

1st sheet -

(From Miss ^{Caroline} Weston.) to Miss Collins
Weymouth, Massachusetts.
April - 1865

My dear Friend,

I write to day from the midst of a
national sorrow deeper & more bitter
than can be told, & which seems more
intense as the weary days go on & the terrible
event of last week is more distinctly realized.
I shall send you by this post some American
newspapers containing some particulars of
this last dreadful crime, the completion
of an iniquity that was already beyond
precedent. You will have seen already
the accounts furnished by your newspapers
but as they are with few exceptions friendly
to the rebels you may not get clear ideas
from them of how the event is regarded
here or what is the real aspect of the true
feeling of the country under these exciting
& afflicting circumstances. I was thinking
of you during the brilliant rejoicing

over our recent victories & the prospect
of the termination of the war, & intended
to claim the sympathy I knew you were
feeling for us while you read of the fall
of Petersburg & Richmond & the surrender
of Lee - events which virtually ended the
Rebellion - for they left the rebels without
cities or fortresses without generals or armies
without sea-ports, supplies, or means of
transport, and best of all without slaves,
- left all who were weary of the fight to
go home to their families, & set at liberty
thousands of prisoners, - not to speak of the
emancipation of hosts of Union men
shut up in Southern cities. Joy was
in all hearts & every where flags were
flying, - glad bells were ringing, cannon
roaring, & everywhere was the voice
of thanks giving to God who had given
the victory. Then came this last
overwhelming blow. It is heart-breaking.

Never I think has any man so associated
himself with all that is holiest & noblest
in a nations life as President Lincoln
had done with ours. He was beloved
in every home as a personal friend is
beloved. Never have we ourselves felt
so deep a sorrow except when death was
under our own roof. The integrity,
elevation, fearlessness & tenderness of
his character were widely & deeply
felt. No selfish purpose - no low am-
bition deformed his large & generous
nature. I believe God had made &
trained him for the great emergency to
which he was called, & for which his
rare qualities so singularly fitted him.
It would seem almost miraculously
filled him. He was a man endowed
with uncommon wisdom & wonderful
equanimity of character, this solemn
sense of the vast responsibility of his
position was accompanied with a

consciousness of corresponding ability.
How he had been beloved & trusted,
his military home, before this public
services made him known to the
whole nation you will read. He was
a great & good man murdered by those
on whose souls rests all the righteous
blood spilt since the beginning. For
this is no chance shot of a mad man
no private vengeance for fancied wrong
- it is the last expiring effort of slaveholders
Barbarism, ignorantly thinking to distract
& perhaps destroy the country by this blow
at the Government. No doubt is entertained
that not only it was intended to murder
the President & Secretary of State, but Mr
Stanton & Mr Sumner as well as the Vice
president & other important men. Happily
the courage or the opportunities of the other
ruffians were insufficient. The Telegraph
caused on that fatal morning of April 15
a shock to every home in the wide loyal
United States. There was grief & mourning
in every house as when a beloved one
died.

the mourning was deep & universal & spontaneous. — as by common consent dwellings & public buildings were covered with emblems of mourning). the grief of the people everywhere found a religious expression, there was prayer in the dwellings of the citizens in the churches on "change" everywhere where even two or three were gathered together by chance. The people seemed now to bow as one in an agony of prayer & supplication, as they had a few days before united in a joyful Thanksgiving). Every house — even the humblest was in mourning) — the bells tolling & guns firing) through the length & breadth of the land; from every little parish came the sound of lamentation — & the newspapers were unable to give even the smallest notice of the great majority of those that wished to ^{report} ~~report~~ their proceedings — I hope you will receive the account of the meeting in Faneuil Hall. I think you may rely upon the speeches of

C. G. Loring & Pelly) Chandler - & in
another place of Judge Russell - as the
true expression of the state of the public
mind here) - It was a strange time ~~and~~
for such a great blow - the whole land
was full of thanksgiving) that the War was
virtually) ended - & this thanksgiving), -
however triumphant might be its feeling)
in view of a country) redeemed from a
great sin & a great danger) was singularly)
free from any sentiment of animosity,
or revenge on those whose wickedness had
brought us so dreadful a trial - Everywhere
the wish to restore the South as speedily
as possible to quiet & to prosperity) - & to
deal as generously) as possible) with the
rebels) was paramount. Even till now
many were saying) "forgive them who
knew not what they did." - This spirit of
forgiveness seemed to have a sudden
increase as the obvious termination of the war
opened such a happy) prospect for the
future) - & many too kind hearts were

grieved & troubled as they thought of the sufferings arising from confiscation & exile. All felt that the reorganisation of society at the South in the new state of things, - with the new element of free labour & freed men & women, presented many difficult problems. - But there was a perfect confidence placed in the president & his cabinet, & all trusted that things would work well. Never shall I forget the ~~hour~~ of the day which brought us the news of the assassination - there was no early train to our village, & a dreadful rumour reached us early (brought by some one, who had seen at a distant station, a passenger by the N. Y. train) "the President had been stabbed, - was in extremis, but not dead," - then another report followed that Mr. Seward had been attacked - we passed two restless hours & then our own train came bringing confirmation - but we passed all the first part of the day in the most painful agitation -

as the telegrams reported - both the
President & Secretary mortally wounded
& then at last came the tidings that
both were dead - the news was happily
untrue as regarded Mr. Seward, - but for
two hours we thought both were no
more! No one could tell what it was - &
as we felt, so felt all - I saw every
where men & women in tears - & a gloom
like that of the grave was in every
house. In Boston not only all places
of business & amusement, but all public
houses & dram shops were shut & the
city has been hushed these last nights
like a city of the dead.

With all this grief & mourning came
 no thought of fear, no doubt of the
 safety & stability of the government.
 the strong foundations of a nation
 resting on so broad a basis can be
 shaken by no one death, no single
 man's ^{loss} however wise & great & good.
 He will be mourned and missed as
 never man was - but if the rebels
 thought that any amount of murder
 could disturb such a fabric as this
 they were mistaken indeed. There
 was no fear, - no panic, - no public
 function was left unfulfilled at
 Washington, - financial affairs were
 unaffected by it, - it had no other
 effect on the gold market than that
 the brokers with one consent closed
 their places of business & it was felt
 to be no time for speculations. Expressions
 of sympathy with the Vice President, &c.

suddenly & awfully called into office
came from all quarters.

I believe there is little doubt of the existence
of a conspiracy as extensive & profound ^{as that}
as that which threatened Mr Lincoln's
life at the time of his first inauguration.
This Assassination is the natural fruit of
Slavery & Rebellion, & tho' proper measures
of safety were taken yet I suppose men
living so long in the midst of war did
not at every instant remember that
~~(as I do make Major Bingham say of the
Indians) they had to do with an enemy
whom the devil himself had inspired so
once with cunning & cruelty.)~~ ~~What~~
rewards for the assassination of our
chief men, Lincoln first fall - have
been repeatedly inserted in ^{the} rebel
newspapers. That men like Lee & Jeff.
Davis & their associates are capable of
any crime. These men - Lee, Davis, Benjamin
Hoyd &c. have been under their own
eyes, & by their own orders, thousands &
thousands of our prisoners, dying in a state

too horrible for description, of cold & hunger
- devoured by vermin - without water,
shot down if they dared approach the
narrow window of their crowded
prison for a ray of light or a breath
of air. Multitudes died in prison of
these horrors. Multitudes, exchanged
for strong & healthy men, died after
reaching our camps. many having
forgotten their ^{own} names & returning to their
Comrades in a state of idiocy, soon
followed by death: - others gained
strength & by tender & careful treatment
to reach their own homes & die among
their kindred. Two such funerals passed
our door last week. For these things
is the man whom the London Daily News
calls a "fine soldier," a "gallant Gentleman"
&c. a countable. (They (the D. News) express
their admiration of a rebel who has betrayed
his country & fired on his flag. What would
they say of a British officer who had done
such things?) I regretted that Gen. Grant

This advisers, among them probably
good Lincoln himself, sh^d have given
Lee the terms accorded to an honorable
sue - for vain is magnanimity &
generosity when one deals with one
whose life has been spent in the unre-
strained indulgence of the basest
passions. to whom truth & faith &
honor are unknown. Lee who
flogged a helpless woman with his
own hands, Jeff. Davis who has been
making a fortune by Blockade
running while his dupes were starving
& dying of cold & hunger, Benjamin
who was in his youth a detected thief
at Yale College - saved from public puni-
ment only by the generosity of his college
Class, Floyd the robber of the public ear
& all the rest - loaded with crime & treason
are not proper objects of sympathy. If
however there had been any thought of
amnesties that sh^d include the leaders
& officers of the Rebellion it has I think
passed away. All these men who do not
get out of the country will be brought to trial for
their crime.

Mr Seward's escape is truly wonderful
 I am astonished that at his age
 & in his situation he had not yielded
 to the shock - think of an old man,
 helpless from the accident of the
 preceding week, attacked & repeatedly
 stabbed in the face & neck, & aware of
 a death struggle going on in his room
 between his brave servant & the
 assassin! It seems his presence of
 mind never deserted him. As soon
 as the man grappled with the
 murderer & forced him away, for
 the moment the secretary did the
 only thing left for him. He rolled
 himself from the bed & when they went
 to him & thought him dead or dying
 as he lay in a pool of blood, he roused
 himself to give the necessary orders.
 "I am not dead send for the police &
 a surgeon & close the house." & then
 he spoke no more for a long time.
 That Mr Seward's life is spared we

feel to be a special providence,
for his wisdom, & ability, & devotion
was never more needed than now.
'I suppose that danger from these
desperate representatives of the
"Confederacy" is still apprehended
as a guard is placed round Cha-
Sumner's house

The Russians are supposed to be
connected with the St. Alban's railway
as Mr Seward was warned by a letter
from Canada of an attempt about
to be made on his & the President's
life, but in consequence of the ^{London}
accident which confined him to his
bed he could not give the letter the
attention it deserved. ^{It will be rememb^d} ^{That} ^{Gang}

in Canada procured evidence
from Richmond ^(before the capture) of the Rebel govt and
authorization of their proceedings, on
which showing they were discharged, the
presumption is that this murder had

a similar warrant.

But I have no more time or space. Think of us as troubled but not despairing, - cash down but not destroyed. Our great grief is that Abraham Lincoln could not live to enjoy the safety & prosperity which he has done so much to establish, & the love of a people who understood him & valued him as he deserved. He will be wiped in every way, but no doubt or fear darkens the future of the Republic. Never since we were a nation were we so strong as now when all the strength, ability, & virtue in the land, pushed by a natural law in the right direction.

We felt more about the dreadful affair, as the Langel & A. Chapman spent some time at Washington in the winter & received

no end of kindnesses from Mr & Mrs Lincoln
& the Seaward family.

From Miss Weston

to

Miss Weston

April 25th / 65