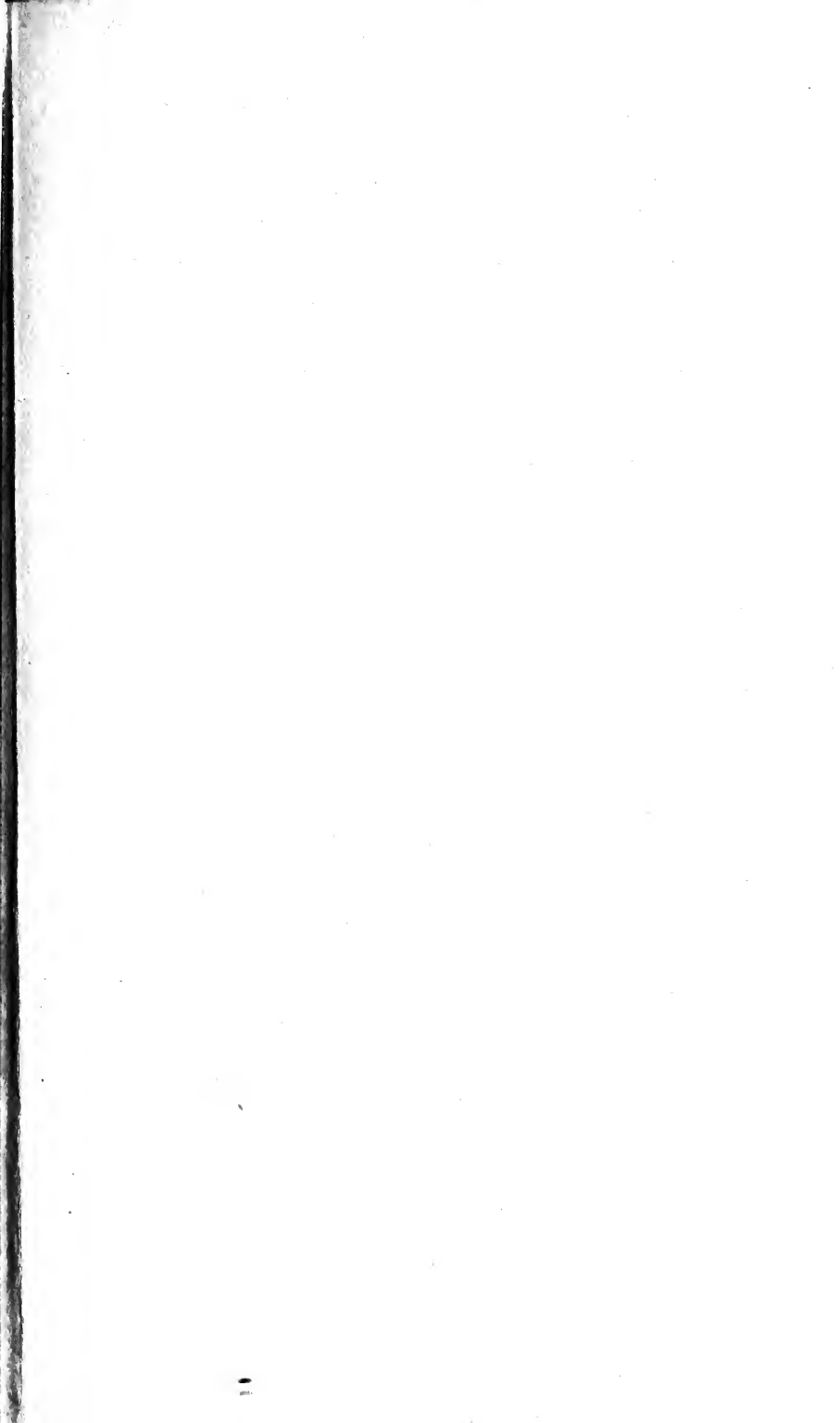


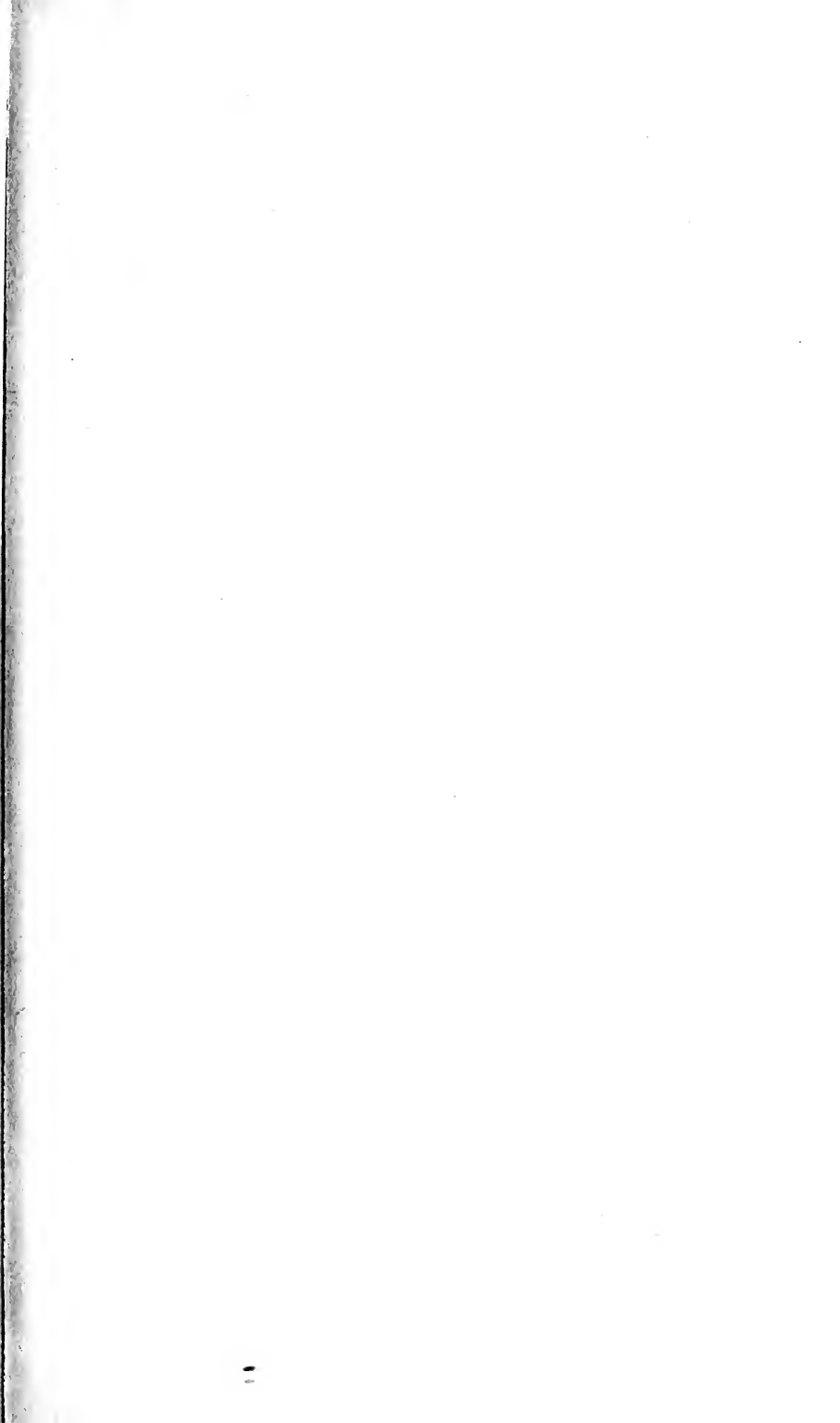
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A LEXICON
OF
THE PRIMITIVE WORDS
OF THE
GREEK LANGUAGE.

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A

LEXICON

OF

THE PRIMITIVE WORDS

OF THE

Greek Language,

INCLUSIVE OF

SEVERAL LEADING DERIVATIVES,

UPON A NEW PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT :

FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS AND PRIVATE PERSONS.

~~~~~  
**BY THE REV. JOHN BOOTH,**

*Curate of Kirkby Malzeard, near Ripon, Yorkshire.*  
~~~~~

Longum iter est per præcepta, breve et efficax per exempla.—SENECA.

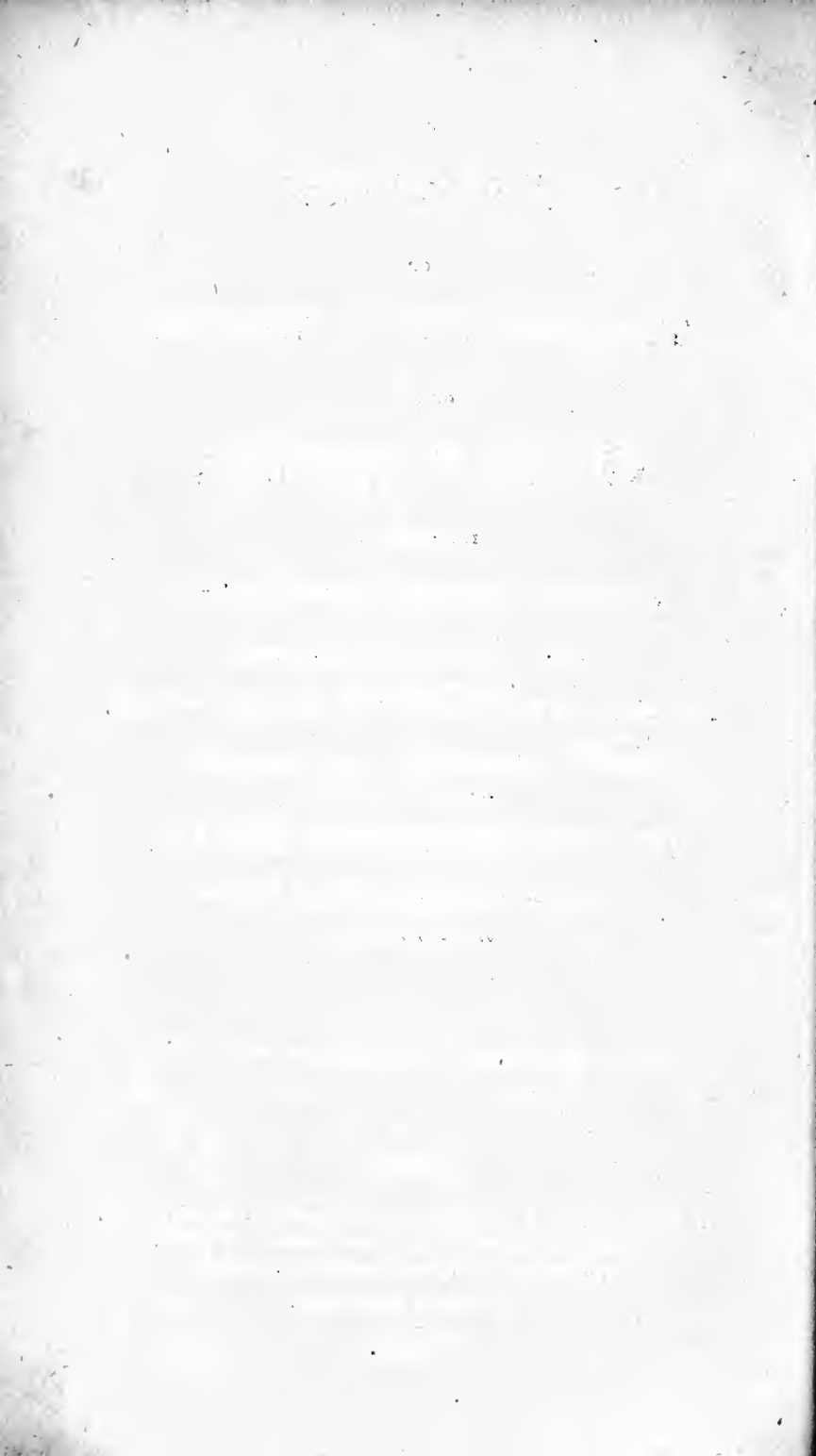
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PREFACE.

THIS Work, the plan of which is entirely new, so far as is known to its author, is designed to assist and encourage in the study of the Greek tongue; and will, it is hoped, be found of peculiar service to learners, and of some utility to proficients in the language.

As the Index points out the classification, it is deemed unnecessary to detain the reader with what might have the appearance of tautology.

Moreover, the author intends to publish, with all convenient speed, a small volume, by way of Key, or companion to this work, for the use of his tyro-readers, and of very beginners in the language.

Suffice it, therefore, at present to state, that the terminations, and genders of nouns, and also the genitive case of increasing substantives, the characteristic letters, first future, and preterperfect tense of verbs, are, so far as

circumstances permit, placed at the head of the page, while several other tenses are occasionally given in the body thereof; so that, it is hoped, sufficient data will be found both for declining and conjugating.

Let it be further noticed, especially among the substantives and adjectives, that those words which are without a mark, are, generally, the best in the language; those with an asterism (*) are, for the most part, somewhat inferior; any with an obelisk (†) are more inferior still; and such as have the obelisk inverted (‡), rank the lowest of any in this collection.

A number of very inferior substantives, many of which being a kind of indefinites, are designedly left out, as words unworthy of a place in this compilation; such as—

ἀναρίτης, a kind of shell-fish; *ἀσίνη*, a kind of herb which entwines itself with other herbs; *ἀφάκη*, a kind of pulse, a vetch; *ἀδάρα*, a sort of gruel; *ἀμόρα*, a kind of paste; *ἀρία*, a kind of tree, which is a long time in growing green; *ἀσκήρα*, a kind of Attic shoe; *ἀγαρικόν*, a kind of mushroom on trees; *ἄνησον*, anise, or dill; *ἄρον*, the herb wake-robin; *ἄμιμι*, a seed smaller than cummin, &c. &c.

Nevertheless, as the author hath it in contemplation to arrange all the derivative and compound words of the Greek tongue, upon a plan similar to that which characterizes the present Lexicon, he will, in such contem-

plated work, insert the inferior primitive nouns above alluded to, distinguishing them from others by capital letters.

Words derived from, or bearing some analogy, or even semblance to the Greek ones, and used in either interpretation, commonly begin with capital letters.

Though more than leisure time hath been bestowed upon the present performance, some inaccuracies may undoubtedly be met with; yet the author hopes they will be found of such a nature that, for them, candour will accept of an apology.

VII

ABBREVIATIONS.

Nn. Noun.
adj. Adjective.
Vb. Verb.
part. Participle.
adv. Adverb.
conj. Conjunction.
Decl. Declension.
Cl. Class.
m. Masculine gender.
f. Feminine ———.
n. Neuter ———.
sing. Singular number.
Dl. Dual ———.
pl. Plural ———.
N. Nominative case.
V. Vocative ———.
G. Genitive ———.
D. Dative ———.
A. Accusative ———.
act. Active voice.
pass. Passive ———.
m. med. Middle ———.
ind. Indicative mood.
imp. imper. Imperative.

Opt. Optative.
Subj. Subjunctive.
inf. Infinitive.
pr. Present tense.
im. Imperfect.
2. Second future.
β. Second aorist.
1. First future.
α. First aorist.
pf. Preterperfect.
ppf. Preterpluperfect.
p. post f. Paulo post futurum.
Aeol. in the Aeolic dialect.
Att. Attic.
Boeot. Boeotic.
Dor. Doric.
Ion. Ionic.
Prov. Provincial, local.
R. Radix, or th. Theme.
co. supplied with tenses from.
q. which fraternizes with, comes from, or bears some relation to.
κ—*κας* ; *Ϟ*—*ος* ; *ε*—*ου* ; *ς*—*στ*.

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NOUNS.

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The Author, who had it not in his power personally to inspect the proof sheets, by reason of his distance from the press, hath to apologize for the typographical inaccuracy of placing the grave accent upon several gravitonus words. This error occurs chiefly in words beginning with a vowel or diphthong, and requiring the acute accent (´) upon their first syllable. By way of remedy, let the young reader bear in mind, that the grave accent (˘) should never appear upon any syllable except the *last*; and only upon that in Oxytonous words, where it is put instead of, and stands for the *acute*; but it is understood in every syllable upon which there is no *marked accent*. On the same score of unavoidable absence, he hath also to apologize for the following, and possibly a few other

ERRATA.*

Page.		Page.	
81,	l. 11, <i>leneus</i> , read <i>laneus</i> .	189,	f. 10, <i>κη</i> - read <i>κε-χ'αλιφα</i> .
ib.	f. 4, <i>opulentio</i> , read <i>opulentia</i> .	201,	f. 10, <i>tendeo</i> , read <i>tondeo</i> .
82,	f. 4, <i>περγος</i> , read <i>π'υργος</i> .	202,	f. 14, <i>πέπν-αγμαί</i> , read <i>ιγμαί</i> .
92,	l. 11, <i>monæa</i> , read <i>moneta</i> .	207,	f. 6, <i>εφαγην</i> , read <i>εφ'εφαγην</i> .
93,	l. 3, <i>frustrum</i> , read <i>frustum</i> .	209,	l. 6, <i>hab</i> - read <i>hal-itu</i> m.
94,	Chap. ii, class 1, ζ, read ξ.	213,	l. 12, <i>γαργαλ-ιζω</i> , read <i>ιζω</i> .
97,	f. 8, <i>circulus</i> , read <i>surculus</i> .	217,	f. 5, <i>ξωννήω</i> , read <i>ζωννήω</i> .
98,	f. 6, <i>αιδων</i> , read <i>αηδων</i> .	218,	l. 11, <i>δρ'ωω</i> , read <i>δρα'ωω</i> .
101,	l. 6, <i>castellæ</i> , read <i>catellæ</i> .	ib.	<i>contendo</i> , read <i>contundo</i> .
106,	f. 5, <i>χαλοξ</i> , read <i>χ'αλιξ</i> .	225,	f. 7, <i>Metath</i> , read <i>Metaph</i> .
108,	f. 9, <i>ραγξ</i> , read <i>εραγξ</i> .	228,	l. 12, <i>applodo</i> , read <i>applaudo</i> .
109,	l. 7, ης, read <i>α'ηρ</i> .	231,	l. 11, <i>inflamo</i> , read <i>infamo</i> .
110,	l. 2, <i>actor</i> , read <i>auctor</i> .	242,	f. 7, <i>vineo</i> , read <i>vireo</i> .
ib.	f. 6, <i>tumor</i> , read <i>humor</i> .	243,	f. 5, <i>faticor</i> , read <i>fatigor</i> .
117,	l. 9, <i>fascic-nlus</i> , read <i>ulus</i> .	248,	l. 4, <i>pæstolor</i> , read <i>præstolor</i> .
119,	f. 10, <i>innuris</i> , read <i>inauris</i> .	255,	l. 17, <i>χερῆμαι</i> , read <i>φερῆμαι</i> .
ib.	f. 8, <i>ref-oro</i> , read <i>refero</i> .	256,	f. 8, <i>tepey</i> , read <i>tepefy</i> .
130,	f. 10, <i>αγος</i> , read <i>αγγος</i> .	261,	l. 1, <i>ἡρηνημαι</i> , read <i>ἡρηνημαι</i> .
131,	f. 7, <i>ran</i> , read <i>rau</i> .	ib.	<i>ἀρνήσομαι</i> , read <i>ἀρνήσομαι</i> .
132,	f. 1, <i>ramas</i> , read <i>ramus</i> .	262,	f. 5, <i>deflectus</i> , read <i>defletus</i> .
134,	f. 15, <i>gloriosor</i> , read <i>gloriosior</i> .	266,	l. 10, <i>fervio</i> , read <i>ferveo</i> .
150,	l. 3, <i>impl-x</i> , read <i>simplex</i> .	280,	f. 9, <i>κεχ'αλασομαι</i> , read <i>μαι</i> .
167,	l. 10, <i>scale</i> , read <i>sale-brosus</i> .	281,	f. 2, <i>dergo</i> , read <i>detergo</i> .
178,	f. 15, <i>μεβλα-τον</i> , read <i>βον</i> .	291,	l. 11, <i>ὄλλυ-μι</i> , read <i>μαι</i> .
185,	l. 3, <i>πίπομ-φα</i> , read <i>πα</i> .	302,	l. 6, <i>sorsum</i> , read <i>seorsum</i> .

* l. signifies line from the top, and f. from the foot of the page.

A
LEXICON
 OF THE
PRIMITIVE WORDS
 OF
The Greek Language.

NOUNS.—DECLENSION I.

ITS substantives terminate in α and η of the feminine gender, and in $\alpha\varsigma$ and $\eta\varsigma$ of the masculine.

In the dual and plural number, every noun of this declension is varied according to the following Exemplar :

DI.	PI.
N. V. A. α ,	N. V. $\alpha\iota$,
G. D. $\alpha\iota\gamma$,	G. $\alpha\iota\gamma$,
	D. $\alpha\iota\varsigma$,
	A. $\alpha\iota\varsigma$.

CLASS I.

Its nouns end in α , η , and $\eta\varsigma$, and are, in the singular number, thus declined :

TABLE II.

		Sing.	
		f.	m.
N.	α ,	η ,	$\eta\varsigma$,
G.	..	$\eta\varsigma$,	$\sigma\upsilon$,
D.	..	η ,	..
A.	$\alpha\gamma$,	$\eta\gamma$,	..
V.	α ,	η ,	..

A

ἀβρότη, nox—*night, darkness*. Quandoque ὄξ additur.

ἀγέλη, armentum, grex—a *herd of cattle, a flock*; Metaph. α *company, a crowd*.

ἄρμαι, pl. ulnæ—the *arms*.

ἀγκύλη, jaculi genus, telum, amentum; cubiti incurvatio, poplitis flexio; antennarum cornua; genus poculi; astrictio articuli; linguæ vitium—a *kind of javelin or dart, an arrow, thong, sling; the bend of the arm, elbow, or knee; the yard-arms of a ship; a kind of cup; a contraction of the joints; a distemper of the tongue*. q. ἀγκύλος, curvus.

5 ἄδης, poet. ἄϊδης, Hades, orcus, tartarus, infernus, inferi; Pluto, deus inferorum; sepulchrum, mors—*Hades, the invisible world, state of the defunct, hell, the shades; Pluto, god of hell; the grave, death*. q. α priv. & εἶδω, video.

ἄελλα, Procella, turbo—a *storm, hurricane, mighty tempest, a tornado*; poet. *the rapid whirlwind's wing*.

ἀίγλη, fulgor, splendor—*brightness, lustre, splendor*.

Αἶσα, Parca, fati præses; fatum, sors, pars, portio; officium; insaniam—*one of the Parcæ or fates; fate, destiny, one's part, portion; an office or vocation; madness, frenzy*. pl. Αἶσαι, Parcæ, *the three poetical destinies, daughters of Erebus and Nox; viz. Clotho, the holder of the distaff; Lachesis, the drawer of the thread of human life; and Atropos, the cutter or breaker of that thread*.

αἴης, † qui amator libidinosæ—a *catamite*.

10 αἰχμή, cuspis, mucro; hasta, lancea, telum, spiculum; bellum, arma—a *point; a spear, lance, dart, javelin; war, arms*. q. αἶσσω. ruo.

ἀκαλόρη, † urtica, spina; concha quædam marina exigua—a *nettle, a thorn; a small marine shell-fish*. παρὰ τὸ μὴ ἔχειν καλὴν ἀετὴν, *on account of its being a Noli me tangere*.

ἄκανθα, spina, sentis, vepres; Metaph. molestia, difficultas, salubra—a *thorn, a brier, thistle*; by a Metaphor, *molestation, trouble, difficulty*. q. ἀκὴ, cuspis, & ἀνθέω, floreo.

ἀκὴ, Acies ferri, cuspis: quies; urbs Phoeniciæ—the *edge of a sword, a point; quiet, rest; a city of Phoenicia*.



- ἀκινάκης, † Acinaces, genus jaculi Persici—a *Persian dart, a lance, sword, simitar.*
- 15 ἀκμή, cuspis; flos ætatis, vigor, firma ætas, maturitas; punctum occasionis, articulus temporis quo aliquid agi debet—a *point, barb; the flower of age, prime of life, vigour, strength, maturity; a fair occasion, favourable opportunity, the nick of time for business.* q. ἀκῆ, cuspis.
- ἀκόνη, cos—a *whetstone, a Hone.* q. ἀκῆ, quod ad acuendum adhibetur.
- ἀκός-η, hordeum, cibus—*barley, meat, food.*
- ἀκλή, litus; fruges; sambucus—the *sea-shore, its coast; fruits of the earth; an alder tree.* q. ἄγω, frango, to break.
- ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀ, Alala; vox inarticulata quæ a militibus ante pugnam edi solebat, clamor militaris—a *military cry, a martial exclamation, an huzza before the engagement, a shout for battle.*
- 20 ἀλκή, robur, vires; fortitudo; auxilium, remedium—*strength, ability, power; fortitude; aid, help, remedy.*
- ἄμαλλα, † manipulus—a *handful, an armful, a bundle, sheaf of corn.*
- ἄμαξα, currus; plastrum; septentrio—a *chariot; wain, wagon; the seven stars, Charles's wain, the north.* q. ἄμα, simul, & ἄγω, 1. ἄξω, Ago.
- ἄμβη, † crepido—the *brow of a rock.*
- ἄμιλλα, certamen, contentio, studium—a *combat, contention, debate, emulation.*
- 25 Ἀμφιπίη, † Amphitrite: mare—*Amphitrite, wife of Neptune; the sea.* παρὰ τὸ ἀμφιτριβεῖν, from its circumlaving the earth.
- ἀνάγκη, Dor. α, necessitas; rerum difficultas; quicquid cogit, tormentum, quæstio—*necessity, fatality; difficult and trying circumstances, a strait; cogency, constraint, torture, an inquisition.*
- ἀνδρογῆ, crabro, vespa—a *wasp, a hornet.* q. ἀνδροεῖν, audacter prosilio.
- ἄξινη, Ascia, securis, dolabra—an *Ax, hatchet, cleaver, saw, plane.* q. ἄγω.
- ἀορτή, † Arteria magna; arca—the *great Artery; a coffer.*

- 30 ἀπήνη, † rheda—a chariot.
 ἀράχνης, * Araneus, Aranea—a spider, an Arax.
 ἀρβύλη, † calceamenti genus—a kind of shoe.
 ἀρετή. G. pl. Dor. ἀρετῶν, Virtus, fortitudo, industria, navitas—
Virtue, moral goodness and excellence, courage, valour, forti-
tude, industry, activity, enterprize. q. Ἄρης, Mars.
 ἀρχή, principium, exordium, initium, origo, fundamentum, im-
 perium, principatus, magistratus—*beginning, rise, outset, first*
entrance, origin, foundation, sway, command, sovereignty,
principality, authority, magistracy.
- 35 ἀσβόλη, fuligo, favilla—soot, embers.
 αὐγή, splendor, lux; jubar, radius; locus illustratus; oculus,
 diluculum—*splendor, brightness, light; a sun-beam, a ray; an*
illuminated place; the eye, morning red. q. αὖω, splendo.
 αὐδὴ, vox, sermo, oratio; nuncium—a voice, speech, discourse,
 oration; news. q. αὖω, clamo.
 αὐθεντίας, qui sua manu se perimit, autor cædis; q. αὐτὸς, ipse, &
 ἐνία, arma—one guilty of suicide, a self-destroyer, felo de se,
 an assassin, man of blood: auctor quilibet, dominus, qui libera
 est potestate; q. αὐτὸν ἐνός, se mittentis—an Author, lord,
 Authentic master, acting by his own will and Authority, inde-
 pendent.
 αὐλή, locus subdialis, Aula, regia domus, antrum, stabulum,
 ovile—an open and spacious place, a court, Hall, palace, royal
 residence, a stable, sheepfold, hovel.
- 40 ἀύμη, * halitus, spiritus; vapor, fumus, ardor—*breath, spirit;*
vapour, smoke, ardour, heat. q. αὖω flo.
 ἀφροδίτη, Venus, dea amoris; venustas—*Venus, the goddess of*
love; beauty, neatness. q. ἀφρὸς, spuma.
 ἄχνα, s. η. gluma, Acus; tenuissima et minima, ut favilla, scin-
 tillæ, fumus, fuligo, ros, spuma, lanugo, &c.—*the husk or*
hull of corn, chaff; light and very small matters, as embers,
sparks, smoke, soot, dew, froth, down, and the like.

B.

βῆσι. † pl. saltus, &c.—*thickets, woodlands, mountain passes,*
defiles between hills. q. βαινῶ, eo.

βλαῦται, † pl. calceamenti genus—a kind of shoes or sandals.

45 βλέννα, † mucus—snot, phlegm.

βελή, consilium, consultatio, curia—counsel, consultation, council, senate, court. q. βεΐλομι, Volo.

βροντή, Tonitru—Thunder, a Brunt.

βυκάνη, † Buccina—a trumpet.

βύρσα, * orium, pellis—a hide, leather, skin, Purse.

Γ

50 γάγγραινα, † Gangræna, mortificatio incipiens—a Gangrene, eating ulcer, anterior stage of mortification. q. γράω, vel γράϊνω, depascor.

γάζα, † Gaza, opes, divitiæ, thesaurus—goods, wealth, riches, treasure.

γαλέη, in prose γαλή, * mustela, catus, felis—a weasel, a cat.

γαλήνη, serenitas, tranquillitas; hilaritas vultus—serenity, tranquillity, a calm; cheerfulness of countenance, q. γελάω, rideo.

γεέννα, † Heb. Geenna, cruciatus—the valley of Hinnom, hell, torture.

55 γέλγη, † omnis generis merces, color, tinctura—any kind of goods or merchandize, colour, tincture, dye.

γή, terra—the earth; γέα, poet. γαῖα, id. q. v.

γλήνη, pupilla oculi; oculus ipse; cavitas ossis, quæ aliud os recipit—the apple or ball of the eye; the eye itself; the receptive hollow of a joint.

γλώσσα, Att. γλῶσσα, lingua; sermo; vocabulum peregrinum; lingua tibiæ—the tongue; speech, discourse, a Gloss; a foreign or uncouth word; the tip of a flute or pipe.

γρόνη, † caverna, saxum exesum—a cavern, hollow rock. q. γράω, exedo—to eat out. Hence Eng. to Groan, i. e. sound as from a cavern.

Δ

60 δάφνη, laurus; Daphne, nomen Nymphæ in laurum conversæ—the laurel tree; Daphne, the name of a Nymph who was turned into a laurel.



- δείλη, tempus pomeridianum, vespera, crepusculum; diluculum—*the afternoon, evening; twilight; day-break.* δείλαν, Dor. pro. κατὰ δείλην, vesperi.
- δεῖσα, vel δεῖσσα, † humor, stercus, foetor—*humour, sweat, excrement, dung, a rank smell.*
- δέρη, & δείρη, cervix, collum; montis cacumen—*the neck; a mountain top.*
- διαίτα, ratio vitæ, institutum vivendi, vitæ genus; victus, Diæta; arbitrium, domicilium—*mode or manner of life, way or plan of living, custom, kind of life; victuals, Diet, regimen; bent, humour, choice, abode.*
- 65 δίκηλλα. † ligo, bifidus, bidens—a *spade, pitchfork.*
- δίχη, jus, justitia, fas; ritus, consuetudo, mos; Dica, judicium, lis; poena—*law, justice, right; institute, rite, custom, common usage; an indictment, suit at law, litigation, dispute; punishment.* q. διώκω, persequor. δίκηγ, (sc. κατὰ,) more, according to custom.
- δίνη, vortex, gurgēs; aëris turbo, gyrus—a *whirlpool, a gulph; a whirlwind, tornado, wheeling.* q. δια, per, & νέω, Neo, to spin. D. pl. Ion. δίνης, poet. δίνησι.
- δίψα, Sitis; desiderium vehemens—*thirst; eager desire, an ardent longing for.* q. δια & σπάω, traho.
- δραχμή, Drachma, moneta, pondus—a *Drachm, Dram, coin, weight.*
- 70 δυχῆ. calamitas, infelicitas, arumna, dolor, moeror, anxietas—*calamity, misfortune, unhappiness, trouble, grief, pain of mind, sadness, anxiety.* q. δύω, subeo, occido, q. d. *the setting of the sun of prosperity.*

E

- ἐγγύη, sponsio, fidejussio—a *promise, engagement.* q. ἐγγύς, prope. cominus, q. d. *a coming to, hand to hand.*
- εἰαμέη. † locus irriguus et herbosus, pratum—a *plot of ground well watered and abounding with herbage, a meadow.* q. εἶα, gramen. & μένω. Maneo.
- εἰλαπίνη, * Epuium, compositio—a *feast, banquet, compositio.* q. εἶλη, agmen, & πίνω, Bibo.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, η, f. ης, m.



- εἰρήνη, Dor. εἰράνα, pax, quies—*peace, quiet, rest. παρὰ τὸ εἰς ἓν εἰρεῖν, from knitting together in one.*
- 75 ἐλάτῃ, abies—a *fir-tree*. D. pl. ἐλάτης, & ησι.
- Ἑλένη, † Dor. Ἑλένα, Helena; vas—*Helen, wife of Menelaus; a kind of vessel. Sed ἐλένη, s. ἐλάνη, lampas, fax, luna—a lamp, torch, the moon.*
- ἥλιος vel εἶλος, calor ex sole prodiens, calor solaris, splendor solis; æstus—*solar heat, sunshine; hot weather.*
- ἑορτή, festum, festus dies; dies celebris; feriv—a *feast, festive day; a notable one; a holiday.*
- Ἑρμῆς, Hermes, Mercurius; vide Ἑρμῆας, id.
- 80 ἕρση, Ros; hædus vel agnus recens natus—*dew; a young kid or lambkin. q. ῥέω, fluo.*
- ἑταῖρος, socius, amicus, sodalis; civis—*a companion, friend, mate; a citizen: ὦ ταν pro ὦ ἐλάν, o amice vel o amici.*
- εὔλαι, † pl. vermes—*worms breeding in the body, or in an ulcer. q. εἰλέω, volvo.*
- ἑνώχῃ, cubile; tentorium, concubitus; habitatio, sepulchrum; anchora—*a bed, couch; a tent, lodging together; an habitation, the grave, bed of clay; an anchor, a stay.*

Z

- ζάγκλη, vel ζάγκλον, † falx—a *scythe, sickle. q. ζά, valde, & ἀγκύλος, curvus.*
- 85 ζάλη, † turbo vehemens, procella, agitatio maris, æstus—*a rapid whirlwind, a hurricane, a storm at sea, its surging or boiling; an eddy. παρὰ τὸ ζέειν τὴν ἄλα, from a boiling sea.*
- ζύμη, fermentum—*leaven, yeast, q. ζέω, ferveo.*

H

- ἡβή, Pubes, Pubertas; Hebe, Pubertatis dea, juvenas—*Pubes, Puberty, ripening tokens, the age of Puberty; Hebe, ever young, and of youth the goddess; youth, vigour, young persons. Est etiam vigor ætatis, in sene licet.*
- ἡλακάτη, colus—a *distaff. pl. τὰ ἡλάκαλα, fusus, fila, lanæ colo-*

circumvolutæ, stamina—a spindle, threads, reeled yarn, wool wrapped round the distaff, warp.

⊖

Σάλασσα, Att. τίλα, mare; aqua marina, aqua salsa; fossa vel aquæductus—the sea; sea-water; water that is salt or brackish; a ditch or aqueduct, a canal. q. Σάλλω, vireo—to be green.

90 Σηλή, papilla, mamma, uberis apex, ruma—the nipple of the breast, a teat, a dug. q. Σηλεία, foemina.

Σίβη, † fiscella e vimine plexa in modum arcule—an osier or twig basket.

Σοίη, epulum, convivium, dapes; cibus—a feast, entertainment, banquet; meat, food. q. Σύω, epulor, & οἶνος, Vinum; q. d. a banquet of wine.

Συέλλα, Procella, turbo—a storm, hurricane, whirlwind, tornado. q. Σύω, Furo, & ἀέλλα, Procella; q. d. a raving tempest, a madding storm.

Σωή, mulcta, damnum—a mulct or fine, damage. q. Σῶ, pono.

I

95 Ἰβήης, † Ibdes, clavus in fundo navis, quo educto, aqua effluit—the peg or bung of a ship's sink.

*Ἰδᾶ, Ida, mons Phrygiæ; mons etiam in Creta—Ida, a mountain of Phrygia looking towards Troy, famed for woods and fountains; also a mountain of Crete. παρὰ τὸ ἰδεῖν κυκλόθεν, from its laying the circumjacent country within the range of the eye.

ἰκέτης, supplex—a supplicant; see separate Cl. of adjs.

ἰωγή, † tegmen, diversorium, litus, clamor—a cover, protection, an inn, the shore, noise. q.

ἰωή, * vox, clamor; flatus—a voice, shout, cry; a blast of wind. q. ἰώ, adv. exclamantis.

K

100 κικιάβα, † perdix—a partridge.

- κακακίη, & ος, † Cacabus, olla testacea—a porringer, pot, pan, kettle.
- κάλη, † urna, urceus, situla—an urn, pitcher, bucket. q. κόλπος, sinus; on account of its winding shape: vel a καλυπτο, abscondo, because an urn embosoms and conceals its contents.
- κάλλχη, † flos, vel animal, quo tingitur purpura—the flower, or animal, with which purple is dyed.
- κάννα, vel ἦ, † Canna, arundo, storea—a Cane, a reed, a mat.
- 105 κάρυκη, † Caryca, intritum seu condimentum—a kind of hash or seasoning, minced meat.
- κασάλχη, & κασσα, † meretrix, scortum—an harlot. q. κάζω, orno, 1. κάσω, & λαβῆ, prehensio.
- κεφαλή, Caput; homo; summa et conclusio, princeps, quod in aliqua re præcipuum est—the head; the whole man; the sum and conclusion, a principal person or thing.
- κήλη, tumor, tumor scroti, ramex—a tumour or swelling, that of the scrotum, a rupture.
- κιδάρη, & α, † vulpes—a fox.
- 110 κίσσα, pica; consuetorum ciborum fastidium, et absurdorum appetitus, malacia—a magpie; a loathing of proper, and a longing for improper food, squeamishness, the chlorosis, or green sickness.
- κίστη, † Cista, capsula—a box, Chest, Prov. a Kist, a trunk, a basket.
- κίχλη, Dor. κυχίλα, † turdus; piscis quidam—a thrush; a kind of fish.
- κνήμη, tibia, crus, sura; radius rotæ—the skin, leg, calf; the spoke of a wheel; hence Knee.
- κρίσσα, vel κρίσα, ζα, Nidor arvinæ, fumus incensæ pinguedinis, odor et vapor ex carnibus quæ torrentur aut assantur; ipsa pinguedo, arvina et adeps—the smell of fat, its fume or smell when broiled or burnt, the smell of roast meat, the fume of the kitchen; fat itself, suet, tallow.
- 115 κόγχη, * Concha, ostreum; mensura, vasculum; umbo clypei; oculi cavitas—a shell-fish, an oyster; a measure equaling,



- and vessel resembling an oyster-shell; the boss of a shield; the cavity of the eye.
- κοίτη, cubile, lectus; concubitus; proles; tempus cubandi; cista—a bed, couch, bed-chamber; (Prov. Coit, q. d. Cot) a lodging together; offspring, progeny; bed-time; a chest, repository. pl. κοίται, libidines.
- κόλλα, η, Gluten, Glutinum—gum, Glue; an ox' hide. q. κλείω, Claudio, to Close.
- κόμη, Coma, cæsaries culta; Coma, i. e. frondes arborum, herbarum et similium; herba quædam—hair, Combed locks, tresses neatified by the Comb; the foliage of trees, leaves of herbs, plants, &c. a kind of herb.
- κορδύλη, † clava, fustis, clavæ caput, tuber—a club, the top of a stick, a knop, nail-head, toadstool.
- 120 κόρυζα, † gravedo, cerebri morbus; mucus narium, pituita; stultitia—a rheum, crude defluxion from the head, disorder of the brain; the mucus of the nostrils, snivel, snot; folly, conceit. q. ἐξ καρρᾶ ζέει, ex capite ebullit.
- κορύνη, clava; articulatio surculi; articulus summi humeri necnon cubiti; Metaph. veretrum asini—a club, knopped stick; the articulation of a shoot or twig, a knot in wood; the shoulder and elbow joint; Metaph. the generative member of an ass.
- κορυφή, vertex capitis; cacumen, cujusvis rei vertex, caput; ornamentum muliebri—the top or crown of the head; a summit, the top or ridge of any thing, the head; a female ornament. d. pl. Ion. κορυφήσιν.
- κορώνη, Cornix, Corvus; ferreus malleus, quo fores pulsantur, annulus quo illæ attrahuntur; summitas in curvamine arcus, ubi ex utraque parte ligitur nervus; curvatura in puppi navis; apex ligni inter utrumque bovem in aratro protensi; quævis summitas; Corona—a Crow, raven, moorhen; the rapper of a door, the ring or handle by which it is drawn to; the tip of the stringed bow, also the top of an arch's span, its key-stone, a corbet in architecture; the curve of a ship's stern; the fore end of the waincope or draught pole; any summit or

extremity, the top part of a curve or span; a Crown. q. κάρα, τὸ, caput.

κότιη, † caput—the head.

125 κοτύλη, cavitas, cavum; coxæ cavitas, vola; ossis cavitas, in qua aliud volvitur; vasculum concavum, poculum. mensura, hemina—a cavity, cave, hollow; the hollow of a joint, a porringer, a cup, a four-ounce measure, an hemina, half a sextary, i. e. three-fourths of a pint. Hence, to Cot, i. e. use the porringer. Cotting, a mean way of cooking or dressing victuals.

κράδη, ramus vel surculus ficulnus; ficulnum folium; folium, ramus—the fig-tree's branch or shoot, its leaf; a leaf, a branch in general. q. κλάδος, λ in ρ mutato. κράδος, idem.

κραίπαλη, Crapula, comessatio, obtenebratio mentis e potu—a surfeit, surcharge of the stomach, excess and its effects, riot, intoxication. q. κάρα, τὸ, caput, & πάλλω, agitatio, a πάλλω, vibro.

κράμβη, † brassica, Crambe, caulis—a cabbage, colewort, a stalk. q. τὸ κάρα, caput.

κρήνη, fons; vas aquarium—a source, a fountain, the head of a stream; a water-pot. q. κάρη, caput, syncope κρη, & νάω, fluo, mano; quum fons caput est rivi.

130 κριθή, hordeum—barley; also a pimple under the eye-brow.

κρόκη, trama, subtegmen—the weaver's woof, Vulg. weft. q. κρέκω, pectine pulso, to strike with a sley.

κρόκη, arena litoralis; litus—the sand of the sea; a sea-beat coast, the sounding shore. q. κρέκω, pulso, strepitum edo, to strike, sound.

κύβη, * caput—the head.

κυψέλη, * alveare apum; arca; genus vasis aut mensuræ frumentariæ; interius auris foramen; sordes aurium—a beehive; a chest or coffer; a kind of corn vessel or measure, a Cup; the interior foramen of the ear; ear wax. q. κῆπιω, to bend, verge.

135 κωλακρέτης, † Colacretes—a treasurer of the Delphic temple. pl. κωλακρέται, the Colacretai, officers who distributed the

remnants of sacrifices to the priests. q. κῶλα, membra, & κρῖνῆς, iudex, q. d. arbiters of limbs and joints, awarders of parts and members.

κωλάτης, † stellio—a lizard.

κώμη. vicus, pagus, villa—a street, village, manor-house. κωμήτης. paganus, a country man, a peasant: pl. κωμηῆται, ejusdem vici incolæ, ejusdem viciniae, vicini, dwellers in the same street or neighbourhood, neighbours.

κώπη, remus, tonsa; manubrium, Capulus—an oar; hilt, haft, handle. q. κόπιω, tundo.

A

λακέρευζα, † garrula—a prater, a trifler, reviler. q. λα, & κράζω.

140 λάχνη, Lanugo, Lana; pilus mollis, pellis Lanosa—down, wool; soft hair, a downy skin, soft fleece. q. λα, valde, & χνῶς, G. χνῶ, lanugo.

λάσχη, sermocinatio, confabulatio crebra, inutilis sermo; locus disputandi de rebus philosophicis—talk, loquacity, prattle, chit-chat, idle discourse, Leasing; a place of philosophical disputations.

λήμη, * sordes oculorum, gramia, lippitudo—blearedness, concreted rheum of the eyes. q. λα, & μύω, claudio. γλήμη, idem.

λίμνη, stagnum, lacus, palus, mare—a pond, pool, lake, fen, marsh, the sea. q. λίαν μένει τὸ ὕδωρ, ubi aqua manet et non movetur.

λίπη, † Lispe—a certain small animal, very lean and slender. q. λιῖς, Apoc. pro λισσῆ, lævis.

145 λόγγη, † sepulchrum, bustum—a sepulchre, monument.

λωγή, tenebræ, obscuritas—darkness, obscurity.

λόμη, Lues, noxa, exitium; injuria, sordes—plague, hurt, destruction; maltreatment, nastiness.

λόπη, dolor, animi molestia et ægritudo, tristitia, moeror—grief, pain of mind, mental sickness, sadness, sorrow.

λόσσα, Att. λύτλα, rabies, furor canum, vermiculus sub lingua

canum—*rage, Lust, fury, canine fierceness, the small worm under a dog's tongue.* q. λύω.

- 150 λώβη, injuria, contumelia; dedecus; damnum, jactura; aurium morbus—*injury, affront, reproach, contumely; a stain, dishonour; loss, damage, accident; an auricular disease affecting the Lobe or tip of the ear.*

M

μάζα, Maza, um, offa, libum—a cake, pudding, paste. q. μάζω, σω, subigo, to knead.

μάλη, † axilla, Ala—the armpit. Item, μάλη, Malva, Mallows.

μάλλη, * manuum pedumque contractio et stupor ex frigore; frigus—*contraction and numbness of the hands and feet through cold; cold weather.*

μάμμα, η, & αια, † Mamma, vox puerorum ad matrem, vel aliam feminam ætate proveciorem; avia; uber—*Mamma, a word used by children to their mothers, and by young people to an aged female; a grandmother; the breast, a dug.* q. μάζω, cupio.

- 155 μανδάκη † corium, pellis—*leather, a hide.*

μάρη, manus—the hand. q. μείρω.

μαρίλη, & α, † favilla—*embers.* q. μαράινω.

μαστρωπής, & ος, ὁ κὶ ἡ, † leno, lena—a pimp, bawd, Strumpet.

μασχάλη, Axilla, ala; armus; pars folii olivæ; palmæ virga; pars proræ—the armpit; the shoulder; part of the olive leaf; a palm twig; part of a ship's prow.

- 160 ματρίλλη, † lena—a pimp, bawd, Trull. q. d. μάτηρ ἄλλη, alia mater.

μέλισσα, τῖα, G. pl. Aeol. ἄων, Dor. ἄν, apis—a bee, the honey gatherer. q. μέλι, Mel.

μερίμνα, cura, sollicitudo, anxietas—*care, sollicitude, anxiety; quia μερίζει νῆν, G. pl. Aeol. μεριμνάων.*

μήλη, † specillum—a surgical instrument, a probe. q. μάζω, quæror.

μήνη, Dor. μάνα, Luna—the Moon, changing luminary of the night, the earth's attendant planet.

165 μηχανή, ars, artificium, solertia; Machina, fabrica, Machinatio, molitio—*art, artifice, cunning, expertness; a Machine, fabric, design, plan, Machination, contrivance, effort.*

μίνθα, † Mentha—*Mint.* μίνθη, idem. q. d. μίνθος, stercus, dung.

μορφή, Dor. μόρφα, Forma, species—*Form, figure, beauty.*
μορφώω, Formo, to Form.

μῦσα, Musa, dea cantus, una Camoenarum; cantus ipse; cognitio, scientia—a *Muse, goddess of song, one of the tuneful and intelligent nine; song, verse, poetry; knowledge, skill, science.* pl. Μῦσαι, Musæ, the nine Muses: viz. Clio, the *Muse renowned; she presides over history, and was inventress of the lute.* Calliope, of voice most sweet, the mistress of eloquence and heroic poetry. Erato, celebrated love subjects, and was *Muse of the lyre.* Thalia, the flourishing maid, so called from the gaiety and pleasantry of her songs. Melpomene, the buskined maid, songstress of the stage, presiding over tragedy and melancholy themes. Terpsichore, the jovial; she presides over music and the sprightly dance. Euterpe, the joy-imparting; she invented the flute, presides over music, and is the patroness of logic. Polyhymnia, the *Muse of many songs; she excels in memory, and presides over history.* Urania, the heavenly; the *Muse of sacred song, and poesy divine; she invented astronomy.* G. pl. μυσῶν, Acol. μυσάων, Dor. μυσῶν, Musarum.

μύκης, G. β, ό, et γλος, ή, † fungus, boletus; fungus ellychnii; morbus quidam oleæ, ensis manubrium; membrum virile—a *fungus, mushroom; a thief in a candle; blast in an olive-tree; the hilt of a sword; the penis.*

170 μύλη, Mola; meta; Mola salsa; caro informis in utero muliebri; dens Molaris; herba quædam—a *Mill; the lower millstone; the sacrificial cake, the salt one placed on the victim's head; a Mole, false conception; one of those teeth which are called the grinders; a kind of herb.* μύλος, id. pl. οι μύλοι, dentes Molares, the grinders. μύλων, ωνος, ό, pistrium, a *bakehouse, a hand-mill, a grinding-house, drudgery!*

μύξα, * Mucus, Mucor, humor e naribus fluens; Mucus in ostris et testudinibus; ellyehnum lucernæ—Mucus, snot, defluxion from the nostrils; the liquor in oysters and tortoises; the wick of a lamp or candle. q. μύσσω, l. μύξω, emungo, to blow the nose.

μυσίλη, † buccia panis excavata, cochlear, &c.—a small piece of bread hollowed like a shell and used as a spoon, a spoon. μυσύλον, & μύσρον, idem.

N

πάνη, † patris matrisve soror—an Aunt. Prov. Naunt.

πάρις, α, torpedo, piscis faciens illos qui tangunt eum torpescere; torpor, stupor, veteranus—the torpedo or cramp-fish, which benumbs those who touch it; torpor, stupor, numbness, the Cramp, listlessness, lethargy.

175 πάρις, † Naphtha—a kind of chalky slime, brimstone, a substance like marl, which when ignited burns fiercer by the injection of water, a sort of bitumen, liquid petrol.

πάρις, † anas—a duck, a drake. q. νέω, Nato.

πύμα, α, G. pl. Ion. έων; sponsa, nova nupta; nurus; caruncula in medio pudendi muliebris; concavitas in inferiori labio; extrema pars vomeris; aqua, Lympha—a spouse, a bride; a daughter-in-law; the caruncula myrtiformis; the hollow of the under lip; extremity of the plough-share; water, Lymph, a Limpid streamlet. pl. πύμα, Nymphæ, numina muliebria, in montibus, sylvis, pratisque habitantia, necnon circa fontes et fluentia; formicæ alatae; lumbrici jam jam alati futuri; calyces rosæ paululum se aperientes—the Nymphs, goddesses dwelling in mountains, woodlands and meads, also about fountains and flowing streams; winged pismires; grubs beginning to have wings, young bees; the knobs of opening rose-buds, the calyces or cups of roses.

O

ὄρχνη, s. ὄρχνη, * pirum sylvestre—a wild pear-tree, a wild pear.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, γ, f. γς, μς

- ὀδύνη, G. pl. Aeol. ἄων, D. γσιν, dolor, cruciatus, anxietas—
pain, torture, torment, anxiety. q. ὀδύς, dens.
- 180 ὄζη, * cura, ratio—care, a ratio, reason, a reckoning.
ὄζον, * linteam, tela, mappa, velum nauticum—linen, a web,
napkin, canvas, the sail of a ship.
- ὄμη, via, semita; iter; cantus, cantilena, narratio—a way,
road, path, walk; a journey, excursion; a song, tune, old
saw, a story, narration, fable. ὄμος, ὀκὲς, idem.
- ὄλη. Dor. α, † lecythus, ampulla—an oil-glass, cruet, wine-
vessel, decanter.
- ὀμίχλη, Ion. ὀμίχλα, nebula; obscuritas, caligo; suffitus—a
mist; obscurity, blackness, darkness; a fumigation, incense.
- 185 ὀμφή, vox divina, responsum a Deo datum, oraculum; somni-
um, augurium, omen; vox—a divine voice, a divine response
or answer, an oracle; a dream, augury, divination, an omen,
a token; a voice.
- ὀπή, foramen; specus—a hole; a den, a lair. q. ὀπόμεαι,
video; sed ὀπή, ubi? quomodo?
- ὀργή, ira, iracundia; ingenium, inclinatio, studium, mores;
impetus, poena—Anger, Rage; disposition, inclination, turn
of mind, bent, aim, study, behaviour, morals; an onset,
penalty. q. ὀρέγω, Porrigo, extendo.
- ὄρμη, motus impetuus, impetus; profectio, aggressio, cona-
tus, cupiditas, appetitus animi, instinctus—a violent motion,
an impetus, attack, violence; a military movement, aggres-
sion, assault, attempt, essay, enterprize, effort, desire, cupi-
dity, passion, instinct. q. ὄρομαι, cum impetu feror, pf. ὄρημαι,
th. ὄρω, concito.
- ὄρση, Dor. α, tenebrae, obscuritas, nox—darkness, obscurity,
night. q. ὄρης, luce expers.
- 190 ὄσσα, vox, fama, rumor, omen, oraculum—a voice, report,
fame, rumour, an omen, presage, oracle. q. ὄσσομαι, auguror,
vaticinor; Aeol. pro ὀπόμεαι, video.
- ὄχθη, ripa, ora—a bank, border, shore, coast. ὄχθος, ripa, tu-
mulus, labor—a margin, mound, toil.

Π

- παλάθη, † *massa ficuum*; *massa rerum aliarum*—*a frail of figs or raisins, a bunch; a mass or lump of other things.*
- παλαισῆ, † *Palmus*—*the breadth of four fingers.*
- παλάμη, Dor. α, D. pl. Ion. ησι, *Palma*; *manus*; *ars*, *ratio*, *qua aliquid efficitur*—*the Palm of the hand; the hand itself; art; dexterity, the knack or method of doing any thing, plan of performance.* q. πάλλω, *vibro, agito.*
- 195 πάλη, *lucta, luctatio, Palæstra*—*the act of wrestling, a struggle.* *quæ fit τῶν πάλλειν manus*; i. e. *eas commovendo.*
- πάχνη, *pruina, ros glaciatus*; *glacies, stiria*—*hoar frost, rime; ice, an icicle.* πήγγυμι, *Compingo.*
- πέδη, *Pedica, compes*—*a fetter, shackle.* q. πᾶς, *Pes.*
- πέζα, *planta Pedis, ima planta*; *simbria*—*the sole of the foot; border of a garment.* q. πᾶς, *Pes.*
- πέϊνα, Ion. η, *fames, esuritio*—*hunger.* πένομαι, *pauper sum.*
- 200 πέλλα, Ion. η, *muletra, muletrale*; *vas potorium*—*a milk pail, a watering pail.* q. πελλίς, ἰδος, η. But Πέλλη, *Pella, a city of Macedonia, from which Alexander the Great was called Pelleus.*
- πέλη, *Pelta, cetra, scutum brevius, quo sagittarii et levioris armaturæ milites uti solebant*—*the Pelta, a short target or buckler, a small shield of a semilunar form, which was used by the archers and light troops.* q. παλῶν, *quod vibrari possit.*
- περόνη, *fibula; subula, acicula*—*a buckle, clasp, bracer; an awl or bodkin, a pin or needle, ankle-bone.* q. πείρω, *transadigo, figo.*
- Πέρσης, *Persa*—*a Persian.* v. α.
- πέυκη, *pinus, Picea; tæda*—*a pine, the pitch-tree, pitch, a torch.* q. πεικός, *amarus.*
- 205 πήγη, *fons, scatebra, saliens aqua*—*a fountain, a spring, gushing or bubbling water.* *quia πηδᾶ ἐκ γῆς.*
- πιμελή, * *pinguedo, adeps*—*fat, fatness.*
- πίσσα, πίττα, *Pix*—*Pitch.*
- πιλάνα, † *turma, cohors, tribus quædam*—*a troop, band, cohort, elan, tribè.* But Πιλάνη, *Pitane, a maritime city of Æolia.*

Nouns, Decl. I. Cl. I. α, η, ι, ης, ιμ.

- πλάνη, error, vagatio—the act of straying or wandering, a vagary. q. πλάζω, errare facio; πλανῶ, id. et fallo, seduco.
- 210 ποινή, Dor. πόνα, Poena, ultio injuriæ seu peccati, pretium quo injuria pensatur—punishment, Penalty, Pain, revenge for an injury done, or fault committed, a valuable consideration reparatory of an injury, release, discharge. pl. ποινῶν, furie, the three furies.
- πόρκης, † Porces, annulus seu fibula cujus complexu hastæ ferum cum ligno coercetur—that ring, hoop, or binding, by the firm embrace of which the spike or pointed steel of a spear is fastened to its wood or shaft.
- πόρνη, meretrix—a whore. vide περνῶ, R. περῶ, vendo.
- πόρπη, fibula; annulus clypei—a buckle, a clasp; the ring of a shield. q. πόρπαξ, ακος, ό, idem. q. πείρω, figo.
- πόσθη, † pellis, qua glans virilis integitur; penis—the skin covering the glans.
- 215 πτέρνα, Ion. η, calx, calcaneum; cujusvis rei extremitas, Perna, dolus—the heel, heel of a shoe; end or extremity of any thing, the root end of a tree, a Dern, a device, a trick, last shift, Dernier resort.
- πογῆ, nates, clunes—the thick parts of the thighs, the backside.
- πόλη, D. pl. Ion. πόλησι; Porta, a gate; pl. portæ; fauces montium—gates; narrow passes between hills, mountain defiles. q. πολέω, verto. πόλις, id.

P

- ρίζα, Radix, stirps—a root, stem, stock. per quam ἐστὶ τὸ ζῆν fluit vita.
- ῥήνη,* Lima; piscis quidam—a file; a sort of fish.

Σ

- 220 σάθη, † pudendum virile—the penis.
- σατραπης, † Satrapa, es, Satraps, provinciæ prefectus, vel præses—the governor of a Persian province, a prefect, a ruler.
- σησάμει, σν, † Sesama, um—Sesame, an oily pulse of India.



- Σίβυλλα, † Sibylla, vates, vaticinatrix—one of the Sibyls, & prophetess.
- σίδη, † Punica malus—a pomegranate.
- 225 Σινώπη, † Sinope, scortum nobile—a certain noble harlot; also the name of a city.
- σινύη, † arca panaria—a bread-chest, & cupboard.
- σκαπέρδα, † ludi genus—a kind of play, that of swing-swang, or rope-riding. Not G. ας, & D. α; but G. ης, D. η.
- σκῆνη, tentorium, tabernaculum, taberna, casa, tugurium, contubernium, Scena—a tent, bower, booth, pavilion, cabin, shed, tabernacle, scaffold, stage, Scene, banquet. σκῆνος, τὸ, idem.
- Σκύθης, α, † Scythia, qui est e Scythia; homo ferus; ferrum—a Scythian; a wild man, a savage; iron. q. σκυθρός, ὁ κῆρ, vultum præferens iratum et tetricum.
- 230 σμιλή, * scalprum—a graving tool, scraper, a paring and other knife, a lancet, adz.
- σπάθη, Spatha, Spathula, virga, rudicula, costa, gladius, palma—a Spatula, that used by surgeons, a thible, lath, weaver's slay, a rib, a sword, the broad part of an oar.
- σπιθαμή, † Spithama, dodrans—a span, nine inches.
- στήλη, lapis e terra extans, Stela, columna, statua, cippus, titulus—a post, memorial stone, monument, column, pillar, statue, inscription. q. ἵστημι, statuo.
- στυπή, et στύπη, Stupa; Stirps—tow, hards, oakum; a root, stem, stock, log, Stump. στύπος, τὸ, id. q. σύψω, spisso. Hence Stupidus, q. d. resembling a log of wood.
- 235 συκῆ, ἡ, Ficus; tumor carnis—a Fig-tree; a tumor, excrescence, the piles.
- σύλη, præda, Spolium; prædatio, direptio—prey, Spoil, plunder; depredation, the act of plundering, Spoliation.
- σύρρη, Att. τύρη, tumultus, Turba—tumult, Turbulence, uproar, noise, confusion.
- σφένδανη, Funda, balista; pala annuli; ornamentum quoddam muliebre—a sling, engine of war; the collet of a ring; a sort of female ornament. q. σφεδαγός, vehemens, intensus, Festinus; from σπένδω, festino.

σχολή otium, mora ejus qui lente agit, vacatio a negotiis; lucubratio per otium; Schola, seu locus in quo otium impenditur—*leisure, the tardiness of a slow-motioned person, spare time, a vacation, relaxation from business, a lucubration as opportunity serves, extra work or study; a School, or place in which we employ our leisure time.*

T

- 240 τάγγη, † rancor—*mustiness, rancidity, a Tang.*
τέχνη, ars; dolus, fallacia, fraud. Techna—*art, Technical skill; craft, deceit, a fallacy, fraud, a fetch, Trick.* q. τεύχω, fabricor.
- τόλμα, audacia, fiducia—*boldness, audacity, confidence.*
τόλύπη, lana carpta vel pexa—*dressed or combed wool; a Toupee.*
- τόρμη, α, & ος, modiolus rotæ, orbita, carceres, repagulum—*the nave of a wheel, its mark, track, or orbit, the racer's starting post and goal, his marked ground, a barrier.* q. τορέω, perforo; hence a *Tournament.*
- 245 τράπεζα, mensa, Trapeza—*a table, a Trapezium.* q. τέτρας, ἄδος, ἡ, numerus quatuor, & πέζα, Pes.
- τρύγη, Triticum, hordeum, frumentum, cereales fruges; vindemia—*wheat, barley, corn, the fruits of the earth, bounty of Ceres; harvest, vintage.*
- τρύπα, foramen; Terebra—*a hole; a wimble.* q. τρύω, pertando.

T

ἔλη, materia, ligna; Sylva; alimenta, fæces cibi decocti—*matter, a heap of timber, rubbish; a forest, the Silvan wood; provisions, food; food digested, excrements.*

ἑπίγη, † barba—*a beard.*

Φ

- 250 φακῆ, † lens, lenticula; lens decocta, pulmentum ex lente—*a lentil, boiled lentils, lentil pulse or pottage.*

φάτιν, præsep, stabulum—a manger, stable.

φερονή, † dos quam adfert uxor—a wife's portion. q. φέρω, Fero.

φιάλη, * Phiala, poculum, patera—a Phial, Vial, glass, cup, mug, goblet.

φύλη, tribus, classis—a tribe, race, clan, the tenth division of Athens, a class, a Fleet.

255 φώκαινα, † Phocæna, balæna—the porpoise or sea-hog, a large sea-fish. φώκη, Phoca, vitulus marinus, the sea-calf.

φωνή, vox, sonus; verbum, dictum; lingua, rumor, Fama—a voice, articulate or other sound; a word, expression; the tongue, rumour, Fame. q. φάσι, loqui.

Σ

χαίτη, juba, coma, seta—the main of a horse, hair, Coat, bristles. q. χέω, quia diffusa.

χάλαζα, grando; tubercula quædam grandini similia per cutem et carnem sparsa, præcipue in suibus—hail; pimples in the skin and flesh resembling hail, especially in the sword of swine. q. χαλῶ, laxo.

χαρτίς, † Charta, scapus—paper, a ream. χαρτίον, volumen, Chartula, a volume, little roll of paper, a Cartel. Hence Chart, Charter, Card.

260 χηλή, forfex cancrorum; ungula bisulca et bipartita; specillum bifurcum; pes caprinus—a crab's claws; a divided hoof, a tooth; a two-grained surgical instrument; the forceps; a goat's foot. D. pl. Ion. χηλήσι.

χλαῖνα, Læna, palla—a Cloak, mantle, surtout.

χλεύη, * risus, derisio, illusio, ludibrium—laughter, derision, scorn, mockery, illusion, taunting.

χολή, Dor. α, bilis, Cholera, fel, ira, nausea, atramentum sepia—bile, Choler, gall, anger, a qualm, loathing, nausea, sea-sickness, the blood of the cuttle-fish.

χορδή, intestinum, Chorda, tendicula—an intestine, Chord, Cord, string, tendon: pl. χορδαί, fides, musical strings, stringed instruments. D. pl. Ion. χορδήσι.

Ψ

265 ψιτάκη, † Psittaca, Indica avis—a parrot, bird of India. ψιτάκος, ὁ, Psittacus, idem.

ψύλλα, † Pulex—a flea. ψύλλος, ὁ, idem.

ψυχὴ, anima, vita, spiritus, homo—the soul, life, spirit, the whole man. ψύχω, to cool, refresh. But ψύχη, papilio, a butterfly.

Ω

ὠλένη, cubitus, brachium; Ulna—the elbow, arm; length of the arm, a cubit, an Ell. ὠλήν, ἔνος, ὁ, idem. γ. ὠλλῶς, curvatura brachii.

CLASS THE SECOND.

Consisting of Nouns ending in α pure, and in ρα of the feminine gender, and in ας of the masculine.

N. B. All declinable words, ending in α pure, or in ρα, be they nouns, adjectives, pronouns, or participles, make their genitive singular in ας, and their dative in α. So also do proper names in εα and θα, as Λήδα, Leda; Μάρθα, Martha. But, observe, Appellative nouns ending in δα and θα, make their genitive singular in ης, and their dative in η; as ἄκανθα, spina, G. ἄκανθης, D. ἄκανθη. So also μίνθα, Mentha; νάρθα, Naphtha; σκαπέρδα, ludi genus; each of which belongs to the preceding class.

TABLE III.—METHOD OF DECLINING.

	Sing.			
	f.		m.	
N.	α,	..	ας,	
G.	ας,	..	ς,	
D.	..	α,	..	
A.	..	αν,	..	
V.	..	α,	..	

See the dual and plural terminations in Table I.

A

- ἄεφα, † ancilla, famula—a maid servant, upper maid. q. ἄερος; delicate.
- ἄγκυρα, Anchora; præsidium, columen; uncus; membrum genitale—an Anchor; protection, defence, support, prop, stay; an hook or crook; the genital part. q. ἀγκύλος, Uncus, incurvus.
- ἄγορά, concio congregata, Forum judiciale, oratio in eo, forum rerum venalium, annona, emptio—an assembly, convention, the bar, a court of judicature, an oration delivered in court, an harangue, judicial pleadings; the market-place, provisions, vendible articles, a sale, a purchase. q. ἀγείρω, congrego; pf. m. ἤγορα.
- ἄγρα, captura; venatio, piscatio, præda—capture; hunting, the chase, angling, fishing, prey, spoil.
- 5 ἀγυιὰ, vicus, via in urbe, platea, regio, vicinia, angiportus—a street, broad way, region, quarter, neighbourhood, lane, alley.
- Ἀθηνᾶ, Ἀθηνᾶ, poet. Ἀθηνη; etiam Ἀθηναίη, & εἶα, Minerva, Pallas, ex cerebro Jovis nata, Vulcano officium obstetricis præstante; studiorum præses, dea doctrinæ, necnon armorum et belli—Minerva, Pallas, said to have been born from Jupiter's brain, Vulcan performing the obstetrication; the president of liberal studies, patroness of Athens, goddess of arts and arms, war's triumphant maid.
- ἀβανέα, vel ἰον, † jaculum, tragula—a kind of javelin or dart.
- ἄῖθρα, Aether, æris serenitas, sudá tempestas—Ether, pure air, a clear sky, a serene atmosphere, bright and fine weather. q. αἰθῆρ, ἔπος, ὁ, Aether, the Ether.
- ἄϊνα, * plaga, verberatio, pulsatio, injuria cædendo aut pulsando—a stripe, lash, stroke, the application of a scourge or whip, the act of beating, injury from blows or ill-treatment.
- 10 αἶφα, † malleus, securis; lolium—a hammer, hatchet; darnel, cockle.
- αἶτις, Ion. η, Causa, ratio, occasio; culpa, crimen, accusatio;

lis—a cause, reason, occasion; blame, fault, crime, accusation, strife, contention.

Ἀκαδημία, † Academia—a public place at Athens, given by Academus to that city, and consecrated to learning and liberal pursuits, an Academy, place of exercise and study, a seat of learning.

ἄλεια, Ion. η. calor seu tepor ex sole; quilibet calor; vitatio, effugium—solar heat; warmth in general; an evasion, shunning, escape.

αἰμάρα, * aquæductus, sulcus in prato, meatus subterraneus, cloaca, fossa—an aqueduct, channel, a dike or ditch in a meadow, a subterraneous passage, a common shore, a sewer, a trench.

15 ἀμυγδαλέα, † Amygdalus, a—an almond-tree.

ἀνία, tristitia, moeror—sadness, sorrow.

ἀνοπία, † Anopia—a bird of the eagle kind.

αἶρα, preces; diræ, imprecatio; noxa, damnum—prayers, intreaties; curses, an imprecation; hurt, mischief, damage.

ἀρτηρία, † Arteria—an Artery. παρά τὸ ἄερα τηρεῖν.

20 αὔρα, Aura, ventus levior; exhalatio ex humido prodiens—a soft breeze, a gentle gale; an exhalation, vapour, steam.

B

βακτηρία, ον, & βάλρον, * Baculus, um, scipio—a stick, rod, staff.

βασσάρα, & η, † calceamenti genus; meretrix, vulpes—a kind of shoe; Bassaris, a meretricious priestess of Bacchus, an harlot, a fox.

βία, Vis, robur; violentia; injuria—force, strength; violence; injury. μετὰ βίας, vi, by force.

βορὰ, pabulum, esca—fodder, food, nutriment, meat. q. βόω, pascō.

25 βορέας, Ion. βορέης, † Boreas, aquilo; septentric—Boreas, the north wind. the Boreal blast; the north. ἀπὸ τῶ βοῶν κ̄ ρεῖν, quod ventus sit sonorus et violentus. βορρᾶς, ἄ. ᾶ, idem.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, π. & ρα, f. ας, ι.

βύας, † Bubo, avis nocturna—an Owl, bird of night. q. βύω, vagio, to cry; a βῶ, voce infantili.

Γ

γαῖα, & γέα, contr. γῆ, terra, tellus; regio; patria—the earth; a tract of country; one's native land.

γέφυρα, pons; intervallum inter binos instructæ aciei ordines—a bridge; space between two battalions. Quia εἰς γέαν φέρει, in terram desert.

γύγγρας, † parvula tibia lamentabilis—a small mournful pipe.

30 γραιῖα, anus, vetula; cutis circum umbilicum—an old woman, one Gray and withered; the skin about the navel. γραῦς, id. γύα, & η, Ion. γυῖα, arvum; jugerum; via, fossa—a field; a piece of land, an acre; a way, road, ditch. q. γέα, terra, regio.

γωνία, Angulus; locus abditus—an Angle, a corner; a closet, retreat.

Δ

δεξιὰ, (sc. χεῖρ) Dextra; fides data per Dextram; pacta, conventa; potentia et auxilium—the right or Dexter hand; plighted faith, word and honour; an agreement, covenant, bargain; power, aid, help, assistance. q. δεξιὸς, vide adj.

διφθέρα, pellis, exuvium; vestis coriacea; membrana in qua scribitur—a skin, leather; a leathern coat, a vest lined with furs or skins; a skin or roll of parchment. q. δέφω, excorio, & θῆρ, Fera.

Ε

35 ἔθειρα, coma, cæsaries; juba equorum—hair; the mane of a horse.

Εἰλειθυῖα, Lucina, dea parturientium; partus—Lucina, the goddess of child-bearing, an epithet of Juno and Diana; a birth. ab ἐλεῖθω, venio, quod invocatur ut partus veniat in lucem.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.

ἔλαια, Olea, Oliva; Olea, i. e. fructus Olivæ—the Olive tree; Olives.

ἔρα, Terra—the Earth.

Ἑρμῆας, & Ἑρμείας, Hermes, Mercurius; contr. Ἑρμῆς, q. v.
40 ἑστία, focus; lar; domus, ara, asylum, Vesta—a chimney, fire-hearth; an household god; a house, home, domestic altar, Vesta, goddess of the fire.

ἑσχάρα, focus; altare; vagina terebri, ferrea crates, pars balnei, crusta ex adustione vulneri adhærens—the hearth, fire-side; an altar; the case or sheath of a wimble, an iron crate, a gridiron, part of a bath or bagnio, the crust about the edge of a wound, a Scar. ἑσχαρῶν, ὄνος, ὄ, poet. idem.

εὐδία, serenitas, coelum serenum, pulchra Dies, sudum, tranquillitas aëris, item maris—serenity, tranquillity, a clear and serene sky, that state when the winds are husht, and the sea is smooth. q. εὐ, bene, et Ζεύς, G. διός, A. δια, aer.

εὐωχία, convivium, epulum, dapes—a feast, grand entertainment, a banquet. q. εὐ, bene, & ὄχη, cibus, cujus R. ἔχω, habeo.

Z

ζεῖρα, Ion. ζειρή, † vestis genus, amiculum—a kind of vest; a little cloak; catena, a chain.

45 ζημία, damnum, mulcta; poena, supplicium; privatio—loss, damage, misfortune, a fine or mulct; punishment, privation, a taking away.

H

ἡλικία, statura; ætas apta, adolescentia, vigor ætatis; juven-tus; ætas senilis; seculum—stature, size; full or suitable age; youth, the age of vigour, prime of life; young people; old age, life's decline; an age.

ἡμέρα, Ion. η, dies; lux: poet. ἡμαρ, αἰος, τὸ, idem.—day; light. A. ἡμέραν, olim ἡμέραν; q. ἡμείρω, appeto.

ἡνία, Habena, lorum, Frænum, retinaculum—a Rein, thong;

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, π. & ρα, f. ας, μ.

bridle, check, stay. ἡνίον, idem. ἡνιάζω. fræno, to bridle, hold in. ἀπηγῆς, εος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, immitis, sævus, effrænis iræ, wild, savage, fierce, unbridled, of unrestrained anger.

Ἥρα, Ion. Ἥρη, Juno, poet. queen of heaven, "The wife and sister of the thundring Jove."

Θ

50 θήλεια, femina—a female: videas θῆλυς, adj.

Θυαλά, pl. † calculi sortilegorum—sorive shells, votive pebbles, lots.

Θύρα, janua, ostium—a Door, gate. q. Θύω, irruo. d. θυρηφι, adv. foris, extra.

I

Ἴεα, η, † salix; hasta saligna—the willow tree; a spear or lance of willow wood.

K

καϊάδας, carcer subterraneus—a dungeon of Sparta.

55 καμάρα, † Camera, fornix, testudo—a vault, arch, vaulted chamber, covered waggon.

καρδία, Metath. καρδιά, Cor, animus; os ventriculi; arboris medulla; alveus clepsydræ—the Heart, mind, vital and rational part of man; the orifice of the stomach; the juice or sap of a tree; the mid part of an hour-glass.

καρυά, † nux juglans—the walnut-tree.

κασσία, † Cassia, frutex aromaticus—Cassia, an aromatic shrub of Arabia.

κέρα, † malleus; piscis species—a hammer, a mallet; a kind of fish, a sort of dart.

60 κιθάρα, Cithara, lyra—an harp, lyre, Guitar. κιθάρις, ιδⓄ, ἡ, idem.

κυνάρα, † canum cibus; foetor—dogs' meat; an offensive smell. q. κύων, canis, et βόρα, pabulum.

κοιλία, venter, alvus; ventriculus, uterus—the belly, paunch; the stomach, womb. q. κοίλⓄ, cavus, hollow.

- Κοισύρα, † Coesyra—a rich, but very prodigal Athenian lady.
 κεῖφα, * caput—the head, top part of any thing.
 65 κεράνεια, † Cornus; hasta ex Corno facta—the *Cornel-tree*; a
 pike or spear made of its wood.
 κωβασία, † crista gallinacci; tiara—the comb of a cock; a
 Persian turban.
 κωδεία, † caput papaveris—the top or head of a poppy.

Λ

- λαυκανία, * guttur, gula—the throat.
 λεία, præda, corpora capta, pecudes prædando abactæ—prey,
 capture, goods seized and taken, spoil, cattle driven off in
 plundering.
 70 λίτρα, † Libra; numismatis genus pretii exigui—a pound,
 twelve ounces; a kind of small coin.
 λύρα, Lyra; sidus coeleste; piscis quidam—the *Lyre or harp*;
 a constellation; a kind of fish.

Μ

- μαῖα, obstetrix; nutrix; avia; appellatio honestior ejusvis
 matronæ ætatis provectoris; Maia, filia Atlantis; genus
 cancerorum—a midwife; a nurse; a matron, grandam, a
 respectful appellation given to an aged matron; Maia, the
 daughter of Atlas; a kind of crab-fish.
 μάνδρα, † caula, stabulum, septum, spelunca; locus ubi sunt
 torcularia—a sheepfold, sheepecote, stable, cavern, den;
 the place where presses are.
 μανδραγόρας, † Mandragora—Mandrake, a somnific and stupa-
 fying herb or plant.
 75 μελία, fraxinus; fraxinea hasta—the ash-tree; an ashen spear.
 μηλιά, Malus—the apple-tree.
 μίδης, † jactus tesserarii seu aleatorii admodum felicitis; besti-
 ola fabas peredens; Midas, n. regis Phrygiæ ditissimi—the
 most lucky throw at dice; a worm that breeds in, and eats
 beans; Midas, a most wealthy king of Phrygia.



μίτρα, η, cingulum, balteus, cinctus, zona; fascia quæ capiti obligatur, Mitra, diademâ—a girdle, belt, sash, zone; a head-band or sash, a Persian turban, a Mitre, a diadem.

μνάα, Contr. μνᾶ, * Mina—a pound weight, the Mina.

80 μορέα, † Morus—a mulberry-tree.

Μενυχία, † Munychia—the harbour of Athens, temple of Diana, an asylum.

μῦα, * Musca—a Fly.

N caret. O

ὄστροα, salix—an Ozier, or willow-tree.

ὄπωρα, autumnus; fructus autumnales; maturior ætas—autumn, the third season of the varied year; autumnal fruits; the autumn of life. q. ὄπων ὄρα.

85 ὄρμια, † linea—a line or thread, a fishing line.

ὄρα, cauda; in exercitu extremum agmen; puppis—the tail, hind part; the rear of an army; the stern of a ship.

II

πάππας, † pater, Pappa—a father, Papa.

παρασάγγας, ης, † Parasanga—a Parasang, a Persian measure of ground or road of the length of thirty stadia; i. e. three and a half miles English and 270 feet. It occurs often in Xenophon.

παρεῖα, Aeol. παρηγῖα, mala, gena, maxilla—the cheek, jaw.

80 περῖα, cuspis vel acies gladii—the point of a sword, its edge. q. περῖω: q. d. id quo transadigitur.

πεῖρα, conatus, inceptum, experimentum, tentatio, experientia, documentum, specimen, Peritia, dolus, fraus—an endeavour, effort, enterprize, undertaking, experiment, Trial, practice, experience, an example, proof, specimen, skill, craft, a device, fetch, fraud. q. περῖω, transeo.

περῖερα, † columba—a dove, a pigeon.

πέρα, † Pera, saccus, mantica—a pocket, bag, scrip, portmanteau.

Πιερία, Pieria, regio Boeotiae et Macedoniae, sedes Musarum—
Pieria, a country of Boeotia and Macedonia, the seat of the
Muses.

95 πλευρά, latus; costa—the side; a rib.

πόα, Ion. ποση, herba, gramen, pabulum—the green herb, herb-
age, grass, fodder. q. πάω, Pasco.

πορφύρα, Purpura, genus conchae marinae; pannus liquore
Purpure tinctus; vestis Purpurea; splendida venustaque
vestis—the Purple-fish, a kind of marine oyster; a piece
of cloth tinged with the liquor or blood of the Purple-fish,
cloth of Purple dye; a robe of Tyrian Purple; a splendid
vest. fine garment.

πράσια, † areola in horto—a garden-bed, a parterre.

πρωρα, Prora, frons navis, seu pars anterior—the Prow, head
or fore part of a ship.

P

300 ρόα, seu ροιά, † malus punica; malum punicum—the pom-
granate-tree; a pomgranate.

Σ

σαῦρα, ας, † lacerta, us—a lizard; also a kind of fish. q. σύρω,
traho.

σειρά, catena; funis, linea; Sera—a chain; a cord, line,
bridle; a bolt, lock, bar, obstruction. pl. also a sort of
wrappers. q. εἶρω, necto.

σισύρα, † sagum—a barbarous vest made of goat's-skin, a rug.

σκιά, umbra; socius—a shadow, shade, the Sky: Metaph. a
ghost, spectre, death.

105 μαζάρινας, † flagellum—a whip, scourge, species of punish-
ment. μαζάρινας, idem.

σπείρα, Spira, linea flexuosa orbem faciens in se non redeuntes,
funis convolutus in orbem, funis nauticus; cohors, legio,
multitudo militaris—a Spire, a line so wound or circumvolved
as to resemble the worm of a screw, a twisted line, a folded

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, π. & ρα, φ. ας, μ.

rope, the folds of a serpent, a ship's cable; a cohort, legion, military ranks.

σία, † lapillus, calculus—a pebble, a shell.

σοά, porticus—a porch: σοαί, loci in quibus frumentum reconditur, granaries and magazines for corn. q. σώω, pro quo Ἰσημι, Sto.

σφαῖρα, Sphæra, globus, pila—a Sphere, circle, globe, ball.

110 σφύρα, † malleus—a mallet, hammer, mall, a kind of fish.

T

ταμίης, Promus, condus, dispensator eorum quæ condenda et promenda sunt, qui ærario præest, quæstor, arbiter, administrator aut præfectus—a butler, steward, agent, store-keeper, disposer, manager, chancellor, questor, purser, treasurer, paymaster, arbitrator, administrator, prefect, governor.

τέφρα, cinis—ashes.

τιάρα, † Tiara, capitis gestamen—a Tiar, ornament of the head, a Persian cap.

Φ

φαρέτρα, Acc. Ion. φαρέτρην, * Pharetra, theca sagittarum—a quiver, case of arrows. Poet. φαρέτρων, G. ὠνος, ὅ, id. q. φέρω, & τρώω, because it contains perforating and wound-inflicting darts.

115 φιλύρα, † tilia; bractea ejusdem arboris—a linden-tree; a thin membrane or film betwixt that tree and its bark.

φλία, † vestibulum, limen—a porch, threshold, pl. posts.

φραξία, curia, conventus pagi, societas, tribus, contubernium—a court, session-house, village-meeting or association, a society, Fraternity, tribe, clan, neighbourhood.

X

χλόα, S. χλόη, herba virens, gramen; viride germen—the green herb, grass, herbage, Clover; a green bud, a sprout.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, π. & ρα, f. ας, μ.



χρεία, Ion. χρείῳ, usus, utilitas, commoditas; sententia gravis; indigentia, necessitas; negotium, munus—*use, utility, advantage, accommodation; a grave sentiment, remarkable sentence or action; want, indigence, necessity, business, duty, an office.* χρείαν ἔγω, egeo.

- 120 χρῶα, Color; superficies rei, superficies et color; cutis hominis—*Colour; the superficies or outside of any thing, the surface and colour; the human skin.*



ψία, † lætitia, ludus; voluptas—*gladness, joy, mirth, play; pleasure.*

ψῶα, † foetor—*an offensive smell, fetidity.*

ψώρα, * scabies, Psora, cutis asperitas—*a scab, the itch, scurvy, mange, a Sore, asperity or scaliness of the skin.* q. ψάλω, leviter attingo, frico, th. ψάω, leniter tango.



ῥα, tempus, certum anni tempus, Hora; ætas florens; pulchritudo, venustas; Hora, dea pulchritudinis—*time, a certain season of the year, a day, an Hour; the flower of age, youthful prime; beauty, neatness; Hora, the goddess of beauty.* q. ῥάω, video; q. d. sightliness.

- 125 ῥα, Cura—*Care, attention.*



DECLENSION II.

The nouns of this declension end in *ος* and *ον*. Those in *ος* are of the masculine gender, with certain exceptions which are pointed out by the article : Those in *ον* are all of the neuter.

The following is the method of declining :

TABLE IV.

Sing.		DI.	Pl.	
m.	n.		m.	n.
N. <i>ος</i> ,	.. <i>ον</i> ,	N. V. A. <i>ω</i> ,	N. & V. <i>οι</i> ,	.. <i>α</i> ,
G. .. <i>ς</i> ,	..	G. D. <i>οις</i> ,	G. .. <i>ων</i> ,	..
D. .. <i>ω</i> ,	..	D. .. <i>οις</i>,	..	..
A. .. <i>ον</i> ,	..	A. .. <i>ς</i> ,	.. <i>α</i> .	
V. <i>ε</i> ,	.. <i>ον</i> .			



Contracted nouns are equally easy, as

TABLE V.

Sing.		DI.	Pl.		
N. <i>ός</i>	.. <i>ῶς</i> ,		<i>όω</i>	.. <i>ῶ</i> ,	<i>οῖ</i>	.. οῖ,
G. <i>ός</i>	.. <i>ῶ</i> ,	<i>οῖς</i>	.. <i>οῖς</i> .	<i>οῶν</i>	.. <i>οῶν</i> ,
D. <i>όω</i>	.. <i>ῶ</i> ,			<i>οῖς</i>	.. <i>οῖς</i> ,
A. <i>όν</i>	.. <i>ῶ</i> ,			<i>οῖς</i>	.. <i>οῖς</i> ,
V. <i>έ</i>	.. <i>ῶ</i> .			<i>οῖ</i>	.. <i>οῖ</i> .

So *έος*..*ῶ*, G. *ές*..*ῶ*, D. *έω*..*ῶ*, &c.

Item in the preceding declension, *έη*..*ῶ*, *έης*..*ῶς*, *έη*..*ῶ*, &c.
έας..*ῶς*, *ές*..*ῶ*, *έα*..*ῶ*, *έων*..*ῶν*, &c.



The Attic method of declining.

TABLE VI.

	Sing.		DI.	Pl.	
	m.	n.		m.	n.
N. & V.	<i>ως</i> ,	.. <i>ων</i> ,	<i>ω</i> ,	<i>ω</i> ,	.. <i>ω</i> ,
G.	.. <i>ῶ</i> ,	..	<i>ῶν</i> ,	.. <i>ων</i> ,	..
D.	.. <i>ῶ</i>,	..		.. <i>ως</i> ,	..
A.	.. <i>ων</i> ,	..		<i>ως</i> ,	.. <i>ω</i> .

A

- ἀγγαροι, pl. tabellarii, regum nuntii—*Persian posts, kings' messengers. This word is seldom used in the singular number; when it is, it signifies a porter, servant, labourer.*
- ἀγριὸς, ἡ, † populus nigra—the black poplar-tree.
- ἄγκιστρον, hamus, Uncus—a hook, crook.
- ἀροστὸς, vola, palma; ulna, eubitus—the hollow or palm of the hand; the elbow, the extent of the arms from the elbow, a cubit.
- 5 ἀγρός, rus, Ager, fundus, prædium, villa; rusticitas—the country, a field, Acre, farm, estate, manor, vill, country residence; rusticity.
- ἀδελφός, frater; cognatus, affinis—a brother; a relation, an equal. Adj. geminus, double, twin. q. α, conjunct. & δελφύς, uterus.
- ἄσθλος, vel ἄδλος, certamen; labor—a combat, wrestling, Athletic exercise; labour, toil.
- ἄετός, aquila; fastigium ædificiorum triangulari forma supra tectum elevatum; ferramentum radiorum in rota—an eagle; a turret of triangular form raised above the roof of great buildings; the iron binding of the spokes of a wheel.
- ἄγριος, ἡ, † populus nigra; alnus—the black poplar-tree; an alder-tree.
- 10 ἀγριαλός, † litus, ora maritima—the shore, sea-coast. q. ἄγω, frango, & ἄλς, mare.
- ἀιγυπιός, vultur—a vulture. q. γύψ, id.
- αἰζήος, & αἰζήος, * juvenis—a young man. q. α epitat. et ζέω, ferreo.
- αἰθερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † felis, catus—a cat; also a kind of fish.
- αἴτιος, apologus, oratio proverbialis, dictum fabulosum, dictum quodlibet, assentio, laus, oratio laudatoria, collaudatio—an apology, a proverbial speech, a riddle, an Enigma, a fable, saying, discourse in general, an assenting, praise, an eulogy, panegyric, encomium, commendation.
- 15 ἄκαλιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † genus navigii actuarii; poculi genus—a kind of row-boat; a sort of cup, a sauce-boat.



ἀκόλουθος, ὁ κὶ ἡ, pedisequus, vel pedisequa, adsectator, comes; consentaneus, congruens, similis—a *footman*, *Lacqueie*, attendant, associate, companion, *Acolothist*; Adj. consonant, agreeing, congruous, similar, resembling.

ἀλάβαστρον, † Alabastrum, Alabaster, genus vasis unguentarii sine ansis, myrotheca lapidea—*Alabaster*, a *jar* for unguents, a *stone case or box* for ointment. q. α neg. & λαμβάνω, capio.

ἄλεισον, * poculum caelatum; poculum—a *carved cup*; a *cup* in general, a *vessel*.

ἄλφιον, farina hordeacea, polenta—*barley meal*, *flower of barley*. τὰ ἄλφια, provisions.

- 20 ἄλωος, G. ω, ἡ, area; corona seu circulus siderum; circumferentia solis et lunæ, necnon clypei; circulus quidam in oculis—a *barn or thrashing floor*, an *area*; a *circular assemblage of stars*, an *orbicular constellation*, a *starry circle*; the *circumference of the sun or moon*, their *disk*, the *rim of a shield*; *circle of*, or *one in the eye*, its *orb*, the *eye-ball*.

ἄμνιον, † Amnium, membrana foetum involvens; vas ad excipiendum sanguinem—the *membrane which envelopes the foetus*; a *vessel for catching blood*.

ἄμνος, agnus—a *lamb*. q. α priv. & μένος, vis.

ἄμπελος, ἡ, vitis; vinea—a *vine-tree*; a *vineyard*.

ἄμπρον, † funis quo boves onera trahunt, hecium—a *rope*, *gear*, a *trace*, *halter*. Hence to *Hamper*, i. e. *shackle*, *bind*, *entangle*: q. d. to *rope or halter*, *gear or harness*: also Prov. to *beat*, *lash*.

- 25 ἀνδρῶν, † summitas, cacumen—a *summit*, *top*, the *bank or brink of a river*,

ἄνεμος, Poet. ἡνεμος, ventus, Anima—the *wind*, *air*, *breath*.

ἀνεψιός, fratris aut sororis filius, consobrinus, sobrinus, affinis, patruelis—a *Nephew*, *brother or sister's son*, a *cousin*, relation, *cousin german*, *cousin by the father's side*.

ἄνθρωπος, ὁ κὶ ἡ, homo—a *man*: r. a *woman*.

ἄνιλος, sentina; mare; manipulorum acervus—a *sink*, *sewer*; the *sea*; a *heap or bundle of sheaves*.

- 30 ἀντρον, * Antrum, caverna, spelunca—a den, cave, cavern, lair.
 ἀκραεῖον, strepitus, stridor, strepitus armorum, stridor dentium—
 a noise, sound, crash, the ring of falling arms, the grinding
 or gnashing of the teeth.
 ἀργιλῶν, ἡ, † Argilla, terra alba—Argil, white clay.
 ἀργυρον, Argentum—silver. q. ἀργός, albus.
 ἄρθρον, Artus, Articulus, compages ossium, membrum; copu-
 la; Metaph. dicitur de voce; Articulus, vox Grammaticorum
 —a joint, the compages or Articulation of the bones, a mem-
 ber, limb; a couple, brace, shackle; Metaph. the articulation
 of the voice; amongst Grammarians that part of speech called
 the Article.
- 35 ἀριθμὸς, numerus; homo nullius pretii—number; a worthless
 character. q. ἀρί, valde, & τίθημι, pono.
 ἀριστον, * subintellige ἔδεσμα, αἷον, τὸ, cibus, &c. prandium—
 dinner, the best meal; from ἀριστός, ἡ, ον, optimus, a, um; R.
 "Αρης, Mars. Obs. supper was the ἀριστον ἔδεσμα, or principal
 repast of the ancients.
 ἄρκευθον, ἡ, † juniperus—a juniper tree, a juniper berry.
 ἄρκτος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, ursus, a; Arctos, us, signum caeleste; pars or-
 bis septentrionalis; piscis quidam—a bear; Arctus, the bear,
 a constellation of the northern hemisphere; the Arctic or
 northern part of the world; a kind of fish.
 ἄρριχος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † cophinus—a basket.
- 40 ἀετῶν, † lanius, coquus—a butcher, a cook. q. ἄρθρον, mem-
 brum, & τέμνω, seco.
 ἄρτος, panis; quivis cibus—bread; meat or food in general,
 victuals.
 ἀσάμινθον, ἡ, † solium, pelvis—a bath, a bason.
 ἀσπὸς, uter, g. utris, pellis, follis—a leathern bag, a bottle made
 of leather, a skin, a bladder.
 ἀσπαράγος, † Asparagus—Sparagrass.
- 45 ἀσπράγαλον, vertebra, spondylus, talus lusorius, &c.—a verte-
 bre, chine or spinal joint, any turning joint, the ancle, the As-
 tragalus or Astragal, superior bone of the foot, the talus, a



little moulding in the form of a ring, ornamental of the top or bottom of a column; a cube, die; milk, a vetch. ἀσφαλαλοί, tali lusorii.

ἄσφαλις, ἡ, † bitumen—a kind of rich and unctuous clay used for fuel and cement, slime.

ἀσφόδελος, † Asphodelus—a Daffodil.

ἄτεμνος, † servus, famulus—a servant, domestic.

ἀτμός, flatus, vapor, halitus, fumus—a puff of wind, air, vapour, breath, exhalation, smoke.

50 ἄτρακίς, ὁ ἢ ἡ, † fusus, sagitta—a spindle, arrow, dart.

αὐλός, tibia, fistula; follis; pars hastilis, annulus fibulæ, sanguis e naribus torrens—a pipe, flute; bellows; part of a pike or halbert, the rim of a clasp or button, blood flowing from the nostrils.

αὐχμός, siccitas ex vehementi æstu; squalor, situs, illuvies, pædor—dryness through excessive heat, parchedness; squalidity, filth, dirt, nastiness.

ἄφεις, ε, ὁ, & G. εος, τὸ, divitiæ, opes; qs. reditus annui, lucrum—riches, wealth; q. d. yearly income, rent, revenue, gain.

ἄφρος, spuma; saliva; piscis quidam—Froth, foam; saliva, slime, jelly; a kind of fish.

55 ἀχερδός, † spina quædam—a kind of thorn.

ἀχυσον, stramentum, palea, acus, folliculus tritici—straw, stubble, chaff, the hull of wheat.

ἀψίνθιον, † Absinthium—wormwood.

ἄωλον, flos; præstantissimum cujusvis rei—a flower; that which is most excellent of its kind.

B

Βάκχος, Bacchus, the god of wine. vide adj.

60 βαλανεῖον, † Balneum—a bath.

βάλανος, ὁ ἢ ἡ, Glans, fructus quercus; similis fructus; arbor glandifera; medicamentum quod sedi imponitur; penis extremitas; obex, pessulus—an acorn, production of the oak;



a fruit resembling the acorn; a glandiferous or acorn-bearing tree; a suppository, a laxative pill; extremity of the penis; a Bolt, a bar. q. βάλλω.

βαλάνιον, s. βαλλάνιον, † crumena, marsupium, sacculus—
a bag, purse, satchel. q. βάλλω, jacio.

βάλσαμον, † Balsamum—Balsam, Balm.

βάνασος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, * qui opus suum ad ignem conficit, mechanicus, artifex—one who performs his work at, or by means of the fire, a smith, forger, fireman, son of Vulcan, mechanic, handicraft, artificer.

65 βάραθρον, † Barathrum, fovea profunda, hiatus terræ profundior, profunditas; locus valde profundus Athenis, in quem noxii deturbati sunt; pernicies—a gulph, deep pit, pitfall, a great cleft, a chasm, depth, profundity; a very deep place at Athens, into which malefactors were tumbled; destruction: Metaph. locus infernus, hell.

βάρβιλον, & ος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † Barbiton, & os, instrumentum musicum multis chordis intentum—a harp, lute, a musical instrument of many strings.

βάσανος, ἡ, lapis quo probatur aurum, lapis Lydias; probatio, exploratio, inquisitio, examen, quæstio per tormenta, cruciatus tormenta—a stone with which gold was tried, the Lydian stone, a touchstone; a probation, trial, bringing to bear, search, inquiry, inquisition, examination by varied torture, torture, excruciation, the rack, the tyrant's magazine of pains and punishments.

βάτος, ἡ, rubus, sentis—a bramble, a thorn, a kind of fish, a sort of measure.

βάτραχος, * rana—a frog; a tumour under the tongue, a kind of fish. Ion. βότραχος, q. βοᾶν τραχέως.

70 Βάτιος, † Battus, Cyrenæorum princeps, balbus et exili voce præditus; garrulus et ineptus poeta—Battus, a Cyrenian prince who stammered very much; also a trifling and tautological poet of the same name.

βαῦνος, † fornax, caminus—a furnace, a chimney.

Nouns, Decl. 2. os, m. αν, η



Θηλός, * limen domus—the threshold of a house.

Βήρυλλος, ὀκλή, † Beryllus; herba—the Beryl, a precious stone; also an herb.

βιβλος, ἡ, liber—a book, Bible, paper.

75 βικος, † urceus, urna ansata—a pitcher, an urn with ears or handles.

βίος, Vita; victus; facultates; ratio vivendi; res omnis ad vitam sustentandam necessaria—life; victuals; means; mode or way of living; corn, provisions, all the necessaries of life.

ἐλέφαρον, Palpebra, pellis tegens oculum—the eye-lid. q. ἐλέπας φάρος, visus palla seu tegmen, q. d. the robe or covering of the eye, the cloth or napkin with which it wipes itself by day, and the plad in which it wraps itself by night.

ἐλωμός, † buccella, fragmentum, panis portio—a mouthful, a fragment, a piece or bit of bread.

ἐόψος, fovea, scrobs—a deep ditch, a well, a cavern.

80 ἐόλβος, Bulbus, radix quævis rotunda—an onion, Bull, any round or Bulbous root.

ἐόμβος, Bombus; strepitus quivis—the Hum of bees; a buz, noise, Bomb. ἑομβύλη, genus apis.

ἐόρρος, * coenum, limus, lutum—dirt, mire, mud, clay.

ἐόσφυς, & ἐόσφυξ, G. υχος, * cincinnus, cirrus, capillus—curled hair, a lock, ringlet, an insect.

ἐόνος, * collis, tumulus, clivus, cumulus, acervus—a hill, mound, steep, divexity, an heap. Hence Bow, Brow.

85 ἐράβυλον, † freq. pl. Brabylum, prunum damascenum—a damason, a prune.

ἐρένθος, † anas; fastus—a kind of fowl, a duck or drake; pride, conceit.

ἐρόγχος, * Bronchus; guttur, fauces; aspera arteria—the throat, Bronchus, the jaws; the rough artery.

ἐρόλιος, mortalis, homo—a mortal, a man: freq. pl. ἐρόλοι, mortals, mankind, the human race. vide adj.

ἐρότος, cruor, sanies, pulverulentus sanguis—blood from a wound, gore, matter, commingled dust and blood.

- 90 *ῥόχος*, * *restis, laqueus*—*a cord, rope, halter, string, snare, net.*
ῥύον, * *muscus, alga*—*moss, sea-weed.*
ῥύτον, ος, † *cerevisia, potus ex hordeo, vinum hordeaceum*—*beer, ale.*
ῥώμος, † *foetor, graveolentia ; virus*—*a rank smell, a stink ; poison.*
ῥύβλος, ἡ, * *papyrus Aegyptia ; herba quædam papyro similis ; liber: scribitur et ῥίβλος*—*the Egyptian papyrus, i. e. a shrub or reed growing in the marshes near the Nile, its leaves, paper ; a kind of herb resembling the papyrus ; a book, Bible.*
 95 *ῥυθός*, Ion. *ῥυσσός*, *Fundum, ima pars, imus gurgis, profundum, puteus*—*the Bottom, lowest part, a whirlpool's Depth, Depth, profundity, the deep, a well, a pit.*
ῥύσσης, ἡ, † *Byssus, lini pretiosissimi genus apud Indos*—*a kind of fine flax, linen of India, cambric.*
ῥῶλος, ἡ, *gleba, ager, massa, Bolus*—*glebe, a clod, the green turf, a field, a lump or mass, a morsel, Bolus, Bole.*
ῥωμός, *basis, altare, ara*—*a basis, an altar.*

F

- γαμβρός*, *gener, socer, frater uxoris*—*a relation by marriage, as a son or a father-in-law, a wife's brother.* *q. γαμέω, uxorem duco.*
 100 *γάρον*, † *Garum*—*a kind of pickle.*
γαυλός, † *muletra*—*a milk-pail.* Sed *γαῦλος*, *navigii genus ; sentina, a Galley, row-boat, a Galliot, barge ; a sink, Gully-hole.*
γαῖσον, * *suggrunda, ia*—*the eaves of a house, a pent-house.*
γέρανος, ἡ, * *Grus ; saltationis genus ; machina scenica ; machina tollendis oneribus*—*the bird or fowl called a Crane ; a kind of dance ; a scenic apparatus ; place over the stage where divinities seemed to appear and speak ; a Crane, i. e. a machine for lifting and raising heavy bodies.*
γέρρον, † *scutum Persicum e vimine textum, defensaculum*—*a Persian osier shield, a rustic one, a defence.* *Xenoph.*



- 105 γίγαρον, † granum acini vinacei—*grapestone*.
 γιγγλυμὸς, † cardo, cardo portæ—*an hinge, the hinge of a door or gate, a joint, Gingle*.
 γλαῖος, † nates, clunes—*the thick parts of the thighs*.
 γνάθος, ἡ, mala, maxilla, bucca, dentes—*the ball of the cheek, the jaw, mouth, teeth*.
 γνόφος, * caligo, tenebræ; turbo—*gloom, obscurity*.
- 110 γόμφος, cuneus; clavus—a *wedge, a nail*. γομφῶν, clavis compingo, *to fasten with nails*. γομφίος, dens molaris, a *jaw tooth, one of the grinders*.
 γράσος, † Grasmus, sordes quæ in ovium lanis colliguntur; alarum foetor, axillarum gravis odor—*dirt which gathers in the wool of sheep, Grease; the strong smell of the armpits, rammishness*. Dicitur etiam γράος, et γράσος. Item.
 γράσος, † clamor militum in congressu acierum—a *military huzza at the commencement of the engagement, a shout for battle*.
 γρίπος, * rete—a *net; Gripe*.
 γρόσφος, † pilum, teli genus, vel hastæ cuspis quam terræ infligimus—a *kind of dart, the iron top, the spike or point of a spear*.
- 115 γύαλον, cavitas, Vola, Vallis—a *cavity, Hollow, that of the hand, a Valley*.
 γυῖον, membrum, ut pes, manus—a *member of the body, the hand, foot*.
 γυλιός, † vasculum militare—a *soldier's provision basket*.
 γύργαθος, † canistrum, qualus—a *canister, a basket*.
 γύρος, scrobs—a *ditch*.
- 120 γύρος, Gyrus—a *circle, rim; a kind of cake*. R. γύρος, curvus, q. v.
 γύψος, ἡ, Gypsum—*parget, plaster*. γυψῶν, Gypso illino.
 γωρυλιός, ἡ, pharetra—a *quiver*.

Δ

- Δαίδαλος, Dædalus, artifex Cretensis, summe ingeniosus—
Dædalus, the Cretan artist of consummate skill and ingenuity: adj. artificiosus, varius, Dædalian, ingenious, cunning, artful. q. δαίω, scio.
- δάκτυλος, digitus; Dactylus, pes metricus, syllaba longa et duabus brevibus constans; fructus palmæ, gramen aculeatum, conchæ genus—a finger; a Dactyle, a foot in verse, consisting of one long, and two short syllables; the fruit of the palm tree, dates, pointed grass, the shell of certain fishes.
- 125 δάπεδον, pavimentum, solum—the floor, pavement, ground.
 δεῖπνον, coena, cibus; convivium, epulum—supper, meat, victuals; a feast, a banquet.
 δέμνιον, lectus, stratum, cubile—a bed, bedding, a couch, sofa.
 δένδρον, arbor; stirps—a tree; its root or stock.
 δέννος, * probrum, contumelia—reproach, dishonour, contumely.
- 130 δῆμος, populus, plebs, vulgus; natio, tribus, curia—the people, populace, plebeians, the vulgar; a nation, tribe, clan, assembly: adj. plebeius, qui e plebe est, plebeian, one of the commonality.
 δίκτυον, rete—a net: pl. plagæ, cassis, media pars cribri, toils, snares, a turban, the mid part of a sieve.
 Διόνυσος, * Dionysus, Bacchus—Dionysus, the god of wine, Bacchus.
 δίσκος, Discus, ligneus, ferreus, saxeus, seu plumbeus orbis, quem causa corporis exercendi jacere olim solebant; solis orbis, patina, quadra, speculum—the Discus, a quoit, recreative orb made of wood, iron, stone or lead, formerly east or hurled by way of exercise; the sun's Disk, a Dish, plate, mirror.
 δίφρος, pl. οἱ δίφροι, καὶ τὰ δίφρα, locus in curru in quo parabates et auriga sedebant; Sync. bigæ, currus, sella—that part of the car or chariot occupied by the driver and his lord, by the warrior and charioteer, or by aknight and



his esquire, their double bench; **Synce.** a car or chariot drawn by two horses, a coach and pair, a seat, bench. **q.** δις, for δύο, **Two**, and φέρω, **Fero**, to carry.

- 135 **δνόφος**, id. qd. **γνόφος**, tenebræ, caligo—darkness, gloom.
δοκός, ή, trabs, tignum; hasta, lancea—a beam, rafter; a spear, pike, lance.
δόλος, **Dolus**—deceit, fraud, imposition. **δολόεις**, **ένλος**, **δ**, **Dolosus**.
δόρπον, -ος, coena, pastus; appetitus coenandi—supper, food, a repast; an appetite for supper.
δσλος, servus—a servant, a slave. **Adj.** servus, a, um, bound to certain service.

- 140 **δσπος**, sonitus oriens ex corpore ad terram alliso; sonitus quivis; mors ejus qui strepitu cadit—the sound arising from any thing which falls to, or is dashed against the ground; any din, noise, or clash; the death of him who falls in the midst of tumult, or who thundering bites the ground.
δσσος, ή, * **Ros**—dew; pl. lachrymæ, tears.
δσρον, **Donum**, munus; palmus minor—a gift, Donation, present; the breadth of four fingers, a handbreadth.

E

- εβελος**, vel **εβενος**, ή, † **Ebonus**, -um—**Ebony**.
εγκώμιον, **Encomium**, præconium, laus—an **Encomium**, panegyric, fame, praise.
145 **εδνα**, & **εδνα**, pl. munera, sponsalia quæ sponsus sponsæ dat—marriage-presents made by the bridegroom to the bride.
ένυρος, † **socer**, mariti pater—a father-in-law, husband's father.
ελαφος, ό κη ή, **cervus**, -a—a stag, hart, hind.
ελεγος, lamentatio, luctus; **Elegia**, lugubre carmen—lamentation, mourning, grief, sorrow; an **Elegy**, a funeral, or mournful song.
ελεος, et **G. εος**, τδ, **misericordia**, commiseratio—mercy, compassion, commiseration.

150 ἑλῆδος, -ον, † mensa coquinaria—a kitchen-table; a kind of bird.

ἑλλέβορος, † Helleborus—Hellebore, a plant.

ἑλλῶς, hinnulus—a fawn, young deer.

ἐνιαυτός, & ἔννος, Annus—a year. ἔνος, & ἔνος, & ἔννος, idem.

ἐπίκερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, auxiliator, adjutor, opitulatur—an auxiliary, helper, assistant, ally.

155 ἔρανος, collatitia coena, convivium in quod quisque symbolam suam confert, collatio, contributio, symbola, beneficium, gratia, præmium, merces—a supper provided by subscription; a banquet, for which each person contributes his quota, or proper share, and adduces his symbol or ticket; a club-feast, a collection, contribution, subscription; a symbol, benefit, gratuity, favour, reward, recompence, a valuable consideration.

ἔργον, opus, factum, res; difficultas—a work, operation, fact, performance, act, deed, affair, piece of business; difficulty.

ἔρῆβινθος, † cicer—vetches, the penis.

ἔρημος, Eremus—a wilderness. See adjs.

ἔριφος, Dor. ὄριφος, * hœdus—a kid.

160 ἑρῆωδός, † aper; Aries—a boar; a ram.

ἑσπερος, Hesper, Vesper, stella Veneris; quæ Hesperus dicitur solem sequens, Phosphorus solem antecedens; Vespera—Hesper, or Vesper, the evening star, Venus; following or appearing after the setting sun, it is called Hesperus, or Hesper; antecedent to his rise, it is denominated Phosphorus, or Lucifer, q. d. the harbinger of day; the morning star; the evening. Adj. Vespertinus; occidentalis, occidentem spectans, pertaining to the evening; occidental, western, westward.

ἑταῖρος, sodalis, familiaris, socius, adjutor—a mate, an associate, a fellow, companion, helper.

ἑλγῆρα, τὰ, pl. † Lora, habenæ—thongs, bridle-reins, straps.

ἑὺριπος, † Euripus, fretum reciprocum, i. e. sæpe undas absorbens et revomens, quale est inter insulam Eubœam et

Atticam; fretum quodvis; aquæductus et receptaculum, cisterna, lacuna, stagnum—*Euripus*, an ebbing and flowing strait, a fluctuating and reciprocal arm of the sea, that in particular between Eubœa and Attica, which ebbs and flows as often as seven times a day according to the state of the wind; any strait, narrow, or inland sea; an aqueduct and reservoir, a cistern, lake, pond, pool.

- 165 ἐχῖνος, † *Echinus*, qui vel marinus est vel terrestris, Eri-naceus; capsula vel scrinium forense in quod acta coniciebantur; fræni pars; placentæ genus et herbæ—a water or land Urchin, an hedgehog; the shell of the sea-Urchin, also tripe, or the belly of an ox; a kind of pot, porringer, or kettle; a ballot box, bag of records; the bit of a bridle; a kind of cake and herb.

Z

ζέφυρος, *Zephyrus*, favonius—*Zephyr*, the west-wind. q. d. the wind that brings life upon it's wing. q. ζωῆ, vita, & φέρω, Fero.

ζήλος, æmulatio, *Zelus*, *Zelotypia*, invidia; amor cultus divini—*emulation*, *Zeal*, *Jealousy*, *envy*; *religious ardour*. q. ζέω, ferveo.

ζιζάνιον, † *Zizanium*, lolium—*cockle*, *darnel*.

ζόφος, caligo, tenebræ; occasus—*gloom*, *darkness*, *obscurity*; *the west*, *setting of the sun*.

- 170 ζύθος, G. ε, vel εος, τὸ, † *Zythus*, cerevisia, potus ex hordeo—*beer*, *ale*, *malt liquor*.

ζωμὸς, * *jus*, *jusculum*—*broth*, *pottage*, *gruel*.

H

ἡίδεος, adolescens, juvenis; cælebs—a youth, young man; a bachelor.

ἥλιος, Sol—the sun, ruler of the day. Poet. ἀέλιος.

ἦλος, clavus, palus; tubercula callosa—a nail, peg, pin; a corn in the foot, a knot in plants.

- 175 ἤπειρος, ἡ, terra continens et mediterranea; nomen regionis, Epirus—the continent, main land, mediterranean, land remote from the sea, a midland tract of country; Epirus, an inland region of Greece.
- ἡπιάλος, † Epialus—a quotidian or slow fever.
- ἡρόν, † monumentum, sepulchrum—a monument, tomb, sepulchre.
- ἡρίον, † stamen, textum—the warp, web, woof.
- ἡίρον, † imus venter, pars umbilico subjecta—the lower, or subumbilical part of the belly.
- 180 Ἡφαίστος, Vulcanus, Mulciber, ignis præses, fabrorum metallicorum deus; ignis, flamma, lux—Vulcan, Mulciber, the ignipotent and metallurgic divinity, god of smiths and forgemen, patron of the forge and furnace; fire, flame, light.
- ἦχος, sonus, sonitus, clamor—a sound, din, an united shout, a loud huzza.

Θ

- Θαίρῶς, cardo; axis—an hinge; axis, axle-tree.
- Θάλαμος, Thalamus, cubiculum, nidus, domus, cella, repositorium; pars navis inferior; nuptiæ; latibulum piscium—a bride-chamber, a bridal or marriage bed, a bed in general, a couch; a nest, a house, a storehouse for goods, a repository for money; the lower part of a ship where the rowers are stationed; marriage; a retreat or hiding place for fishes.
- Θάμνος, * Dumus, fruticetum, frutex—a shrubbery, nursery, grove, thicket, brake: pl. vepres, virgulta, briers, twigs.
- 185 Θάψος, ἡ, † Thapsus, lignum Scythicum; herba quædam—a kind of Scythian wood of a yellow colour; Thapsia, a kind of herb.
- Θέμηλον, fundamentum—a foundation, basis. Θεμέλιον, & ιος, id. Θεμελίω, jacio, fundamentum jacio.
- Θεός, Deus—a god, Deity; sometimes f. a goddess.



ἑσπερός, lex, institutum, ritus—*law, institute, rite.*

θεωρός, spectator, contemplator, qui rerum sacrarum curam gerit, qui donaria ad solennia sacrificia perfert—*a spectator, gazer, contemplatist, he that views or takes a survey, one who travels for the sake of seeing the customs, manners, sports, &c. of mankind; a Theorist, a contemplative and sacerdotal person, he who hath a cure in things sacred, the bearer of the donations or presents to the annual or stated sacrifices.* q. θεώ, video.

190 θησαυρός, Thesaurus, acervus; opes, copia rerum—a *Treasure, Hoard, store, amassment, heap; wealth, abundance.* q. τίθημι εἰς αὔριον, in crastinum repono, *to lay up for to-morrow.*

διάσος, coetus, chorus; examen et caterva mulierum; coetus convivantium; convivium—a *company of dancers joining in Bacchanalian concerts and enchoring the god of wine, a ball, dance, chorus; a crowd of women, a press or throng of females; a festive company; a feast, banquet.*

σόλος, sordes turbidæ; fuscus et turbidus humor quem sepia emittunt—*dirt, puddle, splash, mud; the black and turbid humour which the cuttle-fish ejects.*

θόλος, ὁ κῆ ἡ, Tholus, testudo, &c.—*the cupola of a building, a dome, the center, or key-stone of an arch or vault, a dining-room, a pantry, a kind of fillet.*

θόρυβος, tumultus, Turba—*tumult, noise, disturbance, a throng.*

195 θρήνος, planctus, luctus, Threnus—*wailing, lamentation, mourning.*

θρίαμβος, Triumphus—a *Triumph.* q. θρίοις ἐμβαίνειν, festa fronde incedere.

θριγκός vel θριγγχός, pinna seu corona murorum, lorica muri, septum, vallum, maceria—*the capping of a wall, mantle of a rampart, a bastion, bulwark, mound.*

θρόμβος, Grumus, frusta in unam massam concreta; sanguis coagulatus; editus locus—a *lump, particles concreted into*

- a mass*; *Metaph. a riotous assembly, sedition, tumult*; *coagulated or clotted blood*; *an eminence.*
- Σρόνον, * flos, pl. rosæ; pigmentum; pharmacum, medicamentum, venenum—a *flower, pl. roses; paint; a medicine, medicament, poison.*
- 200 Σρόνος, sedes, sella, Thronus, sedes augusta, solium; regnum, imperium—a *seat, bench, Throne, an august or royal seat, grandeur, majesty; a kingdom, empire.* q. Σζάω, sedeo, to sit.
- Σρύλλος, susurrus, murmur, rumor, tumultus, colloquium clandestinum—a *whisper, murmur, rumour, tingle, Thrill, tumult, bustle, secret conversation.*
- Σρόνον, † juncus—a *rush, a city of Arcadia.*
- Σύλακος, * saccus, crumena, panarium, folliculus—a *sack, bag, wallet, scrip, purse, bladder.*
- Συρός, animus, mens; cupiditas; animi præstantia, præsentia et vehementia animi; animalis et vivificus spiritus; ira, excandescencia; pœna—the *mind; cupidity, desire; courage, vivacity, presence and eagerness of mind; the animal spirit, vital breath, life, soul; anger, Fume, rage; punishment.*
- 205 Σύννος, † Thunnus—a *Tunny, a large sea-fish.*
- Σύσανοι, pl. † fimbriæ—*borders, fringes, tassels.*

I

- Ίάλεμος, † Ialemus; cantilena lugubris—Ialemus, a *pitiful or mean poet; a mournful ditty*; adj. flebilis, lamentable, forlorn.
- Ίαμβος, Iambus, pes metricus, cui est syllaba brevis et longa; carmen talibus versibus constans; carmen convitiatorium et insectatorium—an *Iambus, or Iambic, i. e. a foot in verse, consisting of a long and short syllable; Iambic poetry; a piece of poetical raillery and invective, libellous or defamatory verse, Iambics, a Lampoon.*
- Ίζείον, * tabula, tabulatum—a *plank, table, board, bench, scaffold.*

ἰκτερός, † Icterus, morbus regius, qui e bile nascitur; avis galbula—the jaundice, a vitiation of the blood and humours arising from an absorption of the bile; a certain yellow bird.

210 Ἴλιον, Ilium, Ilion, & Ilios, urbs Troja—Ilium, the city of Troy, once the pride of Asia Minor. q. Ἴλιός, filius Trois regis.

ἴλλος, oculus—the eye. q. εἰλέω, verso.

ἰξός, Viscus, Viscum; arundo aucupatoria; varix—birdlime, a bird-catcher's or fowler's twig, a kind of viscous herb; a swollen vein: Metaph. tenax, parvus, tenacious, niggard, mean.

ἴον, * Viola, vaccinium—a violet.

ἰουδος, † lanugo, primi pili; varus in facie—rising down, soft hair; a pimple in the face.

215 ἰός, missile, jaculum, sagitta; venenum, rubigo metallorum, præcipue rubigo æris, ærugo—a missive weapon, a dart, javelin, an arrow; venom, poison, the rust of metals, especially of brass, verdigrise. q. ἵημι, mitto.

ἵππος, Aeol. ἴκκος, ὁ κῆ ἡ, Equus, Equæ; equitatus; nomen piscis; quædam affectio oculorum—a horse, a mare; the cavalry; a kind of fish; a twinkling and rolling of the eyes. q. ἰέσθαι πρὸς. In composition it augments and magnifies.

*Ἴρος, † Iros,—a very poor man mentioned by Homer.

ἰσθμὸς, Isthmus, terra angusta interclusa duplici mari; Isthmus Peloponnesi; aliquid Isthmo simile, fauces, guttur, &c.—an Isthmus, a narrow neck of land between two seas, which joins a peninsula to some other country; the Isthmus of Peloponnesus; any thing resembling an Isthmus, the neck of an hour-glass, the chops, gullet-pipe, throat, the neck or stopple of a vessel, a sieve or cullender, &c.

K

κῆβος, † mensura quædam—a kind of corn and wine measure.

- 220 κάδος, † Cadus, dolium, vas vinarium, situla—a barrel, hogthead, cask, basket, hamper.
- καιρός, occasio, temporis opportunitas; commoditas; modus; tempus—a fair occasion, suitable time, happy opportunity; convenience; a due medium, the golden mean, time, season.
- κάρσος, † licium—the thread of the weaver's woof, his yarn or weft.
- κάκλος, ἡ, † Cactus, spinosa quædam planta—a kind of thistle, a sort of thorny or prickly plant.
- κάλαδος, * Calathus, qualus, quasillus; poculum—a basket, a lady's work-basket, a hamper; a cup or vessel used at sacrifices.
- 225 κάλαμος, Calamus, arundo; culmus; virga geometrica, calamus scriptorius, tibia, stipula—a cane, a reed; a stalk, a stem, straw; a geometric, or measuring reed, a pencil, style, pen, oaten pipe, stubble.
- κᾶλον, lignum—wood, a piece of timber.
- κάλως, rudens—a cable; see the separate class.
- κάμηλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † Camelus—a Camel. But κάμιλος, funis nauticus, a ship's Cable.
- κάμινος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Caminus, fornax, furnus; ignis, flamma, æstus; ardor; pars quædam navis—a Chimney, furnace, oven, stove; a fire, flame, heat, ardour; a certain part of a ship.
- 230 κᾶναβος, † lignum tenue cui fictores ceram vel linum circumlinunt—a play doll, child's baby. pl. κᾶναβοι, fontes rivo multiplici sparsi, fountains of many rills: Metaph. homines graciles et macilenti, lank fellows.
- κᾶνθαρος, * scarabæus; Cantharus, poculi genus; piscis quidam litoralis; nota in lingua Apis; navigii genus—a beetle; a kind of cup, a jug, Can, Tankard; a sort of costal fish; a mark on the tongue of the Egyptian Apis; a kind of small ship, a coaster. Hence Cantharides, Spanish flies.



- κάπηλος, *Caupo*, institor, cujusque rei propola—a *huckster*,
petty-fogger, *factor*, *retailer*, *vintner*, *pedlar*, *Chapman*.
- καπνός, *fumus*—*smoke*; *Poet.* *ignis*, *fire*.
- κάπρος, *Aper*, verres—a *wild boar*, a *tame one*.
- 235 κάρδοπος, ἡ, † *maetra*—a *kneading trough*.
- κάσμηον, *caput*; *vertex*, *summitas*—*the head*; a *top*, *summit*.
 κάρμη, *invar.* *idem*.
- καρκίνος, * *Cancer*; *sidus cœleste*; *morbis*; *vinculi et cal-*
ceamenti genus; *forceps*—*the Crab fish*; *the celestial sign*
Cancer; *Canker*, an *eating ulcer*, one called a *Cancer*; a
kind of fillet, a *sort of shoe and stocking*; a *pair of tongs*.
 pl. *καρκίνοι*, *ossa duo jugalia*, quæ prope tempora comi-
 tuntur, *the two bones which unite near the temples*.
- κάσος, * *sopor cum gravedine*, *marcor*—*drowsiness*, *dimness*
of sight, *indigestion*. *καρώ*, *soporem cum gravedine*
affero.
- καρπός, *fructus*; *fœtus*, *semen*; *utilitas*, *emolumentum*;
Carpus, *palma*—*fruit*; *the fœtus*, *fruit of the womb*,
sperm, *semèn*; *utility*, *profit*, *emolument*, *the fruits of*
industry; *the wrist*, *the palm of the hand*; *q. d.* *that which*
gathers fruit, or *gets gain*. *καρπός φρηγῶν*, *prudence*.
- 210 *καρχήσιον*, † *Carchesium*, *summa pars mali nautici*, *antenna*;
peculum quoddam oblongum—*the mast-head*, *its tunnel or*
scuttle, *the sail-yard*; a *kind of oblong cup*.
- κασσιήρος*, † *stannum*, *plumbum album*—*tin*, *pewter*, *white*
lead.
- καυλός*, *Caulis*, *scapus in herba*; *hastæ extremitas*; *penis*—
 a *stalk*, *that of a cabbage*, *the stem of an herb*, *Colewort*;
the extremity or point of a spear; *the penis*.
- καῦνος*, † *sors*—a *lot*, *portion*: *sed καῦνός*, *malus*.
- κέγχρος*, * *milium*; *serpens quidam*, *qui milii granis con-*
spersus est; *adamantis genus*; *ornamentum vestis*; *granum*
ficus—*millet*; a *kind of serpent*, *the skin of which seems*
as if it were variegated with grains of millet; a *kind of*
adamant; an *ornament of dress*; *the grain of a fig*.

- 245 κέδρος, † Cedrus—the Cedar, a tree tall and fragrant.
 κέλαδος, strepitus, tumultus, clamor; sonus musicus—a sound,
 tingle, noise, tumult, clamour; an harmonious touch, a
 musical stroke.
 κέλευθος, ἡ, via, cum terrestris, tum marina, vel aërea—a
 way, road, journey, course, voyage, flight. pl. τὰ κέλευθα,
 viæ.
 κέραμος, terra figularis; vas fictile, tegula, instrumenta men-
 saria omnia—potter's clay; a potter's vessel, earthenware,
 a tile, utensils, table furniture of all kinds, plate, &c.
 κεραυνός, fulmen—a thunderbolt, lightning.
- 250 Κέρβερος, † Cerberus, canis infernalis, triceps, &c.—Cerberus,
 the dog with three heads and necks, guardian of Pluto's
 palace gate.
 κέρκος, ἡ, cauda; ansa poculi—the tail, hind part; the handle
 of a vessel.
 κημὸς. † Camus, capistrum; fiscella e vimine texta, cadus
 judicarius—a bridle, head-stall, halter; an osier basket, a
 ballot box.
 κῆπος, hortus; pubes muliebris; tonsuræ quoddam genus—
 a garden, well kept plat of ground; a woman's privy-
 parts; a particular cut or tonsure.
 κηρός, Cera—wax.
- 255 κίβωλος, ἡ, † arca, cista, capsula—an ark, coffer, chest, Crib,
 case, bag.
 κίγκλος, † Cinclus, motacilla—a wagtail.
 κίκιννος, † Cincinnus, cirrus, crinis intortus—a curled lock,
 braided hair.
 κίναδος, ε, ὄ, & εος, τὸ, † vulpes; homo vafer—a fox; a sly
 and wily person, one of low cunning.
 κίνδυνος, periculum, discrimen—danger, hazard, peril.
- 260 κιννάμωμον, † Cinnamomum—Cinnamon,
 κίρκος, * Circus, locus in orbem rediens, Circulus, annulus;
 accipitris species, falco—the Circus, area for sports which
 was surrounded with benches, a Circle, a ring; a kind of
 hawk, a falcon,



κισσός, † varix—a swollen vein.

κισσός, s. Att. κιστός, * hедера—ivy

κλάδος, * ramus tener et flexilis, ramus—a tender and pliant branch, a twig, a bough. q. κλάω, frango.

200 κλήρος, sors; sortitio; portio; hæreditas—a lot; the act of casting lots; what falls to one by lot, a share, portion; an inheritance, heritage.

κλίβανος, † Clibanus in quo hordeum coquitur; Clibanus quivis; focus, caminus—an oven for drying and baking barley; an oven in general; a fire-hearth, stove, chafing-dish.

κλόνος, tumultus, perturbatio—tumult, disturbance, perturbation.

κνώδαλον, † bellua marina vel terrestris, animans—a sea or land beast, an animal, ox, horse, serpent, &c.

κόβαλος, † vafer, maleficus, blaterator, adulator, impostor, deceptor; Cobalus, dæmon quidam—crafty, wily, ill-disposed, a babbler, flatterer, false pretender, quack, deceiver, Cobbler; Cobalus, a kind of demon, a Goblin.

270 κόθορνος, † Cothornus, calceus altus utrique pedi sexuique aptus—a buskin, a kind of half-boot, or high shoe, adapted to each foot and sex, worn by ancient tragedians.

κόρσανος, princeps, imperator, dominus—a prince, commander, ruler, chieftain, lord.

κόκκος, granum pomorum et similium, bacca, pillula apud medicos, granum ilicis arboris rubens, quo punicea efficiuntur: κόκκος, ἡ, frutex surculosus, cui grana adhærent quibus tinctorum utuntur, Coecum, puniceus color ex Cocco factus—apple-pippins, pippins of the pomegranate, &c. the kernel of any fruit, a berry, a medical pill. the ruddy kernel of the evergreen, or scarlet oak, with which scarlets are dyed: f. a shrub full of shoots, to which those kernels adhere which are used in dying scarlet, Cochineal, the grain which gives the purple dye, red or scarlet colour produced from that grain, cloth of crimson.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

- κολεός, * vagina, Culeus, Loculus, hydria; avis quædam—
a sheath, case, bag, coffer, coffin, water-pot; a kind of
bird.
- κόλλυβος, & -ον, † Collybus, numisma cui bovis imago im-
pressa est; pecuniæ permutatio—a certain coin stamped
with the image of an ox, or bearing a boval impression;
exchange of money.
- 275 κολλύριον, † Collyrium, oculorum medicamentum—Collyrium,
an application or ointment for the eyes.
- κόλοιός, † graculus, monedula, parva cornix—a jay, magpie,
daw, rook.
- κόλον, cibus; intestinum—meat, food; an intestine. pl. τὰ
κόλα, ossa, membra, bones, members, limbs. κόλον, for
κῶλον, membrum.
- κόλοσσός, † Colossus, statua magnitudinis ingentis—the Co-
lossus of Rhodes, a statue of immense magnitude: Metaph.
any thing of enormous size, great bulk, or out of the way
with regard to magnitude.
- κόλπος, sinus, gremium—the bosom, hollow of the breasts,
side of the uterus, a bay, Gulf, the bottom of a wound,
the folds of clothes. q. καλύπτω, tego.
- 280 κολωνός, * Collis, tumulus, locus editus, montis fastigium—
a hill, mound, eminence, a summit, mountain top.
- κόμαρος, ὁ κ̄ η̄, † arbutus—a crab-tree.
- κόμβος, † nodus, nodulus—a node, knot.
- κομμός, ornatus nimis accuratus, nitor fucatus, fucus, man-
gonium—over-niceness in apparel, superfluous adorning,
false splendour, painted dress, paint, a trimming off.
Item, plangor, planctus, ἀκόπτοιμαι, plango.
- κόμπρος, stridor apri dentes acuentis; strepitus, crepitus;
sonitus saltantium; jactantia, gloriatio—the noise made by
a boar when he sharpens his teeth or grinds his tusks; a
sound, grating noise; the din of dancers; swagger,
boasting, bombast, bragging.
- 285 κόναβος, * sonitus, strepitus—a sound, din, noise.



- κόνδυλος, *digiti articulus et junctura; pugnus; ictus; nodus in brachio vel humero—the knuckle; jst; a stroke; the elbow or shoulder-joint.*
- κονίος, † *Contus, pertica, hasta nautica—a long water-gauge or staff, a waterman's pole, an oar.*
- κόπρος, ἡ, *stercus, fimus, cœnum, lutum—dung, excrement, dirt, mire, clay.*
- κοράλλιον, † *Corallium—a Coral, a submarine leafless plant.*
- 290 κόρυμβος, -ον, *vertex, cacumen, eminentia, montium cacumen, aplustria, extremæ navium partes; coma certo modo nodata, caulis, racemus, ramus, Corymbus, bacca—the top or crown of the head, a top, height, eminence, a mountain top, the flags or streamers of ships, their sterns or hind parts; hair braided after a particular manner, a stalk, colewort, the stalk of asparagus, its grains, a top twig, a branch, a bunch of ivy berries, a berry, small fruit.*
- κόσκινον, † *cribrum—a sieve.*
- κόσμος, *ordo, modus et ratio, disciplina; ornatus muliebris, pulchritudo, decus; mundus, orbis terrarum, cœlum; homines; imperium Romanum—order, a way, plan, ratio, method, discipline; female adorning, an ornament, beauty, neatness; the world, globe of the earth, the heavens, the fair creation, nature's beauteous frame; mankind; the Roman empire.*
- κόσσυμβος, † *nodus, &c.—a knot, a bordered or tasselled garment, a kind of polling.*
- κόλινος, † ὁ κὶ ἡ, *oleaster, oliva silvatica; corona ex oleastro; acinus—the wild olive, an olive crown, a chaplet; a grapestone, ivy berries.*
- 295 κόλιος, & κόλιον, *ira vetus et diu in mente reposita, ira—abiding anger, inveterate or lasting hate, wrath reserved, rancour, anger.*
- κότιλαβος, † *Cottabus, genus lusus convivalis—an Athenian play, in which they dashed liquor on the floor, forming love conjectures from its sound, a dashing sound, crack of a whip.*



- κόφινος. † Cophinus, corbis, qualus; mensura quædam—a twig-basket, hamper, tray, Coffin; a kind of measure.
- κόχως, † humor abunde fluens—a copious flow of humour, or of water.
- κράβατος, † Grabatus—a pallet bed, one low and mean, a hammock.
- 300 κρέμβαλον, † Crembalum, crepitaculum—a child's rattle, a coral, Timbrel, &c.
- κρήδεμνον, ligamentum capitis, vitta, velamentum capitis collisque; operculum—a binding or bandage for the head, a fillet, ligature, ribbon, hood and tippet; a lid or cover.
- κρημνός, rupes præceps, præcipitium; ripa, quodcunque altum et prominens est—a pendent rock, a precipice, headlong steep; a bank, any thing high and jutting out. q. κρεμάω, pendeo.
- κρίνον, † farina crassior; hordeum; panis e crassiore hordei farina—coarse flour; barley; bread made of coarse barley meal.
- κρίνον, † liliū; cucurbita; cucurbitæ flos; saltationis species; τὰ κρίνα, pauperes—a lily; a gourd; its flower; a kind of dance; pl. paupers.
- 305 κριός, * Aries, dux ovium; signum cæleste; navis ariete decorata; machina bellica; voluta in capitalis columnarum—a ram, a tup; Aries, a sign of the Zodiac; a ship bearing a ram for its sign; a battering ram; an ornament in the chapters of pillars resembling vine leaves.
- κρόκος, -ον, Crocus, -um—the Crocus, saffron; also the yolk of an egg.
- Κρόνος, Saturnus; senex morosus et maleficus; fatuus, delirus—Saturn; a morose, Saturnine and mischievous old fellow; a fool, a dotard. q. χρόνος, tempus.
- κροσσός, ora vestis, fimbria, limbus, villus—the border of a garment, its selvage, a fringe.

- κροτάφος, * tempus, pars capitis inter oculos et aures—the temple of the head, that part where the pulsation is perceived. q.
- 310 κρόσιος, pulsus; plausus, favor; Crepitatio quam rostro ciconia edit—a beating or striking, the agitation of air or water; applause, the clap of approbation, favour; the Crepitation which the stork makes with her beak.
- κρῆνός, scatebra, scaturigo, fons saliens—a spring, a bubbling fountain.
- κρύσταλλος, ὁ κ' ἢ, glacies, gelu; Crystallus, lapis pellucidus—f. ice, frost; m. & f. Crystal, a transparent stone, Crust.
- q. κρύος, εος, τὸ, gelu.
- κρῦβυλλος, † cincinnus—curled hair.
- κρωσσός, † hydra, urceus—a water vessel, pitcher, pot.
- 315 κτεῖρα, pl. * exequiae, justa, inferiae—funeral honours and solemnities, sepulchral rites, interment, sacrifices for the dead.
- κίβηλος, * aries, dux ovium—a ram or tup; adj. cicur, mansuetus, mild, tame, gentle, elegant.
- κύαθος, * Cyathus, vas potarium; mensura—the Cyathus, a glass, a cup, goblet; a small liquid measure.
- κύαμος, faba; calculus, sors; papilla extumescens; animalcula sub hydiis; mensura quaedam; sors—a bean; a suffrage, a lot; a rising dug; animalcula found under the water in marshy places; an apothecary's measure; one's lot.
- κύανος, color cæruleus, lapis vel succus in metallis hujus coloris; floris nomen; aqua marina; avis quaedam—azure, light blue, sky colour, the ethereal blue; a pebble or blue seam in minerals; a flower; sea-water; a certain bird. Adj. cæruleus, cerulean, azure.
- 320 κύβος, Cubus, tessera; lusus tesserarum, unio tesserae insculpta, quadratus panis, cubicus numerus, spina vertebræ, et imprimis colli, numisma, nota, aliquid quadratum—a Cube, a die; a play, game at dice, the diamond ace, a square loaf, a Cubic number, a knuckle or joint-breadth of

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, in. ον, η.

the chine, especially that next to the neck, a kind of coin, a note, mark on cloth, any thing formed into a square.

κυδοιμὸς, turba, tumultus—*trouble, tumult, commotion.*

κῦδος, * convitium, probrum—*reproach, infamy, a stain, dishonour.* But κῦδος, εος, τὸ, gloria, q. v.

κύκλος, Circulus, orbis, Cycclus, circus, circuitus, ambitus; annulus, corona hominum; ambitus verborum, tabula orbicularis—a *Circle, orb, Cycclus or Cycle, periodical revolution, the circus, a circuit, circumvallation; a ring, assemblage of people; a circumlocution, a plate or trencher, a round table*: pl. οἱ κύκλοι, καὶ τὰ κύκλα, rotæ, rotarum orbes, *wheels, their circumferences.* κύκλω, pro ἐν κύκλω, *in circuitu.*

κύκνος, † Cygnus, olor—a *swan.*

325 κύμβος, cavus recessus, cavitas; ollæ fundum—a *deep recess, a cavity, cave, den; the bottom of a pot or kettle.*

κύμινον, † Cuminum, Cuminum—the *herb or seed Cumin.*

κυτόριστος, ἡ, * Cupressus—the *Cypress-tree, emblem of mourning.*

κύπερος, ἡ, † Cyperum—a *kind of rush, galingal, Cyperus.*

κύπελλον, * Cypellum, quoddam genus poculi—a *kind of Cup.*

330 κύπρος, Cyprus, arbor quædam; Cyprus, insula Veneri olim sacra; mensura quædam—the *Cypress-tree; the isle of Cyprus, which was formerly sacred to Venus; a kind of measure.*

κῶλον, membrum corporis; periodi pars; intestinum crassum; alvus—a *member of the body; that of a sentence, a Colon; the great gut; the paunch.*

κῶμος, commessatio, convivium lascivum, lascivîa; Comus, commessationum deus—a *public festival, an entertainment, a carnival, revelry, debauchery, lasciviousness; Comus, the god of banqueting, divinity of the festive board.*

κῶνος, Conus, turbo, meta, apex galeæ, volucrum—a *Cone, Conic figure, a pillar of a Conic or sugar-loaf form, the*

rundle or ball on the chapter of a pillar, the top of an helmet, a turban, folded sash, any thing tapering upwards, or gradually terminating in a narrow top.

κώρυκος, * *pera*, saccus coriaceus, pila, folliculus—a bag, leathern budget, knapsack, ball, bladder.

Λ

335 λαβύρινθος, † *Labyrinthus*, locus multis ambagibus viarum inflexus—a *Labyrinth*, a place of many turnings and windings, a maze.

λάγηνος, ἡ, † *Lagena*, genus poculi mensuræque, sextarius—a *Flagon*, a kind of cup and measure, a Roman one of about three gills, the sextarius.

λαγῶς, Att. ως, Ion. ος, *Lepus*; signum cœleste—a hare; a constellation.

λαιμὸς, guttur, gula, jugulus, fames—the throat, hunger.

λακκὸς, † fossa, fovea, Lacuna, puteus, cisterna—a ditch, pitfall, Lake, pit, well, cistern.

340 λαὸς, Att. λέως, *populus*, turba—the people, the Laity, a throng, press, crowd.

λαρκὸς, † *corbis*—a basket, one for coals.

λάρος, * *Larus*, gavia—a marine crow, a sea-gull, water-fowl, voracious bird of prey: Metaph. a covetous and rapacious man.

λέγνον, † *fimbria*, ora vestis—a fringe, the border of a garment.

λείριον, *Lilium*, flos narcissi, flos—a *Lily*, daffodil, a flower.

345 λέκιθος, † *pisum*, lens cui cortex detracta, pulmentum e leguminum farina—a pea, shelled lentils, pulse or pottage made of the meal or flour of peas, beans, or lentils. But

λέκιθος, ἡ, † *vitellus*, ovi luteum, the yolk of an egg.

λέμβος, † *Lembus*, navigium parvum—a brig, bark, yacht, pinnace, little boat.

Λέσβος, † *Lesbus*—the isle of Lesbos.

- λήϊον, *seges, triticum; campus segetum—standing corn, wheat; corn-fields, the laughing and singing champaign.*
- 350 λήκυθος, ἡ, *Lecythus, vas olearium, ampulla olearia, ampulla unguentaria; arcula pigmentaria; pigmenta oratoria; scriptum magno studio et elucubratione confectum—an oil-glass or cruet, an oil-vessel, a box for ointment and perfumes; a paint-box; rhetorical flourishes; a polished literary performance.*
- λημνίσκος, † *Lemniscus, fasciola e corona dependens; linamentum—a coloured ribbon, a garter, a fillet, the tassels of a coronet or garland; lint.*
- ληνός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, *torcular; lacus in prato, cavitas in curru, receptaculum mali nautici, canalis—a wine-press; a lake or pond in a meadow, cavity in a chariot, the mast-hole of a ship, a canal.*
- λήρος, vel οἱ λήροισι, *nugæ, ineptiæ; nugator—trifles, fooleries; a trifler.*
- λίβανος, *thus, arbor thurifera; Libanus, mons Syriæ—frankincense, the frankincense-tree; Libanus, a mountain of Syria.*
- 355 λίθος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, *Lapis, saxum; lapis pretiosus, gemma—a stone, rock, flint; a precious stone, a gem; a slave-market.*
- λιμνός, *ventilabrum, vannus—a winnowing fan, a corn-van.*
- λιμός, *fames, esuries, penuria ciborum—hunger, want of food, famine.*
- λίνον, *Linum; filum Lineum; filum quodvis; citharæ chorda; rete; Linea piscatoria; textum quoddam e Lino; Linteum, velum—flax, Linen; a flaxen or Linen thread; a thread in general; a string of the harp or lyre; a net; the angler's Line; a flaxen or Linen web; canvas, a sail.*
- λίτρον, † *scaphula seu ventilabrum ad complanandum solum; radula—an instrument used by paviers in setting and leveling the road; a raddle, a grater.*
- 360 λιχανός, *index digitus, sonitus harmonicus—the fore-finger; an harmonious sound.*

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

- λοβός, Lobus, ima pars auris; hepatis extremitas; siliqua
—the Lobe, bottom of the ear; extremity of the liver; a
bean-cod, an husk.
- λοιγός, perniciēs, exitium—ruin, destruction, death.
- λοιδορός, convitiator, qui probro afficit, maledicus—a railer,
reviler, detractor, reproacher, defamer.
- λοιμός, pestis, pestilentia, lues, contagium; pestilens homo—
plague, pestilence, an epidemic disease, a contagion, the
murrain; a pestilent fellow, a pest.
- 365 λόφος, cervix jumenti hominisque; crista galeæ, necnon
avium; collis, tumulus—the neck of beast and man, the
mane; an helmet's crest, a cockade, the tuft upon the head
of certain birds; a hill, mound, Loft.
- λόχος, cohors, agmen; insidiæ—a cohort, company, troop;
an ambushade.
- λοχός, ἡ, grāvīda, puerpera—a pregnant female, child-bearing
woman: Poet. a childing mother.
- λύγδος, ἡ, † Lygdus, lapis eximii candoris, Parium marmor
—a stone of excellent whiteness, Parian marble.
- λύγος, ἡ, vitex, vimen, virga, bacillum—a Twig, switch,
shrub, rod, staff.
- 370 Λυδός, † Lydus—a Lydian, a native of Lydia.
- λύθρον, * cruor, sanguis pulverulentus, sanies—gore, commin-
gled dust and blood, putrid gore, corruption.
- λύκος, Lupus; lupatum; flos herbæ iridis; instrumentum
quoddam coquinarium; avis e monedularum genere; piscis
quidam; aranei genus; pastilli nomen adstringentis et de-
siccantis; sol—a wolf; a sharp bit, that of a lupated bridle,
a curb; the flower of the herb flower-de-luce; a kitchen
utensil, a pastil; a bird of the jackdaw kind; a sort of
fish; a kind of spider; a little roll or ball of an astringent
and drying quality; the sun.
- λύχνος, pl. οἱ λύχνοι, τὰ λύχνα, Lychnus, Lucerna, candela
—a Link or torch, a lamp, candle. q. λευκός, albus.
- λύωος, † Lous—a month correspondent to August.

- 375 λωλός, Lotus, arbor dulcis, apta ad gustum cantumque ; trifolium—the Lotus, a tree, the fruit of which is very agreeable, a Lotus pipe ; the herb trefoil. Dor. γ. λωλῶ. λωλὸν φαγεῖν, to eat of the Lotus ; i. e. to be forgetful of home, to prefer a strange country to one's own.

M

- μάγγανον, † veneficium, præstigiæ, machinamentum præstigiatorium ; pessulus seræ, repagulum—an empoisoning, sorcery, juggling, legerdemain ; the bolt of a door, a barrier.
- μάγειρος, † coquus, qui cibos parat—a cook, dresser of victuals.
- Μάγος, Magus, sapiens apud Persas, rerum naturalium divinarumque peritus ; magicæ artis peritus, veneficus, præstigiator—one of the Magi or Persian sages, a Persian well versed in physics and divinity, or possessing a deep knowledge of things natural and divine. (The same as a Philosopher among the Greeks. But many of the Magi being skilled in the art of Magic, it is also taken for) a Magician, sorcerer, enchanter, impostor.
- μάζος, mamma, mamilla ; nutrix—the breast, a dug, a teat ; a nurse.
- 380 µαίανδρος, Mæandrus, vel Mæander, fluvius Phrygiæ, admodum flexuosus et sinuosus—a river of Phrygia of many turnings, windings, and bays, the serpentine and sinuous Meander. Hence Meanders, turnings, serpentine streams, winding water-courses. To Meander, to flow in winding streams, to run in a serpentine bed.
- µαλλός, Vellus, lana promissa, Villus ; coma promissa, cirrus, cincinnus—a fleece of Wool, dangling or shaggy locks, a pelt ; long hair, a tuft, lock, curl.
- µάννος, † Monile, armilla—a necklace, bracelet.
- µάραγδος vel σµάραγδος, † Smaragdus—an emerald, a precious stone of a green colour.



- μάργαρον, Margarita, unio—a pearl.
- 385 μάρσπιος, vel μάρσιπος, † Marsupium, crumena, locus—
a bag, scrip, satchel, purse, safe. μάρσ-ιπιος, -ύπιον, &
-ιπιον, id.
- μαστρωτός, & ἡς, ὁ κὶ ἡ, † leno vel lena—a pimp, bawd,
Strumpet. μαστός, idem.
- μέδιμνος, † Medimnus—the Medimnus, a measure of six
bushels.
- μέλαθρον, * domus, lacunar, media trabs tecti—a house, its
mid-beam, the beam of the roof, that of the ceiling from
which hung the lamp.
- μέταλλον, Metallum, fodina—Metal, a mineral, a mine.
Hence, a Medal.
- 390 μέτρον, Mensura, modus, temperamentum; vas quo aliquid
Metimur; Mensura in carmine—Measure, a mean, due
proportion, that which is Meet; a Measure; poetic Mea-
sure, Metre, Measured verse.
- Μηδός, † Medus, filius Medæ; Medus, i. e. ex Media ori-
undus—Medus, the son of Medea; a Mede, native of
Media.
- μῆλον, ovis, pecus—a sheep, a flock. pl. μῆλα, pecudes,
cattle.
- μῆλον, Dor. μάλον, κὶ τὰ μῆρα, † Malum, pomum—an apple, a pear,
Melon, fruit. pl. μῆλα, genæ, the cheeks.
- Μηλος, ἡ, † Melus—Melus, one of the isles of the Cyclades,
a city of the same isle.
- 395 μῆρινδός, † funiculus—a cord, line, string.
- μηρός, pl. οἱ μηροὶ, κὶ τὰ μῆρα, femur; crus—the thigh; the
leg. pl. m. & n. μῆρον, id. q. μείρω, divido.
- μίλλος, ἡ, † minium, rubrica; rubigo segetum—red lead,
vermilion; mildew.
- μισθός, merces, præmium laborum; salarium, stipendium
militum, habitationis pretium—a reward, workman's wages,
the labourer's hire; salary, a stipend, soldiers' pay, house-
rent.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ὄς, m. ov, n.

- μίσκοι, οἱ, † frusta et rejectamenta cœnarum—*fragments, crumbs.*
- 400 μῆλος, licium, filum; fides citharæ—the woof, weft, a thread; the strings of the harp, musical chords.
- μῆλον, † muscus, alga—*moss, sea-weed.*
- μόγος, Poet. labor, molestia, ærumna—*labour, toil, molestation, hardship, trouble, affliction.*
- μόδος, † labor; bellum, pugna; tumultus, seditio—*labour, toil; war, battle, fight, tumult, civil commotion, sedition, dismay.*
- μοιχὸς, adulter, Mæchus; tonsura cinædica et indecora—an adulterer, debauchee; a lascivious and indecorous polling, an immodest cut of the hair, hair in wanton trim.
- 405 μολγὸς, † Bulga, saccus coriaceus, culeus—a budget, knapsack, a leathern sack or bag, one for oil or wine.
- μόλιβδος, plumbum—*lead.*
- μόλος, labor, pugna; fremitus—*labour, fight, noise, din, uproar.*
- μόσχος, ὃ καὶ ἦ, quodcumque est juvene novumque, vitulus, -la, juvenca; ramulus, novellum germen, stolo, pampinus, capreolus, odor pretiosissimus, Muscus—*whatever is young, fresh, and new, a calf, an heifer, a twig, young shoot, a tendril, a cheveril or kid; an excellent odour, Musk. pl.*
- μόσχοι, plantæ, young plants or grafts. Adj. tener, novellus, apud Hom. tender, young, fresh.
- μόλος, * linteum, linamentum carptum—*linen cloth, lint for wounds.*
- 410 μόχθος, labor, miseria, ærumnæ, calamitas, molestia; lassitudo—*labour, toil, misery, trouble, calamity, molestation, lassitude, weariness.*
- μοχλὸς, pl. οἱ μοχλοὶ, καὶ τὰ μοχλὰ, vectis; pessulus, obex—a lever, iron crow; a bar, bolt, Lock. q. ὀχλεύω, moveo.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ου, n.

μῦδος, † ferrum ignitum; globus candens—*ignited or red-hot iron; a burning mass, hot ball.*

μυελός, Medulla—*marrow, pith.*

μῦθος, verbum, oratio; fabula; colloquium, consilium, seditio; mandatū—*that which comes from the Mouth, viz. a word, discourse, speech, an oration; a moral tale, a fable; a colloquy, conference, parley, consultation, sedition; a mandate or charge. ἐπειθεῖο μῦθῳ, he obeyed the order given. Il. l. 33. q. θυμός, mens.*

415 μῦρμος, Formica—*an ant, a pismire.*

μύρον, unguentum, oleūm odorūm—*ointment, perfume. q. μύρω, fluo.*

μύρτος, ἡ, Myrtus—*a Myrtle, the Myrtle-tree.*

μυχός, penetrale, intimus locus, recessus; sinus maris—*a closet, inner chamber, private retreat, snug corner, recess; a bay of the ocean, an harbour for ships. pl. μυχοί, penetralia et latebræ, lairs and dens, holds and caverns.*

μῶκος, † irrisor, derisor, cavillator, stultus, fatuus, aīens—*a scoffer, scorner, Mocker, wrangler, fool.*

420 μῶλος, * bellum, pugna, tumultus; ædificium in fluctibus extractum, Moles, lapillus, pondus—*war, battle, fight, tumult; a hut built on the sea-beat shore, or an edifice raised on the sands, a structure near the water-mark, a Mole, pier, harbour, a sea-shell, a weight.*

μῶμος, probrum, dedecus, macula, labes, infamia, ignominia, vituperatio; Momus, deus reliquorum deorum omnium irrisor et reprehensor; homo deum istum imitans, omniaque reprehendens et irridens, cavillator, irrisor, vituperator—*disgrace, dishonour, reproach, a spot, stain, deformity, shame, infamy, ignominy, the act of blaming; Momus, the god who blames and ridicules all the other deities; an imitator of that scoffing divinity; he who finds fault with, and ridicules every thing, a wrangler, scoffer, reproacher, blamer.*

N

- νάνος*, † *Nanus*, *pumilio*—*a dwarf*.
ναός, Att. *νέως*, *templum*, *ædes*, *fanum*—*a temple*, *Fane*,
church. q. *ναίω*, *habito*.
νάρδος, ἡ, † *Nardus*—*Nard*, *an odoriferous shrub*, *Spikenard*.
 425 *νεβρός*, * *pullus cervi*, *hinnulus*, *dama*—*a young hart or stag*,
a fawn, *fallow-deer*.
νέννος, † *avunculus* vel *patruus*—*an Uncle*.
νεοσσος, Att. *νέοτλος*, *pullus*, *nidus*—*a young bird*, *a chick*,
nestling.
νεύρον, *Nervus*; *robur*, *vis*; *fides*, *nervus arcus*—*a Nerve*;
strength, *force*; *a string of music*, *a bow-string*.
νεφρός, † *ren*—*the kidney*: pl. *the reins*: in *Scrip. Sac. cogi-*
tatio.
 430 *νήπιος*, *infans*, *parvulus*; *stultus*, *imprudens*—*an infant*, *a*
child, *a little one*; *a person of weak intellects*, *a child in*
understanding.
νήσος, ἡ, *insula*; *vestis quam undique purpura ambit*—*an*
island; *a vest selvaged or bordered round with red*, *a gar-*
ment fringed about with purple.
νίτρον, † *Nitrum*, *sali simile*—*Nitre*, *saltpetre*.
νόος, νῆς, G. *νόσ*, νῆ, D. *νόω*, νῶ, &c. *mens*, *animus*, *sensus*, *sen-*
tentia, *intellectus*, *cogitatio*—*the mind*, *seat of thought*,
perceptive faculty, *sense*, *perception*, *opinion*, *sentiment*,
intellect, *understanding*, *thought*, *cogitation*.
νόσος, ἡ, *morbus*, *ægritudo*, *languor*, *imbecillitas*; *vitium*—
a disease, *sickness*, *disorder*, *languor*, *weakness*, *imbecility*;
a defect, *taint*.
 435 *νότος*, *Notus*, *auster*; *pars cæli australis*—*the south-wind*;
the south.
νύος, ἡ, † *Nurus*; *sponsa*—*a daughter-in-law*, *a bride*.
νώγαλα, † pl. *Nogala*, *edulia suavia et delicata*, *scitamenta*
coquorum—*sweetmeats*, *dainties*, *delicacies*, *saucers*, *the*
height of seasoning.
νώτος, pl m. & n. *dorsum*, *tergum*—*the back*; *a shelf in*
the sea.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

Ξ

ξένος, hospes, advena, peregrinus, alienus—a guest, a way-faring man, a stranger, foreigner, alien, barbarian.

440 ξύλον, lignum, tignum—wood, timber, a beam, rafter.

Ο

ὀβελός, veru; verutum; in margine librorum nota—a spit; a spear, dart; a marginal note. ὀβελίζω, Obelo noto, expungo.

ὀβολός, Obolus, nummus sextam partem drachmæ valens; usuræ genus—an Obolus, small Athenian coin, value five farthings; a kind of usury.

ὄγκος, tumor; moles; prominentia, gravitas; Uncus, fastus, majestas—a tumour or swelling; a dam, mole; a prominence, a jutty; a hook; pride, grandeur, majesty.

ὄγμος, * sulcus; linea a messoribus facta; plantarum ordo, series, ordo, via—a furrow, a trench; a line formed by reapers or harvest-men; a row of trees or plants; a series or train, an order, course, way.

445 ὁδός, ἡ, Dl. Att. τὴν ὁδὴν, via, iter; ratio, methodus; auxilium viæ; insidiæ quæ juxta viam struuntur—a way, path, road, journey; manner, method, way of proceeding, provisions for a journey, a viaticum, relief upon the road; an ambushade, way-laying, ambush.

ὄζος, nodus arboris, ramus—the knot of a tree, a knot in wood, a branch or bough, a club. Metaph. ὄζος Ἀρεῖος, homo bellicosus, quasi Martis ramus, prognatus Marte, a hero, marshalman, q. d. a limb of Mars, a son of war.

οἶκος, domus; familia; facultates—a house; household, family; goods, furniture.

ὀϊκλος, misericordia, commiseratio; ejulatus—compassion, pity, commiseration; lamentation.

οἶνος, Vinum—Wine. q. ὄνω, juvo.

450 οἰστρός, Oestrus, asilus, tabanus, musca æstate boves infestans; stimulus furibundus, furor; insania, irritatio, cu-

- piditatis stimulus—the *ox-fly*, horse or *dun-fly*, breeze, gad-bee, a tike; a hotspur, desperate incentive, fury, passion; madness, irritation, the spur of desire.
- πίλος, * ærumna, calamitas, miseria; infelix fatum, exitium, interitus, mors—trouble, calamity, wretchedness; misery; a gloomy destiny, luckless stars, destruction, death.
- πίωνος, avis, volucris; ales; augurium, auspicium, omen—a bird, a large fowl; augury, i. e. divination from the flight or song of birds, a hint or token taken from the actions of the feathered race, a sign, an omen.
- πίονος, pigritia, ignavia, segnitia; metus adeundi laboris; timor; ardeæ species—sloth, indolence, sluggishness, restiveness; a loathness to work, dread of labour, faint-heartedness; a bird of the heron kind.
- πίβος, beatitudo, felicitas; possessio agrorum, opes, divitiæ, opulentia—beatitude, blessedness, felicity, happiness, the smiles of fortune, felicitous circumstances; landed property, an ample estate, a fair inheritance, wide domains, wealth, riches, opulence. Dor. G. ὄλβω. q. ὄλος βίος.
- 455 ὄλισθος, Lapsus qui in lubrico fit, prolapsio—a slip, a fall caught in slippery places, a falling forward, a tumble, danger.
- ὄλμος, * mortarium, pilum; poculi genus; truncus corporis; tripus (G. tripodis) Apollinis—a mortar, a pestle; a kind of clumsy and unpolished cup; the trunk of the body; the tripod of Apollo: adj. stupidus, dull.
- * Ὀλυμπος. Olympus, mons altissimus Thessaliæ, seu Macedoniæ Thessaliam continentis, cujus vertex cælum tangere videtur; cælum, apud poet.—Olympus, a very high mountain of Thessaly in Macedonia, whose summit pierced the clouds, gained aerial heights, and seemed to border on the sky: Metaph. & Poet. heaven, the bright abode of divinities. q. ὄλος, & λάμπω, luceo.
- ὄλυσθος, † grossus, ficus immatura—a green or unripe fig. ex ὄλειν τὸ ἄνθος.

- ἄμβρος, Imber, pluvia—rain, a shower. q. ὄμβρ᾽ ῥεῖν.
- 460 ὄμηρος, obses; Homerus—an hostage, a pledge; Homer, the Grecian bard, the unrivalled poet.
- ὄμιλος, cœtus, turba, multitudo hominum; turma, caterva; plebs, vulgus; strepitus, tumultus—an assemblage or course of people, a crowd, press, throng, multitude; military divisions and ranks; the common people, plebeians, the vulgar; noise, din, tumult. q. ὄμβρ᾽, simul, & ἰλη, turma, agmen.
- ὄμφαλός, Umbilicus, Umbo—the Navel, nave, boss, center, bottom.
- ὄνθος, † stercus, fœmus jumentorum—ordure, the dung of cattle.
- ὄνος, ὁ ἄσῃ ἡ, asinus, -a; piscis quidam, locustæ genus, insectum, multipeda, cutio, porcellio, axis, fusus, superior mollæ lapis, vasis genus, unio in tessera, organi species, machina quædam—an ass; a certain fish, a kind of locust, an insect, the multipede, or woodlouse, a grasshopper, cheeselip, palmer-worm, a wheel or crane, an axis, a spindle, the upper millstone, a kind of vessel, the diamond die, ace point, a sort of organ or instrument, a kind of machine. παρὰ τὸ ὀνήσασθαι, a juvando.
- 465 ὄπιον, † Opium, succus lacteus ex scapo—the juice of poppies, their inspissated juice. R. ὀπός, succus.
- ὄπλον, telum, scutum, instrumentum—a dart, shield, instrument. pl. ὄπλα, arma, arms, implements.
- ὀπός, succus, humor, liquor—juice, sap, humour, liquor.
- ὄργανον, Organum, instrumentum—an organ, instrument, machine. q. ἔργον, opus.
- ὄργια, pl. Orgia, proprie sacra Liberi; sacra aliorum deorum; mysteria, sacra arcaniora—Orgies, the rites of Bacchus; ceremonies of other divinities; mysteries, solemnities of more than ordinary silence and secrecy. q. ὄργη, impetus, impulsus.

- 470 ὄρδιρος, diluculum—*day-break, early red, blushes of the morning.* ὄρδιρος & ὄρδιρινός, matutinus, in, or of the morning, early.
- ῥεμος, juramentum, jusjurandum, fœdus—*an oath, affidavit, pact, engagement.*
- ἰσμᾶδος, † ordo, series, series catenata, catena; lustrum, latibulum—*order, a series, sequel, a linked train or series, a chain; a den, lair, cavern, hold, hiding-place.*
- ῥμος, monile, colli ornamentum; statio, navale—*a necklace, collar, chain of gold, bracelet; a station, road, harbour, dock.*
- ῥσβος, † ervum, legumen—*a kind of pulse.*
- 475 ῥόδαμνος, † surculus, ramus—*a shoot, twig, branch.*
- ῥος, terminus, limes, finis, meta, scopus; nodus et regula, definitio—*a boundary, limit, border, frontier, termination, end, aim, scope, object; measure and rule, definition, estimate.* Sed ῥος, εος, τὸ, mons. q. v.
- ῥός, καὶ ῥῥός, serum lactis; aqueus humor in pice; pix—*whey; a watery humour in pitch or resin; pitch.*
- ῥῥος, † linea scrotum dividens, sacri ossis extremum, podex—*the line which divides the scrotum, the extremity of the os sacrum, the fundament.*
- ῥρυμαγδός, * strepitus, fragor, tumultus—*a noise, crash, tumult.*
- 480 ῥρχος, plantarum series, vitium ordo; Hortus—*a row of trees, ranks of vines; a garden, Orchard.*
- ῥσπιον, † legumen—*pulse.*
- ῥσέον, -ῆν, G. ἔσ, -ῆ, Os; Costa—*a bone, a rib.* q. ἰσῆν, stare.
- ῥσρανον, testa nativa, qualis ovorum, testudinum, &c. testa figlina; testula in suffragiis—*a native shell, as of eggs, tortoises, &c. an earthen pot; a votive shell, a ballot.*
- ῥσρεον, & ῥσρειον, † Ostreum, Ostrea, piscis testis tectus; Ostreum, i. e. purpureus seu Ostrinus color—*an Oyster, shell-fish; the purple or scarlet colour.*
- 485 ῥτοβος, strepitus, tumultus, sonitus, sonus—*noise, bustle, tumult, sound, din.*

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.



ἑρανόσ, cœlum, aer usque ad nubes; palatum—heaven, the starry sky, the upper region of the air; the palate, roof of the mouth. Dor. ὠρανόσ, G. ἑ, Dor. & Aeol. ὠ. q. ἑράων, video. q. d. spectaculum grande.

ἕρον, Urina, lotium—Urine, lotion. q. ἕρα, cauda.

ἕρος, ventus secundus, prospera fortuna; custos, inspector—a fair wind, favouring gale, success, prosperity, the smiles of fortune; a keeper, guardian.

ἑχέιδος, canalis, rivus, aquæductus, cloaca—a canal, channel, rivulet, aqueduct, sink, sewer.

490 ὄχλος, turba, populus, plebs, Vulgus; molestia—a crowd, throng, press, multitude, the Folk, populace, common people, the plebeians, the Vulgar; molestation.

ὄχος, & G. εος, τὸ, currus, vehiculum; fluxus aquæ—a chariot, car, vehicle; a running stream, a current of water.

ὄψον, Obsonium, edulium omne, quod una cum pane comedimus, piscis; pulpamentum—victuals, eatables in general, what we eat with bread, especially fish; the pulp, a tid-bit.

II

πάππαλα, † pl. loca prærupta et salebrosa, præcipitia—steep and craggy places, precipices.

πάπυρος, ὁ ἕγ ἡ, † Papyrus, -um, planta nascens in palustribus Ægypti, aut quiescentibus Nili aquis; liber vel cortex Papyri; charta e Papyri cortice confecta—the Papyrus, a flag or plant growing in the marshes of Egypt, or stagnant waters of the Nile; its bark, on which the ancients wrote, Paper made from the rind of the Papyrus, writing Paper, a book.

495 παράδεισος, † hortus, pomarium, viridarium, Paradisus, hortus amœnissimus omnis generis fructiferis arboribus consitus; per excellentiam hortus ille in Eden plantatus; item sedes cœlestes, sive locus beatorum—a garden, orchard, park, pleasure-ground, Paradise, a most plea-

sant and delightful garden, abounding with fruit-trees of every kind; by way of excellence, the garden of Eden; also celestial mansions, the place of the blessed.

πάρδος, * *Pardus, fera quæ etiam dicitur πάνθηρ; (q. d. plane fera, a thorough wild beast, a wild beast of completely savage breed;) the Pard, a Leopard, a Panther, spotted wild beast of the wolf kind, the lynx.*

παρθενος, ἡ, *virgo—a virgin: Adj. virgineus, intactus, virginal, maiden, untouched, new.*

Πάρος, ἡ, † *Paros—Paros, an island of the Ægean sea, one of the Cyclade isles, famed for its white and shining marble.*

πάσσαλος, *Paxillus, palus; clavus ligneus—a stake, post, pale, palisade; a wedge, peg, pin.*

500 πέδιλον, *calcens, talare—a shoe, a sock. pl. τὰ πέδιλα, the talaria, or winged shoes of Mercury.*

πέδον, *solum, humus, terra—the ground, sole, earth, the solid land.*

πέλανος, † *Pelanus, libum—a kind of sacrificial cake.*

πελαργός, * *ciconia—the stork, a regular bird of passage, remarkably kind and affectionate towards its parents.*

πενθερός, † *socer, uxoris pater—a wife's father.*

505 πέπλος, -ον, *Peplus, -um, pala, indumentum muliebre, necnon virile; frutex quidam—a loose robe, a woman's upper garment, that of a man; a kind of shrub: πέπλοι dicuntur etiam vela quibus currus et defunctorum cadavera integuntur, veils of chariots, sheets with which they and the bodies of the dead are covered.*

πέσος, *calculus seu scrupus lusorius; ipse calculorum ludus; Pessus seu lana concerpta, in qua pharmaca excipiuntur—a chessman, a small quadrangular stone; the game of draughts, play of chess; a kind of lint put with ointment into wounds.*

πέλαρον, *pertica; laquei genus; instrumentum quoddam; profunditas—a perch; a pole; a kind of snare; a certain instrument; profundity.*

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

πέτρας, lapis, saxum, petra—a stone, rock, flint.

πῆδ-ος-ον, * ligni species; palmula remi ex eo ligno connecta; remus—a species of wood; the broad part of an oar made of that wood; an oar.

πηλός, lutum, cœnum, limus, argilla—clay, mud, dirt, mortar, argil, potter's clay.

515 πῆνος, tela, textum; fusi genus—a web, thread, texture, cloth; a kind of spindle.

πίθος, dolium—a hog'shead.

πίλος-ον, pileus-um, capitis indumentum, necnon pectoris; lana crassa, tapes, sacculus, luncus; pila, strues, pilula—a hat, cap, head-dress, a covering for the breast; milled wool, rough tapestry, a woollen sock, a spatterdash; a pile, heap, ball, pill.

πίνος, * sordes, squalor, illuvies, spurcicies—dirt, squalidity, filth, nastiness.

πίνος, η, pinus—the pine-tree.

520 πίπος, † pipus,—a seabird, waterfowl.

πίπλος, † strepitus aquæ remo percussæ; remigium; agitatio et motus creber; distillatio creber—the sound of water when beat by the oar; the act of rowing; agitation and quick motion; a copious distillation.

πίπρον * furfur; porrigo, sordes capitis; quod in urinâ simile furfuri videtur—bran, scurf, fur, or scales on the head; the sediment or fur of urine.

πλάδ-ον-ος, * humor superfluus, humiditas nimia—superfluous humour, an overflow, an excess of moisture, too much humidity.

πλάθρον, jagerum—an acre; pl. meadows.

525 πλίνθος, ἦ, later, imbrex, tegula—a tile, a brick, a gutter tile, a tiled roof.

πλάτος, divitiæ, opulentio; Plutus, divitiarum deus—riches, wealth, opulence; Plutus, god of wealth. γ. πολυς, multus.

πόθος, desiderium, cupido, amor, flos æstivus—desire, cupidity, passion, love; an estive or summer flower.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

- πόλεμος, bellum, prælium, pugna—*war, battle, an engagement, combat, fight.*
- πόντος, Pontus, mare; Pontus, regio Asiæ minoris—*the sea; Pontus, a country of Asia the Less.*
- 530 πόνκος, † rete piscatorium e vimine contextum—*a sort of fishing basket, an osier net.*
- πόταμος, fluvius, amnis, flumen—*a river, Dor. πάλαμος, G. Ion. οιο. q. ποτός, Potulentus. R. πινω, Bibo.*
- πόλιμος, sors, casus, fatum; interitus, mors—*a lot, chance, casualty, fate, destiny; death. q. πιωλω, olim πτωω, cado, to fall.*
- πόρρασον, * Porrum; algæ quædam species—*a leek, a scallion; a kind of weed.*
- πέριμον, stipes, stirps, caudex, arboris truncus; ramus major; metaph. fundamentum—*a rook, stump, log, the stock, body, or trunk of a tree; a bough, larger branch; metaph. a foundation.*
- 535 Πρίαπος, † Priapus, hortorum custos, membrum virile—*Priapus, an obscene divinity, the keeper of gardens, guardian and patron of the garden bed, emblem of fertility and genial powers; the penis.*
- πέινοσ, ή, † ilex—*the holm, or scarlet oak.*
- πέροσάον, ovis, pecus—*a sheep, flock, cattle.*
- περωλός, † anus, podex, culus, nates—*the anus, the thighs.*
- πτερόν, ala, penna, pluma, pinna, velum, remus—*a wing, feather, plume, fin, sail, oar, prow, &c.*
- 540 πτίλος, Ptilus, cui ex ciliis pili periere; calvus—*one who has lost the hair from off his eyelids; adj. bald, bare.*
- πυελος, ό και ή, solium alveus, locus in quo quidpiam lavatur—*a bathing vessel, a bath, washhouse, or vessel.*
- πύξος, ή, * Buxus—*the Box-tree.*
- πύργος, Pyrgus, turris; murus et mœnia; acies quadrata; instrumentum bellicum; alveolus in quo tesserae ante jactum agitantur apud Latinos—*a tower, a turret, citadel, fort, castle; a fortification, the works of a*

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

town; troops formed in hollow square, or embattled like a tower; an engine of war; a dice-box among the Latins.

πυρός, triticum, frumentum—*wheat, corn.*

545 πῶλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Polus, plerumque equinus, equulus—a *Fole, colt, young ass, a nag.*

πῶρος, luctus; callus, h. e. caro in manibus pedibusque, quæ ex laboribus obduruit; metaph. mens obdurata et pœnitere nescia; corpus album, durum et siccum, ossa fracta conjungens; pus quod in aliquâ parte corporis humani præter naturam in modo culli concrevit; tophus, Porus—*mourning, grief, lamentation, sadness, depression; flesh on the hands or feet grown hard and insensible by labor and the shutting up of the Pores, a hoof, horny skin, callosity, metaph. mental obduracy, impenitence; the cement of a fractured bone; a preternatural concretion in any part of the body; a Porous and friable stone; a Pore.*

P

ῥάβδος, ἡ, virga, vimen, festuca, fustis, caduceum, sceptrum, fasces—a *Rod, twig, shoot, stalk, a virge, herald's rod, a sceptre, the fasces, rods borne before magistrates.*

ῥαπίς, ἰδος, η, virga, &c.—*hence, Radius.*

ῥάδαγος † strepitus remi, sonitus fluctus scopulis allisi, strepitus, tumultus—the *sound of the oar, that of a bilow when dashed against rocks, noise, din, tumult.*

ῥάμνος, ἡ, spina alba—the *white thorn.*

550 ῥάφανος, ἡ, † Raphanus, brassica—*radish-root, cauliflower, cabbage.*

ῥήνος, ἡ καὶ ἡ, pellis, cutis, corium; scutum, clypeus—the *skin, rind, hide, leather; a shield.*

ῥέλον, † montis cacumen, promontorium—the *top of a mountain, a cape or promontory.*

Nouns, Decl. 2, *ος*, m. *ος*, n.

ῥόδον, Rosa—a Rose.

ῥόθος, strepitus undarum, remorum strepitus; fremitus, tumultus, impetus—the roar of waves, the sound of dashing oars; roar, tumult, onset.

555 ῥοῖζος, ὁ και ἦ, Stridor, sibulus; impetus—crash, twang, hiss, whiz; an attack, clash.

ῥυθμός, Rythmus, concinnitus, modulus, quicquid certo modo et ratione fit—Rhyme, metre, the jingling of words, musical notes, any thing done by, or in measure and proportion.

ῥύπος, squalor, sordes, proluvia; cera sigillaris; avaritia—dirt on the nails, also on the body through perspiration, dirt, nastiness; sealing-wax; avarice, covetousness.

Σ

σάλος, Salum; ora maris; jactatio eorum qui navigant, fluctuatio—the Sea; its coast, an anchorage; the tossing experienced by those who sail on the Salt Seas, the rocking of a ship, fluctuation. q. ἄλς, ἄλς, ἦ, mare.

σανδάλιον, † Sandalum, calceamentum muliebre necnon virile—a Sandal, a woman's shoe, that of a man.

560 σάτυρος, Satyrus, oratio mordax, Satyra—a Satyr, silvan god, said to be rude and lascivious: mordacious language Satire, a lampoon. q. σάτη.

σείλλος † Sellus—a proud pauper, one who apes the rich.

σηκός, stabulum, proprie ovium et caprarum, septum, domus, templum; pondus vel statera; sacra oliva—a stable, fold for sheep and goats, a pen, an inclosure, a house, temple, fan; a weight or balance; the sacred olive. pl. σηκοί, avium loculamenta, fori navium—bird-cages, the decks of ships.

σίαλον, Saliva, sputium, pituita—Saliva, spittle.

σίδηρος, ferrum, ensis, telum, ferreus thorax—iron; a

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

sword, a dart ; a breast-plate of iron. σιδήρεος, ferreus.
σιδηρίτης, magnes, the magnet, loadstone.

565 σίκυρος, † cucumis—a cucumber.

σιμβλον, ος, ἡ, alveare, alveus apum—a beehive.

σίλος, pl. τὰ σίλα, frumentum, annona, triticum ; panis, cibus—grain ; corn, the fruit of the field, wheat ; bread, food.

σκάριφον, ος, ον, stylus peniculus ; stipula, festuca, sarmentum—the stylus, ancient pen, a style, a writing pencil, a straw, stubble, a moat, vinetwig.

σκέπαρον, * ascia, dolabra, runcina—an axe, hatchet, thwart saw.

570 σκίρος, marmoris fragmentum ; Scrupus ; tessera ; cementum, gypsum—a fragment of marble ; a scrap of stone, rubbish ; a die, cement, parget, plaster.

σκόλυμος, † Scolumus, cardui species—a kind of thistle, a teasel, an artichoke.

σκόμβρος, † Scombus, piscis quidam marinus—a sea-fish, mackarel, a kind of tunny.

σκόρδον, † allium—garlic. σκορδίζω, alliis pasco. σκορδιόμοιαι, pandiculus, extendo membra cum oscitatione, to stretch and yawn.

σκορπίος, * Scorpius, vel Scorpion, nepa, Serpens ; signum cœleste—a Scorpion, a Serpent ; Scorpio, a sign of the zodiac, παρὰ τὸ σκορπίζειν τον ἰόν, a spargendo venenum.

575 σκόλος, & G. εος, τό, tenebræ, caligo—darkness, gloom, a mist.

σκύβαλον, * stercus, fimus, retrimentum—dung, compost, ordure. pl. σκύβαλα, stercora, quisquilia, sweepings, rifraf ; q. σκένον, utensile, & βάλλω jacio.

σκύμνος, † catulus, proprie leonis—a pup, a lion's whelp.

σκυνίον. † summa palpebra, cilium—the edge, or extremity of the eyelid, the eyelid itself.

σκύφος, & G. εος, τό, Scyphus, poculum majus—a Cup, a bowl.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, ιν. ον, η.

- 580 σκῶλος, † Scolus, spinæ genus, quod in igne versatum et candefactum validius evadit; telum rusticum—a kind of thorn which hardens by being turned and heated in the fire; a rustic dart or javelin, a pike.
- σορός, ἡ, * loculus, conditorium, sepulchrum, urna, arca funebris, sandapila—a locker, partition, drawer, repository, sepulchre, urn, coffin, bier. Metaph. vetula, an old woman.
- σῆσον, † liliū—a lily.
- σπάργανον, fascia, pannus oblongus in quo infans involvitur—a swath, infant's swaddling cloth or band. pl. cunabula.
- σπίλος, macula, labes, vitiligo, saxum—a spot, blemish, the leprosy; a rock.
- 585 σπλάγχχον, viscus, a bowel, intestine. pl. σπλάγχχα, viscera, exta, pulmones, jecur, cor; affectus maternus, summa misericordia et commisseratio—the bowels, intestines, lungs, liver, heart; maternal love, a mother's affection, very great pity and tenderness, the height of compassion.
- σπίγγος * Spongia, peniculus—a Sponge, towel, napkin.
- σποδός, ὁ, cinis; res in nihil redacta; perniciēs—ashes, dust, a thing of nought, or turned to dust; ruin q. σβίω.
- σπόνδυλος, * Spondylus, vertebra, spinæ dorsi, verticillum, sculptura vertebrata, caput cineræ, piscis nomen—a Spinal joint, knuckle of the spine, one of the twenty four bones of which the spine is constructed, any small bone of beast or fowl, a small fin of a fish, the hard white in oyster, a Spindle, its whirl, carved work of a vertebral form, the head of an artichoke, a kind of shell-fish.
- σπόνδυλοι dicebantur ænei calculi quibus iudices utebantur in suffragiis ferendis—brazen votive shells used by Athenian judges in giving or taking votes.
- 590 σάμνος, ὁ καὶ ἡ * urna, hydria, urceus, amphora—an urn, water vessel, pot, pitcher, firkin. σάω, sto.
- σανερός, vallus, palus ligneus, crux—an upright stake, a post, gallows, cross.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

σεῖνον, pectus ; cor, cogitatio, animus—the breast ; the heart, thought, mind, courage.

στόμαχος, Stomachus, ventriculus ; gula—the Stomach, ventricle ; the throat. q. σόμα, ῖος, et μάχομαι. pugno.

στρατός, exercitus, copiæ militares—an army, troops, land or sea forces.

595 στρουθός, passer ; Struthio et Struthocamelus ; herba quædam—a sparrow, an ostrich ; a kind of herb.

strychnos, † ὁ και ἡ, Strychnus, solanum—nightshade, banewort.

στυλός, column, graphium, Stylus ; structura orationis ac modus dicendi—a column, pillar ; the ancient iron pen the Stylus, a pencil, pen ; the structure of an oration, and mode of expression, composition, and Style.

σφάκελος, * Sphacelus, mortificatio partis alicujus inflammatae ; gangræna sive Sphacelus incipiens ; in arboribus appellatur quum radices nigrescunt ac emoriuntur ; de equis etiam dicitur ; medius digitus ; item species quædam salviæ—the mortification of any inflamed part, its putrefaction ; a gangrene, eating ulcer, the first stage of mortification ; the term is applied to trees when their roots grow black and entirely corrupted ; it is used likewise of horses ; the middle finger ; it is also a species of, and derived from,

σάκος, † salvia—the herb sage.

600 σφάραγος, & σφάραγγος, guttur, fauces ; sonus gutture emititur—the throat, the gulletpipe, a guttural sound.

σφένδαμνος, ἡ, acer, ; species cannabis—a maple tree ; a kind of hemp.

σχῆνος, ὁ και ἡ, juncus ; e junco funis ; funis, restis ; mensura Ægyptiaca sexaginta stadia complectens—a rush, a rope made of rushes ; any rope or cord, a halter ; an Egyptian long measure of sixty stadia or furlongs, i. e. 7½ miles.

σῶρος, acervus, agger, cumulus, congeries—a heap, pile, accumulation, amassment, store.

T

- τάλαντον, statera, trutina, lanx, libra ; id quod lanci imponitur ponderandum, nominatim Talentum, pondus CXXV librarum, summa pecuniæ apud Atticos, Thallerorum DCCL secundum computationem vulgarem—*a balance, pair of scales, that which is put into the scales for the purpose of being weighed, viz. a Talent, the weight of 125 pounds, an Athenian sum of money valued at 750 dollars according to vulgar computation. Note, the Talent was different at different periods of time, and in different countries. q. τάλαω, Tolerō, fero.*
- 605 τάρειχος, & G. εος, τό, salsamentum, piscium, carnisque, caro sale condita, caro inveterata—*seasoning, pickle for fish or flesh, powdered beef ; hung meat, that which hath been long kept. ταριχεύω, sale condio, to season with salt.*
- τάρταρος, pl. τὰ-ταρταρα, Tartarus, locus inferorum profundissimus—*Tartarus, the lowest part of the infernal regions, the depth of hell.*
- τάυρος, Taurus ; signum cœleste ; Taurus, mons vastissimus Asiæ—*a bull ; the celestial sign Taurus ; Taurus a huge mountain of Asia. A. pl. Dor. ταυρῶς.*
- ταῦς & ταῶς G. ταῦ, † Pavo—a peacock. ταῦν, G. ταῦνος, idem.
- τερέβινθος, ἡ, † Terebinthus—the Turpentine tree.
- 610 τίλος, † stercus, merda—*dung, ordure, compost.*
- τίλανος, ἡ, vel, ὅ, † calx, gyps-us,-um—*white lime, chalk, plaster, parget, dust of lime.*
- τίθος, inamma, mammilla—the breast, a dug, teat ; hence, Tit, Tid.
- τοιχος, paries, murus ; latus navis, poculi, hominisque—the wall of a house, &c. a partition, a cieling ; the side of a ship, of a cup, and of a man. q. τέιχω, fabricor.
- τόξον, arcus, pharetra cum telis ; ars sagittaria—a bow, a quiver with arrows ; the use of the bow, archery. τόξα, tela, sagitta—*darts, arrows.*

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον n.

- 615 τόπος, locus, regio, tractus ; argumentum, thema ; τόποι, sedes et domicilia argumentorum—*a place, region, tract, of country ; an argument, topic, theme, proposition ; pl. Topics, themes, a common place book.*
- τοφος, † Tophus—*a sand stone.*
- τέρας, hircus, caper ; salacitas, foetor—*an he-goat, salacity, lechery, a rank smell.* α τραγιῖν, quia arbores rodit.
- τέραχλος, pl. τά τεράχλια, collum, cervix—*the neck, its hind part.* q, τραχύς, asper, & ἦλος, clavus.
- τέρβλιον, † catinus, paropsis, patina, culeus—*a dish, plate, platter, porringer ; a pipe, a measure of 180 gallons.*
- 720 τύλος, call-us-um, obduratio cutis ex labore, clavus ligneus, nodus ; verenda ; τύλοι, pili superciliorum—*callosity, obduration, hardness of the skin occasioned by hard labour or otherwise, a hoof, a corn, a peg, knot in wood ; parts ; pl. the hair of the eye-brows.*
- τύμβος, Bustum, sepulchrum, Tumulus, Tumba—*a Bust, Tomb, sepulchre, mound, hillock.* q. τύφω, uro, quippe cremabantur olim cadavera.
- τύραννος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Tyrann-us-a, rex, regina—*a Tyrant, a mild and equitable prince, a cruel and despotic one, a king, a queen.* Adj. Tyrannicus, ad Tyrannum pertinens—*Tyranical, belonging to a Tyrant.*

Υ

ἵακινθος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Hyacinthus, nomen floris et herbæ ; nomen gemmæ, sic dictæ a colore Hyacinthi, lapis pretiosus, qui ex flavidine rubet, ignisque imitatur ; lana, aut fila Hyacinthino colore imbuta—*the Hyacinth, a flower of purple color, a violet, an herb ; a gem, in color resembling, and therefore called an Hyacinth, the Jacinth, a precious stone of fiery hue or glowing red ; wool or threads of Hyacinthine, or purple die.*

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

725 ἕλος, ὁ vel ἡ, vitrum; Crystallus—*glass, Crystal; metaph- any thing which is clear and pellucid, as amber, &c. ἕλος, ἡ, idem.*

ἕσλος, † nugæ, loquacitas—*trifles, loquacity.*

ἕιός, filius, natus—a son. ἕιες Ἀχαιῶν, the Greeks. ἕιες, Ἄρης, sons of Mars, mighty warriors.

ἕννος, † equuleus, Mannus—a little colt, a poney, a nag.

ἕπνος, somnus, sopor—*sleep, that which is sound or deep, an Hypnotic, soporific draught.*

Φ

730 Φάκελλος, † Fascis, Fasciculus—a bundle, a faggot.

Φαλλός, † penis ligneus vel coriaceus—a kind of penis.

Φάλος, conus galeæ cui crista inseritur; scutum splendidum et album; petra in mari eminens—the helmet's crested cone, the plummy top of the martial head-piece, a glittering shield, a shining buckler; a rock rearing its head in the ocean. stem. ἦλοι τινές λαμπροὶ ἕνεκα κόσμῳ τῆς περικεφαλίας, brilliant studs ornamental of the helmet, Scap. R. adj. φαλός, splendidus, q. v.

Φάρμακον, Pharmacum, medicamentum, venenum, veneficium; medicamen; pigmentum—a Pharmakon, a healing or baneful composition, a medicine, poison, an empoisoning, an antidote, a remedy.

Φάρος, ὁ vel ἡ, † Phar-os-us, turris maxima prope Alexandriam, navigantibus nocturno tempore lucem præbens; quævis turris ejusmodi—the Pharos, a famous watchtower, or lighthouse near the port of Alexandria, reckoned one of the wonders of the world; also the small island of Pharos at the mouth of the Nile on which this celebrated tower stood; a watch-tower or light-house in general. Sed. φᾶρος; εὖς τὸ, palla—a robe.

735 Φελλός, † suber, cortex—cork, bark.

Φίψαλος, † scintilla—a spark.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ος, n.

- φηγός, Dor. φαγός, ἡ, * Fagus ; esculus ; glans Fagea—
a beach ; the mast-tree ; mast. q. φάγω, edo.
- Φῆλος, impostor, fallax—an impostor, deceiver, Fallacious.
- Φίλος, amicus—a friend.
- 740 Φιμός, & φίμος, Camus, capistrum, fiscella—a bridle, bit,
headstall, muzzle, halter, thong.
- Φλοιός, cortex, suber—bark ; cork ; cork-wood.
- Φλοῖσθος, sonitus quem aqua edit, præsertim quum fluctus
excitantur, fremitus undarum ; strepitus, murmur,
tumultus—the sound of rolling floods, the roar of lofty
billows ; noise, jar, murmur, tumult, din.
- Φορμός, * sporta, corbis, calathus ; teges, storea—a basket,
lady's work-basket ; a mat of leaves or rushes.
- Φόβλος, onus ; res molesta, tedium—a burden, load, Freight ;
an unpleasant affair, a troublesome piece of business,
tedium, what is irksome. R. φέρω, Fero, to Bear, carry.
- 745 Φεῖνος, † rubeta—a red toad, a land one.
- Φύλλον, Folium, frons—a leaf, Foliage, a branch or bough.
q. φύω, nascor.
- Φυλῆος, ἡ & εἶα, poet. εὖδος, lastrum, latibulum, antrum, cubile
—a den, cavern, thicket, lair, lodge.

X

- χαλίνος, frænum, habena ; imperium—a bridle, curb, a
bridle-rein ; the reins of Government, command, sway.
- χαῖον, † pedum—a shepherd's staff, a pastoral crook.
- 750 χαλκός, æs ; arma ærea ; moneta, pecunia—brass ; brazen
armour ; coin, money.
- κηραμός, ὁ vel ἡ, caverna, latibulum, lastrum ferarum—a
cavern, lair, wildbeast's den.
- χιλός, pabulum ; farrago—fodder, forage ; a mixture of
grain, blend-fodder, a farrago.
- χοῖρος, ὁ και ἡ, Porcus, sus—an hog, pig, swine, sow.
- χοιρῶδες, * grumus concretus ; far ; cartilago—a concreted

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. cv, n.

- heap, a clod, lump, mass; flour or bread-meal; a cartilage, tendon,*
- 755 χορός, Chorus, coetus canentium et saltantium, lætantium turba; Choreia, tripudium—a Chorus, Choir, those who join in dance and song, a mirthful company, a joyful band, a concert, dance, ball, the ball-room.
- χόρτος, fœnum, gramen, cibus; septum—hay, grass, pasture, food; an inclosure, a pasture.
- χρόνος, tempus, ætas, ævum, diuturnitas, annus—time, an age, season, long duration, the whole year.
- χρυσός, aurum, monea aurea—gold, gold coin; Meton. the Mint.
- χυλός, succus, sapor; Chylus—juice, sap, taste, relish; Chyle.
- 760 χύτρος, olla—a pot or kettle. q. χίω, fundo.
- χώρας, locus, sedes, spatium, regio; ager, prædium, fundus—a place, seat, abode, a domain, tract of land, a country, region; a field, manor, farm. q. χῶ, capio.

Υ

- Ψάλιον, & Ψέλλιον, † frænum—a bridle; pl. Ψάλιά, sive Ψέλλια, monilia, torques, collaria; armilla—necklaces, a chain of gold, collars; bracelets.
- Ψάμμος, ἡ, arena, sabulum—sand, grit, gravel.
- Ψήφος, ἡ, lapillus, calculus; lapillus pretiosus, gemma; scrupus, calculus—a little stone, a pebble; a precious stone, a gem; a play-stone, votive shell or pebble, a calculation.
- 765 Ψιθός, ὄκαι ἡ, † storea, teges—a mat, braided rushes.
- Ψιθός, † convitium—a reproach.
- Ψίμ- & Ψίμμ- υθός, † cerussa—white lead, paint.
- Ψόλος, † fumus, flamma, fuligo—smoke, a flame, soot.
- Ψόφος, strepitus, sonus, fragor—a noise, sound, crash.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

770 Ἰωλός, † verpus, apella; titio—*one who is circumcised, a Jew; a quenched firebrand.*

Ἰωμὸς. * frustrum, buccella—*a scrap, bit, mouthful.*

Ω

ὠκεανός, g. Ion. οἴο, Oceanus, mare, ambiens terrarum orbem—*the Ocean, "The world of waters the wide-spreading main."* Adj. etiam apud Hom. q. ὠκέως, cito, celeriter, (R. ὠκός, velox, celer) et ὠάω, fluo.

ὤμος, Humerus—*the shoulder.*

ὠρον, * superior pars domûs—*the upper part of a house.*

775 ὠόν, † Ovum—*an egg.*

DECLENSION III.

Some of its nouns are free from, and others are subject to contraction.

We first attend to those which, generally speaking, are uncontractable; saying that they terminate in seven different letters; i. e. in five consonants, viz. $\nu, \xi, \rho, \varsigma, \psi$, of diverse genders; and two vowels, viz. α, υ , of the neuter.

To exhibit at one view their grand and subdivisions, to point out their gender, and assist in forming their genitive, from which all their other cases (except every Vocative Singular, and the Datives Plural of Chapter 2 and 3) are derived, we give the following Scheme.

CHAP. 1. ν .		Class 4. $\alpha\rho,$	} $\omicron\varsigma, \tau\omicron.$
Class 1. $\eta\nu, \eta\nu\omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$		$\epsilon\iota\rho, \omicron\rho,$	
— 2. $\epsilon\nu\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		& $\upsilon\rho,$	
— 3. $\omega\nu, \omega\nu\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		CHAP. 4. $\varsigma.$	
— 4. $\omicron\nu\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		— 1. $\eta\varsigma, \eta\iota\omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$	
— 5. $\omicron\nu\iota\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		— 2. $\omega\varsigma, \omega\iota\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 6. $\iota\nu, \iota\nu\omicron\varsigma, \etá.$		— 3. $\alpha\varsigma, \alpha\nu\iota\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 7. $\alpha\nu, \upsilon\nu, \omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$		— 4. $\alpha\varsigma, \alpha\delta\omicron\varsigma, \etá.$	
CHAP. 2. $\xi.$		— 5. $\iota\varsigma, \iota\delta\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 1. $\zeta, \chi\omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$		— 6. $\iota\iota\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 2. $\chi\iota\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		— 7. $\iota\iota; \nu\iota, \}$ $\vartheta\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 3. $\chi\acute{\omicron}\iota\varsigma, \etá.$		& $\upsilon\iota, \}$	
— 4. $\gamma\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		CHAP. 5.	
— 5. $\gamma\xi, \gamma\gamma\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		— 1. $\psi, =\pi\varsigma, \pi\omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$	
CHAP. 3. $\rho.$		— $=\phi\varsigma, \phi\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	
— 1. $\eta\rho, \epsilon\rho\omicron\varsigma, \acute{\omicron}.$		— 2. $=\beta\varsigma, \beta\omicron\varsigma, \etá.$	
— 2. $\eta\rho\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		SECTIONS.	
— 3. $\omega\rho, \omega\rho\omicron\varsigma, \dots$		SECT. 1. $\alpha, \alpha\rho, \alpha\varsigma, \alpha\iota\omicron\varsigma, \tau\omicron.$	
		— 2. $\upsilon, \upsilon\omicron\varsigma, \dots$	

The exceptions in point of gender are signified by the article, as in the preceding declension.

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 1 v, Cl. 1, ην, ηνος, ὄ.

The following is the general method of declining :

Sing.		Pl.	Pl.	
m. & f.	n.	m. f. & n.	m. & f.	n.
N. & V. *	.... *	N. A. V. ε,	N. & V. ες, α,	
G.	.... ος,	G. D. ον,	G. ων	
D.	.... ι,		D. σι,	
A.	α, *		A. ας, α.	

CHAPTER I.

TERMINATING LETTER, N.

CLASS, 1.

N. ην, ὄ, G. ηνος, D. ημι.

Ἑλλην, Hellen, filius Deucalionis, a quo seu generis autore, Græci nomen Ἑλλήνων, sortiti sunt ; Græcus—*Hellen the Son of Deucalion, from whom, as father of their race, the Greeks have obtained the name of Hellenes ; a greek.*

κηφήν, fucus—a drone bee.

μήν, Mensis—a Month.

πυρήν, * nucleus, bacca, granum, specilli pars altera, gemma quædam—a kernel, pipin, berry, grain ; the small end of a surgeon's probe, a kind of gem.

ὄ σπλήν, * Splen, lien—the Spleen, the milt.

σφήν, * cuneus ; instrumentum tortorum—a wedge ; an instrument of torture.

σωλήν, † canalis, tubus, fistula ; instrumentum ad vulnera exploranda accomodatum ; piscis quidam testaceus—a canal, tube, pipe ; a surgeon's probe ; a kind of shell-fish.

χήν, ὄ και ἦ, * anser—a goose or gander.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, v, Cl. 1, ην, ηνος, ὄ.

† ἄν, † vermiculus vel culex in caprificis nascens ; fructus palmæ masculæ—a grub or gnat breeding in wild figs ; the fruit of the male palm-tree.

Class 2, N. ην, G. ενος, ὄ.

ἄρσεν, seu ἄρσεν, mas—the male. Adj. masculinus, virilis, fortis—masculine, manly, stout, brave.

ἀρχήν, cervix ; locus angustus ; pars gubernaculi in quam gubernator incumbit—the neck ; a strait place ; the pilot or steerman's place on board a ship.

λιμὴν, portus—a port, harbour, haven for ships. q. λιὰν, μένει, because ships in port lie secure.

ποιμ-ήν, Dor. ἄν, pastor, opilio ; rector, ductor—a shepherd ; a ruler, leader, guide. q. ἐν ποίῃ μένων, in herbâ Manens.

5 ὕμην, membrana, pellicula, tuniçula, tunica, ; Hymen nuptiarum deus vel præses ; nuptiæ, carmen nuptiale ; membrana in quâ involutus est fætus—a membrane, film, pellicle, slender skin, tunic, tunic ; Hymen, the god of nuptials ; marriage, an Hymeneal or marriage song ; the membrane which envelops the fætus. q. ὕς, Pluo.

φρήν, mens, sapientia, ingenium ; φρένες, prudentia, intelligentia, præcordia, mentis sedes—the mind, reason, wit, intellect ; pl. prudence, intelligence, the inward parts, heart, seat of the mind.

Class 3, ων, G. ωνος, ὄ.

ἀγκῶν cubitus ; curvatura ; cornua citharæ—the elbow ; a curvature, bend ; the scrolls of an harp.

ἀγῶν, certamen ; solemnnes ludi, certamina ludorum ; circus, locus certaminis ; cœtus, multitudo spectantium ; concertatio ; actio forensis ; periculum, molestia ;

templum; exercitatio ad certamen—a contest; public Grecian games, rivalry at them; the circus, place of contest; an assemblage of people, a crowd, press of spectators; a concertation, contention; a pleading at the bar; danger, molestation; a temple; preparation for combat. q. ἄγω, Ago.

αἰών, Ævum, seculum, æternitas, vita, duratio vitæ hominis, mundus, pravi homines, medulla spinæ—an Æon, age, length of time, eternity, life, duration of human existence, the world, evil men, spinal marrow. q. αἰεὶ ὤν, quum sit semper.

βιβών, † inguen, tumor—the groin, an inguinal tumor.

5 γαργαρέων, † Gurgulio, guttur, fistula quâ spiratur—the throat, windpipe.

γληχαν, ἦ, † pulegium—pemyroyal.

εἰρων, * dissimulator, in oratione dissimulatè loquens, cavillator, omnia deridens—a dissembler, one who saith one thing while he means another, an Ironist; a caviller, a captious and unfair disputant, a wrangler, an objector, a general scorner.

Ἴων, Ion, filius Xuthi, nepos Hellenis, a quo Iones dicti fuerant posteri ejus ac subditi, patriaque eorum Ionia—Ion, son of Xuthus, and grandson of Hellen, from whom his posterity and subjects were called Ionians, and their country Ionia. Adj. Ionicus, Ionic, of or belonging to Ionia.

κάεθων, asinus—an ass.

10 κλών, ramus, circulus—branch, twig, shoot.

κορυφών, † fastigium, apex, finis; summa manus; civitas Asiæ Minoris quondam potens—the top, tip, summit, height, end; finish-stroke, completion; a once powerful city of Asia Minor.

κρότων, * tintinabulum, nola, campana; orificium tubæ, tuba ipsa; homó garrulus—a bell; the trumpet's mouth, the trumpet itself; a talkative person, a man of many words.

- κὺθων, * Cothon, genus poculi; compotatio—a kind of cup;
a compotation, a banquet.
- Λάκων, † Laco, incola Lacedæmonis seu agri Spartoni—
a Lacedæmonian, an inhabitant of Lacedæmonia or Sparta.
- 15 λαμῶν, pratum, locus irriguus—a meadow, watered ground.
- μήκων, ἡ, † papaver; excrementum pinnarum et muricum,
pars media in conchis; arenæ quædam species in metal-
lis; pars intestinorum polypodis instar vesicæ atra-
mentum continens; pl. μήκωνες, pisces quidam gregales
—a poppy; the excrement of shell-fishes, the mid-part of
oysters, a kind of sand or grit found in metals, the bladder
of the polypus in which it carries its black liquor or ink;
pl. a kind of fishes which go in shoals.
- Ποσειδῶν, Neptuneus, deus maris—Neptune, god of the sea,
the monarch of the main.
- περῶν, eminentia montis, cacumen—a mountain eminence,
its top, a summit, prominence. περῶν, ὠνός, & περῶν, ονος.
- πώγων, barba—a beard. πωγωνιον, parva barba.
- 20 σαλᾶκων, † qui in paupertate opulentiam simulat, pauper
jactabundus—a poor person who apes the rich, a boastive
and haughty pauper.
- σίφων, * Siphon, tubus, canalis; herba quædam—a Siphon,
tube, pipe, canal, channel; a kind of herb.
- χιτών, tunica exterior vel interior, subucula, lorica—an
upper or an under garment, a waistcoat, a shirt, a coat of
armour.

Class 4, N. ὠν, G. ονος, ὄ.

- ἀνδῶν, ἡ, * lucinia, Philomela; lingula tibix—the nightin-
gale, Philomel, the melodious warbler; the tip of a pipe
or flute. q. ἀείδω, cano.
- ἀκείμεων, † ramus major; virgultum—a larger branch, a
bough; a twig.
- ἀλαζῶν, ὁ κρις ἡ, inanis jactator, ostentator, gloriosus, super-

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 1 v, Cl. 4, ων, ονος, ό.

bus, arrogans ; homo mendax ; qui hic et inde vagatur ;
an empty boaster, a bragadocio, boastive, proud, arrogant ;
a lying fellow ; a vagrant, a stroller.

ἄξων, Axis rotæ ; Metaph. Axis mundi ; asser ; spondylus
 secundus ; trames, orbita—the *Axis of a wheel ; by Me-*
taphor, the Axis of the world ; a plank, pole ; the second
vertebre ; a path, truck, orbit : apud Athenienses, ἄξονες
erant Axes ligneæ in quas leges Solonis erant incisæ—
amongst the Athenians, wooden tables on which were written
the laws of Solon.

5 ἀρτέμιον, † Artemo, velum navis majus, antenna ; in machi-
 nâ tolendis oneribus trochlea—the *mainsail of a ship,*
sailyard ; the pully of a crane.

βραχίον, † Brachium, lacertus, armus vituli—the *arm, also a*
muscle, a shoulder of veal. item, brevior, compar. a
 βραχ-ύς, εἶς, ύ, brevis, short.

γείτων, vicinus ; affinis, similis—a *neighbour ; a relation, an*
equal.

δαίμων, ό και ή, Dæmon, spiritus potens, genius, deus, for-
 tuna, diabolus—a *Demon, potent spirit, a genius, fortune,*
a devil. q. δαίω, scio.

ἤων, littus, ripa—the *shore, a bank.* ἤων, id.

10 κανών, id quod est supra trutinam, et equilibrium facit, exa-
 men ; Canon, regula, norma ; palus seu lignum errec-
 tum, mensura saltûs, tributum ordinarium, calamus
 circa quam textores fila involvunt, virgula quibus olim
 clypeos tenebant, calathri cavernarum in quibus feræ in-
 clusæ sunt ; doctrina in Verbo Dei tradita ; decretorum
 capita ; psalmus et cantus ordinarius ; clericorum ordo
 —the *cock of the scale's beam, criterion of the equipoise,*
needle of the balance ; a canon, law, rule, moral touchstone,
prescript, pattern, square, level plumb, regulator, ordinary
rule ; an upright piece of wood, measure of a leap, extent,
jurisdiction, customary tribute, a small stick round which
weavers wrap their threads, small thongs or twigs where-
with shields were balanced and fitted on, the grates of a

wildbeast's den; Scripture doctrine; the heads, or summaries of synodical decrees, ecclesiastical discipline; psalms or anthems for certain days; an order of clerks.

κίων, ὁ και ἦ, column, columella; interceptum narium, curculio—a pillar, one of inscription; the interstice of the nostrils, wesend of the throat, a weevil.

κύων, G. κυνος, per Syncop. pro κυνοος, ὁ και ἦ, pl. κύνεις, D. pl. κύσιν, Ion. κύνεσσιν, Canibus; Canis, Canis marinus, Canis cœlestis, Sirius, Canicula; jactus quidam in ludo aleatorio; scintilla ex ferro candente prosiliens; frustum panis quo manus abstergebant et canibus deinde projiciebant; virile, verenda; morbus quidam—a dog, Hound; the dogfish; a constellation, the canicular, the dog-star; a losing cast at dice, the ace point; a spark flying from red-hot iron when beat on the anvil, a crust of bread with which people cleaned their hands or rubbed their fingers and then cast it to the dogs; parts of male or female; a kind of malady. κύνεις κωκυῖς, Canes inferi, i. e. Erinyes, furiaë—the three furies. κυνός ὀμμαί' ἔχων, q. d. having dog's eyes, i. e. impudent.

λαγών, ἡ, * ilia, lateris cavitas; cavitas terræ; rete—the flank, hollow of the side; a cavity or hollow in the ground; a net.

σιαγών, ἡ, † mala, maxilla—the cheek, jaw.

15 σινδών, Sindon, linteum pertenuë; amictus ex lino, tunica linteä—Sindon, fine linen, a garment thereof, a tunic of linen.

σχαδών, † animal quoddam pennis et pedibus carens—a certain animal which hath neither wings nor feet.

χειλιδών, ἡ, hirundo; cavitas ungulæ equorū; piscis polypo similis; cavitas in brachii hominis flexu circa cubitum; ornamentum muliebri; τὸ αἰδοῖον γυναικείον; sermone barbarus; ficus Atticus—a swallow; the hollow of a horse's hoof, from its semblance to a swallow's nest; a fish of the polypus kind; the inside of the elbow; a female ornament;

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, 7, Cl. 5, ων, οῖλος, ὅ.

parts; one rude in speech, or of barbarous dialect; an Attic fig,

χθών, ἡ, terra, humus—the earth, the ground.

χών, ἡ, Nix—snow. q. χέω, quia funditur e caelo.

Class 5, N. ων, G. οῖλος, ὅ.

ἄκων, & ἄκεις, jaculum, spiculum, telum—a javelin, missile weapon, dart.

γέων, senex; γερόνες, senatores, curia; colus—an old man; pl. senators, a session-house court; a distaff.

δέκων, * Draco—a Dragon; pl. δεκακόνες, castellæ, armillæ, ornamental chains, bracelets, pendants.

διδάπων, minister, famulus, servus; cultor—a servant, a domestic, a slave; an husbandman.

5 λείων, Leo; serpens et piscis quidam; signum cœleste; morbus; saltatio quædam—a Lion; a kind of serpent and fish; the celestial sign Leo, the leprosy; a kind of dance.

Χάρων, † Charon orci portitor; mors, orcus—Charon, the stygian pilot or ferryman, death, place of the dead.

Class 6, N. ιν, G. ινος, ἦ.

ἄκιν, radius solis; radius fulminis—a ray or beam of the sun; a flash of lightning.

γλακ-ιν, & ις, cuspis teli; angulus, acies—the point of a dart; a barb, an edge.

δέλφ-ιν & ις, ὁ καὶ ἦ, Delphin; instrumentum nauticum quo utebantur in demergendas naves—a Dolphin; a nautical instrument used for sinking ships,

διν vel δις, ὁ καὶ ἦ, acervus, cumulus; littus, ripa, collis, agger—a heap, pile, store; the shore, a bank, hill, mound.

5 ἰκιν, ὁ, † milvius—a Kite, bird of prey.

ιν vide ις, fibra—a nerve, fibre.

ῖιν, & ῖις, nasus—the nose. pl. ῖιρες, the nostrils.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, v, Cl. 7, αν & υν, ος, ό

Class 7, N. αν, υν, G. ος, ό.

μόσσυ, s. μόσσυ, turris, propugnaculum; tribunal—a tower, one made of wood, a fort, rampart, bulwark; tribunal, seat of a tribune, the bench of a judge.

παιάν, Pæan, hymnus in laudem Appolinis et Dianæ; hymnus in quemlibet alium deum; hymnus qui præclaro cuidam viro canebatur; Apollo ipse; interdum quicumque medetur; pes quidam metricus—a Pæan, hymn in honour of Apollo and Diana; a song to any other divinity; an ode sung in honour of some celebrated hero; Apollo himself; any practitioner in the healing art; a metrical foot. Pæanes canebantur ad mala propulsanda; etiam partâ victoriâ, aut in prælii congressu—Pæans were sung to ward off calamities; also when victory was obtained, or the battle joined.

10 Πάν, Pan, pastorum deus—Pan, the god of shepherds, said to be half man and half goat. But πᾶν, omne. πανικός φόβος vel θόρυβος, Panicus terror vel tumultus—Panic fear, a Panic; q. d. terror arising from the sight of the god Pan.

CHAPTER, II.

ITS TERMINATING LETTER IS Ξ.

Class I, N. ξ, (=κς,) G. κος, ό.

ἄβαξ, † Abacus, tabula mathematica, tabula calculatoria. mensa, armaria—a plank, counter, mathematical table, slate, chessboard, table, cupboard, safe.

ἀλύπηξ, εκος, ή, Vulpes; homo astutus; piscis quidam, avis que; saltationis genus; partes musculosæ—a fox; a

crafty and designing man; a kind of fish and bird; a sort of dance; muscular parts.

ἄμπυξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ, funiculus auratus, quo comæ in frontibus equorum religuntur, reticulum muliebre, vitta; rota, vasis opérculum—a horse's gilt head-band, a woman's fillet, a ribbon; a wheel, the lid or cover of a vessel, any thing which is round.

ἄλλαξ, ἡ, * Sulcus, lira—a furrow, a ridge.

5 βέμβ-ηξ, ἰξ, ἡ, * turbo, trochus, vortex—a top, whirlwind, storm, vortex whirlpool.

βλάξ, piscis quidam omnino inutilis; iners, ignavus, socors, supinus—a kind of fish of no manner of use; inert, lazy, dull, negligent, a Black. q. ζάλλω, q. d. abjici dignus.

δέλφαξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ. † porcellus—a young pig. q. δελφός.

δοίδυξ. † pistillum, radius—a pestil, a geometrical staff.

δόναξ, * arundo; sagitta, calamus scriptorius, necnon piscatorius, tibia—a reed; an arrow; a pen, an angler's reed, a pipe or flute.

10 δόςξ, ἡ, † capra, capra sylvestris, dama—a roe, wild she-goat, a deer, doe; Dorcas, n. mul.

θράξ, † Thrax—a Thracian; poet. θρήξ.

θρίδαξ, ἡ, † lactuca—a lettuce.

θωράξ, pectus, Thorax, lorica; murus; poculi genus—the breast, Thorax, stomach, a breastplate, cuirass, girdle, mail; a tower, battlement, breastwork; a kind of cup.

ἱέραξ, accipiter—the hawk, a falcon.

15 κάλυξ, ἡ, rosa clausa, Calyx, &c.—a rosebud, the cup of a plant, that which supports the petals, or budding leaves; the husk, hose, peel; a case, sheath; a female ornament; the name of an herb. Quasi a καλύσσω, R. καλύπτω, tego, velo.

κέρμαξ, ἡ, * palus, vitis pedamentum; pertica, contus, lignum hastæ—a stake, vineprop; a perch, a barge-man's pole, the shaft of a pike or spear.

κάχληξ, lapillus, calculus; peculiariter qui in aquis reperitur et maris litoribus—a small stone, a pebble; especially one of those which are found in brooks or on the seacoast, a seashell.

κηξ, ἦ, † larus—a seagull.

κηρύξ, præco, caduceator; avis et piscis—a Crier, herald, harbinger; a kind of bird & fish. q. κηρύσσω, vociferor.

20 κίλιξ, † Cilix—a Cilician.

κιμβηξ, κίξ, † Cimbex, genus vespæ vel apis; avarus—a kind of wasp or bee; a Cimbic, a miser.

κλίμαξ, ἦ, scala, gradus, Climax, gradatio, figura Rhetorica; instrumentum tortorum; palæstræ genus; pars currus—a scale, ladder, step, Climax, ascent, gradation, a figure in Rhetoric; an instrument of torture; a kind of wrestling or fencing; the elevated part of a car or chariot. q. κλίω, Inclino.

κόλαξ, adulator, assentator, parasitus—an adulator, flatterer, parasite. q. κόλον, cibus.

κόραξ, Cornix, Corvus; sidus cæleste; nomen piscis; machina bellica; malleus quo fores pulsantur; rostrum gallinaceum; genus supplicii; nomen pastilli, repagulum—a Crow, a raven; a constellation; the name of a certain fish; an engine of war; the rapper of a door; the beak of a cock; a species of punishment; a little loaf or roll; a rail; barricado; barrier. q. κέρω, clamo.

25 κώρδαξ, † Cordax; genus saltationis—a kind of country dance.

κίχλαξ, † calculus, lapillus in ripâ vel litore, glarea—a pebble; gravel-stone, sand, grit.

κέρμαξ, † acervus lapidum—a heap of stones. κλέμαξ, id.

κάρναξ, ἦ, † capsâ, cistâ, arcâ, loculus, conditorium—a coffer, chest, ark, trunk, box; locker, repository.

λύγξ, δ vel ἦ, Lynx, fera prædita acerrimo visu—the Lynx, a spotted wildbeast of most penetrating sight; and a very compound of ferocity.

μίραξ, ό και ή, puer, puella, adolescens, juvenul-us-a—a
boy, girl, young person, a youth.

30 μύθραξ, † verna—a domestic slave.

νάξ, † ferula, arbor quædam—a rod, ferule, reed, shrub.

είαξ, gubernaculum seu clavus navis—the helm or rudder
of a ship.

ὄμφραξ, ή' * uva acerba, immatura uva ; quivis plantæ fruc-
tus acerbus et immaturus—a sour grape, an unripe one ;
the sour and unripe fruit of any plant, verjuice.

ὄραξ, † ramus vel surculus ex radice arboris enatus,
stolo ; etiam ramus in summa arbore aut media ; item
virga aculeata—shoot or twig springing from the root of
a tree ; a top twig or branch, or one growing from the
side of a tree ; also a pointed or barbed rod, a goad.

35 πάλλαξ, * juvenis, adolescens—a youth, young man. ρ.
βαλλω.

πέριξ, ό vel ή, † Perdix ; astutus, libidinosus—a Par-
tridge ; sly, wily, wanton.

πέληξ, ή, galea, cassis—a helmet, head-piece.

πίδαξ, ό vel ή, fons, scatebra, saliens aqua—a fountain, a
spring. ρ, πιδάω, to gush, stream.

πίθηξ, * simia, pumilio, homuncio—an ape, a dwarf. πι-
θήκος, id.

40 πίναξ, asser, tabula ; libellus, index ; catinus seu catillus,
quædra—a square board, a table, counter, picture ; a
pocket-book, an index ; a dish, platter, square. πίνακιον.
tabella.

προίξ, ή, dos, donum, munus ; gratia—a portion, dowry, a
gift, present ; a gratuity, a bribe.

προξ, ό και ή, † hinnulus, dama—a fawn, young hind, fallow
deer, a buck, doe.

πύνδαξ, † Fundum ; manubrium gladii—the bottom of a
vessel, its cover ; the hilt of a sword.

σάρξ, ή, caro, pulpa—flesh, the pulp ; Synecd. corpus—the
body.

- 45 σκώληξ, * vermis, lumbricus—a worm. r. f.
 σμίλαξ, ἡ, & σμίλος, ό, * taxus, arbor feralis et venenata ;
 arbor a taxo diversa, folium habens ilicis ; Smilax, fru-
 tex hortensis, herba quædam—the mournful yew, fune-
 ral and poisonous tree, also another tree, the leaf of which
 resembles that of the scarlet oak ; a garden shrub, Smilax,
 a kind of herb, bind-weed.
 σφωδιξ, ἡ, vibex, livor ex percussione—blueness caused by
 the lash, the vestige of a stroke.
 στυραξ, † Styrax, arbor Syriæ ; lacryma ejus ; cuspis hastæ,
 tonsilia—the Storax, a tree of Syria ; Storax, its sweet
 gum ; the point of a spear or lance ; a small oar.
 σφῆξ, Vespa, crabro—a Wasp, a hornet.
- 50 φείαξ, impostor, derisor—*id.* one that Feigns and imposes, a
 scornful knave.
 φοῖνιξ, palma ; ramus vel fructus illius arboris ; herba
 quædam ; Phœnix, nomen avis, viri et portus ; color
 Phœniceus, i. e. ruber seu purpureus color ; instru-
 mentum quoddam ; collyrium—the palm-tree ; its
 branch or fruit ; a kind of herb ; a fabled bird called the
 Phœnix, also a man's name, and the port of Phœnice ; the
 red or purple color, the Phœnician tinge or die ; a Phœ-
 nician instrument of some kind ; ointment for the eyes ;
 red, bordering upon red, yellow.
- φελξ, ἡ, maris horror, superficialis inundatio, veluti quum
 mare exigua stringitur aura ; motus maris incipiens,
 primaque fluctuum agitatio ; maris vel fluctuum fremi-
 tus—the crispation of the sea's surface, the placid motion
 of its waves, as when fanned by soft breezes, and curled by
 gentle gales ; its incipient roll, the first agitation of its
 waves ; the roaring of the sea, the rage of its billows.
- χαλιξ, † lapillus, Silex, Calx, cementum—a pebble, flint
 and Chalk-stone, scrapling, cement. also the same as χαλις,
 neat wine.
- χοῦνιξ, ἡ, † Chœnix, mensura sextarios duos continens—a
 Chœnix, a measure equal to two sextarii ; in liquids, one

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 2, ξ, κλος, ό.*

containing somewhat more than three pints. Note, the *sectarius*, among the Romans, contained lb. 8oz.

Class 2, N. ξ, (=κς) G. κλος, ό. (Plenas. τ&τ.

βασις, REX; dominus, herus—a king; a lord, master.

νοξ, η, Nox; tenebræ mortis—Night; the shades of death.

Class 3, N. ξ, (=χς) G. χος, η.

βήσις, * tussis—a cough. βήσις, Tussio.

βήσις, ό, cincinnus, cirrus, capillus—a ringlet, a curl, hair in trim, an insect.

βήσις, G. τριχός, capillus, seta; villus—hair; bristles; wool.

βήσις, ό, Unguis, Ungula; Uncus; torturæ genus, fidiculæ; pars cordis; pars folii rosæ superior; gemma quædam, Onyx, marmoris species; pus in cornea tunica oculi; operculum conchylii; ostrum; frutex quædam—a nail, a hoof; a hook; a kind of rack or torture, inquisitorial cords; part of the heart; the upper part or white of a rose-leaf; a valuable gem, the Onyx, a species of marble; pus or matter in the horny tunicle or coat of the eye; the cover of a shell-fish; the purple fish; a kind of small shrub.

βήσις, mica, minutum frustulum—a crumb, a small scrap or fragment.

Class 4, N. ξ, (=γς) G. γος, η.

βήσις, capra; r. caper—a she-goat; rarely an he; signum cœleste—the constellation of the goat.

βήσις, ambitus et circumferentia rotæ, orbis rotæ; currus; ambitus, orbis, fornix—the compass and circumference of a wheel, its orb or circle; a wheeled carriage, a chariot; a circuit, an orb, a circle, an arch, a vault.

βήσις, ό, † galea depressa et crista carens—a low and plumeless helmet, a head-piece without a crest.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 4, ξ, γος, ἦ.

κόκυξ, ὁ, †. Coccyx, Cuculus ; piscis, herba, grossusque quidam ; crista et galea—a Cuckoo ; a kind of fish, herb, and wild-fig ; a plume and helmet.

5 λάλαξ, † Latax—poured liquor, the sound of dashed water ; also a kind of amphibious quadruped.

μάστιξ, flagrum, flagellum, scutica ; a Deo pœna, morbus—a whip, scourge, lash, strap ; divine punishment, a mad lady. *μαστιγῶν*, flagello.

κόττιξ, ὁ, † Coturnix—a quail.

πέμφιξ, flatus ; gutta, nubes, bulla ; pustula—a puff, gale of wind ; a drop, cloud, bubble ; a pustule, pimple.

τέλιξ, ὁ, * cicada, locusta ; τέλιγες, coqui quidam—a loud chirping insect, a grasshopper, a locust ; pl. kitchen boys.

Class 5, N. γξ, (=γγξ) G. γγος, ἦ.

λάρυγξ, ὁ, guttur, gula—the throat, the Larynx, gullet-pipe, gorge.

λύγξ, κος, ὁ και ἦ, a Lynx. vide Cl. I.

ῥέλιγξ, † scintilla seu flamma crispa, cirrus—a spark, a curling flame, a curl or ringlet of hair.

ῥαδάμιγξ, * poet. gutta—a drop of water.

σάλπιγξ, tuba, buccina, lituus ; classicum ; avis et piscis quidam—a trumpet, instrument of martial music, a clarion ; an Epithet of Minerva ; the trumpet's rendezvousing sound, the clarion's assembling call ; a sort of bird and fish.

ῥάγξ, gutta, stilla—a drop. *σεαγγός*, tortuosus.

ῥάλαγξ, Phalanx, genus acei apud Macedones, legio, turma, cohors, acies ; regula libræ ; araneus ; *φάλαγγες*, intermedia digitorum ; ligna quibus naves in navali fulciuntur—a Phalanx, Macedonian battalion, a legion, troop, cohort, brigade, troops in battalia ; the regulator or cock of the balance ; a kind of spider ; pl. the joints of the fingers ; blocks by which ships are supported when laid up, or under repairs in the dock.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 3, §, Cl. 1, ης, ερος, ό.

Φάραγξ, † vallis, convallis, barathrum, præcipitium, hiatus;
vorago—a valley, trench, ditch, precipice, chasm, gulph:
Metaph. a spendthrift.

Φάρυγξ, ό vel η, guttur, gula, faux—the throat, maw, chops,
jaw.

5 Φόρμιγξ, cithara, testudo—a harp, guitar.

CHAPTER, III.

ITS TERMINATING LETTER IS P.

Class I, N. ης, G. ερος, ό.

ης, Aër, cœli temperies; άνης, η, caligo, Aër tenebrosus;
the Air, temperature of the sky; f. gloom, obscurity, a
dark and misty Air. ηης, ηέρος, ό και η, poet. Aër, caligo.

αδης, arista, spica, acuta pars ejus; summa pars cuspidis
sagittæ, gladii mucro—an Ear of corn, the bearded
grain, its point or top; the tip of an arrow's barb, the
point of a sword.

αιδης, Æther, Aër, cœlum, deorum domicilium; inflam-
matio, ardor—the Ether, pure Air, the Weather; heaven,
the mansion of divinities; an inflammation, ardour q. αιδω,
uro, & άνης, Aër.

ανης, G. Sync. ανδρός, vir, homo, maritus—a man, a husband.

5 ασης, stella, Astrum—a Star,

γασης, η, G. Sync. γάστρος, venter; ventriculus; uterus—the
belly; stomach; womb.

δανης, † levir, mariti frater—a husband's brother.

δυγαλης, η, G. Sync. δυγατός, filia, nata—a Daughter.

μητης, η, G. Sync. μητός, Mater, genetrix; Matrix, uterus
—a Mother; the Matrix, womb. Amongst some ecclesi-
astical writers, baptisterium, the baptismal font.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 3, §, Cl. 2, ης, ητος, ό.

- 10 πατ-ής, G. έτος, Sync. εός, D. έσι-εϊ, A. έτα, *only because of πάτρα, Patria, one's native land. Pater, genitor, parens, actor a Father, parent, author, founder,*

Class, 2, N. ης, G. ητος, ό.

- αογήης, * *lorum quo ensis appenditur—a sword-belt, a buckler.*
 ενάλης, & ης, ή, *fratria, fratris uxor—a sister-in-law, a brother's wife.*
 θής, *Fera, bellua; leo—a wild-beast, a beast of large size; a lion, Deer.*
 κής, ή, *Sors, fatum; fatum funestum, mors; pestis, noxa, morbus; Κήεις, Parcæ—one's lot, fate; deadly destiny, death; a pestilence, calamity, disease: pl. the Parcæ, fatal sisterhood. But κήρ. contr. of κίας, ώτος, τδ, Cor.*
 5 μυκής, * *naris, nasus; irisio; proboscis—a nostril, the nose; scorn, Mockery; an elephant's trunk. R. μυσσω, Mungo.*
 Σήεις, pl. *Seres—the Seres, a people of Asia; item, bombyces, seu vermiculi qui nent Sericum, silk-worms.*
 σπινθής, * *scintilla—a spark, Splinter.*

Class 3, N. ως, G. ωτος, ό.

- ελως, *captura, præda, rapina; pœna captionis vel interfec-tionis—a capture, seizure, prize, prey, rapine; slavery or death.*
 ίχώς, * *sanies, tabum, pus; sanguis crudus, tumor sero-sus; cruor, humor deorum—corrupted blood, black or putrid gore, pus, matter, corruption; crude or half-formed blood, serose humor; blood from a wound, the gore of wounded divinities.*
 κάσωρ, G. οτος, † *Castor—a beaver. Castor, the brother of Pollux.*

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 3 §, Cl. 4, ας, ης, ος, υς ; ος, τὸ.

πέλαγος, τὸ, monstrum immane—a huge monster.

5 φῶς, Fur; fucus; speculator—a thief; a drone bee; a gazer, a spy.

Class 4, ας, ης, ος, υς ; Γ.ος, τὸ.

ἄσος, ensis; spātha—a sword; a spattle, lath; also a kind of trevet. Poet. ἦς. Ion. ἔρς.

ἰάε, & ἦς, Ver; sanguis, pinguedo—the spring, Synechd. a year; the blood, fatness.

ἦλοσ, cor, pectus, anima, animus—the heart, breast, soul, mind, courage.

ῥένας, * vola, cavitas manus et pedis—the hollow of the hand and foot.

5 μάρτυρ-υς, & υς, ὁ καὶ ἦ, Martyr, testis—a Martyr, a witness.

νέκταρ, Nectar, potus deorum—Nectar, the drink of the gods.

ἄσος, ἦ, uxor, conjux—a wife. pl. ἄσες, ἄρες, mulieres.

ὄναρ, indecl. somnium, insomnium, visio; umbra et somnium vanum—a dream; a vision; a shadow or empty vision; a vain dream. ὄνηρος, id.

πῦρ, ignis—Fire.

10 σύφαρ, † exuvium anguis et cicadae—the slough of a snake or serpent, that of a grasshopper, the skin on milk, the shriveled or withered skin of age.

χεῖρ, ἦ, manus; brachium; quibusdam etiam brutis tribuitur, ut ursæ, simiæ, et elephanti; scriptura; potestas, copiæ—the hand; arm; it is also used of certain brute animals, a bears paw, that of an ape, the proboscis of an elephant; Chirography; power, troops, forces.

CHAPTER IV.

FINAL LETTER, Σ.

Class 1, N. η; G. ἠίος; ὄ.

- γύης, * incantor, præstigiator; impostor quivis—a juggler, fortune-teller; an impostor.
- Θής, operarius, servus mercenarius—a labourer, hired servant. q. Θείω, ποιο.
- κάνης, Canistrum, calathus—a Canister, a basket.
- κέλης, Celes, equus desultorius; eques desultorius; Celex—a vaulter, charger, hunting, or race horse; a knight who in battle changes horses; a yacht or brigantine, a Keel.
- 5 λέβης, * Lebes, ahenum, cacabus; pelvis—a cauldron, copper kettle, a vat; a bason, dish.
- μάγνης, † Magnes, lapis ferrum attrahens; Magnesiæ habitator—the Magnet, or load-stone; an inhabitant of Magnesia.
- μύκης, fungus; vide Decl. 1, Cl. 1.
- σης, η, † timea—a moth.
- τάπητης, Tapes, Tapetum, stragulum variis coloribus intertextum vel villosum—Tapestry, a pictured coverlet, a variegated rug, a carpet, hanging, horse-sheet, painted curtains, a bed, &c.

Class 2, N. ως. G. ωίος; ὄ.

- ἠέλως, * Helos, sive Helota, servus Spartanus; servus quivis—a captive enslaved by the Spartans; a slave, menial servant.
- εἰς, ως, situs, mucor, putredo—filthiness, mouldiness, rottenness, putridity, corruption.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 4, ε, Cl. 3, ας, αντος, ο.

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Class 3, N. ας, G. αντος, ο.

ἄλλας, † lucanica seu botellus—*sausages, pudding, and the like.*

γίγας, \* Gygas, terræ filius—a *Giant, son of the earth.*

ἑλέφας, Elephas, Elephantus; ebur; morbus; poculi genus—an *Elephant: ivory; a disease, the leprosy; an ivory cup,*

ἱμάς, Iorum, habena, corrigia; gurgulionis morbus—a *thong, rein, bridle, strap, scourge, stirrup, cable, girdle; a disease of the throat.*

5 κλιβαντες, pl. † Cillibantes—*tables upon which soldiers placed their shields.*

Κορυβας, † Corybas, sacerdos Rheæ seu Vestæ—a *priest of Rhea or Vesta; κορυβαντιάω, insanio, furo in more Corybantum.*

λυκάβας, † annus—a *year.*

ὀκρίβας, † pulpitum; instrumentum pictorium; aries silvestris; scala—a *pulpit, a scaffold; a painter's instrument; a wild ram; a ladder.*

Class 4, N. ας, G. αδος, η.

ἄχρως, † pirus silvestris—a *wild pear-tree, a wild pear.*

ἱμάς, humor, vapor—*id. fluid.*

μαγὰς, † fulcrum citharæ—the *neck or bridge of the harp or lute.*

ὄργως, † terra Deo sacra, ut luci et saltus, campi inculti, ager arabilis; vinea, arbustum—*holy ground, places held sacred, as groves and forests, uncultivated or rest-land, arable ground; a vineyard, Orchard.*

5 σπολάς, † vestis coriaceus—a *leathern coat, a coat of skins.*

ψακάς, † ros; gutta, stilla—*dew; a drop.*

ψιδας, † roris gutta, stilla minuta, ros—a *dewdrop, a small*

drop, dew or gentle rain which gladdens the earth. q. ψιᾶ, lætitia.

Class, 5, N. ις, G. ιδος, η̄.

- ἀχεῖς, † locusta—a locust.
- ἀσπίς, clypeus, scutum; clypeatum agmen; Aspis, serpentis genus—a shield, target, buckler; a troop armed with shields; an Asp, small venomous serpent. ἀσπίδι, utebantur Lacedæmonii, πέλῃ, Thraces—the Lacedæmonians used the clypeus, the Thracians the Pelta.
- βαλβίς, † repagulum, carceres; initium—the starting post, a barrier; beginning, outset.
- βαρῖς, & G. ἰος, † Baris, navigium, &c.—a Bark, Barge; a covert, a turreted house.
- 5 ἐλπίς, Spes; expectatio—hope; expectation.
- ἔρις, lis, contentio; contentionum dea—strife, contention, quarrel; Eris, goddess of contention.
- ἑμίς, & G. ἰτος, lex, institutum, jus; Themis, dea justitiæ; tributum, vectigal; oraculum, vaticinium; consilium—law, institute, justice, right; Themis, the goddess of justice; tribute, custom, tax, toll; an oracle, presage, prophecy; counsel, advice.
- ἰάσπις, † Jaspis—a Jasper, a gem of beauteous green.
- ἰκίς, & per Aphæresin, κίς, † mustela silvestris—a weazel, ferret, wild cat. q. κίς, pecten.
- 10 ἰρίς, & G. ἰριος, Att. ἰριως, A. ἰρίν, Iris, arcus cœlestis; Iris dea, nuncio deorum; circulus oculi; herba quædam aromatica; gemma, avis, flumen—the Iris or rainbow; the goddess Iris, messenger of divinities; the circle surrounding the pupil of the eye; a kind of aromatic herb, the flower de luce, a gem, bird, river.
- ἰσις, † Isis—the Egyptian goddess Isis.
- κερκίς, radius textorius; pecten; tudicula; os majus quod tibiam fert; summum pini, populi cacumen; plectrum;

radius mathematicus; paxillus—a weaver's shuttle; a slay; a lath or thible; the leg and arm bone; the summit of the pine, top of the poplar; a string striker; a mathematical rod; a stretcher, stake, pin.

κηλις, † macula; Ulcus; cicatrix; nævus, probrum, ignominia—a spot, blemish; an Ulcer; a scar; a flesh mark, deformity, reproach, dishonour, ignominy.

κρηπις, \* basis, fundamentum; Crepida, soccus; Crepido, margo; placentæ genus—a basis, base, foundation, a slipper, a sock; a Creek, shore, brink, margin, bank; a kind of cake.

15 λιβηεις, † exuvia, pellis deposita—cast skins, the slough of a serpent, snake, adder, &c.

μηλις, consilium, prudentia, intelligentia, sapientia; consilium vaftrum—counsel, prudence, intelligence, understanding, wisdom; evil counsel, a dark design, guile.

νοις, humor, humiditas—id. wet, moisture. q. νοιός, Notus, Auster, the south wind.

οπις, ultio, vindicta; cura, consideratio—revenge, vindictiveness; care, solicitude, consideration.

οτραλις, \* pallastra, gallina—a pullet, a hen.

20 παις, vel παλις, ο και η̄, puer, puella, vide separ. Cl.

πραπιδεις, pl. \* præcordia, mens, solertia—the intestines, inward parts; the mind, expertness.

ραπις, \* virga; Crepida; fibula—a Rod; a slipper, a sandal; a buckle.

σανις, \* tabula, asser, tabula cui maleficos alligabant, tabula judicialis, liber; σανιδεις, valvæ—a table, board; plank, one to which malefactors were tied, a judicial table, magisterial board, a book, record; pl. valves, folding doors.

σελις, spatium inter lineas, etiam inter tabulata navis, pagina, margo—the blank or space between line and line, also between the benches of a ship, a page, the margin of a book.

25 ραφις, uva passa—a grape, raisins.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 4, §, Cl. 5, ις, ιδος, η̄.

- στριγγίς, Strigilis; lamela aurea, capitis ornamentum—  
*curry-comb, flesh-brush; leaf gold, an ornament of the  
 head.* στεγγίς, id.
- Σύβαρις, & G. ἰος, † Sybaris, urbs quædam Italiæ, vel Magnæ  
 Græciæ, deliciis et luxui mirum in modum dedita;  
 luxus—*Sybaris, a city of Calabria in Italy, within Mag-  
 na Græcia, totally given up to luxury and effeminacy;  
 luxury, enervation.*
- σφραγίς, sigillum, signum, obsignatio, signaculum—a seal,  
 sign, mark, signature, the act of signing or sealing, a  
 signet.
- σχαλίς, † varus, paxilus seu furcula—a hunter's fork, a  
 stake or small fork.
- 30 τίγρις, † vel G. ἰος, Tigris—a Tiger.  
 ϕαρυγίς, † ruga—a wrinkle.  
 ϕθόισ, † placentæ genus—a kind of cheesecake.  
 ϕολίς, squama, qualis est serpentis; varietas, parvæ pennæ  
 —a scale, as those on the coat of a serpent; variety,  
 diversity of colour; the fins of a fish, pens of a foxel.  
 ϕρονίς, cogitatio, cura, sollicitudo, occupatio—*care, solici-  
 tude, occupation.*
- 35 χάλις, vel χάλιξ, \* bacchus, vinum merum—*neat wine, the  
 pure blood of the grape.* q. χαλάω, laxo.  
 † αλίς, \* forfex, forficula; arcus; motus celer—a pair of  
 shears or scissors; an arch, vault; quick motion.

Class 6, N. ις, G. ἰος, η̄.

λίς, ὶ, \* tenue et subtile linteum—*fine linen.*

χάρις, A. χάριον, & sæpe ponitur pro ἐνεκα, Gratia, Charitas,  
 benevolentia, amicitia, gaudium. eleemosyna, benefi-  
 cium, præmium, venustas, elegantia—*Grace, favour,  
 Charity, love, benevolence, goodwill, kindness, friendship,  
 joy, gladness, pity, compassion, benefit, reward, beauty,  
 neatness, elegance: χάριτες, Gratiæ, Grates, thanks, requi-*



Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 4 5, Cl. 7 15, υ5, ν5, 3ος, ἦ.

*tal.* Χάριτες θεαί, Gratiae deæ, Charites, the three Graces, companions of the Muses and Mercury, and attendants on Venus: viz. Aglaia, the chearful; Thalia, ever flourishing; and Euphrosine, the delightful. q. χαρᾶ, lætitia. R. χαίρω, gaudeo, to rejoice.

Class 7, N. 15, υ5, ν5, G. 3ος, ἦ.

ἐλμινς, lumbricus, tinea—a worm, a moth.

χόρυς, A. θα, vel ν, galea, cassis; galerita—an helmet; a crested lark.

κώμυς. laurus quæ ante fores statuitur; fasciculus fœni—a domestic laurel, a laurel tree in front of the house, or before the door; a bundle of hay.

μέμμις, † funis, funiculus, filum—a rope, cord, thread.

5 ὄρνις, ὄ vel ἦ, A. θα & ν, N. pl. ὄρνιθες. & υ5, avis, ales; gallina, gallus; augurium—a bird, a fowl; a hen, cock, chick; augury, i. e. prediction from the flying, feeding, &c. of birds.

πίρεινς, crates, seu alveus ex viminibus in curru—a hurdle, hamper, coach-basket.

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## CHAPTER V.

Class I, N. †, (=πς) G. πος, ὄ.

γρυψ, \* Gryps, Gryphus, avis adunco rostro in morem aquilæ—a Griffin, a bird with a crooked beak, like that of the eagle.

γυψ, \* vultur, avis prædatrix et rapax, aquilarum genere—a vulture, rapacious bird of prey of the eagle kind.

ἡλιψ, † calceus—a shoe.

Nouns, Decl. 3; Chap. 5, † Cl. 1, †, †, †, †.

- κατήλι†, & G: φος, † trabs, tabulatum—a *beam, plank, floor*.
- 5 κόλλο†, corium durius in cervicibus et dorsis boum, &c. puer cinædus: κόλλοπις, verticilli citharæ seu lyræ quibus chordæ intenduntur—*hard or hoofed and horny skin on the necks and backs of oxen and sheep; a catamite; pl. the bracing pegs of the harp or lyre.*
- κύνω†, † ὀ vel ἦ, culex—a *gnat, a midge.*
- λαίλα†, ἦ, procella, Lælaps, turbo, ventus procellosus—a *mighty storm, a raging tempest, a tornado, poet. the rapid whirlwind's wings, a rending wind, a hurricane.*
- μύλω†, † vibex, verberum in cuti vestigium, livor, vibex plagæ—the *vestiges of stripes, blueness caused by the lash, traces of the scourge, the impress of a stroke or blow. q. μῦλος, pugna, & ὤ†, facies.*
- ὄ†, ἦ, vox, cantus, cantilena—the *voice, a song. R. ἔπω, loquor.*
- 10 σκόλο†, \* palus præacutus, vallis, palus; sarculus—a *pointed stake, a pallisado, spar, post; a shoot or twig.*

Class 2, N. †, (=β;) G. βος, ὀ.

\* Ἀρα†, † Arabs—an *Arabian.*

φλε†, ἦ, vena—a *vein.*

χάλυ†, † Chalybs, genus ferri durissimi—*iron of the hardest quality, steel.*

SECTION 1, N.  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha, \\ \alpha\beta, \\ \alpha\gamma, \end{array} \right\}$  G. αἶος, τὸ.

αἷμα, sanguis, cruor; cædes, homicidium; consanguinitas—*blood, gore; slaughter, homicide; consanguinity.*

\* Ἀλφα, indecl. Alpha—the *first Greek letter, a person of prime dignity, he who holds the first, or most honourable place.*

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; αῖος, τὸ.



ἄρμα, currus, vehiculum; pondus, onus—a chariot, car, vehicle; a weight, load, burden.

ἄρωμα, † Aroma, odoramentum, odorum suavitas—Aromatics, sweet spices or drugs, perfume, fragrance, sweet odours, the spicy gales of Arabia.

5 ἄσθμα, † flatus, spiritus; anhelitus, anhelatio difficilior, Asthma, suspirium—a puff, breath, vapor; panting, shortness of breath, the phthisic, Asthma, a sigh.

βεῖλας, indecl. † simulacrum—an image.

γέρας, et G. ἄος-ῶς, præmium, munus honorarium, honor—a reward, prize, present, a free or honorary gift, an immunity, a badge of honour.

γῆρας, senectus, senium—old age, the evening of one's days, the winter of life.

δέλας, esca qua capiuntur animalia; illecebæ quævis; fraus, dolus—a bait, that by which animals are enticed and taken, a Lure, decoy; any enticement; fraud, deceit.

10 δέλτα, invar. litera Delta; pars Ægypti, pub. mul.—the letter Delta; a part or division of Egypt called the Delta.

δέμας, invar. corpus—the body.

δέπας, & G. αος, poculum, patera—a cup, bowl, dish.

δέρας, pellis, corium—a skin, hide, leather. δέσμα, αῖος, τὸ, id.

ἐγκαλα, pl. intestina, viscera—the intestines, the bowels.

15 ἔρμα, fulcrum, stabilimentum; confidentia; saburra, scopulus, innuris—a prop, supporter, stay, basis; confidence; ballast; a rock or shelf in the sea; a pendant or ear-ring.

ἥπαρ, Hepar, jecur—the liver. ἠπαλίζω, Hepar refeoro, Hepati similis sum, ad Hepatis colorem vergo. ἠπαλικὸς; Hepaticus, Hepatic.

κέαρ, Cor; animus—the heart, the mind. κῆς, id. Sed κῆς, κῆρος, ἦ, fate.

κέρας, & G. Sync. κέρας, Cras. κέρας, D. κέρατι, -αῖ-α, Cornu; potentia; tibia vel poculum é Cornu factum; Cornu, pars exercitus; fluminis ostium seu ramus; cincinnus

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ως; αἰος, τὸ.

plexus ad formam Cornu; antenna; extremitas altera uteri; sophisma, captiosæ argutæ—a *Horn*; *strength, puissance*; a pipe or cup made of horn; the wing of an army; the mouth, or a branch of a river; a bush of hair crisped in the form of a horn; the sailyard, bowsprit; one extremity of the uterus; a sophism, subtile repartees.

κλήμα, \* palmæ, sarmentum, virga vitea, flagellum vitigineum; vitis insigne centurionis—a vinebranch, twig, shoot, rod, switch; a centurion's rod.

20 κίεφας, caligo, tenebræ; crepusculum; diluculum, seu ultima pars noctis—*gloom, darkness*; twilight, departing day, the dusk; day-break, the dawn.

κρέας, et G. Sync. κρέ-αος, Cras. ως, D. αἱ, αἶ, α, Caro; carnis frustum; corpus—*flesh, a piece or bit of meat*; the body.

κῦμα, fluctus, unda; Metaph. lues magna; mala varia; frequentia maxima—a billow, surge, wave; Metaph. a sweeping pestilence, a great mortality; of ills a complication; a great concourse, a press, throng.

κῦμα, † Somnus profundus, sopor altus; Somnus dulcis; dulcis quies; veternus, murcor; illecebræ—*deep, or sound sleep*; soft slumbers, sweet repose; lethargy, drowsiness; a lure, enticement.

καίτημα, † trajectus; Latitudo, œquor—a trajection, passage over; Latitude, the broad sea.

25 λῆμα. presens animus, animus virilis fortisque, fortitudo; propositum animi, voluntas, consilium; dignitas; timidus animus; lucrum—*presence of mind, a manly spirit, courage, valour, fortitude*; purpose of mind, resolve, design, will, counsel; dignity; a timid mind, dastardly spirit; lucre, gain.

λῆμα, sordes, purgamentum—*dirt, sweepings, refuse*.

λῆμα, fimbria, limbus, ora vestimenti—a selvage, fringe, tassel, the border of a garment.

ὄνομα, poet. ἔνομα, Æol. ὄνομα, Nomen, vocabulum; fama, celebritas; prætextus—a Name, Noun, term, word; fame, Renown, celebrity; a pretext.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; ᾶτος, τῶ.

- ἄας, contr. ἔς, G. ᾶτος, Auris; τὰ ἔλλα contr. ᾶτα, Aures; vasorum ansæ; corycei et delatores principum—the ear; pl. the ears; ears or handles of vessels; spies and reporters to princes, men on secret service, informers. Dor. ᾶς, G. ᾶτος, id.
- 30 ἔδας, solum—the ground. It is used only in the N. & A. see ἔδος, εος, τῶ, id.
- ἔδαρ, \* Uber, mamma, proprie belluarum; sumen, cibus olim in deliciis habitus; Ubertas, feracitas—a dug, especially of beasts and cattle, an Udder; the hind part of a sow's Udder, which, when seasoned, was formerly accounted a delicious dish; Uberity, abundance, fruitfulness.
- πέλαα, † planta pedis; solea; calcaneum—the sole of the foot; sole of a shoe; the heel.
- πέρας, & πείρας; finis, terminus; effectus, clausula—an end, a boundary, limit; a result, clause. adv. denique, demum, tenus, in fine, lastly, as far as. q. περάω, trajicio.
- πήμα, damnum, exitium; clades—loss, defeat, destruction; slaughter.
- 35 πῶμα, \* operculum, operimentum; poculum; potus—a lid, cover; a pot, a cup; its contents, drink, liquor.
- σίλας, fulgor, lumen, jubar; Poet. ignis—brightness, light, a ray, a sunbeam; Poet. fire.
- σημα, signum, nota, vexillum, insigne nobilitatis; portentum, augurium; bustum, monumentum—a sign, note, mark, badge, signal, ensign, standard, coat of arms, trophy; a portent, foretoken, presignification; a tomb, monument, sepulchre.
- σίγμα, indecl. \* the letter Sigma; a kind of table.
- σίαρ, sebum, sebum, adeps; farina aqua subacta addito fermento; fermentum—tallow, suet, fat; fermented dough; leaven, yeast.
- 40 στόμα, os, orificium; ostium fluvii; acies ferri vel gladii; acies vel frons exercitûs—the mouth, an orifice; the

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; ἄλο, τῶ.

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 mouth of a river; the edge of a sword; the front or van of an army.

σῆμα, corpus, caro; mancipium—the body, flesh; a servant, slave; q. d. a lump of flesh, i. e. a body destitute of the noble mind.

T

τέμαρ, finis, exitus rei; signum, ostentum—an end, result, final issue; sign, intimation what the end will be, a token, ostent.

τέλαμα, Lama, lacuna—a ditch, trench, marsh, bog.

τέρας, signum, portentum, prodigium, ostentum, monstrum—a sign, token, portent, prodigy, ostent, a surprising signal.

45 τέρας, pro quo τέρας' Terminus, Meta, finis—a limit, Term, boundary, goal, end, bottom, foot. Adv. tandem, ad extremum, at the long run, at last.

ἵδα, aqua—water. N. obsol. pro quo ἵδω, id. q. v. Separ. Cl.

ἵπαρ, invar. visio vera—a true or open vision.

φρέαρ, * puteus—a pit.

χειμα, Hyems, tempestas—winter, a tempest, winter storm. q. χεῖω, vel χεῖω, fundo; quod multas fundit pluvias et nives.

50 χεῖμα, res, id quod utibile est, negotium, peculium, gestamen, opus, factum, merx, oraculum, indigentia, necessitas; χεῖμαλα, opes, divitiæ, pecuniæ, facultates, comoda, emolumenta—a thing, what may be used, an utensil, some matter, or business, an affair, private property, a domestic or home concern, that which may be wielded or worn, a work, performance, act, deed, fact, trade, merchandise, an oracle, want, need, indigence, necessity; pl. wealth, riches, money, goods, means, gain, conveniences, profits, emoluments. q. χεῖω, utendum do.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 2, υ, υς, τὸ.

Sect. 2, N. υ, G. υς, τὸ.

βῦ, † invar. vox infantis vagientis, vox infantilis—the
crying of a child, the voice of an infant.

γόνυ, & G. ἄλος, poet. γένος, & γένυλο; D. pl. γόνασι, poet. γένασι,
 & ατσι, Genu; internodium—the *Knee; space between
 two knots or joints.*

γῆῦ, indecl. quicquid minimum est, quisquiliæ, sordes quæ
 sub unguibus est; genus quoddam numismatis; vox
 suum, et vox quam edere solent qui dedignerant respon-
 dere—*any thing diminutive, a small trifle, sweepings, rif-
 raf, scurf, dirt under the nails; a kind of small coin; the
 Grunting of hogs, a Gruff, Grum, or surly answer.*

δάκρυ, & ον, Lacryma; succus e plantâ—a *tear; gum-drops.*

δόρυ, & G. per Metath. δεξός, D. δεξι, & G. δόξαλος, D. ι, poet. G.
 δεξ-ός, D. ι, hasta, lancea, pilum; lignum oblongum
 navis—a *spear, lance, pike, halbert, javelin; the oblong
 timber of a ship.*

μέθυ, vinum, temetum—*wine, that of a strong and inebria-
 ting quality.*

ράπυ, † Sinapi—*mustard.* σίμπι, & σήμπι, ἕως, τὸ, idem.

THE SECOND,

Or Soft and Contractible Part

OF THE THIRD DECLENSION.

CHAPTER VI.

Its terminations are αυς, ες, υς: But the two former have but
 one Primitive each; viz. ναῦς, & βῆς;: which two words we
 dispose of in the first place, and then proceed to those in υς.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 6, υς, υος, ή.

καύς, G. καός, & νεός, Att. νεός, A. pl. νέας, N. Ion. νηός, G. νηός, D. pl. poet. νηοί, navis—a ship. q. νόω, fluo.

βῶς, G. βοός, ὁ καὶ ή, Dor. βῶς, A. βῶν, pl. βῶς, Bos, vacca—an ox, cow, Bull; Synechd. Bovina pellis, an ox's hide: Metony. scutum, a shield, i. e. one of tough bull hides; flagellum e corio bubulo; numisma Atticum bovis imagine signatum; piscis quidam, a leathern thong or scourge, a strap; an Attic coin stamped with the figure of an ox; a kind of fish.

Sing. N. υς, G. υος, D. υι, A. υν, V. υ.	Dl. N. A. V. υε, G. & D. υολυ,	Pl. N. & V. υες-ῦς, G. υων, D. υσι, A. υας, ῦς,
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ἀπὸ υς, ὁ, † pater—a father. q. ἀπὸ, Ab. & φύσις, natura, R. φῶ, gigno.

ἄρευς, † rete; reticulum; vitta: ἄρευες, casses—a net; a woman's caul, network; a ribbon: pl. hunter's nets, snares.

ἄχλυς, * Caligo, tenebræ; nebula, oculorum caligatio—Blackness, darkness, gloom, obscurity; a mist, Cloud; dimness of sight.

βότρυς, ὁ, * Botrus, uva, racemus; nomen herbæ; capillus—a grape, raisin, a cluster, bunch; Βοτρύς, an herb, the oak of Jerusalem; Metaph. a bush of hair, a ringlet.

5 γένυς, mentum, maxilla; acies, securis, bipennis—the chin, jaw; an edge, saw, hatchet, sword.

δελφύς, * Vulva, uterus—the womb, matrix, a Delf,

δρῦς, quercus, robur; arbor quævis; lignum—an oak; a Tree in general; timber.

ἔγκελυς, ο vel η, † Anguilla—an eel.

Ἐριωνύς, * Erynnys, furia, dea infernalis, peccatorum ul-

trix et pœnarum irrogatrix—*Erinnys, a fury, infernal goddess, an avenger of crimes and imposer of punishments in the gloomy mansions of Pluto. Erinnyes, the three furies, daughters of Acheron and Nox, viz. Alecto, Megæra, & Tisiphone.*

10 ἰλύς, * *Limus* ; *Lutum* ; *cœnum* ; *fœx*—*Mud, Clay, dirt, dregs, Lees.*

ἰζύς, † *limbus*—*the loin, flank.*

ἰσχύς, *robur, vires, potentia*—*strength, force, power, valour.*

ἴτυς, * *circumferentia et curvatura rotæ, umbo, omnis extremitas rei rotundæ, umbo clypei, gyrys, vortex*—*the circumference and curve of a wheel, its nave or stock, the border of any thing that is round, the boss of a shield, an eddy, vortex, whirlpool.*

ἰχθύς, ὅ, *piscis*—*a fish. ἰχθυῶν, piscor, to fish.*

15 κάλυψ, ὅ, † *indumentum Persicum*—*a persian robe.*

κάχυς, s. κάρχυς, * *hordeum in furno tostum* ; *semen rosmaryni* ; *granum hordei, &c.*—*roasted barley, rosemary seed ; a barley corn ; a small round production of certain trees.*

κίυς, * *vis, vires, robur*—*force, strength, mettle, robustness.*

κίκύω, *valeo, viribus polleo, propero, to be strong, make haste.*

κίχυς, * *acervus, agger, tumulus*—*a heap, pile, mound, hillock, bank.*

λίγυς, † *Fuligo* ; *fumus* ; *flamma*—*soot ; smoke ; a black blaze.*

20 Λίγυς, ὅ και ἦ, *Ligur*—*a Ligurian. λίγυτις, ἰδος, ἦ, femina Ligur. λιγυτικὸς, Ligusticus.*

μύς, ὅ, *Mus, Musculus*—*a Mouse, a little Mouse, a Muscle.*

νυδύς, * *venter, alvus, uterus, cavitas*—*the belly, the paunch, stomach, womb, a cavity: Need.*

εἰζύς, * *ærumna, miseria, calamitas*—*grief, trouble, misery, calamity.*

ἔσφυς, † *lumbus, coxa, ilia*—*haunch, loins, flank, sides.*

25 ἐφρεός, supercilium; fastus, superbia; tumulus, supercilium montis—the eyebrow; haughtiness, superciliousness, scorn, disdain, pride; a killock, a mountain's brow, the brow of a hill.

πίπυς, Picea, Pinus—the Pitch-tree, a Pine.

πρόσβυς, ὁ, senex—an old man. See next Class.

σάχυς, ὁ, Spica, arista, culmus; stella fulgida in virginis sinistra manu; herba quædam, et ligamen—an ear of corn, the beard of grain, its stem, an oaten stalk; a bright star in the left hand of virgo; a kind of herb and ligature.

q. ἵσημι, Sto.

σῦς, ὄνος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Sus, porcus; aper—a sow, pig, hog; a boar.

30 χέλυς, testudo; Chelys, instrumentum musicum, a testudine similitudine, dictum testudo; machinamentum quoddam, pectus—a tortoise; the Chelys, a musical instrument called the testudo from the resemblance it bore to a tortoise shell, a lute or harp, the lyre; a kind of military engine or fence, a busk, the breast.

CHAPTER, VII.

CLASS I.

This class hath three terminations, υς, & υος, of the masculine gender, and υ, of the neuter.

Method of Declining:

Sing.		Pl.	Pl.	
m.	n.	m. & n.	m.	n.
N. ΕΥΣ, υς, υ,	N. V. A. ΕΕ,	N. V. ΕΕΣ, ΗΣ, ΕΩ, Η,		
G. ΕΟΣ, Att. ΕΩΣ,	G. & D. ΕΩΝ,	G. ΕΩΝ,		
D. ΕΙ-Η.		D. ΕΥΣΙ, ΕΣΙ,		
A. ΕΩ-Η, ΟΥ, υ,		A. ΕΩΣ-ΗΣ, ΕΩ-Η		
V ΕΥ, υ,				

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 1 ευς, υς, m. υ, n. εος, Att. εως.

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ἄστυ, urbs, Astu, peculiariter Athenæ—a city, the city of Athens in particular. q. ἑτάω, Sto.

βασιλεύς, rex; regulus—a king; the regulus, a bird so called, a wren.

βραβεύς, qui dat præmium certaminis, iudex certaminis, vel Arbiter et moderator; Arbiter rerum aliarum et præmium Diribens—he who bestows the premium of the combat, and awards to the victor the well contested prize, an Arbiter amongst those who contend at Olympus, of ritual games the umpire and judge of the rapid race; an Arbiter in other matters, and on other occasions the dispenser of rewards. q. ῥάβδος, virga.

ᾄψυς, ἦ, vox—a voice, Cry.

5 ἑρμηνεύς, interpres—an interpreter. Ερμῆς, Mercurius.

πτελέκυς, securis, bipennis—an hatchet, ax, halbert.

πῆχυς, cubitus, ulna; norma fabrilis; pars citharæ verticilla continens; pars arcus media sagittas continens—the arm from the elbow to the hand, the length or extent from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger, i. e. a cubit, a measure of varied length used by the ancients; a carpenter's rule, workman's square; the screw part of the harp; the centre of the archer's stringed bow, which sustains the levelled arrow.

πρεσβυς, Att. G. εως, senex, G. is, & icis; senator; legatus, avis nomen—an old man; a senator; a legate, an envoy; the name of a certain bird. πρεσβυα, senex, an old woman. πρεσβης, principes, honorati, princes, dignified characters. Adj. πρεσβ-υς, υα, υ, q. v.

## CLASS II.

Its termination is ες, and its gender feminine.

Sing. N. ες,

Pl. N. V. A. ες,

Pl. N. & V. ες-ες,

G. ες,

G. & D. ες,

G. ες,

D. ες,

D. ες,

A. ες,

A. ες-ες,

V. ες.

Obs. Nouns of this Class are not unfrequently declined like those of the preceding one, changing  $\iota$  into  $\epsilon$ , except in the N. A. & V. sing. E. G.

## Sing.

N. 15,

G. εος, vel εως,

D. εἰ-ε,

A. ε,

V. ε.

## Dl.

N. A. V. εε,

G. &amp; D. εοι,

## Pl.

N. &amp; V. εεε-εε

G. εων,

D. εοι,

A. εεε-εε,

ἀγυεις, cœtus, multitudo congregata, congregatio—an assembly, crowd, convened multitude. q. ἀγορὰ, Æol. ἀγυρὰ.

ἀγρῆς, cuspis teli—the point of a dart, an arrow's barb.

ἄσῆς, † limus, sordes, cœnum—mud, dirt, mire. ἄσῆος, limosus, very muddy.

ἄχσεωῖς, Acherōis, populus albus—a kind of white poplar.

5 βάλῆς, & βάλων, † ramus palmæ—a palm branch, a branch of laurel or Bay.

γύεις, † pollen—fine flour.

δῆεις, contentio, rixa, pugna—contention, debate, battle. q.

δᾶ, & ἔεις, contentio, q. d. δάεις,

ἔχεις, ὄ, \* anguis, vipera—a snake, serpent, viper.

Ἰέσπῆς, ὄ και ἦ, vates, divinus, Deo dictatus, ex Deo loquens—a prophet, diviner, one dictated to by, or speaking from a divinity, an oracle. Adj. vaticinus, prophetic. q. θεός, deus, et ἴπω, loquor; poet. ἴσπω.

10 ἴρις, Iris—the rainbow: See Chap. 4, Cl. 3.

ἴσχις, lumbus—the thigh, loins. q. ἴσχυς, robur; vel σχίζω,

1. σχίσω, findo, Scindo.

κάνναβῆς, & κάνάβῆς, † Cannabis—hemp.

κιδάρις, † Cidaris, pileus regius Persicus, tiara; saltationis genus apud Arcades—a royal, or sacerdotal Persian cap, a tiara, a diadem; a kind of Arcadian dance.

κιννάβαρις, † Cinnabar-is, -i—vermilion; red lead.

15 κίς, ὄ, † Cis, vermis seu vermiculus, qui in ligno et fru-

mento nasci solet, eaque rodit—a worm or grub, that breeds in, and eats wood, corn, and fruit.

κόνις, pulvis, Cinis; lixivium—dust, ashes, Cinders: lye, water impregnated with the salts of ashes.

κόρις, ὁ και ἡ, † cimex; frutex, herba, et piscis—a bug; a kind of shrub, herb, and fish.

κύβηλις, † securis, bipennis—a hatchet, halbert. Prov. a Kibble.

κύμινδις, G. εως & ιδος, Cymindis, avis quædam nocturna—the Cimindis or night-hawk, a bird of night which is hostile to the eagle.

20 κύβητις, ὁ, † tabula triangula, cui leges inscribebantur—a triangular table, on which the laws of Athens were written.

κύστις, † vesica—a bladder, Cystis.

λάτρις, ὁ και ἡ, serv-us-a, minister, famul-us-a—a man or maid servant, a domestic, a slave.

μάντις, vates, hariolus, divinus, fatidicus, haruspex—a prophet, soothsayer, diviner, prognosticator. q. μάνιωμα, furor.

μῆνις, & G. ιδος, ira permanens, ira diuturna, iracundia, odium—abiding anger, inveterate hate, rancour, displeasure, hatred. q. μένω, Maneo.

25 νῆστις, ὁ και ἡ, jejunus; intestinum jejunum; piscis quidam—fasting; the second or empty intestine; a certain fish.

οἶς, vel οἴς, ὁ και ἡ, Ovis, aries—a sheep, ecce. m. a ram, tup.

ὄρχις, testis, testiculus; herba, oliva, et piscis quidam—a testicle; a kind of herb, olive, and fish.

ὄφις, ὁ, serpens, anguis, coluber; sideris nomen; ornamentum quoddam brachiale, piscis quidam, morbus capitis—a serpent, a snake, a serpent of the shade; the name of a constellation; a brachial ornament, a bracelet, a kind of fish, a disorder of the head. poet. G. ὄφης. q. ὄπιω, pro βλέπω, video.

πόλις, ιως, Att. εως, Ion. & poet. νος, urbs, civitas, oppidum; ludi genus—a city, town; a sort of play. DL. ἰ. τῶ πόλιε.

- 30 πῶρις, ὁ καὶ ἦ, vitul-us-a, juven-us-a—a calf, an heifer.  
πῶρις, id.
- πρῶτων, ὁ, præfectus, rector, administrator, dispensator;  
custos, tutor—a prefect, governor, administrator; keeper,  
guardian, tutor.
- σάγαρις, † ensis Amazonicus—an Amazonian, or Persian  
sword.
- τύρσις, † Turris—a Tower, rampart.
- ὑβρις, injuria, contumelia, probrum, flagitium; stuperatio;  
insolentia, superbia, petulantia—injury, affront, contu-  
mely, dishonour, reproach, a great crime; violation of  
chastity; insolence, pride, petulance.
- 35 φήλις, ὁ, † auriga, animus—a charioteer, the mind.
- φῶλλις, † Obolus; marsupium sive sacculus; Follis—a  
small coin; a bag, purse, a pair of bellows.
- Χάρυβδις, † Charybdis, vorago, vortex maris—Charybdis,  
a most dangerous vortex opposite to Scylla, a gulf, whirl-  
pool of the ocean. παρὰ τὸ ῥέμβην εἰς χῶλος.

## CLASS III.

## Neuter Gender.

| Sing.          | DI.                 | PI.              |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| N. A. & V. ος; | N. A. V. εε, -η,    | N. A. V. εα, -η, |
| G. εος-ες,     | G. & D. εειν, -οιν, | G. εων, -ων,     |
| D. εῖ-ει,      |                     | D. εσι.          |

ἄγχος, vas quodlibet, velut dolium, muletra, urna, &c.—a  
vessel in general, as a hogshead, a tub, milk-pail, urn, &c.

ἄγκος, vallis, convallis; editus locus montis—a valley,  
dale, low-land; a mountain eminence, the ridge of a hill.

ἄχος, veneratio, res quam veneramur, veneratione digna,  
res sacra; puritas; purificatio et lustratio; scelus, pia-  
culum—veneration, the object thereof, that which is vene-  
rable and sacred; purity; purification and lustration, the  
act of cleansing; a piece of wickedness, a flagrant deed, a  
great crime.

αἴσχος, turpitude, fœditas, deformitas; probrum, dedecus, infamia—*turpitude, baseness, filthiness, ugliness, deformity; reproach, dishonour, shame, infamy.*

5 ἄλγος, dolor, mœror, tristia, molestia, calamitas, malum—*pain, grief, sadness, trouble, molestation, calamity, disaster, mishap.*

ἄλσος, \* lucus, nemus, saltus—a grove, wood, forest.

ἄνθος, flos—a flower.

\* Ἄργος, Argos—a town of Thessalia; the renowned city of Peloponnesus; it is sometimes put for the whole of Peloponnesus, and not unfrequently for all Greece.

ἄφενος, vel G. α, divitiæ, opes, q. d. redditus annui, lucrum—*riches, wealth, revenue, gain.* ἄφιος, id.

10 ἄχος, pondus, onus; dolor; gravis, molestia—*weight, load, burden; pain, Ache, grief, great trouble.*

ἄχος, dolor, mœror, tristitia—*pain, an Ache, grief, sorrow, sadness.*

## B

βυθός, profunditas; intimus locus; acies militaris; altitudo—*Depth, profundity; a covert, private recess, secret corner; ranks of war, so many deep; height, altitude.* q. βυθός, ε, ι, q. v.

βύρο, pondus, onus; Metaph. molestia, gravitas, auctoritas—*weight, what we have to bear, a load, burden; Metaph. trouble; gravity, authority.*

βίλος, Telum, jaculum, sagitta; fulmen; ictus et dolor ex ictu—a dart, Bolt, javelin, arrow; a thunderbolt, lightning; a stroke and attendant pain. R. βάλλω, jaculor.

15 βεβήχως, & G. ε, † rancedo, rancitas—*hoarseness.*

βεβήφος, † infans; fœtus animantium—an infant, the young of animals.

## Γ

γάμος, lætitiâ, gaudium, voluptas, oblectamentum; vinum; splendor, fulgor; hortus—*gladness, joy, mirth, Gaiety, pleasure, delight; wine; splendor, brightness; a Garden,*

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, ιος, τὸ.

γλεῦκος, † mustum, succus dulcis—*new wine, sweet juice or gum.*

## Δ

δάνος, Donum, munus ; mutuum ; mors—a gift, Donation, present ; a loan, usury ; death, q. d. the discharge of nature's loan.

20 δεῦκος, † Dulcedo—*sweetness.*

δῆνος, † concilium ; ars, vafrities—*counsel ; art, craft, vafrity, a fetch.*

## Ε

ἔγκος, hasta, ensis—a spear, pike, lance ; a sword. q. ἔχω, habeo.

ἔθνος, gens, Natio, populus ; ordo, societas atque genus hominum, sexus, pars urbis—a Nation, people, the Hea-then ; an order, a clan, a society and race of men, lineage, sex or kind, part of a city: It is also used of herding brutes ; and of a crowd or multitude.

ἔθος, mos, consuetudo, ritus ; lex non scripta—*manner, custom, common usage ; the law of custom, or of the land.*

25 εἶρος, lana—*wool.*

ἔλεος, compassion, vide Decl. 2.

ἔλκος, Ulcus ; vulnus, maxima inveteratum—an Ulcer ; a wound, especially an inveterate one, a sore. q. ἔλω, traho.

ἔλος, † Palus ; aqua palustris cœno mixta—a fen, a marsh, its muddy water.

ἔμια, pl. arma, clypeus, galea, &c. vasa convivialia—*arms, implements of war, as a shield, helmet, &c. armour ; ban- queting vessels, utensils, plate.*

30 ἔρεβος, Erebus, orcus, orci tenebræ seu caligo, inferi—*Erebus, hell, its darkness, infernal, gloom and obscurity, the shades.*

ἔρευσος, Rubor—*redness, a blush.*

ἔρνος, \* planta, germen, ramas—a plant, bud, branch.



## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, εος, τὸ.

ἔτος, annus—a year.

ἔχθρος, odium, inimicitia, simultas—*hatred, enmity, a private grudge, secret malice.*

## H

35 ἦθος, pl. ἠθῆα, consuetæ sedes, locus consuetus, sedes notæ, domicilium, mansio—*haunts, well known seats, an usual place, places oft frequented, a dwelling, mansion, abode.*

ἦθος, indoles, ingenium, morum quædam proprietas, mores, Ethica, affectus tenuores, natura—*disposition, bent or turn of mind, wit, genius, inclination, a certain propriety of manners and behaviour, line of conduct, morals, Ethics, ordinary affections, instinct, nature.*

## Θ

θάμβος, stupor, attonita admiratio, pavor—*amazement, surprise, admiration joined with wonder, fear, dread.*

θάραξ, Metath. θράσος, fiducia, confidentia; audacia, animi præstantia—*self-consciousness, courage, confidence; assurance, boldness, audacity; presence of mind.*

θῆρος, æstas, messis, fruges demessæ—*summer, harvest, the reaped or gathered crop.*

## I

40 ἴδος, sudor—*sweat.*

ἴχνος, vestigium, ima pars pedis; vestigium, signum quod pes incedentis solo imprimit; pes ipse; gradus, incesus—*the sole of the foot; a footmark, a vestige or impress of the foot; a step, gait, walk, advance.*

## K

κέρδος, lucrum, quæstus, emolumentum, commodum, utilitas, præmium; astutia, dolus—*lucre, gain, profit, emolument, advantage, utility, reward; craft, fraud, deceit.*

κῆδος, cura, sollicitudo ; mœror, luctus, molestia, ærumna, damnum ; exequiæ, parentalia, exequarum cura ; affinitas, nuptiæ—*care, sollicitude, anxiety, sadness, lamentation, grief, trouble, molestation, loss, damage ; sepulchral rites, interment, the care of funerals ; affinity, alliance, nuptials, marriage.*

κῆλος, Cetus vel Cetos, balæna, signum cœleste—a whale, grampus, the constellation of the whale.

45 κίναδος, & κ. β, \* vulpes ; homo vulpina vafritie præditus—*a fox ; a crafty man, one like the fox for wiles.*

κράτος, Metath. κῆλος, robur, vis, vires, potentia ; imperium, regia dignitas, victoria—*strength, force, ability, puissance, power ; empire, authority, royal dignity, victory, conquest.*

κρύος, frigus, algor, gelu, glacies, rigor—*cold, frost, ice, rigor, stiffness, rigidity.*

κῆνος, \* jumentum, pecus—a labouring beast, cattle, live stock. q. κίλωμαι, possideo.

κῆδος, gloria, Decus—*glory, an honour.* Compar. κῆδιων, όνος, ό και η, gloriosor ; Superl. κῆδιοςος, gloriosissimus, gloria eminentissimus.

50 κῆρος, auctoritas, edictum, firmamentum, rata fides, pignus, cardo rei—*authority, plenipotence, an edict, fiat, ratification, plighted faith, a pledge, the hinge of a matter.*

κῆλος, \* Cavitas ; Cavus sinus, alveus, venter cavus, corporis truncus et moles, corpus capacitas, profunditas—*a hollow, Cavity ; a winding bay, one of semilunar form, the hollow of the breast, the bed of a river, the hold of a ship, its keel, the hollow of the belly, or the paunch, the trunk, and bulk of the body, the body itself, capacity, depth, profundity.*

## Λ

λαίφος, † vestis e tenui stamine ; vestis quævis ; vestis attrita et lacera ; velum—a thin light vest, a garment in general ; one worn out and tattered ; a sail.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, εος, τὸ.

λίπος, pinguedo, pinguitudo, adeps, sebum—*fat, grossness, grease, suet, tallow.*

## M

μέλος, membrum, artus; modulus, Melos carmen, suis membris constans—*a member, limb, joint; a measure, model, pitch, musical notes, tuneable singing, Melody, a tune, verse, a song, consisting of its parts and members.*

55 μένος, ardor, vel impetus animi, animus, Mens, robur, vis, vehementia, ira—*Mental ardor, transports of, and the mind itself; strength, force, warmth, vehemence, anger.*  
q. μένω, Maneo.

μέρος, pars, portio—*a part, share, division, portion.* μέρις, ἴδος, ἦ, id. th. μείρω, fut. μερῶ, divido. τὰ ἐπὶ μέρος, τὰ κατὰ μέρος, singularia. κατὰ μέρος, ἐν μέρει, singulativim. ἀνὰ μέρος, vicissim. ἀπὸ & ἐκ μέρος, ex parte. τὸ σὸν μέρος, quantum in te est.

μῆδος, cura, consilium, prudentia—*care, caution, counsel, prudence.* pl. μῆδεα, curæ, consilia; genitalia, pudenda.

μῆκος, longitudo, prolixitas, proceritas, statura, spatium—*length, prolixity, tallness, size, stature, natural height, space, extent.*

μῖσος, odium—*hatred.*

60 μῦσος, scelus, piaculum, facinus detestandum—*a piece of wickedness, a deed to be detested, a high, or great crime.*

## N

νάκος, \* vellus, pellis cum suo villo—*a fleece, woolly skin, shaggy felt.*

νάκος, seu νάπη, † clivus montis aut promontorii silvosus et leniter cavus, locus cavernosus, vallis nemorosa, saltus—*a woody and somewhat craggy side or declivity of a mountain or promontory, the rough side of a hill, a mountain's craggy front, a cavernous place, a wooded vale, a forest, woodland.*

## Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 3 ος, εος, τὸ.

ῥίχος, rixa, jurgium, altercatio, contentio; bellum—*strife, quarrel, dispute, altercation, contention: war.*

ῥέφος, Nubes, Nebula; multitudo magna—a *cloud, a mist; a great multitude.*

Ξ

65 ξίφος, ensis, gladius, sica; mucronatum rostrum Xiphiae piscis; gladiolus, herba quædam—a *sword, rapier, poinard, Knife; the pointed snout of the Xiphias, or sword-fish; the herb glader or sword-grass.*

Ο

ὄνειδος, probrum, dedecus, exprobratio; item laus, decus, gloria—*reproach, disgrace, blame, censure; praise, a badge of honour, glory, renown.*

ὄρος, & G. poet. ὄρειος, N. pl. ὄρεα-ὄρη, poet. ὄρεα, D. ὄρεσι, mons collis—a *mountain, a hill. But ὄρος, ο, ὄ, terminus. ὄρεός, ὄ και ἦ, ορεινός, ἦ, ὄν, montanus, montosus.*

ὄδος, solum, humus, pavementum, terra—the *ground, floor, earth. This word is unusual in the nominative case, for which ὄδας, ὄλος, τὸ, is used.*

ὄχος, currus—a *chariot. ὄχος, ο, ὄ, idem. q. v.*

Π

70 πέλαγος, Pelagus, maris profunditas, æquor, mare—the *main sea, the depth, or profundity of the ocean, the solidity and surface of the deep, the sea.*

πέπθος, luctus, mœror; funus—*mourning, sorrow, grief, sadness; a funeral.*

πίος, † the *Penis. Prov. to Pee, i. e. urinam reddere.*

Ρ

ῥέδος, \* membrum, quævis pars corporis, facies—a *member, limb, any part of the body, the face.*

ῥίγος, Rigor, Frigus vehemens, albor, febris—*piercing and petrifying cold, keen frost, Rigidity, chilness, an ague.*

## Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 3 ος, ιος, τὸ.

75 ῥύγχος, \* rostrum, Rictus—a beak, snout, grin.

## Σ

σκέλος, crus; pes; suffrago—the leg; the foot; the hough, pastern of a beast: τὰ σκέλη, genua, the knees.

σκεῦος, vas, instrumentum, utensile quodvis—a vessel, instrument, any utensil, arms, a sail, banquet, &c.

σκόλος, & γ. β, tenebræ—darkness.

σκούλος, corium, pellis, Cutis, Scutica, flagrum—leather, hide, the Skin; a Scourge, a whip.

80 σκύφος, Sciphus—a Cup; & γ. β, q. v.

σμήνος, \* examen apum; alveare, apiarium; multitudo magna; sermonis suavitas—a swarm of bees; their hive, their stall; a countless multitude, a crowd; a flow of eloquence.

σπέος, \* Specus, Spelunca—a den, cave, cavern, lair.

σίλεχος, caudax, truncus, stipes—the bole, stock, body or trunk of a tree, its stump, a log of wood.

σῆθος, pectus—the breast, the chest.

85 σέηνος, luxus, deliciæ, voluptas; tumultuatio; fastus, morum asperitas—luxury, immedical indulgence and gratification, delight, pleasure; bustle; disdainfulness, pride, rude and haughty behaviour, a forbidding carriage.

## Τ

τάεβος, Terror, horror, stupor, timor, metus, Ter. &c.—fright, amazement, fear, dread.

τάεφος, densitas, præsertim silvæ, densus silvæ locus—density, a sylvan shade, a thicket, a woodland bowyer.

τάεχια, pl. \* exequiæ, inferiæ, parentalia, justa—obsequies, funeral solemnities, the rites of sepulture, honours due from the living to the dead.

τέχος, murus; τὰ τέχη, mœnia—a wall, a rampart; pl. the works or fortifications of a town, camp, &c. R. τείχην, struo.

- 90 τέλος, finis, terminus, exitus; vectigal, impensa, sumptus, magistratus; legio, turma, cohors; nuptiæ—*an end, limit, finish, termination, issue, final event; custom, tax, charge expenditure; magistracy, civil authority; a legion, troop; band, cohort; nuptials, marriage.*

## Υ

ὑδωρ, poet. pro ὑδάτ, ἄλος, τδ, aqua—*water.*

- ὑψος, altitudo, celsitudo, sublimitas; cacumen, vertex, fastigium—*height, loftiness, sublimity, grandeur; a top, summit, peak.*

## Φ

- φᾶρος, palla, pallium, vestis exterior, tegmen, velamen, velum capitis, navisque—*a robe, gown, outer garment, plaid, covering, veil, sail: But φάρος, ε, ὁ καὶ ἦ, Pharus, q. v.*  
 φῶς, splendor, lux, lumen, jubar; seu lumen solis, dies; vita—*brightness, splendor, light, a beam, ray, the light of the sun, day; life; q. d. the enjoyment of the light.*
- 95 φῦκος, \* alga, unde lana inficitur, vultusque tingitur, muscus, purpurissum, Fucus; saxatalis—*a kind of marine herb used for dying wool and colouring the face, paint of ruddy colour, red alkanet, a kind of fish.*

## Χ

χεῖλος, labrum, labium; sermo; litus seu ora maris, ripa—*the lip; a word, speech; the sea-coast, margin of the main or of a river, a brink, the side of a ditch, brim of a vessel.*

χεῖρος, poet. χεῖριος, debitum, mutuuum, æs alienum; fatum; mors; q. d. debitum fatale; munus vel officium, negotium, res, causa; egestas, opus indigentia; necessitas; utilitas; vaticinium, oraculum; portentum, casus—*a debt, loan, other people's money; fate, destiny; death, q. d. the debt which nature owes and must discharge; duty,*

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος εος, τδ.

*office, obligation, an affair, piece of business, a matter, cause, motive; want, need, indigence; necessity, constraint; utility; prophecy, prediction, an oracle; a portent, omen; casualty.*

† εἶφος, tenebræ, obscuritas, fumus—*darkness, gloom, obscurity, a fog, mist, smoke; Adj. tenebrosus, obscurus, dark, obscure.*

Nouns in ω, & ως, f.

|         | Sing. |      | DI.          |  | PI.         |
|---------|-------|------|--------------|--|-------------|
| N. ω,   | ....  | ως,  | N. V. A. ω,  |  | N. & V. οί, |
| G. ὄος, | ῶς,   | .... | G. & D. οῖν, |  | G. ῶν,      |
| D. οῖ,  | οῖ,   | .... |              |  | D. οίς,     |
| A. ὄα,  | ῶ,    | .... |              |  | A. ἑς,      |
| V. .... | οῖ,   | .... |              |  |             |

αἰδώς, pudor, verecundia; veneratio, observantiā, reverentia; verenda—*bashfulness, modesty; veneration, respect, observance, reverence; parts. αἰδέομαι, veneror. αἰδοῖος, venerabilis.*

Ἀκκώ, † Acco—the name of a foolish woman, who admired her person at, and conversed with her looking glass, as with one of her own species; it was also in her composition to feign a refusal of what she desired; an imitator of this female, one whose actions are trifling and indiscreet.

Βαυβώ, Baubo, nutrix Cereris—*Baubo, the nurse of Ceres. Baby, q. d. a nursling of Baubo.*

Ἐνυώ, † Enyo, Bellona, dea bellica—*Bellona, the sister of Mars and goddess of war.*

5 Ἠώς, Aurora, diluculum, lux, dies, oriens—*Aurora, goddess of the dawn, the dawn, break of day, early red, blushes of the morning, rising light, day, the east.*

Λατώ, † Latona—the mother of Apollo and Diana.

Μορμώ, † Mormo—a woman of frightful aspect and horrid mien, a hag, bugbear, any forbidding spectuele.

Σαρδών, † the island of Sardinia.

## Nouns, Separate Class.

## The Separate Class.

ἄλας, ἄλος, ὄ, Sal—Salt. ἦ, mare, the sea.

\* Ἄρης, εἶος, ὄ, Mars, Mavors, Gradivus, deus armorum et belli; prælium, bellum; vulnus, plaga; cædes; ferrum—Mars, the bellipotent divinity, god of arms and war; War, battle, a combat, fight; a wound; slaughter; iron, steel, the sword.

ἄρης, ἀρνός, ὄ vel ἦ, Agnus—a lamb.

βῆς, βοός, ὄ και ἦ, Bos—an ox. See Chap. 6.

5 γάλα, (olim γαλαξί) γάλακτος, τὸ, Lac; succus—Milk; juice, gum.

γάλας, G. ὠς-ω, & N. ὄως-όω, ἦ, † Glos—a husband's sister, a brother's wife.

γυν-η, Dor. α (olim γυναιξί) G. γυναικός, ἦ, mulier, femina; uxor—a woman; a married woman, a wife. V. ὦ γυναί; D. pl. γυναιξι, N. & A. DI. Att. τῶ γυναι-κε, G. & D. τοῖν κοῖν.

Ζεὺς, (olim Δις) G. Διός, ὄ, D. Διί, A. Δία, V. Ζεῦ. N. poet. Ζῆν, G. Ζητός, Dor. Ζᾶν, Ζατός, Jupiter; aër—Jupiter, first of gods; the air, atmosphere. q. ζᾶω, vivo, vel διὰ, quod omnia transit. Διός, Βδευός, Δηγ, Δᾶν, Ζῆς, Ζᾶς, are sometimes met with, but are undeclined.

Ἥρας, G. ὠς, Sync. ὠς, D. ἧρωι, & ἧρω; N. pl. ἧρωες, Heros, ex deâ et homine natus, semideus; virtute superans; generosus, fortis, potens—a Hero, goddess-born, a demigod; one surpassing in virtue; one generous and good, valiant, brave, and potent. N. & A. pl. ἧρως, pro ἧρω-ες-ας.

10 ἴς, α. ἴνός, ἦ, fibra, nervus; robur, vis—a fibre, nerve; strength, force. ἴτες, Funes.

ἴν, ἴνος, ἦ, id. also the name of a measure also ἴν, poet. for μῖν, ipsum, ipsam, Him, her. ἴσιον, occiput, the back part of the head.

κάλας, ὠς, & ὠ, ὄ, rudens, funis nauticus; funis quivis—a Cable; rope in general. A. κάλας, Odyss. 5.

κίβητις, α. κίβητός, ὄ, pecten; pubes, inguen; ὄι κίβητις, dentes



## Nouns, Separate Class.

quatuor interiores ; conchæ quædam marinæ—a comb ; private parts ; pl. the four fore teeth ; a kind of marine shell-fishes.

κῶς, G. κῶς, τὸ, pellis ovina villosa, ovinum villus ; stragulum—a sheep's woolly skin, a fleece, a felt ; a covering, a rug. This word is generally undeclined.

15 λᾶς, λάσος, ὁ, contr. λᾶς, λᾶος, item G. λάς, seu λάα, Lapis, saxum—a stone, rock, flint.

μέλι, ἴλος, τὸ, Mel—honey.

ναῦς, ναός, ἡ, Navis—a ship. vide Chap. 6, Decl. 3.

ἰδης, ὀδόντος, ὁ, Dens ; pistillum—a tooth ; a pestil.

ἔς, ἔλος, τὸ, vide ἕας, ἕαλος, τὸ, Auris, vide Section 1.

20 παῖς, παιδός, ὁ και ἡ, Dialysi, παῖς, παῖδος, A. poet. παῖν, puer vel puella ; servus, minister ; filius, filia—a boy or girl ; a servant, attendant, page ; a son, a daughter. παιδίον, parvulus.

πῆς, G. ποδός, ὁ, V. ὦ πῆς, D. pl. πόσι, Pes ; radix montis, pes mensæ, scamni et similium ; pes metricus ; funis nauticus, clavus, temo—a foot, the foot of a mountain, table, staircase, ladder, &c. a foot in measured verse, a ship's rable, its rudder or helm, the waincope or draught-pole.

σκῶς, G. σκαῖός, τὸ, Stercus, merda ; oletum—dung, soil, compost, ordure ; a jakes.

ἵδωρ, (olim ἕδρας,) G. ἵδαλος, τὸ, aqua ; mare, aqua pluvia ; aqua intercus ; Hydrops—Water ; the sea ; rain-water, Drops ; the Dropsy. Poet. ἕδος, εὐος, τὸ, id. q. ἕω. pluo.

24 χλαμυς, ἕδος, ἡ, † Chlamys, vestis quæ tunicæ superindui solet, paludamentum—a Cloak, mantle, upper garment, surtout, a military robe or cloak.

Adjectives, Cl. I, ος, η, ον.

ADJECTIVES.

By subjoining a few in a Separate Class, we are enabled to comprise, in Five Divisions, all the Primitive Adjectives which are contained in the Greek Language.

Class the first consists of Adjectives in ος, Impure, of Three and Two Terminations. Those of the former are thus declined :

| Sing.  |     |     | Dl.          |      |      | Pl.         |      |      |
|--------|-----|-----|--------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|
| m.     | f.  | n.  | m.           | f.   | n.   | m.          | f.   | n.   |
| N. ος, | η,  | ον, | N. V. A. ω,  | α,   | ω,   | N. & V. οι, | αι,  | α,   |
| G. ς,  | ης, | ε   | G. & D. οιν, | αιν, | οιν, | G. ....     | ων,  | .... |
| D. ω,  | η,  | ω,  |              |      |      | D. οις,     | αις, | οις, |
| A. ον, | ην, | ον, |              |      |      | A. ςς,      | ας,  | ας,  |
| V. ε,  | η,  | ον, |              |      |      |             |      |      |

And those of the latter thus :

| Sing.   |      |      | Dl.          |    |    | Pl.       |      |      |
|---------|------|------|--------------|----|----|-----------|------|------|
| m.      | f.   | n.   | m.           | f. | n. | m.        | f.   | n.   |
| N. ος,  | .... | ον,  | N. V. A. ω,  |    |    | N. V. οι, | .... | α,   |
| G. .... | ε,   | .... | G. & D. οιν, |    |    | G. ....   | ων,  | .... |
| D. .... | ω,   | .... |              |    |    | D. ....   | οις, | .... |
| A. .... | ον,  | .... |              |    |    | A. ςς,    | .... | α,   |
| V. ε,   | .... | ον.  |              |    |    |           |      |      |

Note ; The Adjectives of two terminations, both in this and the next class, are distinguished from those of three, by the masculine and feminine Article.

CLASS I.

ἄβυσσος, ὁ και ἡ, † magnus, impudens, odiosus—*huge, impudent, hateful.*

ἀγαθός, bonus, probus ; fortis ; præstans ; prudens ; utilis ; felix, faustus ; frugifer, lautus, opiparus ; benevolus ; purus—*Good, virtuous, honest, true ; stout, brave ; excellent ; prudent ; useful ; happy, auspicious, fortunate ; fertile, neat, genteel, wealthy ; kind, benevolent, pure, fair.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, οι.

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ἀγέεωχος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, * superbus, ferox, protervus, insolens ;
valde honoratus—*proud, fierce, wild, rude, saucy, insolent ; much honoured.*

ἀγκλός, † obliquus, tortuosus—*oblique, crooked, winding.*

ἀγκύλος, curvus, incurvus, Uncus, aduncus, tortuosus—
curved, bent in, crooked, hooked, winding.

ἀγλασινός, † pulcher, venustus—*fair, handsome, neat, Glossy.*

ἀγνός, castus, purus, pudicus—*chaste, pure, modest.*

ἀδιός, confertus, densus, multus, frequens, continuus ;
gracilis, mollis ; miserabilis, gemitu dignus—*crammed,
stuffed, dense, thick, close, crowded, frequent, continual ;
slender, soft ; miserable, pitiable, demanding a sigh.*

ἀήσυλος, † molestus, iniquus—*troublesome, unjust.*

10 ἀήλιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † ventis expositus, insatiabilis, magnus—*ex-
posed to the wind, insatiable, large, huge.*

αἰαν-ός, vel ης, † gravis, acerbus, perpetuus—*troublesome,
crabbed, gloomy, perpetual.*

αἰδύλος, † audax—*bold, daring.*

αἰκλος, † vesperinus—*of the evening, late.*

αἰμύλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, * blandus, lepidus, festivus, affabilis ; ille-
cebrosus, blanditiis decipiens—*bland, kind, courteous,
pleasing, witty, festive, affable, obliging ; alluring, in-
snaring, deceiving by flattery.*

15 αἰρός, gravis ; horribilis, horrendus, terribilis ; malus, in-
felix ; vehemens—*grave ; horrible, frightful, dreadful,
terrible ; bad, wicked, Heinous, unhappy, vehement, violent.*

αἰόλος, varius, variegatus, multiplex, implicitus, velox—
*various, diversified, variegated, manifold, intricate, subtile,
swift, nimble. Subst. a species of scar-fish.*

αἰσυλος, & ὁ καὶ ἡ, * iniquus, nefarius, sceleratus, injustus,
flagitiosus—*inequitable, unfair, nefarious, villainous, in-
quitos, wicked, unjust, flagitious.*

ἀκαλός, & ἡκαλός, † quietus—*quiet, at rest.*

ἀκμηός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † jejunus—*fasting, jejune.*

20 ἄλλ-ός, η, ο, Alius, alter—*another, the other. ἄλλός, pro ὁ
ἄλλος ; Dor. ἄλλοι, pro οἱ ἄλλοι.*

Adjectives, CL I, ος, η, ον.

ἄλφος, † Albus—white. Subst. a kind of ringworm.

ἄμαιμάκειος, ὁ και ἦ, † inexpugnabilis, indomitus, invictus, qui animo est in prælia admodum pronus; immensus—invincible, that cannot be vanquished, unconquered, of a warlike mind; immense, unlimited.

ἄμαλός, Mollis, pro ἀπαλός, π mutato in μ; q. v.

ἄμορβός, tenebricosus, obscurus—very dark, gloomy, obscure.

Subst. comes, assecla, sectator, an attendant, page, client.

25 ἄμδς, Unus, aliquis—one, some person. Dor. for ἐμδς, Mine, or for ἡμέτερος, ours. But ἄμδς, is put for ἡμδς, when.

ἀναφάλαιος, † calvus—bald, thin of hair.

ἀπαλός, tener, mollis, delicatus—tender, soft, delicate.

ἀργός, albus; otiosus, piger; lentus, segnus; incultus—white; idle, lazy, slow, dull: also lively, brisk, diligent; rude, uncultivated.

ἄσμενος, * lætus, gaudens, gratus, alacer; libens, ultronius—glad, joyous, agreeable, merry, brisk; willing, voluntary, of one's own accord.

30 ἀλαδός, tener, mollis, juvenilis, puerilis—tender, soft, juvenile, puerile.

ἀλάρμηκλος, ὁ και ἦ, † qui oculos not claudit, intrepidus, impavidus—who doth not shut his eyes, intrepid, bold, undaunted.

ἀλάσθαλος, ὁ και ἦ, † damnorum auctor, perniciosus, improbus, scelestus, injustus, impius—causing loss or mischief, endamaging, hurtful, pernicious, destructive, knavish, wicked, unjust, impious.

B

βάκχος, furore percitus, orgia celebrans—transported, infuriated, mad as a Bacchanalian, carousing, celebrating the orgies or rites of Bacchus. Also Bacchus, the god of wine. Bacchatur ignis, the fire rages and spreads.

βάλαιος, † mulierosus—given to debauchery. Subst. podex.

35 βαυκός, † jucundus, delicatus—pleasant, agreeable, delicate.

Adjectives, Cl. I, ος, η, εϋ.

βλαστός, † valgus, crura distorta habens; Blæsus—bandy-legged, impotent; stammering.

βροτός, ὁ, mortalis—mortal, subject to decay and death. βροτῆς, ἀνὴρ, a mortal man. See Decl. 2.

γαυρός, † curvus, tortuosus—crooked, twisted.

γλαυκός, Glaucus, cæruleus, cæsius—blue, of sky colour, azure, cerulean, sea-green.

40 γρηγρός, * velox, vividus; torvus, terribilis—swift, nimble, quick, vivid; grim, frightful, terrible.

γυμνός, nudus; inermis; destitutus, pauper; manifestus—naked; unarmed, defenceless; destitute, poor; manifest, apparent.

Δ

δαιδός, timidus, ignavus; miser; debilis; improbus, malus—timid, fearful, indolent, of a cowardly and lazy turn; wretched; weak; knavish, base, bad, wicked.

δεινός, Dirus, gravis; vehemens; solers, peritus; validus, magnus; nefarius, improbus, terribilis—Dire, awful, grave, stern; vehement, eager; dextrous, expert; strong, firm, great; nefarious, knavish, dishonest, base; frightful, terrible.

δηλός, manifestus, notus, perspicuus, certus—manifest, open, known, clear, perspicuous, certain.

45 δίδυμος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, geminus, duplex—double, two-fold: δίδυμος, gemini, gemelli; testiculi, twins; the testicles.

δολιχός, * longus, prolixus, multus, Dolichus—long, prolix, tedious, much, a great deal; Prov. Doliching, i. e. hanging at length, trailing.

δοχμός, * obliquus, tortus—oblique, awry, crooked, twisted.

Ε

ἕκαστος, quisque, singuli, quilibet—every one, each, any one.

οἱ καὶ ἑκάστων, singuli. καὶ ἑκάστων, sigillatim, severally.

Adjectives, Cl. I, *ος, η, ον*.

ἤκελος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, * quietus, mitis, pacificus—*quiet, easy, tranquil, mild, cool, peaceable, pacific.* ; *εὐλογητός, ἁγίος, πόσιμος*
 50 ἔρημος, & ὁ καὶ ἡ, desertus, solus, solitarius, non habitatus, incultus, præsidio destitutus, incustoditus, unicus, singularis—*left, abandoned, forsaken, alone, solitary, uninhabited, wild, uncultivated, unpatronized, destitute, defenceless, unprotected, only, single* : Subauditur χώρα vel γῆ, regio vel terra deserta, a desert and uninhabited region : Substantivè usurpatur ἔρημος, Eremus, desertum, solitudo, locus vastus, regio non habitata, terra inculta, as a substantive, a wilderness, a desert, a solitude, a wild waste, a forest, a woodland, a tract of country without an inhabitant, a land barren and desolate ; Poet. ground unknown to the plough-share.

ἰσθαλός, bonus, probus ; frugi, utilis ; fortis, strenuus ; peritus—*good, honest, virtuous, true ; thrifty, useful ; stout, strenuous, expert.* q. ἰσθῆλω, Volo. *ἰσθῆλω, ἰσθῆλω, ἰσθῆλω*

ἔσχαλος, ultimus, postremus, extremus, summus—*last, farthest off, most remote, highest, lowest,* ; *ἔσχατος, ἔσχατος*

ἔτοιμος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, promptus, paratus—*ready, at hand, prepared.*

ἔτυμος, per Epenth. ἐτήτυμος, verus—*true* : d. pl. Ion. ἐτήμοισιν.

ἔτυμον, τὸ ἔτυμον, Etymum, the Etymon, or true origin of a word.

ἔτυμον, adv. vere, revera. *ἔτυμον*

ἕως, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † hesternus, pridianus ; mærcidus, rancidus ; vetus, obsoletus—*of, or appertaining to yesterday ; decayed, musty, rancid, flat ; old, obsolete.* *ἕως, ἕως, ἕως*

H

ἠβός, † curvus, gibbosus—*crooked, hunched.*

ἠλίκος, quantus ; quam magnus, quam potens ; tantus—*as, or so great, so, or as much ; how, or so great, so, or how potent, able, or mighty ; so much, great, or large.*

ἠρεμος, quietus, otiosus, mitis, placidus—*quiet, sedate, having leisure, mild, placid.* *ἠρεμος, ἠρεμος, ἠρεμος*

Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, ον.

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ἡσυχός, ὁ καὶ ἦ, quietus, quietè fruens; sedatus, placidus—  
*quiet, enjoying ease and rest; sedate, calm, placid.* ἡσυχίος,  
 & αἰός, id.

60 ἰκαρός, Idoneus, congruus, aptus; sufficiens; satis mag-  
 nus, satis multus, capax—*fit, proper, suitable, meet, apt;*  
*sufficient; large enough, capacious.*

ἴσος, æqualis, par, æquabilis—*equal, alike, upon a par, con-*  
*sistent.*

ἰσχνός, macer, gracilis, tener—*lean, lank, slender, tender,*  
*weak.*

Κ

καινός, novus—*new.* q. καὶ νῦν; compar. καινότερος, superl. αἰός.

κακός, malus, improbus, nequam; infaustus, perniciosus;

imperitus, ignavus, timidus; ignobilis, humilis, abjectus,  
 pauper; vilis, vanusque—*bad, evil, reprobate, wicked;*

*unlucky, inauspicious, unfortunate, pernicious, unskilful,*  
*inexpert, lazy, indolent, timid: ignoble, base, low, abject,*

*poor; vile, mean, contemptible, vain.*

65 κάλός, pulcher, formosus, decorus, decens, honestus, lau-  
 dabilis, egregius; probus, bonus; strenuus, fortis; &  
 suavis, jucundus—*fair, beautiful, handsome, comely,*  
*sightly, decorous, graceful, decent, genteel, honest, lauda-*  
*ble, praiseworthy, honourable, egregious, choïce, excellent;*  
*sound, approved, good; strenuous, stout, brave; pleasant,*  
*polite, agreeable, entertaining.*

κενός, vacuus, inanis; vanus—*empty, inane, void, vain.* εἰς  
 κενόν, frustra, in vain, to no purpose.

κίβδηλος, ὁ καὶ ἦ, cui scoria admixta est, non satis a fœcibus  
 purgatus; adulterinus, fucatus, non sincerus—*drossy,*  
*not properly cleared from dregs or refuse; impure; adul-*  
*terate, false, painted, insincere.*

κλαμβός, † mutilatus—*mutilated, maimed.*

κοίλος, cavus, concavus, depressus—*Hollow, concave, de-*  
*pressed*

## Adjectives, Cl. I, ρς, ης, ος.

70 κοινός, Att. ζυγός, Communis, publicus, vulgaris, pervagatus, societate et conversatione gaudens, profanus, impurus, immundus—Common, public, vulgar, ordinary, notorious, fond of company and conversation, profane, impure, unclean. Hence, Coin, current money.

κομλός, scitus, elegans, venustus, bellus; lepidus, facetus, festivus; vaser, versutus; garrulus, loquaculus, jactantiæ et superbiæ plenus—neat, elegant, handsome, beauteous, comely, combed, pretty; pleasant, witty, facetious, festive; crafty, deceitful; garrulous, loquacious; very boastive and proud.

λέφος, levis, remissus, languidus; exiguus; ventosus, inconstans; vacuus, inanis, facilis—light, remiss, languid; little, unstable, volatile, inconstant; vacant, empty, inane, slender, facil.

κεραίπνος, \* celer, velox, pernix, rapidus—swift, fleet, nimble, quick, rapid.

κεράμβος, † aridus, siccus, torridus; dulcis, bonus—arid, dry, exsiccated, parched, roasted; sweet, good. Subst. vitium fructuum, præcipue uvarum, a defect in fruit, especially in that of the vine, occasioned by solar heat.

75 κωλός, † Claudus, mancus, cûrvus—lame, impotent, maimed, crooked; awry.

κυρτός, † Curvus, gibbosus, incurvus, convexus—crooked, hump-backed, stooping, bent in, hollow, vaulted, convex, slopewise.

κωφός, surdus, fatuus, hebes, absurdus; mutus; invalidus; tranquillus—deaf, silly, foolish, dull, absurd; mute, dumb, weak, invalid; tranquil.

Λ  
λάγνος, vel ης; ὁ και ης, † libidinosus, salax, lascivus—libidinous, salacious, lascivious, wanton.

λαεινός, † saginatus, pinguis, bene habitus—fat, in good plight.



## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, ον.

- 80 λεπτός, tenuis, gracilis, subtilis, macer, rarus, exiguus; acutus, ingeniosus, argutus—*thin, slender, subtle, fine spiu, lean, meagre, rare, little, small; acute, witty, ingenious, shrewd, quaint.*
- λευκός, albus, candidus; limpidus, dilucidus; perspicuus, serenus, faustus, felix, jucundus—*white, candid; limpid, clear, pellucid, perspicuous, serene, favourable, fortunate, happy, joyous, pleasant.*
- λίσσος, \* lævis, glaber—*smooth, even.*
- λίθος, † vilis, simplex, nudus, tenuis, exiguus, incultus—*vile, mean, worthless, simple, naked, small, little, uncultivated, neglected.*
- λοιστός, ultimus, postremus—*Last, hindmost.* λοιστός, id.
- 85 λοξός, \* obliquus, non rectus, transversus—*oblique, sideway, indirect, crosswise, transverse.*
- λοξός, † curvus, incurvus—*crooked, bent back or in, lame.*
- λεπτόν, † (N. G. & C. carens,) Lucidum—*bright, Lucid.*

## M

- μαδός, lævis, glaber, depilis—*smooth, bald, without hair.*
- μαδαρός, id.
- μαλός, † tener, albus, candidus, exitiosus—*tender, white, candid, hot, destructive.*
- 90 μαρός, † rarus, laxus, solutus, mollis, fungosus—*thin, rare, lax, loose, soft, spongy.*
- μάργος, & ὁ και ἡ, insanus, amens, vecors, stolidus; petulans, protervus, improbus, libidinosus—*insane, raving, frantic, foolish; petulant, rash, immodest, libidinous, wanton.*
- μάχλος, ὁ και ἡ, \* libidinosus, incontiens, lascivus—*libidinous, incontinent, lewd, lascivious, wanton.*
- μέσος, Medius—*middle, medial, equally inclined, indifferent, neuter.*
- μίσος, plenus, refertus, cumulatus, onustus—*full, crammed, heaped, loaded.*

- 95 **μῆλ-** & **μῆλ-ιλος**, † **Mutilus**—*Mutilated, without horns.*  
**μογγός**, † **qui voce est obtusa**—*having a thick low voice.*  
**μόνος**, **Æol. μένος**, **solus, unicus, Unus, singularis, implex,**  
**Merus, sejunctus, separatus, desertus**—*alone, Unique,*  
*Only, but One, single, simple, Mere, to himself, retired,*  
*separated, abandoned, forsaken.*  
**μυλλός, ὁ καὶ ἦ,** † **curvus, tortuosus**; **qui oculis est distortis,**  
**strabo**; **subst. placentæ genus**—*crooked, distorted;*  
*squint, or goggle-eyed*; **Subst. a kind of paste or cake.**  
 —**εὐμύλλος**, **But μύλλος, a Mullet, kind of fish.**  
**μῦνδος**, † **Mutus**—*Dumb, Mute.*

- 100 **νεήλος**, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † **cæcus, demens**—*blind, foolish, affrighted.*  
**νενός**, † **stultus, fatuus**—*foolish.*  
**νόθος**, ὁ καὶ ἦ, **Nothus, spurius, non legitimus**; **peregrinus**  
**bastard, spurious, illegitimate**; **alien, foreign, strange.**  
**ῥύσσοσ, ὁ καὶ ἦ,** † **claudus**—*lame.*

**ξανθός, G. ᾶ, Dor. pro ἔ, flavus, fulvus, ruber, rufus**—*yellow, of gold-colour, fulvid, flaxen, red, brown.* **But Ξάνδος,**  
**Ξ, ἰ, nomen fluvii, a celebrated river of Phrygia, poeti-**  
**cally said to roll on golden sands.**

**Ὅν Ξάνθον καλεῖσσι θεοὶ, ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον.**—**HOMER.**

**Xanthus his name with those of heavenly birth,**

**But called Scamander by the race of earth.**—**POPE.**

- 105 **ξυνός, Att. for κύνος, Common. q. v.**

**ἰσχυρῆμος, \* fortis, potens, robustus, prævalidus, impetuus**  
 —*strong, able, robust, very stout, very impetuous, violent.*

**q. βεγιάω, robustum reddo.**

**ὀλίγος, paucus, parvus, exiguus, tenuis, exilis**—*few, little,*  
*small, mean, slender, thin*; **οἱ ὀλίγοι, optimates, the great**  
**ones.**

## Adjectives, Cl. I, ος, η, ον.

ὅλος, totus, integer, universus, solidus—the *Whole, All, total, entire, pure, universal, solid.*

ὁμαλός, planus, lævis; similis, æqualis—*plain, even, smooth; alike, equal, q. d. all alike, ab ὁμός, & ὅλος, or q. d. one like another. R. ἄλλος, Alius.*

110 ὁμός, similis, par, æqualis—*like, upon a par, equal.*

ὀπίκός, † Opicus, deformis—*dirty, deformed.*

ὀρθός, rectus, erectus, arrectus; porrectus, in rectum tendens; æquus, sincerus—*right, true, exact, parallel, erect, upright; stretched along, extending, forming a right line; equal, impartial, sincere.*

ὀρφανός, parente vel parentibus Orbus, Orphanus, pupillus; Orbus quavis re, viduus—*deprived of one or both parents, left without father or mother, in an Orphan state, having lost one's best friends or guardians, a fatherless child, a motherless one, an Orphan, a pupil; deprived of what one highly valued, having lost what was dear or useful, bereft, left alone, destitute. ὀρφανὰ τέκνα, Orphani, Orphans, fatherless children.*

ὄσος, & poet. ὄσσοις, quantus—as, or so much. pl. ὄσσοι-αι-α, quot, qui, quæ, quæ. ὄσοι περ, quicunque, quot.

ὄψος, † improbus—*knaveish, wicked.*

## II

115 πέλδς, niger, fuscus, lividus—*black, brown, livid, wan.*

πέλειος, idem.

πέλεκ-ος, & νός, niger, nigris distinctus maculis, varius—*black, black-spotted, brindled, parti-coloured, streaked.*

ποικίλος, varius, variegatus, picturatus, maculosus; versutus—*various, diversified, of different colours, variegated, embroidered, pictured, Speckled, spotted; crafty, artful.*

πολλός, poet. for πολύς, much, many.

πρυμνός, ultimus, extremus—*last, most remote. πρυμνα, puppis, the poop, the stern of a ship.*

## Adjectives, Cl. I, ος, η, ον.

120. ῥαδανός, † tener, mollis—*tender, soft.*

ῥικνός, rugosus, curvus; tenuis, macilentus—*Wrinkled, shrivelled, crooked; slender, thin, lean, lank.*

ῥοδανός, † valde rapidus—*most rapid; item, Roseus, Rosy, from ῥόδον, Rosa, a Rose.*

σαυκός, † aridus, Siccus—*arid, dry.*

σαυλός, † mollis, delicatus, fluxus, levis, quietus, tardus—*soft, delicate, volatile, light, at rest, tardy, slow.*

125. σεμνός, venerandus, gravis, castus, pudicus, honestus, augustus—*venerable, grave, chaste, pure, modest, honest, good, august, serene.*

σίχχος, injucundus, molestus; derisor, imbecillus, fastidiosus, tæter aspectu—*unpleasant, disagreeable, troublesome; a scornee; imbecile, weak, Sick, fastidious, disdainful, of grim or sullen aspect.*

σιμός, Simus, qui depressis est naribus, Silo, Silus; arduus, acclivis—*having the nostrils depressed, flat or snub nosed, having the nose crooked or bent upward; lofty, steep, difficult of access.*

σιπαλος, \* deformis, odiosam et invisam faciem habens, impurus—*deformed, ugly, of an odious and unsightly visage, dirty, impure.*

σιφλός, id. also debilis, weak, lame. But σίφλος, reprehension, scorn.

130. σίφνος, † vacuus—*empty; q. Σίφνος, ε, η, insula quædam.*

ναυοκινθός, † naufragus—*shipwrecked; Subst. urinator, a diver.*

σμφός, † inanis, spongiosus—*empty, inane, spongy.*

σοφός, sapiens, peritus, prudens, eruditus, callidus—*wise, sapient, expert, prudent, learned, skilful, well experienced.*

σπανός, rarus, infrequens, paucus, parcus, pretiosus—*rare, seldom, scarce, infrequent, few, scanty, frugal, valuable: σπανίος, id. & ingeniosus.*

## Adjectives, Cl. I, ος, η, ον.

- 135 στενός, angustus, arctus—*narrow, strait, close, stinted.*  
 στραγγός, tortuosus, tortus, distortus, obliquus, perversus ;  
 impudens—*winding, twisted, distorted, Strained, oblique,*  
*indirect, perverse ; impudent.*  
 τρογγύλος, rotundus, globosus, teres—*round, rotund, glo-*  
*bose, cylindric, long and round, taper as a tree or pillar.*  
 γογγύλος, id.  
 σφιδανός, vehemens, festinus, intensus, asper, durus—*ve-*  
*hement, eager, hasty, intense, rough, hard, severe.*

## T

- ταπεινός, humilis, submissus—*humble, low, despicable, sub-*  
*missive.*  
 140 τισαστός, ὁ και ἡ, cicur, mansuetus—*tame, mild, kind, gentle.*  
 τραυλός, \* balbus, blæsus, Traulus—*stammering, lisping,*  
*Drawling.* γ. τραύω, vulnero.  
 τύννος, seu τυνός, † parvus—*little, Tiny, Puny.*  
 τυφλός, cæcus ; obscurus, vix apparens—*blind, dark, ob-*  
*scure, hardly visible, difficult to be seen.* γ. τύφω, fumum  
 excito.

## T

- ὑβός, † curvus—*curved, crooked.*  
 145 ὑκελος, † sanus—*sound, healthy.*

## Φ

- φαλός, splendidus, albus—*bright, splendid, shining, clear,*  
*white, polished.* Sed φάλος, vide Decl. 2. γ. φός, lux,  
 a φάω, pro quo φαίνω, luceo.  
 φαῦλος, Dor. φαῦρος, Att. φλοῦρος, pravus, malus, nequam,  
 vilis, facilis, levis, nugatorius—*depraved, base, bad,*  
*vicious, having a Flaw, Foul, vile, worthless, facile, light,*  
*trivial.*  
 φοῖβος, clarus, purus, impollutus, castus ; splendidus,  
 lucidus ; sic sol dicitur Phœbus ; vaticinus, vatici-

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, ον.

~~~~~

nandi peritus ; estque Appollinis epithetum, qui dicitur Φοῖβος Ἐπιπόλλων—*clear, pure, unpolluted, chaste ; bright, splendid, lucid ; thus the sun on account of its brightness is called Phæbus ; possessing prophetic powers, skilful to divine ; an epithet of Apollo.*

Φοξός, † qui est capitis acuti, clio—*having a taper or conical head.*

X

150 χαῦνος, laxus, fungosus, mollis ; inflatus, tumidus, superbus, futilis, levis, negligens, lentus—*lax, loose, spongy, porous, soft ; inflated, puffed up, tumid, proud, futile, vain, light, negligent, remiss, slow, loitering.*

χίεσος, vide χίερος, ὁ και ἡ, desertus.

χωλός, claudus, mancus, mutilus, imperfectus—*lame, maimed, mutilated, defective, imperfect.*

Ψ

↓ εδνός, † glaber—*thin of hair, bald.*

↓ ελλός, † Balbus, blæsus, inarticulaté loquens—*stammering, speaking thick and inarticulately, Lispering.*

155 ↓ ιλός, tenuis, exilis ; nudus, glaber, depilis—*thin, small, slender ; naked, smooth, without hair, bald.*

↓ ύπιος, † pinguis—*fat.*

ώμός, * crudus ; crudelis, sævus, immitis, inhumanus, truculentus—*crude, raw ; cruel, severe, sour, crabbed, inhuman, savage, fierce, barbarous.*

CLASS II.

This Class consists of Adjectives ending in ος pure, and εος ; those of three terminations make their feminine genitive singular in ας, and their dative in α, conformably to the second class of Decl. 1, of substantives. In all other respects they conform to the preceding class.

ἀβερός, mollis, delicatus ; lautus, festivus ; gravis—*soft, delicate ; gay, trim, festive ; weighty, grave.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & ρος, α, ον.

- ἅγιος, sanctus, sacer; purus; venerandus—*holy, sacred; pure; venerable.*
- ἀγλαός, ὁ καὶ ἦ, splendidus, fulgens, illustris, insignis, clarus, limpidus—*bright, splendid, shining, illustrious, famous, renowned, clear, fair, limpid.*
- ἀγλαερός, † stolidus—*foolish.*
- 5 ἀγμηρός, † quietus—*quiet, at rest.*
- ἀδρῆς, multus, abundans, largus, magnus, coacervatus, crassus, densus, totus, simul, dives, opulentus, gravis, grandis, validus, maturus, adultus—*much, abounding, large, great, heaped together, thick, gross, close set, dense, the whole together, all at once, crowded, rich, wealthy, opulent, weighty, grave, grand, strong, valid, ripe, mature, adult, full grown.*
- ἀθρόος, confertus, in unum collectus, coacervatus; universus, simul totus, densus, frequens; subitus—*close, pressed or crammed, brought to a head, formed into a Thrave, thrown and heaped together; universal, the whole together, crowded, forming a press or throng, dense, thick, frequent; sudden.*
- ἄκρος, summus, extremus, supremus; perfectus, præstantissimus, singularis—*highest, topmost, utmost, most lofty, supreme, highest of all; most excellent, unrivalled.*
- ἀκραῖος, id.
- 10 ἀλαός, ὁ καὶ ἦ, cæcus, non videns—*blind: q. a. priv. et λάω, video.*
- ἀλίγκιος, ὁ καὶ ἦ, similis—*Like, alike, resembling.*
- ἀμαυρός, obscurus, evanidus, elanguidus; ignobilis, obsoletus—*obscure, wan, evanid, faded, languid, feeble; base, ignoble; obsolete.*
- ἄμυδρός, * subobscurus, vix apparens, exilis, tenuis—*rather dark, somewhat obscure, hardly perceptible, doubtful; thin, slender; weak.*
- ἄξιος, dignus, illustris, æstimabilis; vilis—*worthy, illustrious, estimable, valuable; vile, worthless. q. ἄγω, æstimo.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. & εος, α, ον.

15 ἀπλός, όν, όον, contr. ἀπλῆς, ἡ, ἔν, simplex, candidus, ingenuus, sincerus; stultus, plane verus—*simple, artless, candid, ingenuous, sincere; silly, foolish, liable to imposition; incontrovertible, evident.* But ἀπλοος, contr. ἀπλας, innavigable.

ἀραιός, Rarus, tenuis, imbecillis, angustus—*Rare, thin, slender, soft, weak, strait, narrow.*

ἀριστερός, Sinister; infaustus; stultus—*Sinister, on the left hand, left-handed, awkward; unlucky; stupid, foolish.*

ἄριστος, ό και ἡ, par, integer, perfectus, incolumis; consentaneus, consummatus, instructus, paratus—*even, equal, on a par, whole, entire, perfect, safe, sound, hearty; consentaneous, agreeing, consummated, completed, prepared, adjusted, fitted, ready.*

ἀσαλαμίνιος, ό και ἡ, † maris expers—*unacquainted with the ocean, new to all the dangers of the main, a land-lubber.*

20 αὐστηρός, † Austerus, severus, agrestis, darus, tetricus—*Austere, cruel, severe, wild, rustic, savage, hard, stern, sullen.*

ἀφαιρέτος, † imbecillis, debilis—*weak, unable.*

B

βαίος, † parvus, modicus, paucus, unus—*little, small, but few, one.*

βάρβαρος, ό και ἡ, Barbarus, non Græcus, pronuntiatio peregrinâ utens; ineruditus, imperitus, agrestis—*Barbarous, not Grecian, of an uncouth and harsh dialect; unlearned, inexpert, rustic, rude.*

βέβαλος, ό και ἡ, firmus, stabilis, solidus—*firm, fixed, stable, solid.*

25 βέλτερος, melior, præstantior—*Better, more excellent, more eminent; one of the irregular comparatives of αγαθός, good.*
βέλτιον, ονος, ό και ἡ. id.

βληχρός, debilis, imbecillis, invalidus; robustus—*feeble, weak, debilitated, invalid; robust.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. & ρος, α, ον.

βλασφημῶς, † torvus, truculentus, aspectu terribilis; auctoritate præditus—grim, stern, sullen, of frightful aspect, terrible to view; clothed with authority: Prov. Blossy.

Γ

γαῦρος, superbus, arrogans, ferox; qui elatus est, et aliquâ re exultat—Proud, arrogant, fierce; who is elated with and exults in any thing.

γλισχρός, lentus, viscosus, glutinosus, tenax; lubricus; parcus, strictus; jejunus; valde sordidus; ærumnōsus; gulosus; suavis, humilis; adulator—clammy, viscous, glutinous, tenacious; lubricous, smooth, slippery; sparing, niggard, close-fisted; empty, jejune; very sordid, mean indeed; troublesome, difficult; pleasant, agreeable, humble; an adulator, a flatterer.

30 γλοιός, invalidus, sordidus, malignus—invalid, weak, sordid, dirty, ill-disposed, malicious: Subst. sordes olei, strigmenta, the dregs of oil.

γυρός, Curvus, incurvus; rotundus—Curved, crooked, bent back; rotund, round: Subst. scrobs, a ditch.

Δ

δεξιός, Dexter, faustus, solers, scitus, urbanus, agilis—right-handed, lucky, prosperous, Dexterous, expert, ingenious, witty, pleasant, ready, prompt.

δεύτερος, secundus, posterior, alter—second, latter, the other.
q. δὺδ & ἑτερος.

διαλύγιος, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † magnus, amplus—great, wide, ample; also violent.

35 διπλ-όος, ὄη, ὄον, contr. ᾶς, ᾦ, ᾶν, Duplex, duplus, versipellis, versutus—Double, two-fold; sly, wily, crafty.

Ε

εἰς ἑκατέρωθεν, Alteruter, utrevis; uterque—one of the two, either; each. q. εἰς & ἑτέρωθεν.

ἑλαφρός, levis & celer instar cervi, velox, non gravis, facilis
—light and nimble with the celerity of a stag or hart,
swift, fleet; light, not dull or heavy, facile, easy. q. ἑλαφός,
ὁ καὶ ἦ, cervus.

ἑλεύθερος, Liber; immunis, liberalis, generosus, ingenuus
—free, at liberty; exempt, Liberal, of noble disposition,
generous, open, ingenuous.

ἑνδιος, * Meridianus—Meridian, pertaining to, or happening
at noon.

40 ἑνοιοι, ιαι, ια, pl. aliqui, quidam, nonnulli—some, certain per-
sons or things, a few.

ἕτερος, Alter, alius; diversus—the other, another, the rest;
of a different kind. N. pl. ἕτερα, Cetera.

ἔχυρός, munitus, tutus, firmus—guarded, fortified, safe, se-
cure, firm.

Z

ζωρός, * merus, meracus—pure, unmixed.

H

ἡλός, stultus, stolidus—foolish, unwise.

45 ἡμερος, ὁ καὶ ἦ, mansuetus, cicut, mitis, placidus; sativus—
mild, gentle, tame, placid; that may be set or planted.

ἡπιος, * placidus, mitis, lenis, clemens—placid, mild, easy,
gentle, kind, clement.



θιός, * tostus—toasted, broiled.

θός, celer, velox; acutus—swift, fleet, quick, nimble,
ready; acute.

I

ἴδιος, peculiaris, specialis, sui generis, suus, proprius, pri-
vatus—peculiar, special, of one's own kind or cast, one's
own, proper, private. Sæpe ponitur pro ἑαυτῷ, ἦς, ut τὸ
ἴδιον φρεσίον, pro τὸ ἑαυτῷ; ἐκίων ἰδίον λαλη, i. e. ἀφ' ἑαυτῷ, a se
ipso. οἱ ἴδιοι, familiares. κατ' ἴδιον, privatim.

- 50 ἱερός, sacer, sanctus, sacrosanctus; augustus, præstans—
sacred, holy, inviolable; august, excellent, eminent.
ἴος, solus, unus—alone, single, one. ἰὼ ἡμέτῃ, uno die.

K

κάρσιος, † obliquus—oblique, sideway, transverse, across.
Hence, Kersey.

κίρρος, † fulvus—somewhat red, yellow.

κραῦρος, † aridus, friabilis—dry, friable, rough.

- 55 κρήγυος, ὁ και ἦ, † gratus, jucundus, placitus; bonus, utilis;
idoneus, aptus; suavem vocem edens—grateful, agree-
able, pleasant; good, useful; fit, meet, apt, suitable; of
sweet voice; giving a pleasant sound.

Λ

λάβρος, valdè seu nimium vorax, avidus, vehemens; qui
avido et hiante ore aliquid facit—very voracious, greedy,
eager, immoderate, vehement; hurrying, fluttered, or over
head in business.

λαιδρός, † impudens, procax, audax—impudent, saucy, bold,
audacious.

λαϊός, † Lævus, sinister—on the left side, sinister, inauspi-
cious, unlucky.

λάμυρος, † disertus, loquaculus, lepidus, facetus; impu-
denter loquax, scurrilis—eloquent, talkative, facetious,
witty, jocose; impudently loquacious, scurrilous.

- 60 λάσιος, ὁ και ἦ, hirsutus, hirtus, pilosus, hispidus, setosus,
horridus, villosus; herbosus; ericâ consitus; consitus
fruticibus atque arboribus—rough, pilose, abounding with
hair, bristly, woolly, fleecy; crowned with herbage; beset
with heath or ling; forming a thicket of shrubs and trees.

λαῦρος, * Latus; multus, copiosus, largus—broad, spacious;
much, very copious, plenteous, abundant, large.

λαῖος, Lævus, glaber, planus; proclivis, facilis; tritura
lævigatus, minutim contusus—smooth, level, even, plain;

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. & ρος, α, ον.

sloperwise, easy; made smooth by pounding, beat fine, brayed small.

λεπερός, scaber, asper; Leprosus, cujus cutis quasi in squamulas asperas resolvitur—*scabby, rough; Leprous, having the skin scalfied, or, as it were, turned into rough squamulæ or little scales.*

λέχειος, † obliquus—*oblique, indirect, aslant.*

65 λίφος, impudens, inverecundus—*impudent, immodest.*

λοίσθιος, id. q. d. λοῖσθος; ultimus—*Last.*

λυγρός, * gravis, difficilis, tristis, lugubris, funestus, exitiosus, miserabilis—*grievous, troublesome, difficult, sad, mournful, lugubrious, lamentable, unfortunate, destructive, miserable.*

M

μηλεος, * vanus, inanis, stultus; infelix, infortunatus; nihil efficiens—*vain, void, empty, foolish; infelicitous, unhappy, unfortunate; making nothing out, inefficient.*

μείλωρος, sublimis, editus, altus, excelsus, elatus, supernus, in ardua tendens; pensilis, pendulus, suspensus, vagus, fluctuans—*sublime, high, lofty, borne away, above, elevated, high poised in air, soaring, bidding for a height sublime; Metaph. intent, burning with desire, high in expectation, contemplative: hanging, pendulous, suspended, vague, indeterminate, roving, straying, fluctuating. It is used of a person or ship when on the high seas: N. pl. μείλωρα, superna, quæ in aëre, vel circa astra fiunt aut apparent, Meteora, things above, those which take place or appear in the vicinity of the stars, aerial appearances, Meteors.*

70 μικρός, parvus, exiguus; parvi pretii aut momenti; paucus—*little, small, diminutive; of little worth or moment; few; σμικρός, id. Dor. μικρός.*

μινυός, parvus, exilis—*little, small, minute.*

μολοβρός, † vorax, gulosus, mendicus—*voracious, ravenous; mendicant.*

μολοθρός, † qui se intrudit—*uninvited, intrusive.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. & εος, α ον.

μυρίος, infinitus, innumerus; summus, extremus, maximus
—*infinite, unnumbered, innumerable; very high, very re-
mote, extreme, very great, vast, excessive.* pl. μύριοι, ίαι, ία,
infiniti, untold, unnumbered. But μύριοι, ίαι, ία, decem mil-
lia, decies mille, ten thousand, a thousand ten times told.

75 μῦρος, stultus, fatuus; ineptus, brutus—*foolish, stupid,
silly, irrational, brutish.*

N

νεκρός, mortuus, defunctus, exanimus—*dead, defunct, life-
less; Subst. cadaver mortui, a corse, dead body.*

νέος, Novus, novellus, recens, juvenis, tiro—*New, just
grown, tender, recent, of late, young, a youth, novice.*

νηγάλιος, † novus—*new, lately formed.*

νηρός, † cavus, humidus—*hollow, moist, humid.*

Ξ

80 ξηρός, aridus, siccus, torridus, tabidus—*dry, arid, exsiccated,
parched, tabid, decayed.*

Ο

οἶος, qualis; promptus, paratus, expeditus—*such as, of this
sort or kind, of such quality; prompt, prepared, ready,
free, expeditious.* Item pro ὁμοίος, similis; & pro δυνατὸς,
potens, possibilis, & ποῖος, qualis, Sed

οἶος, οἶη, οἶον, solus—*alone, by one's-self.*

ὁσῖος, sanctus, justus, purus; publicus, profanus—*holy,
pure, just, pious: public, profane.*

Π

παράστος, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † colore præditus inter cinereum et rufum—
of a colour between ash and red.

85 πέρπερος, * levis, vanus, temerarius, præceps, perperus—
*light, vain, rash, precipitate, giddy, foolish, stupid, awk-
ward.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. & ρος, α, ον.

- ~~~~~
- πηρὸς, mancus, mutilus, orbis, cæcus, mutus—*maimed, broken, impotent, mutilated, bereft, deprived, blind, mute, dumb.*
- πικρὸς, amarus, acerbus—*bitter, sour, crabbed, peevish.*
- πλάγιος, & ὁ και ἦ, obliquus, transversus, limus—*oblique, indirect, sideway, transverse, awry, slopewise.*
- πλέος, Att. πλέως, poet. πλείος, plenus, refertus—*full, plenary, crammed, replete. Compar. πλέων, & πλείων, Superl. πλείστος.*
- 90 πολλός, canus, albus, candidus, niveus—*grey, hoary, pale, white, candid, white as snow, polished.*
- πότερος, Uter, utra, utrum—*either: interrog. which of the two?*
- πότιος, venerandus, honorandus, augustus—*venerable, to be honoured, august.*
- πραῶς, aliquando πραῶος, lenis, mitis, mansuetus—*gentle, mild, kind, affable, good-natured.*
- πρόσπαιος, ὁ και ἦ, † recens—*recent, fresh.*
- 95 πωρὸς, cæcus—*blind, poor.*

P.

ῥάδιος, & ὁ και ἦ, facilis, proclivis ad aliquid—*facile, easy, ready, inclined to, or leaning towards something. ῥάων, facillior, ῥᾶστος, facillimus.*

Σ

- σκεθρὸς, † exactus—*nice, diligent.*
- σκολιός, obliquus, tortuosus, tortus, pravus, perversus, perplexus, versutus—*oblique, crooked, winding, twisted; depraved, wrong, perverted, perplexed, wily, crafty. σκολιόω, tortuosum reddo.*
- σκόλυφος, † tetricus—*grim, peevish.*
- 100 σώος, σόη, σόνον, Dor. & poet. σώος, η, ον, Salvus, incolumis, sospes, integer, perfectus; salutaris—*safe, sound, whole, entire, complete, perfect; wholesome, salutary.*
- σεπέος, solidus, validus, firmus, integer, rigidus, durus—*solid, strong, firm, whole, entire, stiff, rigid, hard.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & ρας, α, ου.

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- σφοδρὸς, \* *vehemens, violentus, validus, alacer, acer, acerbus, pertinax—vehement, eager, violent, stout, valid, brisk, pert, ready, sharp, sour, wilful, pertinacious.*
- σχέτλιος, *miser, miserabilis, infelix; asper, severus, crudelis, durus, intractabilis, acer, audax, patiens laborum; scelestus, nefarius, injustus, importunus—wretched, forlorn, miserable, unhappy; rough, severe, cruel, savage, hard, rude, untractable, crabbed, austere, bold, daring, patient of toils and hardships; wicked, impious, nefarious, mischievous, fraudulent, unjust, importunate, fretful.*

## T

- ταρδὸς, † *velox—swift, quick, nimble.*
- 105 τήσιος, † *inanis—empty, void, inane.*
- τινδαλέος, † *calidus, fervidus—hot, fervid.*

## Υ

- ὕγρὸς, *humidus, humectus, madidus, aquatalis, in aquis degens; liquidus, mollis, lubricus, viridis—humid, wet, moist, aquatic, living in the water; liquid, insipid, soft, supple, lubricous, slippery, slack, green, verdant.*
- ὑπίος, *supinus, resupinus, in dorsum versus—supine, lolling with the face upwards, lying on the back, lazy, indolent.*
- ὑστερὸς; *posterior, posterius, serior sequens, secundus, inferior, posthabendus; proximus futurus, proximus venturus—posterior, after, coming after, later, following, in the second place, inferior, less valued or esteemed, put on one side; next at hand, about to be, that is to come or happen in the next place. ὑστατός, postremus.*

## Φ

- 110 φαίδρὸς, *hilar-us, seu -is, lætus, alacer, faustus, luculentus, splendidus, illustris—cheerful, glad, mirthful, brisk, happy, fortunate, fine, gay, bright, splendid, illustrious.*
- φ: φαίνω, luceo, splendo.

## Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, π. &amp; εος, α, ον.

Φαιδός, † subniger, fuscus—*somewhat black, shaded, tawny.*  
 Φαλακρός, † calvus—*bald, bare.*

## X

- Χαιδός, vel χαδός, † bonus—*good, generous.*  
 Χέερος, ἔ και ἦ, desertus, incultus, asper—*desert, uncultivated, rough.* Subst. solum desertum; terra, solum, continens, *a wilderness, a desert, land unploughed, untilled; the earth, ground, continent, mainland:* χέεστος, id.  
 115 χῆρος, viduus, orbis, desertus, indigens—*deprived, in a widowed state, destitute, bereft, deserted, forsaken, indigent.* χῆρα, vidua.

## Υ

- Ψαδυρός, \* friabilis, qui in minutas particulas friari potest, fragilis—*friable, that may be readily crumbled and reduced to powder, fragile, short, brittle.*  
 Ψαιδρός, † rarus, rarus habens capillos—*scarce, thin of hair.*  
 Ψανκρός, † agilis, celer, levis; delicatus—*nimble, swift, light, delicate.*  
 Ψαφρός, † aridus, squalidus, infirmus, friabilis; tenebrosus—*dry, arid, squalid, infirm, fragile, friable; very dark, gloomy.*  
 120 Ψιδυρός, ὁ και ἦ, tenuorem et exiliorem vocem edens—*giving a soft sound, whispering, making a hum.* Subst. *a whisper, soft sound; a whisperer, a traducer.*  
 Ψιδίος, † vilis, miser, vitiosus—*mean, vile, wretched, vicious,*

## Ω

Ωγύγιος, † Ogygius; Poet. antiquus, vetustus—*Ogygian; Poet, antique, of old, ancient, of yore: q. d. from the days, or ever since the time of Ogyges, a very ancient Theban prince, in whose reign a deluge overflowed Greece.*  
 Ωχρός, pallidus, luridus—*pale, wan, lurid, ghastly.* ὤχρος, pallor.



## CLASS III.

| Sing.     |       |        | Pl.            |        |      |
|-----------|-------|--------|----------------|--------|------|
| m.        | f.    | n.     | m.             | f.     | n.   |
| N. υς,    | ἑῖα,  | ὸ,     | N. V. ἕες-εῖς, | εἶαι,  | ἑα,  |
| G. ἑος,   | εἶος, | ἑος,   | G. ἑων,        | εἶων,  | ἑων, |
| D. εἶ-εῖ, | εἶα,  | εἶ-εῖ, | D. ἑσι,        | εἶαις, | εσι, |
| A. υν,    | εἶων, | ὸ,     | A. ἑας-εῖς,    | εἶας,  | ἑα,  |
| V. ὸ,     | εἶα,  | ὸ.     |                |        |      |

|||

Dl.

|          | m.   | f.     | n.   |
|----------|------|--------|------|
| N. A. V. | ἑε,  | εἶα,   | ἑε,  |
| G. & D.  | ἑῖν, | εἶαιν, | ἑῖν. |

αἰπύς, altus, excelsus, in alto positus; ingens, gravis, difficilis—*high, lofty, placed on high; great, huge, weighty, difficult.*

ἀμβλύς, obtusus, hebes, cujus acies est obtusa; cæcutiens; languidus, remissus—*obtuse, dull, blunt; dim-sighted; languid, remiss.*

βραδύς, tardus, segnis; ingenio segnis—*tardy, slow, loitering; dull, of untoward wit, slow of understanding. Compar. βραδύων, & βράσσω, vel βραδύτερος, Superl. βράδιτος, vel βραδύτατος.*

βραχύς, Brevis, parvus, exiguus—*short, brief, little, small.*

βραχὺ, n. adverbiascit, aliquantum, paulisper, interdum, parvi momenti, *some little, a little while, sometimes, now and then, of small moment, of little consequence.*

5 γλυκύς, dulcis, jucundus—*sweet, dulcet, pleasant. Compar. γλυκύν, γλυσσων, Poet. γλυκερός, & γλυκύτερος; Superl. γλύτος, & γλυκύντατος; τὸ γλυκὺ, passum, i. e. vini dulcis genus.*

δατύς, Densus, pilosus, hirsutus—*thick, Dense, pilose, rough.*

δριμύς, acris gustu vel sapore; acer, vehemens; astutus; asper, truculentus—*sharp to the taste or palate, palatable,*

## Adjectives, Cl. 3, υς, εια, υ.

*savoury; stingy, vehement, hot, hasty: crafty, artful; rough, fierce, grim.*

ἰλαχὺς, parvus, exiguus—*little, small.* ἰλάσσων, *less*; Superl. ἰλάχιτος, *least*; exinde novus compar. ἰλαχιστότερος, *minimo minor*, Ephes. 3. v. 8.

εὐθύς, rectus, non obliquus, apertus, nulla circuitione tectus—*right, direct, not oblique, but in a right line; open, unequivocal.* εὐθύς, etiam adv. & id. qd. εὐθέως.

10 εὐρύς, latus, amplus—*broad, wide, large, ample.* εὐρύνω, dilato.

ἡδύς, dulcis, suavis, jucundus; lætus, lepidus—*sweet, pleasant, agreeable; cheerful, gladsome, gay, witty.*

ἡμισυς, Dimidius, Semis—*half.* Hence the Inseparables *Hemi, Semi, and Demi, id.*

ῥῆλυς, vel ὁ και ἡ, fœmineus; θήλεια, fœmina—*feminine; a female, a woman.* q. ἰθέλω, volo, vel θάλλω, pullulo.

ἰθύς, rectus, directus; verus, apertus—*right, just, straight, even, direct; true, ingenuous, open.*

15 μάλυς, † indoctus, vide Separ. Cl.

ὀξύς, acutus; dicitur de ense, cuspidē; sensu, animo, voce, gustu; vehemens, subitus, celer, præceps; promptus, expeditus ad aliquid aggrediendum—*acute, sharp; applicable to a sword, to the point of any thing; to the senses, quick perception; to the mind, of penetrating judgment and nice discrimination; to the voice, shrill; and to the taste, savoury, acid, or sour; vehement, intense, angry, sudden, quick, swift, precipitate; prompt, prepared, ready for any undertaking.*

παχύς, crassus, densus, spissus; pinguis, obsesus; stupidus, hebes, tardus; opulentus, dives—*thick, dense, gross, packed; fat, of gross habit; stupid, dull, slow, tardy; opulent, wealthy, rich.*

πλατὸς, Latus, amplus, spatiosus—*broad, ample, spacious.* Hence, *Plate, Platter, Plat.*

πρεσβυς, Æol. πρετγυς, senex—*old*: compar. πρεσβύτερος, senior,

## Adjectives, Cl. 3, υς, ηα, υ.

*older*; Subst. a *Presbyter, an elder*; Superl. πρεσβυτάτος, & πρεσβύσιος, ἴση, ον, maximus natus; antiquissimus, vetustissimus, honoratissimus, augustissimus, potissimus, oldest, first-born, most ancient, very antique, from times of yore, from days of ancient date; most honourable, most serene, truly august, most excellent, most desirable.

ταχύς, celer, citus, rapidus, velox, præceps, festinus—*swift, fleet, quick, nimble, ready, rapid, of great velocity, with winged speed, precipitate, speedy.*

20 τραχύς, asper, scaber; confragosus, scabrosus, scruposus, agrestis; acer, acerbus, torvus—*rough, scabrous, scaly; rugged, craggy, stony, over-grown, wild, rustic; sour, crabbed, peevish, grim, grisly.*

ῥαχύς, celer, velox, pernix, citatus—*swift, quick, nimble, fleet, speedy.*

## CLASS IV.

Its Adjectives are of two endings in the Nominative case, viz. ον, of the masculine and feminine gender, and ον, of the neuter. They are declined as under:

| Sing.   |       |      | Pl.           |               |           |
|---------|-------|------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| m.      | f.    | n.   | m. f. n.      | m.            | f. n.     |
| N. ον,  | ....  | ον,  | N. V. A. ονε, | N. & V. ονες, | .... ονα, |
| G. .... | ονος, | .... | G. & D. ονον, | G. ....       | ονων,     |
| D. .... | ονη,  | .... |               | D. ....       | ονι,      |
| A. ονα, | ....  | ον,  |               | A. ονας,      | .... ονα, |
| V. .... | ον,   | .... |               |               |           |

ἀμύμων, \* inculpatus; laudabilis, celebris, præclarus, egregius, strenuus; faustus—*blameless, faultless, inculpable; laudable, praiseworthy, renowned, egregious, excellent, strenuous, brave; lucky, fortunate.* q. α neg. & μῶμος, macula. ἥττω, Att. ἥττω, minor, inferior—*less, inferior; one of the irregular comparatives of μικρός, parvus.*

Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, δ και ἦ, ες, τὸ.

μείων, Dor. & Æol. μῆων, Minor, *Meaner*; &c. id. qd. ἡσσων,  
Item, Subst. Meon, *a kind of herb.*

πίων, pinguis, obesus, opimus, uber—*fat, fed, made up,*  
*rich, plenteous.*

### CLASS V.

| Sing.    |         |      | DI.               |                  |         | Pl.   |    |    |
|----------|---------|------|-------------------|------------------|---------|-------|----|----|
| m.       | f.      | n.   | m.                | f.               | n.      | m.    | f. | n. |
| N. ἡς,   | ....    | ἑς,  | N. V. A. ἕε-ῆ,    | N. & V. ἕεε-εῖς, | ....    | ἕα-ῆ, |    |    |
| G. ....  | ἑός-ος, | .... | G. & D. ἑοιν-οῖν, | G. ....          | ἑων-ῶν, | ....  |    |    |
| D. ....  | εἰ-εῖ,  | .... |                   | D. ....          | εσι,    | ....  |    |    |
| A. ἕα-ῆ, | ....    | ἑς,  |                   | A. ἕας-εῖς,      | ....    | ἕα-ῆ. |    |    |

ἀγείηης, † injurius—*injurious, hurtful.*

ἀγής, † scelestus—*wicked, impious.*

ἀγκηθής, † innoxius—*innocent, harmless.*

ἀγκής, † resonans—*resounding.*

5 ἀζεχής, † aridus, difficilis, gravis, non intermissus—*dry,*  
*arid, difficult, grievous, incessant.* . . .

ἀδεγής, † accuratus; vilis—*accurate, exact, vile, contempt-*  
*ible.*

ἀκριβής, accuratus, exquisitus, scrupulosus, diligens, ad  
rem attentus, tenax, subtilis; exploratus, certus; ple-  
nus, justus—*accurate, with nice exactness, exquisite, mi-*  
*nute, punctilious, scrupulous, diligent, attentive to the busi-*  
*ness in hand, tenacious, subtile; explored, sought out, cer-*  
*tain, sure; full, just, exact.* παρὰ τὸ εἰς τὸ ἄκρον βῆσαι. *The*  
*Greeks speak of going to the top, as we to the bottom of a*  
*thing.*

ἀληθής, verus, verax; certus; rectus, conveniens, idoneus;  
sincerus, memor—*true, real, without deceit, sure, certain;*  
*right, convenient, meet, fit, suitable; sincere, mindful.* q.  
α neg. & λήθω, Lateo, q. d. *open, undisguised.*

ἀολλής, \* confertus, congregatus—*close pressed, crammed,*  
*thronged, congregated, herded together.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, ὁ και ἡ, ες, τὸ.

- 10 ἀπηνής, \* crudelis, immitis, sævus, durus, trux—*cruel, fierce, severe, savage, grim*. ἀπῆνια, inhumanitas.  
ἀβλειμής, † incolumis, integer, sanus—*safe, entire, whole, sound*.
- ἀσελγής, petulans, insolens, protervus, improbus, petulanter injurius; lascivus, libidinosus, impudicus, ganearius, luxuriosus, obscænus, flagitiosus, incestuus—*petulant, insolent, fierce, sullen, grim, knavish, bent upon mischief; lascivious, libidinous, immodest, given to luxury, riot, and debauchery; obscene, flagitious, incestuous*.
- ἀτερεής, verus, certus, accuratus—*true, certain, incontrovertible, accurate, to a nicety*.
- ἀφελής, simplex; tenuis, fragilis—*simple, innocent; thin, slender, fragile, thrifty*.
- 15 δασπλής, † difficilis, gravis, atrox—*difficult, austere, stern, fierce, cruel*.
- δασιλής, \* largus, Dapsilis, copiosus—*large, abundant, liberal, copious, plenteous*.
- ἐναεγής, \* clarus, evidens, manifestus—*clear, bright, evident; that may be clearly seen, manifest*.
- ἐπιηθής, idoneus, aptus, habilis—*fit, suitable, apt, handsome*.
- ζαφελής, † valdè simplex; durus, agrestis, vehemens—*very simple; hardy, wild, rustic, vehement*: q. ζα valdè & ἀφελής, simplex.
- 20 ἠνεκής, porrectus, in longitudinem protensus; perennis, continuus, perpetuus—*stretched out, drawn along, extended to a length; perennial, through the year, continued, perpetual*.
- λαγνής, unchaste; see λάγνος, Cl. 1.
- λαπαεής, assiduus, sedulus, qui aliquid instanter facit—*assiduous, diligent, sedulous, perseverant, who doth or goes about a piece of business in good earnest*.
- ἠθής, \* tardus, segnis, lentus, piger, hebes; stupidus, marcidus—*tardy, slow, lazy, dull; stupid, flat*. ἠθῶδες, id.

## Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, ὁ και ἡ, ες, τὸ.

νωλεμής, † assiduus, indessinens—*assiduous, diligent, incessant.*

25 προνής, Pronus, in caput propendens, præceps—*Prone, with the face downward, stooping or nodding forward, leaning to its fall, precipitate, headlong.*

σαφής, manifestus, apertus, perspicuus, certus, clarus, planus—*manifest, open, perspicuous, evident, certain, clear, plain.* σαφῶς, manifestè, apertè. σαφηνίζω, manifesto, notum facio, declaro. σαφήνεια, perspicuitas.

σῆνής, † asper, moribus indomitis; acutus, manifestus—*rough of manners, wild, stern, rustic; acute, pointed, manifest.*

τευήλης, † clavatus—*nailed.*

ύγιής, sanus, valens, incolumis, sospes, integer—*sound, healthy, strong, safe, whole, untouched.* ύγιεια, sanitas. ύγαίνω, sanus sum. ύγιανός, sanus.

## The Separate Class.

Ἄμφω, N. A. & V.—ἀμφοῖν, G. & D. Ambo—*Both, each of the two. This word is confined to, and amply exemplifies the dual number.*

ἑκὼν, ἔσσα, ὄν, G. ὄντος, ἔσσης, ὄντος, voluntarius, volens, qui spontè aliquid facit—*voluntary, free, willing, who doth any thing spontaneously and of his own accord.*

ἔυς, G. εὖς, ὄ, Poet. ἡῦς, bonus; strenuus, fortis; generosus, magnus—*good; strenuous, stout, brave; generous, great.* εὔ, bene.

ἰκέτης, ε, ὄ, D. η, A. ην, D: pl. Ion. ἰκέησι, supplex—*suppliant, humbly intreating, petitioning on bended knee. Subst. a servile petitioner, a slave. q. ἰκέομαι, venio.*

5 ἴσως, ορος, ὄ και ἡ, sciens, peritus; testis, arbiter, judex—*skilful, knowing, well informed, acquainted with the page of History; a witness, arbiter, judge. q. ἴσημι, Dor. ἴσαμι, scio, novi. ἴσορσία, cognoscendi studium, Historia.*

## Adjectives, Separate Class.

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ἤλιος, υ, ό, * *temerarius, præceps, audax, impudens; magnanimus, animosus—rash, precipitate, daring, bold, impudent: magnanimous, brave, spiritous.*

μάκ-αρς, G. αρος, ό, ή, και τό, D. pl. αρσι, Ion. αρεσσι, *beatus, felix—blessed, happy.* μακάριος, *beatissimus.* μάκ-αρς, αρος, ό και ή, & μακάριος, ια, ιον, *id.*

μέγας, μεγάλη, μέγα, G. μεγάλη-ς, -ής, -ς, D. ω, η, ω, A. μέγ-αν, αλην, α, V. α, άλη, α, *Magnus, ingens, grandis; vehemens, atrox, violentus—great, huge, grand, potent; vehement, eager, outrageous, fierce, violent.* μέγας conforms in all its cases to Class I, except in the N. A. & V. sing. as N. pl. μεγάλη-δι-αι-α, &c.

μέλ-ας, αινα, αν, G. ανος, αίνης, ανος, *ater, niger, fuscus, (sensu fig. profundus,) malus, immitis, crudelis—black, dark, gloomy, deep shaded, dusky, of the colour of smoke, (figuratively, deep, profound,) bad, naughty, ungentle, severe, cruel.*

10 μάλ-υς, υος, & υξ, υκος, ό, † *indoctus, tardus, hebes, mollis, imbecillis—unlearned, rude, tardy, dull, soft, languid, weak.*

πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν, G. πανός, πάσης, πανός, D. πανί, πάση, &c. *omnis, totus, universus, quivis, quilibet—all, each, every one, the whole, universal, any one, whosoever.*

πολύς, πολή, πολύ, A. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ, V. πολύ, &c. *multus, numerosus, frequens; magnus, amplus, spatiosus, vehemens, potens—much, many, very numerous, crowded, frequent; great, large, ample, spacious, vehement, potent, mighty.* πλείων, ό και ή, πλείον, poet. πλέον, τό; G. πλείονος, plus, major, amplior, copiosor; πλείϊος, η, ον, plurimus.

Primitive Numbers.

PRIMITIVE NUMBERS.

- εἷς, m. μία, f. ἓν, n. g. ἓνός, μιᾶς, ἐνός, Unus ; quidam ; alter—
One ; an ; somebody ; another.
- δύο, Att. δυο, ὁ, ἡ, τὸ, Duo—Two. α. & D. δυοῖν, Att. δυεῖν, D.
 pl. δυοῖ : *But δύο is often used in all cases.*
- τρῆϊς, οἱ και αἱ, τρία, τὰ, G. τριῶν, D. τρισί, Tres, Tria—Three.
 τέσσαρες, Att. τέτταρες, οἱ και αἱ, τέσσαρα, τὰ, G. τεσσάρων, D. τέσ-
 σαροι, quatuor, quaterni—four.
- 5 πέντε, Æol. πέμπε, quinque—five. πενήκεις, quinquies.
 ἕξ, Sex—Six. ἕκτος, Sextus. ἑξάκεις, Sexies.
 ἑπτα, Septem—Seven.
 ὀκτώ, Octo—Eight.
 ἐννεά, Novem—Nine.
- 10 δέκα, Decem—Ten. q. δέχομαι, capio, admitto, quia omnes
 numeros capit denarius.
 εἴκοσι, Poet. εἰκοσι, Dor. εἴκαλι, viginti—twenty.
 ἑκατὸν, centum—a hundred. Indef. multi, magni, many, a
 considerable number, a great deal.
 χίλιαι, -οι, -αι, -α, mille—a thousand.
 μύριαι, -οι, -αι, -α, decem millia, decies mille—ten thousand, a
 thousand ten times told. *But μυρίοι, infiniti, countless
 Myriads, ten thousands, not numbered, pl. of μυρίοι, infini-
 tus, q. v. Cl. 2.*

PRIMITIVE PRONOUNS.

Personal Ones.

- Εἴγω, G. ἐμῆ, μῆ, Ego—I.
 σύ, Dor. τυ, G. σῆ, Tu—Thou.
 ἑ, sui—of him, her, and itself ; N. caret ; D. οἱ, vel τοῖ, A. ἑ.

Demonstrative.

- ἐκεῖν-ος, η, ο, G. ε, ης, ε, ill-e, a, ud—he, she, that. Poet. κείνος,
 Dor. τῆνος.

Primitive Pronouns.

ὁ, ἡ, τὸ, G. τῷ, τῆς, τῷ, hic, hæc, hoc—*this, the, that, who. The Prepositive article.*

ἑῷς, αὐτῆ, τῆλο, G. τῆς, ταύτης, τῆς, hic, hæc, hoc—*he, she, it, this. ὦ, ἑῷς, et simpliciter ἑῷς, heus tu, holloa you; hark ye.*

Relative.

αὐτῷ-ὁς, η, ὅ, G. ε, ης, ε, ips-e, a, um; ipsemet; qui sponte aliquid facit; solus ab aliis non adjutus; idem; ego; dominus—*he, she, it; he himself; who acts, or doeth any thing of his own accord; alone, unaided; the same, the very man; I; a lord, dignified character.*

μὴν, & ἑν, ipsum, ipsam—*him, her; A. Doric, Æol. & Poet.*

Acc. put for αὐτὸν, αὐτὴν, or for ἑ. se, the Accus. of ἑ, sui: So αὐτὸν μὴν, for ἑαυτὸν, se ipsum, *himself*. It is sometimes put for ipsos, *themselves*; also for ejus, *of him, or her*. Interdum significat αὐτῷ, vel αὐτῆς, ἑν, poet. idem.

ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, G. ὅ, ἧς, ὅ, qui, quæ, quod—*who, which, that; The Subjunctive Article.*

Indefinite.

δεῖνα, m. f. & n. quidam, nescio quis, hic, ille—*some person or thing, somebody, a stranger, this, he, that. Poet.*

δεῖς. Δεῖνα, is seldom declined; when it is, it is varied in the following manner, G. δεῖνος, vel δεῖναλος, D. δεῖν, A. δεῖνα, & δεῖν. It wants the Dual and Plural numbers.

ποδαπ-ὁς, ἡ, ὅν, G. ἕ, ἧς, ἕ, cujas? ex quâ regione?—*of what country? whence? from what part or region? q. ποῖς διαπίδξ.*

τίς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, τὶ, τὸ, G. τινός, aliquis, quispiam, quidam, certus—*somebody, any one, whosoever, any one we happen to meet or fall in with, a certain person or thing. Its neuter joined with numerals may be rendered by circiter, fermè, about, near, well nigh, almost. With πᾶς, ἕκαστος, & αὐτὸς, it is expletive. But*

τίς, n. τί, Quis, quæ, quid? qualis? qualis nam?—*Who, what, which? what sort, kind, or quality? of what form? what manner of?*

Prepositions.

PREPOSITIONS.

The Greeks have eighteen Prepositions, of which four govern the Genitive case, viz.

ἀντὶ, *pro*, vice; instar, par; præ, contra—for, *in the place or stead of; like, paramount, equal to; before, against.*

ἀντίος, adversus. ἀντίον, ex adverso.

ἀπό, *a*, *Ab*, ἐ, *ex*; absque, post, procul, per—From, *out of; without, after, distant, by.*

ἐκ, ἐ, *Ex*, *a*, *ab*, *de*; post, per, propter—Out of, *from; after, by, for.* Note ἐκ becomes ἐξ before a smooth, and ἰκ before an aspirated vowel or diphthong.

πρὸς, *Pro*, propter, præ, ante, coram, prope—For, *on account of, before, in presence of, near.*

Two govern a Dative, viz.

ἐν, Poet. ἐνί, & εἰν, *In*, apud; item ut Lat. in regens. Acc. ad, erga, prope, inter, cum, intra, coram, penes, per, contra—In, *or at a place; also into, to, towards, near, among, with, within, before, in the power of, by, against; ἐν is commonly significant of rest, or speaks the place, situation, or state, in which a person or thing is.* ἐν τρισὶν ἡμέραις, spatio trium dierum.

σύν, Att. ξύν, *Cum*, una cum—with, *on one's side, together with.* σύν is often understood; as ἔλαβεν ἀντὶ στρατηγῶ τὸ στρατόπεδον, he took the army with the general.

ἀνά, *per*, in, intra, inter, adversus—through, *in, with, among, against; Poet. Dat. super, in, cum, upon, in, with.* εἶδα ἀνά σκήπτρῳ Διὸς αἰετὸς, Pind. *The eagle sleeps upon Jupiter's sceptre.* χρυσεῖω ἀνά σκήπτρῳ, aureo cum Sceptro. ἀνὰ τὸν βίον, *during life.* ἀνά τυχούσα, *as it happens, casually.* ἀνά is often used distributively, as ἔλαβον ἀνά δηνάριον, acciperunt singuli Denarium, *they received one penny each.* Matt. xx. 9. ἀνά μέρος, *alternis, vicissim, by turns, by parts.* ἀνά πέντε, quini, *by fives, or five by five.* χωρῆσαι ἀνά μετη-

Prepositions.



τὰς δύο ἢ τρεῖς, capientes singulæ Metretas binas aut ternas, containing two or three firkins a-piece. John ii, 5. ἀνὰ τεύχεα δραχμῶν, about five Drachms. Apud medicos significat partes æquales. ἀνὰ i. e. ἀνὰ, alike of each, of each an equal quantity.

εἰς, vel ἐς, in, (regens Accus.) ad, erga, versus, contra, adversus, propter, apud—into, to, towards, against, for, at. q. εἰμι, eo.

Four, a G. & Acc. viz.

διὰ, G. per, ad, in, inter, cum. A. per, propter—G. through, by, to, in, among, with. A. by, through, for, on account of. διήκεις, toto anno. διὰ δέκα ἔτων, decimo quoque anno.

κατὰ, G. de, e, contra, adversus, sub, per, ad, super. A. secundum, versus, in, inter, propter, de, apud, Poet. D. a, ab, de, inter. G. from, against, under, through, by, to, upon. A. according to, towards, in, among, by means of, from, at, with. Poet. D. down, from, among. κατ' ὄρεσφι, from the mountains, adown the hills. κατ' οἶκον, domi, at home. κατ' ὥρην, ad tempus.

μετὰ, G. cum, apud, unà cum, inter, per, erga. A. post, ad, in, (reg. Acc.) inter, secundum, circum. Poet. cum, in, inter. G. with, at, together with, among, by, through, towards. A. after, to, into, among, about. Poet. Dat. with, in, among. Æolicum est κατὰ usurpare pro μετὰ. The Poets sometimes use μετὰ with an Acc. for πρὸς or ἐπί. Sed μετὰ, idem est quod μετέστι, particeps est.

ὑπέρ, poet. ὑπερ, G. Super, Supra, pro, propter, per. A. Supra, trans, ultra—G. above, for, in behalf, or on account of, by. A. Over, beyond. D. Super, above; but it is very seldom used in this case.

Six, a G. D. & A. viz.

ἄμφι, Ion. ἀμπι, G. circa, circum, juxta, de, propter. D. circum, circa, propter, prope, apud. A. circa, circiter,

Prepositions.



propter, ad, erga, apud—G. about, around, near, of, concerning, for, on account of. D. about, on all sides, for, because of, near, at. A. about, on this side and that, for, concerning, to, towards, at.

ἐπι, G. super, supra, in, ad, versus, coram. D. super, propter, ob, in, ad, adversus, inter, per—G. upon, over, in, at, to, towards, before. D. upon, on account of, for, in, to, against. A. upon, at, for, to, against, among, by.

παρά, G. A, ab, ex, coram, contra. D. juxta, apud, ad, penes. A. juxta, circa, ad, per, supra, ultra, inter, contra—from, before, against. D. near, at, to, in the power of. A. near, to, through, over, beyond, among, against.

περὶ, G. de, pro, propter, præ. D. circa, circum, propter. A. circa, circum, cum, erga, contra—G. of, or about, i. e. concerning, touching, or with respect to, for, on account, or because of, before. D. about, around, for. A. about, incircling, near, with, towards, against.

ὅ, περὶ, G. a, ab, ex, erga, cum. D. apud, ad, usque. A. ad, erga, juxta, circiter, in, apud, inter, propter, contra—G. from, towards, with. D. at, to, as far as. A. to, towards, near, about, in, at or with, among, for, by reason of, against. Absolute περὶ, est περὶ ἑῆ, præterea. περὶ δὲ ad hæc vero. περὶ τί δ' ἰστέμεις; ; cur quæris? περὶ Θεῶ, per Deum.

ὑπὲρ, poet. ὑπάλ, G. Sub, a, ab, ex, propter, per. D. Sub. cum, propter. A. Sub, Subter, Subtus—Under, by, from, out of, for, by reason of, through. D. Under, with, for. A. Under, near, hard by. ὑπὲρ κίεθρα βάλαν ἰαυλόν, se quæstui subjicere, lucro servire.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

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**VERBS.**

**CHAPTER I.—CLASS 1.**

The Characteristic Letters of this Class are the Labials; viz. π, β, φ, and πλ. All its verbs terminate their First future tense in ψω, and their preterperfect in φα. e. g.

pr.  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \pi\omega, \\ \beta\omega, \\ \phi\omega, \\ \pi\lambda\omega, \end{array} \right\} 1. \psi\omega; \text{ pf. } \phi\alpha.$

ἀλείφω, ungo, oleo vel unguento lino, illino; exhortor, incito, instigo—to anoint, rub over with oil or unguents; to exhort, incite, instigate. im. ἠλείφον, β. ἠλιφον, 1. ἀλείψω, α. ἠλεψα, pf. ἠλεφα, α. part. ἀλείψας, ασα, αν, γ. ανλος, ασης, ανλος, ind. med. ἠλείψαμην, ὦ, αλο, imper. ἄλεψαι, pf. ind. ἠλοιφα, Att. ἀλήλοιφα, ας, ε.

ἀμείβω, muto, commuto, permuto; alterno; succedo; prætereo, transeo; gratiam refero, remunero, par pari refero; respondeo—to change, commute, exchange, barter, transfer; to alternate, act by turns, change reciprocally; to succeed; pass by or over, make a transition; to return a favour, remunerate, retaliate, render like for like; to reply, give a response, answer. pf. med. ἠμοίβα, ας, ε, pass. ἠμυμμαι.

ἀπάφω, decipio, fallo: idem quod ἀπαλλάω—to deceive, disappoint, impose upon.

ἄπλω, necto, annecto, alligo, Apto; accendo—to knit, concatenate, braid, annex, join, bind, fasten together, Hasp, fit, Adapt; to light, enkindle. pf. act. & med. ἤφα, 2. ἄφω, β. ἤφον, ες, ε, α. ἤφα, part. ἄψας, a. ind. pass. ἤφθην, Dor. vel Ion. neglecto augmento, ἄφθην, pf. ἤμμαι, part. ἠμμένος, η, ον, aptus, accensus, suited, matched, enkindled,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ↓ω, pf. φα.

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pr. ἀπτόμενος, η, ον, annexus, Aptus. ἀπτομαι, tango, invado, capesso; g. poet. d. apropinquo, adeo.

δ ἀσράπτω, fulguro, fulgeo, coruscō, micō; ejaculor, mitto, spiro—to lighten, flash, coruscate, sparkle, glitter, shine; to hurl, shoot, cast, belch out. q. ἀσῆς, & ἄπτω, β. ἤσραπον, pf. m. ἤσραπα.

ἀλίμβω, contristo, tristitiā afficio; privo, frustror—make sad, affect with sorrow, depress; to deprive, frustrate.

B

βάπτω, mergo, immergo; tingo, intingo; lavo; haurio, hauriendo impleo; perio de navi—to duck, plunge, immerse, Bathe; to tinge, die, sprinkle, (vide Ex. xii. 22.) to wash, lave; to draw or drink in, fill by suction, drench: fall over-board. β. ἔσαφον, α. ἔσαψα, pf. pass. βέσαμμαι, ψαι, πται.

βλάπτω, (olim βλάδω,) lædo, noceo, damno afficio—to hurt, harm, injure, endamage, Blab, i. e. hurt by telling what should not be told. α. ἔβλαψα, 2. βλαβῶ, β. ἔβλαδον, pf. m. βέβλασα, pass. βέβλαμμαι, ψαι, πται, 2. βλαβήσομαι, β. ἐβλάδην, inf. βλαβῆναι, part. βλαβείς; εἶσα, εν.

βλέπω, video, aspicio, respicio, intueor, specto; caveo; rationem habeo; vivo—to see, view, look upon, glance at, behold, survey, consider; to eye, beware of; to take an account, reckon; to live, q. d. enjoy the light, have the power of seeing. q. βάλλω ὤπα. β. ἔλεπον, α. ἔλεψα, pf. pass. βέβλεμμαι, ψαί, πται.

Γ

10 γράφω, vel γλύφω, cavo, excavo, fodio, sculpo, scalpo—to hollow, scoop, excavate, dig, delve, mine, carve, Sculp, engrave.

γνάπτω, sive γνάφω, carmino—to card, &c. vide κνάπτω.

γράφω, Scribo, pingo, describo, insculpo; decerno, sancio—to write, paint, picture, describe, sketch, trace, engrave,

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

*in*sculp, *Graff*; to enact, sanction, warrant. im. & β. ἔγγραφον, pf. act. & m. γέγραφα, α. ἔγραψα, pass. ἐγράφη, pf. γέγραμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, part. γεγραμμένος, η, ου.

Δ

δάπτω, voro, dilanio, dilaniendo voro, rodo—to feed upon with voracity and rapacity, to raven, tear in pieces, mangle and devour, eat alive, gnaw. δαρδάπτω, id. β. ἔδαφον.

δέφω, excorio, pelle nudo; emollio, subigo—to excoriate, strip off the skin, flay, peel; soften, make pliant, curry, dress leather.

15 δρέπω, decerpo, carpo, meto, colligo, vindemio—to pluck fruit, crop, mow, reap, collect autumnal fruits, bind the the harvest sheaf, gather the ripened grape, bring home the vintage.

δρύπτω, lacero, lanio—to tear, lacerate, butcher, cut up, *Drub*. β. ἔδρυφόν.

E

ἔπω, & ἔπομαι, sequor—to follow, accompany. β. med. ἐπόμην, ε, ελο, poet. ἐσπόμην, sequebar. 1. ἔφομαι, εσαι, & εαι, ελαι, sequar. a. inf. ἔψιδαι.

ἔπω, operor, ago—to work, act, manage. Usitat. in compositione.

επω, dico, loquor; jubeo—to say, tell, speak; to command.

In pr. inusitatum est: Pro Aug. post ε adsciscit idemque per omnes modos servat. α. εἶπα, poet. εἶπα, β. εἶπον, ες, ε, poet. ἐἶπον, optat. εἶποιμι, οἰς, οἰ, imper. εἶπε, die; pro 2^a pl. εἶπέτε, usit. α. εἶπατε; α. & β. Subj. εἶπω, ης, η, α. Opt. εἶπαίμην, αἰς, αἰ, imp. εἶπον, ἄλω, β inf. εἶπῶν, part. εἶπών, ἔσσα, ὄν, & ὄλος, &c.

ἐρείπω, everto, diruo, disturbo, demolior—to avert, overturn, overthrow, raze, cast down, demolish, destroy. β. ἤρειπον, cecidi, lapsus sum.

20 ἐρέπτω, edo—to eat, graze; Poet. tego, orno, coronato cover, adorn, crown.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φω.

ἐρείφω, tego, contego, tectum impono—to cover, thatch, roof;
α. ἐρεΐφα, coronavi. ὄροφῆ, fastigium, culmen, contignatio, tectum, a top, summit, the raftering of a house, its roof.

ἔρπω, Serpo, repo; vado—to Creep, slide on the belly as do serpents, move on many feet as do reptiles, to crawl: to go, march: inf. ἔρπιω, Dor. ἐρπην, Serpere.

ἔσπω, & σπείω, Poet. pro ἔπω, to say, lisp out. 1. σπήσω, β. ἔσπον, imp. σπῆ, pro quo σπῆς, dic.

⊙

θάλπω, foveo, calefacio, ut facit gallina ovis incumbans—to cherish, to warm, as a hen by incubation warms her eggs.

25 θάπλω, sepelio, humo, inhumo; stupeo, cum stupore admiror—to bury, inhume, commit to the ground, inter; to be astonished, lost in wonder; 1. θάψω, α. ἐθαψα, ας, ἦ, inf. θάψαι, pf. τέλαφα, β. ἔλαφον, pass. ἐλάφην, sepultus fui, inf. ταφῆναι, part. ταφεῖς, sepultus; pf. m. τέθηπα, ας, ε, part. τεθηπῶς, ῥα, ὄς, α. ὄλος, ῥα, ὄλος.

θλίβω, Æol. φλίγω, premo, comprimo, constringo; affligo, elido, humi sterno—to press, squeeze, compress, clench, tie, bind fast, afflict, dash against, strike down, throw flat on the ground. α. ἐθλίψα, ας, ε, pf. pass. τεθλίμμαι, part. ἔθλιμος, pressus, strictus.

θρύπτω, frango, rumpo, confringo, comminuo, contero, frio; deliciis frango, luxu corrumpto, luxuriosè vivo—to break, rupture, rend, shiver, dash to pieces, diminish, bruise, crumble; to enervate with pleasures, unman by luxury, live loosely. 2. τρυφῶ, β. ἐτρυφον, pass. ἐτρυφθην, pf. τέθρυμμαι, ψαι, πλάι, to have been rent, broken, and reduced to Thrums and fragments.

θώπλω, assentor, colo; cavillor, irrideo—to flatter, caress, make court to; to taunt, jeer, ridicule.

I

- ἐάπω, mitto, jacio, jaculor; noceo; jungo; conviciis insector—to throw, send, cast, hurl; to hurt; to join; to press upon with reproaches, expose to the strife of tongues.
- 30 ἴπω, sive ἴπω, & ἴπτομαι, lædo, noceo, damnum infero—to hurt, harm, wound, injure, endamage.

K

- καλύπω, tego, abscondo, velo, operio—to cover, hide, veil, conceal, shut up. β. ἐκάλυον, α. ἐκάλυφα, pf. κεκάλυμμαι, ψαι, πται.
- κάμπω, flecto, inflecto, incurvo—to bend, curve, inflect, bow, form a curve, incurvate. καμπύλος, curvus, inflexus.
- κάπω, comedo, avidè edo, mordeo; flo, spiro—to devour, eat greedily, gnaw; to puff, blow, pant. κάψα, Capsa, cista, a coffer, maund, chest.
- κάρφω, sicco, arefacio, squalidum reddo—to dry, exsiccate, parch, make squalid; Metaph. deprimo, facio ut deflorescat, to depress, cause to fade, wither.
- 35 κλέπω, Clepo, furor, suffuror, depeculor; oculo, supprimo; clam facio vel dico; decipio, fallo—to steal, rob, Clip, pilfer, embezzle, rifle; to hide, secrete, suppress, to act and talk privately, plot and work under hand; to deceive, disappoint. γ. καλύπω, abscondo, to hide. β. ἐκλαπτον, α. ἐκλεψα, pf. κέκλε-εφα, Att. οφα, furatus sum. part. εφ- & οφ-ώς, υῖα, ος, furatus. m. κέκλοπα, pass. εμμαι, part. εμμένος, surreptus. β. κλεπεις, deceptus.
- κνάπω, γνάπω, seu γνάφω, carmino, carpo, carpando velliendoque expolio ut fullones, pecto, polio—to card, pick, tease, and dress wool, to hatchel flax, to clear and make glossy by teasing, picking, culling, &c. according to the fuller's art, comb, Knap, neatify, polish.
- κολάπω, tundo, tundendo excavo, incido, scalpo, sculpo—to strike, beat; to excavate by strokes, beat hollow; to cut, make an incision, pare, carve, engrave.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

κόπτω, scindo, seco, findo, cædo, succido, amputo, præcido, vulnero, saucio, percutio, ferio, cudo, tundo, obtundo, pulso, impello, succutio—to *Cut, tear, sever, cleave, split, chop, rend, cut down, fell trees, cut or lop off, prune, pare, slice, wound, gash, hurt, smite, beat, hit, push, strike, forge, stamp, bray, thrash, break, blunt, stun, knock, rap, impel, push on, shake, jog.* α. ἐκοψα, pr. pass. κόπτομαι, scindor; vexor; fatigor, fatisco, lacesso; item præcidor significatione obscenâ, *to be cut or torn; to be vexed; to be fatigued, fail, grow feeble.* Dicitur aliquis κόπτεσθαι, (pr. inf.) proscindi dictis mordacibus, *a person is said to cut, i. e. have his feelings wounded by mordacious language and sarcastic remarks; it is also used of vitiated grain, &c. especially when grubs or weevils breed therein.* β. inf. κοπήναι, cædi, cæsus esse, *to be cut or have been beat, pf. part, κεκομμένος, concisus, cut up, or to pieces; pr. m, κόπτομαι, plango, clarâ voce lamentor, et pectoris femorumque percussione animi dolorem testor, I express my grief by loud lamentation, I beat my breast in anguish and smite upon my thigh.* α. ἐκοψάμην, ω, αλο, pf. κέκοπα, part. κικοπῶς; ῶα, ὄς, qui pulsavit. *This verb governs an accusative case.*

κρύπτω, abscondo, occulto, tego, abdo—to *hide, abscond, conceal, secrete, keep close, or out of sight, cover, keep back.* α. ἐκρυφα, abscondi, pf. κέκρυφα, Att. ἐκρυφα, β. ἐκρυβον, pass. ἐκρύβην, inf. κρυβήναι, part. κρυβείς, pf. ind. κέκρυμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, α. ἐκρύφθην; γ. καλύπτω, tego.

40 κύπτω, pronus sum, inclino vel incurvo me ad videndum; demitto oculos; vergo, inclino—to *be prone, bending or lying with the face downward, to stoop, bend, or lean forward for the purpose of seeing; to look down, cast an eye below; to verge, incline.* 2. κυβῶ, (Hence the Latin Cubo, *to lie down*) α. ἐκυψαι ας, ε, part. κύψας, ασα, αν, γ. αῆλος, ασης, αῆλος.

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## Λ

λάμπω, luceo, splendo, fulgeo, mico, niteo—to shine, irradiate, glitter, be luminous as a Lamp, bright und resplendent. λαμπεῖάω, id. α. ἔλαμψα, ας, ε, imp. λάμψον, ἄλω, inf. λάμψαι.

λάπτω, Lambo, lambendo bibo more canum, luporum, et animantium; confertim bibo mero me ingurgito, plenis me proluo poculis; evacuo, exinanio—to lick with the tongue, lap as dogs, wolves, &c. to drink to excess, fill with wine, drench from flowing cups, drain the bowl, empty, evacuate.

λείβω, et λίβω, Ion. & Æol. ἰβω, Libo, fundo, stillo—to pour out in sacrifice, make Libations, spill, shed, pour out, distil.

λείπω, Linqwo, relinqwo, desero; desum, deficio, absum—to leave, quit, desert, forsake; to be wanting, fail, be deficient, absent, become an absentee, stand aloof. α. ἔλειψα, 2. λιπῶ, β. ἔλιπον, ες, ε, pf. m. λέλοιπα, pass. λέλημαι, ψαι, πλαι.

45 λέπω, decortico, delibro, putamen vel squamam detraho, exuo—to Peel, strip trees of their bark, to shell, unhusk, unscale, unslough, put off, divest.

λήβω, vide λαμβάνω, capio—to take.

λίπτω, cupio, desidero, appeto—to covet, desire, long and make for.

## Μ

μάρπτω, capio, præhendo, corripio, assequor, scopum attingo—to take, catch, lay hold of, seize, obtain, reach the mark. β. ἔμαρπον, pf. m. μέμαρπα, ας, ε. μάρπτεν σθένος, vires assumere, to take courage, renew the strength.

μέλπω, canto, cantu celebroy—to sing, chant, celebrate in poetic lays. γ. μέλος, εος, τό, carmen, & ἔπω, dico, pf. m. μέμολπα, ας, ε.

50 μέμφομαι, queror, conqueror; expostulo, reprehendo, (cum D.) incuso, vitupero; vitio, verto—to complain, be que-

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1. π, β, φ, π1; 1. ψω, pf. φω.

*rulous, to expostulate, reprehend, reprimand, blame, rebuke, accuse, reproach; vitiate, mar, pervert.* 1. m. μέμφομαι, α. ἐμμεμφομένη, ω, αλο, pf. pass. μέμμεμμαι, ψαι, π1αι, α, part. μεμφθεῖς, *blamed.*

## N

νήφω, *sobrius sum; vigilo, sum vigilans atque cautus—to be sober; to watch, be vigilant and cautious, prudent and on one's guard.* α. ἐνηφα, imp. νῆφον, ἄτω. q. νή, non & πίω, *pro quo πίνω, bibo.*

νίπλω, *lavo, propriè de manibus—to wash, properly, to wash the hands.* 1. m. νίφομαι, η, εῖται, α. ἐνιφάμην, ω, ατω, Subj. νίφωμαι, η, ηται, imper. νίφαι, ασθω, inf. νίφασθαι, part. νιφάμενος.

νίφω, *ningo; madefacio—to snow; moisten, wet: pr. pass. νίφομαι, nive conspergor, irrigor, to be exposed to a snow shower, be sprinkled or covered with snow, be made wet, or drenched with snow.*

## O

ὀλόπλω, *vello, decortico—to pluck, pull off, Lop, peel.* q. λέπω, *id.*

55 ὀπλομαι, *video—to see, perceive by the eye, descry.* Æol. ὄσομαι, q. v, 1. m. ὄφομαι, α. ὠφάμην, ω, αλο, subj. ὄφωμαι, pf. ind. ὄπωπ-α, ας, ε, vidi, part. ὠς, υῖα, ὄς, pass. pf. ind. ὠμμαι, ὠφαι, ὠπται, *visus sum, I have been seen, discovered, found out.* 1. ἐφθήσομαι, α. ὠφθην, part. ἐφθεῖς, pf. ὠμμένος, η, ον, *seen, discovered, observed.*

## Π

πέμπω, *mitto, dimitto, emitto, procul amando, demitto, mitto in, impono, deduco, veho, transveho, trajicio—to send, dismiss, send forth out or away, send on a foreign embassy, order abroad, or off to a far country, let down, put in, impose, lead, or carry away, convey, pass over.*

## Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

α. ἐπέμψα, imp. πέμψον, ἄλω, subj. πέμψω, ης, η, inf. πέμψαι, part. πέμψας, ασα, αν, pr. pass. πέμπτομαι, mittor, α. ἐπέμφθην, ης, η, 1. πεμφθήσομαι, pf. m. πέπομφα.

πέπλω, Æol. πέσσω, Att. πέτλω, coquo, concoquo, digero, maturo, pinso—to seeth or boil, cook, concoct, digest, mature, pound, knead. α. ἐπέψα, 1. pass. τεφθήσομαι, α. ἐπέφθην, pf. πέπομαι, inf. πεπέφθαι, part. πεπεμμένος, coctus, dressed, cooked.

πίπτω, co. πλώ, & πέλω, cado, procido, ruo, labor—to fall, tumble, bite the ground, be slain, routed, droop, totter, slip.

1. πλώσω, & πέσω, Dor. πεσῶ, a quo fingas thema novum πεσέω, et hinc habeas β. ἐπεσον subj. πέσω, ης, η, opt. πέσοιμι, οίς, οί, imp. πέσε, έίω, inf. πεσεῖν, cecidisse, πέσων, εσα, ον, G. οσλος, &c. 2. m. πεσῶμαι, cadam, α. act. ἐπεσα, pf. πέπλωκα, ας, ε, part. πεπλωκώς, Sync. πεπλώς, (et πεπλώς) f. ωσα, G. ωλος, ωσης.

πρέπω, decorus sum, conspicuus sum, excello—to be decorous, handsome, graceful, comely, neat, slightly, conspicuous, worthy, commendable, to excel, surpass. Hinc impers. πρέπη, decet, decorum est, convenit, dignum est, 'tis decent and decorous, meet and becoming, graceful and worthy; pr. part. πρέπων, εσα, ον, G. οσλος, &c. decens, &c. comely and graceful, in style and character. ΤΟ ΠΡΕΠΤΟΝ, Quod decet et convenit, congruum, decorum, honestas, What is neat and befitting, elegant and convenient, the graceful and agreeable, decency and decorum, honesty and honor.

## P

60 ῥάπτω, suo, consuo, sarcio, consarcio—to sew, tack together, stitch up, patch, piece, mend; Metaph. struo, machinor, to plot, contrive, devise, machinate. β. ἔρραφόν, α. ἔρραψα, pf. ἔρραφα, ας, ε.

ῥέμω, Def. gyro, in gyrum ago, circumago, circumvolvo; temerè inambulo, spatior, vagor, erro—to turn round, make a circuit, move in a ring or circle, wheel about, cir-

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.



*cumvolve, whirl, reel, wind; to pace about, Rove at Random, Ramble giddy Rounds, Romp, expatiate, wander, stray.*

ῥέπω, *vergo, præpondero, inclino, propensus sum, pertineo; benevolus sum—to verge, decline, bend, to preponderate, over-balance, out-weigh, incline, have a propensity, tend, or appertain to; to be benevolent, well-disposed or inclined.*

ῥίπι-ω, Att. έω, (1. ήσω,) *jacio, dejicio, projicio, jacto, præcipito—to cast, fling, hurl, throw down, cast forth or out, fling together, toss, precipitate, tumble headlong.* β. ἔρριφον, α. ἔρριφα, part. ρίψας, ασα, αν, pf. ind. ἔρριφα, poet. ῥέριφα, pass. ἔρριμμαί, ψαι, πλαι, *projectus sum, ppf. ἔρριμμων, ψω, πλο, Att. ἐρέριμμων, β. part. ριφείς.*

## Σ

σέβω, *veneror, colo, adoro, erubesco, pudet me, observo—to venerate, revere, worship, adore, blush, be modest and shame-faced, dutiful and observant.* pr. imp. σέβε, *cole, worship thou.* pr. pass. σέβομαι, η, είαι, *color, &c.* imp. σέβε, inf. σέβεισθαι, α. σεφθήναι, m. σέψασθαι. *This defective verb is of the same import, both in the active and middle voice: It is seldom used out of the present tense, and generally governs an accusative case.*

65 σήπω, *putrefacio, putridine vitio—to make putrid, effect the Sap, cause to rot, to corrupt, vitiate by putridity.* α. ἔσηφα, pf. σέσηφα, pr. m. σήπομαι, *putresco, putrefio;* β. pass. ἔσάπην, ης, η, *putrefactus sum, pf. m. σέσηπα, Dor. σέσαπα.*

σκάπλω, *fodio, defodio, cavo, excavo—to dig, delve, mine, Scoop, hollow, excavate, sap, inter.* 2. σκαφῶ, β. ἔσκαφον, pf. ἔσκαφα, fodi, α. ἔσκαφα, subj. σκάψω, ης, η.

σκέπλομαι, *circumspicio, dispicio; in viso, viso, visito; specular, video, perpendo, delibero, consulto—to look around, view on all sides, take an ample survey; go to see, inspect, visit; Speculate, behold, gaze at or upon, view as a*

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

*Sceptic, consider, thoroughly weigh, deliberate, consult.*

1. m. σκέφομαι, pf. ἔσκεπα, pass. ἔσκεμμαι, ψαι, πται, part. ἔσκεμμένος, consideratus.

σκέπω, tego, operio, velo; prætexo—to cover, cloak, veil, hide, screen, defend; to form a plea or pretext; σκεπ-άω, & ἄζω, id.

σκήπτω, nitor, innitor; incumbo; cado seu decido in, immitto cum impetu, ruo, immitto—to lean, stay or rest upon, be incumbent: to fall into or upon, cast or throw with impetuosity, to hurl, rush, send, emit.

70 σκολύπτω, † lacerō, avello—to lacerate, tear, pluck from, Scallop.

σκόπτω, cavillor; contumelioso gestu subsanno, dicteris mordacibus irrideo—to cavil, wrangle, Scoff, taunt, ridicule by reproachful mimicry, sarcastise with a jeer. pf. ἔσκωφα, pass. ἔσκωμμαι, ψαι, πται.

σείσω, σίβω, & σιβέω, Stipo, calco, constipo—to stuff, cram, tread, press, constipate. pf. m. ἐσίβω. σιβέω, vestigo, indago; propriè calco.

σίμω, Def. contumeliâ seu injuriâ afficio, contumelior, injuriosè tracto; assiduè moveo—to reproach, slander, injure, dishonour, calumniate, maltreat; to keep in constant motion, move often.

σέφω, corono, redimio, orno, cingo, circumdo, circumfundo; impleo, repleo—to crown, ornament with a chaplet, encircle with a wreath or garland, to adorn, bind, gird, environ, encompass, surround, circumlave; to crown a cup or bowl, i. e. fill it to its brim. α. ἐσεψα, pf. ἐσεφα, pass. ἔσεμμαι, ψαι, πται.

σίλω, splendo, luceo, fulgeo, corrusco, rutilo, niteo, illustro—to shine, be refulgent, to glitter, stream, flash, sparkle, rutilate, be neat and wear a polish, to clear, brighten, irradiate, illumine. α. ἐσίλω, pr. part. σίλω, nitens, micans, glittering, &c. item Subst. Stilbon, the planet Mercury, so called on account of its scintillations.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψ, pf. φα.

75 *στρέφω*, *verto, verso, flecto, torqueo, ango; voluto, cogito; re-  
verto, remeo, pedem reflecto; versutè ago—to turn,  
bend, incline, roll, wheel about, twist, writhe, torture; to  
revolve, think, q. d. turn over in the mind; to return, row  
or measure back, alter one's course; to put to flight, chase  
away; to deal deceitfully, practise a fraud, impose upon.*  
α. *ἐστρέψα*, imp. *στρέψον*, ἄλω, *obverte*, 2. *στραφῶ*, β. *ἔστραφον*; pf.  
m. *ἔστρεψα*, ας, ε; pr. *στρέφομαι*, *converto me, pass. conver-  
tor*, 2, *στραφήσομαι*, η, εἶμαι, β. *ἔστραφην*, ης, η, subj. *στραφῶ*, part.  
*στραφείς*, *conversus*; α. ind. *ἔστρεφθην*, part. *στρεφθεὶς*, εἶσα, ἐν,  
pf. ind. *ἔστραμμαι*, *conversus sum, part. ἔστραμμένος*, η, ογ,  
*tortus*.

*σύφω*, *constringo, astringo; spisso—to bind, tie, fasten,  
Stop, be astringent, sharp to the taste; to thicken, Stiffen,  
condensate, stuff.*

## T

*τέρπω*, *delecto, oblecto, exhilaro, mulceo, juvo—to delight,  
allure, please, solace, exhilarate, sooth, charm.* β. *ἐλαρπων*.  
*τρέπω*, *verto, converto, mutō; in fugam verso vel convertō;  
considero, perpendo—to turn, turn again or about, over-  
set, return, translate, change; to put or betake to flight;  
to consider, turn over in the mind, thoroughly weigh, delibe-  
rate.* β. *ἔτραπον*, α. inf. *τρέψαι*, pf. m. *τέτροσα*, β. pass. *ετρα-  
πην*, in fugam versus sum, 2. *τραπήσομαι*, α. *ἔτρεφθην*, pf.  
*πέτραμμαι*, part. *πέτραμμένος*, *conversus*.

*τρέφω*, *alo, nutrio, educo; compingo—to nourish, sustain,  
educate; form, compact.* *ἔτραφον*, 1. *τρέψω*, α. *ἔτρεψα*, pf.  
*τέτρεφα*, m. *τέτροφα*, ας, ε, pass. *τέτραμμαι*, ψαι, πλαι, α. *ἔτραφ-  
θην*, β. *ἔτραφην*, *educatus sum, pf. part. τετρευμένος*, edu-  
*catus*.

80 *τέρω*, **Tero, Frico, contero, tundo, trituro, comminuo;**  
*quotidianis laboribus exerceo—to wear, Rub, chafe, beat,  
bruise, thrash, tease, Trouble, harass, vex, bring into Tri-  
bulation, Tire, minish, spend, wear out, exhaust; to lay*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

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out in quotidian toil, follow daily labor. α. ἐτριψα, pass. ἐτριφθην, pf. τέτριμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, m. τέτριβα, ας, ε.
 τύπλω, verbero, percutio, pulso, tundo, ferio, cædo—to *verberate, percuss, strike, beat, rap, knock, Tup, Butt, lash, whip, strap, scourge.* 2. τυπῶ, β. ἐτυπον, pf. m. τέλυπα; pr. pass. τύπτομαι, verberor, cædor, vapulo, *to be struck, undergo the lash, be beaten*; pf. τέλυμαι, α. ἐτύφθην.
 τύφω, fumum excito; accendo, incendo, inflammo, uro—to *make or raise a smoke, to light, inkindle, set on fire, inflame, burn.* 1. θυψω, α. ἰθυψα, pf. τέθυφα.

⊕

φεῖω, freq. φέσομαι, fugio; timeo, metuo—to *flee, make off, run away, sturn; to fear, be sore afraid, dread.* pf. m. πέφοβα.

φέρω, pasco; alo, nutrio—to *feed, depasture; to afford aliment, nourish, sustain*; quasi φέρω βίον, *to support life.*

X

χαλέπλω, damno, afficio, lædo, noceo; everto, labefacto—to *endamage, injure, hurt, harm, annoy; to exert, overturn, weaken, labefy.* pf. κηχαλεφα, m. -πα, ας, ε.

85 χρέμπτομαι, † screo, excreo—to *hawk, fetch up and spit out.*
 χρεμπλώ, appropinquare facio, admoveo, appropinquo, accedo, appello; fulcio me, innitor; ungo, illino—to *cause to approach, bring near or to, move towards, draw near, accede, arrive at, make the land, gain the shore or port; to support one's-self, stay or lean upon; to anoint, lubricate, rub.*

CLASS II.

Its Characteristic letters are the Palatals or Gutturals π, γ, χ, and σσ, Att. τλ: 1. ξω. pf. χα.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, $\alpha, \gamma, \chi, \sigma\sigma$, Att. $\tau\lambda$; I. $\xi\omega$, pf. $\chi\alpha$.

$\alpha\gamma\chi\omega$, Strangulo, suffoco, fauces constringo, neco; coerceo, quovis modo coarcto; mœrore afficio—to *Strangle, suffocate, Choak, hang, kill; to coerce, constrain, curb, bind, straiten, compress; to make pensive, affect or fill with sorrow.* I. $\alpha\gamma\xi\omega$, pf. $\eta\gamma\chi\alpha$; pr. pass. $\alpha\gamma\chiομαι$, Angor, to be Strangled, Hanged, Choaked.

$\alpha\gamma\omega$, duco, adduco, veho, traho, affero, invehō, Ago, impello, cio, abduco, extraho, appendo, instituo, moderor, gubernō, eo, proficiscor, quasi Ago me—to *lead, conduct, convey, draw, bring to, bring in, Act, do, order, induce, impel, provoke, carry away, esteem, attach, append, institute, moderate, guide, manage, govern, go, walk.* I. $\alpha\gamma\omega$, pf. $\eta\chi\alpha$, Att. $\alpha\gamma\eta\chi\alpha$, et per Epenth. $\tau\epsilon\sigma$, $\alpha\gamma\eta\sigma\chi\alpha$, Bœot. $\alpha\gamma\eta\sigma\chi\alpha$, pr. imp. $\alpha\gamma\epsilon$, duc, sæpe adverbiascit, et idem valet quod adverbium apud Latinos Age; β . indic $\eta\gamma\omega$, Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\omega$, subj. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\omega$, $\eta\sigma$, η , imper. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\epsilon$, $\epsilon\lambda\omega$, inf. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu$, part. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\omega\nu$. G. $\acute{\alpha}\gamma\omega$, pr. pass. $\alpha\gammaομαι$, I. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\sigmaομαι$, η , $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\iota$, α . $\eta\chi\theta\eta\sigma$, $\eta\sigma$, η , inf. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\iota$, part. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\sigma\iota\varsigma$, perductus, pf. ind. $\eta\gamma\mu\alpha\iota$, $\eta\gamma\alpha\iota$, $\eta\chi\lambda\alpha\iota$, m. $\eta\gamma\alpha$, Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\alpha$, β . Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\omega\mu\eta\nu$, infin. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$. $\alpha\gamma\epsilon\nu$ ἐπ' $\alpha\gamma\kappa\upsilon\rho\omega\nu$, In Anchoris stare, to ride at Anchor. Hence, *Hag, Hack, Hackney, &c.*

$\alpha\gamma\omega$, Frango, rumpo—to *Break: But $\alpha\gamma\omega\mu\iota$, is much more used; q. v.*

$\alpha\delta\acute{\epsilon}\lambda\gamma\omega$, † Mulgeo, sugo—to *milk, suck, draw the teat or dug: q. à $\delta\eta\lambda\eta$. & $\alpha\gamma\omega$.*

5 $\alpha\lambda\acute{\iota}\sigma\sigma\omega$, ruo, cum impetu feror, prosilio, irruo, ingruo, erumpo, festino, vagor, impellor—to *rush, be carried with impetuosity, leap forth, rush upon, make a charge or violent onset, to sally out, hasten, hurry, rove, wander, be impelled or driven.* α . part. $\alpha\lambda\acute{\iota}\sigma\sigma\alpha\varsigma$, α . pass. ind. $\eta\lambda\chi\theta\eta\sigma$.

$\alpha\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$, curo, rationem habeo alicujus—to *take care of, attend to, take or audit an account, make a reckoning.* q. $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$.

$\alpha\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$; freq. Att. $\tau\lambda\omega$, muto, immuto, commuto—to *change, commute, swap, buy and sell.* q. $\alpha\lambda\lambda\omega\varsigma$, & $\alpha\gamma\omega$. α . $\eta\lambda\lambda\alpha\gamma\alpha$,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

inf. ἀλλάξαι, β. ind. ἥλλαγον, pass. ἡλλάγην, ης, η, 2. ἀλλαγήσομαι, pf. m. ἥλλαγα, pass. ἡλλαγμαί, ξαι, κται, α. ἡλάχθην, 1. ἀλλαχθήσομαι.

ἄμαρυσσω, splendo, fulgeo—to shine, glitter.

ἀμέλω, Mulgeo; fructus immaturos carpo vel decerpo, ut fur—to Milk, draw out; to pluck unripe fruit, take them as by stealth.

10 ἀμέρω, exsugo, premo, proprie ex oleis amurcam exprimo—to suck or draw out, press, extract the oil from the lees, wring out the dregs.

ἀμύ-σσω-τίω, unguibus rado, lacero, lancino, sacrifico; vellico, discerpo; animum exulcero, mentem alicujus saucio—to scratch, tear, draw blood, lacerate, cut, lance, scarify; to vellicate, pluck; to exasperate, gall, wound the mind, hurt the feelings. α. inf. m. ἀμύξασθαι.

ἀνώγω, jubeo, hortor, suadeo, instigo—to command, exhort, encourage, persuade, instigate. α. ἠνωξα, ας, ε, im. & β. ἠνωγον, Ion. ἀνωγον, pf. m. ἠνωγα, Ion. ἀνωγα, ας, ε, jussi.

ἀρῶσσω, τίω, abscindo, amputo, proprie sero; pulso, illido; Metaph. convitiis, impeto—to cut off, amputate, saw asunder; to beat, strike, dash against; Metaph. to insult, reproach, harass with invectives. q. Ἄρης, Mars. α. ἠραξα, ηραξα.

ἀρήγω, auxilior, opem in bello fero, opitulor, arceo—to help, assist, be an ally in war, auxiliary in battle, to aid, defend, ward off. q. Ἄρης, Mars, & ἄγω, adduco.

15 ἀρρήχασθαι, † manibus pedibusque scandere, vel sursum tendere—to climb upon one's hands and feet, clamber, make upwards.

ἄτλω, prosilio, subsilio, subsulto, salio—to leap forth, make a spring, sally out, skip, hop, caper, bound, leap. q. ἀίσσω, ruo.

B

βλίττω, exprimendo aufero, ut mel è fovis, vel ex uberi-
bus lac—to squeeze or press out, as honey from the comb,
or milk from the dug. I. βλίσω, pf. βέβλικα.

βράσσω, fervio, bullio ; vide βράζω.

βράχω, sono, sonitum seu crepitum edo—to sound, make a
din, creak.

- 20 βρέχω, madefacio, humecto, rigo, irrigo, pluo, bibo ; ma-
cero, tingo—to moisten, wet, water, irrigate, broach, rain,
swell a brook ; to drink, suck in ; to drench, steep to soft-
ness, tinge. α. ἔβρεξα, rigavi, β. ἔβραχον, pf. m. βέβραχα, pr.
pass. βρέχομαι, irrigo, compluor, part. βρεχομένος, qui imbre
perfunditur. 2. βραχήσομαι, β. ἔβραχην, part. βραχέης, per-
fusus, pf. ind. βέβραγμαί, ξαι, κλαι, α. ἔβρέχθην, ης, η.

βρύκω, mordeo, rodo ; deglutio—to bite, gnaw ; to gorge,
swallow down.

βρύχω, frendeo, strideo ; fremo, mugio—to grind or gnash
the teeth, grate, creak : to roar as a lion, lynx, tiger, &c. to
howl, bellow, bray. pf. pass. βέβρυγμαί, ξαι, κλαι.

Γ

γλίχομαι, cupio, affecto, Glisco, appeto, festino—to desire,
affect, long and make for, hasten to, speed, run. I. γλίξ-
ομαι.

Δ

δάδύσσω, † lacero—to tear, lacerate.

- 25 δείκω, vide δείκνυμι, ostendo—to shew.

δερχω, video, aspicio—to see, view, look upon. 2. δερκῶ. per
Metath. δρακῶ, β. ἔδρακον, ἔδρακον, 2. inf. δρακείν, pf. m. ind.
δέδρακα, Metath. δέδρακα, pass. δέδεργμαι, β. ἔδράκην, α. ἔδερκθην,
part. δερχθείς ; δέρομαι, poet. video, im. Ion. δερκέσκομην, ω, ελο.
δέχ- Ion. δέκ-ομαι, ac-ex-re-sus-cipio, admitto, non recuso ;
approbo, expecto, sustineo ; intelligo apud Gramma-
ticos—to take, accept, receive, undertake, admit, make no

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα,

refusal, form no objection, approve, wait or look for, sustain ; to understand. inf. δέχων, *to be willing*, 1. δέχομαι, α. pass. ἐδέχθην, ης, η, *acceptus sum*, pf. δέδεγμαι, ξαι, κται, *accepi*, 3^a. pl. δέδεγμένοι εἰσὶ, Ion. δεδέχαται, & sine aug. δέχαται, *acciperunt*, inf. δέχθαι, *suscepisse*, ppf. ind. ἐδέεγμην, ξω, κτο, *pro quo δέκτο, exciperat*, pf. m. δέδοκα, ας, ε, α. ἐδέξαμην, ω, ατο, imp. δέξαι, inf. δέξασθαι, part. δέξάμενος, pr. inf. δέχεσθαι, *to take in good or bad part.* ἔ δέχομαι, *nolo, to be unwilling, refuse.*

δήλω, vide δάκνω, mordeo, pungo—to bite, goad.

δίδαχω, vide διδάσκω, doceo—to teach.

30 δίω, jacio, dejicio—to cast, hurl, fling, cast or throw down :

Poet. pro βάλλω.

δίωκω, persequor, cursu insequor fugientem, sector, consector, fugo, persequendo expello, abigo, in exilium mitto ; persequor iudicio, accuso, reum ago ; percutio, ferio, assequi conor, expeto, affecto—to pursue, trace, dog, follow, put to flight, chase, drive off or away, expulse, banish, send into exile ; to sue at law, prosecute, impeach, accuse, bring to trial, scan a discourse or sentence, to describe : to aim at the acquisition of, strive after, affect. α. ἐδίωξα, ας, ε, imp. δίωξον, pr. pass. διώκομαι, persecutione premor, persecutionem patior, pf. διδιώγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ἐδιώχθην, ης, η, 1. διωχθήσομαι : Obs. δίωκω, de personâ dictum denotat nocendi cupiditatem ; sed de re dictum significat singularè studium ejus obtinendæ.

δοκω, vide δοκέω, video, judico.

δράσσω, Att. δράττω, præhendo, apprehendo, manu corripio, arripio—to take, lay hold of, apprehend, fasten upon, grasp, seize, drag : pr. m. δράσσομαι, carpō, 1. δράσομαι, carpam, α. ἐδραξάμην, ω, ατο, imp. δράξαι, pf. pass. δέδραγμαι.

E

εἶκω, similis sum ; cedo, non repugno, non resisto, morem gero, indulgeo—to be like, bear a semblance, tally ; to

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

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grant, concede, be compliant, confirm, be non-resistant and forbearing, morigerous and indulgent. α. εἶξα, cessi, part.

εἶξας, cedens, pf. m. οἶκα, A. ἔοικα, ας, ε.

35 εἶργω, includo, includo carcere, in carcerem conjicio—to shut up, inclose, immure, confine, cast into prison. pf. εἶργα, α. εἶξξα, pass. εἶρχθην, pf. εἶργμαι, ξαι, κλαι, vinctus sum, I have been bound; 3<sup>d</sup>. pl. Ion. εἶρχαλαι, pro εἶργμένοι εἰσι, & ppf. Ion. εἶρχαλο, pro εἶργμένοι ἦσαν. Gaudent enim Iones tertiam personam pl. pf. & ppf. a tertia sing. formare ante ται vel το α breve inserentes: For the Ionians have a pleasure in forming the third person plural of the perfect and pluperfect tenses from the third person singular, inserting α short before ται of the former, and το of the latter tense.

εἶργω, ardeo, prohibeo, veto, excludo—to keep or ward off, hinder, prohibit, forbid, debar, exclude; pf. εἶργα, ἐργα, & ἔοργα.

ἐλέγκω, arguo, argumentis vel exemplis demonstro, disputando vinco, probō, convinco; refello, refuto, redarguo, reprehendo; reprimo, coerceo, aspensor, suscito, percontor—to charge home, demonstrate by arguments and examples drawn from many quarters, make full proof, evince, overcome by argument, prove to conviction; to repel, refute, confute, retort, rebuke, reprehend; to repress, constrain; to asperse, despise; to enquire, demand of, pump, question. pf. ἠλεγγα, 1. ἐλέγξω, α. ἠλεγγα, argui, imp. ἐλεγγον, αἴω, ind. pass. ἠλέχθην, pf. ἠλεγμαί, γξαι, κλαι.

ἐλκω, traho, attraho manu, naribus, pondere, &c. sugo; **Metaph.** vivo cum aliquo—to draw, pull, bring to, attract, draw with the hand, with the nostrils, to smell, to draw as doth the heavier scale of a balance, to preponderate or outweigh, &c. to suck: By a Metaphor, to live or associate with a person, q. d. to cleave to or be attracted by some one. im. εἴλκον, augetur; post: recipiendo, 1. ἐλξω, pf. εἴλχα.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

ἐνέγκω. ἐνείκω, ἐνέχω, vide Φέρω, fero, porto—to bear, carry.

- 40 ἐπέιγω, urgeo, impello, insto, incumbo—to urge, drive, push on, impel, persist, be instant; med. festino, propero, maturo, to make haste, be quick and speedy, to mature: pf. act. ἤπαχα, α, ε: q. ἐπὶ & ἄγω Ago; q. d. to work or act upon.

ἐρείκω, & ἐρίκω, frango, scindo, confringo, contundo—to break, shiver, rend, dash to pieces, wreck, pound, bruise.

ἐρείκομαι, frangor, &c. to be broken, shattered, wrecked, &c.

ἐρέσσω, vel ἔρω, remigio; impello—to row, ply the oar, impel.

ἐρεύγω, Ructo, eructo; emitto, evolvo—to belch, rift, eruct, throw up; to emit, send forth, roll out. 2. ἐρευῶ, β. ἤρευγον, pf. pass. ἤρευγμαί, ξαι, κλαι, pr. m. ἐρεύγομαι, eructo; per Metaph. desumptam a fontis scaturigine, eloquor, edisero, palam proloquor, to eructate; by a Metaphor, taken from the spring or rising waters of a fountain, to speak out, declare, publish, proclaim, sound abroad; the same as ἀποφθέιγομαι: ἐρεύγεσθαι: φωνήν, ructare, h. e. emittere vocem, to speak. Fluvii quoque dicuntur ἐρεύγεσθαι, i. e. undas suas in mare devolvere, quasi eructando et evomendo, rivers are also said to eructate, i. e. to roll their collected floods into the receptive bosom of the ocean, by a kind of eructation and evomition. 1. ἐρεύξομαι, eructabo; rugiam. vide Amos, 3. v. 4. By this Verb are denoted a copiousness and perpetuity like that of a perennial fountain or living spring.

ἐρύκω, inhibeo, impedio, contineo, detineo; arceo, depello—to hold in, impede, hinder, stop, detain; ward off, repel, drive out or away. pr. inf. ἐρύκων, Ion. ἐρυκέμεν, continere.

- 45 ἐρχομαι, ἐλεύθω, venio, eo, aggredior, incipio—to come, go, arrive, enter upon, attempt, make a beginning. im. ἤρχομαι, ε, εἶο, imp. ἔρχε, Ion. ἐρχεο, accede, β. ind. ἤλυθον, Syuc. ἤλθον, ες, ε, opt. ἐλθοιμι, subj. ἐλθω, ης, η, imp. ἐλθε, εἶο, inf. ἐλθεῖν, part. ἐλθῶν, ἔσσα, ὄν, pf. ind. ἤλευκα, m. ἤλυθα. Att. ἐλήλυθα, & εἰλήλυθα, ppf. ἤληλυθαι, inf. ἐληλυθέναι, part. ἐληλυθώς, & εἰληλυθώς, υῖα, ὄς, 1. ind. ἐλεύσομαι; η, εἶαι.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

εὐχομαι, glorior, jacto me, profiteor, dico; precor, opto, voveo—to *boast, brag, profess, declare, talk, tell; to pray, wish, vow.* εὐ Att. ἠν-χόμεν, υ, ελο, pf. pass. εὐγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, 1. m. εὐξομαι, α. εὐξάμεν, ω, αλο, opt. εὐξάμεν, αιο, αλο.

ἔχω, co. σχῖω, habeo, possideo, teneo, obtineo, impetro; sustento, sustineo, resisto, obsisto, cohibeo, reprimo, cingo, circumdo, tendo, appello, pertingo, attineo, gesto, scio, habito, incolo, æstimo, reputo, possum, ago, administro, gubernο, affectus sum—to *have, possess, hold, obtain, get; to sustain, support, resist, oppose, stop, to keep or hold in, repress, environ, surround, tend to, make for, arrive at, touch upon, appertain, bear, wield, to know, be skilful, to inhabit, dwell, esteem, value, to be potent, able, to do, act, manage, administer, govern, to be affected.* m. ἔχομαι, prehendo, adhæreo, conjunctus sum alicui, capesso, aggredior, desisto, abstineo, to *lay hold of, adhere, cleave or be joined to, take in hand, attempt, enter upon, to desist, be forbearant, abstain.* im. act. εἶχον, (recipiens loco augmenti) & sine aug. ἔχον, pr. contr. & 2. σχῶ, β. ἔσχον, ες, ε, subj. σχῶ, ἦς, ἦ, imp. σχεῖ, per Pleonas. σχεῖς, 1. ἔξω, & σχήσω, habeo, pf. ἔσχῆκα, ας, η, habui, impetravi, pass. ἐσχῆμαι, σαι, ται, α. ἐσχέθην, habitus sum, m. 1. ἔξομαι, β. ἐσχόμεν, habui, imper. σχεῖ.

## Z

ζεύγω, vide ζεύγνυμι, jungo, copulo—to *join.*

## H

ἤκω, venio, accedo, pervenio, adsum; attineo, pertineo—to *come, approach, draw near, arrive, be present; appertain, belong, extend to, concern.* im. & β. ἤκον, 1. ἤξω, α. ἤξα, subj. ἤξω, ἦς, ἦ, pf. ind. ἤκα, ας, ε. Obs. *The present tense of this verb is not unfrequently used for the preterperfect; e. g. ἀπὸ μακρῆς ἤκασι, procul venerunt, they came from far.*

50 ἠρύγω, + mugio, rugio—to *bellow, roar.*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα,

⊙

θάλγω, mulceo, demulceo, delinio, decipio, seduco—to stroke, gently rub, softly pat, sooth, appease, charm, allure, beguile, deceive, seduce, lead astray: Quasi εἰς τὸ θάλω ἄγω, impello quocunque velim.

θῆγω, accuo; incito, excito, instigo, inflammo—to whet, sharpen, give an edge; to incite, rouse, instigate, inflame, fire. α. ἰθήζα, inf. θῆξαι.

θίγω, tango, attingo, contrecto—to touch, feel, reach, handle. θίγάν-ω, & -ομαι, idem. pr. inf. θίγην, Ion. θιγίμεν, Dor. θιγιμέναι, part. θίγων, εσσα, Dor. ωσα, ον, tangens, β. ind. ἔθιγον, imp. θίγε, Dor. θίγον, tange, 1. ind. θίξω, α. ἰθίξα, pf. τίθιχα. Hence the word thing, q. d. what is tangible, what is perceptible, a reality.

θύσσω, clamo, vociferor, latro; cano, prædico; impetu belluino feror, seu feræ in modum invado—to cry aloud, shout, bawl, vociferate, bark; to sing, proclaim; to be transported with belluine rage, make a ferocious onset. q. θύσσω, quatio. q. θύω, macto, sacrifico, &c. κισὶ θυῶξαι, clamore incitare et inhortari canes, to call to the chase, wind the huntsman's horn.

I

ἰάχω, vociferor, clamo—to vociferate, bawl, be noisy, give a shout. q. ἰα, vox, & χέω, fundo.

ἴκω, Poet. ἰκάνω, venio; assequor—to come; gain, overtake. im. & β. ἴκον, Bæot. ἴξον, α. ἴξα, ας, ε: Hinc ἰκομαι, venio, pro quo ἰανέομαι, q. ν.

K

καμάσσω, † moveo—to move, stir.

κέρω, exaspero—to sharpen, make rough, exasperate, vex; κέρω, id. pr. pass. κέρομαι, to be sharpened, &c. m. to

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

emit a hoarse and hollow sound like the rattling in the throat of a dying man. κερχάω, raucum creperumque sono.

κηνύσσομαι, † evanesco—to vanish, disappear.

60 κλάγω, vide κλάζω, clamo, clango—to shout, clang.

κρέκω, Metath. κίρεκω, pectine seu radio pulso; pulso, insono, resono; strepitum edo, stridulum, molestum, et odiosum sonum edo—to strike with a musical stick or quill; to beat, play upon, resound, ring; to make a confused noise, creak, squeak, raise a stridulous harsh and grating sound, make a creaking and discordant din. κρέκειν ἰστόν, texere telum, to rattle the loom, weave a web of cloth. Hence, a creek, so called from the turbulency and obstreperousness of its waters.

## A

λαφύσσω, τρω, avidè deglutio, helluor, lurcor, devoro, obli-  
gurio, per luxum consumo, evacuo—to swallow greedily,  
gormandize, guttle, devour, riot, consume or spend in lux-  
ury, to evacuate, empty.

λέγω, dico, aio, loquor, memoro, dissero; numero, percen-  
seo; lego, delego, colligo; m. cubo, jacio, dormio—to  
say, speak, talk, discourse, tell, relate, rehearse, declare;  
number, count, reckon up; to gather, cull, collect, bring  
to a head; neut. to lie down, go to bed, stretch one's-self,  
sleep. im. & β. ἔλεγον, 1. λέξω, dicam, for which ἔρω, the  
future of εἶρω, is used; α. ἐλεξα, pro quo εἶπα vel εἶπον, ab  
ἔπω, dico, quod inusitatum est in pr. pf. λέλιχα non legitur,  
sed pro eo λέλαθηκα, quasi a λαλέω, loquor; pf. pass.

λέλεγμαι, ξαι, κται, m. λείλογα, ιας, ι.

λείχω, α. ἐλειξα, lambo, lingo—to lick.

65 λείσσω, 1. σω, pf. κα, video, aspicio—to see, behold, look  
upon; poet. pro βλέπω, video.

λήγω, cesso, desino, quiesco; finem facio; cessare seu de-  
sinere facio—to cease, desist, lag, give out, rest, become  
quiescent; to finish, make an end; to cause a cessation or  
desistance. pr. inf. λήγην, Dor. ληγεμῖαι, desinere.

Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

λήγω, vide λαγχάνω, sortior, to cast lots.

λίγω, strideo, strido, stridorem edo—to creak, grate, give a shrill or stridulous sound, to ring.

λίσομαι, supplico, supplex oro, precor, imploro—to supplicate, petition on bended knee, to pray, implore. 3<sup>d</sup> sing. im. ἐλίτσειο, Ion. λισσέσκεϊο, precabar; 1. m. λίσσομαι, precabor, part. λισσόμενος, α. imper. λίσαι, precatus sis, precare, item inf. precari, pr. f. λίσσεσθαι, id. Dicitur etiam λίσομαι.

70 λόγγω, vide λαγχάνω, sortes duco—to draw lots.

## M

μαλάσσω, τρω, mollio, emollio—to soften, mollify. pf. pass. μέμαλαγμαί.

μαρύσσω, † luceo; perstrepo—to shine; sound.

μάσσω, τρω, pinso, subigo; abstergo; tango—to bruise, knead, mash, beat, pound; wipe off; touch. 1. σω, & ξω, α. ἔμαξα, pf. part. pass. μεμαγμένος, subactus, kneaded.

μάχομαι, co. μαχέομαι, pugno, prælior, bellum gero; jurgor, rixor, litigo, disputo—to fight, combat, skirmish, wage war; objugate, scold, quarrel, litigate, wrangle, dispute. im. m. εμαχόμεν, Ion. μαχόμεν, 2. μαχῶμαι, 1. μαχσομαι, & μαχήσομαι, α. ἔμαχ-εσάμην, & πσάμην, ω, αλο pf. pass. μεμάχημαι,σαι,ται.

75 μηλίσσω, verbis factove demulceo seu delinio, mihi consilio, mollitum reddo, placo, gratificor—to appease by words or deeds, lenify, allay, calm, conciliate, reconcile, make soft, gentle or pliant, pacify, please, gratify, oblige. q. μαλάσσω, mollio; vel à μελι, mel. pr. imp. μηλίσσε, Ion. μηλίσσειο, inf. μηλίσσειμεν, pro μηλίσσην.

μηρύκ-ω, -ομαι, ἴζω, ἄζω, ἀομαι, -ῶμαι, rumino, cibum ante mansum remando—to ruminate, chew the cud: R. μηρύω, revolve, glomero; quod ruminare est revolvere cibum.

μίγω, & μίσγω, misceo—to mix, mingle, vide μίγνυμι, id.

μορύσσω, inquino, fædo, contamino—to defile, befoul, mar by admixture, contaminate.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ, Att. τ; 1. ξω, pf. χα

μύσσω, mungo, mucum nasi extraho, emungo—to blow the nose, extract its mucus, to snuff a candle. 2. μυγῶ, β. ἔμυγον.

## N

80 νάσσω, Att. νάττω, 1. νάσω, & νάξω, æquo et complano; premo, farcio—to level, make smooth and even; to press, stuff, cram. q. νῶω, fluo.

νύσσω, vel νύττω, pungo, fodico, punctim vulnero vel cædo, pello, impello, pulso—to prick, pierce, make a puncture, wound with a point or prick, goad, spur, stimulate, drive; push, impel, beat, knock. α. ἐνύξα, ας, ε, pf. pass. ἐνύγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, β. ἐνύγην, part. νυγίς, εἶσα, ἐν, percussus, ictus, punctus, struck, goaded.

## O

ὀδύσσω, irascor, succenseo, indignor—to be angry, indignant.

1. ὀδύσω, α. m. ὀδύσαμην, & ὀδύσσαμην, ω, αἰο. This aorist seems to be the only tense in use, and that but in the third persons. Μίγας ὀδύσατο Ζεύς, II. Great Jove was indignant; the first of gods was angry. ὀδύσσατο, irati sunt. In order to form the above first aorist, some suppose ὀδύζομαι, 1. ὀδύσομαι, irascor.

οἶγω, aperio, patefacio—to open, make patent. οἶγν-υμι, & ὕω, id. 1. οἶξω, α. ὤξα, Att. ἐῶξα, pf. ὤχα, & ἔωχα, m. ἔωγα, pro ὤγα, pass. ὤγμαι, & ἔωγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, α. ὤχθην, & Att. ἐῶχθην, ης, η, 2. οἶγήσομαι, aperiar.

οἶχομαι, co. εἶχόμαι, abeo, discedo, proficiscor, decedo—to go away, make off, depart, withdraw, secede, retire, decay.

1. οἶχήσομαι, abibo, α. pass. ὤχθην, pf. ὤχημαι, σαι, ται.

85 ὀμβέγω, vide ὀμβέγγυμι, tergo—to wipe.

ὀρέγ-ω, vel ῥυμι, porrigo, extendo; præbeo, tensâ manu præbeo, do—to stretch out, reach, extend; to afford, hand, present, give. 1. ὀρέξω, α. ὤρεξα, pf. ὤρεχα, m. ὤρογα, pass.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

ὠρέγομαι, ξαι, κλαι, α. ὠρέχθην, pr. m. ὠρέγομαι, appeto, to desire, long for, 1. ὠρέξομαι, α. ὠρεξάμην, ω, αλο, appetivi, I have desired and made for.

ὠρύσσω, τρω, fodio, defodio, circumfodio—to dig, delve, root, draw a dike, surround with a ditch, form an intrenchment.

β. ὠρύγων, ες, ε, α. ὠρύξα, ας, ε, pf. ὠρύχα, Att. ὠρύρυχα, ας, ε, m. ὠρύγα, Att. ὠρύρυγα, ας, ε, fodi, pass. ὠρύγμαι, Att. ὠρύρυγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

## Π

πάσσω, vel πατίω, inspergo, conspergo, spargo, superinjicio ; variego, variè distinguo—to besprinkle, bedew, dash, spatter, syringe, strew, sprinkle, cast upon ; to variegate, checker, intersperse with divers colors, distinguish by varied marks. 1. πάσω, α. ἴπασα, sparsi, pf. πέπακα.

πάσχω, co. παδέω, patior, afficior—to suffer, be acted upon, bear, be circumstanced. 2. παθῶ ; resolutione παδέω, 1. παθήσω, pf. πέπαθηκα, β. ἴπαθον, Ion. πάθον, passus sum, inf. παθεῖν, Ion. παθέην, part. παθῶν, ἔσα, ὄν, passus, 1. m. πείσομαι, pro πήσομαι, pf. πέπονθα, quasi α πονέω, per Epenth. τῆ θ, pro πέπονθα, part. πεπονθῶς, υῖα, ὄς, G. οἰθός.

90 πάλλασσω, cum strepitu vel vehementer palpito, percutio, ferio, pulso—to palpitate audibly or beat vehemently, pant, throb ; percuss, strike, push, hit. α. ἐπάλαξα, pf. πεπάλαχα.

τείχω, seu τέκω, pecto, carmino, carpo, tendo—to comb the hair, dress wool or flax, to pick, tease, card, clip, sheer : πεκίω, idem, 1. ξω, pf. πέπεχα, m. πέποκα, α. pass. ἐπέχθην, ης, η, tonsus sum.

πήγω, & πήσσω, vide πήγνυμι, pango—to fasten, peg.

πλάγγω, vide πλάζω, errare facio—to cause to err.

πλάσσω, τρω, fingo, i. e. figuli more formo, illino, fingo, confingo, comminiscor, simulo—to form, mould, use a plastic hand, fashion with a potter's skill, to plat, daub, plaster, to feign, pretend, devise, dissemble, counterfeit.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

β. ἔπλαδον, 1. πλάσω, α. ἐπλασα, Dor. ἐπλαξα, ας, ε, pf. πέπλακα, pass. πέπλασμαι.

πλέκω,necto, connecto, plecto, plico, texo, contexo ; Metaph. struo, machinor—to tack, join, link, tie, connect, to twist, perplex, (R. per) plait, knit, braid, weave, splice ; Metaph. to plot, devise, machinate. β. ἐπλάκον, pass. ἐπλάκην, α. ἐπλέχθην, pf. πέπλεγμαι, ξαι, κλαί, part. πεπλεγμένος, η, ον, plexus ; pf. ind. m. πέπλοκα.

95 πλήσσω, τλω, ferio, ico, percutio, frango ; percello, terreo—to strike, beat, percuss, break ; stun, affright. α. ἐπληξα, ας, ε, β. ἐπληγον, quod ad ictum corporis pertinet, et ἐπλάγον quod ad consternationem animi, the former alludes to a corporal stroke, the latter to mental consternation. β. inf. pass. τλαγῆναι, part. τλαγείς, pf. m. πέπληγα, pass. πέπληγμαι, ξαι. κλαι, α. ἐπλήχθην, 1. πληχθήσομαι.

πλίσσω-ω, vel ομαι, totatim incedo, gressum glomero, gradior—to amble, pace, wheel, walk, march ; tanquam terram πλήσσω pedibus ; q. d. to beat the ground, make the feet tell.

πνίγω, suffoco, strangulo, ango, neco—to suffocate, choke, strangle, kill. α. ἐπνιξα, im. & β. ἐπνιγον, im. pass. ἐπνιγόμεν, η, ε, έλο, β. ἐπνίγην, ης, η, 2. πνιγήσομαι, pf. πέπναγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, πνίγος. εος, τὸ, & πνίγμος, η, ε, suffocatio.

πράσσω, τλω, ago, facio, actito, gero, administro, tracto, exigo ; vivo, ætatem ago—to do, act, perform, practise, exercise, do business, follow some practical vocation, manage, achieve, execute, administer, handle, treat, exact, require, press, constrain ; to live, be capable of action, to pass one's time. α. ἐπραξα, pf. pass. πέπραγμαι, ξαι, κλαι. πράτλαν κλέος, gloriam sibi parare, to get renowned.

πλίσσω, τλω, piso, pinso, tundo, decortico—to pound, bray, beat, shell corn, peel, bark a tree. 1. πλίσω.

100 πλίσσω, plico, complico, in rugas & sinus contracto—to tuck, knit together, fold, complicate, to wrinkle, crimple. α. ἐπλιξα, part. pass. πλιχθίς, plicatus, tucked, folded.

## P

πέσσω, allido, dejicio, vi et impetu valido decido—to dash against, break, cast or throw down, raze, fall with a violent shock. quasi ab ἀράσσω, to rend, per Aphaer. τῆ α. α. ἐβραχθην, part. βραχθεῖς. καταβρίσσω, τρω, frango, rumpo, impetuose deturbo, erumpo, cum impetu decido, defluo: R. κατὰ, καταράκτις, cataracta, locus abruptus et præceps in flumine, unde aqua præceps ruit; vectis, obex; porta; avis quædam, a cataract, a rapid, &c.

πέγκω, et πέγχω, sterto, ronchisso—to snore, snort.

ρήγω, Dor. ῥάγω, pro quo ῥήγν-υμι, s. ὑω, fere idem quod

ρήσσω, Frango, rumpo, erumpo; vehementer ferio, allido; tingo—to break, rend, shiver, burst; to strike with violence, dash against; to tinge. β. ἐβραγον, I have torn to rags, broke into fragments. I. ῥήξω, α. ἐβρήξα, fregi, allisi, pf. ἐβρήξα, pass. ἐβρήγμαι, dilaceratus fui, β. ἐβραγον, part. βραγείς, ἐντος, ruptus; broken, rent, ragged, pf. m. ἐβρήγα. Att. ἐβρωγα, ας, ε.

105 ῥάκω, † dentibus fremo—to grind the teeth.

## Σ

σαλαγην, † stuprare—to debauch.

σαλάσσω, † concutio—to shake together, fill over.

σατέλω, onero, onus impono: refertio, constipo, impleo, subigo—to load, Saddle, burden, freight; to sack, cram, Prov. to satchel, to bale, constipate, fill, press down. I. σάξω, pf. σείσαχα, pass. σείσαγμα, instratus sum.

σμίχω, attero, absumo, consumo, corrumpo; exuro, incendio vasto, inflammo—to wear out, impair, diminish, consume, corrupt: to burn, desolate by fire, wrap in smoke and flame. 2. ἱσμυγον, α. inf. σμύξαι, incendere, β. pass. part. σμυγείς, exustus, burnt up.

110 σμίχω, mando, manduco, convitior, pereutio—to eat, devour; to revile, mock, smoke, i. e. ridicule, taunt, sneer; to strike, smack, percuss.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χκ.

σπάρασσω, lacerō, dilacerō, laniō, dilanio, discerpo, carpo, vellico—to rend, tear, lacerate, dismember, mangle, pull in pieces, pluck, vellicate. qs. α σπάρω, traho, & ἀράσσω, seco. α. ἰσπάρῃα, part. σπάρῃα, ασα, αν, pf. pass. ἰσπάρῃμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

σπείρω, urgeo, premo, propello & festinare cogo ; festino, propero—to urge, drive, press, push forward, propel and hasten as by forced marches ; to make speed, hasten ; σπείρωμαι, pr. m. festino ; irascor, succenseo ; to make haste ; to be angry ; pass. urgeor, propellor, fugor, progredi festinanter cogor, ira concitor, succenseo, to be urged, propelled, put to flight, pressed by the foe, forced to go hastily forward, or make a quick and forward movement, to be roused to wrath, be angry with. α. ἰσπείρω, part. σπείρω, εἶσα, ἐν, celer, festinus, &c. swift, quick, hasty, vehement, urgent.

τέγω, Tego, operio, occulto ; tueor, protego ; contineo, elabi non sino ; tolero, sustineo, suffero, patior ; retineo, impedio, propulso—to cover, hide, secrete ; to defend, guard, protect ; to hold, contain, admit of no escape or sliding away ; to bear, sustain, support, suffer, endure ; to retain, hinder, impede, keep off. pf. m. ἔταγα. τέγων, tectum, ædificium, contignatio.

τείχω, ordine eo vel incedo, eo, vado—to walk with steady step, move in rank and order, go, march. α. ἰταξα, β. ἰτιχον, pf. m. ἰτιχα, -αχα, & -οιχα.

- 115 ἑργω, naturali quâdam charitate complector, qualis est amor parentum erga liberos et vicissim, naturæ instinctu diligo ; amo, diligo, deamo, acquiesco, contentus sum ; oro, opto, desidero—to enfold in the bands of natural charity, embrace with parental, filial and fraternal affection, love by nature's instinctive law ; to love, cherish, delight in, be pleased and satisfied with ; to ask, demand, wish, long for, desire. α. ἑταξα, pf. ἑεργα, pass. ἑεργμαι, ξαι, κλαι, m. ἑεργα, ας, ε, q. ἑεργω, ut sit protego naturali propensione.



Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; I. ξω, pf. χα.

σύγω, odio, prosequor—to hate, vide συγέω, id.

συρίσσω, τρω, sibilo, sibilum edo, fistulo, fistulâ cano; exsibilo, sibilo, ejicio, explodo—to hiss, *Whistle, fife, play on a pipe or flute, reject with an hiss, explode, scoff, deride*, συρίζω, id.

σφάττω, mactō—to kill, vide σφάζω.

σφίγω, stringo, constringo, astringo, presso, cogo, coerceo, complecto—to bind, tie together, fasten with a string, secure, pinch, press, constrain, embrace. α. imp. σφίγξον, ώλω, stringe, string, tie, pf. part. pass. έσφριγμένος, strictus, bound.

120 σάχω, † tero, levigo—to wear, make smooth.

## T

ταράσσω, τρω, turbo, commoveo, perturbo, terreo, preterreo, seduco—to trouble or agitate the waters, make them turbid or muddy; *Metaph. to move, disturb, perplex, affright, terrify, seduce*. α. έλαραξα, pass. έλαραχθην, pf. τέλαραγμαί, ξαι, κλαι, perturbatus fui, part. τέλαραγγμένος, η, ον, turbatus.

τάσσω, τρω, ordino, colloco, statuo, constituo, destino—to order, put, place, appoint, arrange, marshal, form in *batalia*, constitute, assign, destine. α. έταξα, ας, ε, statui, β. έταγον, I did tag, pass. έταγον, pf. τέταγμαί, ξαι, κλαι, ordinatus sum, 3<sup>a</sup>. pl. τέταγμένοι είσι, Ion. τέταχαλαι, ordinati sunt, part. τέταγμένος, η, ον, ordinatus, status, fixus, α. m. έταξαμην, constitui, part. ταξάμενος, η, ον.

τέγω, tingo, madefacio, humecto, rigo, irrigo, mollio—to tinge, imbue, moisten, steep, wet, water, irrigate; to mollify, soften, dilute. τέγω ψεύδει λόγον, tingere mendacio orationem, i. e. mendacia dicere.

τίκω, pario, procreo—to bring forth, procreate, vide τίκω, apud Separ. Cl.

125 τρύχω, fabricor, struo, paro—to make, frame, build, machinate, contrive, prepare. β. έλυχον, I. τεύξω, ης, η, α. έτενξα, pass. έτευχθην, et έλύχθην, pf. τέτευγμαί, pro quo τέτευγμαί, ξαι,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

κλαι, pr. m. τινύχομαι, paro, to get ready, β. ἐλυχόμεν, Ion. ἐλυκόμην, et poet. τέλυκόμην, ε, ελο. τύχην γέρας τινί, poet. honorarium munus alicui parare; τιμὴν, honorem alicui habere.

τήκω, liquefacio, liquo, macero, tabefacio, consumo, mollio—to melt, liquify, dissolve, to cause to fade or decay, bring on a tabefaction, attenuate, consume, soften. τήκομαι, liquesco, colliquesco, liquor, liquefio, marcesco, marceo, tabesco, to melt, be melted and dissolved, become liquid, to waste and pine away, wax feeble, decay, tabefy. 2. pass. τηκήσομαι, η, ελαι, liquescam, fundar, β. ελακην, ης, liquefactus sum, pf. m. τέληκα, part. τέληκώς, victus, marcidus, withered, decayed. Ψυχὴ τηκομένη, a debilitated mind.

τιθιδασσω, † melifico—to make honey.

τινάσσω, quatio, concutio, vibro—to shake, concuss, cause a tremor, vibrate, brandish, hurl.

τμήγω, vide, τέμνω, seco—to cut.

130 τρέχω, co. δρέμω, & δραμέω, curro, festino, propero—to run, pace it nimbly, Prov. to Trig, post away, pass swiftly, make haste. By a Metaphor, this verb applies to the course of human life, a round of duty, run of prosperity, and the range of will or fancy. im. ἔτρεχον, 1. τρέξω, α. ἔτρεξα, part. τρέξας, ασα, αν, 1. m. τρέξομαι, η, ελαι, α. ἔτρεξάμην, ω, αλο, pf. act. δεδράμηκα, à δραμέω, quod fingas a 2. δραμῶ, per solutionem ὦ in έω; β. ἔδραμον, imp. δράμε, curre, inf. δραμείν, cucurrisse, part. δραμῶν, ἔσα, ον, qui cucurrit. 2. m. δραμῶμαι, pf. δίδρομα, ας, ε, cucurri.

τρέγω, rodo, edo, comedo—to gnaw, eat, devour. β. ἔτραγον, pf. τέτρωχα, 1. m. τρώξομαι, η, ελαι.

Φ

φάγω, edo, comedo, manduco, vescor—to eat, feed, chere, live upon; φήγων, id. Note, the present and preterperfect

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

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tenses are out of use. 2. φαγῶ, β. ἐφαγον, comedi, imper. φάγε, εἶω, optat. φάγοιμι, subj. φαγῶ, ης, η, inf. φαγεῖν, part. φάγων, οῖος, qui comedit ; 2. ind. m. φαγόμεαι, εσαι, εἶαι, comedam, pro φαγεῖμαι, ἦ, εἶται.

φεύγῶ, fugio, fugam capio, do me in fugam ; effugio, evado : refugio, vito, declino, aversor ; fugio patriam, exulo, verto solum ; reus sum, accusor—to flee, take flight, run away ; escape, evade, avoid, shun, decline, be averse, refuse : to leave one's country, become a fugitive, go into exile, emigrate : to be criminated, prosecuted, accused. 2. φυγῶ, β. ἐφυγον, ες, ε, inf. φυγον, fugere, 1. ind. φεύξω, pf. πειφύξα, 1. m. φεύξομαι, pf. πειφύγα, πρό πειφύγα, ας, ε, pass. πειφύγμαι, ξαι, κῖαι, part. πειφύγμενος, η, ον, qui fugit.

φθέγγομαι, sonum edo, vocem emitto, clamo, loquor, ex-primo—to give a sound, exert the voice, utter, shout, speak, express. 1. m. φθέγγομαι, pf. ἐφθόγγα, pass. ἐφθόγγμαι.

135 φλέγω, uro, cremo, incendo, inflammo ; illustro, illumino ; fulgeo ; ango—to burn, kindle, set on fire, cause a flaration ; It is also used of the passions ; to brighten, illumine ; to shine, glitter ; to tease, vex. φλέγομαι, ardesco, flagro, ardeo, to wax hot, be flagrant, burn with passion. α. part. act. φλέξας, qui combussit, β. ind. ἐφλεγον, pf. m. πειφλογα, ας, ε, pass. πειφλεγμαι, α. ἐφλέχθην, inf. φλεχθῆναι, part. φλεχθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, G. ἐίλος, combustus, flecked.

φράσσω, sepio, munio, obstruo, obturo, constipo, ocludo—to enclose, fence, environ, fortify, obstruct, stop, constipate, shut up. β. ἐφράγον, α. ἐφραξα, ας, ε, pf. pass. πειφραγμαι, ξαι, κῖαι, 2. φραγήσομαι, η, εἶαι, obstruar, interrumpar, β. ἐφάγην, ης, η, obstructus fui, subj. φραγῶ, ἦς, ἦ.

φριμάσσομαι, fremo, proprius de equo feroci et hinnienti ; insolesco, ferocio—to foam, snort, rage, said properly of a mettlesome and neighing horse that ill endures the bit ; to bluster, grow proud and insolent, be unruly, elate, fierce, to fret and chafe.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ, Att. τ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

φρύάσσω, τρω, fremo, ferocio—to froth at the mouth, champ the foaming bit, prance, rage, fret, bluster, be fierce and wild. α. ἰφρύαξα, usitatus est.

φρύατομαι, 1. ξομαι, insolescam. This and the two preceding verbs are of like signification.

140 φρύγω, et φρύσσω, τρω, torreo, torrefacio, frigo, arefacio—to toast, broil, roast, parch, fry, make arid, dry.

φυλάσσω, custodio, servo, conservo, asservo, observo, tueor, tuto, excubo, caveo, vito—to guard, keep, conserve, to be observant, to watch and ward, be on sentry duty, to be cautious and circumspect, wary and on the look out, to avoid. α. ἐφύλαξα, custodivi, subj. φυλάξω, ης, η, imp. φύλαξον, αρω, inf. φυλάξαι, Ion. φυλάσσαι: φυλάσσομαι, custodior, m. caveo, α. ἐφυλαξάμην, ω, αλο, observavi, pf. pass. πέφυλαγμαι, ξαι, κται.

X

χαράσσω, τρω, scalpo, sculpo, imprimo, exaro, scarifico, in-
eido, excavo—to engrave, sculp, carve, imprint, stamp,
characterize, trench, scarify, cut, hollow, excavate. α.
ἰχάρεξα, pf. κεχάραχα, pr. inf. χαράσσω, Dor. & Æol.
χαρασσέμεναι, pr. part. f. χαράσσεσα, G. ης, Dor. χαράσσοισα,
G. ας.

Ψ

ψέγω, reprehendo, vitupero, culpo—to reprehend, censure,
reproach, blame. 1. ψέξω, pf. ἐψέχα, pass. ἐψέγμαι, ξαι, κται.

ψύγω, † arefacio—to dry, exsiccate.

145 ψύχω, frigefacio, refrigero; sicco, arefacio; flo; spiro—to cool, refresh; to dry, make arid; to blow, fan, breathe.
β. ψύγον, pr. m. ψύχομαι, refrigescō, to wax cool, β. pass.
ἐψύγην, ης, η, refrixi, 2. ψυγήσομαι, η, ελαι.

ψώχω, in frusta comminuo, comminuo, refrico, attenuo,
lavo—to crumble, reduce to particles, diminish, rub down,
scule away, attenuate, smooth, wash.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; I. σω, pf. κα.

CLASS III.

Its verbs are characterized by the Dentals or Linguals, τ, δ, θ; by the double letter ζ, and by the subjunctive ι, υ, or some diphthong. They make their first future, σω, and their præterperfect in κα. Such verbs in ζω, as make I. ξω, & pf. χα, are duly notified.

ἀάζω, callidum habitum efflo, exhalo—to breathe, emit the warm breath, exhale, produce a haze or mist.

ἀγνλάζω, † servo—to preserve. ἀγνλεύω, id.

ἀγνύω, frango—to break; vide ἀγνυμι, id.

ἀδεαζω, † suspiro—to sigh.

5 ἀδω, satio, expleo—to satiate, fill, cloy.

ἄδω, per Syncopen pro ἀδέω, placeo, to please.

*ἄδω, to sing, used in prose for

ἄειδω, cano, canto, eantu celebros—to sing, chant, celebrate in verse or song. I. ἀείσω, pf. ἤκαα, β. ἤιδον, pf. med. ἤοιδα, pr.

inf. pass. ἀείδοσθαι, celebrari. In prose α & ε are contracted into α, and the ι being subscribed we have ἄδω, id. im.

ἤδον, Dor. ἤδον, canebam, pf. ἤκαα, I. ἄσω, α. ἤσα, ας, ε, Ion.

αἶσα, cecini, subj. ἄσω, I. ind. med. ἄσομαι, pf. pass. ἤσομαι, σαι, ἦσθι, celebratus fui.

ἄζω, sicco, arefacio—to dry, exsiccate, parch: pr. med. ἄζομαι, aresco, to grow dry, become arid.

10 ἀζω, & ἀζομαι, veneror—to venerate, honour, respect.

αἰαζω, lugeo, lamentor—to mourn, bewail, lament. I. αἰάξω & αἰάσω; q. αἶ, heu! alas!

αἶθω, uro, cremo, accendo; fulgeo, splendo, ardeo—to burn, set on fire, enkindle, light up; to glitter, shine, burn, flame. αἶθω, ορο; ardens, flagrans, burning, pr. part.

ἄτω, Poet. audio; efflo, expiro—to hear; breathe out, expire.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

ἀκούω, audio, exaudio, ausculto, obtempero, obedio, intelligo—to hear, hearken, listen, attend, observe, comply with, obey, to understand. im. ἤκων, β. ἤκουον, ες, ε, 2. ἀκούω, α. ἤκουσα, ας, ε, imper. ἄκουσον, ἀ'γω, subj. ἀκούσω, ης, η, infin. ἀκούσαι, part. ἀκουσας, ασα, αν, qui audivit, pf. ind. ἤκακα, ας, ε, med. ἤκοα, Att. ἀκήκοα, pass. ἤκασμαι, σαι,σαι, α. ἤκασθην, 1. ἀκασθήσομαι, η, εται.

15 ἀλθω, & ἀλθαίνω, co. ἀλθέω, medior, sano; augeo—to heal, cure, restore to health, make sound and whole; to increase, augment. 1. ἀλθήσω, α. ἤλθησα.

ἀλλύω, volvo, voluto—to roll, tumble, toss. ἄλλυθεω, id.

ἀλλύω, animo sum inquieto; aberro, temerè expatior; animo coincido, languet, mœrore et præ conciliū inopia; angor animi; exulto, superbio; insanio; nihil ago, otiosus sum—to be troubled in mind, labour under mental disquietude; to ramble, rove at random; to be dispirited, droop, pine in sorrow and be at a loss what course to take, be reduced to one's ne plus ultra; to be anxious; to rejoice, exult, be proud and boastive; to dote; to be inactive, indolent, idle: q. α neg. & λύω, solvo. q. d. λύσιν τῶν κακῶν ἐχ εὐρίσκω, solutionem a malis non invenio.

ἀμύω, transeo, pertranseo, vado; muto, vinco—to go over, pass through; march; to change, overcome. p. ἀμα ἔω, simul eo.

ἀνύω, & ἀνύω, perficio, efficio, conficio, perago; prosum, confero; impleo; consumo, destruo, perdo; impetro, obtineo, consequor; festino, propero, expedio—to perfect, effect, finish, complete, accomplish, achieve, perform, go through with; to profit, avail, advocate, confer; to fill; consume, destroy, kill, to get, obtain, acquire; to make haste, speed, expedite, dispatch.

20 ἀπαλαύω, g. fruor, commodum, fructum vel emolumentum capio, particeps sum, damnum capio—to enjoy, have the benefit and convenience of; receive profit and pleasure from share in, be an accomplice, come to harm, Prov. to catch it. From ἀπό, & λαύω, R. λάω, video.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

ἄπύω, sono, sonitum reddo; vociferor, clamo; loquor, dico—to sound, make a noise; to vociferate, shout, call to; to speak, talk, say. ἡπύω, id.

ἄρδω, rigo, irriquo; potum præbeo, adaque—to water, irrigate, drench; give drink, lead to water. pr. part. ἄρδόμενος, madens.

ἄρπάζω, rapio, prædor—to snatch, rapt, take by rapine, make a hasty seizure of, rob, plunder; Metaph. cito, intelligo, & mente percipio, to understand readily, take in at once. β. ἡρπαγον, ες, ε, 1. ἄρπασω. Dor. ἄρπαξω, & ἄρπαξῶ, α. ἡρπασα, pf. ἡρπακα, m. ἡρπαγα, pass. ἡρπασμαι, & ἡρπαγμαί, ξαι, κται, α. ἡρπασθην, β. ἡρπαγην, ης, η, raptus sum. 2. ἄρπαγησομαι.

ἄρτυω, Dor. τυ, apto, apparo, adorno, instruo; condio—to fit, prepare, make ready, adorn, dispose; to season, powder, pickle. α. ἡρτυσα, pass. ἡρτυθην, ης, η, 1. ἄρτυθίσομαι, pf. ἡρτυμαι, part. ἡρτυμένος, η, ον, conditus, seasoned, powdered, salted.

25 ἄρτύω, & ἄρτυω, haurio, ex profundo traho—to draw, bring up, draw from the deep. q. ἀρτώ, sursum tollo.

ἄσπάζομαι, amplector, saluto, osculor, blandio, amicè et familiariter excipio, comiter accipio—to embrace, salute, kiss, caress; receive in a friendly and familiar way, give a hearty welcome, entertain courteously. Ex α id. qd. ἄσμα, simul, & σπᾶω, traho.

ἀλύω, terreo, metu percello, terrefacio; perturbo; obstupescio, stupore percello, attono—to affright, strike with terror, fill with fear, terrify; to disturb, disorder; to amaze, astonish, stupify, stun, thunder-strike. ἀλύξω, pf. ἡλυχα; pr. m. ἀλύζομαι, timeo, consterno, part. ἀλυζόμενος, turbatus, timens.

ἀΰω, vel ἀΰω, sicco, arefacio; accendo, splendeo—to dry, exsiccate, make arid; to light, inkindle, shine.

ἄΰω, seu ἀΰω, clamo, resono, boo, flo—to raise the voice, shout, resound, bellow, blow, snore; q. ἄω, flo.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. χα.

30 ἀφύω, haurio, hauriendo, promo, exhaurio; dealbor—to draw up, drain, draw out, exhaust: grow white: ἀφύσσω, id.

B

βαίλω, Poet. loquor, dico, verba facio, orationem habeo—to speak, say, talk, make a speech, declaim. 1. βαίσω, & βάλω, pf. βέβαχα.

βασάλω, porto, bajulo; exporto, tolero, sustineo, suffero; libro, exploro, examino—to carry, be the bearer of; to carry out, inter, undertake, sustain, suffer; to weigh, poise, explore, examine, prove. im. ἐβασάζων, ες, ἐ, 1. βασάσω, ης, α, Dor. βασάξω, α. ἐβασάσα, ας, ε, inf. βασάσαι, part. βασάσας; pr. pass. βασάζομαι, feror, im. ἐβασάζομην, υ, εἶο, inf. βασάζεσθαι; qs. βάλω, & γάλω.

βαύλω, latro, baubor—to bark, bay. 1. ξω, pf. χα. Fictum a canum latratu, βᾶν, βᾶν.

βλύω, & βλύω, scaturio, mano, effundo—to stream, gush out, flow, flush, pour forth: Sic dictum a murmure aquarum.

35 βορβορεύω, † strepo—to make a grumbling noise as do the intestines.

βράω, & βράσω, ferveo, bullio—to boil, be put in motion by heat, to seeth, braze.

βρίω, 1. βρίζω, pf. βέβριχα; post sumptum cibum paululum dormio—to take a nap after dinner, dose, be heavy.

βρίω, gravis sum, ingravesco, onustus sum; deorsum vergo præpondere, inclinor, propendo; cum impetu inclino, ingruo, impressionem facio, abundo, gravo—to be heavy, grow weighty, be near the birth, be loaded or burthened; bend beneath a weight, stoop under a burthen, incline, lean forward, propend; to descend with violence, fall suddenly, lie upon, make an impression, abound, weigh down. 2. βριδῶ, pf. βέβριδα.

βρύω, 1. σω, pf. βέβρυχα, scateo, fundo, mano, abundo, circumfluo, scatere facio, germino, pullulo—to run, flow,

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; I. σω, pf. κα.

gush out, burst forth, spout, diffuse, abound, overflow, spread, inundate, to germinate, sprout, bud, shoot, grow. It is used of the champaign when crowded with men, or covered with flocks and herds. Hinc Angl. to brew.

- 40 βύζω, vagio—to cry as an infant. q. βῦ, vox infantis vagientis; item, bubulo, to hoot as an owl, q. βύας, hubo.

βύζω, etiam, confertim impleo, a

βύω, obturo, obstruo; impleo, tego—to stop up, obstruct; fill; cover.

Γ

γαίω, glōrior, superbio, efferor—to boast, be proud, elated, gay.

γαλαλίζω, & γαργαλίζω, † titillo, lætitiā afficio—to tickle, provoke laughter, gladden, exhilarate; q. γάω γέλων, gignorism, γαλαλίζομαι, to giggle.

- 45 γεύω, gustare facio, gustum præbeo—to cause one to taste, afford a taste, give a zest or gust, create an appetite. I. γεύσω, α. ἔγευσα, imp. γεῦσον, pf. ind. γέγευκα; pr. m. γεύομαι, gusto, experior, to taste, try, γεύσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐγευσάμην, ω, αἶο, gustavi, inf. γεύσασθαι, part. γευσάμενος, η, ον, pf. ind. γέγευμαι, pass. γέγευμαι,σαι, ται, I^a. pl. γεγεύμεθα, Ion. & Dor. γεύμεθα.

γογγύζω, murmuro, musso—to murmur, grumble, growl, mutter. α. εγογγυσα, ας, ε, pf. pass. γεγόγγυσμαι.

Δ

δαίω, co. δάζω, δαίζω, Disco, doceor, scio; divido, epulum præbeo; incendo, uro; epulor, edo—to learn, receive instruction, get wisdom and understanding, to be taught and instructed, to know and be skilful; to divide, make a feast or banquet; to kindle, set on fire, burn; to feast, banquet, eat, dine. I. δαίσω, δαίτω, vel δαίζω, & δάσω, α. ἴδαισα, pf. δέδαικα, & δέδακα, divisi, m. δέδηκα, & δίδακα, novi, ussi, ppf. ἐδεδήην, didiceram, diviseram, I. δαίσομαι, & δά-

Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, υ p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

σομαι, α. ἐδαισάμην, part. δαισάμενος, 1. pass. δασθήσομαι, α. ἰδασθην, pf. δίδασμαι, & part. δεδαίγμενος, Hinc. δαίω, disco, doceor, to learn, be instructed, q. v. δαίων enim significans disco, inusitatum est in pr.

δεῖδω, co. δῖω, timeo, paveo, trepido—to fear, dread, trepidate, quake for fear. im. ἔδιον, timebam, 1. δέισω, α. ἐδῖσα, Ion. δῖσα, Æol. δῖσιτα, inf. δῖσαι, Ion. Redupl. δεδιῖσαι, timuisse, part. δέισας, ανλος, pf. ind. δέδικα, 1. m. δέισομαι, α. ἰδέισαμην, subj. δέισωμαι, pf. ind. δέδοικα, (1. pl. δέδοιγμεν, sync. pro δεδοίκαμ-εν, Dor. ες, timuimus) pro δέδοικα, Euphoniæ gratiâ, poet. δέδοικα, Ion. δέδικα, (1^a. pf. δεδιμεν, 2^a. δέδικε, veremur, veremini, sync. pro δεδίκαμεν, & δεδίκατε,) et δεδικα, poet. δέδικα, timui, imp. δέδικε, pro quo δέδικε, (quasi ab inusit. δέδικε,) poet. δέδικε, pph. ind. ἐδέδοικαν, & ἰδεδίαν, poet. ἰδεδίαν, pf. inf. δεδέικαι, part. δεδιδως, poet. δεδιδως, sync. δειδως, ολος, timens. Poetice sæpe præterita præsentis significationem obtinent. From δῖω, comes pr. pass. subj. δῖωμαι, from δέδικε, inf. δεδεῖσθαι, & per. Aphær. δεῖσθαι.

δεινύω, ostendo—to shew, vide δεινυμι.

50 δεσπόζω, dominor, dominium obtineo—to rule, have dominion, domineer, lord over, act as a Despot. 1. δεσπύσω, pr. pass. inf. δεσπόξισθαι, dominio alterius parare, acquiri, to be under the dominion of another, become a Despot's property or slave. q. δέω, ligo, & πᾶς, pes.

δείνω, rigo, madefacio, imbuo, tingo; misceo, subigo, mollio—to water, wet, moisten, dew, sprinkle, imbue, tinge; to mix, knead, soften, mollify. α. ἰδευσα, subj. δείνω, ης, η.

δέω, † invenio—to find. It hath generally a future signification.

διάζομαι, † stamini addo quod deest—to add what is wanting to the warp, make up its deficiency.

δίξω, ambigo, dubito; quæro, disquiro; studeo, do operam—to doubt, be dubious, doubtful; to seek, search, make a disquisition; to be studious, give or bend the mind to endeavour. q. δῖς.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

55 διτάζω, dubito, ambigo—to doubt, waver, be in a state of uncertainty. 1. άσω & άζω, pf. διέτις-ακα, & αχα. q. δις, & τάω. τίω, expello, abigo; timeo, celeriter curro, fugio—to expel, drive off or away, speed or accelerate one's flight, run away.

διπολλίζω, † ferio, concutio manibus—to strike, shake with or in the hands.

δοκάζω, δοκ-άω, & εύω, observo, expecto; puto, arbitror—to observe, expect, await, lie at catch; to think, be of opinion, judge.

δύω, poet. δύνω, subeo, ingredior; occido: induo—to go under, plunge, dive, enter; to go down, fall, set: to put on, invest. imp. ἔδυνον, Ion. δύνον, 1. δύσω, α. ἔδυσα, demersi; From δῦμι, comes β. ἔδυν, υς, υ, imp. δῦθι, subiveris, inf. δύναι, Dor. δύνεμαι, part. δύνς, δῦσα. δύν, G. δύνιός; δυσμή, ἦς, ἦ, & δύσις, εως, ἦ, occasus solis, &c. the setting of the sun, a fall, end. ἔδνμα, αλος, τὸ, Indumentum, vestimentum, a garment, apparel. δύσκω, poet. pro δύω, imp. ἔδύσκον, Ion. δύσκον, ες, ε, Hence Dusk.

E

60 ἔδω, co. ἰδέω, Edo; rodo, arrodo—to eat; gnaw, waste. im. ἦδον, Ion. ἔδισκον, 1. ἐδέσω, pro pf. ἦκα, ἦδεκα, Metath. ἔδηκα, Att. ἐδήδεκα, & ἐδήδοκα, part. ἐδηδοκώς; pr. m. ἔδομαι, quod frequens pro 2. ἐδέμμαι, pf. ἦδα, Att. ἐδηδα, part. ἐδηδώς, qui edit; α. pass. ἦδισθην, part. ἐδισθεις; pf. ἦδισμαι, Ion. ἐδήδαμαι, Att. ἐδήδεσμαι, part. ἐδηδεσμένος, η, ον.

ἕζω, & ἱζω, sedere facio, colloco—to make one sit down, to seat, place at ease. im. ἐζόν, 2. ἐδῶ, β. εἶδον, 1. ἔσω, α. εἶσα, pass. εἶσθην, pf. εἶσμαι, pr. m. ἕζομαι, sedeo, sido, to sit down, be seated and at ease, 2. ἐδέμμαι, 1. ἕσομαι, sedebo; q. ἕω, colloco.

εἶδω, Video; scio, cognosco, animadverto—to see, view, behold; know, form an idea, understand, consider, animadvert. Pr. & im. vix occurrunt. β. εἶδον, Apoc. ἰδον, ες, ε,

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; I. σω, pf. κα

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imp. ἴδε, Att. ἰδέ, aspice, vide, et adverbialiter, ecce, Opt. ἴδοιμι, subj. ἴδω, ης, η. inf. ἰδέειν, Ion. ἰδέειν, vidisse, part. ἰδών, ἰδῶσα, ἰδόν, G. ἰδόντος, intuens, qui vidisset, Ind. Med. εἰδόμην, vidi, imp. ἰδὲ, vide, et Adv. εν, ecce, lo, see, behold, pf. οἶδα, novi, οἶδας, novisti, Æol. θα adjecto, οἶδασθα, Sync. οἶσθα, I. εἶσομαι, poet. ἴσομαι, videbo, Metaph. sciam, intelligam, q. d. oculis mentis videbo, α. εἰσάμην, Ion. ἐησάμην, assimilatus sum, Opt. εἰσαίμην, inf. εἰσασθαι, part. εἰσάμενος, Ion. ἐησάμενος, visus. Note, β. ἴδον, &c. where the Apocope of ε takes place, it is used by the Poets in the Indicative Mood, and by Prose writers in all moods, except the Indicative.

εἶω, Poet. vado—to march, R. εἶω, Eo, to go.

ἐλδομαι, η, εἶαι, Poet. per Proth. ἐέλδομαι, desidero, cupio, appeto—to desire, long for.

65 ἐλεύθῶ, & ἐλεύθομαι, vide ἐρχομαι, venio.

ἐλινυ-υω, & εἶω, quiesco, otior, moror, sedo, cesso, cessare facio; ἐλινύω, id. to be quiet, at rest and retired, to be idle, loiter, to allay, cease, cause a cessation.

ἐμπάζομαι, I. σομαι, curo, rationem habeo; revereor—to take care of, audit an account, reckon; to revere, respect.

ἐπηρεάζω, noceo, damno afficio; infesto, vexo, calumnior—to hurt, injure, endamage; to harass, infest, trouble, vex, offend, calumniate. q. ἐπί, & Ἄρης, Mars. ἐπήρημα, damnus, injuria.

ἐρεῖθω, irrito, laccio, provoco—to irritate, tease, provoke to wrath. q. ἐρις, lis, contentio. ἐρεθίζω, id.

70 ἐρείδω, figo, infigo, firmo, firmiter fulcio; trudo, incumbo, ejaculor, ingruo—to fix, fasten, secure, to render firm and stable, to prop, support firmly, to fortify; to thrust, shove, press upon, dart, invade, assault. α. ἤρισσα, ας, ε, part. ἐρείσας, ασα, αν, pr. pass. ἐρείδομαι, figor, to be fixed, Med. innitor, decumbo, to lean upon, to lie on the ground, α. ἤρεισαμην, ω, αλο, sustinui me; pf. pass. ἤρισμαι, fixus sum.

Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; I. σω, pf. κα.

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ἐπιλύω, *inhibeo, cohibeo, reprimo—to inhibit, hinder, restrain, repress.* α. ἐπιλύσα, Æol. ἐπιλύσῃα, & Ion. ἐπιλύσασκα, *inhibui, 3^a sing. opt. ἐπιλύσαι, Æol. ἐπιλύσῃε, compesceret, pr. pass. ἐπιλύομαι, η, εἶσαι, prohibeor, I am prohibited; im. ἐπιλύομην, σ, εἶο, α. ἐπιλύθην, 3^a pl. ἐπιλύθισαν, Bæot. ἐπιλύθεν, tenerunt.*

ἔρῳ, poet. εἰρῶ, *traho; custodio, servo; vito—to draw, haul, drag; to keep, watch over, preserve, save; to shun, avoid, be cautious.* Hence ῥῶ, of the same import. im. εἰρῶν, aug. ε post ε recipit; I. ἐρύσω, α. εἰρύσα, ας, ε, pf. εἰρύκα, α. inf. ἐρύσαι, part. ἐρύσας, Æol. ἐρύσαις: ἐρύομαι, sync. ἐρυμαι, in activâ significatione capitur, *custodio, tueor, servo, saluum et incolumen præsto, conservo, to guard, keep, preserve, deliver, &c. 3^a pl. εἰρῆλο, pro ἐρύοιλο, pf. pass. εἰρυμαι, σαι, ἴαι, 3^a pl. εἰρῆσαι, Ion. pro εἰρῆσαι, vide pf. vb. εἰργῶ, Cl. 2, ppf. εἰρυμην, σο, το, α. εἰρῆθην, I. med. ἐρύσομαι, η, εἶσαι, α. εἰρύσαιμην, ω, αἶο, opt. ἐρύσαιμην, αἶο, αἶο, Ion αἶαο, eriperit, inf. ἐρύσασθαι, poet. εἰρύσασθαι.*

ἔσθῳ, vel ἔσθω, *edo, comedo—to eat, devour.* I. ἐσθίσω, pf. ἔσθικα, pr. subj. ἐσθίω, ης, η.

ἔλαζω, *examino, inquirō, scrutor—to examine, inquire, search, make inquisition, tease.* I. ἄσω, Dor. ἄξω.

75 εὐδῶ, co. εὐδέω, *dormio—to sleep.* I. ἦσω, pf. καα καθεύδω, id. & multo frequentius.

εὐῶ, vel εὐω, *Uro, ustulo—to burn, parch, kindle, set on fire.*

Z

ζεύγνῳ, *jungo—to join, vide ζεύγνυμι.*

ζώνῳ, *to bind with a Zone or girdle, vide ζώνυμι, id.*

H

ἦθῳ, *colo, per colum mitto, percolo—to strain, filter, put through a colander, sieve or strainer, to purge by filtration.*

I. ἦσω, pf. ἦκα, α. ἦσα, part. ἦσας. ἦθέω, id. & usitatus, I.

ἦθήσω. ἦθίζω, id. I. ἦθίσω, α. part. ἦθίσας, ασα, αν.

E E

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

80 ἡμύω, inclino, cado, ruo—to lean, incline, diverge, fall. 1.
ἡμύσω, pf. ἡμύκα, Att. ἐμήμυκα.

θαυμάζω, miror, admiror: colo, observo, magni facio, in pretio habeo, laudo, contemplor—to wonder at, admire; revere, esteem, honour much, respect greatly, highly value; praise, make honourable mention of; contemplate, view with wondering eyes. α. θαύμα, ας, ε, subj. θαυμάσω, ης, η, 1. med. θαυμάσομαι, η, εἶαι, admirabor; α. pass. ἰθαυμάσθην, ης, η, inf. θαυμασθῆναι, admiratione esse, to be held in admiration.

θρύω, frango, ferio, frivo, contendo; debilito—to break, strike, bruise, crumble, pound: weaken, debilitate. α. ἔθραυσα, pf. τεθραυκα, pf. pass. τεθραυσμαι, fractus sum. γ. θλάω.

θρησκεύω, superstitiosè Deum vel Deos colo, veneror, colo, observo—to use superstitious ceremonies in divine worship, to offer superstitious adoration to the true God, or to idols, to worship superstitiously, to venerate, honour, respect. γ. θραξ, Ion. θρηξ, κός, ό, Thrax. Quod apud Thracēs Orpheus cultum Deorum invenerit.

θύω, sacrifico, sacra facio, macto, immolo; cum impetu quasi furibundus feror; propero & festino, furo, ferveo, æstuo, odores accendo, suffio, epulor—to sacrifice, act a sacerdotal part, kill, immolate; to hurry and bustle, be transported with a kind of fury, or be possessed of the mania Enthusiastic, to chase, rage, be feroid, to burn incense, perfume, feast, banquet. im. ἰθυον, 1. θύσω, α. ἔθυσα, imp. θύσον, αἴω, pf. ind. τεθύκα, ας, ε, pass. τεθύμαι, α. ἐθύθην, ης, η, mactatus fui.

85 θωμίζω, † funiculis ligo, cædo—to tie, or bind with cords, to scourge, whip.

I

ιαύω, commoror, tempus tero; dormio, pernocto—to loiter, linger, delay, lose time, let it run waste, spend it in idleness, and yawning out *Hi-au-o-o*; to sleep, pass the night. q. *ιάω*, sino.

ιδρύω, vel ἰδρυμι, sedere facio, statuo, colloco—to make one sit down, appoint, place, seat. pass. *ιδρύμαι*, statuo, collocor, to be appointed, placed: med. *sedeo*, insideo, to sit down, sit upon; *ιδρύνω*, id. α. *ἰδρυσα*, pass. *ἰδρυθην*, collocatus est, pf. part. *ιδρυμένος*, collocatus.

ἰζώ, to seat, place, im. *ἰζον*, sedebam, 1. *ἰσω*, pr. med. *ἰζομαι*, to sit; vide *ἰζω*. καθἰζώ, id. quod ἰζω et ἰζω.

K

καυχάζω, Cachinor, convitior—to laugh aloud, make a cachination, scorn, reproach. q. *χάω*, hisco.

90 κάζω, Poet. orno, exorno, decoro, excolo, instruo—to adorn, decorate, dress or fit out, trim, furnish. pf. pass. *κίκασμαι*, part. *κικασμένος*, η, ον.

καίω, co. κάω, Pleonas. καύω, uro, accendo, incendo, cremo, ustulo; uro ut frigus vel nix—to burn, kindle, set on fire, light the funeral pile, to bite as cold or frost, pinch as winter snows. 1. *καίω*, κήσω, et *καύσω*, α. *ἔλαυσα*, ἔκησα, et ἔκησα, combussi, pf. *κίκαυκα*, 2. *καῶ*, β. *ἔκαον*, ussi, subj. *κάω*, ης, η, pf. med. *κέκηα*: *καύμαι*, pr. pass. *uror*, med. *ardeo*. 1. *καύσομαι*, pf. pass. *κίκαυμαι*, *σαι*, *σαι*, 1. *καυθήσομαι*, α. *ἐκαύθην*, 2. *καυσόμαι*, β. *ἐκάην*, Ion. *κάην*, subj. *καῶ*, ἦς, ἦ, part. *καεῖς*, deustus, α. subj. *καυθήσομαι*, η, ἴσαι.

κακκάζαν, † dicitur de cantu gallinarum ad ovorum partum—to cackle, said of laying hens.

καλαβερίζω, † Calabrizo, Calabros imitor—to Calabrizo, to imitate the Calabrians.

κασσών, † consuo, reficio consuendo; struo, machinor—to sew up, repair by the needle; contrive, plan, machinate.

95 καύω, vide *καίω*, uro, to burn.

- κείομαι, vide κείμαι, jaceo—to lie along.
κείω, jacere cupio, Pleonas. a κίω.
- κείω, findo—to cleave, sever. pr. part. κείων, findens, q. κείω.
κίλαρ-ύζω, & ίζω, cum strepitu fluo, murmuro, strepito—to
flow in sounding rills, run in whispering streamlets, mur-
mur, make a noise. q. κίλαδος, strepitus, & ρύω, vel ρέω,
fluo, pr. inf. κίλαρύνζαν, Dor. κίλαρύνσδεν, murmurare.
- 100 κεράννύω, misceo—to mix, vide κεράννυμι.
κεύθω, occulto, abscondo—to hide, conceal, secrete.
κίω, vado, eo—to walk, go, march. im. ἕκιοι, Ion. κίον,
ibam, β. part. κίων, profectus; q. ἕω.
- κλάζω, co. κλάγω, clamo, vociferor, clango, strido, frango,
gruo—to shout, vociferate, clang, clank, make a clangor,
sound a trumpet, creak, rend. This verb is used of the
cry of cranes, gagging of geese, cackling of hens, &c.
2. κλαγῶ, β. ἔκλαγον, 1. κλάγξω, α. ἔκλαγξα, pf. κέκλαγχα,
med. κέκληγα, part. κέκληγώς, νία, ος, clamitans, vociferans.
- κλαίω, fleo, lachrymo, ploro, ejulo, deploro, defleo; do
pænas, vapulo—to weep, shed tears, bewail, lament, be-
moan, deplore, weep over; to suffer punishment, be beaten,
undergo the lash. im. ἔκλαιον, 1. κλαύσω, pf. κέκλαυκα; q.
κλάω, frango, luctu enim et lachrymis frangitur animus.
- 105 κλείω, claudio, obsero; celebros, memoro, celebrem seu
inclytum reddo; dico, perhibeo—to shut, close, lock up,
cloister, closet; to celebrate, make honorable mention of,
renew, place upon the pinions of fame, tell, recite, report,
exhibit. 1. κλείσω, et κλάσω, Dor. κλάξω, α. ἔκλασα, subj.
κλείσω, ης, η, inf. κλείσαι, α. ind. pass. ἔκλεισθην, pf. κέκλωμαι,
& κέκλωμαι, part. κέκλωμένος, η, ον. κλήξω, & κλήξω, id.
κλόσπυω, † furare et subducere tempus, decipio—to kill
the hour, trifle away time, deceive.
- κλύω, abluo, eluo, lavo; clystere perluo; sonum ut fluc-
tus edo—to wash off or away, rinse, lave; to purge by
clyster; to sound as beating billows. im. ἔκλυζον, fou.
κλύζεσκον, lavabam, pf. pass. κέκλυσμαι, lotus fui, α. ἔκλυσ-
θην, turbatus sum.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, ϑ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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κλύω, & κλύμι, audio, exaudio, ausculto, obtempero, obedio, morem gero; percipio, sentio—to hear, hearken, attend, regard, comply, obey, be morigerous and obsequious; to take in, understand, perceive. im. vel β. ἐκλυον Ion. κλύον, audiebam, vel audiui, pr. opt. κλύομαι, audiam, 2<sup>a</sup> pl. imp. κλύετε, audite, Ion. & Poet. κέκλυθε: A κλύμι, formatur, pr. imp. κλύθι, audi, Ion. et Poet. κέκλυθι κλυτός, ἦ, ὄν, qui auditur, inclytus, f. alma.

κλώζω, clamo more graculorum, Gloeito; sibilo, e theatro explodo—to cry as a jackdaw, cluck or clock as a hen; to hiss, explode from the theatre. 1. κλώξω.

110 κλάθω, neo, glomero, torqueo; fataliter destino—to spin, draw the Clothier's thread, whirl round, wind, twist, reel; to destine, bind by fate, concatenate events.

κοδομείω, † hordeum frigo et torreo—to bake and roast barley.

κολάζω, punio, castigo; reprimo, coerceo. freno, moderor—to punish, castigate; repress, restrain, bridle, moderate. med. id. α. ἐκολασάμην, ω, αλο, subj. κολασομαι, η, ηται; pass. punior, pœnas do, pf. κέκολασμαι, σαι, σαι, pœnas dedi.

κολέω, decurto, amputo, trunco; imminuo, retundo—to curtail, cut off, amputate, maim, mutilate; lessen, impair, blunt.

κομίζω, curo, porto, vide th. κομείω.

115 κορενύω, satio, saturo, vide R. κορέω.

κράζω, clamo ut cornix vel corvus, crocito; clamo quovis in modo—to caw as a crow, rook, or raven; to vociferate, bawl, be noisy: κράζομαι, id. et usitatus, 1. κράζω, α. ἐκράξα, Ion. ἐκέκραξα, pf. κέκραχα; pf. m. κέκραγα, et κέκραχα, clamavi, p. post f. κέκραξομαι, mox clamabo vel vociferabor; vel 1. med. verbi κέκραγω; 3<sup>a</sup> pl. pass. κέκραγμένοι, εἰσι, Ion. κέκραχάσαι, cum clamore postulati sunt, imper. κέκραχθι, clamato, pro κέκραχε.

κρίζω, strido, stridorem edo—to make a grating noise, to creak. 1. κρίζω, pf. κέκριχα, 2. κριγῶ, pf. med. κέκριγα.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, ϑ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

κρῖω, pulso, ferio, percutio, collido—to beat, strike, cause to resound, percuss, ring, dash against, cause to recoil or rebound.

κρῖζω, crocito ut corvus; crocito ut quævis avis male canens, garrio—to caw as a rook or crow, cry as the raven: cry or chatter as any untuneful bird, scream, crow, prate, be talkative.

120 κίζω, condo, creo, fabrico; coloniam aliquo duco, locum aliquem ædificiis in eo extractis habitabilem reddo, instituo, auctor sum alicujus rei—to build, found, create, form, frame; to lead a colony to, or plant one in some distant region, to colonize, found a state, make cities rise, to institute, be the author of, give birth and origin to. pf. ἔκικα, 1. κίσω, α. ἔκισα, imper. κίσον, αἰω, inf. κίσαι, part. κίσας, αἰλος, ind. pass. ἐκίσθη, ης, η, part. κίσθεις, εἶσα, εν, ἑ. ἐνλος, conditus sum, pf. ind. ἔκισμαι, creatus fui, part. ἐκισμένος, poet. κίμένος, η, ον.

κυλίω, volvo, voluto, roto—to roll, tumble, toss, turn round, whirl about. κυλιδ-ω, et ἔω, id.

κύω, in utere gesto vel fero, pregnans sum, gravis sum; concipio; osculor, suavior—to be in a state of gestation, be pregnant, big with child; to conceive; kiss, caress; κύέω, id.

κωκύω, fleo, ploro, lamentor, ejulo, ululo—to weep, bewail, lament, mourn, ululate, howl.

κωλύω, prohibeo, veto, impedio, inhibeo, reprimo, arceo—to prohibit, forbid, impede, inhibit, restrain, repress, ward off. α. ἐκώλυσα, inf. κωλύσαι, ind. pass. ἐκωλύθη, ης, η, pf. κέλυμαι.

Δ

125 λάζομαι, poet. for λαμβάνω, to lay hold of.

λαπαζω, 1. ξω. evacuo, inanio; mollio, perdo, destruo—to evacuate, empty; soften, mollify; devastate, ravage, destroy: λαπάσσω, id.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. λα.

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λαπίζω, insolentius me effero, jacto me—to be haughty and insolent in speech and carriage, give airs and be boastive.

λαύω, vide ἀπολαύω, fruor.

λήθω, Dor. λάθω, Lateo, to lie concealed, be latent : λήθομαι, obliviscor, to forget, vide λανθάνω.

130 λιάζω, agito, jacto, turbo ; admodum propero, magnam adhibeo diligentiam ; separo, med. separo me, secedo ; exeo, abeo, eo, venio, inclino—to agitate, toss, trouble, disturb : to use great diligence and dispatch ; to separate, pr. med. λιάζομαι, to separate one's-self, secede, withdraw ; to go out or away, go, come, incline.

λιλαίομαι, poet. for γλίχομαι, to desire q. v.

λιχμάζω, & αὐ, see λείχω, to lick.

λέω, lavo, proprie corpus—to wash (the body), to lave. α. ἔλεσα, part. λέσασ, αἴος. λέομαι, pass. abluor, med. lavo me, α. ἔλεσάμην, ω, αἴο, pf. pass. ἔλεσμαι,σαι, λαι, lotus sum, part. ἔλεσμένος, η, ον.

λύζω, singultio, singulto—to sigh, hiccup, yer. 1. λύξω, pf. λέλυχα.

135 λυσκάζω, † aufugio—to run away.

λύω, solvo, laxo, remitto, libero, solvo e portu—loose, untie, relax, dissolve, remit, free, liberate, loose from port, unmoor, set sail. 2. λυῶ, α. ἔλυσα, ας, ε, subj. λύσω, ης, η, inf. λυσαί, 1. pass. λυθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐλύθην, ης, η, pf. ἔελυμαι, med. ἔελυα, ας, ε.

M

μαστίνω, quæro, perquiro, indago, vestigo ; desidero, affecto, cupio—to seek, enquire, search out, trace, investigate ; to desire, affect, aim at, long for. q. μάω, quæro.

μέδω, impero, imperium teneo, rego ; curo, curam gero—to command, rule, govern, reign, sway a sceptre, be king of the Medes ; to take care and have the management of, μηδέω, et μέδομαι, (co. μεδέομαι, 1. ήσομαι,) id. pr. part. pl.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ; ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

μέδοντες, *princes, sceptre-bearers, sons of care.* Prov. Medeless, i. e. insubordinate, unruly.

μέλω, *liquefacio, consumo, elixo, coquo—to melt, dissolve, consume, seeth, boil*; pr. part. pass. μελόμενος, *tabescens*, q. μέλη ἔδω, *membra edo*.

μέραω, *privo, noceo*; video, obtueor, intueor—to deprive, take away, hurt; to see, view, survey, inspect.

140 μηνύω, *indico, significo, nuntio, certiolem facio, declaro—to indicate, point out, shew, signify, tell, certify more fully, declare, give the meaning.* pf. μίμνησκα, 1. μνήσω, α. ἐμνήσα, pass. ἐμνήσθην, ης, η, part. μνησθεὶς, εἶσα, ἐν, q. μνάω.

μηρύω, *revolvo, glomero, agglomero et filum duco*; texo, intexo—to roll, wind round, as yarn on a bottom, make a clew, put up and draw the thread, spin; to weave, braid, make cloth or tapes/ry.

μηνύω, *misceo, to mingle*, vide μίγνυμι.

μνίω, † *comedo—to devour*.

μοργνύω, vide ὀμόργνυμι, *tergo—to wipe*.

145 μνδάζομαι, † *aversor—to turn from, be averse*.

μύζω, *clausis labris sonum e naribus emitto, musso, mus-sito, gemo, murmuro*; sugo—to make a noise through the nose, keeping the lips shut, to crack in the nose, snort, mutter, mussitate: Prov. *muff, groan, complain, growl, murmur*; to suck.

μύω, *claudio, ocludo, conniveo oculis, nicto, oculos claudio, labia comprimo—to shut, make up, wink, twinkle, shut the eyes, close the lips.* α. ἔμυσα, ας, ε.

N

ναίω, *poet. habito, incolo—to dwell, inhabit.* im. ἔναϊον, ες, ε, Ion. ναῖον, & ναίεσκον, *habitabam*, pr. pass. *habitor*: Item ναίω, pro ναώ, *fluo*; Hence the *Naiades, nymphs of rivers and fountains*, “The azure sisters of the silver flood.”

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; I. σω, pf. κα.

νεύω, Nuo, innuo, annuo, nutu significo, promitto, vergo, propendo, inclino—to nod; beckon, hint, intimate, or signify by a Nod, assent, or agree to; to promise, bend, diverge, propend, incline. α. νευσα, 3^d sing. Ion. νευσε, annuit, part. νευσας, ασα, αν, G. αντος; q. νεω.

- 150 νυσάζω, dormito, nicto, præ somno capite nuto; negligens sum, non attendo—to be sleepy, drowsy, to slumber, twinkle, nap or dose with a nodding head; to be negligent, inattentive. I. νυσάζω, α. ενυσαζα, pf. νενυσαχα.

O

οδύζομαι, irascor, vide οδυΐσσω.

ὄζω, Dor. ὄσθω, co. ὀζέω, Oleo, odorem spiro, fæteo—to smell, send forth a sweet, or a fetid odour, to emit a spicy or a putrid vapour, be fragrant or stink. im. ὄζον, 2. ὀδῶ, I. ὀζήσω, & ὀζίσω, olebo, α. ὄζησα, pf. ὄζηκα, med. ὀδα, Att. ὄδωδα, olui, inf. ὀδωδέσθαι, part. ὀδωδῶς, νῖα, ὀς, pr. part. pass. ὀζόμενος, η, οη, putridus.

οίγνυω, aperio—to open, vide οίγω.

οἶομαι, vel οἶμαι, co. οἶεομαι, pr. imp. οἶε, οἶεσθω, I. οἶησομαι, η, εἶσαι, α. ὠἶσαμην, ω, ὠλο, putavi, im. pass. ὠἶμην, υ, εἶλο, pf. ὠημαι, α. ὠήθη, (οἶησις, εως, ἦ, opinio,) Idem quod R.

- 155 οἶω, vel οἶω, puto, existimo, arbitror, opinor, reor, spero—to think, suppose, conjecture, be of opinion, imagine, hope. im. ὠόμην, & ὠμην.

οἶω, vide φέρω, fero—to bear, carry.

ὀκλάζω, in genua procumbo, genibus flexis subsido—to fall on one's knees, or with the knees bending under one, make a genuflection, couch, kneel down: Metath. labasco, succumbo, deficio, to fail, be weak, totter, fall under, droop, be deficient.

ὀλλύω, perdo, vide ὀλλυμι.

ὀλολύζω, Ululo, ejulo, ploro; cum clamore deos precor; júbilo, exulto—to howl, ululate, mourn, weep, bewail, deplore; to importune the Gods with tremulous shrieks:

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κει.

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- to jubilate, shout for joy, exult. 1. ὀλολύξω, α. ὠλόλυξα, pf. ὠλόλυκα, pass. ὠλόλυγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.
- 160 ὀμνύω, juro—to swear, vide ὄνυμι.  
ὀμορηνύω, tergo—to wipe, vide ὀμόρηνυμι.  
ὀνδυλεύω, † exquisite apparatus et condio—to prepare nicely and season well.
- ὀπάζω, persequor, sequi jubeo, comitem do ; præbeo, do—to follow, pursue, order after, accompany ; afford, give. α. ὤπασα, Ion. ὄπασα, persecutus sum, part. ὀπάσας, Æol. ὀπάσαις ; ὀπάζομαι, a persequente urgeor, comitem accipio, I am chased, pursued, accompanied, I accept of a companion or attendant.
- ὀπίω, in eo, coeo, uxorem habeo—to consummate a marriage. im. ὤπυιον, ες, ε, pr. pass. ὀπίομαι, in matrimonium habeor, in eo.
- 165 ὀχεύω, admissarium admitto ; coeo, in eo, subagito—to admit or receive the salient male ; and vice versa. q. ὀχέω, porto, R. ὄχος, vehiculum.  
ὀχλεύω, moveo—to move, stir.

Π

- παίζω, more puerorum lusito, ludo, salto, illudo, jocos—to sport as do children, to play, dance, illude, make game of, joke. 1. παίσω. & παίζω, α. ἔπαιξα, pf. πέπαιχα ; παιδίω, id. R. παῖς, puer, a child.
- παίω, percutio, ferio, pulso, pavio ; subagito ; comedo—to strike, percuss, beat, knock, rap, pay, strike against ; subagitate : devour. pf. pass. πέπαισμαι.
- παλιύω, illicio, allicio, fallo, in retia pertraho—to allure, entice, deceive by a lure, decoy, insnare, intangle in toils and nets ; Metath. to bring into a scrape, leave in the lurch.
- 170 παύω, finem impono, finio, cessare seu desistere facio ; reprimo, coerceo, sedo ; privo—to put an end to, finish, cause a cessation, or desistance ; to repress, re-

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

*strain, use coercion, stop, stint, allay; to deprive.* 2. παῶ, β. ἔπαον, α. ἐπαύσα, β. pass. ἐπάην, pf. πέπαυμαι, destitui; pr. med. παύομαι, cesso, desisto, *to cease, desist, make a pause.* im. ἐπαύομην, υ, εἶο, α. ἐπαύσαμην, ω, αἶο, *having paused or made a stop.*

πείθω, persuadeo, oratione flecto, impello ad rem aliquam faciendam, allicio, suadeo, persuaderē conor, doceo—*to persuade, bend by forensic eloquence, urge, or impel to active exertions, to allure, persuade, try to bring over, make persuasive efforts, to teach, inform.* im. ἐπίδοι, β. ἔπιδοι, pr. med. πείδομαι, persuadeor, assentior, *to be persuaded, give one's assent; with a Dat. case obedio, pareo, credo, to obey, believe, imp. ἐπιθόμην, υ, εἶο, pf. πέποιδα, ας, ε, confido, I am confident, well persuaded, ppf. ἐπεποιθην, ης, η, inf. πεποιθέναι, confidere, part. πεποιθώς, υῖα, δς, leaning or relying upon, α. pass. ἐπέσθην, ης, η, assensus sum, credidi, I have assented to, believed, 1. πησθήτομαι, pf. πέτησμαι, persuasus sum.*

πελεμίζω, moveo, commoveo, quatio, concutio, agito—*to move, put in a state of commotion, shake, concuss, agitate.* 1. ξω, pf. χα, α. pass. ἐπελεμίχθην, 3<sup>a</sup>. sing. Ion. πελεμίχθη, reversus est, pf. πεπελέμιγμαί.

πέσθω, pedo, crepitum ventris edo—*to break wind.* 2. παρῶ, β. ἔπαρδον, pf. med. πέπορδα.

πέσθω, diruo, evertō, vasto, perdo, depopulo, privo, perimo, trucido—*to overthrow, overturn, evert, ravage, devastate, lay waste, ruin, destroy, depopulate, deprive, sack, plunder, trucidate, kill, massacre.* 2. παρῶ, Metath. παρῶ, β. ἔπαρδον, & ἔπαρδον, pf. med. πέπορδα, pass. πέπερμαι.

175 πείρομαι, volo—*to fly, take wing, vide ἵπταμαι.*

πίπω, vide πίπτω, cado, ruo—*to fall down.*

πηγνύω, compingo—*to join, fasten, vide πήγνυμι.*

πῆθω, vide πάσχω, patior—*to suffer.*

πείζω, prehendo, capio, premo, presso, stringo; crucio—

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

*to lay hold of, seize upon, take, capture, press, squeeze, bind; torture, put to the rack.*

180 πίνω, vide πίνω, bibo—to drink.

πλάζω, cō. πλάθω, errare facio, errabundum hic et illuc agito; erro, jacto, amoveo, disturbo—to cause to err, stray, or wander, drive this way and that; to rove, wander, be erratic, to toss to and fro, remove, disturb, disorder. β. ἐπλαγον, ες, ε, I. πλάγξω, α. ἐπλάγξα, pf. πέπλαγχα, α. pass. ἐπλάγχθην, ης, η, aberravi, I have deviated. Ponitur et πλάζω, per Syncopen, pro πειλάζω, appropinquo, accedo, cujus Thema est τέλας, prope.

ποπύζω, sibilo; demulceo, blande contrecto, applodo—to hiss, whistle: stroke softly, gently pat, sooth, flatter, applaud. pr. inf. ποπύζων, & ποπυλιόζω, Dor. ποπύσθην, & ποπυυλιόσθην, sibilare.

πρήθω, incendo, accendo, inflammo, uro; flo, inflo, tumidum reddo—to light, inkindle, set on fire, inflame, burn; to blow, inflate, puff up, swell, make tumid. α. πρήσσω, Ion. πρήσσα, ας, ε, incendi, pf. πέπρηκα, I. pass. πρησθήσομαι, α. ἐπρήσθην, pf. πέπρησμαι, σαι, γαι.

πρίω, & πρίζω, serro, serra seco vel findo; stringo, constringo; privo—to saw, saw asunder, cut or sever with a saw; (Hence to pry;) to tie fast, closely bind, strangle; to deprive. pf. pass. πέπρισμαι, σαι, γαι, α. ἐπρισθην, πριων, πριος, ό, serra, a saw.

185 πλάω, impingo, offendo, pecco, titubo, vacillo, labor, laboro—to strike against, hit, stumble upon, offend, mistake, stagger, slip, be hurt, oppressed. α. ἐπλάωσα, subj. πλάωσω, ης, η, pf. pass. ἐπλάωσμαι.

πύω, spuo, expuo, excreo; contemno, despuo—to spit, spit out, hawk; to contemn, reject, despise.

πύθω, putrefacio—to cause to rot, corrupt, make putrid; πύθωμαι, putresco, putrefio.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

## P

παίω, profligo, corrumpto, destruo, disperdo—to undo, corrupt, destroy, Raze, spend, waste.

πέδω, Metath. ἔρδω, (id. qd. πέζω,) im. ἤρδον, faciebam, Ion. ἔρδον, & ἔρδεσκον, perpetrabam, inf. ἔρδαν, facere, part. ἔρδων, οντος, faciens.

190 πέζω, facio; sacrifico—to do, perform; sacrifice. 1. πέζω, Metath. ἔρζω, α. εἰρζα, & ἑρρῆζα, Ion. ἔρζω, imp. ἔρζον, fac, inf. ἔρζαι, part. ἔρζας, άσα, άν, G. άντος, pf. pr. med. ἑρίζομαι, fio, pf. ἕρρυα, Att. ἑόρυα, Metath. ἔρογα, α. part. pass. ἑρχομαι, εἶσα, εν, G. εντος, factus.

πέω, vide πέω, fluo.

πέρνω, frango—to break, vide πέρνωμι,

πέσομαι, usitatus est quam th.

πέω, traho; tueor, custodio, servo, libero, eximo, eripio, redimo—to draw, drag, extricate; to watch over, defend, keep, preserve, liberate, take out, deliver, rescue, save, redeem. πέω, id. R. ἔρω, traho. πέω, is sometimes used for πέω, fluo, to Run as a stream. 1. med. πέσομαι, α. ἐρσομαι, liberavi, inf. πέσαι, ind. pass. ἐρσομαι, subj. ἐρσομαι, part. ἐρσομαι, εἶσα, εν, G. εντος, ereptus, liberatus, rescued, liberated, set free.

195 πέρνω, frango—to break, vide πέρνωμι,  
πέρω, confirmo, corroboro, vide πέρωμι.

## Σ

σβέννω, extinguo—to put out, vide σβέννωμι.

σειώ, poet. σείω, moveo, agito, quatio, concutio, vibro, libro—to move, agitate, shake, make a concussion, brandish, vibrate, poise, swing. Item, to induce, persuade, calumniate. a. 3<sup>a</sup>. sing. ἔσσει, terræ motus fuit, there was an earthquake. 1. pass. σισοθήσομαι, η, εἶσαι, α ἔσσει, part. σισοθείς, εντος, commotus, pf. ind. σίσσημι.

σίξω, † strido, sibilo—to whiz, hiss.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. I. σω, pf. κα.

σκάζω, claudico, titubo, vaccillo—to be lame, limp, stumble, totter.

200 † σκιμαλίζω, pertentare an gallina ovum conceperit; digitum infamem, i. e. medium ostendere—to try whether a hen be with egg, or not, or whether she have, or have not laid; to point with the middle finger, which is indicative of infamy.

σκορπίζω, dissipō, spargo, dispergo—to dissipate, scatter, sprinkle, disperse, squander. α. ἐσκορπισα, pass. ἐσκορπισθη, ης, η.

σπένδω, co. σπείδω, libo, i. e. vino, lacte, aut simili liquore diis sacrifico—to pour out in offering, make an effusion, pour libations, spend, sacrifice to the Gods with wine, milk, and like liquids. Act. & Med. pasciscor, fœdus inco, percutio, to covenant, make a treaty, form a compact, strike a bargain, ratify, bind, confirm. im. ἔσπειρον, Ion. σπένδεσκον, I. σπείσω, α. ἔσπικσα, libavi, I hate poured a libation, made a liquid offering, imp. σπείσον, ἄλω, pf. ἔσπικω, pf. med. ἔσπονδα, ας, ε, pr. pass. σπένδομαι, libor, mactor, immolor, sacrificor, to be poured out, shed, slaughtered, become a victim, be immolated, sacrificed, α. ἐσπείσθη, sacrificio placatus sum, I am appeased by sacrifice, I. σπικθῆσομαι, pf. ἔσπικμαι, σαι,σαι, part. ἐσπικμένος, n. pl. τὰ ἐσπικμένα, pacta et fœdera, pacts and covenants, bargains and agreements.

σπεύδω, festino, propero; incito, instigo, citato gradu progredi jubeo—to speed, make haste, push, press on; to incite, instigate, order up by a quick march, command a speedy advance. α. ἔσπειυσα, pf. med. ἔσπεδα, adhortatus sum. σπεύδειν βίον ἀθάνατον, poet. immortalem vitam affectare, to aim at immortality.

σπίζω, extendo, expando; pipilo ut aves quædam—to extend, stretch, open, expand, spread; to chirp as do certain birds from the opening shell.

205 σάζω, stillo—to drop. σαλάζω, id.

Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; I. σω, pf. κx.



στηρίζω, firmiter statuo, figo, stabilio; firmo, fulcio; confirmo, probo; sto, consisto, firmo pedem, incumbo—to set with firmness, fix, fasten, found, establish, strengthen, prop, support, stay; to confirm, prove, make good; to stand, abide, stand fast, keep a firm foot, rest or lean upon. I. στηρίζω, α. ἔστηριξα, imp. στηρίξον, ἄνω, pf. ἔστηριχα, pass. ἐστηρίγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. ἐστηρίγμενος, η, ον, stabilitus, α iud. ἐστηρίχθην, confirmatus fui, inf. στηρίχθηναι.

τίζω, pungo, notis compungo, stigmata inuro, inustus notis signo, interpungo, notis distinguo; cædo, Metaph. inflamo, incesso—to prick, point, imprint, stamp, stigmatize, brand, mark with a hot iron, make an interpunction, to distinguish by marks, notify; to beat, discolour by the lash; Metaph. to slander, reproach. I. τίζω, pf. ἔτιχα, pass. ἔτιγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

στοχάζομαι, collineo, i. e. ad rectam lineam dirigo, recta ad scopum tendo—to level, take sight, aim at, make right for the mark; Metaph. in scopum destino, propositum mihi specto; coniecto, coniecturam facio, to design, propose to one's-self, have the end and prize in view, be true and steady to one's purpose; to cast together, form a conjecture. I. στοχάζομαι, pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι.

σπρῶννῶ, sterno—to strew, vide σπρῶννυμι.

210 σῦν, † tetigine laboro, priapum extendo—to labour under a priapism. q. σάω.

σφαδάζω, pedes agito, jacto pedes, cum tractu quodam salio, exulto, palpito—to agitate and toss the feet, Prov. to Fad about, to beat the ground in an irregular dance, to exult, palpitate, be tremblingly alive to; also to be under the influence of passion.

σφαζω, seu σφάττω, jugulo, neco, mactō, cædo, interficio, trucidō, occido—to jugulate, cut the throat, kill, sacrifice, beat, knock down, slay, murder. I. σφάζω, α. ἔσφαξα, pf. ἔσφαχα, β. ἔσφαγον, pass. ἐσφάγην, part. σφάγις, ἤσα, ἐν, θ. ἐθλοσ, trucidatus.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; I. σω, pf. κα.

σφύζω, salio, pulso, palpito; mico, desiderio, æstuo—to leap, dance, knock, beat, palpitate; to shine, flash, be ardent, burn with desire.

σχίζω, findo, diffindo, scindo, discindo, disseco—to cleave, make a fissure, split, rend asunder, make a rent or schism, cut, divide, separate, sever, dissect. pf. pass. ἔσχισμαι.

## T

215 τίνω, comedo, rodo, arrodo....to eat up, devour, gnaw; τίνθω, vel τίνθω, id.

τενάζω, † satagere, sedulo rem gero—to be busy, sedulous, diligent in business.

τίκω, pario, procreo, vide Separ. Cl.

τίλιζω, vel τήλιζω, † pipio—to chirp as a bird or chick.

τίω, honoro, in honore habeo, magni æstimo, carum habeo; pendo, punio, vindico, ulciscor; solvo, luo, persolvo—to honour, esteem much, rate high, hold dear; retaliate, repay, punish, chastise, revenge,; to loose, free, expatiate, make the payment good, τίνω, id. im. & β. ἔτιον, 2. τιῶ, pf. τέτικα, med. τέτικα, pass. τέτιμαι.

220 τονθορίζω, seu ίζω, † murmuro, musso—to murmur, mutter.

τρίζω, & τρύζω, strido, strideo, murmuro, susurro, sonum quemdam aut susurram edo—to make a noise, whiz, gnash the teeth, murmur, whisper, give a rustling or whispering sound. 2. τρίζω, med. τέτριγα, ας, ε.

τρώω, tero, attero, vexo, divexo, defatigo, trudo, domo, exaurio, conficio, affligo, afflicto, eneco & macero—to rub, chafe, wear, truant, tire, break, vex, grieve, fatigue, shove, push, tame, exhaust, waste, work up, consume, afflict, kill and emacerate. pf. pass. τέτρυμαι. τρύσκω, & τρύχω, id.

τωθάζω, dicteriis vel conviciis incesso, irrideo, mordeo opprobriis, cavillor—to load with reproaches, ridicule, taunt, sarcastise, mock, rally.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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 τ

ἰδω, cano, celebroy, dico—to sing, hymn, celebrate, repeat the praises of; ἰδέω, id.

- 225 ἰω, pluo, irriyo, pluviâ perfundo—to rain, water, irrigate, drench, make soft with showers. 1. υσω, pf. ὑκα, ὑας, ἄδος, ἦ, Hyas; pl. ὑάδες, Hyades, stellæ septem in cornibus Tauri, quæ quum oriuntur aut occidunt, pluvias excitant, succulæ.

Φ

Φαύζω, † frigeo—to be cold.

Φείδομαι, parco, pœnam remitto, do veniam, ignosco; parcè utor, parcus sum, abstineo, tempero—to spare, remit the punishment, pardon, overlook; use sparingly, be parsimonious, abstemious, and temperate. 1. Med. Φείσομαι, α. ἐφασάμην, ω, αλο, peperci.

Φθίω, corrumpo, vide φθίω.

Φλάζω, stultè et inarticulatè loquor, ferveo—to talk in a foolish and inarticulate manner, to chat, and stammer, to be hot, boil.

- 230 Φορεύω, pinso, subigo, misceo, turbo, farinam subigentis more confundo; fœdo, polluo—to bake, knead, mix, disorder, make turbid, confound as in a kneading trough; to foul, pollute, pervert. φ. Φύρω, to mix. Φορεύω, & Φορεύσω, id.

Φράζω, Dor. φράσδω, dico, memoro, cœmmemoro, edissero, indico, expono, nuncio, jubeo; Med. cogito, in animo verso, consilium in eo, delibero, perpendo, statuo; animadvertendo caveo, vito; animadverto, deprehendo, video, cognosco, intelligo—to say, tell, phrase, utter, relate, commemorate, rehearse, shew, set forth, declare, order, command; Med. to think, turn over in the mind, take counsel, deliberate, thoroughly weigh, ponder, appoint; to be wise from observation, to shun; to animadvert, apprehend, see, perceive, know, understand. α. ἔφρασα, pf.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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πέφρακα, 2. φραδῶ, β. ἔφραδον, pf. Med. πέφραδα, pass. πέφρασμαι,σαι, λῆι, part. πέφραδμένος, pro πέφρασμένος.  
 φύω, & φύμι, gigno, produco, pario, edo—to beget, produce, bear, bring forth: φύομαι, nascor, enascor, pullulo, orior, to be born, brought forth, shoot, bud, spring, rise.  
 1. φύσω, pf. πέφυκα, natus sum, ita a naturâ comparatus sum, a naturâ habeo, I have been born, am by nature so and so, such are my physical qualities, pr. part. f. φύσσα, suppullulans, sprouting afresh, 2. φυῶ, β. ἔφυον, ες, ε, & ἔφυν, υς, υ, inf. φῦναι, nasci, part. φύς, γ. φύλος, natus, pf. ind. med. πέφουα, pass. πέφουμαι,σαι, λαι, β. ἐφύην, ης, η, part. φυείς, εἶσα, ἐν, enatus.

X

χάζω, & χάζομαι, cedo, do locum, recedo, retrocedo; privo; capio, capax sum; contineo—to retire, give place, retreat, quit, recede, give back; to deprive; take, hold, be capacious, contain, be in trouble. β. ἔχαδον, Ion. κέχαδον, capax sum, inf. χαδεῖν, Ion. χαδέειν, pf. Med. κέχαδα, pro κέχαδα.

χαλάζω, to loose, lower, vide χαλάω.

235 χεύω, & χείω, vide χέω, fundo—to pour out.

χλάζω, † sibilo—to whistle, hiss.

χλίω, deliciis frango, luxu effemino—to unman with pleasures, to cloy, enervate, soften by luxury, effeminate.

χναύω, carpo, vellico; catillorum more voro et deglutio—to pluck, vellicate, tweeze, lug; to guzzle, devour in a whelpish manner, gnaw.

χρημίζω, & ἑλίζω, hinnio—to neigh, whinny.

χρίω, ungo, inungo, perungo, lino, oblino, illino—to anoint, pour on the Chrism, perfume with unguents, lubricate with ointment, rub, colour, besmear.

†

240 ψεύδω, fallo, decipio—to deceive, impose upon, take in; ψεύ-

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

δομαι, pass. fallor, frustror, *to be deceived, disappointed*;  
 pf. ἔψευσμαι, σαι, ςαι, deceptus sum; med. mentior,  
 frustror, *to lie, feign, falsify, disappoint*: 1. med. ψεύ-  
 σομαι, α. ἐψεύσάμην, ω, αἶο, mendacio fefelli, *I have deceived*  
*by falsehood*, inf. ψεύσασθαι.

ψίζομαι, & ψύδομαι, † lugeo, fleo—*to lament, weep.*

ψίω, † attenuo, mando—*to attenuate, chew.*

Ω

ῶθω, trudo—*to thrust, vide ὠθέω.*

ῶρεύω, & ῶρεύομαι, ululo, ejulō, rugio; mugio, latro—*to*  
*ululate, howl, cry, roar; low, bellow, bark.* α. ῶρευσα, pf.  
 ῶρευκα, pr. part. med. ῶρεύόμενος, η, σν, rugiens, frendens.

CHAPTER I.—CLASS 4.

Its Characteristic letters are the Liquids, λ, μ, (μν) ν, ς;  
 fut. ῶ, pf. κα.

Its first and second Futures are often alike.

When there are two Lambdas (λλ) in the present tense, the  
 latter is retained no farther than the preterimperfect.

ἄγαλλω, orno, insignio, delectabilè facio—*to adorn, embel-*  
*lish, make gallant, render delectable.* im. ἠγαλλον, orna-  
 bam, fut. ἀγαλῶ, pf. ἠγαλκα, pr. med. ἀγάλλομαι, glorior,  
 oblecto me in re aliquâ, gaudeo, gestio, exulto, *to boast,*  
*to please or solace one's-self in any thing, be delighted with,*  
*take pleasure in, to exult.*

ἀγγέλλω, nuncio, certiozem facio—*to tell, declare, bear ti-*  
*dings as an Angel or messenger, carry news, inform, cer-*  
*tify.* 1. ἀγγελῶ, β, ἠγγελοι, α. ἠγγαλα, pf. ἠγγελκα, med. ἠγγελα,  
 3 pl. pr. imper. ἀγγελλέτωσαν, nuntient, Att. ἀγγελλόντων,  
 (qs. g. pl. pr. part.) α. part. pass. ἀγγελθεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν.

ἀγείρω, congreco, colligo; mendicando corrogo, vagor,  
 peto—*to congregate, assemble, gather, convene, collect; to*

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ῶ, pf. κκ.

*scrape together by mendication, stroll, plod about, be ambitious of.* Poet. ἀγέρω, Æol. ἀγέρῳ, fut. ἄγερω, pf. ἤγερα, Att. ἀγήγερα, med. ἤγορα, α. act. ἤγερα, Ion. ἀγερα, inf. ἀγεῖραι, part. ἀγείρας, ind. pass. ἤγερθην, 1. ἀγερόσομαι.

αἶρω, tollo, attollo, crigo, eveho; adfero, infero, præbeo—to take, lift, or raise up, elevate, erect, carry out, convey; bring to, or in, afford. q. αἶρω. fut. αἶρω, pf. ἤρα, β. ἤρον, α. ἤρα.

ᾄδω, ludo, lusito—to play as do children, sport, take diversion.

αἰκάλω, blandior, assentior, adulator—to flatter, compliment, assent to, adulate, fawn upon. 1. αἰκαλῶ, pf. ἤκαλα.

αἶρω, tollo, attollo, sursum tollo, eveho; augeo, amplifico; capio, sumo; tollo e medio, subverto; moveo, solvo, proficiscor, abeo—to take or lift up, raise, elevate, place or bear aloft, poise high in Air, carry off; to increase, amplify; to take, assume; bear away, kill, subvert; to move, unmoor, put to sea, go, march, decamp. αἶρομαι, in activâ significatione, erigo, porto, bajulo, fero, reporto, gesto, suscipio, aggredior—to erect, carry, bring, bear, take up, attempt. q. αἶρω. 1. αἶρω, pf. ἤρα, α. ἤρα, subj. ἄρω, ης, η, imper. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι, part. ἄρας, αντος, qui sustulit, 1. pass. ἀροθήσομαι, pf. ἤραι, α. ἤρθην, imper. ἄρθη, ἦτω, inf. med. ἄρασθαι.

αἰσθάνομαι, co. αἰσθίμαι, sentio, propriè sensu corporis; audio; sensu quolibet sentio, mentè percipio, cognosco, intelligo, scio—to perceive, be sensible of, properly in a corporeal way, to hear, &c. to comprehend, discover, understand, know. 1. pass. αἰσθήσομαι, pf. ἤσθημαι, β. med. ἤσθον, opt. αἰσθοίμην, subj. αἰσθώμαι, inf. αἰσθίσθαι, part. αἰσθόμενος.

αἰδανω, augeo, 1. ἴσω, pf. ἤλθκα, vide ἀλδέω, co. & R.

10 αἰλόμαι, salio, salto—to leap, dance. α. m. ἤλαμην, ω, κιο.

ἁμαρτάνω, co. ἁμαρτίω, aberro, propriè a scopo vel viâ, erro, fallo, pecco, delinquo, peccatum admitto. 1. ἁμαρτήσω,



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κα.

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pf. ἡμάρτηκα, 2. ἀμαρτῶ, β. ἡμαρτον, & ἡμβροτον, α. part. ἀμαρτησας, αῖλος. ἀμαρτῶν τῆς ἐλπίδος, qui frustratus est suâ spe, *having been defeated in his expectation.*

ἀμύνω, auxilior, opem fero; ab injuriâ defendo; propello, arceo; dimico pro, propugno, tueor; resisto, par pari refero—to *help, aid, supply with ammunition, defend from injury, propel, keep off; fight for, protect, guard; resist, retaliate.* pf. ἤμυγκα, α. ἤμυνα, med. ἤμυνάμην, ultus sum, 1. ἀμυνῆμαι.

ἀναίνομαι, renuo, recuso—to *refuse, decline, slight.* 2^a sing. ἀναίνῃ, Ion. ἀναίνεαι, recusas, 3^a sing. imperfect. ἀνήνελο, Ion. ἀναίνελο, recusabat.

ἀνδανω, co. & R. ἀδέω, placeo—to *please, content, delight;* ἀδω, idem. im. ἤνδανον, ες, ε, 1. ἀδήσω, α. ἦσα, (quasi ab ἀδω, 1. ᾶσω) Att. ἔασα, 2. ἀδῶ, β. ἦδον, Att. ἔαδον, pf. med. ἦδα, Att. ἔαδά, poet. εὔαδα, q. ἀδω, id.

15 ἄρω, apto, adapto, congruo, quadro—to *fit, join, apply, adapt, suit, match, be meet, agree, quadrate, square.* 1. ἄρῶ, Æol. ἄρσω, α. ἦρα, Æol. ἦρσα, part. ἄρσας, αῖλος, im. vel β. ind. ἦρον, Att. ἄραρον, pf. med. ἦρα, Att. ἄρηρα, Poet. ἄραρα, congrui, pf. part. ἦρως, Att. ἄραρως, qui se accomodavit, qui placuit.

ἀσχάλλω, doleo, mæreo, tristor; indignor, ægrè fero, succenseo—to *be sorry, grieve, be pensive and sad, troubled and displeased, to be indignant, fret, be discontented, take ill, be angry with.* ἀσχαλάω, id.

B

βαίνω, co. βᾶω, βῆμι; gradior, incedo, eo, abeo; coeo, inco—to *go, step, walk, march, depart; to generate, with respect to animals.* 1. βήσω, pf. βέθηκα, sync. vel Ion. βέβαια, ppf. ἐβέθηκάν, & ἐβέβαιον, 3^a pl. sync. & sine aug. βέβαιον, ingressi erant; β. βῆν, ης, η, & absque aug. βῆν, βῆς, βῆ, opt. βαίνῃ, subj. βῶ, βῆς, βῆ, iverim, Ion. βῆω, βῆς, βῆ, poet.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ω, pf. κα.

Εἶω, imper. Εἶθι, pro quo Εάθι, & Εᾶ, part. Εᾶς, 1. med. Εῆσομαι, (frequentius quam 1. act.) α. Εἴσοάμην, pf. pass. Εἴσημαι, σαι, ται, et a seipso, Εἴσασμαι, & Εἴσασμαι, ut etiam α. Εἴσάνθην. Εἴσκω, & poet. Εἴσῶ, & βίσημαι, id. 1. Εἴσῶ.

Βάλλω, co. βαλέω, sync. βλέω, jacio, jaculor, projicio, abjicio, profligo, ferio, percutio, figo, saucio, cædo, attingo, injicio, immitto, pono, trado, committo, condo, ædifico, verro, flecto—to cast, throw, fling, hurl, dart, shoot, send a ball, wing a bolt, bombard, throw or cast away, rout, push, strike, give a blow, hit, shock, smite, fix, pierce, wound, cut, graze, touch upon, inject, immit, put, deliver over, commit, store, lay up, found, build, form an edifice, clean, rake, bend, apply. im. ἔβαλλον, fut. Εαλῶ, β. ἔβαλον, 1. Εαλήσω, rar. occ. pf. Εἴβληκα, jaculatus sum, 2. vel β. inf. Ελεῖν, β. imper. Εάλε, ἔλο, pf. part. Εἴβληκῶς, υῖα, ὀς, pass. ind. Εἴβλημαι, σαι, ται, ppf. ἐβλήμην, inf. Εἴβλησθαι, part. Εἴβλημένος, η, ον, 1. ind. βληθσομαι, η, ται, α. ἐβλήθην, imper. Εβλήθηι, inf. Εβλήθηναι, part. Εβλήθεις, εῖσα, ἐν, sync. Ελεῖς, ictus, struck, blasted, β. opt. med. Ελείμην, (qs. a Ελήμι, qd. a βλέω) pf. ind. Εἴβολα, conjeci, quasi ab antiquo Εἴλλω, unde Εἴλος, εος, τὸ, jaculum, telum.

20 βαμβαίνω, inarticulatè loquor, balbutio, confusum quendam sonum edo; dentes præ metu quatio, attonitus dentibus crepito—to speak inarticulately, stammer, lisp, babble, make a confused noise; to quake for fear, be affrighted to a tremor, and jingle of the teeth, be so thunderstruck as to cause their chattering.

βασκαίνω, fascino; invidio; criminor, reprehendo—to fascinate, bewitch; envy; criminate, reprove; fut. Εασκανῶ, pf. Εἴβάσκαγκα, α. ἐβάσκηκα, β. ἐβάσκανον.

βδάλλω, mulgeo, sugo—to milk, suck, imbibe. βδέλλω, id.

βλαστάνω, co. βλαστέω, germino, fruticor, pullulo, proprie de plantis—to germinate, sprout, bud, blossom, branch forth, be productive of sprigs and shoots, to spring, grow: etiam activè, produco, progigno, profero, originem duco—

Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ ; I. ᾶ, pf. κα.

to produce, bring forth, shew, draw its origin from. I. **κλαστήσω**, pf. **ἐβλάστηκα**, & **ἐβλάστηκα**, β. **ἔβλαστον**, α. **ἐβλάστησα**, part. **κλαστήσας, ασα, αν**, pf. pass. **ἐβλάστημαι**. **κλάστημα**, αλος, τὸ, germen ; **κλαστός**, ἔ, ὀ, id.

βέλομαι, co. **βέλομαι**, volo, malo, cupio, opto, censeo—to *will or be willing, to prefer, choose rather, desire, wish, judge, think, be of opinion.* 2^a sing. **βέλη**, im. **ἐβλόμην**, I. **βελήσομαι**, pf. med. **ἐβέλα**, pass. **ἐβέλημαι**, α. ἐ- Att. ἡ-**βελήθη**.

25 **βρέμω**, fremo, murmuro—to *roar as wild beasts, as the sea, to rumble, rage, growl, murmur* ; fut. **βρεμῶ**, pf. med. **ἐβρομα**.

Γ

γάμῶ, vide **γαμέω**, uxorem duco—to *marry*.

γαργαίρω, splendo ; vibro ; palpito ; multiplico ; abundo—to *shine, glitter ; shake, brandish ; palpitate, throb ; multiply ; abound, overflow*.

γείνομαι, (qs. a. **γείνω**,) gignor, nascor—to *be begotten, brought forth, born*. Pr. poeticum est ; sed apud oratores etiam α med. **ἐγενάμην**, frequens in activa significatione, genui, procreavi, et utroque parente dicitur ; de matre, peperī ; inf. **γείνασθαι**, part. **γενάμενος**, 2. ind. **γενῆμαι**, pf. **γένεα**, (Ion. & poet. pro **γένεκα**, quasi a **γάω**) natus sum, sum vel fui, part. **γεγαώς**. q. **γίνομαι**, q. v.

γέμῶ, plenus sum, onustus sum—to *be full, freighted, loaded*. Part. **γέμων, εσα, ον**, plenus, pf. med. **γέγομα**.

30 **γίνομαι**, vel **γίγνομαι**, co. **γενάομαι**, sum, existo, fio, nascor, gignor, orior, edor ; accido, evenio, contingo—to *be, also to be at or present, to exist, become, commence, be born, brought forth, take one's rise or origin, be produced ; happen, fall out, come to pass, take place by contingency*. q. **γείνομαι**, sub quo videas nonnulla derivata. I. pass. **γενήθισομαι**, η, εἶαι, α. **ἐγενήθην**, β. **ἐγένην**, 2. **γενήσομαι**, pf. **γενήθημαι, σαι, λαι**, sum, fio, &c. part. **γενημένος**, I. ind. med. **γενίσομαι**, α. **ἐγενήσάμην**, SYNC. **ἐγενάμην**, ω, αλο, β. **ἐγενόμην**, ἐγένε, ἐγενίτο,

syn. ἔγένητο, factus sum, subj. γένωμαι, η, ηται, optat. γενόμενῃ, οιο, οίτο, (μὴ γένοιτο, absit) γένη, γενέσθω, esto, inf. γενέσθαι, part. γεόμενος, pf. ind. γέγονα, (ab inusit γείνω,) ppp. ἐγεγόνην, inf. γεγονέναι, & γεγαέναι, part. γεγονώς, & γεγαώς, υἷα, ος. γίνομαι πρὸς, vel ἐν τῷ, vel περὶ τῷ, versor, vel occupatus sum hanc in rem, incumbo in hanc rem. γίνεσθαι πῦρ ἐπὶ πῦρ, ignis igni adjicitur. γίνεσθαι ἐφ' ἑτέροις, aliis inniti, in aliis spem collocare. ἀπο τιως, ab aliquo disjungi. γέγονε τῇ πόλει ὄνομα, nomen urbi inditum est. ἔμελλον ἡμέρα γίνεσθαι, illucescebat. τὰ μέλλοντα γίνεσθαι, futura. τὰ γινόμενα, proventus revenue. ἐπεὶ ἐγένετο ἐπὶ ποταμῷ, when he came to the river. γίνεσθαι σοι καλῶς, bene tecum agitur, fortune smiles upon you. τί γέγονε, quid accidit? What's the matter?

Δ

δάκνω, co. δήκω, mordeo; pungo—to bite; puncture, sting, gall. 1. δήξω, α. ἔδηξα, ας, ε, pf. δέδηχα, β. ἔδακον, inf. δακίῃν, ind. pass. ἔδακην, pf. δέδηγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ἔδηχθην, part. δηχθεὶς, εῖσα, ἐν, I. ind. δηχθήσομαι, med. δήξομαι, quod usitatum est pro I. act. α. ἔδηξάμην, β. ἔδακόμην.

δαρδάνω, co. δαρδέω, dormio—to sleep, dorm. Pro act. fut. med. δαρδήσομαι, pf. act. δεδάρθηκα, β. ἔδαρθον, poet. per Metathesin, ἔδραθον, inf. δαρδεῖν, & δραδεῖν, part. δαρθῶν, & δραθῶν, pf. part. δεδαρθηκώς.

δέμω, (pr, inusit.) co. δεμέω, sync. δμέω, extruo, ædifico—to build, form an edifice, raise a Dome, make a Home. 1. δεμῶ, 2. δαμῶ, pf. δεδέμηκα, et syn. δεδμηκα, α. ἔδημα, part. δημας, pr. med. δέμομαι, rar. α. ἔδημάμην, inf. δείμασθαι, pf. pass. sync. δέδημαι, σαι, ται, extractus est, med. δέδομα.

δέμω, vel δάμνω, domo—to tame, vide δαμάω.

35 δαίνω, humecto, madefacio, irrigo—to wet, moisten, water, irrigate. fut. διανῶ.

δρέμω, vide τρέχω, curro—to run,

δύνω, subeo—to go down, vide δύω.

E

ἐγείρω, excito, expergefacio, incito, accendo; extruo, ædifico—to excite, rouse, stir up, awake, provoke, incite, kindle; to build. fut. ἀγερεῶ, pf. ἤγερεκα, Att. ἀγήγερεκα, α. ἤγερα; ἐγείρομαι, resurgo, excitor, 1. pass. ἐγερεθήσομαι, surgam, pf. ἤγερμαι, Att. ἀγήγερμαι, σαι, ται, α. ἠγέρθη, ης, η, imper. ἐγέρθητι, inf. ἐγερεθῆναι, part. ἐγερεθείς; ind. med. ἠγερέμην, ω, αἶο, imp. ἔγεραι, pf. ind. ἠγορα, Att. ἐγήγορα, & cum Epenthese literæ ρ, ἐγεργόρα, part. ἐγεργορῶς, vigilans.

ἐθέλω, co. ἐθέλω, volo, vide θέλω, idem.

40 εἶρω, pr. necto, texo, im. nectebam—to knit, link, braid, weave.

εἶρω, dico, loquor, rogo, interrogo, quæro, nuncio—to say, speak, ask, interrogate, inquire, declare. εἶρω, signifying dico, &c. is not used in the present and imperfect tense. fut. ἐρεῶ, and by solution ἐρέω, dicam, interrogabo; whence we have ἐρέω, dico, &c. poet. εἶρέω; from which, by Aphærising ε, is formed ῥέω, dico, q. v. im. εἶρεον, dicebam, nunciabam, from ἐρέω, taking ι after ε for its augment, vel poet. ab εἶρέω. pf. εἶρηκα, ας, ε, dixi, &c. ppp. εἶρηκέν, ης, η, part. εἶρηκώς. G. ὅλος, 2. 1^a. pl. ἐρεῶμεν, dicemus; opt. ἐροῖμαι; pr. med. ἐρέσομαι, ῥομαι, & poet. εἶρομαι. interrogo, imper. ἔρεε, poet. ἔρηω, roga, 1. ἐρήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. εἶρησαμην, & ἠράμην, β. ἠρόμην, poet. εἶρόμην, pf. pass. εἶρημαι, σαι, ται, part. εἶρημένος, η, ον, p. post f. ind. εἶρήσομαι, η, εἶαι. κατὰ τὸ εἶρημέιον, secundum quod dictum erat.—Rom. iv. 18.

ἐλαύνω, Dor. ἐλαύω, co. ἐλάω, agito, impello, stimulo, incito, exerceo, exagito, fatigo, vexo, insector, persequor judicio, arcesso, accuso, verhero, pulso, ferio, excutio, moveo, cieo, excito, abigo, expello, duco, ductilè opus facio, traduco, proveho, promoveo, progredior, evado, pervenio, equito, vulnero, transfigo—to agitate, tumble, toss, chase, drive on, impel, provoke, goad, stimulate, stir up, incite, exercise, ply, rouse, fatigue, disturb, trouble,

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; I. ω, pf. κα.

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torture, vex, pursue, sue at law, accuse, beat, strike, forge, push, hit, shake off, excuss, move, stir, drive away, send off, expel, lead, conduct, make a ductile work, draw a ditch, wall, &c. bring from one place or side to another, change situation, decamp, turn, carry on, promote, go forth, march, advance, proceed, evade, escape, avoid, make for, come to, arrive at, ride, wound, vulnerate, transfix. 2. ἔλω, I. ἐλάσω, α. ἤλασα, & absque aug. ἔλασα, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. ἔλασαν, sync. ἔλασαν, pf. ἤλακα, Att. ἐλήκακα, ppf. ἐληλάκαν, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. ἔσαν, Att. ἔσαν, part. ἐληλακώς, im. pass. ἐλαυνόμεν, ε, εἶο, pf. ἤλαμαι, vel ἤλασμαι.

ἐλεφαίρω, \* decipio, noceo—to deceive, hurt.

ἔλω, & ἔλω, vide αἶρω, capio—to take, seize.

45 ἐναίρω, occido, interficio; corrumpo, perdo, spolio—to kill, slay; corrupt, destroy, spoil. 1. ἐν, & αἶρω. fut. ἐναρῶ, α. ἔνηρα, α. med. ἐνηράμην.

ἔρρω, co. ἐρρέω, ægre eo, dolens et afflicto eo; inauspicato et cum pernicie accedo; ab eo in malam rem, facesso in malam crucem, pessum eo, perio, interio—to walk and grieve, go mourning and afflicted; approach under every disadvantage; run to ruin, haste to destruction, be undone, die. I. ἔρρησω, α. ἔρρησα.

Z

ζέλλω, † jacio—to throw, cast.

Θ

θάλλω, vineo, floreo, pullulo, scateo—to be green, flourish, blossom, spring, bud, abound. fut. θαλώ, pf. τέθαλκα, med. τέθηλα, & τέθαλα, sæpe pro pr. part. τεθαλώς, υῖα, ός, abundans. θαλλέω, floreo, vireo; θαλέω, id. & decoror, ornor. θαλέθω, vireo pullulo.

θαίνω, ferio, percutio—to strike, percuss. fut. θειῶ; pr. pass. θείνομαι, percutior, vapulo.

## Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; I. ω, pf. κα.

- 50 θέλω, co. θέλω, volo, opto; delecto; possum—to will, be willing, wishful; to delight, be pleased; be able. ἰθέλω, id. 3a. pl. pr. Dor. θέλοντι; I. θελήσω, α. ἰθέλησα, pf. τεθέληκα, pass. τεθέλημαι.
- θέρω, calefacio; medeor, curo—to warm, heat; heal, cure, take care of: fut. θερῶ, Æol. θέρσω; θερόμαι, calesco, uror, caleo, to grow warm, wax hot, &c.
- θέρω, to leap, go Thorough, vide θρώσκω.

## I

- ιάνω, calefacio, tepefacio; liquefacio, dissolvo, emollio; lætitia perfundo, exhilaro, floreo; ad iram concito—to heat, warm, make tepid, melt, dissolve, mollify; gladden, exhilarate, flourish; rouse to wrath, make angry.
- 55 ἰάλλω, mitto, immitto, jacio; volo, as, appeto—to send, throw, cast, hurl; to fly, make for; fut. ἰάλλω.
- ἰκάνω, vide ἴκω, venio, to come.
- ἰμείρω, poet. desidero, cupio—to desire, covet, long for. ἴμερος.

## K

- καγχάινω, † calefacio—to warm, heat, make hot.
- καθαίρω, purgo, detergo, mundo; lustrō, expio; flagris cædo—to purge, wipe off, cleanse, purify; lustrate, expiate; to scourge, chastise; κ. κατὰ, et αἴρω, tollo. fut. καθαίρω, pf. κεκάθαρεκα, α. ἐκάθησα, purgavi, inf. καθῆσαι, pass. ἐκαθάραθην, part. καθαρθεὶς, purgatus, pf. ind. κεκάθαρημαι, κεκαθαρμένος, α. med. καθηράμενος.
- 60 κείνω, perimo, interficio, occido, neco—to destroy, kill, slay, butcher.
- κείνω, co. καμῖω, sync. κμῖω, faticor, lassesco, deficio; cum labore facio, laboro, elaboro; cum labore comparo, vel acquiro; male me habeo, ægroto—to be tired, fatigued, grow weary, Prov. to Kam, faint, fail; to take pains, labour, toil, work hard at; get by toil and labour; to be

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κά.

*indisposed or sick.* fut. καμῶ, β. ἔλαμον, subj. κάμω, ης, η, pf. ind. κεκάμηκα, vel. κέμηκα, fut. med. καμῆμαι.

καρκαίρω, *resono, sonitum edo; pulsatus vibro vel tremo—to resound, make a noise; vibrate, tremble on being struck.*

καίρω, *tondeo; abscindo; vasto, popolor, diripio; insatiabili edacitate voro—to shave; cut off, shear; lay waste, plunder, destroy; to eat greedily, devour with insatiable edacity.* fut. κερῶ, pf. κέκαρκα, α. ἔκηρα, inf. κείραι, med. ind. ἐκέραιμην, ω, αῖο, imper. κείραι, ἀσθω, inf. κείρασθαι, *tondere, pf. pass. inf. κεκέρσθαι.*

κέλλω, *Appello, appellor, ad vel in portum pervenio; moveo, celeriter curro—to arrive at, make the harbour, gain the port; to move, unmoor, run swiftly; scud.* fut. κελῶ, Aol. κέλσω, α. ἔκαλα, ἔκελσα, inf. κείλαι, κέλσαι.

65 κέλομαι, co. κέλομαι, *usitatus est quam R.*

κέλω, *jubeo, hortor—to command, exhort, induce, encourage.*

I. m. κελήσομαι. κέλυσμα, αῖος, τὸ, *mandatum.*

κευρόμαι, *voce querulâ lamentor, lugubri voce queror—to lament in plaintive accents, complain with a mournful voice.*

κλίω, *Clino, inclino, reclino, aclinio; deprimo, inclino me; declino, deflecto; reflecto; in posteriora avertō—to incline, bend, recline, lean to; repress, stoop; decline, turn from; turn back; put to flight.*

κόχλω, *gyro, roto, torqueo—to wheel about, turn round, whirl, twist.*

70 κράνω, *perficio, efficio, effectum reddo; creco; impero, regno—to perfect, finish, grant, give effect to, bring to pass, accomplish; create, form; command, govern, reign, rule.* fut. κρανῶ, 2. m. ἔμαι, inf. εἶσθαι, Ion. ἐεσθαι.

κρίνω, *secerno, discerno, dijudico; excerno, seligo, deligo; discepto, judico; cerno, censeo, existimo, æstimo; adjudico; statuo, constituo; culpo, accuso, damno, punio, probō, exploro, examino—to discern, separate, sunder, discern, discriminate, criticise, arbitrate, judge between; sift, chuse, pick, cull; debate, contend, judge, give*



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 sentence ; distinguish, think, suppose, rate, value, esteem ;
 adjudge, determine ; place, range, order, appoint, establish,
 constitute ; blame, censure, arraign, accuse, criminate, cast,
 condemn, punish ; prove, try, view or search diligently, ex-
 plore, examine. pr. pass. κρίνομαι, in judicium vocor, α.
 ἐκρίθην, pf. κέκριμαι,σαι, ται.

κτείνω, interficio, occido, neco—to slay, kill, put to death.
 fut. κτενω, α. ἐκτενα, β. ἐκτανον, pf. ἐκτακα, pass. ἐκταμαι, α. ἐκ-
 τάνθην, I. κτανθήσομαι.

κύρω, & κυρέω, incido, nanciscor, consequor, assequor, im-
 pingo, sum—to meet, fall upon, or in with, happen, get,
 obtain, acquire, hit, or strike against, to be. fut. κυρῶ,
 Æol. κύρσω, α. ἐκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας.

κωλύω, fabulo, garrigo, loquitor ; blandis et falacibus ver-
 bis decipio—to talk, chat, prate, be garrulous, loquacious ;
 to impose upon by flattering and deceitful words, deceive
 by fair but fallacious speeches. fut. κωλυῶ, pf. κέκωλυκα.

A

75 λαγχάνω, co. λήχω, & λόγχω, sortior, sortes duco ; sorte acci-
 pio, sortitio nanciscor vel obtineo ; partem redde,
 velut sortem attribuo ; obtineo, consequor ; obvenit
 mihi—to cast or draw lots ; take or receive by lot, get or
 obtain by lot or chance, be lucky ; make participant, take into
 partnership, give a proper share or quota, apportion ; to
 fall out by luck or chance. 2. λαχῶ, β. ἐλαχον, I. λήξω,
 (usitatus I. med. ληξόμαι, λάξομαι, et κληρώσομαι,) pf.
 λέληχα, pro εἴληχα, et apud Poetas, præcipue pf med. λέ-
 λογχα, (ἄ. λόγχω,) ppf. ἐλελόγηεν, part. act. λεληχώς, et εἴλη-
 χώς, med. λελογχώς, pf. ind. pass. εἴληγμαι, part. εἴληγμένος,
 η, ον. λαχεῖν αἰδαν, mori.

λαμβάνω, co. λήσω, sumo, capio, accipio, capesso, conse-
 quor, tollo, percipio, convinco, damno—to take, assume,
 receive, undertake, enter upon, take the management of,
 compass, procure, carry off, seize, convict, condemn. I.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. J, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κκ.

- λήφομαι, η, εἶαι, accipiam, pf. act. ἐλήφθα, Att. εἴληφα, accepi, εἴληφεναι, part. λεληφώς, & Att. εἴληφώς, υῖα, ος, 2. ind. λαβῶ, β. ἔλαβον, accipi, subj. λάβω, ης, η, opt. λάβομαι, οἰς, οἰ, imper. λαβέ, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβῶν, ὄντος, adeptus, pr. pass. capior,prehendor, corripior; med. prehendo, teneo, β. part. λαβόμενος,prehendens, pf. pass. λέλημαι,prehensus sum, Att. εἴλημαι, ψαι, πται, part. λελημένος, Att. εἴλημένος, sumptus, α. ind. ἐλήφθην, ης, η, inf. ληφθῆναι, part. ληφθεῖς, acceptus.
- λανθάνω, co. λήθω, Dor. λάθω, lateo, celo, ignotus sum, delitescio, fallo—to lie hid, be latent, to hide, conceal, be unknown, sculk, lurk, deceive, escape notice. 2. λαθῶ, β. ἔλαθον, part. λαθῶν, latens, 1. λήσω, α. ἔλησα, pf. act. caret, pass. ἐλήσθην, & ἐλήθην, pf. λέλησμαι, poet. λέλασμαι, part. λελησμένος, poet. λελασμένος, oblitus, pr. med. λανθάνομαι, obliviscor, to forget, pf. λέληθα, Dor. λέλαθα, oblitus fui.
- λαχαίνω, fodio, sulco—to dig, furrow, trench. fut. λαχανῶ, ppf. λέλαγχα.
- λᾶ, λῆς, λῆ, volo—to desire, vide separ. Cl.

M

- 80 μαίνομαι, furo, insanio, desipio—to rage, be transported with passion, become a maniac, rave, be lunatic, insane, giddy, fanciful. 2. med. μαίνομαι, pf. μέμνηα, ας, ε, insanivi, pr. part. μαινόμενος, furens, insanus, lymphatus, β. pass. μανείς, in furorem actus, furore percitus, to be driven to madness, be infuriated, R.
- μαίνω, in furorem ago—to drive to madness, infuriate. α. ἔμνηος; q. μνηή, Luna.
- μαίρω, luceo—to shine.
- μαυδάνω, co. μαδέω, disco; intelligo, percipio, cognosco, animadverto; doceo—to learn, cultivate the mind; understand, perceive, know, animadvert, observe. β. ἔμαδον, imper. μάθε, ἔθο, part. μαδῶν, ὄντος, qui didicit, 1. m. ind. μαθήσομαι, μαθήσῃ, Ion. μαθήσεται, pf. act. μεμάθηκα, pass. μεμάθημαι.



μαραίνω, macero, marcescere facio, marcidum reddo, tabefacio—to cause to fade or pine away, to dry up, wither, decay, make flat, enfeeble, waste away, mar, make putrid, affect with the rot or murrain, fut. μαρανῶ, pf. μεμάραγκα, μαραίνομαι, marcesco, to decay, putrify, I. pass. μαρανθήσομαι. α. ἐμαραίνθη, pf. μεμάρα-αμμαι, ανσαι, ανσαι, Att. μεμάρασμαι.

65 μαρμαίρω, rutilo, resplendo, vibrante splendore corusco—to rutilate, glitter, shine with waving splendors, pour forth a flood of light, coruscate, flash. formatur per reduplicationem verbi μαίρω, luceo, q. d. μαίρω καὶ μαίρω, to shine and shine again.

μεγαίρω, invidio; curo, respecto; privo, orbo—to envy, grudge, hate; regard, respect; deprive, bereave, take away.

μείρομαι, idem quod thema.

μείρω, divido, partior, sortior, nanciscor, privor—to divide, part, apportion, cast lots, get, obtain, acquire, deprive, take another's share. fut. μερῶ, pf. med. μέμορα, per Metath. ἔμορα, pf. pass. μέμαρμαι, Att. εἴμαρμαι, divisus sum.

μελεδαίνω, curo, sollicitus sum, desidero—to take care, be solicitous, desire; &

90 μέλη, co. μελίσ, curæ est, it is matter of care and concern, of thought and solicitude. R. μέλω, q. v.

μέλλω, co. μελλέω, futurus sum, facturus sum; debeo; in animo habeo; paro; cunctor, moror, differo; cesso—to be about to be, commence, or take place; to owe, be in duty bound; be minded, purpose, intend; prepare, get ready; demur, loiter, delay, put off, procrastinate; cease, give out. im. ἐμελλον, Att. ἤμελλον, I. μελλ-ήσω, vel ήσομαι, α. ἐμέλλησα, Ion. μέλλησα, futurus fui, pr. part. μέλλων, εσσα, ον, μέλλοντα, futura, things to come.

μελόμαι, I. πσομαι, pf. μέμηλα, vox med. ex & id. cum

μέλω, co. μελέω, curæ sum, curo—I am an object of care, am myself careful, im. vel β. ἔμελον, Att. ἤμελον, I. μελήσω, pf. μεμήληκα, part. med. μεμηλώς, qui curæ est, curans; pr.

imper. μέλει, ἔλω, 3^a. pl. μελέϊωσαν, Att. μελόων, qs. G. pl. pr. part.

μένω, co. μενέω, maneo, permaneo, constanter vel immotus et fixus maneo; habito; expecto, pæstolor; in statione maneo, et irruentem hostem expecto—to remain, continue, abide, wait, remain fixed and unmoved; be ever the same; to dwell, occupy a mansion; expect, tarry for, to keep one's stand, wait the coming charge or hostile onset, maintain one's ground. μίμνω, & μιμνάζω, id. 1. μενῶ, 2. μανῶ, pf. μημένηκα, α. ἔμηναι, ας, ε, subj. μείνω, ης, η, imper. μείνον, ἄτω, inf. μείναι, part. μείνας, αντος, manens, pf. ind. med. μέμονα.

95 μερμαίρω, anxie cogito, curas animo volvo, curo, curiosè cogito; irascor—to think with solicitude, be afflicted in mind, troubled and uneasy, oppressed with care, anxiously thoughtful and inventive; to be fretful and out of temper; per reduplicationem verbi μέρω, divido, q. d. μέρω καὶ μέρω, I divide and subdivide. μερμέρω, & μερμηγίζω, id.

μιάνω, inquino, conspurco, fædo, polluo, contamino, con-scelero; inficio, tingo—to defile, befoul, corrupt, pollute, contaminate, adulterate, profane; infect, tinge, stain. fut. μιάνω, α. ἐμίηνα, pass. ἐμιάνην, ης, η, 3^a. pl. ἐμιάνησαν, Ion. & Bæot. μιάνην, polluti sunt, subj. μιανθῶ, ἦς, ἦ; pf. ind. act. μεμίαγκα, med. μέμηνα, pass. μεμίαμαι, Att. μεμίασμαι, part. μεμιασμένος, ης, ον.

μισύλλω, in minutas partes seu frusta parva seco vel con-cido—to shred into small pieces, cut into bits or scraps, mince.

μολυνω, polluo, inquino, contamino, conspurco, attamino, deturpo, fædo, incesto—to pollute, defile, corrupt, contaminate, conspurcate, befoul, soil, make ugly, stain, abuse, debauch. φολύνω, id. Foul, fut. μολυνῶ, α. ἐμόλυνα, pf. μεμόλυκα, pass. μεμόλυμαι, Att. μεμολυσμαι, α. ἐμολύνην.

μόλω, vide μόλέω, venio, proficiscor—to come, go.

100 μορμύρω, murmuro, propriè ut fluvius cum strepitu fluens;

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ξ; 1. ῶ, ἰ. κα.

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inundo—to murmur, sound as a rolling stream or river; inundate, overflow. Quasi a μύζω, καὶ μύρω.

μύνομαι, prætexo, prætendo—to excuse, pretend.

μύρω, fluo, stillo, fundo—to flow, gush, trickle, drop, shed, diffuse. im. ἔμυρον, Ion. μῦρον. μύρομαι, lacrymor.

N

νέμω, co. νεμέω, tribuo, distribuo, pasco; administro, rego, gubernō; possideo, habeo, colo, habito—to give, bestow, distribute, feed; administer, rule, govern; possess, have, hold, cultivate, inhabit, dwell. fut. νεμῶ, α. ἴνεμα, distribui, pf. νενέμηκα, med. νένομα; νέμομαι, tribuor, divisor; interdum divido, partior, depasco.

Ξ

ξάινω, carmino, carpo, pecto, depecto; cædo, percutio—to card, tease, pick, hatchel, dress flax, comb wool, &c. to beat, strike, give a dressing. fut. ξανῶ, pf. ἕξαγκα.

O

105 ὀδύρομαι, lamentor, ploro, defleo, fleo, mæreo—to lament, bewail, weep over, shed tears, be sad. 2. ὀδυρέμμαι, pf. pass. ὀδυρέμμαι.

ὄλλω, vide ὄλλυμι, perdo—to destroy.

ὀλοφύρομαι, lamentor, ejulo, ploro, lugeo, deploro, commiseror—to lament, cry out, weep, bewail, deplore, condole.

ὄρω, excito, concito—to excite, stir up, rouse; ὄρομαι, excitor; surgo, cum impetu ruo, to be excited, rise, rush with impetuosity. fut. ὄρῶ, Æol. ὄρω, α. ὄρωσα, pf. ὄρηκα, med. ὄρωα, Att. ὄρωσα, et per transpositionem, ὄρωσα, surrexi, 3<sup>d</sup>. sing. ppf. ὄρητο, orta est, prodiit, inf. pass. ὄρηθαι, excitatum esse, surrexisse.

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ ; 1. ᾠ, pf. κα.

ὄσφραίνομαι, odoror, olfacio—to smell. fut. ὄσφραϊνῶμαι, α.  
inf. pass. ὄσφραϊνθήσομαι.

110 ὀτρύνω, incito, instigo, adhortor—to incite, instigate, exhort, encourage. fut. ὀτρυνῶ, Ion. ὀτρυνέω.

ὀφείλω, co. ὀφείλέω, debeo; reus sum, multor, multandus vel obnoxius sum; debeo, i. e. oportet me—to owe, be indebted; to be arraigned, fined, amerced, to be liable to a fine or mulct, to be obnoxious; I ought, it behoves me. ὀφλω, sync. id. co. ἐχλέω, I. ἦσω, pf. ὤφληκα. I. ὀφάλησω, pf. ὤφειληκα, β. ὤφελον, Ion. amisso, aug. ὄφελον, ες, ε, poet. ὀφέλλω, debui; et usurpatur ut adv. optandi utinam cum εἶθε, vel αἶθε, in 1, 2, 3, personā sing. ut εἶθ' ὤφελες, I wish that I had. εἶθ' ὤφελες ἦσθαι, utinam sederes. εἶθ' ὤφελε, I wish that he, she, or it had.

ὀφέλλω, augeo, cumulo; adjuvo, prosum, foveo—to increase, augment, heap up, pile, to help, aid, profit, favour. Usurpatur et pro ὀφείλω, debeo. β. ὤφελον, fut. ὀφελῶ, pf. ὤφελκα.

## Π

πέλλω, vibro, quatio, agito, palpito, sortior—to vibrate, dart, shake, agitate, toss, beat, palpitate, cast lots. fut.

πελῶ, pf. πέπαλκα, med. πέπαλα, pf. pass. πέπαλμαι,σαι, ται.

πεπλάινω, circumspicio, oculis lustro seu vestigo, circumspectans quæro; oculos converto et intueor; specto, respecto—to look around, take an ample survey, trace with the eye, seek and look about for; cast an eye, turn and look upon; to view, consider, respect. fut. πεπλαινῶ, α. ἐπᾶπλιννα, part. παπλήνηνα.

115 πείρω, transadigo, transfodio, transfigo, infigo, adfigo; transeo, pertranseo—to drive, force, pierce, run through, stab, transfix, infix, affix; to go over, pass through. fut. περῶ, β. ἔπαρον, α. ἔπερα, pf. πέπαρκα, med. πέπορα, pass. πέπαρμαι, α. ἐπάρην.

πέλω, & πέλομαι, sum; verdo, admoveo, appropinquare

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ω, pf. κα.

*facio—to be, become; turn, move, or go towards, cause to approach, or draw near.*

πίνω, & πίνομαι, *facio, efficio, ago, paro, curo, struo, laboro; pauper seu inops sum—to make, effect, do, perform, prepare, procure, take care, plan, toil, labor; to be poor or needy, be destitute.* pf. med. πίπονα, laboravi.

πίνω, co. πώω, & πῖω, bibo, poto—to drink, sup, take a potion, drain the pint. 1. πώσω, pf. πίπωκα, β. ἔπιον, subj. πῖω, ης, η, imp. πίε, & (from πῖμι,) πῖδι, also πῶδι, (from πῶμι,) inf. πιῖν, Ion. πῖιν, bibisse, seu bibere, part. πινών, ἔσα, ἄν, G. ὄσιος, qui bibit, 1. pass. ποθήσομαι, α. ἐποθῶν, pf. πίπομαι, & πίπωμαι, 2. med. πίομαι, ἴσαι, &c. pro πιῖμαι, ῆ, ἴαι, hibam.

πλύνω, lavo, proprie vestimenta; conviciis incesso, objurgo; contamino—to wash (properly the clothes); to insult, reproach, objugate, scold; contaminate, soil. fut. πλυνῶ, pf. πέλυνγα, α. ἔπλυνα, imper. πλύνον, ἄλω. Hence perhaps to Plunge.

120 πταίρω, vel τλάρω, sternuo, sternuto—to sneeze. β. ἔπταρον, ες, ε.

πυνθάνομαι, co. πυνθόμαι, audio, intelligo, cognosco, rescisco, certior fio; interrogo, percontor, quæro, sciscitor, rogito, consulto—to hear, listen, understand, have a notion of, recollect, come to know, get better information; interrogate, make strict search and enquiry, demand, ask, query, importune, debate, consult. pf. pass. πέψυμαι, 1. med. πεύσομαι, 2. πυνθῶμαι, β. ἐπυνθόμην, inf. πυνθίσθαι, part. πυνθόμενος, quum cognovisset.

## P

πρίνω, aspergo, irroro, spargo, perfundo—to besprinkle, moisten, bedew, scatter, rain upon, drench. ρανίζω, id. Hence, to rant. fut. ρανῶ, pf. ἔρραγα. Ράινον τινα ἕμνω, conspergere aliquem Hymno, poet. pro laudare, to praise a person.



## Σ

- σάϊρω, scopis purgo, verro; orno; ore sum hianti et aperto—to clean with a broom or besom, sweep, brush; adorn; to gape, be wide or open-mouthed. fut. σαρῶ, pf. σέσαρχα, pass. σέσαρμαι, med. σέσηρα, & σέσαρα, ore sum diducto, to shew the teeth, part. σεσαρῶς.
- σθένω, valeo, possum—to be strong, able, potent.
- 125 σίνω, & σίνομαι, noceo, lædo—to hurt, wound.
- σκαίρω, salio, saltito, tripudio—to leap, bound, frisk, skip, dance.
- σκέλλω, fodio, sarrio, sarculo, findo—to dig, grub, weed, hoe, rake, harrow, cleave, cultivate.
- σκέλλω, exsiccō, arefacio; attenuo, tenuem reddo—to exsicate, dry up, parch, make arid; to attenuate, make thin or slender. σκελεῖω, id.
- σκυδαίνω, irascor, succenseo; tristi vel tetrico sum vultu—to be angry; be of a lowering and sullen countenance, look grim.
- 130 σάλλω, fatigo, vexo, jacto, molestiam exhibeo—to fatigue, vex, trouble, toss, bustle, toil as a Scullion. fut. σκυλῶ.
- σπαίρω, palpito, tremo, vibro; animam Spiro vel expiro, ut faciunt palpitantia animalia cum morte luctantia—to palpitate, heave, throb, tremble, quiver, shake; to yield the breath, expire, throb away the soul, as do panting or palpitating animals when struggling in the pangs of death.
- σπείρω, sero, semino, dissemino, spargo—to sow, disseminate, scatter, sprinkle, disperse. 1. σπερῶ, pf. ἔσπαρχα, 2. σπαρῶ, β. ἔσπαρον, α. ἔσπηρα, inf. σπιῖραι, part. σπέρας, ασα, αν, β. pass. ἐσπάρην, subj. σπαρῶ, part. σπαρεῖς, pf. ind. ἔσπαρμαι,σαι,λαι, part. ἐσπαρμένος, 1. med. σπερῶμαι, 2. σπαρῶμαι, pf. ἔσπορα.
- τέλλω, mitto; instruo, apparo, apto, adorno, amicio, induo; fero, duco, traduco, trajicio; contraho, reprimō,



Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; I. ω, pf. κα.



**inhibeo, sisto, compesco**—*to send; furnish, fit out, prepare, equip, adorn, array, clothe, put on; to carry, conduct, transport, go, make an expedition; contract, keep or hold in, furl the sails, stay, curb, stop, check, allay.* 1. *σελῶ, α. ἕσταλα, 2. σαλῶ, β. ἕσταλον, pr. med. εἶλομαι, to contend, avoid, withdraw.* pf. ἕσταλα.

**σύρω, traho**—*to draw, pull, clean, unsheath.* pf. pass. σίσυρμαι.

135 **σφάλλω, supplanto, evertō, prosterno; fallo, circumvenio, in errorem induco, decipio**—*to supplant, exert, overturn, throw down; deceive, trepan, circumvent, lead astray, bring into an error, leave in the lurch.* α. ἕσφραλα, *fefelli, β. pass. ἐσφάλην, læto successu fui frustratus.* pf. ἕσφαλμαι.

T

**τείνω, Æol. τέννω, co. τάω, tendo, extendo, distendo, intendo, contendo, pertineo, specto**—*to stretch, extend, lengthen, strain, distend, bag out, bend to, intend, tend to, make efforts, contend, strive, pertain, look, lie towards.* 1. *τένω, 2. τανῶ, pf. τέλακα, (ab inusit. τάω,) α. ἔτινα, pass. ἐλάθη, extentus sum, pf. τέλαμαι, τέλανσαι, τέλασαι. exprorectus sum, med. τέλονα. τὰ τείνοῖα πρὸς ἀρετήν, quæ ad virtutem pertinent.*

**τείρω, vexo, affligo, infesto, molesto, domo, subigo, absumo, tero, attero**—*to vex, afflict, trouble, infest, beset, molest, tame, subdue, consume, rub, pound, crumble, wear, tear, beat or grind down.* 1. *τερῶ, Æol. τέρσω, pf. med. τέρορα.*

**τίλλω, inusit. facio, fio, orior, mando, -as**—*to do, make, become, rise, Tell, i. e. bid, command.* pf. med. τίλοκα.

**τέμνω, Dor. τάμνω, co. τμείω, & τμάω, (per Metath. & Sync. vel α. 2. ταμῶ, per Metath.) τμήγω, seco, reseco, cædo, succido, concido**—*to cut, carve, slice, sever, rend, cleave, divide, dissect, clip, pare, amputate, to conclude a treaty*

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; 1. ω, pf. κα.

*and kill the victim, to cut down, fell timber, mow.* 1. τεμῶ, & τμήξω, pf. τέμμεκα, 2. ταμῶ, β. ἔταμοι, (Ion. τάμων,) ἔταμον, ἔταμον, & ἔταγον, secui, τεμεῖν, & ταμεῖν, part. τεμών, & ταμών, pass. ind. ἐτμάγη, 3<sup>a</sup>. pl. πσαν, Bæot. ἔταγεν, part. τμαγείς, εἶσα, ἐν, α. ind. ἐτμήθη, excisus sum, part. τμηθεῖς, pf. ind. τέτμημαι, med. τέτομα, incidi. τέμην τὰς δίκας, dirimere lites. τέμην ὄδον, *to cut, take the road, make a journey.* σποδὰς τέμην, fœdus percutio, *to strike a bargain, conclude a treaty.*

140 τίλλω, vellico, vello, evello, divello, discerpo, vexo—to *vellicate, pluck, pull up or off, tweeze, lug, rive, tear asunder and to pieces, vex, tease, till.* fut. τιλλῶ, α ἔλλα, pf. τέλλικα, pass. τέλλικμαι.

τιτραίνω, perforo, terebro—to *perforate, vide τιτράω.*

τυγχάνω, co. τυχω, & τυχέω, sum, compos fio; accidit ut sim, forte sum, contingo, evenio, accido; assequor, attingo, adipiscor, impetro—to *be, be competent to; be by chance and contingency, fall out, happen; to come up with, touch upon, procure, obtain, get.* 1. τυύξομαι, pf. τέτυκα, & τεύυχηκα, 2. τυχῶ, β. ἔτυχοι, inf. τυχεῖν, Ion. τυχίει, nancisci, *to find, part. τυχών, ἔσα, ὄν, vulgar-is, -e, quilibet, an accidental or common person or thing, one that we pick up.*

φαίνω, in lucem edo, in lucem profero, ostendo, luceo, col-  
luceo, splendo, defero, accuso—to *exhibit in the light, bring to light, manifest, shew, to shine, glitter, to inform of, impeach, accuse.* R.

φαίω, luceo. fut. φανῶ, β. ἔφανον, α. ἔφθηα, pf. πέφαγκα; φαίνο-  
μαι, in lucem prodeō, appareo, conspicio, in conspec-  
tum venio, cernor, accusor, defero, reus sum, luceo,  
splendo—to *go or come into the light, appear, be con-  
spicuous, come within sight, be seen, to be accused, com-  
mitted, impleaded, to shine, be bright and splendid.* τῆτό

## Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ε; I. ω, pf. κτ.

μοι φαίνεται, hoc mihi videtur, hoc sentio. φαίνεται γεγονώς, comperitur fuisse. part. φαινόμενος, η, ον, apparens: τὸ φαινόμενον μοι, quod mihi videtur, sententia mea. τὰ φαινόμενα, Phænomena, appearances in nature; 2. med. φανῶμαι, pf. πέφνηα, ας, ε, β. pass. ἐφάνην, ης, η, apparui, subj. φανῶ, ῆς, ῆ, 2. ind. φανήσομαι, η, εἶαι, pf. πεφάμμαι, ανσαι, ανλαι, Att. πέφασμαι, to have made an appearance, part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, ostensus, demonstratus, patefactus; & πεφασμένος, dictus, item interfectus.

145 φένω, occido, interficio—to kill, slay, put to death, murder.

R. φάω, pf. med. πέφονα.

φέρω, Metath. φέρω, co. οἶω, ἐνέγχω, et ἐνέχω, Ion. εἰνέχω, fero, tolero, porto; obtineo, consequor, persolvo, perfero, aufero, confero—to carry, bear, be productive of; obtain, procure, accomplish, make full payment, set forth, utter, shew, bear away, collate, confer. im. ἔφερον, imp. φέρε, fer, (& adv. age) item φέρεις, from χεῖρμι, pf. ἔφεκα, I. φέσω, α. ἔφεσα, ἦνεξα, ἦνεγκα, Ion. & Poet. ἔνεκα, tuli, attuli, inf. ἔνεγκαί, tulisse, part. ἐνέγκας, Ion. ἐνείκας, β. ἦνεγκον, part. ἐνεγκῶν, ἔσα, ον, qui tulit, f. patria, one's country, I. pass. οἰσθήσομαι, & ἐνέχθισομαι, α. ὠσθην, & ἠνέχθην, Ion. ἠνέχθην, inf. οἰσθῆναι, part. οἰσθεῖς, φησθεῖς, & ἐνέχθεῖς, Ion. ἐνεχθεῖς, pf. ind. ἠνεγμαι, med. πέφορα, & ἦνοχα, Att. ἐνίνοχα, excel-lui, α. ἐνεγκάμην, Ion. ἐνεκάμην, inf. ἐνέγκασθαι.

φθάω, co. φθάω, prævenio, anteverto, occupo, attingo, occurro—to prevent, go before, come sooner, be beforehand with, pre-occupy, take first, compass, seize, touch upon, attain, arrive at, meet. I. φθάσω, pf. ἔφθακα, α. ἔφθασα, subj. φθάσω; From φθῆμι, (ab et id. qd. φθάω, fuit) comes pr. inf. φθάναι, prævenire, β. ind. ἔφθην, ης, η, 3<sup>a</sup>. pl. Ion. & Bæot. φθάν, opt. φθάν. subj. φθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, inf. φθῆναι, part. φθάς; qui præoccupavit, β. ind. med. ἔφθάμην, opt. φθαίμην, inf. φθάσθαι, part. φθαμένος.

φθίνω, co. φθίω, to consume, become Thin, vide φθειω, cor-rumpo.

Φολύνω, for μολύνω, to pollute, foul.

- 150 Φύρω, misceo, commisceo; inquino, sædo; perfundo, rigo, mascero, subigo, pinso—to mix, commingle; taint, defile, Fur; to wet completely, drench, water through the medium of a Furrow, steep, knead, bake. Φυράω, id. fut. Φυρᾶ, Æol. Φύρω, pf. πέφυρα, pass. πέφυρμαι.

## X

χαίω, co. χάω, hio, hisco, dehisco, fatisco, apertus seu vacuus sum; inhio—to yawn, gape, open, cleave, clink, form a chasm, be chaotic, open and void; to gape after, covet. fut. χανῶ, pf. κέχακα, α. ἔχηνα, β. ἔχανον, inf. χανεῖν, α. χᾶναι, pf. pass. κέχασμαι, med. κέχηνα, pro κέχανα, part. κεχηνάς, hiulus, gaping, Chapped, greedy. χάλιναν πρὸς τι, rei cuiquam inhiare, q. d. liante ore et apertis faucibus captare.

χαίρω, co. χαρίζω, from 2. χαρῶ, gaudeo, lætor, delector—to rejoice, be cheerful, glad, pleased, delighted. im. ἔχαιρον, ες, ε, pr. imper. χαῖρε, salve, ave, gaude, used in saluting, taking leave, rejecting, contemning: 2<sup>a</sup> sing. opt. χαίροις, ave, inf. χαίρειν, salutem, β. ἔχαρον, I. χαρησω, pf. κεχάρηκα, sync. κέχαρκα, med. κέχαρα, pass. κεχάρημαι, sync. κέχαρμαι, β. ἐχάρην, subj. χαρῶ, ἦς, ῆ, opt. χαρείην, inf. χαρῆναι, part. χαρεῖς, ἐνός, gavisus.

χλαινώ, tepefacio, modicè calefacio—to warm, tepey, heat a little, foment; In voce mediâ, tepeo, tepesco, tepesio, to be tepid, grow warm, become lukewarm. fut. χλαινῶ, α. ἐχλαιάνθη, pf. κεχλίαγκα, pass. κεχλίαμαι.

## Ψ

Ψάλλω, tango, pulso, leni motu percutio, levi motu perstringo, fidibus cano, Psallo—to touch, tip, beat, play upon an instrument, strike with a musical hand, call harmonious sounds from trembling strings, sing to the lyre.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; 1. ῶ, pf. κα.

fut. φαλῶ, α. ἔψηλα, pf. ἔψηλκα, med. ἔψηλα, pass. ἔψηλμαι,σαι, λαι, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. Ion. ἐψάλαλαι, pro ἐψηλμένοι, εἰσί, leviter tacti sunt, 2, fut. med. φαλῆμαι.

155 ψήνομαι, + acinos defluere sino—to let the grape-stones fall.

## CHAPTER II.

Consisting of verbs which are contractible in the present and preterimperfect tenses. They are commonly called circumflex verbs.

### CLASS 1.

pr. { ᾶω, } 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.  
 { ἴω, }

Any verbs in ᾶω, which make their first future in ᾶσω, and their perfect in ακα, and any in ἴω, which form their first future in ἴσω, and their perfect in εκα, have those tenses generally inserted.

Many verbs of this class want the second future, second aorist, and middle perfect; this is especially the case with such verbs, as, by contraction, become monosyllables; and also with such polysyllables as, when contracted, end in ω pure; as θλάω, θλῶ, elido; ποιέω, ποιῶ, facio.

Except σβέω, σβῶ, extinguo, 2. σβῶ, extinguum, β. ἔσβον, extinxi; σπῆω, pr. & 2. σπῶ, traho, & traham, β. ἔσπον, traxi; σχέω, σχῶ, habeo, 2. ἕβεο, β. ἔσχον, habui.

Several polysyllables which, in their contracted form, end in ω impure, have the above tenses. The second future is always like the contracted present, and the second aorist is also formed from thence without any regard to the quantity of the penultima; thus pr. φιλέω, φιλῶ, pr.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ήκα*.

contracted, amo, & second future amabo ; 2. aorist *ήφιλον*,  
amavi.

When the penultima of the perfect active is long, the perfect passive ends in *μαι*, but when short, *σ* is commonly inserted before *μαι*; as *λαλέω*, loquor, pf. act. *λελάληκα*, pass. *λελάλημαι*. *άρκέω*, arceo, pf. act. *ήρηκα*, pass. *ήρησμαι*. *κλάω*, frango, pf. act. *κέκλακα*, pass. *κέκλασμαι*.

*άγανακτέω*, indignor, stomachor, doleo, ægrè fero, conqueror, succenseo, excandesco, ringor—to be indignant, impatient, displeased, vexed, to grieve, take ill, complain, be angry, rage, fume, grin.

*άγαπάω*, amo, diligo, amicè et hilarè excipio, osculor; præfero, probro, acquiesco, contentus sum—to love, favour, respect, receive with cordial joy, and the kiss of charity; to prefer, approve, acquiesce, to be content and satisfied. pr. inf. *άγαπᾶν*, a. part. *άγαπήσας*, pf. pass. *ήγαπημένος*, η, ον, delectus. q. *άγω*, & *πᾶς*.

*άγᾶω*, vel *άγάομαι*, ὠμαι, demiror, stupeo; invideo, odio—to admire, be lost in wonder, stand Aghast; to envy, hate.

*άδέω*, placeo, gratificor—to please, gratify. *ανδάνω*, id. q. v.

5 *άδέω*, tædio, afficior, defatigor—to be wearied, tired out. q. *άδω*, satio.

*άδημονέω*, gravissimè angor, præ dolore pene exanimor; pavesco, terrefio, terreor—to be troubled in the extreme, to be lost in pain and anguish, to give one's-self to, and be nearly dead of grief; to dread, fear greatly, be terrified, affrighted. q. a priv. & *δῆμος*.

*άζωλέω*, † irascor—to be angry.

*άθεμβέω*, † lascivio—to wanton.

*άθρέω*, video, cerno, intueor; circumspicio, perpendo—to see, discern, look upon, behold; to look around, consider, thoroughly weigh. q. a intes. & *θεωρῶς*, spectator.

10 *άιονάω*, , aspergo, perfundo, irrigo; lavo, haurio—to sprin-

Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. 1 *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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kle, wet, drench, pour upon, irrigate, water; wash, draw, drink in.

αίξέω, co. *έλλω*, & *έλω*, *capio, præhendo, corripio, occupo, invado; deturbo, evertō; expugno, subigo; vinco, obtineo, teneo; convinco et damno; interficio, tollo; Med. eligo, antepono, pluris facio; volo, opinor, censeo, capesso; sectam aliquam consector—to take, lay hold of, seize, come upon, invade; throw down, overturn, evert; vanquish, subdue, oppress; overcome, conquer, compass, obtain, hold; convict and sentence; to kill, put to death; Med. to choose, elect, prefer, make much of; to will, think, be of opinion, judge, take in hand; be a sectarian. 1. *αιξήσω*, pf. *ήξηκα*, 2. *έλω*, β. *είλον*, 2. med. *έλωμαι*, β. *είλωμην*, ε, *έλο*, part. *έλόμενος*; *eligens*, α. ind. *είλάμην*, ω, *άτο*, 1. *αιξήσομαι*, pf. pass. *ήξεμαι*, *σαι*, *ται*, (ε pro η) α. *ήξέτην*, pf. part. *ήξεμένος*, η, *ον*.*

αίσθεομαι, vide *αίσθάνομαι*, *sentio—to perceive.*

αίσυμνάω, *regno, impero—to reign, rule over, sway.*

αίτέω, *peto, postulo, posco—to ask, petition, require, demand. pf. pass. ήτημαι, σαι, ται, α. ήτητην, 1. αίτηθήσομαι. αίτήζω, id.*

15 *αίωρέω*, *in sublime attollo, sursum tollo, elevo, eveho; suspendo, pendeo; spe suspensus sum—to bear aloft, take up, raise high, poise in the Air, elevate, soar away with; suspend, hang; be in expectant suspense.*

αίσομαι, *εμαι*, *medicor, sano—to heal, cure; Metap. expio, sarcio, resarcio, to expiate, patch, repair, mend. 1. άκίσομαι, & ησομαι.*

ακροάομαι, *audio, pareo—to hear, hearken, obey. 1. άκράσομαι, pf. pass. ήκράομαι.*

αλάομαι, *vagor, erro, incertus sum—to wander, stray, err, deviate, be uncertain.*

αυδέω, *augeo, incrementum do—to augment, cause to increase, give an augmentation. αυδαίνω, idem.*

20 *αλέξέω*, *arceo—to ward off; vide αλέξω, apud separatam classem.*

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκx*.

- άλίω*, *molo*; *caveo*, *vito*; *congrego*—*to grind*; *to be wary and cautious*, *to shun*, *avoid*; *gather*, *congregate*. 1. *έσω*, & *ήσω*.
- 25 *άλθίω*, *sano*—*to restore Health*, vide *άλθω*.
άλισγιέω, *contamino*, *polluo*—*to contaminate*, *spoil by admixture*, *pollute*.
- άλλίω*, *pecco*, *delinquo*, *scelus admitto*, *violo*, *offendo*, *decipio*, *fallo*—*to do wrong*, *sin*, *fail in duty*, *commit a crime*, *violate*, *offend*, *deceive*, *disappoint*.
- άλοάω*, *triturio*, *comminuo*, *cædo*, *percutio*—*to thrash*, *bruise*, *minish*, *beat*, *strike*, *percuss*. 1. *άσω*, & *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.
 q. *άλως*, *area*. *άλοιάω*, *id*.
- άμαρτίω*, vide *άμαρτίανω*, *aberro*—*to deviate*.
- 30 *άμάω*, *meto*, *demeto*, *colligo*, *accumulo*; *abscindo*; *fructum et utilitatem percipio*—*to mow*, *reap*, *cut down*, *gather*, *lay up*, *accumulate*; *cut off*, *rend*; *receive profit and advantage*. q. *έμα*, *una cum*.
- άμφισβητέω*, *de aliquâ re contendo*, *controversor*, *in judicium contendo*, *litigo*, *ambigo*, *dubito*—*to contend*, *dispute*, *controvert*, *go to law*, *litigate*, *differ*, *doubt*. q. *άμφίς*, *utrinque*, *in medio*, & *βάω*, 1. *βήσω*. *Εο*.
- άπαλαίω*, *fallo*, *decipio*, *seduco*, *impono*—*to beguile*, *deceive*, *lead astray*, *seduce*, *impose upon*.
- άπαλέω*, *Æol.* *άπέλλω*, *minor*, *minitor*, *interminor*; *glorior*—*to threaten*, *menace*, *boast*. α. *ήπέλησα*, m. *ήπελησομαι*, ω, *άλο*, subj. *άπαλήσωμαι*, η, *είαι*.
- άρέω*, vide *άρέσκω*, *placo*, *amicum reddo*—*to pacify*.
- 35 *άρκέω*, *propulso*, *Arceo*, *auxilior*, *opitolor*, *sufficio*, *satis sum*, *par sum*, *contentus sum*, *acquiesco*—*to keep off*, *repulse*, *drive away*, *aid*, *assist*, *help*, *furnish*, *suffice*, *have enough*, *be sufficient for*, *equal or adequate to*, *content*, *to acquiesce*. 1. *άρκέσω*, α. *ήκεσα*, Ion. *άρεκα*, pf. *ήκεκα*, pass. *ήκεσμαι*, *σαι*, *σαι*, α. *ήκεσθην*, ης, η, 1. *άρεσθήσομαι*, η, *είαι*.
- άργέομαι*, *recuso*, *nego*, *abnego*, *denego*, *detrecto*—*to refuse*, *deny*, *disown*, *withhold*, *to detract*. im. *ήργέομην*, *έμην*,

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, αῶ, & ἔω I. ἦσω, pf. κκα.

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pf. pass. ἤνημαι, σαι, ται, I. m. ἀρνήσασμαι, α. ἤρνησάμην, ω, αῖο,  
subj. ἀρνήσασμαι, η, ηται, inf. ἀρνήσασθαι, part. ἀρνησάμενος, η, εν.  
ἀρτῆάω, vel ἔω, suspendo; m. pendeo ex aliquo, spem in  
aliquo collocatum habeo—to suspend, hang up; m. to be  
dependent, rely upon, put confidence in, be expectant.

ἀρτῆόμαι, paro, apparo—to get ready, fit, prepare for.

ἀσκέω, colo, exerceo, procolo, meditor, doceo, erudio, po-  
lio—to cultivate, exercise, dress, adorn, beautify, muse  
upon, teach, instruct, erudiate, polish. α. ἤσκησα.

40 ἀσχαλάω, doleo, tristor—to grieve, be sad, vide ἀσχάλλω, id.  
ἀλάω, noceo, lædo, noxum vel damnum infero—to hurt,  
wound, endamage, be detrimental.

ἀύξέω, separatam apud classem, vide αἰέξω, augeo.

αύχέω, glorior, jacto me—to boast, brag.

ἄω, & ἄημαι, flo, spiro—to blow, breathe. im. ἄην, ἄης, ἄη,  
flabam, pr. part. ἀεῖς, ἀεῖσα, ἀέν, G. ἀενίος, spirans; pr. med.  
ἄημαι, spiro, im. ἄημην, ἄησω, ἄητο, spirabam.

B

45 βαλέω, jacio, immitto—to cast, hurl, vide βάλω.

βαυθεάω, † dormio, sopio—to sleep, lull to rest, sing Lullaby  
Baby; q. Βαυθεά, Baubo, the nurse of Ceres, q. v.

βαάω, vide βαίνω, gradior, incedo—to walk.

βδέω, pedo, flatum ventris emitto; puteo, fæteco—to break  
wind; stink, be fætid. I. ἔσω, & ἦσω.

βινέω, † coeo, inco—to come together.

50 βλασέω, vide βλασάνω, germino—to bud.

βλέω, vide βάλω, jacio—to hurl.

βλεχάομαι, ὦμαι, Balo, vagio—to bleat as a shecp, cry as an  
infant. pf. pass. βέβληχηναι.

βοάω, Dor. βογρέω, Boo, clamo, vociferor, clamando seu  
clamore dico—to low, bellow, bawl, vociferate, be boister-  
ous, publish by a shout, proclaim. α. βοήσα, imp. βόησον,  
αῖο.

βοηθεύω, auxilior, opitulor, succurro; occurro hostibus, pro-

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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pugnatum advenio; patrocinator—to aid, help, assist, run to the succour or relief of; to meet the foe, advance for the purpose of defending; to patronize, support. α. *έβοήθησα*, im. *βοηθήσον*, *άλο*; q. *είς τήν βοήν θέω*, ad clamorem accurro. *άδέν βοηθεί*, nihil prosit, it Booteth nothing.

55 *βοσκέω*, vide *βόσκω*, pasco—to feed.

βελίωμας, vide *βελόμαι*, volo—to be willing.

βριάω, robustum reddo, robustus vel potens sum, extollo, tumesco—to strengthen, make robust, be strong or mighty, extol, swell, be tumid; q. d. to breathe high; q. *βεί*, valde, & *άω*, spiro. 1. *βριάσω*, pf. *βέβριακα*.

Γ

γαμέω, uxorem duco, nubo—to take a wife, marry.

γελάω, rideo; irrideo—to laugh, smile; to scoff; Metaph. splendo, niteo, floreo, to shine, flourish, as the laughing fields and smiling champaign. 1. *γελάσ-ω*, & *ομαι*, α. *έγέλασα*, pf. *γέγελακα*, pass. *γεγέλασμαι*, *ασαι*, *σαι*, α. *έγελάσθην*.

60 *γενάομαι*, vide *γίνομαι*, sum, existo—to be, exist.

γεννάω, Gigno, progigno, genero, pario—to beget, generate, gender, procreate, bear, bring forth. q. *γείνομαι*, gignor. Vox Med. deest, pr. pass. nascor, pf. *γεγέννημαι*, *σαι*, *σαι*, natus sum, α. *έγεννήθην*, part. *γεννηθείς*, genitus.

γεθίω, co. *γηθω*, gaudeo, lætor—to rejoice, be merry, glad. im. *έγηθειον*, Ion. *γήθειον*, 1. *γηθήσω*, & *γήσω*, pf. *γέγηκα*, & *γεγηθήκα*, sync. *γέγηθα*, lætatus sum, part. *γεγηθώς*, α. pass. *έγηθην*.

γοάω, & *γοάομαι*, *ώμαι*, gemo, deploro, defleo, lugeo—to sigh, mourn, weep over, lament. 1. *γοάσω*, pr. inf. Dor. *γοήμεναι*, quasi *γοήμι*; α. part. pass. *γοηθείς*, deflectus, much lamented.

γραάω, comedo—to eat, devour, Graze. 1. *γραάσω*, α. *έγρασα*, pf. *ακα*. *γραίνω*, id.

65 *γραιάω*, † subsanno—to scoff, scorn.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκά*.

Δ

δαίω, disco, doceor, scio—to learn, be taught and receive instruction, to know and be skilful. I. *δάσω*, pf. *δηδάηκα*, pass. *δεδαήμαι*, part. *δεδαημένος*, η, ον, β. ind. *έδαήν*, ης, η, inf. *δαήναι*, I. med. *δανομοι*, pf. *δέδαα*, part. *δεδαώς*. γ. *δαίω*.

δαμάω, sync. *δμάω*, co. *δέμω*, & *δάμνω*, Domo, subigo; affligo, occido—to tame, domesticate, bring under, subdue; to afflict, kill. I. *δαμάσω*, α. *έδάμασα*, pf. *δεδέμηκα*, sync. *δέδμηκα*, pass. *δέδμημαι*, part. *δεδμημένος*, α. ind. *έδμηθην*, 2. act. *δαμῶ*, β. *έδαμον*, ες, ε, pass. *έδάμην*, ης, η, prostratus est, inf. *δαμῆναι*, Dor. *δαμήμεναι*, part. *δαμείς*, εῖσα, εν, γ. *ένίος*. *δαμνάω*, contr. *δαμνῶ*, id. Hence Lat. Damno, & Eng. Damn. *δάμημι*, id. 3^a sing. *δάμησι*, reprimis, he represses, makes a Dam; item Dam, the mother of an animal.

δαπανάω, consumo, impendo, expendo, sumptus facio, exhaurio; splendide vivo et bona obligurio—to consume, waste, lay out, expend, disburse, exhaust; to live magnificently and riotously waste one's goods. pf. pass. *δεδαπάνημαι*, med. *δεδάπανα*, ας, ε.

δαρθέω, vide *δαρθάνω*, dormio—to sleep.

70 *δέω*, ligo, vincio; in vinculâ conjicio—to bind, tie, fasten, to imprison, lay in chains. *δεσμός*, & *διαδεσμός*, id. I. *δήσω*, & *δέσω*, α. *έδησα*, & *εσα*, pf. *δέδεκα*, pass. *δέδεμαι*, σαι, ται, inf. *δέδεσθαι*, part. *δεδεμένος*, η, ον, vinctus, I. *δεδήσομαι*, α. *έδέθην*, ligatus fui, inf. *δέθναι*. *δει*, oportet, convenit, it is a must be, it is necessary and proper.

δέω, co. *δέίω*, absum, careo, opus vel necesse habeo—to be absent, wanting, under constraint or obligation, needy. I. *δέήσω*, α. *έδήσα*, I. med. *δεήσομαι*, pf. pass. *δεδέημαι*. *δει*, opus est, it is needful or necessary.

δηλέω, lædo, corrumpo, deludo, decipio—to hurt, corrupt, delude, deceive.

διαλάω, + pereribro—to sift.

διδασκέω, doceo—to teach, Att. pro *διδάσκω*, γ. γ.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

75 *διφάω*, quæro, investigo—to seek, make a search, investigate, trace. 1. *διφάσω*. q. *δίω άφῆ*, tactu persequor.

δμέω, vide *δέμω*, struo, ædifico—to build.

δοκέω, co. *δόκω*, videor, censeo, existimo, probō, in aliquâ existimatione sum—to seem, think, be of opinion, judge, suppose, approve, be of some repute, or degree of estimation. *δοκεῖ*, videtur. im. *ιδόκειον*, εν, 1. *δόξω*, raro *δοκήσω*, decerno, statuo, to decree, appoint, α. *έδοξα*, pf. *δέδοχα*, raro *δεδοκήκα*, pass. *δέδογμαί*, *ξαι*, *κλαι*, 1. *δοχθήσομαι*. *καλᾶ τὸ δοκῆν*, prout ipsis videbatur. *οἱ δοκῆντες*, qui censentur, qui sunt in aliquâ estimatione.

δονέω, agito, turbo, lacesso—to shake, agitate, disturb, provoke.

δραμέω, vide *τρέχω*, curro, to run.

80 *δράω*, fugio—to run away, vide *διδράκω*.

δράω, facio, ministro—to do, act, perform, minister, serve.

1. *δράσω*, α. part. Ion. *δρήσας*, faciens.

δυνάομαι, vide *δύναμαι*, possum, valeo, to be able.

E

εάω, *ῶ*, sino, permitto; prætermitto, omitto; desino, cesso; valere jubeo, renuncio—to suffer, permit; pass by, omit; to give out, cease; to adieu, renounce. im: *εἶαον*, pro augmento recipit i post e. 1. *εἶάσω*, α. *εἶασα*, pf. *εἶακα*.

ηγισσάω, coitum appeto, concipio—to desire, conceive. q. *έν*, & *κισσάω*, appeto, R. *κίσσικα*, pica. Hence, a Kiss; nisi a *κύω*, osculor.

85 *εγρηγορέω*, per Aphær. *γρηγορέω*, vigilo—to keep awake, watch, be vigilant. pf. med. *εγρηγόρησα*. *γρηγόρησις*, *εως*, ἡ, *vigilantia*, vigilance, guard. Gregory, the watchman.

εθέλω, videas *εθέλω*, volo, to will, desire.

είλέω, cogo, conglobo, coarcto, congrego, concludo—to gather, amass, form into a ball or lump, conglobulate, straiten, assemble, shut up.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἀώ, & έώ, 1. ήσω, pf. ηκα.

είλέω, verso, circumago, volvo, convolvo, circumvolvo—
to turn, wheel, wind about, roll, con- & circum- volve.

είλάω, vide έλαύνω, to move, incite, decamp.

90 έμέω, vomo, evomo—to vomit, throw up, have an Emetic. 1.

είμέσω, α. ήμεσα, pf. ήμεκα, Att. έμήμικα, ας, ε.

έράω, poet. έραμαι, Amo; amore prosequor; cupio, affecto
—to love; desire, long for, affect. 1. έράσω, pf. ηρακα.

έρεσχέλειω; cavillor, scommatè illudo, ludificor, contendo,
rixor—to wrangle, chicane; play upon with a jeer, mock,
taunt, make game of, contend, dispute, quarrel, squabble,
scold.

έρευνάω, indago, investigo, scrutor, perscrutor, inquirō—
to search, trace, investigate, follow by the track, scan,
scrutinize, inquire. α. ήρεύνησα.

έρρέω, see έρρω, to walk and mourn.

95 έρωέω, eo, fluo, impetu feror; cesso, retrocedo, inhibeo,
repello, impello—to go, flow, be carried with violence;
cease; desist, go back, stop, hinder, repulse, impel.

έρωλιάω, interrogo, rogo, quæro; oro, precor; argumentum
vel questionem propono, ratiocinor—to interrogate, ask,
demand, inquire; pray, request; propose an argument,
propound a question, reason upon or handle one.

εύδίο, vide εύδω, dormio, to sleep.

εύρέω, vide εύρίσκω, invenio, investigando.

έχέω, in the separate class, see Ψω, to seeth or boil.

100 έω, sum; Eo, vado, venio—to be; go, come; 1. έσομαι.

Hence, είμι, sum; είμι, ιήμι, et ήμαι, eo, vado, venio,
to go, come; quæ vide in suis locis.

έω, induo; colloco, statuo; mitto, jaculor—to put on,
dress; place, appoint; send, hurl; fut. έσω, poet. έσσω,
induam, collocabo, α. είσα, ας, ε, Ion. έσα, collocavi,
part. έσας, poet. έσας, qui collocavit, qui sedere jussit
vel facit; fut. m. είσομαι, α. είσάμην, poet. έσσαμην, ω, et
3^a sing. είσοσθε, imp. έσσαι, indue, part. έσσάμενος, indu-
tus; pf. pass. είμι, indutus sum, collocatus sum, 3^a pl.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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 Ion. *είλαι*, pro *είλαι*, part. *είμένος*, indutus. Ab *έω*, colloco, est *είμαι*, & Crasi, *ήμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, sedeo. Ab, et pro *έω*, mitto, usit. *ίημι*, q. v.

## Z

*ζάω*, vivo; vigeo, lætus sum—to live; flourish, be glad, joyful: pr. contr. *ζω*, *ζα̃ς*, *ζα̃*, frequentius Att. *ζω*, *ζη̃ς*, *ζη̃*, poet. *ζώω*, *ζώεις*, &c. pr. inf. Dor. *ζην*, part. *ζάων*, *εσσα*, *ον*, contr. *ζων*, *ζωσα*, *ζων*, G. *ζωνος*, β. ind. *ζη̃ν*, *ης*, *η*, I. *ζήσω*, usitatus *ζήσομαι*, *η*, *είαι*, α. *ζη̃σα*, subj. *ζήσω*, *ης*, *η*, part. *ζησας*, *ασα*, *αν*, qui vixit.

*ζέω*, fervio, bullio, excandesco, scateo—to be fervid, boil, wax very hot, bubble, gush, flow. I. *ζέσω*, pf. *ζη̃κα*.

*ζη̃έω*, quæro, quæstionem habeo vel exerceo, requiro, rei amissæ desiderio teneor; studeo, conor—to seek, make a search, question, require, to dwell upon or have the mind occupied about something which we have lost, and be intent upon the finding of it, to study, endeavour, attempt.

## H

105 *ηγέομαι*, *εμαι*, duco, dux sum, præeo, existimo, opinor, puto, reor, arbitror—to lead, command, be captain, take the lead, preside, esteem, be of opinion, think, suppose, arbitrate. q. *άγω*, duco. I. *ηγήσομι*, pf. pass. *ηγμαι*.

*η̃θέω*, percribro—to put through a sieve; vide *η̃θω*, idem.

*η̃μενέω*, indignor, ægrè fero—to be angry, take or bear ill.

*η̃πάζω*, † sarcio—to patch, mend. α. inf. med. *η̃πίσασθαι*, sarcire.

## Θ

*θάω*, *θω̃*, cum stupore video; nutrio, lacto, epulor—to see, behold with astonishment; to nourish, suckle, educate, banquet, sup.

110 *θειάω*, freq. *θειάομαι*, specto, contemplor; ludos specto; video—to view, look at or upon, gaze, contemplate, con-

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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sider; *be a spectator at public games*; *to see, behold*. I.

- m. *θεάσομαι*, α. *έθεασαμην*, ω, *αίω*, inf. *θεάσασθαι*, part. *θεασάμενος*, η, *ον*, pf. pass. *τεθέαμαι*, *ασαι*, *αίαι*, α. *έθεάθην*, ης, η, inf. *θεαθῆναι*.

θελέω, vide *θέλω*, volo, *to be willing*.

θέω, curro, cursu contendo—*to run, rival in the race*. poet.

θείω; pr. inf. *θειῖν*, I. m. *θεύσομαι*, η, (Ion. *εαι*), *είαις* inf. *θεύσεσθαι*, part. *θευσόμενος*, Dor. *-έμενος*.

θέω, *θῶ*, I. *θήσω*, vide *τίθημι*, colloco, *to place*.

θλάω, elido, contundo, frango, conquasso, collido—*to dash against, clash, strike, break, shake, clap together*.

I. *θλάσω*, *τέθλακα*, α. pass. *έθλάσθην*, contusus fui, *I received a contusion*.

115 *θνάω*, vide *θνήσκω*, morior, *to die*.

θροέω, vide *θρώσκω*, salio, *to bound*.

θράω, sedeo—*to sit*. α. m. *έθρήσαμην*, inf. *θρήσασθαι*.

θρέω, vel *θρέομαι*, tumultuando clamo vel loquor—*to make a tumultuous noise or cry, join an uproar with a shout, clamour, brawl*. pf. m. *τέθροα*.

θρυγανάω, † frico, scalpo—*to rub, scrape*.

120 *θυμιάω*, & *άζω*, suffio, odores incendo vel accendo, adoleo—*to perfume, burn incense or aromatics, make odoriferous burnt offerings*. I. *θυμιάσω*, pf. *τέθυμιακα*, α. *ιθυμιάσα*, inf. *θυμιάσαι*.

I

ιάομαι, *ῶμαι*, medeor, sano, curo—*to heal, restore to health, cure*. I. m. *ιά-* Ion. *ιή-*σομαι, α. *ία-* Ion. *ιη-*σάμην, ω, *αίω*, pf. pass. *ιάμαι*, *σαι*, *ίαι*, α. *ιάθην*, ης, η, I. *ιάθησομαι*.

ικέτομαι, *ἔμαι*, co. *ἴκομαι*, venio, advenio, subeo, invado, pertineo, tango, supplico, obsecro—*to come, come to, arrive, enter, invade, surprise, tend to, touch upon, supplicate, intreat, conjure*. th. *ἴω*, venio. pf. pass. *ἴγμαι*. I. m. *ἴξομαι*, β. *ἰκόμην*, ε, *είω*, inf. *ἰκίσθαι*, supplicare, part. *ἰκόμενος*; *ἰκίτης*, supplex.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

ιλάω, & *ίλημι*, usit. *ιλάσχω*, q. v. propitius sum; poet. *placo*
—to be mild, propitious, kind; poet. to atone, pacify.
pr. imp. *ίλ-αδι*, & *-ηδι*.

ινέω, vacuo, inanio, purgo, expurgo—to evacuate, empty,
purge, cleanse.

125 *ισάω*, vide *ίσημι*, scio, to know.

K

κακ-άω, & *-κάω*, † *Caco*—to have a stool, *Caca*.

καλέω, voco, accerso, imploro, nomino—to Call, implore,
name. I. *καλ-έσω*, & *-ήσω*, sync. *κλησω*, & Att. *καλώ*, α.
έκαλεσα, vocavi, pf. *κεκόληκα*, & *κέκληκα*, pass. *κέκλημαι*, *σαι*,
ται, vocatus sum, α. *έκληθήν*, ης, η, nominatus fui, I. *κλη-*
θήσομαι, η, *είαι*, p. post f. *κεκλήσομαι*.

καμέω, sync. *κμέω*, vide *κάμνω*, fatigor, to be weary.

καυχάομαι, glorior, jacto me, jactans prædico, exulto—
to glory, boast, brag, publish one's own fame, rejoice,
exult. 2^d sing. *ᾶσι*, (ut *ἴσασμαι*, *ασαι*,) α. m. *ικαυχασάμην*,
ω, *αλο*, I. *καυχήσομαι*.

130 *κάω*, seu *κέω*, vide *καίνω*, accendo, to set on fire.

κελέομαι, vide *κέλω*, jubeo, to command.

κενέω, pungo, stimulo—to prick, make a puncture, sting,
goad, stimulate.

κεράω sync. *κράω*, vide *κεράννυμι*, misceo, to mix.

κέω, vide *κειμαι*, jacio, to lie along.

135 *κέω*, per Epenth. *κείω*, findo, to cleave, q. v.

κηλέω, mulceo, dulcidine cantus vel similis rei auribus
gratæ lenio, delinio; decipio, noceo—to sooth, appease
and quell by the charms of song and music, to lenify, cool,
calm, pacify; to deceive, hurt, harm.

κίνεω, moveo, e loco moveo; agito, quatio; promoveo,
incito, excito; muto, abrogo—to move, displace, agi-
tate, shake; promote, incite, rouse; change, abrogate. α.
έκίνησα, pass. *έκίνηθην*, pf. *κεκίνημαι*.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω* 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

κίχέω, invenio, assequor, comprehendo, *to find, obtain, overtake, comprehend.* q. *χῶ*, capio, & *κίω*, eo. *κίχάνω*, & *κίχημαι*, idem. ε. *έκίχον*, ες, ε, inf. *κίχεῖν*, α. ind. *έκίχησα*, ας, ε, part. *κίχίσας*, ασα, αν.

κλάω, frango—to break. 1. *κλάσω*, α. *έκλασα*, ας, ε, inf. *κλαῶσαι*, part. *κλάσας*, pf. *κέκλακα*, pass. *κεκλασ-μαι*, -αι, -ται, part. -μένος, fractus, α. *έκλάσθην*, ης, η, part. *κλασθῆς*, εῖσα, έν.

140 *κνάω*, & *κνέω*, rado, scalpo, scabo, scindo, frico, pruritum moveo vel excito, titillo—to shave, scrape, scratch, cut, rub, cause an itching or titillation, to tickle.

κοιμάω, dormire facio, sopio, in lecto colloco—to make one dorm, cast asleep, lull to rest, put to bed; *κοιμάομαι*, ῶμαι, dormiendi gratiâ cubo, dormio, obdormio, sopior—to lie down to sleep, to dorm, sink into or be locked in the arms of Somnus; Metaph. morior, mortuus sum, to die, fall into the iron sleep, be dead. α. *έκοίμησα*, ας, ε, pf. pass. *κεκοίμημαι*, σαι, ται, part. -μένος, α. *έκοιμήθην*, ης, η, 1. *κοιμηθήσομαι*.

κολετράω, † proculco—to tread, trample upon.

κολυμβάω, nato; aquas subeo, urino—to swim; go under water, dive.

κομέω, curo, curam gero, orno; nutrio, alo—to take care, have the management of, comb, adorn, fit, furnish; to cherish and train up; q. *κόμη*, Coma. *κομίζω*, id.

145 *κονέω*, festino, propero, curro; ministro, famulor, operor—to make haste, pace nimbly, run; minister, serve, work, toil, q. *κόνις*, q. d. pulverem excitans currendo.

κορ-έω, -ένν-υμι, & -ύω, satio, satura—to satiate, fill, saturate, cloy, 2. *κορῶ*, εῖς, εἷ, poet. *έα*, satiabo, 1. *έσω*, & *ήσω*, α. *έκόρεσα*, ας, ε, pf. *κεκόρεκα*, pass. *κεκόρεσμαι*, part. *κεκορεσμένος*, & *ημένος*, satiatus, α. *έκορέσθην*, ης, η, 1. *κορεσθήσομαι*, η, εἶται, α. m. *έκορέσαμην*, ω, αλο, poet. *κορέσσαλο*, se satiavit.

κορέω, etiam verro, everro, purgo; orno, curo—to brush,

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

sweep out, clean, purge; adorn, take care of. I. *κορήσω*,
pf. part. *κορημένος, η, ον, purgatus.*

κρεμάω, suspendo, suspensum teneo—to suspend, hang
up, hold suspended; *κρεμάνν-υμι, -ύω*, id. *κρεμν-ημι, -άω*,
& *κρεμώω*, idem. I. *άσω*, α. *έκρέμασα*, α. pass. *έκρεμάσθην*,
part. *κρεμασθείς*; *κρέμασομαι, σαι, ται*, pendeo, to hang, be
suspended.

κρέω, † impero, regno—to rule, reign.

150 *κτάομαι, ώμαι*, acquirō, comparo, concilio, possideo—to
acquire, get, procure, gain, conciliate, have, possess.
κλήσομαι, pf. *κλήκημαι, σαι, ται*, pro quo *έκτημαι*, acquisivi,
habeo, possideo. *I have acquired, I hold, possess.* p. post
f. *κεκλήσομαι, η, είται*, α. *έκλήσθην, ης, η*, from 3rd sing. *έκλήται*,
pf. part. *κεκλήμενός*, dominus, *μενή*, domina, α. m. *έκλήσα-*
μην, ω, ατο.

κυβερνάω, navem rego, cursum navis dirigo; Gubernō et
rego—to have the command of a ship, to pilot or steer a
vessel; to Govern and have the sway.

κυέω, id. qd. *κύω*, pregnans sum, to be pregnant, q. v.

κυκαω, misceo, liquores misceo, confundo, turbo, perturbo
—to mix, mingle, make a mixture of liquors, blend, con-
found, cuckold, muddy, Prov. mucky, disturb.

κυρεβάω, † cornibus peto vel pugno—to attack or push
with horns. q. *κέρας*, cornu, & *έάω*, pro quo *έάινω*, eo.

155 *κυνάω*, † circumagere—to turn about, daub with pitch, be
garrulous.

A

λαλέω, loquor; garrō, verba facio, temerè et inconsi-
deratè verba fundo—to speak, say; to prate, be garru-
lous, talk only, speak without consideration. α. *ιλάλησαι*,
imp. *λάλησον, ατω*, pf. pass. *λαλάημαι*, dictus fui, α. *ιλαλή-*
θην, ης, η, part. *λαληθείς*, I. *λαληθισομαι, η, είται*.

λάω, video, volo, fruor—to see, desire, enjoy, (Hence *Lo*,
behold). Pleonasmo τῷ υ, *λαύω*, unde *άπολαύω*.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ᾶω, & ἔω, I. ἦσω, pf. ἦκα.

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λημέω, Dor. λακέω, sono, crepo, resono, sonitum do vel facio, vocem do, loquor; lacero—to sound, creak, resound, make a noise or din; give mouth, speak; tear, lacerate. β. ἔλακον, ες, ε, sonitum dedi, α. ἐλάκησα, ας, ε, pf. m. λέλ-ακκ, & ἦκα.

λωφάω, respiro, interquiesco; cesso, cedo—to breathe, respire, take a breathing time, rest at intervals; leave off, cease, allay.

M

160 μαθήω, vide μανθάνω, disco, to learn.

μασ- & μασσο-άομαι, mando, manduco, comedo, voro—to chew, eat, devour.

μαχέομαι, vide μαχομαι, pugno, to fight.

μάω, vehementer cupio, supra modum desidero; quæro—to long eagerly for, desire earnestly and beyond measure; seek after. pf. μέμακκ, vel ἦκκ, Ion. μέμαα, promptus fui, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. pppf. μέμασαν. cupiverant, Ion. et Sync. pro εμεμαίκησαν, part. μεμαώς, for μεμηκώς, or ακώς, υῖα, qui promptus fuit.

μηδάω, vel μηδέω, μηδ-ιάω, & ιάζω, id. leniter vel molliter rideo, subrideo, to laugh softly. α. ἐμείδησα.

μελέω, vide μέλω, curæ sum, to be an object of care.

165 μελλέω, vide μέλλω, futurus sum, about to be.

μενέω, vide μένω, Maneo, to abide.

μηκάομαι, -ῶμαι, balo, caprisso—to bleat; propriè de capris dicitur, ut de ovibus. βληχάομαι, pf. part. μεμακώς, υῖα, α. inf. m. μηκάσθαι. μηκάζω, id.

μίμιομαι, ἔμαι, Imitor, imitatione exprimo—to imitate, Mimic, resemble, represent. I. ἦσομαι, pf. μεμίμημαι, σαι, ῖται.

μιάομαι, Memoro, commemoro, memor sum, mentionem facio, Med. in memoriam mihi ipsi revoco, recordor, reminiscor; ambio, procus sum—to be mindful of, commemorate, bear in mind and make Mention of, re-

Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. I *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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hearse, recite, recount, record, remember; go round, be a suitor. I. *μνήσομαι*, α. *έμνήσάμην*, ω, αλο, pf. pass. *μέμνημαι*, passim pro præsentī usurpatum invenitur, ut et Lat. *Memini, novi, &c.* α. *έμνήσθην*, recordatus sum, I. *μνησθήσομαι*, pf. imp. *μέμνησο*, σθω, α. *μνήσθι*, ήω, Memor esto, *from*

170 *μνάω*, pro quo in pr. *μεινήσκω*, in memoriam revoco; *commonefacio, admoneo—to call to mind, remember; to advise, admonish, Prov. Min.* I. *μνήσω*, pf. *μέμνηκα*, 3^a sing. I. *μνήσει*, admonebit, et f. part. α. *μνήσασα*, *are met with.*

μολέω, seu *μόλω*, venio, advenio, eo, vado, proficiscor; transeo, prætereo—to come, come to, arrive at, go, march; pass over or by; β. *έμολον*, ες, ε, part. *μολών*.

μυδάω, Madeo, præ nimio madore vitior, putresco, puteo—to moisten, vitiate by an excess of moisture, to moulder, decay, putrefy, stink, Hence *Mud, & Prov. Madour.*

μυέω, doceo ea quæ ad res sacras et divinas pertinent, in sacris instituo vel instruo, initio—to teach what appertains to things sacred and divine, instruct in solemn science, erudiate in, and introduce to the knowledge of *Mysteries holy and awful, enter, initiate, viz. to what hath been concealed and is to be kept with masonic secrecy; pf. pass. μεμύημαι*, initiatus sum, q. *μύω*, claudio, labia comprimo, *I shut up, keep the door of my lips.*

μυκάω, (I. *άσω*, et *ήσω*), et *μυκίομαι*, Mugio, boo—to low, bellow, roar, bray, bleat, give mouth; q. vox boum est *μῦ*. 2. *μυκῶ*, mug-io, et -iam, im. et β. *έμυκον*, Ion. *μυκον*, crepabam, et crepui, sonui, *to have made a noise, sounded; pf. m. μέμυκα*, mugivi, part. -κῶς, υῖα, mugiens.

N

175 *νάω*, fluo, mano, scaturio—to flow, run, stream, gush out; et

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *ἀώ*, & *έω*, 1. *νω*, pf. *νωα*.

νάω, pro *ναίω*, habito, to dwell. α. *ένασ-α*, et *σα*, sine aug. *νάσσα*, habitare feci; collocavi, pass. *νάσθην*, m. *νασσαμένην*, habitavi, inf. *νάσσεσθαι*, habitavisse.

νεμεσ-άω, & *-άομαι*, *ώμαι*, indignor, irascor, succenseo; merito, indignor, invideo, invidens irascor; indignationem seu reprehensionem formido, timeo—to be displeased, take ill, be angry; be deservedly indignant, to envy, decry, have a mixture of hatred and anger; to be afraid of reprehension, stand in awe, dread, fear. α. pass. *ένεμεσθήην*.

νέω, Neo, filum duco vel torqueo—to spin, draw or twine a thread. *νήθω*, id. 1. *νήσω*.

νέω, glomero, acervo, cumulo—to wind up, make a cleft, gather, heap, accumulate. *νήω*, id. 1. *νήσω*, α. *έησα*. inf. *νήσαι*, pf. part. pass. *νένημένος*, η, ον, cumulatus, piled.

νέω, usitatus *νεόμαι*, eo, venio, redeo—to go, come, return.

180 *νέω*, et *νεόμαι*, No, nato—to swim. 1. *νήσω*, et *νεύσω*, α. inf. *νέυσαι*, natate. *νήχω*, 1. *νήξω*, idem.

νικάω, vinco, supero, victor sum; antecello, superior sum, præsto—to conquer, overcome, vanquish, be victorious, gain one's point, excel, be superior, surpass. *νίκημαι*, id. 1. *ήσω*, Dor. *άσω*, et *αξώ*, α. *ένικησα*, subj. *νικήσω*, ης, η, inf. *νικήσαι*, part. *νικήσας*, *ασα*, *αν*, superans, α. pass. *νικηθείς*, *είσα*, *εν*, G. *ένιος*, victus.

νοσέω, redeo; eo, proficiscor—to return; go, set out. α. *ένόσησα*. part. *νοσήσας*, *ασα*, *αν*.

Ξ

ξέω, 1. *ξέσω*, rado, scalpo, polio; dolo, quum de lignis dicitur—to shave, scrape, smooth, polish; when used of timber, to hew, and chip it. *ξύω*, id.

Ο

ογκάζομαι, *-ώμαι*, † rudo—to bray as an ass. 1. *ογκήσομαι*, pr. part. *ογκώμενος*, η, ον, rudens.

Μ η

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*; & *έω*, I. *ησω*, pf. *ηκασ*.

- 185 *όξέω*, vide *όζω*, Oleo, *to smell*.
οιδέω, et *άω*, *tumescere, turgeo—to swell*. α. *ωδύσασα*.
οιδέω, vel *άω*, † *coeo, inco—to be joined to a wife*.
οιχίομαι, et *οιχέω*, *abeo—to depart*; vide *οίχομαι*, id.
όλέω, vide *όλλυμι*, *perdo, to lose, to destroy*.
- 190 *έμιχέω*, Meio, Mingo—*to make water*.
όνέω, Dor. *άω*, vide *όνημι*, *juvo—to help*.
όπιάω, *torreo, asso—to roast, broil*. pf. pass. *όπημαι*.
έράω, *video, cerno, observo; intelligo, animadverto—to see, behold, discern, observe; understand, animadvert, consider*. pr. imp. *έραε, έρα*, inf. *έράαν, έράων, videre, im.*
 Att. *έώραον*, et *έώρων*, I. *όράσω*, pf. *ώρακα*, Att. *έώρακα*, pass. *ώραμαι, σαι, ται*.
έργάω, *appeto impatienter, turgeo, prurio, vigeo—to desire with impatience, swell, be turgid, itch, titillate, flourish, be vigorous; propriè de animantibus libidine turgentibus; q. έργή, impetus*.
- 195 *έρχέω*, *moveo, saltare facio—to move, cause to dance*,
 Hence,
έρχομαι, έμαι, *salto, tripudio—to dance, caper, curvet*.
έπιάω, *vulnere, vulnus infligo, percutio—to wound, vulnerate, strike, percuss*. *έπιάζω, σκώ*, et *έστημι*, idem.
έφιλέω, vide *έφείλω*, *reus sum—to be impleaded*.
έχθέω, *indignor, gravor, graviter fero—to be displeased, angry, grudge, take ill*.

Π

- 200 *παλίω*, *calco, conculco, protero; contemptui habeo, contumelia afficio, opprimo; tero ut librum; ambulo—to tread upon, trample under foot, wear away; hold in contempt, despise, reproach, oppress; toss over as we do a book; to walk, Pad; Hence a Patten*.
πάω, vel *πάομαι*, *gusto, vescor, pasco, possideo, acquiro, Paro—to taste, eat, feed upon, Pasture, possess, acquire, get*. I. m. *πάσομαι*, α. *έπασαμην*, pf. pass. *πέπαμαι*.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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*περάω*, sync. *περάω*, transeo, transporto causa vendendi, vendo, penetro, trajicio, trano, supero—to go or pass over, cross, send merchandise abroad, take to a foreign market, sell, penetrate, convey, get over; surpass. 1. *άσω*, et *ήσω*, sync. *περάσω*; q. *πέρα*, ultra.

*πελάομαι*, et *πελάμαι*, id. qd. *πέλομαι*, volo, to fly.

*πείάω*, sync. *πιάω*, pando, explico, aperio—to open, spread, out, unfold, disclose; *πειάννυμι*, *ύω*, et *πέλαζω*, id. 1. *πέιάσω*, sync. *πιάσω*, α. *έπείασα*, pf. pass. *πεπίλα*, sync. *πέπιαμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, α. *έπείασθην*, *ης*, *η*, 1. *πείασθήσομαι*.

205 *πηδάω*, salto, salio, scaturio—to dance, leap, gush, stream.

*πηδασος*, *ο* *καί* *ή*, uliginosus et foniculis scatens, oozy, moist, marshy, springy, unde aqua *πηδάω*, i. e. prosilit.

*πλέω*, navigo—to sail, navigate, work a vessel, Plow the main. *πλώζω*, *ομαι*, poet. *πλώω*, & *πλώμι*, idem. 1. *πλεύσω*, pf. *τέπλευκα*, 1. m. *πληύσομαι*, Dor. *έμαι*, *ή*, *είλαι*.

*πνέω*, flo, spiro, anhele; odorem spiro, oleo—to blow, breathe, pant; give an odor, smell. 1. *πνεύσω*, α. *έπνευσα*, pf. *πέπνευκα*, pass. *μαι*.

*ποιέω*, facio, fabricor, efficio, ago, factito, Poeticè scribo, carmina compono vel facio, condo, pono, colloco, prosum—to make, form, put together, effect, perform, do, practise, to write poetically, compose as a poet, make verses, lay up, build, put, place, avail, profit: α. *έποίησα*, constitui, lucrifeci, commoratus sum, I have appointed, got gain, tarried, m. *έποιήσάμην*, ω, *αίω*; *ποιέομαι*, *έμαι*, fio, act. facio, &c. pf. pass. *πεποίημαι*, *ησαι*, *ηται*, α. *έποίηθην*, *ης*, *η*. *ποιεῖν χρόνον*, commorari, to loiter, delay; *ποιεῖν ἐναυλόν ἕνα*, to continue a year; *ποιεῖν ἕξω*, emittere, to put out; send forth; *ποιεῖσθαι πρὸς πλείονος*, pluris facio, to make much of, highly value; *πρὸς ὀλίγης*, contemnere, to despise; *ἐν θαύματι*, admirari, to hold in admiration; *ἑαυτὸν ἐπ' ἕξουσιαν*, comparare sibi magnam potentiam, to possess himself of extensive power; *εὐ ποιεῖν τινα*, alicui benefacere, to benefit a person, do him good; *ποιεῖν τῆς*

Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. 1 *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

*αλήθειαν*, veritati operam dare, *to have truth for one's object*.

*παλέω*, verito, verso; vertere terram, aro, pasco—to turn, move about; plow, cultivate, feed.

210 *πίω*, metu consterno, terreo, terrefacio, exterreo, obstupefacio, attonitum reddo—to stun with fear, terrify, scare, affright, astound, thunderstrike; Med. trepido, paveo, pavescio, expavescio, *to trepitate, be frightened, quake for fear*. q. *πίω*, cado, *to fall*.

*πωλέω*, vendo, vendito, venundo—to sell, vend, expose, set to sale. pass. *πωλῶμαι*, veneo, *to be sold*.

## P

*ρέω*, co. *ρεύω*, & *ρεύέω*, fluo, fundo, mano, stillo—to flow, stream, diffuse, spread, run, trickle, drop; Metaph. evanesco, intereo, labor, solvor, *to vanish, be lost, pass away, become lax and feeble*. I. *ρεύσω*, et *ρεύήσω*, fluam, pf. *ἔρρευκα*, fluxi, legitur etiam *ἔρρευήκα*, pf. m. *ἔρροα*, inusit.

*ρέω*, dico, loquor—to say, tell, speak, declare; R. *είρω*, dico. I. *ρήσω*, pf. *ἔρηκα*, I. pass. *ρηθήσομαι*, η, εἶαι, dicar, α. *ἔρηθην*, sæpius *ἔρρέθην*, ης, η, part. *ρηθεῖς*, εἶσα, ἐν, nunquam *ρεθεῖς*.

*ροφέω*, & *άω*, sorbeo, sorbillo, haurio, exhaurio—to sup or drink up, suck in, sip, draw, fetch up, exhaust. pf. *ἔροφηκα*.

## Σ

215 *σβέω*, vide *σβέννυμι*, extinguo, *to put out*.

*σιγάω*, taceo, sileo, conticeo, obticeo—to be silent, hush, still, hold one's peace, leave off speaking. I. *σιγήσω*, pf. *σισιγηκα*.

*σιωπάω*, id. α. *σιώπησα*, silui, *I said nothing*.

*σκεδάω*, dissipio, dispergo, discutio—to scatter, spread, disperse, shake down, dash to pieces; I. *σκιδάσω*, α. *ισκιδά-*



Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

*ασα*, pf. *ακα*, pass. *ασμαι*, α. *έσκεδασθην*, ης, η, 1. *σχεδασθήσομαι*, η, *έλαι*.

*σκορδινάομαι*, † *pandicular*—*to yawn and stretch the limbs*.

220 *σμεραγέω*, *resono*, *strepo*, *strepitum edo*, *strido*—*to resound, make a noise, creak, grate*.

*σμάω*, & *έω*, *abstergo*, *detergo*, *purgo*, *orno*—*to wipe off, clean out, cleanse, garnish, adorn*. *σμήχω*, id.

*σοβέω*, *abigo*, *expello*, *propello*, *moveo*, *concito*, *insolenter incedo*—*to drive off or away, expel, urge, push forward, propel, hasten, move, excite, advance with an insolent air, be haughty in one's carriage*.

*σπαργάω*, *tumescio*, *distentus sum*, *intumescio cupiditate*—*to swell, be distended; be big with desire*.

*σπάω*, *traho*, *attraho*, *extraho*, *vello*, *convello*, *divello*—*to draw, pull, sup up, attract, draw to, extract, pluck, twitch, pull up, rive, rend, tear asunder*. β. *έσπον*, 2. *σπῶ*, 1. *σπάσω*, α. *έσπασα*, pf. *έσπακα*; *σπάομαι*, *ῶμαι*, *dstringo*, *stringo*, *to tie, bind fast, strain hard, grasp*, *σπάλλαι ξίφος*, *evaginat vel stringit gladium*, *he unsheaths or draws a sword*, 1, *σπάσομαι*, α. *έσπασάμην*, ω, *αλο*, *eduxi*, part. *σπασάμενος*, η, *ον*, *strictus*, *drawn*, *unsheathed*, pf. pass. *έσπασμαι*, *σαι*, *σαι*, α. *έσπασθην*.

225 *σπέομαι*, poet. pro *έπομαι*, *sequor*, *to follow*.

*σπέω*, per Metath. pro *έσπω*, *quod verbum poeticum est pro έπω*, *dico*, *to say, express*.

*στάω*, *Sto*—*to Stand*, vide *έστημι*, *Statuo*.

*σείζω*, *privo*, *orbo*—*to take away, deprive, bereave*. 1. *ησω*, & *εσω*, α. inf. *σειέσαι*, pf. *έσειν-ηκα*, & *εκα*, pass. *έσεινμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, part. *έσεινμενος*, η, *ον*, *carens*, α. *έσειν-έθην*, & *ήθην*, infin. *σεινθῆναι*.

*σειέω*, vel *σειώω*, *Stipo*, *to Stuff*, vide *σειώω*.

230 *σρέω*, *Sterno*, *prosterno*, *humi dejicio ita ut se expandat, sedo*—*to Streze, spread, make a bed or couch, give an expanding cast or throw, allay, still*. 1. *σρέσω*; *τήν θαλασσαν*. *έσρέσεν ή γαλήνη*, *The waves subsided; the billows slept*. *σρέωννυμι*, id. q. v.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω* 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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συγέω, co. *σύγω*, odio prosequor, odio habeo, reformido, exhoresco, extimesco; tristor—to hate, detest, abhor, hold in detestation, dread, be much afraid of, greatly fear; to be sad and mournful. im. *εσόγειον*, contractè *εσύγων*, 1. *συγήσω*, & *σύξω*, α. *ξυξα*, inf. *σύξαι*, β. *ξυγον*; *συγέομαι*, *ξμαι*, odio et horrori sum, invisus sum.

σφριγάω, turgeo, vegetus sum, et corpore bene habito; luxurio, lascivio—to swell, be full, sound, lively, hasty, in good plight; to frisk and be playful, be sportive and wanton.

σχάω, Scarifico, scalpo, aperio, incido aut pertundo; laxo, remitto, demitto; deduco, traduco, transfero; cohibeo—to scarify, lance, cut, carve, chisel, open, make an incision, beat through; to loose, slacken, remit, let down; lead out, through, or over, to transfer; to hinder, stop.

σχέω, poet. *σχείω*, vide *ιχῶ*, to have, hold, possess; pr. contr. & 2. *σχῶ*, hab-eo, & ebo.

T

235 *ταλάω*, Tolero, sufferor, perpetior, perfero, patior, sustineo, audio—to bear, suffer, undertake, undergo with courage and patience, endure, sustain, be on the defensive, to dare, be undaunted.

τάω, the same as *ταλάω*, from which it is formed by Synco-
pating the first α. 1. *τήσω*, pf. *τέτληκα*, part. *τέτληκώς*, G. *έλος*, D. *έλι*, & sync. *τέτληόλι*, nisi à pf. med. *τέτληα*. *τήμι*, id. β. *έτην*, Ion. *τήν*, imper. *τήθι*, suffer, inf. *τήναι*, pati, toleravisse, part. *τάς*, G. *τάάντος*, passus.

τάω, capio—to take. imper. *τή*, pro *τάει*, sume, take thou.

τερέω, Terebro, torno, vulnereo—to bore; perforate, work the Turner's wheel, polish, pierce, wound.

τηρέω, servo, conservo, asservo, tueor, reservo, custodio; observo, capto—to keep, preserve; guard, defend, protect; observe, lie at catch. α. *έτήησα*, pf. pass. *τέτήημαι*, σαι, λαι, part. *μένος*, servatus, α. *έτηήθην*.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*; 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

240 *τηάω*, privo; quæro, tento—to take away, deprive; to seek, make trial; qs. a *τάω*, per Redplm.

τήραω, *τήρημι*, et *τήραίνω*, perforo, terebro—to perforate, bore, pierce; co. & R. *τράω*; 1. *τρήσω*, pf. pass. *τέρημαι*, part. *τέρημένος*, η, ον, perfossus, mined or pierced through.

τμάω, vel *τμέω*, vide *τέμνω*, seco, to cut.

τράω; inusit. Pleonas. *τραύω*, vide *τήραω*, to perforate.

τρέω, Tremo, trepido, intremisco; territus vel pavefactus fugio—to tremble, trepitate, quake for fear; run away affrighted. 1. *έσω*, pf. *εκα*. *τρέμω*, to Tremble, &c. pf. m. *τέτρημα*, unde *τρομέω*, idem. *τρέμος*, Ἔ, ὄ, Tremor.

245 *τυχέω*, vide *τυγχάνω*, sum, compos fio—to be, to have one's wish.

Υ

ύλάω, latro, ululo—to bark, bay, ululate, howl. *ύλακίω*, id. 1. *ύλάσω*.

ύφάω, ὤ, Ion. solut. *ώ*, texo—to weave. q. *ύπὸ*, sub, & *έω*, Eo. *ύφάζω*, id.

Φ

φάω, poet. luceo, splendo, fulgeo, mico—to shine, glitter. im. *έφαον*, ες, ε, aug. abjecto Ion. *φάε*; ut, *φάε δὲ χρυσοθρονος ήώς*, aureo throno insidens splendebat aurora; vide *φαίνω*, in lucem edo. part. *φάων*, ἔσα, ὄν, lucens.

φάω, dico, aio, &c. vide *φῆμι*, id. *φάομαι*, inusit. sed inde pf. pass. *πέφασμαι*, 3^a sing. imper. *πέφασθω*, dictum sit, part. *πεφασμένος*, dictus.

250 *φάω*, occido, interficio—to kill, slay; vide *φίνω*, id.

φθάω, vide *φθάνω*, prævenio, anteverto—to be beforehand with, pre-occupy.

φθειω, corrumpo, lahefacto, perdo, interimo; macero, tabefacio—to corrupt, weaken, sap, destroy, kill; to dissolve, waste, tabefy, dry up; pr. med. *φθίομαι*, pereco, deficio, consumor, morior, to be spent, to faint, decay, be exhausted, die. *φθίω*, & *φθίνω*, id. in sensu med.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηα*.

perio, deficio, &c. *to be Thin, &c.* I. *φθίσω*, α. *έφθίσα*, pf. pass. *έφθίμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*.

φλάω, I. *φλάσω*, contundo, mollio contundendo, contero, frango, rumpo, flaccidum reddo; voro, avidè comedo—*to beat, bray, bruise, soften by pounding, minish, break, enfeeble; to champ, devour, eat greedily.*

φλίω, nugar; plenus vel refertus sum, fructu abundo—*to trifle; be full, replete, abound with fruit.* *φλίω*, & *φλύζω*, id.

255 *φλιδάω*, putresco, putrefio; rumpor, laceror, lanior; rugas contraho—*to rot, become rotten, putrefy; to be broken, rent, lacerated, butchered; to wrinkle, shrivel.*

φολιάω, contr. *φολῶ*, hence Ion. *φολίω*; ito, ventito, frequento; insanio, furo—*to foot it, come often, pace to and fro, go and come, haunt, frequent; to dotè, be insane, mad.*

φρέω, unde *φρημι*, emitto, *to fling, send forth, Free.*

φυσάω, vel *φυσσάω*, sufflo, inflo, flatu distendo; efflo—*to blow, and puff up, inflate, swell with wind, distend by blowing; breathe high, bluster, Prov. to Fuss, make a Fuss. This verb is used of the insolent and haughty.*

X

χαλ-άω, seu *άζω*, laxo, demitto; flacceo, languero, languesco; cesso—*to loose, relax, untie, lower, let down, to be feeble, languish, flag, grow faint, to give out.* I. *χαλάσω*, pf. *νεχάλακα*, pass. *νεχάλασομαι*.

260 *χαίρω*, et, elisso *ι*, *χαίρω*, gaudeo, lætor—*to rejoice, be glad; vide χαίρω*, id.

χάίω, egeo, indigeo, careo, desidero, cupio, percupio—*to want, stand in need, be without, desire, wish, long for; Cater. Poet. χαλ-έω*, & *ίζω*, id.

χάω, vide *χάινω*, hio, hisco, *to open wide.*

χίω, fundo, effundo, diffundo, liquefacio, liquo, liquifaciendo diffundo & diffluere facio, e terrâ fusili

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ᾶω, & ἔω, 1. ἴσω, pf. ἴκαε.

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educo, sepelio, inhumo, capax sum—to pour out, diffuse, spread, liquefy, melt down, become liquid, by smelting to diffuse and cause to flow or spread, to run metal, cast in loam, form from fusil earth, mould from fossils, make mineral castings, bury, inhume, q. d. spread earth upon; to be capacious. χεῖω, (1. χεῖσω, m. χεῖσομαι) χεῖω, & χύω, vel χύνω, idem. 1. χεῖσω, & χεύσω, α. ἔχουσα, ἔχουσα, & ἔχουσα, imp. 3<sup>a</sup>. pl. χεῖά-τωσαν, Att. -ντων, pf. pass. κίχεν·μαι, & σμαι.

χεῖω, commodo, mutuum do, utendum do, mutuo; oraculum edo, vaticinor, responsum oraculo reddo; coloro, imbuo, tingo, polluo; furiosè invado, irruo impetuosè, cum impetu aggredior—to lend, allow the conditional use of; to utter oracles, vaticinate, foretel, give the oracular reply; to color, imbue, tinge, taint, pollute; assail with fury, rush upon with impetuosity, charge in martial style, make a violent onset. χεῖομαι, commodato accipio, mutuo; utor, to borrow, use.

265 χωρέω, eo, proficiscor, accedo, confero me, succedo, evenio, exitum aliquem habeo, locum do, cedo, recedo, evado, capio, capax sum, comprehendo, percipio, intelligo—to go, take a walk, make a journey, accede, approach, draw near, betake one's-self to, succeed, happen, come to an issue, give place, retire, recede, evade, escape, take, contain, be capacious, roomy, comprehend, perceive, understand. m. sæpe idem ut act. q. χῶρος, locus. α. ἐχώρησα, ας, ε, cedo, abeo, to secede, withdraw, imp. 2<sup>a</sup>. pl. χωρήσατε, recipite vos, betake yourselves, inf. χωρήσαι, to take, receive; ὁμόσσε χωρεῖν τοῖς πολεμίοις, hostiliter obviam ire, to enter the adverse camp, meet on hostile ground.

Ψ

ψάω, tergo, abstergo, radendo dergo & complano; propinquo, accedo; attingo, leniter tango, contingo,

N N

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

*mulceo*; *comminuo* in *tenues partes*, *extenuo*; *uro*, *caefacio*, *foveo*—*to wipe, brush or scour off, level, make smooth: to approach, accede, come to; touch upon, touch lightly, pat, stroke, flatter, sooth, appease; to break small, crumble, extenuate; to burn, make warm or hot, to cherish, foment.*

Ω

*ώθειω*, και *έθειω*, *trudo*, *pello*, *pulso*, *impello*, *propello*, *motu violento a me dimoveo*—*to thrust, shove, push, strike, impel, drive forward, to spurn from one, push off, keep at distance.* I. *ωθήσω*, και *ώσω*, α. *ώθησα*, & *ώσα*, Att. *έωσα*, pf. *ώθήκα*, και *ώκα*, pass. *ώθημαι*, και *ώσμαι*, Att. *έωσμαι*, part. *ωσμένος*, η, ον, *pulsus*, I. ind. *ώσθήσομαι*, α. *ώ-* & *ώσ-*θην, inf. *ώσθήναι*, part. *ώσθεις*, και *ώθεις*, I. ind. med. *ώθήσομαι*, και *ώσώμαι*, α. *ώθησάμην*, και *ώσάμην*; *ώθίζω*, id. also, *to vex, maltreat; med. to be pressed in a crowd; to contend, disagree, make a spring, rush upon danger.*

*ώγέομαι*, *emo*, *mercō*, *emercō*, *comparō*—*to buy, purchase, trade, market, get, procure.*

*ώφελέω*, *juvo*, *prosum*, *commodo*, *bene de aliquo mereor*—*to help, assist, profit, serve, promote one's interest, deserve well of, lay a person under obligations.* pass. *juvor*, *prodest mihi.* α. *ώφελήθην*, ης, η, *commodum percepi*, part. *ωφεληθεις*, *είσα*, *έν*, *adjutus sum.*

CLASS 2.—pr. *όω*,-*ώ*, I. *όσω*, pf. *οκα*.

Obs. Derivative Verbs of this class generally make I. *ώσω*, pf. *ωκα*.

*αισιμύω*, *insumo*, *impendo*—*to expend, lay out, employ.*

*άλδω*, *vide αλίσκω*, *capio*, *to take.*

*αρόω*, *Aro*—*to plough, cultivate Arable ground.* I. *αρόσω*, α. *ήροσα*, pf. *ήροκα*, pr. inf. *αρέειν*, & poet. *αρόσσειν*, pro *αρόειν*, pass. *ήρομαι.*

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 2, ὦ, 1. ὄσω, pf. οκα.

- βλόω, vide βλώσσω, advenio, *to arrive.*
- 5 βόω, 1. βοσω, καὶ βώσω, pf. βέβοκα, vide βόσσω, pasco.
- βριμύομαι, ἔμαι, fremo, excandescio, frendeo—*to roar, be hot, rage, be very angry, grind the teeth.* q. βρέμω, fremo.
- βρώω, vide βρώσσω, comedo, *to Browse.*
- γνώω, Nosco, *to Know*, vide γίνωσσω, Cognosco.
- γνώω, see γέγωνα, *to raise the voice*, Separ. Cl.
- 10 δίδω, unde im. ἐδίδ-ου, -εν, 1. 1<sup>a</sup>. pl. δίδωσμεν, inf. δίδωσθαι; ab antiquo verbo
- δῶω, Do, *to give, concede*, vide δίδωμαι.
- ζώω, vide ζώνωμι, cingo, *to bind with a Zone or girdle.*
- ιδνώω, incurvo, inflecto, intorqueo—*to bend, stoop, inflect, writhe.*
- κακκοῶν, † desipere, fatuè se gerere—*to dote, rave, act a foolish part.*
- 15 ὀμόω, vide ὀμνῶμι, juro, *to swear.*
- ὀνώω, & ὀνομαι, carpo, reprehendo, vitupero—*to carp, find fault, reprehend, reproach, blame.* ὀνημι, id. 1. ὀνόσω.
- πόω, Poto, *to handle a Pot*, vide πίνω, bibo.
- πίωω, vide πίπτω, cado, procido, *to fall.*
- ῥῶω, vide ῥώνωμι, Roboro, *to strengthen.*
- 20 στρώω, *to Strew*, see στρώνωμι, Sterno.
- τιτρώω, vulnero, per reduplicationem fingatur à τρώω, id. 1. τρώσω; vide τιτρώσσω.

## CHAPTER III.

### CLASS I.

It consists of Verbs in σσω, im. σσκω; 1. & pf. are from ancient themes.

ἀλδήσσω, augeo, *to increase*, vide ἀλδέω.

αἰλίσσω, co. αἰλώω, capio, deprehendo, convinco, reum perago, damno, vinco—*to take, catch, lay hold of, overcome,*

*accuse, bring to justice, cast, condemn, vanquish.* ἄλωμι, id. im. ἤλισκον, 1. ἀλώσω, α. ἤλωσα, pf. ἤ- Att. εἰ-λωκα, pass. -λωμαι, β. ἤ- Att. εἰ-λων, ως, ω, captus sum, part. ἀλεῖς, ὄηος, sensu pass. captus taken, opt. ἀλοῖην, & ἀλώην.

ἀρέσκω, co. ἀρέω, placo, amicum reddo; placeo—to pacify, conciliate, please. im. ἤρεσκον, imper. ἀρέσκει, εἴω, part. ἀρέσκων, ἔσα, ον, pf. ind. ἤρεκα, 1. ἀρέσω, α. ἤρεσα. placui, subj. ἀρέσω, ης, η, libeat, inf. ἀρέσαι, part. ἀρέσας, ασα, αν, α. ανλος, placitus, pleased. In med. forma, ἀρεσκομαι, acquiesco, conditio placet, satis fit mihi, *I acquiesce, my condition pleases, it satisfies me.*

βλώσκω, co. βλώω, venio, advenio, ascendo, cresco—to come, arrive, gain a height, be upon the increase, grow. 1. βλώσω, pf. βίβλωκα.

5 βόσκω, co. βοσκέω, et R. βόω, pascō, alo—to feed, fodder, put to pasture, afford herbage or aliment, to nourish. 1. βοσκήσω, βόσω, et βώσω, α. ἐβόκησα, pf. βέβόκηκα, βέβωκα, et βέβωκα.

βρώσκω, et βίβρωσκῶ; co. βρώω, et R. βόω, comedo, pascō, consumo—to eat, graze and depasture, Browse, devour. 1. βρώσω, (from βρώμι), β. ἔβρων, pf. βέβρωκα, ας, ε, pass. βέβρωμαι, σαι, ται, α. ἐβρώθην, ης, η.

γινώσκω, et γινώσκω, co. γινώω, & γινῶμι, Nosco, Cognosco, Agnosco, intelligo, Novi, approbo, censeo, existimo, judico, statuo, sentio, coco—to Know, be acquainted with, come to the knowledge of, remember, recollect to have known, approve on good grounds, think, esteem, judge, appoint, perceive, have carnal knowledge of. q. νόος; mens. β. ἔγνω, ως, ω, sapui, cognovi, imper. γινῶθι, γνώτω, opt. γνοῖην, & γνώην, subj. γνῶ, ῶς, ῶ, inf. γινῶναι, part. γνῶς, ἔσα, ὄν, 1. rar. α. ἔγνωσα, pf. ἔγνωκα, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. ἔγνωκαν, pro ἔγνωκασι, cognoverunt, ppf. ἐγνώκην, pass. ἔγνωσμαι, cognitus sum, part. ἐγνωμένος, η, ον, decretus, sancitus, ind. med. pf. γέγνωσα, Metath. γέγνωσα, part. γεγνωώς, vide Separ. Cl. 1. ind. γνώσομαι, η, εἴαι.





διδάσκω, co. διδάξω, et διδασκέω, Doceo, crudio, instituo—to teach, shew in a Didactic manner, erudiate, instruct, train. im. ἐδίδασκον, I. διδάξω, & διδασκήσω, α. ἐδίδαξα, ας, ε, subj. διδάξω, ης, η, inf. διδάξαι, pf. δεδίδαχα; διδάσκομαι, disco, certior fio, I learn, am better informed and instructed. pf. pass. διδίδασμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. διδιδασμένος, doctus, α. ἐδιδάχθην, ης, η, subj. διδάχθῃ, ῆς, ῆ, η. διὰ & ἀσκέω, exerceo.

διδράσκω, co. et R. δράω, fugio, aufugio—to flee, betake one's self to flight, run away. I. δράσω, Ion. δρήσω, pf. δέδρακα, α. ἔδρασα, ας, ε, syncope ἔδρα, cucurri, inf. δράναι, fugisse, β. optat. δράην, fugerem, inf. δρῆναι, Dor. δρᾶναι, part. δράς, ᾶσα, ᾶν, qui fugit, who ran away. δρῆμι, idem.

10 εὐρίσκω, co. εὐρέω, invenio, investigando & inquirendo, comperio, deprehendo, casu reperio, consequor, adipiscor, acquirō, paro—to find by search and enquiry, trace out, discover, meet with casually, find by accident, get, obtain, compass, procure. I. εὐρήσω, α. εὐρησα, pf. εὐρηκα, β. εὔρον, ες, ε, subj. εὔρω, ης, η, opt. εὔρομι, οἰς, οἰ, inf. εὔρειν, Dor. εὔρην, part. εὔρων, ἔσα, ᾶν, G. ὄνλος, pr. pass. εὐρίσκομαι, invenior, pf. εὔρημαι, part. ενος, inventus, α. εὔρεθ-ην, ης, η, I. ἦσομαι, η, εἰαι, α. m. εὔρησάμην, sync. εὔράμην, part. εὔραμένος, η, ον.

ἠλάσκω, vagor, erro, errabundum circumeo, fugito, devito, declino—to wander, stray, be vagrant, to deviate, ramble, shun, avoid.

θνήσκω, sync. θνήκω, co. θνάω, & θανέω, morior—to die. ἔθνησκον, Ion. θνήσκον, I. θνήξω, θνήσω, Ion. τεθνήσω, moriar, β. ἔθανον, ες, ε, inf. θανεῖν, part. θανών, ἔσα, ᾶν, G. ονλος, pf. τέθνηκα, Ion. νθα, Bæot. νηκα, & Ion. νθα, part. νηκώς, νηώς, νεώς, & νηκώς, I. m. θνήσομαι, pf. τέθναα, p. post f. τεθνήσομαι, η, εἰαι; τεθνήμι, is in use, and conformable to ἔσημι; hence β. opt. act. τεθναίνην, ης, η, pr. imper. τέθναθι, inf. τεθναίνειν, ᾶναι, part. τεθναῖς, ᾶσα, ᾶν, G. ᾶνλος. τεθνώς ὑπὸ Διονυσίου, interfectus a Dionysio.

θρέσκω, co. & R. θρέω, vel θορέω, salio, insilio—to leap,

## Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 1, σκω.

*bound, spring upon*; θορήσκω, im. et β. ἔθορον, per Aphær. θόρον, part. pr. & β. θορών, ἔσα, ὄν.

λάσκω, † loquor, maledico—to speak, slander.

πινεράσκω, vendo, venundo, &c.—to sell, set to sale, trade abroad, &c. as R. περάω, q. v. pf. πέπρακα, from πέρω, pass. πέπραμαι; part. ἔνος, venditus, I. πρᾶθήσομαι, η, εἶσαι, α. ἐπράθην, ης, η, inf. πρᾶθῆναι, part. πρᾶθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, venditus.

- 15 τρώσκω, co. τρώω, vulnero, cutem pertundo seu perfodio; lædo, damnum infero—to wound, pierce the skin, hurt, endamage. I. τρώσω, pf. τέτρωκα, pass. τέτρωμαι, σαι, ται, sauciatus sum, part. μένος, sauciatus, eruentus, wounded, bloody, I. ind. τρωθήσομαι, α. part. τρωθεις, sauciatus.

τίψσκομαι, intentissimè dirigo ut certum ictum inferam, collimo, ad scopum dirigo; paro—to take sight, to aim as a marksman, level so as to hit, keep the measured course; direct to the mark; make ready.

## CLASS II.

Consisting of verbs ending in μι.

ἄημι, flo, spiro—to blow, breathe; usitatus quam R. ἄω, idem, q. v. pr. inf. ἄησαι, Dor. ἀήμεναι.

ἄλωμι, vide ἀλίσκω, capio, to take, catch.

ἔημι, a εἶω, vide εἶνω, gradior, proficiscor, to go, walk.

γνώμι, αγνώω, vide γινώσκω, Nosco, Novi, to Know.

- 5 δέδιμι, vide δέιδω, timeo, metuo, to fear, dread.

δίδομι, a δίδω, co. δώω, Do, Dono, concedo, permitto, constituo, do nuptum, do in matrimonium, offero, porrigo, dedo, infligo—to give, bestow, grant, permit, constitute, give in marriage, offer, make a tender, present, reach out, extend, surrender, abandon, inflict. im. ἰδίδω-ων, ως, ω, Att. σον, οες, οει, contr. εν, ες, ε, I. δάσω, α. pro ἔδωσα, semper ἔδωκα, subj. δάσω, ης, η, pf. δέδωκα, ας, ε, ppf. ἔ-& δεδώκεν, εις, α, β. ἔδαν, ως, ω, imper. δός, δότω, opt. δοι- Att. δώ-ην, ης, η, subj. δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, inf. δῶναι, dedisse, part. δεῖς, ἔσα, ὄν, qui

## Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 2, μι.

dedit; pf. δέδομαι,σαι,λαι, I. δοθήσομαι, η, ελαι, α. ἐδόθη, ης, η, opt. δοθείην, ης, η, subj. δοθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, inf. δοθῆναι, part. δοθείς, εῖσα, ἐν, datus.

δρῆμι, from δρᾶω, fugio, *to flee*, vide διδραίσκω.

δύναμαι, co. δυνάομαι, possum, valeo; æstimor—*to be able, potent, strong, valid, sound; to be in esteem and power.* imp. εἶ- Att. ἡ-δυνάμην, I. m. δυνήσομαι, α. ἐδυνήσομαι, η, αῖσα, pf. pass. δεδύνημαι,σαι,λαι, α. ἐδυνήθη, Att. ἐδυνήθη.

εἶμι, Sum, *to be*, co. & R. ἔω; pr. part. ὄν, ἔσα, ὄν, qui est, ens, existens; τὸ ὄν, ens, *a being*; ἐστία, ας, ἡ, essentia, substantia.

- 10 εἶμι, eo, vado, venio & ibo, &c.—*to go, come*, co. & R. ἔω, pr. inf. ἰέναι, Ion. ἴμεν, ire, pf. m. εα, & ἦσα, fut. ἔσομαι, ibo, veniam.

ἦμαι, sedeo, *to sit*, R. ἔω, colloco.

ἴημι, & ἰέμαι, id. qd. εἶμι, *to go*.

ἴημι, qs. ab ἰέω, co. et R. ἔω, mitto, immitto, emitto—*to send, throw, cast, hurl, emit.* fut. ἦσω, α. ἦκα, misi, pf. εἶκα, β. ἦν, ῆς, ῆ, pr. pass. ἰέμαι, mittor, sæpe act. mitto, cupio, desidero, pf. εἶμαι, α. ἔθην, β. ἔμην, σο, το, part. ἔμενος, η, ον.

ἴλημι, vide ἰλάω, propitius sum.

- 15 ἰπταμαι, co. πλάομαι, &c. volo; rapido cursu feror—*to fly, be carried with winged speed.* im. ἰπλάμην, I. πλήσω, quod fingas a πείλω, sync. πλάω, pando, explico, β. ἔπλην, inf. πλήναι, part. πλάς, I. m. πλήσομαι, η, ελαι, β. ἐπλάμην, inf. πλάσθαι, pro quo etiam πλέσθαι; πέλομαι, &

ἰπτημι, vel πῖημι, idem.

ἴσμη, Dor. ἴσαμι, scio, novi, cognosco—*to know, be skilful, expert and learned, to have knowledge of, and be acquainted with.* 1<sup>a</sup> pl. ἴσμεν, & ἴδμεν, pro ἴσαμεν, scimus, 2<sup>a</sup> sing. imper. ἴσθι, ἴσω, pro ἴσαθι, ἴσαλω, 2<sup>a</sup> pl. ἴσθε, ἴσατε, ἴδμων, ονος, ὅ, & ἴδρις, εως, ὁ καὶ ἡ, sciens peritus.

ἴστημι, co. στάω, Statuo, erigo, colloco, stare facio, pono, sisto, cohibeo, appendo, pondero—*to constitute, elevate, erect, place, fix, Stack, State, put, hinder, restrain,*

*balance, weigh.* im. ἴσῃν, β. ἴσῃν, 3<sup>a</sup> sing. Ion. & Poet. ἴσῃσκεν, subj. ἴσῳ, part. ἴσῶς, ἄσα, ἄν, Stans, *Standing*, 1. ἴσῃσω, ας, α, sistam, α. ἴσῃσα, ας, ε, subj. ἴσῃσω, ης, η, inf. ἴσῃσαι, statuisse, pf. ἴσῃκα, Dor. ἴσακα, & Ion. ἴσαα, inf. ἴσῶναι, pro ἴσακῆναι, part. ἴσακῶς, sync. ἴσαῶς, & per crasin ἴσῶς, ἄσα, ῶς, per Epenth. poet. τῶ ε, ἴσαῶς, G. ῶλος; ἴσῶς, εἶμι, Sto, to *Stand*—Act. xxv. v. 10. m. ἴσῃμαι, Sto, to *Stand*, 1. ἴσῃσμαι, Stabo, α. ἴσῃσάμην, ω, αἶο, Steti, inf. ἴσῃσασθαι, pf. pass. ἴσῃμαι, 1. ἴσῃσθῆμαι, η, εἶται, α. ἴσῃσθῆναι, ης, η, inf. ἴσῃσθῆναι, part. ἴσῃσθῆς, ἴσῃσθῆς, ἦ, ὄν, Stans, qui diu Stat, *Standing, Stationary, firm.*

κείμαι, co. κείσομαι, R. κείω, per Epenth. κείω, jaceo; positus vel situs sum, repositus sum; sum propositus, projectus, mortuus, sepultus; pendeo, dependeo; desideo, ferior—to *lie along, be stretched on the ground, to be placed or situate, laid up, stored; be proposed, laid down as an axiom or maxim, be cast forth or thrown aside, be dead and laid out, buried, oppressed; to hang, be dependent, doubtful; to be remiss, lazy, keep holiday.* 2<sup>a</sup> sing. σαι, ται, &c. im. ἐκείμην, σο, ἴο, 1. m. κείσομαι, η, εἶται.

20 κνῆμαι, vide κνάω, rado, scindo, to *shave, cut.*

μάχναμαι, pugno—to *fight, box, cuff*; q. μάχη, manus.

ὀνήμι, redupl. ὀνήμημι, co. ὀνέω. Dor. ὀνάω, id. juvo, prosum, utilitatem affero—to *help, assist, profit, serve, be advantageous and useful.* 1. ὀνήσω, α. ὠν-ησα, Dor. ασα, subj. poet. ὀνάσσω, ης, η, pf. ὠνῃκα, pr. pass. ὀνήμαι, ὀνάμαι, & ὀνήμηναι, juvor, m. utilitatem et fructum consequor, fruor, 1. ὀνήσομαι, α. ὠνῃσάμην, ω. αἶο, sync. ὠνάμην, lucrifeci, *I have made gain*, opt. ὀνήσάμην, αἶο, αἶο, & sync. ὀνάμην; part. ὀνάμενος, pro ὀνήσάμενος, qui fructum percipit. ὀνίσκω, id.

ὀνήμι, to *carp at, find fault with.* m. ὀνάμαι, vitupero, α. ὠνάμην, vituperavi, vide ὀνέω, carpo.

πί- & πίμ-περημι, incendo, to *kindle*, vide περήθω.

25 πείραμαι, emo, redimo; opus faciendum conduco—to *buy,*

## Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 2, μι.

*purchase, ransom, redeem; to stipulate for, and undertake a piece of work.* pr. inf. *πείρασθαι*, part *πειράμενος*, η, ον; *ἐκπείραμαί*, *to ransom, bribe.*

*πῖλημι*, vel *ἰπῖλημι*, vide *ἰπῖλαμαι*, volo, *to take wing.*

*τεθνήμι*, *to die*, see *θνήσκω*, morior.

*τίθημι*, co. *θίω*, pono, loco, colloco, facio ita esse; suppono, existimo; propono, assigno, tribuo, metor—to put, deposit, pledge, place, settle, lay down, found, establish, rank, range, appoint; suppose, be of opinion, value, esteem; propose, assign, attribute, render, dispose, set out with exactness. im. *ἐτίθην*, ης, η, & η; 3<sup>a</sup> pl. *ἐτίθ-ον*, pro *εσαν*, β. *ἔθην*, imper. *θίς*, pone, subj. *θῶ*, *θῆς*, *θῆ*, part. *θίς*, *θίλος*, I. *θήσω*, α. *ἔθηκα*, non *ἔθησα*, pf. *τίθ-ηκα*, Bæot. *ηκα*, pf. pass. *τίθημαι*, ppf. *ἔθειμην*, σο, το, inf. *τεθῆναι*, I. m. *θήσομαι*, α. *ἐθηκάμην*, ω, αῖο, imp. *θήσαι*, opt. *θησ-αίμην*, subj. *ωμαι*, inf. *θήσασθαι*, part. *θήσαμενος*, η, ον, β. *ἐθέμην*, σο & ε, το, part. *θεμένος*, η, ον, qui posuit.

*τιτρεῖμι*, vide *τιτρεύω*, terebro, *to perforate.*

30 *τλήμι*, tolero, *to bear*, vide *τλάω*.

*φῆμι*, Dor. *φαιμι*, co. et R. *φάω*, dico, aio, affirmo, puto—to speak, say, tell, affirm, think. 3<sup>a</sup> pl. im. *φάν*, dicebant, Ion. & Bæot. pro *ἔφησαν*, inf. *φάσαι*, β. *ἔφην*, per Aphæresin *φῆν*, & per geminam Aphæ. *ῆν*, ῆς, ῆ, I. *φήσω*, ης, η, Dor. *φάσω*, εῖς, εῖ, β. m. part. n. pl. Dor. *φάμενοι*, qui dixerunt.

*φθῆμι*, vide *φθάνω*, anteverto, *to be beforehand.*

*φρημι*, emitto, *to free*, vide *φρέω*.

## CLASS III.

Consisting of verbs ending in *υμι*, or *ύω*.

*ἄγν-υμι*, ved *ύω*, co. & R. *ἄγω*, frango, rumpo—to break.

I. *ἄξω*, α. *ἤξα*, Att. *ἔαξα*, fregi, pf. *ἤχα*, Att. *ἔαχα*, m. *ἤγα*, Att. *ἔαγα*, ας, ε, fregi, part. *εαγώς*, β. pass. *ἤγην*, Att. *ἔάγην*, fractus sum, inf. *ιαγῆναι*, part. *ιαγείς*.

αἴνυμι, capio, aufero, *to take, seize, carry off.* 3<sup>a</sup> sing. imp. ἤνυλο, Ion. αἰνυλο.

ἄρυνμι, capio, capto, consequor, comparo, recipio, commuto—*to take, catch, overtake, compass, get, obtain, acquire, receive, exchange.*

δείκνυμι, ὕω, co. δείκω, ostendo, monstro, indico, declaro, manifesto—*to shew, exhibit, point out, declare, manifest.*

l. δείξω, ostendam, α. ἔδειξα, imper. δεῖξον, ἄλω, ostende, pf. δέδειχα, ας, ε, pass. δέδειγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, ostensus sum, ἐδείχθην, ης, η, part. δεχθεῖς, εῖσα, εν, G. ἐνλος, l. δεχθήσομαι, η, εἶαι.

5 δῶμι, subeo, *to go under, vide δύω, id.*

ζεύγνυμι, -ύω, co. ζεύγω, jungo, copulo; jungo matrimonio, ponte jungo—*to join, connect, couple, yoke; to unite in wedlock, join by a bridge.* l. ζεύξω, α. ἔζευξα, inf. ζεύξαι, m. ἐζεύξαμην, inf. ζεύξασθαι, jungere, l. ζεύξομαι, β. pass. ἐζύγην, ης, η, pf. ἔζευγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, α. ἐζεύχθην, ης, η, part. ζευχθεῖς, l. ζευχθήσομαι, η, εἶαι. ζεύγος, εος, τὸ, jugum, par, biga vel æ, vehiculum, *a yoke, pair, brace, a chariot drawn by two horses, a carriage.*

ζώννυμι, -ύω, co. ζών, cingo, præcingo—*to gird, bind with a zone or girdle, encompass, enclose.* ζωννίσκω, idem. im. ἐζώννου, ες, ε, l. ζώσω, ης, η, α. ἔζωσα, ας, ε, m. ἐζωσάμην, ω, αλο, pf. act. ἔζωκα, pass. ἐζωσμαι, σαι, σαι, part. ἐζωσμένος, præcinctus, α. ἐζώσθην, ης, η.

ἴδρυνμι, vide ἰδρύνω, sedere facio—*to make one sit down.*

κεράννυμι, -ύω, (Poet. κερνάω,) co. κεράω, sync. κράω, misceo, infundo, immisceo, sc. aquam vino, tempero—*to mingle, mix, Churn, infuse, dilute, temper.* κεράσω, ἐκέρασα, pf. κεκέρακα, et κέκρακα, pass. κεκέρασμαι, & κέκραμαι, part. κεκερασμένος, & κεκραμένος, α. ἐκεράσθην, & ἐκράσθην, mixtus sum, l. κερασ- & κεραθήσομαι. κεραίρω, id. pr. imp. κέραριτε, misc.

10 κλύμι, audio, ausculto—*to hear, obey, vide κλύω.*

κορέννυμι, -ύω, vide κορέω, saturo—*to satiate.*

μίγνυμι, -ύω, co. μίγω, misceo, permisceo—*to Mingle, mix, blend.* β. ἔμιγον, l. μίξω, α. ἔμιξα, pf. μέμιχα, ας, ε, pass.



μέμιγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. μεμιγμένος, p. post. f. μεμίξομαι, η, ελαι, α. ἐμίχθην, ης, η, inf. μιχθῆναι, part. μιχθῆς, εῖσσα, ἐν, 1. μιχθῆσομαι, β. ἐμίγην, ης, η, inf. μιγῆναι, Dor. μιγήμηναι, part. μιγεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν, 2. μιγήσομαι, η, εῖται.

μόρνυμι, -ύω, co. μόργω, tergo—to wipe, vide ομοργνυμι, id.

οἴγνυμι, -ύω, aperio—to open, vide οἴγω, id.

- 15 ὄλλυμι, -ύω, co. ὄλλω, perdo, sc. perimo, perniciam affero, vasto—to take the life, kill, slay, ruin, destroy, waste, ravage, devastate; perdo, i. e. amitto, to lose. ὄλεκα, m. ομαι, poet. idem. β. ὄλον, 2. ὄλω, -solut. ὄλεω, perdam, 1. ὄλεσω, α. ὄλεσα, pf. ὄλεκα, Att. ὄλωκα, pr. pass. ὄλλυμι, perdor; m. pereō, 2. ὄλιμαι, ἦ, εῖται, pf. ὄλα, Att. ὄλωλα, perii, interii, I perished, I died, β. ὄλομην, opt. ὄλοίμην, inf. ὄλίσθαι, part. ὄλομενος, η, ον.

ὄμνυμι, -ύω, co. ὀμόω, juro, de juro—to swear, make oath. pr. imp. ὄμνυ, & ὄμνυδι, jura, 1. ὀμόσω, pf. ὄμοκα, Att. ἐμόμοκα, α. ὄμοσα, subj. ὀμόσω, ης, η, inf. ὀμόσαι, poet. ὀμόσσαι, part. ὀμόσας, ασα, αν, G. ἀνός, 2. m. ὀμῶμαι, ὀμῶ, ὀμῶται.

ὀμόργνυμι, -ύω, co. ὀμόργω, tergo, abstergo; imprimo, inuro—to wipe, rub, clean, wipe off; imprint, burn, mark. 1. ὀμόρξω, α. ὀμορξα, pf. ὀμορξα, 1. ὀμόρξομαι, η, εῖται, α. ὀμορξάμην, inf. ὀμορξ-ασθαι, part. ὀμενος; μόργνυμι-ύω, co. μόργω, id.

ὀρέγνυμι, vide ὀρέγω, porrigo, extendo—to stretch.

πέιάννυμι, -ύω, id. qd. πέιᾶω, pando—to open, spread, unfurl.

- 20 πήγνυμι, -ύω, co. πήγω, Compingo, compingendo struo et fabricor; concretere facio, coagmento, congelo; pangō, figo, defigo, infigo—to join, fasten together, close, bind, cement, make compact, build, frame, do carpenter's work; cause a concretion, curdling or coagulation, to congeal; to fasten, fix, secure, Peg. β. ἔπαγον, ες, ε, 1. πήξω, α. ἐπήξα, ας, ε, pf. πέπηχα, ας, ε, β. pass. ἐπάγην, ης, η, pr. πήγνυμαι, figor, m. hæreo, dirigo, πήγνυται, gelat, it freezes, pf. πέπηγα, Dor. πέπαγα, ας, ε. πήσσω, & πήτω, id.

ρήγνυμι, -ύω, co. ρήγω, q. v. frango—to break, rend.

ῥώνυμι, -ύω, co. ῥώνω, confirmo, roboro, corroboro—to confirm,

*strengthen, make robust, corroborate.* 1. ῥώσω, α. ἔρρωσα, pf. ἔρρωχα, ας, ε, pr. pass. ῥώνυμαι, σαι, λαι, roboror, reficior, recreor, valeo, valesco, *to be strengthened, refected, &c.* pf. ἔρρωμαι, σαι, λαι, valeo, prosperâ valetudine fruor, *to be stout, enjoy a good state of health*, ppf. ἔρρωμην, valebam, imp. ἔρρωσο, ἔρρωσθω, vale, esto robustus, 2<sup>a</sup> pl. ἔρρωσθε, valetē, part. ἔρρωμένος, ης, ον, corroboratus, confirmatus, qui animo est forte, robustus, valens, validus. α. ἔρρωσθην, convalui, *I have recovered*, inf. ἔρρωσθαι.

στέννυμι, -ύω, co. στέω, extinguo, restinguo; compesco, reprimō—to *extinguish, quench, put out; allay, check, keep under, stifle, compress.* pr. imp. στέννυθι, ὕτο, restingue, β. ἔσθον, ες, ε, 2. στέω, εἶς, εἶ, 1. στέισω, α. ἔσθισα, inf. στέισαι, poet. στέισσαι, extinxisse, pf. ἔσθ-εκα, & ηκα, pr. pass. στέννυμαι, υσαι, λαι, extinguo, *to be quenched, &c.* Metaph. morior, *to die, have the vital flame extinguished, or the lamp of life put out;* β. ἔσθην, ης, η, 1. σθέσομαι, ης, ελαι, pf. ἔσθεσμαι, σαι, λαι, α. ἔσθίσθην, ης, η, extinctus sum, inf. σθίσθηναι, 1. σθίσθίσσομαι, ης, ελαι.

στέννυμι, -ύω, co. & R. στέω, Sterno, &

- 25 στέννυμι, -ύω, co. στέω, vel στέω, Sterno—to *spread, extend, spread a quilt, make a bed, Strew.* 1. στέσω, α. ἔστρωσα, m. ἄμην, pf. act. ἔστρωκα, pass. μαι, σαι, λαι, α. θην, pf. part. n. μένον, stratum, *a bed or couch, a quilt, coverlet;* q. στέω, id.

### The Separate Class.

ἄξω, αὔξω, & ἀξάω, co. αἰξ- & αὔξ-έω, Augeo, amplifico, cumulo, accumulo; proveho, promoveo—to *augment, increase, amplify, heap, accumulate; advance, set forward, promote.* im. ἠύξον, Ion. ἄξον, ες, ε, Auebam, pr. imp αὔξε, adjuva, im. & β. ἠύξανον, ες, ε, 1. ἄξήσω, αὔξήσω, α, αὔξησα, inf. αὔξῃσαι, pf. ind. ἠύξ-ηκα, εκα, pr. pass. ἀξομαι, & αὔξομαι, Augeor, cresco, incrementum accipio, olesco, *to be increased, grow*, pf. ἠύξημαι, α. ἠύξήθην, subj.



## Verbs, Separate Class.

- αὐξήθηδῶ, ἦς, ἦ, inf. αὐξήθηθῆναι, part. αὐξήθηδεις, Auctus; im. m. vel pass Ion. ἀέζομην, υ, εἶο, pr. part. m. αὐξομένος, G. ε, Ion. οιο, crescens, I. αὐξήσομαι, η, εἶαι.
- ἀλέξω, co. ἀλεξέω, arceo, depello, propulso; opitulor, auxiliior, opem fero—to keep or ward off, drive away, repulse, protect, defend; help, aid, assist, im. ἤλεξον, I. ἀλεξήσω, pf. ἤλεξήκα, ας, ε, pr. med. ἀλεξόμαι, & ἔμαι, id. α. ἠλεξάμην.
- γέγωνα, clarè et altè clamo, clarè vociferor—to call distinct and aloud, raise the voice high and clear. pf. med. per Metath. pro γέγωνα; ab inusit. verbo γνώω, q. d. γνωσῶς, vel ἐξάκυσον βόω: & inde γεγών-ω, & έώ, I. ησω, pf. γεγόντακα, pf. prætereunte in pr.
- ἔψω, & ἐψέω, coquo, elixo—to seeth, boil, cook. im. ἤψον, I. ἐψήσω, pf. ἤψηκα. ΗΨησε δὲ Ἰακωβ ἔψημα, Jacob boiled pulse or pottage.
- λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, vel i subscripto, λῆς, λῆ, volo—to will, desire, Dor. pro ἐθέλω, id. 3<sup>a</sup> pl. λῶντι, pro λῶσι.
- 5 τέρω, arefacio, sicco—to dry, parch, exsiccate. q. τέρω, vexo, Tero, sicco, fut. τερω. pr. med. τέρομαι, areasco, arefio, to grow dry, become arid. τερωάνω, id.
- τίκω, co. τέκω, pario, procreo, gigno, creo—to bear, bring forth, procreate, beget, produce, give existence, create. I. τέξω, α. ἔτεξα, pf. τέτεχα, inusitatum est; β. ἔτεκον, ες, ε, peperit, subj. τέκω, ης, η, inf. τεκεῖν, ind. med. ἐτεκόμην, inf. τεκίσθαι, I. ind. τεξομαι, η, εἶαι, pf. τέτοκα, ας, ε, peperit, part. τελοκῶς, υῖα, quæ peperit, de mul. & brut. dicitur ὅς, G. ὄτος, ind. pass. τέτρημαι, ξαι, κῖται, I. τεχθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἔτεχθην, ης, η, natus sum, inf. τεχθῆναι, part. τεχθεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν, G. ἐτός, natus, creatus.

## ADVERBS AND CONJUNCTIONS.

The Conjunctions are generally accompanied by conj. to distinguish them from Adverbs.

Ἄ, Ah! *used by one who laments and mourns.*

Ἄ, Ah! Oh! *expressive of pity and admiration.*

Ἄ, ἄ, Ha, Ha, He, *signs of laughter.*

ἄελλε, *utinam! heu! phy—O that! would to heaven, alas!*  
*fie.*

5 ἄγαν, *nimis, valdè, vehementer, immodicè—too much, excessive, very, exceedingly, vehemently, beyond measure.*

ἄγχι, *g. prope, juxta—near, hard by.*

ἄδην, et ἄδδην, *affatim, abundè, largiter, usque, vehementer—in plenty, abundantly, largely, copiously, completely, exceedingly.*

ἄει, *semper, perpetuè, sine permissione, usque ad, donec—always, perpetually, continually, as far as, until, for Aye, i. e. for ever.*

ἄϊ, vel ἄϊ, *heu! hei! utinam—alas! O that!*

10 αἰετοῖ, *heu! hei! papæ—alas! O strange!*

ἄϊψα, *statim, cito, celeriter—immediately, quickly, nimbly, with celerity.*

ἄλλις, *satis, abundè, affatim, confertim, coacervatim—enough, abundantly, crammed, crowded and in heaps. q.*

ἄλλις, *G. ἄλλοις, ἦ, mare; q. d. in flowing tides.*

ἄλλὰ, *conj. sed, at, autem, quin—but, nevertheless, except, only, Interrog. an?*

ἄμα, *Dor. ἀμα, d. una cum, simul ac, ut primum, tempore eodem—together with, as soon as, at the same time, item pro ἰμα, una, simul, pariter, together, equally, in the same place, near, almost. ἀμα τῆ ἡμέρα, diluculo, prima luce, simul atque dies illuxit, by break of day, at early dawn. ἄμα τῷ πρωί, summo diluculo, at the blush of*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

morn, by peep of day. ἅμα ἐνέλυχεν αὐτῷ, ut primum in eum incidit, as soon as he fell in with him. ἅμα ἔργον, factum.

- 15 ἄν, conj. nunc potentialis, nunc explet, etiam pro ἔάν, si—*it is sometimes potential, and sometimes an expletive; it is also put for ἔάν, if. It is potential with the optative and subjunctive moods, and gives their power to the imperfect β. & α. of the indicative. It is sometimes used in interrogations. The Poets use κε or κεν instead of it, and they also use it for ἀνά. ἄν, & ἔάν, sæpe postponuntur; ut εἶπον ἄν, dixissem; ὅς ἔάν, quicumque. Quandoque deest ἄν; sed raro præponitur.*

ἀνέδην, licenter, impunè, largiter, effusè, promiscuè, palam, apertè—with full permission, free from hurt or danger, largely, diffusely, promiscuously, openly.

ἄνευ, g. absque, sine, præter, citra—without, except, besides, on this side. ἄνεις, & ἄνευθε, idem.

ἄνω, supra, sursum—above, on high, upwards, in or at a place, there, or making thither. Huic opponitur κατώ; atque ut hoc à κατώ, sic illud fit ab ἄνω. ὀ vel ἠ ἄνω, superior, τὸ ἄνω, superius. ἄνωθεν, desuper, supernè, from above. ὁ ἄνω βασιλεὺς, a king supreme, the monarch of Persia. ἡ ἄνω πόλις, dicitur pro ἀκρόπολις; arx, a citadel. οἱ ἄνω ὄντες, qui sunt in superioribus locis, men in elevated stations. τὰ ἄνω τῆς οἰκίας, partes superiores domûs, the upper parts of a house. ἄνω, est etiam adv. temporis; e. g. οἱ ἄνω χρόνοι, superiora tempora, tempora præterita, former times, days gone and past.

ἄπαξ, semel, omnino, prorsus—at once, altogether, entirely.

- 20 ἄρα, profecto, certè, utique, nempè, videlicet, omnino, tandem, forte, nam, ergo, igitur, quamobrem—truly, certainly, as, to wit, quite so, at length, perhaps, therefore, on that account; It is often Expletive. Poet. ἄρ', & ἄ, one dropping the former, the other the latter α.

ἄρα, interrog. an? utrum? num? nonne?—is it? doth? whether? did? hath? is not?

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- ἄρτι, modo, nuper; nunc, jam—*lately; now.*  
 ἄσσω, d. & g. prope—*near.*  
 ἀλλὰ, conj. poet. ἀλλὰ, sed, verum, ceterum, autem, deinde  
 —*but, moreover, After.*
- 25 ὅτε, utpote, quippe, quia, quasi, quam, veluti—*for, because, to wit, as if, as, like as.* Et Dor. pro ὅτε, quando.  
 Sed ἕτε, Dor. pro ἦτε, ubi.  
 ἄλλοι, g. sine, absque, citra—*without, besides, except.* ἄλλοι-  
 θι, & ἄλλοι, idem.  
 ἀτὰρ, Att. pro ἄσσα, sodes, amabo—I intreat you, do now.  
 ἀτάρτα, Atat!—*Ah me! O strange!*  
 ἀντὶ, rursum, retro, vice versâ—*over again, backward, by turns, alternatèly.*
- 30 αὔριον, cras, crastino die—*to-morrow.*  
 ἄφαρ, statim, cito, facillè—*immediately, quickly, readily.*  
 ἄχρι, vel ἄχρῆς, adhuc—*hitherto, so far; vide μέχρι.*  
 ἄψ, retro, retrorsum; rursus, iterum, statim—*back, back-wards; again; forthwith*

## B

βαβαί, papæ!—*O strange! wonderful! βαβαῖς, id.*

## Γ

- 35 γὰρ, conj. enim, nam, videlicet—*For, to wit.*  
 γέ, Dor. γὰ, certè quidem, imo, saltem—*of a truth, indeed, yes, at least. But it is generally an Expletive.*

## Δ

δέ, conj. vero, autem, quin, sed, verum, enim, porro, sanè, igitur, tamen—*but, for, moreover, indeed, then, therefore, yet.* Respondet enim ad μὲν; interdum vero μὲν non præcedente. Sæpe usurpatur pro γὰρ, et poet. pro εἶ; ut, οἶκον δέ, domum, at home. It is sometimes put for δὴ, truly, indeed. Aliquando in compositione est ut Syllabica adjectio, ut, ὁ δέ, ἦ δέ, τὸ δέ, hic, hæc, hoc.

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- δεῦρο, Att. δευεῖ, huc, hunc in locum, adesdum—*here, this way, come hither, present yourself.*
- δὴ, sanè, profecto, equidem, certè, prorsus, planè, vero, proinde, igitur, utique, videlicet, demum, duntaxat—*indeed, truly, entirely, but, therefore, as, to wit, at length, only; δηθα, id. Est etiam Repetentis; ut, inquam, quoth I. In soluta oratione postponitur tantum, but the poets use it either way. Sæpe redundat.*
- 40 δὴν, poet. Diu, Dudum, pridem, jampridem—*long since, on a former day, heretofore.*
- διαμπαξ, in totum, penitus, prorsus, semper, utrinque—*upon the whole, totally, entirely, always, on both, or all sides. q. δια & παξ.*
- δῖς, Bis—*twice. q. δύο, Two. In Composition it generally retains its σ before a vowel or diphthong; but, before a consonant, it sometimes retains and sometimes loses it.*

## E

- Ἔ, ε̄, He! He! *significant of grief or pain.*
- ε̄, Ah! vah! hem! horda!—*how! say you so! & Explet.*
- 45 ε̄ν, conj. si—if. ἦν, id. ε̄ν, construitur cum subj. et optat. et pro ἄν, particula potentialis; q. v. *They often come after the word to which they belong. ὁ πᾱ ε̄ν ἀπίεχης, Matt. viii. 19. quocunque abiveris.*
- ε̄νυς, g. & d. prope—*near, almost.*
- εἰ, Dor. αἰ, conj. si; utrum? an? num? Indic. *If; whether? is it? why? wherefore? It is sometimes used for δὴ, quod.*
- εἶα, Eja, agè, rumpè moras—*now, that's a good man, come my hearty, be quick. εἶα, id. sbst. g. ας, ἦ, herba, gramen, herbage, grass, hay.*
- εἴφαρ, statim, confestim—*immediately, quickly.*
- 50 εἰκῆ, frustra, temerè, sine concilio casu—*in vain, rashly, unadvisedly, at hazard.*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- ἔτα, postea, deinde, demum, tum, et tamen; quid ergo? itane vero—*after, at length, then, and yet; what then? is that the case? It is also sometimes redundant.*
- ἔκτος, g. procul, eminus, e longinquo—*far off, distant, remote.*
- ἔκτος, g. Extra—*without.* q. ἐκ, & ὦν, G. ὄλος.
- ἔλελεῦ, Eleleu, acclamatio bellica—*a military, acclamation.*
- 55 ἔμπας, Ion. Att. & Dor. ἔμπης, tamen—*yet, notwithstanding.*
- ἔνδον, Intus—*within.* q. ἐντός, id.
- ἐνδουκίως, Poet. prompto animo, humaniter, fideliter, diligentē—*with all readiness of mind, promptly, humanely, with fidelity and diligence.*
- ἐνδύω, celeriter, ocius, cito—*with celerity and speed, quickly.* q. ἐν & δύο, q. d. *in two minutes.*
- ἔνεκα, Poet. εἴνεκα, g. propter, causa, gratia—*for, because, on account of, or for the sake of.*
- 60 ἐνθα, hic, ibi, illic, ubi, tum—*here, there, where, when, then.*
- ἐντός, Intus, intra—*within, among.* q. ἐν, & ὦν.
- ἔξῃς, d. & g. deinceps, consequenter, ordinè, serie perpetua; gradatim—*afterwards, consequently, orderly, in an uninterrupted series; by due gradations.* q. ἐξ, & ῆς, G. of ὄς, qui. ὁ ἐξῆς, qui ordine proximus est, vel qui sequitur, sequens, proximus, *next in order, he that follows.* τὸ ἐξῆς τῆς ὁδοῦ, quod reliquum est viæ, *the remainder of the road, the rest of the way;* pro ἡ ἐξῆς ὁδοῦ. τῇ ἐξῆς die sequente, scil. ἡμέρα; Act. xxv, 17. [τριῶν ἡμερῶν ἐξῆς, tres perpetuos dies, *three live long days.*
- ἐπι, postquam, ex quo, quoniam, nam, quandoquidem, alioque—*after, from which, after that, because, for, forasmuch as, whereas, otherwise, else.* ἐπεὶ δὲ, veruntamen. ἐπεὶ τάχις, ut primum, *as soon as.*
- ἐπιπολῆς, in superficie, in summitate, supra—*on the surface, superficially, at the tip, above.* τὸ ἐπιπολῆς, quod est in superficie, ipsa superficies, *what is upon, and the surface itself.*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- 65 ἔτι, adhuc, etiamnum, insuper, amplius, posthac—*hitherto, yet, moreover, besides, hereafter.* It is also an Expletive.  
 εὖ, bene—*well, after a right manner, prosperously.* R. εὖς, bonus.  
 εὐοῖ, Euöe, Euöe, vel Evohe, Baccho acclamatio—*Evohe, an acclamation to the god of wine, oft repeated by his votaries and priests.* q. εὖ εἰ, bene sit illi, q. d. *success to Bacchus, may the deep tinged vinous chaplet ever adorn his brow.*  
 ἄντε, quando, quum, ubi, aliquando, sicut, velut, ceu—*when, sometimes, as.*

## H

- ἦ, ἦ, He, He, vel Ha, Ha, *used by way of check and call to desist.*  
 70 ἢ, vel ἢ, poet. ἢἔ, & ἢἔ, aut, vel, an? quam—or, either, doth? is? than.  
 ἤδη, jam, mox, protinus, adhinc, olim—*now, at present, already, presently, from now, lately.*  
 ἤδη, poet. pro καὶ, et—*and, also, yet.*  
 ἡκα, leniter, quietè, sensim, paululum, submissè—*softly, silently, leisurely, gradually, by little and little, submissively.*  
 ἦμεν, profecto, sanè—*truly, indeed.*  
 75 ἦμεν, poet. conj. atque—*and.*  
 ἦμος, poet. quando, quum, (sine interrogatione)—*when; it is answered by τῆμος, then.*  
 ἦν, conj. si—*if.*  
 ἦν, en, ecce—*lo, behold.* ἦνδε, id.  
 ἦνικα, quum, quando—*when, soon as.* extra interrog.

## Θ

- 80 θαμά, crebro, frequenter, perpetuo—*often, repeatedly, perpetually.*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

ἤν, poet. sanè, certè, quidem; diu—indeed, truly; long ago.

## I

- ἰαἰαἰ, heu—alas; vox lamentantis.  
 ἰαῦ, significant of indignation and sorrow.  
 ἰεῦ, Hui!—alas! it also denotes scorn.  
 85 ἰν, Io, acclamatio lætitiæ—Io, an acclamation of joy.  
 ἰνα, ubi—where, there; conj. ut—that.  
 ἰὲ, heu! eheu! hei! ha! vox dolentis—ha! alas! expressive of pain or grief.  
 ἰῶ, Io—a cry of joy and exultation.  
 ἰφι, fortiter, valdè, magno animo—stoutly, bravely, valiantly, magnanimously.  
 90 ἰὼ, heu! eheu! heo! proh! ah!—alas! ah! wo worth the day! οἰ, id.

## K

- καὶ, conj. et, atque, ac, etiam, quoque, sic, sed, igitur, aut—*and, as, also, so, but, therefore, or.* καὶν, or καῖν, for καὶ ἐάν, or καὶ ἄν, etsi, planè, quodsi, although, &c. but καὶν, for καὶ ἐν, as καὶν τῆς, and in this. καὶ γὰρ, or καὶ γὰρ, ego quoque, I also. καὶ ἴα, deinde, q. εἴτε, id.  
 καὶ ἔω, infra, deorsum, infernè, in parte inferiore, subtus; apud inferos; ad seu apud mare—beneath, down, below, in an inferior part, under; in realms below, among the shades; towards, or near the sea, on its coast. q. καὶ ἔα, signif. sub. τὰ καὶ ἔω, pars inferior. τὰ καὶ ἔω, quæ sub cælo sunt, terrena, sublunary objects, earthly things. οἱ καὶ ἔω, maritimi, qui maritima incolunt, inhabitants of the sea coast; item, homines addicti rebus terrenis, men of sordid and groveling minds.  
 κῆ, sequente consonante, κῆν, sequente vocali, particula poetica, of the same import in poetry, as ἄν in prose; q. ν.



## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

## Δ

λάξ, calce seu calcibus—*with the heel or heels.*

65 λίαν, valdè, admodum—*very, exceedingly.*

λίγδην, strictim, leviter—*compactly, with brevity, lightly, slightly.*

## Μ

μά, non certè per—it is not really: ἐμὰ τὸν Δία, non per Jovem, upon oath it is not.

μάλα, valdè admodum, multum, vehementer—*very, exceedingly, enormously, to an excess, much indeed, with vehemence. Jungitur aliis adverbiiis. Compar. μάλλον, magis, amplius, potius; μάλλον δὲ, imo vero, seu potius; μάλλον αἰ, magis atque magis; πολὺ μάλλον, longe: Superl. μάλιστα, maxime, potissimum, præsertim, admodum quam; τὰ μάλιστα, præsertim, maxima ex parte, especially, for the most part; μάλιστα μὲν, principio, ante omnia, in the first place, principally and before, or above all other things.*

μάτην, Dor. μάταν, Poet. μάτ, frustra, incassum; sine causâ, abs re, temere, falso—in vain, to no purpose; without any good reason for, quite off the mark, rashly, deceitfully.

100 μὲν, quidem—*indeed, verily. It is generally followed by δὲ, in the next member of the sentence. It is also put for δὴ, truly. μὲν νῦν, tamen.*

μίσφα, poet. the same as

μέχρι, g. adhuc, usque ad, intra, donec, tenus—*hitherto, as yet, thus far, within, until, up to. ἄχρι, id, μέχρῃς, & ἄχρῃς, before a vowel.*

μὴ, Ne, non, nisi; item nunquid? an?—*no, nay, not, unless; is it not? &c.*

μὲν, conj. autem, vero, tamen, profecto, quidem—but, yet, truly, indeed. It is often put for δὲ, and, like δὲ, sometimes answers to μὲν.

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- 105 μᾶν, conj. Num? numquid? an? utrum?—*why? is there? whether*: & sequente μὴ vel εἶ, nonne? annon?

## N

- ναί, Næ, profecto, sane, imo—*truly, verily, indeed, yes.*  
 νῆ, profecto, per—*verily, upon oath.* νῆ Δία, per Jovem, *witness Jove.*  
 νόσφι, & νόσφιν, sorsum, sine, procul—*separately, apart, far off.*  
 νύ, & νύν, Poetic Expletives, sometimes signifying igitur, *therefore.*
- 110 νῦν, Att. νυνί, Nunc, hoc tempore, hodie—*Now, at this time, to-day.*

## O

- οἶ, hei, heu, alas! οἶ ἐγώ, οἶ ἐμεῖ, οἶ μοι, heu mihi. *But οἶ quo, ubi.*  
 ὁμαρίη, poet. simul, una—*together.* ο. ὁμαί, una cum, & ἄρω, apto.  
 ὀπη, Dor. ὀπα, ubi? quo? quomodo? qua viâ? qua ratione?—*where? whither? how? which way? on what footing or principle?*  
 ὀπίσω, poet. ὀπίσσω, retro, retrorsum, a tergo, post, postea—*backward, behind, after.* ὀπίσθεν, id.
- 115 ὀλί, poet. ὀλί, Dor. ὀκκα, quando, quum, quandoque, quoniam—*when, after, forasmuch as, since, because.* ὀλί δῆποτε, quandocunque.  
 ὀλί, conj. poet. ὀλί, quod, quia, eo quod—*because, on that account.* With Superlatives it enhances the signification, as, ὀλί πλεῖστον, quam plurimum, *very much indeed.*  
 ὀ, non, haud—*not, no, Interrog. is it not?* It becomes ὀκ before a smooth, and ὀχ before an aspirated vowel. ὀχί, id.  
 ὀξ, Vah—*expressive of derision, Fy.*  
 ὀαί, Væ—*alas! woe to, fy upon.*
- 120 ὀι, significant of grief, heu! alas! of threats and execration, væ, woe to.

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

ὤν, conj. igitur, ergo, itaque, adeo—*therefore, finally.*

Ion. ὦν.

ὡς, ut, quo, donec, quamdiu, interea, dum—*that, to the end that, until, as long as, in the mean time, while.*

Poet. pro ἴνα.

ὀψέ, sero, longo post tempore, vespere—*late, long after, in the evening.* ὀψέ τῆς ἡμέρας, die inclinante in noctem, *at the decline of day.* ὀψέ τῆς ἡλικίας, ætate vergente in senectutem, *in the down hill of life.*

## II

πάλαι, olim, quondam, pridem, jampridem, jamdudum—*formerly, of old, in days now past and gone, long since, heretofore, lately.* οἱ παλαι, patriarchal men, *those of former times, the ancients.*

125 πάλιν, iterum, rursus, denuo, de integro; ἐ contrario, retrorsum—*again, a second time, anew; in a different direction, back again.*

παπαι, Papæ! atat;—*O strange! wonderful!* βαβαί, id.

παρὸς, g. ante, antea, prius, priusquam, antequam—*before, used of time and place, ere now.*

πέλας, g. prope—*near, hard by.* ὁ πέλας, vicinus, *a neighbour.*

πῆρ, quanquam, tametsi—*although, notwithstanding.* It is generally inseparable. Sometimes it is of the same import as cunq:ue in Latin; as ὅπῃς πῆρ ἐστὶ, *ubicunque sit; and not unfrequently redundant.*

130 πέρα, & πέραν, g. ultra, trans, ultra modum, plusquam supra, præter—*beyond, over, above measure, more than, above, besides.* q. περᾶν, transeo. πέρα τᾶ, supra quam. πέρυσσι, anno, præterito vel superiore; *hoc ante tempus—in, or of last year; heretofore, before now.*

πλὴν, g. præter, præterquam, sed, cæterum, veruntamen—*beside, except, moreover, but, notwithstanding.*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- ἄποτοι, *proh Dii! O ye Gods!* ὦ ἄποτοι, *O Dii immortales!*  
*O ye deathless Divinities! item papæ! O strange!*  
 πῆ, *ubi?—where? from ἄ, cujus; R. ὅς, qui.*  
 135 πρὶν, *g. Prius, antea, antequam, priusquam; donec—*  
*Prior, before, previous, sooner than; until.*  
 πρόκα, *statim, confestim, subito, ex improviso—forthwith,*  
*immediately, on a sudden, by surprise, at unawares.*  
 πρώτ, *manè; maturè—in the morning; timely.*  
 πύκα, *densè, spissè, accuratè, prudenter—thick, crowded,*  
*accurately, with care and prudence.*  
 πύξ, *Pugno, vel pugnīs—with one or each fist. πύξ μά-*  
*χισθαί, pugilatu certare—to box.*  
 140 πῶς, *quomodo? quo pacto? qui? quâ ratione?—how?*  
*what by? on what principle? by what rule? In admira-*  
*tion, How! O How! Et sine interrogatione.*  
 πῶς, *quodammodo, aliquo, vel certo modo—after a sort,*  
*any how, upon a lose, or upon a fixed plan.*

## P

ἰὲ, *poet. explet. vide ἄρα, quidem, indeed.*

## Σ

- σαβοῖ, *vox bacchantium, quæ subjungitur voce εἰοῖ—a*  
*bacchanalian exclamation, responsive to εἰοῖ, Evoë.*  
 σῆτες, *Dor. σῶτες, Att. τῆτες, hoc anno—in the present year.*  
 145 σίλλα, *vel σίλλε, a shepherd or drover's word, St.*  
 σκεδόν, *g. prope, juxta, cominus, propemodum, ferè, pene*  
*—near, hard by, hand to hand, well nigh, almost.*

## T

τὲ, *conj. que, and. It is always put after the word to*  
*which it belongs, as εἰπὲ τε, dixitque, and he said. τὲ,*  
*and ἄρα, are often Apostrophised, as τ', ἄρ' or ἰὲ; and*  
*they are not unfrequently Expletives. τὲ, Dor. pro σὲ,*  
*Te, Thee.*

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.



ἄλλε, procul, longe—*far off, remote, far distant.*

τοί, an *Expletive which is often joined to Adverbs and Conjunctions; with other words it is sometimes rendered by quidem, quare, nunc, indeed, wherefore, now.*

150 ἴ, olfacientis sonus—the nasal sound produced by the act of smelling, or snuffing in the scent.

ἵπαιδα, ex obliquo, recta, coram—in a crossing line, aslant, with a side wing, right on, before.

## Φ

φῆ, Heu! eheu! papæ!—*ha! alas! O strange!*

## Χ

χαμαί, Humi, in terrâ; ad terram—*on the ground; to the earth.*

χθῆς, heri—*yesterday.*

155 χωρῆς, g. seorsum, separatim, singulatim; sine, absque, præter, citra—*apart, asunder, separately, severally, each by itself; without, except, on this side.*

## Ω

ὦ, O, an adverb of calling and exclaiming; but

ὦ, O! Oh! is one of admiring and grieving.

ὦπ, a nautical acclamation.

ὡς, conj. ut, velut, sicut, postquam—as, like as, so as, afterward. q. ὅς, qui. The Attics put ὡς, with an accusative case for ἰς, and πρὸς.

160 ὡς, sic, ita—*so, thus.*

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Touching the Inseparable Particles, we shall only say here that ἄρῃ, ἔξ, ἔξῃ, δά, ἔρῃ, ζά, λά, λῃ, are Intensive, and may, generally speaking, be rendered by the

## Adverbs and Conjunctions.

Latin adverbs, valdè, perquam, admodum, vehementer, magnum, multum, cito, statim, perfacilè.

α, implies (1) *Privation or Negation*; (2) *Augmentation*; (3) *Unity or Consociation*; It is also sometimes (4) *Redundant*.

δδ; is expressive of *difficulty and distress, of trouble and misfortune, and may be rendered by ægre, difficulter, infelix, male, ærumnose, &c.*

ν̄, & ν̄è, are significant of *Negation or Privation, as Ne, non, im. &c.* ν̄, also augments, valdè.

IT is presumed, with all due deference, that the plan of the preceding performance will, upon fair trial, be found to border upon the genuine *Lucidus Ordo* in which, in their Lexicons and Dictionaries, the words of languages ought to be arranged. For, maintaining a strict agreement with Grammar, this lucid order enables a learner with expedition and pleasure to acquire, and a proficient, without interruption to the other duties of his station, for ever to retain the ground-work of Language.

The author takes the liberty of advertising his readers, that he hath nearly ready for the press, a work, in which a brief hint of the signification of the Primitive word is often followed by select Derivative ones, illustrative of the etymologies of many words of frequent occurrence, as well vulgar as technical, which owe their Etymon to this learned language: V. G.

κόμη, *Coma, hair.* κομάω, *Comatus sum, Comam alo, to have or be adorned with long hair, to improve or COMB the hair, form it in ringlets.* κομήτης, υ, ό, *Comans, Comatus, crinitus, having waving hair, wearing bushy tresses, hairy.* κομήτης, subauditur άστής, *a Star, Cometa, stella, Comata, a Comet, hairy or blazing star.*

Μῦσα, *Dor. Μῦσα, Musa, one of the Muses, a song, skill.* μῦσιζω, *Dor. μῦσισδω, cano, cantu contendo, to sing, rival in song.* μουσικός, ή, ον, *Musicus, Musical; f. μουσική, sub. τέχνη, ars Musica, Music, the science of melodious sounds.* μουσικῶς, *adv. Musicè, eleganter, Musically, gracefully, with elegance.* Μοσαϊκ, q. d. *wrought by the fine hands of the Muses.* μουσειον, *Musæum, locus Musis et studiis destinatus, a Museum, study.* φιλόμουσος, *Dor. φιλόμουσος, Musarum amans, Musicæ studiosus, Philomuseus, captivated by the Muses, a lover of them and Music, q. φιλέω, amo.*

πλανή, *error, vagatio.* πλανῶ, *facio errare, fallo, seduco.* πλάνος, *fallax, fraudulentus, Blandus, deceitful; substè. seductor, impostor; error.* πλάνης, ήτος, ό, *erro, g. onis, vagabundus, a wanderer.* πλανητός, ή, όν, *erraticus, vagabun-*

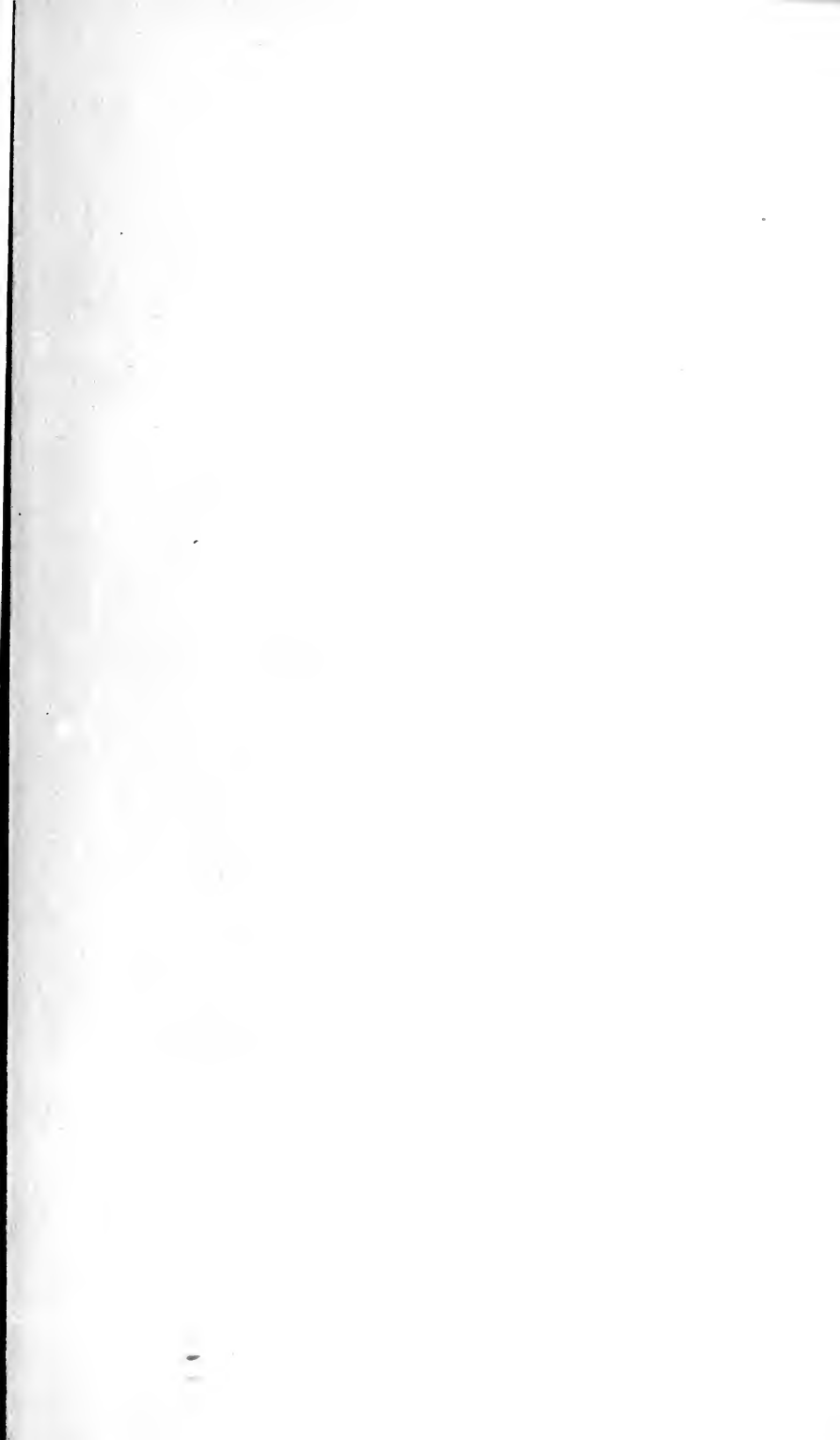
**du**, *straying, roving*; *πλανητικός*, idem. *πλανήτης*, ε, ι, *errans, vagus, erraticus*; item, *erro, roving, wandering, erratic*; a *wanderer, a fugitive*; sub. *ἀστὴρ*, *stella erratica, Planeta, a wandering star; a Planet.*

*ἀριθμός*, *number*. *ἀριθμῶν*, *numero*. *ἀριθμησις*, εως, ἡ, *numeratio*. *ἀριθμητός*, ἡ, ὄν, *numerabilis*. *ἀριθμητικός*, *ad numeros, seu artem numerandi pertinens, numerandi peritus, Arithmetical, belonging to numbers, or the science of Arithmetic, expert in numbering, ready at figures*; f. *ἀριθμητική*, sub. *τέχνη*, *ars Arithmetica, ars numerorum, vel numerandi, Arithmetical, the science of numbers, art of numbering.*

*χρόνος*, *time*. *χρονίος*, *diuturnus, lasting, of long continuance*. *χρονίζω*, *tardo, moror, to be tardy, linger, delay*. *χρονέω*, *vivo, compos mentis sum, to live, be compos mentis*. *χρονικός*, *temporalis, of, or belonging to time, Chronic*; pl. *τὰ χρονικά*, *Chronicles, registers*. *χρονολόγος*, *Chronologus, a Chronologer*, q. *λόγος*, *ratio, R. λέγω*, *colligo, numero, pf. m. λέλογα*. *χρονολογία*, *Chronology, the doctrine of time*. *χρονολογικός*, *Chronologicus, Chronological, belonging to Chronology*. *ἐμάχρονος*, ὁ καὶ ἡ, *contemporaneus, living in the same time or age, R. ὁμοί*, *similis*.

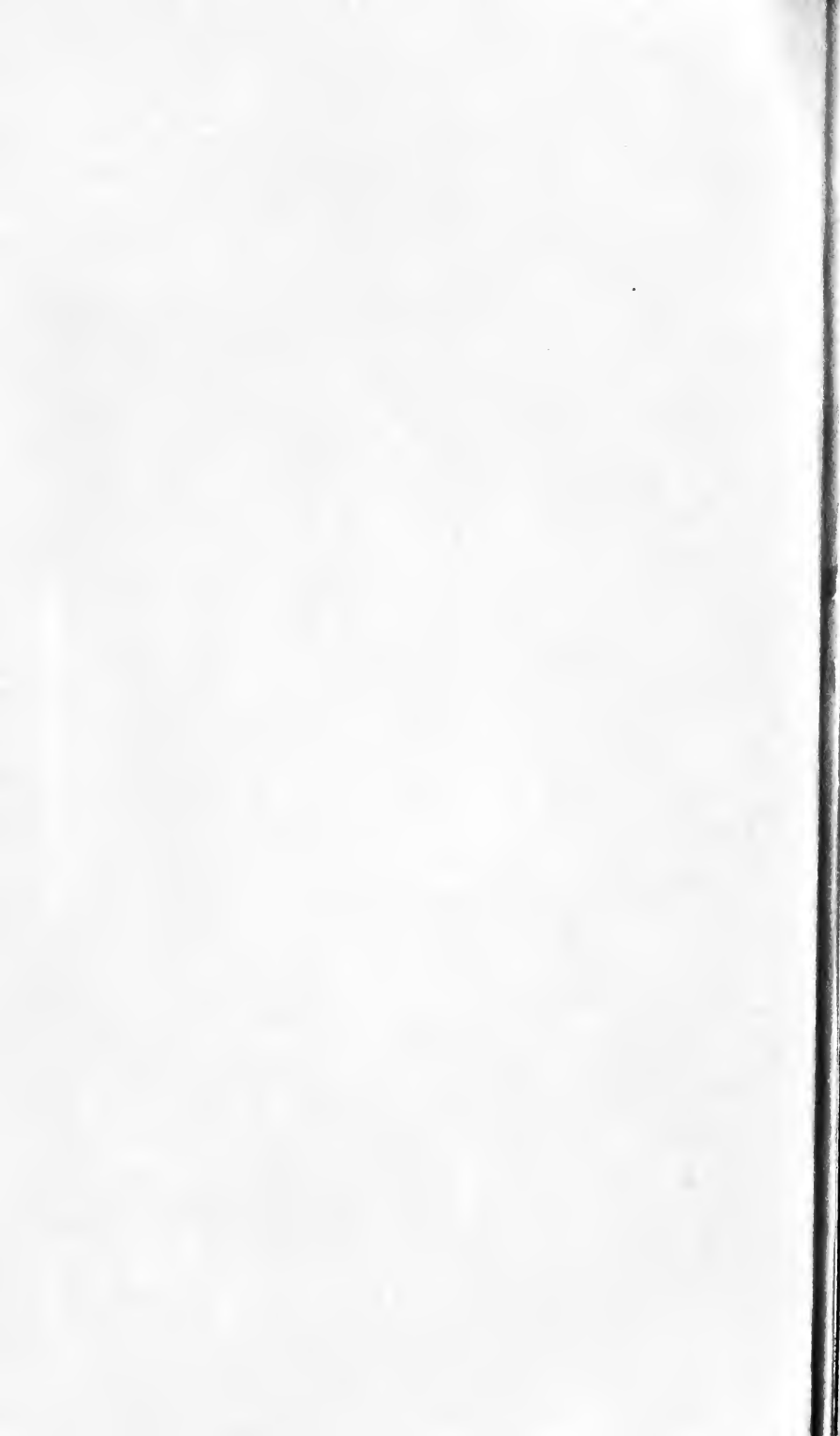
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