


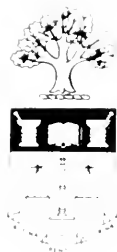
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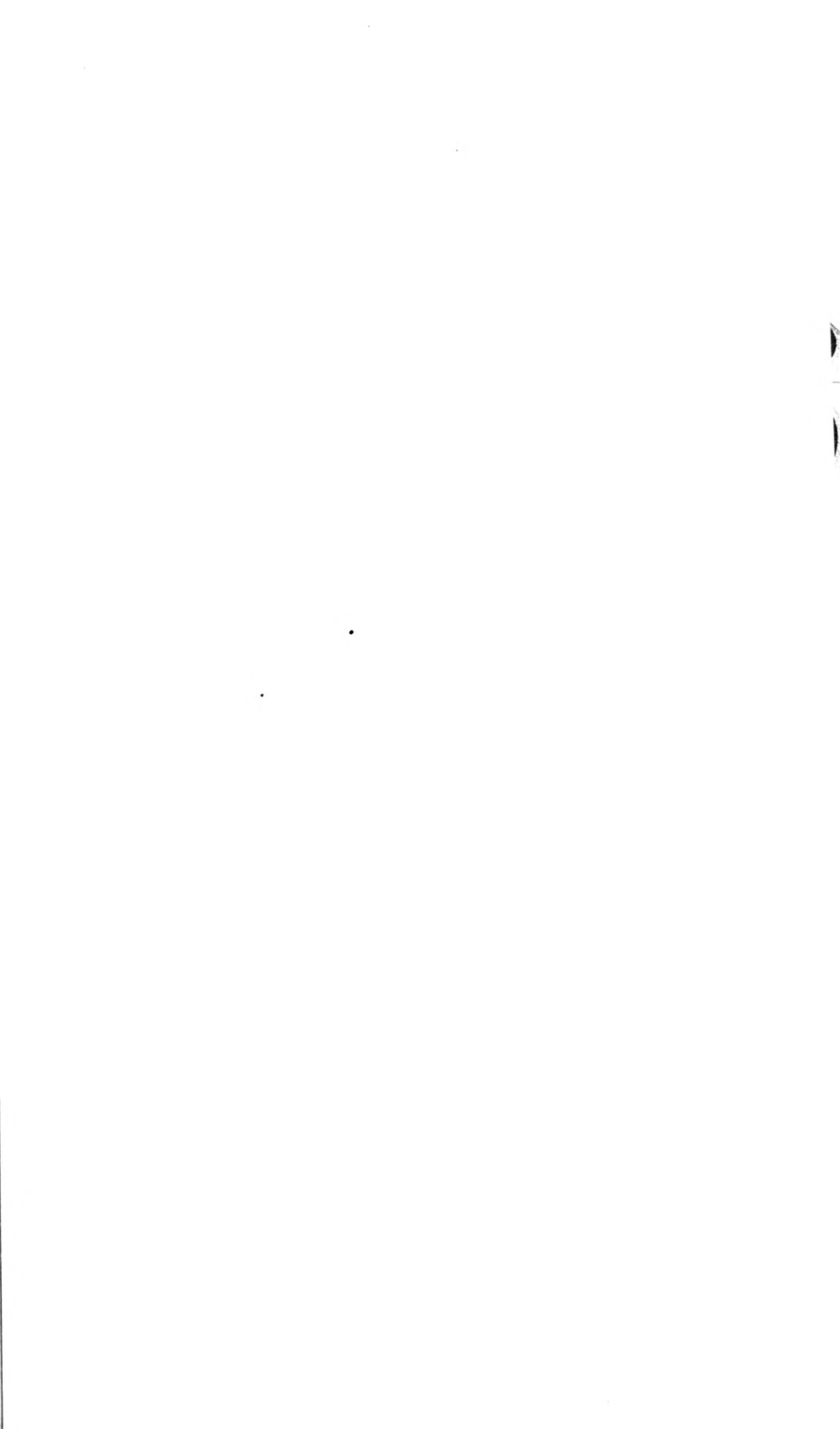


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MERCK'S LABORATORIES
FOUNDED A. D. 1668.

PRICE:
\$1.00

MERCK'S INDEX



OF
Fine Chemicals
and
Drugs
for the
Materia Medica
and the
Arts.



E. MERCK,
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST,
DARMSTADT, GERMANY.

NEW YORK:
73 WILLIAM STREET.

LONDON:
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1889.

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THEODORE WEICKER,

Empowered Attorney and General Business Manager for E. Merck in the U. S.

E. MERCK,

NEW YORK,
U. S. A.

DARMSTADT,
Germany.

LONDON,
England.

Manufacturing Chemist and Pharmaceutist,

AND

Purveyor to the Materia Medica of all Countries.

MERCK'S LABORATORIES AT DARMSTADT WERE FOUNDED IN THE YEAR

≡ 1668. ≡

MERCK'S INDEX

—OF—

Fine Chemicals and Drugs

FOR THE

MATERIA MEDICA

AND THE

ARTS.

COMPRISING A SUMMARY OF

WHATEVER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS ARE TO-DAY ADJUDGED AS BEING USEFUL

IN EITHER MEDICINE OR TECHNOLOGY.

.....

WITH AVERAGE VALUES AND SYNONYMS AFFIXED.

A GUIDE

For the Physician, Apothecary, Chemist, and Dealer.

BY

E. MERCK.

—♦—

—1889.—



Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1889, by
E. MERK,
in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK, *January*, 1889.

To the Members of the *Medical* and *Pharmaceutical*
Professions of America.

Dear Sirs:—

In looking back upon the line of generations during which my Home Office and Laboratories at Darmstadt, Germany, have been in existence, I find that yonder Office has, for many years past, held agreeable relations with you, gentlemen of both professions in America, through the intermediation of your Importers and Drug Merchants. I find, furthermore, that those relations have become widened in extent and deepened in reciprocal regard, with unfailing constancy, as year after year wore on.

This was made manifest to me, from time to time, in many different ways; among others,—by numerous requests from distinguished members of your professions, to the effect that I would provide a more convenient avenue of mutual communication between us.

The continued recurrence of these requests, and the multiplying number of the sources whence they came, finally caused me to accede to them, by establishing a **House of my Own in America**,—which was opened in *February of 1887*.

That action of mine, however, was *in no wise* inspired by any distrust or unfriendly sentiment, on my part, toward the able and respected merchants who always have been, and still are, the intermediaries of your intercourse with me. They have not in the least changed their position in this regard; with the sole exception that, instead of being obliged, heretofore, to send their orders for my products to my Darmstadt office, they now obtain their supplies directly and promptly from my American warehouse, which is more readily accessible to them. Hereby the course of trade in these chemicals is not altered in any other wise than that of added ease, promptness, and certainty of execution. Thus, my business relations with the American Wholesale Drug and Chemical Trade remain precisely as they were before the establishment of my own General Depot at New York. My moral relations with you, gentlemen of both professions, will, I am bold to hope, likewise remain as heretofore,—those of mutual esteem and confidence; with the modification, perhaps,—resulting from the comparative nearness of my American establishment to you and your purveyors,—of making many of you, as well as of them, still better acquainted with the *vastly comprehensive extent* of the full line of my products, numbering to-day upwards of 5,000 medicinal, analytical, and technical Chemicals; thus embracing about every purely chemical compound or derivative, and most of the pharmaceutical preparations, at present employed in Medical Art.

The present volume contains an alphabetically arranged List of those of my products which are, at the present day, dealt-in by the principal Drug and Chemical Warehouses in all parts of the world; *added to which* are about a dozen preparations mostly made under patent restrictions by other makers exclusively, and which, on account of their excellence and importance, have been received into this "Index."

The most vital interests of your patients, gentlemen physicians!—and of your customers, gentlemen of the pharmaceutical profession!—depend, as you are well aware, on the **reality** of the Presumed Purity, of the Prescribed Strength, and of the Correct Condition of the materials employed

in filling prescriptions. Your well-founded confidence in the Standard and Reliable Brand of "Merck" may, in many cases, *where you have not found an equally certain* preparation from other sources, cause you to *specify "Merck's"* in your prescriptions to be filled by your Dispensing Pharmacist, or in your orders sent to your Wholesale Dealer.

Such specifications can now be obeyed within a comparatively brief time, when not instantly, by every Apothecary,—or by every Drug and Chemical Merchant, respectively,—throughout the length and breadth of our States and Territories; for, whenever a substance specified as "MERCK'S" should not be thus in stock at the moment when first required, the next *return mail from New York* will, as a rule, bring it whithersoever desired! This is the great achievement gained for the friends of my Brand on this Continent by the establishment of my **American Branch**: that almost anything likely to be desired from the vast arsenal of the *Materia Medica* can now be obtained at very short notice from my well-stocked New-York warehouse; whereas, formerly, many weeks may have elapsed before a given special order could be filled *via* Atlantic steamer.—For it must be borne in mind that, in my house in this city, I keep a full line of my own products, consisting **not only** of those rarer and difficultly obtainable Botanical Derivatives, mostly known as *Alkaloids, Glucosides, or Resinoids*, (which constitute, it is true, a *special and eminent* province of my Laboratories),—**but likewise**, as above indicated, of all the *Metallic Salts and Synthetical Organic Compounds*, etc., employed in Modern Medicine;—besides the most important of the *regular Pharmaceutic Preparations* (Balsams, Essences, Extracts, Juices, Oils, Resins, Solutions, Spirits, Syrups, Tinctures, Waters, etc.);—added to which are all the *Laboratory Reagents* employed by Analytical Chemists, and a great number of the *Finer Grades of Technical Chemicals* (Acids and other Solvents, Anti-Ferments, Detergents, Mordants, Pure Metals, etc.).

Furthermore, I would beg leave to direct the attention of Physicians and Druggists to the fact that all these preparations, whenever "Merck's" Brand is called for, can be furnished by every Drug and Chemical Warehouse of the United States and Canada, *in the Original Package* and under the *Original Label and Seal* of my Darmstadt Laboratories,—*be the package of any size*, small or large, that may be desired.

I would earnestly entreat my friends, throughout both professions, to insist rigidly that **Merck's Chemicals** be furnished to them, by dealers, in the *original packages* as above described. If any dealer refuses, or professes to be unable, to **thus** furnish them—after being allowed a reasonable lapse of time for correspondence with my New-York Office—I will be thankful to parties thus disappointed if they will communicate full particulars to me, at **New York City** (73 William Street, or P. O. Box 2649), and *I will in each case endeavor to procure the prompt satisfaction of the demand made*.

I shall also feel pleased, at all times, to give to professional gentlemen *any other desired Information at my command*.

Quite a number of inquiries, however, such as come to me by each mail in great numbers, might have been averted if the inquirers had read a Monthly Publication issued by me, entitled: "**Merck's Bulletin**—a periodical record of New Discoveries, Introductions, or Applications of Medicinal Chemicals." That journal is issued *exclusively for the purpose* of informing professional men on what may be of *actual interest* to them in the field of chemical, physiological or therapeutical discovery as to **Chemico-medicinal Prepa-**

rations.—“MERCK'S BULLETIN” is edited *in the briefest possible form*, leaving aside all speculative ventures of opinion, and confining itself to established facts. It is further edited *without deference to Merck's or any one else's business interests*,—simply describing Things that are New and Interesting, without any regard whatever to their origin, sale, or trade-connection.

One remark may be needed by my professional friends, as to the **Price-notes** placed opposite the names of most substances in the following List. *Those Price-notes are not intended to give this work the character of a commercial or business Price-list.* The prices of most of the articles enumerated are, in the nature of the market, **variable**; and the *sole purpose* of inserting such price-notes here is, therefore, to give Physicians and Apothecaries a somewhat approximative idea as to *Average Market Values*; so as to serve as an occasionally convenient guide in calculating the cost of various medicines, and, consequently, in some cases, to assist in determining their choice, when there may be several substances of like mode of action to choose from, and when the item of cost may have to be a factor in the selection.

It will be understood that the Values stated are based on the average rates which the Retail Druggist is expected to pay his purveyor; and that, consequently, they will form a basis *only to the Apothecary or to the Dispensing Physician* for the calculation of his own expenditure.

The *Ruling in the blank columns* after the price-notes is intended for the insertion of private notes regarding the stated articles.—The cross-ruling at the end of each alphabetical division may serve to allow new articles to be added.

The *English Nomenclature and Orthography* hereinafter followed, for the designations of chemical compounds, are, in the main, those adopted by the Chemical Society of England, and by most of the modern text-books and treatises on chemistry, both in England and the United States.—For instance, the termination “*ine*” is reserved strictly for only two classes of bodies: *Elements* (Chlorine), and *Alkaloids or other non-metallic Bases* (Strychnine; Hydroxyl-amine); while all *Glucosides, Resinoids, Amarulents, Proteids*, or other *Neutral* or prevalently *Acid* bodies drop that “*e*” (Strophanthin; Agaricin; Euonymin; Chondrin; Tannin).—*Hydrocarbons* of the *Aromatic Series* end in “*eue*,” supplanting “*ol*” or “*in*” or “*en*” (Benzene [not “Benzol”]; Naphthalene [not “Naphthalin”]; Stilbene [not “Stilben”]);—those of the *Fatty Series* in “*ane*”—not “*an*”—(Methane). [Some *Esters* likewise end in “*ane*” (Ur-ethane), and some in “*in*” (without final *e*)—(Stearin)].—The termination “*ile*” carries the mute *e* (Nitrile); the termination “*yl*” does not (Acetyl).—*Alcohols* (so-called Hydroxyl-derivatives of Hydrocarbons) *do not* add a mute *e* to the termination “*ol*” (Carbinol), while the *other* compounds ending similarly take the *e* for distinction (Indole). [With some Alcohols, the termination “*in*” has become so firmly established in current usage, that this was recognized in the List; as, f. i.,—“Glycerin = Glycerol.” Some of the *higher* (poly-hydric or poly-valent) *Alcohols* of the *Fatty Series* have been given under the *distinctive* termination of “*it*,” with other recognized forms added (“Mannit = Mannitol = Mannol”); while the termination “*ite*” has been reserved wholly for *Salts* of the weaker Acid-forms (—Nitrite) and *Native Minerals* (Pyrolusite).]—“Aldehyd” has been deprived of the final *e* appended to it by many authors, as being more exactly in accordance with its etymology of

“Al[cohol] *dehyd*[rogenatus].”—These are some of the principal *Orthographical* points on which various authors are still in the habit of differing.—As to *Nomenclature proper*, there will, I presume, be no difficulty of understanding, inasmuch as the system hereinafter used is one that has been taught in our schools, in substantially the same form, for nearly a generation past.

In connection herewith I would say that quite a great deal of labor has been bestowed, in arranging the matter of the book, on the introduction of a pretty full array of *Synonyms* (embracing both *popular* or *trade*, and *alchemistic* or so-called *magistral* designations).—I was originally loth to call the products here listed by any other than their properly (and when so: officially) received chemical appellations,—intending to add only a few of the pharmacopeial designations in cases where these differed from the former. But such floods of both orders and inquiries poured in upon me equally from Trade and from Professional quarters, *using the most various designations for same objects*, that I found myself perforce compelled—if I meant to accommodate the mass of my readers—to receive into the List a number of names deemed quite obsolete by me at the first planning of this work.

But, whichever the “odd names” thus received may be,—the substance in question is *invariably listed under a proper chemical name also*, and is, as a rule, *detailed and priced there!* (In no case is a substance detailed or priced in two or more places in the List, but *always*—if at all—*only* in the place pointed-to by the words “*see —*,” or “*see under —*.”—Thus: the trade-names “Vitriol, blue,” and “Copper Vitriol” are both found in the List in their respective alphabetic places; but, after both, the reference-remark points to “Copper, sulphate, neutral”; *where alone* the Descriptions and Market-values of its different forms and qualities are stated.) In a very few instances, the money-value of a substance is stated *after a name quite different from any of its proper chemical designations*; such departure is then always due to a differing pharmacopeial (U.-S.) nomenclature. (For example: “Calcium, oxide,” is referred to “Lime,” because the U.-S. Pharmacopœia calls it “Calx = Lime.”)—Whenever a substance is here listed under a name *deviating* from the English form of its U.-S. pharmacopeial Latin name, the latter is *always added* in parentheses, and is also repeated (in English) in its proper alphabetic place, as a *Synonym*. (For example: “Mercury, bichloride,” has after it the parenthesis “Hydrargyri chloridum corrosivum,” *and* is also listed under the synonym: “Mercury, chloride, corrosive.”)—In a few other instances, when substances had to be referred, for their quality-standard or mode of preparation, to some *Foreign Pharmacopœia*, their Latin synonyms, when given in such connection, are formed according to the system of nomenclature of *that* particular work. (For example: “Antimony, oxide, precipitated,” will be found described in parentheses, first, by its exact chemical designations: “Antimonious oxide—Tri-oxide”;—then by its U.-S. pharmacopeial name: “Antimonii oxidum”;—and then again by one of its foreign pharmacopeial names: “Stibium oxydatum præcipitatum.”)

When a complicated compound may as likely be sought-for under its *rational chemical name* as under its *empirical chemical name*, both are listed. (Thus: “Urea” = “Carb-amide”; “Pyro-catechin” = “Di-oxybenzene, ortho-.”)

I sincerely trust the book may be a *Welcome Visitor* not only to whom-ever it calls upon; but may prove so *useful* as to be asked to “come again.”

E. MERCK.

The ORIGINAL DOCUMENT, of which the subjoined text contains a literally identical reproduction, is to-day preserved in the GRAND-DUCAL STATE ARCHIVES at DARMSTADT, Germany.—The meaning of the ancient text, dated July 10th, 1682, is that of a GOVERNMENT CHARTER, or LETTERS-PATENT, confirming and continuing, to GEORGE FREDERICK MERCK, the CHARTER or GRANT OF LICENSE conferred upon JACOB FREDERICK MERCK IN THE YEAR 1668, BY THE LANDGRAVE OF HESSE: LUDWIG THE SIXTH, —for the maintenance of a PHARMACEUTIC ESTABLISHMENT by said Merck.—The Establishment referred-to has now been in the possession and under the direction of the MERCK FAMILY FOR 221 YEARS, and has by them, in the meantime, been developed into the immense complex system of MANUFACTURING LABORATORIES, to-day known as

"MERCK'S DARMSTADT CHEMICAL WORKS."

Copia copiae.

Don GOTTES Gnaden Wir Elisabetha Dorothea, Landgräfin zu Hessen, Fürstin zu Herzfeld, geborene Herzogin zu Sachsen, Jülich, Cleve und Berg p. Gräfin zu Katzenelnbogen, Diez, Siegenhain, Nidda, Schanenburg, Hsenburg und Büdingen p. Wittib, Vormünderin und Regentin, Thun kund und bekennen in Vormundtschaft Unseres freundl. geliebten ältesten annoch Minder Jährigen Sohns, Landgraf Ernst Ludwigs zu Hessen p. hiermit, Nß Sr. Edl. hochseel. Herr Groß Vatter, Weyland Herr Landgraf Georg zu Hessen p. Weyland Johann Samuel Vöcklern im Jahr 1657 und folgendts nach dessen Absterben, Unseres nunmehr in Gott ruhenden Herrn und Ehemahls, Weyland Herrn Landgraf Ludwigs, des Nahmens der Sechsten zu Hessen p. Eddl. im Jahr 1668. Jacob Friederich Mercken von Schweinfurt, die Gnad gethan, und ihnen eine Apotheck allhier aufzurichten und *respective* zu *continuirem*, ein *Privilegium* und Verwilligung ertheilet; Und dann seithero Bedes erwehnter Johann Samuel Vöckler und Jacob Friederich Merck verstorben, und Uns darauf jetztgedachtes Jacob Friederich Merckens Vetter, Georg Friederich Merck, umb ertheilung solches Apotheker *Privilegii* auf ihne unterthänigst gebetten; Und Wir ohne das, zu desto mehrer erhaltung der *Medicorum* und *Patienten Libertät* und Vermeydung sonstschädlichen *Monopol*-Wesens, ohne das geru sehen, daß zwey wohlbestelte Apotheken allhier seyen und erhalten werden; Daß Wir, so gestalten sachen und Umstünden nach, in sothanes sein Georg Friederich Merckens Suchen gnädigst gewilliget, Thun dasselbe auch hiermit und in Kraft dieses, in der Besten und Beständigsten form, als es von Rechts- und Gewohnheit wegen geschehen soll, kann und mag, Und soll er Georg Friederich Merck sich hingegen der fürstlichen Hessischen Apotheker Ordnung jederzeit gemees verhalten, ehst die gewöhnliche pflichten Leisten, zumahl aber seine Apotheck nicht weniger, als der andere Apotheker *Scipio*, die seinige, soweit es nicht schon geschehen ist, dergestalt mit guten frischen, zu einz- und andern *Curen* dienlichen heylsamen *Medicamentis* und Wahren, also genugsamlich versehen, und damit fort und fort würcklich *continuirem*, daß kein Mangel erscheine und also allhier zwey rechtschaffene wohlbestelte, zum wenigsten *in qualitate*, weil es etwann *in quantitate* nicht allezeit wohl geschehen könnte, einander gleichstreichende *Corpora* seyen, wie auch die *Medicamenta* dem Armen sowohl als dem Reichen, beedes in der Gütigkeit und Willichen Leidlichen, und zum wenigsten in dem zu Frankfurt von Nß- zu Messen üblichen *tax* und Preis /: es were dann daß Wir in etlichen Stücken ein sonderbare *tax* Ordnung ausgehen lassen /: geben und folgen lassen, Inmassen Wir die *Visitation* Besagter Apotheken durch Unsere darzu *Deputirte* Räte auch *Medicos*, und wen Wir sonst noch weiter darzu *deputiren*, nach und nach zu verfügen, nicht unterlassen werden; Befehlen und verordnen darauf und wollen, daß wieder dieses *Privilegium* und Vergünstigung nichts nachgesehen, noch verhenget, sondern derselbe vielmehr, so lang er sich vorgeschriebenermassen und sonsten der Gebühr verhalten wird, darbey gehandhabt und darwider nicht beschweret werden soll, treulich und ohne Gefährde; Ubrkundlich Unserer Uigenhändigen Unterschrift und hierauf gedruckten fürstlichen *Secrets*, Datum —

Darmstadt am 10ten July anno 1682.

Elisabetha Dorothea Landgräfin zu Hessen.

(L. S.)

"SUIVI CUIQUE."

The list herewith submitted, of a few of the **HONORABLE AWARDS** extended to the firm of **E. MERCK**, embraces, by the desire of the House, but a **NUMERICALLY SMALL FRACTION** of such awards received during the time from 1830 to 1883; the balance not enumerated may be covered by the remark that **E. MERCK NEVER EXHIBITED HIS PRODUCTS ON ANY PUBLIC OCCASION WHATSOEVER. WITHOUT THEIR ELICITING A TOKEN OF ESPECIAL DISTINCTION AND HONOR.**

THEODORE WEICKER,

Manager in the U. S. for E. MERCK.

Among the **AWARDS** received by **E. MERCK**, of Darmstadt, are the following:

- | | | | |
|-------|--|---|---|
| 1830: | Gold Medal:
"For the Relief of Mankind." | } | Pharmaceutical Society of
PARIS, (France). |
| | | | Competitive Exposition. |
| 1853: | Medal and Special Approbation:
"For Specimens of Alkaloids." | } | Exhibition of the Industry
of All Nations.—
NEW YORK. |
| 1861: | Gold Medal and Diploma. | | } |
| 1862: | Medal: "Honoris Causa." | } | |
| 1864: | Award: "Beyond Competition"
(PRIX HORS LIGNE):
"Numerous and varied collection of Alkaloids
and very rare products; Physiological Prepara-
tions of high interest and very difficult to
obtain in any appreciable quantity." | | } |
| 1867: | Gold Medal:
"Chemical Preparations; Quinine Salts;
Alkaloids." | } | |
| 1873: | Medal of Progress and Diploma.
(The Highest Award.) | | } |
| 1876: | The Great Prize Medal
and Diploma. | } | |
| 1879: | "First Award." | | } |
| 1880: | Gold Medal and Diploma:
"A Fine and Vast Collection of the Rarest:
Alkaloids and their Salts." | } | |
| 1880: | Gold Medal:
"Vitam Excolere per Artes." | | } |
| 1883: | The Diploma of Honor. | } | |

	Containers incl.			
Acid, antimonie, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, white, <i>true</i> , (Pent-oxide).....				
“ antimonious, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, precipitated, pure, (Tri-oxide).				
“ arabic (arabinc) [gummie], see Arabin				
“ arsenic (arsenic), hydrated,—soluble, [Tetra-hydrated Arsenic Pent-oxide; Hydrated Tri-hydric Arseniate — $H_3AsO_4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O$], — pure	lb. 1 00			
“ “ dry (anhydrous), — [Arsenic Anhydride, Arsenic Oxide; Arsenic Pent-oxide — As_2O_5], — commercial	lb. .90			
“ arsenious (arsenious), anhydrous, — [Arsenious Anhydride, Arsenious Oxide; Arsenic Tri-oxide; so-called “White Arsenic,” Resublimed “Flowers of Arsenic”], — pure, <i>lumps</i> ; — (Vitreous Arsenic, Arsenic-glass).....		conform- ing to <i>U. S. Ph</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. 1 00	
“ “ do., pure, powder.....	lb. 1 50			
“ asparagic (asparaginic, aspartic) [amido-succinic]	15 gr. .35			
“ atropic	15 gr. 1 00			
“ benzoic, from Siamese Benzoin-resin; sublimed,— <i>Ph. G. H</i>	lb. 8 50	Flowers of Benzoin.		
“ “ fr. Benzoin-resin; sublimed, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i> ..	lb. 7 50			
“ “ fr. Benzoin-resin; sublimed, perf. white	oz. .20			
“ “ from Benzoin-resin; wet process, cryst.	oz. .30			
“ “ from Toluol	lb. .85			
“ “ from urine; sublimed,	lb. 2 25			
“ “ “ “ resublimed, perfectly white, chem. pure ..	lb. 3 00			
“ bi-chlor-acetic, see Acid, di-chlor-acetic.				
“ boric (boracic), crude, cryst.	lb. .40			
“ “ ch. pure, perf. white, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .60	Equivalent to <i>Ph. G. H.</i>		
“ “ ch. pure, perf. white, powder	lb. .65			
“ “ “ “ “ impalp. pwd.	lb. .75			
“ “ pure, perf. white, cryst.	lb. .50			
“ “ “ “ “ powder	lb. .55			
“ “ “ “ “ impalp. powder.	lb. .60			
“ “ “ fused	lb. 2 00			
“ “ glycerolate (glycerite) of, see Boro-Glycerin, <i>dry</i>				
“ boro-benzoic	oz. .50			
“ “ -citric	oz. .25			
“ “ -hydrofluoric	oz. .35			
“ “ -salicylic	oz. .75			
“ “ -wolframic (boro-tungstic).....	oz. 1 75			
“ bromic, — sp. gr. 1.12	oz. 1 00			
“ bromo-acetic	oz. 1 75			
“ bursic. The active principle of <i>Bursa pastoris</i> , (<i>Capsella B. p.</i>), [Shepherd's purse]. (Highly efficient hemostatic.)				
“ butyric, normal, concentrated, — [abt. 60-65%]	lb. 1 75			
“ “ “ chem. pure	lb. 4 00			
“ “ Iso-	oz. 1 00			
“ caeodylic (kakodylic) [di-methyl-arsinic]. Also called, “Alkargen” (not to be confounded with “Alkarsin”!).				
“ cainic (caincic), [Cchinein]				

	Containers incl.		
Acid, camphoric , —melt.-point 178° C [352.4 F].—(Recently introduced into therapeutics as an inhalant in diseases of the air-passages; also, as a surgical aseptic, etc.)	oz. 1 00		
“ capric (caprinic) [rutic]	oz. 4 50		
“ capronic (caproic), pure	oz. 1 25		
“ caprylic	oz. 4 00		
“ carb-azotic, see Acid, picric			
“ carbolic (phenic, phenylic), chem.pure, loose crystals, —[Absolute Phenol; so-called “Hydrate of Phenyl”],—melt.-point 40° C [104 F],— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —As to purity, both this grade and the following correspond to:	lb. 1 00		
“ “ pure, cryst., fused, white, — melt.-point 35° C [95 F].	lb. .60		
“ “ liquid, brown, [ab. 90%],— <i>Ph. G. II</i>			
“ “ “ crude I, [50-60%]			
“ “ “ “ II, [30%]			
“ “ “ “ III.			
“ “ solution [90%] in Glycerin. — (Phenol-Glycerin), [Glycerolate (Glycerite) of Carbolic acid]; — for medical use	lb. 1 25		
“ “ iodized, (Iodized Phenol)	oz. 2 00		
“ carminic, chem. pure	oz. 2 00		
“ carthamic, so-called, see Carthamin			
“ caryophyllic, formerly so-called, (Eugenic acid), see Eugenol			
“ catechuic, see Catechin			
“ catechu-tannic, chem. pure	oz. 2 00		
“ cathartic (cathartinic), [not identical with Cathartin, — which see also!]	oz. .75		
“ “ pure	oz. 1 00		
“ cerebrie (cerebrinic)	15 gr. 2 00		
“ cerotic (cerofinic)	15 gr. .75		
“ cetrarie, see Cetrarin			
“ cheno-cholic (cheno-cholinic)	15 gr. 1 00		
“ chinic, see Acid, quinic			
“ chino-picric, see Acid, quino-picric			
“ chinovic, see Acid, quinovic			
“ chloric, —sp. gr. 1.12	oz. .25		
“ “ per-, see Acid, per-chloric			
“ chloro-acetic, —(An escharotic.)	oz. .60		
“ chloro-chromic, anhydrous, (Chloro-chromic Anhydride), see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.			
“ chloro-nitrous (<i>chlor-azotic</i>), see Acid, nitro-hydrochloric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ cholic (choleinic), see Acid, tauro-cholic			
“ cholic (cholalic), cryst.	15 gr. .75		
“ “ amorphous	15 gr. .60		
“ cholojdic (choloidinic)	15 gr. .50		
“ chromic, cryst., chem. pure, — absolutely free from Sulphuric acid. —(Solely a Chromic acid possessing this qualification is fit for use as an <i>escharotic</i> .)	oz. .30		
“ do., — same as above — in pencil form	oz. 1 00		
“ chromic, pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. 18		
“ “ commercial	lb. .75		
“ chromo-nitric	oz. .25		
“ chrysammic (chrysammic)	15 gr. .50		
“ chrysophanic, — (<i>so. calld.</i>), — medicinal. — see Chrys-arobin			
“ “ — true, — (Rheic acid), see Rhubarb constituents: Rhein			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.	
Acid, hydrochloric , — (<i>as above!</i>); — sp. gr. 1.16, [31.8% H Cl]; conforming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. Brit.</i>	lb.	.40
“ “ — sp. gr. 1.124, [25% H Cl]; conforming to <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.38
“ hydro-einnamic (hydro-cinnamylie)	15 gr.	.50
“ hydrocyanic (prussic), diluted, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — abt. 2% of CNH	oz.	.17
“ hydrofluoric, fuming	oz.	.50
“ hydro-iodic (hydriodic), — sp. gr. 1.50, [47% HI]	oz.	.60
“ “ sp. gr. 1.70, [57% HI]	oz.	.70
“ hydro-silico-fluoric, — sp. gr. 1.060, [P B C]	lb.	.60
“ “ sp. gr. 1.157, [20° Baumé]	lb.	1.00
“ hypo-cholic (hypo-cholalic)	15 gr.	.75
“ hydro-glyco-cholic	15 gr.	.50
“ hypo-phosphorous, — sp. gr. 1.15	oz.	.25
“ ichthyol-sulphonic , see under Ichthyol preparations		
“ imosinic		
“ iodie, cryst.	oz.	.80
“ “ anhydrous		1.00
“ iodo-salicylic	oz.	3.00
“ “ -tannic, solution	lb.	.75
“ iso-butyric, see Acid, butyric, Iso-		
“ iso-valeric, — <i>various kinds</i> , — see Acid, valerianic		
“ kakodylic, see Acid, cacodylic		
“ kinic; kino-pieric; kinovic; — see Acid, quinic; quino-pieric; quinovic		
“ kresotinic, } see Acid, } cresotic		
“ kresylic . . . } see Acid, } cresylic		
“ lactic, white . (Iso-lactic [Fermentation-lactic] acid), — <i>optically inactive</i> , — sp. gr. 1.21, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	1.80
“ do., do. , — <i>do. do.</i> , — sp. gr. 1.16	lb.	1.50
“ lacto-arsenious, see Arsenic, lactate		
“ lactic (agaric, agaricie, agaricinic), — from White Agaric — Fungus lactic; — [not identical with Larixinic acid, from Pinus larix!]; — (<i>farthermore: not identical with Agaricin</i> , — which see <i>also!</i>)	oz.	4.00
“ lithic, see Acid, uric		
“ malic (oxy-succinic), — optically active, — pure	oz.	.90
“ malonic	oz.	2.00
“ mandelic (phenyl-glycollic, [Amygdalic — not Amygdalinic! — acid])	15 gr.	.50
“ margaric (margarinic)	oz.	3.50
“ meconic, cryst.	oz.	3.00
“ mellitic (mellic)	15 gr.	.75
“ methyl-crotonic (tiglic, see Acid, crotonolic		
“ methyl-proto-catechuic, see Acid, vanillic		
“ methyl-salicylic (gaultheric), so-called, see Methyl, salicylate		
“ methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonic, [C ₁₁ H ₁₃ O ₃ N] ace. to N. Meldl. of Basle], — <i>Sodium-salt of</i> , — see Thermifugin		
“ methylene-proto-catechuic, see Acid, piperonylic		
“ molybdic (molybdenic, molybdenic, chem. pure , — free fr. Ammonium, Chlorine, Nitric acid; — [100% of MoO ₃])	oz.	.35
“ “ pure	oz.	.25
“ mono-brom-acetic	oz.	1.50
“ mono-chlor-acetic	oz.	.50

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Acid, mucic (saccharo-lactic), pure,	oz. .75			
" muriatic, see Acid, hydrochloric				
" niobic	15 gr. 1.00			
" nitric, crude, sp. gr. 1.32 [$50\% \text{NH}_3$]				
" " ch. pure, " 1.185 [$30\% \text{ "}$] ; conform. to Ph. G. II	lb. .37			
" " " " " 1.20 [$32\% \text{NH}_3$]	lb. .38			
" " " " " 1.30 [$48\% \text{ "}$]	lb. .39			
" " " " " 1.40 [$65\% \text{ "}$]	lb. .40			
" " " " " 1.42 [$69\% \text{ "}$] ; conform. to U. S. Ph. and Ph. Brit.	lb. .40			
" " fuming, (Nitroso-nitric acid), ch. pure, sp. gr. 1.525	lb. .60			
" " " pure, according to Ph. G. II, sp. gr. 1.48	lb. .65			
" nitro-hydrochloric (nitro-muriatic; chloro-nitrous, chlor-azotic, [Aqua regia],—U. S. Ph.: Mix 4 parts, by weight, of Nitric acid sp. gr. 1.42, and 15 of Hydrochloric acid sp. gr. 1.16				
" nitro-picric (nitro-phenic, nitro-xan- thic, see Acid, picric	15 gr. .30			
" oenanthic (enanthic)				
" oleic (oleinic; élaiç, élainic; <i>not</i> élaïdic, élaïdnic, — which see <i>also!</i>), [Oleïn], chem. pure, — U. S. Ph.	oz. 1.00			
" " commercial, clear	lb. .45			
" opianic (di-methyl-nor-opianic)	15 gr. 1.00			
" ortho-phenol-sulphonic, in $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ solu- tion, see Aseptol				
" ortho-oxy-benzoic, see Acid, salicylic				
" osmic, so-called, see Acid, per-osmic, anhydrous				
" oxalic	lb. .35			
" " chem. pure	lb. .80			
" oxalic, chem. pure, cryst. for analyses. [$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$] Large, colorless prisms; perfectly clearly soluble in Water; volatilizable without residue; free from Calcium, Iron, Sulphuric acid. (<i>Oxalic acid of this degree of purity has never been in commerce hith- erto, having now first been introduced by me.</i>)	oz. .35			
" oxy-naphthoic, Alpha. — (Reported as possessing 5-fold the anti-zybotic force of Salicylic acid; also, as a good disinfectant.)	lb. 1.50			
" oxy-phenic (pyro-catechic, see Pyro- catechin				
" oxy-succinic, see Acid, malic	lb. .75			
" palmitic (palmitinic), crude	15 gr. .35			
" " pure				
" para-tartaric, see Acid, tartaric				
" parabanic	oz. 2.50			
" pectic (pectinic)	oz. 2.00			
" pelargonic, from Oil of Rue (Ruta gra- veolens)				
" per-chloric, pure	oz. .50			
" per-osmic, anhydrous, (so-called "Osmic acid"), [Osmium Tetr-oxide]	15 gr. 2.00			
" phenic (phenylic, see Acid, carbohic				
" phenol-sulphonic (phenyl-sulphuric, see Acid, sulpho-carbohic				
" phenyl-glycolic, see Acid, mandelic				
" phloretic (phloretinic), see Phloretin				
" phospho-antimonic, acc. to Otto				
" " Reagent for Alkaloids	oz. .35			
" " -molybdic, solution [10%]	oz. .25			

	Containers incl.			
Acid, phospho-wolframic (phospho-tungstic), cryst.	oz.	.40		
“ “ —solution [10%]	oz.	.30		
“ phosphoric, glacial (mono-hydric), [Meta- phosphoric acid — H_3PO_3], in small lumps.	lb.	.78		
“ “ do., in sticks	lb.	.80		
“ “ “ chem. pure, cryst.	lb.	1.00		
“ “ officinal (tri-hydric), [Ortho-phos- phoric acid — H_3PO_4], chem. pure, — sp. gr. 1.70, [85%], — syrupy consistency	lb.	.65		
“ “ do., liquid, chem. pure, — sp. gr. 1.12, [20% H_3PO_4], — Ph. G. II	lb.	.50		
“ “ “ “ ch. pure, — sp. gr. 1.13, [22%] ..	lb.	.50		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.16, [27%] ..	lb.	.50		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.20, [32%] ..	lb.	.50		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.30, [45.5%] ..	lb.	.55		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ 1.347, [50%], — U. S. Ph.	lb.	.55		
“ “ anhydrous, perfectly white, (Phos- phoric Anhydride; Phosphorus Pent-oxide — P_2O_5)	lb.	2.50		
“ phosphorous, — sp. gr. 1.12	oz.	.35		
“ phthalic, anhydrous, cryst. } (<i>Ortho</i> -phthal- “ “ pure, cryst. } ic acid) “ “ crude	oz.	.35		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	oz.	.50		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	oz.	.25		
“ pier-amic (pier-aminic), cryst.	oz.	1.00		
“ picric (picric, picro-nitric, nitro-picric, nitro-phenisic, nitro-xanthic; carb-azotic), cryst., pure.	oz.	.25		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	oz.	.30		
“ piperic (piperinic)	oz.	2.50		
“ piperonylic (methylene- <i>proto</i> -catechuic) plumbic, anhydrous, see Lead, per- oxide.	15 gr.	.50		
“ polygalic, (Polygalin), see Senegin.				
“ propionic, pure	oz.	1.50		
“ prussic, see Acid, hydrocyanic				
“ pyro-catechuic, see Pyro-catechin.				
“ pyro-gallic, subl., white } (Pyro-gallol) “ “ resubl., — Ph. G. II }	oz.	.35		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	oz.	.39		
“ pyro-ligneous, purified, (Rectified Wood- vinegar), [Acetum pyroligiosum rec- tificatum], — conforming to Ph. G. II.	lb.	.40		
“ pyro-tartaric, cryst.	15 gr.	.35		
“ quillayic (quillayinic, quillayaic)	15 gr.	2.00		
“ quinic (chinic, kinic), cryst.	oz.	3.00		
“ quino-picric (chino-picric, kino-picric). quinovic (chinovic, kinovic)	oz.	4.00		
“ racemic, see Acid, uric	oz.	2.00		
“ rhcic (chrysophanic, <i>true</i>), see Rhubarb constituents: Rhein.				
“ rosolic, (Ros-aurin)	oz.	.35		
“ rufigallic	15 gr.	.25		
“ rutic, see Acid, capric				
“ saccharo-lactic, see Acid, mucic				
“ salicylic, (ortho-Oxy-benzoic acid), arti- ficial, pure, amorphous.	lb.	1.90		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	lb.	2.00		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “	lb.	3.00		
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “				
“ “ natural, from Oil of Wintergreen, (Oleum Gaultherie).	oz.	.75		
“ salicylous, (ortho-Oxy-benz-aldehyd; Salicylic Aldehyd; Salicylal, Salicylol; Salicyl Hydride), — <i>true</i> , — [Essential Oil of <i>Spiraea ulmaria</i>]	oz.	5.00		
“ do., (do., etc.), — <i>synthetic</i>	oz.	3.00		
“ santalic (santalinic), see Santalin				

	Containers incl.		
Acid, santoninic (<i>not</i> santonin!), cryst., [C ₁₇ H ₂₀ O ₄]. (<i>Not</i> Santonin!)			
" " anhydrous, [Santoninic Anhydride], see Santonin			
" sclerotic (sclerotinic), <i>ave. to Dragendorff</i> .	15 gr.	.25	
" " according to Podwysotszki	15 gr.	.35	
" " N.B. See also: Acid, ergotic.			
" scoparic, see Scoparin			
" sebacylic, cryst.	oz. 1	.25	
" selenic, pure, (Selenic Hydroxide), sp. gr. 1.40	oz. 4	00	
" selenious, anhydrous, sublimed, (Selenious Oxide)	oz. 5	00	
" silicic, (Silicic Oxide), [Silica, Silicea; Silic], pure, natural, pulverized	lb.	.80	
" " pure, by wet process; dried	lb.	1.25	
" silvic (silynic)	lb.	3.50	
" sorbic (sorbinic), cryst.	15 gr.	.50	
" sozolic (ortho-phenol-sulphonic, — in 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ % solution), — see Aseptol			
" stannic, anhydrous, see Tin, oxide, white			
" stearic (stearinic), pure	oz. 1	.50	
" stibic, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, white, <i>ave.</i> , (Pent-oxide)			
" stibious, anhydrous, see Antimony, oxide, precipitated, pure, (Tri-oxide)			
" suberic	15 gr.	.50	
" succinic, crude, sublimed	lb.	1.00	
" " purified, Ph. G. I.	lb.	1.50	
" " pure, perfect, colorless Amber	oz.	.22	
" sulpho-anilic (sulph-anilic), cryst., white	oz.	.50	
" sulpho-carbolic (sulpho-phenylic, sulpho-phenic; phenol-sulphonic, phenyl-sulphuric), [Sulpho-phenol, Sulpho-carbol], containing both the "Para-" and the "Ortho-" acid	oz.	.25	
" " Ortho-, pure, — in 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ % aqueous solution, — see Aseptol			
" sulpho-ichthyolic, see under Ichthyol preparations			
" sulpho-naphthyl-aminic	oz.	.40	
" sulpho-phenic (sulpho-phenylic), see Acid, sulpho-carbolic			
" sulpho-vinous (ethyl-sulphurous), sp. gr. 1.1; [<i>not</i> identical with: Sulpho-vinic (Ethyl-sulphuric acid)]	oz.	.30	
" sulphuric, ch. pure, sp. gr. 1.840, [97% H ₂ SO ₄], U. S. Ph., — (Monohydrated Tri-oxide of Sulphur)	lb.	.40	
" " crude, free from Arsenic, (so-called "Oil of Vitriol"), — [66 B]			
" " anhydrous, pure, (Sulphuric Anhydride; Tri-oxide of Sulphur)	100 grammes:	1.00	
" " commercial			
" sulphurous, (Hydrated Sulphurous Oxide [Di-oxide]), solution; sp. gr. 1.022-1.023, [about 5.6% of SO ₂]	lb.	.40	
" " do., [3.5%], U. S. Ph.	lb.	.30	
" " glycerolate (glycerite) of, [solution in Glycerin], see Glycerin, sulphurous			
" tannic, see Tannin			
" tantalic, (Hydrated Tantalic Oxide [Pent-oxide]); white powder, — prepared from Tantalic Chloride	15 gr.	2.00	

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	Containers incl.		
Acid, tartaric, Dextro- ,— (Essential Salt of Tartar,— <i>not to be confounded with</i> : "Salt of Tartar"= Pure Potassium Carbonate from the Bi-tartrate!);— pure, cryst.	lb. .90		
" " do. , pure, powder	lb. .90		
" " " chem. pure, cryst., conform. to the requirements of U. S. Ph. and the other Pharmacopœias	lb. 1.25		
" " " chem. pure, powder	lb. 1.25		
" " Para- , see Acid, <i>uvic</i>			
" tartronic	15 gr. 1.50		
" tanro-cholic (choleic, cholemic)	15 gr. 2.00		
" telluric, di-hydrated, (Tri-hydrated Telluric Oxide [Tri-oxide]; Di-hydrated Telluric Hydroxide)	15 gr. 1.50		
" tellurous, (Hydrated Tellurous Oxide [Di-oxide]; Tellurous Hydroxide)	15 gr. 1.40		
" terpenylic (turpenylic), dry	15 gr. .75		
" thio-phosphorous, anhydrous, see Phosphorus, tri-sulphide			
" thymic, (Thyme-camphor), see Thymol			
" tiglic (tiglinic), see Acid, crotonolic			
" titanic, Ortho-, (Titanic Hydroxide; Di-hydrated Di-oxide of Titanium)	oz. 1.50		
" tri-chlor-acetic	oz. .50		
" tri-chlor-methyl-sulphonic, see Tri-chlor-methyl, sulphite			
" tri-cyanic, see Acid, cyan-uric			
" tropic	15 gr. 1.00		
" tungstic, anhydrous, see Acid, wolframic, anhydrous			
" turpenylic, see Acid, terpenylic			
" uramic, anhydrous, see Uranium, oxide, red			
" ureous, (Uric Oxide), see Xanthine			
" uric (lithic), pure	oz. .80		
" uvic (para-tartaric; racemic)	oz. 1.00		
" valerianic (valeric; amylic), [the so-called Tri-hydrate], —Ph. G. I.	All Iso- valeric acids. oz. .35		
" " pure, (the so-called Monohydrate),—formerly officinal	oz. .40		
" " from Valerian-root	oz. 1.00		
" vanadic (vanadic), Meta-, [Hydrated Pent-oxide of Vanadium; Vanadic Hydroxide], chem. pure ..	oz. 8.00		
" " do., commercial	oz. 3.50		
" vanillic (vanillinic) [methyl-protocatechuic]	15 gr. .50		
" veratric (di-methyl-protocatechuic), cryst.	15 gr. 1.00		
" vieiric, see Vieirin			
" wolframic (tungstic), anhydrous, [Tungstic (Wolframic) Oxide (Tri-oxide)], crude	lb. 2.00		
" " do., pure	oz. .40		
Aconitine Merck (Aconitia), from Aconitum napellus Linné, [sometimes called Napellus Stoerckeannum]:			
pure, amorphous, powder	1/2 oz. vs. oz. 11.00		
" cryst.	15 gr. 2.00		
arseniate (arsenate)	15 gr. 1.00		
hydrobromate	15 gr. 1.00		
hydrochlorate	15 gr. 1.00		
nitrate, amorphous	15 gr. 1.00		
" cryst.	15 gr. 1.75		
oleate, [66 2/3% of Aconitine]	15 gr. 2.00		

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.			
Aconiline Merck (<i>Aconitina</i>).— <i>continued</i> :				
salicylate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr. 1.00			
sulphale	15 gr. 1.00			
valerianate	15 gr. 1.00			
Aconiline from <i>Aconitum ferox</i> . (<i>Bish</i> or <i>Bikh</i> root; <i>Nepaul Aconite</i>).—[the so-called <i>British Aconitine</i> — <i>Aconitinum anglicum</i> — <i>Pseudo-Aconitine</i>].	15 gr. 2.50			
" from <i>Japanese Aconite-root</i>	15 gr. 1.25			
Acorn-sugar , see <i>Quercit.</i>				
Adonidin	15 gr. 3.00			
" <i>lannale</i>	15 gr. 3.00			
Ærugo purificata ; and, <i>do. destillata</i> ;—see <i>Copper, acetate, basic</i> ; and, <i>normal, U. S. Ph.</i>				
Æsculin, Æthal, Æther , etc., Æthiops , etc.; see <i>Eseulin, Ethal, Ether</i> , etc., <i>Ethiops</i> , etc.				
Æth-oxy-Caffeine , see <i>Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine</i>				
Æthyl, Æthyl-amine, Æthylene, Æthylidene , etc.; see <i>Ethyl, Ethyl-amine, Ethylene, Ethylidene</i> , etc.				
Agaricin Merck, chem. pure , from <i>White Agaric</i> , (<i>Fungus loricis</i>); free from purgative resin.—[<i>Not identical with Loricic (Agaricic) Acid</i> , which see <i>also!</i>].	15 gr. .25			
Alant-camphor, solid , see <i>Helenin</i>				
" <i>liquid</i> , see <i>Alantol</i>				
Alant-starch (<i>Alantin</i>), see <i>Inulin</i>				
Alantol (<i>not Alantin!</i>).—[The <i>liquid Alant-</i> or <i>Elecampane</i> , or <i>Inula-camphor</i> .]—(An internal antiseptic).	½ oz. vis. oz. 20.00			
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>Compare, also: Helenin.</i>				
Albumen, Egg , (<i>Albumen ovi</i>), dried, see under Egg preparations				
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>See, also: Yelk, dried</i> ,—under Egg preparations .				
Albumin ,— <i>from eggs</i> , soluble	lb. .85			
" <i>fr. eggs, I.</i> —soluble,—inodorous; its aq. solution is of sp. gr. 1.03	lb. 1.50			
" " " soluble,—in scales;—absolutely free from <i>Fibrinous matter</i> ;—for laboratory use				
" " " soluble, impalpable powder;—for gilders', stampers' and bookbinders' uses				
" <i>from blood</i>	lb. .50			
" " " <i>chem. pure</i>	oz. .65			
" <i>iodized</i> , see <i>Iodine, albuminated</i>				
Albumin, Iron- , in scales; and <i>do.</i> , <i>peptonized</i> ; and <i>do.</i> , <i>saccharated</i> ;—see <i>Iron, albuminate</i> , etc.; etc.; etc.				
<i>N. B. Compare, also:</i>				
<i>Iron, lactate</i>				
" <i>phosphate</i>				
" <i>pyro-phosphate</i>				
<i>Other Metallic Albuminates</i> , see likewise under the respective metals.				
Alcohol (<i>Ethylie alcohol</i>), "absolute"—I, sp. gr. 0.796, [about 99%]	lb. 1.50			
" (<i>Ethylie alcohol</i>), "absolute"—II, — sp. gr. 0.805–0.808, [about 95–97%]	lb. 1.45			
" (<i>Ethylie alcohol</i>), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , sp. gr. 0.820, [about 91%]	lb. 1.25			
" <i>allylic</i>	lb. 10.00			
" <i>ammoniated</i> , see <i>Ammonia, Spirit of</i>				
" <i>amylic, primary</i> , (<i>Iso-pentylie alcohol</i> ; <i>Iso-butyl-carbinol</i>), [so-called " <i>Fusel-oil</i> "]	lb. .40			
" " " <i>pure</i> , <i>boiling-point 128–130° C [262.4–266 F]</i>	lb. .60			

	Containers incl.		
Alcohol, amylic, primary. — (as above!); — chem. pure	lb.	.75	
“ amylic, tertiary, see Amylene Hydrate			
“ benzylic	oz.	2.50	
“ “ ortho-Oxy-, see Saligenin			
“ butylic, Iso-, (Iso-propyl-carbinol), — b.-pt. 107–110° C [224.6–230 F]	lb.	2.00	
“ “ tertiary, see Tri-methyl-carbinol			
“ caprylic	oz.	1.00	
“ caustic, see Sodium, ethylate, cryst.			
“ cetylic, (Cetyl-alcohol), see Ethal			
“ cinnamic (cinnamyllic; styrylic), [Cinnam-alcohol; Styrol-alc.], see Styrene			
“ ethylenic, see Ethylene-glycol			
“ hydrochlorated, see Spirit of Muriatic Ether			
“ iso-butylic, see Alcohol, butylic, Iso-			
“ iso-pentylic, see Alcohol, amylic, primary			
“ iso-propylic, see Alcohol, propylic, Iso-			
“ methylic, (Wood-spirit, Wood-naphtha, Wood-alcohol; Pyro-ligneous [pyro-xylic] Spirit; Carbinol, Methol), — pure	lb.	1.00	
“ “ chem. pure, — b. p. 64–70° C [147–158 F]	lb.	1.25	
“ “ [94–95%]	lb.	1.00	
“ “ [90%]	lb.	.50	
“ ortho-oxy-benzylic (salicylous), see Saligenin			
“ propylic, (Ethyl-carbinol), — b.-pt. 96–99° C [204.8–210.2 F]	lb.	6.00	
“ “ Iso-, (Di-methyl-carbinol)	oz.	2.00	
“ salicylous (ortho-oxy-benzylic), see Saligenin			
“ styrylic, (Styrol-alcohol), see Styrene			
“ —so-called—of Sulphur, (“Alcohol Sulphuris”), see Carbon, bi-sulphide			
“ Thio-, ethylic, see Mercaptan, ethylic			
“ Wood-, see Alcohol, methylic			
Aldehyd (Acetic [Ethylic] aldehyd), commercial	lb.	1.00	
“ concentrated	lb.	1.25	
“ highly concentrated	lb.	2.50	
“ absolute	lb.	6.00	
Aldehyd, Iso-butyl-, see Iso-butyl-aldehyd			
“ salicylic, (ortho-Oxy-benz-aldehyd), see Acid, salicylous			
Aldehyd-Ammonia (Ammoniated Acetic [Ethylic] Aldehyd), pure, cryst.	oz.	.85	
Algoth, Powder of, see Antimony, oxy-chloride			
Alizarin, paste	lb.	1.00	
Alkannin (Anchusin), inspissated } Extract of	oz.	.75	
“ insp., wholly soluble in Alcohol } Alkanet.	oz.	1.00	
Alkargen (not Alkarsin!), see Acid, cacodylic			
Allantoin	15 gr.	.50	
Alloxan	15 gr.	.25	
Alloxantin	15 gr.	.35	
Allyl, bromide (mono-bromide)	oz.	2.00	
“ iodide	oz.	2.25	
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate), — synthetic; — see Essential Oils: Mustard, Black, —artificial			
“ tri-bromide	oz.	2.00	
Allyl-amine	15 gr.	.50	
Aloe Purple	oz.	2.00	
Aloin (Barb-aloin), chem. pure	oz.	.30	
Alstonine, see Chlorogenine			
Althein (Altheine), see Asparagin			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Alum, ammoniacal, (Ammonium-alum, Ammonia-alum), [Aluminium and Ammonium, sulphate]	lb. .35		
“ “ pure, <i>Alumen</i> , Ph. Brit.	lb. .40		
“ ammonio-ferrie, (Ammoniacal Iron-alum), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferrie sulphate			
“ caesic (caesic), [Caesium-alum]	15 gr. 1.00		
“ chromic, (Chrome-alum), [Chromium and Potassium, sulphate], large cryst.	lb. .40		
“ “ II	lb. .35		
“ Copper-, so-called, — (“Divine Stone”), see Copper, aluminated			
“ ferrie, (Iron-alum), [Aluminium and Iron, sulphate; Aluminio-ferrie Sulphate]	lb. .40		
“ potassic, (Potassium-alum, Potassialum, [Aluminium and Potassium, sulphate], chem. pure, cryst.	lb. .50		
“ “ chem. pure, powder	lb. .55		
“ “ “ “ impalpable powder	lb. .60		
“ “ Ph. G. II., cryst.,— <i>Alumen</i> , U. S. Ph.	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ powder	lb. .45		
“ “ free from Iron	lb. .35		
“ “ —caustic pencils, turned, — with or without wooden casing.	doz. 1.00		
“ “ crude, large crystals.	lb. .25		
“ “ burnt (dried, exsic-) <i>Alumen exsiccatum</i> , lumps	lb. .30		
“ “ “ powder } U. S. Ph.	lb. .35		
“ potassio-ferrie, (Potassic Iron-alum), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Potassio-ferrie sulphate			
“ rubidic, (Rubidium-alum)	15 gr. .50		
“ sodic, (Sodium-alum, Soda-alum), [Aluminium and Sodium, sulphate], commercial, cryst.	lb. .50		
“ “ pure	lb. .65		
“ zincic, (Zinc-alum), [Aluminium and Zinc, sulphate]	lb. 1.00		
“ “ in sticks	lb. 1.50		
Alumina (Argilla pura—Pure Argil), anhydrous, chem. pure, see Aluminium, oxide, anhydrous			
“ hydrated,—commercial; and: pure, U. S. Ph.;— see Aluminium, oxide, precipitated, etc.; etc.			
Alumina Purple of Gold, see Gold, Alumina Purple of			
Aluminated Copper, (so-called “Copper-alum”), see Copper, aluminated			
Aluminium (Aluminum), double salts of, see “Aluminium and —” (below!)			
“ metallic, bar	oz. 1.25		
“ “ sheet	oz. 2.00		
“ “ thin	oz. 1.75		
“ “ wire	oz. 2.00		
“ “ powder, coarse	oz. 2.00		
“ “ “ impalpable	oz. 2.50		
“ “ leaf, book of 250 leaves	Book 2.00		
“ acetate, pure, liquid, — [5% of Basic Aluminium acetate]	lb. .40		
“ “ “ “ Ph. G. II., [8% do.]	lb. .50		
“ “ “ dry	lb. 1.50		
“ aceto-glycerolate, (Glycerolate [Glycerite] of Acetate of Aluminium)	oz. .30		
“ “ -tartrate, dry	oz. .25		

Aluminium, arseniate (arsenate)	Containers incl.
benzoate	oz. 30
bromide	oz. 1 50
chloride, pure, dry	oz. 50
" H	lb. 1 25
cinnamate, pure, cryst.	lb. 1 20
fluoride	oz. 49
hydrate (hydroxide), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i> —see Aluminium, oxide, precipitated, <i>pure</i> .—[<i>Argil</i> , see same, <i>con l.</i>]	
nitrate, pure	lb. 2 00
" II	lb. 1 50
" solution [15° Baumé]	lb. 1 25
oleate	oz. 30
oxalate, pure	oz. 39
oxide, anhydrous, (Anhydrous Alumina), chem. pure. — [<i>Argilla anhydrica purissima</i>]	oz. 50
" precipitated (hydrated), commercial, [<i>Argil</i>]	lb. 40
" " pure, (Hydrate [Hydroxide] of Aluminium), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — [<i>Hydrated Alumina</i> ; — <i>Argilla hydrata pura</i> , <i>Ph. G. I.</i>]	lb. 1 10
palmitate, pure	lb. 1 50
" crude	lb. 1 10
phosphate	oz. 49
rhodanide, see Alumini., sulpho-cyanate.	
silicate	oz. 25
sulphate, twice refined, free from Iron	lb. 25
" pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. 75
" chem. pure, cryst.	lb. 1 25
sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz. 50
sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz. 50
" -solution [20° Baumé]	lb. 1 00
tannate	oz. 40
tartrate	oz. 25
" pure	oz. 40
thio-cyanate, see Al., sulpho-cyanate	
Aluminium and Ammonium, sulphate, see Alum, ammoniacal	
and Iron, sulphate, see Alum, ferric	
and Potassium, sulphate, see Alum, potassic	
and Sodium, chloride, cryst.	oz. 30
" sulphate, see Alum, sodic	
and Zinc, sulphate, see Alum, zincic	
N. B. — Other <i>Double</i> —(also <i>Triple</i>)— <i>Sulphates</i> , see likewise under Alum.	
Amalgams: of Sodium; of Zinc; and, of Zinc and Tin;—see under the respective <i>metals</i>	
Amidin, iodized, see Starch, iodized	
Amido-benzene (-benzol), see Aniline	
Amido-ethane, see Ethyl-amine	
Amido-methane, chloride, see Methyl-amine, chloride	
Amido-phenol (Ox-aniline), ortho-, hydrochlorate	15 gr. 75
Amido-toluene (-toluol), see Toluidine	
Amido-xylene (-xylo), see Xylidine	
Ammon, see Ammonium	
Ammonia, Spirit (Alcoholic Solution) of, acc. to Dzondi, [<i>Liquor Ammonii caustici spirituosus</i>], (Ammoniated Alcohol),—sp. gr. 0.810	lb. 85
Spirit of, aromatic, see Spirit of Ammonia, aromatic	

	Containers incl.		
Ammonia, Water (Aqueous Solution) of, [Aqua Ammonia, Liquor Ammoniacus, L. Ammonii caustici], pure,			
—sp. gr. 0.875, [abt. 40% N H ₃]	lb.	.60	
“ do. do., pure, —sp. gr. 0.885, [“ 36% “ “]	lb.	.55	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.890, [“ 33% “ “]	lb.	.50	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.900, [“ 29% “ “]			
— <i>Aq. Amm. fortior, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ “ “ “ sp. gr. 0.910, [abt. 25% N H ₃]	lb.	.35	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.925, [“ 20% “ “]	lb.	.30	
“ “ “ “ “ 0.960, [“ 10% “ “]			
— <i>Ph. G. II. ; —Aq. Amm., U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.25	
“ “ “ technically pure, —various grades			
Ammonia Alum , see Alum, ammoniacal.			
Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar , see Iron, Sesqui- compounds: Ammonio-Ferrie tartarate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Turpeth , see Mercury and Ammonium, sulphate			
Ammoniated Alcohol , see Ammonia, Spir- it of			
“ Aldehyd , see Aldehyd-Ammonia			
“ Copper , —so-called, — see Copper and Ammonium, sulphate			
“ Glycyrrhizin , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Gl., ammoniated			
“ Iron , —so-called, — see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride			
“ Mercury , —so-called:—infusible (<i>U. S.</i> <i>Ph.</i>); and, fusible;—see Mercury, am- moniated, etc.; etc.			
“ Tartar, soluble , see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate			
Ammonio- double and triple salts, see “Am- monium and —” (below!)			
Ammonium (Ammon., acetate, cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ acetate, solution, (so-called “Spirit” of Mindererus), see under Solutions.			
“ arseniate (arsenate), cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ arsenite	oz.	.30	
“ benzoate, from true Benzoic Acid pre- pared from Benzoin-resin.	oz.	.40	
“ “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — fr. artificial do. do.	oz.	.30	
“ bi-carbonate, cryst.	oz.	.30	
“ bi-chromate, cryst., chem. pure, —free fr. Sulphate of Potassium	lb.	1.25	
“ bi-malate, cryst.	oz.	2.00	
“ bi-oxalate (bin-oxalate), chem. pure.	oz.	.30	
“ “ commercial	oz.	.25	
“ bi-phosphate	oz.	.25	
“ bi-sulphate	oz.	.30	
“ bi-sulphite	oz.	.50	
“ bi-tartrate	oz.	.40	
“ borate	oz.	.30	
“ “ pure	oz.	.45	
“ boro-citrate	oz.	.50	
“ bromide, conform. to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.90	
“ camphorate	oz.	3.00	
“ carb-amate (carb-aminat), [so-called Anhydride of Ammonium Carbon- ate]. Exceedingly volatile	oz.	1.50	
“ carbolate, see Ammonium, phenate.			
“ carbonate	lb.	.50	
“ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.60	
“ “ anhydrous, —so-called, — see Am- monium, carb-amate			
“ chlorate, per-, see Ammon., per-chlorate			
“ chloride, (Sal ammoniacum), semi-purif.			
“ “ purified, white	lb.	.28	
“ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ “ sublimed, in lumps	lb.	.50	

	Containers incl.		
Ammonium , chloride, with Ferric Chloride, — (Ammonio-chloride of Iron; so-called "Ammoniated Iron"),—Ph. G. II	lb.	.60	
Ammonium , chloro-stannate, (Ammonio-stannic Chloride), [Pink (Dyers') Salt], see Tin and Ammonium, chloride			
" chromate, neutral, pure	oz.	.50	
" citrate	oz.	.25	
" Cuprico-, double salts of, see under Copper and Ammonium			
" fluoride	oz.	.40	
" formate, pure	oz.	1.00	
" gallate, neutral	oz.	1.25	
" glycyrrhizate, pharmacopeial, see Glycyrrhizin, ammoniated, soluble ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
" hydro-sulphuretted solution of sulphide, (<i>Hydrothion-ammonium</i> Solution),— see Solutions: Ammonium sulphide,—hydro-sulphuretted			
" hypo-phosphite	oz.	.50	
" hypo-sulphite, see Ammonium, thio-sulphate			
" ichthyl-sulphonate (sulpho-ichthyolate), [Ichthyl], see Ichthyl preparations , etc.			
" iodide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II	oz.	.45	
" lactate	oz.	.50	
" mellitate (mellate), cryst.	oz.	5.00	
" molybdate (molybdenate), chem. pure	oz.	.45	
" nitrate	lb.	.40	
" " pure; cryst.	lb.	.45	
" " " dry	lb.	.60	
" " " fused	lb.	.65	
" " chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.60	
" nitrite, liquid	oz.	.30	
" oxalate, (Di-ammonium oxalate), pure	lb.	.90	
" " (do.), chem. pure	lb.	1.00	
" oxal-urate (uro-oxalate)	oz.	.50	
" per-chlorate	oz.	2.00	
" phenate (phenylate, carbolate)	oz.	.25	
" phosphate, (Di-ammonium ortho-Phosphate), purified, cryst.	lb.	.75	
" " (do.), pure	lb.	1.00	
" " " chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. I	lb.	1.10	
" phosphite	oz.	.50	
" phospho-molybdate	oz.	1.25	
" picramate	oz.	3.00	
" picrate (picro-nitrate)	oz.	.35	
" picro-carminate, dry	oz.	1.50	
" purpurate, see Murexid			
" rhodanide, see Ammon., sulpho-cyanate.			
" salicylate, cryst.	oz.	.50	
" seleniate (selenate)	oz.	6.00	
" succinate, pure, eryst.	oz.	.35	
" sulphate, erude	lb.	.30	
" " pure	lb.	.39	
" " chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.50	
" sulphide (sulphuret),—hydro-sulphuretted solution of;— see Solutions: Ammon. sulphide,—hydro-sulphuretted.			
" sulphite	oz.	.25	
" sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz.	.30	
" sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide), pure	lb.	1.00	
" " commercial	lb.	.75	
" sulpho-ichthyolate (ichthyl-sulphonate), [Ichthyl], see Ichthyl preparations , etc.			
" tannate, liquid	oz.	.30	
" tartrate, neutral, cryst.	oz.	.25	

	Container incl.
Ammonium, thio-cyanate, see Ammonium, sulpho-cyanate.	
“ thion-urate.	oz. 2 00
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”), pure	oz. 30
“ tungstate, see Ammonium, wolframate.	
“ uranate, (so-called “Hydrated Oxide of Uranium”), [also sometimes called “Uranium Yellow,” which latter name properly applies to <i>Sodium Uranate</i>].	oz. 1 00
“ urate, pure.	oz. 50
“ ura-oxalate, see Ammonium, oxal-urate	
“ valerianate, <i>cryst., white, U. S. Ph.</i> ..	oz. 32
“ vanadate, <i>chem. pure.</i>	oz. 2 00
“ wolframate (tungstate).	oz. 40
Ammonium and Aluminium, sulphate, see Alum, ammoniacal.	
“ and Bismuth , citrate, see Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	
“ and Cadmium , salts, see Cadm. & Amm.	
“ and Cobalt , sulphate, see C. & A., sulph.	
“ and Copper , salts, see Copper and Am.	
“ and Iron , arsenicico-citrate, see Iron, arseniate and citrate, ammoniated	
“ “ “ chloride, (so-called “Ammoniated Iron”), see Ammonium, chloride, w. Ferric Chloride	
“ “ “ divers salts, see Iron, Mono-compounds; and Iron, Sesqui-compounds, — (the latter embracing the <i>U. S. Ph. salts</i> : Citrate; Sulphate; Tartrate)	
“ and Magnesium , salts, see Magn. & A.	
“ and Mercury , salts, see Merc. & Amm.	
“ and Nickel , salts, see N. & Ammonium	
“ and Platinum , double and triple salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; do. triple Cyanides; and do., divers double Salts.	
“ and Potassium , salts, see Pot. & Amm.	
“ and Silver , salts, see Silver and Ammon.	
“ and Sodium , salts, see Sodium and A.	
“ and Tin , chloride, (Pink Salt; Dyers' Salt), see Tin and Ammon., chloride	
“ and Zinc , chloride, see Z. & A., chloride	
Ammonium, Platinum, and: } } Calcium, cyanuret.	See under Platinum triple Cyanides.
} Copper, cyanuret-cyanide. }	
Ammonium, Solutions of divers salts of, see under Solutions.	
Amygdalin	½ oz. N. S. oz. 2 00
Amyl (“Amylium” — not Amylum!), acetate, [Amylo-acetic Ether], (so-called “Pear-oil”).	lb. 4 00
“ do., [etc.], (etc.), — chem. pure	lb. 4 50
“ bromide.	oz. 50
“ butyrate.	lb. 5 00
“ chloride.	oz. 60
“ cyanide, (Ciano-amyl), [Capro-nitrile] ..	
“ formate	oz. 50
“ hydride, (Pentane), crude, see Emphone	
“ iodide, h.-pt. 110 118 C [284 298.4 F]	oz. 80
“ nitrate	oz. 50
“ nitrite, (Amylo-nitrous Ether).	oz. 29
“ “ in lymph-tubes of 1 3 drops.	
“ pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i> ..	oz. 30
“ oxide, hydrated, (so-called “Fusel-oil”), see Alcohol, amylic.	

	Containers incl.
Amyl , phenate (carbolate), [Amyl-phenol], cryst. — (A hypnotic.)	oz. 2 50
“ valerianate, (so-called “Apple-oil”).	lb. 6 00
Amyl-phenol , see Amyl, phenate	
Amylene	oz. 50
“ bromide	oz. 1 00
Amylene Hydrate , (Tertiary Amylic Alcohol), — boiling-point 100° C [212 F], — sp. gr. 0.81. (An excellent hypnotic, not materi- ally affecting the heart-action.)	oz. 75
Amylum iodatum , (Iodized Starch), U. S. <i>Ph.</i> , see Starch, iodized	
Amylum , animal, — so-called, — see Gly- cogen	
Analgesine , so-called, see Antipyrine	
Anchusin , see Alkannin	
Anemonin (<i>Lucome camphor</i> , Pulsatilla- camphor)	15 gr. 1 75
Anethol , liquid	oz. 1 00
Anethol-Quinine , see Quinine, anisated	
Aniline (Anilina), [Amido-benzene (-benzol); Benzid-ain; Phenyl-amine], pure.	lb. 1 00
“ acetate.	oz. 50
“ chloride.	oz. 30
“ nitrate.	oz. 30
“ oxalate.	oz. 40
“ sulphate.	oz. 30
Aniline, di-Methyl- , see Di-methyl-aniline	
“ Methyl- , see Methyl-aniline	
Aniline and Phenol Dyes (or <i>Colors</i>):	
Aurin	oz. 40
Black, Nigrosine, soluble in Water.	lb. 2 25
“ “ “ in Alcohol.	lb. 2 50
Blue, free from Arsenic	oz. 75
“ permanent, — soluble in Alcohol; — free from Arsenic	oz. 65
“ Ethylene-	oz. 75
“ Methylene-	oz. 60
“ Naphthalene-	oz. 60
“ Phenyl-, — free from Arsenic.	oz. 65
“ reddish	oz. 60
Brown, Bismarck-	lb. 2 00
“ Vesuvine-	lb. 3 50
Chrysoidine, — free from Arsenic	lb. 2 50
Green, Malachite-, cryst., free fr. Arsenic.	lb. 2 50
“ “ powder, “ “ “	lb. 2 00
“ Methyl-, — free from Arsenic	lb. 2 50
“ Iodine-	oz. 2 00
“ brilliant	oz. 25
Induline, — free from Arsenic	oz. 50
Orange, Helianthine.	oz. 75
“ Di-methyl-aniline-	oz. 65
“ Ethyl-	oz. 45
“ Methyl-, free from Arsenic.	oz. 50
Phosphine, so-called, see Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow, Chrys-aniline	
Purpurin; dry; and, paste, — see <i>Purpurin</i>	
Red, Fuchsin, free fr. Arsenic; large cryst.	oz. 40
“ Congo-	oz. 50
“ Corallin	oz. 40
“ Eosin	oz. 50
“ Magdala-	15 gr. 1 00
“ ruby S-	oz. 40
“ orange-	oz. 35
“ Safranin.	oz. 65
“ scarlet, — free from Arsenic	oz. 30
Rose, Bengal, “ “ “	oz. 1 00
Tropaeolin (Tropaolin), see <i>Tropaeolin</i>	
Violet, Gentian-, free from Arsenic.	oz. 30
“ Methyl-, — “ “ “	oz. 25

	Containers incl.		
Aniline and Phenol Dyes (or Colors),—continued:			
Violet, Hoffmann's	oz. .40		
Yellow	oz. .25		
“ Chrys-aniline (sometimes also called Phosphine),—free from Arsenic.	oz. .75		
“ Luteoline	oz. .25		
“ Manchester-.....	oz. .25		
“ Martins-.....	oz. .30		
“ Naphthalene-.....	oz. .40		
“ Primrose- (Primula-)	oz. .25		
“ Safranine			
“ T-.....	oz. .50		
“ orange T,—free from Arsenic.....	oz. .25		
Aniline, Ros-, see Ros-aniline			
Anisol (Methyl Phenate; Methylo-phenic Ether).....	oz. 2.00		
Anthracene, purified, sublimed.....	oz. .25		
Anthraco-potassa (Anthrako-kali), simple.	oz. .25		
“ sulphurated	oz. .25		
Anthra-quinone (A.-chinone, A.-kinone).....	oz. .50		
Anthrarobin (Anthro-arobin).—A derivative from Alizarin, etc.—[Used as a mild succedaneum for <i>Chrysarobin</i> (that is: the so-called “Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid”).]	oz. .50		
Antichlors (Anti-chlorines), see Sodium: thio-sulphate; bi-sulphite; and, sulphite ..			
Antifebrin, perf. white, chem. pure, cryst., Kalle's. —under my conjugate guarantee for purity; —(<i>Medicinal Phenyl-acet-amide, Medicinal Acet-anilide</i>).—[Lately very prominent as an analgetic, anodyne, sedative, and hypnotic. —in hemicrania, neuralgias, dysmenorrhœa, insomnia, delirium, etc.]	oz. .25		
Antifungin	oz. .35		
Antimonial Crocus (Saffron), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed.....			
“ Ethiops, (Antimony and Mercury Black Sulphides), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide.....			
“ Glass, see Antimony, sulphide, vitreous,—so-called			
“ Powder, U. S. Ph.,—(James's Febril-Powder), [Antimonious Oxide with Calcium Phosphate].....	lb. 1.50		
Antimoniated (Stibiated) Liver of Lime, [Stibiated Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated....			
“ Tartar, (Tartar Emetic; Tartarated Antimony), see Antimony and Potassium, tartrate, U. S. Ph.; and other grades.			
Antimony (Antimonium; Stibium), double salts of, see “Antimony and —” (below!)......			
“ metallic..... } Regulus of Antimony	lb. .35		
“ “ ch. pure. }	oz. .25		
“ arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. .30		
“ arsenite	oz. .30		
“ bromide	oz. .50		
“ chloride, Antimonious, (tri- chloride), pure, cryst.,—[<i>Concentrated Butter of Antimony</i>]......	oz. .30		
N. B. — See, also:—Solutions: Antimonious chloride,—(<i>Liquid Butter of Antimony</i>)			
“ “ Antimonic, (penta- chloride), see Antimony, per-chloride			
“ diaphoretic, washed (purified), see Potassium, antimonate, <i>pharmacopœial</i>			
“ “ unwashed, see do., do., <i>crude</i>			
“ iodide, cryst.	oz. 1.00		

	Containers incl.		
Antimony, oxalate	Lb. 1.25		
“ oxide, white, — true, — Ph. Bor. V; (Antimonic oxide, — Pent-oxide), [Anhydrous Stibic or Antimonic Acid — Sb ₂ O ₃]	Lb. .75		
“ “ do., — so-called, — Ph. Bor. VI; — (Washed [purified] Diaphoretic Antimony; Calx Antimonii [Stibii]), — [principally : K Sb O ₃], — see Potassium, antimonate, pharmacopœial			
“ “ diaphoretic, unwashed, — so-called, — (Uncashed Diaphoretic Antimony), see Potassium, antimonate, crude			
“ “ precipitated, (Antimonious oxide, — Tri-oxide), pure, — <i>Antimonii oxidum, U. S. Ph.</i> ; — [Stibium oxydatum præcipitatum, Ph. B. VI]; (Anhydrous Stibious or Antimonious Acid — Sb ₂ O ₃)	Lb. 1.50		
N. B.—The above is the Wet-process Tri-oxide; the Dry-process Tri-oxide is the so-called “Flowers of Antimony.”			
“ “ do., with Calcium Phosphate, — (James's Febrile Powder), — see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..			
“ “ brown, — so-called, — washed, (<i>Crocus</i> [Saffron] of Antimony; <i>Crocus metallorum</i>), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed			
“ “ “ — so-called, — uncashed, (<i>Liver</i> of Antimony), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude			
“ oxy-chloride, (Powder of Algaroth)	oz. .35		
“ oxy-sulphuret, Antimonious, (Kermes Mineral), see Antimony, sulphide, red, — so-called			
“ per-chloride (penta-chloride), [Antimonic chloride]	oz. .40		
“ sulphate	Lb. 1.25		
“ sulphide, golden, (Antimonic sulphide, Penta-sulphide of Antimony), [so-called “Golden Sulphur”].			
“ “ “ I, chem. pure	Lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ II	Lb. .90		
“ “ “ III	Lb. .75		
“ “ black, (Antimonious sulphide, Trisulphide of Antimony), [Black Antimony], levigated, I, — pure; — <i>Antimonii sulphidum purificatum, U. S. Ph.</i>	Lb. .50		
“ “ “ levigated, II, — <i>Antimonii sulphidum, U. S. Ph.</i>	Lb. .35		
“ “ “ chem. pure, — synthetically prepared, — Ph. Gall.	Lb. 2.00		
“ “ vitreous, — so-called, — (Antimonial Glass; Vitreous Antimony)	Lb. .75		
“ “ red, — so-called, — (Antimonious Oxy-sulphuret), [Kermes Mineral], (Red Antimony).	Lb. 1.25		
“ “ “ Ph. G. I	Lb. 1.75		
“ “ “ according to Cluzel	Lb. 2.00		
“ tannate			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Containers incl.

Antimony, tartarated (<i>tartarized</i>), [<i>Tartar Emetic</i>], (Antimoniated [Stibiated] Tartar), see Antimony and Potassium tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades	
" tartrate. (<i>Do not confound with above!</i>)	oz. .35
Antimony, black, see Antimony, sulphide, black	
" red, see do., do., red,—so-called	
" vitreous, see do., do., vitreous, so-called	
Antimony and Mercury Sulphides (Black Sulphides [Sulphurets]), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide	
" and Potassium, oxalate, cryst.	lb. .75
" " " tartrate, (<i>Tartar Emetic</i> ; <i>Tartarated</i> [<i>Tartarized</i>] <i>Antimony</i> *), [<i>Tartarus stibiatu</i> s Antimoniated Tartar], cryst.	lb. .65
" " " do., powder.	lb. .65
N.B. Both the above preparations are of full percentage, abt. 43% Sb_2O_3 .	
" " " do., pure, cryst.	lb. 1.00
" " " " " powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , <i>Ph. G. H. & Ph. An.</i>	lb. 1.00
* N.B.—TARTARATED ANTIMONY should not be confounded with: Antimony, tartrate!	
Antimony, Butter of, liquid, see Solutions: Antimonious chloride	
" do. do., concentrated, see Antimony, chloride, Antimonious, etc.	
" Crocus (Saffron) of, [so-called " <i>Washed Brown Oxide of Antimony</i> "], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed	
" Flowers of, see remark under Flowers of Antimony.	
" Glass of, see Antimony, sulphide, vitreous,—so-called	
" Liver of, (so-called " <i>Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony</i> "), see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude	
" do. do., calcic, (also called: <i>Antimoniated Liver of Lime</i>), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated	
Anti-Phylloxerins, see Potassium: sulpho-carbonate; and, xanthogenate	
Antipyrine (Di-methyl-oxy-quinizine [<i>chimizine</i>]); also called " <i>Analgesin</i> "	oz. 1.40
Apiol, fluid, green. } Oily substances from the seeds of	oz. .65
" " distilled } Pars'ey (<i>Apium petroselinum</i>).	oz. 1.50
Apiol, solid, cryst., white, (Pars'ey-camphor)	15 gr. .25
Apo-codeine	15 gr. 2.50
" hydrochlorate	15 gr. 2.50
Apoeynin, cryst. } Residue, not identical with	15 gr. 5.00
" amorphous } the Glucoside " <i>Apocynin</i> "	15 gr. 3.00
Apo-morphine (Apomorphia), hydrochlorate, amorphous	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 gr. 5.25
" hydrochlorate, cryst., chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 gr. 11.75
" sulphate, cryst.—soluble in Water.	15 gr. 2.00
Apple-oil, so-called, see Amyl, valerianate.	
Aqua (Aque medicata—Medicated Waters), see Water, etc.	
Aqua Ammoniac, see Ammonia, Water of.	
" Calcariae, see Solutions: Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	
" carmelitana, see Spirit, Balm, compound.	
" regia, see Acid, nitro-hydrochloric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	

Arabin (Arabic Acid, Gummie Acid).....	Containers incl.	
Arbutin Merck, white, cryst.	oz. 1.00	
Argentum , and compounds, see Silver, etc.	oz. 1.75	
Argil (Argilla) [Alumina], anhydrous, chem. pure, see Aluminium, oxide, anhydrous,.....		
“ hydrated, — commercial; and: pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — see Aluminium, oxide, precipitated, etc.; etc.		
Arnica	15 gr. 2.00	
Arsenic (Arsenium), — so-called “metallic,” — cryst.; [so-called “Cobaltum Mineral”].....	oz. .12	
“ bromide.....	oz. .50	
“ chloride.....	oz. .60	
“ iodide (ter-iodide), cryst., pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .60	
“ “ with Mercury bin-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....		
“ lactate, (Lacto-arsenious Acid).....	oz. 2.50	
“ oleate.....	oz. .40	
“ pent-oxide, see Acid, arsenic (arsenicic), dry [anhydrous].....		
“ “ tetra-hydrated, see Acid, arsenic (arsenicic), hydrated.....		
“ phosphide (phosphuret).....	oz. 1.00	
“ Red sulphide, (di-sulphide), [Realgar; Red Arsenic], powder.....	lb. .25	
“ tartrate.....	oz. .40	
“ tri-oxide, see Acid, arsenious (arsenious), anhydrous.....		
“ Yellow sulphide, (tri-sulphide), [Yellow Arsenic, Citrine Arsenic; Orpiment — Auri Pigmentum; King's Yellow], powder.....	lb. .25	
“ “ “ precipitated (wet process).....	oz. .35	
Arsenic, red , see Arsenic, Red sulphide.....		
“ vitreous, } see Acid, arsenious, lumps		
“ Glass of, }		
“ white, so-called..... } see Acid, ar-		
“ Flowers of, resublimed } senious, etc.		
“ yellow (<i>citrine</i>), see Arsenic, Yellow sulphide.....		
Arsenic and Mercury Iodides , see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....		
do. do. do. do., solution, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , (<i>Donovan's Solution</i>), see under Solutions.....		
Arsenical Solution , <i>Fowler's</i> , see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>		
Arsenium , and compounds, see Arsenic, etc.		
Asaron (Asarin; <i>Asarum-camphor</i> ; <i>Asarabacca-camphor</i>).....	15 gr. .75	
Aseptol (ortho - Phenol - sulphonic [ortho-Phenyl - sulphuric, ortho - Sulpho - phenic, ortho-Sulpho-carbolic] Acid; ortho-Sulpho-phenol [-carbolic]; — in 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % solution) — [Sozolic Acid].....	oz. .30	
Asparagin (Asparagine; Althein, Altheime).....	oz. 1.00	
Aspidos-amine and Aspido-spermine , see under Quebracho Alkaloids		
Atropine Merck (<i>Atropia</i>): pure, heavy, — <i>Atropina</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> — Alkaloid from <i>Atropa Belladonna</i> , free from the so-called “light Daturine.” — Melt.-point 115° C [239 F].....	oz. vis. oz. 6.55	
arsenate (arsenate).....	15 gr. .65	
borate.....	15 gr. .50	
hydrobromate.....	15 gr. .65	
hydrochlorate.....	15 gr. .65	
nitrate.....	15 gr. .65	
salicylate.....	15 gr. .65	

℞ When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Atropine Merck (<i>Atropia</i>),— <i>continued</i> :	Containers incl.		
<i>santoninate</i> (<i>not santonate!</i>)	15 gr. .75		
<i>sulphate, white, cryst., neutral</i> . — <i>Atropinæ sulphas</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,— absolutely neutral (free from <i>any trace</i> of either acid or alkaline reaction!), light, and perfectly white	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vis. oz. 5.70		
<i>tartrate</i>	15 gr. .65		
<i>valerianate</i>	15 gr. .65		
N.B. — <i>Atropine fractional derivatives</i> , including Hom-atropine Merck-Ladenburg , will be found under their respective names.			
Atropine Discs ,— in tubes of 100.			
" <i>Gelatin</i> ,— in sheets for 25 applications.			
" <i>Paper</i> ,— in books for 100 applications.			
Auri Pigmentum , see <i>Arsenic, Yellow sulphide</i>			
Aurin , see under <i>Aniline and Phenol Dyes</i>			
Auro- double salts, see "Gold and—"			
Aurum , and compounds, see <i>Gold, etc.</i>			
Avenin - Legumin (<i>Vegetable Casein</i> from oats).	oz. 1.00		
Avenine ,— <i>Alkaloid</i>	15 gr. .60		
Azo-benzene (<i>Azo-benzol, Azo-benzide</i>).	oz. 1.25		
Azo-litmin, chem. pure	15 gr. .75		

Balsams:

	Containers incl.
Copaiva, Maracaibos, - (Balsamum copivi [copaiva]).....	lb. 1 00
“ dry, - (Balsamum copaivae siccum), see Resins: Copaiva.....	---
Gurjum, (so-called “East-India Copiva Balsam”), [also called: “Wood-oil,” or “East-Indian Wood-oil”].....	lb. $\frac{3}{4}$.75
Indian Hemp, - (Balsamum cannabis indiae), - acc. to Denzel.....	oz. 2 50
Kava-Kava , see Resins: Kava-Kava.....	
of Peru, true.....	lb. 2 50
of Sulphur, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed.....	
“ “ terebinthinated, see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed, terebinthinated.....	
Bamberger's Solution , mercurio-albuminated, see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid.....	
Baptisin, pure , (Glucoside from Wild Indigo, (Baptisia tinctoria)).....	15 gr. .50
Barb-aloin, chem. pure , see Alcin.....	
Barium (Baryum, Barytum, double salts of, see “Barium and —” (below).....	
“ metallic.....	15 gr. 4 60
“ acetate, pure, cryst.....	oz. .20
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	oz. .25
“ a-thylo-sulphate, see Barium, ethylo-sulphate.....	
“ amylo-sulphate.....	oz. .40
“ anhydride, so-called, see Barium, oxide, anhydrous, pure; and, commercial.....	
“ benzoate.....	oz. .75
“ bi-oxalate (bin-oxalate).....	lb. 1 25
“ borate.....	oz. .40
“ boro-wolframate (boro-tungstate).....	
“ bromate.....	oz. .60
“ bromide.....	oz. .35
“ carbonate, precipitated.....	lb. .40
“ “ “ pure.....	lb. .55
“ “ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 1 00
“ chlorate, pure, cryst.....	lb. .70
“ “ “ powder.....	lb. .75
“ chloride, impalp. powder, commercial.....	lb. .25
“ “ purified, cryst.....	lb. .25
“ “ pure, cryst.....	lb. .30
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .35
“ chromate, pure.....	lb. 1 00
“ “ II.....	lb. .60
“ citrate.....	oz. .40
“ ethylo-sulphate (sulpho-vinate), cryst.....	lb. 2 25
“ fluoride, pure.....	oz. .75
“ formate.....	oz. .75
“ hydroxide (so-called “hydrate”) [hydrated mon-oxide], see Barium, oxide, hydrated, etc.....	
“ hypo-phosphite.....	oz. .50
“ hypo-sulphate.....	oz. .60
“ hypo-sulphite, see Barium, thio-sulphate.....	
“ iodate.....	oz. 1 00
“ iodide.....	oz. .75
“ lactate.....	oz. .85
“ methylo-sulphate.....	oz. .60
“ nitrate, cryst.....	lb. .25
“ “ powder.....	lb. .25
“ “ fused.....	lb. 1 00
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.....	lb. .45

Barium, oleate	Containers incl.		
“ oxalate	oz. .40		
“ “ pure	lb. .75		
“ oxide (mon-oxide), anhydrous, [Burnt (calcined) Baryta], (so-called “Barium Anhydride”), pure...	lb. 2.50		
“ “ do., commercial	lb. 1.50		
“ “ hydrated (caustic), [Barium Hydroxide (so-called “Hydrate”); Hydrated (caustic) Baryta], pure, cryst.	lb. .50		
“ “ do., pure, dry	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ chem. pure, cryst.	lb. .60		
“ “ “ “ dry	lb. 1.25		
“ “ “ commercial	lb. .40		
“ oxide, per- (di-), see Barium, per-oxide.			
“ per-chlorate	oz. 2.00		
“ per-manganate, cryst.	oz. 1.50		
“ per-oxide (di-oxide), hydrated, pure...	lb. 1.25		
“ “ do., commercial	lb. .75		
“ “ anhydrous, commercial	lb. .75		
“ “ “ pure	lb. .85		
“ phosphate	oz. .35		
“ rhodanide, see Barium, sulpho-cyanate.			
“ salicylate	oz. .50		
“ sulphate, precipitated, pure, —(Synthetically prepared “Barytes”); also called: Artificial “Heavy Spar”)	lb. .55		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), commercial	lb. .45		
“ “ pure	lb. 1.00		
“ “ —free from Arsenic; —acc. to Winkler. —(Used for generating Arsenium-free Sulphydric Acid in Kipp's apparatus.)	lb. .60		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	lb. 1.75		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide), pure	lb. 1.50		
“ “ commercial	lb. .75		
“ sulpho-vinate, see Barium, ethylsulphate			
“ tartrate	oz. .75		
“ thio-cyanate, see Barium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hyposulphite”)	oz. .30		
“ wolframate (tungstate)	oz. .30		
Barium and Platinum, salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; and do., divers double Salts			
“ and Potassium, chlorate	lb. 1.50		
Baryta, burnt (calcined), see Barium, oxide, anhydrous			
“ caustic (hydrated), see Barium, oxide, hydrated			
Barytes, synthetically prepared, (Artificial “Heavy Spar”), see Barium, sulphate, etc.			
Bebeerine, (Beberine, Beeberine, Bebirine, Bibirine, Beberia; Buxine), pure, cryst. ...	oz. 1.65		
“ hydrochlorate	oz. 1.25		
“ sulphate	oz. 1.25		
Belladonnine	15 gr. .75		
Bengal Rose, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Rose			
Benz-aldehyd (Benzoic Aldehyd; so-called “Benzoyl Hydride”) [<i>Artificial Volatile Oil of Bitter Almonds; —not=Nitro-benzene! —which see also!</i>]. —Chemically identical with: De-hydrocyanated <i>Natural</i> Essential Oil of Bitter Almonds	lb. 2.00		

	Containers incl. oz. 2 100		
Benz-amide			
Benzene (Benzol), bromated, see Mono-brom-benzene			
“ chlorated, see Mono-chlor-benzene			
“ iodated, see Mono-iod-benzene			
Benzene, anthracic, (Coal-tar Benzol), [Coal-naphtha; so-called “Coal-tar Benzin”—Benzinum lith-anthracinum],—chem. pure, crystallizable; boil.-pt. 80-84° C [176-183.2 F]. (So-called “Phenyl Hydride.”)	lb. 1.00		
“ do.,—boil.-pt. 70-130° C [158-266 F]	lb. .75		
“ do.,— “ 130-180° C [266-356 F]	lb. .50		
Benzene, benzoic, see Benzol, benzoic			
Benzid-am, see Aniline			
Benzile (Di-benzoyl)	15 gr. .75		
Benzin, petroleic, (Petroleum Benzin), [Petroleum Naphtha],— 1, boil.-pt. 55-75° C [131-167 F]			
“ do.,—boil.-pt. 50-60° C [122-140 F], Benzinum, U. S. Ph.,—(so-called “Petroleum Ether”)			
Benzo- (Benzene-) [Benzol-] Quinone, see Quinone			
Benzo-tri-chloride (not Tri-chlor-benzene; nor Tri-chloride of Benzene [Benzol];—but: C ₆ H ₅ .CCl ₃)	oz. .50		
Benzoin Crystals, (Bitter-almond-oil Camphor), [not: Resina Benzoe, = “Gum benjamin”;—but: Oxy-phenyl-benzyl-ketone!]	15 gr. .35		
Benzoin Flowers, see Acid, benzoic, from Siamese (and other) Benzoin-resin, sublimed: U. S. Ph., and others			
Benzol (Benzene), bromated, see Mono-brom-benzene			
“ chlorated, see Mono-chlor-benzene			
“ iodated, see Mono-iod-benzene			
Benzol, benzoic, (Benzoic Benzene),— from Benzoic Acid	oz. 1.50		
Benzol of Coal-tar, (Anthracic Benzol, see Benzene, anthracic			
Benzoyl, chloride	oz. .50		
“ hydride,—so-called,—see Benz-aldehyd			
Benzoyl, di-, see Benzile			
Benzoyl-ecgonine	15 gr. 1.50		
Benzyl, chloride, commercial	lb. 1.50		
“ “ pure	lb. 3.00		
Berberine, chem. pure, cryst.	oz. 5.00		
“ citrate	15 gr. .75		
“ hydrochlorate	oz. 2.00		
“ phosphate	15 gr. .75		
“ sulphate	oz. 1.25		
Berberine, Hydro-	15 gr. 4.00		
Beryllium (Glucinum, Glycium), metallic, powder	15 gr. 12.00		
“ carbonate	15 gr. .25		
“ chloride	15 gr. .25		
“ oxide, hydrated, (hydroxide)	15 gr. .25		
“ “ anhydrous	15 gr. .50		
“ sulphate	15 gr. .25		
Beryllium and Potassium, fluoride	15 gr. .25		
Bestuscheff's Solution, tonico-nervine (anodyne Iron-), see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral			
Betol (Naphthalol) [Naphtho-salol, Sali-naphthol]—(Beta-Naphthyllic Ether of Salicylic Acid; Salicylate of Beta-Naphthol)	oz. .60		
Bibirine, see Bebeerine			
Bi-chlor-naphthalene, see Di-chlor-naphthalene			

Bili-fuscin.....	Containers incl. 1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bili-humin.....	1 gr.vial 2.00		
Bili-prasin.....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bili-rubin (<i>Bili-phain</i>).....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
“ Hydro-, see Uro-bilin.....			
Bili-verdin.....	1½ gr.vial 4.00		
Bi-methyl-compounds, see Di-methyl-etc.			
Bi-nitro-benzene, (Bi-nitro-benzol, Bi-nitro-benzide), see Di-nitro-benzene.....			
Bi-nitro-naphthalene, see Di-nitro-naphthalene.....			
Bi-nitro-toluene (toluol), see Di-nitro-toluene.....			
Bi-phenyl- and other Bi-compounds, see Di-phenyl-etc.;—etc.,—under “Di-”.....			
Birch-tar, see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic.....			
Bismarck Brown, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Brown.....			
Bismuth, double salts of, see “Bismuth and —” (below).....			
“ metallic,—about 97% pure metal.....	lb. 2.40		
“ “ pure,—free from Arsenic.....	lb. 3.50		
“ “ chem. pure.....	lb. 6.00		
“ acetate.....	oz. .60		
“ albuminate.....	oz. .60		
“ ammonio-citrate, see Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ benzoate.....	oz. .60		
“ bromide.....	oz. 1.00		
“ camphorate.....	oz. 2.00		
“ carbonate, so-called, see Bismuth, sub-carbonate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ chromate.....	oz. .75		
“ citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .50		
“ iodide (ter-iodide).....	oz. .80		
“ lactate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate).....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, cryst.....	lb. 2.50		
“ oleate, dry.....	oz. .35		
“ oxalate.....	oz. .50		
“ oxide (tri-[sesqui-]oxide), anhydrous [yellow], chem.pure,— <i>Ph. Brit.</i>	oz. .60		
“ “ hydrated (white), pure.....	oz. .50		
“ oxide, per- (pent-), see Bism., per-oxide oxy-chloride.....	oz. .35		
“ oxy-iodide (sub-iodide).....	oz. .55		
“ peptonized, (<i>Bismuthated Peptone</i>),—contains 3.8% of Oxide of Bismuth in soluble form.....	oz. .75		
“ per-manganate, basic,—soluble only in dilute acids.....	oz. 1.75		
“ per-oxide (pent-oxide).....	oz. .75		
“ phosphate.....	oz. .60		
“ phospho-lactate, see Bismuth, lacto-phosphate.....			
“ salicylate, basic,—contains about 62% of Bi ₂ O ₃ ,—free from the Sub-nitrate;—gives up only traces of Salicylic Acid to Ether.....	oz. .45		
“ salicylate, acid,—contains about 40% of Bi ₂ O ₃ ,—free from the Sub-nitrate.....	oz. .40		
“ sub-carbonate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(so-called “carbonate”),—chem. pure.....	lb. 2.90		
“ sub-iodide, see Bismuth, oxy-iodide.....			
“ sub-nitrate, chem. pure, very light powder,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—(Magistry of Bismuth);—perfectly free from Arsenic, by Marsh's test.....	lb. 2.50		
“ sub-nitrate, in tablets.....	lb. 2.75		

Bismuth, sulphate.....	Containers incl. oz. .50			
“ sulphide (sulphuret)	oz. .60			
“ tannate	oz. .35			
“ “ in tablets	oz. .40			
“ tartrate	oz. .75			
“ valerianate	oz. .75			
Bismuth and Ammonium, citrate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .50			
“ and Potassium, iodide, liquid	oz. .60			
“ “ tartrate	oz. .25			
Bitter-almond-oil, artificial, see Benz- aldehyd				
Bitter-almond-oil Camphor, see Benzoin Crystals				
Bixin (<i>Red Orellin</i>), chem. pure.....	oz. 5.00			
Blood, bullock's, (<i>Sanguis Tauri</i> [<i>Bovis</i>]), dry, powdered	lb. 1.50			
Boldine	15 gr. 3.00			
Bone-ash; and: do., purified;—see Calcium, phosphate, crude; and: pure.....				
<i>N. B. Compare, also:</i> Calcium, phosphate, bi-basic, for agricultural chemistry.				
Bone-black, purified, (so-called “Ivory- black”), see Charcoal, animal, purified, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—etc.....				
Bone Phosphate,—so-called,—see Calcium, phosphate, precipit'd tri-basic, dry, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
Borax,—various forms, (also: Borax-glass), —see Sodium, bi-borate, etc.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other forms.....				
Borax-Tartar (so-called “Soluble Cream of Tartar”), see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....				
do. Scales, (<i>Scales of Tartar</i>), perfectly soluble in Water,—see do. do. do., do., in scales.....				
Boro-Glycerin (“Glyceride”), dry,—[Gly- cerolate (Glycerite) of Boric Acid; Glyceryl Borate];—containing 3 parts Glycerin to 2 of Boric Acid.....	lb. 2.00			
“ so-called,— <i>syrupy consistency</i> ;—see Sodium, bi-borate, glycerolate of, <i>syrupy consistency</i>				
Boron (Borium), crystallized.....	15 gr. 6.00			
Brayerin, see Koussein Merck.....				
Bromal, anhydrous	oz. 2.50			
Bromal Hydrate	oz. 2.50			
Bromine,— <i>Bromum</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .25			
“ chloride, (“Bromide of Chlorine,” so- called)	oz. .85			
“ iodide, liquid,—so-called,—see Iodine, bromide, liquid.....				
Bromo-Caffeine (<i>not</i> Caffeine Hydrobrom- ate,— <i>which see also</i> ;—but Bromated [bromo-substituted] Caffeine!).....	oz. 5.00			
Bromo-ethyl (Bromide of Ethyl; Mono-brom- ethane), see Ether, hydrobromic.....				
Bromoform	oz. 1.50			
Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono-, (Mono- brom-acet-anilide), cryst. [Supposed to combine the medicinal effects of Sodium Bromide and of Phenyl-acet-amide.].....	oz. 2.00			
Brucine (<i>Brucia</i>) [<i>Vonicine</i>], chem. pure, cryst., free from Strychnine.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00			
“ pure	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ hydrobromate	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ hydrochlorate	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ nitrate	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			
“ phosphate.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
“ sulphate.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.10			

	Containers incl.		
Cacao-butter , see Butter, Cacao.....			
Cadmium , double salts of, see "Cadmium and —" (below)			
" metallic.....	lb. 1.45		
" " sheet.....	lb. 3.00		
" " powder.....	oz. .75		
" acetate.....	oz. .75		
" boro-wolframate (boro-tungstate), solution, sp. gr. 3.28.....	oz. 1.00		
" bromide.....	oz. .27		
" carbonate.....	oz. .50		
" chlorate.....	oz. .75		
" chloride.....	oz. .35		
" fluoride.....	oz. 1.00		
" iodide.....	oz. .45		
" nitrate.....	oz. .40		
" oxide.....	oz. .60		
" salicylate.....	oz. 1.50		
" sulphate, pure.....	oz. .30		
" sulphide (sulphuret).....	oz. .50		
" sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. .75		
" tartrate.....	oz. .75		
" valerianate.....	oz. 1.00		
Cadmium and Ammonium , bromide.....	oz. .50		
" " " iodide.....	oz. .60		
" and Gold , chloride, see Gold & C., chlor.			
" and Potassium , iodide.....	oz. .60		
Caesium (Cesium), metallic.....			
" bi-tartrate.....	15 gr. 3.00		
" chloride.....	15 gr. 3.50		
Caesium and Rubidium , chloride.....	15 gr. 2.00		
Caesium Alum , see Alum, caesic.....			
Caffeine (Caffein, Coffeine) [Theine], double salts of, see "Caffeine and —" (below)			
" pure, <i>cryst.</i> , — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.40		
" pure, <i>true</i> , — from Coffee-seeds.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
" acetate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
" ammonio-citrate, see Caffeine and Ammonia, citrate.....			
" arseniate (arsenate).....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
" arsenite.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
" benzoate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.75		
" boro-citrate, true double salt, — readily soluble. — (Combines the medicinal effects of Caffeine and of Boric Acid.)	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
" bromo-substituted (bromated), [<i>not</i> Caffeine Hydrobromate!], see Bromo-Caffeine.....			
" carbolate, see Caffeine, phenate.....			
" cinnamate, <i>cryst.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.00		
" citrate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.75		
" citrate, — so-called, — commercial.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.00		
" " " — <i>Ph. Brit.</i> new, — [50% of Caffeine].....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.00		
" citrico-benzoate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
" hydrobromate, true salt, <i>cryst.</i> <i>N. B. Compare, also: Bromo-Caffeine.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.20		
" hydrochlorate, true salt, <i>cryst.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.20		
" lactate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.75		
" malate.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 5.00		
" nitrate, true salt, <i>cryst.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
" phenate (phenylate, carbolate).....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
" phthalate, — soluble in 5 parts of Water.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
" salicylate, true salt.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.90		
" sodio-hydrobromate, — and other Soda double salts of Caffeine, — see Caffeine and Soda, etc. — (below)!			
" sulphate, true salt, <i>cryst.</i>	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 1.90		

℞ When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

Caffeine—(as above!),—tannate, true salt . . .	Containers incl. 1/4 oz. vls. oz. 2. 00
“ valerianate, true salt	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 2. 00
Caffeine and Ammonia, citrate, (Ammoniated Citrate of Caffeine) . . . [54% of Caffeine]	1/4 oz. vls. oz. 2. 00
“ and Soda, benzoate . . . [45.8% “]	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 1. 25
“ “ “ cinnamate . . . [62.5% “]	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 1. 50
“ “ “ citrate, true . . . [52.5% “]	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 2. 00
“ “ “ salicylate . . . [62.5% “]	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 1. 25
N.B.—The Benzoate, Cinnamate, and Salicylate, are soluble in 2 parts of hot Water, and remain in solution on cooling.	
Caffeine and Soda, hydrobromate, (so-called “Bromide of Caffeine and Sodium”,—“Sodio-bromide of Caffeine”),— [52% of Caffeine];—soluble in 20 parts of Water . . .	1/8 oz. vls. oz. 1. 50
Cahincin (Cahincin), see Acid, cahincic . . .	
Calabar-Alkaloid, see Physostigmine (Eserine) . . .	
Calabar Discs	
“ Gelatine	} see Physostigmine Dises; etc.; etc.
“ Paper	
Calcium, double and triple salts of, see “Calcium and —” (below!).	
“ metallic,—by electrolysis	15 gr. 10. 00
“ acetate, chem. pure, dry	lb. 1. 00
“ “ crude	lb. . 50
“ aethylo-sulphate, see Calc., ethylo-sulph. albuminate	oz. . 75
“ antimonio-sulphide, so-called, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated	
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz. . 35
“ arsenite	oz. . 30
“ benzoate	oz. . 50
“ bi-malate, cryst.	oz. 1. 00
“ bi-saccharate, see Calcium, saccharate	
“ bi-phosphate, so-called, see Calcium phosphate, acid	
“ bi-sulphate, pure	oz. . 30
“ bi-sulphite, liquid,—[8° Baumé]	lb. . 45
“ bi-tartrate, pure	oz. . 40
“ borate	lb. 1. 50
“ “ —glycerolate (glycerite) of, [Glycerino-borate of Calcium]	lb. 2. 50
“ boro-citrate	oz. . 35
“ bromide,—U. S. Ph.	oz. . 25
“ bromo-iodide	oz. 1. 00
“ butyrate, pure	oz. . 50
“ “ Iso-, see Calcium, iso-butyrate	
“ carbolate, see Calcium, phenate	
“ carbonate, purified (elutriated), white, see Chalk, prepared, U. S. Ph.	
“ “ precipitated	lb. . 40
“ “ “ light (flocculent)	lb. . 45
“ “ “ pure,—U. S. Ph. & Ph. G. II.	lb. . 50
“ “ “ chem. pure	lb. 1. 00
“ chinate, see Calcium, quinate	
“ chinovate, see Calcium, quinovate	
“ chlorate	oz. . 40
“ chlorhydro-phosphate, see Calcium phosphate, hydrochlorated	
“ chloride, (so-called “Hydrochlorate of Lime”), crude	
“ “ granulated	lb. . 35
“ “ pure, cryst.	lb. . 40
“ “ “ dry, white	lb. . 45
“ “ “ fused, perf. white, in lumps, —U. S. Ph.	lb. . 65
“ “ “ “ “ “ in sticks	lb. . 85
“ “ “ “ “ “ granulated	lb. . 90
“ chromate	lb. 2. 50

	Containers incl.			
Calcium, citrate	oz. .35			
" ethyl-sulphate (sulpho-vinate)	oz. .75			
" ferrid-cyanide (ferri-cyanide), [Calcio-Ferric cyanide, so-called], cryst.	oz. .50			
ferro-lacto-phosphate. (Lacto-Phosphate of Calcium and Iron)	oz. .50			
" formate	oz. .35			
" fluoride, chem. pure	lb. 2.50			
" glycerino-borate, (Glycerolate [Glycerite] of Borate of Calcium), see Calcium, borate, —glycerolate of				
" glycerino-phosphate, (Glycerolate [Glycerite] of Phosphate of Calcium), see Calcium, phosphate, glycerolate of				
" hippurate	oz. 2.00			
" hydrochloro-phosphate, see Calcium, phosphate, hydrochlorated				
" hypo-phosphite, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.30			
" hypo-sulphite, see Calc., thio-sulphate				
" iso-butyrate	oz. 2.00			
" iodate	oz. .75			
" iodide	oz. .47			
" kinate, see Calcium, quinate				
" kinovate, see Calcium, quinovate				
" lactate, pure, soluble	oz. .25			
" lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate), cryst., soluble	oz. .50			
" " powder	oz. .25			
" meconate				
" muriato-phosphate, see Calcium, phosphate, hydrochlorated				
" nitrate, pure	oz. .15			
" nitrite	oz. .25			
" oleate	oz. .45			
" osmate	15 gr. 2.50			
" oxalate	oz. .30			
" oxide, caustic, dry, (Burnt Lime, pure), —from marble, —see Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
" per-manganate, cryst.	oz. 2.00			
" phenate (phenylate, carbolate), pure	lb. 1.50			
" " crude, [about 40% of pure]	lb. .49			
" phosphate, crude, (<i>Bone-ash</i>)	lb. .49			
" " pure, (<i>Purified Bone-ash</i>)	lb. .60			
" " neutral, chem. pure, —Ph. G. II., —(Tetra-hydrated Di-calcic ortho-Phosphate; Di-hydrated Calcium Hydro-phosphate)	lb. 1.25			
" " acid, (so-called "bi-phosphate"), [Tetra-hydro-mono-calcic ortho-Phosphate], pure	lb. 2.00			
" " bi-basic, —for agricultural chemistry	lb. 1.50			
" " precipitated tri-basic, dry, — <i>Calcii phosphus precipitatus, U. S. Ph.</i> , (so-called " <i>Bone Phosphate</i> ")	lb. 1.25			
" " do. do., <i>gelatinous</i>	lb. .75			
" " glycerolate (glycerite) of, [Glycerino-phosphate of Calcium] ..	oz. 4.00			
" " hydro-chlorated (muriated), [Muriato-phosphate (Chlorhydro-phosphate, Hydrochloro-phosphate) of Calcium], liquid, —sp. gr. 1.225, [25% solution] ..	lb. .75			
" " do., dry	lb. 1.50			
" " —antimoniated (stibiated), —[James's Febrile Powder], —see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..				
" phosphide (phosphuret)	oz. .50			
" phosphite	oz. .75			
" phospho-lactate , see Calcium, lacto-phosphate				

	Containers incl.		
Calcium, picrate (picro-nitrate)	oz. 30		
“ pyro-phosphate	oz. 30		
“ quinate (chinate, kinate), cryst.	oz. 1.00		
“ quinovate (chinovate, kinovate).	oz. 1.00		
“ rhodanide, see Calcium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ saccharate (bi-saccharate), [so-called “Saccharate of Lime”],—soluble in Water, easily so in Sugared water.— (Antidote in Carbolic-Acid poisoning.)	oz. .25		
“ salicylate	oz. .45		
“ santoninate (<i>not</i> santonate!),—white powder, insoluble in water; insipid.	oz. .75		
“ silicate, pure	oz. .35		
“ silico-fluoride	oz. .40		
“ stibiato-sulphide, so-called, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimomo- sulphurated			
“ sulphide (sulphuret),—acc.) For generating to Fresenius } Sulphydric Acid “ —acc. to Otto } in Kipp's appa- ratus.	lb. 1.00		
“ sulphide, <i>so-called</i> , (Calcic Liver of Sul- phur), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.10		
“ do., antimoniated,— <i>so-called</i> ,—(Anti- monic Liver of Lime), see Lime, anti- monio-sulphurated.			
“ sulphite, crude	lb. .30		
“ “ purified	lb. .50		
“ “ pure	lb. 1.25		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz. .25		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodan- ide), commercial.	lb. .75		
“ “ pure	lb. 1.25		
“ sulpho-vinate, see Calc., ethyl-sulphate			
“ tannate	oz. .30		
“ tartrate	oz. .25		
“ thio-cyanate, see Calc., sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo- sulphite”)	lb. 1.25		
“ tri-chlor-phenate (tri-chlor-phenylate, tri-chlor-carbolate).	oz. .50		
“ nrate, chem. pure	oz. 1.00		
Calcium and Copper , acetate, see Copper and Calcium, acetate			
“ and Gold , chloride, see G. & Calc., chlor.			
“ and Iron , lacto-phosphate, see Calcium, ferro-lacto-phosphate.			
“ “ “ cyanide, so-called, see Calcium, ferrid-cyanide			
“ and Platinum , cyanide, see under Pla- tinum double Cyanides			
Calcium, Platinum, and Ammonium , cy- anuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides			
Calomel , see Mercury, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
Calx , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Calx Antimonii (Stibii) , see Potassium, an- timonate, <i>pharmacopeial</i>			
“ “ cum Sulphure , see Lime, anti- monio-sulphurated			
Camphor , benzoated	oz. .40		
“ carbolated, see Camphor, phenolated.			
“ citrated	oz. .40		
“ di-bromated	oz. 1.00		
“ mono-bromated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .26		
“ phenolated, (<i>Phenol-Camphor</i> ; Carbol- ated camphor, Camphorated Phenol).	oz. .40		
“ salicylated	oz. .50		
“ valerianated	oz. .60		
Camphor, artificial , so-called, see Turpen- tine-oil, mono-hydrochlorate			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Camphor of Anemone (<i>Pulsatilla</i>), see Anemoin.			
“ of Asarum (Asarabacca), see Asaron.			
“ of Bitter-Almond-oil, see Benzoin Crystals.			
“ of Elecampane (<i>Inula</i> , <i>Alant-root</i>), solid. —see Helenin.			
“ “ “ —liquid, —see Alantol.			
“ Lemon-, so-called, see Turpentine-oil, di-hydrochlorate.			
“ of Parsley, see Apiol, solid, cryst. white.			
“ of Thyme, see Thymol.			
“ of Tonka-bean, see Cumarin.			
Cannabin, —Resinoid.	15 gr.	.35	
Cannabine Merck, —pure Alkaloid; —syrupy consistency. —(Simply hypnotic in action.)	15 gr.	.50	
Cannabine Tannate Merck.	15 gr.	.25	
Cannabinon.	15 gr.	.20	
“ —10% abstract in Sugar of milk, —adapted for immediate dispensation.	oz.	.60	
Cantharidin, cryst.	15 gr.	2.00	
Capro-nitrile, see Amyl, cyanide.			
Capsicin.	15 gr.	.20	
Caput mortuum, pure, see Iron, oxide, red, anhydrous.			
Carb-amide, etc., see Urea, etc.			
Carb-azole (Di-phenyl-imide).	oz.	1.00	
Carbinol, see Alcohol, methylic.			
Carbo animalis (Ossium), <i>purificatus</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — <i>et, purus</i> .			} see Charcoal, etc.
“ Carnis purus — <i>ad usum internum</i> .			
“ Sanguinis; <i>et, —acido purificatus</i> .			
“ Spongis pulverisatus.			
Carbon, animal (Bone-), purified, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; —and, pure.			
“ Blood-; and; <i>do.</i> , purified by acid.			
“ Meat-, pure, —for <i>internal use</i> .			
“ Sponge-, powder.			
Carbon, mineral, see Graphite.			
Carbon (<i>Carboneum</i>), bi-sulphide, (so-called Sulphur-“Alcohol”).	lb.	.25	
“ <i>do.</i> , highly rectified, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.40	
“ di-chloride (also called: proto-chloride).			
“ tetra-chloride (also called: bi-chloride).	oz.	.75	
“ tri-chloride (also called: sesqui-chloride), <i>cryst.</i>	oz.	1.25	
Cardol, pruriginous; from <i>Anacardium orientale</i> .	oz.	.75	
“ vesicatory; from <i>do.</i> , <i>occidentale</i> .	oz.	1.00	
Carica papaya. Juice of, see Juice of Papaw.			
Carmine, pure, in lumps, (<i>Nacarat</i>).	oz.	.75	
Carmine, Safflower-, see Safflower Carmine.			
Carnine.	15 gr.	8.00	
“ hydrochlorate.	15 gr.	8.00	
Carthamin, (so-called “Carthamic Acid”), chem. pure.	15 gr.	1.00	
Carvol, see Essential Oils: Caraway-seed; extra strong.			
Casein, commercial.	lb.	.80	} From milk
Casein, absolutely chem. pure.	lb.	2.50	
Caseins, vegetable, see Conglutin, and Legumin.			
Cassius's Purple, see Gold, Tin-precipit. of Catechin (Catechuin), [Catechuic Acid].	oz.	2.00	
Catechol, see Pyro-catechin.			
Cathartin, in Extract-form, —(not identical with Cathartic Acid, — which see also!).	oz.	5.00	
Caustic, lunar, see Silver, nitrate, molded.			
“ mitigated (toughened), see Silver, nitrate, diluted; <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , —and others.			

	Containers incl.		
Caustic , Filhos's, (Fused Vienna Caustic), see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [4:1], fused.....			
“ Vienna, powder, see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [2:1], powder.....			
Cedrin , cryst.; from Cedron-seed.—Transparent crystals; wholly volatilizable; readily soluble in Water.—(Febrifuge, etc.; antidote in hydrophobia, etc.).....	15 gr.	8.00	
Cerebrin .—Physiological preparation from brain-substance.....	15 gr.	2.00	
Cerium , metallic, fused.....	15 gr.	7.50	
“ acetate.....	oz.	1.00	
“ bromide.....	oz.	1.00	
“ carbonate.....	oz.	.75	
“ chloride.....	oz.	.35	
“ lactate.....	oz.	2.00	
“ malate.....	oz.	3.50	
“ nitrate.....	oz.	.40	
“ oxalate— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —of Sesqui-oxide.....	oz.	.15	
“ oxide (per-oxide), pure.....	oz.	1.00	
“ sulphate (bi-sulphate) of Per-oxide.....	oz.	.35	
“ sulphate of Sesqui-oxide.....	oz.	.40	
Cetrarin (Cetraric Acid).....	15 gr.	1.00	
Chalk , prepared (levigated).— <i>Creta preparata</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—[Purified (elutriated) Carbonate of Calcium].....	lb.	.12	
Chameleon Mineral , (Mineral Chameleon), see Potassium, manganate.....			
Charcoal , animal (Bone-), [Bone-black], (Carbo Ossium; Spodium),—purified, —wet process;—[so-called “Ivory Black” — <i>Ebur ustum</i>];— <i>Carbo animalis purificatus</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.50	
“ do., (do.), pure,—wet process,—[do.—etc.].....	lb.	1.25	
“ Meat- , (Carbo Carnis), [<i>Medicinal</i> Animal Charcoal,—for <i>internal</i> use], pure.....	lb.	3.00	
“ Blood- , (Carbo Sanguinis).....	lb.	2.00	
“ “ purified by acid.....	lb.	2.25	
“ Sponge- , (Burnt Sponge— <i>Spongia usta</i> [tosta]; <i>Carbo Spongiæ</i>), powder.....	lb.	.75	
Chelerythrine (Chelerythria).....	15 gr.	1.25	
Chelidonium (Chelidonia), pure.....	15 gr.	1.00	
“ hydrochlorate.....	15 gr.	1.00	
“ sulphate.....	15 gr.	1.00	
Chinidine , Chinine (China), Chinium , Chinoidine (“ <i>Chinoidinum</i> ” of <i>U. S. Ph.</i>), Chino-iodine , Chinoline (Chinoleine), Chinone ; and compounds of these;—see Quinidine, Quinine, Quinum, Quinoidine, Quino-iodine, Quinoine , Quinone,—etc.....			
Chinoyl , see Quinone.....			
Chitin ,—from beetles.....	15 gr.	2.50	
Chloral ,— <i>so called by the U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Chloral Hydrate.....			
Chloral , alcoholate, anhydrous.....	oz.	.30	
“ camphorated.....	oz.	1.00	
Chloral Hydrate , (the so-called “ <i>Chloral</i> ” of the <i>U. S. Ph.</i>): crusts.....	lb.	1.50	
loose crystals.....	lb.	1.55	
true Liebreich	lb.	2.25	
according to Liebreich	lb.	2.00	
Chloral Hydrocyanate (Cyanhydrate), cryst.—Rhombic-prisms; white, translucent; wholly volatilizable; readily soluble in Water, Alcohol, or Ether.—[Very stable compound, acting physiologically like <i>Prussic Acid</i> ; hence, a desirable substitute for Bitter-almond and Cherry-laurel Waters.].....	½ oz. vls. oz.	2.00	

Chloral, meta-.....	Containers incl.		
Chlor - anile.....	oz. 1.00		
Chlorine Bromide, (<i>Chlorum bromatum</i>), so-called, see Bromine, chloride.....	15 gr. .30		
Chlorine-water (Solution of Chlorine in distilled Water).....			
Chloro-ethyl (Mono-chlor-ethane), chlorinated compounds of, see Ether, hydrochloric, etc.....			
Chloroform (Ethyl chloroform), pure,— <i>Chloroformum purificatum, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—conforming to Ph. G. II.....	lb. 1.70		
“ from Chloral.....	lb. 3.00		
“ English (British), in original jars.....	lb. 2.50		
“ chem. pure—according to British standard, (<i>purissimum uso anglico</i>).....	lb. 1.50		
Chloroform, Methyl-, see Methyl Chloroform.....			
Chlorogenine (Alstonine), from <i>Alstonia-bark</i> —[<i>Alstonia constricta Apocynae</i>].....	15 gr. 1.75		
Chlorophyll, chem. pure.....	15 gr. .60		
“ technically pure,—for use in the arts; free from Cupric Oxide.....	oz. .50		
Chole-stearin (<i>Cholesterin</i>).....	15 gr. .50		
Chole-stearin Fat, see Lanolin.....			
Chondrin (<i>Cartilage Gelatin</i>).....	15 gr. .50		
Chrom-aci-chloride (<i>Chromyl Di-chloride</i>), see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....			
Chromo Alum, see Alum, chromic.....			
Chromium (<i>Chrome</i>), metallic, fused.....	15 gr. 1.00		
“ acetate.....	oz. .50		
“ chloride, sesqui-, see Chromium, sesquichloride.....			
“ di-oxy-di-chloride, (<i>Chrom-aci-chloride</i> , <i>Chromyl Di-chloride</i>), [<i>Chloro-chromic Anhydride</i>].....			
“ fluoride.....	oz. .50		
“ hydroxide, Chromic, see Chromium, oxide, hydrated.....			
“ nitrate.....	oz. .35		
“ oxalate.....	oz. .50		
“ oxide (sesqui-oxide), [<i>Chromic oxide</i>], anhydrous, dry.....	lb. 1.00		
“ “ do., chem. pure.....	lb. 1.25		
“ “ hydrated, (<i>Chromic Hydroxide</i>), dry.....	lb. .75		
“ oxy-chloride, see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....			
“ phosphate, cryst.....	oz. 1.75		
“ sesqui-chloride.....	oz. 1.50		
“ sulphate.....	oz. .30		
Chromium and Potassium, sulphate, see Alum, chromic.....			
Chromyl Di-chloride, see Chromium, di-oxy-di-chloride.....			
Chrys-aniline (so-called “Phosphine”), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow.....			
Chrys-arobin, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—(so-called “ <i>Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid</i> ”).....	oz. .40		
<i>N. B.</i> — <i>True Chrysophanic (Rheic) Acid</i> , see Rhubarb constituents: Rhein.			
Chrysoidine, cryst., see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes.....			
Cicutine (<i>Conicine</i>), see Conine.....			
Cimicifugin. Resinoid from Black Snake-root, (<i>Black Cohosh</i>), [<i>Cimicifuga (Actaea racemosa)</i>].....	oz. 2.00		
Cinechonidine (<i>Cinchonidia</i>) [<i>Alpha-Quinidine</i>] (<i>Cinchovatine</i>), pure, cryst.....	oz. .60		
“ borate.....	oz. .75		
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. .60		
“ salicylate.....	oz. .50		

	Containers incl. 1 oz. vial 5 oz. tin, oz.		
Cinchonidine — (as above!), — sulphate. Zim- mer's; conforming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> }			
“ tannate	oz. .50		
“ tartrate	oz. .75		
Cinchonine (<i>Cinchonia</i>), chem. pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — free from Cinchotine	oz. 1.50		
“ pure, cryst.	oz. .35		
“ precipitated	oz. .28		
“ benzoate	oz. 1.00		
“ ferri-citrate, [25% Cinchonine]	oz. .30		
“ hydrochlorate	oz. .23		
“ salicylate	oz. .40		
“ sulphate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — large cryst.	oz. .24		
“ tannate	oz. .30		
Cinchovatine , see Cinchonidine			
N. B. — Other <i>Cinchona</i> derivatives, see Quin- idine, Quinine, etc.; also: Acid, quinic, etc.			
Cinis stanni (Jovis), [Tin Ash], see Tin, oxide, grey			
Cinnabar , artificial, best, see Mercury, sul- phide, red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Cinnam-alcohol , see Styrene			
Cinnamene (<i>Cinnamol</i>), see Styrol			
Cinnyl (Styryl) Cinnamate , see Styraein			
Citrullin , see Colocynthisin			
Coal-tar Benzol , (so-called “Coal-tar Benzin”), “ Naphtha } — see <i>Lenz-ne</i> , anthracic			
“ Dyes (<i>Colors</i>), see Aniline and Phenol Dyes.			
Cobalt , metallic, [98-99%], granulated	oz. .50		
“ “ pure	oz. 2.00		
“ acetate	oz. .70		
“ ammonio-sulphate, see Cobalt and Am- monium, sulphate, — (below!)			
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz. .65		
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide			
“ carbonate, pure	oz. .50		
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide			
“ chloride, pure, cryst.	oz. .45		
“ chromate	oz. .65		
“ cyanide	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, pure, cryst.	oz. .30		
“ “ — solution	oz. .25		
“ oxalate, pure	oz. .50		
“ oxide, chem. pure	oz. 1.00		
“ “ for the <i>Porcelain</i> manufacture and other technical uses: —			
blue, F. U.	oz. 1.25		
black, I ^a , F. F. K. O.	oz. 1.60		
grey, II ^a , F. K. O.	oz. .75		
black, III ^a , R. K. O.	oz. .75		
“ IV ^a , P. O.	oz. .75		
—arseniate, —A. K. O.	oz. .70		
—carbonate, —K. O. II.	oz. .75		
—phosphate, —P. K. O.	oz. .85		
“ phosphate	oz. .50		
“ “ technical, see under Cobalt, oxide			
“ sulphate, pure, cryst.	oz. .25		
“ tartrate	oz. .75		
Cobalt and Ammonium , sulphate	oz. .35		
“ and Potassium , cyanide, see Potassi- um, cobalti-cyanide			
Cobaltum Mineral , so-called, (so-called “Metallic” Arsenic), — see Arsenic, cryst.			
Coca-ethyline	15 gr. 3.00		
Cocaine Merck :			
pure	15 gr. .75		
“ synthetically prepared	15 gr. 7.00		
benzoate	15 gr. .75		
carbolate, see Cocaine, phenate			
borate	15 gr. .75		

Cocaine Merck,—*continued* :

citrate	15 gr. .75		
hydrobromate	15 gr. .75		
hydrochlorate, chem. pure, cryst. perl. white	15 gr. .45		
nitrate	15 gr. .75		
oleate [5% of Alkaloid]	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
“ [10% “ “]	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ [50% “ “]	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
phenate (phenylate, carbolate), [Phenol-Cocaine],—soft extract consistency	15 gr. 1.00		
phthalate,—syrupy consistency.—Very easily soluble in Water and in Alcohol	15 gr. 1.00		
salicylate	15 gr. .75		
sulphate	15 gr. .75		
tannate	15 gr. .75		
tartrate	15 gr. .75		

U. S. P. N. B. — These Cocaines bear in absolute perfection ALL TESTS,—including the one by Ammonit, recently recommended by MACLAGAN, and the Intensified Permanganate test (see MERCK'S BULLETIN, No. 2 of Vol. 1).

Cocaine Discs, in tubes of 100

Codeine (Codeia), pure, cryst.,—U. S. Ph.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.75		
“ acetate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ citrate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 11.50		
“ hydrobromate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00		
“ hydrochlorate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate)	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00		
“ nitrate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ phosphate, soluble, Merck, soluble in 4 parts Water	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 9.00		
“ salicylate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		
“ sulphate,—soluble in 35–40 parts Water	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.50		
“ valerianate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00		

Codeine and Morphine, hydrochlorate, see Salt, Gregory's

Coffeine, see Caffeine

Colchicein

Colchicine Merck, chem. pure, cryst. 15 gr. 2.50

“ pure, powder

“ tannate

Colcothar, pure, see Iron, oxide, red, *anhydr.*Collections (Specimen Cases) of } see *Specimen Collections*,—at

Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc. } End of List.

“ of Metals

“ of Physiological Preparations

Collodion, simple, [2% Pyroxylin]

“ U. S. Ph.,—double, [4% “], Ph. G. II

“ Ph. Belg. new, “ [4% “], flexible

“ triple

“ cantharidal (vesicatory),—Ph. G. II.

“ flexible (elastic)

“ iodized

“ iodoformized

Collodion Cotton,—Ph. G. II,—(Soluble

Gun Cotton, Pyroxylin, Colloxylin, Cotton

Xyloidin).—*Can be shipped only when wet.* ..

oz. 40

Colocynthidin (Citrullin)

Colocynthin, chem. pure

Columbin

Conchinine, see Quinidine

Condurangin.—Glucoside from Conduran-

go-bark

Conessine, pure, cryst. 15 gr. 6.00

Conglutin (*Vegetable Casein* from almonds) ..

oz. 1.50

Congo Paper,—according to Prof. Riegel.

(Test-paper for Hydrochloric Acid in the

stomach.)

quire .75

Congo Red, see under Aniline and Phenol

Dyes; Red

Containers incl.

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .45

15 gr. .75

 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 3.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00

15 gr. 1.00

15 gr. 1.00

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .75

 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.75 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 11.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 10.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 9.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 4.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 12.00

15 gr. 2.50

15 gr. .50

15 gr. .45

lb. 1.20

lb. 1.25

lb. 1.30

lb. 1.35

lb. 2.50

lb. 1.25

lb. 2.50

lb. 4.00

oz. 40

15 gr. .75

15 gr. .75

15 gr. 1.25

15 gr. 6.00

oz. 1.50

quire .75

Coniferin		
Coniine Merck, (Coniine, Cicutine), pure	½ oz.	6.00
" hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	.50
" " <i>powder</i>	15 gr.	.50
" hydrochlorate	15 gr.	.75
Convallamarin	15 gr.	.75
Convallarin	15 gr.	.60
Convolvulin (White Resin of True Jalap).— The pure Glucoside from the True Jalap- root—from <i>Ipomœa purga</i>		
<i>N. B.</i> —See, also: Resins; Jalap,—brown, fr. the true Root;—and, <i>do.</i> , etc., <i>Ph. G. II.</i>		
Copaiva, see Balsams; Copaiva		
Copper (Cuprum), double and triple salts of, see "Copper and —" (below!)		
" metallic, granulated	lb.	.75
" " in scales	lb.	1.50
" " filings	oz.	.25
" " shavings	lb.	.75
" " reduced, powder	oz.	.25
" acetate, basic, (sub-acetate), refined, powder; [Purified Verdigris— <i>Erugo purificata</i>], (<i>Viride aris purific.</i>)	lb.	.75
" " normal (neutral), pure, <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> :—[Crystallized Verdigris— <i>Erugo destillata</i> (<i>crystal- lisata</i>)], (<i>Flores virides aris</i>) . . .	lb.	1.00
" albuminate	oz.	.50
" aluminated, (so-called "Divine Stone," or "Ophthalmic Stone"; also called "Copper-alum"), in plates	lb.	.60
" " in pencils	lb.	1.00
" " powder	lb.	.60
" ammoniated, so-called, see Copper and Ammonium, sulphate		
" arseniate (arsenate)	oz.	.30
" arsenite	oz.	.30
" benzoate	oz.	.50
" bi-chloride, pure	lb.	.80
" " <i>cryst.</i> , commercial	lb.	.50
" borate	oz.	.30
" bromide	oz.	.60
" butyrate	oz.	.80
" carbonate, green (di-cupric) } <i>Art. ficial Mal-</i> " " " <i>chem. pure</i> } achite (<i>Moun-</i> " " " <i>blue</i> (sesqui-cupric), [<i>Artificial Blue</i> <i>Malachite</i> , (<i>Mountain-blue</i>); <i>Ver-</i> <i>diter</i>],— <i>A1 English</i>	lb.	1.00
" chlorate	oz.	.85
" chloride (mono-chloride), white	lb.	2.50
" " <i>bi-</i> , see Copper, bi-chloride		
" chromate	oz.	.25
" " liquid	lb.	.85
" citrate	oz.	.49
" cyanide	oz.	.35
" ferro-cyanide, see Cop. and Iron, cyanide formate, <i>cryst.</i>	oz.	.70
" iodide	oz.	.75
" lactate	oz.	.50
" nitrate, <i>cryst.</i> , commercial	lb.	.60
" " " pure	lb.	.70
" " " <i>chem. pure</i>	lb.	.75
" nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro- ferri-cyanide)	oz.	1.50
" oleate	oz.	.25
" oxalate	lb.	1.85
" oxide, black (Cupric), [<i>mon-oxide</i>], pure, powder	lb.	.90
" " " pure, coarse granul. } for an-	lb.	1.75
" " " " <i>wire</i> } <i>alyses</i>	lb.	2.00
Containers incl. oz. 3	50	

Copper, oxide, black, (<i>as above!</i>),—technical	Containers incl.			
“ “ “ hydrated, pure	lb. .40			
“ oxide, red (Cuprous), [sub-oxide], pure	oz. .50			
“ “ “ commercial	lb. 1.50			
“ phosphate	lb. .60			
“ phosphide (phosphuret), powder	oz. .25			
“ rhodanide, see Copper, sulpho-cyanate.	oz. .50			
“ salicylate, powder	oz. 1.00			
“ “ in sticks	oz. 1.50			
“ sub-acetate, (Purified Verdigris), see Cop- per, acetate, basic.				
“ sulphate, basic (tetra-cupric)	lb. 1.75			
“ “ “ neutral, (Copper Vitriol; Blue Vit- riol), ch. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .40			
“ “ “ molded (fused), in sticks	lb. 1.00			
“ “ “ caustic pencils, turned	doz. 1.00			
“ “ “ “ “ mounted in wood	doz. 3.50			
“ “ “ “ “ cryst., commercial	lb. .30			
“ sulphide (sulphuret), fused	lb. 1.10			
“ “ granulated	lb. 1.10			
“ “ powder	lb. 1.10			
“ “ —by wet process.	lb. 2.00			
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate), chem. pure	oz. .35			
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz. .30			
“ tannate	oz. .25			
“ tartrate	oz. .30			
“ thio-cyanate, see Cop., sulpho-cyanate.				
Copper and Ammonium, acetate	oz. .35			
“ and do., chloride	oz. .25	Ammoni-		
“ “ “ chromate	oz. .40	cupric		
“ “ “ cyanide	oz. 1.00	salt.		
“ “ “ nitrate	oz. .30			
“ “ “ sulphate, (Ammonio-sulphate of Copper; so-called “Am- moniated Copper”)	lb. .80			
“ and Calcium, acetate, cryst.	oz. 1.00			
“ and Iron, cyanide, (<i>Cupric Ferro-cyanide</i>)	lb. 2.50			
“ and Platinum, double and triple salts, see under Platinum double Cyanides; and, do. <i>triple</i> Cyanides.				
“ and Potassium, chlorate	lb. 2.50			
“ “ “ chloride	lb. .75			
“ “ “ cyanide	lb. 2.50			
“ and Sodium, chloride	lb. 1.25			
Copper, Platinum, and Ammonium, cyan- ide-cyanuret, see und. Platin. triple Cyanid.				
Copper Alum, (“ Divine Stone”), so-called, see Copper, aluminated.				
“ Vitriol, (<i>Blue Vitriol</i>), see Copper, sul- phate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and others.				
Corallin, see under Anilize and Ph. Dyes: Red				
Corrosive Sublimate, see Mercury, bi-chlo- ride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
Corydaline, cryst.	15 gr. 2.00			
Cosin Merck, and Coussein Merck, see Kosin, and Koussein				
Cosmolin, see Vaseline				
Cotoin, true	15 gr. 3.00			
“ para-, commercial	15 gr. .35			
“ “ chem. pure, free from Leucotin	15 gr. 1.00			
“ Hydro-	15 gr. .30			
Coumarin, see Cumarin				
Cream (and Crystals) of Tartar, see Potas- sium, bi-tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and others				
“ (and Seales) of do.: “soluble” (<i>so-</i> <i>cilled</i> ; AND: <i>perfectly soluble</i>), — [Borax- Tartar]; — see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate, — and: do. do. do., do., — <i>in scales</i>				

	Containers incl.		
Creasote (<i>Creosote</i>), pure, — Ph. G. II. — from <i>Beech-tar</i>	lb.	2.00	
“ pure, white, true. } —From }	lb.	.59	
“ chem. pure, white, true. } <i>Coal-tar.</i> }	lb.	.85	
Creatine (<i>Kreatine</i>)	15 gr.	3.50	
Creatinine (<i>Kreatinine</i>)	15 gr.	6.00	
“ with Chloride of Zinc	15 gr.	1.75	
Creolin. —(<i>Antiseptic</i> ; non-toxic deodorizer, disinfectant, and anti-bacterial; <i>claimed to exceed Carbolic Acid</i> in deodorizing power, while being absolutely safe!)	lb.	1.00	
N.B.— <i>See, also: Mollin Ointments: Creolin.</i>			
Creosote , see Creasote			
Cresol , see <i>Acid, cresylic</i>			
Creta præparata , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(<i>Creta lævigata</i>),—see <i>Chalk, prepared</i>			
Crocus (<i>Saffron</i>) of Antimony , [<i>Crocus metallorum</i>], see <i>Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed</i>			
“ of Iron , <i>aperient</i> , (<i>Crocus martis aperitivus</i>), see <i>Iron, oxide, brown</i> , [so-called <i>sub-carbonate</i>]			
“ “ “ <i>astrigent</i> , (<i>Crocus martis adstringens</i>), see <i>Iron, oxide, red, anhydrous</i>			
Croton-chloral Hydrate , see Butyl-chloral Hydrate .			
Cryptopine. — <i>Alkaloid</i> from <i>Opium</i>	15 gr.	7.00	
Cubebin	15 gr.	.35	
Cumarin (<i>Coumarin</i>) [<i>Cumaric Anhydride, Cumarylous Acid</i>] (<i>Tonka-bean Camphor</i>).	oz.	2.50	
Cumene (<i>Cumol</i>), [<i>Iso-propyl-benzene</i>],—boiling-point 160-170° C [320-338 F]	lb.	1.00	
Cuprein ,—from <i>Cuprea-bark</i> ,—see <i>Veirin</i> ..			
Cuprum , and compounds, see <i>Copper, etc.</i> ..			
Curare (<i>Urari, Woorali, Woorara, Woorari</i>), tested for efficacy	15 gr.	.25	
Curarine , chem. pure, free from <i>Curine</i>	15 gr.	3.00	
Curcuma Paper , see <i>Paper, Turmeric</i>			
Curcumin (<i>Curcuma Yellow, Turmeric Yellow</i>)	15 gr.	.35	
Cyan-amide	15 gr.	2.00	
Cyanine (<i>Quinoline Blue</i>), [<i>Chinoline-iodo-cyanine</i>], chem. pure, large crystals	15 gr.	1.00	
Cyano-amyl , see <i>Amyl, cyanide</i>			
Cyano-ethyl (<i>Cyanide of Ethyl</i>), see <i>Ether, hydrocyanic</i>			
Cyano-methyl , see <i>Methyl, cyanide</i>			
Cyclamin , <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	1.00	
Cymene (<i>Cymol</i>), <i>para-</i> , [<i>para-Methyl-propyl-benzene</i>], <i>erude</i> ,—from <i>Camphor</i>	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz.	2.00	
“ <i>do.</i> ,—from <i>Oil of Roman Cumin</i>	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz.	1.50	
Cytisine , <i>nitrate, cryst.</i>	15 gr.	5.00	

	Containers incl.		
Daggett (Degutt), see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic.			
Dahlin (Alant-starch), see Inulin			
Daphnetin	15 gr.	5.00	
Daturine , pure, cryst. (True or heavy Daturine, identical with Atropine):—from <i>Datura Stramonium</i>	15 gr.	2.50	
“ hydrochlorate , pure	15 gr.	2.50	
“ sulphate , pure	15 gr.	2.50	
Degutt (Daggett), see Oils, divers: Birch, empyreumatic			
Delphinine	15 gr.	1.00	
Dextrin , chem. pure, precipit. by Alcohol	lb.	1.00	
“ pure,—Ph. G. I.	lb.	.75	
“ purest granulated, for use in the arts	lb.	.50	
“ white or yellowish, “ “ “	lb.	.20	
Dextrose (<i>Dextro-glucose</i>), see Grape-sugar, chem. pure			
Di-amido-benzene (-benzol), meta- , hydrochlorate,—(Hydrochlorate of meta-Phenylene-di-amine)	oz.	3.50	
Di-amido-toluene (-toluol), see Toluylene-di-amine			
Diamond Ink , so-called,—for Glass-etching	oz.	.50	
Diaslase of Malt, (Maltin)	oz.	1.50	
Di-benzoyl , see Benzile			
Di-chlor-ethane , Alpha- , see Ethylidene, chloride (bi-chloride)			
“ Beta- , see Ethylene, chloride (bi-chl.)			
Di-chlor-hydrin	oz.	1.00	
Di-chlor-methane , see Methylene Chloride (Bi-chloride) Merck , chem. pure			
Di-chlor-naphthalene , Alpha- , see Naphthalene, Alpha-di-chlorated			
Didym (Didymium), metallic, powder	15 gr.	9.00	
“ carbonate	15 gr.	1.00	
“ chloride	15 gr.	1.00	
“ nitrate	15 gr.	.75	
“ oxide	15 gr.	1.00	
“ sulphate	15 gr.	.75	
Di-ethyl-acetal , see Acetal			
Digitalis preparations:			
Digitalein (Schmiedeberg's)	15 gr.	1.25	
Digitalin Germanic Merck , pure, powder	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz vls. oz.	3.75	
“ pure, amorph.,—Ph. Gallic. and Ph. Belg.	15 gr.	1.50	
“ crystallized,—so-called,—see <i>Digitin</i>			
“ purified,—Ph. Austr. VI.	15 gr.	.75	
<i>Digitin</i> (so-called “Crystallized Digitalin”)	15 gr.	1.25	
Digitoxin , chem. pure	$1\frac{1}{2}$ gr. vial	2.00	
Di-methyl-acetal , pure	oz.	1.50	
Di-methyl-aniline , pure	oz.	.50	
Di-methyl-aniline Orange , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Orange			
Di-methyl-benzene (-benzol), see Xylene			
Di-methyl-carbinol , see Alcohol, propylic, Iso-			
Di-methyl-ketone , see Acetone			
Di-methyl-oxy-quinizine (-chinizine), see Antipyrine			
Di-methyl-pyridine , see Lutidine			
Di-nitro-benzene (-benzol, -benzide), [<i>Bi-nitro-b.</i> , etc.], meta- , commercial	lb.	2.00	
“ do., pure			
Di-nitro-naphthalene (<i>Bi-nitro-naphthal.</i>)	oz.	1.50	
Di-nitro-toluene (-toluol), [<i>Bi-nitro-tol.</i>]	lb.	3.00	
Di-oxy-benzene (-benzol), ortho- , see Pyrocatechin			
“ meta-, see Resorcin			
“ para-, see Hydro-quinone			

	Containers incl.		
Di-oxy-toluene (-toluol), meta-, symmetric, see Orcin			
Di-phenyl-amine, chem. pure, cryst.	oz. .35		
" crude	lb. 1.50		
" sulphate, chem. pure	oz. .40		
Di-phenyl-ethylene, see Stilbene			
Di-phenyl-imide, see Carb-azole			
Di-phenyl-mercury (<i>not</i> = Mercury Diphenate!);—see remark under <i>the latter!</i>			
Di-platos-amine, see Platos-amine, di-			
Di-resorcin (Di-resorcinol)	oz. 1.25		
Dises (Gelatin Dises), medicated,—for Ophthalmology,—see under Atropine, Cocaine, Duboisine, and Physostigmine			
Ditaine, cryst.	15 gr. 3.50		
" sulphate	15 gr. 3.50		
Divine Stone, so-called, see Copper, aluminate			
Donovan's Solution, see Solutions: Arsenic and Mercur; Iodides, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Duboisine (Duboisia-Alkaloid), pure, amorphous			
" pure, cryst.	15 gr. 4.00		
" hydrochlorate			
" sulphate, amorphous	15 gr. 1.75		
Duboisine Dises,—in tubes of 100.			
Dulcit (Dulcin, Dulcol, Dulcose, Duleitol), see Melampyrin			
Dutch Drops, (Haarlem Oil), see Oils, divers: sulphurated Linsced-, terebinthinate			
Dutch Liquid, see Ethylene, chloride (bichloride)			
Dyers' Salt, (Pink Salt), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride			
Dyslysin	15 gr. .75		
Dzondi's Solution, caustic ammoniacal, see Ammonia, Spirit of			

"Eau des Carmes," see Spirit, Balm,—compound	Containers incl.		
Ebur ustum, see Charcoal, animal, purified, U. S. Ph.; and, pure			
Ecgonine	15 gr. 5 00		
Egg preparations.—all soluble:			
Albumen, dried, in scales.—(Its solution in Water replaces fresh Egg Albumen for all dietetic or technical uses.)			
Albumin	} see Albumin.		
“ I, inodorous			
“ in scales,—free from Fibrinous matter;—for laboratories			
“ impalpable powder;—for gilders, stampers, etc.			
—(See, at same place, also other kinds of Albumin,—from blood, etc.)			
Yelk (Yolk), [Vitellus ovi], dried,—sifted;—for bird-food			
“ dried,—light, flocculent powder;—for human food			
“ do.,—in spongy flakes;—for human food, and for rearing exotic birds ..			
Elaidin	15 gr. .75		
Elastin, dry	15 gr. .50		
Elaterin Merck, cryst.—(Elastic Anhydride) ..	15 gr. 1.50		
Elaterium—(sediment of the fruit-juice of Ecballium elaterium—Squirting Cucumber)—[<i>Elaterium Clutterbuck</i>]	½ oz. vls. oz. 2.75		
“ black, true, (<i>Elaterium nigrum verum</i>),—[<i>inspissated</i> fruit-juice of above-named plant],—see Extracts: Squirting Cucumber; aqueous			
Elayl, etc., see Ethylene, etc.			
Elecampane-camphor, solid, see Helenin			
“ liquid, see Alantol			
Emetine (Emetia).— <i>Alcoholic Extract</i> of Ipecacuanha-root	oz. 3.00		
“ chem. pure, light-colored.— <i>The Alkaloid</i> of Ipecacuanha-root	15 gr. 1.50		
Emplastrum, see Plaster			
Emulsin	15 gr. .35		
Eosin, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Red			
Ephedrine, hydrochlorate, cryst.—(A mydriatic.)	15 gr. 3.00		
Epsom Salt, see Magnesium, sulphate, (etc.) ..			
Erbium, metallic	15 gr. 7.50		
oxide	15 gr. 1.50		
Ergotin (Ergotinum), so call-d by Ph. G. II; see Extracts: Ergot of Rye,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i>			
“ Bonjean	oz. .36		
“ “ purified,—for injections	oz. .50		
“ “ dry, with Sugar of milk	oz. .50		
“ Wernich, dialyzed, pure, liquid	oz. 1.50		
“ “ “ “ inspissated	oz. 1.75		
“ “ “ “ dry	oz. 2.50		
“ Wiggers, pure, dry	oz. 6.00		
“ d'Yvon	oz. .75		
“ Bombelon, liquid	oz. 2.25		
“ “ inspissated	oz. 2.25		
“ “ dry	oz. 2.50		
“ Denzel	oz. 1.75		
“ Kohmann, liquid	oz. .50		
Erythrit (Erythrol, Erythro-mannit, Erythro-glucin)	15 gr. .50		
Erythrophleine, hydrochlorate,—from Sassybark, (<i>Mancona</i> -bark).—[<i>Ophthalmological local anesthetic.</i>]	15 gr. 4.00		

	Containers incl.		
Erythro-retin, see under Rhubarb constit.			
Esculin	15 gr.	.50	
Eserine, see Physostigmine			
Eserine Discs; Gelatine; Paper;—see Physostigmine Discs; etc.; etc.....			
Essence of Mirbane, —so-called,—see Ni- tro-benzene.....			
“ of Niobe, —so-called,—see Methyl, benzoate			
“ —so-called—of Whey, see Remnet Wine			
Essences, —real!—see Essential Spirits.....			
Essential Oils (are inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i>)—see, after: “Oils, divers.”			
Essential Spirits, (Essences):			
Arrack			
Cognac, brown			
Curacao (Curacao).....			
French Brandy, white			
Grape-mare			
Muscet-Lunel.....			
Prunes,—(Slibowitz)			
Rum Aroma			
Rum, finest Jamaica			
“ “ Kingston			
“ —concentrated; (so-called “Rum-oil”) “ white			
Slibowitz, see Essential Spirit, Prunes... Whiskey (Grain-spirit).—[“Korn-Essenz”] Wild sour Cherry, (“Weichsel”).....			
N. B.—See also <i>Fruit and Flavoring Ethers</i> : Rum; and, Rye.			
Ester, aceto - acetic, see Ethyl, aceto- acetate			
N. B.— <i>Other Esters</i> (Acid-and-Hydrocar- bon-Hydroxyl compound Ethers)— [Salts of Alcohols; Organo-base Salts], —see under Ether.			
Ethal (Cetylic Alcohol), chem. pure.....	oz.	1.50	
Ethene, etc., see Ethylene, etc.....			
Ether, acetic, (Acetate of Ethyl), [Vinegar Naphthal],—sp. gr. 0.902,—Ph. G. II	lb.	2.50	
“ “ twice rectified,—sp. gr. 0.890,— U. S. Ph.	lb.	2.25	
“ “ rectified,—sp. gr. 0.870-0.880.....	lb.	2.00	
“ aceto-acetic, (Aceto-acetic Ester), see Ethyl, aceto-acetate			
“ amylic	oz.	2.00	
“ amylo-acetic, etc., see Amyl, acetate, etc. “ “ -nitrous, etc., see Amyl, nitrite, U. S. Ph.; and others			
“ anesthetic, Wiggers's, see Ether, hydro- chloric, poly-chlorated			
“ benzoic, (Benzoate of Ethyl), pure, from true Benzoic Acid	lb.	6.50	
“ “ from artificial Benzoic Acid	lb.	3.50	
“ butyric, (Butyrate of Ethyl).....	lb.	3.75	
“ “ absolute	lb.	6.00	
“ “ concentrated, best	lb.	4.00	
“ cantharidated,—Ph. G. II.	lb.	4.00	
“ carbolic (<i>ethylo-carbolic</i>), Carbolate of Ethyl, see Phenetol			
“ cinnamyl-cinnamic, see Styraein..... “ —so-called,—cocoimic (eocimic), [so-called “Cocoa-ether” or “Cognac Ether”]. “ ethylic, see Ether, sulphuric, so-called, U. S. Ph.s; etc.....	oz.	.75	
“ ethylo-phenic (<i>-carbolic</i>), see Phenetol ..			

	Containers incl.		
Ether, formic, (Formate of Ethyl)	lb. 1.95		
“ “ concentrated	lb. 2.00		
“ “ absolute	lb. 3.50		
“ glycerino-salicylic, (Glycerin Salicylate)	oz. 2.00		
“ hydrobromic, Merck, chem. pure. (Bromide of Ethyl; Mono-brom-ethane. [An anesthetic, safer and milder than Chloroform, and especially adapted for small operations.]	oz. .40		
“ hydrochloric, poly-chlorated, (Poly-chlorated Chloride of Ethyl; Wiggers's Anesthetic Ether), — sp. gr. 1.50	oz. 1.00		
“ “ mono-chlorated, see Ethylidene, chloride (bi-chloride)			
“ hydrocyanic, (Cyanide of Ethyl)			
“ hydro-iodic (hydriodic), [Iodide of Ethyl; Mono-iod-ethane]	oz. .80		
“ methylo-acetic, see Methyl, acetate			
“ methylo-phenic, see Anisol			
N. B.—Other compound Methyl-ethers, see under Methyl.			
“ muriatic, etc., see Ether, hydrochloric, etc.			
“ naphthyl-salicylic, Beta-, see Betol			
“ nitrous, true, (Nitrite of Ethyl), — [15%]	lb. 2.50		
“ oenanthic (œnanthic), finest limpid	} Grape- or so-called Cognac Oil		
“ “ rectified, finest colorless			
“ “ natural green			
“ “ artificial			
“ oxalic, (Oxalate of Ethyl), pure	oz. .75		
“ pelargonic, (Pelargonate of Ethyl)	oz. .60		
—so-called,—petroleic; (Petroleum Ether); —Benzinum, U. S. Ph.;—see Benzin, petroleic, boil.-pt. 50–60° C.			
“ phenol-ethyl (ethyl-phenic), [Phenate of Ethyl], see Phenetol			
“ phenyl-salicylic, see Salol			
—so-called,—pyro-acetic; see Acetone ..			
—so-called,—saccharic; (not Saccharate of Ethyl; but the so-called “Sugar-Ether”!)			
“ salicylic, (Salicylate of Ethyl)	oz. .75		
“ sebacylic, (Sebacylate of Ethyl)	oz. 1.25		
“ succinic, (Succinate of Ethyl, [Di-ethyl Succinate])	oz. 1.00		
“ sulphuric (vitriolic), so-called,—[Ethylic ether; Oxide of Ethyl], (so-called “Vitriolic Naphtha”), — sp. gr. 0.730–733	lb. 1.00		
“ “ sp. gr. 0.725–0.728, conforming to Ph. G. II	lb. 1.05		
“ “ “ 0.722,—Æther fortior, U. S. Ph.	lb. 1.10		
“ “ “ 0.750, [74 % Ethyl Oxide, 26% Ethylic Alcohol], —Æther, U. S. Ph.			
“ tri-chlor-acetic, (Tri-chlor-acetate of Ethyl)	oz. 1.50		
“ valerianic (iso-valerianic), [Iso-valerianate of Ethyl]	oz. .65		
“ vitriolic, so-called, (Ethylic ether),—see Ether, sulphuric, so-c., U. S. Ph.s; etc.			
“ Wiggers's anesthetic, see Ether, hydrochloric, poly-chlorated			
Ethers, Fruit and Flavoring, see Fruit and Flavoring Ethers, etc.			
Ethidene, see Ethylidene			
Ethiops, antimonial, see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide			

	Containers incl.		
Ethiops, Iron-, see Iron, oxide, black			
" mercurial, (<i>Ethiops Mineralis</i>), see Mercury, sulphide, black, — so-called			
Eth-oxy-Caffeine, see Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine			
Ethyl,—acetate; etc., etc.,—see Ether,—acetic; etc., etc.			
" aceto-acetate, (Ethylic Ether of Aceto-acetic Acid; Aceto-acetic Ester), [Ethyl-di-acetic Acid]			
" bromide, see Ether, hydrobromic			
" carbolate, see Phenetol			
" chloride, etc., see Ether, hydrochloric, etc.			
" cyanide, see Ether, hydrocyanic			
" hydrosulphide (sulphydrate), see Mercaptan			
" iodide, see Ether, hydro-iodic			
" oxide, see Ether, sulphuric, so-called			
" phenate (phenylate), see Phenetol			
N. B. — <i>Other combinations of Ethyl, (Ethylic Acid - Esters, Halogen-Ethyls, etc.), see under Ether.</i>			
Ethyl, Sodio- (<i>Natrio-</i>), see Sodium, ethylate			
Ethyl-amine (Amido-ethane), pure, — 33% solution		oz. 2.50	
" chloride		oz. 3.50	
" iodide		oz. 4.50	
Ethyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, propylic			
Ethyl-oxy-Caffeine (Eth-oxy-Caffeine)	15 gr.	.50	
Ethyl-phenol, see Phenetol			
Ethylene (Ethene, Elayl), bromide	oz.	.75	
" chloride (bi-chloride), [Dutch Liquid], (Beta-Di-chlor-ethane)	oz.	.65	
" iodide, cryst.	oz.	2.50	
Ethylene-glycol (Ethylene Alcohol)	oz.	5.00	
Ethylidene (Ethidene), chloride [bi-chloride]; (Mono-chlorated Hydrochloric Ether, Mono-chlorated Ethyl Chloride), [Alpha-Di-chlor-ethane]	oz.	1.00	
Eucalyptol (Rectified and purified Oil of Eucalyptus globulus)	oz.	.40	
Eucalyptol, chem. pure, — acc. to Wallach; — perfectly limpid, crystallizable, — b. p. 175-177° C [347-350.5° F], — sp. gr. 0.925; — obtained from common Eucalyptol by chemical re-purification	oz.	1.00	
Eugenol (Eugenic Acid; formerly called also: "Caryophyllic Acid"), — the principal constituent of Oil of Cloves; — boil.-pt. 247° C [476.6° F]	oz.	.50	
Euonymin } Ameri- } brown. } (Evonymin), } can, } green. } Resinoids.	oz.	1.50	
	oz.	.90	
Euonymin (<i>Evonymin</i>) Merck, pure: — a highly pure Resinoid of peculiarly excellent and reliable efficacy.	15 gr.	.50	
N. B. — <i>All these — Resinoid! — Euonymins (or Evonymins) should not be confounded with the crystallized Glucoside "Evonymin," discovered by H. Meyer, which has the same toxic effect as the Digitalis Alkaloids.</i>			
Eupione (<i>Crude Pentane [Amyl Hydride]</i>)	15 gr.	.35	
Evonymit, see Melampyrit			
Excretin			
Extract, — so-called, — Goulard's; (Vinegar of Lead); — see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, U. S. Ph.			
Extracts — (See, also: <i>Fluid Extracts</i> , — after: "Extracts!"); —			
Absinthium, see Extract, Wormwood			
Achillea (Millefolium), see Extract, Yarrow			

Extracts,—continued:

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63!]

	Containers incl.		
Aconite: dried leaves.....aqueous, soft	lb. 2.00		
“ fresh “from juice, “	lb. 2.00		
“ “alcoholic, “	lb. 3.00		
“ dried “ —green; “	lb. 3.00		
“ recently dried leaves; “			
Aconite: root,—Ph. G. II & Au.alco., soft	lb. 3.00		
“ do.,—with powdered Licorice-root,— Ph. G. II,—[containing 50% of the soft extract].....alcoholic, dry	lb. 3.50		
Actæa (A. racemosa), see Extract, Black Cohosh.....			
Alant-root, see Extract, Elecampane.....			
Alder Buckthorn, (European Buckthorn), see Extract, Frangula.....			
Alkanet (Alkanna), soft, see Alkannin.....			
Aloes, Barbadoes,—Ph. Brit.aqu., dry	lb. 1.00		
Aloes, Cape,—Ph. G. II.....aqu., dry	lb. 1.00		
“ “ —Ph. G. I: acido sulfurico cor- rectum sicc.;—acidulous, dry	oz. .25		
Anemone, Meadow, European, see Pulsatilla			
Angelica, European: rootalco., soft	lb. 2.00		
“ “aqu., “	lb. 1.75		
Anthemis, see Extract, Chamomile, Roman			
Apple, ferrated, (Crude Malate of Iron),— Extractum ferri pomatum, Ph. G. II,— [Extractum pomorum ferratum; also called “Extractum malatis ferri”].....	lb. .65		
Arctostaphylos, see Extract, Bearberry- leaves.....			
Arnica: flowersaqu., soft	lb. 1.50		
“ “alco., “	lb. 3.50		
Arnica: root.....alco., soft	lb. 5.00		
Artemisia absinthium, see Extract, Worm- wood.....			
Artemisia maritima, see Extract, Levant Wormseed.....			
Artemisia vulgaris, see Extract, Mugwort..			
Aspidium, see Extract, Male Fern.....			
Ava, see Extract, Kava-kava.....			
Bael, Indian, (Bengal Quince): fruit;alco., soft	lb. 3.00		
“ “ “aqu., “	lb. 2.50		
Bardane, see Extract, Burdock.....			
Bean of St. Ignatius, see Extract, Ignatia..			
Bearberry (not <i>Barberry!</i>) [Uva ursi]: leaves; [aqu., soft	lb. 1.50		
“ do.alco., “	lb. 1.75		
Belladonna: dry herb.....aqu., soft	lb. 1.40		
“ fresh herbfrom juice, “	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ —with Dextrin, [50% of soft]from juice, dry	lb. 2.50		
“ “ “ —without admixt., fr. “ “	lb. 3.00		
“ “ “ —Ph. G. II & Neerl;alc., soft	lb. 2.50		
“ “ “ —w. Licorice-root,—Ph. G. II, —[50% of soft],—alco., dry	lb. 3.50		
“ dry herb,—green.....“ soft	lb. 3.00		
Belladonna: root.....alco., soft	lb. 2.50		
Bengal Quince, see Extract, Bael, Indian..			
Bitter Apple, see Extract, Colocynth.....			
Bitter Ash, see Extract, Quassia-wood.....			
Bitter Milk wort, (European Bitter Polygala), see Extract, Polygala amara.....			
Bitter Orange: peel (<i>flavedo</i> —that is: only the outer rind, freed from the parenchy- mous inner layer),—Ph. G. I; alco., soft	lb. 2.00		
do. do.: do.aqu., “	lb. 1.75		
Bittersweet (Dulcamara): young branches; [aqu., soft	lb. 2.00		
Bitter Wood, see Extract, Quassia-wood...			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Extracts,— <i>continued</i> ;	Containers incl.		
—[<i>Fluid Extracts</i> , see pages 61–63!]			
Black Cohosh, (Black Snakeroot; Cimicifuga; Actæa); rhizome and rootlets	lb. 5.00		
Black Haw, (<i>Viburnum prunifolium</i>); bark; [alco., soft	lb. 6.50		
Black Tang . . . } (<i>Sea-wrack</i> , <i>Kelp-ware</i> , <i>Cut Weed</i>).			
Bladder-wrack } [<i>Fucus vesiculosus</i> ; <i>Quercus marina</i>]	lb. 3.75		
" —acc. to Danney hydro-alco.	lb. 7.00		
Blessed Thistle, (<i>Carduus benedictus</i>); herb,			
—Ph. G. II. aqu., soft	lb. .80		
" " do. " dry	lb. 1.25		
Bloodroot (rhizome of <i>Sanguinaria canadensis</i>) aqu., soft	lb. 2.75		
Bogbean (<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i> , see Extr.,			
Buckbean [soft			
Brayera (<i>Koussou</i> , <i>Cusso</i> , <i>Kooso</i>); flowers;			
[alco., dry	oz. .90		
" do. ethereal,— (<i>Oleoresin of Koussou</i>)	oz. 1.00		
Bryony (Red Bryony); root aqu., soft	lb. 1.50		
" do. alco., "	lb. 3.00		
Buehu (<i>Bucco</i>); leaves aqu., soft	lb. 3.00		
" do. alco., "	lb. 4.50		
Buckbean (Bogbean, Marsh Trefoil, Water			
Shamrock) [<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i> ; <i>Trifolium fibrinum</i>]; leaves,—Ph. G. II. aqu.,			
[soft	lb. 1.00		
Buckthorn, Alder- (European), see Extract,			
Frangula			
Burdock (<i>Lappa</i> ; <i>Bardane</i>); root; cold proc.			
[aqu., soft	lb. 1.50		
" do. " dry	lb. 1.75		
Cahinea (<i>Chiococca racemosa</i>); root. alco.,			
[dry	oz. 1.25		
" do. alco., soft	oz. .75		
Calabar Bean, see Extract, <i>Physostigma</i> . .			
Calamus (Sweet Flag); root [rhizome],—Ph.			
G. II. alco., soft	lb. 3.00		
Calendula (Garden Marigold); herb; aqu., soft	lb. 2.25		
" do. alco., "	lb. 4.00		
Calisaya Bark, see Extract, <i>Cinchona</i> -bark,			
yellow			
Calumba (Columbo, Colombo); root; aqu., dry	oz. .30		
" do. " soft	oz. .25		
" " cold process, " "	oz. .40		
" " alco., "	oz. .50		
" " " dry	oz. .50		
Campeachy Wood, (<i>Hæmatoxylin</i>), see Ex-			
tract, Logwood			
Cannabis indica, see Extract, Indian Hemp			
Cantharides (Spanish Flies) ethereal,—			
[<i>Oleoresin of Cantharides</i>]	oz. 5.00		
Capsicum annuum, (Red [Pod] Pepper),			
[<i>Cayenne Pepper</i>]; fruit aqu., soft	oz. .30		
Capsicum fastigiatum, (African [Bird] Pepper),			
[<i>Guinea Pepper</i>]; dried fruit ethereal,			
U. S. Ph.,—see <i>Oleoresins</i> ; <i>Capsicum</i>			
Carduus benedictus, (<i>Centaurea benedicta</i> ;			
Cnicus benedictus), see Extract,			
Blessed Thistle			
" Marie (marianus), [<i>Silybum marianum</i>],			
see Extract, <i>Mary-Thistle</i>			
Cascara sagrada, (<i>Chitten-bark</i>), [<i>Cortex</i>			
Rhamni purshiana] hydro-alco., dry	oz. 1.00		
Cascarilla (Sweetwood); bark,—Ph. G. II,			
[aqu., soft	lb. 2.50		
" do. " dry	oz. .40		
" " alco., "	oz. .50		
" " " soft	oz. .40		

℞ When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

Extracts,—continued:

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63!]

Castanea vesca, see Extract, Chestnut, European: leaves.

Catechu (Cutch),—from the crude extract; [aqu., dry

Celandine (Tetterwort): dry herb. aqu., soft

“ fresh flowering herb fr. juice, soft

“ fresh herb, —Ph. G. I. & Au.,—alco., “

“ dry “ —green. “ “

Centaury, European (lesser).—[not a Centaurea;—but: Erythraea (Gentiana; Chironia) centaurium!];—flowering herb,—Ph. G. I. aqu., soft

Chamomile, German, (Matricaria): flowers; [aqu., soft

“ “ do.,—Ph. G. I.,—alco., soft

Chamomile, Roman (English), [Anthemis]: flowers aqu., soft

Chelidonium majus, see Extract, Celandine

Chestnut, European (true; sweet): leaves; [liquid

Chicory, Wild, (Succory): root. aqu., soft

“ “ do. alco., “

Chinae cortex, see Extract, Cinchona-bark

Chiococca racemosa, see Extract, Calinea

Chiretta (Chirata): flowering herb, with root; [aqu., soft

Chironia centaurium, see Extr., Centaury, European

Chitten-bark, see Extract, Cascara sagrada

Christmas-rose, see Extr., Hellebore, Black

Cichorium, see Extract, Chicory

Cimicifuga, see Extract, Black Cohosh

Cina (Flores Cinae; “Semen Cinae”), see Extract, Levant Wormseed

Cinchona-bark, Gray. aqu., dry

“ do. cold process, “ soft

“ “ “ “ dry

“ “ alco., soft

“ “ “ dry

“ Pale aqu., “

“ “ “ soft

“ “ alco., dry

“ “ “ soft

“ Red aqu., dry

“ “ alco., “

“ “ “ soft

“ Suceirubra,—Ph. G. II. aqu., “

“ “ alco., dry

“ Yellow, (True Calisaya-bark—Cortex Chinae [Cinchona] regia); [aqu., dry

“ “ cold process, “ soft

“ “ “ dry

“ “ alco., “

Coca (Erythroxylon) leaves alco., soft

“ do. “ dry

Cochlearia (Spoonwort), see Extract, Scurvy-grass

Coffee: unroasted seed aqu., soft

“ “ alco., “

Colehicum (Meadow-saffron) root (bulb, tuber, corm) alco., soft

“ seed. “ dry

“ root acetic, soft

“ seed. “ “

Colocynth (Bitter Apple): decorticated fruit, —Ph. G. II. alco., dry

“ do. aqu., “

Containers incl.

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 2.75

lb. 3.00

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.60

lb. 4.00

lb. 3.50

lb. 2.00

lb. 1.40

lb. 1.50

oz. .50

oz. .30

oz. .30

oz. .40

oz. .40

oz. .50

oz. .40

oz. .35

oz. .60

oz. .55

oz. 1.25

oz. 1.15

oz. 1.00

oz. .35

oz. .40

oz. .50

oz. .75

oz. .75

oz. .50

oz. .60

oz. .75

oz. .50

oz. .50

oz. .40

oz. .75

oz. .35

oz. .65


oz. .50

oz. .50

When ordering, specify: “MERCK’S”!

Extracts,—*continued*:

	Containers incl.		
—[<i>Fluid Extracts</i> , see pages 61-63]—			
Colocyath — } compound.—Ph. G. I. dry	lb. 5.50		
(as above!),— } “ —Ph. Brit. soft	lb. 3.50		
} “ —U. S. Ph. powder	lb. 4.00		
Columbo (Colombo), see Extract, Calumba.			
Condurango (Condurango) [Mataperro]:			
bark alco., dry	oz. 1.00		
“ “ soft	oz. 1.00		
Conium, see Extract, Hemlock (<i>Spotted H.</i>).			
Convallaria, see Extract, Lily of the Valley.			
Corn-silk (Maize-silk) [Stigmata Maydis].			
[alco., soft	oz. .50		
Coto-bark aqu., soft	oz. 1.50		
Cotyledon umbilicus, see Extract, Navelwort			
Couch-grass (Quick-grass, Dog-grass;			
Quickens, Quiteh): rhizome:—[Extractum			
Triticis repentis],—Extractum Graminis.			
Ph. G. II. aqu., soft	lb. .75		
Crocus, see Extract, Saffron			
Croton elateria, see Extract, Cascarilla.			
Cubeb: fruit ethereal,—(Oleoresin of			
Cubeb)	oz. 1.00		
“ “ —Ph. G. II. alcohol-etheral	oz. 1.00		
“ “ —Ph. Austr. alcoholic	oz. 1.00		
Cucumber, Wild (Squirting), see Extract,			
Squirting Cucumber			
Condurango, see Extract, Condurango.			
Curcuma, see Extract, Turmeric			
Cusso (Koussou), see Extract, Brayera			
Cutch, see Extract, Catechu			
Cynoglossum, see Extract, Honnd's tongue.			
Damiana (Turnera aphrodisiaca): leaves:			
[alco., soft	oz. .50		
Dandelion (Taraxacum), freshly dried root			
and herb,—Ph. G. II. aqu., soft	lb. .75		
“ fresh root and herb “	lb. 1.00		
Datura stramonium, see Extract, Stramo-			
nium			
Deadly Nightshade, see Extract, Belladonna			
Digitalis: dry leaves aqu., soft	lb. 1.35		
“ fresh “ from juice, “	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ —Ph. G. II. alco., “	lb. 3.00		
“ “ “ —with powd. Licorice-			
root, Ph. G. II.—[50%			
of soft]. alco., dry	lb. 3.00		
“ recently dried leaves “ soft	lb. 3.50		
“ dry leaves, —green “	lb. 2.50		
Dogwood-bark, Jamaica, see Extr., Piscidia			
Duboisia: leaves aqu., soft	oz. 5.00		
Dulcamara, see Extract, Bittersweet			
Echallium-fruit, and juice } see Extr., Squirt-			
Elaterium-fruit, and juice } ing Cucumber.			
Elecampane: root, (Alant-root, Inula-root;			
Radix Helenii) aqu., soft	lb. 1.25		
“ do.,—Ph. G. II. alco., “	lb. 3.00		
English Walnut, (<i>Juglans regia</i>), see Extract,			
Walnut			
Ergot of Rye, (Spurred Rye— <i>Secale corni-</i>			
tum [clavatum]); aqn., soft	lb. 4.00		
“ “ “ —Ph. G. II.—(the “ <i>Ergoti-</i>			
num” of Ph. G. II.); hydro-			
alco., soft, depur. by Alco.	lb. 4.50		
Erythraea centaarium, see Extr., Centaury.			
European			
Erythroxylon, see Extract, Coca			
Eucalyptus: leaves ethereal, soft,—(Oleo-			
resin of Eucalyptus)	oz. .75		
“ “ aqu., soft	oz. .30		
“ “ alco., dry	oz. .40		

 When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Extracts,—continued:

—[Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—

Fennel, Water-, see Extr., Phellandrium.
 Fern, male (Aspidium), see Extract, Male
 Filix mas } Fern
 Foxglove (Purple Foxglove), see Extract,
 Digitalis
 Frangula (Alder Buckthorn, European Buck-
 thorn): bark aqu., dry
 Fucus vesiculosus, see Extr., Bladder-wrack
 Fumaria } : herb aqu., soft
 Fumitory }
 Garcinia, see Extract, Mangosteen
 Gelsemium (Yellow [Wild] Jessamine): root;
 [alco., soft
 " do. " dry
 Gentian (Gentiana lutea [rubra; major] ?):
 root,—Ph. Brit. aqu., soft
 " " —Ph. G. H. cold process,
 [aqu., soft
 " " cold process, " dry
 " " alco., soft
 Gentiana (Erythraea; Chironia) centaurium,
 see Extract, Centaury, European
 Glandula rottleræ, see Extract, Kamala
 Glycyrrhiza, see Extract, Licorice-root
Glycyrrhiza, purified, see Extract, **Licorice**
 Golden Seal, (Hydrastis): root, [Yellow Root,
 Orange Root, Indian Turmeric] . . . hydro-
 alcoholic, dry
 Gramen;—(Extractum Graminis, Ph. G. II),
 —see Extract, Couch-grass
 Granatum, see Extract, Pomegranate
Granatum, Java, see Extr., **Pomegranate**,—**Java**
 Gratiola (Hedge-hyssop): dry herb; aqu., soft
 " fresh herb alco., "
 " " " —green,—Ph. Neer; " "
 Grindelia: flowering herb aqu., soft
 Guaiacum-wood (Lignum gnajaci; Lignum
 [not Arbor!] vitæ; Lignum sanctum);
 [aqu., soft
 " " dry
 " alco., soft
 " " dry
 Guarana-paste alco., dry
 Hamatoxylon, see Extract, Logwood
 Hamamelis, see Extract, Witch-hazel
 Hedge-hyssop, see Extract, Gratiola
 Helenium-root (Inula-root), [not Sneezewort
 or Sneezweed!], see Extract, Elecampane.
 Hellebore, White, European,—see Extract,
 Veratrum, White
 " Black, (Christmas-rose): root, [Radix
 melampodii] alco., soft
 " do. aqu., "
 " Green, European, (Winter Hellebore),
 [not Green Veratrum!]: root,—Ph.
 Austr. soft
 Hemlock (Spotted [Poison] Hemlock), [Co-
 nium]: dry herb aqu., soft
 " fresh herb from juice, "
 " " alco., "
 " " " —with Dextrin,—[50% of
 soft] alco., dry
 " dry " —green " soft
 Hemlock (Conium): fruit [seed] alcoholic
 Hemlock, Water-, Five-leaved, see Extract,
 Phellandrium
 Hemp (Cannabis), Indian, see Extract, In-
 dian Hemp

Containers incl.

lb. 2 00

lb. 1 50

oz. .50

oz. .75

lb. .75

lb. .65

lb. 1 50

lb. 1 50

oz. .75

lb. 1 50

lb. 3 00

oz. .50

oz. .50

oz. .30

oz. .40

lb. 1 50

lb. 2 00

oz. 1 50

lb. 1 75

lb. 2 50

lb. 3 00

lb. 1 00

lb. 1 00

lb. 2 50

lb. 2 50

lb. 3 50

oz. .60

Extracts,—continued:

	Containers incl.		
— (Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63 1)—			
Henbane, see Extract, Hyoscyamus.....			
Hearhound (Horehound) [Marrubium]: herb.....	aqu., soft	lb. 1.00	
Hound's tongue, (Cynoglossum): root, aqu., [soft		lb. 1.50	
Hydrastis, see Extract, Golden Seal.....			
Hydrocotyle (Water-Pennywort, Indian Pennywort): herb.....	aqu., soft	oz. 1.00	
" do.....	alco., "	oz. 1.00	
" ".....	" dry	oz. 1.00	
Hyoscyamus: dry leaves.....	aqu., soft	lb. 1.50	
" do. do., — with Dextrin, — [50% of soft].....	aqu., dry	lb. 1.50	
" " " — without admixt., " "		lb. 1.75	
" fresh leaves.....	from juice, soft	lb. 1.25	
" " " — Ph. G. II.....	alco., "	lb. 2.50	
" " " — w. Licor.-root, — Ph. G. II., — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .35	
" " " — with Milk-sugar, — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40	
" recently dried leaves.....	" soft	oz. .60	
" dry leaves, — green.....	" "	oz. .30	
Hyoscyamus: seed.....	alco., dry	oz. 1.25	
Ignatia (St. Ignatius's Bean): seed; alco., dry		oz. .75	
Indian Hemp } herb; ethereal (Oleo-resin of Indian Hemp)		oz. .60	
" " } " — Ph. G. II.	alco., soft	oz. .30	
" " } " — w. pwd. Licor.-root, — Ph. G. II., — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40	
" " } " — w. Milk-sug., — [50% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40	
" " } " — w. Dextrin, — [33 1/3% of soft].....	alco., dry	oz. .40	
Indian Pennywort, see Extr., Hydrocotyle			
Indian Tobacco, see Extract, Lobelia.....			
Inula-root, see Extract, Elecampane.....			
Ipecac (Ipecacuanha): root.....	aqu., dry	oz. .90	
" do.....	hydro-alcoh., "	oz. 2.00	
Ipecac: root.—alcoholic.—see Emetine.....			
Iron malate, so-called, — (Extractum ferri pomatum, Ph. G. II), — see Extract, Apple, [ferrated			
Jaborandi (Pilocarpus): leaves.....	aqu., dry	oz. .50	
Jalap: root (tuber); true.....	aqu., soft	lb. .75	
" ".....	" dry	lb. 2.00	
Jamaica Dogwood, see Extract, Piscidia ..			
Jessamine, Wild (Yellow), see Extr., Gelse- mium.....			
Juglans regia, see Extract, Walnut.....			
Juniper: fresh fruit (berries), — inspissated infusion; — [Succus Juniperi inspis- satus].....	soft	lb. .30	
Kamala (Kameela) [Rottlera tinctoria]: cap- sule - glands; (Glandule rottlera); [alco., dry		oz. 1.50	
" do. ethereal, — (Oleo-resin of Kamala)		oz. 1.50	
Kava-kava (Ava): root.....	hydro-alcoholic	oz. 1.00	
Koussou (Kouso, Cusso), see Extract, Brayera			
Krameria, U. S. Ph., and others, — see Ex- tract, Rhatany, etc.....			
Lactuca virosa, see Extract, Lettuce.....			
Lactucarium; — (Extract from Germanic Lactucarium, [from the so-called "Let- tuce opium"]), — alco., soft	Purified Lactuca- rium...	oz. 1.25	
" ".....	" dry	oz. 1.25	
Lappa, see Extract, Burdock.....			

Extracts, —continued:

Containers incl.

— [<i>Fluid Extrac's</i> , see pages 61-63]—		
Lettuce	{ Aerial Portion (Lactuca Virens)	dry leaves aqu., soft
“		fresh “ from juice, “
“		“ “ —Ph. G. I., —alco., “
“		“ “ —w. Lic. r., —[50% of soft] alco., dry
“		dry “ —green; alco., soft
Levant Wormseed, (Cina; <i>Artemisia maritima</i>): flower-buds, — [San- tonica; Semen - contra]		ethereal, soft
“		do. alco., “
Levisticum, see Extract, Lovage		
Licorice (Liquorice). — perfectly clearly soluble. — from the crude extract; — (Purified Extract of Glycyrrhiza) soft		lb. . 70
“ from the crude extract dry		lb. 1.00
Licorice-root (Glycyrrhiza); cold proc., soft		lb. 1.50
“ “ “ dry		lb. 2.00
Licorice-root, purified. — see Extract, Licorice.		
Lignum vitæ (sanctum), [<i>not Arbor vitæ!</i>], see Extract, Guaiacum-wood		
Lily of the Valley, (<i>Convallaria</i>): entire plant; [aqu., dry		lb. 2.00
“ “ “ do. soft		lb. 1.90
“ “ “ “ alco., “		lb. 2.50
Liquorice, and Liquorice-root, see Extr., Licorice, and Licorice-root		
Lobelia (Indian Tobacco); herb. alco., soft		oz. . 50
Logwood (<i>Hæmatoxylin</i> ; <i>Campeachy-wood</i>); [aqu., dry, official		lb. 1.50
“ “ commercial, I		lb. . 50
Lovage (<i>Levisticum</i>): root alco., soft		lb. 3.00
Lupuline (the glandular powder from <i>Hop-</i> <i>cones</i>) aqu., soft		lb. 1.50
“ alco., “		lb. 1.50
“ “ dry		lb. 1.50
Madder (<i>Rubia</i>): root aqu., soft		lb. 2.00
Maize-silk (<i>Stigmata Maydis</i>), see Extract, Corn-silk		
Male Fern, (<i>Aspidium filix mas</i>); rhizome; — ethereal, — (<i>Oleoresin of Aspid-</i> <i>ium</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>), — [sometimes called “Liquid Extr. of Male Fern,” or “Oil of Fern”]		lb. 2.50
“ “ do.; —Ph. G. II. ethereal, — [free fr. Ether		lb. 2.75
“ “ —Ph. Austr. alcoholic		lb. 1.50
Malt, Barley, —Ph. G. I & II soft		lb. . 75
“ dry, powder		lb. 1.25
“ —lupulated (hopped) soft		lb. 1.00
Mandrake (<i>May-apple</i> ; <i>Podophyllum</i>): root [rhizome], — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> alco., soft		lb. 2.50
Mangosteen (<i>Garcinia</i>): fruit-rind aqu., dry		oz. . 80
Marigold, Garden, see Extract, <i>Calendula</i>		
Marrubium, see Extract, Hoarhound		
Marsh Trefoil, see Extract, Buckbean		
Mary-Thistle (<i>Cardus Maris</i>): seed aqu.		oz. . 75
Mataperro, see Extract, <i>Condurango</i>		
Matico; leaves ethereal, — (<i>Oleoresin of Matico</i>)		oz. . 75
“ “ aqu., soft		oz. . 40
“ “ alco., “		oz. . 40
Matricaria, see Extract, Chamomile, German		
May-apple, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — see Extract, <i>Mand-</i> <i>drake</i>		
Meadow-saffron, see Extract, <i>Colchicum</i>		
Melampodii radix, see Extract, Hellebore, Black; root		

Extracts,—continued:

— Fluid Extracts, see pages 61-63]—

Menyanthes trifoliata, (Marsh Trefoil), see

Extract, Buckbean

Mezereon (Spurge Olive): bark... ethereal,

— (Oleoresin of Mezereon)

oz. .75

" do. alco., soft } (Mezerein)

oz. .40

" " " " " dry } (Mezerein)

oz. .50

Milfoil (Millefolium; Achillea), see Extract,

Yarrow

Milkwort, Bitter, European, see Extr.,

Polygala amara

Momordica elaterium: fruit, and juice,—

see Extr., Squirting Cucumber

Monesia-bark aqu., dry

oz. .40

Monkshood, see Extract, Aconite

Mugwort (Artemisia vulgaris): root, alco.,

[soft

oz. .40

Myrobalan: fruit aqu., dry

oz. .40

Myrrh aqu., dry

lb. 3 00

" " " " " aqu., scales

lb. 4 00

Navelwort (Pennywort) [Cotyledon]: herb;

[soft

oz. 1 00

Nicotiana, see Extract, Tobacco

Nux vomica, (Semen Strychni), [Poison-

nut] aqu., dry

oz. .20

" " by Alc. of 0.894,—Ph. G. II,— dry

oz. .30

" " " " " 0.892,—Ph. Austr.— soft

oz. .30

" " " " " 0.879,—Ph. Neerl.— soft

oz. .30

" " " " " 0.838,—Ph. Br. '67,— soft

oz. .35

" " " " " 0.884,— " " new,—

[15% Alkaloid],— soft

oz. .35

" " w. Milk-sug., [50% of soft] } dry

oz. .40

" " " Dextrin, } —Ph. Aust. } "

oz. .40

Oak-bark aqu., dry

lb. 2 00

Opium,—Ph. G. II aqu., dry

oz. 1 00

" " " " " soft

oz. .77

" w. Dextrin,— [50% of soft],— " dry

oz. 1 00

Orange, Bitter, see Extract, Bitter Orange.

Papaveris caputum, see Extract, Poppy-

heads

Pellitory, German, (Pyrethrum germani-

cum): root alco., soft

oz. .65

Pennywort (Cotyledon umbilicus), see Extr.,

Navelwort

Pennywort, Water-, (Indian Pennywort), see

Extr., Hydrocotyle

Pepper, Black: fruit alco., soft

oz. 1 50

Pepper,—Red (Pod, Cayenne); and African

[Guinea, Bird],— see Extract, Capsicum

annuum; and, fastigiatum

Phellandrium (Water-Fennel; Five-leaved

Water-Hemlock): fruit... ethereal,

— (Oleoresin of Phellandrium)

oz. .60

" do. aqu., soft

oz. .30

" " " " " alco., "

oz. .50

Physostigma (Calabar Bean): seed; alco., dry

oz. 1 50

" do. " soft

oz. 1 25

" " " " " alcohol-acetic, "

Pilocarpus, see Extract, Jaborandi

Pimpinella-root alco., soft

lb. 3 00

" " " " " aqu., "

lb. 2 50

Pine-needles (Leaves of Pinus sylvestris) ..

lb. .60

Piscidia (Jamaica Dogwood): bark; alco., dry

oz. 1 00

Podophyllum,—U. S. Ph.,—see Extract,

Mandrake

Poison-nut, see Extract, Nux vomica

Poison-oak (Rhus toxicodendron): leaves;

[alco., soft

oz. .30

" do. aqu., "

oz. .25

Containers incl.

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

Extracts, — continued :

—[*Fluid Extracts*, see pages 61-63!]

Polygala amara, (European Bitter Polygala;
European Bitter Milkwort): entire plant;
[aqu., soft

Polygala senega, see Extract, Senega

Pomegranate (Granatum): root-bark,
[dry

“ do. alco., soft

Pomegranate: fresh root-bark, —Java, alco., soft

Poplar-buds (Gemmae populi), fresh
[soft

“ do. alco., “

Poppy-capsules (-heads) aqu., soft

“ do. alco., “

Pulsatilla (European Meadow Anemone):

dry herb aqu., soft

“ “ “ —green alco., “

“ fresh “ —Ph. G. I. “ “

Pyrethrum germanicum, see Extract, Pelli-
tory, German

Quassia-wood (Bitter Wood, Bitter Ash);

[aqu., soft

“ —Ph. G. II. “ dry

“ do. alco., “

Quebracho blanco: bark:—

aqueous, dry

alcoholic, “

according to Penzoldt, —liquid;—(*Tincture!*)

“ “ “ —dry

Quebracho colorado: wood:—

aqueous, dry

“ liquid

Quercus marina, see Extr., Bladder-wrack . .

Quick-grass (Quickens, Quitch) [*Triticum*
repens], see Extract, Couch-grass

Quillaya (Quillaia saponaria): bark, [Soap-
bark] aqu., soft

Quince, Bengal, see Extract, Bael, Indian .

Quinine-plant (Quinine-flower) [*Sabbatia*
Elliottii]: herb aqu., soft

Rhamnus frangula, see Extract, Frangula .

Rhamnus purshiana: bark, see Extr., Cas-
cara sagrada

Rhatany (Ratanhia; Krameria): root
[process, aqu., dry,—I

“ do. cold process, “ “ —II

“ do. “ “ scales

“ do. alco., dry

“ do. —*Extractum Krameria*, U. S. Ph.;
[cold process, aqu., dry

Rhubarb, Asiatic: root aqu., dry

“ do. alco., soft

“ do. —Ph. G. II. “ dry

Rhubarb, Asiatic, — compound, —Ph. G. II

Rhus toxicodendron, see Extr., Poison-oak .

Rottlera (Glandula rottleræ), see Extract,
Kamala

Rubia, see Extract, Madder

Rue (Ruta): leaves aqu., soft

“ do. alco., “

Sabbatia Elliottii, see Extr., Quinine-plant .

Sabina, see Extract, Savin

Saffron (Crocus); alco., soft

Saffron, Meadow-, see Extract, Colchicum .

Saint-Ignatius's Bean, see Extract, Ignatia . .

Salix, see Extract, Willow

Sanguinaria, see Extract, Bloodroot

Santonica (Flores Cinae; “Semen Cinae”).
see Extr., Levant Wormseed

Containers incl.

lb. 2.00

oz. .35

oz. .30

oz. 2.00

oz. .50

oz. .45

lb. 1.75

lb. 3.00

lb. 2.00

lb. 4.50

lb. 5.00

lb. 3.00

oz. .50

oz. 1.00

oz. 1.00

oz. 1.00

lb. 3.00

oz. 1.25

oz. .30

oz. .25

lb. 3.50

oz. .75

lb. 2.75

lb. 1.50

lb. 2.50

lb. 3.00

lb. 1.50

oz. .25

oz. .25

oz. .40

oz. .35

lb. 2.25

lb. 3.00

oz. 3.50

Extracts, — continued:

	Containers incl.
— [<i>Fluid Extracts</i> , see pages 61-63]—	
Saponaria officinalis, see Extract, Soapwort	
Sarsaparilla aqu., soft	lb. 2 25
“ “ “ “ “ dry	oz. 40
“ “ “ “ “ alco., soft	lb. 3 50
“ “ “ “ “ dry	oz. 50
Sassafras-root (Lignum Sassafras); aqu., soft	lb. 3 00
Savin (Sabina); dried tops aqu., soft	lb. 1 75
“ do., — Ph. G. U. hydro-alcoholic, soft	lb. 2 50
Scilla, see Extract, Squill	
Scurvy-grass (Spoonwort) [<i>Cochlearia</i>], fresh herb from juice, soft	lb. 2 50
Sea-wrack (<i>Fucus vesiculosus</i>), see Extract, Bladder-wrack	
Secale cornutum (clavatum), see Extr., Ergot of Rye	
Semen-contra (Santonica), see Extr., Levant Wormseed	
Senega: root, (Senega Snakeroot), [<i>Radix Polygalæ senegæ</i>] aqu., dry,	oz. 1 00
“ do. alco., “	oz. 75
Senna: leaves aqu., soft,	lb. 1 75
“ “ “ “ “ alco., “	lb. 1 75
Serpentary (Serpentaria): rhizome, [<i>Virginia Snakeroot</i>] alco., soft	oz. 1 25
Shamrock, Water-, see Extract, Buckbean.	
Simaruba: bark aqu., soft	oz. 75
“ “ “ “ “ alco., “	oz. 1 00
Snakeroot, Black, (<i>Cimicifuga</i>), see Extract, Black Cohosh	
Snakeroot, Senega, see Extract, Senega.	
Snakeroot, Virginia, see Extract, Serpentary	
Soap-bark, see Extract, Quillaya	
Soapwort (<i>Saponaria officinalis</i>): root, [<i>Soap-root</i>] aqu., soft	lb. 1 50
“ do. alco., “	lb. 3 00
Spanish Flies, see Extract, Cantharides.	
Spoonwort (<i>Cochlearia</i>), see Extr., Scurvy-grass	
Spurge Olive, see Extract, Mezereon	
Spurred Rye, see Extract, Ergot of Rye.	
Squill (<i>Scilla</i>): dried bulbs aqu., soft	lb. 1 00
“ do. do. “ dry	lb. 1 50
“ “ “ — Ph. G. II. alco., soft	lb. 1 50
Squirting Cucumber, (Wild Cucumber), [<i>Ecballium (Momordica) elaterium</i>]: nearly ripe fruit aqu., soft	oz. 50
Squirting Cucumber: fresh juice of the fruit, — Ph. Austr. alco., soft	oz. 1 00
N. B. — Compare, also: <i>Elaeterium (Elaterium Clutterbuck)</i> .	
Stigmata Maydis, (Maize-silk), see Extract, Corn-silk	
Stramonium (<i>Datura S.</i>): dry leaves. aqu., [soft	lb. 1 35
“ fresh leaves from juice, “	lb. 1 75
“ “ “ alco., “	lb. 2 00
“ “ “ — w. Lic. - root, — [50% of soft], — alco., dry	lb. 2 50
Stramonium: seed alco., dry	oz. 1 25
Strychnos-seed, see Extract, Nux vomica	
Succory, see Extract, Chicory, Wild	
Sweet Flag, see Extract, Calamus	
Sweetwood (<i>Croton eluteria</i>), see Extract, Cascarilla	
Taraxacum, see Extract, Dandelion	
Tetterwort, see Extract, Celandine	
Thistle, Blessed, see Extr., Blessed Thistle.	

Fluid Extracts,—(inserted in alphabetical place of *Extracts, Fluid*):—

[Unless otherwise specified, these Extracts are prepared according to the formula of the *United-States Pharmacopæia*:—“Proportion of the crude drug to the extract = 100 grammes: 100 cubic centimetres.”]

From:

Absinthium (Wormwood): herb	Artemisia [absinth.]	lb. 2.50		
Adonis vernalis, (Bird's Eye; False Hellebore): herb		lb. 3.50		
Anemone, European Meadow-, see Fluid Extract, Pulsatilla				
Arbor vitæ, [not <i>Lignum vitæ!</i>], see Fluid Extract, Thuja				
Arnica-root	Arnica montana	lb. 2.25		
Aurantii cortex, (Bitter-Orange peel)		lb. 2.50		
Bela (Indian Bael, Bengal Quince): fruit		lb. 2.00		
“ do.,—Ph. Brit.		lb. 1.85		
Belladonna-root		lb. 1.75		
Berberis aquifolia, (Holly-leaved Barberry— <i>not Bearberry!</i>): root		lb. 2.25		
Buchu (Bucco): leaves	Barosma, div. spec.	lb. 2.00		
Bursa pastoris, (Capsella B. p. l.—[Shepherd's purse]: fresh herb.—(N. B.—Only preparations from the <i>fresh herb</i> possess the remarkable hemostatic virtues of this plant.)		lb. 2.50		
Cahinea-root (Radix <i>cainea</i> [<i>caianana</i>]); Chio- [cocca racemosa]		lb. 2.50		
Calendula (Garden Marigold): flowers	C. [officinalis]	lb. 5.00		
Calumba (Columbo): root	Cocculus pal- [matus]	lb. 1.50		
Cannabis indica, (Indian Hemp): herb		lb. 2.25		
Capsella bursa pastoris, see Fl. Extr., Bursa pastoris				
Capsicum (Red Pepper): fruit	C. annuum	lb. 1.75		
Cascara sagrada, (Chitten-bark)	Rham- [nus purshiana]	lb. 3.00		
Chamomile - flowers, German, (Matricaria); [Chamonilla vulgaris]		lb. 2.00		
Chicory, Wild, (Succory): root	Cichorium [intybus]	lb. 1.75		
Cimicifuga (Actæa) [Black Cohosh]: root; [C. racemosa]		lb. 1.75		
Cinchona-bark, Gray		lb. 2.25		
“ Pale		lb. 2.25		
“ Succirubra		lb. 2.50		
“ Yellow, (True Calisaya-bark—Cortex cinchonæ regie);—sp. gr. 1.1		lb. 3.00		
Cocæ (Erythroxyton): leaves		lb. 2.00		
Cola-nut (Guru-nut, Caffeine-nut)		lb. 3.00		
Colechicum (Meadow-saffron): root [bulb]; [C. autumnale]		lb. 2.00		
Colchicum: seed	“	lb. 2.25		
Colocyath (Bitter Apple): fruit	Cucumis [colocythis]	lb. 4.00		
Condurango (Mataperro): bark	Gono- [lobus condurango]	lb. 2.00		
Convallaria majalis: entire plant		lb. 1.50		
Corn-silk (Maize-silk) [Stigmata Maydis]; [Zea mays]		lb. 4.00		
Coto-bark, Para-		lb. 3.00		
Cubeb: fruit	Cubeba officinalis	lb. 4.00		
Damiana: leaves	Turnera aphrodisiaca	lb. 2.00		
Dulcamara (Bittersweet): young branches; [Solanum dulcamara]		lb. 2.00		
Ergot of Corn, (Corn-ergot, Corn-smut), [Ustilago maydis]		lb. 3.00		

Containers incl.

	Containers incl.		
Fluid Extracts ,—(inserted in alphabetical place of <i>Extracts, Fluid</i>),— <i>continued</i> : —[Other <i>Extracts</i> , see pages 48-59!]			
Ergot of Rye, (Spurred Rye— <i>Secale cornutum</i>),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.85		
“ “ “ — <i>Ph. Brit.</i>	lb. 2.00		
Eucalyptus globulus: leaves.....	lb. 2.25		
Euonymus (<i>Econymus</i>) [Wahoo, Spindletree, Burning Bush]: bark... <i>E. atropur-</i> [<i>purens</i>	lb. 2.50		
Euphorbia pilulifera: herb.....	lb. 4.00		
Fabiana (Pichi): branches.... <i>F. imbricata</i>	lb. 5.00		
Franciseca (Manacá): root..... <i>F. uniflora</i>	lb. 4.50		
Fucus vesiculosus, (Bladder-wrack), [<i>Quercus marina</i>].....	lb. 1.75		
Gelsemium (Yellow Jessamine): root... <i>G.</i> [<i>sempervirens</i>	lb. 1.75		
Gentian-root.....	lb. 1.75		
Gossypium herbaceum: bark of root, (Cotton-root bark).....	lb. 1.50		
Grindelia robusta: flowering herb.....	lb. 1.75		
Guarana-paste,—fr. seed of <i>Paullinia sorbilis</i>	lb. 5.00		
Hammamelis (Witch-hazel): leaves.... <i>H. vir-</i> [<i>ginica</i>	lb. 1.50		
Hellebore, Green, <i>European</i> , (Winter Hellebore), [<i>not Veratrum viride!</i>]: root.....	lb. 2.50		
Hydrastis (Golden Seal): root... <i>H. canadensis</i>	lb. 1.75		
Hyoascyamus (Henbane): leaves.... <i>H. niger</i>	lb. 2.25		
Ipecacuanha-root.... <i>Cephaelis ipecacuanha</i>	lb. 4.50		
Jaborandi (Pilocarpus): leaves.....	lb. 1.75		
Jacaranda: leaves... <i>J. procera</i> , (<i>Bignonia co-</i> [<i>paia</i> (caroba)].....	lb. 3.00		
Jalap-root, true..... <i>Ipomoea purga</i>	lb. 3.00		
Kava-kava: root... <i>Macropiper methystricum</i>	lb. 2.00		
Krameria, see Fluid Extract, Rhatany-root.			
Leptandra: rhizome, (Black-root, Culver's root)..... <i>L. virginica</i>	lb. 1.75		
Lippia: herb..... <i>L. mexicana</i>	lb. 4.50		
Lobelia (Indian Tobacco): herb... <i>L. inflata</i>	lb. 1.75		
Manacá, see Fluid Extract, Franciseca.....			
Maryland Pink, see Fl. Ext., Spigelia.....			
Mountain-balm (Yerba santa): leaves and tops..... <i>Eriodictyon californicum</i> (<i>glu-</i> [<i>tinosum</i>]).....	lb. 2.50		
Muira puama.—(Said to be the strongest aphrodisiac known.).....	oz. 1.25		
Nux vomica, (Strychnos-seed).....	lb. 2.25		
Pichi, see Fluid Extract, Fabiana.....			
Pilocarpus, see Fluid Extract, Jaborandi...			
Piscidia (Jamaica Dogwood), bark... <i>P. ery-</i> [<i>thrina</i>	lb. 1.75		
Poppy-capsules(-heads)... <i>Papaver somnifer.</i>	lb. 4.00		
Pulsatilla (European Meadow-anemone): herb..... <i>Anemone pulsatilla</i>	lb. 2.00		
Quebracho blanco, } liquid (& dry), see under			
Quebracho colorado, } Extr. (<i>not</i> Fluid Extr.)			
Quercus marina, see Fluid Extr., Fucus vesiculosus.....			
Quince, Bengal, see Fl. Extr., Bela.....			
Rhatany-root (Krameria)..... <i>Krameria</i> [<i>triana</i> , [<i>Ratanhia peruviana</i>]]	lb. 1.75		
Rhubarb (Rhenm), Asiatic: root.....	lb. 2.25		
Rhus aromatica, (Sweet Sumach): root-bark	lb. 2.00		
Salix nigra, (Black Willow): bark.....	lb. 2.50		
Sarsaparilla,—compound.....	lb. 1.50		
Sarsaparilla,—simple.....	lb. 1.50		
Senna-leaves.....	lb. 1.50		
Serpentaria: rhizome, (Virginia Snakeroot).	lb. 3.50		
Shepherd's purse, see Fluid Extr., Bursa pastoris.....			

	Containers incl.		
Febrile Powder , James's, see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Fecula , iodized, see Starch, iodized			
Fehling's Solution (Test-solution), see under: Titrated Normal Solutions,—(at End of List!)			
Fel Bovis (<i>Tauri inspissatum</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Gall, Ox-, inspissated			
“ “ purificatum (<i>depuratum</i>) siccum, see Sodium, choleate			
Ferrid-compounds , see Iron, Sesqui-compounds			
Ferro-compounds , see Iron, Mono-compounds			
Ferrugo , see Iron, oxide, brown, <i>pure</i>			
Ferrum , and compounds, see Iron, etc.			
Fibrin , from blood	15 gr. .20		
“ “ plants, (Gluten Fibrin)	15 gr. .25		
Figuier's Gold-salt , see Gold and Sodium, chloride, <i>cryst.</i>			
Filhos's Caustic , see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [4:1], fused			
Filicin , see Acid, filicie			
Flavoring Oils , so-called, see Oils, flavoring			
Flores , etc., = Flowers, etc.—(<i>Flores stibii</i> = Flowers of Antimony; <i>Flores stanni</i> [<i>Jovis</i>] = Flowers of Tin:—etc., etc.)			
Flores virides æris , (Crystallized Verdigris), see Copper, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Flowers of Antimony , (Antimonious Oxide, —Tri-oxide; <i>by dry process</i>), are chemically identical with the Wet-process Tri-oxide,—[which see under Antimony, oxide, precipitated].			
“ of Arsenic , resublimed, see Acid, arsenious, etc.			
“ of Benzoin , see Acid, benzoic, from Siamese (etc.) Benzoin-resin; sublimed,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—and other grades.			
“ of Sulphur , see Sulphur, sublimed, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ of do. , washed, see Sulphur, sublimed, washed, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ of Tin , see Tin, oxide, white, <i>pure</i>			
“ of Verdigris , (Crystallized Verdigris), see Copper, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ of Zinc , see Zinc, oxide, <i>by dry process</i>			
Fluid Extracts —(are inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Extracts, Fluid</i>)—see pages 61-63.			
Fluorescein (Resorein-phtalein)	oz. 1.50		
Fluorescin (Resorecin-phthalin)	oz. 1.25		
Folia Sennæ sine resina , see Senna-leaves, desinated,—powdered.			
Form-amide	oz. 1.50		
Fowler's Solution , arsenical, see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Fraxinin (Sugar of Manna), see Mannit.			
Fruit and Flavoring Ethers :			
No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4.			
Apple	“	“	“
Apricot	“	“	“
Banana	“	—	—
Cherry	“	“	“
Currant	“	“	“
Gooseberry	“	“	“
Grape	—	“	“
Lemon,	“	“	“
Orange,	“	“	“

	Containers incl.		
Gall, Ox- , (Fel Tauri [Bovis]), purified, dry, see Sodium, choleate.....			
“ “ inspissated, (Extractum Fellis bo- vini—Extract of Ox Gall), con- forming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i>	lb. 1.25		
Gallein (Pyro-gallol-phtalein).....	15 gr. .75		
Gallium , metallic.....	1½ gr. via 25.00		
Gelatin (<i>Pure Glutin</i>), sterilized, for bacterio- logical purposes.....	oz. 3.50		
Gelatin from Cartilage , see Chondrin			
Gelatin , medicated,—in sheets,—see under Atropine and Physostigmine ..			
“ Discs , medicated, see under Atropine ; Cocaine ; Duboisine ; Physostigmine ..			
Gelsemin	oz. 2.50		
Gelseminine ,—according to Sonnenschein	15 gr. 2.50		
“ hydrobromate, amorphous	15 gr. 2.50		
“ hydrochlorate, amorphous	15 gr. 2.50		
“ “ cryst., white	15 gr. 3.50		
“ nitrate, amorphous	15 gr. 2.50		
“ sulphate, amorphous	15 gr. 2.50		
Gentian Violet , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Violet			
Gentianin ,—extract-form,—(Crude Gentio- picin).....	oz. 1.00		
Gentisin (Gentianic [Gentisic] Acid).....	15 gr. 2.50		
Glass , liquid and soluble, (Water-Glass), see Potassium, silicate, etc. ;—and, Sodium, silicate, U. S. Ph. ; etc., etc.....			
Glass , antimonial, see Antimony, sulphide, vitreous,—so-called			
“ Arsenic- , see Acid, arsenious,—lumps			
“ Borax- , see Sodium, bi-borate, fused			
Glass-etching Ink , see Diamond Ink, so-called ...			
Glass-wool , for filters.....	oz. 1.50		
Glauber's Salt , see Sodium, sulphate, (etc.)			
Globulin (Crystallin).....	15 gr. .50		
Globulin, para- , (para-Globulin), pure....			
Glucinum , see Beryllium			
Glucose , see Grape-sugar, chem. pure; etc.			
Gluten, vegetable	oz. 2.50		
Glutin, animal ,—for use in the arts.....	lb. 2.00		
“ do., pure ,—sterilized,—see Gelatin, etc.			
Glycerin (Glycerol), crude,—[26° Baumé], sp. gr. 1.21.....			
“ for gas-meters,—[18° Bé].....			
“ refined, I, [24° Bé], sp. gr. 1.19.....	lb. .42		
“ “ “ [28° “], “ 1.23.....	lb. .45		
“ “ “ [30° “], “ 1.25.....	lb. .48		
“ “ pure, [24° “], “ 1.19, redistil.	lb. .45		
“ “ “ [28° “], “ 1.23, “	lb. .48		
“ “ “ [30° “], “ 1.25, “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50		
“ Price's Patent ,—in original 1-lb. bottles.	lb. .75		
Glycerin Salicylate , see Ether, glycer.-salic.			
Glycerin, sulphurous , (Solution of Sul- phur Di-oxide in Glycerin), [Glycerolate (Glycerite) of Sulphurous Acid].....	lb. 1.50		
Glycerolate of Aluminium acetate , see Aluminium, aceto-glycerolate			
N.B. — <i>Other Glycerolates</i> —(the class of <i>Gly- cerita</i> or “ <i>Glycerites</i> ” of the <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and similar preparations, also called <i>Glyc- erols</i> or <i>Glycerines</i> ,—miscalled “ <i>Glyc- erides</i> ”;— <i>all</i> being simple solutions of active substances in <i>Glycerin</i> ,— <i>not</i> [as the <i>real Glycerides</i>] chemical compounds with <i>Glycerin</i> !):— <i>see likewise</i> under the names of their active substances.			

	Containers incl.		
Glycium, see Beryllium			
Glycocoll (Glycine, Glycocine; Amido-acetic or Amido-glycollic Acid)	15 gr.	1.00	
Glycogen (so-called "Animal Amylum"), chem. pure	15 gr.	1.00	
Glycos-amine, hydrochlorate, cryst.	15 gr.	1.50	
Glycyrrhizin, ammoniated, — U. S. Ph., — (Pharmaceutical Glycyrrhizate of Ammonium), — soluble	oz.	.35	
Gold (Aurum), double salts of, see "Gold and —" (below!)			
“ metallic, powder	15 gr.	1.75	
“ “ precipitated, pure, — amorphous; — soft, lustreless, brown powder.	15 gr.	1.75	
“ “ do., do., — in fine scales; — with metallic lustre			
“ bromide	15 gr.	1.50	
“ chloride, cryst., yellow	15 gr.	.75	
“ “ “ brown	15 gr.	.75	
“ “ — solution [1:9]	15 gr.	.75	
“ cyanide	15 gr.	2.50	
“ iodide	15 gr.	2.00	
“ oxide	15 gr.	1.50	
Gold and Cadmium, chloride	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Calcium, “	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Potassium, “	15 gr.	1.00	
“ “ “ cyanide	15 gr.	1.00	
“ and Sodium, chloride, — for photography	15 gr.	.45	
“ “ do., do., — U. S. Ph., — [32.4% Gold]	15 gr.	.55	
“ “ “ “ — Ph. G. II., — [30.3% “]	15 gr.	.50	
“ “ “ “ cryst., (Figuier's Gold-salt)	15 gr.	1.00	
Gold, Alumina Purple of			
“ Figuier's Salt of, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst.			
“ Tin-precipitate (Stannic precipitate) of, — [Cassius's Purple]	15 gr.	.50	
Goulard's Extract, so-called, (Vinegar of Lead), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, U. S. Ph.			
Granatin (Sugar of Manna), see Mannit			
Granelia aerophora, see Iron, citrate, effervescent: white or yellow			
“ do., cum Magnesia citrica, see Magnesium, citrate, effervescent, granulated, U. S. Ph.			
Grape-sugar (Dextrose, Dextro-glucose, Glucose; Starch-sugar), chem. pure, anhydrous	lb.	2.00	
N. B. — In contradistinction to other, so-called "chemically pure" brands, which contain as high as 30% of Water, MY GRAPE-SUGAR, as above, is ABSOLUTELY PURE AND DRY!			
do., commercial	lb.	.10	
Graphite (Mineral Carbon; Plumbago), purified, — Ph. Bor.	lb.	.75	
“ Ceylon	lb.	.35	
“ “ finely pulverized, (so-called "alcoholized")	lb.	.40	
Gregory's Salt, (Hydrochlorate of Morphine and Codeine), see Salt, Gregory's			
Guaiacol (Guajacol), ch. pure, (absolute), — for medicinal use; — [Mono-methyl-catechol]	oz.	1.00	
“ commercial	oz.	.40	
Guanidine, carbonate, cryst.	15 gr.	.25	
Guanine (Guanin)	15 gr.	2.00	
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	1.50	
Guaraine	15 gr.	.65	
Gun-cotton, soluble, see Collodion Cotton			
Gutta Percha, purified, white, — in sticks	oz.	.75	

	Containers incl.		
Hepar Antimonii (<i>Stibii</i>), [Liver of Antimony], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i>			
“ “ calcareum, (Calcic Liver of Antimony), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated			
“ Calcis, (Liver of Lime), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Sulphuris, (Liver of Sulphur; <i>Potassic</i> Liver of Sulphur). see Potassa, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
“ “ calcareum, [Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ “ “ stibiatum, [Antimonic Liver of Lime; Stibiated Calcic Liver of Sulphur], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated			
“ “ natricum, (Sodic Liver of Sulphur), see Soda, sulphurated, etc.			
Hesperetin. — Fractional derivative from Hesperidin	15 gr.	1.50	
Hesperidin. — Glucoside from Oranges	15 gr.	.50	
Hom-atropine Merck-Ladenburg, (Oxy-toluol-tropine):			
pure, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	7.00	
hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	4.50	
hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	6.50	
salicylate	15 gr.	6.50	
sulphate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	6.25	
Hydrargyrum, and compounds, see Mercury, etc.			
Hydrastine Merck:			
chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	.50	
pure, amorphous, powder	15 gr.	.25	
citrate			
hydrochlorate, chem. pure	15 gr.	.50	
nitrate, <i>cryst.</i> . — easily soluble	15 gr.	.60	
phosphate, chem. pure	15 gr.	.60	
sulphate, chem. pure	15 gr.	.50	
tartrate, chem. pure	15 gr.	.50	
Hydro-Berberine, see Berberine, Hydro-			
Hydro-chinone (<i>-kinone</i>), see Hydro-quinone			
Hydro-Cotoin, see Cotoin, Hydro-			
Hydrogen Per-oxide (Di-oxide), [Oxygen Hydrate; sometimes called “Oxygenated Water”], medicinal, — aqueous solution [10 volumes of “Active Oxygen”]	lb.	.55	
do. do., commercial, — aqueous solution [10 volumes of “Active Oxygen”]	lb.	.50	
Hydro-quinone — (Hydro-chinone [<i>-kinone</i>]) — [Quinol] — (para-Di-oxy-benzene) — [Quinone Hydride]	oz.	.85	
Hydrothion-ammonium, solution, see Solutions: Ammonium sulphide, — hydro-sulphuretted			
Hydroxyl-amine, hydrochlorate	oz.	1.00	
Hyscine Merck-Ladenburg, — true:			
hydrobromate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	10.00	
hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	10.50	
hydro-iodate (hydriodate), <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	10.00	
sulphate, <i>cryst.</i>			
Hyoscyamine Merck, — true; — from Hyoscyamus niger:			
chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , white, very light powder, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	15 gr.	5.00	
pure, not colorless, amorphous	15 gr.	1.75	
hydrobromate, pure, amorphous	15 gr.	1.75	

℞ When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Ichthylol preparations:			
Ichthylol-sulphonic (Sulpho-ichthyolic) Acid	oz. .50		
Ichthylol-sulphonate (Sulpho-ichthyolate) of Am- monium. — [Ichthylol]	oz. .45		
“ of Sodium	oz. .50		
“ of Lithium	oz. .60		
“ of Zinc	oz. .50		
Ichthylol Solution, alcohol-etheral,—10% —30%	doz. 9.00 doz. 12.00		
Ichthylol Plaster, in envelopes			
(N.B.—Other Ichthylol preparations,—such as: Capsules, Pills, Soap, Wadding, etc.,—are furnished by Drug Houses.)			
Ilicin	15 gr. .50		
Imperatorin , see Peucedanin			
Indicator Solutions , (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			
Indigo Blue , see Indigotin			
Indigo Carmine , best quality,—paste	lb. 2.00		
Indigo Sulphate , (“Soluble Indigo”), solu- tion, see Tinctures: Indigo			
Indigotin (Indigo Blue), pure, cryst.	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
Indium , metallic	15 gr. 9.00		
“ chloride	15 gr. 8.00		
“ oxide	15 gr. 9.00		
“ sulphate	15 gr. 8.00		
Indole			
Induline , see und. Aniline and Phenol Dyes			
Infernal Stone , see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey			
Inosit (Meat-sugar)	15 gr. 2.75		
Inula-camphor , solid, see Helenin			
“ liquid, see Alantol			
Inulin (Alantin, Dahlin; Alant-starch),—ac- cording to Dragendorff			
“ white			
Inverted Sugar , see Fruit-sugar, commerc’l			
Invertin (Zymase).—The sugar-inverting constituent of yeast	15 gr. 2.00		
Iodine (Iodum), English	lb. 4.10		
“ re-sublimed,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 4.10		
“ chem. pure			
“ albuminated, (Iodized Albumin)	oz. 1.00		
“ bromide, liquid, (penta-bromide), [“Iod- dide of Bromine,” so-called]			
“ chloride (mono-chloride)	oz. .80		
“ tri-chloride.—(Highly efficient anti- septic and disinfectant.)	oz. 1.00		
Iodized Starch , soluble, see Starch, iodized			
Iodo-amyl , see Amyl, iodide			
Iodo-ethyl (Iodide of Ethyl, Mono-iod-ethane), see Ether, hydro-iodic			
Iodo-methyl , see Methyl, iodide			
Iodoform , cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. 7.00		
“ powder	lb. 7.00		
“ “ medium grain, —non-conglutinating —so-called “deodorized” (aroma- tized).—[For wholly odorless Iodo- form, see Iodoform, bituminized.]	lb. 7.00		
“ precipitated	oz. .65		
“ pencils,—[50% Iodoform]	lb. 7.50		
Iodoform, bituminized (wholly odorless).—Trans- lucent scales, easily pulverizable, —totally devoid of the Iodoform odor!	oz. .65		
Iodole (Tetr-iod-pyrrole= C_4I_4NH ;—not—[as stated in some books:]—“Tetr-iodide of Pyr- role” = “ $C_4H_5N.I$ ”!).—Contains nearly 89% of Iodine.—[Inodorous, insipid, and non-toxic succedaneum for Iodoform.]	oz. 1.25		

 When ordering, specify: “MERCK’S”!

Iodum, and compounds, see Iodine, etc.				
Iridin Merck, pure	oz.	2.00		
Iridium, metallic	15 gr.	2.00		
“ “ rods	15 gr.	2.00		
“ “ powder	15 gr.	2.25		
“ bromide	15 gr.	.50		
“ chloride, tri- (sesqui-)	15 gr.	1.00		
“ oxide, sesqui-	15 gr.	.65		
Iridium and Sodium, chloride, cryst.	15 gr.	.75		
Iridium-Osmium alloy, (<i>Irid-osmium</i> ; Osmiridium), see Osmium-Iridium				
Iron, Ferrid- double salts of, see under Iron, Sesqui-compounds—(below!)				
“ Ferro- double salts of, see under Iron, Mono-compounds—(below!)				
Iron (Ferrum), metallic, wire,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.35		
“ do., finely powdered, (so-called “alcoholized”),— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—(<i>Limatura Martis alcoholisata</i> ; <i>Pulvis Ferri alcoholisatus</i>)	lb.	.35		
“ “ filings, coarse powder	lb.	.35		
“ “ reduced (by Hydrogen),—so-called “Quevenne's Iron,”—[60-65% Iron]	lb.	.73		
“ “ “— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—[80% Iron]	lb.	2.00		
“ “ “ chem. pure, [92-94% Iron]	lb.	.70		
“ “ “ black,—[50% Iron]	oz.	.25		
“ acetate, Ferric	oz.	.40		
“ “ “ in scales				
“ “ “ solution, see under Solutions				
“ albuminate, (<i>Iron-Albumin</i>), in scales,—[5% of Per-oxide— Fe_2O_3]	oz.	.30		
“ “ peptonized	oz.	.50		
“ “ saccharated	oz.	.40		
N.B.—Compare, also:				
Iron, lactate	} <i>albu-</i>			
“ phosphate		} <i>minat-</i>		
“ pyro-phosphate, } <i>ed.</i>				
“ ammoniated, so-called,—(<i>Ammoniochloride of Iron</i>),—see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride				
“ ammonio-citrate, brown—(<i>U. S. Ph.</i>)—or green, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate, etc.; etc.				
“ anisate	oz.	2.50		
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz.	.25		
“ “ — <i>Ph. Brit. new</i>	oz.	.25		
“ “ and citrate, ammoniated, [<i>Ammonio-Ferric arsenicico-citrate</i>],—[2% of Arsenic Acid]	oz.	.35		
“ arsenite	oz.	.30		
“ benzoate,—[about 25% of Per-oxide]	oz.	.50		
“ boro-citrate	oz.	.50		
“ bromide, Ferrous, pure	oz.	.22		
“ “ do., com'l,—[abt. 65-68% Brom.]	lb.	1.00		
“ “ Ferric, see Iron, tri-bromide				
“ bromo-iodide	oz.	.90		
“ by Hydrogen, (reduced),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other grades,—see Iron, metallic, reduced, etc.; etc.				
“ camphorate	oz.	1.50		
“ carbonate, Ferrous, saccharated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ,—[at least 15% of Ferrous carbonate]	lb.	.50		
“ “ do., do.,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—[10% Iron]	lb.	.60		
“ “ green (hydrated)	lb.	1.25		
“ “ sub-,—so-called,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870,—(<i>Aperient Crocus of Iron</i>), see Iron, oxide, brown, (etc.)				

	Containers incl.		
Iron, chloride, proto-(Ferrous), [Ferrous muriate; di-chloride].	lb. .60		
“ “ sesqui- (tri-) [Ferric], normal,—cryst., dry; and <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and sublimed, anhydrous;—see Iron, tri-chloride, etc.; etc.; etc.			
“ “ Ferric, basic, (Ferric oxy-chloride),—so-called,—liquid;—see Solutions: Iron oxy-chloride.			
“ “ do., do., dialyzed, see Iron, dialyzed: liquid; and, in scales.			
chromate, liquid.	oz. .25		
citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Ferric citrate), pure, brown, in scales.	lb. 1.00		
“ “ effervescent, white } granulous powder,—	lb. .95		
“ “ “ yellow } (Graneliaærophora)	lb. .90		
“ “ soluble, so-called, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate, in scales; brown— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, green.			
“ “ <i>and</i> arseniate, ammoniated, see Iron, arseniate <i>and</i> citrate, ammoniated.			
“ citrico-lactate, see Iron, lacto-citrate.			
“ cyanide, blue,—so-called;— <i>insoluble</i> ; (Ferro-cyanide of Iron; Ordinary Prussian Blue)	lb. 1.25		
“ “ blue,—so-called;— <i>soluble</i> ; (Potassium Ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue)	lb. 1.75		
“ dialyzed, liquid, (Ferrum oxydatum dialysatum liquidum,— <i>Ph. G. I.</i>),—[Liquid Dialyzed “Basic Ferric Chloride”; Liquid Dialyzed “Ferric Oxy-chloride”,—so-called;—Liquor ferri dialysatus];—[3.5% Iron, = 5% Peroxide]	lb. .35		
“ do., in scales.	oz. .30		
“ ferro-cyanide, (Prussian Blue, ordinary), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,— <i>insoluble</i>			
“ granulated sulphate, see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous, pure, precipitated by Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ hydrate, Ferric, dry. } see Iron, oxide,			
“ hydrated oxide, Ferric, dry } brown, pure.			
“ Hydrogen-reduced,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and others,—see Iron, metallic, reduced, etc.; etc.			
“ hypo-phosphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .25		
“ iodate, Ferric.	oz. .75		
“ iodide, cryst.	oz. .40		
“ “ insipid	oz. .38		
“ “ Ferrous, saccharated,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .35		
“ lactate, pure, cryst., in crusts,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .18		
“ “ pure, powder,— <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .15		
“ “ powder	oz. .12		
“ “ albuminated	oz. .60		
“ lacto-citrate (citrico-lactate).	oz. .35		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz. .40		
“ malate, in scales.	oz. 1.10		
“ “ crude, see Extracts: Apple, ferrat.			
“ metallic, (etc.), see at top of “Iron” list			
“ oleate	oz. .25		
“ oxalate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—Ferrous	oz. .25		
“ “ Ferric, in scales	oz. .30		
“ oxide, black, (Magnetic oxide, Ferros-ferric oxide; Iron Ethiops),—by wet process,—pure	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ —by dry process.	lb. .85		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.			
Iron, oxide, brown, (so-called "sub-carbonate"), [<i>Aperient Crocus</i> (Saffron) of Iron],— <i>Ferri subcarbonas, U. S. Ph.</i> 1870	lb. .50			
" " " <i>pure</i> , (Dry Hydrated Per-oxide [Sesqui-oxide, Tri-oxide, Red oxide] of Iron; Dry Hydrated Ferric oxide; Dry Ferric Hydrate), —[<i>Ferrugo, Rubigo</i>].	lb. .75			
" oxide, red, (Ferric oxide; Per-oxide, or Tri- [Ter-] oxide, or Sesqui-oxide of Iron), <i>anhydrous</i> , —[<i>Astringent Crocus</i> (Saffron) of Iron],—(Pure Colcothar, Pure Caput mortuum).	lb. .70			
" " " <i>do.</i> ,—from Oxalate of Iron.	lb. 2.50			
" " " <i>hydrated</i> , dry, see Iron, oxide, brown, <i>pure</i>				
" " " peptonated; also, glycerinated solution of <i>same</i> ;—see Iron, peptonized; etc.— <i>Same</i> , dialyzed, see Solutions; Iron, peptonized, dialyzed.				
" " " saccharated, soluble,—Ph. G. II;—(so-called "Saccharated Iron" or "Soluble Iron"; Iron Saccharate),—[<i>Ferruginated Sugar</i> ; Iron-Sugar];—[3% Iron, = 4.285% Per-oxide] N. B.— <i>See, also: Syrup of Saccharate of Iron.</i>	lb. .70			
" oxide, dialyzed, (Dialyzed so-called "Ferric Oxy-chloride" or "Basic Ferric Chloride");—liquid, Ph. G. I,—or, in scales; see Iron, dialyzed, etc.; etc.				
" oxy-chloride, Ferric, (Basic Ferric Chloride),—so-called;—solution of,—see under Solutions.				
" <i>do.</i> , dialyzed, see Iron, dialyzed; liquid; and, in scales.				
" peptonized, (Peptonated Ferric Oxide),—clearly soluble in Water,—[2% or 5% Per-oxide].	oz. .35			
" " solution, glycerinated,—for <i>subcutaneous</i> injections,—[3 mg Fe ₂ O ₃ and 25 mg Peptone per syringe-ful].	lb. 1.25			
" " <i>dialyzed</i> , liquid,—for <i>internal</i> use;—see under Solutions.				
" " albuminated, see Iron, albuminate, peptonized.				
" " saccharated.	oz. .35			
" per-chloride, see Iron, tri-chloride.				
" per-oxide, see Iron, oxide, red.				
" phosphate,— <i>so-called by U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Iron, phosphate, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i>				
" phosphate, <i>true</i> , Ferric.	lb. 1.00			
" " " Ferrous.	lb. .95			
" " albuminated.	oz. .35			
" " with Ammonium Citrate, in scales.	lb. 1.50			
" " Ferric, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i> , in scales,— <i>Ferri phosphas</i> , so called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 2.00			
" phosphide (phosphuret).—[An indefinite composition of several Iron phosphides.]	oz. 1.00			

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, phospho-lactate, see Iron, lacto-phosph.			
“ pierate (picro-nitrate).....	oz. .60		
“ precipitated sulphate, see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous, pure, precipitated by Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ pyro-phosphate, <i>so-called by U. S. Ph.</i> , —see Iron, pyro-phosphate, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i>			
“ pyro-phosphate, <i>true</i>	lb. 1.00		
“ “ albuminated.....	oz. .65		
“ “ with Ammonium Citrate, in scales.....	oz. .30		
“ “ “ Potassium “.....	oz. .30		
“ “ “ Magnesium “ in scales.....	oz. .35		
“ “ Ferric, with <i>Sodium Citrate</i> , in scales,— <i>Ferri pyrophosphat</i> , so called by <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .30		
“ reduced (by Hydrogen),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other grades,—see Iron, metallic, reduced, <i>etc.</i> ; <i>etc.</i>			
“ saccharate, (“ <i>Saccharated Iron</i> ” or “ <i>Soluble Iron</i> ,” <i>so-called</i>), see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.....			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also:</i>			
Iron, albuminate.....	} <i>saccharated</i>		
“ carbonate—(<i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; <i>etc.</i>)—			
“ iodide—(<i>U. S. Ph.</i>)—.....			
“ peptonized.....			
“ sulphate, Ferrous.....			
“ Mono-compounds: Manganese-Ferrous carbonate ..			
“ salicylate.....	oz. .35		
“ santoninate (<i>not santonate!</i>),—easily soluble in Alcohol; hardly so in Water.....	oz. 2.00		
“ sesqui-bromide, see Iron, tri-bromide..			
“ sesqui-chloride, see Iron, tri-chloride..			
“ stearate.....	oz. .35		
“ sub-carbonate, <i>so-called</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870,—(<i>Aperient Crocus of Iron</i>), see Iron, oxide, brown, (<i>etc.</i>).....			
“ sub-sulphate, (<i>Basic Ferric Sulphate</i>), [<i>Monse's Salt</i>], pure.....	lb. .60		
N. B.— <i>Solution of do.</i> (<i>U. S. Ph.</i>),— [<i>Monse's Sol.</i>],—see under <i>Sols.</i>			
“ succinate.....	oz. .60		
“ sulphate, Ferric, normal, (<i>Per-[Sesqui-] sulphate</i>); [<i>Ter-sulphate</i>].....	lb. .40		
“ “ do., <i>basic</i> , (<i>Monse's Salt</i>), see Iron, sub-sulphate.....			
“ “ Ferrous, pure, (<i>Pure Iron Vitriol</i> ; <i>Pure Green Vitriol</i>), <i>cryst.</i> ,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .25		
“ “ “ pure, (<i>do.</i> ; <i>do.</i>), <i>small cryst.</i> ,— <i>Ph. Neerl.</i>	lb. .30		
“ “ “ pure, precipitated by Alcohol,— <i>Ph. G. H.</i> ,—(“ <i>Precipitated Iron</i> ,” “ <i>Granulated Iron</i> ,” <i>so-called</i>),— <i>Ferri sulphas precipitatus, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .30		
“ “ “ pure, calcined (<i>exsiccated, dried</i>),— <i>Ferri sulphas exsiccatus, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .40		
“ “ “ crude, <i>cryst.</i> , (<i>Crude Iron Vitriol</i> ; <i>Crude Green Vitriol</i>).....	lb. .20		
“ “ “ saccharated, <i>cryst.</i>	lb. .75		
“ sulphide (<i>sulphuret</i>).....	lb. .25		
“ “ in sticks.....	lb. .35		
“ sulpho-carbolate (<i>phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate</i>).....	oz. .20		
“ tannate.....	oz. .25		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, tartarated (<i>tartarized</i>), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds; Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —[<i>Do not confound with Iron, tartrate</i> ,—(below)!]			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :—Iron, Mono-compounds; Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—(<i>Ferrated Tartar</i> ; Iron-Tar-tar);—etc.; etc.			
“ tartrate, Ferric, in scales } —[<i>Do not con-</i>	oz. .35		
“ “ Ferrous } <i>found with</i>	oz. .35		
Iron, <i>tartarated</i> ,—(above);—nor with Iron-Tar-tar, —(referred-to under same)!]			
“ tri-bromide (sesqui-bromide), [Ferric Bromide], liquid,—sp. gr. 1.400	oz. .40		
“ tri-chloride (sesqui-chloride; per-chloride), [Normal Ferric Chloride],			
cryst., dry	lb. .60		
“ “ cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ,—free from Nitric Acid	lb. .60		
“ “ sublimed, anhydrous	oz. .40		
“ “ with Ammonium Chloride,—(so-called “Ammoniated Iron”),—see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride			
“ tri-oxide (ter-oxide), see Iron, oxide, red			
valerianate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .35		
Iron,—albuminated Oxide or Salts of,—see under Iron: albuminate, etc., etc.; lactate; phosphate; pyro-phosphate .			
“ granulated } —so-called,—see Iron, sulphate,			
“ precipitated, } Ferrous, pure, precipitated by			
Alcohol, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Quevenne's, so-called, see Iron, metallic, reduced:— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , and others			
“ saccharated, } —so-called,—see Iron, oxide,			
“ soluble } red, saccharated			
“ —saccharated Sa'ts of,—see <i>reference</i> under Iron, saccharate.			
Iron and Ammonium, chloride, (so-called “Ammoniated Iron”), see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferric Chloride . .			
“ and do., arsenicico-citrate, see Iron, arseniate and citrate, ammoniated . .			
“ and do.:—Citrate; Sulphate; Tartrate,— <i>all U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric citrate;—sulphate;—tartrate			
“ and Calcium, lacto-phosphate, see Calcium, ferro-lacto-phosphate			
“ and Lead, cyanide, so-called, see Lead, ferro-cyanide			
“ and Lithium, salts, see “Lithium, ferro—,” etc.			
“ and Mercury, cyanide, so-called, see Mercury, ferro-cyanide			
“ and Potassium, ferro-cyanide, (Potassium Ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,—soluble			
“ and do., tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(<i>Tartarated</i> [<i>Tartarized</i>] Iron,—NOT: “Iron-Tar-tar”),—see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :—Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—(<i>Ferrated Tartar</i> ; Iron-Tar-tar);—etc.; etc.			
“ and Quinine, citrate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other formulas,—see Quinine, ferri-citrate, etc., etc.			

	Containers incl.		
Iron and Quinine ,— <i>other double salts</i> (than above),—see “Quinine, ferri—,” etc.			
“ and Strychnine , citrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Strychnine, ferri-citrate			
“ and Zinc , cyanide, so-called, see Zinc, ferri-cyanide			
Iron, Mono-compounds , (Ferro- double salts):			
Ammonio-Ferrous cyanide	lb.	2.50	
“ sulphate, cryst.	lb.	.50	
Magneso-Ferrous citrate	oz.	.25	
“ do., effervescent, yellow	oz.	.30	
“ lactate	oz.	.50	
Mangano-Ferrous carbonate	oz.	.35	
“ do., saccharated	oz.	.35	
“ chloride	oz.	.40	
“ citrate	oz.	.30	
“ cyanide	oz.	.30	
“ iodide	oz.	1.00	
“ lactate	oz.	.35	
“ pyro-phosphate	oz.	.40	
“ sulphate	oz.	.20	
Potassio-Ferrous citrate	oz.	.35	
“ cyanide, so-called, (Yellow Prussiate of Potassa),— see Potassium, ferri-cyanide, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , etc.			
“ tartrate, (<i>Ferrated Tartar, Iron-Tartar</i> ;— <i>not to be confounded with:</i> TARTARATED [TARTARIZED] IRON,— <i>which see, under:</i> —Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Potassio-Ferri tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>);—powder	lb.	.75	
“ “ in globules, (so-called: Iron Pellets, Steel Pellets)	lb.	.85	
“ “ green	lb.	2.00	
Sodio-Ferrous benzoate	oz.	1.00	
“ citrate	oz.	.35	
“ cyanide, so-called, see Sodium, ferri-cyanide			
Iron, Sesqui-compounds , (Ferrid- double salts):			
Aluminio-Ferri sulphate, see Alum, ferri			
Ammonio-Ferri arseniate and citrate, see Iron, arsen. and citr., ammoniated.			
“ bromide	oz.	.50	
“ chloride, (so-called “Ammoniated Iron”), see Ammonium, chloride, with Ferri Chloride			
“ citrate, brown, in scales, — <i>Ferri et Ammonii citras, U. S. Ph.</i>	} See allied “Sesquichloride” Citrates. Perfectly free from Protoxide.	lb.	1.10
“ “ green, in scales		lb.	1.40
“ cyanide	oz.	1.75	
“ oxalate, cryst.	lb.	1.50	
“ sulphate,— <i>Ferri et Ammonii sulphas, U. S. Ph.</i> ,— and Ph. G. I. (Ammonio-Ferri Alum, Ammoniacal Iron-alum)	lb.	.75	
“ tartrate, (<i>Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar, Ammonio-Ferri Tartar, Ferrid-ammoniacal Tartar</i>),— <i>Ferri et Ammonii tartas, U. S. Ph.</i> ,— in scales	lb.	1.50	
Calcio-Ferri cyanide, so-called, see Calcium, ferrid-cyanide			
Mangano-Ferri phosphate, with Ammonium Citrate			
Potassio-Ferri cyanide, so-called, (Red Prussiate of Potassa), see Potassium, ferrid-cyanide, etc.			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Iron, Sesqui-compounds, (Ferrid- double salts),—continued :			
Potassio-Ferric oxalate, cryst.	lb. 2 00		
“ pyro-phosphate.	oz. .75		
“ sulphate, (Potassio-Ferric Alum, Potassie Iron-alum), pure.	lb. .60		
“ tartrate,— <i>Ferri et Potassii tartras, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(<i>Tartarated Iron, Tartarized Iron</i>),—brown, in scales.	oz. .30		
N. B.—The above is <i>not to be confounded with</i> : FERRATED TARTAR; IRON-TARTAR,— <i>which see, under</i> : Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate,—powder; do. do., globules; do. do., green.			
Sodio-Ferric oxalate.	oz. .30		
“ pyro-phosphate.	oz. .30		
“ “ in scales.	oz. .35		
“ tartrate, in scales.	oz. .30		
Iron-Albumin, in scales; and do., peptonized; and do., saccharated;—see Iron, albuminate, etc.			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :			
Iron, lactate.		} albuminated.	
“ phosphate.			
“ pyro-phosphate.			
Iron Alum, see Alum, ferric.			
“ “ ammoniacal, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferric sulphate.			
“ “ potassic, see do., do.; Potassio-ferric sulphate.			
Iron Ethiops, see Iron, oxide, black.			
Iron Pellets, so-called, see Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate, in globules.			
Iron-Sugar (Ferruginated Sugar), [so-called “Saccharated Iron” or “Soluble Iron”], see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> :			
Iron, albuminate.		} saccharated.	
“ carbonate—(<i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.)—			
“ iodide—(<i>U. S. Ph.</i>)—			
“ peptonized.			
“ sulphate, Ferrous.			
“ Mono-compounds: Manganio-Ferrous carbonate.			
Iron-Tartar (Ferrated Tartar), see Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio-Ferrous tartrate, etc.			
N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Iron, Sesqui-compounds, Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(<i>Tartarated</i> [Tartarized] Iron).			
“ ammoniacal, (<i>Ammonio-Ferric Tartar; Ferrid-ammoniacal Tartar</i>), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: <i>Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, U. S. Ph.</i>			
Iron Vitriol, (Green Vitriol), see Iron, sulphate, Ferrous:—U. S. Ph.; do., precipitated; do., exsiccated;—and other grades and forms			
Isatin	15 gr. 1.00		
Iso-butyl-aldehyd (Iso-butyraldehyd) . . .	15 gr. .50		
Iso-butyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, amylie, primary.			
Iso-Naphthol, see Naphthol, Beta.			
Iso-propyl-benzene (-benzol), see Cumene.			
Iso-propyl-carbinol, see Alcohol, butylic, Iso- . . .			

	Containers incl.		
Jaborine	15 gr. 4.00		
Jalapin —(identical with SCAMMONIS);— [“White Resin” of Fusiform Jalap].— <i>The pure Glucoside</i> from Male (light, Orizaba) Jalap-root— <i>Ipomœa orizabensis</i> ; or from Scammony-root	oz. 1.00		
N.B.— <i>See, also</i> :—Resins: Jalap,—brown: from the <i>light</i> Root.			
James's Antimonial Powder , (<i>J.'s Febrile Powder</i>), see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Jervine	15 gr. 4.00		
Juglandin	15 gr. .35		
Juice of Juniper-berries , inspissated, see Extracts: Juniper			
“ of Papaw (<i>Carica papaya</i> —Melon-tree), —dry	½ oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ of Snails , saccharated, see <i>Helicina</i> ..			
Juices (<i>Succi</i>), from <i>fresh herbs</i> ,—all accord- ing to <i>U. S. Ph. of 1870</i> :—			
<i>Belladonna</i> (<i>Deadly Nightshade</i>): leaves and young branches	lb. 1.00		
<i>Conium</i> (<i>Hemlock</i>): leaves	lb. 1.00		
<i>Digitalis</i> (<i>Foxglove</i>): leaves	lb. 1.00		
<i>Hyoscyamus</i> (<i>Henbane</i>): leaves and young branches	lb. 1.00		
<i>Scoparius</i> (<i>Broom</i>): tops	lb. 1.10		
<i>Taraxacum</i> (<i>Dandelion</i>): root	lb. 1.00		
Juniper-tar , see Oils, divers: <i>Cade</i>			
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Kali , <i>Kalium</i> , and compounds,—see <i>Potassa</i> , etc.; and, <i>Potassium</i> , etc.			
Kamalin , <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr. .25		
Karlsbad Thermal Salt ,—artificial; and, true,—see <i>Salt, Karlsbad</i> , etc., etc.; etc.			
Kefir (<i>Kephir</i>) Fungi	oz. 1.00		
Keratin (<i>Corneous Substance</i> , <i>Horn-sub-</i> <i>stance</i>)	oz. .75		
Keratin, pepsinized ; for coating <i>Ileac</i> pills,—acc. to <i>Dr. Unna</i>	oz. 6.00		
N.B.— <i>Ileac pills</i> are to pass the stomach undissolved, and develop their action only in the intestines.			
Kermes Mineral , see <i>Antimony, sulphide</i> , <i>red</i> ,—so-called			
King's Yellow , see <i>Arsenic, Yellow sul-</i> <i>phide</i>			
Kosin Merck, cryst. —(<i>Cosin</i>)	15 gr. 1.00		
Koussein Merck, amorphous .—(<i>Coussein, Kos-</i> <i>sein; Brayerin</i>)	½ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
Kreatine , and Kreatinine , see <i>Creatine</i> , and <i>Creatinine</i>			
Kreosote , see <i>Creasote</i>			
Kresol , see <i>Acid, cresylic</i>			
Kreuznach Salt , (“ <i>Kreuznacher Mutter-</i> <i>laugensalz</i> ”), see <i>Salt, Kreuznach</i>			
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	Containers incl.		
Lac Sulphuris purum , see Sulphur, precipitated, pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Lacmoid , chem. pure, in scales;—an extremely sensitive substitute for Litmus.	½ oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
Lacmus (<i>Chemically Pure</i> Litmus),—according to Wartha;—free from Lime and from the reddish colorifics soluble in Alcohol.	oz. 1.00		
N. B.—See, also: Litmus, commercial.			
Lacto-Pepsin (miscalled "Lacto-peptine") [also called "Lactated Pepsin"], see Pepsin, Lacto-			
Lactose (<i>Lactin</i>), see Milk-sugar.			
Lactucarium, Gallic , (Thridace), [Dried milk-juice of Garden Lettuce— <i>Lactuca sativa</i>],—in tablets.	oz. .40		
Lactucarium, Germanic , (the so-called "Lettuce-opium"),—			
first choice	(Dried milk-juice of <i>Acrid Lettuce—Lactuca virosa</i> .) oz. .60		
" do.,—II.	oz. .45		
" " crumbs.	oz. .40		
" " fine powder.	oz. .50		
" " purified,—soft or dry,—see Extracts: Lactucarium.			
Lactuein ,—from Lactucarium	15 gr. 4.50		
Lævulose (Levulose), see Fruit-sugar, I.			
Lamine Sulphate .—(<i>Lamine</i> —the Alkaloid of Blind-Nettle [<i>Lamium album</i>])—is a powerful hemostatic, adapted for subcutaneous application.)			
Lana Collodii , see Collodion Cotton.			
Lanolin (Cholestearin Fat), in tins.	lb. .80		
" chem. pure, anhydrous.			
Lantanin			
Lanthan (Lanthanum), metallic, powder.	15 gr. 10.00		
" chloride.	15 gr. 1.00		
" oxide.	15 gr. 1.50		
" sulphate.	15 gr. 1.00		
Lapis divinus , (Divine stone, Ophthalmic stone), so-called, see Copper, aluminated.			
" infernalis, see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey.			
Laudanum , see Tinctures: Opium; simple.			
" Sydenham's, see Tinctures: Opium,—saffronated.			
Lead (Plumbum), double salts of, see "Lead and—" (below!).			
" metallic, pure, bars.	lb. .65		
" " " ribbon.	lb. 1.00		
" " " granulated, free fr. Silver.	lb. .35		
" " chem. pure, powder.	lb. 1.00		
" acetate, mono-plumbic,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Sugar of Lead— <i>Saccharum plumbi [saturni]</i>), chem. pure, cryst.	lb. .50		
" " do., pure, cryst.	lb. .45		
" " purified, cryst.	lb. .40		
" acetate, basic (tri-plumbic, tri-basic). [Sub-acetate of Lead].	lb. 1.75		
" " " —solution, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , [Vinegar of Lead; "Goulard's Extract"], see under Solutions.			
" benzoate.	oz. .65		
" borate.	oz. .30		
" bromide.	oz. .50		
" carbolate, see Lead, phenate.			
" carbonate, neutral, purified.	lb. .50		
" " " chem. pure.	lb. 1.00		

	Containers incl.		
Lead, carbonate, basic, (oxy-carbonate; hydro- drico-carbonate), [White Lead],— <i>Plumbi carbonas, U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ chloride, pure	lb. 1.00		
“ “ II	lb. .60		
“ chromate, pure, fused	lb. 1.10		
“ “ “ powder	lb. 1.10		
“ cyanide	oz. .50		
“ ferro-cyanide	oz. .25		
“ formate, pure, dry	oz. .60		
“ hydroxide (hydrate), mono-plumbic, [Mono-hydrated Prot-oxide of Lead], see Lead, oxide, mono-hydrated			
“ hypo-phosphite	oz. .75		
“ hypo-sulphite, see Lead, thio-sulphate.			
“ iodide, powder,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .36		
“ “ cryst.	oz. .60		
“ lactate	oz. .35		
“ malate, pure	oz. 1.25		
“ molybdate (molybdenate)	oz. 1.00		
“ mono-chlor-acetate	oz. 5.00		
“ nitrate	lb. .35		
“ “ pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50		
“ nitrite	oz. .50		
“ oleate	oz. .25		
“ oxalate	lb. 1.50		
“ oxide (prot-oxide, mon-oxide; yellow ox- ide), anhydrous, fused,—[Lith- arge],—pure	lb. .70		
“ “ do., do., chem. pure,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ...	lb. 1.10		
“ “ mono-hydrated, (Mono-plumbic Hydroxide), pure	lb. 2.50		
“ per-oxide (bin-[di-] oxide; brown oxide), —[Anhydrous Plumbic Acid],— (Puce [Brown] Lead)	lb. .60		
“ “ pure	lb. .85		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate)	oz. .35		
“ phosphate, pure	oz. .30		
“ phosphite	oz. .50		
“ rhodanide, see Lead, sulpho-cyanate.			
“ salicylate	oz. .75		
“ silicate	oz. .25		
“ sub-acetate, see Lead, acetate, basic...			
“ “ solution, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Vinegar of Lead; “Goulard's Extract”),— see Solut's: Lead acetate, basic			
“ sulphate, (Lead Vitriol)	lb. .40		
“ “ chem. pure	lb. .50		
“ sulphide (sulphuret)	lb. 1.35		
“ sulphite	lb. 1.50		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz. .30		
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodan- ide)	oz. .25		
“ tannate, dry	oz. .30		
“ tartrate	oz. .25		
“ thio-cyanate, see Lead, sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo- sulphite”)	lb. .75		
“ vanadate	15 gr. .75		
“ wolframate (tungstate)	oz. 1.25		
Lead, puce (<i>brown</i>), see Lead, per-oxide; etc.			
“ white, see Lead, carbonate, basic, <i>U.</i> <i>S. Ph.</i>			
Lead and Iron, cyanide, so-called, see Lead, ferro-cyanide			
“ and Platinum, cyanide, see under Pla- tinum double Cyanides			
“ and Sodium, thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”)	oz. .50		

Lead, so-called Sugar of, see Lead, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Vinegar of, (“Goulard’s Extract”), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ Vitriol of, see Lead, sulphate, etc.			
Leaves, Senna-, —free from resin, —see Senna, leaves, deresinated.			
Lecithin	15 gr.	2.50	
Lemon-camphor, so-called, see Turpentine-oil, di-hydrochlorate.			
Legumin (Vegetable Casein from legumes).	15 gr.	.40	
Lepidine	oz.	1.00	
Leptandrin	oz.	.50	
Leptandrin Merck, pure.	oz.	2.50	
Lettuce-opium, so-called, see Lactucarium, Germanic, etc.			
Leucine, pure, (Amido-caproic Acid).	15 gr.	2.00	
“ hydro-chlorate	15 gr.	2.00	
Leucoline (Leucol), synthetic, see Quinoline			
Leucotin, from Coto-bark	15 gr.	.40	
Levulose (Lævulose), see Fruit-sugar, I.			
Libavius’s Fuming Spirit, so-called, see Tin, tetra-chloride.			
Lignite Tar, see Oils, divers: Lignite.			
Lime (Calx), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Pure Burnt Lime), [Dry Caustic Oxide of Calcium], — from marble	lb.	.40	
Lime, antimonio - sulphurated (<i>stibiato-sulphurated</i>), [Antimonic Liver of Lime; Antimoniated (Stibiated) Calcic Liver of Sulphur; Calcic Liver of Antimony], (Calx Antimonii [Stibii] <i>cum Sulphure</i>), — [so-called “Antimonio-sulphide of Calcium”]	lb.	.75	
Lime Hydrochlorate, — so-called, — see Calcium, chloride			
“ Saccharate (bi - saccharate), — so-called, — see Calcium, saccharate ...			
Lime, sulphurated, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Liver of Lime; Calcic Liver of Sulphur), [sometimes mis-called “Sulphide of Calcium”]	lb.	.50	
Lime-water, see Solutions: Lime, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Liparin			
Liquid, Dutch, see Ethylene, chloride (bi-chloride)			
Liquid (Water-) Glass, see Potassium, silicate, etc.; and Sodium, silicate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
Liquor ammoniæ, (Liquor ammonii caustici), see Ammonia, Water of			
“ ammonii caustici spirituosus Dzon-dii, see Ammonia, Spirit of.			
“ “ acetatis, see Solutions: Ammonium acetate.			
“ anodynus martiatus, see Tinctures: Iron chloride, ethereal.			
“ seriparus, (Liquor ad serum lactis parandum), see Rennet Wine.			
Liquores, others than above, see Solutions ..			
Litharge, pure; and, chem. pure; — see Lead, oxide, anhydrous, fused, pure; and, chem. pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Lithium, double and triple salts of, see “Lithium and —” (below!)			
“ metallic	15 gr.	10.00	
“ acetate	oz.	.75	
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz.	1.25	
“ benzoate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz.	.50	
“ bi-borate	oz.	.75	
“ bi-carbonate, so-called, see Lithium, carbonate, bi-			
“ bi-chromate	oz.	.60	
Containers incl.			

Lithium, boro-citrate	Containers incl.			
“ bromide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .75			
“ carbolate, see Lithium, phenate	oz. .38			
“ carbonate	oz. .36			
“ “ chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> & <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .38			
“ “ effervescing	oz. .30			
“ “ bi-, — so-called, — <i>is only Lithium carbonate!</i>				
“ chloride	oz. .45			
“ chromate, bi-, see Lithium, bi-chromate				
“ citrate, <i>cryst.</i> , — <i>Ph. Brit. new.</i>	oz. .36			
“ “ powder, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .35			
“ “ effervescing	oz. .30			
“ ferro-benzoate	oz. 1.00			
“ “ -citrate	oz. 1.00			
“ hippurate	oz. 2.50			
“ ichthyol - sulphonate, see under Ichthyol preparations				
“ iodide	oz. .67			
“ lactate	oz. .75			
“ nitrate	oz. .75			
“ oxalate	oz. 1.00			
“ oxide, caustic	oz. 1.40			
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate)	oz. 1.00			
“ phosphate	oz. 1.25			
“ salicylate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — chem. pure, <i>perf. white.</i>	oz. .49			
“ succinate	oz. 1.00			
“ sulphate, <i>cryst.</i>	oz. .45			
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz. .60			
“ sulpho-ichthyolate, see under Ichthyol prep.				
“ tartrate	oz. .75			
“ urate	oz. 2.00			
“ valerianate	oz. 1.00			
Lithium and Iron, benzoate; and, citrate; — see “Lithium, ferro-—,” etc.; etc.				
“ and Potassium, tartrate	oz. 1.75			
“ and Sodium, benzoate	oz. .65			
“ “ salicylate	oz. .60			
Lithium, Platinum, and Potassium, cyanuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides.				
Litmus, chem. pure, see Lacmus.				
“ commercial				
Litmus Paper, red or blue, see under Paper				
Liver of Antimony, — (sometimes called: “Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony”), — see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i>				
“ “ “ calcic, (Antimonic Liver of Lime), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated.				
“ of Lime, (<i>Calcic Liver of Sulphur</i>), see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
“ “ “ antimonic, (Calcic Liver of Antimony), see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated				
“ of Sulphur, (<i>Potassic L. of S.</i>), see Potassa, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades				
“ “ “ calcic, see Lime, sulphurated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
“ “ “ —antimoniated (<i>stibiated</i>), [Antimonic Liver of Lime], see Lime, antimonio-sulphurated				
“ “ “ sodic, see Soda, sulphurated, etc.				
Lobeline, sulphate	15 gr. 2.50			

	Containers incl.		
Madagascar Sugar , see Melampyrin			
Magdala Red , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Red			
Magistry of Bismuth , see Bismuth, sub-nitrate. chem. pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ of Sulphur, see Sulphur, precipitated, pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Magnesia , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — light, — (Light Cal- cined Magnesia—Magnesia <i>nsta levis</i>), —see Magnesium, oxide, light			
“ alba , so-called, (Magnesia hydrico-car- bonica), see Magnesium, carbonate, light, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ ponderosa , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , (Heavy Cal- cined Magnesia), see Magnesium, ox- ide, heavy			
Magnesia Hydrate , moist, see Magnesium, hydroxide, moist			
Magnesia, ricinated , see Magnesium, ri- cinate			
Magnesium , double salts of, see “Magnesium and —” (below!)			
“ metallic, bars	oz.	1.00	
“ “ wire or ribbon	oz.	1.00	
“ “ powder	oz.	1.00	
“ acetate	oz.	.20	
“ ethyl-sulphate, see Magn., eth.-sulph.			
“ benzoate	oz.	.40	
“ bi-phosphate, so-called, see Magnesium, phosphate, acid			
“ bi-sulphate	lb.	2.00	
“ borate	oz.	.25	
“ boro-citrate, powder	oz.	.22	
“ “ scales	oz.	.30	
“ bromide	oz.	.42	
“ carbonate, heavy (cryst.) [neutral]	lb.	1.25	
“ “ light (so-called “amorphous”) [basic], — (sub-carbonate), — [so- called “Magnesia alba”; Mag- nesia hydrico-carbonica], — <i>Mag- nesii carbonas, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.50	
“ chloride, crude	lb.	.30	
“ “ pure, cryst.	lb.	.40	
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.	lb.	.50	
“ “ “ fused	lb.	.75	
“ citrate, soluble	lb.	1.50	
“ “ in scales	oz.	.40	
“ “ effervescent, — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> , — (<i>Pulvis aërophorus cum Magnesia ci- trica</i>)	lb.	1.25	
“ “ effervescent, granulated, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (<i>Granella aërophora cum Magnesia citrica</i>)	lb.	.75	
“ ergotate, see Magnesium, sclerotate	15 gr.	.50	
“ ethyl-sulphate (sulpho-vinate)	oz.	.35	
“ formate	oz.	.50	
“ hydroxide, (Magnesia Hydrate), moist, pultaceous, [Magnesia hydrica multi- formis], — according to the Table of Re-agents of <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.75	
“ hypo-phosphite, chem. pure, cryst.	oz.	.35	
“ hypo-sulphite, see Magnesium, thio-sul- phate			
“ iodide	oz.	.70	
“ lactate, pure	oz.	.35	
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz.	.35	
“ malate	oz.	1.50	
“ nitrate, pure	lb.	1.00	
“ oxalate	lb.	1.50	

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Magnesium , oxide, light. (Light Calcined Magnesia—Magnesia usta levis),— <i>Magnesia</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.55	
“ “ heavy, (Heavy Calcined Magnesia).— <i>Magnesia ponderosa</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.75	
“ “ hydrated, moist, see Magnesium, hydroxide, moist			
“ phosphate, acid, (so-called “bi-phosphate”)	oz.	.35	
“ “ neutral, (Tri-magnesium ortho-Phosphate), pure	oz.	.19	
“ “ do., II	oz.	.18	
“ phospho-lactate, see Magnesium, lacto-phosphate			
“ rhodanide, see Magnesium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ ricinate, (Magnesia-and-Castor-oil Soap—Sapo ricini magnesiens), [Ricinated Magnesia]	lb.	1.75	
“ salicylate, cryst.,—easily soluble.—(A mild succedaneum for Bismuth Salicylate.)	oz.	.55	
“ sclerotate (ergotate)	15 gr.	.50	
“ silicate	oz.	.35	
“ succinate	oz.	.60	
“ sulphate, (Epsom Salt— <i>Sal amarum</i>), cryst., perfectly colorless	lb.	.30	
“ “ dry, perfectly white	lb.	.35	
“ “ chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.35	
“ “ “ “ exsiccated	lb.	.35	
“ “ bi-, see Magnesium, bi-sulphate			
“ sulphite,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.80	
“ sulpho-carbolate (sulpho-phenate, phenol-sulphonate)	oz.	.30	
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz.	.30	
“ sulpho-vinate, see Magnesium, ethylsulphate			
“ tartrate,—according to Rademacher	oz.	.35	
“ thio-cyanate, see Magn., sulpho-cyanate			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hyposulphite”)	oz.	.25	
“ urate	oz.	1.00	
“ valerianate	oz.	1.00	
Magnesium and Ammonium , arseniate (arsenate)	lb.	2.00	
“ and do., chloride—[$Mg Cl_2 \cdot N H_4 Cl \cdot 6 H_2 O$].—(Used for preparing the Magnesia mixture for the determination of Phosphoric Acid.)			
“ and do., phosphate	lb.	2.00	
“ “ sulphate	lb.	.60	
“ and Iron, salts, see under Iron, Mono-compounds			
“ and Platinum, cyanide, see under Platinum double Cyanides			
“ and Sodium, salts, see Sod. and Magn.			
Magnetic Oxide , see Iron, oxide, black			
Magnus's “Green Salt,” see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum tetra-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride			
Malachite , blue, artificial, see Copper, carbonate, blue			
“ (<i>Green Malachite</i>), artificial, see Copper, carbonate, green			
Malachite Green , (<i>not in any manner related to Green Malachite!</i>), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Green			
Maltin , see Diastase of Malt			

	Containers incl.		
Manchester Yellow , see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow.			
Manganese (Manganum), double salts of, see "Manganese and —" (below).			
“ metallic	15 gr.	.15	
“ acetate	oz.	.25	
“ arseniate (arsenate), pure	oz.	.45	
“ benzoate	oz.	1.00	
“ bin-oxide, see Manganese, per-oxide, artificial; — also: Manganese, oxide, black, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ bi-silicate, see Manganese, silicate			
“ borate. — [A paint-drier (siccative).]	lb.	.45	
“ bromide	oz.	.62	
“ carbonate, Manganous, chem. pure	lb.	2.00	
“ chloride, Manganous, pure, cryst.	lb.	1.00	
“ “ “ fused	oz.	.40	
“ “ “ crude	lb.	.40	
“ citrate	oz.	.50	
“ di-oxide, see Manganese, per-oxide, artificial; — also: Manganese, oxide, black, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ hypo-phosphite, chem. pure, cryst.	oz.	.35	
“ hypo-sulphate	oz.	1.00	
“ iodide	oz.	.75	
“ lactate	oz.	.45	
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz.	1.00	
“ nitrate, pure	oz.	.30	
“ oleate	oz.	.35	
“ oxalate	oz.	.30	
“ oxide, sesqui-, (Manganic oxide), anhydrous, pure	lb.	2.00	
“ “ “ hydrated	lb.	.75	
“ “ black, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Native Peroxide [Bin-oxide, Di-oxide] of Manganese), — [at least 66% MnO_2]; — (Black Manganese; also called "Pyrolusite").	lb.	2.00	
“ “ do., purified, see Manganese, per-oxide			
“ per-oxide (di-oxide), artificial, pure, — [abt. 90% MnO_2]; — (<i>Purified Black Oxide</i> of Manganese; <i>Purified Black Manganese</i>)	lb.	2.00	
“ phosphate, Manganous, pure	oz.	.45	
“ phospho-lactate, see Manganese, lacto-phosphate			
“ salicylate	oz.	1.50	
“ sesqui-oxide, see Manganese, oxide, sesqui-; etc.			
“ silicate (bi-silicate). — [Used in enameling.]	oz.	.40	
“ succinate	oz.	1.00	
“ sulphate, Manganous, crude	lb.	.50	
“ “ do., pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb.	.80	
“ “ “ “ exsiccated	lb.	2.00	
“ sulphite	lb.	1.75	
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate)	oz.	.50	
“ tannate	oz.	.55	
“ tartrate	oz.	.55	
“ valerianate	oz.	1.50	
Manganese, black ; and: do., do., purified; — see Manganese, oxide, black, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and: do., per-oxide, artificial.			
Manganese and Iron , salts, see under Iron, Mono-compounds; and under Iron, Sesqui-compounds.			
“ and Zinc, chloride, see Z. and M., chl.			

	Containers incl.		
Manna-sugar, (Mannitol, Mannol; Fraxin- Mannit) in; Granatin; formerly also called "Punicin")..	lb. 2.50		
" recrystallized from Alcohol.....	oz. .40		
Martius Yellow, see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes; Yellow.....			
Mass (Pill-mass), mercurial, [Mass of Mer- cury— <i>Massa hydrargyri, U. S. I h.</i> ; — Blue Mass].....	lb. 2.50		
" Vallet's, (Mass of Carbonate of Iron— <i>Massa ferri carbonatis, U. S. Ph.</i> ; — <i>Massa ferrata</i>).....	lb. .75		
Meat-sugar, see Inosit.....			
Meconin (Opianyl).....	15 gr. 1.00		
Melampyrit (Melampyrin; Dulcit, Dulcin, Dulcol, Dulcose, Dulcitol; Evonymit) [<i>Mad- agascar Sugar</i>], cryst.....	oz. 2.50		
Melanin	^{15/100} gr. 1.00		
Menthol (Peppermint-camphor), Japanese, cryst., dry, — in original 5-lb. tins, or in broken packages.....	lb. 3.00		
" recrystallized, chem. pure.....	lb. 4.00		
" benzoated.....	oz. 1.50		
Mercaptan, ethylic, (Ethyl Hydrosulphide [Sulphydrate]; Ethylic Thio-alcohol).....	15 gr. .35		
Mercur-ammonium, chloride, see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — infusible.....			
" - di-ammonium, chloride, see do., do., do., fusible.....			
" - di-benzene (<i>Di-phenyl-mercury</i>).—See <i>remark</i> relating to this <i>non-medicinal</i> , extremely poisonous <i>metallo-organic</i> compound,—under: "Mercury, di- phenate"; with which the former is sometimes erroneously confounded.			
" - thymol, (Thymol-Mercury), acetate, — [Thymol-acetate of Mercury].....			
Mercurial Ethiops, see Mercury, sulphide, black,— <i>so-called</i>			
Mercury (Mercurius; Hydrargyrum), double salts of, see "Mercury and —" (be- low!).....			
" metallic,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .90		
" chem. pure.....	lb. 1.05		
" acetate, Mercurous [Suboxide salt].....	oz. .40		
" " Mercuric [Peroxide salt].....	oz. .35		
" albuminated, fluid, — so-called, — see Mercury, <i>bi-chloride</i> , albuminated, etc. N. B.—See, also: Mercury, <i>bi-chlo- ride, albumino-saccharated, dry.</i>			
" ammoniated, so- called, — (<i>amidato-bi- chloride</i>), — <i>U. S. I h.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II.</i> , — in- fusible.....	(Ammonio-chloride of Mercury; Mercur- ammonium Chloride;— Infusible <i>White</i> Precipitate)	lb. 1.50	
" do., do., fusible, — <i>Ph. Neerl.</i> , — (Mercur- <i>di-ammonium Chloride</i> ; Fusible <i>White</i> Precipitate).....	lb. 1.50		
N. B.— <i>The above two preparations</i> <i>should not be confounded with the</i> <i>following:</i> —			
" ammoniated Nitrate of, (<i>Black Precipi- tate</i>), see Mercury, oxide, black, —so- called.....			
" antimonio-sulphide, (Antimonial Ethi- ops), [Black Sulphides of Antimony and Mercury; Mercurous Sulphide with Antimonous Sulphide].....	lb. 1.25		
" arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. .40		

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.			
Mercury, arsenite	oz. .60			
" arsenio-iodide, (Bin-iodide of Mercury with Ter-iodide of Arsenic)	oz. 1.00			
N. B. <i>Solution of above double salt, (Solution of Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, U. S. Ph.), [Donovan's Solution], see under Solutions.</i>				
" benzoate	oz. .60			
" bi-bromide	oz. .45			
" bi-chloride, called "corrosive chloride" (per-chloride), [Corrosive Sublimite], <i>cryst.</i> (<i>Hydrargyri chloridum corrosivum, U. S.</i>)	lb. 1.10			
" " powder	lb. 1.25			
" " recrystallized	lb. 1.50			
" " albuminated, (so-called "Albuminated Mercury"), <i>fluid</i> , acc. to Bamberger, [Liquor hydrargyri albuminati B.]; containing 1% of Corrosive Sublimite.	oz. .35			
" " albumino-saccharated (saccharo-albuminated), <i>dry</i> , — acc. to Schneider, — containing 0.4% of Corrosive Sublimite. [Used for wound-dressing, it furnishes a constant source of HgCl ₂ ,—which salt is gradually dissolved-out by the serum secretion.]				
" " carbamidated (ureated), [Corrosive Sublimite with Urea], (so-called "Carbamidated" or "Ureated Mercury")	oz. 1.00			
" " peptonized, (so-called "Peptonized Mercury"), <i>liquid</i> , [1% of Sublimite]				
" " " <i>dry</i> ,—[10% of Sublimite]	oz. .50			
" bin-iodide (per-iodide) [red iodide], (Mercuric Iodide),— <i>Hydrargyri iodidum rubrum, U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .34			
" " with Arsenic Ter-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.				
" bi-sulphate, — improperly so-called, — see Mercury, sulphate, Mercuric, <i>neutral</i> .				
" borate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt]	oz. .50			
" bromide	oz. .45			
" bi-, see Mercury, bi-bromide.				
" carbamidated, — so-called, — see Mercury, <i>bi-chloride</i> , carbamidated				
" carbolate ,— acc. to Dr. K. Schadeck, — see Mercury, phenate				
" carbolate, di-, see Mercury, di-phenate.				
" carbonate, Mercurous [Suboxide salt]	oz. .50			
" chloride, called "mild chloride"! (proto- or mono-chloride), [Calomel], (<i>Hydrargyri chloridum mile</i>), sublimed, in lumps.	lb. 1.50			
" " <i>do.</i> "do. do.,"—sublimed, levigated (washed)	lb. 1.50			
" " " " " condensed by steam	lb. 1.50			
" " " " " <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , precipitated; by wet process.	lb. 1.50			
" chloride, bi- see Mercury, <i>bi-chloride</i>				
" " <i>corrosive</i> , <i>ride, U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
" " <i>mild</i> , see Mercury, chloride, called "mild chloride"! <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.				
" chloro-iodide	oz. .50			
" chromate	oz. .40			
" citrate, insoluble in Water and in Alcohol	oz. .50			

℞ When ordering, specify: "MERCCK'S"!

	Containers incl.		
Mercury, cyanide, cryst., <i>U. S. Ph.</i> (Lately, a powerful specific in Diphtheria!)		oz.	.40
“ di-phenate (di-phenylate, di-carbolate), = Hg (C ₆ H ₅ O) ₂	15 gr.	.50	
N. B.—The above medicinal substance (as also the simple Mercury Phenate), is <i>not to be confounded</i> —as some professional journals have done—with the destructively toxic, and non-medicinal, DI-PHENYL-MERCURY (Mercur-di-benzene) = Hg (C ₆ H ₅) ₂ !			
“ ferro-cyanide, pure		oz.	.50
“ form-amidated, solution, [1% Per-oxide]		lb.	1.00
“ “ “ [10% “ “]		oz.	.30
“ glyco-cholate, solution, [1% “ “]		oz.	.50
“ gyno-cardate, — extract consistency		oz.	1.50
“ Hahnemann's soluble, see Mercury, oxide, black, — so-called			
“ iodide, green (“yellow”), [prot-iodide], (Mercurous Iodide), — <i>Hydrargyri iodidum viride, U. S. Ph.</i>	oz.	.31	
“ “ bin-(per-) . . . } see Mercury, bin-			
“ “ red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , } iodide			
“ “ do., with Arsenic Ter-iodide, see Mercury, arsenio-iodide,			
“ “ sesqui-, see Merc., sesqui-iodide			
“ lactate	oz.	1.00	
“ mercaptide	15 gr.	.50	
“ methylo-chloride	15 gr.	.50	
“ nitrate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt]	oz.	.25	
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt], normal, cryst.	oz.	.25	
“ “ “ basic, (Sub-nitrate of Mercury), [Nitric Turpeth]	oz.	.25	
“ “ ammoniated, (Black Precipitate), see Mercury, oxide, black, — so-called,			
N. B.—The above preparation should <i>not be confounded</i> with the so-called “Ammoniated Mercury,” <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , etc., (White Precipitate);— <i>which see also!</i>			
“ oleate, — [15% Per-oxide]	oz.	.30	
“ “ — [10% “ “]	oz.	.25	
“ oxalate, Mercurous [Suboxide salt]	oz.	.50	
“ “ Mercuric [Peroxide salt]	oz.	.55	
“ oxide, black, — so-called, — (Hahnemann's Soluble Mercury; Ammoniated Nitrate of Mercury), — [Black Precipitate]	oz.	.30	
“ “ red, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Mercuric oxide; per-oxide, — by <i>dry</i> process), — [Red Precipitate]	lb.	1.60	
“ “ “ —levigated	lb.	1.75	
“ “ yellow, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Mercuric oxide; per-oxide, — by <i>wet</i> process), — [Yellow Precipitate]	oz.	.18	
“ oxy-cyanide, — (Succedaneum for Mercury bi-chloride; more powerful as a disinfectant; and better tolerated as a medicine.)			
“ oxy-sulphate, (Yellow Sub-sulphate of Mercury, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>), see Mercury, sulphate, Mercuric, basic			
“ palmitate, — [10% Per-oxide]	oz.	.35	
“ peptonized, — so-called, — liquid and dry, — see Mercury, bi-chloride, peptonized, etc.; etc.			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Mercury, per-oxide, by <i>dry</i> process, see Mercury, oxide, red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and: do., do., do., levigated			
“ do., by <i>wet</i> process, see Mercury, oxide, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate),—according to Dr. K. Schadeck	oz. 1.00		
<i>N.B. Compare, also, remark under Mercury, di-phenate.</i>			
“ phenate, di-, see Mercury, di-phenate ..			
“ phosphate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt] ..	oz. .45		
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt]	oz. .45		
“ precipitate, black, (Hahnemann's Soluble Mercury), see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called			
“ “ red, see Mercury, oxide, red, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and: do., do., do., levigated			
“ “ white, infusible, see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—infusible			
“ “ do., fusible, see do., do., do., fusible ..			
“ “ yellow, see Mercury, oxide, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
“ rhodanide, see Mercury, sulpho-cyanate			
“ saccharo-albuminated <i>Bi-chloride</i> of,—dry, see Mercury, bi-chloride, albumino-saccharated, etc.			
“ salicylate. — (Anew favored by recent syphilidologists.)	oz. 1.00		
“ santoninate (<i>not</i> santonate!), Mercurous [Suboxide salt]	oz. 1.00		
“ sesqui-iodide, (Mercurio-mercuriodide) soluble, Hahnemann's, see Mercury, oxide, black,—so-called	oz. 1.00		
“ stearate	oz. .40		
“ stibiato-sulphide, see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide			
“ sub-nitrate, see Mercury, nitrate, Mercurous, basic			
“ sub-sulphate, yellow, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Mercury, sulphate, Mercuric, <i>basic</i> ..			
“ sulphate, Mercuric [Peroxide salt], <i>neutral</i> , — (Per-sulphate of Mercury; sometimes improperly called “Bi-sulphate”)	lb. 1.00		
“ “ Mercuric, <i>basic</i> , (Turpeth Mineral), [Oxy-mercuric sulphate; Oxy-sulphate of Mercury]; — Yellow Sub-sulphate of Mercury, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ..	lb. 1.40		
“ “ Mercurous [Suboxide salt]	lb. 1.50		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), black,— <i>so-called</i> ; — [Mercurous sulphide, <i>with excess of Sulphur!</i>]; — <i>formerly: U. S. Ph.</i> ; (Ethiops Mineral, Mercurial Ethiops)	lb. .90		
“ “ red (Mercuric), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Best Artificial Cinnabar; Vermilion) ..	lb. 1.30		
“ sulphite, Mercuric [Peroxide salt], <i>neutral</i>			
“ sulpho-cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide)	oz. .35		
“ tannate, Mercurous (Suboxide salt), — containing 50% of Mercury	oz. .48		
“ tartrate	oz. .40		
“ thio-cyanate, see Mercury, sulpho-cyanate			
“ thymol-acetate, see Mercur-Thymol, ac-ureated (carbamidated), — so-called,—see Merc., <i>bi-chloride</i> , carbamidated ..			

	Containers incl.		
Mercury, di-Phenyl. —See <i>remark</i> under Mercury, di-phenate.			
Mercury and Ammonium , chloride, infusible, — Ph. G. II. — (Ammoniochloride of M., Amidato-bichloride of M., Mercur-ammonium chloride; Infusible White Precipitate),—see Mercury, ammoniated, so-called, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> — <i>infusible</i>			
“ and do. , do. , fusible, (Mercur-di-ammonium chloride; Fusible White Precipitate),—Ph. Neerl.,—see do. , do. , do. , <i>fusible</i>			
“ and do. , sulphate, (<i>Tetra-mercur-di-ammonium sulphate</i> ; <i>Di-mercur-ammonium basic sulphate</i>), [Ammoniacal Turpeth].....	lb. 2.00		
“ and Antimony Sulphides (Black Sulphides [Sulphurets]), see Mercury, antimonio-sulphide.....			
“ and Arsenic Iodides , see Mercury, arsenio-iodide.....			
“ and do. do. , <i>solution</i> ; <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , (Donovan's Solution), see Solutions: Arsenic and Mercury Iodides.....			
“ and Iron , cyanide, so-called, see Mercury, ferro-cyanide.....			
“ and Potassium , cyanide.....	oz. .65		
“ “ “ iodide.....	oz. .75		
“ “ “ tartrate.....	oz. .45		
Mercury Amalgams : of Sodium; of Tin and Zinc; and of Zinc;—see: Sodium Amalgam; Zinc Amalgam; Zinc and Tin, Amalgam..			
Mercury with Chalk ,—[1 part of Purified Mercury: 2 of Prepared Chalk].....	lb. 1.25		
Mesitylene , chem. pure.....	15 gr. .40		
meta-Chloral , see Chloral, meta-.....			
meta-Di-amido-benzene (-benzol), meta-Phenylene-di-amine], hydrochlorate, see Di-amido-benzene, meta-, etc.....			
meta-Di-oxy-toluene , <i>symm.</i> , see Orcin... ..			
meta-Nitro-aniline , see Nitro-aniline, meta-.....			
Metal , fusible,—acc. to Rose.....	oz. 1.00		
“ “ “ “ Wood.....	oz. 1.00		
Methol , see Alcohol, methylic.....			
Meth-oxy-Caffeine , see Methyl-oxy-Caff.			
Methyl , acetate.....	oz. .50		
“ benzoate, (so-called “Essence of Niobe”).....	oz. .60		
“ bi-chloride,—acc. to Richardson.....	oz. .75		
“ cyanide, (Cyano-methyl), [Aceto-nitrile].....	oz. 5.00		
“ butyrate.....	oz. 2.00		
“ formate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ iodide, (Mono-iod-methane).....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ oxalate.....	oz. 1.00		
“ oxide, hydrated, see Alcohol, methylic.....			
“ phenate, see Anisol.....			
“ salicylate, (Mono-methylic Ether of Salicylic Acid), [so-called “Methyl-salicylic Acid,” or “Gaultheric Acid”].—The principal constituent of Wintergreen Oil.....	oz. .65		
“ sebacylate.....	oz. 2.00		
Methyl Chloroform , (Di-chloride of Mono-chloro-ethylidene).....	oz. 1.00		
Methylal	oz. 2.50		
Methyl-amine (Amido-methane), chloride..	oz. 3.00		
Methyl-aniline	lb. 2.00		
Methyl-benzene (-benzol), see Toluene... ..			
Methyl-glycocoll [-glycocine], see Sarcosine.....			

Methyl-oxy-Caffeine (Meth-oxy-Caffeine)	Containers incl. 15 gr. .75		
Methyl-propyl-benzene (-benzol), para-, see Cymene			
Methyl-Strychnine	15 gr. 5.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate), cryst.	15 gr. 2.00		
Methylene Chloride (bi-chloride) Merck, chem. pure.—[Di-chlor-methane]	oz. .60		
Methylene-proto-catechu-aldehyd, see Piperonal, chem. pure			
Mezerein, see Extracts: Mezerein; also, etc.			
Microcosmic Salt, see Sodium and Ammonium, phosphate			
Milk - sugar (Saccharum lactis; Lactose, Lactin), cryst.	lb. .50		
“ powder	lb. .50		
“ U. S. Ph., recrystallized	lb. .65		
Milk of Sulphur, pure, see Sulphur, precipi- tated, pure, U. S. Ph.			
Mindererus's Spirit, so-called, see Solutions: Ammonium acetate			
Mineral Chameleon, (Chameleon Mineral), see Potassium, manganate			
Mineral, Cobaltum-, so-called, (so-called “Metallic” Arsenic), — see Arsenic, cryst.			
“ Ethiops-, see Mercury, sulphide, black, —so-called			
“ Kermes-, see Antimony, sulphide, red, —so-called			
“ Turpeth-, see Mercury, sulphate, Mer- curic, basic, — U. S. Ph.			
Mirbane Essence, (Mirbane Oil),—so-called, —see Nitro-benzene			
Mollin, pure	lb. 1.00		
Mollin Ointments. —with:—			
Acid, carbolic, —3-5%	lb. 1.25		
“ salicylic, —3-5%	lb. 1.25		
“ tannic, —5%	lb. 1.25		
Balsam, Peru-, —10%	lb. 1.50		
Birch tar, (Pix betula), —10-20%	lb. 1.25		
Croelin, —1-2%.—(According to Prof. Dr. Esmarch, a Croelin ointment is prefer- able, as a gynecological lubricant, to a Corrosive-Sublimate preparation.)	lb. 1.50		
Chrys-arobin, —5%	lb. 1.50		
Ichthyol, —10-50%	lb. 2.25		
Iodoform, —10%	lb. 2.50		
Mercury, “ammoniated,” (White Precip- itate), —10%	lb. 1.50		
“ bi-chloride, (Corrosive Sublimate), —1%	lb. 1.50		
“ metallic, —(Blue Ointment), —33%	lb. 1.75		
“ “ (do, do.), —50%	lb. 2.00		
“ red oxide, (Red Precipitate), —5%	lb. 1.50		
Naphthalene, 10%	lb. 1.25		
Naphthol, Beta-, —5%	lb. 1.15		
Potassium Iodide, —10%	lb. 2.25		
Resorcin, —10%	lb. 1.25		
Sozo-iodole	lb. 2.00		
Storax (Styrax), 10%	lb. 1.50		
Sulphur, 30-50%	lb. 1.25		
Thymol, 5%	lb. 1.75		
Molybdenum (Molybda-nim), metallic	15 gr. .50		
“ oxide, pure	oz. 1.00		
Mono-brom-benzene (-benzol), [Bromated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Bromide)	oz. 1.00		
Mono-brom-ethane, see Ether, hydrobromic			
Mono-brom-naphthalene, Alpha-, see Naphthalene, Alpha-mono-bromated			
Mono - brom - phenyl - acet - amide, see Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono-			

	Containers incl		
Mono-chlor-benzene (-benzol), [Chlorated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Chloride)	oz. 1.00		
Mono-chlor-ethylene Di-chloride , (Hyper-chlor-acetyl)	oz. 1.00		
Mono-chlor-ethylidene Di-chloride , see Methyl Chloroform			
Mono-chlor-hydrin	oz. 1.50		
Mono-chlor-toluene (-toluol)			
Mono-iod-benzene (-benzol), [Iodated Benzene (Benzol)], (Phenyl Iodide)	oz. 5.00		
Mono-iod-ethane , see Ether, hydro-iodic			
Mono-iod-methane , see Methyl, iodide			
Mono-methyl-catechol (Absolute [Medicinal] Guaiacol), - see Guaiacol, chem. pure			
Monsel's Salt , see Iron, sub-sulphate			
“ Solution, see Solutions: Iron sub-sulphate, U. S. Ph.			
Mordant (“Preparing-”) Salt, see Sodium, stannate			
Morphine (Morphia, “Morphium”), pure, cryst., <i>Morphina</i> , U. S. Ph.	1 oz. vls. oz. 4.50		
“ pure, precipitated	oz. vls. oz. 4.35		
“ acetate, — U. S. Ph.	oz. vls. oz. 2.90		
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ asparagat	oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ benzoate	oz. vls. oz. 5.50		
“ bi-meconate, see Morphine, meconate			
“ borate	1 oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ camphorate	1 oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ citrate	1 oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ ferro-hydrocyanate	1 oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ formate	1 oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ hydrobromate	1 oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ hydrochlorate, cryst., — U. S. Ph.	oz. vls. oz. 2.90		
“ “ powder, — Ph. Brit.	1 oz. vls. oz. 2.90		
“ hydrocyanate			
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate)	1 oz. vls. oz. 8.00		
“ hypo-phosphite	1 oz. vls. oz. 5.50		
“ lactate	oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ meconate (bi-meconate)	oz. vls. oz. 3.75		
“ nitrate	oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ oleate, solution [20% Morphine]	oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
“ phosphate	oz. vls. oz. 7.00		
“ phtalate , — <i>so soluble in 4 parts Water</i> . — (The solution is very stable, and its subcutaneous administration is reported to be painless.)	1 oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ saccharinate (<i>not saccharate!</i>)			
“ “ bi-			
“ salicylate	1 oz. vls. oz. 5.50		
“ sulphate, cryst., — U. S. Ph., — <i>but soluble</i> (as conforming to Ph. G. II) <i>in 14 parts of Water!</i>	1 oz. vls. oz. 2.90		
“ “ with Strychnine	oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
“ tannate	1 oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
“ tartrate	oz. vls. oz. 3.85		
“ valerianate	1 oz. vls. oz. 4.75		
Morphine and Codeine , hydrochlorate, see Salt, Gregory's			
“ and Iron Oxide , hydrocyanate, see Morphine, ferro-hydrocyanate			
Morrhual . — (Regarded as the active principle of Cod-liver Oil).	15 gr. .28		
Mountain-blue , artificial, see Copper, carbonate, blue			
“ -green, artificial, see do., do., green			
Mucin , — from bile	15 gr. 1.00		
Muira puama . — (the new Aphrodisiac), — see under Fluid Extracts			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Nacar , see Carmine, pure, in lumps				
Napelline .—Alkaloid from Aconitum napellus or from Aconitum lycoctonum				
Naphtha, Coal-tar -, see Benzene, anthracic				
“ Petroleum -, see Benzin, petroleic.				
“ vitriolic -, so-called, — see Ether, sulphuric.				
“ Wood -, see Alcohol, methylic.				
Naphthalene (Naphthalin), crude.				
“ perf. white, cryst.				
“ “ “ resublimed.				
“ chem. pure, purified by Alcohol,—for internal use and antiseptic bandages				
“ Alpha-di-chlorated , (Alpha-Di-chlor-naphthalene), cryst., — melting-point 35° C [95 F]				
“ Alpha-mono-bromated , (Alpha-Mono-brom-naphthalene).				
“ tetra-chloride				
Naphthalene Tapers				
Naphthalol , see Betol				
Naphtho-quinone (-chinone, -kinone), Alpha-				
Naphthol, Alpha -, recryst., perf. white.—(Recently brought to notice as a very efficient bactericide.)				
“ Beta -, (Iso-Naphthol), purified				
“ “ “ white, cryst.				
“ “ “ recrystallized				
“ “ “ resublimed, — medicinal!				
Naphthol, Beta -, salicylate, see Betol				
Naphthol Tapers				
Naphtho-salol , see Betol.				
Naphthyl-amine , crude				
“ pure, white.				
“ chloride				
Narceine , pure				
“ acetate				
“ hydrobromate				
“ hydrochlorate, Merck, chem. pure .—Prismatic crystals, easily soluble in Alcoholized Water; chemically neutral salt, — answering absolutely to the formula: C ₂₃ H ₂₉ N O ₉ · H Cl.—(A valuable sedative and hypnotic, preferred to Morphine, — especially in mental affections.)				
“ nitrate				
“ sulphate				
“ valerianate				
Narcotine , pure				
“ hydrochlorate				
“ sulphate				
Natrio- (Sodio-) Ethyl , see Sodium, ethylate, etc., etc.				
Natrium, Natrum (Natron), and compounds, — see Sodium, etc.; and, Soda, etc.				
Neriin .—Glucoside from Nerium Oleander L.—(Digitalein-action claimed by Schmiedeberg.)				
Neurine , solution [25%].				
Nickel (Niccolum), double salts of, see “Nickel and —” (below!)				
“ metallic, chem. pure.				
“ “ — [98–99%], granulated				
“ “ — [98–99%], in cubes				
“ “ sheet and wire.				
Containers incl.				
15 gr. 5.00				
lb. .20				
lb. .25				
lb. .25				
oz. .25				
oz. .25				
oz. 1.50				
oz. 1.25				
oz. 1.00				
lb. 1.00				
15 gr. 6.00				
oz. .40				
lb. .75				
oz. .25				
oz. .40				
oz. .60				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 8.50				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 7.50				
oz. vls. oz. 1.50				
oz. vls. oz. 1.50				
oz. vls. oz. 1.50				
15 gr. .45				
oz. 2.00				
lb. 1.50				
lb. 1.50				
lb. 2.00				

	Containers incl.		
Nickel (<i>as above!</i>), metallic:—Anodes, cast or forged	lb. 2.00		
SIZES OF THE ANODES IN MILLIMETRES:			
(Extra sizes to order.)			
a: forged.	b: cast.		
300×200×2	100×100×3		
300×200×1	150×80×4		
200×100×2	200×100×5		
200×100×1			
“ acetate	oz. .50		
“ benzoate	oz. .75		
“ bromide	oz. .37		
“ carbonate	oz. .25		
“ chloride	oz. .20		
“ citrate	oz. .50		
“ cyanide	oz. 1.50		
“ hydroxide, Niccolous, see Nickel, oxydulate, hydrated			
“ iodide	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, pure	oz. .25		
“ oxalate	oz. .45		
“ oxide, black, (sesqui-oxide)	oz. .25		
“ “ “ chem. pure	oz. .80		
“ “ green, commercial	oz. .25		
“ oxydulate (prot-oxide), hydrated, [Niccolous Hydroxide]	oz. .75		
“ phosphate	oz. .45		
“ sulphate	lb. .60		
“ tartrate	oz. .35		
Nickel and Ammonium, chloride	oz. .25		
“ “ “ citrate	oz. .35		
“ “ “ nitrate	oz. .35		
“ “ “ sulphate	lb. .60		
“ and Potassium, sulphate	oz. .35		
Nicotine	¹ / ₅ oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
Nigrosine ,—Water-soluble; and, Alcohol-soluble,—see under Aniline and Phenol			
Dyes: Black			
Nihil album , see Zinc, oxide, by dry process			
Niobe Essence , so-called, see Methyl, benzoate			
Niobium , metallic, pure	15 gr. 5.00		
Nitre , cubic, see Sodium, nitrate			
“ lunar, see Silver, nitrate, cryst.			
“ prismatic, see Potassium, nitrate, chem. pure, cryst.			
“ tabulated, see Potassium, nitrate, in flat drops			
Nitric Turpeth , see Mercury, nitrate, Mercurous, basic			
Nitro-aniline , meta-	oz. 3.00		
Nitro-benz-aldehyd , ortho-			
Nitro-benzene (Nitro-benzol, Nitro-benzide) [so-called “Oil of Mirbane,” “Essence of Mirbane”] (<i>erroneously called</i> : “Artificial Volatile Oil of Bitter Almonds”,— <i>which latter see</i> , under: Benz-aldehyd!);—light-colored	lb. .60		
Nitro-glycerine Tablets , Martindale's,—containing 0.00065 gramme [0.01 grain] of Nitro-glycerine each, in boxes of 48 or 96 tablets			
Nitro-phenol , ortho-, colorless crystals,—melting-point 115° C [239° F]	oz. 1.00		
“ para-, yellow,—melt.-pt. 45° C [113° F]	oz. 1.75		
Normal Solutions , titrated, (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			

Oils, divers, *continued*:

Henbane-leaves (Hyoscyamus); by digestion, [*Oleo-infusum* of Hyoscyamus, *Oleum coctum (infusum) Hyoscyami foliorum*]
 Henbane-seed; expressed, fatty
 Juniper-wood; empyreumatic, see Oil, Cade
 Lignite; empyreumatic, — (Pyro-carbonic Oil), [*Lignite Tar*]
 Mace, so-called, see Oil, Nutmeg; expressed so-called of Male Fern, (Oleo-resin of Aspidium), see Extracts; Male Fern, ethereal so-called — of Mirbane, (so-called "Essence of Mirbane"), see Nitro-benzene
 Nutmeg; expressed, — (Nutmeg-butter), [so-called "Oil of Mace"]
 Peach-kernel; fatty
 Perseet (Persico); for preparing liquors.
 Philosophers', — (*Oleum Philosophorum*)... pyro-carbonic, see Oil, Lignite
 sulphurated Linseed- (Flaxseed-), — [*Oleum Lini sulphuratum*], (Balsam of Sulphur) do. do., terebinthinated; (Haarlem Oil; Dutch Drops), [*Oleum Lini terebinthinatum sulphuratum*], (Terebinthinated Balsam of Sulphur)
 Theobroma, see Butter, Cacao-
 Tobacco; empyreumatic, — *U. S. Ph.* 1870..
 Wax; rectified, clear
 " " dark
 Wine; heavy, — (so-called "Heavy Ethereal Oil"), [*Oleum Vini (atherum) ponderosum*], — (*Oleum atherum, U. S. Ph.* is a 50% [by volume] solution of this Oil, in Stronger Ether.)
 Wood-, — so-called, — ("East-Indian Wood-oil," or: "East-India Copaiva Balsam," — so-called); — see Balsams: Gurjun

Containers incl.

lb. .60

lb. .60

lb. 1.00

oz. .40

oz. 1.50

lb. .50

lb. .60

lb. .60

oz. 2.00

oz. .50

oz. .40

lb. 5.00

N. B. — See, also: — Oils, — so-called, — flavoring: (Apple-; Fusel-; Grape- [Cognac-]; Pear-; Rum-), — after: "Essential Oils."

Oils, Essential, see immediately below:—

Essential Oils, — (inserted in alphabetical place of: *Oils, Essential*), — [*Olea aetherea, volatilia, destillata*], (Volatile Oils, Ethereal Oils, Distilled Oils):—

Abies, see Essential Oil, Norway Pine
 Absinthium, see Ess. Oil, Wormwood
 Achillea (A. millefolium), see E. Oil, Yarrow
 Almond, Bitter, see Ess. Oil, Bitter Almond
 Amber rectified
 Angelica, European: root 30fold
 animal, — Dippel's twice rectified
 Anise: fruit, (Aniseed) duplex
 " Star-, (Chinese Anise), [Illicium]: fruit, [Badiane] duplex
 Arnica: flowers; true
 Artemisia maritima: flower-buds, — see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed
 Badiane, see Essential Oil, Anise, Star-
 Balm (Lemon-Balm) [Melissa], German: herb
 Balsam Copaiva, see Essential Oil, Copaiva.
 Bergamot: fruit-rind
 " do. sesquiduplex
 Birch; distilled from Empyreumatic Birch-oil, — (which compare, under: Oils, divers)

lb. .60

oz. 8.00

oz. .40

lb. 5.50

lb. 4.50

½ oz. vis. oz. 30.00

oz. 1.25

lb. 3.25

lb. 12.00

lb. 1.50

	Containers incl.		
Essential Oils , — (inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i>), — <i>continued</i> :			
Bitter Almond, — true	lb. 5.00		
“ “ — artificial, — free from Hydrocyanic Acid; — (<i>not</i> = Nitrobenzene!); — see Benzaldehyd			
Calamus (Sweet Flag): root (rhizome).....	lb. 3.25		
“ do..... duplex	oz. 1.25		
Caraway-seed; from Dutch seeds.....	lb. 3.00		
“ extra strong, — (<i>Carrol</i>)	oz. .50		
“ sesquiduplex	oz. .75		
Cassia-bark, see Ess. Oil, Cinnamon, Chinese.....			
Cedar, Red, (<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>), see Ess. Oil, Red Cedar			
Chamomile-flowers, German; blue, true... ..	oz. 3.00		
“ Roman (English).....	oz. 1.50		
Cherry-laurel: leaves.....	oz. .75		
Cina, see Essential Oil, Levant Wormseed. .			
Cinnamon, Chinese, (<i>Cassia Cinnamon</i> — <i>Cassia lignea</i>): bark..... duplex	oz. 1.25		
Cloves..... duplex	lb. 3.00		
“ duplex	oz. .65		
— so-called — of Cognac, see Ether, oenanthic			
Copaiva (<i>Copaiva-balsam</i>).....	lb. 2.00		
Coriander: fruit..... sextuple	oz. 2.00		
Cubeb: fruit.....	oz. 1.25		
Cumin: fruit..... quadruple	oz. 1.50		
Eucalyptus; Australian, — from <i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i> , (<i>Peppermint-tree</i>), and various allied species.....	lb. 2.00		
Eucalyptus <i>globulus</i> : leaves; dextrogyrate	lb. 2.50		
N. B. — See, also: <i>Eucalyptol</i> ; and, <i>Eucalyptol, chem. pure!</i>			
Fennel: fruit.....	lb. 2.00		
“ “ duplex	lb. 4.00		
Gaultheria, see Essential Oil, Wintergreen .			
(Ginger: root (rhizome); true.....	oz. .75		
Grape-marc (<i>Vitis vinifera</i>), — so-called, — see Ether, oenanthic			
Hops.....	oz. 4.50		
Illicium (Star-anise), see Essent. Oil, Anise, Star.....			
Juniper (<i>Juniperus communis</i>): berries; best	lb. 2.50		
“ do.; do..... 20fold	oz. 2.00		
Juniper (<i>Juniperus communis</i>): wood.....	lb. .60		
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i> , see Ess. Oil, Red Cedar			
Laurel (Sweet Bay): fruit.....	oz. 1.00		
Lavender: flowers..... sesquiduplex	oz. 1.00		
Lemon: fruit-rind.....	lb. 2.25		
“ “ 30fold	oz. 5.00		
Lemon-balm, see Ess. Oil, Balm.....			
Levant Wormseed, (<i>Cina</i> ; <i>Santonica</i> ; — <i>Semen contra</i> ; <i>Semen sanctus</i>): [the flower-buds of <i>Artemisia maritima</i>].....	oz. .25		
Matico: leaves.....	oz. 4.00		
Melissa, German, see Ess. Oil, Balm.....			
Milfoil (<i>Millefolium</i>), see Ess. Oil, Yarrow .			
Mint, Curled, (<i>Mentha crispa</i>): herb, — double			
Mint, Pepper-, see Ess. Oil, Peppermint .			
“ “ Chinese or Japanese, — (<i>Poho-oil</i>), see Ess. Oil, Peppermint, Chinese; <i>true</i>			
Mustard, Black: seed; true.....	lb. 12.00		
“ “ — artificial, — (<i>Allyl Sulphocyanate</i> [<i>Thio-cyanate</i>], — synthetically prepared)....	lb. 7.00		
Norway Pine, (<i>Norway Spruce Fir</i>), [<i>Abies</i>]: shoots.....	lb. 1.75		
Orange: fruit-rind..... 30fold	oz. 6.00		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK’S”!

	Containers incl.	
Essential Oils ,—(inserted in alphabetical place of: <i>Oils, Essential</i>),— <i>continued</i> :		
Pepper, Black	oz. .50	
Peppermint: herb	oz. 1.50	
Peppermint, Chinese (Japanese); <i>true</i> ,— [Poho-oil]; only in original flasks		
Pine-needles (Leaves of <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>)	lb. 1.50	
Pine-shoots,—(<i>Oleum templinum</i>),—see Ess. Oil, <i>Pinus pumilio</i>		
<i>Pinus pumilio</i> , (Hungarian Balsam tree): shoots; [<i>Oleum templinum</i>]	oz. .75	
“ <i>sylvestris</i> , see Ess. Oil, Pine-needles		
Poho, see Ess. Oil, Peppermint, Chinese		
Red Cedar, (<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>): root	lb. 1.00	
Santal, East-Indian: wood, (Sandal-wood)		
“ [Yellow Saunders, White Saunders]	lb. 7.00	
“ West-Indian: wood	lb. 4.00	
Santonica (Cina), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed		
Sassafras: wood; true	lb. 1.00	
“ “ “ double	lb. 4.00	
Savin: tops	lb. 1.25	
Semen cinæ, (<i>Semen contra</i> ; <i>S. sanctum</i> ; <i>S. santonici</i>), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed		
<i>Spiræa ulmaria</i> , (Meadow-sweet), see Acid, salicylic		
Star-Anise, see Ess. Oil, Anise, Star-		
Sweet Flag, see Ess. Oil, Calamus		
Tansy: leaves	lb. 12.00	
Templin (Pine-shoot), see Ess. Oil, <i>Pinus pumilio</i>		
Thyme: herb	oz. 1.00	
Turpentine	lb. .40	
“ rectified	lb. .50	
“ —Hydrochlorates of,—see Turpentine-oil, mono-hydrochlorate; and, do., di-hydrochlorate		
Valerian: root	oz. .75	
<i>Vitis vinifera</i> , (Grape-marc),—so-called,—see Ether, oenanthic		
Wintergreen (<i>Gaultheria</i>): leaves, rectified	oz. .50	
Wormseed, Levant-, (<i>Santonica</i>), see Ess. Oil, Levant Wormseed		
Wormwood (<i>Absinthium</i>): herb; true	lb. 8.00	
“ do.; do.	oz. 2.50	
Yarrow (Milfoil— <i>Achillea millefolium</i>): flowering herb	oz. 1.50	
Oils so-called, —flavoring:		
Apple, see Amyl, valerianate		
Cognac- (<i>Grape</i> -), see Ether, oenanthic		
Fusel-, see Alcohol, amylic		
Pear-, see Amyl, acetate		
Rum-, see Essential Spirits: Rum,—concentrated		
Ointment , blue, (<i>Unguentum Hydragryri cinereum</i> , Ph. G. II),—[33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % Mercury]	lb. .60	
“ do., duplex,—[50% Mercury]	lb. .80	
“ “ with Cerate of Nutmeg-butter, (cum Cerato Myristicæ; cum Balsamo Nucistæ),—[50% Mercury]		
“ “ with Lanolin,—[50% Mercury]	lb. 2.00	
“ (Chaulmoogra (<i>Gynocardia</i>), [1 part of Chaulmoogra-oil: 3 of Vaseline])	lb. 2.00	
Ointments on Mollin (a new Ointment-base), see Mollin Ointments		
Oleandrin , Glucoside from Oleander (<i>Nerium</i> , O., Linné). [<i>Digitalin</i> -action claimed by Schmiedeberg.]		
Olea ætherea (<i>volatilis, destillata</i>), see Oils, essential, [<i>Essential Oils</i>]		

When ordering, specify: “MERCCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Olea cocta (<i>infusa</i>), see <i>Oleum coctum</i> etc.			
Olea varia, see Oils, divers			
Olein, see Acid, oleic			
Oleo-infusion (<i>Oleol</i>) [<i>Oleum coctum (infusum)</i>] of Henbane-leaves (<i>Hyoscyamus</i>), see under Oils, divers			
Oleoresins :			
Aspidium (Male Fern), <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Extracts; Male Fern,—etheral			
“ —Ph. G. II,—see same,—free fr. Ether			
Capsicum.— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> —(Etheral Extract of Guinea Pepper—of <i>Capsicum fastigiatum</i>)	oz. .75		
Other Etheral Extracts, (<i>Oleoresins</i>):—			
Brayera (Kousso)			
Cantharides			
Cubeb		See likewise	
Eucalyptus			
Indian Hemp (<i>Cannabis</i>)		under	
Kamala (<i>Rottlera</i>)			
Matico		<i>Extracts.</i>	
Mezereon			
Phellandrium			
Valerian			
<i>Oleum æthereum ponderosum</i> , so-called, (<i>Oleum Vini ponderosum</i>), see Oils, divers; Wine; heavy.—[<i>Oleum æthereum, U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see remark after same.]			
<i>Oleum coctum (infusum) Hyoscyami foliorum</i> , see Oils, divers; Henbane-leaves			
Ononin.—Glucoside from the root of <i>Ononis spinosa</i> —Rest-harrow	15 gr. 1.00		
Ophioxylene.—Alkaloid from <i>Ophioxylon serpentinum</i> ,—acc. to Prof. Bettink			
Ophthalmic Stone, so-called, see Copper, aluminated			
Opianyl, see Meconin			
Orcin (Symmetric meta-Di-oxy-toluene).—From lichens of the <i>Rocella</i> and <i>Lecanora</i> families	oz. 2.60		
Orellin, <i>r d</i> , see Bixin			
Ormosine, cryst.—Alkaloid from the seed of <i>Ormosia dasycarpa</i>			
“ hydrochlorate, cryst.	15 gr. 3.00		
Orpiment, see Arsenic, Yellow sulphide			
ortho-Amido-phenol, hydrochlorate, see Amido-phenol, ortho-, etc.			
ortho-Nitro-benz-aldehyd, see Nitro-benz-aldehyd, ortho-			
Osmium, metallic	15 gr. 3.00		
“ tetr-oxide, see Acid, per-osmic, anhydr.			
Osmium-Iridium alloy, (<i>Osm-iridium</i> ; Irid-osmium)	15 gr. 1.50		
Ostrich Pepsin, see Pepsin, Ostrich-			
Ouabain—[$C_{20}H_{40}O_{12}$].—Crystallized Glucoside from the Ouabaino-tree—(an aqueous extract from whose root and bark forms the arrow-poison of the East-African <i>Comalis</i>).—[A heart-poison hypodermically.]			
Ox-amide	oz. 2.00		
Ox-aniline, ortho-, hydrochlorate, see Amido-phenol, ortho-, etc.			
Ox Gall, inspissated, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , (also called: <i>Extract of Ox Gall</i>), see Gall, Ox-			
“ “ purified, dry, see Sodium, choleate			
Oxide, magnetic, see Iron, oxide, black			
Oxy-acanthine, pure	15 gr. 1.50		
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr. 1.50		
Oxy-benz-aldehyd, ortho-, see Acid, salicylous			

Palladium , metallic,—sheets or wire.....	Containers incl. 15 gr. 2.00		
“ do., — black precipitate, (Palladium Black [Mohr])	15 gr. 2.00		
“ chloride, dry	15 gr. 2.00		
“ “ solution	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 8.00		
“ nitrate, dry	15 gr. 2.00		
“ “ solution	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 8.00		
Palladium and Sodium , chloride, dry.....	15 gr. 1.00		
Palladium Black , { see Palladium, metallic, “ Mohr	—black precipitate .		
Pancreatin , pure, absolute.....	oz. .75		
“ “ active	oz. .45		
“ “ in scales	oz. .85		
“ “ — solution in Glycerin, [1:10],—(Glycerolate [Glyce- rite] of Pancreatin	lb. 2.00		
N.B.—Compare, also:— Solutions: pancreatic.			
“ saccharated.....	oz. .50		
“ with Starch.....	oz. .35		
N.B.—See, also: TRYPSIN (the Albumen- solving constituent of Pancreatin)!			
Pancreatin-Pepsin	oz. .45		
Papaverine Merck :			
pure	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
hydrochlorate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
nitrate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
phosphate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
sulphate	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
Papaw Juice , (Succus Caricæ Papayæ), see Juice of Papaw.....			
Papayotin Merck ,—from Papaw Juice;—pep- tonizes 200 parts of freshly expressed Blood- fibrin.—(Used with especial success as a solvent of diphtheritic membranes.).....	15 gr. .50		
Paper, Congo ,—(Prof. Riegel's “Gastric” Test- paper), see Congo Paper.....			
“ Wax-	quire .30		
“ Litmus-, red or blue, (red or blue Test- paper)	quire .75		
“ Turmeric- (<i>Curcuma</i>), [yellow Test- paper]	quire 1.00		
Papers, medicated ,—for Ophthalmology,— see under Atropine and Physostigmine....			
para-Acet-phenetidin , see Phen-acetin....			
para-Cotoin , see Cotoin, para.....			
Paraffin , solid,—solidifying-point 46–48° C [114.8–118.4 F]	lb. .20		
“ do.,—solidif.-pt. 52–53° C [125.6–127.4 F]	lb. .25		
“ “ “ 56–58° C [132.8–136.4 F].....	lb. .30		
“ “ —Ph. G. II,—melting-point 74–76° C [165.2–168.8 F]	lb. .50		
“ liquid,—Ph. G. II	lb. .60		
para-Globulin , see Globulin, para.....			
Paraguay roux , see Tinctures: Spilanthes; compound.....			
Par-aldehyd Merck, chem. pure , (<i>absolutely pure</i>), —of unexceptionable quality.....	lb. 2.50		
Parillin (Parnglin, Sarsaparin), see Smilacin.			
Parsley-camphor , see ApioI, solid, <i>cryst. white</i> ..			
Pear-oil , so-called, see Amyl, acetate.....			
Pearl-ash , see Potassium, carbonate.....			
Pelletierine (Punicine) preparations:			
Pelletierine, medicinal,—(Pelletierine and Iso- pelletierine),—pure	15 gr. 2.50		
“ “ sulphate, pure	15 gr. 1.75		
“ “ “ “ —10% solut. .			
“ “ tannate	15 gr. .75		
“ “ valerianate	15 gr. 2.50		

 When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

		Containers incl.			
Pelletierine (Panicine) preparations. — continued:					
	Methyl-pelletierine, pure, oily liquid	15 gr.	3.00		
	Pseudo-pelletierine, pure, crystallized	15 gr.	2.50		
	“ hydrochlorate, white, cryst.	15 gr.	2.00		
	“ sulphate, white, cryst.	15 gr.	1.75		
	Pentane (Amyl Hydride), crude, see Emulsion				
Scale or Pwd.	Pepsin Merck 1:1000. — digests 1000 times its weight	Albumen of coagulated	of fresh pancreas, fully active, prepared from of constant high strength	oz.	.75
				oz.	1.00
				oz.	1.25
<i>See All other strengths to order!</i>					
	Pepsin, pure, soluble, in scales	oz.	.60		
	“ granulated	oz.	.50		
	“ clearly soluble, powder, Ph. G. II.	oz.	.40		
	“ pure, solution in Glycerin, — concentrated	oz.	.30		
	“ hydrochlorate, clearly soluble, — powder	oz.	.50		
	“ clearly soluble, — extract form	oz.	.50		
	“ with Dextrin, — yellow	lb.	2.00		
	“ Starch, — white	lb.	2.00		
	Pepsin, Ostrich	oz.	.75		
	Pepsin Essence, acc. to Dr. Liebreich, in original bottles	bottle	1.00		
	Pepsin, Lacto-, (also called “Lactated Pepsin”)	oz.	.50		
	“ Pancreatin-, see Pancreatin-Pepsin				
	“ Peptone-, etc., see Peptone-Pepsin, etc.				
	“ Ptyalin-, see Ptyalin-Pepsin, etc.				
	Pepsin Wine, (Vinum pepsini, — Ph. G. II)	lb.	1.25		
	Peptone, soft from Meat, Pure Meat Peptones	lb.	2.00		
	“ dry, — free from Par-albumin	lb.	3.00		
	[The above Dry Meat Peptone answers to 7-8 times its weight of fresh meat.]				
	“ dry, from Albumen	oz.	.50		
	Peptone, bismuthated, see Bismuth, peptonized				
	Peptone-Pepsin, phosphate	oz.	.40		
	“ tartrate	oz.	.35		
	Peptone-Quinine, see Quinine, peptonized				
	Pereirine, pure	15 gr.	3.00		
	“ hydrochlorate	15 gr.	2.50		
	Petroleum Benzin				
	“ Naphtha				
	“ Ether, see Benzin, petroleic, boil.-pt. 50-60° C. — (Benzinum, U. S. Ph.)				
	Peucedanin (Imperatorin)	15 gr.	.60		
	Phen-acetin (para-Acet-phenetidin). Colorless, inodorous, insipid crystals, — readily soluble in Alcohol, less so in Water; melting-pt. 132.5° C [270.5 F]. — (A new antipyretic.)	oz.	1.25		
	Phen-acetolin	1/8 oz. vls. oz.	4.00		
	Phen-anthrene	oz.	.50		
	Phenetol (Ethyl Phenate [Carbolate]; Ethylic Ether of Carboic Acid; Ethylo-phenic [Ethylo-carboic, Phenol-ethylic] Ether) — [also called; Salithol]				
	Phen-oxy-Caffeine, see Phenyl-oxy-Caffeine				
	Pheno-Resorcin (-Resorcinol)	oz.	.50		
	Phenol (so-called “Phenyl Hydrate”), see Acid, carboic				
	“ camphorated, (Phenol-Camphor), see Camphor, phenolated				
	“ iodized, see Acid, carboic, iodized				
	“ salicylate, see Salol				
	Phenol-Cocaine, see Cocaine phenate				
	Phenol Dyes (Colors), see under Aniline and Phenol Dyes				

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

* See, also, page 167 1

Phenol-Glycerin, see Acid, carbolic, — solution in Glycerin.....			
Phenol-phthalein, pure, — Ph. G. II.....	oz. 1	.50	
Phenol-Quinine, see Quinine, phenate.....			
Phenyl, bromide, see Mono-brom-benzene.....			
“ chloride, see Mono-chlor-benzene.....			
“ hydrate, — so-called, — see Acid, carbolic.....			
“ hydride, — so-called, — see Benzene, anthracic, chem. pure, crystallizable.....			
“ iodide, see Mono-iod-benzene.....			
Phenyl-acet-amide, — medicinal, — see Antifebrin.....			
“ mono-bromated, see Brom-phenyl-acet-amide, mono.....			
Phenyl-amine, see Aniline.....			
Phenyl-glucos-azone.....	15 gr.	.60	
Phenyl-hydrazine, pure.....	oz. 1	.25	
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. 1	.00	
Phenyl-lactos-azone.....	15 gr.	.75	
Phenyl-methane, see Toluene.....			
Phenyl-methyl-ketone. (acetone), see Hypnone.....			
Phenyl-oxy-Caffeine (Phen-oxy-Caffeine).....	15 gr.	.75	
Phenylene-di-amine, meta-, hydrochlorate, see Di-amido-benzene, meta-, hydrochlorate.....			
Philosophers' Wool, so-called, see Zinc, oxide, by dry process.....			
Phloretin (Phloretic Acid), cryst. — Fractional derivative of Phlorizin.....	15 gr.	.60	
Phlorizin (Phloridzin, Phlorrhizin). — Glucoside from the root-bark of the Apple-tree.....	½ oz. vls. oz.	3.00	
Phloro-glucin (-glueol, -glucinol), chem. pure. — free from Di-resorcin; — melting-point 210° C [410 F].....	15 gr.	.25	
Phosphine, so-called, see Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow, Chrys-aniline.....			
Phosphorus, amorphous (red).....	lb.	2 25	
“ vitreous (yellow), [also called “Crystallized Phosphorus”], — Phosphorus, U. S. Ph.....	lb.	1 10	
“ bromide.....	oz. 1	.50	
“ iodide.....	oz.	.50	
“ oxy-chloride.....	oz.	.60	
“ penta-bromide.....	oz.	.50	
“ penta-chloride [P Cl ₅].....	oz.	.50	
“ pent-oxide [P ₂ O ₅], see Acid, phosphoric, anhydrous.....			
“ tri-chloride [P Cl ₃].....	oz.	.50	
“ tri-sulphide, (Thio-phosphorous Anhydride), [P ₂ S ₅], — melt.-pt. 290° C [554 F].....	oz.	.75	
Physostigmine (Eserine), chem. pure, cryst. Alkaloid from Calabar Bean.....	grain	.25	All these preparations are perfectly pure.
“ (Eserine), citrate.....	grain	.20	
“ “ hydrobromate, cryst.....	grain	.20	
“ “ hydrochlorate, cryst.....	grain	.20	
“ “ nitrate.....	grain	.20	
“ “ salicylate, cryst, Merck, — U. S. Ph and Ph. G. II.....	grain	.15	
“ “ sulphate, white, Merck.....	grain	.15	
“ “ tartrate.....	grain	.20	
Physostigmine Discs, (Eserine Discs, Calabar Discs), in tubes of 100.....			
“ Gelatin, (Eserine Gelatin, Calabar Gelatin), in sheets for 25 applications.....			
“ Paper, (Eserine Paper, Calabar Paper), — in books for 100 applications.....			
Physostigmine, Pseudo-, pure. — Alkaloid from <i>Nux Cali</i> , (Pseudo-Calabar Bean).....	grain	1 00	
Picoline, chem. pure.....	oz.	1 50	
Picro-podophyllin.....	15 gr.	.50	
Picro-toxin.....	½ oz. vls. oz.	5 00	

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

Pilocarpidine Harnack-Merck, nitrate, cryst.	15 gr. 3.00		
Pilocarpine, pure	grain .13		
" hydrobromate	grain .13		
" hydrochlorate, cryst., chcm. pure, Ph. G. II	grain .07		
" nitrate, cryst.	grain .07		
" salicylate	grain .10		
" sulphate	grain .07		
" tannate	grain .07		
" valerianate	grain .15		
Pink Salt, (Dyers' Salt), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride			
Piperidine	oz. 1.00		
" hydrochlorate	oz. 1.50		
Piperine, pure	oz. .79		
Piperonal, chem. pure, (Methylene-protocatechu-aldehyd)	15 gr. .50		
" for perfumery, also called Heliotropin	15 gr. .50		
Pix, etc., see Tar, etc.			
Plaster, adhesive, English, — spread, — in 6-yd. rolls			
" Ichthyol, see under Ichthyol preparat.			
" Lead, simple, (Diachylon-plaster; Litharge-plaster)			
" Mezereum-and-Cantharides, — spread			
Platina, etc., see Platinum, etc.			
Platina Black (Mohr), see Platinum, metallic, black precipitate			
Platina Sponges, prepared and mounted for Hydrogen lamps. — (See, also: Platinum, metallic, spongy.)	doz. 1.80		
Platinum (Platina), double and triple salts of, see (below): — "Platinum double Chlorides"; "Platinum double Cyanides"; "Platinum triple Cyanides"; "Platinum, divers double Salts"; — also: "Platinamine, di-, sulphate"			
" metallic, wire and sheets	15 gr. .50		
" " spongy. — (See, also: Platina Sponges, for Hydrogen lamps.)	15 gr. .60		
" " black precipitate, (Platina Mohr, Platina Black)	15 gr. .60		
" cyanide, Platinous, (Platinum Cyanuret)	15 gr. 1.00		
" bi-chloride (di-chloride, — formerly called proto- or mono-chloride), [chloruret], (Platinous Chloride)	15 gr. 1.00		
" iodide	15 gr. 1.00		
" nitrate	15 gr. .75		
" tetra-chloride (per-chloride, — formerly called bi- or di-chloride), [Platinic Chloride], dry	1/2 oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
" " — solution [1 : 20]	1/2 oz. vls. oz. 1.00		
" " " [1 : 10]	3/4 oz. vls. oz. 1.50		
Platinum double Chlorides:			
Platinum bi-chloride and Ammonium chloride, (Platin-ammonium Chloride), — [Pt (Cl ₂ , 2 NH ₃ Cl)]	15 gr. 1.00		
" tetra-chloride and Ammonium chloride, (Platinum Sal-ammoniac), dry, [Pt (Cl ₄ , 2 NH ₃ Cl)]	15 gr. .65		
" do, do, do, do., cryst.	15 gr. 1.00		
" and Ammonium, chloruret, (Ammonio-Platinous chloride), cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
" and Barium, chloride, crystallized with 4 molecules of Water	15 gr. 1.00		
" bi-chloride and Potassium sesquichloride, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
" tetra-chloride and Potassium sesquichloride, dry	15 gr. .60		
" do, do, do, do., cryst.	15 gr. 1.00		

(All these preparations are perfectly pure, and free from Jaborin.)

	Containers incl.		
Platinum double Chlorides, — continued :			
Platinum and Sodium, chloride, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ “ dry	15 gr. .65		
“ -tetra-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride, (Platoso-di-ammonium Chloro-plat- inite), [Magnus's "Green salt"],— (Pt [NH ₃] ₄ Cl ₂ . Pt Cl ₂).....			
Platinum double Cyanides :			
Platinum and Ammonium, cyanide, cryst. ...	15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Barium, cyanide, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Calcium, “ “	15 gr. 1.00		
“ cyanuret and Copper cyanide, (Plati- no-cupric cyanide)	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Lead, cyanide, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Magnesium, cyanide, cryst.	15 gr. 2.00		
“ and Potassium, “ “	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ sesqui-cyanide, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Sodium, cyanide, cryst.	15 gr. 1.50		
“ and Strontium, cyanide, cryst.,—with 5 molecules of Water ...	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ “ do., do.,—with 4 molecules of Water	15 gr. 1.25		
“ and Yttrium, cyanide, large cryst. ...	15 gr. 2.50		
Platinum triple Cyanides :			
Platino-Ammonio-cyanuret and Cupric cyanide, (Platino-Ammonio-Cupric cyanide), cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ -Calcio-Ammonio-cyanuret, cryst. ...	15 gr. 1.25		
“ -Potassio-Lithio- “ “ ...	15 gr. 2.00		
“ -Potassio-Sodio- “ “ ...	15 gr. 1.50		
Platinum, divers double Salts :			
Platinum and Ammo- } sulpho-cyanate— {			
nium	(thio-cyanate; 15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Barium ... }	rhodanide),— 15 gr. 1.00		
“ and Potassium. }	cryst. 15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ do., bromide, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
“ “ iodide, “	15 gr. 1.25		
“ cyanuret, (Platinous cyanide), and Po- tassium Chloride	15 gr. 1.25		
Platinum Black, } see Platinum, metallic,			
“ Mohr	} black precipitate.		
“ Sal ammoniac, see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum tetra-chloride and Ammonium chloride: dry; and, cryst.			
Platinum Sponges, prepared and mounted for Hydrogen lamps, see Platina Sponges. .			
Platos-amine, di-, (Di-platos-amine), sul- phate, cryst.	15 gr. 1.25		
Plumbago, see Graphite.			
Plumbum, and compounds, see Lead, etc. .			
Podophyllin, chem. pure } Both yield a perfectly	oz. .60		
“ pure,—Ph. G. II. . }	clear solut. in Alcohol. oz. .40		
Podophyllo-toxin,—acc. to Podwyssotzki	15 gr. .30		
Polishing-powder (so-called “Putty-pow- der”), see Tin, oxide, grey			
Polygalin (Polygalic Acid), see Senegin. . .			
Populin	15 gr. 1.50		
Potassa (Kali), caustic, chem. pure, Merck, see Potassium, hydroxide, chem. pure, Merck			
“ do.,—other grades and forms,—see Po- tassium, hydroxide, etc., etc., etc. . .			
“ U. S. Ph., see Potassium, hydroxide, purified, in sticks			
Potassa, Anthraco-; and do., sulphur- ated;—see Anthraco-potassa; etc.			
Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude, (Liver of Antimony), [so-called “Unwashed Brown Oxide of Antimony”],—(improperly called, also: “Antimonio-sulphide of Potas- sium”).—{Do., do., washed,—see next page! }	lb. .75		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.	
Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, washed (lixivated).—(Crocus (Saffron) of Antimony; Crocus metallorum).—(so-called "Washed Brown Oxide of Antimony").	lb. 1.00	
N.B. See also: Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude.—(preceding page!).		
Potassa, cantharidated , see Potassium, cantharidate.		
Potassa, sulphurated , (Liver of Sulphur; Potassic Liver of Sulphur), [improperly called "Potassium Sulphide"].— <i>crude</i> :—for baths	lb. .30	
" do.,— <i>purified</i> : from Purified Potassium Carbonate: <i>Potassa sulphurada, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1.00	
" do., <i>pure</i> , from Pure Potassium Carb.	lb. 1.25	
Potassa with Lime, U. S. Ph. , (<i>Potassa-Lime</i>); also: Vienna Caustic Powder; and: Filhos's Caustic:—see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime: [1:1];—[2:1];—and, [1:1]		
Potassa Alum , see Alum, potassic		
Potassa Prussiates :		
Red, pure } see Potassium, ferrid-cy-		
" commercial, } anide, etc.		
Yellow, chem. pure, } see Potassium, ferro-		
" commerc'l. } cyanide.— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,		
" with Urea. } etc.		
Potassio-Phtal-imide , see Potassium, imido-phtalate		
Potassium (Kalium), double and triple salts of, see "Potassium and —" (below!)		
" metallic	oz. vls. oz. 2.25	
" acetate, (Terra foliata tartari), purified, commercial	lb. .48	
" " purified, white	lb. .75	
" " " fused	lb. 1.50	
" " pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. .75	
" " fused	lb. 2.00	
" " chem. pure	lb. 1.50	
" aceto-wolframate (aceto-tungstate)	oz. .40	
" a-tylo-sulphate, see Potassium, ethylo-sulphate		
" antimonate, <i>pharmacopœia</i> (<i>Ph. Bor. VI.</i>), —[Washed (purified) Diaphoretic Antimony], (so-called "White Oxide of Antimony, <i>Ph. Bor. VI.</i> "; also called: <i>Cale Antimonii</i> [<i>Stibii</i>]):— } <i>principally</i> : K SbO ₃	lb. 1.00	
" do., do., in troches (lozenges)	lb. 1.50	
" antimonate, <i>crude</i> .—(Unwashed Diaphoretic Antimony), [so-called "Unwashed Diaphoretic Oxide of Antimony"]	lb. .85	
" antimonate, <i>pure</i> by assay	oz. .30	
" antimonio-sulphide, so-called, see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>crude</i>		
" arseniate (arsenate)	oz. .14	
" " pure	oz. .20	
" arsenite, <i>crudo</i>	oz. .14	
" " pure	oz. .20	
N.B. <i>Fowler's Solution</i> , see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>		
" benzoate	oz. .64	
" bi-borate	oz. .20	
" bi-carbonate (acid carbonate), pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. .28	
" " chem. pure, cryst.	lb. .50	
" bi-chromate, chem. pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50	
" " pure, fused	lb. 2.00	

	Containers incl.		
Potassium, nitrate, —(continued!); —in flat drops, (tabulated); [Tabulated Nitre; Prunella Salt]	lb. .65		
“ do., with Zinc Chloride, fused; see under Zinc, chloride			
“ nitrite, chem. pure,—in sticks	lb. 1.25		
“ “ commercial	lb. .75		
“ nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro-ferri-cyanide)	oz. 1.00		
“ osmate, chem. pure	15 gr. 1.75		
“ oxalate, neutral (normal), [so-called “sub-oxalate”], chem. pure ..	lb. .85		
“ “ “ pure.—(Purity absolutely sufficient for photography.)	lb. .45		
N.B.—Other oxalates:—see Potassium: bin-oxalate; and, tetra-oxalate.			
“ oxide, hydrated (caustic), [Caustic Potassa], chem. pure, Merck:—do., do., do., U. S. Ph.; and others,—see Potassium, hydroxide, etc.; etc.			
“ per-chlorate	oz. .40		
“ per-iodate	oz. 3.00		
“ per-manganate, pure, small cryst.—U. S. Ph.;—conforming to Ph. G. II.			
“ “ pure, large cryst.	lb. .50		
“ “ crude	lb. .55		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate)	lb. .40		
“ phosphate, pure, cryst.	oz. .25		
“ “ II, purified.	lb. 1.25		
“ phosphite	lb. 1.15		
“ phospho-lactate, see Potassium, lacto-phosphate.	oz. .45		
“ plumbate			
“ prussiates, so-called,—Red and Yellow,—etc., see Potassium: ferrid-cyanide, etc.; and, ferro-cyanide, U. S. Ph., etc.	lb. 2.00		
“ purpurate, Iso-, see Potassium, iso-purpurate			
“ pyro-phosphate	oz. .35		
“ quadro-oxalate, see Potassium, tetra-oxalate			
“ rhodanide, see Potassium, sulpho-cyanate			
“ ruthenate	15 gr. 4.00		
“ salicylate	oz. .45		
“ salicylite	15 gr. 1.00		
“ santoninate (not santonate!)	oz. 1.50		
“ seleniate (selenate)	15 gr. .85		
“ silicate, pure, dry	lb. 2.00		
“ “ “ solution [10%]	lb. .50		
“ “ “ “ —sp. gr. 1.3.	lb. .75		
“ “ crude, solut. [30–33° Bé]	lb. .40		
“ “ dry	lb. .50		
N. B.—See, also: Sodium, silicate.			
“ silico-fluoride	oz. .40		
“ stannate	oz. .45		
“ stearate	oz. 2.00		
“ stibiate: Ph. Bor. VI; crude; and, pure;—see Potassium, antimonate: pharmacopeial (Ph. Bor. VI); do., do., crude; and, do., do., pure			
“ stibiato-sulphide,—so-called,—see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, crude ..			
“ succinate, neutral	oz. .65		
“ sulphate, (Vitriolated Tartar), purified, cryst.	lb. .30		
“ “ purified, powder	lb. .30		
“ “ twice purified, cryst.	lb. .35		
“ “ “ powder	lb. .35		

Water-clear, Soluble Glass, or Liquid Glass.

	Containers incl.		
Potassium, sulphate. —(continued!).—chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .60		
“ do., do. do., powder.....	lb. .60		
“ sulphide, — <i>so-called</i> ,—(Liver of Sulphur), crude, for baths; and, purified.— <i>Potassa sulphurata, U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, pure; see <i>Potassa, sulphurated, etc.</i> ; etc.; etc.....			
“ sulphite, normal.....	lb. 1 00		
“ “ “ pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 2 75		
“ “ acid, see Potassium, bi-sulphite..			
“ sulpho-carbolate (sulpho-phenate, phenol-sulphonate).....	oz. .15		
“ “ -carbonate (thio-carbonate).—[An anti-phyloxerin].— (See, also: Potassium, xanthogenate.).....	lb. 1 50		
“ “ -cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide), pure, cryst.....	oz. .24		
“ “ “ commercial.....	oz. .20		
“ “ -indigotate (sulph-indigotate; sulpho-cerulate), see Potassium, indigo-sulphate.....			
“ “ -vinate, see Potassium, ethyl-sulphate.....			
“ tartrate, neutral, (Soluble Tartar), [Fartarus tartarizatus—Tartarized (Tartarated) Tartar], — cryst., pure,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> — <i>Potassii tartaras, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 1 00		
“ “ do., powder, pure,— <i>Ph. G. II.</i> ...	lb. 1.05		
“ “ acid, see Potassium, bi-tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades...			
“ tellurite.....	15 gr. 2 50		
“ tetra-oxalate (tetroxalate; quadro-oxalate), [sometimes—wrongly—called: “Essential Salt of Lemons”].....	lb. 3 00		
“ thio-carbonate, see Potassium, sulpho-carbonate.....			
“ thio-cyanate, see Pot., sulpho-cyanate..			
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hyposulphite”).....	lb. 1 25		
“ urate, pure.....	oz. .80		
“ valerianate.....	oz. .75		
“ wolframate (tungstate).....	lb. 2 00		
“ xanthogenate (ethyl-o-) { [An anti-phylox-			
“ “ “ II..... } [An anti-phylox-			
“ “ “ II..... } [An anti-phylox-	lb. 1 50		
“ “ “ II..... } [An anti-phylox-	lb. 1 25		
Potassium and Aluminium, sulphate, see Alum, potassic.....			
“ and Ammonium, fluoride ;—readily soluble in Water,—(Emits fumes of Hydrofluoric Acid.)			
“ “ “ phosphate.....	lb. 2 00		
“ “ “ tartrate, (Ammoniated Soluble Tartar).....	lb. 1 75		
“ and Antimony, salts, see Antimony and Potassium.....			
“ and Barium, chlorate, see Barium and Potassium, chlorate.....			
“ and Beryllium (Glucinum), fluoride, see Beryllium and P., fluoride.....			
“ and Bismuth, salts, see Bism. and P. .			
“ and Cadmium, iodide, see Cadmium and Potassium, iodide.....			
“ and Chromium, sulphate, see Alum, chromic.....			
“ and Cobalt, cyanide, see Potassium, cobalti-cyanide.....			
“ and Copper, salts, see Copper and P. .			
“ and Gold, salts, see Gold and P. .			

	Containers incl.
Potassium and Iron, cyanides, so-called, (Red and Yellow Prussiate of Potassa, etc.,—see Potassium; ferrid-cyanide, etc.;—and, ferro-cyanide, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.	
“ and Iron, ferro-cyanide, (Potassium ferri-ferro-cyanide; Soluble Prussian Blue), see Iron, cyanide, blue,—so-called,— <i>soluble</i>	
“ and Iron,— <i>other salts</i> ,—see Iron, Mono-compounds; and, Iron, Sesqui-compounds,—(<i>the latter</i> embracing the <i>U. S. Ph. Tartrate</i>).....	
“ and Lithium, tartrate, see Lithium and Potassium, tartrate.....	
“ and Mercury, salts, see Merc. and P.....	
“ and Nickel, sulphate, see Nickel and Potassium, sulphate.....	
“ and Platinum, double and triple salts, see Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; do. triple Cyanides; and, do., divers double Salts.....	
“ and Silver Nitrates,—mixed in <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other proportions,—(Mitigated Lunar Caustic), see Silver, nitrate, diluted, etc., etc.....	
“ and Sodium, boro-tartrate (tartaroborate), [Tartarus boraxatus Borax-Tartar; so-called “Soluble Cream of Tartar”].....	lb. 1.25
“ do. do., do.,— <i>i scales</i> ,—(Scales of Borax-Tartar; “Soluble Scales of Tartar”);— PERFECTLY SOLUBLE in Water, [<i>a property found wanting in other makes!</i>].....	lb. 1.50
“ and Sodium: carbonate; and, sulphate;—see Sodium and Potassium, etc.; etc.....	
“ and Sodium, tartrate,—(Tartarated [Tartarized] Soda; Soda-Tartar; Rochelle-salt, Seignette-salt), [Tartarus natronatus],—chem. pure, cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. .75
“ do. do., do.,—chem. pure, powder,— <i>Ph. G. H.</i>	lb. .80
“ and Strontium, chlorate, see Strontium and Potassium, chlorate.....	
“ and Titanium, fluoride, see Titanium and Potassium, fluoride.....	
“ and Zinc, cyanide, cryst., see Zinc and Potassium, cyanide.....	
“ and Zirconium, fluoride, see Zirconium and Potassium, fluoride.....	
Potassium, Lithium, and Platinum, cyanide } see under Plat-	
“ Sodium, and Plati- } tinum triple	
“ num, cyanide..... } Cyanides.....	
Potassium Alum, see Alum, potassic.....	
Powder, Blood, see Blood, bullock's, etc.....	
“ James's, (Febrile powder), see Antimonial Powder, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	
“ Putty,—so-called,—(<i>Polishing-powder</i>),—see Tin, oxide, grey.....	
“ Tin, (Stanni pulvis), see Tin, metallic, pure, powder.....	
Powder of Algaroth, see Antimony, oxy-chloride.....	
Preparing-salt, so-called,—(Mordant),—see Sodium, stannate.....	
Primrose Yellow, see Aniline and Phenol Dyes: Yellow.....	

Quassin, chem. pure, cryst.	Containers incl. 15 gr. .75			
" " " powder	1 oz. vls. oz. 6.00			
" purified, powder	1 oz. vls. oz. 4.00			
" " dry, small lumps	1 oz. vls. oz. 3.50			
" sulphate, pure	15 gr. .50			
" acc. to the French standard	1 oz. vls. oz. 2.00			
Quassin, Surinam, chem. pure, powder	15 gr. 2.50			
Quebracho Alkaloids:				
Aspido-spermine, cryst., acc. to Fraude	15 gr. 1.50			
" " " sulphate	15 gr. 1.50			
Aspidos-amine, — acc. to Hesse	15 gr. 5.00			
" " " hydrochlorate	15 gr. 5.00			
Quebrachine, cryst., — acc. to Hesse				
" " " hydrochlorate				
Quebrach-amine, acc. to Hesse	15 gr. 2.50			
" " " sulphate	15 gr. 4.50			
Hypo-quebrachine, acc. to Hesse	15 gr. 4.50			
" " " hydrochlorate	15 gr. 1.25			
Aspido-spermine, pure, amorphous	15 gr. 1.25			
" citrate	15 gr. .75			
" hydrochlorate	15 gr. 1.00			
" sulphate	15 gr. 1.00			
N. B. — These <i>commercial</i> (amorphous) Aspido-spermines are not homogeneous substances.				
Quercit (Acorn-sugar)	15 gr. .65			
Quercitrin. — (Glucoside from Quercitron-bark — from <i>Quercus tinctoria</i>)	15 gr. .35			
Quevenne's Iron, so-called, see Iron, metallic, reduced				
Quinetum (Quinio) [so-called "Mixed Alkaloids" — from <i>Cinchona</i> -bark], — pure	oz. 1.50			
" sulphate	oz. 2.25			
Quinidine (<i>Beta</i> -Quinidine [<i>-Chinidine</i>], <i>Beta-Quinine</i> , <i>Beta-Chinine</i> ; <i>Conchinine</i>), — pure, cryst.	oz. .73			
" bi-sulphate	oz. .70			
" citrate	oz. .70			
" di-hydrobromate	oz. 1.75			
" hydrobromate	oz. 1.75			
" sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .33			
Quinidine, <i>Alpha</i> -, see Cinchonidine				
Quinine (<i>Chinine</i> ; <i>Quinia</i> ; <i>Alpha-Quinine</i>), pure, — <i>Quina</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. 1.20			
" acetate	oz. 1.20			
" ethyl-sulphate, see Quinine, ethyl-sulphate				
" ammonio-citrate, see Quinine and Ammonium, citrate				
" anisate, (<i>Anethol-Quinine</i>)	oz. 1.50			
" antimonate	oz. 1.35			
" arseniate (arsenate)	oz. 1.25			
" arsenite	oz. 1.50			
" benzoate	oz. 1.25			
" bi-muriate, carbamidated (<i>ureted</i>), see Quinine and Urea, hydrochlorate				
" bi-sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , see Quinine, sulphate, acid				
" borate	oz. 1.40			
" " — <i>amorphous</i> , — see Quinoidine, borate				
" bromate	oz. 1.50			
" camphorate	oz. 1.50			
" carbolate, see Quinine, phenate				
" chinate, and chinovate; see Quinine: quinate; and, quinovate				
" chlorate	oz. 2.00			

	Containers incl.		
Quinine — (continued!), — cinnamate (cinnamylate)	oz. 2.00		
“ citrate	oz. 1.05		
“ “ with Ammonium Citrate, — true double salt! — see Quinine and Ammonium citrate			
“ “ with Pyro-phosphate of Iron	oz. .50		
“ citrico-hydr chlorate, see Quinine, hydrochloro-citrate			
“ di-hydrobromate, (readily solu- (oz. 1.25		
“ di-hydrochlorate, (ble in Water.)	oz. 1.50		
“ di-hydro-iodate (di-hydriodate)	oz. 2.00		
“ ethylo-sulphate (sulpho-vinate)	oz. 1.25		
“ ferri-arsenate (-arsenate)	oz. 2.00		
“ “ -arsenite	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -bromide	oz. 3.00		
“ “ -citrate, — Ph. G. II., — [9-10% of anhydrous Quinine]; — free from Cinchonine	oz. .27		
“ “ “ — <i>Ferri d Quinina citras</i> , U. S. Ph., — [12% of anhydrous Quinine]	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Neerl.; [13% anh. Q.]	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Brit., [13.7% “ “]	oz. .28		
“ “ “ — Ph. Ross., [13.4% “ “]	oz. .28		
“ “ “ green, [10% “ “]	oz. .35		
“ “ “ “ [15% “ “]	oz. .40		
“ “ “ “ [20% “ “]	oz. .45		
“ “ “ “ [25% “ “]	oz. .50		
“ “ “ with Strychnine, see under Strychnine			
“ “ -hydrochlorate (ferri-muriate)	oz. 2.50		
“ “ -hydrocyanate	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -hypo-phosphite	oz. 1.55		
“ “ -iodide	oz. 1.55		
“ “ -lactate	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -muriate, see Quinine, ferri-hydrochlorate			
“ “ -sulphate	oz. 1.50		
“ “ -tannate	oz. .75		
“ “ -tartrate	oz. 1.25		
“ “ -valerianate, — [33% Quinine]	oz. 1.30		
“ formate	oz. 1.75		
“ hydrobromate, — U. S. Ph.	oz. 1.00		
“ hydrochlorate (muriate), cryst., — U. S. Ph.	oz. .95		
“ “ — amorphous, — see Quinoidine, hydrochlorate			
“ “ muriato-ureated (<i>-carbamidat'ed</i>), see Quinine and Urea, hydrochlorate			
“ hydrochloro-citrate, (citrico-hydrochlorate), cryst. — A true double salt, — slightly soluble in Water; more easily in Alcohol	oz. 2.50		
“ hydrofluorate	oz. 4.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate)	oz. 1.25		
“ hydro-silico-fluorate, — White microscopic crystals; little soluble in Alcohol; very readily soluble in Water			
“ hypo-phosphite	oz. 1.55		
“ iodate	oz. 2.00		
“ kinate, and kinovate; see Quinine; quininate; and, quinovate			
“ lactate	oz. 1.35		
“ lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate)	oz. 2.00		
“ muriate, see Quinine, hydrochlorate			
“ nitrate	oz. 2.00		
“ peptonized, (Peptone-Quinine)	oz. .75		
“ phenate (phenylate, carbolate), [Phenol-Quinine]	oz. 1.75		

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers in-1.			
Quinine (continued!),—phosphate	oz. 1.25			
“ phospho-lactate, see Quinine, lacto-phosphate				
“ phthalate.—Light, translucent scales; perfectly soluble in 2 parts of 95-% Alcohol;—this solution, with proper care, is dilutable by Water.—Melting-point 70° C [158 F]	oz. 2.00			
“ picrate	oz. 2.00			
“ quinate (chinate, kinate)	oz. 3.00			
“ quinovate (chinovate, kinovate)	oz. 3.00			
“ saccharinate (not saccharate!)	} True salts of Quinine and Saccharin— which latter see!			
“ “ bi-				
“ salicylate	oz. 1.10			
“ santoninate (not santonate!)	oz. 6.00			
“ stearate (stearinate)	oz. 1.50			
“ stibiate, see Quinine, antimonate				
“ succinate				
“ sulphate, pure, neutral.—Zimmer's:—in $\frac{1}{16}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and 1-oz. vials; and in 1-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, and 100-oz. tins.	} oz. 1.75 (Regarding prices, see re-mark on page 158!)			
“ “ chem. pure.—U. S. Ph.,—made from the Bi-sulphate		oz. .65		
“ sulphate, acid, (bi-sulphate,—U. S. Ph.),—[about 60% Quinine]	oz. .55			
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate), cryst.	oz. 2.00			
“ sulpho-vinate, see Quinine, ethylo-sulphate				
“ sulphurico-tartrate (tartarico-sulphate)	oz. 2.00			
“ tannate, commercial	oz. .55			
“ “ Ph. G. I.,—[20% pure Quinine]	oz. .75			
“ tannate, neutral, true,—insipid	oz. 1.00			
“ tartarico-sulphate, see Quinine, sulphurico-tartrate				
“ tartrate, cryst.	oz. 1.25			
“ thymate	oz. 5.00			
“ urate	oz. 2.50			
“ valerianate,—U. S. Ph.,—large cryst.;—free from Cinchonidine	oz. 1.30			
Quinine and Ammonium, citrate, (Ammonio-citrate of Quinine),—true double salt.—Slightly soluble in Water; more easily so in Alcohol				
“ and Urea, hydrochlorate, (Treated [carbamidated] Di-hydrochlorate of Quinine; Muriato-carbamidated Hydrochlorate of Quinine)	oz. 2.00			
Quinine-Iron salts, see “Quinine, ferri-,” etc.,—(above!)				
Quinine, Anethol-, see Quinine, anisated				
“ Peptone-, see Quinine, peptonized				
“ Phenol-, see Quinine, phenate				
Quinine, amorphous, true, see Quinoidine				
“ do., so-called, see Quinium Labarraque				
Quinine, Alpha-, see Quinine				
“ Beta-, see Quinidine				
Quinine-flower (Quinine Plant), so-called;—Glycoside from,—see Sabbatin				
Quinio,—and do., sulphate,—see Quinetum, etc.				
Quinium Labarraque, (Chinium), [Alcoholo-calcic Extract of Cinchona-bark;—so-called “Amorphous Quinine”]	oz. .75			
Quinoidine (Chinoidine—Chinoidina!),—[True Amorphous Quinine],—pure	oz. .15			
“ chem. pure, Ph. G. II;—the so-called “Chinoidinum” of the U. S. Ph.	oz. .16			

	Containers incl.		
Reagent Papers , see Paper, etc.			
Realgar , see Arsenic, Red sulphide			
Regulus of Antimony , see Antimony, metallic			
Rennet - powder , I, — (coagulates 100,000 parts of milk)			
“ II, — (coagulates 20,000 parts of milk)			
Rennet Wine , (<i>Liquid Rennet</i>), [Liquor scirparus; so-called “Essence” of Whey]	oz.	35	
Resineon			
Resins (Resine):			
Brayera, see Resin, Koussou			
Copaiva, — (Balsamum copaivae siccum), [Crude Copaic Acid]	lb.	1 25	
Indian Hemp, (<i>Cannabis indica</i>)	oz.	1 00	
Jalap, — brown: from the <i>true</i> root (Tuber of <i>Ipomoea purga</i> [<i>Exogonium purga</i>]); — consists principally of Convolvulin — (<i>which see also!</i>)	oz.	35	
“ — do.: as above. — Ph. G. II	oz.	50	
“ — white: from the <i>true</i> root; — (<i>the pure Glucoside!</i>): — see Convolvulin			
“ — brown: from the <i>light</i> root (<i>Orizaba</i> root; Male [<i>Fusiform</i>] Jalap, — from <i>Convolvulus orizabensis</i>); — consists principally of Jalapin — (<i>which see also!</i>)			
“ — white: from the <i>light</i> root; — (<i>the pure Glucoside!</i>): — see Jalapin			
Kamala (<i>Glandulae Rottlerae tinctoriae</i>)	oz.	1 00	
Kava-Kava (<i>Ava</i>), [<i>Radix macropiperis</i>], Alpha-	15 gr.	50	
“ Beta-	15 gr.	25	
“ <i>both the above</i> mixed, in proportion as contained in the root	15 gr.	40	
Koussou (<i>Koosso</i> , <i>Cusso</i>) [<i>Brayera</i>]: flowers	oz.	3 00	
Mezereon (<i>Daphne mezereum</i> — Spurge Olive): bark	oz.	1 50	
Quebracho blanco, (<i>White Quebracho</i>): bark	oz.	3 50	
Scammony: root, — Ph. G. I; — consists essentially of Scammonin — (<i>which see also!</i>) — and which is identical with Jalapin)	oz.	75	
“ do., — white; (<i>the pure Glucoside!</i>), — in sticks or powder, — see Scammonin			
Spurge Olive, see Resin, Mezereon			
Sambuli-root (<i>Musk-root</i>)	oz.	3 50	
Turpeth-root, — (= Turpethin)	oz.	1 50	
Veratrum, Green, (<i>Indian Poke</i>), [<i>American Green Hellebore</i>]	oz.	2 00	
Resorcin , (<i>Resorcinol</i>), [<i>meta-Di-oxy-benzene</i>], chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , perfectly white	oz.	30	
“ chem. pure, resublimed, perfectly white	oz.	70	
“ chem. pure, impalpable powder, — for <i>dry-spray atomization</i> . — (<i>Escharotic inhalant</i> .)	oz.	85	
Resorcin, di- , see Di-resorcin			
Resorcin, Pheno- , see Pheno-Resorcin			
Resorcin-phtalein , see Fluorescin			
“ -phtalin, see Fluorescin			
Rhubarbarin , see under Rhubarb constituents			
Rhein			
Rhodium , metallic	15 gr.	5 00	
Rhubarb (<i>Rheum</i>) constituents:			
Erythro-retin (<i>Rhubarbarin</i>)	15 gr.	50	
Rhein, <i>cryst.</i> , — (<i>True Chrysophanic Acid</i> ; <i>Rheic Acid</i>), [<i>Rhubarb Yellow</i>]	15 gr.	1 50	
N. B. — <i>So-called</i> “ Medicinal Chrysophanic Acid. ” see Chrys-arobin .			
Ricinine			

Sabadilline , pure	Containers incl.		
“ sulphate	15 gr. .75		
Sabbatin .—Glycoside from <i>Sabbatia</i> Elliottii—the so-called “Quinine Plant,” or “Quinine-flower”	15 gr. 1.50		
Saccharated Iron , so-called, see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.			
“ Iron-salts , <i>divers</i> , see <i>references under</i> : Sugar, ferruginated; or <i>under</i> : Iron, saccharate; or <i>under</i> : Iron-Sugar			
“ metallic Salts , <i>divers</i> , see under the names of the respective metals.			
Saccharin Fahlberg, (<i>not a Carbo-hydrate</i> , but: ortho-Sulph-amine-benzoic Anhydride!).—[<i>Non-fermentable</i> sweetening agent, of 280-fold the intensity of Cane-sugar.] (Anti-zymotic;—of high importance in diabetes, gastric disorders, etc.)	oz. 1.25		
☞ N. B.—See, also: the <i>Saccharinates</i> and <i>Bi-saccharinates</i> of Morphine, Quinine, and Strychnine, (<i>under these Alkaloids</i>).—Those <i>true Salts</i> — <i>not to be confounded</i> with Sugar-compounds [so-called “Saccharates”]!—are useful when the <i>taste</i> of bitter Alkaloids is to be disguised.			
Saccharum Carnis , (Meat-sugar), see Inosit			
“ Lactis , see Milk-sugar			
“ Mannæ , see Mannit			
“ Plumbi (<i>Saburni</i>), see Lead, acetate, normal, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades. . .			
“ Seminis Quercus , (Acorn-sugar), see Quercit			
“ uveum (<i>anaglacum</i>), see Grape-sugar. . .			
N. B.— <i>Other Sacchara</i> , see under Sugar.			
Safflower Carmine	oz. 2.50		
Saffron (Crocus) of Antimony , [Crocus metallorum], see Potassa, antimonio-sulphurated, <i>washed</i>			
“ of Iron , (Crocusmartis),— <i>aperient</i> ,—see Iron, oxide, brown, (so-called sub-carbonate)			
“ “ “ — <i>astriugent</i> ,—see Iron, oxide, red, <i>anhydrous</i>			
Safranine , see under Aniline and Phenol			
Dyes:—Red; and, Yellow			
Safrol , sp. gr. 1.108.	lb. 1.00		
Sal Acetosellæ , see Potassium, bin-oxalate.			
“ amarum , see Magnesium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. . .			
“ ammoniacum , see Ammonium, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and various other kinds			
Sal Soda , see Soda, carbonate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms.			
Sal , etc.,— <i>other than above</i> ,—see Salt, etc. . .			
Salicin .— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. 2.75		
Salicyl-Resorcin-ketone (-acetone), [Tri-oxo-benzo-phenone]	15 gr. .75		
Salicylal (Salicylol) [Salicyl Hydride; <i>Salicylic Aldehyd</i>], see Acid, salicylous.			
Saligenin (ortho-Oxy-benzylic Alcohol; Salicylous Alcohol)	15 gr. .50		
Sali-naphthol , see Betol			
Salithol , see Phenetol			
Salol (Phenylie Ether of Salicylic Acid; Salicylate of Phenol)	oz. .40		
Salt , Dyers', (Pink Salt), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride.			
“ Epsom, see Magnesium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms. . .			

	Containers incl.	
Salt, Fignier's, of Gold, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst.		
“ Glauber's, see Sodium, sulphate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms.		
“ Gregory's, (Hydrochlorate of Morphine and Codeine)	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 5. 00	
“ Karlsbad thermal, artificial, large cryst.	lb. .12	
“ “ “ “ small cryst.	lb. .12	
“ “ “ “ dry, - <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. .25	
“ “ “ “ true	lb. 1. 75	
“ Kreuznach, (the German “Kreuznacher Mutterlaugensalz”)	lb. .12	
“ Magnus's “green,” see Platinum double Chlorides: Platinum-tetr-amine and Platinum, bi-chloride		
“ microcosmic, see Sodium and Ammonium, phosphate		
“ Monsel's, see Iron, sub-sulphate		
“ mordant, see Sodium, stannate		
“ pink (Dyers'), see Tin and Ammonium, chloride		
“ preparing-, so-called,—(Mordant Salt), see Sodium, stannate		
“ Prunella, see Potassium, nitrate, in flat drops		
“ Rochelle (<i>Seignette</i>), see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.		
Salt of Amber, volatile, see Acid, succinic		
“ of Gold, Fignier's, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, cryst.		
“ of Lemons,—Essential,—(so-called),—see Potassium, bin-oxalate; etc.;—and also: tetra-oxalate.		
“ of Sorrel, see Potassium, bin-oxalate.		
“ of Tartar, see Potassium, carbonate, <i>pure, U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades.		
“ of Tartar,—Essential,—see Acid, tartaric, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other kinds.		
“ of Tin,—so-called,—anhydrous, see Tin, chloride		
Saltpetre, refined, see Potassium, nitrate ..		
“ Soda-, see Sodium, nitrate		
Sanguinarine, pure	15 gr. 1. 00	
“ nitrate	15 gr. 1. 00	
“ sulphate	15 gr. 1. 00	
Sanguis <i>Tauri</i> (<i>Bovis</i>) siccus pulveratus, see Blood, bullock's, etc.		
Santalin (Santalic Acid)	oz. .85	
Santonin,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Anhydride of Santonic [not Santonic!] Acid);— $[C_{15}H_{18}O_2]$,—cryst.	oz. .45	
“ powder	oz. .45	
N.B.—See, also: Acid, santoninic.		
Sapo, see Soap		
Saponin, pure,—from <i>Saponaria officinalis</i> .—(Chemically identical with Senegin [Polygalin],—from Senega).	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. vls. oz. 2. 00	
“ crude	oz. .40	
Sapo-toxin,—acc. to Kobert.—Fractional derivative of Saponin from the bark of <i>Quillaia saponaria</i> ;—a white, amorphous, non-crystallizable powder; easily soluble in Water.—(An intensive heart-poison.) ...	15 gr. .75	
Sarcine (Hypo-xanthine)	15 gr. 5. 00	
“ hydrochlorate	15 gr. 5. 00	
Sarcosine (Methyl-glycocoll [-glycocine]) ..	15 gr. 6. 00	
Sarsaparin (Parillin), see Smilacin		
Scales of Tartar (—of <i>Borax-Tartar</i>), soluble (<i>perfectly soluble</i> in Water);—see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate,—in scales		

	Containers incl.		
Scammonin (White Resin of Scammony), —the pure Glucoside; [identical with JALAPIN; but from the root of Con- volvulus scammonia]; in sticks	oz. .80		
“ —in powder	oz. .85		
N.B. —See, also:—Resins: Scammony, root, —Ph. G. I.			
Scilla preparations. — (Scilli-picrin, Scilli-toxin, Scillitin).— see Squill preparations			
Scoparin (Scoparie Acid)	15 gr. .65		
Scopoleine.—Alkaloid from Japanese Bella- donna, (from Scopolia Japonica).	15 gr. 3.50		
Seignette (Rochelle) Salt, see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, U. S. Ph.: etc.			
Selenium, in sticks	oz. 3.00		
“ — in the form of a Berzelius medallion	each 4.00		
“ hydroxide, Selenic, (Hydrated Tri-ox- ide), see Acid, selenic.			
“ oxide, Selenious, (Di-oxide), sublimed, see Acid, selenious, anhydrous			
Senegin (Polygalic Acid, Polygalin),— from Senega. [Chemically identical with Sapo- nin,—from Saponaria officinalis.]	15 gr. .75		
Senna-leaves, de-resinated,—powdered			
Sero-sublimate (Serum, with Corrosive Sublimate),— [1%].— liquid;— accord- ing to Lister	lb. 1.50		
“ —in scales;—according to Lister	oz. .75		
Silica (Silicea; Silex), pure, see Acid, silicic.			
Silicon (Silicium), so-called “metallic”, cryst.	15 gr. 2.25		
“ do. “do.” amorphous	15 gr. 1.75		
“ bromide	15 gr. .40		
“ chloride	15 gr. .35		
“ di-oxide, (Silicic Oxide), see Acid, silicic			
Silver (Argentum), double salts of, see “Sil- ver and —” (below!).			
“ metallic, precipitated, powder	oz. 4.00		
“ acetate, chem. pure	oz. 2.50		
“ albuminate	oz. 2.50		
“ ammonio-fluoride. } see Silver and Am- “ ammonio-nitrate. } monium, etc.; etc.			
“ arsenite	oz. 2.50		
“ borate	oz. 2.50		
“ bromide	oz. 2.00		
“ carbonate	oz. 3.00		
“ chloride	oz. 1.50		
“ chromate	oz. 2.50		
“ cyanide, U. S. Ph.	oz. 2.50		
“ fluoride, ammonio-, see Silver and Am- “ monium, fluoride.			
“ iodide, U. S. Ph.	oz. 3.00		
“ lactate	oz. 4.00		
“ mono-chlor-acetate, cryst.	oz. 6.00		
“ nitrate, cryst., U. S. Ph.,— (Lunar Nitre).	oz. 1.25		
“ “ molded (fused),— U. S. “ Ph., prf. colorless. } [Lunar “ do., grey } Caustic; 1 “ “ “ “ pencils,—in “ “ “ “ wooden case } Infernal Stone.	oz. 1.25 oz. 1.25		
“ nitrate, diluted, (with Potassium Nitrate —1:1),— U. S. Ph.,— [Mitigated (toughened) Caustic];—sticks	doz. 1.25		
“ “ do., (do. do. do.),— in the follow- “ “ ing proportions [of Silver Ni- “ “ trate to Potassium Nitrate]:—			
1:2; sticks,—Ph. G. I & II	oz. .75		
1:3; “	oz. .60		
1:4; “	oz. .50		
1:5; “	oz. .55		

	Containers incl.	
Silver , nitrate, diluted,—(as above!); in the following proportions [of Silver Nitrate to Potassium Nitrate].— <i>continued</i> :—		
2:1; sticks	oz. 1.10	
2 ^o ; sharpened pencils,—sizes as follows:—		
No. of pieces. Weight abt. gm. Long cm. Thick mm.		
4 = 30; ea. 7 5	oz. 1.50	
6 = 30; " 5.5 5	oz. 1.55	
8 = 30; " 6 3.5	oz. 1.60	
" nitrate, with Silver Chloride—[10 ^o :1]	oz. 2.50	
" " " Lead Nitrate.—[5:1]	oz. 2.50	
" nitrate, ammonio,—see Silver and Ammonium, nitrate		
" nitrite	oz. 2.50	
" oleate	oz. 2.50	
" oxalate	oz. 2.75	
" oxide,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—(Argentie Oxide, Mon-oxide)	oz. 2.75	
" per-manganate, pure	oz. 2.50	
" phosphate	oz. 2.25	
" silvate (silvinate)	oz. 4.00	
" sulphate, cryst.	oz. 1.75	
" sulphide (sulphuret)	oz. 3.50	
" tartrate	oz. 2.25	
" tri-chlor-carbolate (tri-chlor-phenate)	oz. 2.25	
Silver and Ammonium , fluoride.—(Used in Chromo-photography.)		
" and do. , nitrate	oz. 2.50	
" and Potassium Nitrates,—mixed in <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and other proportions,—(Mitigated Lunar Caustic), see Silver, nitrate, diluted, etc.; etc.		
" and Sodium , thio-sulphate (formerly called "hypo-sulphite")	oz. 3.00	
Simulo ,—see under Tinctures		
Skatole	15 gr. 6.00	
Smilacin (Parillin, Pariglin, Sarsaparin), cryst.	15 gr. 1.75	
Snail-juice , saccharated, see Helicina		
Soap (Sapo), butyric (of Butter),—for preparing Opodeldoc	lb. .40	
" of Castor-oil and Magnesia, (Sapo ricini magnesiens), [Ricinated Magnesia], see Magnesium, ricinate		
" medicinal, powder } <i>Sapo</i> ,	lb. .60	
" " in bars } <i>U. S. Ph.</i> }	lb. .15	
" " — <i>Ph. G. II.</i> —powder	lb. .75	
" " " —in bars	lb. .20	
" green (soft) [potassic],— <i>Sapo viridis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,— <i>Sapo kalinus</i> , <i>Ph. G. II.</i>	lb. .25	
" Castile (hard),— <i>Sapo venetus</i> [oleaceus, hispanicus]	lb. .15	
Soda (Natrum, Natron), caustic, see Sodium, hydroxide, etc.; etc.		
" <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—see Sodium, hydroxide, pure (<i>purif. by Alcohol</i>); sticks		
Soda , sulphurated,—(Sodic Liver of Sulphur), [improperly called "Sodium Ter-sulphide"], fused	lb. .85	
" " fused, pure	lb. 1.25	
N.B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Sodium, sulphide (sulphuret), cryst., <i>true</i> .		
Soda , tartarated (<i>tartarized</i>), [Soda-Tartar], see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.		
Soda Alum , see Alum, sodic		
Soda-Lime , see Sodium, hydroxide, with Lime		
Soda Saltpetre , see Sodium, nitrate		

	Containers incl.		
Soda-Tartar (Tartarated [Tartarized] Soda), see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.			
Sodio-Ethyl (Natrio-Ethyl), see Sodium, ethylate, etc.; etc.; etc.			
Sodium (Natrium), double and triple salts of, see "Sodium and -" (below)!			
" metallic	lb.	3.50	
" acetate, <i>cryst.</i> , (<i>Terra foliata tartari cry-</i> <i>stallisata</i>)	lb.	.45	
" " " chem. pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.75	
" " " pure, fused	lb.	.85	
" aceto-wolframate (aceto-tungstate)	lb.	1.25	
" athylate, see Sodium, ethylate			
" ethylo-sulphate, see Sodium, ethylo- sulphate			
" antimonate, Meta-, see Sodium, meta- antimonate			
" " Pyro-, see Sodium, pyro-antimo- nate			
" arseniate (arsenate), di-sodic, dry	lb.	.60	
" " do., <i>cryst.</i> , — <i>Sodii arsenias</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.35	
" " " pure	oz.	.14	
" arsenite	lb.	.50	
" " pure	oz.	.14	
" benzoate, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — from artificial Benzoic Acid	oz.	.24	
" " from true Benzoic Acid from the resin	oz.	.30	
" benzoico-sulphite, so-called, see Sodium, sulphite, benzoated			
" bi-borate (pyro-borate, di-meta-borate), [Borax; Official Borate of So- dium], — fused; — (<i>Borax-glass</i> , <i>Vitrified Borax</i>)	lb.	1.50	
" " calcined, (<i>Burnt Borax</i>)	lb.	.75	
" " pure, <i>cryst.</i> , prismatic (with 10 molecules of Water), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; — (<i>Refined Borax</i>)	lb.	.75	
" " <i>cryst.</i> , prismatic, (<i>Crude Borax</i>)	lb.	.40	
" " powder, — from <i>prismatic crystals</i> , — (<i>not Amorphous Borax!</i>)	lb.	.50	
" " — glycerolate of, ("Glycerite" of Borax — <i>Glyceritum Sodii boratis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> 1870; — <i>Glycerinum</i> <i>Boracis</i> , <i>Ph. Br.</i>), — [1 part Bor- rax; 4 Glycerin; 2 Water]			
" " — do. do., — <i>syrupy consistency</i> , — (im- properly called: "Boro-Glyce- rin"), — [about <i>equal parts</i> Bor- rax and Glycerin]; — (<i>not to be</i> <i>confounded with the true-Dry</i> <i>Boro-Glycerin = Glycerolate</i> <i>of Boric Acid!</i>)	lb.	1.50	
N.B. — See, also: Boro-Glyce- rin.			
" bi-carbonate (acid carbonate; hydro-car- bonate), chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , in crusts	lb.	.40	
" " chem. pure, <i>cryst.</i> , in lumps	lb.	.40	
" " " " powder, — <i>Sodii bicar-</i> <i>bonas</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.35	
" " pure, powder, <i>Sodii bicarbonis</i> <i>venalis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb.	.30	
" " English, — powder	lb.	.30	
" " " — in lumps	lb.	.25	
" bi-chromate	lb.	.35	
" bin-oxalate	lb.	.75	
" bi-phosphate	lb.	1.25	

	Containers incl.			
Sodium, ethyl-thio-carbonate, see Sodium, xanthogenate.				
" ferro-cyanide, (Sodio-Ferrous cyanide, so-called), pure	oz. .50			
" " commercial	lb. .75			
" fluoride, pure	oz. .45			
" " commercial	oz. .25			
" formate, pure, dry	oz. .50			
" glycerino-borate, (Glycerolate of Borax — <i>Glyceritum Sodii boratis</i> , U. S. Ph. 1870), see Sodium, bi-borate, glycerolate of.				
N. B.— See, also: Do., do., do. do.,— <i>syrupy consistency</i> .				
" glyco-cholate, cryst.	15 gr. 1.50			
" hippurate	oz. 2.00			
" hydro-carbonate, see Sodium, bi-carbonate				
" hydrochloro-phosphate, see Sodium, phosphate, hydrochlorated.				
" hydrogenio-sulphate, see Sodium, bi-sulphate				
" hydrophosphate, (Di-sodium Hydroph.), see Sodium, phosphate, bi-basic.				
" hydroxide ("hydrate") [hydrated (caustic) oxide], (Caustic Soda), chem. pure,—from Sodium	lb. 5.00			
" " pure (<i>purif. by Alcohol</i>); plates.	lb. 1.05			
" " " (" "); sticks, <i>Soda</i> , U. S. Ph.	lb. 1.00			
" " purified, dry	lb. .60			
" " " in plates	lb. .50			
" " " —in sticks	lb. .55			
" " " —in drops	lb. 1.50			
" " crude,—[abt. 75%]				
" " with Lime,—(Soda-Lime)	lb. .60			
" hypo-phosphite,—U. S. Ph.	lb. 1.30			
" hypo-sulphate, chem. pure	oz. 1.00			
" hypo-sulphite (sub-sulphite),—[an <i>Anti-chlor!</i>], see Sodium, thio-sulphate				
" " chem. pure,—U. S. Ph.,—see do. do., chem. pure.				
" ichthyol-sulphonate (sulpho-ichthyolate), see under <i>Ichthyol preparations</i>				
" indigo-sulphate (sulph-indigotate, sulpho-ceruleate), chem. pure	oz. 1.50			
" iodate	oz. 1.00			
" iodide, dry,—U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II.	oz. .35			
" kousseinat.	15 gr. .50			
" lactate,—syrupy consistency.—(N. B.— <i>This consistency is the only form in which pure Sodium Lactate is obtainable.</i>)	oz. .35			
" lacto-phosphate (phospho-lactate).	oz. .50			
" meta-antimonate (stibiite), pure, cryst.	oz. .40			
" meta-phosphate	oz. .45			
" methyl-sulphate, cryst.	oz. .50			
" methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonate, see <i>Thermifugin</i>				
" molybdate (molybdenate).	oz. .50			
" muriato-phosphate, see Sodium, phosphate, hydrochlorated				
" nitrate, crude				
" " purified	Soda Salt- petre; Cu- bic Nitre.	lb. .35		
" " ch. pure,—U. S. Ph. and Ph. G. II.		lb. .50		
" nitrite, chem. pure, in sticks	oz. .22			
" " commercial, cryst.	lb. .40			
" nitro-prusside (nitro-prussiate; nitro-ferri-cyanide)	oz. 1.00			

℞ When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.	
Sodium, oleate	lb. 1.50	500
ortho-phosphate, di-sodic, see Sodium, phosphate, bi-basic		
osmate, chem. pure	15 gr. 2.50	
oxalate	lb. .75	
chem. pure	lb. 1.00	
oxide, hydrated (caustic), [Caustic Soda], — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms, — see Sodium, hydroxide, etc.; etc.		
per-manganate, crude	lb. .60	
phenate (phenylate, carbolate), dry	oz. 20	
phenol-sulphonate, see Sodium, sulphophenate (sulpho-carbolate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>), etc.		
phosphate, bi-basic (official), [Di-sodic ortho-Phosphate, Di-sodium Hydro-phosphate], — purified, cryst.	lb. .25	
do., twice purified, cryst.	lb. .27	
do., dry	lb. .40	
pure, granulated	lb. .75	
chem. pure, cryst., <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. .40	
dry	lb. .60	
fused	lb. 1.25	
hydrochlorated (muriated), [Muriato-phosphate (Chlorhydro-phosphate, Hydrochloro-phosphate) of Sodium], dry	oz. .50	
Meta-, see Sod., meta-phosphate.		
phosphite	oz. .60	
phospho-lactate, see Sodium, lacto-phosphate.		
-molybdate (molybdenate)	oz. 1.50	
-wolframate (phospho-tungstate).	oz. .50	
micro-carminate	oz. 3.00	
plumbate	lb. 1.50	
pyro-antimonate	oz. 1.00	
pyro-borate, see Sodium, bi-borate.		
pyro-phosphate, acid	lb. 2.00	
pyro-phosphate, normal, cryst.	lb. .90	
do., cryst., pure, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. .94	
pure, dry	lb. 1.25	
fused	lb. 1.50	
ferrated, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Sodio-ferric pyro-phosphate.		
quillayate		
rhodanide, see Sodium, sulpho-cyanate		
ros-aniline-sulphonate		
rosolate	lb. 2.50	
salicylate, pure, powder	lb. 2.65	
pure, cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and Ph. G. II.	lb. 4.25	
from Wintergreen-(<i>Gaultheria</i>)-Oil	oz. 1.50	
santoninate (not santonate!), — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .69	
seleniate (selenate)	½ oz. vls. oz. 16.00	
silicate, pure, solution [10%], — sp. gr. 1.054	Water-glass, Soluble Glasses, or Liquid Glass	lb. .50
do., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — sp. gr. 1.3-1.4 [58%]		lb. .60
cryst.		lb. 1.25
crude, lumps & ground		lb. .50
gelatinous form		lb. .60
solut'n [40-42° Bc]	lb. .40	
N.B.—Compare, also: Potassium, silicate.		

	Containers incl.		
Sodium, silico-fluoride. —(An innocuous surgical antiseptic, according to Thomson.)—A concentrated solution in Water contains but 0.61%.....	oz. .35		
" silvate (silvinate).....	oz. 1.00		
" stannate, (Mordant Salt; so-called "Preparing-salt").....	lb. .75		
" stearate.....	lb. 1.00		
" stibiato, Meta-, see Sodium, meta-antimonate.....			
" sub-sulphite, see Sodium, thio-sulphate.....			
" succinate, pure, cryst.....	oz. .50		
" sulphate, (Glauber's Salt), ch. pure, cryst.....	lb. .35		
" " chem. pure, dry.....	lb. .40		
" " pure, cryst., <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .34		
" " " dry,—conforming to <i>U. S. Ph.</i> requirements.....	lb. .34		
" " purified, dry.....	lb. .35		
" " " cryst.....	lb. .30		
" " crude, large crystals.....			
" " " —small.....			
" sulphate, acid, see Sodium, bi-sulphate.....			
" sulphide (sulphuret), cryst.,— <i>true</i> ,—(<i>Mono-sulphide of Sodium</i>).....	lb. .84		
" sulphide, <i>so-called</i> ,—(also improperly called "ter-sulphide"),—[Sodic Liver of Sulphur];—fused; and; fused, pure;—see Soda, sulphurated, etc.; etc.....			
" sulphite, cryst.....	lb. .26		
" " pure, dry.....	lb. .50		
" " " cryst.,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .45		
" " " N. B.—See, also (for "Antichlor"): Sodium, bi-sulphite; and; do., thio-sulphate.....			
" " benzoated, (<i>not a true benzoico-sulphite!</i>),—acc. to Heckel.—[Easily soluble, powerful, innocuous antiseptic,—described as equaling the Mercury salts in force.].....	oz. .40		
" " bi-, see Sodium, bi-sulphite.....			
" sulpho-carbolate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.,—see Sodium, sulpho-phenate.....			
" " -carbonate (thio-carbonate).....	lb. .50		
" " -cyanate (thio-cyanate; rhodanide).....	oz. .30		
" " -ichthyolate (ichthyol-sulphonate), see under <i>Ichthyol preparations</i>			
" " -indigotate (sulph-indigotate; sulpho-ceruleate), see Sodium, indigo-sulphate.....			
" " -phenate (phenol-sulphonate;—sulpho-carbolate,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , perf. white.....	oz. .14		
" " " II.....	oz. .13		
" " -vinate, see Sod., ethylo-sulphate.....			
" tannate.....	oz. .30		
" tartrate, cryst.,—(not " <i>Soda-Tartar</i> "!).....	lb. .90		
" " " chem. pure.....	lb. 1.00		
" " N. B.— <i>Tartarated</i> (<i>Tartarized</i>) <i>Soda</i> , [Soda-Tartar], see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate.....			
" tauro-choleate, (<i>Sodium Choleate from Choleic</i> [<i>Tauro-choleic</i>] <i>Acid</i>).....	15 gr. .75		
" " N. B.— <i>Compare</i> , also: Sodium, choleate,— <i>Ph. G. I.</i> ,—(<i>direct from Ox Gall</i>)......			
" ter-sulphide,—improperly so called,—see Soda, sulphurated.....			
" thio-cyanate, see Sodium, sulpho-cyanate.....			

	Containers incl.				
Sodium, thio - sulphate (formerly called "hypo-sulphite," or, also: "sub-sulphite")..... " do., chem. pure.— <i>Sodii hypo-sulphis</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i> N. B.— <i>See, also</i> (for "Anti-chlor"): —Sodium, bi-sulphite; and: do., sulphite. " tri-chlor-acetate..... " tri-chlor-phenate (tri-chlor-carbolate).. " tungstate, see Sodium, wolframate..... " uranate, (Uranium Yellow;—improperly called "Yellow Oxide of Uranium"). N. B.— <i>Compare, also</i> : Ammonium, uranate. " urate..... " valerianate..... " vanadate, pure..... " " bi-, see Sodium, bi-vanadate..... " wolframate (tungstate), crude..... " " purified..... " " pure..... " xanthogenate(ethylo-thio-carbonate)...	} [An Anti-chlor.] }	lb. .25			
		lb. .60			
		oz. 1.50			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .75			
		oz. .80			
		oz. 2.50			
		lb. .45			
		lb. .75			
		oz. .13			
		oz. .30			
		Sodium and Aluminium, chloride, see Aluminium and Sodium, chloride...			
		" and do., sulphate, see Alum, sodic...			
		" and Ammonium, oxalate.....	lb. 1.00		
" " " phosphate... { (Microcosmic {	lb. 1.20				
" " " " ch. pure { Salt.) }	lb. 1.35				
" " " sulphate.....					
" and Copper, chloride, see C. and S., chl.					
" and Gold, chloride, see Gold and Sodium, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other forms and grades.....					
" and Iridium, chloride, see I. and S., chl.					
" and Iron, cyanide, so-called, see Sodium, ferro-cyanide.....					
" and do.,— <i>other salts</i> ,—see under Iron, Mono-compounds; and Iron, Sesqui-compounds.....					
" and Lead, thio-sulphate ("hypo-sulphite"), see Lead and Sodium, thio-sulphate.....					
" and Lithium, salts, see Lith. and Sod.					
" and Magnesium, boro-citrate.....	oz. .40				
" " " lactate.....	oz. .50				
" " " phosphate.....	oz. .40				
" and Mercury, <i>Amalgam</i> , see Sodium Amalgam—(below!).					
" and Palladium, chloride, see Palladium and Sodium, chloride.....					
" and Platinum, double and triple salts, see under: Platinum double Chlorides; do. double Cyanides; and, do. triple Cyanides.....					
" and Potassium, carbonate, chem. pure	lb. 1.25				
" " " sulphate.....	lb. .75				
" " " boro-tartrate; and, tartrate (— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.);—see Pot. and Sodium, do.; and, do..					
" and Silver, thio-sulphate, ("hypo-sulphite"), see Silver and Sodium, thio-sulphate.....					
Sodium, Platinum and Potassium, cyanuret, see under Platinum triple Cyanides					
Sodium Alum, see Alum, sodic.....					
Sodium Amalgam.....	lb. 2.50				
Solanidine.....	15 gr. 2.25				
Solanine, pure, cryst.....	15 gr. 3.00				
" hydrochlorate.....	15 gr. 4.00				

When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

	Containers incl.		
Soluble Citrates , so-called, see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferric citrate: brown, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, green.....			
“ Cream of Tartar ,—so-called,—(Borax-Tartar), see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....			
“ do. of do. ,— <i>perfectly soluble</i> in Water.....		see do. do.	
“ Scales of Tartar (of Borax-Tartar).....		do., do.,— <i>in scales</i>	
“ Glass , (Water-Glass), see Potassium, silicate, etc.;—and; Soda, silicate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....			
“ Indigo , (Indigo Sulphate),—solution, see Tinctures: Indigo.....			
“ Iron , so-called, see Iron, oxide, red, saccharated.....			
“ Tartar , (Tartarus tartarisatus), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc. N. B.—Compare: Soluble “ <i>Cream</i> ,” and “ <i>Scales</i> ,” of Tartar;—(above!).			
“ do. ,— Ammoniated ,—see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate.....			
Solutions (Liquores),—[See, also: “N. B.,” at end of “Solutions”]:—			
Aluminium acetate, see Aluminium, acet., liq.			
Ammonia, aqueous, see Ammonia, Water of			
“ alcoholic, see Ammonia, Spirit of.....			
Ammonium acetate, —Ph. G. II.,—(“ <i>Spiritus Mindereri</i> ”).....	lb.	.50	
“ carbonate, pyro-oleous, see Spirit, so-called, of Hartshorn,—rectified.....			
“ succinate, (“ <i>Spiritus cornu cervi succinatus</i> ”),—sp. gr. 1.055.....	lb.	1.50	
“ sulphide (sulphuret),—hydro-sulphuretted, —(<i>Hydrothion-ammonium</i> solution).....	lb.	.60	
anodyne Iron-, <i>Bestuscheff's</i> , see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral.....			
Antimonious chloride, (Tri-chloride of Antimony);—[<i>Liquid Butter of Antimony</i>],—sp. gr. 1.350.....	lb.	.35	
do. do., white, pure,—sp. gr. 1.350.....	lb.	.50	
N. B.— <i>Concentrated Butter of Antimony</i> , see Antimony, chloride, Antimonious.			
Arsenic and Mercury Iodides,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> :—(Solut. of Bin-iodide of Mercury and Ter-iodide of Arsenic),—(Donovan's Solution)			
Bamberger's Mercurio-albuminated; see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid.			
Chlorine,—aqueous,—see Chlorine-water..			
Donovan's, see Solution, Arsenic and Mercury Iodides, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Dzondi's ammoniacal, see Ammonia, Spirit			
Fehling's Test,—see under: Titrated Normal Solutions,—(at End of <i>Alphabetical List!</i>).			
Fowler's arsenical, see Solut., Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>			
Gutta-percha,— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ;—(<i>Traumaticin</i>).	lb.	3.00	
Ichthyol, see under Ichthyol preparations.			
Indigo sulphate, see Tinctures: Indigo....			
Iron acetate,—sp. gr. 1.145.....	lb.	1.00	
“ “ “ 1.138.....	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ Ph. G. II.,—sp. gr. 1.081 1.083	lb.	.65	
“ “ “ <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ,—“ 1.16.....	lb.	1.00	
“ albuminate,—acc. to Dr. Friese.....	lb.	.75	
“ “ “ Dr. Drees.....	lb.	.75	
“ chloride, proto- (Ferrous),—sp. gr. 1.255	lb.	.35	
“ “ Ferric, normal, see Solution, Iron, tri-chloride.....			

Solutions (Liquores),—continued:

Iron chloride, Ferric, (*contin.!*),—basic,—so-called;—see Sol., Iron oxy-chloride do.,—anodyne,—see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral
 citrate,—*U. S. Ph.*,—sp. gr. 1.26
 dialyzed,—(*a so-called Solution!*),—see Iron, dialyzed, liquid
 formate,—sp. gr. 1.04
 oxy-chloride, Ferric, (Basic Ferric chloride), so-called,—*Ph. G. II.*,—[3.5% of Iron,=5% of Fe₂O₃]
 peptonized, (Peptonated Ferric Oxide),—*dialyzed*;—for *internal use*;—[3% Iron].—(Prepared from *the above.*)
N. B.—*Compare, also:* Iron, peptonized, solution, glycerinated,—for *subcutaneous* injections.
 saccharate,—with excess of Sugar,—see *Syrup* of Saccharate of Iron
 sub-sulphate,—*U. S. Ph.*;—(Sol. of Basic Ferric Sulphate), [Monsel's solution]
 sulphate, Ferric, normal, (Ter-sulphate),—*U. S. Ph.* and *Ph. G. I.*,—sp. gr. 1.32
 do., do.,—*Ph. G. II.*,—sp. gr. 1.428–430
 commercial
 basic, see Solution, Iron, sub-sulphate, *U. S. Ph.*
 tri-chloride (sesqui-chloride) [*Normal Ferric chloride*],—sp. gr. 1.500
 —sp. gr. 1.480
 1.405,—*U. S. Ph.*
 1.28,—*Ph. G. II.*
 Lead acetate, basic, (sub-acetate),—[so-called Goulard's Extract; Vinegar of Lead—*Acetum plumbi (Saturni)*],—*Liquor plumbi subacetatis, U. S. Ph.*
 Lime,—*U. S. Ph.*,—(Lime-water—*Aqua Calcariæ*)
 Mercuric nitrate, (Mercury Per-nitrate),—sp. gr. 1.180
 —sp. gr. 2.10,—*U. S. Ph.*
 1.67
 Mercury bi-chloride, albuminated,—according to Bamberger,—see Mercury, bi-chloride, albuminated, fluid
 Monsel's, see Solution, Iron sub-sulphate, *U. S. Ph.*
 pancreatic,—prepared directly from the fresh pancreas;—(*not* Glycerolate of Pancreatin!—*which see also*, under: Pancreatin,—solution in Glycerin.)
 Potassa, caustic,—sp. gr. 1.340 } [34% Potass.
 pure,— 1.340 } Hydr.-KHO]
 1.142,—*Ph. G. II.*,—
 [15% of KHO]
 Potassium acetate,—*Ph. G. II.*
 arsenite,—*U. S. Ph.*;—(Fowler's Arsenical solution)
 silicate, (Liquid Glass), see under: Potassium, silicate
 Soda, caustic,—sp. gr. 1.340 } [31% Sodium
 pure, 1.340 } Hydr.-NaHO]
 1.159–163,—*Ph. G. II.*,—
 [abt. 15% NaHO]
 —sp. gr. 1.34,—[37° B^e];—free from Nitrogen.—[For determining Nitrogen in analyses.]

Containers incl.

lb. 2.50
 lb. .35
 lb. 1.10
 lb. .40
 lb. .50
 lb. .45
 lb. .40
 lb. .85
 lb. .75
 lb. .65
 lb. .50
 lb. .30
 lb. .25
 lb. 1.10
 lb. 2.00
 lb. 1.60
 lb. 1.50
 lb. .30
 lb. .75
 lb. .40
 lb. .40
 lb. .30
 lb. .75
 lb. .40
 lb. .35

See When ordering, specify: "MERCK'S"!

Solutions (Liquores),—continued :

Sodium ethylate, (Liquor Sodii ethylatis, Ph. Brit.), see Sodium, ethylate, liquid
 " hypo-chlorite
 " silicate, (Liquid Glass), *U. S. Ph.*; and other grades;—see under: Sodium, silicate
 N. B.—*Many other Solutions*, see under the names of the various Metallic salts, etc.—*Compare, also*: TINCTURES, etc.; and, SYRUP, etc.

Solutions, Test-, (Indicator-, titrated normal and pharmacopœial volumetric Solutions), for qualitative and quantitative analyses,—see at End of List.

Sorbin (Sorbinose)..... 15 gr. 1.50

Sorbit (Sorbitol).....

Sozo-iodole (Di-iod-para-phenol-sulphonate of Sodium),—readily soluble..... oz. 1.75

N. B.—*The analogous salts of Potassium, Ammonium, Barium, Lead, Mercury, Silver, and Zinc*, are also made.

Sparteine Merck:

pure Alkaloid,—syrupy consistency.—(Narcotic.) 15 gr. .50

hydrochlorate, *cryst.*..... 15 gr. .50

hydro-iodate (hydriodate), *cryst.*,—readily soluble in 5 parts of Water..... 15 gr. .50

sulphate, *cryst.*..... 15 gr. .30

Specimen Collections:

Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc..... } See at End

All the Opium constituents..... } of List.

Metals..... }
 Physiological Preparations..... }

Spigeline.—The highly toxic active principle of Maryland Pink—*Spigelia marilandica*.—(Anthelmintic; specially in ascarides!).....
 N. B.—*See, also*:—Fluid Extracts: *Spigelia*.

Spirit, Angelica,—compound..... lb. .85

" aromatic,—Ph. Neerl..... lb. 1.00

" Balm (Lemon-balm—Melissa),—compound; ["Eau des Carnes"]..... lb. 1.00

" "—simple, concentrated..... lb. 1.50

" Cochlearia (Scurvy-grass, Spoonwort),—Ph. G. II,—from the fresh herb... lb. 1.00

" Elder-flowers, see Spirit, Sambucus.....

" formic, (Spirit of Ants—Spiritus Formicarum),—*true*,—prep. from ants lb. 1.00

" "—Ph. G. II,—prep. fr. Formic Acid. lb. .90

" Mastic (Mastix),—compound; (Spiritus matricalis—Mother-spirit)..... lb. 1.50

" Melissa: compound; and simple;—see Spirit, Balm.....

" —*so-called*,—Mindererus's, see Solutions: Ammonium acetate.....

" Mother-, see Spirit, Mastic,—compound.....

" pyro-acetic,—*so-called*,—see Acetone.....

" pyro-ligneous (pyro-xylic), see Alcohol, methylic.....

" Raspberry;—for preparing Aqua Rubi idæi..... lb. 1.50

" Sambucus (Elder-flowers)..... lb. 1.50

" Scurvy-grass (Spoonwort), see Spirit, Cochlearia.....

" Wood-, see Alcohol, methylic.....

Spirit of Ammonia, Dzondi's, see Ammonia, Spirit of.....

" " " aromatic..... lb. 1.00

" of Ants, see Spirit, formic.....

" —*so-called*,—fuming, of Libavius; see Tin, tetra-chloride.....

Containers incl.

lb. .35

15 gr. 1.50

oz. 1.75

15 gr. .50

15 gr. .50

15 gr. .50

15 gr. .30

lb. .85

lb. 1.00

lb. 1.00

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.00

lb. 1.00

lb. .90

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.50

lb. 1.00

lb. 1.00

	Containers incl.			
Spirit —so-called—of Hartshorn,—rectified; (Spiritus Cornu Cervi rectificatus; Liquor Ammonii carbonici pyro-oleosi—Solution of Pyro-oleous Ammonium Carbonate).....	lb. .60			
“ —so-called—of Hartshorn,—succinated; see Solutions: Ammonium succinate.....				
“ of Iron Chloride,—etherized; see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral.....				
“ of Muriatic Ether; (<i>Sweet Spirit of Salt</i>), [Hydrochlorated Alcohol],—sp. gr. 0.840.....	lb. 1.25			
“ of Nitrous Ether; (<i>Sweet Spirit of Nitre</i>),— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
Spiritus æthereus martiatus , (Spir. Ferri chlorati æthereus), see Tinctures: Iron chloride,—etheral.....				
“ Ammoniaci caustici Dzondii , see Ammonia, Spirit of.....				
“ Cornu Cervi rectificatus , see Spirit, so-called, of Hartshorn,—rectified.....				
“ “ “ succinatus , see Solutions: Ammonium, succinate.....				
“ fumans Libavii , see Tin, tetra-chloride.....				
Spiritus , other than above, see: Spirit, etc....				
Spodium purificatum ; et, purum;—see Charcoal, animal, purified, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, pure				
Sponge , burnt, (Spongia usta [tosta]), see Charcoal, Sponge.....				
“ compressed, (Spongiæ pressæ),—tied with twine.....	oz. .75			
“ “ in layers,—without twine.....	oz. 1.50			
Sponge-tent (<i>Waxed Sponge</i> —Spongiæ ceratæ).....	oz. .70			
Squill (Scilla) preparations:				
Scilli-picrin Merck	15 gr. .35			
Scillitin	15 gr. .75			
Scilli-toxin (Seillain).....	15 gr. 2.00			
Stanni pulvis , see Tin, metallic, pure, powder.....				
Stannic Precipitate of Gold , see Gold, Tin-precipitate of.....				
Stannum , and compounds, see Tin, etc....				
Staphisagrine	15 gr. 1.00			
Starch (Amidin, Fecula), iodized,—(Amylum iodatum, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>);—[“Iodide of Starch”],—soluble.....	oz. .34			
“ of Inula (—of <i>Elecampane</i> ;—of <i>Alund-root</i>),—[Alant-starch; Alantin; Dahlin],—see Inulin.....				
Starch-sugar , chem. pure, anhydrous, see Grape-sugar , etc....				
Steel Pellets , so-called, see Iron, Mono-compounds: Potassio - Ferrous tartrate, in globules.....				
Stibium , and compounds, see Antimony, etc. (—“ <i>Stibiated</i> —” etc., see “ <i>Antimoniated</i> —” etc.).....				
Stilbene (Symmetric Di-phenyl-ethylene) [Toluylene].....	15 gr. 1.00			
Stone , divine..... } so-called, see Copper,				
“ ophthalmic , { aluminated.....				
“ infernal , see Silver, nitrate, cryst.; and, molded;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and, grey.....				
Strontium , metallic,—from Amalgam.....	15 gr. 5.00			
“ “ —by electrolysis.....	15 gr. 10.00			
“ acetate.....	lb. 2.50			
“ bromate.....	oz. 1.00			

When ordering, specify: “MERCK'S”!

	Containers incl.		
Strontium, bromide.....	oz. .50		
“ carbonate, pure, perf. white.....	lb. .60		
“ chlorate.....	lb. 1.85		
“ chloride, chem. pure, cryst.	lb. 1.25		
“ “ cryst.....	lb. .75		
“ “ dry.....	lb. 1.50		
“ chromate.....	lb. 2.25		
“ fluoride.—(An inhalant in laryngeal phthisis.).....	lb. 2.25		
“ formate.....	oz. .50		
“ hypo-sulphate.....	oz. .75		
“ hypo-sulphite, see Strontium, thio-sulphate.....			
“ iodide.....	oz. 1.00		
“ nitrate, pure, anhydrous, cryst.	lb. 1.00		
“ “ dry.....	lb. .25		
“ oxalate.....	lb. 1.30		
“ oxide, caustic, cryst.....	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ anhydrous.....	lb. 2.00		
“ phosphate.....	lb. 1.50		
“ sulphate, precipitated.....	lb. 1.00		
“ sulphide (sulphuret).....	lb. 1.50		
“ thio-sulphate (formerly called “hypo-sulphite”).....	oz. .75		
Strontium and Platinum, cyanide, see under Platinum double Cyanides....			
“ and Potassium, chlorate.....	lb. 2.50		
Strophanthin Merck, chem. pure, cryst.:—from <i>Strophanthus hispidus</i> , an African arrow-poison. —(Preferred to Digitalin,—as a heart-tonic.).....	grain .50		
Strychnine (<i>Strychnia</i>), pure, cryst.— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ pure, precipitated.....	oz. vls. oz. 1.95		
“ acetate.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ arseniate (arsenate).....	oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
“ arsenite.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ camphorate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ citrate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ ferri-citrate.— <i>Ferri et Strychninæ citras</i> , <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. 1.00		
“ hydrobromate.....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ hydrochlorate.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ hydro-iodate (hydriodate).....	oz. vls. oz. 6.00		
“ “ —with Iodide of Zinc.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ hypo-phosphite.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.50		
“ lactate.....	oz. vls. oz. 4.00		
“ nitrate, cryst.....	oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ phosphate.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
“ saccharinate (<i>not saccharate</i> !).....	} <i>True salts of Strychnine and Saccharin— which latter are!</i>		
“ “ bi.....			
“ sulphate.— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. vls. oz. 2.00		
“ sulpho-carbolate (phenol-sulphonate, sulpho-phenate).....	oz. vls. oz. 5.00		
Strychnine and Zinc-Oxide, hydriodate, see <i>Str.</i> hydro-iodate.—with Iodide of Zinc.....			
Strychnine with Ferri-citrate of Quinine.....	oz. vls. oz. 3.00		
Strychnine, Methyl-, etc., see Methyl-Strychnine, etc.....			
Styracin, cryst., white, (Cinnamate of Cinnyl [Styryl]), [Cinnamyl-o-cinnamic Ether]	oz. 5.00		
Styrol (Styrolene; Cinnamene, Cinnamol), chem. pure.....	oz. 2.50		
Styrone (Cinnyl Alcohol; Cinnamic [Styrylic] Alcohol), liquid.....	oz. 2.00		
“ cryst.....	oz. 5.00		
Suberin.....	oz. .65		
Sublimate, corrosive, see Mercury, bichloride, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....			
Succus, Succī, etc., see Juice, Juices, etc.....			

Containers incl.

Sugar, ferruginated, (*Iron-Sugar*), see *Iron, oxide, red, saccharated*
 N.B.—*Compare, also*:
 Iron, albuminate
 “ *carbonate*—(*U. S. Ph.*; etc.)—
 “ *iodide*—(*U. S. Ph.*)
 “ *peptonized*
 “ *sulphate, Ferrous*
 “ *Mono-compounds: Manganio-Ferrous carbonate*
Sugar, Grape-, } (*Dextrose, Dextro-glucose*; }
 “ **Starch-**, } (*Glucose*.)—see *Grape-sugar,*
 chem. pure, anhydrous, etc.
 “ **Fruit-**, (*Levulose*), see *Fruit-sugar, I.*
 “ **inverted**, see *Fruit-sugar, commercial*
 “ **Madagascar**, see *Melampyrit*
 “ **Milk-**, (*Lactose, Lactin*), see *Milk-sugar*
 “ of **Acorns**, see *Quercit*
 “ of **Manna**, see *Mannit*
 “ of **Meat**, see *Inosit*
Sugar—so-called—of Lead, see *Lead, acetate, normal, U. S. Ph.*
Sulfur, etc., = *Sulphur, etc.*
Sulpho-phenol (*Sulpho-carbol*), **para-** and **ortho-**,—*mixed*,—see *Acid, sulpho-carbolic*
 “ **ortho, pure**,— $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ solution,—see *Aseptol*
Sulpho-urea (*Sulph-urea*) [*Sulpho-carbamide*] oz. 3.00
Sulphonal (*Di-ethyl-sulphon-di-methyl-methane*) [= $(C_2H_5)_2.C.(C_2H_5.SO_2)_2$].—*Crystals, soluble in 500 parts Water of 15° C [59 F]; in 65 of Absolute Alcohol, or in 110 of 50-% Alc., at same temperature.*—(*Reported to be a non-narcotic hypnotic, without heart-effects.*) oz. 2.25
Sulphur, sublimed, (*Flowers of Sulphur*),—*Sulphur sublimatum, U. S. Ph.*
 “ *do.*, washed (*purified*), [*Washed Flowers of Sulphur*],—*Sulphur lotum, U. S. Ph.*
 “ precipitated, (*Milk [Magistery] of Sulphur—Lac Sulphuris*), *pure*,—*Sulphur precipitatum, U. S. Ph.*
 “ “ *commercial* lb. .35
 “ *chem. pure, cryst.* lb. 1.00
 “ *bromide* oz. 1.00
 “ *chloride* oz. .50
 “ “ *camphorated* oz. .75
 “ *di-oxide, hydrated*,—*solution*,—see *Acid, sulphurous, U. S. Ph.*; etc.
 “ —*so-called*,—*golden*,—(Sb_2S_5);—see *Antimony, sulphide, golden*
 “ *iodide*,—*U. S. Ph.* oz. .50
 “ *tri-oxide*, see *Acid, sulphuric, anhydrous*
 “ “ *mono-hydrated*, see *Acid, sulphuric, chem. pure, U. S. Ph.*
Sulphur stibiatum aurantiacum, (*Sulphur auratum Antimonii*),—[*not*: “*Sulphurated Antimony*,” *U. S. Ph.*;—*but*: *Penta-sulphide of Ant.*!];—see *Antimony, sulphide, golden*
Sulphur,—*so-called “Alcohol” of*,—see *Carbon, bi-sulphide*
 “ **Balsam of**, see *Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed*
 “ *do. do.*, *terebinthinated*, see *Oils, divers: sulphurated Linseed, terebinthinated*
 “ **Flowers of**, see *Sulphur, sublimed, U. S. Ph.*
 “ *do. do.*, washed, see *Sulphur, sublimed, washed, U. S. Ph.*

structured

Tannin (Tannic Acid), very light, chem. pure, clearly soluble, — *U. S. Ph.* and Ph. G. II

“ very light, pure

“ commercial, powder or granulated, I

“ “ powder or granulated, II

“ “ powder, III

“ “ IV

“ powder, — Ph. G. II, — perfectly white

“ odorless and soluble

“ *in sticks*

Tannin Albuminate

Tantalum, metallic, pure

“ pent-oxide, (Tantalio Oxide), hydrated, — from Tantalio Chloride; — see Acid, tantalio

Tar (Pix) of **Birch**, see Oils, divers: Birch: empyreumatic

“ of **Juniper** (Juniper-wood), see Oils, divers: Cade

“ of **Lignite**, see Oils, divers: Lignite

Tartar, chem. pure, see Potassium, bi-tartrate, *U. S. Ph.*; etc.

“ Cream of, } see Potassium, bi-tartrate,

“ Crystals of, } *U. S. Ph.*; etc.; etc.
 N.B. — Compare, also: Tartar, Soluble Cream of, (“so-called”; and, “perfectly soluble”), — below!

“ purified; and, pure; (Crystals of Tartar: Cream of Tartar); — see Potassium, bi-tartrate, etc., etc.

Tartar, ammoniated, soluble, see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate

“ **ammonio-ferric**, (*Ammoniacal Iron-Tartar*), see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-Ferric tartrate, *U. S. Ph.*

“ **antimoniated**, (Tartarus stibiatus), [Tartar Emetic], see Antimony and Potassium, tartrate, *U. S. Ph.*; and other grades.

“ **Borax-**, (Tartarus boraxatus), [*so-called* “Soluble Cream of Tartar”], see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.

“ **do.-**, perfectly soluble in Water! — see do. do. do., — *in scales*

“ **essential Salt** of, see Acid, tartaric
 N.B. Compare: Tartar, Salt of, — (below)!

“ **ferrated**, } see Iron, Mono-compounds:

“ **Iron-** . . . } Potassio-Ferrous tartrate.
 N.B. — Compare: Tartarated (Tartarized) Iron, — [below]!

“ **ferrid-ammoniacal**, } see Iron, Sesqui-compounds: Ammonio-ferric tartrate, *U. S. Ph.*

“ **Iron-, ammoniacal**, }

“ **Salt** of, see Potassium, carbonate, pure.
 N. B. — Compare: Tartar, essential Salt of, — (above)!

“ **Soda-**, see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, *U. S. Ph.*; etc.

“ **soluble**, (Tartarus tartarisatus), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral.

“ “ **ammoniated**, see Potassium and Ammonium, tartrate

“ **soluble Cream** of, — *so-called*, — (Borax-Tartar), — see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.

“ “ **do. do.** . . . } — perfectly soluble in Water! } — see do. do. do., do., — *in scales*.

Containers incl.

oz. .30
 oz. .28
 lb. 2.00
 lb. 1.95
 lb. 1.90
 lb. 1.85
 oz. .25
 oz. .35
 oz. .50
 oz. .50
 15 gr. 7.50

	Containers incl.			
Tartar, —(continued!), —tartarized (<i>tartarated</i>), [Soluble Tartar], see Potassium, tartrate, neutral.....				
“ vitriolated, see Potassium, sulphate.....				
Tartar Emetic.....				
Tartarus stibiatus, (Antimoniated Tartar).....				
Tartarated (<i>Tartarized</i>) Antimony.....				
“ Iron, see Iron, <i>Sesqui</i> -compounds: Potassio-Ferric tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>				
N.B.— <i>Compare</i> : Tartar, ferrated, (Iron-Tartar), —[above]!				
“ Soda, (Soda-Tartar), } see Potassium and Sodium, tartrate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; etc.....				
Tartarus natronatus.....				
“ boraxatus, (Borax-Tartar), [<i>Cremor Tartari quasi solubilis!</i>], see Potassium and Sodium, boro-tartrate.....				
“ do., — <i>plane solubilis!</i> — see do. do. do., do., — <i>in scales</i>				
“ tartarisatus, (Soluble Tartar), see Potassium, tartrate, neutral.....				
Taurine (Amido-ethyl-sulphonic Acid).....	15 gr.	2.50		
Tellurium, pure.....	15 gr.	1.00		
“ di-oxide, (Tellurous oxide), hydrated, —[Tellurous Hydroxide]; —see Acid, tellurous.....				
“ tri-oxide, (Telluric oxide), tri-hydrated, —[Di-hydrated Telluric Hydroxide]; —see Acid, telluric, di-hydrated.....				
Terebene. — optically inactive.....	lb.	1.00		
“ Dr. Bond's, —in original bottles.....	each	.75		
Terpenes, —optically active, —hydrochlorates of, see Turpentine-oil, etc.; etc.....				
Terpin Hydrate, <i>cryst.</i> —(Ter-hydrate of <i>optically inactive</i> Terpenes). —[Succedaneum for Turpentine-oil.].....	oz.	.35		
Terpinol, liquid.....	oz.	.65		
Terra foliata Tartari, see Potassium, acetate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other grades and forms				
Terra foliata Tartari crystallisata, see Sodium, acetate, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> ; and other kinds				
Test-papers, see Paper, etc.....				
Test-solutions (<i>Indicator</i> , <i>titrated normal</i> , and <i>pharmacopœial volumetric Solutions</i>), —for qualitative and quantitative analyses, —see at End of List.				
Tetr-iod-pyrrole, see Iodole.....				
Thalline (Tetra-hydro-para-chin-[quin]-anisole), —[Methyl-ether of Tetra-hydro-para-oxy-quinoline], —salicylate.....	oz.	2.50		
“ sulphate.....	oz.	2.50		
“ tannate.....	oz.	1.75		
“ tartrate.....	oz.	2.25		
Thallium, metallic.....	15 gr.	.30		
“ oxide.....	15 gr.	.50		
Thallium-salts: —Acetate; bromide; carbonate; chloride; sesqui-chloride; iodide; nitrate; sulphate..... [<i>each</i> : —	15 gr.	.50		
Thebaine, pure.....	15 gr.	.65		
“ hydrochlorate.....	15 gr.	.65		
“ tartrate, acid.....	15 gr.	.65		
Theine, see Caffeine.....				
Theobroma, Oil of, see Butter, Cacao.....				
Theobromine.....	15 gr.	1.25		
“ hydrochlorate, <i>cryst.</i>	15 gr.	1.25		
Thermifugin (Methyl-tri-hydro-oxy-quinoline-carbonate of Sodium); — [<i>formula of the Acid</i> : see under Acids!]. — (An antipyretic, discovered by Prof. Demme, of Berne.).....				

	Containers incl.		
Thio-alcohol , ethylic, see Mercaptan, ethylic			
Thorium , metallic	15 gr. 20.00		
“ sulphate	15 gr. 3.50		
Thridace , see Lactucarium, Gallic			
Thymol , cryst., — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> , — (Thymic Acid; <i>Thyme-camphor</i>)	oz. .49		
Thymol-Mercury , acetate, (Thymol-acetate of Mercury), see Mercur-Thymol, acetate.			
Tin (Stannum), double salts of, see “Tin and —” (below!)			
“ metallic, pure, in sticks	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ granulated	lb. 1.00		
“ “ “ precipitated	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ powder, (Stanni pulvis)	lb. 1.50		
“ “ “ filings	lb. 1.00		
“ ammonio-chloride, see Tin and Ammonium, chloride			
“ bi-chloride, <i>fuming</i> , — <i>so-called</i> , — (Libavius's “Spirit”), see Tin, tetra-chloride			
“ “ <i>cryst.</i> , white, — <i>so-called</i> , — see Tin and Sodium, chloride			
“ “ <i>true</i> , see Tin, chloride			
“ bi-sulphide (bi-sulphuret)	oz. .30		
“ chloride (di-chloride — <i>true bi-chloride</i> ; — formerly called “proto-chloride”), [Stannous chloride], — pure; = (<i>Anhydrous form</i> of the <i>so-called</i> “Tin-salt”)	lb. .70		
“ iodide	oz. 1.00		
“ oxalate	lb. 2.50		
“ oxide, white, (per-oxide, di-oxide), (Stannic oxide; Anhydrous Stannic Acid)	lb. .90		
“ “ do., pure, (Flowers of Tin — Flores Jovis [Stanni])	lb. 1.00		
“ oxide, grey, (Tin Ash — Cinis Jovis [Stanni]). — [Used in the arts as <i>so-called Putty-powder</i> (Polishing-powder).]	lb. .70		
“ oxide, black, (prot-oxide, mon-oxide, [Stannous oxide], pure)	lb. 1.50		
“ phosphide (phosphuret), mono-	oz. .75		
“ sulphate, Stannous [Protoxide salt]	oz. .25		
“ sulphide (sulphuret), <i>cryst.</i>	oz. .25		
“ tannate	oz. .65		
“ tartrate	oz. .45		
“ tetra-chloride, (<i>so-called</i> “Fuming Bi-chloride”; Spiritus fumans Libavii; [Stannic chloride; <i>Anhydrous Butter of Tin</i>])	oz. .40		
Tin and Ammonium , chloride, (Ammonio-stannic chloride; Chloro-stannate of Ammonium), [Pink Salt; Dyers' Salt]	lb. .65		
“ and Mercury and Zinc, Amalgam, see Zinc and Tin, Amalgam			
“ and Sodium, chloride, (<i>so-called</i> “White Crystallized Tin Bi-chloride”)	lb. .65		
Tin and Zinc , Amalgam, see Zinc and Tin, Amalgam			
Tin-precipitate of Gold , see Gold, Tin-precipitate of			
Tin Ash , see Tin, oxide, grey			
“ Butter, <i>anhydr.</i> , see Tin, tetra-chloride			
“ Flowers, see Tin, oxide, white, pure			
“ Powder, see Tin, metallic, pure, powder			
“ Salt, <i>so-called</i> , — <i>anhydrous</i> , — see Tin, chloride			
Tinctures:			
Aconite: root (tuber), — Ph. G. II	lb. 1.25		
Actæa, see Tincture, Cimicifuga			
Adonis vernalis, (Bird's Eye; <i>False Hellebore</i>): herb	lb. 1.50		

Tinctures,—continued:

Containers incl.

Ants,—(Tinctura Formicarum),—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.25
Arbor vite, see Tincture, Thuja	
Arnica: flowers	lb. 1.25
Arnica: fresh herb	lb. 1.50
arsenical, Fowler's, see Solutions: Potassium arsenite, <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	
Belladonna: fresh leaves,—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.25
Bestuscheff's, see Tincture, Iron chloride, —etheral	
Bryony,—from the juice of the fresh root	lb. 1.25
Cactus grandiflorus, (Night-blooming Cereus)	
Caladium seguinum, see Tinct., Dumb-cane	
Cannabis, Indian,—Ph. G. II,—(Alcoholic 5-% solution of Extract of Indian Hemp)	lb. 1.25
Capparis: seed, see Tincture, Simulo	
Carduus marianus, (Mary-Thistle),—Ph. G. I.	
Casara sagrada, (Chittem-bark)	lb. 1.50
Celandine: herb,—according to Rademacher	lb. 1.50
Chamomile, German, (Matricaria chamomilla): dried flower-heads,—Ph. G. I.	
Cimicifuga (Actæa): root	lb. 1.25
Cochineal,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25
Condurango (Mataperro): bark	lb. 2.00
Conium: herb	lb. 1.25
Convallaria: entire plant	lb. 1.50
Copper acetate,—acc. to Rademacher	lb. 1.50
Coto-bark	lb. 1.50
Damiana: leaves	lb. 1.75
Digitalis: dry leaves,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25
Drosera rotundifolia, (Rosella), [Round-leaved Sundew]: dry herb,—Ph. G. I.	
Dumb-cane (Caladium seguinum): root	lb. 1.50
Eucalyptus: leaves	lb. 1.25
Garcinia, see Tincture, Mangosteen	
Gelsemium: root	lb. 1.25
Geranium: root, (Cranesbill-root)	lb. 1.50
Guaco: herb	lb. 1.50
Hamamelis: bark	lb. 1.25
Hellebore, Green, <i>American</i> , see Tincture, Veratrum, Green	
“ White, <i>European</i> , see Tincture, Veratrum, White	
“ False, see Tincture, Adonis vernalis	
Hydrastis: root	lb. 1.25
Hyoscyamus: fresh herb	lb. 1.25
Indigo,—(Solution of “Soluble Indigo” [—of Indigo Sulphate])	lb. 1.25
Iodine; dark,—Ph. G. II,—(10-% alcoholic solution)	lb. 1.50
“ decolorized,—Ph. G. I.	lb. 1.75
“ Ph. Brit.	lb. 1.60
Iron acetate,—etheral,—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.25
“ —acc. to Rademacher	lb. 1.25
Iron chloride,—etheral;—(Bestuscheff's tonico-nervine Tincture), [Etherized Spirit of Iron Chloride,—Liquor anodynus martiatus]	lb. 1.50
Laemus (Chemically Pure Litmus).—[Indicator Solution.]	lb. 1.50
N. B.—See, also, under: Indicator Solutions (<i>Test-solutions</i>), at End of List.	
Lactuca virosa, (Acrid Lettuce): fresh flowering herb,—Ph. G. I.	
Lippia mexicana: herb	lb. 1.75
Mangosteen (Garcinia): fruit rind,—etheral	lb. 1.75
Matricaria, see Tincture, Chamomile, German	

	Containers incl.		
Tinctures,—continued:			
Musk,—Ph. G. II.	oz. 1.50		
Nutgalls,—Ph. G. II.			
Nux vomica, (Tinctura Strychni),—Ph. G. II.	lb. 1.00		
Opium; simple,—Ph. G. II,—(Landanum)	lb. 1.50		
“ saffronated, (Tinctura Opii crocata), —Ph. G. II;—[Sydenham's Landanum; so-called “Wine of Opium”].			
Poison-oak, see Tincture, Rhus toxicodendron			
Pulsatilla: fresh herb.	lb. 1.25		
Quebracho blanco: bark.	lb. 1.35		
do. do.; do.,—acc. to <i>Penzoldt</i> ,—see Extracts: Quebracho blanco,—acc. to <i>Penzoldt</i> ,— <i>liquid</i>			
Quebracho colorado: wood.	lb. 1.25		
Rennet, see Rennet Wine.			
Rhus toxicodendron, (Poison-oak); leaves.	lb. 1.25		
Simulo (Capparis-seed).—[A nervine, according to Christy.]			
Spilanthes; compound,—(also called: “ <i>Paraguay roux</i> ”).	lb. 1.50		
Staphisagria; seed	lb. 1.25		
Stramonium			
Strophanthus: seed ,—strength, 1 : 20	lb. 1.75		
“ “ “ “ 1 : 10	lb. 2.50		
Strychnos-seed,—Ph. G. II,—see Tincture, Nux vomica.			
Tayuya-root, from <i>Trianospermaticifolia</i> ,—strength, 1 : 9	lb. 2.50		
Thuja (<i>Arbor vitae</i>): leaves.	lb. 1.35		
Vanilla : pod.	lb. 3.00		
Veratrum, Green, (<i>American Green Hellebore</i> ; <i>Indian Poke</i>): rhizome.	lb. 1.25		
Veratrum, White, (<i>European White Hellebore</i>): rhizome,—Ph. G. II.			
Viburnum prunifolium, (<i>Black Haw</i>): bark.	lb. 1.75		
Titanium, metallic	15 gr. 2.50		
“ chloride	15 gr. .30		
“ di-oxide, di-hydrated, (<i>Titanic Hydroxide</i>), see Acid, titanic, Ortho-			
Titanium and Potassium, fluoride	oz. 3.00		
Titrated Normal Solutions , (Test-solutions), see at End of List.			
Toluene (<i>Toluol</i>) [<i>Methyl-benzene</i> ; <i>Phenylmethane</i>], pure,—sp. gr. 0.877; m.-p. 110–112°C [230–233.6 F].	lb. .65		
“ di-Amido,—see <i>Tolylene-di-amine</i>			
“ mono-chlorated, see <i>Mono-chlor-toluene</i>			
Toluidine , (<i>Amido-toluene</i> [<i>-toluol</i>]; <i>Tolyl-amine</i>), ortho- , commercial	oz. .25		
“ do., chem. pure	oz. .50		
“ para- , commercial	oz. .25		
“ “ chem. pure	oz. .50		
“ “ sulphate	oz. 1.50		
Toluylene , see <i>Stilbene</i>			
Tolyl-amine , see <i>Toluidine</i>			
Tolylene-di-amine (<i>Di-amido-toluene</i> [<i>-toluol</i>])— [sometimes mis-called: <i>Toluylene-di-amine</i>]	oz. 3.50		
Tonka-bean Camphor , see <i>Cumarin</i>			
Traumaticin , see <i>Solutions: Gutta-percha, U. S. Ph.</i>			
Tri-butyryn , see <i>Butyryn</i>			
Tri-chlor-methyl, sulphite , (<i>Tri-chlor-methyl-sulphonic Acid</i>)	oz. 6.00		
Tri-chlor-phenol , <i>cryst.</i> ,—m.-p. 65°C [149 F]	oz. .45		
Tri-ethyl-amine	oz. 6.00		
“ hydrochlorate	oz. 5.00		

Vanadium, metallic, fused.....
 " chloride.....
 " pent-oxide, hydrated, (Vanadic Hydroxide), see Acid, vanadic, Meta-.....
Vanillin, synthetic.—1 part, in alcoholic dilution or sugar-trituration, represents 40 parts of best Vanilla Bean.....
Vaselin (Cosmolin), yellow,—melting-point 40–42° C [104–107.6 F].....
 " white,—m.-p. 43–45° C [109.4–113 F]...
 " —for veterinary purposes.....
 " — Pennsylvania.....
Vasicine.—Alkaloid from *Adhatoda vasica*, Nees.—(A bronchial remedy, and insecticide.).....
Vellozin (Vellozin), see Vicirin.....
Veratrine Merck, (*Veratria*):
 pure.....
 chem. pure,—conform. to *U. S. Ph.* and *Ph. G. II.*.....
 acetate.....
 hydrochlorate.....
 nitrate.....
 sulphate.....
 valerianate.....
Verdigris, purified, see Copper, acetate, basic
 " crystallized, see Copper, acetate, normal, *U. S. Ph.*.....
Verditer, blue, see Copper, carbonate, blue
Vermilion, artificial, best, see Mercury, sulphide, red, *U. S. Ph.*.....
Vernonin, —[C₁₀H₂O₂].—Glucoside from the root of *Vernonia nigritans*, S. & M., (South-east African "Batjentjos");—deliquescent powder.—[Mild heart-tonic.]...
Vesuvine, see under Aniline and Phenol
 Dyes: Brown.....
Vieirin (Vieiric Acid) [Vellozin; Cuprein], —from the bark of *Remijia Vellozii*, De Candolle, (*Cuprea*-bark).—[A febrifuge highly valued in the Brazils.].....
Vienna Caustic, powder, see Potassium, hydroxide, with Lime, [2:1], powder.....
 " " fused, (Filhos's Caustic), see do., do., do. do., [4:1], fused.....
Vinegar, concentrated, pure, (*Acetum concentratum purum*), see Acid, acetic, pure,—solution.....
 " do., chem. pure, (*Acetum purissimum*, *Ph. G. II.*), see Acid, acetic, chem. pure,—solution.....
Vinegar, pyroligneous, (*Wood-vinegar*), rectified, [*Acetum pyrolignosum rectificatum*, *Ph. G. II.*], see Acid, pyro-ligneous, purified.....
Vinegar of Lead, ("Goulard's Extract"), see Solutions: Lead acetate, basic, *U. S. Ph.*
Vinegar Naphtha, see Ether, acetic.....
Vinum Opii, —so-called, —see Tinctures: Opium,—saffronated.....
 " Pepsini, *Ph. G. II.*, see Pepsin Wine..
Viride Æris purificatum, see Copper, acetate, basic.....
Vitellus (*Vitellus Ovi*), see Egg preparations: Yelk, etc.....
Vitriol, blue (*Copper-*), see Copper, sulphate, neutral, *U. S. Ph.*; and other grades and forms.....

Containers incl.
 15 gr. 22.00
 ½ oz. vls. oz. 3.00
 oz. 6.50
 ½ oz. vls. oz. 1.55
 1 oz. vls. oz. 1.65
 1 oz. vls. oz. 2.00
 1 oz. vls. oz. 2.00
 1 oz. vls. oz. 1.75
 1 oz. vls. oz. 1.75
 1 oz. vls. oz. 1.75
 15 gr. 3.00

	Containers incl.			
Zinc (Zincum), <i>Amalgams and alloy of, see after the double salts, — [below !]</i>				
“ double salts of, see “Zinc and —” (below!)				
“ metallic, absolutely chemically pure	lb. 3.00			
“ “ highly pure, granulated	lb. 1.60			
“ “ “ in sticks	lb. 1.60			
“ “ “ powder	lb. 1.75			
“ absolutely free fr. Arsenic, — granulated;— <i>Zincum, U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50			
“ absol. free fr. Arsenic, —in sticks	lb. .55			
“ “ “ “ —coarse powd.	lb. 1.00			
“ powder, (Zinc-dust)	lb. .30			
“ blocks, —for Hydrogen lamps.	lb. .40			
“ erude, in sticks	lb. .40			
“ acetate, pure, <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .57			
“ “ fused	lb. .50			
“ albuminate	oz. .50			
“ arseniate (arsenate)	oz. .30			
“ arsenite	oz. .25			
“ benzoate, —from <i>true</i> Benzoic Acid, prepared from the resin	oz. .59			
“ “ —from <i>artificial</i> Benzoic Acid	oz. .40			
“ bi-borate	oz. .30			
“ borate	oz. .25			
“ bromate	oz. 1.00			
“ bromide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .23			
“ carbonate, precipitated, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	lb. .50			
“ chlorate	oz. .50			
“ chloride (auriate), [Butter of Zinc], fused, in sticks;— <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .13			
“ “ fused, in troches	oz. .15			
“ “ dry, white, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	oz. .13			
“ “ erude, dry	lb. .30			
“ “ “ liquid, —aqueous solution	lb. .30			
“ “ “ “ —alcoholic solution	lb. .50			
“ “ fused, with Potassium Nitrate	lb. 1.50			
“ chloro-iodide	oz. .75			
“ chromate	oz. .30			
“ citrate	oz. .40			
“ cyanide. . . } (“ <i>Zincum cyanatum sine</i>	oz. .27			
“ “ pure { <i>Ferro</i> ”)	oz. .50			
“ ferro-cyanide, (<i>Zincum zoëticum</i> [borussicum]), [<i>Zincum cyanatum cum Ferro</i>]	oz. .27			
“ gynoecardate. —(Dermatological remedy.)	½ oz. or .oz. 2.00			
“ hypo-phosphite	oz. .70			
“ ichthyol-sulphonate. see under <i>Ichthyol prep.</i>				
“ iodate	oz. 1.50			
“ iodide, — <i>U. S. Ph.</i>	oz. .52			
“ lactate	oz. .34			
“ mono-chlor-acetate, cryst.	15 gr. .50			
“ muriate, see Zinc, chloride, <i>U. S. Ph.s;</i> and other grades and forms.				
“ nitrate, crude	lb. .75			
“ “ pure	oz. .25			
“ oleate	oz. .35			
“ oxalate	lb. 1.00			
“ oxide, by wet proc., white, chem. pure	lb. .70			
“ “ “ “ “ — <i>U. S. Ph.</i> and <i>Ph. G. II</i>	lb. .65			
“ “ “ “ “ “ <i>II</i>	lb. .60			
“ “ by dry process, (Flowers of Zinc; so-called “Philosophers’ Wool”; <i>Nihil album</i>)	lb. .25			
“ per-manganate, liquid, —[25%]	oz. .40			
“ “ chem. pure, cryst., —a highly pure, well crystallized preparation; —free fr. Potassium Per-mangan., Chlorine, Sulphuric Acid, etc.	oz. .94			

SPECIMEN COLLECTIONS.

Alkaloids—(52 Specimens):	In elegant Cases.			
—in tubes of 1-gramme liquid capacity		38.00	—	—
—“ “ “ $\frac{1}{2}$ —“ “		20.00	—	—
Alkaloids, Glucosides, etc. —(72 Specimens):				
—in tubes of 1-gramme liquid capacity		45.00	—	—
—“ “ “ $\frac{1}{2}$ —“ “		23.50	—	—
The Opium constituents, complete, embracing 23 Alkaloids, etc., in QUANTITIES CORRESPONDING to the average proportions in which they NATURALLY OCCUR in the Crude Drug.....				
Metals—(61 Specimens).....		20.00	—	—
Physiological Preparations—(42 Specimens)		20.00	—	—

TEST-SOLUTIONS.

for Qualitative and Quantitative Analyses.

Indicator Solutions:

Chameleon Mineral, (Manganate of Potassium).—Titration not guaranteed.....			
Cochineal, — hydro-alcoholic, [3 : 250],— Ph. G. II.....			
Lacmus (Chemically Pure Litmus), for alkalimetry,—titrated.....			
Phenol - phthalein, — alcoholic, [1 : 100],— Ph. G. II.....			

Titrated Normal Solutions, for quant. analyses:

Acid, nitric,—normal, = $\frac{1}{1000}$ equivalent of alkaline earth.....			
“ oxalic,—normal, = $\frac{1}{1000}$ equivalent of alkali.....			
“ sulphuric,—normal, = $\frac{1}{1000}$ equivalent of alkali.....			
Arsenic,—(Arsenious Oxide, Anhydrous Arsenious Acid), — deci-normal, = $\frac{1}{10,000}$ equivalent of Chlorine.....			
Barium Chloride,—normal.....			
Copper Tartrate, potassic,—(Fehling's Solution).....			
Iodine.....			
Mercuric Nitrate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.01 gramme Urea.....			
Potassa, caustic,—normal, = $\frac{1}{1000}$ equivalent of acid.....			
Silver Nitrate,—deci-normal, = $\frac{1}{10,000}$ equivalent of Bromine or Chlorine.....			
Soap,—acc. to Clark.—Titration not guaranteed.....			
Soda, caustic,—duplo-normal,—for Vinegar tests.....			
Sodium Chloride,—deci-normal, = $\frac{1}{10,000}$ equivalent of Silver.....			
Sodium Thio-sulphate (“Hypo-sulphite”),—deci-normal.....			
Uranic Acetate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.005 gramme P_2O_5			
Uranic Nitrate,—1 cub. cm. = 0.005 gramme P_2O_5			

Pharmacopœial Volumetric Solutions,— according to U. S. Ph. or to Ph. G. II., etc.,—furnished to order.

Containers incl.

MERCK'S GUARANTEED REAGENTS.

N.B.—These Reagents are supplied by me under STRICT GUARANTEE of their ABSOLUTE CONFORMITY to the STANDARDS of PURITY established by DR. C. KRAUCH'S TREATISE ON "PURITY-TESTS FOR CHEMICAL REAGENTS."—In order to obtain them under the GUARANTEE stated, it will be necessary to SPECIFY, in each instance:—"MERCK'S GUARANTEED REAGENTS."

Acid, acetic, ch. p. conc., [1.064]
 " carminic, pure
 " chromic, ch. p.; *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*
 " citric, perfectly white, ch. p., cryst.
 " hydrochloric, pure, [1.19]
 " hydrofluoric, fuming, ch. p.
 " hydro-silico-fluoric, ch. p.
 " molybdic, pure
 " " ch. p.; *free fr. Ammonia*
 " nitric, pure, [1.20]
 " " fuming, pure, [1.48]
 " oxalic, ch. p.
 " phospho-molybdic,—solution
 " " -wolframic (*tungstic*),—solution
 " pyro-gallic, re-sublimed
 " sulphuric, ch. p., [1.84]
 " " fuming
 " tannic, see *Tannin*
 " tartaric, ch. p., cryst.
 Alcohol, absolute, pure, [0.796]
 " amylic, ch. p.
 " methylic, ch. p.
 Ammonia, Water of, pure, [0.925],—abt. 20%
 Ammonio-Ferrous Sulphate
 Ammonium, carbonate, ch. p.
 " chloride, pure
 " fluoride, ch. p.
 " molybdate, ch. p.
 " nitrate, ch. p.
 " oxalate, ch. p.
 " sulphate, ch. p.
 Aniline, pure
 Barium, acetate, ch. p.
 " carbonate, ch. p.
 " chloride, ch. p.
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), [Caustic *Baryta*],
 ch. p., cryst.
 " nitrate, ch. p.
 Bismuth, hydroxide (hydrated tri-oxide), pure
 Calcium, chloride, ch. p., cryst.
 " " pure, dry
 " oxide, caustic, (Burnt *Lime*),—*from marble*
 " " "—*from Ireland spar*
 " sulphate, pure, precipitated
 Carbon Bi-sulphide, ("Alcohol *Sulphuris*"), pure
 Chloroform, pure
 Cobalt, nitrate, ch. p.
 Copper, metallic, ch. p.
 " " oxide (mon-oxide), pure, powder
 " " " " coarse granules
 " sulphate, ch. p., cryst.
 Di-phenyl-amine, ch. p.
 Ether, ch. p., [0.720-0.722]
 " " anhydrous; *distilled over Sodium*
 Hydroxyl-amine, hydrochlorate, ch. p.
 Iodine, re-sublimed, ch. p.
 Iron, chloride, *Ferric*, (sesqui-(tri-)chloride)
 " sulphate, *Ferrous*, ch. p., cryst.
 " sulphide (sulphuret), *Ferrous*,—lumps
 " " " "—sticks
 Iron and Ammonium, sulphate,—*Ferrous*,—see
 Ammonio-Ferrous Sulphate
 Lead, acetate, ch. p.
 " chromate, pure
 " oxide, *yellow* (mon-oxide), [*Litharge*], ch. p.
 Magnesium, carbonate
 " chloride, ch. p.
 " oxide, (Calcined *Magnesia*)
 " " *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*
 " sulphate, ch. p.

Manganese, per-oxide, *native*, (Black Oxide),
 [Pyrolusite].—lumps
 Mercury, bi-chloride, (Corr. Sublimate), ch. p.
 " nitrate, *Mercurous*, ch. p.
 " oxide, *Mercuric*, yellow (by *wet process*),
 [*Yellow Precipitate*], ch. p.
 Paper, Litmus:—red or blue
 Platinum, tetra-chloride (per-chloride), [Platinic
 Chloride],—*formerly called bi- or di- chlor-*
ide;—dry, pure
 Potassium, antimonate, pure
 " bi-chromate, ch. p., cryst.
 " bi-sulphate, ch. p., cryst.
 " bromate, ch. p.
 " carbonate, ch. p.
 " chlorate, ch. p.
 " chromate, *yellow*, ch. p.
 " cyanide, ch. p.
 " *ferrid-cyanide*, (*Red Prussiate of Potassa*)
 " *ferro-* " (*Yellow " " "*)
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), (*Caustic Potassa*),
 ch. p.
 " do., pure *purif. by Alc.*,—sticks or lumps
 " " purified,—sticks or lumps
 " iodide, ch. p.
 " nitrate, ch. p.
 " nitrite, ch. p.
 " per-manganate, pure, cryst.
 " " ch. p.; *free fr. Sulphuric Acid*
 " sulphate, ch. p.
 " sulpho-cyanate (*thio-cyanat*; *rhodanide*),
 ch. p.
 Silver, metallic, ch. p., sheet
 " nitrate, ch. p.,—cryst. or sticks
 Sodium, acetate, ch. p.
 " bi-borate, pure, *cryst., prismatic*, (Official
Refined Borax)
 " bi-carbonate, ch. p., powder
 " bi-sulphate, ch. p., cryst.
 " bi-sulphite, pure, dry
 " carbonate, ch. p., cryst.
 " " " " dry
 " chloride, ch. p.
 " hydroxide ("hydrate"), [Caustic *Soda*],
 ch. p.—*from Sodium*
 " do., pure (*purif. by Alc.*),—sticks or lumps
 " " purified,—sticks or lumps
 " nitrate, ch. p.
 " nitrite, ch. p.
 " thio-sulphate so-c. "*hypo-sulphite*" , ch. p.
 " wolframate (*tungstate*), ch. p.
 Sodium and Ammonium, phosphite, pure
 Solution of Ammonia, aqu., see *Amm.*, Water of
 " of Ammonium Sulphide, hydrosulphur-
 etted,—(*Hydrothion-Ammonium*) solution
 " of Indigo Sulphate
 " of Potassium Hydroxide, pure, [1.30]
 " of Sodium Hydroxide, *crude*, [1.30]; *free*
fr. Nitrogen
 " " do. do., pure, [1.30]; *free fr. Nitrogen*
 Tannin (*Tannic Acid*), ch. p.
 Tin, chloride, (*true bi-chloride*), pure, cryst.
 Uranium, nitrate, ch. p.
 Water of Ammonia, see *Ammonia*, Water of
 Zinc, metallic, ch. p.,—granulated or sticks
 " " " "—powder
 " " "*absolutely free fr. Arsenic*,—sticks
 " " "*do. do. do.*,—granulated
 " " "*do. do. do.*,—coarse powder
 " " powder, (Zinc-dust)

ABBREVIATIONS

OCCASIONALLY EMPLOYED IN THE PRECEDING LISTS.

THE ABBREVIATION :	MEANS :
ab. or abt.	about
abs.	absolute
Ac.	Acid
acc.	according
Alc.	Alcohol
alc. or alco.	alcoholic
anh. or anhyd.	anhydrous
Aq. or aq.	Aqua (Water, = H ₂ O)
aqu. or aque.	aqueous
artif.	artificial
-B or °Bé	degrees of Baumé's hydrometer
bot's	bottles
b.-p. or boil.-pt.	boiling-point
°C	degrees of Celsius's (centigrade) thermometer
chem or cub. cm	cubic centimetre[s] (= 16. ₂₃₁ —or, about 16 ¹ / ₄ —minims)
cg	centigramme[s] (1/100 of a gramme) [= 0. ₁₅₄₃ —or, about 15/100—of a grain]
ch. p. or ch. pure	chemically pure
cm	centimetre[s] (= 0. ₃₉₃₇ —or, about 1/10—of an inch)'
com'l or comm'l	commercial
comp. or comp'd	compound
conc.	concentratus (or concentrated)
conf.	conforming
cont.	containing
contn.	continued
corr.	corrosive
depur.	depuratus (= purified)
diss.	dissolves
div. spec.	divers species
eff. or efferv.	effervescent (effervescing)
emp. or empyr.	empyreumatic
eth. or ether. or eth'l	etherial
Ex. or Ext.	Extract
expr.	expressed
F—(degree-mark omitted)'	degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer
Fl. Ex. or Fl. Ext.	Fluid Extract
fr.	from
gm	gramme[s] (= 15. ₄₃₂ —or, about 15 ¹ / ₂ —grains)
gr.	grain (or grains)
gran.	granulated or granules
hyd.-alc. or hydro-alco.	hydro-alcoholic
ident.	identical
imp. pwd.	impalpable powder
insp.	inspissated
lge.	large
Lic.-r. or Licor.-rt.	Licorice-root
Liq.	Liquor (= Solution)
liq.	liquid
mg	milligramme[s] (1/1000 of a gramme) [= abt. 1/60 of a grain]
mm	millimetre[s] (= 0. ₀₃₉ —or, about 1/100—of an inch)
mol. or molec.	molecule (or molecules)
m.-p. or melt.-pt.	melting-point
mtd.	mounted
orig.	original
p.-rf. or prf.	perfectly
Ph. Au. or Ph. Austr.	Pharmacopœia Austriaca, of 1869; and Additions of 1879
Ph. Belg.	" Belgica, of 1885
Ph. B. or Ph. Bor. V; (—VI)	" Borussia, of 1829; (—of 1846)
Ph. Br. or Ph. Brit.	" Britannica, of 1867
Ph. Br. n. or Ph. Brit. new	" " 1885
Ph. G. I	" Germanica, of 1872
Ph. G. II	" " 1882
Ph. Helv.	" Helvetica, of 1872; and Additions of 1876
Ph. Hung.	" Hungarica, of 1871
Ph. Nl. or Ph. Neer.	" Neerlandica, of 1871
Ph. Port.	" Portugallensis, of 1876
Ph. Ross.	" Rossica (Russia), of 1880
pharm. or pharm'l	pharmaceopial (pharmaceopial)
prec. or precip.	precipitated or precipitate
prep.	preparation[s] or prepared
prep'd	prepared
prf.	(see perf.)
proc.	process
purif.	purified
puriss.	purissimus (= chemically pure)
pwd.	powder or powdered
rect.	rectified
sm. or sm'l	small
so-c. or so-c'd	so-called
Sol. or sol.	Solution (or Solutions)
s.-p. or solid.-pt.	solidifying-point
sp. gr.	specific gravity
sym. or symm.	symmetrical
und.	under
U. S. Ph.	United-States Pharmacopœia, of 1882
U. S. Ph. of 1870	" " " 1870
U. S. Ph.s	a group of two or more U.-S.-Ph. preparations
vl. (vls.)	vial (vials)
W.	Water
w.	with
wh.	white

N.B.—Besides these, the names of various substances in the List, when reported soon after their occurrence in full print, are sometimes abbreviated, where their meaning is evident; as, for instance,—on page 14:—*after* "Ammoniated Glycerizin," the letters "Gl." occurring in the latter part of the line, of course mean "Glycerizin"; or, as,—on page 16:—*after* "Ammonium and Cobalt sulphate," the abbreviation "C. N. A. sulph." will be readily understood as meaning "Cobalt and Ammonium sulphate."

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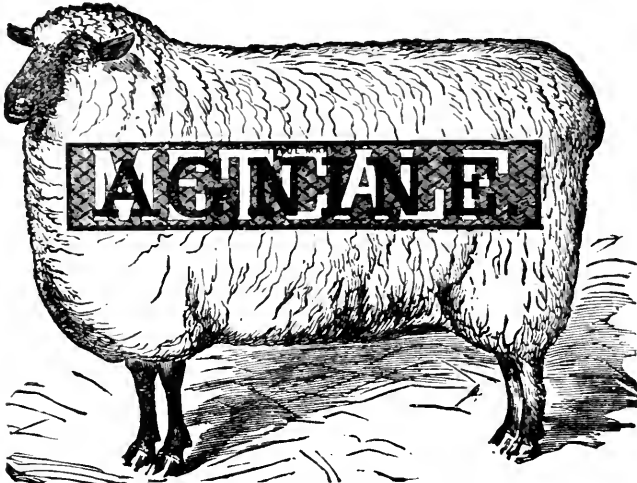
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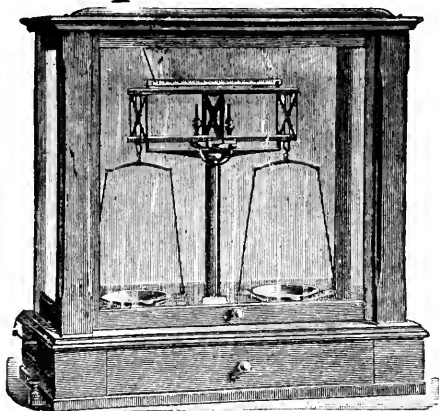
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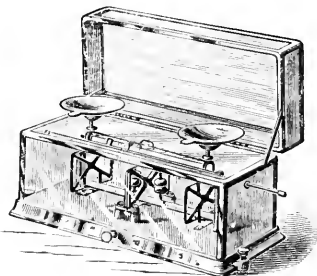
Style 281.

Capacity 8 ounces on each pan. Sensitive to $\frac{1}{1000}$ grain.

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Durable.

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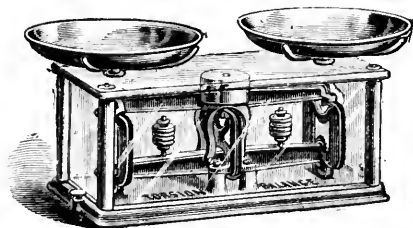


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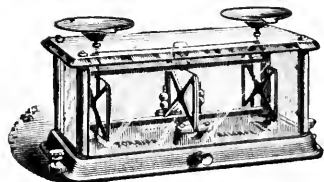
Style 269.

Prescription Scale 3 inch german silver pans. Capacity 8 ounces, sensitive to $\frac{1}{64}$ th grain with rider beam graduated on upper edge from $\frac{1}{8}$ grain to 8 grains, and on lower edge from $\frac{1}{2}$ centigram to 5 decigrams.



Style 254.

Counter Scale. 9 inch pans.



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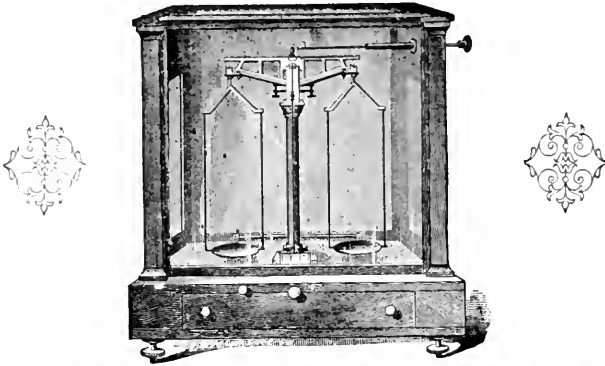
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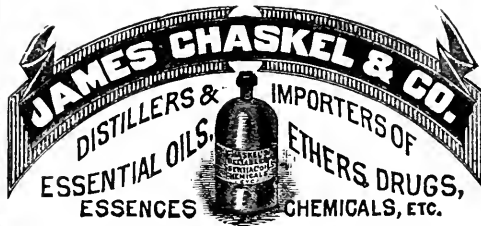
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