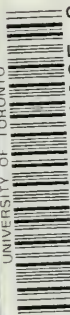


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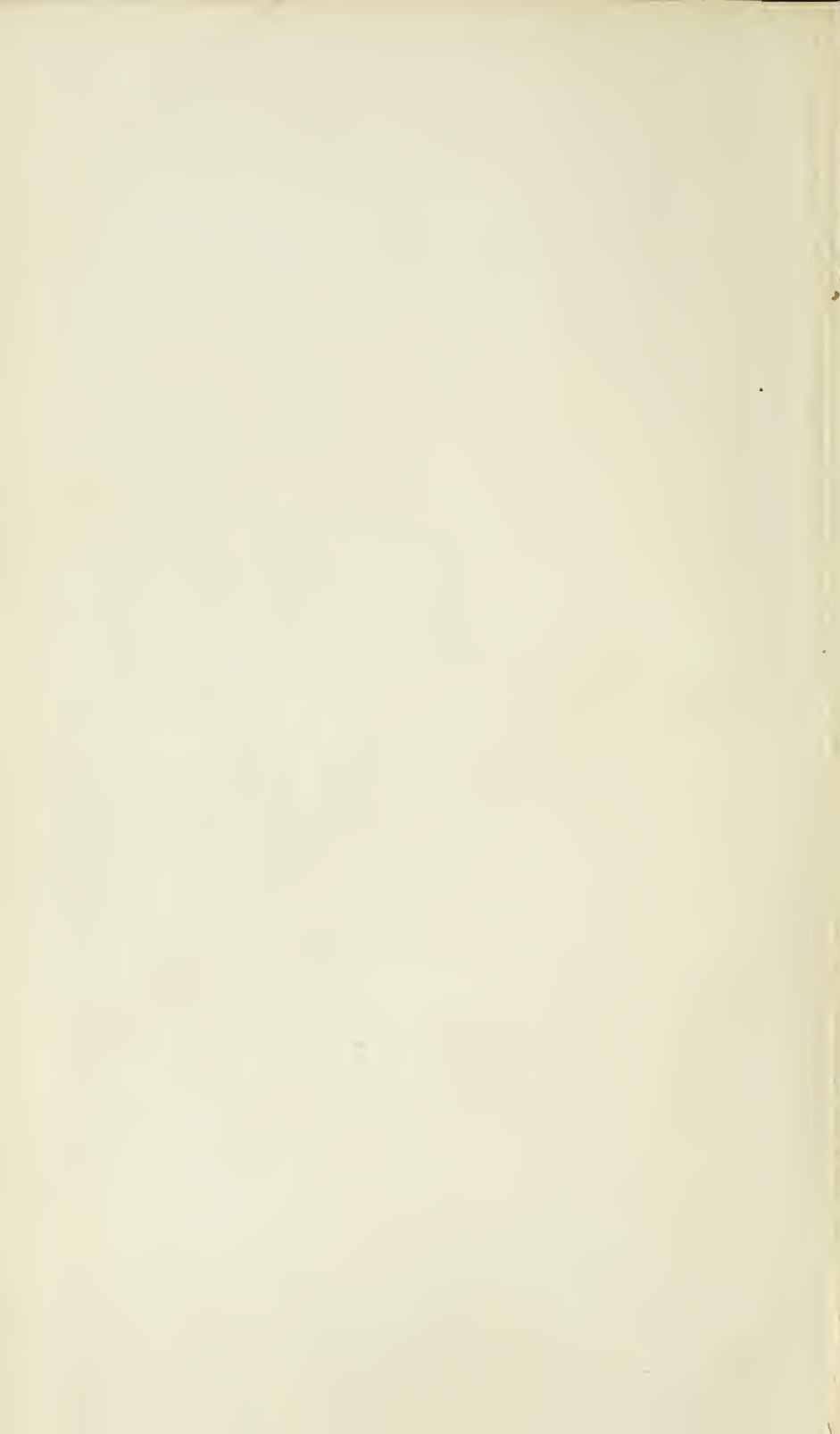


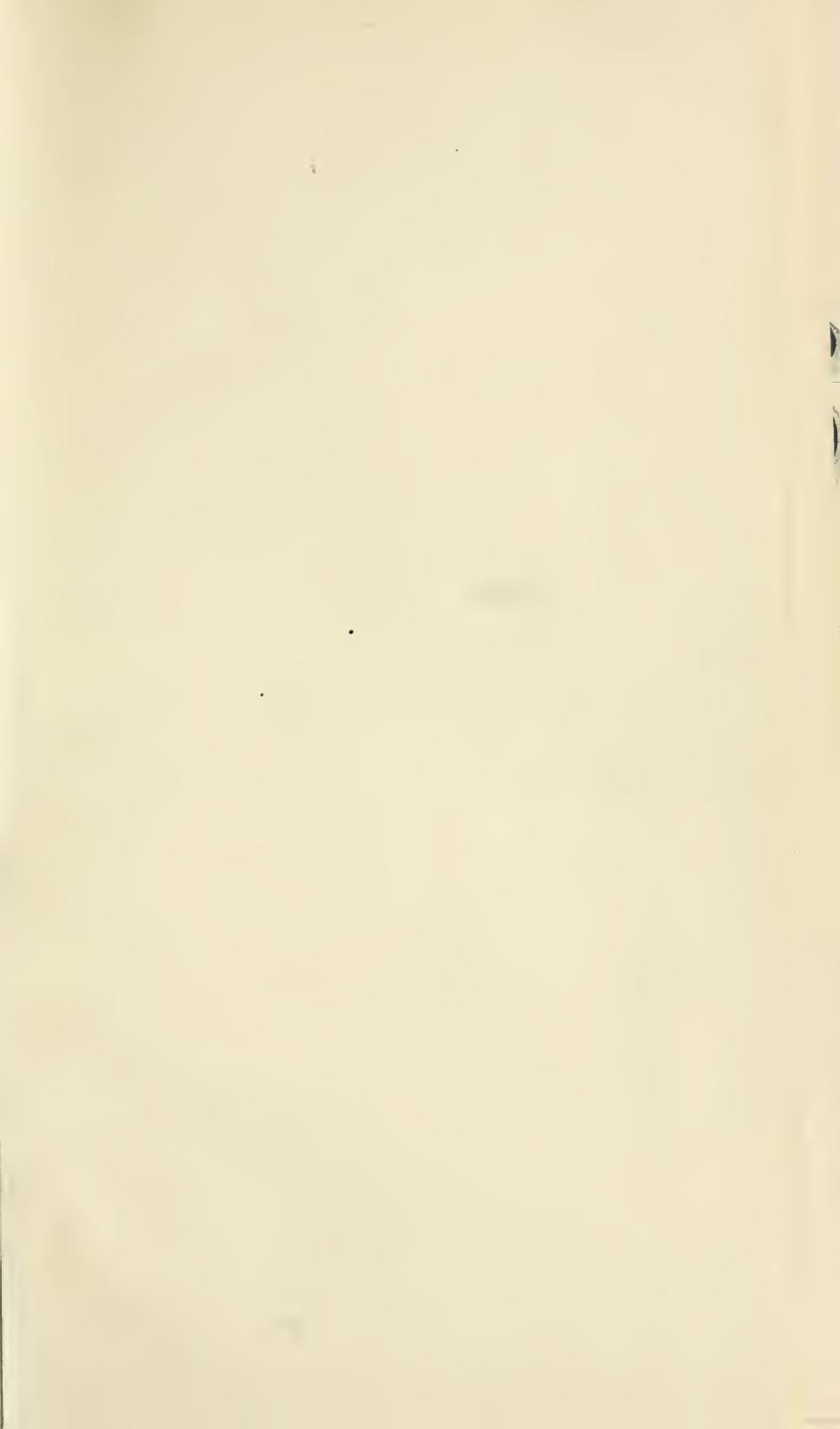
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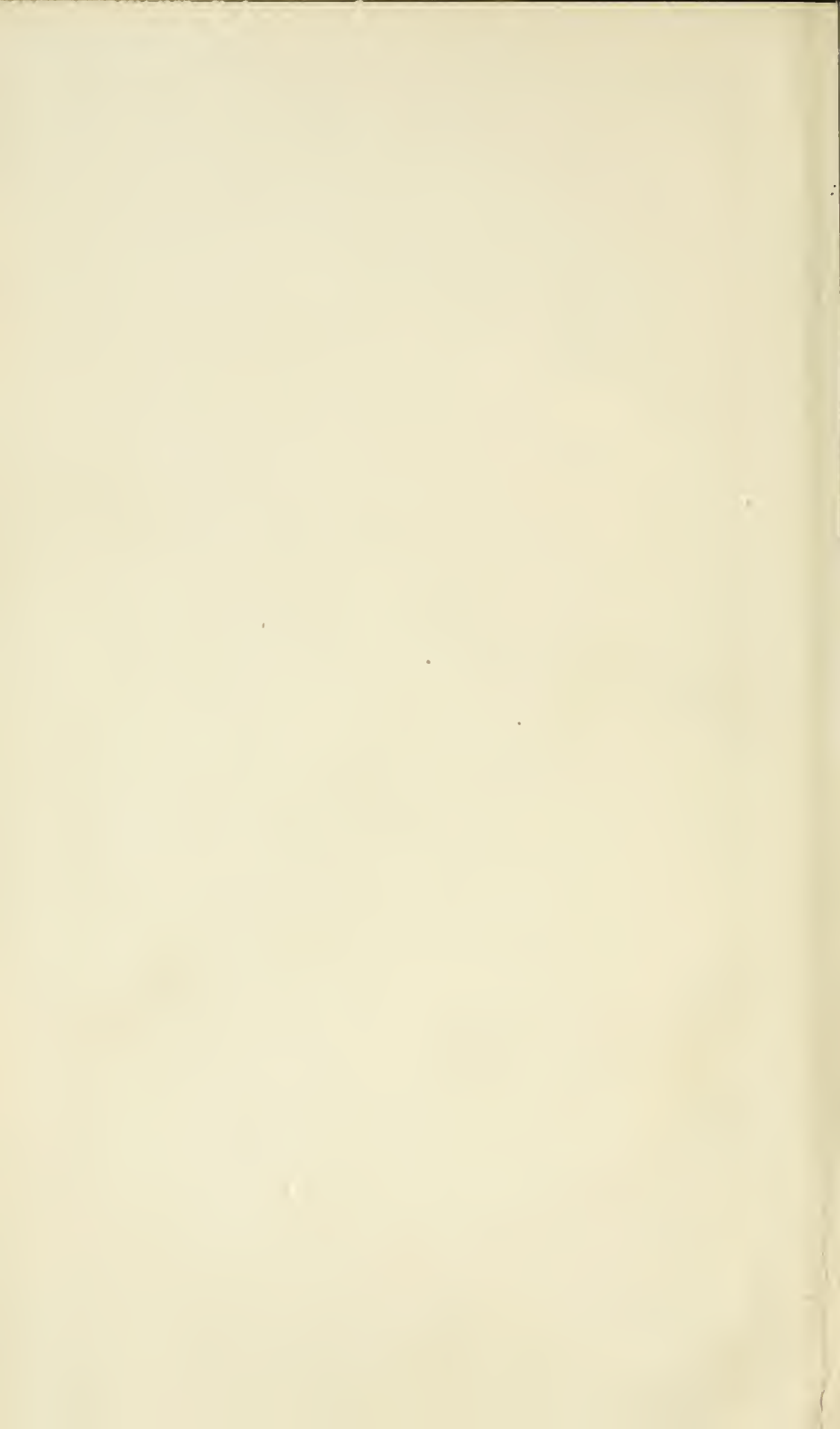
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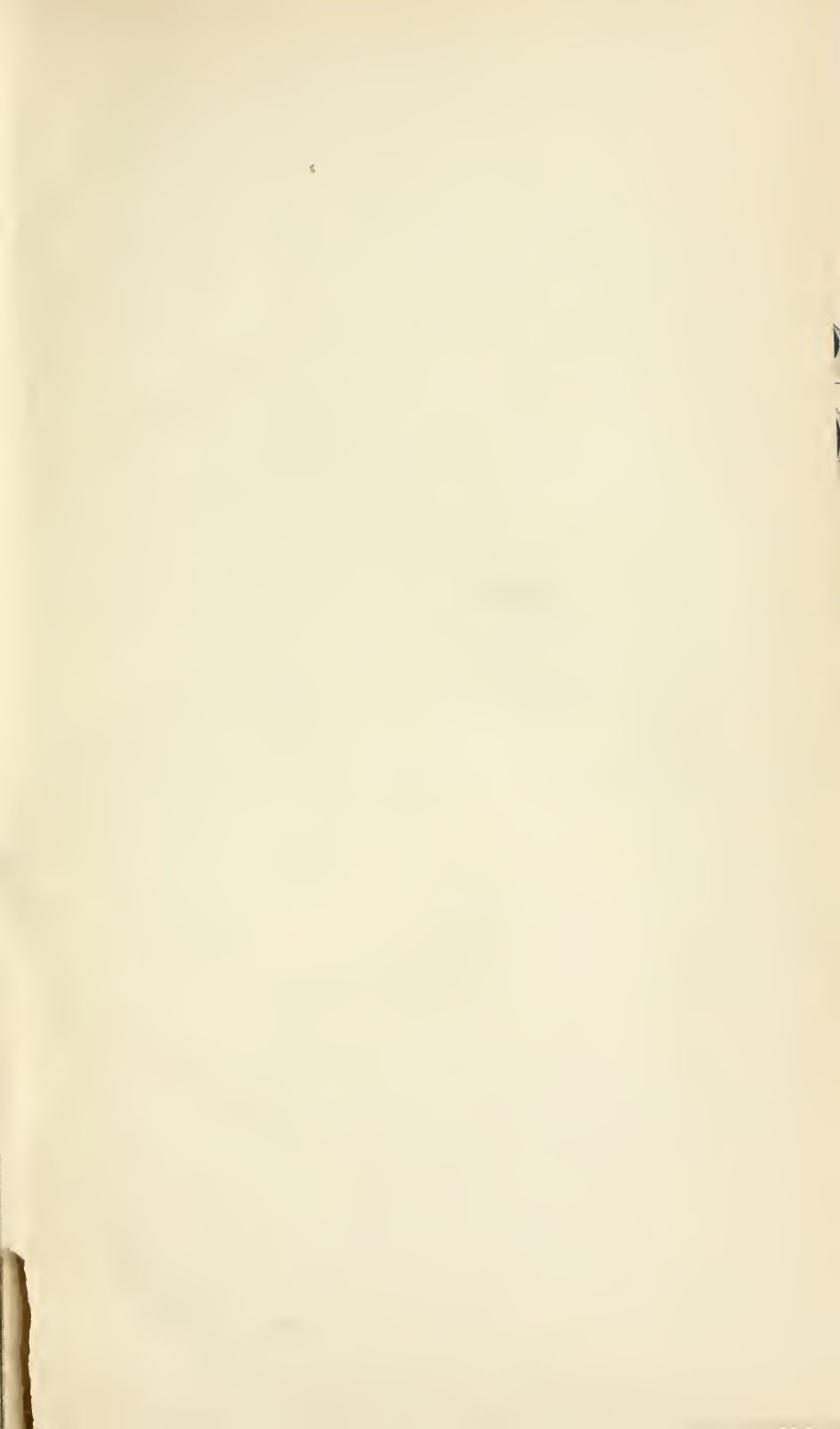


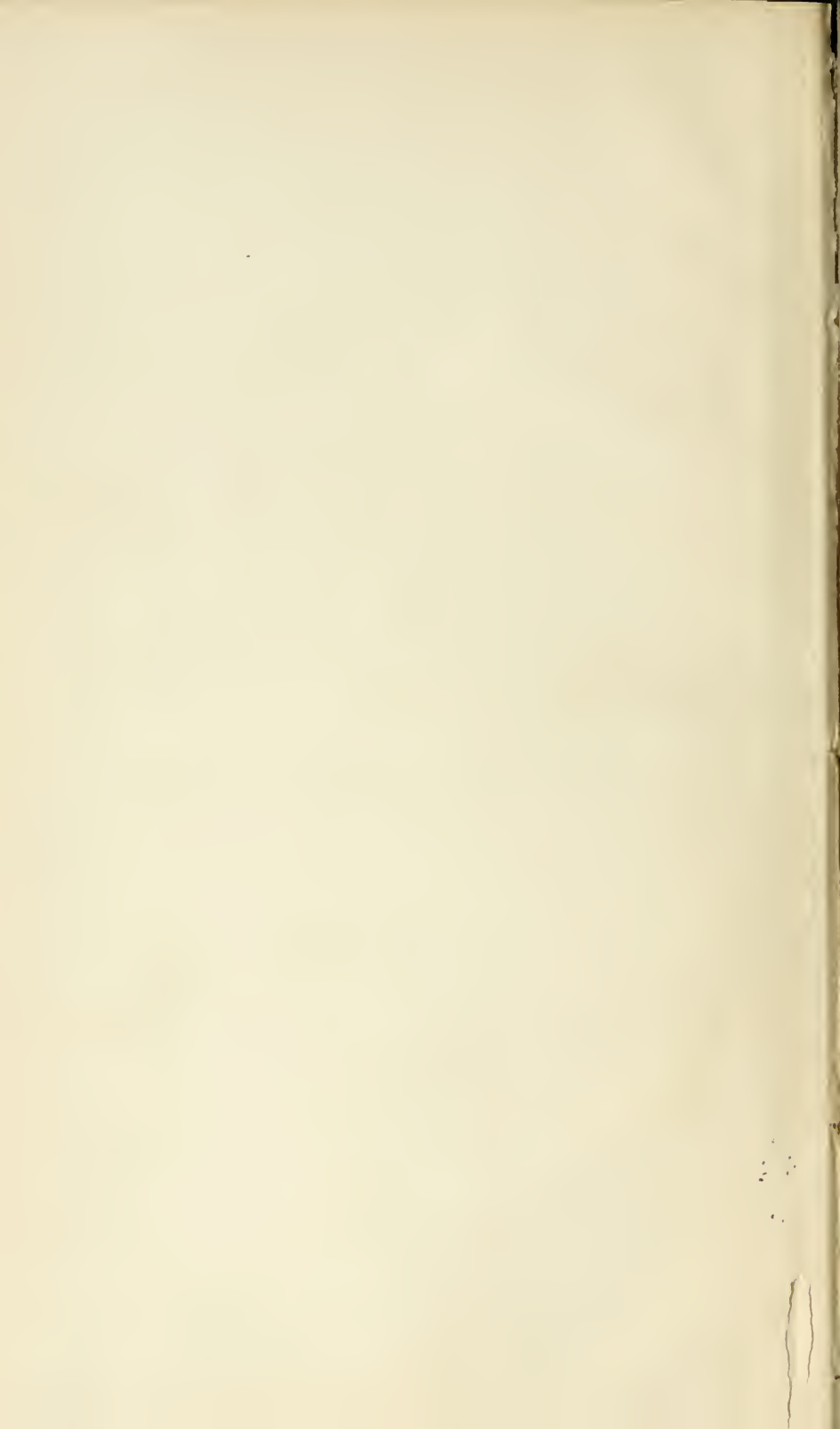
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MERCK'S LABORATORIES  
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# MERCK'S INDEX



OF  
Fine Chemicals  
and Drugs  
for the  
Materia Medica  
and the Arts.



E. MERCK,  
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST,  
DARMSTADT, GERMANY.

NEW YORK:  
73 WILLIAM STREET,

LONDON:  
16 JEWRY STREET.

1889.

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IS LOCATED IN

NEW YORK CITY,

No. 73 WILLIAM STREET.

[P. O. Box 2649.]

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THEODORE WEICKER,

Empowered Attorney and General Business Manager for E. Merck in the U. S.

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E. MERCK,

NEW YORK,  
*U. S. A.*

DARMSTADT,  
*Germany.*

LONDON,  
*England.*

Manufacturing Chemist and Pharmaceutist,

AND

*Purveyor to the Materia Medica of all Countries.*

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MERCK'S LABORATORIES AT DARMSTADT WERE FOUNDED IN THE YEAR

≡≡≡ 1668. ≡≡≡

# MERCK'S INDEX

—OF—

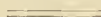
*Fine Chemicals and Drugs*

FOR THE

## MATERIA MEDICA

AND THE

**ARTS.**



COMPRISING A SUMMARY OF  
WHATEVER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS ARE TO-DAY ADJUDGED AS BEING USEFUL  
IN EITHER MEDICINE OR TECHNOLOGY.

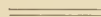
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WITH AVERAGE VALUES AND SYNONYMS AFFIXED.



### A GUIDE

*For the Physician, Apothecary, Chemist, and Dealer.*



BY

## E. MERCK.



—1889.—

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51  
1889



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Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1889, by  
E. MERCK,  
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NEW YORK, *January*, 1889.

To the Members of the *Medical* and *Pharmaceutical*  
Professions of America.

Dear Sirs:—

In looking back upon the line of generations during which my Home Office and Laboratories at Darmstadt, Germany, have been in existence, I find that yonder Office has, for many years past, held agreeable relations with you, gentlemen of both professions in America, through the intermediation of your Importers and Drug Merchants. I find, furthermore, that those relations have become widened in extent and deepened in reciprocal regard, with unfailing constancy, as year after year wore on.

This was made manifest to me, from time to time, in many different ways; among others,—by numerous requests from distinguished members of your professions, to the effect that I would provide a more convenient avenue of mutual communication between us.

The continued recurrence of these requests, and the multiplying number of the sources whence they came, finally caused me to accede to them, by establishing a **House of my Own in America**,—which was opened in *February of 1887*.

That action of mine, however, was *in no wise* inspired by any distrust or unfriendly sentiment, on my part, toward the able and respected merchants who always have been, and still are, the intermediaries of your intercourse with me. They have not in the least changed their position in this regard; with the sole exception that, instead of being obliged, heretofore, to send their orders for my products to my Darmstadt office, they now obtain their supplies directly and promptly from my American warehouse, which is more readily accessible to them. Hereby the course of trade in these chemicals is not altered in any other wise than that of added ease, promptness, and certainty of execution. Thus, my business relations with the American Wholesale Drug and Chemical Trade remain precisely as they were before the establishment of my own General Depot at New York. My moral relations with you, gentlemen of both professions, will, I am bold to hope, likewise remain as heretofore,—those of mutual esteem and confidence; with the modification, perhaps,—resulting from the comparative nearness of my American establishment to you and your purveyors,—of making many of you, as well as of them, still better acquainted with the *vastly comprehensive extent* of the full line of my products, numbering to-day upwards of 5,000 medicinal, analytical, and technical Chemicals; thus embracing about every purely chemical compound or derivative, and most of the pharmaceutical preparations, at present employed in Medical Art.

The present volume contains an alphabetically arranged List of those of my products which are, at the present day, dealt-in by the principal Drug and Chemical Warehouses in all parts of the world; *added to which* are about a dozen preparations mostly made under patent restrictions by other makers exclusively, and which, on account of their excellence and importance, have been received into this "Index."

The most vital interests of your patients, gentlemen physicians!—and of your customers, gentlemen of the pharmaceutical profession!—depend, as you are well aware, on the reality of the Presumed Purity, of the Prescribed Strength, and of the Correct Condition of the materials employed

in filling prescriptions. Your well-founded confidence in the Standard and Reliable Brand of "Merck" may, in many cases, *where you have not found an equally certain* preparation from other sources, cause you to specify "Merck's" in your prescriptions to be filled by your Dispensing Pharmacist, or in your orders sent to your Wholesale Dealer.

*Such specifications can now be obeyed within a comparatively brief time, when not instantly, by every Apothecary,—or by every Drug and Chemical Merchant, respectively,—throughout the length and breadth of our States and Territories*; for, whenever a substance specified as "MERCK'S" should not be thus in stock at the moment when first required, the next *return mail from New York* will, as a rule, bring it whithersoever desired! This is the great achievement gained for the friends of my Brand on this Continent by the establishment of my **American Branch**: that almost anything likely to be desired from the vast arsenal of the *Materia Medica* can now be obtained at very short notice from my well-stocked New-York warehouse; whereas, formerly, many weeks may have elapsed before a given special order could be filled *via* Atlantic steamer.—For it must be borne in mind that, in my house in this city, I keep a full line of my own products, consisting **not only** of those rarer and difficultly obtainable Botanical Derivatives, mostly known as *Alkaloids, Glucosides, or Resinoids*, (which constitute, it is true, a *special and eminent* province of my Laboratories),—**but likewise**, as above indicated, of all the *Metallic Salts and Synthetical Organic Compounds*, etc., employed in Modern Medicine;—besides the most important of the *regular Pharmaceutic Preparations* (Balsams, Essences, Extracts, Juices, Oils, Resins, Solutions, Spirits, Syrups, Tinctures, Waters, etc.);—added to which are all the *Laboratory Reagents* employed by Analytical Chemists, and a great number of the *Finer Grades of Technical Chemicals* (Acids and other Solvents, Anti-Ferments, Detergents, Mordants, Pure Metals, etc.).

Furthermore, I would beg leave to direct the attention of Physicians and Druggists to the fact that all these preparations, whenever "Merck's" Brand is called for, can be furnished by every Drug and Chemical Warehouse of the United States and Canada, *in the Original Package* and under the Original Label and Seal of my Darmstadt Laboratories,—*be the package of any size*, small or large, that may be desired.

I would earnestly entreat my friends, throughout both professions, to insist rigidly that **Merck's Chemicals** be furnished to them, by dealers, in the *original packages* as above described. If any dealer refuses, or professes to be unable, to thus furnish them—after being allowed a reasonable lapse of time for correspondence with my New-York Office—I will be thankful to parties thus disappointed if they will communicate full particulars to me, at **New York City** (73 William Street, or P. O. Box 2649), and *I will in each case endeavor to procure the prompt satisfaction of the demand made*.

I shall also feel pleased, at all times, to give to professional gentlemen *any other desired Information at my command*.

Quite a number of inquiries, however, such as come to me by each mail in great numbers, might have been averted if the inquirers had read a Monthly Publication issued by me, entitled: "**Merck's Bulletin**—a periodical record of New Discoveries, Introductions, or Applications of Medicinal Chemicals." That journal is issued *exclusively for the purpose* of informing professional men on what may be of *actual interest* to them in the field of chemical, physiological or therapeutical discovery as to Chémico-medicinal Prepa-

rations.—“MERCK'S BULLETIN” is edited *in the briefest possible form*, leaving aside all speculative ventures of opinion, and confining itself to established facts. It is further edited *without deference to Merck's or any one else's business interests*,—simply describing Things that are New and Interesting, without any regard whatever to their origin, sale, or trade-connection.

One remark may be needed by my professional friends, as to the **Price-notes** placed opposite the names of most substances in the following List. *Those Price-notes are not intended to give this work the character of a commercial or business Price-list.* The prices of most of the articles enumerated are, in the nature of the market, variable; and the *sole purpose* of inserting such price-notes here is, therefore, to give Physicians and Apothecaries a somewhat approximative idea as to *Average Market Values*; so as to serve as an occasionally convenient guide in calculating the cost of various medicines, and, consequently, in some cases, to assist in determining their choice, when there may be several substances of like mode of action to choose from, and when the item of cost may have to be a factor in the selection.

It will be understood that the Values stated are based on the average rates which the Retail Druggist is expected to pay his purveyor; and that, consequently, they will form a basis *only to the Apothecary or to the Dispensing Physician* for the calculation of his own expenditure.

The *Ruling in the blank columns* after the price-notes is intended for the insertion of private notes regarding the stated articles.—The cross-ruling at the end of each alphabetical division may serve to allow new articles to be added.

The *English Nomenclature and Orthography* hereinafter followed, for the designations of chemical compounds, are, in the main, those adopted by the Chemical Society of England, and by most of the modern text-books and treatises on chemistry, both in England and the United States.—For instance, the termination “*ine*” is reserved strictly for only two classes of bodies: *Elements* (Chlorine), and *Alkaloids or other non-metallic Bases* (Strychnine; Hydroxyl-amine); while all *Glucosides, Resinoids, Amarulents, Proteids*, or other *Neutral* or prevalently *Acid* bodies drop that “*e*” (Strophanthin; Agaricin; Euonymin; Chondrin; Tannin).—*Hydrocarbons* of the *Aromatic Series* end in “*ene*,” supplanting “*ol*” or “*in*” or “*en*” (Benzene [not “Benzol”]; Naphthalene [not “Naphthalin”]; Stilbene [not “Stilben”]);—those of the *Fatty Series* in “*ane*”—not “*an*”—(Methane). [Some *Esters* likewise end in “*ane*” (Ur-ethane), and some in “*in*” (without final *e*)—(Stearin).—The termination “*ile*” carries the mute *e* (Nitrile); the termination “*yl*” does not (Acetyl).—*Alcohols* (so-called Hydroxyl-derivatives of Hydrocarbons) *do not* add a mute *e* to the termination “*ol*” (Carbinol), while the *other* compounds ending similarly take the *e* for distinction (Indole). [With some Alcohols, the termination “*in*” has become so firmly established in current usage, that this was recognized in the List; as, f. i.,—“Glycerin = Glycerol.” Some of the *higher* (poly-hydric or poly-valent) *Alcohols* of the *Fatty Series* have been given under the *distinctive* termination of “*it*,” with other recognized forms added (“Mannit” = Mannitol = Mannol”); while the termination “*ite*” has been reserved wholly for *Salts* of the weaker Acid-forms (—Nitrite) and *Native Minerals* (Pyrolusite).]—“Aldehyd” has been deprived of the final *e* appended to it by many authors, as being more exactly in accordance with its etymology of

"Al[cohol] *dehyd*[rogenatus]."—These are some of the principal *Orthographical* points on which various authors are still in the habit of differing.—As to *Nomenclature proper*, there will, I presume, be no difficulty of understanding, inasmuch as the system hereinafter used is one that has been taught in our schools, in substantially the same form, for nearly a generation past.

In connection herewith I would say that quite a great deal of labor has been bestowed, in arranging the matter of the book, on the introduction of a pretty full array of *Synonyms* (embracing both *popular* or *trade*, and *alchemistic* or so-called *magistral* designations).—I was originally loth to call the products here listed by any other than their properly (and when so: officially) received chemical appellations,—intending to add only a few of the pharmacopeial designations in cases where these differed from the former. But such floods of both orders and inquiries poured in upon me equally from Trade and from Professional quarters, *using the most various designations for same objects*, that I found myself perforce compelled—if I meant to accommodate the mass of my readers—to receive into the List a number of names deemed quite obsolete by me at the first planning of this work.

But, whichever the "odd names" thus received may be,—the substance in question is *invariably listed under a proper chemical name also*, and is, as a rule, *detailed and priced there!* (In no case is a substance detailed or priced in two or more places in the List, but *always*—if at all—*only* in the place pointed-to by the words "*see —,*" or "*see under —.*"—Thus: the trade-names "Vitriol, blue," and "Copper Vitriol" are both found in the List in their respective alphabetic places; but, after both, the reference-remark points to "Copper, sulphate, neutral"; *where alone* the Descriptions and Market-values of its different forms and qualities are stated.) In a very few instances, the money-value of a substance is stated *after a name quite different from any of its proper chemical designations*; such departure is then always due to a differing pharmacopeial (U.-S.) nomenclature. (For example: "Calcium, oxide," is referred to "Lime," because the U.-S. Pharmacopœia calls it "Calx = Lime.")—Whenever a substance is here listed under a name *deviating* from the English form of its U.-S. pharmacopeial Latin name, the latter is *always added* in parentheses, and is also repeated (in English) in its proper alphabetic place, as a *Synonym*. (For example: "Mercury, bichloride," has after it the parenthesis "Hydrargyri chloridum corrosivum," *and* is also listed under the synonym: "Mercury, chloride, corrosive.")—In a few other instances, when substances had to be referred, for their quality-standard or mode of preparation, to some *Foreign* Pharmacopœia, their Latin synonyms, when given in such connection, are formed according to the system of nomenclature of *that* particular work. (For example: "Antimony, oxide, precipitated," will be found described in parentheses, first, by its exact chemical designations: "Antimonious oxide—Tri-oxide";—then by its U.-S. pharmacopeial name: "Antimonii oxidum";—and then again by one of its foreign pharmacopeial names: "Stibium oxydatum præcipitatum.")

When a complicated compound may as likely be sought-for under its rational *chemical name* as under its empirical *chemical name*, both are listed. (Thus: "Urea" = "Carb-amide"; "Pyro-catechin" = "Di-oxy-benzene, ortho-.")

I sincerely trust the book may be a Welcome Visitor not only to whom-ever it calls upon; but may prove so *useful* as to be asked to "come again."

E. MERCK.



The ORIGINAL DOCUMENT, of which the subjoined text contains a literally identical reproduction, is to-day preserved in the GRAND-DUCAL STATE ARCHIVES at DARMSTADT, Germany.—The meaning of the ancient text, dated July 10th, 1682, is that of a GOVERNMENT CHARTER, or LETTERS-PATENT, confirming and continuing, to GEORGE FREDERICK MERCK, the CHARTER or GRANT of LICENSE conferred upon JACOB FREDERICK MERCK IN THE YEAR 1668, BY THE LANDGRAVE OF HESSE: LUDWIG THE SIXTH, —for the maintenance of a PHARMACEUTIC ESTABLISHMENT by said Merck.—The Establishment referred-to has now been in the possession and under the direction of the MERCK FAMILY FOR 221 YEARS, and has by them, in the meantime, been developed into the immense complex system of MANUFACTURING LABORATORIES, to-day known as

"MERCK'S DARMSTADT CHEMICAL WORKS."

*Copia copiae.*

Don GOTTES Gnaden Wir Elisabetha Dorothea, Landgräfin zu Hessen, Fürstin zu Hersfeld, geborene Herzogin zue Sachsen, Jülich, Cleve und Berg p. Gräfin zue Katzenelnbogen, Diez, Siegenhain, Nidda, Schauenburg, Hsenburg und Bidingen p. Wittib, Vormünderin und Regentin, Thun kund und bekennen in Vormundtschaft Unseres freundl. geliebten ältesten annoch Minder Jährigen Sohns, Landgraf Ernst Ludwigs zu Hessen p. hiermit, Alß Sr. Edl. hochseel. Herr Groß Vatter, Weyland Herr Landgraf Geörg zu Hessen p. Weyland Johann Samuel Böcklern im Jahr 1657 und folgendts nach dessen Absterben, Unseres nunmehr in Gott ruhenden Herrn und Ehemahls, Weyland Herrn Landgraf Ludwigs, des Nahmens der Sechsten zu Hessen p. Edl. im Jahr 1668. Jacob Friederich Mercken von Schweinfurt, die Gnad gethan, und ihnen eine Apotheck allhier aufzurichten und *respective* zu *continuirem*, ein *Privilegium* und Verwilligung ertheilet; Und dann seithero Beedes erwehnter Johann Samuel Böckler und Jacob Friederich Merck verstorben, und Uns darauf jetztgedachtes Jacob Friederich Merckens Vetter, Georg Friederich Merck, umb ertheilung solches Apotheker *Privilegii* auf ihne unterthänigst gebetten; Und Wir ohne das, zu desto mehrer erhaltung der *Medicorum* und *Patienten Libertät* und Vermeydung sonstschädlichen *Monopol*-Wesens, ohne das gern sehen, daß zwey wohlbestelte Apotheken allhier seyen und erhalten werden; Daß Wir, so gestalten sachen und Umständen nach, in sothanes sein Geörg Friederich Merckens Suchen gnädigst gewilliget, Thun dasselbe auch hiermit und in Kraft dieses, in der Besten und Beständigsten form, als es von Rechts- und Gewohnheit wegen geschehen soll, kann und mag, Und soll er Geörg Friederich Merck sich hingegen der fürstlichen Hessischen Apotheker Ordnung jederzeit gemees verhalten, ehist die gewöhnliche pflichten Leisten, zumahl aber seine Apotheck nicht weniger, als der andere Apotheker *Scipio*, die seinige, soweit es nicht schon geschehen ist, dergestalt mit guten frischen, zu einz- und andern Curen dienlichen heylsamen *Medicamentis* und Wahren, also geungsamlich versehen, und damit fort und fort würcklich *continuirem*, daß kein Mangel erscheine und also allhier zwey rechtschaffene wohlbestelte, zum wenigsten *in qualitate*, weil es etwann *in quantitate* nicht allezeit wohl geschehen könnte, einander gleichstreichende *Corpora* seyen, wie auch die *Medicamenta* dem Armen sowohl als dem Reichen, beedes in der Gütigkeit und Billichen Leidlichen, und zum wenigsten in dem zu frantsfurt von Mess- zu Messen üblichen *tax* und Preis /: es were dann daß Wir in etlichen Stücken ein sonderbare *tax* Ordnung ansgehen lassen /: geben und folgen lassen, Inmassen Wir die *Visitation* Besagter Apotheken durch Unsere darzu *Deputirte* Rhäte auch *Medicos*, und wen Wir sonst noch weiter darzu *deputiren*, nach und nach zu verfügen, nicht unterlassen werden; Befehlen und verordnen darauf und wollen, daß wieder dieses *Privilegium* und Vergünstigung nichts nachgesehen, noch verhenget, sondern derselbe vielmehr, so lang er sich vorgeschriebenermassen und sonsten der Gebühr verhalten wird, darbey gehandhabet und darwider nicht beschweret werden soll, treulich und ohne Gefährde; Ihrkundlich Unserer Aigenhändigen Unterschrift und hierauf gedruckten fürstlichen *Secrets*, Datum —

Darmstadt am 10ten July anno 1682.

Elisabetha Dorothea Landgräfin zu Hessen.  
(L. S.)

# "SUUM CUIQUE."

The list herewith submitted, of a few of the **HONORABLE AWARDS** extended to the firm of **E. MERCK**, embraces, by the desire of the House, but a **NUMERICALLY SMALL FRACTION** of such awards received during the time from 1830 to 1883; the balance not enumerated may be covered by the remark that **E. MERCK NEVER EXHIBITED HIS PRODUCTS ON ANY PUBLIC OCCASION WHATEVER. WITHOUT THEIR ELICITING A TOKEN OF ESPECIAL DISTINCTION AND HONOR.**

THEODORE WEICKER,

*Manager in the U. S. for E. MERCK.*

Among the **AWARDS** received by **E. MERCK**, of Darmstadt, are the following:

- |       |  |   |   |
|-------|--|---|---|
| 1830: | Gold Medal:<br>"For the Relief of Mankind."  | } | Pharmaceutical Society of<br>PARIS, (France).<br>Competitive Exposition.                            |
| 1853: | Medal and Special Approbation:<br>"For Specimens of Alkaloids."  | } | Exhibition of the Industry<br>of All Nations,—<br>NEW YORK.   |
| 1861: | Gold Medal and Diploma.  | } | Industrial Exposition for<br>the Grand Duchy of<br>Hesse,—DARMSTADT.                                |
| 1862: | Medal: "Honoris Causa."  | } | World's Fair,—LONDON,<br>(England).   |
| 1864: | Award: "Beyond Competition"<br>( <b>PRIX HORS LICNE</b> ):<br>"Numerous and varied collection of Alkaloids<br>and very rare products; Physiological Prepara-<br>tions of high interest and very difficult to<br>obtain in any appreciable quantity." | } | Pharmaceutical Congress<br>of France.<br>Hygienic and Pharma-<br>ceutic Exposition,<br>STRASSBOURG. |
| 1867: | Gold Medal:<br>"Chemical Preparations; Quinine Salts;<br>Alkaloids."   | } | Universal Exposition,—<br>PARIS, (France).  |
| 1873: | Medal of Progress and Diploma.<br>(The Highest Award.)   | } | World's Exposition,—<br>VIENNA, (Austria).  |
| 1876: | The Great Prize Medal<br>and Diploma.  | } | Industrial Exposition for<br>the Grand Duchy of<br>Hesse,—DARMSTADT.                                |
| 1879: | "First Award."   | } | International Exhibition,—<br>SYDNEY, (Australia).  |
| 1880: | Gold Medal and Diploma:<br>"A Fine and Vast Collection of the Rarest<br>Alkaloids and their Salts."  | } | Medical Assoc'n of Italy.<br>Ninth Convention, Third<br>Exposition, GENOA.                          |
| 1880: | Gold Medal:<br>"Vitam Excolere per Artes."   | } | International Exhibition,—<br>MELBOURNE,<br>(Australia).  |
| 1883: | The Diploma of Honor.  | } | International Exposition,—<br>AMSTERDAM,<br>(Holland).  |

# MERCK'S CHEMICALS

are to be obtained through the *Wholesale and Jobbing Drug Trade* in all parts of the United States, in **UNBROKEN ORIGINAL PACKAGES** (of any desired size!) under the *Genuine Darmstadt Seal and Label*.

⚠ *Whenever difficulty is experienced in thus procuring them, relief will be had by sending prompt notification to:*

**E. MERCK, NEW YORK CITY. (P. O. Box 2649.)**

☞ **Table of Abbreviations, see page 156.**

	Containers incl.		
Absinthin (Absynthiin).....	15 gr. .75		
Acetal (Di-ethyl-acetal), commercial.....	oz. .75		
"    pure.....	oz. 1.00		
Acetal, di-Methyl-, see Di-methyl-acetal..			
Acet-amide.....	oz. .65		
Acet-anilide,—medicinal,—see Antifebrin.....			
"    mono-bromated, see Brom-phenyl-acet- amide, mono.....			
Aceto-acetic Ester, see Ethyl, aceto-acetate			
Acetone (Di-methyl-ketone), [so-called Pyro-acetic "Ether" or "Spirit"]... "    chem. pure,—boiling-point 56-58° C [132.8-136.4 F].....	lb. 1.10 lb. 1.50		
Aceto-nitrile, see Methyl, cyanide.....			
Aceto-phenone, see Hypnone.....			
Acet-phenetidin, para-, see Phen-acetin..			
Acetum concentratum, purum; and, purissimum, Ph. G. II; — see Acid, acetic, pure,—solution; and, ch. pure,—solut.			
"    plumbicum (Saturni), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
"    pyrolignosum rectificatum, Ph. G. II, see Acid, pyro-ligneous, purified....			
Acetyl Chloride.....	oz. .50		
Acetylene-urea (Acetylene-carbamide)....	15 gr. 1.00		
Acid, acetic, pure,—solution, (Acetum concentratum purum),—sp. gr. 1.04... "    "    chem. pure,—solut., (Acetum concentr. puriss., Ph. G. II),—sp. gr. 1.04, [30% of C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ]..... "    "    chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—sp. gr. 1.048, [36%]..... "    "    pure,—sp. gr. 1.060 } [50% of "    "    ch. p.,—sp. gr. 1.060 } C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> } N. B.—The "chem. pure,—sp. gr. 1.060,"—is indifferent to Permanganate of Potassium. "    "    glacial,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—[99%];—dissolves Oil of Lemon in any proportion..... "    "    "    —exactly acc. to Ph. G. II, [96% of C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ]..... "    "    "    —[85%]; dissolves Oil of Cloves..... "    "    anhydrous..... "    "    pyro-ligneous, rectified, see Acid, pyro-ligneous, purified.....	lb. .50 lb. .55 lb. .60 lb. .50 lb. .60 lb. .85 lb. .85 lb. .60 oz. .50		
"    aconitic,—identical with <i>Achilleic</i> acid..	15 gr. .25		
"    ethyl-malonic, see Acid, ethyl-malonic.			
"    agaric (agaricic, agaricinic), see Acid, lactic.....			
"    aloe-resinic,—according to Mulder.....	15 gr. .25		
"    aloetic (aloeticinic).....	15 gr. .25		
"    amido-acetic (amido-glycollic), see Glycocoll.....			
"    amido-caproic, see Leucine.....			
"    amido-ethyl-sulphonic, see Taurine...			
"    amido-succinic, see Acid, asparagic....			
"    amygdalic, ( <i>not</i> Amygdalinic acid!), see Acid, mandelic.....			
"    anylic, see Acid, valerianic.....			
"    anacardic.....	15 gr. .50		
"    anemonic.....	15 gr. 1.75		
"    anilotic (anilotinic).....	15 gr. .25		
"    anisic, cryst.....	15 gr. .25		

☞ **When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!**

	Containers incl.			
Acid, antimonie, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, white, <i>true</i> , (Pent-oxide).....				
“ antimonious, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, precipitated, pure, (Tri-oxide).				
“ arabic (arabinc) [gummie], see Arabin				
“ arsenic (arsenic), hydrated,—soluble, [Tetra-hydrated Arsenic Pent-oxide; Hydrated Tri-hydric Arseniate — $H_3AsO_4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O$ ], — pure .....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ dry (anhydrous), — [Arsenic Anhydride, Arsenic Oxide; Arsenic Pent-oxide — $As_2O_5$ ], — commercial .....	lb. .90			
“ arsenious (arsenious), anhydrous, — [Arsenious Anhydride, Arsenious Oxide; Arsenic Tri-oxide; so-called “White Arsenic,” — Resublimed “Flowers of Arsenic”], — pure, <i>lumps</i> ; — ( <i>Vitreous Arsenic</i> , Arsenic-glass).....	conform- ing to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 1.00		
“ “ do., — pure, powder.....		lb. 1.50		
“ asparagic (asparaginic, aspartic) [amido-succinic] .....		15 gr. .35		
“ atropic.....		15 gr. 1.00		
“ benzoic, from Siamese Benzoin-resin; sublimed,— <i>Ph. G. II</i>	Flowers of Benzoin, <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 8.50		
“ “ fr. Benzoin-resin; sublimed, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ..		lb. 7.50		
“ “ fr. Benzoin-resin; sublimed, perf. white .....		oz. .20		
“ “ from Benzoin-resin; wet process, cryst.....		oz. .30		
“ “ from Tolmol.....		lb. .85		
“ “ from urine; sublimed.....		lb. 2.25		
“ “ “ resublimed, perfectly white, chem. pure..		lb. 3.00		
“ bi-chlor-acetic, see Acid, di-chlor-acetic.				
“ boric (boracic), crude, cryst.....		lb. .49		
“ “ ch. pure, perf. white, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	conform- ing to <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. .60		
“ “ ch. pure, perf. white, powder .....		lb. .65		
“ “ “ “ “ impalp. pwd. ....		lb. .75		
“ “ pure, perf. white, cryst.....		lb. .50		
“ “ “ “ “ powder .....	lb. .55			
“ “ “ “ “ impalp. powder.	lb. .60			
“ “ “ fused .....	lb. 2.00			
“ “ glycerolate (glycerite) of, see Boro-Glycerin, <i>dry</i> .....				
“ boro-benzoic .....	oz. .50			
“ “ -citric .....	oz. .25			
“ “ -hydrofluoric .....	oz. .35			
“ “ -salicylic.....	oz. .75			
“ “ -wolframic (boro-tungstic).....	oz. 1.75			
“ bromic,—sp. gr. 1.12.....	oz. 1.00			
“ bromo-acetic.....	oz. 1.75			
“ bursic.—The active principle of <i>Bursa pastoris</i> , ( <i>Capsella B. p.</i> ), [Shepherd's purse].—(Highly efficient hemostatic.)				
“ butyric, normal, concentrated, — [abt. 60-65%].....	lb. 1.75			
“ “ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 4.00			
“ “ Iso.....	oz. 1.00			
“ cacodylic (kakodylic) [di-methyl-arsinic].—Also called, “Alkargen” ( <i>not to be confounded with “Alkarsin”!</i> ).				
“ calineic (caincic), [Calincin].....				

	Containers incl.		
<b>Acid, camphoric</b> ,—melt.-point 178° C [352.4 F].—(Recently introduced into therapeutics as an inhalant in diseases of the air-passages; also, as a surgical aseptic, etc.)	oz. 1.00		
“ capric (caprinic) [rutic]	oz. 4.50		
“ capronic (caproic), pure	oz. 1.25		
“ caprylic	oz. 4.00		
“ carb-azotic, see Acid, picric			
“ carbolic (phenic, phenylic), chem. pure, loose crystals,—[Absolute Phenol; so-called “Hydrate of Phenyl”],—melt.-point 40° C [104 F],— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —As to purity, both this grade and the following correspond to: . . . . .	lb. 1.00		
“ “ pure, cryst., fused, white,—melt.-point 35° C [95 F] . . . . .	lb. .60		
“ “ liquid, brown, [ab. 90%],— <i>Ph. G. II</i>			
“ “ “ crude I, [50-60%] . . . . .			
“ “ “ “ II, [30%] . . . . .			
“ “ “ “ III . . . . .			
“ “ solution [90%] in Glycerin,—(Phenol-Glycerin), [Glycerolate (Glycerite) of Carbolic acid];—for medical use . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
“ “ iodized, (Iodized Phenol)	oz. 2.00		
“ carminic, chem. pure	oz. 2.00		
“ carthamic, so-called, see Carthamin			
“ caryophyllic, formerly so-called, (Eugenic acid), see Eugenol			
“ catechuic, see Catechin			
“ catechu-tannic, chem. pure	oz. 2.00		
“ cathartic (cathartinic), [not identical with Cathartin, — which see also!]	oz. .75		
“ “ pure	oz. 1.00		
“ cerebric (cerebrinic)	15 gr. 2.00		
“ cerotic (cerotinic)	15 gr. .75		
“ cetraric, see Cetrarin			
“ cheno-cholic (cheno-cholinic)	15 gr. 1.00		
“ chinic, see Acid, quinic			
“ chino-picric, see Acid, quino-picric			
“ chinovic, see Acid, quinovic			
“ chloric,—sp. gr. 1.12	oz. .25		
“ “ per-, see Acid, per-chloric			
“ chloro-acetic.—(An escharotic.)	oz. .60		
“ chloro-chromic, anhydrous, (Chloro-chromic Anhydride), see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride			
“ chloro-nitrous ( <i>chlor-azotic</i> ), see Acid, nitro-hydrochloric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ choleic (choleinic), see Acid, tauro-cholic			
“ cholic (cholalic), cryst.	15 gr. .75		
“ “ amorphous	15 gr. .60		
“ choloïdic (choloïdic)	15 gr. .50		
“ chromic, cryst., chem. pure,—absolutely free from Sulphuric acid.—(Solely a Chromic acid possessing this qualification is fit for use as an <i>escharotic</i> .)	oz. .30		
“ do.—same as above—in pencil form	oz. 1.00		
“ chromic, pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .18		
“ “ commercial	lb. .75		
“ chromo-nitric	oz. .25		
“ chrysammic (chrysammic)	15 gr. .50		
“ chrysophanic.—( <i>so-called</i> ),—medicinal,—see <i>Chrys-arobin</i>			
“ “ — <i>true</i> ,—(Rheic acid), see <i>Rhubarb constituents: Rhein</i>			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Acid, cinnamic (cinnamyllic), chem. pure	Containers incl.	
.. .. " crude	oz. 1.50	
.. .. " citric, colorless, cryst.	oz. 1.00	
.. .. " " powder	lb. 1.25	
.. .. " " pure, cryst.	lb. 1.35	
.. .. " " " powd. (free fr. Lead)	lb. 1.35	
.. .. " " ch. pure, U.S. Ph., cryst.	lb. 1.50	absolutely pure and conforming to Ph. G. II.
.. .. " " ch. pure, powder	lb. 1.60	
.. .. " copaicic, amorphous	oz. .75	
.. .. " " cryst., (Meta-copaivic acid)	oz. .40	
.. .. " " crude, see Resins: Copaiva		
.. .. " cresotic (cresotinic)	oz. .50	
.. .. " cresylic, (Cresol)	oz. .40	
.. .. " crotonolic, (not Crotonic, but Tiglic [Methyl-crotonic] acid!)	15 gr. .60	
.. .. " eubebic	15 gr. .60	
.. .. " cumarylous (coumarylous), [Cumarin Anhydride], see Cumarin		
.. .. " cuminic, cryst.	15 gr. .40	
.. .. " cyan-uric (tri-cyanic), cryst.	15 gr. .35	
.. .. " di-chlor-acetic (bi-chlor-acetic), pure	oz. 1.50	
.. .. " di-iod-salicylic	15 gr. .50	
.. .. " di-methyl-arsinic, see Acid, cacodylic		
.. .. " di-methyl-nor-opiatic, see Acid, opiatic		
.. .. " di-methyl-proto-catechuic, see Acid, vetratic		
.. .. " elaic (elaïnic — not elaidic, elaidinic!), see Acid, oleic		
.. .. " elaidic (elaïdic). — An isomeric modification of Oleic acid	15 gr. .75	
.. .. " elateric, anhydrous, see Elaterin Merck, cryst.		
.. .. " ergotic (ergotinic), — according to Zweifel N.B.—See, also: Acid, sclerotic, etc.	15 gr. 2.50	
.. .. " ethyl-di-acetic, see Ethyl, aceto-acetate		
.. .. " ethyl-malonic	15 gr. .50	
.. .. " ethyl-sulphurous (not: ethyl-sulphuric!), see Acid, sulpho-vinous		
.. .. " eugenic, (formerly called "Caryophyllic acid"), see Eugenol		
.. .. " filicic, (Filicin)	15 gr. .50	
.. .. " formic (formylic), pure, — Ph. G. II, — sp. gr. 1.060 [25% C H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ]	lb. 1.50	
.. .. " " pure, — sp. gr. 1.120, [50% " " ]	oz. .25	
.. .. " " " 1.150, [65% " " ]	oz. .30	
.. .. " " " 1.180, [80% " " ]	oz. .35	
.. .. " " " 1.200, [90% " " ]	oz. .40	
.. .. " " " 1.220, crystallizable, [100% C H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ]	oz. .65	
.. .. " frangulic (frangulinic)	15 gr. .50	
.. .. " fumaric	15 gr. .30	
.. .. " gallic, cryst., — U. S. Ph.	lb. 1.25	
.. .. " gaultherie (methyl-salicylic), so-called, see Methyl, salicylate		
.. .. " gentianic (gentisic), see Gentisin		
.. .. " glyco-cholic	15 gr. .75	
.. .. " gummic (arabic), see Arabin		
.. .. " gynoecardic	oz. 1.50	
.. .. " hippuric, cryst.	oz. 1.50	
.. .. " hydrobromic, sp. gr. 1.49, [abt. 48% HBr]	lb. 2.50	
.. .. " " sp. gr. 1.38 [ " 40% " " ]	lb. 1.75	
.. .. " " " 1.27 [ " 30% " " ]	lb. 1.50	
.. .. " " acc. to Fothergill. [ " 12% " " ]	lb. 1.00	
.. .. " " diluted, — U. S. Ph., — sp. gr. 1.077, [10% " " ]	lb. .75	
.. .. " hydrochloric (muriatic), pure, — sp. gr. 1.190, [38.5% HCl]	lb. .50	

	Containers incl.		
Acid, hydrochloric, — (as above!); — sp. gr. 1.16, [31.8% H Cl]; conforming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. Brit.</i> . . . . .	lb.	.40	
“ “ — sp. gr. 1.124, [25% H Cl]; conforming to <i>Ph. G. II.</i> . . . . .	lb.	.38	
“ hydro-cinnamic (hydro-cinnamylc) . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
“ hydrocyanic (prussic), diluted, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — abt. 2% of CNH . . . . .	oz.	.17	
“ hydrofluoric, fuming . . . . .	oz.	.50	
“ hydro-iodic (hydriodic), — sp. gr. 1.50, [47% HI] . . . . .	oz.	.60	
“ “ sp. gr. 1.70, [57% HI] . . . . .	oz.	.70	
“ hydro-silico-fluoric, — sp. gr. 1.060, [9°Bé] . . . . .	lb.	.60	
“ “ sp. gr. 1.157, [20° Baumé] . . . . .	lb.	1.00	
“ hyo-cholic (hyo-cholalic) . . . . .	15 gr.	.75	
“ hyo-glyco-cholic . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
“ hypo-phosphorous, — sp. gr. 1.15 . . . . .	oz.	.25	
“ ichthyol-sulphonic, see under <i>Ichthyol preparations</i> . . . . .			
“ inosinic . . . . .			
“ iodic, cryst. . . . .	oz.	.80	
“ “ anhydrous . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
“ iodo-salicylic . . . . .	oz.	3.00	
“ “ -tannic, solution . . . . .	lb.	.75	
“ iso-butyric, see Acid, butyric, Iso- . . . . .			
“ iso-valeric, — various kinds, — see Acid, valerianic . . . . .			
“ kakodylic, see Acid, cacodylic . . . . .			
“ kinic; kino-picric; kinovic; — see Acid, quinic; quino-picric; quinvic . . . . .			
“ kresotinic, { see Acid, } cresotic . . . . .			
“ kresylic . . . . . { see Acid, } cresylic . . . . .			
“ lactic, white. (Iso-lactic [Fermentation-lactic] acid), — optically inactive, — sp. gr. 1.21, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	conform to purity of Ph. G. II.	lb.	1.80
“ do., do., — do., do., — sp. gr. 1.16 . . . . .		lb.	1.50
“ lacto-arsenious, see Arsenic, lactate . . . . .			
“ lactic (agaric, agaricic, agaricinic), — from White Agaric — Fungus laricis; — [not identical with Larixinic acid, from <i>Pinus larix!</i> ]; — (furthermore: not identical with <i>Agaricin</i> , — which see also!) . . . . .	oz.	4.00	
“ lithic, see Acid, uric . . . . .			
“ malic (oxy-succinic), — optically active, — pure . . . . .	oz.	.90	
“ malonic . . . . .	oz.	2.00	
“ mandelic (phenyl-glycollic), [Amygdalic — not Amygdalinic! — acid] . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
“ margaric (margarinic) . . . . .	oz.	3.50	
“ meconic, cryst. . . . .	oz.	3.00	
“ mellitic (mellic) . . . . .	15 gr.	.75	
“ methyl-crotonic (tiglic), see Acid, crotonolic . . . . .			
“ methyl-proto-catechuic, see Acid, vanillic . . . . .			
“ methyl-salicylic (gaultheric), so-called, see Methyl, salicylate . . . . .			
“ methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonic, — [C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>13</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N — ace. to Nencki, of Basle], — Sodium-salt of, — see Ther-mifugin . . . . .			
“ methylene-proto-catechuic, see Acid, piperonylic . . . . .			
“ molybdic (molybdenic, molybdenic), chem. pure. — free fr. Ammonium, Chlorine, Nitric acid; — [100% of MoO <sub>3</sub> ] . . . . .	oz.	.35	
“ “ pure . . . . .	oz.	.25	
“ mono-brom-acetic . . . . .	oz.	1.50	
“ mono-chlor-acetic . . . . .	oz.	.50	

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	Containers incl. oz.			
Acid, mucic (saccharo-lactic), pure.....	.75			
" muriatic, see Acid, hydrochloric .....				
" niobic .....	15 gr.	1.00		
" nitric, crude, — sp. gr. 1.32 [50% NH <sub>3</sub> ]				
" " ch. pure, " 1.185 [30% " ];				
conform. to Ph. G. II	lb.	.37		
" " " " " 1.20 [32% NH <sub>3</sub> ]	lb.	.38		
" " " " " 1.30 [48% " ]	lb.	.39		
" " " " " 1.40 [65% " ]	lb.	.40		
" " " " " 1.42 [69% " ];				
conform. to U. S. Ph. and Ph.				
Brit. ....	lb.	.40		
" " fuming, (Nitroso-nitric acid), ch.				
pure, — sp. gr. 1.525 .....	lb.	.60		
" " " pure, according to Ph. G. II,				
sp. gr. 1.48 .....	lb.	.65		
" nitro-hydrochloric (nitro-muriatic; chloro-nitrous, chlor-azotic), — [Aqua regia], — U. S. Ph.: — Mix 4 parts, by weight, of Nitric acid sp. gr. 1.42; and 15 of Hydrochloric acid sp. gr. 1.16. .				
" nitro-picric (nitro-phenic, nitro-xan- thic), see Acid, picric .....				
" oenanthic (ananthic) .....	15 gr.	.30		
" oleic (oleinic; elaic, elainic; — not elaidic, elaidinic, — which see also!), [Olein], — chem. pure, — U. S. Ph.	oz.	1.00		
" " commercial, clear .....	lb.	.45		
" opianic (di-methyl-nor-opianic) .....	15 gr.	1.00		
" ortho-phenol-sulphonic, — in 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % solu- tion, — see Aseptol .....				
" ortho-oxy-benzoic, see Acid, salicylic ..				
" osmic, so-called, see Acid, per-osmic, anhydrous. ....				
" oxalic .....	lb.	.35		
" " chem. pure .....	lb.	.81		
" oxalic, chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> — for analyses. [C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> , 2 H <sub>2</sub> O.] — Large, colorless prisms; perfectly clearly soluble in Water; volatilizable without residue; free from Calcium, Iron, Sulphuric acid. — (Oxalic acid of this degree of purity has never been in commerce hith- erto, — having now first been introduced by me.) .....	oz.	.35		
" oxy-naphthoic, Alpha. — (Reported as possessing 5-fold the anti-zymotic force of Salicylic acid; — also, as a good disinfectant.) .....	lb.	1.50		
" oxy-phenic (pyro-catechic), see Pyro- catechin .....				
" oxy-succinic, see Acid, malic .....				
" palmitic (palmitic), crude .....	lb.	.75		
" " pure .....	15 gr.	.35		
" para-tartaric, see Acid, tartaric .....				
" parabanic .....	oz.	2.50		
" pectic (pectinic) .....	oz.	2.00		
" pelargonic, — from Oil of Rue (Ruta gra- veolens) .....				
" per-chloric, pure .....	oz.	.50		
" per-osmic, anhydrous, (so-called "Osmic acid"), [Osmium Tetr-oxide] .....	15 gr.	2.00		
" phenic (phenylic), see Acid, carbolic ..				
" phenol-sulphonic (phenyl-sulphuric), see Acid, sulpho-carbolic .....				
" phenyl-glycollic, see Acid, mandelic ..				
" phloretic (phloretinic), see Phloretin ..				
" phospho-antimonic, — see, to Otto. — Reagent for Alkaloids .....	oz.	.35		
" " -molybdic, — solution [10%] .....	oz.	.25		

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	Containers incl.			
Acid, phospho-wolframic (phospho-tungstic), cryst. ....	oz. .40			
“ “ —solution [10%] .....	oz. .30			
“ phosphoric, glacial (mono-hydric), [Meta- phosphoric acid — $H_2PO_3$ ], in small lumps. ....	lb. .78			
“ “ do., in sticks .....	lb. .80			
“ “ “ chem. pure, cryst. ....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ officinal (tri-hydric), [Ortho-phos- phoric acid — $H_3PO_4$ ], chem. pure, — sp. gr. 1.70, [85%], — syrupy consistency .....	lb. .65			
“ “ do., liquid, chem. pure, — sp. gr. 1.12, [20% $H_3PO_4$ ], — Ph. G. II .....	lb. .50			
“ “ “ “ ch. pure, — sp. gr. 1.13, [22%]	lb. .50			
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.16, [27%]	lb. .50			
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.20, [32%]	lb. .50			
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.30, [45.5%]	lb. .55			
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.347, [50%], — —U. S. Ph.	lb. .55			
“ “ anhydrous, perfectly white, (Phos- phoric Anhydride; Phosphorus Pent-oxide— $P_2O_5$ ) .....	lb. 2.50			
“ phosphorous, — sp. gr. 1.12 .....	oz. .35			
“ phthalic, anhydrous, cryst. ....	oz. .35			
“ “ pure, cryst. .... } ( <i>Ortho</i> -phtal- “ “ crude .....	oz. .50 oz. .25			
“ pier-amic (pier-aminic), cryst. ....	oz. 1.00			
“ picric (picric, picro-nitric, nitro-picric, nitro-phenisic, nitro-xanthic; carb-azotic), cryst., pure. ....	oz. .25			
“ “ cryst., chem. pure .....	oz. .30			
“ piperic (piperinic) .....	oz. 2.50			
“ piperonylic (methylene- <i>proto</i> -catechuic)	15 gr. .50			
“ plumbic, anhydrous, see Lead, per- oxide. ....				
“ polygalic, ( <i>Polygalin</i> ), see <i>Senegin</i> .....				
“ propionic, pure .....	oz. 1.50			
“ prussic, see Acid, hydrocyanic .....				
“ pyro-catechuic, see <i>Pyro-catechin</i> .....				
“ pyro-gallic, subl., white } ( <i>Pyro-gallol</i> ) “ “ resubl., — Ph. G. II }	oz. .35 oz. .39			
“ pyro-ligneous, purified, ( <i>Rectified Wood- vinegar</i> ), [ <i>Acetum pyrolignosum rec- tificatum</i> ], — conforming to Ph. G. II.	lb. .40			
“ pyro-tartaric, cryst. ....	15 gr. .35			
“ quillayic (quillayinic, quillayaic) .....	15 gr. 2.00			
“ quinic (chinic, kinic), cryst. ....	oz. 3.00			
“ quino-picric (chino-picric, kino-picric).	oz. 4.00			
“ quinovic (chinovic, kinovic) .....	oz. 2.00			
“ racemic, see Acid, uric .....				
“ rheic ( <i>chrysophanic, true</i> ), see <i>Rhubarb constituents: Rhein</i> .....				
“ rosolic, ( <i>Ros-aurin</i> ) .....	oz. .35			
“ rufigallic .....	15 gr. .25			
“ rutic, see Acid, capric .....				
“ saccharo-lactic, see Acid, mucic .....				
“ salicylic, ( <i>ortho-Oxy-benzoic acid</i> ), arti- ficial, pure, amorphous. ....	lb. 1.90			
“ “ artificial, pure, cryst., — U. S. Ph. ...	lb. 2.00			
“ “ “ re-crystalliz'd ( <i>dialyzed</i> )	lb. 3.00			
“ “ natural, from Oil of <i>Wintergreen</i> , ( <i>Oleum Gaultheriæ</i> ) .....	oz. .75			
“ salicylous, ( <i>ortho-Oxy-benz-aldehyd</i> ; <i>Salicylic Aldehyd</i> ; <i>Salicylal</i> , <i>Salicylol</i> ; <i>Salicyl Hydride</i> ), — <i>true</i> , — [ <i>Essential Oil of Spiræa ulmaria</i> ] .....	oz. 5.00			
“ do., (do., etc.), — <i>synthetic</i> .....	oz. 3.00			
“ santalic ( <i>santalinic</i> ), see <i>Santalin</i> .....				

	Containers incl.		
Acid, santoninic ( <i>not</i> santonin!), cryst., — [C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ]. — ( <i>Not</i> Santonin!) . . .			
“ “ anhydrous, [Santoninic Anhy- dride], see Santonin . . . . .			
“ sclerotic (sclerotinic), <i>acc. to Dragendorff</i> .	15 gr. .25		
“ “ according to Podwysstozki . . . . .	15 gr. .35		
“ N.B.— <i>See, also: Acid. ergolic.</i>			
“ scoparic, see Scoparin . . . . .			
“ sebacylic, cryst. . . . .	oz. 1 .25		
“ selenic, pure, (Selenic Hydroxide), — sp. gr. 1.40 . . . . .	oz. 4 .00		
“ selenious, anhydrous, sublimed, (Sele- nious Oxide) . . . . .	oz. 5 .00		
“ silicic, (Silicic Oxide), [Silica, Silicea; Silex], pure, natural, pulverized . . . . .	lb. .80		
“ “ pure, by wet process; dried . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
“ silvic (silvitic) . . . . .	lb. 3.50		
“ sorbic (sorbic), cryst. . . . .	15 gr. .50		
“ sozolic (ortho - phenol - sulphonic, — in 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ -% solution), — see <i>Aseptol</i> . . . . .			
“ stannic, anhydrous, see Tin, oxide, white . . . . .			
“ stearic (stearinic), pure . . . . .	oz. 1 .50		
“ stibic, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, white, <i>true</i> , (Pent-oxide) . . . . .			
“ stibious, anhydrous, see Antimony, ox- ide, precipitated, pure, (Tri-oxide) . . . . .			
“ suberic . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
“ succinic, crude, sublimed . . . . .	lb. 1.00		
“ “ purified, — Ph. G. I . . . . .	lb. 1.50		
“ “ pure, — perfect, colorless . . . . .	oz. .22		
“ sulpho-anilic (sulph-anilic), cryst., white	oz. .50		
“ sulpho-carbolic (sulpho-phenylic, sul- pho-phenic; phenol-sulphonic, phenyl - sulphuric), — [Sulpho- phenol, Sulpho-carbol], — con- taining <i>both</i> the “ <i>Para-</i> ” and the “ <i>Ortho-</i> ” acid . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ “ <i>Ortho-</i> , pure, — in 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ -% aqueous solution, — see <i>Aseptol</i> . . . . .			
“ sulpho-ichthyolic, see under <i>Ichthyol</i> prepa- rations . . . . .			
“ sulpho-naphthyl-aminic . . . . .	oz. .40		
“ sulpho-phenic (sulpho-phenylic), see Acid, sulpho-carbolic . . . . .			
“ sulpho-vinous (ethyl-sulphurous), — sp. gr. 1.1; — [ <i>not</i> identical with: Sulpho- vinic (Ethyl-sulphuric acid)] . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ sulphuric, ch. pure, — sp. gr. 1.840, [97 $\frac{0}{100}$ H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ], <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Mono- hydrated Tri-oxide of Sulphur)	lb. .40		
“ “ crude, — free from Arsenic, — (so- called “Oil of Vitriol”), — [66° Bé] . . . . .			
“ “ anhydrous, pure, (Sulphuric An- hydride; Tri-oxide of Sul- phur) . . . . .	100 grammes : 1.00		
“ “ “ commercial . . . . .			
“ sulphurous, (Hydrated Sulphurous Ox- ide [Di-oxide]), — solution; sp. gr. 1.022-1.026, [about 5.6 $\frac{0}{100}$ of SO <sub>2</sub> ] . . . . .	lb. .40		
“ “ — do., [3.5 $\frac{0}{100}$ ], <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .30		
“ “ glycerolate (glycerite) of, [solution in Glycerin], see Glycerin, sul- phurous . . . . .			
“ tannic, see Tannin . . . . .			
“ tantalic, (Hydrated Tantalic Oxide [Pent- oxide]); — white powder, — prepared from Tantalic Chloride . . . . .	15 gr. 2.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Acid, tartaric, Dextro-, — (Essential Salt of Tartar, — <i>not to be confounded with</i> : "Salt of Tartar" = Pure Potassium Carbonate from the Bi-tartrate!), — pure, cryst. ....	lb.	.90		
" " do., pure, powder .....	lb.	.90		
" " " chem. pure, cryst., — conform. to the requirements of U. S. Ph. and the other Pharmacopœias .....	lb.	1.25		
" " " chem. pure, powder .....	lb.	1.25		
" " Para-, see Acid, uvic .....				
" tartronic .....	15 gr.	1.50		
" tauro-cholic (choleic, choleinic) .....	15 gr.	2.00		
" telluric, di-hydrated, (Tri-hydrated Telluric Oxide [Tri-oxide]; Di-hydrated Telluric Hydroxide) .....	15 gr.	1.50		
" tellurous, (Hydrated Tellurous Oxide [Di-oxide]; Tellurous Hydroxide) .....	15 gr.	1.40		
" terpenylic (turpenylic), dry .....	15 gr.	.75		
" thio-phosphorous, anhydrous, see Phosphorus, tri-sulphide .....				
" thymic, (Thyme-camphor), see Thymol .....				
" tiglic (tiglic), see Acid, crotonolic .....				
" titanic, Ortho-, (Titanic Hydroxide; Di-hydrated Di-oxide of Titanium) .....	oz.	1.50		
" tri-chlor-acetic .....	oz.	.50		
" tri-chlor-methyl-sulphonic, see Tri-chlor-methyl, sulphite .....				
" tri-cyanic, see Acid, cyan-uric .....				
" tropic .....	15 gr.	1.00		
" tungstic, anhydrous, see Acid, wolframic, anhydrous .....				
" turpenylic, see Acid, terpenylic .....				
" uranic, anhydrous, see Uranium, oxide, red .....				
" ureous, (Uric Oxide), see Xanthine .....				
" uric (lithic), pure .....	oz.	.80		
" uvic (para-tartaric; racemic) .....	oz.	1.00		
" valerianic (valeric; amylic), [the so-called Tri-hydrate], — Ph. G. I. ....	All Iso- valeric acids.	oz.	.35	
" " pure, (the so-called Monohydrate), — formerly officinal .....		oz.	.40	
" " from Valerian-root .....		oz.	1.00	
" vanadic (vanadic), Meta-, [Hydrated Pent-oxide of Vanadium; Vanadic Hydroxide], chem. pure ..	oz.	8.00		
" " do., commercial .....	oz.	3.50		
" vanillic (vanillinic) [methyl-protocatechuic] .....	15 gr.	.50		
" veratric (di-methyl-protocatechuic), cryst. ....	15 gr.	1.00		
" vieiric, see Vieirin .....				
" wolframic (tungstic), anhydrous, [Tungstic (Wolframie) Oxide (Tri-oxide)], crude .....	lb.	2.00		
" " do., pure .....	oz.	.40		
Aconitine Merck (Aconitia), — from Aconitum napellus Linné, [sometimes called Napellus Stoerckeannum]:				
pure, amorphous, powder .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz.	11.00		
" " cryst. ....	15 gr.	2.00		
arsenate (arsenate) .....	15 gr.	1.00		
hydrobromate .....	15 gr.	1.00		
hydrochlorate .....	15 gr.	1.00		
nitrate, amorphous .....	15 gr.	1.00		
" " cryst. ....	15 gr.	1.75		
oleate, [66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of Aconitine] .....	15 gr.	2.00		

	Containers incl.			
<b>Aconitine Merck (Aconitum),—continued:</b>				
salicylate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00			
sulphate . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00			
valerianate . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00			
<b>Aconitine from <i>Aconitum ferox</i>. (Bish or Bikh root; Nepal Aconite),— [the so-called British Aconitine—<i>Aconitinum anglicum—Pseudo-Aconitine</i>] . . . . .</b>	15 gr. 2.50			
“ from Japanese Aconite-root . . . . .	15 gr. 1.25			
<b>Acorn-sugar, see Quercit.</b> . . . . .				
<b>Adonidin</b> . . . . .	15 gr. 3.00			
“ tannate . . . . .	15 gr. 3.00			
<b>Ærugo purificata; and, do. destillata;—see Copper, acetate, basic; and, normal, U. S. Ph.</b>				
<b>Æsculin, Æthal, Æther, etc., Æthiops, etc.; see Esculin, Ethal, Ether, etc., Ethiops, etc.</b> . . . . .				
<b>Æth-oxy-Caffeine, see Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine</b>				
<b>Æthyl, Æthyl-amine, Æthylene, Æthylidene,— etc.;—see Ethyl, Ethyl-amine, Ethylene, Ethylidene,— etc.</b> . . . . .				
<b>Agaricin Merck, chem. pure,— from White Agaric, (<i>Fungus loricis</i>);— free from purgative resin.— [Not identical with Loricic (Agaricic) Acid,— which see also! ] . . . . .</b>	15 gr. .25			
<b>Alant-camphor, solid, see Helenin.</b> . . . . .				
“ liquid, see Alantol. . . . .				
<b>Alant-starch (<i>Alantin</i>), see Inulin</b> . . . . .				
<b>Alantol (not Alantin!).— [The liquid Alant-, or Elecampane-, or Inula-camphor.]— (An internal antiseptic.) . . . . .</b>	½ oz. vs. oz. 20.00			
N. B.—Compare, also: Helenin.				
<b>Albumen, Egg, (<i>Albumen ovi</i>), dried, see under Egg preparations</b> . . . . .				
N. B.—See, also: Yelk, dried,—under Egg preparations.				
<b>Albumin,— from eggs,— soluble</b> . . . . .	lb. .85			
“ fr. eggs, I,— soluble,— inodorous;— its aq. solution is of sp. gr. 1.03	lb. 1.50			
“ “ “ soluble,— in scales;— absolutely free from Fibrinous matter;— for laboratory use . . . . .				
“ “ “ soluble,— impalpable powder;— for gilders', stampers' and bookbinders' uses . . . . .				
“ from blood. . . . .	lb. .50			
“ “ “ chem. pure . . . . .	oz. .65			
“ iodized, see Iodine, albuminated.				
<b>Albumin, Iron-, in scales; and do., peptonized; and do., saccharated;—see Iron, albuminate, etc.; etc.; etc.</b> . . . . .				
N. B.—Compare, also:				
Iron, lactate . . . . .				
“ phosphate . . . . .				
“ pyro-phosphate . . . . .				
—Other Metallic Albuminates, see likewise under the respective metals.				
<b>Alcohol (Ethylic alcohol), “absolute”— I,— sp. gr. 0.796, [about 99%] . . . . .</b>	lb. 1.50			
“ (Ethylic alcohol), “absolute”— II,— sp. gr. 0.805–0.808, [about 95–97%] . . . . .	lb. 1.45			
“ (Ethylic alcohol),— U. S. Ph.,— sp. gr. 0.820, [about 91%] . . . . .	lb. 1.25			
“ allylic . . . . .	lb. 10.00			
“ ammoniated, see Ammonia, Spirit of . . . . .				
“ amylic, primary, ( <i>Iso-pentyl</i> ic alcohol; <i>Iso-butyl-carbinol</i> ), [so-called “Fusel-oil”] . . . . .	lb. .40			
“ “ “ pure,— boiling-point 128–130° C [262.4–266 F] . . . . .	lb. .60			

	Containers incl.		
Alcohol, amylic, primary, — (as above!);— chem. pure.....	lb. .75		
“ amylic, tertiary, see Amylene Hydrate.....			
“ benzylic.....	oz. 2.50		
“ “ ortho-Oxy-, see Saligenin.....			
“ butylic, Iso-, (Iso-propyl-carbinol),— b.-pt. 107–110° C [224.6–230 F].....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ tertiary, see Tri-methyl-carbinol.....			
“ caprylic.....	oz. 1.00		
“ caustic, see Sodium, ethylate, cryst.....			
“ cetylic, (Cetyl-alcohol), see Ethal.....			
“ cinnamic (cinnamyllic; styrylic), [Cin-nam-alcohol; Styrol-alc.], see Styrene.....			
“ ethylenic, see Ethylene-glycol.....			
“ hydrochlorated, see Spirit of Muriatic Ether.....			
“ iso-butylic, see Alcohol, butylic, Iso-.....			
“ iso-pentyllic, see Alcohol, amylic, primary.....			
“ iso-propylic, see Alcohol, propylic, Iso-methylic, (Wood-spirit, Wood-naphtha, Wood-alcohol; Pyro-ligneous [pyro-xylic] Spirit; Carbinol, Methol),—pure.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ chem. pure,—b. p. 64–70° C [147–158 F].....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ [94–95%].....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ [90%].....	lb. .50		
“ ortho-oxy-benzylic (salicylous), see Saligenin.....			
“ propylic, (Ethyl-carbinol),—b.-pt. 96–99° C [204.8–210.2 F].....	lb. 6.00		
“ “ Iso-, (Di-methyl-carbinol).....	oz. 2.00		
“ salicylous (ortho-oxy-benzylic), see Saligenin.....			
“ styrylic, (Styrol-alcohol), see Styrene.....			
“ —so-called—of Sulphur, (“Alcohol Sul-phuris”), see Carbon, bi-sulphide.....			
“ Thio-, ethylic, see Mercaptan, ethylic.....			
“ Wood-, see Alcohol, methylic.....			
Aldehyd (Acetic [Ethylic] aldehyd), com-mercial.....	lb. 1.00		
“ concentrated.....	lb. 1.25		
“ highly concentrated.....	lb. 2.50		
“ absolute.....	lb. 6.00		
Aldehyd, Iso-butyl-, see Iso-butyl-aldehyd.....			
“ salicylic, (ortho-Oxy-benz-aldehyd), see Acid, salicylous.....			
Aldehyd-Ammonia (Ammoniated Acetic [Ethylic] Aldehyd), pure, cryst.....	oz. .85		
Algaroth, Powder of, see Antimony, oxy-chloride.....			
Alizarin, paste.....	lb. 1.00		
Alkannin (Anchusin), inspissated } Extract of	oz. .75		
“ insp., wholly soluble in Alcohol } Alkanet.	oz. 1.00		
Alkargen (not Alkarsin!), see Acid, cacodylic.....			
Allantoin.....	15 gr. .50		
Alloxan.....	15 gr. .25		
Alloxantin.....	15 gr. .35		
Allyl, bromide (mono-bromide).....	oz. 2.00		
“ iodide.....	oz. 2.25		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate),—syn-thetical;—see Essential Oils: Mustard, Black,—artificial.....			
“ tri-bromide.....	oz. 2.00		
Allyl-amine.....	15 gr. .50		
Aloe Purple.....	oz. 2.00		
Aloin (Barb-aloin), chem. pure.....	oz. .30		
Alstonine, see Chlorogenine.....			
Althein (Altheine), see Asparagin.....			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!



Aluminium, arseniate (arsenate).....	Containers incl. oz. .30		
" benzoate .....	oz. 1.50		
" bromide .....	oz. .50		
" chloride, pure, dry .....	lb. 1.25		
" " II .....	lb. 1.20		
" cinnamate, pure, cryst. ....			
" fluoride .....	oz. .40		
" hydrate (hydroxide), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i> —see Aluminium, oxide, precipitated, <i>pure.</i> —[ <i>Argil</i> , see same, <i>com'l.</i> ]			
" nitrate, pure .....	lb. 2.00		
" " II .....	lb. 1.50		
" " solution [15° Baumé] .....	lb. 1.25		
" oleate .....	oz. .30		
" oxalate, pure .....	oz. .30		
" oxide, anhydrous, (Anhydrous Alumina), chem. pure, — [ <i>Argilla anhydrica purissima</i> ] .....	oz. .50		
" " precipitated (hydrated), commercial, [ <i>Argil</i> ] .....	lb. .40		
" " " pure, (Hydrate [ <i>Hydroxide</i> ] of Aluminium),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — [ <i>Hydrated Alumina</i> , — <i>Argilla hydrata pura</i> , <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ] .....	lb. 1.10		
" palmitate, pure .....	lb. 1.50		
" " crude .....	lb. 1.10		
" phosphate .....	oz. .40		
" rhodanide, see Alumin., sulpho-cyanate.			
" silicate .....	oz. .25		
" sulphate, twice refined, free from Iron	lb. .25		
" " pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ..	lb. .75		
" " chem. pure, cryst. ....	lb. 1.25		
" sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate) .....	oz. .50		
" sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide) .....	oz. .50		
" " —solution [20° Baumé] .....	lb. 1.00		
" tannate .....	oz. .40		
" tartrate .....	oz. .25		
" " pure .....	oz. .40		
" thio-cyanate, see Al., sulpho-cyanate ..			
Aluminium and Ammonium, sulphate, see Alum, ammoniacal .....			
" and Iron, sulphate, see Alum, ferric ..			
" and Potassium, sulphate, see Alum, potassic .....			
" and Sodium, chloride, cryst. ....	oz. .30		
" " sulphate, see Alum, sodic ..			
" and Zinc, sulphate, see Alum, zincic ..			
N. B.—Other <i>Double</i> —(also <i>Trip'le</i> )— <i>Sulphates</i> , see likewise under Alum.			
Amalgams: of Sodium; of Zinc; and, of Zinc and Tin;—see under the respective <i>metals</i> ..			
Amidin, iodized, see Starch, iodized .....			
Amido-benzene (-benzol), see Aniline .....			
Amido-ethane, see Ethyl-amine .....			
Amido-methane, chloride, see Methyl-amine, chloride .....			
Amido-phenol (Ox-aniline), ortho-, hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. .75		
Amido-toluene (-toluol), see Toluidine .....			
Amido-xylene (-xylol), see Xylidine .....			
Ammon, see Ammonium .....			
Ammonia, Spirit (Alcoholic Solution) of, — acc. to <i>Dzondi</i> , — [ <i>Liquor Ammonii caustici spirituosus</i> ], (Ammoniated Alcohol),— <i>sp. gr.</i> 0.810 .....	lb. .85		
" Spirit of, aromatic, see Spirit of Ammonia, aromatic .....			

	Containers incl.		
Ammonia, Water (Aqueous Solution) of, [Aqua Ammonia, Liquor Ammonie, L. Ammonii caustici], pure, —sp. gr. 0.875, [abt. 40% N H <sub>3</sub> ]	lb.	.60	
“ do. do., pure, —sp. gr. 0.885, [“ 36% “ “]	lb.	.55	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.890, [“ 33% “ “]	lb.	.50	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.900, [“ 29% “ “]			
— <i>Aq. Amm. fortior, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ “ “ “ sp. gr. 0.910, [abt. 25% N H <sub>3</sub> ]	lb.	.35	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.925, [“ 20% “ “]	lb.	.30	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.960, [“ 10% “ “]			
— <i>Ph. G. II. ;—Aq. Amm., U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.25	
“ “ “ technically pure, —various grades			
Ammonia Alum, see Alum, ammoniacal.			
Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar, see Iron, Sesqui- compounds: Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Turpeth, see Mercury and Ammonium, sulphate			
Ammoniated Alcohol, see Ammonia, Spir- it of.			
“ Aldehyd, see Aldehyd-Ammonia			
“ Copper, —so-called, —see Copper and Ammonium, sulphate			
“ Glycyrrhizin, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Gl., ammoniated			
“ Iron, —so-called, —see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride			
“ Mercury, —so-called:—infusible ( <i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i> ); and, fusible;—see Mercury, am- moniated, etc.; etc.			
“ Tartar, soluble, see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate			
Ammonio- double and triple salts, see “Am- monium and —” (below!)			
Ammonium (Ammon), acetate, cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ acetate, solution, (so-called “Spirit” of Mindererus), see under Solutions			
“ arseniate (arsenate), cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ arsenite	oz.	.30	
“ benzoate, from true Benzoic Acid pre- pared from Benzoin-resin	oz.	.40	
“ “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , —fr. artificial do. do.	oz.	.30	
“ bi-carbonate, cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ bi-chromate, cryst., chem. pure,—free fr. Sulphate of Potassium	lb.	1.25	
“ bi-malate, cryst.	oz.	2.00	
“ bi-oxalate (bin-oxalate), chem. pure	oz.	.30	
“ “ commercial	oz.	.25	
“ bi-phosphate	oz.	.25	
“ bi-sulphate	oz.	.30	
“ bi-sulphite	oz.	.50	
“ bi-tartrate	oz.	.40	
“ borate	oz.	.30	
“ “ pure	oz.	.45	
“ boro-citrate	oz.	.50	
“ bromide, conform. to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb.	.90	
“ camphorate	oz.	3.00	
“ carb-amate (carb-aminat), [so-called Anhydride of Ammonium Carbon- ate].—Exceedingly volatile	oz.	1.50	
“ carbolate, see Ammonium, phenate			
“ carbonate	lb.	.50	
“ “ chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.60	
“ “ anhydrous, —so-called, —see Am- monium, carb-amate			
“ chlorate, per-, see Ammon., per-chlorate			
“ chloride, (Sal ammoniacum), semi-purif.			
“ “ purified, white	lb.	.28	
“ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ “ sublimed, in lumps	lb.	.50	



	Containers incl.		
<b>Ammonium</b> , chloride, with Ferric Chloride, — (Ammonio-chloride of Iron; so-called "Ammoniated Iron"),—Ph. G. II .....	lb. .60		
<b>Ammonium</b> , chloro-stannate, (Ammonio-stannic Chloride), [Pink (Dyers') Salt], see Tin and Ammonium, chloride...			
" chromate, neutral, pure .....	oz. .50		
" citrate .....	oz. .25		
" Cuprico-, double salts of, see under Copper and Ammonium .....			
" fluoride .....	oz. .40		
" formate, pure .....	oz. 1.00		
" gallate, neutral .....	oz. 1.25		
" glycyrrhizate, pharmacopeial, see <b>Glycyrrhizin, ammoniated, soluble</b> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
" hydro-sulphuretted solution of sulphide, ( <i>Hydrothion-ammonium</i> Solution),— see Solutions: Ammonium sulphide, — hydro-sulphuretted .....			
" hypo-phosphite .....	oz. .50		
" hypo-sulphite, see Ammonium, thio-sulphate .....			
" <b>ichthyl-sulphonate</b> (sulpho-ichthyolate), [Ichthyl], see <b>Ichthyl preparations</b> , etc.			
" iodide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II. ....	oz. .45		
" lactate .....	oz. .50		
" mellitate (mellate), cryst. ....	oz. 5.00		
" <b>molybdate</b> (molybdenate), <b>chem. pure</b> .....	oz. .45		
" nitrate .....	lb. .40		
" " pure; cryst. ....	lb. .45		
" " " dry .....	lb. .60		
" " " fused .....	lb. .65		
" " chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .60		
" nitrite, liquid .....	oz. .30		
" oxalate, (Di-ammonium oxalate), pure ..	lb. .90		
" " (do.), chem. pure .....	lb. 1.00		
" oxal-urate (uro-oxalate) .....	oz. .50		
" per-chlorate .....	oz. 2.00		
" phenate (phenylate, carbolate) .....	oz. .25		
" phosphate, (Di-ammonium ortho-Phosphate), purified, cryst. ....	lb. .75		
" " (do.), pure .....	lb. 1.00		
" " " chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. I. ....	lb. 1.10		
" phosphite .....	oz. .50		
" phospho-molybdate .....	oz. 1.25		
" picramate .....	oz. 3.00		
" picrate (picro-nitrate) .....	oz. .35		
" picro-carminate, dry .....	oz. 1.50		
" purpurate, see Murexid .....			
" rhodanide, see Ammon., sulpho-cyanate.			
" salicylate, cryst. ....	oz. .50		
" seleniate (selenate) .....	oz. 6.00		
" succinate, pure, cryst. ....	oz. .35		
" sulphate, crude .....	lb. .30		
" " pure .....	lb. .39		
" " chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .50		
" sulphide (sulphuret),—hydro-sulphuretted solution of;— see Solutions: Ammon. sulphide, —hydro-sulphuretted.			
" sulphite .....	oz. .25		
" sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate) .....	oz. .30		
" sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide), pure .....	lb. 1.00		
" " commercial .....	lb. .75		
" <b>sulpho-ichthyolate</b> (ichthyl-sulphonate), [Ichthyl], see <b>Ichthyl preparations</b> , etc.			
" tannate, liquid .....	oz. .30		
" tartrate, neutral, cryst. ....	oz. .25		

	Containers incl.			
<b>Ammonium</b> , thio-cyanate, see Ammonium.				
sulpho-cyanate. . . . .				
" thion-urate. . . . .	oz.	2.00		
" thio-sulphate (formerly called "hypo-sulphite"), pure . . . . .	oz.	.30		
" tungstate, see Ammonium, wolframate.				
" uranate, (so-called "Hydrated Oxide of Uranium"), [also sometimes called "Uranium Yellow," which latter name properly applies to <i>Sodium Uranate</i> ]. . . . .	oz.	1.00		
" urate, pure. . . . .	oz.	.50		
" uro-oxalate, see Ammonium, oxal-urate				
" valerianate, <i>cryst.</i> , white, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . .	oz.	.32		
" vanadate, <i>chem. pure</i> . . . . .	oz.	2.00		
" wolframate (tungstate) . . . . .	oz.	.40		
<b>Ammonium and Aluminium</b> , sulphate, see Alum, ammoniacal. . . . .				
" and <b>Bismuth</b> , citrate, see Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .				
" and <b>Cadmium</b> , salts, see Cadm. & Amm.				
" and <b>Cobalt</b> , sulphate, see C. & A., sulph.				
" and <b>Copper</b> , salts, see Copper and Am.				
" and <b>Iron</b> , arsenico-citrate, see Iron, arseniate and citrate, ammoniated . . . . .				
" " " chloride, (so-called "Ammoniated Iron"), see Ammonium, chloride, w. Ferric Chloride . . . . .				
" " " divers salts, see Iron, Monocompounds; and Iron, Sesqui-compounds, — ( <i>the latter embracing the U. S. Ph. salts: Citrate; Sulphate; Tartrate</i> ) . . . . .				
" and <b>Magnesium</b> , salts, see Magn. & A.				
" and <b>Mercury</b> , salts, see Merc. & Amm.				
" and <b>Nickel</b> , salts, see N. & Ammonium				
" and <b>Platinum</b> , double and triple salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; do. triple Cyanides; and do., divers double Salts. . . . .				
" and <b>Potassium</b> , salts, see Pot. & Amm.				
" and <b>Silver</b> , salts, see Silver and Ammon.				
" and <b>Sodium</b> , salts, see Sodium and A.				
" and <b>Tin</b> , chloride, ( <i>Pink Salt; Dyers' Salt</i> ), see Tin and Ammon., chloride.				
" and <b>Zinc</b> , chloride, see Z. & A., chloride				
<b>Ammonium, Platinum, and:</b> } See under Platinum triple Cyanides.				
} Calcium, cyanuret. . . . .				
} Copper, cyanuret-cyanide. } . . . . .				
<b>Ammonium, Solutions of divers salts of</b> , see under Solutions. . . . .				
<b>Amygdalin</b> . . . . .	½ oz. vls. oz.	2.00		
<b>Amyl</b> ("Amylium" — <i>not Amylum!</i> ), acetate, [ <i>Amylo-acetic Ether</i> ], (so-called "Pear-oil"). . . . .	lb.	4.00		
" do., [etc.], (etc.), — <i>chem. pure</i> . . . . .	lb.	4.50		
" bromide. . . . .	oz.	.50		
" butyrate. . . . .	lb.	5.00		
" chloride. . . . .	oz.	.60		
" cyanide, (Cyano-amyl), [ <i>Capro-nitrile</i> ]. . . . .				
" formate . . . . .	oz.	.50		
" hydride, (Pentane), crude, see Eupione				
" iodide, — <i>b. pt.</i> 140–148° C [284–298.4 F]	oz.	.80		
" nitrate . . . . .	oz.	.50		
" nitrite, ( <i>Amylo-nitrous Ether</i> ). . . . .	oz.	.29		
" " in lymph-tubes of 1–3 drops. . . . .				
" " pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i> . . . .	oz.	.30		
" oxide, hydrated, (so-called "Fusel-oil"), see Alcohol, amylic. . . . .				

<b>Amyl</b> , phenate (carbolate), [Amyl-phenol], cryst.—(A hypnotic.)	oz. 2.50		
“ valerianate, (so-called “Apple-oil”)	lb. 6.00		
<b>Amyl-phenol</b> , see Amyl, phenate			
<b>Amylene</b>	oz. .50		
“ bromide	oz. 1.00		
<b>Amylene Hydrate</b> , (Tertiary Amylic Alcohol),— boiling-point 100° C [212 F],—sp. gr. 0.81.—(An excellent hypnotic, not materi- ally affecting the heart-action.)	oz. .75		
<b>Amylum iodatum</b> , (Iodized Starch), <i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i> , see Starch, iodized			
<b>Amylum</b> , animal, — so - called, — see Gly- cogen			
<b>Analgesine</b> , so-called, see Antipyrine			
<b>Anchusin</b> , see Alkannin			
<b>Anemonin</b> ( <i>Anemone-camphor</i> , Pulsatilla- camphor)	15 gr. 1.75		
<b>Anethol</b> , liquid	oz. 1.00		
<b>Anethol-Quinine</b> , see Quinine, anisated			
<b>Aniline</b> (Anilia), [Amido-benzene (-benzol); Benzid-am; Phenyl-amine], pure	lb. 1.00		
“ acetate	oz. .50		
“ chloride	oz. .30		
“ nitrate	oz. .30		
“ oxalate	oz. .40		
“ sulphate	oz. .30		
<b>Aniline, di-Methyl-</b> , see Di-methyl-aniline			
“ <b>Methyl-</b> , see Methyl-aniline			
<b>Aniline and Phenol Dyes</b> (or <i>Colors</i> ):			
<b>Aurin</b>	oz. .40		
<b>Black</b> , Nigrosine, soluble in Water	lb. 2.25		
“ “ “ in Alcohol	lb. 2.50		
<b>Blue</b> , free from Arsenic	oz. .75		
“ permanent, — soluble in Alcohol;— free from Arsenic	oz. .65		
“ Ethylene-	oz. .75		
“ Methylene-	oz. .60		
“ Naphthalene-	oz. .60		
“ Phenyl,—free from Arsenic	oz. .65		
“ reddish	oz. .60		
<b>Brown</b> , Bismarck-	lb. 2.00		
“ Vesuvine-	lb. 3.50		
<b>Chrysoidine</b> ,—free from Arsenic	lb. 2.50		
<b>Green</b> , Malachite-, cryst.,—free fr. Arsenic	lb. 2.50		
“ “ powder, “ “ “	lb. 2.00		
“ Methyl,—free from Arsenic	lb. 2.50		
“ Iodine-	oz. 2.00		
“ brilliant	oz. .25		
<b>Induline</b> ,—free from Arsenic	oz. .50		
<b>Orange</b> , Helianthine	oz. .75		
“ Di-methyl-aniline-	oz. .65		
“ Ethyl-	oz. .45		
“ Methyl,—free from Arsenic	oz. .50		
<b>Phosphine</b> , so-called, see Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow, Chrys-aniline			
<b>Purpurin</b> : dry; and, paste,—see <i>Purpurin</i>			
<b>Red</b> , Fuchsine,—free fr. Arsenic;—large cryst.	oz. .40		
“ Congo-	oz. .50		
“ Corallin	oz. .40		
“ Eosin	oz. .50		
“ Magdala-	15 gr. 1.00		
“ ruby S-	oz. .40		
“ “ orange-	oz. .35		
“ Safranine	oz. .65		
“ scarlet,—free from Arsenic	oz. .30		
<b>Rose</b> , Bengal, “ “ “	oz. 1.00		
<b>Tropeolin</b> ( <i>Tropæolin</i> ), see <i>Tropeolin</i>			
<b>Violet</b> , Gentian,—free from Arsenic	oz. .30		
“ Methyl,— “ “ “	oz. .25		

	Containers incl.			
<b>Aniline and Phenol Dyes (or Colors),—continued:</b>				
Violet, Hoffmann's .....	oz. .40			
Yellow .....	oz. .25			
“ Chrys-aniline (sometimes also called Phosphine),—free from Arsenic.	oz. .75			
“ Luteoline .....	oz. .25			
“ Manchester-.....	oz. .25			
“ Martius-.....	oz. .30			
“ Naphthalene-.....	oz. .40			
“ Primrose- (Primula-) .....	oz. .25			
“ Safranine .....				
“ T-.....	oz. .50			
“ orange T,—free from Arsenic.....	oz. .25			
<b>Aniline, Ros-</b> , see Ros-aniline .....				
<b>Anisol (Methyl Phenate; Methylo-phenic Ether)</b> .....	oz. 2.00			
<b>Anthracene</b> , purified, sublimed.....	oz. .25			
<b>Anthraco-potassa (Anthrako-kali)</b> , simple.	oz. .25			
“ sulphurated .....	oz. .25			
<b>Anthra-quinone (A.-chinone, A.-kinone)</b> ..	oz. .50			
<b>Anthrarobin (Anthro-arobin)</b> .—A derivative from Alizarin, etc.—[Used as a mild succedaneum for <i>Chrysarobin</i> (that is: the so-called “Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid”).]	oz. .50			
<b>Antichlors (Anti-chlorines)</b> , see Sodium: thio-sulphate; bi-sulphite; and, sulphite ..				
<b>Antifebrin, perf. white, chem. pure, cryst. Kalle's</b> ,—under my conjugate guarantee for purity;—( <i>Medicinal Phenyl-acet-amide, Medicinal Acet-anilide</i> ).—[Lately very prominent as an analgetic, anodyne, sedative, and hypnotic, —in hemierania, neuralgias, dysmenorrhea, insomnia, delirium, etc.] .....	oz. .25			
<b>Antifungin</b> .....	oz. .35			
<b>Antimonial Crocus (Saffron)</b> , see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>washed</i> .....				
“ <b>Ethiops</b> , (Antimony and Mercury Black Sulphides), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide.....				
“ <b>Glass</b> , see Antimony, sulphide, vitreous,—so-called .....				
“ <b>Powder, U. S. Ph.</b> ,—(James's Febrile Powder), [Antimonious Oxide with Calcium Phosphate].....	lb. 1.50			
<b>Antimoniated (Stibiated) Liver of Lime</b> , [Stibiated Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated....				
“ <b>Tartar</b> , (Tartar Emetic; Tartarated Antimony), see Antimony and Potassium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades.				
<b>Antimony (Antimonium; Stibium)</b> , double salts of, see “Antimony and —” (below!).....				
“ metallic..... } Regulus of Antimony	lb. .35			
“ “ ch. pure. } .....	oz. .25			
“ arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. .30			
“ arsenite .....	oz. .30			
“ bromide .....	oz. .50			
“ chloride, Antimonious, (tri-chloride), pure, <i>cryst.</i> ,—[ <i>Concentrated Butter of Antimony</i> ].....	oz. .30			
N. B.— <i>See, also</i> :—Solutions: Antimonious chloride,—( <i>Liquid Butter of Antimony</i> )				
“ “ Antimonic, (penta-chloride), see Antimony, per-chloride .....				
“ diaphoretic, washed (purified), see Potassium, antimonate, <i>pharmacopeial</i>				
“ “ unwashed, see do., do., <i>crude</i> ....				
“ iodide, <i>cryst.</i> .....	oz. 1.00			

	Containers incl.			
Antimony, oxalate . . . . .	lb. 1.25			
“ oxide, white,—true,—Ph. Bor. V; (Antimonic oxide,—Pent-oxide), [Anhydrous Stibic or Antimonic Acid—Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ] . . . . .	lb. .75			
“ “ do.,—so-called,—Ph. Bor. VI;—(Washed [purified] Diaphoretic Antimony; Calx Antimonii [Stibii]),—[principally: K Sb O <sub>3</sub> ],—see Potassium, antimonate, pharmacopeial . . . . .				
“ “ diaphoretic, unwashed,—so-called,—(Unwashed Diaphoretic Antimony), see Potassium, antimonate, crude . . . . .				
“ “ precipitated, (Antimonious oxide,—Tri-oxide), pure,—Antimonii oxidum, U. S. Ph.;—[Stibium oxydatum præcipitatum, Ph. B. VI]; (Anhydrous Stibious or Antimonious Acid—Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) . . . . .	lb. 1.50			
N. B.—The above is the Wet-process Tri-oxide; the Dry-process Tri-oxide is the so-called “Flowers of Antimony.”				
“ “ do., with Calcium Phosphate,—(James's Febrile Powder),—see Antimonial Powder, U. S. Ph. . . . .				
“ “ brown,—so-called,—washed, (Crocus [Saffron] of Antimony; Crocus metallorum), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed . . . . .				
“ “ “ —so-called,—unwashed, (Liver of Antimony), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude . . . . .				
“ oxy-chloride, (Powder of Algaroth) . . . . .	oz. .35			
“ oxy-sulphuret, Antimonious, (Kermes Mineral), see Antimony, sulphide, red,—so-called . . . . .				
“ per-chloride (penta-chloride), [Antimonic chloride] . . . . .	oz. .49			
“ sulphate . . . . .	lb. 1.25			
“ sulphide, golden, (Antimonic sulphide, Penta-sulphide of Antimony), [so-called “Golden Sulphur”], I, chem. pure . . . . .	lb. 1.00			
“ “ “ II . . . . .	lb. .90			
“ “ “ III . . . . .	lb. .75			
“ “ black, (Antimonious sulphide, Tri-sulphide of Antimony), [Black Antimony], levigated, I,—pure;—Antimonii sulphidum purificatum, U. S. Ph. . . . .	lb. .50			
“ “ “ levigated, II,—Antimonii sulphidum, U. S. Ph. . . . .	lb. .35			
“ “ “ chem. pure,—synthetically prepared,—Ph. Gall. . . . .	lb. 2.00			
“ “ vitreous,—so-called,—(Antimonial Glass; Vitreous Antimony) . . . . .	lb. .75			
“ “ red,—so-called,—(Antimonious Oxy-sulphuret), [Kermes Mineral], (Red Antimony). Ph. G. I . . . . .	lb. 1.25			
“ “ “ according to Cluzel . . . . .	lb. 1.75			
“ “ “ . . . . .	lb. 2.00			
tannate . . . . .				

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Antimony, tartarated ( <i>tartarized</i> ), [ <i>Tartar Emetic</i> ], (Antimoniated [ <i>Stibiated</i> ] Tartar), see Antimony and Potassium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades			
“ tartrate.—(Do not confound with above!)	oz.	.35	
Antimony, black, see Antimony, sulphide, black			
“ red, see do., do., red,—so-called			
“ vitreous, see do., do., vitreous, so-called			
Antimony and Mercury Sulphides (Black Sulphides [ <i>Sulphurets</i> ]), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide			
“ and Potassium, oxalate, cryst.	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ tartrate, ( <i>Tartar Emetic</i> ; Tartarated [ <i>Tartarized</i> ] Antimony*), [ <i>Tartarus stibiatu</i> s—Antimoniated Tartar], cryst.	lb.	.65	
“ “ “ do., powder.	lb.	.65	
N.B.—Both the above preparations are of full percentage, —abt. 43% Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> .			
“ “ “ do., pure, cryst.	lb.	1.00	
“ “ “ “ “ powder,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , <i>Ph. G. H.</i> , & <i>Ph. Au.</i>	lb.	1.00	
* N.B.—TARTARATED ANTIMONY should not be confounded with: Antimony, tartrate!			
Antimony, Butter of, <i>liquid</i> , see Solutions: Antimonious chloride			
“ do. do., concentrated, see Antimony, chloride, Antimonious, etc.			
“ Crocus ( <i>Saffron</i> ) of, [so-called “ <i>Washed Brown Oxide of Antimony</i> ”], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed.			
“ Flowers of,—see remark under Flowers of Antimony.			
“ Glass of, see Antimony, sulphide, vitreous,—so-called			
“ Liver of, (so-called “ <i>Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony</i> ”), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude			
“ do. do., calcic, (also called: <i>Antimoni-ated Liver of Lime</i> ), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated			
Anti-Phylloxerins, see Potassium: sulpho-carbonate; and, xanthogenate			
Antipyrine (Di-methyl-oxy-quinizine [ <i>chinizine</i> ]);—also called “ <i>Analgesine</i> ”	oz.	1.40	
Apiol, fluid, green.	oz.	.65	
“ “ distilled	oz.	1.50	
Apiol, solid, cryst., white, ( <i>Parsley-camphor</i> )	15 gr.	.25	
Apo-codeine	15 gr.	2.50	
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	2.50	
Apocynin, cryst.	15 gr.	5.00	
“ amorphous.	15 gr.	3.00	
Apo-morphine ( <i>Apomorphia</i> ), hydrochlorate, amorphous	½ oz. vs. oz.	5.25	
“ hydrochlorate, cryst., chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	½ oz. vs. oz.	11.75	
“ sulphate, cryst.,—soluble in Water.	15 gr.	2.00	
Apple-oil, so-called, see Amyl, valerianate.			
Aqua ( <i>Aquæ medicatæ</i> —Medicated Waters), see Water, etc.			
Aqua Ammoniacæ, see Ammonia, Water of.			
“ Calcariacæ, see Solutions: Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ carmelitana, see Spirit, Balm,—compound.			
“ regia, see Acid, nitro-hydrochloric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			

Arabin (Arabic Acid, Gummy Acid).....	Containers incl.		
Arbutin Merck, white, cryst. ....	oz. 1.00		
Argentum, and compounds, see Silver, etc.	oz. 1.75		
Argil (Argilla) [Alumina], anhydrous, chem. pure, see Aluminium, oxide, anhydrous. ....			
“ hydrated,—commercial; and: pure, U.S. Ph.;—see Aluminium, oxide, precipitated, etc.; etc. ....			
Arnica .....	15 gr. 2.00		
Arsenic (Arsenium),—so-called “metallic,”—cryst.;[so-called “Cobaltum Mineral”] .....	oz. .12		
“ bromide.....	oz. .50		
“ chloride.....	oz. .60		
“ iodide (ter-iodide), cryst., pure,—U.S. Ph. ....	oz. .60		
“ “ with Mercury bin-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide .....			
“ lactate, (Lacto-arsenious Acid).....	oz. 2.50		
“ oleate.....	oz. .40		
“ pent-oxide, see Acid, arsenic (arsenicic), dry [anhydrous].....			
“ “ tetra-hydrated, see Acid, arsenic (arsenicic), hydrated .....			
“ phosphide (phosphuret).....	oz. 1.00		
“ Red sulphide, (di-sulphide), [Realgar; Red Arsenic], powder.....	lb. .25		
“ tartrate .....	oz. .40		
“ tri-oxide, see Acid, arsenious (arsenious), anhydrous .....			
“ Yellow sulphide, (tri-sulphide), [Yellow Arsenic, Citrine Arsenic; Orpiment—Auri Pigmentum; King's Yellow], powder.....	lb. .25		
“ “ “ precipitated (wet process). .....	oz. .35		
Arsenic, red, see Arsenic, Red sulphide....			
“ vitreous, } see Acid, arsenious, lumps			
“ Glass of, } .....			
“ white, so-called..... } see Acid, ar-			
“ Flowers of, resublimed } senious, etc.			
“ yellow (citrine), see Arsenic, Yellow sulphide.....			
Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....			
do. do. do. do., solution, U. S. Ph., (Donovan's Solution), see under Solutions .....			
Arsenical Solution, Fowler's, see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, U. S. Ph. ....			
Arsenium, and compounds, see Arsenic, etc.			
Asaron (Asarin; Asarum-camphor; Asarabacca-camphor).....	15 gr. .75		
Aseptol (ortho - Phenol - sulphonic [ortho-Phenyl-sulphuric, ortho-Sulpho-phenic, ortho-Sulpho-carbolic] Acid; ortho-Sulphophenol [-carbolic];—in 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % solution)—[Sozolic Acid] .....	oz. .30		
Asparagin (Asparagine; Althein, Altheine). .....	oz. 1.00		
Aspidos-amine and Aspido-spermine, see under Quebracho Alkaloids .....			
Atropine Merck (Atropia):			
pure, heavy,—Atropina, U. S. Ph.—Alkaloid from Atropa Belladonna, free from the so-called “light Daturine.”—Melt.-point 115° C [239 F] .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.55		
arsenate (arsenate) .....	15 gr. .65		
borate .....	15 gr. .50		
hydrobromate .....	15 gr. .65		
hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. .65		
nitrate .....	15 gr. .65		
salicylate .....	15 gr. .65		







**Balsams:**

	Containers incl.			
Copaiva, Maracaibo, — (Balsamum capivi [copaivae]).....	lb. 1.00			
“ dry, — (Balsamum copaivae siccum), see Resins: Copaiva.....				
Gurjun, — (so-called “East-India Copaiva Balsam”), [also called: “Wood-oil,” or “East-Indian Wood-oil”].....	lb. $\frac{3}{4}$ .75			
Indian Hemp, — (Balsamum cannabis indiae), — acc. to Denzel.....	oz. 2.50			
<b>Kava-Kava</b> , see Resins: Kava-Kava.....				
of Peru, true.....	lb. 2.50			
of Sulphur, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed.....				
“ “ terebinthinated, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed, terebinthinated.....				
<b>Bamberger's Solution</b> , mercurio-albuminated, see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid.....				
<b>Baptisin, pure</b> , — Glucoside from Wild Indigo, (Baptisia tinctoria).....	15 gr. .50			
<b>Barb-aloin, chem. pure</b> , see Aloin.....				
<b>Barium</b> (Baryum, Barytum), double salts of, see “Barium and —” (below!).....				
“ metallic.....	15 gr. 4.00			
“ acetate, pure, cryst.....	oz. .20			
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	oz. .25			
“ ethyl-sulphate, see Barium, ethyl-sulphate.....				
“ amylo-sulphate.....	oz. .40			
“ anhydride, so-called, see Barium, oxide, anhydrous, pure; and, commercial.....				
“ benzoate.....	oz. .75			
“ bi-oxalate (bin-oxalate).....	lb. 1.25			
“ borate.....	oz. .40			
“ boro-wolframate (boro-tungstate).....				
“ bromate.....	oz. .60			
“ bromide.....	oz. .35			
“ carbonate, precipitated.....	lb. .40			
“ “ “ pure.....	lb. .55			
“ “ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 1.00			
“ chlorate, pure, cryst.....	lb. .70			
“ “ “ powder.....	lb. .75			
“ chloride, impalp. powder, commercial.....	lb. .25			
“ “ purified, cryst.....	lb. .25			
“ “ pure, cryst.....	lb. .30			
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .35			
“ chromate, pure.....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ II.....	lb. .60			
“ citrate.....	oz. .40			
“ ethyl-sulphate (sulpho-vinate), cryst.....	lb. 2.25			
“ fluoride, pure.....	oz. .75			
“ formate.....	oz. .75			
“ hydroxide (so-called “hydrate”) [hydrated mon-oxide], see Barium, oxide, hydrated, etc.....				
“ hypo-phosphite.....	oz. .50			
“ hypo-sulphate.....	oz. .60			
“ hypo-sulphite, see Barium, thio-sulphate.....				
“ iodate.....	oz. 1.00			
“ iodide.....	oz. .75			
“ lactate.....	oz. .85			
“ methyl-sulphate.....	oz. .60			
“ nitrate, cryst.....	lb. .25			
“ “ powder.....	lb. .25			
“ “ fused.....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .45			

Barium, oleate .....	Containers incl.		
“ oxalate .....	oz. .40		
“ “ pure .....	lb. .75		
“ oxide (mon-oxide), anhydrous, [Burnt (calcined) Baryta], (so-called “Barium Anhydride”), pure...	lb. 1.00		
“ do., commercial .....	lb. 2.50		
“ “ hydrated (caustic), [Barium Hy- droxide (so-called “Hydrate”); Hydrated (caustic) Baryta], pure, cryst. ....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ do., pure, dry .....	lb. .50		
“ “ “ chem. pure, cryst. ....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ “ dry .....	lb. .60		
“ “ “ commercial .....	lb. 1.25		
“ oxide, per- (di-), see Barium, per-oxide.	lb. .40		
per-chlorate .....	oz. 2.00		
per-manganate, cryst. ....	oz. 1.50		
per-oxide (di-oxide), hydrated, pure...	lb. 1.25		
“ do., commercial .....	lb. .75		
“ “ anhydrous, commercial. ....	lb. .75		
“ “ “ pure .....	lb. .85		
phosphate .....	oz. .35		
rhodanide, see Barium, sulpho-cyanate.			
salicylate .....	oz. .50		
sulphate, precipitated, pure, -(Synthetic- ally prepared “Barytes”; also called: Artificial “Heavy Spar”) .....	lb. .55		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), commercial. ....	lb. .45		
“ “ pure .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ -free from Arsenic; -acc. to Winkler.-(Used for generating Arsenium-free Sulphydric Acid in Kipp's apparatus.) .....	lb. .60		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate) .....	lb. 1.75		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodani- de), pure .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ commercial .....	lb. .75		
“ sulpho-vinate, see Barium, ethylo- sulphate .....			
tartrate .....	oz. .75		
thio-cyanate, see Barium, sulpho-cyan- ate .....			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo- sulphite”) .....	oz. .30		
“ wolframate (tungstate) .....	oz. .30		
Barium and Platinum, salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; and do., divers double Salts .....			
“ and Potassium, chlorate .....	lb. 1.50		
Baryta, burnt (calcined), see Barium, oxide, anhydrous .....			
“ caustic (hydrated), see Barium, oxide, hydrated .....			
Barytes, synthetically prepared, (Artificial “Heavy Spar”), see Barium, sulphate, etc.			
Bebeerine, (Beberine, Beeberine, Bebirine, Bibi- rine, Beberia; Buxine), pure, cryst. . .	oz. 1.65		
“ hydrochlorate .....	oz. 1.25		
“ sulphate .....	oz. 1.25		
Belladonnine .....	15 gr. .75		
Bengal Rose, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Rose .....			
Benz-aldehyd (Benzoic Aldehyd; so-called “Benzoyl Hydride”) [ <i>Artificial</i> Volatile Oil of Bitter Almonds; -not=Nitro-benzene!- <i>which see also!</i> ].-Chemically identical with: De-hydrocyanated <i>Natural</i> Essential Oil of Bitter Almonds .....	lb. 2.00		

	Containers incl. oz. 2 100		
Benz-amide .....			
Benzene (Benzol), bromated, see Mono-brom-benzene .....			
“ chlorated, see Mono-chlor-benzene .....			
“ iodated, see Mono-iod-benzene .....			
Benzene, anthracic, (Coal-tar Benzol), [Coal-naphtha; so-called “Coal-tar Benzin”—Benzinum lith-anthracinum],—chem. pure, crystallizable;—boil.-pt. 80–84° C [176–183.2 F].—(So-called “Phenyl Hydride.”) .....	lb. 1.00		
“ do.,—boil.-pt. 70–130° C [158–266 F] ..	lb. .75		
“ do.,— “ 130–180° C [266–356 F] ..	lb. .50		
Benzene, benzoic, see Benzol, benzoic .....			
Benzid-am, see Aniline .....			
Benzile (Di-benzoyl) .....	15 gr. .75		
Benzin, petroleic, (Petroleum Benzin), [Petroleum Naphtha],—I,—boil.-pt. 55–75° C [131–167 F] .....			
“ do.,—boil.-pt. 50–60° C [122–140 F],—Benzinum, U. S. Ph.,—(so-called “Petroleum Ether”) .....			
Benzo- (Benzene-) [Benzol-] Quinone, see Quinone .....			
Benzo-tri-chloride (not Tri-chlor-benzene; nor Tri-chloride of Benzene [Benzol];—but: C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> .CCl <sub>3</sub> ) .....	oz. .50		
Benzoin Crystals, (Bitter-almond-oil Camphor), [not: Resina Benzoë, = “Gum benjamin”;—but: Oxy-phenyl-benzyl-ketone!] ..	15 gr. .35		
Benzoin Flowers, see Acid, benzoic, from Siamese (and other) Benzoin-resin, sublimed: U. S. Ph., and others .....			
Benzol (Benzene), bromated, see Mono-brom-benzene .....			
“ chlorated, see Mono-chlor-benzene .....			
“ iodated, see Mono-iod-benzene .....			
Benzol, benzoic, (Benzoic Benzene),—from Benzoic Acid .....	oz. 1.50		
Benzol of Coal-tar, (Anthracic Benzol), see Benzene, anthracic .....			
Benzoyl, chloride .....	oz. .50		
“ hydride,—so-called,—see Benz-aldehyd			
Benzoyl, di-, see Benzile .....			
Benzoyl-ecgonine .....	15 gr. 1.50		
Benzyl, chloride, commercial .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ pure .....	lb. 3.00		
Berberine, chem. pure, cryst. ....	oz. 5.00		
“ citrate .....	15 gr. .75		
“ hydrochlorate .....	oz. 2.00		
“ phosphate .....	15 gr. .75		
“ sulphate .....	oz. 1.25		
Berberine, Hydro- .....	15 gr. 4.00		
Beryllium (Glucinum, Glycium), metallic, powder .....	15 gr. 12.00		
“ carbonate .....	15 gr. .25		
“ chloride .....	15 gr. .25		
“ oxide, hydrated, (hydroxide) .....	15 gr. .25		
“ “ anhydrous .....	15 gr. .50		
“ sulphate .....	15 gr. .25		
Beryllium and Potassium, fluoride .....	15 gr. .25		
Bestuscheff's Solution, tonico-nervine (anodyne Iron-), see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—ethereal .....			
Betol (Naphthalol) [Naphtho-salol, Sali-naphthol]—(Beta-Naphthylic Ether of Salicylic Acid; Salicylate of Beta-Naphthol) .....	oz. .60		
Bibirine, see Beberine .....			
Bi-chlor-naphthalene, see Di-chlor-naphthalene .....			

Bili-fuscin.....	Containers incl. 1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bili-humin.....	1 gr.vial 2.00		
Bili-prasin.....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bili-rubin ( <i>Bili-phain</i> ).....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
“ Hydro-, see Uro-bilin.....			
Bili-verdin.....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bi-methyl-compounds, see Di-methyl-etc.			
Bi-nitro-benzene, (Bi-nitro-benzol, Bi-nitro-benzide), see Di-nitro-benzene.....			
Bi-nitro-naphthalene, see Di-nitro-naphthalene.....			
Bi-nitro-toluene (-toluol), see Di-nitro-toluene.....			
Bi-phenyl- and other Bi-compounds, see Di-phenyl-etc.;—etc.,—under “Di.”.....			
Birch-tar, see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic.....			
Bismarck Brown, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Brown.....			
Bismuth, double salts of, see “Bismuth and —” (below).....			
“ metallic,—about 97% pure metal.....	lb. 2.40		
“ “ pure,—free from Arsenic.....	lb. 3.50		
“ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 6.00		
“ acetate.....	oz. .60		
“ albuminate.....	oz. .60		
“ ammonio-citrate, see Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ benzoate.....	oz. .60		
“ bromide.....	oz. 1.00		
“ camphorate.....	oz. 2.00		
“ carbonate, so-called, see Bismuth, sub-carbonate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ chromate.....	oz. .75		
“ citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .50		
“ iodide (ter-iodide).....	oz. .80		
“ lactate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate).....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, cryst.....	lb. 2.50		
“ oleate, dry.....	oz. .35		
“ oxalate.....	oz. .50		
“ oxide (tri-[sesqui-]oxide), anhydrous [yellow], chem. pure,— <i>Ph. Brit.</i> .....	oz. .60		
“ “ hydrated (white), pure.....	oz. .50		
“ oxide, per- (pent-), see Bism., per-oxide			
oxy-chloride.....	oz. .35		
“ oxy-iodide (sub-iodide).....	oz. .55		
“ peptonized, ( <i>Bismuthated Peptone</i> ),—contains 3.8% of Oxide of Bismuth in soluble form.....	oz. .75		
“ per-manganate, basic,—soluble only in dilute acids.....	oz. 1.75		
“ per-oxide (pent-oxide).....	oz. .75		
“ phosphate.....	oz. .60		
“ phospho-lactate, see Bismuth, lacto-phosphate.....			
“ salicylate, basic,—contains about 62% of Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ,—free from the Sub-nitrate;—gives up only traces of Salicylic Acid to Ether.....	oz. .45		
“ salicylate, acid,—contains about 40% of Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ,—free from the Sub-nitrate.....	oz. .40		
“ sub-carbonate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(so-called “carbonate”),—chem. pure.....	lb. 2.90		
“ sub-iodide, see Bismuth, oxy-iodide.....			
“ sub-nitrate, chem. pure, very light powder,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—(Magistry of Bismuth);—perfectly free from Arsenic, by Marsh's test.....	lb. 2.50		
“ sub-nitrate, in tablets.....	lb. 2.75		

Bismuth, sulphate.....	Containers incl.			
“ sulphide (sulphuret).....	oz. .50			
“ tannate.....	oz. .60			
“ “ in tablets.....	oz. .35			
“ tartrate.....	oz. .40			
“ valerianate.....	oz. .75			
Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, — U. S. Ph.....	oz. .50			
“ and Potassium, iodide, liquid.....	oz. .60			
“ “ tartrate.....	oz. .25			
Bitter-almond-oil, artificial, see Benz- aldehyd.....				
Bitter-almond-oil Camphor, see Benzoin Crystals.....				
Bixin (Red Orellin), chem. pure.....	oz. 5.00			
Blood, bullock's, (Sanguis Tauri [Bovis]), dry, powdered.....	lb. 1.50			
Boldine.....	15 gr. 3.00			
Bone-ash; and: do., purified;—see Calcium, phosphate, erude; and: pure.....				
N.B.—Compare, also: Calcium, phosphate, bi-basic,—for agricultural chemistry.				
Bone-black, purified, (so-called “Ivory- black”), see Charcoal, animal, purified, U. S. Ph.,—etc.....				
Bone Phosphate,—so-called,—see Calcium, phosphate, precipit'd tri-basic, dry, U. S. Ph.				
Borax,—various forms, (also: Borax-glass), —see Sodium, bi-borate, etc.,—U. S. Ph.; and other forms.....				
Borax-Tartar (so-called “Soluble Cream of Tartar”), see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....				
do. Scales, (Scales of Tartar),—perfectly soluble in Water,—see do. do. do., do., in scales.....				
Boro-Glycerin (“Glyceride”), dry,—[Glyc- erolate (Glycerite) of Boric Acid; Glyceryl Borate];—containing 3 parts Glycerin to 2 of Boric Acid.....	lb. 2.00			
“ so-called,— <i>syropy consistency</i> ;—see Sodium, bi-borate, glycerolate of,— <i>syropy consistency</i> .....				
Boron (Borium), crystallized.....	15 gr. 6.00			
Brayerin, see Koussein Merck.....				
Bromal, anhydrous.....	oz. 2.50			
Bromal Hydrate.....	oz. 2.50			
Bromine,— <i>Bromum</i> , U. S. Ph.....	oz. .25			
“ chloride, (“Bromide of Chlorine,” so- called).....	oz. .85			
“ iodide, liquid,—so-called,—see Iodine, bromide, liquid.....				
Bromo-Caffeine (not Caffeine Hydrobrom- ate, — <i>which see also</i> ;—but Bromated [bromo-substituted] Caffeine!).....	oz. 5.00			
Bromo-ethyl (Bromide of Ethyl; Mono-brom- ethane), see Ether, hydrobromic.....				
Bromoform.....	oz. 1.50			
Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono-, (Mono- brom-acet-anilide), cryst.—[Supposed to combine the medicinal effects of Sodium Bromide and of Phenyl-acet-amide.].....	oz. 2.00			
Brucine (Brucea) [Vomicine], chem. pure, cryst.,—free from Strychnine.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00			
“ pure.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ hydrobromate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ hydrochlorate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ nitrate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ phosphate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ sulphate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			



	Containers incl.		
<b>Cacao-butter</b> , see Butter, Cacao.....			
<b>Cadmium</b> , double salts of, see "Cadmium and —" (below).....			
“ metallic.....	lb. 1 45		
“ “ sheet.....	lb. 3.00		
“ “ powder.....	oz. .75		
“ acetate.....	oz. .75		
“ boro-wolframate (boro-tungstate), solution, sp. gr. 3.28.....	oz. 1.00		
“ bromide.....	oz. .27		
“ carbonate.....	oz. .50		
“ chlorate.....	oz. .75		
“ chloride.....	oz. .35		
“ fluoride.....	oz. 1.00		
“ iodide.....	oz. .45		
“ nitrate.....	oz. .40		
“ oxide.....	oz. .60		
“ salicylate.....	oz. 1.50		
“ sulphate, pure.....	oz. .30		
“ sulphide (sulphuret).....	oz. .50		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. .75		
“ tartrate.....	oz. .75		
“ valerianate.....	oz. 1.00		
<b>Cadmium and Ammonium</b> , bromide.....	oz. .50		
“ “ “ iodide.....	oz. .60		
“ and <b>Gold</b> , chloride, see Gold & C., chlor. and <b>Potassium</b> , iodide.....	oz. .60		
<b>Caesium</b> (Caesium), metallic.....			
“ bi-tartrate.....	15 gr. 3.00		
“ chloride.....	15 gr. 3.50		
<b>Caesium and Rubidium</b> , chloride.....	15 gr. 2.00		
<b>Caesium Alum</b> , see Alum, caesic.....			
<b>Caffeine</b> (Caffeia, Coffeine) [Theine], double salts of, see "Caffeine and —" (below).....			
“ pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 60		
“ pure, true, — from Coffee-seeds.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4 00		
“ acetate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 00		
“ ammonio-citrate, see Caffeine and Ammonia, citrate.....			
“ arseniate (arsenate).....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 00		
“ arsenite.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 00		
“ benzoate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 75		
“ boro-citrate, true double salt, — readily soluble. — (Combines the medicinal effects of Caffeine and of Boric Acid.).....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 50		
“ bromo-substituted (bromated), [not Caffeine Hydrobromate!], see Bromo-Caffeine.....			
“ carbolate, see Caffeine, phenate.....			
“ cinnamate, cryst.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4 00		
“ citrate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 75		
“ citrate, — so-called, — commercial.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 00		
“ “ “ — <i>Ph. Brit. new</i> , — [50% of Caffeine].....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 00		
“ citrico-benzoate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2 00		
“ hydrobromate, true salt, cryst. N. B. — <i>Compare, also: Bromo-Caffeine.</i> .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 20		
“ hydrochlorate, true salt, cryst.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 20		
“ lactate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 75		
“ malate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 5 00		
“ nitrate, true salt, cryst.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2 00		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate).....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 50		
“ phthalate, — soluble in 5 parts of Water.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3 00		
“ salicylate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 90		
“ sodio-hydrobromate, — and other Soda double salts of Caffeine, — see Caffeine and Soda, etc. — (below!).....			
“ sulphate, true salt, cryst.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1 90		

*℞* When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!



Caffeine—(as above!),—tannate, true salt . . .	Containers incl. oz. vls. oz. 2. 00		
“ valerianate, true salt . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 2. 00		
Caffeine and Ammonia, citrate. (Ammoniated Citrate of Caffeine) . . [54% of Caffeine]	1 oz. vls. oz. 2. 00		
“ and Soda, benzoate . . . [45.8% “ ]	oz. vls. oz. 1. 25		
“ “ “ cinnamate . . . [62.5% “ ]	oz. vls. oz. 1. 50		
“ “ “ citrate, true . . [52.5% “ ]	oz. vls. oz. 2. 00		
“ “ “ salicylate . . . [62.5% “ ]	oz. vls. oz. 1. 25		
N.B.—The Benzoate, Cinnamate, and Salicylate, are soluble in 2 parts of hot Water, and remain in solution on cooling.			
Caffeine and Soda, hydrobromate, (so-called “Bromide of Caffeine and Sodium”,—“Sodio-bromide of Caffeine”),—[52% of Caffeine];—soluble in 20 parts of Water . .	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 1. 50		
Cahincin (Caincin), see Acid, cahincic . . . . .			
Calabar-Alkaloid, see Physostigmine (Eserine) . . .			
Calabar Discs . . . . .			
“ Gelatine . . . . .			
“ Paper . . . . .			
} see Physostigmine Discs; etc.; etc.			
Calcium, double and triple salts of, see “Calcium and —” (below!). . . . .			
“ metallic,—by electrolysis . . . . .	15 gr. 10. 00		
“ acetate, chem. pure, dry . . . . .	lb. 1. 00		
“ “ erude . . . . .	lb. . 50		
“ ethyl-sulphate, see Calc., ethyl-sulph. albuminate . . . . .	oz. . 75		
“ antimonio-sulphide, so-called, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated . . . . .			
“ arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	oz. . 35		
“ arsenite . . . . .	oz. . 30		
“ benzoate . . . . .	oz. . 50		
“ bi-malate, cryst. . . . .	oz. 1. 00		
“ bi-saccharate, see Calcium, saccharate . . . . .			
“ bi-phosphate, so-called, see Calcium phosphate, acid . . . . .			
“ bi-sulphate, pure . . . . .	oz. . 30		
“ bi-sulphite, liquid,—[8° Baumé] . . . . .	lb. . 45		
“ bi-tartrate, pure . . . . .	oz. . 40		
“ borate . . . . .	lb. 1. 50		
“ “ —glycerolate (glycerite) of, [Glycerino-borate of Calcium] . . . . .	lb. 2. 50		
“ boro-citrate . . . . .	oz. . 35		
“ bromide,—U. S. Ph. . . . .	oz. . 25		
“ bromo-iodide . . . . .	oz. 1. 00		
“ butyrate, pure . . . . .	oz. . 50		
“ “ Iso-, see Calcium, iso-butyrate . . . . .			
“ carbolate, see Calcium, phenate . . . . .			
“ carbonate, purified (elutriated), white, see Chalk, prepared, U. S. Ph. precipitated . . . . .	lb. . 40		
“ “ “ light (flocculent) . . . . .	lb. . 45		
“ “ “ pure,—U. S. Ph. & Ph. G. II. . . . .	lb. . 50		
“ “ “ chem. pure . . . . .	lb. 1. 00		
“ chinate, see Calcium, quinate . . . . .			
“ chinovate, see Calcium, quinovate . . . . .			
“ chlorate . . . . .	oz. . 40		
“ chlorhydro-phosphate, see Calcium phosphate, hydrochlorated . . . . .			
“ chloride, (so-called “Hydrochlorate of Lime”), crude . . . . .			
“ “ granulated . . . . .	lb. . 35		
“ “ pure, cryst. . . . .	lb. . 40		
“ “ “ dry, white . . . . .	lb. . 45		
“ “ “ fused, perf. white, in lumps, —U. S. Ph. . . . .	lb. . 65		
“ “ “ “ “ “ in sticks . . . . .	lb. . 85		
“ “ “ “ “ “ granulated . . . . .	lb. . 90		
“ chromate . . . . .	lb. 2. 50		

	Containers incl.		
Calcium, citrate .....	oz. .35		
“ ethyl-sulphate (sulpho-vinate) .....	oz. .75		
“ ferrid-cyanide (ferri-cyanide), [Calcio- Ferric cyanide, so-called], cryst. ....	oz. .50		
“ <b>ferro-lacto-phosphate</b> , (Lacto-Phosphate of Calcium and Iron) .....	oz. .50		
“ formate .....	oz. .35		
“ fluoride, chem. puro .....	lb. 2.50		
“ glycerino-borate, (Glycerolate [Glycer- ite] of Borate of Calcium), see Calci- um, borate,—glycerolate of .....			
“ glycerino-phosphate, (Glycerolate [Gly- cerite] of Phosphate of Calcium), see Calcium, phosphate, glycerolate of .....			
“ <b>hippurate</b> .....	oz. 2.00		
“ hydrochloro-phosphate, see Calcium, phosphate, hydrochlorated .....			
“ hypo-phosphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. 1.30		
“ hypo-sulphite, see Calc., thio-sulphate.			
“ iso-butyrate .....	oz. 2.00		
“ iodate .....	oz. .75		
“ iodide .....	oz. .47		
“ kinate, see Calcium, quinate .....			
“ kinovate, see Calcium, quinovate .....			
“ <b>lactate, pure, soluble</b> .....	oz. .25		
“ <b>lacto-phosphate</b> (phospho-lactate), <b>cryst., soluble</b> .....	oz. .50		
“ “ powder .....	oz. .25		
“ meconate .....			
“ muriato-phosphate, see Calcium, phos- phate, hydrochlorated .....			
“ nitrate, pure .....	oz. .15		
“ nitrite .....	oz. .25		
“ oleate .....	oz. .45		
“ <b>osmate</b> .....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ oxalate .....	oz. .30		
“ oxide, caustic, dry, (Burnt Lime, pure), —from marble,—see Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ per-manganate, cryst. ....	oz. 2.00		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate), pure ....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ crude, [about 40% of pure] .....	lb. .40		
“ phosphate, crude, ( <i>Bone-ash</i> ) .....	lb. .40		
“ “ pure, ( <i>Purified Bone-ash</i> ) .....	lb. .60		
“ “ neutral, chem. pure,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> — (Tetra-hydrated Di-calcic ortho- Phosphate; Di-hydrated Calci- um Hydro-phosphate) .....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ acid, (so-called “bi-phosphate”), [Tetra-hydro-mono-calcic or- tho-Phosphate], pure .....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ bi-basic,—for agricultural chem- istry .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ precipitated tri-basic, dry,— <i>Calcii phosphus precipitatus, U. S. Ph.</i> , —(so-called “ <i>Bone Phosphate</i> ”) .....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ do. do., <i>gelatinous</i> .....	lb. .75		
“ “ —glycerolate (glycerite) of, [Gly- cerino-phosphate of Calcium] ..	oz. 4.00		
“ “ —hydro-chlorated (muriated), [Muriato-phosphate (Chlorhy- dro-phosphate, Hydrochloro- phosphate) of Calcium], liquid, —sp. gr. 1.225, [25% solution]	lb. .75		
“ “ —do., dry .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ —antimoniated (stibiated),— [James's Febrile Powder],—see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ phosphide (phosphuret) .....	oz. .50		
“ phosphite .....	oz. .75		
“ phospho-lactate, see Calcium, lacto-phosphate			

	Containers incl.		
Calcium, picrate (picro-nitrate) . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ pyro-phosphate . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ quinate (chinate, kinate), cryst. . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ quinovate (chinovate, kinovate) . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ rhodanide, see Calcium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ saccharate (bi-saccharate), [so-called “Saccharate of Lime”],—soluble in Water, easily so in Sugared water.— (Antidote in Carbolic-Acid poisoning.)	oz. .25		
“ salicylate . . . . .	oz. .45		
“ <b>santoninate</b> ( <i>not</i> santonate!),—white powder, insoluble in water; insipid. . . . .	oz. .75		
“ silicate, pure . . . . .	oz. .35		
“ silico-fluoride . . . . .	oz. .40		
“ stibiato-sulphide, so-called, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimonio- sulphurated . . . . .			
“ sulphide (sulphuret),—acc. } For generating to Fresenius . . . . . } Sulphydric Acid “ “ —acc. to Otto . . . . . } in Kipp's apparatus.	lb. 1.00		
“ sulphide, <i>so-called</i> , (Calcic Liver of Sul- phur), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.10		
“ do., antimoniated,— <i>so-called</i> ,—(Anti- monic Liver of Lime), see Lime, anti- monio-sulphurated. . . . .			
“ sulphite, crude . . . . .	lb. .30		
“ “ purified . . . . .	lb. .50		
“ “ pure . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate) . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodan- ide), commercial. . . . .	lb. .75		
“ “ pure . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
“ sulpho-vinate, see Calc., ethylo-sulphate			
“ tannate . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ tartrate . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ thio-cyanate, see Calc., sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo- sulphite”) . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
“ tri-chlor-phenate (tri-chlor-phenylate, tri-chlor-carbolate) . . . . .	oz. .50		
“ urate, chem. pure . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
<b>Calcium and Copper</b> , acetate, see Copper and Calcium, acetate . . . . .			
“ and <b>Gold</b> , chloride, see G. & Calc., chlor.			
“ and <b>Iron</b> , lacto-phosphate, see Calcium, ferro-lacto-phosphate . . . . .			
“ “ “ cyanide, so-called, see Calcium, ferrid-cyanide . . . . .			
“ and <b>Platinum</b> , cyanide, see under Pla- tinum double Cyanides . . . . .			
<b>Calcium, Platinum, and Ammonium</b> , cy- anuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides			
<b>Calomel</b> , see Mercury, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
<b>Calx</b> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
<b>Calx Antimonii</b> ( <i>Stibii</i> ), see Potassium, an- timonate, <i>pharmacopeial</i> . . . . .			
“ “ <b>cum Sulphure</b> , see Lime, anti- monio-sulphurated . . . . .			
<b>Camphor</b> , benzoated . . . . .	oz. .40		
“ carbolated, see Camphor, phenolated. .			
“ citrated . . . . .	oz. .40		
“ di-bromated . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ mono-bromated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. .26		
“ phenolated, ( <i>Phenol-Camphor</i> ; Carbol- ated camphor, Camphorated Phenol). .	oz. .40		
“ salicylated . . . . .	oz. .50		
“ valerianated . . . . .	oz. .60		
<b>Camphor, artificial</b> , so-called, see Turpen- tine-oil, mono-hydrochlorate . . . . .			

	Containers incl.		
Camphor of Anemone ( <i>Pulsatilla</i> ), see Anemonin			
“ of Asarum (Asarabacca), see Asaron			
“ of Bitter-Almond-oil, see Benzoin Crystals			
“ of Elecampane ( <i>Inula, Alant-root</i> ),—solid. —see Helenin			
“ “ —liquid,—see Alantol			
“ Lemon-, so-called, see Turpentine-oil, di-hydrochlorate			
“ of Parsley, see Apiol, solid, cryst. white			
“ of Thyme, see Thymol			
“ of Tonka-bean, see Cumarin			
Cannabin, —Resinoid	15 gr.	.35	
Cannabine Merck, —pure Alkaloid; —syrupy consistency.—(Simply hypnotic in action.)	15 gr.	.50	
Cannabine Tannate Merck	15 gr.	.25	
Cannabinon	15 gr.	.20	
“ —10-% abstract in Sugar of milk, —adapted for immediate dispensation	oz.	.60	
Cantharidin, cryst.	15 gr.	2.00	
Capro-nitrile, see Amyl, cyanide			
Capsicin	15 gr.	.20	
Caput mortuum, pure, see Iron, oxide, red, anhydrous			
Carb-amide, etc., see Urea, etc.			
Carb-azole (Di-phenyl-imide)	oz.	1.00	
Carbinol, see Alcohol, methylic			
Carbo animalis (Ossium), <i>purificatus</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—et, <i>purus</i>			} see (Barrool), etc.
“ Carnis <i>purus</i> —ad usum <i>internum</i> .			
“ Sanguinis; et, — <i>acid</i> o <i>purificatus</i> .			
“ Spongiae <i>pulverisatus</i>			
Carbon, animal (Bone-), purified, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—and, pure			
“ Blood-; and; do., purified by acid.			
“ Meat-, pure,—for <i>internal</i> use			
“ Sponge-, powder			
Carbon, mineral, see Graphite			
Carbon ( <i>Carboneum</i> ), bi-sulphide, (so-called Sulphur-“Alcohol”)	lb.	.25	
“ do., highly rectified,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ di-chloride (also called: proto-chloride).			
“ tetra-chloride (also called: bi-chloride).	oz.	.75	
“ tri-chloride (also called: sesqui-chloride), cryst.	oz.	1.25	
Cardol, pruriginous; from <i>Anacardium orientale</i>	oz.	.75	
“ vesicatory; from do. <i>occidentale</i> .	oz.	1.00	
Carica papaya, Juice of, see Juice of Papaw			
Carmine, pure, in lumps, ( <i>Nacarat</i> )	oz.	.75	
Carmine, Safflower-, see Safflower Carmine			
Carnine	15 gr.	8.00	
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	8.00	
Carthamin, (so-called “Carthamic Acid”), chem. pure	15 gr.	1.00	
Carvol, see Essential Oils: Caraway-seed; extra strong			
Casein, commercial	lb.	.80	
Casein, absolutely chem. pure. } <i>From milk</i> }	lb.	2.50	
Caseins, vegetable, see Conglutin, and Legumin			
Cassius's Purple, see Gold, Tin-precipit. of Catechin ( <i>Catechuin</i> ), [ <i>Catechuic Acid</i> ]	oz.	2.00	
Catechol, see Pyro-catechin			
Cathartin, in Extract-form,—(not identical with Cathartic Acid,—which see also!)	oz.	5.00	
Caustic, lunar, see Silver, nitrate, molded.			
“ mitigated (toughened), see Silver, nitrate, diluted: <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—and others			

	Containers incl.		
<b>Caustic, Filhos's</b> , (Fused Vienna Caustic), see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [4:1], fused.....			
“ Vienna, powder, see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [2:1], powder.....			
<b>Cedrin</b> , cryst.; from Cedron-seed.—Transparent crystals; wholly volatilizable; readily soluble in Water.—(Febrifuge, etc.; antidote in hydrophobia, etc.).....	15 gr.	8.00	
<b>Cerebrin</b> .—Physiological preparation from brain-substance.....	15 gr.	2.00	
<b>Cerium</b> , metallic, fused.....	15 gr.	7.50	
“ acetate.....	oz.	1.00	
“ bromide.....	oz.	1.00	
“ carbonate.....	oz.	.75	
“ chloride.....	oz.	.35	
“ lactate.....	oz.	2.00	
“ malate.....	oz.	3.50	
“ nitrate.....	oz.	.40	
“ oxalate— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —of Sesqui-oxide....	oz.	.15	
“ oxide (per-oxide), pure.....	oz.	1.00	
“ sulphate (bi-sulphate) of Per-oxide....	oz.	.35	
“ sulphate of Sesqui-oxide.....	oz.	.40	
<b>Cetrarin</b> (Cetraric Acid).....	15 gr.	1.00	
<b>Chalk, prepared</b> (levigated),— <i>Creta preparata, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—[Purified (elutriated) Carbonate of Calcium].....	lb.	.12	
<b>Chameleon Mineral</b> , (Mineral Chameleon), see Potassium, manganate.....			
<b>Charcoal, animal</b> (Bone-), [Bone-black], (Carbo Ossium; Spodium),—purified, —wet process;—[so-called “Ivory Black”—Ebur ustum];— <i>Carbo animalis purificatus, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb.	.50	
“ do., (do.), pure,—wet process,—[do.—etc.]	lb.	1.25	
“ <b>Meat-</b> , (Carbo Carnis), [ <i>Medicinal Animal Charcoal</i> ,—for <i>internal</i> use], pure	lb.	3.00	
“ <b>Blood-</b> , (Carbo Sanguinis).....	lb.	2.00	
“ “ purified by acid.....	lb.	2.25	
“ <b>Sponge-</b> , (Burnt Sponge— <i>Spongia usta</i> [tosta]; <i>Carbo Spongie</i> ), powder....	lb.	.75	
<b>Chelerythrine</b> (Chelerythria).....	15 gr.	1.25	
<b>Chelidonine</b> (Chelidonia), pure.....	15 gr.	1.00	
“ hydrochlorate.....	15 gr.	1.60	
“ sulphate.....	15 gr.	1.00	
<b>Chinidine, Chinine</b> (China), <b>Chinium, Chinoidine</b> (“ <i>Chinoidinum</i> ” of <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ), <b>Chino-iodine, Chinoline</b> (Chinoleine), <b>Chinone</b> ; and compounds of these;—see Quinidine, Quinine, Quinium, Quinoidine, Quino-iodine, <b>Quinoine, Quinone</b> ,—etc.....			
<b>Chinoyl</b> , see Quinone.....			
<b>Chitin</b> ,—from beetles.....	15 gr.	2.50	
<b>Chloral</b> ,—so called by the <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Chloral Hydrate.....			
<b>Chloral</b> , alcoholate, anhydrous.....	oz.	.30	
“ camphorated.....	oz.	1.00	
<b>Chloral Hydrate</b> , (the so-called “ <i>Chloral</i> ” of the <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ):			
crusts.....	lb.	1.50	
loose crystals.....	lb.	1.55	
true Liebreich.....	lb.	2.25	
according to Liebreich.....	lb.	2.00	
<b>Chloral Hydrocyanate</b> (Cyanhydrate), cryst.—Rhombic-prisms; white, translucent; wholly volatilizable; readily soluble in Water, Alcohol, or Ether.—[Very stable compound, acting physiologically like <i>Prussic Acid</i> ; hence, a desirable substitute for Bitter-almond and Cherry-laurel Waters.]	½ oz. vls.	2.00	

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Chloral, meta-.....	Containers incl.			
Chlor - anile.....	oz. 1.00			
Chlorine Bromide, ( <i>Chlorum bromatum</i> ), so-called, see Bromine, chloride.....	15 gr. .30			
Chlorine-water (Solution of Chlorine in distilled Water).....				
Chloro-ethyl (Mono-chlor-ethane), chlorinated compounds of, see Ether, hydrochloric, etc.....				
Chloroform (Ethyl chloroform), pure,— <i>Chloroformum purificatum, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—conforming to Ph. G. II.....	lb. 1.50			
“ from Chloral.....	lb. 3.00			
“ English (British),—in original jars.....	lb. 2.50			
“ chem. pure—according to British standard, (purissimum uso anglico).....	lb. 1.50			
Chloroform, Methyl-, see Methyl Chloroform.....				
Chlorogenine (Alstonine),—from <i>Alstonia-bark</i> —[ <i>Alstonia constricta Apocynaceæ</i> ].....	15 gr. 1.75			
Chlorophyll, chem. pure.....	15 gr. .60			
“ technically pure,—for use in the arts; free from Cupric Oxide.....	oz. .50			
Chole-stearin ( <i>Cholesterin</i> ).....	15 gr. .50			
Chole-stearin Fat, see Lanolin.....				
Chondrin ( <i>Cartilage Gelatin</i> ).....	15 gr. .50			
Chrom-aci-chloride ( <i>Chromyl Di-chloride</i> ), see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....				
Chrome Alum, see Alum, chromic.....				
Chromium ( <i>Chrome</i> ), metallic, fused.....	15 gr. 1.00			
“ acetate.....	oz. .50			
“ chloride, sesqui-, see Chromium, sesqui-chloride.....				
“ di-oxy-di-chloride, ( <i>Chrom-aci-chloride</i> , <i>Chromyl Di-chloride</i> ), [ <i>Chloro-chromic Anhydride</i> ].....				
“ fluoride.....	oz. .50			
“ hydroxide, Chromic, see Chromium, oxide, hydrated.....				
“ nitrate.....	oz. .35			
“ oxalate.....	oz. .50			
“ oxide (sesqui-oxide), [ <i>Chromic oxide</i> ], anhydrous, dry.....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ do., chem. pure.....	lb. 1.25			
“ “ hydrated, ( <i>Chromic Hydroxide</i> ), dry.....	lb. .75			
“ oxy-chloride, see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....				
“ phosphate, cryst.....	oz. 1.75			
“ sesqui-chloride.....	oz. 1.50			
“ sulphate.....	oz. .30			
Chromium and Potassium, sulphate, see Alum, chromic.....				
Chromyl Di-chloride, see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....				
Chrys-aniline (so-called “Phosphine”), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow... ..				
Chrys-arobin, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—(so-called “ <i>Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid</i> ”)... ..	oz. .40			
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>True Chrysophanic (Rheic) Acid</i> , see Rhubarb constituents: Rhein.				
Chrysoidine, cryst., see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes.....				
Cicutine ( <i>Conicine</i> ), see Conine.....				
Cimicifugin.—Resinoid from Black Snake-root, ( <i>Black Cohosh</i> ), [ <i>Cimicifuga (Actæa) racemosa</i> ].....	oz. 2.00			
Cinchonidine ( <i>Cinchonidia</i> ) [ <i>Alpha-Quinidine</i> ] ( <i>Cinchovatine</i> ), pure, cryst....	oz. .60			
“ borate.....	oz. .75			
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. .60			
“ salicylate.....	oz. .50			

Cinchonidine—(as above!), —sulphate. Zim-mer's; conforming to U. S. Ph. . . . .	Containers incl. 1 oz. vial			
“ tannate . . . . .	5 oz. tin, oz.			
“ tartrate . . . . .	oz. .50			
Cinchonine (Cinchonia), chem. pure, cryst., —U. S. Ph., —free from Cinchotine. . . . .	oz. 1.50			
“ pure, cryst. . . . .	oz. .35			
“ precipitated . . . . .	oz. .28			
“ benzoate . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
“ ferri-citrate, [25% Cinchonine] . . . . .	oz. .30			
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .	oz. .23			
“ salicylate . . . . .	oz. .40			
“ sulphate, —U. S. Ph., —large cryst. . . . .	oz. .24			
“ tannate . . . . .	oz. .30			
Cinchovatine, see Cinchonidine . . . . .				
N. B.—Other <i>Cinchona derivatives</i> , see Quinidine, Quinine, etc.; also: Acid, quinic, etc.				
Cinis stanni (Jovis), [Tin Ash], see Tin, oxide, grey . . . . .				
Cinnabar, artificial, best, see Mercury, sulphide, red, U. S. Ph. . . . .				
Cinnam-alcohol, see Styrene . . . . .				
Cinnamene (Cinnamol), see Styrol . . . . .				
Cinnyl (Styryl) Cinnamate, see Styraein . . . . .				
Citrullin, see Colocynthisin . . . . .				
Coal-tar Benzol, } (so-called “Coal-tar Benzin”),				
“ Naphtha . . . } —see <i>Lenzene</i> , anthracic . . . . .				
“ Dyes (Colors), see Aniline and Phenol Eyes . . . . .				
Cobalt, metallic, [98–99%], granulated . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ “ pure . . . . .	oz. 2.00			
“ acetate . . . . .	oz. .70			
“ ammonio-sulphate, see Cobalt and Ammonium, sulphate, —(below!) . . . . .				
“ arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	oz. .65			
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide . . . . .				
“ carbonate, pure . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide . . . . .				
“ chloride, pure, cryst. . . . .	oz. .45			
“ chromate . . . . .	oz. .65			
“ cyanide . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
“ nitrate, pure, cryst. . . . .	oz. .30			
“ “ —solution . . . . .	oz. .25			
“ oxalate, pure . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ oxide, chem. pure . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
“ “ for the Porcelain manufacture and other technical uses:—				
blue, F. U. . . . .	oz. 1.25			
black, I <sup>a</sup> , F. F. K. O. . . . .	oz. 1.00			
grey, II <sup>a</sup> , F. K. O. . . . .	oz. .75			
black, III <sup>a</sup> , R. K. O. . . . .	oz. .75			
“ IV <sup>a</sup> , P. O. . . . .	oz. .75			
—arseniate, —A. K. O. . . . .	oz. .70			
—carbonate, —K. O. II. . . . .	oz. .75			
—phosphate, —P. K. O. . . . .	oz. .85			
“ phosphate . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide . . . . .				
“ sulphate, pure, cryst. . . . .	oz. .25			
“ tartrate . . . . .	oz. .75			
Cobalt and Ammonium, sulphate . . . . .	oz. .35			
“ and Potassium, cyanide, see Potassium, cobalti-cyanide . . . . .				
Cobaltum Mineral, so-called, —(so-called “Metallic” Arsenic), —see Arsenic, cryst. . . . .				
Coca-ethylene . . . . .	15 gr. 3.00			
Cocaine Merck:				
pure . . . . .	15 gr. .75			
“ synthetically prepared . . . . .	15 gr. 7.00			
benzoate . . . . .	15 gr. .75			
carbolate, see Cocaine, phenate . . . . .				
borate . . . . .	15 gr. .75			

Cocaine Merck,—*continued* :

citrate .....	15 gr. .75		
hydrobromate .....	15 gr. .75		
hydrochlorate, chem. pure, cryst., perf. white .....	15 gr. .45		
nitrate .....	15 gr. .75		
oleate [ 5% of Alkaloid] .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
“ [10% “ “] .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ [50% “ “] .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
phenate (phenylate, carbolate), [Phenol-Cocaine],—soft extract consistency .....	15 gr. 1.00		
phthalate,—syrupy consistency.—Very easily soluble in Water and in Alcohol .....	15 gr. 1.00		
salicylate .....	15 gr. .75		
sulphate .....	15 gr. .75		
tannate .....	15 gr. .75		
tartrate .....	15 gr. .75		
<p><i>See</i> N. B. — These Cocaines bear in absolute perfection ALL TESTS,—including the one by Ammonia, recently recommended by MACLAGAN, and the Intensified Permanganate test (see MERCK'S BULLETIN, No. 2 of Vol. 1).</p>			
Cocaine Discs,—in tubes of 100 .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.75		
Codeine (Codein), pure, cryst.,—U. S. Ph. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ acetate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 11.50		
“ citrate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00		
“ hydrobromate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ hydrochlorate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate) .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ nitrate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 9.00		
“ phosphate, soluble, Merck,—soluble in 4 parts Water .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ salicylate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.50		
“ sulphate,—soluble in 35–40 parts Water .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ valerianate .....			
Codeine and Morphine, hydrochlorate, see Salt, Gregory's .....			
Coffeine, see Caffeine .....			
Colchicein .....	15 gr. 2.50		
Colchicine Merck, chem. pure, cryst. ....	15 gr. .50		
“ pure, powder .....			
“ tannate .....	15 gr. .45		
Colcothar, pure, see Iron, oxide, red, <i>anhyd.</i>			
Collections (Specimen Cases) of } see <i>Specimen Collections</i> ,—at			
Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc. } End of List.			
“ of Metals .....			
“ of Physiological Preparations } End of List.			
Collodion, simple, [2% Pyroxylin] .....	lb. 1.20		
“ U. S. Ph.,—double, [4% “ “], Ph. G. II .....	lb. 1.25		
“ Ph. Belg. new, “ [4% “ “], flexible .....	lb. 1.30		
“ triple .....	lb. 1.35		
“ cantharidal (vesicatory),—Ph. G. II. ....	lb. 2.50		
“ flexible (elastic) .....	lb. 1.25		
“ iodized .....	lb. 2.50		
“ iodoformized .....	lb. 4.00		
Collodion Cotton,—Ph. G. II,—(Soluble Gun Cotton, Pyroxylin, Colloxylin, Cotton Xyloidin).— <i>Can be shipped only when wet.</i> ..	oz. .40		
Colocynthidin (Citrullin) .....	15 gr. .75		
Colocynthin, chem. pure .....	15 gr. .75		
Columbin .....	15 gr. 1.25		
Conchicine, see Quinidine .....			
Condurangin.—Glucoside from Condurangobark .....			
Conessine, pure, cryst. ....	15 gr. 6.00		
Conglutin ( <i>Vegetable Casein</i> from almonds) .....	oz. 1.50		
Congo Paper,—according to Prof. Riegel.—(Test-paper for Hydrochloric Acid in the stomach.) .....	quire .75		
Congo Red, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Red .....			



Coniferin .....			
Coniine Merck. (Conicine, Cicutine), pure .....	Containers incl.		
“ hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i> .....	oz. 3.50		
“ “ powder .....	1/2 oz. 18.oz. 6.00		
“ hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. .50		
Convallamarin .....	15 gr. .50		
Convallarin .....	15 gr. .75		
Convolvulin (White Resin of True Jalap).— The pure Glucoside from the True Jalap- root—from <i>Ipomœa purga</i> .....	15 gr. .75		
N.B.—See, also: Resins: Jalap,—brown, fr. the true Root;—and, do., etc., Ph. G. II.	15 gr. .60		
Copaiva, see Balsams: Copaiva .....			
Copper (Cuprum), double and triple salts of, see “Copper and —” (below!) .....			
“ metallic, granulated .....	lb. .75		
“ “ in scales .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ filings .....	oz. .25		
“ “ shavings .....	lb. .75		
“ “ reduced, powder .....	oz. .25		
“ acetate, basic, (sub-acetate), refined, powder; [Purified Verdigris— <i>Erugo purificata</i> ], ( <i>Viride æris purific.</i> ) .....	lb. .75		
“ “ normal (neutral), pure, <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—[Crystallized Verdigris— <i>Erugo destillata</i> ( <i>crystal- lisata</i> )], ( <i>Flores virides æris</i> ) ...	lb. 1.00		
“ albuminate .....	oz. .50		
“ aluminated, (so-called “Divine Stone,” or “Ophthalmic Stone”; also called “Copper-alum”), in plates .....	lb. .60		
“ “ in pencils .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ powder .....	lb. .60		
“ ammoniated, so-called, see Copper and Ammonium, sulphate .....			
“ arseniate (arsenate) .....	oz. .30		
“ arsenite .....	oz. .30		
“ benzoate .....	oz. .50		
“ bi-chloride, pure .....	lb. .80		
“ “ <i>cryst.</i> , commercial .....	lb. .50		
“ borate .....	oz. .30		
“ bromide .....	oz. .60		
“ butyrate .....	oz. .80		
“ carbonate, green (di-cupric) } Artificial Mal- “ “ chem. pure } achite ( <i>Mount- tain-green</i> )....	lb. .75		
“ “ blue (sesqui-cupric), [ <i>Artificial Blue Malachite</i> , ( <i>Mountain-blue</i> ); <i>Ver- diter</i> ],— <i>Al English</i> .....	lb. 1.00		
“ chlorate .....	oz. .85		
“ chloride (mono-chloride), white .....	lb. 2.50		
“ “ bi-, see Copper, bi-chloride .....			
“ chromate .....	oz. .25		
“ “ liquid .....	lb. .85		
“ citrate .....	oz. .40		
“ cyanide .....	oz. .35		
“ ferro-cyanide, see Cop. and Iron, cyanide			
“ formate, <i>cryst.</i> .....	oz. .70		
“ iodide .....	oz. .75		
“ lactate .....	oz. .50		
“ nitrate, <i>cryst.</i> , commercial .....	lb. .60		
“ “ “ pure .....	lb. .70		
“ “ “ chem. pure .....	lb. .75		
“ nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro- ferri-cyanide) .....	oz. 1.50		
“ oleate .....	oz. .25		
“ oxalate .....	lb. 1.85		
“ oxide, black (Cupric), [ <i>mon-oxide</i> ], pure, powder .....	lb. .90		
“ “ “ pure, coarse granul. } for an-	lb. 1.75		
“ “ “ wire .....	lb. 2.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Copper, oxide, black, <i>-(as above!)</i> ,—technical	lb.	.40		
“ “ “ hydrated, pure	oz.	.50		
“ oxide, red (Cuprous), [sub-oxide], pure	lb.	1.50		
“ “ “ commercial	lb.	.60		
“ phosphate	oz.	.25		
“ phosphide (phosphuret), powder	oz.	.50		
“ rhodanide, see Copper, sulpho-cyanate.				
“ salicylate, powder	oz.	1.00		
“ “ in sticks	oz.	1.50		
“ sub-acetate, (Purified Verdigris), see Cop- per, acetate, basic				
“ sulphate, basic (tetra-cupric)	lb.	1.75		
“ “ “ neutral, (Copper Vitriol; Blue Vit- riol, ch. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.40		
“ “ “ molded (fused), in sticks	lb.	1.00		
“ “ “ caustic pencils, turned	doz.	1.00		
“ “ “ “ “ mounted in wood	doz.	3.50		
“ “ “ “ “ cryst., commercial	lb.	.30		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), fused	lb.	1.10		
“ “ granulated	lb.	1.10		
“ “ powder	lb.	1.10		
“ “ —by wet process	lb.	2.00		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate), chem. pure	oz.	.35		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz.	.30		
“ tannate	oz.	.25		
“ tartrate	oz.	.30		
“ thio-cyanate, see Cop., sulpho-cyanate.				
Copper and Ammonium, acetate	oz.	.35		
“ and do., chloride	oz.	.25	Ammonio-	
“ “ “ chromate	oz.	.40	cupric	
“ “ “ cyanide	oz.	1.00	salts.	
“ “ “ nitrate	oz.	.30		
“ “ “ sulphate, (Ammonio-sulphate of Copper; so-called “Am- moniated Copper”)	lb.	.80		
“ and Calcium, acetate, cryst.	oz.	1.00		
“ and Iron, cyanide, ( <i>Cupric Ferro-cyanide</i> )	lb.	2.50		
“ and Platinum, double and triple salts, see under Platinum double Cyanides; and, do. <i>triple</i> Cyanides				
“ and Potassium, chlorate	lb.	2.50		
“ “ “ chloride	lb.	.75		
“ “ “ cyanide	lb.	2.50		
“ and Sodium, chloride	lb.	1.25		
Copper, Platinum, and Ammonium, cya- nide-cyanuret, see und. Platin. triple Cyanid.				
Copper Alum, (“Divine Stone”), so-called, see Copper, aluminated.				
“ Vitriol, ( <i>Blue Vitriol</i> ), see Copper, sul- phate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and others.				
Corallin, see under Aniline and Ph. Dyes: Red				
Corrosive Sublimate, see Mercury, bi-chlo- ride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
Corydaline, cryst.	15 gr.	2.00		
Cosin Merck, and Coussein Merck, see Kosin, and Koussein				
Cosmolin, see Vaseline				
Cotoin, true	15 gr.	3.00		
“ para, commercial	15 gr.	.35		
“ “ chem. pure, free from Leucotin	15 gr.	1.00		
“ Hydro-	15 gr.	.30		
Coumarin, see Cumarin				
Cream (and Crystals) of Tartar, see Potas- sium, bi-tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and others				
“ (and Scales) of do.: “soluble” ( <i>so-</i> <i>cilled</i> ; —AND: <i>perfectly soluble</i> ), — [Borax- Tartar]; —see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate, —and: do. do. do., do., — <i>in scales</i>				





	Containers incl.		
Daggett (Degutt), see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic.			
Dahlin (Alant-starch), see Inulin			
Daphnetin	15 gr.	5.00	
Daturine, pure, cryst., (True or heavy Daturine, identical with Atropine); —from Datura Stramonium	15 gr.	2.50	
“ hydrochlorate, pure	15 gr.	2.50	
“ sulphate, pure	15 gr.	2.50	
Degutt (Daggett), see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic			
Delphinine	15 gr.	1.00	
Dextrin, chem. pure, precipit. by Alcohol	lb.	1.00	
“ pure,—Ph. G. I.	lb.	.75	
“ purest granulated, for use in the arts.	lb.	.50	
“ white or yellowish, “ “ “	lb.	.20	
Dextrose ( <i>Dextro-glucose</i> ), see Grape-sugar, chem. pure			
Di-amido-benzene (-benzol), meta-, hydrochlorate,—(Hydrochlorate of meta-Phenylene-di-amine)	oz.	3.50	
Di-amido-toluene (-toluol), see Toluene-di-amine			
Diamond Ink, so-called,—for Glass-etching	oz.	.50	
Diasase of Malt, (Maltin)	oz.	1.50	
Di-benzoyl, see Benzile			
Di-chlor-ethane, Alpha-, see Ethylidene, chloride (bi-chloride)			
“ Beta-, see Ethylene, chloride (bi-chl.)			
Di-chlor-hydrin	oz.	1.00	
Di-chlor-methane, see Methylene Chloride (Bi-chloride) Merck, chem. pure			
Di-chlor-naphthalene, Alpha-, see Naphthalene, Alpha-di-chlorated			
Didym (Didymium), metallic, powder	15 gr.	9.00	
“ carbonate	15 gr.	1.00	
“ chloride	15 gr.	1.00	
“ nitrate	15 gr.	.75	
“ oxide	15 gr.	1.00	
“ sulphate	15 gr.	.75	
Di-ethyl-acetal, see Acetal			
Digitalis preparations:			
Digitalein (Schmiedeberg's)	15 gr.	1.25	
Digitalin Germanic Merck, pure, powder	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz vls. oz.	3.75	
“ pure, amorph.,—Ph. Gallic. and Ph. Belg.	15 gr.	1.50	
“ crystallized,—so-called,—see <i>Digitin</i>			
“ purified,—Ph. Austr. VI.	15 gr.	.75	
<i>Digitin</i> (so-called “Crystallized Digitalin”)	15 gr.	1.25	
Digitoxin, chem. pure	1½ gr. vial	2.00	
Di-methyl-acetal, pure	oz.	1.50	
Di-methyl-aniline, pure	oz.	.50	
Di-methyl-aniline Orange, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Orange			
Di-methyl-benzene (-benzol), see Xylene			
Di-methyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, propylic, Iso-			
Di-methyl-ketone, see Acetone			
Di-methyl-oxy-quinizinc (-chinizine), see Antipyrine			
Di-methyl-pyridine, see Lutidine			
Di-nitro-benzene (-benzol, -benzide), [ <i>Bi</i> -nitro-b., etc.], meta-, commercial	lb.	2.00	
“ do., pure			
Di-nitro-naphthalene ( <i>Bi</i> -nitro-naphthal.)	oz.	1.50	
Di-nitro-toluene (-toluol), [ <i>Bi</i> -nitro-tol.]	lb.	3.00	
Di-oxy-benzene (-benzol), ortho-, see Pyrocatechin			
“ meta-, see Resorcin			
“ para-, see Hydro-quinone			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!



"Eau des Carmes," see Spirit, Balm,—compound	Containers incl.		
Ebur ustum, see Charcoal, animal, purified, U. S. Ph.; and, pure			
Ecgonine	15 gr.	5.00	
Egg preparations.—all soluble:			
Albumen, dried, in scales.—(Its solution in Water replaces fresh Egg Albumen for all dietetic or technical uses.)			
Albumin			} see Albumin
“ I, inodorous			
“ in scales,—free from Fibrinous matter;—for laboratories			
“ impalpable powder;—for gilders, stampers, etc.			
—(See, at same place, also other kinds of Albumin,—from blood, etc.)			
Yelk (Yolk), [Vitellus ovi], dried,—sifted;—for bird-food			
“ dried,—light, flocculent powder;—for human food			
“ do.,—in spongy flakes;—for human food, and for rearing exotic birds			
Elaidin	15 gr.	.75	
Elastin, dry	15 gr.	.50	
Elaterin Merck, <i>cryst.</i> —(Elastic Anhydride)	15 gr.	1.50	
Elaterium—( <i>sediment</i> of the fruit-juice of <i>Ecballium elaterium</i> —Squirting Cucumber)—[ <i>Elaterium Clutterbuck</i> ]	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz.	2.75	
“ black, true, ( <i>Elaterium nigrum verum</i> ),—[ <i>inspissated</i> fruit-juice of above-named plant];—see Extracts: Squirting Cucumber; aqueous			
Elayl, etc., see Ethylene, etc.			
Elecampane-camphor, solid, see Helenin			
“ liquid, see Alantol			
Emetine (Emetia).— <i>Alcoholic Extract</i> of <i>Ipecacuanha</i> -root	oz.	3.00	
“ chem. pure, light-colored.— <i>The Alkaloid</i> of <i>Ipecacuanha</i> -root	15 gr.	1.50	
Emplastrum, see Plaster			
Emulsin	15 gr.	.35	
Eosin, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Red			
Ephedrine, hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i> —(A mydriatic.)	15 gr.	3.00	
Epsom Salt, see Magnesium, sulphate, ( <i>etc.</i> )			
Erbium, metallic	15 gr.	7.50	
oxide	15 gr.	1.50	
Ergotin (Ergotinum), so called by Ph. G. II; see Extracts: Ergot of Rye,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i>			
“ Bonjean	oz.	.36	
“ purified,—for injections	oz.	.50	
“ dry, with Sugar of milk	oz.	.50	
“ Wernich, dialyzed, pure, liquid	oz.	1.50	
“ “ “ “ <i>inspissated</i>	oz.	1.75	
“ “ “ “ <i>dry</i>	oz.	2.50	
“ Wiggers, pure, dry	oz.	6.00	
“ d'Yvon	oz.	.75	
“ Bombelon, liquid	oz.	2.25	
“ “ <i>inspissated</i>	oz.	2.25	
“ “ <i>dry</i>	oz.	2.50	
“ Denzel	oz.	1.75	
“ Kohlmann, liquid	oz.	.50	
Erythrit (Erythrol, Erythro-mannit, Erythro-glucin)	15 gr.	.50	
Erythrophleine, hydrochlorate,—from Sassybark, ( <i>Mancona</i> -bark).—[ <i>Ophthalmological local anesthetic.</i> ]	15 gr.	4.00	

	Containers incl.			
Erythro-retin, see under Rhubarb constit.				
Esculin .....	15 gr.	.50		
Eserine, see Physostigmine .....				
Eserine Discs;—Gelatine;—Paper;—see Physostigmine Discs; etc.; etc.....				
Essence of Mirbane, —so-called,—see Ni- tro-benzene.....				
“ of Niobe, —so-called,—see Methyl, benzoate .....				
“ —so-called—of Whey, see Rennet Wine .....				
Essences, —real!—see Essential Spirits....				
Essential Oils — (are inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i> )—see, after: “Oils, divers.”				
Essential Spirits, (Essences):				
Arrack .....				
Cognac, brown .....				
Curacao (Curaçon).....				
French Brandy, white .....				
Grape-marc .....				
Muscato-Lunel.....				
Prunes, —(Slibowitz) .....				
Rum Aroma .....				
Rum, finest Jamaica .....				
“ “ Kingston .....				
“ —concentrated;—(so-called “Rum-oil”) “ white .....				
Slibowitz, see Essential Spirit, Prunes...]				
Whiskey (Grain-spirit), —[“Korn-Essenz”]				
Wild sour Cherry, (“Weichsel”).....				
N.B.—See also <i>Fruit and Flavoring Ethers</i> : Rum; and, Rye.				
Ester, aceto-acetic, see Ethyl, aceto- acetate .....				
N.B.— <i>Other Esters</i> (Acid-and-Hydrocar- bon-Hydroxyl compound Ethers)— [Salts of Alcohols; Organo-base Salts], —see under Ether.				
Ethal (Cetylic Alcohol), chem. pure.....	oz.	1.50		
Ethene, etc., see Ethylene, etc.....				
Ether, acetic, (Acetate of Ethyl), [Vinegar Naphtha], —sp. gr. 0.902,—Ph. G. II .....	lb.	2.50		
“ “ twice rectified, —sp. gr. 0.890,— U. S. Ph. ....	lb.	2.25		
“ “ rectified,—sp.gr. 0.870–0.880.....	lb.	2.00		
“ aceto-acetic, (Aceto-acetic Ester), see Ethyl, aceto-acetate .....				
“ amylic .....	oz.	2.00		
“ amylo-acetic, etc., see Amyl, acetate, etc.				
“ “ -nitrous, etc., see Amyl, nitrite, U. S. Ph.; and others .....				
“ anesthetic, Wiggers's, see Ether, hydro- chloric, poly-chlorated .....				
“ benzoic, (Benzoate of Ethyl), pure, from true Benzoic Acid .....	lb.	6.50		
“ “ from artificial Benzoic Acid.....	lb.	3.50		
“ butyric, (Butyrate of Ethyl).....	lb.	3.75		
“ “ absolute .....	lb.	6.00		
“ “ concentrated, best .....	lb.	4.00		
“ cantharidated,—Ph. G. II. ....	lb.	4.00		
“ carbolic ( <i>ethylo-carbolic</i> ), Carbolate of Ethyl, see Phenetol .....				
“ cinnamyl-cinnamic, see Styraclin....				
“ —so-called,—cocoinic (cocinic), [so-called “Cocoa-ether” or “Cognac Ether”].	oz.	.75		
“ ethylic, see Ether, sulphuric, so-called, U. S. Ph.s; etc.....				
“ ethylo-phenic ( <i>-carbolic</i> ), see Phenetol ..				



	Containers incl.			
Ether, formic, (Formate of Ethyl) . . . . .	lb. 1.95			
“ “ concentrated . . . . .	lb. 2.00			
“ “ absolute . . . . .	lb. 3.50			
glycerino-salicylic, (Glycerin Salicylate)	oz. 2.00			
“ hydrobromic, Merck, chem. pure. (Bromide of Ethyl; Mono-brom-ethane). — [An anesthetic, safer and milder than Chloroform, and especially adapted for <i>small</i> operations.] . . . . .	oz. .40			
“ hydrochloric, poly-chlorated, (Poly-chlorated Chloride of Ethyl; Wiggers's Anesthetic Ether), — sp. gr. 1.50 . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
“ “ mono-chlorated, see Ethylidene, chloride (bi-chloride) . . . . .				
“ hydrocyanic, (Cyanide of Ethyl) . . . . .				
“ hydro-iodic (hydriodic), [Iodide of Ethyl; Mono-iod-ethane] . . . . .	oz. .80			
“ methylo-acetic, see Methyl, acetate . . . . .				
“ methylo-phenic, see Anisol . . . . .				
N. B.— <i>Other compound Methyl-ethers</i> , see under Methyl.				
“ muriatic, etc., see Ether, hydrochloric, etc.				
“ naphthyl-salicylic, Beta-, see Betol . . . . .				
“ nitrous, true, (Nitrite of Ethyl), — [15%] . . . . .	lb. 2.50			
“ oenanthic (œnanthic), finest } <i>limpid</i> . . . . . } Grape- “ “ rectified, finest <i>colorless</i> . } so-called “ “ natural green . . . . . } Cognac “ “ artificial . . . . . } Oil				
“ oxalic, (Oxalate of Ethyl), pure . . . . .	oz. .75			
“ pelargonic, (Pelargonate of Ethyl) . . . . .	oz. .60			
— <i>so-called</i> , —petroleic; ( <i>Petroleum Ether</i> ); — <i>Benzinum</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; —see Benzin, petroleic, boil.-pt. 50–60° C. . . . .				
“ phenol-ethylic ( <i>ethylo-phenic</i> ), [Phenate of Ethyl], see Phenetol . . . . .				
“ phenyl-salicylic, see Salol . . . . .				
— <i>so-called</i> , —pyro-acetic; see Acetone . . . . .				
— <i>so-called</i> , —saccharic; ( <i>not Saccharate of Ethyl</i> ; but the so-called “ <i>Sugar-Ether</i> ”!) . . . . .				
“ salicylic, (Salicylate of Ethyl) . . . . .	oz. .75			
“ sebacylic, (Sebacylate of Ethyl) . . . . .	oz. 1.25			
“ succinic, (Succinate of Ethyl, [Di-ethyl Succinate]) . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
“ sulphuric (vitriolic), so-called, — [Ethylic ether; Oxide of Ethyl], (so-called “ <i>Vitriolic Naphtha</i> ”), — sp. gr. 0.730–733 . . . . .	lb. 1.00			
“ “ sp. gr. 0.725–0.728, conforming to Ph. G. II . . . . .	lb. 1.05			
“ “ “ 0.722, — <i>Æther fortior</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. 1.10			
“ “ “ 0.750, [74% Ethyl Oxide, 26% Ethylic Alcohol], — <i>Æther</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .				
“ tri-chlor-acetic, (Tri-chlor-acetate of Ethyl) . . . . .	oz. 1.50			
“ valerianic ( <i>iso-valerianic</i> ), [ <i>Iso-valerianate of Ethyl</i> ] . . . . .	oz. .65			
“ vitriolic, so-called, (Ethylic ether), —see Ether, sulphuric, so-c., <i>U. S. Ph.s</i> ; etc.				
“ Wiggers's anesthetic, see Ether, hydrochloric, poly-chlorated . . . . .				
Ethers, Fruit and Flavoring, see Fruit and Flavoring Ethers, etc. . . . .				
Ethidene, see Ethylidene . . . . .				
Ethiops, antimonial, see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide . . . . .				

	Containers incl.		
Ethiops, Iron-, see Iron, oxide, black . . . . .			
“ mercurial, ( <i>Ethiops Mineral</i> ), see Mercury, sulphide, black, — <i>so-called</i> . . . . .			
Eth-oxy-Caffeine, see Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine . . . . .			
Ethyl,—acetate; etc., etc.,—see Ether,—acetic; etc., etc. . . . .			
“ aceto-acetate, (Ethylic Ether of Aceto-acetic Acid; Aceto-acetic Ester), [Ethyldi-acetic Acid] . . . . .			
“ bromide, see Ether, hydrobromic . . . . .			
“ carbolate, see Phenetol . . . . .			
“ chloride, etc., see Ether, hydrochloric, etc. . . . .			
“ cyanide, see Ether, hydrocyanic . . . . .			
“ hydrosulphide (sulphydrate), see Mercaptan . . . . .			
“ iodide, see Ether, hydro-iodic . . . . .			
“ oxide, see Ether, sulphuric, <i>so-called</i> . . . . .			
“ phenate (phenylate), see Phenetol . . . . .			
N. B.— <i>Other combinations</i> of Ethyl, (Ethylic Acid - Esters, Halogen-Ethyls, etc.), see under Ether.			
Ethyl, Sodio- ( <i>Natrio-</i> ), see Sodium, ethylate			
Ethyl-amine (Amido-ethane), pure,—33½% solution . . . . .		oz. 2.50	
“ chloride . . . . .		oz. 3.50	
“ iodide . . . . .		oz. 4.50	
Ethyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, propylic . . . . .			
Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine (Eth-oxy-Caffeine) . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
Ethyl-phenol, see Phenetol . . . . .			
Ethylene (Ethene, Elayl), bromide . . . . .	oz.	.75	
“ chloride (bi-chloride), [Dutch Liquid], (Beta-Di-chlor-ethane) . . . . .	oz.	.65	
“ iodide, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	oz.	2.50	
Ethylene-glycol (Ethylene Alcohol) . . . . .	oz.	5.00	
Ethylidene (Ethidene), chloride [bi-chloride]; (Mono-chlorated Hydrochloric Ether, Mono-chlorated Ethyl Chloride), [Alpha-Di-chlor-ethane] . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
Eucalyptol (Rectified and purified Oil of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> ) . . . . .	oz.	.40	
Eucalyptol, <i>chem. pure</i> ,— <i>acc. to Wallach</i> ;—perfectly limpid, crystallizable,— <i>b. p.</i> 175–177°C [347–350.5 F],— <i>sp. gr.</i> 0.925;—obtained <i>from common Eucalyptol</i> by chemical re-purification . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
Eugenol (Eugenic Acid; formerly called also: “Caryophyllic Acid”),—the principal constituent of Oil of Cloves;— <i>boil.-pt.</i> 247° C [476.6 F] . . . . .	oz.	.50	
Euonymin } Ameri- { brown . . . } Resinoids.	oz.	1.50	
(Euonymin), { can, } green . . . }	oz.	.90	
Euonymin ( <i>Euonymin</i> ) Merck, <i>pure</i> ;—a highly pure Resinoid of peculiarly excellent and reliable efficacy. . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
N. B.— <i>All these</i> —Resinoid!— <i>Euonymins</i> (or <i>Evonymins</i> ) should not be confounded with the crystallized <i>Glucoside</i> “ <i>Evonymin</i> ,” discovered by H. Meyer, which has the same toxic effect as the <i>Digitalis Alkaloids</i> .			
Eupione ( <i>Crude Pentane</i> [Amyl Hydride]) . . . . .	15 gr.	.35	
Evonymit, see Melampyrit . . . . .			
Excretin . . . . .			
Extract,— <i>so-called</i> ,—Goulard's; (Vinegar of Lead);—see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
Extracts—(See, also: <i>Fluid Extracts</i> ,—after “ <i>Extracts</i> ”!):—			
Absinthium, see Extract, Wormwood . . . . .			
Achillea ( <i>Millefolium</i> ), see Extract, Yarrow . . . . .			

Extracts,—continued:	Containers incl.			
—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—				
Aconite: dried leaves . . . . . aqueous, soft	lb.	2.00	—	—
“ fresh “ . . . . . from juice, “	lb.	2.00	—	—
“ “ . . . . . alcoholic, “	lb.	3.00	—	—
“ dried “ —green; “ “	lb.	3.00	—	—
“ recently dried leaves; “ “	—	—	—	—
Aconite: root,—Ph. G. II & Au. . . . . alco., soft	lb.	3.00	—	—
“ do.,—with powdered Licorice-root,— Ph. G. II,—[containing 50% of the soft extract] . . . . . alcoholic, dry	lb.	3.50	—	—
Actæa (A. racemosa), see Extract, Black Cohosh . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Alant-root, see Extract, Elecampane . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Alder Buckthorn, (European Buckthorn), see Extract, Frangula . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Alkanet (Alkanna), soft, see Alkannin . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Aloes, Barbadoes,—Ph. Brit. . . . . aqu., dry	lb.	1.00	—	—
Aloes, Cape,—Ph. G. II. . . . . aqu., dry	lb.	1.00	—	—
“ “ —Ph. G. I: acido sulfurico cor- rectum sicc.;—acidulous, dry	oz.	.25	—	—
Anemone, Meadow, European, see Pulsatilla	—	—	—	—
Angelica, European: root . . . . . alco., soft	lb.	2.00	—	—
“ “ “ . . . . . aqu., “	lb.	1.75	—	—
Anthemis, see Extract, Chamomile, Roman	—	—	—	—
Apple, ferrated, (Crude Malate of Iron),— Extractum ferri pomatum, Ph. G. II,— [Extractum pomorum ferratum; also called “Extractum malatis ferri”]. . . . .	lb.	.65	—	—
Arctostaphylos, see Extract, Bearberry- leaves . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Arnica: flowers . . . . . aqu., soft	lb.	1.50	—	—
“ “ . . . . . alco., “	lb.	3.50	—	—
Arnica: root . . . . . alco., soft	lb.	5.00	—	—
Artemisia absinthium, see Extract, Worm- wood . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Artemisia maritima, see Extract, Levant Wormseed . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Artemisia vulgaris, see Extract, Mugwort . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Aspidium, see Extract, Male Fern . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Ava, see Extract, Kava-kava . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bael, Indian, (Bengal Quince): fruit; alco., soft	lb.	3.00	—	—
“ “ “ aqu., “	lb.	2.50	—	—
Bardane, see Extract, Burdock . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bean of St. Ignatius, see Extract, Ignatia . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bearberry (not <i>Barberry!</i> ) [Uva ursi]: leaves; [aqu., soft	lb.	1.50	—	—
“ do. . . . . alco., “	lb.	1.75	—	—
Belladonna: dry herb . . . . . aqu., soft	lb.	1.40	—	—
“ fresh herb . . . . . from juice, “	lb.	1.50	—	—
“ “ —with Dextrin, [50% of soft] . . . . . from juice, dry	lb.	2.50	—	—
“ “ “ —without admixt., fr. “ “	lb.	3.00	—	—
“ “ “ —Ph. G. II & Neerl; alc., soft	lb.	2.50	—	—
“ “ “ —w. Licorice-root,—Ph. G. II, —[50% of soft],—alco., dry	lb.	3.50	—	—
“ dry herb,—green . . . . . “ soft	lb.	3.00	—	—
Belladonna: root . . . . . alco., soft	lb.	2.50	—	—
Bengal Quince, see Extract, Bael, Indian . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bitter Apple, see Extract, Colocynth . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bitter Ash, see Extract, Quassia-wood . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bitter Milkwort, (European Bitter Polygala), see Extract, Polygala amara . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Bitter Orange: peel ( <i>flavedo</i> —that is: only the outer rind, freed from the parenchy- mous inner layer),—Ph. G. I; alco., soft	lb.	2.00	—	—
do. do.: do. . . . . aqu., “	lb.	1.75	—	—
Bittersweet (Dulcamara): young branches; [aqu., soft	lb.	2.00	—	—
Bitter Wood, see Extract, Quassia-wood . . . . .	—	—	—	—

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Extracts,—continued:	Containers incl.			
—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61–63!]				
Black Cohosh, (Black Snakeroot; Cimicifuga; Actæa): rhizome and rootlets . . . . .	lb. 5.00			
Black Haw, (Viburnum prunifolium): bark; [alco., soft	lb. 6.50			
Black Tang . . . } (Sea-wrack, Kelp-wrack, Cut Weed).				
Bladder-wrack } [Fucus vesiculosus; Quercus marina]	lb. 3.75			
" —acc. to Danneey . . . . . hydro-alco.	lb. 7.00			
Blessed Thistle, (Carduus benedictus): herb,				
—Ph. G. II. . . . . aqu., soft	lb. .80			
" " do. . . . . " dry	lb. 1.25			
Bloodroot (rhizome of Sanguinaria canadensis) . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 2.75			
Bogbean (Menyanthes trifoliata), see Extr.,				
Buckbean . . . . .				
Brayera (Koussou, Cusso, Kooso): flowers;				
[alco., dry	oz. .90			
" do. . . . . ethereal,— (Oleo-resin of Koussou)	oz. 1.00			
Bryony (Red Bryony): root . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1.50			
" do. . . . . alco., "	lb. 3.00			
Buchu (Bucco): leaves . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 3.00			
" do. . . . . alco., "	lb. 4.50			
Buckbean (Bogbean, Marsh Trefoil, Water Shamrock) [Menyanthes trifoliata; Trifolium fibrinum]: leaves,—Ph. G. II. . . . . aqu., [soft	lb. 1.00			
Buckthorn, Alder-(European), see Extract, Frangula . . . . .				
Burdock (Lappa; Bardane): root; cold proc.,				
[aqu., soft	lb. 1.50			
" do. . . . . " dry	lb. 1.75			
Cahinca (Chiococca racemosa): root. . . . . alco.,				
[dry	oz. 1.25			
" do. . . . . alco., soft	oz. .75			
Calabar Bean, see Extract, Physostigma . .				
Calamus (Sweet Flag): root [rhizome],—Ph. G. II. . . . . alco., soft	lb. 3.00			
Calendula (Garden Marigold): herb; aqu., soft	lb. 2.25			
" do. . . . . alco., "	lb. 4.00			
Calisaya Bark, see Extract, Cinchona-bark, yellow . . . . .				
Calumba (Columbo, Colombo): root; aqu., dry	oz. .30			
" do. . . . . " soft	oz. .25			
" " . . . . . cold process, " "	oz. .40			
" " . . . . . alco., "	oz. .50			
" " . . . . . " dry	oz. .50			
Campeachy Wood, (Hæmatoxyton), see Extract, Logwood . . . . .				
Cannabis indica, see Extract, Indian Hemp				
Cantharides (Spanish Flies) . . . . . ethereal,—				
[Oleo-resin of Cantharides]	oz. 5.00			
Capsicum annuum, (Red [Pod] Pepper), [Cayenne Pepper]: fruit . . . . . aqu., soft	oz. .30			
Capsicum fastigiatum, (African [Bird] Pepper), [Guinea Pepper]: dried fruit . . . . . ethereal, U. S. Ph.,—see Oleo-resins: Capsicum . . . . .				
Carduus benedictus, (Centaurea benedicta; Cnicus benedictus), see Extract, Blessed Thistle . . . . .				
" Mariæ (marianus), [Silybum marianum], see Extract, Mary-Thistle . .				
Cascara sagrada, (Chittem-bark), [Cortex Rhamni purshiana] . . . . . hydro-alco., dry	oz. 1.00			
Cascarilla (Sweetwood): bark,—Ph. G. II,				
[aqu., soft	lb. 2.50			
" do. . . . . " dry	oz. .40			
" " . . . . . alco., "	oz. .50			
" " . . . . . " soft	oz. .40			

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

Extracts,—continued:

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63!]

Castanea vesca, see Extract, Chestnut, European: leaves.....  
 Catechu (Cutch),—from the crude extract; [aqu., dry  
 Celandine (Tetterwort): dry herb. . . . . aqu., soft  
 “ fresh flowering herb . . . . . fr. juice, soft  
 “ fresh herb,—Ph. G. I. & Au.,—alco., “  
 “ dry “—green. . . . . “ “  
 Centaury, European (lesser),—[not a Centaurea;—but: Erythraea (Gentiana; Chironia) centaurium!];—flowering herb,—Ph. G. I. . . . . aqu., soft  
 Chamomile, German, (Matricaria) flowers; [aqu., soft  
 “ “ do.,—Ph. G. I.,—alco., soft  
 Chamomile, Roman (English), [Anthemis]: flowers . . . . . aqu., soft  
 Chelidonium majus, see Extract, Celandine  
 Chestnut, European (true; sweet): leaves; [liquid  
 Chicory, Wild, (Succory): root. . . . . aqu., soft  
 “ “ do. . . . . alco., “  
 Chinæ cortex, see Extract, Cinchona-bark  
 Chiococca racemosa, see Extract, Cahinea  
 Chiretta (Chirata): flowering herb, with root; [aqu., soft  
 Chironia centaurium, see Extr., Centaury, European . . . . .  
 Chittam-bark, see Extract, Cascara sagrada  
 Christmas-rose, see Extr., Hellebore, Black  
 Cichorium, see Extract, Chicory . . . . .  
 Cimicifuga, see Extract, Black Cohosh . . . . .  
 Cina (Flores Cinæ; “Semen Cinæ”), see Extract, Levant Wormseed. . . . .  
 Cinchona-bark, Gray . . . . . aqu., dry  
 “ do. . . . . cold process, “ soft  
 “ “ . . . . . “ “ dry  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., soft  
 “ “ . . . . . “ dry  
 “ Pale . . . . . aqu., “  
 “ “ . . . . . “ soft  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., dry  
 “ “ . . . . . “ soft  
 “ Red . . . . . aqu., dry  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., “  
 “ “ . . . . . “ soft  
 “ Succirubra,—Ph. G. II. . . . . aqu., “  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., dry  
 “ Yellow, (True Calisaya-bark—Cortex Chinæ [Cinchonæ] regiæ); [aqu., dry  
 “ “ . . . . . cold process, “ soft  
 “ “ . . . . . “ “ dry  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., “  
 Coca (Erythroxylon) leaves . . . . . alco., soft  
 “ do. . . . . “ dry  
 Cochlearia (Spoonwort), see Extract, Scurvy-grass . . . . .  
 Coffee: unroasted seed . . . . . aqu., soft  
 “ “ . . . . . alco., “  
 Colchicum (Meadow-saffron) root (bulb, tuber, corn) . . . . . alco., soft  
 “ seed . . . . . “ dry  
 “ root . . . . . acetic, soft  
 “ seed . . . . . “ “  
 Colocynth (Bitter Apple): decorticated fruit, —Ph. G. II. . . . . alco., dry  
 “ do. . . . . aqu., “

Containers incl.

lb. 1.50  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 2.75  
 lb. 3.00  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 1.60  
 lb. 4.00  
 lb. 3.50  
 lb. 2.00  
 lb. 1.40  
 lb. 1.50  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .30  
 oz. .30  
 oz. .40  
 oz. .40  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .40  
 oz. .35  
 oz. .60  
 oz. .55  
 oz. 1.25  
 oz. 1.15  
 oz. 1.00  
 oz. .35  
 oz. .40  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .75  
 oz. .75  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .60  
 oz. .75  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .40  
 oz. .75  
 oz. .35  
 oz. .65  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .50

When ordering, specify: “MERCK’S”!



Extracts,—continued:

Containers incl.

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—

Fennel, Water-, see Extr., Phellandrium...  
 Fern, male } (Aspidium), see Extract, Male  
 Filix mas } Fern .....  
 Foxglove (Purple Foxglove), see Extract,  
 Digitalis .....  
 Frangula (Alder Buckthorn, European Buck-  
 thorn): bark ..... aqu., dry  
 Fucus vesiculosus, see Extr., Bladder-wrack  
 Fumaria } : herb ..... aqu., soft  
 Fumitory } .....  
 Garcinia, see Extract, Mangosteen .....  
 Gelsemium (Yellow [Wild] Jessamine): root;  
 [alco., soft  
 " do. .... " dry  
 Gentian (*Gentiana lutea [rubra; major] ?*):  
 root,—Ph. Brit. . . . . aqu., soft  
 " " —Ph. G. II. . . . . cold process,  
 [aqu., soft  
 " " . . . . . cold process, " dry  
 " " . . . . . alco., soft  
 Gentiana (*Erythræa; Chironia centaurium*,  
 see Extract, Centaury, *European* .....  
 Glandule rottleræ, see Extract, Kamala ...  
 Glycyrrhiza, see Extract, Licorice-root .....  
 Glycyrrhiza, purified, see Extract, Licorice...  
 Golden Seal, (*Hydrastis*): root, [Yellow Root,  
 Orange Root, Indian Turmeric] . . . hydro-  
 alcoholic, dry  
 Gramen;—(Extractum Graminis, Ph. G. II),  
 —see Extract, Couch-grass .....  
 Granatum, see Extract, Pomegranate .....  
 Granatum, Java, see Extr., Pomegranate,—Java  
 Gratiola (Hedge-hyssop): dry herb; aqu., soft  
 " fresh herb ..... alco., "  
 " " " —green,—Ph. Neer.; " "  
 Grindelia: flowering herb ..... aqu., soft  
 Guaiacum-wood (*Lignum guajacæ; Lignum*  
*[not Arbor!] vitæ; Lignum sanctum*);  
 [aqu., soft  
 " ..... " dry  
 " ..... alco., soft  
 " ..... " dry  
 Guarana-paste ..... alco., dry  
 Hæmatoxylon, see Extract, Logwood .....  
 Hamamelis, see Extract, Witch-hazel .....  
 Hedge-hyssop, see Extract, Gratiola .....  
 Helenium-root (*Inula*-root), [*not Sneezewort*  
*or Sneezweed!*], see Extract, Elecampane .  
 Hellebore, White, European,—see Extract,  
 Veratrum, White .....  
 " Black, (Christmas-rose): root, [*Radix*  
*melampodii*] ..... alco., soft  
 " " do. .... aqu., "  
 " Green, *European*, (Winter Hellebore),  
*[not Green Veratrum!]*: root,—Ph.  
 Austr. .... soft  
 Hemlock (*Spotted [Poison] Hemlock*), [*Co-*  
*nium*]: dry herb ..... aqu., soft  
 " fresh herb ..... from juice, "  
 " " " ..... alco., "  
 " " " —with Dextrin,—[50% of  
 soft] ..... alco., dry  
 " dry " —green ..... " soft  
 Hemlock (*Conium*): fruit [seed] . . . alcoholic  
 Hemlock, *Water-*, Five-leaved, see Extract,  
 Phellandrium .....  
 Hemp (*Cannabis*), Indian, see Extract, In-  
 dian Hemp .....

lb. 2.00  
 lb. 1.50  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .75  
 lb. .75  
 lb. .65  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 1.50  
 oz. .75  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 3.00  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .50  
 oz. .30  
 oz. .40  
 lb. 1.50  
 lb. 2.00  
 oz. 1.50  
 lb. 1.75  
 lb. 2.50  
 lb. 3.00  
 lb. 1.00  
 lb. 1.00  
 lb. 2.50  
 lb. 2.50  
 lb. 3.50  
 oz. .60

## Extracts,—continued:

	Containers incl.			
—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63 ]—				
Henbane, see Extract, Hyoscyamus.....				
Hoarhound (Horehound) [Marrubium]: herb.....	aqu., soft	lb. 1.00		
Hound's tongue, (Cynoglossum): root.....	aqu., [soft	lb. 1.50		
Hydrastis, see Extract, Golden Seal.....				
Hydrocotyle (Water-Pennywort, Indian Pennywort): herb.....	aqu., soft	oz. 1.00		
“ do.....	alco., “	oz. 1.00		
“ “.....	“ dry	oz. 1.00		
Hyoscyamus: dry leaves.....	aqu., soft	lb. 1.50		
“ do. do., — with Dextrin, — [50% of soft].....	aqu., dry	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ —without admixt., “ “	“ “	lb. 1.75		
“ fresh leaves.....	from juice, soft	lb. 1.25		
“ “ “ — Ph. G. II.....	alco., “	lb. 2.50		
“ “ “ —w. Licor.-root, — Ph. G. II, — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .35		
“ “ “ —with Milk-sugar, — [50% of of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40		
“ recently dried leaves.....	“ soft	oz. .60		
“ dry leaves, —green.....	“ “	oz. .30		
Hyoscyamus: seed.....	alco., dry	oz. 1.25		
Ignatia (St. Ignatius's Bean): seed; alco., dry		oz. .75		
Indian Hemp } herb; ethereal — (Oleoresin of Indian Hemp)		oz. .60		
“ “ } “ — Ph. G. II.....	alco., soft	oz. .30		
“ “ } “ — w. pwd. Licor.-root, — Ph. G. II, — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40		
“ “ } “ — w. Milk-sug., — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40		
“ “ } “ — w. Dextrin, — [33 1/3% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40		
Indian Pennywort, see Extr., Hydrocotyle				
Indian Tobacco, see Extract, Lobelia.....				
Inula-root, see Extract, Elecampane.....				
Ipecac (Ipecacuanha): root.....	aqu., dry	oz. .90		
“ do.....	hydro-alcohol., “	oz. 2.00		
Ipecac: root,—alcoholic,—see Emetine.....				
Iron malate, so-called,—(Extractum ferri pomatum, Ph. G. II),—see Extract, Apple, [ferrated				
Jaborandi (Pilocarpus): leaves.....	aqu., dry	oz. .50		
Jalap: root (tuber); true.....	aqu., soft	lb. .75		
“ “.....	“ dry	lb. 2.00		
Jamaica Dogwood, see Extract, Piscidia ..				
Jessamine, Wild (Yellow), see Extr., Gelse- mium.....				
Juglans regia, see Extract, Walnut.....				
Juniper: fresh fruit (berries),—inspissated infusion; — [Succus Juniperi inspis- satus].....	soft	lb. .30		
Kamala (Kameela) [Rottlera tinctoria]: cap- sule - glands; (Glandulae rottlerae); [alco., dry		oz. 1.50		
“ do. . . . . ethereal,—(Oleoresin of Kamala)		oz. 1.50		
Kava-kava (Ava): root.....	hydro-alcoholic	oz. 1.00		
Koussou (Kooso, Cusso), see Extract, Brayera Krameria, — U. S. Ph., and others,—see Ex- tract, Rhatany, etc.....				
Lactuca virosa, see Extract, Lettuce.....				
Lactucarium; — (Extract from Germanic Lactucarium, [from the so-called “Let- tuce opium”]), —alco., soft	Purified Lactuca- rium...	oz. 1.25		
“ .....	“ dry	oz. 1.25		
Lappa, see Extract, Burdock.....				



Extracts,—continued:

Containers incl.

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—				
Lettuce	(Acrid Lactuca lactuca vitacea)	dry leaves . . . . .	aqu., soft	lb. 2 25
"		fresh " . . . . .	from juice, "	lb. 2 50
"		" " . . . . .	-Ph. G. I., -alco., "	lb. 3 00
"		" " . . . . .	-w. Lic. r., -[50% of soft] . . . . .	lb. 4 00
"		dry " . . . . .	-green; alco., soft	lb. 4 00
Levant Wormseed, (Cina; Artemisia mari- tima): flower-buds, — [San- tonica; Semen - contra];			[etheral, soft	oz. .40
"		do. . . . .	alco., "	oz. .40
Levisticum, see Extract, Lovage . . . . .				
Licorice (Liquorice), — perfectly clearly soluble, — from the crude extract; — (Purified Extract of Glycyrrhiza) . . . . .			soft	lb. .70
"		from the crude extract . . . . .	dry	lb. 1 00
Licorice-root (Glycyrrhiza); cold proc., soft				lb. 1 50
"		" " . . . . .	dry	lb. 2 00
Licorice-root, — purified, — see Extract, Licorice.				
Lignum vite (sanctum), [not Arbor vite!], see Extract, Guaiacum-wood. . . . .				
Lily of the Valley, (Convallaria): entire plant;			[aqu., dry	lb. 2 00
"		do. . . . .	" soft	lb. 1 90
"		" " . . . . .	alco., "	lb. 2 50
Liquorice, and Liquorice-root, see Extr., Licorice, and Licorice-root. . . . .				
Lobelia (Indian Tobacco): herb. . . . .			alco., soft	oz. .50
Logwood (Hæmatoxylin; Campeachy-wood);			[aqu., dry, official	lb. 1 50
"		" . . . . .	commercial, I	lb. .50
Lovage (Levisticum): root. . . . .			alco., soft	lb. 3 00
Lupuline (the glandular powder from Hop- cones) . . . . .			aqu., soft	lb. 1 50
"		" . . . . .	alco., "	lb. 1 50
"		" . . . . .	dry	lb. 1 50
Madder (Rubia): root. . . . .			aqu., soft	lb. 2 00
Maize-silk (Stigmata Maydis), see Extract, Corn-silk . . . . .				
Male Fern, (Aspidium filix mas); rhizome; — etheral, — (Oleoresin of Aspid- ium, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ), — [sometimes called "Liquid Extr. of Male Fern," or "Oil of Fern"] . . . . .				lb. 2 50
"		do.; — Ph. G. II. . . . .	etheral, — [free fr. Ether	lb. 2 75
"		" — Ph. Austr. . . . .	alcoholic	lb. 1 50
Malt, Barley, — Ph. G. I & II. . . . .			soft	lb. .75
"		" . . . . .	dry, powder	lb. 1 25
"		" — lupulated (hopped) . . . . .	soft	lb. 1 00
Mandrake (May-apple; Podophyllum): root [rhizome], — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			alco., soft	lb. 2 50
Mangosteen (Garcinia): fruit-rind. . . . .			aqu., dry	oz. .80
Marigold, Garden, see Extract, Calendula. . . . .				
Marrubium, see Extract, Hoarhound. . . . .				
Marsh Trefoil, see Extract, Buckbean . . . . .				
Mary-Thistle (Carduus Mariæ): seed. . . . .			aqu.	oz. .75
Mataperro, see Extract, Condurango . . . . .				
Matico; leaves. . . . .			etheral,	
"		" . . . . .	— (Oleoresin of Matico)	oz. .75
"		" . . . . .	aqu., soft	oz. .40
"		" . . . . .	alco., "	oz. .40
Matricaria, see Extract, Chamomile, German				
May-apple, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — see Extract, Man- drake . . . . .				
Meadow-saffron, see Extract, Colchicum. . . . .				
Melampodii radix, see Extract, Hellebore, Black; root. . . . .				

## Extracts,—continued:

	Containers incl.			
—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—				
Menyanthes trifoliata, (Marsh Trefoil), see				
Extract, Buckbean				
Mezereon (Spurge Olive): bark . . . ethereal,				
—(Oleoresin of Mezereon)	oz.	.75		
“ do. . . . . alco., soft } (Mezerein)	oz.	.40		
“ “ . . . . . “ dry }	oz.	.50		
Milfoil (Millefolium; Achillea), see Extract,				
Yarrow				
Milkwort, Bitter, European, see Extr.,				
Polygala amara				
Momordica elaterium: fruit, and juice,—				
see Extr., Squirting Cucumber				
Monesia-bark	oz.	.40		
Monkshood, see Extract, Aconite				
Mugwort (Artemisia vulgaris): root. alco.,				
[soft	oz.	.40		
Myrobalan: fruit	oz.	.40		
Myrrh	lb.	3.00		
. . . . . aqu., dry	lb.	4.00		
. . . . . aqu., scales				
Navelwort (Pennywort) [Cotyledon]: herb;				
[soft	oz.	1.00		
Nicotiana, see Extract, Tobacco				
Nux vomica, (Semen Strychni), [Poison-				
nut], dry	oz.	.20		
“ “ by Alc. of 0.894,—Ph. G. II,— dry	oz.	.30		
“ “ “ “ “ 0.892,—Ph. Austr.— soft	oz.	.30		
“ “ “ “ “ 0.879,—Ph. Neerl.— soft	oz.	.30		
“ “ “ “ “ 0.838,—Ph. Br. '67,— soft	oz.	.35		
“ “ “ “ “ 0.884,— “ “ new,—	oz.	.35		
[15% Alkaloid],— soft	oz.	.40		
“ “ w. Milk-sug., [50% of soft] } dry	oz.	.40		
“ “ “ Dextrin, } —Ph. Aust. } “	oz.	.40		
Oak-bark	lb.	2.00		
Opium,—Ph. G. II	oz.	1.00		
. . . . . “ soft	oz.	.77		
“ w. Dextrin,—[50% of soft],— “ dry	oz.	1.00		
Orange, Bitter, see Extract, Bitter Orange.				
Papaveris capitum, see Extract, Poppy-				
heads				
Pellitory, German, (Pyrethrum germani-				
cum): root	oz.	.65		
. . . . . alco., soft				
Pennywort (Cotyledon umbilicus), see Extr.,				
Navelwort				
Pennywort, Water-, (Indian Pennywort), see				
Extr., Hydrocotyle				
Pepper, Black: fruit	oz.	1.50		
Pepper,—Red (Pod, Cayenne); and African				
[Guinea, Bird],—see Extract, Capsicum				
annuum; and, fastigiatum				
Phellandrium (Water-Fennel; Five-leaved				
Water-Hemlock): fruit . . . ethereal,				
—(Oleoresin of Phellandrium)	oz.	.60		
“ do. . . . . aqu., soft	oz.	.30		
“ “ . . . . . alco., “	oz.	.50		
Physostigma (Calabar Bean): seed; alco., dry	oz.	1.50		
“ do. . . . . “ soft	oz.	1.25		
“ “ . . . . . alcohol-acetic, “				
Pilocarpus, see Extract, Jaborandi				
Pimpinella-root	lb.	3.00		
. . . . . alco., soft	lb.	2.50		
“ “ . . . . . aqu., “				
Pine-needles (Leaves of Pinus sylvestris) . .	lb.	.60		
Piscidia (Jamaica Dogwood): bark; alco., dry	oz.	1.00		
Podophyllum,—U. S. Ph.,—see Extract,				
Mandrake				
Poison-nut, see Extract, Nux vomica				
Poison-oak (Rhus toxicodendron): leaves;				
[alco., soft	oz.	.30		
“ do. . . . . aqu., “	oz.	.25		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Extracts, — continued :

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63!]

Polygala amara, (European Bitter Polygala;  
European Bitter Milkwort): entire plant;  
[aqu., soft

Polygala senega, see Extract, Senega . . . .

Pomegranate (Granatum): root-bark. . . . aqu.,  
[dry

“ do. . . . . alco., soft

**Pomegranate: fresh root-bark.—Java, alco., soft**

Poplar-buds (Gemmæ populi), fresh. . . . aqu.,  
[soft

“ do. . . . . alco., “

Poppy-capsules (-heads). . . . . aqu., soft

“ do. . . . . alco., “

Pulsatilla (European Meadow Anemone):  
dry herb. . . . . aqu., soft

“ “ “ —green. . . . . alco., “

“ fresh “ —Ph. G. I. . . . . “ “

Pyrethrum germanicum, see Extract, Pelli-  
tory, German . . . . .

Quassia-wood (Bitter Wood, Bitter Ash);  
[aqu., soft

“ —Ph. G. II. . . . . “ dry

“ do. . . . . alco., “

**Quebracho blanco: bark:—**

aqueous, dry. . . . . oz. 1.00

alcoholic, “ . . . . . oz. 1.00

according to Penzoldt, —liquid;—(Tincture!)  
“ “ “ —dry. . . . . oz. 1.25

**Quebracho colorado: wood:—**

aqueous, dry. . . . . oz. .30

“ liquid . . . . . oz. .25

Quercus marina, see Extr., Bladder-wrack.

Quick-grass (Quickens, Quitch) [Triticum  
repens], see Extract, Couch-grass . . . . .

Quillaya (Quillaia saponaria): bark, [Soap-  
bark]. . . . . aqu., soft

Quince, Bengal, see Extract, Bael, Indian.

Quinine-plant (Quinine-flower) [Sabbatia  
Elliottii]: herb. . . . . aqu., soft

Rhamnus frangula, see Extract, Frangula.

Rhamnus purshiana: bark, see Extr., Cas-  
cara sagrada . . . . .

Rhatany (Ratanhia; Krameria): root. . . . cold  
[process, aqu., dry,—I

“ do. . . . . cold process, “ “ —II

“ “ “ “ “ scales

“ “ “ “ “ alco., dry

“ “ —Extractum Krameria, U. S. Ph.;

[cold process, aqu., dry

Rhubarb, Asiatic: root. . . . . aqu., dry

“ “ “ “ “ alco., soft

“ “ “ “ “ —Ph. G. II. . . . . dry

Rhubarb, Asiatic, — compound, — Ph. G. II

Rhus toxicodendron, see Extr., Poison-oak.

Rottlera (Glandula rottleræ), see Extract,  
Kamala . . . . .

Rubia, see Extract, Madder. . . . .

Rue (Ruta): leaves . . . . . aqu., soft

“ do. . . . . alco., “

Sabbatia Elliottii, see Extr., Quinine-plant.

Sabina, see Extract, Savin. . . . .

Saffron (Crocus); . . . . . alco., soft

Saffron, Meadow-, see Extract, Colchicum.

Saint-Ignatius's Bean, see Extract, Ignatia.

Salix, see Extract, Willow. . . . .

Sanguinaria, see Extract, Bloodroot. . . . .

Santonica (Flores Cinæ; “Semen Cinæ”),  
see Extr., Levant Wormseed . . . . .

Containers incl.

lb. 2.00

oz. .35

oz. .30

oz. 2.00

oz. .50

oz. .45

lb. 1.75

lb. 3.00

lb. 2.00

lb. 4.50

lb. 5.00

lb. 3.00

oz. .50

oz. 1.00

oz. 1.00

oz. 1.00

lb. 3.00

oz. 1.25

oz. .30

oz. .25

lb. 3.50

oz. .75

lb. 2.75

lb. 1.50

lb. 2.50

lb. 3.00

lb. 1.50

oz. .25

oz. .25

oz. .40

oz. .35

lb. 2.25

lb. 3.00

oz. 3.50

## Extracts, — continued:

	Containers incl.		
—[ <i>Fluid Extracts</i> , see pages 61-63]—			
Saponaria officinalis, see Extract, Soapwort			
Sarsaparilla . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 2 25		
“ . . . . . “ dry	oz. .40		
“ . . . . . alco., soft	lb. 3 50		
“ . . . . . “ dry	oz. .50		
Sassafras-root (Lignum Sassafras); aqu., soft	lb. 3 00		
Savin (Sabina): dried tops . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1 75		
“ do., —Ph. G. II. hydro-alcoholic, soft	lb. 2 50		
Scilla, see Extract, Squill . . . . .			
Scurvy-grass (Spoonwort) [Cochlearia], fresh herb . . . . . from juice, soft	lb. 2 50		
Sea-wrack (Fucus vesiculosus), see Extract, Bladder-wrack . . . . .			
Secale cornutum (clavatum), see Extr., Ergot of Rye . . . . .			
Semen-contra (Santonica), see Extr., Levant Wormseed . . . . .			
Senega: root, (Senega Snakeroot), [Radix Polygalæ senegæ] . . . . . aqu., dry,	oz. 1 00		
“ do. . . . . alco., “	oz. .75		
Senna: leaves . . . . . aqu., soft,	lb. 1 75		
“ . . . . . alco., “	lb. 1 75		
Serpentary (Serpentaria): rhizome, [Virginia Snakeroot] . . . . . alco., soft	oz. 1 25		
Shamrock, Water-, see Extract, Buckbean.			
Simaruba: bark . . . . . aqu., soft	oz. .75		
“ . . . . . alco., “	oz. 1 00		
Snakeroot, Black, (Cimicifuga), see Extract, Black Cohosh . . . . .			
Snakeroot, Senega, see Extract, Senega . . . . .			
Snakeroot, Virginia, see Extract, Serpentry			
Soap-bark, see Extract, Quillaya . . . . .			
Soapwort (Saponaria officinalis): root, [Soap-root] . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1 50		
“ do. . . . . alco., “	lb. 3 00		
Spanish Flies, see Extract, Cantharides . . . . .			
Spoonwort (Cochlearia), see Extr., Scurvy-grass . . . . .			
Spurge Olive, see Extract, Mezereon . . . . .			
Spurred Rye, see Extract, Ergot of Rye . . . . .			
Squill (Scilla): dried bulbs . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1 00		
“ do. do. . . . . “ dry	lb. 1 50		
“ “ “ —Ph. G. II. . . . . alco., soft	lb. 1 50		
Squirting Cucumber, (Wild Cucumber), [Ecballium (Momordica) elaterium]: nearly ripe fruit . . . . . aqu., soft	oz. .50		
Squirting Cucumber: fresh juice of the fruit, —Ph. Austr. . . . . alco., soft	oz. 1 00		
N. B. — Compare, also: Elaterium ( <i>Elaterium Clutterbuck</i> ).			
Stigmata Maydis, (Maize-silk), see Extract, Corn-silk . . . . .			
Stramonium (Datura S.): dry leaves . . . . . aqu.,			
“ fresh leaves . . . . . from juice, “	lb. 1 35		
“ “ “ . . . . . alco., “	lb. 1 75		
“ “ “ —w. Lic. -root, —[50% of soft], —alco., dry	lb. 2 00		
“ “ “ . . . . . alco., dry	lb. 2 50		
Stramonium: seed . . . . . alco., dry	oz. 1 25		
Strychnos-seed, see Extract, Nux vomica . . . . .			
Succory, see Extract, Chicory, Wild . . . . .			
Sweet Flag, see Extract, Calamus . . . . .			
Sweetwood (Croton eluteria), see Extract, Cascarella . . . . .			
Taraxacum, see Extract, Dandelion . . . . .			
Tetterwort, see Extract, Celandine . . . . .			
Thistle, Blessed, see Extr., Blessed Thistle . . . . .			

Extracts, —continued:

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63!]

Thistle, Mary-, see Extr., Mary-Thistle . . .	
Thornapple, see Extract, Stramonium . . .	
Tobacco (Nicotiana): dry herb . . . aqu., soft	oz. .35
“ do. do. . . . . alco., “	oz. .40
Tormentil: root (rhizome) . . . . . aqu., dry	lb. 3.50
Toxicodendron (Rhus toxicodendron), see Extract, Poison-oak . . . . .	
Trifolium fibrinum, (Menyanthes trifoliata), see Extract, Buckbean . . . . .	
Triticum repens, see Extract, Couch-grass . .	
Tschuchiakabi (a Japanese Orchidea): fruit	
Turmeric (Cureuma): root [rhiz.]; alco., soft	oz. .50
Turnera aphrodisiaca, see Extract, Dami- ana . . . . .	
Uva ursi (Uvæ ursi folia), see Extract, Bear- berry: leaves . . . . .	
Valerian: root (rhizome) . . . ethereal,—[Oleo- resin of Valerian]	oz. .75
“ “ . . . . . cold process, aqu., soft	lb. 2.00
“ “ . . . . . aqu., soft I.	lb. 1.75
“ “ . . . . . “ “ II.	lb. 1.00
“ “ —Ph. G. I. . . . . alco., soft	lb. 2.50
Veratrum, White, (European White Helle- bore): root [rhizome] . . . . . alco., soft	oz. .30
Viburnum (V. prunifolium), see Extract, Black Haw . . . . .	
Vomic-nut (Semen Strychni), see Extract, Nux vomica . . . . .	
Walnut (English Walnut) [Juglans regia]: pericarp . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. .75
“ “ . . . . . alco., “	lb. 2.00
“ “ —Ph. Ross. . . . . dry	lb. 2.00
Walnut, —as above: leaves . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1.25
“ “ “ “ . . . . . alco., “	lb. 2.00
Water-Fennel (Five-leaved Water-Hemlock), see Extract, Phellandrium . . . . .	
Water-Pennywort, see Extract, Hydrocotyle	
Water-Shamrock, see Extract, Buckbean . .	
Wild Cucumber, see Extract, Squirting Cucumber . . . . .	
Wild Jessamine, see Extract, Gelsemium . .	
Willow (Salix, divers species): bark; aqu., dry	lb. 1.75
Witch-hazel (Hamamelis): bark . . . hydro- alcoholic, dry	oz. .75
N.B.—Compare, also: <b>Hazeline!</b>	
Wolfsbane, see Extract, Aconite . . . . .	
Wormseed, Levant-, (Santonica), see Extr., Levant Wormseed . . . . .	
Wormwood (Absinthium; Artemisia absin- thium): herb . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1.00
“ do., —Ph. G. II. . . . . alco., “	lb. 2.00
Yarrow (Milfoil, Millefolium; Achillea): flowering herb . . . . . aqu., soft	lb. 1.00
“ do. do. . . . . alco., “	lb. 2.50
Yellow Jessamine, see Extract, Gelsemium .	
Extracts, Fluid, see Fluid Extracts, —pages 61-63.	
Extractum Fellis bovini, (Extract of Ox Gall), see Gall, Ox-, inspissated, U. S. Ph. .	

Containers incl.



**Fluid Extracts,**—(inserted in alphabetical place of *Extracts, Fluid*):—

[Unless otherwise specified, these Extracts are prepared according to the formula of the *United-States Pharmacopæia*:—“Proportion of the crude drug to the extract = 100 grammes: 100 cubic centimetres.”]

From:

Absinthium (Wormwood): herb . . . Artemisia [absinth.]	lb. 2.50		
Adonis vernalis, (Bird's Eye; False Hellebore): herb . . . . .	lb. 3.50		
Anemone, European Meadow-, see Fluid Extract, Pulsatilla . . . . .			
Arbor vitæ, [not <i>Lignum vitæ!</i> ], see Fluid Extract, Thuja . . . . .			
Arnica-root . . . . . Arnica montana	lb. 2.25		
Aurantii cortex, (Bitter-Orange peel) . . . . .	lb. 2.50		
Bela (Indian Bael, Bengal Quince): fruit . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
“ do.,—Ph. Brit. . . . .	lb. 1.85		
Belladonna-root . . . . .	lb. 1.75		
Berberis aquifolia, (Holly-leaved Barberry— <i>not Bearberry!</i> ): root . . . . .	lb. 2.25		
Buchu (Bucco): leaves . . . Barosma, div. spec.	lb. 2.00		
Bursa pastoris, (Capsella B. p.), [Shepherd's purse]: fresh herb.—(N. B.—Only preparations from the <i>fresh herb</i> possess the remarkable hemostatic virtues of this plant.)	lb. 2.50		
Cahinca-root (Radix <i>cainca</i> [ <i>cainana</i> ]); Chioceca racemosa	lb. 2.50		
Calendula (Garden Marigold): flowers . . . C. [officinalis]	lb. 5.00		
Calumba (Columbo): root . . . Cocculus palmatus	lb. 1.50		
Cannabis indica, (Indian Hemp): herb . . . . .	lb. 2.25		
Capsella bursa pastoris, see Fl. Extr., Bursa pastoris . . . . .			
Capsicum (Red Pepper): fruit . . . C. annuum	lb. 1.75		
Cascara sagrada, (Chittem-bark) . . . Rhamnus purshiana	lb. 3.00		
Chamomile - flowers, German, (Matricaria); [Chamomilla vulgaris]	lb. 2.00		
Chicory, Wild, (Succory): root . . . Cichorium [intybus]	lb. 1.75		
Cimicifuga (Actæa) [Black Cohosh]: root; [C. racemosa]	lb. 1.75		
Cinchona-bark, Gray . . . . .	lb. 2.25		
“ Pale . . . . .	lb. 2.25		
“ Succirubra . . . . .	lb. 2.50		
“ Yellow, (True Calisaya-bark—Cortex cinchonæ regie);—sp. gr. 1.1 . . . . .	lb. 3.00		
Coca (Erythroxylon): leaves . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
Cola-nut (Guru-nut, Caffeine-nut) . . . . .	lb. 3.00		
Colchicum (Meadow-saffron): root [bulb]; [C. autumnale]	lb. 2.00		
Colchicum: seed . . . . . “ “	lb. 2.25		
Colocynth (Bitter Apple): fruit . . . Cucumis [colocynthis]	lb. 4.00		
Condurango (Mataperro): bark . . . . . Gono-lobus condurango	lb. 2.00		
Convallaria majalis: entire plant . . . . .	lb. 1.50		
Corn-silk (Maize-silk) [Stigmata Maydis]; [Zea mays]	lb. 4.00		
Coto-bark, Para . . . . .	lb. 3.00		
Cubeb: fruit . . . . . Cubeba officinalis	lb. 4.00		
Damiana; leaves . . . . . Turnera aphrodisiaca	lb. 2.00		
Dulcamara (Bittersweet): young branches; [Solanum dulcamara]	lb. 2.00		
Ergot of Corn, (Corn-ergot, Corn-smut), [Ustilago maydis] . . . . .	lb. 3.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
<b>Fluid Extracts</b> ,—(inserted in alphabetical place of <i>Extracts, Fluid</i> ),— <i>continued</i> : —[Other <i>Extracts</i> , see pages 48-59]—			
Ergot of Rye, (Spurred Rye— <i>Secale cornutum</i> ),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. 1.85		
“ “ “ — <i>Ph. Brit.</i> .....	lb. 2.00		
Eucalyptus globulus: leaves.....	lb. 2.25		
Euonymus ( <i>Evonymus</i> ) [Wahoo, Spindletree, Burning Bush]: bark... <i>E. atropurpureus</i>	lb. 2.50		
Euphorbia pilulifera: herb.....	lb. 4.00		
Fabiana (Pichi): branches.... <i>F. imbricata</i>	lb. 5.00		
Francisea (Manacá): root..... <i>F. uniflora</i>	lb. 4.50		
Fucus vesiculosus, (Bladder-wrack), [ <i>Quercus marina</i> ].....	lb. 1.75		
Gelsemium (Yellow Jessamine): root... <i>G. sempervirens</i>	lb. 1.75		
Gentian-root.....	lb. 1.75		
Gossypium herbaceum: bark of root, (Cotton-root bark).....	lb. 1.50		
Grindelia robusta: flowering herb.....	lb. 1.75		
Guarana-paste,—fr. seed of <i>Paullinia sorbilis</i>	lb. 5.00		
Hamamelis (Witch-hazel): leaves... <i>H. virginica</i>	lb. 1.50		
Hellebore, Green, <i>European</i> , (Winter Hellebore), [ <i>not Veratrum viride!</i> ]: root....	lb. 2.50		
Hydrastis (Golden Seal): root... <i>H. canadensis</i>	lb. 1.75		
Hyoscyamus (Henbane): leaves... <i>H. niger</i>	lb. 2.25		
Ipecacuanha-root... <i>Cephaelis ipecacuanha</i>	lb. 4.50		
Jaborandi (Pilocarpus): leaves.....	lb. 1.75		
Jacaranda: leaves... <i>J. procera</i> , ( <i>Bignonia copala</i> [ <i>caroba</i> ])	lb. 3.00		
Jalap-root, true..... <i>Ipomoea purga</i>	lb. 3.00		
Kava-kava: root... <i>Macropiper methysticum</i>	lb. 2.00		
Krameria, see Fluid Extract, Rhatany-root.			
Leptandra: rhizome, (Black-root, Culver's root)..... <i>L. virginica</i>	lb. 1.75		
Lippia: herb..... <i>L. mexicana</i>	lb. 4.50		
Lobelia (Indian Tobacco): herb... <i>L. inflata</i>	lb. 1.75		
Manacá, see Fluid Extract, Franciscea.....			
Maryland Pink, see Fl. Ext., Spigelia.....			
Mountain-balm (Yerba santa): leaves and tops..... <i>Eriodictyon californicum</i> ( <i>glutinatum</i> )	lb. 2.50		
Muira puama.—(Said to be the strongest aphrodisiac known).....	oz. 1.25		
Nux vomica, ( <i>Strychnos</i> -seed).....	lb. 2.25		
Pichi, see Fluid Extract, Fabiana.....			
Pilocarpus, see Fluid Extract, Jaborandi... <i>P. erythrina</i>	lb. 1.75		
Piscidia (Jamaica Dogwood), bark... <i>P. erythrina</i>	lb. 4.00		
Poppy-capsules(-heads)... <i>Papaver somnifer.</i>	lb. 2.00		
Pulsatilla (European Meadow-anemone): herb..... <i>Anemone pulsatilla</i>	lb. 2.00		
Quebracho blanco. } liquid (& dry), see under			
Quebracho colorado, } Extr. ( <i>not Fluid Extr.</i> )			
Quercus marina, see Fluid Extr., Fucus vesiculosus.....			
Quince, Bengal, see Fl. Extr., Bela.....			
Rhatany-root (Krameria)..... <i>Krameria triandra</i> , [ <i>Ratanhia peruviana</i> ]	lb. 1.75		
Rhubarb (Rheum), Asiatic: root.....	lb. 2.25		
Rhus aromatica, (Sweet Sumach): root-bark	lb. 2.00		
Salix nigra, (Black Willow): bark.....	lb. 2.50		
Sarsaparilla,—compound.....	lb. 1.50		
Sarsaparilla,—simple.....	lb. 1.50		
Senna-leaves.....	lb. 1.50		
Serpentaria: rhizome, ( <i>Virginia Snakeroot</i> ). Shepherd's purse, see Fluid Extr., <i>Bursa pastoris</i> .....	lb. 3.50		





	Containers incl.		
<b>Febrile Powder</b> , James's, see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
<b>Fecula</b> , iodized, see Starch, iodized .....			
<b>Fehling's Solution</b> (Test-solution), see under: Titrated Normal Solutions,—(at End of List!) .....			
<b>Fel Bovis</b> ( <i>Tauri inspissatum</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Gall, Ox-, inspissated .....			
“ “ purificatum ( <i>depuratum</i> ) siccum, see Sodium, choleate .....			
<b>Ferrid-compounds</b> , see Iron, Sesqui-compounds .....			
<b>Ferro-compounds</b> , see Iron, Mono-compounds .....			
<b>Ferrugo</b> , see Iron, oxide, brown, <i>pure</i> .....			
<b>Ferrum</b> , and compounds, see Iron, etc. ....			
<b>Fibrin</b> , from blood .....	15 gr. .20		
“ “ plants, (Gluten Fibrin) .....	15 gr. .25		
<b>Figuier's Gold-salt</b> , see Gold and Sodium, chloride, <i>cryst.</i> .....			
<b>Filhos's Caustic</b> , see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [4:1], fused .....			
<b>Filicin</b> , see Acid, filicic .....			
<b>Flavoring Oils</b> , so-called, see Oils, flavoring .....			
<b>Flores</b> , etc., = Flowers, etc.—( <i>Flores stibii</i> = Flowers of Antimony; <i>Flores stanni</i> [ <i>Jovis</i> ] = Flowers of Tin;—etc., etc.)			
<b>Flores virides æris</b> , (Crystallized Verdigris), see Copper, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
<b>Flowers of Antimony</b> , (Antimonious Oxide, — Tri-oxide; <i>by dry process</i> ), are chemically identical with the Wet-process Tri-oxide,—[which see under Antimony, oxide, precipitated].			
“ of <b>Arsenic</b> , resublimed, see Acid, arsenious, etc. ....			
“ of <b>Benzoin</b> , see Acid, benzoic, from Siamese (etc.) Benzoin-resin; sublimed,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—and other grades. . .			
“ of <b>Sulphur</b> , see Sulphur, sublimed, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ of <b>do.</b> , washed, see Sulphur, sublimed, washed, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ of <b>Tin</b> , see Tin, oxide, white, <i>pure</i> . . .			
“ of <b>Verdigris</b> , (Crystallized Verdigris), see Copper, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ of <b>Zinc</b> , see Zinc, oxide, <i>by dry process</i>			
<b>Fluid Extracts</b> —(are inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Extracts, Fluid</i> )—see pages 61-63.			
<b>Fluorescein</b> (Resorcin-phtalein) .....	oz. 1.50		
<b>Fluorescin</b> (Resorcin-phtalin) .....	oz. 1.25		
<b>Folia Sennæ sine resina</b> , see Senna-leaves, desinated,—powdered. ....			
<b>Form-amide</b> .....	oz. 1.50		
<b>Fowler's Solution</b> , arsenical, see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
<b>Fraxinin</b> (Sugar of Manna), see Mannit. ....			
<b>Fruit and Flavoring Ethers</b> :			
No. 1.    No. 2.    No. 3.    No. 4.			
Apple .....	“	“	“
Apricot .....	“	“	“
Banana .....	“	—	—
Cherry .....	“	“	“
Currant .....	“	“	“
Gooseberry .....	“	“	“
Grape .....	—	“	“
Lemon .....	“	“	“
Orange .....	“	“	“

Fruit and Flavoring Ethers,—continued:	Containers incl.							
	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.				
Peach.....	“	“	“	“				
Pear.....	“	“	“	“				
Pineapple..	“	“	“	“				
Quince.....	“	—	—	—				
Radish.....	—	“	—	“				
Raspberry..	“	“	“	“				
Strawberry.	“	“	“	“				
Rum.....								
Whiskey.....								
Fruit-sugar I, (Levulose, Lævulose).....					oz. 1.00			
“ commercial, (Inverted Sugar),—consist- ing of Fruit-sugar and Grape-sugar..					lb. .40			
Fuchsine, see under Aniline and Phenol								
Dyes: Red.....								
Furfural (Furfur-aldehyd; Furfurole), chem. pure,—boil.-pt. 160-162° C [320-323.6 F]...					oz. 2.00			
Furfurine.....					15 gr. .50			
“ nitrate.....					15 gr. .50			
Fusel-oil, so-called, see Alcohol, amylic, primary.....								
Fusible Metal, see Metal, fusible.....								

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.		
<b>Gall, Ox-</b> , ( <i>Fel Tauri</i> [ <i>Bovis</i> ]), purified, dry, see Sodium, choleate.....			
“ “ inspissated, ( <i>Extractum Fellis bo- vini</i> — <i>Extract of Ox Gall</i> ), con- forming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i>	lb. 1.25		
<b>Gallein</b> ( <i>Pyro-gallol-phltalein</i> ).....	15 gr. .75		
<b>Gallium</b> , metallic.....	1½ gr. vial 25.00		
<b>Gelatin</b> ( <i>Pure Glutin</i> ), sterilized, for bacterio- logical purposes.....	oz. 3.50		
<b>Gelatin from Cartilage</b> , see <i>Chondrin</i> ....			
<b>Gelatin</b> , medicated,—in sheets,—see under <i>Atropine</i> and <i>Physostigmine</i> ..			
“ <b>Discs</b> , medicated, see under <i>Atropine</i> ; <i>Cocaine</i> ; <i>Duboisine</i> ; <i>Physostigmine</i> ..			
<b>Gelsemin</b> .....	oz. 2.50		
<b>Gelseminine</b> ,—according to <i>Sonnenschein</i> ....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ <b>hydrobromate</b> , amorphous.....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ <b>hydrochlorate</b> , amorphous.....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ “ <b>cryst.</b> , white.....	15 gr. 3.50		
“ <b>nitrate</b> , amorphous.....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ <b>sulphate</b> , amorphous.....	15 gr. 2.50		
<b>Gentian Violet</b> , see under <i>Aniline</i> and <i>Phenol Dyes: Violet</i> .....			
<b>Gentianin</b> ,— <i>extract-form</i> ,—( <i>Crude Gentiop- icrin</i> ).....	oz. 1.00		
<b>Gentisin</b> ( <i>Gentianic</i> [ <i>Gentisic</i> ] <i>Acid</i> ).....	15 gr. 2.50		
<b>Glass</b> , liquid and soluble, ( <i>Water-Glass</i> ), see <i>Potassium</i> , silicate, etc.;—and, <i>Sodium</i> , silicate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc., etc.....			
<b>Glass</b> , antimonial, see <i>Antimony</i> , sulphide, vitreous,—so-called.....			
“ <b>Arsenic-</b> , see <i>Acid</i> , arsenious,— <i>bumps</i>			
“ <b>Borax-</b> , see <i>Sodium</i> , bi-borate, fused			
<b>Glass-etching Ink</b> , see <i>Diamond Ink</i> , so-called...			
<b>Glass-wool</b> , for filters.....	oz. 1.50		
<b>Glauber's Salt</b> , see <i>Sodium</i> , sulphate, ( <i>etc.</i> )..			
<b>Globulin</b> ( <i>Crystallin</i> ).....	15 gr. .50		
<b>Globulin</b> , para-, ( <i>para-Globulin</i> ), pure....			
<b>Glucinum</b> , see <i>Beryllium</i> .....			
<b>Glucose</b> , see <i>Grape-sugar</i> , chem. pure; etc.....			
<b>Gluten</b> , vegetable.....	oz. 2.50		
<b>Glutin</b> , animal,—for use in the arts.....	lb. 2.00		
“ <i>do.</i> , pure,—sterilized,—see <i>Gelatin</i> , etc.			
<b>Glycerin</b> ( <i>Glycerol</i> ), crude,—[26° <i>Baumé</i> ], sp. gr. 1.21.....			
“ for gas-meters,—[18° <i>Bé</i> ].....			
“ refined, 1, [24° <i>Bé</i> ], sp. gr. 1.19.....	lb. .42		
“ “ “ [28° “], “ 1.23.....	lb. .45		
“ “ “ [30° “], “ 1.25.....	lb. .48		
“ “ pure, [24° “], “ 1.19, redistil.	lb. .45		
“ “ “ [28° “], “ 1.23, “	lb. .48		
“ “ “ [30° “], “ 1.25, “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .50		
“ <i>Price's Patent</i> ,—in original 1-lb. bottles.	lb. .75		
<b>Glycerin Salicylate</b> , see <i>Ether</i> , glycer.-salic.			
<b>Glycerin</b> , sulphurous, ( <i>Solution of Sul- phur Di-oxide in Glycerin</i> ), [ <i>Glycerolate</i> ( <i>Glycerite</i> ) of <i>Sulphurous Acid</i> ].....	lb. 1.50		
<b>Glycerolate</b> of <i>Aluminium acetate</i> , see <i>Aluminium</i> , aceto-glycerolate.....			
<b>N.B.</b> — <i>Other Glycerolates</i> —(the class of <i>Gly- cerita</i> or “ <i>Glycerites</i> ” of the <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and similar preparations, also called <i>Glyc- erols</i> or <i>Glycerines</i> ,—miscalled “ <i>Glyc- erides</i> ”;— <i>all</i> being simple solutions of active substances in <i>Glycerin</i> ,— <i>not</i> [as the <i>real Glycerides</i> ] chemical compounds with <i>Glycerin</i> !):—see <i>likewise</i> under the names of their active substances.			

	Containers incl.		
Glycium, see Beryllium			
Glycocoll (Glycine, Glycocine; Amido-acetic or Amido-glycollic Acid)	15 gr.	1.00	
Glycogen (so-called "Animal Amylum"), chem. pure	15 gr.	1.00	
Glycos-amine, hydrochlorate, cryst.	15 gr.	1.50	
Glycyrrhizin, ammoniated, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — ( <i>Pharmicopeial Glycyrrhizate of Ammonium</i> ), — soluble	oz.	.35	
Gold (Aurum), double salts of, see "Gold and —" (below!)			
“ metallic, powder	15 gr.	1.75	
“ “ precipitated, pure, — amorphous; — soft, lustreless, brown powder.	15 gr.	1.75	
“ “ do., do., — in fine scales; — with metallic lustre			
“ bromide	15 gr.	1.50	
“ chloride, cryst., yellow	15 gr.	.75	
“ “ “ brown	15 gr.	.75	
“ “ — solution [1:9]	15 gr.	.75	
“ cyanide	15 gr.	2.50	
“ iodide	15 gr.	2.00	
“ oxide	15 gr.	1.50	
Gold and Cadmium, chloride	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Calcium, “	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Potassium, “	15 gr.	1.00	
“ “ “ cyanide	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Sodium, chloride, — for photography	15 gr.	.45	
“ “ do., do., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — [32.4% Gold].	15 gr.	.55	
“ “ “ “ — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> , — [30.3% “ ]	15 gr.	.50	
“ “ “ “ cryst., ( <i>Figuier's Gold-salt</i> )	15 gr.	1.00	
Gold, Alumina Purple of			
“ <i>Figuier's Salt</i> of, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst.			
“ <i>Tin-precipitate (Stannic precipitate)</i> of, — [ <i>Cassius's Purple</i> ]	15 gr.	.50	
Goulard's Extract, so-called, (Vinegar of Lead), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Granatin (Sugar of Manna), see Mannit			
Granelia aerophora, see Iron, citrate, effervescent: white or yellow			
“ do., cum <i>Magnesia citrica</i> , see Magnesium, citrate, effervescent, granulated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Grape-sugar (Dextrose, Dextro-glucose, Glucose; Starch-sugar), chem. pure, anhydrous	lb.	2.00	
N. B. — <i>In contradistinction to other, so-called "chemically pure" brands, which contain as high as 30% of Water, MY GRAPE-SUGAR, as above, is ABSOLUTELY PURE AND DRY!</i>			
do., commercial	lb.	.10	
Graphite (Mineral Carbon; Plumbago), purified, — <i>Ph. Bor.</i>	lb.	.75	
“ Ceylon	lb.	.35	
“ “ finely pulverized, (so-called "alcoholized")	lb.	.40	
Gregory's Salt, (Hydrochlorate of Morphine and Codeine), see Salt, Gregory's			
Guaiacol (Guajacol), ch. pure, (absolute), — for medicinal use; — [ <i>Mono-methyl-catechol</i> ].	oz.	1.00	
“ commercial	oz.	.40	
Guanidine, carbonate, cryst.	15 gr.	.25	
Guanine (Guanin)	15 gr.	2.00	
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	1.50	
Guaranine	15 gr.	.65	
Gun-cotton, soluble, see Collodion Cotton			
Gutta Percha, purified, white, — in sticks	oz.	.75	



	Containers incl.		
Hepar Antimonii ( <i>Stibii</i> ), [Liver of Antimony], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i> . . . . .			
“ “ calcareum, (Calcic Liver of Antimony), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated . . . . .			
“ Calcis, (Liver of Lime), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
“ Sulphuris, (Liver of Sulphur; <i>Potassic</i> Liver of Sulphur). see Potassa, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. . . . .			
“ “ calcareum, [Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
“ “ “ stibiatum, [Antimonic Liver of Lime; Stibiated Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated . . . . .			
“ “ natricum, (Sodic Liver of Sulphur), see Soda, sulphurated, etc. . . . .			
Hesperetin. — Fractional derivative from Hesperidin . . . . .	15 gr.	1.50	
Hesperidin. — Glucoside from Oranges . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
Hom-atropine Merck - Ladenburg, (Oxy-toluol-tropine):			
pure, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	7.00	
hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	4.50	
hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	6.50	
salicylate . . . . .	15 gr.	6.50	
sulphate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	6.25	
			<i>All labels must bear Dr. Ladenburg's (the originator's) signature.</i>
Hydrargyrum, and compounds, see Mercury, etc. . . . .			
Hydrastine Merck:			
chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
pure, amorphous, powder . . . . .	15 gr.	.25	
citrate . . . . .			
hydrochlorate, chem. pure . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
nitrate, <i>cryst.</i> , — easily soluble . . . . .	15 gr.	.60	
phosphate, chem. pure . . . . .	15 gr.	.60	
sulphate, chem. pure . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
tartrate, chem. pure . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
Hydro-Berberine, see Berberine, Hydro-			
Hydro-chinone ( <i>-kinone</i> ), see Hydro-quinone . . . . .			
Hydro-Cotoin, see Cotoin, Hydro-			
Hydrogen Per-oxide (Di-oxide), [Oxygen Hydrate; sometimes called “Oxygenated Water”], medicinal, — aqueous solution [10 volumes of “Active Oxygen”] . . . . .	lb.	.55	
do. do., commercial, — aqueous solution [10 volumes of “Active Oxygen”] . . . . .	lb.	.50	
Hydro-quinone — (Hydro-chinone [ <i>-kinone</i> ]) — [Quinol] — (para-Di-oxy-benzene) — [Quinone Hydride] . . . . .	oz.	.85	
Hydrothion-ammonium, solution, see Solutions: Ammonium sulphide, — hydro-sulphuretted . . . . .			
Hydroxyl-amine, hydrochlorate . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
Hyoscine Merck-Ladenburg, — true:			
hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	10.00	
hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	10.50	
hydro-iodate (hydriodate), <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	10.00	
sulphate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .			
			<i>All labels must bear Dr. Ladenburg's (the originator's) signature.</i>
Hyoscyamine Merck, — true; — from <i>Hyoscyamus niger</i> :			
chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , white, very light powder, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	15 gr.	5.00	
pure, not colorless, amorphous . . . . .	15 gr.	1.75	
hydrobromate, pure, amorphous . . . . .	15 gr.	1.75	

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	Containers incl.		
<b>Ichthyl preparations:</b>			
Ichthyl-sulphonic (Sulpho-ichthyolic) Acid . . . . .	oz. .50		
Ichthyl-sulphonate (Sulpho-ichthyolate) of Ammonium. — [Ichthyl] . . . . .	oz. .45		
“ of Sodium . . . . .	oz. .50		
“ of Lithium . . . . .	oz. .60		
“ of Zinc . . . . .	oz. .50		
Ichthyl Solution, alcohol-etheral, —10% <sub>o</sub>	doz. 9.00		
“ “ “ —30% <sub>o</sub>	doz. 12.00		
Ichthyl Plaster, in envelopes . . . . .			
(N.B. — Other Ichthyl preparations, — such as: Capsules, Pills, Soap, Wadding, etc., — are furnished by Drug Houses.)			
<b>Ilicin</b> . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
<b>Imperatorin</b> , see Peucedanin . . . . .			
<b>Indicator Solutions</b> , (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			
<b>Indigo Blue</b> , see Indigotin . . . . .			
<b>Indigo Carmine</b> , best quality, — paste . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
<b>Indigo Sulphate</b> , (“Soluble Indigo”), solution, see Tinctures: Indigo . . . . .			
<b>Indigotin</b> (Indigo Blue), pure, cryst. . . . .	$\frac{1}{3}$ oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
<b>Indium</b> , metallic . . . . .	15 gr. 9.00		
“ chloride . . . . .	15 gr. 8.00		
“ oxide . . . . .	15 gr. 9.00		
“ sulphate . . . . .	15 gr. 8.00		
<b>Indole</b> . . . . .			
<b>Induline</b> , see und. Aniline and Phenol Dyes			
<b>Infernal Stone</b> , see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded; — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey . . . . .			
<b>Inosit</b> (Meat-sugar) . . . . .	15 gr. 2.75		
<b>Inula-camphor</b> , solid, see Helenin . . . . .			
“ liquid, see Alantol . . . . .			
<b>Inulin</b> (Alantin, Dahlin; Alant-starch), — according to Dragendorff . . . . .			
“ white . . . . .			
<b>Inverted Sugar</b> , see Fruit-sugar, commercial			
<b>Invertin</b> (Zymase). — The sugar-inverting constituent of yeast . . . . .	15 gr. 2.00		
<b>Iodine</b> (Iodum), English . . . . .	lb. 4.10		
“ re-sublimed, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 4.10		
“ chem. pure . . . . .			
“ albuminated, (Iodized Albumin) . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ bromide, liquid, (penta-bromide), [“Iodide of Bromine,” so-called] . . . . .			
“ chloride (mono-chloride) . . . . .	oz. .80		
“ tri-chloride. — (Highly efficient antiseptic and disinfectant.) . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
<b>Iodized Starch</b> , soluble, see Starch, iodized			
<b>Iodo-amyl</b> , see Amyl, iodide . . . . .			
<b>Iodo-ethyl</b> (Iodide of Ethyl, Mono-iod-ethane), see Ether, hydro-iodic . . . . .			
<b>Iodo-methyl</b> , see Methyl, iodide . . . . .			
<b>Iodoform</b> , cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> . . . . .	lb. 7.00		
“ powder . . . . .	lb. 7.00		
“ “ medium grain, — non-conglutinating — so-called “deodorized” (aromatized). — [For wholly odorless Iodoform, see Iodoform, bituminized.] . . . . .	lb. 7.00		
“ precipitated . . . . .	oz. .65		
“ pencils, — [50% Iodoform] . . . . .	lb. 7.00		
“ pencils, — [50% Iodoform] . . . . .	lb. 7.50		
<b>Iodoform</b> , bituminized (wholly odorless). — Translucent scales, easily pulverizable, — totally devoid of the Iodoform odor! . . . . .	oz. .65		
<b>Iodole</b> (Tetr-iod-pyrrole = C <sub>4</sub> I <sub>4</sub> NH; — not — [as stated in some books:] — “Tetr-iodide of Pyrrole” = “C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N.I”!). — Contains nearly 89% of Iodine. — [Inodorous, insipid, and non-toxic succedaneum for Iodoform.] . . . . .	oz. 1.25		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Iodum, and compounds, see Iodine, etc. . . . .				
Iridin Merck, pure . . . . .	oz. 2.00			
Iridium, metallic . . . . .	15 gr. 2.00			
“ “ rods . . . . .	15 gr. 2.00			
“ “ powder . . . . .	15 gr. 2.25			
“ bromide . . . . .	15 gr. .50			
“ chloride, tri- (sesqui-) . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00			
“ oxide, sesqui- . . . . .	15 gr. .65			
Iridium and Sodium, chloride, cryst. . . . .	15 gr. .75			
Iridium-Osmium alloy, ( <i>Irid-osmium</i> ; Osmiridium), see Osmium-Iridium . . . . .				
Iron, Ferrid- double salts of, see under Iron, Sesqui-compounds—(below!) . . . . .				
“ Ferro- double salts of, see under Iron, Mono-compounds—(below!) . . . . .				
Iron (Ferrum), metallic, wire,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .35			
“ do., finely powdered, (so-called “alcoholized”),— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—( <i>Limatura Martis alcoholisata</i> ; <i>Pulvis Ferri alcoholisatus</i> ) . . . . .	lb. .35			
“ “ filings, coarse powder . . . . .	lb. .35			
“ “ reduced (by Hydrogen),—so-called “Quevenne’s Iron,”—[60–65% Iron] . . . . .	lb. .73			
“ “ “— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—[80% Iron] . . . . .				
“ “ “ chem. pure, [92–94% Iron] . . . . .	lb. 2.00			
“ “ “ black,—[50% Iron] . . . . .	lb. .70			
“ acetate, Ferric . . . . .	oz. .25			
“ “ “ in scales . . . . .	oz. .40			
“ “ “ solution, see under Solutions . . . . .				
“ albuminate, ( <i>Iron-Albumin</i> ), in scales,—[5% of Per-oxide— $Fe_2O_3$ ] . . . . .	oz. .30			
“ “ peptonized . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ “ saccharated . . . . .	oz. .40			
N.B.—Compare, also:				
Iron, lactate . . . . .	} <i>albu-</i>			
“ phosphate . . . . .		} <i>minat-</i>		
“ pyro-phosphate, . . . . .			} <i>ed.</i>	
“ ammoniated, so-called,—( <i>Ammonio-chloride of Iron</i> ),—see <i>Ammonium chloride</i> , with <i>Ferric Chloride</i> . . . . .				
“ ammonio-citrate, brown—( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> )—or green, see <i>Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate</i> , etc.; etc. . . . .				
“ anisate . . . . .	oz. 2.50			
“ arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	oz. .25			
“ “ — <i>Ph. Brit. new</i> . . . . .	oz. .25			
“ “ and citrate, ammoniated, [ <i>Ammonio-Ferric arsenicico-citrate</i> ],—[2% of <i>Arsenicic Acid</i> ] . . . . .	oz. .35			
“ arsenite . . . . .	oz. .30			
“ benzoate,—[about 25% of Per-oxide] . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ boro-citrate . . . . .	oz. .50			
“ bromide, Ferrous, pure . . . . .	oz. .22			
“ “ do., com'l,—[abt. 65–68% Brom.] . . . . .	lb. 1.00			
“ “ Ferric, see <i>Iron, tri-bromide</i> . . . . .				
“ bromo-iodide . . . . .	oz. .90			
“ by Hydrogen, (reduced),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other grades,—see <i>Iron, metallic, reduced</i> , etc.; etc. . . . .				
“ camphorate . . . . .	oz. 1.50			
“ carbonate, Ferrous, saccharated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ,—[at least 15% of <i>Ferrous carbonate</i> ] . . . . .	lb. .50			
“ “ do., do.,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—[10% Iron] . . . . .	lb. .60			
“ “ green (hydrated) . . . . .	lb. 1.25			
“ “ sub-,—so-called,— <i>U. S. Ph. 1870</i> ,—( <i>Aperient Crocus of Iron</i> ), see <i>Iron, oxide, brown</i> , (etc.) . . . . .				

	Containers incl.		
Iron, chloride, proto-(Ferrous), [Ferrous muriate; di-chloride].....	lb. .60		
“ “ sesqui- (tri-) [Ferric], normal,—cryst., dry; and <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and sublimed, anhydrous;—see Iron, tri-chloride, etc.; etc.; etc. ....			
“ “ Ferric, basic, (Ferric oxy-chloride), —so-called,—liquid;—see Solutions: Iron oxy-chloride.....			
“ “ do., do., dialyzed, see Iron, dialyzed: liquid; and, in scales...			
“ chromate, liquid.....	oz. .25		
“ citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Ferric citrate), pure, brown, in scales.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ effervescent, white } granulous powder,—	lb. .95		
“ “ “ yellow } (Graneliaaerophora)	lb. .90		
“ “ soluble, so-called, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate, in scales: brown— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, green.....			
“ “ and arseniate, ammoniated, see Iron, arseniate and citrate, ammoniated.....			
“ citrico-lactate, see Iron, lacto-citrate...			
“ cyanide, blue,—so-called;— <i>insoluble</i> ; (Ferro-cyanide of Iron; Ordinary Prussian Blue).....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ blue,—so-called;— <i>soluble</i> ; (Potassium Ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue).....	lb. 1.75		
“ dialyzed, liquid, (Ferrum oxydatum dialysatum liquidum,— <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ),—[Liquid Dialyzed “Basic Ferric Chloride”; Liquid Dialyzed “Ferric Oxy-chloride”,—so-called;—Liquor ferri dialysatus];—{3.5% Iron, = 5% Peroxide].....	lb. .35		
“ do., in scales.....	oz. .30		
“ ferro-cyanide, (Prussian Blue, ordinary), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,— <i>insoluble</i> .....			
“ granulated sulphate, see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous, pure, precipitated by Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ hydrate, Ferric, dry..... } see Iron, oxide,			
“ hydrated oxide, Ferric, dry } brown, pure.			
“ Hydrogen-reduced,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and others, —see Iron, metallic, reduced, etc.; etc.			
“ hypo-phosphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .25		
“ iodate, Ferric.....	oz. .75		
“ iodide, cryst.....	oz. .40		
“ “ insipid.....	oz. .38		
“ “ Ferrous, saccharated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..	oz. .35		
“ lactate, pure, cryst., in crusts,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , and <i>Ph. G. II</i> .....	oz. .18		
“ “ pure, powder,— <i>Ph. G. II</i> .....	oz. .15		
“ “ powder.....	oz. .12		
“ “ albuminated.....	oz. .60		
“ lacto-citrate (citrico-lactate).....	oz. .35		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate).....	oz. .40		
“ malate, in scales.....	oz. 1.10		
“ “ crude, see Extracts: Apple, ferrat.			
“ metallic, (etc.), see at top of “Iron” list			
“ oleate.....	oz. .25		
“ oxalate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—Ferrous.....	oz. .25		
“ “ Ferric, in scales.....	oz. .30		
“ oxide, black, (Magnetic oxide, Ferros-ferric oxide; Iron Ethiops), —by wet process,—pure.	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ —by dry process.....	lb. .85		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, oxide, brown, (so-called "sub-carbonate"), [ <i>Aperient Crocus</i> (Saffron) of Iron],— <i>Ferri subcarbonas</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870	lb. .50		
" " " pure, (Dry Hydrated Per-oxide [Sesqui-oxide, Tri-oxide, Red oxide] of Iron; Dry Hydrated Ferric oxide; Dry Ferric Hydrate), —[ <i>Ferrugo</i> , <i>Rubigo</i> ] . . . . .	lb. .75		
" oxide, red, (Ferric oxide; Per-oxide, or Tri- [Ter-] oxide, or Sesqui-oxide of Iron), <i>anhydrous</i> , — [ <i>Astringent Crocus</i> (Saffron) of Iron],— (Pure Colcothar, Pure Caput mortuum) . . . . .	lb. .70		
" " " do.,—from Oxalate of Iron.	lb. 2.50		
" " " hydrated, dry, see Iron, oxide, brown, pure . . . . .			
" " " peptonated; also, glycerinated solution of same;—see Iron, peptonized; etc.— <i>Same</i> , dialyzed, see Solutions: Iron, peptonized, dialyzed . . . . .			
" " " saccharated, soluble, — <i>Ph. G. II</i> ;— (so-called "Saccharated Iron" or "Soluble Iron"; Iron Saccharate),— [ <i>Ferruginated Sugar</i> ; <i>Iron - Sugar</i> ];— [3% Iron, = 4.285% Per-oxide] <i>N. B.</i> — See, also: <i>Syrup of Saccharate of Iron.</i>	lb. .70		
" oxide, dialyzed, (Dialyzed so-called "Ferric Oxy-chloride" or "Basic Ferric Chloride");— liquid, <i>Ph. G. I</i> ,—or, in scales;—see Iron, dialyzed, etc.; etc.			
" oxy-chloride, Ferric, (Basic Ferric Chloride),—so-called;—solution of,—see under Solutions . . . . .			
" do., dialyzed, see Iron, dialyzed: liquid; and, in scales . . . . .			
" peptonized, (Peptonated Ferric Oxide),—clearly soluble in Water,— [2% or 5% Per-oxide] . . . . .	oz. .35		
" " solution, glycerinated, —for <i>subcutaneous</i> injections, — [3 mg $Fe_2O_3$ and 25 mg Peptone per syringeful] . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
" " dialyzed, liquid,—for <i>internal</i> use;—see under Solutions . . . . .			
" " albuminated, see Iron, albuminate, peptonized . . . . .			
" " saccharated . . . . .	oz. .35		
" per-chloride, see Iron, tri-chloride . . . . .			
" per-oxide, see Iron, oxide, red . . . . .			
" phosphate,—so-called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Iron, phosphate, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i> . . . . .			
" phosphate, true, Ferric . . . . .	lb. 1.00		
" " " Ferrous . . . . .	lb. .95		
" " albuminated . . . . .	oz. .35		
" " with Ammonium Citrate, in scales . . . . .	lb. 1.50		
" " Ferric, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i> , in scales,— <i>Ferri phosphas</i> , so called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
" phosphide (phosphuret).—[An indefinite composition of several Iron phosphides.] . . . . .	oz. 1.00		

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, phospho-lactate, see Iron, lacto-phospho-			
“ pierate (picro-nitrate).....	oz. .60		
“ precipitated sulphate, see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous, pure, precipitated by Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ pyro-phosphate,— so-called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Iron, pyro-phosphate, with Sodium Citrate.....			
“ pyro-phosphate, true.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ albuminated.....	oz. .65		
“ “ with Ammonium Citrate, in scales.....	oz. .30		
“ “ “ Potassium “.....	oz. .30		
“ “ “ Magnesium “ in scales.....	oz. .35		
“ “ Ferric, with Sodium Citrate, in scales,— <i>Ferri pyrophosphas</i> , so called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .30		
“ reduced (by Hydrogen),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other grades,—see Iron, metallic, reduced, etc.; etc. ....			
“ saccharate, (“ <i>Saccharated Iron</i> ” or “ <i>Soluble Iron</i> ,” so-called), see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.....			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also:</i>			
Iron, albuminate.....	} <i>saccharated.</i>		
“ carbonate—( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.)—			
“ iodide—( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> )—.....			
“ peptonized.....			
“ sulphate, Ferrous.....			
“ Mono-compounds: Manganese-Ferrous carbonate ..			
“ salicylate.....	oz. .35		
“ santoninate ( <i>not santonate!</i> ),— easily soluble in Alcohol; hardly so in Water.....	oz. 2.00		
“ sesqui-bromide, see Iron, tri-bromide. .			
“ sesqui-chloride, see Iron, tri-chloride. .			
“ stearate.....	oz. .35		
“ sub-carbonate, so-called,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870,—( <i>Aperient Crocus of Iron</i> ), see Iron, oxide, brown, (etc.).....			
“ sub-sulphate, (Basic Ferric Sulphate), [ <i>Monsel's Salt</i> ], pure.....	lb. .60		
N. B.— <i>Solution of do.</i> , ( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ),— [ <i>Monsel's Sol.</i> ],—see under Sols.			
“ succinate.....	oz. .60		
“ sulphate, Ferric, normal, (Per-[Sesqui] sulphate); [ <i>Ter-sulphate</i> ].....	lb. .40		
“ “ do., basic, ( <i>Monsel's Salt</i> ), see Iron, sub-sulphate.....			
“ “ Ferrous, pure, (Pure Iron Vitriol; Pure Green Vitriol), <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .25		
“ “ “ pure, (do.; do.), small <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>Ph. Neerl.</i> .....	lb. .30		
“ “ “ pure, precipitated by Alcohol,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,— (“ <i>Precipitated Iron</i> ,” “ <i>Granulated Iron</i> ,”—so-called),— <i>Ferri sulphas præcipitatus, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .30		
“ “ “ pure, calcined (exsiccated, dried),— <i>Ferri sulphas exsiccatus, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .40		
“ “ “ crude, <i>cryst.</i> , (Crude Iron Vitriol; Crude Green Vitriol)	lb. .20		
“ “ “ saccharated, <i>cryst.</i> .....	lb. .75		
“ sulphide (sulphuret).....	lb. .25		
“ “ in sticks.....	lb. .35		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. .20		
“ tannate.....	oz. .25		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, tartarated ( <i>tartarized</i> ), see Iron, <i>Sesqui</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —[ <i>Do not confound with Iron, tartrate</i> ,—(below)!] . . . . .			
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>Compare, also</i> :—Iron, <i>Mono</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—( <i>Ferrated Tartar</i> ; <i>Iron-Tartar</i> );—etc.; etc.			
“ tartrate, Ferric, in scales } —[ <i>Do not con-</i>	oz. .35		
“ “ Ferrous . . . . . } <i>found with</i>	oz. .35		
Iron, <i>tartarated</i> ,—(above);—nor with <i>Iron-Tartar</i> ,—(referred-to under same)!]			
“ tri-bromide (sesqui-bromide), [Ferric Bromide], liquid,— <i>sp. gr.</i> 1.400 . . . .	oz. .40		
“ tri-chloride (sesqui-chloride; per-chloride), [Normal Ferric Chloride], <i>cryst., dry</i> . . . . .	lb. .60		
“ “ <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—free from Nitric Acid . . . . .	lb. .60		
“ “ sublimed, anhydrous . . . . .	oz. .40		
“ “ with Ammonium Chloride,—(so-called “Ammoniated Iron”),—see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride . . . . .			
“ tri-oxide (ter-oxide), see Iron, oxide, red valerianate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. .35		
Iron,—albuminated Oxide or Salts of,—see under Iron: albuminate, etc., etc.; lactate; phosphate; pyro-phosphate .			
“ granulated . . } —so-called,—see Iron, sulphate,			
“ precipitated, } Ferrous, pure, precipitated by			
Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Quevenne's, so-called, see Iron, metallic, reduced:— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , and others			
“ saccharated, } —so-called,—see Iron, oxide,			
“ soluble . . . . } red, saccharated . . . . .			
“ —saccharated Sa'ts of,—see <i>reference</i> under Iron, saccharate.			
Iron and Ammonium, chloride, (so-called “Ammoniated Iron”), see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride . .			
“ and do., arsenicico-citrate, see Iron, arseniate and citrate, ammoniated . .			
“ and do.:—Citrate; Sulphate; Tartrate,— <i>all U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Iron, <i>Sesqui</i> -compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate;—sulphate;—tartrate. . . . .			
“ and Calcium, lacto-phosphate, see Calcium, ferro-lacto-phosphate . . . . .			
“ and Lead, cyanide, so-called, see Lead, ferro-cyanide . . . . .			
“ and Lithium, salts, see “Lithium, ferro—,” etc. . . . .			
“ and Mercury, cyanide, so-called, see Mercury, ferro-cyanide . . . . .			
“ and Potassium, ferro-cyanide, (Potassium Ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,—soluble . . . . .			
“ and do., tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—( <i>Tartarated</i> [ <i>Tartarized</i> ] <i>Iron</i> ,— <i>not</i> : “ <i>Iron-Tartar</i> ”),—see Iron, <i>Sesqui</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate . . . . .			
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>Compare, also</i> :—Iron, <i>Mono</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—( <i>Ferrated Tartar</i> ; <i>Iron-Tartar</i> );—etc.; etc.			
“ and Quinine, citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other formulas,—see Quinine, ferri-citrate, etc., etc. . . . .			

	Containers incl.			
<b>Iron and Quinine</b> ,— <i>other double salts</i> (than above),—see “Quinine, ferri—,” etc.				
“ and <b>Strychnine</b> , citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Strychnine, ferri-citrate . . . . .				
“ and <b>Zinc</b> , cyanide, so-called, see Zinc, ferro-cyanide . . . . .				
<b>Iron, Mono-compounds</b> , (Ferro- double salts):				
Ammonio-Ferrous cyanide . . . . .	lb.	2.50		
“ sulphate, cryst. . . . .	lb.	.50		
Magneso-Ferrous citrate . . . . .	oz.	.25		
“ do., effervescent, yellow . . . . .	oz.	.30		
“ lactate . . . . .	oz.	.50		
Mangano-Ferrous carbonate . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ do., saccharated . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ chloride . . . . .	oz.	.40		
“ citrate . . . . .	oz.	.30		
“ cyanide . . . . .	oz.	.30		
“ iodide . . . . .	oz.	1.00		
“ lactate . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ pyro-phosphate . . . . .	oz.	.40		
“ sulphate . . . . .	oz.	.20		
<b>Potassio-Ferrous citrate</b> . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ cyanide, so-called, (Yellow Prussiate of Potassa),—see Potassium, ferro-cyanide, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , etc. . . . .				
“ tartrate, ( <i>Ferrated Tartar, Iron-Tartar</i> ;— <i>not to be confounded with:</i> TARTARATED [TARTARIZED] IRON,— <i>which see, under:</i> —Iron, Sesqui- compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> );—powder . . . . .	lb.	.75		
“ “ in globules, (so-called: Iron Pellets, Steel Pellets) . . . . .	lb.	.85		
“ “ green . . . . .	lb.	2.00		
<b>Sodio-Ferrous benzoate</b> . . . . .	oz.	1.00		
“ citrate . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ cyanide, so-called, see Sodium, ferro-cyanide . . . . .				
<b>Iron, Sesqui-compounds</b> , (Ferrid- double salts):				
Aluminio-Ferric sulphate, see Alum, ferric				
Ammonio-Ferric arseniate and citrate, see Iron, arsen. and citr., ammoniated.				
“ bromide . . . . .	oz.	.50		
“ chloride, (so - called “Ammoniated Iron”), see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride . . . . .				
“ citrate, brown, in scales, — <i>Ferri et Ammonii citras, U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .				
“ “ green, in scales . . . . .				
“ cyanide . . . . .	lb.	1.10		
“ oxalate, cryst. . . . .	lb.	1.40		
“ sulphate,— <i>Ferri et Ammonii sulphas, U. S. Ph.</i> ,— and Ph. G. I.,— (Ammonio-Ferric Alum, Ammoniacal Iron-alum) . . . . .	lb.	.75		
“ tartrate, ( <i>Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar, Ammonio-Ferric Tartar, Ferrid-ammoniacal Tartar</i> ),— <i>Ferri et Ammonii tartras, U. S. Ph.</i> ,— in scales . . . . .	lb.	1.50		
<b>Calcio-Ferric cyanide</b> , so-called, see Calcium, ferrid-cyanide . . . . .				
<b>Mangano-Ferric phosphate</b> , with Ammonium Citrate . . . . .				
<b>Potassio-Ferric cyanide</b> , so - called, (Red Prussiate of Potassa), see Potassium, ferrid-cyanide, etc. . . . .				

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, Sesqui-compounds, (Ferrid- double salts),— <i>continued</i> :			
Potassio-Ferric oxalate, cryst. ....	lb. 2.00		
“ pyro-phosphate. ....	oz. .75		
“ sulphate, (Potassio-Ferric Alum, Potassio Iron-alum), pure. ....	lb. .60		
“ tartrate,— <i>Ferri et Potassii tartras, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—( <i>Tartarated Iron, Tartarized Iron</i> ),—brown, in scales. ....	oz. .30		
N. B.—The above is <i>not to be confounded with</i> : FERRATED TARTAR; IRON-TARTAR,— <i>which see, under</i> : Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—powder; do. do., globules; do. do., green.			
Sodio-Ferric oxalate. ....	oz. .30		
“ pyro-phosphate. ....	oz. .30		
“ “ in scales. ....	oz. .35		
“ tartrate, in scales. ....	oz. .30		
Iron-Albumin, in scales; and do., peptonized; and do., saccharated;—see Iron, albuminate, etc. ....			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :			
Iron, lactate. ....	} <i>albuminated.</i>		
“ phosphate. ....			
“ pyro-phosphate. ....			
Iron Alum, see Alum, ferric. ....			
“ “ ammoniacal, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferric sulphate. ....			
“ “ potassic, see do., do.: Potassio-ferric sulphate. ....			
Iron Ethiops, see Iron, oxide, black. ....			
Iron Pellets, so-called, see Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate, in globules. ....			
Iron-Sugar (Ferruginated Sugar), [so-called “Saccharated Iron” or “Soluble Iron”], see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated. ....			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :			
Iron, albuminate. ....	} <i>saccharated.</i>		
“ carbonate—( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.)—			
“ iodide—( <i>U. S. Ph.</i> )—			
“ peptonized. ....			
“ sulphate, Ferrous. ....			
“ Mono-compounds: Manganio-Ferrous carbonate. ....			
Iron-Tartar ( <i>Ferrated Tartar</i> ), see Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate, etc. ....			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Iron, Sesqui-compounds, Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—( <i>Tartarated</i> [ <i>Tartarized</i> ] <i>Iron</i> ).			
“ ammoniacal, ( <i>Ammonio-Ferric Tartar; Ferrid-ammoniacal Tartar</i> ), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: <i>Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, U. S. Ph.</i> ....			
Iron Vitriol, ( <i>Green Vitriol</i> ), see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous:— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; do. precipitated; do. exsiccated;—and other grades and forms			
Isatin. ....	15 gr. 1.00		
Iso-butyl-aldehyd (Iso-butyr-aldehyd). . . .	15 gr. .50		
Iso-butyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, amylie, primary. ....			
Iso-Naphthol, see Naphthol, Beta. ....			
Iso-propyl-benzene (-benzol), see Cumene.			
Iso-propyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, butylie, Iso- . . . . .			





	Containers incl.		
<b>Jaborine</b> .....	15 gr. 4.00		
<b>Jalapin</b> — (identical with SCAMMONIN);— [“White Resin” of Fusiform Jalap].— <i>The pure Glucoside</i> from Male (light, Orizaba)			
<b>Jalap-root</b> — <i>Ipomœa orizabensis</i> ; or from Scammony-root .....	oz. 1.00		
N.B.— <i>See, also</i> :—Resins: Jalap,—brown: from the <i>light</i> Root.			
<b>James's Antimonial Powder</b> , ( <i>J.'s Febrile Powder</i> ), see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
<b>Jervine</b> .....	15 gr. 4.00		
<b>Juglandin</b> .....	15 gr. .35		
<b>Juice of Juniper-berries</b> , inspissated, see Extracts: Juniper .....			
“ of Papaw ( <i>Carica papaya</i> —Melon-tree), —dry .....	½ oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ of Snails, saccharated, see <i>Helicina</i> ..			
<b>Juices (Succi)</b> , from fresh herbs,—all accord- ing to <i>U. S. Ph. of 1870</i> :—			
<i>Belladonna</i> ( <i>Deadly Nightshade</i> ): leaves and young branches .....	lb. 1.00		
<i>Conium</i> ( <i>Hemlock</i> ): leaves .....	lb. 1.00		
<i>Digitalis</i> ( <i>Foxglove</i> ): leaves .....	lb. 1.00		
<i>Hyoscyamus</i> ( <i>Henbane</i> ): leaves and young branches .....	lb. 1.00		
<i>Scoparius</i> ( <i>Broom</i> ): tops .....	lb. 1.10		
<i>Taraxacum</i> ( <i>Dandelion</i> ): root .....	lb. 1.00		
<b>Juniper-tar</b> , see Oils, divers: Cade .....			
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.....			
<b>Kali, Kalium</b> , and compounds,—see <i>Po- tassa</i> , etc.; and, <i>Potassium</i> , etc. ....			
<b>Kamalin</b> , <i>cryst.</i> .....	15 gr. .25		
<b>Karlsbad Thermal Salt</b> ,—artificial; and, <i>true</i> ,—see <i>Salt, Karlsbad</i> , etc., etc.; etc. ....			
<b>Kefir (Kephir) Fungi</b> .....	oz. 1.00		
<b>Keratin</b> ( <i>Corneous Substance, Horn-sub- stance</i> ) .....	oz. .75		
<b>Keratin</b> , pepsinized; for coating <i>Ileac</i> pills,—acc. to <i>Dr. Unna</i> .....	oz. 6.00		
N.B.— <i>Ileac pills</i> are to pass the stomach undissolved, and develop their action only in the intestines.			
<b>Kermes Mineral</b> , see <i>Antimony, sulphide</i> , <i>red</i> ,—so-called .....			
<b>King's Yellow</b> , see <i>Arsenic, Yellow sul- phide</i> .....			
<b>Kosin Merck, <i>cryst.</i></b> —( <i>Cosin</i> ) .....	15 gr. 1.00		
<b>Koussein Merck, amorphous</b> ,—( <i>Coussein, Kos- sein; Brayrin</i> ) .....	½ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
<b>Kreatine</b> , and <b>Kreatinine</b> , see <i>Creatine</i> , and <i>Creatinine</i> .....			
<b>Kreosote</b> , see <i>Creasote</i> .....			
<b>Kresol</b> , see <i>Acid, cresylic</i> .....			
<b>Kreuznach Salt</b> , (“ <i>Kreuznacher Mutter- laugensalz</i> ”), see <i>Salt, Kreuznach</i> .....			
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	Containers incl.		
<b>Lac Sulphuris purum</b> , see Sulphur, precipitated, pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
<b>Lacmoid</b> , chem. pure, in scales;—an extremely sensitive substitute for Litmus....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
<b>Lacmus</b> ( <i>Chemically Pure</i> Litmus),—according to Wartha;—free from Lime and from the reddish colorifics soluble in Alcohol....	oz. 1.00		
N.B.—See, also: Litmus, commercial.			
<b>Lacto-Pepsin</b> (miscalled “Lacto-peptine”) [also called “Lactated Pepsin”], see Pepsin, Lacto-.....			
<b>Lactose</b> ( <i>Lactin</i> ), see Milk-sugar.....			
<b>Lactucarium, Gallic</b> , (Thridace), [Dried milk-juice of Garden Lettuce— <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ],—in tablets.....	oz. .40		
<b>Lactucarium, Germanic</b> , (the so-called “Lettuce-opium”),—	(Dried milk-juice of <i>Acrid Lettuce—Lactuca virosa.</i> )		
“ do.,—I. ....	oz. .60		
“ “ crumbs.....	oz. .45		
“ “ fine powder.....	oz. .40		
“ “ purified,—soft or dry,—see Extracts: Lactucarium.....	oz. .50		
<b>Lactucin</b> ,—from Lactucarium .....	15 gr. 4.50		
<b>Lævulose</b> (Levulose), see Fruit-sugar, I. ....			
<b>Lamine Sulphate</b> .—( <i>Lamine</i> —the Alkaloid of Blind-Nettle [ <i>Lamium album</i> ])—is a powerful hemostatic, adapted for subcutaneous application.) .....			
<b>Lana Collodii</b> , see Collodion Cotton .....			
<b>Lanolin</b> (Cholestearin Fat), in tins.....	lb. .80		
“ chem. pure, anhydrous.....			
<b>Lantanin</b> .....			
<b>Lanthan</b> (Lanthanum), metallic, powder... 15 gr. 10.00			
“ chloride..... 15 gr. 1.00			
“ oxide..... 15 gr. 1.50			
“ sulphate..... 15 gr. 1.00			
<b>Lapis divinus</b> , (Divine stone, Ophthalmic stone), so-called, see Copper, aluminated .....			
“ <i>infernalis</i> , see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey..			
<b>Laudanum</b> , see Tinctures: Opium; simple.			
“ <i>Sydenham's</i> , see Tinctures: Opium,—saffronated.....			
<b>Lead</b> ( <i>Plumbum</i> ), double salts of, see “Lead and—” (below!) .....			
“ metallic, pure, bars.....	lb. .65		
“ “ “ ribbon.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ granulated,—free fr. Silver.....	lb. .35		
“ “ chem. pure, powder.....	lb. 1.00		
“ acetate, mono-plumbic,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Sugar of Lead— <i>Saccharum plumbi [saturni]</i> ), chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .50		
“ “ do., pure, cryst.....	lb. .45		
“ “ “ purified, cryst.....	lb. .40		
“ acetate, basic (tri-plumbic, tri-basic). [Sub-acetate of Lead].....	lb. 1.75		
“ “ “ —solution, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , [Vinegar of Lead; “Goulard's Extract”], see under Solutions..			
“ benzoate.....	oz. .65		
“ borate.....	oz. .30		
“ bromide.....	oz. .50		
“ carbolate, see Lead, phenate.....			
“ carbonate, neutral, purified.....	lb. .50		
“ “ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 1.00		

	Containers incl.		
Lead, carbonate, basic, (oxy-carbonate; hydrocarbonate), [White Lead],— <i>Plumbi carbonas, U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ chloride, pure .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ II .....	lb. .60		
“ chromate, pure, fused .....	lb. 1.10		
“ “ “ powder .....	lb. 1.10		
“ cyanide .....	oz. .50		
“ ferro-cyanide .....	oz. .25		
“ formate, pure, dry .....	oz. .60		
“ hydroxide (hydrate), mono-plumbic, [Mono-hydrated Prot-oxide of Lead], see Lead, oxide, mono-hydrated .....			
“ hypo-phosphite .....	oz. .75		
“ hypo-sulphite, see Lead, thio-sulphate.			
“ iodide, powder,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .36		
“ “ cryst. ....	oz. .60		
“ lactate .....	oz. .35		
“ malate, pure .....	oz. 1.25		
“ molybdate (molybdenate) .....	oz. 1.00		
“ mono-chlor-acetate .....	oz. 5.00		
“ nitrate .....	lb. .35		
“ “ pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .50		
“ nitrite .....	oz. .50		
“ oleate .....	oz. .25		
“ oxalate .....	lb. 1.50		
“ oxide (prot-oxide, mon-oxide; yellow oxide), anhydrous, fused,—[Litharge],—pure .....	lb. .70		
“ “ do., do., chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ...	lb. 1.10		
“ “ mono-hydrated, (Mono-plumbic Hydroxide), pure .....	lb. 2.50		
“ per-oxide (bin-[di-] oxide; brown oxide), —[Anhydrous Plumbic Acid],— (Puce [Brown] Lead) .....	lb. .60		
“ “ pure .....	lb. .85		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate) .....	oz. .35		
“ phosphate, pure .....	oz. .30		
“ phosphite .....	oz. .50		
“ rhodanide, see Lead, sulpho-cyanate.			
“ salicylate .....	oz. .75		
“ silicate .....	oz. .25		
“ sub-acetate, see Lead, acetate, basic...			
“ “ solution, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Vinegar of Lead; “Goulard's Extract”),— see Solut's: Lead acetate, basic			
“ sulphate, (Lead Vitriol) .....	lb. .40		
“ “ chem. pure .....	lb. .50		
“ sulphide (sulphuret) .....	lb. 1.35		
“ sulphite .....	lb. 1.50		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate) .....	oz. .30		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide) .....	oz. .25		
“ tannate, dry .....	oz. .30		
“ tartrate .....	oz. .25		
“ thio-cyanate, see Lead, sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”) .....	lb. .75		
“ vanadate .....	15 gr. .75		
“ wolframate (tungstate) .....	oz. 1.25		
Lead, puce ( <i>brown</i> ), see Lead, per-oxide; etc.			
“ white, see Lead, carbonate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
Lead and Iron, cyanide, so-called, see Lead, ferro-cyanide .....			
“ and Platinum, cyanide, see under Platinum double Cyanides .....			
“ and Sodium, thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”) .....	oz. .50		

	Containers incl.			
Lead, so-called Sugar of, see Lead, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
“ Vinegar of, (“Goulard’s Extract”), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
“ Vitriol of, see Lead, sulphate, etc. ....				
Leaves, Senna-,—free from resin,—see Senna, leaves, deresinated. ....				
Lecithin .....	15 gr.	2.50		
Lemon-camphor, so-called, see Turpentine-oil, di-hydrochlorate. ....				
Legumin (Vegetable Casein from legumes). ....	15 gr.	.40		
Lepidine .....	oz.	1.00		
Leptandrin .....	oz.	.50		
Leptandrin Merck, pure. ....	oz.	2.50		
Lettuce-opium, so-called, see Lactucarium, Germanic, etc. ....				
Leucine, pure, (Amido-caproic Acid) .....	15 gr.	2.00		
“ hydro-chlorate .....	15 gr.	2.00		
Leucoline (Leucol), synthetic, see Quinoline .....				
Leucotin, from Coto-bark .....	15 gr.	.40		
Levulose (Lævulose), see Fruit-sugar, I. ....				
Libavius’s Fuming Spirit, so-called, see Tin, tetra-chloride. ....				
Lignite Tar, see Oils, divers: Lignite. ....				
Lime (Calx),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Pure Burnt Lime), [Dry Caustic Oxide of Calcium],—from marble .....	lb.	.40		
Lime, antimonio - sulphurated ( <i>stibiato-sulphurated</i> ), [Antimonic Liver of Lime; Antimoniated (Stibiated) Calcic Liver of Sulphur; Calcic Liver of Antimony], (Calx Antimonii [Stibii] <i>cum Sulphure</i> ),—[so-called “Antimonio-sulphide of Calcium”] .....	lb.	.75		
Lime Hydrochlorate,—so-called,—see Calcium, chloride .....				
“ Saccharate (bi - saccharate),—so-called,—see Calcium, saccharate .....				
Lime, sulphurated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Liver of Lime; Calcic Liver of Sulphur), [sometimes mis-called “Sulphide of Calcium”] .....	lb.	.50		
Lime-water, see Solutions: Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
Liparin .....				
Liquid, Dutch, see Ethylene, chloride (bi-chloride) .....				
Liquid (Water-) Glass, see Potassium, silicate, etc.; and, Sodium, silicate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. ....				
Liquor ammoniæ, (Liquor ammonii caustici), see Ammonia, Water of .....				
“ ammonii caustici spirituosus Dzon-dii, see Ammonia, Spirit of. ....				
“ “ acetatis, see Solutions: Ammonium acetate. ....				
“ anodynus martiatus, see Tinctures: Iron chloride, ethereal. ....				
“ seriparus, (Liquor ad serum lactis parandum), see Rennet Wine. ....				
Liquores, others than above, see Solutions .....				
Litharge, pure; and, chem. pure;—see Lead, oxide, anhydrous, fused, pure; and, chem. pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
Lithium, double and triple salts of, see “Lithium and —” (below!) .....				
“ metallic. ....	15 gr.	10.00		
“ acetate. ....	oz.	.75		
“ arseniate (arsenate). ....	oz.	1.25		
“ benzoate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz.	.50		
“ bi-borate .....	oz.	.75		
“ bi-carbonate, so-called, see Lithium, carbonate, bi- .....				
“ bi-chromate .....	oz.	.60		

Lithium, boro-citrate	Containers incl.			
“ bromide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .75			
“ carbonate, see Lithium, phenate	oz. .38			
“ carbonate	oz. .36			
“ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .38			
“ “ effervescing	oz. .30			
“ “ bi-, — so-called, — <i>is only Lithium carbonate!</i>				
“ chloride	oz. .45			
“ chromate, bi-, see Lithium, bi-chromate				
“ citrate, cryst., — <i>Ph. Brit. new</i>	oz. .36			
“ “ powder, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .35			
“ “ effervescing	oz. .30			
“ ferro-benzoate	oz. 1.00			
“ “ -citrate	oz. 1.00			
“ hippurate	oz. 2.50			
“ ichthyol - sulphonate, see under Ichthyol preparations				
“ iodide	oz. .67			
“ lactate	oz. .75			
“ nitrate	oz. .75			
“ oxalate	oz. 1.00			
“ oxide, caustic	oz. 1.40			
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate)	oz. 1.00			
“ phosphate	oz. 1.25			
“ salicylate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — chem. pure, <i>perl. white</i>	oz. .49			
“ succinate	oz. 1.00			
“ sulphate, <i>cryst.</i>	oz. .45			
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz. .60			
“ sulpho-ichthyolate, see under Ichthyol prep.				
“ tartrate	oz. .75			
“ urate	oz. 2.00			
“ valerianate	oz. 1.00			
Lithium and Iron, benzoate; and, citrate; — see “Lithium, ferro-—,” etc.; etc.				
“ and Potassium, tartrate	oz. 1.75			
“ and Sodium, benzoate	oz. .65			
“ “ “ salicylate	oz. .60			
Lithium, Platinum, and Potassium, cyanuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides.				
Litmus, chem. pure, see Laemus.				
“ commercial				
Litmus Paper, red or blue, see under Paper				
Liver of Antimony, — (sometimes called: “Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony”), — see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i>				
“ “ “ calcic, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated				
“ of Lime, ( <i>Calcic Liver of Sulphur</i> ), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
“ “ “ antimonic, ( <i>Calcic Liver of Antimony</i> ), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated				
“ of Sulphur, ( <i>Potassic L. of S.</i> ), see Potassa, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades				
“ “ “ calcic, see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
“ “ “ —antimoniated ( <i>stibiated</i> ), [ <i>Antimonic Liver of Lime</i> ], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated				
“ “ “ sodic, see Soda, sulphurated, etc.				
Lobeline, sulphate	15 gr. 2.50			



	Containers incl.		
<b>Madagascar Sugar</b> , see Melampyrin . . . . .			
<b>Magdala Red</b> , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Red . . . . .			
<b>Magistry of Bismuth</b> , see Bismuth, sub-nitrate, chem. pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
“ of Sulphur, see Sulphur, precipitated, pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
<b>Magnesia</b> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — light, — (Light Cal- cined Magnesia— <i>Magnesia usta levis</i> ), — see Magnesium, oxide, light. . . . .			
“ <i>alba</i> , so-called, ( <i>Magnesia hydrico-car-</i> <i>bonica</i> ), see Magnesium, carbonate, light, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
“ <i>ponderosa</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , ( <i>Heavy Cal-</i> <i>cined Magnesia</i> ), see Magnesium, ox- ide, heavy . . . . .			
<b>Magnesia Hydrate</b> , moist, see Magnesium, hydroxide, moist . . . . .			
<b>Magnesia, ricinated</b> , see Magnesium, ri- cinate . . . . .			
<b>Magnesium</b> , double salts of, see “Magne- sium and —” (below!) . . . . .			
“ metallic, bars . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
“ “ wire or ribbon . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
“ “ powder . . . . .	oz.	1.00	
“ acetate . . . . .	oz.	.20	
“ ethyl-sulphate, see Magn., eth.-sulph.			
“ benzoate . . . . .	oz.	.40	
“ bi-phosphate, so-called, see Magnesium, phosphate, acid . . . . .			
“ bi-sulphate . . . . .	lb.	2.00	
“ borate . . . . .	oz.	.25	
“ boro-citrate, powder . . . . .	oz.	.22	
“ “ scales . . . . .	oz.	.30	
“ bromide . . . . .	oz.	.42	
“ carbonate, heavy (cryst.) [neutral] . . . . .	lb.	1.25	
“ “ light (so-called “amorphous”) [basic], — (sub-carbonate), — [so- called “ <i>Magnesia alba</i> ”]; <i>Magne-</i> <i>sia hydrico-carbonica</i> ], — <i>Mag-</i> <i>nesii carbonas</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb.	.50	
“ chloride, crude . . . . .	lb.	.30	
“ “ pure, cryst. . . . .	lb.	.40	
“ “ chem. pure, cryst. . . . .	lb.	.50	
“ “ “ fused . . . . .	lb.	.75	
“ citrate, soluble . . . . .	lb.	1.50	
“ “ in scales . . . . .	oz.	.40	
“ “ effervescent, — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> , — ( <i>Pulvis</i> <i>aërophorus cum Magnesia ci-</i> <i>trica</i> ) . . . . .	lb.	1.25	
“ “ effervescent, granulated, — <i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i> , — ( <i>Granella aërophora cum</i> <i>Magnesia citrica</i> ) . . . . .	lb.	.75	
“ ergotate, see Magnesium, scl-rotate . . . . .	15 gr.	.50	
“ ethyl-sulphate (sulpho-vinate) . . . . .	oz.	.35	
“ formate . . . . .	oz.	.50	
“ hydroxide, ( <i>Magnesia Hydrate</i> ), moist, pultaceous, [ <i>Magnesia hydrica pulti-</i> <i>formis</i> ], — according to the Table of Re-agents of <i>Ph. G. II.</i> . . . . .	lb.	.75	
“ hypo-phosphite, chem. pure, cryst. . . . .	oz.	.35	
“ hypo-sulphite, see Magnesium, thio-sul- phate . . . . .			
“ iodide . . . . .	oz.	.70	
“ lactate, pure . . . . .	oz.	.35	
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate) . . . . .	oz.	.35	
“ malate . . . . .	oz.	1.50	
“ nitrate, pure . . . . .	lb.	1.00	
“ oxalate . . . . .	lb.	1.50	

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!



	Containers incl.		
<b>Magnesium</b> , oxide, light, (Light Calcined Magnesia—Magnesia usta levis),— <i>Magnesia</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .55		
“ “ heavy, (Heavy Calcined Magnesia).— <i>Magnesia ponderosa</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .75		
“ “ hydrated, moist, see Magnesium, hydroxide, moist. . . . .			
“ phosphate, acid, (so-called “bi-phosphate”) . . . . .	oz. .35		
“ “ neutral, (Tri-magnesian ortho-Phosphate), pure . . . . .	oz. .19		
“ “ do., II . . . . .	oz. .18		
“ phospho-lactate, see Magnesium, lacto-phosphate. . . . .			
“ rhodanide, see Magnesium, sulpho-cyanate . . . . .			
“ ricinate, (Magnesia-and-Castor-oil Soap—Sapo ricini magnesiens), [Ricinized Magnesia]. . . . .	lb. 1.75		
“ salicylate, cryst.,—easily soluble.—(A mild succedaneum for Bismuth Salicylate.) . . . . .	oz. .55		
“ sclerotate (ergotate) . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
“ silicate . . . . .	oz. .35		
“ succinate . . . . .	oz. .60		
“ sulphate, (Epsom Salt— <i>Sal amarum</i> ), cryst., perfectly colorless . . . . .	lb. .30		
“ “ dry, perfectly white. . . . .	lb. .35		
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .35		
“ “ “ “ exsiccated . . . . .	lb. .35		
“ “ bi-, see Magnesium, bi-sulphate. . . . .			
“ sulphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	lb. .80		
“ sulpho-carbolate (sulpho-phenate, phenol-sulphonate) . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide) . . . . .	oz. .30		
“ sulpho-vinate, see Magnesium, ethylsulphate . . . . .			
“ tartrate,—according to Rademacher . . . . .	oz. .35		
“ thio-cyanate, see Magn., sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hyposulphite”) . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ urate . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ valerianate . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
<b>Magnesium and Ammonium</b> , arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
“ and do., chloride—[ $Mg Cl_2 \cdot N H_4 Cl \cdot 6 H_2 O$ ].—(Used for preparing the Magnesia mixture for the determination of Phosphoric Acid.) . . . . .			
“ and do., phosphate . . . . .	lb. 2.00		
“ “ “ sulphate . . . . .	lb. .60		
“ and Iron, salts, see under Iron, Mono-compounds. . . . .			
“ and Platinum, cyanide, see under Platinum double Cyanides. . . . .			
“ and Sodium, salts, see Sod. and Magn.			
<b>Magnetic Oxide</b> , see Iron, oxide, black. . . . .			
<b>Magnus's “Green Salt,”</b> see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum tetr-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride. . . . .			
<b>Malachite</b> , blue, artificial, see Copper, carbonate, blue. . . . .			
“ ( <i>Green Malachite</i> ), artificial, see Copper, carbonate, green. . . . .			
<b>Malachite Green</b> , (not in any manner related to <i>Green Malachite!</i> ), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Green. . . . .			
<b>Maltin</b> , see Diastase of Malt. . . . .			

	Containers incl.		
<b>Manchester Yellow</b> , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow.....			
<b>Manganese</b> (Manganum), double salts of, see "Manganese and —" (below)....			
“ metallic .....	15 gr. .15		
“ acetate .....	oz. .25		
“ arseniate (arsenate), pure.....	oz. .45		
“ benzoate .....	oz. 1.00		
“ bin-oxide, see Manganese, per-oxide, artificial; — also: Manganese, oxide, black, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ bi-silicate, see Manganese, silicate.....			
“ borate. — [A paint-drier (siccative).]....	lb. .45		
“ bromide.....	oz. .62		
“ carbonate, Manganous, chem. pure....	lb. 2.00		
“ chloride, Manganous, pure, cryst.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ “ fused.....	oz. .40		
“ “ “ “ crude.....	lb. .40		
“ citrate .....	oz. .50		
“ di-oxide, see Manganese, per-oxide, artificial; — also: Manganese, oxide, black, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ hypo-phosphite, chem. pure, cryst.....	oz. .35		
“ hypo-sulphate .....	oz. 1.00		
“ iodide.....	oz. .75		
“ lactate .....	oz. .45		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate).....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, pure.....	oz. .30		
“ oleate.....	oz. .35		
“ oxalate.....	oz. .30		
“ oxide, sesqui-, (Manganic oxide), anhydrous, pure.....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ “ hydrated.....	lb. .75		
“ “ black, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Native Peroxide [Bin-oxide, Di-oxide] of Manganese), — [at least 66% $MnO_2$ ]; — (Black Manganese; also called “Pyrolusite”).....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ do., purified, see Manganese, per-oxide.....			
“ per-oxide (di-oxide), artificial, pure, — [abt. 90% $MnO_2$ ]; — (Purified Black Oxide of Manganese; Purified Black Manganese).....	lb. 2.00		
“ phosphate, Manganous, pure.....	oz. .45		
“ phospho-lactate, see Manganese, lacto-phosphate.....			
“ salicylate.....	oz. 1.50		
“ sesqui-oxide, see Manganese, oxide, sesqui-; etc.....			
“ silicate (bi-silicate). — [Used in enameling.].....	oz. .40		
“ succinate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ sulphate, Manganous, crude.....	lb. .50		
“ “ do., pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i> .....	lb. .80		
“ “ “ “ cxsiccated.....	lb. 2.00		
“ sulphite.....	lb. 1.75		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. .50		
“ tannate.....	oz. .55		
“ tartrate.....	oz. .55		
“ valerianate.....	oz. 1.50		
<b>Manganese, black</b> ; and; do., do., purified; — see Manganese, oxide, black, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and; do., per-oxide, artificial.....			
<b>Manganese and Iron</b> , salts, see under Iron, Mono-compounds; and under Iron, Sesqui-compounds.....			
“ and Zinc, chloride, see Z. and M., chl.			

	Containers incl.		
Manna-sugar, (Mannitol, Mannol; Fraxin-Mannit.....) in; Granatin;—formerly also called "Punicin")..	lb. 2.50		
" recrystallized from Alcohol.....	oz. .40		
Martius Yellow, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes; Yellow.....			
Mass (Pill-mass), mercurial, [Mass of Mercury— <i>Massa hydrargyri</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—Blue Mass].....	lb. 2.50		
" Vallet's, (Mass of Carbonate of Iron— <i>Massa ferri carbonatis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;— <i>Massa ferrata</i> ).....	lb. .75		
Meat-sugar, see Inosit.....			
Meconin (Opianyl).....	15 gr. 1.00		
Melampyrit (Melampyrin; Dulcit, Dulcin, Dulcol, Dulcose, Dulcitol; Evonymit) [ <i>Madagascar Sugar</i> ], cryst.....	oz. 2.50		
Melanin.....	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>100</sub> gr. 1.00		
Menthol (Peppermint-camphor), Japanese, cryst., dry,—in original 5-lb. tins, or in broken packages.....	lb. 3.00		
" recrystallized, chem. pure.....	lb. 4.00		
" benzoated.....	oz. 1.50		
Mercaptan, ethylic, (Ethyl Hydrosulphide [Sulphydrate]; Ethylic Thio-alcohol).....	15 gr. .35		
Mercur-ammonium, chloride, see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—infusible.....			
" -di-ammonium, chloride, see do., do., do., fusible.....			
" -di-benzene ( <i>Di-phenyl-mercury</i> ).—See remark relating to this non-medicinal, extremely poisonous metallo-organic compound,—under: "Mercury, diphenate"; with which the former is sometimes erroneously confounded.			
" -thymol, (Thymol-Mercury), acetate,—[Thymol-acetate of Mercury].....			
Mercurial Ethiops, see Mercury, sulphide, black,—so-called.....			
Mercury (Mercurius; Hydrargyrum), double salts of, see "Mercury and —" (below!).....			
" metallic,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .90		
" chem. pure.....	lb. 1.05		
" acetate, Mercurous [Suboxide salt].....	oz. .40		
" " Mercuric [Peroxide salt].....	oz. .35		
" albuminated, fluid,—so-called,—see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, etc. N. B.—See, also: Mercury, bi-chloride, albumino-saccharated, dry.			
" ammoniated, so-called,—( <i>amidato-bi-chloride</i> ),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.,—infusible.....	(Ammonio-chloride of Mercury; Mercur-ammonium Chloride;—Infusible White Precipitate)	lb. 1.50	
" do., do., fusible,—Ph. Neerl.,—(Mercur-di-ammonium Chloride; Fusible White Precipitate).....		lb. 1.50	
N. B.—The above two preparations should not be confounded with the following:—			
" ammoniated Nitrate of, ( <i>Black Precipitate</i> ), see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called.....			
" antimonio-sulphide, ( <i>Antimonial Ethiops</i> ), [Black Sulphides of Antimony and Mercury; Mercurous Sulphide with Antimonious Sulphide].....	lb. 1.25		
" arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. .40		

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	Containers incl.			
Mercury, arsenite .....	oz. .60			
“ arsenio-iodide, (Bin-iodide of Mercury with Ter-iodide of Arsenic).....	oz. 1.00			
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>Solution of above double salt</i> , (Solution of Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ), [Donovan's Solution], see under Solutions.				
“ benzoate .....	oz. .60			
“ bi-bromide .....	oz. .45			
“ bi-chloride, called “corrosive chloride”! —(per-chloride), [Corrosive Sublimite], <i>cryst.</i> { <i>Hydrargyri chloridum corrosivum, U. S.</i> }	lb. 1.10			
“ “ powder .....	lb. 1.25			
“ “ recrystallized.....	lb. 1.50			
“ “ albuminated, (so-called “Albuminated Mercury”), <i>fluid</i> , —acc. to Bamberger, [Liquor hydrargyri albuminati B.]; —containing 1% of Corrosive Sublimite.	oz. .35			
“ “ albumino-saccharated (saccharoalbuminated), <i>dry</i> , — acc. to Schneider, — containing 0.4% of Corrosive Sublimite. — [Used for wound-dressing, it furnishes a constant source of Hg Cl <sub>2</sub> ,—which salt is gradually dissolved-out by the serum secretion.] .....				
“ “ carbamidated (ureated), [Corrosive Sublimite with Urea], (so-called “Carbamidated” or “Ureated Mercury”).....	oz. 1.00			
“ “ peptonized, (so-called “Peptonized Mercury”), <i>liquid</i> , — [1% of Sublimite].....				
“ “ “ <i>dry</i> , — [10% of Sublimite]..	oz. .50			
“ bin-iodide (per-iodide) [red iodide], ( <i>Mercuric Iodide</i> ), — <i>Hydrargyri iodidum rubrum, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .34			
“ “ with Arsenic Ter-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide .....				
“ bi-sulphate, —improperly so-called, — see Mercury, sulphate, <i>Mercuric, neutral</i> .				
“ borate, <i>Mercuric</i> [Peroxide salt].....	oz. .50			
“ bromide .....	oz. .45			
“ bi-, see Mercury, bi-bromide.....				
“ carbamidated, — so-called, — see Mercury, <i>bi-chloride</i> , carbamidated .....				
“ <i>carbolate</i> , —acc. to Dr. K. Schadeck, — see Mercury, <i>phenate</i> .....				
“ <i>carbolate</i> , di-, see Mercury, di-phenate.				
“ carbonate, <i>Mercurous</i> [Suboxide salt]..	oz. .50			
“ chloride, — called “mild chloride”! — (proto- or mono-chloride), [Calomel], ( <i>Hydrargyri chloridum mite</i> ), —sublimed, — in lumps. . .	lb. 1.50			
“ “ <i>do.</i> “do. do.” —sublimed, — levigated (washed)..	lb. 1.50			
“ “ “ “ “ condensed by steam	lb. 1.50			
“ “ “ “ “ <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — precipitated; by wet process.....	lb. 1.50			
“ chloride, bi-... } see Mercury, <i>bi-chloride</i> ,				
“ “ corrosive, { <i>ride, U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
“ “ mild, see Mercury, chloride, called “mild chloride”! — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
“ chloro-iodide .....	oz. .50			
“ chromate.....	oz. .40			
“ citrate, — insoluble in Water and in Alcohol .....	oz. .50			

*℞* When ordering, specify: “MERCCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Mercury, cyanide, cryst., <i>U. S. Ph.</i> (Lately, a powerful specific in Diphtheria!)				
“ di-phenate (di-phenylate, di-carbolate), = Hg (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> .....	oz. .40			
N. B.—The above medicinal substance (as also the simple Mercury Phenate), is <i>not to be confounded</i> —as some professional journals have done—with the destructively toxic, and non-medicinal, DI-PHENYL-MERCURY (Mercur-di-benzene) = Hg (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> !	15 gr. .50			
“ ferro-cyanide, pure .....	oz. .50			
“ form-amidated, solution,—[ 1% Per-oxide]	lb. 1.00			
“ “ “ “ —[10% “ “ ]	oz. .30			
“ glyco-cholate, solution,—[ 1% “ “ ]	oz. .50			
“ gyncocardate,—extract consistency.....	oz. 1.50			
“ Hahnemann's soluble, see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called.....				
“ iodide, green (“yellow”), [prot-iodide], (Mercurous Iodide),— <i>Hydrargyri iodidum viride, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .31			
“ “ bin-(per-)... } see Mercury, bin-				
“ “ “ red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , } iodide.....				
“ “ do., with Arsenic Ter-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....				
“ “ sesqui-, see Merc., sesqui-iodide				
“ lactate .....	oz. 1.00			
“ mercaptide .....	15 gr. .50			
“ methylo-chloride .....	15 gr. .50			
“ nitrate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt].....	oz. .25			
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt], normal, cryst.....	oz. .25			
“ “ “ basic, (Sub-nitrate of Mercury), [Nitric Turpeth] ..	oz. .25			
“ “ ammoniated, ( <i>Black Precipitate</i> ), see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called.....				
N. B.—The above preparation should <i>not be confounded</i> with the so-called “Ammoniated Mercury,” <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , etc., ( <i>White Precipitate</i> );— <i>which see also!</i>				
“ oleate,—[15% Per-oxide].....	oz. .30			
“ “ —[10% “ “ ].....	oz. .25			
“ oxalate, Mercurous [Suboxide salt]....	oz. .50			
“ “ Mercuric [Peroxide salt] .....	oz. .55			
“ oxide, black,—so-called,—(Hahnemann's Soluble Mercury; Ammoniated Nitrate of Mercury),—[ <i>Black Precipitate</i> ] .....	oz. .30			
“ “ red,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Mercuric oxide; per-oxide,—by <i>dry</i> process),—[ <i>Red Precipitate</i> ] ..	lb. 1.60			
“ “ “ —levigated .....	lb. 1.75			
“ “ yellow,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Mercuric oxide; per-oxide,—by <i>wet</i> process),—[ <i>Yellow Precipitate</i> ].....	oz. .18			
“ oxy-cyanide.—(Succedaneum for Mercury bi-chloride;—more powerful as a disinfectant; and better tolerated as a medicine.).....				
“ oxy-sulphate, ( <i>Yellow Sub-sulphate of Mercury, U. S. Ph.</i> ), see Mercury, sulphate, Mercuric, <i>basic</i> .....				
“ palmitate,—[10% Per-oxide] .....	oz. .35			
“ peptonized,—so-called,—liquid and dry,—see Mercury, bi-chloride, peptonized, etc.; etc. ....				

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	Containers incl.		
Mercury, per-oxide, by <i>dry</i> process, see Mercury, oxide, red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and: do., do., do., levigated .....			
“ do., by <i>wet</i> process, see Mercury, oxide, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate),—according to Dr. K. Schadeck. .... N.B.— <i>Compare, also, remark under Mercury, di-phenate.</i>	oz. 1.00		
“ phenate, di-, see Mercury, di-phenate. . .			
“ phosphate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt] . . .	oz. .45		
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt] . . . . .	oz. .45		
“ precipitate, black, (Hahnemann's Soluble Mercury), see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called .....			
“ “ red, see Mercury, oxide, red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and: do., do., do., levigated. ....			
“ “ white, infusible, see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—infusible. ....			
“ “ do., fusible, see do., do., do., fusible			
“ “ yellow, see Mercury, oxide, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ rhodanide, see Mercury, sulpho-cyanate			
“ saccharo-albuminated <i>Bi-chloride</i> of,—dry,—see Mercury, bi-chloride, albumino-saccharated, etc. ....			
“ salicylate.—(Anew favored by recent syphilidologists.) .....	oz. 1.00		
“ santoninate ( <i>not santonate!</i> ), Mercurous [Suboxide salt] .....	oz. 1.00		
“ sesqui-iodide, (Mercurio-mercuriodide) soluble, Hahnemann's, see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called .....	oz. 1.00		
“ stearate .....	oz. .40		
“ stibiato-sulphide, see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide .....			
“ sub-nitrate, see Mercury, nitrate, Mercurous, basic .....			
“ sub-sulphate, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Mercury, sulphate, Mercuric, <i>basic</i> . . .			
“ sulphate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt], <i>neutral</i> ,—(Per-sulphate of Mercury; sometimes improperly called “Bi-sulphate”) .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ Mercuric, <i>basic</i> , (Turpeth Mineral), [Oxy-mercuric sulphate; Oxy-sulphate of Mercury];—Yellow Sub-sulphate of Mercury, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.40		
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt] .....	lb. 1.50		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), black,— <i>so-called</i> ;—[Mercurous sulphide, <i>with excess of Sulphur!</i> ];— <i>formerly: U. S. Ph.</i> ;—(Ethiops Mineral, Mercurial Ethiops) .....	lb. .90		
“ “ red (Mercuric),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Best Artificial Cinnabar; Vermillion).	lb. 1.30		
“ sulphite, Mercuric [Peroxide salt], <i>neutral</i> .....			
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide) .....	oz. .35		
“ tannate, Mercurous (Suboxide salt),—containing 50% of Mercury .....	oz. .48		
“ tartrate .....	oz. .40		
“ thio-cyanate, see Mercury, sulpho-cyanate .....			
“ thymol-acetate, see Mercur-Thymol, ac.			
“ ureated (carbamidated),—so-called,—see Merc., <i>bi-chloride</i> , carbamidated . .			

	Containers incl.		
<b>Mercury, di-Phenyl.</b> —See remark under Mercury, di-phenate.			
<b>Mercury and Ammonium, chloride, infusible.</b> — Ph. G. II. — (Ammoniochloride of M., Amidato-bichloride of M., Mercur-ammonium chloride; Infusible White Precipitate).—see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,— <i>infusible</i> .....			
“ and <b>do., do., fusible</b> , (Mercur-di-ammonium chloride; Fusible White Precipitate).—Ph. Neerl.,—see <b>do., do., do., fusible</b> .....			
“ and <b>do., sulphate</b> , ( <i>Tetra-mercur-di-ammonium sulphate</i> ; <i>Di-mercur-ammonium basic sulphate</i> ), [ <i>Ammoniacal Turpeth</i> ].....	lb. 2.00		
“ and <b>Antimony Sulphides</b> (Black Sulphides [ <i>Sulphurets</i> ]), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide.....			
“ and <b>Arsenic Iodides</b> , see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....			
“ and <b>do. do., solution; U. S. Ph.</b> , ( <i>Donovan's Solution</i> ), see Solutions: Arsenic and Mercury Iodides.....			
“ and <b>Iron, cyanide</b> , so-called, see Mercury, ferro-cyanide.....			
“ and <b>Potassium, cyanide</b> .....	oz. .65		
“ “ “ <b>iodide</b> .....	oz. .75		
“ “ “ <b>tartrate</b> .....	oz. .45		
<b>Mercury Amalgams:</b> of Sodium; of Tin and Zinc; and of Zinc;—see: Sodium Amalgam; Zinc Amalgam; Zinc and Tin, Amalgam..			
<b>Mercury with Chalk</b> ,—[1 part of Purified Mercury: 2 of Prepared Chalk].....	lb. 1.25		
<b>Mesitylene, chem. pure</b> .....	15 gr. .40		
<b>meta-Chloral</b> , see Chloral, meta.....			
<b>meta-Di-amido-benzene</b> (-benzol), meta-Phenylene-di-amine], hydrochlorate, see Di-amido-benzene, meta, etc.....			
<b>meta-Di-oxy-toluene, symm.</b> , see Orcin..			
<b>meta-Nitro-aniline</b> , see Nitro-aniline, meta-			
<b>Metal, fusible</b> ,—acc. to Rose.....	oz. 1.00		
“ “ “ “ <b>Wood</b> .....	oz. 1.00		
<b>Methol</b> , see Alcohol, methylic.....			
<b>Meth-oxy-Caffeine</b> , see Methyl-oxy-Caff.			
<b>Methyl, acetate</b> .....	oz. .50		
“ <b>benzoate</b> , (so-called “Essence of Niobe”).....	oz. .60		
“ <b>bi-chloride</b> ,—acc. to Richardson.....	oz. .75		
“ <b>cyanide</b> , (Cyano-methyl), [ <i>Aceto-nitrile</i> ].....	oz. 5.00		
“ <b>butyrate</b> .....	oz. 2.00		
“ <b>formate</b> .....	oz. 1.00		
“ <b>iodide</b> , (Mono-iod-methane).....	oz. 1.00		
“ <b>nitrate</b> .....	oz. 1.00		
“ <b>oxalate</b> .....	oz. 1.00		
“ <b>oxide, hydrated</b> , see Alcohol, methylic.			
“ <b>phenate</b> , see Anisol.....			
“ <b>salicylate</b> , (Mono-methylic Ether of Salicylic Acid), [so-called “Methyl-salicylic Acid,” or “Gaultheric Acid”).—The principal constituent of Wintergreen Oil.....	oz. .65		
“ <b>sebacylate</b> .....	oz. 2.00		
<b>Methyl Chloroform</b> , (Di-chloride of Mono-chlor-ethylidene).....	oz. 1.00		
<b>Methylal</b> .....	oz. 2.50		
<b>Methyl-amine</b> (Amido-methane), chloride..	oz. 3.00		
<b>Methyl-aniline</b> .....	lb. 2.00		
<b>Methyl-benzene</b> (-benzol), see Toluene....			
<b>Methyl-glycocol</b> [-glycocine], see Sarcosine			

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	Containers incl.		
Methyl-oxy-Caffeine (Meth-oxy-Caffeine).	15 gr.	.75	
Methyl-propyl-benzene (-benzol), para-, see Cymene.			
Methyl-Strychnine	15 gr.	5.00	
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate), cryst.	15 gr.	2.00	
Methylene Chloride (Bi-chloride) Merck, chem. pure,—[Di-chlor-methane]	oz.	.60	
Methylene-proto-catechu-aldehyd, see Piperonal, chem. pure			
Mezerein, see Extracts: Mezereon; also, etc.			
Microcosmic Salt, see Sodium and Ammonium, phosphate.			
Milk - sugar (Saccharum lactis; Lactose, Lactin), cryst.	lb.	.50	
“ powder	lb.	.50	
“ —U. S. Ph.,—recrystallized	lb.	.65	
Milk of Sulphur, pure, see Sulphur, precipi- tated, pure, U. S. Ph.			
Mindererus's Spirit, so-called, see Solu- tions: Ammonium acetate.			
Mineral Chameleon, (Chameleon Mineral), see Potassium, manganate.			
Mineral, Cobaltum-, so-called,—(so-called “Metallic” Arsenic),— see Arsenic, cryst.			
“ Ethiops-, see Mercury, sulphide, black, —so-called			
“ Kermes-, see Antimony, sulphide, red, —so-called			
“ Turpeth-, see Mercury, sulphate, Mer- curic, basic,—U. S. Ph.			
Mirbane Essence, (Mirbane Oil),—so-called, —see Nitro-benzene			
Mollin, pure.	lb.	1.00	
Mollin Ointments,—with:—			
Acid, carbolic,—3-5%	lb.	1.25	
“ salicylic,—3-5%	lb.	1.25	
“ tannic,—5%	lb.	1.25	
Balsam, Peru,—10%	lb.	1.50	
Birch tar, (Pix betulæ),—10-20%	lb.	1.25	
Creolin,—1-2%.—(According to Prof. Dr. Esmarch, a Creolin ointment is prefer- able, as a gynecological lubricant, to a Corrosive-Sublimate preparation.)	lb.	1.50	
Chrys-arobin,—5%	lb.	1.50	
Ichthyol,—10-50%	lb.	2.25	
Iodoform,—10%	lb.	2.50	
Mercury, “ammoniated,” (White Precip- itate),—10%	lb.	1.50	
“ bi-chloride, (Corrosive Sublimate),—1%	lb.	1.50	
“ metallic,—(Blue Ointment),—33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %	lb.	1.75	
“ “—(do. do.),—50%	lb.	2.00	
“ red oxide, (Red Precipitate),—5%	lb.	1.50	
Naphthalene,—10%	lb.	1.25	
Naphthol, Beta,—5%	lb.	1.15	
Potassium Iodide,—10%	lb.	2.25	
Resorcin,—10%	lb.	1.25	
Sozo-iodole	lb.	2.00	
Storax (Styrax),—10%	lb.	1.50	
Sulphur,—30-50%	lb.	1.25	
Thymol,—5%	lb.	1.75	
Molybdenum (Molybdænium), metallic	15 gr.	.50	
“ oxide, pure.	oz.	1.00	
Mono-brom-benzene (-benzol), [Bromated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Bromide)	oz.	1.00	
Mono-brom-ethane, see Ether, hydrobromic			
Mono-brom-naphthalene, Alpha-, see Naphthalene, Alpha-mono-bromated.			
Mono - brom - phenyl - acet - amide, see Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono-			



	Containers incl.			
<b>Mono-chlor-benzene</b> (-benzol), [Chlorated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Chloride) . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
<b>Mono-chlor-ethylene Di-chloride</b> , (Hyper-chlor-acetyl) . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
<b>Mono-chlor-ethylidene Di-chloride</b> , see Methyl Chloroform . . . . .				
<b>Mono-chlor-hydrin</b> . . . . .	oz. 1.50			
<b>Mono-chlor-toluene</b> (-toluol) . . . . .				
<b>Mono-iod-benzene</b> (-benzol), [Iodated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Iodide) . . . . .	oz. 5.00			
<b>Mono-iod-ethane</b> , see Ether, hydro-iodic . . . . .				
<b>Mono-iod-methane</b> , see Methyl, iodide . . . . .				
<b>Mono-methyl-catechol</b> —(Absolute [Medicinal] Guaiacol),—see Guaiacol, chem. pure . . . . .				
<b>Monsel's Salt</b> , see Iron, sub-sulphate . . . . .				
“ <b>Solution</b> , see Solutions: Iron sub-sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .				
<b>Mordant</b> (“Preparing-”) <b>Salt</b> , see Sodium, stannate . . . . .				
<b>Morphine</b> (Morphia, “Morphium”), pure, cryst.,— <i>Morphina, U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 4.50			
“ pure, precipitated . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 4.35			
“ acetate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 2.90			
“ arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ asparagat . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ benzoate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 5.50			
“ bi-meconate, see Morphine, meconate . . . . .				
“ borate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ camphorate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.60			
“ citrate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ ferro-hydrocyanate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ formate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ hydrobromate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ hydrochlorate, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 2.90			
“ “ powder,— <i>Ph. Brit.</i> . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 2.90			
“ hydrocyanate . . . . .				
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate) . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 8.00			
“ hypo-phosphite . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 5.50			
“ lactate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
“ meconate (bi-meconate) . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 3.75			
“ nitrate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ oleate, solution [20% Morphine] . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 3.00			
“ phosphate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 7.00			
“ <b>phtalate</b> ,— <i>soluble in 4 parts Water</i> .—(The solution is very stable, and its subcutaneous administration is reported to be painless.) . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
“ saccharinate (not saccharate!) . . . . .	} True salts of Morphine and Saccharin— which latter see!			
“ “ bi- . . . . .				
“ salicylate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 5.50			
“ sulphate, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,— <i>but soluble (as conforming to Ph. G. II) in 14 parts of Water!</i> . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 2.90			
“ “ with Strychnine . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ tannate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ tartrate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 3.85			
“ valerianate . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 4.75			
<b>Morphine and Codeine</b> , hydrochlorate, see Salt, Gregory's . . . . .				
“ and <b>Iron Oxide</b> , hydrocyanate, see Morphine, ferro-hydrocyanate . . . . .				
<b>Morrhuel</b> .—(Regarded as the active principle of Cod-liver Oil.) . . . . .	15 gr. .28			
<b>Mountain-blue</b> , artificial, see Copper, carbonate, blue . . . . .				
“ -green, artificial, see do., do., green . . . . .				
<b>Mucin</b> ,—from bile . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00			
<b>Muira puama</b> .—(the new Aphrodisiac),—see under Fluid Extracts . . . . .				

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<b>Nacarat</b> , see Carmine, pure, in lumps . . . . .			
<b>Napelline</b> .—Alkaloid from Aconitum napellus or from Aconitum lycoctonum . . . . .			
<b>Naphtha, Coal-tar</b> -, see Benzene, anthracic			
“ <b>Petroleum</b> -, see Benzin, petroleic . . . . .			
“ <b>vitriolic</b> -, so-called,—see Ether, sulphuric . . . . .			
“ <b>Wood</b> -, see Alcohol, methylic . . . . .			
<b>Naphthalene</b> (Naphthalin), crude . . . . .			
“ perf. white, cryst. . . . .			
“ “ “ resublimed . . . . .			
“ chem. pure, purified by Alcohol,—for internal use and antiseptic bandages . . . . .			
“ <b>Alpha-di-chlorated</b> , (Alpha-Di-chlor-naphthalene), cryst.,—melting-point 35° C [95 F] . . . . .			
“ <b>Alpha-mono-bromated</b> , (Alpha-Mono-brom-naphthalene) . . . . .			
“ <b>tetra-chloride</b> . . . . .			
<b>Naphthalene Tapers</b> . . . . .			
<b>Naphthalol</b> , see Betol . . . . .			
<b>Naphtho-quinone</b> (-chinone, -kinone), Alpha- . . . . .			
<b>Naphthol, Alpha</b> -, recryst., perf. white.—(Recently brought to notice as a very efficient bactericide.) . . . . .			
“ <b>Beta</b> -, (Iso-Naphthol), purified . . . . .			
“ “ “ white, cryst. . . . .			
“ “ “ recrystallized . . . . .			
“ “ “ resublimed,— <i>medicinal!</i> . . . . .			
<b>Naphthol, Beta</b> -, salicylate, see Betol . . . . .			
<b>Naphthol Tapers</b> . . . . .			
<b>Naphtho-salol</b> , see Betol . . . . .			
<b>Naphthyl-amine</b> , crude . . . . .			
“ pure, white . . . . .			
“ chloride . . . . .			
<b>Narceine</b> , pure . . . . .			
“ acetate . . . . .			
“ hydrobromate . . . . .			
“ hydrochlorate, Merck, chem. pure.—Prismatic crystals, easily soluble in Alcoholized Water; chemically neutral salt,—answering absolutely to the formula: C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N O <sub>9</sub> .H Cl.—(A valuable sedative and hypnotic, preferred to Morphine,—especially in mental affections.) . . . . .			
“ nitrate . . . . .			
“ sulphate . . . . .			
“ valerianate . . . . .			
<b>Narcotine</b> , pure . . . . .			
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .			
“ sulphate . . . . .			
<b>Natrio-</b> (Sodio-) <b>Ethyl</b> , see Sodium, ethylate, etc., etc. . . . .			
<b>Natrium</b> , <b>Natrum</b> (Natron), and compounds,—see Sodium, etc.; and, Soda, etc.			
<b>Neriin</b> .—Glucoside from Nerium Oleander L.—( <i>Digitalain</i> -action claimed by Schmiedeleberg.) . . . . .			
<b>Neurine</b> , solution [25%] . . . . .			
<b>Nickel</b> (Niccolum), double salts of, see “Nickel and —” (below!) . . . . .			
“ metallic, chem. pure . . . . .			
“ “ —[98–99%], granulated . . . . .			
“ “ —[98–99%], in cubes . . . . .			
“ “ sheet and wire . . . . .			
<b>Containers incl.</b>			
	15 gr.	5.00	
	lb.	.20	
	lb.	.25	
	lb.	.25	
	oz.	.25	
	oz.	.25	
	oz.	1.50	
	oz.	1.25	
	oz.	1.00	
	lb.	1.00	
	15 gr.	6.00	
	oz.	.40	
	lb.	.75	
	oz.	.25	
	oz.	.40	
	oz.	.60	
	lb.	1.00	
	oz.	.40	
	oz.	.45	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	8.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	7.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	1.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	1.50	
	oz. vls. oz.	1.50	
	15 gr.	.45	
	oz.	2.00	
	lb.	1.50	
	lb.	1.50	
	lb.	2.00	

	Containers incl.		
<b>Nickel</b> —(as above!),—metallic:—Anodes, cast or forged .....	lb. 2.00		
<i>Sizes of the Anodes in Millimetres:</i>			
<i>(Extra sizes to order.)</i>			
a: forged.                      b: cast.			
	300×200×2	100×100×3	
	300×200×1	150×80×4	
	200×100×2	200×100×5	
	200×100×1		
“ acetate .....	oz. .50		
“ benzoate .....	oz. .75		
“ bromide .....	oz. .37		
“ carbonate .....	oz. .25		
“ chloride .....	oz. .20		
“ citrate .....	oz. .50		
“ cyanide .....	oz. 1.50		
“ hydroxide, Niccolous, see Nickel, oxydulate, hydrated .....			
“ iodide .....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, pure .....	oz. .25		
“ oxalate .....	oz. .45		
“ oxide, black, (sesqui-oxide) .....	oz. .25		
“ “ “ chem. pure .....	oz. .80		
“ “ green, commercial .....	oz. .25		
“ oxydulate (prot-oxide), hydrated, [Niccolous Hydroxide] .....	oz. .75		
“ phosphate .....	oz. .45		
“ sulphate .....	lb. .60		
“ tartrate .....	oz. .35		
<b>Nickel and Ammonium, chloride</b> .....	oz. .25		
“ “ “ citrate .....	oz. .35		
“ “ “ nitrate .....	oz. .35		
“ “ “ sulphate .....	lb. .60		
“ and Potassium, sulphate .....	oz. .35		
<b>Nicotine</b> .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
<b>Nigrosine</b> ,—Water-soluble; and, Alcohol-soluble,—see under Aniline and Phenol			
Dyes: Black .....			
<b>Nihil album</b> , see Zinc, oxide, by dry process .....			
<b>Niobe Essence</b> , so-called, see Methyl, benzoate .....			
<b>Niobium</b> , metallic, pure .....	15 gr. 5.00		
<b>Nitre</b> , cubic, see Sodium, nitrate .....			
“ lunar, see Silver, nitrate, cryst. ....			
“ prismatic, see Potassium, nitrate, chem. pure, cryst. ....			
“ tabulated, see Potassium, nitrate, in flat drops .....			
<b>Nitric Turpeth</b> , see Mercury, nitrate, Mercurous, basic .....			
<b>Nitro-aniline, meta</b> .....	oz. 3.00		
<b>Nitro-benz-aldehyd, ortho</b> .....			
<b>Nitro-benzene</b> (Nitro-benzol, Nitro-benzide) [so-called “Oil of Mirbane,” “Essence of Mirbane”]—(erroneously called: “Artificial Volatile Oil of Bitter Almonds”,—which latter see, under: Benz-aldehyd!);—light-colored .....	lb. .60		
<b>Nitro-glycerine Tablets</b> , Martindale's,—containing 0.00065 gramme [0.01 grain] of Nitro-glycerine each,—in boxes of 48 or 96 tablets .....			
<b>Nitro-phenol, ortho</b> , colorless crystals,—melting-point 115°C [239 F] .....	oz. 1.00		
“ para-, yellow,—melt.-pt. 45°C [113 F] .....	oz. 1.75		
<b>Normal Solutions</b> , titrated, (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			



	Containers incl.		
<b>Oils, divers, continued:</b>			
Henbane-leaves ( <i>Hyoscyamus</i> ); by digestion, [ <i>Oleo-infusion</i> of <i>Hyoscyamus</i> , <i>Oleum coctum (infusum) Hyoscyami foliorum</i> ]	lb. .60		
Henbane-seed; expressed, fatty	lb. .60		
Juniper-wood; empyreumatic, see Oil, Cade			
Lignite; empyreumatic, — ( <i>Pyro-carbonic Oil</i> ), [ <i>Lignite Tar</i> ]	lb. 1.00		
Mace, so-called, see Oil, Nutmeg; expressed			
— so-called — of Male Fern, ( <i>Oleoresin of Aspidium</i> ), see Extracts: Male Fern, ethereal			
— so-called — of Mirbane, (so-called “Essence of Mirbane”), see Nitro-benzene			
Nutmeg; expressed, — ( <i>Nutmeg-butter</i> ), [so-called “Oil of Mace”]	oz. .40		
Peach-kernel; fatty			
Perseot ( <i>Persico</i> );—for preparing liquors.	oz. 1.50		
Philosophers', — ( <i>Oleum Philosophorum</i> )... pyro-carbonic, see Oil, Lignite	lb. .50		
sulphurated Linseed- ( <i>Flaxseed</i> ), — [ <i>Oleum Lini sulphuratum</i> ], ( <i>Balsam of Sulphur</i> )	lb. .60		
do. do., terebinthinated; ( <i>Haarlem Oil</i> ; <i>Dutch Drops</i> ), [ <i>Oleum Lini terebinthinatum sulphuratum</i> ], ( <i>Terebinthinated Balsam of Sulphur</i> )	lb. .60		
Theobroma, see Butter, Cacao			
Tobacco; empyreumatic, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870..	oz. 2.00		
Wax; rectified, clear	oz. .50		
“ “ dark	oz. .40		
Wine; heavy, — (so-called “Heavy Ethereal Oil”), [ <i>Oleum Vini (æthereum) ponderosum</i> ]. — ( <i>Oleum æthereum, U. S. Ph.</i> , is a 50% [by volume] solution of this Oil, in Stronger Ether.)	lb. 5.00		
Wood, — so-called, — (“East-Indian Wood-oil,” or: “East-India Copaiva Balsam,” — so-called);—see Balsams: Gurjun			
N. B. — See, also: — Oils, — so-called, — flavoring: (Apple-; Fusel-; Grape- [Cognac-]; Pear-; Rum-), — after: “Essential Oils.”			
<b>Oils, Essential, see immediately below:—</b>			
<b>Essential Oils,</b> —(inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i> ),—[ <i>Olea ætherea, volatilia, destillata</i> ], ( <i>Volatile Oils, Ethereal Oils, Distilled Oils</i> ):—			
Abies, see Essential Oil, Norway Pine			
Absinthium, see Ess. Oil, Wormwood			
Achillea ( <i>A. millefolium</i> ), see E. Oil, Yarrow			
Almond, Bitter, see Ess. Oil, Bitter Almond			
Amber . . . . . rectified	lb. .60		
Angelica, European: root . . . . . 30fold	oz. 8.00		
animal, — Dippel's . . . . . twice rectified	oz. .40		
Anise: fruit, ( <i>Aniseed</i> ) . . . . . duplex	lb. 5.50		
“ Star-, ( <i>Chinese Anise</i> ), [ <i>Illicium</i> ]: fruit, [ <i>Badiane</i> ] . . . . . duplex	lb. 4.50		
Arnica: flowers; true . . . . .	$\frac{1}{3}$ oz. vls. oz. 30.00		
Artemisia maritima: flower-buds, — see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed			
Badiane, see Essential Oil, Anise, Star			
Balm ( <i>Lemon-balm</i> ) [ <i>Melissa</i> ], German: herb . . . . .	oz. 1.25		
Balsam Copaiva, see Essential Oil, Copaiva			
Bergamot: fruit-rind . . . . .	lb. 3.25		
“ do. . . . . sesquiduplex	lb. 12.00		
Birch; distilled from Emphyreumatic Birch-oil, — ( <i>which compare, under: Oils, divers</i> )	lb. 1.50		

	Containers incl.			
<b>Essential Oils</b> , — (inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i> ), — <i>continued</i> :				
Bitter Almond, — true .....	lb. 5.00			
“ “ — artificial, — free from Hydrocyanic Acid; — ( <i>not</i> = Nitrobenzene!); — see Benz-aldehyd				
Calamus (Sweet Flag); root (rhizome) .....	lb. 3.25			
“ do. .... duplex	oz. 1.25			
Caraway-seed; from Dutch seeds .....	lb. 3.00			
“ ..... extra strong, — ( <i>Carvol</i> )	oz. .50			
“ ..... sesquiduplex	oz. .75			
Cassia-bark, see Ess. Oil, Cinnamon, Chinese.				
Cedar, Red, ( <i>Juniperus virginiana</i> ), see Ess. Oil, Red Cedar				
Chamomile-flowers, German; blue, true ..	oz. 3.00			
“ Roman (English) .....	oz. 1.50			
Cherry-laurel: leaves .....	oz. .75			
Cina, see Essential Oil, Levant Wormseed.				
Cinnamon, Chinese, ( <i>Cassia Cinnamon</i> — <i>Cassia lignea</i> ): bark. .... duplex	oz. 1.25			
Cloves .....	lb. 3.00			
“ ..... duplex	oz. .65			
— so-called — of Cognac, see Ether, oenanthic				
Copaiva ( <i>Copaiva-balsam</i> ) .....	lb. 2.00			
Coriander: fruit .....	oz. 2.00			
Coriander: fruit .....	oz. 1.25			
Cumin; fruit .....	oz. 1.50			
Eucalyptus; Australian, — from <i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i> , ( <i>Peppermint-tree</i> ), and various allied species .....	lb. 2.00			
Eucalyptus <i>globulus</i> : leaves; dextrogyrate	lb. 2.50			
N. B. — See, also: <i>Eucalyptol</i> ; and, <i>Eucalyptol</i> , chem. pure!				
Fennel: fruit .....	lb. 2.00			
“ “ ..... duplex	lb. 4.00			
Gaultheria, see Essential Oil, Wintergreen				
(ginger: root (rhizome); true .....	oz. .75			
Grape-marc ( <i>Vitis vinifera</i> ), — so-called, — see Ether, oenanthic .....				
Hops .....	oz. 4.50			
Illicium ( <i>Star-anise</i> ), see Essent. Oil, Anise, Star-				
Juniper ( <i>Juniperus communis</i> ): berries; best	lb. 2.50			
“ do.; do. .... 20fold	oz. 2.00			
Juniper ( <i>Juniperus communis</i> ): wood .....	lb. .60			
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i> , see Ess. Oil, Red Cedar				
Laurel ( <i>Sweet Bay</i> ): fruit .....	oz. 1.00			
Lavender: flowers .....	oz. 1.00			
Lemon: fruit-rind .....	lb. 2.25			
“ “ ..... 30fold	oz. 5.00			
Lemon-balm, see Ess. Oil, Balm .....				
Levant Wormseed, ( <i>Cina</i> ; <i>Santonica</i> ; — <i>Semen contra</i> ; <i>Semen sanctus</i> ): [the flower-buds of <i>Artemisia maritima</i> ] .....	oz. .25			
Matico: leaves .....	oz. 4.00			
Melissa, German, see Ess. Oil, Balm .....				
Milfoil ( <i>Millefolium</i> ), see Ess. Oil, Yarrow ..				
Mint, Curled, ( <i>Mentha crispa</i> ): herb, — double				
Mint, Pepper-, see Ess. Oil, Peppermint ..				
“ “ Chinese or Japanese, — ( <i>Poho-oil</i> ), see Ess. Oil, Peppermint, Chinese; true .....				
Mustard, Black: seed; true .....	lb. 12.00			
“ “ — artificial, — ( <i>Allyl Sulphocyanate</i> [ <i>Thio-cyanate</i> ], — synthetically prepared) .....	lb. 7.00			
Norway Pine, ( <i>Norway Spruce Fir</i> ), [ <i>Abies</i> ]: shoots .....	lb. 1.75			
Orange: fruit-rind .....	oz. 6.00			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
<b>Essential Oils</b> ,—(inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i> ),— <i>continued</i> :			
Pepper, Black	oz. .50		
Peppermint: herb	oz. 1.50		
Peppermint, Chinese (Japanese); <i>true</i> ,— [Poho-oil];— only in original flasks			
Pine-needles (Leaves of <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> )	lb. 1.50		
Pine-shoots, —( <i>Oleum templinum</i> ),— see Ess. Oil, <i>Pinus pumilio</i>			
<i>Pinus pumilio</i> , (Hungarian Balsam tree): shoots;— [ <i>Oleum templinum</i> ]	oz. .75		
“ <i>sylvestris</i> , see Ess. Oil, Pine-needles			
Poho, see Ess. Oil, Peppermint, Chinese			
Red Cedar, ( <i>Juniperus virginiana</i> ): root	lb. 1.00		
Santal, East-Indian: wood, (Sandal-wood), [Yellow Saunders, White Saunders]	lb. 7.00		
“ West-Indian: wood	lb. 4.00		
Santonica (Cina), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed			
Sassafras: wood; <i>true</i>	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ double	lb. 4.00		
Savin: tops	lb. 1.25		
Semen cinæ, ( <i>Semen contra</i> ; <i>S. sanctum</i> ; <i>S. santonici</i> ), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed			
Spiræa ulmaria, (Meadow-sweet), see Acid, salicylicous			
Star-Anise, see Ess. Oil, Anise, Star-			
Sweet Flag, see Ess. Oil, Calamus			
Tansy: leaves	lb. 12.00		
Templin (Pine-shoot), see Ess. Oil, <i>Pinus pumilio</i>			
Thyme: herb	oz. 1.00		
Turpentine	lb. .40		
“ rectified	lb. .50		
“ — Hydrochlorates of, — see Turpentine-oil, mono-hydrochlorate; and, do., di-hydrochlorate			
Valerian: root	oz. .75		
Vitis vinifera, (Grape-marc),—so-called,— see Ether, oenanthic			
Wintergreen ( <i>Gaultheria</i> ): leaves, rectified	oz. .50		
Wormseed, Levant-, ( <i>Santonica</i> ), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed			
Wormwood ( <i>Absinthium</i> ): herb; <i>true</i>	lb. 8.00		
“ do.; do.	oz. 2.50		
Yarrow (Milfoil — <i>Achillea millefolium</i> ): flowering herb	oz. 1.50		
<b>Oils</b> — <i>so-called</i> ,— <b>flavoring</b> :			
Apple-, see Amyl, valerianate			
Cognac- ( <i>Grape</i> -), see Ether, oenanthic			
Fusel-, see Alcohol, amylic			
Pear-, see Amyl, acetate			
Rum-, see Essential Spirits: Rum,—concentrated			
<b>Ointment</b> , blue, ( <i>Unguentum Hydrargyri cinereum</i> , Ph. G. II),—[33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % Mercury]	lb. .60		
“ do., duplex,—[50% Mercury]	lb. .80		
“ “ with Cerate of Nutmeg-butter, (cum Cerato Myristicæ; cum Balsamo Nucistæ),—[50% Mercury]			
“ “ with Lanolin,—[50% Mercury]	lb. 2.00		
“ Chaulmoogra ( <i>Gynocardia</i> ),—[1 part of Chaulmoogra-oil: 3 of Vaseline]	lb. 2.00		
<b>Ointments on Mollin</b> (a new Ointment-base), see <b>Mollin Ointments</b>			
<b>Oleandrin</b> ,—Glucoside from Oleander ( <i>Nerium</i> , O., Linné).— [ <i>Digitalin</i> -action claimed by Schmiedeberg.]			
<b>Oleæ æthereæ</b> ( <i>volatilia, destillata</i> ), see Oils, Essential, [ <i>Essential Oils</i> ]			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!



	Containers incl.		
Olea cocta ( <i>infusa</i> ), see <i>Oleum coctum</i> etc. . . .			
Olea varia, see Oils, divers . . . . .			
Olein, see Acid, oleic . . . . .			
Oleo-infusion ( <i>Oleol</i> ) [ <i>Oleum coctum (infusum)</i> ] of Henbane-leaves ( <i>Hyoscyamus</i> ), see under Oils, divers . . . . .			
Oleoresins : Aspidium (Male Fern), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Extracts: Male Fern,—ethereal . . . . .			
“ —Ph. G. II,—see <i>same</i> ,—free fr. Ether			
Capsicum,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Ethereal Extract of Guinea Pepper—of <i>Capsicum fastigiatum</i> ) . . . . .	oz. .75		
Other Ethereal Extracts, ( <i>Oleoresins</i> ):—			
Brayera (Kousso) . . . . .			
Cantharides . . . . .			
Cubeb . . . . .			
Eucalyptus . . . . .			
Indian Hemp ( <i>Cannabis</i> ) . . . . .			
Kamala ( <i>Rottlera</i> ) . . . . .			
Matico . . . . .			
Mezereon . . . . .			
Phellandrium . . . . .			
Valerian . . . . .			
Oleum æthereum ponderosum, so-called, ( <i>Oleum Vini ponderosum</i> ), see Oils, divers: Wine; heavy.—[ <i>Oleum æthereum, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see <i>remark</i> after <i>same</i> .] . . . . .			
Oleum coctum ( <i>infusum</i> ) <i>Hyoscyami foliorum</i> , see Oils, divers: Henbane-leaves . . . . .			
Ononin.—Glucoside from the root of <i>Ononis spinosa</i> —Rest-harrow . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
Ophioxyline.—Alkaloid from <i>Ophioxylon serpentinum</i> ,—acc. to Prof. Bettink . . . . .			
Ophthalmic Stone, so-called, see Copper, aluminated . . . . .			
Opianyl, see Meconin . . . . .			
Orcin (Symmetric meta-Di-oxy-toluene).—From lichens of the <i>Rocella</i> and <i>Lecanora</i> families . . . . .	oz. 2.60		
Orellin, <i>r d</i> , see Bixin . . . . .			
Ormosine, <i>cryst.</i> —Alkaloid from the seed of <i>Ormosia dasycarpa</i> . . . . .			
“ hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i> . . . . .	15 gr. 3.00		
Orpiment, see Arsenic, Yellow sulphide . . . . .			
ortho-Amido-phenol, hydrochlorate, see Amido-phenol, ortho-, etc. . . . .			
ortho-Nitro-benz-aldehyd, see Nitro-benz-aldehyd, ortho- . . . . .			
Osmium, metallic . . . . .	15 gr. 3.00		
“ tetr-oxide, see Acid, per-osmic, anhydr.			
Osmium-Iridium alloy, ( <i>Osm-iridium</i> ; Irid-osmium) . . . . .	15 gr. 1.50		
Ostrich Pepsin, see Pepsin, Ostrich- . . . . .			
Ouabain—[C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>46</sub> O <sub>12</sub> ].—Crystallized Glucoside from the Ouabaio-tree—(an aqueous extract from whose root and bark forms the arrow-poison of the East-African <i>Comalis</i> ).—[A heart-poison hypodermically.] . . . . .			
Ox-amide . . . . .	oz. 2.00		
Ox-aniline, ortho-, hydrochlorate, see Amido-phenol, ortho-, etc. . . . .			
Ox Gall, inspissated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , (also called: <i>Extract of Ox Gall</i> ), see Gall, Ox- . . . . .			
“ “ purified, dry, see Sodium, choleate.			
Oxide, magnetic, see Iron, oxide, black . . . . .			
Oxy-acanthine, pure . . . . .	15 gr. 1.50		
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .	15 gr. 1.50		
Oxy-benz-aldehyd, ortho-, see Acid, salicylous . . . . .			

See likewise  
under  
Extracts.



<b>Palladium</b> , metallic,—sheets or wire.....	Containers incl. 15 gr. 2.00		
“ do., — black precipitate, (Palladium Black [Mohr]) .....	15 gr. 2.00		
“ chloride, dry .....	15 gr. 2.00		
“ “ solution .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 8.00		
“ nitrate, dry .....	15 gr. 2.00		
“ “ solution .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 8.00		
<b>Palladium and Sodium</b> , chloride, dry.....	15 gr. 1.00		
<b>Palladium Black</b> , { see Palladium, metallic, “ Mohr .....	} —black precipitate		
<b>Pancreatin</b> , pure, absolute.....	oz. .75		
“ “ active .....	oz. .45		
“ “ in scales.....	oz. .85		
“ “ — solution in Glycerin, [1:10], —(Glycerolate [Glyce- rite] of Pancreatin .....	1b. 2.00		
N.B.—Compare, also:— Solutions: pancreatic.			
“ saccharated.....	oz. .50		
“ with Starch.....	oz. .35		
N.B.—See, also: TRYPsin (the Albumen- solving constituent of Pancreatin)!			
<b>Pancreatin-Pepsin</b> .....	oz. .45		
<b>Papaverine Merck</b> :			
pure .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
hydrochlorate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
nitrate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
phosphate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
sulphate .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
<b>Papaw Juice</b> , (Succus Caricæ Papayæ), see Juice of Papaw.....			
<b>Papayotin Merck</b> ,—from Papaw Juice;—pep- tonizes 200 parts of freshly expressed Blood- fibrin.—(Used with especial success as a solvent of diphtheritic membranes.).....	15 gr. .50		
<b>Paper, Congo</b> ,—(Prof. Riegel's “Gastric” Test- paper), see Congo Paper.....			
“ Wax.....	quire .30		
“ Litmus-, red or blue, (red or blue Test- paper) .....	quire .75		
“ Turmeric- ( <i>Curcuma</i> ), [yellow Test- paper] .....	quire 1.00		
<b>Papers, medicated</b> ,—for Ophthalmology,— see under Atropine and Physostigmine....			
<b>para-Acet-phenetidin</b> , see Phen-acetin....			
<b>para-Cotoin</b> , see Cotoin, para.....			
<b>Paraffin</b> , solid,—solidifying-point 46–48° C [114.8–118.4 F] .....	1b. .20		
“ do.,—solidif.-pt. 52–53° C [125.6–127.4 F] .....	1b. .25		
“ “ “ 56–58° C [132.8–136.4 F]....	1b. .30		
“ “ —Ph. G. II,—melting-point 74–76° C [165.2–168.8 F] .....	1b. .50		
“ liquid,—Ph. G. II.....	1b. .60		
<b>para-Globulin</b> , see Globulin, para.....			
<b>Paraguay roux</b> , see Tinctures: Spilanthes; compound.....			
<b>Par-aldehyd Merck, chem. pure</b> , ( <i>absolutely pure</i> ), —of unexceptionable quality.....	1b. 2.50		
<b>Parillin</b> (Parnglin, Sarsaparin), see Smilacin.			
<b>Parsley-camphor</b> , see Apiol, solid, <b>cryst. white</b> ..			
<b>Pear-oil</b> , so-called, see Amyl, acetate.....			
<b>Pearl-ash</b> , see Potassium, carbonate.....			
<b>Pelletierine</b> ( <i>Punicine</i> ) preparations:			
<b>Pelletierine, medicinal</b> ,—(Pelletierine and Iso- pelletierine),—pure .....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ “ sulphate, pure.....	15 gr. 1.75		
“ “ “ “ —10%-solut. .			
“ “ tannate .....	15 gr. .75		
“ “ valerianate .....	15 gr. 2.50		

 When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Pelletierine (Punicine) preparations.— <i>continued</i> :				
Methyl-pelletierine, pure,—oily liquid	15 gr.	3.00		
Pseudo-pelletierine, pure, crystallized	15 gr.	2.50		
“ hydrochlorate, white, cryst.	15 gr.	2.00		
“ sulphate, white, cryst.	15 gr.	1.75		
Pentane (Amyl Hydride), crude, see Eupione				
* Scale or Pwd. { Pepsin Merck 1:1000,—di- gests 1000 times its weight } of coagulated Albumen. } (Note: Pepsins are power- fully active for per- sone of constantly uniform strength and high quality.)	oz.	.75		
{ Pepsin Merck 1:1500,—di- gests 1500 times its weight }	oz.	1.00		
{ Pepsin Merck 1:2000,—di- gests 2000 times its weight }	oz.	1.25		
<i>All other strengths to order!</i>				
Pepsin, pure, soluble, in scales } — Strength corres- granulated } ponding to Ph. G. II.	oz.	.60		
“ “ “ clearly soluble, powder,—Ph. G. II.	oz.	.50		
“ “ “ pure,—solution in Glycerin,—concentrated	oz.	.40		
“ “ “ hydrochlorate, clearly soluble,—powder	oz.	.30		
“ “ “ clearly soluble,—extract form	oz.	.50		
“ “ “ with Dextrin,—yellow	lb.	2.00		
“ “ “ Starch,—white	lb.	2.00		
Pepsin, Ostrich-	oz.	.75		
Pepsin Essence, —acc. to Dr. Liebreich,— in original bottles	bottle	1.00		
Pepsin, Lacto-, (also called “Lactated Pep- sin”), — [sometimes mis-called “Lac- to-peptine”]	oz.	.50		
“ Pancreatin-, see Pancreatin-Pepsin.				
“ Peptone-, etc., see Peptone-Pepsin, etc.				
“ Ptyalin-, see Ptyalin-Pepsin.				
Pepsin Wine, (Vinum pepsini,—Ph. G. II)	lb.	1.25		
Peptone, soft, from Meat, } Pure Meat Peptones, dry. “ “ { free from Par-albumin	lb.	2.00		
“ “ “ [The above Dry Meat Peptone answers to 7-8 times its weight of fresh meat.]	lb.	3.00		
“ dry, from Albumen	oz.	.50		
Peptone, bismuthated, see Bismuth, peptonized				
Peptone-Pepsin, phosphate	oz.	.40		
“ tartrate	oz.	.35		
Peptone-Quinine, see Quinine, peptonized				
Pereirine, pure	15 gr.	3.00		
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	2.50		
Petroleum Benzin } see Benzin, “ Naphtha } petroleic				
“ Ether, see Benzin, petroleic, boil.-pt. 50-60° C,—(Benzinum, U. S. Ph.)				
Peucedanin (Imperatorin)	15 gr.	.60		
Phen-acetin (para-Acet-phenetidin).—Color- less, inodorous, insipid crystals,—readily soluble in Alcohol, less so in Water; melt- ing-pt. 132.5° C [270.5 F].—(A new antipy- retic.)	oz.	1.25		
Phen-acetolin	½ oz. vls. oz.	4.00		
Phen-anthrene	oz.	.50		
Phenetol (Ethyl Phenate [Carbolate]; Ethyl- ic Ether of Carboic Acid; Ethylo-phenic [Ethylo-carboic, Phenol-ethylic] Ether) —[also called: Salithol]				
Phen-oxy-Caffeine, see Phenyl-oxy-Caf- feine				
Pheno-Resorcin (-Resorcinol)	oz.	.50		
Phenol (so-called “Phenyl Hydrate”), see Acid, carboic.				
“ camphorated, (Phenol-Camphor), see Camphor, phenolated.				
“ iodized, see Acid, carboic, iodized.				
“ salicylate, see Salol.				
Phenol-Cocaine, see Cocaine phenate.				
Phenol Dyes (Colors), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes.				

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

\* See, also, page 167 1

Phenol-Glycerin, see Acid, carbolic,—solution in Glycerin.....			
Phenol-phthalein, pure,—Ph. G. II.....	oz. 1.50		
Phenol-Quinine, see Quinine, phenate....			
Phenyl, bromide, see Mono-brom-benzene..			
“ chloride, see Mono-chlor-benzene.....			
“ hydrate,—so-called,—see Acid, carbolic.			
“ hydride,—so-called,—see Benzene, anthracic, chem. pure, crystallizable...			
“ iodide, see Mono-iod-benzene.....			
Phenyl-acet-amide,— medicinal,—see Antifebrin..			
“ mono-bromated, see Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono-.....			
Phenyl-amine, see Aniline.....			
Phenyl-glucos-azone.....	15 gr. .60		
Phenyl-hydrazine, pure.....	oz. 1.25		
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. 1.00		
Phenyl-lactos-azone.....	15 gr. .75		
Phenyl-methane, see Toluene.....			
Phenyl-methyl-ketone. (-acetone), see Hypnone...			
Phenyl-oxy-Caffeine (Phen-oxy-Caffeine).	15 gr. .75		
Phenylene-di-amine, meta-, hydrochlorate, see Di-amido-benzene, meta-, hydrochlorate.....			
Philosophers' Wool, so-called, see Zinc, oxide, by dry process.....			
Phloretin (Phloretic Acid), cryst.—Fractional derivative of Phlorizin.....	15 gr. .60		
Phlorizin (Phloridzin, Phlorrhizin).—Glucoside from the root-bark of the Apple-tree	½ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
Phloro-glucin (-glucol, -glucinol), chem. pure,—free from Di-resorcin;—melting-point 210° C [410 F].....	15 gr. .25		
Phosphine, so-called, see Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow, Chrys-aniline.....			
Phosphorus, amorphous (red).....	lb. 2.25		
“ vitreous (yellow), [also called “Crystallized Phosphorus”],—Phosphorus, U. S. Ph.....	lb. 1.10		
“ bromide.....			
“ iodide.....	oz. 1.50		
“ oxy-chloride.....	oz. .50		
“ penta-bromide.....	oz. .60		
“ penta-chloride [P Cl <sub>5</sub> ].....	oz. .50		
“ pent-oxide [P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> ], see Acid, phosphoric, anhydrous.....			
“ tri-chloride [P Cl <sub>3</sub> ].....	oz. .50		
“ tri-sulphide, (Thio-phosphorous Anhydride), [P <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub> ],—melt.-pt. 290° C [554 F]	oz. .75		
Physostigmine (Eserine), chem. pure, cryst. —Alkaloid from Calabar Bean..	grain .25	} All these preparations are perfectly pure.	
“ (Eserine), citrate.....	grain .20		
“ “ hydrobromate, cryst.....	grain .20		
“ “ hydrochlorate, cryst.....	grain .20		
“ “ nitrate.....	grain .20		
“ “ salicylate, cryst., Merck,—U. S. Ph and Ph. G. II.....	grain .15		
“ “ sulphate, white, Merck.....	grain .15		
“ “ tartrate.....	grain .20		
Physostigmine Discs, (Eserine Discs, Calabar Discs),—in tubes of 100.....			
“ Gelatin, (Eserine Gelatin, Calabar Gelatin),—in sheets for 25 applications..			
“ Paper, (Eserine Paper, Calabar Paper),—in books for 100 applications.....			
Physostigmine, Pseudo-, pure.—Alkaloid from <i>Nux Cali</i> , (Pseudo-Calabar Bean).....	grain 1.00		
Picoline, chem. pure.....	oz. 1.50		
Picro-podophyllin.....	15 gr. .50		
Picro-toxin.....	½ oz. vls. oz. 5.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Pilocarpidine Harnack-Merck, nitrate, cryst. . . . .	Containers incl. 15 gr. 3.00		
Pilocarpine, pure . . . . .	grain .13		
“ hydrobromate . . . . .	grain .13		
“ hydrochlorate, cryst., chem. pure, Ph. G. II. . . . .	grain .07		
“ nitrate, cryst. . . . .	grain .07		
“ salicylate . . . . .	grain .10		
“ sulphate . . . . .	grain .07		
“ tannate . . . . .	grain .07		
“ valerianate . . . . .	grain .15		
Pink Salt, (Dyers' Salt), see Tin and Am- monium, chloride . . . . .			
Piperidine . . . . .	oz. 1.00		
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .	oz. 1.50		
Piperine, pure . . . . .	oz. .79		
Piperonal, chem. pure, (Methylene-proto-cate- chu-aldehyd) . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
“ for perfumery, — also called Heliotropin . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
Pix, etc., see Tar, etc. . . . .			
Plaster, adhesive, English, — spread, — in 6-yd. rolls . . . . .			
“ Ichthyol, see under Ichthyol preparat. “ Lead-, simple, (Diachylon-plaster; Lith- arge-plaster) . . . . .			
“ Mezerium-and-Cantharides, — spread . . . . .			
Platina, etc., see Platinum, etc. . . . .			
Platina Black (Mohr), see Platinum, me- tallic, black precipitate . . . . .			
Platina Sponges, prepared and mounted for Hydrogen lamps. — (See, also: Platinum, metallic, spongy.) . . . . .	doz. 1.80		
Platinum (Platina), double and triple salts of, see (below): — “Platinum double Chlorides”; “Platinum double Cy- anides”; “Platinum triple Cyanides”; “Platinum, divers double Salts”; — also: “Platos-amine, di-, sulphate” . . . . .			
“ metallic, wire and sheets . . . . .	15 gr. .50		
“ “ spongy. — (See, also: Platina Sponges, for Hydrogen lamps.) . . . . .	15 gr. .60		
“ “ black precipitate, (Platina Mohr, Platinum Black) . . . . .	15 gr. .60		
“ cyanide, Platinous, (Platinum Cyanuret) . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ bi-chloride (di-chloride, — formerly called proto- or mono-chloride), [chloruret], (Platinous Chloride) . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ iodide . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ nitrate . . . . .	15 gr. .75		
“ tetra-chloride (per-chloride, — formerly called bi- or di-chloride), [Plati- nic Chloride], dry . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ “ — solution [1 : 20] . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 1.00		
“ “ “ [1 : 10] . . . . .	oz. vls. oz. 1.50		
Platinum double Chlorides:			
Platinum bi-chloride and Ammonium chlo- ride, (Platin-ammonium Chloride), — [Pt Cl <sub>2</sub> , 2 NH <sub>3</sub> Cl] . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ tetra-chloride and Ammonium chlo- ride, (Platinum Sal-ammoniac), dry, — [Pt Cl <sub>4</sub> , 2 NH <sub>3</sub> Cl] . . . . .	15 gr. .65		
“ do. do. do. do., cryst. . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Ammonium, chloruret, (Ammo- nio-Platinous chloride), cryst. . . . .	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Barium, chloride, — crystallized with 4 molecules of Water . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ bi-chloride and Potassium sesqui- chloride, cryst. . . . .	15 gr. 1.25		
“ tetra-chloride and Potassium sesqui- chloride, dry . . . . .	15 gr. .60		
“ do. do. do. do., cryst. . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		

	Containers incl.		
<b>Platinum double Chlorides,—continued :</b>			
Platinum and Sodium, chloride, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ “ dry .....	15 gr. .65		
“ -tetr-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride, (Platoso-di-ammonium Chloro-plat- inite), [Magnus's “Green salt”],— (Pt [NH <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> . Pt Cl <sub>2</sub> ).....			
<b>Platinum double Cyanides :</b>			
Platinum and Ammonium, cyanide, cryst. ...	15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Barium, cyanide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Calcium, “ “ .....	15 gr. 1.00		
“ cyanuret and Copper cyanide, (Plati- no-cupric cyanide) .....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Lead, cyanide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Magnesium, cyanide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 2.00		
“ and Potassium, “ “ .....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ sesqui-cyanide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Sodium, cyanide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.50		
“ and Strontium, cyanide, cryst.,—with 5 molecules of Water ...	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ do., do.,—with 4 molecules of Water .....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Yttrium, cyanide, large cryst. ....	15 gr. 2.50		
<b>Platinum triple Cyanides :</b>			
Platino-Ammonio-cyanuret and Cupric cyanide, (Platino-Ammonio-Cupric cyanide), cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ -Calcio-Ammonio-cyanuret, cryst. ...	15 gr. 1.25		
“ -Potassio-Lithio- “ “ ...	15 gr. 2.00		
“ -Potassio-Sodio- “ “ ...	15 gr. 1.50		
<b>Platinum, divers double Salts:</b>			
Platinum and Ammo- } sulpho-cyanate— {			
nium .....	(thio-cyanate; 15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Barium ... } rhodanide),— {	15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Potassium. } cryst. .... {	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ do., bromide, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ iodide, “ .....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ cyanuret, (Platinous cyanide), and Po- tassium Chloride .....	15 gr. 1.25		
<b>Platinum Black,</b> } see Platinum, metallic, “ Mohr .....	} black precipitate. ....		
“ Sal ammoniac, see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum tetra-chloride and Ammonium chloride; dry; and, cryst.			
<b>Platinum Sponges,</b> prepared and mounted for Hydrogen lamps, see Platina Sponges ..			
<b>Platos-amine, di-,</b> (Di-platos-amine), sul- phate, cryst. ....	15 gr. 1.25		
<b>Plumbago,</b> see Graphite. ....			
<b>Plumbum,</b> and compounds, see Lead, etc. ...			
<b>Podophyllin, chem. pure</b> } Both yield a perfectly	oz. .60		
“ pure,—Ph. G. II. . } clear solut. in Alcohol.	oz. .40		
<b>Podophyllo-toxin,—acc. to Podwyssotzki</b> .....	15 gr. .30		
<b>Polishing-powder</b> (so-called “Putty-pow- der”), see Tin, oxide, grey .....			
<b>Polygalin</b> (Polygalic Acid), see Senegin ...			
<b>Populin</b> .....	15 gr. 1.50		
<b>Potassa (Kali), caustic, chem. pure, Merck,</b> see Potassium, hydroxide, chem. pure, Merck			
“ do.,—other grades and forms,—see Po- tassium, hydroxide, etc., etc., etc. ...			
“ U. S. Ph., see Potassium, hydroxide, purified, in sticks .....			
<b>Potassa, Anthraco-; and do., sulphur- ated;</b> —see Anthraco-potassa; etc. ....			
<b>Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude,</b> (Liver of Antimony), [so-called “Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony”],—(improperly called, also: “Antimonio-sulphide of Potas- sium”).—[Do., do., washed,—see next page!]	lb. .75		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed (lixivated). — [ <i>Crocus</i> ( <i>Saffron</i> ) of Antimony; <i>Crocus metallorum</i> ]. — (so-called "Washed Brown Oxide of Antimony").	lb. 1.00		
N.B. — See, also: Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude. — ( <i>preceding page!</i> ).			
Potassa, cantharidated, see Potassium, cantharidate.			
Potassa, sulphurated, (Liver of Sulphur; Potassic Liver of Sulphur), [improperly called "Potassium Sulphide"], — crude; — for baths.	lb. .30		
" do., — purified; — from Purified Potassium Carbonate: — <i>Potassa sulphurata</i> , U. S. Ph.	lb. 1.00		
" do., — pure, from Pure Potassium Carb.	lb. 1.25		
Potassa with Lime, U. S. Ph., — ( <i>Potassa-Lime</i> ); also: Vienna Caustic Powder; and: Filhos's Caustic: — see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime: [1:1]; — [2:1]; — and, [1:1]			
Potassa Alum, see Alum, potassic.			
Potassa Prussiates:			
Red, pure . . . . .	} see Potassium, ferrid-cy-		
" commercial, . . . . .		anide, etc. . . . .	
Yellow, chem. pure, . . . . .	} see Potassium, ferro-		
" commerc'l. . . . .		cyanide, — U. S. Ph., etc. . . . .	
" with Urea. . . . .			
Potassio-Phtal-imide, see Potassium, imido-phtalate.			
Potassium (Kalium), double and triple salts of, see "Potassium and —" (below!)			
" metallic. . . . .	} oz. vls. oz. 2.25		
" acetate, ( <i>Terra foliata tartari</i> ), purified, commercial . . . . .		lb. .48	
" " purified, white . . . . .	lb. .75		
" " " fused. . . . .	lb. 1.50		
" " pure, — U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II.	lb. .75		
" " fused. . . . .	lb. 2.00		
" " chem. pure. . . . .	lb. 1.50		
" aceto-wolframate (aceto-tungstate) . . . . .	oz. .40		
" æthyl-sulphate, see Potassium, ethyl-sulphate.			
" antimonate, <i>pharmacopœial</i> (Ph. Bor. VI), — [Washed (purified) Diaphoretic Antimony], (so-called "White Oxide of Antimony, Ph. Bor. VI"; also called: <i>Calc Antimonii</i> [ <i>Stibii</i> ]); — [ <i>principally</i> : $K SbO_3$ ]. . . . .	lb. 1.00		
" do., do., in troches (lozenges) . . . . .	lb. 1.50		
" antimonate, crude, — (Unwashed Diaphoretic Antimony), [so-called "Unwashed Diaphoretic Oxide of Antimony"]. . . . .	lb. .85		
" antimonate, pure by assay. . . . .	oz. .30		
" antimonio-sulphide, — so-called, — see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude			
" arseniate (arsenate). . . . .	oz. .14		
" " pure. . . . .	oz. .20		
" arsenite, crude . . . . .	oz. .14		
" " pure. . . . .	oz. .20		
N.B. — <i>Fowler's Solution</i> , see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, U. S. Ph.			
" benzoate . . . . .	oz. .64		
" bi-borate . . . . .	oz. .20		
" bi-carbonate (acid carbonate), pure, cryst., — U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II.	lb. .28		
" " chem. pure, cryst. . . . .	lb. .50		
" bi-chromate, chem. pure, cryst., — U. S. Ph. . . . .	lb. .59		
" " pure, fused. . . . .	lb. 2.00		



	Containers incl.			
Potassium, bi-chromate, —(continued), — commercial, cryst. ....	lb. .25			
“ do., do., fused.....	lb. .75			
“ bi-fluoride.....	oz. .45			
“ bin-oxalate, (Salt of Sorrel—Sal Acetosellæ), [so-called “Essential Salt of Lemons”] .....	lb. .40			
“ “ pure.....	lb. .75			
“ bi-phosphate .....	lb. 2.50			
“ bi-sulphate, (Hydro-mono-potassic Sulphate).....	lb. .50			
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .75			
“ “ “ fused.....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ pure, cryst.....	lb. .60			
“ “ “ fused.....	lb. .75			
“ bi-sulphite (acid sulphite), chem. pure, cryst., —abt. 87% of $KHSO_3$ ); — readily soluble in Water .....	lb. 2.00			
“ bi-tartrate (acid tartrate), cryst., [Crystals of Tartar], (Purified Tartar).....	lb. .75			
“ “ powder, (Powdered Crystals of Tartar), [Pure powdered Tartar].....	lb. .80			
“ “ pure, powder, (Pure Cream of Tartar), —free from metals.....	lb. .85			
“ “ chem. pure, powder } free from	lb. .90			
“ “ do. do., cryst., —U. } metals and	lb. .85			
“ “ S. Ph. .... } from Lime, [—conforming to Ph. G. II				
“ borate .....	oz. .18			
“ bromate, pure,—Ph. G. II; —(perfectly pure: [100%]).....	oz. 1.00			
“ bromide, chem. pure, powder,—Ph. G. II	lb. 1.00			
“ “ “ “ cryst.,—U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II..	lb. 1.00			
“ “ “ “ “ disturbed crystals, —Ph. G. II....	lb. 1.00			
“ bromino-arsenite .....	oz. 1.50			
“ “ -salicylate .....	oz. 6.00			
“ cantharidate, (Cantharidated Potassa) ..	15 gr. 5.00			
“ carbolate, see Potassium, phenate .....				
“ carbonate, (Pearlash), [80–84% of pure]..	lb. .20			
“ “ [90–92% of pure] .....	lb. .25			
“ “ [95–98% “ “ ].....	lb. .30			
“ “ twice purified .....	lb. .35			
“ “ pure,—U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II,—from the Bi-tartrate.—(This grade of Potassium Carbonate is also called: Salt of Tartar;—not to be confounded with: “Essential Salt of Tartar”= Tartaric Acid!)... ..	lb. .60			
“ “ chem. pure.....	lb. .70			
“ carbonate, acid, see Potassium, bi-carb.				
“ caustic oxide, chem. pure, Merck, etc., see Potassium, hydroxide, etc., etc.....				
“ chlorate, cryst. ....	lb. .40			
“ “ powder .....	lb. .40			
“ “ pure, cryst.,—U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II.....	lb. .50			
“ “ “ powder,—Ph. G. II.....	lb. .50			
“ chloride, crude,—[about 98%].....	lb. .25			
“ “ chem. pure .....	lb. .50			
“ chromate, yellow, chem. pure.....	lb. 1.25			
“ “ “ purified .....	lb. .70			
“ “ “ commercial .....	lb. .35			
“ cinnamate,—from pure Cinnamic Acid; —very freely soluble in Water.....	oz. 2.00			
“ citrate, pure,—U. S. Ph.....	lb. 1.50			
“ cobalti-cyanide, (Cobalto-tri-potassic Tri-cyanide), anhydrous,—readily soluble in Water .....				

	Containers incl.			
Potassium, cyanate	oz. 1.50			
“ cyanide, [about 30%], fused, } plates	lb. .50			
“ “ { “ 40% } “	lb. .55			
“ “ { “ 45% } “ or	lb. .60			
“ “ { “ 50% } “	lb. .65			
“ “ { “ 60% } “ sticks	lb. .75			
“ “ pure, [about 85%],—in plates	lb. 1.25			
“ “ “ “ —in sticks	lb. 1.30			
“ “ “ [96 to 100%],— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 2.00			
“ “ chem. pure	lb. 4.00			
“ ethylo-sulphate (sulpho-vinate)	lb. 2.00			
“ ethylo-thio-carbonate, see Potassium, xanthogenate				
“ ferrid-cyanide (ferri-cyanide), [Red Prus- siate of Potassa], (Potassio-ferri- cyanide, so-called),—pure	lb. 1.50			
“ “ commercial	lb. 1.00			
“ ferri-ferro-cyanide, (Soluble Prussian Blue), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so- called,— <i>soluble</i>				
“ ferro-cyanide,—(Yellow Prussiate of Po- tassa), [Potassio-ferrous cyanide, so-called],—chem. pure,— <i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i>	lb. 1.00			
“ “ commercial	lb. .60			
“ “ with Urea	lb. 4.00			
“ fluoride	lb. 2.00			
“ formate	oz. .45			
“ hippurate	oz. 2.00			
“ hydroxide (“hydrate”), [hydrated (caustic) oxide], (Caustic Potassa), chem. pure, Merck;—an <i>absolutely pure</i> preparation,—free from Alumi- na, Silicic Acid, Sulphuric Acid, and Baryta	lb. 3.00			
“ “ pure (purif. by Alcohol), in sticks	lb. 1.10			
“ “ “ (“ “ “), in plates	lb. 1.05			
“ “ purified, in sticks,— <i>Potassa, U.</i> <i>S. Ph.</i>	lb. .65			
“ “ “ in plates	lb. .60			
“ “ “ in drops	lb. 1.25			
“ “ “ dry, powder	lb. 1.50			
“ “ with Lime, [1:1], powder,— <i>Po- tassa cum Calce, U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i> ,—(Potassa-Lime)				
“ “ “ “ [2:1], powder, (Vienna Caustic Powder)				
“ “ “ “ [4:1], fused, (Filhos’s Caustic; Fused Vien- na Caustic)	lb. 2.00			
“ hypo-phosphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.35			
“ hypo-sulphite, see Potassium, thio-sul- phate				
“ imido-phtalate, ( <i>Potassio-Phtal-imide</i> )				
“ indigo-sulphate (sulph-indigotate, sul- pho-cerulate)	oz. .75			
“ iodate	oz. .55			
“ iodide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 3.75			
“ iso-purpurate, chem. pure	oz. 5.00			
“ lactate	oz. .50			
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz. .55			
“ manganate, (Mineral Chameleon—Cha- meleon Mineral)	lb. .40			
“ methylo-sulphate	oz. .45			
“ molybdate (molybdenate)	oz. .45			
“ myronate	15 gr. 2.50			
“ nitrate, chem. pure, cryst., (Refined Salt- petre), [Prismatic Nitre],— <i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. .50			
“ “ pure, powdered	lb. .50			

*℞* When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Potassium, nitrate, —(continued!);—in flat drops, (tabulated); [Tabulated Nitre; Prunella Salt] .....	lb. .65		
“ do., with Zinc Chloride, fused; see under Zinc, chloride .....			
“ nitrite, chem. pure,—in sticks .....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ commercial .....	lb. .75		
“ nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro-ferri-cyanide) .....	oz. 1.00		
“ osmate, chem. pure .....	15 gr. 1.75		
“ oxalate, neutral (normal), [so-called “sub-oxalate”], chem. pure ..	lb. .85		
“ “ “ pure.—(Purity absolutely sufficient for photog-raphy.) .....	lb. .45		
N.B.—Other oxalates:—see Potassium: bin-oxalate; and, tetra-oxalate.			
“ oxide, hydrated (caustic), [Caustic Potassa], chem. pure, Merck;—do., do., do., U. S. Ph.; and others,—see Potassium, hydroxide, etc.; etc. ....			
“ per-chlorate .....	oz. .40		
“ per-iodate .....	oz. 3.00		
“ per-manganate, pure, small cryst.—U. S. Ph.;—conforming to Ph. G. II.	lb. .50		
“ “ pure, large cryst. ....	lb. .55		
“ “ crude .....	lb. .40		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate) .....	oz. .25		
“ phosphate, pure, cryst. ....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ II, purified. ....	lb. 1.15		
“ phosphite .....	oz. .45		
“ phospho-lactate, see Potassium, lacto-phosphate. ....			
“ plumbate .....	lb. 2.00		
“ prussiates, so-called,—Red and Yellow,—etc., see Potassium: ferrid-cyanide, etc.; and, ferro-cyanide, U. S. Ph., etc.			
“ purpurate, Iso-, see Potassium, iso-purpurate .....			
“ pyro-phosphate .....	oz. .35		
“ quadro-oxalate, see Potassium, tetra-oxalate .....			
“ rhodanide, see Potassium, sulpho-cyanate .....			
“ ruthenate .....	15 gr. 4.00		
“ salicylate .....	oz. .45		
“ salicylite .....	15 gr. 1.00		
“ santoninate (not santonate!) .....	oz. 1.50		
“ seleniate (selenate) .....	15 gr. .85		
“ silicate, pure, dry .....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ “ solution [10%] .....	lb. .50	Water-glass, Soluble Glass, or Liquid Glass.	
“ “ “ —sp. gr. 1.3. ....	lb. .75		
“ “ crude, solut. [30–33° Bé] .....	lb. .40		
“ “ dry .....	lb. .50		
N. B.—See, also: Sodium, silicate.			
“ silico-fluoride .....	oz. .40		
“ stannate .....	oz. .45		
“ stearate .....	oz. 2.00		
“ stibiate; Ph. Bor. VI; crude; and, pure;—see Potassium, antimonate: <i>pharmacopeial</i> (Ph. Bor. VI); do., do., <i>crude</i> ; and, do., do., <i>pure</i> .....			
“ stibiato-sulphide,—so-called,—see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i> ..			
“ succinate, neutral .....	oz. .65		
“ sulphate, (Vitriolated Tartar), purified, cryst. ....	lb. .30		
“ “ purified, powder .....	lb. .30		
“ “ twice purified, cryst. ....	lb. .35		
“ “ “ powder .....	lb. .35		

	Containers incl.		
Potassium, sulphate, —(continued!), —chem. pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .60		
“ do., do. do., powder, .....	lb. .60		
“ sulphide, — <i>so-called</i> , — (Liver of Sulphur), crude, for baths; — and, purified, — <i>Potassa sulphurata, U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, pure; — see Potassa, sulphurated, etc.; etc.; etc. ....			
“ sulphite, normal .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. 2.75		
“ “ acid, see Potassium, bi-sulphite. .			
“ sulpho-carbolate (sulpho-phenate, phenol-sulphonate) .....	oz. .15		
“ “ -carbonate (thio-carbonate). — [An anti-phyloxerin]. — (See, also: Potassium, xanthogenate.) .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ -cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide), pure, cryst. ....	oz. .24		
“ “ “ commercial .....	oz. .20		
“ “ -indigotate (sulph-indigotate; sulpho-ceruleate), see Potassium, indigo-sulphate .....			
“ “ -vinate, see Potassium, ethyl-sulphate .....			
“ tartrate, neutral, (Soluble Tartar), [Fartarus tartarisatus — Tartarized (Tartarated) Tartar], — cryst., pure, — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> , — <i>Potassii tartaras, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ do., powder, pure, — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ..	lb. 1.05		
“ “ acid, see Potassium, bi-tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades. .			
“ tellurite .....	15 gr. 2.50		
“ tetra-oxalate (tetroxalate; quadro-oxalate), [sometimes — wrongly — called: “Essential Salt of Lemons”] .....	lb. 3.00		
“ thio-carbonate, see Potassium, sulpho-carbonate .....			
“ thio-cyanate, see Pot., sulpho-cyanate. .			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”) .....	lb. 1.25		
“ urate, pure .....	oz. .80		
“ valerianate .....	oz. .75		
“ wolframate (tungstate) .....	lb. 2.00		
“ xanthogenate (ethyl-thio-carbonate), I } [An anti-phyloxerin.] — (See, also: Potassium, sulpho-carbonate.)	lb. 1.50		
“ “ II .....	lb. 1.25		
<b>Potassium and Aluminium, sulphate, see Alum, potassic</b> .....			
“ and Ammonium, fluoride; — readily soluble in Water. — (Emits fumes of Hydrofluoric Acid.)			
“ “ “ phosphate .....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ “ tartrate, (Ammoniated Soluble Tartar) .....	lb. 1.75		
“ and Antimony, salts, see Antimony and Potassium .....			
“ and Barium, chlorate, see Barium and Potassium, chlorate .....			
“ and Beryllium (Glucinum), fluoride, see Beryllium and P., fluoride .....			
“ and Bismuth, salts, see Bism. and P. .			
“ and Cadmium, iodide, see Cadmium and Potassium, iodide .....			
“ and Chromium, sulphate, see Alum, chromic .....			
“ and Cobalt, cyanide, see Potassium, cobalti-cyanide .....			
“ and Copper, salts, see Copper and P. .			
“ and Gold, salts, see Gold and P. . . . .			

	Containers incl.		
Potassium and Iron, cyanides, so-called, (Red and Yellow Prussiate of Potassa), etc.,—see Potassium; ferrid-cyanide, etc.;—and, ferro-cyanide, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
“ and Iron, ferro-cyanide, (Potassium ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,—soluble.....			
“ and Iron,—other salts,—see Iron, Mono-compounds; and, Iron, Sesqui-compounds,—(the latter embracing the <i>U. S. Ph.</i> Tartrate).....			
“ and Lithium, tartrate, see Lithium and Potassium, tartrate.....			
“ and Mercury, salts, see Merc. and P.....			
“ and Nickel, sulphate, see Nickel and Potassium, sulphate.....			
“ and Platinum, double and triple salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; do. triple Cyanides; and, do., divers double Salts.....			
“ and Silver Nitrates,—mixed in <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other proportions,—(Mitigated Lunar Caustic), see Silver, nitrate, diluted, etc., etc.....			
“ and Sodium, boro-tartrate (tartaroborate), [Tartarus boraxatus—Borax-Tartar; so-called “Soluble Cream of Tartar”].....	lb. 1. 25		
“ do. do., do.,— <i>in scales</i> ,—(Scales of Borax-Tartar; “Soluble Scales of Tartar”);—PERFECTLY SOLUBLE in Water, [a property found wanting in other makes!].....	lb. 1. 50		
“ and Sodium: carbonate; and, sulphate;—see Sodium and Potassium, etc.; etc.....			
“ and Sodium, tartrate,—(Tartarated [Tartarized] Soda; Soda-Tartar; Rochelle-salt, Seignette-salt), [Tartarus natronatus],—chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> .....	lb. .75		
“ do. do., do.,—chem. pure, powder,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> .....	lb. .80		
“ and Strontium, chlorate, see Strontium and Potassium, chlorate.....			
“ and Titanium, fluoride, see Titanium and Potassium, fluoride.....			
“ and Zinc, cyanide, cryst., see Zinc and Potassium, cyanide.....			
“ and Zirconium, fluoride, see Zirconium and Potassium, fluoride.....			
Potassium, Lithium, and Platinum, cyanide } see under Platinum triple			
“ Sodium, and Platinum, cyanide..... } Cyanides.....			
Potassium Alum, see Alum, potassic.....			
Powder, Blood, see Blood, bullock's, etc.....			
“ James's, (Febrile powder), see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
“ Putty-, so-called,—( <i>Polishing-powder</i> ),—see Tin, oxide, grey.....			
“ Tin, ( <i>Stanni pulvis</i> ), see Tin, metallic, pure, powder.....			
Powder of Algaroth, see Antimony, oxychloride.....			
Preparing-salt, so-called,—(Mordant),—see Sodium, stannate.....			
Primrose Yellow, see Aniline and Phenol			
Dyes: Yellow.....			

	Containers incl.		
<p>Propyl-amine, —10-<sup>9</sup>/<sub>10</sub> } <i>These designations</i>            solution, aqueous } <i>are frequently</i>            " hydrochlorate . . . . . } <i>used erroneously,</i>            " sulphate . . . . . } <i>ly, for the cor-</i>              <i>responding ones of: "TRI-METHYL-</i>              <i>AMINE," etc.,—which see!</i> . . . . .</p>			
Propylene, bromide . . . . .	oz. 2. 00		
Protagon . . . . .	15 gr. 3. 00		
Protein . . . . .	oz. 2. 00		
Prunella Salt, see Potassium, nitrate, in flat drops . . . . .			
Prussian Blue, ordinary, see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,— <i>insoluble</i> . . . . .			
do. do., soluble, see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,— <i>soluble</i> . . . . .			
Ptyalin, active . . . . .	oz. . 85		
Ptyalin-Pepsin . . . . .	oz. 1. 00		
Pulsatilla-camphor, see Anemonin . . . . .			
Pulvis ærophorus cum <i>Magnesia citrica</i> , see Magnesium, citrate, effervescent. N.B.— <i>Compare, also: Do., do., do., granulated, U. S. Ph.</i>			
" Sanguinis, see Blood, bullock's, etc. . . . .			
" Stanni, see Tin, metallic, pure, powder			
Punicine ( <i>not</i> Manna-sugar,—which is sometimes called "Punicin";— <i>but: the Pomegranate Alkaloids!</i> ), see <i>Pelletierine, etc.</i> . . . . .			
Purple of Alumina and Gold, see Gold, Alumina Purple of. . . . .			
" Cassius's, see Gold, Tin-precipitate of.			
Purpurin, dry . . . . .	oz. 1. 50		
" paste,—free from Arsenic. . . . .	oz. . 40		
Putty-powder, so-called,—( <i>Polishing-powder</i> ),—see Tin, oxide, grey. . . . .			
Pyridine, chem. pure,—boiling-point 116–118° C [240.8–244.4 F]. . . . .	oz. . 30		
" nitrate, cryst. . . . .	oz. . 75		
" sulphate, cryst. . . . .	oz. . 75		
Pyro-catechin ( <i>Catechol</i> ; <i>ortho</i> -Di-oxy-benzene)—[Pyro-catechnic ( <i>Oxy-phenic</i> ) Acid]. . . . .	15 gr. . 75		
Pyro-gallol, see Acid, pyro-gallio . . . . .			
Pyro-gallol-phtalein, see Gallein . . . . .			
Pyrolusite ( <i>Native Per-oxide of Manganese</i> ), see Manganese, oxide, black, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . .			
Pyro-xylın, see Collodion Cotton . . . . .			
Pyrrole ( <i>Pyrroline</i> ). . . . .	15 gr. . 45		
" tetra-Iod-, see Iodole. . . . .			



Quassin, chem. pure, cryst. ....	Containers incl. 15 gr. .75		
“ “ “ powder .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ purified, powder .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ “ dry, — small lumps .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
“ sulphate, pure .....	15 gr. .50		
“ — acc. to the French standard .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
Quassin, Surinam, chem. pure, powder .....	15 gr. 2.50		
Quebracho Alkaloids:			
Aspido-spermine, cryst., — acc. to Fraude .....	15 gr. 1.50		
“ “ “ sulphate .....	15 gr. 1.50		
Aspidos-amine, — acc. to Hesse .....	15 gr. 5.00		
“ “ “ hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. 5.00		
Quebrachine, cryst., — acc. to Hesse .....			
“ “ “ hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. 2.50		
Quebrach-amine, — acc. to Hesse .....	15 gr. 4.50		
“ “ “ sulphate .....	15 gr. 4.50		
Hypo-quebrachine, — acc. to Hesse .....	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. 1.25		
Aspido-spermine, pure, — <i>amorphous</i> .....	15 gr. .75	} <i>commer-</i> <i>cial</i>	
“ citrate .....	15 gr. 1.00		
“ hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. 1.00		
“ sulphate .....	15 gr. 1.00		
N. B. — These <i>commercial</i> ( <i>amorphous</i> ) Aspido-spermines are <i>not</i> homogeneous substances.			
Quercit (Acorn-sugar) .....	15 gr. .65		
Quercitrin. — Glucoside from Quercitron-bark — from <i>Quereus tinctoria</i> .....	15 gr. .35		
Quevenne's Iron, so-called, see Iron, metallic, reduced .....			
Quinetum (Quinio) [so-called “Mixed Alkaloids” — from <i>Cinchona</i> -bark], — pure .....	oz. 1.50		
“ sulphate .....	oz. 2.25		
Quinidine ( <i>Beta</i> -Quinidine[- <i>Chinidine</i> ], <i>Beta</i> - <i>Quinine</i> , <i>Beta</i> - <i>Chinine</i> ; <i>Conchinine</i> ), — pure, cryst. ....	oz. .73		
“ bi-sulphate .....	oz. .70		
“ citrate .....	oz. .70		
“ di-hydrobromate .....	oz. 1.75		
“ hydrobromate .....	oz. 1.75		
“ sulphate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .33		
Quinidine, <i>Alpha</i> -, see <i>Cinchonidine</i> .....			
Quinine ( <i>Chinine</i> ; <i>Quinia</i> ; <i>Alpha</i> - <i>Quinine</i> ), pure, — <i>Quina</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. 1.20		
“ acetate .....	oz. 1.20		
“ ethyl-sulphate, see Quinine, ethyl-sulphate .....			
“ ammonio-citrate, see Quinine and Ammonium, citrate .....			
“ anisated, ( <i>Anethol</i> - <i>Quinine</i> ) .....	oz. 1.50		
“ antimonate .....	oz. 1.35		
“ arseniate (arsenate) .....	oz. 1.25		
“ arsenite .....	oz. 1.50		
“ benzoate .....	oz. 1.25		
“ bi-muriate, carbamidated ( <i>ureated</i> ), see Quinine and Urea, hydrochlorate .....			
“ bi-sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Quinine, sulphate, acid .....			
“ borate .....	oz. 1.40		
“ “ — <i>amorphous</i> , — see Quinidine, borate .....			
“ bromate .....	oz. 1.50		
“ camphorate .....	oz. 1.50		
“ carbolate, see Quinine, phenate .....			
“ chinate, and chinovate; see Quinine: quinate; and, quinovate .....			
“ chlorate .....	oz. 2.00		



	Containers incl.		
Quinine — (continued!), — cinnamate (cinnamylate) .....	oz. 2.00		
“ citrate .....	oz. 1.05		
“ “ with Ammonium Citrate, — true double salt! — see Quinine and Ammonium, citrate .....			
“ “ with Pyro-phosphate of Iron .....	oz. .50		
“ citrico-hydr chlorate, see Quinine, hydrochloro-citrate .....			
“ di-hydrobromate, { readily solu- { .....	oz. 1.25		
“ di-hydrochlorate, { ble in Water. } .....	oz. 1.50		
“ di-hydro-iodate (di-hydriodate) .....	oz. 2.00		
“ ethylo-sulphate (sulpho-vinate) .....	oz. 1.25		
“ ferri-arsenate (-arsenate) .....	oz. 2.00		
“ “ -arsenite .....	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -bromide .....	oz. 3.00		
“ “ -citrate, — Ph. G. II., — [9-10% of anhydrous Quinine]; — free from Cinchonine .....	oz. .27		
“ “ “ — <i>Ferri et Quinina citras</i> , U. S. Ph., — [12% of anhydrous Quinine] .....	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Neerl.; [13% anh. Q.] .....	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Brit. [13.7% “ “] .....	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Ross. [13.4% “ “] .....	oz. .28		
“ “ “ green. .... [10% “ “] .....	oz. .35		
“ “ “ “ [15% “ “] .....	oz. .40		
“ “ “ “ [20% “ “] .....	oz. .45		
“ “ “ “ [25% “ “] .....	oz. .50		
“ “ “ with Strychnine, see under Strychnine .....			
“ “ -hydrochlorate (ferri-muriate) .....	oz. 2.50		
“ “ -hydrocyanate .....	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -hypo-phosphite .....	oz. 1.55		
“ “ -iodide .....	oz. 1.55		
“ “ -lactate .....	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -muriate, see Quinine, ferri-hydrochlorate .....			
“ “ -sulphate .....	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -tannate .....	oz. .75		
“ “ -tartrate .....	oz. 1.25		
“ “ -valerianate, — [33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % Quinine] .....	oz. 1.30		
“ formate .....	oz. 1.75		
“ hydrobromate, — U. S. Ph. ....	oz. 1.00		
“ hydrochlorate (muriate), cryst., — U. S. Ph. ....	oz. .95		
“ “ — amorphous, — see Quinoidine, hydrochlorate .....			
“ “ muriato-ureated (-carbamidat <sup>ed</sup> ), see Quinine and Urea, hydrochlorate .....			
“ hydrochloro-citrate, (citrico-hydrochlorate), cryst. — A true double salt, — slightly soluble in Water; more easily in Alcohol .....	oz. 2.50		
“ hydrofluorate .....	oz. 4.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate) .....	oz. 1.25		
“ hydro-silico-fluorate, — White microscopic crystals; little soluble in Alcohol; very readily soluble in Water .....			
“ hypo-phosphite .....	oz. 1.55		
“ iodate .....	oz. 2.00		
“ kinate, and kinovate; see Quinine: quininate; and, quinovate .....			
“ lactate .....	oz. 1.35		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate) .....	oz. 2.00		
“ muriate, see Quinine, hydrochlorate .....			
“ nitrate .....	oz. 2.00		
“ peptonized, (Peptone-Quinine) .....	oz. .75		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate), [Phenol-Quinine] .....	oz. 1.75		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Quinine—(continued!),—phosphate .....	Containers incl. oz. 1.25			
“ phospho-lactate, see Quinine, lacto-phosphate .....				
“ phthalate. — Light, translucent scales; perfectly soluble in 2 parts of 95-% Alcohol;—this solution, with proper care, is dilutable by Water.—Melting-point 70° C [158 F] .....	oz. 2.00			
“ picrate .....	oz. 2.00			
“ quinate (chinate, kinate) .....	oz. 3.00			
“ quinovate (chinovate, kinovate) .....	oz. 3.00			
“ saccharinate (not saccha- rate!) .....	} True salts of Quinine and Saccharin— which latter see!			
“ “ bi- .....				
“ salicylate .....	oz. 1.10			
“ santoninate (not santonate!) .....	oz. 6.00			
“ stearate (stearinate) .....	oz. 1.50			
“ stibiate, see Quinine, antimonate .....				
“ succinate .....				
“ sulphate, pure, neutral. — Zimmer's: — in 1/16, 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, and 1-oz. vials; and in 1-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, and 100-oz. tins .....	} oz. 1.75 { Regarding prices, see re- mark on page 158 !}			
“ “ chem. pure, — U. S. Ph., — made from the Bi-sulphate .....		oz. .65		
“ sulphate, acid, (bi-sulphate, — U. S. Ph.), — [about 60% Quinine] .....	oz. .55			
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate), cryst. ....	oz. 2.00			
“ sulpho-vinate, see Quinine, ethylo-sul- phate .....				
“ sulphurico-tartrate (tartarico-sulphate).	oz. 2.00			
“ tannate, commercial .....	oz. .55			
“ “ Ph. G. I., — [20% pure Quinine] ..	oz. .75			
“ tannate, neutral, true, — insipid .....	oz. 1.00			
“ tartarico-sulphate, see Quinine, sul- phurico-tartrate .....				
“ tartrate, cryst. ....	oz. 1.25			
“ thymate .....	oz. 5.00			
“ urate .....	oz. 2.50			
“ valerianate, — U. S. Ph., — large cryst.; —free from Cinchonidine .....	oz. 1.30			
Quinine and Ammonium, citrate, (Ammo- nio-citrate of Quinine), — true double salt. — Slightly soluble in Water; more easily so in Alcohol .....				
“ and Urea, hydrochlorate, (Ureated [carbamidated] Di-hydrochlorate of Quinine; Muriato-carbamidated Hy- drochlorate of Quinine) .....	oz. 2.00			
Quinine-Iron salts, see “Quinine, fer- ri-,” etc., — (above!) .....				
Quinine, Anethol-, see Quinine, anisated ..				
“ Peptone-, see Quinine, peptonized ..				
“ Phenol-, see Quinine, phenate .....				
Quinine, amorphous, true, see Quinoidine.				
“ do., so-called, see Quinium Labarraque				
Quinine, Alpha-, see Quinine .....				
“ Beta-, see Quinidine .....				
Quinine-flower (Quinine Plant), so-called; — Glucoside from, — see Sabbatm. ....				
Quinio, — and do., sulphate, — see Quinetum, etc. ....				
Quinium Labarraque, (Chinum), [Alco- holo-calcic Extract of Cinchona-bark; — so- called “Amorphous Quinine”] .....	oz. .75			
Quinoidine (Chinoidine — Chinoidina!), — [True Amorphous Quinine], — pure.	oz. .15			
“ chem. pure, — Ph. G. II; — the so-called “Chinoidinum” of the U. S. Ph. ....	oz. .16			



Reagent Papers, see Paper, etc. . . . .	Containers incl.			
Realgar, see Arsenic, Red sulphide. . . . .				
Regulus of Antimony, see Antimony, metallic . . . . .				
Rennet - powder, I, — (coagulates 100,000 parts of milk). . . . .				
“ II,—(coagulates 20,000 parts of milk). . . . .				
Rennet Wine, ( <i>Liquid Rennet</i> ), [Liquor se-riparus; so-called “Essence” of Whey] . . . . .				
Resineon . . . . .	oz.	.35		
Resins (Resinæ):				
Brayera, see Resin, Kouso. . . . .				
Copaiva, — (Balsamum copaivæ siccum), [Crude Copaivic Acid] . . . . .	lb.	1.25		
Indian Hemp, ( <i>Cannabis indica</i> ). . . . .	oz.	1.00		
Jalap,—brown: from the <i>true</i> root (Tuber of <i>Ipomœa purga</i> [ <i>Exogonium purga</i> ]);—consists principally of Convolvulin—( <i>which see also!</i> ) . . . . .	oz.	.35		
“ —do.: as above,—Ph. G. II. . . . .	oz.	.50		
“ —white: from the <i>true</i> root;—( <i>the pure Glucoside!</i> ):—see Convolvulin . . . . .				
“ —brown: from the <i>light</i> root ( <i>Orizaba</i> root; Male [ <i>Fusiform</i> ] Jalap,—from <i>Convolvulus orizabensis</i> );—consists principally of Jalapin— [ <i>which see also!</i> ] . . . . .				
“ —white: from the <i>light</i> root;—( <i>the pure Glucoside!</i> ):—see Jalapin . . . . .				
Kamala ( <i>Glandula Rottleræ tinctoriæ</i> ). . . . .	oz.	1.00		
Kava-Kava ( <i>Ava</i> ), [ <i>Radix macropiperis</i> ], Alpha- Beta- . . . . .	15 gr.	.50		
“ both the above mixed, in proportion as contained in the root. . . . .	15 gr.	.40		
Kouso (Kousoo, Cusso) [ <i>Brayera</i> ]: flowers Mezereon ( <i>Daphne mezereum</i> — Spurge Olive): bark . . . . .	oz.	3.00		
Quebracho blanco, (White Quebracho): bark Scammony: root,—Ph. G. I;—consists essentially of Scammonin—( <i>which see also!</i> )—and which is identical with Jalapin). . . . .	oz.	3.50		
“ do.,—white; ( <i>the pure Glucoside!</i> ),—in sticks or powder,—see Scammonin . . . . .	oz.	.75		
Spurge Olive, see Resin, Mezereon . . . . .				
Sumbuli-root (Musk-root). . . . .	oz.	3.50		
Turpeth-root,—(= Turpethin). . . . .	oz.	1.50		
Veratrum, Green, ( <i>Indian Poke</i> ), [ <i>American Green Hellebore</i> ]. . . . .	oz.	2.00		
Resorcin, (Resorcinol), [ <i>meta-Di-oxy-benzene</i> ], chem. pure, cryst., perfectly white . . . . .	oz.	.30		
“ chem. pure, resublimed, perfectly white. . . . .	oz.	.70		
“ chem. pure, impalpable powder,—for dry-spray atomization.— ( <i>Escharotic inhalant.</i> ) . . . . .	oz.	.85		
Resorcin, di-, see Di-resorcin . . . . .				
Resorcin, Pheno-, see Pheno-Resorcin . . . . .				
Resorcin-phtalein, see Fluorescin . . . . .				
“ -phtalin, see Fluorescin . . . . .				
Rhubarbarin, } see under Rhubarb constituents				
Rhein. . . . . }				
Rhodium, metallic. . . . .	15 gr.	5.00		
Rhubarb ( <i>Rheum</i> ) constituents:				
Erythro-retin (Rhubarbarin). . . . .	15 gr.	.50		
Rhein, cryst.,—( <i>True Chrysophanic Acid</i> ; <i>Rheic Acid</i> ), [ <i>Rhubarb Yellow</i> ]. . . . .	15 gr.	1.50		
N.B.—So-called “ <i>Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid</i> ,” see Chrys-arobin.				
Ricinine . . . . .				



<b>Sabadilline</b> , pure .....	Containers incl.		
“ sulphate .....	15 gr. .75		
<b>Sabbatin</b> .—Glucoside from <i>Sabbatia Elliotii</i> —the so-called “Quinine Plant,” or “Quinine-flower” .....	15 gr. 1.50		
<b>Saccharated Iron</b> , so-called, see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated. ....			
“ <b>Iron-salts</b> , <i>divers</i> , see <i>references under</i> : Sugar, ferruginated; or <i>under</i> : Iron, saccharate; or <i>under</i> : Iron-Sugar. ....			
“ <b>metallic Salts</b> , <i>divers</i> , see under the names of the respective metals. ....			
<b>Saccharin</b> Fahlberg, ( <i>not a Carbo-hydrate</i> , but: ortho-Sulph-amine-benzoic Anhydride!).—[ <i>Non-fermentable</i> sweetening agent, of 280-fold the intensity of Cane-sugar.]—(Anti-zymotic;—of high importance in diabetes, gastric disorders, etc.) .....	oz. 1.25		
☞ N. B.—See, also: the <i>Saccharinates</i> and <i>Bi-saccharinates</i> of Morphine, Quinine, and Strychnine, ( <i>under these Alkaloids</i> ).—Those <i>true Salts</i> — <i>not to be confounded</i> with Sugar-compounds [so-called “Saccharates”]!—are useful when the <i>taste</i> of bitter Alkaloids is to be disguised.			
<b>Saccharum Carnis</b> , (Meat-sugar), see Inosit			
“ <b>Lactis</b> , see Milk-sugar .....			
“ <b>Mannæ</b> , see Mannit .....			
“ <b>Plumbi</b> ( <i>Saturni</i> ), see Lead, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades. . .			
“ <b>Seminis Quercus</b> , (Acorn-sugar), see Quercit .....			
“ <b>uveum</b> ( <i>amylaceum</i> ), see Grape-sugar. .			
N. B.— <i>Other Sacchara</i> , see under Sugar.			
<b>Safflower Carmine</b> .....	oz. 2.50		
<b>Saffron</b> (Crocus) of <b>Antimony</b> , [Crocus metallorum], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>washed</i> .....			
“ of <b>Iron</b> , (Crocus martis),— <i>aperient</i> ,—see Iron, oxide, brown, (so-called sub-carbonate) .....			
“ “ “ — <i>astrigent</i> ,—see Iron, oxide, red, <i>anhydrous</i> .....			
<b>Safranine</b> , see under Aniline and Phenol			
Dyes:—Red; and, Yellow .....			
<b>Safrol</b> ,—sp. gr. 1.108. ....	lb. 1.00		
<b>Sal Acetosellæ</b> , see Potassium, bin-oxalate.			
“ <b>amarum</b> , see Magnesium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. . .			
“ <b>ammoniacum</b> , see Ammonium, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and various other kinds			
<b>Sal Soda</b> , see Soda, carbonate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. ....			
<b>Sal</b> , etc.,— <i>other than above</i> ,—see Salt, etc. . .			
<b>Salicin</b> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. 2.75		
<b>Salicyl-Resorcin-ketone</b> (-acetone), [Tri-oxo-benzo-phenone] .....	15 gr. .75		
<b>Salicylal</b> (Salicylol) [Salicyl Hydride; <i>Salicylic Aldehyd</i> ], see Acid, salicylous. ....			
<b>Saligenin</b> (ortho-Oxy-benzylic Alcohol; Salicylous Alcohol) .....	15 gr. .50		
<b>Sali-naphthol</b> , see Betol .....			
<b>Salithol</b> , see Phenctol .....			
<b>Salol</b> (Phenylc Ether of Salicylic Acid; Salicylate of Phenol) .....	oz. .40		
<b>Salt</b> , Dyers', (Pink Salt), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride. ....			
“ <b>Epsom</b> , see Magnesium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. ....			

	Containers incl.		
Salt, Figuiers, of Gold, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst. ....			
“ Glauber's, see Sodium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. . . .			
“ Gregory's, (Hydrochlorate of Morphine and Codeine) . . . . .			
“ Karlsbad thermal, artificial, large cryst. . . . .	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 5.00		
“ “ “ “ small cryst. . . . .	lb. .12		
“ “ “ “ dry,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> . . . . .	lb. .25		
“ “ “ “ true. . . . .	lb. 1.75		
“ Krenznach, (the German “Kreuznacher Mutterlaugensalz”) . . . . .	lb. .12		
“ Magnus's “green,” see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum-tetr-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride . . . . .			
“ microcosmic, see Sodium and Ammonium, phosphate . . . . .			
“ Monsel's, see Iron, sub-sulphate. . . . .			
“ mordant, see Sodium, stannate . . . . .			
“ pink (Dyers'), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride . . . . .			
“ preparing-, so-called,—(Mordant Salt), see Sodium, stannate. . . . .			
“ Prunella, see Potassium, nitrate, in flat drops . . . . .			
“ Rochelle ( <i>Seignette</i> ), see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. . . . .			
Salt of Amber, volatile, see Acid, succinic			
“ of Gold, Figuiers, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst. . . . .			
“ of Lemons,—Essential,—(so-called),—see Potassium, bin-oxalate; etc.;—and also: tetra-oxalate. . . . .			
“ of Sorrel, see Potassium, bin-oxalate.			
“ of Tartar, see Potassium, carbonate, <i>pure, U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades. . . . .			
“ of Tartar,—Essential,—see Acid, tartaric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other kinds . . . . .			
“ of Tin,—so-called,—anhydrous, see Tin, chloride . . . . .			
Saltpetre, refined, see Potassium, nitrate . . . . .			
“ Soda-, see Sodium, nitrate. . . . .			
Sanguinarine, pure. . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ nitrate . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
“ sulphate . . . . .	15 gr. 1.00		
Sanguis Tauri ( <i>Bovis</i> ) siccus pulveratus, see Blood, bullock's, etc. . . . .			
Santalin (Santalic Acid) . . . . .	oz. .85		
Santonin,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Anhydride of Santonic [not Santonic!] Acid);— $[C_{15}H_{18}O_3]$ ,—cryst. . . . .	oz. .45		
“ powder . . . . .	oz. .45		
N.B.—See, also: Acid, santoninic.			
Sapo, see Soap . . . . .			
Saponin, pure,—from <i>Saponaria officinalis</i> .—(Chemically identical with Senegin [Polygalin],—from Senega). . . . .	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ crude. . . . .	oz. .40		
Sapo-toxin,—acc. to Kobert.—Fractional derivative of Saponin from the bark of <i>Quillaia saponaria</i> ;—a white, amorphous, non-crystallizable powder; easily soluble in Water.—(An intensive heart-poison.) . . . . .	15 gr. .75		
Sarcine (Hypo-xanthine) . . . . .	15 gr. 5.00		
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .	15 gr. 5.00		
Sarcosine (Methyl-glycocoll [-glycocine]) . . . . .	15 gr. 6.00		
Sarsaparin (Parillin), see Smilacin . . . . .			
Scales of Tartar (—of <i>Borax-Tartar</i> ), soluble ( <i>perfectly soluble in Water</i> );—see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate,—in scales. . . . .			

	Containers incl.		
Scammonin (White Resin of Scammony), —the pure Glucoside;—[identical with JALAPIN; but from the root of Con- volvulus scammonia];—in sticks....	oz. .80		
“ —in powder .....	oz. .85		
N.B.—See, also:—Resins; Scammony, root, —Ph. G. I.			
Scilla preparations.—(Scilli-picrin, Scilli-toxin, Scillitin).—see Squill preparations .....			
Scoparin (Scoparie Acid).....	15 gr. .65		
Scopoleine.—Alkaloid from Japanese Bella- donna, (from Scopolia Japonica).....	15 gr. 3.50		
Seignette (Rochelle) Salt, see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, U. S. Ph.; etc.....			
Selenium, in sticks .....	oz. 3.00		
“ —in the form of a Berzelius medallion	each 4.00		
“ hydroxide, Selenic, (Hydrated Tri-ox- ide), see Acid, selenic.....			
“ oxide, Selenious, (Di-oxide), sublimed, see Acid, selenious, anhydrous .....			
Senegin (Polygalic Acid, Polygalin),—from Senega.—[Chemically identical with Sapo- nin,—from Saponaria officinalis.].....	15 gr. .75		
Senna-leaves, de-resinated,—powdered			
Sero-sublimate (Serum, with Corrosive Sublimate),—[1%],—liquid;—accord- ing to Lister.....	lb. 1.50		
“ —in scales;—according to Lister .....	oz. .75		
Silica (Silicea; Silex), pure, see Acid, silicic.			
Silicon (Silicium), so-called “metallic”. cryst.	15 gr. 2.25		
“ do. “do.” amorphous.....	15 gr. 1.75		
“ bromide.....	15 gr. .40		
“ chloride.....	15 gr. .35		
“ di-oxide, (Silicic Oxide), see Acid, silicic			
Silver (Argentum), double salts of, see “Sil- ver and —” (below!)			
“ metallic, precipitated, powder .....	oz. 4.00		
“ acetate, chem. pure .....	oz. 2.50		
“ albuminate .....	oz. 2.50		
“ ammonio-fluoride. } see Silver and Am-			
“ ammonio-nitrate. } monium, etc.; etc.			
“ arsenite .....	oz. 2.50		
“ borate .....	oz. 2.50		
“ bromide .....	oz. 2.00		
“ carbonate .....	oz. 3.00		
“ chloride .....	oz. 1.50		
“ chromate .....	oz. 2.50		
“ cyanide,—U. S. Ph. ....	oz. 2.50		
“ fluoride, ammonio-, see Silver and Am- monium, fluoride.....			
“ iodide,—U. S. Ph. ....	oz. 3.00		
“ lactate .....	oz. 4.00		
“ mono-chlor-acetate, cryst. ....	oz. 6.00		
“ nitrate, cryst.,—U. S. Ph.,—(Lunar Nitre). .....	oz. 1.25		
“ “ molded (fused),—U. S. Ph.,—prf. colorless. } (Lunar “ do., grey. } Caustic, 1 “ “ “ “ —pencils,—in wooden case } Infernal Stone	oz. 1.25		
“ nitrate, diluted, (with Potassium Nitrate —1:1),—U. S. Ph.,—[Mitigated (toughened) Caustic];—sticks..	doz. 1.25		
“ “ do., (do. do. do.),—in the follow- ing proportions [of Silver Ni- trate to Potassium Nitrate]:—	oz. 1.00		
1:2; sticks,—Ph. G. I & II.	oz. .75		
1:3; “	oz. .60		
1:4; “	oz. .50		
1:5; “	oz. .55		



Silver, nitrate, diluted,—(as above!); in the following proportions [of Silver Nitrate to Potassium Nitrate],—continued:—	Containers incl.	
2:1; sticks	oz. 1.10	
2% ; sharpened pencils,—sizes as follows:—		
No. of pieces. Weight abt. gm. Long cm. Thick mm.		
4 = 30; ea. 7	oz. 1.50	
6 = 30; " 5.5	oz. 1.55	
8 = 30; " 6	oz. 1.60	
" nitrate, with Silver Chloride—[10%]	oz. 2.50	
" " " Lead Nitrate,—[5:1]	oz. 2.50	
" nitrate, ammonio, see Silver and Ammonium, nitrate		
" nitrite	oz. 2.50	
" oleate	oz. 2.50	
" oxalate	oz. 2.75	
" oxide,—U. S. Ph.,—(Argentio Oxide, Mon-oxide)	oz. 2.75	
" per-manganate, pure	oz. 2.50	
" phosphate	oz. 2.25	
" silvate (silvinate)	oz. 4.00	
" sulphate, cryst.	oz. 1.75	
" sulphide (sulphuret)	oz. 3.50	
" tartrate	oz. 2.25	
" tri-chlor-carbolate (tri-chlor-phenate)	oz. 2.25	
Silver and Ammonium, fluoride.—(Used in Chromo-photography.)		
" and do., nitrate	oz. 2.50	
" and Potassium Nitrates,—mixed in U.S.-Ph. and other proportions, (Mitigated Lunar Caustic), see Silver, nitrate, diluted, etc.; etc.		
" and Sodium, thio-sulphate (formerly called "hypo-sulphite")	oz. 3.00	
Simulo,—see under Tinctures		
Skatole	15 gr. 6.00	
Smilacin (Parillin, Pariglin, Sarsaparin), cryst.	15 gr. 1.75	
Snail-juice, saccharated, see Helicina		
Soap (Sapo), butyric (of Butter),—for preparing Opodeldoc	lb. .40	
" of Castor-oil and Magnesia, (Sapo ricini magnesiens), [Ricinated Magnesia], see Magnesium, ricinate		
" medicinal, powder { Sapo, }	lb. .60	
" " in bars . . . . { U.S.Ph. }	lb. .15	
" " —Ph. G. II,—powder	lb. .75	
" " " " —in bars	lb. .20	
" green (soft) [potassic],—Sapo viridis, U. S. Ph.,—Sapo kalinus, Ph. G. II.	lb. .25	
" Castile (hard),—Sapo venetus [oleaceus, hispanicus]	lb. .15	
Soda (Natrum, Natron), caustic, see Sodium, hydroxide, etc.; etc.		
" U. S. Ph.,—see Sodium, hydroxide, pure (purif. by Alcohol); sticks		
Soda, sulphurated,—(Sodic Liver of Sulphur), [improperly called "Sodium Ter-sulphide"],—fused	lb. .85	
" " fused, pure	lb. 1.25	
N.B.—Compare, also: Sodium, sulphide (sulphuret), cryst., true.		
Soda, tartarated (tartarized), [Soda-Tartar], see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, U. S. Ph.; etc.		
Soda Alum, see Alum, sohc		
Soda-Lime, see Sodium, hydroxide, with Lime		
Soda Saltpetre, see Sodium, nitrate		

	Containers incl.		
Soda-Tartar (Tartarated [Tartarized] Soda), see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. ....			
Sodio-Ethyl (Natrio-Ethyl), see Sodium, ethylate, etc.; etc.; etc. ....			
Sodium (Natrium), double and triple salts of, see "Sodium and —" (below!)			
“ metallic .....	lb. 3.50		
“ acetate, <i>cryst.</i> , (Terra foliata tartari <i>crystallisata</i> ) .....	lb. .45		
“ “ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..	lb. .75		
“ “ “ pure, fused .....	lb. .85		
“ aceto-wolframate (aceto-tungstate) .....	lb. 1.25		
“ æthylate, see Sodium, ethylate .....			
“ æthyl-sulphate, see Sodium, ethyl-sulphate .....			
“ antimonate, Meta-, see Sodium, meta-antimonate .....			
“ “ Pyro-, see Sodium, pyro-antimonate .....			
“ arseniate (arsenate), di-sodic, dry .....	lb. .60		
“ “ do., <i>cryst.</i> , — <i>Sodii arsenias, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .35		
“ “ “ pure .....	oz. .14		
“ arsenite .....	lb. .50		
“ “ pure .....	oz. .14		
“ benzoate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — from artificial Benzoic Acid .....	oz. .24		
“ “ from true Benzoic Acid from the resin .....	oz. .30		
“ benzoico-sulphite, so-called, see Sodium, sulphite, benzoated .....			
“ bi-borate (pyro-borate, di-meta-borate), [Borax; Official Borate of Sodium], — fused; — ( <i>Borax-glass, Vitrified Borax</i> ) .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ calcined, (Burnt Borax) .....	lb. .75		
“ “ pure, <i>cryst.</i> , prismatic (with 10 molecules of Water), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — (Refined Borax) .....	lb. .75		
“ “ <i>cryst.</i> , prismatic, (Crude Borax) ..	lb. .40		
“ “ powder, — from <i>prismatic crystals</i> , — (not Amorphous Borax!) .....	lb. .50		
“ “ —glycerolate of, (“Glycerite” of Borax — <i>Glyceritum Sodii boratis, U. S. Ph. 1870</i> ; — <i>Glycerinum Boracis, Ph. Br.</i> ), — [1 part Borax; 4 Glycerin; 2 Water] .....			
“ “ —do. do., — <i>syrupy consistency</i> , — (improperly called: “Boro-Glycerin”), — [about <i>equal parts</i> Borax and Glycerin]; — (not to be confounded with the <i>true-Dry Boro-Glycerin</i> = Glycerolate of Boric Acid!) .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ N.B. — See, also: Boro-Glycerin.			
“ bi-carbonate (acid carbonate; hydro-carbonate), chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , in crusts .....	lb. .40		
“ “ chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , in lumps .....	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ powder, — <i>Sodii bicarbonas, U. S. Ph.</i> ..	lb. .35		
“ “ pure, powder, — <i>Sodii bicarbonas venalis, U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .30		
“ “ English, — powder .....	lb. .30		
“ “ “ — in lumps .....	lb. .25		
“ bi-chromate .....	lb. .35		
“ bin-oxalate .....	lb. .75		
“ bi-phosphate .....	lb. 1.25		

	Containers incl.		
<b>Sodium, bi-sulphate</b> (acid sulphate), [Sodium and Hydrogen, sulphate], pure, cryst.	lb. .60		
“ do., pure, fused.	lb. .65		
“ “ do., do., —in drops. — Clearly soluble in Water. — (Decomposes carbonates, and is therefore employed for the production of Pure Carbonic Anhydride.)			
“ “ crude	lb. .30		
“ bi-sulphite, dry, commercial, II	lb. .50	} (An Anti-chlor)	
“ “ solution, comm'l, — [30° Bé]	lb. .40		
“ “ dry, pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .60		
“ N.B. — <i>See, also</i> for “Antichlor” : — Sodium, sulphite; and: do., thio-sulphate.			
“ bi-tartrate, cryst.	lb. 1.25		
“ bi-vanadate, cryst., — readily soluble			
“ borate, (Borax), see Sodium, bi-borate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other forms and grades			
“ boro-benzoate	oz. .50		
“ “ -citrate	lb. 2.00		
“ “ -salicylate	oz. .40		
“ bromate	oz. 1.00		
“ bromide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .90		
“ butyrate	lb. 2.00		
“ camphorate	oz. 1.25		
“ carbolate, see Sodium, phenate			
“ carbonate, neutral, — (Sal Soda), — twice purified, cryst.	lb. .25		
“ “ do., — twice purified, dry	lb. .35		
“ “ “ ch. pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ “ dried, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50		
“ “ “ “ “ dry (anhydrous).	lb. .75		
“ “ “ “ “ fused	lb. 1.25		
“ carbonate, acid, see Sodium, bi-carbonate, <i>U. S. Ph.s</i> ; and various others			
“ caustic oxide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades, — see Sodium, hydroxide, etc.			
“ chlorate, cryst. — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .60		
“ chlorhydro-phosphate, see Sodium, phosphate, hydrochlorated.	oz. .40		
“ chloride, chem. pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ exsiccated (decrepitated)	lb. .50		
“ “ “ “ fused	lb. .65		
“ choleate (choleinate), pure, — <i>Ph. G. I.</i> , — [Dried purified Ox Gall].	oz. .35		
“ “ — from Choleic (Tauro-cholic) Acid, — see Sodium, tauro-choleate.			
“ chromate, neutral	lb. .40		
“ “ “ pure	lb. 2.00		
“ cinnamate, (cinnamylate), chem. pure.	oz. 2.00		
“ citrate, acid	lb. 2.00		
“ “ neutral	lb. 1.75		
“ citrico-benzoate, — very freely soluble.	oz. .65		
“ copaivate	oz. 1.00		
“ cresotate	oz. .70		
“ cyanide	oz. 1.25		
“ di-iod-para-phenol-sulphonate, see <b>Sozoidole</b>			
“ di-meta-borate, see Sodium, bi-borate.			
“ di-nitro-cresylate	oz. 1.50		
“ ethylate, (Sodio-[Natrio-]Ethyl), dry	oz. 1.00		
“ “ cryst., (Caustic Alcohol), — acc. to Richardson	oz. .40		
“ “ liquid, (Liquor Sodii ethylatis), — <i>Ph. Brit.</i>	lb. 2.00		
“ ethylo-sulphate (sulpho-vinate), chem. pure.	lb. 1.50		

When ordering, specify : “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Sodium, ethyl-thio-carbonate, see Sodium, xanthogenate				
“ ferro-cyanide, (Sodio-Ferrous cyanide, so-called), pure	oz. .50			
“ “ commercial	lb. .75			
“ fluoride, pure	oz. .45			
“ “ commercial	oz. .25			
“ formate, pure, dry	oz. .50			
“ glycerino-borate, (Glycerolate of Borax— <i>Glyceritum Sodii boratis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870), see Sodium, bi-borate, glycerolate of. N.B.—See, also: Do., do., do. do.,— <i>syrupy consistency.</i>				
“ glyco-cholate, cryst.	15 gr. 1.50			
“ hippurate	oz. 2.00			
“ hydro-carbonate, see Sodium, bi-carbonate				
“ hydrochloro-phosphate, see Sodium, phosphate, hydrochlorated				
“ hydrogenio-sulphate, see Sodium, bi-sulphate				
“ hydrophosphate, (Di-sodium Hydroph.), see Sodium, phosphate, bi-basic				
“ hydroxide (“hydrate”) [hydrated (caustic) oxide], (Caustic Soda), chem. pure,—from Sodium	lb. 5.60			
“ “ pure ( <i>purif. by Alcohol</i> ); plates	lb. 1.05			
“ “ “ (“ “ “); sticks,— <i>Soda</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
“ “ purified, dry	lb. 1.09			
“ “ “ —in plates	lb. .60			
“ “ “ —in sticks	lb. .55			
“ “ “ —in drops	lb. 1.50			
“ “ crude,—[abt. 75%]				
“ “ with Lime,—(Soda-Lime)	lb. .60			
“ hypo-phosphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.30			
“ hypo-sulphate, chem. pure	oz. 1.00			
“ hypo-sulphite (sub-sulphite),—[an <i>Anti-chlor!</i> ], see Sodium, thio-sulphate				
“ “ chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see do. do., chem. pure				
“ ichthyol-sulphonate (sulpho-ichthyolate), see under <i>Ichthyol preparations</i>				
“ indigo-sulphate (sulph-indigotate, sulpho-ceruleate), chem. pure	oz. 1.50			
“ iodate	oz. 1.00			
“ iodide, dry,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	oz. .35			
“ kousseinate	15 gr. .50			
“ lactate,— <i>syrupy consistency.</i> —(N. B.— <i>This consistency is the only form in which pure Sodium Lactate is obtainable.</i> )	oz. .35			
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz. .50			
“ meta-antimonate (-stibiato), pure, cryst.	oz. .40			
“ meta-phosphate	oz. .45			
“ methyl-sulphate, cryst.	oz. .50			
“ methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonate, see <i>Thermifugin</i>				
“ molybdate (molybdenate)	oz. .50			
“ muriato-phosphate, see Sodium, phosphate, hydrochlorated				
“ nitrate, crude				
“ “ purified				
“ “ ch. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>				
“ nitrite, chem. pure,—in sticks	lb. .35			
“ “ commercial,—cryst.	lb. .50			
“ nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro-ferri-cyanide)	oz. .22			
	lb. .40			
	oz. 1.00			

℞ When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Sodium, oleate	lb. 1.50		1808
“ ortho-phosphate, di-sodic, see Sodium, phosphate, bi-basic			
“ osmate, chem. pure	15 gr. 2.50		
“ oxalate	lb. .75		
“ “ chem. pure	lb. 1.00		
“ oxide, hydrated (caustic), [Caustic Soda], — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms, — see Sodium, hydroxide, etc.; etc.			
“ per-manganate, crude	lb. .60		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate), dry	oz. .20		
“ phenol-sulphonate, see Sodium, sulphophenate (sulpho-carbolate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ), etc.			
“ phosphate, bi-basic (official), [Di-sodic ortho-Phosphate, Di-sodium Hydro-phosphate], — purified, cryst.	lb. .25		
“ “ do., twice purified, cryst.	lb. .27		
“ “ “ “ dry	lb. .40		
“ “ “ pure, granulated	lb. .75		
“ “ “ chem. pure, cryst., <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ “ dry	lb. .60		
“ “ “ “ “ fused	lb. 1.25		
“ “ hydrochlorated (muriated), [Muriato-phosphate (Chlorhydro-phosphate, Hydrochloro-phosphate) of Sodium], dry	oz. .50		
“ “ Meta-, see Sod., meta-phosphate.			
“ phosphite	oz. .60		
“ phospho-lactate, see Sodium, lacto-phosphate.			
“ “ -molybdate (-molybdenate)	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -wolframate (phospho-tungstate).	oz. .50		
“ micro-carminate	oz. 3.00		
“ plumbate	lb. 1.50		
“ pyro-antimonate	oz. 1.00		
“ pyro-borate, see Sodium, bi-borate.			
“ pyro-phosphate, acid	lb. 2.00		
“ pyro-phosphate, normal, cryst.	lb. .90		
“ “ do., cryst., pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. .94		
“ “ “ pure, dry	lb. 1.25		
“ “ “ fused	lb. 1.50		
“ “ ferrated, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds; Sodio-ferric pyro-phosphate.			
“ quillayate			
“ rhodanide, see Sodium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ ros-aniline-sulphonate			
“ rosolate	lb. 2.50		
“ salicylate, pure, powder	lb. 2.65		
“ “ pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. 4.25		
“ “ from Wintergreen-( <i>Gaultheria</i> )-Oil	oz. 1.50		
“ santoninate (not santonate!), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .69		
“ seleniate (selenate)	½ oz. vls. oz. 16.00		
“ silicate, pure, solution [10%], — sp. gr. 1.054	} Water-glass, Soluble Glass, or Liquid Glass.	lb. .50	
“ “ do., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — sp. gr. 1.3-1.4 [58%]		lb. .60	
“ “ “ cryst.		lb. 1.25	
“ “ crude, lumps & ground		lb. .50	
“ “ “ gelatinous form		lb. .60	
“ “ “ solut'n [40-42° Bè].	lb. .40		
N.B. — Compare, also: Potassium, silicate.			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
<b>Sodium, silico-fluoride.</b> —(An innocuous surgical antiseptic, according to Thomson.)—A concentrated solution in Water contains but 0.61%.....	oz. .35		
“ silvate (silvinate).....	oz. 1.00		
“ stannate, (Mordant Salt; so-called “Pre-paring-salt”).....	lb. .75		
“ stearate.....	lb. 1.00		
“ stibiato, Meta-, see Sodium, meta-antimonate.....			
“ sub-sulphite, see Sodium, thio-sulphate.			
“ succinate, pure, cryst. ....	oz. .50		
“ sulphate, (Glauber's Salt), ch. pure, cryst.	lb. .35		
“ “ chem. pure, dry.....	lb. .40		
“ “ pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .34		
“ “ “ dry,—conforming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> requirements.....	lb. .34		
“ “ purified, dry.....	lb. .35		
“ “ “ cryst. ....	lb. .30		
“ “ crude,—large crystals.....			
“ “ “ —small “.....			
“ sulphate, acid, see Sodium, bi-sulphate			
“ sulphide (sulphuret), cryst.,— <i>true</i> ,—( <i>Mono-sulphide of Sodium</i> ). ....	lb. .84		
“ sulphide, <i>so-called</i> ,—(also improperly called “ter-sulphide”),—[ <i>Sodic Liver of Sulphur</i> ];—fused; and: fused, pure:—see <i>Soda, sulphurated, etc.</i> ; etc. ....			
“ sulphite, cryst. ....	lb. .26		
“ “ pure, dry.....	lb. .50		
“ “ “ cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .45		
“ “ “ N. B.— <i>See, also</i> (for “ <i>Antichlor</i> ”):— <i>Sodium, bi-sulphite</i> ; and: <i>do.</i> , <i>thio-sulphate</i> .			
“ “ benzoated, ( <i>not a true benzoico-sulphite!</i> ),— <i>acc. to Heckel.</i> —[Easily soluble, powerful, innocuous antiseptic,—described as equaling the Mercury salts in force.].....	oz. .40		
“ “ bi-, see <i>Sodium, bi-sulphite</i> .....			
“ sulpho-carbolate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.,—see <i>Sodium, sulpho-phenate</i> .....			
“ “ -carbonate (thio-carbonate).....	lb. .50		
“ “ -cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz. .30		
“ “ -ichthyolate (ichthyol-sulphonate), see under <i>Ichthyol preparations</i> ..			
“ “ -indigotate (sulph-indigotate; sulpho-ceruleate), see <i>Sodium, indigo-sulphate</i> .....			
“ “ -phenate (phenol-sulphonate;—sulpho-carbolate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ), perf. white.....	oz. .14		
“ “ “ II.....	oz. .13		
“ “ -vinate, see <i>Sod.</i> , ethyl-sulphate			
“ tannate.....	oz. .30		
“ tartrate, cryst.,—(not “ <i>Soda-Tartar</i> ”!)	lb. .90		
“ “ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ N. B.— <i>Tartarated</i> ( <i>Tartarized</i> ) <i>Soda</i> , [ <i>Soda-Tartar</i> ], see <i>Potassium and Sodium, tartrate</i> .			
“ tauro-cholate, ( <i>Sodium Choleate from Choleic</i> [ <i>Tauro-choleic</i> ] <i>Acid</i> ). ....	15 gr. .75		
“ “ N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : <i>Sodium, choleate</i> ,— <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ,—( <i>direct from Ox Gall</i> ).			
“ ter-sulphide,—improperly so called,—see <i>Soda, sulphurated</i> .....			
“ thio-cyanate, see <i>Sodium, sulpho-cyanate</i> .....			

	Containers incl.				
Sodium, thio - sulphate (formerly called "hypo-sulphite," or, also: "sub-sulphite")..... " do., chem. pure,— <i>Sodii hypo-sulphis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..... N. B.— <i>See, also</i> (for "Anti-chlor"): —Sodium, bi-sulphite; and: do., sulphite. " tri-chlor-acetate ..... " tri-chlor-phenate (tri-chlor-carbolate).. " tungstate, see Sodium, wolframate ..... " uranate, (Uranium Yellow;—improperly called "Yellow Oxide of Uranium"). N.B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Ammonium, uranate. " urate ..... " valerianate ..... " vanadate, pure..... " " bi-, see Sodium, bi-vanadate ..... " wolframate (tungstate), crude..... " " purified ..... " " pure..... " xanthogenate(ethylo-thio-carbonate)...	[An Anti-chlor.]	lb. .25			
		lb. .60			
		oz. 1.50			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .80			
		oz. 2.50			
		lb. .45			
		lb. .75			
		oz. .13			
		oz. .30			
		Sodium and Aluminium, chloride, see Aluminium and Sodium, chloride...			
		" and do., sulphate, see Alum, sodic ...			
		" and Ammonium, oxalate .....	lb. 1.00		
" " " phosphate... { (Microcosmic {	lb. 1.20				
" " " " ch. pure { Salt.) }	lb. 1.35				
" " " sulphate .....					
" and Copper, chloride, see C. and S., chl.					
" and Gold, chloride, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other forms and grades .....					
" and Iridium, chloride, see I. and S., chl.					
" and Iron, cyanide, so-called, see Sodium, ferro-cyanide.....					
" and do.,— <i>other salts</i> ,—see under Iron, Mono-compounds; and Iron, Sesqui-compounds .....					
" and Lead, thio-sulphate ("hypo-sulphite"), see Lead and Sodium, thio-sulphate .....					
" and Lithium, salts, see Lith. and Sod.					
" and Magnesium, boro-citrate.....	oz. .40				
" " " lactate.....	oz. .50				
" " " phosphate .....	oz. .40				
" and Mercury, <i>Amalgam</i> , see Sodium Amalgam—(below!).					
" and Palladium, chloride, see Palladium and Sodium, chloride .....					
" and Platinum, double and triple salts, see under: Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; and, do. triple Cyanides.....					
" and Potassium, carbonate, chem. pure	lb. 1.25				
" " " sulphate .....	lb. .75				
" " " boro-tartrate; and, tartrate (— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.);—see Pot. and Sodium, do.; and, do. .					
" and Silver, thio-sulphate, ("hypo-sulphite"), see Silver and Sodium, thio-sulphate .....					
Sodium, Platinum and Potassium, cyanuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides					
Sodium Alum, see Alum, sodic .....					
Sodium Amalgam .....	lb. 2.50				
Solanidine.....	15 gr. 2.25				
Solanine, pure, cryst. ....	15 gr. 3.00				
" hydrochlorate .....	15 gr. 4.00				

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.			
<b>Soluble Citrates</b> , so-called, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferric citrate: brown, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, green.....				
“ <b>Cream of Tartar</b> ,—so-called,—(Borax-Tartar), see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....				
“ <b>do. of do.</b> ,— <i>perfectly soluble</i> in Water.....	} see do. do. do., do.,— in scales..			
“ <b>Scales of Tartar</b> (—of Borax-Tartar).....				
“ <b>Glass</b> , (Water-Glass), see Potassium, silicate, etc.;—and: Soda, silicate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....				
“ <b>Indigo</b> , (Indigo Sulphate),—solution, —see Tinctures: Indigo.....				
“ <b>Iron</b> , so-called, see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.....				
“ <b>Tartar</b> , (Tartarus tartarisatus), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. N.B.— <i>Compare</i> : Soluble “ <i>Cream</i> ,” and “ <i>Scales</i> ,” of Tartar;—(above!).				
“ <b>do.</b> ,— <b>Ammoniated</b> ,—see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate.....				
<b>Solutions</b> (Liquores),—[See, also: “N. B.,” at end of “Solutions”]:—				
Aluminium acetate, see Aluminium, acet., liq.				
Ammonia, aqueous, see Ammonia, Water of				
“ alcoholic, see Ammonia, Spirit of....				
Ammonium acetate, —Ph. G. II.,—(“ <i>Spiritus Mindereri</i> ”).....	lb.	.50		
“ carbonate, pyro-oleous, see Spirit, so-called, of Hartshorn, —rectified..				
“ succinate, (“ <i>Spiritus cornu cervi succinatus</i> ”),—sp. gr. 1.055.....	lb.	1.50		
“ sulphide(sulphuret),—hydro-sulphuretted, —( <i>Hydrothion-ammonium</i> solution).....	lb.	.60		
anodyne Iron-, <i>Bestuschef's</i> , see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral.....				
Antimonious chloride, (Tri-chloride of Antimony);—[ <i>Liquid Butter of Antimony</i> ],—sp. gr. 1.350.....	lb.	.35		
do. do., white, pure,—sp. gr. 1.350.....	lb.	.50		
N.B.— <i>Concentrated Butter of Antimony</i> , see Antimony, chloride, Antimonious.				
Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> :—(Solut. of Bin-iodide of Mercury and Ter-iodide of Arsenic),—(Donovan's Solution)				
Bamberger's Mercurio-albuminated; see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid.				
Chlorine,—aqueous,—see Chlorine-water..				
Donovan's, see Solution, Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
Dzondi's ammoniacal, see Ammonia, Spirit				
Fehling's Test,—see under: Titrated Normal Solutions,—(at End of <i>Alphabetical List!</i> ).				
Fowler's arsenical, see Solut., Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
Gutta-percha, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—( <i>Traumaticin</i> ).	lb.	3.00		
Ichthyol, see under Ichthyol preparations.				
Indigo sulphate, see Tinctures: Indigo....				
Iron acetate,—sp. gr. 1.145.....	lb.	1.00		
“ “ “ 1.138.....	lb.	.75		
“ “ —Ph. G. II.,—sp. gr. 1.081 1.083	lb.	.65		
“ “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,— “ 1.16.....	lb.	1.00		
“ albuminate,—acc. to Dr. Friese.....	lb.	.75		
“ “ “ “ Dr. Drees.....	lb.	.75		
“ chloride, proto- (Ferrous),—sp. gr. 1.255	lb.	.35		
“ “ Ferric, normal, see Solution, Iron, tri-chloride.....				



Solutions (Liquores),—continued:

	Containers incl.		
Iron chloride, Ferric, ( <i>contin. !</i> ),—basic, —so-called;—see Sol., Iron oxy-chloride			
do.,—anodyne,—see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral			
citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—sp. gr. 1.26			
dialyzed,—( <i>a so-called Solution!</i> ),—see Iron, dialyzed, liquid			
formate,—sp. gr. 1.04	lb.	2.50	
oxy-chloride, Ferric, (Basic Ferric chloride), so-called,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—[3.5% of Iron, =5% of $Fe_2O_3$ ]	lb.	.35	
peptonized, (Peptonated Ferric Oxide),— <i>dialyzed</i> ;—for <i>internal use</i> ;—[3% Iron].—(Prepared from the above.) N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Iron, peptonized, solution, glycerinated, —for <i>subcutaneous</i> injections.	lb.	1.10	
saccharate,—with excess of Sugar,—see <i>Syrup</i> of Saccharate of Iron			
sub-sulphate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—(Sol. of Basic Ferric Sulphate), [Monsel's solution]	lb.	.40	
sulphate, Ferric, normal, (Ter-sulphate),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ,—sp. gr. 1.32	lb.	.50	
do., do.,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—sp. gr. 1.428–430	lb.	.45	
“ “ “ “ commercial	lb.	.40	
“ “ “ “ basic, see Solution, Iron, sub-sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
tri-chloride (sesqui-chloride) [ <i>Normal Ferric chloride</i> ],—sp. gr. 1.500	lb.	.85	
“ “ —sp. gr. 1.480	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ “ 1.405,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.65	
“ “ “ “ 1.28,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.50	
Lead acetate, basic, (sub-acetate),—[so-called Goulard's Extract; Vinegar of Lead— <i>Acetum plumbi</i> (Saturni)],— <i>Liquor plumbi subacetatis, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.30	
Lime,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Lime-water— <i>Aqua Calcariae</i> )	lb.	.25	
Mercuric nitrate, (Mercury Per-nitrate),—sp. gr. 1.180	lb.	1.10	
“ “ —sp. gr. 2.10,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	2.00	
“ “ “ “ 1.67	lb.	1.60	
Mercury bi-chloride, albuminated,—according to Bamberger,—see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid			
Monsel's, see Solution, Iron sub-sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
pancreatic,—prepared directly from the fresh pancreas;—( <i>not Glycerolate of Pancreatin!</i> — <i>which see also</i> , under: Pancreatin,—solution in Glycerin.)	lb.	1.50	
Potassa, caustic,—sp. gr. 1.340 } [34% Potass.	lb.	.30	
“ “ pure,— “ 1.340 } Hydr.-KHO	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ “ 1.142,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—[15% of KHO].	lb.	.40	
Potassium acetate,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.75	
“ arsenite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—(Fowler's Arsenical solution)			
“ silicate, (Liquid Glass), see under: Potassium, silicate	lb.	.40	
Soda, caustic,—sp. gr. 1.340 } [31% Sodium	lb.	.30	
“ “ pure, “ 1.340 } Hydr.-NaHO	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ “ 1.159–163,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—[abt. 15% NaHO]	lb.	.40	
“ “ —sp. gr. 1.34,—[37° Bé];—free from Nitrogen.—[For determining Nitrogen in analyses.]	lb.	.35	

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

**Solutions (Liquores),—continued :**

Sodium ethylate, (Liquor Sodii ethylatis, Ph. Brit.), see Sodium, ethylate, liquid  
 “ hypo-chlorite .....  
 “ silicate, (Liquid Glass),—*U. S. Ph.*; and other grades;—see under: Sodium, silicate .....  
 N. B.—*Many other Solutions*, see under the names of the various Metallic salts, etc.  
 —*Compare, also*: TINCTURES, etc.; and, SYRUP, etc.

**Solutions, Test-**, (*Indicator-, titrated normal, and pharmacopœial volumetric Solutions*),—for qualitative and quantitative analyses,—see at End of List.

Sorbin (Sorbinose)..... 15 gr. 1.50

Sorbit (Sorbitol).....

Sozo-iodole (Di-iod-para-phenol-sulphonate of Sodium),—readily soluble..... oz. 1.75

N. B.—*The analogous salts of Potassium, Ammonium, Barium, Lead, Mercury, Silver, and Zinc*, are also made.

**Sparteine Merck:**

pure Alkaloid,—*syropy consistency*.—(Narcotic.) 15 gr. .50

hydrochlorate, *cryst.*..... 15 gr. .50

hydro-iodate (hydriodate), *cryst.*,—readily soluble in 5 parts of Water..... 15 gr. .50

sulphate, *cryst.*..... 15 gr. .30

**Specimen Collections:**

Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc..... } See at End

All the Opium constituents..... } of List.

Metals..... }  
 Physiological Preparations..... }

**Spigeline**.—The highly toxic active principle of Maryland Pink—*Spigelia marilandica*.—(Anthelmintic; specially in ascarides!).....

N. B.—*See, also*:—Fluid Extracts: *Spigelia*.

**Spirit, Angelica**,—compound..... lb. .85

“ aromatic,—Ph. Neerl..... lb. 1.60

“ Balm (Lemon-balm—*Melissa*),—compound; [“*Eau des Carmes*”]. lb. 1.00

“ “—simple, concentrated..... lb. 1.50

“ Cochlearia (*Scurvy-grass, Spoonwort*),—Ph. G. II,—from the fresh herb... lb. 1.00

“ Elder-flowers, see Spirit, *Sambucus*....

“ formic, (Spirit of Ants—*Spiritus Formicarum*),—*true*,—prep. from ants lb. 1.00

“ “—Ph. G. II,—prep. fr. Formic Acid. lb. .90

“ Mastic (*Mastix*),—compound; (*Spiritus matricalis*—*Mother-spirit*)..... lb. 1.50

“ *Melissa*: compound; and simple;—see Spirit, *Balm*.....

“ —*so-called*,—*Mindererus's*, see Solutions: *Ammonium acetate*.....

“ *Mother*, see Spirit, *Mastic*,—compound

“ pyro-acetic,—*so-called*,—see *Acetone*...

“ pyro-ligneous (pyro-xylic), see *Alcohol, methylic*.....

“ Raspberry;—for preparing *Aqua Rubidaei*..... lb. 1.50

“ *Sambucus* (*Elder-flowers*)..... lb. 1.50

“ *Scurvy-grass* (*Spoonwort*), see Spirit, *Cochlearia*.....

“ *Wood*,—see *Alcohol, methylic*.....

**Spirit of Ammonia, Dzondi's**, see *Ammonia, Spirit of*.....

“ “ “—aromatic..... lb. 1.00

“ of Ants, see Spirit, *formic*.....

“ —*so-called*,—*fuming*, of *Libavius*; see *Tin, tetra-chloride*.....

Containers incl.

	Containers incl.		
Spirit—so-called—of Hartshorn,—rectified; (Spiritus Cornu Cervi rectificatus; Liquor Ammonii carbonici pyro-oleo- si—Solution of Pyro-oleous Ammo- nium Carbonate).....	lb. .60		
“ —so-called—of Hartshorn,—succinated; see Solutions: Ammonium succinate			
“ of Iron Chloride,—etherized; see Tinc- tures: Iron chloride,—ethereal.....			
“ of Muriatic Ether; ( <i>Sweet Spirit of Salt</i> ), [Hydrochlorated Alcohol],—sp. gr. 0.840.....	lb. 1.25		
“ of Nitrous Ether; ( <i>Sweet Spirit of Nitre</i> ), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....			
Spiritus æthereus martiatus, (Spir. Ferri chlorati æthereus), see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—ethereal.....			
“ Ammoniaci caustici Dzondii, see Ammonia, Spirit of.....			
“ Cornu Cervi rectificatus, see Spirit, so-called, of Hartshorn,— rectified.....			
“ “ “ succinatus, see Solutions: Ammonium, succinate..			
“ fumans Libavii, see Tin, tetra-chlo- ride.....			
Spiritus, other than above, see: Spirit, etc...			
Spodium purificatum; et, purum;—see Char- coal, animal, purified, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, pure			
Sponge, burnt, (Spongia usta [tosta]), see <i>Charcoal</i> , Sponge.....			
“ compressed, (Spongiæ pressæ),— tied with twine.....	oz. .75		
“ “ in layers,—without twine.....	oz. 1.50		
Sponge-tent ( <i>Waxed Sponge</i> —Spongiæ ce- rata).....	oz. .70		
Squill (Scilla) preparations:			
Scilli-picrin Merck.....	15 gr. .35		
Scillitin.....	15 gr. .75		
Scilli-toxin (Scillain).....	15 gr. 2.00		
Stanni pulvis, see Tin, metallic, pure, powder.....			
Stannic Precipitate of Gold, see Gold, Tin-precipitate of.....			
Stannum, and compounds, see Tin, etc...			
Staphisagrine.....	15 gr. 1.00		
Starch (Amidin, Fecula), iodized,—(Amy- lum iodatum, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> );—[“Iodide of Starch”],—soluble.....	oz. .34		
“ of Inula (—of <i>Elecampane</i> ; —of <i>Alant</i> - root),—[ <i>Alant</i> -starch; <i>Alantin</i> ; <i>Dah</i> - lin],—see <i>Inulin</i> .....			
Starch-sugar, chem. pure, anhydrous, see <i>Grape</i> - sugar, etc.....			
Steel Pellets, so-called, see Iron, Mono-com- pounds: Potassio - Ferrous tartrate, in globules.....			
Stibium, and compounds, see Antimony, etc. (—“ <i>Stibi</i> ated—” etc., see “ <i>Antimoni</i> ated—” etc.).....			
Stilbene (Symmetric Di-phenyl-ethylene) [Toluylene].....	15 gr. 1.00		
Stone, divine..... } so-called, see Copper, “ ophthalmic, { aluminated.....			
“ infernal, see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey.....			
Strontium, metallic,—from Amalgam.....	15 gr. 5.00		
“ “ —by electrolysis.....	15 gr. 10.00		
“ acetate.....	lb. 2.50		
“ bromate.....	oz. 1.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Strontium, bromide.....	Containers incl.			
“ carbonate, pure, perf. white.....	oz. .50			
“ chlorate.....	lb. .60			
“ chloride, chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. 1.85			
“ “ cryst.....	lb. 1.25			
“ “ dry.....	lb. .75			
“ chromate.....	lb. 1.50			
“ fluoride.—(An inhalant in laryngeal phtthisis.).....	lb. 2.25			
“ formate.....	oz. .50			
“ hypo-sulphate.....	oz. .75			
“ hypo-sulphite, see Strontium, thio-sul- phate.....				
“ iodide.....	oz. 1.00			
“ nitrate, pure, anhydrous, cryst.....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ dry.....	lb. .25			
“ oxalate.....	lb. 1.30			
“ oxide, caustic, cryst.....	lb. 1.50			
“ “ anhydrous.....	lb. 2.00			
“ phosphate.....	lb. 1.50			
“ sulphate, precipitated.....	lb. 1.00			
“ sulphide (sulphuret).....	lb. 1.50			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo- sulphite”).....	oz. .75			
Strontium and Platinum, cyanide, see under Platinum double Cyanides....				
“ and Potassium, chlorate.....	lb. 2.50			
Strophanthin Merck, chem. pure, cryst.;— from Strophanthus hispidus, an African arrow- poison.—(Preferred to Digitalin,— as a heart-tonic.).....	grain .50			
Strychnine (Strychnia), pure, cryst.— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
“ pure, precipitated.....	oz. vls. oz. 1.95			
“ acetate.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
“ arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ arsenite.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
“ camphorate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ citrate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ ferri-citrate,— <i>Ferri et Strychninæ citras</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. 1.00			
“ hydrobromate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate).....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
“ “ —with Iodide of Zinc.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
“ hypo-phosphite.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ lactate.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
“ nitrate, cryst.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
“ phosphate.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.00			
“ saccharinate ( <i>not saccha- rate!</i> ).....	} True salts of Strychnine and Saccharin— which latter see!			
“ “ bi-.....				
“ sulphate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
“ sulpho - carbolate (phenol - sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. vls. oz. 5.00			
Strychnine and Zinc-Oxide, hydriodate, see Str., hydro-iodate,—with Iodide of Zinc.....				
Strychnine with Ferri-citrate of Quinine.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.00			
Strychnine, Methyl-, etc., see Methyl- Strychnine, etc.....				
Styracin, cryst., white, (Cinnamate of Cin- nyl [Styryl]), [Cinnamyl-o-cinnamic Ether]	oz. 5.00			
Styrol (Styrolene; Cinnamene, Cinnamol), chem. pure.....	oz. 2.50			
Styrone (Cinnyl Alcohol; Cinnamic [Sty- rylic] Alcohol), liquid.....	oz. 2.00			
“ cryst.....	oz. 5.00			
Suberin.....	oz. .65			
Sublimate, corrosive, see Mercury, bi- chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....				
Succus, Succī, etc., see Juice, Juices, etc..				

Containers incl.

Sugar, ferruginated, (*Iron-Sugar*), see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated . . . . .  
 N.B.—Compare, also:  
 Iron, albuminate . . . . .  
     “ carbonate—(*U. S. Ph.*; etc.)—  
     “ iodide—(*U. S. Ph.*)—  
     “ peptonized . . . . .  
     “ sulphate, Ferrous . . . . .  
     “ Mono-compounds: Manganoferrous carbonate . . . . .  
 Sugar, Grape, } (Dextrose, Dextro-glucose;  
     “ Starch, } Glucose.)—see Grape-sugar, chem. pure, anhydrous, etc. . . . .  
     “ Fruit-, (Levulose), see Fruit-sugar, I. . . . .  
     “ inverted, see Fruit-sugar, commercial . . . . .  
     “ Madagascar, see Melampyrit . . . . .  
     “ Milk-, (Lactose, Lactin), see Milk-sugar of Acorns, see Quercit . . . . .  
     “ of Manna, see Mannit . . . . .  
     “ of Meat, see Inosit . . . . .  
 Sugar—so-called—of Lead, see Lead, acetate, normal, *U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
 Sulfur, etc., = Sulphur, etc. . . . .  
 Sulpho-phenol (Sulpho-carbol), para- and ortho-,—mixed,—see Acid, sulpho-carbolic . . . . .  
     “ ortho-, pure, —33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % solution,—see Aseptol  
 Sulpho-urea (Sulph-urea) [Sulpho-carbamide] . . . . .  
 Sulphonal (Di-ethyl-sulphon-di-methyl-methane) [= (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.C.(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>.SO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>].—Crystals, soluble in 500 parts Water of 15° C [59 F]; in 65 of Absolute Alcohol, or in 110 of 50-% Alc., at same temperature.—(Reported to be a non-narcotic hypnotic, without heart-effects.) . . . . .  
 Sulphur, sublimed, (Flowers of Sulphur),—*Sulphur sublimatum, U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
     “ do., washed (purified), [Washed Flowers of Sulphur],—*Sulphur lotum, U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
     “ precipitated, (Milk [Magistery] of Sulphur—*Lac Sulphuris*), pure,—*Sulphur præcipitatum, U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
     “ “ commercial . . . . .  
     “ chem. pure, cryst. . . . .  
     “ bromide . . . . .  
     “ chloride . . . . .  
     “ “ camphorated . . . . .  
     “ di-oxide, hydrated,—solution,—see Acid, sulphurous,—*U. S. Ph.*; etc. . . . .  
     “ —so-called,—golden,—(Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>);—see Antimony, sulphide, golden . . . . .  
     “ iodide,—*U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
     “ tri-oxide, see Acid, sulphuric, anhydrous  
     “ “ mono-hydrated, see Acid, sulphuric, chem. pure, *U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
 Sulphur stibiatum aurantiacum, (*Sulphur auratum Antimonii*),—[not: “Sulphurated Antimony,” *U. S. Ph.*;—but: *Penta-sulphide* of Ant.];—see Antimony, sulphide, golden  
 Sulphur,—so-called “Alcohol” of,—see Carbon, bi-sulphide . . . . .  
     “ Balsam of, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed- . . . . .  
     “ do. do., terebinthinated, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed-, terebinthinated  
     “ Flowers of, see Sulphur, sublimed, *U. S. Ph.* . . . . .  
     “ do. do., washed, see Sulphur, sublimed, washed, *U. S. Ph.* . . . . .

stoechiometric

oz. 3.00

oz. 2.25

lb. .35

lb. .20

lb. 1.00

oz. 1.00

oz. .50

oz. .75

oz. .50

When ordering, specify: “MERCK’S”!





	Containers incl.		
<b>Tannin</b> (Tannic Acid), very light, chem. pure, clearly soluble, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II	} Ammonio-Albumen	oz. .30	
“ very light, pure		oz. .28	
“ commercial, powder or granulated, I		lb. 2.00	
“ “ powder or granulated, II		lb. 1.95	
“ “ powder, III		lb. 1.90	
“ “ “ IV		lb. 1.85	
“ powder, — Ph. G. II, — perfectly white		oz. .25	
“ odorless and soluble		oz. .35	
“ in sticks		oz. .50	
<b>Tannin Albuminate</b>		oz. .50	
<b>Tantalum</b> , metallic, pure	15 gr. 7.50		
“ pent-oxide, (Tantalio Oxide), hydrated, — from Tantalio Chloride; — see Acid, tantalic			
<b>Tar</b> (Pix) of <b>Birch</b> , see Oils, divers: Birch; empyreumatic			
“ of <b>Juniper</b> (Juniper-wood), see Oils, divers: Cade			
“ of <b>Lignite</b> , see Oils, divers: Lignite			
<b>Tartar</b> , chem. pure, see Potassium, bi-tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
“ Cream of, } see Potassium, bi-tartrate,			
“ Crystals of, } <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.; etc.			
N.B.—Compare, also: Tartar, Soluble Cream of, (“so-called”; and, “perfectly soluble”), — below!			
“ purified; and, pure; (Crystals of Tartar; Cream of Tartar); — see Potassium, bi-tartrate, etc., etc.			
<b>Tartar, ammoniated, soluble</b> , see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate			
“ <b>ammonio-ferric</b> , ( <i>Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar</i> ), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: <i>Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ <b>antimoniated</b> , ( <i>Tartarus stibiatus</i> ), [ <i>Tartar Emetic</i> ], see Antimony and Potassium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades			
“ <b>Borax</b> -, ( <i>Tartarus boraxatus</i> ), [ <i>so-called “Soluble Cream of Tartar”</i> ], see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate			
“ <b>do.</b> -, <i>perfectly soluble</i> in Water! — see do. do. do., — <i>in scales</i>			
“ <b>essential Salt</b> of, see Acid, tartaric			
N.B.—Compare: Tartar, Salt of, — (below)!			
“ <b>ferrated</b> , } see Iron, <i>Mono-compounds</i> :			
“ <b>Iron</b> -. . . } <i>Potassio-Ferrous tartrate</i> .			
N.B.—Compare: Tartarated ( <i>Tartarized</i> ) Iron, — [below]!			
“ <b>ferrid-ammoniacal</b> , } see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: <i>Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ <b>Iron</b> -, <b>ammoniacal</b> , }			
“ <b>Salt</b> of, see Potassium, carbonate, <i>pure</i> .			
N.B.—Compare: Tartar, <i>essential Salt</i> of, — (above)!			
“ <b>Soda</b> -, see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
“ <b>soluble</b> , ( <i>Tartarus tartarisatus</i> ), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral			
“ “ <b>ammoniated</b> , see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate			
“ <b>soluble Cream</b> of, — <i>so-called</i> , — ( <i>Borax-Tartar</i> ), — see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate			
“ “ <b>do. do.</b> . . } — <i>perfectly soluble</i> in Water!			
“ “ <b>Scales</b> of, } — see do. do. do., do., — <i>in scales</i> .			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S!”



Tartar,—(continued!),—tartarized ( <i>tartarated</i> ), [Soluble Tartar], see Potassium, tartrate, neutral.....				
“ vitriolated, see Potassium, sulphate..				
Tartar Emetic.....				
Tartarus stibiatus, (Antimoniated Tartar).....				
Tartarated ( <i>Tartarized</i> ) Antimony.....				
“ Iron, see Iron, <i>Sesqui</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....				
N.B.—Compare: Tartar, ferrated, (Iron-Tartar),—[above]!				
“ Soda, (Soda-Tartar), } see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....				
Tartarus natronatus.....				
“ boraxatus, (Borax-Tartar), [ <i>Cremor Tartari quasi solubilis!</i> ], see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....				
“ do.,— <i>plane solubilis!</i> —see do. do. do., do.,— <i>in scales</i> .....				
“ tartarisatus, (Soluble Tartar), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral.....				
Taurine (Amido-ethyl-sulphonic Acid).....	15 gr.	2.50		
Tellurium, pure.....	15 gr.	1.00		
“ di-oxide, (Tellurous oxide), hydrated, —[Tellurous Hydroxide];—see Acid, tellurous.....				
“ tri-oxide, (Telluric oxide), tri-hydrated, —[Di-hydrated Telluric Hydroxide];—see Acid, telluric, di-hydrated.....				
Terebene,—optically inactive.....	lb.	1.00		
“ Dr. Bond's,—in original bottles.....	each	.75		
Terpenes,—optically active,—hydrochlorates of, see Turpentine-oil, etc.; etc.....				
Terpin Hydrate, <i>cryst.</i> —(Ter-hydrate of <i>optically inactive</i> Terpenes).—[Succedaneum for Turpentine-oil.].....	oz.	.35		
Terpinol, liquid.....	oz.	.65		
Terra foliata Tartari, see Potassium, acetate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms				
Terra foliata Tartari <i>crystallisata</i> , see Sodium, acetate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other kinds				
Test-papers, see Paper, etc.....				
Test-solutions ( <i>Indicator</i> , <i>titrated normal</i> , and <i>pharmacopœial volumetric Solutions</i> ),—for qualitative and quantitative analyses,—see at End of List.				
Tetr-iod-pyrrole, see Iodole.....				
Thalline (Tetra-hydro-para-chin-[quin]-[anisol]),—[Methyl-ether of Tetra-hydro-para-oxy-quinoline],—salicylate.....	oz.	2.50		
“ sulphate.....	oz.	2.50		
“ tannate.....	oz.	1.75		
“ tartrate.....	oz.	2.25		
Thallium, metallic.....	15 gr.	.30		
“ oxide.....	15 gr.	.50		
Thallium-salts:—Acetate; bromide; carbonate; chloride; sesqui-chloride; iodide; nitrate; sulphate..... [ <i>each</i> :—	15 gr.	.50		
Thebaine, pure.....	15 gr.	.65		
“ hydrochlorate.....	15 gr.	.65		
“ tartrate, acid.....	15 gr.	.65		
Theine, see Caffeine.....				
Theobroma, Oil of, see Butter, Cacao.....				
Theobromine.....	15 gr.	1.25		
“ hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i> .....	15 gr.	1.25		
Thermifugin (Methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonate of Sodium);—[ <i>formula of the Acid</i> : see under Acids!].—(An antipyretic, discovered by Prof. Demme, of Berne.).....				

	Containers incl.		
Thio-alcohol, ethylic, see Mercaptan, ethylic			
Thorium, metallic .....	15 gr. 20.00		
“ sulphate .....	15 gr. 3.50		
Thridace, see Lactucarium, Gallic .....			
Thymol, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Thymic Acid; <i>Thyme-camphor</i> ) .....	oz. .49		
Thymol-Mercury, acetate, (Thymol-acetate of Mercury), see Mercur-Thymol, acetate ..			
Tin (Stannum), double salts of, see “Tin and —” (below!) .....			
“ metallic, pure, in sticks .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ granulated .....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ precipitated .....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ powder, (Stanni pulvis) ..	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ filings .....	lb. 1.00		
“ ammonio-chloride, see Tin and Ammonium, chloride .....			
“ bi-chloride, <i>fuming</i> , — <i>so-called</i> , — (Libavius's “Spirit”), see Tin, tetra-chloride ..			
“ “ <i>cryst.</i> , white, — <i>so-called</i> , — see Tin and Sodium, chloride .....			
“ “ <i>true</i> , see Tin, chloride .....			
“ bi-sulphide (bi-sulphuret) .....	oz. .30		
“ chloride (di-chloride — <i>true bi-chloride</i> ; — formerly called “proto-chloride”), [Stannous chloride], — pure; = ( <i>Anhydrous form</i> of the so-called “Tin-salt”) ..	lb. .70		
“ iodide .....	oz. 1.00		
“ oxalate .....	lb. 2.50		
“ oxide, white, (per-oxide, di-oxide), (Stannic oxide; Anhydrous Stannic Acid) .....	lb. .90		
“ “ <i>do.</i> , pure, (Flowers of Tin — <i>Flores Jovis</i> [Stanni]) .....	lb. 1.00		
“ oxide, grey, (Tin Ash — <i>Cinis Jovis</i> [Stanni]). — [Used in the arts as so-called <i>Putty-powder</i> (Polishing-powder).] .....	lb. .70		
“ oxide, black, (prot-oxide, mon-oxide, [Stannous oxide], pure) .....	lb. 1.50		
“ phosphide (phosphuret), mono- .....	oz. .75		
“ sulphate, Stannous [Protoxide salt] .....	oz. .25		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), <i>cryst.</i> .....	oz. .25		
“ tannate .....	oz. .65		
“ tartrate .....	oz. .45		
“ tetra-chloride, (so-called “Fuming Bi-chloride”; <i>Spiritus fumans Libavii</i> ); [Stannic chloride; <i>Anhydrous Butter of Tin</i> ] .....	oz. .40		
Tin and Ammonium, chloride, (Ammonio-stannic chloride; Chloro-stannate of Ammonium), [Pink Salt; Dyers' Salt] ..	lb. .65		
“ and Mercury and Zinc, <i>Amalgam</i> , see Zinc and Tin, <i>Amalgam</i> .....			
“ and Sodium, chloride, ( <i>so-called</i> “White Crystallized Tin Bi-chloride”) .....	lb. .65		
Tin and Zinc, <i>Amalgam</i> , see Zinc and Tin, <i>Amalgam</i> .....			
Tin-precipitate of Gold, see Gold, Tin-precipitate of .....			
Tin Ash, see Tin, oxide, grey .....			
“ <i>Butter</i> , <i>anhydr.</i> , see Tin, tetra-chloride ..			
“ <i>Flowers</i> , see Tin, oxide, white, pure ..			
“ <i>Powder</i> , see Tin, metallic, pure, powder ..			
“ <i>Salt</i> , so-called, — <i>anhydrous</i> , — see Tin, chloride .....			
Tinctures:			
Aconite: root (tuber), — <i>Ph. G. II</i> .....	lb. 1.25		
Actæa, see Tincture, <i>Cimicifuga</i> .....			
Adonis vernalis, (Bird's Eye; <i>Fulse Hellebore</i> ): herb .....	lb. 1.50		

Tinctures,—continued:

Containers incl.

Ants,—(Tinctura Formicarum),—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.25		
Arbor vitæ, see Tincture, Thuja			
Arnica: flowers	lb. 1.25		
Arnica: fresh herb	lb. 1.50		
arsenical, Fowler's, see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Belladonna: fresh leaves,—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.25		
Bestuscheff's, see Tincture, Iron chloride, —etheral			
Bryony,—from the juice of the fresh root	lb. 1.25		
Cactus grandiflorus, (Night-blooming Cereus)			
Caladium seguinum, see Tinct., Dumb-cane			
Cannabis, Indian,—Ph. G. II,—(Alcoholic 5-% solution of Extract of Indian Hemp).	lb. 1.25		
Capparis: seed, see Tincture, Simulo			
Carduus marianus, (Mary-Thistle),—Ph. G. I.			
Cascara sagrada, (Chittem-bark)	lb. 1.50		
Celandine: herb,—according to Rademacher	lb. 1.50		
Chamomile, German, (Matricaria chamomilla): dried flower-heads,—Ph. G. I.			
Cimicifuga (Actæa): root	lb. 1.25		
Cochineal,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25		
Condurango (Mataperro): bark	lb. 2.00		
Conium: herb	lb. 1.25		
Convallaria: entire plant	lb. 1.50		
Copper acetate,—acc. to Rademacher	lb. 1.50		
Coto-bark	lb. 1.50		
Damiana: leaves	lb. 1.75		
Digitalis: dry leaves,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25		
Drosera rotundifolia, (Rosella), [Round-leaved Sundew]: dry herb,—Ph. G. I.			
Dumb-cane (Caladium seguinum): root	lb. 1.50		
Eucalyptus: leaves	lb. 1.25		
Garcinia, see Tincture, Mangosteen			
Gelsemium: root	lb. 1.25		
Geranium: root, (Cranesbill-root)	lb. 1.50		
Guaco: herb	lb. 1.50		
Hamamelis: bark	lb. 1.25		
Hellebore, Green, <i>American</i> , see Tincture, Veratrum, Green			
“ White, <i>European</i> , see Tincture, Veratrum, White			
“ False, see Tincture, Adonis vernalis			
Hydrastis: root	lb. 1.25		
Hyoscyamus: fresh herb	lb. 1.25		
Indigo,—(Solution of “Soluble Indigo” [—of Indigo Sulphate])	lb. 1.25		
Iodine; dark,—Ph. G. II,—(10-% alcoholic solution)	lb. 1.50		
“ decolorized,—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.75		
“ — Ph. Brit.	lb. 1.60		
Iron acetate,—etheral,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25		
“ “ —acc. to Rademacher	lb. 1.25		
Iron chloride,—etheral;—(Bestuscheff's tonico-nervine Tincture), [Etherized Spirit of Iron Chloride,—Liquor anodynus martiatus]	lb. 1.50		
Laemus (Chemically Pure Litmus).—[Indicator Solution.]	lb. 1.50		
N. B.—See, also, under: Indicator Solutions ( <i>Test-solutions</i> ), at End of List.			
Lactuca virosa, (Acrid Lettuce): fresh flowering herb,—Ph. G. I.			
Lippia mexicana: herb	lb. 1.75		
Mangosteen (Garcinia): fruit rind,—etheral	lb. 1.75		
Matricaria, see Tincture, Chamomile, German			

	Containers incl.		
<b>Tinctures,—continued:</b>			
Musk,—Ph. G. II. ....	oz. 1.50		
Nutgalls,—Ph. G. II. ....			
Nux vomica,—(Tinctura Strychni),—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.00		
Opium; simple,—Ph. G. II,—(Laudanum)	lb. 1.50		
“ saffronated,—(Tinctura Opii crocata), —Ph. G. II;—[Sydenham's Laudanum; so-called “Wine of Opium”].			
Poison-oak, see Tincture, Rhus toxicodendron			
Pulsatilla: fresh herb. ....	lb. 1.25		
Quebracho blanco: bark. ....	lb. 1.35		
do. do.; do.,—acc. to <i>Penzoldt</i> ,—see Extracts: Quebracho blanco,—acc. to <i>Penzoldt</i> ,— <i>liquid</i> . . . . .			
Quebracho colorado: wood. ....	lb. 1.25		
Rennet, see Rennet Wine. ....			
Rhus toxicodendron, (Poison-oak): leaves. . . . .	lb. 1.25		
Simulo (Capparis-seed).—[A nervine, according to Christy.] . . . . .			
Spilanthes; compound,—(also called: “ <i>Paraguay roux</i> ”) . . . . .	lb. 1.50		
Staphisagria: seed . . . . .	lb. 1.25		
Stramonium . . . . .			
<b>Strophanthus</b> : seed,—strength, 1:20. ....	lb. 1.75		
“ “ “ “ 1:10. ....	lb. 2.50		
Strychnos-seed,—Ph. G. II,—see Tincture, Nux vomica. ....			
Tayuya-root, from <i>Trianosperma ficifolia</i> ,—strength, 1:9. ....	lb. 2.50		
Thuja ( <i>Arbor vitæ</i> ): leaves. ....	lb. 1.35		
Vanilla: pod. ....	lb. 3.00		
Veratrum, Green, ( <i>American Green Hellebore</i> ; <i>Indian Poke</i> ): rhizome. ....	lb. 1.25		
Veratrum, White, ( <i>European White Hellebore</i> ): rhizome,—Ph. G. II. ....			
Viburnum prunifolium, ( <i>Black Haw</i> ): bark. . . . .	lb. 1.75		
<b>Titanium</b> , metallic . . . . .	15 gr. 2.50		
“ chloride . . . . .	15 gr. .30		
“ di-oxide, di-hydrated, ( <i>Titanic Hydroxide</i> ), see Acid, titanic, Ortho- . . . . .			
<b>Titanium and Potassium, fluoride</b> : . . . . .	oz. 3.00		
<b>Titrated Normal Solutions</b> , (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			
<b>Toluene</b> ( <i>Tolnol</i> ) [ <i>Methyl-benzene</i> ; <i>Phenylmethane</i> ], pure,—sp. gr. 0.877; m.-p. 110–112°C [230–233.6 F] . . . . .	lb. .65		
“ di-Amido-, see Tolyene-di-amine. ....			
“ mono-chlorated, see Mono-chlor-toluene . . . . .			
<b>Toluidine</b> , ( <i>Amido-toluene</i> [ <i>-toluol</i> ]; <i>Tolyamine</i> ), <i>ortho</i> -, commercial . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ do., chem. pure . . . . .	oz. .50		
“ <i>para</i> -, commercial . . . . .	oz. .25		
“ chem. pure . . . . .	oz. .50		
“ sulphate . . . . .	oz. 1.50		
<b>Toluyene</b> , see <i>Stilbene</i> . ....			
<b>Toly-amine</b> , see <i>Toluidine</i> . . . . .			
<b>Tolyene-di-amine</b> ( <i>Di-amido-toluene</i> [ <i>-toluol</i> ])—[sometimes mis-called: <i>Toluyene-di-amine</i> ] . . . . .	oz. 3.50		
<b>Tonka-bean Camphor</b> , see <i>Cumarin</i> . . . . .			
<b>Traumaticin</b> , see <i>Solutions: Gutta-percha, U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .			
<b>Tri-butyryn</b> , see <i>Butyryn</i> . . . . .			
<b>Tri-chlor-methyl sulphite</b> , ( <i>Tri-chlor-methyl-sulphonic Acid</i> ) . . . . .	oz. 6.00		
<b>Tri-chlor-phenol</b> , <i>cryst.</i> ,—m.-p. 65°C [149F] . . . . .	oz. .45		
<b>Tri-ethyl-amine</b> . . . . .	oz. 6.00		
“ hydrochlorate . . . . .	oz. 5.00		





**Vanadium**, metallic, fused.....  
 " chloride.....  
 " pent-oxide, hydrated, (Vanadic Hydroxide), see Acid, vanadic, Meta-.....  
**Vanillin**, synthetic.—1 part, in alcoholic dilution or sugar-trituration, represents 40 parts of best Vanilla Bean.....  
**Vaseline** (Cosmolin), yellow,—melting-point 40–42° C [104–107.6 F].....  
 " white,—m.-p. 43–45° C [109.4–113 F]...  
 " —for veterinary purposes.....  
 " —Pennsylvania.....  
**Vasicine**.—Alkaloid from *Adhatoda vasica*, Nees.—(A bronchial remedy, and insecticide.).....  
**Vellozin** (Vellozin), see Vieirin.....  
**Veratrine Merck**, (*Veratrina*):  
 pure.....  
 chem. pure,—conform. to *U. S. Ph.* and *Ph. G. II.*.....  
 acetate.....  
 hydrochlorate.....  
 nitrate.....  
 sulphate.....  
 valerianate.....  
**Verdigris**, purified, see Copper, acetate, basic  
 " crystallized, see Copper, acetate, normal, *U. S. Ph.*.....  
**Verditer**, blue, see Copper, carbonate, blue  
**Vermilion**, artificial, best, see Mercury, sulphide, red, *U. S. Ph.*.....  
**Vernonin**, —[C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>].—Glucoside from the root of *Vernonia nigritans*, S. & M., (South-east African "Batjentes");—deliquescent powder.—[Mild heart-tonic.]...  
**Vesuvine**, see under Aniline and Phenol  
 Dyes: Brown.....  
**Vieirin** (*Vieiric Acid*) [*Vellozin*; *Cuprein*], —from the bark of *Remijia Vellozii*, De Candolle, (*Cuprea*-bark).—[A febrifuge highly valued in the Brazils.].....  
**Vienna Caustic**, powder, see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [2:1], powder.....  
 " " fused, (*Filhos's Caustic*), see do., do., do. do., [4:1], fused.....  
**Vinegar**, concentrated, pure, (*Acetum concentratum purum*), see Acid, acetic, pure,—solution.....  
 " do., chem. pure, (*Acetum purissimum*, *Ph. G. II.*), see Acid, acetic, chem. pure,—solution.....  
**Vinegar, pyroligneous**, (*Wood-vinegar*), rectified, [*Acetum pyrolignosum rectificatum*, *Ph. G. II.*], see Acid, pyro-ligneous, purified.....  
**Vinegar of Lead**, ("Goulard's Extract"), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, *U. S. Ph.*  
**Vinegar Naphtha**, see Ether, acetic.....  
**Vinum Opii**, —so-called,—see Tinctures: Opium,—saffronated.....  
 " *Pepsini*, *Ph. G. II.*, see Pepsin Wine..  
**Viride Æris purificatum**, see Copper, acetate, basic.....  
**Vitellus** (*Vitellus Ovi*), see Egg preparations: Yolk, etc.....  
**Vitriol**, blue (*Copper-*), see Copper, sulphate, neutral, *U. S. Ph.*; and other grades and forms.....

Containers incl.

15 gr. 22.00

$\frac{1}{8}$  oz. vls. oz. 3.00

oz. 6.50

$\frac{1}{8}$  oz. vls. oz. 1.55

$\frac{1}{8}$  oz. vls. oz. 1.65

oz. vls. oz. 2.00

oz. vls. oz. 2.00

oz. vls. oz. 1.75

oz. vls. oz. 1.75

$\frac{1}{8}$  oz. vls. oz. 1.75

15 gr. 3.00







	Containers incl.			
<b>Zinc</b> (Zincum), <i>Amalgams and alloy</i> of, see <i>after the double salts</i> ,—[below !] . . . . .				
.. double salts of, see "Zinc and—" (below)				
.. metallic, absolutely chemically pure . . .	lb. 3.00			
.. " highly pure, granulated . . . . .	lb. 1.60			
.. " " " in sticks . . . . .	lb. 1.60			
.. " " " powder . . . . .	lb. 1.75			
.. " absolutely free fr. Arsenic,—granulated;— <i>Zincum, U. S. Ph.</i> . . . .	lb. .50			
.. " absol. free fr. Arsenic,—in sticks . . .	lb. .55			
.. " " " " —coarse powd.	lb. 1.00			
.. " powder, (Zinc-dust) . . . . .	lb. .30			
.. " blocks,—for Hydrogen lamps. . . . .	lb. .40			
.. " crude, in sticks . . . . .	lb. .40			
.. acetate, pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .57			
.. " " fused . . . . .	lb. .50			
.. albuminate . . . . .	oz. .50			
.. arseniate (arsenate) . . . . .	oz. .30			
.. arsenite . . . . .	oz. .25			
.. benzoate,—from <i>true</i> Benzoic Acid, prepared from the resin . . . . .	oz. .59			
.. " —from <i>artificial</i> Benzoic Acid . . . .	oz. .40			
.. bi-borate . . . . .	oz. .30			
.. borate . . . . .	oz. .25			
.. bromate . . . . .	oz. 1.00			
.. bromide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. .23			
.. carbonate, precipitated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . .	lb. .50			
.. chlorate . . . . .	oz. .50			
.. chloride (muriate), [Butter of Zinc], fused, in sticks;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. .13			
.. " fused, in troches . . . . .	oz. .15			
.. " dry, white,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .13			
.. " crude, dry . . . . .	lb. .30			
.. " " liquid,—aqueous solution . . . .	lb. .30			
.. " " " —alcoholic solution . . . . .	lb. .50			
.. " fused, with Potassium Nitrate . . . .	lb. 1.50			
.. chloro-iodide . . . . .	oz. .75			
.. chromate . . . . .	oz. .30			
.. citrate . . . . .	oz. .40			
.. cyanide. . . } ("Zincum cyanatum sine	oz. .27			
.. " pure { <i>Ferro</i> " . . . . .	oz. .50			
.. ferro-cyanide, ( <i>Zincum zoëticum</i> [borussicum]), [ <i>Zincum cyanatum cum Ferro</i> ] . . . . .	oz. .27			
.. gynecardate.—(Dermatological remedy.)	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vi. oz. 2.00			
.. hypo-phosphite . . . . .	oz. .70			
.. ichthyol-sulphonate, see under <i>Ichthyol prep.</i>				
.. iodate . . . . .	oz. 1.50			
.. iodide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> . . . . .	oz. .52			
.. lactate . . . . .	oz. .34			
.. mono-chlor-acetate, cryst. . . . .	15 gr. .50			
.. muriate, see Zinc, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.s</i> ; and other grades and forms . . . . .				
.. nitrate, crude . . . . .	lb. .75			
.. " pure . . . . .	oz. .25			
.. oleate . . . . .	oz. .35			
.. oxalate . . . . .	lb. 1.00			
.. oxide, by wet proc., white, chem. pure .	lb. .70			
.. " " " " " — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> . . . .	lb. .65			
.. " " " " " " II . . . . .	lb. .60			
.. " by dry process, (Flowers of Zinc; so-called "Philosophers' Wool"; <i>Nihil album</i> ) . . . . .	lb. .25			
.. per-manganate, liquid,—[25%] . . . . .	oz. .40			
.. " chem. pure, cryst.,—a highly pure, well crystallized preparation;—free fr. Potassium Per-mangan., Chlorine, Sulphuric Acid, etc. . . . .	oz. .94			

	Containers incl.			
Zinc, phosphate, cryst. ....	oz. .18			
“ phosphide (phosphuret), lumps } <i>U. S.</i> }	oz. .77			
“ “ powder } <i>Ph.</i> }	oz. .77			
“ phosphite .....	oz. .65			
“ picrate (picro-nitrate) .....	oz. .35			
“ pyro-phosphate .....	oz. .30			
“ salicylate, white .....	oz. .49			
“ silicate .....	oz. .45			
“ sulphate, (Zinc Vitriol; White Vitriol), pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	lb. .31			
“ “ pure, dry .....	lb. 1.00			
“ “ in sticks .....	oz. .40			
“ sulphide (sulphuret), pure .....	oz. .30			
“ “ commercial .....	lb. .75			
“ sulpho-ichthyolate, see under Ichthyol preparations .....				
“ sulpho-phenate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-carbolate), cryst.,—[Para-phenol-sulphonate of Zinc],— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> .....	oz. .14			
“ tannate .....	oz. .30			
“ tartrate .....	oz. .40			
“ tri-chlor-phenate .....	oz. .75			
“ valerianate, cryst., light,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> .....	oz. .35			
“ “ powder .....	oz. .30			
Zinc and Aluminium, sulphate, see Alum, zincic .....				
“ and Ammonium, chloride .....	oz. .60			
“ and Iron, cyanide, so-called, see Zinc, ferro-cyanide .....				
“ and Manganese, chloride .....	lb. .75			
“ and Mercury .....				
“ “ and Tin, } <i>Amalgams</i> ,—see Zinc Amalgam; and, Zinc and Tin, Amalgam;—(below!) .....				
“ and Potassium, cyanide, cryst. ....	oz. 1.00			
Zinc Alum, see Alum, zincic .....				
“ Amalgam .....	lb. 1.50			
“ and Tin, Amalgam .....	lb. 2.00			
“ Sodium alloy .....	oz. .50			
“ Vitriol, ( <i>White Vitriol</i> ), see Zinc, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms .....				
Zinc, Butter of, see Zinc, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.s</i> ; and other grades and forms .....				
“ Dust of, see Zinc, metallic, powder .....				
“ Flowers of, see Zinc, oxide, by dry process .....				
Zirconium, metallic, cryst.,—fine leaflets ..	15 gr. 10.00			
“ oxide .....	15 gr. 1.10			
“ sulphate .....	15 gr. 1.00			
Zirconium and Potassium, fluoride .....	15 gr. .50			
Zymase, see Invertin .....				

N.B.—See next page for “Specimen Collections” and “Test-Solutions”;—page 155 for “Merck's Guaranteed Reagents”;—and page 156 for Table of Abbreviations.

## SPECIMEN COLLECTIONS.

Alkaloids—(52 Specimens):

—in tubes of 1-gramme liquid capacity

—“ “ “  $\frac{1}{2}$  “ “ “ “

Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc.—(72 Specimens):

—in tubes of 1-gramme liquid capacity

—“ “ “  $\frac{1}{2}$  “ “ “ “

The Opium constituents, complete,—embracing 23 Alkaloids, etc., in QUANTITIES CORRESPONDING to the average proportions in which they NATURALLY OCCUR in the Crude Drug.....

Metals—(61 Specimens).....

Physiological Preparations—(42 Specimens)

Containers incl.

38.00

20.00

45.00

23.50

20.00

20.00

In elegant Cases.

## TEST-SOLUTIONS.

for Qualitative and Quantitative Analyses.

## Indicator Solutions:

Chameleon Mineral, (Manganate of Potassium).—Titration not guaranteed.....

Cochineal, — hydro-alcoholic, [3 : 250],—Ph. G. II.....

Lacmus (Chemically Pure Litmus), for alkalimetry,—titrated.....

Phenol - phtalein, — alcoholic, [1 : 100],—Ph. G. II.....

## Titrated Normal Solutions, for quantit. analyses:

Acid, nitric,—normal, =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  equivalent of alkaline earth.....“ oxalic,—normal, =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  equivalent of alkali.....“ sulphuric,—normal, =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  equivalent of alkali.....Arsenic,—(Arsenious Oxide, Anhydrous Arsenious Acid), — deci-normal, =  $\frac{1}{10,000}$  equivalent of Chlorine.....

Barium Chloride,—normal.....

Copper Tartrate, potassic,—(Fehling's Solution).....

Iodine.....

Mercuric Nitrate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.01 gramme Urea.....

Potassa, caustic,—normal, =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  equivalent of acid.....Silver Nitrate,—deci-normal, =  $\frac{1}{10,000}$  equivalent of Bromine or Chlorine.....

Soap,—acc. to Clark.—Titration not guaranteed.....

Soda, caustic,—duplo-normal,—for Vinegar tests.....

Sodium Chloride,—deci-normal, =  $\frac{1}{10,000}$  equivalent of Silver.....

Sodium Thio-sulphate (“Hypo-sulphite”),—deci-normal.....

Uranic Acetate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.005 gramme  $P_2O_5$ .....Uranic Nitrate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.005 gramme  $P_2O_5$ .....

Pharmacoepial Volumetric Solutions,—according to U. S. Ph. or to Ph. G. II., etc.,—furnished to order.

## MERCK'S GUARANTEED REAGENTS.

*N.B.—These Reagents are supplied by me under STRICT GUARANTEE of their ABSOLUTE CONFORMITY to the STANDARDS of PURITY established by DR. C. KRAUCH'S TREATISE ON "PURITY-TESTS FOR CHEMICAL REAGENTS."—In order to obtain them under the GUARANTEE stated, it will be necessary to SPECIFY, in each instance:—"MERCK'S GUARANTEED REAGENTS."*

- Acid, acetic, ch. p., conc., [1.064]  
 " carminic, pure  
 " chromic, ch. p.; *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*  
 " citric, perfectly white, ch. p., cryst.  
 " hydrochloric, pure, [1.19]  
 " hydrofluoric, fuming, ch. p.  
 " hydro-silico-fluoric, ch. p.  
 " molybdic, pure  
 " " ch. p.; *free fr. Ammonia*  
 " nitric, pure, [1.20]  
 " " fuming, pure, [1.48]  
 " oxalic, ch. p.  
 " phospho-molybdic,—solution  
 " " -wolframic (*tungstic*),—solution  
 " pyro-gallic, re-sublimed  
 " sulphuric, ch. p., [1.84]  
 " " fuming  
 " tannic, see *Tannin*  
 " tartaric, ch. p., cryst.
- Alcohol, absolute, pure, [0.796]  
 " amylic, ch. p.  
 " methylic, ch. p.
- Ammonia, Water of, pure, [0.925],—abt. 20%  
 Ammonio-Ferrous Sulphate  
 Ammonium, carbonate, ch. p.  
 " chloride, pure  
 " fluoride, ch. p.  
 " molybdate, ch. p.  
 " nitrate, ch. p.  
 " oxalate, ch. p.  
 " sulphate, ch. p.
- Aniline, pure  
 Barium, acetate, ch. p.  
 " carbonate, ch. p.  
 " chloride, ch. p.  
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), [Caustic *Baryta*],  
 ch. p., cryst.  
 " nitrate, ch. p.
- Bismuth, hydroxide (hydrated tri-oxide), pure  
 Calcium, chloride, ch. p., cryst.  
 " " pure, dry  
 " oxide, caustic, (Burnt *Lime*),—from marble  
 " " "—from *Iceland spar*  
 " sulphate, pure, precipitated
- Carbon Bi-sulphide, ("Alcohol *Sulphuris*"), pure  
 Chloroform, pure  
 Cobalt, nitrate, ch. p.  
 Copper, metallic, ch. p.  
 " " " " oxide (mon-oxide), pure, powder  
 " " " " " coarse granules  
 " sulphate, ch. p., cryst.
- Di-phenyl-amine, ch. p.  
 Ether, ch. p., [0.720-0.722]  
 " " " " anhydrous; *distilled over Sodium*
- Hydroxyl-amine, hydrochlorate, ch. p.  
 Iodine, re-sublimed, ch. p.  
 Iron, chloride, *Ferric*, (sesqui-(tri-)chloride)  
 " sulphate, *Ferrous*, ch. p., cryst.  
 " sulphide (sulphuret), *Ferrous*,—lumps  
 " " " " "—sticks
- Iron and Ammonium, sulphate,—*Ferrous*,—see  
 Ammonio-Ferrous Sulphate
- Lead, acetate, ch. p.  
 " chromate, pure  
 " oxide, *yellow* (mon-oxide), [*Litharge*], ch. p.
- Magnesium, carbonate  
 " chloride, ch. p.  
 " oxide, (Calced *Magnesia*)  
 " " *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*  
 " sulphate, ch. p.
- Manganese, per-oxide, *native*, (Black Oxide),  
 [Pyrolusite].—lumps  
 Mercury, bi-chloride, (Corr. Sublimate), ch. p.  
 " nitrate, *Mercurous*, ch. p.  
 " oxide, *Mercuric*, yellow (by *wet process*),  
 [Yellow Precipitate], ch. p.
- Paper, Litmus-; red or blue  
 Platinum, tetra-chloride (per-chloride), [Platinic  
 Chloride],—formerly called *bi-* or *di-*chloride;—dry, pure
- Potassium, antimonate, pure  
 " bi-chromate, ch. p., cryst.  
 " bi-sulphate, ch. p., cryst.  
 " bromate, ch. p.  
 " carbonate, ch. p.  
 " chlorate, ch. p.  
 " chromate, *yellow*, ch. p.  
 " cyanide, ch. p.  
 " ferrid-cyanide, (*Red Prussiate of Potassa*)  
 " ferro- " (*Yellow " " "*)  
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), [Caustic *Potassa*],  
 ch. p.  
 " do., pure (*purif. by Alc.*),—sticks or lumps  
 " " purified,—sticks or lumps  
 " iodide, ch. p.  
 " nitrate, ch. p.  
 " nitrite, ch. p.  
 " per-manganate, pure, cryst.  
 " " ch. p.; *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*  
 " sulphate, ch. p.  
 " sulpho-cyanate (*thi-* cyanate; *rhodanide*),  
 ch. p.
- Silver, metallic, ch. p.,—sheet  
 " nitrate, ch. p.,—cryst. or sticks
- Sodium, acetate, ch. p.  
 " bi-borate, pure, cryst., *prismatic*, (Official  
 Refined *Borax*)  
 " bi-carbonate, ch. p., powder  
 " bi-sulphate, ch. p., cryst.  
 " bi-sulphite, pure, dry  
 " carbonate, ch. p., cryst.  
 " " " " dry  
 " chloride, ch. p.  
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), [Caustic *Soda*],  
 ch. p.—from *Sodium*  
 " do., pure (*purif. by Alc.*),—sticks or lumps  
 " " purified,—sticks or lumps  
 " nitrate, ch. p.  
 " nitrite, ch. p.  
 " thio-sulphate so-c. "*hypo-sulphite*", ch. p.  
 " wolframate (*tungstate*), ch. p.
- Sodium and Ammonium, phosphate, pure  
 Solution of Ammonia, aqu., see *Amm.*, Water of  
 " of Ammonium Sulphide, hydrosulphur-  
 etted,—(*Hydrothion-Ammonium solution*),  
 " of Indigo Sulphate  
 " of Potassium Hydroxide, pure, [1.30]  
 " of Sodium Hydroxide, crude, [1.30]; *free*  
*fr. Nitrogen*  
 " " do. do., pure, [1.30]; *free fr. Nitrogen*
- Tannin (*Tannic Acid*), ch. p.  
 Tin, chloride, (*true bi-chloride*), pure, cryst.  
 Uranium, nitrate, ch. p.
- Water of Ammonia, see Ammonia, Water of  
 Zinc, metallic, ch. p.,—granulated or sticks  
 " " " " powder  
 " " " "—*absolutely free fr. Arsenic*,—sticks  
 " " do. do. do. do.,—granulated  
 " " " " "—coarse powder  
 " " powder, (Zinc-dust)

# ABBREVIATIONS

## OCCASIONALLY EMPLOYED IN THE PRECEDING LISTS.

THE ABBREVIATION:	MEANS:
ab. or abt.	about
abs.	absolute
Ac.	Acid
acc.	according
Alc.	Alcohol
alc. or alco.	alcoholic
anh. or anhyd.	anhydrous
Aq. or aq.	Aqua (Water, = H <sub>2</sub> O)
aqu. or aque.	aqueous
artif.	artificial
°B or °Bé.	degrees of Baumé's hydrometer
bot's	bottles
b.-p. or boil.-pt.	boiling-point
°C	degrees of Celsius's (centigrade) thermometer
cbcm or cub. cm	cubic centimetre[s] (= 16.231— <sup>or</sup> , about 16¼—minims)
cg	centigramme[s] (1/100 of a gramme) [= 0.1543— <sup>or</sup> , about 15/100—of a grain]
ch. p. or ch. pure	chemically pure
cm	centimetre[s] (= 0.3937— <sup>or</sup> , about 1/10—of an inch)
com'l or comm'l	commercial
comp. or comp'd	compound
conc.	concentratus (or concentrated)
conf.	conforming
cont.	containing
contn.	continued
corr.	corrosive
depur.	depuratus (= purified)
diss.	dissolves
div. spec.	divers species
eff. or efferv.	effervescent (effervescing)
emp. or empyr.	empyreumatic
eth. or ether. or eth'l	etherial
Ex. or Ext.	Extract
expr.	expressed
F—(degree-mark omitted!)	degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer
Fl. Ex. or Fl. Ext.	Fluid Extract
fr.	from
gm	gramme[s] (= 15.4323— <sup>or</sup> , about 15½—grains)
gr.	grain (or grains)
gran.	granulated or granules
hyd.-alc. or hydro-alco.	hydro-alcoholic
ident.	identical
imp. pwd.	impalpable powder
insp.	inspissated
lge.	large
Lic.-r. or Licor.-rt.	Licorice-root
Liq.	Liquor (= Solution)
liq.	liquid
mg	milligramme[s] (1/1000 of a gramme) [= abt. 1/62.5 of a grain]
mm	millimetre[s] (= 0.039— <sup>or</sup> , about 1/100—of an inch)
mol. or molec.	molecule (or molecules)
m.-p. or melt.-pt.	melting-point
mtd.	mounted
orig.	original
perf. or prf.	perfectly
Ph. Au. or Ph. Austr.	Pharmacopœia Austriaca, of 1869; and Additions of 1879
Ph. Belg.	" Belgica, of 1885
Ph. B. (or Ph. Bor.) V; (—VI)	" Borussia, of 1829; (—of 1846)
Ph. Br. or Ph. Brit.	" Britannica, of 1867
Ph. Br. n. or Ph. Brit. new	" " 1885
Ph. G. I.	" Germanica, of 1872
Ph. G. II.	" " 1882
Ph. Helv.	" Helvetica, of 1872; and Additions of 1876
Ph. Hung.	" Hungarica, of 1871
Ph. Nl. or Ph. Neer.	" Neerlandica, of 1871
Ph. Port.	" Portugallensis, of 1876
Ph. Ross.	" Rossica (Russia), of 1880
pharm. or pharm'l	pharmacopœial (pharmacopœial)
prec. or precip.	precipitated or precipitate
prep.	preparation[s] or prepared
prep'd	prepared
prf.	(see perf.)
proc.	process
purif.	purified
puriss.	purissimus (= chemically pure)
pwd.	powder or powdered
rect.	rectified
sm. or sm'l	small
so-c. or so-c'd	so-called
Sol. or sol.	Solution (or Solutions)
s.-p. or solid.-pt.	solidifying-point
sp. gr.	specific gravity
sym. or symm.	symmetrical
und.	under
U. S. Ph.	United-States Pharmacopœia, of 1882
U. S. Ph. of 1870	" " " 1870
U. S. Ph.s	a group of two or more U.-S.-Ph. preparations
vl. (vls.)	vial (vials)
W.	Water
w.	with
wh.	white

N.B. — Besides these, the names of various substances in the list, when repeated soon after their occurrence in full print, are sometimes abbreviated, where their meaning is evident; as, for instance, — on page 14:—*after* "Ammoniated Glycerizin," the letters "Gl." occurring in the latter part of the line, of course mean "Glycerizin"; or, as, — on page 16:—*after* "Ammonium and Cobalt sulphate," the abbreviation "C. & A. sulph." will be readily understood as meaning: "Cobalt and Ammonium sulphate."

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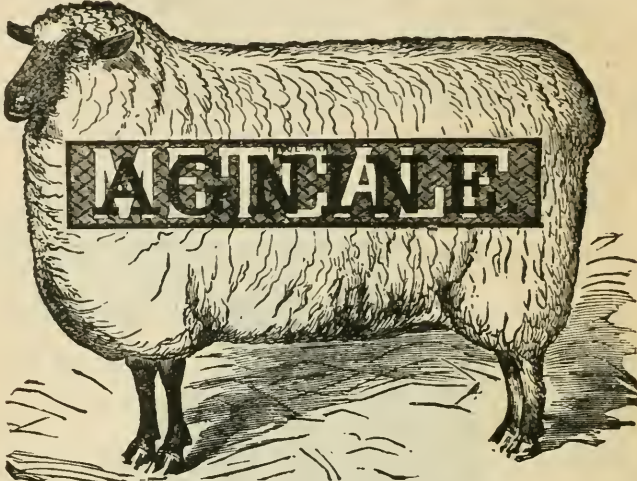
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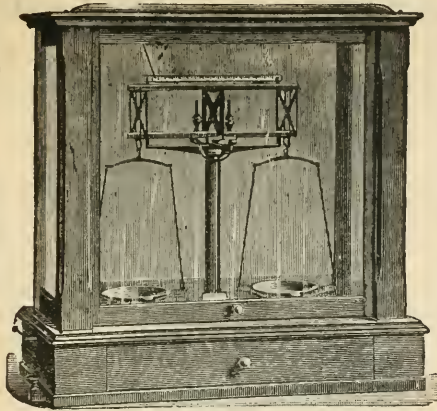
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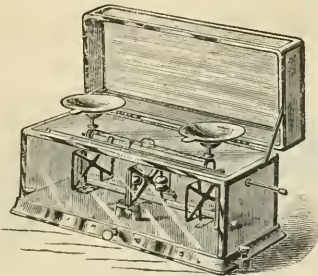
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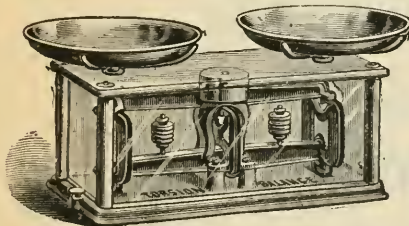


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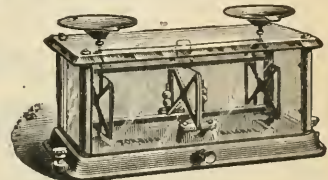
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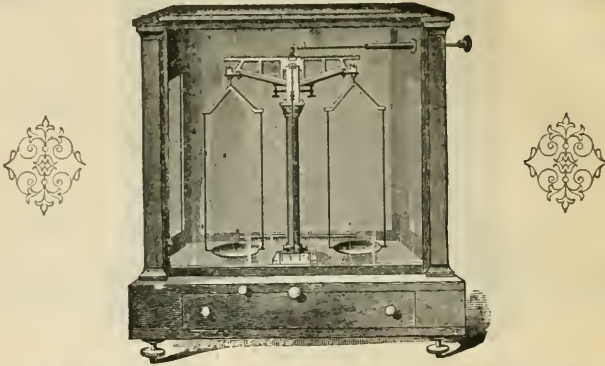
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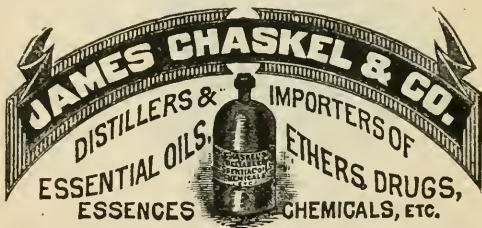
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