157; uerrinum, 28, 175; equarum, 28, 181; lentum ab inguine u., Verg. G. 3, 281; **3.** esp. poisonous juice, poison, uirus, Ille (Iuppiter) malum uirus serpentibus addidit atris, Verg. G. 1, 129; uiperum u., Mart. 7, 12, 7; esp. met., u. acerbitatis suae, Cic. am. 87; saturam calente uiro ingerere, Sept. Serenus, Lachm. ad Lucr. 2, 853; u. futile linguae, Sil. 11, 560; Mart. 13, 2, 8; **4.** fetid smell, as resulting from animal juices, uirus hirci redolet, Plin. 27, 107; graue u. odoris, 28, 79; odor uiri (as corrected by Lachm.), Lucr. 6, 805; **5.** a strong taste, strength, as of sea-water, taetri primordia uiri, Lucr. 2, 476; so ponti uirus, Manil. 5, 683; (uini), Plin. 14, 124.

**uis**, *uis*, f. [see below] first, physical power, strength, magna uis eorum est (the ur-ochs) et magna uelocitas, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 2; celeritas et uis equorum, Cic. diu. 2, 144; **2.** met., magnam uim esso in fortuna in utramque partem, Cic. off. 2, 19; cuius rei (patriae) tanta est uis ut Ithacam immortalitati antepoueret, or. 1, 196; **3.** power in action, force, violence, non uerebar ne quis uim ui depulsam reprehenderet, Cic. Sest. 39; contra uim fluminis, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 5; **4.** esp. in legal language, quod neque ui neque clam neque precario possederit, CIL 200, 18; uim fieri ueto, Ulp. dig. 43, 15, 1; **5.** uis maior (sc. quam cui resisti potest), force majeure, including violence of supernatural agency, of which the law took cognizance, uim (geus caelestis iniuriarum) quod tempestates uocamus: in quibus grandines procllae ceteraque similia intelleguntur: quae cum acciderint uis maior appellatur. Haec ab horridis sideribus exeunt, Plin. 18, 278 (so mss *αβ*, not Sillig); si uitam mihi sors ademisset aut aliqua uis maior reditum peremisset, Cic. Plane. 101; deserentem (uadinionium) uis maior excusat, Sen. ben. 4, 39, 4; cum eligendum dico cui debeas, uim maiorem et metum excipio, quibus adhibitis electio perit, 2, 18, 7; **6.** a great quantity, a great number, both with and without magna, magna uis auri argentique, Cic. Tusc. 5, 91; nim argenti dederat, prou. cou. 4; quem ut uidi, equidem uim lacrumarum profudi, rep. 6, 14; odora canum uis, Verg. 4, 132; **7.** of the mind, intellect, power, force, energy, omnem uim ingenii, Cic. Phil. 5, 49; oratoris uis illa diuina, or. 2, 120; **8.** what is essential, essence, eloquentiae uim et naturam explicemus, Cic. orat. 112; ex



quattuor locis in quos honesti naturam uimque diuisimus, off. 1, 18; uillatiene pastionis uim formamque exponere, Varr. r. 3, 2, 18; 9. of language, force, meaning, nouerit primum uim naturam genera uerborum et simplicium et copulorum, Cic. orat. 115; cum ex ui nominis argumentum elicitur, top. 35; 10. esp. of law, force, meaning, intent, intention, effect, haec uis est istius et iuris et uerbi ut..., Cic. Balb. 21; nulla uis est huius conuentionis ut rem alienam domino inuito possidere liceat, Iulian. dig. 43, 25, 11; 11. Vis, goddess of force, Aus. de deis; ex Pallante gigante et Styge, Scylla, Vis, Inuidia..., Hygin. pr.;

12. genitale uirus, semen animalis, σπέρμα, poetae de caelo semen igneum cecidisse dicunt in mare ac natam e spumis Venerem, coniunctioe ignis et humoris quam habent uim significantes esse Veneris (ass.se ueris) a qua in natis dicta uita, ut (ass et) illud a Lucilio: Vis est uita uides, uis nos facere omnia cogit, Varr. l. p. 69 Sp.; and in allusion to this verse, tum sancta et feruentia numina uim uomuisse Lucilii ac regem Seruium natum esse, Arn. 5, 169; Phoenicem struere nidum eique uim genitalem affundere, ex qua fetum oriri, Tac. an. 6, 28; cum uis illa telluris cooperta est gremio, Arn. 5, 164; 13. gen. and dat. rare, because seldom called for, plus uis habet quam sanguinis, Tac. dial. 26; detracta est uis mentio, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 1; uis publicae reus, Paul. sent. 5, 30; and equitibus suis hostium ui oppositis, bell. Afr. 69, 2; 14. nom. acc. pl. uis; nom. only in: Sed quasi multae uis unius corporis extant, Lucr. 3, 265; acc. also rare, uis multas possidet in se, 2, 586; male iam assuetum ad omnes uis controversiarum, Sal. ap. Prisc. 107, 28; duas uis dispares colligant, Mess. ap. Macr. s. 1, 9, 14; but the ordinary pl. is

II 15. uires, ace. nires or uiris, g. uirium, d. abl. uiribus, physical strength, as first of men, quamquam aetas senet, Satis tamen habeam uirium ut te ara arecam, Pacuv. 305 R; non uiribus res magnae geruntur sed consilio, Cic. sen. 17; with inf., Nec mihi sunt uires inimicos pellere tectis, Ov. her. 1, 109; 16. met., uidetur plurimum uirium habere stella Saturni, Sen. N. Q. 7, 4, 2; esp. of inanimate things, as fire, water, wind, Et neglecta solent incendia sumere uires, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 85; Increpuit quantis uiribus unda latus, Ov. tr. 1, 4, 24; suae uentis cecidere uires, Sen. Thy. 588; 17. the generative or living principle, Siue inde occultas niris et pabula terrae Pinguis concepiunt, Verg. G. 1, 86; in radices uires oleae abibunt, Cato r. 61; 18. esp. of οἶκος, Taurobolio Matris D. M. (deum magnae)...uires (sc. tauri) except...transtulit...cousaerant, iuser. Or. 2322; M. D. M.... Taur. fec....; loco uires conditae, 2332; in cuius (Berecynthiae) sacris excisis corporum uires..., Acta S. Symphor. ap. Ruinart 6; uiribus abscissis, Arn. 5, 158; (apes) adacto (aculeo) fucus postea esse nec mella facere, uelut castratis uiribus, Plin. 11, 60; 19. of the mind, powers, strength, ability, ingenii, Quint. 1, 2, 23; in ceromatis quibus exercendo iuuentus nostra corporis uiris, perdidit animum, Plin. 35, 47; 20. as goddesses of strength, Viribus sacrum, iuser. Or. 1907 (wh. however Or. refers to the worship of the Mater Deum, see § 18); but cf. Dianae et Viribus sacrum, Grut. 1011, 1 (if genuine); 21. nis is usually identified with *us uis* as a sinew or muscular fibre (stem *fiu-*), and perh. rightly. Another view is to start from uer- pour (see uer-g.), and the meaning of § 12 (cf. §§ 17, 18 as also uirus § 2), and so make the idea of strength secondary. Posterius ferri uis est aurique reperta, Lucr. 5, 1286 for quantity.

**uisāb-undus**, quasi-part. [implies a vb. frq. uisā-re] having constantly (or being constantly) in view, itin. Alex. M. 57.

**uisārius**, adj. [uisco- sb.] of birdlime, hence as sb. m. a birdcatcher, u. *ἰεῦρος*, Gloss. Cyril.; 2. uiscarium as sb. n. a place for catching birds with birdlime, met. Hieron. ap. Novarin. 1, 380.

**uisātus**, quasi-part. smeared with birdlime, uirgis, Varr. r. 3, 7, 7; alis, Ov. a. a. 1, 391; 2. met., manibus, Lucil. ap. Non. 332; beneficia, Sen. ep. 8, 3; and numeribus, Plin. ep. 9, 30, 2; of presents given with a view to a richer return.

**uiscellātus**? stuffed with small entrails? Plin. Valer. 1, 24 and 2, 17 med.

**Uiscellinus**, a cognomen of Sp. Cassius, Cic. am. 36; cf. Liv. 2, 41.

**uiscerātim**, adv. [uisco- n.] piccemeal (of flesh), ----- alia fluctus differt, dissupat Visceratim membra, maria salsa spumant sanguine, Enn. tr. 145 V.

**uiscerātio**, ōvis, f. [implies a vb. uiscerā-ri] a public banquet, esp. in connection with religion, et populo u. data a M. Flauio in funere matris, Liv. 8, 22, 2; quod populo uiscerat. gladiatores dedit, iuser. Fabr. 242, 656; ut...uiscerationis nomine diuiditur decur. sing. *ἴσ* x̄x̄, Or. 134; Cic. off. 2, 55; siue amieo u. leonis ac lupi uita est, Sen. ep. 19, 10.

**uiscer-eus**, adj. of flesh, aruo, Prud. ap. 1093.

**uiscidus**, adj. [uisco-] sticky, viscid, Theod. Pr. 1, 2, 6.

**uiscōsus**, adj. the same, Pall. 1, 14; Prud. Ham. 824.

**uiscum**, i, n. but in Pl. uiscus, m. (= *ἰσος*, i. e. *ἴσος*) the mistletoe, Verg. 6, 205; Plin. 16, 245; 2. birdlime, as made from its berries, Plin. 16, 248; 24, 11; Cic. N. D. 2, 144; met., Viscus merus uostrast blandieia, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 16; tactus sum uehementer uisco, 5, 2, 39; Varr. s. 101, 2 R; 3. according to Non. 451, 24, also a net, quoting from Varr. (Riese p. 188): Lepusculi timentis hoc quadrangulum Dedit Diana: rete nexile areyas Viscum fugai (?) lineamque compedam; cf. too Verg. G. 1, 139; 4. hence Fr. gui, Sp. hisca; akin, Germ. mist-el, our mist-le-toe.

1 **uisco-us**, i, m. birdlime, see uiscum § 1; 2. a cognomen, Hor. s. 1, 10, 83; L. Vibius Visci l., inser. Maf. 109, 1, 5.

2 **uisco-us**, ōris, n. [uisco- or, vb.] what one eats of animals, flesh, meat, Et solida imponunt taurorum uiscera flammis, Verg. 6, 253, wh. Serv. non exta dicit sed carnes: nam uiscera sunt quidquid inter ossa et cutem est; 1, 211; 8, 180; tanta putabatur utilitas percipi e bubus, ut eorum uisceribus uesei scelus haberetur, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; cui (Herculi) cum Deianeira sanguine Centauri tinctam tuicam induisset, inhaesissetque ea uisceribus..., Tusc. 2, 20; Sparatae pueri sic nerberibus accipiuntur ut multas e uisceribus sanguis exeat, 2, 34; Vina uidentis uiuo sepeliri uiscera busto, Lucr. 5, 993 (which I place here nolente Lachm.); 2. of a person's children, as his (or her) flesh and blood, Diripiunt auidae uiscera nostra (i. e. natum) ferae, Ov. her. 11, 118; Tereus...Vescitur inque suam sua uiscera congerit alium, M. 6, 651; optimum fuit infantum opus (Institutionem Oratoriam) super immaturum fauus consumptur uiscera mea (i. e. his son) flammis inicere, Quint. 6 pr. 3; 3. so also one's fellow-countrymen are of the same flesh and blood, hence of civil war, Graecia omnis uelut in uiscera sua arma conuertit, Iustin. 3, 2, 1; Macedonia in sua uiscera armatur, 13, 6, 17; 4. met. from a deep-seated disease, periculum autem residet et erit inclusum penitus in uenis atque in uisceribus reipublicae, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; permanat inenas et inhaeret in uisceribus illud malum (pecuniae cupiditas), Tusc. 4, 24; 5. of deep-seated affections, o beatos illos (Brutus etc.) qui cum adesse ipsis propter uim armorum non licebat, aderat tamen et in medullis populi Romani ac uisceribus haerebant! Cic. Phil. 1, 36; *εγκλεψματα* illa tua mihi in uisceribus haerent, Att. 6, 1, 8 (are treasured up in my mind; cf. cordi mihi est); and even of money, as one's life's blood, sentio quid sceleris admiserim, eum de uisceribus tuis et filii tui satisfactorus sis quibus debes, ego acceptam ex aerario pecuniam tuo nomine frustra dissiparim, Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; 6. still met., Neu patriae ualidas in uiscera uertite uires, Verg. 6, 834; scopulus auolsaque uiscera montis Erigit eructans, 3, 575; ipsum est in uiscera terrae (the very flesh of the earth so to say), Quasque reconsiderat...Effodiuntur opes, Ov. M. 1, 138; haec in dicendo non extrinsecus alicunde quaerenda sed ex ipsis uisceribus caussae sumenda sunt, Cic. or. 2, 318; the word 'bowels' so often used in such metaphors got into our language from the Latin through a mistaken idea as to the meaning of uiscera; but even with us flesh and life-blood are better renderings; note too the words uenae and medullae as accompanying uiscera; 7. uiscus as a sing. flesh, unde cadauera rancenti iam



uisere uermes Expirant? Lucr. 3, 719; trahens haerentia uiscere tela (a daughter of Niobe), Ov. M. 6, 290; permixtus uiscere sanguis, Lucan. 3, 658; Quaecumque pestis uiscere in nostro lates Procede, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1253; II. **6.** when caro for the wealthy superseded uiscus in the general sense of meat, uiscus still remained for the meat of the poor man, the viscera. the heart, lights, liver, etc., septum transversum a superioribus uisceribus intestina discernit, Cels. 7, p. 267, 18 D; neque scire quid doleat eum qui qua parte quodque uiscus intestinum sit non cognouerit, pr. p. 5, 7 D; a uisceribus ad intestina ueniendum est, 4, p. 143, 24 D; **9.** even de testibus, in uisceribus his, Plin. 20, 142; so Petr. 119.

**Visellius**, ii, a gentile name, as L. Visellius Varro, consul a. d. 24; lex Visellia, CIL 593; de libertinis, Ulp. fr. 3, 5.

**uis-endus**, part. as adj. worth going to see, remarkable, Cic. Vat. 31; Plin. 16, 242; Plin. pan. 51.

**Visentini**, or Vesentini, inhabitants of Visentium, a city of Etruria, now Bisenzio, Plin. 3, 52; Virtuti Visent. sacrum, inser. Grut. 100, 5.

**uisibilis**, e, adj. first, capable of seeing, Plin. 11, 146; **2.** visible, Apul. mund. p. 60; Prud. ap. 146;

**3.** adv. uisibiliter, visibly, Paul. Nol. ep. 20. **uisibilitas**, atis, f. visibility, Tert. car. Ch. 12 f.; Fulg. ap. Cont. Verg. 750.

**uisificus**, adj. causing to see, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 f. **uisinnius**, see Veisinnius.

**uisio**, onis, f. [uid of uide-] sight, vision, non sit uisio praesidis cum pretio, cod. Th. 1, 7, 7; Apul. mund. p. 63 f.; Met. 2 p. 120, 8 p. 203; **2.** a thing seen, utrum igitur census dormientium animos per se ipsos in somniando moueri an externa uisione pulsari? Cic. din. 2, 120; so Maer. somn. 1, 3, 2, of dreams, aut est *oueiros*...aut est *opama* quod uisio recte appellatur, aut est...; **3.** of the mind, a notion or conception, ueri falsique, Cic. acad. pr. 33; falsa eius (doloris) uisione, Tusc. 2, 42; cf. Quint. 6, 2, 29; **4.** a view (taken of any matter), Ulp. dig. 5, 3, 25, 15; Paul. 22, 3, 25, 3; Tert. anim. 9.

**uisitatio**, onis, f. appearance, visit, Vitruv. 9, 4 f.; Tert. adv. Iud. 13 f.

**uisitator**, oris, m. visitor, Aug. fer. Pent. 1, 2. **uisito**, older uisitto, are, vb. frq. [uid- of uide-] frequently see, ibi me interrogat Equem in Epidauru Luconem tarpessitam nouerim. Dico me nouisse. Quid lenonem Capadocem? adnuo Vissitasse, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 64; Epid. 4, 1, 12 and Pers. 1, 1, 20; **2.** go to see, pay a visit to, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 6; Cic. fin. 5, 94; Suet. Cl. 35;

**3.** see, Vitruv. 9, 4. **uisitor**? m. a visitor, a reading in Apul. ap. 98 where edd. read uisitor.

**uisum**, ii, n. = *βδερμα*, Gloss. **uiso**, older uisso, uiscere, uisi, vb. [for uid-ess?] see (what it takes long to see), Ludos uisere huc in uia nuptialis, Pl. Cas. 5, 1, 2; of mere spectators at the Olympic games, qui nec plausum nec lucrum quaerent sed uisendi causa uenirent studioseque perspicere quid ageretur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 9; Verg. 2, 63; 8, 157; Sal. Cat. 61, 8; Liv. 1, 31, 2; 3, 68, 2; **2.** go to see, come to see, Nunc alteram illam quae meast uisam huc in Veneris fanum, Pl. Rud. 5, 1, 6; si parua iuri iurandost fides Visae ad portum, Capt. 4, 2, 113; **3.** but often with a vb. of going expressed, Illa autem in arcem abiit aedem uisere, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 59; Abi uise redieritne iam an nondum domum, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 5;

**4.** at times with ad and acc., suos fugitabant uisere ad aegros, Lucr. 6, 1238; less certain the construction in, Aegrum esse simulant mulierem; nostra ilico It uisere ad eam, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 114; **5.** pass., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 4; off. 1, 138.

**uisolus**, a cognomen, C. Poetelius C. f. C. n. Libo Visolus, dictator of 441 a. u. c., CIL p. 432.

**uisorium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [implies a sb. uisor] a place for spectators, a theatre, Cass. uar. 5, 42.

**uispellio**, see uespillo.

**uisualis**, e, adj. of the sight, hence uisualia as sb. n. pl. the organs of sight, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 med.

**uisualitas**, atis, f. sense of sight, Tert. anim. 39. **uisula**, ae, f. dim. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 27 and 31; Colum. 3, 2, 21.

**uisum**, i, part. n. as sb. what appears, esp. in dreaming, qui (i.e. somnus) nonnumquam sine uisis somniorum placatissimam quietem adfert, Cic. Tusc. 1, 97; hence absol. a dream, si tale nisum obiectum est a deo dormienti, acad. pr. 49; Hoc nisum nulli, non ipsi effata sorori, Verg. 4, 456; Dic age...Si quid habent ueri uisa quid ista ferant, Ov. am. 3, 5, 31; *φαντασμα*, hoc est uisum, Maer. somn. 1, 3, 7; **2.** hence, ex uiso, by command given in a dream, ex imperio genI Alotiani...ex uiso lib. an. (libenti animo), inser. Or. 2363; Siluano Salutari L. Manilius Saturninus ex uiso posuit, 1609; **3.** in philos. lang., an image on the sensorium, e quadam quasi impulsione oblata extriuseus quam ille (Zeno) *φαντασιαν* nos uisum appellemus licet, Cic. acad. post. 40; cf. acad. pr. 18.

**1 uisus**, part. of uideo.

**2 uisus**, us, m. sight, Nec tamen hanc possis oculorum subdere uisu, Lucr. 5, 101; feminas omnis uisu nocere quae duplices pupillas habeant, Cicero auctor est, Plin. 7, 18; **2.** esp. an apparition, vision, dream, hos nocturnos uisus inter se consules contulerunt, Liv. 8, 6, 11; Nymphas uenerabar agrestis Rite secundarent uisus, Verg. 3, 36;

**3.** ex uisu (see uisum § 2), D. D. O. (deis deabus omnibus) ...ex uisu pro se et suis posuerunt, inser. Grut. 2, 4.

**uita**, ae, f. [for uiu-ita = *βιωτη*, from uiu-] first, food, victuals, Nam ut illa (mustela) uitam reperit hodie sibi... Pl. St. 3, 2, 8; at pol ego etsi notet, Edim atque ambabus malis expletis uorem, Neque illi concedam quicquam de uita mea, Trin. 2, 4, 76; **2.** life, cum tribus rebus animantium uita tenetur, cibo potione spiritu, Cic. N. D. 2, 134; uiri (Galli) in uxores uitae necisque habent potestatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 3; **3.** a living spirit, a spirit, Verg. 6, 292; **4.** mode of life, life, Inspicere tanquam in speculum in uitas omnium, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 61; ille (Minos) silentum Conciliumque uocat uitasque et crimina dicit, Verg. 6, 433; **5.** actual life, as opposed to the theories of books, Cic. Tusc. 4, 45; Hor. s. 1, 9, 60; **6.** one on whose existence the life of another depends, one's very life, nostrumne Aeschinum? Nostram omnium uitam in quo nostrae spes opesque omnes sitae? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 33; A. O melle dulci dulcior tu's. P. Certe enim tu mihi uita's, Pl. As. 3, 3, 24; **7.** hence, mea uita, as a term of endearment, my life, O mea uita o mea uoluptas salue. Saluom gaudeo... Pl. St. 4, 2, 6; Obscuro to mea uita quod ad sumptum attinet, sine alios sustinere, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 3; ego uero te mea uita cupio uidere et in tuo complexu emori, 14, 4, 1; also uita alone for mea uita, Prop. 1, 2, 1; 3, 13, 17; **8.** living people, the world (of the time), neque ante philosophiam patefactam hac de re communis uita dubitauit, Cic. diu. 1, 86; serpentis extrahi cantu uerum falsumne sit uita non decreuit, Plin. 8, 48; nec sancto caruisset uita (but for Caesar's impious doings) Catone, Lucan. 6, 311; At tu (says the muse) Romanos lepido sale tinge libellos; Agnoscat mores uita legatque suos, Mart. 8, 3, 20; **9.** a biography, a life, or set of lives, huius rei testis est Cornelius Nepos in eo libro qui Vita illustrium inseribitur, Serv. A. 1, 372; in hoc exponemus libro de uita excellentium inuiperatum, ps. Nep. pr. f.; id. Epam. 4, 6; in libris eorum qui uitas res gestas clarorum uirorum memoriae mandauerunt, Gell. 1, 3, 1; quibus otium fuit uitas atque actates doctorum hominum memoriae tradere, 13, 2, 1; **10.** as in § 9 so gener. a singular was preferred, wh. in English we have a plur., as, neque inter eorum uitam et improbissimorum quicquam interesse, Cic. fin. 4, 21; ut potius in siluis Gallorum uita quam legionarius miles periclitetur, Caes. b. g. 6, 34; si nullam praeter uitae nostrae iacturam fieri uiderem, 7, 77, 6; **11.** uitai as gen., Lucr. 1, 415 etc.; CIL 1202.

**uitab-ilis**, e, adj. [uita- vb.] that may be avoided, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 31; Arn. 5, 165.

**uitab-undus**, quasi-part. frq. carefully avoiding, Tac. h. 3, 87; Sal. Iug. 38, 1; **2.** with acc., Hanno uitabundus castra hostium consulesque..., Liv. 25, 13, 4; inter molem



atque insulam vitabundus classem hostium ad oppidum peruenit. Sal. ap. Non. 186.

**Vitalina**, ae, f. a cognomen, as of Appuleia, inscr. Grut. 736, 8.

**Vitalio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Sex. Cornelius, inscr. Grut. 1117, 5.

**vitālis**, e, adj. [uita- sb.] of life, vital, Et penitus motus vitales impediuntur Donec materies... Vitalis animae nodos a corpore soluit, Lucr. 2, 949; calor naturam vim habere in se vitalem, Cic. N. D. 2, 24; **2.** likely to live, Pater ducentos Philippos quaeso Crusalda si esse saluum vis me aut vitalem tibi, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 75; O puer ut sis Vitalis metuo, Hor. s. 2, 1, 61; Albin. 1, 419; **3.** uitalia as sb. n. pl. th. vital parts of the body, the vitals, in corpore nostro ossa nervique et articuli et uitalia minime speciosa visu prius ordinantur, Sen. ira 2, 1, 2; reliquias sanguinis ab ipsis uitalibus fundentem, ben. 3, 19, 2; pilum adactum in uitalia capitis uenerat, Plin. 8, 20; **4.** used in lifetime, lectus, Petr. tr. 42; uitalia (sc. stragula), 77; **5.** adv. uitaliter, animata (with life), Lucr. 5, 145; **6.** Vitalis, a cognomen, as of P. Vettius, inscr. Maf. 306, 9; also f. Plotia L. l. Vitalis, Mur. 72, 2; also Vitalissimus as a cognomen, Valerius V., Iscr. Alb. 202, 3.

**vitālitās**, ātis, f. [uitali- adj.] vitality, Plin. 11, 182, 221 and 250.

**vitātio**, ōnis, f. avoiding, avoidance, doloris, Cic. fin. 5, 20; oculorum lucis urbis fori, Phil. 3, 24; periculi, ad Her. 3, 3.

**Vitellu** (for Vitelia), gen. ai, Oscan name of Italia, and so on the coins struck in the Social war, see Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 26.

**Vitellenses**, adj. of Vitellia, Plin. 3, 69.

**Vitellia**, ae, f. a town of the Aequi, Liv. 2, 39, 4; 5, 29, 3; Suet. Vit. 1.

**Vitellianus**, adj. of Vitellins, partes, Tac. h. 1, 84; milites, 1, 85; **2.** as sb. m. (sc. libelli) tablets for lascivious drawings and verses, Mart. 2, 6, 6; 14, 8, 2.

**vitellinus**, adj. [uitello- m.] of veal, hence uitellina as sb. f. (sc. caro) veal, Apic. 8, 5 (bis).

**Vitellius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of the ninth emperor, Tac., Suet.; via Vitellia a road from the Ianiculum to the sea, Suet. Vit. 1.

**uitellum**, i, n. yolk of egg, onorum uitella, Apic. 4, 1; Tum ille: nihilne de uitello (misit)? id enim ei ex ouo uidebatur arum declarasse, Cic. diu. 2, 134; see uitellus, § 3.

**uitellus**, i, m. dim. [uitulo- m.] a little calf, occurs only as a term of endearment, Agnellum haedillum me tnum dic esse uel uitellum, Pl. As. 3, 3, 77; **2.** hence Fr. veau, our veal; **3.** the yolk of an egg, namque marem cohibent callōsū (oua) uitellum, Hor. s. 2, 4, 14; oui et album et uitellus (uitellum?) in nas defundendum est, Cels. 6, p. 227, 14 D; pipurato uitello, Petr. 33 f.; medio uitelli, Plin. 10, 148.

**uiteus**, adj. of a vine, pocula, Verg. G. 3, 380; coliculus, Varr. r. 1, 31, 4; ligna, Sol. 3 f.

**uit-ex**, icis, f. [uit of niti- f.] the vitex agnus castus of L., a shrub, and a tree, Plin. 24, 59.

**uitiāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uitia- vb.] corruptible, Prud. ap. 1113 and Ham. 216.

**uitiārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a nursery for vines, Cato r. 40; Varr. r. 1, 31, 2; Colum. 3, 4, 1; 3, 5, 1.

**uitiātio**, ōnis, f. corruption, debauching, Sen. contr. 3, 23, 6.

**uitiātor**, ōris, m. corrupter, debaucher, Sen. contr. 3, 23, 1.

**uiticarpifer**, era, erum, adj. for gathering grapes, forcipes, Varr. ap. Prisc. 868.

**uitic-ella**, ae, f. dim. [uiticula] unknown bine-plant, Is. orig. 17, 9, 92.

**Viticini**, m. pl. an extinct people of Picenum, Plin. 3, 108.

**uiticōia**, ae, m. a vine-grower, Sil. 7, 196.

**uiti-cōmus**, adj. with vine-tresses, Avien. in Ar. 70; Sid. ep. 2, 328.

**uitic-ūla**, ae, f. dim. [uiti- f.] a little vine, a vine-ling (so to say), Cic. N. D. 3, 86; Viticulae in gracili latet

ingens corpore botrys, Tert. Marc. 2, 230; **2.** a tendril, Plin. 24, 98; Pall. 4, 9, 8; Dulci namque tumct nondum uiticula (note qty.) Baceho, Val. Cato dir. 115.

**uitifer**, era, erum, adj. vine-bearing, Plin. 3, 60; Mart. 13, 107, 1; Sil. 4, 349; Pall. 3, 13, 2.

**uitigēnus**, adj. wine-producing, Lucr. 5, 15; 6, 1072.

**uitig-in-eus**, adj. [uiti- f.] of the vine, Cato r. 41, 3; Plin. 14, 9; 30, 50; Colum. 12, 16, 3.

**uiti-lēna**, ac, f. [sce uitupero] a villainous bawd, Illa hanc corrumpit mulieram malesuada uitilena, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 56.

**uitillgin-ōsus**, adj. = ελεφαντιων, Gloss.

**uitillgo**, inis, f. a painless cutaneous eruption of various kinds, Cels. 5, p. 221, 3 D; Plin. 21, 129; 22, 156; Haec odiosa mihi uitillgo est, non (num Müller) dolet inquit, Lucil. ap. Fest. 369; **2.** of leprosy, Iustin. 36, 2, 12; Arn. 1, pp. 26, 28, 30.

**uit-ilis**, e, adj. [from a lost root uic bend, see uic-is] lit. easy to bend, hence made of osiers and similar plants, wicker-, cola, Cato r. 11, 2; aluos apum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 16; uagiuae (tubes), Plin. 19, 70; (naues) uitiles corio circumstae, 7, 206; **2.** absol. uitilia u. pl. wicker-work, basket-work, Plin. 13, 39; 21, 113.

**uitilligātor**, ōris, m. one too fond of going to law, a quarrelsome fellow, Cato ap. Plin. pr. 32.

**uiti-ilitio**, are, vb. be overfond of going to law, hence met. pick holes in as a critic, ballyrag, Cato ap. Plin. pr. 30.

**uitilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. [uita] little life or darling, destituiti uitilla mea miseram mammam tuam, inscr. Gr. 663, 5.

**uitimagistrātus**, ūs, m. a magistrate unduly elected, Sal. hist. 3 fr.

**uitineus**, adj. of a vine, nitineis delapsi uinculis, Flor. 3, 20, 4 (al. uitigineis).

**uitio**, are, vb. [uitium] mar, spoil, corrupt, damage, ferramentum, Colum. 11, 1, 20; oua, 8, 11, 5; os, Cels. 8, 2; uina, Hor. s. 2, 4, 54; amnem salibus, Ov. M. 7, 366; auras, 15, 626; **2.** esp. of women, debauch, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 52; Cato ap. Gell. 17, 13, 4; Suet. Aug. 71;

**3.** tamper with opinions, writings etc., cautionum significaciones interdum uerae sunt nonnunquam nitiatiae atque corruptae (so pace Mus. Rhen. 9, 338), Cic. Sest. 115; senatus consulta, Liv. 3, 55, 13; auspicia, Mess. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 4; scripturas, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 94.

**uitiōsitas**, ātis, f. corruption, Maec. s. 7, 10, 10; **2.** depravity, Cic. Tusc. 4, 29 and 34.

**uitiōsus**, adj. [uitium] bad, rotten, non ego tuam empsim uitam uitiosa nucce, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 45; **2.** having sores, morbosum pecus et uitiosum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 21; uitiosum locum, a sore place, pecudes morsu scalpunt, Colum. 7, 5, 6; cf. uitium;

**3.** met. of men, depraved, vicious, Pl. Curc. 4, 1, 8; non sunt uitiosiores quam fere plerique, Cic. Tusc. 3, 73; mox daturus Progeniem nitiosiore, Hor. od. 3, 6, 46; inter summam uitiorum dissimulationem uitiosissimus, Vell. 2, 97, 1;

**4.** of other objects, suffragium, Cic. leg. 3, 34; consul, chosen under defective auspices, Phil. 2, 84; (xix Kal. Febr.) dies uitios. ex s. c., Fast. Maf. CIL p. 304;

**5.** uitiose, adv. in a diseased condition, Cic. Tusc. 3, 19;

**6.** met. viciously, wrongly, si recte conclusit, teneo, sin uitiose..., Cic. acad. pr. 98; illud Caccilius uitiosius (sc. dixit), sen. 25; usurpari uitiosissime, Colum. 4, 24, 15; quamuis enim res bonas uitiose tulerit, tamen eae leges non sunt habendae, Cic. Phil. 5, 10, cf. § 4.

**uitiparra?** ae, f. a bird of some kind, Plin. 10, 96; but rather pararrum with us β etc.

**uitis**, is, f. gen. a bine or climbing-plant—esp. a vine, Vitis ut arboribus decorat, ut nitibus unae, Verg. B. 5, 32; Cic. sen. 52;

**2.** a vine-stick, as carried by centurions, centurionum in manu nitis tardos ordines perducit atque etiam in delictis poenam ipsam honorat, Plin. 14, 19;

Nodosam post haec frangebatur uertice uitem, Si lentus pigra muniret castra dolabra, Iuv. 8, 247; cedo alteram (sc. nitem), 'givo us another', a nickname of a centurion, Tac. au. 1, 23;

**3.** hence as symbol of a centurion's rank, aut uitem posce libello, Iuv. 14, 193;



nulli uitem nisi robusto et bonae famae dedit, Spart. Hadr. 10; Sil. 12, 395 and 465; 4. proeliari sub uite, Lucil. ap. Fest. 311, according to Festus=sub uinea militari pugnare; but in p. 308 for sub uitem qui summisit hastas, Lucil., perh. read sublimem qui subicit hastam; II 5. of other vines, u. cana, saxifraga, Apul. M. 97; u. alba, or *αμπελόλευκη*, Plin. 23, 21 etc.; Colum. 10, 347; 12, 7; Pall. 1, 35; Serv. G. 1, 165; u. nigra or brionia, Plin. 23, 27; but u. alba and uigra also white and black grape-vines, albae nigraeque, 14, 42; nigra, 14, 26, 29 etc.; Colum. 4, 29 f.; 6. the bine of a cucumber, Pall. 4, 9, 9; of a gourd, 4, 10, 15.

**uiti-sātor**, ōris, m. vine-planter (as inventor of the vine), o Dionuse pater optime uitisator, Att. 241 R; paterque Sabinus Vitisator, Verg. 7, 179; Caelo editum patre uitisatore, Arn. 3, 117.

**uitium**, ii, n. [akin to particule ue bad] what is bad, something physically wrong, Cic. Tusc. 4, 29 makes morbus an affection of the whole body, but uitium only of a part; others ap. Gell. 4, 2, 13 spoke of uitium as something permanent, while morbus cum accessu decessuque sit; cf. Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1, 6; Aediles aiunt qui iumenta uendunt dicunt quid in unoquoque eorum morbi uitium sit, 21, 1, 38; 2. beyond legal sphere, a bodily fault or blemish, defect, Vetulae edentulae quae uitia corporis fuco occultant, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; Accipit ille locus posito uelamine cunctas, Et uitium nudi corporis omne uidet, Ov. F. 4, 147; 3. of inanimate things, a fault, si nihil est in parietibus aut in tecto uitii, cetera mihi probabuntur, Cic. fam. 9, 15, 5; si aedes corruerunt uitium uero fecerunt, top. 15; Aret āger uitio moriens sitit aeris herba, Verg. B. 7, 57; 4. uitium feminae offerre etc., to debauch, At pudicitiae eius nunquam nec uim nec nitium attuli, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 7; Quia pudicitiae huius uitium me hinc apsentest additum, Amph. 2, 2, 179; Quando uitium oblatumst, Ter. Ad. 3, 1, 9; cf. uitiare § 2; 5. of the mind, fault, vice, bad habit, quia legibus et praemia proposita siut uirtutibus, et supplicia uitii, Cic. or. 1, 247; 6. esp. in the form uitio dare or uertere, to attribute as a fault, uitio mihi dant quod mortem homiuis necessarii grauius fero, Matius ap. Cic. fam. 11, 28, 3; ne sibi uitio uertenter quod abesset a patria, 7, 6, 1; Rosc. Am. 48; 7. and in the abl. uitio, quamuis quis fortunae uitio, non suo decoxisset, Cic. Phil. 2, 44; non rerum uitio sed interpretum inscientia, diu. 1, 118; 8. something wrong in auguries, auspices, etc., se recordatum esse uitio sibi tabernaculum captum fuisse . . . itaque uitio creatos consules, Cic. N. D. 2, 11; P. Claudius eiusque collega cum uitio nauigasset (after unfavourable auspices), diu. 1, 29; 9. uitium as gen. pl., Omnium uitium huic expertem, consili plenum prohibui, Titin. 149 R.

**uito**, āe, vb. frq. [for uicta- from a root uic-, see uic-is] lit. bend, turn aside, and so orig. with a dat., Proinde se domi contineant, uiteut infortunio, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 20; M. Semper tu huic uerbo uitato Abs tuo uiro. C. Cui uerbo? M. 'I foras mulier,' Cas. 2, 2, 35; Domum abeant, uiteut ancipiti infortunio, Poen. pr. 25; 2. avoid by so turning a-side, with acc., lato is locus restagnat, quem si qui uitare uoluerit, sex milium circuitu in oppidum perueniet, Caes. b. c. 2, 24, 4; Posset qui rupem et puteum uitare patentem, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 135; ipse fuga mortem uitauerat, Caes. b. g. 5, 20; 3. met. avoid, quum suspiciones quoque uitaret criminum, Nep. Att. 6, 5; qui potuit diuini et utilitates conplecti maritimas Romulus et uitia uitare? Cic. rep. 2, 10; 4. with ne and subj., sed erit uitandum ne osteuatio memoriae uideatur esse puerilis, Cic. part. or. 60; 5. with inf., monendus . . . ut . . . taugere uitet Scripta Palatinus quaecunq; recepit Apollo, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 16; 6. as a passive, uitateque traxit in arma, Ov. M. 13, 39; 7. as pass. impers., see § 4.

**uitor**, older uictor, ōris, m. [uic- old vb. bend, see uic-is] a maker of wicker-work, basket-maker, a ligando licitor, a uiendo (Hertz has uiuendo) uictor, a struendo structor, Gell. 12, 3, 4; Et uitorem (uictorem?) et piscatorem te esse impure postulas, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 51; unde et uimua et uimenta et uites et uictores (uictiores?) dicuntur

et uicere religare dicitur, Don. ad Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; T. Luceius T. I. Auctus uitor sibi et suis, inser. Grut. 1178, 4. **uitreāmina**, n. pl. glass vessels, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 13. **uitreārius**, adj. m. as sb. [uitrea, n. pl.] glass-blower, Sen. ep. 90, 31.

**uitreōlus**, adj. dim. [uitreo] of glass (used of small things), caliclos, Paul. Nol. 26, 413.

**uitreus**, adj. [uitrum] of glass, uasa, Colum. 12, 4, 4; latro, Mart. 7, 72, 8; calculus, Ov. a. a. 2, 207; 2. absol. uitrea as sb. n. pl., glass vessels, glasses, Mart. 1, 41, 5; Petr. 10; Stat. silu. 1, 6, 73; 3. glass-like, glassy, transparent, quam storuim quorum uitreae togae ostentant tunicae clauos, Varr. s. 170, 3 R; 4. glass-like, bright and fragile, quem cepit uitrea fama, Hor. s. 2, 3, 222; Fortuna uitrea est; tuum cum splendet frangitur, Syr. 171 R; 5. glass-like in colour, brightness and transparency, esp. of water, uitrā te Fucius unda . . . Verg. 7, 759; uitrōque madentia rore, Ov. am. 1, 6, 55; nitrisquē sedilibus (of water-nymphs), Verg. G. 4, 350; antra (Naiadum), Ov. M. 5, 48; Circen (as a sea-goddess), Hor. od. 1, 17, 20.

**uitricus**, i, m. [for patricus; cf. *πατριος* of same meaning] step-father, Cic. Att. 15, 12, 2; Verr. 2, 1, 135; Brut. 240; Ov. am. 1, 2, 24; priuignae suauissimae . . . uitricus conserauit, inser. Or. 4667.

**uitrius**, = uitreus, opifex artis uitriae, inser. Don. 335, 5.

**uitrum**, i, n. [for uad-erum, and so akin to *υαλ-ος*, glass. Cf. also for form, Ital. guado, Fr. guède, Eng. woad] glass, Cic. Rab. Post. 40; Lucr. 4, 602; Plin. 36, 191; Tac. h. 5, 7; O fons Bandusiae splendēdit uitro, Hor. od. 3, 13, 1; 2. woad, used as a blue dye, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Mela 3, 6, 5; Plin. 35, 46; 37, 117; Vitruv. 7, 14.

**Vitruuius**, a gentile name, as of the architect M. Vitruuius Pollio.

**uitta**, ae, f. [for nieta from old root uic bind, see uicis] a band or strap of various uses, as for working a wine-press, antiqui funibus uitisque loreis ea (torcularia) detrahebant et uectibus, Plin. 18, 317; 2. esp. for religious or quasi-religious uses, then formed of wool and adorned with flowers, as for altars and temples, molli cinge haec altaria uitta, Verg. B. 8, 64; stant Manibus arae Caeruleis maestae uitis atraque cupresso, A. 3, 64; puniceae uelabant limina (of a temple) uittae, Prop. 5, 9, 27; victims, uelatum auro uittisque iuuenem, Verg. 5, 366; uittaeque deum quas hostia gessi, 2, 156; Iuv. 12, 118; suppliants, decorae Supplicae uitta, Hor. od. 3, 14, 7; Praeferimus manibus uittas, Verg. 7, 237; cf. 8, 128; 3. commonly worn round the head so as to bind the hair, a fillet, as by goddesses, as Ceres, Iuv. 6, 50; Pallas, Verg. 2, 168; Vesta, 2, 296; priests, perfusus sanie uittas (Laocoon), 2, 221; 10, 538; 4. also by maidens, and one of a different character by matrons; thus of Medea about to marry, Vltima uirgineis tmm flens dedit oscula uittis, Val. F. 8, 6; Mox ubi iam facibus cessit praetexta maritis Viuxit et aspersas (al. acceptas) altera uitta comas, Prop. 5, 11, 34; 5. hence as symbol of modesty, Este procul uittae tenues insigne pudoris, Ov. a. a. 1, 31; 3, 483; Nil mihi cum uitta, Thais iu arte meast, rem. am. 386.

**uittātus**, quasi-part. bound with a fillet, nittata sacerdos, Lucan. 1, 597; capillis, Ov. am. 1, 7, 17; uaccae, M. 12, 151; nauem, Plin. 7, 110.

**uitt-eus**, adj. of a fillet, uitta uittens, uot. Tir. 161.

1 **uittūla**, ae, f. dim. a calf, cum faciam uittūla pro frugibus ipse uenito, Verg. B. 3, 77; 2. a young cow (in milk), Verg. B. 3, 29.

2 **Vitūla**, ae, f. goddess of joy or victory, Ilyllus libro quem de dis composuit ait Vitulam uocari deam quae lactitiae praest. Piso ait Vitulam Victoriam nominari, Macr. s. 3, 2, 13; 2. perh. for uictula, and so a dim. of a uicta-, victory, from uicne-conquer.

1 **uitūlāmen**, uis, n. [uitūlor, wh. see] a chant of victory, but connected by error with uittulus as meaning a shoot (cf. the two meanings of *μοσχος*, whence *μοσχειμα*), quae



(martyrs) tanquam vitulamina pullulantes ad mortem quasi ad immortalitatem festinauerunt, Ambros. ep. 37, 37;

**2 vitulamen**, inis, n. [from a lost vb. uitilor send out young shoots] a shoot, a sucker, spuria vitulamina nou dabunt radices altas, Vnlg. Sap. 4, 3.

**vitularius**, adj. of calves, Vitularia uia, a road near Arpinum, still called Via della Vitula, Cic. fam. 3, 1, 3.

**vitulatio**, ōnis, f. [uitolor] a sort of Te deum, a religious ceremony to celebrate a victory, quod postridie nouas Iulias re bene gesta, cum pridie populus a Tuscis in fugam uersus sit (unde populifugia uocantur) post uictoriam certis sacrificiis fiat uitulatio, Hyllus ap. Macr. s. 3, 2, 14.

**uitulinus**, adj. of a calf, earuocula, Cic. diu. 2, 52; seuum, Cels. 5, p. 174, 13 D; **2.** as sb. f. (sc. caro) veal, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 5.

**uitilor**, āri, vb. r. [Vitula the goddess] lit. play the part of the goddess Vitula, act as priestess to her (cf. baechor), chant a loud song of joy or victory, Is habet coronam uitulans uictoria, Enn. tr. 339 R; Vt in uenatu uitulantis ex suis Locis nos mittat, Naev. 34 R; Ioui opulento ineluto | Ope gnato supremo ualido uiripotentis | opes spes bonas copias commodanti | lubens uitilor, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 4; uitulans laetans gaudio, nt partu (in prato?) uitulus, Fest. p. 369; apud Naeuium in Clastidio: 'uitulantes' a uitalia, Varr. l. p. 385 Sp.; **2.** Macr. s. 3, 2, 12 makes uitulari = uoce laetari = παλαίειν and finds the idea in Vergil's laetumque choro paena canentes; while Fest. and Varr. derive it from uitulus in spite of the qty. but Non. 14 a uita.

**uitulus**, i, m. dim. [though uitns does not occur] the young of an animal, gen. of the ox-tribe, a calf, Laetentes uitulos, Ov. M. 10, 227; Tum uitulus bima cruans iam cornua fronte, Verg. G. 4, 299; **2.** an elephant's calf, Plin. 8, 2; **3.** a whale's calf, Plin. 9, 13;

**4.** without reference to age, a sea-calf, a seal, φωκη, quae pilo uestiuntur animal pariunt, ut pristis balaena uitulus... nullum animal grauiore somno premitur, Plin. 9, 41; hence, Eripient somnum Druso uitulisque marinis, Iuv. 3, 238; pauidi altioris specus tutissimos putant aut tabernacula e pellibus beluarum quas uitulos appellant, quoniam hoc solum animal e mariais non percutat (fulmen), Plin. 2, 146; fulgura expauescebat ut semper pellem uituli marini circumferret (Augustus), Suet. Aug. 90; **5.** Forcellini etc. wrongly refer Verg. G. 3, 164 to the foal; **6.** for variety of meaning cf. pullus catulus etc.; **7.** as a cognomen, Q. Voconius Vitulus, on a coin, Eckhel 5, 344; L. Lucilius Vituli lib., inser. Mur. 37, 6.

**Vitumnus**, or Vitiuus, i, m. [uictu- m.] god of life, Aug. c. D. 7, 2 f.; Tert. adu. nat. 2, 11.

**uitupērāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uitupera- vb.] blameable, Cic. fin. 3, 40; leg. 3, 23; **2.** adv. uituperabiliter, blameably, Cass. uar. 6, 11.

**uitupērātio**, ōnis, f. blame, censure, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 46; 2, 3, 140; in the pl. Att. 16, 7, 5.

**uitupērātor**, ōris, m. censurer, vituperator, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 6; fin. 1, 2; N. D. 1, 5.

**1 uitupēro**, āre, vb. [see below] lit. take in bad part, take amiss, O. Cur omen mihi Vitupērat? S. Malo Chaline tibi cauendum censeo, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 59; Eho an (pron. yōn) maui uitupērārier falso quam uero extolli? Most. 1, 3, 21; Enimvero (pron. enuer?) Antipho multimodis cum istoe animo 's uitupērāndus, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 1; Et ut putentur sapere caelum uituperent, Phaedr. 4, 7, 26; Cic. Mur. 60; Curt. 8, 6, 24; ad Her. 2, 44; **2.** the u as second short syllable should be nearly dropped uit'perare etc.; **3.** prob. a comp. of parare with a prefix uit, the same as ue= male, also= our mis, wh. is both Teutonic and Italian; cf. miss-kennen and mes-credere, mislead; for letter-change cf. promulgare from uulgare, Germ. mit, Eng. with. Cf. for meaning, uitium, uitilena, uitilitigo, uitimagistratus.

**2 uitupēro**, ōnis, m. censurer, vituperator, Gell. 19, 7, 16; Sid. ep. 4, 22; 8, 1.

**uiuācitas**, ātis, f. tenacity of life, Colum. 11, 3, 41; Plin. 8, 100; Quint. 6, tn. 3; Val. M. 8, 13, ext. 4.

**uiuārius**, adj. [uiui or uiua pl.] of living creatures, scarorum multitudinem uiuariis nauibus (provided with

salt-water tanks) huc aduectam in mare sparsit, Macr. s. 3, 16, 10; **2.** as sb. n. uiuarium, an inclosure for preserving animals alive, including ponds of fresh and salt water, a preserve, uiuaria horum (aprorum) ceterorumque siluestrium primus inuenit Fuluius, Plin. 8, 211; (ceruorum), 8, 116; ostrearum, 9, 168; muraenarum, 9, 171; oeclearum, 9, 173; (glirinum) uiuaria doliis, 8, 224; fugitiuum dieere piscem Depastumque diu uiuaria Caesaris, Iuv. 4, 50; custos uiuarii eohh. praett. et urbb., inser. Mur. 251, 3; **3.** met., Hor. ep. 1, 1, 79; Iuv. 3, 308; cf. Gell. 2, 20, 4.

**uiuātus**, quasi-part. endowed with life, animated, u. potestas, Lucr. 3, 409, 558 and 680.

**uiuax**, ācis, adj. tenacious of life, long-lived, matrem, Hor. s. 2, 1, 53; uiuaeior heres, 2, 2, 132; cerni, Verg. B. 7, 30; apium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; arundo eum sit uiuacissima, Colum. 4, 32; gratia, Hor. A. P. 68; uirtus, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 47; **2.** full of life, lively, vivacious, vigoros, solo, Ov. M. 1, 420; cursu, Gell. 5, 2, 4; discipuli, Quint. 2, 6, 3; **3.** adv. uiuaciter, Fulg. myth. pr. 1 med.; uiuacius, Prud. Sym. 2, 332.

**uiuū?** adv. see uiuus.

**Viuentini**, m. pl. the inhabitants of a town (Viuentum?) in Umbria, Plin. 3, 114.

**uiuerra**, ae, f. [a redupl. of uerra- as ciconia- of conia-; and this uerra or rather uerra-ac- (a dim. of fur- a thief) = Fr. fur-et, Eng. ferr-et; cf. also fur-o of Low Latin] a ferret, Plin. 8, 218; 11, 261; 30, 47.

**uiuerrārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a ferret-cage, γαλεαγρα, uiuerrarium, muscellarium, Gloss.

**uiu-esco**, ēre, vb. become alive, Lucr. 4, 1065 and 1138; Plin. 9, 161; 16, 93; 17, 59.

**uiu-combūr-ium**, ii, n. burning alive, Tert. anim. 1 f. and 33 med.

**uiu-īdus**, adj. [uiu- vb.] full of life, animated, uiuida nis animi perucit, Lucr. 1, 72; uiuida tellus Tuto res teneras effert in luminis oras, 1, 178; nou uiuida bello Dextra uiris, Verg. 10, 609; **2.** as if living, Cuius adhuc uolunt uiuida eera tenet, Mart. 7, 44, 2; **3.** met. odia, Tac. an. 15, 49; eloquentiam, 13, 42; uiuidiusque merum, Mart. 8, 6, 12; **4.** adv. uiuidius, Gell. 7, 3, 53; Amm. 30, 1, 7.

**uiuificātio**, ōnis, f. making alive, Tert. resur. 28 f.; Marc. 5, 9.

**uiuificātor**, ōris, m. one who makes alive, vivifier, Tert. resur. 37 med.; Lucr. 1, 72; uiuida tellus Tuto res teneras

**uiuificātrix**, icis, f. the same, Prosp. Aq. ingrat. 21.

**uiuifico**, āre, vb. [uiuifico- adj.] make to live, vivify, Avien. Ar. 500; Prud. ap. 234.

**uiuī-ficus**, adj. causing to live, vivifying, Amm. 21, 1, 8; Apul. Trism.

**uiuī-pārus**, adj. viviparous, Apul. ap. p. 298.

**uiuīrādix**, icis, adj. having a living root, hence as sb. (m. or f.?) a young plant with a root as opposed to a slip or cutting, Cato r. 33; Cic. sen. 52; Varr. r. 1, 35, 1; Colum. 3, 14; Plin. 37, 170.

**uiuisco**, see uiuesco.

**uiuus**, see Vibius.

**uiuo**, uiuēre, uixi, uictum, vb. [see below] first, live (on), eat, but with abl. lacte atque pecore uiuunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 8; piscibus atque ouis auium uiuere existuuantur, 4, 10, 5; prius se cortice ex arboribus uicturos quam Pompeium e manibus dimissuros, b. c. 3, 49, 2; uiuit siliquis et pane secundo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 123; uiuere raptu, Verg. 7, 749;

**2.** hence live, C. Eho tu tua uxor quid agit? M. Immortalis est, uiuit uicturaquest, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 17; si ad centesimum annum uixisset, Cic. sen. 19; **3.** of plants, uiuere uitam et mori diemus, Cic. fin. 5, 39; auolsique arboribus stolones uixere, Plin. 17, 67; **4.** of fire, bēne uiuitis ignes, Ov. F. 3, 427; Vt paene extinetum cinerem si sulphure tangas, Viuēt et ē minimo maximus igitur erit, rem. am. 7, 32; **5.** live to some purpose, live so as to enjoy life, properate uiuere pnerae quas sint aetatula ludere et cantare et Veneris tenere bigas, Varr. s. 117, 4 R; quod me cohortaris ad laborem, faciam equidem, sed quando uiuemus? Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; Lactusque deget cui licet in diem Dixisse Vixi, Hor. od. 3, 29, 43; esse bibere frni patrimonio,



hoc est uiuere, Sen. ep. 123, 10; Catul. 5, 1; Mart. 1, 103, 12; 1, 15, 11; **6.** be, Virtute dixit uos nictiores uiuere Non ambitione neque perfidia, Pl. Amph. pr. 75; O popularis equis me hodie uiuit fortunatior? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 1; Set tu insula malo et molesta uiuis, Catul. 10, 33; ego uiuo miserrimus et maximo dolore conficior, Cic. Att. 3, 5; nempe ruberes Viueret in terris te siquis auarior uno, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 157; **7.** met. live, tacitum uiuit sub pectore uolnus, Verg. 4, 67; alitur uitium uiuitque tegendo, G. 3, 454; **8.** esp. live in the memory of others, Fabitur hoc aliquis Mea semper gloriâ uiuet, Cic. ap. Gell. 15, 6, 3; Viuent facta ducis operosaque gloria rerum, Albin. 1, 265; Hor. od. 2, 2, 5; Ov. tr. 1, 7, 25; **9.** special formulæ, uixit, he has lived, he is no more, a euphemism for death, modo eum uixisse abant, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 10; **10.** in imper. and subj. pres. of a farewell adieu, uiuite siluæ, Verg. B. 9, 58; at times in anger, Cum suis uiuat ualentque moechis, Catul. 11, 17; **11.** ita uiuam ut, or si, ne uiuam si, or, ita uiuam parenthetically, Quis hoc putaret praeter me? Nam (ita uiuam) putauit, Cic. fam. 2, 13, 3; ita uiuam ut maximos sumptus facio, Att. 5, 15, 2; sollicitat (ita uiuam) me tua ualetudo, fam. 16, 20; quid poteris, inquires, pro iis dicere? Ne uiuam si scio, Att. 4, 16, 8; **12.** si uiuo, if I live, in threats, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 27 and Ps. 5, 2, 26; Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 20; **13.** with a cogn. acc., quo uitoresem sese uitam meo praesidio uicturos esse arbitrentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 118; Adeone erat stultus ut illam quam tum ille uiuebat nitauit esse arbitretur? Clu. 170; **14.** hence with nom. of time, as pass. pers., uixi Annos bis centum, nunc tertia uiuitor aetas, Ov. M. 12, 187; **15.** as pass. impers., Negat Epicurus iucunde posse uiui nisi cum uirtute uiuatur, Cic. Tusc. 3, 49; Viuitur paruo bene cui paternum..., Hor. od. 2, 16, 13; **16.** uixit for uixisset, Verg. 11, 118; **17.** uiuo is only a corruption of uescor; hence in Fr. vivre had uescu for its part, and still has vécu; hence too it takes au abl. in its first sense. Note too that the c reappears in uixi uictus uicturus. At the same time uiu- and uesc- as standing for ui-oc- and ues-oc are one with  $\beta\epsilon\text{-}o$  vb. and sb. =  $\beta\epsilon\text{-}o\chi\text{-}$ . The Manx be-agh, eat habitually, Gen. 3, 18, also live, from bi, 'be,' best exhibits the word.

**uiuus**, adj. [uiu- vb.; cf. parcus from parc-] alive, rogas Fabium ut et patrem et filium uiuos comburat, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 6; quum leges duo ex uua familia uiuo utroque magistratus creari uetarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 3; **2.** of vegetable life, Viauque per rimas proceraque surgit arundo, Ov. M. 13, 891; uiuam sepe, Colum. 11, 3, 3; **3.** of other things, lucernæ, Hor. od. 3, 21, 23; lapides (flint, as giving out sparks), Plin. 36, 138; liuum (made of asbestos and so resisting fire), 19, 19; **4.** esp. of things still in their native condition, and so conceived as still growing, and opposed to the artificial, native, uiuioque sedilia saxo, Verg. 1, 167; Autra subit topis laqueata et pumice uiuo, Ov. F. 2, 315; uiuæ calci aquam infunda, feruebit, Sen. N. Q. 3, 24, 4; uiuom effoditur (sulpur), Plin. 35, 175; speluncae uiuique lacus, Verg. G. 2, 469; fons uide funditur e terra aqua uiua, Varr. l. p. 128 Sp.; cf. Sen. N. Q. 3, 7, 3; **5.** for religious uses such (native) water alone was available, 'I mea' dixit 'auiis ne quid pia sacra moretur, Et tenuem uiuis fontibus adfer aquam,' Ov. F. 2, 250; add 4, 778; quidnam tu paras iuceste sacrificium Diuiae facere? quin tu ante uiuo perfluideris flumine? Liv. 1, 45, 6; Attricare nefas donec me flumine uiuo Abluero, Verg. 2, 719; **6.** living (to the eye), of works of art, uiuos de marmore uoltus, Verg. 6, 848; Vidi artes ueterumque manus uariisque metalla uiua modis, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 47; **7.** living in memory, cuius facta uiua nunc uigent, Naev. 109 R; **8.** uiuus animus, Plin. ep. 8, 6, 17, sensitive; **9.** uiua uox, living speech as opposed to what is written, whence our uiua uoce, Cic. agr. 2, 4; Sen. ep. 6, 5; 33, 9; uiua illa ut dicitur nox alit plenius, Quint. 2, 2, 8; multo magis ut uulgo dicitur uiua uox adficit, Plin. ep. 2, 3, 9; If **10.** as sb. n. what is living, the quick, extrema pars unguis ad uiuum rescatur, Colum. 6, 12, 3; uitem falce eradere uiuo tenuis, 4, 24; met., hoc primum sentio, nisi in bouis amicitiam esse non posse, neque id ad uiuum rescio, Cic. am. 18; **11.** by a strong met., from the same idea,

capital opposed to profits, as the living flesh to what has no feeling (callous, nail), de uiuo igitur aliquid erat rescandum ut esset unde Apronio hoc corollarium nummorum adderetur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 118; dat de lucro, nihil detrahit de uiuo, Flac. 91.

**uix**, adv. [see below] with a great effort, with difficulty, hardly, uix me coutineo quin inuolem Moustro in capillum, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 20; erant omnino itinera duo, unum angustum et difficile, uix qua singuli carri ducerentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; ego teneo ab accusando uix mehercule, sed tamen tenco, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; **2.** with little to spare, scarcely, ex hominum milibus sexaginta uix ad quingentos sese redactos esse dixerunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 28, 2; carcer uix carcere dignus, Lucil. ap. Don. ad Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 19; **3.** hence often followed by nedum, much less, Cic. fam. 16, 8, 2; Liv. 24, 4, 1; **4.** often of time, followed by cum, uix agmen nouissimum extra munitiones processerat cum..., Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 1; uix erat hoc plane imperatum, cum..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 86; or without cum, Vixdm dimidium dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; **5.** and in poets with et or que, Vix primos inopina quies laxauerat artus, Et superincumbens..., Verg. 5, 857; Stat. Th. 5, 263; uixdm ignea montem Torsit hieups, iamque Eoas cinis induit urbes, Val. F. 4, 509; **6.** uix =  $\mu\omicron\gamma\iota\varsigma$ , prob. akin to ui- and  $\beta\iota\alpha$  (=  $\beta\iota\alpha\chi\text{-}$ ) force.

**uix-dum**, adv. scarcely yet, scarcely, see uix and dum.

**uixet**, = uixisset, see uiuo § 16.

**ulcératio**, or hule-, ònis, f. [ulcera- vb.] ulceration, hence a sore, an ulcer, gingiuarum hulcerationem (so  $\beta\epsilon$ , al. exulcerationes), Plin. 34, 115; ulcerationes uolnra, Sen. dial. 2, 6, 3.

**ulcéro**, Ære, vb. [ulcus, sb.] make sore, cause to ulcerate, ulcerato serpentis morsu Philocteta, Cic. fat. 36; Mantica cui lumbos onere ulceret, Hor. s. 1, 6, 106; met. of love, Non ancilla tuum iecur ulceret ulla, ep. 1, 18, 72; cf. § 2 of

**ulcér-òsus**, adj. [id.] full of sores, facies, Tac. an. 4, 57; of trees, Plin. 17, 106; **2.** met. iecur, as the seat of lust, Hor. od. 1, 25, 15.

**ulcisco**, vb. [see ulciscor] avenge, Nisi patrem materno sanguine exanclando ulciscerem, Enn. tr. 184 V, or 134 R; **2.** hence ulciscor as a pass., be punished or avenged, quicquid sine sanguine ciuium ulcisci nequitur, Sal. lug. 31, 8 Kr.; quæ defendi repetique et ulcisci fas sit, Liv. 5, 49, 3; **3.** hence ultus, a part. pass., ob iras grauitur ultas, Liv. 2, 17, 7; quam lege quod occidit ultus Ipse sua, Val. F. 4, 753.

**ulcisc-or**, -isci, ultus, vb. r. [ule =  $\epsilon\lambda\kappa$  = uel of nello + ec] lit. tear for oneself—hence punish for one's satisfaction, take vengeance on, first with acc. of person punished, Ego pol te pro istis dictis et factis scelus Ulciscar, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 20; quos ego, si ullo modo fieri possit, non tam ulcisci studeo quam sanare sibi ipsos, Cic. Cat. 2, 17; consueuisse deos quos pro scelere eorum ulcisci uelint, his secundo interdm res concedere, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 5; uictos acerbis ulcisci nolunt, Sal. lug. 42, 4; **2.** avenge, take one's revenge for, with acc. of wrong which calls for vengeance, senis iracundiam, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 12; iniuriam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 72; nefarium scelus, 2, 1, 68; patrii mortem, Rab. perd. 14; iniurias, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 7; Sal. lug. 68, 1; regum libidines, Hor. od. 4, 12, 8; Androgei necem, Ov. M. 7, 448; **3.** auengo the cause of; take vengeance for, with acc. of person avenged, quos poetæ tradiderunt patri ulciscendi causa supplicium de uatre sumpsisse, Cic. Rose. Am. 66; arma quibus te ulcisci lacessitus (possis), or. 1, 32; eademem Ulcisci patriam, Verg. 2, 575; ulcisci unmeu utrumque paro, Ov. F. 5, 574; caesos fratres, Ov. M. 12, 603.

**ulc-us**, or hule-us, Æris, n. [=  $\epsilon\lambda\kappa$ -os, sb. n.] orig. a medical term introduced by physicians as being Greeks, a sore, ulcer, abscess, suppuration, whether open or not, Et simul ulceribus quasi inistis omno rubere Corpus, Lucr. 6, 1166; eadem fere crustas ulceribus inducunt, Cels. 5, p. 163, 25 D; Non tamen ulla magis praesens fortuna laborumst, Quam si quis ferro potuit rescindere summum Vlcis os: alitur uitium uiuitque tegendo, Verg. G. 3, 454;



tenero latet ulcus in ore Putre, Pers. 3, 113; ulceribus non maturesecutibus (circumlinitur laser), Plin. 22, 103; semen (myrtil) ulcera difficilia sanat, 23, 159; **2.** strictly distinguished from uolnus, the latter being limited to damage from without, thus Celsus 5, c. 26: genera in quibus noxa corpori est...quinque sunt; and then he gives for the first, quum quid extrinsecus laesit ut in uolneribus; so also to end of c. 27. But c. 28 begins: ab his quae extrinsecus incident, ad ea ueniendum est quae interius...nascuntur; and the chapter is devoted to ulcera of internal origin, as carbuncle, cancer etc.; still a wound is often followed by suppuration, hence of Philoctetes' wound, ulcus esse tectan et clausam malignitatem, uolnus patentem; cf. Iamiam absumor: conficit animam Vis uolneris, ulceris aestus, Att. Philol. 565 R; **3.** yet a poet may take a liberty, as Vergil above § 1, who speakng of a latent ulcer first says ulceris os and soon after ad uolnera of the same; **4.** met., Quid minus tibile fuit quam hoc ulcus tangere Aut nominare uxorem? Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 9, this sore place; horum quicquid attigeris, ulcus est, rotten, unsound in argument, Cic. N. D. 1, 104; cf. dom. 12; in Ov. tr. 3, 11, 63 the reading is now altered; **5.** met. of a quarry, as if the earth were a living body, Plin. 36, 125; of love, Lucr. 4, 1068.

**ulcus-culum**, i, n. a little sore or ulcer, Cels. 5, p. 228, 16 D; Sen. ep. 72, 5; Plin. 28, 259.

**ulex**, icis, m. a plant, fossae (for gold washing) sternuntur ulice, frutex est roris marini (rosemary) similis, asper aurumque retinens, Plin. 33, 76; ulex siccatas (so β, al. siccatur) uritur et cinis eius lauatur subtrato caespite herboso ut sidat aurum, 33, 77.

**ūlgin-ōsus**, adj. [ūlgo f.] swampy, locus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; caprile, 2, 3, 6; terra, Plin. 17, 33; campi, Colum. 2, 4, 3; uiscera, Arnob. 1, 30 of dropsy.

**ūlgo**, inis, f. [perh. for ū-ilo-iglo from a root uu, cf. un-escō, ub-er etc.] moisture, wet, ea ulgo lanam corrumpit ouium, Varr. r. 2, 2, 7; At quae pinguis humus duleique ūlginē lacta, Verg. G. 2, 184; Pomptini ūlginē campi, Sil. 8, 381; Colum. 1, 6, 16.

**Vlixēs**, is, or i, m. Latin form of Gk. name Οδυσσεύς, Enn. tr. 138 R; Au ego Vlixem obliuiscar (pron. oblisca) unquam aut quicquam praeponi uelim? Att. 497 R; Tu quoque Vlixes quamquam grauitur Cernimus ictum, Pacuv. 259 R; Tydides sed enim scelerumque inuentor Vlixes, Verg. 2, 164; **2.** gen. Vlixei or Vlixii, proles patieutis Vlixēi, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 40; Ithacensis Vlixēi, 1, 6, 63; or Vlixēi, Laboriosi remiges Vlixēi, epod. 17, 16; Nec cursus duplicis per mare Vlixēi, od. 1, 6, 7; acc. Vlixem, s. 2, 3, 197; and ep. 1, 2, 18; **3.** Vlixemus, adj. of Vlixes, peregrinatio, Apul. M. 2.

**ullag-eris**, c, adj. [rustic form of olla-ris, from ollag-, old form of olla] of pottery, terminus coctus testatius (=testaceus) ullageris dicitur, Latin. gromat. Lachm. p. 306, 21; cf. Rudorff, II. p. 273.

**ullus**, adj. dim. [i. e. un-ulus : unus :: uillum : uinum] any (itself a dim. of an), like quisquam used only in negative, interrogative and conditional sentences, but only with a sb., whereas quisquam is rather a sb. itself; first negative, omnino nemo ullius rei fuit emptor cui defuerit hic uenditor, Cic. Phil. 2, 97; neque aliud ullum (signum reliquit) praeter unum peruetus lignum, Verr. 2, 4, 7; aditus omnis sine ulla facultate nauium clausus est, 2, 5, 6; non potes eum sine ulla uituperatione accusare, Caecil. 60; **2.** interrogative, num censes ullum animal quod sanguinem habeat sine corde esse posse? Cic. diu. 1, 119; est ergo ulla res tanti aut commodum ullum tam expetendum ut uiri boui et splendorem et nomen amittas? off. 3, 82; **3.** conditional, si ullo modo est ut possit, Ter. Heec. 4, 1, 102; si ulla mea apud te commendatio ualuit, haec ut ualeat rogo, Cic. fam. 13, 40; Qui dum amnes ulli ruuntur fuitibus...Stagna colit, Verg. G. 3, 428; Nam scelus intra se tacitum qui cogitat ullum Facti crimen habet, Iuv. 13, 209; **4.** the negative idea exists, though slightly concealed, in phrases like; Ita fustibus sum mollior miser magis quam ullus cinaedus, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 8; illam seriem (uerborum) cum alia iungentes ultra quam ullus

spiritus durare possit extendunt, Quint. 8, 2, 17; **5.** gen. ullius, but in poets may be ullius, unum optime regum Adicias, nec te ullius uolentia uincat, Verg. 11, 354; Non habet in nobis ullius ira locum, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 34; **6.** in old lang. a gen. ulli was retained, Itaue erubisti? quasi uero corpori reliqueris Tuo potestatem coloris ulli capiendi mala, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 38; nec corporis ulli Sustentata cadunt robustis uiribus (so α, but β ullis...robusti), Lucil. Aet. 208; but in Lucr. 1, 687 the reading is ulli rei, not ullae rei.

**ulmānus**, adj. [ulmo- sb.] of elms? pagus ulmanus, a district so called, some seven miles from Rome, inser. Or. 111.

**ulmārium**, ii, a dj. n. as sb. a plantation of elms, Plin. 17, 76.

**ulmētum**, i, n. the same, πτελεων, ὁ τοπος, uluetum, Gloss. Phil.

**ulmeus**, adj. of elm, u. frons, Colum. 6, 3, 6; u. cena, dishes of food in wood for teaching how to carve, Iuv. 11, 141; **2.** esp. in reference to elm-rods for flogging slaves, n. uirgae, Pl. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 478; u. uirgidemia, Rud. 3, 2, 22; Quem Appelles ac Zeuxis duo pigmentis pingent ulmeis, Epid. 5, 1, 20; Mihi tibiue interuinatust nos futuros ulmeos, As. 2, 2, 96.

**ulmitrība**, ae, m. [ulmo + trib, i. e. ter-ib, a secondary form of ter-, rub, whence triui, tritium and trib-ulum, preserved in Gk. τριβ-; and so not a hybrid] one who wears out whole elms from being constantly flogged, S. Etiam dicis ubist uenefice? P. Hauscio inquam ulmitribū tu, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 7.

**ulmus**, i, f. elm-tree, elm, Plin. 16, 72 and 218; 17, 76; Colum. 5, 6; **2.** esp. as used for training vines, ulmusque adiungere uites, Verg. G. 1, 2; amicta uitibus ulmo, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 3; ulmosque Falernas, as having Falernian vines trained up them, Iuv. 6, 150; **3.** in reference to use as rods, rogatas, ulmorum Acheruns? Pl. Amph. 4, 2, 9; see ulmeus and ulmitrība; **4.** Fr. orme.

**ul-na**, ae, f. [=ωλενη] the root ul or el, seen in our elbow, Germ. el-bogen, as also in our ell as a measure] the ulna or larger bone of the fore-arm of which the elbow forms part, Plin. 11, 243; **2.** fore-arm, arm, nec sapit pueri instar Binuli tremula patris dormientis in ulna, Catul. 17, 13; corpusque meo mihi carius ulnis Mollibus attollo, Ov. M. 7, 847; Inuenit Enrydicean cupidisque amplectitur ulnis, 11, 63; **3.** as a measure, the length of the two outstretched arms, the Gk. οργυια, a fathom or six feet roughly, arboris eius crassitudo quattuor hominum ulnas conplectentium implebat, Plin. 16, 202; and in § 203 (cedrus) crassitudinis ad trium hominum complexum; **4.** more commonly the distance from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger, a cubit or ell, Gk. πηχυς, cum bis trium ulnarum toga, Hor. epod. 4, 7; add Verg. G. 3, 355; and B. 3, 105; **5.** ulna=ωλενη, Goth. uleina, O. G. elina, Ital. alua, alua alla, O. Sp. alna, Sp. ana. Fr. auene, Eng. ell; and hence Germ. ellen-bogen, el-bogen, Eng. el-bow.

**ūlōphōnon**, i, n. =ουλοφονον, a variety of the black chamaeleon plant, fatal to young oxen, Plin. 22, 47; but bu-phnon is a proposed reading.

**Vlpiālis**, c, adj. of Ulpian, i. e. the Emperor Trajan, flammī Vlpiāli, inser. Or. 3135.

**Vlpiānus**, adj. the same, Imp. Neruae Traian. Aug.... nomine puerorum puellarumque Vlpiānorum ex s. c. p., inser. Or. 3163 (A. D. 101); i. e. alimentarii of the Emperor;

**2.** a name of adoption, as of the lawyer Domitius V., Lampr. Sev. 15, 6; 26, 5; 31, 2 and 3; 51, 4; Spart. Pescen. 7, 4.

**ul-p-ic-um**, i, n. [ul=al, garlic] a kind of African leek, plenior Alli ulpicicue quam Romani reuigis, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 35; Cato r. 71; Alliaque infractis spicis et olentia late Vlpiā, quaeque..., Colum. 10, 113; ulpicium quod quidam allium punicum uocant, Graeci autem αφροσκοροδον appellant, 11, 3, 20; **2.** the Ital. upiglio wl. implies a dim. ulpiculum.

**Vlpius**, m. a name of a gens, as of the Emperor Trajan and others, Capitol. Maxim. 2; Vopisc. Aur. 10, 2;



**2.** as adj. of Vlpus, as V. forum, inser. Or. 1140 and 1183; Capitol. M. Ant. Ph. 22, 7, as built by Trajan; Basilica V., on a coin, Eckhel 6, 432; **3.** hence Vlpia as title of cities: Imp. Caesari...L. Septimio Seuero r. p. sua Vlp. (respublica sua Vlpia), inser. Or. 909 (A.D. 202 of Sarmizetusa in Dacia); and Topirus of Thrace, *Θουρίας Τοπειρου*, coin Eckhel 2, 47 b.

**ul-s**, prep. [ul=ol yonder, the root of ille, yon] beyond, w. acc., eum sacra et uls et eis Tiberim fiant, Varr. l. p. 88 Sp.; Oppius mons princeps Exquillus ouls lucum facultalem..., formula Argeorum ap. Varr. l. p. 55 (wh. Flor. ms. has exquillus); uls Cato pro ultra posuit, Fest. 379 M; vniri constituti sunt eis Tiberim et uls Tiberim, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, § 31; intra eitra ultra...singularibus apud ueteres syllabis appellabantur in eis uls, Gell. 12, 13, 7;

**2.** ef. nl-s ult-ra ult-ro ult-erior nlt-imus from ille with ei-s eit-ra cit-ro cit-erior cit-imus from hic, the t however being excrement in ult for ol; but a substitute for n in cit for een (ken).

**ult-erior**, ōris, adj. comp. [implies a form ult-erus, a comp. of ul or ol, see uls § 2] farther, beyond, on the other side, Set eorum ipsum. Quist ultior? Attat Phaedriæ Pater uenit, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 10; u. Gallia, Cic. prou. cons. 36; Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; portus, 4, 23, 1; ripa, Verg. 6, 314;

**2.** of time, what lies beyond, what comes after, future, semper et inuentis ulteriora petit, Ov. am. 2, 9, 10; ulteriora mirari, praesentia sequi, Tac. h. 4, 8; ut dum proxima dicimus, strueri ulteriora possimus, Quint. 10, 7, 8;

**3.** adv. ntrius, farther, Verg. 12, 938; Ov. M. 2, 871; Sen. ep. 102, 1.

**ultimē**, see ultimus § 8.

**1 ultimō**, adv. [ultimus] at last, Suet. Ner. 32 f.; Petr. 20 f. and 139.

**2 ultimō**, āre, vb. [id.] approach one's end, Tert. Pall. 1 f.

**ultimum**, see ultimus § 7.

**ult-imus**, older ultimus, adj. [superl. of ol, i.e. ille, with excrement t, see uls § 2] yondermost, so to say, farthest, most distant, uttermost, extreme, of place, time or degree, first of place, ad caelum ipsum, quod extremum atque ultimum mundi est, Cic. diu. 2, 91; ea minima (stella, i.e. the moon) quae ultima a caelo, citima terris luce lucebat aliena, rep. 6, 16; recessum primis ultimi non dabant, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 6; deuehendum in ultimas maris terrarumque oras, Liv. 21, 10, 12; **2.** of time, last, ultima semper Expectanda dies homini, Ov. M. 3, 135; ultima uox...fuit...Heu frustra dilecte puer, 3, 499; Vltima quis tacuit inuenum certamina Colchos, Lucil. Aetna 17; u. lapis, as of a gravestone, Prop. 1, 17, 20; hic dies aut parcidis aut tibi futurus ultimus, Curt. 5, 11, 9; u. eerae, of a will, Mart. 4, 70, 2; **3.** but in looking back from our present to the past, most distant and therefore earliest, first, nonne nobis uideor et ultimi temporis reoordatione et proximi memoria medium illud tristissimum tempus debere ex animo exidere? Cic. prou. cons. 43; ab origine ultima stirpis Romanae, Nep. Att. 1, 1; parentem Te Satirne refert, tu sanguinis ultimus auctor, Verg. 7, 49; **4.** extreme in degree, rarity of the good, summum bonum quod ultimum appello, Cic. fin. 3, 30 (but N. D. 2, 33: si a primis incohatissimo naturis ad ultimas perfectasque uolumus procedere, is not in point); often of the bad, last, lowest, because in enumeration we commonly begin with the best, tibi quoque inter multa egregia non in ultimis laudum hoc fuerit, Liv. 30, 30, 4; eonsul labore cum ultimis militum certare, 34, 18; priusquam ultima experirentur, 2, 28, 9; add Cic. fam. 7, 17, 2; Ov. M. 14, 483; qui se regiae stirpis ferebat, eum esset ultimae, Vell. 1, 11, 1; uir ultimae sortis Andrisus, dubium liber an seruus, mercennarius certe, Flor. 1, 30, 3; uitia, Quint. 2, 2, 15; uenena, Plin. 17, 240; **5.** with sb. the farthest part of, the end of, the bottom of, G. Sed quis hiest senex quem nideo in ultima platea? A. Ipsus est, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 37; ultimis conelaua in aedibus, Haut. 5, 1, 29; in ultimam prouinciam se coniecit, Cic. Att. 5, 16, 4; inter duas pinnas ultimae caudae, Plin. 9, 11; u. spelunca, Phaedr. 4, 20, 3; and of time, usque in ultimum autumnum, Colum. 11, 2, 48; mese Martio ultimo, Pall. 4, 10, 6;

**6.** as sb. n. the last, the extreme, extremity, fidem ad ultimum (to the last) fratri praestitit, Liv. 45, 19, 7; consilium sceleratum sed non ad ultimum demens, 28, 28, 8; ad ultimum uicta litteris Alexandrum depreata est (at last), Curt. 5, 3, 14; ultimo caudae reflexo, Plin. 11, 107; paene in ultima (al. ultimum) erupit impunitas, Vell. 2, 125, 2; **7.** ultimum as adv. or rather cognate aec., ut...errabundi domos suas ultimum illud uisuri peruagarentur, Liv. 1, 29, 4; unicum in illa fortuna open Artabazum, ultimum illum (illud?) uisurus, amplectitur, Cnrt. 5, 12, 7; ultimum defletus atque conelamatus, Apul. M. 2, p. 126; **8.** ultime adv. to the last degree, u. adfectus, Apul. M. 1, p. 105; u. uerberat, id. 10.

**ultio**, ōnis, f. [from ul, the root of nl-e-ise-or, ef. ultus ulor] revenge, vengeance, Semper et infirmi est animi exiguique uoluptas Vltio, Iuv. 13, 190; ultionem in delatores et praemia amicis obtinuit, Tac. an. 13, 21 f.; ultioneu necati infantis, Iustin. 1, 4; (in Sen. ira 3, 22, 1 the best reading is talio, not ultio et talio); **2.** as a goddess, Tac. an. 3, 18.

**ultor**, ōris, m. [id.] punisher, avenger, Att. 524 R; con- iurationis, Cic. Sul. 85; Verg. 4, 625; Sil. 2, 495;

**2.** esp. a title of Mars, to whom, as avenger of Caesar's murder, Augustus erected a temple, Inpriuato solo Martis Vltoris templum (forumque Augustum (ex manibibus feci. Mon. Ane. 4, 21; also Mauorti ultori, inser. Or. 1349; Marti patri ultori, Ib. 961; Mar. ult. in glande, inser. Henz. 6836.

**ultōr-ius**, adj. of an avenger, mala ultoria, Tert. Marc. 2, 24.

**ult-rā**, prep. [from a lost adj. ult-erus, see nls § 2] beyond, on the other side of, w. acc., Caesar paulo ultra eum locum castra transtulit, Caes. b. e. 3, 66, 4; Coffae ultra Silianam uillam est, Cic. Att. 12, 27, 1; **2.** of time, is (Gorgias) et illorum fuit aemulus et ultra Socraten usque durauit, Quint. 3, 1, 9; nec ultra pueriles annos retinebitur, 1, 11, 19;

**3.** esp. of measure or number, non ultra heminam aquae, Cels. 4, p. 127, 20 D; paulo ultra eum numerum, bell. Alex. 21; **4.** adhibent modum quandam quem ultra progredi non oporteat, Cic. Tusc. 4, 38; sunt certi denique fines Quos ultra citraque nequit consistere rectum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 106; Aut si ultra placitum laudarit, bacelario frontem..., Verg. B. 7, 27; **5.** usually before its noun, yet after the relative, see § 4; and in Tac. after other nouns, diruta quae Euphraten ultra communiuerat Corbulo, an. 15, 17 f.; **6.** after another preposition need not have the noun repeated, saepe ab his eis Padum ultraque legiones Etruscorum fusas, Liv. 5, 35, 4; **7.** ultra quam, as a conjunction, beyond what, beyond the fact that, quod ultra quam satis est producitur, Cic. inu. 1, 26; per dies aliquot nihil motum quam ut hae duae turmae ostenderentur, Liv. 40, 30, 5; **8.** as adv. or without a noun expressed, estne aliquid ultra quo erudolitas progredi possit? Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 119; nec ultra bellum Latinum gliscens iam per aliquot annos dilatam, Liv. 2, 19, 2; Quos alios muros, quae iam ultra moenia habetis? Verg. 9, 782; Properauit hora tristis fatalis mea Et denegauit ultra uicitae spiritum, CIL 1009.

**ultrāmundānus**, adj. [ultra mundum] beyond the world, ultra-mundane, Apul. dogm. Pl. 8; Mart. Cap. 2, 43 G, 48, 10 Eyss. in earm.

**ultr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. [ultor] avenging, a female avenger, eurae, Verg. 6, 274; dirae, 4, 473; sceleris ultrices deae, Sen. Med. 13; dextra, Herc. f. 899; **2.** ultricia as n. pl., bella, Sil. 2, 423; tela, Stat. Th. 10, 911; **3.** in Cic. dom. 112 Baifer after Ernesti has uictrix.

**ult-rō**, adv. [ultro; citro :: uls; eis :: ille; hic; see uls] out yonder, with motion, off, Vltro istuae qui exossat homines, away with that fellow, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 164; ultro istum a me, Capt. 3, 4, 19; Vltro te amator apage te a dorso meo, Cas. 2, 8, 23; **2.** often opposed to citro hitherward, saepe ultro citroque cum legati inter eos mitte- rentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 4, lit. yonderward (so to say) and hitherward, hence backwards and forwards (wh. however ultro means forwards); eursare ultro et citro non destite- runt, Cic. Rose. Am. 60; bis ultro citroque transeurrunt, Liv. 40, 40, 7; per hunc poutem ultro citro emneauit



biduo continenti, Suet. Cal. 19; and met., Cic. off. 1, 56; am. 85; rep. 6, 9; **3.** from the notion of going forward comes the idea of volunteering to do a thing, being the first to act in any matter, doing of one's own accord, spontaneously, not waiting for action on the other side but taking the offensive or initiative, ita putant Sibi fieri iniuriam ultro, si quam fecere ipsi expostules, Et ultro accusant, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 4; O audaciam etiamne ultro (so Bentley ex cod. reg., but qu. etiam ultrone?) accusatum aduenit? Ph. 2, 3, 13; etiam ultro derisum aduenit, Eun. 5, 2, 21; (the pass. from the Aulularia 3, 5, 55 is spurious); nec mihi quidquam in mentem uenit optare quod non ultro mihi Caesar detulerit, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 2 (unasked, of his own motion); cum id quod antea petenti denegasset, ultro polliceretur, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 2; quum rex ab Attalo et Rhodiis ultro se bello lacessitur diceret, Num Abydeni quoque, inquit, ultro tibi iulerunt arma? Liv. 31, 18, 2; Entellus uiris in uentum effudit et ultro...Concidit (of his own impetus, nullo impellente as Donatus adds), Verg. 5, 446; **4.** of time, forthwith, at once, Haec Proteus et se iactum dedit aequor in altum...; At non Cyrene, namque ultro adfata timentem, Verg. G. 4, 530; ultro Hortantem et fessas ad pabula nota uocantem, 4, 265; **5.** as ultro grew out of an acc. ultrom or ultron, the form ultro-neus is explained, and hiatus avoided in: Siquidem his mihi ultro(n) aggerunda etiamst aqua, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 27 (wh. Ritschl, neue Pl. exc. 82, suggests ultrod); **6.** often wrongly derived from uolo.

**ultroneitas**, ātis, f. [ultroneus] freewill, Fulg. myth. 3, 6 f.

**ultroneus**, adj. [ultro, or prob. a lost ultrom, see ultro § 5] of one's own motion, voluntary, spontaneous, utrum iussi an ultronei? Sen. N. Q. 2, 59, 8 (if genuine); u. exilium, Apul. M. 1, p. 111.

**ultrosursum**, adv. for ultro-uorsum, forward, Sulp. Sev. h. sacr. 2, 26 med.

**ultrō-tribūtum**, i, better as two words ultro tributum, n. a voluntary contribution, a benevolence, techn. a contribution of the municipia towards the state expenditure, claimed in the end as a legal due, and so farmed out through the censors etc., quibus loccis ex lege locationis, quam censor aliusue quis mag(istratus) publicis uectigalibus ultroue tributis frundeis tuendeisue dixit dixerit, eis ..., Lex Iulia Munic., CIL 206 (B. C. 45); uectigalia summis pretiis, ultro tributa infimis locauerunt, Liv. 39, 44, 8; quae publica uectigalia ultro tributa C. Claudius et Ti. Sempronius locassent, ea rata locatio ne esset, the words of a rogatio ap. Liv. 43, 16, 7; quinto quoque anno uectigalia et ultro tributa per censores persoluebantur, Varr. l. 6, 2, p. 193 Sp.; met., uirtus saepius est in ultro tributis, Sen. ben. 4, 1, 2; Dict. of Antiq. on this head wholly wrong.

**ultus**, part. of ulciseo and ulciscor.

**ulua**, ae, f. marsh weeds generally, circum salicta (euellito) herbam altam uluamque, Cato r. 37, 2, copied by Plin. 17, 55; Limosoque lacu per noctem obscurus in ulua Delitui, Verg. 2, 135; Nam Laurens (aper) malus est uluis et arundine piuguis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 42; glauca u., Verg. 6, 415; uiridis, B. 8, 87; add Ov. M. 4, 299; 6, 345; 8, 336; Colum. 4, 13, 2; **2.** perh. one in origin with alga.

**Ulūbrae**, ārum, f. pl. a deserted town of Latium near Velitrae, Cic. fam. 7, 18, 3; quod petis hic est, Est Ulūbris, animus si te non deficit aequus, Hor. ep. 1, 21, 29; uasa minora Frangere pannosus uacuis aedilis Vlūbris, Iuv. 10, 102; also a sing., Vlūbra oppidum a triumuiris erat deducta (colonia), lib. colon. Lachm. p. 239, 1; see also

**Ulūbrānus**, adj. of Vlūbrae, Quid fiet populo Vlūbrano, si tu statueris πολιτευσθαι non oportere? Cic. fam. 7, 12, 2.

**Ulūbrensis**, e, adj. of Vlūbrae, Plin. 3, 64.

**ulūcus**, i, m. an owl, ululae, aues απο του ολολυζειν, quas uulgo ulucos uocant, Serv. ad Verg. B. 8, 55; **2.** = Sausk. ulūka; **3.** see also alucus and

**ulūla**, ae, f. [see below] an owl, Certent et cygnis ululae, sit Tityrus Orpheus, Verg. B. 8, 55; nocturnae aues ut noctuae bubo ululae, Plin. 10, 34; **2.** prov. (houines)

eum peius formidant quam fullo (a kind of beetle) ululam, Varr. s. 223, 2 B; **3.** mimetic from bird's note, see Pl. Men. 4, 2, 90; old Germ. uwila or ūla, Germ. eule, owl. See also ulucus.

**ulūlab-ilis**, e, adj. [ulula- vb.] howling, wailing, plan-gor, Apul. M. 4, p. 143; uox, 5, p. 161; clamor, Amm. 24, 1, 7.

**ulūlāmen**, inis, n. [id.] the same, Prud. cath. 10, 122.

**ulūlātio**, ōnis, f. [id.] the same, inser. Grut. 705, 11 and 12.

**ulūlātus**, ūs, m. [id.] hurrying, a shrill outcry, crying hurrah or huzza, suo more uictoriam conclamant atque ululatum tollunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 3; add 7, 80, 4; Vbi sacra sancta (maenades) acutis ululātibus agitant, Catul. 63, 24; Liber adest festisque fremunt ululātibus agri, Ov. M. 3, 528; uictorque ululatus aderrat Auribus, Stat. Th. 9, 177; **2.** a cry of grief, howling, wailing, Lamentis gemitūque et femineo ululatu Tecta fremant, Verg. 4, 667.

**ulūlo**, āre, vb. howl, wail, yell, including all loud noises, as first of animals, si quando uincis nenatica uelox (mss ueneno) Apta solet si forte feras ea (mss et, omitting feras) nare sagaci Sensit, uoce sua nictit (nictat?) ululātque, Enn. an. 346 V; uisaeque canes ululārē per umbram, Verg. 6, 257; and of wolves, 7, 18 and G. 1, 486; simulacra ululare ferarum, Ov. M. 4, 404; **2.** of supernatural beings and generally of evil import, summoque ulularunt uertice nymphae. Ille dies primus leti...causa fuit, Verg. 4, 163; Pronuba Tisiphone thalamis ululauit in illis, Ov. her. 2, 117; ululasse per agros Deformes animas, F. 2, 553; **3.** of the shrill voices of women and eunuchs, plangoribus aedes Femineis ululant, Verg. 2, 487 (where note the personification of aedes; so also ripae, Sil. 6, 285; Dindyma, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 269); Thiasus (chorus of dancing Galli) repente linguis trepidantibus ululat, Catul. 63, 28; Sanguinei populis ulularunt tristia Galli, Lucan. 1, 567; add Mart. 5, 41, 3; **4.** but also of men, hurrah (for victory), laetis ululare triumphis, Lucan. 6, 261; cf. ululatus m.; **II 5.** as vb. traus. in various senses, wail over, orbatam ciuibus orbeu, Prud. Ham. 462; proelia ululata (or ululanda), Stat. Th. 9, 724; **6.** invoke with howling, Hecate ululata, Verg. 4, 609; Lucina ululata, Stat. Th. 3, 158; **7.** fill with howling, hence ululata tellus, Val. F. 4, 608; iuga, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 85; antra, Th. 1, 328; **III 8.** ululare, a mimetic word, = It. urlare, Fr. hurler; and akin to our howl, hurrah, huzza.

**uluōsus**, adj. [ulua] full of marsh weeds, uuda, Sid. carm. 7, 324; uluosum Lambrum, ep. 1, 5 med.

**umbella**, ae, f. dim. [for umber-ula from umbra] a parasol, Umbellam luseae Lygde feras dominae, Mart. 11, 73, 6; Iuv. 9, 50; Mart. lemma of 14, 28, wh. text has umbracula.

**I Umbēr**, bra, brum, adj. of Umbria, Umbrian, Vmbri eos (i.e. Siculos et Liburnos) expulere, hos Etruria, hanc Galli. Vmbrorum gens antiquissima Italiae existimatur, Plin. 3, 112; porcus, Catul. 39, 11; aper, Stat. silu. 2, 4, 4; maritus, Ov. a. a. 3, 303; S. Nec mi umbrast usquam, uisi si in puteo quaepiam. T. Quid, Sarsinatis equast si Vmbram non habes? Pl. (puuning) Most. 3, 2, 83;

**2.** a kind of dog for the chase, Verg. 12, 752; Sen. Thy. 497; Val. F. 6, 420; Sil. 3, 295; Grat. cyn. 171.

**2 umbēr**, bri, m. [see below] a mongrel, a hybrid, non maxime absimile pecori genus musmonum...quorum e genere et ouibus natos prisci umbros uocauerunt, Plin. 8, 109; imbrum ἡμιονο προβατον, Gloss. Philox.; but ομβριας, which Forc. quotes as meaning hybrida, seems to have no existence; a neuter ομβρια, the young of wild animals, is given in a gloss. **2.** prob. one with ἡμιονο- and akin to hybrida.

**umbilicāris**, e, adj. [umbilico m.] of the navel, umbilical, neruus u., the u. cord, Tert. car. Chr. 20 med.

**umbilicātus**, quasi-part. [id.] provided with a navel-cord, est autem semen (palmae), Plin. 13, 32.

**umbilicus**, i, m. [see below] lit. a little knob—hence navel, commune omnibus est umbilicum indecore promi-nere, Cels. 7, c. 14 which treats de umbilici uitiiis; and 6, c. 17; uenarum in umbilico nodus, Plin. 11, 220; acer sep-



tentrio adeo nudauerat uada ut alibi umbilico tenus aqua casset, alibi genua uix superaret, Liv. 26, 45, 8; **2.** met., Dies (pron. jes) quidem iam ad umbilicum dimidiatus mortuost, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 45; esp. of Delphi as the navel, so to say, of the world, Sancte Apollo qui umbilicum certum terrarum obtines, trag. inc. 18 R (so ap. Varr., obsides ap. Cic. diu. 2, 115); Delphos umbilicum orbis terrarum, Liv. 38, 48, 2; add 41, 23, 13; qui locus (Henna) umbilicus Siciliae nominatur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 106; Aetolos qui umbilicum Graeciae incolerent, Liv. 35, 18, 4; Cutiliae lacum Italiae umbilicum esse M. Varro tradit, Plin. 3, 109; **3.** the projecting knob of the stick round which ancient books (uolumina) were rolled, which was often ornamented, chartae regiae, nouei libri, Nouei umbilici, lora rubra, membrana Derecta plumbo, Catul. 22, 7; iambos Ad umbilicum adducere, to finish (as the volume was only then attached to the u.), Hor. epod. 14, 7; Ohe iam satis est oho libelle, iam peruenimus usque ad umbilicos, Mart. 4, 91, 2 as closing his 4th book; Nec umbilicus quod decorus et cedro, S. 61, 4; add 1, 66, 11; 2, 6, 11; 3, 2, 9; 5, 6, 15; **4.** in plants, an eye, like the Fr. nombril, as of the lupine, Plin. 18, 136; of the nux pontica, 15, 89; of the persicum duracinum, Pall. 12, 7, 8; **5.** the gnomon of a sundial, in hoc caeli circumflexu (so β?) aequinocti die medio umbilicus, quem gnomonem uocant, vii pedes longus umbram non amplius iv pedes longam reddit, Plin. 6, 212; add 2, 182; **6.** a sort of fish, perh. the gastropod ombrelle of Cuvier, solet narrare Scaeuola conchas eos (Laelium cum Scipione) et umbilicos legere consuesse, Cic. or. 2, 22; constat eos (the same) conchulas et umbilicos lectitasse, Val. M. 8, 8, 1; add Aur. Vict. 3; **7.** umbilicos, ομφαλος, umbo, are compressed from onubilicus ονφάλος onubo, whence the decapitated Germ. 'nabel, Eng. 'navel; but an initial guttural has been lost as in ον-ομα, nomen for γονομα gnomon from γινγρωσκω gnosco. Thus our knob (for kon-ob) is represented in the assumed Lat. onub-; and the Scotch ku'-ub-l-ock (Jamieson), a little knob=on-ub-ic- and ον-υφ-αλ-ο(χ-). See umbra unguis infra infula as examples of compression; hence Fr. nombril as a substitute for onub-ril from root of nmbo; cf. Bell's J. of Educ. 4, 356.

**umbo**, ὄνις, m. a small knob or boss, esp. of a shield, of which it formed the strongest part, Et summo clipei (telum Priami) nequiquam umbōnē pēpendit, Verg. 2, 546; dixit telumque intorsit in hostem; Inde aliud super atque aliud figitque uolatque Ingenti gyro; sed sustinet aureus umbo, 10, 884; **2.** projecting as it did, it was also available for offence, assurgentem regem umbone resupinat, Liv. 4, 19, 5; nmbonibus incussaque ala sternuntur hostes, 9, 41, 18; ala deinde et umbone pulsantes (hostium aciem), 30, 34, 3; **3.** hence met., boss of elbow, as a weapon of offence, In turbam incidetis, cuneos umbone repellat, Mart. 3, 46, 5; but in Suet. Caes. 68 f. umbo refers to the shield, τὸ θυρεὸν as Plut. Caes. 16 has it; **4.** the elbow of a mountain, esp. in Statius, as u. Malleae, Ach. 1, 408; Isthmius u., Th. 7, 15; u. maligni montis, silu. 3, 1, 110; **5.** of a gem, Plin. 37, 88; **6.** of a projecting boundary stone, Stat. Th. 6, 352; **7.** the knob in which the folds of the toga uirilis were collected on the left shoulder, contracti umbonis, Tert. Pall. 5; candidus umbo, Pers. 5, 33; **8.** for onubo, of wh. on-ub=ον-υχ of ὄνισσω nudge, from a root on. See umbilicus.

**umbra**, ae, f. [see below] shade, shadow, Immo edepol nero quom usquequaque umbrast, tamen Sol semper hic est usque a mani ad uesperum, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 79; illa (platanus), cuius umbram secutus est Socrates, Cic. or. 1, 28; Maioresque cadunt altis de montibus umbrae, Verg. B. 1, 84; **2.** in painting, the shaded parts, background, quam multa nident pictores in umbris et in emiuentia quae nos non uidemus! Cic. acad. pr. 20; secuta aetas hoc (sile) ad lumina usa est, ad umbras autem Scyrico, Plin. 33, 160; add 33, 163; 35, 29, also 127 and 131; **3.** as a shade is form without substance, hence met., a shadow as opposed to the real, Nihil amas, umbra's amanatum magis quam amator Pleusicles, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 31; ueri iuris, Cic. off. 3, 69; τὸν καλοῦ, Att. 7, 11, 1; luxuriae,

Mur. 13; foederis aequi, Liv. 8, 4, 2; pietatis, Ov. M. 9, 460; **4.** shade as where little is seen, as opposed to what is before the public, retirement, studia, ut sic dixerim, in umbra educata et quibus claritudo uenit quod inuentae tuae rudimentis adfuisse uideor, Sen. ap. Tac. an. 14, 53; **5.** shade as the place for idleness or easy work as opposed to hard work in the scorching sun, cedat forum castris, otium militiae, stilus gladio, umbra soli, Cic. Mur. 30; dum tu...iuratis induis arma uiris, Nos Macer ignaua Veneris cessamus in umbra, Ov. am. 2, 18, 3; esp. of rhetorical schools as opposed to the real work of the forum, Ad pugnam qui rhetorica descendit ab umbra, Iuv. 7, 153; **6.** see umbraculum and umbratilis; **7.** one who follows in the suite of a great man and would be thought nothing of but for him, his shadow as it were, in himself a nobody, eum Seruilio Balatrone Vibidius, quas Maecenas adduxerat umbras, Hor. s. 2, 8, 22; locus est et pluribus umbris, ep. 1, 5, 28; **8.** shade, as affording protection from the sun or else concealment, shadow in the sense of protection, shelter, cover, umbra uestri auxilii tegi possumus, Liv. 7, 30, 18; sub umbra auxilii uestri latere nolunt, 32, 21, 31; hi sunt qui quia clariorem uim eloquentiae uelut solem ferre non possunt, umbra magui nominis delitescunt, Quint. 12, 10, 15; **9.** a sort of teut, made of branches, umbrae uocantur Neptunalibus casae frondcae pro tabernaculis, Fest. p. 377 M; **10.** a ghost, a shade, in pl. shades, manes, non me impia namque Tartara habent tristes umbrae, Verg. 5, 734; Vmbrarumque rogat rapta cum coniuge regem, Ov. M. 7, 249; cum tenuem fuero mutatus in umbram, Tib. 3, 2, 9; **11.** a fish so called from its dark colour, says Varr. l. p. 82 Sp., prob. from σκια shadow, Fr. ombre, salmo Thymallus (in name but name alone one with Gk. σκιαδεύς, σκιανα, It. ombrina, Germ. Meer-schatten), tum corporis umbrae Liuentis, Ov. hal. 111; arenosi gurgites pelagios melius pascent ut auratas...umbrasue, Colum. 8, 16, 8; Ausou. idyl. 10, 90; **12.** umbra compressed from onubra and so akin to nub-ere, nub-es and nebula, which is one with νεφέλη and Germ. nebel. Further onub- is prob. one with ονυχ-, the theoretic form whence νυχ of νυχα νυχιος; see nox; and so eventually fm. prep. εν or in down. See also umbilicus, umbo.

**umbrāc-ūlum**, i, n. dim. [umbrac- = umbra- vb.] that which shades, as a place shaded by trees, in illis aliorum umbraculis, Cic. leg. 5, ap. Maer. s. 6, 4, 8; lentao textuut umbracula uites, Verg. B. 9, 42; add Varr. r. 1, 51, 2; **2.** esp. as a resort of philosophers while instructing pupils, like the groves Academia and Lyceum, e Theophrasti umbraculis, Cic. Brut. 37; esp. as opposed to the realities of life, ex umbraculis eruditorum, leg. 3, 14; **3.** a parasol, Aurea pellebant tepidos umbracula soles, Ov. F. 2, 311; add a. a. 2, 209; Mart. 14, 28, 1. **umbrālis**, e? an adj. implied in the adv. umbraliter, as an immaterial being, Aug. ep. 37 f.

**umbrā-ticōl-a**, ae, m. or f. [umbrato- part.] one who lives in shady places, as afraid of the sun, a delicate dandy, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 49. See

**umbrāt-icus**, adj. [umbrā- sb.] of the shade, esp. as opposed to the realities and dangers of out-door life, shade-loving, Quid ego nunc faciam? quid refert me fecisso regi-bus Vt mi obedirent, si hic me hodie umbraticus deriserit? says the braggart-soldier, Pl. Curc. 4, 3, 24; u. negotia, Gell. 3, 1, 10; **2.** often of the schools (of philosophy), Epicureorum delicata et umbratica turba, Sen. ben. 4, 2, 1; scholasticas atque ut ita dicam umbraticas litteras, Plin. ep. 9, 2, 3; u. uita, Quint. 1, 2, 18; u. doctor, Petr. 2.

**umbrāt-ilis**, e, adj. [umbrā- vb. or sb.] of the shade, as shade-loving, mora, Colum. 1, 2, 1; **2.** of the schools, uita, Cic. Tusc. 2, 27; exercitatio, or. 1, 157; oratio, orat. 64; **3.** adv. umbratiliter, in a shadowy manner, Sid. ep. 2, 10.

**Vmbria**, ae, adj. f. [Vmber] of the Vmbri, terra V., Gell. 3, 2, 6; **2.** as sb. f. the country of the Vmbri, Umbria, Prop. 1, 22, 9; 5, 1, 63; Plin. 3, 51; Mart. 7, 97, 2.

**Vmbricius**, ii, m. name of a gens, as of an haruspex, Tac. h. 1, 27.



**Umbricus**, adj. of the Umbri, creta, Plin. 35, 196.  
**umbrifer**, a, um, adj. shade-bearing, shade-bringing, rupes, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; umens, Verg. 6, 473; platanus, Cic. diu. 2, 63 in verse; **2.** of the shades of the dead, linter, Albin. 1, 427; undae, Stat. Th. 8, 18; fundus, 1, 57.

**Umbrinus**, i, m. [Umber] a cognomen, prob. of adoption, C. Petronius V., inscr. Grut. 200, 6.

**1 umbrō**, āre, vb. [umbrā- sb.] shade, Varr. s. 201 6 R (met.); Colum. 5, 7, 2; Plin. 37, 95 mss βγ (al. obumbrante); Sil. 5, 488; 14, 24; Stat. silu. 4, 2, 36; Claud. Ruf. 2, 121.

**2 Umbro**, ōnis, m. a river of Etruria, implied in modern name Ombrone; **2.** name of an Italian, Verg. 7, 752.

**umbrōsus**, adj. [umbrā- sb.] full of shade, first pass., shaded, shady, uallis, Verg. 3, 331; caernae, 8, 242; ripa, Hor. od. 3, 1, 23; tecta, Tib. 1, 4, 1; Sila (the river), Prop. 1, 20, 7; locum umbrosiorem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; umbrosissima, Sen. N. Q. 3, 11, 4; **2.** act. shading, shady, u. caecumina fagos, Verg. B. 2, 3; arundo, A. 8, 34; salices, Ov. F. 3, 17; fico folium maximum umbrosissimumque, Plin. 16, 113.

**umecto**, (hum.) āre, vb. [umectus] in poetry only, lave, water, irrigate, as of rivers, Verg. G. 4, 126; Sil. 13, 85; **2.** of tears, Et lacrimis salis umectent ora genasque, Lucr. 1, 920; largoque umectat flumine uoltum, Verg. 1, 465; guttisque umectat grandibus ora, 11, 90; umectat lacrimarum gramina riuo, Ov. 9, 656; aud absol., of eyes watering, Plin. 10, 10; 11, 145; **3.** of dew, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 121.

**umectus**, adj. (or rather part. of um-esc- or um-e-) wetted, wet, locus, Cato r. 6; Varr. r. 1, 24, 4; neutres humectiores, Maer. s. 7, 15, 12; mulier humectissimo est corpore, 7, 6, 17. In Lucr. 4, 632 Lachm. has umidulum...tenorem, not humectum; humectam is only a dittograph of humidam in Varr. l. p. 41 Sp.

**umefācio**, (hum.) ēre, vb. [ume- vb.] make wet, wet, Lact. ira D. 10; hence part. umefactus, Plin. 32, 138.

**umeco**, ēre, vb. [=umesc-] be wet, Ov. F. 4, 146; M. 15, 269; her. 8, 64; esp. in part. umens, entis as adj., wet, moist, damp, litora, Verg. 7, 763; tellus, Ov. M. 1, 604; nares, Suet. Cl. 30; spongiae, Vesp. 16; terrae, Plin. pan. 30; aud absol. Frigida pugnant calidis, ūmentia siccis, Ov. M. 1, 19; **2.** esp. of night dews, umbra, Verg. 3, 589; nox, Sil. 2, 469; astra (as the supposed source of dew), Stat. Th. 3, 2; **3.** of weeping, oculi, Ov. M. 11, 464; genae, Tib. 1, 9, 38.

**umērāle**, (hum.) is, adj. n. as sb. [umero- m.] a covering for the shoulders, a tippet or cape, Paul. dig. 49, 16, 14.

**umērus**, (hum.) i, m. [akūio to ωμο- m.] bone of the upper arm, humerus, hinc humerus incipit...Humeri caput rotundius quam cetera ossa de quibus adhuc dixi, Cels. 8, p. 327, 6 D; **2.** the upper arm including the flesh, Tandem haurire parat demissis flumina palmis Nixus et exserto (al. Iunius dextro) plena trahens humero, Prop. 1, 20, 44; humeros exsertus uterque, Stat. Th. 5, 439; add 4, 235; and so properly opposed to armi of animals, digiti curuantur in unguis Ex humeris arni fiunt, Ov. M. 10, 700, of Hippomenes transformed to a lion; **3.** at times of animals, ceruices (boun) natae ad iugum, tum uires umerorum et latitudines ad aratra extrahenda, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; Ex ūmeris medius coma descendebat in arnos, Ov. M. 12, 396, of a centaur; iubae uariae in humeros diffusae, Colum. 8, 2, 9, of the cock; **4.** esp. shoulder, as fitted to bear weights, Milo cum umeris sustineret bouem uiuum, Cic. sen. 33; quod is C. Sulpicii filium ipse paeue in umeros suos extulisset, Cic. or. 1, 228; ut si Reticulum panis uenales inter onusto Forte uehas umero, Hor. s. 1, 1, 48; and met. Cic. Mil. 25 and Flac. 94; **5.** shoulder as supporting dress, Sed ego nunc mihi cesso qui uon umerum huic onero pallio, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 4; Ov. tr. 3, 13, 14; 4, 10, 29; and M. 6, 567; **6.** met. shoulder of inanimate objects, ab umeris arborum, Plin. 17, 105; Rhegium in umero eius (sc. Italiae) situm, 3, 43; sita...uelut in umeris Helladis, 4, 23; esp. of moun-

tains, con fracta in umeros iuga, 2, 115 (so ad βγ, al. fracta); uiridesquo humeros, Stat. Th. 6, 714.

**um-escō**, ēre, vb. [see below] become wet, nimbus harēnae Tollitur; ūmescuit spumis flatuque sequentum, Verg. G. 3, 111, of horses racing; non umescit (cortex), Plin. 17, 107; **2.** comp. root um with uu of uu-esc- uu-ido-; with nb of ub-eri sb., ub-eri-adj.; with ūγ- of ūγ-ros and ū of ū-ω pour; and so perh. also as L. and S. say with χυ- of χε-ω, fud of fundo and ūδ- of ūδωp.

**umidē**, see umidus.

**umidūlus**, (hum.) adj. dim. [umido-] moist (and little), umiduli...acumine lini, Ov. a. a. 3, 629; umidulis comis, Auson. ep. 106.

**um-īdus**, (hnm.) adj. moist, wet, watery, liquid, simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel umida, Cic. N. D. 3, 34; ignem ex lignis uiridibus atque humidis fieri iussit, Verr. 2, 1, 45; factae ex umida materia (naues), Caes. b. c. 1, 58, 3; tellus, Lucr. 2, 873; regna, Verg. G. 4, 362, the watery realm of the nymph Arethusa; nox, A. 2, 8 (dewy); lumina, Ov. M. 9, 536, with tears; caeduntque securibus umida uina, Verg. G. 3, 364, by nature liquid though there frozen; Enn. tr. 6 V has: per ego deum sublimas subices Vmidas, unde oritur imber souitu aetui et spiritu, as the metre requires, not umidus...imber; humidiores uenti, Colum. 4, 19, 2; homo portione maxumam et umidissimum (habet cerebrum), Plin. 11, 133; in Gell. 1, 15, 1 the reading is uidis uerbis not umidus; **2.** as sb. n. dry ground, ut aggeres umido paludum imponeret, Tac. an. 1, 61; castra in humido locare, Curt. 8, 4, 13; nascens in umidis, Plin. 24, 104; **3.** humida for waters, Mersumque per humida quaerit, Avien. arat. 754; **4.** umide adv. in a wet state, ita haec... tigna umide putent, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 66, but text doubtful.

**umī-fēr**, a, um, adj. [implies a sb. um-o- or um-a-] moisture-bearing, Naribus uniferum duxere ex aere succum, Cic. diu. 1, 15 (in verse).

**umifīco**, āre, vb. [umifīco- adj.] moisten, Auson. idyl. 8, 12.

**umifīcus**, adj. [see unifer] moisture-generating, quod cuncta (luna) umifico spiritu laxet, Plin. 2, 223.

**umīgo**, (hum.) āre, vb. [um of um-or, ag-; cf. fumigo] make wet, wet, caespes libamine umigatus, Apul. flor. 1, 5; aeger ad balnea mittitur ut lanacro eius siccitas humigetur, Viudician. ap. Marc. emp. pr.; humigatus βεβρημενος, Onom. Labb. 86<sup>a</sup>.

**Ummidius**, ii, a gentile name, as of (C.?) Ummidius Quadratus, governor of Syria, Tac. an. 12, 45; 14, 26; Ummidius quidam, Hor. s. 1, 1, 95; Varr. r. 3, 3, 9.

**um-or**, (hum.) ōris, m. [um-esc-] moisture, fluid, liquid, water, watery vapour, stagnorum umorem rimare, Paev. 203 R; Ni hunc amittis, exurgebo quidquid humorist tibi, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 70; et umorem et calorem qui est fusus in corpore, Cic. N. D. 2, 18; quae (sc. sidera) marinis terrenisque umoribus alantur, 2, 43; rosido nutriunt umore, Catul. 61, 24; Totius umorem saccatum corporis fundunt, Lucr. 4, 1018; Bacchi Massicus ūmor, Verg. G. 2, 143; circumfluus ūmor Vltima possedit, Ov. M. 1, 30.

**umōr-ōsus**, (hum.) adj. full of moisture, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 10 med.

**ūnā**, adv. [rather an abl. f. of uno- with opera understood] by one act (producing two results), at once, is si mei consilii rationem cognouerit, una et id quod facio probabit et uenienem praependendum mihi esse actorem putabit, Cic. Caecil. 1; si id non probares, quo minus ambo una necaremini non precarere? fin. 2, 79; corpus onustum Hesternis uitis aimum quoque praegratua ubi, Hor. s. 2, 2, 77; Referetque gratiam ei unaque nos sibi [opera] amicos iunget, Ter. Heec. 5, 2, 32, wh. omission of opera saves metre and violent changes of editors; **2.** of two or more joining in a common act, together, at the same time, S. Quid uis? T. I mecum te obscuro una nunc simul, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 43; Sed quaeso ut una mecum ad matrem uirginis Eas Micio, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 7; Venatum Aeneas ūnā-que miserima Dido In nemus ire parant, Verg. 4, 118; **3.** gen. together, quem agrum oīna quom (i.e. una cum) agro quei trans Curione est locauerunt, CIL 200, 21;



4. with verbs of rest, together, at the same time, et tenuit cum hoc locum quendam etiam Ser. Fulvius et una Ser. Fabius Pictor, Cic. Brut. 81; si in Italia consistit, erimus una, Att. 7, 10; 5. for cum used with una, see § 2; but also a dat. occurs (perh. from a Greek source; cf. ἀμα with dat. and ὁμοῦ in: τοιοῦτος... ἄρῃ φαίνεται ὁμοῦ νεφεσσω ἰων εἰς οὐρανὸν εὐρον, Il. 5, 867; rex Arcas honorem Amphitryoniadae... ferebat... in luco. Pallas huic filius una, una omnes iuencum primi... Tura dabant, Verg. 8, 104—where Servius: huic pro cum hoc; qui epulo accubabat una blanditoribus regis, Auct. itiu. Alex. M. 90 (A. Mai); una seruitiis, lul. Val. Al. 1, 55; una Theodecto, 3, 40.

**unaetvicesima**, see unetvicesimus.

**unaetvicesimānus**, see unetvicesimanus.

**un-animans**, antis, adj. having one and the same life or soul, non amantis mulieris Sed sociae unanimantis fidentis fuit officium, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 80.

**unānimis**, e, adj. [uno-, animo-] of one soul or mind, thoroughly agreed, unanimum, unanimum... sororem, Verg. 4, 8 (so Med. a and Pal., al. unanimum); uos unanims densate ceteras, 12, 264 (so Med., al. unanims); unanims fratres, Claud. Prob. et Ol. 231; equi, ep. 37, 3; 2. adv. unanimit, unanims, with one accord, Vop. Tac. 4 f.; Tert. Pat. 1 f.

**unānimitas**, ātis, f. nanimity, perque nostram egriam unanimitatem, Pacuv. 109 R; fraterna, Liv. 40, 8, 14.

**un-ānimus**, adj. of one soul or mind, unanims, Hoc memorabilest; ego tu sum, tu's ego; unanims sumus, Pl. St. 5, 4, 49 (so MSS of Lambinus, al. uni animi); unanims false sodalibus, Catul. 30, 1; unanims fratres, Verg. 7, 335 (see also unauims); fenebrem quoque rem quae distinare unauims nidebatur, Liv. 7, 21, 5 (Weisseborn has una animos, male); add Val. F. 1, 614; 4, 161; Stat. Th. 8, 669.

**uncātio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. unca- make crooked, from unco- adj.] curvature, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 32 med.

**uncātus**, quasi-part. [unco- m.] hooked, curved, bent, quidam, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 3 med.; lanceae, Sid. ep. 4, 20 med.; met., syllogismi, ep. 9, 9 f.

**uncia**, ae, f. a twelfth part of any whole or as (assis) esp. of a pound (libra), an ounce, Uctiaque in libra pars est quae mensis in anno, Rhemn. de pond. 28; auri, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 3; piscium, Rud. 4, 2, 8; eboris, Iuv. 11, 131; aloes, Plin. 20, 142; seminis tres uncias, 20, 140; 2. also of liquids, an ounce, Falerni, Mart. 1, 106, 3; 3. of a foot, an inch, est autem digitus sextadecima pars pedis, uncia duodecima, Front. aq. 1, 24; 4. in land-measure the 12th of a iugerum, pars duodecima iugeri pedes efficit duo milia et quadringentos, hoc est uncia, Colum. 5, 1, 10; 5. of an estate or inheritance, mortuus Babulius; Caesar opinor ex uncia; Lepta ex triente, Cic. Att. 13, 48, 1; ex uncia duntaxat institutus heres, cod. Iust. fr. 5, 1; ex duabus unciis scribere heredem, 6, 30; bonorum suorum unam tantum unciam, Imp. Arc. et Hon. cod. 5, 27, 2; 6. of a debt, one and eightpence in the pound, Conturbabit Atlas et non erit uncia tota Decidat tecum qua pater ipse deum, Mart. 9, 3, 5; 7. uctiae usurae (according to Niebuhr Hist. of R. 3, 57) interest at the rate of one twelfth of the principal per annum or 8½ p. c., quaero uncias usuras an uero eas quas stipulati sunt praestare debeant, Scaev. dig. 26, 7, 47, 4 med. See unciarius § 2;

8. hence our ounce and inch; 9. perh. for unci-ia sc. pars, a small unit and so through unco- from uno-, one.

**uncia-ilis**, e, adj. of an ounce in weight, asses uncialis, that is only a twelfth of the nominal weight, Plin. 33, 45; uua uncialis uelut a pondere acini, each berry weighing an ounce, 14, 42; 2. of an inch in length, altitudo (of weeds), Plin. 18, 146; litterae, Illic. Iob pr. f.

**uncia-rius**, adj. of an ounce in weight, uitis, Colum. 3, 2, 2, see uncialis; cf. Isid. orig. 17, 5, 17 med.; 2. fenus at 8½ p. c. per annum, Liv. 7, 16, 1; Tac. an. 6, 16; 3. heres, to a twelfth part of an estate, Ulp. dig. 30, 34, 12; 4. stips, perh. a twelfth part of a day's or week's pay, Plin. 34, 21.

**unciatim**, adv. by ounces, ounce by ounce, Quod ille unciatim uix de dimenso suo... compersit miser, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 9 of his allowance of meal; datur et phthisicia (adeps suillus) unciatim, Plin. 28, 139.

**uncinātus**, quasi-part. [uncino- m.] barbed, hamatis uncinatisque corporibus, Cic. acad. pr. 121.

**uncin-ūlus**, i, m. dim. a small hook or barb, Isid. orig. 17, 5 med.

**uncinus**, first adj. [ογκύβο-] barbed, Staminis uncino quasi piscis inhaeserat hamo, Paul. Nol. carn. 20, 270, wh. note the long i opposed to the short i of the Gk., so equino beside ξυλίνο-; 2. as sb. m. barb, hook, uncinis aereis, Pall. 4, 10 med.; uncino immisso, Apul. M. 3, 199.

**unci-ōia**, ae, f. dim. [uncia] a wretched twelfth part, Iuv. 1, 40.

1 **unco**, āre, vb. as implied in nucatio.

2 **unco**, āre, vb. [mimetic] growl as a bear, carn. de Philom. 51.

**uncta**? ae, f. grease, ranas in aqua decoquis unctamque eorum colligis, Veg. uet. 3, 71, 5; al. unctumque.

**unctio**, ōnis, f. anointing, besmearing, rubbing over with oil etc., Ad unctiones graecae sudatorias, Pl. St. 1, 3, 73; philosophum unctiois causa relinquunt, Cic. or. 2, 21; quotidiana u., Colum. 12, 52, 1; 2. oil etc. for anointing, ita ut unctio inarescat is quoted from Plin. 28, 171 but is not found there.

**unctito**, āre, vb. frq. [ung-], anoint repeatedly, flavo cinere unctitabant ut rutilae essent, Cato orat. 29, 3 Iord. note; Istace ueteres quae se ungentis unctitant interpoles, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 117.

**unctius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. [unctios = unctior] more delicately rich (of food), pulmentum, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 84.

**unctor**, ōris, m. [ung-] anointer = ἀλειπτης, esp. of those bathing, Mart. 7, 32, 6; 12, 70, 3; non unctores, non balneum non ullum aliud reinedum (sc. lassitudini) quam temporis quaero, Sen. ep. 123, 4; Naico ser(no) unctori, inscr. Or. 2791; D. M. Aar. Aug. lib. Philetus prepositus unctor... sibi et Philetu fil., 6528; and even of women, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 22 (252 R); 2. also of wrestlers, assueta oleo corpora si militare iter imperes deficiant et quaerant unctores suos, Quint. 11, 3, 26; Vitulus mur(millo) unct(eranus)... Eleuther thr(ex) tir(o), Pirata unct(or), inscr. Or. 2566.

**unctor-ium**, ii, n. as sb. anointing room, part of the bathing establishment, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 11.

**unctrinum**, i, adj. n. as sb. the same, unctor unctrinum, not. Tir. p. 130.

**unctr-ix**? icis, adj. or sb. f. [unctor] a female anointer, Calene Liviue unctrix, inscr. Mur. 891, 3; Athenais Aug. unct., Grut. 581, 11 (if genuine).

**unct-ūlus**, adj. dim. anointed (with the idea of contempt added) circumtonsi et terti atque unctuli, Varr. ap. Non. 179; 2. as sb. n. a bit of unguent, Apul. M. 3, p. 215.

**unctūr-a**, ae, f. [unctor] perfuming as of a corpse, unctura tollitor, xi tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60.

1 **unctus**, part. (of ungo);

2. as adj. greasy, unctis manibus, Hor. s. 2, 4, 78; 3. of food, dressed with much oil, rich, captus es unctiore mensa, Mart. 5, 44, 7; Verum ubi quid melius (he is talking of the table) contingit et unctius, idem Vos sapere et solos aio bene uiuere, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 44; unctissimae cenae, Sid. ep. 2, 9 f.; and met., quid hic potest Nisi unctius deorare patrimonium? Catul. 29, 22; 4. hence as sb. n. a rich dish, unctum qui recte ponere possit, Hor. A. P. 422; cenare sine uncto, Pers. 6, 16; II 5. (of the hair) anointed with perfumes, an evidence of wealth and luxury, magis deliges ex duobus aequae bonis uiris nitidum et unctum quam puluerulentum et horrentem, Sen. ep. 66, 25; Nec praetoribus esse uec cohorti Cur quisquam caput unctius referret, Catul. 10, 11; ita palaestras defendebat ut ab illis ipse unctior abiret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 54 (note the double meaning); unctamque Corinthou, Iuv. 8, 113, luxurious; u. Tarentus, Sid. carn. 5, 430; pro isto asso sole quo tu abusus es in nostro pratulo, a to nitidum solem unctumque repetemus (neat and spruce), Cic. Att. 12, 6, 2; aud met., unctior quaedam splendorque consuetudo loquendi, Cic. Brut. 78; 6. as sb. n. unguent, grease, haurito plusculo uncto membra perficim, Apul. M. 3, p. 139; see also uncta.



2 **unctus**, ūs, m. anointing, unctu sanat, Plin. 30, 90; olcum unctui profer, Apul. M. 1 f.

1 **uncus**, adj. [see unco- sb.] hooked, curved, as of the beaks and claws of birds, pedes (of the harpies), Verg. 3, 233; hence auis unca Mineruae, of the owl, Stat. Th. 3, 507; uncae alites, 12, 212; and met., sed me oratio nncus unguibus attinet, M. Aurel. ap. Front. ep. 1, 9; 2. of human fingers, as digiti, Colum. 7, 11; manus, Verg. G. 2, 365; and A. 6, 360; and curved lips, as Vnco saepe labro calamos percurrit hiantis (of Pan), Lucr. 4, 588; add 5, 1407; 3. of oxen's horns, u. cornua, Prop. 2, 5, 19; 4. of fish-hooks, hamus, Ov. M. 15, 476; unca aera, Pont. 2, 7, 10; 5. of an anchor, unco ancora morsu, Verg. 1, 169; 6. so far chiefly of convexity; but also of concavity, as in the plough, aratrum, Verg. G. 1, 19; dente unco, 2, 423.

2 **uncus**, i, m. [see below] a hook, asseres unco ferreo praefixi, Liv. 30, 10, 16; nncus infixus solo, Colum. 3, 18, 2; nec seuerus Vncus abest, Hor. od. 1, 35, 20; Cels. 7, 317, 30 D; 2. esp. of the hook by which, stuck under the lower jaw, a criminal was dragged to the place of execution, nos a uerberibus ab unco a crucis denique terrore neque res gestae neque uestri honores uindicabunt, Cic. Rab. perd. 16; uncus impactus est illi fugitiuo, Phil. 1, 5; Infixusque tuis ossibus uncus erit, Ov. Ib. 164; Seianus ducitur unco, Iuv. 10, 66; and met. Prop. 5, 1, 141; 3. of an anchor, Val. F. 2, 428; 4. = γυκος and akin to ον-υχ- and ungui-, as also to ακρω-, ἀγκισ- (n.), ἀγκυλο-, ἀγκυρα-; of all wh. ον alone is radical, and that has lost a γ, as seen in γου-ν and γου-τα.

**unda**, ae, f. wave, billow, Prae se undas noluit, uortices ui suscitatur, Att. 393 R; Quam magno uento plenimst undarum mare, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 33; Concidunt uenti... Et minax... ponto Vnda recumbit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 30; ferentes aestibus undas, Ov. M. 14, 48; 2. met., undae comitiorum, ut mare profuudum, Cic. Planc. 15; et magnis curarum fluctuat uadis, Catul. 64, 62; euilibus undis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 16; salutantum, Verg. G. 2, 462; Boiorum, Sil. 4, 158; 3. of air, aerias diuerberat undas, Lucr. 2, 152; of smoke, qua plurimus undarum Fumus agit, Verg. S. 257; of fire, Euecta in longumst rapidis feruoribus unda, Lucil. Aetna 607; of oil passing from the press, prima unda preli laudatissima, Plin. 15, 5; 4. in poets, mere water, nec uiscera quisquam Aut undis abolere potest aut uincere flamma, Verg. G. 3, 560; undis contrarius ignis, Ov. M. 8, 737; 5. and of other liquids, eroei, Mart. 8, 33, 4; sanguinis, Sil. 10, 245; 6. in architecture, like κυμα and κυματιον, a waved moulding, Vitr. 5, 7; 7. unda one with Germ. welle; cf. for letter-change peud-o pond-us poll-eo, and find, feel, Eng.; our stand and Germ. stell-en.

**undāb-undus**, part. freq. [unda- vb.] surging, sending wave after wave, mare, Gell. 2, 30, 3; aquae, Amm. 17, 7, 11.

**undans**, ntis, part. of undo; 2. as adj. and hence adv. undanter, in waves, dum talia uirgo undanter enomeret, Mart. Cap. 35 G, p. 39, 27 Eyss.; capillo fluente undanter, Apul. M. 2, 122 (dub.).

**undātim**, adv. [unda- sb.] in waves, Augustum (marmor) u. crispum, Plin. 36, 55; (meusae) u. crispae, 13, 96.

**undāto**, ōnis, f. welling up, as of boiling water, what so wells up, Theod. Pr. 3, 5.

**und-ē**, adv. from which, from what, from whom, whence, referring to any noun of any gender or number; and the form corresponding to both ab and ex of Latin, hoc uerbum unde utrumque declarat et ex quo loco et a quo loco, Cic. Caecin. 87; first as relative, referring often to the pronominal adverbs ibi, inde and eo; meliora apud nos esse facta quam ibi fuissent unde huc translata essent, rep. 2, 30; neque enim inde uenit unde mallem, Att. 13, 39, 2; ut eo restitueretur (Galli) unde deiecti essent, Caecin. 88; ipse codem unde redierat proficiscitur, Caes. b. g. 5, 11, 7; 2. referring to nouns, whether persons, as: Mereatur hoc addebat: e praedonibus Vnde emerat se audisse abreptam e Senio, Ter. Eunu. 1, 2, 34; ille ipse unde cognorit, Cic. or. 1, 67; genus unde (i.e. ab Aenea) Latinum, Verg. 1, 6; multaue mores Vnde potest tibi defuauit uno Ab Ioue

Neptunoque, Hor. od. 1, 28, 28; 3. or to ordinary nouns, Heluetios in fines suos uude erant profecti reuertii iussit, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 3; fastigia culminis uude Tella... iactabant, Verg. 2, 458; 4. or without an antecedent, et (dis gratia) est unde haec fiant, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 42, there are the means for doing this; causam dicere prius unde petitur (the defendant), Eun. pr. 11; cf. Cic. fam. 7, 11: ego omnibus uude petitur hoc consilii dederim; 5. for a quo etc., on whose side, by whom, with such verbs as stare, esse, euentus belli uelut aecus iudex unde ius stabat ei uictoriam dedit, Liv. 21, 10, 9; ibi imperium fore unde uictoria fuerit, 1, 24, 2; ut unde stetisset eo se uictoriam transferret, Iustiu. 5, 4, 12; existimatos ibi maiestatem regiam uerti unde soror Alexanderi staret, 14, 1, 7; but in Cic. or. 2, 355 Baiter has unde dicas, not unde dicas; 6. in a partitive sense, of which, tenuit permagnam Sextilius hereditatem unde si secutus esset eorum sententiam (qui...) nmmum nullum attigisset, Cic. fin. 2, 55; cf. iude and the use of the Fr. en, of it;

II 7. in indirect questions, ego instare ut mihi responderet quis esset ubi esset unde esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 188; uon recordor unde ceciderim sed unde surrexerim, Att. 4, 16, 10; ut ex ipsa quaeras unde huuc (sc. anulum) habuerit, Ter. Hant. 4, 1, 45; III 8. in direct questions, unde deiecti (sunt) Galli? A Capitolio. Vnde qui cum Graccho fuerunt? Ex Capitolio, Cic. Caecin. 87; P. Vnde is? C. Egone? Nescio hercle neque unde eam nequo quorsum eam, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 13; 9. at times, though rarely, in agreement with a noun (of course in the abl.), quo tenditis, inquit, Qui genus, unde domo? from what home? Verg. S. 113; abi quaere et refer unde domo, quis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 53; cf. Key, Lat. gr. § 1150, and alieunde and indidem; 10. with a gen., gentium, D. Face id ut paratum iam sit. L. Vnde gentium? Pl. As. 1, 1, 77, from what place in all the world? Vnde haec igitur gentiumst? Epid. 3, 4, 47; 11. with some such vb. as petam understood, Vnde mihi lapidem?... unde sagittas? Hor. s. 2, 7, 116; unde mihi tam fortem tamque fidelem? 2, 5, 102; 12. hence Ital. onde, and from de-unde Fr. dont; 13. an old uende (see next §) suggested by metre to Ritschl in: Quid agis? Credo. Cunde agis te Dordale? Credo tibi, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 13; 14. und-e for eund-e au. obsol. gen. of quis or qui, prob. for und-is like int-us from within, caelit-us from heaven, and so = πρὸς-εν and ὀθ-εν themselves old genitives, as also our whence, O. Eng. whenn-es. Cf. ind-e, ali-cund-e, supern-e from above.

**undēcēni**? for undecenteni, ninety-nine each, Plin. 36, 65; reading very doubtful.

**und-ē-centēsīmus**, adj. ord. ninety-ninth, anuus, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 11.

**und-ē-centum**, adj. card. indecl. ninety-nine, Plin. 7, 214.

**undēciens**, (-iēs) adv. eleven times, Mart. 5, 79, 1 and 2; Colum. 5, 7, 2. In Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 20 the reading is uow decieus.

**und-ēcim**, adj. card. indecl. [un of un-o- + decem] eleven, Cic. fam. 6, 18, 2; Mart. 2, 44, 8; gen. writteu xi, as Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 1; 7, 69, 6.

**undēcimā-nus**, see undecumanus.

**undēcimus**, adj. ord. eleventh, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 3; Verg. B. 8, 39; often writteu xi as Caes. b. g. 5, 46, 1.

**undēci-rēmis**, e, adj. [undecim remo-] as sb. f. sc. nauis, (a ship) of eleven banks of oars, Plin. 16, 263.

**undēcūmā-nus**, adj. [undecima adj. f., sc. legio] of the 11th (legion), colonia Bouianum cognomine Vudecumanorum, Plin. 3, 107.

**undēcumquē**, (-cunquē) pron. adv. [qui-cumque :: unde : quis] from whatever place, rupes quam fluctus non desinunt undecumque moti sunt uerberare, Sen. uit. b. 27, 3; poteris undecumque coeperis ubicunque desieris quae sequentur et quasi incipientia legere et quasi cohaerentia iudicare, Plin. ep. 9, 4, 2; 2. with gentium, Vop. Firm. 14; 3. divided as two words, euectas in partis unde uacefit Cumque locus, Lucr. 6, 1017; 4. with no verb attached to it, uo matter whence, from any quarter whatever, transiluntque (ignes) in eam (sc. uaptham) profinus



undecumque uisam, Plin. 2, 235; (aloe) uolucrum sanguinem et undecumque flueutem sistit, 27, 18.

**undelibet**, adv. [: quilibet :: unde : quis] from any place thing or person you please, istud facile fuit undelibet inuenire, ad Her. 4, 63; undelibet incipere, Cels. 8, 345, 34 D.

**undēna**, (or rather undēma, cf. Fr. dime or disme from decimus) adj. f. as sb. [=undecima, so. pars] an eleventh, whence bis-undena, a 22nd part, and divided, Bisque undena nocens et bis duodena nocens est, Manil. 4, 451.

**undēnarius**, adj. [undeni] of eleven, u. uumerus, the number eleven, Aug. serm. 51 f. and 83 med.

**undēni**, adj. pl. distrib. [: undecim :: deni : decem] eleven each, eleueu at a time, quater undenos...Decembris, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 27; Musa per undenos emodulanda pedes, i.e. hexameters and pentameters, as together making up eleven feet, Ov. am. 1, 1, 30; pariuntur (scorpionibus) undeni, Plin. 11, 91. See undena.

**un-dē-nōnāgintā**, adj. indecl. eighty-nine, Liv. 37, 30, 1.

**un-dē-octōgintā**, adj. iudecl. seventy-nine, Hor. s. 2, 3, 117.

**un-dē-quādrāgēsīmus**, adj. ord. thirty-ninth, Val. M. 8, 7, extr. 10.

**un-dē-quādrāgiens**, (ies) adv. thirty-nine times, Plin. 7, 92.

**un-dē-quādrāgintā**, adj. indecl. forty save one, thirty-nine, Cic. rep. 2, 27; but in Liv. 23, 37, 6 mille trecenti, not undequadragesima.

**un-dē-quinquāgensīmus**, adj. ord. forty-ninth, Cic. Manil. 35.

**un-dē-quinquāginta**, adj. indecl. forty-nine, Liv. 37, 58, 4; Plin. 13, 40.

**un-dē-sexāgēsīmus**, adj. ord. fifty-ninth, Censor. 19.

**un-dē-sexāgintā**, adj. indecl. fifty-nine, Liv. 23, 37, 6; Plin. 36, 122.

**un-dē-tricēni**, adj. pl. distrib. twenty-nine each, Maer. s. 1, 13, 4.

**un-dē-tricēsīmus**, adj. ord. twenty-ninth, Gell. 10, 5, 1; or

**un-dē-trigēsīmus**, the same, Liv. 25, 36, 14.

**un-dē-trigintā**, adj. indecl. twenty-nine, Maer. s. 1, 15, 6; Vitruv. 9, 4 med.

**un-dē-ūcēni**, adj. pl. distrib. nineteen each, Quint. 1, 10, 44.

**un-dē-ūcēsīmus**, adj. ord. nineteenth, Cic. sen. 14; inser. ap. Maff. Osserv. letter. 4, 342.

**un-dē-ūcēsīmā-nus**, adj. [undeicesima adj. f., sc. legio] of the nineteenth (legion), bell. Alex. 57, 2 (so mss, but corrected to unaet-u. or unet-u.; cf. Tac. an. 1, 37 and 51).

**un-dē-ūlgēsīmus**, adj. ord. nineteenth, Colum. 8, 5, 14; Senserat ire aquilas legio undeicesima cuius..., epigr. Anthol. Burm. 2, 21, wh. pronounce un'uegesima.

**un-dē-ūlgintā**, adj. indecl. nineteen, Cic. Brut. 229; Liv. 23, 46, 4.

**unde-undē**, adv. [: quis-quis :: unde : quis] from whatever (person, thing, place), whencesoever? see quisquis, but examples fail; **2.** from any quarter whatever, from some quarter or other, no matter whence, qui nisi...Mercedem aut nummos undeunde extricat..., Hor. s. 1, 3, 87; nec undictae solacium undeunde spernendum est, Apul. M. 5, p. 165; malum a quoconque et undeunde passus est fieri, Tert. Herm. 10; quum uellet iusti triumphī decus undeunde acquirere, Suet. Claud. 17 (so Gronov. by conj., but mss unde acquireret); but in Catul. 67, 27 quaerendum unde uude is a bad conj.

**undī-cōl-a**, adj. or sb. m. and f. [unda] wave-inhabiting, Naides, Varr. ap. Nou. 250; pistris, Avien. arat. 808.

**undiflu-us**, adj. flowing in waves, fontes, Draec. Hex. 1, 607.

**undī-frāgus**, adj. wave-breaking, fluctus, Veuant. 3, 4.

**undiquē**, adv. [: quis-que :: unde : quis, for change of vowel cf. hieue from an old hiee, indi-dem from inde, tutin from tute, nsquin from usque] from every (person, thing, place), from every quarter or side, Vndique conueiunt uelut imber tela tribuni, Enp. an. 431 V; concurrunt nudique Syracusas, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 133; undique ad inferos

tantuudem uiae est, Tusc. 1, 104; passim earpentem et colligentem undique, or. 1, 191; Vndiquē decerpam fronti praepone oliuam, Hor. od. 1, 7, 7; **2.** for ab quoque, by every one, delirus et amens Vndique dicitur merito, Hor. s. 2, 3, 108; **3.** on every side, uicus altissimis montibus undique continetur, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 5; undique circumuentos interfecit, 3, 6, 2; haec est nudique completa et perfecta explicatio summi boni, Cic. fin. 5, 72; **4.** with a gen., pacato undique gentium toto orbe terrarum, Aurel. ap. Vop. Firm. 5; (canes rabidi) undique laterum circumfusi insiliunt, Apul. M. 8, p. 209; **5.** an old form cundique suggested by metro to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Ita mea consilia cundique oppugnans mala, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 155.

**undiquē-sēcus**, adv. [cf. extrin-secus, altrin-secus] from or on every side, undiquesecus agris arentibus, Sol. 26, 46, p. 140 l. 19 M; qui (colles) u. obiecti prohibent auras pestilentes, 51, 1, p. 202.

**undiquē-uorsus**, (-uersus or -uersum) adv. from every quarter, has undiqueuorsum indagines cuppediarum, Gell. 6 (al. 7), 16, 6; undiqueuersum ad regiam Memuionis conuenire, Sol. 40 med.; **2.** on every side, cum (Oceanus) omnīs terras omnifariam et undiqueuersum circumfluat, Gell. 12, 13, 20; globus soliditas undiqueuersum rutunda ut est sphaera, Non. p. 293 a. q.

**undī-sōnus**, adj. [unda] wave-sounding, dei, Prop. 3, 20, 18 (?); Psamathe, Val. F. 1, 364; saxum, 4, 44; rupes, Stat. Ach. 1, 198.

**undī-uāgus**, adj. wandering in waves, latices, Coripp. Ioh. 6, 342; salum, 7, 344; Anth. Burm. 2, 303.

**undo**, āre, vb. freq. [see below] first intr. rise in waves, well up, surge undantem salem, Enn. tr. 226 V; undanti in freto, Att. 401 R; solet aestus aequinoctialis sub ipsum lunae solisque coitum omnibus aliis maior undare, Seu. N. Q. 3, 28, 6; **2.** met. of flames or smoke, flammis inter tabulata uolutus Ad caelum undabat uertex, Verg. 12, 673; undantem ruptis fornacibus Aetnaem, G. 1, 472; nec caelum patet Vndaute fumo, Sen. Tro. 20; **3.** of foliage, Et iuuat undantem buxo spectare Cytorum, Verg. G. 2, 437; silua fauis, Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 25; **4.** of other objects, undantem clamidem, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 55; lora, Verg. 5, 146; habenae, 12, 471; **5.** of the mind, Aesoniden...undantem curis, Val. F. 5, 303; **6.** with abl., stream (with), overflow (with), abound (in), undantes sanguine uultus, Stat. Th. 1, 449; regio...Vndat equis floretquo uiris, Val. F. 1, 538; **II 7.** trans. overflow, deluge, inundate, sanguino campos, Stat. Ach. 1, 86; peruerque cruro Materuos undare sinus, Claud. Ruf. 2, 67; **8.** und- one with our vb. well; cf. unda- sb.

**undōsus**, adj. [unda- sb.] full of waves, aequor, Verg. 4, 313; Plemmyrium, 3, 693; regna, Sil. 5, 21; fluctus undosior, Sol. 12 f.; torrentes undosissimi, Aug. c. D. 22, 11 med.; **2.** adv. uudosius labens, Amm. 27, 4, 7.

**undūlā-tus**, quasi-part. [implies a vb. uud-ula- dim. of unda-] marked with wavelets, wavy, uestis, Varr. ap. Nou. 189; cf. Plin. 8, 194.

**unedo**, inis, m. [?; for Pliny's nomen ex argumento unum tantum edendi is nonsense] fruit of the arbuto-tree, aliud corpus est terrestribus fragis, aliud congeneri eorum unedoni quod solum pomum simile fructui terrae (so β, alii al.) gignitur, Plin. 15, 98; **2.** the arbutu tree (itself), quibus cadit (cortex) ut malo unedoni, Plin. 16, 126; arbutus siue nneo fructum fert difficilem concoctioni, 23, 151.

**un-et-ūcēsīmā-nus**, adj. [undeicesima, adj. f., sc. legio] of the twenty-first (legion), Tac. au. 1, 51 and h. 2, 43.

**un-et-ūcēsīmus**, adj. oue-and-twenty-eth, twenty-first, legio, Tac. an. 1, 45, and h. 2, 43.

**ungella**, (unguella) ae, f. doubl. dim. [from ung-ula, as that from an old ung- = οὐγχ- a (pig's) pettitoe, iocinera porcelli et gallinarum et ungelas et scillas diuisas, Apic. 4, 182; ungelae trndi perdiceas, Marc. Emp. 20 med.; ungelae quattuor, edict. Diocl. 14; unguella οὐγχια οὐγχιον το εσθιομενον, Gloss.

**ungo**, (unguo) ēre, unxi, unctum, vb. [see below] smear (with grease), oil, anoint, esp. with perfumes, as first of corpse, Tarcuini corpus bona femina lauit et uuxit, Enu.



an. 156 V; corpusque lauant frigentis et unguunt, Verg. 6, 219; Funera non potui comitare nec ungere corpus, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 47; **2.** of living persons, unctus est (Caesar), accubuit, Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; nudus unctus ebrius est conionatus (Antonius), Phil. 3, 12; **3.** of the statues of gods and sacred objects, uirgines conuenisse cum Diana exportaretur, unxisse unguentis, complexe coronis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 77; postisque superbos Vnguit amaracino, Lucr. 4, 1179 of a lover; **4.** with oil etc., as used in cookery, caules oleo, Hor. s. 2, 3, 125; Vncta satis pingui ponentur oluscula lardo, 2, 6, 64; eos (globos) melle unguito, Cato r. 79; **5.** in other uses, uncta carina, Verg. 4, 398, with pitch; Et uncta turpis oua ranae sanguine, Hor. epod. 5, 19; Vnguere tela iuanu ferrumque armare neneno, Verg. 9, 773; **6.** unctus as an adj. greasy, puer unctis manibus, Hor. s. 2, 4, 78; unctam Couiuis praebent aquam, 2, 2, 68; **7.** hence Fr. oindre; **8.** ungu = Sansk. auj-; but ultimate root un- also = αλ of αλειψω, oil of oil-eum, ελ of ελαιον, and el of a theoretic el-ino, aft. lino. See also obliuiscor. Shaks.'s unannealed comes from an old Norman vb. aendred (see M. Payres' paper, Phil. Soc. 1869) = in-ungere, and means not receiving extreme unction.

**unguēdo**, inis, f. grease, ointment, Apul. M. 3, p. 138; salubri unguedine contusi corporis superlinire liuores, Sulp. S. Mart. 19, 4.

**unguella**, see unguella.

**ungu-en**, inis, u. grease, in ahenum calidum unguen indito, Cato r. 79 and 80; et pinguis unguine ceras, Verg. G. 3, 450; add Pers. 6, 40; Val. F. 6, 360; picis unguine, S. 302; Pall. 1, 17; **2.** of religious unction, met., A digitis salit uncta salus, fluit unguen ab ungue, Ven. u. S. Martin. 2, 12.

**unguentarius**, adj. [unguentum] of ointment or perfume, taberna, Varr. l. 8, 30, p. 431 Sp.; Sen. ep. 108, 4; uasa, Plin. 36, 60; **2.** as sb. m. a dealer in unguents, perfumes etc. Cic. off. 1, 150; Hor. s. 2, 3, 228; Plin. 31, 91; Seu. N. Q. 4, 13, 9; inscr. Or.-Henz. 2988, 4300, 7283, 7284; **3.** unguentaria as sb. f. a female dealer therein, Plin. 8, 14; inscr. Or.-Henz. 4301; **4.** as sb. f. the business of a dealer in perfumes, sc. ars, Vt balneator faciat unguentariam, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 90; **5.** unguentarium as sb. n. se. argentum, perfume-money, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 23.

**unguentatus**, part. of

**unguento**, āre, vb. [unguentum] anoint, esp. with perfumes, deam, inscr. Fat. Arr. 40, 13; deas, 41, 31; **2.** unguentatus, perfumed, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 23; Truc. 2, 2, 33; Scip. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 12, 5; Catul. 61, 142.

**unguent-um**, i, n. [unguen n.] an unguent or perfume, Non omnes possunt olere unguenta exotica, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 41; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62; Hor. od. 2, 3, 13; Plin. 13, 1 etc. wh. book is to be compared for the whole subject; **2.** ab unguentis, perfumer, T. Flauius Aug. lib. eglectus ab unguentis fecit sibi, inscr. Or. 2971; **3.** unguentum as gen. pl., Nam omnium unguentum odos prae tuo nauteast, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 5; but in Poen. 3, 3, 88 metre requires the full form, Ibi te replebo usque unguentorum eccheumatis.

**unguicūla**, = unguella, unguicula ονυχιον, Gloss.

**unguiculārium**, ii, n. adj. n. as sb. an instrument for paring nails or hoofs (cf. Colum. 6, 15, 2 or 6, 28), ονυχιστηριον u., Gloss.

**unguic-ulus**, i, m. dim. [unguic- = ungui- m.] a nail of fingers or toes, Vsq̄ue ab unguiculo ad capillum summum festiuissuma, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 17; Vbi perpruriscamus usque ex unguiculis, St. 5, 5, 20; integritatem unguiculorum omnium, Cic. fin. 5, 80; unguiculi dolor, Sen. N. Q. 6, 2, 5; **2.** prov. a teneris ut Graeci dicunt unguiculis (= εκ των απαλων ονυχων), Cic. fam. 1, 6, 2; cf. Horace's de tenero ungui, od. 3, 6, 24.

**unguilla**, ae, f. dim. [implies a sb. ungu-ina] an ointment box, Sol. 27 f.

**unguin-ōsus**, adj. [unguen] full of grease, greasy, unguentum, Plin. 13, 17; nucēs unguinosiores, 23, 147; but in Cels. 5, p. 189, 12 D the reading is pus glutinosius.

**unguis**, is, m. [see below] a nail of finger or toe, unguēs clausulae neruorum summae existuntur, omnibus hi quibus et digiti, Plin. 11, 247, and so used of the

nails of man, apes, dogs; Cultello proprios purgantem leniter unguēs, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 51; non ab imis unguibus usque ad uerticem summum ex fraude constaro totus uidetur? Cic. Rosc. com. 20; **2.** hence opposed to unguia, hoof, which is used only of animals, Vngulae in quinos de lapsa absumitur unguēs, Ov. M. 1, 742, of Io resuming a human shape; Tum digiti coeunt, et quinos alligat unguēs Perpetuo cornu leuis unguia, 2, 670, of Ocyrrhoe transformed to a mare; and so of the elephant, huic informes (digiti) unguilisque non unguibus similes, Plin. 11, 248;

**3.** yet at times used of part of a cloven hoof, si sanguis in unguis est, inter duos unguēs cultello aperies, Colum. 6, 12; and again soon after; but also of a horse's hoof, rapidum qui colligit unguem, Mart. 14, 199, 1;

**4.** prov. phrases, mediumque ostenderet unguem (an act implying insult like our making a long nose with the out-spread fingers of two hands attached to the nose), Iuv. 10, 52; cf. digitum porrigito medium of Mart. 2, 28, 2; the middle finger being also called infamis by Pers. 2, 33; impudicus by Mart. 6, 70, 5; **5.** uiuos et roderet unguēs, bite the nails to the quick, as one in deep thought, Hor. s. 1, 10, 71; demorsos unguēs, Pers. 1, 107; **6.** so in anger, ungue morso, Prop. 4, 25, 4; corrumpas dentibus unguēs, 2, 4, 3; **7.** latns or transuersus u., a nail's breadth, si hercle in ex istoc loco Digitum transuersum aut unguem latum excesseris..., Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 18; transuersum unguem, Cic. Att. 13, 20, 4; and fam. 8, 25 f.; neque me siuebat ungue latius iudidem digredi, Apul. M. 12, 791 H; **8.** de tenero ungui, from childhood, Hor. od. 3, 6, 24; cf. unguiculus; **9.** ad unguem, in unguem, like εἰς ονυχα, to perfection, from a mason's testing the fineness of a junction in marble by his nail, ceterae suturae (capitis) in unguem committuntur, Cels. 8, p. 323, 23 D; materies si roborea est ab uno fabro doli ad unguem debet pedum xx, Colum. 11, 2, 13; and met., nec setius omnis in unguem Arboribus positus secto uia limite quadret, Verg. G. 2, 277; wh. Servius: translatio a marmorariis qui iuncturas unguibus probant; so also Aeron ad Hor.; carmina molli Nunc demum numero fluere ut per leue seueros Effundat iunctura unguēs, Pers. 1, 65; carmen Perfectum decies non castigauit ad unguem, Hor. A. P. 294; ad unguem Faetus homo, s. 1, 5, 32; **10.** unguis (ferreus), a hooked instrument for gathering grapes, Colum. 12, 18, 2;

**11.** a bivalve, the solen or razor-shell, Varr. l. 5, p. 83 Sp.; unguēs marini, Veg. 1, 20, 2 and 4, 12, 3; **12.** a morbid growth from the corner of the eye, περιουγιον (P. Aegin. 6, 18); Cels. 7, p. 273, 35 D; **13.** the withered end of a vine-branch beyond the last-left bud of the preceding year, Colum. 4, 24, 8; Pall. 3, 12, 5; see unguia, § 8; **14.** abl. ungui in Hor. od. 3, 6, 24 and Prop. 1, 26, 39 but at the end of lines; ungue, Ov. a. a. 3, 708 and am. 2, 6, 4; **15.** ungui(e), dim- of ungu, wh. = ον-υχ with ον alone for root. The o is lost for the more corrupt S. n-akh-a, Germ. n-ag-el, our n-a'il; but not for the Erse ion-ga. Cf. also uncus, unguis and γων-ια.

**ung-ūla**, ae, f. [see ungui-] first a bird's claw in old lang., as met., Vbi erat haec defossa, ocepit ibi scalpurrire unguis (meus gallus gallinaceus), Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 8; Au tu inuenire postulas quemquam eorum, Nisi miluinis aut aquilinis unguis? Ps. 3, 2, 63, and then constrictis unguis, 65; and so met. of a thief as disposed to lay his claws upon, nam certo scio Nunc febrim tibi 'sse quia non licet huc iniicere unguas, 2, 2, 48; **2.** hence too met., as a proverbial phrase, toto corpore atque omnibus unguis ut dicitur contentioni nocis adseruiunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56;

**3.** more commonly the hoof as opposed to the nails of those creatures which have fingers (see unguis § 2), as first of the horse, illud in silice uestigium unguiae Castoris equi credis esse? Cic. Tusc. 3, 11; unguia indiuisa eorum, Varr. r. 2, 7, 2; Quadrupedante putren sonitu quatit unguia campum, Verg. 8, 596; so the hoof only, as the immediate agent, not the horse, as Forc. says, is meant in: carceribus missos rapid unguia currus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 114; et urben Eques sonante uerberabit unguia, epod. 16, 12; Et unguarum pulvis calens Hister, Mart. 7, 7, 2;



hippodromon ungula plaudit, 12, 50, 5; 4. of the ox, si ungulam uomer laeserit, Colum. 6, 15, 1 and discrimen quo diuisa est bouis ungula, § 2; 5. of the hog, sues in Illyrico solidas habent unguilas, Plin. 11, 255; and of the goat, caprigenum trita unguis, Att. 544 R; 6. a pig's pettitoe, unguulam de perna, Cato r. 158; ex sue unguilae rostrum atres cerebellum, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, l. 30; prioribus cibus adicere ex oleribus porrum, ex carnic unguilas, 4, p. 140, 27 D; see uigella; 7. an instrument of torture, bisuleas unguilas, Prud. *στροφ.* 1, 44; sit eculoio deditus unguilis sulcantibus latera perferat poenas, cod. Th. 9, 16, 6; cum linidas carnes ungula cruenta pulsaret et sulcatis lateribus dolor quaereret ueritateu, Hier. ep. 1, 3; 8. the withered end of a vine-branch, Colum. 4, 24, 15; see unguis § 13.

**unguila-tus**, quasi-part. hoofed, Tert. apol. 16 f.; Mart. C. 4, p. 113 G, 116, 24 Eyss.; 2. met. of one having large nails, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**ungulus**, i, m. a finger-ring, Repugnante ego porro hunc ui detraxi unguulum, Pacuv. 215 R; --- suspensum in laeuo brachio ostendo unguulum, 64 R; unguulus quem ei detraxi, poet. ap. Fest. 375; apud nos prisca unguulum uocabant (anulum), Plin. 33, 10; 2. prob. akin to anulus. **unguo**, see ungo.

**ungustus**, m. [implies a n. sb. ung-us connected with m. sb. uncus] a hooked stick, Paul. ex Fest. 377.

**uni-cālamus**, adj. [uno-] of one straw, Plin. 18, 69 speaking of a kind of wheat.

**uni-caulis**, e, adj. of one stem, alterum (genus carduorum) unicaule, Plin. 20, 262; faba, 18, 57.

**unicē**, see unicus.

**uni-cōleus**, adj. a rig (animal), *μονορχυς* unitestis unicoleus, Gloss.

**uni-cōlor**, ōris, adj. of one colour, (snes) unicoloris (so *ms* or unius coloris), Varr. r. 2, 4, 3; torus, Ov. M. 11, 611; oculus, Plin. 11, 145.

**uni-cōlor-us**, adj. of one colour, si quis Apellem unicolora pingere iuberet, Froust. ad Ver. 1 med.; animas, Prud. Ham. 821.

**uni-cornis**, e, adj. [cornu] one-horned, Indicos boues unicornis tricornisque, Plin. 8, 72; unicornis (genus) asinus tantum Indicus, unicomis et bisuleum oryx, 11, 255; rhinoceros, Tert. Marc. 3, 18.

**uni-cornus**, adj. one-horned, with gen. pl. unicornum (al. unicornium), Vulg. Ps. 28, 22; unicornuorm, Tert. Marc. 3, 18; and lud. 10; unicornus (al. unicornuus) *μονοκερως*.

**unicornuus**? see preceding.

**unicorpōr-eus**, adj. of one body, Firm. Math. 2, 12 med.

**uni-cūba**, ae, adj. f. =uniuira, Hier. Iou. 1, 49 f.; unieuba unius uiri uxor, Gloss.

**uni-cultor**, ōris, m. a worshipper of one God, Prud. *στροφ.* 13, 90.

**unic-us**, adj. dim. [uno-] one only, sole, gnatus, Pl. As. 1, 1, 1; gnata, Att. 299 R; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 8; filius, Pl. Poen. pr. 65; Bac. 3, 3, 3; Cic. Rosc. Am. 41; Unico gaudens mulier marito, Hor. od. 3, 14, 5; anser, Ov. M. 8, 684; Hue accedit ut in summa res nulla sit una, Unica quae gignatur et unica solaque crescat, Lucr. 2, 1078;

2. hence abs. unicus (unica) an only child, an only son (or daughter), Tibi ille unicus, mihi unico magis unieust, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 47; sed poteris, quid eum non unica possis? Ciris 333; 3. from this habitual connection, specially loved, see pass. just quoted from Pl.; Quam modo qui me unum atque unicum amicum habuit, Catul. 73, 6;

4. standing alone, matchless, unparalleled, unique, esp. for good, Quis tam sagaci corde atque ingenio unico? Afr. 15 R; poeta, Pl. As. 4, 1, 3; aut summa negligentia... aut unica liberalitas, Cic. Quinct. 41; imperator, Liv. 6, 6, 17; dux, 7, 12, 13; ultor Romanae ignominiae, 9, 15, 10; Archimedes u. spectator caeli siderumque, 24, 34, 2; fides, 33, 21, 3; and Apul. M. 7, 7, p. 540 H; 5. also for evil, malitia atque nequitia, ad Her. 3, 11; scelus, Vell. 2, 7, 1; luxuria, ap. Fest. p. 322 b. 6. unice adv.

**uni-formis**, e, adj. [forma] of one shape, uniform, alimonia, Maer. s. 7, 5, 12; deortu deorumque facies, Apul.

M. 11, 5, p. 995 H; Tac. dial. 32; institutum, Aur. V. epit. 9 med.; 2. uniforniter adv. uniformly, Apul. Trism. p. 77; Arnob. 2, 88.

**unifōrmitas**, ātis, f. [uniformis] sameness, uniformity, cur illis prouidere uarietatem laboras, istum squalori uniformitatis addicis? Maer. s. 7, 5, 27; Arnob. 7, 212; Tert. anim. 17 med.

**uni-gēna**, ae, m. or f. only-begotten, singularem deus hunc mundum atque unigenam procreauit, Cic. Tim. 4; esp. in Christian writers, of Christ, te Dominico Deique Vnigēnae cognosco Patrem, Paul. Nol. 5, 46; 2. born at the same time, twin-brother or -sister, te Phoebe relinquens Vnigēnaeque simul cultricem montibus Idri, Catul. 64, 300; Memnonis Aethiopsis unigena, sc. Zephyrus, as also son of Eos, 66, 53.

**uni-gēnitus**, adj. only-begotten, Hier. Helv. 9; Tert. Gnost. 7 med.; Aug. c. D. 11, 24.

**uni-iūgus**, adj. [iugum] of one yoke, uinea, as propped up by but one cross-beam, Plin. 17, 183; 2. met. Ioseph u., sc. married but once, Tert. mon. 6 f.

**uni-mamma**, see unomamma.

**uni-mānus**, a, um, adj. [manu-] having but one hand, one-handed, natus puer, Liv. 35, 21, 3; 41, 21, 12; 2. as a surname, Flor. 2, 17, 16.

**uni-membris**, e, adj. [membrum] of one limb or clause, *μονομερης*, id est unimembris conditio, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 13, 2 (al. om. i. e. u.).

**uni-mōtus**, adj. of one kind, nirtus, Apul. dogm. Pl. 2, 5, p. 220 H; compages, Prud. Ps. 768.

1 **unio**, ire, vb. [unus] unite, only in pass., and then scarcely Latin, uide quomodo auribus tuis parcam: expedire me poteram, si philosophorum lingua uti uoluissim ut dicerem unita corpora, Sen. N. Q. 2, 2, 4; unita patiendi declinatione, Gell. 17, 7, 8; caelum mari unitur, Tert. an. 17 med.; legatos compellit uniri communioni, Sulp. Sev. h. s. 2, 43.

2 **un-io**, ōnis, m. (rarely f.) dim. [un- of unus] a little one, as one on the dice, ace, iactus quisque apud lusoeros ueteres a numero uocatur ut unio binio triuio..., Isid. orig. 18, 65;

2. a single pearl as opposed to a necklace (monile) of pearls; and so a large pearl, as in itself a sufficient ornament, Plin. 9, 112, where he gives another origin of the name; unionibus magnae taxationis, 9, 122, and soon after, singulos uniones conuiuis quoque absorbendos dedit (sc. Clodius tragoedi Aesopi filius); cum Aelius Stilo Iugurthiuo bello unionum nomen impositum maxime grandibus margaritis prodit, ib. 123; and Mart. 8, 81, 4; Grandes, non pueros sed uniones, 12, 49, 13; Sen. ben. 7, 9, 4; Isidi...ornamenta in basilio. unio et margarita n. vi zmaragdi duo..., iuser. Or. 2510; uniones Cleopatranos (not Cleopatranas), Treb. xxx tyr. 32, 6; but fem. in: exinde grauidulae (testae) edunt minutas binas aut ternas (margaritas) uel uniones ideo sic appellatae quod euiscerae (tae) conchulae singulas aliquoties pariunt sed maiores, Amm. 23, 6, 85; 3. hence as a surname, L. Ael. Vrbicus...Vnio, inser. Maff. M. V. 454, 7; 4. an onion, as one of a rope (restis), or a kind of onion, that has uo bulbs growing by its side, Marsicam simplicem (cepam) quam uocant uniuem rustici eligit; ea est autem quae non fruticauit nec habuit soboles adhaerentes, Colum. 12, 10, 1—hence Fr. ognon, Eng. onion; II 5. f. as an abstract noun, unio, Hier. ep. 18, 14; 22, 19.

**uni-ōcūlus**? adj. one-eyed, Arimaspi...uniocula gens est, Sol. 15, 20. So Mommsen, but surely unocula of *ms* II seems alone admissible.

**uniōnita**, ae, m. or f. a Unitarian, Prud. Ap. 246.

**uni-pēs**, pēdis, adj. one-footed, unipes *μονοπους*, Gloss.

**uni-petius**, adj. of one stalk, urtica, Marc. Emp. 15 med.

**uni-stirpis**, e, adj. [stirp-] of one stem, abies larix et siqua unistirpia, Plin. 16, 125.

**unītas**, ātis, f. [uno-] one-ness, unity, singleness, unitatem quae apparet in lego legi et in Priamns Priami, Varr. 1. 8, 2, p. 393 Sp.; aluei, Plin. 5, 48; mundi, Inst. 2, 1, 14; singularis numeri, Gell. 19, 8, 11; unum quod *monas*, id est unitas, dicitur, Maer. somn. 1, 6, 7; douce liquata in



unitatem cocant, Cels. 4, 26, p. 152, l. 11 D; pueros ut geminos uendidit, tanta unitas erat, Plin. 7, 55; corporum, Sen. N. Q. 2, 2, 3; **2.** met., summum bonum esse animi concordiam, uirtutes enim ibi esse debent, ubi consensus atque unitas erit; dissident uitia, Sen. uit. b. 8, 6.

**unīter**, adv. [uno-] in one, together, always with aptus, Lucr. 3, 839 and 846; 5, 537, 555 and 558.

**unī-testis**, e, adj. = *μονορχος* Gloss.

**unīuersā-lis**, e, adj. [uniuerso-] applicable to everything, universal, catholic, general, ratio, ad Her. 2, 37; praecepta quae *καθολικα* uocitant id est (ut dicamus quomodo possumus) uniuersalia uel perpetua, Quint. 2, 13, 14; opposed to proprium, Plin. ad Traj. 65, 2.

**unīuersālitas**, = *το καθολον*, Gloss.

**unīuersālīter**, adv. in the mass, as a whole, Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35 f.

**unīuersātim**, adv. universally, u. feruentibus uotis, Sid. ep. 8, 2.

**unīuersē**, see uniuersus.

**unīuersim**, adv. all together, in the mass, Gell. 1, 3, 22.

**unīuersitas**, ātis, f. [uniuerso-] the whole, generis humani, Cic. N. D. 2, 164; rerum, the universe, 1, 39 and 120; bonorum, Ulp. dig. 43, 2, 1; aedificii, Gai. 41, 1, 7, 11;

**2.** abs. the universe, (animos) quasi in currum uniuersitatis imposuit, Cic. Tim. 12; but in c. 5 uniuersi, not uniuersitatis; ita solam immobilem (terram), circa eam uolubili uniuersitate, Plin. 2, 11; **3.** a corporate body, a corporation, quod cuiuscumque uniuersitatis nomine uel contra eam ageat, dig. 3, tit. 4; de libertis uniuersitatum, 38, 3; uniuersitatis sunt non singulorum quae in ciuitatibus sunt theatra stadia et si quae alia sunt communia ciuitatum, Marc. dig. 1, 8, 6, 1.

**unīuersus**, older uniuorsus, adj. [perh. for unō-uorsus, cf. retro-rsum etc.] lit. turned to one point, concentrated, and so all in one mass, the whole together; opposed to such words as pars, singuli, unusquisque, and adding to omnes the notion of coniuncti, tam restitues si uuus seruolus quem si familia fecerit uniuorsa, Cic. Caecin. 58; in hostem tela uniuersi coniciunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 6; Gregem uniuorsum uoluit totum auertere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 134; uniuorsum triduum, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18; ab uniuorsa provincia generatimque a singulis eius partibus diligitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 168; unum debet esse omnibus propositum, ut eadem sit utilitas uniuersusque et uniuorsorum, off. 3, 26; Scaurus aedilitate sua varias (i. e. pantheras) et uniuersas misit, Plin. 8, 64; Ab uniuersis capite est protrusus foras, Phaedr. 5, 7, 39; Hermes gloria Martis uniuersi, Mart. 5, 24, 14; **2.** there is no pleuasm in: talibus dictis uniuersi omnes assentire (al. assensere), Apul. M. 7, 5, 1, p. 530 H; but there is in: fere omnes memoriae nostrae uniuersos praestitit, Gell. 18, 12, 1; but in Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 40, Ritschl has hominibus (for omnibus) against the mss indeed but the metre favouring, as homo often causes no hiatus, being perhaps pronounced womo (cf. Ital. uomo); and in Cic. N. D. 1, 39 Heindorf and Baiter have uniuersitatemque omnia continentem; **3.** adj. n. as sb. the whole, the universe, Quae sint in eodem uniuorso, Cic. N. D. 1, 120; genitor uniuersi, Colum. 3, 10, 10; **4.** in uniuersum, as a whole, generally, non nominatim quae Capuae, sed in uniuersum qui usquam coissent, Liv. 9, 26, 8; in uniuersum aestimanti plus penes peditem roboris, Tac. G. 6; Persae illos Sacas in uniuersum appellauere, Plin. 6, 50; **5.** uniuersae, adv.; **6.** see unorsus.

**unī-uīra**, ae, adj. f. [uīro-m.] but once married, Tert. exhort. ad cast. 13; Hier. Iov. 1, 11; meretrices u., ep. 22, 14; **2.** of one but once married, u. uiduitas, Tert. Ps. 8.

**unīuīrātus**, ūs, m. the having had but one husband, Tert. exhort. ad cast. 13; ad uxor. 1, 9 and 2, 1.

**unī-uīria**, ae, adj. f. the same as uniuira, sacerdos, Treb. xxx tyr. 32; coniungi dulcissime (sic) et incomparabili uniuiriae (sic, diuisim) caste bone, inscr. Or. 2742; Arria M. f. Maximilla uniuirya que (sic) uixit... 4530.

**unīun-cūlus**, i, u. doub. dim. a small pearl, margarita unio uniuenculus, uot. Tir. p. 161.

**unī-uocus**, adj. [prob. ō, see uox] of one only meaning, uniuocis aequiuoca conecendo, Mart. C. 95 G, 99, 3 Eyss.; 103 G, 107, 24 Eyss.

**unīus-mōdi**, two words as adj. indecl. of one kind, nam pareunt ininriae Uniusmodi sunt ferme, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 31; noli putare tolerabiles horum insanias neque uniusmodi fore, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; (materia) semper uniusmodi siueque similis, Tim. 7; often written as two words. Cf. eiusmodi, huiusmodi etc.

**unō**, āre, vb. [uno- adj.] make one, unite, Tert. Prax. 27.

**un-ōcūlus**, adj. one-eyed, L. Vuocule salue. C. Quaeso deridesne me? L. De Coelitu prosapia te 'sse arbitror, Pl. Curc. 3, 22; de Cyclope quod unoculus fuit..., Acc. ap. Gell. 3, 11, 5. See unioculus.

**unō-mammia**, adj. f. [mamma-] one-breasted, Amazon, Centaureomachias et Classian unomammiam Subegit solus intra uiginti dies, Pl. Curc. 3, 75; cf. Oinuniama CIL 1501, p. 554.

**un-orsus**, adj. [for un-uorsus]= uniuersus, non priuam quamque solemus Particulam uenti sentire et frigoris eius, Sed magis unorsum, Lucr. 4, 262; **2.** for un- see unus § 25; for orsum cf. se-orsum de-orsum and Lachmaun ad Lucr. 4, 262; also

**unōse**, adv. [for un-norse]= uniuorse, all at once, in the lump, Occidisti ut multa paucis uerba unose obtundenti, Pacuv. 213 R. Cf. unorsus, and for loss of r prosum sumum etc.

**unquam**, (umq.) adv. [for eum-quam and so : quisquam :: cum : quis] at any time, chiefly in sentences of a negative character, as put after negatives, neque... unquam committam ut siet, Pl. Aul. 3, 3, 2; eum ita sim afflictus ut nemo unquam, Cic. Att. 3, 12, 1; Non unquam grauis aere domum mihi dextra redibat, Verg. B. 1, 36; and what implies a neg., Et caue posthac si me amas umquam istuo uerbum ex te audiam, Ter. Haut. 5, 4, 8; **2.** in interrogations, eho an unquam tu huius nupsisti patri? Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 80; Cedodum, en umquam iniuriarum audisti mihi scriptam dicam? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 15 (or 3, 15); **3.** in conditional sentences, Si patrius umquam remeassem uictor ad Argos, Verg. 2, 95; si unquam in dicendo fuimus aliquid aut etiam si unquam alias fuidim, tum profecto dolor... uin quamdam nobis dicendi dedit, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 2; adhortari ut si quando unquam equestri ope adiutam rempublicam meminerint, illo die annitatur, Liv. 10, 14, 11; ut minime mirum futurum sit si cum aetate processerit reliquis praestet omnibus qui unquam orationes attigerunt, Cic. orat. 41;

**4.** in wishes, some time or other, utinamque sit tempus unquam quo perfectus aliquis orator hanc artem in corpus eloquentiae adducat, Quint. 12, 2, 9; Excute: sic umquam longa releuere catena, Ov. am. 1, 6, 25; **5.** after comparatives and superlatives with qui and with quam (cf. Fr. construction, as, je vous entends ici mieux que vous ne pensez), cum tyranno qui umquam fuit saeuissimo, Liv. 34, 32, 3; plus amat quam te unquam amaui, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 63; uinc quoque licet maior quam unquam moles premat, constitutum est uel deficere potius quam desperare, Quint. 12, pr. 2;

**6.** uot far from a negative is semel unquam, once only, uever but once, scintillam et stella cadere ac iuluisse ceu nullo die semel unquam proditor Cn. Octauius C. Scribonio consulibus, Plin. 2, 100; **7.** an old form eumquam suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Neque ego eumquam alienum scortum subigito in coniuiuio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 53 (57); Neque patrem eumquam posilla uidi. Quil uos tum patri Filii quot cratis? Men. 5, 9, 58 (cf. Bergk Beitr. p. 119).

**un-us**, older omus or enus, adj. num. card. [see below] one, unum id (sc. senectus) sat est, Caecil. 174 R; audiui... Mulieres duas peiores esse quam unam; res itasti, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 2; Pluris est oculatus testis unus quam auriti decem, Truc. 2, 6, 8; Verbum unum caue de nuptiis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 65; eum penes unum est omnium summa rerum, regem illum unum uocamus, Cic. rep. 1, 42; Cogere item pluris unum, uictosque domare, Cic. non poterat, rerum ut perdiscreta nomina uellent, Lucr. 5, 1050; **2.** with plural nouns of singular meaning, the pl. of unus is used, molas asinarias unas et trusatiles unas, Cato r. 10, 4; Ex unis geminas



mili conficies nuptias, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 50; adductus sum tuis et unis et alteris litteris, Cic. Att. 14, 18, 1; cum unae decumae consuetudine detraherentur, alterae nouis institutis impendantur, Verg. 2, 3, 227; satis una superque Vidimus excidia, Verg. 2, 642; **3.** emphatically, one and only one, but one, alone, Set hic unus ut ego suspicor seruat fidem, Pl. Trin. 4, 4, 22; Vnum hoc scio, esso meritam ut memor esses sui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 46; ita do tua uirtute commemorant, ut excipiant unam iracundiam, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 37; **4.** so in pl. with numerals to denote a mere—, C. Sequere hac me, faxo iam scies. N. Quo gentium? C. Tris unos passus, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 34; nunc unae quinque remorantur minae, Ps. 1, 1, 54; **5.** often with solus added, unam solam scitote esse ciuitatem Mamertinam quae legatos miserit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 13; unus est solus inuentus qui ab hac noluntate honorum dissideret, Sest. 130; **6.** standing apart from others, one in particular, special, iuter mulieres Quae ibi aderant forte unam aspicio adulescentulam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 91; nemo de nobis unus excellat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 105; potes quid ueri sit perspicere tu unus, Att. 12, 22, 1; Iurantem me scire nihil mirantur ut unum Scilicet egregii mortalem atque silenti, Hor. s. 2, 6, 57; **7.** esp. with superl., ego, tamquam mihi cum M. Crasso contentio esset, non cum uno gladiatore nequissimo, Cic. Phil. 2, 7; ita nobilissima Graeciae ciuitas sui ciuis unius acutissimi monumentum ignorasset nisi ab homine Arpinati didicisset, Tusc. 5, 66; Nigidio in omnium doctissimo, fam. 4, 13, 3; **8.** and even with comp., Quam Inuo fertur terris magis omnibus unam Posthabita coluisse Samo, Verg. 1, 15; Namque sagacius unus odoror... Quam canis acer, Hor. epod. 12, 4; **9.** unus is added to nullus nemo uihil for emphasis, nulla re una magis oratorem commendari quam uerborum splendore, Cic. Brut. 216; ut nisi C. Verginius interuenisset unum signum Byzantii nullum haberent, prou. cons. 7; eos inter se quia nemo nuius satis dignus regno uisus sit, partes regni rapuisse, Liv. 2, 6, 3; Rhodiis ut nihil unum iusigne ita omnis generis dona dedit, 41, 20, 7; **10.** for the use of unus with aliquis quisquam quuius see those words; and for its use with quisque, see uniusquisque; **11.** one and the same, dedit eum huic gnato suo Peculiarem quia quasi una aetas erat, Pl. Capt. pr. 20; unius aetatis uirorum disputatio, Cic. rep. 1, 13; et uentum et aestum uno tempore nactus secundum, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 6; **12.** and so often with idem added, Vna eademque uia sanguis animusque secuntur, Verg. 10, 487; exitus omnium unus et idem fuit, Cic. diu. 2, 97; caussa in qua omnes sentirent unum atque idem, Cat. 4, 14; **13.** a mere—, any ordinary—, both with and without contempt, non mihi modo qui sicut unus paterfamilias his de rebus loquor, sed etiam ipsi illi Roscio, Cic. or. 1, 132; una haec res torquet quod non Pompeium tamquam unus manipularis secutus sim, Att. 9, 10, 2; Haec cum legas tu, bellus ille et urbanus Sufteuus unus caprimulgus aut fossor Rursus uidetur, Catul. 22, 10; destiti stomachari et me unum ex iis feci qui ad aquas uenisent, Cic. Planc. 65; **14.** esp. in such phrases as, non fuit (Calidius) orator unus e multis, potius inter multos singularis, Cic. Brut. 274; tenuis L. Verginius unusque de multis, fin. 2, 66; sum paulo infirmior, unus Mnltorum, Hor. s. 1, 9, 72; **15.** hence for quidam, one = some one, perfectaque tradidit uni Vique ferat dominae gestu rogat; illa rogata Pertulit ad Progen (ed. rogat illa, rogata—male), Ov. M. 6, 578; rapta ab uno tuba prosiluit, Suet. Caes. 32; Pl. Most. 3, 1, 147 has: Iterum iam ad unum saxum mo fluctus ferunt, wh. unum found in all the mss seems to have startled Ritschl, though not Bentley. Lorenz translates it einen und denselben; **16.** prefixed with et to ordinals it seems to stand for primus, but only seems, as the suffix extends to the unus, cf. our (one and twenty)-eth; hence unetuicesimus, wh. see; qui (sc. Plato) uno et octogesimo anno scribens est mortuus, Cic. sen. 13; **17.** neither does it stand for primus in the connection unus alter or unus alter tertius, first one, then a second and third, for a first (letter) is but one until a second comes to make it a first; as unum alterum tertium annum Sassa quiescebat, Cic. Clu. 178; adductus sum tuis et unis et alteris litteris, Att. 14, 18, 1; **18.** unuus with alter in its proper case,

one-another, Germ. ein-ander, Fr. l'un l'autre, Cum inter nos sorderemus unus alteri, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 30; **19.** in unum, into one, together, finditur Fibrensis et diuianus in duas partes latera haec (huic? sc. insulae) adluit rapideque dilapsus (delapsus?) cito in unum confluit, Cic. leg. 2, 6; omnibus qui bello apti erant in unum coactis, Liv. 30, 11, 4; **20.** ad unum with or without omnes, to a man, de amicitia omnes ad unum idem sentiunt, Cic. am. 86; Fabii caesi ad unum omnes, Liv. 2, 50, 11; Iuppiter omnipotens si nondum exosus ad unum Troianos... da flammam euadere classi, Verg. 5, 687; **21.** gen. unius in prose, in poets both unius and unius, as: Vnius ob noxam et furias Aiacis Oilei, Verg. 1, 41; Nauibus (infandum) amissis unius ob iram, 1, 251; but also a gen. uni in old lang., as: namque uni collegi summs, Titin. 7 R; and perh. Pl. St. 5, 4, 49 uni animi sumus, for so tho best mss, but Ritschl has unaniami; in Catul. 17, 17: necpili facit uni, we perhaps have two datives; **22.** dat. uni, but in old lang. also uno, unae, as: unae fibulae locum facito, Cato r. 19, 1; qui (Saserna) ait singula ingera quaternis operis uno operario satis esse, Varr. r. 1, 18, 6; **23.** a voc. une, O me amice ex multis mihi uia Cephalio, Pl. ap. Prisc. 5, 673; Tu praeter omnes uiae de capillatis, Catul. 37, 17; **24.** for the olds forms oino- and oeno-, hunc oino plourume coscientior R(omane) duonoro optumo uiro Lucium Scipione, CIL 32; Oinunama, i.e. Amazon, CIL 1501, p. 554; oenus ne amplius sex menses idem iuris quodduo consules teneto, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 3, 9; **25.** a root *seu* explains oen-o-, oin-o-, oin-o- (see V § 6), év, Lith. wien-a, one and ou-ce as pronounced with a w, Goth. ain, Germ. ein, our an, as also μεν and μιν-o-; from un-, not from uno- (unius), are formed un-decim, un-deinginti etc.; unorsum of Lucr.; oinorsei of inser. Or. 196, 19; unose of Pacuv.; also gen. un-ius, as opposed to unius, i.e. uno-ius from uno; and ullus, i.e. un-el-us.

**unus-quilibet**, combination of unus and quilibet.

**unus-quisque**, una-quaecque, unum-quodque and unum-quidque, every separate, adj., unumquemque regem, Cic. parad. 11; ad unamquamque rem existinandam, Font. 21; unaquaecque de re, ib. 22; unumquidque ostendere, Verr. 2, 4, 132; leuiter unumquidque tangam, Rosc. Am. 83 (not unumquodque).

**unus-quisquis**, only in n. unum-quidquid or quicquid, adj. the same as the preceding, Si unumquidquid singillatim et placide percontabere, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 39; Sic unumquidquid panlatim protrahit aetas, Lucr. 5, 1388, but rejected by Lachmann.

**unx**, unguis, οὐνξ, Gloss.

**Vnxia**, adj. f. [ung-o; cf. anxius from ang-o] a title of Juno, as presiding over door-posts, which a bride on first entering her husband's house had to anoint, unctionibus superest Vnxia, cingulorum Cinctia replicationi, Arn. 3, 25; bos si sterilis Vnxiae (caedatur), 7, 21; Iterducam (te Iuno) et Domiducam Vnxiam Cinxiam mortales puellae debent in nuptias conuocare ut earum et itinera protegas et cum postes unguent faustum omen affligas (affligas?) et cingulum ponentes in thalamis non relinqnas, Mart. C. 37 G, 42, 10 Eyss.

**Voberna**, a tow of upper Italy, inser. Cellar. Not. orb. ant.

**uocāb-iliis**, e, adj. [uoca-] sounding well, quod hic sonus uocabilius uisus est et amoenior, Gell. 13, 21, 14.

**uocābūllriter**, adv. = πρὸς ἡγορικῶς Gloss.

**uocāb-ūlum**, i, n. a word, a name, rebus non commutatis immutauerunt uocabula, Cic. leg. 1, 38; Ex more impouens cognata uocabula rebus, Hor. s. 2, 3, 280; deligitur artifex talium uocabulo Locusta, Tac. an. 12, 66;

**2.** in grammar, variously used as nouu in opp. to vbs., Aristoteles orationis duas partes esse dicit uocabula et uerba, ut homo et legit, Varr. l. p. 400 Sp.; το ον posse sic transferri ut dicam 'quod est.' Sed multum interesse uideo; cogor uerbum pro uocabulo ponere, Sen. ep. 58, 7;

**3.** or an appellative as opp. to a proper name (nomen), in uocabulis duae (partes finitae et infinitae), uocabulum et nomen, non enim idem Oppidum et Roma quom oppidum sit uocabulum, Roma nomen, Varr. l. p. 555 Sp.; cf. also Quint. 1, 4, 20.



**uocālis**, e, adj. [uōc- sb. f.] of the voice, Carmine uocali clarus citharaque Palaemon, Ov. M. 11, 317; **2.** able to speak, Aegles Samius athleta mutus cum ei uictoriae praemium eriperetur, indignatione accusus uocalis euasit, Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 4; addamus, ut quem uocalem praeteriisse uideamur, C. Cosconium, Cic. Brut. 242; so, auis uocalis (parrots etc.), Plin. 10, 141; boues, Tib. 2, 5, 78; Vocalenque sua terram Dodouida querens, Ov. M. 13, 716; **3.** able to speak in a manner, ranae (as croaking), Plin. 8, 227; piscis, 9, 70; scarabaei, 11, 98; **4.** gen. uttering sounds, uocal, uocales impellere chordas, Tib. 2, 5, 3; **5.** having a good voice, as for reading, ut eligeretur uocalissimus aliquis qui eum (librum) legeret, Plin. ep. 4, 7, 2; or for singing, tuneful, melodious, uocalem Orpheus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 7; uocales exoletos, Lamp. Al. Sev. 34; **6.** hence pleasing to the ear, musical, clear, uerba, Quint. 8, 3, 16, cf. uocalitas; **7.** fitted for the voice, uides quanto uocaliora sint uacua quam plena, Sen. N. Q. 2, 29; **8.** as sb. f. (sc. littera) a vowel, concursus uocalium, Cic. orat. 77; consonantes a uocalibus discernere, Quint. 1, 4, 6; **9.** adv. uocaliter, with the voice, Tert. Prax. 3; loudly, Apul. M. 1, p. 112.

**uocālitās**, ātis, f. euphony; u. quae εὐφωμία dicitur, Quint. 1, 5, 4.

**uocāmen**, inis, n. name, Lucr. 2, 657; Sol. 5 med.; Arn. 4, 128; 7, 251.

**1 uocātio**, ōnis, f. an invitation (as to dinner), Catul. 47, 7; and prob. Iustin. 37, 4 wh. Jeep has auocationibus;

**2.** the right of summons before one, quoniam moribus maiorum tribuni plebis praensionem habent, notationem non habent, Labeo ap. Gell. 13, 12, 4; in magistratu habent alii notationem alii praensionem, alii neutrum; uocationem ut consules et ceteri qui habent imperium, Varr. lb. 6.

**2 uocatio**, ōnis, f. older form of uacatio, exemption, militiaeque eis uocatio esto, CIL 198, 77 and 84; aut ei uocatio rei militaris legibus pl. ue sc. exue foedere erit, 206, 93 and 103; placet mihi in eum seure animaduerti nec illi rerum indicandarum uocationem dari, Sen. lud. 11, 5 (so Buecheler).

**uocātūus**, as u. casus, vocative, Gell. 14, 5, 1; as sb. m. Char. 6, 48; Diom. 318, 1; Prisc. 671, 4; **2.** adv. uocatiue, in the vocative, Gell. 13, 22, 4.

**uocātor**, ōris, m. a servant or officer whose duty it was to invite guests, Plin. 35, 89; Sen. ira 3, 37, 4; Suet. Cal. 39; **2.** caller, inviter, Paulus u. gentium, Prud. στερφ. 2, 461.

**uocātor-ius**, adj. of an inviter or caller, inuiting, somnia, Tert. anim. 47; uocatorium κλητικόν, Gloss.

**uocātus**, ūs, m. calling, summoning, as of the senate, uocatu Drusi, Cic. or. 3, 2; **2.** invitation (to dinner), uocatu ipsius, Suet. Cal. 39; **3.** in pl. o nunquam frustrata uocatus Hasta meos, Verg. 12, 95.

**uociferārius**, adj. m. as sb. a declaiming master? = φω-υασκητης, Gloss.

**uociferātio**, ōnis, f. crying out loudly, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 156; Clu. 30; Petr. 14.

**uociferātor**, ōris, m. one who cries aloud, Tert. Marc. 4, 11.

**uociferātus**, ūs, m. crying out loudly; cum uociferatu, Plin. 10, 164.

**uocifero**, āre, for uociferor, Varr. r. 3, 9, 5.

**uociferor**, āri, vb. r. [implies a noun uocifer, a crier] lit. act as crier, hence proclaim, cry aloud, uociferari Decius, quo fugerent, Liv. 10, 28, 12; pontifex Liuius uociferari nicisse Romanos, 10, 29, 3; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; Rab. Post. 21; **2.** met., resipisque per se Vociferatur, Lucr. 2, 1051.

**uocifico**, āre, vb. [implies a noun uocifex or uocifens] lit. act as crier, hence proclaim, Gell. 9, 3, 1; make a great noise, apes, Varr. r. 3, 16, 8.

**uocito**, āre, vb. frq. call (not once, but as a habit), as by a name, incastelum quei uocitatus Alianus, CIL 199, 17; qui Phalereus uocitatus est, Cic. Rab. Post. 23; quem patrio uocitamus nomine fulmen, Lucr. 6, 298; accolas Iudaeos uocitari, Tac. h. 5, 2; **2.** keep calling, Tac. h. 2, 41 f.

**uoco**, āre, vb. [implies a simple vb. uoc- call, = κερ

επ-ος, ειπων, S. uach] call, Qnis uocat, quis nominat me? Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 25; H. uin uocem (illum) huc ad te? T. Voca, Capt. 2, 2, 110; **2.** u. (per uocatore), send for, summon, Dumuorigem ad se uocat, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; senatores ex prouincia uocass, b. c. 3, 105, 1; Conciliumque uocat diuum pater, Verg. 10, 2; **3.** esp. in law, uadari nis, promittit; in ius uocas, sequitur, Cic. Quint. 61; Ego triumphum uocatus a Poreio tribuno plenis non iui; item tribunus cum essem uocari neminem iussi, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 12, 6; ut (Cornelius) in iudicium uocetur, Cic. Balb. 65; apud Gracos lator earum (sc. legum) ad iudicium uocabatur, Quint. 2, 4, 33; **4.** hence met., refer a person or even matter (for judgment), me ad Democritum uocas cui non adsentior, Cic. acad. pr. 56; ne Tiberius uim principatus resoueret enneta ad senatum uocandum, Tac. an. 1, 6 f.;

**5.** call by a name, in montem Apeninum qui uocatur Boplo, CIL 199, 18; oppidum Britannii uocant cum silnas uallo atque fossa uniuierunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 21, 3; Coniugium uocat, hoc praetexit nomine culpam, Verg. 4, 171;

**6.** invite (as to dinner), me ad ceuam uoca, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 64; hunc ego uocani ad ceuam, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 9; and absol., nos parasiti planius Quos nunquam quisquam neque uocat neque inuocat, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 8; in St. 3, 2, 18 the reading Locatost opera (not uocata) is made certain by the palimpsest; **7.** invite, gen., In praedam partemque Ioueni, Verg. 3, 223; in partem (hereditatis) mulieres uocatae sunt, Cic. Caecin. 12; and met., nox imberque ad quietem uocabat, Liv. 28, 15, 12; uocat Auster in altum, Verg. 3, 70; with inf., At sedare sitim flumii fontesque uocabant, Lucr. 5, 945;

**8.** call to combat, call out, challenge, magnisque uocant clamoribus hostem, Verg. G. 4, 76; nec arare terram tam facile persuaseris quam uocare hostes, Tac. G. 14; and met., neque ipse deerat adrogantia uocare offensas nimis commemorandis quae meruissent, h. 4, 80;

**9.** call on (the gods for aid) invoke, Vocce uocans Hecaten caeloque Ereboque potentem, Verg. 6, 247; non tibi sunt integra lintea, Non di quos iterum pressa uocem malo, Hor. od. 1, 14, 10; **10.** address, speak to, nec Gitan me aut tralatitica propinatio dignum iudicabat aut quod unimum est sermone communi uocabat, Petr. 113; **11.** from the legal phrase in iudicium uocare arise such metaphors as, te a me in crimen et in inuidiam uocari, are summoned to meet a criminal and odious charge, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 33; uero criminibus falsis in odium aut inuidiam quemquam uocabit (expose to), off. 1, 86; also with acc. of thing, hoc tu igitur in crimen uocas, quod cum iis fuerit, Rab. perd. 24; **12.** akin to these usages are, nulla fere res potest in diceudi disceptationem uocari quae non habeat utrumque (i.e. et malum et bonum), Cic. or. 2, 291; salus sociorum summum in periculum ac discrimen uocatur (is summoned to face, is exposed to), Manil. 12; iniuria... ita perspicua ut ne ab ipso quidem qui fecisset in dubium uocaretur, be called in doubt (a phrase we owe to the Latin), inu. 2, 84; **13.** ad calculos n., call upon to give an account in figures, call to account (again from the Latin), met., hoc quidem est nimis exigue ad calculos uocare amicitiam, ut par sit ratio acceptorum et datorum, Cic. am. 58; An si ad calculos enim res publica uocet, uon merito dicat: Annua acra habes, annam operam ede? Liv. 5, 4, 7;

**14.** casus uocandi, the vocative, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26, 1; Gell. 14, 5, 3.

**Voconus**, name of a gens, orig. from Aricia, C. Voconius C. f., CIL 1128; Mart. 7, 29, 1; **2.** lex Voconia (585 a.u.c.) for limiting inheritances by women, Cic. Phil. 3, 16; sen. 14; fin. 2, 55; rep. 3, 17; in Verr. 2, 1, 106; **3.** Voconis (piris), al. uocimis, Plin. 15, 56.

**uocūla**, ae, f. dim. the voice, as power of speech, cum recreandae uoculae causa necesse esset mihi ambulare, Cic. Att. 2, 23, 1; **2.** what one says, voice, sed incurrit haec nostra laurus (on his fates as a claimant for a triumph) non solum in oculos sed iam etiam in uoculas malinolorum (is the subject of jeering remarks), Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; Prop. 1, 16, 27; **3.** a little word, a significative uoculae huius (saltem), Gell. 12, 14, 5; **4.** a cognomen, Dillio Voculae, Tsc. h. 4, 24; C. Dillius A. f. Ser. Vocula legatus in Germania legionis xxii, inscr. Mur. 697, 5.



**uocūlātio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. nocula- from the sb. uocula] pronunciation, n. qui poterit seruari, si non sciemus iu nominibus ut Valeri ntrum interrogandi (genitive) an uocandi sint? Nam interrogandi secunda syllaba superiore tonost quam prima, deinde uouissima deicitur, et iu oasu uocandi summo tonost prima, deinde gradatim descendunt, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26, 1; wh. G. adds: quem accentum nos deicimus uoculationem appellat, perh. wrougly, though he says the same in 13, 6, 1.

**uoisgra**? ac, f. a bird of some kind, uoisgram auem quae se uellit. Augures hanc eandem fucillantem appellat, Fest. p. 371.

**uōla**, ae, f. [?] the hollow of the hand or foot, uola medietas palmae et pedis, Serv. G. 2, 88; uolae uestigium (uola uestigii?) medium pedis concauum, sed et palma manus uola dicitur, Fest. p. 370; nola homini tautum, exceptis quibusdam, Plin. 11, 253; numquid uōla (dei) numquid ēt unguis, Prud. ap. 927; **2.** hence as proverb, pleui libri ubi maneant epitaphii eorum quorum in sepulcris nec uola nec uestigium exstat, Varr. s. 122, 7 R; Haec Numa fieri si uiderit sciet suorum institutorum nec uolam nec uestigium apparere, 227, 10 R, not a trace.

**uōlab-ilis**, e, adj. [uōla- vb.] flying, ceruom, Varr. s. p. 267, 4 R.

**Volane** or Olane, one of the mouths of the Padus, Plin. 3, 120.

**uōlans**, part.; **2.** as sb., in poet., a bird, Lucr. 2, 1083; Verg. 6, 239 and 728.

**Vōlāterrānus**, adj. of Volaterrae in Etruria, uada, Cic. Quinct. 24; In Vōlāterrānum, uero Vada nomine, tractum, Rutil. it. 1, 453; Plin. 3, 50; **2.** Volaterrani, the inhabitants, Cic. dom. 79; Liv. 28, 45.

**uōlāt-ica**, adj. f. as sb. a flying witch conceived in the form of an owl, strī(ges) Graeci syrnia †appellant quod maleficis mulieribus nomen inditum est, quas uolaticas etiam uocant. Itaque solent his uersibus eas ueluti auertere Graeci...Fest. 314; cf. Mueller's note, p. 408, 2; qui uolaticam spectat, Tert. Pall. 6.

**uōlāt-icus**, [uōla- vb.] flying, homines, Pl. Poen. 2, 29; met., Academiā, Cic. Att. 13, 25, 3; impetus, har. r. 46; me uolaticum esse ac leuē, Sen. ep. 42, 5.

**uōlāt-ilis**, e, adj. flying, bestiis, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; pueri (Cupid), Ov. am. 2, 7, 27; telum, Lucr. 1, 970; and Ov. a. a. 1, 169; ferrum, Verg. 4, 71; **2.** met., aetas, Ov. M. 10, 519; in Sen. ep. 123, 16, uolubile, not uolatile.

**uōlātūra**, ae, f. [implies a sb. uolator from vb. uola-] flight, Varr. r. 3, 5, 7; Colum. 8, 9, 1.

**uōlātus**, ūs, m. [uōla- vb.] flying, flight, Cic. N. D. 2, 101; Catul. 55, 24; Mart. 11, 91, 9; in pl. uolātibus auium, Cic. diu. 1, 2.

**Volacius**, name of a gens, C. Volaci(us) C. f., CIL 1105.

**Volcānālī**, for Volcānālē (Vulc.), adj. n. as sb. [Volcanns] a place in Rome sacred to Vulcan, cuius ossa in Volcanali quod est supra comitium obruta sunt, Fest. v. Statua p. 290 b, 14; lotos in Volcanali quod Romulus constituit aequaeva urbi intellegitur, Plin. 16, 236; cf. Gell. 4, 5, 4 and Dion. Hal. 2, 50.

**Volcānāl-is**, e, adj. of Vulcan, flamen, Varr. l. 5, 15, p. 88 Sp.; **2.** Volcanalia, iorum, n. pl. the festival of Vulcan, viz. a. d. x Kal. Sept., Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 202 Sp.; Sal. ap. Non. 489; Plin. 17, 260; Colum. 11, 3, 18; Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8; e uolc. n. (to the 23rd of Aug.) Fast. Maff. CIL p. 306 and VOLCAN. n. Volcano in Circo Flaminio, Fast. Vall. p. 320; Volcanalia, Menolog. rust. under meuis Aug. p. 359.

**Volcānius**, (Vulc.) adj. of Vulcan, uis, Lucil. ap. Non. 528; templa, Att. 529 R; arma, Cic. Tusc. 2, 33; aeiēs, Verg. 10, 408; Lemnos, Ov. M. 13, 313; pestis, Sil. 14, 423; **2.** insulae V., the (Volcanic) Lipari islands, Cic. N. D. 3, 55; cf. Plin. 3, 93.

**Volcānus**, (Vulc.) adj. as sb. m. [implies a sb. uolca or uolcus, fulga or fulgus, fire, = φλογος of φλογεοδης, and akiu to fulg-eo] the god of fire, Vulcan, Aisernino Volcanom, on a coin of the Aesernini with a head of Vulcan, CIL 50; Volcaui pocelom (=poculum) on a patera, ib.; Volcani opera, Naev. 50 R; Vbleani item complures, Cic.

N. D. 3, 55; Q Vibius...aram Volcano...facieda (sic) coer., CIL 1488; **2.** met. for fire, Quo ambulat tu qui Volcanum in coruū coclulum geris? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 185; ac totis Volcanum spargere tectis, Verg. 7, 77.

**Volceiānus**, (Vulc.) adj. of Volceii, ordo populusque V., inser. Mur. 1095, 5; V. ciuitas, Grut. 209, 2.

**Volcei**, ōrum, m. pl. a town of Etruria, M. Satius Rufinus Volceis, iscr. Marin. Fr. Aru. p. 334; inser. Grut. 447, 1.

**Volcentānus**, (Vulc.) adj. of Volcentum or Volceii, Plin. 3, 98; Arnob. 6, 194.

**Volcentinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 3, 52 (al. Volcentanus).

**Volciens**, ntis, adj. the same, Cosa (al. Cossa) Volcentium a populo Romano deducta, Plin. 3, 51; (Ti. Coru)neanus Ti. f. Ti. n. cos. an. cdlxxxiii (de) Volsiniensibus et Vulcentib. K. feb., CIL p. 457.

**uōlēmum**, i, n. a sort of large pear, Cloat. ap. Maer. s. 2, 19, 6; Cato r. 7; Crustumii Syriisque piris grāuibusque uōlēmis, Verg. G. 2, 88; Colum. 5, 10, 18; 12, 10, 4.

**uōlens**, entis, part. as adj. willing, ready, Ducunt uolentem fata, uolentem trahunt, Sen. ep. 107, 11; uolens uos Turnus adoro, Verg. 10, 676; **2.** idiom, of Greek origin, mihi uolenti est, it is acceptable to me, neque plebi militia uolenti putabatur (sc. esse), Sal. Jug. 84, 3; uti militiae exaequatus cum imperatore labos uolentibus esset, 100, 4; quibusdam uolentibus nouas res fore, Liv. 21, 50, 10; Maturō ceterisque remanere uolentibus fuit, Tac. h. 3, 43; quibus bellum uolentibus erat, Agr. 18; si uolentibus uobis erit, Maer. s. 1, 7; 2, 3; 6, 6. Cf. τῷ πλῆθει οὐ βουλομένῳ ἢ, Thuc. 2, 3; add 7, 35; αὐ βουλομένους ἢ τοῖς αὐτοῖς ἀκούειν, Dem. cor. p. 229; Prisc. 1169, 18; **3.** acceptable, uolentia plebi facere, Sal. ap. Non. 186; Muciano uolentia rescripsere, Tac. h. 3, 52; **4.** adv. uōlētēr, willingly, Apul. M. 6, p. 178.

**uōlentia**, ae, f. willingness, assent, Apul. M. 11, p. 259; Sol. 36.

**Vōléro**, ōnis, m. a praenomen in the gens Publilia, Liv. 5, 13, 3; Voler. Publilius P. f. Voler. n. Philo, fast. cons. Borgh. 2.

**Vōlēsus**, (Volusus) m. a praenomen in the gens Valeria, P. Valesius Volesi f. Poplicola, CIL 15 (cons. 245 a. u. c.); cf. coin ap. Eckhel 5, 334; Tac. an. 3, 68; Iuv. 8, 18.

**uolga**, ae, f. (the same word as uolua) a leathern pouch, eo ut utaticum ex arcula addeum in Nongam, Varr. s. p. 217, 9 R; **2.** the womb, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 14.

**uolgāgo**, (uulg.) inis, f. the plant hazel-wort, Est asarum Graece, uulgāgō dieta Latine, Aem. Mac. 46, 6.

**uolgāris**, (uulg.) e, adj. [uolguis i or uolguim i] belonging to people generally, iu promiscuous use, ordinary, common, commonplace, usus, Cic. fin. 3, 3; consuetudo, or. 1, 248; sensus, 1, 108; opinio, 1, 109; commendatio, fam. 1, 3, 2; patrum consulta, Tac. an. 16, 22; iubar (of the sun, common to all), Lucan. 5, 220; uia, Quint. 11 pr.; **2.** in a bad sense, vulgar, low, mitto hasce artes uolgares, coquos pistores lecticarios, Cic. Rosc. Am. 134; Coetusque uolgares et udam Spernit humum fugiente penna, Hor. od. 3, 2, 23; nam et humilibus interim (uorbis) et uulgariibus opus, et quae uidentur sordida, ubi res poscit, proprie dicuntur, Quint. 10, 1, 9; **3.** u. puella, a prostitute, Ov. F. 4, 865; ex muliere uulgari, Suet. Vit. 2.

**uolgāritas**, (uulg.) ātis, f. [uolgaris] vulgar ignorancee, Arnob. 3, 123.

**uolgāriter**, (uulg.) adv. commonly, Plin. 28, 204; **2.** without taste or discrimination, Plin. 8, 13; but in Cic. fam. 13, 69, the Med. has uulgare (as an adv.).

**uolgārius**, (uulg.) adj. = uolgāris, ordinary, vulgar, Non est mediocris res ueque est uolgaria (uulgaria R.) Fallacia haec, Turp. 205 R; Dehinc temeritatem repudio uolgariam, Afran. 263; Atque facilitatem uideo uteris uolgariam, Nov. 98; in qua re nerbo usus est uulgariae significationis, Gell. 3, 16, 18.

**uolgātor**, (uulg.) ōris, m. one who divulges, a divulger (so to say), taciti (sc. Tantalus), Ov. am. 3, 7, 51.

**uolgātus**, (uulg.) part.; **2.** as adj. common, ordinary, uulgatior fama, Liv. 1, 7, 2; uulgatissimos seus uerbis persequi, Quint. 2, 4, 28; inter uulgatissimas meretrices,



Suet. Dom. 22; **2.** adv. uulgatus, more publicly, Amm. 15, 3, 6; 31, 3, 2.

**2 uolgātus**, (uulg.) ūs, m. publishing, divulging, Sid. ep. 8, 1.

**uolgiōium**, i, n. dim. [would imply a sb. uolg-ium from uolu-ere] a little roller, Plin. 17, 73 (reading doubtful).

**uolgiuāgus**, adj. wandering everywhere, roving, Volgiuagaeque uagus Venero, Lucr. 4, 1071; Volgiuago uitam tractabant more ferarum, 5, 932.

**1 uolgō**, (uulg.) adv. [implies an adj. uolgus, promiscuous, from uolu-o, like pareus from parco; see below] promiscuously, without distinction of classes, commonly, generally, everywhere, on all sides, Incedit neles uolgo scilibus latis, Enn. an. 499 V; Non ago hoc per sagam pretio conductam ut uolgo solent, Turp. 8 R; nam quod uolgo praedictam Aurito me (sc. Priapum)-natum, non ita est, Afran. 405 R; Verum illud uerbumst uolgo quod dici solet, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 15; Quid enim senatus...ad prandium inuitare (erimen putat)? Minime, sed uolgo. Quid est uolgo? Vniuersos, Cic. Mnr. 73; uolgo totis castris testamenta obsignabantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 5; **2.** esp. of promiscuous intercourse, ea coacta ingratiis Posilla coepit uictum uolgo quaerere, by prostitution, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 38; probrum intellegitur in his mulieribus esse quae turpiter uiuerent uolgoque quaestum facerent, etiamsi non palam, Marc. dig. 23, 2, 41; **3.** hence as opposed to legitimate children, si ex iustis nuptiis conceperit, ciuem Romanum ex ea nasci, si uolgo conceperit, peregrinum, (Gai. 1, 90; nec interest iustis nuptiis conceperit (conceperit) an uolgo, Marc. dig. 1, 5, 5; uolgo quaesitus matrem sequitur, Cels. 1, 5, 19; **4.** from uolu-ere, which = Ital. volg-ere, in the sense of stirring round and round and so mixing all together.

**2 uolgō**, (uulg.) āre, vb. [implies an adj. uolgus from uoluo] make promiscuous or common, throw open (to all or many), me inclamato quia sic te uolgo uolgem, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 44; ut discrimine omni sublato nec se quisquam nec suos uouerit; quam enim aliam uim conubia promiscua habero nisi ut ferarum prope ritu uolgeretur conebitibus plebis patrumque? Liv. 4, 2, 6; sunt qui Laurentiam uolgato corpore lupam uocatum putent, 1, 4, 7; Verginius rem non uolgabat, de his tantum qui fidem secuti consulis militassent agendum censebat, 2, 29, 7; ministeria inuicem ac contagia ipsa uolgabant morbos, 3, 6, 3; nimium in ordinem se ipsum cogere (sc. Appium) et uolgari cum priuatis (mix himself promiscuously with), 3, 35, 6; **2.** esp. make common by words, diuulge (a secret), publish (to the world), In uolgom uolgas artemque expromis inertem, Varr. s. p. 182, 2 R; obductum uerbis uolgare dolore, Verg. 10, 643; uetabo qui Cereris sacrum Volgarit arcanae sub isdem Sit trabibus fragilem uicem Soluat phaselon, Hor. od. 3, 2, 27.

**uolgius**, (uul) i, m. and uolgius, n. [uolu- turn round and so mix; cf. for form uolgere Ital. and uolga = uolua] people, etc. taken promiscuously, the great mass, quod uolgus seruorum solet, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; uec decet te numerari in uolgo patronorum (and just before: ut te eripias ex ea quam ego congressi turba patronorum), Cic. Brut. 332; alii uolgom\* effusum oppido caedere, Sal. Iug. 69, 2; femineum uolgom, Lucan. 7, 39; Continuo culpam ferro compece, priusquam Dira per incautum serpent contagia uolgom (sc. ouium), Verg. G. 3, 468; **2.** absol. the common herd of people, the mob, the many, multitude, public, Quem si uolgom secutus esset, percam si centum denariis calicem mulsi emere possimus (so Riese but posse-mus?), Varr. s. p. 114, 6 R; Nonne Argiuos fremere bellum et uelle uim uolgom\* uides? Att. 288 R; hinc spargere uoces In uolgom\* ambiguas, Verg. 2, 99; non est enim consilium in uolgo, non ratio, non discrimen, Cic. Planc. 9; uolgom uti plerumque solet ingenio mobili, seditiosum atque discordiosum, Sal. Iug. 66, 2; uolgom fuiuus sine gratia, Cat. 20, 7; malignum uolgom, Hor. od. 2, 16, 40; profanum, 3, 1, 1; **3.** phrases, in uolgom, among people generally, with the great mass, quod etiam in uolgom esse sentimus, Cic. Att. 2, 22, 3; quae non sane probantur in uolgom, parad. pr. 2; milite in uolgom lacto, Liv. 22, 3, 14; apud paucos ea ratio probata, in uolgom

aduerso rumore fuit, Tac. h. 2, 26 f.; **4.** in uolgo, the same, apio gratia in uolgo est (so us a, but β om. in), Plin. 20, 112; **5.** uolgom n. is used only in nom. aud acc.; uolgom as n. m. and uolgom as acc. m. are rare, the first found in Varr. alone, the second in Att. Sal. Verg., as marked with asterisk above; gen. uolgi and abl. uolgo are general.

**uolūtātus**, ūs, m. [uolito] flying, flight, Venant. S. Mart. 4, 223.

**uolito**, āre, vb. frq. fly, fly about, Cic. or. 2, 23; N. D. 1, 54; **2.** met. uiuos per ora uirum, Enn. p. 162 V; uolitat ante oculos istorum Iuba regis filius, Cic. agr. 2, 58; cum eum regio habitu uolitantem tota acie cognosset, Liv. 4, 19, 2.

**Volminius**, name of a gens, Volminia O I. Saliua, CIL 1062, 7.

**uolnērābilis**, (uul.) e, adj. [uolnero, vb.] wounding, causing lesion, intestinā materiā uolnērābili oneratā, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 171.

**uolnēr-ārius**, (uul.) adj. [uolnes-] of or for wounds, emplastra, Plin. 23, 81; 34, 115; **2.** a name given to a Greek physician Archagathus, who came to Rome (535 a. u. c.), in reference to his mode of treatment, Plin. 29, 13.

**uolnērātio**, (uul.) ōnis, f. wounding, wound, Cic. Caccin. 47; **2.** met. uitae famae salutis suae, Cic. Pis. 47.

**uolnērātor**, (uul.) ōris, m. one who wounds, met. gentium, Hier. Is. 5, 14, 12.

**uolnērō**, (uul.) āre, vb. [uolues-] wound, Enn. tr. 197 V; Cic. Sest. 24; Caes. b. g. 5, 58, 4; Sal. Iug. 57, 6; Ov. M. 11, 372; **2.** of inanimate things, Seythi corum (sc. zmaragdorum) duritia tanta est ut non queant uolnerari, Plin. 37, 64; **3.** met. uoce, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; uerbis, har. resp. 2; grauior neu nuntius auris Volnērēt, Verg. 8, 583; uulnerat aures eorum praecpta contentinae, Lact. 7, 1 med.; uirorum animos, Liv. 34, 7, 7; crimine, Ov. her. 18, 105.

**uolnifer**, (uul.) or uolniferūs, adj. wound-bearing, imbres, Prud. psych. 173; caput, Maxim. Gal. 5, 98; uolniferus τραυματοποιος, Gloss.

**uolnificus**, (uul.) adj. wound-making, chalybs, Verg. 8, 446; sus, Ov. M. 8, 359; plumbum (of the caestus), Val. F. 1, 420; Cameuae, Rutil. 1, 603 (of Lucilius' satires); epithet of Apollo, Mart. C. 1, p. 6 G, 6, 32 Eyss.

**uolnūs**, (uul.) ēris, n. [implies a vb. uol-n-ere from uell-ere to tear; cf. sper-n- po(s)-n- and sb. fac-in-os-, pig-n-os- from pag of pang-, τεμ-εν-ο-εσ-; as also ἐλ-κ-εσ- from ἐλ-κ-] lit. a tear, causing a wound, a blow, fortunae grauissimo percussus uolnere, Cic. acad. post. 11; percussus uolnere rami, Prop. 1, 1, 13; Ac simul infesto Lateranum uolnere truncae Arboris urgebat, Sil. 5, 251; et uolnere tardus Vlix, Verg. 2, 436; on which Gell. 9, 12, 17 says: non quod accepisset Vlixes sed quod dedisset; **2.** Volnere dirigere, Verg. 10, 140; Sen. Herc. Oet. 160; Sil. 2, 92; a wound, Corpus contemplatur unde corporaret uolnere, Eun. tr. 140 V; Caese faxit uolnus tibi haec iam cui sunt dentis ferrei, Pl. Truc. 5, 51; Cic. Mil. 65; Sest. 23; Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 5; b. c. 1, 45, 6; Liv. 24, 26 f.; genera in quibus noxa corpori est propuam; ea quinque sunt: quum quid extriusecus laesit, ut in uolnēribus..., Cels. 5, p. 185, 27 D; **3.** of inanimate objects, uolueribus... eucta supremum Congemuit (sc. ornus), Verg. 2, 630; Parsque fere scuti uolnere nulla uacet, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 38; add F. 1, 665; Iuv. 3, 49; Plin. 19, 142; **4.** met. wound, quae hic reipublicae uolnere imponebat, eadem ille sanabat, Cic. fin. 4, 66; hoc tam graui uolnere etiam illa quae consauisse uidebantur recurrerunt, fam. 4, 6, 2; Aeter-namque daret matri sub pectore uolnus, Lucr. 2, 639; tristi turbatam uolnere meutis, Verg. 12, 160; **5.** esp. of love, aeterno deuictus uolnere amoris, Lucr. 1, 34; Volnus alit uenis, Verg. 4, 2; add Ov. a. a. 1, 257; Prop. 4, 21, 32; 4, 24, 18; **6.** Germ. wunde, our wound, the same as uol-, the nd representing the l; the Sausk. vran wound also = uoln.

**uolnus-c-ūlam**, (uul.) i, n. dim. a slight wound, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1, 8; Hier. ep. 112, 13.

**1 uolō**, āre, vb. fly, Sine pennis uolare haud facilest, uiae alae peunas non habent, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 49; Deserit



atque altam supra uolat ardea nubem, Verg. G. 1, 364; 2. met., uolat ui feruidus axis, Verg. G. 3, 107; Etrusca praeter et uolante litora, Hor. epod. 16, 40; litterae Capuam ad Pompeium uolare dicebantur, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3.

2 uolō, uelle, uolūi, vb. irr. wish, nihil est mali quod illa non ab initio uoluerit optauerit cogitauerit effecerit, Cic. Clu. 188; idem uelle atque idem nolle, ea demum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; 2. will have (it), insist, must, it's my pleasure, esp. in the form uolo, Hoc uolō sic iūbēo, sit pro ratione uoluntas, luv. 6, 222; uolo uti mihi respondeas num quis ex toto collegio legem sit ausus ferre praeter unum te, Cic. Vat. 17; cadentque uocabula si uolet usus, Hor. A. P. 71; 3. esp. in opinions, will have it that..., insist, uultis autem euenire omnia fato, Cic. diu. 2, 24; ita uultis, nihil esse animale in mundo praeter ignem, N. D. 3, 36; 4. hence, in legislation, rogatus in haec uerba populus: Velitis iubeatis haec sic fieri..., Liv. 22, 10; rogationem promulgauit uelleut iuberentue Philippo regi bellum indicit, 31, 6, 1; add Cic. Pis. 72; 5. uelim, I should wish, is a modest way of expressing a wish, very different from the rude uolo, nunc ecacost ut ueniat miles uelim, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 28; tu uelim ut conuesti nos absentes diligas, Cic. fam. 15, 3 f.

6. uellem, I should or could have wished, refers to the past which is now beyond remedy, or to the impossible, uellem ut tu uelles Tranio, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 53; adspice M. Catonem saero illi pectori purissimas manus admoventem; ntrum illi dicturus es, Vellem quae uelles et Molesto fero an Feliciter quod agis, Sen. ep. 67, 13; quam uellem te ad Stoicos inclinassis! Cic. fin. 3, 10; Vah, quam uellem etiam noctu amicis operam mos esset dari, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 16; 7. sibi uelle, to wish within oneself, so that the wish is not expressed, hence have a secret purpose, Quid igitur sibi uolt pater? Quor simulat? Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; quid sibi uellet, cur in suas possessiones ueniret? Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 8; 8. hence met., mean, signify, intend, nec satis intellexi quid sibi lex aut quid uerba ista uellent, Cic. leg. 3, 33; quid illae sibi statuae equestres inauratae uolunt? Verr. 2, 2, 150; 9. uolo tibi etc. (beue, male), I wish you (well or ill), lamdiu ego huic bene et mihi hic uolumus, et amicitia est antiqua, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 5; utinam male qui mihi uolunt sic rideant, As. 5, 1, 13; 10. uolo tua causa, I wish you success, ualde eius causa uolo, Cic. fam. 16, 17, 2; Varro Murena magno opere eius causa uult omnia, 13, 22, 1; add 13, 71; 11. constr. first w. inf., uelut consul enim mittere signum uolt, omnes..., Enn. an. 88 V; exire ex urbe priusquam luceat uolo, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 35; Volo (pron. uoo) scire ex te cur urbanas res desubito deseris, Pomp. 102 R; 12. often with a perf. inf., Bacas niri nequis adiese (= adisse) uelut...neue quisquam coniuu-rase neue comuouise neue conpondise neue compromesise uelut, CIL 7 etc. (618 a. n. c.); uilicus nequid emisse uelit insciente domino, Cato r. 5; Oscula praecipue nulla dedisse uelis, Ov. am. 1, 4, 38; 13. with acc. and inf., iudicem esse me, non doctorem uolo, Cic. orat. 117 f.; Voltis seueri me quoque sumere Partem Falerni? Hor. od. 1, 27, 9;

14. often acc. with a perf. part. pass., maue, sunt qui uolunt te contentam, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 38; quaro oratos uos omnis nolo, Ne plus..., Ter. Haut. pr. 26; 15. with ut or uti and subj., id quaerunt; uolunt haec ut infecta faciant, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 9; quod ut illi proprium ac perpetuum sit uelle et optare debetis, Cic. Man. 48; 16. w. subj. alone, quid uis faciam? Ter. Enn. 5, 8, 24; Torquatus uolō paruulus Dulce ridēit ad patrem, Catul. 61, 216; Vis ergo inter nos quid possit uterque uicissim Experiamur? Verg. B. 3, 28; uolo hoc oratori contingat, ut..., Cic. Brut. 290;

17. with acc. alone, wish for, see § 1; At pol ego neque florem neque floccos uolo (pron. uoo) mihi, uinum uolo, Caec. 190 R; Et nonne Argiuos fremere bellum et uelle uim uolugm uidēs? Att. 288 R; arma, Verg. 7, 340; lituos atque arma, Stat. Th. 3, 664; plantaria Perseos, Val. F. 1, 67; 18. esp. in the form uolo te, I want you, i. e. I want to speak to you; exi, te uolo, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 24; Sosia ades-dum, paucis te uolo, Ter. And. 1, 1, 2; Redeo ad te Me-gadore, siquid me uis, Pl. Anl. 2, 2, 32; si quid ille se uelit, illum ad se uenire oportere, Caes. b. g. 1, 34, 2; centuriones

trium cohortium me uelle postridie (wanted to see me), Cic. Att. 10, 16, 4; 19. esp. in the phrase numquid alium me uis? Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 92; do you want me about anything else? have you any further commands? a civil way of saying goodbye; often shortened, numquid me uis? Anl. 2, 2, 85; numquid uis? Amph. 1, 3, 44; numquid me? Poen. 3, 6, 6; nec cum postea in castra uenisset atque inde disce-deret, 'numquid uellem' rogauit; et fuit aperte mihi, ne-scio quare, non amicus, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 6; frequentia pro-quentium rogantiumque numquid uellet, Liv. 6, 34, 7;

20. uolt and uoltis retain the orig. o, aft. uult and uultis; uin for uisne passim; 21. chief irregularities arise from unilaut, o giving place to e when i or e follow, as nelim uellem uelle; 22. the o lost in uis (for uolis uois); cf. inuitus for inuolitus, uolo and uoluntas often pronounced as uoo uouutas in comedy; cf. also Fr. veux and our won't for woll-not, and would with its silent l; 23. see uolens;

24. uol=βολ of βουλομαι and woll of Germ. woll-en, re-tained in our provincial woll; the Greek θεα- too stands for θελ or φελ.

3 uolō-o, ōnis, m. [cf. camp-o, ale-o] a volunteer, a title given to the slave-volunteers who, according to Liv. 22, 57, 11, took service in the Second Punic war; octo milia iuucum ualidorum ex seruitiis, prius seiscitantes uellentne militare, empta publice armauerunt; hence, crebro decurrere milites cogebat, ut tirones (ea maxima pars uolunon erat) adu-escenter signa sequi, Liv. 23, 35, 6; bello Punico cum descenter qui scriberentur, serui pro dominis pugnaturos se polliciti in ciuitatem recepti sunt et uolones quia sponte hoc uolue-runt appellati, Macr. s. 1, 11, 30; Capitol. M. Anton. 21; Licin. p. 22 ed. Bonn.; CIL 658; Fest. p. 370.

uolpēc-ūla, (uul.) ae, f. dim. [uolpe-] a little fox, Cic. N. D. 1, 88; c. philomel. 59.

uolpēs, (uul.) or uolpis, is, f. a fox, Tam facile uincēs quam pirum uolpes comest, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 32; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 73; Fame coacta uulpes (al. uulpis) alta in uinea Vuam appetebat, Phaedr. 4, 3, 1; 2. met. of cunning, Nunquam te fallant animi sub uolpe latentes, Hor. A. P. 437; Astutam rapido seruas snb pectore uolpem, Pers. 5, 117; 3. prov., iungere uolpes, Verg. B. 3, 91 of an ab-surdity; uolpem pilum mutare, non mores, Vesp. ap. Suet. 16; 4. uolpes marina, Plin. 9, 145, a kind of shark.

uolpinox, (uul.) āri, vb. r. [implies a sb. volpiua, cf. leaena] play the fox, Ain, inquit, uolpinaris amasio? Apul. M. 3, p. 139.

uolpinus, adj. [uolpi-] of a fox, lingua, Plin. 28, 172; iocur, 28, 197; sanguis, 32, 44.

uolpio, (uul.) ōnis, m. dim. a little fox, met., te etiam cum matri blandirere, tamen iam tum uulpionem et impium fuisse, Apul. ap. p. 328.

Volscus, (Vul.) adj. Volscian, a people of Italy, Est et Volseorum egregia de gente Camilla, Verg. 11, 432; Hos super aduevit Volsea de gente Camilla, 7, 803; missi alii in Vulscos, Liv. 2, 9, 6; cum Volseorum gente and soon after: ne proelio uno cum Latino Vulseoque contenderet, 2, 22, 1; 2. as a praenomen, Volsci, CIL 1340.

uolsella, (uuls.) ae, f. doub. dim. [implies an old sb. uolta, aft. uolsa, whence first uolsula] first as a pl. a pair of tweezers, At ita meae uolsellae pecten speculum calamistrum meum Bene me amassint...ut ego etc., Pl. Curc. 4, 4, 21; pugnant uolsellis non gladio (met. of a trifier), Varr. 1, 9, 26, p. 478 Sp.; Purgentque saeuao cana labra uolsellae, Mart. 9, 27, 5; 2. in sing. the same, orae (sc. cancri) uulsella prehendendae, Cels. 6, 18, p. 256, 13 D; testa quae recessit uulsella protrahenda est, 7, 12, p. 287, 28 D.

Volsiniensis (Vul.) e, adj. of Volsinii, provincia, Liv. 5, 32, 2; ager, ib. 4 and 10, 37, 1; lacus, Plin. 36, 168 the lake of Bolsena; 2. as sb. an inhabitant of the same, cum Volsiniensibus pugnatum est, Liv. 5, 32, 2.

Volsinii, (Vul.) ōrum, m. pl. a city of Etruria, tres ualidissimae urbes Etruriae capita Vulsinii Persua Arretium pacem petiere, Liv. 10, 37, 4; Volsinii oppidum Tuscorum opulentissimum totum concrematum ex fulmine, Plin. 2, 139; Aut positus memorosa inter iugā Volsiniis, aut etc., luv. 3, 191.

Volsinius, (Vul.) adj. of Volsinii, Tuscus ego et Tuscis



nec pacnitet inter Proelia Volsinios deseruisse focos (Vertumnus speaking), Prop. 5, 2, 4.

**volsus**, (uul.) part. perf. of uello; **2.** as adj. having the hair plucked off, tu istum gallum, si sapis, Glabriorem reddes mihi quam uolsus ludiust, Pl. Aul. 2, 9, 5; Pars maxillarum tonsa est tibi, pars tibi rasa est, Pars uulsa est. Vnum quis putat esse caput? Mart. 8, 47; **3.** which was looked upon as effeminate, Serica nam taceo uolsi carpeuta nepotis, Prop. 5, 8, 23; si quis uolsa atque fucata (sc. corpora) muliebriter comat, Quint. 8 pr. 19; qui specie capiuntur nulsis et inustas comas acu comentibus plus esse formae putant quam possit tribuere incorrupta natura, 2, 5, 12; corpus uulsum fractum incessum uestem muliebrem dixerit mollis et parum uiri signa, 5, 9, 14; and so met., mens est Pannice uolsa tibi, Mart. 2, 36, 6; **4.** liable to spasms or convulsions, ecligma ex ea (sc. uti alba) fit uolsis ruptis, Plin. 23, 25; e mulso potae (lili radices) ruptis uolsis prosunt, 21, 126 (but both readings doubtful); **5.** equus uolsus, broken-winded, like Ital. bolso, grauter tussientes et uolsi hac potione recreantur, Veg. vet. 3, 66; add Pelag. 6.

**uolta**, ae, f. a monster said to have ravaged Etruria, exorcised by Porsenna, Plin. 2, 140 (al. Oltam).

**uoltic-ulus**, (uul.) i, m. dim. [uolto-] a little look, non te Bruti uostri uolticulus (one little frown) ab ista oratione deterreat, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 5.

**Volteius**, name of a gens, M. Voltei M. f. on a denarius, CIL 458.

**Voltnia**, adj. f. name of a tribe, Cic. Plane. 38 and 43; L. Fidusti M. f. Voltnia, CIL 1054; and abbrev., M. Papius Sex. f. Vol...., L. Papius Sex. f. Vol., CIL 1278; P. Apuleius P. f. Vol. Paternus, inser. Grut. 48, 11.

**Voltniensis**, e, adj. of the tribe Voltnia, Cic. Plane. 43.

**uoltum**, (uul.) i, n. [uol- vb. same as uoltus] Auorabantur semper uos uoltuque uolta, Enn. an. 536 V; iuxtim miscentes uolta (Lachm. uulta) parentum, Lucr. 4, 1213.

**uoltumna**, ae, f. [cf. Vortumnus or Vertumnus, who was a Tuscan god] a goddess worshipped in Etruria, cum legatis circa duodecim populos missis impetrassent ut ad Voltumnae fanum indieceret omni Etruriae concilium, Liv. 4, 23, 5; add e. 25, 7 and e. 61, 2.

**uoltu-ösus**, (uul.) adj. dealing to excess in looks, with theatrical expression, making grimaces, uoltus uero quam affertet tum dignitatem tum uenustatem? In quo cum effeceris ne quid ineptum aut uoltuosum sit, tum...., Cic. or. 60; non immerito reprehenditur pronuntiatio et uoltuosa et gesticulationibus molesta, Quint. 11, 3, 183; u. frons, Apul. M. 3, p. 135; matronae sobrio decore laudabiles nec conquistis figmentis circa faciem uoltuosae uerum simplici quadam comitate praenitentes, Mart. C. 33 G, 37, 27 Eyss.; add Prud. *στέφ.* 10, 171.

**uoltur**, (uul.) ūris, m. a vulture, rostroque inmanis uoltur obunco Inmortale iecur toudens, Verg. 6, 597; cadauera intacta a canibus ac uolturibus, Liv. 41, 21, 7; alimenta uolturum, Sen. ep. 108, 21; uolturum praeualent nigri, Plin. 10, 19; **2.** profert cornua uoltur, of an absurdity, Claud. Eutr. 1, 352; **3.** a mountain in Apulia, Hor. od. 3, 4, 5.

**uoltür-īnus**, (uul.) adj. of a vulture, fel, Plin. 29, 123; sanguis, 30, 30; species, 10, 8.

**uoltür-ius**, (uul.) ii, m. [whence the suffix?] a vulture, quasi uolturii, triduo Prius praediuiuant quo dic esuri sient, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 16 (cf. Plin. 10, 19 f.); Mellis apes quamus longe ducuntur odore Volturii quo cadaueribus, Lucr. 4, 680; **2.** met., appellatus est hic uolturius illius prouinciae si dis placet imperator, Cic. Pis. 38 f.; exierunt malis ominibus duo uolturii paludati, Sest. 71; **3.** a throw with the dice, icait uolturios quattuor, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 78.

**uolturnalīs**, e, adj. of the god Volturnus as a god, hence Volturnalia, the festival of Volturnus, a. d. vi kal. Sept., Volt. n. Volturno lumini sacrificium, CIL kal. p. 320.

**uolturnum**, see Volturnus.

**uolturnus**, (Vul.) adj. of mount Voltur in Apulia; hence as sb. m. (sc. uentus) a wind blowing from the S.S.E. (from M. Voltur to Arpi), nearly due S. at Cannae, sol utriusque parti obliquos erat, Romanis in meridiem Poenis in

septentrionem uersis: uentus—uolturnum regionis incolae uocant—aduersus Romanis coortus multo pulchre in ipsa ora uoluendo prospectum ademit, Liv. 22, 46, 8; so Volturnus in Vitr. 1, 6 is to the S. of Eurus; **2.** blowing from M. Voltur to Luceria it is a S.E. wind, and so=Eurus, ab oriente hiberuo Eurus exit quem nostrum uocauerunt Volturnum, Sen. N. Q. 5, 16, 4; so too Plin. 2, 119; Colum. 5, 5, 15; Gell. 2, 22, 10; **II 3.** adj. from an assumed mountain Voltur in Campania, whence Volturnus annis, the river which flows by Casilium in Apulia, and Volturnum oppidum, a town at its mouth, Plin. 3, 61; usque ad Volturnum flumen, Liv. 8, 11, 13; ad Volturni ostium ubi nunc urbest castellum communium, 25, 20, 2; Volturuus annis inflatus aquis, 23, 19, 4; annisque uadosi Aecola Volturni, Verg. 7, 729; Volturnum colonia iussu Caesaris deducta, lib. colon. (Lachm.) p. 239, 4; in Volturno mari (off the Volturnus), Plin. 36, 194 (so *ß*, Sillig V. amne, male); Volturna uada (of the Volturnus) Sil. 12, 521; **4.** Capua itself once so called, Volturnum Etruscorum urbem quae nunc Capua est ab Samnitibus captam, Liv. 4, 37, 1; **5.** Volturnus, the river as a god, CIL kal. p. 320, see Volturnalis.

**uoltus**, (uul.) ūs, m. [uolo vb.] the feeling as exhibited in the face, look, expression, imago animi uoltus, indices oculi, Cic. or. 3, 221; speciem ita formauit oris (sc. humani) ut in ea peuitus reconditos mores effingeret; nam et oculi mimi arguti quemadmodum animo affecti sumus locuntur, et is qui appellatur uoltus indicat mores, cuius uim Graeci norunt, nomen omnino non habent, leg. 1, 27; uoltus qui sermo quidam tacitus mentis est, Pis. 1; tristia maestum Voltum uerba decent, iratum plena miuarum, Ludentem lasciuia, saeterum seria dictu, Hor. A. P. 106; **2.** esp. of frowns and stern looks, Acer et Mauri peditis eruentum Voltus in hostem, Hor. od. 1, 2, 40; uoltu toruo ferus, ep. 1, 19, 12; Nou uoltus instantis tyranni, od. 3, 3, 3; uultu (Tiberii) offensiuo coniectanerat, Tac. an. 1, 12; **3.** in plur., recordamini faciem atque illos eius fictos simulatosque uoltus, Cic. Clu. 72; noltus mehercule tuos mihi expressit omnes, non solum animum ac uerba pertulit, fam. 12, 30, 3; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 90; add CIL 1220; **4.** the face generally, Petamque uoltus umbra curuis unguibus, Hor. epod. 5, 93; meutagram occupantem totos uoltus oculis tautum inmundibus, Plin. 26, 2; Tryphaena uultum suum super ceruicem Gitonis amabiliter ponente, Petr. 113; **5.** of the human face as represented in sculpture or painting, uoltus Epicuri per cubicula gestant ac circumferunt secum, Plin. 35, 5; e margaritis Magne fieri tuos uoltus? Sic te pretiosum uideri? 37, 15; cant nuuc et diuinitatem Probo derogent quam imperatores nostri consecrandam uoltibus iudicantur, Vop. 23, 5; **6.** of material objects in poets, Meue salis placidi uoltum fluctusque quietos Ignorare iubes? Verg. 5, 848; Vnus erat toto naturae uoltus in orbe, Ov. M. 1, 6; **7.** see uoltum.

**uolua**, (uul.) ae, f. [uolu-ere, to wrap] lit. a wrapper or bag (see uolga); hence a technical term for the womb, in feminis (uesica) ab ipsa uolua sustinetur; soon after: uolua in uirginibus quidem admodum exigua est; in mulieribus uero, nisi ubi grauidae sunt, non multo maior quam ut manu comprehendatur, Cels. 4, 1, p. 122, 29 D; os uoluae, 7, 29, p. 317, 7 D and 318, 23 D; **2.** in common use limited to animals, feminis eadem omnia praeterque uesicae uinctus utriculus..., hoc in reliquis animalibus uolua (appellat), Plin. 11, 209; boues grauidas negant praeterquam dextero uoluae sinu ferre, etiam cum geminos ferant, 11, 210; **3.** esp. the sow's womb as an epicure's dish, Nil melius turdo, nil uolua pulchrius ampla, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 41; uolua eiecto partu melior quam edito, eiecticia uocatur illa, haec porcaria; primiparae suis optima, Plin. 11, 210; Mart. 13, 56, 2; see also bulga; **4.** of the uagina, Iuv. 6, 129; Mart. 11, 61, 11; and met. Pers. 4, 35; **5.** of the seed-capsule of fruit, Scrib. comp. 104 f.; **6.** of a mushroom in the button form before it expands, Plin. 22, 93.

**uolüb-ilis**, e, adj. [uol-ub-, fuller form of uolu-] apt to roll, Fortunam insanau esse et caecam et brutam perhibent philosophi, Saxoque instare in globoso praedicant uolubili, Pacuv. 367 R; **2.** revolving, spinning, whirling, caelum, Cic. Tim. 20; Lucan. 6, 647; buxum (a top), Verg.



7, 382; **3.** moving with more or less of circular action, roll, as of a snake, *Illē uolubilibus squamosos nexibus orbis* Torquet, *Ov. M.* 3, 41; *Labitur (amnis) et labetur in omne uolubilis acuum*, *Hor.* ep. 1, 2, 42; **4.** hence round, globular, oval etc. (such form often arising from circular movement, as in pottery; also what is round more easily rolls), aurumque nolubile tollit (of the golden apple), *Ov. M.* 10, 667; nido nolubili (of a silk-worm's cocoon), *Plin.* 11, 77; **5.** met. of speech, rolling freely, fluent, voluble, *Appii Claudii uolubilis erat oratio*, *Cic. Brut.* 108; eursus hic et sonus rutundae uolubilisque sententiae eximie nos delectabat, *Gell.* 11, 13, 4; **6.** of the orator himself, canorum oratorem et uolubilem, *Cic. Brut.* 105; sed cum se homo uolubilis... iactaret, repente..., *Flac.* 49; **7.** adv. uolubilter, with rolling fluency, saepe in amplificanda re fruiditur numero et uolubilter oratio, *Cic. orat.* 210.

**uolūbilitas**, ātis, f. fitness for revolving, (mundum) ad uolubilitatem rotundauit, *Cic. Tim.* 35; ex utraque re et mundi uolubilitas quae nisi in globosa forma esse non potest et stellarum ambitus cognoscuntur, *N. D.* 2, 49; **2.** (actual) whirling, revolution, qui protrusit cylindrum, dedit ei principium motionis, uolubilitatem non dedit, *Cic. fat.* 43; of the earth, *Ipsa uolubilitas libratum sustinet orbem*, *Ov. F.* 6, 269; *M.* 12, 434 now cancelled as spurious; **3.** met. volubility, lingua, *Cic. Plane.* 62; uerborum, or. 1, 17; and absol., est plerisque Graecorum ut illi pro copia uolubilitas, *Plin.* ep. 5, 20, 4; nobis uim orandi non circulariam uolubilitatem spectantibus, *Quint.* 10, 1, 8; nec uolubilitate nimia confundeuda quae dicimus, 11, 3, 52; **4.** mutability, fickleness, u. fortunae, *Cic. diu.* 2, 15.

**uolūc-er**, ris, re, adj. [uoluc. = uola-, i. e. uolac-] able to fly, flying, winged, alias bestias nantis aquarum incolas esse uoluit, alias uolucris caelo frui libero, *Cic. Tusc.* 5, 38; uolucris anguis ex uastitate Libyae uento Africo inuectas interficiunt, *N. D.* 1, 101; Aetherium uolūcieri qui pede carpit iter (of Mercury), *Ov. F.* 5, 88; **2.** met. in the poets, sagitta, *Verg.* 5, 242; ferrum, *Ov. tr.* 3, 10, 64; aerae, *Verg.* 11, 795; somno, 2, 794; equi, *Ov. M.* 2, 154; pardum, *Mart. spect.* 15; Hebrum, *Verg.* 1, 317; (Ribbeck and Madvig Eurum); **3.** and even in Cicero, not merely in verse, as astorum uolucris motus, *Cic. diu.* 1, 18; but, o nuntium uolucrum, *Quint.* 80; nihil est tam uolucrum quam maledictum, *Plane.* 57; o uolucrum fortunam, *Sul.* 91; **4.** as sb. f. a bird, uolucres uidemus utilitatis suae causa effingere nidos, *Cic. or.* 1, 23; Et primo similis uolūcieri, mox uerā uolūcieri, *Ov. M.* 13, 607; **5.** Volucr, the name of a favourite horse of the emperor Verus, *Capitol. Ver.* 6; **6.** uolucris as a fem., Interea uolucris motis conterrita pennis Fama uolat, *Petr.* 123, v. 210; and uolucris as m., uolucris sonipes, *Sil.* 10, 471; uolucrum, gen. pl. *Cic.* and *Fabianus ap. Char.* 119, 25; but uolucrum, *Maecen. ap. Char. ib.*; *Suet. Aug.* 13; *Sil.* 14, 22; **7.** uolucriter, swiftly, *Amm.* 17, 1, 12; 29, 1, 18.

**uolūc-er**, ae, f. [uoluc-, older form of uolu-] a kind of caterpillar, which attacks the vine and willow, *Colum. arb.* 15; **2.** also uolucris, f. the same, Ex quibus infestae Baccho glaucisquae salictis Nascuntur uolucres, *Colum.* 10, 332; **3.** uolucere? n. the same, *Plin.* 17, 265 (al. uoluoecum and uolucrum).

**uolūc-rīpēs**, ōdis, adj. with winged feet, *Aus. ep.* 21, 14; *Sid. ep.* 9, 15.

**uolūc-ris**, see uolucris and also uolucra.

**uolūmēn**, inis, n. [uolu- vb.] rolling, coiling, revolving, as of a snake, sinuatque immensa uolumine terga, *Verg.* 2, 208; of the heavens (caelum), Sideraque alia trahit celerique uolumine nersat, *Ov. M.* 2, 71; **2.** a roll, coil, whirl, wreath, adytis cum lubricis anguis ab inis Septem ingens giro, septena uolumina traxit, *Verg.* 5, 84; uolumina fumi, *Ov. M.* 13, 601; *Lucan.* 3, 505; **3.** esp. a roll of writing, a volume, enolui uolumen epistolarum tuarum, *Cic. Att.* 9, 10, 4; legati mihi uolumen a te plenum querelae reddiderunt, *fam.* 3, 7, 2; ex illo caelesti Epicuri uolumine, *N. D.* 1, 43; Pontificum libros, annosa uolumina natum, *Hor. ep.* 2, 1, 26; **4.** opposed to liber in two ways, as first liber, the whole work divided

into uolumina, (libri) 'Studiōsi tres' in sex uolumina propter amplitudinem diuisi, *Plin.* ep. 3, 5, 5; sequenti uolumine, *Colum.* 3, 21, 11; *Iust.* 1, 10, 23; secundo uolumine, *Plin.* 6, 171; **5.** or one uolumen may be divided into libri, ut puta, eum haberet Homerum totum in uno uolumine, non quadraginta octo libros computamus, sed uniuersum Homeri uolumen (in legal language) pro libro accipiendum est, *Ulp. dig.* 32, 52, 1; Naeuii Punicum bellum unico uolumine expositum diuisi in septem libros, *Suet. gram.* 2; **6.** or as equivalents, duobus superioribus (libris) de dolore dictum est, tertius dies disputationis hoc tertium uolumen efficit, *Cic. Tusc.* 3, 6; **7.** revolution, change, vicissitudine, magna sortis humanao uolumina, *Plin.* 7, 147.

**uolūmīn-ēsus**, adj. full of coils, *Sid.* 9, 76.

**Uolūmna**, ae, f. a goddess of the Tuscans, *Aug. c. D.* 4, 21.

**Uolūmniānus**, adj. of Volumnius, exercitus, *Liv.* 10, 21, 1.

**Uolūmnius**, name of a gens, as C. Volumnius C. f. Flaccus, *CIL* 1147; add 1391; *Cic. fam.* 7, 32; *Varr. r.* 2, 4, 11; **2.** Volumnia, wife of Coriolanus, *Liv.* 2, 40, 1; freedwoman of Volumnius Entrapelus, *Cic. Phil.* 2, 58.

**Uolūmna**, a god of the Tuscans, *Aug. c. D.* 4, 21;

**2.** a cognomen, Lucius ingenti Romana stirpē Uolūm-nus, *inscr. Mur.* 3, 1744.

**uolūnt-ārius**, adj. [uolent- part.] of the class uolentes, of one's own free will, voluntary, spontaneous, mors, *Cic. fam.* 7, 3, 3, suicide; senator, self-appointed, *Phil.* 13, 28; procurator, *Brut.* 17; seruitutem, *Tac. G.* 24; iurisdictio, i. e. in uolentes, opposed to i. contentiosa, *Maro. dig.* 1, 16, 2; of plants, wild, not sown by man, satinom (serpyllum) non serpit, pinguis uoluntarius, *Plin.* 20, 245; **2.** esp. of soldiers, volunteering, volunteer, auxilia noluntaria, *Cic. fam.* 7, 3, 3; ferocissimus quisque inuenim eum armis uoluntarius adest, *Liv.* 1, 59, 5; **3.** as sb. m. a volunteer, noluntariorum copias, *Caes. b. g.* 5, 56, 1; trib. milit. coh. xxxii uoluntarior., *inscr. Or.* 512; (coh.) triecensima (uol-)untariorum ex uoto, 244.

**uolūntas**, ātis, f. wish, will, desire, talis est quaeque res publica qualis eius aut natura aut uoluntas qui illam regit, *Cic. rep.* 1, 47; placet enim esse quasdam res sornatas iudicio uoluntatisque multitudinis, 1, 69; ut quid esset suae uoluntatis ostenderet, *Caes. b. c.* 3, 109, 3; and even in pl., non sum praedicaturus ut eius semper uoluntatis ciues assenserint, *Cic. Manil.* 48; **2.** in philos. lang., the thoughtful decision of the wise man, as opposed to libido the result of passion, uoluntas (βουλῆσις) est quae quid cum ratione desiderat; quae autem a ratione auersa incitata est uehementius, ea libido est, quae in omnibus stultis inueitur, *Cic. Tusc.* 4, 12; **3.** absol. good wishes, Diuitiāci summam in se uoluntatem cognouerat, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 19, 2; Voluntas uostra si ad poetam accesserit, *Ter. Ph.* pr. 29; an plura dicenda sunt, cum tanto studio C. Rabirius totius Apuliae, singulari uoluntate Campano uicinitatis ornatur? *Cic. Rab. perd.* 8; **4.** defuncti n., the final expressed wishes of one deceased, defensionem testamentorum ac uoluntatis mortuorum, *Cic. or.* 1, 242; defunctorum n., *Plin.* ep. 4, 10, 3; mihi defuncti n. antiquior iure est, 5, 7, 2; **5.** hence a will or testament, finxit maritum in uoluntate quam conderat nuper argenti tria milia pondo eidem reliquisse, *Amm.* 28, 1, 35; add 28, 4, 22; qui ex ultima uoluntate aliquid lucratur, *Pomp. dig.* 35, 1, 6; **6.** meaning of a word, intent, intention, uerbis legum standum sit an uoluntate, *Quint.* 7, 10, 6; non quaestio iuris omnis aut uerborum proprietate aut aequi disputatione aut uoluntatis coniectura continetur? 12, 2, 19; **7.** adv. phrases, mea or eius uoluntate, with my or his consent, of one's own accord, ego tibi istuc mea uoluntate concedam, *Cic. Caecil.* 27; eum iis reditus in patriam uoluntate omnium concedi uideretur, *fam.* 13, 5, 2; **8.** also absol., where the context suggests the pron. needed, nisi uoluntate ibis rapiam te domum, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 5, 40; inplorat Demea Quod ius nos cogit, id uoluntato impetret, *Ter. Ad.* 3, 4, 44; Clampetia ui capta, aliae ciuitatis uoluntate in dicionem uenerunt, *Liv.* 29, 38, 1; **9.** ex uoluntate alienius, in agreement with a person's wishes, speaks only of the result, accidit praeter



optatum meum sed ualde ex uoluntate, Cic. Pis. 46; si quid fecerim minus ex Caesaris uoluntate, fau. 13, 29, 7;

**10.** ad uoluntatem alicuius, with an eye to his wishes, so as to meet his wishes, speaks of an object, as of a cauusser, cuius (sc. petitoris) et frons et unltus et sermo ad eorum quoseunque conueuerit sensum et uoluntatem commutandus et accommodandus est, Q. Cic. de pet. cons. 42; of a legacy-hunter, quem nutum locupletis orbi senis non obseruat? Loquitur ad uoluntatem, quidquid denuntiatum est facit, adsectatur, adsidet, muneratur, Cic. parad. 39; omnes tuas artes tibi concedit; fatetur se non belle dicere, non ad uoluntatem (sc. cuiusquam) loqui posse, Quinct. 93;

**11.** de uoluntate is not used in either of these senses; the pass. in Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4 is both corrupt and inapplicable;

**12.** in comic verse often pronounced as uo'ntas, Si id mea uoluntate factumst, est quod mihi suscenseas, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 42; Nec uoluntate id facere meminit, seruos his habitu hau probost, St. 1, 2, 2; P...Tua uoluntate? C. Ius bonum orat Pseudulus, Ps. 1, 5, 123; for the silence of the l see uolo § 22 and uoluptas. But cf. Wagner introd. to Aul. p. 44; and Ritschl's proleg. to Trin. p. 151.

**uoluo**, ēre, uolui, uolūtum, vb. [see below] cause to revolve, and so uoluit se and r. uoluitur he revolves (intr.); Nunc pila, nunc celeri uoluitur orbe trochus, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 10; suapte natura et cylindrum uolui et uersari turbinem putat, Cic. fat. 42; in quo sunt infixi illi qui uoluuntur stellarum cursus sempiterni, rep. 6, 17; est et altera cyclaminos circa arbores se uoluens, Plin. 25, 116; **2.** send rolling, roll, and met., Has omnis (sc. animas) ubi mille rotam uoluerē per annos..., Verg. 6, 748; lacrimae uoluuntur manes, 4, 449; Medumque flumen gentibus additum Victis, minores uoluerē uertices, Hor. od. 2, 9, 22; Collectumque fremens uoluit sub naribus ignem, Verg. G. 3, 85; **3.** by rolling or circular movement form into a ball or circle, scarabaeum qui pilas uoluit, Plin. 30, 99; qui terga dederant, conuersi in hostem uolentesque orbem nuuc sensim referre pedem nunc conglobati restare, Liv. 22, 29, 5; add 4, 28, 3; **4.** u. libros, turn over books, uoluendi eum sunt libri cum aliorum tum imprimis Catouis, Cic. Brut. 298 (but uoluendi?);

**5.** met. as of words, roll out, uerba, Cic. Brut. 246; sententias, 280; **6.** of the mind, turn over, revolve, multa cum animo suo uoluebat, Sal. Iug. 6, 2; sequebatur turba cognatorum immensa omnia uoluentium animo, Liv. 2, 49, 5; Et ueteris Fauni uoluit sub pectore sortem, Verg. 7, 254; **7.** of changing events, tot uoluerē casus, pass through a succession of, Verg. 1, 9; sic fata deum rex Sortitur uoluitque uices, hic uertitur ordo, cause to succeed, arrange, ordain, 3, 375; sic uoluerē Parcas, 1, 22, as turning the spindle of destiny, ordain; **8.** esp. of time, as marked by the revolution of heavenly bodies; Rite crescentem face Noctilucae, Prosperam frugum celeremque pronos uoluerē menses, Hor. od. 4, 6, 40; Turne quod optanti diuom promittere nemo Auderet, uoluenda dies en attulit ultro, Verg. 9, 7; Triginta magnos uoluendis mensibus orbis Inperio explebit, 1, 269; Clamōr ad caelum uoluendus per aethera uagit, Enn. an. 520 V; note here uolueudo- as an imperf. (not future) part. intrans., revolving;

**9.** so uoluens intrans. revolving, uoluentibus annis, Verg. 1, 234; uoluentia plaustra, G. 1, 163; **10.** the root uel or uol mimetic from sound of a revolving body (cf. uerto) =  $\epsilon\lambda$  the root of  $\epsilon\lambda\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\lambda\sigma\sigma\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\lambda\omega\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\zeta$ ; Lat. ual of ualua; Goth. valujan and valtjan; Germ. walzen wälzen, welle a wave, and welt the world; our wheel, welter, wallow, well;

**11.** the suffix u of uol-u is for uc as seen in uoluc-ra, in-uoluc-rum, modified in op of Fr. developper, enveloppe; a mere g in Ital. volgere, Lat. uolgens; a mere c in Span. volcar, and a mere vowel  $\iota$  in  $\epsilon\lambda\omega\omega$ , our wall-ow, and Lat. uoluo ualua.

**uoluoīa**, (uoluoīa) ac, f. dim. [uolua] a small sow's womb as a dish, Apic. 2, 3.

**uoluoxx**?  $\delta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ , a kind of caterpillar, uoluoecem, Plin. 17, 265; so  $\beta$ ; but other mss and Sillig etc. uolucere.

**uolūp**, for uolūpē, adj. n. as sb. [uol- vb. wish] the delightful, pleasure, Hic senex si quid clam uxorem suo animo fecit uolup, Pl. As. 5, 2, 92; M. Scin quid est quod ego ad te uenio? E. Scio: tibi ex me ut sit uolup (wh. mss

against metre: uoluptas), Men. 4, 3, 3; Nequis eam abripit; facite uostro animo uolup (wh. again against metre, mss uolupe), Cas. 4, 2, 5; in Mil. 3, 1, 152 est uolup is a conjecture not sanctioned by mss; uolupest often occurs, and this Donat. ad Phorm. 4, 3, 5 would divide nolup est, as also recent editors (see uolupe); nam qua te dicam gratia Alsium delegisse, nisi ut uerbo uetere faceres animo uolup? Fronto ad Anton. 3, p. 225 Naber; Quo uocum multa uolup... gaudia clamque palanque, Enn. an. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; wh. Vahleu has uolup ac, better perhaps au adv. uolupter;

**2.** as adv., Quo neque industria de iuuentute erat Arte gymnastica disco hastis pila Cursu armis equo nictiatum uolup, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 74.

**uol-ūpē**, neut. of a lost adj. uolupis, pleasure, Nam quia nos tranquillos uideo, gaudeo et uolupest mihi, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 3; Volupest quom istuc ex pietate uostra uobis contigit, Rud. 4, 4, 132; Si illis aegrest, mihi quod uolupest, meo rem remigio gero, Mil. 3, 1, 152; Vt mihi nolupest quia nos uideo Pamphile in patriam domum Bene re gesta rediisse ambos, St. 4, 1, 2; Vt nolupest homini mea soror si quod agit eluet uictoria, Poeu. 4, 4, 20; G. Veuire saluom uolupest. C. Credo. G. Quid agitur? Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 5; **2.** see uolup; **3.** suffix up for uc; cf. adj. trucfor tor-uc; and also developper under uoluo § 11.

**Volūpia**, ae, f. [uolupi- adj.] Pleasure as a goddess, alteram (portam) Romanulam ab Roma dictam quae habet gradus in nautalia (so Spengel, noua uia Scalig.) ad Volupiae sacellum, Varr. 1, 5, p. 164; duodecimo (Kal. Ian.) feriae sunt diuae Angeroniae (Angerona?), cui pontifices in sacello Volupiae sacrum faciunt, Macr. s. 1, 10, 7; cf. 3, 9, 4; Volupiae quae a uoluptate appellata est, Aug. c. D. 4, 8; de uoluptate Volupia, ib. 11.

**uoluptābilis**, e, adj. [seems to imply a vb. nolupta- re] delightful, Voluptabilem (pron. uo'upt.) mihi nuntium tuo aduentu attulisti, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 19.

**uoluptārius**, adj. [seems to imply a sb. uolupta = uoluptas] of pleasure, pleasure-giving, voluptuous, sensual, Liberum ut commonstaremus tibi locum et uoluptarium (pron. uo'upt.), Pl. Poen. 3, 2, 25; sensus, Cic. or. 3, 99; disciplina, fin. 1, 37; possessiones, Att. 12, 25, 2; animi elationem uoluptariam, fin. 3, 35; Epicurus homo ut scis noluptarius, one who makes pleasure (in its highest sense) the summum bonum, Tusc. 2, 18; **2.** as sb. m. one of the pleasure school, Cic. fin. 5, 74; **3.** adv. uoluptarie voluptuously, in sensual pleasure, Apul. M. 3, p. 138.

**uoluptas**, ātis, f. [uolupi- adj.] pleasnre, omne id quo gauderem uoluptas est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; idem esse dico uoluptatem quod ille (Epicurus)  $\eta\delta\omega\nu\eta\mu$ ... Huic uerbo omnes qui Latine sciunt duas res subiungit, laetitiam, iucunditatem in animo, conuotionem suauem iucunditatis in corpore, 2, 13; Sei in uita iucunda (ae) uoluptatei fuerit Vobis..., CIL 1008, 14 (so Haupt); and in pl., quibus uoluptatem uoluptatibus? Cic. N. D. 1, 84; libidinosarum uoluptatum, fin. 1, 59;

**2.** esp. in re ueneria, Dum cum illa quacum uolt uoluptatem capit, Pl. Amph. pr. 114; abs te ut blanditiis suis Quam miuumo pretio suum noluptatem expleat, Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 11; **3.** hence de uiro genitili, Hyg. astr. 2, 13 ued.; Arn. 5, 158;

**4.** mea uoluptas, as a term of endearment, my happiness, my joy, Num tibi nam amabo ianuastr mordax mea Quo introire metuas mea uoluptas? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 2; Dum te care puer, mea sola et sera uoluptas, Complexu teneo, Verg. 8, 581; **5.** heuce, as name of a female slave, Voluptas C. n. ser. (Caesaris nostri serua?) filio piissimo fecit, inscr. Fabr. 308, 310; **6.** Pleasure, as a goddess, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; **7.** in pl. often of public games to gratify the people, negat (Cato) uerum esse alicui beuolentiam; negat iudicium hominum in magistratibus maudandis corrumpi uoluptatibus oportere, Cic. Mur. 74; esp. in late writers, sequentibus diebus datae sunt populo uoluptates ludorum scauicorum, ludorum circensium, uenationum, gladiatorum, naumachiae, Vop. Aur. 35; alios dies uoluptatibus publicis deputabat, Treb. Gallieu. 9, 4; dedit Romaus etiam uoluptates... Venationem in circo amplissimam..., Vop. Prob. 19; **8.** tribui uoluptatum, the magistrates who presided over these, Cassiod. 7, 10 and 6, 19; iuser. Don. 20, 63; **9.** a uoluptatibus, title of an officer in the



palace, nouum officinam instituit a uoluptatibus, praeposito equite Romano, Suet. Tib. 42; also called procurator uoluptatum, inscr. Don. 7, 26; **10.** in comedy often pron. uouptat-, as Voluptatem inesse tantam: ut hanc traxi lubens, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 2; Voluptatem capio maxumam, cruciari tua te culpa, Afr. 357 R; Voluptati obstare quom ego possim iu hac re medicari mihi, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 41; add Pl. St. 5, 2, 9; Most. 1, 3, 92 and 136; Trin. 2, 4, 75; 2, 6, 59 and 65; 4, 4, 7; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 19; 1, 2, 10; but see Wagner Aulul. pr. 49; for the word fully pronounced see § 2.

**uoluptātūnus?** founded only on au idle conj. of Mai ad Front. 2, 6.

**uoluptu-ārius**, adj. [implies a sb. m. uoluptu- from a vb. uolub- wish]=uoluptarius, Capitol. Ver. 2, 9; Mart. C. 2, 37 G, 41, 20 Eyss.; inscr. Marin. 92.

**uoluptu-ōsus**, adj. delightful, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 2; uoluptu-ōsissimus, Hier. Ion. 1, 4.

**Volūsinūs**, adj. of Volesus or the Valerii, Volusina gens, Fest. p. 198, 3.

**Volūsius**, name of a gens, CIL 1052, 1102; **2.** Volusia, CIL 1052, 1102, 1219; and perh. Catul. 36, 1.

**Volūsus**, m. a praeuomen? = Valesus, CIL 1313.

**uolūta**, ae, f. [uolu- vb.] a volute or scroll on the capital of a column, Vitr. 4, 1; 3, 3; 7, 5.

**uolūtāb-rum**, i, n. [uoluta-] a wallowing-place for hogs, Verg. G. 3, 411; Arn. 7, 224.

**uolūtāb-undus**, quasi-part. constantly wallowing, Cic. rep. 2, 68, 2.

**uolūtatio**, ōnis, f. repeated rolling, aream rotundi lapidis uolūtatiōne solidare, Pall. 7, 1; neluti profundo mari in quo post uentum quoque nolūtatio, Sen. breu. uit. 2, 3; in luto uolūtatio generi (suilli pecoris) grata, Plin. 8, 207; **2.** met. of the mind, Sen. ep. 101, 9; rerum humanarum, 99, 9.

**uolūtātus**, ūs, m. rolling, wallowing, Plin. 10, 17.

**uolūtātilis**, e, adj. rolling, not. Tir. p. 124.

**uolūtātim**, adv. = uolubilit, Non. 1, 12.

**Volūtina**, adj. f. as sb. goddess of sheaths (of ears of corn), Ang. c. D. 4, 3 med.

**uolūto**, āre, vb. frq. [uolu- vb.] keep rolling, roll, as a trans.; also uolutari and u. se, as r. or intrans.; cf. noln-; ampboras per terram uolūtate, Colum. 12, 48, 4; Ventus ab extremo pelagus sis axe uoluet, Lucan. 1, 412; ut gallinae possint iu puluere uolutari, Varr. r. 3, 9, 7; sus gaudet caenoso lacu uolutari, wallow, Colum. 7, 10, 6; cum tibi pueri ad pedes uolutarentur, ad Her. 4, 33; Dixerat et genua amplexus genibusque uolutans Haerebat, Verg. 3, 607 (wh. note uolutans as intr. and cf. uoluens); **2.** roll out, roll forth, uocem, Verg. 1, 725; 5, 149; flamina, 10, 98; **3.** uolutari wallow, met. from hogs, in omni genere scelerum, Cic. fam. 9, 3, 1; in omni dedecore, ad Her. 4, 19; **4.** also in re ueneria, cum scortis, Cic. har. resp. 59; (Stratonice) pinxit uolutantem eum piscatore, Plin. 35, 140; **5.** of the mind, turn over, resolve, Quanto in pectore hanc rem meo magis (pron. mais) uoluto, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 1; Atque haec ipse suo tristi cum corde uolutat, Verg. 6, 185; hoc eum iam pridem uolutare in animo, Liv. 28, 18, 11; haec se eum uolutanti Laelius ac Masinissa superuenerunt, 30, 14, 3.

**1 uolūtus**, part. of uolu-.

**2 uolūtus**, ūs, m. rolling, motion in coils, Apul. flor. 10.

**Vōmānus**, m. a river of Picennm, hūmectātū Vōmāno Hadria, Sil. 8, 439; **2.** Vomannm flumen, Plin. 3, 110; cf. flumen Rhenum, Hor. A. P. 18; mare Oceanum, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 2.

**uōm-ax**, ācis, adj. given to vomiting, anus quibus nihil uomacius, Sid. ep. 8, 3.

**uōmēr**, or uōmīs, ēris, m. plough-share, share, ut aratrum circumduceres cuius uomere portam Capuae paeno prastrinxisti, Cic. Phil. 2, 102; Non glebam prono couellit uomere taurus, Catul. 64, 40; incipiat iam tum mihi taurus aratro Ingemere et sulco atritus splendescere uom-er, Verg. G. 1, 45; cf. Plin. 18, 171; also uomis as nom. uomis iudutilis optimus erit, Cato r. 135 (uomeris of some

ms is only a double reading of uomis and uomer); Vomis et inflexi primum graue robur aratri, Verg. G. 1, 162; in radicem uomis impactus, Colum. 2, 2, 26; **2.** met. of a stilus or pen, uertamms uomerem in ceram an mucrone nuquam aremus osseo? Atta 12 R (misquoted by Forc.); de inembro uirili, Lucr. 4, 1273; **3.** not from uōmo, as Varr. 1, 5, 31 says; but = uōus of same meaning, and that from v- a hog, as Germ. schw-ein our swine from a root su- = Lat. su-.

**uōm-ica**, ae, f. [uōm- vb.] ulcer, abscess, T. Quid hoc hic in collo tibi tumet? S. Vomicast, pressare parce, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 11; affectus uomica et uolnere, Lucil. ap. Non. 186; qui gladio uomicam eius aperuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 70; si iecur uomica laborat, Cels. 4, 15, p. 141, 33 D; Et phthisis et uomicae patres et dimidium crus, Iuv. 13, 95;

**2.** met. carmen of Marcius ap. Liv. 25, 12, 9; Ang. ap. Suet. 65; orator quidam ap. Quint. 8, 6, 15; **3.** esp. of liquids confined in gems, Plin. 37, 29; or in rocks, as, est et lapis in his uenis (argenti), cuius uomica liquoris aeterni argentum uiuum appellatur, 33, 99;

**4.** uomica with a long o iu Seren. Sam. 40, 743, in oppos. to Pl. and Iuv. as above.

**uōmicōsus**, adj. [uomica] full of ulcers, empyici, id est uomicosi, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 17, 102.

**uōm-icus**, ulcerated, met., Sen. cour. 2, 12 med.

**uōmificus**, adj. causing to vomit, emetic, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 2, 17.

**uōmifiuus**, adj. giving out pus, passio, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 14, 200.

**uōmīs**, see uomer.

**uōmītio**, ōnis, f. vomiting, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; Plin. 11, 282; 21, 142 etc. **2.** what is vomited, a vomit, uariis coloribus uomitionum, Plin. 25, 57.

**uōmītium?** ii, n. = uomitio, nausea et uomitio (nomitioe?), Mart. C. 2, 35 G, 39, 16 Eyss.

**uōmīto**, āre, vb. frq. keep vomiting, Colum. 7, 10, 5; Sen. ep. 18, 4; Suet. Vit. 13.

**uōmītor**, ōris, m. one who vomits, Sen. cp. 88, 19.

**uōmītōr-ius**, adj. of one who vomits—hence emetic, bulbus quem uomitorium uocant ab effectu, Plin. 20, 107; hunc (narcissum herbaceum) uomitorium alomquo soluentem, 21, 128; **2.** as sb. n. pl. uomitoria, entrances into the body of a theatre, Macr. s. 6, 4, 3.

**uōmītus**, ūs, m. vomiting, hi quicquid biberunt uomitu remetientur, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 13; uomitu leuat stomachum, ep. 68, 7; (capparis) uomitus facit, Plin. 13, 127; u. utilior est hieme quam aestate, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 38 D;

**2.** as a habit to facilitate fresh gluttony, eiectum ab Asclepiade uomitum uideo, neque reprehendo, si offensus eorum est consuetudine qui quotidie eieciendo uorandi facultatem molliuntur, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 25 D; **3.** what is vomited, a vomit; Pulmonem edepol nimis uelim uomitum uomas, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 27; Vtine adueniens uomitum excutias mulieri? Merc. 3, 3, 15; **4.** heuce met. of a nasty fellow, Absolue hunc quaeso uomitum ue nos enecat (uomitum mss; editors uomitu), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 120; Obmarsecebat febris senium uomitus pus, Lucil. ap. Nou. 1, 1.

**uōmo**, ēre, ui, itum, vb. spew, vomit, uomere post cenam, Cic. Deiot. 21; ab hora tertia bibebatur ludebatur uomebatur, Phil. 2, 104; qui mane uomiturus est ante bibere mulsum debet, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 22 D; **2.** as a habit to facilitate gluttony, uomunt ut edaut, edunt ut uomant, Sen. dial. 12, 10, 3; istud (uomere) luxuriae cansa fieri uon oportere confiteor, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 16 D; **3.** met., foribus domus alta superbis Mane salutantum totis uomit acibus undam, Verg. G. 2, 462; fumum, A. 5, 682; qua largius uomit (Padus) septem maria dictus facere, Plin. 3, 119; disrespectfully of authors, Attius et quicquid Pacuuiusque uomunt, Mart. 11, 90, 6; **4.** uomit for uōmerit, Froul. de eloq. Mai 233; **5.** uom- = Skrt. vam, Fern of Gk. εμε-ω, Lith. wem-j-u.

**uōpiscus**, i, m. [?] one of conceived twins, who comes to the birth after the abortion of his brother, uopiscos appellant e gemiuis qui retenti utero nascerentur altero interempto abortu, Plin. 7, 47; add Solin. 1 med.; Nou. 557; **2.** a praeuomen or cognomen, Vopiscum Iulium pro



Verginio in quibusdam annalibus consullem (281 a. u. c.) inuenio, Liv. 2, 54, 3; P. Manilius Vopiscus, consul a. d. 114; Flauius V. the historian.

**uopte**, = nos ipsi, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**uōrācitas**, ātis, f. gluttony, voraciousness, (Vitellius) notabilis ingluuie et uoracitate, Entr. 7, 18; of an ass, Apul. M. 7, p. 200; met. of fire, Plin. 2, 239.

**uōrāginōsus**, adj. full of great holes, solo, bell. Hisp. 29; uia, Apul. M. 9, p. 221; amnis, Amm. 24, 6, 7.

**uōrāg-o**, īnis, f. [uorag- older form of uora-] a deep hole, as in a road, and so filled with mud, Et supinum animum in graui derelinquere caeno, Ferream ut soleam tenaci in uoragine mula, Catul. 17, 26; immobiles currus in uoraginibus haerebant, Curt. 8, 14, 4; **2.** or in a river, cum equum ipse demisisset in flumen, submersus equus uoraginibus non exstitit, Cic. diu. 1, 73; **3.** met. an abyss, a bottomless gulf, uentris, Ov. M. 8, 843; **4.** even of persons, uos geminae uoragines scopulique reipublicae, Cic. Pis. 41; tu gurgis ac u. patrimonii, Sest. 111.

**uōrātor**, ōris, m. a devourer, Tert. monog. 8 f.; Paul. Nol. 19, 10.

**uōrātrina**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a place for gluttony, Tert. apol. 13; **2.** = uorago, Amm. 17, 7, 13.

**uōrax**, ācis, adj. swallowing much, voracious, quae Charybdis tam uorax? Cic. Phil. 2, 67; poutus, Lucan. 2, 664; flamma, Sil. 4, 687; uoracior, Catul. 33, 4; Ov. M. 8, 839; **2.** uoraciter adv. Macr. s. 6, 5 med.

**uōr-o**, āre, vb. bolt, swallow whole, gulp down, gorge, alia (animalia) sugunt, alia carpunt, alia uorant (so Orelli, but Baier by oversight omits these two words), alia mandunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; alia sugunt, alia lambunt sorbent mandunt uorant, Plin. 10, 196; at pol ego etsi uotet, Edim atque ambabus malis expletis uorem, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 73; met. hamum uorat, Curc. 3, 61 and Truc. 1, 1, 21; Quae-nam balaena meum uorauit uidulum? Rud. 2, 6, 61; nauem...rapidus uōrāt aequore uertex, Verg. 1, 117; uorat haec (Charybdis) raptas reuomitque carinas, Ov. M. 13, 731; **2.** csp. of taking pills, Resinam ex melle Aegiptiam uorato, saluom feceris, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 28; apium, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 24; pastillos, Mart. 1, 2, 87; **3.** litteras, Cic. Att. 4, 11, 2, devour; uiam, Catul. 35, 7; so in Fr. dévorer le chemin, les livres; **4.** obsceno sensu, Catul. So, 6; Mart. 2, 51, 6; 7, 67, 3; **5.** uor of uora, one with first syllable of βαρ-αθρον, Lat. gur-ges, Eng. vh. gorge, Fr. sb. gorge and gour-mand, Lat. gul-a, Eng. gul-p, gul-f, gull-y, gull-et; Fr. goulée, goulu; Lat. g(ol)-utio, in-g(ol)-uies, Fr. g(ol)-outon, Eng. g(ol)-utton; and save the sibilant of our s-wallow s-will, Germ. sch-wel-g-en; but not one with βαρ in βορα, βιβρωσκω.

**uorsus**, see uersus.

**uortex**, see uertex.

**uorticōsus**, see uerticosus.

**uorticūlōsus**, ελιγγωδης, Gloss.

**uorto**, see uerto.

**Vortumnus**, see Vertumnus.

**uos**, see tu.

**uoster**, see uester.

**Votienus**, m. a cognomen, prob. of adoption, as V. Montanus, Tac. an. 4, 42.

**uōtī-fer**, ēra, ērum, adj. bearing votive gifts, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 92; anthol. Burm. 2, 633, v. 14.

**uōtīger**, ēra, ērum, adj. wearing votive gifts, anthol. Burm. 2, 633, v. 59.

**uōtītus**, see ueto.

**uōtīuitas**, ātis, f. devotion, inser. Or. 1120 (A. n. 375).

**uōtīuus**, adj. of a vow or vows, votive, ludi, Cic. Verr. 1, 31; Plin. 7, 158; tabula, Hor. od. 1, 5, 13; iuuenca, ep. 1, 3, 36; tura, Ov. am. 3, 13, 9; oris habitum, Tac. G. 31; prayed for with vows, desired, delightful, conspectus, Apul. M. 7, p. 193; mors, Prud. στερφ. 10, 330.

**1 uōto**, āre, vb. frq. uoto ὁμολογεω, onom. net.

**2 uōto**, old form of ueto.

**uōtum**, i, part. n. as sb. lit. what is vowed, hence a vow, i. e. a prayer to be ad accompanied by a conditional promise, noue animaduertis ex tot tabulis pictis quam

multi uotis uim tempestatis effugerint? Cic. N. D. 3, 89; sceleratas eius preces et nefaria uota, Clu. 194; **2.** csp. facere u. make a vow, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 4; Mil. 41; Att. 8, 16, 1; Verg. B. 5, 79; Plin. 14, 91; suscipere u., Cic. N. D. 3, 93; Plin. ep. 10, 35 and 160; Tac. an. 15, 23; concipere u., Ov. M. 7, 594; nuncupare uota pro re publica, as a magistrate utter the words of the vows, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 34; add Phil. 3, 11; obligasti uotis caput, Hor. od. 2, 8, 6; **3.** in the interval between the vow and its prayer being granted, the party is said to be uoti reus, Verg. 5, 237; when the prayer is granted, until the vow is performed, the party is said debere uota, as Veneri et Cupidui, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 123; or to be damnatus uoti, Liv. 7, 28, 4; 27, 45, 8; also damnabis tū quōquē uōtis, Verg. B. 5, 80; where Scriv. quae (i. e. uota) ante quam soluuntur obligatos et quasi damnatos homines retinent;

**4.** u. reddere, to fulfil a vow, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 26; by which the party is said soluere u., Phil. 3, 11; Pomp. 133 R; Ov. M. 9, 793; inser. Or. 1219 and 4951; exsoluere u., Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 67; Tac. an. 15, 23; persoluere u., Plin. ep. 10, 100; uoti liberari, Liv. 5, 28, 1; uoto exsolui, Petr. 85; **5.** the thing vowed, Lustramurquē Ioui, uōtisque iucundimus aras, Verg. 3, 279; stipant graues Equi recessus Danai et in uoto latent, Petr. 89, v. 10; **6.** the object of the vow, the thing prayed for, Vt uoto potiare tuo, miserabilis esto, Ov. a. a. 1, 737; fruor uotis, Petr. 11; **7.** uota, the ceremony of offering vows, pro salute principis, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 233; Capitol. Pert. 6; Vopise. Tac. 9; **8.** uota nuptialia, the prayers and vows at a marriage, Apul. M. 4. p. 154; and hence absol. a marriage ceremony, cod. Just. 5, 9, 4; 5, 1, 2; sorori in cuius uotum interesse non potui, in a burlesque will ap. Hier. comm. in Esaiam 12 pr.; hence Ital. phrase, rimaritari in secondi uoti, and the Span. boda a marriage; **9.** ex uoto, in fulfilment of a vow, Ioui opt. max. P. Aelius Chrestus ex uoto suscepto aram consecrauit, inser. Grut. 18, 6; often abbrev., IOM Nouellianus Pandarus ex u. pro se et suis...; Or. 1217.

**Voturia**, ae, adj. name of a tribe, C. Atrius C. f. Vot., CIL 1029; L. Horatius L. f. Vot. holitor, Sex Horatius L. f. Vot. Sen., 1057; add 1052.

**uōtus**, part. of

**uōueo**, ēre, uōui, uōtum, vb. [see below] vow, Vt quae apud legionem nota uoui si domum Rediissem saluos, ea ego ut exsoluam omnia, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 66; Mars tibi uoueo facturum si umquam redierit Bidenti uerre, Pomp. 51 R; nostri imperatores pro salute patriae sua capita uouerunt, Cic. fin. 5, 64; decem uouit Salios fanaque Pallori ac Panori, Liv. 1, 27, 7; uouit in eadem uerba consul, praeeunte maximo pontifice, 31, 9, 9; **2.** pray for, make vows for, with acc. of object sought, Quid uōuēt dulci uentricula maius alumnō? Hor. ep. 1, 4, 8; Quae uōuēam duo sunt, Ov. M. 9, 675; et quae mōdō uōuērāt ōdit, 11, 128; Elige quid uōuēas, 12, 200; or ut and subj., Vt tua sim uōuēo, 14, 35; **3.** uou- = ευχ = ευχομαι; and perhaps uoc of uōco, Γεν of ετιπον etc.

**uox**, uōcis, f. [see below] voice, speech, quid est uox nisi intentio aeris ut audiatur linguae formata percussu? Sen. N. Q. 2, 6, 3; exsurge praeco, fac populo audientiam... Exere uocem quam per uiuis et colis, Pl. Poen. pr. 13; enimmuro uocest opus; Nausistrata Exi, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 92; uocis genera permulta, canorum fuscum, leue asperum, graue acutum, flexibile durum, Cic. N. D. 2, 146; et ulceribus uocis uia saepa coibat, Lucr. 6, 1148; Qui (sc. Mercurius) feros cultus hominum recentum Voce formasti catus, Hor. od. 1, 10, 3; **2.** of other than man, voice, sound, cry, call, as the ox, Mugiet et ueri uox erit illa bouis, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 48; of a pig, Et sic porcelli uocem est imitatus sua, Phaedr. 5, 5, 17; of a parrot, Quid uox mutandis ingeniosa sonis? Ov. am. 2, 6, 18; **3.** in poetry of things sounding, as musical notes or tones, Vbi cymbalum sonat uox, ubi tympana reboant, Catul. 63, 21; ad uocem celeres qua buccina signum Dira dedit, raptis concurrunt undique telis, Verg. 7, 519; of oars, Verimus et proni certantibus aequora remis; Sensit et ad uocem uocis uestigia torsit, 3, 669; **4.** a syllabic accent, ipsa natura in omni uerbo



posuit acutam uocem, nec una plus nec a postrema syllaba citra tertiam, Cic. orat. 58; **5.** a word, dico ipsum Epicurum non intellegere quid sonet haec uox uoluptatis, Cic. fin. 2, 6; Cum ligna atque ignes distincta uoce notemus, Lucr. 1, 914; His (=is) uerbi sensus, nis eā uocēis erat, Ov. F. 5, 484; Ad quem tum Iuno supplex his uocibus usat, Verg. 1, 64; **6.** or even words, a sentence, a saying; constitue nihil esse opis in hao uoce, Cuius Romanus sum, iam omnem orbem terrarum ciuibus Romanis ista defensione praecluseris, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 168; Atque ego cum Graecos facerem natus mare citra Versiculos, uenit tali me uoce Quirinus... In siluam non ligna feras insanisus..., Hor. s. 1, 10, 32; temerarium uideatur uam uocem antiquorum posuisse, nihil minus expedire quam agrum optime colere, Plin. 18, 36; **7.** uōc- perh. for uōc-ōc- din. Cf. mōs for mōs-ōs- m., ōs (ōris) for ōs-ōs- n.; while oc is a suffix of diminution, as in our hill-ock, bull-ock; and uōc= root of uōc-are, see uoco.

**ūpil-īo**, or ōp-īlio, ōnis, m. [oui-? see below] a she-m herd, Etiam opilio qui pascit mater alienus ouis Aliqua habet peculiarem qui spem soletur suam, Pl. As. 3, 1, 36; Venit et ūpilio, tardi uenere subulci, Verg. B. 10, 19; longinquae regionis pascua petiturus opilio, Colum. 7, 3, 13; equisouos opilionecae et subsequeas, Apul. M. 505 H; cf. ib. flor. 1, 313 H and apol. 10, 466 H; **2.** from a root pol=col of colo; cf. βου-κολ-ος, for while π iu Athens corresponds to a Lat. c, in rustic language the reverse holds, κ corresponding to p, as λυκος to lupus.

**Ūpis**, the father of a goddess Diana, Cic. N. D. 3, 58; cf. Callim. H. Dian. 204.

**ūpūpa**, ae, f. [=εποπ-] the hoopoe, a migratory crested bird with a long slender arched beak, so called from its note hoop, hoop, or εποποι ποποι (Arist. Av. 22), de his (sc. alitibus) pleraeque a suis uocibus ut haec: upupa, cuculus cornus..., Varr. I. 5, 11, p. 80 Sp.; mutat formam et upupa, crista nisenda plicatilli, Plin. 10, 86; temporum magna differentia auibis... quae cum fetum eduxere abeunt, ut upupae, 10, 73; add 30, 53; **2.** a pick-axe, so called from likeness to the bird's beak; cf. our crow, whence the double meaning may be retained in translating: quasi patriciis pueris aut monedulae Aut anites aut cōturnices dantur quicum lusitent, Itidem mi aduenienti haec ūpūpa qui me delectem datast, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; cf. Ov. M. 6, 672; **3.** It. upupa and buba, Fr. huppe and putput, Germ. wieder-hopf.

**ūraeus**, adj. [=ουραιος] of the tail, uroepa cybia, tail pieces of the tunny-fish, a coarse dish, Plin. 10, 151 (so uis βγ, but Sillig. terna c.); cf. 9, 48.

**Ūragus**, see Orcus.

**Ūrbāna**, adj. f. a colony founded in Campania by Sulla, Plin. 14, 62.

**urbānātīm**, adv. [urbanus] in a city fashion, At ego rusticatim tangam, urbanatim nescio, Pomp. 7 R.

**urbānicīānus**, adj. connected with the urbanici, or troops who garrisoned Rome, cum idem Cilo sublata ueste senatoria ab urbanicianis raptus esset, Spart. Carac. 4, 6; uentum est ad seditionem urbaniciorum militum, Get. 6, 4; u. officiales, u. tribuni, dig. Inst. fr. 35 § 4; cod. Th. 11, 14, 1.

**urbānicūs**, adj. [urbano-] of the garrison of Rome, Paul. dig. 4, 6, 35.

**Ūrbānilla**, ae, f. dim. [urbana] a surname, inser. Fabr. 306, 31.

**urbānitas**, ātis, f. [urbanus] city-manners, city-life, city-refinement, politeness, elegance etc. esp. of Rome, tu modo desideria urbis et urbanitatis depoue, Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; cf. 7, 17, 1; addo urbanitatem quae est uirtus, ut Stoici rectissime putant, 3, 7, 5; **2.** esp. of polished language, B. Quid tu tribuis istis externis quasi oratoribus? C. Quid censes nisi idem quod nrbanis, praeter unum quod non est eorum urbanitate quadam quasi colorata oratio, Cic. Brut. 170; urbanitas dicitur qua significari uideo sermonem praefertentem in uerbis et sono et usu quandam gustum urbis, cui contraria sit rusticitas, Quint. 6, 3, 17; **3.** including esp. polished wit, contumelia si petulantius iactatur, conuicium, si facetius, urbauitas nominatur, Cic. Cacl. 6; in

quantam hominum facctorum nrbanitate incnrras non dico, fin. 2, 103; plano necessaria his adieit Domitius Mar-sus qui de urbanitate diligentissima scripsit quaedam non ridicula sed proprio quodam lepore iucunda, Quint. 6, 3, 102; cf. the definition of Domitius wh. follows, § 104;

**4.** hence of practical joking, incnrris milites, uernaclia utebantur urbanitate, quidam spolianere absceis furtim balteis, Tac. h. 2, 88.

**urbānor**, āri, vb. [urbanns]= πολιτενομαι, Gloss.

**urb-ānus**, adj. of a city, L. Numquam delinqunt rustici? D. Ecator minus Quam urbani, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 25; Ego hanc clementem uitam urbanam atque otium Secutus sum..., ille contra haec omnia Ruri agere uitam, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 17; **2.** in legal lang. urbana praedia included not only all buildings in a town and pleasure-grounds attached to them, but also the same in the country or by the sea-side if for pleasure, not profit, aedificia omnia urbana praedia appellamus etsi in uilla aedificata sunt, Iust. inst. 2, 3, 1; quod si horti in reditu sint unarii forte uel etiam olitorii, in urbanis uon habentur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 198; cf. 8 tit. 1, 2, 3; hence perh. fundum urbanum, Cato r. 8 f.; rus urbanum quod propter litns maris habebat, Justin. 31, 2; hence too of plants and trees fit for the pleasure-garden, Acanthos est topiaria et urbana herba (so ms β), Plin. 22, 76; sunt enim arborum quaedam omnino siluestres quaedam urbaniores. Hae mites quae fructu aut aliqua dote umbrarumque officio humanius iuuant, non improbe dicantur urbanae, 16, 78; **3.** esp. the city Rome, mihi casus urbanam admiustrationem, tibi prouincialem dedit, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; tribus, or. 1, 38; praetor, Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 1;

**4.** of men, as having the character which residence in a city gives, te (sc. Appium) hominem non solum sapientem uerum etiam ut nunc loquimur urbanum, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 3; **5.** of polished speech, in uocibus nostrorum oratorum retinnit quiddam urbauus, there is more of the city-ring in them so to say, Cic. Brut. 171; os facile iucundum urbanum, id est, in quo nulla neque rusticitas neque peregrinitas resonet, Quint. 11, 3, 30; add Tac. dial. 18; **6.** esp. a polished wit, a wag, et homo facetus inducis sermonem urbanum ac nenustum me dicere solere esse me Ioueu, Cic. dom. 92; Hic tibi comis et urbanus liberque uidetur, Hor. s. 1, 4, 90; urbanus homo erit cuius multa bene dicta responsaque erunt et qui in sermonibus circulis conuiuus, item in contionibus, ridicule comodeque dicet, Domit. M. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 105; Homo et uenustus et dieax et urbanus, Catul. 22, 2; cf. v. 9; **7.** also of a wag not bashful, nihil est... confidentiloquius neque peruius Quam urbani adsidui ciues, quos scurras uocant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 165; Frontis ad urbanae descendi praemia, Hor. ep. 1, 9, 11 (in contrast with deterruit pudor quidam paene subrusticus, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 1); **8.** a surname, T. Flauius Aug. lib. Vrbanus, inser. Gr. 589, 10; a title of the Colonia Hispellum, urbs onnis Vrbanae Flauiae Constantis patrono, Or. 2170. **9.** urbane adv.

**urbicānus**, adj. [urbicus] of the home prouinces, as opp. to the other provinces of Italy, u. praefectura, Nov. Th. 11 9, 4, 1.

**urbī-cāpus**, adj. m. as sb. stormer of cities, πολιτοπορος, urbicaepe, occisor regum, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 64.

**urbicārius**, adj. [urbicus] first of the home-provinces, regiones, cod. Th. 11, 13, 1; praefectura, 11, 14, 2; of the home dioceso (urbica diocesis), i.e. under the jurisdiction of the praetor urbanus, as Tuscia Campania aud Samnium, first under Hadrian, see Mommsen's libri colon. p. 193; **2.** under Maximian, u. regiones, the districts of Italy under the jurisdiction of the Vicarius urbi (urbis) as opposed to the annonariae reg., the former including Tuscia Picenum aud all the South of Italy, see Mommsen ib. p. 200, n. 96.

**Ūrbicio**, ōnis, m. dim. a surname, Flauius V., inser. Mur. 1983, 6.

**urbī-crēmus**, adj. city-burning, Prud. Ham. 729.

**urb-ic-ūla**, ae, f. a little city, = πολυχμιον, Gloss.

**urbicus**, adj. [urbi-] of the city, i.e. Rome, res, Gell. 15, 1; and Suet. Ner. 23; annona, Aug. 18; Tyrianthina, Maic. dig. 53, 5, 1; uiae, Ulp. 43, 8, 2, 24; in praedis C. Legianni Veri balineum more urbico lauati, omnia commoda prae-



stantur, inscr. Or. 4328; procuratio, dig. Iustin. fr. 11, 2; dioecesis, Vatie. § 205.

**Urbilius**, ii, name of a gens, as Urbilia, CLL 1103.

**Urbīnās**, ātis, adj. of Vrbinum in Umbria, Cic. Phil. 12, 19; Plin. 3, 114.

**Urbīnānus**, adj. of Vrbinus, lis, Quint. 7, 2, 26.

**Urbīnius**, ii, name of a gens, as Urbīnia, Quint. 4, 1, 11.

**Urbīnus**, (Vru.) adj. of Vrbinum, C. Vesnio uindici populi Vruiui, inscr. Or. 3714.

**Urbis**, is, m. a river of Liguria, now the Orbe, Cland. b. Get. 555.

**Urbisaluia** or Vrbs Saluia, ae, f. a city of Picenum, formerly Pollentia, now Urbis (sc. Syracusis), Phil. 1, 7; non solum urbibus sed paene uicis castellisque singulis praeficiebantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 32, 3; 2. esp. the city Rome, postquam urbis appellatione, etiamsi nomen proprium non adiceretur, Romam accipi sit receptum, Quint. 6, 3, 103; maturat ab urbe proficisci, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 1; Minatus urbi uincula, Hor. epod. 9, 9; 3. ad urbem, on the outside of the city walls, often said of generals, for to enter the city was to abdicate the supreme military authority (imperium), quoniam ipse (Pompeius) ad urbem cum imperio remaneret, Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 2; hi utrique ad urbem imperatores erant impediti ne triumpharent calumnia paucorum, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; cf. Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 1 and 1, 6, 1; also Cic. Verr. 1, 45 and 2, 2, 17; 4. city for its inhabitants, urbem somno uinoque sepultam, Verg. 2, 265; maestam attonitamque uideres Hanc urbem, Inv. 11, 197; 5. met., urbem philosophiae proditis dum castella defenditis, Cic. diu. 2, 37; 6. empressed from or-ubs; cf. ung- for onue- (ov-υξ) and see umbra and umbilicus; then or-ub=ar-ac- of arx; cf. for vowel and consonant change, χαρ-αχ of χαρασσειν (one with Lat. ara-re and arab-ilis), and ορ-υχ of ορυσσω; also παραχ-η (from παρασσειν) and θορυβ-ος. Thus urbs was only a variety of arx and meant at first the rock which served as a citadel, see arx and oppidum; cf. Hygin. de lim. const. (p. 178 Lachm.) antiqui non solum erant urbes contenti cingere muris uerum etiam loca aspera et confragosa saxis eligebant.

**Urbisaluēnsis**, (-saluensis) e, adj. of Urbisaluia, dis deabusque Urbisaluēnsibus, inscr. Or. 1870; (p)atrono relpnl. (urbi) Saluēnsium, Or.-Henz. 5126.

**urbo**, āre, see uruo.

**urbs**, urbis, f. [see below] a city, Mitylenae urbs nobilis, Cic. agr. 2, 40; ab ea urbe (sc. Syracusis), Phil. 1, 7; non solum urbibus sed paene uicis castellisque singulis praeficiebantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 32, 3; 2. esp. the city Rome, postquam urbis appellatione, etiamsi nomen proprium non adiceretur, Romam accipi sit receptum, Quint. 6, 3, 103; maturat ab urbe proficisci, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 1; Minatus urbi uincula, Hor. epod. 9, 9; 3. ad urbem, on the outside of the city walls, often said of generals, for to enter the city was to abdicate the supreme military authority (imperium), quoniam ipse (Pompeius) ad urbem cum imperio remaneret, Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 2; hi utrique ad urbem imperatores erant impediti ne triumpharent calumnia paucorum, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; cf. Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 1 and 1, 6, 1; also Cic. Verr. 1, 45 and 2, 2, 17; 4. city for its inhabitants, urbem somno uinoque sepultam, Verg. 2, 265; maestam attonitamque uideres Hanc urbem, Inv. 11, 197; 5. met., urbem philosophiae proditis dum castella defenditis, Cic. diu. 2, 37; 6. empressed from or-ubs; cf. ung- for onue- (ov-υξ) and see umbra and umbilicus; then or-ub=ar-ac- of arx; cf. for vowel and consonant change, χαρ-αχ of χαρασσειν (one with Lat. ara-re and arab-ilis), and ορ-υχ of ορυσσω; also παραχ-η (from παρασσειν) and θορυβ-ος. Thus urbs was only a variety of arx and meant at first the rock which served as a citadel, see arx and oppidum; cf. Hygin. de lim. const. (p. 178 Lachm.) antiqui non solum erant urbes contenti cingere muris uerum etiam loca aspera et confragosa saxis eligebant.

**urbum**, see uruum.

**urceātim**, adv. [urceus] by pailfuls, pluebat, Petr. 44 f.

**urceōla** or oreiōla, ae, f. dim. [implies a sb. urcea or orcia] some part of the external ear, auriculac, Pelag. Vet. 12 med.

**urceōlāris**, e, adj. [urceolus] of little pitchers, herba u. the wall-plant parietaria off. L., Germ. glaskraut, the herba muralis of Celsus 2, 33, p. 73, 7 D; cf. Lenz Botanik p. 432; Plin. 22, 43; Pelag. uet. 2 med. and 24 med.; Scrib. e. 39.

**urceum**, ei, n. a pitcher-shaped vessel, urceum abeneum unum quod capiat quadrantalia quinque, Cato r. 13, 1.

**urceus**, ei, m. [skin to urna, wh. see] a pitcher, heminas octo exprompsi in urceum, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 18; Aquarium urceum unicum domi fregit, Cn. Mat. ap. Gell. 10, 24, 10; Hor. A. P. 22; fracta facit urceus ansa, Mart. 11, 56, 3; Plin. 19, 71; Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 3.

**ūrēdo**, inis, f. lit. burning, hence the sting of the urtica or sea-nettle, tacta (urtica) uredinem mittit, Plin. 9, 147;

2. a blight of plants, Cic. N. D. 3, 86; Plin. 18, 279; Colum. 3, 20, 1. Cf. urigo.

**ūrēticus**, adj. [ουρητικός] of uric, u. pori, ureters, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 med.

**urgens**, ntis, part. of urgeo; 2. as adj. pressing, urgent, malum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 61; egestas, Verg. G. 1, 146; urgentior causa, Tert. res. carn. 2 mcd.; urgentissima ratio,

Diocl. et Max. cod. 3, 11, 1; 3. adv. urgenter, urgently, Cypr. ep. 30 init.

**urgeo**, (urgeo) ēre, ursi (see below) vb. [urg- for or-ug-, =ορ-υχ of ορυσσειν, to dig; cf. unguis, umbra etc.] lit. dig, obsolete, yet perhaps cf.: nrges lampridem non tacta lignonibus arua, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 26; dominoque timeu-tem Vrguet equum (sc. calcaribus), Val. F. 1, 491 (cf. equi foderet calcaribus arnos, Verg. 6, 882); 2. with acc. of instrument, dig, drive, (into), Versaque in obnixos ur-geret cornua (sc. bonom), Verg. G. 3, 222; simulacraera cerea fingit Et miserum tenuis in iecur urget acus, Ov. her. 6, 93; urgeris turba circum te stante, Hor. s. 1, 3, 135 (with the elbows of people); 11 3. generally, press hard, weigh down, S. At onus nrget. M. At tu appone, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 35; At tua...infelix urget ossa lapis, Tib. 1, 4, 60; Olli dura quies oculos et ferreus urget Somnus, Verg. 12, 309; 4. press hard, as in battle, hinc Pallas instat et urget, Verg. 10, 433; milites Iugurthini postquam maiore ui hostes urgent, profugi discedunt, Sal. lug. 56, 6; 5. confine, crowd, ubi cauetur ne in Ianiculo coloniam constituatis ne urbem hanc urbe alia premere atque urgere possitis, Cic. agr. 1, 16; ualles...quam densis frondibus atrum Vrguet urumque latus, Verg. 11, 524; 6. press forward, drive on, urge on, quod te urget scelus Qui huic sis molestus? Pl. Men. 2, 2, 47; mala exempla cum aliqua uis urget, inuiti sequemur, Varr. 1, 9, 12, p. 468 Sp.; quoniam Iugurtham ob scelera inuidia cum metu urget, Sal. lug. 35, 2; 7. esp. in argument, press (a point), illud urgeo dos a femina ut auferatur, Varr. s. 174, 5 R; ius Crassus nrgebat, aequitatem Antonium, Cic. off. 3, 67; ut eundem locum diutius urgeam, N. D. 1, 97; 8. with inf. as object, Marisque Bais obstrepentis urges Summuere litora, Hor. od. 2, 18, 20; 9. the perf. ursi, formed directly from the root or- or ur-, dig, is rare, yet occurs in Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 1; Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 4; Ulp. dig. 23, 3, 33.

**Urgulānilla**, ae, dim. of Urgulania, a surname of Plautia V., wife of Claudius, Suet. Cl. 26.

**Urgulānius**, ii, a gens; hence Urgulania, Tac. an. 2, 34.

**Uria**, ae, f. a town on the coast of Apulia with surname Appula, Plin. 3, 100 (al. Varia); called Hyrium by Prisc. perieg. 372.

**Uria**, ātis, adj. of Uria, sinus V., Mela, 2, 4.

**urica**, ae, f. the chrysalis of a caterpillar, Plin. 11, 112; 18, 154.

**urigo**, inis, f. burning, as from a mustard-plaster, Plin. 20, 238 (so β; al. ustio); 2. prurient heat, Apul. M. S. p. 215 (bis, al. uredinibus etc.) and 1, p. 105 (al. uredine and prurigine); Semeleiae sobolis urigo, Arnob. 5, 44. Cf. urtica.

**ūrīna**, ae, f. [see below] urine, Cic. fat. 5; Catul. 37, 20; Cels. 2, 7, p. 39, 10 D, and 19, p. 67, 10 D; urinam facere, Colum. 6, 3; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 14; 2. u. genitalis, semen, Plin. 8, 168; and absol., concepta ūrinā mouetur, Iuv. 11, 168; 3. akin to oupor, Germ. harn; and prob. from a root uas (ues uar uer), as seen in our wash, Lat. uerg-o, pour; whence Sansk. uar-i, Germ. wass-er etc. so that first meaning is water.

**ūrīnal**, adj. n. as sb. a chamber-pot, =ουροδοχείον, Gloss. Phil.

**ūrīnā-ils**, e, adj. of urine, urinary, uiae, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4 and 5, 1; fistula, Veg. uet. 3, 15 med.

**ūrīnātor**, ōris, m. [urina- vb.] a diver, Varr. l. 5, 27, p. 130 Sp.; Liv. 44, 10; Callist. dig. 14, 2, 4, 3; ordinis corporis piscatorum et urinatorum, inscr. Or. 4115.

**ūrīno**, āre, vb., for urinor, urinare est mergi in aquam, Varr. l. 5, 27, p. 130 Sp.

**ūrīnor**, āri, vb. r. [implies an adj. f. as sb. ur-ina, sc. auis, a diving bird or diver] play the part of a diver, dive, siquando nos demersimus ut qui uriantur, Cic. ap. Non. 474; cum (polypus) in naufragis urinantise impetum cepit, Plin. 9, 91; eadem est ratio quare sub aqua diu ranae et phocae urinentur, 11, 188.

**ūrīnus**, adj. [ουρινος] of wind, ouum, a wind-egg, Plin. 10, 158.

**urion** (urium), ii, n. a kind of stratum in the earth, id genus terrae urion (so β; al. urium) uocant; ergo per silices calculosos ducunt (amnes) et urion euitant, Plin. 33, 75.



**Vritānus**, adj. of Vria, ager V., lib. colon. Lachm. p. 262.

**Vrites**, ium, adj. pl. as sb. men of Vria, a city near Locri, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 32; Liv. 42, 48, 6.

**urna**, ae, f. [perh. from ner of nerg-pour; see *urina*] a water pitcher, tu qui nrnam habes aquam ingere, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 24; Hor. od. 3, 11, 22; fictilis urna, Ov. F. 3, 14; Iuv. 1, 164; **2.** as an attribute of river gods, Caelataque amnem fundens pater Inachus urna, Verg. 7, 792; add Sil. 1, 407;

**3.** also to the sign Aquarius, Ov. F. 2, 457; Sen. Thy. 868; **4.** an urn for the ashes of the dead, Ov. M. 4, 166 aud urna marmorea, 14, 441; Lucan. 7, 819; Suet. Cal. 15;

**5.** a judicial urn in which the votes were deposited for secrecy, senatorum urna copiose absoluit, equitum adaequavit, tribuni aerarii condemnarunt, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; leges minitatur et urnam, Hor. s. 2, 1, 47; Calculus immitem demittitur ater in nrnam, Ov. M. 15, 44; improba quamvis Grata fallaci Praetoris uicerit urna, Iuv. 13, 4; **6.** a pitcher for casting lots, also called *sitella*, id ei uenit iu mentem ex lege Rupilia sortiri dicas oportet; educit ex urna tres; ius nt absentem condemnationem imperat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 42; stat ductis sortibus urna, Verg. 6, 22; Suet. Ner. 21; Val. F. 2, 484; **7.** esp. by the judges below, as Minos, Verg. 6, 432; and Sen. Agam. 24; Aeacus, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 218; **8.** also by the fates or destiny, Hor. od. 2, 3, 25; and 3, 1, 14; **9.** a definite measure of liquids, half an amphora, or four congi, or 24 sextarii, uini, Cato r. 148; amurcae, Plin. 17, 263; musti, Colum. 12, 41; cicutae, Pers. 5, 144; superque eas singulae urnae lactis mellis olei fundantur, inser. Or. 642; uites...ita fertiles ut in iugo singulae ternas urnas praebarent, in pergulis autem singulae denas amphoras pernequarent, Colum. 3, 9, 2; urnae dnae amphoram complent, gromat. (Lachm.), 376, 5 etc.; **10.** quinquagenaria u., a larger vessel, of 50 sextarii, Cato r. 10, 2 and 13, 2.

**urnā-lis**, e, adj. containing an urna, or 24 sextarii, caliculi, Plin. 9, 93; as sb. m. a vessel of this size, Cato r. 13, 3; Proc. dig. 33, 6, 16.

**urnā-rium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a pitcher-table, Varr. l. 5, 27, p. 130 Sp. and s. 227, 3 R.

**urnigēr**, ra, rum, adj. urn-bearing, of Aquarius, anthol. Burn. 2, 314.

**urnūla**, ae, f. dim. a little pitcher or nrn, ex aere, Varr. ap. Non. 544; fictiles, Cic. parad. 11; aurea, of a cinerary urn, Spart. Sev. 24.

**ūro**, ūre, ussi, ustus, vb. [see below] burn, hominem mortuom in urbe ne sepelito neue urito, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 58; manis uram, Att. 126 R; Vrit ūdoratam nocturna in lumina cedrum, Verg. 7, 13; siquid ciusmodi est quod relinquo corpori noceat, id uri secarique patitur, Cic. Phil. 8, 15; agros, Liv. 26, 21, 15; hence absol., iisque permissum uastare urere trahere, Tac. an. 4, 48; cf. h. 2, 12; **2.** of encaustic painting, burn in, Quique mones, caelum tabulamque coloribus nris, Ov. F. 3, 831; picta coloribus ustis, 4, 275; **3.** with exaggeration, burn up, dry up, qui terras ignibus ūris (of the sun), Ov. M. 4, 194; sitis usserat herbas, F. 4, 299; **4.** esp. of fever and thirst, nec febribus uror anhelis, Ov. Pont. 1, 10, 5; Num tibi cum fauces urit sitis...? Hor. s. 1, 2, 114; **5.** in agriculture, Vrit ūnim lini campum seges, ūrit āuenae, Vrut Lethaeo perfusa papauera somno, Verg. G. 1, 77; (cicer) solum urit, Plin. 18, 124; **6.** heat by friction, ebase, gall, ut calcus olim Si pede maior erit subnertet, si minor uret, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 43; Si te forte meae grauis uret sarcina chartae..., 1, 13, 6; antiqua terebra urit eam partem quam perforat, Gallica excanat nec urit, Colum. arb. 8, 3; add Prop. 5, 3, 23; **7.** of flogging, loris non ureris, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 47; cf. Ibericis peruste fimbibus latus, epod. 4, 3; **8.** of cold, cause to be frost-bitten, freeze, pernoctant uenatores in niue, in montibus nrī se patiuntur, Cic. Tusc. 2, 40; tritici (grana) ferro combusta iis quae frigus usserit praesentantia sunt remedio, Plin. 22, 119; add Iust. 2, 2, 9; Calp. eel. 5, 117; **9.** of love, or sexual heat, consume with a sort of fire, inflame, Vritur infelix Dido, Verg. 4, 68; uritque uidendo Femina, G. 3, 215; cf. B. 8, 83 and 2, 68 and Hor. od. 1, 19, 5; often with in and abl., quid in hospite regia uirgo Vreris? Ov. M. 7, 21; Amore qui me praeter

omnis expetit...in puellis urere, Ilor. epod. 11, 4; cf. stupe-with in; **10.** with cerebrum, of passion, incense, inflame, enrage, id nunc his cerebrum uritur Me esse hos trecentos Philippus facturum lucri, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 25; cf. our hot-headed, and Germ. hitzkopf; **11.** uet. destroy the power of, exhaust, lay waste, haec eos in Etruria iactantes bellum domi Romanum urebat, Liv. 10, 17, 1; pestilentiae urentis simul urbem atque agros, 10, 47, 6; add Vell. 2, 77, 1; **12.** of the mind, gall, sting, G. Quid uidetur Hoc tibi mancipium? P. Nou malum herele. G. Vro hominem, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 43; Nunc hoe uror, nunc haec res me facit festinem, Titin. 103 R; urebat nobilem populum mare ablatum raptae insulae dero tributa; hinc ultionem pner Annibal iurauerat, Flor. 1, 22, 2; **13.** older form had an initial labial, a b seen in an-bur-, com-bur-, and bustum, a u seen in Vesta, Veseuus, and virtually in oestrum; akin also to our burn, brand, Germ. vurnen, in spite of Rask's law.

**ūrox**, m., seo urus.

**urruncum**, i, n. [=ουραγος των καρπιμων, Ael. hist. an. 1, 43, quoted by L. and S.] the stalk-end on which an ear of corn grows, Varr. r. 1, 48, 3.

**ursa**, ae, f. [=αρκτος] a she-bear, nec quicquam rarius quam parientem uidere ursam, Pliu. 8, 126; **2.** a bear, generally, Verg. 5, 37; Ov. F. 2, 181; M. 12, 319; 13, 836; Mart. 6, 25, 2; **3.** the constellation Ursa Major or Charles' Wain, also called Septentriones or Septentrio, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 8; 5, 3, 7; her. 17, 152; Val. F. 4, 724; Suet. Aug. 80; **4.** Vitruv. 9, 6 (p. 229, l. 8 Rose's ed.) speaks of the duae arctoe, using the Greek term; and p. 230 l. 10 of the minor Septentrio; **5.** a surname, Iulia Vrsa, inser. Grut. 528, 9.

**ursā-rius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. [ursa or ursus] one who fights with bears in the amphitheatre? cf. taurarins, opus quadratarium Augurium Catullinus Vrsar. d. s. p. d., inser. Or. 4239.

**Vrsentini**, the inhabitants of Vrsentum in Lucania, Plin. 3, 98; Ορσαντινων on a coin, Eckhel 1, 166.

**Vrsilla**, ae, f. donb. dim. [of ursa] a surname, Clodia V., inser. Donat. 352, 1.

**ursinus**, adj. [ursus or ursa] of a bear, sanguis, Colnm. arb. 15; rabies, Plin. 8, 130; adeps, 22, 34; 28, 219 and 235; fel, 28, 220; parere more ursino, Gell. 17, 10, 3;

**2.** u. alium, a wild kind of garlic, Plin. 19, 116; **3.** nr-sina as sb. f., sc. caro, bear-flesh, bear, Petr. 66.

**Vrsio**, ōnis, m. dim. a surname, L. Valerius V., inser. Mur. 518, 1.

**Vrsius**, ii, a gens, L. Vrsio L. l. Pilemone, Vrsia L. l. Nice, inser. CIL 1104.

**Vrsūla**, ae, f. dim. [ursa] a surname, inser. Gr. 372, 6; 561, 4; 680, 13; 697, 5; 888, 2.

**Vrsūlus**, i, m. dim. [ursus] a surname, Auson. ep. 18, 25; inser. Mur. 1009, 2; 1512, 16; 1568, 5.

**ursus**, i, m. [=αρκτος] a bear, Atta 6 R; Ov. M. 10, 540; tr. 3, 5, 35; Val. F. 2, 73; Plin. 8, 131 and 228; Gai. 2, 16; Petr. 66; **2.** a surname, L. Caecilius V., inser. Gr. 41, 7; **3.** esp. in the theatre or amphitheatre, media inter carmina poscant Aut ursum aut pugiles, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 186; apros ursos cetera(n) ueatione(n)u, inser. Or. 2530; add Or.-Henz. 6148 and 6170.

**urtica**, ae, f. [ur-o; see below] stinging nettle, mirum sine ullis spinarum aculeis lanuginem ipsam (sc. urticae) esse noxiam et taetu tantum leni pruritus pusulasque confestim adusto similis existere; notum est ci remedium olei, Plin. 21, 92; **2.** esp. the u. femina or κνιδη, u. pilulifera L., as a medical remedy, Pliu. 22, 31 to 36; Et me recu-raui otioque et urtica, Catul. 44, 15; urticam feminam sole in ariete posito aduersus acgritudinem sumes, si uoles, Apic. 102; **3.** as food for the poor etc., Si forte in medio positorum abstemius herbis Viuis et urtica, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 8; Vnge puer canles mihi festa lnce, coquatur Vrtica, Pers. 6, 70; **4.** u. marina, the sea-nettle, jelly-fish or Medusa, Marinam urticam musculos plagusias striatas, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 9; Plin. 9, 146 and 147 which see; ακαληφη est animal marinum quod urtica appellatur, Gell. 4, 11, 13; **5.** made into a dish for the rich, patina urticarum calida et frigida:



urticam accipies (capies?) lauas colas per eolum exiccabis etc., Apic. 169; urticas marinas bene lotas, 171; in a carte of a banquet given by Metellus as Pout. Max. ou the consecration of Lentulus as flamen Mart., present the pontifices, Caesar as rex sacerorum, Vestal virgins etc., second course, sphondylios glycomaridas urticas ficedulas etc., ap. Macr. s. 3, 13, 12; **6.** the veg. urtica as an aphrodisiac, Ov. a. a. 2, 417; **7.** hence of sexual heat, but still with reference to the nettle (note tetigit), nnde Haece tetigit Gradiue tuos urtica nepotes? Iuv. 2, 128; puellae Irritamentum Veneris languentis et acres Diuitis urticae, 11, 166; **8.** a surname, C. Herennius Vrtica, inscr. Maff. 155, 3; **9.** Vrticula, ae, f. dim. a surname, Liuia V. l. Aglais; and M. Liuus Vrticulae l. Pachyuus, inscr. Grut.; **10.** it has been objected that uro would have given usticia; but the order is this, ns-ica, urtica, and then with exrescent t urtica, usica being an adj., sc. herba, the suffix ieo- = that of noe-iuo- empty, cad-uco- falling.

**uruo**, are, vb. [uruum, wh. see] = circumdare, says Festus, quoting circum sese uruat ad pedes terra, oeculit Caput, Enn. r. 141 V; but, uruare est aratro definire, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 239.

**ūrus**, i, m. [nr-oehs, the Germ. name, *oupos*] the wild ox or anerochs, bos ferus L., tertium est genus eorum qui nri appellantur, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 1 (speaking of the Hercynian forest) wh. see; pauca (animalia) Germania insignia tamen boum ferorum genera, iubatons bisontes excellentique ui et uelocitate uros, Plin. 8, 38; siluestres uri, Verg. G. 2, 374; uris imparibus ductos...currus, 3, 532; Tibi uillosi terga bisontes Latisque feri cornibus uri, Sen. Phaedr. 70; uri Gallica uox est, Macr. s. 6, 4, 23; where Gallica is a mistake of his for Germanica; urox (so Pontanus for uror of ms) *βους Γερμανος*, Gloss.; **2.** ur=auer of Germ., wh. seems to have meant wood or rather mountain, cf. aner-hahn wood-cock, and Gk. *oup-os* n.=*opos* mountain; for ehange of suffix ochs or ox to us, cf. apero- for aperoch- (whence aprug-no-).

**uru-um**, i, n. [for oruu-um, wh. see = *ορυχ* of *ορυσσω*] a ploughshare? but aec. to Varr. l. 5, p. 130 Sp. the concave curvature of the same, imburum fictum ab urbo quod ita flexum ut redeat sursum uersum, ut in aratro quod est uruum; cf. Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 239, 6.

**ūsio**, ōnis, f. [ut-or] use, user, a legal word, aqua itinere actu domini usioni recipitur, a reservation is made as to these for the master's user (in a lease for winter-pasturage), Cato r. 149, 2 (but in 38, 4 read usionii); usionis causa, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 28; usionis gratia, Scaev. ap. Gell. 4, 1, 17; usioni habere aliquid (al. usui), Afric. dig. 32, 1, 58; Arnob. 7, 32; but in Varr. s. 223, 4 Riese after Buecheler reads domusioni.

**ūsitätus**, part. of usitor; **2.** as adj. usual, customary, ordinary, familiar, uocabula sibi u., Cic. fin. 3, 4; faciamus tractando usitatus hoc uerbum et tritius, acad. post. 27; uerbis quam usitatissimis, orat. 85; omne genus cuuiculorum notum atque usitatum est, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; in Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 37 the reading usitatus is now certain; **3.** adv. ūsitätē, in the usual way, loqui, Cic. fin. 4, 72; usitatus, Gell. 13, 21, 21.

**ūsitor**, āri, vb. r. frq. [ut-or] be in the habit of using, Gell. 17, 1, 9.

**uspiam**, adv. [only a variety of nsquam, as quisquam is of quisquam] anywhere, somewhere, chiefly in neg. sentences, Quibus nunc sollicitor rebus! Ne aut ille alserit Aut uspiam ceciderit (deciderit?), Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 12 (wb. uspiam has the authority of Donatus); uou dubitabam quin te ille in istis locis uspiam nisurus esset, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 2;

**2.** in questions, Num me expertus uspiam? Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 14; **3.** in conditions, perscrutabor fanum si inueniam uspiam Aurum, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 13; quam (legem) qui ignorat is est iniustus, siue est illa scripta nspiam siue nusquam, Cic. leg. 1, 42; **4.** with a gen., uspiam Scripturarum, Aug. ep. 164 (al. 99).

**1 usquam**, adv. [for us-i-quam, as a dat. to quisquam, which might have been u-bi-quam; and so : quisquam :: onr wher-e : ubeu :: (c)u-bi : cum] anywhere, somewhere, in any—, chiefly in neg. sentences, Non concedam neque

quiescam usquam noctu, neque diu (mss dius) prius quam..., Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 21; Numquam etiam fui usquam quin me amareut omnes plurimum, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 62; Neque istic neque alibi tibi usquam erit in uie mora, Andr. 2, 5, 9; iterum iste eui nullus esset usquam consistendi loens Romam se contulit, Cic. Flac. 50; **2.** in questions, Vide num eius color pudoris signum nsquam indiant, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 7; an quisquam nsquam gentiumst aeque miser? Hec. 3, 1, 13; **3.** in conditions, siquid Vsquam iustitias, Verg. 1, 604; hic si usquam totos eloquentiae aperire foutes licet, Quint. 6, 1, 51; **4.** and in relative clauses, as implying a conditioni, dubitem haud equidem implorare quod usquamst, Verg. 7, 311; Orbe locus mediost...Vnde quod est usquam, quamuis regionibus absit Inspicitur, Ov. M. 12, 41; **5.** after such a verb as miror, which in meaning approaches a neg., miror te cum Roma absis usquam potius esse, Cic. leg. 2, 2; **6.** with a gen. see Ter. Hec. above § 2; **7.** an old form cusquam suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Nec mi umbra cusquamst nisi in puteo quaepiam, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 82; Non concedam neque quiescam cusquam noctu neque diu, Merc. 5, 2, 21.

**2 usquam**, adv. [as an acc. to quis-quam; cf. us-que] to any place, to some place, in neg. sentences, Aut me occide illinc si usquam probitam gradum, Pacuv. 341 R; ut se ipsa (sus) stans sustinere non possit neque progredi usquam, Varr. r. 2, 4, 11; uec uero usquam discedebam, Cic. Phil. 1, 1; non usquam prorepiet (formica), Hor. s. 1, 1, 37; add 2, 1, 31; 2, 7, 30; ps. Nep. Ag. 3; in Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 90 the reading doubtful; **2.** an old cusquam again claimed by Ritschl for Sequere hac me igitur. Equidem hau cusquam a pedibus apseedam tuis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 170.

**us-que**, adv. [quisque, us only the base of the rel., as was is in Germ.; for interchange of s with the final nasal cf. uersum uersus, and see iste] first, of place, every step, all the way, quite, even with reference to a limit from which or a limit to which or both, Cantantes licet usque (minus uia laedet) eamus, Verg. B. 9, 64; usque a mari supero, Cic. Clu. 192; quod eos (sonitus nostros) usque istine exauditos putem, Att. 1, 14, 4; Siculo prospexit ab usque Pachyno, Verg. 7, 289; uolucres et feras et animalia maris Oceano ab usque pteuerat (Tigellinus), Tac. an. 15, 37; usque ad oppidum, Naev. 107 R; Miletum usque obscuro? Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 21; theatrum ita resonans ut usque Romam uoces referantur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 42; in Galliam et trans Alpes usque transfertur, Quiet. 12; **2.** of time, every minute, all the time, always, quite, even, Inde usque ad diurnam stellam crastinam potabimus, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 62; Vel usque dum regnum optinebit Iuppiter, 5, 1, 28; Cessatum usque adhuc est, Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 23; opinio usque ab heroicis ducta temporibus, Cic. diu. 1, 1; usque ad extremum diem uitae, am. 33; Vsque sub extremum brumae intractabilis imbrem, Verg. G. 1, 211; inde (from that time) usque repetens, Cic. Areh. 1, 1; 3; Allatres licet usque nos et usque, Mart. 5, 60, 11; **3.** with reference to other limits, usque ad rauium poseam, Pl. Aul. 2, 5, 10; Ctesiphone et istam psaltriam Vsque occidit, quite, absolutely, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; adenserent omnes consulare usque ad Pompeium Collegam; ille etc., all down to, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 20; ad usque ludibria ebriosus, Gell. 15, 2, 2; poenas dedit usque superque quam satis est, uenit to satisty and more, Hor. s. 1, 2, 65; **4.** usque sometimes precedes, sometimes follows the noun (or prep.) to wh. it is attached, see exx. above; **5.** an old form cusque suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Ego has habebō cusque in petaso pinulas, Pl. Amph. pr. 143; so again to Bergk (Beitr. 119) in: Sed pater illarum nsquam (implied in pesquam of mss V D) eas perdidit, Mari terraque cusque quoquo quaeritat, Poen. r. 105; Ibi ego te replebo cusque uuguentum geumatis, 3, 3, 88.

**usque** -adeo, -adhuc, -admodum, -affatin, -antehac, -donec, -dum, -quaque, -quo, -quoad, see the separate words.

**usta**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a colouring matter or paint of two kinds, one erimson (purpurea), Vitr. 7, 11 f.; Plin. 35,



38; one red made of white lead (cerussa), Plin. ib.; Isid. orig. 19, 17 med.

**Vstica**, ae, f. prob. a village, near Horace's Sabiue farm, some say mountain or valley, Valles et Vsticæ cubantis Leuia personuere saxa, Hor. od. 1, 17, 11; 2. an island on the coast of Sicily, Plin. 3, 92.

**ustilium**, ii, n. dim. [usta] a colour, lamp-black, Isid. orig. 19, 28.

**ustilago**, inis, f. a wild thistle, Apul. herb. 109.

**ustio**, ðnis, f. [ur-] burning, sarinenta quæ tibi ustioni supererunt in segete comburito, Cato r. 38, 4; Plin. 36, 155; 2. as a medical agent, Cels. 8, 2, p. 330, 15 D; 3. of a mustard-plaster, Plin. 20, 238.

**ustor**, ðris, m. a burner, as of a corpse, Catul. 59, 5; Mart. 3, 93, 26; Robora non desint misero nec sordidus ustor (Pompeio), Lucan. 8, 738; and met., qui cum tantum ausus sit ustor pro mortuo, quid signifer pro uiuo non esset ausus? Cic. Mil. 90 (of the burning down of the Curia).

**ustrina**, ae, adj. f. as sb. [ustor] a place for burning a corpse, ustriuas in eum locum traieundas curauerunt, inser. Or. 4517; ubi combustus quis, alibi uero est sepultus, is locus ustrina uocatur, Paul. ex Fest. 32; intra muros ciuitatis ustrina fieri non potest, Paul. dig. 1, 21, 3; of the ass being burnt alive, Apul. M. 7, p. 196.

**ustrinum**, i, n. the same, huic monumento u. applicari non licet, inser. Or. 4384; add 4385; Or.-Henz. 7371.

**ustulaticius**, adj. of the class of things burnt, not. Tir. 165.

**ustulatio**, ðnis, f. singeing, = ἀποκαυσίς, Gloss. Cyr.

**ustulo**, (ustilo) ðre, vb. dim. [us of uro with exrescent t] burn slightly, singe, scripta...Infelicibus ustulanda lignis, Catul. 36, 8 (mss ustulanda); taleae oleagineae ustulatae, Vitr. 1, 5, 3; palis ustulatis alceis, 5, 12, 6; caput (i. e. crines) ferro, Priap. 46; 2. of frost, nip, gemmas frigoris ustulauit aura, Priap. 62.

**ustus**, part. of uro; 2. ustum as sb. n. a burn, acanthi radices nstis mire prosunt, Plin. 22, 76; medetur (oleum amygdalinum) furunculis et a sole ustis, 23, 85.

**usu-ũlia**, e, adj. for use, mancipia siue uenalia siue usualia, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 3; 2. ordinary, usual, sermo, Sid. ep. 4, 10; vii unciis usualibus, cod. Th. 7, 13, 3; 3. usually, adv. usually, Cass. uar. 2, 39; 9, 3.

**usu-ũrius**, adj. for use, ligna, Gell. 4, 1, 22; 2. as opposed to what is owned, seruus, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 14; cod. Iust. fr. 2, 15, 1; ancillae, 12, 6; res, 23, 7, 8; 3. as sb. m. one entitled to the use; Paul. dig. 7, 8, 15; Mod. 7, 8, 21.

1 **usũ-cãpio**, cãpẽre cãpi captum, vb. [usu an abl. by use] become owner of by prescription, that is by having been left in undisputed possession for a certain time fixed by law, lex xii tabularum soli quidem res biennio usucapi iussit, ceteras uero anno, Gai. 2, 54; but the time greatly lengthened by Justinian, Inst. 2, 6, pr.; nihil esse quod laboraretur, quoniam hereditas nuscupata esset, and soon after, de tutela legitima nihil usucapi posse, Cic. Att. 1; 5, 6; sanctum est ut nihil mortales a dis immortalibus usucapere possint, har. r. 32; scis iam biennium transisse omniaque me usucapisse, Plin. ep. 5, 1, 10; nullam penes culpam esse quod Hannibal uelut usucapisset Italiam, Liv. 22, 44, 6; ex iure Quiritium mea permanebit (res) donec tu eam possideas usucapias, Gai. 2, 41; add 1, 111; 2, 50, 63, and 94; 3, 201; 4, 36; 2. even of a woman, usu in manum conueniebatur quæ anno continue nupta perseuerabat, nam uelut annua possessione usucapiebatur in familiam uiri transibat, Gai. 1, 111 (see usurpo § 2); to prevent this it was necessary, ut quotannis trinocio abesset adque ita usum cuiusque anni interrumpere (Gai. ib.); often written as two words, and even divided by words or inverted, propius est ut usu eas capere non possis, Pomp. dig. 41, 3, 29; filius pro donato non capiet usu, Paul. 41, 6, 1, 1.

2 **usũ-cãpio**, ðnis (note the long a), f. acquisition of ownership by use or prescription, usucapio est adeptio domini per continuationem possessiouis anni uel biennii, rerum mobilium anni, immobilium biennii, Ulp. fr. 19;

add Gai. 2, 43—59; 2. in Cic. leg. 1, 55 some mss have usucapioncin, wh. Halm adopts and writes as two words; Ulp. dig. 41, 9, 1, 2 has usu quoque capio cessabit;

3. qty. of tho a proved by: ut hæc usucapio dicitur copulato uocabulo a litera in eo tractim pronuntiat, ita pignoris capio iuncte et producte dicebatur, Gell. 6, 10, 1.

**usũ-fãcio**, ðre, vb. make one's own by use or prescription, M. Quoius nunc es? S. Tuos, nam pignus usufecisti tuom (or written as two words), Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 219.

**usũfructu-ãrius**, adj. m. as sb. one who has the usufruct, usufructuary, Gai. 2, 30; Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 7.

**usũra**, (ussura) ac, f. [implies a sb. usor from nt-] use, enjoyment, Atque hæc postremo solis usuram cape, Att. 507 R; Neque adeo hasco (sc. aedis) emi mihi neque usuræ meae, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 144; eius corporis, Amph. pr. 108; unius horæ, Cic. Cat. 1, 29; uitæ, Tusc. 1, 93; gloriæ, Vell. 2, 34, 2; 2. esp. the use of money, quis posse fieri cogitauit ut cum senatus usura publicanos sæpe uiuisset, magistratus a publicanis pecuniam pro usura auderet auferre? Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 168; 3. hence interest for money lent, sed ut non uendam eique usuram pendam a quo emero, non plus annum possum assequi, Cic. Att. 12, 22, 3; uiri boni usuras perscribunt, 9, 12, 3; certare cum usuris fructibus prædiorum, Cat. 2, 18, to enter into a battle of rents against interest on debts; rogo cures ut Atilio meo salua sit non sors (the principal) modo uerum etiam usura plurius annorum, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 5; 4. met., nec unquam sine usura reddit (terra) quod accepit, sed alias minore plerumque maiore cum fenore, Cic. sen. 51; proinde mitte (litteras) adpositis quidem usuris quas ego (num parcius possum?) centesimas comptabo, Plin. ep. 9, 28, 5.

**usũrãrius**, (ussur.) adj. of which one has the use, but not ownership, uxor usuraria (Alcumeua), Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 36; puer, Curc. 3, 12; 2. of interest, out at, subject to the payment of interest, Vbi aera perscribantur usuraria, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 53; pecunia, Ulp. dig. 16, 2, 11; debitor, Papin. 21, 1, 7; opposed to proprius, alumnis sestertium decies singulis reliquit usurarium potius quam postumum, Front. ad am. 1, 17.

**usũ-rẽceptio**, ðnis, f. recovering ownership by prescription, Gai. 2, 59—61.

**usũ-rẽcipio**, ðre, vb. recover ownership by prescription, i. e. recipere per usucapionem, Gai. 2, 61.

**usũrpãbilis**, e, adj. available, Tert. Marc. 2, 6 med.

**usũrpãticius**, adj. [usurpator] belonging to the class of things usurpata, causae, consult. uet. Icti c. 9.

**usũrpãtio**, ðnis, f. [usurpa-] the interruption of an adverse use by the assertion of a right, so as to prevent such use from growing into ownership by prescription, usurpatio est usucapionis interruptio, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 2; sint igitur decemuirii, neque ueris comitiis neque illis ad speciem atque ad usurpationem uetustatis per xxx lictores auspicio rum causa adumbratis constituti, Cic. agr. 2, 31; a book do usnrpationibus was written by the Appins Claudius who made the Appia Via, dig. 1, 2, 36; 2. assertion of a right or principle if only in words, cum ciuem se Romanum esse diceret, ne moram quidem mortis mentione atque usurpatione ciuitatis assequi potuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 166; diuisus ordo (iudicium) erat superba usurpatione nominum cum alius se nongentum (one of the 900), alius selectum, alius tribunum (sc. aeris) appellaret, Plin. 33, 31; qui consoletur se usurpatione et renouatione doctrinae, Cic. Brut. 250; so Scipio when saluted by Spaniards as king bade them, regalem animum in se esse iudicarent, uocis usurpatione abstinerent, Liv. 27, 19, 5; 3. hence vaguely; use, hæc u. itineris insoliti quo nobis spectare uidetur? Liv. 41, 23, 14; 4. in late writers, assertion with a bad title, usurpation, both with a protesting epithet and absol., praua usnrpatione obtinuit, cod. Iust. de r. § 8; tyranni usurpatione proeucti, cod. Th. 15, 14, 8; per uim atque usurpationem uindicare, 9, 40, 16.

**usũrpãt-ĩuus**, adj. = usurpaticius, belonging to the class of things usurpata, sanctioned by use alone, archaic; used only as a technical term in gramuar, n. species uerborum,



the usurpative mood (so to say) including gerund and supine, as having the anomaly of giving to vbs. the case-endings of nouns, Diom. 389, 41 and 45: Maer. do diff. 2764, 5; 2765, 31; **2.** usurpative, adv. as sanctioned by use alone, Scriv. speaking of hordea ad Verg. G. 1, 210, and abusive ad A. 7, 289; of a foot-measure in use as opposed to the natural foot, gramat. (Lachm.) 372, 31.

**Usurpator**, ōris, m. only in very late writers with or without protesting epithet, usurper, u. indebitae potestatis, Amm. 26, 7, 12; alieni iuris u., Nov. Val. 2, 8, 1: u. tanti nominis, Symm. Valent. 1, 22.

**Usurpator-ius**, adj. of a nsurper, temeritas, cod. Th. 11, 16, 11.

**Usurpator-ix**, icis, adj. f. [usurpator] usurping, arrogant, Salv. gub. D. 3, 12.

**Usurpo**, (ussurpo Pl.) āre, vb. [implies a noun usurpator, one who breaks a user, from rup of rumpo; cf. indic-are remig-are etc. See also usurpatio and i usucapio § 2] interrupt the user of another by the assertion of a right, assert (a right as of ownership, servitude etc.) by some act, C. Flaccus flamen (Dialis)...rem intermissam per multos annos repetiuit, in senatum ut introiret; and soon after: praetor non exoletis exemplis stare ius sed recentissimae consuetudinis usu tolebat; nec patrum nec aorum memoria Dialelem quemquam id ius nsurpasse, Liv. 27, 8, 9; id iure imperii nostri quotannis usurpatum ac semper retentum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 51; hac diuisione utuntur, sed ita, non ut iure aut iudicio recuperare amissam possessionem, sed ut iure ciuili surculo defringendo (by breaking off a branch of a tree, as an act of an owner) usurpare uideantur, or. 3, 110; multis officiis usurpata cognatio, Verr. 2, 5, 125; negabat iure ciuitatem Romanam usurpare quorum etc., Suet. Cal. 38; biennio omnia intercidit (sc. scruius) et biennio usurpata recipitur, Paul. dig. 1, 17, 2; nec per ceteros qui duxerunt (sc. aquam) eius ius nsurpatum esse, cod. Iust. 16, 8, 6;

**2.** so of a woman, nsurpari (refl.), to interrupt a user as to herself by an absence of three nights in the year from one with whom she was living as a wife that she might not become uxor u. and so forfeit her independence (see i usucapio § 2), Q. Mucium iureconsultum dicere solitum legi non esse usurpatam mulierem, quae cum Kal. Ian. apud uirum matrimonii causa esse coepisset, a. d. III Kal. Ian. sequentes nsurpatum isset: non enim posse impleri trinoctium, quod abesse a uiro usurpandi causa ex duodecim tabulis deberet, quoniam etc., Gell. 3, 2, 12; **3.** met., O baratum (so mss) ubi's nunc? ut ego te usnrpam lubens, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 40, how gladly would I assert my title to you by taking possession; nomen qui usurpat meum, Enn. tr. 205 V, who takes the liberty of using my name;

**4.** enter upon (as a right), hereditates, Tac. an. 15, 19; and met., auis meus Agrippae usurpare otium post labores concessit, 14, 55; **5.** as rights and duties are blended together, perform (a duty), officium, Cic. am. 8; munia, Tac. h. 4, 49 f.; officia, Snet. Tib. 11; **6.** exercise the privilege of eyesight, hearing, touch etc. as to—, Quas ego neque oculis neque pedibus umquam ussurpauis meis, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 4; S. Pardaliscia. P. Perii; unde meae ussurpauit aures sonitum? Cas. 3, 5, 9; nec frigora quimus Vsurpare oculis, Lucr. 1, 300; cum iam destiterunt ea sensibus ussurpare, 4, 975;

**II 7.** by speech or writing assert a right to (see usurpatio § 2); **8.** by speaking save from oblivion, recall to mind, keep alive, inter uouam rem uerbum ussurpabo uctus, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 29; desiderium mei nominis renouari et rerum gestarum memoriam ussurpari coegit, Cic. ad sen. 37; quis est qui C. Fabricii non cum caritate aliqua memoriam ussurpet? am. 28; soleo saepe ante oculos ponere idque libenter ebris ussurpare sermonibus omnes imperatorum res gestas cum tuis nec magnitudine nec numero posse conferri, Marc. 5;

**9.** speak with authority, lay down, sanction, praeclare est hoc usurpatum a doctissimis, Cic. parad. 33; haec consolatioes quae sunt a sapientissimis uiris ussurpatae memoriaeque litteris proditae, fam. 5, 16, 3; sed de hoc postea ussurpandum quom de poetis dicemus, Varr. l. 6, p. 229 Sp.; **10.** as the interruption of a user must be repeated

from time to time to be effective, hence the idea of habit, as first in acts, practice, Rex, quae in uita ussurpant homines cogitant curant uident, Att. Brut. 29 R; quod in quibusdam prouinciis ussurpatur ut cornibus illicetur iugum, Colum. 2, 2, 22; ussurpatur est ut his quoque ius dicatur, Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 6; **11.** use (words) habitually, call habitually, crebro ussurpat et consul et Antonius, Cic. Phil. 2, 70; nomen uirtutis, parad. 17; C. Laelius qui sapiens ussurpatur, off. 2, 40; quos fratres inter se ussurpare atque appellare uideamus, Tim. 11; hoc enim nomine nsurpant agricolae ramos promiuentium, Colum. 5, 6 med.; **12.** in the best writers illegality must be expressed or implied in context to make up the idea, ussurp, as: consuetudo ussurpata contra legem, Traj. ad Plin. 115 Keil; peregrinae condictionis homines uentui ussurpare Romana nomina, duntaxat gentilitia; euitatem Romanam ussurpantes... securi percussit, Suet. Claud. 25 (a full stop after gentilitia is an error); quisquis illicitem collegium ussurpauerit, Ulp. dig. 47, 22, 2; **13.** in very late writers, absol. ussurp, ussurpatum nomen (tutoris), cod. Th. 14, 10, 8; ussurpare immunitatem solnendi publici uectigalis, Paul. dig. 39, 4, 9, 8; see usurpatio § 4, nsurpator etc.

**Usur-ūla**, ae, f. dim. [usura] = τραπεζιον, Gloss. Phil.

**1 usus**, part. of utor.

**2 usus**, (older oesus, see § 9) ūs, m. use, practice, exercise, excitabat eos magnitudo causarum ut ad eam doctrinam quam suo quisque studio assecutus esset adiungeretur usus frequens qui omnium magistrorum praecepta superaret, Cic. or. 1, 15; assiduus usus uiri rei deditus et ingeuum et artem saepe uincit, Balb. 45; Veneti scientia atque usu nauticarum rerum reliquos antecedunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 8, 1; **2.** of human beings, intercourse, friendship, cum Metellis erat ei domesticus usus et consuetudo, Cic. Rose. Am. 15; id ipsum esset in tanto usu nostro tantaque amicitia molestum, Planc. 5; **3.** use, want, need, plures quam quot satis in usum erant ignes quum accendisset, Liv. 36, 10, 12; uoluerunt illum usum prouinciae supplere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 9; **4.** advantage, profit, benefit, magnos usus affert (arborum cousectio) ad nauigia facienda, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; Nescis quo ualeat nummus, quem praebeat usum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 73; **5.** in legal language the right of using, ius utendi as opposed to fructus or profits, as of land, house, slave, etc.; constituitur nudus, id est sine fructu, Gai. dig. 7, 8, 1; cui usus relictus est uti potest, frui non potest, Ulp. ib. 2; minus iuris est in usu quam in usufructu, namque is qui fundi nudum habet usum nihil ulterius habere intelligitur quam ut oleribus pomis floribus feno stramentis et lignis ad usum cottidiam utatur, and so on, Inst. inst. 2, 5; fundi usu legato licebit usuario et ex penu quod in annum dumtaxat sufficiat capere, Paul. dig. 7, 8, 15; but the usus and fructus generally go together, see usufructus; **6.** undisputed possession for a certain time often gives a title to ownership, hence usu by prescription, see usucapio vb. and sb. and usurpo; **7.** usus est there is occasion for, there is need of, first with abl. and perf. part., iam faxo scies Quam subito argento mi usus inuento siet, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 48; Vbi usus nihil erat (ei) dicto Spondeo Dicebat, Trin. 2, 4, 102; facto, Amph. 1, 3, 7 and Rud. 2, 3, 67; **8.** or abl. alone, argenti minis, Pl. As. 1, 1, 76; ad eam rem usus est tua mi opera, Pers. 2, 5, 27; Octauius reduceret naues quibus censuli usus non esset, Liv. 30, 41, 8; nunc uiribus usus, Nunc manibus rapidis, omni uisu arte magistra, Verg. 8, 441; **9.** with acc. of neuter pron., idem ad plebem quod oesus erit ferunto, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10; Egomet mihi fero quod usust, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 13; but in Ps. 1, 3, 151 the reading should be: Ad eam rem usust homine astuto docto scito callido (callido being in A) and not hominem astutum etc.; **10.** usui est, ex usu est, it is of use, bono usui estis nulli, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 15; Satrius fuit mihi magno usui, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 3; peritos legum peregrinarum ad condenda noua iura nsui fore, Liv. 3, 33, 5; magis opportunus nec magis ex usu tuo Nemost, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 47; lubido opinio uenturi boni quod sit ex usu iam praesens esse, Cic. Tusc. 4, 14; folia mandere ex usu est,



Plin. 25, 175; **11.** usus uenit, need (for anything) occurs, si quis usus uenerit, Meminisse ego hanc rem uos nolo, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 28; Non usus ueniet, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 42; and si usus ueniat, 45; **12.** usū uenire, to occur actually, cum mihi usum uenturum non arbitrarer ut..., Cic. fam. 3, 8, 6; eadem mihi usum uenirent, sen. 7; nou uenit idem usu mihi quod tu tibi scribis, Att. 7, 26, 1; where note the separation of usu, which is against writing usu uenit as one word; cf. too or. 1, 183 and Gell. 19, 12, 6; **13.** as a god, Vsus me (sc. Sapientiam) genuit, mater peperit miseria, Afr. 298 R; **14.** oisus as an old form, oisus etiam dicitur, sic eniui ueteres usum dixere, Mart. C. 53 G, 59, 1 Eyss.; but in 28 G, 31, 15 Eyss. his own word is usus, not oisus.

**ūsus-fructus**, two words, the twofold right to use and produce, the ius utendi and the ius fruendi, as opposed to ownership (dominium), ususfructus est ius alienis rebus utendi fruendi salua rerum substantia, Paul. dig. 7, 1, 1; uxori ancillarum nsumfructum legauit, Cic. top. 21; also with the two words separated, usum enim eius fundi et fructus, Caecliu. 19; add § 11 and Sen. ep. 98, 11.

**ūsū-uenit**, seo usus § 12.

**ūt**, and **ūtī** (older utēi), pronom. adv. or conj. [for cut, wh. =quod, base of relative; cf. si-cut, and uter, ubi etc. for euter, cubi] as, § I, 1—14; when, 15—19; where, 20; II, that, 21—32; III, in elliptical phrases, 33—35; IV, how, 36—38. Thus I, as, where it usually correlates with a following (or preceding) pronom. (adv. or adj.) as ita, sic, item, is, etc., Vt tui's item omnis censes esse, periuri caput? Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 55; Tu uti dixi macte his armis macte uirtute (mss uirtutum) patris, Att. 473 R; ut ille solebat, ita nunc mea repetet oratio populi Romani originem, Cic. rep. 1, 3; ut ille qui nauigat cum subito mare coepit horrescere, sic noster populus in bello sic paret ut regi, 1, 63;

**2.** esp. with quisque and superl., ut quisque optime dicit, ita maxime diendi difficultatem pertinescit (where a comparative is better suited to the English idiom, the more—the more—), Cic. or. 1, 120; ut quisque est uir optimus, ita difficillime esse alios improbos suspiciat, Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; ut quisque gradu proximus erat, ita ignominiae obiectus, Liv. 9, 6, 1;

**3.** at times with positive adj. or comp. or a verb denoting distinction, ut quisque aetate antecedit, ita sententiae principatum tenet, Cic. sen. 64; sed uti cuique obuiam fuerat, sic ferrum alius etc., Att. 263 R; ludos medio rationis atque abundantiae duxit, uti longe a luxuria, ita famae propior, Tae. Agr. 6;

**4.** with superl. and posse (for quam), haec ut breuissime dici poterunt, ita a me dicta sunt, Cic. or. 2, 174;

**5.** ut and ita are also used to contrast differences, though—, yet—; haec omnia ut inuitis, ita non aduersantibus patriciis, Liv. 3, 55, 15; ut locus procul muro satis aecus agendis uineis fuit, ita haudquam prospere postquam ad effectum operis uentum est coeptis succedebat, 21, 7, 6; Saguntini ut a proclis quietem habuerant per aliquot dies, ita non nocte non die umquam cessauerant ab opere, 21, 11, 5;

**6.** the correlative part at times precedes, ea senatus animum aduertit ita uti aequum fuit, CIL 201, 4; ita est ut serihiis, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1;

**7.** or is altogether suppressed, esp. in parentheses, quem, ut scitis, unice dilexi, Cic. rep. 1, 1; tu cum omnium rerum cupiditati resistes, ut facis..., Q. fr. 1, 1, 7; as also in short sentences, causas ut honorificentissimis uerbis potuero (potero?) complectar, Phil. 14, 29; appellat hominem ut blandissime potest, Clu. 72;

**8.** often in parentheses, so as to shew that the special proposition is in accordance with the general character, illi, ut est hominum genus suspiciosum, hoc arbitratur (with that readiness to suspect which characterises the race), Cic. Caecliu. 28; permulta alia colligit Chrysiippus, ut est in omni historia curiosus, Tusc. 1, 108; aiunt hominem, ut erat furiosus, respondisse..., Rosc. Am. 33;

**9.** also in parentheses, to qualify an assertion, as: to judge from—, Vt stam rein uideo, stius obsaturabere, Ter. Haut. 4, 8, 29; hauscio hercle, ut homost, an mutet animum, Ph. 5, 1, (2), 9;

**10.** also, making allowance for, considering, compared with, hi quidem (sc. Solo et Pisistratus), ut populi Romani aetas est, senes; ut Atheniensium saecula nume-

rantur, adolescentes debent uideri, Cic. Brut. 39; ciuitas ampla atque florens ut est captus Germanorum, making allowance for the capabilities of the Germans, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; **11.** more frequently in elliptical clauses without a verb, Themistocles ut apud nos perantiquus, ut apud Athenienses non ita sane uetus, Cic. Brut. 41; multum ut temporibus illis ualuit dicendo, ib. 27; et erat quum litteris Latinis tum etiam Graecis ut temporibus illis eruditus, ib. 28; nonnihil ut in tantis malis est profectum, fam. 12, 2, 2; multae ut in homine Romano litterae, sen. 12;

**12.** still in parentheses and elliptically, as was to be expected, condicioes tristes ut ab irato uictore ferebantur, Liv. 21, 12, 4; **13.** in giving instances, as, for example, in feris inesse fortitudinem saepe dicimus, ut in equis in leonibus, Cic. off. 1, 50; in libero populo, ut Rhodi, ut Athenis, rep. 1, 47;

**14.** of timo with imperfect tenses, just as, Nam ut numerabatur forte argentum, interuenit Homo de improuiso, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 52; **15.** with the aorist, past perfect, or historic present, when, the moment that, homo ut haec audiuit sic exarsit ut..., Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 64; fuga satellitum ut iacentem uidere regem factast, Liv. 24, 7, 7; legionis nonae et decimae milites ut in acie constitentur Atrabates in flumen compulerunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 1; ut extrema resoluta erant, tota rate in secundam aquam labente, Liv. 21, 47, 3; Scipio L. Furium ut salutauit auicissime adprehendit et in leoto suo conlocauit, and soon after, eum quoque (sc. Rutilium) ut salutauit propter Tiberonem iussit adsidere, Cic. rep. 1, 17;

**16.** often with statim added to main verb; or with primum to ut, littoras scripsi hora decima statim ut tuas legeram, Cic. Att. 2, 12, 4; ego ut primum loqui posse coepi, Quaesio inquam quid moror in terris? rep. 6, 15; **17.** but with perf. pass., and the main vb. a past imperf., every time that—, that instant—; ut quisque me uiderat narrabat, Cic. Verr. 1, 19; ut cuiusque sors excederat, alacer arma capiebat, Liv. 21, 42, 3;

**18.** to denote a point from which a period of time commences, from the moment that, ever since, ut Catilina erupit ex urbe, semper uigilauit, Cic. Cat. 3, 3; Quin ut dudum deuerti abs te, redeo nunc demum domum, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 71; Segregatum habuisse, uxorem ut duxit, a me Pamphilum, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 26; ut ab urbe discessi nullum adhuc intermisi diem quin aliquid ad te litterarum darem, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 1; add: ut Brundisio profectus est..., Manil. 35; ut uenit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 128; ut fluxit, epod. 7, 19; ut equitauit, od. 4, 4, 42; ut tetigi, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 27;

**19.** sometimes strengthened by semel or primum, Quaesio omittit ac desere hanc Moretricem quae te semel ut nactast semper studuit perdere, Turpil. 161 R; Quia septem menses snnt, quom in hasee aedis pedem Nemo intro tetulit, semol ut emigratumus, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 40; Arionistum ut semel Gallorum copias proelio uicrit, superbe imperare (wh. the directa oratio would have been: Arionistus...uicrit...imperat), Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 12; ut primum forum attingi, spectauit semper ut tibi possem quam maxime esse coniunctus, Cic. fam. 5, 8, 3; ut primum potestas data est, nihil praetermisi in te ornando, 10, 13, 1;

**20.** rarely where, Siue in extremos penetrabit Indos, Litus ut longe resonante eoa Tuuditur unda, Catul. 11, 3; totius ut laeus...liuidissima est uorago, 17, 10;

**II 21.** that, with snbj. in explanation of a preceding pronom. adv. or adj., ita sic is etc., esp. the referenco is to the future, milibus passuum duobus ultra eum castra fecit eo consilio uti frumento Caesarem intereluderet, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 2; explicauit sententiam meam et eo quidem consilio tuum iudicium ut cognoscerem, Cic. fin. 1, 72; hic dies hunc habuit euentum ut maximus numerus hostium uulneraretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 5; quod si id uos suscipitis et eam ad rem operam uestram profiteamini, si idcirco sedetis ut ad uos addueant eorum liberi quorum bona uenerunt, caute. iudices, ne noua per uos proseriptio instaurata esse uideatur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 153; cf. the use in Germ. of dass in reference to a preceding darüber darcin etc.;

**22.** so also as complement to ita sic adeo iam tautus talis tot is etc., as we use that after so, such etc., to mark the degree or quality, non sum ita hebes ut istuc dicam, Cic. Tusc. 1, 12; Tarquinius sic Seruim diligeat ut is



eius vulgo haberetur filius, rep. 2, 37; adone hospes es huius urbis ut haec nescias? Rab. per. 1, 28; non essent tam inurbanus uti eo grauarer quod uos enpere sentirem, or. 2, 365; temporis tanta fuit exiguitas ut ad galeas induendas tempus defuerit, Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 5; tales nos esse putamus ut iure laudemur, Cic. off. 1, 91; tot uestigiis impressa ut in iis errari uon posset, fam. 5, 20, 5; eo erant noln ut eos Arginus diceret, Tusc. 3, 53; Milo hoc fato natus est ut ne se quidem seruare potuerit quin una uos seruaret, Mil. 30; **23.** then with omission of such preceding word or words, as first to denote purpose, ab aratro abduxerunt Cincinnatum ut dictator esset, Cic. flu. 2, 12; quem ego credo...omnia Facturum, magis id adeo, mihi ut incommodet, Quam ut obsequatur gnato, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 135; aliis nocent ut in alios liberales sint, Cic. off. 1, 42; **24.** or to denote result, Aristoteles ait omnis ingeniosos melancholicos esse, ut ego me tardiore esse non moleste feram, Cic. Tusc. 1, 80; mons altissimus inpendebat ut facile perpauci prohibere possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; **25.** the object of verbs which imply a purpose, as vbs. of commanding, advising, begging, wishing, compelling, preventing, permitting, uti hoc in tabulam ahenam incederetis ita senatus aequum censuit, CIL 196, 26; Allobrogibus imperauit ut his frumenti copiam facerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 3; monet ut in relicum tempus omnis suspiciones uitet, 1, 20, 6; huic magnis praemiis persuadet uti ad hostes transeat, 3, 18, 2; patri persuasi ut eum tua congressione prohiberet, Cic. Phil. 2, 46; Per te ego deos oro... Ut me adiuues, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 6; nunc ecastor ut ueniat miles uelim, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 28; tenemus memoria Q. Catulum esse coactum ut uita se ipse priuaret, Cic. or. 3, 9; di prohibeant ut hoc praesidium sectorum existimetur, Rosc. Am. 151; siui animum ut expleret suum, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17; **26.** after vbs. of fearing, but (the reverse of the English idiom) with ut when the object in view is desired, Ornamenta...metuo ut possim recipere, I fear that I shall not be able..., Pl. Curc. 4, 1, 3; illa duo nereor ut tibi possim concedere, Cic. or. 1, 35; **27.** after vbs. of action to denote result, mors perfecti(t) tua ut essent omnia breuia, CIL 33, 2; ea Bacanalia...faciatis uti dismota sient, 196, 30; Faciam ut huius die loecue meique semper meminerit, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 20; temperantia effecit ut appetitioes rectae rationi parent, Cic. Tusc. 4, 22; dando et pollicendo perfecti uti omnibus suis rebus commodum regis anteferet, Sal. Iug. 16, 3; **28.** so with impersonal vbs. of happening, but here the ut clause is rather the nom. to the vb., accidit ut primus nuntiaret, Cic. Rose. Am. 96; quoniam nobis contigit ut aliquid essemus consecuti, rep. 1, 13; **29.** an ut-clause pointing to the future is also attached as nom. to est with a neut. adj. or adv., relicumst ut de felicitate pauca dicamus, Cic. Manil. 47; ei ne integrum quidem erat, ut ciuibus iura daret, Tusc. 5, 62; prope erat ut siuistrum cornu pelleretur Romanis, ni..., Liv. 40, 32, 5; **30.** but an ut-clause is also attached to impersonal vbs., aud to est with neut. adj. for predicate, though referring to what actually exists or existed, accessit eo ut milites eius conclamarint pacem se uelle, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 4; ad Appi Claudii senectutem accedebat etiam ut caecus esset, sen. 16; nerisimile non est ut monumentis maiorum pecuniam anteponeret, Verr. 2, 4, 11; potest illud quidem esse falsum ut circumligatus fuerit angui, sed ut in canis fuerit anguis non tam est nrum, diu. 2, 66; **31.** or even a sb., est enim hoc Gallicae consuetudinis, uti uiatores consistere cogant et quid quisque cognouerit quaerant, Caes. b. g. 4, 5, 2; sed est mos hominum ut nolint eundem pluribus rebus excellere, Cic. Brut. 84; **32.** so with a mere est, signifying it is a fact, sin est ut uclis Manere illam apud te, dos hic maneat, Demipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 32; Est ut uiro uir latius ordinat Arbusta sulcis...(still) aequa lege Necessitas Sortitur insignes ot iuos, Hor. od. 3, 1, 9; **33.** elliptical phrases, a verb of concession understood, euen granting that, euen supposing, Vt desint uires, tamen est laudanda uoluntas, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 79; ut enim cetera paria Tuberoni cum Varo fuissent, hoc certe praecipuum Tuberoni fuit, Cic. Lig. 27; uerum ut ita sit, tamen uon potes hoc quasi praeclarum

aliquid praedicare, Verr. 2, 3, 151; equidem ut uerum esset ..., tamen arbitrarer..., rep. 1, 11; facit duo seiuncta ultima bonorum, quae ut essent uera coniungi debuerunt, fin. 4, 40; quae (sc. natura rerum) ut uno consensu iuncta sit, quid habere mundus potest cum thesauri inuentione coninetum? diu. 2, 33; **34.** with some such phrases as potestne fieri understood, the idea that...! Egone auxilio nudus temere ut hosti me animato offeram? Att. 427 R; Egone ut te aduersum mentiar, mater mea? Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 9; Vtin istic prius dicat? Rud. 4, 4, 19 (a reading condemned by Lachmann ad Lucr. 4, 638, as it implies utin with a short i; but qu. utr' istic); impuratus me ille ut etiam irideat! Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 64; te ut ulla res frangat, tu ut unquam te corrigas! Cic. Cat. 1, 22; pater ut in iudicio capitis obesse filio debeat! Planc. 31; uictamne ut quisquam uictrici patriae praeferret! Liv. 5, 24, 10; this construction generally refers to the fut., while the indignat infin. refers to past or present; **35.** in wishes, oh that, Vt illum di perdant qui primum holor cepam protulit! Naev. com. 19 R; Vt illum di perdant primus qui horas reperit! Aquil. 1 R; Vt te di omnes infelicent cum malo monita memoria! Caec. 114; Vt te quidem di deaeque omnes quantumst cum tuo, Syre, istoc iuucto cumque incepto perduint! Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 6; Vt te di deaeque...perdant! Eun. 2, 3, 11; **IV 36.** how, first in indirect questions with subj., credo te audisse ut me circumsteterint, ut aperte iugula sua pro meo capite P. Clodio ostentarent, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 4; uidete ut hoc iste corixerit, Verr. 2, 1, 115; Infandum regina iubes renonare dolorem, Troianas ut opes et lamentabile regnum Ernerint Danai, Verg. 2, 3; Namque canebat uti magnum per inane coacta Semina...fuisse, B. 6, 32; **37.** in old writers and in poets with an indic., Eloquere, eloquere res Argiuom proelio ut se sustinet, Enn. tr. 323 R; Viden ut te impietas stimulat nec moderat metus? Att. 303; em uide ut discidit labrum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; noune uidet croceos ut Tmolus odores, Iudia mittit ebur, molles sua tura Sabaei? Verg. G. 1, 56; **38.** in direct questions or exclamations, ut uales? Pl. Most. 3, 2, 29; Vt saepe summa ingenia in occulto latent! Capt. 1, 2, 62; quae postea sunt in eum congesta, ut sustinuit...immo uero ut contempsit ae pro uihilo putauit! Cic. Mil. 64; Vt ualet? ut meminit nostri? Hor. ep. 1, 3, 12; **39.** for ut ut see utut in its place; **40.** in §§ 1, 2, 3; in 6, 7; in 21—24; in 27, 31, prob. 30, perhaps 34, uti and ut are used indifferently; scarcely so in the others; uti is never found before a vowel, says Munro ad Lucr. 2, 322; **41.** for qty. see § 36.

**ut-cumque**, (-cunque) conj. [qui-cumque :: ut : qui] however, howsoever, in whatever way, Vt-cunque in alto uentust, Epidice, exin uelum uortitur, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49; ille perfectus (orator) ut-cunque se affectum uideri uolet, ita certum uocis admoebet sonum, Cic. orat. 55; ut-cunque fereut ea facta minores, Vincet amor patriae, Verg. 6, 822; **2.** of time, whenever, Vt-cunque defecere mores Indecorant beue nata culpa, Hor. od. 4, 4, 35; ibimus ibimus Vt-cunque praecedes supremum Carpere iter comites parati, 2, 17, 11; add 3, 4, 29; **3.** no matter how much, although, nunc ipsarum partium (quarters of the world) magnitudo comparabitur: ut-cunque difficultatem adferet auctorum diuersitas, aptissime tamen spectabitur ad longitudinem latitudino addita, Plin. 6, 208; **4.** as adv. any how, at any rate, In quibus excepto quod adhuc ut-cunque ualeamus, Nil te praeterea quod iuuat inuenies, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 3.

**utens**, entis, part. of utur; **2.** as adj. whence utentior, one who uses more, illum fortasse adiuuat (magnitudo diuitiarum) qui habet. Ne id quidem semper. Sed fac iuuare: utentior sane sit, honestior uero quomodo? Cic. off. 2, 71.

**utensilis**, ē, adj. [ut-or-+i] useful, quid in Italia utensile non nascitur? Varr. r. 1, 2, 6; uiuere omnino nemo potest, si ignoret a quo quid utensile petere possit, Aug. c. D. 4, 22; **2.** utensilia as n. pl. necessities, or conveniences of life, exutus omnibus utensilibus miles, Liv. 3, 42, 5; quae uia secum dedidere (Campani), agrum urbemque diuina humanaque utensiliaque..., 26, 33, 13; (papyri) radicibus utuntur ad utensilia uasorum, Plin. 13,



72; utensilia quibus aut aliter hominum genus aut excolitur, Colum. 12 pr. 3; si fundus sit instructus legatus, et supellex continebitur et si quid aliud utensilium, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 28; whence

**utensilitas**, ātis, f. utility, ferri, Tert. hab. mul. 5.

**1 ūter**, utri, see uterus.

**2 ūter**, or utris, is, m. [uteri-; see ūterus] a skin, as forming a bag, Mollibus in pratis unctos saluere per utres, Verg. G. 2, 384; extra hastam...pabulum nrem follem si quid inneris ad consulem proferes, from the military oath, ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; esp. for holding things, as wind, Acolios Ithacis inelusimus utribus Euros, Ov. am. 3, 12, 29; wine, hircini utris uinariū cinis, Plin. 28, 240; uino legato utres non debebunt, Ulp. dig. 33, 6, 3 f.; uinariōs utres ferentes, Apul. M. 7, 11; but in Pl. Truc. 5, 11, Geppert has ampullam, not utrem; **2**. esp. used in crossing rivers, quibus (Hispanis) erat procliuē tranare flumen quod consuetudo eorum est ut sine utribus ad exercitum non eant, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 7; Hispani in utris uestimentis coniectis ipsi caetris superpositis incubantes flumen tranauere, Liv. 21, 27, 5; add: Front. str. 3, 13, 6; Curt. 7, 5, 10; Amm. 30, 1, 9; **3**. for supporting a raft, Arabes Ascitae appellati quoniam bubulos utres binos insterneutes pontem piraticam exereunt, Plin. 6, 176; **4**. met. Hor. s. 2, 5, 98; **5**. as sb. n., teget utria, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 231, p. 158 Gerl.; nonne alius haec utria alius dicitis hos utres, Arn. 1, 59, p. 41.

**3 ūt-er**, ut-ra, nt-rum, gen. ntrius, dat. utri, adj. [ut-ero- or rather cut-ero- comp. of ut or rather cut, base of the relative, = κού-ερο- = ποτ-ερο-, = whether Eng.] which of the two, first as relat., that of the two which, whichever of the two, Conuenit uicti utri sint eo proelio Vrbe agrum aras focos seque uti dederent, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 70; Optio haec tua est: utram harum uis conditionum (condicionum?) accipe, Cas. 2, 4, 12; Agedum Stice; uter demutassit poculo multabitur, St. 5, 4, 43; Uter ibi melior bellator erit inuentus cantharo Eum leges, Men. 1, 3, 5; add Pers. 3, 1, 14; uter magis ad sensum iudicis penetrarit, is uincat necesse est, Cic. part. or. 123; uidere uideor, quoties ille tibi optionem facturus sit ut eligas utrum uelis factum esse neene, utrum dixeris, id contra te futurum, Caecil. 45; non uter peccat tollit analogias sed uter recte dicit confirmat, quoted by Lachmann ad Lucr. 4, 839 without author; ei molestia erunt, in utro culpa erit, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 2; uter eorum uita superarit, ad eum pars utriusque peruenit, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 2; hic uobis bellum et pacem portamus; utrum placet sumite, Liv. 21, 18, 13; Ptolemaeus adire iussi et nuntiare, ni absistatur bello, per utrum stetisset, eum non pro amico nec pro socio habituros esse, 44, 19, 14; per utro stetit quominus discederetur ab armis, aduersos eos se pro alteris pugnaturos, 9, 14, 1; ut facile conuenerit... ntrius partis T. Manlius dnx fuisset, eius futuram haud dubie fuisse uictoriam, 8, 10, 8; nter aedilis fuerit uel Vestrum praetor, is instabilis et sacer esto, Hor. s. 2, 3, 180; placere...utri Hispania prouincia euenisset, eum duas legiones...secum portare, Liv. 33, 43, 3; Romam ueniret, 42, 25, 14; utrum uis elige, Sen. contr. 10, 9, 3; arbitrio sibi dato utram (sc. tabellam) uellet referret Romam, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 37; Cornelius et Maenius, uter eorum uolet, heres esto, Procul. 28, 5, 70 (69); **2**. interrog., first indir., Omnibus cura uiris ūter esset induperator, Enn. an. 86 V; ignorante rege uter Orestes esset, Cic. am. 24; flumeus est Arar incredibili lenitate ita ut oculis in utram partem fluat iudicari non possit, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; de praemiis quaeruntur duo: an ullo sit dignus qui petit an tanto; ex duobus, uter dignior; ex pluribus, quis dignissimus, Quint. 7, 4, 21; **3**. direct, uter uostrumst celerior? Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 42; uter nostrum Labiene popularis est, tunc...an ego...? Cic. Rab. perd. 11; **4**. indef., as an enclitic, esp. after si; cf. quis indef. and siquis; either, one of the two, si uter uolet recuperatores dabo, edict of Antonius ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 35; and also just before and just after; si una tabula sit, duo naufragi eique sapientes, sibiue uter (nterque) Baiter against mss; cf. § 12) rapiat, an alter cedat alteri? off. 3, 90; dirimitur matri-

monium diuortio morte captiuitate uel alia contingente seruitute utrius eorum, Paul. dig. 24, 2, 1; si cum utro eorum actum est, cum altero agi non potest, Ulp. 14, 1, 1, 24; **5**. for uter-cum-que, whichever of the two, no matter which of the two, with iudic. in best writers, horum utro uti nolumus, altero est utendum, Cic. Sest. 92; potest hoc esse falsum, potest uerum; sed utrum est, non est mirabile, diu. 2, 141 (see § 10); alii scripserunt a Philadelpho esse in cruce fixum (Zoillum), nonnullo Chii ei lapides esse coniectos, alii Smyrnae uinum in pyram coniectum, quorum utrum ei acciderit, merenti digna constitit poena, Vitr. 7, pr. 9—wh. uter is used incorrectly of more than two. Cf. our similar misuse of either; **6**. a double uter, uniting two questions in one, where the second admits the translation of 'the other,' reliquum est ut nihil iam quaerere aliud debeatis nisi uter utri insidias fecerit, Cic. Mil. 23; neque diiudicari posset uter utri uirtute antefereudus uideretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 14; nihil eo nomine potest agi, si non intelligitur uter ab utro euersus sit, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 45, 3; **7**. with a superfluous ne in direct questions, uterne Ad casus dubios fidit sibi certius, Hic qui..., an qui...? Hor. s. 2, 2, 107; see utrum § 5; **8**. with a preceding qui (i. e. if we may trust mss) both as relat. and indef., ipsa sunt per sese euentia et quod a Verrio dicitur et a uobis. Quod utrum ergo uidebitur cuique uerius, eo utatur, Gell. 17, 6, 11 (unless we ought to transpone quod to before a nobis); ad C. Laelium consulem Luciumque Cornelium consulem, siue quem ad utrum (dele utrum?) eorum ius erit, proferes (from milit. oath), Cine. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; cf. for text (which seems doubtful), Lachm. ad Lucr. 5, 839; **9**. utri, pl. speaks of two classes or sets, uter, sing. of two individuals, utros eius habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora, an utrosque nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; ineamus aliquam rationem qua utri utris imperent (Albani an Romani) sine multo sanguine utriusque populi decerni possit, Liv. 1, 23, 9; **10**. for uter uter? sed utrum est, non est mirabile, Cic. diu. 2, 141 (see § 5); **11**. uter in sing. with plur. vb., but only in old writers, Loquer uter meruisti culpam? Pl. Men. 5, 7, 21; uter eratis, tunc an ille, maior? 5, 9, 60; **12**. uterque etc. being often abbreviated, uterq; is apt to be taken for uter etc.; cf. sic utra esse apud nos, Varr. l. 9, 24, p. 477 Sp.; utrius ordinis, Vell. 2, 34, 3; possunt utrae competere, Paul. dig. 44, 7, 34; and conversely in Apnl. de deo Soer. 2 for utraque of mss we should read: utra horum uera sententia est (nam hoc postea uidero) tamen...; **13**. nom. ntris as well as uter, ατκος uter utri follis, Gloss.; **14**. gen. utrius, d. utri; but Charisius p. 132, 38 adds: ueteres utra utrae utrae; **15**. the i of gen. said to be long in prose, common in verse; thus Prisc. p. 968, 28 says: utrius, quia una superat syllaba (sc. nominatiuuu) licet in metris et producere et corripere, et quae ex his componuntur; the cases found make it always short, as: utrius horum Verba probes et facta doce, uel iunior audi, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 15; and ūtriusque, Lucr. 4, 503 and 1212; Catul. 68, 39; Hor. od. 3, 8, 5; Ov. F. 3, 571; Mart. 3, 27, 3 and spect. 13, 5.

**ūtercūlus** ut in Apul. M. 1, 13 read utriculo; in Plin. 11, 31 prob. uentriculo with Harduin.

**ūter-cumquē**, utra-c., utrum-c., adj. [i. qui-enique :: uter: qui] whichever of the two, no matter which of the two, with iudic., ita magna utrinque copia, ita paratae ad depugnandum esse dicuntur ut uterunque nicerit non sit mirum futurum, Cic. fam. 6, 4, 1; ntruncumque est (neque enim hoc loco meam interpono sententiam) hic erit liber maxime necessarius, Quiut. 5 pr. 3; sed utrumque erit prima sit curam ntr id quod fingimus fieri possit, 4, 2, 89; **2**. indef. either of the two, no matter which, sed utrocinque modo sequeretur summa confusio, Quint. 3, 6, 29; illud utrocinque nomine delectandi siue conciliandi officium, 12, 10, 59.

**ūterinus**, adj. [uterus] of the same mother, uterinus frater ac soror eodem gradu uocabuntur, cod. Th. 9, 42, 9, 3; res cum uterinis fratribus tibi communes, cod. Inst. 5, 62, 21.

**ūter-lūbet**, (-libet) utra-l., utrum-l., adj. [i. quilibet :: uter



: qui] first relat. which of the two you please, no matter which of the two, utrumlibet elige: alterum incredibile est, alterum nefarium, Cic. Quinct. 81; 2. indef. either of the two at (your) pleasure, si parti utrilibet omnino alteram detrahias, natura etiam sine doctrina multum ualebit, doctrina nulla esse sine natura potest, Quint. 2, 19, 2; quorum neutrum quidem reprehendo, cum sit utriusque Vergilius auctor; sed fingamus utrumlibet non recte dictum, 1, 5, 35; ex utralibet parte, Plin. 24, 13; utrolibet modo, Cels. 6, 18, p. 260, 5 D.

**üter-quē**, *utra-q.*, *utrum-q.*, *adj.* [: quisque :: uter: quis] each of the two, both, the one and the other, each of the two for itself (opposed to ambo, both together), Tu dedisti, hic iam daturus; istuc habeo hoc expeto; Verum utriusque mos geratur amborum ex sententia, Pl. Truc. 5, 69; magnam uim esse in fortuna in utramque partem, uel secuudias ad res uel aduersas, quis ignorat? Cic. off. 2, 19; suam sententiam in utramque partem esse tutam, Caes. b. g. 5, 29, 6; 2. repeated, each one the other, uterque utriusque est cordi, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 17; si et accusator et reus sunt tenebriones, uterque utrumque uituperato, Varr. s. 187, 4 R; cum uterque utriusque esset exercitus in conspectu, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; 3. uterque sing. of two individuals, utriusque of two classes, sets etc., Hoc beneficio uter ab utriusque uero deinceps, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 14 (de amatoribus puellisque); utriusque, et Socratici et Platonici, uolumus esse, Cic. off. 1, 2; utriusque uictoriam crudeliter exercebant (sc. populi senatusque fautores), Sal. Cat. 38, 4; 4. yet not unfrequently utriusque is used of two individuals, iubet me scyphos sigillatos ad praetorem afferre; binos habebam, iubeo promi utrosque, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; fratris salutem petit quam cum utriusque his (the two brothers of Ligarius) dederis, tres fratres reipublicae condouaueris, Lig. 36; hi utriusque (se. Marcus et Metellus) ad urbem imperatores erant, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; Elatiam et Gonnium recepit. Vtraque oppida in faucibus sunt qua Tempe adeunt, Liv. 42, 54, 8; palmas utraque tetendit, Verg. 6, 685; Antonium Natalem multa cum Seaeuino collocutum et esse utrosque C. Pisonis intimos, Tac. an. 15, 55; remouendos a republica utrosque (se. Cassium et Silanum) disseruit, 16, 7; 5. uterque with plural vb., cf. quisque; uterque insanienti, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 31; utraque festinant, Ov. M. 6, 59; adeo grauitur inter se conflixerunt (naues) ut nehemētissime utraque ex concursu laborarent, Caes. b. c. 2, 6, 5; 6. for qty. of utriusque see uter § 14.

**üter-uīs**, *utra-u.*, *utrum-u.*, *adj.* as pron. indef. [: quiuis :: uter: qui] either of the two you please, either, Vel ego amare utrumuis possim si probo adpotus siem, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 8; at minus habeo uirum quam uestrum uteruis, Cic. sen. 33; ut utrumuis saluo officio facere se posse arbitrarentur, Rose. Am. 4; 2. prov., deñptum tibi iam faxo omnein metum In anrem utramuis otiose ut dormias, to sleep on either side, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 101; and with jesting variety, P. De istae re in oculum utrumuis conuiesceto. C. Vtrum in oculum an in aurem? P. Hoc peruolgatumst nimis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 121.

**üterus**, *i. m.* [see below] lit. skin, like uter, utris; but practically the belly, transversum ex ualida membrana septum est (i. e. the diaphragm) quod a praecordiis uterum diducit, Cels. 4, 1, p. 121, 7 D; ferme uirgini (Ex)crecit uterus tanquam grauidae mulieri, Afran. 33 R; utero pariter gibboque tumentem, Iuv. 10, 308; Dissiliuit stringens uterum membrana fluuntque viscera, Lucan. 9, 773; resupinandum corpus esse res ipsa testatur, ut in uterum siue intestinum siue omentum est delabatur, Cels. 7, 14, p. 291, 7 D (speaking of umbilical hernia): Quaeque per abrasas ntero demittere fauces (queunt), Lucan. 6, 115; 2. esp. of the pregnant belly (uolua—wh. see—was the technical name of the womb or uterus), Nam illi quidem uterum quod sciam nunquam extumere sensi, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 98; laborans utero puellae, Hor. od. 3, 22, 2; Diuā potens ütēri (se. Luēina), Ov. M. 9, 315; mitti (sanguinem) femiuis uterum nou gerentibus uetus est, Cels. 2, 10, p. 52, 5 D; 3. met. of the earth first producing men, Crescebant uteri terram radicibus apti, Lucr. 5, 808; cf. Censor. 4, 9; Lact. inst. 2, 11, 9; 4. phrase:

si aneilla uno utero marem et feminam peperisset, Ulp. dig. 34, 5, 10, 1; 5. of pregnant animals, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; Plin. 8, 28; also 43 and 151; 6. of things, naues lato utero, Tac. an. 2, 6; dolii, Colum. 12, 4, 5; 7. uter nom., nunc uter Crescit non potest celari, Caecil. 95 R; and perh. in Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5 we should read: nam [olim] me puero uter erat solarium, wh. Herz by conj. nenter, Gron. uterns; also uterum, i. n., ut uterum cruciatur mihi! Turp. 179 R; sedit uterum, Afran. 346 R; Perii mea nutrix; obsecro te uterum dolet, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 10; 8. uter, utris and uterus, i etc., like the pron. uter, have lost an initial c; and so arc akiu to cut-i-, skin. Cf. Old N. kvi-š-r, A.-S. cwiš, Go. gith-us, 'belly.'

**ütī**, *conj.* [ut + ?] see ut.

**ütib-üis**, *e. adj.* [implies a secondary vb. ut-ib- from üt-i, like trib (ter-ib) from ter; cf. trib-ulum, tri-üi, τριβ-] useful, serviceable, expedient, fit, Magis esse ad rem utile non potest, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 19; Eamus intro: non utilibilis hic locus, Merc. 5, 4, 45; hi (serui) solent esse eris utiles, Most. 4, 1, 2; Quid minus ütibile fuit quam hoc uleus tangere? Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 9.

**üt-üis**, *e.* (old form otilis or oetilis) *adj.* useful, serviceable, fit, Adprime in uita esse utile ut ne quid nimis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 34; non igitur faciat quod utile sit quod expedit? Cic. off. 3, 76; Quernaquo glans uictast ütillörē cibo, Ov. F. 1, 676; 2. with ad of purpose for which, homini ad nullam rem utili, Cic. off. 3, 29; siluestre (lapathum) ad multa medicamina utile est, Plin. 19, 185; narratio est rei factae utilis ad persuadendum expositio, Quint. 4, 2, 31; ea quae ad refectionem utilia essent adportanti, Venul. dig. 43, 19, 4; 3. with dat. of person to whom, neque id uobeis neque rei popliceae uostrae otile esse faecere, CIL 201, 9; si facillime quod tibi utilissimum erit consilii capies, Dolab. ap. Cic. fam. 9, 9, 2; Capsam aliosque locos sibi utiles amiserat, Sal. Iug. 97, 1; materiam et cetera adificanti utilia congerere, Quint. 7, pr. 1; 4. hence also with dat. of purpose, expedire quosdam utilia operi (uidere), Liv. 9, 2, 12; uoci utilissimo suco (glycyrrizae) sicut spissata est linguae subdito, Plin. 22, 25; non fuit hoc utile absolute, sed quod est maius homini fuit, Quiut. 11, 1, 11; et fraxinus utilis hastis, Ov. M. 10, 93; uasa utilia culturae quae sunt aratra..., Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 8; 5. with abl. of the wherein, in what respect, with, Et pedibus Pterelas et naribus utilis Agre, Ov. M. 3, 212; bis pomis utilis arbor, Verg. G. 2, 150; 6. with inf. of purpose, Adspirare et adesse choris erat utilis (se. tibia simplex foramine pauco), Hor. A. P. 204; 7. in law, u. actio, a form of action especially allowed by the praetor, where no legal actio (directa actio) could be brought, in which a fiction was assumed as the basis, praetor utiles actiones ei et in eum qui receipt hereditatem quasi heredi et in heredem dare coepit, Gai. 2, 253; quaerendum est an utilis ei quasi domino actio aquae pluuiarum arendae dari debeat, an..., Pompon. dig. 39, 3, 22; utilitatis gratia puto dandam municipibus...utilem actionem, Ulp. 13, 5, 8, 9; 8. as sb. n. the useful, Omne tulit punctuui qui miscuit utile dulci, Hor. A. P. 343; honestum praetulit utili, od. 4, 9, 41; 9. in pl. thiugs necessary or useful, commodities, Vtilim tardus pronisor, prodigus aeris, Hor. A. P. 164; eanterio uehebatur (Cato) et hippoperis (saddlebags) quidom impositis ut seuum utilia portaret, Sen. ep. 87, 9; 10. utiliter, adv., first usefully, profitably, quae in tractatione beluarum finit utiliter ad hominum uitam, Cic. off. 2, 17; utiliter a natura datus, 1, 89 and acad. pr. 135; utilius, Ov. her. 1, 67; utilissime, Plin. 17, 110; 11. next in law, in due legal course so as to be effective, u. legare, Gai. 2, 210; non u. testatae sunt, 2, 121; u. agi arbitratu est, Papiu. dig. 18, 7, 6, 1.

**ütilitas**, *ätis, f.* [ütill-] usefulness, utility, expediency, ut etiam si nulla sit utilitas ex amicitia, tamen ipsi amici propter se ipsos amantur, Cic. fin. 1, 69; enitendum est ut ostendas in ea re quam defendas aut dignitatem inesse aut utilitatem, eumque cui concilies huic amorem significes nihil ad utilitatem suam retulisse, or. 2, 207; 2. in plur., nee tamen nostrae nobis utilitates omittendae sunt,



sed suae cuique utilitati quod sine alterius iniuria fiat seruiendum est, Cic. off. 3, 42; esp. of services done or to be done, mirabiles utilitates mihi praebet (Tiro), Att. 7, 5, 2; utilitatibus tuis possum carere, te ualere tua caussa primum uolo, fam. 16, 3, 2.

**Utilius**, perhaps name of a gens, CIL 1156; see Vtius.

**utinam**, adv. [ : quisnam :: uti : quis, except as to qty. of i] oh that! would to heaven that! *Seuex sum, utinam mortem oppetam priusquam euenat...* Enn. tr. 170 R; *Vtinam nunc maturescam ingenio ut patrem ulcisci queam*, Pacuv. 139 R; *utinam uirorum fortium atque innocentium copiam tantam haberetis ut...*, Cic. Manil. 27; **2.** with a preceding o or a, *Ū utinam tum cum Lacodaemona classe petebat, Obrutus insanus esset adulter aquis*, Ov. her. 1, 5;

**3.** with a preceding quod, *Quod utinam me suis arqui-tenens telis mactasset dea*, Att. 52 R; *quod utinam minus uitae cupidi fuissetem*, Cic. Att. 14, 4, 1; **4.** followed by ne, would that...had not, *Vtinam ne in memore Pelio securibus Caesa cecidisset abiagna ad terram trabes*, Enn. tr. 205 R; *Quod utinam ne Phormioni id suadere in mentem incidisset*, Ter. Ph. 2, 5; *Vtinam ne cumquam (ne unquam mss) Peli memoris iugo Piuus bipenni concidisset* Thessala, Phaedr. 4, 7, 6.

**utique**, adv. [ : quisque :: uti : qui; but see below] any how, under any circumstances, at any rate, happen what may, nemo antea fecit snper tali re cum hoc magistratu utique rem, Cato orat. 61, 11; *utique sint (uerres) ceruicibus amplis*, Varr. r. 2, 4, 4; *castrantur uerres commodissime anniculi, utique ne minores quam semestres*, 2, 4, 21; *fabā quidem Pythagorei utique abstinerent (iubent)*, Cic. diu. 2, 111; *quae quidem ego utique, uel uorsura facta, solui uolo*, Att. 5, 1, 2; *quo die uenies, ntique cum tuis apud me sis*, 4, 4a; *annum quidem utique teneto*, 5, 9, 2; *expecto te a Peducaeo utique*, 12, 51, 1; *sed haec si tibi erit commodum, ipse uero utique fac uenias*, 4, 4b, 2; *tu (scribe) si quid erit de ceteris, de Bruto utique quidquid*, 14, 12, 3; *add 5, 5, 2; 10, 1, 3; 12, 41, 3; 13, 13, 1; ne ipsi quidem inuiolati erant, utique postremis mensibus*, Liv. 3, 65, 8; *nisi alterum consulem utique ex plebe fieri necesse sit, neminem fore*, 6, 37, 4; *Alpesque, rem fama utique inexpertis horrendam, metuebat*, 21, 29, 7; *nec uerisimile est ea tum ad Galliam patuisse itinera; utique quae ad Penninum ferunt obsaepta gentibus semigermanis fuissent*, 21, 38, 8; *uicque anelli utique ab notis priusquam ordine omnia inquisissent poterant*, 22, 7, 11; *copias in quattuor partis distribuerat, ratus ex omnibus ntiquo (mss aequae without meaning) aliquos ab tergo hostibus uenturos*, Sal. Jug. 101, 3 (but in 3, 1 the reading should be: neque illi quibus per fraudem decus fuit tuti aut eo magis honesti sunt, wh. after fraudem mss P has: iis fuit uti tuti, deens having its de lost after de of fraude, and uti growing out of the adjoining words, utique being only a conj.; so Eussner, Rh. Mus. 23, p. 217); *quam optime paterfamilias debet habitare, ut et libentius rus ueniat et degat in eo iucundius, utique uero si etiam matrona comitabitur*, Colum. 1, 4, 8; *similis ratio est in longitudinem eliciendi materiam (utis) si eo uelimus anniculo uti; sed si propositum est utique recidere ut bimo potius utamur...* decaecimare conueniet, 4, 7, 3; *sit nobis orator uir bonus dicendi peritus, uerum utique uir bonus*, Quint. 12, 1, 1; *sylogismus ntiquo conelusionem et propositionem habet*, 5, 14, 24; *in omni partitione est utique aliquid potentissimum*, 4, 5, 8; *fiducia igitur appareat et constantia, utique si auctoritas subest*, 11, 3, 155; cf. *Bonnell's Lex. Quint. s. v.*; **2.** of an immediate inference, at once, without further question, *quod non est arbor, utique platanus non est*, Quint. 5, 10, 56; *nam quod iustitia utique uirtus est; quod non est iustitia, potest esse uirtus*, 5, 10, 57; **3.** the i of utique has hitherto been held to be short; but proofs fail, as in Sil. 11, 163 the word is corrector's imperiti figmentum; in Lucr. 2, 569 and 4, 638 it is not sanctioned by the best mss and is ill-suited in meaning; and in Caecil. 73 R: *Sine suam senectutem ducat utique ad senium sorbilo, usque is a certain correction of Bentley's*. Lachmann ad Lucr. 4, 638 makes the i long as standing for uti-quo and as the form first appearing in such a combination as: qui utique sunt,

whoever and however they may be. So too he explains ubique, taking Livy's phraso omnes mortales qui ubique sunt, whoever and wherever they may be. But why does he exclude quisque and undique, which is as old as Ennius?

**Vtius**, adj. name of a gens, C. Vtius C. f. leto occidit *Honestam uitam uixit pius et splendidus Vt quisque exoptet se (= si so, commonly sic) honesto uiuere* Arii. a. u. Vxx, CIL 1273.

**utor**, ūti, ūsus, (old form octor etc.) vb. r. avail oneself of, use, employ, with abl., quibus sei in longa licuisset tibe utier uita facilo facteis superases gloriam maiorum, CIL 33, 5; *eiquo legibus suis ita utinto quod aduersus hanc legem non fiat*, 204, 9; *ferro oeti*, 603, 6; *Video te mulier more multarum utier*, Att. 647 R; *bene ut armis, optime ut equis uteretur*, Cic. Deiot. 28; *earum (sc. nauium) materia atque aere ad reliquas reficiendas ntebatur*, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 2; *ea condicione quae ferretur se usuros ostendebant*, 4, 11, 3; *cf. iudex condicione usus est, auailed himself of the offer, accepted it*, Quint. 9, 2, 95; **2.** esp. in the legal connection uti frui to make use of and to enjoy the produce of, *nei quis facito quo minus ei octantur fruantur habeant possideantque*, CIL 200, 11; *utatur enim suis bonis oportet et fruatur qui beatus futurus est*, Cic. N. D. 1, 103; *plurimis maritimis rebus fruimur atque utimur*, 2, 152; **3.** with abl. of person, find in (him), have in (him), *Mihi si umquam filius erit, no ille facili me utetur patre*, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 5; *patre usus est indulgente (al. diligente) et ut tmn crant tempora diti*, Nep. Att. 1, 2; *hic uide quam mo sis usurus aequo*, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 154; *ut propemodum iustioribus utamur illis qui...*, quam his qui... fin. 1, 2; **4.** esp. associate with, enjoy the friendship or acquaintance, be on terms of—, *utebatur (Atticus) intimo Hortensio*, Nep. Att. 5, 4; *A. Trebonio multos annos utor ualde familiariter*, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 1; *Cn. Luccius qui multum utitur Bruto*, Att. 16, 5, 3; **5.** uti se absol., to enjoy oneself, *Dicam uti sibi peuum alii ornet, siquidem sese uti uolet*, Pl. Capt. 4, 4, 12; *but the reading mo uti in Mil. 3, 1, 84 is not in good mss*; **6.** with abl. of things one would avoid, have, be subject to, suffer from, *inuidia nos minore utamur quam utimur*, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 8; *cum sane aduersis uentis usi essemus*, Cic. fam. 14, 5, 1; *egnoscebat uti ipsos ualetudine non bona*, Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 3; **7.** with acc., esp. of neuter pron. etc., *si quid est quod utor; si non est, ego, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24, 1; ne Silius quidem quidquam utitur*, Cic. Att. 12, 22, 3; *but in Lncr. 6, 1136 the reading is: aut aliquid quo (not quod) conueuimus uti*; **8.** even with acc. of ordinary nouns in older writers, esp. in comedy, *uicinas aliasque uulieres quam minimum utatur (uileca)*, Cato r. 143, 1; *Nuptias abieci, amicos utor primoris uiros*, Turp. 164 R; *Atque facilitatem uideo uteris uolgariam*, Nov. 98 R; *lapatum nullum*, Pomp. 169 R; *libertatem*, Titin. 98 R; *res pulcras quas uti solet*, Nov. 69 R; *Profecto uteris ut noles operam meam*, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 128; *Quem metnas semper, interdum quem utare lubenter*, Lucil. ap. Non.; *quam rem (sc. propolim) medici utantur in emplastris*, Varr. r. 3, 16, 23; **9.** hence as a personal passive, *Quia supellex multa quae non utitur emitur tamen*, Nov. 43 R; *Vtetur ueris usibus hasta rudis*, Priap. 45; **10.** esp. in the gerundive, utendus, but chiefly with sneli verbs as do u. lend, rogo u. ask the loan of, borrow, *auris tibi contra utendas dabo*, Enn. tr. 277 R; *quae utenda uasa semper uicini rogant*, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 18; *illa aetas magis ad haec utenda idoneast*, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 81; *cum graniter feras te quod utendum acceperis reddidisse*, Cic. Tusc. 3, 36; *Multa rogant utenda dari, data reddere nolunt*, Ov. a. a. 1, 433; **11.** *Prisc. 799, 45 asserts a form uto = utor; such is implied in the pass. use of utor (§ 9); but not in the imper. utito as used by Cato r. 96, 2; 107, 2; 123; 126; for this form goes with the reflective. Cf. utunto in § 1; and auguranto, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; moderanto, 2, 22; patiunto, 3, 11; amplexanto, Clu. 44; as opposed to the passive tollitor, xii tab. ap. leg. 2, 60.*

**utpote**, conj. as, first often with qui, as being one who. inasmuch as I (you etc. as the case may be), Satis uequam



sum utpote qui hodie amaro inceperim, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 5; ea nos, utpote qui nihil contemere solemus, non pertimescebamus, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; similiorem mulierem Magisque eandem, utpote quae non sit eadem, non reor Deos facere posse, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 49; Amo hercle...opino (suggested by Ritschl, mss opinor) utpote quod pro certo sciam, Bac. 3, 4, 13 (where the accent of utpote-quod is justified by preceding line); frater eius utpote qui peregre depugnari familiam ducit, Cic. Phil. 5, 30; **2.** with quum, inasmuch as at that very time, duodevicesimam (legionem) incitatissimam retinui, acre mehercules; nec retinuissem, si uno loco habuissem, utpote cum singulae quaedam cohortes partitionem fecerint, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 4; **3.** with partic. or adj., as beug..., as was to be expected seeing that..., Iude Rubos fessi peruenimus utpote longum Carpentem iter et factum corruptis imbrī, Hor. s. 1, 5, 94; Quod sunt quos genus hoc minime iuvat, utpote plures Culpari dignos, 1, 4, 24; populus numerabilis utpote parvus, A. P. 206; Quin id erat curae quo pacto cuncta tenerem, Vtpote res tenues tenui sermone peractas, s. 2, 4, 9; **4.** the po-te, wh. seems to strengthen the ut, is perhaps a rustic variety of cum-que and so = πο-τε; cf. pipit for quicquid, and quippe, wh. is perhaps for quippe, and so all but identical in form as well as meaning with ut-pote.

**ūtrālibet**, adv. [quilibet :: utrā : quis] in both directions, tinguit adpropinquantes (stellas) utralibet alieni neatus circulus, frigidior in pallorem, ardentior in ruborem, Plin. 2, 79.

**ūtr-ārius**, adj. [uter utri a skin] of skin-bags, hence as sb. m. one who has charge of the skins for water, water-hearer, Liv. 44, 33, 1.

**ūtrasque**, or perh. utraque (for utramque; cf. alias adv.) adv. both times, Vtrasque te cum ad nos uenis subfarminatam uidi, Caecil. 225 R; in Hispania pugnatum bis, utrasque (al. utraque) nostri loco moti, Cass. Hem. ap. Non. 2, 822.

**ūtrīcida**, ae, m. f. [uter skin, caed-] skin-slayer, a word invented in jest, ut ego te prostratis hostibus sine macula sanguinis, non homicidam nunc, sed utricidam amplecterer, Apul. M. 3, p. 137.

**ūtrīcūlarius**, see

**ūtrīcūlarius**, or utricularius, ii, adj. m. as sb. [utriculus] a bag-piper, = ασκαυλης, nouerat (Nero), si..., proditurum se ludis hydraulam et choraulam et utricularium, Suet. Ner. 54; **2.** one who has charge of pontoon-skins, inser. Or. 4119.

**ūtric-ūlus**, i, m. dim. [uter utris, i.e. utric-, not from utero-] a little bag made of skin, calido oleo replentur utriculi, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, 30 D; **2.** the womb, feminis eadem omnia praeterque uesicae ninctus utriculus unde dictus uterus, quod in homine (al. alio nomine) locos appellant, hoc (del. hoc?) in reliquis animalibus noluam, Plin. 11, 209; ex utriculo mmsclino, 30, 124; met. of flowers bursting, 16, 94; **3.** in plants, husk (of seed), pisunt (zeam) cum harena et sic quoque difficulter deterunt utriculos, Plin. 18, 115.

**ūtrīndē**, adv. [uter :: unde : is] lit. from which of the two, but only found repeated, (and then perhaps) from the one, from the other, de frumento capiat, utrinde iram utrinde factiones tibi pares, Cato pro Lusitanis Hispanis ap. Charis. 198, 31 P.

**ūtrīnquē**, (utrimque) adv. [fer utrinde-que, wh. : uter :: unde : quis] from both—, Vtrimquest grauida et ex uiro et summo ex loue, Pl. Amph. pr. 111; utrimque ex lateribus ceteros aggreditur, Sal. Cat. 60, 5; et paene admissum facinus miserabile, ni utrimque praemissi equites rem explorauissent, Lug. 43, 8; semen (thlaspi) bilem et pituitam utrimque extrahit, Plin. 27, 139; **2.** on both sides, ita magnae utriusque copiae, ita paratae ad depugnandum esse dicuntur ut utercunq; nicerit, non sit mirum futurum, Cic. fam. 6, 4, 1; acriter utrimque usque ad uesperum pugnatum est, Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 2; Piso M. Crasso et Scribonia genitus, nobilis utrimque, Tac. h. 1, 14.

**ūtrīnquē-sēcūs**, (utrim-) adv. from both sides, Quare utrimquesecus cum corpus uapulet (from within and from

without), Lucr. 4, 939; **2.** on both sides, Cato r. 21, 1 (in a corrupt pass.); Zopyrion laeas caedit utrimquesecus, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 210; canes utrimquesecus Deae latera muniunt, Apul. M. 2, p. 116; tuuc gliscit uiolentior utrimquesecus contentio militum, 9, 42; add 10, 2; 10, 6; 10, 14; Solin. 10 and 27; Amm. 21, 12, 9; Mart. C. 6, 228 G, p. 247, 4 Eyss.

**ūtrīnsēcūs?** a word wrongly attributed to Lucil. Aetna 506, wh. Munro has uerum impetus.

**ūtrō**, adv. [uter :: quoc : quis] to which of the two—, in which of the two directions, Nescit utro potius ruat et rueret ardet utroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; id demum recte subactum erit ubi nou intellegitur utro uomer icrit, Plin. 18, 179.

**ūtrōbī**, ūtrūbī, adv. [uter :: ubi : quis] in which of the two places, first as relative, utruhi hic homo de quo agitur spud quem maiore parte huius anni fuit, quominus is eum ducat uim fieri ueto, a Praetor's interdict ap. Gaium 4, 16; called for short Vtrubi; cf. 4, 148; Ulp. dig. 43, 31; the object being to decide who should hold disputed moveable property pendente lite; Interdictorum trinum genus, Vnde repulsus ui fuero, aut Vtrōbī fuerit, Quorumne bonorum, Auson. id. 11, 63; **2.** as interrog. dir.,—utrubi cenaturi estis, hincne an triclino? Naev. 81 R; St. Vtrubi accumbo? Sa. Vtrubi [tu] uis? St. Cum ambobus nolo, nam ambos amo, Pl. St. 5, 5, 9; Amicam (mss amica) uter utrubi accumbamus? 5, 4, 23; **3.** repeated, in one of two, in the other, de frumento utrobi bona utrohi mala gratia capiat, Cato ap. Charis. 198, 31 P.

**utrobidem**, given in old edd. of Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 50, but a mere blunder. The reading should prob. be: Vtrosque percoquoui pridem: istoc pol tu otiosus, wh. codd. trobide in place of pridem, which is the conj. of THK; Ritschl gives probe: em, cancelling also the per of percoquoui; probeidem was prob. a dittograph of probe and idem so led to trobideum.

**ūtrōbīquē**, adv. [uterque :: ubi : qui] in both—, in both places, sequitur ut eadem ueritas utrobique sit (sc. in diis et in humano genere), Cic. N. D. 2, 79; utrobique (in both parties) magnos inimicos habebam, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 31, 2; inutili u. auxilio Aetolorum, Liv. 36, 16, 5; pauor est ūtrōbīquē molestus (sc. et timenti et cupienti), Hor. ep. 1, 6, 10; et sunt multa eius rei exempla, tam laesae quam conseruatae utrobique (sc. et in scholis et domi) opinionis, Quint. 1, 2, 4; add 3, 7, 27; 4, 2, 91.

**ūtrōlibet**, adv. [quilibet :: utro : qui] to either—, to either side, obseruandum erit ut recta sit facies dicentis, ne inclinata utrobiliter ceruix, Quint. 1, 11, 9.

**ūtrōquē**, adv. [uterque :: utro : uter] to both—, hinc Scyruum, inde Delum, utroque citius quam uellemus cursum cofecimus, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 1; provincia ea (sc. Vestini) Bruto, Samnium Camillo sorte euecit; exercitus utroque ducti, Liv. 8, 29, 7; Nescit utro potius ruat et rueret ardet utroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; Nunc huc nunc illuc et utroque sine ordine curro, her. 10, 19.

**ūtrōquē-uorsum**, adv. in both directions, Vtroqueuorsum rectuinst ingenium meum Ad te atque ad illum; pro rota me uti licet, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 8; ut quaedam uocabula quibus particula ista (ue) praepositur ambigua sint et utroqueuersum dicantur (sc. ut et augeantur et minuantur), ueluti uegrande, Gell. 5, 12, 10.

**ūtrum**, adv. interrog. [lit. neuter of uter] which of the two, whether of them, first as an actual noun, referring to two following interr. particles, Vtrum ego istuc, iocou adsimulem an serio? Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 42; Inimiciorem nunc utrum eredam magis, Sodalcme esse an Bacchidem incertum admodunst, 3, 4, 1; Set utrum, strictimue attonsurum dicam esse an per pectinem Nescio, Capt. 2, 2, 18; aequum esse illos cogitare utrum esset Agrigentinis utilius, suisne seruire ane populo Romano obtemperare, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 73; **2.** as an interr. attached to the first of the two clauses, the second having an interr. particle of its own, multum enim interest utrum laus immuniatur an salus deseratur, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 8; quid enim ad illum utrum tacentem inretiat te an loquentem? acad. pr. 94; ut matrefamiliae eorum sortibus declararet, utrum pro-



lium committi ex usu esset necno, Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 4; **3.** or with the negative alternative suppressed, whether or not, an hoc dicere audebis utrum de te aratores, utrum denique Sיעלי uniuersi bene existunt ad rem id non pertinere? Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 167; **4.** in direct questions, utrum terrae motus sonitusne inferum Peruasit auris inter tonitra et turbines? Att. 479 R; utrum ea uestra an nostra culpa est? Cic. acad. pr. 95; **5.** with a superfluous ne added to utrum, first in indirect questions, rogatus a Socrate utrumne mercari nalicum tamquam fabrum an se instituere conueuerit, Ego uero inquit ipse instituo, Colum. 10, 1, 5; in eo plures dissenserunt, utrumne hae partes essent rhetorice an elementa quae uocant *στοχεια*, Quint. 3, 3, 13; add 12, 1, 14; in Cic. Quinct. 92 the readings vary between utrumne possit, utrum possitne and possitne alone; **6.** in direct questions, utrumne igitur ego sum exemplo grauis qui domo quae mihi hereditate obuicnt communiter habitem, an tu qui sex arbores aestumes ~~ITS~~ (3 adds millies)? Plin. 17, 4.

**ūtrumnam?** adv. [implies an adj. nternam, wh. nowhere occurs except as a bad reading in Hor. s. 2, 2, 107] whether or not, Rhodios quum pereunctatus esset utrumnam Pataris uniuersa classis in portu stare posset, Liv. 37, 17, 10. (So ms Med. etc. but Mogunt. possetne...stare.)

**ūt-ūt,** conj. [: quisquis :: ut : quis] however, no matter how, with indic. (but found apparently only in comedy), uerum utut se res habet, Pergam turbare porro, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 14; Vtut illic acceptumst prius quod perdidit, hoc addam insuper, Truc. 5, 2 (wh. however utut is a conj. of Gruter, ms ut); utut erga mest meritis, mihi cordist tamen, Cist. 1, 1, 110; Age iam id utuf est.....patiar, Bac. 5, 2, 73; Cui fortuna et res, utut est, continuo patet, Caecil. 171 R; Nam utut erant alia, illi certo quae nunc tibi domist consuleris, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 4; Vtut haec sunt facta, potius quam litis sequar, Meum mihi reddatur, Ad. 2, 2, 40 (wh. Don.: utut quoquomodo significat); ntut erat, mansum tamen oportuit, Haut. 1, 2, 26; Sed haec utut sunt, cantim et panlatim dabis Si sapies, 4, 8, 30.

**ututi?** = utut, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 36 acc. to Fleckeisen.

**ūua,** ae, f. [uu of uu-escō; so Varr. l. 5, 21, p. 108 Sp.; uuae ab unore; and Serv. ad Verg. B. 10, 20; humidum est quod extrinsecus habet aliqnd humoris, uuidum uero quod est intrinsecus, unde et uuae dietae sunt] a bunch of grapes (a single berry being acinus), ineunte uere existit ea quae gemma dicitur a qua oriens uua se ostendit, Cic. sen. 53; aliae (uites), quae ab eo quod duplices uuae exigunt gemellae uocantur, austerioris uini, Colum. 3, 2, 10; singularis Aminea albidas uuas ac timidioris acini gerit, inter uberimas uites numeratur, 3, 2, 13; Graeculae uites et raritate uuarum et acinorum exignitate minus flunt, 3, 2, 24; Hic segetes, illic ueniunt feliciūs uuae, Verg. G. 1, 54; **2.** uua is distinguished from racemus, the latter being a subdivision of the bunch, either a single berry or, it is said, a cluster of berries on one pedicel, Et turpes aibus praedam fert uua racemos, Verg. G. 2, 60—wh. Serv. incorrectly: uuam pro uite posuit; but adds correctly: racemus est botryonis pars; Ipse raemiferis frontem circumdatas uuis, Ov. M. 3, 666; add 3, 484; tr. 4, 6, 9; Prop. 5, 2, 13; Verg. (?) cop. 21; Plin. 15, 115; **3.** a cluster of berries generally, as of the amomum (a. racemosum, Linn.), Plin. 12, 48; of the laurel, 16, 120; **4.** a swarm of bees, when swarming, iamque arbore summa Confluere et lentis uuam demittere ramis, Verg. G. 4, 558; Examenue apium longa conserderit uua, Iuv. 13, 68; ostenta faciunt (apes) uua dependente in templis, Plin. 11, 55; **5.** the uuala, Cels. 6 c. 14 de uuae morbo; 7, 12, p. 228, 20 D; Non secat et tollit stillantem Fannius uuam, Mart. 10, 56, 5; Plin. 20, 196; 23, 129; in remedio uuae iacentis, 23, 156; add 23, 157; 30, 31; 34, 118; **6.** uua oculi, a tumour projecting from the eye, like a bunch of grapes, staphyloma (*σταφυλωμα* implying a sb. *σταφυλος* a bunch of grapes, in Germ. traube, of like meaning, quod in uua quoque oculi fit (speaking of destroying an umbilical tumour by ligature), Cels. 7, 14, p. 291, 13 D; and again, quemadmodum et in umbilico et in uua positum est (has been laid down), 7, 17, p. 294, 23 D; the disease is described in 7, 11, p. 279, 3 D: in ipso oculo nonnumquam summa attollitur tunica siue ruptis membris aliquibus

siue laxatis, et similis figura acino fit unde id *σταφυλωμα* Graeci uocant; **7.** a sea fish, Plin. 9, 3; 32, 138 and 151 f.;—supposed to be the clustered eggs of the cuttle-fish.

**ūuens?** ntis, part. [implies a vb. uue-o] as adj. wet, moist, unenti palato, Sil. 7, 651 (al. uementi); scopulis uuentibus haeret, Stat. silu. 3, 1, 145 (so Markland, but uementibus? as mss have uiuentibus); in Petr. 115 Buecheler has: uementibus oculis (wh. mss again uiuentibus). See

**ūu-escō,** ēre, vb. [see below] become wet or soaked,—see Serv. as quoted under uua—Denique fluetifrago suspensae in litore nestes Uuescunt, Luer. 1, 306; **2.** met. wet one's day (with wine), seu quis capit acria fortis Poenla seu modicis uuescit laetius, Hor. s. 2, 6, 70; **3.** akin to um-esc-o, ub-er sb. and adj., and *ū-u*, pour, rain, and *ύγρος*.

**ūuidūlus?** adj. dim. [uidus] rather wet, moist, damp, Vuidulam a fletu cedentem ad templa deum me, Catul. 66, 63 (so Schwabe, but mss uiridulum a fletu).

**ūuidus,** adj. [uu-escō, wh. see] wet, soaked, At uides me ornatus ut sim uestimentis uidis, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 15; rete, 4, 3, 5; uuida Suspendisse potenti Vestimenta maris deo, Hor. od. 1, 5, 14; et Inppiter uidus austris, Verg. G. 1, 418; Vuidaque in tenero palmito gemma tumet, Ov. F. 3, 238; **2.** met. soaked (with wine), Tu (sc. Bacchus) separatis uidus in iugis, Hor. od. 2, 19, 18; cf. uino madent of Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 2, *μεθη βρεχθεος* of Eurip. El. 326.

**ūui-fer,** fēra, fērum, adj. [uua] cluster-bearing, grape-bearing, Massicus, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 64; Massicus uiferis glebis, Sil. 7, 263; cf. 7, 207.

**Vulcānal** and all words beginning Vul, see under Volcanus etc.

**ūu-or,** ōris, m. [uu-escō] wet, moisture, uuae ab uuore, Varr. l. 5, 21 f. p. 108 Sp.

**Vxentini,** orum, the inhabitants of Vxentum, now Ugente, a town of the Salentini in Calabria, Plin. 3, 105 f. (So Hard. from Ptol. geog. 3, 1, 76, but mss Valentini.)

**ūxor,** (older uxor, CIL 1026, 1045, 1072, 1090, 1303) ōris, f. [see below] wife, Duxit me uxorem liberorum sibi quaesendum gratia, Enn. tr. 161 V; ex tui animi sententia tu uxorem habes? Non hercle ex uei animi sententia, Cic. or. 2, 260; duae fuerunt Ariouisti uxores, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 4; **2.** uxores were divisible into two heads, the materfamilias who had passed in manu of the husband, and so was apud maritum filiae loco, and one not in manu, who was tantummodo uxor: genus est uxor: eius duae formae, una matruū familiae, eae snnt quae in manu couenerunt; altera earum quae tantummodo uxores habentur, Cic. top. 14; **3.** met., as of animals, oleutis uxores mariti, the harem of, Hor. od. 1, 17, 7; of a cynic's cloak, as sleeping with him, Cerea quem nudi tegit uxor abolla grabati, Mart. 4, 53, 5; **4.** uxor said to be quasi uxor from ung-o; so Donat. ad Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 60; quod cum puellae nubent maritorum postes ungebant uel quod lotos maritos ipsae ungebant; as Ennius an. 156 V says: Exin Tarquinium bona femina laut et unxit. Again Serv. ad Aen. 4, 459: moris fuerat ut nubentes puellae postes antequam ingrederentur oleo ungerent; cf. unxia luno. But uxor is for focus-or, and so implies a lost vb. ocus-o = Gr. *σπυω* (i.e. *σπυω-ω*) marry; cf. for vowel-compression ung-uus for onuguis (*ουυχ*), turba for toruba = *θουριβος* from a root tor (ter), turu; cf. also umbra, umbo; the -or of uxor dim. of affection like -or of sor-or, o being suited to preceding vowel; and or = er of pat-er etc.

**ūxor-c-ūla,** ae, f. dim. a little wife, wife, as a term of endearment, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 19; and 5, 2, 37; **2.** or of contempt, a bit of a wife, Apul. M. 9, p. 219.

**ūxor-cūlo,** āre, vb. [uxorcula sb.] make a little wife of (?), or address as wife (?), Mulieres uxorelault, Pl. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3 f., p. 348 Sp.

**ūxorīosus** = *ὁ την ιδίαν γυναίκα φίλον*, Gloss.

**ūxor-ius,** adj. of a wife, res, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; Cic. off. 3, 61; dos, Ov. a. a. 2, 155; praedium, Sid. ep. 2, 2 med.: forma uxoria the (moderate) beauty one would desire in a wife, Favor. ap. Gell. 5, 11, 13; **2.** the property of a wife as it were, a slave to her, uxorious, Verg. 4, 266; Hor. od. 1, 2, 19; **3.** uxorium as sb. n. a tax ou bachelors, u. pependisse dicitur qui quod uxorem nou habuerit res populo dedit, Paul. ex Fest. 379, cf. Val. M. 2, 9, 1.



## X.

**x**, the 21st and last letter of the true Latin alphabet, y and z being Greek letters borrowed for Greek words, hence: cur non idem putet si innumerabiles unius et uiginti fortunae litterarum... aliquo coiciantur, posse ex his in terram excussis annales Ennii effiei? Cic. N. D. 2, 93; quoties per notas scribit (Augustus), b pro a, c pro b, ac deinceps eadem ratione sequentes literas ponit; pro x autem (so mss, not z) duplex a, Suet. Ang. 88; (x) post omnes ponitur literas quibus Latinae dictiones egent, Prisc. 8, 11 K; Latinae (litterae) sunt una et uiginti, Graecae duae y et z, quae in usum nostrum propter nomina Graeca uenerunt, Diom. 421, 34; **2.** a superfluous letter, as it might be represented by cs or gs, constat aut ex c et s ut pix picis aut ex g et s ut rex regis, Diom. 4, 26, 4; add Prisc. 12, 3 and 33, 14; **3.** yet seems to have had a softer sound (ss? or sh?) x melius sonat quam gs uel cs, Prisc. 33, 10; cf. assis = axis, Sestius fm. sextus, nisus beside uixus; ilice buxus, a blunder for ilicibus sus in the Rom. cod. of Verg. 8, 43; Vlixes = Ὀδυσσεύς; but how about Ajax Aiaeis comp. w. Αἴας Αἰάντος? **4.** was perh. at first, like the Gr. X, = ch, and so xs stood for x, L. Cornelius Cn. f. Cn. n. Scipio... posidet hoc saxum, CIL 34, 3; exstrad urbem, 196, 16; exstrad quam sei..., 196, 29; exsigit, 197, 9; taxsat, 197, 12; lexs, 197, 13; proxumus, 197, 14; in compounds of words beg. w. s the x was long preferred, is exsequi, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 20 (so A etc.); exsequar, 5, 2, 72 (so B); exspectant, St. 5, 1, 2 (so AB); exsolatum, Mere. 3, 4, 6 (so B, exsulatum C); and so mss in Ps. 4, 3, 18, says Lamb.; in compounds with s the x is still a mere χ; but becomes an x = ks in the later forms: but as x rarely appeared without a following s, it at once suggested the sound of x, and so the s was at last dropped; **5.** but even before other letters it seems ouco to have had the sound of ch, as in: EXDECENDVM, CIL 196, 3; EXDECATIS, 196, 23; exfoeiunt = effugiunt, 198 (so in Huebner's index); exfringam, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 35 (so B); exferi, Pers. 5, 1, 9 (see R's note); exfatum, Cic. acad. pr. 95 (so V 1 m.); exflorescit (so mss), am. 100; **6.** this use of ex led to ec before the aspirated f, where c had at first no doubt the sound of χ, as efecta, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 152 (so B); and the same is implied in the absurd haec facta of CD); efer, Bac. 4, 4, 63; Mil. 2, 5, 53; eferam, Bac. 4, 9, 27; eferri, 1, 1, 62; eferetur, 4, 9, 135; efecero, St. 2, 2, 27 (so A); ecefixis, Poen. 1, 3, 18 (so D); Cas. 3, 5, 63; ecfauit, Pers. 4, 4, 86 (so A; et flauit BCD); ecfodiam, Trin. 2, 4, 62 (so A); Aul. 1, 1, 14 (so Non.); ecferrret, Enn. tr. 287 V (mss hec ferret); ecfetur, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 90 (so at least Umpf. w. P), but in all other instances

the mss eff. not ecf.; ecfatus, Varr. s. 218, 4 R (mss et fatus); ecfugerent, 225, 10 (mss etfugerent); et fatum, Cic. acad. pr. 95 (so B 1 m.); et fata, leg. 2, 20; ecferrunt, Tusc. 4, 68 (so Bait.; mss ecferrunt, haec ferunt, efferunt); haec fernatur (for eferuntur), Arch. 21; ecfari, Tusc. 2, 39 (so Bait.; al. haec fari); **7.** in late lang. the forms in eff. were preferred, thus: effatus, non exfatus uec ecfatus, Scaur. 2260, 42 P; **8.** x interchangeable w. sc, as misceo uixtus, sescenti rather than sex-centi, ascia beside αξιων and E. axe, uiscus beside αξος (βιξος, our miss-eltoe); **9.** w. ps, proximus beside prope; legato indocto cuius manu ipsi scriptum animaduernerit, Suet. Aug. 88; cf. αξ = τχ; **10.** iu late Latin seems to have got the sound of ss, thus nixus passed through nissus to nisus; hence too ilicibus sus (Verg. 8, 43) iu cod. Rom. became ilice buxus; cf. Ital. massimo, prossimo; **11.** x seems at first interchangeable w. s, in the forms condemned by grammarians, millex, Prob. 126, 36 and 197, 28; ariex, 198, 29; poplex, 199, 5; locuplex, ib.; but these point to an older suff. ec, just as abies is for a lost abiex, witness abiegnus; **12.** as a letter called ix (not ex as with us), perh. at first ixi like Gr. ξι, semiuocales ab e incipientes et iu se terminantes (nomen suum ostendunt), absque x quae ab i incipit per anastrophen (?) Graeci nominis ξι, Prisc. 1, 8, 11 K; add 8, 19 and Serv. in Don. 422, 16; **13.** in traxi nexi it seems to stand for hs, in coxi for qs; but strixi, fluxi, come fin. a stem struc-fluc- rather than stru-flu- (cf. fluctus, and E. flow); **14.** x seems at times to have come from a mere guttural taking an exerescent s, cf. αυξανω beside augeo; E. mix, L. mixtus beside μιγνυμι; hence prob. its appearance in axilla from āla for ahala; in maxilla from māla; so tela beside texo points to tego, thatch (a sort of weaving), as the earlier root; cf. too our change in sail rain beside the G. segel regen; **15.** as a symbol stood for 10; for, as 1 11 11 111 stood for 1, 2, 3, 4 so at first this weut on prob. to 10 inclusive; when the first decad was completed it was cancelled by a cross stroke for a new commencement; and hence the shorter compound symbol X for nummii; so the Chinese numerals run - = ≡ but + for 10; hence too decussis came to mean a mere cross; **16.** hence too x for a denarius, CIL 212, 213; **17.** x passes into ss iu Ital., as prossimo fm. proximus, massimo from maximus; add lusso, busso, tassare, frassinio, asse; or into a single s, esatto, esaltare, esempio, esperto, estremo; but exc before e or i into ecc, eccellente, eccetto, eccesso, eccitare, but exire became uscire, whence ri-uscire = Fr. ré-ussir.



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