

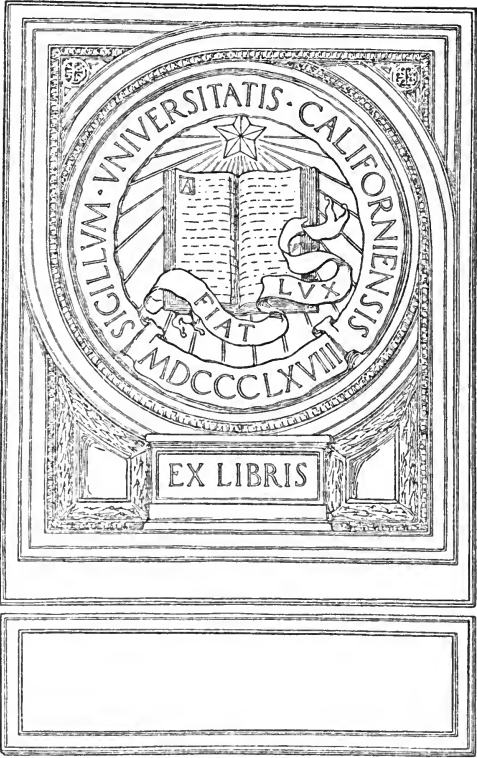
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NEBRASKA
LEGISLATIVE HAND BOOK
AND
MANUAL
1897



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LEGISLATIVE HAND BOOK

—♦AND♦—

MANUAL



OF THE

STATE OF

NEBRASKA.

1897.

Published by Authority of the Senate and House
of Representatives.

Compiled and Edited by
ERIC JOHNSON,
Formerly Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

LINCOLN:
JACOB NORTH & CO., PRINTERS.
1897.

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1897



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BY ERIC JOHNSON, WAHOQ, NEBR.

IN THE OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

TO THE
LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS

PREFACE.

The very favorable reception and commendation accorded the first edition of the Legislative Hand Book and Manual of 1893, and the specific endorsement by the Legislature of 1897, which by resolution ordered a new edition of my compilation, is the reason for the publication of this second edition.

Election returns and other valuable information have been compiled and revised up to date. Pains have been taken to make the Legislative Hand Book as near accurate as is possible.

ERIC JOHNSON.

WARHO, NEB., 1897.

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THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4TH, 1776.

—*The Unanimous Declaration of the Thirteen United States of America:*

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government and to provide new guards for their future security.

Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these states. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operations till his assent should be obtained, and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature, a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected, whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the state remaining in the meantime exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these states, for that purpose obstructing the laws for the naturalization of foreigners, refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature.

He has effected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution and unacknowledged by our laws, giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation.

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us.

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these states.

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world.

For imposing taxes on us without our consent.

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefit of trial by jury.

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences.

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies.

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments.

For suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is, at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontier the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions we have petitioned for redress in the most humble terms. Our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war; in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN GENERAL CONGRESS assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, FREE AND INDEPENDENT STATES; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the state of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that as FREE AND INDEPENDENT STATES, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and do all other acts and things which INDEPENDENT STATES may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with firm reliance on the protection of DIVINE PROVIDENCE, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

The foregoing declaration was, by order of congress, engrossed and signed by the following members. JOHN HANCOCK.

New Hampshire.

JOSIAH BARTLETT,
WILLIAM WHIPPLE,
MATTHEW THORNTON.

Rhode Island.

STEPHEN HOPKINS,
WILLIAM ELLERY.

Connecticut.

ROGER SHERMAN,
SAMUEL HUNTINGTON,
WILLIAM WILLIAMS,
OLIVER WOLCOT.

New York.

WILLIAM FLOYD,
PHILIP LIVINGSTON,
FRANCIS LEWIS,
LEWIS MORRIS.

New Jersey.

RICHARD STOCKTON,
JOHN WITHERSPOON,
FRANCIS HOPKINSON,
JOHN HART,
ABRAHAM CLARK.

Pennsylvania.

ROBERT MORRIS,
BENJAMIN RUSH,
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,
JOHN MORTON,
GEORGE CLYMER,
JAMES SMITH,
GEORGE TAYLOR,
JAMES WILSON,
GEORGE ROSS.

Massachusetts.

SAMUEL ADAMS,
JOHN ADAMS,
ROBERT TREAT PAYNE,
ELDRIDGE GERRY.

Delaware.

CÆSAR RODNEY,
GEORGE READ,
THOMAS M'KEAN.

Maryland.

SAMUEL CHASE,
WILLIAM PACA,
THOMAS STONE,
CHAS. CARROLL, of Carrollton.

Virginia.

GEORGE WYTHE,
RICHARD HENRY LEE,
THOMAS JEFFERSON,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
THOMAS NELSON, Jr.
FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE,
CARTER BRAXTON.

North Carolina.

WILLIAM HOOPER,
JOSEPH HEWS,
JOHN PENN.

South Carolina.

EDWARD RUTLEDGE,
THOMAS HEYWARD, Jr.,
THOMAS LYNCH, Jr.,
ARTHUR MIDDLETON.

Georgia.

BUTTON GWINNETT,
LYMAN HALL,
GEORGE WALTON.

SIGNERS OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

NAME.	FROM COLONY.	OCCUPATION.	Born.	Died.
Josiah Bartlett.....	New Hampsnire.....	Physician.....	1729	1795
William Whipple.....	New Hampshire.....	Sailor.....	1730	1785
Matthew Thornton...	New Hampshire.....	Physician.....	1714	1803
John Hancock.....	Massachusetts Bay...	Merchant.....	1737	1793
John Adams.....	Massachusetts Bay...	Lawyer.....	1735	1826
Samuel Adams.....	Massachusetts Bay...	Merchant.....	1722	1803
Robert T. Payne.....	Massachusetts Bay...	Lawyer.....	1731	1814
Eldridge Gerry.....	Massachusetts Bay...	Merchant.....	—	1814
Stephen Hopkins.....	Rhode Island.....	Farmer.....	1744	1785
William Ellery.....	Rhode Island.....	Lawyer.....	1707	1820
Roger Sherman.....	Connecticut.....	Shoemaker.....	1727	1793
Samuel Huntington...	Connecticut.....	Lawyer.....	1721	1796
William Williams...	Connecticut.....	Statesman.....	1731	1811
Oliver Wolcott.....	Connecticut.....	Soldier.....	1726	1797
William Floyd.....	New York.....	Farmer.....	1734	1821
Philip Livingston...	New York.....	Merchant.....	1716	1778
Francis Lewis.....	New York.....	Merchant.....	1713	1803
Lewis Morris.....	New York.....	Farmer.....	1726	1798
Richard Stockton...	New Jersey.....	Lawyer.....	1730	1781
John Witherspoon...	New Jersey.....	Educator.....	1722	1794
Francis Hopkinson...	New Jersey.....	Lawyer.....	1731	1796
John Hart.....	New Jersey.....	Farmer.....	1708	1780
Abraham Clark.....	New Jersey.....	Lawyer.....	1726	1794
Robert Morris.....	Pennsylvania.....	Merchant.....	1733	1806
Benjamin Rush.....	Pennsylvania.....	Physician.....	1746	1813
Benjamin Franklin...	Pennsylvania.....	Printer.....	1706	1790
John Morton.....	Pennsylvania.....	Surveyor.....	1724	1777
George Clymer.....	Pennsylvania.....	Merchant.....	1739	1813
James Smith.....	Pennsylvania.....	Lawyer.....	1719	1806
George Taylor.....	Pennsylvania.....	Foundryman...	1716	1781
James Wilson.....	Pennsylvania.....	Lawyer.....	1742	1798
George Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	Lawyer.....	1730	1779
Cæsar Rodney.....	Delaware.....	General.....	1730	1783
George Reed.....	Delaware.....	Lawyer.....	1733	1798
Thomas McKean.....	Delaware.....	Lawyer.....	1734	1817
Samuel Chase.....	Maryland.....	Lawyer.....	1741	1811
Thomas Stone.....	Maryland.....	Lawyer.....	1743	1787
William Paca.....	Maryland.....	Lawyer.....	1740	1799
Charles Carroll.....	Maryland.....	Lawyer.....	1737	1832
George Wythe.....	Virginia.....	Lawyer.....	1726	1806
Richard Henry Lee...	Virginia.....	Statesman.....	1732	1794
Thomas Jefferson...	Virginia.....	Lawyer.....	1743	1826
Benjamin Harrison...	Virginia.....	Farmer.....	1740	1791
Thomas Nelson Jr....	Virginia.....	Statesman.....	1738	1789
Francis L. Lee.....	Virginia.....	Farmer.....	1734	1797
Carter Braxton.....	Virginia.....	Planter.....	1736	1777
William Hooper.....	North Carolina.....	Lawyer.....	1742	1790
Joseph Hewes.....	North Carolina.....	Merchant.....	1730	1779
John Penn.....	North Carolina.....	Lawyer.....	1741	1788
Edward Rutledge...	South Carolina.....	Lawyer.....	1749	1800
Thomas Heyward Jr..	South Carolina.....	Lawyer.....	1746	1809
Thomas Lynch Jr....	South Carolina.....	Lawyer.....	1749	1779
Arthur Middleton...	South Carolina.....	Planter.....	1743	1787
Button Gwinnett...	Georgia.....	Merchant.....	1732	1777
Lyman Hall.....	Georgia.....	Physician.....	1725	1790
George Walton.....	Georgia.....	Lawyer.....	1740	1804

**CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
PREAMBLE.**

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

Of the Legislative Power.

SECTION I. All legislative power herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Of the House of Representatives.

SEC. II. 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

Qualifications of Members.

2. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Apportionment of Representatives and Direct Taxes—Census.

3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Virginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.

Vacancies.

4. When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

Of Their Officers—Impeachment.

5. The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Of the Senate.

SEC. III. 1. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years and each senator shall have one vote.

Their Classes—Vacancies.

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes

The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

Qualification of Senators.

3. No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

Of the Vice President.

4. The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

Of the Officers of the Senate.

5. The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore* in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

Of Impeachment.

6. The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried the chief justice shall preside, and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in Cases of.

7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

Manner of Electing Members of Congress.

SEC. IV. 1. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof, but the congress may at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

Of the Meeting of Congress.

2. The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Powers of Each House.

SEC. 5. 1. Each house shall be the judge of elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Expulsion.

2. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds expel a member.

Journals and Yeas and Nays.

3. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their

judgment, require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Of Adjournment.

4. Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Compensation, Privileges and Incapacities of Members.

SEC. VI. 1. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest, during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to or returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Exclusion from Office.

2. No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office, under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time, and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Revenue Bills.

SEC. VII. 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives, but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Manner of Passing Bills, etc.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approves, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But, in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days, (Sunday excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevents its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

Orders, Resolutions and Votes.

3. Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

General Power of Congress—Taxes, Duties Imports, Uniformity.

SEC. VIII. The congress shall have power—

1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises; to pay the debts, and to provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Borrow Money.

2. To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

Commerce.

3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

Naturalization—Bankruptcy.

4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.

Money, Weights and Measures.

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures.

Counterfeiting.

6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

Post Offices.

7. To establish post-offices and post roads.

Authors—Inventors.

8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts by securing, for limited times to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries.

Inferior Tribunals.

9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court.

Piracies—Offences.

10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the law of nations.

War—Marque and Reprisals.

11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water.

Armies.

12. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years.

Navy.

13. To provide and maintain a navy.

Rules for Land and Naval Forces.

14. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

Calling out Militia.

15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions.

Organizing, Arming and Disciplining Militia.

16. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress.

Exclusive Legislation over Seat of Government—Forts, etc.

17. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such

district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by session of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erections of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings.

Power Given to Enforce Constitution.

18. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

Limitation of Power—Migration of Slaves.

SEC. IX. 1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax on duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for such person.

Habeas Corpus.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

Attainder—Ex-Post Facto.

3. No bill of attainder or *ex-post facto* law shall be passed.

Capitation—Taxes.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

Exports.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter clear, or pay duties in another.

Money, how Drawn From the Treasury.

6. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

Nobility—Presents—Offices.

7. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States, and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

Limitations of the Powers of Individual States.

SEC. X. 1. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal, coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bills of attainder, *ex-post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

Powers of States, Consent of Congress, when Necessary,

2. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States, and all such laws shall be subject to the

revision and control of congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Of the President—The Executive Power.

SEC. 1. 1. The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Manner of Electing.

2. Each state shall appoint in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress, but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

Time of Meeting of Electors, and Manner of Voting.

3. (12th Amendment). The electors shall meet in their respective states and vote by ballot, for president and vice president, one of whom, at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; They shall name in their ballot the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots, the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such a majority, then from the persons having the highest number not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But, in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representatives from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March, next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for that purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

Time of Choosing Electors.

4. The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

Who May be Elected President.

5. No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president, neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In Case of Removal etc., of the President, his Powers to Devolve Upon the Vice-President, etc.

1. In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a president shall be elected.

President's Compensation.

7. The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive during that period any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

His Oath.

8. Before he enters on the execution of his office he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

Power and Duties.

SEC. II. 1. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion in writing of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

Of Making Treaties—Appointments.

2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

Power of Appointment.

3. The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

Further Powers and Duties.

SEC. III. 1. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment he may adjourn them to such time as he may think proper. He shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

Of Impeachments.

SEC. IV. 1. The president, vice-president and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

OF THE JUDICIARY.

Of the Judicial Power—Concerning the Judges

SEC. 1. 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish.

The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Extent of the Judicial Power—This Clause Alters Portea—See Amendment Art. XI. That Follows:

SEC. II. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, or other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state, claiming land under grants of different states, and between a state or the citizens thereof and foreign states, citizens, or subjects.

Of Original and Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, or other public ministers or consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

Of Trials for Crimes.

3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by a jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall

have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

Of the Judicial Power.

(Amendment Art. XI). The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or in equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

Of Treason.

SEC. III. 1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies; giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Punishment of Treason.

2. The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE IV.

Of State Records.

SEC. I. 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may, by general law, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and effect thereof.

Of Citizenship.

SEC. II. 1. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

Fugitives from Justice.

2. A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

Of Persons held to Service.

3. No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

Admission of New States.

SEC. III. 1. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union, but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

Property—Claims.

2. The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory of other property belonging

to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

Republican Form of Government Guaranteed.

S c. IV. 1. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature can not be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

Of Amendments to the Constitution.

1. The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution; or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; *Provided*, That no amendment which be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

Of Public Debt.

SEC. I. All debts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the confederation.

The Supreme Law of the Land.

SEC. II. This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby; anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

Constitutional Oath—No Religious Test.

SEC. III. The senators and representatives, before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention, by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America, the twelfth.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names:

	GEORGE WASHINGTON, <i>President and Deputy from Virginia.</i>
<i>New Hampshire.</i>	<i>Massachusetts.</i>
JOHN LANGDON, NICHOLAS GILMAN.	NATHANIEL GORMAN, RUFUS KING,
<i>Connecticut.</i>	JOHN DICKINSON, RICHARD BASSETT,
WILLIAM SAMUEL JOHNSON, ROGER SHERMAN.	JACOB BROOM.
<i>New York.</i>	<i>Maryland.</i>
ALEXANDER HAMILTON.	JAMES M'HENRY, DANIEL OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
<i>New Jersey.</i>	DANIEL CARROLL.
WILLIAM LIVINGSTON, DAVID BREARLEY, WILLIAM PATTERSON, JONATHAN DAYTON.	<i>Virginia.</i>
<i>Pennsylvania.</i>	JOHN BLAIR, JAMES MADISON, Jr.
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, THOMAS MIFFLIN, ROBERT MORRIS, GEORGE CLYMER, THOMAS FITZIMMONS, JARED INGERSOLL, JAMES WILSON, GOVERNEUR MORRIS.	<i>North Carolina.</i>
<i>Delaware.</i>	WILLIAM BLOUNT, RICHARDS DOBBS SPAIGHT, HUGH WILLIAMSON.
GEORGE REED, GUNNING BEDFORD, JR.	<i>South Carolina.</i>
	JOHN RUTLEDGE, CHAS. COTESWORTH PINCKNEY, CHAS. PINCKNEY, PIERCE BUTLER.
	<i>Georgia.</i>
	WILLIAM FEW, ABRAHAM BALDWIN.

ATTEST: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

NOTE. This constitution was ratified by the several states in the order and dates here given, viz: Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

Amendments to the Constitution.

(The first ten amendments to the constitution of the United States were proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the First congress on the 25th of September, 1789. They were ratified by the following states and the notifications of the ratification by the governors thereof were successively communicated by the president to congress: New Jersey, November 20, 1789, Maryland, December 19, 1789; North Carolina, December 22, 1789; South Carolina, January 19, 1790; New Hampshire, January 25, 1790; Delaware, January 28, 1790; Pennsylvania, March 10, 1790; New York March 27, 1790; Rhode Island, June 15, 1790; Vermont, November 3, 1791, and Virginia, December 15, 1791.)

ARTICLE I.

Of the Right of Conscience—Freedom of the Press.

Congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or preventing the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

Of the Right to Bear Arms.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

Of Quartering Troops.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the

consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed law.

ARTICLE IV.

Of the Right to be Secure from Search.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall be issued but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

Of Indictment, Punishment, etc.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in a case arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject, for the same offense, to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb, nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, or be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

Of Trial in Criminal Cases, and the Rights of Defendant.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witness against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

Of Trial in Civil Cases.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact, tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Of Bail and Fines.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

Of Rights Reserved.

The enumeration, in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

Of Powers Reserved to the States.

The powers not delegated to the United States, by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states, respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

Of the Judicial Power. See Article 3, Section 2.

(The eleventh amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the Third Congress, on the 5th of September, 1794, and was declared in a message from the President to Congress dated the 8th of January, 1798, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states)

ARTICLE XII.

Manner of Electing the President and Vice-President. See Article 2, Section 3.

(The twelfth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the eighth congress, on the 12th day of December, 1803, and was declared in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated the 25th of September, 1804, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.)

ARTICLE XIII.

Slavery Prohibited.

SEC. I. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Congress Given the Power to Enforce.

SEC. II. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

(The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress, on the first of February, 1865, and was declared in a Proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated the 18th of December, 1865 to have been ratified by the legislatures of twenty-seven of the thirty-six states, viz: Illinois, Rhode Island, Michigan, Maryland, New York, West Virginia, Maine, Kansas, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Ohio, Missouri, Nevada, Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Vermont, Tennessee, Arkansas, Connecticut, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Alabama, North Carolina and Georgia.)

ARTICLE XIV.

Citizenship Defined.

SEC. I. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Apportionment of Representatives.

SEC. II. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislatures thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty one years of age in such state.

Of Persons Disqualified From Holding Office and Removal of Disabilities.

SEC. III. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of

any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

Of Debts of the United States, and Debts incurred in aid of Rebellions Prohibited.

SEC. IV. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave: but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Congress Given Power to Enforce.

SEC. V. Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

(The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thiryninth congress, on the 16th day of June, 1866. On the 21st of July 1868, congress adopted and transmitted to the department of state a concurrent resolution, declaring that "the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Massachutes, Nebraska, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana being three-fourths and more of the several states of the union, having ratified the fourteenth article of amendment of the constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two-thirds of each house of the thirty-ninth congress; therefore,

Resolved, That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the secretary of state." The secretary of state accordingly issued a proclamation, dated the 28th of July, 1868, declaring that the proposed fourteenth amendment had been ratified by the legislatures, of thirty of the thirty-six states, Pennsylvania ratified it February 13, 1867).

ARTICLE XV.

The Right to Vote.

SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

(The fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress, on the 27th day of February 1869, and was declared in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30, 1870 to have been ratified by the legislatures of twenty-nine of the thirty-seven states. Pennsylvania ratified it March 26, 1869).

ORGANIC ACT.

AN ACT to Organize the Territory of Nebraska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That all that part of the territory of the United States included within the following limits, except such portions thereof as are hereinafter expressly exempted from the operations of this act, to-wit: beginning at a point on the Missouri river, where the fortieth parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the east boundry of the territory of Utah, on the summit of the rocky mountains; thence on said summit northward to the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the territory of Minnesota; thence southward on said boundary to the Missouri river; thence down the main channel of said river to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby created into a temporary government, by the name of the Territory of Nebraska; and when admitted as a state or states, the said territory, or any portion of the same, shall be received into the Union with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission: *Provided,* That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said territory into two or more territories, in such manner and at such times as congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said territory to any other state or territory of the United States: *Provided further,* That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said territory, so long as such rights shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory, which, by treaty with any Indian tribe, is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any state or territory; but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part of the territory of Nebraska, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the president of the United States to be included within the said territory of Nebraska, or to affect the authority of the government of the United States to make any regulations respecting such Indians, their lands, property or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to the government to make if this act had never passed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the executive power and authority, in and over said territory of Nebraska, shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the president of the United States. The governor shall reside within said territory, and shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof. He may grant pardons and respite for offenses against the laws of said territory, and reprieves for offenses against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the president can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That there shall be a secretary of the said territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for five years, unless sooner removed by the president of the United States: he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts, and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and journals of the legislative assembly within thirty days after the end of each session, and one copy of the executive proceedings and official correspondence, semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, to the president of the United States, and two copies of the laws to the president of the senate, and to the speaker of the house of representatives, to be deposited in the libraries of congress: and in case of the death, removal, resignation, or absence of the governor from the territory, the secretary shall be, and he is hereby authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the governor, during such vacancy or absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That the legislative power and authority of said territory shall be vested in the governor and a legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a council and house

of representatives. The council shall consist of thirteen members, having the qualification of voters, as hereinafter prescribed, whose term of service shall continue two years. The house of representatives shall, at its first session, consist of twenty-six members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the council, and whose term of service shall continue one year. The number of representatives may be increased by the legislative assembly, from time to time, in proportion to the increase of qualified voters; *Provided*, That the whole number shall never exceed thirty-nine. An apportionment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the election of the council and representatives, giving to each section of the territory representation in the ratio of its qualified voters as nearly as may be. And the members of the council and of the house of representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district or county or counties for which they may be elected respectively. Previous to the first election the governor shall cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants and qualified voters of the several counties and districts of the territory, to be taken by such persons and in such mode as the governor shall designate and appoint; and the person so appointed shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor. And the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such a manner, both as to the persons who shall superintend such election and the returns thereof, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall at the same time declare the number of members of the council and house of representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The persons having the highest number of legal votes in each of said council districts for members of the council shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the council; and the persons having the highest number of legal votes for the house of representatives shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of said house; *Provided*, That in case two or more persons voted for shall have an equal number of votes, and in case a vacancy shall otherwise occur in either branch of the legislative assembly, the governor shall order a new election; and the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place and on such day as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties and districts to the council and house of representatives, according to the number of qualified voters, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the legislative assembly; *Provided*, That no session in any one year shall exceed the term of forty days, except the first session, which may continue sixty days.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall be an actual resident of said territory, and shall possess the qualifications hereinafter prescribed, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said territory; but the qualifications of voters, and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly; *Provided*, That the right of suffrage and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, and those who shall have declared on oath their intention to become such, and shall have taken an oath to support the constitution of the United States, and the provisions of this act. *And provided further*, That no officer, soldier, seaman, or marine, or other person in the army or navy of the United States, or attached to troops in the service of the United States, shall be allowed to vote or hold office in said territory, by reason of being in service therein.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the legislative power of the territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. Every bill which shall have passed the council and house of representatives of the said territory, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the territory, if he approves, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent,

together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the assembly, by adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by the governor and legislative assembly of the territory of Nebraska. The governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in the first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the legislative assembly; and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the council and house of representatives, and all other officers.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted,* That no member of the legislative assembly shall hold, or be appointed to, any office which shall have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been increased, while he was a member, during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; but this restriction shall not be applicable to members of the first legislative assembly; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative assembly, or hold any office under the government of said territory.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted,* That the judicial power of said territory shall be invested in a supreme court, district courts, probate courts, and in justices of the peace. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice, and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years, and until their successors shall be appointed and qualified. The said territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a district court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the supreme court, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively reside in the districts which shall be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the probate courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law; *Provided,* That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said supreme and district courts respectively shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each district court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said district courts, to the supreme court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; but in no case removed to the supreme court, shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The supreme court or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said supreme court, shall be allowed, and may be taken to the supreme court of the United States in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the circuit courts of the United States, where the value of the property, or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars, except only that in all cases involving title to slaves, the said writs of errors or appeals, shall be allowed and decided by the supreme court, without regard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except also that a writ of error or appeal shall also be allowed to the supreme court of the United States, from the decision of the said supreme court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the district courts created by this act or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of *habeas corpus*, involving the question of personal freedom; *Provided,* That nothing herein contained shall be construed to

apply to or affect the provisions of the "act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from the service of their masters," approved February twelfth, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, and the "act to amend and supplementary to the aforesaid act," approved September eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty; and each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States as is vested in the circuit and district courts of the United States, and the said supreme and district court of the said territory, and the respective judges thereof shall and may grant writs of *habeas corpus* in all cases in which the same are granted by the judges of the United States in the District of Columbia; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said constitution and laws, and writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the supreme court of said territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerk shall receive in all such cases the same fees which the clerks of the district courts of Utah territory now receive for similar services.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the provisions of an act entitled "an act respecting fugitives from justice and persons escaping from the service of their masters," approved February twelve, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, and the provisions of the act entitled, "An act to amend and supplementary to, the aforesaid act," approved September eighteen, eighteen hundred and fifty, be and the same are hereby declared to extend to and be in full force within the limits of said territory of Nebraska.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said territory, who shall continue in office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the president, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the present territory of Utah. There shall also be a marshal for the territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the president, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts, when exercising their jurisdiction as circuit and district courts of the United States; he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as the marshal of the district court of the United States for the present territory of Utah, and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That the governor, secretary, chief justices and associate justices, attorney and marshal, shall be nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed by the president of the United States. The governor and secretary to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, respectively take an oath or affirmation before the district judge or some justice of the peace in the limits of said territory duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the chief justice, or some associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, to support the constitution of the United States and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices, which said oaths when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken; and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted by the person taking the same to the secretary, to be by him, recorded as aforesaid; and afterwards the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars. The chief justice and associate justices shall each receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The said salaries shall be paid quarter-yearly from the dates of the respective appointments, at the treasury of the United States; but no such payment shall be made until said officers shall have entered upon the duties of their respective appointments. The members of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to three dollars each per day, during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three dollars each for every twenty miles' travel

in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually traveled route, and an additional allowance of three dollars shall be paid to the presiding officer of each house for each day he shall so preside. And a chief clerk, and assistant clerk, a sergeant-at-arms, and door-keeper may be chosen for each house; and the chief clerk shall receive four dollars per day, and the said other officers three dollars per day during the session of the legislative assembly; but no other officer shall be paid by the United States; *Provided*, that there shall be but one session of the legislature annually, unless, on an extraordinary occasion, the governor shall think proper to call the legislature together. There shall be appropriated annually the usual sum, to be expended by the governor, to defray the contingent expenses of the territory, including the salary of a clerk of the executive department; and there shall also be appropriated annually a sufficient sum, to be expended by the secretary of the territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the secretary of the treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of laws, and other incidental expenses; and the governor and secretary of the territory, shall, in the disbursements of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the secretary of the treasury of the United States, and shall, semi-annually, account to the said secretary for the manner in which the aforesaid moneys shall have been expended; and no expenditures shall be made by said legislative assembly for objects not specially authorized by the acts of congress making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

SEC. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That the legislative assembly of the territory of Nebraska shall hold its first session at such time and place in said territory as the governor thereof shall appoint and direct; and at the said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expedient, the governor and legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the seat of government for said territory at such place as they may deem eligible; which place, however, shall thereafter be subject to be changed by the said governor and legislative assembly.

SEC. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That a delegate to the house of representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two years, who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates of the several other territories of the United States to the said house of representatives; but the delegate first elected shall hold his seat only during the term of congress to which he shall be elected. The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct, and at all subsequent elections the times, places and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly. That the constitution and laws of the United States, which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said territory of Nebraska as elsewhere within the United States, except the eighth section of the act preparatory to the admission of Missouri into the Union, approved March sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty, which, being inconsistent with the principle of non-intervention by congress with slavery in the states and territories, as recognized by the legislation of eighteen hundred and fifty, commonly called the compromise measures, is hereby declared inoperative and void, it being the true intent and meaning of this act not to legislate slavery into any territory or state nor to exclude it therefrom, but leave the people thereof perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the constitution of the United States; *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive or put in force any law or regulation which may have existed prior to the act of sixth March, eighteen hundred and twenty, either protecting, establishing, prohibiting, or abolishing slavery.

SEC. 15. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall hereafter be appropriated, as has been customary for the territorial governments, a sufficient amount, to be expended under the direction of the said governor of the territory of Nebraska, not exceeding the sums heretofore appropriated for similar objects, for the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government, and for the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of

government for the use of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the supreme court, secretary, marshal, and attorney of said territory, and such other persons and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 16. *And be it further enacted,* That when the lands in the said territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections number sixteen to thirty-six in each township in said territory shall be and the same are hereby reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said territory, and in the states and territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 17. *And be it further enacted,* That until otherwise provided by law, the governor of said territory may define the judicial districts of said territory and assign the judges who may be appointed for said territory to the several districts, and also appoint the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts by proclamation to be issued by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 18. *And be it further enacted,* That all officers to be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, for the territory of Nebraska, who, by virtue of the provisions of any law now existing or which may be enacted during the present congress, are required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them for disbursement, shall give such security at such time and place, and in such manner, as the secretary of the territory may prescribe.

Approved May 30, 1854.

ENABLING ACT.

AN ACT to enable the people of Nebraska to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the Union on an equal footing with the original states.

[Passed April 19, 1854, 13th U. S. Statutes at large, Page 47.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled: That the inhabitants of that portion of the territory of Nebraska included in the boundaries hereinafter designated be and they are hereby authorized to form for themselves a constitution and state government with the name aforesaid, which states, when so formed, shall be admitted into the Union as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the said state of Nebraska shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundaries, to-wit: Commencing at a point formed by the intersection of the western boundary of the state of Missouri with the fortieth degree of north latitude; extending thence due west along said fortieth degree of north latitude to a point formed by its intersection with the twenty-fifth degree of longitude west from Washington; thence north along said twenty-fifth degree of longitude to a point formed by its intersection with the forty-first degree of north latitude; thence west along said forty-first degree of north latitude to a point formed by its intersection with the twenty-seventh degree of longitude west from Washington; thence north along said twenty-seventh degree of west longitude to a point formed by its intersection with the forty-third degree of north latitude; thence east along said forty-third degree of north latitude to the Keya Paha river; thence down the middle of the channel of said river, with its meanderings, to its junction with the Niobrara river; thence down the middle of the channel of said Niobrara river, and following the meanderings thereof, to its junction with the Missouri river; thence down the middle of the channel of said Missouri river, and following the meanderings thereof, to the place of beginning.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That all persons qualified by law to vote for representatives to the general assembly of said territory shall be qualified to be elected; and they are hereby authorized to vote for and choose representatives to form a convention, under such rules and regulations as the governor of said territory may prescribe, and also to vote upon the acceptance or rejection of such constitution as may be formed by said convention, under such rules and regulations as said convention may prescribe; and if any of said citizens are enlisted in the army of the United States, and are still within said territory, they shall be permitted to vote at their place of rendezvous; and if any are absent from said territory by reason of their enlistment in the army of the United States, they shall be permitted to vote at their place of service, under the rules and regulations in each case to be prescribed as aforesaid; and the aforesaid representative to form the aforesaid convention shall be apportioned among the several counties in said territory in proportion to the population, as near as may be, and said apportionment shall be made for said territory by the governor, United States district attorney, and chief justice thereof, or any two of them. And the governor of said territory shall, by proclamation, on or before the first Monday of May next, order an election of the representatives aforesaid to be held on the first Monday in June thereafter throughout the territory; and such election shall be conducted in the same manner as is prescribed by the laws of said territory regulating elections therein for members of the house of representatives; and the number of members to said convention shall be the same as now constitute both branches of the legislature of the aforesaid territory.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That the members of the convention thus elected shall meet at the capital of said territory on the first Monday in July next, and after organization shall declare, on behalf of the people of said territory, that they adopt the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said convention shall be and it is hereby authorized to form a constitution and state government; *Provided,* That the constitution when formed shall be republican, and not repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the Declaration of Independence; *And provided further,* That said constitution shall provide, by an article forever irrevocable, without the consent of the congress of the United States:

First, That slavery or involuntary servitude shall be forever prohibited in said state.

Second, That perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and no inhabitant of said state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Third, That the people inhabiting said territory do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within said territory, and that the same shall be and remain at the sole and entire disposition of the United States, and that the lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the said state shall never be taxed higher than the land belonging to residents thereof; and that no taxes shall be imposed by said state on lands or property therein belonging to or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That in case a constitution and state government shall be formed for the people of said territory of Nebraska in compliance with the provisions of this act, that said convention forming the same shall provide by ordinance for submitting said constitution to the people of said state for their ratification or rejection at an election to be held on the second Tuesday of October, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-four, at such places and under such regulations as may be prescribed therein, at which election the qualified voters as hereintofore provided, shall vote directly for or against the proposed constitution, and the returns of said election shall be made to the acting governor of the territory, who together with the United States district attorney, and chief justice of the said territory, or any two of them, shall canvass the same, and if a majority of the legal votes shall be cast for said constitution in in said proposed state, the said acting governor shall certify the same to the president of the United States, together with a copy of the said constitution and ordinances; whereupon it shall be the duty of the president of the United States to issue his proclamation declaring the state admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original states, without any further action whatever on the part of congress.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That until the next general census shall be taken said state of Nebraska shall be entitled to one representative in the house of representatives of the United States, which representative together with the governor and state and other officers provided for in said constitution, may be elected on the same day a vote is taken for or against the proposed constitution and state government.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That sections number sixteen and thirty-six in every township, and when such sections have been sold or otherwise disposed of by any act of congress, other lands equivalent thereto, in legal subdivisions of not less than one quarter-section, and as contiguous as may be, shall be and are hereby granted to said state for the support of common schools.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That provided the state of Nebraska shall be admitted into the Union in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this act, that twenty entire sections of the unappropriated public lands within said state, to be selected and located by direction of the legislature thereof, on or before the first day of January, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, shall be and they are hereby granted, in legal subdivisions of not less than one hundred and sixty acres, to said state for the purpose of erecting public buildings at the capital of said state for legislative and judicial purposes, in such manner as the legislature shall prescribe.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That fifty other entire sections of land, as aforesaid, to be selected and located as aforesaid, in legal subdivisions as aforesaid, shall be and they are hereby granted to said state for the purpose of erecting a suitable building for a penitentiary or state prison in the manner aforesaid.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That seventy-two other sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a state university, to be selected in manner as aforesaid, and to be appropriated and applied as the legislature of said state may prescribe for the purpose named, and for no other purpose.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That all salt springs within said state, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said state for

its use, the said land to be selected by the governor thereof within one year after the admission of the state, and when so selected to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions, and regulations as the legislature shall direct; *Provided*, That no salt spring or lands, the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which hereafter shall be confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall, by this act, be granted to said state.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That five per centum of the proceeds of the sales of all public lands lying within said state, which have been or shall be sold by the United States prior or subsequent to the admission of said state into the Union, after deducting all expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to the said state for the support of the common schools.

SEC. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the admission of said state of Nebraska into the Union in pursuance of this act, the laws of the United States, not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said state as elsewhere within the United States; and said state shall constitute one judicial district, and be called the district of Nebraska.

SEC. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That any unexpended balance of the appropriations for said territorial legislative expenses of Nebraska remaining for the fiscal years eighteen hundred and sixty-three and eighteen hundred and sixty-four, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be applied to and used for defraying the expenses of said convention and for the payment of the members thereof, under the same rules, regulations, and rates as are now provided by law for the payment of the territorial legislature.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEBRASKA.

IN FORCE NOVEMBER 1, 1875.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, do ordain and establish the following declaration of rights and frame of government, as the constitution of the state of Nebraska.

ARTICLE I.

Bill of Rights.

SEC. 1. All persons are by nature free and independent, and have certain inherent and inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights, and the protection of property, governments are instituted among people, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SEC. 2. There shall be neither slavery or involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for punishment of crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SEC. 3. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. *Turner v. Althaus*, 6 Neb., 54.

SEC. 4. All persons have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences. No person shall be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship against his consent, and no preference shall be given by law to any religious society, nor shall any interference with the rights of conscience be permitted. No religious test shall be required as a qualification for office, nor shall any person be incompetent to be a witness on account of his religious belief; but nothing herein shall be construed to dispense with oaths and affirmations. Religion, morality, and knowledge, however, being essential to good government, it shall be the duty of the legislature to pass suitable laws to protect every religious denomination in the peaceable enjoyment of its own mode of public worship, and to encourage schools and the means of instruction.

Freedom of Speech and Press.

SEC. 5. Every person may freely speak, write and publish on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty; and in all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth, when published with good motives and for justifiable ends, shall be a sufficient defense.

Trial by Jury Inviolable.

SEC. 6. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, but the legislature may authorize trial by jury of a less number than twelve men in courts inferior to the district court. *Lamaster v. Scofield*, 5 Neb., 148.

The People Secure in Their Persons, Houses and Effects, etc.

SEC. 7. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath of affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the person or thing to be seized.

Writ of Habeas Corpus Guaranteed.

SEC. 8. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless, in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety requires it, and then only in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Bail; Excessive Fines. etc.

SEC. 9. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for treason and murder, where the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

Criminal Offenses—Indictment of a Grand Jury—Legislature may Abolish, etc.

SEC. 10. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, except in cases in which the punishment is by fine or imprisonment, otherwise than in the penitentiary, in case of impeachment, and in cases arising in the army and navy or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury; *Provided*, That the legislature may by law provide for holding persons to answer for criminal offences on information of a public prosecutor, and may by law abolish, limit, change, amend, or otherwise regulate the grand jury system.

Accused Guaranteed the Right to Appear and Defend.

SEC. 11. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to appear and defend in person or by counsel, to demand the nature and cause of accusation, and to have a copy thereof; to meet the witnesses against him face to face; to have process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed.

Not to Give Evidence Against Himself.

SEC. 12. No person shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to give evidence against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

Justice to be Administered Without Denial or Delay.

SEC. 13. All courts shall be open, and every person, for any injury done him in his lands, goods, person, or reputation, shall have a remedy by due course of law, and justice administered without denial or delay.

Treason Against the State.

SEC. 14. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against the state, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Penalties to be Proportionate to Offense.

SEC. 15. All penalties shall be proportioned to the nature of the offense, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate; nor shall any person be transported out of the state for any offense committed within the state.

No Bill of Attainder.

SEC. 16. No bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or making any irrevocable grant of special privileges or immunities, shall be passed. *Jones v. Davis*, 6 Neb., 33.

Military.

SEC. 17. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Quartering of Soldiers.

SEC. 18. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in the manner prescribed by law.

Peaceable Assembly and the Right of Petition Guaranteed.

SEC. 19. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

No Imprisonment for Debt.

SEC. 20. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any civil action on *mesne* or final process, unless in cases of fraud.

Private Property for Public Use.

SEC. 21. The property of no person shall be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation therefor.

All Elections free and Without Hindrance.

SEC. 22. All elections shall be free; and there shall be no hindrance or impediment to the right of a qualified voter to exercise the elective franchise,

Of Writ of Error.

SEC. 23. The writ of error shall be a writ of right in all cases of felony, and in capital cases shall operate as a supersedeas to stay the execution of the the sentence of death until the further order of the supreme court in the premises.

The Right of Appeal.

SEC. 24. The right to be heard in all civil cases in the court of last resort, by appeal, error, or otherwise, shall not be denied.

No Distinction Between Resident Aliens and Citizens in Reference to Property.

SEC. 25. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens in reference to the possession, enjoyment or descent of property.

Reserved Rights.

SEC. 26. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people, and all powers not herein delegated remain with the people.

ARTICLE II.

Distribution of Powers.

SEC. 1. The powers of the government of this state are divided into three distinct departments—the legislative, executive, and judicial; and no person or collection of persons being one of these departments shall exercise any power properly belonging to either of the others, except as hereinafter expressly directed or permitted.

ARTICLE III.

The Legislative.

SEC. 1. The legislative authority is vested in a senate and house of representatives.

Enumeration and Apportionment.

SEC. 2. The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the state in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and every ten years thereafter; and at its first regular session after each enumeration, and also after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, but at no other time, the legislature shall apportion the senators and representatives according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy.

Number of Senators and Representatives.

SEC. 3. The house of representatives shall consist of eighty-four mem-

bers, and the senate shall consist of thirty members, until the year eighteen hundred and eighty, after which time the number of members of each house shall be regulated by law; but the number of representatives shall never exceed one hundred, nor that of senators thirty-three.

Biennial Sessions.

The sessions of the legislature shall be biennial, except as otherwise provided in this constitution.

Term of Office and Pay of Members (as amended).

"SEC. 4. The term of office of members of the legislature shall be two years, and they shall each receive pay at the rate of five dollars per day, during their sitting, and ten cents for every mile they shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route; *Provided, however,* That they shall not receive pay for more than sixty days at any one sitting, nor more than one hundred days during their term. That neither members of the legislature nor employes shall receive any pay or perquisites other than their salary and mileage. Each session, except special sessions, shall be not less than sixty days. After the expiration of forty days of the session, no bills or joint resolutions of the nature of bills shall be introduced, unless the governor shall, by special message call the attention of the legislature to the necessity of passing a law on the subject-matter embraced in the message, and the introduction of the bills shall be restricted thereto."

Eligibility.

SEC. 5. No person shall be eligible to the office of senator or member of the house of representatives who shall not be an elector and have resided within the district from which he is elected for the term of one year next before his election, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or of this state. And no person elected as aforesaid shall hold his office after he shall have removed from such district.

SEC. 6. No person holding office under the authority of the United States or any lucrative office under the authority of the state, shall be eligible to or have a seat in the legislature; but this provision shall not extend to precinct or township officers, justices of the peace, notaries public, or officers of the militia; nor shall any person interested in a contract with, or an unadjusted claim against the state hold a seat in the legislature.

Opening of Sessions. Rules, etc.

SEC. 7. The session of the legislature shall commence at twelve o'clock (noon) on the first Tuesday in January in the year next ensuing the election of members thereof, and at no other time, unless as provided by this constitution. A majority of the members elected to each house shall constitute a quorum. Each house shall determine the rules of its proceedings and be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its members; shall choose its own officers; and the senate shall choose a temporary president to preside when the lieutenant-governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as governor. The secretary of state shall call the house of representatives to order at the opening of each new legislature, and preside over it until a temporary presiding officer thereof shall have been chosen and shall have taken his seat. No member shall be expelled by either house except by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to that house, and no member shall be twice expelled

for the same offense. Each house may punish by imprisonment any person, not a member thereof, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house by disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence, but no such imprisonment shall extend beyond twenty-four hours at one time, unless the person shall persist in such disorderly or contemptuous behavior.

SEC. 8. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish them (except such parts as may require secrecy) and the yeas and nays of the members on an question, shall, at the desire of any two of them, be entered on the journal. All votes in either house shall be *viva voce*. The doors of each house and of the committee of the whole shall be open, unless when the business shall be such as ought to be kept secret. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

Rules Concerning Bills.

SEC. 9. Any bill may originate in either house of the legislature, except bills appropriating money, which shall originate only in the house of representatives, and all bills passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SEC. 10. The enacting clause of a law shall be, "Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska," and no law shall be enacted except by bill. No bill shall be passed unless by assent of a majority of all the members elected to each house of the legislature. And the question upon the final passage shall be taken immediately upon its last reading, and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal.

SEC. 11. Every bill and concurrent resolution shall be read at large on three different days in each house, and the bill and all amendments thereto shall be printed before the vote is taken upon its final passage. No bill shall contain more than one subject, and the same shall be clearly expressed in its title; and no law shall be amended, unless the new act contains the section or sections so amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed. The presiding officer of each house shall sign, in the presence of the house over which he presides, while the same is in session and capable of transacting business, all bills and concurrent resolutions passed by the legislature.

Members Privileged From Arrest.

SEC. 12. Members of the legislature, in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, shall be privileged from arrest during the session of the legislature, and for fifteen days before the commencement and after the termination thereof.

Members Not to Receive any Civil Appointment or be Interested in any Contract.

SEC. 13. No person elected to the legislature shall receive any civil appointment within this state, from the governor and senate, during the term for which he has been elected. And all such appointments, and all votes given for any such member for any such office or appointment, shall be void. Nor shall any member of the legislature, or any state officer, be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any contract with the state, county, or city, authorized by any law passed during the term for which he shall have been elected, or within one year after the expiration thereof.

Of Impeachment.

SEC. 14. The senate and house of representatives, in joint convention, shall have the sole power of impeachment but a majority of the mem-

bers elected, must concur therein. Upon the entertainment of a resolution to impeach by either house, the other house shall at once be notified thereof, and the two houses shall meet in joint convention for the purpose of acting upon such resolution within three days of such notification. A notice of an impeachment of any officer, other than a justice of the supreme court, shall be forthwith served upon the chief justice by the secretary of the senate, who shall thereupon call a session of the supreme court to meet at the capital within ten days after such notice to try the impeachment. A notice of an impeachment of a justice of the supreme court shall be served by the secretary of the senate upon the judge of the judicial district within which the capital is located, and he thereupon shall notify all the judges of the district court in the state to meet with him within thirty days at the capital, to sit as a court to try such impeachment, which court shall organize by electing one of its number to preside. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the court of impeachment, but judgment in case of impeachment shall not extend further than removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, profit or trust in this state, but the party impeached, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to prosecution and punishment according to law. No officer shall exercise his official duties after he shall have been impeached and notified thereof until he shall have been acquitted.

Local and Special Legislation Prohibited.

SEC. 15. The legislature shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following cases, that is to say:

For granting divorces.

Changing the names of persons and places.

Laying out opening, altering, and working roads and highways.

Vacating roads, town plats, streets alleys, and public grounds.

Locating or changing county seats.

Regulating county and township offices.

Regulating the practice of courts of justice.

Regulating the jurisdiction and duties of justices of the peace, police magistrates, and constables.

Providing for changes of venue in civil and criminal cases.

Incorporating cities, towns and villages, or changing or amending the charter of any town, city or village.

Providing for the election of officers in townships, incorporated towns or cities.

Summoning or empanelling grand or petit juries.

Providing for the bonding of cities, towns, precincts, school districts, or other municipalities.

Providing for the management of public schools.

Regulating the interest on money.

The opening and conducting of any election, or designating the place of voting.

The sale or mortgage of real estate belonging to minors or others under disability.

The protection of game or fish.

Chartering or licensing ferries or toll bridges.

Remitting fines, penalties, or forfeitures.

Creating, increasing, and decreasing fees, percentage, or allowances of public officers during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Changing the law of descent.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks, or amending existing charters for such purpose.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual any special or exclusive privileges, immunity, or franchise whatever. In all other cases where a general law can be made applicable, no special law shall be enacted.

Extra Compensation to Public Officers Prohibited.

SEC. 16. The legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor after the services shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into. Nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

Of Salt Springs.

SEC. 17. The legislature shall never alienate salt springs belonging to this state.

State Lands not to be Donated.

SEC. 18. Lands under the control of the state shall never be donated to railroad companies, private corporations, or individuals.

Appropriations.

SEC. 19. Each legislature shall make appropriations for the expenses of the government until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session, and all appropriations shall end with such fiscal quarter. And whenever it is deemed necessary to make further appropriations for deficiencies, the same shall require a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to each house, and shall not exceed the amount of revenue authorized by law to be raised in such time. Bills making appropriations for the pay of members and officers of the legislature, and for the salaries of the officers of the government shall contain no provision on any other subject.

Vacancies in State Offices.

SEC. 20. All offices created by this constitution shall become vacant by the death of the incumbent, by removal from the state, resignation, conviction of a felony, impeachment, or becoming of unsound mind. And the legislature shall provide by general law for the filling of such vacancy when no provision is made for that purpose in this constitution.

Lotteries Prohibited.

SEC. 21. The legislature shall not authorize any games of chance, lottery, or gift enterprise, under any pretense, or for any purpose whatever.

Incidental Expenses.

SEC. 22. No allowance shall be made for the incidental expenses of any state officer except the same be made by general appropriation, and upon an account specifying each item.

How Money Drawn From the Treasury.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury except in pursuance of a specific appropriation made by law, and on a presentation of a warrant issued by the auditor thereon, and no money shall be diverted from any appropriation made for any purpose, or taken from any fund whatever, either by joint or separate resolution,

Auditor to Publish Statement.

The auditor shall, within, sixty days after the adjournment of each session of the legislature, prepare and publish a full statement of all moneys expended at such session, specifying the amount of each item, and to whom and for what paid. *State v. McBride*, 6 Neb., 506.

Members of Legislature not Liable for Words Spoken in Debate.

SEC. 23. No member of the legislature shall be liable in any civil or criminal action whatever for words spoken in debate.

Act When Take Effect—How Published.

SEC. 24. No act shall take effect until three calendar months after the adjournment of the session at which it passed, unless, in case of emergency (to be expressed in the preamble or body of the act) the legislature shall, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, otherwise direct. All laws shall be published in book form within sixty days after the adjournment of each session, and distributed among the several counties in such manner as the legislature may provide.

ARTICLE IV.

Legislative Apportionment.

(Present apportionment given in another place.)

ARTICLE V.

Executive Department.

SECTION 1. The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, auditor of public accounts, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, attorney-general, and commissioner of public lands and buildings, who shall each hold his office for the term of two years, from the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January next after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified; *Provided, however*, that the first election of said officers shall be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1876, and each succeeding election shall be held at the same relative time in each even year thereafter. The governor, secretary of state, auditor of public accounts, and treasurer, shall reside at the seat of government during their terms of office, and keep the public records, books, and papers there, and shall perform such duties as may be required by law.

Governor—Eligibility.

SEC. 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of governor, or lieutenant-governor, who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and been for two years next preceding his election a citizen of the United States and of this state. None of the officers of the executive department shall be eligible to any other state office during the period for which they shall have been elected.

Treasurer Ineligible for Third Term.

SEC. 3. The treasurer shall be ineligible to the office of treasurer for two years next after the expiration of two consecutive terms for which he was elected.

Election Returns—How Canvassed.

SEC. 4. The returns of every election for the officers of the executive department shall be sealed up and transmitted by the returning officers to the secretary of state, directed to the speaker of the house of representatives, who shall, immediately after the organization of the house, and before proceeding to other business, open and publish the same in the presence of a majority of each house of the legislature, who shall fo

that purpose assemble in the hall of the house of representatives. The person having the highest number of votes for either of said offices shall be declared duly elected; but if two or more have an equal and the highest number of votes, the legislature shall by joint vote, choose one of such persons for said office. Contested elections for all of said offices shall be determined by both houses of the legislature, by joint vote, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

Liabie to Impeachment.

SEC. 5. All civil officers of this state shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office.

Supreme Executive Power.

SEC. 6. The supreme executive power shall be vested in the governor, who shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Governor to deliver Message.

SEC. 7. The governor shall, at the commencement of each session, and at the close of his term of office, and whenever the legislature may require give to the legislature information by message of the condition of the state, and shall recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient. He shall account to the legislature, and accompany his message with a statement of all moneys received and paid out by him from any funds subject to his order, with vouchers, and, at the commencement of each regular session, present estimates of the amount of money required to be raised by taxation for all purposes.

Governor May Convene the Legislature..

SEC. 8. The governor may, on extraordinary occasions convene the legislature by proclamation, stating therein the purpose for which they are convened, and the legislature shall enter upon no business except that for which they were called together.

In Case of Disagreement May Adjourn the Legislature.

SEC. 9. In case of a disagreement between the two houses with respect to the time of adjournment, the governor may, on the same being certified to him by the house first moving the adjournment, adjourn the legislature to such time as he thinks proper, not beyond the first day of the next regular session.

Governor Appoint and Nominate Officers.

SEC. 10. The governor shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate (expressed by a majority of all the senators elected voting by yeas and nays), appoint all officers whose offices are established by this constitution, or which may be created by law, and whose appointment and election is not otherwise by law or herein provided for; and no such officer shall be appointed or elected by the legislature.

In Case of Vacancy During the Recess of Senate.

SEC. 11. In case of a vacancy during the recess of the senate in any office which is not elective, the governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the senate, when he shall nominate some person to fill such office; and any person so nominated, who is confirmed by the senate (a majority of all the senators elected concurring by voting yeas and nays), shall hold his office during the remainder of the term, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. No person, after being rejected by the senate, shall be again nominated for the same office at the same session, unless at request of the senate, or be appointed to the same office during the recess of the legislature.

Of Power to Remove.

SEC. 12. The governor shall have power to remove any officer whom he may appoint, in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, malfeasance in office; and he may declare his office vacant, and fill the same as herein provided in other cases of vacancy.

Of Power to Grant Reprieves, Pardons, etc.

SEC. 13. The governor shall have the power to grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons after conviction for all offenses, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislature at its next session, when the legislature shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall communicate to the legislature, at every regular session, each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the reprieve, commutation or pardon.

Commander-in-chief.

SEC. 14. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state (except when they shall be called into the service or the United States), and may call out the same to execute the laws, suppress insurrection, and repel invasion.

Of the Veto Power.

SEC. 15. Every bill passed by the legislature, before it becomes a law, and every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of both houses may be necessary (except on questions of adjournment), shall be presented to the governor. If he approve he shall sign it, and thereupon it shall become a law; but if he do not approve he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, which house shall enter the objections at large upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider the bill. If then three-fifths of the members elected agree to pass the same, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by three-fifths of the members elected to that house it shall become a law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. In all such cases the vote of each house shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered upon the journal. Any bill which shall not be returned by the governor within five days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall be filed, with his objections, in the office of the secretary of state within five days after such adjournment, or become a law. The governor may disapprove any item or items of appropriation contained in bills passed by the legislature, and the item or items so disapproved shall be stricken therefrom, unless repassed in the manner herein prescribed in cases of disapproval of bills.

In Case of Death.

SEC. 16. In case of the death, impeachment, and notice thereof to the accused, failure to qualify, resignation, absence from the state, or other disability of the governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the of-

office for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall be removed, shall devolve upon the lieutenant-governor.

Relating to the Lieutenant Governor.

SEC. 17. The lieutenant-governor shall be president of the senate, and shall vote only when the senate is equally divided.

SEC. 18. If there be no lieutenant-governor, or if the lieutenant-governor, for any of the causes specified in section sixteen of this article, become incapable of performing the duties of the office, the president of the senate shall act as governor until the vacancy is filled or the disability removed; and if the president of the senate, for any of the above named causes, shall become incapable of performing the duties of governor, the same shall devolve upon the speaker of the house of representatives.

Board of Public Lands and Buildings.

SEC. 19. The commissioner of public lands and buildings, the secretary of state, treasurer, and attorney-general, shall form a board, which shall have general supervision and control of all the buildings, grounds, and lands of the state, the state prison, asylums, and all other institutions thereof, except those for educational purposes; and shall perform such duties and be subject to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by law. *State v. Bacon*, 6 Neb. 286.

Vacancies in the State Offices, How Filled.

SEC. 20. If the office of auditor of public accounts, treasurer, secretary of state, attorney-general, commissioner of public lands and buildings, or superintendent of public instruction, shall be vacated by death, resignation, or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the governor to fill the same by appointment; and the appointee shall hold his office until his successor shall be elected and qualified in such manner as may be provided by law.

Accounts to be Kept and Semi-Annual Reports made to the Governor.

SEC. 21. An account shall be kept by the officers of the executive department, and of all the public institutions of the state, of all moneys received or disbursed by them severally from all sources, and for every service performed, and a semi-annual report thereof be made to the governor, under oath; and any officer who makes a false report shall be guilty of perjury, and punished accordingly.

Reports to be Made and Transmitted to the Legislature.

SEC. 22. The officers of the executive department and of all the public institutions of the state shall, at least ten days preceding each regular session of the legislature, severally report to the governor, who shall transmit such reports to the legislature, together with the reports of the judges of the supreme court, of defects in the constitution and laws, and the governor, or either house of the legislature, may at any time require information in writing, under oath, from the officers of the executive department and all officers and managers of state institutions, upon any subject relating to the condition, management, and expenses of their respective offices.

The Great Seal.

SEC. 23. There shall be a seal of the state, which shall be called the "Great seal of the state of Nebraska," which shall be kept by the secretary of state, and used by him officially, as directed by law.

Salaries.

SEC. 24. The salaries of the governor, auditor of public accounts, and treasurer shall be two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) each per annum, and of the secretary of state, attorney-general, superintendent of public instruction, and commissioner of public lands and buildings, two thousand dollars (\$2,000) each per annum. The lieutenant-governor shall receive twice the compensation of a senator, and after the adoption of this constitution they shall not receive to their own use any fees, costs, interest upon public moneys in their hands or under their control, perquisites of office, or other compensation, and all fees that may hereafter be payable by law for services performed by any officer provided for in this article of the constitution, shall be paid in advance into the state treasury. There shall be no allowance for clerk hire in the offices of the superintendent of public instruction and attorney-general.

Officers to Give Bond.

SEC. 25. The officers mentioned in this article shall give bonds in not less than double the amount of money that may come into their hands, and in no case in less than the sum of fifty thousand dollars, with such provisions as to sureties and the approval thereof, and for the increase of the penalty of such bonds, as may be prescribed by law.

No new Offices to be Created.

SEC. 26. No other executive state office shall be continued or created, and the duties now devolving upon officers not provided for by this constitution shall be performed by the officers herein created. *State v. Weston*, 4 Neb., 234.

ARTICLE VI.

The Judicial Department.

SEC. 1. The judicial power of this state shall be vested in a supreme court, districts courts, county courts, justices of the peace, police magistrates, and in such other courts inferior to the district courts as may be created by law for cities and incorporated towns.

The Supreme Court.

SEC. 2. The supreme court shall consist of three judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have original jurisdiction in cases relating to the revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law.

SEC. 3. At least two terms of the supreme court shall be held each year at the seat of government.

SEC. 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large, and their terms of office, except of those chosen at the first election, as hereinafter provided, shall be six years.

SEC. 5. The judges of the supreme court shall, immediately after the first election under this constitution, be classified by lot, so that one shall hold his office for the term of two years, one for the term of four years, and one for the term of six years.

SEC. 6. The judge of the supreme court having the shortest term to serve, not holding his office by appointment or elected to fill a vacancy, shall be the chief justice, and as such shall preside at all terms of the supreme court; and in case of his absence, the judge having in like manner the next shortest term to serve shall preside in his stead.

SEC. 7. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of the supreme court unless he shall be at least thirty years of age, and a citizen of the United States; nor unless he shall have resided in this state at least three years next preceeding his election.

SEC. 8. There shall be appointed by the supreme court a reporter, who shall also act as clerk of the supreme court and librarian of the law and miscellaneous library of the state, whose term of office shall be four years, unless sooner removed by the court, whose salary shall be fixed by law, not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars per annum. The copyright of the state reports shall forever belong to the state.

District Court and Judges.

SEC. 9. The district courts shall have both chancery and common law jurisdiction, and such other jurisdiction as the legislature may provide, and the judges thereof may admit persons charged with felony to a plea of guilty, and pass such sentence as may be prescribed by law. *Turner v. Althaus*, 6 Neb., 54.

SEC. 10. The state shall be divided into six judicial districts, in each of which shall be elected by the electors thereof, one judge, who shall be judge of the district court therein, and whose term of office shall be four years.

SEC. 11. The legislature, whenever two-thirds of the members elected to each house shall concur therein, may, in or after the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and not oftener than once in every four years, increase the number of judges of the district courts, and the judicial districts of the state. Such districts shall be formed of compact territory, and bounded by county lines, and such increase, or any change in the boundaries of a district, shall not vacate the office of any judge.

SEC. 12. The judges of the district courts may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

Salaries of Supreme and District Judges.

SEC. 13. The judges of the supreme and district courts shall each receive a salary of \$2,500 per annum, payable quarterly.

SEC. 14. No judge of the supreme or district courts shall receive any other compensation, perquisite, or benefit for or on account of his office in any form whatever, nor act as attorney or counselor-at-law in any manner whatever, nor shall any salary be paid to any county judge.

County Courts and Judges.

SEC. 15. There shall be elected in and for each organized county one judge, who shall be judge of the county court of such county, and whose term of office shall be two years.

SEC. 16. County courts shall be courts of record, and shall have original jurisdiction in all matters of probate, settlement of estates of deceased persons, appointment of guardians and settlement of their accounts in all matters relating to apprentices; and such other jurisdiction as may be given by general law. But they shall not have jurisdiction in criminal cases in which the punishment may exceed six months imprisonment, or a fine of over five hundred dollars; nor in actions in which title to real estate is sought to be recovered, or may be drawn in question; nor in actions on mortgages or contracts for the conveyance of real estate; nor in civil actions where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one thousand dollars.

Appeals.

SEC. 17. Appeals to the district courts from the judgments of county courts shall be allowed in all criminal cases, on application of the defendant; and in all civil cases, on application of either party, and in such other cases as may be provided by law.

Justices of the Peace and Police Magistrates.

SEC. 18. Justices of the peace and police magistrates shall be elected in and for such districts, and have and exercise such jurisdiction as may be provided by law; *Provided*, That no justice of the peace shall have jurisdiction of any civil case where the amount in controversy shall exceed two hundred dollars; nor in a criminal case where the punishment may exceed three months' imprisonment, or a fine of over one hundred dollars; nor in any matter wherein the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute.

Of Laws Relating to Courts.

SEC. 19. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, powers proceedings, and practice of all the courts of the same class of grade, so far as regulated by law and the force and effect of the proceedings, judgments and degrees of such courts severally, shall be uniform.

Term of Office.

SEC. 20. All officers provided for in this article shall hold their offices until their successors shall be qualified, and they shall respectively reside in the district, county, or precinct, for which they shall be elected or appointed. The terms of office of all such officers, when not otherwise prescribed in this article, shall be two years. All officers, when not otherwise provided for in this article, shall perform such duties and receive such compensation as may be provided by law.

Vacancies, How filled.

SEC. 21. In case the office of any judge of the supreme court or of any district court shall become vacant before the expiration of the regular term for which he was elected, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor, until a successor shall be elected and qualified, and such successor shall be elected for the unexpired term at the first general election that occurs more than thirty days after the vacancy shall have happened. Vacancies in all other elective offices provided for in this article shall be filled by election, but when the unexpired term does not exceed one year the vacancy may be filled by appointment, in such manner as the legislature may provide.

State May Sue and be Sued,

SEC. 22. The state may sue and be sued, and the legislature shall provide by law in what manner and in what courts suits shall be brought. *State v. Stout*, 7 Neb., 89.

Jurisdiction at Chambers.

SEC. 23. The several judges of the courts of record shall have such jurisdiction at chambers as may be provided by law.

Process Shall Run etc.

SEC. 24. All process shall run in the name of "The State of Nebraska," and all prosecutions shall be carried on in the name of "The State of Nebraska."

ARTICLE VII.

Right of Suffrage.

SEC. 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state six months, and in the county, precinct, or ward for the time provided by law, shall be an elector.

First. Citizens of the United States.

Second. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, at least thirty days prior to an election.

SEC. 2. No person shall be qualified to vote who is *non compos mentis*, or who has been convicted of treason, or felony under the law of the state, or of the United States, unless restored to civil rights.

SEC. 3. Every elector in the actual military service of the United States or of this state, and not in the regular army, may exercise the right of suffrage at such place and under such regulations as may be provided by law.

SEC. 4. No soldier, seaman, or marine in the army and navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of the state in consequence of being stationed therein.

SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at elections, and going to and returning from the same. and no elector shall be obliged to do military duty on the days of election except in time of war and public danger.

SEC. 6. All votes shall be by ballot.

ARTICLE VIII.

Education.

SEC. 1. The governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney general, and commissioner of public lands and buildings, shall, under the direction of the legislature, constitute a board of commissioners for the sale, leasing, and general management of all lands and funds set apart for educational purposes, and for the investment of school funds in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. All lands, money, or other property granted or bequeathed or in any manner conveyed to this state for educational purposes, shall be used and expended in accordance with the terms of such grant, bequest, or conveyance.

Perpetual Funds for School Purposes.

SEC. 3. The following are hereby declared to be perpetual funds for common school purposes, of which the annual interest or income only can be appropriated, to-wit:

First. Such percentum as has been or may hereafter be granted by congress on the sale of lands in this state.

Second. All moneys arising from the sale or leasing of sections number sixteen and thirty-six in each township in this state, and the lands selected or that may be selected in lieu thereof.

Third. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted to this state, where by the terms and conditions of such grant the same are not to be otherwise appropriated.

Fourth. The net proceeds of lands and other property and effects that may come to the state, by escheat and forfeiture, or from unclaimed divi-

dends, or distributive shares of the estates of deceased persons. *State v. Reeder*, 5 Neb., 103.

Fifth. All moneys, stocks, bonds, lands, and other property now belonging to the common school fund.

Other Funds for the Support and Maintenance of Common Schools.

SEC. 4. All other grants, gifts, and devises that have been or may hereafter be made to this state, and not otherwise appropriated by the terms of the grant, gift, or devise, the interests arising from all the funds mentioned in the preceding section, together with all the rents of the unsold school lands, and such other means as the legislature may provide, shall be exclusively applied to the support and maintenance of common school in each school district in the state, *State v. McBride*, 5 Neb., 121.

SEC. 5. All fines, penalties, and license moneys arising under the general laws of the state shall belong and be paid over to the counties respectively where the same may be levied or imposed, and all fines, penalties, and license moneys arising under the rules, by-laws, or ordinances of cities, villages, towns, precincts, or other municipal subdivisions less than a county, shall belong and be paid over to the same respectively. All such fines, penalties, and license moneys shall be appropriated exclusively to the use and support of common schools in the respective subdivisions where the same may accrue. *State v. McConnel*, 8 Neb., 28

Free Instruction.

SEC. 6. The legislature shall provide for the free instruction in the common schools of this state of all persons between the ages of five and twenty-one years.

Equitable Distribution of School Funds.

SEC. 7. Provisions shall be made by general law for an equitable distribution of the income of the fund set apart for the support of the common schools, among the several school districts of the state, and no appropriation shall be made from said fund to any district for the year in which school is not maintained at least three months.

Lands not to be Sold For Less Than—

SEC. 8. University, agricultural college, common school, or other lands, which are now held or may hereafter be acquired by the state for educational purposes, shall not be sold for less than seven dollars per acre, nor less than the appraised value.

To be Deemed Trust Funds.

SEC. 9. All funds belonging to the state for educational purposes, the interest and income whereof only are to be used, shall be deemed trust funds held by the state, and the state shall supply all losses thereof that may in any manner accrue, so that the same shall remain forever inviolate and undiminished; and shall not be invested or loaned except on United States or state securities, or registered county bonds of this state; and such funds, with the interests and income thereof, are hereby solemnly pledged for the purpose for which they are granted and set apart, and shall not be transferred to any other fund for other uses.

Six Regents.

SEC. 10. The general government of the university of Nebraska shall, under the direction of the legislature, be vested in a board of six regents, to be styled the board of regents of the university of Nebraska, who shall be elected by the electors of the state at large, and their term of office, except those chosen at the first election, as hereinafter provided, shall be

six years. Their duties and powers shall be prescribed by law; and they shall receive no compensation, but may be reimbursed their actual expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties.

No Sectarian Instruction.

SEC. 11. No sectarian instruction shall be allowed in any school or institution supported in whole or in part by the public funds set apart for educational purposes, nor shall the state accept any grant, conveyance, or bequest of money, lands, or other property, to be used for sectarian purposes.

Reform School.

SEC. 12. The legislature may provide by law for the establishment of a school or schools for the safe keeping, education, employment, and reformation of all children under the age of sixteen years, who, for want of proper parental care or other cause, are growing up in mendicancy or crime.

ARTICLE IX.

Revenue and Finance.

SECTION 1. The legislature shall provide such revenue as may be needful by levying a tax by valuation, so that every person and corporation shall pay a tax in proportion to the value of his, her, or its property and franchises, the value to be ascertained in such manner as the legislature shall direct, and it shall have power to tax peddlers, auctioneers, brokers, hawkers, commission merchants, showmen, jugglers, innkeepers, liquor dealers, toll bridges, ferries, insurance, telegraph, and express interests or business, venders of patents, in such manner as it shall direct by general law, uniform as to the class upon which it operates. *State v. Lancaster county*, 4 Neb., 537.

Property Exempt from Taxation.

SEC. 2. The property of the state, counties, and municipal corporations both real and personal, shall be exempt from taxation, and such other property as may be used exclusively for agricultural and horticultural societies, for school, religious, cemetery, and charitable purposes, may be exempted from taxation, but such exemptions shall be only by general law. In the assessment of real estate encumbered by public easement, any depreciation occasioned by such easement may be deducted in the valuation of such property. The legislature may provide that the increased value of lands, by reason of live fences, fruit and forest trees grown and cultivated thereon, shall not be taken into account in the assessment thereof.

The Right of Redemption.

SEC. 3. The right of redemption from all sales of real estate, for the non-payment of taxes of special assessment of any character whatever, shall exist in favor of owners and persons interested in such real estate for a period of not less than two years from such sales thereof; *Provided*, That occupants shall in all cases be served with personal notice before the time of redemption expires.

The Legislature Shall Have No Power to Release, etc.

SEC. 4. The legislature shall have no power to release or discharge any county, city, township, town, or district, whatever, or the inhabitants thereof, or any corporation, or the property therein, from their or its proportionate share of taxes to be levied for state purposes, or due any municipal corporation, nor shall commutation for such taxes be authorized in any form whatever.

Limit of Taxation.

SEC. 5. County authorities shall never assess taxes, the aggregate of which shall exceed one and one-half dollar per one hundred dollars valuation, except for the payment of indebtedness existing at the adoption of this constitution, unless authorized by a vote of the people of the county.

Special Assessments and Taxation.

SEC. 6. The legislature may vest the corporate authorities of cities, towns, and villages with power to make local improvements by special assessments, or by special taxation of property benefitted. For all other corporate purposes, all municipal corporations may be vested with authority to assess and collect taxes, but such taxes shall be uniform in respect to persons and property within the jurisdiction of the body imposing the same.

Private Property Not Liable for Corporate Debts.

SEC. 7. Private property shall not be liable to be taken or sold for the payment of the corporate debts of municipal corporations. The legislature shall not impose taxes upon municipal corporations, or the inhabitants or property thereof, for corporate purposes.

Funding of Outstanding Warrants.

SEC. 8. The legislature at its first session shall provide a law for the funding of all outstanding warrants and other indebtedness of the state, at a rate of interest not exceeding eight per cent per annum. *The state v. McBride*, 6 Neb., 506.

Claims Upon the Treasury.

SEC. 9. The legislature shall provide by law that all claims upon the treasury shall be examined and adjusted by the auditor and approved by the secretary of state before any warrant for the amount allowed shall be drawn; *Provided*, That a party aggrieved by the decision of the auditor and secretary of state may appeal to the district court.

ARTICLE X.

Counties.

SECTION 1. No new county shall be formed or established by the legislature which will reduce the county or counties, or either of them, to a less area than four hundred square miles, nor shall any county be formed of a less area.

SEC. 2. No county shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom without first submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

SEC. 3. There shall be no territory stricken from any organized county unless a majority of the voters living in such territory shall petition for such division, and no territory shall be added to any organized county without the consent of the majority of the voters of the county to which it is proposed to be added; but the portion so stricken off and added to another county, or formed in whole or in part into a new county, shall be holden for and obliged to pay its proportion to the indebtedness of the counties from which it has been taken.

SEC. 4. The legislature shall provide by law for the election of such county and township officers as may be necessary.

Township Organization.

SEC. 5. The legislature shall provide by general law for township organization, under which any county may organize whenever a majority

of the legal voters of such county, voting at any general election, shall so determine; and in any county that shall have adopted a township organization, the question of continuing the same may be submitted to a vote of the electors of such county at a general election in the manner that shall be provided by law. *State v. Lancaster County*, 6 Neb., 474.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

Railroad Corporations.

SECTION. 1. Every railroad corporation organized or doing business in this state, under the laws or authority thereof, or of any other state, or of the United States, shall have and maintain a public office or place in this state for the transaction of its business, where transfers of stock shall be made, and in which shall be kept, for public inspection, books in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock, and the amounts owned by them respectively, the amount of stock paid in and by whom, the transfers of said stock, the amount of its assets and liabilities, and the names and places of residence of its officers. The directors of every railroad corporation, or other parties having control of its road, shall annually make a report under oath to the auditor of public accounts, or some officer to be designated by law, of the amount received from passengers and freight, and such other matters relating to railroads as may be prescribed by law. And the legislature shall pass laws enforcing by suitable penalties the provisions of this section.

SEC. 2. The rolling stock and all other movable property belonging to any railroad company or corporation in this state shall be liable to execution and sale in the same manner as the personal property of individuals, and the legislature shall pass no law exempting any such property from execution and sale.

SEC. 3. No railroad corporation or telegraph company shall consolidate its stock, property, franchises or earnings, in whole or in part, with any other railroad corporation or telegraph company owning a parallel or competing line; and in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon public notice of at least sixty days to all stockholders in such manner as may be provided by law.

Declared Public Highways.

SEC. 4. Railways heretofore constructed, or that may hereafter be constructed, in this state, are hereby declared public highways, and shall be free to all persons for the transportation of their persons and property thereon, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. And the legislature may from time to time pass laws establishing reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight on the different railroads in this state. The liability of railroad corporations as common carriers shall never be limited.

Of Issuing Stocks or Bonds.

SEC. 5. No railroad corporation shall issue any stock or bonds except for money, labor, or property actually received and applied to the purposes for which such corporation was created, and all stock, dividends and other fictitious increase of the capital stock or indebtedness of any such corporation shall be void. The capital stock of railroad corporations shall not be increased for any purpose, except after public notice for sixty days in such manner as may be provided by law.

Eminent Domain.

SEC. 6. The exercise of the power and the right of eminent domain shall never be so construed or abridged as to prevent the taking, by the legislature, of the property and franchises of incorporated companies already organized or hereafter to be organized, and subjecting them to the public necessity, the same as of individuals.

Legislature to Correct Abuses and Extortion.

SEC. 7. The legislature shall pass laws to correct abuses and prevent unjust discrimination and extortion in all charges of express, telegraph, and railroad companies in this state, and enforce such laws by adequate penalties to the extent, if necessary for that purpose, of forfeiture of their property and franchises.

When not Entitled to the Right of Eminent Domain.

SEC. 8. No railroad corporation organized under the laws of any other state, or of the United States, and doing business in this state, shall be entitled to exercise the right of eminent domain, or have power to acquire the right of way or real estate for depot or other uses, until it shall have become a body corporate pursuant to and in accordance with the laws of this state.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

SECTION. 1. No city, county, town, precinct, municipality, or other subdivision of the state, shall ever become a subscriber to the capital stock or owner of such stock, or any portion or interest therein, of any railroad or private corporation or association.

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. No corporation shall be created by special law, nor its charter extended, changed, or amended, except those for charitable, educational, penal, or reformatory purposes, which are to be and remain under the patronage and control of the state, but the legislature shall provide by general laws for the organization of all corporations hereafter to be created. All general laws passed pursuant to this section may be altered from time to time or repealed.

SEC. 2. No such general law shall be passed by the legislature granting the right to construct and operate a street railroad within any city, town, or incorporated village, without first requiring the consent of a majority of the electors thereof.

SEC. 3. All corporations may sue and be sued in like cases as natural persons.

SEC. 4. In all cases of claims against corporations and joint stock associations the exact amount justly due shall be first ascertained, and after the corporate property shall have been exhausted, the original subscribers thereof shall be individually liable to the extent of their unpaid subscription, and the liability for the unpaid subscription shall follow the stock.

SEC. 5. The legislature shall provide by law that in all elections for directors or managers of incorporated companies, every stockholder shall have the right to vote in person or by proxy for the number of shares of stock owned by him, for as many persons as there are directors or managers to be elected, or to cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors multiplied by the number of his shares of stock shall equal, or to distribute them upon the same principle

among as many candidates as he shall think fit; and such directors or managers shall not be elected in any other manner.

SEC. 6. All existing charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges under which organization shall not have taken place, or which shall not be in operation within sixty days from the time this constitution takes effect, shall thereafter have no validity or effect whatever.

SEC. 7. Every stockholder in a banking corporation or institution shall be individually responsible and liable to its creditors, over and above the amount of stock by him held, for all its liabilities accruing while he remains such stockholder; and all banking corporations shall publish quarterly statements, under oath, of their assets and liabilities.

ARTICLE XII.

State, County and Municipal Indebtedness.

SECTION 1. The state may, to meet casual deficits or failures in the revenues, contract debts never to exceed in the aggregate one hundred thousand dollars: and no greater indebtedness shall be incurred except for the purpose of repelling invasion, suppressing insurrection, or defending the state in war; and provision shall be made for the payment of the interest annually, as it shall accrue, by a tax levied for the purpose, or from other sources of revenue, which law, providing for the payment of such interest by such tax, shall be irrevocable until such debt be paid.

SEC. 2. No city, county, town, precinct, municipality, or other subdivision of the state, shall ever make donations to any railroad or other work of internal improvement, unless a proposition so to do shall have been first submitted to the qualified electors thereof at an election by authority of law; *Provided*, That such donations of a county, with the donations of such subdivisions, in the aggregate shall not exceed ten per cent of the assessed valuation of such county; *Provided further*, That any city or county may, by a two-thirds vote, increase such indebtedness five per cent, in addition to such ten per cent, and no bonds or evidences of indebtedness so issued shall be valid unless the same shall have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the secretary and auditor of state, showing that the same is issued pursuant to law. *Reinman v. C. C. B. H. R. R. Co.*, 7 Neb., 310.

SEC. 3. The credit of the state shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

ARTICLE XIII.

Militia.

SECTION 1. The legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the state, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same.

ARTICLE XIV.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

SECTION 1. Executive and judicial officers and members of the legislature, before they enter upon their official duties, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of the state of Nebraska, and will faithfully discharge the duties of— according to the best of my ability, and that at the election at which I was chosen to fill said office I have not improperly influenced in any way the vote of any elector, and have not accepted, nor will I accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing from any

corporation, company, or person, or any promise of office for any official act or influence (for any vote I may give or withhold on any bill, resolution, or appropriation)." Any such officer or member of the legislature who shall refuse to take the oath herein prescribed, shall forfeit his office, and any person who shall be convicted of having sworn falsely to, or of violating his oath, shall forfeit his office, and thereafter be disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit in this state, unless he shall have been restored to civil rights.

SEC. 2. Any person who is in default as collector and custodian of public money or property, shall not be eligible to any office of trust or profit under the constitution or laws of this state; nor shall any person convicted of felony be eligible to office unless he shall have been restored to civil rights.

SEC. 3. Drunkenness shall be cause of impeachment and removal from office.

ARTICLE XV.

Amedments.

SECTION 1. Either branch of the legislature may propose amendments to this constitution, and if the same be agreed to by three-fifths of the members elected to each house, such proposed amendments shall be entered on the journals, with the yeas and nays, and published at least once each week in at least one newspaper in each county where a newspaper is published, for three months immediately preceding the next election of senators and representatives, at which election the same shall be submitted to the electors for approval or rejection, and if a majority of the electors voting at such election adopt such amendments, the same shall become a part of this constitution. When more than one amendment is submitted at the same election, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately.

SEC. 2. When three-fifths of the members elected to each branch of the legislature deem it necessary to call a convention to revise, amend, or change this constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next election of members of the legislature for or against a convention, and if a majority voting at said election vote for a convention, the legislature shall, at its next session, provide by law for calling the same. The convention shall consist of as many members as the house of representatives, who shall be chosen in the same manner, and shall meet within three months after their election, for the purpose aforesaid. No amendment or change of this constitution, agreed upon by such convention, shall take effect until the same shall be submitted to the electors of the state, and adopted by a majority of those voting for and against the same.

ARTICLE XVI.

Schedule.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise from the revision and changes made in the constitution of this state, and to carry the same into effect, it is hereby ordained and declared that all laws in force at the time of the adoption of this constitution, not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions, claims, and contracts of this state, individuals, or bodies corporate, shall continue to be as valid as if this constitution had not been adopted.

SEC. 2. All fines, taxes, penalties, and forfeitures owing to the state of Nebraska, or to the people thereof, under the present constitution and

laws, shall inure to the use of the state of Nebraska under this constitution.

SEC. 3. Recognizances, bonds, obligations, and all other instruments entered into or executed upon the adoption of this constitution, to the people of the state of Nebraska, to the state of Nebraska, to any state or county officer, or public body, shall remain binding and valid, and rights and liabilities upon the same shall continue; and all crimes and misdemeanors shall be tried and punished as though no change had been made in the constitution of this state.

SEC. 4. All existing courts which are not in this constitution specifically enumerated, and concerning which no other provision is herein made, shall continue in existence, and exercise their present jurisdiction until otherwise provided by law.

SEC. 5. All persons now filling any office or appointment shall continue in the exercise of the duties thereof according to their respective commissions, elections, or appointments, unless by this constitution it is otherwise directed.

SEC. 6. The district attorneys now in office shall continue during their unexpired terms to hold and exercise the duties of their respective offices in the judicial districts herein created, in which they severally reside. In each of the remaining districts one such officer shall be elected at the first general election, and hold his office until the expiration of the terms of those now in office.

SEC. 7. This constitution shall be submitted to the people of the state of Nebraska, for adoption or rejection, at an election to be held on the second Tuesday of October, A. D. 1875, and there shall be separately submitted at the same time for adoption or rejection the independent article relating to "Seat of Government," and the independent article "Allowing electors to express a preference for United States senator."

SEC. 8. At said election the qualified electors shall vote at the usual places of voting, and the said election shall be conducted and the returns thereof made according to the laws now in force regulating general elections, except as herein otherwise provided.

SEC. 9. The secretary of state shall, at least twenty days before said election, cause to be delivered to the county clerk of each county blank poll-books, tally lists, and forms of return, and twice as many of properly prepared printed ballots for the said election as there are voters in such county, the expense whereof shall be audited and paid as other public printing ordered by the secretary is by law required to be audited and paid; and the several county clerks shall, at least five days before said election, cause to be distributed to the judges of election in each election precinct in their respective counties said blank poll-books, tally lists, forms of return, and tickets.

SEC. 10. At the said election the ballots shall be of the following form:
For the new constitution.

Against the new constitution.

For the article relating to "Seat of Government."

Against the article relating to "Seat of Government."

For the article "Allowing electors to express their preference for United States senators."

Against the article "Allowing electors to express their preference for United States senators."

SEC. 11. The returns of the whole vote cast, and the votes for the adop-

tion or rejection of this constitution, and for or against the articles respectively submitted, shall be made by the several county clerks to the secretary of state, within fourteen days after the election, and the returns of said vote shall, within three days thereafter, be examined and canvassed by the president of this convention, and the secretary of state and the governor, or any two of them, and proclamation shall be made forthwith by the governor, or the president of this convention, of the result of the canvass.

SEC. 12. If it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are "for the new constitution," then so much of this new constitution as was not separately submitted to be voted on by article shall be the supreme law of the state of Nebraska, on and after the first day of November, A. D. 1875. But if it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled were "against the new constitution," the whole thereof, including the articles separately submitted, shall be null and void. If the votes "for the new constitution" shall adopt the same, and it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are for the article relating to "the seat of government," said article shall be a part of the constitution of this state. If the votes "for the new constitution" shall adopt the same, and it shall appear that the majority of the votes polled are for the article "allowing electors to express their preference for United States senator," said article shall be a part of the constitution of this state.

SEC. 13. The general election of this state shall be held on Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November of each year, except the first general election, which shall be on the second Tuesday in October, 1875. All state, district, county, precinct, and township officers, by the constitution or laws made elective by the people, except school district officers, and municipal officers in cities, villages, and towns, shall be elected at a general election to be held as aforesaid. Judges of the supreme, district, and county courts, all elective county and precinct officers, and all other elective officers, the time for the election of whom is not herein otherwise provided for, and which are not included in the above exception, shall be elected at the first general election, and thereafter at the general election next preceding the time of the termination of their respective terms of office; *Provided*, That the office of no county commissioner shall be vacated hereby.

SEC. 14. The terms of office of all state and county officers, or judges of the supreme, district, and county courts, and regents of the university, shall begin on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January next succeeding their election. The present state and county officers, members of the legislature, and regents of the university, shall continue in office until their successors shall be elected and qualified.

SEC. 15. The supreme, district, and county courts established by this constitution shall be the successors respectively of the supreme court, the district, and the probate courts, having jurisdiction under the existing constitution.

SEC. 16. The supreme, district, and probate courts now in existence shall continue, and the judges thereof shall exercise the power and retain their present jurisdiction until the courts provided for by this constitution shall be organized.

SEC. 17. All cases, matters, and proceedings pending and undetermined in the several courts, and all records, judgments, orders, and de-

crees remaining therein, are hereby transferred to and shall be proceeded and enforced in and by the successors thereof respectively.

SEC. 18. If this constitution be adopted, the existing constitution shall cease in all its provisions on the first day of November, A. D. 1875.

SEC. 19. The provisions of this constitution required to be executed prior to the adoption or rejection thereof, shall take effect and be in force immediately.

SEC. 20. The legislature shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 21. On the taking effect of this constitution, all state officers hereby continued in office shall, before proceeding in the further discharge of their duties, take an oath or affirmation to support this constitution.

SEC. 22. The regents of the university shall be elected at the first general election under this constitution, and be classified by lot so that two shall hold their office for the term of two years, two for the term of four years, and two for the term of six years.

SEC. 23. The present executive state officers shall continue in office until the executive state officers provide for in this constitution shall be elected and qualified.

SEC. 24. The returns of the whole vote cast for the judges of the supreme and district courts, district attorneys, and regents of the university, under the first general election, shall be made by the several clerks to the secretary of state within fourteen days after the election; and the returns of the said votes shall, within three days thereafter, be examined and canvassed by the governor, secretary of state, and the president of this convention, or any two of them, and certificates of election shall forthwith be issued by the secretary of state to the persons found to be elected.

SEC. 25. The auditor shall draw the warrant of the state quarterly for the payment of the salaries of all officers under this constitution whose compensation is not otherwise provided for, which shall be paid out of any funds not otherwise appropriated. *State v. Weston*, 4 Neb., 216. *State v. Weston*, 6 Neb., 16.

SEC. 26. Until otherwise provided by law, the judges of the district courts shall fix the time of holding courts in their respective districts.

SEC. 27. The members of the first legislature under this constitution shall be elected in the year 1876.

SEC. 28. This constitution shall be enrolled and deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the books containing the laws of the state, and all future editions thereof.

PROPOSITIONS SEPARATELY SUBMITTED.

ALLOWING ELECTORS TO EXPRESS THEIR PREFERENCE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The legislature may provide that at the general election immediately preceding the expiration of the term of a United States senator from this state, the electors may by ballot express their preference for some person for the office of United States senator. The votes cast for such candidates shall be canvassed and returned in the same manner as for state officers.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

The seat of government of the state shall not be removed or re-located without the assent of a majority of the electors of the state voting there-

upon at a general election or elections, under such rules and regulations as to the number of elections and manner of voting and places to be voted for as may be prescribed by law: *Provided*, The question of removal may be submitted at such other general elections as may be provided by law.

Done in convention at the capitol in the city of Lincoln, on the twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-ninth.

JOHN LEE WEBSTER, President.

O. A. ABBOTT,
SAMUEL MAXWELL,
ANDREW HALLNER,
LUKE AGUR,
JOHN McPHERSON,
J. D. HAMILTON,
J. P. BECKER,
W. H. MUNGER,
JAMES HARPER,
J. E. BOYD,
J. H. PERRY,
ROBT. B. HARRINGTON,
CLINTON BRIGGS,
C. W. PIERCE,
J. B. HAWLEY,
JEFFERSON H. BROADY,
S. B. POUND,
M. L. HAYWARD,
CHARLES H. BROWN,
ISAAC POWERS, JR.,
D. P. HENRY,
S. F. BURCH,
M. B. REES,
B. I. HINMAN,
S. H. CALHOUN,
W. M. ROBERTSON,
M. R. HOPEWELL,
E. C. CARNS,
JOSIAH ROGERS,
C. E. HUNTER,
T. S. CLARK,
J. H. SAULS,
A. G. KENDALL,
S. H. COATS,

H. H. SHEDD,
S. M. KIRKPATRICK,
A. H. CONNER,
GEORGE S. SMITH,
JOHN J. THOMPSON,
W. B. CUMMINS,
W. H. STERNS,
L. B. THORNE,
JAMES W. DAWES,
R. F. STEVENSON,
JACOB VALLERY, Sr.,
J. E. DOOM,
S. R. FOSS,
C. H. VAN WICK,,
W. L. DUNLAP,
C. H. FRADY,
CHARLES F. WALTHERS,
R. C. ELDRIDGE,
JOSEPH GARBER,
A. M. WALLING,
J. G. EWAN,
C. H. GERE,
T. L. WARRINGTON,
JAMES LAIRD,
HENEY GREBE,
A. J. WEAVER,
CHAS. F. MANDERSON,
EDWIN N. GRENELL,
M. W. WILCOX,
FRANK MARTIN,
GEORGE L. GRIFFING,
J. F. ZEDIKER,
A. W. MATTHEWS,
WILLIAM A. GWYER.

AT. EST:

GUY A. BROWN, Secretary,
C. L. MATHER, Assistant Secretary.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS.

CHAPTER XXVII.

LEGISLATURE.

Clerks to File Certificates and Make Roll of Members.

2107. The clerks of each house shall file the certificates presented by members, each for his own house, and make a roll of the members who thus appear to be elected, and the persons thus appearing to be elected members shall proceed to elect such other officers as may be required for the time being.

Committee on Credentials.

2108. When the houses are temporarily organized they shall elect a committee of five on the part of the house and three on the part of the senate, by ballot, which committee shall examine and report upon credentials of those claiming to be elected members of their respective houses, and when such report is made, those reported as elected shall proceed to the permanent organization of their respective houses, and each house shall be the sole judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members.

Any Member May Administer Oath.

2109. Any member may administer oath in the house of which he is a member and which acting on a committee may administer oaths on the business of such committee.

Freedom of Debate Guarranteed.

2110. No member of the legislative assembly, shall be questioned in any other place for any speech or words spoken in debate in either house.

Power to Punish Contempt, etc.

2111. Each house of the legislative assembly, has power and authority to punish as a contempt by fine and imprisonment, or either of them, the offense of knowingly arresting a member in violation of his privilege; of assaulting or threatening to do him any harm, in person or property, for anything said or done in either house, as a member thereof; of attempting, by menace or other corrupt means to control or influence a member in giving his vote or to prevent his giving it, of disorderly or contemptuous conduct tending to disturb its proceedings; of refusing to attend, or to be sworn, or to be examined as a witness before either house or a committee, when duly summoned; of assaulting or preventing any other person going to either house, or its committee by order thereof, knowing the same; of rescuing or attempting to rescue any person arrested by order of either house in the discharge of his duties as such.

Duration of Imprisonment and Where.

2112. Imprisonment for contempt of either house shall not be for more than six hours, and shall be in the jail of the county in which the legislative assembly may then be sitting, or if there be no jail, then in one of the nearest county jails.

Extent of Fine.

2113. Should a fine be enforced for any offense mentioned in section seven, it shall not exceed fifty dollars.

Fines and Imprisonment by Whom and How.

2114. Fines and imprisonment shall be only by virtue of an order of

the proper house, entered on its journals, stating the grounds there for. Imprisonment shall be effected by a warrant, under the hand of the presiding officer, for the time being, of the house ordering it, countersigned by the clerk of the house, running in the name of the state and directed to the sheriff of the proper county; and under such warrant, the officer of the house, sheriff, and jailer will be authorized to arrest and detain the person.

Fines How Collected.

2115. Fines shall be collected by virtue of a similar warrant, directed to any proper officer of the county in which the offender has property, and executed in the same manner as executions for fines issued by courts of justice, and the proceeds shall be paid into the state treasury.

Punishment No Bar to Other Proceedings.

2116. Punishment for contempt, as in this chapter provided, is no bar to any other proceedings, civil or criminal, for the same offense.

Officers and Employees of the Senate.

2117. That the officers and employees of the senate shall consist of a president, secretary, assistant secretary, sergeant-at-arms, door keeper, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, chaplain, and such other officers and employees, not to exceed sixty-six in number, as may be deemed necessary for the proper transaction of business. Such other officers or employees to be elected by the senate.

Officers and Employees of the House.

2118. The officers and employees of the house of representatives shall consist of a speaker, chief clerk, assistant clerk, sergeant-at-arms, door keeper, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, chaplain, and such other officers and employees, not exceeding seventy-five in number, as may be deemed necessary for the transaction of business. Such other officers or employees to be elected by the house.

Pay of Officers and Employees.

2119. There shall be paid to each of the several officers and employees named in this act, for the official services rendered by them under the provisions of this act, the following sums, and no more: The president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives shall each be entitled to receive the sum of three dollars per day; the secretary and chief clerk the sum of four dollars per day; the assistant clerks, the sum of four dollars per day, the sergeant-at-arms, the sum of three dollars per day; the chaplains, the sum of three dollars per day; the door keepers, the sum of three dollars per day; and the pages, the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day; enrolling and engrossing clerks, three dollars per day.

Duties.

2120. It shall be the duty of the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives to preside over their respective houses, to keep and maintain order during the session thereof, and to do and perform the duties devolving upon them by general parliamentary usage, and the rules adopted by the two houses. It shall be the duty of the chief clerk of the house of representatives, and the secretary of the senate, to attend the sessions of the respective houses, to call the rolls, read the journals, bills, memorials, resolutions, petitions, and all other papers or documents necessary to be read in either house, to keep a correct journal of the proceedings in each house, and to do and perform such other duties as may be imposed upon them by the two houses, or either of them. The assistant

clerk and assistant secretary shall be under the control and direction of the chief clerk and secretary respectively, and shall assist them in the proper discharge of their duties and shall do and perform such other services as may be directed by the two houses or either of them. It shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms to enforce the attendance of absent members, when directed properly so to do; to arrest all members, or other persons, when lawfully authorized so to do; to keep and preserve order during the session of each house; to convey to the postoffice the mail matter sent by the respective members, and to deliver the same to them on each morning of the session; to obey and enforce the orders of the presiding officers, and to do and perform such other duties as may be enjoined on them by law and the respective houses. It shall be the duty of the door-keeper to prepare and keep in order the senate chamber and hall of the houses, including cleaning and warming the same; to attend to and keep closed the door and bar of the respective houses, unless otherwise directed by the presiding officers thereof; and to perform such other duties as may be enjoined on them by either house. It shall be the duty of the engrossing clerk to correctly engross such bills as may be required to be engrossed by the committee on engrossed and enrolled bills, and to perform such other duties as may be required by either house. It shall be the duty of the enrolling clerk to correctly and neatly enroll all such bills as may be placed in his hands therefor, and to perform such other duties as may be enjoined on him by either house. It shall be the duty of the chaplains to open the sessions of each house with prayer, and to perform such other duties as may be imposed on them. And it shall be the duties of the pages to act under and as directed by the presiding officers of the respective houses. It shall also be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms to procure a national flag, and to place the same on the top of the capitol building, there to be kept during the time each or either of the two houses shall be in session, and after the adjournment of the two houses, the said flag shall be taken down and kept down until the opening of the session of one of the two houses.

The Secretary of State to Distribute Laws and Journals.

2121. The secretary of state is hereby authorized to distribute the laws and journals of the state, as hereinafter prescribed.

The County Clerks to Make Requisition on Secretary of State for Laws and Journals.

2122. The county clerk of each organized county shall make a requisition upon the secretary of state for six copies (or as many less than that amount as he shall find necessary for the county) of the laws, and fourteen copies of the journals of each branch of the legislative assembly, for the use of the county of which he is clerk; and he shall name the conveyance and means of transportation, and shall also specify to whom they shall be directed, and to whose care, and upon the receipt of such requisition the secretary shall at once forward the required number of laws and journals as specified in the requisition of such county clerk, and the county clerk shall receipt for the same to the secretary, which receipt shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

Laws and Journals, How Distributed.

2123. The county clerk shall distribute one copy of the laws to each of the officers of the county, as follows: The probate or county judge; each member of the board of county commissioners; the sheriff; the county

treasurer; the county surveyor; the prosecuting attorney; each notary public; each justice of the peace; each constable; each road supervisor; and each precinct assessor in said county. He shall also reserve one for himself, and give two copies each of the laws and journals to every councilman and representative who was a member of the legislative assembly by which the laws were enacted.

Each Officer to Deliver up to his Successor.

2124. Each officer shall deliver up to his successor in office all statutes which shall have come into his possession under the provisions of this chapter, as soon after his successor shall have been qualified as such successor or the county clerk may require.

Surplus to be Sold.

2125. After the above distribution the copies remaining in the hands of the county clerk shall be sold at auction (ten days' notice having been given in three public places in such county) to the highest bidder, no person, however, to purchase more than two copies; and the proceeds of such sale shall go, first, to defray the cost of transportation from the secretary of state to the county clerk, and the remainder, if any shall exist, shall be paid over to the state librarian, and to be by him held subject to the order of the legislative assembly.

Secretary of State Authorized to Sell Copies of Laws.

2126. After having so distributed the laws and journals of each legislative assembly, the secretary is authorized to sell copies of the laws at a price at least equal to cost, and the amount so received shall be applied to the library fund of the state. The secretary of state shall deliver all copies of the laws and journals yet in his possession to the state librarian, who shall officially receipt therefor.

Resident United States Officers Provided for.

2127. The librarian shall, upon the order of either of the judges of the supreme court, issue one copy each to the district attorney, United States Marshal, each register and receiver of all United States land offices in the state, each United States commissioner residing in the state, and such other officers as the judges in their discretion may direct; *Provided always*, That the librarian shall permit no person to take away a copy or copies of the laws and journals without taking a receipt therefor.

Each Incoming Legislature to be Provided for With Laws and Journals.

2128. The members of each succeeding legislative assembly shall be furnished by the state librarian, at the commencement of each session for which they are elected, with one copy each of the laws and journals of the preceding session.

CHAPTER LI.

STATE PRINTING.

The Printing of Bills, Laws and Journals.

4423. The printing of all bills for the legislature, with such matters as may be ordered by either house thereof, to be printed in bill form, shall be let in one contract. The printing and binding in one contract. The printing and binding of reports of state officers authorized by law to be printed, and all other reports and documents ordered by the legislature, except such as enter into and form a part of the journals, shall be let in another contract. The printing and binding of the laws, joint resolutions, and memorials enacted by the legislature shall be let in another

er contract. And the printing and binding of all blanks, blank books, and circulars required to be furnished by the officers of the executive department of the state shall be let in another contract.

The Printing of Bills Shall be Executed Promptly.

4433. The contractor for the printing of bills or any matter printed in bill form shall promptly, and without unnecessary delay, execute all orders of the legislature, or either house thereof, for such printing, and for each failure to complete said printing within three days after receiving the order for the same the contractor shall forfeit and pay a penalty of twenty-five dollars, to be deducted from his account on settlement; and all contractors under the provisions of this act shall without unnecessary delay execute all orders issued to them by the printing board, and the contractor for printing and binding the laws shall deliver the same to the secretary of state within sixty days after the adjournment of each session of the legislature, and the contractor for printing and binding of the journals shall deliver the same to the secretary of state within ninety days after receiving the copy thereof.

Copy to be Furnished Without Unnesesary Delay.

4434. The secretary of state shall furnish a true and accurate copy of the laws and journals as they may be demanded by the printer thereof, and the clerks of the respective branches of the legislature shall each furnish to the printer, who is bound by his contract to print the same, copies of the journals, bills, reports, and other papers and documents, without unnecessary delay, and no contractor shall be accountable for any delay occasioned by the want of such copy.

MISSCELANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Votes Canvassed by the Legislature.

1633. The votes cast for governor, lieutenant governor, members of congress, secretary of state, auditor of public accounts, state treasurer, state superintendent of public instruction, attorney general, commissioner of public lands and buildings, and district attorneys, and votes cast expressing choice for United States senators shall be canvassed by the legislature at its next regular session. A copy of the abstract of votes cast for such officers shall be sealed up by the county clerk immediately upon the completion of the canvass, endorsed "abstract of votes cast for officers of the executive department, from _____ county," or, "abstract of votes cast expressing the choice of electors for United States senator from _____ county," and addressed to "the speaker of the house of representatives."

Duplicate Abstracts to the Secretary of State.

1634. The county clerk shall at the same time envelope and seal up a duplicate copy of the same abstracts directed to the secretary of state, and all the abstracts shall be placed in one envelope and addressed to the secretary of state, who shall preserve the ones addressed to "the speaker of the house of representatives" unopened, until the meeting of the legislature, and from the duplicate copies prepare a tabulated sheet of the votes cast for such officers and preserve the same for use of the legislature in making the official canvass as required by the constitution.

Shall Hear and Determine Contested Election Cases.

1649. The legislature in joint meeting shall hear and determine cases of contested election for all officers of the executive department. The

meeting of the two houses, to decide upon such elections, shall be held in the hall of the house of representatives, and the speaker of the house shall preside.

Contest of Members.

1650. The senate and house of representatives shall severally hear and determine contests of the election of their respective members.

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Bill to have but one general object which must be fairly expressed in the title **5**, 311,5, 516.

Amendatory act valid if not inconsistent with title and subject matter of amended one, though there be apparent confusion in application to provisions sought to be amended. **27**, 764,8 (43 N. W. 1140) **29**, 149.

A provision in an amendatory act repealing an act not connected with the subject of the amendment is void. Where title has two subjects, act may be sustained as to one, **17**. 85 (22 N. W. 228).

Part of an act may be valid and part not. **16**, 239 (20 N. W. 312). **25** 457 (41 N. W. 280).

One house cannot amend title of bill originating in the other. **17**, 394 (23 N. W. 3).

It is sufficient if subject is fairly expressed in the title. **16**, 683 (21 N. W. 398).

Title an index to legislative intent. **6** 485.

Title of amendatory act cannot be broader than the original. **9**, 511 (4 N. W. 240.)

An act broader than its title may be declared void as to the excess, but valid as to the rest. **25**, 676 (41 N. W.) 638).

An act to prohibit the fraudulent transfer of property and to declare the same a crime and to prescribe the punishment thereof held constitutional the act having but one subject. **21**, 53 (31 N. W. 258).

The title of the act of June 6, 1871. Amending sections 50, 51, 71 and 105 of revenue act valid. **13**, 17 (12 N. 832).

Section 3 of "An act to exempt homesteads from Judicial Sale," approved February 19, 1877, is within the title and is valid. **13** 122 (12 N. W. 831).

The title of the act which took effect September 1, 1879. "Counties and County Officers" is not open to the constitutional objection of containing more than one subject. **15**, 387 (11 N. W. 495).

When title of act is to amend a particular section of the statute, the proposed amendment must be germane to the subject matter of the section sought to be amended. **11**, 377 (9 N. W. 477.) The title of an "Act regulating the herding and driving of stock," approved February 26, 1879, is not comprehensive enough to authorize the provision in section four giving damages for the castration of animals. **13**, 253 (13 N. W. 276.)

Where an act not complete in itself, but amendatory of a former, statute is void. **7**, 413

Old section need not be recited in amendatory act. **1**, 199.

Law complete and repealing the provisions under which acts were formerly done is valid. **6**, 36.

Where the new act is in the very words of the act it repeals, and the evident intention was to continue it in force (with a lesser penalty), this

intention will be given effect, and will not prevent the prosecution for a crime committed before the repeal. **15**, 448 (19 N. W. 686).

Rule as to repeal of statutes by implication. **18**, 140 (24 N. W. 447).

Two amendments to same act on succeeding days, how interpreted. **23**, 134 (36 N. W. 348).

A later statute, which contains provisions clearly repugnant to a former repeals the former as completely as though it contained express words to that effect. **14**, 31 (14 N. W. 660).

Legislature cannot pass law to legalize bonds already issued. **6**, 234.

Does not require the printing of amendments after the bill has been put upon its final passage. **9**, 494 (4 N. W. 75).

Failure of the presiding officer of the senate to sign a bill which the journal shows passed does not effect the validity of the act. **9**, 129 (1 N. W. 100). **17**, 88 (22 N. W. 119).

The certificate of the presiding officers that the bill has passed is only *prima facie* evidence of the fact. The journals are higher evidence. **18**, 237 (25 N. W. 77).

In amending an act it may be designated by its title or chapter in the statutes. **20**, 377 (30 N. W. 267). **25**, 817 (41 N. W. 796).

Fiscal quarter means the legislative quarter in which the session is to be held **5**, 570.

Fiscal year begins December 1st. Appropriations extend to the end of first quarter after adjournment of next regular session. **22**, 38 (33 N. W. 711).

Where entire amount derived from sale of state lots and lands, was appropriated, and sale was made partly on credit, held that warrants could be drawn upon the whole amount of purchase price at once, and without waiting for full payment thereof. **24**, 790 (40 N. W. 316)

See note to the section 22 citing **14**, 444 (16 N. W. 481).

As to what constitute a vacancy. **17**, 599 (24 N. W. 282).

Intended to establish a permanent rule in regard to future payments of expenditures of the state. **6**, 513.

A specific appropriation is one expressly providing funds for a particular purpose. **15**, 609 (19 N. W. 596).

No appropriation necessary to pay salary of officers fixed by constitution. Officers whose salaries are not fixed by the constitution depend upon legislative appropriation. **4**, 218 **6**, 17.

The voucher of the officers of the senate will not authorize the auditor to draw a warrant in favor of a party, unless the claim is authorized by law. **14**, 444 (16 N. W. 481).

An appropriation for "conveying convicts to the penitentiary" cannot be drawn against for "conveying juvenile offenders to the reform school." **12**, 408 (11 N. W. 860).

Money due county treasurer as fees cannot be paid except where their is a specific appropriation. **18**, 222 (24 N. W. 683).

Appropriation of \$95,000.00 to provide for the salaries of nineteen judges is an appropriation in gross. **21**, 662 (33 N. W. 426).

Each appropriation contained in the general appropriation bill must be a specific appropriation for the purpose named and the account must be itemized. **22**, 45 (33 N. W. 711). See **4**, 507. **9**, 470 (4 N. W. 61).

DECISIONS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON POINTS OF ORDER.*

ADJOURN SINIE DIE.

In Order.

During the third day of the session, a motion was made to adjourn *sinie die*. The speaker ruled the motion out of order, but upon an appeal the decision of the chair was reversed, but when the motion to adjourn *sinie die* was put to the house it failed by one vote. Journal H. R. 1866, p. 11.

AMENDMENTS.

Can not Amend a Senate Message.

The speaker ruled that the house can not amend a senate message. (Journal H. R. 1881, p. 108.)

Former Action can only be Reached by a Reconsideration.

Point of order raised that when a substance of an amendment has been decided by a former action of the house, it could only be reached by a motion to reconsider, sustained by the chair. (Journal H. R. 1887, p. 502).

BALLOTING FOR CANDIDATES.

Dropping Candidates from the List.

While balloting for candidates a motion was made to drop from the list the candidates having received the least number of votes, against which a point of order was raised. Sustained. (Journal, H. R. 1876-7, p. 47).

BILLS.

To take a Bill out of its place in the File on Third Reading takes a Two-Thirds Majority.

The speaker ruled that it takes a two-thirds majority to take a bill out of its place on third reading. An appeal was taken, and the chair was sustained. (Journal H. R. 1883, p. 885.)

Not in Order to Table a Bill on its Second Reading.

Upon a point of order raised the speaker ruled that it was out of order to table a bill on its second reading. (Journal H. R. 1879, p. 136.)

The House can Take Action on Bills Still in the Hands of Standing Committees.

Point of order raised "that as the resolution contained house rolls which were still in the possession of the standing committees, and not reported with favorable recommendation, therefor the resolution was not in order," Over ruled by the speaker. (Journal H. R. 1885, p. 861.)

In Making a Special Order for Several Bills.

A resolution suspending the rules and making a number of bills on the general file a special order, a division of the subject was called for, and a motion made "that a vote be taken on each bill seperately." The motion ruled out of order by the speaker, and on an appeal, the chair was sustained. (Journal H. R. 1885 p. 860.)

A Bill on its Third Reading Cannot be Discussed.

While a bill was on its third reading a member obtained the floor and proceeded to discuss the objects of the bill. The speaker ruled discussion

* [These decisions are published as found in the journals of the house of representatives. Their correctness as ruling is left to the judgment of the reader.]

out of order, on an appeal, the chair was sustained. (Journal H. R. 1885 p. 1271.)

Not in Order to Recommit a Bill on its Final Passage.

After the reading and pending the vote on the passage of a bill a motion was made to recommit the bill. The speaker ruled the motion out of order. An appeal was taken and the chair was sustained. [Journal 1887, p. 1275.]

Cannot Have Vote Recorded on the Passage of a Bill after the Fate of the Bill is decided.

A point of order raised that it was not in order for a member of the house to vote upon the question of the final passage of a bill after a yeay and nay vote had been taken and the fate of the bill decided. Sustained by the speaker. [Journal H. R. 1885, p. 626.]

When a Bill has Passed a Motion to Recommit is out of Order.

After a bill had passed and received a constitutional majority, a motion was made to recommit the bill to the committee of the whole. A point of order was raised that the motion to recommit, under rule 47, was out of order, sustained by the speaker. (Journal H. R. 1885, p. 882.)

Held that Bills can be Considered out of their Regular Order.

A point of order raised "that the house having just adopted a special order file of bills for consideration it was not in order to consider house rolls out of their regular order," not sustained by the chair. (Journal H. R. 1885, p. 949.)

Any Motion Out of Order.

A point of order raised "that after a bill has been read the third time any motion is out of order." Sustained by the chair. (Journal H. R. 1887, p. 1137.)

Amendments in Order After Bill has Passed to a Third Reading.

The speaker ruled after a bill has passed to a third reading amendments are in order. On an appeal the chair was sustained. (Journal H. R. 1873, p. 330, 346.)

The Order of Bills on Third Reading.

Upon a point of order raised "that it would require a two-thirds majority to suspend the order of bills on third reading." Sustained by the speaker, but over-ruled by the house. [Journal H. R. 1891, p. 530.]

Call of the House May be Made at any Time.

Point of order raised.

"That there has been no intervening business since the last call of the house, therefore a renewal of the call was out of order." The speaker ruled that under rules 33 and 36 the call of the house may be made at any time when seconded by two members, and the absentees must be sent for at any time when demanded by five members. [Journal H. R. 1889, p. 515.]

Joint Committee.

House Can Not Discharge Committee After Being Appointed.

A motion being made to discharge the members on the part of the house on a joint committee, a point of order was raised, that the action of the house in the appointment of the committee had passed from the house to the senate, and therefore it was not competent for the house to take action in the matter. The speaker sustained the point of order, and on an appeal the house sustained the chair. [Journal H. R. 1883, p. 176.]

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.**Not Competent for the House to Adopt Rules Governing the Committee of the Whole.**

A resolution being offered "that when the house is in committee of the whole, no member shall speak more than once on the same subject; nor longer than five minutes;" declared out of order by the speaker. [Journal H. R. 1885, p. 737 and 981.]

COMMITTEE REPORTS.**Minority Report can not be Entertained Until Majority Report is Made.**

Point of order: "That the report of the minority can not be entertained until the majority has reported. Sustained by the speaker. [Journal H. R. 1881, p. 162,169].

A Motion in Conflict With an Adopted Committee Report out of Order.

The speaker ruled that a motion in conflict with the report of a committee already adopted, is out of order. [Journal H. R. 1889, p. 1123].

A Report not to be Considered Twice.

Upon a point of order raised, the speaker decided it incompetent for the house to again consider a report upon which action has once been passed upon and settled by the house this day. [Journal H. R. 1889, p. 669].

Recommendation to Recommit Takes The Precedence.

Upon a point of order raised "that the recommendation of the committee of the whole to recommit, took the precedence of a motion to order the bill engrossed to a third reading." Sustained. [Journal H. R. 1889, p. 1138.]

A Minority Report not an Amendment of the Majority Report.

Upon the point of order that an amendment proposed, be put to the house before the main question, and that a minority report of a committee by the usages and rules of parliamentary law, is an amendment to the majority report, and should therefore be first considered, the chair ruled adversely, and upon an appeal was sustained by the house. (Journal H. R. 1886, p. 32.)

Can Not be Tabled.

Upon a point of order raised "that a report of committee acting under instruction of the house could not be tabled." Sustained. [Journal H. R. 1891, p. 219.]

CONTEST CASES.**Interested Parties May Vote.**

Point of order raised "that in a contest case before the house the interested members could not vote upon a question referring to said contest." Over ruled by the speaker, and on an appeal the chair was sustained. [Journal H. R. 1866, p. 8.]

INDEFINITE POSTPONEMENT.**A Motion to Indefinitely Postpone Cannot be Amended.**

A motion being made to indefinitely postpone a bill, a motion was made to amend that the bill be ordered engrossed for a third reading. The point of order was raised, "that a motion to indefinitely postpone cannot be amended." Sustained by the chair. [Journal H. R. 1887 p. 1435.]

A motion to Indefinitely Postpone, Once Decided can not be Renewed.

Point of order raised "that a motion to indefinitely postpone having

once been decided, could not be again made at the same stage of proceedings. (Journal H. R. 1889. p. 1535.)

READING OF THE JOURNAL.

Can not be Dispensed with.

"Pending the reading," of the journal, a motion was made to dispense with the further reading of the journal. Motion ruled out of order by the speaker. (Journal H. R. 1866, p. 9.)

RECONSIDER.

Motion For need not be made the Same day.

Point of order raised "that a motion to reconsider must be made the same day the resolution is adopted." The speaker over-ruled the point of order (Journal H. R. 1881, p. 68.)

Part of a Subject Matter once Acted upon can not be Reconsidered.

Point of order raised "that a motion to reconsider a part of a subject matter that has been acted upon by a deliberate body, is out of order. The speaker sustained the point of order. [Journal H. R. 1881, p. 69.

REFERENCE.

Refer takes Precedence.

Point of order raised "that a motion to refer takes precedence over a substitute." Sustained by the speaker. Journal H. R. 1881 p. 101.

RESOLUTIONS.

Not a Concurrent Resolution.

Upon a resolution asking the senate to concur in an adjournment, the point of order was raised "that being a concurrent resolution under rule 43 it should be read at large on three different days." The point of order over-ruled. [Journal H. R. 1885, p. 432.

ROLL CALL.

Can not be Interrupted by a call of the House.

The speaker ruled that roll call could not be interrupted by a call of the house. (Journal H. R. 1866, p. 1192).

During roll call a Motion out of Order.

The speaker ruled that pending a call for the ayes and nays a motion is out of order. Upon an appeal the chair was sustained. [Journal H. R. 1866, p. 11).

Sergeant-at-arms, Assistant, Provided for in Statutes.

Point of order raised "that the position of assistant sergeant-at-arms was not provided for in the general statutes." The speaker decided the point of order not well taken. [Journal H. R. 1876, p. 46].

TO TABLE.

A Defeated Motion to table can not again be Entertained.

A point of order was raised "that when a motion to table has been defeated, it can not again be entertained upon the same subject." Sustained [Journal H. R. 1889, p. 1123].

MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

[A condensed summary of Cushing's manual as applicable to the every day questions arising in all legislative bodies, compiled by Eric Johnson, chief clerk, 1891-3].

Importance of Rules.

It is highly important to the preservation of order, decency, and regularity, in a numerous assembly, and not least essential to its power of harmonious and efficient action, that its proceedings should be regulated by established forms and methods; and, with a view to these purposes, it is more material, perhaps, that there should be rules established, than that they should be founded upon the firmest basis of reason and argument; the great object being to effect a uniformity of proceeding in the business of the assembly, securing it at once against the caprice of the presiding officer, and the captious disputes of members. It is to the observance of regularity and order among the members, that the minority look for protection against the power of the majority; and in the adherence to established forms, between the different branches, that each finds its security against the encroachments of the other.

QUORUM.

The number necessary to constitute a quorum of any assembly may be fixed by law, as in the case with most of our legislative assemblies; but if no rule is established on the subject, a majority of the members composing the assembly is the requisite number.

No business can regularly be entered upon until a quorum is present; nor can any business be regularly proceeded with when it appears that the members present are reduced below that number; consequently the presiding officer ought not to take the chair until the proper number is ascertained to be present; and if at any time, in the course of the proceedings notice is taken that a quorum is not present, and, upon the members being counted by the presiding officer, such appears to be the fact, the assembly must be immediately adjourned.

Rules and Orders.

When a code of rules is adopted beforehand, it is usual also to provide therein as to the mode in which they may be amended, repealed, or dispensed with. Where there is no provision, it will be competent for the assembly to act at any time, and in the usual manner, upon questions of amendment or repeal; but in reference to dispensing with a rule or suspending it, in a particular case, if there is no express provision on the subject, it seems that it can only be done by general consent.

The terms "general consent" as used in parliamentary practice, denote the unanimous opinion of the assembly when their opinion is expressed informally, and not by means of a vote. Whenever, therefore, it is said that the "general consent of the assembly is necessary to the adoption of any measure it is to be understood, that if the question is proposed informally, no objection must be made to it, or that, if proposed in a formal manner, the vote in its favor must be unanimous.

When any of the rules adopted by the assembly or in force, relative to its manner of proceeding, is disregarded or infringed, every member has the right to take notice thereof, and to require that the presiding officer, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry such rule into execution; and

in that case the rule must be enforced at once, without debate or delay. It is then too late to alter, repeal, or suspend the rule: so long as any one member insists upon its execution, it must be enforced.

The Presiding Officer.

The principal duties of this officer are the following:—

To open the sitting at the time to which the assembly is adjourned.

To announce the business before the assembly, in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or necessarily arise in the course of the proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members, when engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To receive all messages and other communications, and announce them to the assembly.

The presiding officer may read sitting but should rise to state a motion or put a question to the assembly.

The Recording Officer.

He is to enter what is done and past, but not what is said or moved.

It is also the duty of the secretary to read all papers, etc., which may be ordered to be read.

The clerk is also charged with the custody of all the papers and documents of every description, belonging to the assembly, as well as the journal of its proceedings, and is to let none of them be taken from the table by any member or other person, without the leave or order of the assembly.

OF THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF MEMBERS.

Every member, however humble he may be, has the same right with every other, to submit his propositions to the assembly, to explain and recommend them in discussion, and to have them patiently examined and deliberately decided upon by the assembly; and, on the other hand, it is the duty of every one so to conduct himself, both in debate and in his general deportment in the assembly, as not to obstruct any other member in the enjoyment of his equal rights.

The observance of decorum by the members of a deliberative assembly is not only due to themselves and to one another as gentlemen assembled together to deliberate on matters of common importance and interest, but is also essential to the regular and satisfactory proceeding of such an assembly. No member is to disturb another or the assembly itself by hissing, coughing, or spitting; by speaking or whispering to other members; by standing up to the interruption of others; by passing between the presiding officer and a member speaking; going across the assembly-room, or walking up and down in it.

Assaults by one member upon another, threats, challenge, affrays, etc. are also high breaches of decorum.

The only punishments which can be inflicted upon its members, by a deliberative assembly of the kind now under consideration, consist of reprimanding, to which are to be added such other forms of pun-

ishment, as by apology, begging pardon, etc., as the assembly may see fit to impose.

OF THE INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

When a member has occasion to make any communication whatever to the assembly,——whether to present a petition or other paper, or to make or second a motion of any kind, or merely to make a verbal statement,——as well as when one desires to address the assembly in the debate, he must in the first place as the expression is, “obtain the floor” for the purpose he has in view. In order to do this, he must rise in his place and, standing uncovered address himself to the presiding officer by his title, the latter on hearing himself thus addressed, calls to the members by his county, and the member may then, but not before proceed with his business.

If two or more members rise and address themselves to the presiding officer at the same time, or nearly so, he should give the floor to the member whose voice he first heard.

A petition, in order to be received, should be subscribed by the petitioner himself, with his own hand, either by name or mark.

Whenever a member introduces a proposition of his own, for the consideration of the assembly, he puts it into the form he desires it should have, and then moves that it be adopted as the resolution, order or vote of the assembly. If this proposition so far meets approbation of other members that one of them rises in his place, and seconds it, it may then be put to the assembly; and the result, whether affirmative or negatively becomes the judgement of the assembly.

A motion must be submitted in writing; otherwise the presiding officer will be justified in refusing to receive it.

When a motion has been made and received, it is then to be stated by the presiding officer to the assembly, and thus becomes a question for its decision; and, until so stated, it is not in order for any member to speak to it, but when moved, seconded, and stated from the chair, a motion is in the possession of the assembly and cannot be withdrawn by the mover, but by special leave of the assembly, which must be obtained by a motion made and seconded as in other cases.

Previous Question.

This motion was introduced into the House of Commons in England more than two centuries ago, and for the purpose of suppressing subjects of a delicate nature relating to high personages, or the discussion of which might call forth observations of an injurious tendency. When first made use of, the form of the motion was, “shall the main question be put?” and the effect of a decision of it in the negative was to suppress the main question for the whole session. The form of it was afterwards changed to that which it has at present, namely, “shall the main question be now put?” and the effect of a negative decision of it now is to suppress the main question for the residue of the day only. This is the purpose for which the previous question was originally invented, and for which it is still used in the British Parliament. But the previous question may be decided in the affirmative, as well as the negative; that is, that the main question shall now be put immediately, without any further debate, and the form in which it then exists. This operation of the previous question, when decided affirmatively, has led to the use of it

for the purpose of suppressing debate on a principal question, and coming to a vote upon it immediately; and this is ordinarily the only object of the previous question, as made use of in the legislative assemblies of the United States.

Indefinite Postponement.

In order to suppress a question altogether, without coming to a direct vote upon it, in such a manner that it cannot be renewed, the proper motion is for indefinite postponement; that is, a postponement or adjournment of the question, without fixing any day for resuming it. The effect of this motion, if decided in the affirmative, is to quash the proposition entirely. A negative decision has no effect whatever.

OF MOTIONS TO POSTPONE.

The assembly is willing to entertain and consider a question, but not at the time when it is moved, the proper course is either to postpone the subject to another day, or to order it to lie on the table.

When the members individually want more information than they possess at the time a question is moved, or desire further time for reflection and examination, the proper motion is, to postpone the subject to such future day as will answer the views of the assembly.

OF MOTIONS TO COMMIT.

The third case for the use of a subsidiary motion, occurs when the subject-matter of a proposition is regarded with favor, but the form in which it is introduced is so defective, that a more careful and deliberate consideration is necessary than can conveniently be given to it in the assembly itself, in order to put it into a satisfactory form. The course of proceeding then is, to refer the subject to a committee, which is called a commitment; or, if the subject has already been in the hands of a committee, a recommitment, a part only of a subject may be committed, without the residue; or different parts may be committed to different committees.

OF MOTIONS TO AMEND.

The last case, for the introduction of subsidiary motions, is when the assembly is satisfied with the subject-matter of a proposition, but not with the form of it, or with all its different parts or desires to make some addition to it. The course of proceeding then is to bring the proposition into the proper form, and make its details satisfactory by means of amendments.

Division of a Question.

When a proposition or motion is complicated, that is, composed of two or more parts which are so far independent of each other as to be susceptible of division into several questions, and it is supposed that the assembly may approve of some but not of all these parts, it is a compendious mode made of amendment to divide the motion into separate questions, to be separately voted upon and decided by the assembly, a proposition, to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire, that, if one or more of them be taken away, the others may stand entire and by themselves.

FILLING BLANKS.

It often happens that a proposition is introduced with blanks purposely left by the mover to be filled by the assembly, either with times and

numbers, or with provisions analogous to those of the proposition itself. In the latter case, blanks are filled in the same way that other amendments by the insertion of words are made. In the former propositions to fill blanks are not considered as amendments to the question, but as original motions, to be made and decided before the principal question.

The rule is, that if the larger comprehends the lesser, as in question to what day a postponement shall take place, the number, of which a committee shall consist, the amount of a fine to be imposed. The question must begin *a maximo* and be first taken upon the greatest or farthest and so on to the least or nearest, until the assembly comes to a vote; but if the lesser include the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on the amount of a tax, on what day the session of a legislative assembly shall be closed by adjournment, or what day the next session shall commence, the question must first be taken on the least or nearest, and so on to the greatest or most remote until the assembly comes to a vote.

GENERAL RULES RELATING TO AMENDMENTS.

All amendments of which a proposition is susceptible, as far as form is concerned, may be effected in one of three ways: namely, either by inserting or adding certain words; or by striking out certain words; or striking out certain words, and inserting or adding others.

Amendments by Striking Out.

If an amendment is proposed by striking out a particular paragraph or certain words, and the amendment is rejected, it cannot be again moved to strike out the same words or a part of them.

If an amendment by striking out is agreed to, it cannot be afterwards moved to insert the same words struck out, or a part of them.

Amendment by Inserting.

If an amendment is proposed by inserting or adding a paragraph or words and the amendment is rejected, it cannot be moved again to insert the same words or a part of them.

If it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, and the amendment prevails, it cannot be afterwards moved to strike out the same words or a part of them.

Amendment by Striking out and Inserting.

The third form of amending a proposition, namely by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place.

If the motion is divided, the question is first to be taken on striking out, and, if that is decided in the affirmative, then on inserting; but if the former is decided in the negative, the latter falls, of course.

If the motion to strike out and insert is put to the question undivided and is decided in the negative, the same motion cannot be made again.

If the motion to strike out and insert is decided in the affirmative, it cannot be then moved to insert the words struck out or a part of them, or to strike out the words inserted or a part of them.

Amendments Changing the Nature of a Question.

It is allowable to amend a proposition in such a manner as entirely to alter its nature, and to make it bear a sense different from what it was originally intended to bear; so that the friends of it, as it was first introduced, may themselves be forced to vote against it in its amended form.

The Order and Succession of Questions.

It is a general rule, that when a proposition is regularly before a deliberative assembly, for its consideration, no other proposition or motion can regularly be made or arise so as to take the place of the former, and be first acted upon, unless it be either, first, a privileged question; secondly, a subsidiary question; or, thirdly, an incidental question or motion.

All these motions take the place of the principal motion, or main question as it is usually called, and are to be first put to the question; and among themselves also, there are some which, in like manner, take the place of all the others. Some of these questions merely supersede the principal question, until they have been decided, and when decided, whether affirmatively or negatively, leave that question as before. Others of them also supersede the principal question until they are decided; and, when decided one way, dispose of the principal question, but, if decided the other way, leave it as before.

Privileged Questions.

There are certain motions or questions which, on account of their superior importance attributed to them, either in consequence of a vote of the assembly, or in themselves considered, or of the necessity of the proceedings to which they lead, are entitled to take the place of any other subject or proposition which may then be under consideration, and to be first acted upon and decided by the assembly. These are called privileged questions, because they are entitled to precedence over other questions though they are of different degrees among themselves. Questions of this nature of three kinds: namely, first, motions to adjourn; secondly, motions or questions relating to the rights and privileges of the assembly, or of its members individually; and thirdly, motions for the orders of the day.

Adjournment.

A motion to adjourn takes the place of all other questions whatsoever; for otherwise the assembly might be kept sitting against its will; and for an indefinite time; but, in order to entitle this motion to precedence, it must be simply to "adjourn."

The reason why a motion to adjourn moved for the purpose of superseding or suppressing a pending question, is not susceptible of amendment, is, that if amended, it would at once become inadmissible, in point of order, on the ground of its being introductory to a second question, having no privilege to take the place of a question already pending, and entitled to be first disposed of.

Questions of Privilege.

The questions next in relative importance, and which supersede all others for the time being, except that of adjournment, are those which concern the rights and privileges of the assembly or of its individual members.

When settled, the question interrupted by it is to be resumed at the point where it was suspended.

Orders of the Day.

When a consideration of a subject has been assigned for a particular day, by an order of the assembly, the matter so assigned is called the order of the day for that day.

A question which is thus made the subject of an order for its considera-

tion on a particular day is thereby made a privileged question for that day.

Orders of the day, unless proceeded in and disposed of on the day assigned, fall, of course, and must be renewed for some other day.

Questions of Order.

It is the duty of the presiding officer of a deliberative assembly, to enforce the rules and orders of the body over which he presides, in all its proceedings; and this without question, debate or delay, in all cases in which the breach or order, or the departure from rule, is manifest. It is also the right of every member, taking notice of the breach of a rule, to insist upon the enforcement of it in the same manner.

When any question of this nature arises in the course of any other proceeding, it necessarily supersedes the further consideration of the subject out of which it arises, until that question is disposed of; then the original motion or proceeding revives, and resumes its former position, unless it has been itself disposed of by the question of order.

When a question of order is raised, as it may be by any one member, it is decided by the presiding officer. If the decision of the presiding officer is not satisfactory, any one member may object to it, and have the question decided by the assembly, this is called appealing from the decision of the chair.

Withdrawal of a Motion.

A motion when made, seconded and stated, cannot be withdrawn without the general consent, or, if put formally to the question, the unanimous vote of the assembly.

If this motion is decided in the affirmative, the motion to which it relates is thereby removed from before the assembly, as if it had never been moved; if in the negative, the business proceeds as before.

Suspension of a Rule.

It is usual in the code of rules adopted by deliberative assemblies, and especially legislative bodies, to provide that a certain number exceeding a majority, as two-thirds or three-fourths, shall be competent to the suspension of a rule in a particular case; where this is not provided, there seems to be no other mode of suspending or dispensing with a rule than by general consent.

Amendment of Amendments.

It is allowable to amend a proposed amendment, and that the question or such sub-amendments must necessarily be put and decided before putting the question on the amendment.

Subsidiary Question Lie on the Table.

This motion takes precedence of and superceeds all the other subsidiary motions. If decided in the affirmative, the principal motion, together with all the other motions, subsidiary and incidental, connected with it, is removed from before the assembly, until it is again taken up.

Previous Questions.

If first moved, is not subject to be superseded by a motion to postpone, commit, or amend.

If the previous question is moved before the others above mentioned, and put to the question, it has the effect to prevent those motions from being made at all.

Postponement.

The motion to postpone is either indefinite or to a day certain, and, in both these forms, may be amended.

This motion stands in the same degree with motions for the previous question, to commit, and to amend and if first made, is not susceptible of being superseded by them.

Commitment.

May be amended by the substitution of one kind of committee for another, or by enlarging or diminishing the number of the members of the committee as originally proposed, or by instructions to the committee.

This motion stands in the same degree with the previous questions, and postponement, and, if first made is not superseded by them.

Amendment.

A motion to amend, as has been seen, may be itself amended. It stands in the same degree only with the previous question and indefinite postponement; and neither, if first moved, is superseded by the other.

But this motion is liable to be superseded by a motion to postpone to a day certain; so that, amendment and postponement competing, the latter is to be first put.

A motion to amend may also be superseded by a motion to commit.

Of the Order of Proceeding.

In considering and amending any paper which consists of several distinct propositions begin at the beginning and proceed through it by paragraphs.

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is one exception according to parliamentary usage, where a resolution or series of resolutions, or other paper, has a preamble or title; in which case, the preamble or title is postponed until the residue of the paper is gone through with.

When a paper has been referred to committee, and reported back to the assembly, is taken up for consideration, the amendments only are first read, in course, by the clerk. When the amendments reported by the committee have been thus disposed of, the presiding officer pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the assembly; when through the whole, he puts the question on agreeing to or adopting the paper.

When the paper referred to a committee is reported back, as amended, in a new draft, the new draft is to be considered as a substitute for the original paper, and then to treat it as such.

The regular course of proceeding requires the motion to lie on the table, to be first put; if this is negatived, the question of privilege is then settled; after that comes the question of order; then the question of commitment; if this is negatived the question of amendment is taken; and, lastly the main question.

When a member has obtained the floor, he cannot be cut off from addressing the assembly on the one question before it; nor, when speaking, can he be interrupted in his speech by any other member rising, and moving an adjournment, or for the orders of the day, or by making any other privileged motion of the same kind, a member in possession of the floor, or proceeding with his speech, cannot be taken down or interrupted but by a call to order; and the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through.

When, therefore, a member rises whilst another is speaking, and ad-

dresses the chair, he should inform the presiding officer that he rises to a point of order, or the orders of the assembly, or to a matter of privilege. It will then be the duty of the presiding officer to direct the member speaking to suspend his remarks or to resume his seat, and the member rising, to proceed with the statement of his point or other matter of order or of privilege. If the latter, on proceeding, discloses matter which shows that the interruption was proper, the subject so introduced must first be disposed of; and then the member who was interrupted is to be directed to proceed with his speech. If it appears that there was no sufficient ground for the interruption, the member rising is to be directed to resume his seat; and the member interrupted, to proceed with his speech.

OF ORDER IN DEBATE.

As to the Manner of Speaking.

When a member desires to address the assembly on any subject before it (as well as to make a motion), he is to rise and stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself not to the assembly or any particular member, but to the presiding officer.

No person, in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the assembly, or as the member who spoke last, or last but one, or on the other side of the question, or by some other equivalent expression.

As to Time of Speaking.

No member can speak more than once to the same question; but he may speak to the same subject as often as it is presented in the form of a different question.

A member may also be permitted to speak a second time in the same debate, in order to clear a matter of fact, or merely to explain himself in some material part of his speech.

It is sometimes supposed, that, because a member has a right to explain himself, he therefore has a right to interrupt another member while speaking, in order to make the explanation; but this is a mistake: he should wait until the member speaking has finished; and if a member, on being requested, yields the floor for an explanation, he relinquishes it altogether.

As to Stopping Debate.

The only mode in use in this country, until recently, for the purpose of putting an end to an unprofitable or tiresome debate, was by moving the previous question.

The other mode of putting an end to debate is for the assembly to adopt beforehand a special order in reference to a particular subject, that, at such a time specified, all debate upon it shall cease, and all motions or questions pending in relation to it shall be decided.

Another rule which has lately been introduced for the purpose of shortening rather than stopping debate is, that no member shall be permitted to speak more than a certain specified time on any question.

OF THE QUESTION.

When any proposition is made to a deliberative assembly, it is called "a motion," when it is stated or propounded to the assembly for their acceptance or rejection, it is denominated "a question," and, when adopted, it becomes "the order," "resolution," "or vote," of the assembly.

OF RECONSIDERATION.

It is a principal of parliamentary law, upon which many of the rules and proceedings previously stated are founded, that when a question has been once put to a deliberative assembly, and decided whether affirmative or negative, that decision is the judgment of the assembly and cannot be again brought into question.

It has now come to be a common practice in all deliberative assemblies and may consequently be considered as a principal of the common parliamentary law of this country, to reconsider a vote already passed, whether affirmatively or negatively.

It is usual in legislative bodies, to regulate by a special rule the time manner, and by whom, a motion to reconsider may be made, but where there is no special rule on the subject, a motion to reconsider must be considered in the same light as any other motion and as subject to no other rules. On the motion to reconsider, the whole subject is as much open for debate as if it had not been discussed at all; and, if the motion prevails, the subject is again open for debate on the original motion, in the same manner as if that motion had never been put to the question.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The proceedings in a committee of the whole, though in general similar to those in the assembly itself and in other committees are yet different in some respect, the principal of which are the following:

First, The previous question cannot be moved in a committee of the whole. The only means of avoiding an improper discussion is, to move that the committee rise.

Second, A committee of the whole cannot adjourn to some other time or place, for the purpose of going on with and completing the consideration of the subject referred to them; but, if their business is unfinished at the usual time for the assembly to adjourn, or for any other reason they wish to proceed no further at a particular time, the form of proceeding is, for some member to move that the committee rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again.

Third, In a committee of the whole, every member may speak as often as he pleases, provided he can obtain the floor.

Fourth, A committee of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee.

Fifth, In a committee of the whole, the presiding officer of the assembly has a right to take a part in the debate and proceedings in the same manner as any other member.

Sixth, A committee of the whole, like a select committee, has no authority to punish a breach of order, whether of a member or stranger; but can only rise and report the matter to the assembly.

A Bill Having Been Read the Third Time may be Recommitted for Some Special Purpose.

After a bill has been ordered to be read a third time, or has been read a third time it is then too late to recommit it generally, but it may then, nevertheless, be recommitted for some special purpose, as to receive some particular clause or proviso, or for the purpose of being divided into two bills. When a bill after being thus recommitted is reported to the house and again taken up for consideration, it is resumed at the point at which the proceedings upon it were interrupted by the recommitment.

CONCLUDING REMARKS.

A presiding officer will often find himself embarrassed by the difficulty, as well as the delicacy, of deciding points of order, or giving directions as to the manner of proceeding. In such cases it will be useful for him to recollect that—

“THE GREAT PURPOSE OF ALL RULES AND FORMS IS TO SUBSERVE THE WILL OF THE ASSEMBLY, RATHER THAN TO RESTRAIN IT; TO FACILITATE, AND NOT TO OBSTRUCT, THE EXPRESSION OF THEIR DELIBERATE SENSE.”

A CHAPTER ON LEGISLATIVE PRACTICE.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Temporary Organization.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock m., on the first Tuesday in January, biennially.

At the hour appointed the secretary of the state calls the house of representatives to order, and the lieutenant-governor the senate.

Clerk Protem.

It has of late years become the custom for the secretary of state to select some one to act as clerk *pro tem*, formerly on motion of some person claiming to be elected, a clerk *pro tem* was selected, and the roll of members, as prepared by the Secretary of State from the official returns, is called over to see who of the regularly elected members of the legislature are present and entitled to participate in the organization. After this roll call the next thing in order is the election of a

Speaker Pro Tem.

As soon as the *speaker pro tem* is elected, the secretary of state selects a committee of two members to conduct the *speaker pro tem* to the chair.

Chief Clerk Pro Tem.

The next thing in order is the election of a Chief Clerk *pro tem*

Committee on Credentials.

Now committee of five on credentials should be appointed, on motion of some member whose seat is not contested, and the *speaker pro tem*. should select for such committee only those whose right to act is unquestioned by any contest.

The Representatives Districts will be called over and the credentials should be handed to the clerk as the numbers are called.

Recess.

The House should now take a recess long enough to allow the committee on credentials to make up its report.

No business can be transacted until the Legislature is organized, therefore the committee on credentials should report back to the House as soon as possible the names of all who are entitled to seats, as all contested cases must go before the standing committee of the House after it is permanently organized.

After Recess.

When the House is called to order the committee on credentials makes a report, and when adopted, a committee of three should be appointed to wait on the chief justice or one of the associate judges of the supreme court, and request him to administer the oath of office to the members elect.

The Oath of Office.

The following oath must be sworn to and subscribed by each member:

"We and each of us do solemnly swear [or affirm] that we will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of Nebraska, and will faithfully discharge the duties of members of the legislature according to the best of our ability, and that at the election at which we were chosen to fill said office, we have not improperly influ-

enced in any way the vote of any elector, and have not accepted, nor will we accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing from any corporation, company, or person or any promise of office [for any vote we may give or withhold on any bill, resolution, or appropriation.]”

The house is now ready for

Permanent Organization.

A motion should now be made “to proceed to a permanent organization.” which being agreed to, nominations will be in order for speaker.

The roll will be called by the clerk, and each member will announce his choice for speaker. A majority of all the votes cast is necessary for a choice. Upon the election of a speaker, a committee of two should be appointed to escort him to the chair.

Upon taking the chair, the speaker-elect usually delivers a short address.

Other Officers Elected.

The following officers should then be elected:

Chief clerk, assistant clerks, sergeant-at-arms, door-keeper, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, and chaplain.

Other officers and employes, as may be deemed necessary for the proper transaction of business, may then be elected or appointed by resolution. [See page 55, Sec. 2118.]

The speaker has no authority to appoint officers or employes, except a resolution of the house give him that authority.

Oath of Office for Officers.

All officers elected or appointed must take and subscribe the following oath:

“We, and each of us, do solemnly swear that we will support the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of the state of Nebraska, and faithfully discharge the duties of our respective offices. So help us God.”

Organization of the Senate.

The organization of the senate proceeds in like manner, except it is called to order by the lieutenant-governor, voting only when the senate is equally divided. [Const., Sec. 17, Art. V.] A president of the senate is, however, chosen, who presides over the senate when the lieutenant-governor shall not attend or shall act as governor. [Const., Sec. 7, Art. III.]

The senate also elects a secretary, assistant secretary, sergeant-at-arms, door-keeper, enrolling clerk, engrossing clerk, chaplain, and such other officers and employes as may be elected or appointed by resolution of the senate. (See page 55, Sec. 2117.)

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION OF BOTH HOUSES.

As soon as a permanent organization is effected, a committee of three is then appointed to wait upon the senate and inform it that the house is organized and ready for business.

As soon as the senate and house are organized, a joint committee of both houses, consisting of two senators and three representatives, is appointed to wait on the governor and inform him that the legislature is organized and in readiness to receive any communication from him.

FIRST BUSINESS.

The first business of the legislature is to meet in joint convention and canvass the vote for state officers. (Con., Sec. 4, Art. 5. See page 35.) This

is usually done on the second day of the session, and on the third day the officers elect are brought before the bar of the house and the oath of office administered to them in the presence of both houses assembled in joint convention. It is customary for the newly elected governor to deliver his inaugural message at this time.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The senate and house have usually assembled in joint convention, in the representative chamber, upon some day and hour suggested by the governor during the first week of the session, generally on the afternoon of the second day, to hear his annual message.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained should be referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The standing committees are appointed by the speaker at as early a day in the session as possible, in accordance with rules of the house. In the senate no uniform custom of appointing committees exists. In 1877, 1883, 1891 and 1893 the committees were appointed by the senate. In 1879 and 1881 they were appointed by the lieutenant governor.

RULES.

A committee on rules should be appointed early in the session, and pending its report it has been customary to adopt the rules of the preceding legislature.

SEATS.

Seats in the house have generally been selected by members in advance of the session.

STATIONERY.

It has been the custom to furnish every member with the necessary stationery required in his official capacity, which will be issued by the direction of the chief clerk as needed.

MAIL FACILITIES.

The legislative mail will be taken from the U. S. post-office to the capitol building as soon as distributed, and will be opened by the post-master of the house immediately.

All mail matter deposited with the post-master at the capitol will be taken to the U. S. post-office in time to make connections with the regular mail trains leaving Lincoln.

Of Letters, Petitions, Memorials, etc.

If a letter, petition, bill, memorial or remonstrance be sent to a member to be by him presented to the house or senate, his first duty is to fold it in a neat form and endorse on the back of it, in brief, the subject on which it treats, and immediately below this he signs his name and county. For example, a member has a petition for the passage of a bill, etc., he endorses it in this way.

"A petition signed by 100 citizens of Phelps county praying for the passage of House Roll No. 33." E. SODERMAN, of Phelps county.

In presenting it, the member rises in his place, when the order of "petitions and memorials" is reached and says:

"Mr. Speaker (or Mr. President) I present the petition of the citizens of _____praying, etc." He then hands it to one of the pages, to be handed to the chief clerk, who also reads the indorsement, by way of information to the house or senate, after which the speaker refers it to the appropriate committee. The same course is pursued in regard to memorials and remonstrances.

Of Resolutions.

The parliamentary meaning of "resolution" is the expression of the will or sympathy of the house in regard to any subject before it, public or private, as for example, that the use of the hall be granted for a particular purpose; that certain companies be required to furnish statements, etc., that the house extends its sympathy to the Typographical Union, etc. If information is desired from any of the departments, or from the executive, the resolution assumes the form of a request as for example:

Resolved, "That the auditor be requested to furnish the house with a statement," etc.

When a member is desirous of bringing before the house any proposition for its determination, he writes it out in the form of a resolution, in a plain, legible hand, and as soon as the speaker announces the order of "Resolutions" he rises in his place and says:

"Mr. Speaker (or president), I offer the following resolution and move its adoption." He then delivers it to one of the pages, to be handed to the chief clerk. The speaker then directs the clerk to read the resolution, which is then put to the house for its adoption or rejection.

Joint resolutions, being in the nature of bills, cannot be submitted to the house under the order of "resolutions." The proper time to offer them is under the order of "Introduction of bills."

Concurrent resolutions are those on which action of both Senate and House are required, and are treated, in each house, the same as resolutions.

Of Bills.

Too much care in the preparation and passage of bills cannot be taken. The decisions of our courts whereby laws are held unconstitutional merely on account of some slight defect in title or want of proper observance of constitutional requirements in their passage, are growing in frequency. Our present constitution throws numerous safe-guards around the passage of bills with a view of preventing hasty and improvident legislation. See Const. Art. III. Sec's. 9, 10, 11.

All bills should be written in black ink on legal cap paper, or type-written; folded up in neat form and the title of the bill endorsed on the upper end of the back of it and the member sign his name and the county immediately under the title in this way:

House Roll No. 33.

A bill for an act to regulate railroads, to classify freights etc.

BY FRED NEWBERRY,
Hamilton Co.

When the order of introduction of bills "is reached, the member rises in his place and says: "Mr. Speaker, I ask leave to introduce a bill," when he hands it over to one of the pages to be handed to the Chief Clerk, when it is read the first time and ordered to a second reading. On the next or a subsequent day, when the order of "bills on the second reading," is reached the bill is read the second time, ordered to be printed, and referred to a committee.

Action of Committees.

When a committee, to whom has been referred a bill for their consideration, make amendments to it, they should be careful to make them in such a way as to be readily comprehended by the clerks. But no part of

any bill should be mutilated, nor any interlineations made, and no amendments made in pencil should be entertained. They should be written plainly and pinned to the bill. The Chief Clerk furnishes proper blanks upon which to make the reports to the House.

Reports of Committees.

A bill reported from a committee should be accompanied by a written report and whether "with amendments," or "without amendments." If reported favorably and concurred in by the House the bill goes on "general File."

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The committee of the whole is an expedient to simplify the business of legislative bodies. No record is made of its proceedings, and it has no officer except of its own creation for temporary purposes. It is liable to instant dissolution in case of disorder when the speaker takes the chair to suppress it; in case of lack of quorum when the speaker takes the chair for a call of the house or an adjournment, and in case of a message from the senate or governor when the speaker takes the chair to receive it.

Either house may resolve itself into a committee of the whole on some particular bill, resolution, or subject; or it may go into committee of the whole upon the general file of bills. In the first case the motion is,

"That the house do now resolve itself into a committee of the whole upon [bill No., a bill....], or [joint resolution No., providing, etc.], or [upon all bills relating to...., as the case may be."

In the second case it is,

"That the house do resolve itself into a committee of the whole upon the general file of bills."

Bills, resolutions, and general matters which have been once considered in committee of the whole, in which progress has been made and leave granted for further consideration, have the preference. The motion of the committee of the whole for their further consideration, must be made under the head of "bills in which the committee of the whole made progress and obtained leave to sit again;" and in which case the member who presided when the same matter was previously considered in committee of the whole, resumes the chair, unless the speaker name a different member.

The motion of the committee of the whole upon the general file must be made under the order of "bills not yet considered in committee of the whole."

When the house resolves itself into committee of the whole the speaker selects a chairman, as follows:

"The gentleman from....., Mr....., will take the chair."

The appointed chairman advances to the speaker's desk, and, having taken the chair, receives from the clerk the papers indicated by the motion for the committee, when the chairman announces:

"Gentlemen:—The committee have under consideration bill No..... entitled—(reading the title from the back of the bill), or (in case of consideration of the general file) the committee have under consideration the general file of bills; the first in order is bill No... .., entitled....."

The clerk will read the first section.

The section read, the chairman asks:

"Are there any amendments proposed to the first section? If none, and no objections heard the section will be considered approved."

This process is continued through the whole bill, when at the close of the reading the chairman says:

"The...th section and the whole bill have now been read, and are open to amendments."

At this point, after the friends of the bill have perfected it, it is customary for the opponents of the bill to open their attack.

After the discussion of the bill to such an extent as may be desired, if no amendments are made, the final vote is generally upon a motion:

"That the bill be reported back to the house without amendment."

If any other bills are before the committee, they are proceeded with in the same manner.

If it is desired to have a further consideration of any matter before the committee, or if the general file has not been gone through with, the motion is,

"That the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again."

If the committee has completed its duties, the motion is,

"That the committee rise and report."

Which being analogous to a motion to adjourn, is not debatable. The chairman states the matter as follows:

"It is moved that the committee do now rise and report" [*or otherwise as the case may be.*]

Is the committee ready for the question?

"Gentlemen:—Those who are of the opinion that this committee do now arise and report [*or as the case may be*], say aye; those of the contrary opinion, say no."

In case of doubt, a division must be had, as the ayes and noes cannot be called in committee of the whole.

When the committee rises, the speaker resumes his seat, and the chairman, through the chief clerk, reports as follows:

"Mr. Speaker."

"The committee of the whole have had under consideration bill No.... entitled....., and have instructed me to report the same to the house with amendments," [*or as the case may be.*]

When the general file has been under consideration, the report is as follows:

"The committee of the whole have had under consideration the general file of bills, have gone through the same, and have directed me to report to the house the bills contained therein, with sundry amendments and recommendations, as follows, to-wit:" (Here follow the title of bills considered, with action taken upon them.)

In case the file has been left untouched the report is—

"The committee of the whole have under consideration the general file of bills, and have made some progress therein. I am directed to report back the following bills with the amendments and recommendations hereinafter specified, and ask leave for the committee to sit again. (Here follows the report of amendments, etc., as above.)

On the latter report the question is—

"Shall leave be granted?"

When, upon a count, it is ascertained that a quorum is not present, the report is—

"The committee of the whole have had under consideration.... and after some progress therein, find there is no quorum present: that fact I herewith report to you."

In case of confusion or disorder, the speaker of his own accord resumes the chair temporarily and without any formality, for the purpose of suppressing it. When order is restored, the chairman resumes the chair and the business proceeds.

Upon the coming in of a report, the recommendations are at once acted on by the house.

When, in committee of the whole, any member desires to offer an amendment, it must be reduced in writing and sent to the clerk, who reads it, and asks—

“Is the committee ready for the question upon the amendment?”

And if no further amendment or debate, he puts the question in the usual manner.

After a section is once passed, with an unsuccessful effort to amend it, no further amendments are in order. The strictness of this rule, is, however, not always adhered to—an amendment once made, may, however, be reconsidered. Such a motion is—

“That the amendment offered by the gentleman from....to the....th section be reconsidered;”

And it is stated as follows:

“The gentleman from....moves that the amendment offered by the gentleman from....to the....th second be reconsidered.”

“Is the committee ready for the question?”

“Those who are of the opinion that said amendment be reconsidered, say aye; those of a contrary opinion, say no.”

In case the amendment is reconsidered, the chairman says:

“The motion is carried. The amendment is reconsidered. The question now recurs upon the adoption of the amendment. Is the committee ready for the question?” etc.

Passage of Bills.

When the order of business entitled “Bills on third reading” is reached, at the conclusion of the reading of each bill, the speaker says: “This bill has been read at large on three separate days, and printed with all the amendments thereto. Agreeably to the constitution the yeas and nays will be taken on the final passage of the bill.”

Upon the passage of a bill the presiding officer reads its title and says:

“The bill is passed; the question is as to the title. Is the title agreed to?” The title is generally agreed to, though it may be changed if the house so order.

Forms.

The following forms are used when bills have become laws, as provided by the constitution other than by approval of the executive.

When a bill has not been returned by the executive within five days (Sundays excepted) after it has been presented to him for approval, the following certificate is attached, signed, and sent with the bill to the secretary of state.

“We hereby certify that the bill (here insert title) was presented to the governor on the.....day of.....A. D...., and the same not having been returned by him within five days (Sundays excepted) after such presentation, it has become a law agreeably to the constitution of this state.

"ATTEST:
Lieutenant-Governor
 Secretary of the Senate."
 ".....Speaker of the House.
 Chief Clerk of the House."

Or in case the legislature, by their adjournment, prevent the return of the bill, the following certificate should be made:

"We hereby certify that the bill (here insert title) was presented to the Governor on the.....day of.....A. D.....,that the legislature have this...day of.....adjourned, and that said bill has become a law agreeably to the constitution of this state unless the Governor shall, within five days after such adjournment, file his objections thereto in the office of the secretary of state.

"ATTEST:
Lieutenant-Governor
 Secretary of the Senate"
 ".....Speaker of the House
 Chief Clerk of the House."

When a bill has been passed over the vote of the governor by a three-fifths vote of all the members elected to each house, the certificates attached are as follows:

"We hereby certify that the bill entitled (here insert title) which has been disapproved by the governor, and returned with his objections to the senate (or house of representatives), in which it originated, was passed by three-fifths of the members elected to the senate on the.....day of.....A. D....., and the foregoing is the act so passed by the senate.

"....."
 LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
 "....."
 SECRETARY OF THE SENATE.

"Lincoln, (date)."

"We hereby certify that the bill entitled (here insert title) which has been disapproved by the governor, and returned with his objections to the house of representatives (or senate) in which it orginated, was passed by three-fifths of all the members elected to the house of representatives on the.....day of.....A. D., and the forgoing is the act so passed by the house of representatives.

"....."
 SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.
 "....."
 CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE

STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

Quorum Necessary; What Constitutes.

1. The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistake may be corrected that shall be made in the entries. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of the senate.

On Decorum.

2. No member shall speak to another, or otherwise interrupt the business of the senate, or read any newspapers while the journals or other public papers are being read, or when any member is speaking in any debate.

3. Every member when he speaks shall address the president, and shall speak standing in his place, and when he has finished shall sit down.

Restrictions on Debate.

4. No member shall speak more than twice in any one debate, on the same day, without leave of the senate.

When two Members Rise at the Same Time.

5. When two members rise at the same time, the president shall name the person to speak, but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the president shall be entitled to the floor.

When a Member is Called to Order.

6. When a member shall be called to order by the president or a senator, he shall sit down; and every question of order shall be decided by the president, without debate, subject to an appeal to the senate.

7. If a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be immediately taken down in writing, that the president may be better enabled to judge the matter.

On Compelling the Attendance of Absentees.

8. No member shall absent himself from the service of the senate without leave of the senate being first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the sergeant-at-arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as a majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund.

On Motions.

9. No motion shall be debated till the same shall be seconded, and the question stated by the chair.

10. When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the president or any member, delivered at the table and read before the same shall be debated.

On Debate.

11. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, for the previous question, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a certain day, to commit or amend, which

several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged. Any motion may be withdrawn by the mover at any time before a decision, amendments, or ordering of the yeas and nays, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn without leave of the senate. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, that, and the motion to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

12. If a question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided: but on a motion to strike out and insert, it shall not be in order to move for a division of the question; but the rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different proposition; nor prevent a subsequent motion to simply strike out: nor shall the rejection of a motion simply to strike out prevent a subsequent motion to strike out and insert.

On Filling Blanks.

13. In filling up blanks, the largest sum and the longest time shall be first put.

Unfinished Business.

14. The unfinished business in which the senate was engaged at the last preceding adjournment shall have the preference in the special orders of the day.

The Ayes and Nays.

15. When the ayes and nays shall be called for by two of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for the special reason be excused by the senate, declare openly and without debate his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the ayes and nays, and upon the call of the house, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.

16. When the ayes and nays, shall be taken on any question, in pursuance of the above rule, no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.

On Secret Sessions.

17. On a motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require the secrecy, the president shall direct the senate to be cleared of all persons, as provided in Rule 32, and during the discussion of such motion, the doors shall remain shut.

18. No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the senate chamber, to present any petition, memorial, or address, or to hear any such read.

On Reconsideration.

19. When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no question for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message or report, amendment or motion upon which the vote was taken, shall have gone out of possession of the senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion or reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken or within the next two days of actual session of the senate thereafter.

On Calling Members to the Chair.

20. The president of the senate, or the temporary president, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

Memorials and Petitions.

21. Every petition, or memorial, or other paper, shall be referred, of course, without putting a question for that purpose, unless the reference is objected to by a member at the time such petition, memorial, or other paper is presented. And before any petition or memorial addressed to the senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the president or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial may verbally be made by the introducer.

Order of Business.

22. The following shall be the order of business;

1. Roll call.
2. Prayer by the chaplain.
3. Reading journal.
4. Petitions and memorials.
5. Reports from standing committees.
6. Reports of select committees.
7. Resolutions.
8. Notices and introduction of bills,
9. Bills on first reading.
10. Bills on second reading.
11. Special order.
12. Bills on third reading,
13. Bills on their passage.
14. Unfinished business.
15. Special order of the day.

On Printing Papers and Documents.

23. No paper or document, except bills, shall be printed for the use of the Senate without special order.

ON BILLS.

Reading, Printing and Recommitment.

24. Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed, and the president shall give notice at each whether it be first, second, or third, which reading shall be on different days. And all resolutions to which the approbation and signature of the governor may be requisite, or which may grant money out of the contingent or any other fund, shall be treated in all respects, in the introduction and from of proceedings on them in the senate, in a similar manner with bills; and all other resolutions shall lie on the table one day for consideration, and also reports of all committees, except a committee of the whole, and engrossed and enrolled bills.

25. No bills shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read. It shall then be printed, unless otherwise ordered by the senate, and then referred to its appropriate standing committee or the special committee. After which it may be amended, and all amendments thereto shall be printed before the vote is taken on its final passage.

26. All bills, after they have been referred to their appropriate standing or special committees, and reported back to the senate and printed, shall first be considered by the senate in the committee of the whole before they shall first be taken up and proceeded on by the senate, agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered. And when the senate shall consider a bill or resolution, as a committee of the whole, the president or temporary president shall call a member to fill the chair during the time the senate shall remain in committee of the whole; and the chairman so called shall, during such time, have the power of a temporary president.

27. The final question, upon the second reading of every bill, resolution or motion originating in the senate, and requiring three readings previous to its being passed, shall be: "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at a third reading of any bill, resolution, or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order, before the final passage of any bill, resolution, or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, or motion shall be again read the second time, and considered in committee of the whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.

28. The titles of bills and such parts thereof only as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journal.

The Proceedings Shall be Entered on the Journal.

29. The proceedings of the senate, when not acting as in committee of the whole, shall be entered on the journal as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true and accurate account of the proceedings; but every vote of the senate shall be entered on the journal, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the senate, shall also be inserted on the journal.

On Reference.

30. When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put.

Nominations by the Governor.

31. When nominations shall be made in writing by the governor to the senate, a future day shall be assigned, unless the senate unanimously direct otherwise, for taking them into consideration.

Confidential Communications by the Governor to be Kept Secret.

32. All confidential communications made by the Governor to the senate shall be by the members thereof kept secret. All information or remarks touching or concerning the character or qualification of any person nominated by the governor to office, shall be kept secret. When acting on confidential or executive business, the senate shall be cleared of all persons except the secretary and assistant secretary of the senate sergeant-at-arms, and door-keeper. The legislative proceedings, the executive proceedings, and the confidential legislative proceedings of the senate shall be kept in separate and distinct books.

Messages.

33. Messages shall be sent to the house by the secretary, sergeant-at-

arms, or door-keeper, the secretary having previously endorsed the final determination thereon.

34. Messages are introduced in any state of business, except when a question is being put, while the yeas and nays are being called, or while the ballots are being counted.

The Presiding Officer Shall Have Supervision Of—

35. The presiding officer of the senate shall have the regulation of such parts of the capitol and its passages as are or may be set apart for the use of the senate and its officers.

Rules Governing Committee of the Whole.

36. The rules of the senate shall be observed in the committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except limiting the time of speaking, and except the yeas and nays shall not be taken.

37. A motion that a committee rise shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate.

Punishment for Disclosing Secrets.

38. Any officer or member of the senate convicted of disclosing any matter directed by the senate to be held in confidence, shall be liable, if an officer, to dismissal from the service of the senate, and in case of a member, to suffer expulsion from that body.

Jefferson's Manual Shall Govern Except—

39. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Jefferson's manual shall govern the senate in all cases in which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the senate, and the joint rules of the senate and house of representatives.

Reporters Admitted.

40. Reporters may be admitted to the floor of the senate under the direction of the president, and are required to inform him what paper they report for.

No Smoking.

41. No smoking shall be allowed in the senate chamber or galleries during the session of the senate.

Rules how Amended or Suspended.

42. These rules may be altered, amended, or suspended, two-thirds of the members present voting therefor

Who Privileged to the Floor.

43. No person shall be admitted to the floor of the senate except as follows: members of the house of representatives and its officers, state officers and their clerks, judges of the supreme and district courts, senators and representatives in congress.

Emergency Clause.

44. When an emergency is expressed in the preamble or body of an act, as a reason why such act should take effect from and after its passage, or some day less than three calendar months after the adjournment of the session, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass?" and if decided affirmatively by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to the senate, then the bill shall be deemed passed; but if upon such vote a majority of less than two-thirds of said members vote affirmatively on said question, then the vote on said bill shall be deemed reconsidered, and the bill subject to amendment by striking out such part thereof as expresses an emergency and the time of taking effect, and then said bill shall be under consideration upon its third reading, with the emergency clause and the time of taking effect stricken out.

Time of Meeting.

45. The hours of meeting of the senate shall be at 10 o'clock A. M. and at 2 o'clock P. M. of each day, unless otherwise specially ordered by a vote of the senate.

Formula for Amendments to Bills.

46. If a section is to be amended, the formula should be after the enacting clause:

That section . . . of chapter . . . of the code of civil procedure, of the state of Nebraska, (or the statutes as the case may be) be amended so as to read as follows: Then follow the sections desired as amended, full and complete in themselves, and the last section of the new act should repeal the section which has been amended.

Committees to Report Bills.

47. Every bill and resolution referred to any special or standing committee, shall be reported to the senate by such committee within four days after such reference, unless further time is specially granted by the senate.

Standing Committees to be Appointed by the Senate.

48. All standing committees of the senate shall be appointed by the senate.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

49. The senate shall have the following standing committees: A committee of

Nine on judiciary.

Seven on finance, ways, and means.

Seven on agriculture.

Five on highways, bridges, and ferries.

Five on accounts and expenditures.

Five on military affairs.

Five on municipal affairs.

Seven on public lands and buildings.

Five on internal improvements.

Five on school lands and school funds.

Five on federal relations.

Five on public printing.

Seven on enrolled and engrossed bills.

Five on counties and county boundaries.

Five on education.

Five on library.

Five on claims.

Five on banks and currency.

Nine on railroads.

Five on miscellaneous corporations.

Five on state prison.

Five on university and normal school.

Seven on constitutional amendments.

Five on public charities.

Five on privileges and elections.

Five on live stock and grazing interests.

Seven on miscellaneous subjects.

Five on medical legislation.

Three on insane hospital.

Three on deaf, dumb, and blind asylum.

Three on reform school and home for the friendless.

Nine on re-districting and apportionment.

Five on immigration.

Five on mines and minerals.

Five on manufactures and commerce.

Five on labor.

Five on revenue.

Five on rules.

Seven on standing committees.

Five on industrial home and institute for feeble minded youth.

Five on fish culture and game.

The duties of the committees on insane hospital, the deaf and dumb and blind asylum, and reform school and home for the friendless, shall be confined to a visit of the committee to the institutions herein named, and a report thereon to the senate during the session, unless otherwise ordered by the senate.

Members to be Reported Present When on Committee Work.

50. All members of the senate shall be reported present by the secretary when absent on committee work, except when the "ayes and nays" are called. At such time, absentees shall be notified to appear.

Call of the House.

51. The call of the house shall be seconded by five members, and the proceedings under the call shall not be suspended unless all the members who are not excused are present, while five or more members object.

On Pairs.

52. Whenever a senator desires to be absent he may make a pair with any senator who may agree to the same; the president of the senate to be notified of such pair.

RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

OF THE DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER.

1. He shall take the chair every day precisely at the hour to which the house shall have adjourned on the preceding day; shall immediately call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

2. He shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose; and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the house by any two members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the house.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

4. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to-wit: "As many as are of the opinion that (as the question may be), say, aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of the contrary opinion, say no." If the speaker doubts, or a division is called for, the house shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative.

5. The speaker shall examine and correct the journal before it is read. He shall have general direction of the hall, and permit no smoking therein. He shall have a right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitutes shall not extend beyond the adjournment, and in case of absence of the speaker the chairman of the judiciary committee shall act as speaker.

6. All committees shall be appointed by the speaker unless otherwise especially directed by the house, in which case they shall be appointed by a *viva voce* vote; and if the number required shall not be elected by a majority of the votes given, the house shall proceed to a second vote in which a plurality of votes shall prevail; and in case a greater number than is required to compose or complete a committee shall have an equal number of votes, the house shall proceed to a further choice.

7. In all cases of election by the house, the speaker shall vote, and in other cases he shall vote when the yeas and nays are demanded, when the house is equally divided, or when his vote, if given to the minority, will make the division equal, and in case of equal division the question shall be lost.

8. In all cases where other than a member of the house shall be eligible to an office by the election of the house, there shall be a previous nomination.

9. All votes shall be taken *viva voce*.

10. All acts, memorials, and joint resolutions passed by the legislature shall be signed by the speaker in the presence of the house, while in session and capable of transacting business, and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the house shall be under his hand and seal attested by the clerk.

Who Admitted to the Privileges of the Floor.

11. No person shall be admitted into the hall of the house of representatives except the members and the officers of the senate, the judicial and state officers, the officers of the house, and such other persons as the house may deem proper to admit.

Order of Business.

12. Order of business of the day:
 1. Prayer by the chaplain.
 2. Roll call.
 3. Reading the journal.
 4. Petitions and memorials.
 5. Reports of standing committees.
 6. Reports of select committees.
 7. Resolutions.
 8. Introduction of bills.
 9. Bills on first reading.
 10. Bills on second reading.
 11. Bills on third reading.
 12. Bills not yet considered in the committee of the whole.
 13. Special order of the day.
 14. Unfinished business and messages on speaker's desk.
 15. Miscellaneous business.

13. *Provided, however,* that after the reading of the journal each day, the house shall proceed with the regular orders, commencing in the order upon which it was last engaged at the time of adjournment of the preceding day, first disposing of the particular business of the order which may have been pending at adjournment, and as soon as the regular orders have been called through the call shall be resumed, commencing with the first order and proceeding in the same manner.

On Decorum and Debate.

14. When any member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the house, he shall arise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. Speaker," and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities.

15. If a member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him to order shall repeat the words excepted to, and they shall be taken down in writing at the clerk's table; and no member shall be held to answer or subject to the censure of the house for words spoken in debate, if any member has spoken or other business intervened after the words spoken, and before exception to them shall have been taken.

No Member Shall Speak More Than Once Except—

16. No member shall speak more than once on the same question without leave of the house, except in explanation, unless he be the mover, or proposer, or introducer of the matter pending, in which case he shall be permitted to speak in reply, but not until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

17. If a question pending be lost by adjournment of the house and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave, except it be the mover, proposer, or introducer of the matter pending, who shall have the same right as in the last preceding rule.

No Member Without the bar Shall be Counted.

18. Upon a division and count of the house on any question, no member without the bar shall be counted.

Every Member Shall Vote Unless Excused.

19. Every member who shall be in the house when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the house, for special reasons, shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member from voting shall be made before the

house divides, or before the yeas and nays are commenced; and any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

Motions to be stated by the speaker Before Being Debated.

20. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the speaker, or being in writing, shall be read aloud by the clerk before being debated.

Every Motion to be Reduced to Writing.

21. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the speaker or any member desires it.

Motion may be Withdrawn by Consent.

22. After the motion is stated by the speaker, or read by the clerk, it shall be deemed in possession of the house, but may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment, by consent.

The Order of Motions.

23. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lie on the table, for the previous question, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged; and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall again be allowed on the same day at the same stage of the bill or proposition. A motion to strike out the enacting words of a bill shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and if carried, is equivalent to its rejection.

The Order of Commitment.

24. When a resolution shall be offered or a motion made to refer any subject, and different committees proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: The committee of the whole; a standing committee; a select committee.

Motion to Adjourn Always in Order.

25. A motion to adjourn, a motion to fix the day to which the house shall adjourn, shall always be in order; these motions and a motion to lie on the table shall be decided without debate.

Hour of Adjournment to be Entered on Journal.

26. The hour at which every motion to adjourn is made, shall be entered on the journal.

The Previous Question.

27. The previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the debate now close?" It shall be admitted when demanded by five or more members and must be sustained by a majority vote, and until decided shall preclude further debate and all amendments and motions except one motion to adjourn and one motion to lie on the table.

No Debate on Previous Questions.

28. On a previous question there shall be no debate. All incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

Any Member may Call for a Division of the Question.

29. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the house. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed inadvis-

able; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion, to strike out or insert.

Different Propositions Under Color of Amendment not Admissible.

30. No motion or proposition, or a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment. No bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therewith, any other bill or resolution pending before the house.

On Reconsideration

31. When a motion has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or succeeding day; and such motion shall take precedence of all other questions except a motion to adjourn.

Reading of Papers Must Have Consent.

32. When the reading of a paper is called for, and the same is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by vote of the house.

Any two Members may Call for the Yeas and Nays.

33. Any two members may call for the yeas and nays upon any question and may demand a call of the house: a majority of the members present may compel the presence of all members subject to a call of the house.

Names of Members to be Called Alphabetically.

34. Upon a call of the house, or upon taking the yeas and nays upon any question, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically.

No Member to be Absent Without Leave.

35. No member shall absent himself from the service of the house, unless he have leave, or be sick, or unable to attend.

Call of the House.

36. Upon the call of the house, the names of the members shall be called over by the clerk and the absentees noted, after which the names of the absentees shall be again called over; the doors shall then be shut, and those for whom no excuse is made may, by order of those present, if five in number, be taken into custody, as they appear, or may be sent for and taken into custody wherever found, by the sergeant-at-arms or special messenger to be appointed for that purpose.

House May Remit Penalty.

37. When a person shall be discharged from custody and admitted to his seat the house shall determine whether such discharge shall be without paying fees; and in like manner, whether a delinquent member taken into custody by a special messenger shall or shall not be liable to defray the expenses of such messenger.

Sergeant-at-Arms.

38. A sergeant-at-arms shall be elected, to hold his office during the pleasure of the house, whose duty it shall be to attend the house during its sittings, to execute the commands of the house from time to time, together with all such process issued by authority thereof, as shall be directed to him by the speaker.

All Officers to be Sworn.

39. All officers shall be sworn to keep the secrets of the house.

Standing Committees.

40. Forty-two standing committees shall be appointed by the speaker, who shall name one member of each committee to be the chairman, and

said committee to consist of the following number of members, and to be known and designated by the following names:

Eleven on the judiciary.

Eleven on finance, ways, and means.

Seven on agriculture.

Seven on roads and bridges.

Nine on militia.

Thirteen on public lands and buildings.

Seven on internal improvements.

Seven on federal relations.

Nine on engrossed and enrolled bills.

Nine on accounts and expenditures.

Eleven on constitutional amendments.

Nine on county boundaries, county seats, and township organization.

Fifteen on railroads.

Eleven on privileges and elections.

Nine on state penitentiary.

Nine on insane hospital.

Nine on other asylums.

Seven on corporations.

Seven on library.

Nine on cities and towns.

Seven on banks and currency.

Seven on public schools.

Nine on university and normal schools.

Nine on public printing,

Seven on mines and minerals.

Eleven on immigration.

Seven on manufactures and commerce.

Nine on school lands and funds.

Seven on miscellaneous subjects.

Eleven on claims.

Nine on live stock and grazing interests.

Eleven on revenue and taxation.

The speaker and six on rules.

Thirteen on labor.

Fifteen on apportionment.

Seven on benevolent institutions.

Seven on fish culture and games.

Nine on insurance.

Nine on telegraph, telephone and electric companies.

Seven on medical societies, Sunday laws and regulations.

Nine on fees and salaries.

Seven on soldiers home.

41. The several standing committees of the house shall have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

On Bills.

42. Every bill shall be introduced on the report of the committee, or by any member, when the introduction of bills is for, or at any time by leave.

43. Every bill and concurrent resolution shall be read at large on

three different days, and the bill and all amendments thereto shall be printed before the vote is taken upon its final passage.

44. Every bill, joint and concurrent resolution shall, upon its introduction, be read the first time. The question shall then be, "Shall the bill be ordered to a second reading?" If not so ordered it shall be deemed equivalent to its rejection.

45. Upon the second reading of the bill, the speaker shall state it as ready for commitment or engrossment; and if committed, then the question shall be, whether to a select or standing committee, or to a committee of the whole house, if no motion be made to commit, the question shall be stated on its engrossment; and if not ordered to be engrossed on the day of its being reported, it shall be placed on the general file on the speaker's table to be taken up in its order.

46. Five hundred copies of every bill shall be printed, after a second reading, unless otherwise ordered; and all bills, resolutions, and memorials that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files after being printed, before being considered.

47. After commitment and report thereof the house, or any time before a bill is ordered to a third reading, it may be recommitted,

48. After a bill shall have been ordered to a third reading, five hundred copies of the amendments thereto shall be printed, unless the house orders the entire bill printed as amended, and no amendments thereto shall be afterwards allowed.

49. All bills ordered to be engrossed shall be executed in a fair, round hand.

50. Upon the passage of every bill or joint resolution, the vote shall be yea or nay, and this rule shall not be suspended.

51. The question after the third reading of every bill shall be stated as follows: "This bill having been read at large on three different days, and the same, with all its amendments, having been printed, the question is 'Shall the bill pass!'"

Message to the Senate.

52. All messages from the house to the senate shall be transmitted by the clerk or assistant clerk of the house, or by a special committee appointed for that purpose.

Rules, how Changed.

53. No standing rule or order of the house shall be rescinded, changed or suspended, except by a vote of at least a majority of the members elected; nor shall the order of business, as established by the rules of the house, be postponed or changed, except by a vote of at least a majority of the members elected.

A Privileged Committee.

54. It shall be in order for the committee on engrossed and enrolled bills to report at any time.

Cushing's Manual shall Govern Except—

55. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Cushing's Manual shall govern the house in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with standing rules and orders of the house, and the joint rules of the senate and house of representatives.

Reconsideration.

56. No bill or question which has been once passed or rejected shall be

called up for reconsideration during the same session, unless two-thirds of the house shall be in favor of taking the same.

General Laws Take Precedence.

57. All bills for general laws shall take precedence on the speaker's table to local bills and special enactments.

Emergency Clause.

58. When an emergency is expressed in the preamble or body of an act as a reason why such act should take effect prior to the expiration of the three calendar months after the adjournment of the session at which it passed, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass?" and if decided affirmatively by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to the house, then the bill shall be deemed passed; but if, upon such vote, a majority of less than two-thirds of said members vote affirmatively on said question then the vote on said bill shall be deemed reconsidered, and the bill subject to amendment by striking out such part thereof as expresses an emergency and the time of taking effect, and then said bill shall be under consideration upon its third reading, with an emergency clause and the time of taking effect stricken out.

Committees Entitled to Clerks.

59. There shall be a clerk to each of the following committees, who shall be appointed and removed by the chairman of the committee:

Committee on judiciary.

Committee on finance, ways and means.

Committee on railroads.

Committee on public lands and buildings.

Committee on engrossed and enrolled bills.

Committee on claims.

Hours For Convening.

60. The hours for convening shall be 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. each day, unless otherwise specially ordered.

Changes.

The house in 1897 made the following changes :

Rule 19 to read as follows :

19. Every member who shall be in the house when the question is put shall give his vote.

Rule 44 to read as follows:

44. Every bill, joint and concurrent resolution shall, upon its first introduction, be read the first time.

Rule 45 was amended by striking out the words "select or" between the words "a" and "standing."

Rule 53 was amended by striking out all after the word "members" at the end of second line.

Rule 59 was amended by striking out "Committee on Railroads," and "Committee on Public Lands and Buildings," and inserting "Committee on Accounts and Expenditures," and "Committee on Privileges and Elections."

Rule 61 was stricken out.

JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Conference Committees.

1. In every case of an amendment of a bill agreed to in one house and dissented to in the other, if either house shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other house shall appoint a committee to confer, such committee shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed upon by their chairman, meet and state to each other verbally, or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective houses for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon.

Messages from the Senate.

2. When a message shall be sent from the senate to the house of representatives, it shall be announced at the door of the house by the sergeant-at-arms, and shall be respectfully communicated to the chair by the person by whom it may be sent.

Messages to the Senate.

3. The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent from the house of representatives to the senate.

When Messages may be Transmitted.

4. Messages may be transmitted from one house to the other at any time while the house to which the message is sent is in session; provided neither house shall have adjourned for a longer period than one day.

All Bills Shall be Signed.

5. All bills shall be signed by the secretary or chief clerk of the house in which they originated, before the transmission to the other house.

Bills that have Passed to be Enrolled.

6. After a bill shall have passed both houses, it shall be duly enrolled by the enrolling clerk or of the house in which it originated, before it shall be presented to the governor.

Duty of Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills.

7. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be examined by the committees of the two houses on enrolled bills, acting jointly, who shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed by the two houses. Said committee shall correct any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and make their report forthwith to their respective houses.

8. After examination and report each bill shall be signed in their respective house, first by the speaker of the house of representatives, then by the president of the senate, there being endorsed on the roll a certificate of the secretary or chief clerk of the house in which the same originated.

9. After a bill shall have thus been signed in each house, it shall be presented by said committee to the governor for his approval, and the said committee shall report the day of presentation to the governor, which time shall be carefully entered on the journal of each house.

10. All orders, resolutions, and votes which are to be presented to the governor for his approval, shall also, in the same manner, be enrolled, ex-

amined, and signed, and shall be presented in the same manner and by the same committee as provided in the case of bills

Joint Address to the Governor.

11. When the senate and house of representatives shall judge it proper to make a joint address to the governor, it shall be presented to him by the president of the senate, in the presence of the speaker and both houses.

A Measure once Rejected in one House can be renewed by a two-thirds Vote.

12. When a bill or resolution, which has been passed in one house, shall be rejected in the other, it shall not be brought in during the same session, without leave of two-thirds of that house within which it shall be renewed.

Each House shall Transmit Papers when Demanded.

13. Each house shall transmit to the other, in case they are demanded, all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be founded.

Each House to give Notice to the Other.

14. When a bill or resolution, which has been passed in one house, shall be rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the house in which the same originated; and after each house shall have adhered to its disagreement, a bill or resolution shall be lost.

Joint Convention.

15. Whenever there shall be a joint convention of the two houses the proceedings shall be entered at length on the journal of each house. The president of the senate shall preside over such joint convention, and the secretary of the senate shall act as clerk thereof, assisted by the chief clerk of the house.

No Adjournment Longer than Three Days.

16. Neither house shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

Call of the House.

17. A call of the house may be made when in joint session on motion seconded by five members, and the proceedings under the call shall not be suspended while five members object, unless all members are present who are not excused

APPORTIONMENT.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cass, Otoe, Nemaha, Richardson, Pawnee, Johnson, and Lancaster.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Sarpy, Douglas, and Washington.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Burt, Thurston, Dakota, Dixon, Cumling, Dodge, Colfax, Stanton, Wayne, Cedar, Knox, Pierce, Madison, Platte, Nance, Boone, Antelope, and Merrick.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Saunders, Butler, Seward, Saline, Gage, Jefferson, Thayer, Fillmore, York, Polk and Hamilton.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consist of the counties of Hall, Adams, Webster, Franklin, Kearney, Phelps, Harlan, Gosper, Furnas, Red Willow, Frontier, Hitchcock, Hayes, Perkins, Chase, Dundy, Nuckolls and Clay,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Sioux, Scotts Bluff, Banner, Kimball, Dawes, Box Butte, Cheyenne, Sheridan, Deuel, Cherry, Grant, Arthur, Keith, Lincoln, McPherson, Hooker, Thomas, Logan, Dawson, Custer, Blaine, Brown, Keya Paha, Rock, Loup, Holt, Garfield, Valley, Sherman, Buffalo, Harvard, Greely, Wheeler and Boyd.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Richardson and Pawnee and are entitled to one senator.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Nemaha and Johnson and are entitled to one senator.

THIRD DISTRICT

Consists of the county of Otoe and is entitled to one senator.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Cass and is entitled to one senator.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Saunders and Sarpy and are entitled to one senator.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Douglas and is entitled to three senator.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cumling and Burt and are entitled to one senator.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Dixon, Dakota, Knox, Cedar, and Thurston and are entitled to one senator.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Antelope, Boone, and Greeley and are entitled to one senator.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Washington and Dodge and are entitled to one senator.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Wayne, Stanton, Madison, and Pierce and are entitled to one senator.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Platte and Colfax and are entitled to one senator.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Holt, Garfield, Wheeler, and the unorganized territory north of Holt and Keya Paha and be entitled to one senator.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Brown, Keya Paha, Cherry, Sheridan, Dawes Box Butte, and Sioux and is entitled to one senator.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Custer, Valley, Loup, and Blaine and are entitled to one senator.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Buffalo and Sherman and are entitled to one senator.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Hall and Howard and are entitled to one senator.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Polk, Merrick, and Nance and are entitled to one senator.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Butler and Seward and are entitled to one senator.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Lancaster and are entitled to two senators.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Gage and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Saline and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Jefferson and Thayer and are entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of York and Fillmore and are entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Clay and Hamilton and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

Consists of the counties of Nuckolls, Webster, and Franklin and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Adams and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Kearney, Phelps, and Harlan and is entitled to one senator.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Furnas, Red Willow, Hitchcock, Dundy, Gosper, Frontier, Chase and Hayes and is entitled to one senator.

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Dawson, Lincoln, Keith, Cheyenne, Logan, and the unorganized territory west of Blaine and Logan and is entitled to one senator.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.**FIRST DISTRICT.**

Consists of the counties of Richardson and is entitled to three representatives.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Pawnee and is entitled to two representatives.

THIRD DISTRICTS.

Consists of the county of Nemaha and is entitled to two representatives.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Johnson and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Nemaha and Johnson and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Otoe and is entitled to two representatives.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Cass and is entitled to two representatives.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cass and Otoe and is entitled to one representative.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Sarpy and is entitled to one representative.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Douglas and is entitled to nine representatives.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Washington and is entitled to one representative.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Burt and is entitled to one representative.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Burt and Washington and is entitled to one representative.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Dodge and is entitled to two representatives

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT .

Consists of the county of Cuming and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cuming, Dakota and Thurston and are entitled to one representative.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Wayne and Stanton and is entitled to one representative.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Dixon and is entitled to one representative.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cedar and Pierce and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Knox and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Antelope and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Boone and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Madison and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Platte and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Platte and Nance and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Colfax and is entitled to one representative.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Saunders and is entitled to two representatives.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Butler and is entitled to two representatives.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Seward and is entitled to two representatives

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Lancaster and is entitled to five representatives.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Saline and is entitled to two representatives,
THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Gage and is entitled to three representatives
THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Gage and Saline and are entitled to one representative.

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Jefferson and is entitled to one representative.

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Thayer and is entitled to one representative.

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Thayer and Jefferson and are entitled to one representative.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Fillmore and is entitled to two representatives.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of York and is entitled to two representatives.

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Polk and is entitled to one representative.

FORTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Merrick and is entitled to one representative.

FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Hamilton and is entitled to two representatives.

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Clay and is entitled to two representatives.

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Nuckolls and is entitled to one representative.

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Webster and is entitled to one representative

FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Adams and is entitled to one representative.

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Webster and Adams and is entitled to one representative.

FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Hall and is entitled to two representatives.

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Howard and is entitled to one representative.

FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Garfield, Greely, Wheeler, Loup, and Blaine and the unorganized territory west of Blaine and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Holt and is entitled to two representatives.

FIFTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Brown and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Cherry and Keya Paha and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Sheridan, Dawes, Box Bute, and Sioux and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Lincoln, Cheyenne, and Keith and the unorganized territory west of Logan and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Valley and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Custer and Logan and are entitled to two representatives.

FIFTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Sherman and is entitled to one representative.

FIFTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Buffalo and is entitled to two representatives.

FIFTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Dawson and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTIETH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Kearney and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Franklin and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Harlan and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Phelps and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Furnas and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the county of Red Willow and is entitled to one representative.

SIXTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

Consists of the counties of Frontier and Gosper and is entitled to one Representative.

SIXTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Consists of the counties of Hitchcock, Dundy, Hayes, and Chase, and are entitled to one representative.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

SENATORS FROM NEBRASKA SINCE THE ADMISSION OF THE STATE INTO THE UNION.

John M. Thayer..... 1867-71	Alvin Saunders..... 1877-83
Thomas W. Tipton..... 1867-75	C. H. Van Wyck..... 1881-87
Phineas W. Hitchcock..... 1871-77	Chas. F. Manderson..... 1883-95
Algernon S. Paddock..... 1875-81	Algernon S. Paddock..... 1887-93
William V. Allen..... 1893-1899	John M. Thurston..... 1895-1901

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS FROM THE TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA.

Napoleon B. Gidding.. Dec. 12, 1854	Experience Estabrook.. Oct. 11, 1859
Bird B. Chapman..... Nov. 6, 1855	Samuel G. Daily..... Oct. 9, 1860
Fenner Ferguson..... Aug. 3, 1857	Phineas W. Hitchcock.. Oct. 11, 1864

REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS SINCE THE ADMISSION OF THE STATE INTO THE UNION.

XXXX Congress, 1865-67.	XLIX Congress, 1885-87.
T. M. Marquett.	First District..... A. J. Weaver
XL Congress, 1867-69.	Second District..... James Laird
John Taffe.	Third District... Geo. W. E. Dorsey
John Taffe.	LI Congress, 1887-89.
John Taffe.	First District... John A. McShane
John Taffe.	Second District..... James Laird
John Taffe.	Third District... Geo. W. E. Dorsey
John Taffe.	LI Congress, 1889-91.
XLIII Congress, 1873-75.	First District..... W. J. Connell
Lorenzo Crouse.	Second District..... James Laird
XLIV Congress, 1875-77.	Gilbert L. Laws*
Lorenzo Crouse.	Third District... Geo. W. E. Dorsey
XLV Congress, 1877-79	LII Congress, 1891-93.
Frank Welch.	First District..... W. J. Bryan
Thos. J. Majors [to fill vacancy.]	Second District.. W. A. McKeighan
XLVI Congress, 1879-81.	Third District..... O. M. Kem
E. K. Valentine.	LIII Congress, 1893-95
XLVII Congress, 1881-83.	First District..... W. J. Bryan
E. K. Valentine.	Second District..... H. D. Mercer
XLVIII Congress, 1883-85.	Third District... Geo. Meiklejohn
First District..... A. J. Weaver	Fourth District..... E. J. Hainer
Second District..... James Laird	Fifth District... W. A. McKeighan
Third District..... E. K. Valentine	Sixth District..... O. M. Kem

*To fill vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Laird.

OFFICERS OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE OF NEBRASKA SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION.

GOVERNORS

Francis Burt (a)..... Oct. 16, 1854	Silas Garber..... Jan. 11, 1875
Mark W. Izard..... Feb. 20, 1855	Albinus Nance..... Jan. 9, 1879
W. A. Richardson (b)... Jan. 12, 1858	James W. Dawes..... Jan. 4, 1883
Samuel W. Black..... May 2, 1858	John M. Thayer..... Jan. 6, 1887
Alvin Saunders..... May 15, 1861	James E. Boyd..... Jan. 8, 1891
David Butler (c)..... Feb. 21, 1867	Lorenzo Crouse..... Jan. 13, 1893
Robert W. Furnas..... Jan. 13, 1873	Silas A. Holcomb..... Jan. 3, 1895

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

Othman A. Abbott..... Jan. 4, 1877	H. H. Shedd..... Jan. 8, 1885
Edmund C. Carns..... Jan. 9, 1879	Geo. D. Meiklejohn.... Jan. 3, 1889
A. W. Agee..... Jan. 4, 1883	Thomas J. Majors..... Jan. 6, 1891

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. B. Cuming (<i>e</i>)... Aug. 13, 1854	Bruno Tzschuck..... Jan. 11, 1876
John B. Motley (<i>f</i>)... March 23, 1858	S. J. Alexander..... Jan. 9, 1879
J. Sterling Morton (<i>g</i>)... July 12, 1858	Edward P. Roggen..... Jan. 4, 1883
Alg. S. Paddock (<i>h</i>)... May 6, 1861	Gilbert L. Laws..... Jan. 6, 1887
Thos. P. Kennard..... Feb. 21, 1867	Ben. R. Cowdery (<i>k</i>)... Nov. 20, 1889
Wm. H. James (<i>i</i>)..... Jan. 10, 1871	John C. Allen..... Jan. 8, 1891
John J. Gosper..... Jan. 13, 1873	

AUDITORS.

Charles B. Smith..... March 16, 1855	Jefferson B. Weston... Jan. 13, 1873
Samuel L. Campbell... Aug. 3, 1857	F. W. Liedtke..... Jan. 9, 1879
William E. Moore..... June 1, 1858	John Wallichs..... Nov. 12, 1880
Robert C. Jordan..... Aug. 2, 1858	H. A. Babcock..... Jan. 8, 1885
William E. Harvey..... Oct. 8, 1861	Thos. H. Benton..... Jan. 3, 1889
John Gillespie..... Oct. 10, 1865	Eugene Moore..... Jan. 13, 1893

TREASURERS.

B. P. Rankin..... March 16, 1855	Geo. M. Bartlett..... Jan. 9, 1879
Wm. W. Wyman..... Nov. 6, 1855	Phelps D. Sturdevant... Jan. 4, 1883
Augustus Kountze..... Oct. 8, 1861	Charles H. Willard..... Jan. 8, 1885
James Sweet..... Jan. 11, 1869	John E. Hill..... Jan. 3, 1889
Henry A. Koenig..... Jan. 10, 1871	Joseph S. Bartley..... Jan. 13, 1893
J. C. McBride..... Jan. 11, 1875	

ATTORNEY GENERALS.

Champion S. Chase..... 1867	C. J. Dilworth..... Jan. 9, 1879
Seth Robinson..... 1869	Isaac Powers, Jr..... Jan. 4, 1883
Geo. H. Roberts..... Jan. 10, 1871	William Leese..... Jan. 8, 1885
J. R. Webster..... Jan. 13, 1873	George H. Hastings (<i>b</i>).. Jan. 8, 1891
Geo. H. Roberts..... Jan. 11, 1875	

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Seth W. Beals..... 1869	W. W. W. Jones..... Jan. 6, 1881
J. M. McKenzie..... Jan. 10, 1871	Geo. B. Lane..... Jan. 6, 1887
S. R. Thompson..... Jan. 4, 1877	A. K. Goudy..... Jan. 8, 1891

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS.

F. M. Davis..... Jan. 4, 1877	John Steen..... Jan. 3, 1889
A. G. Kendall..... Jan. 6, 1881	A. R. Humphrey..... Jan. 8, 1891
Joseph Scott..... Jan. 8, 1885	

(*a*) Died Oct. 18, 1854, the office being filled by T. B. Cuming, Secretary, until the appointment of Gov. Izard.

(*b*) Resigned, the office being filled by J. Sterling Morton until the arrival of Gov. Black.

(*c*) Elected in 1866, but did not enter upon the duties of the office until the admission of the state into the Union, in Feb., 1867. Re-elected Oct. 8, 1868. Re-elected Oct. 18, 1870. Succeeded June 2, 1871, by W. H. James, Secretary of State, until the inauguration of Gov. Furnas.

(*e*) Acting Governor from Oct. 18, 1854, to Feb. 20, 1855, and from Oct. 25, 1857, to Jan. 12, 1858. Died March 12, 1858.

(*f*) Acting Secretary until the arrival of Secretary J. Sterling Morton.

(*g*) Acting Gov. from Dec. 5, 1858, to May 2, 1859, and from Feb. 24, 1860, to 1861.

(*h*) Acting governor from May 15, 1861, and during the greater portion of the period to 1867. U. S. Senator from 1875 to 1881.

(*i*) Acting Governor until Jan. 13, 1873.

(*k*) Appointed by Gov. Thayer to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Gilbert L. Laws.

JUDGES SUPREME COURT—CHIEF JUSTICES.

Fenner Ferguson.....	Oct. 12, 1854	Daniel Gantt (<i>a</i>)	Jan. 1, 1872
Augustus Hall.....	March 15, 1858	Samuel Maxwell.....	May 29, 1878
William Pitt Kellogg..	May 27, 1861	George B. Lake.....	Jan. 5, 1888
William Kellogg.....	May 8, 1865	Amasa Cobb.....	Jan. 3, 1884
William A. Little (<i>a</i>).....	1866	Samuel Maxwell.....	Jan. 4, 1886
Oliver P. Mason.....	1866	M. B. Reese.....	Jan. 1888
George B. Lake.....	Jan. 16, 1873	Amasa Cobb.....	1890

Samuel Maxwell, 1892,

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES AND JUDGES.

Edward R. Harden..	Dec. 4, 1854	Lorenzo Crounse.....	Feb. 21, 1867
James Bradley.....	Oct. 25, 1854	Daniel Gantt	Jan. 16 1873
Samuel W. Black.....		Samuel Maxwell.....	Jan. 16, 1873
Eleazer Wakely.....	April 22, 1857	Amasa Cobb.....	May 29, 1878
Joseph Miller.....	April 9, 1859	M. B. Reese.....	Jan. 3, 1884
William F. Lockwood..	May 16, 1861	T. L. Norval.....	Jan. 1890
Elmer S. Dundy.....	June 22, 1863	A. M. Post.....	Jan. 1892
George B. Lake.....	Feb. 21, 1867		

CLERKS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

H. C. Anderson.....	1856	William Kellogg, Jr.....	1865
Charles L. Salisbury.....	1858	George Armstrong.....	1867
E. B. Chandler.....	1859	Guy A. Brown (<i>a</i>).....	Aug. 8, 1868
John H. Kellom.....	1861	D. A. Campbell.....	July 14, 1890

REPORTERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

J. M. Woolworth.....	1878	Guy A. Brown (<i>a</i>).....	1875
Lorenzo Crounse.....	1873	D. A. Campbell.....	1890

LIBRARIANS.

James S. Izard.....	March 16, 1855	Thos. P. Kennard.....	June 22, 1867
H. C. Anderson.....	Nov. 6, 1855	Wm. H. Jones.....	Jan. 10, 1871
John H. Kellom.....	Aug. 3, 1857	Guy A. Brown.....	March 3, 1871
Alonzo D. Luce.....	Nov. 7, 1859	D. A. Campbell.....	July 14, 1891
Robert S. Knox.....	1861		

(*a*) Died in office.

PRESIDENTS**Of the Territorial Council.**

JOSEPH L. SHARP.....	(1st Session,).....	1855
B. R. FOLSOM.....	(2d Session,).....	1855
L. L. BOWEN.....	(3d Session,).....	1857
GEORGE L. MILLER.....	(4th Session,).....	1857
L. L. BOWEN.....	(5th Session,).....	1858
E. A. DONELAN.....	(6th Session,).....	1859
W. H. TAYLOR.....	(7th Session,).....	1860
JOHN TAFFE.....	(8th Session,).....	1861
E. A. ALLEN.....	(9th Session,).....	1864
O. P. MASON.....	(11th Session,).....	1866
E. H. ROGERS.....	(12th Session,).....	1867

PRESIDENTS**Of the Senate of the State of Nebraska.**

FRANK WELSH.....	1st Session,.....	1866
E. H. ROGERS.....	2d Session,.....	1867
E. H. ROGERS.....	3d Session,.....	1867
E. H. ROGERS.....	4th Session,.....	1868
E. B. TAYLOR.....	5th Session,.....	1869
E. B. TAYLOR.....	6th Session,.....	1870

E. B. TAYLOR.....	7th Session,	1870
E. E. CUNNINGHAM.....	8th Session,	1871
W. A. GWYER.....	9th Session,	1873
W. A. GWYER.....	10th Session,	1873
N. K. GRIGGS.....	11th Sesssion,	1875
GUY C. BARTON.....	12th Session,	1876
GUY C. BARTON.....	13th Session,	1876

SPEAKERS**Of the Territorial House of Representatives.**

ANDREW J. HANSCOM.....	1st Session,	1855
P. C. SULLIVAN.....	2d Session,	1855
L. L. GIBBS.....	3rd Session,	1857
J. H. DECKER.....	4th Session,	1857
H. P. BENNET.....	5th Session,	1858
S. A. STRICKLAND.....	6th Session,	1859
HENRY W. DE PUY.....	7th Session,	1860
A. D. JONES.....	8th Session,	1861
Geo. B. LAKE.....	9th Session,	1861
S. M. KIRKPATRICK.....	10th Session,	1865
JAMES G. MEGEATH.....	11th Session,	1866
W. P. CHAPIN.....	12 Session,	1865

SPEAKERS**Of the House of Representatives of the State of Nebraska.**

W. F. CHAPIN.....	1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Sessions.....	1867-68-69
W. MCLENNAN.....	5th, 6th and 7th Session.....	1868-69-70
HON. GEORGE W. COLLINS.....		1871
HON. M. SESSIONS.....		1873
HON. EDWARD S. TOWLE.....		1875
HON. ALBINUS NANCE.....		1877
HON. C. P. MATHEWSOM.....		1879
HON. H. H. SHEDD.....		1881
HON. GEO. M. HUMPHREY.....		1883
HON. ALLEN W. FIELD.....		1885
HON. N. V. HARLAN.....		1887
HON. JOHN C. WATSON.....		1889
HON. S. M. ELDER.....		1891
HON. J. N. GAFFIN.....		1893

CHIEF CLERKS**Of the Territorial Council.**

G. L. MILLER.....	1st Session,	1855
E. G. MCNEELEY.....	2d Session,	1855
O. F. LAKE.....	3d Session,	1857
WASHBURN SAFFORD.....	4th Session,	1857
S. M. CURRAN.....	5th Session, ..	1858
S. M. CURRAN.....	6th Session,	1859
E. P. BREWSTER.....	7th Session,	1860
R. W. FURNAS.....	8th Session,	1861
J. W. HOLLINGSHEAD.....	9th Session,	1864
JOHN L. BOWEN.....	10th Session,	1865
WM. E. HARVEY.....	11th Session,	1866
O. B. HEWETT.....	12th Session,	1867

SECRETARIES**Of the Senate of the State of Nebraska.**

C. E. YOST.....	1st Session,.....	1866
O. B. HEWETT.....	2d Session,.....	1867
L. L. HOLBROCK.....	3rd Session,.....	1867
L. L. HOLBROCK.....	4th Session,.....	1868
SAMUEL M. CHAPMAN.....	5th Session,.....	1867
SAMUEL M. CHAPMAN.....	6th Session,.....	1879
SAMUEL M. CHAPMAN.....	7th Session,.....	1870
C. H. WALKER.....	8th Session,.....	1871
D. H. WHEELER.....	9th Session,.....	1873
D. H. WHEELER.....	10th Session,.....	1873
D. H. WHEELER.....	11th Session,.....	1875
D. H. WHEELER.....	12th Session,.....	1876
D. H. WHEELER.....	13th Session,.....	1876
D. H. WHEELER.....	14th Session,.....	1877
SHERWOOD BURR.....	15th Session,.....	1879
SHERWOOD BURR.....	16th Session,.....	1881
SHERWOOD BURR.....	17th Session,.....	1882
GEO. L. BROWN.....	18th Session,.....	1883
SHERWOOD BURR.....	19th Session,.....	1885
WALT M. SEELEY.....	20th Session,.....	1887
WALT M. SEELEY.....	21st Session,.....	1889
C. H. PIRTLE.....	22d Session,.....	1891
H. A. EDWARDS.....	23d Session,.....	1893

CHIEF CLERKS**Of the Territorial House of Representatives.**

JOSEPH W. PADDOCK.....	1st Session,.....	1855
I. L. GIBBS.....	2d Session,.....	1855
J. H. BROWN.....	3d Session,.....	1857
S. M. CURRAN.....	4th Session,.....	1857
E. A. MCNEELEY.....	5th Session,.....	1858
JAMES W. MOORE.....	6th Session,.....	1859
GEORGE L. SEYBOLT.....	7th Session,.....	1859
GEORGE L. SEYBOLD.....	8th Session,.....	1861
RIENZI STREETER.....	9th Session,.....	1864
JOEN TAFFE.....	10th Session,.....	1865
GEORGE MAY.....	11th Session,.....	1866
J. S. BOWEN.....	12th Session,.....	1867

CHIEF CLERKS**Of the House of Representatives of the State of Nebraska.**

J. S. BOWEN.....	1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Sessions.....	1867-68-69
C. H. WALKER.....	6th and 7th Sessions.....	1870
F. M. McDONAH.....	.....	1871
LOUIS E. CROSPSEY.....	.....	1871
I. W. ELLER.....	.....	1873
GEORGE L. BROWN.....	.....	1875
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	.....	1877
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	.....	1879
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	.....	1881
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	.....	1883

JAMES F. ZEIDKER.....	1885
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	1887
B. D. SLAUGHTER.....	1889
ERIC JOHNSON.....	1891
ERIC JOHNSON.....	1893

MARSHALS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Mark W. Izaard.....	Oct. 28, 1854	J. T. Hoile.....	July 1, 1861
Eli R. Doyle.....	April 7, 1855	William Daily.....	1870
Benjamin P. Rankin.....	March 29, 1856	Ellis Bierbower.....	1855
Phineas W. Hitchcock.....	Sept. 19, 1861	Brad D. Slaughter.....	1889
Casper E. Yost.....	April 1, 1869	F. E. White.....	1893

MEMBERS OF NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE, 1855 TO 1893, INCLUSIVE.

Council and Senate.

(Up to and inclusive of the 17th session each member is credited with the session of which he was a member. "T" standing for "Territorial," and "S" for "State" session. Commencing with the 18th session, 1883, each member is credited with the year he served. From and after that year there were no special sessions. Ed.)

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Abbott, Rufus.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Albertson, Isaac.....	T. 10, 11
Allen, Edwin A.....	T. 9, 10, 11
Allen, Samuel S.....	T. 3, 4
Ambrose, Geo. W.....	S. 14
Arnold, E. W.....	S. 15
Ashton, T.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Aten, John.....	S. 14
Babcock, Wm. H.....	1893
Baird, Cyrus N.....	S. 14
Baird, Harlan.....	2, 3, 4
Baker, Sydney.....	S. 16, 17
Ballentine, D. C.....	S. 16, 17
Barker, L. D.....	1883
Barnum, E. W.....	S. 9, 10
Barnum, Guy C.....	S. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 10, 11, 12, 13
Bates, Barnabas.....	T. 12
Barnum, William.....	T. 12
Bayne, Oliver P.....	T. 10, 11
Bear, Alexander.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Beadsley, S. W.....	1889
Beck, William B.....	S. 15, 1891
Belden, David D.....	T. 7, 8
Bennett, Hiram P.....	T. 1
Bennett, John B.....	T. 7, 8, 10, 11
Birkhouser, P. W.....	S. 14, 15
Blanchard, Carrington.....	T. 8, 10, 11
Blanchard, Geo. F.....	S. 14
Bomgardner, D. D.....	1883
Bowen, A.....	S. 9, 10
Bowen, L. L.....	T. 3, 4, 5
Bonesteel.....	1887
Bradford, A. A.....	T. 2, 3, 4
Bradford, Henry.....	T. 1, 2
Brown, Chas. H.....	S. 14, 15, 1883
Brown, David.....	S. 8
Brown, Ezra.....	1883-5
Brown, E. E.....	S. 15, 1883
Brown, J. Marion.....	1891
Brown, O. F.....	1883
Brown, Richard.....	T. 1, 2
Brown, R. G.....	1887
Bryant, A. M.....	S. 14
Buckworth, A. D.....	1885

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Bunnell, A. T.....	S. 15
Burnham, S. W.....	1887
Burns, J. F.....	S. 16, 17
Burns, Martin.....	S. 16, 17
Burr, C. C.....	S. 11, 12, 13 1885
Burton, Geo. W.....	1889
Butler, David.....	T. 9, 1883
Cady, H. F.....	S. 16, 17
Cadman, John.....	S. 1
Calhoun, S. H.....	S. 1
Calkins, Elisha C.....	S. 14
Calkins, D. K.....	1887
Campbell, Jacob N.....	1893
Campbell, J. E.....	1887
Campbell, John C.....	T. 9
Canfield, George.....	1883
Carns, Edmund C.....	S. 14
Case, O. C.....	1883
Casper, C. D.....	1887
Chapin, Wm. F.....	S. 5
Chapman, John W.....	T. 10, 11
Chapman, Sam M.....	S. 11, 12, 13 14
Cheever, John H.....	T. 5, 6
Cherry, A. B.....	1885
Cheney, M. B.....	S. 15
Christofferson, George.....	1891
Clancy, William.....	T. 3, 4
Clark, Chas. H.....	1893
Clarke, Harry F.....	1885
Clarke, Henry T.....	S. 9
Clark, Munson H.....	T. 1
Clarkson, J. T.....	S. 15
Colby, Leonard W.....	S. 14, 1887
Collins, George F.....	1891
Collyer, Thos. T.....	T. 6
Conger, W. H.....	1887
Conklin, A. M.....	S. 8
Conner, A. H.....	1883-89
Coon, C. H.....	S. 16, 17
Cornell, C. B.....	1889
Correll, Erasmus M.....	1893
Coulter, John F.....	S. 15
Coulter, F. B.....	1891

NAMES	SESSIONS	NAMES	SESSIONS
Contant, Charles K.....	S. 15	Grimm, J. H.....	S. 12, 13
Covell, George W.....	S. 14	Gwyer, William A.....	S. 9, 10
Cowles, Charles H.....	T. 1, 2	Hahn, Leopold.....	1893
Crawford, J. C.....	S. 9, 10, 14	Hale, F.....	1893
Crawford, W. G.....	T. 5	Hanna, K.....	S. 1
Cropsey, A. J.....	S. 8	Harrington, D. B.....	S. 16, 17
Cunningham, E. E.....	S. 5, 6, 7, 8	Harris, James E.....	1893
Cuppy, John A.....	S. 15	Hascall, Isaac S.....	S. 2, 3, 4, 8
Daily, William, Sr.....	S. 6, 7	Hastings, W. G.....	1885
Daily, William.....	S. 16, 17	Hathaway, H. D.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Dale, Walter F.....	1893	Harris, C. L.....	1883
Darner, J. H.....	1893	Harrison, T. O. C.....	1883
Davis, Jesse T.....	S. 2, 3, 4	Hawke, Robert.....	S. 8
Dawes, James W.....	S. 14	Hayden, D. T.....	S. 15
Day, C. A.....	1885	Hayes, S. W.....	S. 9, 10, 14
Day, T. J.....	1891	Heartwell, J. B.....	1887
Deck, W. H.....	1883	Heist, Geo. W.....	1883
Dern, John.....	1889	Higgins, J. M.....	1887
Dillon, J. A.....	S. 9, 10	Higgins, P. M.....	1887
Dinsmore, J. B.....	S. 16, 17	Hill, J. F.....	1891
Doane, George W.....	T. 5, 6, 12 S. 16, 17	Hilton, B. F.....	S. 8
Dolan, J. W.....	1883-85	Hinman, Beach I.....	S. 14
Donelan, E. A.....	T. 6	Hoebel, Louis.....	1885
Doom, James E.....	T. 6, 9, 12 S. 2, 3, 4	Holden, Oscar.....	S. 2, 3, 4
Dorsey, B. F.....	S. 15	Holliday, Andrew S.....	T. 10, 11
Dundy, E. S.....	T. 5, 6, 7, 8	Holmes, C. A.....	1887
Dunphy, R. E.....	1883	Holt, John W.....	S. 14
Durland, A. J.....	1885	Hoover, John S.....	1889
Duras, C.....	1887	Horn, Valentine.....	1891
Dye, William.....	1883	Howe, Church.....	S. 14, 15 1887-89
Dysart, William.....	1891-3	Howe, John D.....	S. 16, 17
Eggleston, G. W.....	1891-3	Howell, M.....	1883-5
Einsel, E. D.....	1885	Hoyt, T. C.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Elbert, Samuel H.....	T. 7	Hurd, L. G.....	1889
Erwin, J. R.....	S. 16, 17	Hyers, Robert.....	1885
Evans, Arthur J.....	S. 16, 17	Ijams, Wm. H.....	1889
Evans, John.....	T. 2	Jackson, A. H.....	T. 9
Everett, Fremont.....	1893	Jewett, G. H.....	S. 15
Ferguson, Arthur N.....	S. 14	Jewett, L. H.....	1889
Filley, Elijah.....	1883	Johnson, L. L.....	1893
Filsom, G. M.....	1885	Jones, A. D.....	T. 1, 2
Fisher, J. B.....	S. 11, 12, 13 1883	Keckley, C. R.....	1889
Fisher, T. R.....	T. 9	Keiper, George F.....	1891
Folsom, Benjamin R.....	T. 1, 2	Kent, L. H.....	1889
Freeman, F. R.....	T. 12 S. 2, 3, 4	Kennard, Thomas P.....	S. 14
Frost, G. W.....	S. 5, 6, 7	Kennedy, B. E. B.....	T. 10, 11
Fuller, Frank.....	1887	Kimball, W. F.....	S. 15
Fulton, Samuel A.....	S. 6, 7	Kinkald, M. P.....	1883
Funck, I. W.....	1889	Kirkpatrick, S. M.....	T. 2, 3, 4, 8
Furnas, Robert W.....	T. 3, 4, 5, 6	Knapp, W. M.....	S. 14
Gallagher, C. V.....	S. 15	Koontz, Jasper N.....	1891
Gallogly, Jos. J.....	1889	Krummer, V.....	S. 1
Garfield, Horace.....	S. 14	Lancaster, J. E.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Gere, C. H.....	S. 5, 6, 7, 16, 17	Leach, David.....	S. 1
Gerrard, Leander.....	S. 8	Lewis, T. L.....	1885
Gilham, James S.....	S. 14	Ley, Lewis.....	S. 15
Goehner, J. F.....	1885	Lindsay, J. P.....	1887-9
Goss, John Q.....	T. 7, 8	Lininger, G. W.....	1887
Goodwill, Taylor G.....	T. 1, 2	Linn, J. L.....	1887-9
Goodwill, William F.....	S. 5, 6, 7	Little, Wm. A.....	T. 6, 7, 8, 9
Graham, Alexander.....	1893	Lobeck, C. O.....	1893
Graham, Thomas.....	S. 16, 17	Love, E. M.....	1885
Gray, W. M.....	1893	Lowley, G. W.....	1893
Griffey, Thomas E.....	T. 10, 11	Lyon, Waldo.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Griggs, Nathan K.....	S. 9, 10, 11	Maher, Michael.....	1891
		Majors, Thomas J.....	T. 12, S. 2, 3 4, 5, 1887

NAMES	SESSIONS	NAMES	SESSIONS
Manning, J. R.	1889	Reed, Eugene L.	S. 6, 7
Marquett, T. M.	T. 7, 8, 9	Reeves, Mills S.	T. 3, 4, 5 6, 12
Marshall, William	S. 15		S. 2, 3, 4
Mason, O. P.	T. 9, 10, 11	Reynolds, S. S.	1883
Mattes, John, Jr.	1891-3	Rich, H. M.	1883
McAllister, W. A.	1885	Rich, S. M.	S. 1
McCarty, T. F.	1893	Richardson, O. D.	T. 1, 2
McCasland, J. N.	T. 10, 11	Robinson, J. C.	1889
McCormick, John	T. 9	Roche, J.	1889
McDonald, B. F.	1893	Rogers, E. H.	S. 2, 3, 4
McDonald, Charles	T. 3, 4	Rogers, Josiah	1883
McMeans, J. S.	S. 15	Rogers, Samuel E.	T. 1, 2, 3, 4
McNamer, C. W.	1887	Robbins, A. M.	1887
McPherson, John	T. 8	Rustin, C. B.	S. 11, 12, 13
McShane, John A.	1883-5	Safford, Jacob	T. 3, 4
Megeath, James G.	S. 1	Salesbury, A. F.	T. 3, 4
Meiklejohn, G. D.	1885	Sanders, W. A.	1891-3
Metz, Frederick	S. 8	Sang, Charles	1883
Metz, Fred	1885	Sap, W. F.	T. 8
Michener, N. S.	1891	Schminke, Paul	1887
Miller, George L.	T. 3, 4, 5, 6	Schonenheit, Aug.	1883
Miller, James P.	1893	Schram, Sidney	1891
Miller, J. G.	T. 10, 11	Scott, A. R.	1893
Mills, M. A.	1885	Scott, George E.	T. 5, 6
Mitchell, James C.	T. 1, 2	Scott, W. D.	S. 9, 10
Moore, William E.	T. 5	Scoville, D. A.	S. 15,
Moore, R. E.	1887-91-3	Seaman, John D.	
Morse, W. R.	S. 16, 17	Shanner, L. T.	1889
Mulleu, J. P.	1893	Sharp, Joseph L.	T. 1, 2
Myers, John C.	S. 16, 17	Shea, John C.	1891
Neligh, John D.	T. 12	Sheldon, Lawson	T. 12,
Nesbit, J. T.	1889		2, 3, 4, 8
Norris, C. H.	1885	Shervin, John	1885-87
Norris, W. F.	S. 18, 1883	Shook, George R.	S. 9, 10
North, J. E.	S. 14, 1893	Shumway, H. P.	1891
Norval, T. L.	S. 15	Skinner, J. B.	1885
Norval, R. S.	1889	Smith, Alva	1885
Nuckolls, Lafayette	T. 1	Smith, B. K.	S. 16, 17
Osborn, L. W.	S. 9, 10	Smith, G. N.	1891-3
Otterstein, Ludwig	S. 15	Smith, H. L.	1885
Packwood, Samuel	1893	Snell, W. H.	1885
Patrick, J. N. H.	S. 2, 3, 4	Snell, D. H.	1887
Patterson, J. M.	1883	Sowers, A. H.	1883-85
Paul, J. N.	1885	Spann, J. S.	S. 11, 12, 13
Paulsen, J. T.	1889	Spencer, John T.	1885
Paxton, William	1889	Sprick, Henry	1887
Pepoon, T. W.	S. 14	Starbuck, Jesse	1891
Perkins, J. W.	S. 16, 17	Sterling, J. H.	1887
Perkey, H. D.	S. 11, 12, 13	Stevens, J. K.	1891
Pickett, T. J., Jr.	1889	Stephenson, Oliver	S. 1
Pierce, C. W.	S. 16, 17	Stewart, A. S.	T. 12, S. 1
Polk, M. D.	1889	Stewart, H. G.	1893
Pope, John D.	1889	Strickland, Silas A.	T. 7
Porter, John R.	S. 5, 6, 9, 10 11	Stevenson, Thomas B.	S. 5, 6, 7
Porter, Nathan S.	S. 1, 5, 6, 7	Stone, George A.	S. 15
Pottinger, William	S. 8	Sullenberger, O. P.	S. 15
Pound, S. B.	S. 9, 10	Sutherland, J. R.	1889
Powers, Isaac, Jr.	S. 14, 15, 16	Switzler, Warren	1891
Poynter, W. A.	1891	Taffe, John	T. 7, 8
Presson, William A.	T. 12	Taggart, F. D.	1889
	S. 2, 3, 4	Taylor, E. B.	S. 5, 6, 7
Puett, A. W.	T. 3, 4	Taylor, S. B.	S. 16, 17
Putnam, F. C.	1885	Taylor, William H.	T. 5, 6, 7, 8
Randall, H. L.	1891	Taylor, W. M.	1891
Ransom, F. F.	1889	Tefft, Orlando	S. 15, 16, 17, 1893
Raymond, I. M.	1889	Tennant, A. W.	S. 8
Reavis, Isham	S. 5	Thatch, S. H.	1883

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Thayer, John M.....	T. 7
Thomas, E. W.....	S. 8
Thomas, S. L.....	1891
Thomsen, John.....	1893
Thummel, George H.....	S. 14
Tipton T. W.....	T. 7
Tisdale, D. A.....	S. 1
Tzschuck, Bruno.....	1887
Tucker, Geo. P.....	S. 8
Turk, W. W.....	S. 16, 17
Turner, M. K.....	S. 16, 17
Turner, Edward.....	1891
Unthank, John A.....	T. 7, 8
Vandemark, J. K.....	1887
Van Housen, J. C.....	1891
Van Wyek, Chas. H.....	S. 14, 15, 16
	17
Walker, P. H.....	1883
Walton, W. C.....	S. 14

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Wardell, W. W.....	T. 12
	S. 2, 3, 4
Warner, C. A.....	1891
Welch, Frank.....	T. 9 S. 1
Wells, H. M.....	S. 16, 17
Wetherald, F. W.....	1889
Wigton, A. L.....	S. 15
Wilber, M. C.....	S. 1
Wileox, M. W.....	S. 14
Williams, C. W.....	1891
Wilson, O.....	S. 9, 10
Wilson W. W.....	1891
Wherry, Robert A.....	S. 16, 17
White C. C.....	S. 16, 17,
Wolbach, J. N.....	1887-89
Woods, L. H.....	1891
Wright, C. J.....	1887
Young, Lewis W.....	1893
Zehrunge, Henry.....	S. 16, 17

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Abbe, Joshua G.....	T. 4
Abbott, L. J.....	T. 12
Abbott, N. C.....	S. 16, 17
Abel, Anton.....	1883
Abrahamson, Otto.....	1887-89
Acton, A. M.....	T. 7
Adams, John M.....	1885
Adams, Thuman H.....	T. 6
Agee, Alfred W.....	1887
Ahmanson, John.....	S. 8
Aikin, Relzy M.....	1885-7
Albert, Henry.....	1891
Alden, J. M.....	1891
Allen, Cyrus.....	S. 14
Allen, E. A.....	T. 8
Alexander, Thos. J.....	1887
Allgewahr, L.....	T. 8, 9
Ames, George W.....	1893
Ames, W. R.....	1891
Anderson, D. M.....	T. 12
	S. 1, 2, 3, 4
Anderson, Nils.....	S. 17
Andrews, Henry C.....	1887
Andres, Phillip.....	1887
Anyan, William.....	S. 14
Armitage, H. G.....	1883
Armstrong Geo.....	T. 3, 4
Arnold, Anselm.....	T. 1
Arnold A, J.....	S. 9, 10
Arnold, Edward W.....	S. 1
Arnold Edward.....	1891
Arnold, Joseph.....	T. 11
Ashburn, D. P.....	S. 9, 10
Ashby, Thomas F.....	1883
Austin Benjamin.....	T. 11
Ayer, Simon C.....	S. 16, 17
Babcock, A. H.....	S. 9, 10
Babcock, C. F.....	1883
Babcock, N. S.....	S. 16, 17
Babcock, Oscar.....	S. 15
Babcock, Walter E.....	1887
Bain, Alexander.....	T. 6
Bailey, J. B.....	S. 16, 17
Bailey, Stephen M.....	1885
Bailey, Orestus G.....	
Baird, Harlan.....	1887

NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Baker, Alexander H.....	S. 11, 12, 13
	14
Baker, John B.....	T. 6, 7
Baker, Sidney.....	S. 15
Baker, William.....	T. 12
	S. 2, 3, 4
Baker, B. S.....	1889
Baldwin, A. S.....	S. 16, 17
Ballard, Jno. R.....	1887-89
Baltzley, O. W.....	S. 3, 4, 9, 10
Barker, A. H.....	S. 1
Barker, S.....	S. 14
Barnard, E. H.....	T. 8 S. 5
Barnard, Richard.....	T. 6
Barnard, Samuel.....	S. 15
Barnes, J. B.....	S. 9, 10
Barnes, John W.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Barney, Reuben E.....	1885
Barnum, Guy C.....	T. 10, 11
	S. 14
Barnum, E. W.....	T. 7, 8
Barrett, James.....	T. 7
Barrett, Jacob H.....	1887
Barrows, B. H.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Barry, Patrick H.....	1893
Bartholemew, H. C.....	1891
Bartlett, E. M.....	S. 16, 17
Bartlett, W. R.....	S. 9, 10
Barton, Lewis.....	1893
Bassett, Samuel C.....	1885
Bates, Barnabas.....	T. 6, 8
Batty, R. A.....	S. 15
Baumer, John.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Beal, Charles W.....	1893
Beall, Enos.....	T. 8 S. 8
Beall, Seth W.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Beardsley, J. M.....	S. 1
Beane, George.....	T. 14
Bear, Alexander.....	S. 14
Beck, William B.....	T. 2, 4
Becker, John P.....	T. 9
Beckman, Henry.....	1889
Beebe, Henry.....	S. 3, 4
Belden, David D.....	T. 6
Belden, N. S.....	S. 14
Bell, T. R.....	S. 1

NAMES	SESSIONS
Benedict, Albert J.....	T. 4
Bennet, Gideon.....	T. 1
Bennet, H. P.....	T. 5
Bennett, J. B.....	S. 3, 4
Bennett, Lewis M.....	S. 15
Benter, John.....	T. 10
Bentley, Wm. G.....	1887
Berkley, H.....	1883
Berlin, R. H.....	1889
Berry, E. M.....	1889
Bertrand, George E.....	1891
Bick, H.....	S. 16, 17 1887
Bickley, Wm. M.....	1885
Bierbower, V.....	1883
Biggs, John.....	T. 10
Birchfield, W. P.....	T. 8
Bisbee, N. B.....	1889
Blaco, Richard.....	1885
Blackmore, Thomas.....	S. 14
Blaine, Wm. H.....	1885
Blakely, Nathan.....	T. 8
	S. 1, 5
Blanchard, C.....	T. 9
Blodgett, Charles.....	S. 9, 10
Bobbit, D. N.....	S. 14
Boggs, L. B.....	S. 14
Bohacek, Wm.....	1889
Bolin, Henry.....	S. 16, 17 1887
Booth, James.....	1885
Bortis, C. W.....	S. 12 1889
Bowen, John S.....	T. 6, 8
Bowen, Leavitt H.....	T. 2
Bowman, Geo. G.....	1887
Boulware, John.....	T. 2
Boyd, James E.....	S. 1
Bradley, A. H.....	S. 15
Bramble, D. T.....	T. 5
Brandt, William, Jr.....	1885
Brancht, H. G.....	1889
Bredeson, Ole.....	1891
Breen, Joseph J.....	1891
Bremen, M. W.....	T. 9
Brennan, J. C.....	1891
Brewer, Wells.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Brewster, Sardius C.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Briggs, A. C.....	S. 8
Briggs, Clinton.....	T. 5
Brink, A. P.....	1889
Britton, James.....	1883
Broadhead, Wm. H.....	T. 6
Broatch, W. J.....	S. 16, 17
Brockman, John M.....	1893
Brown, Charles H.....	T. 10, 11
Brown, D.....	1883
Brown, Daniel J.....	1893
Brown, Geo. W.....	S. 16, 17
Brown, J. L.....	S. 9, 10, 11
	12, 13
Brown Wm. W.....	1887
Brownlee, R D.....	S. 15
Bruce, G. L.....	S. 15
Brunner, Thomas C.....	S. 1885
Bruno, Henry O.....	S. 14
Brush, Marcus.....	T. 11
	S. 5, 6, 7
Buchanan, W.....	T. 8
Buck, John F.....	T. 2
Buffington, Joseph R.....	1885
Burbank, J. Edward.....	T. 6

NAMES	SESSIONS
Burkley, V.....	S. 1
Burling, T. R.....	S. 15
Burnham, Sumner W.....	1885
Burnham, A. J.....	1889
Burns, Joseph.....	1893
Burns, Wm. H.....	S. 15
Burtch, George L.....	S. 9, 10
Burtch, S. F.....	S. 14
Bush, A. A.....	S. 14
Bush, G. H.....	S. 15
Butler, David.....	T. 8
Butler, John R.....	T. 11, 12
	S. 2, 3, 4
Byers, Wm. M.....	T. 1
Cadman, John.....	T. 10, 11
	S. 2, 4, 14
Cady, A. E.....	1889
Cain, J. B.....	1893
Caldwell, J. L.....	1889
Cameron, M.....	1889
Campbell, M. S.....	S. 8
Canot, J. T.....	S. 8
Canon Samuel S.....	1887
Cantlon, J. R.....	S. 16, 17
Capek, Thomas.....	1891
Carder, W. W.....	S. 15
Cardwell, James A.....	T. 3
Carman, A. A.....	S. 16, 17
Carnaby, William.....	1893
Carpenter, G. J.....	1893
Carpenter, Robert.....	1891
Carter, Samuel.....	S. 6, 7
Case, J. H.....	S. 16, 17
Casper, Charles E.....	1885
Casper, C. D.....	1893
Cassell, John.....	T. 5
Castle, G. H.....	1883
Cavins, Adin G.....	T. 7
Chaddock, Luther.....	S. 17
Chalfant, James.....	T. 8
Chambers, B. F.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Chambers, Samuel A. T.....	S. 2, 3, 4
Champlin, L. C.....	S. 14
Chapin, C. C.....	1883
Chapin, William F.....	T. 8, 11, 12
	S. 1, 2, 3, 4
Chapman J. W.....	T. 9
Chapman, T. P.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Charlston, C. O.....	1883
Chase, Amos S.....	T. 7
Chase, John N.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Chase, J. O.....	S. 14
Childs, E. P.....	T. 12
Christopherson, J.....	1883
Christy, Hal.....	1889
Christy, S. W.....	1889
Church, Jarvis S.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Clancy, William.....	T. 1, 2
Clapp, Hammond.....	1891
Clark, A. F.....	1883
Clark, Elam.....	S. 8
Clarke, E. L.....	T. 11, 12
	S. 2, 3, 4
Clark, H. G.....	1883
Clark, James.....	S. 8
Clark, Lorán.....	S. 11, 12 13
	14
Clark, M. F.....	T. 5
Clark, Merrills H.....	T. 7, 8

NAMES.	SESSIONS.	NAMES.	SESSIONS.
Clark, T. S.....	S, 15	Dailey, R. B.....	S. 16, 17
Clarke, Henry T.....	T, 8	Daily, S. G.....	T. 5
Clays, George.....	T, 4, 5	Daily, William.....	T. 12 S 2,3,4,8
Celburne, Wm.....	T, 7	Daly, R. N.....	S. 15
Chilcott, George M.....	T, 3	Dash, Joseph.....	T. 9
Closser, J.....	T, 8	Davenport, H. H.....	1883
Cody, Milo K.....	T, 10	Davies, John A.....	1893
Cole, Albert V.....	1885-87	Davis, Alexander.....	T. 2
Cole, Broad.....	T, 3	Davis, C. D.....	T. 5
Cole, Charles.....	S, 16, 17	Davis, F. E.....	S. 15
Cole, D.....	T, 12	Davis, James H.....	S. 15
	S, 2, 3, 4.	Davis, Oscar F.....	T. 8
Cole, J. M.....	1883	Davis, Thomas.....	T. 1
Coleman, Thomas.....	T, 7	Davis, Wm. R.....	T. 5, 6, 7
Coleman, A.....	1889	Davidson, Fleming.....	T. 1
Coleman, J. M.....	1889	Davidson, James.....	T. 4, 7
Colpetzer, Frank.....	1883		S. 11, 12, 13
Collier, David L.....	S. 5 6	Dawson, John.....	1883
Collins, Geo. W.....	S. 8	Dean, A. C.....	T. 5
Collins, J. S.....	1883	Dech, William H.....	S. 9, 10
Collins, Thomas J.....	S. 2, 3, 4	Decker, F.....	1891
Collins W.....	1889	Decker, James H.....	T. 1, 2, 4
Colton, Geo. R.....	1893	Delaney, M. C.....	1889
Conger, J W.....	S. 8	Dempster, P. J.....	S. 15 1885
Conger, Wm. H.....	1885	Dempster, Jno. A.....	1887-89
Conner, W.....	T. 3	Denman, Z. H.....	1883
Conoyer, Charles M.....	T. 10	Denman, H. C.....	1889
Cook, J. M.....	T. 16, 17 1883	Denton, W. A.....	S. 1
Cook, W. L.....	1883	DePuy, Henry W.....	T. 5, 7
Cooley, Alfred S.....	1893	Dew, J. S.....	S. 16, 17 1893
Cope, James A.....	1885-87	Deweese, J. M.....	T. 12
Cooper, Paris G.....	T. 4, 5		S. 1, 2, 3, 4
Corbin, O. A.....	1889	Dickerson, Albert.....	1891-93
Cornelius, George.....	1885	Dickinson, John W.....	1887-89
Cornish, A. J.....	1891-93	Diller, William H.....	1887-89
Corr, Thomas.....	1885	Dillon, W. E.....	S. 8
Correll, Erasmus M.....	S. 16-17	Dimmick, J. M.....	1893
Cottrell, M. S.....	T. 7	Dobson, Richard.....	1891-93
Cowles, H. C.....	T. 8	Dodd, J. F.....	1883
Cowles, Charles H.....	T. 7	Dodge, G. M.....	S. 15
Cowles, James H.....	T. 1	Dodge, Hugh L.....	S. 9, 10
Cox, Joshua.....	1883-85	Donelan, E. A.....	T. 4
Craig, William S.....	1887	Doolittle, W. H.....	S. 14
Crane, Morgan.....	1887	Doom, James E.....	S. 8
Crane, Thomas D.....	1893	Doom, R. G.....	T. 5
Cramer, J. E.....	S. 9, 10	Dorsey, Charles G.....	T. 9
Cranch, J. O.....	1891	Dorsey, J. E.....	T. 12
Crawford, Geo. N.....	T. 12	Downs, H. P.....	T. 3, 7
	S. 2, 3, 4	Dowty, J. R.....	S. 16, 17
Crawford, James.....	1885	Doyle, Eli R.....	T. 1
Crawford, J. C.....	S. 11, 12, 13	Draper' D. S.....	1883
Crawford, Wm. G.....		Draper, H. T.....	S. 15
Creighton, Jas.....	S. 14	Draper, Solomon.....	1883
Critchfield, A. J.....	T. 12 S. 1	Drexel, Frederick.....	T. 11
Cromwell, A. F.....	T. 3, 4	Duby, Charles.....	S. 9
Crook, Wm. H.....	1885	Dudley, Erwin G.....	S. 9, 10
Cross, George.....	1893	Duerfeldt, Custavus.....	T. 12
Crothers, John.....	T. 8		S. 2, 3, 4
Crouch, Mason.....	T. 10	Duggan, Daniel.....	T. 12
Crowe, George.....	T. 6, 8, 10, 12	Dunn, Francis.....	1891
	S. 2' 3, 4, 5	Dunn, W. J.....	1889
Croxton, H.....	T. 8	Dunham, Martin.....	S. 2, 3, 4, 9, 10
Cruzen, A. R.....	1889	Dunning, Oliver W.....	T. 10
Cunningham, Benj.....	S. 1	Dyson, J.....	T. 3
Curran, S. M.....	T. 12	Eberman, Joseph H.....	1885
Curtis, Chas. W.....	1891	Edwards, Jonathan.....	S. 6
Curtis, William.....	S. 15	Eggleston, Geo. W.....	1887
Cushing, R. C.....	1889	Eickhoff, Arnold.....	1893
		Eickenbury, S.....	T. 8

NAMES	SESSIONS
Eisley, Charles.....	T. 11
Eiseley C. F.....	S. 14, 15, 1887
Elder, S. M.....	1891-93
Elliott, Allen.....	1889
Ellis, Enos E.....	1893
Elliott, J. B.....	S. 14
Ellis, J. E.....	T. 3
Ellis, Chas. C.....	1887
Eli, W. H.....	T. 10
Emerson, Charles D.....	1885
Emery, E. L.....	T. 10
Englehardt, F. W.....	S. 15
Enyart, Logan.....	S. 9, 10, 11, 12 13
Evans, C. B.....	S. 5
Evans, J.....	T. 9
Everett, Benalah W.....	1885
Everett, Fremont.....	1889
Ewan, J. G.....	S. 14
Ewing, J. S.....	T. 8
Ewing, James.....	1887
Fablinger, George.....	1883
Fairbrother, George W T.....	9 S 1
Farley, H. W.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Farley, J. J.....	1889
Farnsworth, J. B.....	1893
Farrell, John.....	1893
Faxon, J. W.....	1891
Fee J. R.....	1891
Feeno, S. B.....	1889
Feichtinger, Chas.....	1891
Felker, W. S.....	1891
Felton, G. A.....	1891-93
Fenton, Wm.....	1887-89
Fenton, Jerry.....	S. 15
Ferguson, George.....	S. 15
Field, Allen W.....	1883-85
Fieldgrove, Henry.....	1889
Filley, Elijah.....	S. 16, 17
Finney, John.....	T. 3
Finney, Wm. A.....	T. 1, 2, 3
Fisher, Henry.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Fisher, H. A.....	S. 15
Fisher, J. O.....	T. 9
Fisher, Thos. R.....	T. 7
Fitchie, James.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Fitzpatrick, W. W.....	S. 14
Flamme, William.....	1891
Fleming, William C.....	T. 5
Folda, Frank.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Ford, Pat H.....	1891
Ford, Philo.....	1893
Fowler, E. W.....	T. 7
Fox, Joseph.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Fox, Geo. W.....	1887
Frady, C. H.....	S. 14
Fransé, T. M.....	S. 16, 17, 1885
Frantz, M. F.....	1887
Frazier Kelly.....	S. 1
Frederick, J. F.....	S. 15, 16, 17
Freeburn, William.....	1883
French, H. A.....	S. 15
Frerichs, John.....	S. 14
Fried, William.....	S. 16, 17
Frost, G. W.....	T. 12 S. 2, 3, 4
Frost, Wm. S.....	1891
Fuchs, John W.....	1887
Fuller, A. B.....	T. 12

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Fuller, Jno. N.....	S. 2, 3, 4 1887
Fuller, F. W.....	1889
Fulton, Samuel.....	1891-93
Furay, John B.....	S. 5
Gaffin, J. N.....	1891-93
Gafford, Chas. C.....	1887
Gale, A. H.....	1891
Galey, S. B.....	S. 8
Gamble, Jas. B.....	S. 10
Gant, Daniel.....	T. 9
Garber, Silas.....	S. 9, 10
Gardner, Johnathan F S.....	5, 6, 7
Gardner, W. A.....	1889-91
Garvey, Patrick.....	1887
Gasmann, F. W.....	S. 15
Gates, Amos.....	T. 4, 7, 9, 10 S. 15, 16, 17 1889
Gaylord, E. S.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Gaylord, R. E.....	S. 15
Gere, C. H.....	S. 1
Gerdis, W.....	S. 15
Gerdes, H.....	1891-93
Gibbs, I. L.....	T. 3
Gibson, J. S.....	S. 14, 15
Gibson, Thomas.....	T. 2
Gifford, Wm.....	1891-93
Gilbert, J. W.....	S. 15
Gilbert, A. E.....	1889
Gilehrst, L. W.....	1889
Gill, David.....	1885
Gillillan, John J.....	1891
Gillman, J. D.....	S. 14
Gillmore, James A.....	T. 11
Gilmore, Jos. C.....	1887
Gilmour, William.....	T. 7
Glasgow, William G.....	S. 1
Glenn, Robert A.....	1885
Goddard Samuel.....	1891
Goldsmith, Bennett.....	1893
Goodin, Isaac.....	S. 8
Goodman, Chas. F.....	S. 9, 10
Gordon, H.....	1883
Goshen, Chas. A.....	T. 6
Goss, Chas. T.....	1893
Goss, T. S.....	1893
Gow, James.....	1883
Goyer, Alfred D.....	T. 1
Graham, Robert B.....	S. 16
Grammer, Chas.....	1893
Graver, Wm.....	1883
Graves, John.....	S. 1
Graves, J. G.....	S. 2, 3, 4
Graves, J. R.....	T. 12
Gray, A. W.....	T. 12 S. 1
Gray, F. W.....	1883
Gray, W. B.....	S. 16
Graybill, R. W.....	S. 15
Grebe, Henry.....	T. 7, 9
Green, John.....	T. 11
Green, Samuel L.....	1887
Green, O. E.....	1889
Gregory, John S. Jr.....	T. 9
Griffin, Joel.....	T. 7, 8, S. 2.3 4, 5, 6, 7
Griffing, Geo. L.....	T. 9
Griffith, W. C.....	S. 14
Griffith, Peter.....	1893

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Grimes, H. M.	S. 18	Herman, S. J.	S. 16, 17
Grinnell, Edwin L.	S. 8	Hicklin, Wm. M.	T. 12 S. 3, 4
Grinstead, R. E.	1883	Hickman Wm.	S. 15
Grout, A. P.	1883	Hinds, L. B.	1893
Gumær, Alfred W.	1885	Higgins, James M.	1885
Gunnett, I. M.	1891	Higgins, W. P.	1893
Gwyer, Wm. A.	T. 5	Hinsdale, Geo. A.	T. 6
Hacker, Jonas.	T. 7	Hitcheock, H. M.	T. 10
Hagamon, Robert M.	T. 8	Hill J. S.	1889
Hagood, John McF.	T. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 7	Hill, W. C.	1889
Hahn, Leopold.	S. 2 1889	Hinkle, H. S.	1891
Hail, William B.	T. 1, 2, 3, 4	Hoback, R. D.	T. 9
Haldeman, W. J.	S. 14	Hobbs, D.	T. 9
Hall, Edward J.	1891	Hocknell, George.	1885
Hall, G. A.	T. 10	Hoebel, Louis.	1883
Hall, George A.	S. 4	Hoile, Joseph T.	T. 12 S. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Hall, James.	S. 16, 17, 1883	Holeomb, H.	S. 9, 10
Hall, Patrick J.	1885	Holladay, A. S.	T. 8
Hall, Thomas F.	S. 8	Holladay, C. T.	T. 3, 4
Hall, Wm. B.	T. 5	Hollman, Jos.	S. 16, 17, 1883
Hall, C. L.	1889	Holmes, Chas. A.	S. 11, 12, 13
Haller, William D.	1893	Holmes, Edward P.	1885
Hamilton, W. R.	S. 1	Holsworth, William.	1885
Hampton, I. B.	1889	Holt, Frank H.	1885
Hanna, J. R.	1889	Homer J. C.	1883
Hanson, Andrew J.	T. 1, 3 6	Hooper, Edward.	1889
Hanson, Robert.	S. 15	Hoover, Jerome.	T. 2
Hanson, Jas.	1889	Hoover, J. T. A.	T. 10
Hardenberg, E. H.	T. 12 S 2	Horst George.	1887-93
Harding, W. A.	1889	Horne, O.	1889
Hare, Thomas R.	T. 2	Hostetter, Chris.	S. 16, 17
Harlan, Nathan V.	1885-87	Howard, Ezra E.	1883
Harmon, Frank P.	1893	Howard, L. M.	S. 9, 10
Harrington, W.	1883	Howe, Church.	S. 11, 12, 13- 16, 18, 1891-93
Harsh, Levi.	T. 2	Hudson H. J.	S. 8
Harrison, Chas. J.	1887	Hullihen, T. G.	S. 14
Harrison, Peter.	S. 14	Huff, Edward T.	1885
Harvey, A. E.	S. 14	Humphrey, Geo. M.	1883
Harvey, Augustus F.	T. 12 S. 2, 3, 4	Hunggate, J. H.	1889
Hastings, Alfred G.	S. 11, 12, 13	Hunt, Jacob S.	S. 5, 6, 7
Hastings George H.	S. 11, 12, 13	Hunter, J. M.	1889
Hatch, W. D.	1883	Huse, Jessie B.	1891
Hathaway, H. D.	S. 1	Hyde, Judson R.	T. 7
Haben, H. H.	1883	Inlay, Wm.	T. 10
Hayden, Ben. H.	1887	Irwin, Wm. J.	1885-93
Hayden C. M.	S. 11, 12, 13	Jackson, A. H.	S. 16, 17
Hays, C. W.	S. 17	Jackson, S. K.	S. 16, 17
Haywood C. F.	T. 1, 2, 3, 4	James, P. H.	1893
Hazen, Solon M.	1885	Jeary, Edwin.	1887
Heacock, P. S.	S. 16, 17	Jenkins, D. C.	S. 8
Healey, Thomas A.	S. 14	Jenkins, E. M.	1893
Heath, E. L.	1891	Jenkins J. D.	S. 15
Heath H. H.	T. 11	Jensen, John.	1893
Heaton, Isaac E.	T. 9	Jensen, Thomas.	S. 16, 17, 1883
Hedde, Frederick.	T. 7	Jindra, Joseph.	1885
Hedges, Rochester.	T. 10	Johnson, Benj.	S. 16, 17
Heimrod, Geo.	1887	Johnson, C. S.	1883
Heinrich, John.	1885	Johnson, Eric.	1889
Hefferman, John.	T. 10	Johnson, E. H.	T. 10
Hefferman, S. C.	S. 14	Johnson, F. M.	S. 14
Helmer, Louis.	S. 11, 12, 13	Johnson J. V.	1891
Helms, John H.	S. 16, 17,	Johnson, H.	T. 3
Hendershot F. J.	S. 11, 12 13	Johnson, Harrison.	T. 6
Hennick, C. W.	1891	Johnson, T. B.	S. 14
Henry, David P.	1887	Johnson Nathan.	1893
Henry, H. R.	1891-93	Johnson, J. L.	1893
Herman, L. J.	1891	Johnston, B. J.	1893

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Johnston, David M.	T. 1	Lee, Cyrus H.	1885
Johnston, James C.	1885	Lee, George F.	T. 5
Johnston, N.	1885	Lee, John M.	1883-85-
Johnston, Simon.	1891		1889
Jones, A. D.	T. 8	Lefler, North P.	T. 11
Jones, C. R.	S. 16, 17	Lehman, Geo. S.	S. 16, 17
Jones, Edward C.	T. 4	Leidigh, G. W.	1893
Jones, J. O.	1883	Leighton, A. C.	T. 10
Jones, Lewis E.	T. 11	Ley, Henry.	1889
Jones, Oliver, C.	S. 5, 6, 7	Liebbart, George.	1885
Jones, S. F.	1891	Liesveld, Herman J.	S. 1885-87
Jordan, E.	S. 14	Lincoln, J. C.	T. 9
Jury, J. A.	S. 14	Lingenfelter, Geo. C.	1893
Kaley, C. H.	S. 17	Link, H.	T. 12
Kaley, H. S.	S. 16	Link, J. L.	S. 16, 17
Kaley, Jacob.	1885	Lisk, Jacob.	S. 15
Karbach, C. J.	S. 15	Lockner, Augustus.	1893
Kaup, William.	1893	Lockwood, Wm. F.	T. 7
Keckley, Chas. R.	1893	Lomax, Howard.	1891
Keckley W. H.	S. 15	Long, John E.	S. 15
Keeling, W. W.	T. 6	Lord, Geo. W.	1887
Kehoe, John A.	1885	Love, Lee.	S. 14
Keiper, Geo. F.	1887-89	Loveland, D. S.	S. 15
Kelley, John E.	T. 12	Loveland, Edwin.	S. 5, 6, 7
	S. 2, 3, 4	Lowe, Samuel A.	T. 7
Kempton, William.	T. 1	Lucus, R. S.	S. 11, 12, 13
Kempton' W. H.	S. 16, 17	Luce, Clarence A.	1885
Kenney, And. J.	1887	Luikart, G. A.	1893
Kennedy, B. E. B.	T. 9, S. 15	Luthy, J. U.	1883
Kennedy, Geo. F.	T. 6	Lynch, J. O.	1893
Kennedy, R. A.	S. 15	Mack, Tobias.	S. 15
Kessler, John F.	1893	Maddock, Wilson M.	T. 1
Keyes, Clarence E.	1893	Majors, S. P.	S. 8
Kilmer, George M.	1885	Majors, T. J.	1889
Kimball, R.	T. 3	Mattes John Jr.	1889
King, Edwin L.	1885	Malcomb, A. B.	T. 6
King Horace G.	1887	Marble, Wm. H.	1885
King, H. P.	S. 16	Marshall, Thomas H.	1887
King Wingate.	T. 4	Marquett, T. M.	T. 4, 5, 6
Kipp, Frank.	S. 8	Martin, Lee.	1883-85
Kirk, A. D.	T. 2	Mason, O. P.	T. 5
Kirkpatrick, S. M.	T. 10	Masters, J. H.	S. 9, 10
Kline, L. M.	T. 5	Matheson, J. G.	1891
Kloepfel, John.	S. 15, 16, 17	Mathewson, Chas. P.	S. 15
Kloke, Robert F.	1893	Mathias, Alfred.	T. 7
Knox David.	1887	Mathieson, John.	1887
Krick, Edward.	1891-93	Maxon, John H.	T. 11
Kruse, James G.	1891-93	Maxwell, Samuel.	T. 6, 10, 11
Kuony, John B.	1883-85		S. 1
Kyner, James H.	S. 16, 17, 1893	May Milton.	S. 9, 10
Laffin, L. H.	S. 9, 10	Merrick, H. J.	1893
Laird G. C.	1883	Modie, A. C.	1891
Laird William.	T. 2	Moon J. M.	1891
Lake, Geo. B.	T. 6, 9, 11	McAllister, W. A.	1883
Lamb, C. L.	S. 16, 17	McArdie, P.	S. 15 1885
Lambert, Wm. B.	S. 14	McBride, J. C.	1889
Lamp, H. A.	1891	McCaig, David.	S. 5, 6, 7
Langdon, Martin.	T. 10	McCandish, W. N.	T. 10
Larimer Wm. Jr.	T. 2	McCartney, A. F.	T. 9
Larsh, N. B.	T. 8		S. 5, 6, 7
Larson, L. P.	1889	McCashland, J. N.	T. 6
Lash, Emmor.	S. S 15 1889	McConn, Wm. H.	1887
Latham, John M.	T. 1	McConaughy, Geo. M.	1887
Latta Jas. P.	1887	McCull, J. H.	S. 14
Latta, Wm. S.	T. 6	McClun, N. T.	S. 16, 17
Laughlin, J. C.	S. 16, 17	McClure, H. W.	S. 16, 17
Lawrence, J. C.	T. 3	McCrary, James.	S. 14
Leaming, S. T.	T. 8	McCutchen, W. A.	1891-93
Leary, C. A.	S. 6, 7	McDonald, Charles.	T. 2

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McDonald, David.....	S. 1	Neville, William.....	S. 14
McDowell, J. B.....	S. 9, 10, 11 12, 13	Neville, William.....	1883
McDougall, M.....	S. 16, 17	Newberry, Fred.....	1891-93
McGavock, A.....	1883	Newman, Henry A...T.	9
McGrew, Samuel W.....	1887	Newcomer, Dalis P....	1885-87
McKenna, Augustine P.	S. 1887	Newton Wm.....	1887
McKee, Geo. M.....	S. 14	Nichols, John R.....	1885-87
McKesson, J. C. F.....	1891-93	Nichols David.....	1891
McKillip, D. C.....	S. 11, 12, 13	Nieodemus, H. B.....	S. 14
McKinnon, Jos.....	S. 5, 6, 7	Nims, Ruel.....	S. 8
McKinnon, J. H.....	S. 16, 17	Noel Jesse.....	T. 5, 6
McLaughlin, Daniel T.	8	Norris, Chauncey H... .	1887
McLennan, Wm.....	T. 9	North, Frank.....	1883
	S. 5, 6, 7	Northrup, C. Max.....	S. 13
McMillan, John.....	1889	Norwood Chas. C.....	T. 5
McNickle, A. B.....	1889	Nuckolls, Houston.....	T. 6
McReynolds, Logan.....	1891	Nuckolls, Stephen F...T.	6
McShane, John A.....	S. 16, 17	Oakley, R. H.....	1891-93
McVey, E. A.....	1893	O'Connor, Cornelius...T.	8, 11
McVicker, W. J.....	S. 14	O'Hanlon, Phillip.....	S. 1
Mead Giles.....	T. 7 S. 15	Olinger, W. G.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Meeker C. W.....	1889	Olmstead, Fred H.....	1885
Megcath, James G...T.	11	Olmstead, F. D.....	1889
Mengell, E. M.....	S. 14	Olson, P. B.....	1891-93
Mercer, J. J.....	S. 14	Osgood, Chas. E.....	1885
Metz, Chas. L.....	S. 9, 10	O'Sullivan, P. F.....	1889
Meyers, J. H.....	S. 14	Overton, John.....	S. 8
Mickey, John H.....	S. 16, 17	Overton, N.....	S. 16, 17 1887
Miles, Benjamin F.....	1885	Owen, Samuel G.....	S. 9, 10, 15
Millard, Ezra.....	T. 7	Paddock, J. W.....	T. 4, 11
Miller, Geo. F.....	T. 2	Page, B. W.....	S. 14
Miller, L. W.....	1883	Palmer, A. S.....	S. 16, 17 1883
Miller, Matt.....	1885-87	Palmer, Joshua.....	1883
Mills, B. L.....	S. 14	Parchen, Wm.....	S. 1
Minick, Hirman O.....	S. 6, 7	Pardee, H. C.....	T. 9
Minick, J. S.....	T. 4	Parish, Watson.....	S. 5, 6, 7
Minnix, Hugh C.....	1887	Parker, Ed.....	S. 9, 10
Mitchell J. L.....	S. 15	Parker, Henry C.....	1891
Montgomery, R. W.....	S. 16	Parker, Hiram W.....	T. 7
Moore, J. O.....	S. 16, 17	Parker, T. B.....	S. 14
Moore, N. H.....	S. 15	Parmelee, David S... T.	12
Moore, S. V.....	S. 14, 16, 17		S. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
Moore, Wm. E.....	T. 2, 3	Parry, John M.....	S. 16, 17
Morrison, W. W.....	1883	Patriek, J. W.....	S. 9, 10
Morrisey, F. R.....	1889	Patterson, J. M.....	S. 8
Morton, J. Sterling...T.	2, 4	Pattison, Leander W...S.	6, 7
Morton, Henry.....	S. 3, 4	Patton, Wm. M... S.	15
Moudy, M. V.....	S. 11, 12, 13	Paul, N. J.....	S. 14
Mullen, J. P.....	1891	Paxton, W. A.....	S. 16, 17
Mullen, Louden.....	T. 7	Payne, Robert.....	1883
Mullen, P. M.....	S. 16, 17	Peabody, U. P.....	S. 17,
Mulvahill, John.....	1885	Pemberton, Wm. J.....	1887
Munn, Eugene.....	S. 8, 11, 12 13, 1885	Peters, John.....	1887
Murphy, Frank.....	S. 11, 12, 13	Peterson, Andrew M S.	16, 17
Murphy, Michael.....	T. 3, 4	Peterson, Edward W...S.	1885
Myers, John C.....	S. 8	Petit, Samuel.....	T. 10
Myers, Nathan.....	T. 16	Phillips, R. O.....	S. 14
Naffziger, John.....	S. 5, 6	Phillips, Wm. B.....	T. 10, 11
Nance, Albinus.....	S. 11, 12, 13, 14	Pickard James W...T.	10
Nason, W. N.....	1893	Pinney, N. R.....	S. 11, 12, 13
Neligh, John D.....	T. 10 1885	Plumbeck, Geo.....	S. 15
Nelson, Austin.....	S. 9, 10	Pohlman, John H.....	1891
Nelson, N. P.....	1891-93	Pollock, J. W.....	S. 14
Nettleton, Daniel M....	1883-85	Polk, J. F.....	S. 15
Neumeyer, Geo. W.....	1885	Polleck, William A...T.	11 S 1
Neve, Wm.....	1885	Pollock, W. A.....	S. 15
		Poppleton, Andrew J...T.	1, 4
		Porter, DeForest.....	S. 8
		Porter, H. B.....	T. 7, 8

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Porter, N. S.	T. 9, 10
Porter, W. F.	1891-93
Potter, R. K.	1889
Poynter, Wm. A.	1885
Preston, James.	S. 3, 4
Price, M. S.	S. 15
Pritchett, Geo. E.	S. 14
Purnell, Chas.	1891
Purple, H. C.	T. 1
Putney, W. W.	S. 16, 17
Queen, James.	S. 1
Quimby, D. J.	S. 8
Ramey, D. M.	1883
Randall, Wm. S.	1887
Rankin, B. P.	T. 5
Ranney, H. D.	1883
Ransom, Erank T.	S. 16, 17
Ratliffe, J. R.	1883
Rathman, Christian.	S. 5, 6, 7
Raymond, I. M.	1887
Rayner, H. St.	1889
Reck, John.	T. 6, 8
Redick, John I.	T. 7
Reed, Edward S.	S. 4
Reed, Geo. C.	S. 16, 17
Reed, Lewis.	S. 8
Reed, William.	T. 7, 8
Reis, A.	S. 14
Renner, F.	T. 9
Reynan, M. B.	S. 16, 17
Reynolds, H. M.	T. 10
Reynolds, Milton W.	T. 6, 8
Rhea, Robert C.	1893
Rhodes Hinman.	S. 5, 6, 7, 8
Rhodes, H. F.	1893
Rhodes, Julius.	1889
Rice, Alonzo E.	1885
Rice, Lorenzo.	T. 9
Richardson, J. W.	T. 1
Riden, M. W.	T. 2
Rief, Chas.	1885
Ricketts, M. O.	1893
Riley, Austin.	1891-93
Riley, James E.	1885
Riordan, H. C.	S. 8
Ritchie, John.	T. 9
Ritchie, W. E.	1891
Robb, D. B.	T. 4
Robb, F. W.	S. 14
Robb, Washington.	1889
Robberts, J. C.	S. 16, 17, 1883
Roberts, A.	S. 8
Robertson, John B.	T. 1
Robertson, Simon F.	1885
Robertson, T. H.	T. 11, S 1
Robinson, Chas. S.	1893
Robinson, James.	T. 11
Robinson, John F.	1885
Roche, John J.	1883
Rockwell, Austin.	S. 2, 3, 4
Roeder, Augustus.	T. 15
Rogers, E. H.	T. 6
Rohan, P. F.	1891
Rohr, R. H.	S. 15
Ronwer, H. J.	T. 9
Rolfe, D. P.	S. 2
Roll, J. F.	S. 11, 12, 13
Root, Anderson.	1885
Root, H. D.	S. 16, 17

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Roper, Fordyce.	S. 6, 7
Rose, A. M.	T. 2
Rosewater, Edward.	S. 8
Ross, Hugh M.	T. 12
Rouse, John.	S. 8
Rowles, W. D.	T. 8
Ruggles, L. G.	1891-93
Russell, Byron P.	1885
Russell, Henry C.	1887
Russell, W. J.	1883
Runyan, M. M.	S. 14
Ryan, T. C.	S. 15
Ryan, William M.	S. 8
Sadilek, F. J.	1883
Sadler, L.	S. 14
Salisbury, Alonzo F.	T. 2
Sanders, Daniel C.	S. 1
Sargent, J. E.	1889
Satchell, Nicholas M.	1887-89
Savage, E. P.	1883
Schelp, Wm.	1891-93
Schnick, T. L.	S. 16
Schlottfeldt, Henry.	1891-93
Schminke, Paul.	S. 9, 10, 14
Schock, Henry.	S. 8
Schroeder, Charles.	S. 18 1883
Schappel, C. A.	1891-93
Schovill, D. A.	1889
Schoville, Frank A.	1885
Schrader, C. D.	1891
Schwab, Henry.	1887
Scott, Andrew J.	1893
Scott, J. P.	S. 16-17
Scott, Wm. T.	S. 15
Scott, Robert M.	1891
Seed, Adam.	1889
Seeley, J. C.	S. 11, 12, 13
Seely, Jonas.	T. 3
Seely, Silas E.	T. 3
Seers, F. A.	S. 16, 17
Selden, P.	S. 14
sessions, Milan H.	S. 9, 10, 15, 1883
Severin, F. C.	1889-91
Seybolt, Geo. L.	S. 5, 6, 7
Seymour, C. W.	T. 9
Seymour James II.	S. 5, 8
Shamp, Jerome.	1887
Sharp, N. J.	T. 3
Shedd, H. H.	S. 16, 17
Shelby, P. R.	S. 14
Sheldon, Lawson.	T. 4
Shelly, B. Y.	S. 15
Shepard, G. W.	1889
Sheridan, I. A.	1893
Shields, Matthew.	T. 5, 6
Shipley, Joseph.	1891
Shook, George R.	S. 5, 6, 8
Shryock, W. B.	1891
Sibley, Samuel P.	T.
Sill, J. A.	S. 16, 17
Silver, H. H.	S. 16, 17
Sim, Francis.	T. 9
Simms, Benj. M.	1887
Simanek, Thomas.	1887
Simonton, R. N.	S. 15
Sinclair, John.	1893
Singleton, John A.	T. 1
sisson, Edwin F.	1893

NAMES	SESSIONS	NAMES	SESSIONS
Slader, D. C.	S. 2, 3, 4	Switzer, Simon W.	S. 14
Slater, August B.	1887	Taffe, John	T. 5, 6
Slaughter, W. M.	T. 3	Taggart, John M.	T. 4
Slocumb, C. B.	S. 15, 16, 17	Taggart, Robert M.	1885
Small, James W.	S. 14	Talbot, J. W.	S. 5, 6, 7
Smith, James.	1891	Taylor, J. W.	T. 10
Smith, Andrew J.	T. 1	Taylor, W.	1891
Smith, G. F.	1893	Taylor, Frank M.	1891
Smith, Hanford O.	1885	Taylor, W. Z.	1883-85
Smith, J. D.	S. 1, 5	Thomas, Geo. P.	S. 1
Smith, J. E.	S. 14, 15	Thomas, Geo. H.	1885
Smith, James G.	T. 11	Thomas, Ira	1883
Smith, Joel S.	T. 9	Thomas, James W.	1885
Smith, Julius	1893	Thompson, Asad L.	1885
Smith, Theo	1893	Thompson, Joseph D. N. T.	1
Smyth, Constantine J.	1887	Thompson, J. J.	S. 15
Snyder, Adam	1889	Thompson, M. J.	1883
Soderman, E.	1891-93	Thompson, R. A.	S. 15
Sollenburger, Jacob.	T. 7	Thorn, James	T. 11 S. 1
Sommerlad, H. W.	S. 1, 8	Thornton, Samuel W.	1887
Spanogle, A. J.	1883	Thrall, W.	T. 4
Sparks, John	S. 15	Thurston, John M.	S. 11, 12, 13
Sparks, J. W.	S. 15	Tingle, Abe H.	1887
Speice, Charles	S. 5, 6, 7	Tisdell, Delos A.	S. 5
Spellman, Henry	S. 14	Tisdell, F. A.	T. 7, 10
Spencer, E. R.	1893	Todd, D. G.	T. 9
Sprick, Henry	S. 9, 10, 14, 16, 17	Tomblin, D. M.	S. 17
Spricknall, W. R.	S. 14	Tomlin, John II.	S. 11, 12, 13
Sroat, George W.	S. 3, 4	Tower, L. H.	1883
St. Clair, W. P. P.	S. 14	Towle, Edwin S.	S. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Starrett, S. B.	S. 15	Towle, A. L.	1889
Staver, Hugh Q.	1885	Town, W. A.	1883
Stebbins, John	1891	Townsend, Olin	S. 3, 4
Stedwell, A.	1883	Tracey, John	1887
Steele, R. W.	T. 5	True, Alexander, C.	1885
Steever, Amon	1883	True, M. B. C.	1885
Steinberger, J.	T. 3, 4	Truedale, Sidney A.	1887-89
Steinberger, J. A.	T. 4, 5	Trumble, Abner W.	T. 12
Steinman, Henry	S. 5, 6, 7		S. 2, 3, 4
Stephenson, John N.	T. 6	Trowbridge, T. H.	S. 15
Sternsdorff, Geo. J.	1891	Tucker, George P.	S. 3, 4
Stevenson, R. F.	S. 9, 10	Tufts, James	T. 6
Stevenson, Thomas, B.	1885	Tullis, Ezra	S. 1, 5, 6, 7
Stevens, A. D.	1891	Turner, Charles M.	1885
Stevens, John	1891-93	Turner, G. R.	1883
Stevens, Henry	1891	Turner, Wm.	1887
Steward, John B.	1891	Turtie, William	S. 8, 1885
Stewart, A. S.	S. 5, 6, 7	Turton, George J.	S. 1
Stewart, James	T. 3, 4, 5	Tuxbury, Albert	T. 11, S. 1
Stewart, James S.	T. 4, 6	Tyson, Watson	1887
Stirk, J. W.	1889	Tzschuck, Bruno	S. 9, 10
Stirling H. James	1885	Unthank, J. A.	S. 2, 3, 4
Stone, Isaac	S. 15	Underhill Geo C.	1887
Storms John D.	1891	Vandeman, A. W.	S. 15
Stout, W. H. B.	S. 5, 6, 7	Vanderbilt, W. H.	S. 15
Stout, E. P.	T. 3	Vandeverter, W. N.	1891
Stouffer, B. R.	S. 15	Van Duyn, John N.	1893
Strickland, Silas A.	T. 3, 4, 6	Van Housen, John C.	1892
Stueffer, Martin	T. 12	Varner, Loran A.	S. 19 1891
Sussenbach, H.	1883	Veach Moses A.	1887
Sullivan, John J.	1887	Vorhes, Joel T.	1891
Sullivan, P. C.	T. 2, 4	Waldter, Louis	T. 12
Sutherland, Webster I.	1885		S. 2, 3, 4
Suter, Lewis H.	1893	Waitt George W.	1885
Sutton, A. L.	1893	Walker M. K.	1883
Swartsley, J. D.	1889	Wallich, John	T. 12
Swearingen, J.	1883		S. 2, 3, 4
Sweet, Franklin	1887-89	Waldron, W. H.	1891

NAMES	SESSIONS	NAMES	SESSIONS
Walling, Aug. M.	S. 16, 17	Wiedensall, Jacob	S. 11, 12, 13
Walters, J. P.	S. 14	Wilbur, Russell II	T. 11, S. 1
Walther, Charles F.	T. 10	Wilbur, R. S.	S. 9, 10
Wardlaw, John M.	1887-93	Wilcox, Z. T.	S. 14
Warner, J. F.	S. 15	Wilcox, J. A.	1889
Warrick, Amasa A.	T. 12	Wihelmsen, Jens.	1887
Warrington, T. L.	S. 15	Wilson, John	1893
Watson, John C.	1887-89-91 1893	Wilson, John L.	1887
Wattles, Stephens H.	T. 5, 8	Wilsey, Albert	S. 16, 1887
Watts, Samuel F.	S. 16, 17 1883	Wiles, Isaac	T. 7, 12 S. 2, 3, 4
Webster, J. L.	S. 9, 10	Williams, Henry	1885
Weber B. R. B.	1889	Williams, John W.	1889-91
Weller, H. D.	1889	Williams, T. J.	1891
Wells, Joseph	1889	Wilson, C. J.	1891
Wells, Henry C.	S. 16, 17	Windam, R. B.	S. 15, 16, 17
Wells, N. W.	S. 14, 15	Winspear, James H.	1885
Wescott, M. H.	S. 17	Winter, Thaddens	1889
Werhan, W. S.	1883	Wissenburgh, H.	1883
Werner, Ernst	1891	Withnell C. H.	1893
Wescott, M.	1883	Wolbach, Samuel N.	1885
West, Geo. P.	T. 10	Wolcott, Frank M.	S. 8
Westover, Herman	1889	Wolfe, Thomas	S. 14
Wetherald, F. M.	1887	Wolenweber, Nicholas	1887
Whalen, John	T. 9	Wolpa, Henry C.	T. 3, 1883
Whaley, Charles H.	T. 7	Wood Joel M.	T. 1
Whedon, Charles O.	S. 16, 17, 1883	Woods, J. D.	1893
Wheeler, Cyrus H.	S. 9, 10	Woolworth, J. M.	S. 3, 4
Whelpley, D. P.	S. 14	Worl, J. W.	1883
Whitcomb, E. W.	S. 14	Wright, John B.	1885
White, A. K.	S. 9, 10	Wright, W. F.	S. 11, 12, 13
White, Fred E.	1885	Wright, Pierce G.	1887
White, R. D.	T. 3	Wyatt, C. C.	S. 16, 17
White, Francis E.	1887-89-91	York, W. R.	S. 15
Whitehead, James	1889	Young Benjamin	1883
Whitford, A. D.	1889	Young, Wm. J.	T. 5
Whitemore, Wm. G.	1885-87	Young Jas. R.	1887
Whitted, Robert B.	T. 1	Yutzy, Jos. C.	1887-89
Whitzel, T. J.	1883	Ziegler, J. A.	S. 15, 16, 17
Whyman, F. E.	1889	Zimmerman	S. 5, 6, 7
Wickham, James	S. 8		

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Republican Electors for U. S. Grant—1868.

T. M. Marquet, Lewis Allgewahr, J. F. Warner.

Democratic Electors for H. Seymour—1868

James G. Megath, J. A. Hellmann, Vine Kummer.

Republican Electors for U. S. Grant—1872.

S. A. Strickland, Otto Funke, H. G. Heist.

Democratic Electors for Horace Greeley—1872.

John Creighton, O. P. Mason, — Foster.

Republican Electors for R. B. Hayes—1876.

S. A. Strickland, Amasa Cobb, A. H. Connor.

Democratic Electors for S. J. Tilden, 1876.

S. H. Calhoun, St. John Goodrich, M. C. Keith.

Republican Electors for James A. Garfield—1880.

J. M. Thurston, G. W. Collins, James Laird.

Democratic Electors for W. S. Hancock—1880.

J. E. Boyd, Victor Vifquain, B. I. Hinman.

Greenback Electors for James B. Weaver—1880.

H. G. Cass, W. W. Connor, George Watkin.

Republican Electors for James G. Blaine—1884.

C. H. Dewey, Henry Sprick, R. B. Harrington, A. L. Burr, John Macken

Democratic (Fusion) Electors for Grover Cleveland—1884.

Patrick Hines, J. M. Patterson, W. H. Ashby, H. S. Alley, R. R. Shick.

Prohibition Electors for John P. St. John—1884,

A. L. Reinoehl, F. J. Sibley, J. G. Berdrow, L. B. Boggs, M. J. Garrett.

Republican Electors for Benjamin Harrison—1888.

H. C. Russell, G. H. Hastings, M. M. Butler, C. E. Iddings, James McNeny.

Democratic Electors for Grover Cleveland—1888.

W. G. Sloan, Olof Hedstrom, A. F. Tibbets, S. C. Kesterson, C. W. Allen,

Prohibition Electors for Clinton B. Fisk—1888.

C. C. Crowell, R. A. Hawley, S. D. Fitch, E. S. Abbott, James R. Cary,

Union Labor Electors for A. J. Streeter—1888.

Allen Root, J. F. Black, C. W. Wheeler, L. H. Cahoon, Orin Colby.

Republican Electors for Benjamin Harrison—1892.

I. M. Raymond, W. J. Broatch, Cenek Duras, Chas. W. Johnson, H. A. Miller, Daniel M. Nettleton, E. P. Savage, Isaac Wiles.

People's Independent Electors for James B. Weaver—1892.

Elijah E. Link, Thomas H. Tibbles, Jetur R. Conklin, Peter Ebbeson, Thomas G. Ferguson, William A. Garrett, John I. Jones, Richard R. Shick

Democratic Electors for Grover Cleveland—1892.

— Piasecki, John E. Shervin, H. E. Dunphy, T. V. Golden, Albert Gordon, J. Edgar Howard, George H. Thomas, Albert Watkins.

Prohibition Electors for Gen. John Bidwell—1892.

R. A. Hawley, Mary M. Lantry, E. T. Cassell, N. Christopherson, A. D. George, Isaiah Lightner, J. Phipps Roe, S. S. Stewart.

Peoples' Independent Electors for W. J. Bryan—1896.

Nels O. Alberts, Jacob N. Campbell, Fielden J. Hale, Michael F. Harrington, Stanley Louis Kostoryz, Fred Metz, Sr., Olof W. Palm, Xavier Piasecki.

Democratic Electors for W. J. Bryan—1896.

Joseph Bruenig, A. S. Godfrey, William Griffin, J. A. Kirk, Charles Nicolai, Fred Rennard, Alexander Scott, Charles Turner.

Republican Electors for William McKinley—1896.

Albert J. Burnham, George A. Derby, Solomon Draper, Albert C. Foster, Martin L. Fries, Jacob E. Houtz, John L. McPheely, Frank J. Sadilek.

National Electors—1896.

E. H. Agee, James K. Lane, A. Luth, Thomas W. Mathews, J. S. Miller, D. L. Pond, A. P. Seymour, Lem. J. Smith.

Prohibition Electors for Rev. — Bentley—1896.

O. R. Beebe, C. L. Carpenter, S. M. Cozad, John F. Hellm, D. W. C. Huntington, C. Lowenstein, N. Lowrie, Mary E. Rockwell.

Socialist Labor—1896.

H. S. Aley, Charles E. Baker, August Beermann, Thomas M. Conway, John C. Curtis, William H. Daniels, Fred Teickmeir, John W. Unangst.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Popular and Electoral Vote of the United States for President and Vice-President, 1789—1892.

Year of Election.	POLITICAL PARTY.	PRESIDENTS.*		VICE-PRESIDENTS.*		
		Candidates.	VOTE.		Candidates.	Electoral vote.
			Popular.	Electoral.		
1789		George Washington,.....	69			
		John Adams,.....			34	
		John Jay,.....			9	
		R. H. Harrison,.....			6	
		John Rutledge,.....			6	
		John Hancock,.....			4	
		George Clinton,.....			3	
		Samuel Huntingdon			2	
		ohn Milton,.....			2	
		James Armstrong,..			1	
		Benjamin Lincoln,.			1	
	Edward Telfair,.....			1		
	Vacancies,.....	4		4		
1792	Federalist, .	George Washington,.....	132			
	Federalist, .	John Adams,.....			77	
	Republican,	George Clinton,.....			50	
		Thomas Jefferson,...			4	
		Aaron Burr,.....			1	
	Vacancies,.....	3		3		
1796	Federalist, .	John Adams,.....	71			
	Republican,	Thomas Jefferson,...			68	
	Federalist, .	Thomas Pinkney,...			59	
	Republican,	Aaron Burr,.....			30	
		Samuel Adams,.....			15	
		Oliver Ellsworth,...			11	
		George Clinton,.....			7	
		John Jay,.....			5	
		James Iredell,.....			2	
		George Washington,.....			2	
		John Henry,....			2	
		S. Johnson,.....			2	
		Charles C. Pinckney			1	
1800	Republican, .	Thomas Jefferson,.....	73			
	Republican,	Aaron Burr,.....			73	
	Federalist, .	John Adams,.....			65	
	Federalist,...	Charles C. Pinckney			64	
		John Jay,.....			1	

*Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President, and the next highest Vice-President

†There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the 36th ballot, which was as follows; Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky Maryland, New Jersey, New York North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Deleware and South Carolina—2 states.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Continued.

Year of Election.	POLITICAL PARTIES.	PRESIDENTS.		VICE-PRESIDENTS.		
		CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		Candidates.	Electoral Vote.
			Popular.	Electoral.		
1804	Republican.	Thomas Jefferson,...	162	George Clinton..	162	
	Federalist. .	Charles C. Pinckney	14	Rufus King.....	14	
1808	Republican.	James Madison,....	122	George Clinton... 113		
	Federalist. .	Charles C. Pinckney	47	Rufus King.....	47	
		George Clinton, ..	6	John Langdon... 9		
				James Madison... 3		
				James Monroe... 3		
		Vacancy,.....	1		1	
1812	Republican.	James Madison,....	128	Elbridge Gerry... 131		
	Federalist, .	DeWit Clinton,....	89	Jared Ingersoll.. 86		
		Vacancy,.....	1		1	
1816	Republican,	James Monroe,....	183	D. D. Tompkins.. 183		
	Federalist, .	Rufus King,.....	34	John E. Howard. 22		
				James Ross..... 7		
				John Marshall... 4		
				Robert G. Harper 3		
		Vacancy,.....	4		4	
1820	Republican,	James Monroe,....	531	D. D. Tompkins.. 218		
	Opposit on, .	John Q. Adams,....	1	Richard Stockton 8		
				Daniel Rodney... 4		
				Robert G. Harper 1		
				Richard Rush... 1		
		Vacancy,.....	3		3	
1824	Republican	Andrew Jackson,...	155,872	*99 John C. Calhoun. 182		
	Coalition, .	John Q. Adams,....	105,321	Nathan Sanford.. 30		
	Republican,	Wm. H. Crawford,..	44,282	Nathan'l Macon.. 24		
	Republican,	Henry Clay,.....	46,587	Andrew Jackson. 13		
				M. Van Buren.... 9		
				Henry Clay..... 2		
		Vacancy,.....			1	
1828	Democrat. .	Andrew Jackson,...	647,231	John C. Calhoun. 171		
	Nat. Repub.	John Q. Adams,....	509,097	Richard Rush... 93		
				Wm. Smith..... 7		
1832	Democratic.	Andrew Jackson....	687,502	219 M. Van Buren... 189		
	Nat. Repub.	Henry Clay,	530,189	47 John Sergeant... 49		
		John Lloyd, }	33,108	{ 11 Henry Lee..... 11		
		Wm. Wirt, }		{ 7 Amos Ellmaker.. 7		
		Vacancies		Wm. Wilkins.... 30		
			2		2	
1836	Democratic,	Martin Van Buren,	761,549	170 R. M. Johnson... † 147		
	Whig,	Wm. H. Harrison, }	736,616	{ 73 Francis Granger. 77		
	Whig,	Hugh L. White, }		{ 26 John Tyler..... 47		
	Whig,	Daniel Webster, }		{ 14 Wm. Smith..... 23		
	Whig,	W. P. Mangum, }		{ 11		

*No choice having been made by the electoral college, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows: Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont.—13 states. Jackson—Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee.—7 states. Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia.—4 states.

†No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the electoral college, the senate elected R. M. Johnson, Vice President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 10.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Continued.

Year of Election.	POLITICAL PARTY.	PRESIDENTS.			VICE-PRESIDENTS	
		Candidates.	VOTE.		Candidates.	Electoral Vote
			Popular.	Electoral.		
1840	Whig	Wm. H. Harrison...	1,275,017	234	John Tyler,.....	234
	Democratic..	Martin Van Buren..	1,128,702	60	R. M. Johnson..	48
	Liberty.....	James G. Birney...	7,059		Francis Lemoyne	
					James K. Polk,	1
					L. W. Tazewell..	11
1844	Democratic..	James K. Polk.....	1,337,243	170	Geo. M. Dallas..	170
	Whig	Henry Clay.....	1,299,068	105	T Frelinghuysen	105
	Liberty.....	James G. Birney...	62,300		Thomas Morris,	
1848	Whig	Zachary Taylor....	1,360,101	163	Millard Filmore,	163
	Democratic..	Lewis Cass.....	1,220,544	127	Wm. O. Butler,	127
	Free Soil....	Martin Van Buren..	291,263		Chas. F Adams,	
	Democratic..	Franklin Pierce...	1,601,474	254	Wm. R. King,..	254
1852	Whig.....	Winfield Scott....	1,386,578	42	Wm. A. Graham	42
	Free Dem...	John P. Hale.....	156,149		Geo. W. Julian..	
1856	Democratic..	James Buchanan...	1,838,169	74	J C Breckenridge	174
	Republican..	John C. Fremont...	1,341,264	114	Wm L. Dayton,	114
	Amer can....	Millard Filmore....	874,534	8	A. J. Donelson,-	8
1860	Republican..	Abraham Lincoln...	1,866,352	180	H'mnibal Hamlin	180
	Democratic..	J. C. Breckenridge.	845,763	72	Joseph Lane,...	72
	Cons. Union	John Bell.....	589,581	39	Edward, Everett	39
	Ind. Dem...	S. A. Douglas.....	1,375,157	12	H. V. Johnson,..	12
1864	Republican..	Abraham Lincoln...	2,216,067	212	Andrew Johnson	212
	Democratic..	Geo. B. McClellan..	1,808,725	21	G. H. Pendleton	21
		*States not voting..		81	.....	81
1868	Republican..	Ulysses S. Grant...	3,015,071	214	Schyler Colfax.,	214
	Democratic..	Horatio Seymour....	2,709,613	80	F. P. Blair, Jr..	80
		†States not voting..		23	.....	23
1872	Republican..	Ulysses S. Grant...	3,597,070	286	Henry Wilson..	286
	Dem and Lib	Horace Greeley....	2,834,079		B. Gratz Brown,	47
	Democratic..	Charles O'Conor....	29,408		Geo. W. Julian.	5
	Temperance.	James Black.....	5,608		A. H. Colquitt..	5
		Thos. A. Henricks			John M. Palmer	3
		B. Gratz Brown....		42	T. E. Bramlette,	1
		Chas. J. Jenkins....		18	W. S. Grossbeck	1
		David Davis.....		8	Willis B Machon	1
		Not Counted.....		1	N. P. Banks....	1
				17	.....	17
1876	Republican..	R. B. Hayes.....	4,033,950	185	Wm. A. Wheeler	185
	Democratic..	Samuel J. Tilden...	4,284,885	184	TAHendricks, ..	184
	Greenback..	Peter Cooper.....	81,780		Samuel Cary....	
	Prohibition.	Green Clay Smith..	9,552		G. T. Stewart...	
		Scattering.....	2,636		.....
1880	Republican..	James A. Garfield..	4,449,053	215	Chester A Arthur	214
	Democratic..	Winfield S. Hancock	4,442,035	155	Wm. H. English	155
	Greenback..	James B. Weaver...	307,306		B. J. Chambers,	
	Prohibition.	Neal Dow.....	10,305		H. A. Thompson	
	American...	John W. Pheips ...	707		Sam. C. Pomeroy	
		Scattering	989			

*Eleven states did not vote, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

†Three states did not vote, viz: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Continued.

Year of Election.	POLITICAL PARTY.	PRESIDENTS.			VICE-PRESIDENTS			
		Candidates.	VOTE.		Candidates.	Electoral Vote		
			Popular.	Electoral.				
1884	Democratic..	Grover Cleveland...	4,911,017	219	T. A. Hendrick..	219		
	Republican..	James G. Blaine....	4,848,334	182	John A. Logan..	182		
	Prohibition..	John P. St. John....	151,809		Wm. Daniel....			
	Greenback..	Benj. F. Butler.....	133,826		A. M. West.....			
1888		Scattering.....	11,362					
	Republican..	Benj. Harrison....	5,444,053	233	Levi P. Morton..	233		
	Democratic..	Grover Cleveland...	5,538,536	168	Allen G Thurman	168		
	Prohibition..	Clinton B. Fisk....	248,997		John A. Brooks..			
	Union Labor..	A. J. Streeter	146,100		CE Cunningham			
	American ...	James L. Curtis....			J. R. Greer.....			
	United Labor	R. H. Cowdery....			W H T Wakefield			
	Ind. Reform	Alfred E. Redstone.			John Colvin....			
1892	Equal Rights	Belva Lockwood....			Chas. S. Wells...			
	Democratic..	Grover Cleveland...	5,556,523	277	A. E. Stevenson			
	Republican..	Benj. Harrison....	5,175,517	145	Whitelaw Reed..			
	Peoples Ind..	James B. Weaver...	1,222,045	22	James G. Field..			
1896	Prohibition..	John Bidwell.....	279,191		James B Cranfill			
	Social Labor	Simon Wing.....	21,191		C. H. Matchet..			
	Democrat..	W. J. Bryan.....	6,502,600	176	Sewell.....	147		
	Populist....							
	Free Sil. R..	William McKinley..	7,126,542	271	Watson.....	27		
	Republican...						Hobart.....	271
Nat. Dem....	John M. Palmer....				134,731			
Prohibition..	Levering.....				123,428			
Prohibition..	Bentley.....	13,535						

ELECTION STATISTICS Continued.

VOTES CAST

For Presidential Candidates in Nebraska Since the Admission of the State.

1868.		1884.	
Grant, R.....	9,772	Blaine, R.....	76,912
Seymour, D.....	5,519	Cleveland and Fusion.....	54,391
Majority.....	4,253	St. John, P.....	2,899
1872.		1888.	
Grant, R.....	17,702	Plurality.....	22,521
Greeley, L and D.....	7,548	Majority.....	19,622
Majority.....	10,154	1888.	
1876.		Harrison, R.....	108,425
Hayes, R.....	31,833	Cleveland, D.....	80,552
Tilden, D.....	17,554	Fisk, P.....	9,429
Majority.....	14,279	Streeter, U. L.....	4,226
1880.		Plurality.....	27,873
Garfield, R.....	54,979	Majority.....	14,218
Hancock, D.....	28,523	1892.	
Weaver, G.....	3,950	Harrison, R.....	86,858
Plurality.....	26,476	Weaver, P. I.....	82,589
Majority.....	22,506	Cleveland, D.....	24,740
		Bidwell, P.....	4,805
		Plurality.....	4,217

POPULAR VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS SINCE 1855.

1855—Bird B. Chapman.....	380	
Hiram P. Bennett.....	292	
Scattering.....	18—	690
1857—Fenner Ferguson.....	1,642	
Bird B. Chapman.....	1,559	
Benjamin P. Rankin.....	1,241	
John M. Thayer.....	1,171	
Scattering.....	21—	5,634
1859—Experience Esterbrook.....	3,100	
Samuel G. Daily.....	2,800—	5,900
1860—J. Sterling Morton.....	2,957	
Samuel G. Daily.....	2,943—	5,900
1862—Samuel G. Daily.....	2,331	
John F. Kinney.....	2,180—	4,511
1864—Phineas W. Hitchcock.....	3,421	
George L. Miller.....	2,399	
Scattering.....	2—	5,822
1866—T. M. Marquett.....	4,821	
J. Sterling Morton.....	4,105—	8,926
John Taffe.....	4,820	
Algernon S. Paddock.....	4,072	
George Francis Train.....	30—	8,922
1868—John Taffe.....	8,724	
Andrew J. Poppleton.....	6,318—	15,042
1870—John Taffe.....	12,375	
George B. Blake.....	7,967—	20,342

1872—Lorenzo Crouse	17,124
Jesse F. Warner	10,412—27,536
1874—Lorenzo Crouse	22,532
James W. Savage	8,386
James G. Miller	4,074
James W. Davis	972—35,964
1876—Frank Welch (Rep.)	30,900
Joseph Holman (Dem.)	17,206
M. Warren (Greenback)	3,579
Scattering	89—51,774
1878—E. K. Valentine (Rep.)	28,341
J. W. Davis (Dem. and Greenback)	21,752
Scattering	21—50,247
Thomas J. Majors (Rep) to fill vacancy	28,221
Alex. Bear (Dem.) to fill vacancy	21,124
Scattering	21—49,366
1880—E. K. Valentine (Rep.)	52,647
James E. North (Dem.)	23,634
Allen Root (Greenback)	4,059
Scattering	4,074—84,414
1882—A. J. Weaver, 1st District	17,022
J. I. Redick 1st “	12,690
G. S. Gilbert, 1st “	3,707
Scattering	12—33,421
James Laird, 2nd District	12,983
V. S. Moore, 2nd “	10,012
F. A. Harman “	3,060
Scattering	56—26,111
E. K. Valentine, 3rd District	11,284
M. K. Turner, “	7,342
W. H. Munger, “	9,932
Scattering	12—28,570
1884—A. J. Weaver, 1st District	22,644
Chas. H. Brown “	21,669
E. J. O’Neil “	1,024
Scattering	2—45,339
James Laird, 2nd District	2,182
J. H. Stickel “	17,650
B. Crabb “	1,176
Scattering “	49—40,057
George W. E. Dorsey, 3d District	25,985
William Neville, “	20,671
Albert Fetch	572
Scattering	17—47,245
1886—John A. McShane, 1st District	23,396
Church Howe, “	17,373
George Bigelow, “	2,867
Scattering	43—42,679
James Laird, 2d District	18,373
W. A. McKeighan “	16,315

C. S. Harrison, 2d District	3 789
Scattering.....	187—38,664
George W. E. Dorsey, 3d District.....	28,717
W. H. Webster “	20,943
W. J. Olinger, “	2 388
Scattering.....	112—52,155
1888—W. J. Connell, 1st District.....	32,926
J. Sterling Morton “	29 519
Edwin B. Graham “	2,962
J. W. Edgerton “	650—66,057
James Laird, 2d District..	30,959
W. G. Hastings, “	21,201
George Scott “	4,128
H. H. Rohr “	2,715—58,003
George W. E. Dorsey, 3d District.....	42,188
E. B. Weatherby, “	32,118
A. M. Walling, “	2,995
F. O. Jones, “	4,487—77,788
1890—W. J. Connell, 1st District.....	25,663
W. J. Bryan, “	31,376
Allen Root “	13,066
E. H. Chapin, “	1,670—71,775
N. V. Harlan, 2d District.....	21,776
W. A. McKeighan “	36,104
L. B. Palmer “	1,200—59,080
George W. E. Dorsey, 3d District.....	25,440
W. H. Thompson “	22,353
O. M. Kem, “	31,831
W. L. Pierce, “	961—80,585
1892—W. J. Bryan, 1st District	13,780
Allen W. Field, “	13,644
R. W. Maxwell “	863
Jerome Shamp “	2,409—30,696
David Mercer, 2nd District	11,488
Geo. W. Doane, “	10,388
R. H. Richardson “	362
Robert L. Wheeler “	3,152—25,390
Geo. D. Meiklejohn, 3rd District	13 635
Geo, F. Keiper “	10,630
W. A. Poynter “	9,636
F. P. Wigton, “	867—34,768
Eugene J. Hainer, 4th District	15,648
William H. Dech, “	11,486
Victor Vifquain, “	8,988
J. P. Kettlewell “	1,312—37,434
William A. McKeighan 5th District.....	17,490
William E. Andrews “	14,230
O. C. Hubbell, “	838—32,558
Omer M. Kemm 6th District	16,328
James Whitehead, “	14 195
A. T. Gatewood, “	4,202
Orlando R. Beebe, “	586—35,311

**POPULAR VOTE FOR GOVERNOR SINCE FIRST ELECTION
IN 1866.**

1866—David Butler.....	4 093
J. Sterling Morton.....	3 948—8,041
1868—David Butler.....	8,576
J. R. Porter.....	6,349—14,925
1870—David Butler.....	11,126
John H. Croxton.....	8,648—19,774
1872—Robert W. Furnas.....	16,543
Henry C. Lett.....	11,227—27,770
1874—Silas Garber.....	21,568
Albert Tuxbury.....	8,045
J. F. Gardner.....	4 159
J. S. Church.....	1,346—36,019
1876—Silas Garber.....	31,947
Paren England.....	17,219
J. F. Gardner.....	3 022
Scattering.....	36—52,234
1878—Albinus Nance.....	29,469
W. H. Webster.....	13 473
Levi G. Todd.....	9,475—52,417
1880—Albinus Nance.....	55,237
T. W. Tipton... ..	28,167
O. T. B. Williams	3,898
Scattering.....	43—87,345
1882—James W. Dawes.....	43,495
J. Sterling Morton.....	28,562
E. P. Ingersoll	16,991
Scattering.....	30—89,068
1884—James W. Dawes.....	72,835
J. Sterling Morton	57,634
J. G. Miller... ..	3,075
Scattering.....	11—133 555
1886—John. M Thayer.....	75,956
James E. North.....	52,656
H. W. Hardy.....	8 175
J. Burrows.....	1,422
Scattering.....	30—138,239
1888—John M. Thayer.....	103,993
John A. Meshaue.....	65,420
George Bigelow.....	9,511
David Butler	3,941—202,865
1890—L. D. Richards.....	68,878
J. E. Boyd.....	71 331
J. H. Powers.....	70,187
B. L. Paine.....	3,676—214,072
1892—Lorenzo Crounse.....	78,426
Chas. H Van Wyck.....	68,617
J. Sterling Morton.....	44,195
C. E. Bentley.....	6,235—197,478

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

In the First Congressional District for Member of Congress, at the General Election held in November, 1882, 1884, 1886, 1888, 1888 and 1890.

COUNTIES	1882				1884				1886				1888				1890				
	J. WEAVER, R.	JOHN I. REDICK, D.	W. S. GIBBERT, P.	SCATTERING	A. J. WEAVER, R.	CHAS. H. BROWN, D.	E. J. O'NEILL, P.	SCATTERING	CHURCH HOWE, R.	JNO. A. MSHANE, D.	GEO. BIGLOW, P.	SCATTERING	W. J. CONNELL, R.	J. STEWART MORTON, D.	E. B. GRAHAM, P.	J. W. EDBERTON, L.	SCATTERING	W. J. CONNELL, R.	W. J. BRYAN, D.	ALLEN ROOT, I.	E. H. CHAIN, P.	SCATTERING.
Cass.....	1736	1609	207	2	2224	1850	24	1397	2158	178	8	3002	2962	129	115	8	1775	2354	882	46	3
Douglas.....	2099	2910	912	1	3110	6247	54	1909	7110	109	6	10508	10637	433	107	1	9594	15189	1042	256	3
Gage.....	1569	710	812	1	2755	2177	131	2268	2362	419	12	3387	2531	321	1	1	2399	2315	2026	209	8
Johnson.....	938	672	221	1	1302	1032	21	937	1038	121	3	1245	957	114	75	..	941	731	807	23	23
Lancaster.....	3319	1019	419	1	4003	2156	196	8424	2510	848	8	5355	3821	795	..	..	4419	3975	2324	534	..
Nemaha.....	1236	930	60	1	1656	1236	27	1297	1101	132	4	1391	1146	119	107	..	1054	1057	933	161	2
Otoe.....	1392	1590	231	1	1970	1969	112	1358	1600	347	4	1722	2467	334	1117	..	1205	2225	1179	118	..
Pawnee.....	999	361	156	1	1232	693	139	992	793	128	2	1297	647	147	136	..	1219	675	368	75	..
Richardson.....	1956	1485	.....	8	2194	1886	59	1236	2069	263	..	2048	1932	126	41	..	1459	1574	917	118	..
Sarpy.....	496	653	.....	4	580	651	21	365	796	59	..	652	874	72	4	..	501	970	231	45	..
Saunders.....	1252	721	685	1	1618	1774	240	1190	1859	263	8	2319	1555	372	54	..	1097	1311	2537	106	..
Totals.....	17022	12690	3707	12	22644	21669	1024	16373	23396	2867	43	32926	29519	2962	650	22	25663	32376	13066	1670	8

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska on the Eighth day of November, A. D., 1892, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.			LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			SECRETARY OF STATE.			AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.								
	C. F. BENTLEY, P.	LORENZO CROUNSE, R.	J. STERLING MORTON, D.	CHARLES H. VAN WYCK, P. I.	SCATTERING.	THOMAS J. MAJORS, R.	CHARLES D. SCHRADER, P. I.	JAMES STEPHEN, P.	SAMUEL N. WOLBACH, D.	JOHN C. ALLEN, R.	ISAAC BOOSTROM P.	FRANK M. CROW, D.	JAMES M. EASTERLING, P. I.	LOGAN McREYNOLDS, P. I.	EUGENE MOORE, R.	P. F. O'SULLIVAN, D.	J. C. THOMAS, P.	SCATTERING.
Adams.....	205	1507	698	1085	..	1539	1060	189	671	1482	167	784	1041	1061	1547	665	173	..
Antelope.....	105	730	263	943	..	768	942	97	241	761	107	249	930	910	772	256	103	..
Banner.....	18	182	31	176	..	186	175	16	82	183	21	35	167	177	176	32	16	..
Blaine.....	8	58	38	48	..	57	55	8	34	60	10	31	50	53	58	35	8	..
Boone.....	59	810	275	908	..	837	932	43	271	837	49	266	932	949	830	263	49	..
Boyd.....	43	462	326	310	..	500	284	20	322	488	21	341	278	276	512	325	23	..
Box Butte.....	28	343	234	519	..	358	514	18	232	367	19	240	508	510	861	223	25	..
Brown.....	25	323	153	281	..	351	268	10	155	353	18	145	258	254	345	154	15	..
Buffalo.....	93	1675	679	1752	..	1706	1747	95	685	1678	86	570	1916	1780	1713	643	86	..
Butler.....	126	918	769	1185	..	990	936	92	940	997	94	984	893	910	966	980	88	..
Burt.....	91	1188	316	809	..	1242	771	88	296	1229	84	324	765	725	1217	328	81	..
Cass.....	114	1909	1580	924	..	2045	690	106	1620	2057	110	1689	623	648	2064	1669	101	..
Cedar.....	33	628	574	577	..	646	524	33	614	656	28	636	500	496	661	520	29	..
Chase.....	26	296	166	394	..	357	397	12	120	363	18	114	388	397	324	135	21	..
Cheyenne.....	34	433	327	316	..	453	310	27	299	467	27	294	311	313	454	287	33	..

Cherry.....	37	454	244	431	451	412	26	243	475	32	262	397	451	245	25
Clay.....	102	1489	430	1352	1505	1327	92	435	1521	97	418	1367	1514	370	81
Colfax.....	42	543	670	643	548	555	36	725	571	48	741	518	487	757	44
Cuming.....	45	803	1106	554	823	410	51	1210	857	60	1251	350	319	1304	45
Custer.....	155	1569	300	2145	1708	2110	135	372	1730	145	359	2138	2046	1304	141
Dakota.....	16	366	460	318	379	212	19	535	369	24	533	196	181	561	20
Dawes.....	40	758	284	640	782	618	24	286	791	29	286	597	598	803	289
Dawson.....	73	1032	307	1016	1048	979	54	342	1089	49	284	996	995	1087	22
Deuel.....	30	203	110	215	214	213	15	105	212	20	117	201	210	120	16
Dixon.....	72	609	455	583	611	524	66	489	613	73	491	489	492	618	502
Dodge.....	89	1348	1676	680	1372	575	91	1692	1390	98	1684	558	548	1402	81
Douglas.....	309	10231	7348	4378	10136	3297	314	7905	10517	351	8012	2789	10846	1701	95
Dundy.....	28	320	76	387	339	383	30	56	346	31	58	380	337	60	26
Fillmore.....	102	1344	475	1359	1392	1241	96	519	1386	103	579	1211	1232	1374	98
Franklin.....	36	544	229	733	562	740	33	216	558	36	228	727	732	568	223
Frontier.....	33	635	183	812	649	854	25	159	663	23	173	845	862	652	160
Furnas.....	43	806	269	920	856	935	34	230	819	36	233	947	949	844	219
Gage.....	265	2914	1564	1491	3132	1246	207	1636	3136	233	1632	1240	1190	1648	248
Garfield.....	3	124	24	175	127	174	4	23	132	4	21	172	172	23	1
Gosper.....	12	307	109	516	315	498	12	113	317	9	101	504	503	103	13
Grant.....	5	40	27	35	41	33	2	27	43	3	29	33	34	29	3
Greely.....	12	239	317	431	264	422	8	308	262	9	292	441	416	314	9
Hall.....	96	1396	925	874	1276	767	67	1187	1429	74	913	844	874	1432	66
Hamilton.....	89	1144	530	1032	1131	1017	83	509	1156	94	471	1066	1063	1163	78
Harlan.....	89	554	164	796	588	793	80	138	581	81	137	801	798	572	80
Hayes.....	17	310	194	237	329	248	14	173	328	13	183	245	257	331	169
Hitchcock.....	31	407	127	593	449	612	20	99	462	32	94	609	610	444	24
Hooker.....	1	10	6	31	10	31	1	6	10	1	4	34	35	95	24
Holt.....	82	844	436	1048	878	1086	72	374	890	80	404	1070	1057	881	432
Howard.....	38	477	395	815	502	831	26	422	501	39	409	818	831	502	393
Jefferson.....	89	1267	702	776	1310	730	95	686	1307	94	699	701	680	1318	90
Johnson.....	111	1050	456	726	1136	650	75	471	1104	87	536	613	629	1080	534
Kearney.....	84	732	277	887	754	874	73	247	718	107	160	888	901	716	252
Keya Paha.....	15	195	105	348	210	322	11	114	208	11	115	336	332	208	117
Keith.....	10	194	109	220	195	222	8	108	195	7	114	226	220	197	9
Kimball.....	12	96	26	90	88	86	9	25	92	33	22	88	82	91	24
Knox.....	102	821	1796	3186	865	649	73	437	881	92	457	625	600	859	465
Lancaster.....	575	5276	1796	3186	5582	2372	525	1990	5553	539	2006	2611	5473	2032	501
Lincoln.....	74	821	236	1094	877	1081	62	222	869	66	258	1047	1079	833	240
Logan.....	1	120	37	112	122	117	2	36	119	1	41	112	107	38	2

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—*Continue.*

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.			LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			SECRETARY OF STATE.			AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.					
	G. E. BENTLEY, P.	L. STERLING MORTON, D.	CHARLES H. VAN WYCK, P. I.	THOMAS J. MAJORS, R.	CHARLES D. SCHRADER, P. I.	JAMES STEPHENS, P.	SAMUEL N. WOBACH, D.	JOHN C. ALLEN, R.	ISAAC BOOSTROM, P.	FRANK M. CROW, D.	JAMES M. EASTEELING, P. I.	LOGAN McREYNOLDS, P. I.	EUGENE MOORE, R.	P. F. O'SULLIVAN, D.	J. C. THOMAS, P.
Loup.....	5	102	21	108	118	8	24	110	93	20	107	105	103	28	2
Madison.....	83	1100	880	776	729	89	890	1080	93	922	677	633	1248	845	83
Merrick.....	121	745	329	664	607	127	888	755	109	330	644	636	748	339	115
McPherson.....	8	27	14	26	28	1	13	32	1	11	27	25	30	14	2
Nance.....	87	554	88	742	717	43	115	569	37	109	724	720	567	109	88
Nemaha.....	79	1063	573	1075	924	51	490	1124	69	611	962	953	1106	514	71
Nuckolls.....	55	911	377	1116	1100	43	368	942	43	364	1112	1116	924	368	44
Otoe.....	109	1052	1411	1733	1114	144	1405	1443	140	1549	1036	983	1424	1558	163
Pawnee.....	154	1146	854	604	497	142	401	1199	143	405	478	478	1210	427	125
Perkins.....	17	305	128	424	437	16	134	301	20	147	425	429	307	136	17
Pierce.....	25	235	422	383	329	24	446	358	25	455	317	304	384	488	25
Phelps.....	132	662	182	1029	1069	136	158	628	178	164	1073	1078	647	151	135
Platte.....	55	760	960	1044	824	58	1094	721	60	1100	923	853	777	1156	63
Polk.....	110	698	191	1140	1086	109	188	677	146	159	1099	1103	689	169	111
Red Willow.....	43	714	322	703	710	34	273	800	45	263	678	699	769	287	38
Richardson.....	119	1754	737	1348	936	91	1055	1866	108	1143	812	808	1851	1195	102
Rock.....	14	308	100	191	167	12	109	333	13	108	161	164	330	106	11

COUNTIES.

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

ABSTRACT OF VOTES.

COUNTIES.

	GOVERNOR.			LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			SECRETARY OF STATE			AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.							
	G. E. BENTLEY, P.	J. STERLING MORTON, D.	CHARLES H. VAN WYCK, P. I.	SCATTERING.	THOMAS J. MAJORS R.	CHARLES D. SCHRADER, P. I.	JAMES STEPHENS, P.	SAMUEL N. WOLBACH, D.	JOHN C. ALLEN, R.	ISAAC BOOSTROM, R.	FRANK M. CROW D.	JAMES M. FASTERLING, P. I.	LOGAN McKENNEDS, P. I.	EUGENE MOORE, R.	P. F. O'SULLIVAN, D.	J. C. THOMAS, P.	SCATTERING.
Saline.....	125	1464	885	1021	1582	768	175	1039	1530	185	958	776	760	1550	1047	177	..
Sarpy.....	37	501	567	362	522	303	32	558	523	36	601	262	263	531	608	31	..
Saunders.....	193	1252	830	1791	1249	1722	190	863	1212	240	843	1753	1720	1234	862	201	..
Scott's Bluff.....	9	199	71	161	606	140	10	71	207	11	73	140	137	208	75	7	..
Seward.....	70	1237	955	1055	1263	1095	61	999	1289	60	990	972	969	1272	999	62	..
Sheridan.....	45	523	229	954	553	909	53	223	572	43	226	914	909	573	230	47	..
Sherman.....	40	405	155	640	399	622	25	201	420	27	163	642	644	406	169	28	..
Sioux.....	4	121	86	187	130	178	3	81	129	4	87	177	177	125	88	1	..
Stanton.....	26	324	404	257	338	229	21	421	338	17	424	224	208	352	435	18	..
Thayer.....	87	1168	618	880	1219	792	76	646	1228	77	682	778	754	1210	681	80	..
Thomas.....	2	35	38	18	34	19	8	34	36	2	37	18	21	36	38	1	..
Thurston.....	10	423	97	191	438	102	16	150	440	18	140	96	92	444	166	12	..
Valley.....	31	528	175	750	543	749	34	190	546	35	180	760	758	534	178	37	..
Washington.....	56	985	729	605	989	537	46	781	976	49	787	512	513	996	778	49	..
Wayne.....	33	606	386	560	593	444	33	404	603	41	406	440	427	631	427	41	..
Webster.....	67	883	343	560	946	964	50	306	942	57	312	961	957	916	304	56	..
Wheeler.....	5	104	32	153	106	155	7	33	108	6	34	157	151	111	35	5	..
York.....	139	1684	431	1351	1750	1330	112	468	1776	120	455	1323	1320	1768	455	111	..
Totals.....	6235	78426	44195	68017	81500	62501	5594	46421	82031	6079	46867	60822	60991	82357	46572	57361	..

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska on the Eighth day of November A. D., 1892, for Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

COUNTIES	TREASURER.			ATTORNEY GENERAL.			COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS.			SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.						
	ANDREW BECKMAN, D.	JERRY DENSLAW P.	JACOB V. WOLFE, P. I.	MARTIN I. BROWER, P.	MATTHEW GERING, D.	GEORGE H. HASTINGS, R.	VIRGIL O. STRICKLER, P. I.	JACOB M. GUNNETT, P. I.	A. R. HUMPHREY, R.	CHARLES E. SMITH, P.	JACOB WIGGINS, D.	BEILE G. BIGELOW, P.	A. K. GOUDY, R.	HARMAN H. HIATT, P. I.	J. A. HORNBERGER, D.	
Adams.....	1550	678	188	1025	186	672	1504	1046	1092	1503	172	648	202	1489	1071	655
Antelope.....	755	289	109	933	115	258	741	932	916	737	103	250	102	743	918	267
Banner.....	181	40	12	174	21	37	178	164	167	187	13	34	20	182	171	35
Blaine.....	55	41	4	54	8	34	56	52	54	56	8	31	11	50	51	31
Boone.....	826	297	47	926	74	277	806	944	938	814	51	270	54	830	942	226
Boyd.....	653	187	21	286	34	366	458	282	298	469	27	342	41	484	804	354
Box Butte.....	364	226	19	524	26	241	348	510	514	365	18	225	26	359	512	226
Brown.....	346	145	15	255	19	161	339	252	244	340	15	158	15	344	251	149
Buffalo.....	1714	671	79	1784	92	639	1720	1752	1759	1751	80	616	95	1722	1767	631
Butler.....	973	993	94	901	102	1037	984	884	967	970	88	971	107	966	916	1004
Burt.....	1067	609	65	689	87	347	1110	726	743	1330	82	326	93	1316	763	320
Cass.....	2030	1737	99	662	185	1804	1974	632	645	2023	111	1687	122	2035	627	1660
Cedar.....	643	660	32	502	43	633	624	507	491	633	41	536	34	644	494	636
Chase.....	336	133	16	408	21	137	320	394	392	325	14	140	20	332	393	128

Cheyenne.....	442	317	32	301	38	302	453	299	302	449	31	295	35	458	305	287
Cherry.....	464	256	26	411	43	251	441	403	390	461	33	241	33	451	410	233
Clay.....	1522	607	97	1360	112	412	1510	1334	1317	1513	98	386	104	1508	1354	402
Colfax.....	575	697	41	521	48	711	546	502	515	541	34	748	43	559	506	772
Cumming.....	806	1329	40	329	57	1261	825	341	320	837	50	1250	50	828	317	1247
Custer.....	1705	381	143	2103	151	363	1697	2144	2109	1810	131	308	168	1696	2201	328
Dakota.....	473	401	24	258	19	573	368	188	188	377	18	558	18	372	191	552
Dawes.....	789	290	25	601	47	308	772	579	596	786	20	287	28	795	598	281
Dawson.....	1087	302	37	996	93	316	1014	962	991	1082	48	276	68	1051	980	300
Deuel.....	197	171	14	176	26	108	225	184	199	216	14	111	14	220	212	91
Dixon.....	579	577	67	481	79	502	613	488	496	614	72	468	86	604	430	498
Dodge.....	1384	1715	125	532	106	1722	1354	533	546	1359	93	1701	104	1357	529	1754
Douglas.....	9401	9485	286	2598	396	8448	9045	3818	2610	9134	413	9311	384	10258	2496	8070
Dundy.....	340	57	25	385	31	56	386	386	347	347	28	54	28	351	383	52
Fillmore.....	1393	557	103	1234	114	543	1402	1184	1204	1361	98	531	119	1374	1232	518
Franklin.....	568	243	26	740	39	229	552	341	721	549	30	226	37	549	737	227
Franklin.....	631	176	19	869	37	164	644	860	861	646	22	170	34	653	861	155
Frontier.....	863	222	29	955	42	225	841	943	944	853	38	223	40	849	955	227
Gage.....	3120	1633	233	1256	305	1680	3056	1182	1210	3054	248	1630	253	3121	1204	1610
Garfield.....	132	21	5	168	8	20	130	175	174	133	4	19	3	135	177	18
Gosper.....	316	102	11	505	18	105	307	500	517	319	13	101	15	319	513	100
Grant.....	42	30	4	33	4	29	41	35	33	43	2	29	4	41	35	29
Greeley.....	256	296	10	438	12	320	264	410	455	250	9	290	11	258	446	259
Hall.....	1394	955	71	858	86	916	1384	891	882	1401	67	947	87	1429	869	918
Hamilton.....	1168	518	78	1050	90	470	1067	1050	1072	1150	79	529	93	1157	1086	481
Harlan.....	572	147	79	791	83	140	585	799	779	562	82	140	86	578	806	141
Hayes.....	323	180	10	263	18	188	316	242	250	314	10	186	15	327	252	183
Hitchcock.....	447	102	19	626	31	94	418	624	614	433	15	102	25	440	632	90
Hooker.....	10	4	1	33	1	4	10	34	35	10	1	4	1	10	34	4
Holt.....	1101	290	78	952	93	461	870	1036	1072	892	78	417	81	883	1069	432
Howard.....	509	394	32	844	47	399	468	831	823	510	33	387	38	499	852	381
Jefferson.....	1324	715	91	692	107	708	1293	678	657	1283	95	716	98	1300	698	686
Johnson.....	1092	533	79	634	89	557	1071	614	613	1091	84	544	80	1098	609	533
Kearney.....	672	369	76	853	78	249	738	874	872	742	78	237	78	750	876	240
Keya Paha.....	213	116	10	330	12	120	209	324	326	208	12	115	13	202	332	111
Keith.....	185	119	11	224	11	112	176	230	223	184	10	121	10	201	227	104
Kimball.....	66	43	12	78	11	25	89	87	78	96	10	25	10	95	84	19
Knock.....	762	497	78	600	121	448	826	615	615	833	93	464	95	841	594	517
Lancaster.....	5389	1953	474	2911	555	2085	5436	2603	2533	5517	544	2301	715	5442	2508	2026

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER.			ATTORNEY GENERAL.				COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS.			SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.					
	Joseph S. Bartley, R.	Andrew Beckman, D.	Jerry Denslow, P.	Jacob V. Wolfe, P. I.	Martin I. Brower, P.	Mathew Grining, D.	George H. Hastings, R.	Virgil O. Strickler, P. I.	Jacob M. Gunnert, P. I.	A. R. Humphrey, R.	Charles E. Smith, P.	Jacob Wiggins, D.	Bella G. Biegelow, P.	A. K. Goudy, R.	Herman H. Hiatt, P. I.	J. A. Hornberger, D.
Lincoln.....	784	388	64	1078	73	249	784	1160	1091	786	61	335	69	885	1074	236
Logan.....	121	43	2	114	5	43	113	115	109	120	4	39	3	120	114	42
Loup.....	108	19	.....	112	4	21	108	108	108	106	2	18	8	105	112	18
Madison.....	1140	904	95	689	94	969	1064	670	648	1064	83	940	87	937	621	1131
Merrick.....	745	356	106	646	121	339	727	661	642	738	112	351	119	740	651	349
McPherson.....	31	11	2	27	2	12	30	27	25	31	1	13	1	30	26	14
Nance.....	569	118	42	712	85	106	546	717	714	558	39	100	42	558	717	111
Nemaha.....	1124	611	69	955	86	606	1082	960	1023	1091	92	589	82	1136	916	570
Nuckolls.....	944	367	38	1135	56	369	925	1104	1095	918	50	363	55	927	1116	360
Otoe.....	1435	1545	142	1046	169	1625	1397	998	1006	1430	163	1550	145	1410	991	1551
Pawnee.....	1210	384	146	528	154	429	1188	491	498	1191	152	424	148	1219	487	421
Perkins.....	303	145	14	455	24	144	209	432	431	289	19	140	24	297	435	137
Pierce.....	364	468	18	321	19	471	360	313	314	347	25	465	21	347	309	468
Phelps.....	538	320	121	1036	141	161	632	1069	1068	635	134	136	139	641	1066	143
Platte.....	715	1133	58	918	70	1128	719	884	894	722	62	1099	65	716	880	1142
Polk.....	675	202	105	1100	118	174	674	1099	1093	664	105	165	112	675	1107	172
Red Willow.....	768	293	44	705	68	288	753	701	693	730	44	286	65	767	693	282

ABSTRACT OF VOTES.

Richardson.....	1856	1189	99	824	134	1220	1812	797	764	1835	126	1193	104	1866	783	107
Rock.....	334	99	7	170	14	111	322	155	159	326	9	100	13	329	162	1174
Saline.....	1351	940	182	808	203	982	1654	731	777	1348	192	1031	210	1548	788	1044
Sarpy.....	527	619	32	259	43	647	507	238	246	520	45	621	44	523	241	608
Saunders.....	1175	1052	175	1650	203	889	1217	1753	1750	1226	197	864	202	1245	1743	866
Scotts Bluff.....	208	75	10	139	12	76	201	139	141	206	73	11	11	209	138	72
Seward.....	1281	1005	54	978	69	1011	1229	972	966	1253	57	1010	70	1256	981	987
Sheridan.....	578	231	41	902	47	237	574	923	918	590	47	224	48	594	914	226
Sherman.....	416	173	22	646	44	169	395	642	635	405	27	162	30	409	649	160
Sioux.....	130	95	7	176	6	90	125	181	177	126	3	93	11	126	173	89
Stanton.....	326	431	24	225	21	446	328	219	222	333	21	438	23	309	199	478
Thayer.....	1222	680	81	779	87	686	1210	766	748	1201	78	691	79	1216	768	684
Thomas.....	35	35	.....	20	2	35	34	21	18	36	2	36	2	32	20	37
Thurston.....	432	179	18	90	14	163	433	94	99	493	14	159	14	434	95	165
Valley.....	544	177	28	778	40	188	523	760	752	529	38	170	36	529	774	180
Washington.....	984	332	61	478	65	813	978	489	494	997	57	780	67	988	487	785
Wayne.....	603	456	32	411	33	432	616	417	219	617	36	416	34	604	398	459
Webster.....	942	314	58	955	81	299	920	964	986	927	55	301	71	930	960	291
Wheeler.....	107	37	4	145	4	34	109	155	153	109	5	34	9	110	158	34
York.....	1774	474	115	1306	124	471	1765	1308	1323	1745	106	440	145	1760	1302	444
Totals.....	80421	49626	5537	61387	6756	48460	78919	62042	60721	79903	5999	48179	6543	81051	60323	47295

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST.

At the general Election held November 8, 1892, for Members of Congress, in the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Congressional Districts, and For and Against the proposed amendments to the constitution, "adding to the number of executive officers," and "permitting investment of public school money in school district bonds."

COUNTIES.	CONGRESSMAN FOURTH DISTRICT.		CONGRESSMAN FIFTH DISTRICT.			CONGRESSMAN SIXTH DISTRICT.				AMENDMENTS.				TOTAL VOTE.		
	WILLIAM H. DECH. P. I. R.	EUGENE J. HAINER. P.	J. P. KETTLERWELL. P.	VICTOR VIRQUAIN. D.	WILLIAM E. ANDREWS. R.	O. C. HUBBELL. P.	P. I. & D. 1591	ORLANDO R. BEEBE. P.	A. T. GATEWOOD. D.	OMER M. KEM. P. I.	JAMES WHITEHEAD. R.	For	Ag'nt		For	Ag'nt	For	Ag'nt
Adams					1085	103						1294	275	1392	184	3518
Antelope							1591					875	254	1078	116	2095
Banner									28	178	189	196	12	164	14	411
Blaine									7	61	61	51	17	62	10	154
Boone												919	182	1004	125	2200
Boyd									17	324	583	422	35	484	33	1207
Box Rurte									18	536	413	534	129	545	85	1158
Brown									14	308	844	305	44	346	40	801
Buffalo									79	503	1794	1118	1001	1953	307	4516
Butler	928	963	90	1022								851	7	911	185	3291
Burt												1237	115	1259	96	2555
Cass												1648	340	1769	148	4901
Cedar												445	14	559	107	1843

ABSTRACT OF VOTES.

Chase.....	364	24	484	20	235	374	406	352	54	384	25	982
Cheyenne.....	.....	.....	.....	27	190	406	468	415	169	500	69	1178
Cherry.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	468	10	877	69	1192
Clay.....	1595	99	1660	.....	.....	.....	.....	1631	185	1646	184	3652
Colfax.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	344	22	346	73	2248
Cuming.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	820	4	934	141	2860
Custer.....	.....	.....	.....	107	182	2249	1826	2009	532	2252	339	4708
Dakota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	304	.....	342	35	1294
Dawes.....	.....	.....	.....	23	191	690	816	758	133	774	83	1856
Dawson.....	.....	.....	.....	43	211	1072	1103	766	128	808	81	2368
Deuel.....	.....	.....	.....	5	94	224	227	146	.....	177	19	611
Dixon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	617	.....	599	121	1827
Dodge.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1390	.....	284	337	3799
Douglas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10759	1785	11323	1401	23777
Dundy.....	358	20	420	.....	.....	.....	.....	374	92	420	71	853
Filmore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1917	430	1929	381	3500
Franklin.....	584	29	894	.....	.....	.....	.....	811	83	861	67	1612
Frontier.....	687	22	988	.....	.....	.....	.....	831	126	894	70	1752
Furnas.....	882	39	1073	.....	.....	.....	.....	906	165	998	93	2088
Gage.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1465	52	1772	289	6651
Garfield.....	.....	.....	.....	2	10	179	188	151	56	160	45	329
Gosper.....	335	18	584	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	195	476	49	1012
Grant.....	.....	.....	.....	3	27	29	50	23	13	28	4	109
Greeley.....	.....	.....	.....	7	222	490	301	462	66	456	54	1030
Hall.....	1545	69	1627	.....	.....	.....	.....	1144	47	1196	165	3553
Hamilton.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1406	1	1237	184	2841
Harlan.....	635	65	887	.....	.....	.....	.....	607	120	700	68	1672
Hayes.....	349	11	393	.....	.....	.....	.....	396	58	425	41	806
Hitchcock.....	459	18	712	.....	.....	.....	.....	560	45	600	32	1240
Hooker.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	34	12	20	2	23	2	49
Holt.....	.....	.....	.....	65	276	1168	909	1134	221	1217	146	2643
Howard.....	.....	.....	.....	20	349	896	501	541	4	561	71	1883
Jefferson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1126	173	1211	132	3053
Johnson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1260	234	1076	130	2477
Kearney.....	836	56	1025	.....	.....	.....	.....	538	77	707	88	2077
Keya Paha.....	.....	.....	.....	11	96	347	207	323	47	307	22	670
Keith.....	.....	.....	.....	8	96	245	186	260	25	201	16	583
Kimball.....	.....	.....	.....	6	22	92	96	88	8	86	5	238
Knox.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	641	9	753	116	2116
Lancaster.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3939	699	4410	586	11309

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST.

At the General Election held November 8, 1892, for Members of Congress, in the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Congressional Districts, and For and Against the proposed amendments to the constitution, "adding to the number of executive officers" and "permitting investment of public school money in school district bonds."

COUNTIES.	CONGRESSMAN FOURTH DISTRICT.			CONGRESSMAN FIFTH DISTRICT.			CONGRESSMAN SIXTH DISTRICT.				AMENDMENTS.				TOTAL VOTE.
	P. I.	R.	D.	R.	P.	P. I. & D.	P.	D.	P. I.	R.	For	Ag'nst	For	Ag'nst	
Lincoln	56	191	1137	876	770	290	938	144	2489
Logan	8	34	117	123	124	25	135	12	295
Loup	1	17	120	107	92	18	98	11	255
Madison	1119	397	1136	176	2853
Merrick	878	119	919	93	2005
McPherson	1	12	26	82	34	5	30	7	74
Nance	356	60	478	60	1557
Nemaha	1507	222	1684	159	2947
Nuckolls	1346	.....	.....	.....	.....	1139	303	1041	115	2607
Otoe	1230	445	1287	402	4518
Pawnee	706	224	810	149	2423
Perkins	453	55	457	52	899
Pierce	353	17	.....	.....	451	99	427	61	1203

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

November 8, 1892, for Members of Congress, in the following Districts recently demarcated:

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	WILLIAM J. BRYAN.	ALLEN W. FIELD.	R. W. MAXWELL.	JEROME SHAMP.
Cass	2201	1994	84	226
Johnson	914	1112	64	254
Lancaster	4700	5010	355	650
Nemaha	1355	1089	46	315
Otoe	1808	1493	114	693
Pawnee	904	1135	121	117
Richardson	1902	1811	79	154
Totals	13784	13644	863	2409

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	GEO. W. DOANE.	DAVID H. MERCER.	R. W. RICH- ARDSON.	ROBT. L. WHEELER.
Douglas.....	8892	9953	283	2440
Sarpy.....	647	533	28	240
Washington.....	849	1002	51	472
Totals.....	10388	11488	362	3152

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	GEO. F. KEIPER.	GEO. D. MEIKLE- JOHN.	W. A. POYNTER.	F. P. WIGTON.
Antelope.....	248	787	922	95
Boone.....	255	837	978	35
Burt.....	833	1219	770	72
Cedar.....	655	649	474	35
Colfax.....	757	572	542	129
Cuming.....	1197	890	329	43
Dakota.....	500	444	183	12
Dixon.....	496	604	458	73
Dodge.....	1721	1453	523	82
Knox.....	510	859	598	79
Madison.....	983	1090	634	95
Merrick.....	407	779	618	87
Nance.....	83	652	716	21
Pierce.....	508	371	293	15
Platte.....	942	982	896	46
Stanton.....	435	345	213	14
Thurston.....	133	494	86	7
Wayne.....	467	603	403	27
Totals.....	10630	13635	9636	867

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska, on the 3d day of November, A. D., 1891, for Judge of the Supreme Court, and Regents of the University.

COUNTIES.	JUDGE SUPREME COURT.				REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY.						
	ALFRED M. POST, R.	JOSEPH W. EDGERTON, I.	A. M. BITTENBENDER, P.	SCATTERING.	CHARLES MARPLE, R.	H. P. SHUMWAY, R.	A. D'ALLEMAND I.	E. A. HADLEY I.	WILLIAM GORST, P.	C. M. WOODWARD, P.	SCATTERING.
Adams	1253	1240	137		1204	1104	1158	1187	149	181	
Antelope	956	659	73		588	589	891	885	191	92	
Banner	146	173	22		129	132	177	171	17	23	
Blaine	78	90	17		71	68	74	84	21	16	
Boone	729	862	77		697	678	865	894	68	71	
Boyd	521	223	89		363	359	291	237	122	73	
Box Bute	439	489	41		388	363	463	461	63	54	
Brown	297	329	30		299	293	271	283	40	45	
Buffalo	1499	1633	134		1329	1213	1583	1555	141	208	
Butler	1150	1123	106	1	934	910	934	1042	136	141	
Burt	830	894	121	2	799	817	807	802	128	104	5
Cass	1956	1307	156		1802	1673	1147	1119	131	185	
Cedar	453	694	40		375	443	627	657	58	44	
Chase	277	368	27		256	253	358	358	37	40	
Cheyenne	403	379	47		362	356	325	349	47	45	
Cherry	429	512	43		382	362	418	414	40	48	197
Clay	1097	1360	113		1012	1007	1293	1291	132	141	
Colfax	866	675	41		646	625	592	594	68	71	
Cuming	963	567	67		842	822	536	443	123	76	
Custer	1485	1869	160		1408	1313	1619	1961	145	154	
Dakota	408	540	45		352	394	457	470	45	33	
Dawes	778	637	76		688	702	595	593	109	123	
Dawson	890	968	49		824	794	904	946	60	62	
Deuel	237	239	33		214	196	195	248	43	48	
Dixon	569	637	119		474	572	534	598	103	79	
Dodge	1638	1023	161	4	1436	1350	914	971	179	165	
Douglas	12317	5739	364		11564	10049	3766	4015	580	799	
Dundy	325	333	36		309	299	358	350	37	38	
Filmore	1064	1386	121		992	961	1342	1356	143	173	
Franklin	549	661	49		539	510	668	655	45	58	
Frontier	449	754	33		438	418	821	764	24	33	
Furnas	524	847	46		489	464	927	845	57	60	
Gage	2640	1833	328		2394	2301	1798	1842	302	425	
Garfield	144	168	8		131	127	163	171	7	8	
Gosper	143	369	22		120	115	375	353	15	25	
Grant	40	61	6		39	37	58	48	4	10	
Greeley	344	549	30		226	195	627	728	19	34	
Hall	1379	1135	94	1	1224	1178	1082	1197	104	184	
Hamilton	1015	1076	118		913	860	1048	1061	127	137	2
Harlan	431	757	76		391	383	753	729	99	111	
Hayes	314	310	24		322	300	295	289	29	25	
Hitchcock	354	630	25		320	310	525	538	37	27	
Hooker	15	38	8		16	15	47	43	4	4	
Holt	152	127	106		1017	991	1156	1198	156	142	
Howard	528	950	54		491	458	900	975	58	68	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—*Concluded.*

COUNTIES.	JUDGE SUPREME COURT.				REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY						
	ALFRED M. POST.	JOSEPH W. EDGERTON, I.	A. M. BITTENBENDER, P.	SCATTERING.	CHARLES MARPLE, R.	H. P. SHUMWAY, R.	A. W. ALLEMAND.	E. A. HADLEY, I.	WILLIAM GORST, P.	C. M. WOODWARD, P.	SCATTERING.
Jefferson.....	1002	1012	145	...	885	821	912	975	131	150	...
Johnson.....	892	733	140	...	772	783	752	753	121	159	11
Kearney.....	715	843	110	...	643	611	785	814	105	117	...
Keya Paha.....	255	377	20	...	265	256	553	371	25	21	...
Keith.....	138	228	...	...	168	147	247	257	...	...	...
Kimball.....	106	63	16	...	93	91	54	52	22	19	3
Knox.....	657	781	96	...	625	633	735	735	104	97	...
Lancaster.....	4269	3158	514	...	3882	3940	3044	3016	578	705	...
Lincoln.....	802	879	62	...	773	758	932	921	87	94	...
Logan.....	116	133	4	...	108	105	120	122	6	6	...
Loup.....	103	108	11	...	90	89	106	119	12	12	...
Madison.....	1107	1006	123	...	991	942	897	910	163	113	...
Merrick.....	707	747	86	...	537	514	634	639	97	107	366
McPherson.....	25	43	...	...	23	22	41	36	4	2	8
Nance.....	489	621	39	...	433	439	629	637	60	56	...
Nemaha.....	949	904	126	...	883	868	951	963	140	148	...
Nuckolls.....	577	914	63	...	599	578	988	999	79	78	...
Otoe.....	1361	1399	188	...	1258	1135	1271	1255	185	173	...
Pawnee.....	1004	696	133	...	1029	991	658	133	645	147	1
Perkins.....	263	444	21	...	206	211	408	428	39	38	2
Pierce.....	346	531	33	...	212	228	319	308	42	36	...
Phelps.....	396	813	108	...	384	361	853	842	159	140	556
Platte.....	1448	1154	68	...	911	878	1220	1259	107	136	...
Polk.....	507	111	92	...	415	382	997	1029	85	95	...
Red Willow.....	756	705	62	...	632	599	688	680	65	68	...
Richards.....	1468	1249	150	...	1430	1408	1109	1172	136	133	...
Rock.....	291	206	32	...	301	5	221	216	75	74	...
Saline.....	1466	1417	221	...	1191	1105	1365	1388	219	234	...
Sarpy.....	528	520	65	...	493	438	445	452	82	57	...
Saunders.....	1506	2006	183	...	1458	1396	1767	1763	209	209	...
Scott's Bluff.....	213	153	18	...	194	191	144	133	21	24	...
Seward.....	1196	1223	88	...	1148	1099	1127	1165	97	184	...
Sheridan.....	618	968	112	...	555	562	910	945	107	112	...
Sherman.....	314	593	24	...	280	244	584	583	35	51	...
Sioux.....	152	222	24	...	147	143	190	187	26	24	...
Stanton.....	457	322	46	...	408	379	294	318	8	8	...
Thayer.....	955	1027	90	...	972	910	962	965	79	108	...
Thomas.....	60	39	8	...	45	44	41	36	10	13	...
Thurston.....	282	162	25	...	280	275	132	135	27	27	...
Valley.....	463	676	52	...	493	453	665	690	48	68	...
Washington.....	925	710	118	...	814	816	682	704	156	138	...
Wayne.....	442	407	62	...	352	416	394	389	165	61	...
Webster.....	730	981	89	...	704	702	993	918	75	105	...
Wheeler.....	138	157	6	...	128	129	146	148	8	2	52
York.....	1517	1422	113	...	1490	1450	1423	1422	110	145	...
Totals.....	76447	72311	7322	8	69507	65932	66924	67690	8997	9177	1203

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST.

At the General election in the State of Nebraska on November 4th, 1890, for and against the amendment to prohibit the sale of malt, spirituous, and vinous liquors; for and against an amendment increasing the number of Judges of the Supreme Court; and for and against an amendment increasing the salaries of Judges of the Supreme and District Courts, with the total vote cast in the state.

COUNTIES	FOR PROHIBITION	AGAINST PROHIBITION	FOR LICENSE	AGAINST LICENSE	FOR JUDGES	AGAINST JUDGES	FOR SALARY	AGAINST SALARY	TOTAL VOTE
Adams	1708	1777	622	1821	1100	919	1009	922	3790
Antelope	1030	876	617	1082	272	975	125	1044	2187
Banner	167	157	132	153	93	116	80	118	419
Blaine	95	118	54	82	70	26	57	27	246
Boone	990	758	542	945	432	956	335	964	1923
Box Butte	486	677	574	500	594	290	510	343	1471
Brown	517	339	117	43	283	366	257	383	964
Buffalo	2209	1885	1475	2433	1564	1743	1320	1928	4572
Butler	1377	1781	904	1367	979	1634	320	1935	3391
Burt	1464	857	465	1527	1122	360	655	649	2638
Cass	1741	2800	1545	2886	2114	640	1108	1019	5145
Cedar	463	798	203	418	395	380	312	420	1469
Chase	427	265	181	320	276	215	181	246	868
Cheyenne	300	628	228	280	497	64	436	56	1029
Cherry	434	666	240	391	614	145	496	151	1246
Clay	1947	1206	861	1965	843	480	301	938	3569
Colfax	574	1491	239	1640	1240	207	811	302	2214
Cuming	467	2174	324	438	1379	693	1278	740	2785
Custer	2193	2048	1790	2117	1125	1728	766	2101	4460
Dakota	365	784	295	312	731	87	641	88	1284
Dawes	822	558	795	844	96	297	658	571	1893
Dawson	1206	846	627	1321	669	967	665	967	2371
Deuel	178	217	171	206	260	96	165	109	552
Dixon	872	645	544	848	719	286	564	380	1693
Dodge	1401	2610	1412	1515	2755	468	2308	539	4394
Douglas	1555	23918	22786	1940	23458	97	22350	117	26263
Dundy	443	198	156	300	137	100	221	.....	828
Filmore	1683	1554	978	1586	1560	393	1151	414	3589
Franklin	903	586	457	853	144	644	78	649	1640
Frontier	923	701	619	826	287	702	146	690	1713
Furnas	963	718	503	999	466	645	213	697	1860
Gage	3383	3102	1556	3459	2296	1424	2016	1497	7004
Garfield	180	152	103	198	60	231	40	239	397
Gosper	371	404	224	532	254	446	110	528	957
Grant	54	78	62	25	65	46	38	50	161
Greeley	285	701	186	540	254	445	173	455	1075
Hall	889	2950	340	3499	715	3124	674	3165	3839
Hamilton	1239	1381	773	1465	574	1217	344	1317	2955
Harlan	965	478	306	908	205	512	133	471	1580
Hayes	337	367	233	431	85	600	58	662	873
Hitchcock	570	465	309	554	410	184	211	208	1129
Hooker	20	40	33	25	41	18	12	44	73
Holt	1361	1093	888	1475	898	601	783	663	2969
Howard	779	1038	422	1013	309	667	165	701	1991
Jefferson	1367	1501	1077	1462	885	762	605	968	3097
Johnson	1372	1047	855	1424	213	806	158	1853	2528
Kearney	1079	868	590	1289	297	1407	158	1533	2092
Keya Paha	409	361	247	455	160	422	137	433	850

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—*Concluded.*

COUNTIES	FOR PROHIBITION	AGAINST PROHIBITION	FOR LICENSE	AGAINST LICENSE	FOR JUDGES	AGAINST JUDGES	FOR SALARY	AGAINST SALARY	TOTAL VOTE
Keith.....	173	210	114	253	240	96	192	89	478
Kimball.....	95	65	36	87	136	28	124	31	204
Knox.....	815	997	767	877	1156	298	876	365	2138
Lancaster.....	4561	5215	4306	4851	6537	1148	6069	1226	11448
Lincoln.....	901	956	402	1362	1242	498	842	669	2234
Logan.....	178	94	80	181	167	78	111	121	298
Loup.....	117	133	70	165	37	162	22	182	310
Madison.....	1039	1762	853	891	1075	881	953	899	3006
Merrick.....	987	740	508	1012	552	619	454	639	2010
McPherson.....	15	20	24	12	28	.....	20	.....	49
Nance.....	614	630	556	612	549	241	298	303	1378
Nemaha.....	1397	1389	900	1550	208	1851	150	1913	3098
Nuckolls.....	1478	792	367	1593	579	836	432	975	2471
Otoe.....	1402	2983	2511	1493	1709	1402	1489	1523	4798
Pawnee.....	1482	731	611	1350	382	1085	164	1288	2410
Perkins.....	516	305	255	466	320	138	174	157	895
Pierce.....	333	713	337	564	364	277	300	307	1160
Phelps.....	1610	426	339	1533	365	1169	314	1204	2180
Platte.....	792	2300	111	272	1593	614	1102	759	3304
Polk.....	1311	678	540	1307	370	270	282	227	2250
Red Willow.....	693	893	668	738	828	209	321	320	1748
Richardson.....	1596	2049	1619	1526	600	1178	455	1159	4071
Rock.....	348	274	188	308	215	297	128	338	666
Saline.....	2051	2119	1840	2305	1690	911	774	1359	4557
Sarpy.....	366	1220	615	451	819	182	725	215	1752
Saunders.....	1955	2556	2021	2062	1449	1120	944	1766	4896
Scotts Bluff.....	171	130	118	161	237	55	147	96	413
Seward.....	1571	723	836	1840	898	1218	418	1416	3700
Sheridan.....	1029	774	612	1030	482	692	284	791	2019
Sherman.....	508	704	469	637	211	733	112	760	1300
Sioux.....	142	256	137	145	164	143	106	171	455
Stanton.....	249	398	172	386	560	115	462	139	1044
Thayer.....	1197	1340	653	1247	1024	354	620	380	2795
Thomas.....	73	47	45	68	60	35	45	40	131
Thurston.....	291	331	373	181	616	7	596	13	687
Valley.....	768	626	571	772	627	582	358	720	1515
Washington.....	1026	1378	686	1284	1271	180	1102	185	2794
Wayne.....	512	669	222	544	533	412	431	479	1359
Webster.....	1252	757	470	1413	296	1469	190	1540	2370
Wheeler.....	161	178	137	149	96	142	56	150	396
York.....	1954	1510	1213	2100	1263	1637	593	2251	8829
Totals.....	82292	111728	75462	91084	86418	53022	69192	61519	214861

POPULAR VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

1894—Silas A. Holcomb.....	97,815	
T. J. Majors.....	94,613	
E. A. Gerrard	4,439	
P. D. Sturdevant.....	6,985	—203,852
1896—Silas A. Holcomb.....	116,415	
John H. McColl.....	94,723	
Robert S. Bibb.....	3,577	
Joel Warner.....	1,560	
Chas. Sadilek.....	578	—217,853

POPULAR VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

1894—Jesse B. Strode, 1st District.....	18,185	
A. H. Weir, ".....	12,730	
R. A. Hawley, ".....	1,078	— 31,993
David H. Mercer, 2d District.....	12,946	
D. Clem. Deaver, ".....	3,962	
James E. Boyd, ".....	8,165	
Geo. D. Woodbey, ".....	393	— 25,466
Geo. D. Melklejohn, 3d District.....	16,513	
J. M. Devine, ".....	11,738	
W. A. Hensley, ".....	8,019	
J. C. Thomas, ".....	861	— 37,131
Eugene J. Hainer, 4th District.....	19,493	
W. L. Stark, ".....	15,542	
S. S. Alley, ".....	2,763	
Mrs. C. M. Woodward, ".....	905	— 38,703
William E. Andrews, 5th District.....	16,310	
W. A. McKeigan ".....	15,450	
Thomas F. Ashby, ".....	875	
O. C. Hubbell, ".....	651	— 33,286
Omer M. Kem, 6th District.....	17,077	
Matt. Dougherty, ".....	14,676	
William Bone, ".....	891	— 32,644
1896—Jefferson H. Broady, 1st District.....	17,137	
Jesse B. Strode ".....	17,356	
George E. Hampton, ".....	218	
Charles E. Smith, ".....	429	— 35,140
David H. Mercer, 2d District.....	14,861	
Edward R. Daffie, ".....	13,286	
Charles Watts, ".....	202	
George W. Woodbey, ".....	59	— 28,408
Samuel Maxwell, 3d District.....	23,487	
Ross L. Hammond, ".....	18,633	
C. M. Griffith, ".....	254	
David Brown, ".....	521	— 42,895
Wm. L. Stark, 4th District.....	20,515	
Eugene J. Hainer ".....	18,844	
B. Spurlock, ".....	425	
R. E. Dunphy, ".....	697	
W. H. Dech, ".....	114	— 40,595
R. D. Sutherland, 5th District.....	18,332	
W. E. Andrews, ".....	15,621	
R. S. Proudft, ".....	453	
C. W. Preston, ".....	266	
J. S. Miller, ".....	153	— 34,805
W. L. Green, 6th District.....	19,378	
A. E. Cody, ".....	14,841	
A. D. George, ".....	436	
A. C. Sloan, ".....	119	— 34,674

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska, on the Seventh day of November, A. D. 1893, for Judges of the Supreme Court, and Regents of the University.

COUNTIES.	JUDGE SUPREME COURT					REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY								REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY, TO FILL VACANCY			
	ADA M. BITTENBENDER, P	THOS. O. C. HARRISON, R.	SILAS A. HOLCOMB, P. I.	FRANK IRVINE, D.	SCATTERING.	MILTON H. DOOLITTLE, D.	HENRY D. ESTABROOK, R.	E. L. HEATH, P. I.	A. A. MONROE, P. I.	JAMES M. PILE, D.	A. E. RICKER, P.	MRS. C. H. WALKER, P	CHARLES WESTON, R.	C. L. BRAINARD, P. I.	JOHN P. HEALD, P.	CHAS. W. KALEY, R.	CHARLES KLOMAN, D.
Adams.....	129	1316	1074	525	.....	589	1386	982	1015	552	122	127	1244	971	145	1348	567
Antelope.....	93	615	925	177	.....	217	689	878	809	192	91	92	625	785	95	637	195
Banner.....	18	159	156	59	.....	73	179	141	137	55	13	12	162	131	17	167	73
Blaine.....	2	108	20	19	.....	50	60	23	28	34	9	6	56	17	9	56	41
Boone.....	58	776	965	203	.....	242	829	926	916	218	71	62	788	881	78	810	225
Box Butte.....	25	298	533	134	.....	212	315	538	501	154	34	28	286	499	82	232	215
Boyd.....	41	410	366	223	.....	316	398	328	323	232	19	22	279	328	32	383	261
Brown.....	17	301	344	130	.....	144	324	313	304	115	15	19	303	286	16	297	122
Buffalo.....	86	1622	1873	309	.....	456	1721	1672	1647	369	91	95	1614	1666	87	1650	427
Burt.....	86	853	807	282	.....	272	963	603	588	254	56	71	867	600	94	696	239
Butler.....	98	927	1194	826	.....	1105	1015	808	719	976	83	124	940	806	119	942	1020
Cass.....	109	1874	951	816	.....	1350	1878	581	592	1286	107	97	1809	412	122	1870	1270
Cedar.....	40	603	523	657	.....	732	661	393	395	725	57	62	578	395	40	617	676
Chase.....	29	309	365	120	.....	140	309	351	348	126	21	23	295	369	22	288	131
Cherry.....	24	315	505	160	.....	171	348	461	461	165	17	17	338	490	27	333	170

Cheyenne.....	37	330	470	199	278	376	327	300	259	117	50	298	292	52	337	251
Clay.....	91	1291	1340	323	367	1397	1202	1199	344	85	99	1311	1210	108	1332	343
Colfax.....	50	514	633	678	790	562	443	442	692	44	39	505	401	48	472	609
Cumling.....	41	638	425	1065	1231	804	239	239	1205	63	51	745	245	52	770	1193
Custer.....	211	1273	2356	181	288	1326	2058	2017	248	179	173	961	1922	250	1262	856
Dakota.....	22	374	1352	730	769	406	131	125	765	19	17	374	127	28	383	755
Dawes.....	33	660	632	281	304	636	536	464	278	37	32	735	447	48	674	303
Dawson.....	56	1007	1174	179	236	1094	1037	1022	202	45	50	1048	1031	71	1050	207
Deuel.....	16	236	280	115	157	264	177	212	137	18	21	242	203	30	182	102
Dixon.....	97	605	585	483	692	692	451	452	511	76	70	589	448	77	612	453
Dodge.....	84	1115	1147	1077	1504	1299	462	471	1509	72	104	1192	473	87	1294	1487
Douglas.....	335	8064	3375	8275	7020	10857	1807	3123	6815	341	510	7895	2191	513	8969	7792
Dundy.....	27	338	385	43	51	355	360	363	43	26	24	344	364	16	848	42
Fillmore.....	103	1268	1314	318	415	1350	1149	1015	358	104	97	1276	1112	127	1297	867
Franklin.....	85	541	768	236	327	565	675	671	278	39	50	516	512	49	532	274
Frontier.....	33	619	829	195	266	697	825	821	189	27	26	664	863	46	683	210
Furnas.....	67	837	1033	198	209	912	957	925	292	46	55	821	57	49	898	215
Gage.....	288	2437	1309	801	919	2490	1064	998	913	262	295	2246	1026	287	2476	939
Garfield.....	6	140	167	12	124	137	155	149	22	7	6	133	155	9	147	17
Gosper.....	19	288	549	62	76	315	540	530	59	20	22	301	517	19	311	66
Grant.....	7	40	57	26	35	42	48	44	33	3	3	36	51	4	39	38
Greeley.....	15	334	481	253	335	286	455	441	303	10	18	246	371	18	266	321
Hall.....	71	1761	722	383	748	1297	684	669	716	81	87	1184	675	101	1238	719
Hamilton.....	75	1120	1193	271	349	1183	998	901	374	78	77	1054	989	98	1180	882
Harlan.....	90	596	800	139	159	619	765	731	132	171	92	541	723	98	575	146
Hayes.....	22	335	212	164	159	352	246	253	158	13	16	331	244	17	340	172
Hitchcock.....	27	509	621	88	97	551	603	607	87	23	19	501	594	64	531	109
Holt.....	115	828	1202	341	712	779	1136	1089	337	97	109	726	1035	122	755	349
Hooker.....	1	20	24	14	12	14	23	23	11	1	1	13	24	1	15	13
Howard.....	37	607	794	213	337	521	825	801	315	34	40	464	784	44	429	312
Jefferson.....	128	1159	601	560	658	1261	511	490	582	104	98	1149	481	109	1190	607
Johnson.....	107	1031	597	490	475	1084	555	545	453	102	88	951	570	106	1045	498
Kearney.....	121	666	864	187	213	715	794	779	208	115	99	679	744	113	694	207
Keith.....	13	165	248	87	84	181	224	212	86	24	14	161	225	13	188	88
Keya Paha.....	14	152	333	80	89	169	344	344	86	9	9	166	342	10	154	85
Kimball.....	29	80	56	21	29	76	46	41	27	16	8	64	46	11	72	35
Knox.....	144	850	783	492	518	976	697	659	533	99	95	948	627	80	739	450
Lancaster.....	548	4937	2551	1310	1767	4849	2021	1870	1611	567	580	4485	1933	603	4768	1724
Lincoln.....	67	860	1097	251	180	954	1091	1038	151	93	79	832	1092	80	946	191

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES.	JUDGE SUPREME COURT						REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY								REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY, TO FILL VACANCY			
	ADA M. BITTENBENDER, P	THOS. O. C. HARRISON, R.	SILAS A. HOLCOMB, P. I.	FRANK IRVINE, D.	SCATTERING.	MILTON H. DOOLITTLE, D.	HENRY D. ESTABROOK, R.	E. L. HEATH, P. I.	A. A. MONROE, P. I.	JAMES M. PILE, D.	A. E. RICKER, P.	MRS. C. H. WALKER, P.	CHARLES WESTON, R.	C. L. BRAINARD, P. I.	JOHN P. HEALD, P.	CHAS. W. KALEY, R.	CHARLES KIOMAN, D.	
Logan.....	3	88	125	26	.....	37	97	99	97	36	2	1	95	87	5	95	38
Loup.....	8	108	118	10	.....	18	97	116	114	11	3	4	89	112	3	96	15
Madison.....	83	1124	881	824	.....	1069	1190	530	508	1045	76	95	1094	528	96	1055	924
McPherson.....	1	31	51	12	.....	13	32	44	42	14	1	2	32	49	2	33	14
Merrick.....	91	543	569	234	1	291	525	477	442	268	104	96	586	447	110	586	286	
Nance.....	32	563	660	129	.....	123	623	647	627	119	34	85	546	667	40	603	127
Nemaha.....	92	852	977	415	.....	497	923	837	800	464	65	72	810	842	72	944	533
Nuckolls.....	67	940	995	242	.....	302	967	972	940	319	43	52	925	977	61	1032	325
Otoe.....	142	1357	1078	1222	.....	1262	1374	874	863	1211	130	153	1260	892	154	1354	1323
Pawnee.....	114	1130	552	268	.....	356	1121	466	387	289	102	95	1049	400	138	1014	267
Peckins.....	28	212	495	113	.....	129	239	453	444	118	25	23	217	451	33	229	117
Pierce.....	17	353	392	360	.....	410	361	339	327	387	15	15	313	337	26	314	361
Platte.....	89	690	869	1030	.....	1200	678	773	753	1150	74	81	563	703	90	607	1144
Polk.....	116	612	1117	181	.....	190	658	1028	1025	170	103	107	626	1002	154	618	177
Red Willow.....	51	676	712	268	.....	185	720	681	672	173	66	50	688	658	57	702	184
Richardson.....	105	1446	676	796	.....	1055	1664	484	456	996	84	85	1502	431	95	1501	1015
Rock.....	17	224	212	108	.....	133	264	158	148	114	15	17	243	145	14	247	86

Saline.....	138	1352	948	646	877	1475	675	354	778	145	140	1340	609	151	1369	783	
Sarpy.....	63	282	591	438	539	494	214	286	519	57	60	409	242	71	456	564	
Saunders.....	171	1178	1744	639	764	1325	1610	1507	660	160	142	1169	1388	229	1048	598	
Scott's Bluff.....	21	151	152	77	82	194	115	108	69	14	13	184	98	13	192	77	
Seward.....	65	1200	940	744	835	1241	789	764	824	46	50	1154	773	49	1236	859	
Sheridan.....	64	429	931	193	208	471	857	789	169	54	77	583	823	30	369	157	
Sherman.....	27	298	767	52	91	366	655	637	73	23	24	329	628	32	351	78	
Sioux.....	14	115	203	89	101	120	198	180	84	9	14	113	190	10	112	92	
Stanton.....	28	408	253	425	438	451	172	167	456	23	39	360	178	17	451	472	
Thayer.....	84	1131	646	683	830	1209	480	480	798	69	73	1150	445	78	1192	797	
Thomas.....	2	56	26	33	48	48	16	14	49	2	2	41	11	8	43	50	
Thurston.....	16	315	120	239	283	322	78	119	278	13	11	294	77	29	307	275	
Valley.....	36	698	684	114	137	547	725	690	129	32	27	484	698	42	539	154	
Washington.....	83	688	484	562	618	841	357	362	607	68	80	749	308	82	782	575	
Wayne.....	39	511	341	365	379	558	246	214	533	28	25	65	261	41	483	40	
Webster.....	77	868	962	237	274	902	884	846	261	63	68	819	831	62	1061	228	
Wheeler.....	4	111	137	22	27	96	147	149	25	7	6	94	147	6	95	23	
York.....	106	1628	1455	284	364	1739	1220	1157	353	83	89	1621	1226	101	1718	359	
Totals.....	6357	72032	65666	37545	6	43069	78079	55016	54547	40355	6075	6206	68787	53321	6927	73119	41279

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska, on the Sixth day of November, A. D. 1894, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, and Auditor of Public Accounts.

COUNTIES	GOVERNOR				LIEUT. GOVERNOR				SECRETARY OF STATE				AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS				
	E. A. GERHARD, P.	SILAS A. HOLCOMB, D. P. I.	THOMAS J. MAJORS, R.	PHILIPS D. STURDEVANT, S. D.	BELLE G. BIGELOW, P.	RODNEY E. DUNPHY, S. D.	JAMES N. GAFFIN, D. P. I.	ROBERT E. MOORE, R.	FRANCIS I. ELICK, D.	L. HOMPER, P.	H. W. MCFADDEN, P. I.	JOEL A. PIPER, R.	D. FOREST P. ROLFE, S. D.	OTTO BAUMAN, S. D.	EUGENE MOORE, R.	LEW. J. SMITH, P.	JOHN W. WILSON, P. I.
Adams.....	91	1658	1856	67	126	130	1539	1864	152	120	1440	1818	88	143	1847	131	1445
Anetlope.....	61	1164	872	51	79	80	1089	906	75	71	1007	889	62	108	916	72	989
Banner.....	5	161	175	18	5	25	141	189	15	4	134	173	21	29	173	9	138
Blaine.....	6	62	65	9	6	16	56	65	10	5	55	65	11	15	68	8	52
Boone.....	58	1125	974	65	61	116	1065	988	89	61	1013	999	78	140	1010	67	1005
Box Butte.....	11	621	541	48	20	95	538	545	62	20	507	523	80	126	534	26	507
Boyd.....	26	616	443	49	31	69	556	471	59	31	541	463	30	83	479	31	529
Brown.....	14	357	404	27	15	48	325	404	36	12	298	400	42	73	400	13	304
Buffalo.....	45	2085	1798	59	66	98	1940	1833	155	54	1782	1825	114	195	1844	53	1874
Burt.....	60	1064	1148	23	61	69	979	1249	111	68	757	1275	55	164	1253	72	794
Butler.....	92	1903	1252	87	101	187	1744	1279	454	99	1326	1276	122	358	1306	130	1480
Cass.....	106	1884	2373	140	130	337	1655	2472	416	110	1373	2526	235	411	2555	152	1558

Cedar.....	47	984	804	145	36	194	837	851	331	35	628	839	142	274	862	39	778
Chase.....	4	233	309	29	12	52	218	277	34	7	186	304	35	301	301	7	202
Cherry.....	24	700	508	34	23	53	664	516	71	19	617	509	41	65	506	29	643
Cheyenne.....	24	468	379	41	24	65	366	433	56	23	305	418	74	92	422	24	324
Clay.....	72	1637	713	65	81	147	1501	1740	147	80	1385	1725	110	187	1732	92	1436
Colfax.....	37	1088	714	184	40	1359	897	716	430	39	672	685	129	471	771	56	743
Cumling.....	35	1410	968	158	42	272	1167	1087	735	50	428	1048	256	650	1133	50	699
Custer.....	76	1935	1415	38	120	120	1746	1428	81	104	1684	1448	80	139	1449	118	1688
Dakota.....	24	559	561	116	31	177	500	524	281	30	276	503	129	272	567	27	344
Dawes.....	14	945	777	73	18	146	809	801	110	18	734	798	97	158	786	37	778
Dawson.....	37	1178	998	37	50	76	1024	1075	64	34	1004	1071	58	91	1067	53	1000
Deuel.....	13	367	222	16	19	63	261	251	270	20	197	280	26	75	281	8	226
Dixon.....	59	950	747	159	61	248	801	787	270	67	684	775	123	276	846	61	672
Dodge.....	102	2143	1725	138	104	343	1856	1841	1189	94	814	1786	216	768	1902	114	1249
Douglas.....	252	10194	10642	608	329	2055	7367	11520	4312	335	3917	11372	1114	3059	11372	387	5813
Dundy.....	4	273	286	11	7	21	261	281	12	6	251	279	16	21	283	12	249
Fillmore.....	73	1660	1647	98	76	171	1510	1692	115	71	1448	1657	111	190	1703	94	1417
Franklin.....	26	906	810	43	36	65	847	810	70	36	798	815	51	94	808	38	822
Frontier.....	19	865	735	31	23	69	829	723	49	15	785	753	46	90	747	27	766
Furnas.....	34	1107	1141	60	44	74	1061	1162	43	87	1078	1114	61	107	1145	51	1021
Gage.....	174	2111	3589	480	212	727	1717	3600	390	223	1515	3576	352	829	3588	248	1562
Garfield.....	5	167	166	6	5	10	153	173	7	5	149	179	5	6	180	5	147
Gosper.....	14	605	363	27	13	45	569	373	25	13	570	362	26	47	356	22	564
Grant.....	3	109	70	6	5	15	87	73	13	5	76	73	11	18	74	6	73
Greeley.....	11	641	300	26	14	72	602	306	87	11	525	311	51	94	326	13	549
Hall.....	63	1548	1561	65	46	168	1269	1532	209	61	1160	1662	100	229	1668	75	1222
Hamilton.....	57	1390	1270	48	67	68	1283	1307	77	62	1213	1301	63	97	1300	67	1228
Harlan.....	70	936	820	23	88	49	873	880	33	67	822	911	19	70	838	86	840
Hayes.....	6	257	305	37	5	40	243	317	24	5	226	312	36	53	314	14	216
Hitchcock.....	12	556	474	19	12	41	529	480	19	8	122	478	33	47	473	14	517
Holt.....	87	1301	976	105	88	160	1236	965	104	87	1196	943	103	186	956	95	1200
Hooker.....	3	28	28	7	3	5	30	30	2	3	28	27	5	5	30	2	29
Howard.....	33	1063	673	51	24	115	997	697	130	80	927	658	73	173	679	30	933
Jefferson.....	72	1131	1700	178	85	289	992	1697	188	81	837	1676	199	338	1708	81	885
Johnson.....	62	982	1404	80	64	896	1381	1381	187	78	738	1369	101	243	1381	96	771
Kearney.....	59	1040	925	53	77	96	949	962	54	59	923	950	76	114	949	69	919
Keith.....	6	259	190	7	8	24	265	199	22	9	244	193	21	18	178	8	296
Keya Paha.....	16	357	223	29	14	36	342	238	21	19	338	221	28	44	230	16	339
Kimball.....	8	94	82	4	3	10	80	94	3	3	82	92	4	8	94	6	77

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	GOVERNOR			LIEUT. GOVERNOR			SECRETARY OF STATE					AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS					
	E. A. GERHARD, P.	Silas A. HOLCOMB, D. P. I.	THOMAS T. MAJORS, R.	PHILIPS D. STURDEVANT, S. D.	BELLE G. BIRGLOW, P.	RODNEY R. DUNPHY, S. D.	JAMES N. GAFFIN, D. P. I.	ROBERT E. MOORE, R.	FRANCIS I. ELLICK, D.	L. HOMPER, P.	H. W. MCFADDEN, P. I.	JOEL A. PIPER, R.	D. FOREST P. ROLFE, S. D.	OTTO BAUMAN, S. D.	EUGENE MOORE, R.	LEM T. SMITH, P.	JOHN W. WILSON, P. I.
Knox.....	107	1205	912	88	87	154	1065	870	183	91	896	976	131	253	1040	107	870
Lancaster.....	336	4275	6997	221	496	451	3672	7189	514	408	3151	6898	422	740	7165	523	3122
Lincoln.....	46	1086	990	37	50	60	972	1069	68	42	914	1046	44	73	1046	63	953
Logan.....	4	110	105	9	3	18	97	103	13	3	94	104	10	25	102	4	92
Loup.....	3	122	112	1	4	4	113	114	2	1	102	114	3	5	112	5	111
Madison.....	66	1569	1404	167	75	311	1250	1492	580	64	818	1472	174	396	1713	51	920
McPherson.....	1	47	43	1	.....	4	41	44	3	1	41	37	3	5	39	4	38
Merrick.....	73	887	840	60	88	109	773	876	111	84	692	877	73	142	880	95	719
Nance.....	29	801	652	25	41	36	763	660	59	34	702	665	32	54	676	39	726
Nemaha.....	49	1362	1528	51	62	107	1341	1465	170	69	1162	1434	103	144	1431	80	1257
Nuckolls.....	52	1339	1197	58	47	84	1283	1210	133	57	1170	1187	76	130	1222	61	1218
Otoe.....	106	1868	2080	409	150	696	1552	1978	352	145	1257	1774	848	854	1934	157	1307
Pawnee.....	110	920	1361	73	105	126	826	1398	187	114	634	1389	86	468	1396	123	749
Perkins.....	10	291	241	26	10	47	268	247	24	8	269	240	30	49	234	16	268
Phelps.....	53	1186	840	34	81	57	992	931	25	72	975	942	39	61	935	92	963

Pierce.....	22	700	574	60	30	122	608	583	305	28	355	568	69	188	654	31	456
Platte.....	76	1794	993	166	80	359	1593	1001	808	61	934	991	205	623	1061	74	1233
Polk.....	83	1293	792	29	87	66	1186	855	52	88	1166	841	50	79	831	100	1172
Red Willow.....	41	876	1001	39	35	62	845	997	37	41	840	970	47	75	973	46	815
Richardson.....	121	1764	2107	210	116	332	1611	2105	671	116	1003	2105	213	415	2107	142	1461
Rock.....	12	282	325	10	7	15	263	340	55	7	207	339	10	33	342	9	239
Saline.....	124	1615	2053	207	144	463	1226	2098	456	150	971	2086	255	518	2088	191	1124
Sarpy.....	35	873	570	54	60	172	755	595	346	57	418	629	122	333	638	54	636
Saunders.....	91	2592	1703	93	94	181	2441	1744	336	116	1989	1813	159	377	1821	143	2062
Scotts Bluff.....	16	155	200	30	14	42	133	202	33	12	133	200	82	47	201	14	131
Seward.....	53	1605	1496	140	47	326	1399	1518	416	54	1083	1530	170	343	1576	63	1234
Sheridan.....	48	1075	580	45	50	84	1017	585	90	50	1008	558	82	92	568	49	1017
Sherman.....	13	719	399	15	17	39	666	436	27	17	635	440	81	44	446	25	630
Sioux.....	8	185	144	37	6	48	167	152	38	6	139	152	37	61	150	8	157
Stanton.....	12	668	404	95	20	145	561	533	273	21	331	527	77	223	584	22	414
Thayer.....	67	1180	1587	154	82	238	1082	1366	163	112	977	1537	152	273	1557	85	1021
Thomas.....	4	56	55	9	8	22	37	49	13	3	31	59	10	26	58	4	29
Thurston.....	11	572	313	40	13	59	522	322	306	16	206	322	53	160	319	21	239
Valley.....	17	793	594	25	22	39	740	613	28	23	719	612	27	45	614	27	715
Washington.....	49	1291	1141	60	70	197	985	1266	441	57	578	1245	134	396	1308	69	738
Wayne.....	31	800	780	88	30	176	663	828	235	36	468	835	98	266	874	45	507
Webster.....	45	1188	1150	57	53	125	1091	1149	77	46	1043	1145	97	155	1153	54	1043
Wheeler.....	4	180	95	8	5	16	167	96	7	3	163	98	10	16	96	6	165
York.....	87	1608	1824	66	96	129	1396	1983	89	85	1355	1980	80	144	1999	92	1356
Totals.....	4439	97315	94613	6985	518	13785	85393	97298	19466	5052	69883	96579	9602	19636	98728	5819	75969

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

At the General Election held in the State of Nebraska, on the Sixth day of November, A. D. 1894, for Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

COUNTIES	TREASURER				SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION			ATTORNEY GENERAL				COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS					
	JOSEPH S. HARTLEY, R.	LAKE BRIDENHALL, S. D.	GOTTLIEB A. LUKART, D.	D. L. POND, P.	JOHN H. POWERS, P. I.	HENRY R. CORBETT, R.	MILTON DOOLITTLE, S. D.	WILLIAM A. JONES, D. P. I.	F. BERNICE KEARNEY, P.	JOHN H. AMES, S. D.	DANIEL B. CAREY, D. P. I.	ARTHURS. CHURCHILL, R.	J. L. MACK, P.	JACOB BIGLER, S. D.	HENRY M. HILL, P.	SIDNEY J. KENT, D. P. I.	HENRY C. RUSSELL, R.
Adams.....	1814	126	134	104	1447	1803	105	1612	93	131	1464	1859	118	137	126	1533	1814
Antelope.....	859	64	120	74	986	891	94	1040	74	86	1047	887	75	78	77	1038	882
Banner.....	180	24	8	7	143	184	34	125	7	25	132	180	12	24	10	133	186
Blaine.....	66	15	4	4	53	65	17	55	4	18	53	66	8	17	5	53	66
Boone.....	972	109	55	71	1025	984	128	1006	70	118	1006	1009	61	129	65	1031	989
Box Butte.....	536	98	32	19	511	540	116	502	15	100	546	529	14	102	20	544	519
Boyd.....	481	70	27	32	516	457	90	538	24	76	554	461	29	65	29	566	455
Brown.....	402	35	42	19	296	404	51	321	12	48	321	405	14	46	15	319	402
Buffalo.....	1804	133	137	63	1812	1792	145	1901	48	137	1908	1830	53	128	50	1927	1826
Burt.....	1260	84	97	65	750	1283	67	828	55	63	869	1227	58	73	67	825	1254
Butler.....	1290	225	382	94	1263	1316	186	1671	87	174	1732	1276	97	177	106	1700	1297
Cass.....	2509	304	422	127	1301	2604	358	1542	146	344	1631	2573	125	338	130	1646	2538

ABSTRACT OF VOTES.

Cedar.....	624	188	296	391	608	646	231	821	28	211	867	531	37	216	44	856	824
Chase.....	291	50	20	7	200	292	59	215	6	48	221	249	5	77	8	201	250
Cherry.....	507	51	69	25	608	521	68	639	24	57	651	515	22	77	25	630	520
Cheyenne.....	401	74	54	28	312	420	73	352	22	72	349	420	17	75	23	363	412
Clay.....	1735	146	134	79	1363	1744	124	1525	65	109	1520	1742	81	124	79	1528	1719
Colfax.....	720	328	271	36	665	778	372	856	22	363	923	715	32	352	52	895	760
Cumling.....	1051	313	703	49	437	1115	1106	1106	45	279	1165	1073	44	278	46	1157	1076
Custer.....	1459	112	48	103	1076	1474	115	1656	105	124	1712	1473	103	278	110	1705	1461
Dakota.....	515	201	227	25	246	506	186	481	23	187	509	507	32	186	27	484	500
Dawes.....	795	126	83	20	737	825	152	749	22	135	787	805	21	143	24	810	795
Dawson.....	1064	80	47	46	998	1074	85	969	45	80	988	1086	48	84	46	1002	1059
Deuel.....	280	82	28	16	183	295	75	225	7	70	255	246	11	74	15	238	271
Dixon.....	751	199	207	66	647	796	248	768	63	233	770	798	69	240	64	788	797
Dodge.....	1831	389	837	107	1011	1880	396	1794	93	307	1902	1811	87	380	106	1774	1827
Douglas.....	11502	1614	3667	338	3956	11713	2350	6593	317	2178	6676	11801	271	299	376	7016	11209
Dundy.....	275	21	7	7	249	283	16	262	10	17	262	283	8	24	10	255	279
Fillmore.....	1673	151	96	88	1419	1735	162	1436	71	172	1471	1705	82	179	79	1462	1690
Franklin.....	807	64	70	33	799	822	73	801	30	62	844	807	37	66	34	855	804
Frontier.....	735	78	38	19	782	748	70	806	14	70	809	737	17	73	22	809	724
Furnas.....	1156	86	55	35	992	1166	77	1021	38	69	1039	1167	40	87	30	1037	1167
Gage.....	3486	890	235	201	1432	3549	762	1653	186	754	1675	3598	208	734	301	1064	3493
Garfield.....	170	6	6	4	155	109	9	155	11	9	151	177	4	9	4	152	173
Gosper.....	366	38	17	13	565	359	49	572	14	42	659	373	11	46	16	566	366
Grant.....	70	13	18	8	69	72	13	86	6	46	77	24	5	14	5	84	70
Greeley.....	314	64	79	10	519	325	79	569	10	71	601	306	9	75	12	591	298
Hall.....	1655	156	175	61	1147	1689	177	1256	61	175	1282	1643	57	179	61	1277	1638
Hamilton.....	1311	69	71	63	1192	1366	83	1212	52	101	1238	1316	64	86	65	1246	1307
Harlan.....	834	55	31	73	840	839	51	879	68	45	880	827	72	49	88	878	833
Hayes.....	313	41	21	10	210	311	44	232	5	48	231	310	4	49	5	234	312
Hitchcock.....	467	31	22	11	522	480	44	522	12	39	525	482	11	38	12	529	473
Holt.....	1046	110	46	78	1158	883	315	1142	82	162	1230	937	91	154	99	1258	938
Hooker.....	27	4	2	3	31	29	6	27	2	6	30	30	2	7	2	27	27
Howard.....	665	102	104	34	938	660	126	1019	22	110	1003	673	31	129	25	1006	659
Jefferson.....	1666	243	197	82	857	1753	262	917	72	310	949	1694	69	801	97	963	1676
Johnson.....	1346	190	176	79	696	1388	187	865	65	189	862	1373	76	178	85	877	1351
Kearney.....	953	86	45	60	925	977	93	921	59	95	925	965	67	94	63	933	975
Keith.....	190	23	24	6	247	198	29	256	7	27	256	193	10	24	12	262	192
Keya Paha.....	231	26	28	15	381	241	38	333	15	42	335	233	18	38	16	344	232
Kimball.....	92	5	5	6	77	93	8	75	7	5	75	96	5	7	7	81	90

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST — Continued.

COUNTIES	TREASURER			SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION			ATTORNEY GENERAL				COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS						
	JOSEPH S. BARTLEY, R.	LAKE BRIDGENTHAL, S. D.	GOTTLIEB A. LUKART, D.	D. L. POND, P.	JOHN H. POWERS, P. I.	HENRY R. CORBETT, R.	MILTON DOOLITTLE, S. D.	WILLIAM A. JONES, D. P. I.	F. BERNICE KEARNEY, P.	JOHN H. AMES, S. D.	DANIEL B. CAREY, D. P. I.	ARTHUR S. CHURCHILL, R.	J. L. MACK, P.	JACOB BIGLER, S. D.	HENRY M. HILL, P.	SYDNEY J. KENT, D. P. I.	HENRY C. RUSSELL, R.
Knox.....	984	149	162	96	883	1006	175	1010	89	139	1062	990	93	151	96	1042	986
Lancaster.....	7017	528	494	448	3173	7036	566	3428	448	821	3402	6851	512	547	484	3610	6981
Lincoln.....	1042	63	47	42	935	1070	66	932	44	58	936	1063	54	56	56	953	1056
Loup.....	101	16	8	2	95	101	18	95	3	19	94	101	3	19	4	95	100
Loup.....	114	5	1	3	111	114	3	112	5	3	114	113	3	4	3	115	111
Madison.....	1428	175	845	61	614	1461	320	1227	68	316	1214	1467	77	310	79	1228	1404
Madison.....	41	4	1	42	41	43	4	43	1	4	42	43	1	6	1	38	41
McPherson.....	865	91	104	81	692	886	109	738	84	109	756	873	85	105	92	760	863
Merrick.....	664	45	45	40	709	675	109	736	27	43	752	659	37	41	38	752	668
Nance.....	1431	115	162	62	1182	1405	105	1331	59	109	1341	1444	57	101	58	1367	1349
Nemaha.....	1199	107	100	53	1167	1239	75	1262	52	85	1261	1202	56	85	48	1287	1207
Nuckolls.....	1864	574	417	165	1309	1876	737	1435	153	784	1446	1935	145	783	101	1466	1870
Otoe.....	1396	120	158	110	652	1450	129	757	100	132	788	1390	109	127	122	795	1390
Pawnee.....	230	41	12	13	266	239	43	270	9	39	272	236	12	50	13	267	236
Perkins.....	909	53	21	64	1000	935	55	965	72	49	995	932	71	53	76	988	924

Pierce.....	563	112	258	20	357	573	129	582	24	124	592	592	24	129	22	596	575
Platte.....	999	34	699	60	913	1002	890	1532	65	339	1607	1008	64	363	64	1559	1012
Polk.....	825	68	33	89	1169	861	68	1128	62	63	1154	839	108	60	103	831	840
Red Willow.....	970	46	42	44	826	959	58	831	45	69	817	891	39	75	50	831	970
Richardson.....	2103	310	667	115	934	2150	858	1513	105	942	1546	2113	114	341	118	1555	2113
Rock.....	333	23	61	16	201	339	28	250	5	25	257	337	5	19	14	257	833
Salline.....	2056	428	251	152	1010	2114	440	1174	146	477	1194	2067	138	483	160	1171	2060
Sarpy.....	613	179	323	53	406	643	195	651	53	177	689	633	57	193	64	677	604
Saunders.....	1799	260	197	119	2002	1861	242	2173	120	214	2282	1792	134	207	127	2217	1824
Scotts Bluff.....	196	39	15	16	126	200	47	131	12	47	127	205	14	45	12	133	194
Seward.....	1533	206	391	60	1073	1537	239	1381	46	242	1388	1556	56	249	60	1405	1535
Sheridan.....	550	66	58	48	1019	570	90	1009	51	87	1006	569	53	89	52	1013	568
Sherman.....	440	34	16	20	634	450	45	634	14	36	648	446	17	32	18	654	437
Sioux.....	148	44	35	5	146	154	54	153	4	36	154	155	17	55	7	158	149
Stanton.....	517	130	218	29	844	553	157	508	14	140	536	532	28	165	19	529	517
Thayer.....	1562	217	136	76	958	1592	231	1044	71	230	1039	1589	67	236	75	1064	1562
Thomas.....	56	19	6	4	31	62	19	32	3	24	35	58	2	21	4	31	58
Thurston.....	324	88	274	15	203	332	76	476	14	60	491	320	15	66	11	493	313
Valley.....	609	41	15	26	714	617	45	723	22	40	740	615	22	40	23	740	611
Washington.....	1260	227	335	64	590	1318	248	789	54	214	932	1262	45	262	85	873	1280
Wayne.....	827	164	191	44	459	874	178	598	26	159	640	848	25	165	83	622	832
Webster.....	1127	120	74	55	1034	1173	117	1053	49	132	1068	1151	49	133	54	1076	1129
Wheeler.....	103	15	4	1	162	101	16	159	3	16	164	100	2	16	6	161	102
York.....	1979	115	69	82	1338	2094	119	1293	71	130	1367	1967	101	143	93	1374	1943
Totals.....	96514	13172	16684	5114	69402	98349	15051	80978	4794	14595	82823	97411	50441	14653	5500	83298	96312

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

November 8, 1894, for Members of Congress, in the various Congressional Districts.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	R. A. HAWLEY, P.	JESSE B. STRODE, R.	AUSTIN H. WEIR, D. P. I.
Cass.....	128	2617	1817
Johnson.....	67	1428	978
Lancaster.....	412	7037	4015
Nemaha.....	64	1458	1413
Otoe.....	148	2107	1929
Pawnee.....	103	1388	906
Richardson.....	156	2152	1672
Totals.....	1078	18185	12730

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	JAMES E. BOYD, D.	D. CLEM. DEEVER, P. I.	DAVID MERCER, R.	GEORGE D. WOODY, P.
Douglas.....	6946	3092	11019	294
Sarpy.....	581	394	642	51
Washington.....	638	521	1285	48
Totals.....	8165	3962	12946	393

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	JOHN M. DEVINE, P. I.	W. A. HENSLEY, D.	GEO. D. MEJKELEJOHN, R.	J. C. THOMAS, P.
Antelope.....	993	142	908	55
Boone.....	982	180	1005	52
Burt.....	740	167	1241	54
Cedar.....	673	430	802	33
Colfax.....	744	566	737	34
Cumling.....	438	933	1143	32
Dakota.....	258	355	602	23
Dixon.....	718	370	778	47
Dodge.....	787	1279	1887	90
Knox.....	861	258	1012	141
Madison.....	819	708	1526	58
Merrick.....	730	163	876	71
Nance.....	672	103	723	19
Pierce.....	410	291	602	19
Platte.....	188	1223	1009	55
Stanton.....	434	281	511	18
Thurston.....	241	227	342	15
Wayne.....	450	342	827	35
Totals.....	11738	8019	16513	851

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	SHANNON S. ALLEY, D.	EUGENE J. HAINER, R.	WM. L. STARRK, S. D. P. I.	MRS. C. M. WOODWARD, P.
Butler.....	204	1310	1586	81
Fillmore.....	158	1719	1496	50
Gage.....	704	8574	1758	172
Hamilton.....	40	1270	1406	33
Jefferson.....	283	1729	968	58
Polk.....	66	832	1160	93
Saline.....	457	2128	1137	134
Saunders.....	208	1850	2190	100
Seward.....	298	1561	1346	46
Thayer.....	237	1548	1073	70
York.....	108	1972	1422	68
Totals.....	2763	19493	15542	905

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	WM. E. ANDREWS, R.	THOS. F. ASBURY, S. D.	O. C. HUBBELL, P.	W. A. MC- KEIGHAN, D. P. I.
Adams.....	1915	54	89	1604
Chase.....	299	24	4	244
Clay.....	1752	78	86	1543
Dundy.....	288	14	7	262
Franklin.....	837	54	21	870
Frontier.....	783	47	14	803
Furnas.....	1190	44	28	1071
Gosper.....	365	36	13	589
Hall.....	1687	61	61	1256
Harlan.....	759	27	66	882
Hayes.....	316	31	7	246
Hitchcock.....	448	23	16	526
Kearney.....	1019	67	51	941
Nuckolls.....	1214	65	44	1320
Perkins.....	259	28	14	270
Phelps.....	1014	34	52	957
Red Willow.....	997	40	40	865
Webster.....	1128	48	38	1201
Total.....	16310	875	651	15450

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	WM. B. BONE, R.	MATT. A. DAUGHERTY, R.	O. M. KEM, D. P. I.
Banner.....	7	205	133
Blaine.....	5	83	54
Box Butte.....	21	616	544
Boyd.....	44	519	518
Brown.....	15	408	358
Buffalo.....	67	1847	1990
Cherry.....	38	502	678
Cheyenne.....	29	435	380
Custer.....	86	1503	1756
Dawes.....	50	682	882
Dawson.....	81	832	1060
Deuel.....	20	810	276
Garfield.....	8	160	154
Grant.....	10	63	89
Greeley.....	11	359	598
Holt.....	127	963	1277
Hooker.....	2	33	30
Howard.....	40	710	1077
Kelth.....	13	222	263
Keya Paha.....	14	22	873
Kimball.....	4	100	80
Lincoln.....	49	1050	978
Logan.....	3	113	101
Loup.....	2	113	124
McPherson.....	2	42	43
Rock.....	9	349	281
Scott's Bluff.....	12	227	151
Sheridan.....	64	555	1067
Sherman.....	14	480	639
Sioux.....	9	178	170
Thomas.....	1	60	65
Valley.....	19	630	754
Wheeler.....	5	101	174
Totals.....	891	14676	17077

Abstract of votes cast at the general election, held on the fifth day of November, A. D. 1895.

COUNTIES	JUDGE SUPREME COURT					
	Timothy J. Mahoney, D.	Samuel Maxwell, P. I.	T. L. Norval, R.	Charles J. Phelps, D.	A. G. Wolfenbarger, P.	Scattering.
Adams.....	243	1317	1451	112	105	..
Antelope.....	81	978	723	30	51	..
Banner.....	15	102	167	12	5	..
Blaine.....	26	46	57	4	3	..
Boone.....	91	1171	762	34	42	..
Box Butte.....	108	433	437	33	16	..
Boyd.....	73	521	328	26	16	..
Brown.....	65	213	308	30	5	..
Buffalo.....	129	1814	1471	117	46	..
Burt.....	107	786	1202	64	62	..
Butler.....	350	1344	928	303	103	..
Cass.....	351	1252	2020	584	100	..
Cedar.....	255	773	800	173	22	..
Chase.....	30	202	259	42	7	..
Cherry.....	128	488	448	41	20	..
Cheyenne.....	83	309	449	51	28	..
Clay.....	135	1312	1380	84	70	..
Colfax.....	190	797	525	332	35	1
Cuming.....	468	626	911	417	30	..
Custer.....	146	1705	1224	38	78	..
Dakota.....	290	352	443	130	27	..
Dawes.....	108	820	613	43	22	..
Dawson.....	75	1275	901	88	44	..
Deuel.....	55	176	241	25	6	..
Dixon.....	249	849	675	90	62	..
Dodge.....	464	1709	1172	232	62	..
Douglas.....	4364	4802	9512	994	240	..
Dundy.....	20	332	283	8	10	..
Fillmore.....	125	1321	1172	58	64	..
Franklin.....	107	823	697	59	66	..
Frontier.....	42	825	622	99	21	..
Furnas.....	123	1024	1010	81	63	..
Gage.....	900	1290	2503	178	186	..
Garfield.....	12	186	129	3	5	..
Gosper.....	35	510	345	13	12	..
Grant.....	13	67	79	11	4	..
Greeley.....	113	546	291	47	11	..
Hall.....	258	1253	1328	167	48	..
Hamilton.....	98	1165	1185	63	69	..
Harlan.....	98	851	740	34	104	..
Hayes.....	78	194	297	34	7	..
Hitchcock.....	40	521	408	10	12	..
Holt.....	165	1170	781	64	73	..
Hooker.....	2	29	11	1	2	1
Howard.....	130	838	624	77	33	..
Jefferson.....	209	722	1161	88	67	..
Johnson.....	163	615	1165	162	114	..
Kearney.....	98	1029	779	16	41	..

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued

COUNTIES	JUDGE SUPREME COURT					
	Timothy J. Mahoney, D.	Samuel Maxwell, P. I.	T. L. Norval, R.	Charles J. Phelps, D.	A. G. Wolfenbarger, P.	Scattering.
Keith.....	32	215	186	18	6	..
Keya Paha.....	40	247	155	20	10	..
Kimball....	3	64	66	12	3	..
Knox.....	139	1100	999	81	75	..
Lancaster.....	529	2557	5420	611	451	..
Lincoln.....	88	992	963	35	41	..
Logan.....	12	92	80	9	1	..
Loup.....	4	103	96	5	2	..
Madison.....	445	989	1234	205	68	..
McPherson.....	8	39	35	1	..	..
Merrick.....	106	837	652	67	48	..
Nance.....	54	765	644	27	24	..
Nemaha.....	128	1209	1187	117	72	..
Nuckolls.....	109	1054	877	41	25	..
Otoe.....	723	1106	1532	271	112	..
Pawnee.....	93	457	1162	158	92	..
Perkins.....	24	231	163	8	7	..
Phelps.....	43	1073	777	18	56	..
Pierce.....	219	490	459	92	25	..
Platte.....	620	1128	748	403	55	..
Polk.....	42	1208	693	34	70	..
Red Willow.....	58	811	905	65	35	..
Richardson.....	433	580	1992	796	108	..
Rock.....	40	186	312	23	5	..
Saline.....	435	905	1401	244	121	..
Sarpy.....	360	542	422	128	36	..
Saunders.....	267	1986	1446	135	80	..
Scott's Bluff.....	36	142	215	22	10	..
Seward.....	199	932	1435	202	34	..
Sheridan.....	102	796	467	38	35	..
Sherman.....	46	629	394	8	10	..
Sioux.....	47	133	152	27	7	..
Stanton.....	205	334	538	137	14	..
Thayer.....	248	671	1095	200	57	..
Thomas.....	25	27	45	7	2	..
Thurston.....	262	248	387	37	12	..
Valley.....	47	716	614	20	21	..
Washington.....	327	674	972	159	42	..
Wayne.....	243	401	721	126	20	..
Webster.....	162	942	976	56	55	..
Wheeler.....	15	160	83	5	3	..
York.....	107	1312	1574	59	75	..
Totals.....	18636	70566	79291	10079	4344	2

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the fifth day of November, 1895, for

COUNTIES	REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY										Total Vote.
	John H. Ames, D.	Woodson S. Ashby, D.	James H. Bayston, P. I.	Alfred T. Blackburn, D.	Josiah J. Bryant, P.	H. L. Goold, R.	Robert Kittle, D.	C. H. Morrill, R.	Ella W. Peattie, P. I.	Anna R. Woodbey, P		Scattering.
Adams.....	296	233	1119	109	124	1462	166	1449	1081	127	3410
Antelope....	85	64	847	37	72	780	41	743	806	69	1975
Banner	13	12	89	8	16	163	12	157	80	14	321
Blaine.....	24	17	38	7	12	59	5	53	39	3	147
Boone.....	97	79	1075	35	69	848	65	830	1067	60	2298
Box Butte..	124	76	379	36	21	457	60	448	348	29	1168
Boyd	70	58	444	78	25	350	32	348	413	23	1069
Brown	78	68	170	35	23	303	31	298	168	10	672
Buffalo	216	176	1642	53	90	1529	98	1486	1596	94	3843
Burt	151	122	613	67	102	1265	89	1243	553	74	2424
Butler.....	559	490	837	316	149	1098	442	1060	730	120	3294
Cass.....	695	555	496	529	167	2141	762	2056	523	153	4729
Cedar.....	352	279	467	243	70	803	255	764	449	44	2246
Chase.....	52	38	174	24	26	287	32	249	153	12	547
Cherry.....	137	101	426	53	34	451	55	423	407	23	1269
Cheyenne...	110	98	235	37	54	440	47	386	212	35	1050
Clay.....	181	139	1116	102	117	1423	117	1435	1072	80	3090
Colfax.....	370	253	522	237	66	646	359	610	498	50	2267
Cuming.....	611	458	247	434	72	978	635	952	235	64	2787
Custer.....	140	98	1603	43	115	1293	47	1244	1539	98	3377
Dakota.....	286	218	274	128	39	444	149	415	205	36	1566
Dawes.....	132	100	633	61	46	672	79	658	600	43	1774
Dawson.....	94	69	1095	32	62	985	56	969	1082	57	2533
Deuel.....	68	66	90	17	31	328	41	259	105	9	588
Dixon.....	374	219	609	113	84	702	157	659	578	79	2108
Dodge.....	777	486	488	560	149	1471	1142	1457	635	130	3639
Douglas.....	4473	3199	1813	1670	609	9562	2118	9670	4164	810	21166
Dundy.....	28	16	291	5	11	294	14	292	286	16	681
Fillmore...	224	195	1055	52	105	1231	81	1254	1018	78	2868
Franklin....	148	214	713	50	61	686	69	696	713	61	1860
Frontier....	71	68	789	66	36	637	39	624	734	36	1676
Furnas.....	142	118	958	83	78	1019	63	999	886	72	2375
Gage.....	736	601	996	214	271	2643	257	2655	953	251	5450
Garfield....	12	4	144	7	12	149	5	141	137	9	354
Gosper.....	51	31	481	13	15	339	18	334	455	9	933
Grant.....	20	19	43	11	4	86	19	88	33	5	174
Greeley.....	139	114	438	65	24	303	69	283	424	24	1064
Hall.....	400	289	853	155	111	1420	271	1394	875	85	3326
Hamilton...	132	112	1108	46	99	1237	87	1182	1046	87	2753
Harlan.....	128	118	763	24	99	742	42	724	719	103	1911
Hayes.....	83	67	184	23	12	301	33	285	164	10	639
Hitchcock..	47	40	459	14	29	417	15	427	444	18	1060
Holt.....	184	101	1043	255	101	766	96	766	1008	90	2445
Hooker.....	4	1	19	2	3	13	1	13	20	1	54
Howard.....	170	138	749	61	45	656	119	657	699	50	1702
Jefferson....	227	207	574	101	103	1126	107	1161	530	87	2469
Johnson....	211	184	549	118	124	1137	154	1127	516	157	2373
Kearney...	109	109	926	26	70	799	30	757	885	64	2065

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY										
	John H. Ames, D.	Woodson S. Ashby, D.	James H. Bayston, P. I.	Alfred T. Blackburn, D.	Josiah J. Bryant, P.	H. L. Gould, R.	Robert Kittle, D.	C. H. Morrill, R.	Elia W. Peattie, P. I.	Anna R. Woodbey, P.	Scattering.	Total Vote.
Keith.....	35	21	152	11	11	301	14	175	141	14	492
Keya Paha..	45	38	208	28	12	164	19	160	212	12	472
Kimball.....	6	6	56	6	5	71	14	71	55	3	166
Knox.....	234	86	921	90	107	952	158	918	846	107	2678
Lancaster...	1382	567	1833	372	479	5167	477	5685	1789	412	10020
Lincoln.....	97	76	882	33	69	971	59	939	852	70	2289
Logan.....	21	16	85	7	3	74	9	69	86	6	205
Loup.....	3	3	88	4	5	98	7	95	83	6	221
Madison....	600	443	528	253	102	1261	374	1232	514	97	3331
McPherson..	8	5	32	3	...	42	2	32	23	1	90
Merrick.....	141	111	574	73	94	772	90	751	555	95	1847
Nance.....	69	50	692	14	40	689	46	677	669	35	1584
Nemaha.....	210	176	1035	116	108	1191	144	1182	960	85	2982
Nuckolls....	125	94	962	32	52	919	54	885	926	41	2290
Otoe.....	975	715	787	303	131	1562	330	1531	720	149	4262
Pawnee.....	153	136	354	133	123	1172	152	1175	334	110	2092
Perkins....	25	30	192	10	10	193	13	166	181	14	464
Phelps.....	54	50	949	13	106	805	18	789	917	78	2078
Pierce.....	275	187	368	86	37	467	153	445	328	30	1473
Platte.....	925	597	708	250	90	868	612	830	622	89	3388
Polk.....	59	40	1031	24	178	714	28	761	1000	93	2194
Red Willow..	64	56	843	26	51	849	39	827	726	59	1954
Richardson..	638	583	407	655	146	1989	820	1979	376	116	4326
Rock.....	64	58	105	33	16	327	37	322	109	11	612
Saline.....	609	440	548	246	146	1508	336	1544	468	129	3398
Sarpy.....	387	275	270	173	70	495	256	492	323	68	1716
Saunders....	474	403	1536	163	169	1517	285	1506	1407	127	4377
Scott's Bluff	54	45	94	12	23	227	27	222	99	14	457
Seward.....	379	281	694	206	109	1310	287	1318	674	55	2968
Sheridan....	120	89	682	62	44	504	86	488	638	55	1529
Sherman....	47	30	600	7	28	416	23	407	580	15	1175
Sioux.....	60	43	123	27	9	132	26	129	106	13	404
Stanton....	329	250	181	89	34	545	171	526	174	19	1436
Thayer.....	329	270	474	175	78	1127	260	1097	446	81	2436
Thomas.....	27	26	18	10	5	39	13	35	12	6	122
Thurston....	281	220	157	38	32	378	54	343	153	14	1181
Valley.....	51	38	689	14	32	626	32	608	671	28	1492
Washington	319	289	391	205	78	1059	333	1020	418	65	2523
Wayne.....	282	208	265	110	34	731	180	660	203	40	1793
Webster....	172	153	847	48	87	940	80	960	823	72	2326
Wheeler....	9	12	141	5	9	90	8	86	138	8	266
York.....	156	109	1084	61	138	1664	88	1645	1019	96	3233
Totals.....	24124	17842	53268	10682	6947	81847	14895	80962	53351	6297	4 197811

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the third day of November, A. D. 1896 for

COUNTIES	GOVERNOR						LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR																	
	ROBERT S. BIBB		RICHARD A. HAWLEY		SILAS A. HOLCOMB		JOHN H. MACCOLL		CHARLES SADILEK		JOEL WARNER		O. F. BIGLIN		JAMES E. HARRIS		FRED HERMAN		L. O. JONES		OSCAR KENT		ORLANDO TEFFT	
	D	N	D	P-I	R	S L	P	D	D	P-I	S L	P	D	D	P-I	S L	P	N	R	D	D	P-I	S L	P
Adams.....	49	19	2054	1626	8	38	52	2033	12	32	35	1669												
Antelope.....	26	2	1243	905	1	32	34	1225	5	35	12	920												
Banner.....	6	.....	124	161	1	3	5	115	.....	5	1	166										
Blaine.....	4	.....	66	77	.....	.....	3	64	.....	1	.....	77							
Boone.....	27	8	1283	1012	3	28	31	1298	10	36	8	1035												
Box Butte.....	21	3	554	407	7	4	29	531	3	9	2	401												
Boyd.....	28	5	633	471	11	15	38	610	12	18	4	464												
Brown.....	4	2	327	347	2	1	10	312	1	6	2	351												
Buffalo.....	43	16	2495	1697	6	25	55	2442	15	37	7	1742												
Burt.....	33	16	1323	1432	4	20	27	1213	11	28	6	1495												
Butler.....	40	29	2277	1158	7	17	52	2180	8	30	26	1202												
Cass.....	115	41	2417	2111	17	35	121	2325	19	55	23	2495												
Cedar.....	50	11	1470	985	4	12	63	1416	9	15	9	998												
Chase.....	9	2	258	235	.....	7	14	254	.....	8	.....	229									
Cherry.....	35	1	700	571	3	7	42	668	7	13	1	570												
Cheyenne.....	14	1	511	407	2	11	33	482	1	11	2	419												
Clay.....	33	18	1770	1536	.....	25	30	1743	9	34	13	1564											
Colfax.....	91	13	1363	770	12	12	93	1334	14	9	8	775												
Cuming.....	81	14	1760	1151	8	6	77	1705	9	21	7	1212												
Custer.....	31	17	2462	1406	3	30	42	2393	14	41	13	1414												
Dakota.....	65	1	863	573	4	16	59	821	7	13	2	564												
Dawes.....	25	3	944	724	5	8	37	889	6	10	4	741												
Dawson.....	22	3	1418	1063	3	28	36	1362	10	35	2	1063												
Deuel.....	16	2	291	263	1	4	18	261	4	9	3	265												
Dixon.....	62	9	1279	836	4	26	80	1216	6	38	7	866												
Dodge.....	168	23	2203	2098	14	38	246	1994	27	49	17	2120												
Douglas.....	319	46	12071	11474	206	116	485	11261	210	256	53	11454												
Dundy.....	9	.....	286	266	.....	4	8	281	.....	5	1	268									
Fillmore.....	39	20	1801	1536	8	19	45	1788	8	39	16	1550												
Franklin.....	27	15	1048	802	4	16	23	1056	3	25	16	804												
Frontier.....	20	4	1010	749	2	14	20	997	3	21	7	744												
Furnas.....	25	9	1439	1104	3	22	29	1431	1	30	9	1089												
Gage.....	252	26	2685	3250	10	55	170	2592	21	111	24	3307												
Garfield.....	1	4	221	140	.....	.....	4	211	.....	3	1	145									
Gosper.....	14	3	683	375	2	5	26	681	3	6	3	384												
Grant.....	3	2	101	87	.....	.....	11	82	1	1	.....	86									
Greeley.....	27	3	755	353	2	5	39	723	3	4	1	366												
Hall.....	52	7	1874	1820	6	15	72	1807	16	27	7	1801												
Hamilton.....	22	9	1548	1307	6	19	25	1537	7	29	15	1297												
Harlan.....	18	26	1142	797	1	19	18	1136	2	38	26	781												
Hayes.....	15	1	286	297	2	2	15	278	3	3	.....	301											
Hitchcock.....	9	2	491	400	3	2	6	482	1	1	2	402												
Holt.....	55	27	1354	872	4	34	149	1291	14	39	26	830												
Hooker.....	1	.....	39	9	.....	.....	2	39	.....	.....	.....	10						
Howard.....	35	7	1231	641	8	12	28	1227	9	11	5	671												
Jefferson.....	52	9	1534	1537	4	16	60	1458	11	32	6	1556												

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—*C* *ntinued.*

COUNTIES	GOVERNOR						LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR							
	ROBERT S. BIBB		RICHARD A. HAWLEY		JOHN H. MACCOLL		O. F. BIGLIN		JAMES E. HARRIS		OSCAR KENT		ORLANDO TEBBT	
	D	N	D	P-I	R	SL	P	D	D	P-I	SL	P		N	R
Johnson.....	37	30	1223		1346	1	23	44	1191	12	31	27	1348	
Kearney.....	22	7	1165		911	2	22	21	1130	4	25	10	917	
Keith.....	5	1	233		180	3	1	12	240	4	4	2	174	
Keya Paha.....	13	3	293		174	.....	6	16	279	3	10	2	172
Kimball.....	5	.....	65		92	.....	1	4	62	.....	3	.....	87
Knox.....	51	5	1591	953	12	46	58	1562	9	42	7	.....	961
Lancaster.....	101	73	5741	6115	20	96	120	5389	55	212	72	.....	6170
Lincoln.....	24	1	1362	1044	2	19	44	1326	4	25	6	.....	1049
Logan.....	4	.....	128	67	.....	.....	4	122	.....	1	.....	.....	64
Loup.....	1	1	145	108	.....	.....	2	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	116
Madison.....	67	9	1736	1655	7	29	104	1642	11	39	11	.....	1674
McPherson.....	.....	.....	42	37	.....	.....	1	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	35
Merrick.....	16	9	1061	895	1	28	22	984	6	53	13	.....	905
Nance.....	17	2	937	690	1	5	27	910	2	10	3	.....	711
Nemaha.....	44	22	1934	1390	4	29	59	1884	14	53	9	.....	1395
Nuckolls.....	40	8	1368	1056	2	18	43	1366	5	18	3	.....	1071
Otoe.....	99	34	2703	2068	8	30	160	2479	22	53	26	.....	2126
Pawnee.....	23	12	1170	1408	4	37	26	1139	1	56	16	.....	1400
Perkins.....	8	3	247	147	.....	.....	15	233	1	2	1	.....	156
Phelps.....	11	8	1268	864	.....	.....	18	9	1191	3	31	8	884
Pierce.....	29	5	964	552	6	15	49	915	3	20	3	.....	556
Platte.....	90	19	2206	1186	5	14	146	2066	20	23	12	.....	1197
Polk.....	11	21	1510	754	3	13	17	1492	4	22	21	.....	758
Red Willow.....	25	6	1003	915	1	11	30	958	4	19	7	.....	928
Richardson.....	98	14	2451	2162	8	35	87	2445	11	54	5	.....	2172
Rock.....	15	.....	212	339	3	2	18	206	3	6	.....	.....	338
Saline.....	74	42	2012	1932	22	33	85	1906	47	54	31	.....	1920
Sarpy.....	39	8	1188	555	6	15	34	1133	5	24	4	.....	587
Saunders.....	84	23	2769	1850	8	32	96	2690	13	56	19	.....	1896
Scott's Bluff.....	4	4	231	223	.....	.....	5	4	225	2	4	.....	225
Seward.....	49	6	1951	1530	3	14	61	1878	5	22	2	.....	1563
Sheridan.....	23	6	856	479	4	14	37	829	8	26	2	.....	482
Sherman.....	8	3	876	391	10	7	7	847	10	11	2	.....	407
Sioux.....	15	2	275	152	.....	.....	16	268	.....	2	2	.....	151
Stanton.....	49	6	849	564	5	10	60	772	8	14	3	.....	591
Thayer.....	54	11	1404	1403	10	27	61	1351	5	29	8	.....	1445
Thomas.....	4	.....	73	32	.....	.....	7	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
Thurston.....	20	6	678	486	9	15	665	5	11	3	482
Valley.....	15	2	917	641	5	5	23	899	3	12	.....	.....	650
Washington.....	64	6	1494	1384	.....	13	94	1369	10	21	2	.....	1406
Wayne.....	48	6	1055	931	.....	3	64	1004	5	15	4	.....	925
Webster.....	36	8	1376	1027	5	20	38	1312	5	31	13	.....	1060
Wheeler.....	5	.....	164	88	.....	.....	2	7	163	2	2	.....	92
York.....	14	15	1779	1809	28	24	1765	6	33	14	1817
Totals.....	3557	930	116415	94723	578	1560	4431	111729	875	2458	810	.....	95757

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, for

COUNTIES	SECRETARY OF STATE					AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS											
	BERNHARD BRUNING		JAMES M. DILWORTH		ALBERT FITCH, JR	JOHN MATTES, JR	JOEL A. PIPER	WILLIAM E. PORTER	JOHN F. CORNELL		C. C. CROWELL	EDWARD A. GERRARD		PETER OLOF HEDLUND		EMIL HELLER	GUSTAVE TEICKMEIR
	S	L	N	P					D	R		D	P-I	D	P-I			P	N	R	D	S	L
Adams.....	8		25		30	55	1674	2009	1915	33	27	1691	60	8			
Antelope.....	4		11		35	33	900	1215	1155	44	7	938	34	4			
Banner.....	1				4	13	144	122	105	7	3	166	7				
Blaine.....					1	6	78	56	56		1	78	7				
Boone.....	6		4		32	44	1033	1298	1255	35	13	1041	46	5			
Box Butte.....	9		1		7	26	400	534	509	9	3	399	29	5			
Boyd.....	11		5		20	45	462	601	575	23	4	457	50	13			
Brown.....					2	8	356	305	294	3	2	364	11	1			
Buffalo.....	11		12		35	70	1733	2384	2300	50	13	1763	58	10			
Burt.....	6		9		28	31	1485	1196	1116	41	9	1514	40	7			
Butler.....			33		21	61	1198	2175	2124	26	39	1220	49	7			
Cass.....	21		27		51	166	2435	2280	2194	62	27	2497	133	17			
Cedar.....	10		6		14	73	977	1387	1316	13	10	1011	65	3			
Chase.....	2		1		10	13	245	234	242	9		248	11				
Cherry.....	7		3		12	40	556	662	623	10	3	557	42	2			
Cheyenne.....	6		3		14	36	421	440	427	13	5	428	38	1			
Clay.....	4		13		28	37	1577	1735	1701	43	9	1590	36	2			
Colfax.....	12		7		12	120	798	1259	1302	19	9	814	139	6			
Cuming.....	8		9		21	136	1194	1614	1557	21	8	1191	180	2			
Custer.....	9		14		50	68	1449	2312	2244	57	12	1462	34	6			
Dakota.....	8		3		13	75	562	799	755	15	18	565	60	8			
Dawes.....	7		1		10	40	746	872	838	17	2	752	46	7			
Dawson.....	8		8		23	37	1080	1355	1305	35	4	1100	40	5			
Deuel.....	2		4		5	30	257	261	226	7	2	289	26	3			
Dixon.....	5		7		37	75	837	1183	1136	43	9	877	73	2			
Dodge.....	28		19		45	249	2108	2002	1826	56	20	2133	281	21			
Douglas.....	318		37		175	672	11105	11168	10035	296	55	11565	780	174			
Dundy.....	1				7	10	266	271	270	8		274	7				
Fillmore.....	12		8		24	52	1570	1707	1632	30	10	1610	51	6			
Franklin.....	3		12		36	42	782	1013	997	18	16	825	29	2			
Frontier.....	6		5		16	24	747	978	937	19	3	756	20	4			
Furnas.....	1		11		21	39	1078	1404	1288	32	11	1096	41	1			
Gage.....	10		32		82	188	3322	2506	2418	91	34	3380	178	5			
Garfield.....	4		1		1	2	144	207	202	2	1	148	2	1			
Gosper.....	3		2		6	28	393	666	659	8	5	391	23	1			
Grant.....	1				1	8	85	82	82	1	1	90	7				
Greeley.....	4		2		4	40	372	708	691	8	2	373	37	3			
Hall.....	18		14		26	87	1778	1761	1701	33	8	1843	70	15			
Hamilton.....	4		10		36	33	1312	1511	1459	35	11	1339	34	4			
Harlan.....	1		25		30	27	842	1065	1061	28	32	819	24	4			
Hayes.....	3		1		3	17	301	276	270	3		303	18	5			
Hitchcock.....	3				2	8	409	475	459	4		407	6				
Holt.....	5		25		43	73	846	1323	1288	43	25	858	56	8			
Hooker.....						8	10	38	38			10	2				
Howard.....	9		4		21	51	662	1158	1187	16	7	691	26	10			
Jefferson.....	9		11		30	73	1530	1446	1312	35	13	1577	68	12			

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	SECRETARY OF STATE						AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS					
	BERNHARD BRUNING	JAMES M. DILWORTH	ALBERT FITCH, JR	JOHN MATTES, JR	JOEL A. PIPER	WILLIAM F. PORTER	JOHN F. CORNELL	C. C. CROWELL	EDWARD A. GERRARD	PETER OLOF HEDLUND	EMIL HELLER	GUSTAVE TEICKMEIR
	SI	N	P	D	R	D P-I	D	P-I	P	N	R	D	SI
Johnson.....	4	40	24	53	1325	1181	1103	37	30	1343	46	4
Kearney.....	1	5	31	32	937	1119	1079	35	6	965	23	3
Keith.....	4	1	3	14	176	238	232	6	.....	176	11	3
Keya Paha.....	1	1	9	19	171	269	269	11	2	175	16	1
Kimball.....	.....	1	1	1	85	60	58	3	.....	96	4	.....
Knox.....	12	6	49	49	946	1531	1406	45	8	977	66	4
Lancaster.....	32	74	123	160	6155	5319	5021	149	87	6380	148	33
Lincoln.....	8	2	29	54	1041	1294	1267	33	4	1062	46	4
Logan.....	.....	.....	1	5	63	124	124	.....	.....	64	2	.....
Loup.....	.....	1	3	1	107	133	132	1	1	111	3	2
Madison.....	12	7	36	120	1650	1613	1506	46	11	1693	107	8
McPherson.....	.....	.....	.....	2	31	44	43	.....	.....	35	1	.....
Merrick.....	.....	7	59	30	844	1036	930	52	12	914	30	1
Nance.....	2	1	12	31	716	912	863	18	8	728	22	1
Nemaha.....	15	11	40	95	1404	1798	1752	54	13	1420	63	6
Nuckolls.....	6	5	23	60	1043	1354	1290	26	5	1073	49	3
Otoe.....	8	34	46	377	2026	2313	2220	65	40	2174	203	15
Pawnee.....	3	13	57	27	1394	1117	1035	54	16	1415	24	4
Perkins.....	2	1	3	12	155	221	218	4	1	157	11	.....
Phelps.....	5	9	30	11	891	1190	1076	29	9	1010	12	.....
Pierce.....	13	1	16	63	551	895	854	23	1	570	52	4
Platte.....	26	14	31	173	1192	2000	1958	32	19	1229	167	10
Polk.....	1	25	20	15	751	1481	1406	25	30	780	16	.....
Red Willow.....	4	5	16	34	927	965	903	21	7	948	32	2
Richardson.....	4	11	41	104	2138	2432	2326	42	8	2173	76	9
Rock.....	3	.....	4	20	330	201	190	3	.....	340	18	4
Saline.....	22	37	38	120	1923	1866	1803	50	35	1942	102	16
Sarpy.....	12	5	30	75	585	1073	1061	31	9	600	45	6
Saunders.....	11	14	49	122	1894	2636	2521	54	17	1988	107	13
Scott's Bluff.....	2	4	10	6	215	230	215	9	6	230	3	.....
Seward.....	2	3	13	63	1573	1839	1749	23	4	1592	68	.....
Sheridan.....	6	1	18	39	491	823	799	26	5	488	34	2
Sherman.....	11	4	11	14	410	841	814	9	3	414	11	11
Sioux.....	1	1	1	14	146	265	262	2	4	146	13	1
Stanton.....	13	2	15	66	562	755	709	19	3	589	65	5
Thayer.....	6	10	19	69	1452	1819	1261	24	6	1458	71	6
Thomas.....	.....	.....	.....	5	33	68	70	.....	.....	33	5	.....
Thurston.....	4	6	10	30	470	664	645	8	7	477	24	5
Valley.....	6	.....	13	30	642	879	847	13	2	653	32	6
Washington.....	13	3	22	98	1412	1328	1245	68	4	1400	98	9
Wayne.....	5	2	12	71	908	907	918	17	6	922	74	2
Webster.....	1	10	24	40	1082	1306	1228	33	12	1084	45	3
Wheeler.....	.....	.....	1	8	92	162	156	.....	1	93	6	.....
York.....	2	16	32	27	1825	1733	1707	42	18	1851	23	2
Totals.....	891	820	2149	5623	95023	109587	104314	2643	953	97468	5148	608

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, for

COUNTIES	TREASURER						SUPT. PUB. INSTRUCTION				
	CHARLES E. CASEY	S. T. DAVIES	STEPHEN J. HERMAN	THOMAS MCCULLOCH	FRANK MCGIVERIN	JOHN B. MESERVE	HENRY R. CORBETT	MARTHA E. DONOVAN	SAMUEL G. GLOVER	WILLIAM R. JACKSON	E. A. WHITWAM
	R		P	SL	N	D	D P-I	R	SL	D	D P-I	P-N
Adams.....	1688	41	3	23	59	2022	1733	11	56	1913	54
Antelope.....	939	36	3	10	34	1198	930	6	28	1190	33
Banner.....	166	7	.....	1	5	110	150	3	14	119	3
Blaine.....	75	1	.....	1	9	56	74	1	9	57	.....
Boone.....	1062	37	5	7	47	1308	1051	4	46	1280	38
Box Butte.....	409	10	8	5	39	529	402	14	30	542	16
Boyd.....	472	25	9	6	44	593	470	17	41	570	27
Brown.....	375	2	1	2	10	308	360	3	15	306	5
Buffalo.....	1760	49	9	7	62	2397	1784	20	63	2307	42
Burt.....	1521	45	7	6	44	1204	1464	17	54	1193	47
Butler.....	1251	29	2	33	49	2172	1229	9	53	2115	52
Cass.....	2449	75	18	31	151	2342	2467	28	165	2120	88
Cedar.....	1014	16	8	7	68	1403	1032	10	55	1298	22
Chase.....	256	10	2	1	11	236	245	2	12	243	8
Cherry.....	575	18	3	4	43	665	574	9	63	643	14
Cheyenne.....	429	17	2	4	35	441	418	6	33	441	13
Clay.....	1610	34	5	6	38	1749	1635	20	45	1715	37
Colfax.....	816	18	10	9	145	1296	800	10	137	1291	23
Cuming.....	1225	26	8	7	124	1622	1243	12	121	1521	19
Custer.....	1475	51	10	15	45	2356	1506	12	50	2288	63
Dakota.....	584	20	8	7	63	810	582	9	60	776	12
Dawes.....	773	15	5	3	44	876	723	17	58	879	23
Dawson.....	1112	29	5	.....	42	1367	1111	13	41	1318	24
Deuel.....	264	15	.....	1	16	229	271	5	30	244	6
Dixon.....	884	50	6	6	71	1215	881	9	71	1148	36
Dodge.....	2120	59	17	18	387	1922	2061	33	324	1937	60
Douglas.....	11764	251	190	81	657	10896	10043	344	1336	11082	366
Dundy.....	267	6	1	2	8	281	265	5	5	267	8
Fillmore.....	1608	37	14	10	46	1716	1638	18	46	1620	41
Franklin.....	817	27	1	13	31	1032	802	3	23	961	25
Frontier.....	763	15	3	4	19	981	771	6	23	822	19
Furnas.....	1154	25	3	8	39	1372	1120	5	38	1247	40
Gage.....	3438	86	26	25	181	2511	3447	19	189	2431	104
Garfield.....	159	3	.....	3	3	206	150	1	4	198	5
Gosper.....	390	6	3	5	23	678	405	7	27	609	5
Grant.....	86	2	1	1	11	85	84	2	9	84	1
Greeley.....	380	6	3	2	38	709	374	9	36	714	7
Hall.....	1823	41	11	10	92	1763	1831	15	91	1686	31
Hamilton.....	1339	31	5	10	35	1526	1318	8	51	1514	41
Harlan.....	806	35	6	29	26	1111	827	11	24	1038	46
Hayes.....	303	4	3	.....	20	273	302	1	19	281	4
Hitchcock.....	423	3	.....	.....	5	461	416	2	7	450	6
Holt.....	864	46	4	20	70	1328	805	15	53	1372	47
Hooker.....	10	.....	.....	.....	3	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Howard.....	684	16	7	5	43	1197	678	17	34	1194	16
Jefferson.....	1594	42	3	10	66	1436	1588	8	63	1341	36

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	TREASURER						SUPT. PUB. INSTRUCTION				
	CHARLES E. CASEY	S. T. DAVIES	STEPHEN J. HERMAN	THOMAS MCCULLOCH	FRANK MCGIVERIN	JOHN B. MESERVE	HENRY R. CORBETT	MARTHA E. DONOVAN	SAMUEL G. GLOVER	WILLIAM R. JACKSON	E. A. WHITWAM
	R	P	SL	N	D	D P-I	R	SL	D	D P-I	P-N
Johnson.....	1381	33	5	26	50	1156	1395	2	49	1168	53
Kearney.....	961	31	3	4	24	1072	945	2	37	1143	34
Keith.....	178	4	4	2	13	239	178	6	10	238	3
Keya Paha.....	180	7	.....	1	16	281	180	3	18	286	9
Kimball.....	93	2	.....	.....	4	59	79	1	5	65	5
Knox.....	983	51	6	9	63	1515	965	7	65	1436	51
Lancaster.....	6382	161	49	81	142	5270	6354	49	165	5103	173
Lincoln.....	1078	37	1	3	43	1307	1060	9	37	1289	37
Logan.....	69	1	.....	.....	4	125	68	1	4	121	1
Loup.....	115	1	.....	1	2	132	112	.....	4	129	3
Madison.....	1711	51	8	5	118	1616	1693	17	131	1508	46
McPherson.....	34	.....	.....	.....	1	43	34	.....	.....	40	.....
Merrick.....	923	48	8	12	29	979	915	7	36	974	58
Nance.....	735	12	1	4	25	901	716	7	29	872	20
Nemaha.....	1462	44	10	17	70	1794	1409	18	70	1779	43
Nuckolls.....	1092	29	6	5	50	1349	1122	7	40	1288	25
Otoe.....	2156	105	9	110	186	2313	2213	33	177	2384	77
Pawnee.....	1191	37	1	11	26	1100	1444	4	28	1069	36
Perkins.....	157	3	.....	2	11	228	152	.....	12	226	6
Phelps.....	914	39	4	11	10	1176	919	4	12	1155	44
Pierce.....	578	19	5	1	62	890	572	8	47	660	19
Platte.....	1232	27	14	20	164	2010	1180	34	174	2096	36
Polk.....	786	22	4	26	21	1484	770	7	23	1474	58
Red Willow.....	879	16	2	5	25	1055	958	8	22	925	25
Richardson.....	2247	49	6	6	93	2414	2244	22	103	2328	40
Rock.....	343	4	3	1	20	201	341	4	16	195	3
Saline.....	1976	45	86	35	100	1849	1972	23	103	1749	78
Sarpy.....	608	30	4	5	60	1091	596	23	50	1070	29
Saunders.....	1963	59	11	17	132	2640	1972	16	120	2536	58
Scott's Bluff.....	230	7	1	5	2	224	227	1	4	223	10
Seward.....	1606	13	4	3	64	1837	1601	9	59	1783	16
Sheridan.....	507	22	6	5	37	820	512	10	34	843	22
Sherman.....	406	14	10	3	11	843	410	10	15	808	12
Sioux.....	151	2	.....	1	12	267	146	4	16	273	2
Stanton.....	606	11	7	2	75	744	595	12	64	711	23
Thayer.....	1486	34	3	12	66	1320	1461	19	70	1276	45
Thomas.....	34	.....	.....	1	5	68	31	.....	6	74	.....
Thurston.....	486	6	6	7	30	641	477	7	19	617	16
Valley.....	672	11	7	1	23	876	671	7	23	845	17
Washington.....	1456	27	7	3	106	1335	1389	24	168	1295	25
Wayne.....	940	17	1	13	57	988	951	7	66	910	12
Webster.....	1090	32	3	10	32	1307	1107	8	43	1229	37
Wheeler.....	95	3	1	.....	7	167	91	2	5	159	3
York.....	1869	45	1	17	30	1738	1856	11	35	1740	46
Totals.....	98314	2628	746	961	5222	109489	96143	1249	5966	106737	2969

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, for

COUNTIES	ATTORNEY-GENERAL						COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS					
	ARTHUR S. CHURCHILL	FRED NYGAARD	FRANK G. ODELL	ROBERT W. PATRICK	CONSTANTINE J. SMYTH	D. M. STRONG	GEORGE N. BAER	JOHN E. HOPPER	J. PHIPPS ROE	HENRY C. RUSSELL	PETER P. SCHMIDT	JACOB V. WOLFE
	R	SL	N	D	D P-I	P	D	P	N	R	SL	D P-I
Adams.....	1747	2	22	58	1996	28	62	45	26	1706	7	1993
Antelope.....	967	5	7	30	1208	28	35	36	12	939	3	1212
Banner.....	164	3	1	4	116	6	5	5	2	165	.....	113
Blaine.....	77	.....	.....	9	55	.....	7	.....	.....	78	.....	56
Boone.....	1081	5	10	50	1313	34	46	35	12	1051	8	1309
Box Butte.....	415	7	1	29	545	6	32	9	2	409	10	539
Boyd.....	478	9	3	50	584	21	45	16	5	471	14	602
Brown.....	385	.....	2	9	310	1	9	3	2	375	.....	310
Buffalo.....	1805	12	10	66	2376	33	56	38	9	1781	14	2375
Burt.....	1535	11	6	47	1166	26	34	32	14	1527	6	1192
Butler.....	1251	1	36	52	2146	21	50	30	38	1235	6	2187
Cass.....	2525	20	26	155	2250	51	134	63	28	2515	33	2222
Cedar.....	1043	6	6	46	1388	14	47	13	11	1032	10	1382
Chase.....	245	.....	.....	15	242	10	11	10	1	246	1	248
Cherry.....	599	4	6	42	652	16	40	15	3	570	7	645
Cheyenne.....	426	3	3	34	448	18	31	20	5	423	3	440
Clay.....	1645	7	12	37	1745	26	46	50	11	1616	2	1724
Colfax.....	815	5	6	127	1323	19	112	20	5	846	13	1305
Cuming.....	1246	8	7	114	1623	14	97	30	15	1241	9	1618
Custer.....	1502	12	14	52	2357	39	55	61	22	1478	5	2356
Dakota.....	589	8	10	58	803	13	57	14	8	584	11	814
Dawes.....	781	9	4	41	884	11	47	22	9	746	8	876
Dawson.....	1117	5	3	41	1339	30	36	34	6	1105	5	1344
Deuel.....	280	1	4	30	239	3	22	7	3	278	3	244
Dixon.....	896	4	9	74	1205	37	71	41	10	899	5	1217
Dodge.....	2198	21	12	252	1979	65	241	49	18	2201	32	1949
Douglas.....	11581	205	54	773	11047	166	620	236	165	11537	298	10795
Dundy.....	273	1	1	6	280	6	6	6	2	271	.....	275
Fillmore.....	1628	8	11	49	1732	20	49	36	12	1594	12	1711
Franklin.....	831	2	18	28	1025	15	25	23	17	801	1	1027
Frontier.....	765	3	3	22	982	17	20	15	6	766	2	996
Furnas.....	1128	2	8	36	1380	19	33	22	16	1119	11	1383
Gage.....	3455	10	37	179	2528	82	159	89	33	3415	13	2491
Garfield.....	151	.....	1	2	205	1	3	2	1	153	1	205
Gosper.....	401	1	4	20	675	7	21	9	4	390	1	675
Grant.....	85	.....	.....	11	85	1	12	2	1	85	.....	80
Greeley.....	373	5	2	41	721	4	33	3	3	376	5	711
Hall.....	1867	15	3	82	1787	22	84	37	12	1813	7	1811
Hamilton.....	1355	4	13	28	1526	31	28	36	12	1342	10	1521
Harlan.....	824	4	29	23	1114	22	20	34	32	806	7	1101
Hayes.....	308	2	1	16	281	3	14	7	1	316	2	266
Hitchcock.....	416	1	2	13	463	3	9	4	.....	415	5	471
Holt.....	858	8	23	72	1346	33	62	39	23	871	10	1313
Hooker.....	10	.....	.....	2	38	.....	3	.....	.....	10	.....	37
Howard.....	699	16	8	42	1210	15	57	17	8	695	13	1149
Jefferson.....	1573	5	9	72	1437	30	75	36	10	1574	6	1408

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	ATTORNEY-GENERAL						COMMISSIONER PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS					
	ARTHUR S. CHURCHILL	FRED NYGAARD	FRANK G. ODELL	ROBERT W. PATRICK	CONSTANTINE J. SMYTH	D. M. STRONG	GEORGE N. BAER	JOHN E. HOPPER	J. PHIPPS ROE	HENRY C. RUSSELL	PETER P. SCHMIDT	JACOB V. WOLFE
	R	SL	N	D	D P-I	P	D	P	N	R	SL	D P-I
Johnson.....	1370	6	26	58	1174	26	42	27	32	1376	9	1167
Kearney.....	868	6	7	28	1125	29	27	28	9	975	3	1103
Keith.....	178	3	.....	14	246	5	8	3	.....	178	4	249
Keya Paha.....	185	1	1	15	295	9	18	11	2	184	1	279
Kimball.....	91	.....	.....	4	62	1	3	2	1	91	.....	60
Knox.....	978	4	7	52	1509	52	58	46	8	974	10	1503
Lancaster.....	6311	35	110	174	5274	156	159	139	106	6263	36	5439
Lincoln.....	1090	4	1	40	1301	31	38	33	6	1065	5	1292
Logan.....	69	.....	.....	4	126	.....	4	.....	.....	67	.....	125
Loup.....	118	1	1	3	131	.....	2	4	.....	113	2	133
Madison.....	1729	10	12	122	1584	41	103	34	7	1724	15	1589
McPherson.....	36	.....	.....	1	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	35	1	43
Merrick.....	939	3	13	36	970	46	31	49	15	925	6	969
Nance.....	747	2	6	25	899	8	148	12	3	648	1	871
Nemaha.....	1461	11	9	76	1781	39	73	45	13	1445	9	1797
Nuckolls.....	1090	6	3	40	1362	18	37	31	9	1088	4	1357
Otoe.....	2281	13	29	169	2443	43	183	61	40	2214	16	2405
Pawnee.....	1445	1	13	26	1108	53	24	61	21	1440	.....	1112
Perkins.....	158	1	1	7	228	5	10	7	1	153	.....	228
Phelps.....	916	2	16	13	1188	28	12	38	11	929	5	1171
Pierce.....	597	5	1	53	880	14	45	22	1	584	4	897
Platte.....	1244	10	14	143	2078	21	176	38	16	1226	16	2024
Polk.....	801	3	27	18	1456	27	16	25	29	790	2	1461
Red Willow.....	989	.....	6	27	947	21	26	16	8	973	6	946
Richardson.....	2293	13	22	89	2413	39	103	64	10	2210	9	2384
Rock.....	349	3	.....	29	203	4	18	6	2	341	4	203
Saline.....	1944	22	39	100	1901	41	77	51	42	1854	24	1898
Sarpy.....	623	11	4	52	1085	26	53	34	7	606	10	1087
Saunders.....	2018	12	22	119	2617	41	108	55	18	1970	12	2609
Scott's Bluff.....	239	.....	7	1	223	9	3	5	6	233	.....	217
Seward.....	1611	6	3	59	1842	16	62	21	10	1594	3	1860
Sheridan.....	515	5	1	34	848	16	31	18	5	495	4	843
Sherman.....	414	10	3	11	888	11	15	10	4	413	12	834
Sioux.....	156	.....	1	14	276	.....	18	1	1	152	.....	270
Stanton.....	612	8	4	66	736	11	53	17	3	606	11	749
Thayer.....	1488	6	7	67	1336	27	71	31	10	1474	9	1333
Thomas.....	33	1	.....	5	70	.....	5	.....	.....	33	.....	69
Thurston.....	486	1	6	26	642	15	26	7	8	493	8	637
Valley.....	666	6	1	30	875	8	31	12	7	651	9	868
Washington.....	1468	13	5	93	1311	16	81	28	10	1443	17	1315
Wayne.....	971	15	3	61	976	8	64	11	8	964	5	962
Webster.....	1112	3	9	41	1302	24	47	31	11	1082	3	1300
Wheelock.....	96	1	1	6	162	3	6	2	1	93	.....	160
York.....	1859	7	19	25	1756	29	28	36	19	1843	3	1732
Totals.....	99067	730	907	5115	109774	2067	4904	2523	1155	97856	917	109268

Abstract of votes cast at the general election held on the 3d day of November A. D. 1896, for

COUNTIES	REGENT OF THE UNIVERSITY						Amendment to the Constitution relating to the number of Judges of the Supreme Court and their term of office.	
	JENS C. JACOBSEN	THEODORE JOHNSON	CHARLES R. LAWSON	J. L. LEAS	THOMAS RAWLINS	WILLIAM G. WHITMORE		
	S L	N	P	D	D P-I	R	Yes	No
Adams.....	6	28	36	62	1945	1695	1388	662
Antelope.....	2	11	34	39	1161	946	971	438
Banner.....		1	7	5	113	165	147	19
Elaine.....				7	55	78	87	17
Boone.....	6	9	39	35	1312	1069	1129	426
Box Butte.....	8	2	5	31	528	411	552	138
Boyd.....	11	4	26	39	584	473	621	133
Brown.....	1	2	3	8	302	377	331	98
Buffalo.....	10	8	45	67	2346	1791	1910	732
Burt.....	11	7	34	26	1180	1541	1039	491
Butler.....	2	40	26	45	2186	1253	1159	561
Cass.....	21	28	69	139	2244	2458	1704	558
Cedar.....	10	6	10	52	1363	1027	875	479
Chase.....			12	14	241	239	174	55
Cherry.....	5	4	13	42	633	570	562	310
Cheyenne.....	2	4	16	35	445	431	511	138
Clay.....	3	21	27	44	1688	1631	1304	513
Colfax.....	8	2	22	119	1299	800	809	373
Cuming.....	10	10	21	112	1598	1219	1133	727
Custer.....	7	16	45	41	2363	1522	1764	693
Dakota.....	10	5	16	54	797	580	507	291
Dawes.....	4	3	11	89	809	757	862	261
Dawson.....	5	5	28	45	1314	1118	1269	397
Deuel.....	5	2	6	27	236	276	265	75
Dixon.....	3	8	36	67	1255	829	846	453
Dodge.....	23	13	54	259	1843	2190	1693	667
Douglas.....	289	43	207	607	10549	11787	13405	3135
Dundy.....	1	1	6	5	275	275	308	104
Fillmore.....	6	12	28	39	1675	1625	1520	319
Franklin.....	3	17	22	26	1009	812	830	306
Frontier.....	2	3	18	21	984	764	739	423
Furnas.....	3	10	22	31	1342	1137	650	913
Gage.....	16	33	79	164	2464	3408	1732	1446
Garfield.....		1		2	205	156	148	136
Gosper.....	2	4	7	20	654	396	623	154
Grant.....	1		2	14	78	85	38	83
Greeley.....	3	3	7	35	703	374	724	90
Hall.....	16	6	33	76	1748	1826	1589	552
Hamilton.....	2	9	32	28	1492	1336	700	736
Harlan.....	2	28	32	14	1089	811	876	315
Hayes.....	1		6	19	274	299	367	132
Hitchcock.....	1		3	8	470	418	379	270
Holt.....	3	24	42	70	1283	871	1298	403
Hopker.....				3	37	9	38	1
Howard.....	14	7	19	39	1112	693	756	559

ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST—Continued.

COUNTIES	REGENT OF THE UNIVERSITY						Amendment to the Constitution relating to the number of Judges of the Supreme Court and their term of office.	
	JENS C. JACOBSEN	THEODORE JOHNSON	CHARLES R. LAWSON	J. I. LEAS	THOMAS RAWLINS	WILLIAM G. WHITMORE	Yes	No
	SL	N	P	D	D P-I	R		
Jefferson.....	10	12	28	69	1388	1579	835	512
Johnson.....	2	27	31	43	1143	1370	559	965
Kearney.....	5	8	33	29	1071	958	584	636
Kelth.....	3	1	4	10	245	176	287	65
Keya Paha.....	.....	2	9	17	285	181	169	107
Kimball.....	.....	.....	3	3	64	89	114	9
Knox.....	7	8	66	54	1481	982	1031	395
Lancaster.....	39	84	149	164	5142	6407	4525	2565
Lincoln.....	6	6	36	35	1257	1065	1340	294
Logan.....	.....	.....	1	3	125	68	109	27
Loup.....	.....	2	2	2	133	112	98	52
Madison.....	10	7	38	113	1560	1729	1014	361
McPherson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	36	35	17
Merrick.....	4	10	51	23	942	919	752	230
Nance.....	3	2	16	29	871	755	829	274
Nemaha.....	8	12	43	64	1745	1438	351	739
Nuckolls.....	2	4	31	39	1333	1096	982	418
Otoe.....	14	29	49	176	2301	2248	1300	945
Pawnee.....	1	15	61	22	1109	1436	689	549
Perkins.....	.....	2	5	11	228	156	252	70
Phelps.....	5	17	37	13	1163	916	618	481
Pierce.....	4	4	19	48	859	579	471	109
Platte.....	8	11	26	154	1992	1230	1026	511
Polk.....	3	29	21	16	1421	808	840	482
Red Willow.....	1	9	24	29	913	966	1086	328
Richardson.....	5	11	52	95	2357	2229	1158	654
Rock.....	5	.....	6	17	198	346	420	45
Saline.....	14	33	55	79	1811	1987	1150	662
Sarpy.....	10	7	28	46	1041	604	596	279
Saunders.....	11	17	51	110	2531	1979	1507	663
Scott's Bluff.....	.....	6	8	5	217	233	162	65
Seward.....	1	1	19	65	1833	1622	1117	899
Sheridan.....	3	1	19	45	820	491	534	343
Sherman.....	11	2	12	11	840	410	640	291
Sioux.....	.....	1	1	18	267	154	236	102
Stanton.....	7	2	14	58	722	617	436	318
Thayer.....	4	6	27	62	1301	1492	1367	474
Thomas.....	.....	.....	1	5	70	31	80	13
Thurston.....	1	6	8	21	647	479	236	107
Valley.....	3	2	13	28	857	671	747	232
Washington.....	8	4	22	85	1280	1453	999	539
Wayne.....	4	2	12	57	950	952	570	240
Webster.....	.....	9	24	50	1256	1108	953	379
Wheeler.....	1	1	2	6	158	96	161	22
York.....	2	14	28	28	1713	1867	1282	583
Totals.....	763	866	2391	4781	106967	98651	84579	37896

Abstract of Votes Cast.

November 3, 1896, for Members of Congress, in the Six Congressional Districts.

COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— First Dist.				COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— Second Dist.			
	JEFFERSON H. BROADY	HAMPTON E. GEORGE	CHARLES E. SMITH	JESSE B. STRODE		EDWARD R. DUFFIE	DAVID H. MERCER	CHARLES WATTS	GEORGE W. WOODBEY
	D P-I	N	P	R		D P-I	R	P	N
Cass.....	2371	36	57	2568	Douglas.....	10796	12703	153	51
Johnson.....	1237	27	18	1368	Sarpy.....	1127	657	22	6
Lancaster.....	5418	75	128	6141	Washington..	1363	1501	27	2
Nemaha.....	1885	17	53	1444	Totals.....	13286	14861	202	59
Otoe.....	2547	34	59	2202					
Pawnee.....	1165	14	54	1407					
Richardson....	2514	15	60	2226					
Totals.....	17137	218	429	17356					

Abstract of Votes Cast—Continued.

COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— Third Dist.				COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— Fourth Dist.				
	DAVID BROWN	CHARLES M. GRIFFITH	ROSS L. HAMMOND	SAMUEL MAXWELL		WILLIAM H. DECH	R. E. DUNPHY	EUGENE J. HAINER.	B. SPURLOCK	WILLIAM L. STARK
	P	N	R	D P-I		*	D	R	P-N	D P-I
Antelope.....	30	7	943	1208	Butler.....	8	45	1246	38	2188
Boone.....	29	18	1053	1309	Fillmore...	8	37	1627	27	1732
Burt.....	35	16	1501	1184	Gage.....	15	170	3413	91	2535
Cedar.....	18	11	1029	1455	Hamilton..	2	19	1308	18	1602
Colfax.....	26	7	829	1394	Jefferson..	12	63	1605	22	1462
Cuming.....	22	31	1240	1752	Polk.....	4	12	781	45	1472
Dakota.....	19	14	592	857	Saline.....	5	72	1973	51	1917
Dixon.....	37	10	901	1272	Saunders..	45	103	2001	42	2635
Dodge.....	57	28	2171	2304	Seward.....	8	81	1594	14	1841
Knox.....	61	18	1000	1543	Thayer.....	3	64	1465	25	1358
Madison.....	38	15	1758	1712	York.....	4	31	1831	52	1773
Merrick.....	46	10	921	1008	Totals...	114	697	18844	425	20515
Nance.....	10	9	741	940						
Pierce.....	18	3	598	929						
Platte.....	37	15	1273	2098						
Stanton.....	14	7	627	810						
Thurston.....	6	26	474	677						
Wayne.....	18	9	982	1035						
Totals.....	521	254	18633	23487						

*By Petition.

Abstract of Votes Cast—Continued.

COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— Fifth Dist.					TOTAL VOTE	COUNTIES	CONGRESSMAN— Sixth Dist.				TOTAL VOTE
	WILLIAM E. ANDREWS	J. S. MILLER	CHARLES W. PRESTON	RANSOM S. PROUDFIT	R. D. SUTHERLAND			ADDISON E. CADY	A. D. GEORGE	WILLIAM L. GREENE	A. C. SLOAN	
	R							N					P	D	D P-I	R	P	D P-I	N
Adams.....	1757	16	21	43	2050	Banner.....	169	5	113	1	318	
Chase.....	247	...	8	7	255	Blaine.....	92	1	50	...	149	
Clay.....	1638	9	23	35	1739	Box Butte..	432	9	550	6	1086	
Dundy.....	280	...	3	4	287	Boyd.....	515	24	605	8	1265	
Franklin.....	816	18	20	31	1043	Brown.....	382	4	312	1	734	
Frontier.....	766	3	15	17	996	Buffalo.....	1805	53	2433	7	4480	
Furnas.....	1151	13	16	31	1423	Cherry.....	603	11	681	4	1410	
Gosper.....	398	8	10	17	676	Cheyenne ..	460	19	459	6	1008	
Hall.....	1851	6	27	66	1773	Custer.....	1545	56	2354	12	4267	
Harlan.....	820	35	24	20	1127	Dawes.....	773	21	894	5	1873	
Hayes.....	304	1	3	17	280	Dawson	1152	34	1396	3	2705	
Hitchcock ...	426	...	...	5	478	Deuel.....	313	9	236	1	612
Kearney.....	950	6	21	21	1115	Garfield....	156	5	199	3	381	
Nuckolls.....	10	6	4	17	1409	Grant.....	83	...	99	...	206	
Perkins.....	161	1	4	9	228	Greeley.....	410	4	727	2	1214	
Phelps.....	917	15	21	9	1198	Holt.....	847	38	1289	22	2448	
Red Willow..	958	9	9	22	937	Hooker	10	...	39	...	52	
Webster.....	1095	9	24	44	1318	Howard.....	821	22	1138	2	2108	
Totals.....	15621	153	266	473	18332	Keith.....	187	6	248	1	469	
						Keya						
						Paha.....	187	9	297	3	512	
						Kimball ...	94	5	58	...	169	
						Lincoln.....	1098	34	1311	5	2600	
						Logan.....	72	...	126	...	208	
						Loup.....	113	1	142	1	267	
						McPher-						
						son.....	36	2	43	...	87	
						Rock.....	350	4	226	2	605	
						Scott's						
						Bluff.....	235	9	223	4	495	
						Sheridan ...	486	23	867	8	1515	
						Sherman ...	432	9	862	5	1345	
						Sioux.....	153	1	279	4	480	
						Thomas.....	31	1	75	...	119	
						Valley.....	705	14	884	3	1669	
						Wheeler....	94	3	163	...	276	
						Totals.	14841	436	19378	119	230795	

The Joint Committee appointed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Nebraska, under authority of an act to provide for the recount of the ballots cast on November 3rd 1896, on the Constitutional Amendment relating to judges of the Supreme Court, approved March 25th 1897, has completed the work assigned us and humbly submit our findings:

Counties	For Amendment	Against Amendment	Total Vote
Adams	1996	1790	3786
Antelope	1000	1157	2157
Arthur	5070	591	5661
Baker	1157	486	1643
Blaine	109	18	127
Buffalo	2000	737	2737
Camden	1580	17	1597
Boya	755	125	880
Cherry	889	100	989
Box Butte	600	139	739
Boone	1185	463	1648
Bradford	1069	129	1198
Cheyenne	552	147	699
Cumby	1286	720	2006
Colfax	865	401	1266
Cheyenne	1165	34	1200
Chase	791	20	811
Clay	1250	100	1350
Clifton	1589	709	2298
Cass	2000	670	2670
Dakota	476	208	684
Dodge	2157	761	2918
Dundy	831	100	931
Dixon	980	537	1517
Deuel	385	63	448
Dawson	1000	292	1292

REPORT OF JOINT COMMITTEE—Continued.

County	For Amendment	Against Amendment	Total Vote
Dawson	492	225	2722
Douglas	446	316	23028
Frontier	219	325	1865
Fulton	1592	812	3558
Gambell	552	329	2117
Garfield	722	912	2722
Harvey	257	81	1214
Haskell	675	162	2169
Keefe	152	137	381
Grant	52	84	206
Logan	1285	1032	2672
Hayes	522	62	622
Hotchkiss	392	294	960
Harlan	1222	272	2092
Holt	1411	422	2449
Howard	725	551	2108
Hamilton	281	592	2281
Johnson	647	1224	2722
Kearney	361	25	525
Kearney	722	612	2269
Kearney	1272	324	2221
Kimball	115	7	169
Wall	1678	529	2946
Laramie	222	562	3222
Keith	422	28	469
Loup	122	52	267
Logan	162	12	262
Lusk	1466	272	2222
Lyons	4222	222	2662
Merrick	222	227	212
Madison	227	272	3222
McPherson	25	77	27
Miner	29	22	52
Nebraska	1222	224	1212
Nichols	2242	242	2642
North	242	522	2522
Ohio	1612	1222	5222
Osage	429	117	1262
Park	1222	522	2222
Pawnee	729	452	2222

REPORT OF JOINT COMMITTEE—Continued.

County	For Amendment	Against Amendment	Miss Note
Berkshire	267	71	426
Chittenden	648	579	2226
Platte	1069	554	3738
Wind Willow	1189	847	2671
Richmond	1220	679	1859
Franklin	177	36	608
Lamoille	1534	691	2624
Green	254	100	484
Essex	1200	915	3691
Stout	466	324	1585
Colony	1264	667	4285
Warren	629	222	1989
Scott's Bluffs	811	18	485
Shannon	577	324	1517
Sherman	980	389	2249
Shelburne	1185	7	1822
Thomas	58	7	119
Wayne	1816	283	3059
Tully	780	252	1744
Walter	1187	400	2215
Whitely	429	20	277
Wayne	981	142	2179
Washington	1109	560	3185
York	2242	162	2821
Total			
	0-644	37020	220261

James J. Loomis, J. P. Lykes, J. S. Hamaday, H. Smith
M. C. Thomas, Richard Nelson, J. W. Hooper

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE—TWENTY-THIRD SESSION—1893.
HON. THOMAS J. MAJORS, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, PRESIDENT.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POSTOFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
E. M. Correll, President pro tem.	Editor	Hebron	Thayer	Canada	Married	46	Republican.
H. A. Edwards, Secretary	Lawyer	Grand Island	Hall	Ohio	Married	38	Independent.
G. R. Doughty, 1st Assistant Secretary	Lawyer	Schuyler	Coffax	New York	Married	34	Democrat.
B. S. Littlefield, 2d Assistant Secretary	Editor	Grant	Perkins	Massachusetts	Single	30	Independent.
J. G. P. Hildebrand, cl'k com. of whole	Journalist	Lincoln	Lancaster	Virginia	Married	89	Democrat.
J. M. Snyder, Chaplain	Clergyman	Verdurette	Sherman	West Virginia	Married	67	Independent.
Timothy T. Kellher, Bookkeeper	Machinist	North Platte	Lincoln	Pennsylvania	Single	28	Independent.
I. H. Dundas, Engraving Clerk	Editor	Auburn	Nemaha	Illinois	Married	47	Independent.
Frank R. Morrissey, Enrolling Clerk	Newspaper Man	Omaha	Douglas	New York	Married	37	Democrat.
T. D. Worrall, Supply Clerk	Commercial Traveler	Lincoln	Lancaster	Illinois	Married	33	Democrat.
S. S. Alley, Sergeant-at-Arms	Lawyer	Wilber	Saline	Indiana	Married	47	Democrat.
Keen Ludden, 1st Ass't Serg't-at-Arms	Farmer	Wayland	Polk	Wisconsin	Married	49	Democrat.
R. L. Rossiter, 2d Ass't Serg't-at-Arms	Surveyor	Columbus	Platte	Ireland	Married	49	Democrat.
W. A. J. Raum, Postmaster	Farmer	Crawford	Dawes	Pennsylvania	Married	48	Independent.
John Steinbart, Assistant Postmaster	Insurance	Nebraska City	Otoe	Germany	Married	60	Democrat.
A. Wanmer, Doorkeeper	Farmer	Atlanta	Phelps	New York	Married	43	Independent.
W. S. Coman, 1st Assistant Doorkeeper	Editor	Fremont	Dodge	New York	Married	52	Democrat.
L. Shrader Stenographer	Stenographer	Logan	Logan	Wisconsin	Single	23	Independent.
John F. Sherman, Bill Clerk	Editor	Wahoo	Saunders	New York	Married	40	Democrat.
Henry Kessler, Janitor	Laborer	Nebraska City	Otoe	Germany	Married	60	Democrat.
John C. Gorin, Custodian of Senate	Farmer	Pallsade	Hitchcock	Kentucky	Married	47	Independent.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—TWENTY-THIRD SESSION—1893.

NAME	OCCUPATION	P. O. ADDRESS	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
Babcock, Wm. N.	Manager Stock Yards.	Omaha	Douglas	New York	Married	45	Democrat.
Campbell, Jacob N.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Fullerton	Nance	Missouri	Married	27	Independent.
Clarke, Chas. H.	Hardware Merchant	Omaha	Douglas	Nebraska	Single	23	Republican.
Correll, Erasmus M.	Editor	Hebron	Thayer	Canada	Married	46	Republican.
Dale, Walter F.	Farmer	Atlanta	Pheips	Wisconsin	Married	36	Independent.
Darner, J. H.	Merchant and Minister.	Cozad	Dawson	Ohio	Married	51	Independent.
Dysart, William	Farmer	Superior	Nuckolls	Ohio	Married	51	Independent.
Eggleston, G. W.	Grain Dealer	Bennett.	Lancaster	England	Married	37	Republican.
Everett, Fremont	Lawyer	Lyons	Burt	Iowa	Married	47	Republican.
Graham, Alexander	Real Estate.	Beatrice.	Gage	Ohio	Married	46	Independent.
Gray, W. M.	Farmer	North Loup	Valley	Pennsylvania	Married	46	Independent.
Hahn, Leopold	Carpenter.	Hastings.	Adams	Germany	Married	46	Republican.
Hale, F. J.	Farmer and Merchant.	Battle Creek.	Madison	Virginia	Married	50	Democrat.
Harris, James E.	Minister.	Talmage	Otoe	Ohio	Married	52	Independent.
Johnson, L. L.	Farmer & Sorghum M'fr.	Inland	Clay	Ohio	Married	42	Independent.
Lobeck, C. O.	Hardware Merchant.	Omaha	Douglas	Illinois	Married	41	Republican.
G. W. Lowley	Lawyer	Seward	Seward	England	Married	50	Republican.
Mattes, John Jr.	Manager Brewing Co.	Nebraska City	Otoe	Germany	Married	33	Democrat.
Miller, James P.	Farmer.	York	York	Ohio	Married	58	Republican.
Moore, R. E.	Banker.	Lincoln	Lancaster	Illinois	Married	43	Republican.
McCarty, T. F.	Farmer.	St. Paul.	Howard	New York	Married	50	Ind. Democrat
McDonald, B. F.	Farmer.	Pender	Thurston	Ohio	Married	42	Republican.
Mullen, J. P.	Farmer.	Enmett	Holt	Pennsylvania	Married	37	Independent.
North, James E.	Real Estate.	Columbus.	Platte	Ohio	Married	54	Democrat.
Packwood, Samuel	Farmer	Creighton.	Knox	Indiana	Married	64	Independent.
Pope, John Dudley	Lawyer.	Friend.	Saline	Illinois	Married	36	Republican.
Sanders, W. A.	Farmer	Ashland.	Sanders	Pennsylvania	Married	66	Independent.
Scott, A. R.	Lawyer	Falls City	Richardson	Pennsylvania	Married	51	Republican.
Smith, G. N.	Farmer	Kearney	Buffalo	Pennsylvania	Married	49	Independent.
Stewart, H. G.	Farmer	Crawford	Dawes.	Wisconsin	Married	39	Independent.
Tefft, Orlando	Banker	Avoca	Cass.	Illinois	Married	50	Republican.
Thomson, John	Real Estate, Insurance.	Fremont	Dodge	Germany	Single	30	Democrat.
Young, Lewis W.	Farmer.	Wilsonville.	Furnas	New York	Married	56	Independent.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-THIRD SESSION—1893.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POSTOFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
J. N. Gaffin, Speaker.....	Farmer.....	Colon.....	Saunders.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	37	Independent.
Eric Johnson, Chief Clerk.....	Editor.....	Hastings.....	Adams.....	Sweden.....	Married.....	54	Independent.
Ed. J. Hall, 1st Assistant Clerk.....	Editor.....	Grand Island.....	Hall.....	Iowa.....	Married.....	46	Democrat.
J. H. Edmlisten, 2d Assistant Clerk.....	Farmer.....	Eddyville.....	Dawson.....	Texas.....	Married.....	37	Independent.
D. R. Carpenter, 3d Assistant Clerk.....	Editor.....	Indianola.....	Red Willow.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	39	Independent.
Wm. G. Dungan, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Farmer.....	Newark.....	Kearney.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	53	Independent.
L. A. Beltzer, 1st Ass't Serg't-at-Arms.....	Nurse-ryman.....	Oscola.....	Polk.....	Maryland.....	Married.....	53	Independent.
F. H. Higgins, 2d Ass't Serg't-at-Arms.....	Farmer.....	Cambridge.....	Furnas.....	Nebraska.....	Single.....	24	Independent.
W. B. Hall, Chaplain.....	Clergyman.....	Sargent.....	Custer.....	Vermont.....	Married.....	48	Independent.
Chas. Dockhorn, Doorkeeper.....	General Merchandise.....	Falls City.....	Richardson.....	Germany.....	Married.....	59	Democrat.
E. L. Simon, Assistant Doorkeeper.....	Brick Layer.....	Lincoln.....	Lancaster.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	30	Democrat.
O. N. Sullivan, Custodian Cloak Room.....	Clerk.....	Lincoln.....	Lancaster.....	Illinois.....	Single.....	26	Democrat.
A. Stedwell, Ass't ".....	Bee Keeper.....	Kearney.....	Buffalo.....	New York.....	Married.....	66	Independent.
Norman Ross, Postmaster.....	Real Estate.....	Schuyler.....	Colfax.....	Prince Ed's Id.....	Single.....	32	Democrat.
Mrs. N. J. Boulware, Ass't Postmaster.....	Dressmaker.....	Nebraska City.....	Otoe.....	Nebraska.....	Single.....	30	Democrat.
G. P. Porter, Mail Carrier.....	Farmer.....	Clarks.....	Merrick.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	39	Independent.
W. F. Wright, Bookkeeper.....	Farmer.....	Lincoln.....	Lancaster.....	Michigan.....	Married.....	54	Independent.
Geo. L. Butler, Bill Clerk.....	Farmer.....	Ewing.....	Holt.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	35	Independent.
Otis H. Clark, Assistant Bill Clerk.....	Farmer.....	Woodville.....	Piatte.....	New York.....	Single.....	45	Independent.
S. Keene, Time-keeper.....	Editor.....	Gandy.....	Logan.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	32	Independent.
W. H. Talcott, Cus. Chief Clerk's office.....	Farmer.....	Tecumseh.....	Johnson.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	48	Independent.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-THIRD SESSION—1893.

NAME	OCCUPATION	P. O. ADDRESS	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
Ames, George W.	Rea, Estate	Omaha.	Douglas.	New York.	Married.	35	Democrat.
Barry, Patrick H.	Farmer.	Greeley Center.	Greeley	Ireland.	Married.	48	Independent.
Beal, Charles W.	Editor	Broken Bow.	Custer	Missouri.	Single.	32	Independent.
Brockman, John M.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Stella.	Richardson	Illinois.	Married.	51	Republican.
Burns, Joseph.	Contractor.	Lincoln.	Lancaster.	Ireland.	Married.	44	Republican.
Brown, David J.	Farmer & Cattle Feeder.	Seward.	Seward	Tennessee.	Married.	48	Republican.
Cain, J. B.	Farmer.	Aurora.	Hamilton.	Ohio.	Married.	37	Republican.
Carpenter, G. J.	Nurseryman, fr't grower	Fairbury.	Jefferson.	New York	Married.	39	Republican.
Casper, C. D.	Editor	David City.	Butler	Delaware.	Married.	47	Democrat.
Colton, Geo. R.	Banker.	David City.	Butler	Illinois.	Married.	28	Republican.
Cooley, Alfred S.	Farmer.	Eagle.	Cass.	Ohio.	Married.	46	Republican.
Cornish, A. J.	Lawyer.	Lincoln.	Lancaster.	Iowa.	Single.	36	Republican.
Crane, Thomas D.	Lawyer.	Omaha.	Douglas.	Massachusetts.	Single.	37	Republican.
Cross, George	Editor	Fairbury	Jefferson	Wisconsin.	Married.	51	Republican.
Davies, John A.	Lawyer.	Plattsmouth	Cass.	Iowa.	Single.	34	Republican.
Dew, J. S.	Farmer.	Tecumseh.	Johnson	Iowa.	Married.	51	Republican.
Dickerson, Albert.	Farmer.	Litchfield	Johnson	Illinois.	Married.	57	Independent.
Dimmick, J. M.	Farmer.	Macon.	Sherman.	Kentucky.	Married.	50	Independent.
Dobson, Richard.	Farmer.	Grafton.	Franklin.	Illinois.	Married.	46	Independent.
Eickhoff, Arnold	Farmer.	Aten	Filmorc.	England.	Married.	58	Democrat.
Elder, Samuel M.	Farmer.	Clay Center.	Cedar.	Germany.	Married.	45	Democrat.
Ellis, Enos E.	Farmer.	Alien	Clay	Kentucky.	Married.	41	Republican.
Farrrell, John *	Farmer.	North Bend.	Dixon.	Iowa.	Married.	60	Democrat.
Farnsworth, J. B.	Farmer.	Springview	Dodge	Ireland	Married.	67	Independent.
Felton, G. A.	Farmer	Angus	Kea Paba.	Malhe	Married.	42	Independent.
Ford, Philo	Farmer.	Bertrand.	Nuckolls.	Vermont.	Married.	57	Independent.
Fulton, S.	Farmer.	Alma.	Phelps	New York.	Married.	45	Independent.
Gaffin, J. N.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Colon.	Harlan.	Pennsylvania.	Married.	45	Independent.
Gardes, H.	Farmer.	Boroda.	Saunders.	Illinois.	Married.	37	Democrat.
Gifford, W. M.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Lewislon.	Richardson.	Illinois.	Married.	47	Republican.
Goldsmith, Bennett.	Merchaut	West Point.	Pawnee	Indiana	Married.	47	Republican.
Goss, Chas. A.	Lawyer.	Omaha.	Cuming	Germany	Married.	48	Republican.
			Douglas.	Oblo.	Married.	29	Republican.

* Deceased.

Goss, T. S.	Farmer.	Wayne.	Wayne.	Massachusetts.	Married.	41	Republican.
Grammer, Chas.	Farmer.	St. Paul.	Howard	Illinois.	Married.	43	Independent
Griffith, Peter.	Farmer.	Junietta.	Adams	New York.	Married.	56	Republican.
Haller, William D.	Druggist.	Blair.	Washington.	Wisconsin.	Married.	46	Republican.
Harmon, Frank P.	Farmer.	Pauline.	Adams	Iowa.	Married.	35	Independent.
Henry, H. R.	Farmer.	Mineola.	Holt.	Ohio.	Married.	43	Independent.
Hinds, L. B.	Merchant.	Odel.	Gage	Vermont.	Married.	50	Republican.
Higgins, W. P.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Wescott.	Custer.	Missouri.	Married.	28	Independent.
Howe, Church.	Farmer & Stock Breeder.	Howe.	Nenaba.	Massachusetts.	Married.	53	Republican.
Horst, George.	Farmer.	Oscola.	Polk	Wisconsin.	Single.	38	Independent.
Irwin, W. J.	Farmer.	West Hill.	Platte.	New York.	Married.	46	Independent.
James, P. H.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Cortland.	Gage	Ohio.	Married.	50	Republican.
Jenkins, E. M.	Druggist, Stock Raiser.	Alexandria.	Thayer	Illinois.	Married.	44	Republican.
Jensen, John.	Attorney and Banker.	Geneva.	Fillmore.	North Germany.	Married.	49	Republican.
Johnston, B. J.	Farmer and Preacher.	Howe.	Nenaba.	Missouri.	Married.	63	Independent.
Johnson, Nathan	Farmer.	York.	York	Rhode Island.	Married.	52	Republican.
Johnson, J. L.	Farmer & Stock Raiser.	Abbott	Hall	Sweden.	Married.	44	Independent.
Kaup, William.	Real Estate.	Western.	Saline.	Germany.	Married.	43	Republican.
Kessler, John F.	Farming, Stock Raising.	Oakland	Burt	Pennsylvania.	Married.	39	Republican.
Keckley, Chas. R.	Farmer.	York	York	Ohio.	Married.	45	Republican.
Keyes, Clarence F.	Farmer, Stock Raiser.	Springfield	Sarpy	Massachusetts.	Married.	43	Republican.
Kloke, Robert F.	Banker.	West Point.	Cuming	Wisconsin.	Married.	33	Republican.
Kyner, James H.	Contractor	Omaha	Douglas.	Ohio.	Married.	46	Republican.
Kruse, J. G.	Farmer.	Creighton	Knox.	Iowa.	Married.	29	Independent.
Krick, Edward	Farmer	Minden	Kearney	Pennsylvania.	Married.	49	Independent.
Lingenfelter, Geo. C.	School Teacher.	Sidney	Cheyenne.	Ohio.	Married.	39	Independent.
Luikart, G. A.	Banker.	Tilden.	Madison.	Germany.	Married.	40	Democrat.
Lockner, Augustus	Merchant and Farmer.	Omaha.	Douglas.	New York.	Married.	45	Republican.
Leldigh, L. W.	Commission, Ice Dealer.	Nebraska City	Otoc.	Pennsylvania.	Married.	43	Democrat.
Lynch, J. O.	Farmer.	Lexington	Dawson.	New York.	Married.	54	Independent.
Merrick, H. J.	Farmer.	Adams	Gage	Pennsylvania.	Married.	46	Republican.
McCutcheon, Wm. A.	Farmer.	St. Edwards.	Boone.	Ohio.	Married.	51	Independent.
McKesson, J. C. F.	Farmer.	Emerald	Lancaster.	Illinois.	Married.	35	Republican.
McVey, E. A.	Farmer.	Sutton.	Clay	Indiana.	Married.	49	Independent.
Nason, W. N.	Sec. Board of Trade	Omaha.	Douglas.	Pennsylvania.	Married.	59	Republican.
Nelson, N. P.	Farmer.	Hoopèr.	Dodge	Sweden.	Married.	40	Democrat.
Newberry, Fred	Farmer.	Aurora	Hamilton.	Minnesota.	Married.	34	Independent.
Oakley, R. H.	Coal Merchant	Lincoln	Lancaster.	New York.	Married.	46	Republican.
Olson, P. B.	Farmer.	Malmo	Saunders.	Sweden.	Married.	39	Independent.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-THIRD SESSION—1893.

NAME	OCCUPATION	P. O. ADDRESS	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
Porter, W. F.	Farmer	Clarks	Merrick	Illinois	Married	32	Independent
Rhea, Robert C.	Farmer	Milford	Sevard	Ohio	Married	44	Republican
Rhodes, H. F.	Farmer	Ord	Valley	New York	Married	36	Independent
Ricketts, M. O.	Physician and Surgeon	Omaha	Douglas	Kentucky	Married	34	Republican
Rifley, Austin	Farmer	Rosemont	Webster	Iowa	Married	39	Independent
Robinson, Chas. S.	Farmer	Midvale	Brown	New York	Married	61	Republican
Ruggles, L. C.	Farmer & Stock Raiser	Hiawatha	Dundy	Kentucky	Married	57	Independent
Schappel, Chas. A.	Farmer	Pawnee City	Pawnee	New York	Married	39	Republican
Schelp, Wm.	Farmer	Platte Center	Platte	Germany	Married	44	Independent
Schlotfeldt, Henry	Brick Manufacturer	Grand Island	Hall	Illinois	Married	35	Democrat
Scott, Andrew J.	Farmer	Kearney	Buffalo	West Virginia	Married	43	Independent
Sheridan, I. A.	Hardware	Indianola	Red Willow	Ohio	Married	35	Democrat
Sinclair, John	Grain Dealer	Burr	Otoe	Wisconsin	Married	36	Democrat
Sisson, Edwin F.	Farmer	Arizona	Burt	Ohio	Married	46	Republican
Smith, Theo.	Farmer	Tecumseh	Johnson	Ohio	Married	48	Republican
Smith, G. F.	Farmer, Stockman, etc.	Ewing	Holt	New York	Married	45	Independent
Smith, Julius	Farmer	Salem	Richardson	Germany	Married	55	Independent
Soderman, E.	Farmer	Bertrand	Phelps	Sweden	Married	42	Independent
Spencer, E. R.	Banker	Firth	Lancaster	New York	Married	31	Republican
Stevens, John	Farmer	Edison	Furnas	West Virginia	Married	53	Independent
Suter, Lewis H.	Farmer & Stock Raiser	Neligh	Antelope	Pennsylvania	Married	42	Independent
Sutton, A. L.	Lawyer	South Omaha	Douglas	Wisconsin	Single	26	Republican
VanDyyn, John N.	Examiner of Titles	Wilbur	Saline	Ohio	Married	47	Republican
VanHousen, John C.	Farmer	Schuyler	Colfax	New York	Married	48	Democrat
Wardlaw, John M.	Farmer	Pickrell	Cage	Kentucky	Married	55	Republican
Watson, J. C.	Lawyer	Nebraska City	Otoe	Missouri	Married	42	Republican
Wilson, John	Liveryman	Kearney	Buffalo	Pennsylvania	Married	43	Republican
Withnell, C. H.	Contractor	Omaha	Douglas	England	Married	34	Democrat
Woods, J. D.	Farmer	Hay Springs	Sheridan	Indiana	Married	43	Independent

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE — TWENTY-FOURTH SESSION — 1895.

HON. ROBERT E. MOORE, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, PRESIDENT.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POSTOFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
John C. Watson, President pro tem.	Attorney	Nebraska City.	Otoe.	Missouri.	Married.	44	Republican.
Tim Sedgwick, Secretary	Editor	York	York	Illinois.	Married.	42	Republican.
F. W. Barber, 1st Assistant Secretary	Attorney	Grand Island.	Hall	Canada.	Married.	39	Republican.
A. R. Kelm, 2d Assistant Secretary	Attorney	Falls City.	Richardson	Pennsylvania.	Single	35	Republican.
R. Q. Stewart, Sergeant-at-arms.	Farmer	Campbell	Franklin	Ohio.	Single	49	Republican.
T. Williams, 1st Ass't Sergeant-at-arms	Painter.	Geneva.	Fillmore.	Michigan.	Single	44	Republican.
2d Ass't Sergeant-at-arms							
J. Gannon, Doorkeeper.	Farmer.	Bancroft.	Cuming	Illinois.	Married.	55	Republican.
C. S. Brundage, Ass't Doorkeeper	Painter.	Tecumseh	Johnson	New Jersey.	Single	28	Republican.
J. E. Rule, Enrolling Clerk.	Attorney	Western.	Saline.	Wisconsin.	Married.	33	Republican.
1st Ass't Enrolling Clerk.							
W. H. Pool, Engrossing Clerk.	Farmer.	Wabash.	Cass.	Ohio.	Married.	42	Republican.
1st Ass't Engrossing Clerk.							
H. S. MacAyeal, Chaplain.	Minister.	Cambridge.	Furnas.	Iowa.	Married.	34	Republican.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—LEGISLATURE 1895.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POST OFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
Harry C. Lindsay	Attorney	Pawnee City	Pawnee	Wisconsin	Married	33	Republican.
J. H. Hitchcock	Attorney	Tecumseh	Johnson	Ohio	Married	34	Republican.
John C. Watson	Attorney	Nebraska City	Otoe	Missouri	Married	44	Republican.
Oriando Tefft	Banker and Farmer	Avoca	Cass	Illinois	Married	51	Republican.
William J. Lehr	Farmer	Mead	Saunders	Illinois	Married	38	Republican.
Thomas D. Crane	Attorney	Omaha	Douglas	Massachusetts	Single	47	Republican.
William Stuefer	Banker	West Point	Cuming	Wisconsin	Married	29	Republican.
Sherman Saunders	Banker	Bloomfield	Knox	Nebraska	Single	29	Republican.
E. W. Jeffres	Farmer	Horace	Greeley	Ohio	Married	43	Populist.
W. D. Holbrook	Farmer	Everett	Dodge	Missouri	Married	44	Republican.
John T. Bressler	Real Estate and Loans	Wayne	Wayne	Pennsylvania	Married	45	Republican.
John C. Sprecher	Editor	Schuyler	Colfax	Ohio	Married	30	Populist.
John Crawford	Farmer	Atkinson	Holt	Scotland	Married	63	Populist.
H. G. Stewart	Farmer and Stockraiser	Crawford	Dawes	Wisconsin	Married	40	Populist.
W. M. Gray	Farmer	North Loup	Valley	Pennsylvania	Married	48	Populist.
Joseph Black	Farmer and Stockraiser	Kearney	Buffalo	West Virginia	Married	60	Republican.
George H. Caldwell	Attorney	Grand Island	Hall	Ohio	Married	50	Republican.
J. N. Campbell	Farmer and Stockraiser	Fullerton	Nance	Missouri	Married	29	Populist.
Wm. E. Bauer	Attorney	David City	Butler	Ohio	Married	34	Populist.
John B. Wright	Grain Dealer	Lincoln	Lancaster	New York	Married	48	Republican.
Alex. Graham	Real Estate	Beatrice	Saline	Ohio	Married	49	Republican.
J. D. Pope	Attorney	Friend	Saline	Illinois	Married	38	Republican.
George Cross	Editor	Fairbury	Jefferson	Wisconsin	Married	53	Republican.
Chas. H. Sloan	Attorney	Geneva	Fillmore	Iowa	Married	31	Republican.
Edwin E. Mighell	Farmer	Aurora	Hamilton	Illinois	Married	44	Republican.
G. E. Mckeely	Physician	Red Cloud	Webster	Ohio	Married	50	Republican.
L. Hahn	Carpenter	Hastings	Adams	Germany	Married	47	Republican.
Walter F. Dale	Farmer	Atlanta	Harlan	Wisconsin	Married	38	Populist.
F. M. Rathbun	Farmer and Stockraiser	Cambridge	Furnas	Illinois	Married	45	Republican.
Wm. B. Akers	Farmer	Collins	Scotts Bluff	Ohio	Married	55	Republican.
Richard Smith	Contractor	Omaha	Douglas	Canada	Single	47	Republican.
Isaac Noyes	Farmer	Waterloo	Douglas	New York	Married	66	Republican.
J. C. McKesson	Stock Farmer	Emerald	Lancaster	Illinois	Married	37	Republican.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-FOURTH SESSION—1895.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POST OFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
C. L. Richards, Speaker.....	Attorney.....	Hebron.....	Thayer.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	39	Republican.
W. M. Geddes, Chief Clerk.....	Mayor.....	Grand Island.....	Hall.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	38	Republican.
F. A. Harrison, 1st Assistant Clerk.....	Attorney.....	Pawnee City.....	Pawnee.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	30	Republican.
J. F. Zediker, 2d Assistant Clerk.....	Editor.....	Lincoln.....	Lancaster.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	52	Republican.
H. Glasgow, 3d Assistant Clerk.....	Insurance Agent.....	Odell.....	Gage.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	47	Republican.
H. Akin, 4th Assistant Clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Kansas.....	Single.....	22	Republican.
W. W. Shoenberger, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Real Estate and Col.....	Aurora.....	Hamilton.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	49	Republican.
A. G. Tyler, 1st Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Real Estate.....	Ogallala.....	Keith.....	Mississippi.....	Married.....	48	Republican.
J. L. Cook, Doorkeeper.....	Painter.....	Fontanelle.....	Washington.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	44	Republican.
F. Dorr, Assistant Doorkeeper.....	Real Estate.....	Havelock.....	Lancaster.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	26	Republican.
W. J. Pemberton, Enrolling Clerk.....	Real Estate.....	Fairbury.....	Jefferson.....	Virginia.....	Married.....	43	Republican.
E. L. Sargent, Enrolling Clerk.....	Farmer.....	Cedar Rapids.....	Boone.....	New Hamp.....	Married.....	49	Republican.
1st Asst. Engrossing Clerk.....	Minister.....	Callaway.....	Custer.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	38	Republican.
M. S. Maze, Chaplain.....							

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE--LEGISLATURE 1895.

HON. C. L. RICHARDS, SPEAKER.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POST OFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
David Guthrie.....	Miller.....	Superior.....	Nuckolls.....	Canada.....	Married.....	48	Democrat.
T. G. Wilder.....	Farmer.....	Cowles.....	Webster.....	New York.....	Married.....	55	Republican.
Peter Griffith.....	Farmer.....	Juniata.....	Adams.....	New York.....	Married.....	58	Republican.
Randolph McNitt.....	Attorney.....	Red Cloud.....	Webster.....	Ohio.....	Single.....	24	Republican.
W. H. Harrison.....	Lumber Dealer.....	Grand Island.....	Hall.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	34	Republican.
G. L. Rouse.....	Farmer.....	Alda.....	Hall.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	48	Republican.
H. Schickedantz.....	Implement Dealer.....	St. Paul.....	Howard.....	Germany.....	Married.....	34	Republican.
P. H. Barry.....	Farmer.....	Greeley.....	Greeley.....	Ireland.....	Married.....	50	Republican.
J. A. Robertson.....	Farmer.....	Joy.....	Holt.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	27	Populist.
G. F. Smith.....	Farmer.....	Ewing.....	Holt.....	New York.....	Married.....	47	Populist.
E. L. Myers.....	Lumber Dealer.....	Newport.....	Rock.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	31	Republican.
F. Rothlenter.....	Farmer and Merchant.....	Kilgore.....	Cherry.....	Austria.....	Married.....	36	Populist.
Wm. Dempsey.....	Farmer.....	Alliance.....	Box Butte.....	Wisconsin.....	Single.....	33	Populist.
K. D. Harris.....	Physician.....	Ogallala.....	Keith.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	46	Republican.
H. F. Rhodes.....	Farmer.....	Yale.....	Valley.....	New York.....	Married.....	38	Populist.
W. P. Higgins.....	Farmer.....	Wescott.....	Custer.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	30	Populist.
Isaac N. Goar.....	Farmer.....	Callaway.....	Custer.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	43	Populist.
James W. Zink.....	Farmer and Stockraiser.....	Loup City.....	Sherman.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	48	Populist.
John Brady.....	Farmer.....	Kearney.....	Buffalo.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	43	Populist.
A. J. Scott.....	Farmer.....	Kearney.....	Buffalo.....	West Virginia.....	Single.....	45	Populist.
Frank Bacon.....	Farmer.....	Gothenburg.....	Dawson.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	41	Republican.
Oscar Carlson.....	Farmer.....	Axtell.....	Kearney.....	Sweden.....	Married.....	44	Republican.
Henry Moebrman.....	Farmer.....	Macon.....	Franklin.....	Germany.....	Single.....	31	Republican.
O. Hull.....	Farmer.....	Alma.....	Harlan.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	45	Populist.
E. Soderman.....	Farmer.....	Bertrand.....	Phelps.....	Sweden.....	Married.....	44	Populist.
E. R. Bee.....	Lumberman.....	Cambridge.....	Furnas.....	West Virginia.....	Married.....	40	Republican.
J. J. Lamborn.....	Real Estate and Loans.....	Indianola.....	Red Willow.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	41	Republican.
D. L. McBride.....	Farmer and Clergyman.....	Quick.....	Frontier.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	44	Populist.
J. W. Cole.....	Attorney.....	Culbertson.....	Hitchcock.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	46	Republican.

Charles H. Chase.....	Farmer and Live Stock	Stanton	Ohio.....	Married..	39	Republican.
George Mattison.....	Farmer.....	Ponca.....	Wisconsin..	Married..	43	Republican.
Henry S. Beck.....	Banker.....	Pierce.....	Ohio.....	Single....	57	Republican.
M. H. Wart.....	Farmer.....	Creighton.....	New York..	Married..	44	Populist.
L. H. Suter.....	Farmer.....	Neligh.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	41	Republican.
L. F. Judd.....	Druggist.....	Boone.....	New York..	Married..	36	Republican.
F. W. Richardson.....	Farmer.....	Cedar Rapids.....	Illinois....	Married..	50	Republican.
Gus G. Becker.....	Real Estate, Loans, Ins.	Battle Creek.....	Bohemia....	Married..	50	Republican.
E. B. Spackman.....	Timber.....	Columbus.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	48	Populist.
John C. Van Housen.....	Farmer.....	Fullerton.....	New York..	Married..	50	Democrat.
R. C. Brownell.....	Farmer.....	Schuylcr.....	Canada.....	Single....	34	Republican.
James Havlik.....	Farmer.....	Morse Bluff.....	Illinois....	Married..	27	Populist.
C. D. Casper.....	Printer and Publisher..	Abie.....	Delaware....	Married..	49	Pop. & Dem.
M. C. Delaney.....	Farmer.....	David City.....	New York..	Married..	51	Democrat.
W. A. Brokaw.....	Farmer.....	Brainard.....	Illinois....	Single....	52	Populist.
D. D. Remington.....	Farmer.....	Ruby.....	Illinois....	Married..	45	Populist.
Joseph Burns.....	Contractor.....	Ree.....	Wisconsin..	Married..	46	Republican.
Henry Harkson.....	Attorney.....	Lincoln.....	Ireland.....	Married..	50	Republican.
T. C. Munger.....	Attorney.....	Davey.....	Denmark....	Married..	33	Republican.
W. D. Robinson.....	Attorney.....	Lincoln.....	Ohio.....	Married..	23	Republican.
E. R. Spencer.....	Banker.....	Lincoln.....	Nebraska....	Married..	33	Republican.
W. O. Chapman.....	Editor.....	Firth.....	New York..	Married..	31	Republican.
Wm. Kaup.....	Real Estate.....	Crete.....	Indiana.....	Married..	45	Republican.
J. C. Burch.....	Banker.....	Western.....	Germany....	Married..	42	Republican.
H. J. Merrick.....	Farmer and Stockdealer	Wymore.....	New York..	Married..	48	Republican.
E. B. Hinds.....	Real Estate.....	Adams.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	52	Republican.
F. W. Miles.....	Banker.....	Odel.....	Vermont....	Married..	36	Republican.
J. O. Cramb.....	Farmer.....	DeWitt.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	61	Republican.
E. M. Jenkins.....	Druggist.....	Kairbury.....	Maine.....	Married..	46	Republican.
C. L. Richards.....	Attorney.....	Alexandria.....	Illinois....	Married..	39	Republican.
J. M. Perkins.....	Farmer.....	Hebron.....	Illinois....	Married..	66	Republican.
Henry Langthorst.....	Farmer.....	Fairmont.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	49	Republican.
John B. Conaway.....	Physician.....	Iowa.....	Germany....	Single....	54	Republican.
Wm. McFadden.....	Farmer.....	York.....	Ohio.....	Married..	51	Republican.
Geo. Horst.....	Farmer and Teacher....	McCool Junc.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	40	Populist.
Robt. W. Campbell.....	Farmer and Stockdealer	Oscola.....	Wisconsin..	Single....	34	Republican.
John B. Cain.....	Farmer and Stockman..	Grand Island.....	Iowa.....	Single....	39	Republican.
A. N. Thomas.....	Merchant.....	Aurora.....	Ohio.....	Married..	55	Republican.
E. E. Hairgrove.....	Attorney.....	Aurora.....	Pennsylvania..	Married..	33	Republican.
Wm. Ashby.....	Farmer.....	Sniton.....	Illinois....	Married..	27	Republican.
		Fairfield.....	Illinois....	Single....		

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—LEGISLATURE 1895.
HON. C. L. RICHARDS, SPEAKER.

NAME	OCCUPATION	POST OFFICE	COUNTY	NATIVITY	MARRIED OR SINGLE	AGE	POLITICS
John M. Brockman	Farmer and Stockraiser	Stella	Richardson	Illinois	Married	53	Republican.
T. P. Jones	Retired Farmer	Falls City	Richardson	Pennsylvania	Married	46	Republican.
John H. Shook	Farmer	Barada	Richardson	Illinois	Married	58	Republican.
James J. Bernard	Farmer and Stockdealer	Lewiston	Pawnee	Prince Edw. I'd	Married	42	Republican.
Wm. Sutton	Dairyman	Table Rock	Pawnee	Illinois	Married	50	Republican.
James F. Ely	Farmer	Auburn	Nemaha	New York	Married	51	Republican.
B. J. Johnston	Preacher	Howe	Nemaha	Missouri	Married	65	Populist.
V. Zink	Farmer	Sterling	Johnson	Germany	Married	51	Republican.
John H. Pohlman	Farmer	Johnson	Nemaha	Germany	Married	55	Republican.
Addison Wait	Produce Dealer	Syracuse	Otoe	Ohio	Married	48	Republican.
Patrick Roddy	Farmer	Nebraska City	Otoe	Ireland	Married	52	Republican.
Alfred S. Cooley	Farmer	Eagle	Cass	Ohio	Married	48	Republican.
John A. Davies	Attorney	Plattsmouth	Cass	Iowa	Single	36	Republican.
Stephen W. Orton	Druggist	Weeping Water	Cass	New York	Married	50	Republican.
Edgar Howard	Newsdealer	Papillion	Sarpy	Iowa	Married	36	Democrat.
James Allan	Laborer	Omaha	Douglas	Scotland	Married	40	Republican.
E. Benedict	Contractor	Omaha	Douglas	Illinois	Married	41	Republican.
Joseph Crow	Attorney	Omaha	Douglas	Indiana	Married	38	Republican.
A. C. Harte	Builder	Omaha	Douglas	Kentucky	Single	34	Republican.
Richard H. Jenness	Printer	Omaha	Douglas	Illinois	Married	37	Republican.
John W. Johnston	Attorney	Omaha	Douglas	Ohio	Married	39	Republican.
M. O. Ricketts	Physician	Omaha	Douglas	Kentucky	Married	36	Republican.
A. L. Sutton	Attorney	South Omaha	Douglas	Wisconsin	Single	28	Republican.
Herman Timme	Merchant	Bennington	Douglas	Germany	Married	46	Republican.
W. D. Haller	Druggist	Blair	Washington	Wisconsin	Married	47	Republican.
E. F. Sisson	Farmer	Arizona	Burt	Ohio	Married	48	Republican.
L. C. Weber	Farmer	Arlington	Washington	Kentucky	Married	49	Republican.
Edward C. Burns	Druggist	Scribner	Dodge	New York	Married	56	Republican.
W. J. McVicker	Farmer	North Bend	Dodge	New York	Married	44	Democrat.
David W. Burke	Retired Farmer	Bancroft	Cuming	Canada	Single	55	Republican.
Nick Fritz	Co. Treas. and Farmer	Pender	Thurston	Germany	Married	47	Democrat.

Appointive Officers of the House, 1897.

- Custodian Cloak-room, D. Cosgrove, Omaha.
 Assistant Custodian Cloak-room, L. S. Bruuo, Central City.
 Custodian Chief Clerk's Room, John Vanderburg, Indianola.
 Time-keeper, E. W. Crane, North Platte.
 Mail Carrier, D. S. Burkhard, Rowland.
 Doorkeeper, J. C. Hammang, Arlington.
 Assistant Doorkeeper, Charles Biven, Tecumseh.
 Speaker's Private Secretary, W. N. Silver, Wahoo.
 Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk, Lena Bromer, West Point.
 " " " John L. Cleaver, Falls City.
 " " " Anna Clegg, Falls City.
 " " " Joy Hackler, Springview.
 " " " P. W. Murray, Grafton.
 " " " I. D. Marks, Grand Island.
 " " " Katie Neville, Plattsmouth.
 " " " Lizzie Stevens, Hastings.
 " " " C. G. Wallace, Lexington.
 " " " Charles Yost, Kearney.
 " " " Ed. Westering, Clay Center.
 " " " Jud. C. Wilson, St. Edward.
 Stenographer, Virginia E. Phillips, Omaha.
 " Sarah E. Striker, Wahoo.
 " George C. Kidd, Nebraska City.
 Bill Clerk, J. M. Whlsnand, Gilead.
 Assistant Bill Clerk, H. F. Wasmund, Rushville.
 Proof-reader, Mary Fairbrother, Omaha.
 Assistant Proof-reader, Arthur L. Anderson, Omaha.
 Copy-holder, Arthur Frantz, Tobias.
 " Jesse Pflug, Exeter.
 Clerk of Committee on Elections, C. H. Challis, Ulysses.
 " " on Accounts and Expenditures, C. N. Miller, Alma.
 Clerk of Committee on Claims, J. B. Anderson, Holdrege.
 " " on Finance, Ways, and Means, J. C. Low, Stella.
 " " on Judiciary, Miss H. L. Knapp, Omaha.
 Clerk of Committee on Engrossed and Enrolled Bills, J. H. Graves, Palmyra.
 Clerk of Committee on Cities and Towns, Edwin Norris, Omaha.
 Watchman, C. Marshall, Riverton.
 " Henry Taylor, Spring Green.
 Night Watchman, W. F. Maddox, Aurora.
 Janitor, W. S. Leiter, Seward.
 " Thomas Harrington, Central City.
 " D. K. Chaney, Stella.
 Custodian of Basement, M. McGee, Lincoln.
 Fireman, H. B. Schneringer, Callaway.
 Boot Black, G. H. Holly, Lincoln.
 Carpenter, George F. Daggett, Lincoln.
 Chief Clerk's Messenger, O. C. Teel, Red Cloud.
 Page, Ted Schneringer, Bradshaw.
 " Roy Platte, Lincoln.
 " Willie Smith, Salem.
 " Fred Wiebe, Grand Island.
 Speaker's Page, Simon Kelley, Lincoln.
 Page, William Hensley, Columbus.
 " James Boyd, Stark.
 " William Cunningham, Palmyra.
 " L. C. Edwards, Humboldt.
 " Harvey Grosvenor, Central City.
 " Oscar Phelps, Stratton.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—TWENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1897.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	POSTOFFICE.	COUNTY.	NATIVITY.	MARRIED OR SINGLE.	AGE.	POLITICS.
C. W. Beal.....	Editor.....	Broken Bow.....	Chster.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	37.....	Peo. Ind. Republican.
Smith T. Caldwell.....	Farmer.....	Edgar.....	Clay.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	51.....	Peo. Ind.
J. S. Canaday.....	School Teacher.....	Minden.....	Kearney.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	35.....	Peo. Ind.
J. B. Conaway.....	Physician.....	York.....	York.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	56.....	Republican.
William H. Dearing.....	Physician.....	Plattsmouth.....	Cass.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	38.....	Democrat.
John H. Dundas.....	Editor.....	Auburn.....	Nemaha.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	51.....	Peo. Ind.
J. H. Evans.....	Manager Laundry.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Wales.....	.....	48.....	Republican.
Thomas F. Farrell.....	Farmer.....	Chapman.....	Merrick.....	Canada.....	Married.....	38.....	Peo. Ind.
F. Q. Feltz.....	Ranchman.....	Ogallala.....	Keith.....	Iowa.....	Married.....	44.....	Peo. Ind.
Nick Fritz.....	Farmer.....	Pender.....	Thurston.....	Germany.....	Married.....	50.....	Democrat.
John N. Goudring.....	Lawyer.....	Columbus.....	Platte.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	40.....	Democrat.
Loyal M. Graham.....	Lawyer.....	Stockville.....	Frontier.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	37.....	Peo. Ind.
O. Grothan.....	Physician.....	St. Paul.....	Howard.....	Norway.....	Married.....	37.....	Democrat.
W. D. Haller.....	Druggist.....	Blair.....	Washington.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	50.....	Republican.
J. W. Heapy.....	Farmer.....	Litchfield.....	Sherman.....	Canada.....	Married.....	42.....	Peo. Ind.
Edward E. Howell.....	Coal Dealer.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Canada.....	Married.....	37.....	Democrat.
John Jeffcoat.....	Contractor.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	61.....	Peo. Ind.
L. I. Johnson.....	Farmer.....	Inland.....	Clay.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	46.....	Peo. Ind.
J. D. Lee.....	Minister.....	Lynch.....	Boyd.....	Virginia.....	Married.....	31.....	Peo. Ind.
Michael W. McGann.....	Lawyer.....	Albion.....	Boone.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	33.....	Peo. Ind.
William Miller.....	Farmer.....	Oakland.....	Burk.....	Alsace, Lorraine.....	Married.....	45.....	Peo. Ind.
Charles T. Muffy.....	Farmer.....	Mead w Grove.....	Madison.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	68.....	Peo. Ind.
George A. Murphy.....	Lawyer.....	Beatrice.....	Gage.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	38.....	Republican.
Otto Mutz.....	Farmer.....	Springview.....	Keya Paha.....	Iowa.....	Married.....	41.....	Peo. Ind.
John M. Osborn.....	Farmer.....	Pawnee City.....	Pawnee.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	53.....	Peo. Ind.
Frank T. Ranson.....	Lawyer.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	.....	Silver Rep.
William E. Ritchie.....	Farmer.....	Ulysses.....	Butler.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	49.....	Democrat.
William D. Schaal.....	Farmer.....	Springfield.....	Sarpy.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	37.....	Peo. Ind.
E. R. Spencer.....	Banker.....	Firth.....	Lancaster.....	New York.....	Married.....	25.....	Republican.
Calvin F. Steele.....	Merchant.....	Fairbury.....	Jefferson.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	53.....	Republican.
Tracy P. Sykes.....	Farmer.....	Hastings.....	Adams.....	New York.....	Married.....	53.....	Peo. Ind.
A. R. Talbot.....	Lawyer.....	Lincoln.....	Lancaster.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	37.....	Republican.
Edward G. Watson.....	Physician.....	Friend.....	Saline.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	38.....	Silver Rep.
Amos A. Weller.....	Merchant.....	Syracuse.....	Otoe.....	New York.....	Married.....	55.....	Democrat.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1897.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	POSTOFFICE.	COUNTY.	NATIVITY.	MARRIED OR SINGLE.	AGE.	POLITICS.
J. N. Guffin, Speaker.....	Farm. & Stock Dealer	Colon	Saunders.....	Illinois	Married.	44	Peo. Ind.
Frank D. Eager, Chief Clerk..	Publisher.....	Lincoln	Lancaster ..	Nebraska ..	Single.....	24	Peo. Ind.
U. F. Foster, 1st Assistant Clerk..	Editor.....	Plainview.....	Pierce.....	Wisconsin ..	Married.	30	Peo. Ind.
J. W. Barnhart, 2d Assistant Clerk.	Editor.....	Auburn	Nemaha	Pennsylvania.	Married.	40	Democrat.
A. J. Webb, 3d Assistant Clerk.....	Accountant.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	California ..	Married.	.....	Democrat.
Rev. James Mailley, Chaplain.....	Minister.....	David City ..	Butler	Scotland ..	Married.	35	Silver Rep.
L. A. Beltzer, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Publisher.....	Osceola	Polk.....	Maryland ..	Married.	56	Peo. Ind.
J. M. Nop, Ass't Sergt-at-Arms.	Carpenter.....	Fremont	Dodge	Kentucky ..	Married.	54	Democrat.
J. C. Hannang, Doorkeeper.....	Farmer.....	Arlington.....	Washington	Nebraska ..	Married.	27	Peo. Ind.
Charles Bivens, Ass't Doorkeeper...	Cigar Maker.....	Tecumseh.....	Johnson ..	Nebraska ..	Single.....	24	Silver Rep.
C. G. Wallace, Enrolling Clerk.....	Clk. in Lumb'r Yard.	Lexington.....	Dawson.....	Illinois	Single.....	26	Peo. Ind.
John L. Cleaver, Engrossing Clerk..	Insurance Agent.....	Falls City.....	Richardson.	New Jersey ..	Married.	55	Democrat.
C. A. Berry, Custodian.....	Real Estate & Ins ..	Wayne	Wayne.....	Switzerland..	Single.....	26	.....
W. F. Wright, Bookkeeper.....	Farmer	Bethany	Lancaster ..	Michigan.....	Married.	60	Peo. Ind.
Ralph D. Parsons, Postmaster.....	Farmer	Amelia	Holt	Indiana.....	Widower	70	Peo. Ind.
Miss Lura Lucas, Ass't Postmaster	Clerk	Lincoln	Lancaster ..	Illinois	Married.	34	Democrat.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—TWENTY-FIFTH SESSION—1897

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	POSTOFFICE.	COUNTY.	NATIVITY.	MARRIED OR SINGLE.	AGE.	POLITICS.
Frank B. Alderman	Marble Cutter.	West Point	Cuming.....	Indiana.....	Married.	44	Republican.
H. T. Ankeny	Farmer	Laurel.....	Cedar.....	Illinois.....	Widower	50	Peo. Ind.
C. W. Baldwin	Physician	Elkhorn.....	Douglas.....	Michigan.....	Married.	31	Democrat.
James J. Bernard	Farmer	Pawnee City..	Pawnee.....	P. Ed. Island.	Married.	45	Republican.
O. P. Billings	Farmer	Norden.....	Keya Paha..	Iowa.....	Married.	43	Peo. Ind.
Palmer Blake	Farm. & Stock Raiser	Tecumseh.....	Johnson.....	Vermont.....	Married.	62	Republican.
Samuel Bower	Farm. & Stock Raiser	St. Paul.....	Howard.....	Pennsylvania.	Married.	59	Peo. Ind.
Frank Burman	Insurance.	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Sweden.....	Married.	40	Republican.
E. J. Burkett	Lawyer	Lincoln.....	Lancaster..	Iowa.....	Married.	29	Republican.
John H. Butler	Builder	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Indiana.....	Married.	55	Republican.
H. D. Byran	Farm. & Stock Raiser	Decatur.....	Burt.....	Iowa.....	Married.	42	Republican.
B. W. Campbell	Farmer	Blue Center..	Clay.....	Illinois.....	Married.	58	Peo. Ind.
James H. Casebeer	Editor	Blue Springs..	Gage.....	Ohio.....	Married.	37	Republican.
W. E. Chittenden	Farmer	Cortland.....	Gage.....	Illinois.....	Married.	43	Republican.
Paul F. Clark	Lawyer	Lincoln.....	Lancaster..	Wisconsin	Married.	35	Republican.
Ralph A. Clark	Real Estate Dealer.	Stella.....	Richardson.	Kentucky.....	Married.	29	Democrat.
William Cole	Farmer	Upland.....	Kearney.....	Ohio.....	Married.	48	Peo. Ind.
Levi Cox	Live Stock Com	South Omaha	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Married.	48	Republican.
J. H. Cronk	Farmer	Ord.....	Valley.....	New York.....	Married.	35	Peo. Ind.
Joseph Crow	Lawyer	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Indiana.....	Married.	40	Republican.
C. E. Curtis	Merchant	South Omaha	Douglas.....	Indiana.....	Married.	32	Peo. Ind.
Richard Dobson	Farmer	Grafton.....	Douglas.....	England.....	Married.	50	Peo. Ind.
De Witt Eager	Merchant	BeaverCross'r	Filmore.....	New York.....	Married.	47	Peo. Ind.
W. G. Eastman	Farmer	Kingston.....	Seward.....	Illinois.....	Married.	39	Peo. Ind.
P. H. Eighthy	Minister	Long Pine.....	Custer.....	New York.....	Married.	58	Republican.
F. W. Endorf	Farmer	Tobias.....	Saline.....	Germany.....	Married.	51	Democrat.
W. S. Felker	Lawyer	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Maine.....	Married.	60	Democrat.
Martin Fernow	Farmer	Roseland.....	Adams.....	Iowa.....	Married.	29	Peo. Ind.
G. R. Fouke	Merchant	Liberty.....	Gage.....	Maryland.....	Married.	43	Republican.
J. N. Gaffu	Farm. & Stock Dealer	Colon.....	Saunders.....	Illinois.....	Married.	44	Peo. Ind.
Fred Gaylord	Mgr. Gas Works.	Kearney.....	Buffalo.....	Iowa.....	Single....	36	Peo. Ind.
Henry Gerdes	Farmer	Barada.....	Richardson.	Illinois.....	Married.	41	Democrat.
Felix Givenes	Farmer	West Point	Cuming.....	Illinois.....	Married.	52	Democrat.
J. S. Goshorn	Farmer	Chester.....	Thayer.....	Pennsylvania.	Widower	67	Republican.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—LEGISLATURE 1897—Continued.

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	POSTOFFICE.	COUNTY.	NATIVITY.	MARRIED OR SINGLE.	AGE.	POLITICS.
Joseph L. Grandstaff.....	Farm. & Stock Raiser	Bladen	Webster	Ohio.....	Married.	49	Peo. Ind.
Claus Grell	Farmer	Chalco	Sarpy	Germany.....	Married.	47	Democrat.
M. C. Grimes	Farmer	Chambers	Holt.....	Illinois.....	Single.....	33	Peo. Ind.
J. H. Grosvenor.....	School Teacher	Stark	Hamilton.....	Nebraska.....	Single.....	23	Peo. Ind.
D. W. Hamilton.....	Farmer	Rising City	Butler.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	38	Peo. Ind.
Robert Henderson	Farmer	Henderson	York	Wisconsin.....	Single.....	45	Republican.
L. L. Hile	Farmer	St. Michael	Buffalo.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	30	Peo. Ind.
R. H. Hill	Farmer	Edkar	Clay	Illinois.....	Married.	64	Democrat.
W. D. Holbrook.....	Farmer	Everett	Dodge	Missouri.....	Married.	47	Republican.
L. J. Holland	Farm. & Stock Raiser	Indianola.....	Red Willow.....	Tennessee.....	Married.	66	Peo. Ind.
William Horner	Farmer	Lexington.....	Dawson.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.	50	Peo. Ind.
O. Hull.....	Farmer	Alma	Harlan.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	48	Peo. Ind.
N. Secor Hyatt	Farmer	President	Platte	New York.....	Married.	54	Peo. Ind.
George E. Jenkins.....	Merchant	Fairbury	Jefferson	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	50	Republican.
George U. Jones.....	Farmer	Wymore	Gage	Wales.....	Married.	54	Republican.
D. N. Jones.....	Farmer	Brock.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio.....	Married.	57	Peo. Ind.
D. A. Jones.....	Stock Feeder.....	Wayne	Wayne	Ohio.....	Married.	39	Democrat.
Geo. F. Kapp.....	Lawyer	Butte	Boyd.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	33	Peo. Ind.
H. C. Keister.....	Farmer	St. Edwards.....	Boone.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	48	Peo. Ind.
C. M. Lemar	Farmer	Wahoo	Saunders.....	Indiana.....	Married.	50	Peo. Ind.
John Liddell.....	Iron Moulder.....	Omaha.....	Douglas	Scotland	Married.	35	Democrat.
F. F. Loomis	Farmer	Edholm.....	Butler	Ohio.....	Married.	49	Silver Rep.
R. S. McCarthy.....	Farmer	Spaulding	Greeley	Ohio.....	Married.	43	Peo. Ind.
D. McCracken.....	Farmer	Macon	Franklin	Indiana.....	Married.	34	Peo. Ind.
Geo. H. McGee.....	Farmer	Clearwater	Antelope	Iowa	Married.	48	Republican.
Donald McLeod	Mechanic.....	Schuyler.....	Colfax	P. Eds. Island	Married.	42	Republican.
W. H. Mann.....	Miller	Wilber.....	Saline	New York	Married.	64	Republican.
C. C. Marshall	Nurseryman.....	Arlington.....	Washington	Ohio.....	Married.	34	Peo. Ind.
M. H. Mills.....	Stock Feeder	Waverly.....	Lancaster	Indiana.....	Married.	59	Republican.
J. B. Mitchell.....	Pharmacist.....	Milford.....	Seward	Ohio.....	Married.	70	Democrat.
O. S. Moran	Farmer	Creston	Platte	West Virginia	Married.	43	Democrat.
J. R. Morrison.....	Farm. & Stock Raiser	Chester	Thayer.....	Ireland.....	Married.	34	Peo. Ind.
J. F. Nesbit.....	Merchant	Tekamah	Burt.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.	39	Republican.
C. W. Phelps.....	Farmer	Stratton	Dundy.....	.....	Married.	48	Peo. Ind.

E. M. Pollard.....	Nehawka.....	Cass.....	Nebraska.....	Married.....	28	Republican.
F. F. Prince.....	Madison.....	Madison.....	Massachusetts.....	Married.....	42	Republican.
Edson Rich.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Single.....	37	Democrat.
John Fitz Roberts.....	South Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	40	Democrat.
John A. Robertson.....	Joy.....	Holt.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	30	Peo. Ind.
Patrick Roddy.....	Nebraska City.....	Otoe.....	Ireland.....	Married.....	54	Republican.
G. L. Rouse.....	Alda.....	Hall.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	50	Republican.
* C. W. Schram.....	Newcastle.....	Dixon.....	New York.....	Married.....	43	Peo. Ind.
O. A. Severe.....	Palmyra.....	Otoe.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	43	Peo. Ind.
A. E. Sheldon.....	Chadron.....	Dawes.....	Minnesota.....	Married.....	35	Peo. Ind.
J. C. Shull.....	Auburn.....	Nemaha.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	36	Peo. Ind.
Dudley Smith.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Missouri.....	Married.....	40	Democrat.
Jules Smith.....	Salem.....	Richardson.....	Germany.....	Married.....	60	Peo. Ind.
D. C. Snyder.....	Elk Creek.....	Johnson.....	Pennsylvania.....	Married.....	48	Peo. Ind.
J. M. Snyder.....	Verdurette.....	Sherman.....	West Virginia.....	Married.....	72	Peo. Ind.
E. Soderman.....	Bertrand.....	Phelps.....	Sweden.....	Married.....	47	Peo. Ind.
Lucien Stebbins.....	North Platte.....	Lincoln.....	Sweden.....	Married.....	64	Peo. Ind.
Vincent Straub.....	Berlin.....	Otoe.....	Massachusetts.....	Married.....	30	Democrat.
William Sutton.....	Table Rock.....	Pawnee.....	Nebraska.....	Single.....	53	Democrat.
John H. Taylor.....	Waterloo.....	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	37	Republican.
William H. Taylor.....	Exeter.....	Fillmore.....	England.....	Married.....	50	Democrat.
Peter Uerling.....	Avr.....	Adams.....	Ireland.....	Married.....	38	Democrat.
S. S. Van Horn.....	Hooper.....	Dodge.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	44	Democrat.
Charles E. Waite.....	Liconh.....	Lancaster.....	New Jersey.....	Married.....	32	Democrat.
E. M. Webb.....	Callaway.....	Custer.....	Ohio.....	Single.....	37	Republican.
William Welch.....	Oscola.....	Polk.....	Wisconsin.....	Married.....	37	Peo. Ind.
C. F. Wheeler.....	Precept.....	Furnas.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	56	Peo. Ind.
C. E. Wiebe.....	Grand Island.....	Hall.....	Minnesota.....	Married.....	37	Peo. Ind.
T. M. Wimberly.....	Univ Place.....	Lancaster.....	Iowa.....	Married.....	36	Democrat.
Wilson Winslow.....	Bertrand.....	Gosper.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	38	Democrat.
D. S. Woodard.....	Hampton.....	Hamilton.....	Indiana.....	Married.....	40	Democrat.
Charles Wooster.....	Silver Creek.....	Merrick.....	Virginia.....	Married.....	48	Democrat.
J. H. Wright.....	Ruskin.....	Nuckols.....	Michigan.....	Married.....	53	Sliver Rep.
John O. Yelser.....	Omaha.....	Douglas.....	Illinois.....	Married.....	44	Peo. Ind.
Thomas T. Young.....	Ashland.....	Cass.....	Kentucky.....	Married.....	30	Peo. Ind.
D. S. Zimmerman.....	York.....	York.....	Ohio.....	Married.....	52	Republican.
			Ohio.....	Married.....	43	Peo. Ind.

*Died March 14, 1897.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor.

HON. SILAS A. HOLCOMB, Broken Bow, Custer County.

Lientenant Governor.

HON. JAMES E. HARRIS, Talmage, Nemaha county.

Secretary of State.

HON. WM. F. PORTER, Clarks, Merrick county.

Treasurer.

HON. J. B. MESERVE, McCook, Red Willow county.

Auditor of Public Accounts.

HON. JOHN F. CORNELL, Verdon, Richardson county.

Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.

HON. JACOB V. WOLFE, Lincoln, Lancaster county.

Attorney General.

HON. C. J. SMYTH, Omaha, Douglas county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

HON. W. R. JACKSON, O'Neil, Holt county.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

GOVERNOR, Hon. Silas A. Holcomb.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, Hon. Benton Maret.

STENOGRAPHER, Henry Blum.

CHIEF CLERK, Frank L. Mary.

STENOGRAPHER, Charles Q. De France.

Secretary of State.

SECRETARY, Wm. F. Porter.

DEPUTY, O. E. Weesner.

BOOK KEEPER, Theodore Mahn.

RECORD CLERK, S. E. Starret.

CLERK, Miss Nellie Purcell.

STENOGRAPHER, L. W. Shrader.

State Treasurer.

TREASURER, Hon. J. B. Meserve.

DEPUTY, Samuel Patterson.

BOOK KEEPER, W. H. Bradbury.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOK KEEPER, C. J. West.

Auditor of Public Accounts.

AUDITOR, Hon. John F. Cornell, Verdon.

DEPUTY, C. C. Pool, Verdon.

INSURANCE DEPUTY, Samuel Lichty, Falls City.

BOOK KEEPER, J. A. Simpson, Auburn.

BOND CLERK, June Abbott, Lincoln.

RECORDER, J. M. Whitaker, Falls City.

INSURANCE CLERK, W. B. Price, Lincoln.

STENOGRAPHER, Miss Mamie Muldoon.

Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.

COMMISSIONER, Hon. Jacob V. Wolfe, Lincoln.
 DEPUTY, Elon W. Nelson, Richland.
 CHIEF CLERK, J. S. Hyatt, Lincoln.
 DRAFTSMAN, Alex. Schlegel, University Place.
 BOOK KEEPER, D. D. Lynch, Platte Center.
 SALE CONTRACT CLERK, Myrtle Shreve, Fremont.
 BOOK KEEPER, Albert Sjoberg, Omaha.
 LEASE CONTRACT CLERK, J. H. Graves.
 ASSIGNMENT CLERK, Rhoda H. Stewart, Lincoln.
 ASSIGNMENT CLERK, Cora B. King, Schuyler.
 DELINQUENT CLERK, Miss Clara Leese, Lincoln.

Attorney General.

ATTORNEY GENERAL, Hon. C. J. Smyth, Omaha.
 DEPUTY, Ed. P. Smith, Omaha.
 STENOGRAPHER, George F. Corcoran, York.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

SUPERINTENDENT, Hon. W. R. Jackson, O'Neil.
 DEPUTY, C. F. Beck, Lyons.
 STENOGRAPHER, Bernice M. Jackson, Lincoln.
 CUSTODIAN OF SUPPLIES, Alex Bentley.

SUPREME COURT.

CHIEF JUSTICE, Hon. A. M. Post, Columbus.
 SUPREME JUDGE, Hon. T. O. C. Harrison, Grand Island.
 SUPREME JUDGE, Hon. T. L. Norval Seward.
 COMMISSIONERS { HON. ROBERT RYAN, Lincoln.
 { HON. JOHN M. RAGAN, Hastings.
 { HON. FRANK IRVINE, Omaha.
 CLERK AND REPORTER, D. A. Campbell, Lincoln.
 DEPUTY CLERK, W. B. Rose, Lincoln.
 ASSISTANT CLERK, E. J. Streight, Lincoln.
 STENOGRAPHER, Miss Cora Outcalt, Lincoln.
 STENOGRAPHER, E. C. Brunson.
 LIBRARY CLERK, B. M. Howell, Lincoln.
 ASSISTANT REPORTER, M. E. Collins, Lincoln.
 BALIFF, J. H. Naden, Lincoln.
 BALIFF, O. D. Harris, Lincoln.

STATE BOARDS AND ASSISTANTS.

Banking Department.

PRESIDENT, John F. Cornell, State Auditor.

MEMBER, J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

MEMBER, C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

SECRETARY, P. L. Hall, Mead.

CLERK, H. Matheisen, Omaha.

State Bank Examiners.

Reuben Lipp, Pawnee City.

John F. Coad, Jr., Omaha.

Frank A. Reynolds, Gothenburg.

Victor E. Wilson, Omaha.

State Board of Educational Lands and Funds.

Silas A. Holcomb, Governor, President.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

J. V. Wolfe, Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings, Secretary.

State Board Public Lands and Buildings.

J. V. Wolfe, Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings, President.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State, Secretary.

J. B. Meserve, Treasurer.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

State Board of Purchases and Supplies.

S. A. Holcomb, Governor, President.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

J. V. Wolfe, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Secretary.

State Board of Equalization.

S. A. Holcomb, Governor.

J. F. Cornell, Auditor Public Accounts.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

State Board of Printing.

J. F. Cornell, Auditor of Public Accounts.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State.

State Board of Escheats.

S. A. Holcomb, Governor.

W. R. Jackson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

State Board of Health.

S. A. Holcomb, Governor, President.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

W. R. Jackson, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Secretary.

Secretaries.

F. D. Holdeman, M. D., Ord.

C. F. Stewart, M. D., Auburn.

B. F. Bally, M. D., Lincoln.

B. F. Crummer, M. D., Omaha.

State Board of Pharmacy.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General, President.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State, Secretary.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

J. F. Cornell, State Auditor.

Examiners.

C. M. Clark, Friend.

A. W. Bucheit, Grand Island.

H. R. Gering, Plattsmouth.

H. H. Barth, Lincoln.

Griff. J. Evans, Hastings.

State Board of Transportation.

John F. Cornell, State Auditor, President.

J. V. Wolfe, Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings, Secretary.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.

C. J. Smyth, Attorney General.

W. F. Porter, Secretary of State.

SECRETARIES { J. W. Edgerton.
J. C. Dahlman.
G. L. Laws.

Miss Nelle Holland, Stenographer.

Nebraska Fish Commission.

PRESIDENT, W. L. May, Fremont.

VICE-PRESIDENT, J. S. Kirkpatrick, Lincoln.

SECRETARY, R. S. Oberfelder, Sidney.

SUPERINTENDENT, W. T. O'Brien, South Bend.

State Oil Inspectors.

CHIEF INSPECTOR, J. H. Edminsten, Eddyville.

DEPUTY, Wm. Dailey, Peru.

DEPUTY, F. B. Hibbard, Irvington.

DEPUTY, Warwick Saunders, Columbus.

DEPUTY, Ed. F. Lyons, Fairbury.

DEPUTY, Nels O. Alberts, Saronville.

Labor Commissioner.

DEPUTY LABOR COMMISSIONER, Sidney J. Kent.

CLERK, J. A. Edgerton.

NEBRASKA NATIONAL GUARDS.

Roster 1897-98.

Department Staff.

Adjutant General, Brig. Gen. Patrick H. Harry, Greeley.
Quartermaster and Commissary General, Col. William G. Swan, Tecumseh.
Surgeon General, Col. R. Emmett Giffen, Lincoln.
Inspector General, Col. Nels P. Lundeen, York.
Judge Advocate General, Col. Edwin W. Hale, David City.
Chief Clerk, Adjt. Gen'l's. office, Ira J. Ayers, Lincoln.

Personal Staff.

Special Aid, Major Edmund G. Fechet, 6th Cav., U. S. A.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. James H. Peabody, Omaha.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Fred A. Miller, Lincoln.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Lewis F. Walker, Benkleman.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Herko Koster, Niobrara.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Wm. F. Cody, North Platte.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Emil Hansen, Archer.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. W. H. Barnes, Fairbury.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. J. M. Burress, Auburn.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. John G. Maher, Chadron.
Aid-de-Camp, Col. Walter Moise, Omaha.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.**Board of Education.**

W. R. Jackson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer.
 B. E. B. Kennedy, Omaha.
 J. S. West, Benkleman.
 J. E. Lamaster, Tecumseh.
 J. T. Spencer, Dakota City.
 D. D. Martindale, Niobrara.

Insane Hospital, Lincoln.

SUPERINTENDENT, Dr. L. J. Abbott.
 FIRST ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN, Dr. C. E. Coffin.
 SECOND ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN, Dr. Minerva M. Newbecker.
 MATRON, Mrs. Mary Thomas.
 STEWARD, E. C. Rewick.

Insane Asylum, Norfolk.

SUPERINTENDENT, Dr. G. F. Keiper.
 PHYSICIAN, Dr. W. H. Barber.
 STEWARD, C. D. Jenkins.
 MATRON, Mrs. L. Bowser.

Hospital for Incurable Insane, Hastings.

SUPERINTENDENT, Robert Damerell.
 PHYSICIAN, Dr. J. T. Steele.
 STEWARD, A. J. Scott.
 MATRON, Miss Jennie E. Larsen.

State Penitentiary.

WARDEN, Geo. W. Leldigh.
 DEPUTY WARDEN, Thos. Welch.
 PHYSICIAN, Dr. H. C. Demaree.
 CHAPLAIN, Rev. P. W. Howe.

Boys' Industrial School, Kearney.

SUPERINTENDENT, C. W. Hoxie.
 ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, James Holland.
 MATRON, ————
 PHYSICIAN, Dr. J. L. Bennett.
 CHAPLAIN, Rev. E. Forrell.
 BOOK KEEPER AND CLERK, John Brandt.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Grand Island.

COMMANDANT, John W. Wilson.
 SURGEON, Dr. S. Sadler.
 ADJUTANT, J. H. Powers.
 MATRON, Hannah Zimmer.

Institute for the Blind, Nebraska City.

PRINCIPAL, W. A. Jones.

PHYSICIAN, Dr. M. A. Carreker.

MATRON, Caroline E. Jones.

STEWARD AND BOOK KEEPER, B. S. Littlefield.

Home for the Friendless, Lincoln.

SUPERINTENDENT, Mrs. F. M. Williams.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, Miss Lizzie Baldwin.

MATRON, Mrs. Mattie E. Wood.

PHYSICIAN, Dr. W. M. Knapp.

Girl's Industrial School, Geneva.

SUPERINTENDENT, Hon. B. R. B. Weber.

MATRON, Mrs. E. L. Philbrook.

PHYSICIAN, Dr. T. C. Canine.

BOOK KEEPER AND STEWARD, J. C. Brennan.

State Normal School at Peru.

OFFICERS.

B. E. B. Kennedy, Omaha, President.

W. R. Jackson, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Secretary.

J. B. Meserve, State Treasurer, Treasurer.

Deaf and Dumb Institute, Omaha.

PRINCIPAL, J. A. Gillespie, A. M.

PHYSICIAN, Dr. J. C. Denise.

CLERK, D. Clem Deaver.

MATRON, Helen J. Gillespie.

Institute for Feeble Minded, Beatrice.

SUPERINTENDENT, C. P. Fall.

STEWARD AND BOOK KEEPER, C. W. Phelps.

MATRON, Miss Maggie Wood.

Woman's Industrial Home, Milford.

SUPERINTENDENT, Mrs. Clara S. Carscadden.

PHYSICIAN, Julia E. Teele.

MATRON, Mrs. Elizabeth Kent.

BOOK KEEPER, Pearl Carscadden.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Milford.

COMMANDANT, J. M. Fowler.

SURGEON, Dr. S. P. Tracy.

MATRON, Mrs. Elizabeth Ferguson.

STATE ASSOCIATIONS.**STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.****Officers for 1897.**

PRESIDENT, Milton Doolittle, North Platte.
 FIRST VICE PRESIDENT, J. N. Van Duyn, Wilber.
 SECOND VICE PRESIDENT, J. B. McDowell, Fairbury.
 TREASURER, Edmund McIntyre, Seward.
 SECRETARY, Robert W. Furnas, Brownville.

Board of Managers.

J. B. Dinsmore, Chairman, Sutton.
 S. C. Bassett, Gibbon.
 W. A. Poynter, Albion.
 E. L. Vance, Pawnee City.
 E. A. Barnes, Grand Island.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.**Officers for 1897.**

PRESIDENT, G. A. Marshall, Arlington.
 VICE PRESIDENT, C. A. Hodkinson, Lincoln.
 SECOND VICE PRESIDENT, J. W. Hesser, Plattsmouth.
 SECRETARY, C. A. Barnard, Table Rock.
 TREASURER, Peter Younger Jr., Geneva.
 DIRECTOR, E. F. Stephenson, Crete.
 DIRECTOR, J. W. Stephens, North Bend.
 DIRECTOR, J. P. Dunlap, Dwight.
 ANNUAL MEETINGS, January each year and Mid-Summer meeting.

NEBRASKA DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT, F. H. Vaughn, Fremont.
 VICE PRESIDENT, J. W. Bush, Battle Creek.
 SECRETARY, S. C. BASSETT, Gibbon.

NEBRASKA SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT, Z. S. Bronson, Waverly.
 VICE PRESIDENT, L. E. Mahan, Malcomb.
 VICE PRESIDENT, E. E. Day, Weeping Water.
 VICE PRESIDENT, George E. Fenley, Geneva.
 SECRETARY, Charles Dawson, Endicott.
 TREASURER, J. L. Barton, Greenwood.
 Annual meeting held at state fair each year.

STATE BEEKEEPER'S ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT, E. Whitcomb, Friend.
 SECRETARY, L. D. Stilson, York,

STATE POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT, W. H. Haven, Fremont.
VICE PRESIDENT, Dr. A. Gaisen, Tecumseh.
SECRETARY, I. L. Lyman, Lincoln.
TREASURER, E. E. Greer, Beatrice.

Board of Managers.

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1874	0	1885	6	13
1875	3	1886	11	11	1
1876	5	1887	15	5
1877	4	1888	21	1
1878	7	1889	24	1
1879	5	1890	30	10
1880	8	1891	24	3
1881	12	1892	35	13	5
1882	7	1893	42	28	2
1883	13	1894	44	21	7

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

OF THE
NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES,

AND THE
SALARY AND WAGES PAID

DURING THE
20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd Sessions

OF THE
NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE,

Compiled From The Auditor's Bi-Annual Report.

SENATE.

TITLE OF OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES.	NO. OF EMPLOYEES				SALARY AND WAGES PAID.			
	1887	1889	1891	1893	1887	1889	1891	1893
Lieutenant Governor.....	1	2	1	1	\$ 609 60	\$ 680 40	\$ 628 80	\$ 628 00
Secretary to Lieut Gov...			1				500	
President of Senate.....	1	1			180	231		
Secretary	1	1	1		600	600	600	568 00
Secretary Pro tem.....				1				44
Assistant Secretaries.....	3	4	3	4	1145	1620	1424	1790
Bookkeepers & typewriters	3	3	2	1	612	789	452	500
Stenographers		1	1	1		261	321	381
Sergeant-at-Arms	2	2	3	3	546	534	855	867
Chaplain.....	1	1	1	1	270	265	306 60	264
Post-Master and Assist'nts	2	2	2	3	546	513	564	567
Door-keepers.....	3	3	2	2	819	648	573	432
Eng. & Enrolling Clerks.	26	13	23	9	6240	2913	5404 50	2004
Committee Clerks.....	27	1	17	13	4020	234	3623	2538
Senator's Clerks.....		32				6635 50		
Clerk to Auditor.....		1				231		
Clerk to Secretary of State			2				705	
Copy Clerks.....	1		2		81		331 50	
Bill Clerks.....	4	2	2	1	819	498	714	411
Janitors.....	17	9	11	3	3162	1935	2266	890 31
Custodians	2	5	5	7	546	1033	1266	1683
Messengers	7	5	7	1	1551	1104	1954 50	351
Pages	10	17	11	10	1228 50	1740 50	1510 50	1207 50
Mail Carriers.....	3	1	1	1	385 50	261	270	264
Proof Readers.....	1	2	2	1	306	678	564	354 75
Copy Holders.....	2	2	2	1	378	678	576	336 75
Watchmen.....	3	2	3	2	522	468	795	400 50
Firemen.....	2	1	1	1	399	222	270	432
Laborer.....		1				174		
Expert Accountant			1				230	
Special Sergeant-at-A rms			10				60	
Total	122	114	117	68	\$24965 60	\$24966 40	\$26764 40	\$16913 81

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

OF THE
NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

AND THE
SALARY AND WAGES PAID.

DURING THE
20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd Sessions.

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HOUSE.

TITLE OF OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES.	NO. OF EMPLOYEES.				SALARY OR WAGES PAID.			
	1887	1889	1891	1893	1887	1889	1891	1893
Speaker.....	1	1	1	1	\$ 180	\$ 231	\$ 216	\$ 180
Chief Clerk.....	1	1	1	1	600	600	600	600
Assistant Clerks.....	4	5	4	4	1881	2173	2356	2300
Sergeant-at-Arms.....	2	2	3	3	630	540	690	710 62
Chaplain.....	1	1	1	1	258	231	213	204
Postmaster and Assistant.	2	2	2	2	615	552	480	514 50
Door-keepers.....	3	3	2	2	945	756	441	453 38
Engr'ng and Enr'l'g Cl'ks	26	34	20	11	5484	7561 50	3648	2467 16
Committee Clerks.....	19	25	12	6	4285	5178	2049	571 50
Bill Clerks.....	3	3	3	2	484	828	642	638 99
Clerk to Sec'y of State....	1	1	1	1	249	300		
Clerk to Speaker.....	1	1	1	1		258	243	171 75
Messengers.....	1	3	2	1	480	748	504	204
Janitors.....	8	18	12	9	2229	4446	2553	1828 12
Custodians.....	2	14	4	3	474	3192	681	729 93
Pages.....	13	30	14	15	1377	3018 50	1316	1569 15
Proof Reader, Copy Holder	2	4	2	4	753	1218	633	760 50
Mail Carriers.....	2	2	3	1	549	510	423	282 00
Engineer and Fireman....	2	3	1	2	476	827 75	273	457 50
Watchmen and Guards...	1	3	4	3	261	729	561	837 00
Book-keeper.....						186		
Stenographers.....		1	3			60	354	
Time-keeper.....		1	1	1		192	216	331 30
Clerk Auditor's Office....		1				201		
Supt. of Engrossing Room	1					258		
Elevator Boys.....		3				442 50		
Special Sergeant-at-Arms.			11				204	
Carpenter.....				1				189
Clerk to recount ballots..				1				33
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