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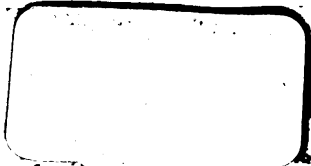
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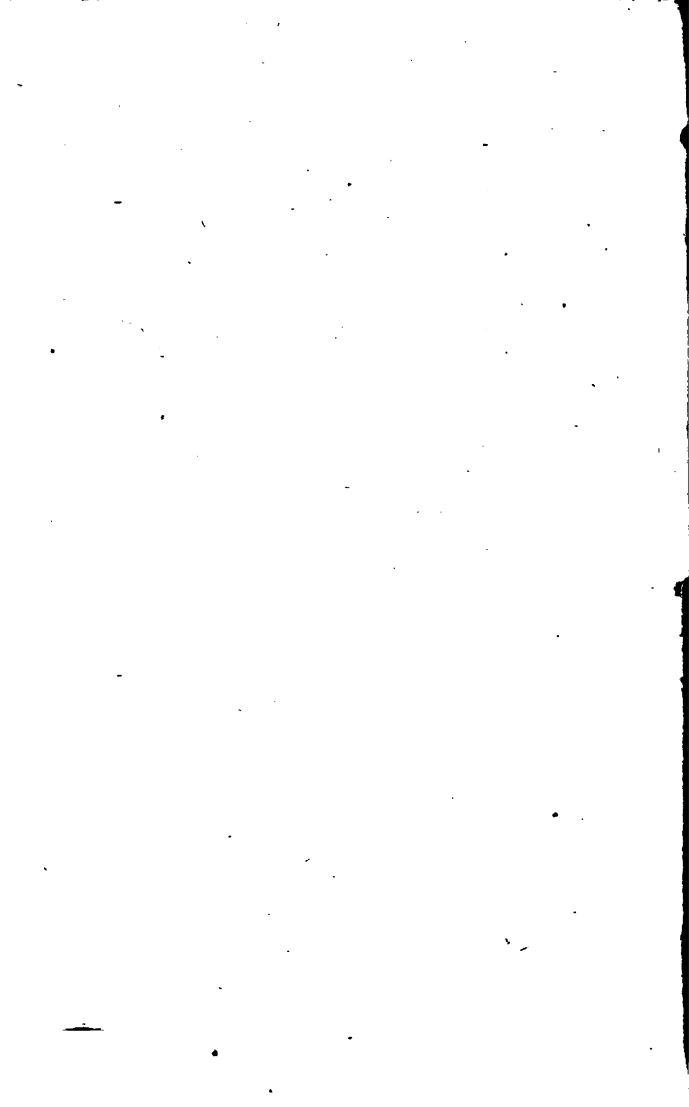
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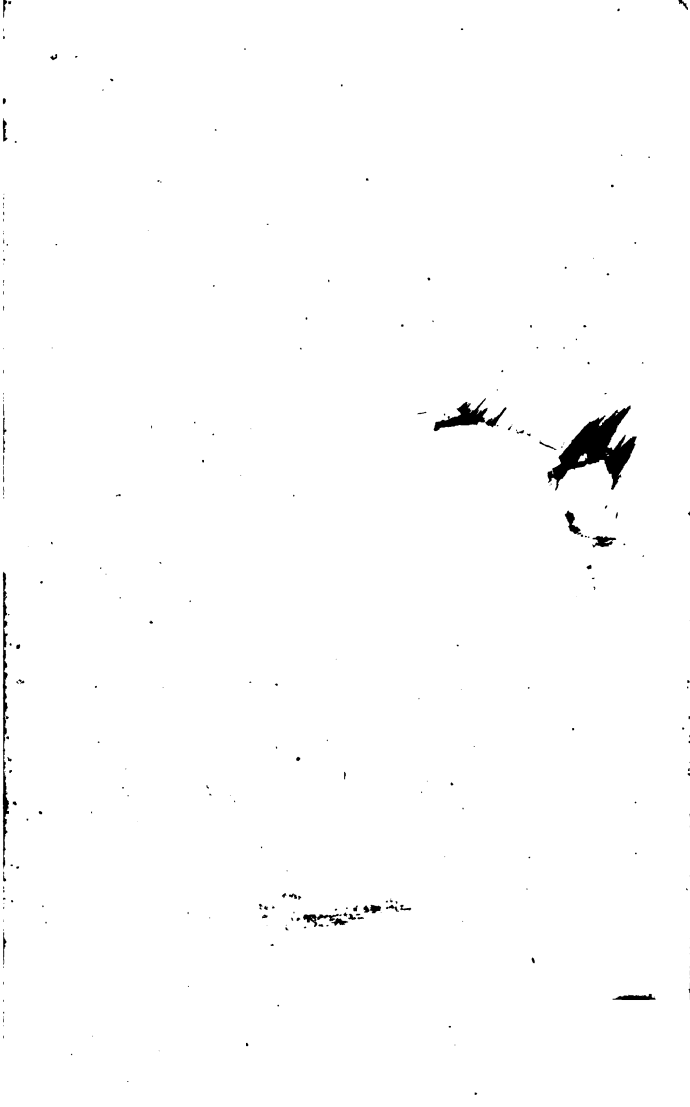


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XL 75-6 [Let]







*Painted by B. West*

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LYDIA STERNE DE MEDALLE .

L E T T E R S

OF THE LATE

Rev. Mr. LAURENCE STERNE,

To his most intimate FRIENDS.

WITH A

FRAGMENT in the Manner of *Rabelais*.

To which are prefix'd,

Memoirs of his Life and Family,

Written by HIMSELF.

And Published by his Daughter, Mrs. MEDALLE.

---

A NEW EDITION.

---

In THREE VOLUMES.

---

V O L. I.

---

L O N D O N:

Printed for T, BECKET, the Corner of the Adelphi,  
in the Strand. 1776.

*Enter'd in the Hall Book of the  
Company of Stationers, accord-  
ing to Act of Parliament.*



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DEDICATION.

TO DAVID GARRICK, Esq.

WHEN I was ask'd to whom I should dedicate these volumes, I carelessly answered to no one—Why not? (replied the person who put the question to me.) Because most dedications look like begging a protection to the book. Perhaps a worse

iv      DEDICATION.

interpretation may be given to it. No, no! already so much obliged, I cannot, will not, put another tax upon the generosity of any friend of Mr. Sterne's, or mine. I went home to my lodgings, and gratitude warmed my heart to such a pitch, that I vow'd they should be dedicated to the man my father so much admired—who, with an unprejudiced eye, read, and approved his works, and moreover loved the man—'Tis to Mr. Garrick then, that I dedicate these Genuine Letters.

Can.

## DEDICATION. v

Can I forget the sweet \* Epitaph which proved Mr. Garrick's friendship, and opinion of him ? 'Twas a tribute to friendship —and as a tribute of my gratitude I dedicate these volumes to a man of understanding and feeling

---

\* Shall Pride a heap of sculptur'd marble raise,  
Some worthless, un-mourn'd titled fool to praise;  
And shall we not by one poor grave-stone learn,  
Where Genius, Wit, and Humour, sleep with Sterne?

D. G.

Mr. Sterne was born at Clonmel, in Ireland, November 24, 1713; and died, in London, March 18, 1768.

vi      DEDICATION.

feeling—Receive this, as it is meant—May you, dear Sir, approve of these letters, as much as Mr. Sterne admired you—but Mr. Garrick, with all his urbanity, can never carry the point half so far, for Mr. Sterne was an enthusiast, if it is possible to be one, in favour of Mr. Garrick.

This may appear a very simple dedication, but Mr. Garrick will judge by his own sensibility

DEDICATION. vii

bility, that I can feel more than I can express, and I believe he will give me credit for all my grateful acknowledgements.

I am, with every sentiment of gratitude, and esteem,

Dear Sir,

Your obliged

humble Servant,

London,  
June, 1775.

*Lydia Sterne de Medalle.*



---

---

P R E F A C E.

**I**N publishing these Letters the Editor does but comply with her mother's request, which was, that if any letters were publish'd under Mr. Sterne's name, that those she had in her possession, (as well as those that her father's friends would be kind enough to send to her) should be likewise publish'd—She depends much  
on

x P R E F A C E.

on the candour of the public for the favourable reception of them, ----their being genuine, she thinks, and hopes, will render them not unacceptable---She has already experienced much benevolence and generosity from her late father's friends---the remembrance of which will ever warm her heart with gratitude !





The humbler grief of friendship is not mute ;  
And poor Maria, with her faithful kid,  
Her auburn tresses carelessly entwin'd  
With olive foliage, at the close of day,  
Shall chaunt her plaintive vespers at thy grave.  
Thy shade too, gentle Monk, mid awful night,  
Shall pour libations from its friendly eye ;  
For 'erst his sweet benevolence bestow'd  
Its generous pity, and bedew'd with tears  
The sod, which rested on thy aged breast.

A Character, and Eulogium of STERNE,  
and his Writings; in a familiar Epistle  
from a Gentleman in Ireland to his  
Friend.—Written in the Year 1769.

**W**HAT trifle comes next?—Spare the censure,  
my friend,  
This letter's no more from beginning to end :  
Yet, when you consider (your laughter, pray, stifle)  
The advantage, the importance, the use of a trifle—  
When you think too beside—and there's nothing  
more clear—  
That pence compose millions, and moments the year,  
You surely will grant me, nor think that I jest,  
That life's but a series of trifles at best.

How

How wildly digressive! yet could I, O STERNE\*,  
 Digress with thy skill, with thy freedom return!  
 The vain wish I repress—Poor YORICK! no more  
 Shall thy mirth and thy jests “set the table on a roar;”

No

\* The late reverend *Laurence Sterne*, A. M. &c. author of that truly original, humourous, heteroclite work, called, *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy*, of *A Sentimental Journey through France and Italy* (which, alas! he did not live to finish) and of some volumes of *Sermons*, Of his skill in delineating and supporting his characters, those of the father of his hero, of his uncle *Toby*, and of corporal *Trim* (out of numberless others) afford ample proof: To his power in the pathetic, whoever shall read the stories of *Le Fevre*, *Maria*, *the Monk*, and *the dead Ass*, must, if he has feelings, bear sufficient testimony: And his *Sermons* throughout (though sometimes, perhaps, chargeable with a levity not entirely becoming the pulpit) breathe the kindest spirit of *Philanthropy*, of *good will towards man*. For the few exceptional parts of his works, those small blemishes

*Quas aut incuria fudit,*

*Aut humana parum cavit natura—*

suffer them, kind critic, to rest with his ashes!

The

No more thy sad tale, with simplicity told,  
 O'er each feeling breast its strong influence hold;  
 From the wise and the brave call forth sympathy's  
 sigh,

Or swell with sweet anguish humanity's eye:  
 Here and there in the page if a blemish appear,  
 (And what page, or what life, from a blemish is clear?)  
 TRIM and TOBY with soft intercession attend;  
 LE FEVRE intreats you to pardon his friend;

MARIA.

The above eulogium will, I doubt not, appear to you (and perhaps also to many others) much too high for the literary character of STERNE; I have not at present either leisure or inclination to enter into argument upon the question; but, in truth I considered myself as largely his debtor for the tears and the laughter he so frequently excited, and was desirous to leave behind me (for so long at least as this trifle shall remain) some small memorial of my gratitude: I will even add, that, although I regard the memory of *Shakespeare* with a veneration little short of idolatry, I esteem the *Monk's horn-box* a relick "as devoutly to be wished" as a pipe-stopper, a walking-stick, or even an ink-stand of the *mulberry-tree*.

MARIA too pleads, for her favourite distract'd,  
 As you feel for her sorrows, O grant her request:  
 Should these advocates fail, I've another to call,  
 One tear of his MONK shall obliterate all.  
 Favour'd pupil of Nature and Fancy, of yore,  
 Whom from Humour's embrace sweet Philanthropy  
     bore,  
 While the Graces and Loves scatter flow'rs on thy urn,  
 And Wit weeps the blossom too hastily torn;  
 This meed too, kind spirit, unoffended receive,  
 From a youth next to SHAKESPEARE'S who honours  
     thy grave!

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M E M O I R S

OF THE

L I F E   A N D   F A M I L Y

OF THE LATE

Rev. Mr. LAURENCE STERNE.

---

**R** OGER STERNE, (grand-  
son to Archbishop Sterne)  
Lieutenant in Handafide's regi-  
ment, was married to Agnes He-  
bert, widow of a captain of a good  
family: her family name was

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B

(I be-

(I believe) Nuttle—though, upon recollection, that was the name of her father-in-law, who was a noted futler in Flanders, in Queen Ann's wars, where my father married his wife's daughter (N. B. he was in debt to him) which was in September 25, 1711, Old Stile. — This Nuttle had a son by my grandmother—a fine person of a man but a graceless whelp—what became of him I know not.—The family (if any left), live now at Clonmel in the south of Ireland,



land, at which town I was born November 24th, 1713, a few days after my mother arrived from Dunkirk.—My birth-day was ominous to my poor father, who was, the day after our arrival, with many other brave officers broke, and sent adrift into the wide world with a wife and two children—the elder of which was Mary; she was born at Lille in French Flanders, July the tenth, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, New Style.—This child was most un-

fortunate---the married one. West-  
mans in Dublin---who used her  
most unmercifully---spent his  
substance, became a bankrupt,  
and left my poor sister to shift  
for herself,---which she was able  
to do but for a few months, for  
she went to a friend's house in  
the country, and died of a broken  
heart. She was a most beautiful  
woman---of a fine figure, and  
deserved a better fate.---The  
regiment, in which my father  
served, being broke, he left  
Ireland as soon as I was able to  
followed him, travelling from  
bs

be carried, with the rest of his family, and came to the family seat at Elvington, near York, where his mother lived. She was daughter to Sir Roger Jaques, and an heiress. There we sojourned for about ten months, when the regiment was established, and our household decamped with bag and baggage for Dublin --- within a month of our arrival, my father left us, being ordered to Exeter, where, in a sad winter, my mother and her two children followed him, travelling from

Liverpool by land to Plymouth:

(Melancholy description of this journey not necessary to be transmitted here). In twelve months we were all sent back to Dublin.

—My mother, with three of us, (for she laid in at Plymouth of a boy, Joram), took ship at Bristol, for Ireland, and had a narrow escape from being cast away by a leak springing up in the vessel,

—At length, after many perils, and struggles, we got to Dublin.

—There my father took a large house, furnished it, and in a

year

year and a half's time spent a great deal of money.—In the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, all unhing'd again; the regiment was ordered, with many others, to the Isle of Wight, in order to embark for Spain in the Vigo expedition. We accompanied the regiment, and were driven into Milford Haven, but landed at Bristol, from thence by land to Plymouth again, and to the Isle of Wight—where I remember we stayed encamped some time be-

fore the embarkation of the troops--(in this expedition from Bristol to Hampshire we lost poor Joram--a pretty boy, four years old, of the small-pox), my mother, sister, and myself, remained at the Isle of Wight during the Vigo expedition, and until the regiment had got back to Wicklow in Ireland, from whence my father sent for us.--- We had poor Joram's loss supplied during our stay in the Isle of Wight, by the birth of a girl, Anne, born September the twenty-

twenty-third, one thousand seven hundred and nineteen. This pretty blossom fell at the age of three years, in the Barracks of Dublin. He was, as I well remember, of a fine delicate frame, not made to last long, as were most of my father's babes. We embarked for Dublin, and had all been cast away by a most violent storm; but through the intercessions of my mother, the captain was prevailed upon to turn back into Wales, where we stayed a month, and at length

got

got into Dublin, and travelled by land to Wicklow, where my father had for some weeks given us over for lost.—We lived in the barracks at Wicklow, one year, (one thousand seven hundred and twenty) when Devijeher (so called after Colonel Devijeher,) was born; from thence we decamped to stay half a year with Mr. Fetherston, a clergyman, about seven miles from Wicklow, who being a relation of my mother's, invited us to his parsonage at Animo.—It was  
in



in this parish, during our stay, that I had that wonderful escape in falling through a mill-race whilst the mill was going, and of being taken up unhurt—the story is incredible, but known for truth in all that part of Ireland—where hundreds of the common people flocked to see me.—From hence we followed the regiment to Dublin, where we lay in the barracks a year.—In this year, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-one, I learned to write, &c.—The regiment,  
order

ordered in twenty-two to Carrickfergus in the north of Ireland & we all decamped, but got no further than Drogheda, thence ordered to Mullingar, forty miles west, where by Providence we stumbled upon a kind relation, a collateral descendant from Archbishop Sterne, who took us all to his castle and kindly entertained us for a year & sent us to the regiment at Carrickfergus, loaded with kindnesses, &c. &c. — a most tedious and tedious journey had we all, in

1702

March,

March, to Garrickfergus, where we arrived in six or seven days—A little Devijhor here died, he was three years old—He had been left behind at nurse at a farm-house near Wicklow, but was fetch'd to us by my father the summer after—another child sent to fill his place, Susan & this babe too, left us behind in this weary journey—The autumn of that year, or the spring afterwards, (I forget which) my father got leave of his colonel to fix me at school— which he did near Halpat

ad. M

fax,

fax, with an able master; with whom I staid some time; 'till by God's care of me my cousin Sterne, of Elvington, became a father to me, and sent me to the university, &c. &c. To pursue the thread of our story, my father's regiment was the year after ordered to Londonderry, where another sister was brought forth, Catherine, still living, but most unhappily estranged from me by my uncle's wickedness, and her own folly—from this station the regiment was sent to defend Gibraltar;

at

at the siege, where my father was run through the body by Captain Phillips, in a duel, (the quarrel begun about a goose) with much difficulty he survived—tho' with an impaired constitution, which was not able to withstand the hardships it was put to—for he was sent to Jamaica, where he soon fell by the country fever, which took away his senses first, and made a child of him, and then, in a month or two, walking about continually without complaining, till the  
mo-

moment he sat down in an arm chair, and breathed his last— which was at Port Antonio, on the north of the island.—My father was a little smart man--- active to the last degree, in all exercises---most patient of fatigue and disappointments, of which it pleased God to give him full measure---he was in his temper somewhat rapid, and hasty---but of a kindly, sweet disposition, void of all design; and so innocent in his own intentions, that he suspected no one; so that  
you

you might have cheated him ten times in a day, if nine had not been sufficient for your purpose— my poor father died in March, 1731— I remained at Halifax 'till about the latter end of that year, and cannot omit mentioning this anecdote of myself, and school-master— He had had the ceiling of the school-room new white-washed, the ladder remained there— One unlucky day mounted it, and wrote with a brush, in large capital letters, **LALL STERNE**, for which the

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father severely whipped me. My master was very much hurt at this, and said, before me, that never should that name be effaced, for I was a boy of genius, and he was sure I should come to preferment — this expression made me forget the stripes I had received — In the year thirty-two my cousin sent me to the university, where I staid some time. 'Twas there that I commenced a friendship with Mr. H. . . . which has been most lasting on both sides — I then came to York, and



and my uncle got me the living of Sutton—and at York I became acquainted with your mother, and courted her for two years—she owned she liked me, but thought herself not rich enough, or me too poor, to be joined together—she went to her sister's in S——, and I wrote to her often—I believe then she was partly determined to have me, but would not say so—at her return she fell into a consumption—and one evening that I was sitting by her with an at-

most broken heart to see her so ill, she said, "my dear Laurey, I can never be yours, for I verily believe I have not long to live--but I have left you every shilling of my fortune;"--upon that she shewed me her will--this generosity overpowered me.--It pleased God that she recovered, and I married her in the year 1741. My uncle and myself were then upon very good terms, for he soon got me the Prebendary of York—but he quarrelled with me afterwards, because I would  
not

not write paragraphs in the newspapers---though he was a party-man, I was not, and detested such dirty work: thinking it beneath me—from that period, he became my bitterest enemy.—By my wife's means I got the living of Stillington—a friend of her's in the south had promised her, that if she married a clergyman in Yorkshire, when the living became vacant, he would make her a compliment of it. I remained near twenty years at Sutton, doing duty at both places—

I had then very good health.—  
 Books, painting, fiddling, and  
 shooting were my amusements;  
 as to the 'Squire of the parish,  
 I cannot say we were upon a very  
 friendly footing--but at Stillington,  
 the family of the C——s  
 shewed us every kindness--'twas  
 most truly agreeable to be within  
 a mile and a half of an amiable  
 family, who were ever cordial  
 friends--In the year 1760, I took  
 a house at York for your mother  
 and yourself, and went up to  
 London to publish my two first  
 volumes

volumes of Shandy. In that year Lord F---- presented me with the curacy of Coxwold--a sweet retirement in comparison of Sutton. In sixty-two I went to France, before the peace was concluded, and you both followed me.--I left you both in France, and in two years after I went to Italy for the recovery of my health--and when I called upon you, I tried to engage your mother to return to England, with me--she and yourself are at length come--and I have had the inexpressible

preffible joy of seeing my girl  
every thing I wished her.

---

*I have set down these particulars relating to my family, and self, for my Lydia, in case hereafter she might have a curiosity, or a kinder motive to know them.*

**I**N justice to Mr. Sterne's delicate feelings, I must here publish the following letters to Mrs. Sterne, before he married her, when she was in Staffordshire---  
A good heart breathes in every line of them.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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L E T T E R S.

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L E T T E R I.

To Miss L——.

**Y**ES! I will steal from the world,  
and not a babbling tongue shall tell  
where I am—Echo shall not so much  
as whisper my hiding place—suffer  
thy imagination to paint it as a little  
sun-gilt cottage on the side of a ro-  
mantic hill—dost thou think I will  
leave

leave love and friendship behind me? No! they shall be, my companions in solitude, for they will sit down, and rise up with me in the amiable form of my L.—we will be as merry, and as innocent as our first parents in Paradise, before the arch fiend entered that undescrivable scene.

The kindest affections will have room to shoot and expand in our retirement, and produce such fruit, as madness, and envy, and ambition have always killed in the bud.—Let the human tempest and hurricane rage at a distance, the desolation is beyond the horizon of peace.—My L. has  
seen

seen a Polyanthus blow in December—some friendly wall has sheltered it from the biting wind.—No planetary influence shall reach us, but that which presides and cherishes the sweetest flowers.—God preserve us, how delightful this prospect in idea! We will build, and we will plant, in our own way—simplicity shall not be tortured by art—we will learn of nature how to live—she shall be our alchymist, to mingle all the good of life into one salubrious draught.—The gloomy family of care and distrust shall be banished from our dwelling, guarded by thy kind and tutelary deity—  
—we will sing our choral songs of  
gra-

gratitude, and rejoice to the end of  
our pilgrimage.

Adieu, my L. Return to one who  
languishes for thy society.

L. STERNE.

## L E T T E R S . II.

To the same.

**Y**OU bid me tell you, my dear L. how I bore your departure for S——, and whether the valley where D'Estella stands retains still its looks—or, if I think the roses or jessamines smell as sweet, as when you left it—Alas! every thing has now lost its relish, and look! The hour you left D'Estella I took to my bed.—I was worn out with fevers of all kinds, but most by that fever of the heart with which thou knowest well I have been wasting  
these

these two years—and shall continue  
wasting till you quit S——. The good  
Miss S——, from the forebodings of  
the best of hearts, thinking I was ill,  
insisted upon my going to her.—What  
can be the cause, my dear L. that I  
never have been able to see the face  
of this mutual friend, but I feel my-  
self rent to pieces? She made me stay  
an hour with her, and in that short  
space I burst into tears a dozen differ-  
ent times—and in such affectionate  
gusts of passion that she was con-  
strained to leave the room, and sym-  
pathize in her dressing room—I have  
been weeping for you both, said she,  
in a tone of the sweetest pity—for  
poor



fork, and glass!--I gave a thousand  
 pensive, penetrating looks at the chair  
 thou hadst so often graced, in those  
 quiet, and sentimental repasts--then  
 laid down my knife, and fork, and  
 took out my handkerchief, and clapped  
 it across my face, and wept like a  
 child.--I do so this very moment, my  
 L. for, as I take up my pen, my poor  
 pulse quickens, my pale face glows,  
 and tears are tricking down upon the  
 paper, as I trace the word L.--  
 O thou! blessed in thyself, and in thy  
 virtues--blessed to all that know thee  
 ---to me most so, because more do I  
 know of thee than all thy sex.--This  
 is the philtre, my L. by which thou  
 hast



hast charmed me, and by which thou  
 wilt hold me thine whilst virtue and  
 faith hold this world together.— This,  
 my friend, is the plain and simple  
 magick by which I told Miss ——— I  
 have won a place in that heart of  
 thine, on which I depend so satisfied,  
 that time, or distance, or change of  
 every thing which might alarm the  
 hearts of little men, create no uneasy  
 suspense in mine.— Wast thou to stay  
 in S ——— these seven years, thy friend,  
 though he would grieve, scorns to  
 doubt, or to be doubted— 'tis the only  
 exception where security is not the  
 parent of danger.— I told you poor  
 Fanny was all attention to me since

your departure—contrives every day bringing in the name of L. She told me last night (upon giving me some hartshorn) she had observed my illness began the very day of your departure for S——; that I had never held up my head, had seldom, or scarce ever smiled, had fled from all society—that she verily believed I was broken-hearted, for she had never entered the room, or passed by the door, but she heard me sigh heavily—that I neither eat, or slept, or took pleasure in any thing as before,—judge then, my L. can the valley look so well—or the roses and jessamines smell so sweet as heretofore?

Ah

Ah me!--But adieu---the vesper bell  
calls me from thee to my God!

L. STERNE.

to-day, to-morrow, shall be marked  
with  
**E P I T H E T I M.**

I  
To the same.

I

**B E F O R E** now my **L.** has lodged  
an indictment against me in the high  
court of Friendship--I plead guilty to  
the charge, and intirely submit to the  
mercy of that amiable tribunal.--Let  
this mitigate my punishment, if it  
will not expiate my transgression--do  
not say that I shall offend again in the  
same manner, though a too easy par-  
don sometimes occasions a repetition  
of the same fault.---A miser says,  
though I do no good with my money

to-day, to-morrow shall be marked with some deed of beneficence.—The Libertine says, let me enjoy this week in forbidden and luxurious pleasures, and the next I will dedicate to serious thought and reflection.—The Gamester says, let me have one more chance with the dice and I will never touch them more.—The Knave of every profession wishes to obtain but independency, and he will become an honest man.—The Female Coquette triumphs in tormenting her inamorato, for fear, after marriage, he should not pity her.

THEY

Thy apparition of the fifth instant, (for letters may almost be called ~~to~~) proved more welcome as I did not expect it. Oh! my L——, thou art kind indeed to make an apology for me; and thou never wilt assuredly repent of one act of kindness---for being thy debtor, I will pay thee with interest. ---Why does my L. complain of the desertion of friends?---Where does the human being live that will not join in this complaint?---It is a common observation, and perhaps too true, that married people seldom extend their regards beyond their own fire-side ---There is such a thing as parsimony in esteem, as well as money---

yet

yet as the one costs nothing, it might be bestowed with more liberality. We cannot gather grapes from thorns, so we must not expect kind attachments from persons who are wholly folded up in selfish schemes. I do not know whether I most despise, or pity such characters--nature never made an unkind creature--ill usage, and bad habits, have deformed a fair and lovely creation.

My L!--thou art surrounded by all the melancholy gloom of winter; wert thou alone, the retirement would be agreeable.--Disappointed ambition might envy such a retreat, and disappointed

pointed love would force it out of  
 crowded towns, and busy societies,  
 may delight the unthinking, and the  
 gay—but solitude is the best nurse of  
 wisdom.—Methinks I see my con-  
 templative girl now in the garden,  
 watching the gradual approaches of  
 spring.—Do'st not thou mark with  
 delight the first vernal buds? the  
 snow-drop, and primrose, these early  
 and welcome visitors, spring beneath  
 thy feet.—Flora and Pomona already  
 consider thee as their handmaid; and  
 in a little time will load thee with  
 their sweetest blessing.—The feathered  
 race are all thy own, and with them,  
 untaught harmony will soon begin to  
 cheer



either by morning and evening walks,  
 as sweet as this may be, return to  
 turn the birds of Yorkshire will use  
 their pipes, and sing as melodiously  
 as those of Staffordshire.

to Adieu, my beloved L. thine too  
 much for my peace.

L. STERNE

## LETTER IV.

To the same.

**I** HAVE offended her whom I so tenderley love!---what could tempt me to it! but if a beggar was to knock at thy gate, wouldst thou not open the door and be melted with compassion.---I know thou wouldst, for Pity has erected a temple in thy bosom.---Sweetest, and best of all human passions! let thy web of tenderness cover the pensive form of affliction, and soften the darkest shades of misery! I have re-considered this apology, and, alas! what

what will it accomplish ? Arguments, however finely spun, can never change the nature of things---very true---so argue with them.

I have lost a very valuable friend by a sad accident, and what is worse, he has left a widow and five young children to lament this sudden stroke.-- If real usefulness and integrity of heart, could have secured him from this, his friends would not now be mourning his untimely fate.-- These dark and seemingly cruel dispensations of Providence, often make the best of human hearts complain.-- Who can paint the distress of an affectionate mother,  
made

made a widow in a moment, weeping in bitterness over a numerous, helpless, and fatherless offspring!—God! these are thy chastisements, and require (hard task!) a pious acquiescence.

Forgive me this digression, and allow me to drop a tear over a departed friend; and what is more excellent, an honest man. My L. thou wilt feel all that kindness can inspire in the death of ——. The event was sudden, and thy gentle spirit would be more alarmed on that account. — But my L. thou hast less to lament, as old age was creeping on, and her period of doing good, and being useful, was nearly

nearly over. At sixty years of age  
 the tenement gets fast out of repair,  
 and the lodger with anxiety thinks of  
 discharge. In such a situation the  
 poet might well say

“The soul uneasy, &c.”

My L. talks of leaving the country  
 --- may a kind angel guide thy steps  
 hither. Solitude at length grows tire-  
 some. --- Thou sayest thou wilt quit  
 the place with regret. --- I think so too.  
 --- Does not something uneasy mingle  
 with the very reflection of leaving it?  
 It is like parting with an old friend,  
 whose temper and company one has  
 long been acquainted with. --- I think  
 I see

I see you looking twenty times a day at the house---almost counting every brick and pane of glass, and telling them at the same time with a sigh, you are going to leave them.---Oh happy modification of matter! they will remain insensible of thy loss.--- But how wilt thou be able to part with thy garden?---The recollection of so many pleasing walks must have endeared it to you. The trees, the shrubs, the flowers, which thou reared with thy own hands---will they not droop and fade away sooner upon thy departure.---Who will be the successor to nurse them in thy absence.---Thou wilt leave thy name upon the myrtle-  
tree.

tree.—If trees, and shrubs, and flowers, could compose an elegy, I should expect a very plaintive one upon this subject.

Adieu, adieu. Believe me ever,  
ever thine,

L. STERNA.

LETTER V.

To S—— C——, Esq.

London, Christmas Day.

My Dear Friend,

I HAVE been in such a continual hurry since the moment I arrived here — what with my books, and what with visitors, and visitings, that it was not in my power sooner to sit down and acknowledge the favour of your obliging letter; and to thank you for the most friendly motives which led you to write it: I am not much in pain upon what gives my kind friends at Stillington so much

on



on the chapter of *Noses*—because, as the principal satire throughout that part is levelled at those learned block-heads who, in all ages, have wasted their time and much learning upon points as foolish—it shifts off the idea of what you fear, to another point—and 'tis thought here very good—'twill pass muster—I mean not with all—no—no! I shall be attacked and pelted, either from cellars or garrets, write what I will—and besides, must expect to have a party against me of many hundreds—who either do not—or will not laugh.—'Tis enough if I divide the world;—at least I will rest contented with it.—I wish you was

here to see what changes of looks and political reasoning, have taken place<sup>21</sup> in every company, and coffee-house since last year; we shall be soon Prussians and Anti-Prussians, B——'s and Anti-B——'s, and those distinctions will just do as well as Whig and Tory—and for aught I know serve the same ends.—The K. seems resolved to bring all things back to their original principles, and to stop the torrent of corruption and laziness.—He rises every morning at six to do business—rides out at eight to a minute, returns at nine to give himself up to his people.—By persisting, 'tis thought he will oblige  
his

his M——s and dependants, to dispatch affairs with him many hours sooner than of late—and 'tis much to be question'd whether they will not be enabled to wait upon him sooner by being free'd from long levees of their own, and applications; which will in all likelyhood be transferr'd from them directly to himself—the present system being to remove that Phalanx of great people, which stood betwixt the throne and the subjects, and suffer them to have immediate access without the intervention of a caball—(this is the language of others): however the K. gives every thing himself, knows every thing, and weighs every thing maturely,

surely, and then is inflexible—this puts old stagers off their game---how it will end we are all in the dark.

'Tis fear'd the war is quite over in Germany; never was known such havock amongst troops—I was told yesterday by a Colonel, from Germany, that out of two battalions of nine hundred men, to which he belong'd, but seventy-one left!—P . . . . F . . . has sent word, 'tis said, that he must have forty-thousand men directly to take the field---and with provisions for them too, for he can but subsist them for a fortnight—I hope this will find you all got to York---I  
beg

beg my compliments to the amiable  
Mrs. Croft, &c. &c.

Tho' I purposed going first to  
Golden-Square, yet fate has thus long  
disposed of me---so I have never been  
able to set a foot towards that quarter.

I am, dear Sir,

Your's affectionately

L. STERNE.

L E T T E R VI.

To the same.

My dear Sir,

I HAVE just time to acknowledge the favour of yours, but not to get the two prints you mention—which shall be sent you by next post—I have bought them, and lent them to Miss Gilbert, but will assuredly send for them and enclose them to you :—I will take care to get your pictures well copied, and at a moderate price. And if I can be of further use, I beseech you to employ me ;

me; and from time to time will send you an account of whatever may be worth transmitting.—The stream now sets in strong against the German war. Loud complaints of ———— making a trade of the war, &c. &c. much expected from Ld. G——'s evidence to these matters, who is expected every hour:—the K. with every day upon the people, shews himself much at the play, (but at no opera) rides out with his brothers every morning, half an hour after seven, 'till nine—returns with them—spends an hour with them at breakfast, and chat—and then sits down

down to businaes. I never dined at home once since I arrived---am fourteen dinners deep engaged just now, and fear matters will be worse with me in that point than better.---As to the main points in view, at which you hint---all I can say is, that I see my way, and unless Old Nick throws the dice---shall, in due time, come off winner.---Tristram will be out the twentieth---there is a great rout made about him before he enters the stage---whether this will be of use or no, I can't say---some wits of the first magnitude here, both as to wit and station, engage me succes---time will shew---

Adieu,



Adieu, dear Sir ! and with my compliments to Mrs. Croft, &c.

I am your affectionate,

and obliged,

L. STERNE.

## LETTER VII.

To the same.

Dear Sir,

**I** THIS moment received the favour of your kind letter.—The letter in the Ladies Magazine about me, was wrote by the noted Dr. H—, who wrote the Inspector, and undertakes that magazine—the people of York are very uncharitable to suppose any man so gross a beast as to pen such a character of himself.—In this great town, no soul ever suspected it, for a thousand reasons

reasons—could they suppose I should be such a fool as to fall foul upon Dr. W——n, my best friend, by representing him so weak a man—or by telling such a lye of him—as his giving me a purse, to buy off his tutorship for Tristram!—or I should be fool enough to own I had taken his purse for that purpose!

You must know there is a quarrel between Dr. H—— and Dr. M——y, who was the physician meant at Mr. C—— S——'s, and Dr. H—— has changed the place on purpose to give M——y a lick.—Now that conversation, (tho' perhaps true) yet hap-  
pen'd

pen'd at another place; and with another physician; which I have contradicted in this city for the honour of my friend M——y, all which shews the absurdity of York credulity, and nonsense. Besides the account is full of falsehoods---first with regard to the place of my birth, which was at Conmel, in Ireland---the story of a hundred pounds to Mrs. W——, not true, or of a *pension promised*; the merit of which I disclaim'd---and indeed there are so many other things so untrue, and unlikely to come from me, that the worst enemy I have here never had a suspicion---and to end all, Dr. H—— owns the paper.

I shall

I shall be down before May is out---  
 I preach before the Judges on Sunday---my sermons come out on Thursday after---and I purpose the Monday at furthest after that to set out for York---I have bought a pair of horses for that purpose---my best respects to your Lady---

I am,

Dear Sir,

Your most obliged and faithful,

L. STERNE.

P. S. I beg pardon for this hasty scrawl, having just come from a Concert where the D. of Y... perform'd— I have received great notice from him, and last week had the honour of supping with him.

## L E T T E R VIII.

To the same.

Dear Sir,

SINCE I had the favour of your obliging letter, nothing has happened, or been said one day, which has not been contradicted the next; so having little certain to write, I have forebore writing at all, in hopes every day of something worth filling up a letter. We had the greatest expectations yesterday that ever were

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raised,

raised, of a pitched battle in the H—  
of C—, wherein Mr. P— was to  
have entered and thrown down the gaunt-  
let, in defence of the German war.—  
There never was so full a house—the  
gallery full to the top—I was there  
all the day—when, lo! a political fit  
of the gout seized the great combat-  
tant—he entered not the lists—B...  
got up, and begged the house, as he  
saw not his right honourable friend  
there, to put off the debate—it could  
not be done; so B... rose up, and  
made a most long, passionate, inco-  
herent speech, in defence of the Ger-  
manick war—but very severe upon  
the unfrugal manner it was carried  
on.



on—in which he addressed himself principally to the C—— of the E——, and laid him on terribly.—It seems the chancery of Hanover had laid out 350,000 pounds, on account, and brought in our treasury debtor—and the grand debate was, for an honest examination of the particulars of this extravagant account, and for vouchers to authenticate it.—L——, answered B—— very rationally, and coolly—Lord N. spoke long—Sir F. D—— maintained the German war was most pernicious—Mr. C——, of Surry, spoke well against the account, with some others—L. B——n at last got up, and spoke half an hour:

with great plainness, and temper—explained a great many hidden springs relating to these accounts, in favour of the late K.—and told two or three conversations which had passed between the K. and himself, relative to these expences—which cast great honour upon the K.'s character. This was with regard to the money the K. had secretly furnished out of his pocket to lessen the account of the Hanover-score brought us to discharge,

B——d and B——n abused all who sought for peace, and joined in the cry for it; and B——d added, that the reasons of wishing a peace  
now,

now, were the same as the peace of Utrecht—that the people behind the curtain could not both maintain the war and their places too, so were for making another sacrifice of the nation, to their own interests.—After all—the cry for a peace is so general, that it will certainly end in one. Now for myself.—

One half of the town abuse my book as bitterly, as the other half cry it up to the skies---the best is, they abuse and buy it, and at such a rate, that we are going on with a second edition, as fast as possible.

I am going down for a day or two with Mr. Spencer, to Wimbleton; on Wednesday there is to be a grand assembly at Lady N——. I have enquired every where about Stephen's affair, and can hear nothing--My friend, Mr. Charles T——, will be now secretary of war---he bid me wish him joy of it, though not in possession.--I will ask him---and depend, my most worthy friend, that you shall not be ignorant of what I learn from him---believe me ever, ever,

Yours,

L. S.

## L E T T E R IX.

To the same.

My dear Sir,

**A** STRAIN which I got in my wrist by a terrible fall, prevented my acknowledging the favour of your obliging letter. I went yesterday morning to breakfast with Mr. V—, who is a kind of right hand man to the secretary, on purpose to enquire about the propriety, or feasibility, of doing what you wish me—and he has

told me an anecdote which, had you been here, would, I think, have made it wiser to have deferred speaking about the affair a month hence than now; it is this—You must know that the numbers of officers who have left their regiments in Germany, for the pleasures of the town, have been a long topic for merriment; as you see them in St. James's Coffee-house, and the park, every hour, enquiring, open mouth, how things go on in Germany, and what news?—when they should have been there to have furnished news themselves—but the worst part has been, that many of them have left their brother officers on their duty,

duty, and in all the fatigues of it, and have come with no end but to make friends, to be put unfairly over the heads of those who were left risking their lives.—In this attempt there have been some but too successful, which has justly raised ill-blood and complaints from the officers who staid behind—the upshot has been, that they have every soul been ordered off, and woe be to him ('tis said) who shall be found listening. Now just to mention our friend's case whilst this cry is on foot, I think would be doing more hurt than good, but if you think otherwise, I will go with all my heart and mention it to Mr.

T—,

T——, for to do more I am too in-  
 considerable a person to pretend to.  
 You made me and my friends here  
 very merry with the accounts current  
 at York, of my being forbid the  
 court---but they do not consider what  
 a considerable person they make of  
 me, when they suppose either my  
 going, or my not going there, is a  
 point that ever enters the K's head---  
 and for those about him, I have the  
 honour either to stand so personally  
 well known to them; or to be so  
 well represented by those of the first  
 rank, as to fear no accident of that  
 kind.

I thank



I thank God (B——'s excepted) I have never yet made a friend, or connection I have forfeited, or done ought to forfeit---but on the contrary, my true character is better understood, and where I had one friend last year, who did me honour, I have three now.---If my enemies knew, that by this rage of abuse, and ill-will, they were effectually serving the interests both of myself, and works, they would be more quiet---but it has been the fate of my betters, who have found, that the way to fame, is like the way to heaven---through much tribulation---and till I shall have the honour to be

as much mal-treated as Rabelais, and Swift were, I must continue humble; for I have not filled up the measure of half their *persecutions*.

The court is turning topsy-turvy. Lord B—e, le premier---Lord T—t, to be groom of the chambers in room of the D. of R——d---Lord H——x to Ireland---Sir F. D——d in T——’s place---P——t seems unmoved---a peace inevitable---Stocks rise---the peers this moment kissing hands, &c. &c. (this week may be christened the kiss-hands week) for a hundred changes will happen in consequence of these. Pray present  
my

my compliments to Mrs. C. and all  
friends, and believe me, with the  
greatest fidelity,

Your ever obliged,

L. STERNE.

P. S. Is it not strange that Lord  
T——t should have power to remove  
the Duke of R——d?

Pray when you have read this, send  
the news to Mrs. Sterne.

## L E T T E R X.

To the same.

Dear Sir,

**I** RETURN you ten thousand thanks for the favour of your letter—and the account you give me of my wife and girl.—I saw Mr. Ch——y to-night at Ranelagh, who tells me you have inoculated my friend Bobby.—I heartily wish him well through, and hope in God all goes right.

On Monday we set out with a grand retinue of Lord Rockingham's (in  
whose

whose suite I move) for Windsor--- they have contracted for fourteen hundred pounds for the dinner, to some general undertaker, of which the K. has bargained to pay one third. Lord G—— S——, was last Saturday at the opera, some say with great effrontery --- others with great dejection.

I have little news to add.—There is a shilling pamphlet wrote against Tristram.—I wish they would write a hundred such.

Mrs. Sterne says her purse is light; will you, dear Sir, be so good as to  
 pay

pay her ten guineas, and I will reckon with you when I have the pleasure of meeting you.---My best compliments to Mrs. C. and all friends.---Believe me, dear Sir, your obliged and faithful

LAU. STERNE

L E T T E R XI.

To Mrs. F——.

York, Tuesday, Nov. 19.

Dear Madam,

**Y**OUR kind enquiries after my health, deserve my best thanks.—What can give one more pleasure than the good wishes of those we value?—I am sorry you give so bad an account of your own health, but hope you will find benefit from tar-water—it has been of infinite service to me.—I suppose, my good lady, by

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what

what you say in your letter, " that I  
 am busy writing an extraordinary  
 book," that your intelligence comes  
 from York ---the fountain-head of  
 chit-chat news---and---no matter.---  
 Now for your desire of knowing the  
 reason of my turning author? why  
 truly I am tired of employing my  
 brains for other people's advantage.  
 ---'Tis a foolish sacrifice I have made  
 for some years to an ungrateful person.  
 ---I depend much upon the candour  
 of the publick, but I shall not pick  
 out a jury to try the merit of my book  
 amongst \*\*\*\*\* , and---till you  
 read my Triftram, do not, like some  
 people, condemn it.---Laugh I am  
 sure



sure you will at some passages.---I have hired a small house in the Mins-ter Yard for my wife and daughter--the latter is to begin dancing, &c. if I cannot leave her a fortune, I will at least give her an education.---As I shall publish my works very soon, I shall be in town by March, and shall have the pleasure of meeting with you. ---All your friends are well, and ever hold you in the same estimation that your sincere friend does.

Adieu, dear lady, believe me, with every wish for your happiness, your most faithful, &c.

LAURENCE STERNE.

## L E T T E R XII.

To Dr. \*\*\*\*\*.

Jan. 30, 1760.

Dear Sir,

—*D*E *mortuis nil nisi bonum*, is a maxim which you have so often of late urged in conversation, and in your letters, (but in your last especially) with such seriousness, and severity against me, as the supposed transgressor of the rule;—that you have made me at length as serious and severe as yourself:—but that the humours you have stirred up might not work too  
 potently

potently within me, I have waited four days to cool myself, before I would set pen to paper to answer you, "*de mortuis nil nisi bonum.*" I declare I have considered the wisdom, and foundation of it over and over again, as dispassionately and charitably as a good Christian can, and, after all, I can find nothing in it, or make more of it, than a nonsensical lullaby of some nurse, put into Latin by some pedant, to be chanted by some hypocrite to the end of the world, for the consolation of departing lechers.— 'Tis, I own, Latin; and I think that is all the weight it has—for, in plain English, 'tis a loose and futile position

below a dispute—"you are not to speak anything of the dead; but what is good."

Why so?---Who says so?---neither reason or scripture.---Inspired authors have done otherwise---and reason and common sense tell me, that if the characters of past ages and men are to be drawn at all, they are to be drawn like themselves; that is, with their excellencies: and with their foibles---and it is as much a piece of justice to the world, and to virtue too, to do the one, as the other.---The ruling passion *et les egaremens du cœur*, are the very things which mark, and distinguish a man's character;--in which I would as soon leave out a  
 man's

man's head as his hobby-horse.—However, if like the poor devil of a painter, we must conform to this pious canon, *de mortuis, &c.* which I own has a spice of piety in the *sound* of it, and be obliged to paint both our angels and our devils out of the same pot—I then infer that our Sydenhams, and Sangrados, our Lucretias, and Masfalinas, our Sommers, and our Bolingbrokes—are alike entitled to statues, and all the historians, or satirists who have said otherwise since they departed this life, from Sallust to S—e, are guilty of the crimes you charge me with, “cowardice and injustice.”

But why cowardice? "because 'tis not courage to attack a dead man who can't defend himself."—But why do you doctors of the faculty attack such a one with your incision knife? Oh! for the good of the living.—'Tis my plea.—But I have something more to say in my behalf—and it is this—I am not guilty of the charge—tho' defensible. I have not cut up Doctor Kunaastrokius at all—I have just scratch'd him—and that scarce skin-deep.—I do him first all honour—speak of Kunaastrokius as a great man—(be he who he will) and then most distantly hint at a drole foible in his character—and that not first reported

(to the few who can even understand  
 the hint) by me—but known before  
 by every chamber-maid and footman  
 within the bills of mortality—but  
 Kunaastrokius, you say, was a great  
 man---'tis that very circumstance which  
 makes the pleasantry—for I could  
 name at this instant a score of honest  
 gentlemen who might have done the  
 very thing which Kunaastrokius did,  
 and seen no joke in it at all—as to  
 the falling of Kunaastrokius, which you  
 say can only be imputed to his friends  
 as a misfortune—I see nothing like  
 a misfortune in it to any friend or re-  
 lation of Kunaastrokius—that Kuna-  
 strokius

strokius upon occasions should fit with  
 \* \* \* \* \* and \* \* \* \* \* —

I have put these stars not *to hurt your worship's delicacy*—If Kunaastrokius after all is too sacred a character to be even smiled at, (which is all I have done) he has had better luck than his betters: In the same page (without imputation of cowardice) I have said as much of a man of twice his wisdom—and that is Solomon; of whom I have made the same remark “That they were both great men—and like all mortal men had each their ruling passion.”

—The



—The consolation you give me, “That my book however will be read enough to answer my design of raising a tax upon the public”—is very unconsolatory—to say nothing how very mortifying! by h——n! an author is worse treated than a common \* \* \* \* \* at this rate—“*You will get a penny by your sins, and that’s enough.*—Upon this chapter let me comment.—That I proposed laying the world under contribution when I set pen to paper—is what I own, and I suppose I may be allow’d to have that view in my head in common with every other writer, to make my labour of advantage to myself.

Do

Do not you do the same? but I beg I may add, that whatever views I had of that kind, I had other views—the first of which was, the hopes of doing the world good by ridiculing what I thought deserving of it—or of disservice to sound learning, &c.—how I have succeeded my book must shew—and this I leave entirely to the world—but not to that little world of *your acquaintance*, whose opinion, and sentiments you call the general opinion of the best judges *without exception*, who all affirm (you say) that my book cannot be put into the hands of any woman of *character*. (I hope you except widows, doctor—for they are  
not

not *all* so squeamish, but I am told they are all really of my party in return for some good offices done their interests in the 176th page of my second volume) But for the chaste married, and chaste unmarried part of the sex---they must not read my book! Heaven forbid the stock of chastity should be lessen'd by the life and opinions of Tristram Shandy---yes, his opinions---it would certainly debauch 'em! God take them under his protection in this fiery trial, and send us plenty of Duenas to watch the workings of their humours, 'till they have safely got thro' the whole work.---If this will not be sufficient, may we have plenty  
of

of Sangrados to pour in plenty of cold water, till this terrible fermentation is over—as for the *nummum in loculo*, which you mention to me a second time, I fear you think me very poor, or in debt—I thank God tho' I don't abound—that I have enough for a clean shirt every day—and a mutton chop—and my contentment with this, has thus far (and I hope ever will) put me above stooping an inch for it, even for ——'s estate.—Curse on it, I like it not to that degree, nor envy (*you may be sure*) any man who kneels in the dirt for it—so that howsoever I may fall short of the ends proposed in commencing author—I enter this

*protest,*

*protest*, first that my end was *honest*, and secondly, that I wrote not to be *fed*, but to be *famous*. I am much obliged to Mr. Garrick for his very favourable opinion—but why, dear Sir, had he done better in finding fault with it than in commending it? to humble me! an author is not so soon humbled as you imagine—no, but to make the book better by castrations—that is still *sub judice*, and I can assure you upon this chapter, that the very passages, and descriptions you propose, that I should sacrifice in my second edition, are what are best relish'd by men of wit, and some others whom I esteem as sound criticks—so that upon  
the

the whole, I am still kept up, if not above fear, at least above despair; and have seen enough to shew me the folly of an attempt of castrating my book to the prudish humours of particulars. I believe the short cut would be to publish this letter at the beginning of the third volume, as an apology for the first and second. I was sorry to find a censure upon the insincerity of some of my friends---I have no reason myself to reproach any one man---my friends have continued in the same opinions of my books which they first gave me of it---many indeed have  
 thought

thought better of 'em, by considering  
them more; few worse.

I am, Sir,

Your humble servant,

LAURENCE STERNE.

## LETTER XIII.

To the B—— of G——.

York, June 9, 1760.

My Lord,

**N**OT knowing where to send two sets of my Sermons, I could think of no better expedient, than to order them into Mr. Berrenger's hands, who has promised me that he will wait upon your Lordship with them, the first moment he hears you are in town. The truest and humblest thanks I

return



return to your Lordship for the generosity of your protection, and advice to me; by making a good use of the one, I will hope to deserve the other; I wish your Lordship all the health and happiness in this world, for I am

Your Lordship's

Most obliged and

Most grateful Servant,

L. STERNE

P. S. I am just sitting down to go on with Tristram, &c.—the scribblers use me ill, but they have used my betters much worse, for which may God forgive them.

## LETTER XIV.

To the Rev. Mr. STERNE.

Prior-Park, June 15, 1760.

Reverend Sir,

**I** HAVE your favour of the 9th Instant, and am glad to understand, you are got safe home, and employ'd again in your proper studies and amusements. You have it in your power to make that, which is an amusement to yourself and others, useful to both: at least, you should, above all things, beware of its becoming hurtful to either, by any violations of decency

decency and good manners, but I have already taken such repeated liberties of advising you on that head, that to say more would be needless, or perhaps unacceptable.

Whoever is, in any way, well received by the public, is sure to be annoy'd by that pest of the public, *profligate scribblers*. This is the common lot of successful adventurers; but such have often a worse evil to struggle with, I mean the over-officiousness of their indiscreet friends. There are two Odes, as they are call'd, printed by Doddsley. Whoever was the author, he appears to be a

H 3

monster

monster of impiety and lewdness— yet such is the malignity of the scribblers, some have given them to your friend Hall; and others, which is still more impossible, to yourself; tho' the first Ode has the insolence to place you both in a mean and a ridiculous light. But this might arise from a tale equally groundless and malignant, that you had shewn them to your acquaintances in *M. S.* before they were given to the public. Nor was their being printed by Doddley the likeliest means of discrediting the calumny.

About this time, another, under the mask of friendship, pretended to draw  
 your

your character, which was since published in a *Female Magazine*, (for dulness, who often has as great a hand as the devil, in deforming God's works of the creation, has *made them*, it seems, *male* and *female*) and from thence it was transformed into a *Chronicle*. Pray have you read it, or do you know its author?

But of all these things, I dare say Mr. Garrick, whose prudence is equal to his honesty or his talents, has remonstrated to you with the freedom of a friend. He knows the inconstancy of what is called the Public, towards all, even the best intentioned, of those

who contribute to its pleasure, or amusement. He (as every man of honour and discretion would) has availed himself of the public favour, to regulate the taste, and, in his proper station, to reform the manners of the fashionable world; while by a well judged œconomy, he has provided against the temptations of a mean and servile dependency, on the follies and vices of the great.

In a word, be assured, there is no one more sincerely wishes your welfare and happiness, than,

Reverend Sir,

W. G.

## L E T T E R . X V .

To my Witty Widow, Mrs. F——.

Coxwold, Aug. 3, 1760.

Madam,

**W**HEN a man's brains are as dry as a squeez'd Orange--and he feels he has no more conceit in him than a Mallet, 'tis in vain to think of sitting down, and writing a letter to a lady of your wit, unless in the honest John-Trot-Stile of, *yours of the 15th instant came safe to hand, &c.* which, by the bye, looks like a letter of business; and you know very well, from the first letter

letter

letter I had the honour to write to you, I am a man of no business at all. This vile plight I found my genius in, was the reason I have told Mr. —, I would not write to you till the next post—hoping, by that time to get some small recruit, at least of vivacity, if not wit, to set out with ;—but upon second thoughts, thinking a bad letter in season—to be better than a good one, out of it—this scrawl is the consequence, which, if you will burn the moment you get it—I promise to send you a fine set essay in the stile of your female epistolizers, cut and trim'd at all points.—God defend me from such, who never yet knew what it was to say



say or write one premeditated word in my whole life—for this reason I send you with pleasure, because wrote with the careless irregularity of an easy heart. — Who told you Garrick wrote the medley for Beard?—'Twas wrote in his house, however, and before I left town. — I deny it—I was not lost two days before I left town.— I was lost all the time I was there, and never found 'till I got to this Shandy-castle of mine.—Next winter I intend to sojourn amongst you with more decorum, and will neither be lost or found any where.

Now

Now I wish to God, I was at your elbow—I have just finished one volume of Shandy, and I want to read it to some one who I know can taste and relish humour—this by the way, is a little impudent in me—for I take the thing for granted, which their high mightinesses the world have yet to determine—but I mean no such thing—I could wish only to have your opinion—shall I, in truth, give you mine?—I dare not---but I will; provided you keep it to yourself---know then, that I think there is more laughable humour, ---with equal degree of Cervantick fatire---if not more than in the last---but we are bad judges of the merit of our children.

I return

I return you a thousand thanks for your friendly congratulations upon my habitation—and I will take care, you shall never wish me but well, for I am, Madam,

With great esteem and truth,

Your most obliged,

L. STERNE.

P. S. I have wrote this so vilely and so precipitately, I fear you must carry it to a decypherer—I beg you'll do me the honour to write—otherwise  
you

you draw *me* in, instead of Mr. ——  
drawing *you* into a scrape—for I should  
sorrow to have a *taste* of so agreeable a  
correspondent—and *no more*.

Adieu.

## LETTER XVI.

To Lady —.

Coxwold, Sept. 21, 1761.

I RETURN to my new habitation, fully determined to write as hard as can be, and thank you most cordially, my dear lady, for your letter of congratulation upon my Lord Fauconberg's having presented me with the curacy of this place—though your congratulation comes somewhat of the latest, as I have been possessed of it some time.—I hope I have been of some service to his Lordship, and he  
has

has sufficiently requited me. — 'Tis seventy guineas a year in my pocket, though worth a hundred—but it obliges me to have a curate to officiate at Sutton and Stillington. — 'Tis within a mile of his Lordship's seat and park. 'Tis a very agreeable ride in the chaise, I purchased for my wife — Lyd has a poney which she delights in. — Whilst they take these diversions, I am scribbling away at my Tristram. These two volumes are, I think, the best. — I shall write as long as I live, 'tis, in fact, my hobby-horse: and so much am I delighted with my uncle Toby's imaginary character, that I am become an enthusiast. — My Lydia helps

helps to copy for me—and my wife knits and listens as I read her chapters.—The coronation of his Majesty (whom God preserve!) has cost me the value of an Ox, which is to be roasted whole in the middle of the town, and my parishioners will, I suppose, be very merry upon the occasion.—You will then be in town—and feast your eyes with a sight, which 'tis to be hoped will not be in either of our powers to see again—for in point of age we have about twenty years the start of his Majesty.—And now, my dear friend, I must finish this—and with every wish for your happiness conclude myself your most sincere well-wisher and friend,

L. STERNE.

## LETTER XVI.

To J<sup>tho</sup> Hall S<sup>tho</sup>, Esq.

Coxwold, —, 1761.

Dear H—,

**I** REJOICE you are in London—  
rest you there in peace; here 'tis the  
devil.—You was a good prophet.—  
I wish myself back again, as you told  
me I should---but not because a thin  
death-doing pestiferous north-east  
wind blows in a line directly from  
crazy-castle turret full upon me in  
this cuckoldly retreat, (for I value  
the north-east wind and all its powers

not





monkey—and as mischievous too,  
 and forget it all—so that this is but a  
 copy of the present train running thro' my  
 brain.—And so you think this  
 cursed stupid—but that, my dear H.  
 depends much upon the quotâ horâ of  
 your shabby clock, if the pointer of it  
 is in any quarter between ten in the  
 morning or four in the afternoon—I  
 give it up—or if the day is obscured  
 by dark engendering clouds of either  
 wet or dry weather, I am still lost—  
 but who knows but it may be five—  
 and the day as fine a day, as ever shone  
 upon the earth since the destruction  
 of Sodom—and peradventure your  
 honour may have got a good hearty  
 dinner

dinner to-day, and eat and drink  
your intellects into a placidish and  
a blandish amalgama—to bear non-  
sense, so much for that.

It is as cold and churlish just now,  
as (if God had not pleased it to be so)  
it ought to have been in bleak Decem-  
ber, and therefore I am glad you are  
where you are, and where (I repeat  
it again) I wish I was also—Curse of  
poverty, and absence from those we  
love!—they are too great evils which  
embitter all things—and yet with the  
best I am not haunted much.—As to  
matrimony, I should be a beast to rail  
at it, for my wife is easy—but the  
world

world is not—and had I staid from her a second longer it would have been a burning shame—else she declares herself happier without me—but not in anger is this declaration made—but in pure sober good-sense, built on sound experience—she hopes you will be able to strike a bargain for me before this time twelve month, to lead a bear round Europe: and from this hopes from you, I verily believe it is, that you are so high in her favour at present—She swears you are a fellow of wit, though humourous; a funny jolly soul, though somewhat splenetic; and (bating the love of women) as honest as *gold*—how do you like the simile?

smile?—Oh, Lord! now, are you going to Ranelagh to-night, and I am sitting, sorrowful as the prophet was when the voice cried out to him and said, “What do’st thou here, Elijah?”—’Tis well the spirit does not make the same at Coxwold—for unless for the few sheep left me to take care of, in this wilderness, I might as well, nay better, be at Mecca—When we find we can by a shifting of places, run away from ourselves, what think you of a jaunt there, before we finally pay a visit to the *vale of Jehosaphat*—As ill a fame as we have, I trust I shall one day or other see you face to face—so tell the two colonels, if they

lose good company, to live righteously  
and soberly at present, and then they  
shall have no doubts or dangers within,  
or without them—present my best and  
warmest wishes to them, and advise the  
eldest to prop up his spirits, and get a  
rich dowager before the conclusion of  
the peace—why will not the advice suit  
both, *par, pobile fratrum?*

To-morrow morning, (if Heaven  
permit) I begin the fifth volume of  
Shandy—I care not a curse for the  
critics—I'll load my vehicle with what  
goods he lends me, and they may take  
them off my hands, or let them alone—  
I am very valourous—and 'tis in pro-  
portion

porting as wife retire from the world  
 and see it in its true dimensions, that  
 we despise it—no bad rant!—God  
 above bless you!—You know I am  
 ever  
 your affectionate Cousin,

LAURENCE STERN.

What few remain of the Demoniacs,  
 greet—and write me a letter, if you  
 are able, as foolish as this.

## LETTER XVII.

To D<sup>avid</sup> G<sup>arrick</sup>, Esq.

Paris, Jan. 31, 1762.

My dear Friend,

**T**HINK not that because I have been a fortnight in this metropolis without writing to you, that therefore I have not had you and Mrs. G. a hundred times in my head and heart---heart! yes, yes, say you---but I must not waste paper in *badinage* this post, whatever I do the next.

Well!



Well! here I am, my friend, as much improved in my health for the time, as ever your friendship could wish, or at least your faith give credit to--- by the bye I am somewhat worse in my intellectuals, for my head is turned round with what I see, and the unexpected honours I have met with here. Tristram was almost as much known here as in London, at least among your men of condition and learning, and has got me introduced into so many circles ('tis comme a Londres.) I have just now a fortnight's dinners and suppers upon my hands---My application to the Count de Chaisuiel goes on swimmingly, for not only Mr. Pelletiere,

Ballesteros (who, by the bye, sends  
 ten thousand civilities to you, and  
 Mrs. G.) has undertaken my affairs,  
 but the Count de Limbourg, & the  
 Baron d'Holbach, has offered any  
 security for the inoffensiveness of my  
 behaviour in France. 'tis more, yet  
 I hope than you will do. This Baron  
 is one of the good learned noblemen  
 who, with the great protection of  
 the Scavenger, who are now with  
 open house, & some days a week  
 his house, is now, as yours was to  
 me, my own—he lives at great ex-  
 pence.—'Twas an odd incident when  
 I was introduced to the Count de  
 Biffie, which I was at his desire—I  
 found

found him reading Tristram, and the  
 grandee does me great honours, and  
 gives me leave to go a private way  
 through his apartments into the  
 palais royal, to view the Duke of  
 Orleans's collections, every day I  
 have time—I have been at the doc-  
 tors of Sorbonne—I hope in a fore-  
 night to break through, or rather  
 from the delights of this place, which  
 in the *favour vivre*, exceed all the  
 places I believe, in this section of  
 the globe—

I am going, when this letter is  
 wrote, with Mr. Fox, and Mr. Maccart-  
 ny to Versailles—the next morning I  
 wait

wait upon Monfr. Tiron, in company with Mr. Maccartny, who is known to him, to deliver your commands. I have bought you the pamphlet upon theatrical, or rather tragical declamation --- I have bought another in verse, worth reading, and you will receive them, with what I can pick up this week, by a servant of Mr. Hodges, who he is sending back to England.

I was last night with Mr. Fox to see Madle. Clairon, in *Iphigene* --- she is extremely great --- would to God you had one or two like her --- what a luxury, to see you with one of such powers

powers in the same interesting scene -- but 'tis too much---Ah!! Preville! thou art Mercury himself---By virtue of taking a couple of boxes, we have bespoke this week the Frenchman in London, in which Preville is to send us home to supper, *all bappy*---I mean about fifteen or sixteen English of distinction, who are now here, and live well with each other.

I am under great obligations to Mr. Pitt, who has behaved in every respect to me like a man of good breeding, and good nature---In a post or two I will write again---Foley is an honest soul---I could write six volumes of  
 what

what has passed comically in this great scene, since these last fourteen days---but more of this hereafter---We are all going into mourning; nor you, nor Mrs. G. would know me, if you met me in my remise---bless you both! Service to Mrs. Denis. Adieu, adieu!

L. S.

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L E T T E R XVIII.

To Lady D——.

London, Feb. 1, 1762.

**Y**OUR Ladyship's kind enquiries after my health is indeed kind, and of a piece with the rest of your character. Indeed; I am very ill, having broke a vessel in my lungs—hard writing in the summer, together with preaching, which I have not strength for, is ever fatal to me—but I cannot avoid the latter yet, and the former is too pleasurable to be given up—I believe

Vol. I.                      K                      I shall

I shall try if the south of France will not be of service to me—his G. of Y. has most humanely given me the permission for a year or two—I shall set off with great hopes of its efficacy, and shall write to my wife and daughter to come and join me at Paris, else my stay could not be so long---“Le Fever’s story has beguiled your ladyship of your tears,” and the thought of the accusing spirit flying up to heaven’s chancery with the oath, you are kind enough to say is sublime---my friend, Mr. Garrick, thinks so too, and I am most vain of his approbation---your ladyship’s opinion adds not a little to my vanity.

I wish



I wish I had time to take a little excursion to Bath, were it only to thank you for all the obliging things you say in your letter—but 'tis impossible—accept at least my warmest thanks—If I could tempt my friend, Mr. H. to come to France, I should be truly happy—If I can be of any service to you at Paris, command him who is, and ever will be,

Your Ladyship's faithful,

L. STERNE.

L E T T E R X I X.

To J—— H—— S——, Esq.

Coxwold, July 28, 1761.

Dear H——,

**I** SYMPATHIZED for, or with you, on the detail you give me of your late agitations—and would willingly have taken my horse, and trotted to the oracle to have enquired into the etymology of all your sufferings, had I not been assured, that all that evacuation of bilious matter, with all that  
abdomical

abdominal motion attending it (both which are equal to a month's purgation and exercise) will have left you better than it found you—Need one go to D——, to be told that all kind of mild, (mark, I am going to talk more foolishly than your apothecary) opening, saponaceous, dirty - shirt, sud-washing liquors are proper for you, and consequently all styptical potations, death and destruction—if you had not shut up your gall-ducts by these, the glauber salts could not have hurt—as it was, 'twas like a match to the gunpowder, by raising a fresh combustion, as all physic does at first, so that you have been let off—nitre,

brimstone, and charcoal, (which is blackness itself) all at one blast—  
 'twas well the piece did not burst,  
 for I think it underwent great violence,  
 and, as it is proof, will, I hope, do  
 much service in this militating world—  
 Panty is mistaken, I quarrel with no  
 one.—There was that coxcomb of  
 — in the house, who lost temper  
 with me for no reason upon earth  
 but that I could not fall down and  
 worship a brazen image of learning  
 and eloquence, which he set up to the  
 perfecution of all true believers—I  
 sat down upon *bis altar*, and whistled  
 in the time of his divine service—and  
 broke down his carved work, and  
 kicked

kicked his incense pot to the D——, so he retreated, *sed non sine tello in corde suo*.—I have wrote a clerum, whether I shall take my doctor's degrees or no—I am much in doubt, but I trow not.—I go on with Tristram—I have bought seven hundred books at a purchase dog cheap—and many good—and I have been a week getting them set up in my best room here—why do not you transport yours to town, but I talk like a fool.—This will just catch you at your spaw—I wish you incolumem apud Londinum—do you go there for good and all—or ill?—I am, dear cousin,

Yours affectionately,

K 4

L. STERNE.

L E T T E R XX.

To D. G——, Esq.

Paris, March 19, 1762.

Dear G.

**T**HIS will be put into your hands by Doctor Shippen, a physician, who has been here some time with Miss Poyntz, and is this moment setting off for your metropolis, so I snatch the opportunity of writing to you and my kind friend Mrs. G.—I see nothing like her here, and yet I have been introduced

introduced to one half of their best  
 Goddesses, and in a month more shall  
 be admitted to the shrines of the other  
 half—but I neither worship—or fall  
 (much) upon my knees before them;  
 but on the contrary, have converted  
 many unto Shandeism—for be it known  
 I Shandy it away fifty times more  
 than I was ever wont, talk more non-  
 sense than ever you heard me talk in  
 your days—and to all sorts of people.  
*Qui le diable est cet homme là---* said  
 Choiseul, t'other day --- ce Chevalier  
 Shandy---You'll think me as vain as a  
 devil, was I to tell you the rest of the  
 dialogue---whether the bearer knows  
 it or no, I know not---'Twill serve up  
 after

after supper, in Southampton-street; amongst other small dishes, after the fatigues of Richard the III<sup>d</sup>—O God! they have nothing here, which gives the nerves so smart a blow, as those great characters in the hands of G----! but I forgot I am writing to the man himself——The devil take (as he will) these transports of enthusiasm! Apropos—the whole City of Paris is *bewitch'd* with the comic opera, and if it was not for the affairs of the Jesuits, which takes up one-half of our talk, the comic opera would have it all!—It is a tragical nuisance in all companies as it is, and was it not for some sudden starts and dashes—of Shandeiism, which  
 now



now and then either breaks the thread, or entangles it so, that the devil himself would be puzzled in winding it off—I should die a martyr—this by the way I never will——

I send you over some of these comic operas by the bearer, with the *Sallon*, a satire—The French comedy, I seldom visit it—they act scarce any thing but tragedies — and the *Clairon* is great, and *Madlle. Dumesnil*, in some places, still greater than her—yet I cannot bear preaching—I fancy I got a surfeit of it in my younger days.—There is a tragedy to be damn'd to-night—peace be with it, and the gentle  
 brain

brain which made it! I have ten thousand things to tell you I cannot write—I do a thousand things which cut no figure, *but in the doing*---and as in London, I have the honour of having done and said a thousand things I never did or dream'd of---and yet I dream abundantly---If the devil stood behind me in the shape of a courier, I could not write faster than I do, having five letters more to dispatch by the same Gentleman; he is going into another section of the globe, and when he has seen you, he will depart in peace.

The Duke of Orleans has suffered  
my portrait to be added to the number  
of

of some odd men in his collection, and a gentleman who lives with him has taken it most expressively, at full length—I purpose to obtain an etching of it, and to send it you—your prayer for me of *rosy health*, is heard—If I stay here for three or four months, I shall return more than reinstated. My love to Mrs. G.

I am, my dear G.

Your most humble Servant,

L. STERNE.

## L E T T E R XXI.

To the same.

Paris, April 10, 1762.

My dear G.

**I** SNATCH the occasion of Mr. Wilcox (the late Bishop of Rochester's son) leaving this place for England, to write to you, and I inclose it to Hall, who will put it into your hand, possibly behind the scenes. I hear no news of you, or your *empire*, I would have said *kingdom*—but here every thing is hyperbolized—and if

a wo-

a woman is but simply pleased—'tis *Je suis charmé*—and if she is charmed, 'tis nothing less than that she is *ravi-sh'd*—and when *ravi-sh'd* (which may happen) there is nothing left for her but to fly to the other world for a metaphor, and swear, *qu'elle étoit toute extasié*—which mode of speaking, is, by the bye, here creeping into use, and there is scarce a woman who understands the *bon ton* but is seven times in a day in downright extasy—that is, the devil's in her—by a small mistake of one world for the other——Now, where am I got?

I have

I have been these two days reading a tragedy, given me by a lady of talents to read and conjecture if it would do for you—'Tis from the plan of Diderot, and possibly half a translation of it—The Natural Son, or, the Triumph of Virtue, in five acts—It has too much sentiment in it, (at least for me) the speeches too long, and savour too much of *preaching*—this may be a second reason, it is not to my taste—'Tis all love, love, love, throughout, without much separation in the character; so I fear it would not do for your stage, and perhaps for the very reason which recommend it to a French one.—After a vile suspension

pension of three weeks—we are be-  
 ginning with our comedies and operas  
 again---yours I hear never flourished  
 more --- here the comic actors were  
 never so low---the tragedians hold up  
 their heads---in all senses. I have  
 known *one little man* support the the-  
 atrical world, like a David Atlas,  
 upon his shoulders, but Preville can't  
 do half as much here, though Mad.  
 Clairon stands by him, and sets her  
 back to his—she is very great, however,  
 and highly improved since you saw her  
 ---she also supports her dignity at table,  
 and has her public day every Thursday,  
 when she *gives to eat* (as they say  
 here) to all that are hungry and dry.  
 Vol. I.                      L                      You

You are much talked of here, and much expected as soon as the peace will let you—these two last days you have happened to engross the whole conversation at two great houses where I was at dinner—'Tis the greatest problem in nature; in this meridian, that one and the same man should possess such tragic and comic powers, and in such an equilibrio, as to divide the world for which of the two nature intended him.

Crebillon has made a convention with me, which, if he is not too lazy, will be no bad *persiflage*—as soon as I get to Toulouse he has agreed to

write



write me an expostulatory letter upon the indecorums of T. Shandy—which is to be answered by recrimination upon the liberties in his own works—these are to be printed together—Crebillion against Sterne—Sterne against Crebillion—the copy to be sold, and the money equally divided—This is good Swiss-policy.

I am recovered greatly, and if I could spend one whole winter at Toulouse, I should be fortified, in my inner man, beyond all danger of relapsing.—A sad asthma my daughter has been martyr'd with these three winters, but mostly this last, makes

it, I fear, necessary she should try the last remedy of a warmer and softer air, so I am going this week to Versailles, to wait upon Count Choiseul to solicit passports for them—If this system takes place, they join me here--- and after a month's stay we all decamp for the south of France---if not, I shall see you in June next. Mr. Fox, and Mr. Maccartny, having left Paris, I live altogether in French families-- I laugh 'till I cry, and in the same tender moments *cry 'till I laugh*. I Shandy it more than ever, and verily do believe, that by mere Shandeism, sublimated by a laughter-loving people, I fence as much against infirmities

ties

ties, as I do by the benefit of air and climate. Adieu, dear G. present ten thousand of my best respects and wishes to and for my friend Mrs. G.--- had she been last night upon the Tulleries, she would have annihilated a thousand French goddesses, *in one single turn.*

I am most truly,

my dear friend,

L. STERNE.

## L E T T E R XXII.

To Mrs. S——, York.

Paris, May 16th 1762.

My Dear,

**I**T is a thousand to one that this reaches you before you have set out— However I take the chance—you will receive one wrote last night, the moment you get to Mr. E. and to wish you joy of your arrival in town—to that letter which you will find in town, I have nothing to add that I can think on—for I have almost drain'd my  
brains

brains dry upon the subject.—For God sake rise early and gallop away in the cool—and always see that you have not forgot your baggage in changing post-chaises—— You will find good tea upon the road from York to Dover—only bring a little to carry you from Calais to Paris—give the Custom-House officers what I told you—at Calais give more, if you have much Scotch snuff—but as tobacco is good here, you had best bring a Scotch mill and make it yourself, that is, order your valet to manufacture it—'twill keep him out of mischief.—I would advise you to take three days in coming up, for fear of heating

beating yourselves—See that they do not give you a bad vehicle, when a better is in the yard, but you will look sharp—drink small Rhenish to keep you cool, (that is if you like it.) Live well and deny yourselves nothing your hearts wish. So God in heaven prosper and go along with you—kiss my Lydia, and believe me both affectionately,

Yours,

L. STERNE.

## LETTER XXIII.

To the same.

Paris, May 31, 1762.

My Dear,

**T**HERE have no mails arrived here 'till this morning, for three posts, so I expected with great impatience a letter from you and Lydia—and lo! it is arrived. You are as busy as Throp's wife, and by the time you receive this, you will be busier still— I have exhausted all my ideas about your journey—and what is needful  
for

for you to do before and during it—  
 so I write only to tell you I am well—  
 Mr. Colebrooks, the minister of  
 Swisserland's secretary, I got this  
 morning to write a letter for you to  
 the governor of the Custom-House-  
 Office, at Calais—it shall be sent you  
 next post. — You must be cautious  
 about Scotch snuff—take half a pound  
 in your pocket, and make Lyd do  
 the same. 'Tis well I bought you a  
 chaise—there is no getting one in  
 Paris now, but at an enormous price—  
 for they are all sent to the army, and  
 such a one as yours we have not been  
 able to match for forty guineas, for a  
 friend of mine who is going from  
 hence



hence to Italy—the weather was never known to set in so hot, as it has done the latter end of this month, so he and his party are to get into his chaises by four in the morning, and travel 'till nine—and not stir out again 'till six; but I hope this severe heat will abate by the time you come here—however I beg of you once more to take special care of heating your blood in travelling and come *tout doucement*, when you find the heat too much—I shall look impatiently for intelligence from you, and hope to hear all goes well; that you conquer all difficulties, that you have received your pass-port, my picture, &c. Write and tell me  
some

something of every thing. I long to see you both, you may be assured, my dear wife and child, after so long a separation—and write me a line directly, that I may have all the notice you can give me, that I may have apartments ready and fit for you when you arrive.—For my own part I shall continue writing to you a fortnight longer—present my respects to all friends—you have bid Mr. C. get my visitations at P. done for me, &c. &c. If any offers are made about the inclosure at Rascal, they must be enclosed to me—nothing that is fairly proposed shall stand still on my score. Do all for the best, as He who guides  
all

all things, will I hope do for us—so  
heav'n preserve you both—believe me

Your affectionate

L. STERNE.

Love to my Lydia—I have bought  
her a gold watch to present to her  
when she comes.

## L E T T E R XXIV.

To the same.

Paris, June 7, 1762.

My Dear,

**I** KEEP my promise and write to you again—I am sorry the bureau must be open'd for the deeds—but you will see it done—I imagine you are convinced of the necessity of bringing three hundred pounds in your pocket --if you consider, Lydia must have two slight negligees—you will want a new gown or two—as for painted linens  
buy

buy them in town, they will be more admired because English than French.

—Mrs. H. writes me word that I am mistaken about buying silk cheaper at Toulouse, than Paris, that she advises you to buy what you want here—where they are very beautiful and cheap, as well as blouses, gauzes, &c.

—these I say will all cost you sixty guineas—and you must have them—for in this country nothing must be spared for the back—and if you die on an onion, and lie in a garret seven stories high; you must not betray it in your cloaths, according to which you are well or ill look'd on. When we are got to Toulouse, we must begin to turn  
the

the penny, and we may, (if you do not game much) live very cheap—I think that expression will divert you—and now God knows I have not a wish but for your health, comfort, and safe arrival here—write to me every other post, that I may know how you go on—you will be in raptures with your chariot—Mr. R. a gentleman of fortune, who is going to Italy, and has seen it, has offered me thirty guineas for my bargain.—You will wonder all the way, how I am to find room in it for a third—to ease you of this wonder, 'tis by what the coach-makers here call a cave, which is a second bottom added

to

to that you set your feet upon which lets the person (who sits over-against you) down with his knees to your ancles, and by which you have all more room—and what is more, less heat—because his head does not intercept the fore-glass little or nothing—  
 Lyd—and I will enjoy this by turns; sometimes I shall take a bidet—(a little post horse) and scamper before—at other times I shall sit in fresco upon the arm-chair without doors, and one way or other will do very well.  
 —I am under infinite obligations to Mr. Thornhill, for accommodating me thus, and so genteelly, for 'tis like making a present of it.—Mr. T——  
 Vol. I. M will

will send you an order to receive it at Calais—and now, my dear girls, have I forgot any thing?

Adieu, adieu!

Yours most affectionately,

L. STERNE.

A week or ten days will enable you to see every thing—and so long you must stay to rest your bones.



L E T T E R XXV.

To the same.

Paris, June 14, 1762.

My dearest,

**H**A V I N G an opportunity of writing by a friend who is setting out this morning for London, I write again, in case the two last letters I have wrote this week to you should be detained by contrary winds at Calais—I have wrote to Mr. E——, by the same hand, to thank him for his kindness to you in the handsomest

M 2

manner

manner I could—and have told him, his good heart, and his wife's, have made them overlook the trouble of having you at his house, but that if he takes you apartments near him they will have occasion still enough left to shew their friendship to us—I have begged him to assist you, and stand by you as if he was in my place with regard to the sale of the Shandys—and then the copy-right—Mark to keep these things distinct in your head—but Becket I have ever found to be a man of probity, and I dare say you will have very little trouble in finishing matters with him—and I would rather wish you to treat with him than with  
another

another man—but whoever buys the fifth and sixth volumes of Shandy's, must have the nay-say of the seventh and eighth.—I wish, when you come here, in case the weather is too hot to travel, you could think it pleasant to go to the Spa for four or six weeks, where we should live for half the money we should spend at Paris—after that we should take the sweetest season of the vintage to go to the south of France—but we will put our heads together, and you shall just do as you please in this, and in every thing which depends on me—for I am a being perfectly contented, when others are pleased—to bear and forbear will

ever be my maxim—only I fear the heats through a journey of five hundred miles for you, and my Lydia, more than for myself.—Do not forget the watch chains—bring a couple for a gentleman's watch likewise, we shall lie under great obligations to the Abbé M. and must make him such a small acknowledgement; according to my way of flourishing, 'twill be a present worth a kingdom to him—They have bad pins, and vile needles here—bring for yourself, and some for presents—as also a strong bottle-skrew, for whatever Scrub we may hire as butler, coachman, &c. to uncork us our Frontiniac—You will  
find

find a letter for you at the Lyon D'Argent—Send for your chaise into the court-yard, and see all is tight—Buy a chain at Calais strong enough not to be cut off, and let your portman-teau be tied on the forepart of your chaise for fear of a dog's trick—so God bless you both, and remember me to my Lydia.

I am yours affectionately,

L. STERNE.

L E T T E R XXVI.

To the same.

Paris, June 17, 1762.

My dearest,

**P**ROBABLY you will receive another letter with this, by the same post, if so, read this the last—It will be the last you can possibly receive at York, for I hope it will catch you just as you are upon the wing—if that should happen, I suppose in course you have executed the contents of it, in all things which relate to pecuniary matters,

matters, and when these are settled to your mind, you will have got thro' your last difficulty—every thing else will be a step of pleasure, and by the time you have got half a dozen stages you will set up your pipes and sing Te Deum together, as you whisk it along.—Desire Mr. C—— to send me a proper letter of attorney by you, he will receive it back by return of post. You have done every thing well with regard to our Sutton and Stillington affairs, and left things in the best channel—if I was not sure you must have long since got my picture, garrets, &c. I would write and scold Mr. T—— abominably—he put them

them

them in Becket's hands to be forwarded by the stage coach to you as soon as he got to town.—I long to hear from you, and that all my letters and things are come safe to you, and then you will say that I have not been a bad lad—for you will find I have been writing continually as I wished you to do—Bring your silver coffee-pot, 'twill serve both to give water, lemonade, and orjead—to say nothing of coffee and chocolate, which, by the bye, is both cheap and good at Toulouse, like other things—I had like to have forgot a most necessary thing, there are no copper tea-kettles to be had in France, and we shall find such



a thing the most comfortable utensil in the house—buy a good strong one, which will hold two quarts—a dish of tea will be of comfort to us in our journey south.—I have a bronze tea-pot, which we will carry also—as China cannot be brought over from England, we must make up a villainous party-coloured tea equipage to regale ourselves, and our English friends, whilst we are at Toulouse—I hope you have got your bill from Becket.—There is a good natured kind of a trader I have just heard of, at Mr. Foley's, who they think will be coming off from England to France, with horses, the latter end of June. He happened  
to

to come over with a lady, who is sister to Mr. Foley's partner, and I have got her to write a letter to him in London, this post, to beg he will seek you out at Mr. E.—'s, and in case a cartel ship does not go off before he goes, to take you under his care. He was infinitely friendly in the same office last year to the lady who now writes to him, and nursed her on ship-board, and defended her by land with great goodwill.—Do not say I forget you, or whatever can be conducive to your ease of mind, in this journey—I wish I was with you to do these offices myself, and to strew roses on your way—  
but

but I shall have time and occasion to shew you I am not wanting—Now, my dears, once more pluck up your spirits—trust in God—in me—and in yourselves—with this, was you put to it, you would encounter all these difficulties ten times told—Write instantly, and tell me you triumph over all fears; tell me Lydia is better, and a helpmate to you—You say she grows like me—let her shew me she does so in her contempt of small dangers, and fighting against the apprehensions of them, which is better still. As I will not have F.'s share of the books, you will inform him so—Give my love to Mr. Fothergill, and to those true friends

friends

friends which Envy has spared me--  
 and for the rest, *laissez passer*--You  
 will find I speak French tolerably---  
 but I only wish to be understood.---  
 You will soon speak better; a month's  
 play with a French Demoiselle will  
 make Lyd chatter it like a magpye.  
 Mrs. ——— understood not a word of  
 it when she got here, and writes me  
 word she begins to prate a pace—you  
 will do the same in a fortnight—Dear  
 Bess, I have a thousand wishes, but  
 have a hope for every one of them—  
 You shall chant the same *jubilate*, my  
 dears, so God bless you. My duty  
 to

to Lydia, which implies my love too.  
Adieu, believe me

Your affectionate,

L. STERNE.

Memorandum: Bring watch-chains,  
tea-kettle, knives, cookery book, &c.

You will smile at this last article—  
so adieu—At Dover the Cross Keys,  
at Calais at the Lyon D'Argent—the  
master a Turk in grain.

*End of the First Volume.*

Written by Mr. STERNÉ.

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