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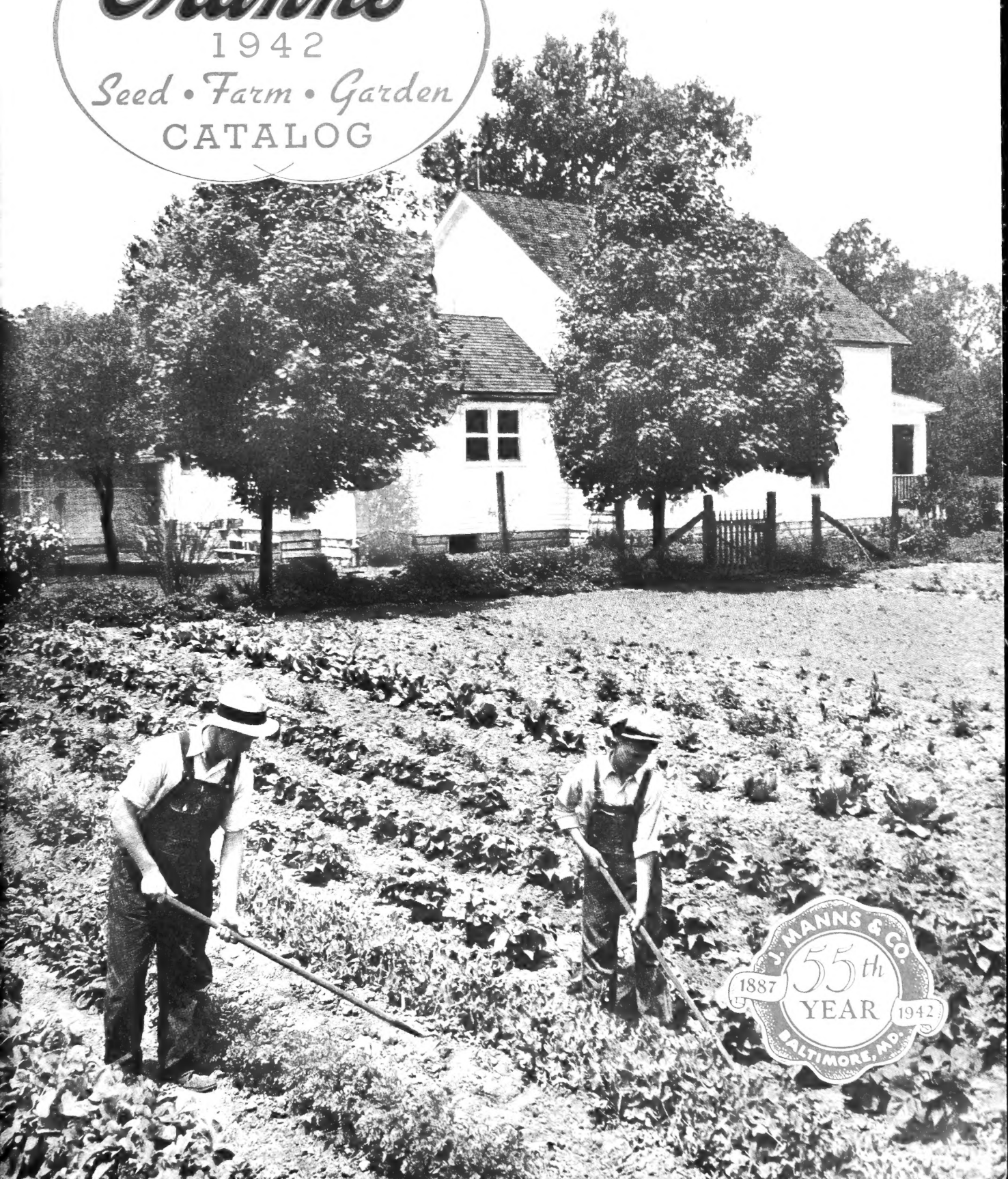
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APR 6 1942  
U.S. Department of Agriculture

# Manns

1942  
Seed • Farm • Garden  
CATALOG



J. MANNS & CO.  
1887 55th YEAR 1942  
BALTIMORE, MD.

# MANNS' SUPERIOR SEEDS

**Continuously Successful Since 1887**

## FOOD PRODUCTION IS VITALLY IMPORTANT—

*—it begins with Seeds of dependable quality*

Manns' seeds are carefully rogued to maintain the high standard of perfection demanded by commercial growers.

Manns' trial grounds, maintained for your protection, are operated under strict personal supervision.

For more than half a century, Manns' seeds, scientifically selected, have been recognized by successful commercial growers for their high quality.

*Our Entire Business Has Always Been the Selection and Sale of Seeds, Bulbs, Plants, Farm and Garden Supplies. Our Success Has Been Based on the Quality of These Products.*

**KEEP THIS CATALOG** for reference—it contains valuable farm and garden information.

How and When to Plant  
Vegetables.....Page 1

"Protective" Foods for  
Better Health.....Page 2

Farm Seed Chart.....Pages 40, 41

Flowers for Particular  
Purposes.....Page 42

Spray Guide.....Page 62

Soil pH Preferences.....Page 91

State Fertilizer  
Recommendations.....Page 92

**Phone Plaza 1460 - Open Saturday Afternoons - Suburban Delivery**

**Prompt, Courteous, and Intelligent Attention Always**

**MAIL ORDERS: We pay Parcel Post or Express Charges** on all vegetable and flower seeds, except Beans, Corn, Peas, and Seed Potatoes. This enables distant customers to use Manns' Superior Seeds at no additional expense.

## PLEASE READ - Non-Warranty

It is very evident to anyone who gives the matter the slightest thought that it is to our best interests to send out only such stock as will grow and prove true to name and description. There are, however, so many contingencies to be encountered, entirely beyond our control, such as the weather, soil and other conditions that:

**J. Manns & Company give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any Seeds, Plants or Bulbs sent out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.**

Domestic Parcel Post Rates Within the U. S. and Possessions		For First Pound	For Ea. Addit'l Pound
First Zone within	50 miles	<b>\$0.08</b>	<b>\$0.01</b>
Second Zone within	50 to 150 miles	<b>.08</b>	<b>.01</b>
Third Zone within	150 to 300 miles	<b>.09</b>	<b>.02</b>
Fourth Zone within	300 to 600 miles	<b>.10</b>	<b>.04</b>
Fifth Zone within	600 to 1000 miles	<b>.11</b>	<b>.05</b>
Sixth Zone within	1000 to 1400 miles	<b>.12</b>	<b>.07</b>
Seventh Zone within	1400 to 1800 miles	<b>.14</b>	<b>.09</b>
Eighth Zone over	1800 miles	<b>.15</b>	<b>.11</b>

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice





# HOW AND WHEN TO PLANT VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES	SEEDS OR PLANTS TO PROVIDE FOR FAMILY OF FIVE	DATE TO SOW OR PLANT OUTDOORS		DEPTH TO COVER INCHES	SPACE BETWEEN ROWS	SET PLANTS OR THIN OUT TO INCHES	TIME REQUIRED TO PRODUCE CROP	NUMBER OF FEET OF ROW FOR FAMILY OF 5	SPECIAL NOTES
		FIRST	LAST						
Asparagus	1 oz. or 50	Mar. 20	Aug. 1	Seeds 1 in.	3 to 4 ft.	12 in.	Seeds 4 years	50 ft.	A well-cared for bed improves with age and lasts for many years. Select, early, midseason and late in both green and wax podded kinds. Select early and late, green and wax pod. Select early, midseason and late kinds for winter storage.
Beans (Bush)	4 lbs.	April 20	Aug. 15	Plants 4 in.	2 ft.	3 to 4 in.	Plants 2 years	200 ft.	
Beans (Pole)	3 pkts.	May 5	Aug. 1	2 in.	3 to 4 ft.	3 ft. (hills)	60 to 90 days	80 to 100 hills	Select early, midseason and late kinds for winter storage. Sow during July for Fall use. Handle exactly like Cauliflower. The most delicate of all the cabbage tribe. Set out 2 doz. early, 1 doz. midseason and 2 doz. late kinds.
Beet	2 oz.	Mar. 20	Aug. 15	1/2 to 1 in.	18 in.	2 to 3 in.	90 to 120 days	80 ft.	
Borecole or Kale	1 pkt.	April 20	Sept. 1	1/2 in.	2 1/2 ft.	12 in.	80 to 100 days	20 ft.	Sow only on August 1st for Fall use only. Sow short rows often. Sow on August 1st for winter storage. Treat very much like Cabbage. Select an early and a late variety. Sow in blocks of short rows, for perfect polarization. When picking, cut stems; do not pull vines. Needs lots of heat and frequent hoeing. To bleach, tie plants into cone shape. Should be used when roots reach a diameter of 2 1/2 in.
Broccoli	1 pkt.	April 5	Aug. 10	1/2 to 1 in.	2 1/2 ft.	24 in.	120 days	20 ft.	
Brussels Sprouts	1 pkt. or 15	May 5	Aug. 10	Seed 1/2 in.	2 1/2 ft.	24 in.	100 days	20 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Cabbage	36	April 20	Sept. 15	Seed 1/2 in.	2 to 3 ft.	18 to 24 in.	100 to 150 days	60 ft.	
Chinese Cabbage	1 pkt.	July 20	Aug. 1	1/2 in.	2 1/2 ft.	12 in.	80 to 100 days	20 ft.	When picking, cut stems; do not pull vines. Needs lots of heat and frequent hoeing. To bleach, tie plants into cone shape. Should be used when roots reach a diameter of 2 1/2 in.
Carrot	1/2 oz.	Mar. 20	Aug. 1	1/2 in.	1 1/2 to 2 ft.	2 to 3 in.	45 to 60 days	40 ft.	
Cauliflower	24	April 5	July 10	Seed 1/4 in.	2 to 3 ft.	2 ft.	120 to 150 days	20 ft.	Treat very much like Cabbage. Select an early and a late variety. Sow in blocks of short rows, for perfect polarization. When picking, cut stems; do not pull vines. Needs lots of heat and frequent hoeing. To bleach, tie plants into cone shape. Should be used when roots reach a diameter of 2 1/2 in.
Celery (Sweet)	1/2 oz. or 60	Mar. 20	July 10	Seed 1/4 in.	3 ft.	6 in.	100 to 120 days	60 ft.	
Corn (Sweet)	1 lb.	April 20	July 15	2 in.	3 ft.	12 in.	80 to 120 days	200 ft.	When picking, cut stems; do not pull vines. Needs lots of heat and frequent hoeing. To bleach, tie plants into cone shape. Should be used when roots reach a diameter of 2 1/2 in.
Cucumber	1 pkt.	April 20	Aug. 5	3/4 in.	4 to 5 ft.	(3 to hill)	60 to 80 days	10 hills	
Eggplant	12	May 20	July 25	1/2 in.	2 1/2 ft.	36 in.	100 to 120 days	20 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Endive	1 pkt.	April 5	Aug. 10	3/4 to 1 in.	2 ft.	12 in.	60 to 80 days	40 ft.	
Kohi-Rabi	1 pkt.	April 5	Aug. 10	3/4 to 1 in.	1 1/2 to 2 ft.	4 to 6 in.	60 to 80 days	60 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Leek	1 pkt.	Mar. 20	Aug. 5	1/2 in.	2 ft.	(3 to hill)	100 days	20 ft.	
Lettuce	2 oz. (4 kinds)	Mar. 20	July 15	1/2 in.	1 1/2 to 2 ft.	10 to 12 in.	45 to 60 days	160 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Lima Beans (Bush)	1 lb.	May 5	July 10	1 in.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	2 ft. (hills)	100 days	40 ft.	
Lima Beans (Pole)	2 pkts.	May 15	July 10	1 in.	3 ft.	3 ft. (hills)	120 days	20 hills	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Melons	1 pkt.	May 10	July 10	1/2 to 1 in.	4 ft.	4 ft. (hills)	100 to 120 days	10 hills	
Onions	1 oz.	Mar. 20	Aug. 10	1/4 to 1/2 in.	18 in.	3 or 4 in.	80 to 110 days	80 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Onion Sets	1 qt.	Mar. 20	Aug. 10	1/2 to 1 in.	12 in.	2 in.	30 to 60 days	40 ft.	
Parley	1 pkt.	April 5	June 1	1/2 to 1 in.	16 to 18 in.	4 in.	100 to 120 days	50 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Peanuts	3 lbs.	Mar. 20	Aug. 10	2 in.	15 to 18 in.	2 to 4 in.	150 days	200 ft.	
Peas	12	May 5	Aug. 10	1/2 in.	2 1/2 ft.	1 in.	60 to 100 days	200 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Pepper	15 lbs.	May 5	Aug. 20	4 in.	3 ft.	2 ft.	100 days	20 ft.	
Potatoes	1 pkt.	May 20	Sept. 1	1/2 in.	3 ft.	6 in.	100 days	200 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Pumpkin	3 pkts.	Mar. 20	Sept. 15	1/2 in.	4 to 6 ft.	4 ft. (hills)	100 to 120 days	12 hills	
Radish	6	Mar. 20	Oct. 1	1/2 in.	18 in.	1 to 4 in.	30 to 60 days	50 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Rhubarb	1 pkt.	Mar. 20	July 20	1/2 in.	3 ft.	3 ft.	60 days	20 ft.	
Rutabaga	1/2 oz.	Mar. 20	July 20	1 to 1 1/2 in.	2 ft.	2 to 4 in.	90 to 100 days	40 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Salsify	1/2 oz.	April 5	June 1	1/2 in.	18 to 19 in.	2 to 4 in.	100 to 150 days	25 ft.	
Squash	1 oz.	Mar. 20	Aug. 10	1/2 in.	12 in.	2 to 4 in.	60 days	75 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Swiss Chard	1/2 oz.	Mar. 20	Aug. 10	1/2 to 1 in.	4 to 6 ft.	4 ft. (hills)	100 to 120 days	12 hills	
Tomato	1 pkt. or 48	Seeds Feb. 18 Indoors Plants May 6	Aug. 10	Seed 1/4 in.	3 to 4 ft.	6 in.	90 to 100 days	40 ft.	Growth like Onions and hill to bleach stalks. Should be thinned out to stand a foot apart, in classes. Select an early and a late variety in both classes. See note on Cucumbers. Weeding and hoeing are their chief requirements. Seed requires 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Cultivate well during the growing season. The early smooth seeded sorts may be sown a month before the later, wrinkled varieties. See note on Eggplants. Really a farm crop. When sowing, prevent bruising. Spring sorts can be grown quite close. Summer and fall varieties require more space. Requires a lot of space and plenty of manure. Sow around August 1st for winter use. Can be stored for winter use or left in ground until spring. Plant short rows often. See note on Pumpkins. Treat like Beets. For best results train to stakes or trellis.
Turnips	1 pkt.	Mar. 20	July 1 Aug. 31	1/2 in.	15 to 20 in.	2 to 4 in.	100 to 120 days	160 ft.	

In the vicinity of Baltimore many varieties are sown in hot-beds during February, March and April to be planted out about May 10th, or earlier in the case of some varieties where the plants may be hardened off.

Some vegetables, such as Cabbage, Lettuce and Spinach, are sown at varying dates, according to variety.

## SOW MANN'S SUPERIOR SEEDS

Sow again in August for winter use.

# The "Protective" Foods Are the Best Sources of Those Nutrients Which Must Be Eaten in Generous Amounts If One Is to Have Buoyant Health

Cooperative Extension Work in Agriculture and Home Economics  
University of Illinois, College of Agriculture, and the United States Department of Agriculture cooperating

NUTRIENT	BEST SOURCES OF NUTRIENTS		SOME CONDITIONS* WHICH HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY LACK OF NUTRIENT OR CURED BY FEEDING NUTRIENT	
	Plant Sources	Animal Sources		
<b>Vitamin A</b>	Wild greens Leaf lettuce Green cabbage Sweet potatoes Mustard, turnip, and beet leaves	Escarole Spinach Collards Tomatoes Squash Kale	Liver Egg yolk Butter Cream Milk, whole	Night blindness, sensitivity of eyes to bright light. Dryness and scaliness of skin. "Goose-pimple" skin, ingrown hair.
<b>Thiamin (vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)</b>	Whole-grain products—bread, flour, cereals Bran Wheat germ Beans—soy, navy, and lima Peas	Pork, lean Liver Kidney Heart Muscle meats Fish Eggs Milk	Poor appetite, constipation. Tiredness, low capacity to do work. Neuralgia, tingling in feet and hands; nervousness. Some types of heart trouble. Dropsy, sleeplessness, delirium tremens.	
<b>Riboflavin</b>	(None comparable to animal sources)	Milk Liver Kidney Heart Muscle meats Eggs	Eyes that burn, itch, tire easily or are sensitive to bright light; pink tinge surrounding iris. Blackheads and "whiteheads," oily skin, tiny blood vessels visible on face. Sore lips with cracks at corners. Purplish color of tongue. Decreased resistance to infections.	
<b>Nicotinic acid</b>	Spinach Kale Collards Leaf lettuce Green cabbage	Liver Kidney Muscle meats Fish Milk Eggs	Sore mouth and tongue, burning of throat, alternate constipation and diarrhea, pain in the region of the breast bone. Rough, chapped skin particularly in winter. Sleeplessness, emotional instability, hysteria, delirium. Decreased resistance to infections.	
<b>Pyridoxin (vitamin B<sub>6</sub>)</b>	Whole-grain products—bread, flour, cereals Bran Wheat germ Beans and peas	Muscle meats Fish	Some types of shaking palsy, rigidity of muscles, lack of facial expression. Sleeplessness, nervousness, poor appetite. Weakness.	
<b>Ascorbic acid (vitamin C)</b>	Oranges Grapefruit Strawberries Tomatoes Sprouted beans Raw vegetables Potatoes, white	(None comparable to plant sources)	Tiredness, decreased capacity to do work, laziness, skin hemorrhages, spongy, bleeding gums. Poor healing of cuts and wounds. Serious after-effects of disease.	
<b>Tocopherol (vitamin E)</b>	Oils from seeds, corn, cottonseed Green leafy vegetables Whole-grain products Beans and peas	Egg yolk	Muscle weakness, some types of muscle paralysis. Sterility.	
<b>Vitamin K</b>	Spinach Kale Collards Green cabbage Tomatoes	(None comparable to plant sources)	Slow clotting of blood, particularly in first ten days of life and in obstructive jaundice. Excessive loss of blood at childbirth. Hemorrhages following operations.	
<b>Unsaturated fatty acids</b>	Oils from seeds	Lard Liver Fat pork Egg yolk	Eczema. Scaliness of skin.	
<b>Protein</b>	Dried peas and beans, particularly soybeans Corn, wheat, and oat products	Milk Cheese Eggs Liver Kidney Muscle meats	Tiredness, general weakness, laziness, anemia, dropsy. Serious after-effects of disease.	
<b>Calcium</b>	(None comparable to milk or cheese)	Milk and cheese	Poorly calcified bones and teeth.	
<b>Iron</b>	Whole-grain products Bran Green leafy vegetables	Liver Eggs Muscle meats	Tiredness, general weakness, laziness. Anemia. Slow progress in school and mental dullness.	

\* Many of these conditions can be caused by other means than faulty food habits.



# Varieties of Special Merit

OUR general stocks are unexcelled in quality and better seeds cannot be purchased at any price. The following recently improved strains, however, are worthy of special consideration and should be grown by every progressive market gardener.

## BEETS

**MANN'S NEW MODEL**—Has become a favorite with market gardeners supplying the most critical trade. A thoroughly established strain, dependable year after year for its uniform maturity, deep red color, freedom from light zones, and good bunching tops. New Model is no longer "new." It has been grown for nearly ten years in the vicinity of Baltimore, and each year our sales of it have increased over the previous year. We do not know any beet that will beat New Model as a main crop variety for this section. Page 7.

## CABBAGE



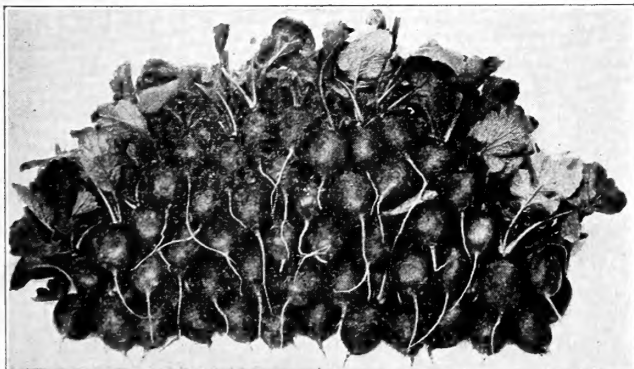
**CHIEFTAIN SAVOY**—Received the award of Merit, 1938 All-American selection. Produces well formed, medium sized firm heads, outstanding in uniformity and quality. Page 9.

## CARROT

**STREAMLINER**—An ideal new bunching carrot for shippers and market gardeners. Tops short, rather sparse, dark green, and strong. Roots long slender, nearly cylindrical; at maturity 8 to 10 in. long by 1¼ to 1½ in. at shoulder; grow completely underground. Color very deep orange, cores small and uniformly red. Page 12.

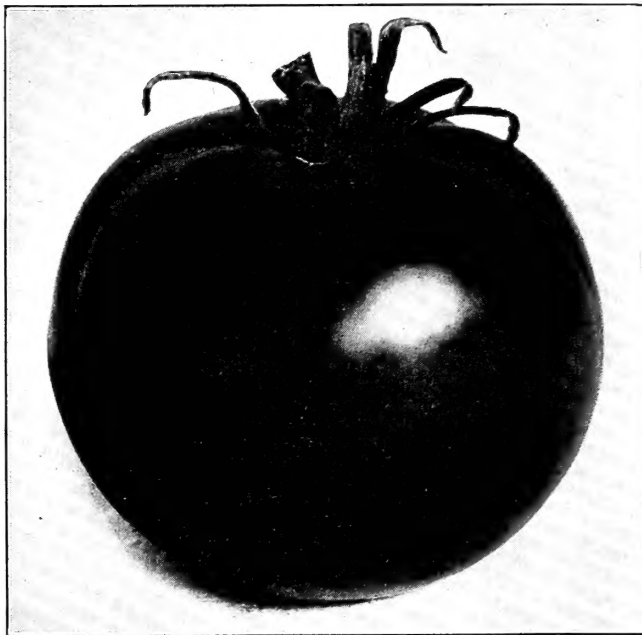
**SUNRISE**—A favorite with market garden trade because of its fine quality, perfect shape and attractive color. Specially valuable for medium and late use, an excellent keeper and thoroughly dependable. Page 12.

## RADISH



**SCARLET GLOBE No. 8**—So uniform in its maturity that each sowing can be entirely gathered and bunched at one pulling, with practically no waste. This means more bunches per row, more time saved in bunching, and the ground ready for the next crop a week earlier. Page 30.

## TOMATOES



**MANN'S SUPERIOR GLOBE**—A trial ground selection consistently producing outstanding yields of deep globe-shaped, bright red, solid meaty fruits. Picking begins early mid-season and continues well until frost. Superior Globe has yielded heavier crops of No. 1 Grade than Rutgers, Marglobe or any of the other numerous varieties in our Parkville trials. Seed supply limited. Pkt., 25c; oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$3.50; lb., \$12.50.

**RUTGERS** tomato has become so popular due to its quality and yield that it naturally has had wide distribution and publicity. It is very important however that seeds of this new variety be purchased from the most reliable sources, as some stocks have been grown more carefully than others and preservation of the original qualities has been an expensive item in its reproduction. Mann's stock of Rutgers is not only certified but has been produced from stock seed which we have proven to be superior to two other certified stocks. Oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

## ASPARAGUS

1 ounce to 60 feet of drill; 1 pound per acre; 3,000 plants per acre.

Sow in spring in drills about eighteen inches apart and two inches deep in light, rich soil, planting fifteen to twenty seed to each foot of row. Thin to about one inch apart and give frequent and thorough cultivation during the summer.

Set the plants about four inches deep and one to two feet apart in rows four to six feet apart. After the plants are well started, give frequent and thorough cultivation. The next season the bed may be cut over two or three times. After the final cutting, give a good dressing of manure, ashes and salt.

**MARY WASHINGTON**—Resistant to disease, large, early and produces remarkably tender dark green stalks with very compact purplish green tips. Pkt., 10c; 2 ozs., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

**PARADISE**—New early, extremely strong, vigorous producer, rust resistant. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS

From one to two years may be saved by planting roots instead of seed. Choice, 2-year-old roots.

MARY WASHINGTON, \$1.25 per 100; \$8.50 per 1,000.

# BUSH BEANS

1 pint to 100 feet of drill; 1 to 1½ bushels per acre.

Beans are tender and should not be planted until the soil is well warmed. Sowing too early will often result in a poor stand and uneven ripening. Sow the seed 1½ to 2 inches deep in rows not less than 18 inches apart and firm the soil to assist germination. Allow the plants to stand 4 to 10 inches apart in the row according to variety.

Shallow cultivating and hoeing should be done frequently until the vines are in blossom. To prevent blight do not cultivate deeply and avoid working them while the vines are wet. Beans grow best in warm, well-drained, sandy loam. For succession plant every two weeks until about August 15th.

## ROUND GREEN PODDED VARIETIES

***Asgrow Stringless Black Valentine*** Fully as hardy and early as the original Black Valentine but producing exceptionally long, oval or nearly round pods. Extremely prolific, entirely stringless, and of highest quality.

***Black Valentine Stringless*** (Round Pod)—Produces strictly round, stringless pods. Not as early nor as prolific as the oval type and will not stand planting as early. Its real utility lies in the slenderness of its pods for canning.

***Burpee's Stringless Green Pod (Improved)***

Very popular and can be profitably grown by either trucker or home gardener. It combines vigor, earliness and productiveness. The pods are produced in abundance and are handsome in appearance, being rich dark green in color, smooth, absolutely round, meaty, stringless, free from fiber, and of exceptionally delicate quality. Mature for picking condition in 45 days.



Full Measure

***New Stringless Green Pod*** This new highly productive strain has many Full Measure characteristics bred into it. Its prolific nature, season of growth, length, roundness of pods and appearance, are definitely inherited and yet to these very desirable features has been added a wonderful degree of hardiness which helps New Stringless withstand adverse weather conditions better than its parent stock.

***Giant Stringless Green Pod*** A very productive long, round-podded variety, longer and straighter than Burpee's Stringless.

***Dwarf Horticultural or Dwarf Cherry*** One of the best quality dwarf sorts for both snap and green shell beans for the home garden and market. As a green shelled bean it is equal to the lima in quality while any surplus crop can be kept for winter use. The pods are 5 inches long, stout, flat and stringless.

***Streamliner*** An oval-flat green podded stringless bean, not as flat as Bountiful and growing about 1 to 1½ inches longer. Matures in 50 days and outyielded Bountiful in all tests. Seed white.

***Full Measure Stringless*** A second early, round-podded, stringless bean of recent introduction. The pods are straight, meaty, and are dark green in color. They are entirely stringless and measure 6 to 8 inches in length. Very prolific.

## FLAT PODDED GREEN STRINGLESS

***Bountiful*** Extra early, green pod, good cropper, hardy, prolific; pods long, straight, thick-flat, entirely stringless, good quality. The best extra early, semi-round variety.

***Plentiful*** (50 Days)—An improved Bountiful, with longer, thicker, darker green pods. Two or three days later than Bountiful but much more prolific and resistant to two of the most troublesome forms of rust; an All-American Winner. We offer the originator's stock.



Burpee's Stringless Improved

***Increased yields result from Nitragin Inoculation***



Block of Selected Pedigreed Stock Seed on Idaho Breeding Farm

## WAX BEANS

**Sure Crop Wax** Decidedly better quality than Currie's Rust Proof but vine and seed very similar in appearance, and maturing about a week later. The pods are of a rich yellow color, growing an inch longer than Currie's and stringless at all stages of growth. The disease resistant qualities found in Currie's are duplicated in this variety and it is vigorous, hardy, and very productive. For quality use Sure Crop, while for earliness Currie's is better.

**Round Pod Kidney Wax (Brittle Wax.)** An excellent early round-podded variety of handsome appearance. Pods are long, straight, brittle, meaty; entirely stringless and of exceptionally desirable quality. The best round-podded wax bean for the home garden.

**Burpee's New Kidney Wax** Resembles Wardwell's Kidney Wax, excepting that the pod is larger and thicker, though not so broad. Fairly productive and of high quality, stringless, very fleshy and brittle. Pods measure 6 inches and are of attractive, clear yellow color. Mid-season sort; not damaged by wet weather.

## POLE BEANS

### EDIBLE PODDED

For Cultural Directions See Pole Limas.

**Burger's Stringless Green Pod or White Kentucky Wonder** Bears large, brittle, stringless pods of excellent flavor, dark green in color. It resembles the Kentucky Wonder in form of pod but is much earlier, more productive and bears longer. Seeds white, fine for baking.

**Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead** This old standard variety is extremely productive and of finest quality. It is early and produces round, green pods about 9 inches long. Splendid for use as snaps for the home gardener as it continues to bear for a long period. Seed light brown.

**Horticultural Cranberry or Wren's Egg** An old favorite, excellent both as a snap and shell bean. Medium early, producing large quantities of 5 and 6-inch pods which are broad, thick, and of fine flavor.

**Lazy Wife** One of the best general purpose pole beans; of superior quality as a snap, green shelled or dried bean. Pods, which are borne abundantly throughout the summer, are very easily gathered and entirely stringless, brittle, light green in color and of a mild, sweet flavor. Seed pure white, 6 to 8 in each pod.

**Yard Long, Celestial or Asparagus Bean** Somewhat of a curiosity and yet possessing excellent qualities. It is very prolific, absolutely rust proof and a rank grower. It will produce pods 18 to 24 and sometimes 30 inches long. An excellent table vegetable, the pods being tender, stringless and of a rich asparagus flavor.

## BUSH BEANS

### VARIETIES USED AS SHELL BEANS

Dwarf Horticultural, Fordhook Favorite, and Davis' White Kidney Wax. Three very satisfactory shell bean sorts have been listed previously.

**White Marrowfat** This is a very prolific variety and has become a choice family sort both for green shells and dry beans. Pods are broad, about 5½ inches long, medium green changing to yellow, having large, clear, white seeds which cook very dry and mealy.

**Royal Dwarf or White Kidney** Excellent late variety, green, shelled or dry. Seeds are large, white, kidney shaped, and of fine quality.

**Erfurt Special (New)** If you grow Italian varieties of FAVA, BROAD BEANS, ERFURT BEANS, be sure to grow Erfurt Special this year in preference to any other variety. It is much earlier, extremely large and of excellent quality.

### PRICES

Let us quote bushel or bag lots—state variety and quantity

#### GREEN PODDED VARIETIES

	Pt.	Qt.	Pk.
Asgrow—Black Valentine, Stringless, Oval	\$.25	\$.40	\$2.50
Black Valentine, Stringless, Round	.25	.40	2.50
Bountiful	.25	.40	2.50
Burpee's Stringless Green Pod	.25	.40	2.50
Dwarf Horticultural or Dwarf Cherry	.25	.40	2.50
Full Measure Stringless	.25	.40	2.50
Giant Stringless Pod	.25	.40	2.50
New Stringless Green Pod or Tendergreen	.25	.40	3.00
Plentiful	.25	.40	2.50
Streamliner	.25	.50	3.50

#### WAX VARIETIES

Burpee's New Kidney Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Currie's Rust Proof Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Davis' White Kidney Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Pencil Pod Black Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Round Pod Kidney Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Sure Crop Wax	.25	.40	2.50
Unrivaled Wax	.25	.40	2.50

#### POLE BEANS

Burger's Stringless or White Kentucky Wonder	.25	.40	2.50
Horticultural Cranberry	.25	.40	2.50
Kentucky Wonder	.25	.40	2.50
Lazy Wife	.25	.40	2.50
Yard Long, Celestial	Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00		

#### BUSH BEANS

Erfurt Special	\$.25	\$.40	\$2.50
Broad Erfurt	.25	.40	2.50
White Kidney	.25	.40	2.50
White Marrowfat	.25	.40	2.50

# POLE LIMA BEANS

1 quart to 150 hills; 8 to 10 quarts per acre.

Pole beans do not bear as early as the bush varieties but they are more productive, their bearing season is longer and they are more easily gathered. They succeed best in a warm sandy loam which has been enriched with well rotted manure. If poles are used they should be set three to four feet apart each way. After the ground has become warm and dry, plant 4 to 6 beans to a pole and when well started thin out to 2 or 3 plants to a pole. By placing the seed eyes down they will germinate more quickly and for this reason are less liable to rot. Cultivate frequently but shallow.

**Early Leviathan** The Early Leviathan stands supreme because of its combined qualities, earliness, size and productiveness. The large, well filled pods are borne in clusters of five to ten and are spaced over the entire vine. They are well filled with large fleshy beans of excellent quality, delicate pale green in color.

**Carpinteria** A very desirable pole lima for the home and market garden, producing an abundance of large four-seeded medium green pods. The color is distinctive in having a decided greenish tint, an indication of very finest quality. The beans are thin skinned, delicious flavor and retain the distinctly green tinge even when dried.

**Ideal** One of the largest and most valuable of the medium late varieties, producing a tremendous crop of seven-inch pods, which are filled with five to six large beans of excellent quality. Seed large, ovoid, flat white with slight greenish tinge. Splendid for market gardeners.

**King of the Garden** This is the best and most popular main crop variety. Vines are strong and vigorous; setting pods early and continuing to bear until frost. Is used extensively by market gardeners because of its very prolific nature and the immense size of the pods, which are very straight and handsome; of medium dark green color, broad, flat and filled with four or five large white beans of finest quality.

**Challenger or Dreer's Pole** Vigorous, productive, and quite early, producing pods which are much thicker than any other sort and filled with four thick beans so closely set that the ends are flattened. A favorite among market gardeners.

**Giant Podded** The largest podded lima in cultivation; extremely vigorous in growth, mid-season. Pods are borne in clusters of 6 to 8 and measure 7 inches long and 1 1/4 inches broad. The beans are extra large and of excellent quality.

# BUSH LIMA BEANS

Large seeded sorts, 1 qt. to 100 hills; 1 bu. to the acre.

Small seeded sorts, 1 qt. to 150 hills; 3 pks. to the acre.

These varieties require no support, are about two weeks earlier than the pole beans, and can be planted closer in the rows. They are therefore used by large growers and by gardeners who do not find it convenient to use poles. After danger of frost is past and the ground has become warm, plant in 3 foot rows dropping 3 seeds to a hill and the hills 15 inches apart.

**Early Giant Bush Lima** The largest and earliest bush lima; two weeks earlier than Fordhook, very prolific and of excellent quality. Pods contain 4 to 5 large, close setting beans, and are borne in clusters of 5 to 8. Plant very vigorous and upright, often attaining a height of 30 inches.

**Fordhook Bush Lima** A most excellent variety and exceedingly popular with market gardeners. The plants are freely branching and very erect in their growth. Four or five large, very thick beans are contained in each pod and the plants continue to produce large quantities from July until frost. The green beans even when full size are tender, juicy and sweet when cooked.

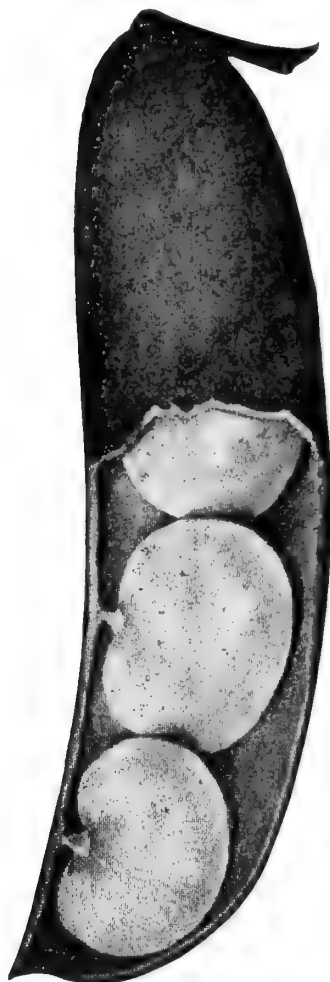
**Burpee's Improved Bush Lima** A very prolific mid-season variety of very hardy, vigorous and true bush growth, bearing clusters of 5 to 8 pods measuring 5 to 6 inches long. The pods are borne abundantly, enormous in size and well filled with handsome beans which are both larger and thicker than those of the regular Burpee's Bush Lima.

**Wood's Prolific or Henderson's Improved Bush Lima** A very early and vigorous type, producing an abundance of 3 to 4-inch pods; contain 4 small, flat, white beans of good quality.

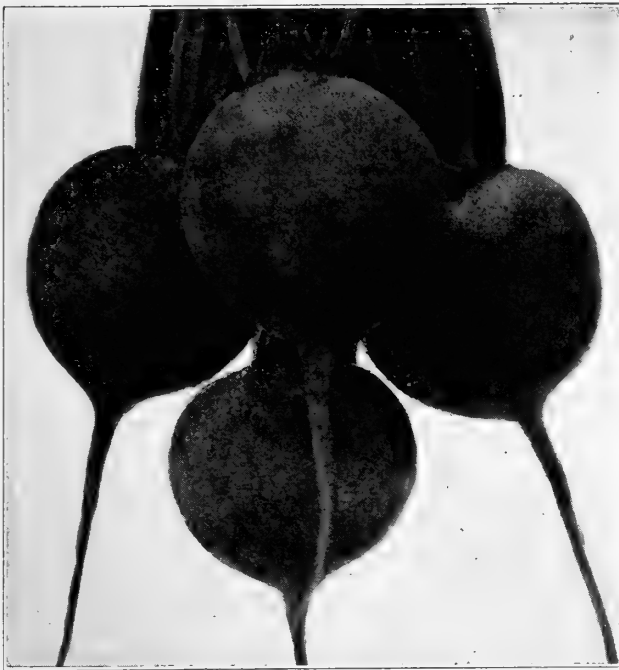
BUSH LIMAS		PRICES			
	Pt.	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.	
Burpee's Improved Bush Lima	\$.30	\$.50	\$2.50	\$9.50	
Early Giant Bush Lima	.30	.50	3.00	10.00	
Fordhook Bush Lima	.30	.50	3.00	10.00	
Maryland Thick Seeded (Baby Fordhook)	.30	.50	3.00	9.50	
Wood's Prolific or Henderson's Improved Bush Lima	.30	.50	3.00	10.00	
POLE LIMAS					
Burpee's Best	.30	.50	3.00	10.00	
Carpinteria	.25	.45	2.75	9.00	
Challenger or Dreer's Pole	.30	.50	3.00	10.00	
Early Leviathan	.25	.45	2.75	9.00	
Giant Podded Pole	.25	.50	3.00	10.00	
Ideal	.25	.45	2.75	8.50	
King of the Garden	.25	.45	2.75	8.50	
Sieva (small white)	.25	.45	2.75	8.50	



Early Leviathan



Early Giant Bush



Manns' New Ruby Gem

**Manns' New Ruby Gem** Is a beet of genuine quality and real beauty. As early as Crosbys Egyptian, extremely dark red and not a purple or brown root in the lot. The most critical produce buyer will be pleased with its intense color, perfect shape and freedom from zones. It has plenty of tops for bunching and while it is also an excellent canners variety it should not be confused with the various "all purpose" sorts developed mainly for packing house purposes.

## BEETS—MANGEL (OR STOCK)

Sow 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, 6 pounds to the acre in drills and 15 to 20 pounds to the acre is sown broadcast.

**Mammoth Long Red** Attains enormous size, producing thirty to fifty tons per acre. The roots are straight, well formed and much thicker than other sorts. Grows well above the ground and is therefore easily gathered. The flesh is white tinged with rose. Highest feeding qualities.

### PRICES

BEETS	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.	10 Lbs.
Crimson Globe.....	\$.10	\$.20	\$.60	\$1.85	\$17.50
Crosby's Egyptian—Dark... .	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Crosby's Egyptian—Light... .	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Detroit Dark Red.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Early Wonder (special).....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Edmand's Blood Turnip.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Extra Early Flat Egyptian... .	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Half Long Blood Red.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Lentz (Ex. Early Light Red) . .	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Little Egypt.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Lutz Green Leaf (Dark Red) . .	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Mammoth Long Red.....	.10	.15	.45	1.35	12.50
Manns' Early Spring.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
New Model.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Nutting's Gem.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Perfected Detroit.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50
Ruby Gem.....	.10	.20	.60	1.85	17.50

# TABLE BEETS

1 ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 pounds per acre.

The soil for beets should be light, rich, fine and deeply cultivated. Smooth beets cannot be grown if fresh manure is used. If wanted very early, sow in hot beds and transplant, cutting off the outer leaves. For early outdoor crop plant the seeds about 1 inch apart and 1 inch deep in rows 1 to 2 feet apart, firming the soil about the seeds by walking on the row. This should be done as soon as the ground can be worked and for table use, plantings should be made every three weeks. Thin out the plants to 3 inches apart. For main crop sow in the early part of May while for winter use they may be planted up to July 1st.

## MANNS' BEET SEED

is grown from transplanted roots which have been carefully selected as to both interior and exterior color, tops, shape and uniformity of size. It could be grown much cheaper if we were supplying our trade just ordinary commercial beet seed. Superior seeds can only be grown from specially selected parent stocks.

**New Model** Perfect in shape and of a beautiful red color, very uniform in shape and size, the entire crop maturing during the same week. Forces well under glass. This variety fills a definite need among the market gardeners and has met with success. Practical growers realizing the superior quality of this strain are ordering in 25, 50 and 100-pound lots, using this one variety throughout the entire season.

**Crosby's Egyptian** Smooth, globe shaped, deep red in color, tender, sweet and richly palatable when served. This should not be confused with Flat Egyptian as it is similar only in point of earliness.

**Detroit Dark Red** Careful comparison with other prominent strains of this variety show that our stock is unsurpassed in quality and appearance. The tops are small and upright in growth and the roots are globular, of medium size, very smooth and of a wonderful dark red color throughout. Very desirable for canning.

**Early Wonder** Popular bunching variety in some sections where a light-colored beet is desired, and white zones are not objectionable.

**Extra Early Flat Egyptian** One of the very earliest, excellent for forcing and early crop. Roots are distinctly flat, very dark red, have very small tap root and are of fine quality when young. They measure 2 inches in diameter when mature and have very small tops.

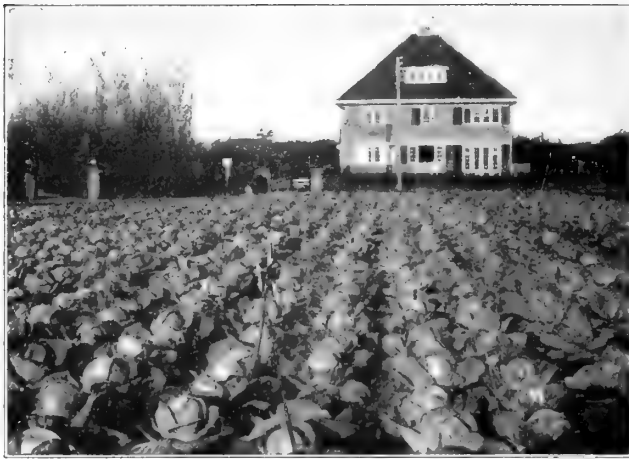
**Half Long Lentz** Bright red outside, flesh pale pinkish white, sweet, about 2½ by about 4 inches top shaped.

**Half Long Red or Lutz Green Leaf** Five to six inches long, 2½ to 3½ inches diameter at shoulder, half long, top shaped, dark maroon red, flesh deep blood red.

**Little Egypt** Earlier, darker and more uniform than Extra Early Flat Egyptian, absolutely free from zoning, specially adapted for forcing, having short tops.

**Manns' Early Spring** Being extremely early, of a wonderful dark red color, and of exceptional quality, Manns' Early Spring Beet offers an unusual opportunity for profitable production.

True globe shaped, dark red smooth roots, with no light zones, ample tops for bunching. Ready for market just a few days later than Extra Early Flat Egyptian, yet possesses the advantages of being shaped like Detroit Dark Red.



Selected Heads of Golden Acre for Stock Seed Production

# CABBAGE

1 oz. for 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. per acre.

## Yellows Resistant Varieties marked \*

**CULTURE.**—The best results are obtained from a well-drained, deep rich loam. The very early varieties should be sown about September 15th and in 4 or 5 weeks transplanted to coldframes, from which they are transplanted to open ground from March 15 to April 15. If this is not done the seed should be sown in hotbeds in February; making plantings later of course according to variety and time crop is wanted. The earliest sorts should be set out in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches apart in the rows.

If it is not especially desired to have early cabbage the seed may be sown in open ground and transplanted after 4 weeks. For second early crops sow in April and transplant in May; these will mature in July and August. The later varieties should be planted in May and transplanted in July to rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in the rows; these will mature from September to November.

## FIRST EARLY SORTS

**Extra Early Express** Earlier than Jersey Wakefield, smaller and less compact, but often a very profitable crop.

**New Selected Jersey Wakefield** An improved strain of Early Jersey Wakefield, grown and selected with the greatest care; there is none better. Plant compact and erect or very slightly spreading, with few outer leaves, which are smooth, thick, nearly oval and light green. Stem short. Heads of medium size, very solid, uniformly pointed and of excellent quality.

**Manns' Superior Jersey** As early as Selected Jersey Wakefield but produces much larger heads. Uniformly sure head strain.

**\*Jersey Queen** The yellows resistant Jersey Wakefield.

**Charleston or Large Wakefield** Produces larger and less pointed heads than Jersey and a week or two later in maturity.

**Golden Acre** Matures earlier than Jersey Wakefield, forming a large round, solid head resembling Copenhagen Market; very uniform, and compact, having few outer leaves which permits close planting. Golden Acre commands very high prices.

**Copenhagen Market** This very fine, large round headed variety is of Danish origin and has proven to be very valuable to the American grower. It is nearly as early as Jersey Wakefield. The heads average about 10 pounds, and the stems are very short.

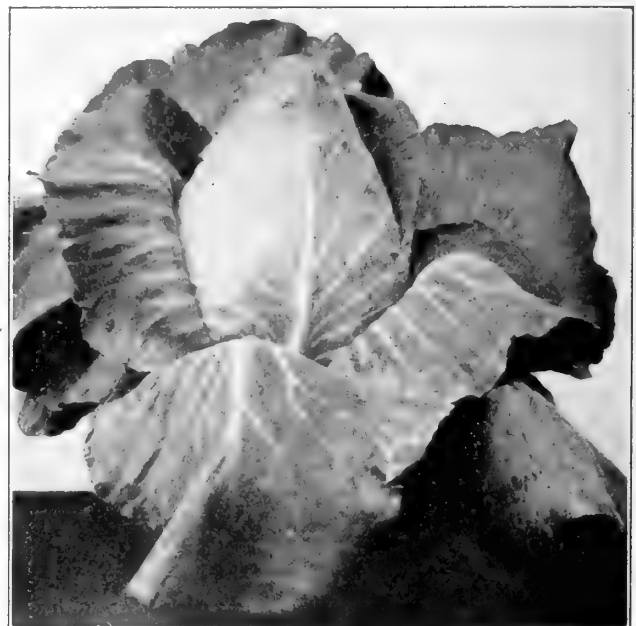
**\*Marion Market** Yellows resistant Copenhagen.

**New Leader** Very early flat heading sort forming small solid heads, very early but developing larger heads if allowed to stand.

**Glory of Enkhuizen** Large sure heading, dark green variety, globular, very hard and solid, few outer leaves, excellent quality

Variety	PRICES			
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Charleston or Large Wakefield	.10	\$.25	\$.75	\$2.50
Copenhagen Market	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Extra Early Express	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Glory of Enkhuizen	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Golden Acre (Original)	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Jersey Wakefield (New Selec'd)	.10	.30	.90	2.85
Manns' Superior Jersey	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
New Leader	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Yellows Resistant Varieties				
Detroit (Resistant Golden Acre)	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Jersey Queen	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Marion Market	.10	.40	1.25	4.00

**\*YELLOW RESISTANT VARIETIES**—The State of Wisconsin and several other State Departments of Agriculture have for a number of years been working on the best commercial cabbage varieties, adapting them to resist yellows or wilt. It is now possible with these resistant stocks to grow cabbage successfully even on diseased land, by sowing seed which is grown under special conditions to make it resistant. While the cost of this seed is somewhat higher than non-resistant seed, there is the added advantage of securing stock which has been reselected for conformity to true type and heading quality. Therefore these improved varieties are most desirable for both diseased and clean ground.



New Selected Jersey Wakefield

# CABBAGE

## SECOND EARLY SORTS

**Volga** One of the earliest main crop cabbages of superior quality. Very desirable where a large, uniformly round head with short stem and compact growth is wanted. Sure to produce a crop under difficult conditions, good keeper.

**All Head Early or New Early** Remarkably solid and uniform in color as well as in shape and size, its sure heading qualities and tenderness make it a favorite for the home garden. By reason of its compact growth, it is possible to produce 1,000 more heads per acre than many other good sized varieties. For winter use sow in July. Splendid sort for kraut making.

**Early Flat Dutch** Excellent large early flat sort, producing solid heads that mature with Early Summer. The stem is short and it has comparatively few outer leaves. Compares favorably with Large Late Flat Dutch but much earlier and smaller.

**American Drumhead Savoy** This is the finest of the Savoy class and very distinct from all other sorts. It forms the hardest heads and is the best for either early or late crops. The leaves are heavily crimped or savoyed and grow closely about the large, solid, dark green heads. The flavor is far superior to that of other cabbages, and for this reason is very much in demand. It is an excellent keeper and very hardy. Entire "pits" of it will keep in perfect condition until May.

**New Danish Round Head** Compared with Danish Ball Head, has less outer foliage. The heads are larger in size and are set on shorter stalks, maturing two weeks earlier. They are extremely solid, of sweet flavor and tender texture.

**Henderson's Succession** The best very large midseason cabbage, about a week later than Early Summer but much larger and can be planted closer because of its compact growth. It is sure to head, very uniform in habit and the quality is excellent.

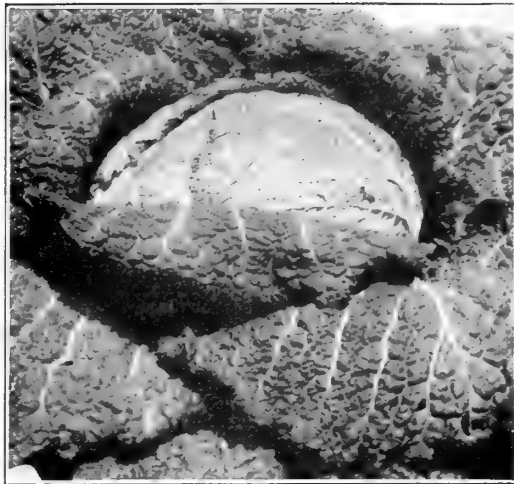
**All Seasons** A reliable variety to use when only one planting of cabbage is made. It is equally as good for fall and winter as for summer use. Nearly as early as Early Summer and much larger heads of the best quality are produced.

**\*Wisconsin All Seasons** Yellows resistant, all seasons.

**Sure Head** Extremely popular with the private gardener because of the sure heading qualities and the remarkably large, uniform, heavy heads. A good keeper and one of the best for late crops.

**Danish Ball Head or Hollander** A very hardy sure heading, heavy variety, which has proven to be the best keeper and the most desirable for distant markets. Exceedingly hardy and standing dry weather very well.

**\*Wisconsin Hollander Yellows Resistant** A disease resistant strain of the Danish ball head type, very large, hard, sure heading.



American Drumhead Savoy

## LATE OR WINTER SORTS

**Pointed Head Winter** Sow the seed in time to set out plants first week in August. Dependable header, very solid, of fine quality, excellent keeper and shipper. Stands temperatures down to 24 degrees. Ready for market earlier than the Southern crop.

**Houser** Very popular with large cabbage growers in Pennsylvania. An extremely large, late sort, producing very hard round heads.

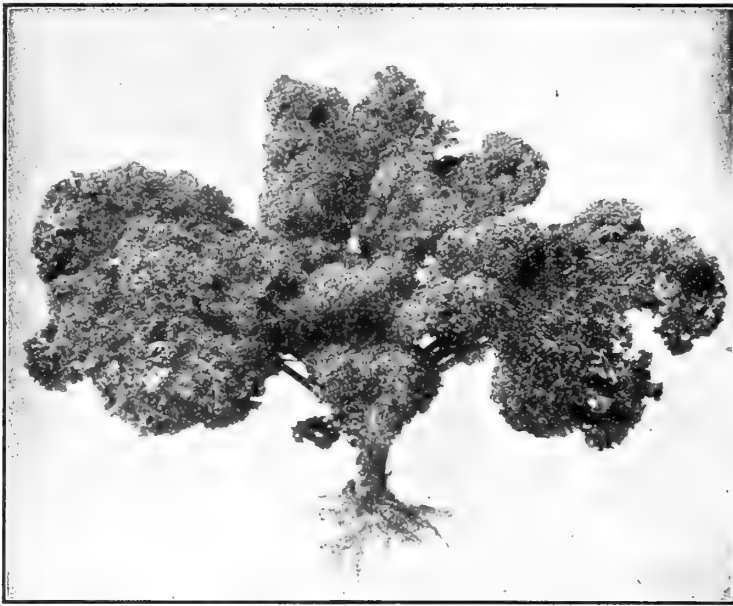
**Premium Flat Dutch** A very good variety for fall use or for making kraut. The heads are very solid, tender and of superior quality. They mature earlier than other late varieties but do not keep as well over the winter.

**Extra Large Late Flat Dutch** The best and most profitable late variety, possessing all the qualities a winter variety should have. It is hardy, vigorous, and high in quality. The heads are "as solid as a stone" and for that reason keep well for winter use. A favorite with the private gardener as well as the trucker.

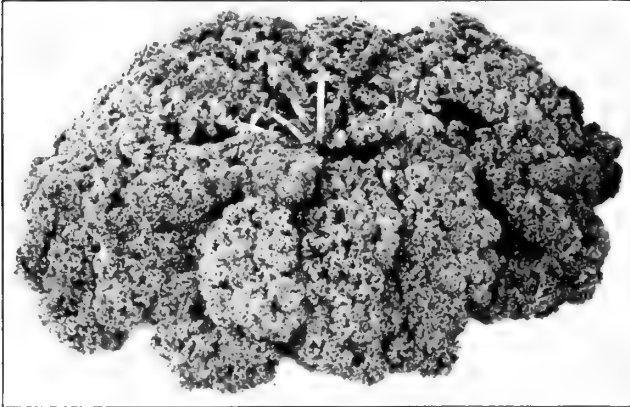


Golden Acre

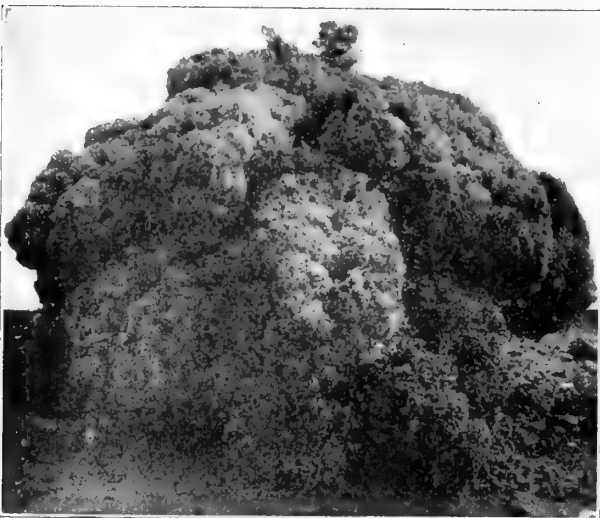
PRICES				
Variety	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
All Head Early or New Early	\$ .10	\$ .25	\$.75	\$2.50
All Seasons	.10	.25	.75	2.50
American Drumhead Savoy Sp.	.10	.45	1.50	4.50
Chieftain Savoy	.10	.45	1.50	4.50
Danish Ball Head or Hollander	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Early Flat Dutch	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Early Summer	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Extra Large Late Flat Dutch	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Henderson's Succession	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Houser	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Mammoth Rock Red	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
New Danish Round Head	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Pointed Head Winter	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Premium Flat Dutch	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Sure Head	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Volga	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Yellows Resistant Varieties	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
All Head Select	\$ .10	\$ .40	\$1.25	\$4.00
Globe (Resistant Glory)	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Wisconsin All Seasons	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Wisconsin Hollander	.10	.40	1.25	4.00



Borecole—Dwarf Green Scotch



Borecole—Curled Perfection



Borecole—Superior Extra Curled

## BORECOLE Scotch Kale

Extensively grown in this section for marketing during the winter months, when other vegetables are scarce. Borecole should be grown like cabbage, the seed being sown from early spring to the middle of August. It is customary to pull off the lower leaves and let the plant grow on to furnish a continuous supply.

**Hardy Winter** This variety is one of the most salable and profitable sorts for either the home or market gardener. The plant attains a height of 18 inches and produces an abundance of beautiful light green leaves, which are densely curled and crimped. It is extremely hardy and has the additional advantage of putting forth a second crop of leaves after the first have been gathered or have fallen off.

### Superior Extra Curled Green

**Scotch** The leaves of this variety are very much more curled than the Dwarf Green Scotch, and many more bushels per acre can be cut due to the extremely vigorous growth, which is characteristic of this variety. Nearly as hardy as Hardy Winter, and very popular with many of our customers.

**Curled Perfection** An improved type, specially rogued and developed from a privately held American stock. Well curled and of a wonderful dark green color; winters well and commands top prices.

**Dwarf Green Scotch** This excellent sort is low spreading and compact in its nature of growth, forming a mass of leaves which are beautifully curled and mosslike in appearance. The color is an attractive bright green and the quality is excellent.

**New Blue Curled Scotch** Just as hardy as Hardy Winter and having very curly dark blue-green leaves.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS

1 oz. will sow 500 ft. of drills or 3,000 plants.

Sow in April for early crop or in early June for a late fall crop. Transplant in rows which are 3 to 4 feet apart, 18 to 24 inches apart in the rows. Will live through the winter without protection.

**Danish Prize** Found to be the best variety both in quality and productiveness. The sprouts develop very evenly over the entire stem, the lower sprouts being as tightly folded and as solid as those higher up.

## COLLARDS

**Georgia, Southern or Creole** The chief Southern variety for greens, growing 2 to 3 feet high and forming a large, loose, open head or cluster of leaves with a rather long stem. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill; two pounds per acre.

Variety	PRICES			
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
<b>BORECOLE</b>				
Curled Perfection	\$.10	\$.20	\$.55	\$1.85
Dwarf Green Scotch	.10	.20	.50	1.75
Hardy Winter	.10	.20	.60	2.00
New Blue Curled Scotch	.10	.20	.55	1.85
Superior Extra Curled	.10	.20	.60	2.00
<b>BRUSSELS SPROUTS</b>				
Danish Prize	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
<b>COLLARDS</b>				
Georgia, Southern or Creole	.10		.20	.50
Cabbage Collards	.10		.20	.65





Cauliflower—Manns' White Mountain, Grown in Maryland as easily as cabbage.

## CAULIFLOWER

1 ounce to 2,000 plants.

For an early crop sow the seed either indoors or in a hot-bed in January or February, transplanting them to 2 or 3 inches apart, thus allowing the plants to put forth a vigorous growth before being set in the permanent rows.

As soon as danger of freezing is over, set the plants in the open ground in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart and 18 inches apart in the row. Cultivate often and thoroughly. For fall crop sow the seeds during April or May. It is well to plan so that the early crop heads before very hot weather and the late crop matures after hot weather.

**White Mountain** See page 2.

**Early Snowball** The best early variety in cultivation. If planted March 1st, large heads will be produced early in June, and scarcely a single plant will fail to form a head.

**Dry Weather Cauliflower** Especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fail. Easily blanched and remains fit for use for a long time.

**Cauliflower Plants** SEE PAGE 39.

## BROCCOLI

1 oz. to 2000 plants.

**Calabrese Heading Broccoli** Can be grown in the east as perfectly as any shipped into this section. There is also greater public demand for this delicious vegetable making it more than ever a profitable local crop. Sow Manns' Calabrese, grow it carefully and you will have a crop of No. 1 grade produce which sells at a good profit.

**40 Day** Extra early foliage type used for spring crop "greens." Extensively grown in New Jersey for New York markets.

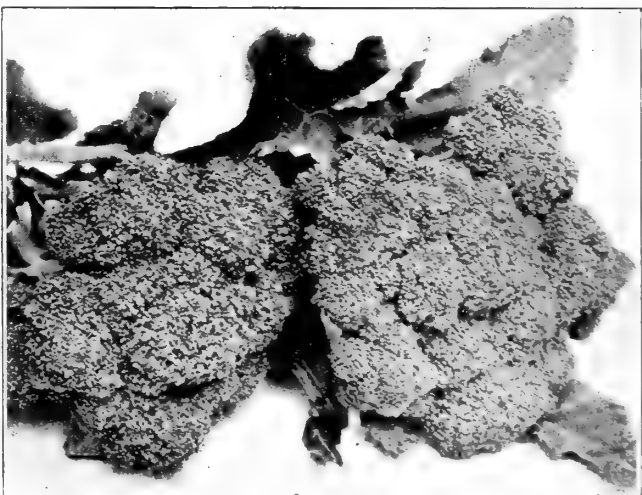
**Italian Green Sprouting** (Turnip Salad Broccoli.) Known in the South as Salad Broccoli, grows more "greens" than seven top turnip and is fairly hardy in Maryland, making a profitable cover crop. Sow in August broadcasting two to three pounds per acre and the first sprouts will be ready for market during February or early March, at which time they usually command a very good price.

### PRICES

BROCCOLI	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Calabrese Heading	\$.10	\$.50	\$1.50	\$5.00
Green Sprouting (Turnip Salad)	.10	.15	.35	1.25
40 Day	.10	.30	.90	2.50
<b>Cauliflower</b>				
Dry Weather Cauliflower	.25	4.00	15.00	
Early Snowball	.25	4.00	15.00	
White Mountain	.25	4.00	15.00	



Broccoli—Sprouting or Turnip Salad



Broccoli Calabrese Heading

# CARROTS

1 ounce to 150 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre.

Our stock is grown from choice selected and transplanted roots only, and are of the truest type and richest color money can procure.

**CULTURE.**—Any good soil will grow this vegetable, but the most perfect roots, however, are developed in rich, friable soil, preferably sandy loam. The flavor and tenderness of the table varieties is secured by having a quick growth, which usually means good growing weather and proper cultivation. Sow as early as the ground can be worked or for late crop until the latter part of July, in drills 15 to 18 inches apart, finally thinning the plants to 3 to 4 inches in the drills. The seed is slow to germinate and if sown early or on moist soil, half an inch is deep enough. When sown during the hot summer months it is well to protect the seed bed with a thin layer of chips or straw as excessive heat will kill the vitality of the seeds before they germinate. After the seed has sprouted remove the covering, selecting the late afternoon for this work. Carrots are usually quite free from pests and diseases. The usual danger from ground worms and slugs is of course always prevalent, but once up they are easier to grow than most vegetables. They are ready for table use in about two months.

**California Bunching** Developed especially as a bunching carrot for long distance shipping. Roots about 1½ in. by 7 in. long, cylindrical stump rooted, deep orange color throughout, can be pulled before maturity or allowed to stand weeks later without becoming overgrown.

**Chantenay or Model Carrot** A most excellent, medium early, half-long variety. Very uniform, stump-rooted but tapering slightly. They are smooth, deep orange-red in color and the flesh is very crisp and tender. Although a medium early sort the roots are suitable for use nearly as early as any, and will also prove very satisfactory if grown for winter use. Very easily harvested and bunched.

**New Chantenay** Produced from individual root selected stock, therefore a great improvement in uniformity of size and shape. The principal feature of this new strain, however, is its deep solid color.



California Bunching



Chantenay

**Sunrise** This variety has become a favorite with our market garden trade because of its fine quality, perfect shape and attractive color. Sunrise has been found to be specially valuable for medium and late use, an excellent keeper and thoroughly dependable. It is of most perfect form, pointed-rooted, with a broad, high shoulder. For main planting this sort has no superior, and when sown during June may be depended upon to produce the very best crop of roots to store for winter.

**Danvers Half Long** This is an exceptionally fine Carrot for private and market garden use. It is slightly longer than Chantenay and our strain produces uniformly smooth and evenly sized roots of handsome appearance. They are orange-red in color and the flesh is sweet, crisp and tender.

**Coreless or Scarlet Nantes** The earliest of its type; size and shape uniform; bright orange in color; smooth skin; small top.

**Improved Long Orange** A standard late variety, beautiful and uniform in shape, deep orange in color. The roots grow to a length of 12 inches and are of good quality for table use as well as for stock. They require a deep soil and if full size roots are wanted they should stand at least 8 inches apart in 18-inch rows.

## PRICES

Variety	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
California Bunching	.10	\$.40	\$1.25	\$3.85
Chantenay (Long)	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Danvers Half Long	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Early Horn	.10	.50	1.50	4.50
Imperator	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Improved Long Orange	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Louisiana Danvers	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Nantes Coreless (Special)	.10	.50	1.50	4.50
New Chantenay (Red Cored)	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Oxheart or Guerande	.10	.50	1.50	4.50
Red Cored Danvers	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Rubicon	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Streamliner	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Sunrise	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Supreme	.10	.40	1.25	3.85
Tendersweet	.10	.40	1.25	3.85



Manns' Golden (Special)

## POP CORN

**South American Giant** Pops extremely large creamy white flakes. In greater demand than any other variety.

VARIETY	PRICES			
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Easy Bleacher	\$.10	\$.30	\$.85	\$3.00
French Golden Yellow	.10	.50	1.50	5.00
Giant Pascal (Special)	.10	.30	.85	3.00
Golden Heart	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Golden No. 14	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Golden Phenomenal	.10	.50	1.50	5.00
Golden Plume	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Golden Self-Blanching	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Manns' Golden (Special)	.10	1.00	3.50	12.50
White Plume	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Winter Queen	.10	.20	.60	2.00
<b>POP CORN</b>				
South American Giant (5 lbs., 50c)				.15

# CELERY

1 ounce to 5,000 plants; 20,000 plants per acre.

Celery seed is very slow to germinate and therefore should be started indoors in boxes from February to April or sown out of doors in a finely prepared seed bed during April. See that the seed is not covered too deep and that the bed is kept moist, almost wet until the seeds germinate. When the plants are about two inches high thin out and transplant to a distance of two or three inches apart each way. These must be kept entirely free from weeds and when they are four inches high the tops may be cut off so that the plants will grow more stocky. The plants are usually set out in the permanent bed when five inches high and it is usually best to do this during July or the first of August. In some sections best results are obtained by transplanting in June.

The permanent beds should be thoroughly prepared and well enriched with rotted manure, which should be spaded in deeply, the rows being spaced 3 to 4 feet apart. Cut off some of the root and set the plants 8 to 12 inches apart in the rows, firming the soil tightly, and cultivate them frequently for a period of six weeks. Celery needs plenty of moisture.

When the plants are nearly full grown they should be blanched. This is done by drawing the soil closely about the plants to about two-thirds of their height, being careful not to allow any of the earth to fall between the leaves. Repeat this process every few days until only the top of the leaves are visible. Do not disturb the plants while they are wet or the soil is damp as this is liable to result in injury from rust.

**Golden Plume** This new strain of Golden Self-Blanching has been pronounced by authorities to be the best of all the early varieties. It matures two or three weeks earlier than any other sort, blanches more quickly and shows less tendency to blight or crown-rot. Distinctly larger and ranker in growth than Golden Self-Blanching; more plainly ribbed and does not grow hollow. The crisp, tender stalks are very broad and the large full plumed centers are displayed to advantage.

**Manns' Golden Special** A more uniform strain of Golden Plume, has better hearts, is earlier and more easily blanched than other types. Strictly dependable for commercial production.

**French Golden Yellow Self-Blanching** (Originator's Stock.) Our strain of this very popular sort cannot be excelled in quality or appearance. The plants are of medium size, compact and stocky, with yellowish green foliage. The stalks are solid, crisp, tender, free from strings and of a fine nutty flavor.

**Easy Bleacher** Two weeks later than Golden Self-Blanching. Blanches readily and is a great favorite with Southern growers who usually plant a full crop of this one sort. Vigorous in growth and a splendid keeper.

**Winter Queen** Of medium height, an excellent winter keeping sort, producing thick creamy white stalks which are broad, very solid and crisp. The hearts are large and it blanches well.

**Golden Heart** A distinct variety of sturdy dwarf habit. It is solid, and an excellent keeper, and of fine nutty flavor. When blanched, the heart, which is large and full, is of a light yellow, making it exceedingly showy and desirable for either market or private use.

**Giant Pascal** A superior keeping sort. The stalks are very large, thick, solid, crisp and of rich nutty flavor; it blanches very easily and quickly, and retains its freshness a long time.



### CELERY BLEACHERS

No.	Size	Per 100	Per 500
B-2	6½x13 in.	\$4.00	\$18.00
B-3	7x14 in.	4.50	20.00

### CELERY PLANTS

All Leading Varieties  
Ready During July and

August  
SEE PAGE 39

USE A  
FELINS VEGETABLE TYING  
MACHINE

# CORN—Table Varieties

1 quart to 200 hills; 1 peck per acre.

Sugar Corn should not be planted until May, or when the ground is warm. For succession, plant about every two weeks until the last of July. All varieties may be either sown one inch deep in rows three to four feet apart, the seeds being placed about 8 inches apart in the rows, or they may be planted in hills at distances of three or four feet apart each way, allowing not more than 3 plants stand to a hill. The size of the variety and the richness of the soil should determine the distance of planting. Cultivate frequently and thoroughly but shallow until the tassels appear.

**First Early Neck** This variety can be planted earlier than any other sort; ear short, grain white. It is not a Sugar Corn.

**Delicious Truckers Favorite** A 70-day sweet dent variety; ears 8 to 10 inches long having 12 to 16 rows.

**Improved Early Adams** A distinct improvement over the Old Early Adams, fully as hardy; ears measure from 10 to 14 inches in length, with 12 or more rows to the ear. Grains are narrow and deep, of excellent table quality.

**Manns' No. 56** The best, largest, most saleable early market corn we have ever known. It can be planted extremely early without danger of rotting, which makes it possible to produce marketable ears at least five weeks ahead of Stowell's Evergreen. Resembles sugar corn, an excellent shipper, and a money maker.

**Early Superior** This new variety is of remarkable size considering its earliness. The ears are 8 inches long and have 16 to 20 rows of rather narrow deep grains. The quality is excellent and the attractive appearance of the rich, tender, well-filled ears make it a very desirable sort for the Market Gardener.

**Howling Mob** Stalks are of strong, vigorous growth, 5 feet in height; produces 2 large ears of sweetest quality.

**Early Evergreen** Ripens 10 to 12 days in advance of Stowell's Evergreen, and is equally as good in quality. Kernels sweet and tender; cob small, with irregular rows.

**Golden Colonel** The new golden yellow corn, resembling Country Gentleman or Shoe Peg in size and formation of kernels, equal if not superior in quality.

**White Evergreen** A pure white strain of the popular Stowell's Evergreen. The ears are very large and well filled from butt to tip with long, slender, pure white grains.



Manns' No. 56—Note the low position of the ears, an evidence of extreme earliness.

**Country Gentleman** Very deep grains, small cob and exceedingly rich flavor. Often produces 8 to 4 ears to the stalk. The grains are "staggered" on the cob, leaving no signs of rows.

**Stowell's Evergreen Extra Selected** Grown more extensively than any other; a favorite with canners and market gardeners for late use. Ears of large size, kernels very deep, tender and sugary; very productive and remains for a long time in fit condition for table use.

## GROW HYBRIDIZED VARIETIES OF KNOWN ADAPTABILITY

The increased cost is only about \$2.00 more per acre, but the yield is increased 25% or more. Practically all of the larger canning companies are now planting Hybrid Corn because of the certainty of a better yield and much better quality. It is important, however, to plant only seed grown by an expert hybridist as hybrid corn is not necessarily all desirable. The process is expensive, highly technical and requires the skill of a plant breeder. Buy Manns' hybridized corn; it has been grown by experts and has proven profitable for this section.

Please Note—It is useless to try to save seed from hybrid varieties of corn. They must be newly developed each year.

**Golden Cross Bantam (Hybrid)** Produces beautiful 8-inch ears having 10 to 14 rows of golden yellow kernels. It is resistant to wilt or Stewart's disease and is now the standard strain grown for the largest canners. As the crop matures at nearly the same time, it should be planted at intervals of a week or ten days to assure a continuous supply.

**Iona** (87 days.) Outstanding yellow hybrid developed by the Iowa Experiment Station, a few days later than Golden Cross. Ears about 8 inches long, 12 to 14 rowed, cylindrical, well fitted with medium narrow, light yellow kernels. Excellent canning and market garden variety. Very productive.

**Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid** There are many Hybrids of the Stowell's Evergreen Variety but we have selected for you the most desirable and profitable hybrid based on Maryland Experiment Station tests, our own trials and reports of large growers. If you grow White Sugar Corn, be sure to plant Manns' Hybrid Stowell's. The ears are large, well filled, of beautiful appearance and excellent quality.

Variety	PRICES			
	Pt.	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
Adams Early	\$.15	\$.25	\$1.25	\$4.50
Bantam Evergreen	.20	.35	2.00	7.00
Black Mexican	.20	.35	2.00	7.00
Country Gentleman (Shoe Peg)	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
Early Evergreen	.20	.35	2.00	7.00
Early Superior	.20	.35	2.00	7.00
First Early Neck	.15	.25	1.25	4.50
Golden Bantam	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
Golden Colonel	.20	.35	2.00	7.50
Golden Evergreen	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
Howling Mob	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
Improved Early Adams	.15	.25	1.25	4.50
Manns' No. 56	.25	.40	2.50	7.50
Stowell's Evergreen Ex. Selected	.20	.35	1.75	6.50
Trucker's Favorite, Early	.15	.25	1.25	4.50
Whipples Early White	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
Whipples Early Yellow	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
White Evergreen	.20	.35	1.75	5.50
HYBRIDS				
Golden Cross Bantam Hybrid	\$.25	\$.50	\$2.85	\$10.50
Iona	.25	.50	3.50	12.50
Marcross C6-13	.40	.75	4.00	14.50
Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid	.50	.85	5.00	17.50
Top Cross Country Gentlemen	.25	.50	3.50	12.50

# FIELD CORN

PECK, 75 Cents; BUSHEL, \$2.85 (Except Hybrids)

Manns' open pollinated stock has been especially grown and selected for seed purposes. We have carefully followed Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station's reports in selecting for you the Hybrids best suited for Maryland.

## HYBRID CORN

Hybrid Corn increases yield 15% to 25%, is resistant to smut, rust and wilt; has deeper and more vigorous root systems, therefore less affected by drought or severe wind, the uniform maturity practically eliminates barren stalks and nubbins.

### Manns' Hybrid Yellow Varieties

Early	Midseason	Main Crop
90-100 days	100-110 days	110-120 days

Select one of these proven hybrids with confidence. They are the most productive and profitable for this section. Qt., 35c; pk., \$2.00; bu., \$6.50.

**Manns' Hybrid White Dent** Highest yielding white corn in trial of fifty leading varieties, producing 20% more than its closest rival. Qt., 35c; pk., \$2.00; bu., \$6.50.

### Hybrid Yellow Sweepstakes Ensilage

Extremely tall, rank grower producing many more tons of ensilage per acre than open pollinated sorts. Qt., 35c; pk., \$2.00; bu., \$6.50.



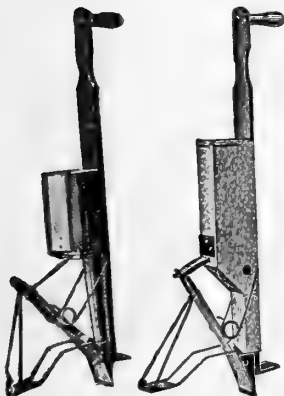
Golden West

**Clark's Early Smoky Dent** This new introduction has been developed by one of the largest and most reliable growers of corn in this country. Early Smoky Dent is today the earliest Dent Corn in cultivation, maturing in 75 to 80 days; is a good yielder and entirely free from disease; grows strong, quick, and has splendid 7 to 8 foot fodder.

**Golden West** This variety will yield a larger crop than any other open pollinated corn. It is vigorous in growth, very deeply rooted and produces broad-leaved stalks of medium height. It is most attractive in appearance, and the ears usually have 18 to 20 rows of large kernels which are tightly wedged to make a solid ear. It requires about 100 days to mature and deserves the attention of any grower who wants a big crop of fine quality yellow corn.

**Pride of the North** Maturing perfectly in 90 days and being very hardy and prolific. Pride of the North has become a favorite among Northern growers and planters needing a 90-day yellow variety. The ears are of medium size with very small red cob. The kernels are closely set, long and compact.

Use CROW REPELLENT and do less replanting.  
\$1 size treats one Bushel.



### No. 311—Acme Segment Corn Planter

Automatic slide type, adjustable for number of kernels and depth of planting. Has Chinese bristle brush cut-off. Can be used for beans. \$2.00.

### No. 309—Acme Rotary Automatic Corn Planter

Full rotary Drop; having adjustable cast disk or seed plates, and depth gauge. Extremely accurate; also plants beans and peas. \$2.50.

**Leaming Improved Dent** A very popular and extremely productive variety. On good lands the stalks grow tall, producing two good ears to each stalk. The ears are long, with small red cob well filled with grains of medium size, but deep, of a rich golden color. It ripens with us in from 100 to 110 days and makes a good crop.

**Iowa Silver Mine** The National White Corn. A remarkable drought resister and under adverse conditions seems to pull through and make a crop where other varieties fail. Silver Mine is deep grained, pure white, rough-topped, with a small, white cob. Ears run from 9 to 12 inches long, with 16 to 20 rows of pure white kernels. Stalks medium height, very leafy, with broad blades, frequently bearing two ears weighing 1 to 1½ pounds each. Iowa Silver Mine has probably taken as many sweepstakes and first premiums as any corn in existence.

**Iowa Gold Mine** With the expert farmer Gold Mine is known as medium early, between the 110 day and the extra sorts that mature in 85 days. It is a great producer and sure cropper. Ears are medium symmetrical. Color bright golden yellow. The grain is deep and the cob is small.

**Golden Beauty** It is a large and broad-grained yellow corn. The ears of perfect shape with from ten to fourteen straight rows of grains. The cob is very small.

**Lancaster County Sure Crop** A great favorite with dairymen as a silage variety and also extremely valuable as a husking sort. Yields large crops even under adverse weather and soil conditions. Matures for silage in 90 days and for grain in 100 days producing long ears of deep large yellow grains.

**Ried's Yellow Dent** Probably the most dependable cropper of all yellow varieties.

**Boone County White** Boone County is a very large white corn, something like Silver Mine, but larger and later in maturing. Ears well filled out at both ends, cylindrical, 9 to 11 inches long, averaging 20 rows, some 18 to 22. Grain very deep, a little rough. Cobs white, of medium size. Matures in 110 to 120 days.

**Improved Hickory King** Largest grains of any white variety. Matures early and very productive. Ears set low, are of large size, well filled, very deep grained. It produces well, even on light land.

**Cuban Giant Ensilage** Well known as the leading variety for the production of fodder.

**Pamunkey and Early Eureka Ensilage**



Chicory—Witloof

## CHICORY

**Witloof (French Endive)** A very choice winter salad forced in hotbeds from roots; producing solid oblong heads blanching ivory white.

## CRESS

### CURLED OR PEPPER GRASS

Sprinkle seed freely along shallow drills 1 foot apart at intervals through spring and summer, as desired.

**American Upland** This small salad is much used with lettuce.

**True Water** Thrives only when its roots and stems are submerged in water.

## CHARD (SWISS)

Plant the seeds the same as ordinary beet seeds but thin out at first to 6 inches apart, later to 1 foot apart. Ready for use in about 60 days.

**Fordhook Giant** The best Swiss Chard in cultivation, producing extremely large, heavily savoyed leaves of a beautiful glossy, very dark green color. The ribs average three inches broad and are pure white.



Swiss Chard—Fordhook Giant



Large Smooth Prague Celeriac

## CELERIAC

Sow seed and cultivate same as celery, with the exception that it is not necessary to blanch the plants. When the roots attain a diameter of two inches they are fit for use. To keep these through the winter, pack in damp earth or sand and store them in a cellar or leave them out of doors, covering with earth and straw for protection.

**Large Smooth Prague** One of the largest, very smooth and almost round with very few side roots. Plants are vigorous, with large dark green foliage.

## CHINESE CABBAGE

Chinese or Celery Cabbage belongs to the cabbage family but more closely resembles lettuce. For best results plant the seed late in July or very early in August as spring plantings in this section are liable to bolt to seed. Plant the seed in the permanent bed and thin out to stand 12 to 15 inches apart.

**Pe-Tsai Wong-Bok** The finest Chinese Cabbage in existence. The heads are large, compact and the crisp, tender interior blanches to a creamy white. It will stand long before bolting to seed and is not injured by light frosts.

**Chihili (or Improved Pekin)** A longer and more slender type than Wong Bok, now the most popular strain in Baltimore, New York and Washington markets. Of excellent quality and should be more generally grown.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Cardoon				
Smooth White Solid				
Celeriac				
Large Smooth Prague	\$.10	\$.30	\$1.00	\$3.50
Chard (Swiss)				
Fordhook Giant	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Lucullus	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Chicory				
Ciccoria Catalogna (Radichetta)	.10	.50	1.50	4.50
Witloof	.10	.50	1.50	5.00
Large Rooted or Common	.10	.60	2.00	6.00
Chinese Cabbage				
Pe-Tsai Wong-Bok	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Improved Pekin—Chihili	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Cress				
American Upland	.10	.25	.75	2.50
True Water				

# CUCUMBERS

1 ounce to 100 hills or 50 ft. of row; 2 lbs. per acre.

**CULTURE**—Plant as soon as the weather becomes settled in hills 4 feet apart each way, with 8 or 10 seeds in each hill, cover half an inch deep, smoothing the hill off with the hoe. Keep the soil well stirred, and when the plants are out of danger of insects, leave 3 or 4 plants to the hill. For pickles, plant from the first of June to the first of August. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether required for use or not, for if left to ripen on the vines, it destroys their productive uses.

**A & C** Manns' selection of this now popular variety is far Superior to Colorado, Taxpayer, etc., etc., in shape, color, quality and production. 9 to 11 inches long by 2¼ inch diameter, blunt at both ends, very dark. In some sections A & C has now replaced all other varieties. (65 days.)

**Klondike** A favorite with market gardeners and shippers all over the country. The handsome dark green cucumbers average 7 inches long and 2 inches in diameter.

**Early Fortune** One of the best of the very desirable "White Spine" type. It was selected out of a field of Davis Perfect by reason of its outstanding qualities and the strain has now become so well established that large plantings do not show any variation either in plant or fruit. Early, very productive, and having unusual disease-resisting ability. Fruits are 8 inches long with very dark green skin and thick, firm flesh which is crisp and tender. Excellent shipper.

**Long Green (Improved)** Our carefully-selected strain, under favorable conditions, produces fruit averaging from 12 to 16 inches in length. Skin is a deep rich green, flesh solid, crisp and of excellent quality.

**Japanese Climbing** Vines are extra strong, vigorous; being a climbing sort, can be grown on trellises, etc.; valuable in small gardens. Very prolific, from 40 to 50 having been counted on single plants. Fruit long, round, of fine flavor.

## Longfellow or Straight Pack

This new variety was developed primarily for greenhouse culture; its quality, size and attractive appearance, however, have definitely established it as one of



"Straight 8"

the best for outdoor production. The beautiful dark green cucumbers average 12 inches in length and are adaptable for packing in flats for the very highest class trade.

**Clark's Special** Profitable variety for Market Gardeners; 8½ to 10 inches long by 2½ inches in diameter, slightly tapered at the ends; very dark green, crisp and firm retaining its fine quality and handsome appearance even when shipped long distances.

**Gherkins or Burr** Very small, quite distinct from all others. It is grown exclusively for pickling, and should be picked when young and tender.

**Straight 8** An "All American" Gold Medal Winner, producing symmetrical fruits, well rounded at both ends. Regularly eight inches in length and from 1¾ to 2 inches in diameter, deep green and free from pale striping and tipping. Vines are vigorous and remarkably productive.



Clark's Special



Manns' A. & C.

### PRICES

Variety	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
A. & C.	\$.10	\$.20	\$.60	\$1.75
Black Diamond (or Stays Green)	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Boston Pickling or Green				
Prolific	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Colorado	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Clark's Special (Original)	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Early Fortune	.10	.15	.35	1.15
Evergreen Long White Spine	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Gherkins or Burr	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Japanese Climbing	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Klondike	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Longfellow or Straight Pack	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Long Green (Improved)	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Straight 8	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Woodruff's Hybrid	.10	.15	.50	1.50

# EGG PLANT

1 ounce will produce 1,000 plants.

Sow in March in hotbeds, and transplant when 2 inches high into a second hotbed, or let them remain and thin out to 4 inches apart. When the weather becomes settled, transplant into the open ground 3 feet apart each way. Good culture is quite as important as good seed. Work the ground deep, make it rich with well-rotted manure and hoe often.

**Black Beauty** The most beautiful and earliest of all large Egg Plants.

**Florida High Bush** Very vigorous and productive; of upright growth holding the fruit well off the ground; color light purple of oblong shape.

**New Hampshire Hybrid** The New Hampshire Agricultural Experiment Station developed this variety by hybridizing Black Beauty and Early Dwarf Purple for the purpose of obtaining an extra early, yet good size, Black Beauty type. The resulting hybrid won the All American Silver Medal 1939. It is nearly as large as Black Beauty, very uniform and yields a heavy crop of extra early fruits.



Black Beauty Egg Plant

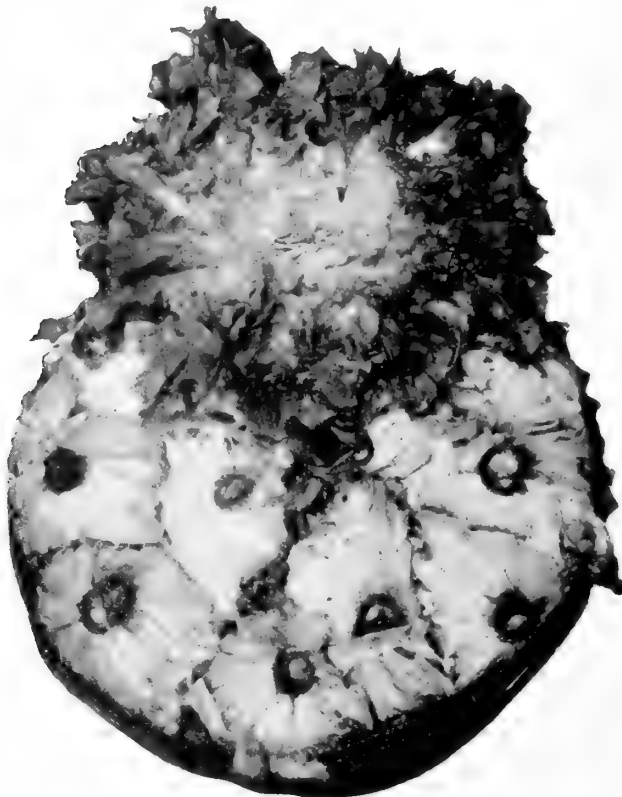
## CHIVES

Chives are a small hardy perennial plant, resembling the onion in appearance and growing in clusters. They are grown for the young leaves, which are produced freely from early in the spring and give a mild onion flavor to sausage, salads and various dishes.

## CORN SALAD

1 ounce will sow 20 square feet; 6 pounds to the acre.

**Ackersalad** Large Seeded Dutch. A vegetable used as a salad. It is sown in the opening of spring in rows 1 foot apart, and is fit to use in 6 or 8 weeks from sowing. If wanted in early spring, sow in September; cover with straw as soon as cold weather sets in. Can be grown in cold frames, covered with straw mats or shutters, and used any time during the winter.



Endive—Full Heart

## DANDELION

**Arlington Strain** The best market garden strain, forming a tuft of large, stocky, thick-leaved plants, white-ribbed.

## ENDIVE

1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, 3 pounds to the acre.

**Broad-leaved Batavian** (Escarolle) Leaves broad and almost plain; color light green.

**Full Heart Batavian (Escarolle)** The most widely used variety of Endive; an improved Broad Leaved Batavian with thicker and broader heads; matures slightly earlier, requiring only 90 days from sowing of seed to heading.

**Green Curled** This is the hardiest variety, and very desirable for the home and market garden. The deep green leaves are beautifully cut and curled, easily blanched, and become very crisp, tender and fine-flavored.

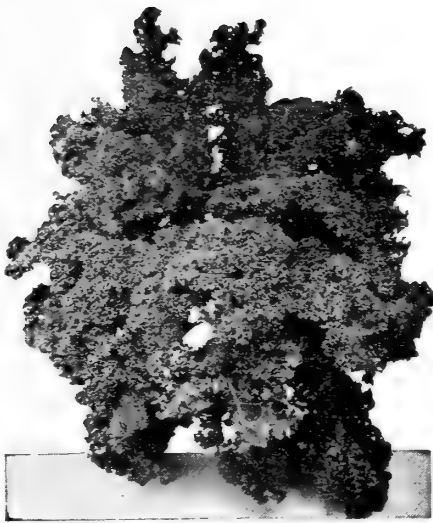
## FENNEL

(FLORENCE)

(Finocchio) In great demand with Italian trade and deserves to be more generally used. The leaf stalks are clustered in a bulb-like formation, and when these are about 1½ inches wide, the plants should be hilled up to about half their height.

	PRICES			
Variety	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
<b>CHIVES</b>				
Ackersalad	.10	.35	1.10	4.00
<b>CORN SALAD</b>				
Ackersalad	.10	.35	1.15	3.50
<b>DANDELION</b>				
Arlington Strain	.10	.50	1.50	5.00
Italian (Ciccoria Catalogna)	.10	.35	1.25	4.00
<b>EGG PLANT</b>				
Black Beauty	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Florida High Bush	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Long Italian	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
New Hampshire Hybrid	.10	.35	1.25	4.50
<b>ENDIVE</b>				
Broad-leaved Batavian	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Full Heart Batavian	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Green Curled	.10	.15	.30	1.00
<b>FENNEL</b>				
Florence	.10	.20	.50	1.50





Kale, Extra Curled—Long Standing



Monstrous Carentan Leek



Early White Vienna

## KALE

Broadcast, 2 to 3 pounds per acre; 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill.

The Kales are more hardy than Cabbage, and make excellent greens for winter and spring use. For early spring use, sow broadcast in September and protect during winter. It may also be sown in April or May for later use.

**Extra Curled Long Standing** An improvement on the well-known German Extra Curled Kale; beautifully curled, of strong, vigorous habit, perfectly hardy and slow-shooting to seed.

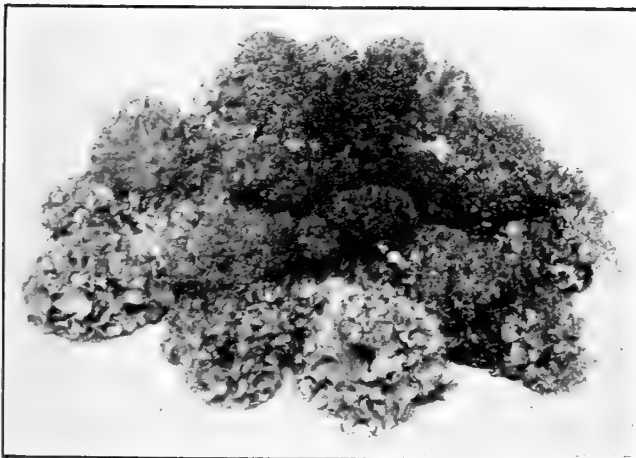
**Extra Early Siberian** Ready for cutting earlier in spring than Long Standing.

**Manns' No. 640** The longest standing of any Kale we know, beautifully curled and having a distinct bright green color.

**Spring Smooth Leaf or Hanover Salad** Quick-growing, very hardy smooth leaf sort, tender when young.

## SCOTCH KALE BORECOLE

SEE PAGE 10



Kale—Early Siberian

## KOHLRABI

1 ounce will produce 1,500 plants.

This forms a bulb above the ground, and its flavor is somewhat similar to Cabbage. Sow in April in rows 18 inches apart, thinning out to 8 inches between the plants.

**Early White Vienna** Excellent for forcing and of fine quality. The bulbs grow to the size of an apple when ready for use, and are a pale whitish-green.

**Triumph-Prague** Extremely early forcing variety, winner in "All-American" trials.

## LEEK

1 ounce to 50 yards of drill.

Sow early in the spring in drills 1 inch deep and 12 inches apart, when about 6 inches high transplant into deep, rich soil, 5 inches apart; use a dibble and plant deeply, close to their leaves.

**Elephant** New, improved large variety with unusually long thick white stalk.

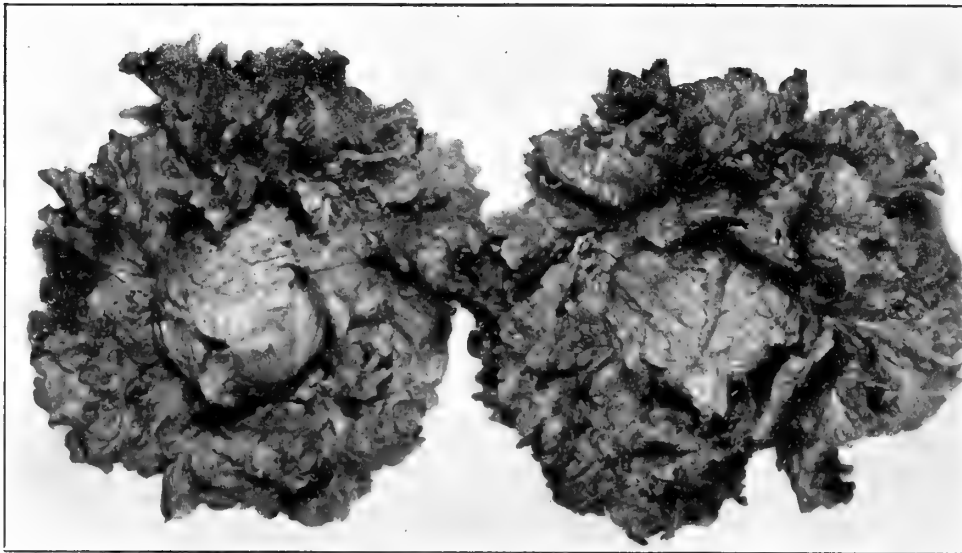
**Monstrous Carentan** OR SCOTCH CHAMPION. Of extra large size; the leaves are fan-shaped, of a dark green color; the edible stem is 6 to 8 inches long and 3 inches in diameter.

## HERBS

	Pkt.	¼ Oz.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Anise	\$.10	\$.25	\$.75	
Basil				
Caraway	.10	.25	.75	
Coriander	.10	.25	.75	
Dill, extra large, lb. \$1.50	.10	.10	.20	\$.50
Fennel, Florence, lb. \$1.50	.10	.10	.20	.50
Fennel, Sweet				
Lavender				
Marjoram, sweet	.10	.35	1.25	4.00
Rosemary	.10	.35	1.25	
Sage				
Summer Savory	.10	.50	1.50	
Thyme	.10	.35		

## PRICES

Variety	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb. 10 lbs.
<b>KALE</b>			
Extra Curled Long Standing	\$.15	\$.40	\$1.25 \$11.50
Manns' No. 640	.20	.60	1.75 16.50
Siberian Kale (Extra Early)	.15	.30	1.00 9.00
Spring Smooth Leaf (Hanover)	.10	.20	.50 4.75
<b>KOHLRABI</b>			
Early White Vienna	.30	.85	2.75
Triumph-Prague			
<b>LEEK</b>			
Elephant	1.15	3.50	10.00
Large American Flag	1.00	3.00	8.50
Monstrous Carentan	1.00	3.00	8.50



Imperial Iceberg No. 847

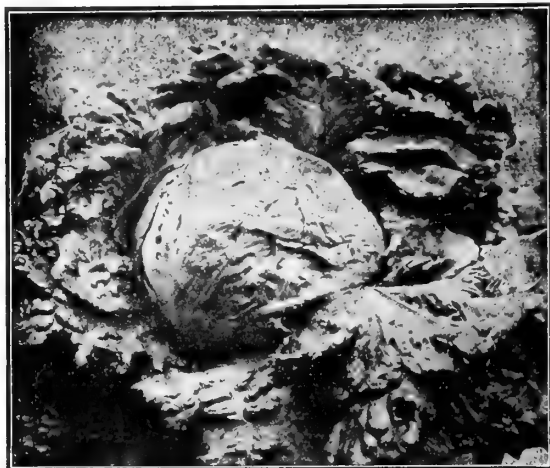
## LETTUCE

1 ounce to 2,500 plants; 3 pounds per acre.

Lettuce to be at its best should be grown rapidly, hence the soil should be made as rich and friable as possible by liberal manuring and thorough preparation. For early crop sow in a seed-bed in September or October and protect through the winter with cold frames, which should be removed as soon as danger of severe freezing is past. Lettuce in the open ground will stand some freezing but is killed by prolonged frost or frequent freezing and thawing. The seed may also be sown in hotbeds in March, and the plants, if well hardened, may usually be set in the open ground in April, maturing a crop much earlier than complete open ground cultivation would produce. If, however, it is not convenient to get the plants started either in the fall or early spring in hotbeds, the seed may be sown in open ground from the middle of April until July, selecting varieties suitable for the season.

The plants should stand 8 to 10 inches apart in the rows, and the rows should be about 18 inches apart.

**Grand Rapids** As a lettuce for greenhouse forcing this variety undoubtedly stands at the head of the list, being of quick growth, hardy, little liable to rot and remaining in condition several days after being fit to cut. Forms a loose cluster of large, thin, bright green leaves, savoyed, finely crimped at edges. Will stand shipping long distances.



New York or Wonderful

**Manns' Special Iceberg No. 10** Developed in the East for withstanding Eastern weather conditions. A sure heading white seeded strain of New York. Trial plantings have produced beautiful large solid heads readily accepted by critical buyers. Growers using the various Iceberg types will do well to change over a part of their acreage to Manns' No. 10.

**Imperial Iceberg No. 44** Developed in California by Dr. Jagger of the U. S. D. A. primarily as a sure heading, disease resistant variety for shipping to the eastern markets. It's adaptability to many various growing centers and a wide range of climatic conditions make it one of the most dependable and sure heading types of Iceberg for this section.

**Imperial Iceberg No. 847** Black seeded strain of New York grown successfully on the West coast for several years. Produces large size, solid, well rounded heads under conditions where other New York types do not succeed.

**Cosberg** Developed at the U. S. Dept. of Agr. plant breeding station, Beltsville, Md. Destined to become very useful in the East. Heads are of medium size, clear pale green, exceptionally firm. Resistant to tip burn and withstands heat very well.

Variety	PRICES			
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
All Seasons	\$.10	\$.15	\$.30	\$1.00
Big Boston	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Chicken (loose leaf)	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Cos, or Romaine, White Paris	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Cos, Extra Dark Green	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Cosberg	.10	.30	.80	2.75
Earliest "Wayahead"	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Grand Rapids	.10	.15	.30	1.00
Iceberg	.10	.20	.50	1.50
Imperial No. 44	.10	.30	.80	2.75
Imperial Iceberg No. 847	.10	.30	.80	2.75
Manns' Defiance Summer	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Manns' Special Iceberg No. 10	.10	.25	.85	2.85
May King	.10	.15	.30	1.00
New York—Special No. 12	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Unrivalled	.10	.20	.50	1.50
White Boston	.10	.20	.50	1.50



Manns' Lettuce Seed is used by the largest commercial growers

## LETTUCE (Continued)

**All Seasons** One of the best all-head Lettuces, standing the hot sun to a remarkable degree, slow to seed. The outer leaves are a bright soft green; the finely-blanchd inner leaves are a rich golden-yellow, tender and mild in flavor. The heads are broad and nearly flat at the top, they continue to increase in size for about two weeks after they are ready for use.

**May King** Extremely early, compact cabbage or heading variety, forming very firm heads of medium size and excellent quality. Color light yellowish-green, tinged with reddish-brown when mature. Inner leaves blanch rich golden-yellow, very tender and buttery.

**Big Boston** This is a fine forcing variety for cold frames during the winter months, as it produces heads of very large size, often 12 inches or more across, and succeeds better in cooler temperature than most forcing strains. The large heads are beautifully blanchd and of superior quality. It also heads well in the open ground during cool weather of spring and fall. Our seed is an extra selected strain of the true stock.

**Manns' Defiance Summer** This variety, introduced by us several years ago, has made a very eventful impression upon the grower, as well as the consumer. It forms handsome, solid heads of enormous size, which remain in good salable condition long after all others have gone to seed. The flavor is excellent; the leaves are beautiful light green. Very profitable for market gardeners.

**Unrivalled** This lettuce might well be called an Improved Big Boston. Its usefulness and value are identically the same as Big Boston, but it is preferred by market gardeners because of its being a solid green color with no brownish tinge at the border of the leaves; its heads are larger and of better appearance than Big Boston.

**White Boston** A very light green type somewhat similar in size, shape and uses to Unrivalled and Big Boston. Entirely free from red edge and gaining in popularity among market gardeners.

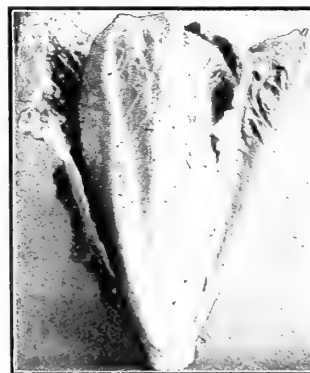


White Boston

## COS, ROMAINE OR CELERY LETTUCE

### *Paris Self-Folding White Cos*

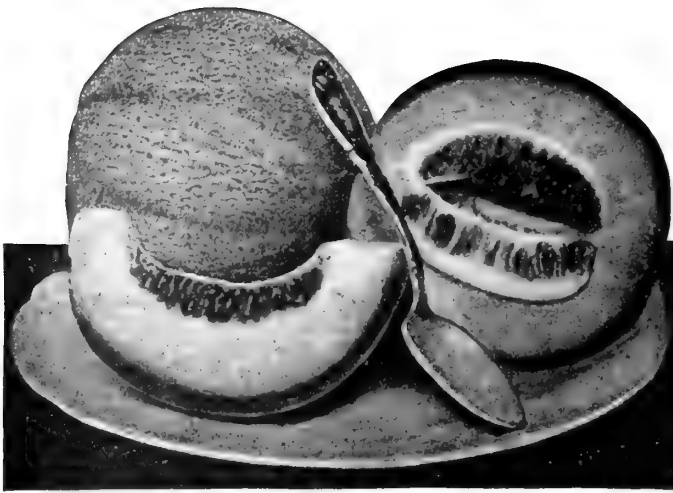
Grows to very large size, producing long-pointed, compact bunches. The outer leaves are closely folded about the center and interior is well blanchd.



Paris Cos Lettuce

**Cos, Extra Dark Green** Similar to White Paris but darker in color.

**LETTUCE PLANTS**  
FRESH DAILY IN SEASON—See Page 39



Bottomly Cantaloupe

# MUSKMELON CANTALOUPE

1 ounce for 50 hills; 3 pounds per acre.

The most suitable soil for melons is a warm, sandy loam, well worked and enriched with rotted manure. After danger from frost is over, sow ten to twelve seeds to a hill, about 2 inches deep; the hills being six feet apart each way. When the plants have the second pair of leaves and danger from insects is past, thin out to four plants to a hill. Cultivate frequently, deeply away from the plants and shallow close to them. When hoeing, remove the crust from around the plants and replace with fine, loose soil.

## GREEN FLESHED VARIETIES

**Knight's Early Maryland** An extremely early medium sized melon. Fruit oblong, showing the neck tendency; skin deep green, turning to golden at maturity, well covered with a close gray netting and distinctly ribbed; flesh fairly thick and very sweet; color medium green blending to light pink near the center. The earliest high quality melon and a good shipper.

**Jasper** Our stock of this Anne Arundel County variety is a definitely established fixed type which is well netted, uniform in size and shape and of excellent quality. It is prolific, medium early and in general a profitable variety to grow.

**Long John** Somewhat similar in quality and appearance to Bottomly, but much larger and more elongated. Has green flesh and commands good prices in the Baltimore market.

**Honey Ball** Possess characteristics that make it one of the finest melons that has ever been offered to the grower, the shipper and the consumer. Exceedingly prolific, producing as many as fifteen to twenty large cantaloupes to the plant. Every commercial grower and home gardener should have at least a trial patch of Honey Ball.

**Honey Dew** A melon of the Cassaba type. The fruit is large, oval in form, about 10 inches long and 8 inches in diameter; thick flesh is light green in color, ripening to the rind, very tender, with an extreme sweetness. The vines are vigorous and set 6 to 10 melons to the hill. An excellent shipper, will keep for several weeks even when fully ripe.

**Sweet Air** An early, well netted medium sized, good quality and good shipping sort; grown largely in Southern Maryland.

**Rocky Ford** This has become one of the most popular of small or basket melons. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with coarse netting. Flesh light green, very thick and highly flavored.

## SALMON FLESHED VARIETIES

**Hale's Best** Original. The earliest strain, fruits vary in size and shape but average 7 inches long; 5 inches in diameter, distinctly ribbed.

**No. 36** Most popular type, uniform size and shape, more heavily netted and less ribbed than Original Hale's Best.

**No. 45** Mildew Resistant. Can be thoroughly vine-ripened and shipped long distances with its delicious flavor completely retained. It is being marketed under the name of "Sweet Eatin" and quality is being stressed by National advertising.

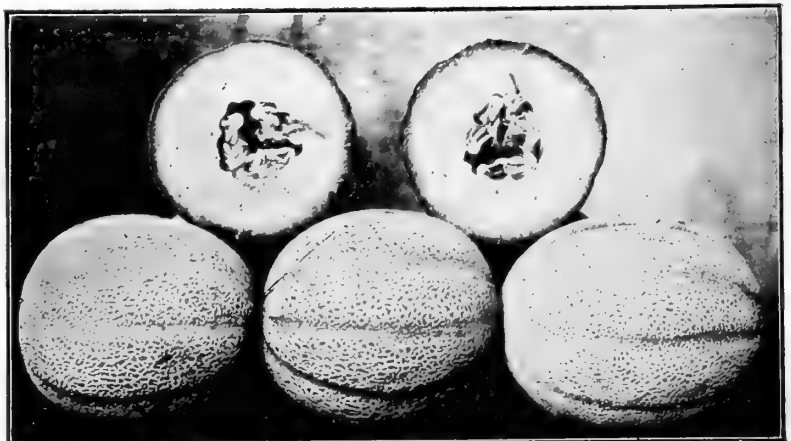
**Burrell Gem** Of sweet and aromatic flavor, oblong shape, smoothly rounded ends, closely netted and slightly ribbed dark green skin. Fruits average 6 inches long by 4 inches deep. Very fine for marketing.

**Sugar Rock** A valuable New Variety of a Distinct Type. Sweet as sugar and solid as a rock. Sells on sight and its marvelous flavor brings the buyers back for more. On account of its heavy netting and tough rind, can be thoroughly ripe before picking. A remarkable heavy yielder, and a real money maker.

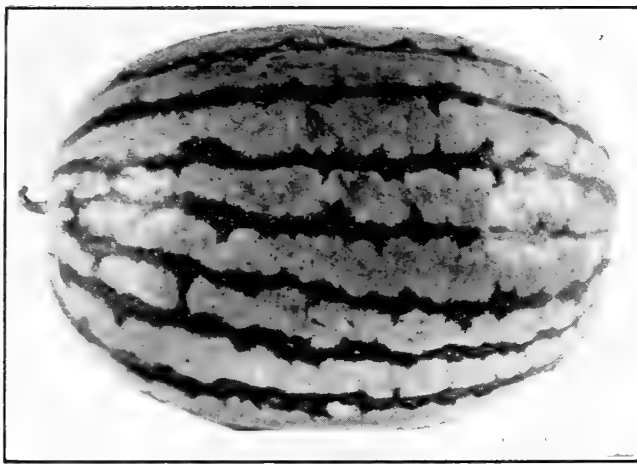
## CITRON

**Red Seeded** A small globular variety, striped and marbled with light green. Flesh white and solid; seeds red. Used exclusively for pickles and preserves.

PRICES				
MUSKMELON	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Benders Surprise	.10	\$.15	\$.40	\$1.25
Bottomly	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Burrell Gem	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Golden Honey Dew	.10	.20	.50	1.50
Hale's Best (Original)	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Hale's Best No. 36	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Hale's Best No. 45	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Honey Ball	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Honey Dew	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Imperial	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Improved Perfecto	.10	.20	.50	1.50
Jasper	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Knight's Early Maryland	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Long John	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Pollock No. 10-25	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Pride of Wisconsin	.10	.20	.50	1.65
Rocky Ford	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Sugar Rock	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Sweet Air	.10	.15	.40	1.25
CITRON				
Red Seeded	.10	.15	.35	.85



Imperial—Hale's Best



Dixie Queen



52 lbs.

Stone Mountain

## WATERMELON

1 ounce for 30 hills; 3 or 4 pounds per acre. Cultivate exactly as for Cantaloupe, except that the hills should be 8 to 10 feet apart.

**Dixie Queen** A fine-flavored, early, 80-day round melon; skin striped dark green and greenish ivory, flesh bright red, solid and sweet. Shipped as White Seeded Cuban Queen.

**Kleckley's Sweet** This very popular melon is one of the best for nearby markets. Fruits are medium size, oblong, of a dark green color and have very thin rind. Flesh bright scarlet with solid heart, crisp, sugary and melting, and entirely free from stringiness.

**Tom Watson** A large long melon with dark green rind and light crimson flesh of excellent quality, and a splendid shipper.

**Stone Mountain** The outstanding introduction in the last few years. Its growth in popularity is phenomenal. Can be shipped long distances and its edible qualities are distinctly superior to any other shipping variety.

**Early Canada** (75 Days)—Perhaps the earliest good quality melon, usually about 9 inches in diameter, nearly round.

**Florida Giant** (95 Days)—Vigorous and prolific; fruits very large, nearly round, flesh bright red, crisp and sweet.

**Hawkesburg** (85 Days)—Wilt resistant strain; fruits oblong, about 18 inches long and 8 to 10 inches in dia., color light grey with deeper veins. Flesh deep pink and of good quality.

## MUSHROOMS

Anyone with a fair understanding of the cultural requirements can grow Mushrooms successfully in any climate and in any season where the following conditions obtain:

1. Good spawn, procured from a reliable source.
2. A properly prepared bed with reasonable protection against weather extremes.
3. A temperature not greatly exceeding 60° F. nor much lower than 50° F.
4. A fairly moist temperature, avoiding the too frequent and direct application of water to the beds.
5. A gradual renewal of the air, avoiding draughts.

One brick will seed an area of 8 to 10 square feet. One quart bottle will seed an area of 35 to 40 square feet, depending on the size of piece planted. Full cultural directions free with purchase of spawn. Bricks 30c ea., 10 bricks \$2.75, bottle spawn \$1.00 ea.

### PRICES

MUSTARD	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.	10 Lb.
Fordhook Fancy	\$.10	\$.30	\$1.00	\$8.50
Giant Southern Curled	.10	.30	1.00	8.50
Tendergreen (Mustard Spinach)	.10	.25	.75	7.00

### WATERMELON

	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Dixie Queen	\$.10	\$.35	\$1.25
Early Canada	.10	.30	1.00
Florida Giant	.10	.30	1.00
Hawkesburg (Wilt Resistant)	.10	.40	1.25
Kleckley's Sweet (Wilt Resistant)	.10	.25	.75
Stone Mountain	.10	.25	.75
Tom Watson	.10	.25	.75

## MUSTARD



**Fordhook Fancy** Darker green and leaves more curled at the edges than any other sort.

**Giant Southern Curled** The largest variety, forming a mass of finely curled leaves; hardy and vigorous.

# ONIONS

To grow large bulbs 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 to 5 pounds to the acre.  
To grow sets 10 ounces to 100 feet of drill; 50 pounds to the acre.

The Onion must have a clean and very rich soil. Use well rotted manure freely, and get the seed in as early as possible in the spring, no matter if it is cold and unpleasant. If onions do not get a good growth before hot, dry weather, the crop is sure to be a failure. Keep the soil mellow and clear of weeds. Sow in shallow drills, not less than a foot apart nor more than half an inch deep. As onions grow on top of the ground, they may be allowed to remain pretty thick, no matter if they crowd each other. In hoeing, destroy weeds and keep the ground mellow; do not cover the young bulbs with earth.



White Silver Skin Onion

**Early Yellow Globe** Matures medium large uniform globe-shaped bulbs in about 98 days from time of sowing. Keeps exceptionally well.

**White Silver Skin, or Portugal** This is the most popular variety of all white Onions; is almost exclusively used for growing sets. It is a good keeper. The bulbs grow to good size, ripening early and quite evenly. The flesh is mild and sweet, the thin skin a clear silvery white, of handsome appearance if the bulbs are gathered as soon as ripened and carefully dried under shelter away from the strong sunlight. When seed is sown at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre, it makes bulbs of suitable size and most desirable for pickling.

**White Pearl** Very fine and very early variety. Bulbs when well grown are large, round, flattened, with a delicate pure white skin; flesh very mild in flavor. In the South this variety is largely planted for sets.

**Southport White Globe** Pure white, true globe form with very crisp flesh, exceedingly mild and fine grained, usually commands highest prices.

**Japanese** One of the best for the production of large onions for Fall and Winter market, yielding almost twice as many bushels per acre than any other set onion. Somewhat similar to Flat Danvers in color and shape but a trifle thicker and very much larger in circumference. They are very mild, excellent keepers, rapid growers and very few go to seed. The appearance, size, quality and wonderful yields of this variety give it a prominent place among the most valuable sorts.

**Prizetaker** Produces large, well-ripened bulbs the first season from seed; flesh white; crisp and mild in flavor. The skin is thin, of a bright straw-yellow; form nearly a perfect globe. Under ordinary cultivation this variety will yield bulbs nearly three times as large as the Globe Danvers, while under special cultivation specimen bulbs have been raised to weigh from 4 to 5 pounds each.

**Yellow Globe Danvers** Our superior stock of this celebrated variety is of fine round shape. It grows to good size, with thin yellow skin, white flesh, fine grained and excellent quality. It ripens early, keeps well and is very productive.

Use a

## FELINS TYING MACHINE FOR BUNCHING SPRING ONIONS



Early Yellow Globe

Variety	PRICES			
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Early Yellow Globe	\$.10	\$.60	\$2.00	\$6.50
Ebenezer or Japanese	.10	.60	1.85	5.50
Prizetaker	.10	.60	2.00	6.50
Southport White Globe	.10	.60	2.00	6.00
Southport Yellow Globe (Brigham)	.10	.60	2.00	6.00
Sweet Spanish Utah	.10	.60	2.00	6.00
White Bunching				
White Queen				
White Silver Skin, or Portugal	.10	.60	1.85	5.50
Yellow Globe Danvers	.10	.60	1.85	5.50

## ONION SETS

FINE QUALITY MARKET GARDENERS STOCK  
SCREENED TO ¾ INCH

	Bu.		
	Qt.	Pk.	32 lbs.
Japanese (Yellow)	\$.20	\$1.25	\$4.00
White Silverskin	.20	1.50	5.00
Yellow Danvers	.20	1.25	4.00
Extra Screened Small Sets	add 25c per bu.		

Prices subject to change. Postage Extra.

# OKRA OR GUMBO

10 pounds to the acre.

Sow in drills during April and May. Thin until plants are 12 inches distant, and draw earth to the stems for support.

**Improved Dwarf Green Prolific or Density** A distinct variety, growing about 14 inches high. Grown in competition with the ordinary dwarf, it produces twice the number of pods, which are very smooth and beautiful.

**Lady Finger** Plants producing long, slender pods of pale green color.

**Perkins' Mammoth Green Pod** A splendid variety. Very prolific, with slender long green pods of best quality and most desirable color for canning.

# PARSLEY

1 ounce to 150 feet of drill.

Sow in rows 1 foot apart and 1 inch apart in the row. The seed is slow to germinate, and should be given the most favorable conditions. A deep, rich loamy soil is required. For winter use a few plants placed in a box in the cellar will give a supply.



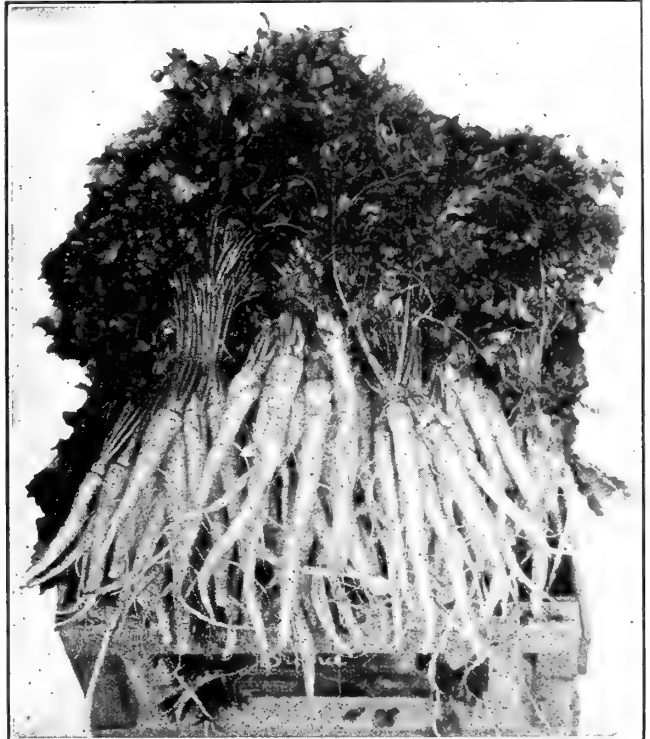
Okra

**Champion Extra Dark Moss Curled** The large leaves are very heavily crimped and curled. Very productive and most attractive, both on account of its dark green coloring and fine mossy appearance.

**Green Castle** An extremely hardy, late or main crop market gardeners variety which grows rather slowly early, but is tall, densely curled and can be depended upon as the most profitable Parsley for fall and winter crop.

**Manns' Special Triple Curled** Vigorous, fast growing, beautifully curled, bright vivid green strain. Superior to Moss Curled in production and appearance.

**Turnip-Rooted, or Hamburg** The large fleshy root, which resembles the root of a Parsnip, and is highly esteemed for flavoring soups, stews, etc.



Hamburg Parsley

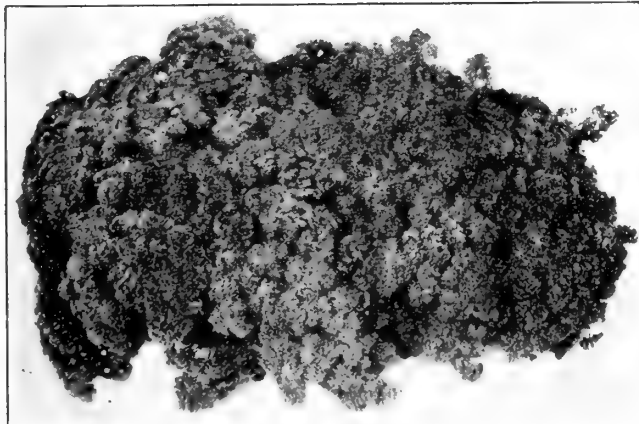
## PRICES

### OKRA OR GUMBO

Variety	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Improved Dwarf Green Prolific	\$.10	\$.20	\$.50
Lady Finger	.10	.20	.50
Perkins' Mammoth Green Pod	.10	.20	.50
White Velvet	.10	.20	.50

### PARSLEY

	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.	10 Lb.
Champion Extra Dark Moss Curled	\$.10	\$.30	\$.85	\$8.00
Green Castle	.10	.30	.85	8.00
Manns' Special Triple Curled	.10	.30	.85	8.00
Paramount	.10	.30	.85	8.00
Plain or Single	.10	.30	.85	8.00
Hamburg or Turnip-Rooted	.10	.30	.85	



Champion Extra Dark Moss Curled



Manns Parsley grown in N. J., under Irrigation



Long Pod Alaska

# PEAS

1 quart to 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels per acre.

Peas grow best on a light, rich, mellow soil under cool and moist weather conditions. Fresh manure and very rich or wet mucky soil should be avoided.

The extra early varieties are very hardy and should be planted as soon as the ground can be made ready, while the larger wrinkled varieties, which are not as hardy but of superior quality, may be planted when the soil has become slightly warmed, as the seed will rot if planted too early.

For private use, sow the seed in double rows, 18 inches apart and 3 inches apart in the row; for market, in single rows 2 to 3 feet apart and 1 inch apart in the rows. The peas will give quicker returns if covered only one inch deep, and where earliness is most important they may be treated this way. Larger pods and greater quantity will be produced if the seed is planted in trenches three to six inches deep and covered with only one to two inches of soil. When the plants are five or six inches high, fill the trench level with the surface. This will result in deep rooting, prevent mildew and prolong the bearing season. If the peas are covered to the full depth at first, or if water is allowed to stand in the trenches the seed will not germinate or grow well. The crop should be gathered as fast as it becomes fit for use, as even a few ripe pods left on the vines tend to retard the development of the young pods and prevent the formation of new ones.

## FIRST EARLY SMOOTH VARIETIES

**Extra Early Alaska** Vine strong and vigorous, 2 to 2½ feet high, of a peculiar light green color, pods 3 to 3½ inches long, straight and blunt at the end. Is ready for picking 49 to 50 days from planting. Seed round, blue, slightly pitted. Matures crop very evenly.

**Early Bird** The most used and best extra early, large podded Dwarf now on the market. Very desirable for market gardeners and truckers. Seed is practically smooth, dark green in color, can be planted as early as the Alaska. Produces a strong, vigorous vine, dwarfed in length. Pods produced in profusion and are long, large, pointed and well filled with good sized peas. Is an excellent cropper and has replaced practically all other extra early varieties.

**Long-Podded Alaska** A favorite with truckers and shippers to Northern markets, producing a very early crop of large, broad, well-filled, dark green pods. Equally as hardy as Extra Early Alaska and much larger. The vines usually grow three feet high and the crop will remain fresh a long time after picking.

**Mammoth Podded Extra Early** An exceptionally early, large podded variety. Matures practically with Alaska and much more productive. Height 3 feet, pods 4 inches long, very dark, broad and round.

## WRINKLED VARIETIES

**Early Surprise** An extra early variety of excellent quality, producing an abundance of dark green pods 4 to 5 inches long, very broad and well filled. The earliness, quality and the wonderfully prolific characteristics of this variety make it a very profitable sort for market gardeners.

**Early Wonder** Extremely early, of high quality and very productive. Pods are very dark and can be safely shipped long distances. Will soon become very important as a market gardeners variety.

**Blue Bantam** An improved strain of the Laxtonian type. Very early and produces pods a little darker than the Laxtonian. Vines are 16 to 18 inches high.

**Little Marvel** An ideal home garden and early market variety, popular for years for its outstanding quality and yield. Vine: stocky, medium height. Pods: blunt, plump, dark green, 3 in. long, well filled.



California Mammoth

### PRICES

Variety	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
Alaska—Wilt-resistant	\$ .40	\$2.00	\$6.50
Blue Bantam	.40	2.25	7.50
Early Bird	.40	2.50	8.50
Early Surprise	.40	2.50	8.50
Early Wonder	.40	2.25	8.00
Extra Early Alaska	.40	2.00	6.50
Little Marvel	.40	2.25	7.50
Long Podded Alaska	.40	2.25	7.50
Mammoth Podded Extra Early	.40	2.25	8.00
Black Eyed Peas	.25	1.50	5.50



# PEAS —Continued

## WRINKLED VARIETIES

**Glacier** A new hybrid pea developed to meet the needs for a variety somewhat earlier than Thomas Laxton, but of the same general type and also fully resistant to Fusarium wilt. The vines are dark green and medium heavy; pods single, dark green, blunt ended, plump and well filled with seven to eight deep green, semi-round peas of excellent quality. In growth it very closely resembles the Thomas Laxton, which is one of the parents of the new hybrid, and it carries the very excellent quality and hardiness of the Thomas Laxton variety but is several days earlier. Under normal crop conditions, the vines range between 30 and 34 inches in length, depending upon the growing conditions and come into picking condition between 57 and 60 days.

**Laxtonian** This is one of the finest dwarf early peas. The vines grow 18 to 20 inches high and produce an enormous crop of dark green pods as large as Gradus, maturing a few days ahead of this variety.

**California Mammoth** Medium early profuse bearer of large handsome dark green pointed pods. Can be very profitably grown by commercial growers and home gardeners as a succession to Early Bird and the Laxtonian types.

**Alderman** One of the best long vined, main crop varieties. Hardy, prolific, producing vines 3½ to 4 feet in length. Pods large, pointed, dark green in color. Maturing about the same time as the Admiral Dewey.

**Gradus or Prosperity** One of the best second early, long-strawed, wrinkled varieties. Produces long pointed pods, well filled and of fine table quality. Vines from 2½ to 3 feet in length. Considered one of the most desirable for the market garden or home use.

**No. 95 Icer** Very productive 2-foot vines, pods dark green and pointed, averaging 4¾ inches long. Five days later than Gilbo. A high quality type developed in the West for shipping; hence the name "Icer."

**Potlatch** Strong, vigorous vines of even growth, 20 to 24 inches in height, with luxuriant dark foliage, bearing pods medium green in color, 3½ to 4 inches in length. Broad and pointed at the ends. No variety known will produce more pods, and no pods could possibly shell out better. The Potlatch is a variety from which everyone may expect great things. Fit for table use 61 days from planting. Seed green, wrinkled, large in size.

**Thomas Laxton** This variety is of the same growth as that of the Gradus, but is usually three to four days later for market. The pods are square at the ends instead of having a long, sloping point, and considered by some to be of a better flavor than the Gradus.

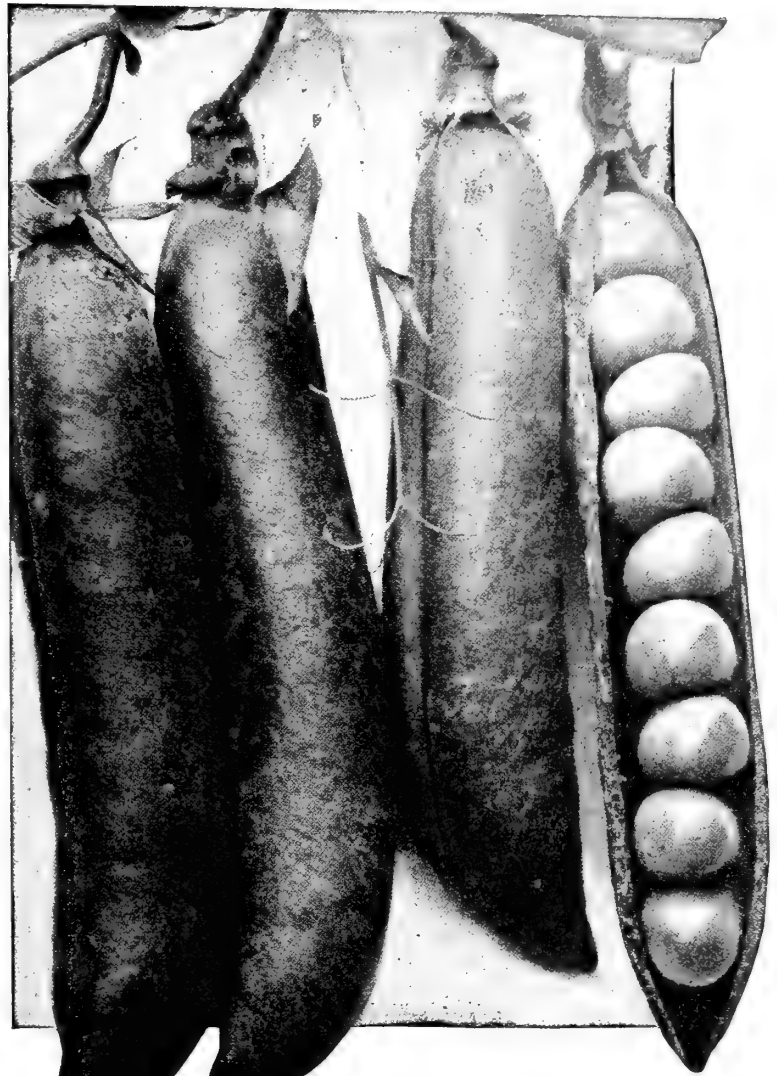
**Daisy, or Dwarf Telephone** A second early, of remarkably even growth. From 16 to 18 inches high. The stout plants are fairly loaded with large, bright green pods. Each pod contains from 7 to 9 large peas of a light bright green color, tender and well flavored.

## EDIBLE PODDED PEAS

**Mammoth Melting Sugar** This is by far the largest and finest of the true sugar or edible podded Peas.

## PEANUTS

**Virginia Bunch** Earliest, most prolific and easiest cultivated variety. Lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.35.



Extra Early Gradus or Prosperity

**Dark Green Telephone** A tall-growing, late sort, 3½ to 4 feet in height, having beautiful dark green pods of very large size, containing 6 to 7 large peas of delicious flavor. Continues in bearing for quite a long time.

	PRICES	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
Alderman—Wilt resistant	.....	\$.40	\$2.25	\$7.50
California Mammoth	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Dark Green Telephone—Wilt resistant	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Dwarf Telephone—Wilt resistant	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Glacier	.....	.40	2.50	8.50
Gradus or Prosperity	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Laxtonian	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Laxton Progress	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Mammoth Melting Sugar	.....	.50	3.00	10.00
Morses Market	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
No. 95 Icer	.....	.40	2.50	8.50
Potlatch—Wilt resistant	.....	.40	2.25	7.50
Thomas Laxton	.....	.40	2.25	7.50

# PEPPERS

1 oz. to 1,500 plants.

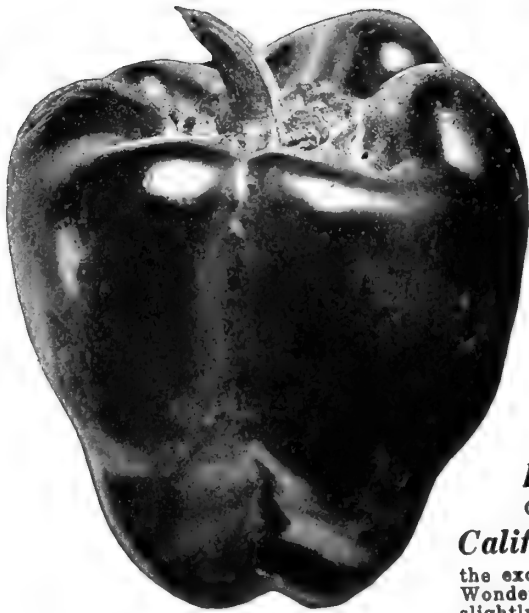
Peppers should be sown either indoors or in hotbeds early in April and transplanted to the permanent beds when about 3 inches high in two foot drills and two feet apart in the drills. The seed can also be sown in open ground when danger from frost is past but the crop will naturally be much later. A top dressing of fertilizer or poultry manure well mixed with the soil when the plants are about 6 inches high will materially aid in the production of a big crop.

**Royal King** Plants grow about 2½ feet high, and are vigorous; compact and very productive, commencing to bear very early and continuing until killed by frost. The fruit is very large, bright and glossy and the extremely thick flesh is sweet and mild. They will stand distant shipping and hold up well for market as they do not wilt nor become ripe near so quickly as other large varieties. This strain is extensively grown in the South by large shippers and deserves the attention of every trucker and home gardener.

**King of the North** The earliest large pepper in cultivation. The plants are very uniform in growth, dwarf and compact, and very productive. Fruits, mild and sweet, with medium thick flesh.

**Ruby Giant** A variety of Mango Pepper which is of a desirable size and shape for stuffing. A cross of Ruby King and Chinese Giant. Grows to large size and is very mild.

**California Wonder** Its large, smooth, extremely heavy, very mild, thick flesh, make this variety truly a wonder. Combining the excellent quality of the Pimento and the size of Crimson Giant, California Wonder is being grown for all purposes. Plants are sturdy, productive and slightly spreading, bearing five to nine large glossy fruits to a setting, averaging one-half pound each. Deserves the attention of every pepper grower.



Royal King Pepper

**Pimento or Perfection** A medium early, prolific, perfectly mild variety with extremely thick flesh. On account of its thick flesh it will hold up for a long time, and is an excellent sort for canning whole.

**Chili, Small** Red conical pod, about 2 inches long, very hot. Fine for pepper sauce and seasoning.

**Cherry Red** Fruit small, round, color rich scarlet, very hot.

**Chinese Giant** This desirable variety is one of the largest sweet peppers ever offered. The flesh is quite thick, very mild and remarkably sweet.

**Large Bell, or Bull Nose** This large, early and productive sort has the most pungent flavor of all the large peppers. Thick flesh.

**Long Red Cayenne** The pods are long and slender; bright red color and very pungent. This is an old-time favorite and is used extensively for bunching with pot-herbs.

**Oakview Wonder** Slightly smaller than California Wonder, but a week earlier and more prolific.

**World Beater or Sweet Mountain** This splendid pepper is a cross between Chinese Giant and Ruby King, and combines the size of one and the earliness of the other. It is exceedingly mild, very large and the color good. The flesh is very thick, making distant shipment possible.



California Wonder



Chinese Giant Pepper

## Pepper Plants

In All The Leading Varieties. FRESH DAILY. See Page 39.

	PKTS.	OZ.	¼ LB.	LB.
California Wonder	\$.10	\$.30	\$1.00	\$3.50
Cherry Red	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Chili, Small	.10	.30	1.00	3.75
Chinese Giant	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Half Long Narrow Cayenne	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
King of the North (Early)	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Large Bell, or Bull Nose	.10	.30	.85	3.00
Long Red Cayenne	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Mammoth Golden Queen	.10	.30	1.00	3.75
Oakview Wonder	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Pimento or Perfection	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Royal King	.10	.35	1.00	3.50
Ruby Giant	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Sunnybrook or Cheese	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
World Beater or Sweet Mountain	.10	.25	.75	2.75

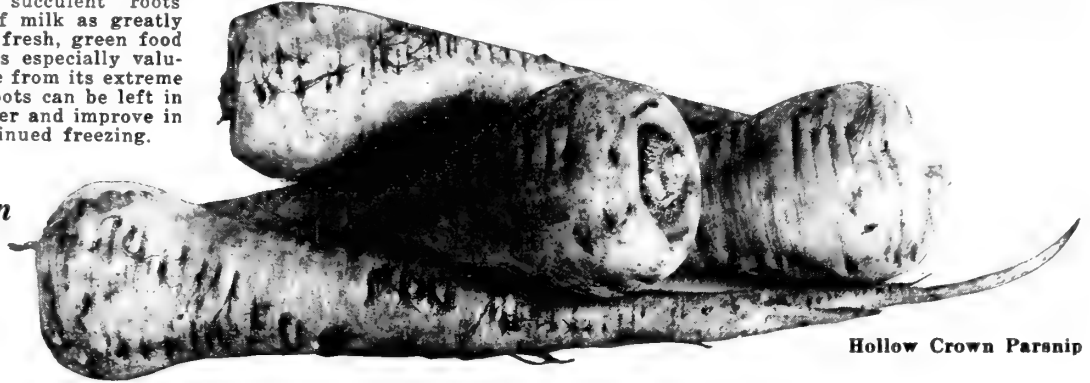
# PARSNIPS

1 ounce to 150 feet of drill.

Parsnips are well known as a delicious table vegetable but their value for the purpose of feeding cattle and stock is but little appreciated. The parsnip is rich in saccharine food which adds greatly to the richness of the milk when fed to cows, while the fresh, succulent roots increase the flow of milk as greatly as does the use of fresh, green food in the spring. It is especially valuable for the purpose from its extreme hardness, as the roots can be left in the ground all winter and improve in quality by the continued freezing.

## Special Hollow Crown

A specially selected stock, developed for uniform well-shaped smooth roots of excellent quality.



Hollow Crown Parsnip

# PUMPKINS

1 ounce to 15 hills; 4 pounds per acre, in hills 10 by 10 feet apart.

**CULTURE.**—Sow in good soil in May, when the ground has become warm, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, or in fields of corn about every fourth hill; always avoid planting near other vines, as they will hybridize.

**Sugar Pie Pumpkins** This is the best of all Pumpkins for pies. The fruit is small to medium in size, flesh solid and fine grained, the seed cavity small, and it is a splendid keeper.

**Cushaw, or Crookneck** One of the most popular varieties to grow for pies as well as for stock feeding. Fruits 2 feet in length, with long, solid neck, most frequently curved in form; seeds are located in the lower bulb-like end. Skin striped with mottled bands of creamy white. Flesh rich, creamy yellow, tender and of exceptionally fine flavor.

**Sweet Potato** Excellent for pies, pear-shaped, medium sized, flesh and skin creamy white, fine grained, sweet and delicious; first-class keeper.

**Japanese Pie** Crookneck variety, with extremely small seed cavity; nearly all solid meat; quality extra fine; seeds distinct in appearance, being curiously sculptured in the manner of Chinese letters. Productive, ripens early, medium size, good keeper.

**King of Mammoths** This giant variety grows to enormous size. Deep yellow, glossy color. Splendid to grow for stock and exhibition purposes.

## Squash Pumpkin—Boston Marrow

See Squash, Page 33.

PRICES				
PARSNIPS	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.	10 Lb.
Special Hollow Crown	\$.10	\$.50	\$1.50	\$14.00
Manns New Market				
Garden Strain	.10	1.00	3.50	....
PUMPKINS				
Connecticut Field	.10	.20	.50	4.50
Cushaw, or Crookneck	.10	.25	.90	8.00
Japanese Pie	.10	.25	.75	6.50
King of Mammoths	.10	.30	.90	8.00
Quaker Pie	.10	.30	.90	7.50
Sugar Pie Pumpkins	.10	.25	.75	6.50
Sweet Potato	.10	.25	.75	6.50



Sugar Pie Pumpkin

# RADISHES

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 9 lbs. per acre.

Light, sandy soil, rich in organic matter is essential to produce crisp and tender radishes. For an early crop sow the seed as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills 6 to 10 inches apart, covering the seed half an inch deep. When the plants are well started, thin out to one inch apart in the drills. Frequent watering in dry weather is very beneficial as high quality is largely dependent upon rapid growth. For a continuous supply, successive plantings should be made at intervals of 10 days to two weeks, selecting varieties best suited for the season.



Extra Early Scarlet Globe Outdoor Forcing

## Extra Early Scarlet Globe No. 8

From Specially Selected Transplanted Roots

A reselected strain so uniform in its maturity that each sowing can be entirely gathered and bunched at one pulling, with practically no waste. This means more bunches per row, more time saved in bunching, and the ground ready for the next crop a week earlier. This equalized maturity also permits sowing this crop between rows of beans, corn, etc., as a "catch crop." This is the market gardener's favorite as a forcing Radish, very early; mild and crisp, juicy and tender; ample top, will stand heat without becoming pithy. One of the best selling and most attractive Radishes on account of its bright scarlet color and handsome shape. Our stock of this is the very best, selected with special care as to size, shape, color and earliness, and market gardeners will find it a money maker, as it is just right in every respect. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 85c; 10 lbs., \$7.00; 25 lbs., \$16.25; 100 lbs., \$60.00.

**Greenhouse Scarlet Globe** This strain has been especially bred to meet the very exacting requirements of greenhouse cultivation, producing quickly a highly marketable crop of uniformly shaped radishes of fine quality.

**Comet** Distinctly a round or ball shaped sort of longkeeping quality, medium tops when grown outdoors. 1935 All-American winner.

**Crimson Giant** A variety combining earliness and great size. It grows much larger than other extra early varieties, but does not become pithy even when fully twice as large in diameter and a week older; beautiful crimson-carmine; turnip-shaped; flesh firm, crisp and tender. We recommend it for outdoor garden planting as well as for greenhouse forcing.

**Sparkler (Round White Tipped)** One of the most attractive of the Turnip Radishes for early planting outdoors. Color very deep scarlet with 1/3 white at the tip; flesh white and of the best quality.

**Perpetual White Summer** This variety introduced by us, has given splendid satisfaction to all who have tried it. They are pure white, of uniform good quality, crisp and brittle, and they keep longer in a fit condition for the table than any variety we know of, hence their name. Perpetual White Summer can be sown any time of the year, and will always produce good radishes fit for market earlier than the Chartier, and keeps in perfect shape for marketing about four weeks, or longer for home use.

**White Stuttgart** Quick growing and therefore very early. Of the largest size, and both flesh and skin are pure white; quality fine, firm, and brittle. Can be pulled for use at any stage.

**New White Strasburg** A very new desirable summer variety, a favorite with our market gardeners. Skin and flesh both white. It is excellent quality and a quick grower.



White Strasburg

### PRICES

	Pkt.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.	10 Lb.	100 Lb.
Comet	\$.10	\$.30	\$1.00	\$9.00	....
Crimson Giant	.10	.30	1.00	9.00	....
French Breakfast	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Greenhouse Scarlet Globe	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Long Black Spanish	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Long Scarlet	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Perpetual White Summer	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Philadelphia White Box	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Round Black Spanish	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Scarlet Globe	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Scarlet Globe No. 8	.10	.30	.85	8.00	75.00
Scarlet Turnip	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
Sparkler	.10	.30	.85	8.00	75.00
White Chinese or Celestial	.10	.25	.75	8.00	75.00
White Icicle	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
White Strasburg	.10	.25	.75	7.00	65.00
White Stuttgart	.10	.30	.85	8.00	75.00

# RADISHES (Continued)

**Phila. Model White Box (Forcing)** Very early (28 days) and has but few leaves, thus making it of special value for growing in hotbeds or "boxes." It is of clear white color, solid, juicy and unsurpassed in flavor, nearly round, 1 3/8 in. in diameter.

**Long Scarlet** This is the standard extra early long scarlet market variety, short top, long scarlet roots; crisp, fine flavor.

**White Icicle Radish** Planted in spring the young Radishes are ready for use in 25 to 27 days from sowing and their long, slender form and pure paper-white skin are most attractive when bunched for market. Flesh: clear white, brittle and of a mild flavor.

## WINTER VARIETIES

**White Chinese or Celestial** Large, stump-rooted Radish with white skin and flesh. Can be sown from July 1 to August 15, and will keep in prime condition, mild in flavor, brittle, and never woody. Market gardeners will find this a profitable variety.

**Round Black Spanish** Characteristics similar to Long Black Spanish, except that it grows top-shaped, 3 to 4 in. in diameter.

**Long Black Spanish** Roots tapered cylindrical 7 to 10 in. long and about 2 3/4 in. in diameter. Skin black, flesh white, exceptionally good keeper, strong pungent flavor.



Long Scarlet

## RHUBARB or Pie Plant

Sow in April or May, in drills 1 foot apart; when 3 or 4 inches high, thin out in rows 6 to 10 inches apart. Transplant the ensuing fall or spring in rich soil. Set out the roots 3 to 4 feet apart each way; the following spring it will be fit to use.

**Victoria** Very large, the finest cooking variety.

RHUBARB ROOTS—See Page 39.

## SORREL

### BROAD AND NARROW LEAVED

A hardy plant grown for its leaves, which are used as boiling "greens" or salad. Seed should be sown thinly in drills early in spring. When well started thin out to stand 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. The leaves can be gathered for use at any time after the plants are well started in growth, and the roots will continue to produce a further supply. The plant is entirely hardy, and, starting into growth early the following spring, will afford a large supply of fine "greens" quite early.



White Icicle

## SALSIFY

### OR OYSTER PLANT

1 oz. for 50 feet of drill.

Requires a well enriched, mellow soil, which, previous to sowing the seeds, should be stirred to a depth of 18 inches. Sow early in the spring in drills 15 inches apart; cover the seed with fine soil 1 1/4 inches in depth, and when the plants are strong enough thin out to 6 inches apart. As the leaves resemble grass, be careful they are not mistaken for it when weeding.



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

**Mammoth Sandwich Island** A new and improved type, producing roots of nearly double the size and weight of the old varieties; mild and delicately flavored.

	PRICES			
RHUBARB	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
Victoria	...	\$.10	\$.20	\$.50 \$1.50
<b>SALSIFY</b>				
Mammoth Sandwich Island	....	.10	.20	.65 1.85
<b>SORREL</b>				
Large-Leaved French	.....			
Narrow Leaved	...	.10	.60	2.00 6.00

# SEED POTATOES

LET US QUOTE PRICES ON HIGHEST QUALITY SEED ON BASIS OF LOWEST MARKET VALUE

Potatoes will adapt themselves to various soil conditions as easily as most vegetables. A better crop will be produced, however, on a sandy loam which contains a quantity of well rotted vegetable matter. A clover sod, vetches turned under in the fall, or land which was heavily manured for a previous crop supply ideal conditions.

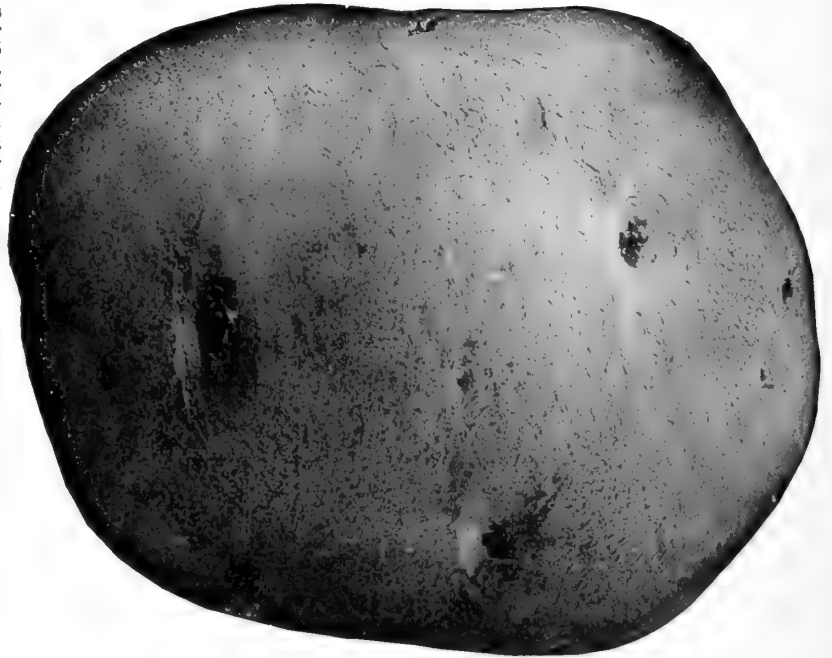
In preparing the seed the eyes should be cut so that the largest part of the surrounding flesh is situated toward the stem end, because the eyes of a potato always have a root system running toward that end and for that reason the sprouts cannot draw moisture from the opposite direction. If the ground you intend to use has produced a scabby crop previously or the seed shows any trace of disease, the pieces should be disinfected as a preventative.

For a very early crop, run off furrows about three feet apart and about four inches deep. Drop the pieces about 15 inches apart in the furrows and cover to a depth of about 1½ inches, gradually filling in the furrows to level as the vines grow larger. For main crop it is just as well to cover the eyes with four inches of soil at once. If fertilizer is used, apply it either in the row or broadcast before planting and be sure that it is thoroughly mixed with the soil so that the seed is not burned. Fresh stable manure will cause the potatoes to become scabby.

Just before the sprouts have appeared above the ground run a light harrow over them to kill the weeds and break up the crust. Continue weeding and harrowing until there is danger of breaking off too many sprouts. Cultivate thoroughly and frequently, being careful not to cut any of the roots, continuing until the vines have attained full growth and begin to spread.

Spraying for insects and blight is very necessary. Red River Potato Mix will give very satisfactory results in controlling insects and diseases.

The size and quality of the crop and the ability to resist disease is directly dependent upon the seed planted and no amount of cultivation or attention will offset the uncontrollable results of poor seed. Be sure of your crop and plant only the best Maine grown seed potatoes.



**Chippewa** Growers who planted this new variety last spring are more than pleased with its increased yield, better quality and greater sales appeal. It is a heavy yielder, of medium size, very uniform, round to oblong, somewhat flattened, eyes shallow, skin is smooth clean white.

**Red Bliss, or Bliss Triumph** This variety is rapidly growing in favor. The tubers are round and uniform in shape, eyes slightly depressed and of a beautiful bright red color, very hardy and vigorous, maturing with extra earlies.

**Maine Certified Cobblers** Planted, grown and shipped under the extremely rigid requirements of the Maine Dept. of Agriculture, assuring finest quality clean seed, free from disease, uniform in size, true to type and from highly productive strains.

**Early Rose** For a generation the standard Potato of the whole country for earliness, yield, thrift, beauty and table qualities, because it always succeeds well in any soil. Our stock is strictly pure.

**Green Mountain** White skin, flat, oval form, smooth, of good appearance; excellent table quality. Ripens slowly, and is a good keeper. Valuable for late crops. Now taking the lead in all markets.



Increase Your Profits  
Dust or Spray with  
**RED RIVER POTATO MIX**  
(1 to 1½ lbs. make 12½ gallons  
or as dust)  
Lb., 35c; 4-lb. bag, 85c

**Dakota Red** This very popular local variety has gained favor due to its very productive and fine cooking qualities. It often brings a higher price in Baltimore markets than the most fancy table stock from New York and Maine. Used for late crop only. Let us quote.

**Michigan Russet** Rapidly gaining popularity in Maryland due to excellent quality and exceptionally high yield. We offer specially selected seed.

## SEED SWEET POTATOES

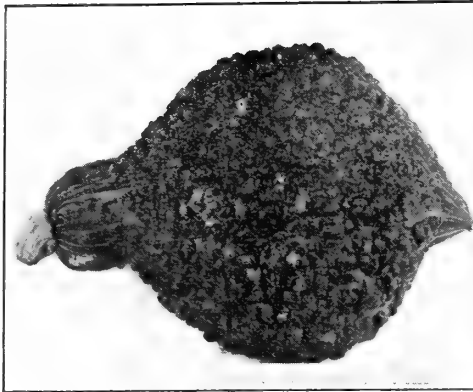
**Elzey's Improved** The strain used every year by Maryland's most successful sweet potato growers. Yields 25 to 50 per cent more marketable stock and sells higher than any other. Dry and sweet; decidedly the best of all. Prices subject to market fluctuations. Let us quote.

**Sweet Potato Plants** See Page 39.

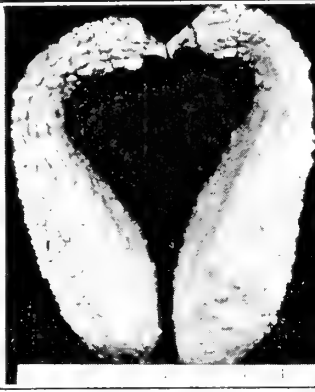
## Semesan Bel



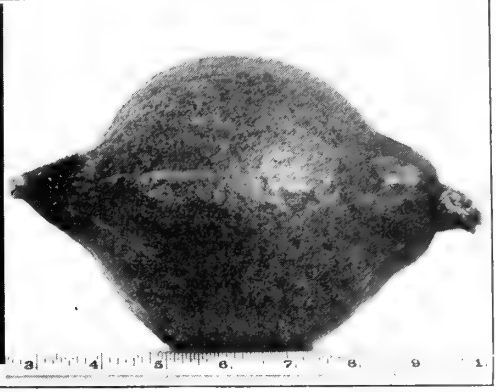
This instantaneous dip treatment for both white and sweet potatoes is fast replacing all formerly practiced methods of seed potato disinfection. Semesan Bel exerts an invigorating effect upon plant growth by removing disease handicaps and repelling the attacks of soil-borne organisms so that yields are greatly increased. Ask for Semesan Bel booklet. 1 lb. treats 16 to 22 bushel. Prices—2 ozs., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$7.15.



Green Warded Hubbard



Golden Summer Crookneck



Boston Marrow

## SQUASH

1 oz. of bush sorts to 40 hills; large seeded 15 hills.

2 lbs. of bush sorts to acre; large seeded 3 to 4 to acre.

Squashes, like other vines, are partial to a light, dry, rich soil. Plant the running varieties in hills 10 feet apart each way; thin out to three plants in a hill. Cultivate frequently until the vines commence running, after which do not work the soil deep.

### *Boston Marrow (or Squash Pumpkin)*

The fall and winter variety most widely used for canning and for pies. Fruits oval, pointed, deep orange color, weight 6 to 8 lbs. Very productive. (98 days.)

**Cocozelle Extra Long Italian** Produces dark green fruit about 20 inches long and 3 to 4 inches in diameter; very straight, striped when mature.

**Early Prolific Straightneck** Produces an abundance of ten inch fruits in a week after blossoming. Very prolific, exceeding all other varieties in early production. Color, lemon-yellow. Vine about half the size of other varieties which permits close planting. An ALL AMERICAN Selection. (50 days.)

**Green Delicious (Winter)** Top shaped, 7 to 8 pound fruits with orange flesh of excellent quality. Requires 100 days.

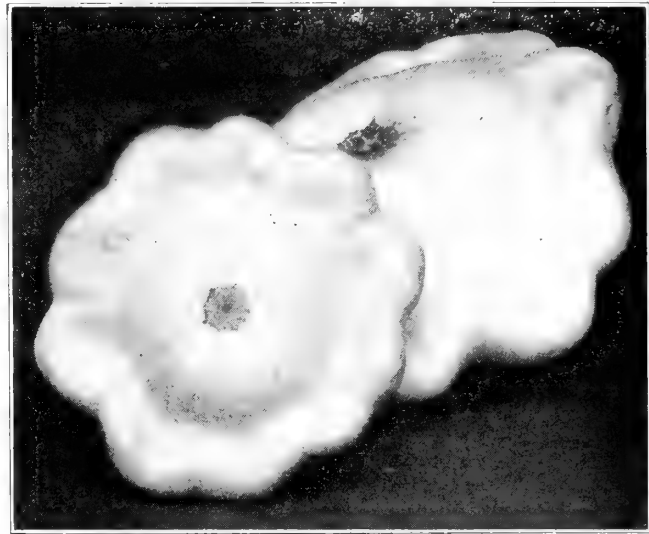
**Green Tinted Bush Scallop** Preferred by many market gardeners by reason of true decided light green color, even when fully matured.

**Golden Summer Crookneck** A superior strain of summer crookneck, heavily warted, of a very deep orange color, 9 inches long, of excellent quality and highly productive.

**Golden Hubbard** Resembles Boston Marrow somewhat in shape and size; more densely warted, flesh deep orange, dry and of fine quality. Good keeper. (100 days.)

**Green Warded Hubbard** Manns' strain is densely warted, much larger than Golden Hubbard; flesh exceptionally thick, deep orange, dry and of excellent quality. (105 days.)

**Table Queen or Acorn (New Mammoth Type)** Dark green, thin shelled, smooth, ribbed fruits with yellow flesh; favorite variety for baking. (58 Days.)



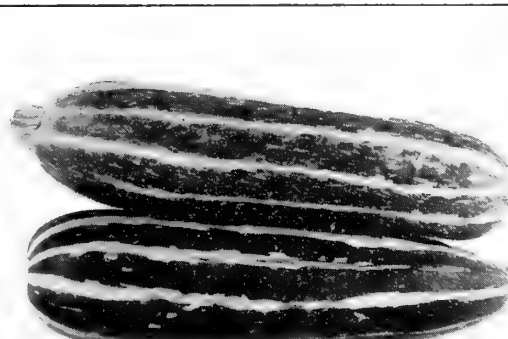
Green Tinted Bush Squash

### PRICES

	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Boston Marrow (10 lbs. \$3.50)	.10	.20	.50
Cocozelle, Extra Long Italian	.10	.30	1.00
Early Prolific Straightneck (new)	.10	.30	1.00
Giant Summer Straightneck	.10	.25	.75
Golden Hubbard	.10	.40	1.25
Golden Summer Crookneck	.10	.30	1.00
Green Delicious	.10	.30	1.00
Green Tinted Bush Scallop	.10	.30	.85
Green Warded Hubbard	.10	.40	1.25
Jersey White Bush Scallop	.10	.30	.85
Number 14	.10	.60	2.00
Table Queen (Mammoth)	.10	.30	1.00
Vegetable Spaghetti	.10	.50	1.50
Zucchini (Extra Dark)	.10	.50	1.50



Table Queen



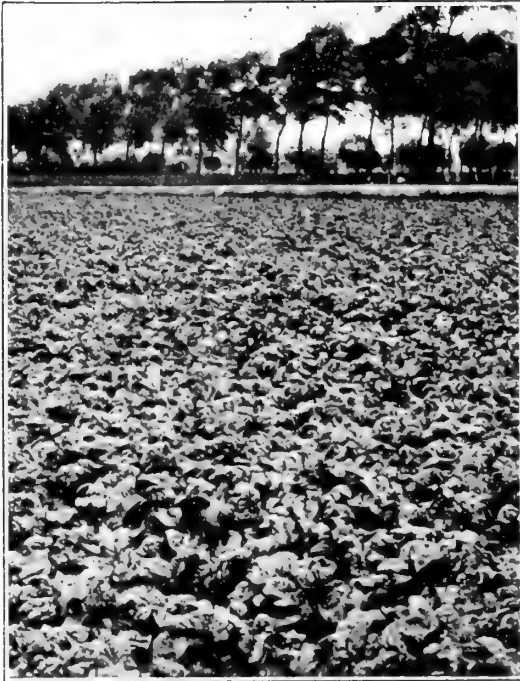
Cocozelle



Early Prolific Straightneck

# SPINACH

1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill; 12 to 15 lbs. per acre.



Manns' Extra Dark Green Savoy

**Reselected Bloomsdale Savoy** For either fall or late winter sowing, a truly reselected strain developed by a Holland Plant Breeder for uniformly curled large heavy plants.

**Manns' Extra Dark Green Savoy** About two days later than Reselected, but the plants are larger, less liable to bolt to seed, more heavily crumpled and of more upright growth. The very dark green color, however, is its chief advantage and in making the selections for this deep color the plant breeder has also improved the strain in its savoyed characteristics and absolute freedom from smooth leaved plants.

**Virginia Blight Resistant** A strain of Bloomsdale Savoy especially developed by the Virginia Experimental Station for the purpose of resisting the disease commonly called yellows. Used extensively in the vicinity of Norfolk and in other sections where blight is encountered. It matures very quickly and is therefore preferred for early fall sowing.

Select a rich piece of ground, the richer the better; and for late spring and early summer use, sow the seed during February, March and April in drills one foot to 20 inches apart, one-half to one inch deep. When the plants are well started, thin out to 4 to 6 inches apart, or sow the seed thinly and allow all the plants to stand.

For winter and early spring use, sow either in drills or broadcast during August, September and October. A top dressing of Nitrate of Soda will make a vast improvement in the earliness, size and quality of the crop.

**Old Dominion** Developed at the Virginia Experimental Station as a later seeding yellows resistant variety by crossing King of Denmark and Virginia Savoy. The plants are large, dark green, heavily crumpled and fast growing. It is one of the most hardy varieties for wintering over and therefore is well suited for either an early fall crop or for fall sowing to be cut in early spring.

**Manns' Presto Savoy** A prickly seeded variety possessing outstanding merits over the round seeded Bloomsdale, which it resembles identically. Presto is the earliest and quickest growing sort of spinach. It is much hardier than any other variety and will stand cold and unfavorable weather conditions better than round seeded sorts.

	PRICES					
	Oz.	¼ Lb.	10 Lb.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.	
Extra Dark Green	\$.10	\$.30	\$.85	\$7.00	\$16.00	\$52.50
Long Standing	.10	.30	.85	7.50	17.50	60.00
Old Dominion	.10	.30	.85	7.50	17.50	60.00
Reselected Bloomsdale	.10	.25	.75	6.50	15.00	50.00
Special Summer	.10	.30	.85	7.50	17.50	60.00
Virginia B. R.	.10	.25	.75	6.50	15.00	50.00

New Crop Seed Available about September 1		LET US QUOTE			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
New Zealand	.....	\$.10	\$.20	\$.50	\$1.50
Southland Summer	.....	.10	.50		



Manns' Special Summer Savoy





Field of Early Long Standing Savoy for Seed

**Manns' Early Long Standing Savoy** Nearly as early as Reselected Savoy but has the very valuable advantage of standing in perfect condition, without bolting to seed, 10 to 14 days longer. This feature is worth thousands of dollars to spinach growers, for with this variety it is possible to market the crop when it is convenient and advantageous for the grower to do so. Many severe losses have been incurred because cutters were not available, weather conditions unfavorable, or prices were too low, but Early Long Standing will wait for cutters, for weather, and for prices.

**Southland Summer** New special strain of Swiss Chard more closely resembling real spinach, producing large heavily crumpled leaves of a bright green color. Will eventually replace New Zealand.

**Manns' Special Summer Savoy** <sup>Stands warm</sup> <sub>weather</sub> without bolting to seed better than any other Savoy leaved type. A great improvement even on Bloomsdale Long Standing. Very dark green and heavily crumpled leaves. Very slow grower and should be sown so as to mature during warm weather.

**New Zealand** (TETRAGONIA EXPANSA) Not related to regular spinaches but forming larger spreading plants producing fleshy brittle tips and leaves which are used as spinach. Of delightful flavor and practically ever-bearing.

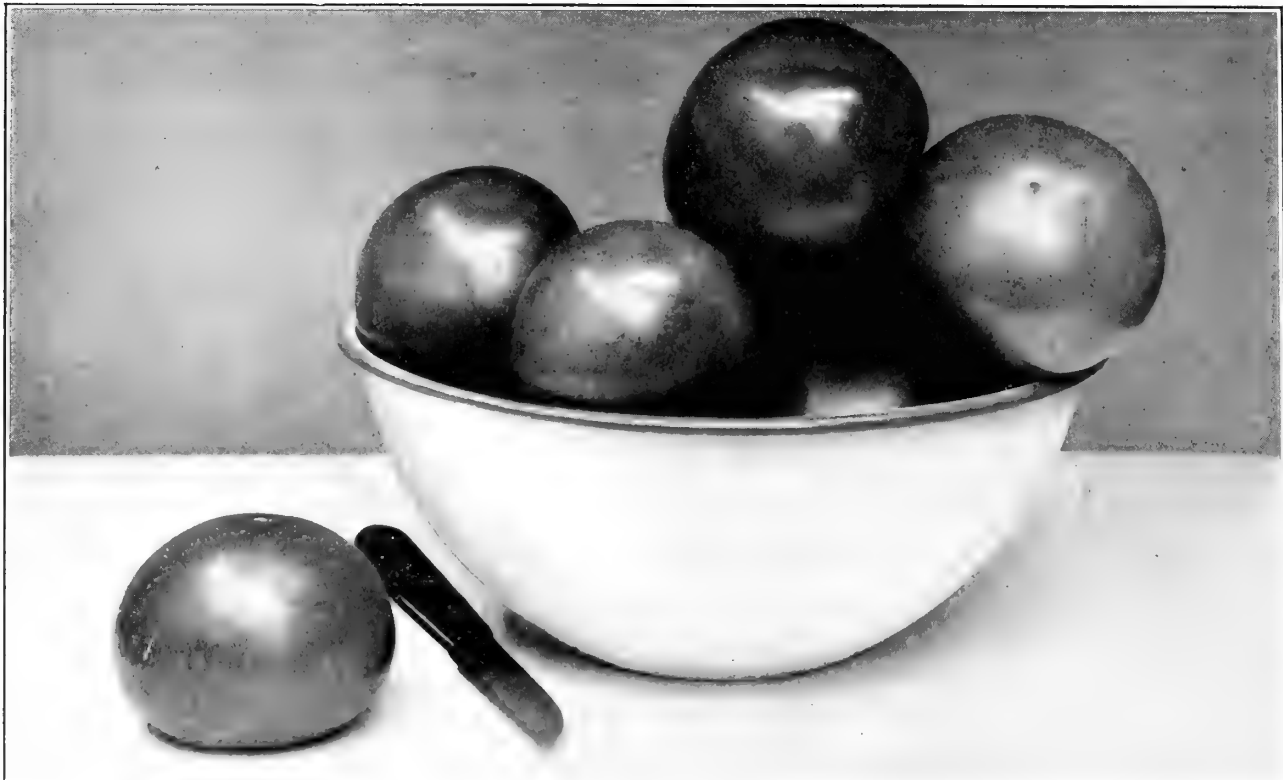


Spinach, Isolated Plants Caged for Stock Seed.



Manns' Old Dominion, 35 days after sowing.

LET US QUOTE NITRATE OF SODA AND FERTILIZERS



Manns' Improved Advance

## TOMATOES

1 oz. to 2,000 plants;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. per acre.

All our tomato seeds are grown from stocks, exclusively for seed purposes, by the originators, experienced growers and experts. We are fully convinced of the merit of all new varieties before placing them in our catalog, and therefore strongly recommend our strains as being absolutely reliable.

For early, the seed should be sown in hotbeds during February or the first week in March, in drills 5 inches apart and half an inch deep. Later sowing may be made until the last of April. When the plants are 3 or 4 inches high they should be set out 4 or 5 inches apart in another hotbed or cold frame, or removed into small pots allowing a single plant to the pot. Expose to the air as much as possible to harden. Water freely at time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun a few days until the plants are established. Cultivate thoroughly as long as the vines will permit, but the last two or three workings should be very shallow or the crop may be badly injured, especially if the cultivator is run too near the plants.

### Extra Early Varieties

**Improved Advance** An extra early, large tomato of high quality, round or slightly flattened shape, and exceptionally smooth for such an early variety. As early and hardy as Earliana and yielding more fruit both in the first and subsequent pickings. It is more shapely, more free from cracks and shows less green about the stem than other extra early sorts. With Improved Advance the grower can produce a crop which will stand superior in appearance and quality, in competition with the other extra early varieties and command the fancy prices of an early market.

**Break O'Day** Dr. Fred J. Pritchard of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture describes his new creation as follows: "Very productive, early variety, highly resistant to wilt and somewhat resistant to blights. Fruits large, smooth, meaty, red, globular."

**Scarlet Dawn** Winner of a Gold Medal in the 1934 All American Trials. This hybrid of Clark's Early and Marglobe has the shape and structure of Marglobe, but a brighter scarlet color. It is earlier than Bonny Best and yields as heavy as Break-O'Day. Excellent shipping quality as well as being desirable for home growing.

**Valiant** One of the earliest round, large, smooth varieties. Very profitable where it can be matured without too much danger of sunburn.

### PRICES

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Albino (White)	.10	.35	\$1.25	\$4.00
Bonny Best Certified	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Break O'Day	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Earliana	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Early Detroit	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Enormous	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Extra Early Potato Leaf	.10	.30	1.00	3.00
Golden Queen	.10	.75		
Greater Baltimore (Ind.)	.10	.30	.90	3.00
Grothens Globe	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Improved Advance	.10	.50	1.75	6.00
Manns' Superior Globe	.25	1.00	3.50	12.50
Marglobe Special	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Market Champion	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
Maryland Pride	.10	.40	1.25	4.50
New Deal	.10	.75	2.50	7.50
Oxheart	.10	.45	1.35	5.00
Ponderosa	.10	.50	1.50	5.00
Pritchard's Scarlet Topper (Certified)	.10	.40	1.00	3.50
Rutgers (Certified)	.10	.40	1.25	4.00
Scarlet Dawn	.10	.45	1.35	5.00
Sensation	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Stokesdale (Certified)	.10	.40	1.50	5.00
Stone (Improved)	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Pear Shaped Red	.10	.30	1.00	...
Pear Shaped Yellow	.10	.30	1.00	...
Valiant (Certified)	.10	.40	1.50	5.00
Yellow Plum	.10	.30	1.00	...



Manns' Marglobe Special

## TOMATOES

### Second Early and Main Crop Varieties

**Rutgers** Developed under the direction of Prof. L. G. Schermerhorn of the New Jersey Agr. Experiment Station. The fruits begin ripening at the center, are highly colored throughout and have a thick wall structure with very small seed cavity. In comparison with Marglobe they are slightly more flattened at the stem end and will average much larger. Very prolific and desirable for canning, market or the home garden. (Certified Stock.)

**Indiana Baltimore** Large, smooth, solid, bright scarlet; second early Tomato; a prolific bearer and fine shipper.

**Manns' Improved Stone** One of the most productive of the large flat varieties; fruits bright scarlet, smooth and solid. Fine market or canners variety.

**Marglobe Special** Our stock of this extremely popular variety is far superior to the average and we have received many unsolicited testimonials complimenting us on its excellent quality.

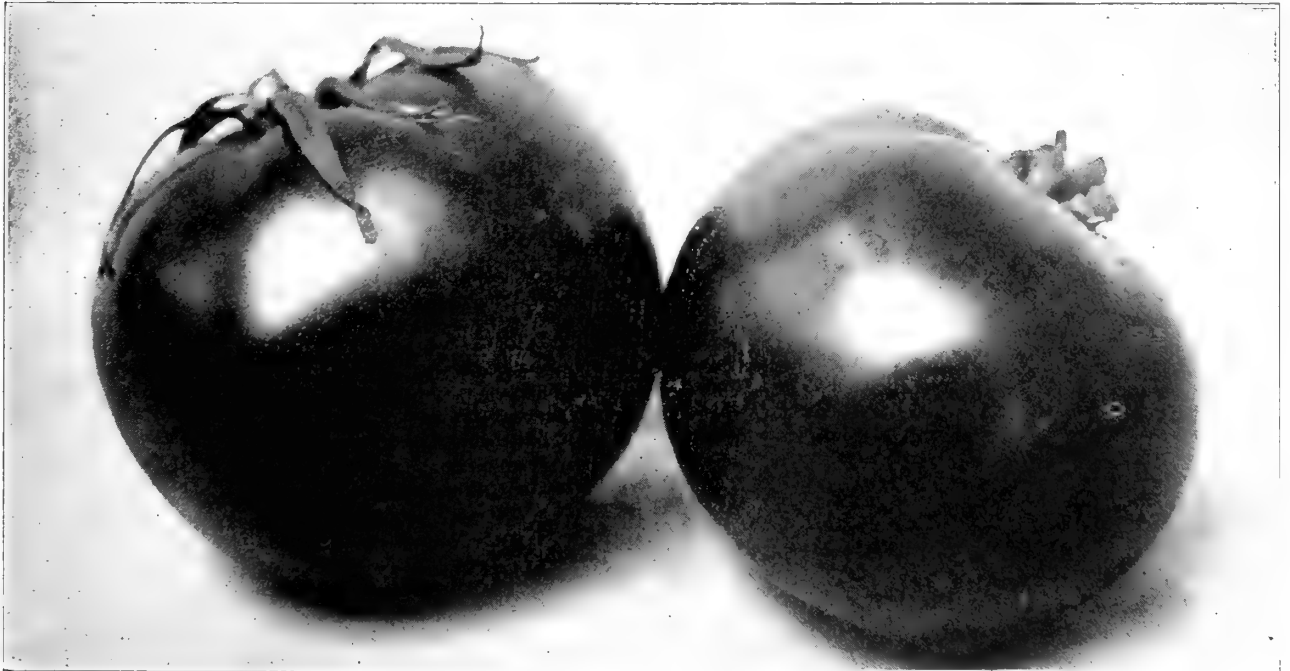
It produces heavy yields of large smooth, globular, meaty, red fruits. They have a delightful flavor, and are covered with a thick skin which hinders cracking. Moreover, the plants shade the fruits well and thus protect them from sun-scald.

**Pritchard's Scarlet Topper** Extremely productive, especially on heavy soils; wilt resistant and as early as Rutgers. Fruits large, firm, globe shaped and of fine quality.

**Market Champion** A main crop variety possessing all the good qualities to make it ideal for home and market gardeners. Vines large, hardy and productive. Fruits bright scarlet, oval and deep, exceptionally smooth; one of the best of all tomatoes for canning, and a money-maker for the market gardener.

**Maryland Pride** Since our introduction of it in 1905 it has been grown with great success by canners and market gardeners, who pronounce it "the very best second early and main crop Tomato they have ever grown." The fruit is a beautiful bright red color, magnificent size and handsome, smooth shape. The vines grow vigorously and produce abundantly until killed by frost.

**Stokesdale** (Certified)—A few days earlier than Rutgers, similar in shape and color, with fruits averaging slightly larger. Plant is open in habit with medium heavy foliage. Recommended for canners and shippers. Produces large crops when fertilized liberally.



Pritchard's Scarlet Topper

# RUTABAGAS OR SWEDES

Rutabagas require about four weeks longer to mature than ordinary varieties of turnips, but are more solid, of firmer flesh and therefore keep later into the spring. They are for this reason more desirable for storage, while turnips are better adapted for the early market. Sow during July either in drills or broadcast.

**New Canadian** Grown for a number of years in the North and held very closely by private individuals, the seed of this variety has always been extremely difficult to procure in a true and reliable type. After three years of searching and checking in our trial grounds, we have found the correct strain and offer it with every assurance that it will soon become the only Rutabaga grown in this section.

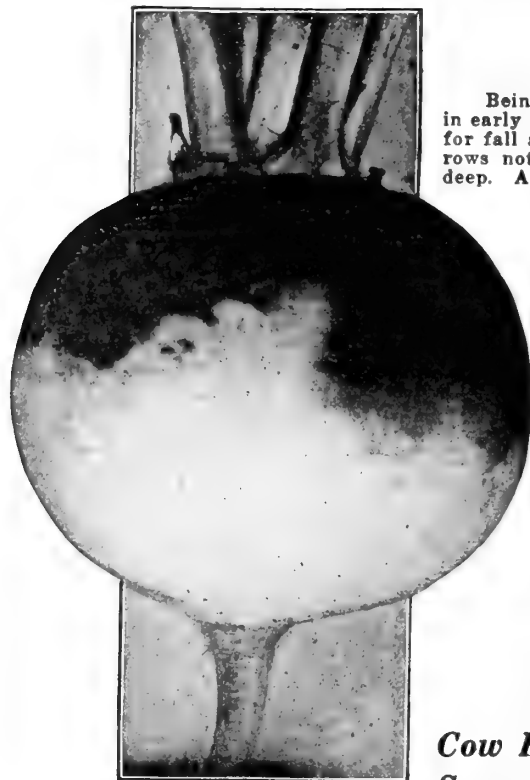
**Neckless Purple Top** Our superb strain of this excellent variety has become a favorite because of its hardy and productive nature. The flesh is sweet and solid, excellent for table use or stock feeding.



Turnip—Autumn King

## TURNIPS

1 oz. to 150 feet of drill; 1 lb. per acre.



Purple Top White Globe Turnip

Being primarily a cool weather vegetable, turnips thrive best when planted in early spring or in the fall. For spring crop sow the seed early in April, while for fall and winter use, plantings should be made from July to August. Sow in rows not less than 18 inches apart and one-half to three-quarters of an inch deep. A very popular method, however, is to broadcast the seed between rows of corn or in the cultivated orchard. Proper control of root maggots is effected by rotation of crops, the use of commercial fertilizers instead of manure and the application of Mag-o-tite or other carbolic acid emulsion.

**Extra Early Flat White Milan** An all white flat variety, the earliest of all turnips. Remains in good condition a long time.

**Autumn King** Sure to become very popular with Market Gardeners; clear yellow with green tinged top, globular and of large size.

**Double Duty** Grown chiefly for its abundance of tops, surpassing Seven Top in production and quality. Also forms a pure white semi-globe root, which is sweet and tender.

**Golden Ball or Orange Jelly** One of the best yellow varieties for general crop; flesh firm and sweet; grows to a large size; splendid for table or stock, and keeps well until late in spring.

**Purple Top White Globe** Also known as Red Top White Globe. This excellent turnip is decidedly the most popular variety and more extensively grown than any other. The roots are globular, very handsome and of superior quality; either for table use or stock feeding purposes. It is a heavy producer, early, of rapid growth, and one of the best for winter storage.

**Cow Horn** Very heavy cropper, a quick grower, most practical for stock feed.

**Seven Top** This variety is principally planted in the South for the green tops which are produced very abundantly.

FOR GREENS—See Broccoli—Page 8.

### PRICES

RUTABAGA			TURNIP		
	Pkt.	¼ Lb. Lb.		Pkt.	¼ l.b. Lb.
Neckless Purple Top	\$.10	\$.45 1.25	Extra Early Purple Top Flat Milan	.10	.20 .60
New Canadian	.10	.85 2.50	Golden Ball or Orange Jelly	.10	.25 .75
TURNIP			Purple Top White Globe	.10	.15 .40
Autumn King	.10	.20 .50	Seven Top	.10	.15 .40
Cow Horn	.10	.20 .60	Yellow Aberdeen Purple Top	.10	.20 .50
Double Duty	.10	.25 .75			

# MANNS' VEGETABLE PLANTS, ROOTS, TREES AND BERRIES

PLEASE NOTE: All plants are quoted f. o. b. Baltimore. On parcel post orders, 15c per 100 must be added for postage and packing. No shipment can be sent into sections having Japanese beetle restrictions.

## CABBAGE PLANTS, FROST-PROOF.

(Ready in February to May.)  
35c per 100; \$1.75 per 1,000.

## CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. (Ready in May.)

25c per doz.; \$1.50 per 100.

## BORECOLE PLANTS. (Ready in July.)

75c per 100.

## CELERY PLANTS. (Ready in July.)

Easy Bleacher Golden Plume Winter Queen  
75c per 100; \$5.00 per 1,000.

## EGG PLANTS. (Ready in May.)

20c per dozen; \$1.00 per 100.

## LETTUCE PLANTS. (Ready in March, April, September and October.)

50c per 100.

## PEPPER PLANTS. (Ready in May and June.)

20c per doz.; \$1.00 per 100.

## SWEET POTATO PLANTS. (Ready in May and June.)

75c per 100; \$5.00 per 1,000.

## TOMATO PLANTS. Hotbed Grown. (Ready in April.)

75c per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

Southern field-grown. 75c per 100. \$4.00 per 1,000.

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Mary Washington. From one to two years may be saved by planting Roots instead of seed. Choice, 2-year-old roots.

\$1.25 per 100; \$8.50 per 1,000.

## HORSERADISH ROOTS. Maliner Kren. (Bohemian.)

Postpaid, doz., 25c; 100, \$1.25.

## RHUBARB ROOTS. Victoria—\$1.00 per doz.; \$7.50 per 100.

## SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES

BLACKBERRIES. Blowers, Eldorado. 10 for 75c; 100 for \$5.00.

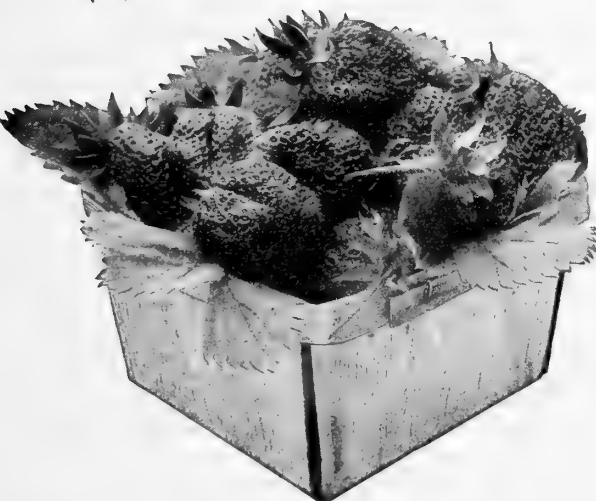
DEWBERRIES. Lucretia. 10 for 65c; 100 for \$4.00.

RASPBERRIES. Chief-red; Cumberland-black; Latham-red; St. Regis-red. 10 for 65c; 100 for \$4.50.



## PLANT SETTER

Automatic, positive and accurate operation, rigid construction, cadmium plated, no rust, removable water spout. \$6.00.



## FRUIT TREES

APPLES. 4 ft. and up 75c each, \$6.50 per 10. Delicious, Grimes Golden, Hyslop Crab, McIntosh, Jonathan, Smoke House, Stark, Spitzenburg, Stayman's Winesap, Wealthy, York Imperial, etc.

PEARS. No. 1 grade, 11/16 in. and up \$1.00 each. Bartlett, Keiffer, Seckel.

PEACHES. Strong 1 yr. 4 ft. and up 60c each. Belle of Georgia, Carman, Crawfords Early, Crawfords Late, Elberta, Heath Cling, J. H. Hale, Oriole, Shippers Late Red.

CHEERRIES. 2 yr. old Budded No. 1, 11/16 in. and up \$1.25 each, \$10.00 per 10.

SWEET—Black Tartarian, Napoleon, Yellow Spanish.

SOUR—Early Richmond, English Morello, Montmorency.

PLUMS AND DAMSONS. 5 to 6 ft. \$1.00 each. Abundance, Burbank, Red June, Shrop-Shire Damson.

APRICOTS ON PEACH. Early Golden, 11/16 in. and up \$1.25.

QUINCE. Champion, Orange, 5/8 in. and up \$1.25 each.

## NUT TREES

BUTTERNUT. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 each.

FILBERT. 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 each.

PECAN. Stuart. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50 each.

WALNUT. Black. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 each.

WALNUT. English. 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00 each.

## SHADE TREES

MAPLE. Silver, 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50; Norway, 8 to 10 ft., \$4.00; Schwedlers Maple, 6 to 8 ft., \$3.00.

BIRCH. White, 5 to 6 ft., \$2.25; Weeping, 6 to 8 ft., \$4.50.

TULIP TREE. 6 to 8 ft., \$2.25.

SYCAMORE. American Planetree, 2 to 2 1/4 in. Cal., \$6.00.

POPLAR. Lombardy, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25.

LINDEN. Tilia Americana, 10 to 12 ft., \$4.00.

AMERICAN ELM. (80 ft. to 100 ft.), 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50.



## TRANSPLANTONE

For all plants and trees. No set-back from transplanting, insurance against replanting and an aid to earlier production. See page 94.

## STRAWBERRY PLANTS

OCTOBER 15th TO MAY 10th

We can supply fresh, strong, healthy plants of all the leading varieties in any quantity. Following is a partial list of the most popular sorts for planting in the vicinity of Baltimore.

Dorsett. Most productive, delicious and dependable of all early varieties. \$1.50 per 100; \$8.50 per 1,000.

Big Joe. Midseason. \$1.50 per 100; \$8.50 per 1,000.

Chesapeake. Late, very productive. \$1.50 per 100; \$8.50 per 1,000.

## EVERBEARING

MASTODON. \$2.00 per 100; 1,000, \$13.50.



## MANN'S' SUPERIOR FARM SEEDS

Variety	Lbs. per Bu.	Sow—Lbs. per Acre	Date of Sowing	Fertilizer Requirements per Acre	Uses	
<b>Alfalfa</b>	60	15-20	August or April	400 lbs. or more 4-12-4 at seeding. For sandy soils increase potash. Top dress with 0-14-6 every other year. Heavy user of lime.	Hay, soil improvement, pasture.	Inoculation important, sow broadcast on firm seed bed. Harvest when young shoots are 2 in. high. Do not cut late in fall.
<b>Barley</b>	48	72-96	About Oct. 1st.	Lime moderately helpful. 300 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 at seeding. Top dress in spring.	Stock feed, malt, breakfast foods, flour, early spring grazing.	Does best on well drained loam or clay soils. Seed should be treated against smut and the harvested crop protected from weevil.
<b>Bent Grass</b>	....	10 (3 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.)	March or September	Requires acid forming plant food. Injured by lime.	Lawns and putting greens or pasture on acid soils.	Does not yield as much hay as Red Top. Needs plenty of moisture. Thrives only on acid soils.
<b>Blue Grass (Kentucky)</b>	14 to 25	30-40	Late summer early spring	On pastures—300 lbs. superphosphate every spring for three years. Adding nitrogen for quick results. For new seedings, 400 lbs. 4-12-4. Lime helpful applied 50 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft. about every 5 years. Thrives best on well drained heavy soil, rich in organic matter and all fertilizing elements.	Permanent pastures, lawns and fairways.	Best results when seeded in mixtures as it requires about 3 years to establish a sod. Gives good early grazing, languishes in late summer but flourishes again in fall.
<b>Blue Grass (Canada)</b>	14 to 20	15 in mixtures	Late summer early spring	Same as Kentucky Blue but adapted to thinner soils.	Pasture with other perennial varieties.	Darker blue than Kentucky Blue, produces running root-stocks and forms dense sod. Leaves short. Best variety for stiff clay soils or poor fertility.
<b>Buckwheat</b>	48	36-60	May 15 to July 15	150 to 300 lbs. 2-12-6 heavy phosphorus and potash feeder. Best on moderately acid soil.	Flour, stock and poultry feed, bees, summer cover and green manure crop.	Likes cool, moist climate, a poor land crop. Harvest between time first seed fully formed and the time they mature.
<b>Corn (Field)</b>	56	14	May July	200 to 500 lbs. 3-12-6 in row at planting. Side dress when 40 days old with 200 lbs. nitrate of soda.	Grain, ensilage and hogging down.	Drill or check-row in rows 3 to 4 ft. apart. Cultivate shallow often enough to keep down weeds. Harvest for grain when kernels are well glazed and dented, shuck and bottom leaves dry and upper leaves $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ green. For ensilage harvest in early glaze stage, shucks yellow.
<b>Clover (Alsike)</b>	60	5-8	August and September February to April	200 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 except if seeded on well fertilized grain, when no additional fertilizer is required. Responds readily to lime.	Hay, pasture, soil improvement.	Better on wet, poor or acid soils than any other clover. Inoculation helpful.
<b>Clover Crimson</b>	60	15	August	200 to 300 lbs. superphosphate. Responds to lime but not very sensitive to acid.	Green manure, and to some extent for hay and pasture winter annual.	Best suited to coastal plain soils but not to wet soils. Commonly sown at last working of corn or on small grain stubble. If not making sufficient growth, supply nitrogen fertilizer. Graze same if growth is too rank.
<b>Clover Red</b>	60	10-15	March April or August	200 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 ton hydrated lime is beneficial.	Primarily as a forage crop. Largely used in hay mixtures but frequently sown by itself for hay. Improves soil.	For hay, cut when just past full bloom stage and handle to save as many leaves as possible. May be expected to yield 1 to 3 tons per acre.
<b>Clover Sweet (Biennial)</b>	60	10-15	March April	300 lbs. 0-12-5 or superphosphate. High lime requirement, not less than 1600 lbs. hydrated.	Pasture hay, soil improvement, honey plant, may be included in pasture mixtures.	Grows well on poor soil (except sands) provided lime and inoculation are supplied. Sow on grain in March or April and harrow in or sow on frozen ground.
<b>Clover White Dutch</b>	60	5-8	Spring or late summer	500 lbs. superphosphate once in 4 or 5 years as a top dressing. Some potash on sandy soil. Tolerant to acid soils but responds to lime.	Pasture, furnishes early grazing.	Use about 2 lbs. per acre in pasture mixture.
<b>Cowpeas</b>	60	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bu.	May 15th July 15	300 lbs. superphosphate and add potash for sandy soils. Lime not necessary but beneficial.	Black-eye, for human food; other varieties for hay, soil improvement and pasture. Valuable crop in any rotation requiring a summer legume.	Must be protected from weevil. Will grow on poor soils but does best on sandy loam. Harvest for hay when most of the pods are full grown and a few are ripe. Racks are a help in curing as it cures very slowly.
<b>Fescue Chewings</b>	14	30 (3 lbs. per 1000sq. ft.)	March April August September	Complete plant food—abundant nitrogen. Lime not necessary.	Lawns principally; also as pasture.	Withstands more shade than most grasses, especially suited to sandy soils. Leaves bright green, creeps by underground stems.
<b>Fescue Meadow (English Blue-Grass)</b>	24	20-30	March May August September	300 lbs. 4-12-4.	Hay and pasture mixtures, gives early spring and late fall grazing.	Adapted to practically all but sandy soils. Does as well as any grass on wet soils. Harvest (Hay) as it comes into bloom. Yields of two tons per acre are not exceptional.
<b>Lespedeza Korean (Annual)</b>	25	25-30	February May	200 to 300 lbs. superphosphate; for sandy soils use 0-14-6. Lime not necessary but responds readily.	Hay, pasture and soil improvement.	Will grow on any soil but does best on fertile loams. For hay sow on fertile moist land. If seeding is done too late or if ground is too hard for the freezing and thawing of the ground to work the seed under the surface, the field should be lightly harrowed after seeding. If second growth is allowed to go to seed, Korean will reseed itself.

Variety	Lbs. per Bu.	Sow—Lbs. per Acre	Date of Sowing	Fertilizer Requirements per Acre	Uses	
<b>Lespedeza Sericea</b> (Perennial)	64	25-30	May 15th to July 1st	Same as Korean.	Same as above.	Very slow grower and may be killed by late spring frost after new growth starts. Therefore safest to allow it go to seed each fall. Takes several years to thoroughly establish itself.
<b>Millet</b> (Golden)	50	25-30	May to July	Fertilizer not usually profitable. Responds to 200 lbs. superphosphate or 0-14-6. Lime unnecessary.	Mainly as a "catch" hay crop.	Requires at least 60 days from seeding to maturity. Sow broadcast and cover lightly. Cut hay just after blooming. Has about same feeding value as timothy but may become injurious if used as a continuous ration for horses.
<b>Oats</b> (Winter Spring)	32	2 to 2½ bu.	Winter Three weeks before first killing frost. Spring Soon as land can be prepared	200 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 at seeding. Top-dress as growth begins in spring where straw is likely to be too short.	Chiefly as grain for horses and other live stock; cut for hay and also used for human food.	Well drained moderately rich soil is best. Harvest grain in hard dough stage; for hay cut in early milk stage. Fall sown oats mature 2 to 3 weeks earlier than spring oats.
<b>Orchard Grass</b>	14	14 to 25	March to May August to October	200 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 for fall application or 6-8-6 for spring application.	Hay and pasture.	Long-lived deep rooted perennial bunch grass. Does best on heavy soils such as clays and clay loams. Cut in bloom stage, as it quickly becomes woody after blooming. Serves best when sown in mixtures with red clover, alsike, tall meadow oat grass.
<b>Peas</b> (Canada Field)	60	1½ to 2 bu. per acre	February March	200 to 300 lbs. superphosphate. Moderate liming helps.	Hay, early pasture, green manure, and as human food.	Clay loam soils suit best. Does well mixed with oats. Drill 2 to 4 in. deep. Cut hay when most of the pods are well formed.
<b>Rape</b> (Dwarf Essex)	56	6-10	March-April August-September	Heavy feeder and responds to manure and a complete fertilizer. Requires lime for best results.	Pasture for hogs and sheep.	Thrives on rich, moist loamy soil.
<b>Red Top</b> (Grass)	32	5-10	August-September	Seems to do better on "Sour" soils.	Hay and pasture.	A perennial grass with a creeping habit of growth making a coarse loose turf. For hay harvest a little before or during full bloom. Suited to wet soils.
<b>Rye</b>	56	1 to 1½ bu.	August-November	At seeding 200 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4. Top dress in spring when growth begins. Not necessary but helps some.	Grain, winter and spring pasture, soiling and as cover crop. (Usually with winter vetch.)	Does better than wheat, on poor soils. Suitable to any well drained soil.
<b>Rye Grass</b> (Domestic, Italian)	24	30-40	Early Fall	Usual Grass requirements.	Annual hay crop, temporary pasture or in lawns for a quick covering while waiting for other grasses to establish themselves.	Not an annual but little of it lives more than one year. Grows rapidly and in bunches. Fall seeding usually makes a good crop of hay by June. More drought resistant than Perennial Rye Grass.
<b>Rye Grass</b> (Perennial)	20	30	Feb.-May Aug.-Oct.	Complete plant food.	Very similar to above.	More persistent than Domestic Rye Grass.
<b>Sorghum</b> (Cane)	50	Drill 8-10 Broadcast 60-75	May-July	150 to 400 lbs. 4-12-4 at planting, top dress (or side dress if in rows) with 100 to 200 lbs. nitrogen fertilizer when 40 days old.	Syrup, fodder, hay, soiling and silage.	Any well drained corn or wheat land is suitable. Is heavy feeder and hard on land. Small grains usually do not do well following it in crop rotation. May be broadcast, sowing 50 lbs. per acre or drilled in 3 to 3½ ft. rows. 4 to 6 in. apart in the rows. For syrup or silage cut when seeds are in hard dough stage. When pastured or fed green there is danger of poisoning to live stock.
<b>Soy Beans</b>	60	Drilled 45-60 Broadcast 60-90	May 15th to July 15th	200-300 lbs. superphosphate or 0-14-6 fertilizer. Lime not necessary, but helps especially on heavy soils.	Hay, green manure, hogging off silage and seed.	Responds well to inoculation. Plant very shallow (about 1 in.) and if crust forms on land before they come up, break it with a harrow. Harvest seed when leaves have fallen and pods are brown and dry. For hay, cut when lower leaves begin to turn yellow and pods about half filled.
<b>Sudan Grass</b>	35	15-30	May July	200 to 300 lbs. superphosphate.	Catch hay crop, soiling, silage and grazing.	Does well on any soil except those that are cold and wet, good with cowpeas or soybeans. Cut hay just after it is beginning to head. Drought resistant and produces well in dry seasons.
<b>Tall Meadow Oat Grass</b>	11	30-40	Mar.-April Aug.-Sept.	Responds to soil improvement and fertilizer.	Hay and pasture, of most value in a mixture of Red Clover, Alsike and Orchard Grass.	One of the best poor land grasses and especially adapted to well drained sandy soil. Does not like shade. Very drought resistant, perennial bunch type variety. Cut for hay about the time of blooming.
<b>Timothy</b>	45	....	Mar.-Apr. Aug.-Oct.	200-400 lbs. 4-12-4 except where it follows a well fertilized grain crop. Lime helps and should always be applied when clover is sown with timothy. If land is poor top dress with 100 lbs. each nitrogen fertilizer and superphosphate when spring growth begins.	Primarily for hay. Does not stand grazing well.	Semi-bunch growth. Adapted to heavy soils such as clays and loams. Usually seeded in mixture with sipping clover, or with wheat in the fall and the clover on the wheat in spring. Cut hay when in full bloom or slightly after.
<b>Vetch</b> (Winter)	60	20-40 with 1 bu. small grain	Aug.-Oct.	200-400 lbs. superphosphate, add potash on sandy soils. Responds to lime but will grow on fairly acid soil.	Hay, pasture and soil improvement.	Best annual winter legume cover crop. Adapted to most any well drained soil. Inoculation necessary.
<b>Wheat</b>	60	1 to 1½ bu.	Oct.	200-400 lbs. 4-12-4 at seeding, additional superphosphate on better soils. Top dress in spring where straw is likely to be too short. Responds to use of lime in rotation.	Human food, hay or cover crop.	Does best on heavy loams of good fertility. Seed should be treated. Harvest when stalk is brown and grain in dough stage.

This chart compiled from Handbook of Agronomy—Va. P. I. and U. S. D. A. Cooperating.

**MANNS' PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE — \$9.00 Per Acre**

**10 VARIETY SPECIAL (UPLAND)**

Contains recleaned seed of high vitality in ten nutritious varieties properly proportioned to give continuous pasture from early spring until late fall, quickly becoming permanently established. Sow 30 lbs. per acre. **Lb., 35c; 100 lbs., \$30.00.** (Low Lands—sow 25 lbs. plus 5 lbs. Red Top per acre.)



Cyclone illustrated ..... \$2.75  
Noc-Out ..... 1.25

**BIRD SEED**

**FRESH, RECLEANED STOCK**

Postage Extra

Canary ..... lb. 10c	Lettuce Seed ..... lb. 25c
Rape ..... lb. 20c	Mixed Canary Seed ..... lb. 10c
Millet ..... lb. 10c	Cuttle Fish Bone ..... ¼ lb. 40c
Hemp ..... lb. 20c	
Sunflower ..... lb. 10c	

Wild Bird Seed, lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$6.75.

# MANN'S' SUPERIOR FLOWER SEEDS



## Flower Seeds for Particular Purposes

### BORDER AND EDGING

- Ageratum
- x Alyssum, Saxatile
- x Arabia, Alpina
- x Bellis Perennis
- Calendula
- x Campanula, Carpatica
- Candytuft
- Centaurea
- x Cerastium
- x Dianthus, Barbatus
- x Heuchera
- x Iberis, Sempervirens
- Lobelia
- Nasturtium
- Marigold
- Pansy
- x Papaver, Nudicaule
- Petunia
- x Phlox, Subulata
- Portulaca
- x Sedum
- Verbena

### FRAGRANCE

- Ageratum
- Alyssum, Sweet
- Antirrhinum
- Candytuft
- Centaurea
- x Dianthus
- Heliotrope
- x Iris
- Mignonette
- Nasturtium
- Nicotiana
- Pansy
- Petunia
- Scabiosa
- Stock
- Stock, Virginiana
- Sweet Peas
- Verbena

x Perennial Varieties.

### EVERLASTINGS

- Globe Amaranth
- Helichrysum
- Linaria
- Statice

### PARTIAL SHADE

- Alyssum, Sweet
- x Anchusa Italica
- x Anemone
- Antirrhinum
- x Aster, Hardy
- x Candytuft, Iberis
- Centaurea
- China-Aster
- Clarkia
- x Foxglove or Digitalis
- x Hibiscus, Moschata
- x Lathyrus
- Lupinus
- Myosotis, Forget-me-not
- Nicotiana
- Pansy
- Petunia
- x Primula, English Cowslip
- x Rudbeckia
- Schizanthus
- x Violas

### MOIST PLACES

- x Heliotrope
- x Hibiscus, Moschata
- Mimulus
- x Viola
- x Wallflower

### ROCK GARDENS

See Annuals and Perennials  
Marked \*

### DRY PLACES

- x Aster
- California Poppy
- x Coreopsis
- x Dianthus
- Dimorphotheca
- x Gypsophila, Paniculata
- x Helianthus
- x Iris
- Mesembryanthemum
- Mimosa
- x Papaver, Nudicaule
- Phlox, Annual
- x Phlox, Hardy
- x Statice, Latifolium

### CUT FLOWERS

- Ageratum
- Arctotis
- Asters
- Babysbreath
- Calendula
- Cornflower
- Cosmos
- Dianthus
- Gaillardia
- Larkspur
- Marigold, African
- Mignonette
- Nasturtium
- Nigella
- Phlox, Drummondii
- Salpiglossis
- Scabiosa
- Snapdragon
- Stocks
- Strawflower
- Xeranthemum
- Zinnia

### TALL VARIETIES

- Amaranthus, Caudatus
- x Campanula, Pyramidalis
- x Coreopsis
- Cosmos
- x Dahlia
- x Digitalis
- x Hibiscus, Moschata
- x Hollyhock
- Marigold, African
- Nicotiana
- Ricinus

### WINDOW BOXES

- Ageratum
- Alyssum
- Begonia
- Centaurea
- Lobelia
- Nasturtium
- Pansy
- Petunia
- Phlox
- Portulaca
- Salvia Splendens
- Thunbergia
- Verbena
- Vinca
- Zinnia, Lilliput

### POOR SOIL

- Alyssum, Sweet
- Amaranthus
- Balsam
- California Poppy
- Calliopsis
- Cornflower
- Four-O'Clock
- Marigold
- Nasturtium
- Poppy
- Portulaca



# ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS

The ease of cultivation and the quickly effective results obtained from Annuals make them indispensable, as they are adaptable to an almost endless variety of arrangement.

Even in perennial borders, beds and rock gardens, annuals are very essential to bridge the span between periods of bloom of the perennials and to give desired color effects which are possible only with annuals. Many varieties can be started indoors early and transplanted giving continuous bloom from early summer until frost. Some sorts are very easily grown in late summer to produce plants for the sun-parlor or conservatory where they will blossom during the winter.

Annuals bloom more profusely than biennials or perennials because it is not necessary for them to store up food or build root systems for succeeding years; their business being to produce flowers and seeds abundantly the first year. For this reason it is advisable to cut the flowers before going to seed so that the plants will continue to bloom freely.

**For Variety, Color, Fragrance, Economy Sow Annuals.**

## AGERATUM

\*Splendid for bedding or pot culture, covered from June until frost with a mass of very attractive flowers of a tufted appearance. Very effective when contrasted with geraniums. Large-flowered White, Blue or Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c. Dwarf Varieties. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

## AGROSTEMMA—Rose of Heaven

COELI-ROSEA. A very showy old time favorite greatly admired; excellent cut flowers, grows 12 to 15 inches; blooms early. Color bright rose pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

## ALYSSUM

\*Sweet Alyssum. Little Gem. Very popular border flower, coming into bloom six weeks after planting seed and requiring the least attention of all flowers. Very erect and dwarf, its white flowers greatly enhancing the beauty of any bed or border. Height 4 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

PROCUMBENS (Carpet of Snow)—Extra dwarf, very dense. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00.



Crego Aster

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.

## POTTED PLANTS

50c to \$1.00 per doz. according to variety and size.

Potted plants in the following varieties carried in stock at our store after May 10th.

Ageratum	Pansy
Alyssum	Petunia
Aster	Phlox
Calendula	Scarlet Sage
Cannas	Snapdragon
Coleus	Stock
Coreopsis	Summer Poinsettia
Dianthus	Verbena
Geranium	Vinca
Heliotrope	Wallflower
Lantana	Zinnia
Lobelia	

MARIGOLD. Crown of Gold.

CALENDULA. Orange Shaggy.

CORNFLOWER. New Jubilee Gem (Blue).

COSMOS. Sensation (Mixed Colors).

GALLARDIA. Indian Chief, annual (Red).

ZINNIA. Double Mexican, Haageana (Mixed).

(No plants mailed or shipped.)

## ANTIRRHINUM OR SNAPDRAGON

This border and bedding plant of long blooming season is now one of the best perennials suitable for flowering as an annual. The long showy spikes of curiously-shaped tubular flowers with spreading lobes and finely marked throats are fragrant as well as brilliantly-colored. They are very desirable for cutting as the blooms are borne well above the dark glossy leaves and keep fresh for a long time.

RUSTPROOF TALL MIXED, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

RUSTPROOF SEMI-DWARFED MIXED, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 85c.

TOM THUMB—ROCK HYBRIDS MIXED, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 80c.

## ASTERS

Very popular because of their beauty and ease of culture. The varieties listed represent the finest Asters of the early, midseason and late types and will give a profusion of bloom from July to late October. Asters require good rich soil and during the growing period should be well supplied with water.

CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE. Flowers measure from 4 to 5 inches in diameter are half double and exhibit all the grace and beauty of the single Aster. The golden yellow ground tone of the quilled petals contrasts wonderfully with the outer petals. Forms a loosely curled circle which makes the flowers pleasing to the eye, fine for cutting. Mixed, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.25.

## ASTERS (Wilt Resistant)

CREGO. Flowers of immense size, 4 to 5 inches in diameter borne on very long stems. Plants are of strong branching growth, 2 to 2½ feet high. Separate colors, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. Mixed, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

EARLY GIANT LIGHT BLUE. A. A. Winner, 3 ft. branching plants, 5 inch flowers. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.50.

LATE BRANCHING. A handsome and very distinct variety resembling Japanese Chrysanthemums. The plants grow 1½ feet in height and width and the large full petaled blossoms are borne on long stems or branches. Comes into flower ten days later than other asters. Separate colors, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. Mixture, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. Mixed, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.



Anchusa

## AMARANTHUS

Very useful in borders of tall plants, among shrubs, or in centers of large beds. One type has large feathery plumes or sprays of rich crimson coloring while the other is grown exclusively for the brilliant-colored leaves.

**CAUDATUS.** (Love Lies Bleeding.) Plants of erect growth three to four feet high producing numerous feather sprays of rich crimson color. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**MOLTEN FIRE.** Very ornamental and beautiful; 4 feet tall; easily grown, leaves dark bronze, top of plant and centers of lower leaves, brilliant Poinsettia red. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 65c.

**SALICIFOLIUS.** (Willow-Leaved or Fountain Plant.) Grows two to three feet high, with long hanging flower heads and foliage of a deep purple coloring. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

**TRICOLOR.** (Joseph's Coat.) Similar to Splendens, having a single erect stalk of brilliantly colored foliage. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

## ARCTOTIS (Blue-Eyed African Daisy)

**GRANDIS.** White petals tinged lilac with centers steel blue. A splendid and easily grown flower, 2 feet tall. Good for cutting. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

## ANCHUSA (Summer Forget-Me-Not)

**CAPENSIS, ATROCOERULEA.** A fine blue flower through late spring, summer, and fall. Easily grown. Height 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

**BLUE BIRD.** Vivid indigo blue, plants compact and of even growth. Stems about 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

## BALSAM OR LADY SLIPPER

An easy growing annual of quick growth, producing numerous flowers resembling tiny roses. Splendid double mixed, pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

## BARTONIA (Golden Yellow)

**AUREA.** Large, showy flowers, 2½ inches in diameter; deep orange yellow. Blooms early, height 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 70c.

## CALENDULA—POT MARIGOLD

Effective in beds or potted; showy, free-flowering, hardy annuals. **EXTRA DOUBLE ORANGE KING.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c. **FINEST MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c. **BALL'S GOLDEN.** Glowing Yellow. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. **BALL'S, IMPROVED GOLDEN ORANGE.** Long stemmed extra double, excellent for forcing. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. **LEMON QUEEN.** Light golden-yellow flowers, light center, showy for bedding and borders. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c. **LEMON QUEEN.** Golden-yellow, dark center. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c. **ORANGE SHAGGY.** Very distinct type having long narrow fringed petals, somewhat resembling rich deep orange Chrysanthemums, long stems, grows 18 in. high. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c. **RADIO.** Medium sized, clear orange, closely set petals, attractively quilled. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

## CAMPANULA—CANTERBURY BELLS

An old-fashioned favorite, stately, showy, and easily grown, hardy biennial. Single and Double Mixed, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

**ANNUAL.** Liberty Bell, violet-blue; Angelus Bell, deep pink. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

## CANDYTUFT

This hardy annual is universally known and its clusters of small flowers are very beautiful and useful for cutting and borders.

**FINEST HYBRID MIXTURE OF ALL COLORS.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

## CARNATION (Margaret)

Easily grown as an Annual producing large double blooms 4 or 5 months after sowing seed. Very fragrant. (See Perennials.)

## CELOSIA OR COCKSCOMB

**PLUMOSA.** Feathered varieties, fiery red or mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

**DWARF EMPRESS COCKSCOMB.** Dark-leaved, bright crimson. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**COCKSCOMB.** Tall mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

**CHILDSII.** (Chinese Woolflower.) Crimson—pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

## CENTAUREA

**CENTAUREA CYANUS OR BACHELOR'S BUTTON OR CORN FLOWER.** Charming old-fashioned flowers. Free flowering habit, reseeding itself year after year. Useful as a cut flower, as well as a garden decoration. Double mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**CENTAUREA GYMNOCARPA OR DUSTY MILLER.** One foot, foliage finely cut of silvery gray color, used for bedding. Pkt., 10c; oz., 80c.

**CENTAUREA MOSCHATA OR SWEET SULTAN.** Beautiful, sweet scented, artistic shaped flowers borne on long stems, when cut will last for several days. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 80c.

**CORNFLOWER, JUBILEE GEM—Dwarf plants freely blooming, vivid blue.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.



Calendula

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Arctotis



Didiscus



Dianthus

## CHRYSANTHEMUM

The annual Chrysanthemums are free-blooming, easily grown plants, having large flowers in a variety of brilliant colors, fine for cutting.

Mixed. Finest double hybrids. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c. Single. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

## CLARKIA

Very pretty, profuse flowering annuals, much used for edging. They grow from nine to eighteen inches high. Useful for hanging baskets. Double mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

## CALLIOPSIS

Very handsome and showy plants with numerous flowers excellent for bouquets. Thrive well in any soil. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

## COSMOS

One of the most satisfactory hardy annuals, flowering in late summer. Fine for cutting and easily grown. Can be sown anywhere and transplanted. Grows 4 to 6 feet high.

**EARLY KLONDIKE ORANGE FLARE.** Bright vivid orange, very free flowering. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**SENSATION.** (White and Shades of Pink Mixed.) Extremely early free blooming, flowers 4 to 5 inches, plants 4 ft. with rather heavy foliage. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**DOUBLE EARLY FLOWERING MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

## DATURA

Large branching plants producing very large handsome, double or single, trumpet-shaped blossoms of exquisite fragrance. Excellent for late summer and autumn flowering. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

## DIANTHUS OR PINKS

These very beautiful and popular biennials flower freely the first year from seed, and in most locations they are quite hardy and produce larger flowers the second year.

**\*HEDDEWEGI.** Hybrids, very large double flowers. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

**SWEET WIVELSFIELD.** Hybrid Type. Flowers large, somewhat similar to Sweet William. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**LACINIATUS SPLENDENS.** Large single brilliant crimson, white-eyed flowers borne profusely on neat dwarf compact plants. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## DIDISCUS—Blue Lace Flower

**COERULEUS.** Lavender, blue, lace-like flower; heads blooming profusely from June to September; 1½ feet tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

## DIMORPHOTHECA

**\*AURANTIACA** (African Daisy). Very showy flowers for bed or border, bushy plants with orange-gold daisy-like blooms on long stems. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

## EUPHORBIA

**HETERPHYLLA** (Mexican Fire Plant). Grown by many as "Summer Poinsettia" as it produces a crown of brilliant red leaves. Rapid grower; 30 to 36 inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

**VARIEGATA** (Snow on the Mountain). Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

## GILIA

Exceedingly graceful and attractive, with tiny, single star-like flowers, borne profusely on plants 12 to 15 inches tall; especially valuable for bees. Charming in flower border; a good cut flower. Tall mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

## GLOBE AMARANTH-GOMPHRENA

Similar in type to Bachelor's Button but having flowers of perfect globe shape. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.



Clarkia

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens



**Dimorphotheca**



**Larkspur**



**Gilia**

### GODETIA (Satin Flower)

**DOUBLE-DWARF MIXED.** Azalea flowered. Plants grow 1 foot high, and bloom in great profusion for nearly six weeks. Excellent for cutting and easily grown. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### GYSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)

\*Single—(A). Graceful plants with light fairy-like growth. A quick growing annual with myriads of small open bell-shaped flowers. These fine mist-like flowers are excellent for their delicate effect in bouquets. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

### HELIANTHUS

**CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED.** Double yellow, 7 feet. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

### HELICHRYSUM-EVERLASTING FLOWER

**Monstrosum.** Double mixed, first quality, mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

### KOCHIA—SUMMER CYPRESS

Quick growing hedge plant about two and one-half feet high. Very symmetrical and attractive, the bushes taking on a distinctive red tinge late in the summer; for this reason often called Mexican Fire Bush. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

### LANTANA (Half Hardy)

One of the most desirable greenhouse or bedding plants, constantly in bloom, somewhat resembling Verbenas. Dwarf Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### LARKSPUR

One of the best known of garden flowers and if planted in April will produce flowering plants by the first of July and continue to bloom until frost.

**DWARF EMPEROR FINEST MIXED.** A dwarf compact type, ideal for border work. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c.

**GIANT IMPERIAL DOUBLE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 70c. Separate colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 90c.

For Perennial Larkspur see Delphinium.

**ROSAMOND.** Tall double stock flowered, early, free flowering, pure deep pink; another All-American Gold Medal Winner. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 70c.

### LOBELIA

**CRYSTAL PALACE COMPACTA.** Dark blue flowers, dark foliage, 4 inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 90c.

### LUPINUS

Free-flowering, easily grown annuals with long graceful spikes of richly colored pea-shaped flowers. Prefers a little shade, acid soil and cool weather.

**HARTWEGII GIANT KING MIXED.** Enormous 3 foot spikes; 6 to 8 per plant; oxford blue or white. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**KING BLUE, KING WHITE.** New improved strain 3 to 4 ft. producing 4 to 6 flower spikes to a plant. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

### MARIGOLD

French Marigolds are smaller than the African but are marked and spotted with varied shades of red and orange. The African is very large, double and in solid colors.

**AFRICAN.** Tall, double, extra mixed, first quality. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**FRENCH.** Dwarf double mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

**GUINEA GOLD.** Orange flushed with gold, height 2 to 2½ feet; flowers semi-double. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

**CROWN OF GOLD.** Collarette type, chrysanthemum formed, fragrant, double. 2½-inch blooms; plants 2 ft. tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

**MELODY.** Dwarf French double, solid bright orange, height 12 in. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

**SUNSET GIANTS.** Largest known Marigolds, measuring 5 inches or more, plants 3 to 4 ft. tall, profuse bearer of fragrant flowers, coming about sixty percent double. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### MARVEL OF PERU—FOUR O'CLOCK

Large showy fragrant flowers, blooming the entire season. Succeed well in any ordinary garden soil in a sunny location. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

### MESEMBRYANTHEMUM

\***CRYSTALLINUM OR ICE PLANT.** Dwarf trailing annual plants. Flowers white, prized for its distinctive icy foliage. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

### MIGNONETTE

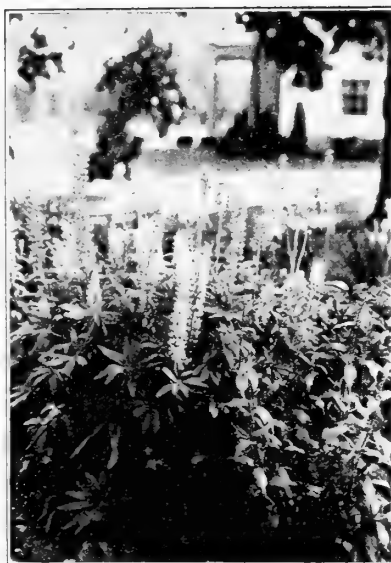
Well known fragrant bedding or potting plant. Sowings made in April and again in July will result in a succession of bloom from early summer until frost.

**MACHET GIANT MIXED.** Large spikes, very fragrant. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens



Lobelia



Lupinus



Nigella

### NASTURTIUM

**GOLDEN GLEAM.** New double sweet scented dwarf variety sure to become very popular. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**DWARF MIXED.** Very brilliant in all shades of yellow, red and purple. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

**DOUBLE GLEAM HYBRIDS.** Large well-formed, sweet-scented double flowers in an extremely wide range of colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c. **SCARLET GLEAM.** Extremely large and lovely. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**DWARF DOUBLE GOLDEN GLOBE.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**TALL—CHOICE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c.

### NICOTIANA

**AFFINIS.** Gives a continuous display of flowers through the summer and autumn; plant 2 to 3 feet high. The blooms sweet scented and measure 3 inches in diameter. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

### NIGELLA OR LOVE-IN-A-MIST

Free-flowering plant, 1 foot high, producing curious flowers surrounded by the finely cut foliage. Easily grown; useful for cutting.

**DOUBLE BLUE.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

### ORNAMENTAL GRASS

**COIX LACRYMA.** (Job's Tears.) Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

### PANSIES

These very popular and beautiful flowers may be sown in April or May for summer flowering or in August for early spring blooming. They thrive best in an open exposure, with protection during the winter.

**BUGNOT'S GIANT.** Flowers of enormous size, nearly circular in form and in a great variety of the most rare and handsome colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$2.00.

**MAMMOTH EXHIBITION MIXTURE.** True round and solid pansy form of giant size, each color an attraction. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$1.50.

**MANN'S TRIUMPH OF THE GIANTS.** (Fruited.) Finest for commercial or private use. Blooms enormous, most striking in brilliancy and beauty of color. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$1.50.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.

### PETUNIAS

**HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA.** Giants of California mixed. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$5.00.

**HOWARD'S STAR.** Purple white striped. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**ALL DOUBLE.** Dwarf Giant fringed Victorious Mixed. Packets, about 100 seeds, 40c; 1000 seeds, \$2.00.

#### DWARF BEDDING VARIETIES

**ALDERMAN.** Deep violet blue. **ROSY MORN.** Pink white throat.

**ROSE OF HEAVEN.** Deep brilliant rose. **SNOW QUEEN.** Large white.

Separate colors or mixture. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 90c.

**SALMON SUPREME.** Light salmon, white throat. Pkt., 10c; 1/32 oz., \$1.00.

**HOLLYWOOD STAR.** New lovely rich deep pink with amber throat; five pointed star shaped flowers are so profuse they hide the foliage. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

\***PINK GEM.** Grows 5 inches high, globe shaped, entirely covered with deep pink blooms. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 75c.

**FLAMING VELVET**—Rich, brilliant, velvety crimson, hybrida type. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$2.50.

**MARTHA WASHINGTON**—Bright pink with darker center, ruffled; plants compact and covered with blooms. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$3.00.

#### BALCONY PETUNIAS

**HYBRIDA PENDULA.** For porch and window boxes, also excellent for bedding in solid masses of one or more colors. Large blooms produced in abundance. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c.

### PHLOX

Phlox makes a magnificent show in beds and masses where their brilliant and varied colors produce a gorgeous effect. Very easily raised and afford a bright display of flowers, all through the summer.

\***DRUMMONDII.** Choice mixture, first quality. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**DRUMMONDI GIGANTEA.** Salmon glory—Gigantic florets, pure salmon pink with cream-white eye, plants ten inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.50.

\***STAR PHLOX.** (Cuspidata.) With star-shaped flowers, dwarf growth. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.50.



Stocks



Schizanthus



Salpiglossis

## POPPIES

**TULIP POPPY.** One of the most brilliant annuals, the flowers are 3 inches in diameter and of a brilliant scarlet color, greatly resembling tulips. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

**THE SHIRLEY.** Special strain mixed; fine for bedding or cutting; single annual. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**ESCHSCHOLTZIA.** (California Poppy.) Spreading plants 1 foot high, suitable for beds and borders, blooming from June until frost. Hybrid mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 65c.

## PORTULACA—Mexican Rose

Very showy annual, easily grown, and very effective when massed in beds or edgings. A profusion of brilliantly colored flowers are produced throughout the summer. They thrive best in rather rich soil in a sunny situation.

\***LARGE-FLOWERING EXTRA DOUBLE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

\***LARGE FLOWERING SINGLE MIXED.** All colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## RICINUS—CASTOR OIL BEAN

Ornamental plants of strong, stately growth, the foliage having the appearance of a tropical plant, very effective when planted in masses or as centers of Canna or Dahlia beds.

**ZANZIBAR.** Extra mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

## SALPIGLOSSIS

Petunia-like flower borne on bushy stem, about 24 inches tall, various shades, which flower profusely during the summer. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 70c.

## SALVIA SPLENDENS OR SCARLET SAGE

Very popular bedding plant, extensively used for lawn and conservatory decoration, bearing long spikes of brilliant flowers from July to frost.

**BONFIRE.** Very dense flowering 2½ foot plants, excellent for beds or massing for color effect. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**FIREBRAND.** The most brilliant of all types. If sown in February produces flowers from June until frost. Its dwarf compact growth makes it especially suitable for edging lawns or borders. Pkt., 10c.

## SANVITALIA

\***PROCUMBENS.** Useful border and edging plant of spreading nature, 8 inches tall, continuously producing an abundance of deep golden yellow double blooms resembling small zinnias. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.

## SCABIOSA OR MOURNING BRIDE

Fine free-flowering plants for mixed borders and highly esteemed for cut flowers. The blooms are borne on long, erect stems in globular heads in colors ranging from white to dark maroon. Height 2 to 2½ feet. Double mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

**SNAPDRAGON.** See *Antirrhinum*, page 43.

## SCHIZANTHUS

\***MONARCH HYBRID MIXED.** A plant noted for its wonderful variety of coloring and peculiarly shaped flowers, fine for cutting, graceful fern-like foliage, height about 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.00.

## SENSITIVE PLANT—MIMOSA

Curious and interesting annuals, with pinkish-white flowers; the leaves close and droop when touched or shaken. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

## STEVIA

**SERRATA.** Grown out-doors or as a home plant for its dainty, fragrant, tiny white, star shaped flowers produced profusely. Excellent cut flower for combining with other varieties. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

## STOCKS-10-WEEKS

**DOUBLE EARLY GIANT IMPERIAL.** (Bismarck 26-inch.) Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 75c.

**DRESDEN PERPETUAL.** These fine stocks will live outdoors for several years if protected with a fairly thick layer of straw, which must be lifted early in the spring. 20-inch. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**DWARF DOUBLE LARGE FLOWERED MIXED.** 12-inch. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

\***VIRGINIA.** Very early bedding variety. Six inch plants bearing a profusion of small flowers continuously during cool weather. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

## SUMMER POINSETTIA

See *Amaranthus Molten Fire* also *Euphorbia, Heterophylla*.

## TITHONIA

**SPECIOSA GRANDIFLORA FIREBALL.** Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers 3 to 4 inches across, dark green foliage, blooms in fall, 6 feet tall depending on soil and climate. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

# SWEET PEAS

CALIFORNIA GROWN      SUCCESSFUL EVERYWHERE

One Ounce for 50 feet of row.

THE SPENCERS are of exceptionally large size, the petals waved and frilled and the general effect remarkably graceful and effective. The plants are of vigorous growth and remain in bloom for a longer time than the Grandiflora sorts.

**CULTURE.**—Grow named varieties of the colors you like best; know them by name in your garden and you will derive much more pleasure from them. Early in the spring make a trench three to four inches deep in rich, mellow soil, so arranged that no water can stand in it and plant the seed in the bottom, covering at first only one inch deep. When the plants are two inches high, cultivate; and as they grow, gradually fill in the trench. When the plants are about five inches high they should be supported by poultry netting, strings or brush. Water should be applied thoroughly once or twice a week early in the morning or in the evening. The blooms should be picked before they form pods or the plants will soon stop flowering. The following have been selected from hundreds of varieties, as being those of the highest quality in their respective classes.

## SPENCER VARIETIES

**AMBITION.** Rosy lavender.

**CAPTAIN BLOOD.** Brilliant blood scarlet, veneered copper.

**COMMANDER GODSALL.** Large, navy blue.

**DEBUTANTE.** Salmon shaded coral.

**GIGANTIC.** White, black seeded, best white.

**GLENEAGLES.** Very large, silver blue.

**GOOD CHEER.** Orange cerise.

**MAGNET.** Bright cream pink.

**PINKIE.** Large rose pink.

**PRINCE OF ORANGE.** Best deep orange.

**THE SULTAN.** Black velvety maroon.

**WHAT JOY.** Deep, rich cream.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

## EARLY FLOWERING SPENCERS

Florists' varieties for early forcing—can also be grown successfully outdoors, coming into bloom a month earlier than original Spencers.

**BLUE BONNET.** Best clear blue.

**HARMONY.** Clear lavender.

**SNOW QUEEN.** Pure white, opens and retains pure white color.

**VALENCIA.** Bright orange, sunproof, long stems.

**VULCAN.** Vivid scarlet, sunproof.

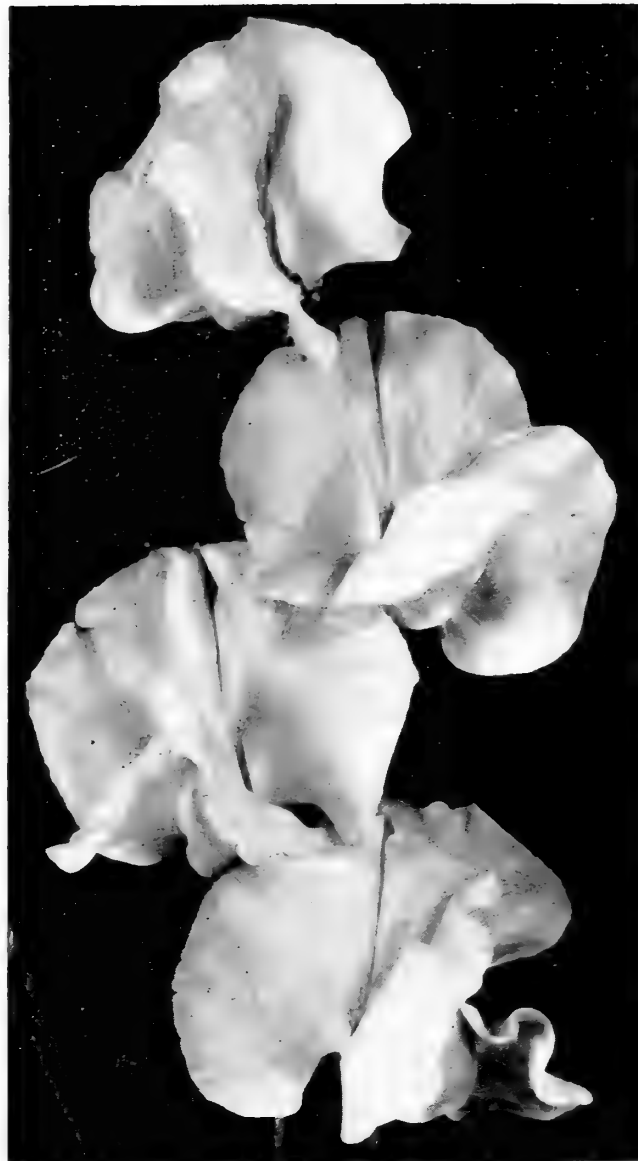
**ZVOLANEK'S ROSE.** Bright rose pink.

PRICES—Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.30; lb., \$4.00.

## SWEET PEA MIXTURES

Our Sweet Pea Mixtures are combined of carefully considered proportions of varieties which have proven themselves to be the very choicest of their respective types and colors. These mixtures cannot be equaled in their beauty and flowering qualities.

**MANN'S SUPERB SPENCER MIXTURE.** Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.



## VENIDIUM

**FASTUOSUM.** Very showy plant 2 to 3 feet tall, producing 3 inch diameter brilliant orange flowers with dark centers. The soft, gray, woolly foliage is very attractive. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 75c.

## VERBENA

One of the finest bedding plants and also suitable for borders, with its heads of brilliantly colored flowers, producing one mass of bloom throughout the summer. Seeds may be planted as soon as the ground can be worked or earlier indoors and transplanted to the beds in April or May. They succeed in almost any good garden soil.

**HYBRID MAMMOTH MIXED.** Extra large flowered, brilliant colors and vigorous. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75c.

**\*HYBRID COMPACTA MIXED.** Very compact and erect in its habit of growth; excellent border variety. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 90c.

## VINCA (Periwinkle)

Very attractive bushy plants with luxuriant glossy green foliage, producing in abundance handsome flowers that bloom freely all summer. Excellent for borders, summer bedding and window boxes, one foot tall. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 50c.

## WALLFLOWER

**SINGLE.** Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

**SINGLE.** Blood-red. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens

## XERANTHEMUM

**CHOICE DOUBLE MIXED.** Silky flowers which are highly prized for dried bouquets. Plants grow about 2 feet tall and bloom from early summer until frost. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## ZINNIAS—DOUBLE

We have given particular attention to these annuals, developing them into perfection unsurpassed.

**GIANT FLOWERED MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

### DAHLIA FLOWERED IN SEPARATE COLORS

**CRIMSON MONARCH.** Deep crimson.

**DREAM.** Deep lavender purple.

**GOLDEN DAWN.** Golden yellow.

**ILLUMINATION.** Deep soft pink.

**POLAR BEAR.** Pure White.

Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

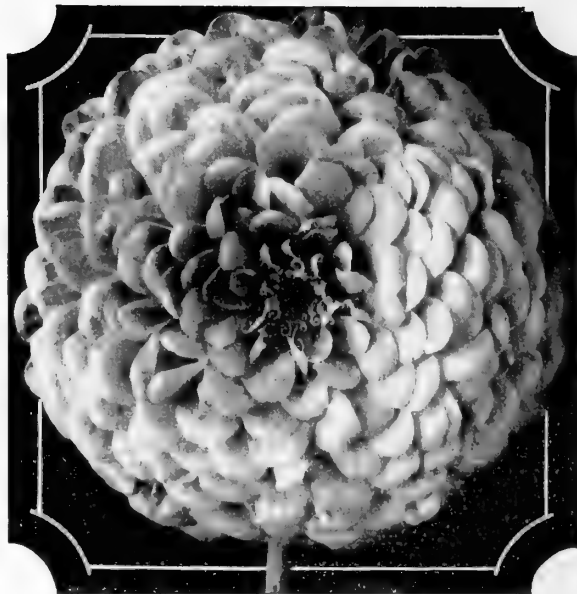
**WILL ROGERS.** New memorial zinnia. Glowing intense scarlet blooms of immense size. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**DAHLIA FLOWERED MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

**FANTASY.** Large, well-rounded, informal graceful Chrysanthemum shaped blooms on long stems in the usual range of zinnia colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### DOUBLE LILLIPUT

Dainty profuse blooming type, 12 to 15 inches tall; flowers 1 inch in diameter, very popular. Orange, Salmon Rose, Lilac, Pink, Scarlet, Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.



Dahlia Flowered Zinnia

## VINES

**BALLOON VINE.** (*Cardiospermum*.) Very graceful, rapid grower, producing inconspicuous flowers, foliage light green. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**BALSAM APPLE.** (*Balsamina*.) Fine for trellises or low fences. Rapid growing vines with lobed light green leaves and beautiful fruits of a rich golden yellow color, which when ripe, open up, disclosing the seeds enclosed in a carmine covering. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**CARDINAL CLIMBER.** (*Ipomoea Quamoclit Hybrida*.) An easily grown climber developing to perfection in sandy loam soil. The brilliant scarlet flowers are borne profusely. The leaves resemble those of a fine Japanese Mahle. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

**CANARY BIRD FLOWER.** (*Nasturtium peregrinum*.) A most beautiful climber of rapid growth with handsome fringed, rich yellow flowers and fine delicate foliage. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**COBAEA SCANDENS.** Of rapid growth, with fine foliage and large bell-shaped flowers of a beautiful violet blue color. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

**WILD CUCUMBER VINE.** (*Echinocystis lobata*.) A quick-growing and attractive climber, will grow 20 feet in six weeks, the large foliage affording plenty of shade. Covered during the summer and fall with sprays of small white flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**CYPRESS VINE.** (*Ipomoea quamoclit*.) Beautiful and very popular, slender vine, with fern-like foliage and a mass of small star-shaped flowers. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 15c.

**GOURDS.** A large and interesting class producing a great variety of curious fruits, many of which are peculiarly marked. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.



Gourds

**KUDZU VINE.** (*Pueraria thumbergiana*.) Perennial. One of the most rapid growing of all climbers, providing a dense screen of large rich green leaves. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**HYACINTH BEAN.** (*Dolichos*.) Of extra rapid growth, introduced from Japan and very much superior to the old-fashioned flowering bean. Darkness, purple flower; daylight, white flowers; or mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**JAPANESE HOP VINE.** (*Humulus Japonicus*.) Where an attractive climber is desired that will stand rough usage there is nothing better. Variegated leaves. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

**MOON FLOWER.** (*Ipomoea mexicana*.) Very pretty, rapid growing vine, with handsome trumpet-shaped flowers. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

**MORNING GLORY.** (*Convolvulus*.) Giant Japanese Imperial mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Scarlet O'Hara. Rich dark wine red or deep rosy crimson, 3½ inch diameter. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00.

Heavenly Blue. Sky blue, shading golden yellow in throat, extremely large. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.  
Large White. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

**PEARLY GATES.** (1941 All-American selection.) Enormous flowers, 4½ inches across, clear shining white. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.50.

**PASSION FLOWER.** (*Passiflora*.) A most interesting and well known climber, bearing singularly beautiful flowers. Pkt., 10c.

**SMILAX.** (*Medeola*.) This popular Boston Smilax is a most desirable window vine, on account of its charming, glossy green, graceful foliage. Perennial, splendid for greenhouse or conservatory. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

**THUNBERGIA.** (*Black-eyed Susan*.) Free-flowering and of rapid growth. May be trained on a slender trellis or allowed to run freely over the ground to cover bare spaces. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**SCARLET RUNNER.** Of very rapid growth, producing clusters of showy bright scarlet pea-shaped blossoms, followed by edible beans of very fine quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c.

**MADEIRA VINE.** Rapid growing climber. Tubers, 15c each. \$1.50 per doz.

**CLEMATIS PANICULATA.** (White.) One of the most beautifully hardy climbers; of strong rapid growth, producing a profusion of deliciously fragrant flowers. Roots, 50c each.

**JACKMANIL.** A perennial climber with very delightful purple flowers. Roots, 75c each.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



# PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS

Perennials are used extensively in old fashioned gardens, hardy borders and rock gardens. They are easily grown and when once established become increasingly beautiful year after year. Care should be taken in selecting varieties according to their color, height and season of bloom.

The seeds may be sown indoors or in hot beds early in the spring and transplanted to their permanent locations when three or four inches tall. Very satisfactory results can also be obtained by sowing the seeds early in August and shading from excessive heat by using lath or burlap screens. It is well to give young plants winter protection the first year.

The following list includes those varieties which are most popular because of their beauty, usefulness and adaptability to local climatic conditions.

## ACONITUM (Monkshood or Helmet Flower)

**NAPELLUS.** A dwarf variety growing 18 inches high, with large dark blue flowers in September and October. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## ALYSSUM

\***SAXATILE—Compactum.** An excellent border plant 6 to 9 inches tall covered with bright sulphur-yellow flowers during early spring. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1.00.

## ANCHUSA ITALICA (Alkanet)

**DROPMORE.** One of the finest blue flowered plants growing 4 feet tall. Magnificent spikes from June until frost. An excellent plant for the background to hide walls or fences. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

## ANEMONE

\***CORONARIA ST. BRIGID.** Blooms early in the spring, grows about 10 inches tall, and has a variety of colors. Scarlet, Violet. Pkt., 10c.

## AQUILEGIA OR COLUMBINE

As a cut flower the long spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of our outdoor grown flowers. Very hardy, blooming profusely early in the season and remaining in bloom for a considerable period. **LONG SPURRED GIANT HYBRIDS.** Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.00.

**MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT HYBRIDS.** The world's finest strain, consisting of the most wonderful colors, with very long spurred flowers. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 90c.

\***COERULEA—The Rocky Mountain Columbine.** Blue and white flowers, 18 inches tall, blooms during June. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 75c.

## ARABIS—Rock Cress

\***ALPINA.** An excellent early blooming dwarf perennial, covered with a mass of white flowers. It makes a fine border to taller perennials. Blooms during April. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## ARMERIA—Sea Pink

\***FORMOSUM HYBRIDS.** Dwarf growing plants with grassy leaves and clover-like flower heads from May until July in various shades of pinks. Pkt., 10c.

## ASTERS

**MICHAELMAS DAISY.** Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 75c.

## AUBRIETIA

\***LARGE FLOWERING HYBRIDS.** Excellent dwarf spreading plants with rose, blue and lilac, blooms early in spring. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Anemone

## BELLIS—English Daisy (Double)

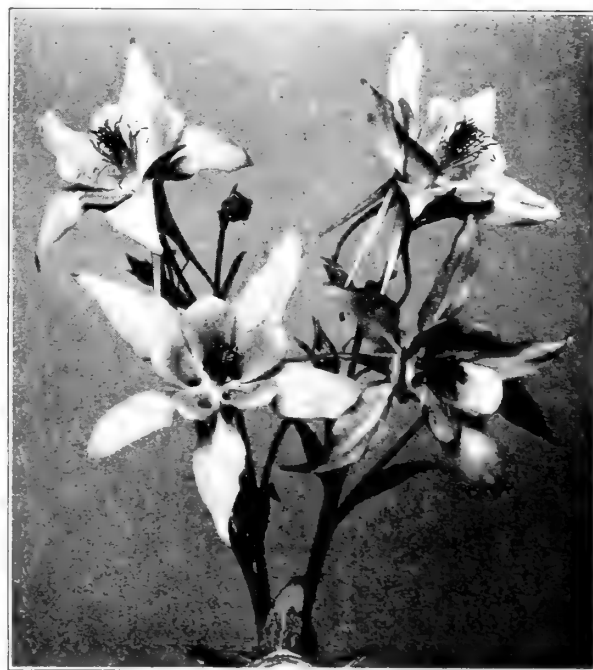
Favorite perennials producing their handsome double flowers in the spring. Rich soil and a cool situation suit them best.

**GIANT RED.** Extra large double red flowers. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$2.00.

**GIANT ROSE.** Extra large double rose flowers from April on. Prefers a cool, shady place. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.25.

**GIANT WHITE.** Beautiful white double flowers produced on compact and sturdy plants. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.25.

**DOUBLE MIXED.** This mixture includes a well-balanced proportion of all colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.25.



Aquilegia

## BOSTON IVY

**AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII.** Popular wall ivy with three lobed leaves which turn to a bright red color late in the fall. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 20c.

## CACTUS

Good Mixture. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{16}$  oz., 60c.

## CAMPANULA—CANTERBURY BELLS

**CALYCANTHEMA.** Tall, erect growing plants, completely covered with large cup and saucer-shaped flowers during May and June. A hardy Biennial. Blue, Rose, White and Mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 75c.

### CAMPANULA (Single)

\***CARPATICA.** Hare Bells. Flowers clear blue and white, held erect on wiry stems 8 inches high, begins blooming in July until October. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 75c.

**PYRAMIDALIS.** Chimney Bells. Produces spikes 4 to 6 feet, covered with star-shaped flowers during entire summer. Blue and White. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 75c.

**PERSICIFOLIA.** Peach Bells. Elegant blue and white flowers, height 2 feet. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., \$1.00.

### CANDYTUFT

\***IBERIS SEMPERVIRENS.** Large heads of white flowers. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75c.

**GIBALTARICA.** White flushed lilac, early. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 45c.

## CARNATIONS

With protection these well known half-hardy perennials can be wintered over outdoors. When planted early they will begin to bloom in about four months and continue until late in the fall. For winter blooming they should be cut back by removing the flower shoots early in the fall and transplanted to pots and kept in a cool room.

**EARLY DWARF VIENNA.** Mixed Dwarf, compact plants about a foot tall, displaying an excellent range of bright colors. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$2.00.

**MARGUERITE.** Half Dwarf, choice double mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.00.

**PERPETUAL** (Famous Chaubaud Type). Choicest mixture. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.00.

## CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANTS

### Hardy Garden Varieties

#### NEW DOUBLE KOREAN HYBRIDS

**CALIPH.** Ox blood red with velvety sheen. 35c each.  
**SYMPHONY.** Mauve rose, overcast soft coppery rose. 35c each.  
**THE MOOR.** Port wine red, wonderful with King Midas. 25c each.

**KING MIDAS.** Grandest of all yellows. 25c each.  
**EMBER.** Coral-orange and bronze shades. 25c each.  
**SEQUOIA.** Amber-beige; good size and fully double. 25c each.

#### NEW SINGLE KOREAN HYBRIDS

**APOLLO.** Bronze-red and gold. 20c each.  
**DAPHNE.** Daphne pink and lilac rose. 20c each.  
**HEBE.** Silvery pink. Fragrant. Best of true pinks. 20c each.  
**LOUISE SCHLING.** Glowing salmon red. 20c each.  
**MARS.** Deep red, overlaid silvery sheen. 20c each.  
**VULCAN.** Carmine red, shading to garnet crimson. Fragrant. 20c each.

### OTHER OUTSTANDING VARIETIES OF GARDEN MUMS

**CRIMSON SPLENDOR.** Rich crimson-maroon, golden center. 20c each.  
**EARLY BRONZE.** Extremely early. Lively bronze-yellow. 20c each.  
**JUDITH ANDERSON.** Golden-yellow button. Superb for cut flowers and for edging. 16 inches tall. 30c each.  
**AMELIA.** Improved "Pink Cushion". 20c each.  
Bronze form of above; new and wonderful color. 30c each.  
White form of above. 50c each.  
Yellow form of above. 75c each.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Marguerite Carnations

## CENTAUREA

**MONTANA.** Showy, thistle-like, blue flowers on sturdy plants, growing 2 feet tall. Blooms freely from late April until late June. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 35c.

## CERASTIUM—Snow in Summer

**TOMENTOSUM.** A valuable creeping plant, with silvery white foliage and snowy white star-shaped blooms covering the plants during May and June. When in full bloom the plants appear like a bed of snow. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75c.

## COLEUS (Tender)

An attractive foliage plant for ornamental bedding. Finest hybrid mixture. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{16}$  oz., \$1.50.

## COREOPSIS—Golden Wave

**GRANDIFLORA.** (Mayfield Giants.) Produces a large number of double and semi-double broadly expanded golden yellow flowers. The plants bloom freely during late spring and summer. Grows about 2 feet tall. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25c.

## CYCLAMEN (Tender)

Universally admired, tuberous rooted house plants with beautiful foliage and richly colored flowers. Sow the seed in light rich soil, barely covering, and keep at a temperature of 50 to 60 degrees F. Water freely until well started. Seeds sown in spring, by autumn will produce little bulbs, which placed in pots will bloom the following spring.

**AMSTERDAM GIANTS,** Florists Prize Mixture. Pkt., 10c; 100 seeds, \$2.00.

## DAHLIA (Half Hardy)

Seed should be planted very early indoors and the plants transplanted in May or June. Most of the plants will bloom the same year. The roots should be dug before freezing weather and stored in sand in a cool place.

**CACTUS HYBRIDS.** Extra double mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., \$2.50.

**SINGLE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 35c.

## DELPHINIUM (Hardy Perennial Larkspur)

One of the finest hardy perennials. Very effective in beds, masses or borders. To prolong the season of bloom cut the old flower stems off after they have faded and new shoots will produce flower heads successively. Sow Delphinium seed as soon as it is received to insure strong germination.

**GOLD MEDAL HYBRIDS.** A selected English variety, producing long spikes, completely covered with large blooms. The colors range from sky-blue to a deep pansy violet. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 50c.

**NUDICAULE.** Deep scarlet. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., \$1.00.

**PACIFIC GIANTS.** Mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{16}$  oz., \$1.00.

**WREXHAM HOLLYHOCK STRAIN.** Light and deep blue shades. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., \$1.50.



Delphinium

## DIANTHUS—Hardy Pinks

**FLORISTS PERPETUAL.** Large clusters, fragrant, very useful for cut flowers. Mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75c.

**\*PLUMARIUS—Single Mixed.** Large showy single flowers in wide range of colors during May and June. 1 foot tall. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 50c.

**\*PLUMARIUS—Double Mixed.** Of very compact growth, double flowers in many colors, during May and June. 1 foot tall. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.25.

## FEVERFEW (Matricaria)

Beautiful, small, white button-like double flower heads. Plants of husky growth with very finely cut dark green foliage; desirable for bedding. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 75c.

## FORGET-ME-NOT—Myosotis

**\*BIENNIAL ALPESTRIS.** Mixed. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.00.

**\*PALUSTRIS.** Perennial. This is the Marsh Forget-Me-Not with its attractive heavy dark green foliage and bright blue flowers. Plant in the shade. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.50.

## FOXGLOVE OR DIGITALIS

In stately appearance the Foxgloves occupy a prominent place among our hardy plants. They succeed well in an average garden soil. Early summer sowings do best.

**MONSTROSA FINE MIXED.** This mixture of the Giant Foxgloves is sure to please every gardener. It contains a wide range of rich colors. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 50c.

**THE SHIRLEY.** This is a really beautiful new strain of Foxglove, bearing long, stately spikes closely set with large open bells of many bright colors. Spotted, especially showy and strong growing. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 50c.

## GAILLARDIA

**BURGUNDY.** Coppery Scarlet. Some flowers slightly tipped yellow. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 90c.

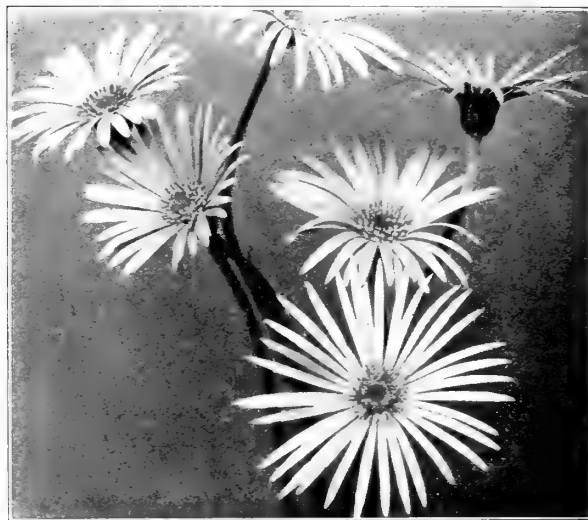
**GRANDIFLORA, FINEST MIXED.** Pkt. 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25c.

**PORTOLA HYBRIDS.** A new strain of Gaillardia of strong growth. The long stemmed, well-shaped flowers are golden yellow, marked with rich scarlet. Most outstanding. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 40c.

**THE DAZZLER.** Bright golden yellow with crimson center, rather large. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 60c.

## GERBERA (Jamesoni Hybrids)

**NEW AFRICAN TRANSVAL DAISY,** producing wonderfully beautiful daisy-like blooms of large size, in a wide range of colors. Grown either as a greenhouse plant or propagated in hot-beds and set out early in May. Very profitable cut flower for florists. Pkt., 10 seeds, 10c; 100 seeds, 75c.



Gerbera



Feverfew

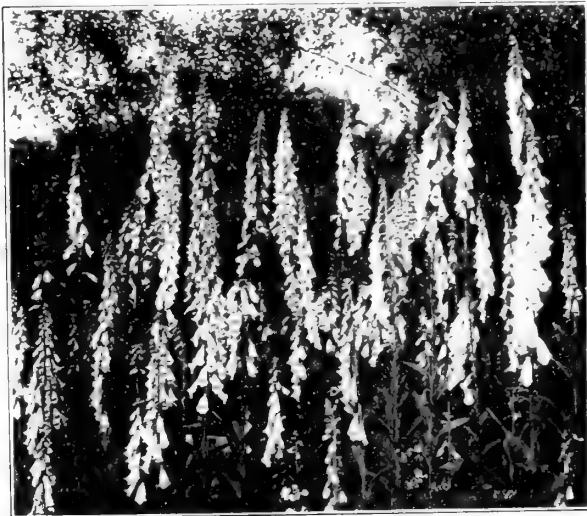
Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Sweet Rocket



Gaillardia



Foxglove

## GEUM—Coccineum

\*MRS. BRADSHAW. Graceful, double orange-scarlet flowers produced during the summer on plants 2 feet tall. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

\*LADY STRATHEDEN. Fine, double, golden yellow flowers borne on graceful stems. Blooms during the summer; 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

## GYPSOPHILA—Baby's Breath

SINGLE (PANICULATA). Tiny white flowers borne on slender stems. The plants are simply covered with blooms during June and July; 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE BABY'S BREATH. Small, double, white flowers, carried on slender wiry stems. Makes a fine show during June and July. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$2.50.

\*REPENS. An excellent variety for rock-garden planting because of its prostrate growth. The plants are covered with small white flowers during June and July; 4 inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c.

## HELIANTHEMUM (Rock-Rose)

\*MUTABILE MIXED. Dwarf evergreen, blooms May and June, dry sunny locations; 1 foot. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 75c.

## HELIOTROPE (Half Hardy)

GIANT LEMOINI, mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

## HESPERIS MATRONALIS

### (SWEET ROCKET)

Old fashioned garden plants growing 2 to 3 feet high. Excellent for planting in a border or among shrubbery. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c.

## HEUCHERA—CORAL-BELLS

SANGUINEA. Deep red spikes, blooms from May until July. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$1.00.

## HIBISCUS—MALLOW MARVELS

GIANT MIXED. Canes growing 4 feet tall with large flower spikes in Crimson, Pink and White, blooms from May until July. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

## HOLLYHOCKS

CHATERS DOUBLE CHOICE MIXTURE. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

CHATERS SINGLE MIXED. Large, very artistic blooms. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

## IBERIS—See Candytuft (Perennial)

## LATHYRUS—Perennial Sweet Peas

Hardy climber with branches 8 to 10 feet long, blooms freely during the summer. Excellent for cutting.

FINEST MIXED. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

## LINARIA—Kenilworth Ivy

\*CYMBALARIA. Small lilac blue flowers, are born on a charming neat trailing plant. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 90c.

## LINUM—Perennial Flax

\*PERENNE. Beautiful light blue flowers borne profusely on plants 2 feet tall from July until August. The blooms last only one day but they are produced continuously. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

## LUNARIA—Honesty

Biennial plant having round, paper-like seed-pods which are dried for winter bouquets. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Physostegia



Platycodon



Saponaria

### LUPINUS—Hardy Lupines

**POLYPHYLLUS.** Blue. A very popular sort, bearing clear deep azure blue flowers from June until September. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 40c.

**RUSSEL.** New hybrid. Pkt., 10c; 25 seeds 50c.

### LYTHRUM

**SALICARIA.** Fine long heads of rich purplish red flowers from early July until late September, 2 to 3 feet tall. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$1.25.

### NEPETA

\***MUSSINIL.** Pale mauve flowers, May-September. 1 foot. Aromatic. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 50c.

### OXALIS

**TROPAEOLOIDES.** Yellow. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 75c.

### PENTSTEMON

**GIANT FLOWERED.** Choice mixed. Beautiful bell-shaped flowers on 18-inch spikes. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., \$1.00.

### PHLOX

**DECUSSATA—New Hybrids.** 2 to 3 feet high; flowers in all bright colors; are produced all summer. A splendid plant for the hardy border. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 90c.

### PLATYCODON—Chinese Bellflower

**GRANDIFLORA.** Large showy, deep blue flowers on 20-inch spikes, are produced all summer. A splendid plant for the hardy border. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25c.

### PHYSALIS—Chinese Lantern Plant

**FRANCHETTI.** Dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing freely, bright, orange-scarlet, lantern-like fruits. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 80c.

### PHYSOSTEGIA—False Dragon Head

A very pretty hardy perennial; dense bushes, bearing freely delicate tubular flowers; 3 to 4 feet; July-August.  
**VIRGNICA.** Pink. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$1.25.

### POPPIES

**ORIENTAL SCARLET.** The blooms are an intense shade of scarlet red having a conspicuous black blotch on each petal, borne on 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  foot stems, during June and July. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 50c.

**PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE.** An exquisite variety with mammoth flowers of bright salmon rose, very free bloomer. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 70c.

**CHOICEST MIXED.** It includes many bright shades as is found in Oriental Poppies. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 80c.

### POPPY NUDICAULE—Iceland Poppies

Great numbers of flowers on slender stems 1 foot long throughout the season.

\***COONARA.** Salmon shades. A particularly fine strain of a lovely pink shade of latest introduction. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 65c.

\***SUNBEAM MIXED.** Embracing all the graceful, gaily, colored flowers in white, yellow and orange found in Iceland Poppies. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75c.

### PRIMULA—Primrose

\***AURICULA.** Many bright colors, including orange, copper, brown, and other pastel shades. An excellent hardy Primrose for the border; 6 inches tall. Blooms during spring. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., \$1.50.

\***VULGARIS (English Primrose).** Large rich yellow flowers during the spring; 6 to 8 inches tall. A favorite variety. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 90c.

**CHINESE PRIMROSE.** (*Primula chinensis fimbriata.*) Popular winter blooming pot plant. Special florist strain, giant double mixed. Pkt., 10c.

### PYRETHRUM—Painted Daisy

**SINGLE MIXED.** A showy perennial with daisy-like flowers, blooming during May and June. The plants grow 2 feet tall and come in shades of rose, pink, red and white. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$1.50.

**DOUBLE MIXED.** This mixture contains many bright showy colors, shading from white to deepest red. The blooms are elegantly doubled. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$3.00.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.



Trollius



Stokesia



Wallflower

### RUDBECKIA—Cone Flower

**PURPUREA.** (Echinacea.) A handsome variety, producing large, dull rosy purple flowers with a black center. Blooms from July until October; 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 80c.

### SAPONARIA—Rock Soapwort

**\*OCYMOIDES.** Splendid hardy rock plant, with rose pink flowers during spring and summer; 6 to 9 inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### SCABIOSA

Charming perennials for border and cut flower culture.

**CAUCASICA.** (Lila.) The large lavender blue flowers are borne profusely on fine long stems. The plants are about 2 feet tall. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

### SHASTA DAISY

Splendid hardy perennial plants, having large white flowers with yellow center, born singly on long stiff, wiry stems; excellent for cutting; profuse bloomers. Alaska. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### STATICE—Sea Lavender

Splendid hardy perennials, either for the border or rockery, producing all summer panicles of small flowers, which can be dried and used for winter bouquets; 2 feet.

**LATIFOLIA.** Large deep-blue flowers. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

### STOKESIA—Cornflower Aster

**CYANEA.** A lovely hardy plant producing an abundance of handsome blue flowers blooming all summer, 2 feet high. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c.

### SWEET WILLIAM—Biennial

#### DIANTHUS BARBATUS

Sow the seed very early and have vigorous young plants coming into bloom the same season. They may be sown, however, in August to bloom the following spring.

**SINGLE MIXED.** All shades of white, pink and red. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00.

**SINGLE NEWPORT PINK.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

**SINGLE SCARLET BEAUTY.** Scarlet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**DOUBLE MIXED.** Very fine; all colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.00.

**DOUBLE EXTRA DWARF MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.00.

Varieties marked \* suitable for Rock Gardens.

### TRITOMA—Poker Plant

**EARLY HYBRID.** Massive orange-scarlet flowers, spikes 3 feet tall. Needs winter protection. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c.

### TROLLIUS (Globe Flower)

Beautiful border and rockery plants, 18 inches, flowering from May to July.

**HYBRIDUS.** Orange globe. Pkt., 10c.

### VALERIANA (Coccinea)

Very showy red flowered border plant, 2 to 3 feet. Does well in poor soil. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### VERONICA—Speedwell

**SPICATA MIXED.** Bright blue, pink and white flowers during June. Grows 1½ feet tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

### VIOLAS OR TUFTED PANSIES

Well-known, free-flowering hardy perennials, easily grown from seed. While flowers are not so large as the regular type of Pansy, the blooms are produced in such an abundance and the flowering season so much longer that they are superior to pansies for some purposes. Seed sown in April produces flowering plants by June and from then on until frost they are a sheet of bloom.

**LUTEA SPLENDENS (Yellow).** 1/16 oz., 70c.

**HYBRIDA.** Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.00.

### WALLFLOWER

**GIANT GOLIATH.** The earliest and best single variety; large flowered, extra dark blood red. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

**SINGLE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

**BRANCHING TALL.** Double mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., \$1.50.

## CANNA ROOTS

- CITY OF PORTLAND.** 3½ ft. pink. Flowers of largest size. A glowing shade of pink. Foliage green. 75c per dozen.
- EUREKA.** 4 ft. green foliage. The best white canna for all purposes. The large substantial flowers are very freely produced on strong vigorous plants. 75c per dozen.
- INDIANA.** 6 ft. Very large flowers of a rich, golden orange color. 60c per dozen.
- KING HUMBERT.** 4 ft. Leaves are purple-brown over bronze. Crowned with immense heads of velvety orange-scarlet. 50c per dozen.
- MRS. ALFRED F. CONARD.** 4 ft. The grandest salmon-pink in existence. 60c per dozen.
- PRESIDENT.** 4 ft. The most wonderful green leaved, red flowered canna in cultivation. 50c per dozen.
- YELLOW KING HUMBERT.** 4 ft. Green leaves, golden-yellow flowers blotched red. 50c per dozen.

## IRIS

- ALCAZAR.** Reddish bronze and purple.
- AMBASSADOR.** Reddish violet.
- GEORGE YELD.** Combination of colors, standards bright apricot shaded rose, falls brilliant rose crimson.
- GOLD IMPERIAL.** Chrome yellow throughout.
- HER MAJESTY.** Bright mauve.
- KING OF IRIS.** Standards clear lemon color, falls deep satiny-brown with broad border of golden yellow.
- MOTHER OF PEARL.** Pale bluish lavender.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE.** Silvery lavender.
- SKY BLUE.** Blue.
- WHITE QUEEN.** White.  
10c each; \$1.00 doz.

## JAPANESE IRIS

Perfectly hardy and excellent for naturalizing, coming into flower about the middle of June. They continue for five or six weeks at which time they are particularly welcome.  
Mixed—10c each; \$1.00 doz.

## HYACINTHUS CANDICANS

An ornamental midsummer flowering plant, producing from 20 to 100 large bell shaped flowers of a creamy white color on spikes two to three feet long. 10c each; \$1.00 doz.

## PERUVIAN DAFFODIL (Ismene Calathina)

Summer-flowering bulb with large, amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant blossoms. 2½ in. size. 35c each.



Hardy German Iris



AURATUM (Gold Banded Japanese Lily)

## LILIES

	Each	Doz.
Auratum. Petals white spotted red with golden rib down center.....	.30	\$3.00
Speciosum rubrum. White spotted with red.....	.30	3.00
Henrii. Orange yellow Speciosum.....	.25	2.50
Tenuifolium. Bright rich scarlet.....	.15	1.50
Tigrinus splendens (Single). Red spotted purple black.....	.20	2.00
Regale. White, shading to yellow in the center with pink tinge on outer edge.....	.20	2.00

## PEONIES

	Each
Baroness Schroeder. Immense white, fragrant.....	\$.50
Couronne d'Or. White with yellow stamens.....	.25
Duchesse de Nemours. Sulphur white, early.....	.25
Eduis Superba. Clear mauve pink, very early.....	.25
Felix Crousse. Ruby red, blooms profusely.....	.30
Festiva Maxima. White, carmine spot on center petal.....	.25
Mons. Jules Elie. Glossy lilac pink, shading to a deeper rose at the base.....	.40
Sarah Bernhardt. Midseason. Appleblossom pink with each petal silver tipped.....	.50

## AMARYLLIS

### Giant American Hybrids

The most desirable type of Amaryllis, especially beautiful and easily managed in the amateur's window or conservatory, produces from four to six gigantic blooms of perfect form. Mixed colors, 2½ inch. 25c each; \$2.75 per dozen. 3 inch 40c each; \$4.00 per dozen.

## TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS

Especially adapted to window or conservatory culture. Largest size 2 inches and up in diameter. Scarlet, pink, yellow. Single or double. 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen.

## BLEEDING HEARTS

A beautiful hardy garden plant of graceful habit, 2 to 3 feet high. The foliage is of a highly ornamental fernlike appearance, over which hang the drooping spikes of pink, heart-shaped flowers. Blooms in May and June. Can be lifted and potted for winter and spring bloom indoors. 35c each.

## EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSE

One of the most fragrant and most popular of the summer flowering bulbs. May be started early in hotbeds or pots, or planted in open ground after the first of May. Extra large size bulbs. 5c each; 50c per dozen; \$3.50 per 100.

## CALADIUM ESCULENTUM OR ELEPHANT'S EAR

Large bulbs, 3 to 4 inches in diameter. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen; medium sized bulbs 8c each; 75c per dozen.

# GLADIOLI

**Plant Manns' Gladioli Bulbs.** They are strictly 1½ inches or more in diameter, sound, true to name, and can be absolutely depended upon to produce large, beautiful well-formed blooms.

**Cultural Suggestions:** Set bulbs 4 inches deep and 6 inches apart, either in rows or massed in beds, borders or among shrubbery. Successive plantings from April to July will bloom from July until frost. They will thrive in any good garden soil, but a sunny location is best. Cultivate frequently and water freely while blooms are forming.

**AFLAME.** Orange-red of immense size. (80 days.)

**BEACON.** Bright salmon red, cream blotch. (80 days.)

**BRIGHTSIDE.** Ruffled orange and yellow. (70 days.)

**CHARLES DICKENS.** Beautiful purple violet. A very good grower with large flowers on tall spikes. (75 days.)

**COMMANDER KOEHL.** Large massive clear blood red. Tall straight spike. Considered by many the best medium red. (85 days.)

**DREAM OF BEAUTY.** Purest rose red. (80 days.)

**DR. F. E. BENNETT.** Peach red, overlaid with flame scarlet, throat speckled ruby and creamy white. Flowers of large size and on strong stem. (75 days.)

**GATE OF HEAVEN.** Very rich pure yellow, beautifully ruffled and of good substance. (75 days.)

**GIANT NYMPH.** Large light salmon pink. Tall grower. One of the very best commercial pink varieties. (80 days.)

**J. S. BACH.** Fine orange salmon, somewhat lighter in throat with white lines on each petal. (70 days.)



Gladioli in Mass Planting

**MAID OF ORLEANS.** Beautiful milky white with cream throat. Tall straight plant with up to 8 large well placed blooms open. (80 days.)

**MARGARET FULTON.** Clear rich soft rose pink of a beautiful distinct shade. 6 to 8 perfectly placed medium sized blooms open. One of the finest cut flower varieties. (70 days.)

**MARMORA.** Massive lavender-gray with purple throat. (85 days.)

**MINUET.** A beautiful clear light lavender. Considered the finest gladiolus in this color. (80 days.)

**MOORISH KING.** Finest mahogany red. (80 days.)

**MOTHER MACHREE.** Lavender, edged salmon-pink. (90 days.)

**MR. W. H. PHIPPS.** LaFrance pink, overlaid with salmon rose, lighter towards the center, lower petals faintly striped and speckled with ruby. A large flower on strong stem, many open at a time.

**PELEGRINA.** Large dark blue. 6 or more perfectly placed blooms open with most of the remaining buds showing color. One of the best dark blue varieties. (75 days.)

**PICARDY.** Rich apricot, pink blooms. (85 days.)

**RED PHIPPS.** Bright red, free blooming, good commercial variety. Many flowers open at one time. (85 days.)

**SALBACH'S ORCHID.** Large clear orchid-pink. (90 days.)

**SCHWABEN GIRL.** Pure pink without any other shade or blotch. (70 days.)

**SHIRLEY TEMPLE.** Huge ruffled cream. (75 days.)

**SONATINE.** Light pink often flaked with darker pink. (90 days.)

**VAGABOND PRINCE.** Bronze red, orange blotch. (75 days.)

## PRICES

Variety	PRICES		Per 100
	Each	Doz.	
Aflame	\$0.04	\$0.40	\$3.00
Beacon	.08	.80	5.50
Brightside	.05	.50	3.50
Charles Dickens	.05	.50	3.50
Commander Koehl	.06	.60	4.00
Dream of Beauty	.06	.60	4.00
Dr. F. E. Bennett	.04	.40	3.00
Gate of Heaven	.05	.50	3.50
Giant Nymph	.04	.40	3.00
J. S. Bach	.08	.75	5.00
Maid of Orleans	.05	.50	3.50
Margaret Fulton	.05	.50	3.50
Marmora	.04	.40	3.00
Minuet	.05	.50	3.50
Moorish King	.08	.75	5.00
Mother Machree	.06	.60	4.00
Mr. W. H. Phipps	.04	.40	3.00
Pelgrina	.06	.60	4.00
Picardy	.04	.40	3.00
Red Phipps	.06	.60	4.00
Salbach's Orchid	.08	.75	5.00
Schwaben Girl	.06	.60	4.00
Shirley Temple	.08	.75	5.00
Sonatine	.07	.65	4.50
Vagabond Prince	.08	.80	6.00

## GLADIOLUS MIXTURES

**MANN'S SPECIAL VARIETY MIXTURE:**

25 Bulbs (mixed) 1 of each listed \$1.15.

100 Bulbs (mixed) 4 of each listed \$3.85.

100 Bulbs, in multiples of 10, your selection at 100 rates.

**MANN'S SUPERIOR RAINBOW MIXTURE:** Made up of varieties which because of their commercial value and reliable flowering qualities are being produced in such large quantities that low prices are made possible.

25c per doz.; \$1.85 per 100



# ROSE BUSHES

## POTTED—WINTER HARDENED

These roses are ready to bloom when planted out in May, and will give maximum results. They were freshly dug last Fall and potted at once, preserving all their vitality. During the Winter they have been developing in cold frames to be planted, pot and all, in the field during March. Their growth has been natural and they should not be confused with bushes which have been forced for cut flowers all Winter.

Place your order early while complete assortment is available.

## U. S. PLANT PATENTED NOVELTIES

### FERTIL-POTTED

	Price
ALICE HARDING (202) Golden yellow with carmine.....	\$1.10
BETTER TIMES (23) Cerise-red.....	1.10
COUNTESS VANDAL (38) Pink with salmon glow.....	1.10
DICKSON'S RED (376) Scarlet red.....	1.10
ECLIPSE (172) Rich gold.....	1.10
HECTOR DEANE (361) Crimson, Orange.....	1.35
McGREDY'S SUNSET (317) Orange, yellow.....	1.35
McGREDY'S TRIUMPH (190) Cerise flushed orange.....	1.10
MISS AMERICA (264) Flesh with salmon and gold.....	.95
R. M. S. QUEEN MARY (249) Salmon, pink, orange.....	1.10
SIGNORA (201) Orange red.....	1.10
BLAZE (10) Climber, scarlet.....	1.10
DOUBLOONS (152) Climber, saffron yellow.....	1.10
FLASH (1940 1st Award) Climber, luminous orange scarlet.....	1.10
NEW DAWN (1) Climber, pink.....	1.60
JUNE MORN (375) Climber, red, yellow.....	1.35

## SELECT POTTED EVERBLOOMING HYBRID—TEA

(Ready About May 15th)

85c each. \$8.50 Per Dozen

AUTUMN. Orange-red.  
 BETTY UPRICHARD. Salmon-pink.  
 BRIARCLIFF. Rose-pink.  
 CALEDONIA. White.  
 CATHERINE KORDES. Scarlet.  
 DAME EDITH HELEN. Pink.  
 EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. Cerise-orange.  
 E. G. HILL. Scarlet.  
 ETOILE DE HOLLAND. Crimson-red.  
 GIPSY LASS. Scarlet, crimson.  
 GOLDEN DAWN. Yellow.  
 GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Velvety crimson.  
 HEINRICH WENDLAND. Red, golden-yellow.  
 KILLARNEY BRILLIANT. Rosy carmine.  
 KILLARNEY DOUBLE WHITE. White.  
 LADY ALICE STANLEY. Rose, pink.  
 LADY MARGARET STEWART. Yellow, orange, scarlet.  
 LOS ANGELES. Pink, gold.  
 MARGARET McGREDY. Red, gold.  
 MAX KRAUSE. Golden yellow.  
 McGREDY'S IVORY. Creamy white, yellow base.  
 McGREDY'S SCARLET. Red.  
 MISS ROWENA THOM. Rose pink.  
 MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT. Coral-red, yellow.  
 MRS. ERSKINE PEMBROKE THOM. Yellow.  
 MRS. HENRY MORSE. Pink-yellow.  
 MRS. P. S. DUPONT. Golden yellow.  
 MRS. SAM McGREDY. Scarlet orange.  
 PRESIDENT HOOVER. Scarlet, yellow.  
 RADIANCE. Carmine pink.  
 RED RADIANCE. Red.  
 ROSE MARIE. Rose-pink.  
 TALISMAN. Scarlet orange, yellow.  
 VILLE DE PARIS. Yellow.

## CLIMBING HYBRID—TEA

K. A. VICTORIA. White.  
 LADY ASHTOWN. Rose pink.  
 RED RADIANCE. Bright cerise.  
 MARECHAL NIEL. Golden yellow.

# AZALEAS

CALENDULACEA—(Flame Azalea). The most showy Azalea; bears flame-red or orange-yellow flowers before the leaves appear. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.50 each.

HINODEGIRL. Beautiful brilliant red, 8 to 10 in. heavy \$1.50 each.

MOLLIS—(Chinese Azalea). Thrives in sunny positions, bearing masses of flowers in various shades of red, yellow and orange, 15 to 18 inches, \$3.00 each.

NUDIFLORA—(Pinxter Bloom). Handsome, early, free flowering, deep pink species, 18 to 24 inches, \$3.00 each.

## RHODODENDRONS

CATAWBIENSE. The most showy Rhododendron, grows 4 to 6 ft.; hardy, vigorous and free-flowering, producing a gorgeous display of lilac purple blooms in May and June. 18 to 24 inch, B. & B., \$4.00 each.

MAXIMUM. The Great Laurel of the Mountain, attains a height and width of 10 ft. Flowers white to pale pink blooms in June and July. Most beautiful foliage of all Rhododendrons. Very suitable for bold mass planting. 18 to 24 inch. B. & B., \$3.00 each.

## FLOWERING TREES

PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD—(Cornus Florida Rubra). Beautiful rose pink flowering tree making a lovely contrast with the more common white variety. 18 to 24 inches, \$1.50; B. & B., 3 to 4 ft., \$4.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$6.00.

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES. Double (30 ft.). Kwanzan, deep pink. 5 to 6 ft., \$4.50 each.

MAGNOLIA GLAUC. (Sweet Bay) (20 ft.), 3 to 4 ft., B. & B., \$3.50.

# HEDGE PLANTS

## BARBERRY

THUNBERGI. Popular for mixing in the shrubbery border, as single specimens, or for planting in clumps on the lawn, as well as for foundation plantings and for hedges. 3 yr. 12 to 15 in., \$1.50 per 10; \$10.00 per 100; 15 to 18 in., \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. 12 to 18 in., \$6.50 per 100; 18 to 24 in., \$7.50 per 100.



# DAHLIAS

## Exhibition, Garden and Cut Flower Varieties

Dahlias do well in almost any kind of soil, but thrive best in a medium loam. The tubers should be planted in a horizontal position, with the sprout up and about four inches below the surface; they should be set three or four feet apart each way, in deeply spaded soil. Mulch with peat moss and allow only one shoot to stand. A good plant food applied just as the buds start to form will increase the size and improve the color of the blooms. If large exhibition blossoms are desired, it is absolutely necessary to disbud. After the frost has killed the flowers, the roots should be removed from the ground, allowed to dry for two or three days, and then stored away in peat moss in a cool, dry, dark place, where frost will not reach them.

**KEY.** C—Cactus. IC—Informal Cactus. SC—Semi Cactus. ID—Informal Decorative. FD—Formal Decorative.

AMELIA EARHART—(SC). Apricot buff. Plants 50c.  
BALLEGO SURPRISE—(SC). White. Plants 50c.  
BLUE RIVER—(FD). Deep purple. Plants 50c.  
CALIFORNIA IDOL—(ID). Large yellow. Plants 50c.  
CHEROKEE BRAVE—(ID). Ox-blood red. Plants \$1.00.  
DISCOVERY—(ID). Purple. Roots 75c; Plants 50c.  
DULCINEA—(C). Bright red. Roots 75c; Plants 50c.  
FRECKLES—(FD). Lemon yellow speckled red. Roots \$1.50; Plants 75c.  
GLAMOUR—(ID). Purple veined violet. Plants \$2.00.  
GRAND MASTER—(ID). Orange. Plants 50c.  
HASLEROVA—(FD). Lavender and purple. Roots \$1.00; Plants 50c.  
JANE COWL—(ID). Bronzy buff and brilliant gold. Roots 25c.  
JIMMY FOX—(ID). Coppery red suffused henna. Plants 50c.  
LOIS WALCHER—(FD). Purple, white. Roots \$2.00; Plants 75c.  
MILTON J. CROSS—(ID). Lemon yellow and rose. Roots 75c; Plants 50c.

MRS. GEORGE LE BOUTILLIER—(ID). Carmine red. Roots 50c; Plants 35c.  
MRS. HERBERT O'CONNOR—(C). Bright rose pink. Plants 50c.  
MRS. WM. KNUDSEN—(ID). White. Roots \$1.00; Plants 50c.  
OAKLEIGH MONARCH—(FD). Red. Plants 50c.  
PHANTOM—(FD). Violet purple with white tips. Plants 50c.  
PREMIERS MAJESTIC—(ID). Salmon gold and mulberry. Plants \$1.00.  
PREMIERS WINSOME—(I). White with pink. Plants \$1.50.  
ROBERT RIPLEY—(ID). Lavender. Plants 75c.  
ROI DU ALBERT—(I). Purple and white. Roots \$1.00; Plants 50c.  
SON OF SATAN—(C). Bright scarlet. Plants 50c.  
SULTAN OF HILLCREST—(FD). Lemon yellow, reverse pink. Plants 50c.  
VIRGINIA SHIPLEY—(ID). Deep lemon yellow. Plants \$1.00.  
YELLOW SURPRISE—(SC). Yellow. Plants 50c.

### MINIATURES

#### NAMED VARIETIES

Plants 25c each.

DAD'S FAVORITE—A winner at the Baltimore Dahlia Show. Bright scarlet and gold. Roots \$1.00; plants 50c.

#### POMPONS

Plants Assorted \$1.50 per dozen.

#### PLEASE NOTE

Special unnamed large varieties worth from 50c to \$2.50 each. Roots 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

# EVERGREENS

These Evergreens have been grown at our proving grounds and are priced low for such high quality material. All are burlaped and balled for safe transplanting.

## ARBORVITAE (Thuja)

**AMERICAN.** A quick compact, pyramidal, grower for house foundation groups. 3 to 4 ft. \$3.50.

**PYRAMIDAL.** A perfect pyramid, densely branched, very slow grower that needs no shearing. 2 to 2½ ft. \$2.75; 2½ to 3 ft. \$3.50.

**GLOBE.** A charming little evergreen that is an almost perfect ball, it seldom reaches over 3½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. \$3.50.

**GOLDEN GEO. PEABODY.** A clear yellow color in the springtime, very compact habit of growth. The flattened leaf clusters face outward edgewise, presenting a beautiful surface of vertical fluted lines. 2½ to 3 ft. \$3.50.

## JUNIPERS

**IRISH—(Communis Hibernica).** Symmetrical spiral grower, silvery green foliage. Makes perfect specimen without pruning. 2 to 2½ ft. \$2.00; 2½ to 3 ft. \$2.75.

**PFITZERS.** A graceful broad evergreen with sweeping fronds of greenish-blue foliage. It thrives under almost any condition. 1½ to 2 ft. spread \$3.00; 2 to 2½ ft. spread \$4.00; 2½ to 3 ft. spread \$5.00.

**ANDORA—(Communis Depressa).** A low spreading Juniper. It seldom raises its branches over 18 inches off the ground, the extremities curve upward. Ideal for hillside planting. Spread 12 to 15 inches \$1.50.

## RETINOSPORAS (Chamaecyparis)

These belong to the Japanese Cypress family and embrace some of the most beautiful evergreens in cultivation.

**OBTUSA—(Gracilis).** A neat pyramidal tree which develops quite rapidly into a symmetrical pyramid. The foliage is of dark green color above and silvery beneath. 2 to 2½ ft. \$3.00; 2½ to 3 ft. \$4.00.

**PLUMOSA.** Useful for hedges and formal work. Is of a tall pyramidal shape with firm green foliage. 6 to 7 ft. \$5.50.

**SQUARROSA—(Veitch's Moss Cypress).** The distinctive silvery-blue foliage makes it very desirable as a lawn specimen or for color contrast in groups. Pyramidal in habit very dense in branch structure. 5 to 6 ft. \$5.75.

## SPRUCE—PICEA

**COLORADO BLUE—(Picea Pungens Glauca).** It has steel blue foliage glistening throughout the summer and winter. Seeds sown from the very best strain produces but a very small percentage of blue specimens, which accounts for the high price. 15 to 18 inches \$2.50; 18 to 24 inches \$3.00.

**KOSTER BLUE SPRUCE.** This is a grafted variety and undoubtedly is the bluest of all evergreens. Rather high in price but very valuable as a specimen on the lawn. 24 to 30 inches \$6.00; 2½ to 3 ft. \$7.50.

**NORWAY—(Picea Excelsa).** A tall picturesque, hardy, rapid growing tree, graceful in all its lines. Used extensively as specimens. 2 to 3 ft. \$2.25; 3 to 4 ft. \$3.50.



# Books for better Gardens

## THE BOOK OF ANNUALS

By A. C. Hottes. Complete information on over 100 genera of annual plants, everlastings and vines. Care, culture, diseases, etc. 182 pages, 155 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.50, postpaid.

## ALL ABOUT FLOWERING BULBS

By T. A. Weston. Complete information on spring flowering, tender flowering and summer flowering bulbs and roots. 186 pages, 8 color plates and 68 halftones. Cloth, postpaid, \$2.00.

## FLOWERS OF THE WILD

By F. C. Pellett. Covers most of the common wild flowers suited for naturalization in the Northeastern States and the best of them from the West. 168 pages, 4 color plates and 104 halftones. Cloth, \$1.00, postpaid.

## GARDEN GUIDE

Each subject written by an expert in that line. Discusses all phases of gardening pertaining to the owner of a moderate-sized home. 576 pages, 300 illustrations. Cloth, \$2.00, postpaid.

## THE BOOK OF PERENNIALS

By A. C. Hottes. Complete information on over 140 genera. Discusses care, culture, propagation, fertilizers, diseases, etc. Gives pronunciation under each genera. 280 pages, 103 illustrations, numerous tables. Cloth, \$2.00, postpaid.

## ROCK GARDEN PRIMER

By A. Thornton. For the amateur who wishes practical information on every minute point in the construction of a rock garden. 152 pages, 4 color plates, 70 illustrations. Imitation leather, \$2.00, postpaid.

## THE BOOK OF SHRUBS

By A. C. Hottes. Covers from description to complete care and culture of all the common and some uncommon deciduous shrubs and broad-leaved evergreens. Exceptionally complete. 448 pages, 187 illustrations. Cloth, \$3.00, postpaid.

## PRACTICAL VEGETABLE CULTURE

By A. E. Wilkinson. For everyone wishing to grow vegetables for home consumption or profit. 308 pages, 135 illustrations. Cloth, \$2.00, postpaid.

## WATER GARDENS AND GOLDFISH

By R. V. Sawyer and E. H. Perkins. Two closely related subjects presented under the same cover—for those wishing a small tub-pool to the large formal pool. Cloth, \$2.00, postpaid.

**THE GARDENER**, by L. H. Bailey. You get full advantage of Dr. Bailey's unequalled knowledge and experience in this book. It tells how to grow flowers, vegetables, and fruits from the time of planting through to maturity. Special articles on different types of gardening. Information that is easy to find and simple to use. 116 illustrations, 260 pages. \$2.50

**AROUND THE YEAR IN THE GARDEN**, by F. F. Rockwell. Because the time when you do your garden work is so important, you need a regular schedule. This book gives you complete information on every garden problem, outlined week by week, and written by a practical gardener. 88 illustrations, 350 pages. \$3.00

**THE STANDARD CYCLOPEDIA OF HORTICULTURE**, edited by L. H. Bailey. This is the one universal and invaluable authority on every horticultural question. Makes a compact but thorough presentation of the kinds, characteristics and methods of cultivation of the plants grown in the United States and Canada for ornament, for fancy, for fruit, and for vegetables. Formerly in 6 volumes, but now in three at about half the original price. 5,000 illustrations, 3,637 pages, 3 volumes, fabrikoid binding. \$15.00

**HOME FLOWER GROWING**, by E. C. Volz. A real flower garden encyclopedia! It will teach you how to propagate and cultivate your plants, how to care for, fertilize, and maintain them. It tells how and when and where to grow flowers; what different kinds look like; how to plan indoor, outdoor, rock, and water gardens; how to prepare exhibits for a flower show; how to organize a garden club. 161 illustrations, 364 pages. \$3.00

**GARDEN MAINTENANCE**, by Ortloff and Raymore. How to prune, fertilize, spray, and care for flowers, trees, shrubs, and lawns. This is a book written for the home owner who already has a lawn and garden space; it does not presuppose a new garden or the complete rearrangement of existing plantings. \$2.50

**HOW TO GROW ROSES**, by Pyle and McFarland. Makes every step in the culture and care of roses so clear that any grower can understand it and succeed with them. A completely re-written edition of America's most popular rose book. 211 pages, 138 illustrations, including 45 varieties illustrated in color. \$1.00

- Dahlias, by F. F. Rockwell ..... 1.25
- The Outdoor Living Room, by Ramsey & Lawrence ..... 2.50
- Gladiolus, by F. F. Rockwell ..... 1.25
- Perennial Gardens, by H. S. Ortloff ..... 1.25
- Adventures In A Suburban Garden, by L. B. Wilder ..... 1.00
- Roses, by Rockwell ..... 1.25
- The Book Of Bulbs, by Rockwell ..... 2.50

## THE GARDEN ENCYCLOPEDIA

Completely revised and contains many new features. This is the lowest price since publication some years ago. Three hundred fifty thousand copies have been sold of the older edition. America's best-selling garden book is now offered at an extremely low price.

\$1.98



# SPRAY GUIDE

## HOW TO GUARD YOUR FLOWER AND VEGETABLE GARDEN

INSECT OR DISEASE	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL TO USE (See List)	WHEN TO APPLY
<b>Anthraxnose</b>	A common disease recognizable from dusky white spots on stems with brown spot on leaves.	B—Q	Make first application when growth starts in spring. Repeat weekly until plants start blooming.
<b>Ants</b>	Sweet or grease eating.	Antrol	When ants appear.
<b>Aphis</b>	Small green, red or black lice feeding on the tender terminal growth of many plants.	C—E—X	When pests first appear. Wet insects thoroughly. Repeat as necessary.
<b>Asparagus Beetles</b>	Olive colored, both adults and grub like larvae.	A—E—N—S—X	When grubs first appear, preferably when plants are wet with dew.
<b>Bag Worm</b>	Builds ½-inch to 2-inch tapering bag-web.	A—M—P—X	When insects first appear or when evidence of feeding is observed. Repeat as needed.
<b>Black Rot</b>	(Grapes) Fungus disease. Shows first as small white spots, later surrounded by brown ring.	B—F—G—L—Q	When leaf buds first open. When shoots are 10 to 15 inches long. Just after blossoms fall.
<b>Blights</b>	Bacterial disease that attacks young shoots and leaves, causing brown or black spots and sudden wilting.	B—F—Q	Make first application when growth starts in spring. Repeat weekly until plants start blooming.
<b>Brown Canker</b>	Disease which develops small purple spots on stems and leaves of roses, later turning to light center with purple margin.	B—F—Q	As above.
<b>Cabbage Looper</b>	Pale green-white, striped caterpillar. Doubles or loops as it crawls.	A—E—N—S—X	When larvae first appear.
<b>Cabbage Worm</b>	Woolly or naked. Feed on leaves.	A—E—M—P—S—X	When insects first appear or when evidence is observed. Repeat as needed.
<b>Caterpillars</b>	Woolly or naked. Feed on leaves.	A—E—M—P—S—X	When insects first appear or when evidence is observed. Repeat as needed.
<b>Colony Leaf Tier</b>	Pale green or green striped caterpillars.	A—E—P—X	When first appears.
<b>Corn Earworm</b>	Green worm which eats into ears of corn.	A—M—P—S	Apply to silk when it first shows through the tips of each ear. Repeat two or three times within week.
<b>Cucumber Beetles</b>	Yellow and black striped.	A—E—N—S—X	When vines begin to run. Repeat at frequent intervals.
<b>Currant Worm</b>	Green leaf-devouring worm.	A—E—P—S—X	When pests appear.
<b>Cut Worms</b>	Destroy plants by cutting stems.	Snarol	When first appear.
<b>Damping Off</b>	Causes plants to suddenly wilt as though rotted at the ground level.	Cuprocide Semesan Formaldehyde	Treat seed or soil.
<b>Downy Mildew</b>	White, downy mold on pods of lima bean, or under side of melon leaves.	B—F—S	At weekly intervals.
<b>Grape Berry Moth</b>	Lays eggs from which small worm develops in fruit.	E—S	Just after blossoms fall. Repeat at monthly intervals until July.
<b>Grapevine Flea Beetle</b>	Dark brown larvae.		
<b>Grape Root Worm</b>	Grayish brown beetles.		
<b>Horn (Tomato) Worms</b>	Large green worms.	A—E—N	When bugs or worms first appear.
<b>Japanese Beetles</b>	Bronzy-green about ¾ inch long.	J	When first appear.
<b>Leaf Beetles</b>	Yellow beetles with twelve spots on wings.	A—E—N—S—X	When pests first appear. Repeat at weekly intervals.
<b>Leaf Hoppers</b>	Small greenish insects that suck plant juices.	C—E—N—X	When pests first appear. Repeat as necessary.
<b>Leaf Spot</b>	Fungus disease causing brown spots on leaves.	B—F—Q	Repeat at intervals.
<b>Mealy Bug</b>	White, cottony appearance.	E	Every few days until under control.
<b>Mexican Bean Beetles</b>	Copper-colored beetles with eight black spots. Cream-colored larvae, which also devour leaves.	D—E—K—M—N—S	When pests first appear.
<b>Potato Bug or Blister Beetles</b>	Gray, black or striped beetles up to ¾ inch long.	A—P—X	Spray or dust plants as soon as they break through and every ten days thereafter.
<b>Powdery Mildew</b>	White growth on leaves.	B—F—Q	When white growth makes its appearance.
<b>Red Spiders</b>	Small mites that feed on foliage, causing it to assume a rusty appearance.	E—T	When pests first appear; on strawberry use Strawberry Dust (25-15).
<b>Rose Beetle</b>	Long-legged clay-colored beetles on roses and peonies.	A—E—S—X	When pests first appear. Repeat at weekly intervals.
<b>Rust</b>	Orange-colored pustules (fungus) in streaks or patches on leaves or stems.	B—Q—V	When first appears, or early and weekly as a preventative.
<b>Scab Spot</b>	Fungus disease causing black spots on leaves.	B—F—Q	Begin when leaves are size of mouse ears and repeat every ten days or two weeks.
<b>Scale</b>	Attacks bark of tree.	L—R	As late dormant spray.
<b>Scurfy Scale</b>	Gray, pear-shaped scale.	O	When first appears.
<b>Thrips</b>	Tiny winged or wingless insects that rasp leaves and suck juices from plants.	C—E—X	When pests first appear. Repeat as necessary.
<b>Tussock Moth</b>	Caterpillar 1½ inches long. Red head. Has tufts of yellow, red, black and white hairs.	A—E—P	When insects first appear or when evidence is observed. Repeat as needed.
<b>White Flies</b>	Small whitish flies. In larval stage, tiny, scale-like, greenish objects.	E—O	When pests first appear. Repeat as necessary.

### LIST OF MATERIALS INDICATED IN ABOVE CHART

A—Arsenate of Lead.  
B—Bordeaux, Kopper King, Kopper Queen  
C—Aphis Spray, Black Leaf 40  
D—20-20-60 Dust.  
E—\*D-X Evergreen, Red Arrow  
F—Dusting Sulphur, Fungtrogen.  
G—Grape Dust.

J—Acme Japanese Spray, D-X and Japtox.  
K—Dutox.  
L—Lime and Sulphur Solution.  
M—Garden Guard, Magnesium Arsenate.  
N—\*Rotenone Dust.  
O—\*Fish Oil Soap.  
P—Paris Green, Red River Potato Mix

Q—Sulfocide.  
R—Scalecide.  
S—\*Slug Shot.  
T—Emo, Emo-Nik and Selocide.  
V—Volck.  
X—Nicotine-Pyrox.

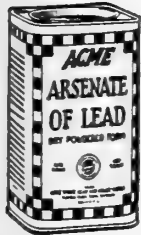
Materials marked (\*) are non-poisonous when used as directed. Pyrethrum and Rotenone base materials such as Evergreen, Red Arrow and Rotocide are contact sprays and must strike the insects to be effective.



# SPRAYS

# ACME INSECTICIDES

# DUSTS



**ARSENATE OF LEAD**  
(1 lb. makes 25 to 35 gallons)

For fruit trees, vegetables, bushes and tobacco. Can be used as dust or spray. To control Japanese Beetle grub on lawns apply 1 lb. to 100 sq. ft. 1-lb. bag 30c; 4-lb. bag 75c.

**ARSENITE OF ZINC**  
(1 lb. makes 50 gallons)

Ranks next to Paris Green in strength, and the new formula being produced by Acme is greatly improved in physical character. It has gained considerable popularity in certain sections for use on potatoes and other hardy ground crops to destroy chewing insects. Mixes well with Lime Sulphur solution which is used to combat pyllid on potatoes. 1 lb. 30c; 4 lb. 80c.



**BORDEAUX MIXTURE**  
(1 to 2 lbs. makes 12½ gallons)

Prevents large losses caused by blight, rot, mildew, scab, anthracnose and certain other fungous diseases. It stimulates plant growth and greatly increases the harvests. 1 lb. 35c; 4 lbs. 75c.



**KOPPER KING**

(1 to 2 lbs. makes 50 gallons)  
(Basic Copper Sulphate).  
1 lb. 45c; 4 lb. \$1.05.



**CALCIUM ARSENATE**

(1 to 2 lbs. makes 50 gallons)

Calcium Arsenate is the cheapest arsenical insecticide on the market but of great economy and efficiency for certain purposes. Recommended to combat chewing insects on potatoes, vegetables, cotton and certain fruit trees. 1 lb. 25c; 4 lb. 50c; 24 lb. \$2.75.



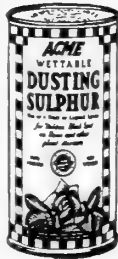
**RED RIVER POTATO MIX**

(Special Formula for Potatoes Only)

(1 to 1½ lbs. makes 12½ gallons, or as dust)

A scientific development combining a new patented copper fungicide with quick-killing arsenic. Kills potato bugs quicker, drives off flea beetle and

leaf-hopper, prevents blight from gaining a foothold, stimulates foliage, making more and better potatoes. 1-lb. bag 35c; 4-lb. bag 85c.



**DUSTING SULPHUR**  
(An Excellent Chigger Chaser)

(2 lbs. makes 35 gallons; or as dust)

An improved dusting sulphur for home use which can also be used as a liquid spray. Recommended to control mildew, leaf spot, black spot and rust on rose bushes, chrysanthemums, snapdragons, carnations, and certain other foliage; also red spiders on evergreen. 2-lb. carton 30c.

**GARDEN GUARD**

(1 lb. makes 10 gallons as spray, 15 to 25 lbs. per acre as dust.)

Especially recommended for use on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, string beans, currants, and sweet corn. A favorite of the housewife for dusting roses and flower gardens. Controls lice, fleas and mites on dogs, cats, birds, and chickens. 1-lb. sifter carton 40c; 4-lb. bag 75c.



**APHIS SPRAY**

(3 oz. tube makes 6 gallons)



An improved nicotine spray combining a soft spray soap with Black Leaf 40, suitable for the control of all kinds of aphid (plant lice), thrip, leaf hopper and many more hardy insects infesting rose bushes, flowers, shrubs, vines, bushes and trees. 3-oz. tube 35c; 12-oz. can \$1.00.

**LIME SULPHUR**  
Dry

(1 lb. makes 4 gal.)

A standard 33° Beume lime and sulphur converted into a dry powder but having all the effectiveness of the liquid product when dissolved in water.

For use in dormant spraying against scale, peach blight, leaf curl and twig borer. Summer spraying against scab, soot, blotch, red spider and mite. 1-lb. 35c.



**PARIS GREEN**

(1 lb. makes 30 gallons)

A rich, emerald color and of fine fluffy physical character. Containing 55% arsenious oxide, it will give quickest control where extreme measures are necessary.

¼ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 55c; 5 lb. \$2.35; 14 lb. \$5.40.



**EMO**

(1 pt. makes 4 gallons)

A summer oil spray of fine quality, safe to use, pleasant to handle and of the much desired flowable consistency. Recommended as a contact spray in the control of White Flies, Rust Mites, Blister Mites, Mealy Bugs, Red Spiders, certain scale, and



other insects. 8oz. 30c; pt. 50c; qt. 70c; gal. \$1.95.

**EMO-NIK**

(1 pt. makes 12½ gallons)

Complete contact spray combining nicotine in its most active form with EMO a summer oil emulsion. 4½ oz. 35c; pint 65c; quart 95c; gallon \$2.50.



**KOPPER QUEEN**  
(Mildew Spray)

(1 pt. makes 12½ gal.)

A strong liquid copper spray for the control of mildew, leaf spot, and black spot on rose bushes, flowers, and many other kinds of foliage. Stainless, leaves no unsightly residue which detracts so much from the appearance of flowers and ornaments in your yard.

Use as a liquid spray replacing Bordeaux Mixture and Sulphur. ¼ pt. 35c; pt. 60c; qt. 90c; gal. \$2.25.



**DOG REPELLENTS**

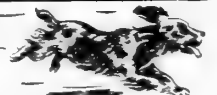
**DAWG-GONE**  
KEEPS DOGS AWAY



PROTECTS EVERGREENS

Protect that evergreen—keep dogs away. Remove cap and hang tube of Dawg-Gone (opening down) in the lower branches of trees at the points of approach. Not necessary to place tube in every tree unless standing alone. The odor slowly emanating from the open tube will keep dogs at a distance. Tubes 25c each.

**KEEP AWAY**  
I'm Chaperoned



4 oz. 50c; 12 oz. \$1.00.

**ANTI-DOG**

½ pt. 30c.

**DOGZOFF**

3 oz. 60c.

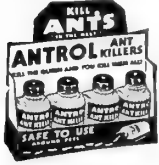
**FUMOGEN**

9 oz. pkg. 50c.

# DUSTING AND SPRAYING MATERIALS

## ANTROL ANT SETS

A scientific method, safe, sure, permanent. Can be used inside or outside the house.



### READY FILLED ANTROL SET

Set 40c  
Individual feeders  
Each 10c



### REGULAR ANTROL SET

Four glass containers and 4 oz. bottle syrup.

Set 60c  
ANTROL SYRUP  
4-oz. bottle 20c;  
pint 50c



### ACME ANT-KILL SETS

Jr. Sets ..... 35c  
Cottage Sets ..... 65c

### ANTROL ANT TRAPS

10c Each



Arsenical poison combined with special sticker and spreader. One application lasts entire Beetle season. (One pound makes 10 gallons.) Lb., 50c.



### ACME JAPANESE BEETLE SPRAY

(One pound makes 20 gallons.) 75c lb.

### BEETLE TRAPS (Jar not included)

No. 4 Trap (without cage) ..... \$1.10  
Liquid Bait ..... .70  
No. 1 Trap ..... .50  
Dry Bait ..... .15  
Galv. Rods ..... .35  
Perforated Cages  
2 qt. capacity ..... .40  
(As illustrated on bottom of trap.)



No. 4



No. 0

G & O Beetle Traps with Dry Bait, 75c ea.  
G & O Dry Bait—1-oz. can 10c; 2½-oz. can 25c.  
G & O Perforated Metal Containers, 20c ea.  
G & O Green Painted Rods, 35c ea.

## BLACK LEAF 40

(1 oz. makes 6 gallons)

### Kills Aphids, Thrips, Leaf Hoppers and



other insects on garden, farm and orchard crops by contact and fumes—an advantage not possessed by non-volatile, non-poisonous spray materials.

### Also Kills Poultry Lice . .

Merely paint tops of perches with "Black Leaf 40." Body heat from roosting birds creates fumes which penetrate feathers and kill lice and feather mites. (Cap brush packed with bottle.)

Oz., 36c; 5 ozs., \$1.05; 1 lb., \$2.50; 2 lbs., \$3.70; 5 lbs., \$6.90; 10 lbs., \$12.50.

## CARBOLA

Carbola applied to the walls, ceilings, partitions, nests, etc., of your poultry houses will help to prevent contagious diseases among your flock.  
5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$3.50.

## CARBOLINEUM—AMERICA

Kills chicken mites and blue bugs in poultry houses, makes wood Termiticide proof and Stops Rots. Qt., 45c; gal., \$1.50; 5 gals., \$6.00.

## CARBON DI-SULPHIDE

Specified by U. S. Dept. of Agriculture for treatment of soils to destroy grubs of the Japanese Beetle.

Also used for control of insects in grain.  
Lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.35.



## CATALIZER

A combined adhesive and spreader, making spray materials more economical and effective, inexpensive. Use 2 pounds to each 100 gallons of spray. 2-lb. pkg., 55c.

## COPPER SULPHATE

(Blue Stone)

Powdered: 20c lb.; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

## CORONA COPPERCARB

Grow clean wheat free from bunt or stinking smut and receive top prices for your crop. Corona Coppercarb is a dust recommended by experimental stations to be applied dry to seed wheat any time before sowing. Use 2½ to 3 ounces per bushel of wheat. 5 lbs., \$1.25.

## CROW REPELLENT

NO-CROW—Treat corn and other seeds to repel crows, birds, moles, etc. Economical and easy to use. Liquid, ½ pt., 60c; pint, \$1.00.

PESTOX—Powder, 1 lb. treats 1 bu. seed corn. Easy to use. Lb., 35c.



Prevents seed decay and "dampening off." Use 4 oz. to 2½ lbs. per 100 lbs. of seed. 1 lb., 90c.



CYANO GAS ANT KILLER—A gas-producing powder. 4-oz. spout can is enough to treat ant nests in average lawn. 30c.

CYANO GAS A-DUST—Kills rats, moles, woodchucks (groundhogs) and other rodents instantly. "It's the gas that kills 'em." ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

CYANO GAS G-FUMIGANT—Most widely used greenhouse insecticide. Regular use insures insect-free house all season. 5 lbs., \$3.00; 25 lbs., \$10.00.



(1 oz. makes 6 gallons)

DX — Powerful non-poisonous spray for both sucking and chewing insects. 1½ oz., 35c; ½ pint, \$1.25; quart, \$3.50.

20—20—60 Dust—Arsenate—Copper—Lime. \$7.00 per 100 lbs.

## DOW'S MAGNESIUM ARSENATE

Magnesium Arsenate (pure) 2-lb. pkg., 60c.

Magnesium Arsenate Dust Mixture, 4-lb. pkg., 60c; 100-lb. drum, \$12.00.



## SEED DISINFECTANTS

These effective seed disinfectants are sold by the Bayer-Semesan Company, a consolidation of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Company, Inc., and The Bayer Company, Inc. They comprise the following products:



SEMESAN—For vegetable and flower seeds. One ounce to 15 to 30 lbs. seed. ½ oz., 10c; 2 oz., 40c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.40.

SEMESAN, JR.—For corn, 2 ounces to 1 bushel corn. 1½ oz., 15c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

SEMESAN BEL—For potatoes. 1 lb to 60-80 bu. potatoes. 2 oz., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$7.15.

CERESAN (New Improved) — For wheat. ½ oz. for 1 bu. seed. 4 oz., 30c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.40.

# DUSTING AND SPRAYING MATERIALS (Continued)

## KILL PLANT INSECTS

# EVER GREEN GARDEN SPRAY

THE EASY WAY . . . Simply dilute with water in accordance with directions and spray, hitting the insects to be controlled. Non-injurious when used as directed. Deadly to many common varieties of both chewing and sucking insects. (1 oz. makes 6 gallons.)

1 oz. . . 35c 6 oz. \$1.00 16 oz. \$2.15  
Gal. \$12.20



### FISH OIL SOAP

Keeps trees, plants and vines clean and healthy, effectively controlling sucking insects and many forms of scale. 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

### FORMALDEHYDE

Extensively used in the preparation of potatoes for seed, as a preventative against potato scab and to destroy other germs on the seed. Will also control some forms of grain smut. For potatoes a solution of 1 pint to 15 or 20 gallons of water is made and cut pieces are soaked for 2 hours. One to two gallons of this will be sufficient for 1 bushel of seed. Pt., 50c.

### FORMACIDE

#### FORMALDEHYDE DUST

Is a seed and soil treating compound which controls seed borne diseases and when applied to the soil controls "damping off" and other root rots of vegetable and flower seedlings. Usually applied 1 lb. per 10 sq. ft. ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., 85c; 5-lb. can, \$2.50.

### FUNGITROGEN

An effective and scientific preventive and remedy for mildew, black spot and many fungus diseases of Roses and other plants. Dilute one part to 60 parts water. ¼ pt., 75c; pint, \$1.25.

### GRAPE DUST

A readily diffusible, light weight powder fungicide, very efficient in destroying mildews and preventing blights. 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

### HITOX

(1 qt. makes 48 to 144 gallons)

A complete Rotenone and Pyrethrum spray for practically all insects. Does not stain or burn delicate flowers or foliage. Non-poisonous to humans. 6 ozs., \$1.00; quart, \$3.00.

### LETHANE SPREADER

Used with Cuproicide and Cotton Seed Oil to control blue mold on tobacco. Gallon, \$1.80.

### LIME AND SULPHUR SOLUTION

1 qt., 50c; 1 gal., 95c; 5 gal., \$3.25.

### DRY LIME AND SULPHUR

Dormant Season: 12 lbs. to 50 gallons.  
Growing Season: 3 lbs. to 50 gallons.

1 lb., 35c; 12½ lbs., \$1.65.

### LORO

1 pint makes 50 to 125 gallons

A contact spray for control of aphids, thrips, red spider, mealy bugs, midge, lace bug, etc. Recommended especially for use on carnations and chrysanthemums. Pt., \$2.00; gal., \$10.50.

### MOLOGEN

Destroys moles quickly, easy to use. No odor or gases. Harmless to soil or grass. ½ lb., 50c; 1½ lbs., \$1.25.

### NAPHTHALENE FLAKES

Used for sprinkling lightly over bulbs for protection against moles and field-mice. 20c lb.; 5 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$14.00.

### "NICO-FUME" LIQUID

Very powerful tobacco extract. Soluble in water. Guaranteed 40 per cent nicotine.

1-lb. tin, \$2.45; 4 lbs., \$6.55; 8 lbs., \$11.25.

### "NICO-FUME" POWDER PRESSURE-FUMIGATOR

Improved quality; burns under pressure in special container; more effective and more economical than old methods. Use at approximate rate of 1 lb. per 20,000 to 30,000 cu. ft. of air space. 1 lb. size, 80c ea.; 6 for \$4.00; 12 for \$7.40; ½ lb. size, 50c ea.; 6 for \$2.70; 12 for \$4.45.

### POMO-GREEN

With Nicotine—1 lb., 80c.

### PRUNING PAINT

Forms a protective shield while the tree is recovering from wounds left by pruning, storms or accidents, and helps to prevent diseases. ½ pt., 30c; pint, 45c; quart, 75c; gallon, \$2.35.



### PEACH BORER CONTROLS

#### PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE

Very powerful and effective remedy just coming into general use as a result of the experiments of the Department of Entomology. Should be applied September 1st to October 10th, according to latitude. Some growers prefer to make two applications, the first being in the month of June. One pound is sufficient for 10 to 30 trees, according to size. It is not advisable to treat trees under 4 years of age with Para-Dichlorobenzene, and apple trees should never be treated.

1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., per lb., 30c; 25 lbs., per lb., 22c; 100 lbs., per lb., 20c.

#### PARA-SCALECIDE

(1 gallon to 7 gallons water)

(Use 1 pint solution to each three-year-old tree.)

Is effective and safe on young or old trees. Qt., 85c; gal., \$2.20; 5 gals., \$7.03; 10 gals., \$12.15.



Just mix  
**Pyrox**  
with water—and spray,

It not only kills leaf-chewing insects, prevents blight and other diseases, as Standard Pyrox does, but it also kills sucking insects, such as aphids, thrips, and leaf-hoppers. Standard Pyrox, of course, is designed for most commercial crops, but in the garden, where sucking insects do so much damage, you will want Nicotine Pyrox.

	Without Nicotine	With Nicotine
1 lb. . . . .	...	\$ .59
5 lb. . . . .	...	2.00
25 lb. . . . .	\$5.75	6.50
50 lb. . . . .	8.35	10.65
300 lb. . . . .	34.50	...

### RED ARROW



1 oz. makes 8 gal.

Economical and efficient contact spray, non-poisonous, will not injure blossoms, foliage or fruit; positive death to all types of insects. Poison sprays only kill if eaten, while Red Arrow Pyrethrum Spray kills every insect it strikes. 1 oz., 35c; 4 oz., \$1.00; 1 pt., \$2.85. Grower—1 qt., \$3.35; 1 gal., \$10.70.

# DUSTING AND SPRAYING MATERIALS (Continued)



## ROSE SPRAY

Good-by guesswork! Grow beautiful roses and other flowers with the Acme System of Spray Treatment combining 3 necessary elements (packed separately) to solve the entire spraying problem—NO other sprays needed. Ask for ACME SCIENTIFIC ROSE SPRAY

The number indicates number of gallons of spray each will make.

No. 3	\$ .95
No. 6	1.50
No. 24	4.00
No. 48	6.00
No. 96	9.75



## ROTENONE DUST



Strictly non-poisonous and proven to be the most practical, effective and economical insecticide for the control of insects attacking vegetable crops. Contains  $\frac{3}{4}\%$  Rotenone, plus all the toxic (killing) ingredients of the rotenone bearing roots. Should be used at rate of 15 to 25 lbs. per acre or as a spray 1 lb. to 10 gallons. Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., 85c.

Let us quote larger quantities.

## S. E. C. OIL

A combination of Cotton Seed Oil and a special emulsifier. By adding Cuproside you have an effective and safe spray for controlling blue mold on tobacco. Gal. \$2.30.

(1 gallon to 15 gallons water.)



Qt., 75c; gal., \$1.75; 5 gals., \$6.35; 10 gals., \$10.90; 15 gals., \$12.95 (plus \$2.00 deposit on drum); 30 gals., \$21.25 (plus \$2.50 deposit on drum); 50 gals., \$29.90 (plus \$3.00 deposit on drum). (Freight to factory to be deducted from refund.)

## SELOCIDE

1 gallon makes 100 to 400 gallons. Kills Red Spider. Gal., \$3.00.

## SLUG SHOT

(Hammond's.) Guaranteed to destroy potato bugs, cabbage worms, lice, fleas, beetles, striped bugs, etc., on currants, egg plants, melons, turnips, beets, etc.; canker worms and caterpillars on fruit and ornamental trees. 1-lb. sifter, 30c; 5-lb. pkg., \$1.20. Liquid—1 oz., 35c; 4 oz., \$1.00.

## SNAROL

A ready prepared bait meal that means sure death for cut-worms, snails, slugs, sowbugs, and other garden pests. Harmless to vegetation, safest to use, not affected by rain or sprinkling.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. pkg., 35c; 4 lb. pkg., 85c.



## STRAWBERRY DUST

85-15 Mixture successfully used for many years. 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$6.50.

## SULPHUR

Commercial Flour of Sulphur. 1 lb., 6c; 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$2.70.

Superfine Dusting Sulphur. 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$3.60.

## DRITOMIC SULPHUR

Lb., 20c; 5-lb. bags, 75c.

(1 quart to 50 gallons water.)



Sulfoicide is a highly concentrated non-poisonous liquid sulphur fungicide—entirely distinct from lime sulphur.

Pt., 60c; qt., \$1.00; gal., \$2.50; 5 gals., \$8.25; 10 gals., \$14.85; 15 gals., \$20.35; 30 gals., \$36.30; 50 gals., \$55.00.

## TARTAR EMETIC

(Control for Thrips)

Use 2 oz. ( $4\frac{1}{2}$  teaspoonfuls) and 8 oz. brown sugar ( $1\frac{3}{4}$  cups) added to 3 gallons of water. Spray gladiolus after leaves are 6 inches tall every week until buds are formed. Lb., \$1.00.

## TOBACCO DUST

Excellent insecticide and fertilizer combined, extensively used against black and green aphid, fleas, beetles, etc. Finely powdered and high in nicotine content.

1 lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

TOBACCO STEMS—Valuable as fertilizer and humus—10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$2.50.

# TRI-GEN

The all-purpose spray

A highly concentrated insect spray and fungicide for garden and greenhouse plants. Stimulates plant growth and is harmless to foliage or blooms. Small kit (makes 16 quarts), \$1.50. Medium kit (makes 64 quarts), \$4.00. Large kit (makes 32 gallons), \$6.00.

## TREE BANDING COMPOUND



ACME STOP—Used to band trees, shrubs and vines; prevents insects from crawling up to the foliage. 6 oz., 35c; 1 lb., 65c.

## VOLCK

For Safe and Sane Control of Nursery, Garden, and Greenhouse Insects



VOLCK is one of the most powerful insecticides known. Even mildews and rusts are prevented and stopped by VOLCK. Not only does VOLCK give effective control of pests, but it also prevents reinfestation for a considerable period; is odorless, colorless and non-poisonous.

Volck Does Not Burn the most tender foliage. Coleus, cyclamen, evergreens, ferns, orchids and many other types of plants can be sprayed with safety.

$\frac{1}{2}$ -pint cans, 35c; 1-quart cans, 75c; 1-gallon cans, \$2.00; 5-gallon cans, \$8.00.

## WEED KILLERS

# WEEDEX

The SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL WEED-KILLER

Easy and economical to use. One gallon of Weedex added to 49 gallons of water makes sufficient treating liquid to effectively cover about 1000 sq. ft. Successfully used in destroying weeds, wild grass, and undesirable growth on tennis courts, driveways, walks and gutters and will not injure or discolor marble, brick, cement or stone but cleans and brightens them. (Not Mailable.) Qt., 55c; 1-gal. can, \$1.65.

## ZOTOX

Zotox is absorbed through the leaves into the circulatory system of the Crab Grass plants, where its toxic effect causes the plants to die. All Crab Grass seeds contacted by the Zotox solution are rendered non-viable and will not germinate. 8 oz., \$1.00; 16 oz., \$1.50; 32 oz., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

## MEO-181

Destroys dandelion, crab grass, and other common weeds. One spraying does the trick—yet only temporarily browns lawn grass. Complete instructions with every package. 1 gallon treats 200 sq. ft. Qt., 65c Gal., \$1.55 5 Gal., \$7.25





# SPRAYERS

## SINGLE ACTION

Low-cost sprayers, made of heavy tin for general purposes. One quart capacity.

- No. 452 Misty ..... \$ .45
- No. 222 Vapor ..... .25
- No. 440 Handy ..... .30
- No. 14 ..... .40
- No. G2½-3½ oz. Glass ..... .15



Vapor

## HARCO

Efficient, easy to use, for indoors or outdoor plants. \$2.35.



## BLIZZARD



Solid copper tank, seamless brass pump, continuous type, 1 qt. capacity. \$2.75.

## CONTINUOUS GLASS JAR



- No. 353—4½ oz. capacity ..... \$ .25
- ACE SENIOR—1 Quart ..... .70
- No. 26BG—1 Quart (illustrated) ..... 1.20
- No. 427G—1 Quart ..... 1.10

No. 335—Brass pump and copper tank. \$1.95.

## CONTINUOUS SPRAYERS

- No. 431—1 Quart ..... \$ .65
- No. 432—1 Quart Tin ..... .80
- No. 315—1 Quart Tin ..... .95
- No. 435—3 Quart Galv. .... 1.30
- No. 429B—1½ Quart Copper ..... 1.90

## HUDSON PERFECTION



This is the most powerful machine in its class. The barrel is 7½ inches in diameter and 20 inches high. The pump is 1¾ seamless brass tubing. The valves are metal and work automatically from 8 to 15 minutes, and may be recharged in 12 seconds. No. 210G, Galvanized Steel, \$7.25. No. 210B, Copper, \$11.75.



## HUDSON JUNIOR

Capacity about 2½ gallons. Shipping weight 8 pounds. No. 240G, Junior with galvanized tank, \$5.50; No. 240B Junior with brass tank, \$9.00.

## HUDSON FLAME SPRAYER



An economical and efficient Weed Burner that keeps weeds and other growths out of pasture, lawn and garden. Burns kerosene or stove oil, has a burning area of 12 inches. 3¾ gal. Galv. tank; seamless brass pump. No. 200W \$16.00.

## HUDSON LEADER

A real value in the compressed air sprayer field. Well constructed throughout. 3½-gal. capacity galvanized tank fitted with funnel top. No. 192G, \$4.75.

## HUDSON THRIFTY

Capacity about 2½ gallons. No. 120G, Galvanized, \$3.50.

## HUDSON CLIMAX

3½-gallon capacity. No. 235G, Galvanized, \$5.75. No. 235B, Copper, \$10.00.

## HUDSON BOOSTER

An inexpensive compressed air sprayer, well constructed. 3½ gal. capacity. No. 191-G Galvanized, \$3.65.

## BROWN'S FUNNEL TOP

No. 250-D—Galv. 2½ gal. capacity. \$4.50  
No. 350-D—Galv. 3½ gal. capacity. 4.95

## AUTO SPRAY No. 50

Capacity 2½ gallons. Galvanized, \$4.50.

"CCC" BUCKET SPRAYER  
Price \$7.20

## BROWN'S OPEN-HED



Electrically welded seams and galvanized after fabrication. Double acting pump lock, tank opening 5 in. in diameter, can easily be wiped dry to lengthen life of sprayer, tank guaranteed for 100 lb. pressure, rubber double grip pump handle.

No. 4B—Brass, 4 gal. swivel nozzle ..... \$12.55

No. 4D—Galv. 4 gal. swivel nozzle ..... \$7.55

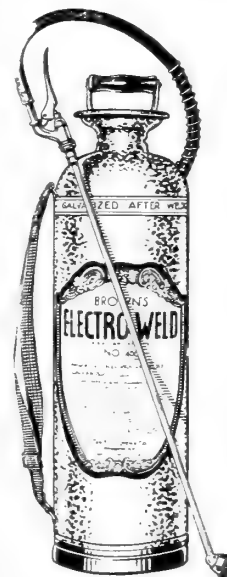
No. 3B—Brass, 3 gal. plain nozzle \$10.60

No. 3D—Galv., 3 gal. plain nozzle. \$6.90

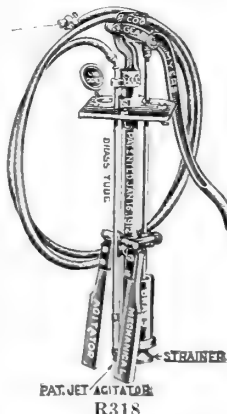
## BROWN'S

No. 400

A sprayer designed to give maximum service, electrically welded seams, funnel shaped filler opening for easy filling, 2-inch diameter solid brass pump cylinder, 4-gallon capacity. Galvanized, \$6.40.



## COG-GEAR BARREL SPRAY PUMP



- No. R305B, \$16.00. No. R318B, \$17.00.
- No. R308B, \$28.50.

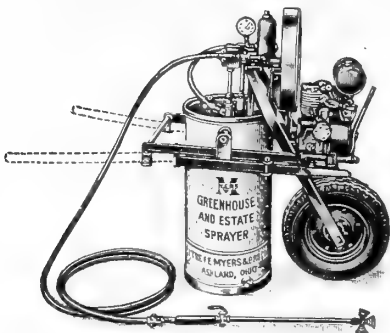
MYERS LEVER BUCKET SPRAY PUMP

No. R324, \$7.25. 8-foot extension pipe, 80c.



R324

**MYERS GREENHOUSE AND ESTATE SPRAYER**



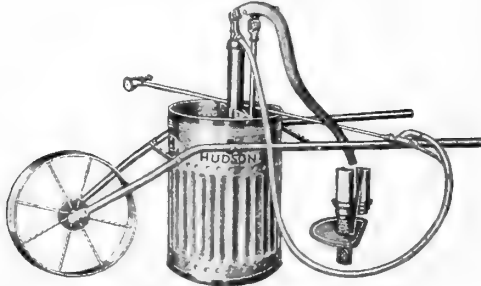
Motor or engine powered, rubber tire or steel wheel, folding handles, 12½ gal. galv. tank, 225 lb. pressure porcelain lined pump.

No. 806MGHS—Motor driven ¼ H. P.—110 volt 60 cycle with 50 feet of cord, steel wheel \$87.00.

No. 806MGHR—Motor driven ¼ H. P.—110 volt 60 cycle with 50 feet of cord, rubber tired \$97.50.

No. 806EGHS—Engine driven ½ H. P. steel wheel \$110.00.  
No. 806EGHR—Engine driven ½ H. P. rubber tired. (Illustrated) \$120.50.

**IDEAL PORTABLE SPRAYER**



An ideal wheelbarrow type sprayer with 18-gallon galvanized tank and operated with a large removable barrel pump. The frame is made of heavy steel tubing reinforced with channel iron cross braces. Discharge equipment consists of 6-foot spray hose, 4-foot extension pipe, an Ideal angle nozzle, and leakless shut-off. No. 34 (Illustrated), \$22.50.

**MYERS TRACTION SPRAYER**

No. 1078—An economical one horse, two-row traction sprayer for row crop, well balanced, for easy handling. 25 gal. galvanized tank, maximum pressure 150 lbs; rotary agitator, adjustable boom, nozzles, lever shut-off and relief valve. \$77.00.

**ARNOLD GARDEN HOSE INSECTICIDE SPRAYER**



Complete Sprayer consists of non-leak shut-off, transparent cartridge chamber with metal threaded ends, and 12-inch angle spraying nozzle. All metal parts chromium plated.

\$4.00

**Accessories**

36-inch Angle Extension Nozzle, chromium finish... \$1.75

36-inch Straight Extension, chromium finish... \$1.75

Sub-Surface Feeder and Irrigator, Dulux finish... \$1.75

Extra Transparent Cartridge Chamber with metal threaded

ends, chromium plated, and chromium plated Coupling to form double chamber for dual spraying... \$1.75  
Transparent Cartridge Chamber Only—\$1.25  
Metal Cartridge Chamber, Chromium Plated—80c.

**Cartridges**

Arsenate of Lead, Bordeaux Mixture, Dormo-Spray, Fertilizer, Nicotine, Pyrethrum, Rotenone, Sulphur, Vitamin B-1—35c each.  
Vitamin B-1 Cartridge with Arnold Midget Sprayer—\$1.50.

**ROOT DUSTERS**



**CHALLENGER TWO ROW TRACTION** (Illustrated). Easy to operate and does twice the amount of work in half the time and with better results than hand models. Feed adjustment per acre 1 to 20 lbs. Hopper capacity 7½ lbs. No. T3, \$36.30.  
No. T3R, as above, but with rubber tire, \$38.70.

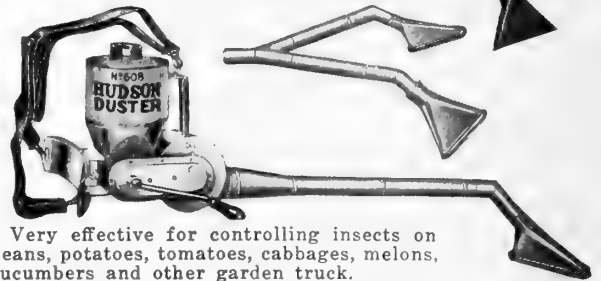
No. P2, **JUMBO**—Plunger type, dusts both top and underside of plant foliage, 2½ in. dia., 32½ in. long, \$2.75.

C-2—A sturdy and economical crank type duster, built of heavy steel, gears enclosed in dust proof steel housing, well balanced for easy operation. Hopper capacity 7½ lbs. \$15.40.

C-3 — (Illustrated). Hopper capacity 7½ lbs. Feed adjustment per acre 1 to 20 lbs. \$19.80.



**HUDSON DUSTERS**



Very effective for controlling insects on beans, potatoes, tomatoes, cabbages, melons, cucumbers and other garden truck.

All parts are pressed from lead coated sheet steel, attractively painted and finished. Gears are steel, machine cut, housed in a dust proof case filled with oil. All bearings are self lubricating. Discharge equipment consists of two nozzles, two elbows, a Wye connection, and four 15-inch tubes. Can be used with one or two nozzles, arranged for dusting from above or under surface of low lying plants, shrubs, etc.

No. 608—Develops unusually powerful air blast and has two agitators, one rotary and one oscillating. Capacity 5 to 10 pounds, depending upon the material used. \$14.00.



**CRYSTAL DUSTER**  
\$1.40

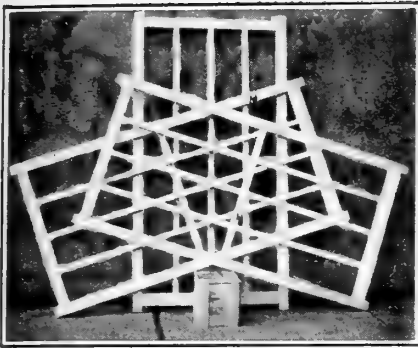
**HUDSON DUSTERS**



Patrol, as illustrated, \$1.00.

Cadet, Powder Reservoir, 3x4 inch, 40c.

Major, Powder Reservoir, 4x4½ inch, 90c.



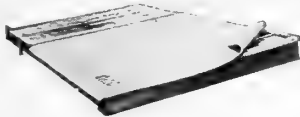
**HOT BED SASH**

Finest quality; white pine lumber, free from knots, substantially made, grooved for glass to lap or for putty (unglazed). Size, 3 feet 2 inches by 6 feet. \$2.25 each; 10, \$20.00.

**HOT BED GLASS**

1 box will glaze 3 sash, 8x10 and 10x12, \$3.85 per box.

**MICO WATERPROOF HOT BED MATS**



Made from heavy weight burlap, absorbent pulp and felt cemented together with a specially prepared waterproof compound. This combination forms a covering both airtight and waterproof. 40x78 inch, \$2.10 each; 78x80 inch, \$4.20 each.

**MARLINE**

Made from Indian Hemp and the best product in making Straw Mats. 1-pound balls, 50c.

**PEERLESS GLAZING POINTS**

Pound box, 85c. PINCERS, 70c pair.

**TWEMLOW'S OLD ENGLISH GLAZING PUTTY**  
Semi-Liquid

For bedding glass in sash and filling cracks or seams in roof joints or frames of greenhouses or hotbeds. 16-pound can (1 gallon capacity), \$2.35

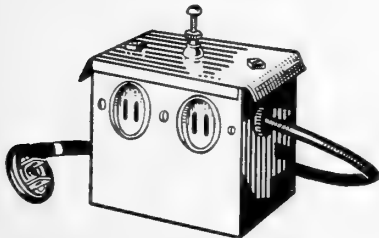
**PUTTY BULBS**

For applying liquid Putty to sash or greenhouses. 8-oz. size, \$1.25.

**SPRAY BULBS**

An excellent water and powder sprayer for plants, animals. 8-oz. size, 60c.

**ELECTRIC HOT BED HEATER**



With this thermostat and 2-60 ft. heating cable, four sash, or a total surface 6 ft. by 12 ft., can be economically heated. B-47 Thermostat only, \$5.50. B-48 60 feet heater wire, \$6.25.

**GALVANIZED WATERING POTS "WIDE SPOUTS"**



4 qt.	6 qt.	8 qt.	10 qt.	12 qt.	16 qt.
\$ .75	\$ .90	\$1.00	\$1.10	\$1.30	\$1.50

**WOTHERSPOON LONG SPOUT WATERING POTS**

6 qt.	8 qt.	10 qt.
\$5.50	\$6.25	\$7.00



**CEDAR PLANT TUBS (Richmond Style)**

Made of Selected Virginia White Cedar, bound with electric welded hoops, painted green.

No.	Inside Top Dia.	Inside Bot. Dia.	Inside Depth	Price
5	10	7½	9	\$ .95
7	12	9	11	1.45
9	14	11	13	2.10
11	16	12½	15	2.55
13	18	14½	17	3.60

**TWIST-EMS**

The new handy plant tie, simply put around the stem, twist and it is tied. Green.



4 inch—250 in box	25c
8 inch—125 in box	25c
16 inch—125 in box	50c

**FLOWER POTS**



A complete line of regular pots, azalea pots, bulb pans and saucers.

Size	Each	Dozen	100	1,000	Saucer Each
2 in.	\$.02	\$.20	\$1.15	\$9.20	
2½ in.	.03	.25	1.60	12.00	
3 in.	.03	.30	1.90	15.50	
4 in.	.05	.45	2.90	24.00	\$.04
5 in.	.08	.75	5.15		.05
6 in.	.10	1.00	7.45		.06
7 in.	.16	1.60			.08
8 in.	.25	2.50			.10
9 in.	.35	3.50			.15
10 in.	.50	5.00			.20
11 in.	.75	7.50			.30
12 in.	.90	9.00			.35

**NEPONSSET FLOWER POTS**



Dia.	Red Shipping		Green Growing	
	per 100	per 1000	per 100	per 1000
2 in.	\$.40	\$3.45		
2½ in.	.45	3.60	\$.80	\$6.25
2½ in.	.50	3.75	.85	6.85
3 in.	.55	4.30	1.00	8.10
3½ in.	.65	5.50	1.35	10.25
4 in.	.80	6.75	1.50	11.80
5 in.	1.15	9.00	2.25	17.00
6 in.	1.45	11.80	2.75	22.00



**WATERPROOF PLANT BANDS**

Ready-to-use Plant Bands.

Size	Depth	Per 5,000	Per 1,000	Per 250
2x2 in.	2½ in.	\$14.50	\$3.10	\$1.00
3x3 in.	3 in.	17.95	3.90	1.30

**WOODEN LABELS Painted Plain**

4 inch pot, per 1,000	\$2.20	\$1.80
5 inch pot, per 1,000	2.40	2.00
6 inch pot, per 1,000	2.75	2.00
3½ inch Tree, copper wired	2.50	2.00
8 inch Garden, per 1,000	5.00	
10 inch Garden, per 1,000	6.25	
12 inch Garden, per 1,000	8.50	

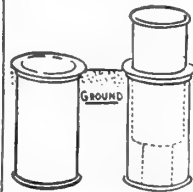
Prices, per 100—3½ to 6 in., 40c; 8 in., 85c; 10 in., \$1.10; 12 in., \$1.25.

**BAMBOO PLANT STAKES**

3½ ft. Light	\$.75 per 100	\$6.00 per 1,000
5 ft. Heavy	1.00 per doz.	7.00 per 100
6 ft. Heavy	1.15 per doz.	8.00 per 100

**HYACINTH STAKES—Green**

12 in., 35c 100; \$1.90 per 1,000. 18 in., 45c 100; \$2.75 per 1,000.



**CEMETERY VASE**  
Ground level, Aluminum finish, \$1.00.

**FLOWER BOXES**



Galvanized, green. 8½ inches wide and 6 inches deep.

24 in.	30 in	36 in.	42 in.	48 in.
\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.95	\$2.15

PERFECTO—Green, 26 in., \$1.65; 32 in., \$1.90.

**SEED FLATS (METAL)**

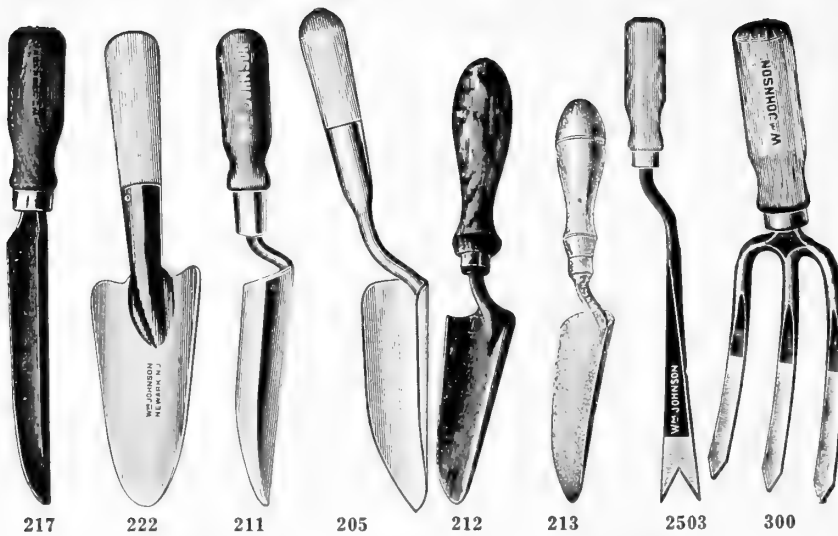
Has drain screw. Size 15 in. x 13 in. x 2½ in. deep, \$1.50.

**GALVANIZED HARD STEEL WIRE PLANT STAKES No. 8 gauge.**

Height	Doz.	100	1,000
3 ft.	\$.45	\$2.25	\$18.75
3½ ft.	.50	2.50	21.90
4 ft.	.55	2.95	25.00
5 ft.	.60	3.45	31.25

PLANT PROPS—Green, looped end. 16 in., 45c doz.; 42 in., \$1.20 doz. 30 in., 85c doz.; 66 in., 1.65 doz.

FENCE RODS—33 in. overall. Double loop, \$1.20 doz.



217                      222                      211                      205                      212                      213                      2503                      300

**DIBBLES**



No. 220—All iron ..... \$ .55  
 218J—Wood bent handle, steel point .70  
 Steel Points only ..... ea. .40

**HOLE-IN-ONE  
TOOL**



50c

**LOPPING SHEARS**



No. 5406—20-in. hdl. .... \$1.95  
 No. 5403—22-in. hdl. (drawcut)  
 illustrated ..... 3.60  
 No. 19FB—(Wiss) 19-in. hdl. .... 2.75  
 No. 24B—(Wiss) 24-in. hdl. .... 3.00  
 No. 321—(Wiss) 21-in. hdl. .... 4.25



**PORTER POINT CUT No. 1**—20-inch steel handles, adjustable drawcut. \$4.75. 24-inch, \$5.10.

**THERMOMETERS**

5126—6 inch, Walnut ..... \$1.10  
 5316—8½" Window; White Enameled 1.10  
 5440—6" Tin, painted green ..... .35  
 Mushroom Bed and Hot Bed, Brass Point ..... 2.00

**GARDEN GADGET  
(Illustrated)  
50c**



**GRAFTING WAX  
Trowbridge Brand**

¼ lb., 25c; ½ lb., 35c; lb., 55c.

**FRUIT PICKER  
Without pole 60c.**

**WEEDER**



No. A—3 Tines, 9¼-in. handle (illustrated) ..... \$ .15  
 No. B—3 Tines, 22-in. handle ..... .20  
 No. BB—3 Tines, 40-in. handle ..... .30  
 No. C—4 Tines, 10-in. handle ..... .25  
 No. D—4 Tines, 10¼-in. handle, with blade ..... .40  
 No. G—4 Tines, 57-in. handle ..... .90  
 No. SHW—3 Tines, 6-in. handle ..... .65  
 402J—5 prongs, plug handle ..... .15  
 Doo Klip No. 4—Long handle ..... 2.00

**GRASS SHEARS**



V-2                      V-1                      5600                      800

No. V-4—Polished blade, orange enameled malleable handle ..... \$ .50  
 No. V-2—(Illustrated) ..... .55  
 No. V-1—(Illustrated) ..... 1.00  
 No. 5600—(Wiss illustrated) ..... 1.50  
 No. 5600R—(Wiss) same as 5600 but with rubber grip handle ..... 1.75  
 No. 800—(Wiss) Illustrated ..... .89  
 Snip-Itt. Similar to No. 800 ..... 1.00  
 No. 750—Flower Shear ..... .70  
 No. C-4—(Wiss) Flower and thinning shear ..... 1.40  
 No. 700—(Wiss) Cadmium plated blade, red grip guard handles ..... 1.35  
 Doo-Klip—Cadmium plated blade, green enameled handle ..... 1.50  
 Doo-Klip—Long Handle ..... 2.50

**PRUNING SAW**

No. 118—18 inch ..... \$1.15

**THE RODERICK MOLE TRAP**

(Illustrated) \$1.25

**OUT-O'-SIGHT MOLE TRAP**

\$1.25

**GARDEN TROWELS**

213J—6-in. Steel Blade ..... \$ .10  
 T4V—6-in. Pressed Steel ..... .15  
 400J—6½-in. Blade, Plug Hdl. .... .15  
 212J—6-in. Extra Strong ..... .25  
 T20V—6-in. Steel Blade ..... .30  
 2120J—6-in. Steel Blade ..... .35  
 211J—6-in. Forged Steel ..... .65  
 T10V—6-in. Solid Shank ..... .75  
 205J—6-in. Forged Steel ..... .85  
 222J—5½-in. Strawberry ..... .15  
 217J—5-in. Transplanting ..... .10  
 217J—7-in. Transplanting ..... .20  
 DSGT—6¼-in. Blade, Offset Handle 1.00

**ASPARAGUS KNIFE**

2503J—Short handle ..... \$ .20  
 No. 223V—Long handle ..... .45  
 251J—Long handle ..... .40  
**ASPARAGUS BUNCHER** 3.85

**HAND GARDEN FORKS**

No. 300—3 Tine ..... \$ .40  
 No. 401J—4 Tine, plug handle ..... .15

**HANGING BASKETS**

Enameled green  
 8 in. .... 25c  
 10 in. .... 30c



**HINGED HANGING BRACKETS**

15c each

**TREE PRUNER**

8 ft. .... \$2.10  
 10 ft. .... 2.25  
 12 ft. .... 2.50



**PRUNING HOOKS**

Without Pole

No. 11—Telephone ... \$2.20  
 No. 166—Pruning shear and hook ..... 1.75  
 No. 167—Pruning saw, shear and hook ..... 2.25

**HEDGE SHEARS**



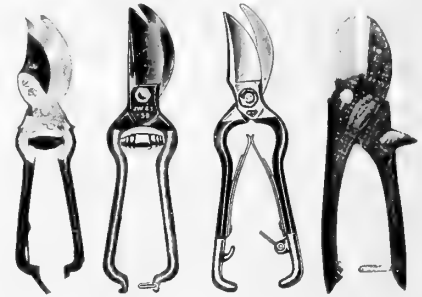
**Serrated**

VST08—8 in. \$2.25  
 VST09—9 in. 2.50  
 6½B—6½ in. 1.75  
 8½A—8½ in. 2.75  
 9½A—9½ in. 3.00  
 8½E—8½ in. 3.50  
 9½E—9½ in. 3.75  
 9R—9 in. .... 3.75  
 218—8½ in. .... 2.75

**Plain**

V80—8 in. .... \$1.10  
 V600—6 in. .... 1.10  
 V800—8 in. .... 1.50  
 8½J—8½ in. .... 1.75  
 KW101—9 in. .... 1.90  
 V1200—12 in. .... 3.25  
 K101T—9 in. .... 2.40  
 K101T—10 in. .... 2.60

**PRUNING SHEARS**



V139 58                      78                      908  
 No. VR10—8 in. Similar to No. 58. \$ .60  
 No. 58—(Wiss) 8 in. Illustrated ..... .89  
 No. V179—9 in. Similar to No. 58. .... 1.00  
 No. 78—(Wiss) 8 in. Illustrated ..... 1.50  
 No. V139—9 in. Illustrated ..... 1.55  
 No. 609—(Wiss) Drop forged, polished blade, volute spring, blk. hdl., 9 in. .... 1.60  
 No. 908—8 in. Nickel finish with bronze anvil and phosphor bronze spring ..... 2.25



RHS14



YSC14



RHB14

**LEVEL HEAD STRAIGHT TOOTH RAKES**

SL2	12 Teeth	\$ .80	RHS16	16 Teeth	\$ .80
YS12	12 "	.80	YS16	16 "	1.00
RHS14	14 "	.70			

**LEVEL HEAD CURVED TOOTH RAKES**

YSC12	12 Teeth	\$ .90	RHLSC	16 Teeth	\$ .80
SL10	14 "	1.00	YSC16	16 "	1.15
YSC14	14 "	1.00			

**ROUND BOW CURVED TOOTH RAKES**

RHLSC	14 Teeth	\$ .70	YB14	14 Teeth	\$1.25
RHB14	14 "	.90	RHB16	16 "	1.15
SL9	14 "	1.00	YB16	16 "	1.40



YA36



E10



HOM5



YS54 1/2



SL16

**HAY FORKS**

No.	Tines	Price
RHA36	3-12 in.	\$1.50
YA36	3-12 in.	1.75

**MANURE FORKS**

No.	Tines	Price
RHA44 1/2	4-12 in.	\$1.40
YA44 1/2	4-12 1/2 in.	1.60
RHA54 1/2	5-12 in.	1.70
YAS54 1/2	5-12 1/2 in.	1.90
RHA64 1/2	6-12 1/2 in.	1.95
YAS64 1/2	6-12 1/2 in.	2.15
S64 1/2	6-12 1/2 in.	2.45

**ENSILAGE FORKS**

No.	Oval Tines	Price
E8	8-16 in.	\$3.45
E10	10-16 in.	3.70

**SPADING FORKS**

No.	Flat Tines	Price
BAAD	4-8 in.(boys)	1.20
YSAHD	4-11 in.	1.50
SL16	4-10 in.	1.00
JSAD	4-11 in.	2.35
YS5AD	5-11 in.	2.35
S5AD	5-11 in.	2.60

**HEAVY FORKS**

No.	Diamond Tines	Price
HDM4	4-14 in.	\$3.00
EHDM4	4-16 in.	3.20
EHDM5	5-16 in.	4.00
HDM6	6-14 in.	4.50

No.	Square Tines	Price
E4DSD	4-11 in.	2.10

No.	Oval Tines	Price
HOM5	5-15 in.	4.25



SL14



LC24



DLR



W24

**BROOM RAKES**

No.	Teeth	Price
BRF22	22-14 in.	\$1.20
SL14	22-14 in.	1.20

**DANDELION RAKES**

No.	Teeth	Price
DLR	26-3 1/2 in.	\$1.15
DLRW	38-3 1/2 in.	1.25

**LAWNCOMB RAKES**

LC18	18-8 in. Teeth	\$1.40
LC24	24-9 1/2 in.	1.85
BAILIE,	\$1.90	

**WIRE LAWN RAKES**

W24	24-4 1/2 in. Teeth	\$1.00
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**WOOD LAWN RAKE**

3 Wire Brace, 24 teeth, 80c; 1 Wire Brace, 20 teeth, 65c.

**WOOD HAY RAKE, 2 Wire, 10 teeth, 50c**

**BAMBOO RAKES, 25c—40c—60c.**



SWKS



HAWCS



LEC

**WEED CUTTERS**

SWKS	\$1.00
HAWCS	1.00

**LAWN EDGE CLIPPER**

LEC	\$1.00
Planet Jr. No. 2	1.25

FLORAL SETS (Shovel, Hoe and Rake).....Set \$2.80



YSG



W7S



N2 1/2



BCH6



SL7



AW



SL13

**GARDEN HOES**

L5	5 in. Blade	\$1.00
SL8	8 in. "	1.00
YSG	6, 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2, 8	1.20

**BEEBE CULTIVATOR HOE**

BCH6	6 in. Blade	\$1.30
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**TWO PRONG HOES**

SL7	3-9/16 in. Blade	\$1.15
2PWF	3 5/8 in. "	1.15

**WARREN HOES**

SL6	4 3/4 in. Blade	\$1.15
W7S	4 3/4 in. "	1.15
W7 1/2	6 1/2 in. "	1.40

**WEEDING HOES**

AW	4 1/2 in. Blade	\$1.30
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**NURSERY HOES**

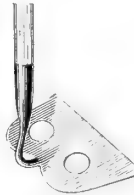
N2 1/2	2 1/2 in. Blade	\$1.00
SL4	2 1/2 in. "	1.00

**PUSH PULL HOE**

SL13		\$1.00
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MR9



MM9



STE



DCF



SL12



SL2

**MORTAR HOE**

MR9		\$2.00
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**DANDELION WEEDERS**

DCF		\$1.85
DCFV		2.10

**MORTAR MIXER**

MM9		\$2.00
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**DANDELION WEEDERS**

SL12		\$ .45
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**TURF EDGERS**

No.	Size	Price
SL15	9 in.	\$1.00
STE	9 in.	1.30

**SHARPSHOOTER**

SL2		\$ .80
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SL5



VC3



VC5



Y6BOL



SL17

**SPEEDY CULTIVATORS**

No.	Tines	Price
SL5	4	\$1.20

**POTATO HOOKS**

No.	Tines	Price
5BOH	5-6 1/2 in.	\$1.85
Y6BOL	6-6 1/2 in.	1.70

**VICTORY CULTIVATOR**

No.	Tines	Price
VC35 Short Hdl.	3	\$ .70
VC3	3	1.15
VC5	5	1.45

**SHOVELS**

Round Point	Handle	Long	Price
R248	Razor Back		1.45
SL17	Square Point "D"		1.15
No. 6	Gold Target		1.15
R2UD	Razor Back		1.45
No. 6	(Scoop)		1.45
Furnace	(Scoop)		.70

**SPADES**

GSUD	Razor Back "D"	
Handle		\$1.45
GS48	Razor Back Long	
Handle		1.45
CSL Ladies		1.15

**CHAMPION POTATO SCOOP**

Heavy wire, D Handle	\$2.85
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**SCYTHES**

DUTCH SHAPE GRASS	Best American Grass	\$1.95
	Bush or Brier Scythes	1.80
	Weed Scythes, 24 in.	1.75
YANKEE SHAPE GRASS	Little Giant Dutchman	1.65

**SNATH or SCYTHE HANDLES**

Patented Fasteners	\$1.85
Bush Snath, heavy	1.85

**GRASS HOOKS OR SICKLES**



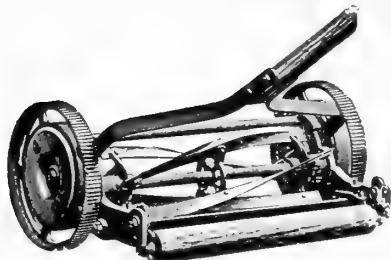
No. K1	\$ .35	No. V35	\$ .75
No. V5	.40	No. V6	.95
No. V4	.45		

BLOODS BRUSH HOOKS.....\$2.35

# QUALITY LAWN MOWERS

All reliable, successful brands on which repairs are always easily obtained.

## LEADER BALL BEARING



4 blades. Very light running. Wheels 9 inches high; self-sharpening; high speed.

14 in. .... \$7.95  
16 in. .... 8.25  
18 in. .... 8.75

## STERLING BALL BEARING

4 blades, 8 in. dia. wheel. 12 in., \$6.30.

## CORNWALL BALL BEARING

5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheel. 14 in., \$7.25.

## GOLDEN ARROW BALL BEARING

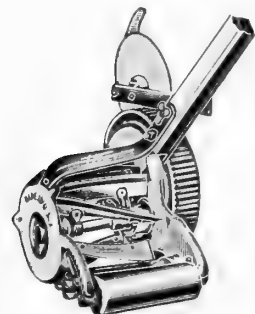
5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheel. 18 in., \$15.00.

**NOBRAKO BALL BEARING**  
5 blades, 10½ inch dia. wheel. 16 in., \$18.00; 18 in., \$19.00.

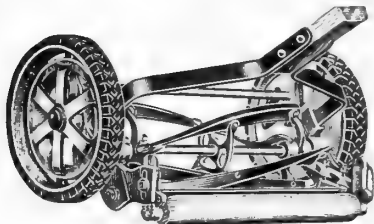
**KING HIGH BALL BEARING**  
5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheel. 14 in., \$17.00; 16 in., \$18.00.

## DIAMOND BALL BEARING TRIMMER

4 blades, 8 in. wheel. 12 in., \$8.00; with edger (illustrated), \$10.00.



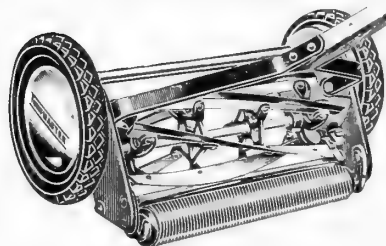
## GLIDE BALL BEARING



Wheels 10 in. diameter, with solid rubber, non-skid tires; ball bearing; 5 heat treated crucible steel blades; 6 in. diameter revolving cutter.

14 in. .... \$10.20  
16 in. .... 10.50

## QUIET TURFMASTER BALL BEARING



Oversize semi-pneumatic rubber tires, rubber roller, chromium hub caps, smart streamline design.

5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheels. 16 in., \$15.00; 18 in., \$16.00.

## AMBASSADOR DELUXE BALL BEARING

5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheel, pneumatic tires. 16 in., \$22.00.

## ECLIPSE MODEL "L" DELUXE

5 blades, semi-pneumatic. 16 in., \$21.00; 18 in., \$22.50.

## ECLIPSE HI-CUT DELUXE

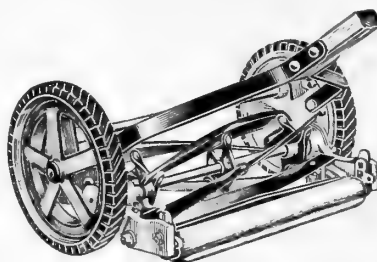
5 blades, semi-pneumatic. 18 in., \$24.00.

## ECLIPSE ADVANCE

5 blades, rib tread tires. 16 in., \$12.50; 18 in., \$13.50.

## ECLIPSE TORPEDO

5 blades, solid rubber tires. 16 in., \$8.00.

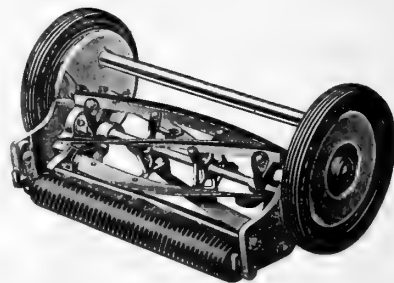


## SPECIAL BALL BEARING

A reliable low priced, light weight, easy running mower. 5 blades, 10 in. dia. wheels, solid rubber tires. 16 in., \$10.20.

## GRASS GROOMER BALL BEARING

An inexpensive, attractive streamlined mower. 5 blades, self-sharpening, 10 in. dia. wheels, semi-pneumatic rubber tires. 16 in., \$13.00; 18 in., \$14.00.



Made of Canvas

No. 0—12 ft. . \$1.40  
No. 1—18 ft. . 1.90  
No. 2—30 ft. . 2.90  
No. 3—50 ft. . 4.75



**SOIL-SOAKER**



## SKINNER SPRAY WAVE SPRINKLER

Waters up to 40x50 ft. (illustrated). \$19.50.

## ROTO-SPRAY

Waters up to 75 ft. diameter on 30 lb. pressure. \$15.75.

## SPRINKLERS



No. 1100. 75c.



No. 5044. 65c.



No. 5040. All brass. \$1.25.



No. 301. 85c.  
**HOSE NOZZLES**  
No. 140 ..... \$ .50  
No. 160 ..... .75  
Delux Flex-Neck... .85



No. 153 ..... \$ .35  
No. 156 (Tulip) ..... .75  
No. 5018 ..... 1.50  
No. 5015 (Illustrated) 1.75

**National**  
**Eezy Wear**  
Garden Gloves



A popular type of glove—for MEN and WOMEN—specially designed for garden wear.

All - Leather  
SOFT AS KID

DIRT-PROOF  
Easy to Wear

Sizes: Small, Medium, Large for Women; Medium and Large for Men, 75c pr.; 2 prs. \$1.40 postpaid.

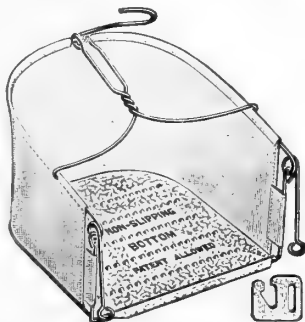
SWAGGERTS—Rubber latex outside, soft fabric inside, white; small, medium, large. 65c pair.  
HANDYMAN—Black Cadet. 65c pair.

**GRASS COLLECTORS**

No. 165. For mowers 16 to 22 inches, painted stripe, square type. \$1.35.

No. 10G. (Illustrated.) Rounded base for mowers 12 to 18 inches, easy emptying handle attached, white. \$1.20.

No. 60. Rounded base for mowers, 12 to 18 inches, white. 85c.



**GRASWIPS**

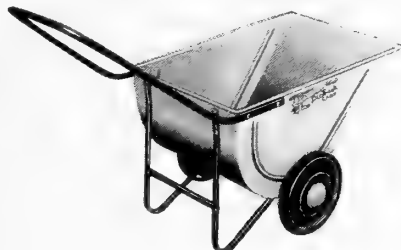
V-165—Double edged detachable blade long handled grass cutter. Use it like a golf club. Cuts rapidly on both the forward and backward swing. 95c.

V-10—Similar to above only riveted steel blade. 65c.

V-70—Riveted steel blade, short handle. 55c.

**PICK-UP GARDEN CART**

Light, strong, welded all-steel body, steel axle and wheels with solid rubber tires. 18 in. wide, 27 in. long; capacity 2 3/4 cubic feet. \$5.75.



**WATER BALLAST  
LAWN ROLLERS**

Equipped with ball bearings and scraper.

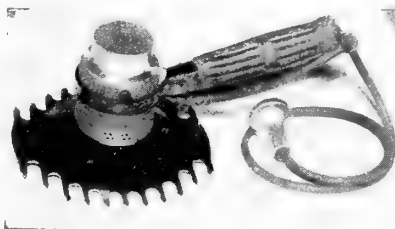


No. 601—14x24, Empty 70 lbs.; Filled 175 lbs. \$10.50  
No. 602—18x24, Empty 85 lbs.; Filled 265 lbs. 12.00  
No. 603—24x24, Empty 110 lbs.; Filled 420 lbs. 15.50  
Plain Bearings—No Scraper  
No. 605—14x24, Empty 68 lbs.; Filled 175 lbs. 9.00

**ÉCLIPSE ROCKET POWER MOWER**



Briggs & Stratton 4 cycle motor, semi-pneumatic tires, 5 blades, self-sharpening, 20 inch cutting width. \$85.00.  
ÉCLIPSE ROCKET HI-CUT POWER MOWER—20 inch cut. \$92.00.  
ÉCLIPSE PARKHOUND POWER MOWER—21 inch cut. \$125.00.  
ÉCLIPSE TORNADO POWER MOWER—Sickle type, 36 inch cut. \$137.50. F. O. B. Factory.



**OK-TRIM  
ELECTRIC  
HEDGE  
TRIMMER**

\$9.50

**GARDEN HOSE**



SURPRISE—Double braid molded, black, 5/8 inch, corrugated. (Pair couplings free) 15c ft.; 25 ft. lengths, \$3.85; 50 ft. lengths, \$7.65.

CORONET—Single braid, black, 5/8 inch, corrugated. (Pair couplings free) 25 ft. lengths, \$2.35.

REMNANTS—Single braid, 5/8 inch, with couplings, 7c ft. Double braid, 5/8 inch, with couplings, 9c ft.

**VICTOR HOSE REELS**

\$2.00



**SPIKE-TAMP**

A wonderful lawn tool for use when seeding or top dressing. For spiking hard areas. Saves money on seed, plant food and water. For use in pulverizing clods in the garden. Perpetually guaranteed against breakage. \$4.75.



# HOTKAPS—An Individual Hothouse for Every Plant!



**HOTKAPS** can make many extra dollars for you this season by assuring you of earlier, bigger crops, and higher early-to-market prices. A patented wax paper cone which completely covers the plant and protects them from frost, rain, wind, ground-crusting and insects.

- 25 Hotkaps with Cardboard Setter.....\$ .50
- 100 Hotkaps with Garden Setter and Tamper..... 2.85
- 250 Hotkaps with Garden Setter and Tamper..... 4.25
- 1000 Hotkaps.....\$11.00 per 1000; 25,000, \$10.25 per 1000
- Steel Hotkap Setter and Tamper.....\$1.60

## MOUNTED GRINDSTONES



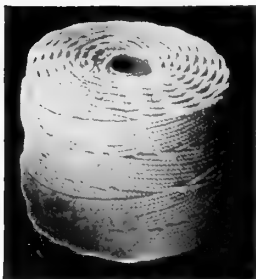
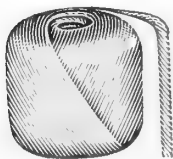
**VICTOR.** Tubular steel frame, adjustable steel seat, treadle type, ballbearing journals and crank attachment. Stone 19 to 22 inches in diameter by 1 3/4 to 2 1/4-in. face. \$10.75.

**WESTERN.** Angular Steel frame, adjustable steel seat and equipped with treadles, ball-bearing, strong and rigid. Stone 19 to 20 inches in diameter by 1 3/4 to 2-inch face. \$8.30.

**KING.** The frame is constructed of tubular steel, very rigid, ball bearing, adjustable seat, and equipped with treadles. Stone is 20-22 inches in diameter by 2-inch face. \$11.50

**CYCLE.** Of angular steel, well braced, with sliding seat, ball-bearing bicycle treadles. Stone is 20-22 inches in diameter by 2-inch face of the best Berea grit. \$10.50

Loose Grindstones, 6c per pound. (40 to 200-lb. stones.)



Asparagus Tape  
Jute Cord  
Cotton Cord  
Hay Rope  
Plow Lines  
Binder Twine  
Fodder Yarn  
PRICES ON REQUEST  
State Quantity Wanted.

## WHEELBARROWS

Substantially made of seasoned wood, firmly bolted and braced.



**No. 1.** Size of body 30 inches long, 24 to 25 inches wide. Sideboards 12 inches high. \$9.00.

**No. 2.** Size of body 28 inches long and 20 to 24 inches wide. Side-boards 12 inches high. \$8.25.

**No. 3.** 26 inches long, 19 to 22 inches wide. Sideboards 12 inches high. \$7.50. **No. 3RTW.** With roller bearing rubber tired wheel, \$14.75.

**No. 4.** Boys' Barrow, body 22 inches long, 15 by 18 inches wide, side-boards 9 inches high. \$6.95.

**No. 67.** Greenhouse size. \$9.50.

**No. 6B.** Steel wheel, wooden body. \$5.00.

**No. 6 1/2.** Wooden Frame, steel wheel. Bed length 27 inches, width 22-inch and 17-inch; 20-inch wheel. \$5.35.

**No. 20**  
Steel Pan, 3 cubic feet capacity. Wooden Handles. \$4.50.



**No. 20RTW**  
With rubber tired wheel. \$7.95.

**No. 17-B**  
Size of tray 32 by 27 inches; capacity 3 1/2 cubic ft. \$8.25.



**No. 25.** All steel, tubular handles, riveted tray, high front to prevent spilling. Specially built for heavy work and rough usage. 3 1/2 cubic ft. capacity. \$8.95.

**No. 25**

**No. 165.** 5 cubic feet capacity. \$10.50.



## LAWNETTE GARDNER

**No. 4.** Easily handled all purpose carrier for lawn, garden and home. Hardwood bolted body of 2 1/2 bu. capacity, roller bearings, two 1 7/16 in. rubber tired disc wheels. \$8.95.



## FELINS VEGETABLE TYING MACHINE

Save Hours of Labor with this Machine.

Bigger and Better Than Ever.

\$75.00



# Planet Jr. Garden Tools

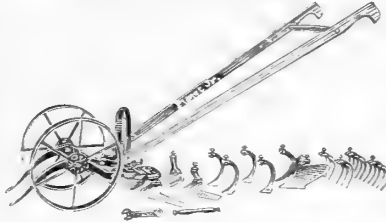
CATALOG  
ON REQUEST

## SEEDER AND CULTIVATOR



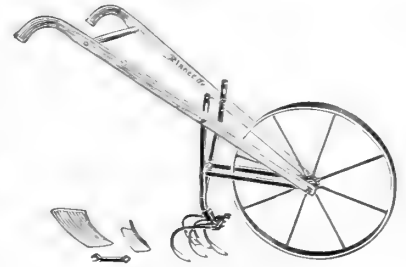
No. 4—(Illustrated.) \$21.00.  
No. 4D—Seeder only. \$16.75.

## DOUBLE WHEEL HOE



No. 11—(Illustrated.) \$16.50.  
No. 12—Same as No. 11, but less the rakes and 4½ inch hoes. \$12.95.  
No. 13—Same as No. 12 but with 6 inch hoes only. \$9.95.

## GARDEN PLOW



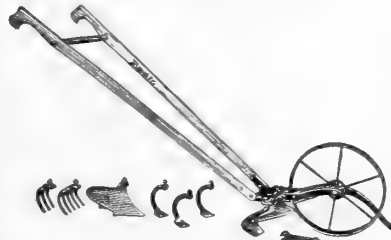
No. 119—Equipment includes a large plow, a scuffle blade and three cultivator teeth. Due to the high center of gravity this tool pushes very easily. \$4.10.

## DRILL SEEDER



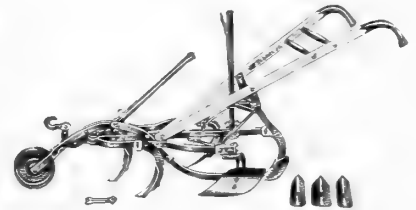
No. 300A—A plate or disc seeder for all seeds from the smallest up to and including peas, beans and corn. Hopper holds four quarts and is removable which makes easy filling and emptying. \$22.75.

## SINGLE WHEEL HOE



No. 16—(Illustrated.) \$10.25.  
No. 17—Is of same construction as No. 16, omitting the two rakes. \$8.95.  
No. 18—Frame and wheel as No. 16 but has for equipment one pair hoes only. \$6.95.

## HORSE HOE



No. 8—(Illustrated.) \$17.50.

## 12 TOOTH HARROW

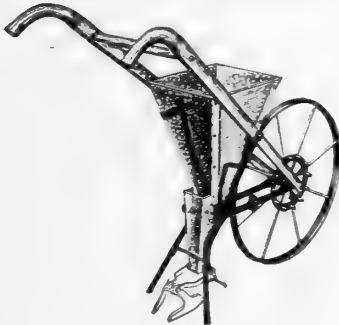


No. 92D—(Illustrated.) Light, but effective cultivator for fine work. Weight 45 lbs. \$10.95.

No. 90D—The fruit, berry and vegetable grower's favorite. Does fine, thorough cultivation. Expands to 32 inches, contracts to 12 inches. Weight 54 lbs. \$12.25.

No. 9D—Same as illustrated, less the depth regulator and steel lever wheel. \$13.75.

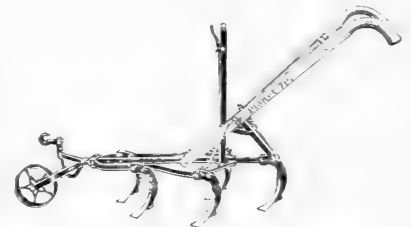
## FERTILIZER DISTRIBUTOR



No. 219—(Illustrated.) Hopper 30 pound capacity, will distribute 100 to 1400 lbs. of commercial fertilizer per acre. \$11.50.

No. 220—Six adjustable spouts spread from 4 to 30 inches. Hopper 1 bu. capacity, will distribute 100 to 2000 lbs. of commercial fertilizer per acre. \$31.50.

## CULTIVATOR



No. 101—(Illustrated.) Weight 51 lbs. \$10.75.

No. 101D—As illustrated, less wheel, weight 44 lbs. \$9.50.

No. 100D—As illustrated, less lever expander and wheel, weight 38 lbs. \$8.75.

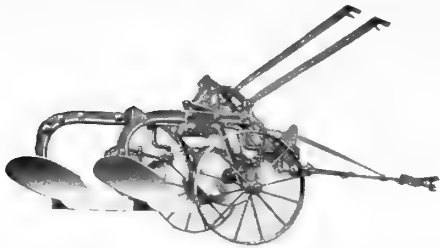
No. 4D—As illustrated, less wheel and lever expander, weight 49 lbs. \$9.50.

No. 9D—As illustrated, less wheel, weight 56 lbs. \$11.75.

## PLANET JR. STEELS

No.	Special Quality, Wear Much Longer	Size	Price
4064	.....	1 x 8	\$ .19
1156	.....	1¼ x 8	.20
2367	.....	1¾ x 8	.21
2368	.....	2¼ x 8	.24
2369	.....	3 x 8	.30
2370	.....	4 x 8	.37
1888	.....	1¼ x 10	.24
1249	.....	1¾ x 10	.25
1199	.....	2¼ x 10	.30
1200	.....	3 x 10	.35
1201	.....	4 x 10	.40

**VULCAN No. 43 TRACTOR PLOW**



Especially adapted for light tractors. Includes No. B-72 Steel Bottoms, combination rolling coulters and jointers, quick detachable shares and adjustable frame for cutting 10, 12 or 14 inch furrows with same plow.  
 2 bottom 10, 12 or 14 in. steel.....\$109.38  
 Rear rolling wheel or landside with short landside for above.....\$8.75

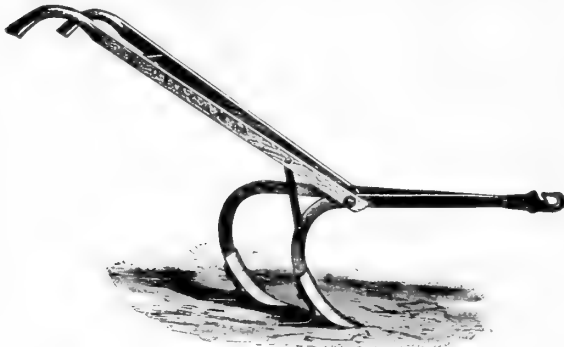
**VULCAN STEEL BEAM CHILLED PLOWS**



Vulcan plows are perfectly balanced and are designed to run steadily with the least amount of labor to the operator and team.

No.	Capacity Inches	Plovs	Mould-boards	Land-sides	Solid Shares	Slip Shares
8N-(A)	5x8	\$13.75	\$2.20	\$.90	\$.45	\$.70
10N	6x10	17.75	3.20	1.15	.60	1.00
13N-(20)	8x13	22.50	4.15	1.45	.80	1.20
16-(40)	8x16	27.50	5.70	1.60	1.65	

**VULCAN STEEL BEAM DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOW**



One of the handiest tools on the farm, not only for light plowing but for rapid cultivation as well. With heel slides. \$8.00.

**SHOVEL PLOWS**

No. 3, Single, with 10 inch blade, \$6.50. No. 2, Malta-Triple, \$9.25.

**BACK BANDS**

Plain G-56	.....	\$ .45
Padded E-56	.....	.55
351-L	.....	.65
DeLux	.....	1.15

**TRACE CHAINS**

Lucky Mule, electric welded.		
7-10-2	.....	\$1.10 pr.
7½-10-2	.....	1.20 pr.

**TIE OUT CHAINS**

20 ft.....	\$ .75 each	30 ft.....	\$.95 each
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**BREAST CHAINS**

26 in.....\$ .85 pair

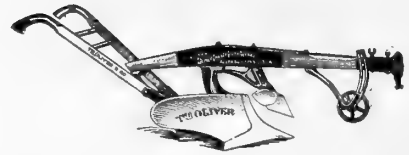
**COW TIES**

4½ ft. Electric Welded.....\$ .50 each

**HALTER CHAINS**

4½ ft.....\$ .35 each

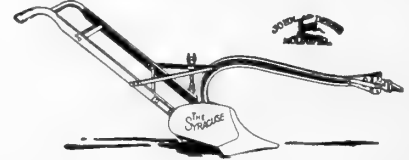
**OLIVER PLOWS AND REPAIRS**



	Stl.Beam Plovs	Wd.Beam Plovs	Mould-boards	Land-sides	Solid Shares	Slip Shares
AC-2	.....\$10.35		\$1.75	\$.70	\$.35	\$.45
BC	.....12.25	\$12.25	2.20	.90	.45	.55
10	.....14.50	14.50	2.50	1.00	.50	.65
13	.....15.85	15.85	3.20	1.15	.60	.75
19	.....16.75	16.75	3.85	1.25	.70	.85
20	.....18.35	18.35	4.10	1.40	.75	.90
E	.....20.95	20.95	4.50	1.50	.90	1.05
40	.....20.95	20.95	4.50	1.50	.90	1.05

SLIP POINTS.....20c

**SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOWS**



Prices quoted are subject to 5% cash discount.

**One-Horse Plovs**

No. 50. Right, wood beam, light, one horse, making furrow 2 to 5 inches deep and 8 to 10 inches wide, \$10.20; with wheel and jointer, \$15.95.

No. 52. Right, wood beam, medium, one horse, making furrow 3 to 5½ inches deep and 9 to 11 inches wide, \$15.40; with wheel and jointer, \$21.20.

No. 53. Right, wood beam, heavy, one horse or light two horse, making furrow 3 to 6 inches deep and 9 to 12 inches wide, \$17.35; with wheel and jointer, \$23.10.

No. 1464. Right, steel beam, \$17.60; with wheel and jointer, \$23.50.

No. 1465. Right steel beam, \$16.25; with wheel and jointer, \$22.10.

**Two-Horse Plovs—Wood Beam**

No. 603. Right, wood beam, light two horse, making furrow 4½ to 6½ inches deep and 10 to 12 inches wide, \$20.65; with wheel and jointer, \$27.15.

No. 602 Right, and No. 502 Left. Wood beam, medium, two horse, making furrow 5 to 7 inches deep and 11 to 14 inches wide, \$21.75; with wheel and jointer, \$28.25.

No. 601 Right, and No. 501 Left. Wood beam, heavy, two horse or light three horse, making furrow 5½ to 8 inches deep and 12 to 16 inches wide, \$23.10; with wheel and jointer, \$29.60.

**Two-Horse Plovs—Steel Beam**

No. 1462 Right, and No. 1362 Left. Steel beam, similar to No. 602 wood beam plow, \$21.75; with wheel and jointer, \$27.60.

No. 1461 Right, and No. 1361 Left. Steel beam, making furrow 5 to 8 inches deep and 12 to 16 inches wide, \$23.10; with wheel and jointer, \$29.00.

**SYRACUSE REPAIRS**

	Mould-boards	Land-sides	Solid Shares	Slip Shares
50	.....\$2.37	\$.72	\$.50	\$.65
53	.....3.25	.94	.66	.81
603	.....3.58	1.10	.61	.76
602	.....4.02	1.20	.65	.80
601	.....4.18	1.30	.75	.90
1462	.....4.02	1.20	.65	.80
1461	.....4.18	1.30	.75	.90

SLIP POINTS.....20c

**SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES**

Single, 2 hooks, 26 inch 65c; 28 inch 70c.  
 Single, 3 hooks, 26 inch 70c; 28 inch 75c.  
 Double, 36 inch \$1.10; 40 inch \$1.40.  
 Neck Yoke, 40 inch \$1.40.

## STEEL LAND ROLLERS



Drums of Heavy Tank Steel. Angle Steel Tops—Angles 3x3x5/16 inches—Extra Strong. Axles—1½-inch Round Steel. Closed Pressed Steel Heads. Hardwood Boxings—Acknowledged by all to be the best. Tractor or Horse Hitch.

No. 102½	—8 ft., 2 sec., 26 in. diameter; 550 lbs.	.....	\$50.00
No. 103½	—8 ft., 3 sec., 26 in. diameter; 600 lbs.	.....	53.50
No. 105½	—8 ft., 2 sec., 24 in. diameter; 510 lbs.	.....	48.00
No. 106½	—8 ft., 3 sec., 24 in. diameter; 535 lbs.	.....	50.00
No. 120½	—9 ft., 3 sec., 24 in. diameter; 585 lbs.	.....	54.50
No. 118½	—4¾ ft., 2 sec., 24 in. diameter; 370 lbs.	.....	44.50

Extra for Eveners, \$2.75.

## BUCH SOIL PULVERIZER



Simple in construction. Strong rigid frame. Angles—2½x3x5/16 inches with Heavy Cast Hangers, 1½-inch Axle. Inclosed Dust-Proof Wood Bearings with Hard Oil Cups.

Solid one-piece Discs 4-inch face, 15-inch front, 12-inch rear. Pulverizer so constructed that Discs must alternate and impossible to get out of alignment. End Discs closed to keep out stones and dirt.

With our Trailer Arm, both front and rear Gang work independent. No division of weight, both front and rear gang pulverizing the soil under all conditions in uneven ground. This feature makes our pulverizer light in draft.

No.	Length	Rolling Capacity	Weight	Price
625	6 ft.	62 inch	800	\$76.00
626	7 ft.	74 inch	900	78.00
627	8 ft.	84 inch	1000	81.00
628	9 ft.	98 inch	1100	92.00
630	11 ft.	122 inch	1350	117.00

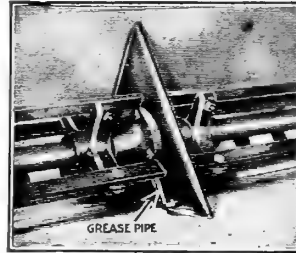
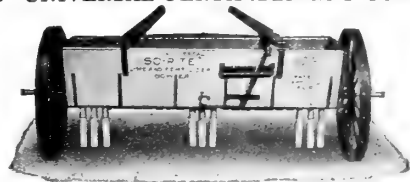
Foretruck, \$11.25; Eveners, \$2.75; Tractor Hitch in addition to Pole and Seat, Extra \$3.00.

## DRAG SCOOPS



No. 1,	100 lbs.,	\$9.95
No. 2,	90 lbs.,	9.50
No. 3,	80 lbs.,	8.95

## "SO-RITE" UNIVERSAL FERTILIZER AND LIME SOWERS



Interior View of Hopper



Bottom View of Outlet

No Belts to Replace

As a Fertilizer Drill—Rubber spouts are attachable to any desired points three inches apart under the entire machine; adjustable to any width rows. The quantity to be sowed is regulated by adjustment of lever on back of machine.

As a Broadcaster—Remove all stoppers and spouts.

Width	No. Spouts	Weight	Price
3 ft. 1-Horse	6	225 lbs.	\$43.50
6 ft. 1-Horse	9	325 lbs.	63.00
7 ft. 1-Horse	9	350 lbs.	68.50
8 ft. 1-Horse	9	375 lbs.	74.00
9 ft. 2-Horse	9	400 lbs.	79.50
10 ft. 2-Horse	9	425 lbs.	85.00

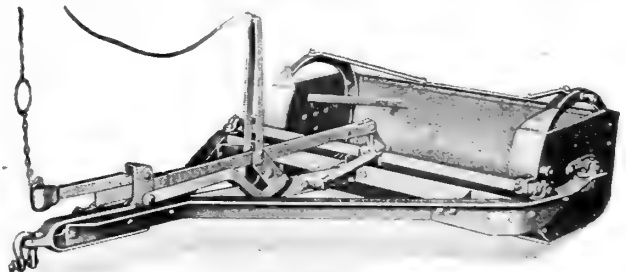
Extra Spouts Complete 90c Each

## RODERICK LEAN WALKING WEEDER



7½ ft., 39 teeth	.....	\$13.44
Runners additional if desired	.....	1.38

## RODERICK LEAN REVOLVING TRACTOR SCRAPER

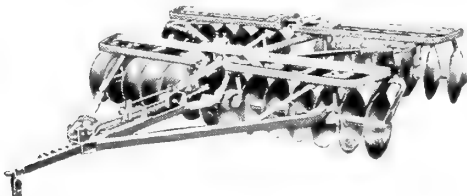


SPEED — ECONOMY — EFFICIENCY for Quicker, Cheaper Dirt Moving

Automatic Operation—Tractor does the work. Strong Construction—Bowl revolves freely.

No.	Capacity	Cuts	Weight	Price
4RC	¾ yd.	4 ft.	635 lbs.	\$128.75
5RC	¾ yd.	5 ft.	685 lbs.	136.88

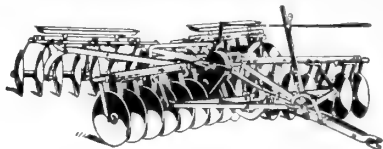
**RODERICK LEAN "SPEEDISK"  
AUTOMATIC TRACTOR DISC HARROW**



Equipped with scrapers, round disc blades, front and rear weight frames, special rear gang angling lever, gang bolt 1 1/8 inch, all discs spaced 7 3/8 inches.

Discs	Diameter	Width	Weight	Price
20.....	16 in.	6 ft	881 lbs.	\$137.50
24.....	16 in.	7 ft.	986 lbs.	156.25
28.....	16 in.	8 1/4 ft.	1056 lbs.	168.75
28.....	18 in.	8 1/4 ft.	1126 lbs.	179.25

**J. I. CASE POWER CONTROL DISK HARROWS**



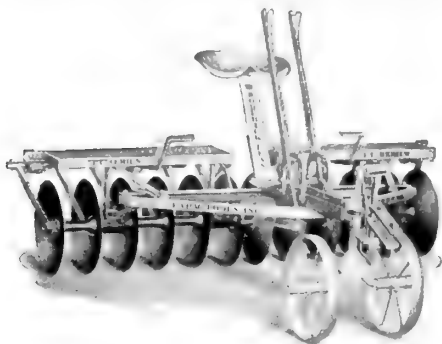
**Double Cut**

No. 76, 6 ft., 24 16-inch disks .....	\$133.00
No. 77, 7 ft., 28 16-inch disks .....	145.00
No. 78, 7 ft., 28 18-inch disks .....	155.00

**Single Cut**

No. 78S, 8 ft., 16 16-inch disks.....	\$85.00
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**RODERICK LEAN "FT" SERIES DISC HARROWS  
WITH DOUBLE WHEEL FORETRUCK**



Electric heat treated round discs; flexible center foot pressure lever replaces unhandy third lever. Furnished with oscillating scrapers and with weight pans. No neckyoke, pole or pole irons.

No.	Discs	Diam.	Hitch	Width	Weight	Price
FT-416....	8	16	2HH	4 ft.	378 lbs.	\$59.38
FT-516....	10	16	2HH	5 ft.	403 lbs.	63.75
FT-616....	12	16	3HH	6 ft.	465 lbs.	69.38

**ROYAL GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDER**

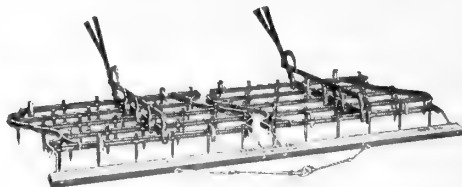


Easily sows 40 acres a day. Broadcast this sure way and save seed.

No. 11, 14 ft. single hopper, chain feed, hopper capacity 1/2 bu., \$19.50; No. 11, 16 ft., \$20.50.

No. 10, 10 ft. double hopper, chain feed, for all grass seeds, grain, cowpeas and soybeans, hopper capacity 1 bu., \$22.00.

**RODERICK LEAN SPIKE TOOTH HARROWS  
"VO" LEVER HARROW**



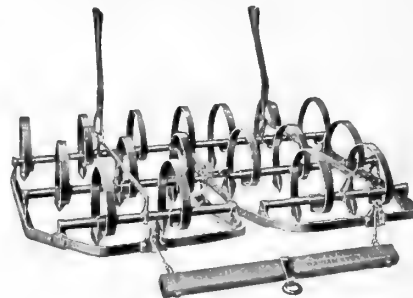
Diamond teeth, 5-bar guarded end adjusted lever. 25 tooth section, no drawbar, 3 1/2 ft. cut, weight 77 lbs. \$9.13.

30 tooth section, no drawbar, 4 1/2 ft. cut, weight 88 lbs. \$10.69.

No. 14VO—50 teeth, two section, with drawbar, 7 1/2 ft. cut, weight 172 lbs. \$20.63.

No. 15VO—60 teeth, two section, with drawbar, 9 ft. cut, weight 197 lbs. \$23.69.

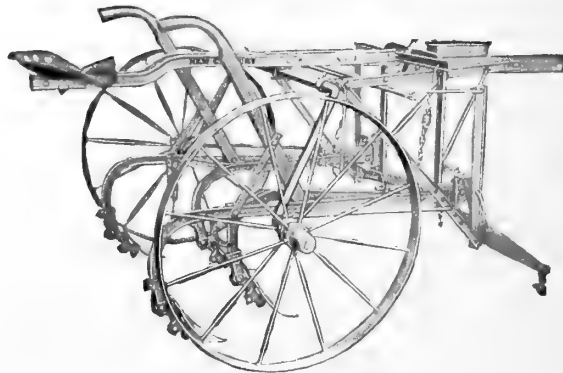
**RODERICK LEAN SPRING TOOTH HARROWS  
ALL STEEL—"SPB" SERIES**



PIPE BAR—Adjusting Lever—Low Frame—Adjustable Teeth—One Short Center Runner.

No.	Teeth	Section	Weight	Price
5SPB.....	15	2	236 lbs.	\$27.88
7SPB.....	17	2	256 lbs.	29.56
23SPB.....	23	3	370 lbs.	41.75

**RODERICK LEAN No. 3 IMPROVED NEW CENTURY  
LEVERLESS CULTIVATOR**

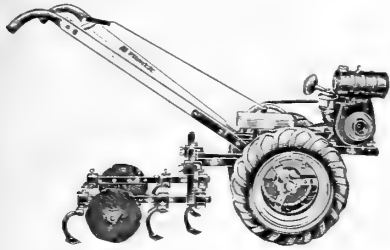


Staggered Spoke, 34 inch Wheel

Shovels		Weight	Price
4	Pin Break, 320 H Gang.....	312 lbs.	\$50.00
4	Spring Break, 320 H Gang.....	328 lbs.	53.75
6	Pin Break, 321 H Gang.....	331 lbs.	53.13
6	Spring Break, 321 H Gang.....	363 lbs.	61.38

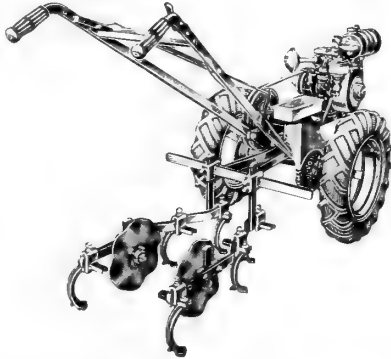
**PLANET JR. TRACTORS**

Economical for Garden or Lawn. Powered by Briggs and Stratton Motor. Seeder, lawn mower, field mower attachments available for all models. 6 inch plow and 24 inch disc harrow attachment available for B-1 model.



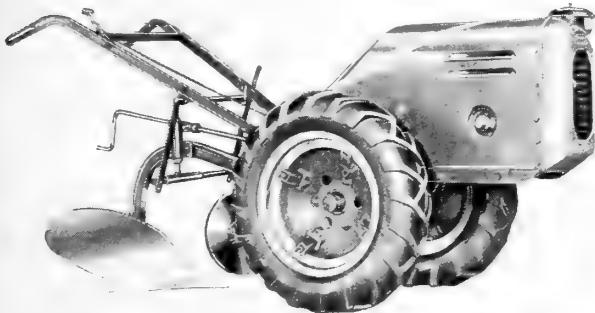
**A-1. 1 H. P.**  
Complete with cultivator gang and 6 No. 4183 teeth. \$135.00.

**B-1. 1½ H. P.**  
Complete with cultivator gang and 6 No. 9509X teeth. \$157.50.



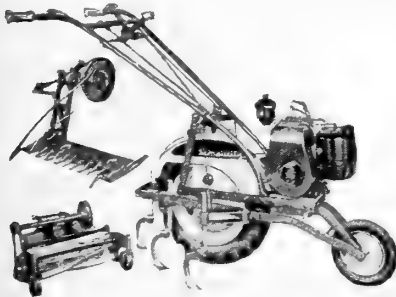
**SIMPLICITY GARDEN TRACTOR**

Powered by 3 H. P. Briggs and Stratton Motor.



**MODEL C—TRACTOR ONLY (\$275.00 December, 1941)**

8 in. plow, 42 in. sickle mower, 1, 2 or 3 row cultivator, 7 tooth spring harrow, 15 tooth spike harrow, six 14 in. disc harrow, 1, 2 or 3 row seeder attachments available. Tool carriage extra. (1942 prices on application.)



**SIMPLICITY MODEL A—1 H. P. TRACTOR ONLY \$89.50**

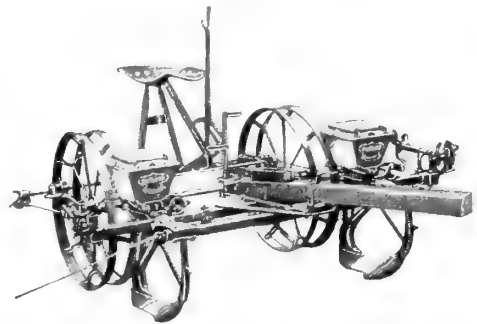
- 24 in. Sickle Bar Attachment \$35.75
- 30 in. Sickle Bar Attachment 40.50
- 19 in. Rotary Mower ..... 42.50
- 1 Row Cultivator Rubber Tire 19.50

**NEW IDEA TRANSPLANTER**

No. 5 with regular 5 inch furrow opener, 2 horse hitch, neckyoke and press wheels; weight 689 lbs. \$126.25.

No. 5 same as above but with deep 8 inch furrow opener instead of regular; weight 695 lbs. \$131.25.

**HAYES No. 26 2-WHEEL CORN PLANTER**



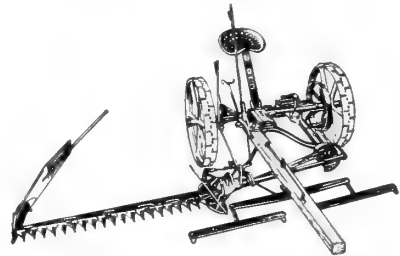
For Horse Drawn Operation  
Round or Stub Runners, Std. Adj.

30 in., less drill, weight 520 lbs. \$88.44.

30 in., with drill, weight 537 lbs. \$91.56.

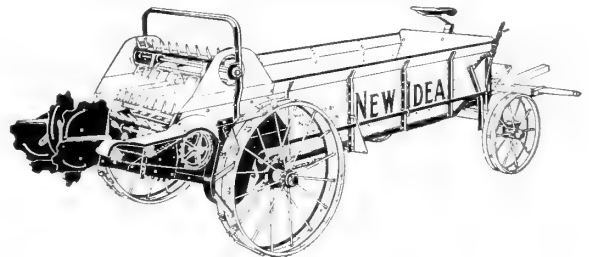
**No. 26 FERTILIZER ATTACHMENT—Two wheel.** Weight 100 lbs. \$31.25.

**J. I. CASE MOWERS**



**No. 55, 5 ft. cut, plain lift, final drive gears running in oil** ..... \$105.00

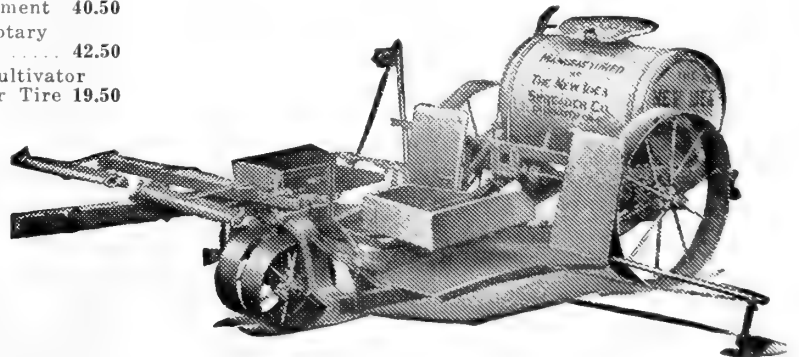
**NEW IDEA MANURE SPREADER**



Let the spreader earn you profits. A New Idea Spreader will enable you to get the full worth out of your manure. Four different and positive conveyor speeds which enable the operator to spread just as thin or as heavy as the soil requires. Capacity 60-65 bushels.

**No. 10 with oil gun, two horse hitch and neckyoke. \$197.50.**

Lime Spreader Attachment for No. 10, \$32.50.



**BLOOD TESTED  
FOR B. W. D.  
BY  
ANTIGEN METHOD**

# MANNS' Quality-Bred CHICKS



**WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY**

## 100% LIVE VIGOROUS CHICKS

With Profit Producing Characteristics Bred Into Them



### MAIL ORDERS

It is very important that you let us have your order as early as possible. Just as soon as you have read this page is the very best time. You can in this way specify a definite delivery date and we can serve you direct from the hatchery with strong chicks full of vitality. Should there be a decline in the market price of chicks, we will make an adjustment to equal the reduction.

Customers not having charge accounts with us are requested to send at least one-fourth of the price when placing orders; remittance for balance to reach us before shipment is made. No chicks sent C.O.D. No orders accepted for less than 25 chicks of any one variety.

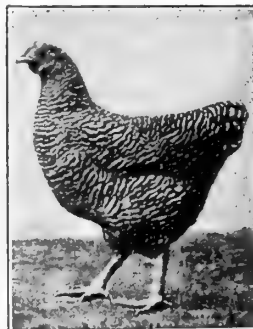
### DELIVERIES

Chicks are forwarded postpaid and brief instructions are sent with each order, suggesting best methods of care and feeding. Be prepared; see that hovers are in good condition, and have a ready supply of grit, charcoal and Buttermilk Starting Feed.

Please Note—Inspect chicks immediately upon arrival. If full count live chicks are not received, have postman sign a statement showing number dead, mail this to us and a satisfactory adjustment will be made.



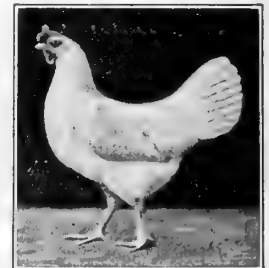
White Wyandotte



Barred Plymouth Rock



Rhode Island Red



White Leghorn

Manns' chicks are produced from hand selected, Blood-Tested, hens mated to large, true-to-type Blood-Tested, well bred cockerels. These breeders are continually culled for egg production and vigor to insure you of chicks that will not only live, but will grow uniformly, rapidly and profitably for meat or egg production. Upon maturity you will have strong and healthy pullets capable of making money.

Only standard size or larger eggs are set, and all chicks are graded before shipment.

All Leghorns are hatched from outstanding two to five year old hens.

These SUPERIOR Chicks are offered at moderate prices and are available every week in the year.

### CROSS BREEDS

Our Barred Crosses have exceptional vitality, livability, growth and egg producing qualities. Cross-Breeding produces vigor.

### SPECIAL MATINGS

15c each; \$13.75 per 100.

In White Leghorns, New Hampshires, R. I. Reds, Barred Rocks and White Rocks we offer chicks produced from special matings. Stock from nationally known breeders is used for the production of these famous chicks. Only extra large eggs are set. A real special mating that enables you to obtain these blood lines economically and without the risks of distant shipment. They are capable of outstanding growth and unusually good egg production. We know they are as fine as any Special Mating chicks offered even at much higher prices.

### PRICES EFFECTIVE UNTIL APRIL 20th

Barred Rocks	
Rhode Island Reds	
White Leghorns (Large)	<b>\$10.50 Per 100</b>
White Rocks	
White Wyandottes	
Barred Crosses	
Buff Orpingtons	<b>\$11.00 Per 100</b>
New Hampshire Reds	
White Crosses	<b>\$12.00 Per 100</b>
White Giants	

Less than 100 lots add 1c each.

Order Early—You will be given full benefit of any reduction in prices until shipping date.

### DUCKS

WHITE PEKIN DUCKS are the largest type, fastest growing obtainable. Hatched in special incubators they are 100% perfect. 20c each; \$17.50 per 100.

### TURKEY POULTS

MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS from well bred, Blood-Tested stock. All eggs purchased from farms specializing in Turkey breeding. Their livability and vigor will surprise you. 55c each.

FOR ECONOMY  
Give Your Chicks The Best  
**FEED THEM**  
**Conkeys**

(The Original)



Let Us Quote

YO STARTING FEED  
YO TURKEY MASH  
YO BROILER MASH  
YO GROWING MASH  
YO EGG MASH  
RED SEAL GROWING MASH  
CHICK GRAINS

GROWING GRAINS  
SCRATCH  
SUPERIOR SCRATCH  
CRACKED CORN  
WHOLE CORN  
PIGEON FEED  
RABBIT FEED

**CONKEYS Y-O**

1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$5.45; 50 lbs., \$9.25; 100 lbs., \$15.50.

**CONKEYS POULTRY REMEDIES**



**Be Prepared**

Keep A  
"Conkey  
Corner"  
In Your  
Poultry  
House

**OLD RELIABLE POWDER**

(Formerly Conkeys Roup Remedy)  
Oz., 25c; 2½ oz., 50c; 7 oz., \$1.00

**DIA TABBS**

25 Tablets, 25c; 55 Tablets, 50c; 125 Tablets, \$1.00

**NOXICIDE**

Powerful disinfectant and germicide  
Pt., 40c; qt., 60c; ½ gal., 90c; gal., \$1.50

**POULTRY TONIC**

1½ lbs., 25c; 3½ lbs., 50c; 6½ lbs., \$1.00; 12-lb. pail, \$1.90;  
25 lbs., \$3.10

**STOCK TONIC**

Lb., 25c; 2¼ lbs., 50c; 6 lbs., \$1.00

**COLD PILLS**

75 pills, 35c; 175 pills, 75c; 500 pills, \$1.75

**100 TO 1 POWDER**

4 oz., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00

**LICE POWDER**

12 oz., 25c; 6 lbs., \$1.50

**POULTRY WORM POWDER**

4 oz., 30c

**PIC-END BITTERS**

(Anti-Cannibalistic Paste)  
2¾ oz., 25c

**INHALENT**

Soothing aid for mucous membranes of mouth, throat,  
nostrils. 4 oz., 65c.

**DOG FOODS**

**CONKEYS Y-O DOG RATION**—Contains yeast and  
cod liver oil.

**PERFECTION**—A well balanced dog food containing  
meat and cereal plus the proper vitamins and minerals.

1 lb., 10c                      25 lbs., \$1.75  
5 lbs., 40c                     100 lbs., 6.50

**AVICOL** For White  
Diarrhea  
Stops Chicks Dying

Avicol is positively guaranteed for both prevention and  
treatment. Easy to give. Simply drop it in the drinking  
water. 60 tablets, 50c; 180 tablets, \$1.00.

**"T. S. F."** Kills Chicken Lice

This is the method endorsed by the U. S. Department of  
Agriculture for killing all poultry lice. ½ lb., 35c; lb., 60c.

**DONSUNG** Makes HENS LAY  
GUARANTEED

A wonderful tonic that makes chickens healthy, keeps them  
developing, and gets the eggs. 45 tablets, 50c; 135 tablets,  
\$1.00.

The sure way to treat Colds,  
Roup and Canker. Used and  
endorsed by leading poultrymen  
everywhere. 3 oz., 50c; 8 oz.,  
\$1.00.

**Group-Over**

**"BLACK LEAF" WORM POWDER**

Mixed with mash for flock treatment of round worms.  
4 oz., 100 birds ..... 75c      1½ lbs., 600 birds ..... \$3.00  
3 lbs., 1200 birds ..... \$5.60

**TOXITE**

Disease Control Spray—Controls poultry Coccidiosis, Round  
Worms and Red Mites which are transmitted by contami-  
nated litter. Qt., 50c; gal., \$1.50.

**LEE'S POULTRY REMEDIES**



Germozone three  
times a week in the  
drink destroys disease  
germs taken in with  
the food or water.  
Corrects diarrhea;  
also recommended for  
Roup, Colds, Canker,  
Swelled Head, etc.  
12 oz., 75c; 32 oz.,  
\$1.50; ½ gal., \$2.50;  
gal., \$4.50.

A Triple Combination  
Worm Medicine  
containing Kamala  
(for Tape Worms),  
Nicotine Sulphate  
(for Round Worms)  
and Pyrethrum (for  
Pin Worms), all in  
an Insoluble Capsule.

	50	100
Adult ..	.75	\$1.25
Pullet ..	.50	1.00
Chick ..	.40	.75



**ACIDOX**

An acid preparation for the control of Coccidiosis. 12  
oz., \$1.00.

**LIQUID DIP**

Disinfectant—Qt., 60c; ½ gal., 90c; gal., \$1.50.

**TONAX**

Tonic and Conditioner—2 lbs., 75c.

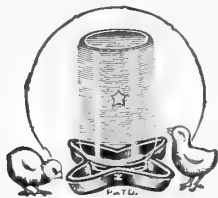
**VAPO-SPRAY**

An effective medicine for colds, coughs, flu and pneumonia,  
at the first cough, treat the entire flock. Qt., 75c; ½ gal.,  
\$1.25; gal., \$2.00.

**LEEMULSION**

An effective companion of Vapo-Spray is stirred in the  
drinking water and acts exactly as a cough medicine does on  
humans. 12 oz., \$1.00; 32 oz., \$2.00; ½ gal., \$3.50.

**STAR FOUNTAIN AND FEEDER**



Made of a single piece of rust-resisting metal. No solder, no seams, no loose parts. Suitable for feed as well as water. Fits any Mason jar.

(Glass jar not included)

- No. 32.....\$ .10
- No. 144—Tin plate..... .10
- No. CG6—Crystal..... .15

**REEL TOP FEEDER**



Broiler Feeder, 3 adjustments, galv. iron, adjustable legs.

- No. 257S—Length 36 inches.....\$1.40
- No. 258S—Length 48 inches..... 1.70

Chick Feeder, 4 adjustments, galv. iron.

- No. 292—Length 36 inches.....\$ .65
- No. 294—Length 48 inches..... .85

**DIXIE CHICK FEEDER**



The deep, half-round troughs have a turned-in flange to prevent waste. Easy to fill and clean.

The wire top guard keeps the chicks out, and is adjustable.

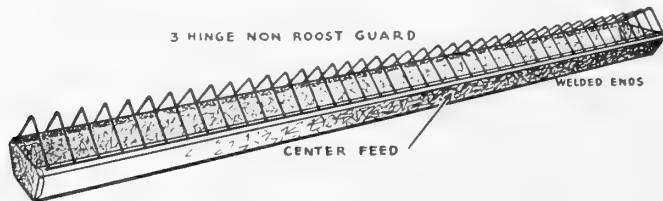
Galvanized Steel

- No. 460—Length 18 inches.....\$ .20

**ROUND CHICK FEEDER**

- No. 11— 8 holes.....\$ .15
- No. 12—12 holes..... .20

3 HINGE NON ROOST GUARD



CENTER FEED

**CHICK FEEDERS AND WATERERS**

F2-G—Designed for day old chicks to eight weeks. 4 inches wide, 2 inches high, 28 inches long, weight 2 lbs. 40c

**REEL GUARD FEEDER**

Galvanized, one piece, square bottom with tapered sides.

- F1—18 inch.....\$ .20
- F2—24 inch..... .30
- F7—48 inch..... 1.05

**GRILL TOP CHICK FEEDER**



Has a hinged wire roost proof grill, galv. steel trough 4 1/4 in. wide by 2 1/4 in. deep with turned in edges to prevent waste. Adjustable legs.

- No. 311S—Length 36 inches.....\$1.20
- No. 312S—Length 48 inches..... 1.40

**BROILER FEEDER**

- No. 250S—Length, 36 inches.....\$1.50

**REEL TOP CHICK FEEDER**

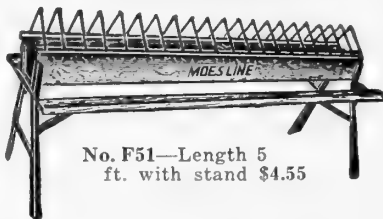
- No. 335—Length 12 inches.....\$ .18
- No. 336—Length 18 inches..... .25
- No. 337—Length 24 inches..... .30
- No. 338—Length 30 inches..... .38
- No. F14—Length 40 inches..... .50

**LEADER CHICK FEEDER**



- No. 520—Length 13 inches, 16 holes \$ .18

**FLOCK FEEDER**



- No. F51—Length 5 ft. with stand \$4.55

**GROWING FEEDERS**

Model	Length	Grid Spacing	
F-3	30 in.	1 1/2 in.	\$1.00
F-4	48 in.	1 1/2 in.	1.60
F-40	40 in.	2 1/2 in.	1.30
F-4-D	48 in.	2 1/2 in.	1.75

No. F62G—Length 60 inches; grid spacing 2 1/2 inches; with Galvanized Iron Legs, \$2.50.

**GRIT BOXES**

Economical and practical for feeding grit, shells, etc.

Thoroughly well made, no solder used in their construction.

- No. 9—3 Compartments.....\$1.10

- No. G12—12 inch, one compartment..... 1.15



**INDIVIDUAL LAYING CAGE**

- No. B311.....\$1.40

**SPIRAL BANDS.** Available in ten colors.

Size	Per 100
1/4 inch.....	\$ .20
3/8 inch.....	.25
9/16 inch.....	.40
11/16 inch.....	.45
3/4 inch.....	.50



**POULTRY PUNCHES**

- No. 38—Standard.....\$ .20
- No. 39—Scissor type..... .35

**FEEDER AND WATERER**



W-5—14 in. dia., 4 1/4 in. high, 10 qt. capacity. \$1.15.

W-6—16 in. dia., 4 1/2 in. high, 16 qt. capacity. \$1.60.

**"LAWN PARK" BROOD COOPS**



Size when extended, 18 inches wide, 19 1/2 inches high, and 48 inches long. Not available. \$3.95.

**K-R-O**  
Kills Rats Only

Not a poison, will not kill livestock, dogs, cats or poultry.

- 2 oz. (Mix with 2 lbs. bait).....\$ .75
- Ready Mixed—6 oz..... .35



**FOUNTAINS**



No. 268

- No. 530—1 gal. . . . . \$ .45
- No. 268T—1½ gal., with stand . . . . . 1.80
- No. 270T—5 gal., with stand . . . . . 2.95
- W2—4 qt. . . . . .60    W3—8 qt. . . . . .95

**FLOAT FOUNTAINS**

- No. W13—2½ gal. . . . . \$1.75
- No. W14—5 gal. . . . . 2.65
- No. W15—8 gal. . . . . 3.95
- No. S24—Stands for above extra . . . . . 1.85

**TOP FILL FOUNTAINS**



- No. W22S—2 gal., with stand . . . . . \$1.60
- No. W23—3 gal. . . . . 1.85
- No. W25S—5 gal., with stand . . . . . 2.90
- No. W28—8 gal. . . . . 3.40
- S92—Low stand for 3 gal. . . . . .20
- S28—Medium stand for 8 gal. . . . . .40

**GALVANIZED CAPS**

- No. N14—4 in. . . . . \$ .30
- No. N15—5 in. . . . . .30
- No. N19—5 in. revolving . . . . . .65

**GALVANIZED PIPE**

- 4 in. 2 ft. lengths . \$ .25
- 5 in. 2 ft. lengths . .30

**GALVANIZED ELBOWS**

- 4 inch . . . . . \$ .25
- 5 inch . . . . . .30

**ROOF SADDLE ADJUSTABLE**

- No. 440—4 inch . \$1.70
- No. 441—5 inch . 1.75
- N5—5 inch . . . . . 1.70
- Non-adjustable
- N12—4 inch . . . . . .60
- N13—5 inch . . . . . .60



**DELLINGER HAMMER MILLS**

No. 80 \$99.50



These highly efficient yet inexpensive mills are constructed of substantial plate steel; electrically welded throughout; equipped with S-K-F double row self-aligning ball bearings, reversible swinging hammers with four cutting edges; Rockwood Pulley.

Has 12 inch feed opening, low, wide tapered feed table with adjustable slide to regulate flow of grain.

Horsepower required 10 to 30. Cylinder 10 in. wide, 21 in. dia. Screen area 287 sq. inches. 4 in by 8 in. pulley. Fan on main shaft. Shipping weight 500 lbs.

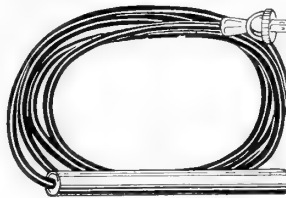
LET US QUOTE LARGER SIZES

**AUTOMATIC FOUNTAIN**



No. 30—Automatic Valve and Float only . . . . . \$1.15

**ELECTRIC WATER HEATER**



No. 11 . . . . . \$1.75

**FOUNTAIN AND BROODER HEATER**

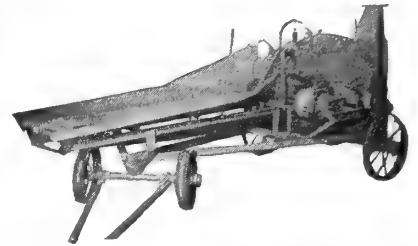


Can be used with all styles of fountains, and effectively prevents water from freezing. It is also an excellent heater for small brooders.

- No. W9H—(Illustrated) . . . . . \$2.00
- No. 426—Without top . . . . . 1.95
- No. 428—Without top . . . . . 2.25

**DELLINGER COMBINATION HAY CHOPPER AND SILO FILLER**

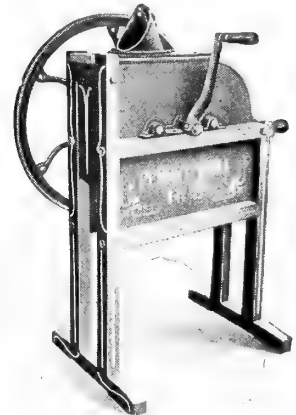
No. 3C \$416.00



Price includes complete machine with steel self-feed table including finger feed roll mounted on four-wheel steel truck, thirty feet of blower pipe, deflector for top of pipe, tilting connection, two lengths curved pipe and an extra set of cutting knives.

Size of throat, 13 in by 8 in. Four knives. Capacity 4 to 6 tons per hour. Horsepower required 10 to 20. Lengths of cut in inches with standard knife equipment: 3/16, 5/16, 1/2, 3/4. 14 in. by 7 in. pulley. Speed 650 to 850 R.P.M. Shipping weight 1900 lbs.

**BUCH CORN SHELLER**



No. 3—(Illustrated) . . . . . \$17.95

**RED CHIEF HAND CORN SHELLER**  
\$2.25

**RED CHIEF RAPID GRINDING MILL**



- No. 1—For small poultry raisers. Capacity 1 to 2 bushels per hour. \$3.95.
- No. 2—Capacity 2 to 3 bushels per hour. \$5.25.
- No. 5—Capacity 2 to 4 bushels per hour. \$7.25.
- No. 10—(Illustrated.) Capacity 2 to 4 bushels per hour. \$8.95.



## Poultry Waterer

Ten gallon capacity, Kerosene or Electric Heated, with perch and legs.

No. L10—Fountain only. \$5.40.

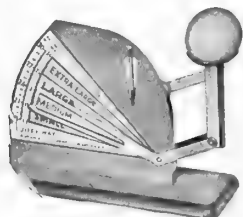
No. L10HB—With single burner flueless lamp, weight 31 pounds. \$11.65.

No. L10EB—Base insulated and ready to receive electric light socket, weight 30 pounds. \$12.00.

## Fountain and Heater

W25HS—5 gal., with stand \$6.40  
W15HS—8 gal., with stand. 7.90

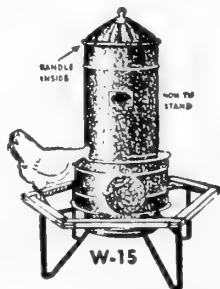
## Egg Grading Scales



No. 517 . . . . . \$1.50



No. 168 . . . . . \$1.60



## Egg Candler



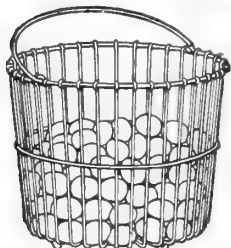
No. 700

No. 700—Complete including cord, socket and bulb for 110 voltage. \$1.40

## Wire Egg Baskets

Heavy galvanized wire, electrically welded, capacity 12 to 15 dozen.

No. 44 . . . . . \$ .95

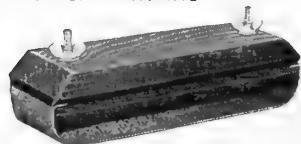


PATENT PENDING

## Egg Cleaners

No. 13 . . . . . \$ .35

No. 14—10 ft. Cleaning Cloth . . . . . .80

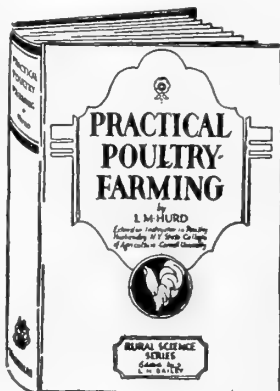


No. 13

## China Nest Eggs

White opal glass, natural in appearance, and uniform in sizes. 30c dozen.

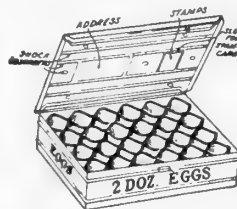
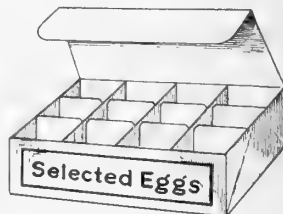
**PRACTICAL POULTRY FARMING**, by L. M. Hurd. Here are practical, useful, and money-making ideas on raising poultry for profit. Complete in every detail. The only book which tells the vitamin content of poultry feeds. 149 illustrations, 405 pages. \$2.50.



812A

## Egg Cartons

These pasteboard egg cartons are just the thing for safely and quickly packing eggs in one dozen lots for delivery to your retail customers. The appearance and convenience of the package will increase your sales. 12c doz.; \$1.10 per 125; \$1.85 per carton of 250; \$6.85 per 1000 (weight 27 lbs.). Postage extra.



1-dozen size . . . . .	\$1.00	6-dozen size . . . . .	\$2.50
2-dozen size . . . . .	1.50	9-dozen size . . . . .	3.25
3-dozen size . . . . .	1.75	12-dozen size . . . . .	4.00
4-dozen size . . . . .	2.00	15-dozen size . . . . .	4.75

Postage Extra

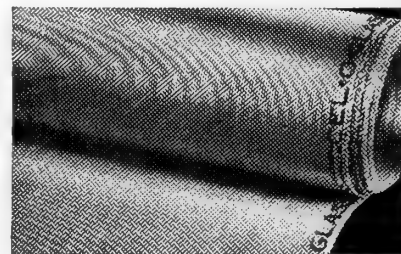


## EGG PRESERVATIVE

Mix 1 part with 9 parts of water. Qt., 30c; gal., \$1.00.

## CEL-O-GLASS

Now guaranteed for 5 years. Unbreakable weather proof, transmits violet rays (Glass does not). Ideal for poultry house, fronts, windows, and doors, and many other uses. Standard Roll, 36 inches wide, 100 feet long, 36c per running foot.



## VIO-RAY WINDOW FABRIC

Scientifically processed white cloth, thin enough to admit violet rays, and yet strong enough for all weather. Sq. yd., 30c; 10 sq. yds. or more, 27c.

## R-V-LITE VITAPANE

36 inches wide . . . . . 18c lineal foot

## Poultry and Produce Scale

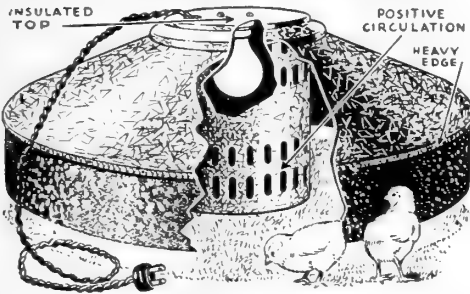
No. 812A—Capacity 20 pounds by ounces; adjusted by set screw at top, 6½-inch dial; figures in black on white enamel. Finish Black Japan and decorated in gold. Heavy galvanized scoop and chains. Height overall 28½ inches. Scoop 18 by 14 inches. (Weight 5 pounds.) \$3.50.

No. 8910—Spring balance. Capacity 100 lbs. by 1 lb. \$2.75.



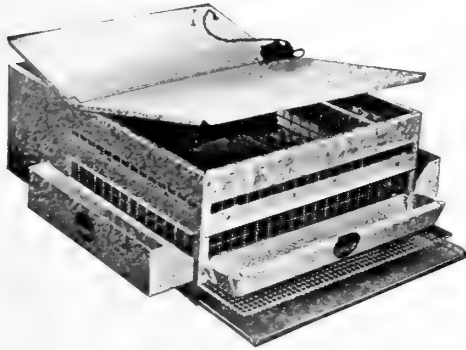
8910

## C-1 FLOOR BROODER



Fitted with socket for light bulb, 6 ft. of cord and curtain. 22 in., 75-100 chick capacity. (Bulb not furnished.) \$3.25.

## B-1 JUNIOR BATTERY BROODER



B-1 (illustrated). Designed for the raiser of small flocks. Note the open sides and ample ventilation. This brooder has a 150-watt "Beacon cement coated" heating element controlled by a quick make and break non-radio interfering Thermostat.

Dimensions: 24x30 inches. Capacity, 80 day-old chicks. \$10.75.

B-2—20x24 inch, bulb heated, with feed and water pans, \$5.50.

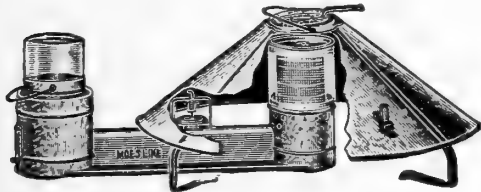
## ELECTRIC BROODERS

No. C2-456—56-in. canopy, 375-chick capacity..... \$14.00  
No. C2-465—65-in. canopy, 550-chick capacity..... 17.50

### LIV-AN-GRO BROODER

No. LG2..... \$1.95

## AUTOMATIC OIL BROODER



Brazed Oil Assembly, Wire Edged Canopy. Attractive Steel Shell, Thermostat Control. Unexcelled Wickless Blue Flame Burner. Entire Simplicity.

No.	Canopy	Capacity	Weight	
3	42 in.	250 chicks	38 pounds	\$14.50
5	52 in.	500 chicks	50 pounds	16.00
227 (Illustrated)	52 in.	500 chicks	52 pounds	16.00

## WAFER THERMOSTATS

T-3—3-in. Plain Stud.....	\$ .30
T-4—3-in. Male Stud.....	.30
T-7—3-in. Female Stud.....	.30
T-12—DeLuxe 3-in. Dual Stud.....	.35
T-434—4-in. Female Stud.....	.45



No. 128—BROODER THERMOMETERS.....	\$ .35
No. 5776—INCUBATOR THERMOMETERS on stand.....	.85
LITTLE PUTNAM STOVE.....	2.00
PUTNAM BROODER STOVES.....	4.75

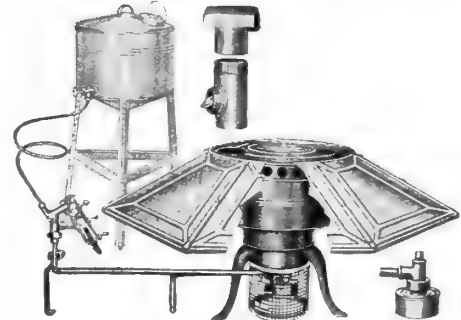
## ELECTRIC CANOPY BROODER



B-9 (illustrated). Equipped with two controlled ventilators to give a cross flow of heated air for perfect ventilation. Has a special 200 watt black radiator, "BEST OF ALL" quick break switch, also thermometer and long cord. Capacity 200 chicks. 30 in. dia..... \$9.95

B-13—A steep pitch canopy which prevents roosting, ventilator furnishes a continuous circulation of air without drafts. Made of 26 gauge galvanized; heavy curtains, adjustable legs, has two independent heating circuits of 500 watts each—1,000 watts. Capacity 500 chicks, size 50 in. by 50 in..... \$24.15

## HUDSON OIL BROODERS



No. 256B—Completely enclosed in a 54-inch Hexagon-shaped Hover. Drum 22 inches in diameter, 8 inches deep. Combustion chamber 11 inches in diameter, 18-gauge. 8-gallon fuel tank. Recommended for houses up to 14x16 for 700 chicks. Without Fuel Stand. \$22.00.

No. 367—With 66-inch Hexagon-shaped Hover. Recommended for houses up to 16x16 feet for 800 chicks. Without Fuel Stand, \$26.00.

## OIL BROODERS

No. 237—42-in. canopy, 5-gal. fuel tank, no stand.....	\$18.95
No. 238—54-in. canopy, 10-gal. fuel tank, with stand....	21.95
No. 26—60-in. canopy, 5 gal. fuel tank, no stand.....	18.90
No. AS28—Stand for No. 26.....	1.35

## COAL BURNING BROODERS

	No. A-15	No. A-16
Capacity .....	500 chicks	750 chicks
Diameter of Hover.....	52 inches	56 inches
Price .....	\$19.95	\$24.00

**POULTRY NETTING**

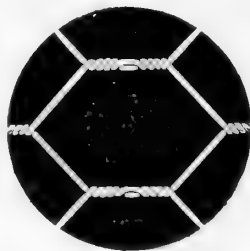
**GALVANIZED AFTER WEAVING 150-FOOT ROLLS**



**Straight Line**

**2-inch Mesh**

	19 gauge	20 gauge
12-inch...	\$1.45	\$1.30
24-inch...	2.60	2.25
36-inch...	3.50	3.10
48-inch...	4.60	4.15
60-inch...	5.70	4.95
72-inch...	6.70	5.85



**Hex-Cel**

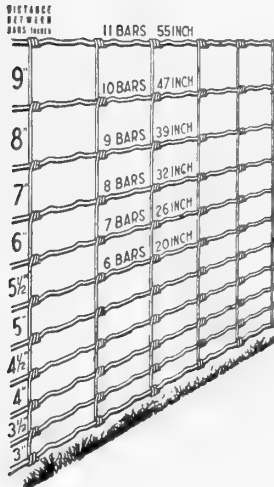
**1-inch Mesh**

	20 gauge
12-inch.....	\$2.50
18-inch.....	3.60
24-inch.....	4.60
36-inch.....	6.90
48-inch.....	8.80

25 to 150 foot lengths.

2-inch mesh 1½¢ per sq. ft.

1-inch mesh 2½¢ per sq. ft.



**AMERICAN FARM FENCE**

Thoroughly galvanized, with hinge joint patent lock knot. Let us send descriptive folder.

No. 635—6 strands, 35 inches high, 12-inch stays, per rod, 40c.

No. 845—8 strands, 45 inches high, 12-inch stays, per rod, 55c.

No. 832—8 strands, 32 inches high, top and bottom wires No. 9, intermediate and stay wires No. 11, 6-inch stays, per rod, 75c.

No. 1047—10 strands, 47 inches high, top and bottom wires No. 9, intermediate and stay wires No. 11, 12-inch stays, per rod, 72c.

No. 1047—As above, but with 6-inch stays, per rod, 95c.

Put up regular in 20-rod Rolls.

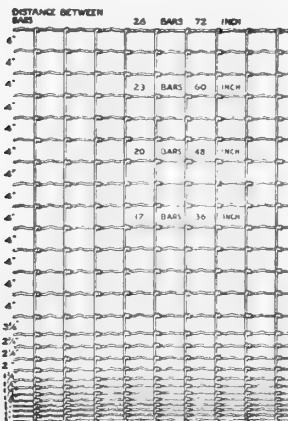
10-Rod Rolls, 25c per Roll Extra.

**PIONEER POULTRY FENCE**

No. 1948—48 inches high, top and bottom wires No. 11, intermediate and stay wires No. 14½, 6-inch stays, per roll of 165 feet, \$7.50.

No. 2158—58 inches high, top and bottom wires No. 11, intermediate and stay wires No. 14½, 6-inch stays, per roll of 165 feet, \$8.50.

No. 2672—72 inches high, top and bottom wires No. 11, intermediate and stay wires No. 14½, 6 inch stays, per roll of 165 feet, \$10.25.



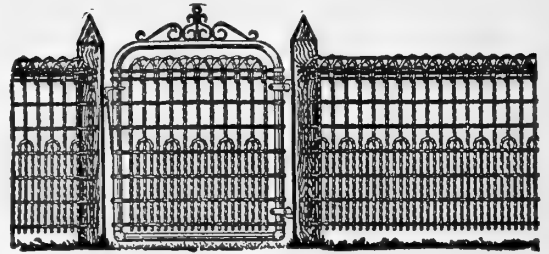
**HARDWARE CLOTH**

2x2.....	\$.06 sq. ft.	4x4.....	\$.07½ sq. ft.
3x3.....	.06½ sq. ft.	8x8.....	.08½ sq. ft.

100 sq. ft. or more deduct 1c per sq. ft.

(Prices subject to change.)

**ORNAMENTAL LAWN FENCE**

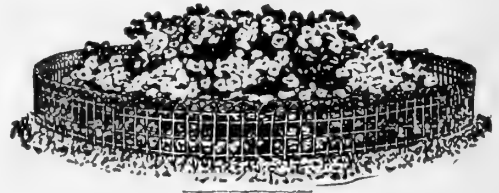


Very attractive and we believe the most durable wire lawn fence made. Heavy galvanized. Spaces, 1½ inches; wire, No. 9½ Crimped Pickets in No. 13 Tw. Cables.

	Single Loop	Double Loop
36-inch.....	\$.11 ft.	\$.14½ ft.
42-inch.....	.12 ft.	.16½ ft.
48-inch.....	.13½ ft.	.18 ft.

150 ft. rolls deduct 1c per ft.

**FLOWER GUARD**



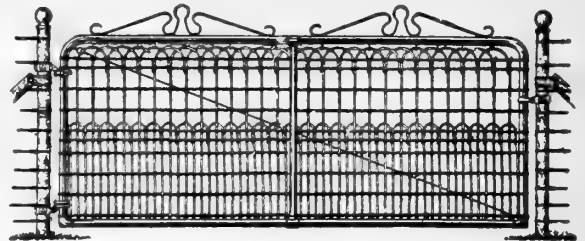
Designed for protecting Flower Beds

16-inch, per foot.....7½¢      22-inch, per foot.....8½¢

**TRELLIS WIRE**

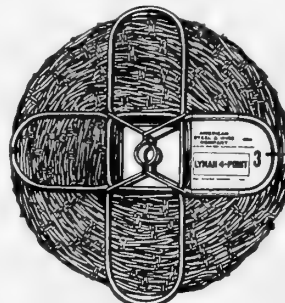
Trellis—18-inch, 9½¢ ft.; 24 inch.....10½¢ ft.

**ORNAMENTAL GATES**



Heavy steel frames, filled to match the fence; fittings for Jr. 1¼ in. posts included.

	Distance Between Posts				
Height	3 ft.	3½ ft.	4 ft.	8 ft.	10 ft.
36-inch.....	\$5.10	\$5.35	\$5.85		
42-inch.....	5.35	5.50	6.00	\$11.50	
48-inch.....	5.50	5.70	6.25	12.00	



**BARBED WIRE GALVANIZED**

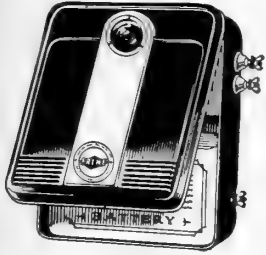
Hog—4-point, 12-gauge, 4 inches between barbs, 80-rod .....\$5.50

Cattle—4-point, 12-gauge, 6 inches between barbs, 80-rod .....\$5.10

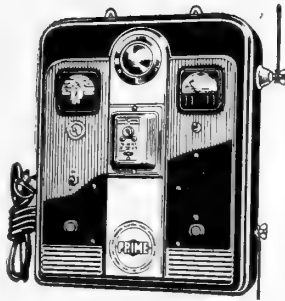
POST HOLE DIGGERS \$2.25

**PRIME ELECTRIC FARM FENCE**

Approved for Safety by Underwriters' Laboratories. With short meter and soil condition switch.  
 No. 480A—AC CHAMPION, 110-120 volt ..... \$42.50  
 No. 420—AC CHAMPION, 110-120 volt ..... 32.50



No. 333



No. 480A

**BATTERY TYPE**

No. 200 \$10.50 No. 333 \$17.50  
 No. 680A ..... 42.50

**Accessories**

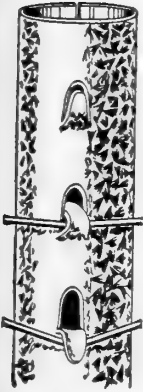
- P-1—Standard Insulators, \$2.10 per 100.
  - P-2—Weatherproof Insulators, \$2.50 per 100.
  - P-3—16 Penny Double Head Nails, 50c per 100.
  - P-23—End and Corner Post Insulators, 5c.
  - P-500—7-inch Gate Handles, 25c.
  - P-501—Gate Springs, 7c.
- Let us send descriptive catalogue and prices on the above and other models.

**TUBULAR STEEL POSTS**

	Painted	Galv.
5-foot.....		\$ .65
6-foot.....	\$ .55	.70
6½-foot.....	.60	.75
7-foot.....	.65	.80
7½-foot.....	.70	.85
8-foot.....	.75	.90

**Steel Post Fittings**

- Galv. Ball Tops for Line Posts, 28c.
- Galv. Driving Caps for Line Post, 55c.
- Galv. Hinge Collar ..... \$ .60
- Galv. Spring Latch ..... .60
- Galv. Split Hinges ..... .35



**JUNIOR CORNER POSTS**

	Painted	Galvanized
6-foot.....	\$2.00	\$2.50
8-foot.....	2.65	2.95

**JUNIOR END POSTS**

	Painted	Galvanized
6-foot.....	\$1.50	\$1.80
8-foot.....	1.95	2.15

**SELF-FASTENING U POSTS**

3-foot (no anchor) \$ .25	6½-foot ..... \$ .60
5-foot ..... .45	7-foot ..... .63
6-foot ..... .55	7½-foot ..... .67
8-foot ..... .70	

**TOWNSEND WIRE STRETCHER**

No. 1 has hickory handle and malleable clamp; can be quickly adjusted. \$2.25.



**BALE TIES**

9½ feet, No. 14 gauge, bdl. 250.....\$2.50

**GALVANIZED FENCE WIRE**

	5 lbs.	10 lbs.	25 lbs.	100 lbs.
No. 9.....	\$ .50	\$ .80	\$1.70	\$5.85
No. 12.....	.55		1.75	6.10
No. 14.....	.60	.85	1.90	6.80
No. 16.....	.65	.90	2.15	7.80
No. 18.....	.70	1.10		



**ROOFING MATERIAL**



**SMOOTH SURFACED**

	Weight Per Lbs. Roll	
Tomahawk, light.....	.35	\$1.20
Tomahawk, medium.....	.45	1.40
Tomahawk, heavy.....	.55	1.60
Rain King, extra heavy.....	.65	2.40

(Underwriters' label)

**SLATE SURFACED (Green)**

Vitex.....	.75	2.30
Balmar.....	.75	2.45

**TARRED SLATERS FELT**

500 square feet.....	.30	1.25
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**KURE-A-LEAK**

A semi-liquid mastic or cement-like composition, not affected by extreme heat or cold; absolutely water tight and fireproof. It "kures" the leaks in wornout tin, galvanized iron or composition roofings. Gal., 85c; 5 gals., \$2.45.



**CHANNELDRAIN ROOFING**



Made of

**COP-R-LOY**

The Copper-Alloyed Steel That Resists Rust and Corrosion

28 Gauge  
 Price on application

**HUDSON MASTER STALLS**

**Specifications**

Horizontal Top Rail, 1½-in. carbon steel tubing.

Partitions and Uprights, 1½-in. OD, carbon steel tubing.

Fittings, improved dustproof design.

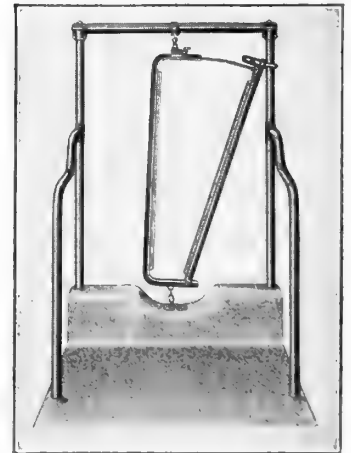
Anchors, continuous double angle iron.

Width, regular 3 ft. 6 in.; other widths available.

No. 1A, less stanchion, \$7.75.

No. 2A, with sure stop, less stanchion, \$8.75.

No. 500 Standard, less stanchion, \$6.75.



**HUDSON COW STANCHIONS**

No. 181—Steel U-Bar Stanchion with heavy steel fittings; no castings used. Cow-proof latch made of press steel. \$2.70.

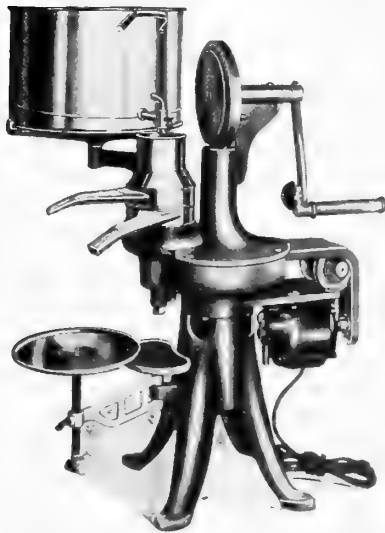
No. 193—Made of high carbon U-Bar with or without wood linings. Patented, quick-acting latch, double lever type. Cow-proof. Adjustable neck space. Plain steel. \$4.00.

**WATER BOWLS**

No. 69.....	\$4.00	No. 89.....	\$4.25
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# DAIRY SUPPLIES

## NEW E-Z AMERICAN SEPARATOR



No other separator gives you the advantages of the newly-developed American. Gets ALL the cream, low speed preventing frothing; bowl needs no rebalancing, new polished stainless steel discs, unmatched for easy turning, only separator with waist-low supply tank; greatest value for price charged. A size for any capacity. We offer the following three models for comparison.

Smaller models at exceedingly low prices. Let us quote.

No. 50, Regular Dairy Style, Upright—Capacity 500 pounds of milk per hour. Skims about 62 quarts in 15 minutes. \$82.50.

No. 50, Electric, with Standard make Motor (illustrated). \$112.50.

## CROWN CREAM SEPARATOR

4 gallons, capacity 3 to 4 cows.....\$5.25

DAIRY THERMOMETERS .....40c

## PARCHMENT BUTTER PAPER

Is furnished in sizes 6x9, 9x12 ..... Lb. 25c  
Postage Extra.

## HAND BUTTER PRINTS

No. 19—½ lb. Round .....45c  
No. 20—1 lb. Round.....55c

## DANDELION BUTTER COLORING

Small size to color 500 pounds.....\$ .35  
Medium size to color 1250 pounds..... .65  
Large size to color 2800 pounds..... 1.00

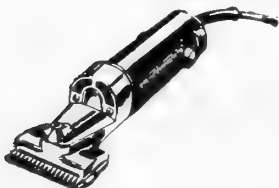
## STRAINER PADS

Plain round rapid-flo filter disks for sanitary milk production.

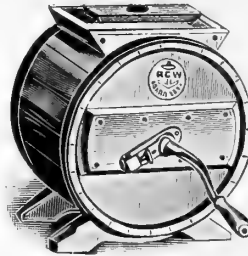
6-inch, 100 in box .....\$ .40  
6½-inch, 100 in box ..... .45



## STEWART ELECTRIC CLIPMASTER



The finest, fastest animal clipper ever made. Light, easy to handle, powerful and fast. Air cooled ball bearing motor, perfectly insulated and shock-proof, convenient balanced handle barely 2 inches in diameter. 20 ft. cord, weight 6 lbs. No. 21—110-120 volt AC or DC current, \$21.95.



## CYLINDER CHURN

Made of selected white cedar and well put up.

Full Churning Capacity

Number 1	2	3	4
Gallons 1½	2	3½	6
Price.. \$5.05	\$6.00	\$6.95	\$8.15

## BARREL CHURN

Oak stave; steel top; it works by concussion and will not break the grain of the butter nor make it of a salvy consistency.

Number .....	0	1	2	3	4	5
Gals. churned....	3	5	7	10	12	17
Price .....	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$14.00	\$16.00

## STANDARD GLASS CHURNS

Specially designed jar with sloping rounded corners and large mouth, perforated strainer built into lid, four blade hard maple dasher.

Size	Churns	Price
2 quart	—1 quart	.....\$1.45
4 quart	—2 quart	..... 2.40
6 quart	—3 quart	..... 2.95
8 quart	—4 quart	..... 3.65



## STERLING

STERLING.....3 qt., \$3.70; 4 qt., \$4.15; 6 qt., \$6.25  
SNOWBALL (Triple Motion).....4 qt., \$5.95  
DOUBLE QUICK.....2 qt., \$1.25

## ICE CREAM FREEZERS

Sturdily built White Cedar Pails with electric welded wire hoops, frames, locks and catches heavily galvanized; tall tin-plated cans.

## BAG BALM

Soothing, penetrating ointment, especially adapted for serious and annoying troubles known as caked bag, cow pox, chapped, cracked and sore teats, chafing and inflammation of all kinds. 60c.

## KOW-KARE

The Great Cow Tonic and Conditioner for toning up the appetite and stepping up milk production through its action as a stomachic of genuine merit, an alternative and general regulator of cows subjected to modern conditions of forced production.

1½-pound can .....\$ .65  
2½-pound can ..... 1.25

## CONKEY'S FLY KNOCKER

The best preparation on the market for keeping flies off cattle and horses. Easily sprayed on and retains its strength all day, allowing the cows to pasture without annoyance, and therefore assists in the production of milk. Qt., 60c; gal., \$1.50.

## CONKEY'S CALF MEAL

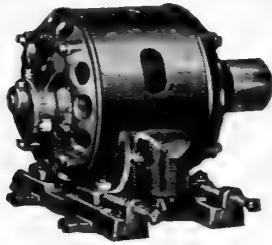
Quality is of more importance in Calf Meal than in any other feed; it pays to buy the best. The advantages in feeding it are many. 1. It saves milk. 2. It costs less to feed. 3. It makes better veals. 4. You can raise your own dairy cows on it cheaper than they can be bought. 5. It leaves more milk to sell, and more profit to you. Satisfaction guaranteed. 25 lbs., \$1.40; 100 lbs., \$4.90.

## ROCK SALT

2½c per lb.; \$1.75 per 100 lbs.

# MISCELLANEOUS FARM SUPPLIES

## ELECTRIC MOTORS



Repulsion Start Induction Single Phase Motors fill the demand for motors where high starting torque, low starting current, quiet and automatic operation are desirable.

All prices listed below are for 110/220 volts, 60 cycle ratings. Pulleys and rails extra.

Horse Power	Syn. Speed	Standard Pulley Diam.	Face	Bore	Prices
1/6	1750	2	2	1/2	\$15.00
1/4	1750	2 1/2	2 1/2	5/8	16.00
1/2	1750	3	2 1/2	3/4	25.00
3/4	1750	3	2 1/2	3/4	32.00
1	1750	3	3	3/4	40.00
1 1/2	1750	4	3 1/2	1	50.00
2	1750	4	3 1/2	1	66.00

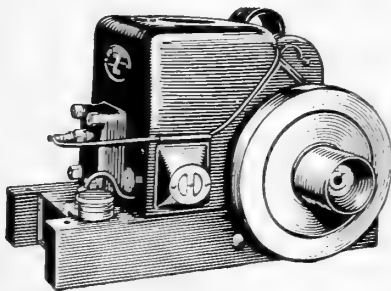
## No. 82 TOOL GRINDER



This very useful grinder is especially suited to farm work and can be easily clamped to a mower wheel or bench; compact, simple and serviceable.

82—With Bevel Tool Wheel only.....	\$8.50
83—With both Flat and Bevel Tool Wheels.....	9.80
Bevel Wheel only.....	1.85

## FAIRBANKS MORSE TYPE "Z" ENGINES

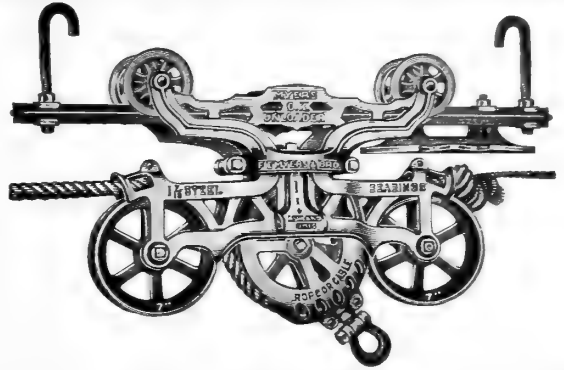


Compact, self-oiling, fully enclosed and yet easily accessible. Designed to meet the present and future demands of users of small engines. Equipped with guaranteed ignition, Type "R" Rotary High Tension Magneto. Easy to start, magneto sealed against dirt, dust, water and oil. Let your next engine be a "Z" and learn what real dependability is.

1 1/2 H. P.....	\$65.75	3 H. P.....	\$105.00
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Let us quote larger sizes on request.  
1 1/2 Horse Power Illustrated.

## MYERS' DOUBLE LOCK UNLOADERS



No. 208. Has extra long truck, wheel base 16 inches, large steel bearings, 7-inch sheaves, reversible and swivel, for double steel track, designed for heavy work. \$16.75.

## MYERS' CLOVER LEAF UNLOADER

No. 118. This is the well-known reversible car for double steel track. The locking device grasps the fork pulley on either side and permits it to swing free. \$13.25.

- Double Steel Track. Per foot, 27 1/2c.
- Hanging Hooks. For double steel track. 21c.
- Rafter Brackets. Steel. 6c.
- Pulleys, 6-inch; wood sheaves; malleable iron frame. 90c.
- Pulleys. Knot-passing swivel; 6-inch malleable iron sheave. 95c.
- Double Harpoon Forks. All steel. \$3.50 to \$6.75.
- Floor Hooks, 3/4-inch wrought iron. 20c.

## WAGNER BARNDOOR HANGER



Extra Heavy All Steel and Self-Cleaning

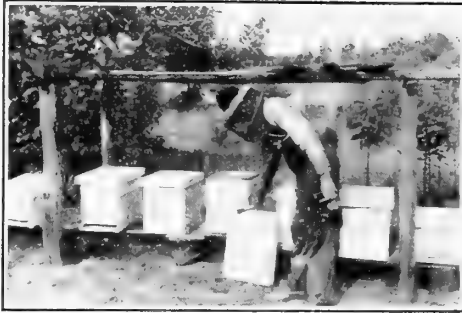
Tandem, Ball-Bearing Rollers, per set.....	\$2.10
No. 15 Tubular Steel Track, per foot.....	.25
No. 100 Evertight Steel Track, per foot.....	.45
Steel Brackets, each.....	.20

## RURAL MAIL BOX



Body made of No. 20 gauge galvanized steel, door No. 18 gauge, bottom and rear No. 20 gauge. Inside of box has a corrugated drain board to provide for any water accumulation. Finished in aluminum bronze, flag bright red enamel. Size of box 23 1/2 inches long, 11 1/4 inches wide, 14 inches high. No. 2—\$4.00.

No. 1—18 1/2 in. long, 6 1/2 in. wide, 8 1/2 in. high. \$1.50.



**HONEY JARS**

	½ lb. size		
No. 5268—Plain		\$ .85	case 2 doz.
No. 5109—Skep		.85	case 2 doz.
No. 6906—Masterline		.85	case 2 doz.
	1 lb. size		
No. 5436—Clearline		\$1.15	case 2 doz.
No. 5110—Skep		1.15	case 2 doz.
No. 6912—Masterline		1.00	case 2 doz.
	2 lb. size		
No. 6964—Masterline		\$1.20	case 2 doz.
	5 lb. size		
No. 6557—Honey Pail		\$1.25	doz.

White coated caps included.

**WOOD PUMPS**

Porcelain Lined—Ready to Set in the Well  
Subject to Cash Discount

Depth of Well	No. 2 6x6	No. 5 7x7	Depth of Well	No. 6 6x6	No. 4 7x7
8 ft.	\$14.50	\$17.40	30 ft.	\$28.50	\$30.95
9 ft.	15.00	17.85	31 ft.	29.60	32.10
10 ft.	15.45	18.20	32 ft.	30.70	33.15
11 ft.	15.85	18.55	33 ft.	31.80	34.25
12 ft.	16.10	18.75	34 ft.	32.90	35.36
13 ft.	16.50	19.20	35 ft.	34.00	36.45
14 ft.	16.80	19.55	36 ft.	35.10	37.55
15 ft.	17.60	20.13	37 ft.	36.20	38.65
16 ft.	18.15	20.80	38 ft.	37.30	39.75
17 ft.	19.25	21.70	39 ft.	38.40	40.85
18 ft.	19.95	22.55	40 ft.	39.50	41.95
19 ft.	20.35	22.90	41 ft.	40.60	43.05
20 ft.	20.70	23.35	42 ft.	41.70	44.15
21 ft.	21.25	24.75	43 ft.	42.80	45.25
22 ft.	22.00	25.30	44 ft.	43.90	46.35
23 ft.	22.75	26.10	45 ft.	45.00	47.45
24 ft.	23.10	26.40	46 ft.	46.10	48.55
25 ft.	23.50	26.80	47 ft.	47.20	49.65
26 ft.	24.55	27.85	48 ft.	48.30	50.75
27 ft.	25.75	28.50	49 ft.	49.40	51.86
28 ft.	27.20	28.90	50 ft.	50.50	53.40
29 ft.	27.85	30.00			

**PUMP HEADS**

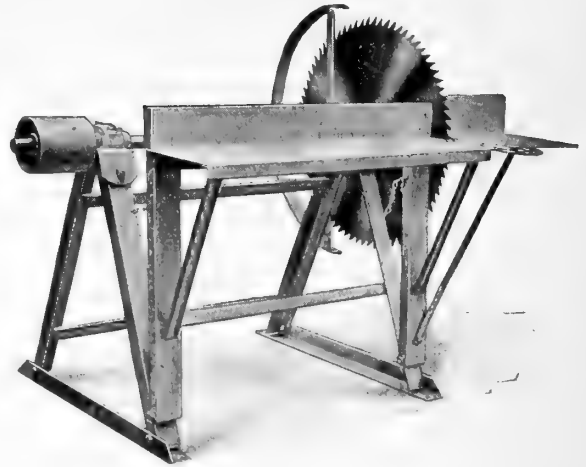
Length	6x6 No. 2 Porcelain-Lined	6x6 No. 6 Deep Well
6 ft.	\$12.10	\$9.35
7 ft.	12.95	10.20
8 ft.	13.75	11.00
10 ft.	15.95	13.20
12 ft.	18.15	15.40

**RED GEM  
PITCHER PUMPS**

No. 2—3 inch	\$1.95
No. 3—3½ inch	2.20



**SAW FRAMES**



(Blades Extra)	No. 9 Steel	No. 5 Wood	No. 4 Pony
Frame Only	\$25.95	\$24.95	\$16.75
With Flywheel	29.95	29.75	19.75

**BLADES (Crosscut)—Bore 1½-inch**  
18-inch, \$3.95; 24-inch, \$6.50; 26-inch, \$7.20; 28-inch, \$8.40; 30-inch, \$9.45.

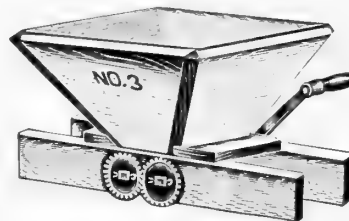
**EXTENSION LADDERS**

Equipped with automatic locks, rope and pulley. Made of the best select fir or Norway pine. (An allowance of two feet should be made for lap on ladders 20 to 32 ft. and three feet from 36 to 44 feet.)

20 ft.	\$11.00	24 ft.	\$12.00
28 ft.	14.00	30 ft.	15.00
32 ft.	16.00	36 ft.	19.00
40 ft.	21.00	44 ft.	23.00



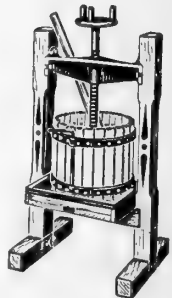
**RED CROSS FRUIT  
CRUSHERS**



No. 3—(Illustrated) ½ bu. cap.	16x15x18½ in.	\$4.95.
No. 2—1 bu. cap.	19½x19½x8 in.	\$7.00.
No. 5—1¼ bu. cap.	19x21½x10 in.	\$9.75.
No. 1—1 bu. cap. with balance wheel,	20x20x8 in.	\$16.25.

**RED CROSS  
CIDER MILLS AND  
WINE PRESSES**

No. KO FRUIT PRESS (Square Base)	\$ 3.50
No. 0 FRUIT PRESS (Octagon Base)	5.25
No. 1A FRUIT PRESS, Hinged Tub	9.75
No. 2C FRUIT PRESS, Hinged Tub (Illustrated)	12.75
No. 3 FRUIT PRESS, Hinged Tub	20.75
No. 5 FRUIT PRESS, Hinged Tub	29.75
RATCHET EXTRA on Nos. 3 or 5	4.25
SINGLE CAGE CIDER MILL, Hinged Tub	20.75
JUNIOR 2-CAGE CIDER MILL	26.50
MEDIUM 2-CAGE CIDER MILL	31.50
SENIOR 2-CAGE CIDER MILL	42.75





# SOIL IMPROVEMENT

**Look to your Soil** for therein lies the very foundation of your farming or gardening success. Does your soil need plant food? If so, what elements are lacking? Does it need lime? How much lime? Or, does it need acid?

Accurate answers to these questions are worth many dollars to every grower because they often mean the difference between a successful crop and a poor crop. Save money and increase your profits by knowing the possibilities of your soil in relation to the chemical requirements of the crop you plan to grow.

The accompanying chart and tabulation of varieties show that most vegetables thrive best in a slightly acid soil. It is very necessary however, to first know the pH (or degree of acidity) of your soil as determined by soil tests, before applying acid or lime, rather than by guesswork. The desired amounts of nitrogen, phosphorus and potash should also be determined as a matter of economy. Use a soil test kit and feed your soil the elements which are needed.

## PLANT FOOD ELEMENTS

Plants require nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium (the three most important), oxygen, hydrogen and carbon (obtained from air and water) and the minor elements usually found in the soil in sufficient quantity but also supplied in the better brands of mixed fertilizers.

These minor elements are calcium, sulphur, magnesium, manganese, iron and boron. Their functions are largely indirect, but very essential as they aid the chemical changes which render other ingredients more available. Calcium (lime), for example, aids in making the nitrogenous materials more quickly available and changes the physical nature of soils. Sulphur seems to exert a beneficial influence on plant growth and iron is necessary in the formation of chlorophyll.

**Nitrogen** is the "top growth" element needed for leafy vegetables such as spinach, kale, parsley, etc. Aside from mixed fertilizers, nitrogen can be had in various organic forms as in bone meal, blood meal, tankage, fish meal, cotton seed meal and inorganic forms such as nitrate of soda (tending toward an alkaline reaction), ammonium sulphate (tending toward an acid reaction), urea and potassium nitrate. The organic materials are safest to use as they react slowly and do not burn.

**Phosphorus** is generally the most needed element, as such a little of it, combined with the fact that most crops are heavy phosphorus feeders, soils worked for a number of years are practically depleted of this element. A real fertile soil is rich in readily available phosphorus. It is the element which promotes growth and vigor, flowers, fruit and seeds. Beans, corn, cucumber, tomatoes, turnips and rutabagas seem to respond to heavy feedings of phosphorus. It is available in mixed fertilizers, superphosphate, bone meal and tankage.

**Potash** is the root growing element. Asparagus, beets, carrots, celery, cucumbers, lettuce, potatoes and radish all respond to extra potash feeding. Sulphate of potash is best for tobacco, lettuce and leaf crops, while muriate of potash is most beneficial to carrots, potatoes and root crops.

## KNOW which elements are needed in your soil



Practical tests with the Sudbury Soil Test Kit will show the acidity of soil and any possible deficiency in nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash. Each kit is accompanied by complete instructions and tables of plant needs.

**MODEL D** (as illustrated)—Contains enough soil testing solutions to make 20 individual tests. \$2.00.

**CLUB MODEL**—Makes 50 individual tests for nitrogen, phosphorus, potash and acidity. Cased in handsome sturdy imitation leather. \$4.75.

**MODEL B**—In permanent metal case. Contains sufficient chemical for 60 individual tests for nitrogen, phosphorus, potash and acidity. Case contains test tube rack, extra test tubes, special glass funnels, color charts and a supply of filter paper. \$9.75.

**TESTING FLUID** for refill. Specify whether for nitrogen, phosphorus, potash or acidity. 2 oz., 75c; 6 oz., \$1.50.

**FISHER ALKACID SOIL TESTER**, \$1.00.

## ACID OR ALKALINE PREFERENCES

(Letters refer to degree of acidity in chart below)

### VEGETABLES, GRAINS, GRASSES, ETC.

Alfalfa .....	A	Leek .....	B
Asparagus .....	A	Lettuce .....	A
Barley .....	A	Muskmelons .....	B
Beans .....	C	Oats .....	C
Beets .....	A	Onions .....	A
Bent Grass .....	D	Parsley .....	A
Blue Berries .....	E	Parsnips .....	D
Blue Grass .....	A	Peas .....	B
Broccoli .....	B	Peppers .....	C
Cabbage .....	A	Plums .....	D
Carrots .....	A	Potatoes .....	D
Cauliflower .....	A	Pumpkin .....	D
Celery .....	A	Radish .....	B
Chicory .....	B	Raspberries .....	B
Corn .....	B	Red Clover .....	B
Clover .....	A	Rhubarb .....	B
Cowpeas .....	C	Rye .....	C
Cranberries .....	E	Spinach .....	B
Cucumber .....	B	Squash .....	C
Currants .....	C	Strawberries .....	C
Eggplant .....	B	Tobacco .....	C
Endive .....	B	Tomato .....	C
Gooseberry .....	C	Turnip .....	C
Grapes .....	D	Rutabaga .....	C
Kale .....	B	Watermelon .....	B
Laurel .....	E	Wheat .....	A

### FLOWERS

Azaleas .....	E	Hydrangea Blue.....	E
Anemone .....	B	Hydrangea Pink.....	C
Aster .....	B	Iris .....	B
Begonia .....	B	Lady Slipper.....	E
Bleeding Heart.....	C	Larkspur .....	B
Bouvardia .....	G	Lilac .....	B
Calendula .....	A	Lily .....	C
Candy-tuft .....	B	Lupine .....	B
Canna .....	B	Marigold .....	B
Carnation .....	B	Mignonette .....	B
Centaurea .....	B	Morning Glory.....	A
Cineraria .....	A	Mycosotia .....	B
Chrysanthemum .....	B	Narcissus .....	B
Clarkia .....	B	Nasturtium .....	A
Clematis .....	A	Orchid .....	D
Columbine .....	B	Pansy .....	B
Cosmos .....	B	Peony .....	B
Cyclamen .....	C	Primula .....	B
Dahlia .....	B	Poinsettia .....	B
Delphinium .....	C	Petunia .....	A
Didiscus .....	B	Phlox .....	C
Easter Lily.....	C	Poppy .....	B
Euphorbia .....	C	Rhododendron .....	C
Feverfew .....	B	Rose .....	B
Ferns .....	C	St. Paulia.....	B
Forget Me Not.....	A	Salpiglossis .....	B
Fuschia .....	B	Scabiosa .....	B
Gardenia .....	E	Schizanthus .....	B
Genista .....	A	Snapdragon .....	B
Geranium .....	A	Stocks .....	B
Gerbera .....	A	Swainsonia .....	A
Gladiolus .....	B	Sweet Peas.....	A
Godetia .....	B	Tulips .....	B
Heather .....	D	Violet .....	B
Heliotrope .....	A	Westeria .....	B
Holly .....	E	Woodbine .....	B
Hyacinth .....	B	Yucca .....	B
		Zinnia .....	B

4pH	5pH	6pH	6½	7pH	7½	8pH
E	D	C	B	A		
Acid			Alkaline			

Neutral

B, C, D and E indicate degrees of acidity from 7 pH, which is neutral, to 4 pH which is extremely acid. "A" indicates a slightly alkaline condition.—(1000 lbs. Hydrated Lime per acre will change a sandy loam from pH 5 to pH 6.)

# FERTILIZERS

These recommendations are made by the University of Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.  
C. O. D.

Analysis	Price Per Ton	List Price Per Ton	167-lb. Bag	100-lb. Bag	CROPS AND SOILS
2-12-6	\$29.16	\$32.40	\$3.25	...	FIELD CORN, WHEAT, RYE, WINTER BARLEY, (200-400) on Piedmont and Mountain Valley soils. For annual legumes on heavy unmanured soils (200-400). ALFALFA at planting time (300-700).
0-14-6	26.55	29.50	2.95	...	ALFALFA, CLOVERS (200-800), SOYBEANS, COWPEAS (200-300). In rotation, on manured land. CORN and GRASS land (200-400) that is heavily manured. Recommended for legume sods in orchards.
0-12-12	29.25	32.50	3.25	...	SOYBEANS, COWPEAS (200-300), ALFALFA (300-800), and the fall-planted green manure crops (200-400) on the lighter soils.
2-8-10 or 3-8-15	29.52 34.52	32.80 38.35	3.30 3.85	...	SWEET POTATOES (800-1200), CARROTS, PARSNIPS, TURNIPS and other root crops (400-800).
3-12-6	31.01	34.45	3.45	\$2.35	SWEET CORN (200-500), and TOMATOES (500-1000) for canning on heavy soils and where manure is used. WINTER GRAINS, FIELD CORN (200-500), on light soils. LATE POTATOES (600-1000) on heavy soil. GRASS SOD, COVER CROPS and ORCHARDS.
5-10-5	32.99	36.65	3.65	2.50	Cannery PEAS and BEANS on heavy soil or well-manured soil (400-800). SWEET CORN (200-600) for market, early and mid-season STRAWBERRIES (300-600).
4-8-8	31.95	35.50	3.55	2.40	TOMATOES (500-1000) in rotation with field crops on light soils. Late POTATOES (500-1000), ASPARAGUS (400-800).
5-8-12	36.32	40.35	4.05	...	For vine crops—MELONS and CUCUMBERS on light soils and for TOMATOES on sandy soils (400-1000).
6-8-6	34.38	38.20	3.85	2.60	EARLY POTATOES (2000), ASPARAGUS, LATE STRAWBERRIES, LEAFY VEGETABLES, and other truck crops (400-800). CANNING PEAS on light soils (400-800). Spring application on PASTURES and LAWNS (200-400).
4-12-4	31.59	35.10	3.50	2.40	Fall applications on PASTURES, TURF GRASSES (200-400) and HOME LAWN (10-20 lbs. per 1000 square feet).

Ton prices include delivery to farm. If hauled from factory deduct \$1.50 per ton.

Figures in parentheses indicate the minimum and maximum rates of fertilizer to be applied per acre. The actual amount recommended is based upon the results of soil tests and management practices. In special cases another recommended analysis may be suggested for crops other than those listed, and single ingredients are recommended where additional supplies are needed.

## PURE RAW BONE MEAL (Extra Fine)

An excellent fertilizer, especially recommended for lawns, rose bushes, grape vines, and deep-rooted shrubbery, where it is desired to furnish the plants with a perfectly safe, slow-acting but continuous supply of nourishment. Florists and nurserymen use large quantities of our bone meal very successfully. 5 lbs., 30c; 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., 90c; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100-lb. bag, \$3.25. C. O. D. price per ton, \$50.13.

## STEAMED BONE MEAL (Bone Flour)

100 lbs., \$3.00. C. O. D. price per ton, \$49.23.

## PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

5 lbs., 20c; 10 lbs., 35c; 25 lbs., 75c; 100-lb. bag, \$2.45. C.O.D. price per ton, \$37.22.

## BLOOD MEAL

10c per lb.; 3 lbs., 25c; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$4.60.

## COW MANURE

SHREDDED. 5 lbs., 30c; 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., 90c; 50 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$2.75.

## HYDRATED LIME

Especially useful for correcting acid condition of soils in gardens and lawns. 10-lb. bag, 20c; 50-lb. bag, 50c. Let us quote ton prices.

## LAND PLASTER

100 lb. bag, \$1.25. C. O. D. price per ton, \$17.10.

## GROUND TOBACCO STEMS

A finely ground, organic fertilizer material. An ideal and readily available source of ORGANIC Nitrogen and ORGANIC Potash. Does not burn tender roots. Apply at rate of 5 to 10 pounds per 100 square feet, or 1000 to 2000 pounds per acre for all truck crops, tobacco, fruit, tomatoes, potatoes, etc. Analysis 1¼-0-4½. 10 lbs., 50c; 25 lbs., 90c; 100-lb. bag, \$2.50.

## ADCO

Is a powder, which, when mixed with almost any non-woody vegetable waste, and kept wet, gradually converts it into manure.

50 pounds of ADCO makes a ton of manure. Equal to stable manure—Odorless. 7½ lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 150 lbs., \$10.50.

## FOR SOIL IMPROVEMENT

	Lb.	10 lbs.	25 lbs.	100 lbs.
Aluminum Sulphate	\$.10	\$.50	\$1.00	\$3.25
Asparagus Salt	..25	.45	.75	1.30
Cotton Seed Meal	..50	1.00	1.50	3.00
Epsom Salts	..10	.65	1.25	4.50
Kainit (20%)	..05	.45	.85	2.00
Muriate of Potash	..10	.75	1.15	3.50
Nitrate of Soda	..10	.50	1.00	3.25
Sulphate of Ammonia	..10	.50	1.00	3.00
Sulphate of Potash	..10	.75	1.15	3.50
Super Phosphate (20%)	..10	.40	.65	1.65
Tankage	..50	1.00	1.50	3.25
Top Soil (500 lbs. \$3.50)	..20	.35	.75	1.50
Hard Wood Ashes	..50	1.00	1.50	3.00

Let us quote special prices on quantities.

FULTON'S  
**PLANTABBS**  
Odorless Plant Food Tablets  
Containing Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>

30 Tablets, 25c; 75 Tablets, 50c; 200 Tablets, \$1.00; 1000 Tablets, \$3.50.  
(By mail add 10%.)

INOCULATE ALL LEGUME SEEDS WITH

## NITRAGIN

1898—FORTY-FOUR YEARS OF SERVICE—1942

When ordering, Always state name of seed.

### ALFALFA, all Clovers

Size	Retail
½ bu. each...	\$.30
1 bu. each...	.50
2½ bu. each...	1.00

### LESPEDEZA

Size	Retail
Small (Inoculates up to 50 lb. seed).....	\$.35
Large (Inoculates up to 100 lb. seed).....	.50

### PEAS (All Varieties) VETCHES (All Varieties)

½ bu. each...	\$.25
1 bu. each...	.35
1½ bu. each...	.50
12½ bu. each...	3.50

### SOYBEANS, LIMA BEANS, COW PEAS, PEANUTS

Small, (Inoculates up to 120 lb. seed) \$	.30
¾ bu. each.....	.55
25 bu. each.....	2.50
(One can)	
*30 bu. each.....	3.25
(6-5 bu. cans)	

BEANS—String, Wax and Kidney. ½ bu., 25c; 1 bu., 35c; 1½ bu., 50c.

Garden Pkg. for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas and Lupines—enough for 6 lbs. seeds, 10c each.

Mr. W. E. Hartman of the National Academy of Sciences says: "I believe that Hyper-Humus is responsible for the general excellence of both lawn and plantings." For many years the U. S. Government has used Hyper-Humus in the landscaping and planting of many of its public buildings, Post Offices, and Parks. It made the Government's standard for landscaping, and is approved for Government plantings in Washington and throughout the East.

# Hyper-Humus

Humus makes rich loamy garden soil out of common dirt. Added in sufficient quantity it will give the soil the proper texture, help hold the right amount of moisture, and retain plant foods for natural plant stimulation.

- 4 Hyper-Humus is a regulator of temperature and air . . . so vital to plant life.  
 5 Hyper-Humus has perfect friability . . . it is easy and pleasant to use; absolutely free from odor and from weed-seeds.

### FIVE HYPER-HUMUS VALUES

- Hyper-Humus is literally a workshop for bacterial conversion. The millions of beneficial bacteria in Hyper-Humus gives life and fertility to your soil.
- Hyper-Humus is a storage-house of soil organics . . . plant food awaiting plant call.
- Hyper-Humus is a reservoir of normal moisture, assisting food conversion, and coming to the aid of your plants when they need it.

AMOUNT TO APPLY PER SQUARE FOOT:  
 NEW LAWNS, 1 to 3 lbs.; OLD LAWNS, 1 to 2 lbs.  
 GARDENS AND FLOWER BEDS, 2 to 4 lbs.

5 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., 75c; 50 lbs., \$1.10; 100 lbs., \$1.75; 500 lbs., \$7.50; 1000 lbs., \$12.50; ton, \$22.50. Let us quote 5 ton and carload lots.

NOTE: It is suggested that you add 1 pound of an approved non-toxic plant food to every 10 pounds of Hyper-Humus.

# Lōma

A balanced ration of all the Elements science has discovered plants must have to thrive. Clean, odorless, easy to handle. 100% effective. The best thing *on earth* for lawns and gardens.

100 lb. bag . . .	\$4.00
50 lb. bag . . .	2.50
25 lb. bag . . .	1.50
10 lb. bag . . .	.85
5 lb. can . . .	.45
1 lb. can . . .	.10



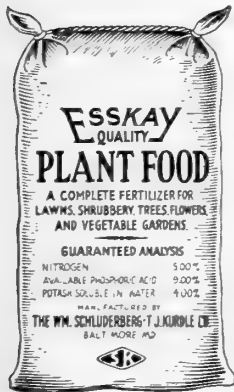
AMERICA'S FINEST PLANT FOOD

## ESSKAY QUALITY PLANT FOOD

(Analysis: 5-9-4)

A complete organic fertilizer consisting of blood, bone meal, tankage and potash scientifically blended for Flowers, Lawns, Vegetables, Trees and Shrubs. It builds up the soil and leaves no acid residue.

100-lb. bag . . . . .	\$3.75
50-lb. bag . . . . .	2.50
25-lb. bag . . . . .	1.50
10-lb. bag . . . . .	.75
2-lb. bag . . . . .	.25



## EROSIONET

Now you can grow grass on that stubborn slope. Unroll this mesh blanket and laugh at the rain. Your seeds will not be washed out, and you will get a sturdy stand of grass.

45 in. wide . . . . . 12c per yd.  
 10 yds. or more 11c per yd.

**How to cure a BALD-HEADED TERRACE**

**USE BEMIS EROSIONET**

# PEAT MOSS

Promotes Growth by Improving Texture of Soils and Regulating Supply of Moisture Investigate its Many Advantages

Peat O'Maine peat moss is of sphagnum derivation, comparable in every respect and effectiveness with the imported varieties of pre-war days. An excellent soil improver where organic matter is needed. Recommended for binding and holding moisture in sandy soils, for lightening of heavy clay soils. Also recommended for mulching, both for summer moisture retention and winter protection. Excellent for mixing with potting soils and in seed beds, as it absorbs and holds many times its weight in moisture. Bales contain sufficient material to cover 250 square feet, 1 inch deep when loosened.



Junior Bale, about 10 bushels . . . . . \$2.50  
 Large Bale, about 20 bushels . . . . . 3.85

3 qts., 10c; 1½ pks., 30c; 1 bu., 50c; 3 bu., \$1.15.

Special Prices on Larger Quantities

## EGYPTIAN GROWER

(Analysis: 2.70-1.60-1.28)

A genuine guano, rich in organic matter. A natural plant food and soil builder. Egyptian Grower is a poultry manure. Thoroughly aged and cured before being ground.

2 lbs., 25c; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

## AGRICO

For Lawns, Trees and Shrubs (Analysis: 7-7-5)

100-lb. bag . . . . .	\$4.00
50-lb. bag . . . . .	2.50
25-lb. bag . . . . .	1.50
10-lb. bag . . . . .	.75
5-lb. bag . . . . .	.45



## AGRICO

For Gardens (Analysis: 4-10-4)

100-lb. bag . . . . .	\$3.75
50-lb. bag . . . . .	2.40
25-lb. bag . . . . .	1.40
10-lb. bag . . . . .	.75
5-lb. bag . . . . .	.45





### For LAWNS and GARDENS

● For greater gardening success feed everything you grow with Vigoro. It supplies all 11 elements plants require from soil. Delightful to use... clean, odorless, sanitary. Most economical, too!

A Product of Swift & Company  
PRICES

100-lb. bag	\$4.00	25-lb. bag	\$1.50	5-lb. pkg.	\$.45
50-lb. bag	2.50	10-lb. pkg.	.85	1-lb. pkg.	.10

F. O. B. Baltimore

## ALL THE FOOD YOUR PLANT NEEDS Plant DINNER

A complete growing compound containing the eleven elements, five vitamins (including Vitamin B-1), and two established plant hormones.

Plant Dinner creates vigorous healthy growth of all varieties of plants whether grown in soil, sand or water. It has been repeatedly tested by expert growers under all kinds of conditions, and proven to yield uniformly gratifying results.

1 3/4 ozs. makes 112 pints	\$.25
6 ozs. makes 384 pints	.75
1 lb. makes 1024 pints	1.75

## ROOTONE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.



The New Hormone Powder for dusting seeds, cuttings and bulbs. Requires no solutions nor soaking and is easy to use. Assures better germination of seeds, produces better plants with longer roots, greater top growth and vigor. Rootone kills fungi and prevents damping off.

2-oz. size will treat 3 bu. seed or 3,000 cuttings, \$1.00.

1 lb. will treat 30 bu. seed or 30,000 cuttings, \$5.00.

## TRANSPLANTONE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Contains Vitamin B-1 and other parts of the Vitamin B fraction, plus plant Hormones which are active in root formation.

This Vitamin-Hormone tonic stimulates the growth of seedlings, plants, trees, shrubs, rose bushes, lawns, etc., by not only forming new roots but by also continuing their growth and making plant food more available. Very beneficial to transplanted seedlings, shaded lawns and backward garden plants. 1 ounce makes 10 gal. transplanting solution or 900 gal. watering solution. 1/2 oz. pkt., 25c; oz., 50c; 3 oz., \$1.00; lb., \$4.00.

### VITAMIN B-1 (Thiamin Chloride)

Pure Crystalline Powdered Form

Amazing results are being achieved by amateur and professional growers through the use of this growth producing vitamin which causes plant life to gain the greatest possible benefit from the soil. Not a plant food or fertilizer, but a root re-invigorator which materially speeds growth, produces earlier, larger and healthier plant species.

1 milligram (a quantity equal in volume to the head of a small pin) dissolved in 20 drops of water is a basic solution. This is further diluted at the rate of 1 drop to 1 gallon of water for the ordinary minimum concentration. For some varieties stronger concentrations up to a maximum of 20 drops in 1 quart of water have produced best results. 1/10 gram vial makes up to 2,000 gallons, \$1.00.

### VITAMIN B-1 PELLETS

Box 10 Pellets (1 milligram each) makes 200 gallons solution, 25c.

Box 100 Pellets (1 milligram each) makes 2,000 gallons solution, \$1.00.

### TAT VITAMIN B-1 (Liquid)

1/2 fluid ounce makes 100 gallons, 25c.

2 fluid ounces make 800 gallons, \$1.00.

### VITA-FLOR

Vitamin B Solution

A solution containing all Vitamin B growth substances necessary for plant development. Two drops make one gallon solution, 1/4 oz., 50c.

### TAT SYPHONETTE

Unique solid brass device, attached to garden hose enables distribution of Vitamin B-1 soluble fertilizers, fungicides, arsenate of lead for grub control, etc. \$1.85.



### HYPONEX

Chemical Plant Food

Contains Vitamin B-1

For growing plants in soil, sand or water. Ideal for "tank farming," a complete and balanced plant food; odorless and keeps indefinitely.

1 oz. makes 6 gallons	\$.10
3 oz. makes 18 gallons	.25
1 lb. makes 100 gallons	1.00

### FLORALIFE "B"

Prolongs life of cut flowers, retards wilting, prevents fading, maintains fragrance. Used by practical florists since 1933.

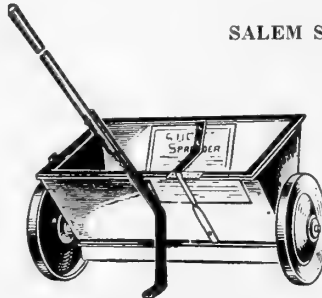
\$ .10 size makes two quarts solution  
1.00 size makes thirty quarts solution

### SALEM SPREADERS

Automatic shut off; six quantity adjustments.

16 in. 22 lb. cap.	\$3.75
20 in. 40 lb. cap.	7.50
30 in. 80 lb. cap.	14.95

E-Z—Cheap but practical—\$1.25 ea.



### VIGORO SPREADERS

"B"	16 in., 15 lb. capacity	\$ 3.35
Junior	16 in., 35 lb. capacity	7.80
Standard	24 in., 65 lb. capacity	15.80
Special	36 in., 100 lb. capacity	24.00

# INDEX

## VEGETABLE SEEDS

Anise	19
Artichoke	3
Asparagus	3
<hr/>	
Basil	19
Beets	7
Borecole	10
Broccoli	11
Brussels Sprouts	10
Bush Beans	4, 5
Bush Limas	6
<hr/>	
Cabbage	8, 9
Caraway	19
Carrots	12
Cantaloupe	22
Cauliflower	11
Celeriac	16
Celery	13
Chicory	16
Chinese Cabbage	16
Chives	18
Citron	22
Collards	10
Corn	14, 15
Corn Salad	18
Cress	16
Cos Lettuce	21
Cucumber	17
<hr/>	
Dandelion	18
Dill	19
<hr/>	
Egg Plant	18
Endive	18
Escarolle	18
<hr/>	
Fennel	18, 19
<hr/>	
Gumbo	25
<hr/>	
Herbs	19
<hr/>	
Kale	19
Kohlrabi	19
<hr/>	
Lavender	19
Leek	19
Lettuce	20, 21
Lima Beans	6
<hr/>	
Mangel Beets	7
Marjoram	19
Melons	22, 23
Mushroom Spawn	23
Muskmelon	22
Mustard	23
<hr/>	
Okra	25
Onion	24
Onion Sets	24
<hr/>	
Parsley	25
Parsnips	29
Peanuts	27
Peas	26, 27
Pepper	28
Pole Beans	5, 6
Popcorn	13
Potatoes	32
Pumpkins	29
<hr/>	
Radishes	30, 31
Rhubarb	31
Rosemary	19
Rutabagas	38
<hr/>	
Sage	19
Salsify	31
Shell Beans	6
Sorrel	31
Spinach	34, 35

Squash	33
Sugar Corn	14
Summer Savory	19
Sweet Potatoes	32
Swiss Chard	16
<hr/>	
Thyme	19
Tomatoes	36, 37
Trees	39
Turnips	38
<hr/>	
Varieties of Special Merit	3
Vegetable Planting Chart	2

Watermelon	23
Wax Beans	5

## FIELD SEEDS, ETC.

Bird Seed	40
Field Seeds	40, 41
Pasture Mixture	40
Wild Bird Seed	40

## PLANTS, ROOTS AND NURSERY STOCK

Amaryllis	57
Asparagus Roots	39
Azaleas	59
Barberry	59
Begonias	57
Bleeding Hearts	57
Caladiums	57
Cannas	57
Clematis Vines	50
Daffodil, Peruvian	57
Dahlia Roots	60
Elephant Ears	57
Evergreens	60
Flower Plants	43
Geraniums	43
Gladiolus	57
Hedge Plants	59
Horseradish Roots	39
Iris	57
Lilies	57
Peonies	57
Rhododendrons	59
Rose Bushes	59
Rhubarb Roots	39
Strawberry Plants	39
Trees	39
Tuberoses	57
Vegetable Plants	39

## FLOWER SEEDS

Aconitum	51
African Daisy	44
Ageratum	43
Agrostemma	43
Alyssum	43, 51
Amaranthus	44
Anchusa	44, 51
Anemone	51
Antirrhinum	43
Aquilegia	51
Arabis	51
Arctotis	44
Armeria	51
Asters	43, 51
Aubrietia	51
<hr/>	
Baby's Breath	46, 54
Balsam	44
Bartonia	44
Bellis	51
Blue Lace Flower	45
Boston Ivy	52
<hr/>	
Calendula	43, 44
Campanula	44, 52
Candytuft	44, 52

Canterbury Bells	44, 52
Carnations	44, 52
Castor Oil Bean	48
Celosia	44
Centaurea	44, 52
Cerastium	52
Chinese Bellflower	55
Chinese Lantern Plant	55
Chrysanthemum	45, 52
Clarkia	45
Coccineum	53
Cockscomb	44
Coleus	43, 52
Columbine	51
Coral Bells	54
Coreopsis	43, 52
Cosmos	45
Cyclamen	52

Dahlia	53
Daisy	51
Datura	45
Delphinium	53
Dianthus	43, 53
Didiscus	45
Digitalis	53
Dimorphotheca	45
<hr/>	
Euphorbia	45
<hr/>	
False Dragon Head	55
Feverfew	53
Flax	54
Forget-Me-Not	53
Four O'Clock	46
Foxglove	53

Gaillardia	53
Gerbera	53
Geum	54
Gilia	45
Globe Amaranth	45
Godetia	46
Grass	97
Gypsophila	46, 54
<hr/>	
Helianthus	46
Helichrysum	45
Heliotrope	43, 54
Hesperis Matronalis	54
Heuchera	54
Hibiscus	54
Hollyhocks	54
Honesty	54

Iberis	54
<hr/>	
Kenilworth Ivy	54
Kochia	46
<hr/>	
Lady Slipper	44
Lantana	43, 46
Larkspur	46, 53
Lathyrus	54
Linaria	54
Linum	54
Lobelia	43, 46
Love-in-a-Mist	47
Lunaria	54
Lupinus	46, 55
Lythrum	55

Mallow Marvels	46, 54
Maltese Cross	55
Marigold	46
Marvel of Peru	46
Mesembryanthemum	46
Mexican Rose	48
Mignonette	46
Mimosa	48
Monkshood	51
Mourning Bride	48

Nasturtium	47
Nicotiana	47
Nigella	47
<hr/>	
Ornamental Grass	47
Oxalis	55

Painted Daisy	55
Pansies	43, 47
Pentstemon	55
Periwinkle	49
Petunias	43, 47
Phlox	43, 47, 55
Physalis	55
Physostegia	55
Pinks	43, 53
Platycodon	55
Poppies	48, 55
Portulaca	48
Primrose	55
Primula	55
Pyrethrum	55

Ricinus	48
Rock Cress	51
Rock Soapwort	56
Rudbeckia	56

Salpiglossis	48
Salvia Splendens	48
Sanvitalia	48
Saponaria	56
Scabiosa	48, 56
Scarlet Sage	43, 48
Schizanthus	48
Sensitive Plant	48
Shasta Daisy	56
Snapdragons	43
Snow in Summer	52
Snow on the Mountain	45
Statice	56
Stevia	48
Stocks	43, 48
Stokesia	56
Summer Cypress	46
Summer Poinsettia	43, 48
Sweet Peas	49, 54
Sweet Rocket	54
Sweet William	56

Tithonia	48
Tritoma	56
Trollius	56
Tufted Pansies	56
<hr/>	
Valeriana	56
Venidium	49
Verbena	43, 49
Veronica	56
Vinca	43, 49
Vines	50
Violas	56

Wallflower	43, 49, 56
<hr/>	
Xeranthemum	50
<hr/>	
Zinnias	43, 50, 54

## FIELD SEEDS

Alfalfa	41
Alsike Clover	41
<hr/>	
Bokhara	41
Buckwheat	41
<hr/>	
Canada Field Peas	41
Clover	41
Creeping Bent Grass	40
Crimson Clover	41
Cow Peas	41
<hr/>	
Dwarf Essex Rape	41

# INDEX

Field Corn.....	15	Dibbles.....	70	Hydrated Lime.....	92	Roofing Materials.....	87
Hard Fescue.....	40	Disc Harrows.....	78	Hyper Humus.....	93	Rootone.....	94
Hungarian Millet.....	40	Dog Food.....	81	Hyponex.....	94	Rose Spray.....	66
Japan Clover.....	41	Dog Repellents.....	63	Ice Cream Freezers.....	88	Rotenone Dust.....	63, 66
Kentucky Blue Grass.....	40	Drag Scoop.....	77	Inoculation.....	92	Sash.....	69
Mammoth Clover.....	41	Dry Lime and Sulphur.....	65	Incubator Thermometers.....	85	Saw Frames.....	90
Meadow Fescue.....	40	Ducks.....	80	Insecticides.....	63, 64, 65, 66	Scalegide.....	66
Millet.....	40	Dusters.....	68	Kura Leak.....	87	Scales.....	84
Oats.....	41	Egg Baskets.....	84	Ladders.....	90	Scraper.....	77
Orchard Grass.....	40	Egg Candler.....	84	Land Plaster.....	92	Scythes.....	71
Perennial Rye Grass.....	40	Egg Carriers.....	84	Land Rollers.....	77	S.E.C. Oil.....	66
Rape.....	41	Egg Cartons.....	84	Lawn Edge Cutters.....	71	Seeders.....	17, 40, 75, 78
Red Clover.....	41	Egg Cleaners.....	84	Lawn Grass.....	97	Seed Flats.....	69
Red Top.....	40	Egg Grading Scale.....	84	Lawn Mowers.....	72, 73	Selocide.....	66
Rhode Island Bent Grass.....	40	Egg Preservative.....	93	Lawn Rakes.....	71	Separators.....	88
Sheep's Fescue.....	40	Egyptian Grower.....	84	Lawn Rollers.....	73	Semesan.....	64
Sorghum.....	41	Electric Hedge Trimmer.....	73	Lawn Sprinklers.....	72	Shearing Machines.....	88
Soy Beans.....	41	Electric Farm Fence.....	87	Leaf Rakes.....	81	Shears.....	70
Sudan Grass.....	41	Electric Hot Bed Heater.....	69	Leg Bands.....	82	Sheep Manure.....	92
Sweet Vernal.....	40	Electric Water Systems.....	89	Lethane Spreader.....	65	Shovels.....	71
Tall Meadow Oat Grass.....	40	Emerson Std. Mowers.....	78	Lime Spreader.....	77	Shovel Plows.....	76
Timothy.....	40	Engines.....	89	Lime and Sulphur.....	63, 65	Singletrees.....	76
White Dutch Clover.....	41	Erosionet.....	93	Loma.....	93	Slug Shot.....	66
Wood Meadow Grass.....	40	Esskay Plant Food.....	93	Loro.....	65	Snarol.....	66
<b>SUPPLIES, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.</b>		Evergreen.....	65	Magnesium Arsenate.....	64	Snaths.....	71
Adco.....	92	Feeds.....	81	Mail Box.....	89	Soil Improvement.....	91
Agrico.....	93	Fence Posts.....	87	Manure Forks.....	79	Soil Soaker.....	72
Antrol Ant Sets.....	64	Fencing.....	86	Manure Spreader.....	71	Soil Tester.....	91
Ant Traps.....	64	Fertilizer.....	92	Marline.....	69	Spades.....	71
Arsenates.....	63, 64	Fertilizer Distributors.....	77	Metal Egg Crates.....	84	Spading Forks.....	71
Asparagus Bunchers.....	70	Fish Oil Soap.....	65	Mills.....	83	Spike Tamp.....	78
Asparagus Knives.....	70	Flame Sprayer.....	67	Mole Traps.....	70	Spray Bulbs.....	69
Baby Chicks.....	80	Floralife.....	94	Mologen.....	65	Spray Catalizer.....	66
Back Bands.....	76	Flour of Sulphur.....	66	Mortar Hoe.....	71	Spray Chart.....	62
Bag Balm.....	88	Flower Boxes.....	66	Mortar Mixer.....	71	Sprayers.....	67, 68
Barbed Wire.....	86	Flower Pots.....	69	Motors.....	89	Spraying Materials.....	64, 65, 66
Barn Door Hangers.....	89	Forks.....	71	Motor Cultivator.....	79	Spreaders.....	77, 94
Beetle Traps.....	64	Formaldehyde.....	65	Mowers.....	72, 73, 79	Spring Tooth Harrows.....	78
Beetle Spray.....	64	Fruit Pickers.....	70	Napthalene Flakes.....	65	Sprinklers.....	72
Bee Supplies.....	90	Fruit Presses.....	90	Neonset Pots.....	69	Stalls.....	87
Black Leaf Forty.....	64	Fungtrogen.....	65	Nico Fume.....	65	Stanchions.....	87
Blood Meal.....	92	Garden Barrows.....	74	Nitragin.....	92	Strainer Pads.....	88
Bone Meal.....	92	Garden Cart.....	73	Nitrate of Soda.....	92	Sulphur.....	63, 66
Books.....	61	Garden Gadget.....	70	Norcross Cultivators.....	71	Sulfocide.....	66
Bordeaux Mixture.....	63	Garden Trowels.....	70	Nozzles.....	72	Syphonette.....	94
Brooders.....	85	Gasoline Engines.....	89	Paradichlorobenzene.....	65	Tartar Emetic.....	66
Brooder Thermometers.....	85	Glass.....	69	Para-Scalegide.....	65	Thermometers.....	70
Brush Hooks.....	71	Glass Churns.....	88	Paris Green.....	63	Tobacco Dust.....	66
Butter Coloring.....	88	Glass Cloth.....	84	Peat Moss.....	93	Tool Grinders.....	89
Butter Paper.....	88	Gloves.....	73	Peerless Glazing Points.....	69	Tractor.....	79
Butter Prints.....	88	Grafting Wax.....	70	Planet Jr. Implements.....	75	Transplanter.....	79
Carbola.....	64	Grape Dust.....	65	Plantabbs.....	92	Transplantone.....	94
Carbolineum.....	64	Grass Collectors.....	73	Plant Bands.....	69	Traps.....	64
Catalizer.....	64	Grass Hooks.....	71	Plant Dinner.....	94	Tree Labels.....	69
Celery Bleachers.....	13	Graswips.....	73	Plant Props.....	69	Tree Pruners.....	70
Cemetery Vases.....	69	Glazing Points.....	69	Plant Setters.....	39	Tree Tanglefoot.....	66
Chains.....	76	Glazing Putty.....	69	Plant Stakes.....	69	Tree Wound Paint.....	65
Channel Drain Roofing.....	87	Grindstones.....	74	Plows.....	76	Tri-ogen.....	66
Chemical Plant Food.....	94	Halter Chains.....	76	Pomo Green.....	65	Trowels.....	70
Chicks.....	80	Hanging Baskets.....	70	Pot Labels.....	69	Turkey Poultis.....	80
Churns.....	88	Hand Cultivators.....	75	Post Hole Diggers.....	86	Turf Edgers.....	71
Cider Mills.....	90	Hand Plows.....	70	Potato Hooks.....	71	Twist-Ems.....	69
Copper Sulphate.....	64	Hand Weeders.....	75	Potato Scoop.....	71	Vegetable Tying Mach's.....	74
Cordage.....	74	Hardware Cloth.....	87	Poultry Feeds.....	81	Vigoro.....	94
Corn Planter.....	15, 79	Harrows.....	75, 78	Poultry Fencing.....	86	Vio-Ray.....	84
Corn Shellers.....	83	Hay Chopper and Silo.....	83	Poultry Remedies.....	81	Vitamin B-1.....	94
Corona Coppercarb.....	64	Filler.....	83	Poultry Supplies.....	81, 82, 83, 84	Volck.....	66
Crow Repellent.....	64	Hay Forks.....	71	Pruners.....	70	Warren Hoes.....	71
Cultivators.....	75, 78	Hay Rakes.....	71	Pruning Paint.....	65	Watering Pots.....	69
Cuprocide.....	64	Haying Tools.....	71	Pulverizers.....	77	Weed Cutters.....	71
Cyano Gas.....	64	Hedge Shears.....	70	Pumps.....	90	Weeders.....	70, 71, 77
DX.....	64	Hitox.....	65	Putty Bulbs.....	69	Weed Killer.....	66
Dairy Supplies.....	88	Hoes.....	71	Pyrox.....	65	Wheelbarrows.....	74
Day-Old Chicks.....	80	Honey Jars.....	90	Rakes.....	71	Wheel Hoes.....	75
		Hormodin.....	94	Rat Exterminator.....	82	Window Boxes.....	69
		Horse Hoes.....	75	Red Arrow.....	65	Wire Fencing.....	86
		Hose.....	73	Red Chief Mills.....	83	Wire Stretchers.....	87
		Hose Reel.....	73	Rock Salt.....	88	Whale Oil Soap.....	65
		Hot Bed Glass.....	69	Rope.....	74	Wine Presses.....	90
		Hot Bed Mats.....	69			Worm Powder.....	81
		Hot Bed Sash.....	69			<b>Y-O.....</b>	<b>81</b>
		Hotkaps.....	74			Zotox.....	66
		Hyacinth Stakes.....	69				





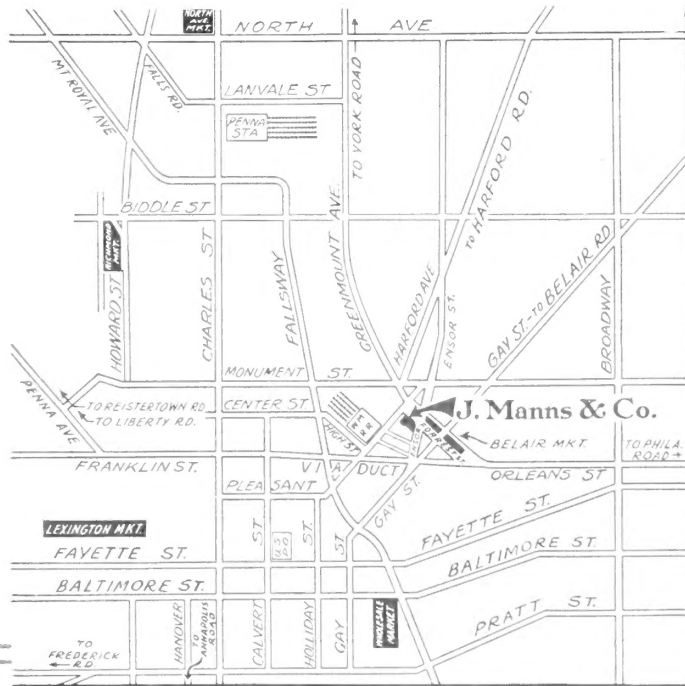




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