



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

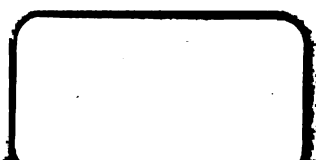
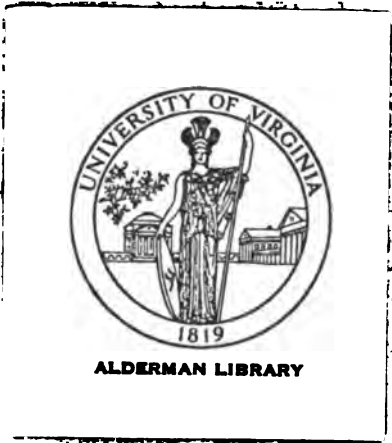
About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>

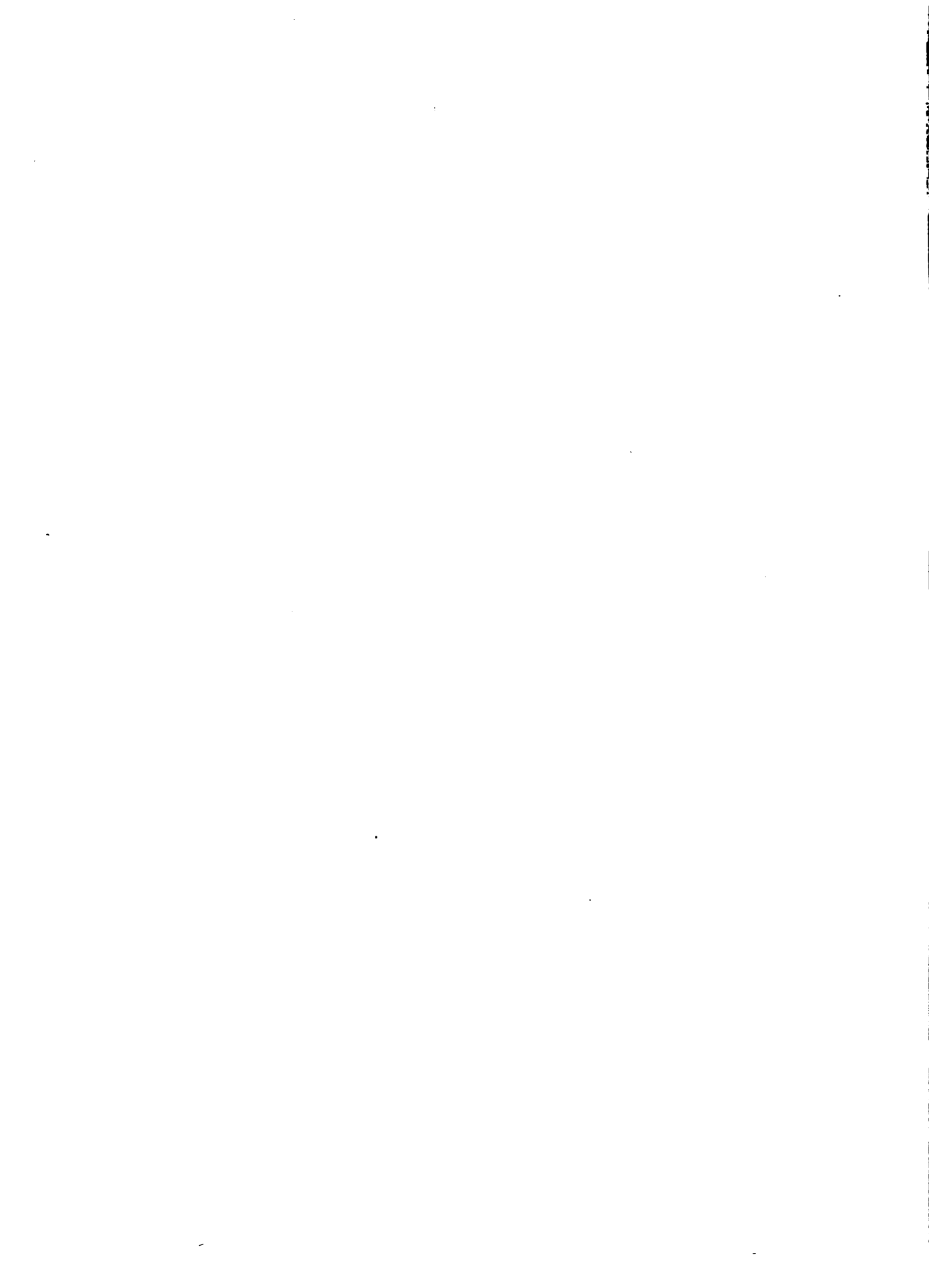
University of Virginia Library
F72:E7:A9 V.3
ALD Municipal history of Essex Cou

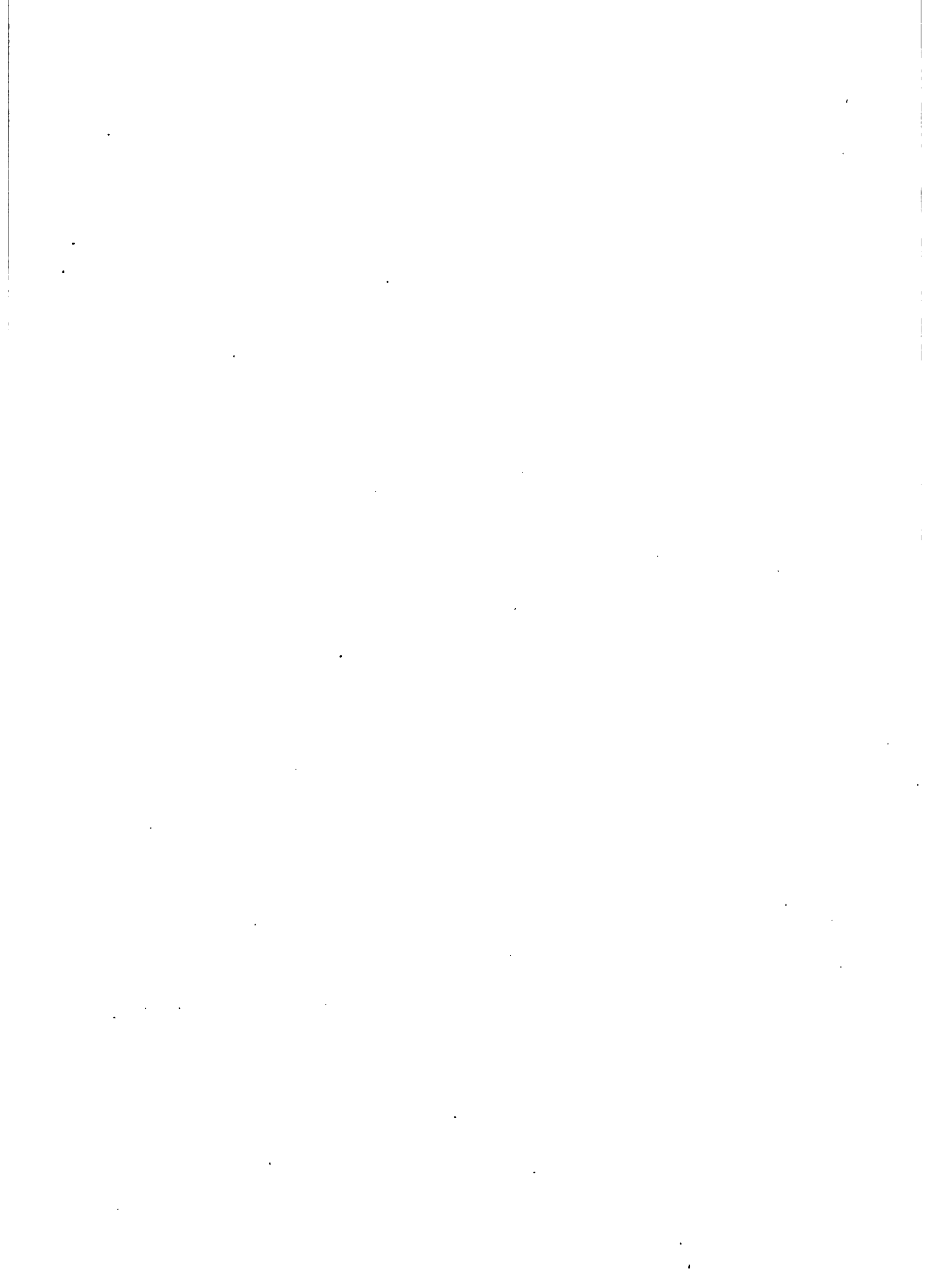


AX 001 137 539



X







Albert P. Wadleigh

MUNICIPAL HISTORY
OF
ESSEX COUNTY
IN
MASSACHUSETTS

TERCENTENARY EDITION

**A classified work, devoted to the County's remarkable
growth in all lines of human endeavor;
more especially to within a
period of fifty years**

BENJ. F. ARRINGTON
Editor-in-Chief

VOLUME III.

1922

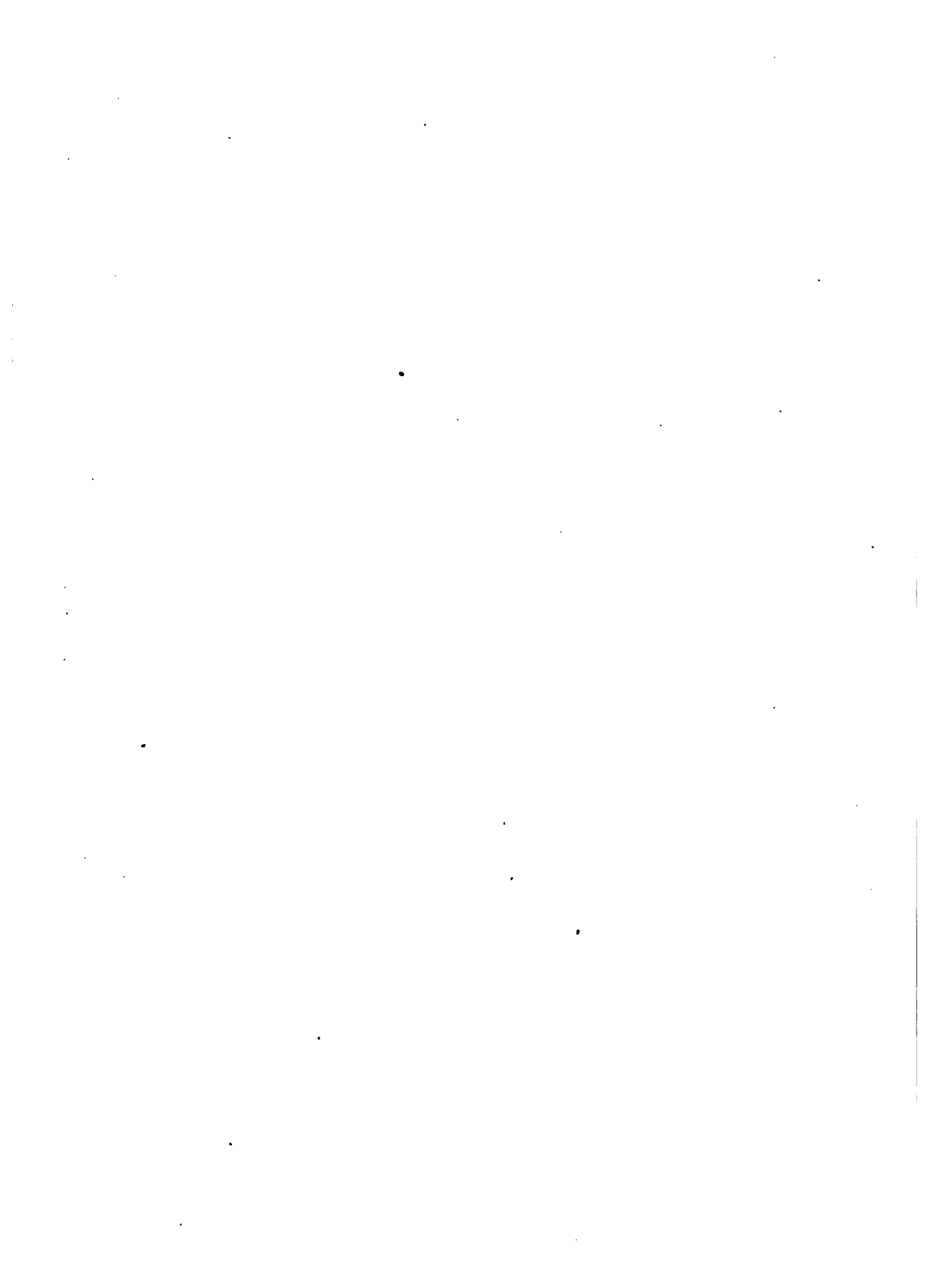
LEWIS HISTORICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY
NEW YORK

F
72
.E7A9
v.3

COPYRIGHT
LEWIS HISTORICAL PUBLISHING CO.
1922

Gift
William F. Estlin
Apr 26, 1924

ESSEX COUNTY





Rev. Arthur J. Tilling

ESSEX COUNTY

RT. REV. ARTHUR JOHN TEELING, D.D., L.P.P., V. F.—For more than half a century the Right Rev. Arthur John Teeling has been ministering to the needs of various parochial charges, building his strength and his ability into the organizations which he served, and into the lives of the people to whom he ministered. He is now pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, of Lynn, Massachusetts.

Father Teeling is descended from a family which has always been devoted to the interests of Ireland, and which has at all times contributed to the strength of the various efforts made to free the suffering Motherland from her difficulties and her sufferings. Especially during the struggle for self-government which occurred in 1798, did the family freely sacrifice personal interests in the cause of Irish freedom. Rev. Arthur J. Teeling was born in Dublin, Ireland, December 10, 1844, son of Benjamin and Mary Jane (Roberts) Teeling, and came to this country with his parents in 1847. From that time until the beginning of his college course he lived in the immediate vicinity of Boston, attending the public school, and also, for a short time, the Chapman School at East Boston. When he was twelve years of age he entered the Jesuits' School, which was situated first on Hanover street, Boston, but was afterward located at the corner of Portland and Traverse streets. For four years he remained in this school, displaying an ability which was clearly recognized by the authorities of the school, who encouraged his entrance into the University of Lavelle, at Quebec, of which Rev. Taschereau (later Cardinal Taschereau) was director. He continued his studies here for a period of three years, winning for himself high rank in scholarship, and at the end of that time, as his friends had expected, decided to enter the priesthood. Accordingly, in September, 1864, he entered the Provincial Seminary at Troy, which had just been opened that year, he being one of a group of ten from the Boston diocese. This was the first group to matriculate in the seminary, and of that group Father Teeling is now (1922) the only surviving member. Here, as at Quebec, and in his earlier school course, his ready sympathy and willingness to serve, won for him the esteem and the affection of his fellow students, while his ability as a student secured for him the admiration and esteem of both faculty and student body. He was ordained June 6, 1868, by Bishop McFarland, of Hartford, since deceased, and his first mass was celebrated the following Sunday at East Boston, where his parents then resided. He then for a few months served as assistant to Rev. Father Sheridan, then pastor of St. Vincent's Church on Purchase street, Boston, later, toward the end of the year, being sent to assist Rev. John O'Brien,

pastor of St. Patrick's Church, of Lowell. Here he was most active in organizing a temperance society, which was the means of accomplishing much good. In August, 1871, he became pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, of Newburyport, a task of no small importance, since the church was practically in its infancy, possessed neither a burying ground for its dead nor a bell to call its people to worship, and was somewhat in debt. Father Teeling took hold of the work with an earnestness, ability, and energy which brought large results. One of the first injunctions placed upon him by Bishop (later Archbishop) Williams was "Get a burying place for your dead." Father Teeling secured the old training ground of the militia at Newburyport, and in the early summer of 1876 the cemetery was consecrated by Archbishop Williams. Of the twenty-three acres contained in the tract a large proportion was, through the energy and foresight of Father Teeling, converted into a nursery, for which purpose he imported ten thousand seedlings of Norway spruce and four hundred Scotch pine. When these were grown, the church and property grounds were decorated with them and the remainder sold for seven hundred dollars, which sum was placed to the credit of the church. A chapel for the use of the Sunday school and the various societies of the church was secured, and the site for a "Female High School," and then, in 1878, Father Teeling took his first well earned vacation, traveling through Europe, Egypt, and the Holy Land. Sailing from New York early in April, 1878, he went directly to Liverpool, thence to Paris and to Venice, thence he sailed to Alexandria in Egypt, arriving there the thirtieth of May. Here he was joined by his friend, Rev. John Swift, of Troy, New York, now deceased, who had traveled by way of California and the Pacific. Together they visited the pyramids of Egypt and the Holy Land. They then visited all the principal cities of Europe, and at Rome had an audience with Pope Leo XIII. They also visited the principal cities of the British Isles, prolonging their stay in Ireland, in which country Father Teeling remained for a period of eight weeks. Upon his return he took up the task of freeing the church from debt, and so heartily did the congregation enter upon the carrying out of his plans that on June 24, 1879, the church was solemnly consecrated (a service which is not permitted while there remains one cent of debt upon Catholic property). Rt. Rev. Archbishop Williams was the celebrant and Rt. Rev. Bishop O'Reilly, of Springfield, delivered the sermon, and they congratulated the church and congregation upon the fact that they were the first in the present archdiocese of Boston so to consecrate a church building. To the work of educating the young,

Father Teeling devoted his energy and ability in large measure, withholding no service that might promote that cause and secure for his people the best possible educational advantages. In the Irish question he has taken a deep and abiding interest by speaking, organizing societies, and in many ways forwarding the activities of the various groups both in Newburyport and in other places. He greatly sympathized with and admired Michael Davitt, the "Father of the Land League," and took an active interest in the parliamentary fund collected in 1885. His interest in this project is evidenced by the following, printed in the Boston "Pilot," March 20, 1885:

The following letter from Father Teeling, the respected pastor of Newburyport, to Mr. John Boyle O'Reilly, tells its own honorable and hopeful story:

Newburyport, Mass., March 15, 1885.
My Dear Friend:—By personal solicitation I have collected to the present date \$250 for the \$5 Parliamentary Fund. I have on my list, paid subscriptions, fifty of the most prominent Protestant gentlemen of the city of Newburyport, city officials, bank officers, etc. My list thus far is composed of Protestant gentlemen only. Next Wednesday night (St. Patrick's) I will put the question of subscription to the Parliamentary Fund to the members of my own congregation, as on that evening we are to have an entertainment in the Hall for the benefit of the schools. When I have completed my work for the \$5 Parliamentary Fund, I will send you all the money and the names. I think, from the present outlook, that Newburyport will have the honor of paying for one member in the British House of Commons to advocate Home Rule.

Yours very truly,

ARTHUR J. TEELING.

It is not only to the affairs of Ireland, however, that Father Teeling gives his interest, his time, and his loyal support. He is earnestly devoted to the country of his adoption and is a loyal, public spirited American citizen. In the local affairs of his community he takes an active interest, and is often one of the speakers on public occasions when the city is host or when groups from both Catholic and Protestant congregations are the participants. He was one of the speakers at Newbury's two hundred and fiftieth anniversary, celebrated June 10, 1885. He is a ready and a forceful speaker, and a trenchant writer. In Newburyport he was a member of the Humane Society, of the Association for the Establishment of the Old Men's Home, of the corporation of the Institution for Savings, and of nearly every society organized for the advancement of the best interests of the community. He is also a justice of the peace for commonwealth of Massachusetts, having been first appointed May 8, 1888, by Governor Benjamin F. Butler, after having served for several years previous as justice of the peace for Essex county, through appointment of Governor Alexander H. Rice. On the 6th of April, 1893, Father Teeling became pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church of Lynn, Massachusetts, and since that time he has been faithfully and efficiently ministering to the needs of that charge. Always con-

structive, his work is accomplishing large results good in the latter field, and there, as in Newburyport, he is recognized as one of the building forces of the community. The following extract from tribute paid to him in the Newburyport "Gazette" while written of his work in that place applies equally well to his work in Lynn:

"Apart from the labors of the school, the pulpit and the altar, Father Teeling has exercised a kind care for all the families and persons in the parish * * * He may well be proud of what he has done and when invited to other fields replies: "These are my people and from them I cannot be divided."

PHILIP EMERSON holds a unique place in the field of education. For twenty-five years principal of Central Junior High School of Lynn, Massachusetts, his specialty has been geography and the methods of teaching it, and he is a much sought lecturer and instructor by colleges and institutes on the various aspects of geographical subjects. For many years he has been an effective speaker in the Anti-Saloon League, and is widely known as an author, not only on temperance matters, but even more by his printed works of an educational nature.

Silas Gassett and Frutilla (Wakefield) Emerson, parents of Philip Emerson, were both descendants of early Puritans of Massachusetts, except that one of the father's ancestors was Henri Gachet, a French Huguenot, who fled from New Rochelle before 1700. Another ancestor was the first child born in Lynn, a Newhall. Silas G. Emerson was a farmer, respected and loved by neighbors as one whose life always squared with his Christian profession.

Philip Emerson was born at Reading, Massachusetts, May 7, 1865. He received his preparatory education in the district and high schools of his home town, being graduated in 1880. He graduated from the four years' course in the Bridgewater Normal School, Massachusetts, and later pursued courses in Cornell University, New York, and the graduate school of Harvard University. After a short business career he became a teacher, and almost immediately was given a principalship. For eight years he was in charge of various schools, and was then called to Lynn, Massachusetts, where he has been for twenty-five years at the head of the Abbot Grammar School and its successor, the Central Junior High School. His scholastic attainments have taken him to fields wider than local. Trained under Professor William M. Davis, of Harvard, and Professor R. S. Tarr, of Cornell, his native abilities have been so developed and expanded that their greater outlet has been found as an instructor in geography and methods for its teaching at the summer normal sessions of Cornell University, Amherst Agricultural College, University of Vermont, and at State Institutes of New England.

An author, his published works include "The New England States"; "Geography Through the Stereoscope"; "The School Garden Book"; and "Problems in New England Geography." He is a contributor to educational journals and other publications, mainly on teaching of geography and nature

study and on the management of schools, but also has written brilliantly on a wide range of topics. When the saloon interests attempted and all but succeeded in overthrowing prohibition in Maine, Mr. Emerson was editor writer on the Portland "Express", and by his incisive, clear-headed articles had much to do with the victory won. He has been a leader in temperance efforts for fifteen years; is now a member of the headquarters committee of the Massachusetts Anti-Saloon League, and was chairman, at one time, of the advisory board of two hundred citizens to the Lynn No-License League. In addition to his specialized endeavors, Mr. Emerson has found time to be a helpful member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce and its working boards ever since it was organized, and of the executive committee of the Lynn School of Religious Education. A devout communicant of the First Congregational Church, Lynn, he is also one of its deacons.

Mr. Emerson married, January 14, 1891, at Reading, Massachusetts, M. Evelyn Dewey, daughter of Edgar Osman and Elizabeth Davis (Kemp) Dewey, her father a son of Francis O. Dewey, first cousin to Admiral Dewey, her mother a daughter of "Father Kemp," who was the originator of the first old folks concert troupe. They are the parents of the following children: Dorothy, born July 30, 1893, supervisor of girls' clubs in Sussex county, Delaware; Beatrice, born July 31, 1901, teacher of physical education; Edith Alden, born July 11, 1905.

EUGENE BARTLETT FRASER — In standing among the foremost men of the city of Lynn, and looked upon as a figure of growing significance to the State of Massachusetts, Eugene B. Fraser is broadly active in civic, commercial and financial circles in Essex county. Mr. Fraser is a son of William A. and Maria A. (Collyer) Fraser, who were among the early residents of Lynn as a municipality. William A. Fraser came to Lynn as a young man and engaged in the bakery business at a time when the baker's wagon, delivering freshly baked goods from door to door, was a common sight in every large community. He responded to Lincoln's call for volunteers, and went to the front from Lynn as a member of Company D, 8th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. Upon his return from the Civil War, William A. Fraser became identified with the shoe industry in Lynn, and was thus engaged until his death. He was a native of Boston, but his wife was born in Lynn, and both died in the latter city.

Eugene Bartlett Fraser was born in Lynn, February 19, 1869. His formal education was limited to the advantages of the public schools, including the grammar grades. The knowledge gained there, however, is only the least part of the broadly comprehensive fund of information which an acquisitive mind and retentive memory have placed at Mr. Fraser's disposal. He has made every experience a means of education and has delved deeply into books, as well as keeping in touch with the current progress in science, invention and trade. As a lad

he was ambitious to strike out for himself, and at the age of fourteen years left school and secured a position in a grocery store, where he was active for two years. He then entered the employ of the First National Bank of Lynn, as a messenger, and from the beginning showed marked adaptability in this work. Rising step by step, and constantly giving the closest attention to detail, Mr. Fraser eventually became teller of this institution. During the sixteen years of his connection with the First National Bank, he gained valuable experience and made a wide circle of friends among the business and professional men of this city and vicinity. In 1901 a vacancy occurred in the executive force of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company through the death of Colonel Charles C. Fry, long treasurer of that concern. The position was tendered to Mr. Fraser, and he resigned from the bank to accept it. He has now been treasurer of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company for twenty-one years, and is counted among the broadly significant men of the day in Lynn. He is interested also in a number of enterprises of various nature, being a director of the Sagamore Trust Company, the Campbell Electric Company, the Nut House of Massachusetts, Inc., the Lynn Manufacturers' and Merchants' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and of the Morris Plan Company, all of Lynn, and he is also a director of the F. & E. Belt Company, of Marblehead.

A Republican by political affiliation, Mr. Fraser has always been deeply loyal to the principles and policies of the party, and has for many years been a leader in its progress. For twenty years he has served as a member of the Republican City Committee, during sixteen years of that period holding the office of treasurer. One of the best known men in the Republican ranks in Lynn, he is widely known throughout Essex county, and through his work as a member of the Constitutional Convention became a man of note in state affairs. Now, in 1922, Mr. Fraser is considered by his many friends the logical candidate for the Republican nomination for governor's council from the Fifth Essex District, and has been brought forward in this capacity. Always a man to whom personal ends are of slight importance, Eugene B. Fraser is esteemed as especially fitted for the responsibilities connected with public service of this nature, as his entire career has been such as to give him, in the highest sense, breadth of vision and practical judgment in the handling of large affairs.

In the various civic and popular movements which have from time to time engaged the people of Lynn, Mr. Fraser has always given his cordial support to every worthy cause. During the World War he served on many committees in connection with the different drives, entering into the work with whole-souled enthusiasm. He has long given his assistance to various charitable and benevolent enterprises in Lynn, and takes particular pride in his association, in the capacity of treasurer, with the Lynn Home for Aged Men, deeming this trust an honor. In the fraternal world Mr. Fraser is also well known,

being a member of all the Masonic bodies except the Consistory, and a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston, also of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Knights of Pythias, the Loyal Order of Moose, and the Lynn Lodge of Elks, now being treasurer of the Elks' Building Association. He is a member of the Lynn Rotary Club, and has served on its board of directors, and of the Oxford Club, the Park Club, and the East Lynn Social Club. He attends the First Universalist Church of Lynn, and is liberal in the support of its work.

JAMES COTTER, one of the best known real estate and insurance men of Lynn, Massachusetts, has been identified with the insurance business for many years in various capacities, beginning as an agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, New York, and rising through various promotions to the office of district superintendent. He has now for many years been engaged in the real estate and insurance business for himself, in Lynn, Massachusetts.

Mr. Cotter is of Irish birth, the Cotters being a family of shoemakers in Ireland, where Patrick Cotter, father of Mr. Cotter, followed the trade when shoes were made entirely by hand. He came to the United States when his eldest son, William J., was a lad about fourteen years of age, and after remaining in this country for about a year, working in a shoe shop, returned to Ireland with, as his friends said, "Yankee ideas," and established a general store, provisions, and a livery business, which was very successful. He is now retired, at the age of eighty-six, and his wife, Johanna (Creedon) Cotter, is still living, sharing with him the fruits of the long years of well-directed labor which secured the marked success of his business venture. William J. Cotter, the son, who came to this country with Patrick Cotter, remained in this country, where he became the superintendent of a large shoe factory. His health failing later, however, he returned to County Cork, where he died. Patrick Cotter married Johanna Creedon, and they were the parents of thirteen children, nine sons and four daughters. Five of the sons came to this country, but all of the daughters remained in Ireland. Among the sons who settled in the United States was James, the subject of this sketch.

James Cotter was born in County Cork, Ireland, February 23, 1862, and received his education in the National and in the Brothers' schools in Ireland. At the age of sixteen, he left school and until he was eighteen employed himself in doing odd jobs for his father. He then came to the United States, and learned the trade of lasting, this being in the old days of manufacturing shoes by hand, he being employed in the shoe factory of Cotter & Harney, his uncle, John Cotter, being a member of the firm. As machinery was beginning to take the place of hand work at this period, thus rendering idle thousands of those who had wrought in the old way, Mr.

Cotter turned his attention to other fields and looked about for a different line of work. In 1885 he went to Brooklyn, New York, and followed his trade in the employ of Maurice Ryan. This connection he maintained for a period of eight years, during which time he was made foreman of the shops. He then found an opportunity to enter a different line of work, and it was at this time that he became agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, New York. After serving as agent for one year he was promoted to the office of assistant superintendent, and later was transferred to Ossining, New York, where he took charge of the office. In 1903 he was again promoted, this time being made district superintendent in charge of the Middletown, New York, district, where he remained until 1907, meeting with marked success. During all these years, however, he was hoping for an opening which would permit his return to Lynn, Massachusetts, where his relatives were located. Accordingly, in 1907, he severed his connection with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and returning to Lynn, opened an office on his own account and engaged in general insurance and real estate business. This business venture was notably successful, and since that time the concern has been steadily growing and prospering, until Mr. Cotter has come to be one of the best known real estate and insurance men of Lynn. Mr. Cotter, however, has not given the whole of his time and energy to his business. As a public-spirited citizen, sincerely interested in the welfare of the community in which he lives, he has given freely of his ability and his means for the advancement of the public welfare.

During the World War he served upon various committees and gave effective aid in the various campaigns and drives. He was made president of the Lynn Real Estate Exchange, and was a volunteer worker for the war work insurance, in which capacity his thorough knowledge of the insurance business in general, especially of the rates, enabled him to give valuable assistance to the "boys" in service, in the matter of getting out their war risk policies. After the drafting of men began, he served on the legal advisory board, and was later awarded a medal for his valuable services in this field, receiving many yellers from the heads of the various departments in connection with which his work was done. Mr. Cotter is a director of the Knights of Columbus Building Association, and he is chairman of the board of directors of the Knights of Columbus School, in charge of a work which is being more appreciated each year. He is president of the Lynn Board of Underwriters, and was one of the incorporators of the Master Builders' Association, which was incorporated in 1883, Mr. Cotter having at that time been a member of the Lasters' Protective Association for one year. He also is a member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, of which he was for several years treasurer.

On September 30, 1889, James Cotter married Catherine E. Scott, who was born in Brooklyn, New York, daughter of John and Matilda (Lambert)



James Potter.



Scott, and they are the parents of six children: Mary, who married William P. Welch, and has a daughter, Helen Clair; Kathleen, who married Ralph E. Campbell; Helen, who in the early years of her beautiful young womanhood, died, in August, 1919; James J., who is associated with his father in the real estate business; Mildred, who is attending school; and Dorothy, who is also attending school. All of these were born in Brooklyn, New York, except the youngest, Dorothy, who was born in Lynn, Massachusetts.

The family are members of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, and reside at No. 3 Chester Place. Mr. Cotter is a self-made man, and while not wealthy as wealth is estimated in these days, is still rich in the knowledge that he has lived a useful and successful life, contributing to the welfare of those about him, and enjoying in full measure those things which are the immaterial but the real wealth of a human life.

WINFIELD SCOTT NEVINS—In many branches of progressive endeavor in Essex county the name of Winfield Scott Nevins will long be remembered. Author, journalist and historian, familiar with the records of the past, and looking upon the activities of his day with the vision of the idealist, he was nevertheless broadly practical, and bore a part in those civic affairs which most closely have to do with the daily welfare and comfort of the people.

Mr. Nevins was a native of the State of Maine, and a son of Amos Harris and Mary A. Nevins. The father was a teacher in early life, and followed that profession for some years, later being engaged in farming until his death. He was a man of considerable prominence in his home community, for many years, New Gloucester, Maine, serving on the board of selectmen of that town. His scholarly tastes were a lifelong habit, and he kept his interest in literature and educational affairs until his death, one of the significant memorials of New Gloucester being the free public library which he founded.

Winfield Scott Nevins was born in Brunswick, Maine, December 6, 1850. His early education was acquired in the public schools, but he later covered a comprehensive course in letters at Gorham Academy, Maine, and there the talents, inherited from his father and augmented by his affluent nature, gained the impetus which carried him far in the profession of his choice. Coming to Salem in his youth, Mr. Nevins was for many years connected with the daily press of this city and of this section, in one capacity or another, and his writings later were given more permanent form. He contributed innumerable articles and some fiction to the magazines, and a number of his more significant works were published in book form. He was the author of "Old Naumkeag," an historical sketch of Salem and the surrounding towns; the "North Shore," a local guide; "The Intervale," a sketch of the White Mountains; "Education and Salem Schools," etc., etc. Probably his most permanently important work

was "Witchcraft in Salem Village," on which subject he was a recognized authority. In a footnote to his article on "Witchcraft in Massachusetts," posthumously published in the "Americana" magazine (First Quarter, 1922), Mr. Nevins said, in regard to that article, and broadly in regard to his writings on witchcraft:

* * I make no claim to originality of material. That was exhausted years ago by the many writers on this subject.

Nevertheless, Mr. Nevins brought to his work in this field not only the perspective of a later century, but the intimate insight into motives and the keen discrimination in determining values which only a mind of rare breadth can compass. Mr. Nevins also won considerable note on the lecture platform, treating a wide range of subjects, both with and without accompanying stereopticon illustrations.

The practical side of Mr. Nevins' nature was continually evident in his civic and business relations. He was for many years proprietor and manager of the Salem "Evening Telegram," for thirty-four years an active member of the Essex Institute, of Salem. President of the School Board during the first four years of its existence, his membership in that body covered a period of eleven years and embraced much constructive activity. He was one of the original members of the Salem Sewage Commission, and for several years was identified with the Salem Planning Board. His work in these various capacities was not that of the novice. Mr. Nevins had traveled much, both in the United States and abroad, having made nine trips to Europe. These subjects of vital civic import had for years been his study during his travels, and he accumulated information the comprehensive and exact nature of which was of the greatest assistance to various Salem bodies having these matters in charge. In fraternal circles Mr. Nevins was very prominent. He was at one time president of the Loyal Protective Association of Boston; was past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and past noble grand of Fraternity Lodge, of Salem, in the same order, and was twice an appointive officer of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. He was a member of Starr King Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and for a number of years was manager of the famous "Ye Honorable Board," a social club, of which he was a charter member. He was a man of deep religious convictions, and a member of the Universalist church.

Mr. Nevins married, in Salem, June 22, 1881, Mary Elizabeth Leavitt, daughter of Israel P. and Elizabeth A. Leavitt. Mrs. Nevins still survives him and resides in Salem.

The death of Mr. Nevins occurred on October 23, 1921, and in his passing, the city of Salem, as well as the large circle of personal friends of which he was the center, has sustained a loss which will be felt for many years to come. He has left the world richer for his interpretations of various phases of the past and the time of which his activities formed a significant part.

EDMUND C. WENTWORTH, who is one of the leading citizens of Haverhill, president of the National Paper Box Manufacturers' Association for the years 1920-1921, vice-president of the Granite State Spring Water Company, treasurer and general manager of C. H. Hayes Corporation, director of some Haverhill banking institutions, and active in many phases of some Haverhill banking institutions, and active in many phases of the business and civic affairs of Haverhill, was born in Plaistow, New Hampshire, February 27, 1877, the son of Nathaniel A. and Isabella (Hayes) Wentworth, both now deceased. The father was born in Denmark, Maine, and the mother was born in Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Edmund C. Wentworth received his early schooling in Plaistow, New Hampshire, and later attended school in Haverhill, Massachusetts. After a year in the Haverhill High School, he resolved to enter upon a business life without further delay, and therefore, in 1892, became an employee in the plant of C. H. Hayes. The business had been originally developed by George Wentworth, who sold to Messrs. Varney and Hayes in 1881, that partnership continuing until 1892, when Mr. Varney retired, Mr. Hayes being thereafter in control. Young Wentworth started at the bottom, but in four years had become foreman of the paper box department, and was a capable executive. In 1899, he accepted a position as general manager with the Lynn Box Company, at Lynn, Massachusetts, and continued in that responsibility until 1902, when he returned to Haverhill, and again took up connection with the C. H. Hayes Corporation. He was appointed superintendent of the plant, and elected vice-president of the company in that year, and held those offices until 1916, then became treasurer and general manager. By-the-way, it is interesting to note that at one time the power and light used in the city of Haverhill was generated in the C. H. Hayes Corporation plant.

Mr. Wentworth has manifested an active, helpful, public spirit; he has been prominent in many public movements, especially those bearing on the industrial progress of the city. He holds active membership in the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce and Rotary Club, and in 1916 was the president of the former, and is now treasurer and director. During the time of national stress, when the World War drew into war work persons in the home sectors and civilian life almost as thoroughly as those who actively were enrolled into the armed forces, Mr. Wentworth co-operated notably in the more important local activities, taking part in all the campaigns for war funds, the Liberty Loans, Red Cross, and other drives. He is a director of the Haverhill Trust Company, the Haverhill Morris Plan Bank, and the City Five Cent Savings Bank. He has been prominently identified with State Masonic bodies; is a Mason of thirty-second degree, Knights Templar, and past master of the Merrimack Lodge, Haverhill. He also is the district delegate of the Tenth Masonic District. Socially, he belongs to the Pentucket and Agawam clubs. Religiously, he

attends the North Congregational Church, of Haverhill.

Mr. Wentworth married, October 26, 1898, Florence P. Kimball, daughter of A. Perley and Ellen (Coffin) Kimball, the former originally of Chester, New Hampshire, and the latter of Newbury, Massachusetts, but both in later life residents of Haverhill, where their daughter, Florence P., married Mr. Wentworth. Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth have two children: Edward K. H., born in 1900; and Norman P., born in 1902.

CHARLES HACKER PINKHAM—The story of the business side of the medicine known the world over as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is one of absorbing interest, and well worth the telling. The business was started through force of circumstances, and grew out of the local success attending the use of a prescription or recipe Lydia Pinkham possessed, a botanic remedy for the diseases of women. She, without a thought of money making, used to prepare this medicine from the herbs which she steeped over the old fashioned stove, and gave it freely to such of her neighbors as she thought it would benefit. This she did for years, and the fame of the remedy spread over a wide territory. People who called were given freely and without pay, for a period of perhaps ten years, when the family became very poor, through the father's losses. The wife, calling her children around her, discussed ways and means, the decision being that an attempt should be made to market the medicine which had heretofore been given away, and the distribution of the vegetable compound as a commercial transaction was begun.

Lydia (Estes) Pinkham was of ancient family, early Massachusetts pioneers, the site of the first Friends' meeting house in Lynn having been a gift from an Estes. Lydia was the daughter of William Estes, born January 29, 1768, died in Lynn, March 3, 1848. He married, July 3, 1805, Rebecca Chase, born January 20, 1781, died February 11 1862, daughter of Benjamin and Eunice (Reed) Chase, granddaughter of Samuel Chase, son of William Chase, son of William Chase, the American ancestor. William and Rebecca (Chase) Estes lived on a farm near Lynn, and in time the city absorbed the farm for building purposes. Lydia Estes passed through school with honor and chose teaching as her profession. In her studies on economic and social problems she became interested in the question of slavery and eventually took strong position with the opponents of that system. She was for years secretary of the "Freeman's Society," formed for the purpose of aiding the slave, some of her fellow members being Whittier, Garrison and Lowell, all Abolitionists. Lydia Estes married, September 8, 1843, Isaac Pinkham (as his second wife); he having a daughter, Frances Ellen, born March 11, 1838, by a previous marriage, who became the wife of Samuel Lane, of New Bedford, Massachusetts. Isaac Pinkham was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, December 25, 1815, died in Salem, Massachusetts, February 22, 1889. He mar-



Chas. F. Pritchard





Arthur W. Pinkham

ried (first), Mary Shaw, (second), Lydia Estes, as stated above. He was a grandson of a Revolutionary soldier and of good family connection. The Pinkhams settled in Lynn, Massachusetts, where, during the next two decades, four children were born to them, a fifth at New Bedford, Massachusetts, as follows: Charles Hacker, of whom further; Daniel Rogers, born in 1847, died in 1849; Daniel Rogers, second, born November 19, 1849, served in the Massachusetts Legislature, but was stricken with a fatal disease, and died October 12, 1881; William Henry, born December 20, 1853, took an active part in the management of the business with his brother Charles H., but two years after his marriage to Emma Frances Barry, he contracted tuberculosis, and died December 3, 1881, two months after his brother; Aroline Chase, born in Bedford, Massachusetts, June 17, 1857, married William Henry Gove.

Just before the Civil War, the family moved to Bedford, Massachusetts, three years later returning to Lynn, taking a house on the outskirts of Lynn. Isaac Pinkham was a real estate dealer and over-speculated in houses and farms, thus tying up his cash and reducing his commissions by having to pay interest charges. The Pinkhams became "land poor," but, true to her Quaker training, Mrs. Pinkham helped in true wifely fashion, and the children were all kept in school until graduated from high school. All aided in the family support, even when young, the boys as peddlers of pop corn and as "chore boys" for the neighbors. The eldest son enlisted in the Union Army, returning uninjured, and until the final crash of the family fortune in 1873 they were a comfortably housed, happy, and fairly prosperous family. Then came the "panic" days, and of that period the biographer of Isaac Pinkham has written: "When the crisis of 1873 burst upon the city of Lynn, Isaac Pinkham had been for years one of the best known builders and real estate dealers in the city, and he had built up a large part of Wyoma, where he then lived. The length and severity of this strain was too great for anyone extensively interested in land to remain solvent, so great was the depression. In 1876 his limit was reached, and everything he owned was lost, even their home, and they went out again into the world without a cent. Himself too old to battle again with life, he was fortunate in having three active sons and a daughter, the latter a teacher in the public schools; and these all combined their forces to restore to their parents that which they had lost. Looking about to see what they could best take up, the 'Pinkham Boys,' as they were called by the neighbors, decided to undertake the manufacture of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The great success which they achieved filled with joy the last days of Isaac Pinkham and his wife, and demonstrated that the zeal, wit and sturdy valor of the Pinkham ancestor had lost none of its strong life and helpfulness."

After the decision to go into business as manufacturers of the compound was arrived at between

the mother and her children, a small advertising campaign was begun, all bearing a hand. Later, when a little "ad." in a Boston newspaper brought an eighteen dollar order for the compound, a special holiday was decreed. The compound was still prepared by Mrs. Pinkham in her own kitchen, and for seven years she with her children fought on until finally the tide turned. She lived to see the sale of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound spread over a wide domain, and as all had labored, so all the family shared in the prosperity that came to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company. The death of her two sons in the fall and winter of 1881, and the death of a daughter-in-law, told heavily on Mrs. Pinkham's health, and on May 17, 1883, at the age of sixty-four, she passed away.

Those who knew Mrs. Pinkham describe her as a woman of tall, slender, graceful figure, with a kindly, attractive face, which bespoke grace and beauty of character. Devotion to her family was her ruling trait, and to the last she preserved a remarkable alertness of mind. At the age of fifty-seven she was the winner of an old fashioned spelling bee, spelling down every competitor. The last one to go down before her was a young man, who later became her son-in-law and manager of the business which bears her name. In her business she gave advice free to all inquirers, a department that grew to such proportions that in one year she and her staff of women assistants received and answered one hundred thousand letters.

Charles Hacker Pinkham, eldest son of Isaac and Lydia (Estes) Pinkham, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, December 9, 1844, and died November 10, 1900. He was educated in grade and high schools at Lynn, and after school years were over, became a worker and aided his brother and father in providing for the family. He enlisted in the Lynn City Guards, Company F, Eighth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and served a three months' and a nine months' term of enlistment. After the war he was a clerk with his father for a time, then was with the Boston & Lynn railroad, collecting fares between Lynn and Swampscott. He continued his contributions to the family fund for several years, aiding his mother in getting a little business inaugurated after the father's failure in business in 1873, and when a start had been made became managing head.

In association with his brothers, Daniel R. and William H., he organized an advertising campaign, and made Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound known everywhere. The compound, originally made over the kitchen stove in the Pinkham home, now boasts of a laboratory home occupying many thousands of square feet of floor space, and at the time of the death of Charles H. Pinkham four hundred people were therein employed. After the death of his two brothers, in 1881, he was in sole control of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, as president and general manager. Two years later his mother died, and he and his sister were the last survivors of those who founded the great business.

He was a wise, aggressive and progressive man of affairs, and to his able management the great success of the company is due. He was one of the most liberal advertisers of his day, and left behind him a record of great achievement.

A Democrat originally, Mr. Pinkham later acted with the Republican party. The only office he would ever accept was that of park commissioner. He was very charitable, deeply devoted to his family, and highly esteemed wherever known. He was a member of the First Universalist Church, the Grand Army of the Republic, Golden Fleece Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Olivet Commandery, Knights Templar; Lafayette Lodge of Perfection, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. His clubs were the Park, Oxford, Lynn, Republican, and Press, all of Lynn; the Sphinx, of New York, and the Article, of Boston.

Charles H. Pinkham married, September 11, 1878, Jennie Barker Jones, born in Lynn, September 27, 1856, daughter of John A. and Lucy R. (Barker) Jones. Mr. and Mrs. Pinkham were the parents of six children: Arthur Wellington, born December 9, 1879, (q.v.); Lucy Emery, born June 26, 1883, married Charles Amos Burnham; Marion Frances, born June 20, 1885, married Hermon Emerson Smith, of New York; Elsie Barker, born February 6, 1891, married S. Earle Haines, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Daniel Rogers (3), born January 15, 1899, married Olive C. White, of Providence, Rhode Island; Charles Hacker (2), born September 6, 1900.

The ancestry of Charles Hacker Pinkham, tracing as it does to Richard Pinkham, of Dover Neck, New Hampshire, 1640, to Matthew Estes, born in Dover, England, 1645, to William Chase, the Puritan, and to Revolutionary sires, is not more honorable than his own life and deeds. As the eldest son he bore the heavier burden of establishing and developing a new commercial enterprise, and after the death of his brothers, he carried the responsibility alone for nearly two decades. He left sons who worthily bear the name and they, the ninth generation of Pinkhams in New England, have taken the place in the business life of New England formerly occupied by their honored father.

ARTHUR WELLINGTON PINKHAM—Now executive head of the business founded by his grandmother and developed by his father, Arthur W. Pinkham carries on the great business their genius created, and upon the foundations they laid and built he has helped add until a perfect commercial superstructure has been reared that will forever perpetuate the name. Other business enterprises have claimed Mr. Pinkham, and he is one of the men prominent in the commercial world, a manufacturer and financier, a citizen public-spirited and progressive, and in every department of city life, church, fraternal, and social, he is well known, useful and popular. He is of the ninth American generation of Pinkhams, a son of Charles Hacker and Jennie Barker (Jones) Pinkham, and grandson of Isaac and Lydia (Estes) Pinkham (q.v.).

Arthur Wellington Pinkham was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, December 9, 1879. He was educated in the public schools of the city, a graduate of Sanborn grammar school in 1894, Classical High School, class of 1898, and a student at Brown University, 1898-1901, when he left the university to take the place in the business world made vacant by the death of his honored father. In June, 1921, he was enrolled as a graduate of his class of 1902 and granted the degree of Ph.B. out of course. While the responsibilities he was called on thus early to assume were both numerous and weighty, he quickly settled under the load and has developed into the strong, self-reliant man of affairs, a fine executive manager, wise in council and strong in action.

Mr. Pinkham is president of the Lydia Pinkham Medicine Company; president of the National City Bank of Lynn; director of the Bartlett Somers Shoe Company; the Renton Heel Company, and the Lynn Gas and Electric Company. To these purely business enterprises he gives himself with energy and enthusiasm, but they, by no means, measure the extent of his activity. He is chairman of the Lynn Independent Industrial Shoe School; chairman of the Home Rule Committee; a member of the board of trustees of Lynn Hospital. In all of these public activities he takes a deep interest and gives to his official duties the same close scrutiny and attention as to his private affairs. In politics Mr. Pinkham is a Republican, and in 1902-03 served as a member of the Lynn School Committee. In May, 1904, he began a five years' term as park commissioner under appointment of the mayor. He is a member and treasurer of the First Universalist Society; a member of Essex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution; a member and an ex-president of the Oxford Club of Lynn; and in Masonry has attained the thirty-second degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite.

Mr. Pinkham married, November 11, 1911, Ruth Marie Griffith, of Glens Falls, New York, and they are the parents of two children: Charles Hacker (3), and Richard Griffith.

REV. JOHN P. SULLIVAN, A. B.—In ecclesiastical circles in Essex county, Rev. John P. Sullivan is a figure of prominence, having rounded out thirty-three years of ceaseless activity in the priesthood. Among the people of those churches which he has served as pastor he is deeply beloved, and it is fitting that the review of his life should stand on the permanent records of this county. A native of this State, he is a son of John and Bridget (O'Day) Sullivan. His father, who is now deceased, was a veteran of the Civil War, and a brother died while serving in the Spanish-American War.

Father Sullivan was born in Rockland, Massachusetts, August 6, 1863. He received his early education in the schools of his native place, and was graduated from the Rockland High School in the class of 1881. From early youth his life was dedicated to the priesthood, and for his course in the arts and letters he entered Boston University, from which he was graduated in the class of 1885. His



John P. Sullivan





Benjamin F. Raymond

theological studies were pursued at St. John's Seminary, New Brighton, Massachusetts, and there he was ordained on June 22, 1889. His first appointment was as assistant at St. Michael's Church, Hudson, Massachusetts, where he served for sixteen months. He was then appointed assistant at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Marlboro, in this State, where he remained from 1890 until 1909. He was then made pastor of the Sacred Heart Church, Middleboro, and for two years led this congregation in spiritual and material growth. In October, 1911, he was appointed to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Salem, and has now been a factor in the religious advance of this community for nearly eleven years. He has improved and beautified the church property during his residence here, and has added very considerably to the membership of the church, teaching, comforting and admonishing the people, and inspiring them to reach higher levels of spiritual attainment. He has won the esteem of all the people of Salem, without regard to differences of creed, and has done especially significant work in the various branches of organized endeavor, which are fostered or endorsed by the church. He is chaplain of the Fourth Degree, Knights of Columbus, Father Druillet Assembly, also of Lynn Particular Council, St. Vincent de Paul, the Father Conway Court of Foresters; Division 5, Ancient Order of Hibernians, and also the Ladies' Auxiliary of that division. He also serves as chaplain of St. Mary's Guild, the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, St. Mary's School Association, the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association, and the Catholic Charities Centre. Father Sullivan finds scant leisure from his multitudinous duties, his chief recreative interest being golf, and he is a member of the Homestead Golf Club.

FREEMAN PUTNEY, a retired educator of Gloucester, Massachusetts, has given more than four decades of his life to teaching. Hundreds are the wiser and better by reason of their contact with his personality and instruction in classroom and out. Born in Bow, New Hampshire, August 23, 1847, after a preliminary schooling at home he entered Hopkinton Academy, Hopkinton, New Hampshire. Upon graduating he went to the New London Literary and Scientific Institution, being graduated in 1867, and he is a Bachelor of Arts of Dartmouth College, 1873.

Upon the completion of his studies he immediately began teaching and continued in educational work throughout a period of forty-two years, up to his retirement in 1915. For twenty-seven years he had the superintendency of the Gloucester schools, and most of the expansion and success of the educational system of Gloucester has had its inception and guidance from him.

REV. ALFRED MANCHESTER, for more than a quarter century, has figured prominently in the community life of Salem, Massachusetts. In the religious movements, the benevolent activities and the literary and social circles of the city, he has always been a leader. The son of George and Phebe

Taber (Coggeshall) Manchester, of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, he was born at Portsmouth, November 16, 1849. His father was originally a carpenter, but later his interest in politics brought him various offices in this county, and he was sheriff of Newport county, Rhode Island, at the time of his death.

Rev. Alfred Manchester is a graduate of the public schools of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, Pawtucket (Rhode Island) High School, Boston School for the Ministry, and of the Harvard Divinity School, class of 1872. He took up his work as minister on January 1, 1873, with the Unitarian church of Fairhaven, Massachusetts, and remained there four years. Other pastorates followed at Providence, Rhode Island, Olney Street Church, January 1, 1876, to April 30, 1893; Barton Square Church (Unitarian) Salem, Massachusetts, May 1, 1893, to September 30, 1897, and the Second Church (Unitarian), of Salem, October 1, 1897. He is also secretary of the Commission of the Unitarian Ministerial Union on the supply of pulpits in New England. Mr. Manchester is the author of "In Memoriam," an appreciation and biographical sketch of Rev. Caleb Davis Bradlee, D.D., published in 1897.

His prominence and ability have brought him into many activities outside of the church. He is president of the Salem Massachusetts Relief Association, president of Home Service of the Red Cross Society, director of Associated Charities, Salem, Massachusetts, and in the world of fraternities, holds many offices. He affiliates with Masons, being raised in Concordia Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Fairhaven, Massachusetts, in 1874; was master of Mount Vernon Lodge, Providence, Rhode Island, and now (1922) honorary member of the latter lodge and of the Essex Lodge, Salem, Massachusetts. He has been chaplain in Fairhaven, Massachusetts; Providence, Rhode Island; and for fifteen years in Salem, Massachusetts. He is a member of What Cheer Lodge, and Narragansett Encampment, Providence, Rhode Island, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and has been grand chaplain of Rhode Island. For twenty-seven years he has served as chaplain of the Salem Light Infantry Veteran Association. His clubs are the Salem Masonic and Salem Harvard.

The Rev. Alfred Manchester was married by Rev. Caleb Davis Bradlee, D.D., at Boston, Massachusetts, April 29, 1873, to Sarah Adelaide Peckham, of Newport, Rhode Island. They have two children: Ethel Bradlee, born in Fairhaven, Massachusetts, February 13, 1874, who married Frank Staniford Perkins, June 2, 1897; and Grace Tingley, born in Providence, Rhode Island, August 3, 1882, who became the wife of Waldo Emerson Berry, November 23, 1900.

BENJAMIN F. RAYMOND, long active in the business life of Essex, Massachusetts, has recently sold his drug business, and in the real estate business is winning another substantial success and still bearing his part in the progress of his community.

Mr. Raymond is a son of Benjamin Conant Ray-

mond, and grandson of James Giles and Sally (Conant) Raymond, tracing lineally through these two lines to John Raymond, who came to Beverly, Massachusetts, about 1654, and to Roger Conant, who came to Plymouth in the ship "Ann," in 1623. The Conant line from Roger Conant is through his son, Lot; his son, John (1); his son, John (2); his son, John (8); his son, John (4); his son, John (5); his daughter, Sally, wife of James Giles Raymond. In the Raymond line descent is traced from John Raymond, of Beverly, and his wife, Judith (Woodbury) Raymond, (widow of William (2) Woodbury); through their son, Nathaniel; their son, George; his son, David; his son, James Giles Raymond, and his wife, Sally (Conant) Raymond; their son, Benjamin Conant Raymond, and his wife, Sarah Woodbury (Ray) Raymond; their son, Benjamin F. Raymond, of Essex, Massachusetts.

There is another line leading to these two ancestors, Roger Conant and John Raymond. Lot Conant, son of Roger Conant, had a daughter, Rebecca, who married Nathaniel Raymond, son of John Raymond. Both Lot Conant and Nathaniel Raymond are ancestors of Benjamin F. Raymond, of Essex, and thus his title is clear.

Roger Conant, shortly after his arrival at Boston, made his home at Conant's Island in Boston Harbor, now known as Governor's Island. About 1624 he established a fish business at Gloucester, and that year was chosen governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. Miles Standish disputed his rights in the fishing business at Gloucester, and in the interests of peace, Roger Conant surrendered his rights and moved to Salem in 1626, and was followed there by his friends, Lyford, Gardiner, and Balch. In 1628 John Endicott was sent from England to supersede Roger Conant as governor of the colony, but he continued strong in the esteem of the people. He was the first deputy from Salem to the General Court, and in 1637 Roger Conant and William Hathorn were appointed judges of the Quarterly Court at Salem. The "Book of Grants" in the records of Salem are in Roger Conant's handwriting. In 1637 he built a home on Balch street, at what later became Beverly. He built the first fort in Salem, and his son, Roger (2) Conant, was the first white child born in Salem. This fact was recognized by the town by granting to him thirty acres of good land.

John and William Raymond, brothers, came to Beverly, Massachusetts, about the year 1654, and William Raymond, with Rev. John Wise, of Chabacco Parish (now the town of Essex), had the honor of being imprisoned as a result of the fight against Governor Andros to maintain the principles of "no taxation without representation." This is said to be the first movement against England in the interest of civil liberty.

John Raymond, ancestor of Benjamin F. Raymond, of Essex, married (first) Rachel Scruggs, daughter of Thomas Scruggs, deputy to the General Court, 1635-36. In June, 1666, he married (second) Judith Woodbury, widow of William Woodbury, Jr. Their son, Nathaniel Raymond, was born March

15, 1670. After his marriage, John Raymond moved to a house on Balch street, Beverly, and there a Raymond has lived in each generation until the present, the 1921 occupant being the heir of Colonel John W. Raymond, of Civil War fame.

Benjamin Conant Raymond married Sarah Woodbury Ray, and they were the parents of Benjamin F. Raymond, of Essex. Sarah Woodbury (Ray) Raymond was a great-granddaughter of Ebenezer Ray, who enlisted in 1778, at the age of fifteen, and was stationed with the American troops in New Jersey. Later he entered the navy and was captured and made to serve as seaman, and after some interesting and trying experiences he was finally released from custody in May, 1782. Woodburys and Rays have served their country valiantly in every war, and have played well their parts in times of peace. Benjamin Conant Raymond, of the sixth generation, was a wholesale and retail dealer in ice until his death in 1887. His widow, Sarah Woodbury (Ray) Raymond, survived him until 1890.

Their son, Benjamin F. Raymond, was born in Beverly, Massachusetts, July 25, 1856, and there was educated in the public schools. He began business life with the Price Drug Company, of Salem, and remained with that company six years, becoming thoroughly familiar with the drug business. In 1878 he established a drug store in Essex, Massachusetts, and conducted it successfully for forty years. He sold his drug interests in 1918, and retired from mercantile life and has since opened a real estate office. Mr. Raymond was long since sought by the people of Essex for the public service, and served as town treasurer for twenty-two consecutive years, from 1890 to 1912. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Congregational church, and is president of the Choate Bible class.

In 1882 Mr. Raymond married Leila A. Story, and they are the parents of five children: Judge Frank E.; Leila, now a resident of Salt Lake City; Charles A., assistant superintendent of the large gas works at Everett, Massachusetts; Lydia, a school teacher in Beverly public schools; and Nellie, who died in 1915.

HAROLD FERDINAND BLAKE—Harold Ferdinand Blake looks back on an existence full of work and pleasure, effort and success. He has seen life through the eyes of the farmer, the carpenter, the manufacturer, the business man and the author, and has written about it in book, magazine and newspaper in a mellow, humorous, manly style that has endeared him to many and is inspiring to all. He is the son of Ferdinand Lewis Blake, of Kensington, New Hampshire, who in early life was a farmer and in later years a manufacturer of shoes, and at one time postmaster of his city. Three years of the father's life were spent in the United States army during the Mexican War (1846-7-8), and at the breaking out of the war between the States he was chosen unanimously by his townsmen for appointment as recruiting officer to enlist such men for war as might be available. He was so appointed and



Harold D. Blake



A. W. Stockbridge M.D.

after two years of service was a bandmaster throughout 1863-4-5. Mrs. Mary Nesbit (Chase) Blake, the mother, is described as a woman of "vigorous, forceful intellect, with a tenacious memory, a gift of mimicry, and a splendid story teller," which abilities have evidently been passed on to her son.

Harold Ferdinand Blake was born December 22, 1853, at Kensington, New Hampshire. His education came from the common schools of this town, one year in Kingston Academy and the hard school of experience. He was only eleven years old when by a queer twist of circumstance he was made the private messenger of the Western Union Telegraph Company to President Lincoln and his cabinet and acted as such from September 26, 1864, to the time of Lincoln's death, April 24, 1865. The war over, he returned to the farm and carpenter shop, but soon branched out as a shoemaker, shoe manufacturer, leather dealer and became eventually a business organizer and manager.

Gifted with the ability to express the things he saw and thought and felt he has written much and well. Although written for private circulation among his friends in Kensington, New Hampshire, his "Re-told Tales" has had a much wider vogue. This book is a small historical work giving a brief history of Kensington's part in the Indian, Revolutionary, War of 1812, Mexican and Civil Wars. Besides this he is author of over eighty half humorous but wholly truthful tales about men, things, and events seen during the days of old fashioned and successful farming in New England. He has also written more than one hundred articles on the "Evolution in the Making of Leather and Shoes— and Other Things"; and is considered an authority on the art of shoe and leather making as carried on in both ancient and modern times.

Politically, Mr. Blake is a thorough Democrat and has served as trustee of the public library and justice of the peace. He is a member of the Haverhill Historical Society and Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. Among his clubs are the New Hampshire Press Club, the Essex Press Club, and the Canadian Railway Club of Montreal, Canada. He has been a regular attendant of the First Congregational Church, Georgetown, Massachusetts, for more than thirty years.

At Haverhill, Massachusetts, April 13, 1886, he was married to Mary Ella Killam, daughter of Hosea Chauncey Killam and Mary Jane (Spofford) Killam. There are no children.

HON. ALBERT LEROY BARTLETT, author, teacher and lecturer, and long a member of the municipal government, is one of the notable citizens of Haverhill, Massachusetts. His many-sided ability and interesting personality not only have made him eminent in the educational world, but have brought him into prominence in civic affairs. The son of Thomas and Patience (Hawkins) Bartlett, he was born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, June 1, 1852.

After a preparatory education in the public and

high schools, Mr. Bartlett attended Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, and was graduated in 1872, with the degree of A.B., and for post-graduate work was made an A. M., in 1875. Taking up teaching as his profession, he was master of the Sherborn Academy, Massachusetts, in 1872, and of the Bradford High School, Massachusetts, from 1873 to 1882, and was from 1882 to 1888 sub-master of the Haverhill (Massachusetts) High School. He then became the superintendent of public instruction of the city, serving until 1897. His ability as a lecturer was called into activity about this time, and during the years from 1895 to 1897 he lectured on the English language and literature before the New Hampshire Summer Normal School, and for two years, 1900 and 1901, at the Martha's Vineyard (Massachusetts) Summer Normal School. He also gave a course of lectures before the Virginia Normal School in 1901.

Mr. Bartlett has taken active part in all matters of civic interest, and has been prominent in the government of Haverhill, having been the commissioner of public safety from 1912 to 1914 and from 1919 to the present time (1922), the mayor from 1915 to 1916, executive secretary of the Committee on Public Safety, 1917, and a member of the Municipal Council for many years, up to and including the present (1922). He has been a trustee of the Public Library since 1889. He was a member of the Park Commission and its chairman until 1912, and he has been chairman of the Forum Committee since its formation in 1917. The beautiful Albert L. Bartlett School was built in 1907 on land given by him, and was named in his honor.

He has been a voluminous writer on English and local history. Besides contributions to various magazines, he is the author of: "History of Haverhill Academy and High School," 1890; "First Steps in English," 1900; "Essentials of Language and Grammar," 1900; "A Golden Way," 1902; "The Construction of English," 1903; "The Elements of English Grammar," 1907; "Some Memories of Old Haverhill," 1915; "Haverhill 1640 to 1915," an historical address, 1915. His language books, have had the distinction of translation into Spanish, and of adaptation for use in the Dominion of Canada.

ALBERTO H. STOCKBRIDGE, M. D.—In the annals of medical science in Essex county, and indeed over a far wider region, the name of Alberto H. Stockbridge, M. D., holds marked significance, his record of successfully combatting the wartime epidemic of influenza having been equalled by few throughout the country. Dr. Stockbridge comes of very old New England antecedents, both paternal and maternal lines being very ancient and distinguished, and he is a son of Horatio and Ellen Frances (Stone) Stockbridge.

Dr. Stockbridge was born in Cochrane, Middlesex county, Massachusetts, August 8, 1875. His elementary and high school courses were covered in his native town, and while still a young lad he began earning his own way in life. From high school days he was employed as a bookkeeper in a shoe fac-

tory for a time, then later entered upon the manufacture of boxes, handing an independent business in a small way. During these years, however, he never permitted himself to lose sight of his early purpose, a professional career. Keeping up his studies, he was eventually successful in covering the necessary preparatory work and matriculating for the medical course at Tufts College, Boston, from which he was graduated in 1905, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Serving one year of internship at the Union Hospital, at Lynn, Dr. Stockbridge then opened his office for the practice of medicine in this city, at No. 32 City Hall Square, later removing to his present location at No. 69 Park street, where he also resides. From the beginning of his professional activities Dr. Stockbridge has commanded the confidence of the people, and has handled a steadily increasing practice. Having attained high standing in the profession, the influenza epidemic plunged him at once into the thick of the fight. During the seven months when the scourge was raging its worst, Dr. Stockbridge treated more than twelve hundred cases, and the records show that he lost but four or five of his patients. His treatment was by hot applications, the direct opposite of the cold in general use. This aroused much comment in the medical fraternity, as well as among lay circles, but the doctor's success was a brilliant vindication of his wisdom and judgment. Dr. Stockbridge is a member of the Lynn Medical Association, and fraternally holds membership in the various Masonic bodies, including the Commandery, and also Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member, also, of the Knights of Pythias, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Improved Order of Red Men.

Dr. Stockbridge married Lillian Parker.

H. ASHLEY BOWEN—In professional circles in Eastern Massachusetts the name of H. Ashley Bowen is well known, and his reputation has now reached throughout the neighboring states. Mr. Bowen was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, May 23, 1881, a son of J. Herbert and Caroline (Rea) Bowen, long residents of this city.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of Lynn, Mr. Bowen later entered Harvard University, and was admitted to the bar in 1902. Returning at once to his native city, he established his office here, and has since conducted the general practice of law with gratifying success. His activities have not, however, been confined to this immediate neighborhood, but his practice covers all the New England States, as well as several of the Western states. For ten years, from 1905 until 1915, Mr. Bowen acted as counsel for the town of Swampscott, in this county, but the demands of his practice compelled his resignation. Mr. Bowen is a member of the Essex County, Massachusetts, and American Bar associations; of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, the Lynn and the Swampscott Chapters; the Sons of the American Revolution; the Oxford Club, Swampscott Masonic Club,

and the Swampscott Club. He and his family attend the Congregational church of Swampscott.

On June 12, 1905, Mr. Bowen married Harriet L. Bean, daughter of Everett J. and Abbie Bean, of Lynn.

WILLIAM CHARLES FORD, LL.B.—For the past twenty-two years actively engaged in the practice of the law in the city of Lawrence, William C. Ford, senior partner of the law firm of W. C. & E. J. Ford, has attained an enviable position in the professional world of Essex county as a successful and always progressive attorney and counsellor-at-law. Mr. Ford comes of a pioneer family of Lawrence, his parents, John and Mary Jane (Quinn) Ford, having been identified with the early history of this community as a municipality.

William Charles Ford was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, October 5, 1875. His education was begun in the public schools of his native place, and he was graduated from the Lawrence High School in the class of 1894. This was followed by courses at Georgetown College, and at Harvard University, after which Mr. Ford took up the study of his chosen profession at Boston University Law School. He was graduated from that institution in 1900 with honors. Shortly after his graduation, Mr. Ford established his office in Lawrence, and soon took a significant place in professional circles. He has been very successful. In 1906 he received into partnership his younger brother, Edmond John Ford, whose sketch follows, and together they have built up a very extensive and prosperous practice. Mr. Ford keeps broadly in touch with the general advance, but the exactions of his profession commanding his time, he has never been active in public affairs. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, the Essex Bar Association and the Lawrence Bar Association, and he is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and his religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Ford married, November 1, 1905, Mary A. Mahony, daughter of D. D. and Catherine (Donovan) Mahony. Mr. and Mrs. Ford have one daughter, Helen Marie, born June 12, 1914, and now a pupil in the Lawrence schools.

EDMOND JOHN FORD, LL.B. — In the legal profession in Essex county, Edmond J. Ford is widely known as a member of the firm of W. C. & E. J. Ford, of Lawrence. Born and reared in this city, Mr. Ford prepared for his career in the educational institutions of his native State, and is a son of John and Mary Jane (Quinn) Ford, early residents of Lawrence.

Edmond John Ford was born in the city of Lawrence, November 5, 1880. His education was begun at St. Mary's Parochial School, and he was graduated from the Lawrence High School in the class of 1901. His course in the arts and letters was pursued at Harvard University, from which he was graduated, cum laude, in 1905. His profes-

sional studies were covered at Harvard University Law School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1907, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Within the year Mr. Ford became associated in the practice of law with his brother, William C. Ford, and a member of the above named firm, and is still thus engaged. He has attained a position of dignity and prominence at the bar, and is counted among the broadly successful men of the day in the professional world of Lawrence. He is a member of the American Bar Association, the Massachusetts Bar Association, serving as a member of the executive committee of the latter body, a member of the Lawrence Bar Association, and chairman of the Lawrence Law Library Association. In fraternal and social circles Mr. Ford is well known, being a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, president of the Lawrence High School Alumni Association, and is prominently identified with Harvard Alumni activities. Secretary of the Harvard Club, of Lawrence, he is a delegate from Lawrence (1922) to the New England Federation of Harvard Clubs. Mr. Ford's interest in athletics has been very keen from boyhood, and reaches all outdoor sports. He was a star track man at Harvard, for years has been a champion tennis player of Lawrence, and is now president of the Lawrence Athletic Advisory Council. He takes particular interest in the encouragement of athletics among the younger people, and has generously given much of his time to the development of the high school track team. He is widely sought as a referee in various athletic events. Always delighting in water sports, he has long been a member of the Lawrence Canoe Club, and its commodore. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, and president of St. Mary's Catholic Association.

Mr. Ford married, in Boston, September 12, 1911, Grace Daly, daughter of Timothy and Katherine Daly. Mr. and Mrs. Ford are the parents of four sons: John, born September 28, 1915; William Dudley, born January 12, 1917; Edmond, born January 28, 1918; and Robert, born May 29, 1921.

ELISHA MORSE STEVENS—Prominent in professional circles in Essex county, Elisha M. Stevens has for years stood among the foremost attorneys of this section, and is widely known as a member of the firm of Niles, Stevens, Underwood & Mayo, of Lynn. A native of the State of Maine, Mr. Stevens' earlier years were spent in the West, but he has now for twenty-six years practiced in the city of Lynn. He is a son of Rufus Stowell and Sarah King (Morse) Stevens, formerly of Oxford county, Maine, and later of Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Elisha M. Stevens was born in South Paris, Maine, January 5, 1864. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Minneapolis, and he thereafter attended the Northwestern Preparatory School at Evanston, Illinois, from which he was graduated in 1880. His course in the arts and letters was begun at the Northwestern University, Evanston, but was completed at Amherst College, Amherst, Mas-

sachusetts, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1885. He thereafter pursued his professional studies at Harvard University Law School, 1887 to 1890, in which year he was graduated with the degrees of L.L.B. and A.M. First admitted to the bar in Massachusetts, Mr. Stevens soon returned to Minneapolis to practice, and was active in that city from 1891 until 1896. In the latter year he came East, locating permanently in Lynn, and has practiced continuously here since. As a member of the above firm he has gained a high place in the legal fraternity. He is a Republican by political affiliation, but has always declined the honors of elective office. Mr. Stevens was appointed a special justice of the district court of Southern Essex, Lynn, in 1907, and still serves in this capacity. He is a member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity, and of Phi Beta Kappa, Amherst chapter. His religious affiliation is with the First Universalist Church, of Lynn, of which he is one of the Board of Stewards, and he is a member of the Oxford and Kiwanis clubs of Lynn.

Mr. Stevens married (first), September 14, 1892, in Lynn, Mary Felton La Croix, daughter of Edward and Eliza Walker (Felton) La Croix. She died, leaving one son, Rufus La Croix, born May 22, 1897. Mr. Stevens married (second), December 14, 1904, in Needham, Helen Lucas Fuller, daughter of Albert and Marianna (Gay) Fuller. They have a son, Alvin Gay, born September 30, 1905; and a daughter, Marion Fuller, born August 29, 1909. The family home is at No. 7 Outlook road, Swampscott, Massachusetts.

MEYER WINER, D.M.D.—Having been engaged in the active practice of his profession since 1912, Dr. Winer is familiar, and most favorably so, to a majority of residents of Salem. During these years, he has become thoroughly identified both as a dentist and a citizen with the progressive element of the community.

Dr. Winer was born in Salem, Massachusetts, January 8, 1890, the son of Max Winer, a merchant of Salem, and of Bessie (Dembo) Winer, his wife. The elementary education of Meyer Winer was obtained in the public schools of his native place, after which, having decided upon the profession of dentistry for his career, he entered the dental department of Harvard College, from which he was graduated, with the degree of Doctor of Medical Dentistry, in 1912, and passed the State board examinations that same year, after which, in 1915, he opened an office at No. 60 Washington street, Salem, where he has since been engaged in the active practice of his profession and has won a distinction which might well be the envy of a much older man.

On January 28, 1918, Dr. Winer was commissioned first lieutenant in the Officers' Reserve Corps of the dental section of the United States army. He is a member of the American Dental Association, the Northeastern Dental Association, the Massachusetts Dental Association, the Essex County Dental Society, the Harvard Odontological Society, the Salem Golf Club, the Harvard Club of the North

Shore, the New Century Club of Boston, the Young Men's Christian Association, Philharmonics Hour Orchestra, in which he played the violin for many years, the Chamber of Commerce, and the Harvard Dental Alumni. He also is a member of the visiting staff of the Forsyth Dental Infirmary.

HAROLD W. POOLE—In the shoe industry in Lynn the name of Poole has long been familiar in connection with certain branches of production, and Harold W. Poole is now associated with George A. O'Shea, conducting the business which was founded many years ago by his father, and has since followed a special line of activity.

John W. Poole, Mr. Poole's father, was a native of the State of Maine, and came to Lynn from Portland as a young man. He was for many years engaged with W. and E. W. LaCroix, shoe-counter manufacturers, of Lynn. Naturally of an inventive turn of mind, he saw the possibilities of improving then existing machinery, and even of supplanting it with improved machinery of his own devising. He invented what has since become known as the Poole Box Toe Skiving Machine, and, instead of placing it on the market, established the Poole Skiving Company, in partnership with I. F. Spindell, operating his own machines and placing his product on the market. The business was first located at No. 23 Central avenue, in Lynn, where the Security Trust Company building now stands, but was later removed to Willow street, and thence to its present location at No. 48 Oxford street. The founder of the business died in 1918. He married Alvaretta Bain, whose death preceded his own by some years.

Harold W. Poole was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, October 9, 1885. His education was received in the public schools of his native city and the English High School, and while still a young lad he began working with his father. He learned the business in all its branches, and upon the death of his father took over its management. In 1919 Mr. Poole received into partnership George A. O'Shea, also an experienced man in the same field, and the business is still being carried on successfully under the original name of the Poole Skiving Company. About fifteen employes are kept constantly busy, the product finding a ready market in the New England district and also in more remote shoe centers. Mr. Poole is well known fraternally as a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and he is a member of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church.

Harold W. Poole married Maude A. Lang, and they are the parents of five children: John W., Robert, Frederick, Ernest, and Warren. The family reside at No. 19 Clayton street, Lynn.

KIMBALL GLEASON COLBY—Colbys date in Massachusetts from the year 1630, when Anthony Colby came in Governor Winthrop's fleet from the eastern coast of England. He married Susannah Sargent, in 1632, and settled in Cambridge, but in 1634 moved to Salisbury, thence in 1647 to what is now Amesbury, where he died February 11, 1661.

He left sons, John, Samuel, Isaac and Thomas, and is the American ancestor of a numerous family, Colbys being found in every generation down to the present, prominent in every walk of life. Through the marriage of Joseph Kimball Colby to Mary Ada Gleason, their son, Kimball G. Colby, derives descent from Thomas Gleason, who was born in England in 1611, died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1686. The line of descent from Thomas and Susannah Gleason is traced through their son, William Gleason, and his wife Abial; their son, Isaac Gleason, and his wife Mary; their son, Captain Isaac Gleason, a captain in the Continental army, and his wife, Sarah (Harrington) Gleason; their son, David Gleason, and his wife, Phoebe (Carleton) Gleason; their son, Kimball Carleton Gleason, and his wife Mary Esther; their daughter, Mary Ada Gleason, and her husband, Joseph Kimball Colby; their son, Kimball G. Colby, editor and publisher of the Lawrence "Telegram."

Joseph Kimball Colby, born in New Hampshire, October 18, 1840, and his wife, Mary Ada (Gleason) Colby, born in Methuen, Massachusetts, May 19, 1849, are both living in Northern Massachusetts, (1921).

Kimball Gleason Colby was born in Boston, Massachusetts, February 9, 1873. After graduation from Phillips Andover Academy in 1891, he entered Amherst College, whence he was graduated A.B., class of 1895. He spent a year at Harvard, then entered the field of journalism and became a member of the staff of the Lawrence "Telegram," then owned by John N. Cole. In 1907 he purchased the Cole interest in the "Telegram," of which he is the present owner, editor and publisher. The "Telegram" is a daily paper, Republican in its sympathies and devoted to the interests of Lawrence. The circulation has steadily increased until it is the largest of any Republican paper of the city. Mr. Colby is a clear, incisive writer, firm and courageous in defending his opinions, but always fair in treating with men or measures appealing for support from the voters.

While Mr. Colby is devoted to the interests of the "Telegram," he has other business engagements of importance. He is a director of the Bay State National Bank, a trustee of the Broadway Savings Bank, a director of the Lawrence Morris Plan Bank, and a director of the National Bank of Methuen. He is an ardent Republican, and in addition to the strong support he renders the party through the columns of the "Telegram," he has rendered personal service on the Methuen School Board, serving six years, also on the Methuen Board of Water Commissioners. In 1920 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention. During the World War period, 1917-18, he was a member of various loan and drive committees, and did his "bit" in every possible way. He is a member of John Hancock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Bethany Commandery, of Lawrence, and has attained the thirty-second degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. His college fraternity is Chi Psi, his clubs the Methuen, Merrimack Valley Country of Law-

rence, University and Athletic of Boston, the Tedesco Country Club of Swampscott, and the Country Club of North Andover. In religious faith he is a Universalist.

FRED H. EATON—In the names of James H. Eaton and Fred H. Eaton, public service to Lawrence, Massachusetts, stands in the records of almost three-quarters of a century. In public office and in private capacities this service has continued. Fred H. Eaton, present day representative of an honored family, senior member of the law firm of Eaton & Chandler, is known as lawyer and financier, a prominent figure among the city's men of affairs.

Fred H. Eaton is a son of James H. and Elizabeth F. (Jenness) Eaton, his parents both natives of New Hampshire, his father born in Candia, his mother in Deerfield. They came to Lawrence in the 50's and James H. Eaton was for two terms mayor of Lawrence. He was also for a number of years treasurer of the Essex Savings Bank, and a man of large usefulness to his time. Both he and his wife are deceased.

Fred H. Eaton was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, September 6, 1874, and after attending the public schools entered Phillips Academy at Andover, Massachusetts, there preparing for professional study, which he pursued in the Boston University Law School, being graduated in 1897 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the bar in the same year, and began practice in association with Judge Charles U. Bell, under the title of Bell & Eaton. This connection endured until 1899, and in the following year the firm of Eaton & Chandler was formed. Figuring in much important litigation, and with a splendid clientele, this firm has come into reputation as one of the leading legal associations of the city, and their practice is extensive in court work and in advisory relations. Mr. Eaton is a member of the Lawrence Bar Association, the Essex County Bar Association, and the American Bar Association.

His business interests are widespread. He is president of the Bay State National Bank, trustee and member of the board of investment of the Essex Savings Bank, and a director of the Lawrence Co-operative Bank. Mr. Eaton was, in 1901, a member of the Board of Aldermen of Lawrence, and has long held a position of responsibility in his community. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and his clubs are the Merrimac Valley Country and the North Andover Country. He is a communicant of Christ Episcopal Church, of Andover, maintaining his residence at No. 66 Central street, in that town.

Fred H. Eaton married, August 24, 1897, in Lawrence, Abbie Maud Sherman, daughter of Judge Edgar J. Sherman. They are the parents of James H., Alma S., and Elizabeth F.

WALTER IRVING BURROWS — Among the families which can clearly trace their lineage back to the beginnings of New England history is Walter Irving Burrows, son of William Henry and Alice M.

(Ingalls) Burrows, whose maternal ancestor was one of the group who accompanied Governor Endicott to Salem in 1628. The Engalls or Ingalls family was an old one in England generations before New England was settled, and bore a coat-of-arms described as follows:

Arms—Gules, three bars gemelle or, on a canton, argent, five billets en solire sable.

Crest—A lily springing from a crown.

Motto—Humilis ex corona.

Edmund Ingalls, the immigrant ancestor of the Ingalls family in this country, was born in England, in 1598, ten years after the historic defeat of the Spanish "Armada." He went to Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1629, settled at Goldfish Pond in 1630, married Ann, and among their children was Robert, born about 1621, died in 1698, who was a planter, and married Sarah Harker. Among their children was Nathaniel, born at Lynn, Massachusetts, about 1660, died in 1737, married Anne. Among their children was Jacob, died in 1791, married November 17, 1737, Mary Tucker. Among their children was Jacob, born at Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1747, died in 1823, was a sergeant in Captain Farrington's Company during the Revolution. He married, in 1772, Martha Lewis, and had children, among them Jacob, born May 23, 1786, died in 1834, married Rebecca Brown. He was a shoe manufacturer of Lynn, Massachusetts, prominent in the affairs of the city, and represented his district in the State Legislature for sixteen years. Among his children was Horatio, born October 25, 1824, died October 28, 1893, married, in December, 1852, Harriet G. Follet, born in Lynn, Massachusetts, June 1, 1833, died February 12, 1868. Among their children was Alice M., born September 13, 1853, married February 23, 1876, William H. Burrows, of Lynn, Massachusetts, and had children, among them, Walter Irving Burrows.

On the paternal side, Egbert Burrows, of Lynn, Massachusetts, grandfather of Walter Irving Burrow, was a retail shoe dealer, born August 27, 1843, married Betsy Johnson Alley, granddaughter of Joseph Alley, Jr., who served during the Revolution, and of Betsy (Johnson) Alley, born November 10, 1815. Their children were: Rebecca A., born January 5, 1845, died same year; Helen T., born February 13, 1846; Elizabeth Campbell, born March 1, 1848; Joseph Egbert, born February 5, 1850; Charles J., of Manchester, New Hampshire; and William Henry, the father of Walter Irving Burrows.

Walter Irving Burrows was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, May 14, 1880. He attended the grammar and high schools of his native city, and then became associated with Burrows and Sanborn, in 1899, which connection is continued to the present time (1921). Fraternally, Mr. Burrows is a Mason, and in club circles he is well known, being a member of the Oxford Club, the Tedesco Club, and the Boston City Club. He is also a member of the Lynn Historical Society and of the Chamber of Commerce.

On April 19, 1920, at Lynn, Massachusetts, Mr. Burrows married Ethel May Leggett, daughter of Robert Leggett, late State Senator from the Man-

chester district of New Hampshire, and of his wife, Louise Leggett. No children have been born to this marriage.

ANDREW A. HAIG, M. D.—With the advantage of excellent preparation and very wide experience, Dr. Haig, of Essex, Massachusetts, has built up a large practice in this city and vicinity.

Dr. Haig was born in Potsdam, St. Lawrence county, New York, May 4, 1858, and is a son of John and Ellen (Atchison) Haig, of Waddington, in that county. As a boy Dr. Haig attended the public schools of Potsdam, and also of Madrid and Massena, in the same county, then having chosen the profession in which he wished to carry forward his career, he entered the University of Michigan Medical School, at Ann Arbor, then completed his professional studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Baltimore, Maryland, from which institution he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine. During the early years of his practice the doctor was in New Hampshire, first at Hancock for a year and a half, then at Peterboro for three years and a half, then practiced for eight years at Springfield, Vermont. In 1901 Dr. Haig went on a trip around Cape Horn on the "Dirigio", one of the first steel vessels built by Arthur Sewill, of Bath, Maine. For one hundred and seventy-three days the boat did not touch land, then the doctor stayed in California from May 18th until the following October, thereafter returning to Boston for a short time. Later, with a party of sixteen others, Dr. Haig went up the western coast of the Continent to Arctic City, Alaska, where he remained for about a year and a half. Returning thereafter to Massachusetts, he began practice at Somerville, continuing for two years. He then came to Essex, where he is still located, and has developed a successful practice.

Dr. Haig is a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Springfield, Vermont. In Essex he has taken the interest of the progressive citizen in public affairs, and has served for six years on the school committee. He is a member of the Universalist church, of Essex.

Dr. Haig married, in 1905, Mrs. Ella (Adams) Ells, daughter of John and Jane (Gibson) Adams, of Berkshire county, England.

HARRY E. MERRILL, manufacturer, was born in Lewiston, Maine, June 20, 1862, son of William E. and Sarah E. (Crockett) Merrill, of Lisbon, Maine. His father was identified with the shoe industry and farmed to some extent. In his boyhood Harry E. Merrill attended public school in his native place, and for a short while after leaving school worked in the Hill Cotton Mill. In 1883 he came to Haverhill, Massachusetts, and for the next six years found employment there at the shoe business. In 1889, he established a shoe trimming business which he conducted for a number of years, and to which, in 1906, he added the manufacture of die blocks, mallets, ceiling blocks, and other forms of wooden blocks used in the manufacture of shoes. In 1908 Mr. Merrill sold that business to M. E. Kil-

lam, of Lynn, but in 1908 he repurchased it from Mr. Killam and moved from the original location at No. 112 Phoenix Row to No. 208 River street. In 1910 Mr. Merrill added the manufacturing of wooden heels to the business, taking in as a partner Lyman W. Cole, a man of long experience in that business. The business since then has been conducted under the firm name of The United Die Block Wood Heel Company. By July 1, 1915, it was necessary to take more commodious quarters, and the plant was removed to No. 113 Essex street corner of Locke street, there remaining until February 1, 1921, when another removal became necessary, for a like reason, the company having added the manufacture of brush handles. A three-story factory building was secured at No. 140 Hale street, which is the main factory, handling the business of the Eastern States for the company's products. The manufacture of brush handles has so satisfactorily developed that it became necessary, in 1916, to utilize a branch factory, formerly used as a covering department for wood heels, to adequately care for the Western trade. This branch establishment is located in St. Louis, Missouri, and is devoted exclusively to the requirements of the western market.

Mr. Merrill gives close attention to his business affairs, which indeed demand most of his time, but, being of an old New England family, he is interested in the patriotic and historical societies. He is a member of the Pilgrim Fathers, of the Pentucket Club, and of the Lewiston Zouaves of Maine.

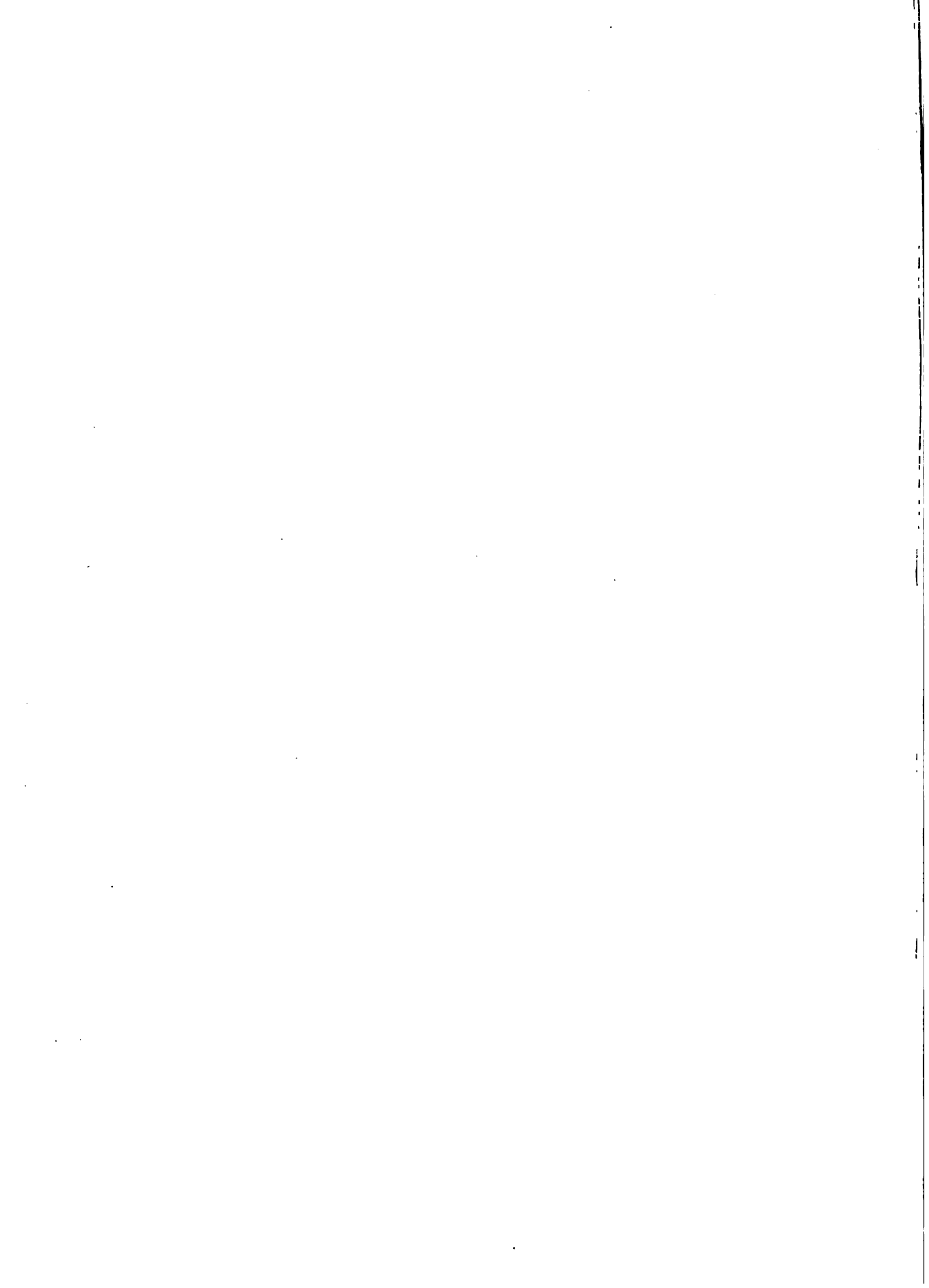
In 1901 Mr. Merrill married (second) Jennie Coligan, daughter of James and Agnes (Bradley) Coligan, of New York State. By a first marriage Mr. Merrill has three children: Elizabeth B.; William E.; and Pearl M.

LYMAN W. COLE, manufacturer, partner in the United Die Block and Wood Heel Company, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, November 12, 1878, son of Albert S. and Eva F. (Prescott) Cole, the former originally of Wentworth, New Hampshire, a painting contractor, and the latter, now deceased, of Eppin, of that State.

Lyman W. Cole was educated in the public schools of Atkinson, New Hampshire, and at Atkinson Academy. After leaving school, he learned the painter's trade under his father's instruction. After four years spent in house painting, he entered the employ of a manufacturer of wooden heels for shoes, and became foreman of the Pentucket Wood Heel Company, remaining with that corporation for seven years. A further seven years he was with the Slipper City Company, in like capacity, and for three years was with the F. W. Mears Wood Heel Company. Coming to Haverhill, in 1908, he became associated with Harry E. Merrill, manufacturer of dies, blocks and wooden forms used in shoe manufacturing, and in 1910 became partner with Mr. Merrill in the United Die Block and Wood Heel Company, of Haverhill, manufacturers of wood heels and cutting blocks. In 1915 the company's plant was moved to No. 113 Essex street, to more com-



Cardinal A. Hary



modious quarters, and on February 1, 1921, when brush handles of every description were added to the company products, a still greater space was needed, and a three-story factory at No. 140 Hale street, Haverhill, was secured. In 1916 a covering department for the wood heel business of the Western States was established at St. Louis, Missouri, that factory also handling the brush handle business of the Western States since the establishment of that department. Mr. Cole is a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the local grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, the Masonic order, Merrimac Valley Country and Pentucket clubs.

Mr. Cole was married, in 1900, at Haverhill, Massachusetts, to Cora E. Day, daughter of Charles L. and Mary E. (Wildes) Day, of Kennebunk, Maine. Mr. and Mrs. Cole are the parents of four children: Eva May, Charles A., Mildred C., and Joseph M.

JOSEPH FRANCIS DOYLE—Among the younger professional men who are taking high rank in Essex county is numbered Joseph F. Doyle, of Salem, who is also connected with one of the leading attorneys of Lynn. Mr. Doyle is a member of an old and prominent Salem family, and is a son of Michael J. and Ellen T. Doyle. The elder Mr. Doyle has for many years been an influential citizen of Salem, a member of the Common Council and Board of Aldermen, having served for twenty-five years in such capacity, a record unequalled in the history of Salem.

Joseph Francis Doyle was born in Salem, December 19, 1888. His early education was received in the public schools of this city, and his preparatory and classical studies were pursued at Fordham University, from which he was graduated in 1912. Then entering upon the study of law at Harvard University Law School, he was graduated from that institution in the class of 1915. Shortly afterwards admitted to the bar, Mr. Doyle took up the practice of his chosen profession in his home city, and has won his way to marked success. Several years ago he became associated, also, with James W. Sullivan, a prominent lawyer of Lynn, and his Lynn practice is now an important part of his professional interests. He is a member of the board of trustees of the Young Men's Catholic Temperance Society, of Salem, and former advocate for Veragua Council, No. 76, Knights of Columbus, also of Salem. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

THOMAS BUTLER FEENEY—In the business world of Lynn, Massachusetts, Thomas B. Feeney has for many years held a position of significance, and his work along one of the most practical avenues of economic advance—insurance—has contributed in no small degree to the individual and community prosperity. Mr. Feeney is of Irish nativity and comes of highly respected farming people, being a son of Edward F. and Julia (Butler) Feeney. Edward F. Feeney was a prosperous farmer, owning his home and thirty-five acres of land under culti-

vation near Tipperary, Ireland. He died when Thomas was only four years of age, leaving five children, of whom the eldest was eleven years old and the youngest two. The mother carried on the farm as best she could, with the help of the older children, but she only survived her husband five years, and then the children were left alone. Unable to secure suitable help, the management of the farm soon proved too much for the children, and eventually they were compelled to abandon the home of their birth.

Thomas B. Feeney was born on the home farm in Tipperary, County Tipperary, Ireland, March 20, 1870. Receiving his education in the national schools of his native country, he left school at the age of twelve years to do his part in the struggle to keep the family together. At that time his formal education ended, but Mr. Feeney is a man of unusual mental calibre, and has made every source of information a means of education, his rare memory placing his fund of knowledge ready for instant service. He has not only become widely self-educated in a general sense, but has mastered several languages, and speaks French fluently. Mr. Feeney came to the United States with a brother and sister in 1886, then being about sixteen years of age. Coming at once to Lynn, he secured a position as errand boy in the employ of John J. Jeffries, a broker, with offices on Beacon street, in Boston. Mr. Feeney worked for Mr. Jeffries both at the Boston offices and in his summer home at Swampscott, and continued with him for two years. He then became identified with the morocco leather industry, serving a regular apprenticeship in the employ of Eugene Berry, a morocco leather manufacturer of that time, and was active in this connection until 1899. On March 20 of that year, Mr. Feeney entered the field in which he has since met with such marked success, becoming associated with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company at their Lynn office. He began as an agent, soliciting insurance by the ordinary method of house to house interviews. His record quickly marked him as a man of larger possibilities, and thirteen months after entering their employ the Metropolitan made him assistant superintendent of their Lynn office. On May 9, 1904, he was again promoted, being then made manager of the Nashua, New Hampshire, district. His familiarity with the French language was there a strong asset in his favor, as that locality has a large percentage of French people, and after upwards of three years in Nashua, Mr. Feeney was returned to Lynn, on January 7, 1907. On that date he became manager for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of the Lynn district, one of the most important districts in New England, and this position he still holds. He has gathered about him a corps of associates well fitted for their responsibilities, and the marked progress which the Lynn office has made during the trying period of the war and the subsequent readjustment of conditions is largely due to the discriminating judgment and forceful personality of Thomas B. Feeney.

In the various affairs of general interest, civic, fraternal, social and political, Mr. Feeney keeps broadly in touch, although he is in no sense a politician. He cast his first vote for Cleveland, but since attaining his majority he has entertained independent convictions, giving his endorsement to the party or candidate he believed best fitted to serve the public good, and neither seeking nor desiring public honors for himself. Fraternally Mr. Feeney is a member of the Knights of Columbus, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He has been active in the world of finance, having been one of the founders of the State National Bank of Lynn, of which he is still a director. One of his favorite recreations is travel, and in 1913 he crossed the ocean, accompanied by his son, Thomas B. Feeney, Jr., spending some weeks in Ireland, visiting his birthplace and many points of interest in the Emerald Isle. Mr. Feeney has a large circle of personal friends in Lynn and vicinity, and is a member of the Kiwanis Club. His religious faith is that in which he was reared, and with those of his family who are still at home he belongs to St. Joseph's Church, of Lynn.

Mr. Feeney married, September 4, 1892, Delia Leonard, who came to the United States from Ireland with her parents when she was still a child. She is a daughter of Michael and Bridget Leonard, both now deceased, who spent the last fifteen years of their lives at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Feeney, and had many friends in the church and in the social circles in which the family moves. Mr. and Mrs. Feeney are the parents of three sons and one daughter: Leonard, Thomas B., Jr., Eileen Mary, and John F. Leonard Feeney, the eldest son, is a priest of the Jesuit Order, and a teacher at Canisius College, in Buffalo, New York; Thomas B. Jr., is studying for the priesthood, of the Jesuit Order at St. Andrew-on-the-Hudson, at Poughkeepsie, New York; Eileen Mary is a kindergarten teacher at Cambridge, Massachusetts; and John F., the youngest son, is a student at Boston College, class of 1924. The family home is at No. 73 Lewis street, Lynn, Massachusetts. Of Mr. Feeney's brothers and sisters the eldest brother went to Australia, where he met accidental death in a mine disaster, and the others are now all residing in this country.

HARRIS STARR POMEROY, M. D.—Among the best known of Peabody's physicians must be numbered Dr. Harris Starr Pomeroy, who has been a resident of this community since 1901, and is of high standing as a citizen no less than as physician.

Harris Starr Pomeroy was born June 30, 1875, in Willimantic, Connecticut, the son of Charles and Mary (Palmer) Pomeroy. Charles Pomeroy was sheriff of Windham county for twenty-seven years, and always took an active part in the affairs of the community. Dr. Pomeroy spent his childhood in his native place and attended the local schools there. After graduating from the Willimantic High School, he entered the Bristol Academy at Taunton, Connecticut, where after completing a preparatory

course he matriculated at Yale, after which he entered the medical department of the New York University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1900. After serving an internship of one year at the Bellevue Hospital, he came to Peabody, Massachusetts, and opened an office at No. 93 Main street. This has been his headquarters ever since, and for the past few years he has devoted himself almost entirely to the surgical branch of the profession, in which he has achieved a gratifying measure of success. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Association, and is a member of the surgical staff and visiting surgeon of the L. B. Thomas Hospital of Peabody. He affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Knights of Pythias; Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Peabody; and also is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. In politics he is a Republican, and served on the Peabody Board of Health for six years. Dr. Pomeroy also holds membership in the Peabody Doctors' Club.

On May 10, 1918, Dr. Pomeroy was commissioned first lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the United States army and was ordered to Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, subsequently being sent to Camp Shelby, Mississippi, where he served on the surgical staff at the Base Hospital, and later was ordered to Camp Oglethorpe, Georgia, where he received his honorable discharge, January 8, 1919, when he returned to Peabody and resumed his practice.

Dr. Harris Starr Pomeroy married, June 22, 1910, Frances C. Chandler; they have no children.

FRED HAMMOND NICHOLS, prominent business man, has been connected with the printing trade of Lynn, Massachusetts, for more than forty years, and is perhaps best known, aside from his post office service, as the treasurer and manager of that important company, "The Nichols Press." His father, Thomas Parker Nichols, was an employing printer, and his mother was Caroline (Smith) Nichols.

Fred H. Nichols was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, November 25, 1861. He received his education in the Shepard Grammar School, and Lynn Classical High School, from which he was graduated, after three years study, with the class of 1880. He began at once to learn the printing trade in his father's establishment, and acquired a thorough knowledge of its various branches. In June, 1898, the appointment was given him as assistant postmaster of the Lynn post office, and he served under two postmasters until June, 1905. Twice during this period, on account of deaths, he was acting postmaster, carrying on the work without the aid of any assistant. He became a partner with his father and brother in the printing business under the name of Thomas P. Nichols & Sons. On the death of his brother in 1911, the company was reorganized and incorporated as "The Nichols Press" with himself as manager and treasurer. Mr. Nichols is a member of the Corporation of Lynn Institution



Harris S. Pomeroy, M.D.

for Savings, and the Lynn Five Cents Saving Bank. In the years 1889 and 1890 he was on the Common Council, City of Lynn, serving on the committee of accounts and the committee of drainage.

Fraternally he is a Mason, raised in 1889 in Mount Carmel Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, acting as worshipful master in 1902 and 1903, and was appointed district deputy grand master of the Seventh Masonic district for 1904-05. In 1907 he was elected secretary of the lodge, holding the office at the present time (1922). He is also a member of Sutton and Swampscott chapters, Royal Arch Masons; Zebulon Council, Royal and Select Masters; Olivet Commandery, No. 36, Knights Templar, and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His clubs and societies are: Oxford Club of Lynn, Swampscott Masonic Club, and Sons of the American Revolution, and he is president of the Northeastern Massachusetts Typothete, and recording secretary of the Lynn Young Men's Christian Association. He is a communicant of the First Universalist Church, and chairman of its board of management.

Mr. Nichols was married by the Rev. James M. Pullman, D.D., May 25, 1886, to Annie Louise Attwill, daughter of Isaac Mead and Harriet (Sanger) Attwill. They have two children: Miriam Cecelia, born in Lynn, May 15, 1888; Thomas Attwill, born in Lynn, April 22, 1891.

CHARLES BOARDMAN BURNHAM is a well known dentist of Beverly, Massachusetts. His twenty-five years in the practice of his profession has brought him a large clientele and an intimate knowledge of the city. A native of Beverly, he was born on Christmas Day, 1873, son of Charles Langley and Augusta (Prince) Burnham. Charles Langley Burnham was an alderman of Beverly, Massachusetts, in 1897, and was the originator of the "Burnham Pleasure Excursions."

After study in the public grammar school, he entered and was graduated from the Beverly High School. He then completed a business course in Comer's Commercial College, and later in the Harvard Dental School, from which he received his degree. His business career was begun by a connection with the Graves Elevator Company, Boston, Massachusetts, but he soon found his proper vocation, and since 1898 has practiced dentistry at Beverly with increasing success and popularity. Dr. Burnham has been successively second lieutenant, first lieutenant, and captain of Company E, Eighth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and during the World War served on the medical advisory board.

Dr. Burnham is fraternally a Mason, affiliated with Liberty Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Amity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; St. George Commandery, Knights Templar. He also fraternizes with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the American Academy of Dental Science, Massachusetts Dental Society, and the North Eastern Dental Society. His club is the

Union of Beverly, Massachusetts. With his family he attends the Old South Parish Church.

At Beverly, Massachusetts, October 1, 1908, Dr. Burnham was married to Lydia Sleeper Richards, daughter of Chauncey Sleeper and Alice (Gage) Richards, of Danvers, Massachusetts. Dr. and Mrs. Burnham reside at No. 137 McKay street, Beverly, Massachusetts.

CHARLES E. HARWOOD—Throughout a long and active lifetime Charles E. Harwood has been identified with the industrial and civic progress of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, which has been his home since infancy. His energies, directed first to the establishing of his own success in the business world, later also advanced many enterprises and movements which have meant to the people of this city added comfort and greater economic security. Mr. Harwood comes of an old and honored family of the State of Maine, where his parents were born. His father, Jesse Harwood, a grocer by occupation, came to Massachusetts as a young man, and after residing for a few years in Charlestown, removed to Lynn, where the greater part of his life was spent. He married Mary A. Lidston, and both are now long since deceased.

Charles E. Harwood was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, March 6, 1851. He was an infant of six months when the family came to Lynn, and as a boy he attended the public schools of this city, acquiring a thoroughly practical, if limited, education in preparation for the future. Entering the industrial world while still a young lad, Mr. Harwood began the upward climb by which he achieved his present prominence in the business and financial affairs of the time. His first employment was in a heel shop, and through his experience there he gained the knowledge of the shoe industry which was later definitely useful in his independent business ventures. On November 25, 1869, Mr. Harwood established what became the nucleus of one of the large manufacturing plants in this field, opening a heel shop in a very small way on Pearl street. This place was later burned out, but the young man had made a promising start, and had faith in the future, as well as courage to back his faith. He began again on Union street, later removing to Stewart street, where he carried on his business for a period of twenty years. The present factory of the Harwood Company, of which he is president, was erected in 1911, and is a fine, modern, fire-proof structure, housing one of the most important industries in the trade. This organization has been built on the foundation of quality and fair dealing, and its present standing has largely been brought about by Mr. Harwood's wise management, discerning judgment and ceaseless endeavors. He now leaves much of the active management of the business in the hands of his associates, but is regularly at his desk in the spacious offices of the concern.

But it is perhaps not in the business world that Mr. Harwood is best known to the people generally.

He became interested many years ago in the progress of finance in Lynn, and was welcomed, as a practical, far-sighted business man, in the original organization of the Lynn Safe Deposit and Trust Company, which was founded in 1887, and of which he was a charter member. He was the third vice-president of this institution, and has since been active in the administration of its affairs, serving as vice-president until 1913. At that time Mr. Harwood was elected president of the trust company, to succeed the late John McNair, and he is still identified with the concern in this capacity. His time is largely devoted to his responsibilities in this connection, and his comprehensive view-point, in retrospect over the rise and passing of a generation which has outstripped its predecessors in high attainment, gives him a sane as well as a courageous outlook upon the future. Mr. Harwood's constructive work in the early history of this institution was recognized by leaders of civic affairs of that day, and he was early brought forward into the public service. A Republican by political affiliation, he served as alderman for some years, and for a long period was a member of the Common Council, serving on many of the important committees. He was elected mayor of Lynn in 1894, and served for two terms of one year each, declining renomination on account of the multiplicity of other affairs insistently demanding his attention. He has since, however, until very recently, devoted much time and attention to public affairs, serving as chairman of the overseers of the poor for fourteen years, as one of the custodians of the Lynn Sinking Fund, and as a member of the Public Library Board. He is now for the first time in many years unidentified with public life. Mr. Harwood was for many years vice-president of the Lynn Five Cent Savings Bank, of which he is still a director, and he is a member of the Lynn Historical Society. Fraternally, he is prominent in the Free and Accepted Masons, of which he has been a member for forty-nine years, and he is also a member of the Aleppo Temple, of Boston, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He has been a member of Bay State Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows for the past fifty years, and is a member of the Universalist church, of Lynn.

Mr. Harwood married, at the age of nineteen years, Nellie I. Blaisdell, daughter of Joshua Blaisdell, and they are the parents of two children: Charles W.; and Bertha A., wife of Dr. Arthur E. Harris. The family home is at No. 104 High Rock street, Lynn.

GEORGE A. LYONS, A.B., M.D.—In the medical profession in Essex county, Dr. Lyons hold a position of prominence, his success as a specialist carrying his reputation far beyond the bounds of the city of his residence, Lynn. Dr. Lyons is a son of Michael E. and Mary A. (Keane) Lyons, old residents of Winchester, the father now deceased, but the mother still living, at the age of eighty-three years.

Dr. Lyons was born in Winchester, Massachu-

setts, December 15, 1884. He attended the public and high schools of his native city, then for his course in arts and letters entered Boston College, from which he was graduated in 1905, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered Harvard University Medical School, in addition to the regular course, taking special work on the eye, ear nose and throat. He was graduated from that institution in the class of 1909, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Thereafter Dr. Lyons spent about two years in hospital work, first at Carney Hospital, then at the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, and later at the Children's Hospital and the Massachusetts General Hospital. In this connection he gained invaluable breadth of experience, which has been the foundation of his subsequent success. In December, 1911, Dr. Lyons took up his practice in Lynn, and from the first took high rank in the profession. He is now (1922) widely sought in his specialties, his time being thus filled to the exclusion of general practice. He is a member of the Lynn Medical fraternity, the Essex County Medical Society, and the New England Otolological Society. The general interests of the city claim a share of Dr. Lyons' attention, and he holds membership in the Knights of Columbus, the Tedesco Club and the Oxford Club, and is a member of both the Boston and Lynn Harvard clubs. He belongs to St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

Dr. Lyons married Alice M. Mack, of Salem, Massachusetts, daughter of John J. and Alice (Dolan) Mack, her father one of the prominent building contractors of Salem. Dr. and Mrs. Lyons have two children: Alice, six years of age; and Jeanne, aged four. Dr. Lyons' office and residence are at No. 161 North Common street, Lynn.

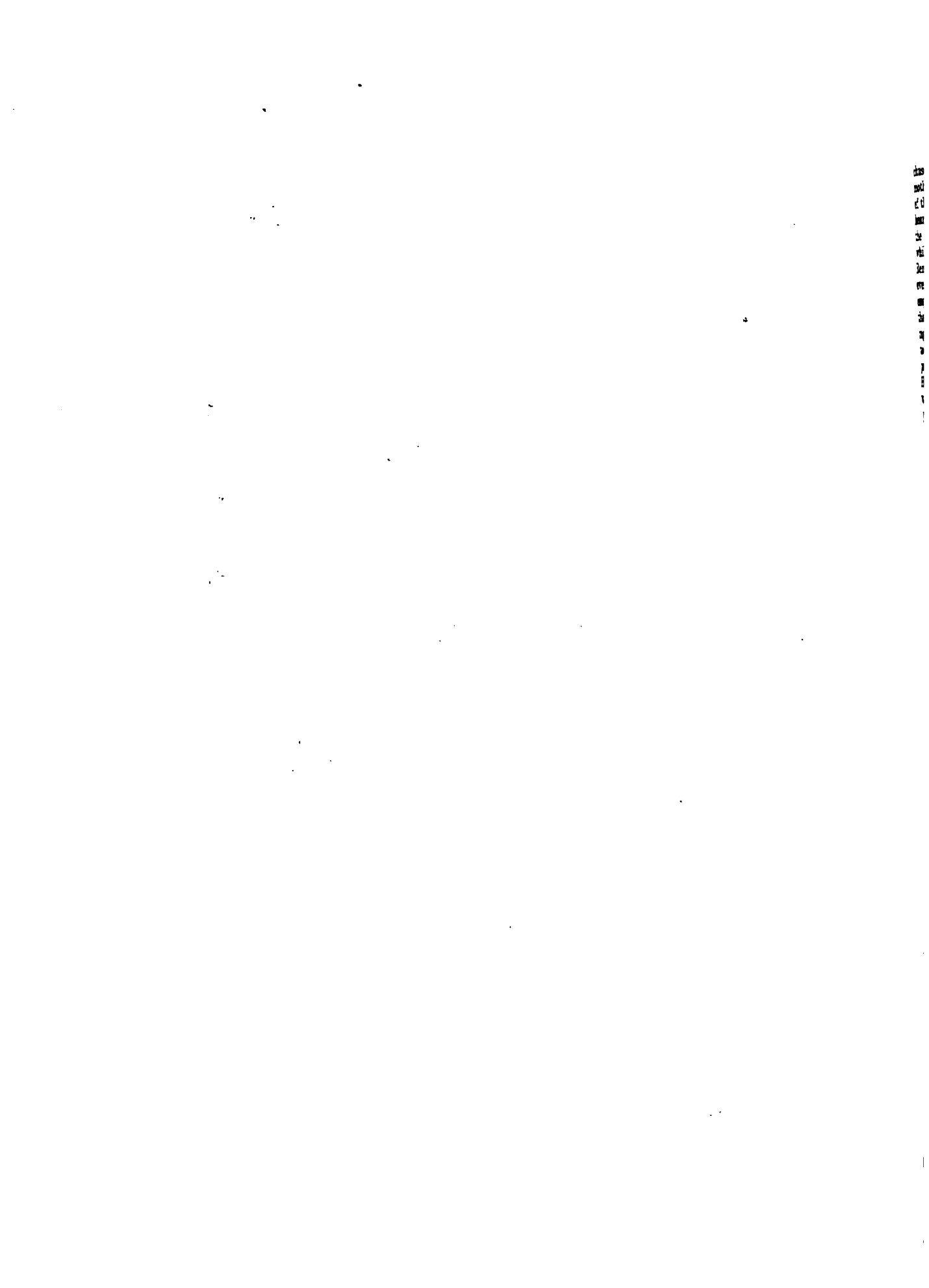
JOHN BERNARD FRANCIS FEEHAN—In the business world of Lynn, Massachusetts, the name of Feehan stands for all that is progressive and worthy in the field of plumbing and heating, Mr. Feehan's long experience and strict business integrity having placed him among the leaders in this branch of endeavor which involves so closely the public health and comfort.

Mr. Feehan comes of sturdy North-of-Ireland stock, being a son of Bernard Feehan, who was born in County Armagh, Ireland, and came to the United States as a young man. Bernard Feehan served in the Union army in the Civil War as a member of the Twenty-fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, under General Butler. Later he was engaged for many years in the morocco leather industry, but spent the last years of his life as a merchant in old Beach street, now known as Washington street, in Lynn. Well known and highly esteemed in this city, he lived to the age of seventy years. He married, after coming to America, Bridget Collins, who was born in the city of Boston, and lived to the age of seventy-eight years. They were the parents of seven children, five sons and two daughters, of whom John Bernard Francis Feehan was the first-born.

John B. F. Feehan was born in Lawrence, Massa-



John B. F. Fisher



chusetts, April 24, 1865, and came to Lynn with his mother, as an infant. He attended the public schools of this city up to the sixth grade, but is sometimes heard to remark that he completed his education in the "school of experience." His first employment, while still a very young lad, was in a shoe factory. Remaining in that connection for only a time, however, he then learned the dyeing business, in the employ of Frank Johnson, now deceased, who at that time was well known as the owner of a cleaning and dyeing establishment. Later on, Mr. Feehan took up the plumber's trade, serving a regular apprenticeship at plumbing, heating and tin-smithing. Having mastered his trade, the young man went to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was employed for about fifteen months with Alonzo Jones, of that city. His work at Philadelphia took him to many different parts of the country, and he was travelling the greater part of the time, but he eventually returned to the home of his boyhood, in Lynn, and entered the employ of Reardon Brothers Company. Mr. Feehan remained with this concern for a period of twenty-one years, during which time he rose to the position of foreman. With the foregoing valuable and practical experience, Mr. Feehan started out for himself in the plumbing and heating business in Lynn. He began in a very modest way, his headquarters being in his own home. But being a highly skilled workman, and going forward by the most approved methods, and also conducting his business on good business principles, he prospered from the first. Soon after starting he opened a shop on Oxford street, then, in 1906, removed to the George Grossman Box Company's building, on Washington street, where the Grossman building now stands. Three years later the building burned, but Mr. Feehan reopened his business in the old Sagamore Hotel building, where the Strand Theatre is now located, on Union street. Again a period of only three years elapsed before he was again forced to move, this building being torn down to make way for the new theatre. He then secured his present location in the building owned by Walter L. Libby, at No. 471 Union street. Notwithstanding these many vicissitudes, the business prospered and grew, and in 1916 it was incorporated, under the name of John B. Feehan, Inc., Mr. Feehan being president and treasurer, John A. Woodman, secretary, and Edward Feehan a director. The concern handles steam and hot water heating contracts, and does plumbing and gas fitting, also wholesaling and retailing the various supplies incident to these activities, and they take rank with the leaders in their field in Essex county. Mr. Feehan is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, the Massachusetts State Association of Master Plumbers, of which he was formerly president; and the Sanitary Club, of Massachusetts. Politically he supports the Democratic party, but is by no means a politician, taking only the progressive citizen's interest in public affairs. He is a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Rotary Club; his religious affiliation is as a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Feehan married, on April 28, 1898, Almata Varney, who died April 18, 1910.

EDWARD A. RUSSELL, who has been postmaster at Lynnfield, Massachusetts, since 1916, and has spent the whole of his life in that vicinity, was born in Lynnfield, Massachusetts, January 26, 1878, son of Charles W. and Carrie L. (Derby) Russell, both still living, the former a native of Lynnfield, and the latter of Wakefield. The father of Edward A. Russell has been connected with the Massachusetts shoe industry throughout his life, and the family is one of the best known in that neighborhood. Edward A. Russell is, in fact, a direct descendant of the old family of Russell recorded among the pioneers of that part of Massachusetts.

Edward A. Russell was educated in the schools of Lynnfield, Massachusetts, and is of the class of 1896 of the Peabody High School. He also has to his credit one year of study at Bryant and Stratton's Business College, at Boston. After leaving school, he became a telegraph operator, continuing as such for ten years. For a further three years he was in the employ of Charles E. Pierson. Later, he became connected with George M. Roundy, of Lynnfield Center, and has worked with him in the store ever since. He also holds the position of postmaster in his native place, having been appointed by President Wilson in 1916.

Fraternally, Mr. Russell is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Blue Lodge, being also a member of the Royal Arch Masons and of the Knights Templar. He also is a member of the Grange, and is widely known.

He was married, in 1912, to Lucinda, daughter of Orin and Mary (Green) Blanchard, both Canadian born, and both still living. Mrs. Russell's mother was of Prince Edward Island, and her father is a farmer in the Province of Quebec, Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Russell have two children: Ireta Louise, born in 1913; and Elbridge E., born in 1916.

CHARLES RALPH TAPLEY'S life-long experience in his business has made him one of the best known and most substantial insurance brokers in Boston, Massachusetts. A citizen of Danvers, Massachusetts, he is a member of a family long resident of that town, and prominent since Revolutionary times. He traces his ancestry from the famous Lieutenant Gilbert Tapley of that period, and his wife, Phoebe (Putnam) Tapley.

Charles Ralph Tapley was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, October 29, 1870, the son of Charles and Mary A. (Underwood) Tapley. After receiving his education in the local public schools, he attended the Bryant and Stratton Commercial School of Boston, Massachusetts. He early became interested in the insurance business, and from 1895 has conducted agencies in Boston and Danvers, being head of the firm of C. R. Tapley & Company.

Besides his activities as an insurance agent and broker, he has found time to be treasurer of the Holtan Cemetery Corporation; a member of the

Boston Chamber of Commerce; the Insurance Society of Boston; Massachusetts Brokers' Association; and the Insurance Federation of America. Politically he is a Republican, and fraternally a Mason, Odd Fellow, and a Red Man. His clubs are the Danvers Masonic, and Danvers Odd Fellows, and he is an attendant of the Congregational church.

At Danvers, Massachusetts, June 22, 1898, Charles Ralph Tapley was married to Lillie Sutherland, daughter of John D. and Kate F. Sutherland, of Danvers. Mr. and Mrs. Tapley are the parents of one son, Charles Sutherland Tapley, born May 16, 1899.

JOHN J. MANGAN, M. D.—Prominent in the professional and public life of Lynn, Massachusetts, and bearing a part in the progressive activities of the day, Dr. John J. Mangan, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is one of those men who count constructively in any branch of human endeavor.

Dr. Mangan was born in Preston, England, in the year 1857. Coming to America with his parents in early childhood, the boy received his early education in the public schools of Fall River, Massachusetts, where the family located. Ambitious to enter a professional field, and enjoying the full sympathy of his parents in this regard, he entered Holy Cross College, in Worcester, Massachusetts, from which he was graduated in 1883. Later, he studied at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, from which he was graduated in 1891. He then began the general practice of medicine in the city of Lynn, Massachusetts. Meanwhile, he took a post-graduate course in medicine, at Harvard Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1904. With this splendid preparation for his career Dr. Mangan made a substantial success in his chosen field, and has now for thirty years held a leading position in the medical profession in Essex county.

Dr. Mangan is attending physician at the Lynn Hospital. He is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, of the New England Pediatric Society, and of the Lynn Medical fraternity and is held in the highest esteem by his contemporaries in the profession, as well as by the general public.

Personally, Dr. Mangan is broadly interested along fraternal and social lines. He is a prominent member of the Knights of Columbus, and holds membership in many other clubs and societies. Along with his professional and other interests, he has found time for considerable writing, and is the author of "Life of Erasmus," "Life of Rev. Jeremiah Shepard", third minister of Lynn, and of various other writings.

FRANK ELMER TUCKER, business man of Haverhill, Massachusetts, member of the firm of Frank E. Tucker & Son Company, was born in Nashua, New Hampshire, May 17, 1846, son of John A. Tucker, of Bath, Maine, and Lucy Watson (How) Tucker, of Asbury, New Hampshire.

Frank E. Tucker attended school in Nashua, New Hampshire, and Biddeford, Maine, and soon after

leaving school offered his services in the Civil War, being discharged in 1864 after two and one-half years' service. He enlisted in Company K. Twenty-first Massachusetts Infantry, and during his service participated in the following battles: South Mountain, Antietam, siege of Knoxville, Spottsylvania, battle of the Wilderness, battle of Cold Harbor, and St. Petersburg.

Soon after returning to his home, Mr. Tucker learned the trade of moulder, and worked at this occupation for the Saco Water Power Company at Biddeford. In 1874 he left that place and went to Newton, Massachusetts, following the same trade for four years, resigning at the end of this time to enter business on his own account as a dealer in furniture, under the firm name of Vaughn & Tucker, the partners being Mr. Tucker and J. J. Vaughn. For a quarter of a century the location remained at Nos. 132 and 134 Merrimac street, where it was originally founded, and in 1886 Mr. Vaughn sold his interests to Mr. Tucker and the name was subsequently changed to Frank E. Tucker Company, continuing until 1893, in which year Joseph Elmer Tucker, son of Mr. Tucker, was admitted as a partner, and the firm name changed to Frank E. Tucker & Son Company, under which name the business is now carried on. In all, this firm has been established in Haverhill for forty-one years, and has established also a fine prestige for a high grade of furniture and upright methods of doing business. While a resident of Newton, Mr. Tucker served as policeman and constable, and is a member of the Chamber of Commerce at Haverhill. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Post, No. 47, of that city, and of Merrimac Lodge.

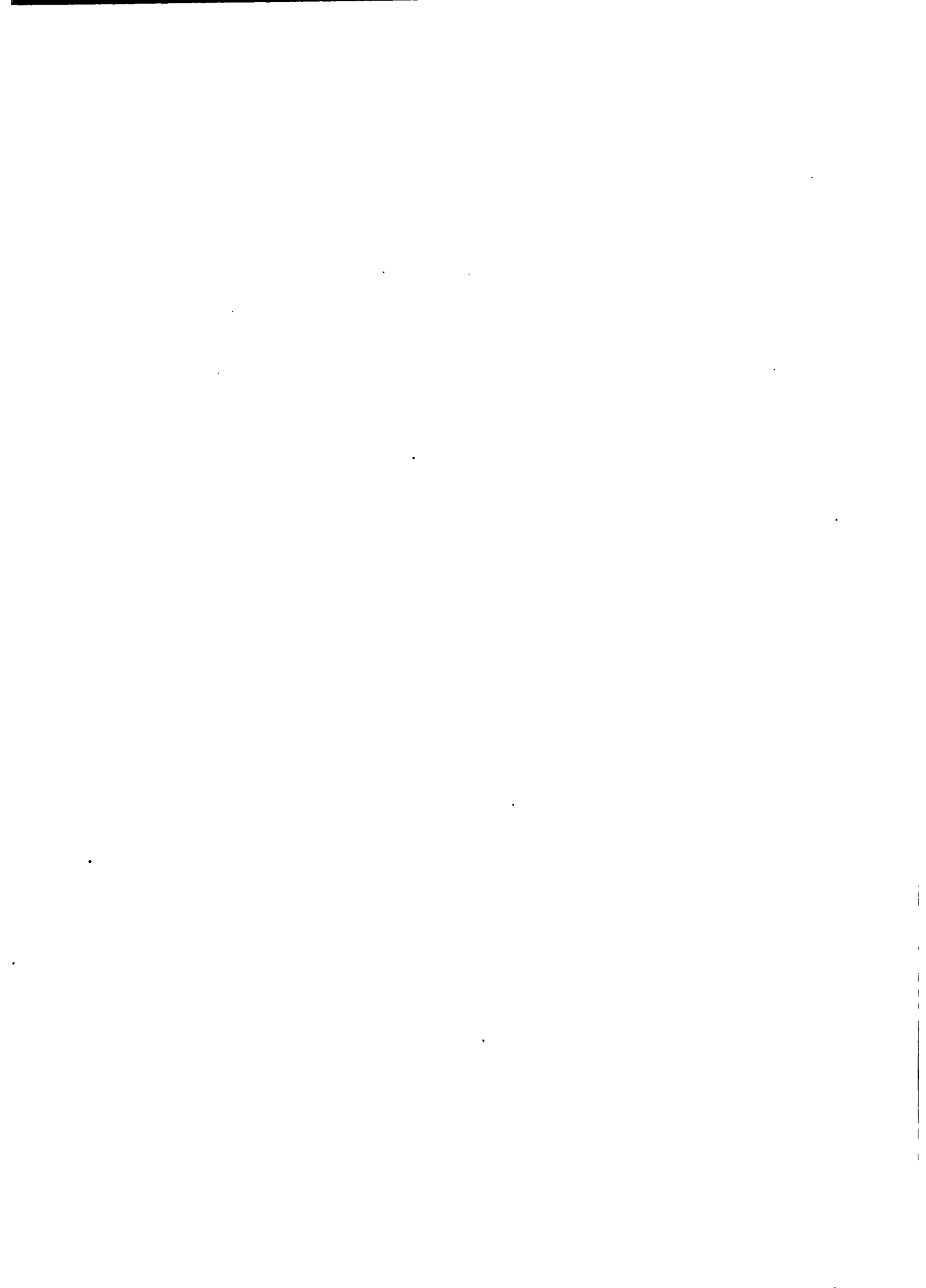
Mr. Tucker married, in 1875, Mary Ella Chapman, of Deerfield, New Hampshire, and her death occurred in 1915. Their children were: Joseph Elmer, now associated with his father in business; Lucy Belle Tucker. The family attend the Bradford Congregational Church.

ROLLIN E. MORTON—The business of the Morton Motor Equipment Company, of Lawrence, Haverhill, and Lowell, Massachusetts, is probably the largest of its kind in Essex county. Its success has been notably rapid, the company only being formed in 1916, by William J. Morton and his two sons.

Rollin E. Morton, son of William J. and Mary J. (Sawyer) Morton, was born in Lowell, Vermont, on July 24, 1886. His boyhood and youth were spent mainly in Malden, Massachusetts. There he went to school, eventually (in 1906) graduating from the high school. Soon, thereafter, he secured employment as private secretary for Jeremiah Williams, of Jeremiah Williams and Company, and in that clerical capacity learned much about commercial affairs and operation in general, and about the wool business in particular. Later he went West, and did not return to the East and Massachusetts for three years. When he did return, he took up work in Malden, then with the United States Tire Company at Providence, Rhode Island, in the capacity of



Rollin E. Norton



salesman. In 1916 he joined his father and brother in establishing the business of the Morton Motor Equipment Company, which has rapidly grown, and now has good stores and much business in Lawrence, Haverhill, and Lowell. The main store is in Lawrence, and that store provides about 4,000 square feet of floor space. It is stated to be the largest and most modern store in Lawrence in that line, and the branch stores both carry comprehensive stocks. The vulcanizing department of the Lawrence store is not bettered anywhere in the city. The business is the outgrowth of that originally begun by the father, William J. Morton, who in the first years of its operation was a dealer in and repairer of bicycles. With the evolution of vehicular means, change came in the business, motor cycles entering more and more into the operations. Eventually, the present large business was developed, and it reflects credit upon the three principals, the father and two sons, who have shown commendable business aptitude and enterprise.

Rollin E. Morton is somewhat prominent in Masonic bodies, being a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to Malden Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. By religious belief a Congregationalist, he attends the Trinity Church of that denomination. His membership in the local Rotary Club and Chamber of Commerce brings him into co-operation in local movements that aim to bring good to the city.

Mr. Morton married, in 1920, Mildred L. Colby, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, daughter of Arthur E. Colby, who died in 1918; he was a funeral director in Lawrence. Her mother, Florence (Atwood) Colby, was of a Haverhill family; she also died in 1918. Mr. and Mrs. Rollin E. Morton reside at No. 16 Summit avenue, and they have a wide circle of friends in Lawrence, and also in Haverhill.

CHARLES W. HARWOOD—Among the foremost names in the shoe and leather trades in Essex county must be numbered that of Harwood, and Charles W. Harwood, son of the founder, is now vice-president and general manager of the great plant in Lynn, which is the home of the Harwood Counter Company. Mr. Harwood is a son of Charles E. Harwood, who founded the present business in the basement of a house on Pearl street, in the year 1869.

Charles W. Harwood was born in Lynn, September 6, 1871. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native city, he thereafter attended Chauncey Hall Preparatory School, then started in the shoe supply business at the bench. Going through all the different departments, the young man learned the shoe supply business from every angle, and working side by side with his father, the experience of the elder man counting

largely in their progress, Mr. Harwood has carried the enterprise, started on so small a scale, to a point where now the concern owns and operates one of the finest and most complete factories in the trade. This great building is of the most modern and approved factory construction, having one thousand windows, and is fully equipped in the most scientific manner for producing their specialty, counters. Having made extensive preparations for the comfort, health and well-being of their employees, they in turn gain from them the most loyal service, no slight factor in excellence of product. After fifty years and more of experience, the company is at the head in the production of counters of every kind in demand in the shoe trade, and they stand very high in the esteem of their contemporaries. Mr. Harwood has other business and financial affiliations in Lynn, being president of the Lynn Grease Extracting Company, which takes the grease from small pieces of scrap leather, the by-products being used for the manufacture of heels; and treasurer of the Lynn Five Cent Savings Bank. He is also vice-president of the Renton Heel Company, with factory located in the same building. They do extensive exporting, their product going in great volume direct to all foreign countries. He is also vice-president of the Lynn Safe Deposit Bank. He keeps in touch with all public advance, is a member and one of the directors of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and a director of the Boy Scout Movement for this district; a member of the board of managers of the Lynn Hospital; and a director of the Red Cross Society. Fraternally, he holds membership in all Masonic bodies, including the Aleppo Temple, Shrine, and the Masonic Club. He is also a member of the Oxford Club, of Lynn, and of the Lynn Rotary Club, of which he was formerly a director, and which he represented as a delegate at the Los Angeles, California, Convention of Rotary Clubs in 1922.

Mr. Harwood married, in 1899, in Lynn, Nellie S. Morse, daughter of Dexter and Emma (Seabrook) Morse. Her father, who is a native of Maine, is one of the long established shoe manufacturers of Lynn. The mother was born in Buffalo, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Harwood have two children: Marian L., born December 1, 1900, now the wife of Harold Harvey, and a resident of Swampscott; and Charles E., second, born February 15, 1904, now attending preparatory school in Boston.

EDWARD MALCOM HOYT, M. D.—In the professional world of Essex county Dr. Hoyt holds high standing, and he is also widely known in the social circles of Georgetown and vicinity. He comes of one of the fine old New England families which were represented in the struggle for American independence, his grandfather, Abner Hoyt, having fought with General Stark in the Battle of Bennington. Dr. Peter Livingstone Hoyt, son of Abner Hoyt, was for more than thirty years a leading physician of Wentworth, New Hampshire, and his death, which occurred in 1870, closed an eminently

useful career. He married Elisabeth Aspinwall, daughter of Rev. Increase Sumner Davis of that town.

Edward Malcom Hoyt, son of Peter Livingston and Elisabeth (Aspinwall) Hoyt, was born in Wentworth, New Hampshire, March 31, 1258. His education was begun in the public schools of his native place, and was continued in Malden, Reading and Boston, Massachusetts. In 1876 he went to Wakefield, Massachusetts, to study medicine and pharmacy with Joseph D. Mansfield, M. D., a retired physician of that town. After following the business of pharmacy for some years, he determined to fulfil a life-long desire to practice medicine, and to that end entered Harvard University Medical School in 1888, and was graduated from that institution in the class of 1892. Following his graduation Dr. Hoyt went to Dublin, Ireland, for a term of service in the Rotunda Hospital, and at its completion went to the Royal Infirmary, in Edinburg, Scotland, for a practical course in medicine. With this unusually comprehensive preparation for his chosen profession, Dr. Hoyt, upon his return to Georgetown, entered the general practice of medicine, having been called to the practice left vacant by the death of Dr. Ralph C. Huse, a physician beloved in this community for many years. For three decades Dr. Hoyt has now been professionally active in Georgetown, and has won an enviable position among his contemporaries. He is a member of the Harvard Alumni Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. During this period Dr. Hoyt has also become more or less prominently identified with matters of civic and benevolent import, to which he has devoted himself so far as the duties of an extensive medical practice have permitted. He is one of the oldest members of the local literary club, is a trustee and the secretary of the Perley Free School Corporation, and gives his cordial endorsement to every movement which he believes calculated to advance the public welfare.

Dr. Hoyt married, in January of 1894, at Woburn, Massachusetts, Helen L., daughter of Alexander and Anne (Murray) Brown, of that city. Their home is one of the old-time Colonial houses, filled with rare and interesting furnishings of that early period. Here the Doctor and his wife have always given unstinted hospitality to their many friends, and strangers are often made delightfully at home within their gates.

BERNARD GALLAGHER—For more than fifty years the head of an industrial plant in Lynn, Bernard Gallagher is still actively engaged in the management of his business, which has now become an important interest.

Mr. Gallagher was born in Ireland, in April, 1844, and is a son of Daniel and Ellen (Maguire) Gallagher. Crossing the ocean with his family while still a child, Mr. Gallagher was reared on this side, and educated in the public schools of New Brunswick. Later he took up the study of law and medicine, but eventually relinquished a professional

career and learned the machinist's trade. Serving an apprenticeship with the Harris & Allen Company, of New Brunswick, he continued with that concern for six years after he had mastered the trade, his connection with them covering eleven years in all. At the end of that time he came to Lynn and established himself in business. This was late in the year 1870, and he manufactured clamp skates, a line which he followed, however, for little more than a year. He was the original inventor of this type of skate, but in 1872, having decided that the more practical branches of mechanical work offered greater opportunities for success, he started a small machine shop. He began with a capital of three five-dollar bills, but he persisted in a campaign of advance, and with the passing of the years has achieved large success. His business now is valued at \$150,000, and is one of the leading concerns in this line in Essex county. Mr. Gallagher has had 108 patents granted in the United States and in foreign countries, on his various inventions, one of the most noted of which is his railroad track drill. He is also the inventor of the original rotary cutter, a machine widely used for trimming the heels and edges of boots and shoes.

Mr. Gallagher is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and is interested in every branch of public progress. In 1878 he married Catherine Gray, of St. John, New Brunswick, and they were the parents of four children, of whom three are living, Thomas A., Alice and Catherine A. Bernard died at the age of one year. Mrs. Gallagher died in 1885, and Mr. Gallagher married (second), in 1893, Mary Frances Jordan, of Bangor, Maine.

GEORGE H. VOSE—For well over fifty years George H. Vose, assistant superintendent of the United Shoe Machinery Company, has been actively identified with the industrial world of Essex county, and is widely known in the shoe machinery trade.

Mr. Vose learned the trade of machinist with Baxter D. Whitney, of Winchendon, Worcester county, Massachusetts, beginning his apprenticeship, April 30, 1868. Ten years later he left to go to Boston, where he entered the employ of Charles Holmes, a manufacturer of fire ladders. During his connection with this house he was for several months attached to the New York Fire Department, with the regular duties of a fireman, in the course of his demonstration of the Shaw fire ladders. Later Mr. Vose was employed in the locomotive shops of the Boston & Albany railroad, in Boston. In 1888 he became associated with the National Heeling Machine Company, whose offices were on Congress street, Boston, and at the time of the great fire in Lynn he was superintendent of the factory. In 1896, when this concern was absorbed by the McKay-Bigelow Heeling Machine Company, Mr. Vose continued with the new concern in the capacity of assistant superintendent at the new plant in Winchendon. Through the two subsequent changes in the concern Mr. Vose has stood by its interests and materially assisted in its development and prosper-

ity. As the McKay Metallic Fastening Association the concern covered a continually widening field, then was ultimately merged with the United Shoe Machinery Company. In 1905, when the new Beverly plant was ready for occupation, Mr. Vose and three men from the experimental department were the first machine workers here. Mr. Vose still continues to be active in the wide reaching interests of the United Shoe Machinery Company.

In many organized branches of endeavor Mr. Vose is constructively interested. He is a director of the Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce, the Beverly Chamber of Commerce, succeeding the Beverly Board of Trade, a director of the Beverly Hospital, and has served as its president. He is president of the United Shoe Machinery Relief Association, and is also interested actively in the affairs of the Athletic Association composed of employees of the concern. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and many other societies of a fraternal or social nature. He is broadly interested in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, of which he has long been a member, and is chairman of the committee on instruction of the Beverly Industrial School, having been elected to that office at the organization of this institution, in the year 1909. During the World War he was very active in the committees of all the Liberty Loan drives. He is an attendant of the Washington Street Congregational Church.

On June 13, 1877, Mr. Vose married Lizzie A. Whitcomb, of Boston, and their three children are as follows: Edwin W., who has been connected with the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, as general secretary, for more than twenty years; Herbert L., who is prominent in the real estate and insurance business in Beverly; and Helen F., the wife of Harry M. Hillory, who is connected with the Forbes Lithograph Company, of Revere and Boston.

HARRY CARVER CLARKE, M. D.—After very comprehensive preparation for his career, Dr. Clarke, as a young man, came to Lynn, Massachusetts, and entered upon the practice of medicine, and is now one of the leading practitioners of this city.

Dr. Clarke was born in Berkley, Massachusetts, June 24, 1878, and is a son of Henry D. and Stella Porter (French) Clarke. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native place, he also covered the high school course in the East, then entered the Leland Stanford, Jr., University, of California, and took a four years' classical course. Then returning East, he entered Harvard University Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1910, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. After serving an internship in the Long Island Hospital, he established his practice in Lynn in 1911, and has developed a wide and lucrative practice, now holding a prominent position in the profession.

Dr. Clarke is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Massachusetts Medical Society,

and of the Lynn Medical fraternity. He attends the Methodist Episcopal church.

On October 5, 1898, Dr. Clarke married Sarah Alice Cooper, daughter of Henry and Sarah Cooper, and they reside at No. 183 North Common street, where his office is also located.

FREDERIC S. BOUTWELL—The name of Boutwell has for two generations, and in different fields of activity, been a prominent one in Andover, Massachusetts. Born and reared in Andover, Frederic S. Boutwell has long held a position of trust in the community.

Mr. Boutwell is a son of Samuel H. and Alice J. Boutwell, both now deceased. The elder Mr. Boutwell was long a leading citizen of Andover, serving the town as selectman for a period of thirty years. He was a farmer by occupation, and interested in all public progress. He was a trustee of the high school for years, and in recognition of his services to the community he was twice elected, at different times, to represent the town in the State Legislature.

Frederic S. Boutwell was born in Andover, October 30, 1865. Receiving his early education in the public schools of the town, he also attended the Punchard High School, from which he was graduated in due course, thereafter taking a business course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. His first position was in the capacity of clerk in the institution of which he is now treasurer, the Andover Savings Bank. Entering the bank on April 1, 1890, he later rose to the position of assistant treasurer, then in 1904, upon the resignation of Mr. J. F. Kimball, whose failing health forbade his continuing the duties of treasurer, Mr. Boutwell was elected treasurer to succeed him, and this office he still holds.

Mr. Boutwell is a member of the American Bankers' Association, and of the Massachusetts Bankers' Association. He has served as member of the Board of Park Commissioners, and is now a trustee of both the high school and the public library. During the World War he was on the finance end of the Committee of Public Safety. His more personal interests include membership in the Andover Club, and he attends the West Congregational Church, of Andover.

A sister, Alice, makes her home with Mr. Boutwell, who is single. He has three brothers, all prominent in this vicinity: Arthur, a chemist, with Smith & Dove; Chester, who conducts the home-stead farm; and Winthrop, a carpenter.

DANIEL C. MANNING—In Salem, the city of his birth, and in Peabody, Massachusetts, Mr. Manning has practiced law ever since his admission to the Massachusetts bar a decade and a half ago. The years have brought him a full share of the honors and rewards of his profession, the culmination of these honors coming in 1921 with appointment to the presiding judgeship of the District Court of Peabody. He is a son of Daniel J. and Elizabeth E. Manning, his father a restaurant owner.

Daniel C. Manning was born in Salem, Massachusetts, July 17, 1881, and completed public school study with graduation from Peabody High School. He then entered Harvard University, and after completing classical courses he pursued professional study in Harvard Law School, receiving his degree in 1906. He at once began the practice of law in Salem, and later in Peabody, and has attained honorable standing as a lawyer of skill and ability. In 1916 he was appointed assistant district attorney for the Eastern Massachusetts district, and for three years he filled that position with credit, then returned to private practice. He was again called into the public service in 1921 as judge of the Peabody District Court, a position he is ably filling.

Judge Manning is a Republican in politics, and in 1913-14 represented his district in the Massachusetts House of Representatives. For ten years he has been a member of the Peabody Republican City Committee, and has always supported with voice, influence and vote the candidates of his party. He is an ex-president of the Salem Bar Association; member of Essex Institute; Harvard Chapter Delta Upsilon; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Essex Club, (secretary); Homestead Golf Club, and the Roman Catholic church.

On April 25, 1911, Judge Manning married Miriam T. Kerans, daughter of Charles P. and Elizabeth E. Kerans.

WILLIAM D. T. TREFRY—One of the names which the town of Marblehead has always delighted to honor, and which will long be remembered in the community, is that of William D. T. Trefry, who for many years ably filled positions of public trust in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and was a leader in many circles in his native town. Mr. Trefry came of antecedents distinguished in the history of early American development, his maternal ancestors dating back to early Colonial times, and being noted for signal patriotism in the Revolutionary War. He was a son of Samuel Stacey and Rebecca (Wormstead) Trefry.

William D. T. Trefry was born May 10, 1852, in Marblehead, Massachusetts, and throughout his lifetime was identified with the progress of his native town. His early education was received in the public schools of Marblehead, and after his graduation from Tufts College, in 1878, he returned to his home and became a permanent resident of this community. For several years he read law in the offices of Ives & Lincoln, and in the year 1882 was admitted to the Essex county bar. From that time forward Mr. Trefry was called to broad activity in the public service. First elected to the School Board of Marblehead, he was repeatedly re-elected, and for five of his ten years of service in this connection was chairman of the board. By political convictions a staunch Democrat, he was held in the most sincere respect by both parties. Chosen as Democratic candidate for State auditor in 1889, 1890, and 1891, he was elected on his second candidacy, this being on the ticket with Governor William E. Russell, and Mr. Trefry thereby became the only Demo-

crat elected to a minor office in the State Government within a generation. In his third candidacy he was defeated by General John W. Kimball.

His services to the people in the office of auditor resulted in Mr. Trefry's appointment by Governor Russell, in 1892, as his term approached its close, as savings bank commissioner, succeeding Edward P. Chapin. Seven years later, in 1899, he was appointed by Governor Wolcott tax commissioner and corporation commissioner. Reappointed in 1902 by Governor Crane, and by later gubernatorial executives through all changes of administration, Mr. Trefry was retained in these offices until the winter of 1920-21, when his approaching disqualification on account of age forbade the completion of another term of service. Mr. Trefry's record was one of brilliant achievement and utter devotion to the public good. During his long service the revenue of the State from taxation increased from \$4,000,000.00 to the sum of \$35,000,000.00. His efforts were constantly toward the equitable distribution of public costs among those enjoying to the largest degree the advantages of public progress and economic security. He was instrumental in placing upon the statutes of the State of Massachusetts the direct inheritance tax law, the individual income tax law, and the law bringing corporations under the principle of the income tax. In all his work for the people Mr. Trefry was one of them. His attitude in this regard can best be set forth in his own words to a contemporary:

"From the outset of my work as a public servant it has been my settled policy to make myself as accessible to the people as it was possible for me to do. My latchstring was always out and it has always been as easy to see me at my office as it has been to see any of my clerks."

In every public office, and particularly in that of State tax commissioner, Mr. Trefry was not the seeker but the sought. His original appointment by Governor Wolcott was tendered by that official entirely without solicitation on the part of Mr. Trefry or his friends, and in spite of different party affiliations. It was the man, not the politician, who assumed the responsibilities of office, and through the twenty-one years of his tenure of the office as tax commissioner, he held the interests of the people a sacred trust.

Among other circles than those of a political nature Mr. Trefry is remembered with sincerest regret and esteem. He possessed the rare distinction of holding the thirty-third degree in the Masonic order, and was the only man in Marblehead during his life who could claim that honor. He was a member of Philanthropic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and had passed through all the degrees of the York Rite. He was prelate of Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, at the time of his sudden death, on Tuesday, April 12, 1921, and was past master of his lodge. He had served as district deputy grand master of the Eighth Masonic District, and subsequently had served as deputy grand master of the Masonic organization of the State.

Mr. Trefry was honored by his alma mater in 1908, the institution conferring upon him the de-

gree of Master of Arts. His college fraternity was the Phi Beta Kappa. He always kept broadly in touch with all advance in his native place, and for many years was a trustee of Abbot Public Library, of Marblehead. He was senior officer of St. Michael's Episcopal Church, this office, which he had held for nearly twenty years, being next in rank to that of the rector, and he had, as usual, collected the offering at the Sunday evening service just prior to his death. He was a very close friend of Rev. Lyman B. Rollins, rector of St. Michael's, who collapsed at the news of Mr. Trefry's death.

Mr. Trefry married Maria T. A. Gardner, and Mrs. Trefry survives him, also three brothers: Samuel S., Benjamin B., and Walter C., and two sisters, all residents of Marblehead.

HORACE KENDAL FOSTER, M. D.—During forty years the residents of Peabody, Massachusetts, have grown into a knowledge and appreciation of Dr. Horace Kendal Foster, who came to Peabody in 1882, and has given himself in continuous service to his townspeople.

Born in North Andover, Massachusetts, December 5, 1854, son of John Plummer and Sarah Ann (Peabody) Foster, his education began in the schools of North Andover, and he was graduated from the high school in 1872. In preparation for college he went to Phillips Andover Academy, for the next three years, and, upon finishing his studies there, entered Dartmouth College in 1875, being graduated A. B. from the collegiate department in 1879, and from the Medical School in 1882, with the degree of M. D. After a summer of leisure he began, in October, 1882, his present medical practice in Peabody. In the forty years that have followed, Dr. Foster has not only attained eminence as a physician, but has become a vital part of the life and vigor of the city. In 1896 he was appointed medical examiner of the Eighth Essex District, and has continued in office up to the present time (1922). He is also vice-president of the Warren Five Cent Savings Bank. Dr. Foster is a Republican in politics, a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medico-Legal Society, and the American Medical Association. He is a Mason, fraternizing with Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Peabody; Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Salem; and Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar. His club is the Peabody. He is a member of the South Congregational Church.

Dr. Foster married, December 19, 1889, at Peabody, Massachusetts, Florence Kendal Peabody, daughter of Stephen and Lavina (Hart) Peabody. Their children are: Kendall Peabody, born January 10, 1891; Chandler Hunting, born April 4, 1893; Rachel, born December 26, 1895.

HENRY M. BATCHELDER—For half a century Henry M. Batchelder, president of the Merchants' National Bank, of Salem, Massachusetts, has been connected with banking as a business, and for twenty-one years has held his present responsible position. He comes of an ancient Colonial family,

originally from England, where the name is found in registers of the thirteenth century. There were seven of the name that were early settlers in New England: Alexander, of Portsmouth; Rev. Stephen, of Lynn; Henry, of Ipswich; Joseph, of Salem; John, of Salem; William of Charlestown; and John, of Watertown. It is from the Rev. Stephen Batchelder that the subject of this sketch is descended.

Henry M. Batchelder, of the Salem branch, son of Samuel Lang and Mary (Brown) Batchelder, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, February 11, 1852, and there was educated, finishing with graduation from Salem Classical and High School, class of 1870. School days over, he entered the banking business in 1870, and served in different capacities until 1883, when he was made cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, of Salem. For eighteen years he served that institution as cashier, 1883-1901, then was elected president, a high office he has now filled for twenty-one years. He is also a member of the board of investment of the Salem Five Cents Savings Bank; a vice-president and member of the finance committee of Essex Institute and Home for Aged and Destitute Women; director of Holyoke Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Salem; and member of its finance committee. He was one of the original promoters of the Salem Electric Lighting Company in 1881, and was its treasurer for twenty-eight years. He was the first president of the Massachusetts Bankers' Association, 1905-06. He is a member of the Second Unitarian Church and Salem Club.

Mr. Batchelder married, in Salem, June 5, 1877, Martha Osgood Horton, daughter of Nathaniel Augustus and Harriet M. Horton. Mr. and Mrs. Batchelder are the parents of four sons, born in Salem: Samuel Henry, of Salem, born February 19, 1878, now of the law firm of Peabody, Arnold, Batchelder & Luther, Boston; Nathaniel Horton, born June 13, 1880, now head master of the Loomis Institute, Windsor, Connecticut; William Osgood, born June 12, 1883, now of the General Electric Company, (Chicago); and Roland Brown, born July 31, 1891, now with the General Motors Acceptance Company, Chicago.

FRANCIS HASELTINE, who prepared the description of the public schools of Lynn for this compilation, has been a schoolmaster since his twentieth year, and a resident of Essex county the most of his life. Born May 25, 1864, the son of Amos Haseltine, Jr. and Wealthy Jane (Foster) Haseltine of Ayers Village, Haverhill, Massachusetts, his forbears include also the West Haverhill Baileys and Websters, by which latter family he had direct descent from Hannah Duston through Thomas Duston's "well beloved son" (in law), Nathaniel Webster.

When about fifteen years of age, living at home on the farm, his active participation in the village debating and literary club aroused in him the desire for a better education, leading him to do what no other boy in all the West Parish was doing at the time, viz., attend the Haverhill High School.

Transportation was a difficulty, Ayers Village being five miles from the center of the city, and the trolleys cars not then invented. The first two months he rode to school on the back of a recently broken Texan mustang, the rest of the four years he made the daily trip on "shank's mare," school keeping six days in the week. During those years there was never another high school boy living along that whole stretch of country road.

A valuable by-product of his weekly sixty-mile hike was a good physique. Needless to say, a boy who cared that much for his schooling made the most of his opportunities. He graduated in 1884, the president of his class, which numbered two other boys in its total of eighteen members. His excellent teachers, whom he always remembered with grateful appreciation, included Clarence E. Kelley, Albert L. Bartlett, and the Bartlett sisters, "Miss Mary and Miss Mira."

He had felt the call to be a school teacher, but various committee-men turned him down because he lacked experience. How could he get experience unless some one gave him a job? He couldn't get into his new boots until he had worn them around a while to stretch them out. The oldtime district schools of New Hampshire gave him his chance, and at last he secured his first position to teach in the little red brick schoolhouse in the Greeley district of Londonderry. Here he lived in the old farmhouse where Horace Greeley used to visit his boyhood cousins during his summer vacations.

The school had twenty-three children, of all ages, and the weekly salary was \$5.50, out of which he paid \$3.00 for board. Almost as remunerative as being the janitor of the Ayers Village school house, where he had earned \$1.25 per week for sweeping its two rooms and tending the fires. But in Londonderry he was getting his experience and it was good. The short term of five weeks ended with its closing ordeal of "Exhibition Day" successfully passed to the satisfaction of visiting parents and school committee. His written testimonials safely stowed in his pocket, he came home to face the Massachusetts committees again.

Then came a Teacher's Institute, held in Haverhill by the State Board of Education. The announcement came to the teachers present that Dr. Stevens, of Boxford, wanted a teacher for his village school, to teach forty to fifty children, of all ages, from A, B, C's to Algebra, bookkeeping and French, all for \$10.00 a week. While the other teachers present were commenting upon the large requirements and small compensation of the position, this novice was hurrying from the hall and hunting up Dr. Stevens. Result: The remaining six months of the year spent teaching in the beautiful country town of Boxford, mingling in the cordial home life of its people in the days when Professor Palmer and Alice Freeman Palmer spent their summers in its village. So there came more experience of a sort which no college or normal school has ever been able to provide.

This work was then varied by spending all next year in Millville in the town of Blackstone. There

the employees of the Woonsocket Rubber Company were on strike, and their children had become turbulent in the school. A man was needed to restore discipline, and he did, having three other rooms besides his own under his care. Then he again packed his trunk and moved on, the richer by every failure or success. Now he begins stopping longer in each new position, three years being spent among the seafaring folk of Hull, where he varies the professional activities of pedagogy by going fishing with his boys on Saturdays, or hauling lobster pots outside Boston Light with his committee man, or in winter spearing eels through the ice. Then another jump takes him to the extreme western end of the State among the Berkshires, where three years are spent in the manufacturing town of Adams. Here he began housekeeping, taking with him from Hull his life-partner, Grace, daughter of Edward G. and Lizzie (Adams) Knight, their first home being at the foot of the Hoosacs, with Mount Graylock looking down upon them, the scenery and people all so different from those of Hull. In Adams he fortunately was intimately associated with two sterling educators, Charles Herbert Howe, later principal of the Wakefield High School, and Dr. Walter P. Beckwith, afterward at the head of the Salem Normal School, their influence being of great value in fitting him for his next promotion.

In Lynn, Henry L. Chase was for many years principal of the Ward Four Grammar School. When Master Chase died, Mr. Haseltine was elected his successor in the Whiting School with its 500 pupils, a position he continued to hold until within a few months of the twenty-seven year record of his predecessor. Then Lynn reorganized her schools, combining the upper grades in junior high schools, and the Whiting was changed to an elementary school, Mr. Haseltine's services being recognized by promoting him to his present position of principal of the Western Junior High School. So in his forty years of teaching, the field of usefulness has broadened from that first little red school house with twenty-three children to this modern school with twenty-five teachers and more than 700 pupils.

This schoolmaster is principal, too, of the Lynn summer schools, a unique educational factor, in which he has exerted a guiding influence for more than a dozen years. More than 600 pupils, of all grades, including some from neighboring towns, pay \$5.00 apiece for the privilege of attending these schools six weeks, three hours a day, in July and August. Grouped in classes averaging twenty pupils to a teacher, they are able to get strength for next year's work or a trial promotion or a double promotion, or to remove conditions or earn credits for promotion to higher grades, thus saving a year's time in their schooling or advancing a grade farther before they leave school.

Apart from school work, Mr. Haseltine has been an active member of the North Congregational Church, some years its superintendent of Sunday school, and many years its parish treasurer and chairman of finance committee. In civic affairs, his greatest activity was in local option times when he

was a prominent leader in the struggle for No-License. Lynn made a notable record for years in fighting the saloon, perhaps unequalled by any city of her size in the nation. His part in this warfare, in the councils of the league, on the stump during the campaign, and as chairman of his precinct during the canvas, often drew the fire of the enemy, who claimed that schoolmasters had "no right to meddle in political matters." He was on the firing line, but escaped being "fired," solely because the saloon forces could not get control of the school committee.

One more field of social usefulness remains to be mentioned, the Lynn Educational Association, an organization by which, during more than a quarter of a century, Mr. Haseltine has been providing for the public of Greater Lynn a course of monthly entertainments, including concerts, lectures, and recitals, clean in character and making for refinement and culture. Mr. Haseltine calls himself the general secretary of the L. E. A., but his friends jokingly say that he is the L. E. A. The permanent members of this organization, 700 in number, pay a dollar for their annual course ticket to these gatherings held in Classical High School Hall, nine or more programs being arranged, such as ordinarily cost from five to ten times as much. The purpose is to make the course safely self-supporting without taxing culture to make a profit, providing within the means of all a course that is uplifting as well as popular. With many such interests and activities under his care, it will be seen that this schoolmaster has never found time to be a "joiner" of fraternal organizations.

WILLIAM E. DORMAN, Esq.—Holding an assured position in the legal fraternity of Essex county and the Commonwealth, Mr. Dorman has long been prominent in public activities as well as in his personal practice. Mr. Dorman was born in Lynn, June 23, 1875, and is a son of Benjamin Hallowell and Abby (Dupar) Dorman, both his parents also having been born in Lynn. In every line of descent, Mr. Dorman goes back to the first settlers of Essex county.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native city, Mr. Dorman prepared for college at Chauncey Hall School, graduated from Harvard College in 1898, and from the Harvard Law School in 1901. Shortly after his graduation, Mr. Dorman opened an office in Lynn, entered upon the general practice of the law, in which he has been more than usually successful, and continued until 1916, when he was offered the position of counsel to the State Senate by the present vice-president of the United States, Calvin Coolidge, then president of the Senate, who had served with Mr. Dorman in the Legislature and was familiar with his aptitude in drafting legislation. Mr. Dorman served as chairman of the Lynn School Board in 1905 and 1906, and in 1907 he was elected to the State Legislature, his service covering the years 1907, 1908 and 1909, where he served on important committees and acquired a position of influence and leadership. His present

position of counsel to the State Senate is unique. Massachusetts is among the foremost states on the high quality of her legislation. The State has just established a system whereby the counsel to the Senate and House of Representatives, in addition to their usual services, are to have charge of the continuous consolidation of State legislation. Mr. Dorman is also just completing the index to the recent revision of the statutes. He is a past master of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; the East Lynn Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Lynn Historical Society, of which he was secretary for many years; the Sons of the American Revolution; the Swampscott Masonic Club, and the Massachusetts and the American Bar associations. He is a resident of both the northerly and southerly ends of Essex county, having a summer estate of some forty-five acres in Georgetown.

On August 23, 1905, Mr. Dorman married Estelle E. Herrick, of Georgetown, Massachusetts, daughter of Samuel K. and Ella F. (Welch) Herrick. Mr. and Mrs. Dorman are the parents of five children, as follows: Benjamin Hallowell, Samuel Herrick, Priscilla Bradstreet, Lois Putnam, deceased, and William E., Jr.

GEORGE ELDEN Mac ARTHUR, M. D., came to Ipswich, Massachusetts, from the State of Maine, his home at Camden on the shores of Penobscot bay. The years that have intervened since his coming and the present have brought him high professional standing and the warm esteem of the community in which for thirty-seven years he has been ministering to the physical needs of so many in the homes comprising that community. He is indeed the "beloved physician," and it would seem that his services were indispensable. His work in the schools and for the public health has been most valuable, and if his entire life of private professional service were obliterated his splendid record of public service would mark him as a most useful and valuable citizen.

George Dennis MacArthur, a veteran of the Civil War, serving in the Nineteenth Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry, married Mary Adaline Hosmer, and to them was born a son, George Elden MacArthur, whose name furnishes the caption of this review. George Elden MacArthur, M. D., now and since 1888 a practicing physician of Ipswich, Massachusetts, but prior to that year located in Boston and Winthrop, Massachusetts, his medical diploma bearing date of 1883.

George E. MacArthur was born in Camden, Maine, June 14, 1858, and he there attended public schools. He prepared at Waterville Classical Institute for admission to Bowdoin College, entering the Medical School of that college after studying under the direction of Dr. O. W. Stone, of Camden. He completed his medical courses at the University of Vermont, receiving his degree, M. D., with the graduating class of 1883. Since that year he has been a close student of matters pertaining to his profession, and in the hospitals of London and Paris has pursued courses of clinical and professional study. He

began the practice of his profession in Winthrop, Massachusetts, in 1883, there continuing until 1887, when he moved to Boston, spending a year in that city before finding a permanent location in Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1888.

During the near three and a half decades which have since elapsed, Dr. MacArthur has been continuously in practice in Ipswich and has won high standing as a physician of learning and skill. He is now, in addition to his large private practice, attending physician to Benjamin Stickney Cable Memorial Hospital, and is physician to Ipswich public schools. For two years he served with the rank of captain in the Medical Corps of the Massachusetts National Guard, serving in the military hospitals during the influenza epidemic of 1918 and through the strike of the police of Boston in 1919. Other public service rendered by Dr. MacArthur includes membership on the Ipswich School Committee for twenty-five years, and on the Board of Health for twenty years, he having been chairman of both boards. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Knights of Pythias, and the Protestant Episcopal church. He also serves on the Ipswich Playground Commission and on the Community Service Board.

Dr. MacArthur married, in Newton, Massachusetts, June 9, 1886, Isabel Gilkey Safford, who died January 27, 1919, daughter of James Philbrick and Mary (Gilkey) Safford.

HORACE HALE ATHERTON—At Lynn, Massachusetts, the city of his birth, Horace H. Atherton continues his residence, being register of probate and insolvency for the county of Essex, an office he has most capably filled for a full decade of years. He is the second of his name in Lynn, being a son of Horace Hale and Hannah Preston (Oliver) Atherton, both now deceased, his father a business man of Lynn, formerly an official of the town of Saugus, representative, State Senator, member of the Executive Council, and a trustee of Danvers Insane Hospital.

The Athertons of New England trace descent from General Humphrey Atherton, who came from England in 1635 in the ship "James" with wife, Mary (Wales) Atherton; and three children. General Atherton is buried in the old Dorchester Cemetery, this his epitaph:

Here lies our Captain & Major of Suffolk was
withal,

A goodly magistrate was he, and Major General,
Two troop horse with him here comes, Such worth
his love did crave

Two companies of foot also mourning march to his
grave,

Let all that read be sure to keep the faith as he
has done

With Christ he now lives crowned, his name was
Humphrey Atherton.

The Atherton family of England has its seat in Lancashire, the town of Atherton, ten miles north-west of Manchester, lying within their armorial estate. The family had immense possessions and was of the wealthiest commoners of England.

Arms—Gules, three sparrow hawks argent.

Crest—A swan argent.

These arms hang in the parish church of Leigh in the family vault.

Horace Hale (2) Atherton was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, December 24, 1872. After graduation from Saugus High School, he entered Bryant & Stratton Commercial School, Boston, there pursuing full courses to graduation. He began his business career as court stenographer for the "Boston Advertiser & Record," later being private secretary to William E. Barrett, congressman, and holding similar position with Ernest W. Roberts, of Massachusetts. From 1894 to 1905 he was the Washington correspondent for the "Boston Advertiser & Record," and from 1905 until 1912 assistant postmaster of the Lynn postal district. In 1912 he was elected register of probate and insolvency for Essex county, was re-elected and is now (July, 1922) the incumbent of that office. He is a director of the Saugus Co-operative Bank, and a trustee of the Lynn Five Cents Savings Bank.

Mr. Atherton has been duly admitted to the Massachusetts bar, and is a member of the Lynn and of the Essex County Bar associations. During the World War period, 1917-18, he was chairman of the Legal Advisory Board of Massachusetts, District No. 27. He is a Republican in politics, has served on finance and school committees of the town of Saugus, and as secretary of the Massachusetts Republican State Committee. He is a trustee of Essex Agricultural Society; member of the Essex Institute; an ex-president of Old Essex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, the largest chapter in the United States; member of Lynn Historical Society; Patrons of Husbandry; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Knights of Pythias; Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of the Masonic order. His clubs are the Essex County Press, of which he is president, and The Salem. He is secretary of Ancient Sirloin Lodge, a dining organization.

Mr. Atherton married, in Boston, Massachusetts, November 30, 1898, Edith Elizabeth Hall, who died November 8, 1920, daughter of Frank Hezekiah and Elizabeth C. (Henderson) Hall. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Atherton: Edith Rutledge, born August 30, 1899; Roger Morse, born November 17, 1901; Horace Hale (3), born January 29, 1912.

MICHAEL RICARD DONOVAN, M. D.—Lynn, Massachusetts, has always been noted for the distinction of its physicians, and one of the most eminent of these is Michael Ricard Donovan. For nearly two decades he has been a member of the medical fraternity, and is recognized by his fellow-practitioners as one of their ablest and most skillful associates. His medical career has been coeval with the improvement of the health conditions of Lynn. From 1886 until the present year, 1922, he has been connected with the Health Department of the city, either intimately as its head or influentially. As a practicing physician he has a large clientele, and a host of friends.

Dr. Donovan is a native son of Lynn, Massachusetts, born in 1860. His first schooling was gained in the Whiting Grammar School, and was continued in the Lynn High School, from both of which he is a graduate. He matriculated in Georgetown College, Washington, D. C., in 1876, and was graduated with the degree of A. B., in 1880. For scientific training in his future profession he went to Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, and won his medical degree in 1883. After a summer vacation he settled down to the arduous work of the practicing physician, and has continued in his field for thirty-nine years. He had advanced with his times, never being too wise to need no more study nor too old to learn. An outstanding feature of his career in Lynn has been his wholehearted service to the Health Department of his city. He was city physician from 1886 to 1892, on the Board of Health for a like number of years, and has been on the Commission of Public Health since 1918. He has also been a United States pension examiner, and during the World War acted on the exemption board, Division No. 1, Lynn, Massachusetts.

Dr. Donovan has wide fraternal connections, among which are: The Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No 117, Lynn, of which he is the exalted ruler; Knights of Columbus, Valadolid Council, No. 70, being the grand knight; Harvard Massachusetts Medical Association; Lynn Medical fraternity; Harvard Medical Alumni; Massachusetts Society of Examining Surgeons; Georgetown Alumni of New England, of which he is president; and the Lynn Historical Society. Dr. Donovan is a member of the Park Club. He is a communicant of the Catholic church, of Lynn.

Dr. Donovan married, in 1888, at Chelsea, Massachusetts, Anna Theresa Mulloy, and they are the parents of four children: Michael R., Frank H., Isabelle and Marie V.

HEZEKIAH O. WOODBURY, president and general manager of the Woodbury Shoe Company of Beverly, one of the largest concerns in this vicinity, with factories in this city and Dover, New Hampshire, is one of the best known residents of Beverly.

Mr. Woodbury is a Beverly born boy, and since early manhood has been instrumental in the building of the large and successful shoe manufacturing business of which he is the head today. When quite a young man he, with his two brothers, Rufus H. and Thomas Woodbury, started the manufacture of shoes in one of the little shops so common in those days. All the work was done by hand, the women binding and fitting the uppers and the men finishing the shoe. The firm of Woodbury Brothers was started January 17, 1869, in one of the little shops mentioned above, 10x14 feet. H. O. Woodbury did the selling end of the business; and their first customer was the firm of Lindsay & Gibbs, of Pearl street, Boston. Mr. Woodbury took with him a sample of the shoe they had started to manufacture, wrapped it in a piece of paper, carried it to Boston in his pocket, and was successful in placing an order

for one case. The Boston concern is now the Pilgrim Rubber Company, and Mr. Woodbury continued to sell them shoes as long as they handled them. Some years later the firm, having outgrown the capacity of the little shop, moved into a larger building. Mr. Woodbury took three samples with him, the concern having started the manufacture of two other styles, and asked his mother if she had a bag that he could carry them to Boston in. She replied she had one, but it was a large one, but Mr. Woodbury took it and put in his three samples, although it was large enough to hold twenty-four. He took his three shoes to the American House, Boston, then the headquarters for the visiting shoe buyers. He noticed two men who appeared to be watching him intently. Finally one of them asked him what he had in the bag, and he replied "shoes," and took out the three samples. Then one of the men asked him where his other samples were and he said that was all he had. After a little further conversation, he started for the door with the remark, "I'll sell you yet." One of the men called him back, and after a bit of jolly, gave him an order for three cases. The man who did most of the talking was Mr. Grimling, of the firm of Grimling, Spalding & Company, of Atlanta, Georgia. Mr. Woodbury continued to sell him as long as he lived, and the name of the firm is still on the books of the Woodbury Shoe Company.

The Woodbury Shoe Company is one of the biggest shoe manufacturing concerns in this vicinity. Mr. H. O. Woodbury is the only member of the original firm, one of the brothers, Rufus H. Woodbury, having died, and the other, Thomas Woodbury, has retired.

Hezekiah O. Woodbury is one of the best known citizens of Beverly, always ready to lend assistance to anything that is of benefit to city or community. He has always been much interested in the Beverly Young Men's Christian Association, is a past president of that organization, and was largely instrumental in raising the funds and in the construction and furnishing of the present splendid building. He is an active member of the Washington Street Congregational Church, now holding the office of deacon. He has an attractive home on Ober street.

JOHN HOOPER GOODWIN, D. D. S.—In professional circles in Marblehead, Dr. Goodwin is counted among the progressive and successful dental surgeons of the day, and his practice, which is constantly widening, is among the leading people of this vicinity. He comes of a family long identified with the development and progress of Essex county, and is a son of William and Rebecca Ann (Stevens) Goodwin, his father for many years one of the leading druggists in Marblehead.

Dr. Goodwin was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, August 10, 1878. His early education was gained in the public schools of his native place, and having chosen his field of professional endeavor, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in the class of 1902, with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. Within the year

he entered upon the practice of his profession in Marblehead, and has continued until the present time, developing an extensive and lucrative practice, and still being thus engaged. Dr. Goodwin enjoys excellent standing in the profession, is a member of the Northeastern Massachusetts Dental Society, the Essex Dental Society and the Lynn Dental Society. Fraternally, he holds membership in Philanthropic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Atlantic Lodge, No. 55, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity. Politically, Dr. Goodwin endorses the principles and policies of the Republican party, although he has never sought public honors. He is affiliated with St. Michael's Episcopal Church.

Dr. Goodwin married, April 26, 1905, in Marblehead, Maria Power Knowland, daughter of William Crowninshield and Miriam Girdler (Power) Knowland. Dr. and Mrs. Goodwin have two sons: John H., Jr., born May 3, 1906; William Knowland, born August 23, 1908.

HERMAN H. PETZOLD—Among the younger generation of business men in Lawrence, Massachusetts, and one who has already made a name for himself in his particular line of business which might well be the envy of a much older man, is Herman H. Petzold, architect. He is the son of Emil and Minnie Petzold, the former now retired from active business life.

Herman H. Petzold was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, May 25, 1893. He was educated in the schools of his native city and district. Having in the meantime decided to become an architect, he devoted himself to study along this line, and was subsequently employed as draftsman in offices of local architects for five years following. In May, 1915, he opened offices on his own account, and thus continued successfully until February, 1918, when he enlisted in the United States Army. He was first sent to Camp Devens, and later to Camp Upton, where he remained for one month, when he became attached to Company E, 305th Regiment of the Seventy-seventh Division, and was sent overseas, where he took part in most of the important engagements until September 25, 1918, when he was severely wounded by five machine gun bullets which went through his right knee, severing the lower part of the leg from the rest of the body. He was captured and sent to a German hospital in Brussels, and later to Treves, where he was released on December 11, 1918. He arrived in this country, April 14, 1919, and was discharged from the Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., October 25, 1919. Returning to Lawrence, Massachusetts, immediately, he lost no time in re-establishing himself in his chosen profession, and on November 1, 1919, was again at work. Mr. Petzold also teaches mechanical drawing in the Lawrence High School evenings. He affiliates with Grecian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the American Legion; and the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

Mr. Petzold married, September 28, 1921, Ellen

Alberta Bowden, born in Kittery, Maine, daughter of Albert Ellsworth and Georgia May (Fernald) Bowden. They reside at No. 2 Milk street, Methuen, Massachusetts.

JOHN GILL—The Gills of this review are an English family of long standing, but seated in Salem, Massachusetts, since 1912, where John Gill is now president and general superintendent of the Gill Leather Company. Like his father and grandfather, Mr. Gill has been in the leather trade from boyhood, he having been actively connected with tanneries in England, India, and the United States.

Mr. Gill was born in Wrexham, England, January 3, 1876, and was there educated in the public schools. He entered the leather trade as an apprentice with the firm of J. Meredith Jones & Sons, Wrexham, England, a company that started manufacturing leather in the year 1775. It was in this factory that the first roller leather used in cotton spinning was made, more than one hundred years ago, for Sir Richard Arkwright, the inventor of the first cotton spinning machine, and it was here that Mr. Gill laid the foundation of his knowledge of roller leather manufacturing, a branch of the trade in which he specializes today. Beginning in the pullery, he steadily advanced through every department, finally attaining the position of factory superintendent; studying also the technical side of leather manufacturing, he became, after a series of examinations, an associate of the International Association of Leather Trade Chemists. In 1909 Mr. Gill was offered and accepted the general superintendency of a shoe factory and tannery in India. He remained there three years, re-organizing the factories and teaching the natives more modern and up-to-date methods of leather manufacture, himself gaining valuable knowledge and having many unusual and interesting experiences while a resident in that country.

After leaving India, Mr. Gill entered the United States, locating in Salem, Massachusetts, which is yet (1922) his home and the seat of his business. His first position in Salem was with the Helburn Thompson Company. He introduced and made a success of the manufacture of roller leather in that company—having entire control of the department. While connected with this company, Mr. Gill made a trip around the world in their interests, visiting Japan, Korea, China, Malaya, India, Egypt and Europe. Resigning his position in the above company in January, 1920, Mr. Gill, together with Mr. Hall and Mr. Max Weinfeld, formed the Gill & Hall Company, Leather Manufacturers, Salem, Massachusetts. In November 1921, Mr. Gill and Mr. Hall took over Mr. Weinfeld's stock in the company and continued in business together until September, 1922, when the company was dissolved, Mr. Gill taking over the factory and all the assets and forming a new company known as the Gill Leather Company, of Salem, Massachusetts.

Mr. Gill married, in 1902, Maud Jones, of Wrexham, England. They have four children: Theresa M., John E., Maud J., and Mona C. Gill.



John Gill



Chas. H. Cunningham

CHARLES HORATIO CUNNINGHAM—In the construction world of Essex county the firm name of C. H. Cunningham & Son Company stands for high achievement in this field of endeavor, and Charles H. Cunningham, now the president and manager of the concern, is one of the leaders in the group of younger men who are identified with the physical progress and growth of the city of Lynn.

Mr. Cunningham was born in Hillsborough, New Hampshire, September 13, 1893, and is a son of Charles Sumner and Carrie E. Cunningham, formerly of Hillsborough, but for the last twenty-three years residents of Lynn. The family removing to Lynn when Mr. Cunningham was a child of five years, it was in the public and grammar schools of this city that he received his early education, later becoming a graduate of Burdett College and also spending two years at Colby Academy. Meanwhile the elder Mr. Cunningham had founded and brought to a high point of efficiency the present business in contracting and building, and when the younger man became twenty years of age he became associated with the concern, beginning at the bottom, as a brick mason, and gaining practical experience in every branch of the business for which his technical training had fitted him. Three years later he was made president of the concern and manager of its affairs, his father retiring from his active management of the business. The high standards which have always embodied the policies of the house have been carried forward with its progress since, and Mr. Cunningham stands among the leaders in the business. A few of the many noteworthy structures which have gone up under his hand are the Security Trust building, the Branch Bank of Lynn, and the Peabody High School.

Mr. Cunningham is broadly interested in every phase of advance, but has little leisure outside his business and takes no leading part in public affairs. He holds the thirty-second degree in the Masonic order. On June 20, 1916, Mr. Cunningham married Mildred J. Johnson, daughter of Edward Johnson, of Pittsfield, New Hampshire, and granddaughter of Clarence Johnson, who for many years was chief clerk of the United States Senate at Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham have one little daughter, Pauline Eva, born April 20, 1918.

RICHARD BARRY—Many citizens of Peabody, Massachusetts, recall with the most sincere regret, the passing of Richard Barry, who, in both business enterprise and public endeavor, was a man of great mental stature—one of those men whom no community can afford to lose, whose place may be taken, but cannot be filled.

Mr. Barry was a son of Patrick and Mary (Keefe) Barry, natives of County Cork, Ireland, sturdy pioneers of the late sixties, no less adventurous than those of an earlier day, who came to the Land of Opportunity to build a home for their children.

Patrick Barry was a leather worker, and while never gaining great wealth, he left to his children the nobler heritage of mental capacity and spiritual power. Of his three sons, John, James and Richard, only James is now living.

Richard Barry was born in County Cork, Ireland, on January 9, 1859, and died at Peabody, Massachusetts, on November 27, 1909. Gaining a limited education in the National schools of his native land, the boy came to America with his brothers, John and James Barry, all joining their parents who had preceded them to prepare for their coming. Richard had little opportunity to enjoy the advantages of further formal education, but he was a student by nature, and every phase of life was to him an open book, with lessons of value on every page. He learned the leather business with his father, and became identified with the production of the finest grades of leather and morocco. He was for many years employed in the morocco leather business of the Pembertons, whom he later succeeded in the business.

Beginning the manufacture of leathers on his own account, Mr. Barry purchased what was known as the Daniel Woodbury Morocco plant, and enlarged it to suit the requirements of his plans. He organized the George & Barry Company, of which he was president. The magnificent success which he achieved was built upon the stable foundations of honor and integrity. Mr. Barry believed in a "square deal," and no man approached him with any business matter without finding him open-minded and eminently fair. His success was never gained over another's defeat, but rather through the perspicacity and rare judgment which were distinguishing characteristics of the man. He was fearless to advance, once his conclusions were reached, but they were never reached by guesswork. He would often decide like a flash, but only when familiar with the ground and certain of his premises. Up to the last, even to the day before his death, Mr. Barry gave his personal attention to his extensive business interests. For several months his health had been less vigorous than usual, but the end was not anticipated so soon, and it was a great shock to the people of Peabody, and especially to the factory force throughout all the departments, when the message of his death was received.

Outside his individual interests Mr. Barry had long borne an active part in the interests of the town of Peabody. In the nature of the case a man of his ability would be sought for different offices of the public trust, and of benevolent endeavor, and it is entirely possible that if he had spared himself in the many services he rendered the public, he would have been among his friends longer.

Mr. Barry took an active interest in the public affairs of the town of Peabody, and for many years was a member of the Committee on Finance. His voice was always on the side of economy in the conduct of its affairs, so far as economy was constructive, rather than penurious. He was the chair-

man of this committee for a number of years. He was considered a force for progress in the financial world of Peabody, and was elected a director of the Warren National Bank, which office he still held at the time of his death.

In his personal benevolences Mr. Barry was broadly liberal, although the story would never have been made public through his own declarations. He was particularly interested in the young men of his acquaintance, and to him many young men owe the privilege of a college education. He early espoused the temperance cause, and when a young man enrolled himself as a total abstainer. He joined the St. John's Catholic Total Abstinence Association in 1875, was at one time its president, and for sixteen years was its treasurer.

Mr. Barry was a charter member of the John Bertram Lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, of Salem; a member of Division 11, Ancient Order of Hibernians, of Peabody; of Verague Council, Knights of Columbus, of Salem, later being transferred to Leo Council, of Peabody. He was an influential member of the Essex Institute. Mr. Barry was a devout Catholic, and a consistent member of St. John's Church, of Peabody.

On November 26, 1884, Mr. Barry married Hannah J. Sullivan, daughter of William and Mary (O'Connell) Sullivan, and they were the parents of five children: Mary Agnes; James Joseph, who married Grace M. Gannon; Ellen; William Richard, and Alice Louise. The oldest daughter, Mary Agnes Barry, was graduated first from the Peabody High School, then, later, took a Normal course at Burdett College, at Lynn, and Simmons College, Boston, and is now a teacher in the Commercial Department of the Sharon (Massachusetts) High School. The elder son, James Joseph Barry, is a graduate of the Peabody High School, and the Salem Commercial School, and is now on the office force of the Salem Gas Company. The second daughter, Ellen, died at three years of age. The younger son, William Richard Barry, is a graduate of the Peabody High School, and also of St. John's Preparatory College, at Danvers, Massachusetts, and also of the Georgetown University, at Washington, District of Columbia, from which latter institution he was graduated in the class of 1918. He was on the faculty of St. John's College as professor of English, French, Church History, and also Secular History; he is now sub-master at Salem High School. He married, on April 21, 1919, Grace Emily Hewitt, daughter of Frederick and Adelina (Henneick) Hewitt, of Washington, District of Columbia. They have an infant daughter, Grace Patricia, born on March 4, 1920, and a son, Richard Hewitt, born August 1, 1921. The youngest daughter, Alice Louise, is a graduate of Peabody High School, and Trinity College for Women, at Washington, District of Columbia, and is now teaching at Peabody High School.

With his family about him, and the business career in which he had been so successful at its height, there was a peculiar sadness in the death

of this man of many interests and of innumerable good deeds. His loss is one which will long be felt among his associates in every branch of endeavor which claimed his attention. Mr. Barry departed this life on November 30, 1909. In the Salem "News" of November 30, the Tuesday following, a memorial by a close friend was published, signed only by the initials, T. P. F.:

Richard Barry passed peacefully from this transitory pilgrimage to his Eternal Abode prepared by his Creator, last Saturday afternoon at his late residence, 80 Washington street, Peabody, surrounded by his faithful wife, loving children, and other members of his family, after an illness of a few hours' duration. Born of humble parents, on the Emerald Isle, forty-nine years ago, and coming to this country in tender childhood, it may be well said of him, "he was one of Ireland's staunchest supporters, and America's model citizens." Starting at the foot of the ladder of life, with no asset other than a determination to succeed in his humble vocation by earnestness, zeal and endeavor, he succeeded in reaching a pinnacle of fame seldom attained by man. His endeavors in the interests of others of mankind, and his labors on all matters pertaining to the welfare of his country, state, and his home town of Peabody, have won for him the respect and esteem not alone of those of his own religious beliefs, but the admiration of all true mankind who hold all different religious views, but respect men for what they are and what they do for themselves and others. A staunch Catholic, true to his beliefs, he set an example that all men might do well to emulate.

He served the town in many capacities to the last, with credit to his church, his town, and himself. He leaves a wife, four children, and two brothers, who have the sympathy of his vast circle of friends in this time of affliction. Those who know him best believe that he has but gone to take his place with those who, during this earthly probation, prove true to their wives and families, as well as all other duties assigned to them, in order that they may merit that place prepared by man's Creator, where trials and tribulations are unknown and where joy and bliss abound for all Eternity.

T. P. F.

MICHAEL LEO SULLIVAN—A successful attorney, deeply loyal to the city chosen for his residence and also for his professional field, and a leader in every movement for the good of humanity, Michael Leo Sullivan, of Salem, Massachusetts, is broadly representative of that Americanism which is satisfied, so far as personal activity is concerned, with nothing short of constructive, wide-reaching forward-looking endeavor. Mr. Sullivan was born November 9, 1872, and is a son of Owen P. and Elizabeth (Sheedy) Sullivan, both of whom are now deceased.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of Salem, Mr. Sullivan entered the Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated, class of 1892. Full of the ideals and enthusiasms of young manhood, he entered upon the profession which is his life work, and as is too seldom the case, has clung to these ideals and enthusiasms, and



George W. Pitman

made them a constructive force behind all his work.

Mr. Sullivan was admitted to the Suffolk county bar in the year of his graduation, and practiced for a time in Boston, also having an office in Salem. Later, as he became identified with various interests in Salem, he foresaw the future of the city, and determining to cast in his lot with the public interests of Salem, and bear a part in its development, he discontinued his Boston office and devoted all his time to his Salem practice. Aside from his extensive individual interests of a professional nature, he has become a leading figure in the public life of this city.

Mr. Sullivan has served as city solicitor of Salem since 1914, when he was elected by the City Council, later, in 1918, being appointed to this office by Mayor Sullivan. After the disastrous fire of 1914, which placed such a stupendous problem before the city, he was a member of the re-building committee, and labored untiringly for the rehabilitation of the stricken community. During the World War he was chairman of the War Savings Stamp drives, and gave lavishly of his time and energies in support of our forces overseas. He was in charge of all the work of the American Protective League in and about Salem, and spoke many times as "Four Minute Man."

Politically Mr. Sullivan has always been affiliated with the Democratic party, and as if by universal consent, has been called upon to take a leading part in the affairs of the party. He was made delegate to the National Democratic Convention in Baltimore, was chairman of the Massachusetts Delegation to the St. Louis Convention, and was delegate to the San Francisco Convention in 1920.

In many activities Mr. Sullivan takes a prominent part. He is president of the Essex County Bar Association; is a member of the Knights of Columbus, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, holding an influential position in all these organizations.

On April 30, 1895, Mr. Sullivan married Mary E. Crouse, daughter of William E. and Mary E. (Carr) Crouse. They are the parents of two children: Grace E., born 1899, and George A., born December, 1902. The family are all members of the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

ALFRED T. LE BOEUF, M. D.—Dr. Alfred T. Le Boeuf, of Salem, Massachusetts, is one of the well-known professional men of that city, a skilled physician and surgeon. Dr. Le Boeuf is a son of Thomas and Emma (Paris) Le Boeuf, and was born in Ashland, Massachusetts. His father is a blacksmith by trade, but has lived retired from active work for the last sixteen years. The five children of Thomas and Emma (Paris) Le Boeuf are: Joseph G.; Philip J.; Victor A., the prominent Salem dentist, a sketch of whose life appears elsewhere in this work; Alfred T., of whom extended mention follows; and Josephine E.

The family moved to Worcester, Massachusetts,

when the doctor was a young lad, and there he received his early education at the public and high schools of that city. He decided upon the medical profession for his career, and entered the medical school of the University of Maryland, at Baltimore, from which institution he was graduated in 1908. He spent one year as an interne at the Maryland General Hospital, then passed the examinations of the Massachusetts State Medical Board, in 1909, and opened an office in Salem, for the general practice of medicine and surgery. This is the barest outline of facts in a useful life. The doctor is still a young man, but commands a wide and ever broadening practice. He enjoys the esteem and confidence of the people of Salem and vicinity, and has an enviable outlook for the future.

Dr. Le Boeuf married, June 5, 1911, Elmina L. Nadeau, daughter of Fred E. and Angel (Martin) Nadeau. Mrs. Le Boeuf was a graduate of Salem Normal School, and a successful school teacher before her marriage. They are the parents of five children: Jeannette Marie, George Henry, Alfred T. Jr., James Henry, and Margaret J.

Outside of his professional and home life, Dr. Le Boeuf is a man of broad and far-reaching interests. He is a member of the Salem Golf Club, and takes much needed relaxation on the links. He is a member of the Young Men's Christian Association, and active in all its work. He is a Republican by political affiliation, but while never seeking nor accepting office, he is devoted to the principles of the party. He gave largely of his time to the welfare work in connection with the recent World War, particularly in the Y. M. C. A. drives. Dr. Le Boeuf is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and of the American Medical Association; he is a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters, of which he is examining physician; a member of the Washington Associates; the Artisans; and St. Jean le Baptiste; being examining physician also, of the two latter. He is on the staff of the Salem Hospital. The Le Boeuf family have always been devout members of the Roman Catholic church.

GEORGE WELTON PITMAN—In the world of construction the breadth of opportunity is limitless, and in Salem, Massachusetts, the Pitman & Brown Company, contractors and builders, are placing the stamp of high achievement on the visible records of progress.

George Welton Pitman, the head of this great concern, is of English descent, and is a son of George Trefy and Eliza (Welton) Pitman. The elder Mr. Pitman was born in Yarmouth county, Nova Scotia, and his wife was born in Annapolis county, Nova Scotia. Both are now deceased.

George Welton Pitman was born in Yarmouth county, Nova Scotia, on October 26, 1856. Educated in the public schools of Yarmouth, and completing his studies at the age of sixteen years, he began work at the carpenter's trade, and thoroughly mastered its details. But from childhood

the boy had possessed a love of adventure, and at nineteen years of age he accomplished the realization of a long-cherished dream, by going to sea. He started before the mast, then later became ship's carpenter, and studying navigation, finally became first mate. He followed the sea for three years, during which time he was in the Western Ocean and West India trade. At the end of this time he married, and his people persuaded him to relinquish the roving and hazardous life of the sea.

In the year 1879 Mr. Pitman came to Salem, Massachusetts, and became associated with the firm of Hamilton & Balcomb, contractors and builders, Mr. Hamilton being Mrs. Pitman's uncle. Here he worked at his trade as journeyman, and gradually worked up until he held the position of foreman and superintendent. It was under Mr. Pitman's management as superintendent that the firm of Hamilton & Balcomb built the new Salem Court House, the Salem jail, and the Peabody Town Hall. Mr. Pitman's association with this company continued for a period of ten years, and in that time he gained a wealth of experience which he later found of the utmost value.

In April, 1889, Mr. Pitman started in the line of contracting and building for himself. But although he was beginning as an independent contractor, he was prepared for important work by his experience with the other concern. His first job was the Winnegan Hotel, at Baker's Island, in Salem Harbor, at that time considered the leading hotel of its kind in this vicinity. In August of the same year Mr. Charles W. Brown was admitted to the firm, and for a number of years it was continued as a partnership.

The mill and yard, during the early years of the firm's history, were located on Derby street. Their facilities were limited, and they did only the carpenter work, subletting the masonry and other branches of construction. But they grew rapidly, and soon began to buy lumber in car load lots. They added machinery and milling equipment, and began building their own doors and windows and producing all their mill work. Later they broadened the scope of their work, and handled every branch of construction except the plumbing and electrical installation. The growth of the business was steady as well as rapid, and the firm long since became a power in this field of endeavor. It was incorporated in 1905, and felt the impetus of the new form of organization going forward to ever increasing success.

But the history of the Pitman & Brown Company was not without its period of disaster and discouragement. Their first location, at 249 to 255 Derby street, was in the path of the terrific conflagration of 1914, and the plant was completely wiped out. Relocating immediately, at 40 Bridge street, the company made this calamity a means of further growth and development. In rebuilding they increased their facilities to include the manufacture of all lines of builders' materials, and extended their scope, and now they handle paint, roofing, cement,

lime, and all other materials that go into the construction of a modern building. At the yard and mill plant they now employ more than seventy-five men, and at the office and salesroom, which is located on Washington street, an office force is employed which numbers seventy-five more people, men and girls. In 1919 Mr. Pitman purchased the holdings of Mr. Brown, but the firm name remains the same. Mr. Pitman is now president and treasurer of the company.

The part which the Pitman & Brown Company has borne in the growth and development of Salem, and in fact, of the county of Essex, is one in which they may well take pride. The long list of industrial buildings to their credit, includes factories at Salem, Beverly, Peabody, and Danversport, in Essex county, others at Revere and Waltham, in adjacent counties, and still others as far away as Winchester, New Hampshire. They have erected many of the most important business structures in and about Salem, including the Rogers building, Beverly, with its imposing street front, the attractive mercantile establishment of Daniel Low & Company, with fixtures complete, the splendid building of the Naumkeag Trust Company, the Gifford-Packard Block, and very many others. Among the noteworthy structures of varied character, should be mentioned the Masonic Temple at Salem, the main lodge room of which is said to be one of the most beautiful lodge rooms in the country, the Massachusetts State Armory, at Salem, and the Witch and Plaza theatres. It would be impossible to do justice to their work in any review of this compass.

One of the recent developments in the construction line which the Pitman & Brown Company is featuring, is the standardized dwelling, of which the company is building hundreds. They are made in two types, small single family houses, and larger houses designed to accommodate two families. They are of standardized construction, and all the lumber is cut at the mill, and delivered by motor truck ready to set up in place. This minimizes waste and economizes time. The houses are of a substantial type, and are designed by a Boston architect whose experience makes them models of convenience and comfort. They are being built everywhere within reach of the company's plant, a recent trip of delivery taking one of the trucks thirty-one hours' run out of Salem.

As the head of this great business, Mr. Pitman is, of necessity constantly in the public eye, and has been called upon many times to lend his ability to some cause which involved the public welfare. During the World War the entire plant of the company was turned over to the Government for the manufacture of all wood parts of airplanes. At that time Mr. Pitman was a member of the Salem Committee in charge of labor conditions, securing labor for the industries of the city, and after the war, finding work for discharged men.

Mr. Pitman is vice-president and one of the directors of the Morris Plan Bank, and also a director

of the Salem Co-Operative Bank. He was a member of the Common Council of Salem, and is now a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

In fraternal and social circles Mr. Pitman is widely known. He is a member of all the Masonic bodies, in which order he holds the Thirty-second degree. He is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and of the Masonic Club. He is a member of the Salem Club, of the Colonial Club, and of the Rotary Club.

Mr. Pitman married Ettie Meade Allen, daughter of William and Fannie (Hibbard) Allen, of Yarmouth county, Nova Scotia. They had three children: Mabel; Oscar; and George; all of whom were lost in the diphtheria epidemic. They adopted a son, George Melvin, now seventeen years of age and a student at the Salem High School. Mr. and Mrs. Pitman are members of the Lafayette Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of Salem, of which society Mr. Pitman is a trustee.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN SPINNEY—After a long and useful life in manufacturing and financial worlds of Essex county, Massachusetts, Benjamin Franklin Spinney is now retired from all direct participation in business affairs, but is often sought in an advisory capacity by the interests in which he was so long an active factor.

Mr. Spinney was born in Taunton, Massachusetts, September 1, 1832, and is a son of Benjamin and Mary B. Spinney, both long since deceased. His father was one of the early shoe men of that section. As a boy Mr. Spinney attended the public schools of Taunton, also Bristol Academy of that city, and the Taunton High School. Undoubtedly his father's business had its influence in governing the trend of his career, for when his education was completed the young man entered the shoe business as a manufacturer. He continued thus without interruption until year 1913, about seventy years of activity in one of the most practical avenues of effort. Retiring in 1913, Mr. Spinney has lived in retirement, although he has still held an interest in various enterprises. But the management of all his interests he has turned over into other hands.

For many years Mr. Spinney has been an honored officer of various financial institutions. He was a director in the First National Bank of Lynn, now the Essex Trust Company, for several years, and also trustee and vice-president for several years of the Lynn Institution for Savings. He was one of the organizers, and for nearly thirty-five years president, of the National Security Bank of Lynn, and its successor, the Security Trust Company, retiring therefrom in 1917. Mr. Spinney is a member of the Oxford Club and many minor clubs, and is a member of the First Universalist Church of Lynn.

On November 2, 1858, Mr. Spinney married Sarah Caswell, daughter of Samuel and Nancy Caswell, and their only child, Frank Caswell Spinney, who was born December 14, 1864, is now retired.

DEERY BROTHERS—The firm Deery Brothers was started in 1907, for the manufacture of all kinds of split leather, the partners being John A. and Edward F. Deery. The original plant of the company was located on Goodue street, Salem, and for fourteen years the business has been located at the same address. The firm is a member of Boston Chamber of Commerce, and has won a secure position in the business world. The Deery Brothers are sons of John Deery, of Salem, Massachusetts.

John A. Deery was born June 26, 1886, in Salem, Massachusetts, was educated in Salem public schools, and there has ever resided. He is a partner of Deery Brothers of Salem, a director of the Federal Trust Company of Boston, director of the Farmington Shoe Company of Dover, New Hampshire, and is a member of the Trust Fund Commission of the city of Salem.

Edward F. Deery was born in Salem, Massachusetts, April 10, 1888, and was there educated in the public schools. He is a member of St. James Roman Catholic Church, and of the Knights of Columbus, and Ancient Order of Hibernians. The brothers are successful business men, and are popular socially. In politics they are Democrats, and interested in public affairs.

WILLIAM F. GERRY, of Lynnfield, son of Elbridge F. Gerry, comes of one of the New England families of distinguished Revolutionary and early Republican record. Perhaps the most noted of this name, but not of this direct line, was Elbridge Gerry (1744-1814), who became vice-president of the United States. This distinguished man was born in Massachusetts, was a member of the Massachusetts Colonial House of Representatives from 1772 to 1775, and a delegate to the Continental Congress from 1776 to 1780, and from 1788 to 1785. He signed the Declaration of Independence and aided in framing the Constitution, but refused to sign it, believing that too great powers were delegated to the National Government. He was elected a representative from Massachusetts to the first U. S. Congress in 1789 and served till 1793. He was a special commissioner to France in 1797 with Pinckney and Marshall, and was elected governor of Massachusetts in 1810, serving for two years. He was elected vice-president of the United States in 1812, as a Democrat, and served until his death in 1814. There are many branches of the old Gerry family of Massachusetts. To one of the branches belongs the present United States Senator Peter G. Gerry, of Rhode Island. The branch to which William F. Gerry belongs has held residence in Massachusetts throughout the generations. Elbridge F. Gerry, father of William F., was born in Lynnfield, Mass., in 1850, and in 1872 established a business in Lynnfield which is still conducted. Since 1872 Elbridge F. Gerry has operated his cider and vinegar mill there, and the firm of E. F. Gerry Company, manufacturers of apple juice and cider vinegar, is widely known throughout New England. In fact, the company's products go to almost all parts of the United

States, and the E. F. Gerry Company is said to be one of the largest producers of cider vinegar and kindred products in the East. Elbridge F. Gerry established his cider mill on the site of the old woolen and grist mill at Lynnfield. This property gives the company control of the water rights of Pilling's Pond, a dam having been erected in 1848 directly in the rear of the present mill, and from it the water is supplied to the present plant for power. At one time, the Gerrys did business in Barberry root, which was gathered extensively for tanning purposes, but the business in this root was discontinued soon after aniline dyes came into use by tanners. Elbridge F. Gerry, though now in his seventy-second year, still maintains an active interest in the cider mill. He married Jennie F. Wesson, of East Gloucester, Mass. She died in 1907.

William F. Gerry was born in Lynnfield, Massachusetts, on April 13, 1881, and began his education in the public schools of his native place. He graduated in 1900 from the Wakefield High School, soon after becoming a student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, graduating in the class of 1904. He gained further engineering knowledge during the eighteen months he spent in the Baldwin Locomotive Works, at Philadelphia, Pa., whither he went soon after graduating. In 1906, however, he returned to Lynnfield, and became associated with his father in the vinegar manufacturing enterprise the latter had brought to such dimensions. The two have been associated in the business ever since. The company was incorporated in 1910 under the name of the E. F. Gerry Company, Wm. F. Gerry, president, E. F. Gerry, treasurer, E. H. Gerry, clerk, and while the father still is comparatively active in the business, the burden of it has probably been assumed during recent years by the sons. At all events, the enterprise is a growing one, and while the old woolen, grist and cider mill is a familiar landmark in Lynnfield and leads thoughts backward, the business conducted by the Gerrys is still one of the chief industries of the town.

William F. Gerry has shown a great interest in the public affairs of his native place. His brother, Elbridge H., has for the past six years been trustee of Lynnfield Public Library. He is identified with the Masonic order, belonging to the local Blue Lodge, and to the Eastern Star. He also maintains membership in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology Alumni Association.

He was married on January 29, 1909, to S. Ethel Haynes, of Danvers, Mass., daughter of Joseph W. and Emma P. (Ordovan) Haynes. The mother of Mrs. Gerry is still living, and was originally of a Newburyport, Mass., family; her father, Joseph W. Haynes, was of Charlestown. He was a Civil War veteran, and died in 1917. Mr. and Mrs. William F. Gerry have two children: Elbridge F., 2nd, who was born in 1911; and Roger H., born in 1915.

EUGENE MALCOLM DOLLOFF, M. D.—Dr. Dolloff has by years of arduous devotion to the ad-

vancement of the medical profession and tireless endeavor for the relief of suffering humanity placed himself in the front rank of the city's physicians. His record forms part of the medical annals of Lynn.

Eugene Malcolm Dolloff was born in Lebanon, New Hampshire, September 9, 1867, the son of John E. and Rowena Maria (Holbrook) Dolloff. His preliminary education was obtained in the public schools of St. Johnsbury, Vermont, after which he entered St. Johnsbury academy where he prepared himself for college, and from which he was graduated in 1886. Having at first decided to adopt the law as a profession he matriculated in the law department of Boston University where he remained for but one year when he decided to change to the medical profession and accordingly entered the medical department of this university, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the class of 1893. Immediately after graduation he went to Rockport, Massachusetts, where he engaged in the practice of his chosen profession for three years, subsequently coming to Lynn, where since that time he has continued in the practice of medicine, holding the high esteem of his professional brethren and gaining for himself an ever increasing clientele. He is a member of the Lynn Medical fraternity.

Upon our entrance in the World War Dr. Dolloff enlisted in the medical corps of the United States army. He was commissioned first lieutenant and was first stationed at Fort Strong, then at Fort Warren, but later was transferred to the Commonwealth armory at Boston, Massachusetts. On December 12, 1918, he was ordered to Camp Devens, where he received the commission of captain and was honorably discharged from the service in June, 1919, with the rank of major in the Reserve Corps. In religion Dr. Dolloff is a Methodist and attends St. Paul's Church of this denomination at Lynn.

On September 25, 1889, Eugene Malcolm Dolloff was united in marriage with Mary Elizabeth Grow, daughter of T. R. Grow, a physician at Rockport. To Dr. and Mrs. Dolloff have been born three children: Verna Hazel, who married Howard C. Rogers, an officer in the service of the merchant marine; Irving Holbrook, who served overseas during the World War, with Field Hospital, third division; Malcolm H. G., deceased.

GEORGE HENRY PLUMMER—With his lifelong business interest allied with the shoe trade, George H. Plummer, of Lynn, Massachusetts, stands now as one of the successful men of this city.

Mr. Plummer was born in Lynn, July 20, 1851, and is a son of George H. and Susan E. (Harris) Plummer. His father was born in Salem. Receiving his education in the schools of his native city, Mr. Plummer, while still a young man, entered the field in which he has made so marked a success, the manufacture of paper and wood boxes for the shoe trade. Beginning in a modest way, he has developed a very extensive interest, and now has a large



Eugene M. Dolloff

plant, equipped with all the modern devices for turning out the work in hand. In connection with this, his leading interest, Mr. Plummer is also a director of the Bartlett & Somers Company, one of the leading concerns in the manufacture of shoes in Lynn. Mr. Plummer is also a director of the Manufacturers' Bank, of which institution he was one of the founders.

Mr. Plummer, in company with the late William Littlefield, built the Lynn Theatre. They also bought the Music Hall and were identified with amusement enterprises in these two houses for over twenty years. The Lynn Theatre has since been taken over by other parties and is now known as the Waldorf Theatre. Mr. Plummer and Mr. Littlefield were also business partners in several successful enterprises, being associated with each other for a great many years. Mr. Plummer is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the Oxford Club.

Mr. Plummer married Susan M. Moulton, daughter of Frederick A. Moulton, a prominent Baptist minister. Mrs. Plummer is a leader in Lynn social circles. To Mr. and Mrs. Plummer a son was born, Henry E., who married Ethel Harmon, of Boston, and they are the parents of three daughters: Priscilla, Catharine, and Elizabeth. They all reside with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Plummer. Henry E. Plummer is a thirty-second degree Mason.

GEORGE H. STACKPOLE—For forty-seven years at the head of one of the most prominent ice concerns in Lynn, Massachusetts, George H. Stackpole has for an even longer period been a force for progress in the business and civic life of Lynn.

Mr. Stackpole was born in Dover, New Hampshire, September 7, 1843, and is a son of Timothy and Elizabeth G. (Hurd) Stackpole. Receiving a very limited education in the public schools, the boy entered the world of industry at the age of eight years. His first work was sewing shoes, at Emery Mills, Maine, where the family lived at the time. Remaining there for three or four years, they returned to Dover, then, in 1859, the family came to Lynn, the boy accompanying them, and he has since made his home in this city. It was as a young man of twenty that he enlisted in defense of the Union and served through the Civil War. Returning to Lynn after the cessation of hostilities, he continued as a shoe worker until 1872, when he started as a manufacturer of shoes. In 1874 he permanently retired from this field of endeavor and was one of seven men to start the old Lynn Ice Company, of which he has been president for the past twenty-five years. The North Shore Ice Company was organized in 1913, Mr. Stackpole being its president from the start, and so continues, actively interested in the management of the company's affairs, although nearly seventy-eight years of age.

In the public life of the city Mr. Stackpole has long been prominent, and although never seeking public honors, was twice persuaded to accept office, once in the city government, where he served for a

period of three years, and as representative to the State Legislature for two years, 1900 and 1901. Mr. Stackpole has been a member of the Bay State Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, for fifty years. He is a member of Post No. 5, Grand Army of the Republic, one of the few left to recall the struggle between the North and South. He is also a member of the Park Club.

On December 7, 1865, Mr. Stackpole married Mary A. Harwood, daughter of David Harwood, and they are the parents of two children: Charles Vassar; and Mabel E., now the wife of Prescott Newhall.

STEPHENSON & OSBORNE—Since 1911 this firm, manufacturers of women's cut soles, has been among Lynn's successful industries. It was founded in that year by William R. C. Stephenson and Jackson W. Osborne (see sketch following), both with many years of experience in the cut sole business.

William R. C. Stephenson, the senior member of the firm, Stephenson & Osborne, was born September 12, 1868, at East Orange, New Jersey, son of Edward H. and Charlotte M. (Beers) Stephenson, and was educated in private schools at Orange. At the age of sixteen years he went to work as an office boy in New York City with leather merchants, and in 1898 came to Boston, removing thence to Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1902. From the latter year until 1911, the year in which the company was formed, Mr. Stephenson was a salesman for leather merchants.

Mr. Stephenson married, November 13, 1910, Sarah E. Clough, of Lynn, daughter of Micajah and Harriet (Kelley) Clough, and their children are: Sarah E., born September 18, 1911; and Eleanor B., born December 9, 1912. Mr. Stephenson's clubs are the Tedesco and the Algonquin, and he is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

JACKSON W. OSBORNE, junior member of the firm of Stephenson & Osborne, was born in Rochester, New York, April 20, 1882, son of Edward and Sarah Jane (Hicks) Osborne. He attended the public schools and at the age of fifteen years was employed in a leather store, where he continued for a year. In the fall of 1898 he came to Boston and was employed as a salesman for a merchant dealing in leather and cut-soles. After six years, Mr. Osborne became associated with a Lynn manufacturer, where he remained until 1911, in which year the partnership with Mr. Stephenson (see preceding sketch) was formed and which has successfully continued since that time.

Mr. Osborne is a member of Hiram Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Menotomy, Royal Arch Chapter; the Winchester Country Club; the Nashua Country Club; the Middlesex Sportsmen's Association; and the Lynn Chamber of Commerce. With his family Mr. Osborne attends the Episcopal church of Arlington.

Mr. Osborne married, October 29, 1902, Jane L.

Stentiford, daughter of Frederick H. and Mary (Wales) Stentiford, and their children are: Dolores, born November 28, 1903; and Elizabeth J., born November 25, 1909.

THE HYGRADE LAMP COMPANY—Of the many industries which go to make up the present business supremacy of Salem, Massachusetts, one of the most rapidly growing concerns is the Hygrade Lamp Company, manufacturers of incandescent lamps. The personnel of this company comprises a group of men who have built out of nothing the progressive industry which has become a significant factor in the prosperity of this city: Mr. E. J. Poor, president and sales manager; Mr. F. A. Poor, treasurer and general manager; Mr. W. E. Poor, assistant general manager, and Mr. J. H. Poor, director.

The beginnings of this industry were of the smallest and most unpromising. The capital amounted to three thousand five hundred dollars, obtained from the sale of a hay and grain business which Mr. Frank A. Poor had conducted for a few years theretofore, on the corner of Front and Central streets, in Salem. This money he invested, in 1901, in the original project, in Middleton, Massachusetts, under the name of the Merritt Manufacturing Company, with Matthew Merritt as one of the owners of the company. The business of this company was the refilling or renewing of carbon incandescent electric lamps, and the processes used had been originated and developed by Mr. Merritt, the pioneer of this idea in Essex county. With the existing facilities the work handled amounted to only about five hundred lamps a day, and those of inferior quality. At this point most men would have dropped the idea, counting himself fortunate to have lost no more. Not so the man who has since vindicated his faith in himself and in the future. Mr. Poor bought Mr. Merritt's interests, removed the plant to Danvers, in this county, and changed the name to the Bay State Lamp Company. The location he secured was an old shoe factory on Hobart street.

Alone now, as head of the enterprise, with a working force of about fifteen individuals, Frank A. Poor carried along all the duties which now require twenty officers and department heads—from president to shipper. Struggling for footing in an indifferent market, with inferior equipment and inefficient processes, the young man, who had only recently reached majority, hung on. After months he ventured to allow himself a salary of ten dollars per week.

The gains were desperately slow. By 1904 the output had grown to about a thousand lamps a day, and the force had increased to twenty people, the financial limitations of the concern enforcing an annual shut-down of some months during the dull season. At this point Edward J. Poor, Mr. Poor's brother, who had just been graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, came in to help out. He relieved Mr. Poor of the rougher

work, such as unpacking and sorting burned-out lamps, and packing the finished product, then as winter came on, acting as fireman, and starting the old, erratic gasoline engine which furnished the power, when it could be persuaded to perform this function.

The years of struggle, which hold a certain grim humor in retrospect, eventually carried the gallant little enterprise to a secure foundation. Mr. Poor's efforts improved the product, and expansion became feasible, although a severe illness had kept his brother out of active participation in the business for a long time. Up to 1909 the business had been along repair or renewing lines exclusively, and Mr. Poor felt that the original production was a field which would give greater returns for effort, and in many ways be far better worth while.

Accordingly, in 1909, Mr. Poor began the manufacture of new carbon lamps. To avoid the possibility of mistaken inferences on the part of the public, a new name was chosen for the new venture, and the Hygrade Incandescent Lamp Company was formed, with its trademark duly protected. Expert help was added to the working force, and the factory enlarged, the floor space being nearly doubled. Mr. E. J. Poor's health, meanwhile, had permitted his return, and prosperity became an assured fact, even though still in a modest degree. Then Mr. Joseph H. Poor, who had retired, after thirty years in the leather business, dropped in upon his sons occasionally, finally joining them. Soon after, Mr. Walter E. Poor, another brother, having completed a course in Electrical Engineering, at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, came into the company.

This, in a way, marked an era in the progress of the company. Walter E. Poor took charge of the manufacture of the tungsten lamps, which were now becoming a revolutionary factor in the electric lighting world. His advocacy of limited production and superior quality was adopted as a permanent and inviolable policy, and the refilling of old lamps was discontinued. Walter E. Poor's activities along the line of development of the tungsten lamp placed the Hygrade name in its rightful place on the market. From one point in New York City, on Times Square, nearly thirty-thousand Hygrade lamps were visible, in 1912, in electric signs. A little later the manufacture of carbon lamps was discontinued. The production had now reached 7,500 lamps per day, all tungsten, vacuum and gas-filled types. With the unsettled conditions in Europe and the impossibility of obtaining the tungsten filament wire, experts were added to the force, and this wire became a part of the regular product of the plant, and proved to be of a quality superior to any foreign make.

All these steps spelled progress. The sales force had become an organization in itself, and one composed of the best men in that line of endeavor. The constantly increasing demand for the Hygrade product necessitated more commodious and modern quarters. In 1915 a site was chosen in Salem,



Plant of the
HYGRADE LAMP CO
Salem Mass

and a factory built to plans especially adopted to the requirements of this concern, and on Friday night, of the 19th of February, 1916, the work of transfer was begun. This date was utilized on account of the holiday on the following Monday. On Tuesday morning, at the usual starting hour, the Mount Department, the first moved, was in full operation, and its production for the day was the largest then on record. Another department was in full operation at noon, and thereafter, each day during that week a department was moved, in most cases the operators leaving their machines at night in Danvers, and finding them ready for operation in Salem the next morning. The actual production loss for the month of February in that year, was not more than one day's work.

In 1916 the Hygrade lamps were tendered a most flattering endorsement in being chosen for the entire lighting equipment of the new six million dollar buildings of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in Boston. In 1917 it became necessary to secure more space, and a two-story brick storehouse was erected on land adjoining the plant. With even this addition the plant is rapidly becoming unequal to the demands of production, and more land has been purchased for future expansion.

During the War the Hygrade people gave their quota in men and money, to the great Cause of Humanity. Although the exigencies of the time caused more or less occasion for readjustment, every emergency has been met, and the production has not suffered materially in volume, nor has it suffered one whit in quality.

The company has grown to the production of twenty-five thousand lamps a day, with an ultimate capacity of about thirty-two thousand, and these number two hundred and fifty-two types. The process of manufacture is an interesting story in itself, which must, however, so far as this review is concerned, be relegated to the realm of the technical, for it is of men and their achievements, that the biographer makes record.

And the personal side of this story is its most interesting and significant side. Between the management and their force of nearly four hundred employees, the most cordial relations exist. Every advantage which modern science has devised, is given to the employees. Their health, safety, comfort and happiness are the constant care of the management. The buildings are constructed with the most modern system of ventilation and every possible provision for the comfort and safety of the workers. There is an Employees' Association having a membership of 94.4% of the employees, which pays a death benefit of \$500.00, and a sick benefit of ten dollars weekly. This organization also provides many social and other diversions. A restaurant is maintained, which is patronized by fully eighty per cent. of the employees, there is a commodious hospital and rest room, in charge of a competent nurse, and the employees are encouraged to bring even the slightest injury or accident to the hospital for treatment.

Perhaps the greatest factor in cementing relations between the workers and the employers is the handsome little magazine, called the "Hygrade Triangle," which is published once each month, for distribution among the employees and a few interested friends. The employees themselves constitute the editorial and reportorial force, and are contributors, and through this organ the management keep in touch with the live issues of the day in the production departments. Through it also the management solicits suggestions which will in any way advance the efficiency of the force, or add to their comfort.

In short, while the Hygrade Incandescent Lamp Company is one of the younger of the more important industries of Salem, it is exemplifying, in its daily progress, all those principles of organized effort and industrial progress which count so far toward civic betterment, the safeguarding of the Commonwealth, and enduring National security.

WALTER GRAY PHIPPEN, M. D.—Broadly active in many branches of medical science, and one of the most successful physicians of the day in Essex county, Massachusetts, the history of Dr. Walter Gray Phippen, is of great interest to all, who give even passing attention to the progress of therapeutics.

Dr. Phippen was born in Salem, Massachusetts, on December 25, 1876, and is a son of Arthur H. and Mary E. (Chamberlin) Phippen. Mr. Phippen is a director of the Merchants' National Bank of this city, and prominent in financial affairs.

As a boy Dr. Phippen attended the public schools of Salem, and prepared for college at the Salem High School, from which he was graduated in 1900. Thereafter he entered Harvard Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1904, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Beginning his hospital experience at the Massachusetts General Hospital, in Boston, he acted as surgeon interne for two years. In 1906, after his marriage, the doctor went abroad, and spent one year in study at the Vienna Medical University. Returning to Salem, he entered upon the general practice of medicine in 1907. Since the beginning of his practice the doctor has been connected with the Salem Hospital, first on the out-patient staff, and later, since 1914, as visiting surgeon.

After the devastating fire which swept the city of Salem in 1914, Dr. Phippen was chairman of the sub-committee on health, an auxiliary branch of the Salem Board of Health. The work of this committee comprised the oversight of the great number of homeless families for whose accommodation, hundreds of tents had been erected. Under these abnormal living conditions on such a large scale, the problem of keeping the people in health, and avoiding the possibility of epidemics, held the attention of the foremost physicians of the day in Salem, and their work in this connection, under Dr. Phippen's leadership, carried the city through this crucial period.

In 1907 Dr. Phippen became interested in the anti-tubercular work in Salem, and he has since assisted greatly in this crusade. He is associated with the Medical Tubercular Dispensary and Camp at "The Willows," and is also a member of the executive committee of the Massachusetts Tubercular League, with which he has been connected for a number of years. He is visiting physician at the North Shore Baby Hospital, and is consulting surgeon of the Cable Memorial Hospital. He is a member of the American Medical Association; of the Massachusetts Medical Society; and has been president of the Essex South District Medical Society. He is also a member of the Aesculapian Club, of Boston, one of the leading medical clubs of that city.

In his more personal interests, Dr. Phippen's tastes are clearly revealed. He is a fellow of the College of Surgery and the American Colonial Society, is a member of the Union Club of Boston, and of the Salem Club, of which he is also ex-president. He is a member of the Salem Golf Club, and of the Laurentian Club, a Canadian hunting and fishing club. Besides the doctor's charming home in Salem, he has a country place at Osterville, Massachusetts, in the famous Barnstable county, which he has named "Wyndway."

In 1906 Dr. Walter Gray Phippen married Ethel Arnold Patch, daughter of Morris B. Patch and Emily (White) Patch, of Buffalo, New York. Their adopted son, Robert Jardaine Phippen, was born on August 31, 1916. Dr. Phippen is a member of the Tabernacle Society, and Mrs. Phippen is a member of Grace Church.

ROBERT WILLIS CAVERLY was born in Strafford, New Hampshire, on October 21, 1875, son of Seth W. and Asenath A. (Boody) Caverly of that place. Seth W. Caverly was a farmer in New Hampshire and later a builder in Massachusetts. He died in 1905, his wife surviving him for thirteen years, her death coming in 1918. For many years prior to their death they had resided in Lynn, and their children, three boys and three girls, with the exception of Robert W., were mainly educated in New Hampshire schools, Robert W. passing through the Lynn Classical High School, graduating with the class of 1893. Thereafter, for nineteen years, he was identified with the grocery trade, during that time being connected with several firms of wholesale grocers. In 1912, Mr. Caverly organized the Caverly-Plummer Company. At the outset the company seemed to mainly deal in specialties of the preserved products branch of wholesale groceries, but the company in reality originated in the wish of Mr. Caverly to market a leavening powder which he had invented. In course of time this product, which was put on the market branded with an "R" enclosed in a circle, came into wide demand, and in time the volume of business done in circle R compound tartar made it clear that all other lines handled by the company should be eliminated, and all efforts concentrated on the manufacture of tartar. The company's business place at first was on

Union street, Lynn, but on June 1, 1919, larger quarters were taken at No. 16 Federal street, Lynn, which has since been the company's address.

Mr. Caverly has shown much interest in the public affairs of Lynn, and has manifested definite powers of initiative. He has been among the leaders in several public movements in Lynn during recent years, and he has become distinctly popular, especially among members of the local Rotary Club, of which he is president. In that organization of business men he ranks high, not necessarily because of his present official position, but probably because he is recognized as a man of action, up-to-date and sound in matters of business. His personality also is genial and entertaining. He is also a member of the Oxford Club.

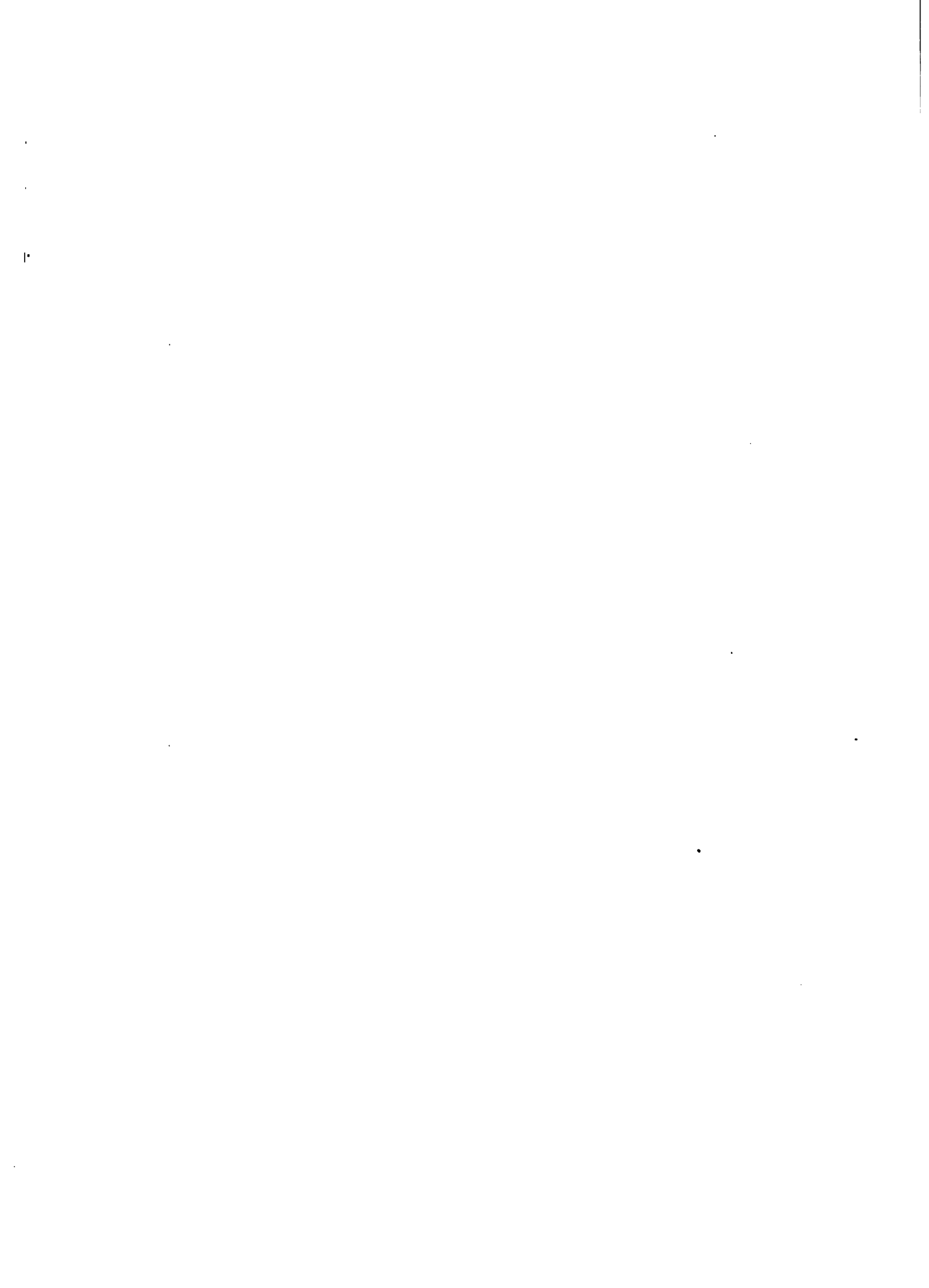
Mr. Caverly married, in 1904, Maude E. Nichols, daughter of John H. and Clara (Libby) Nichols, of Lynn. Mr. Nichols died in 1907, and his widow in 1918. Mr. and Mrs. Caverly have one child, a son, Donald B., who was born in 1907, and now is a high school junior.

WALTER EVERETT SYMONDS, whose death, April 4, 1906, deprived his native State, Massachusetts, of one of its most prominent citizens, and a foremost figure in the industrial world, was a member of a family which from a very early date has been identified with the history of Essex county. The Symonds family originated in Hampshire, England, and the immigrant ancestor, John Symonds, was born there in 1616, and died in 1671, at Salem, Massachusetts. He sailed in 1635 in the "Peter Bonaventure," and two years later joined the Salem Church, being made a freeman the same year. By occupation he was a carpenter, and the Christian name of his wife was Elizabeth.

His descendant, Walter Everett Symonds, was born at Boston, August 13, 1844, son of Stillman and Olive G. (Lovell) Symonds, and until he was twelve years of age, he attended the Boston public schools. At that time his parents removed to Lynn, and there young Symonds attended the high school, and his first business position was in the dry goods store owned by Henry Carleton. From there he went to work for Benjamin Doak & Company, shoe manufacturers, in the capacity of bookkeeper, and so well did he perform his duties that in due course of time he was admitted to the firm, continuing until 1889, in which year the building was destroyed by fire.

In June of the following year Mr. Symonds was elected clerk and treasurer of the Institute for Savings at Lynn, and he also held the office of vice-president of the Five-Cent Savings Bank. Other financial interests of Mr. Symonds included a directorship with the Security Deposit and Trust Company and director of the Essex Trust Company. In 1891 he was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen, and served as clerk and inspector of Precinct 1, Ward 4, and was also civil service examiner.

From 1882 to 1888 he was a trustee of the Lynn Library; was trustee of the Lynn Home for Aged





James J. O'Connell

Women; treasurer of the Lynn Hospital; for thirty-five years was treasurer of the First Universalist Church, and for a similar period was librarian of the Sunday school. He was a member of the Lynn Historical Society, and his clubs were the Chapin Club, the Park Club, and the Oxford Club, of which he was vice-president.

Mr. Symonds married (first) November 9, 1870, Anna Maria Warren, born August 17, 1843, died July 19, 1901, daughter of Asa and Cynthia P. (Breed) Warren. He married (second) January 12, 1903, the sister of his first wife, Mary A. Warren, born March 3, 1856. By the first marriage there were two children: 1. Anna Louise, born December 2, 1871; married, October 5, 1899, Charles A. Collins, she the mother of a child, Helen, born April 20, 1913, and they also have an adopted daughter, Anna, whom they love as their own. 2. Warren L. Symonds, born July 2, 1875, who resides in New York City.

JAMES J. DONOHUE—For many years identified with the leather industry in Essex county, James J. Donohue has for the greater part of his career been the head of the widely known firm of Donohue Brothers, manufacturers of chrome tanned calfskins.

Mr. Donohue was born in Ireland, September 20, 1866, and is a son of John and Eleanor Donohue. Receiving his early education in his native land, and coming to Lynn as a boy of thirteen years, in 1879, he made a thorough preparation for his career, attending the Whiting grammar school, then the English high school, then taking a practical course at the Lee Hall Commercial School, of Lynn. In 1885 he entered the employ of Donohue & White, leather dealers, in the capacity of salesman, continuing with this concern for ten years. He then became affiliated with the firm of Donohue Brothers, and was later made president of the concern, which office he still ably fills. Mr. Donohue is an influential member of the Chamber of Commerce. In connection with his other interests Mr. Donohue serves as president of the State National Bank. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Knights of Columbus, and of the Boy Scouts, and takes a deep interest in the progress of these organizations.

JOHN WILSON TRASK, M. D.—One of the many unwritten chapters in the tale of the World War which the future has yet to pen is that of the physicians who gave their services so freely. When the United States entered the strife she found that before she could call a great soldiery and house them in great camps she must have a great body of medical men to examine them for fitness and afterwards to care for their health. It is one of the marvels of that time that so many freely gave up their practice, their homes, and their family life in answer to the nation's call. And this was but the beginning of sacrifice, for from the first this set of professional men were ill-cared for them-

selves and constantly overworked. They were too few, the problems they had to meet were novel and difficult, and, as was to be expected, epidemics came. It is a fine thing to work and gain appreciation, but it is a far finer thing to labor unregarded, and often criticized, uttering no complaint, as did these men.

Dr. John Wilson Trask saw service in two of this country's most difficult camps. He stood the hardship and work as though born to military life. He won honors in the army, and when, with military duty done, he took up again his medical practice in Lynn, he received well-deserved honors from his community.

Dr. Trask is a native of Philadelphia, born there October 17, 1880, his father, Stephen Wilson Trask, and his mother, Emma Frances (Thompson) Trask, both of old New England families, Mr. Trask of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Trask of New Hampshire. Stephen W. Trask was a veteran of the Civil War. He was connected with the shoe industry all his life.

The early life of Dr. Trask was spent in Lynn, Massachusetts, where he received his elementary education and graduated from the high school in 1898. In further preparation for the profession he now graces he entered the University of Vermont and was graduated with the class of 1904. He soon afterward took up the practice of medicine in Lynn, and early rose to prominence in his profession. He was and is (1921) visiting physician to the Lynn Hospital.

Upon the entrance of the United States into the World War he enlisted and served as captain in the Medical Department, United States army, at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, and later at the Base Hospital, Camp Sevier, South Carolina. Fraternally, Dr. Trask is affiliated with Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Lynn, Massachusetts. He also belongs to the Boston City and Swampscott Masonic clubs.

On November 5, 1907, at Arlington, Massachusetts, he was married to Annie Ross, daughter of Donald and Annie (McKay) Ross, of Nova Scotia. They have one daughter, Isabel Trask, born August 23, 1910.

OLIVER RAYMOND HOWE—A prominent figure in the business life of Lynn, Massachusetts, since 1889 is Mr. Howe. The welfare and advancement of the city has always been uppermost in his mind, and from the time of his coming here he has espoused and given his earnest support to all measures calculated to advance business development. He is a business man of keen ability and has attained a high degree of success.

Oliver Raymond Howe was born in Andover, Massachusetts, September 15, 1851, the son of Oliver S. and Ruth Maria (Alley) Howe. Oliver S. Howe was for many years previous to his death, which occurred in 1867, a Methodist minister. The early education of the boy, Oliver Raymond, was obtained in the schools of the various cities where

his father preached, but later he entered Wesleyan Academy, at Wilbraham, Massachusetts, and was graduated from this institution with the class of 1871. He was class secretary, and it is interesting to note here that he has continued to hold this office through these many years, and in June, 1921, arranged for the fiftieth reunion of the class. His first employment in the business world was with C. H. Delnow. Here he remained for four years, resigning at the end of that time and accepting a position with Charles O. Beede, with whom he remained for fourteen years. One week after the great fire which practically destroyed the city of Lynn, in December, 1889, Mr. Howe established himself in business in a small way at a temporary location outside of the fire ruins. In 1891 he came to Central Square, which has continued to be the location of his business throughout these many years. Success has attended his efforts, and at the present time, 1921, handles an extensive line of rubber clothing, footwear, rubber sundries and sporting goods. For these many years he has been the exclusive representative for one brand of rubbers. Unswerving honesty and fairness has won for him not only the respect but the admiration of his competitors, his success being in every sense of the word self-made—the result of his own indefatigable effort and his own unflinching belief in his ability to succeed. Mr. Howe affiliates with the Masonic order, being a member of Mt. Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Olivet Commandery, No. 36, Knights Templar. He is a member of the First Methodist Church, and has always taken an active part in its affairs. He has served as a member of the local school board and for forty-eight years was one of the members of the Park Square Male Quartette.

Oliver Raymond Howe married, May 14, 1879, Olive A. Guilford, daughter of Samuel Guilford, a lumber merchant of Lynn. Mr. and Mrs. Howe are the parents of one child, Edward Raymond, born February 17, 1880, who is now associated with his father in business, and is also a teacher of piano. He married Meinzie A. Strout, and resides at Beach Bluff.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS PEVEAR—In the leather business in Lynn the name of Pevear has long been prominent. Henry Augustus Pevear was the head of the old and well known firm of Pevear & Company, for many years standing high in the morocco business, and William Augustus Pevear, his son, now retired from active business, was associated with his father and later succeeded him.

Henry Augustus Pevear, besides being a power in the leather world, was for many years president of the National City Bank of Lynn. He was also interested in other industrial organizations, and was president of the Thompson-Houston Company, whose plant was purchased by the General Electric Company. Mr. Pevear was one of the group of five men who were instrumental in bringing the

General Electric Company to Lynn. For years his brother, George K. Pevear, was associated with him in the morocco business.

William Augustus Pevear was born in Lynn, February 20, 1858, and received his early education in the public schools of the city, attending until he was twelve years of age. Then he attended Chauncey Hall, later entering Colby Academy, from which he was graduated in 1876. He was first employed in his father's plant, while the firm was composed of his father and uncle. Later, in 1883, Henry Augustus Pevear, and his three sons, William A., H. Theodore, and Frederick S., formed a new company, and erecting a large, new factory, began the importation of goat skins, from which they manufactured fine leathers for the shoe trade. While thus engaged they also conducted a large store on High street, in Boston. With this multiplicity of interests William A. Pevear had charge of the manufacturing end of the business, which he conducted very successfully. In 1899 the business was closed up, and the building leased, father and sons all retiring from active business interests. The father died in 1912, and H. Theodore Pevear died in 1916.

In public progress and all civic advancement Mr. Pevear has always taken a deep interest, and while a supporter of the Republican party, he has never been a politician. He is a member of the Oxford Club and the Tedesco Country Club.

Mr. Pevear married (first) in Peabody, Massachusetts, Annie E. Johnston, who died in 1899. They were the parents of three children: Jessie S., Elizabeth F., and Theodore F. In 1903 Mr. Pevear married (second) Adaline Sweetser Tufts, daughter of A. Merrill and Alice V. (Barton) Tufts. Mr. Tufts is a taxidermist, of Lynn. Mrs. Tufts is of Boston birth. Mr. and Mrs. Pevear have three children: Barton Tufts, born June 8, 1906; Henry Augustus, born December 10, 1911; and Sarah Allen, born September 25, 1916.

MAURICE ALVAH STEVENS—For almost fifty years identified with the business world of eastern Massachusetts, Maurice A. Stevens has spent the greater part of his career in the coal business and is now a member of one of the leading coal firms of the city of Lynn.

Mr. Stevens was born in Marshfield, Massachusetts, May 7, 1857, and is a son of Peleg and Eliza M. (Torrey) Stevens, old residents of Plymouth county, now deceased. As a boy Mr. Stevens attended the public schools of the day in his native place, then at an early age, (fifteen years,) was employed by the Old Colony Railroad on section work. In 1878 he accepted the position of station agent at Seaview, Massachusetts, on the same railroad, remaining for about two years. He then went to Middleboro to learn the jewelry business, but found it of slight interest to him personally, and resolving to waste no more time in this field, a year later went to Marlboro, where he was offered a desirable position as clerk in a dry goods store, which position



Maurice A. Stevens.

he held for three years. He then came to Lynn, where he entered the employ of R. A. Spaulding, a leading dry goods merchant, as floor man and salesman. In 1883, the firm of Ward & Merritt having been dissolved, Mr. Stevens became associated with Mr. Henry A. Ward, and under this partnership they became the leading hatters of the city, the arrangement enduring for eleven years. In 1895 Mr. Stevens entered the field of mercantile activity in which he has since been continuously active, the coal business, forming a partnership with Frank M. Breed, under the firm name of Breed & Stevens. Four years later, Mr. Breed withdrawing, the firm became Stevens & Newhall, and so continued for a period of eleven years. Then in 1910 a consolidation of interests was entered upon, and the corporation since has been known as the Sprague, Breed, Stevens & Newhall. Mr. Stevens, as vice-president of the concern, has been active in its progress, and still holds that office.

Mr. Stevens is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and his clubs are the Rotary, the Oxford and the Park. On June 19, 1883, Mr. Stevens married Gertrude Wright Abbott, daughter of Frederick and Martha (Hay) Abbott, of North Reading, Massachusetts, and they have one daughter, Lillian Wright, born October 29, 1889.

JOHN ALVIN BALCOM, M. D., Ph. D.—For many years a successful physician of Lynn, Massachusetts, and now holding a leading position in the medical profession in Essex county, Dr. Balcom is highly esteemed in this city as a citizen and a professional man.

Dr. Balcom was born in Marlboro, Massachusetts, October 26, 1869, and is a son of John H. and Addie (Champion) Balcom. Attending high school at Ashland, Massachusetts, he entered Boston University, and was graduated in 1892 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, then, in preparation for his chosen profession, he entered the Medical School of the same university, and was graduated in 1895, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Beginning practice in Haverhill, Massachusetts, he remained there one year, then came to Lynn, establishing his practice here on February 15, 1897. Now, for nearly twenty-five years, Dr. Balcom has successfully carried on the general practice of medicine, winning a prominent position in the profession.

Dr. Balcom is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Massachusetts Homœopathic Society, the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynecological Society, the Boston Homœopathic Medical Society, and the Lynn Medical Society. He is ex-president of the Lynn Hospital Board, and was active in the Volunteer Medical Corps during the World War. Fraternally, Dr. Balcom is affiliated with North Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Ashland, Massachusetts, and he is a member of the Homestead Golf Club. He is prominent in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, and is a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Lynn.

Dr. Balcom is married, and has one daughter, Harriet (Balcom) Nichols, who was born September 19, 1895.

RUSSELL BOWDEN is a son of Thomas Jefferson Bowden, long prominent in the vicinity of Marblehead, who conducted a wood-working shop here for a great many years. He died in 1911, leaving the business to his son.

Russell Bowden was born in Marblehead, on February 12, 1858, and here received his education in the public schools. At the age of sixteen years he became associated with his father in the wood-working shop, learning the trade. It was in 1874 that Mr. Bowden entered this business, and he worked with his father continuously until the death of the latter, in 1911, and since that time has been the head of the business.

But Mr. Bowden's conduct of this business has not been confined to the merely mechanical effort connected with the production of the work in hand. His inventive genius has found expression, and the world is better for the results. Among the important inventions which he has placed upon the market are a machine for cutting spring heels, which has been adopted by all the leading shoe manufacturers of the day; a machine for cutting glue in glue factories; a machine for cutting potato chips, and also an adjustable bench for dinking blocks. Aside from these varied activities, Mr. Bowden has also acquired a reputation for excellence in the manufacture of violins.

Outside his business Mr. Bowden has few interests, but is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Marblehead, and of the Mugford Association. He has for a number of years been a member of the Old North Church, of Marblehead.

In 1880 Mr. Bowden married Mary E. Shaw, of Marblehead, and they are the parents of: 1. Thomas R., who was born in Marblehead, in 1891. He received a practical education in the public schools of this city, then entered the profession of tuning, handling both organs and pianos. He was located first at No. 6, Mount Vernon street, and later removed to Salem, reorganizing the business under the firm name of Bowden & LeBlanc. He married, in June, 1920, Charlotte Edmonds, of Newton, Massachusetts. 2. Alice D., who was born in Marblehead, and was educated also in the public schools, after which she became a teacher of the pianoforte in Marblehead. In 1915 she married Arthur Phippen, of Salem, who is engaged in the leather business in that city.

GEORGE B. HUMPHREY—For half a century active in the industrial world of Marblehead, and since his retirement from this line of work broadly interested in shipping, George B. Humphrey, a lifetime resident of this town, is still contributing to the prosperity of the community.

Mr. Humphrey was born in Marblehead, on August 23, 1833, and received a limited, although practical education in the public schools of the day.

When he had completed his studies he entered the employ of one of the early shoe manufacturers of Marblehead, where he remained for about fifty years. During all this time Mr. Humphrey felt the keenest interest in the shipping which has always been so large a part of the activities of the place. Having left the shoe shop, he entered this field of endeavor as agent, also as owner of a large number of the sailing vessels which go out from this port. He has been more than successful in this venture, and is now a power in the maritime world of Marblehead.

Mr. Humphrey is a member of the Auditing Committee of Marblehead, and he was a member of the Columbian Society of Marblehead.

REUBEN HENRY MITCHELL—One of the leading names in the shoe industry in Lynn, Massachusetts, is that of Reuben Henry Mitchell, who, as head of the Mitchell-Caunt Company, stands high in the manufacturing world of Essex county.

Mr. Mitchell was born on March 13, 1879, in the city of New Britain, Connecticut, and is a son of Reuben H. and Jane (Cowlam) Mitchell. Gaining the foundation of his education in the public schools of his native city, the young man also covered the High School course there. Planning a business career, the young man entered Huntsinger's Business College, in Hartford, Connecticut, and was graduated in due course. His first employment was with the P. & F. Corbin Company, large manufacturers of hardware in New Britain, and he continued in their office as clerk, for one year. Thereafter he was in the office of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, as clerk, for a period of six months. His next position was with North & Judd, another big hardware firm in New Britain, where he remained for one year as clerk.

In 1899 Mr. Mitchell came to Lynn, Massachusetts, and entered the employ of the Joseph Caunt Company, prominent shoe manufacturers of this city. He set about to make himself familiar with every department of the shoe industry, learning both the production and the commercial end of the business. Eventually he took over a large interest in the company, and the business was reorganized under the name of the Mitchell-Caunt Company, shoe manufacturers, which association still continues. The company is one of the most important in the city of Lynn, and does an immense business.

Mr. Mitchell has many interests outside his business, of various kinds. He is a director of the Essex Trust Company, and is vice-president of the Lynn Shoe Manufacturers' Association, and is an influential member of the Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Swampscott Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine, and of Olivet Commandery, Knights Templar, of Lynn. He is a popular figure among the clubs of this section, and is a member of the Oxford Club, the Tedesco Club, the Swampscott Masonic Club, and the Boot and Shoe Club of Boston. His religious

convictions place his membership with the Episcopal church.

On January 2, 1902, Mr. Mitchell married Ethel, daughter of George and Nellie (Rose) Knower, of Lynn. They have two children: Marjorie E., born July 15, 1906, and Elizabeth, born December 6, 1909.

WILLIAM PATRICK CONNERY, one of the most public-spirited citizens of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, was born there October 15, 1855, son of Patrick and Bridget (Clancy) Connery. Patrick Connery was a native of Tipperary, Ireland, and his wife came from Limerick. William P. Connery was educated in the schools of Lynn, and among his teachers was Miss Hannah Pickering, for whom the Pickering School is named. At the age of fifteen years, Mr. Connery went to work, first in the shoe shop of Samuel Bubier. Strange enough, theatrical life brought an appeal to him at about this time, and leaving his home ties, he followed this profession for three years, returning at the end of this time to Lynn, fully satisfied with his experiences in stage life. Mr. Connery was destined for higher and greater responsibilities as he was soon to learn. Again he entered the shoe business, working for the P. P. Sherry Company for almost two years. This brings us to the year 1879, when Mr. Connery started in the coal business on a most modest scale, with only one team and delivering the coal himself. Through his upright business methods Mr. Connery won a place for himself and soon was known throughout Lynn for his reliability. His business increased and gradually it became necessary to add more teams until there were nine in all. In 1915 he disposed of the business to Sprague, Breed & Newhall, and at the same time retired from active business, although he has never for a moment relaxed his deep interest in the public affairs of Lynn.

One of the most ardent Democrats, Mr. Connery has supported that party ever since he cast his first vote for Samuel J. Tilden in 1876. Mr. Connery has been called upon several times to hold public office and in the performance of the duties incumbent on these offices he has always fulfilled the predictions of his constituents. He has high ideals of good citizenship and his efforts for the public welfare have always been sane and practical ones.

Mr. Connery was a delegate to the St. Louis Convention which nominated Judge Alton B. Parker for the Presidency; he went to the convention in favor of William Jennings Bryan. For four years Mr. Connery was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee. In 1901 he was elected alderman, and in 1910 was placed in the highest offices within the power of the voters of Lynn—mayor of the city, which office he held for two years. He was the first mayor of Lynn to be elected under the commission form of government.

Relative to Mr. Connery's activities in temperance matters, the following is quoted from the Lynn "Evening News" of April 21, 1915:



Reuben H. Mitchell



As an advocate of temperance, he is known all over the country. He has been for thirty-eight years a total abstainer. He joined the Father Matthew Temperance Society the first time in 1873, after that he joined again in 1877, and has been a member ever since. He was one of the founders of St. Joseph's C. T. A. and has been active in all temperance movements and for the benefits of all individuals whenever he thought he could be of assistance to them. He was one of the pioneers to advocate no licenses in the Commonwealth.

Other affiliations of Mr. Connery are: Charter member of the Knights of Columbus of Lynn; and member of the Irish-American Historical Society since 1884.

In 1882 Mr. Connery married Mary Theresa Haven, of Tipperary, Ireland, daughter of Lawrence and Mary (Murphy) Haven. The children of this marriage were: Mary Aquinis; William P., Jr., who enlisted in 1917 with the 101st Infantry as private and at the time of his discharge in April, 1919, was regimental color sergeant; Anna L.; Josephine C.; Lawrence J., who served on the border in 1916 with the 9th Massachusetts Regiment and held the rank of corporal; in the World War he was sergeant with the 101st Infantry, and saw service in France; in 1919 he was discharged with the commission of second lieutenant; and Margaret L. Mr. Connery and his family are regular attendants of St. Joseph's Church of Lynn and are active in its support. In summing up the career of Mr. Connery it might be said that his success has been due to his habit of thoroughness which he cultivated from his youth.

DWIGHT HERBERT GRAHAM, SR., one of the well known manufacturers of Lynn, Massachusetts, has for many years been identified with the progress of this city. Mr. Graham was born in Brookfield, Connecticut, December 10, 1851, and received a thoroughly practical education in the public schools of his native town.

Coming to Lynn as a young man, he engaged in the manufacture of hats, beginning in a small way, but developing a large and prosperous business interest. Of late years he has gone into the retail end of the hat business, and his attractive store, at No. 109 Monroe street, is a favorite shop among particular people. Mr. Graham has attained wide prominence in his long business activity here, and holds the distinction of having been a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce from its organization. He is also a member and director of the Retail Merchants' Board.

Fraternally, Mr. Graham is very prominent. He is a member of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of William Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Zebulon Council, Royal and Select Masters; of Olivet Commandery, Knights Templar; and is also a member of Aleppo Temple, of Boston, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and of the Swampscott Masonic Club. He is a member of Regis Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; of Lynn Lodge, No. 117, Benevolent and Protective

Order of Elks; and of the Edwin Forest Club. He and his family hold membership in the First Congregational Church of South Norwalk, Connecticut.

On September 28, 1871, Mr. Graham was married in Port Chester, New York, to Augusta Minerva Brown, who was born in Vista, Westchester county, New York, in September, 1852, and is a daughter of Webster A. Brown, long a carpenter of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Graham are the parents of six children: Maud, born July 8, 1872; George Herbert, born March 20, 1874, died April 18, 1919; Dwight Homer, born February 14, 1876; Frederick Webster, born in 1882, in Brooklyn, New York; May, born December 14, 1887, who died on December 24, 1888; and Ralph Brown, born April 20, 1892.

VINCENT SWAIN PETERSON—Among the men who have been identified with the physical growth and development of the city of Salem, Essex county, Massachusetts, Vincent Swain Peterson is one of the leaders. Long active in constructive lines, he is still an important factor in this line of endeavor, also in finance.

Mr. Peterson was born in Salem, Massachusetts, on February 3, 1867, and is a son of Joseph and Harriet A. (Pope) Peterson, both of Massachusetts birth.

Receiving a practical education in the public schools of Salem, Mr. Peterson entered the world of industry at an early age, in the employ of Parson & Peterson, masons and contractors, the junior member of the firm being Mr. Peterson's brother. The first position he held with this firm was as driver of a tip-cart. Later he became an apprentice with the same concern, and still later worked as a journeyman in the same line. In 1896 Mr. Peterson became a partner with his brother, Joseph N. Peterson, and this association continued until the death of the latter, on October 8, 1913. Since that time Mr. Peterson has held the full management of the business.

Since Mr. Peterson's connection with this firm they have built many of the most important buildings in Salem and the adjacent territory. Among these are the Atheneum, the Harmony Grove Chapel, the Merchants' Bank, the Young Men's Christian Association building, the Massachusetts State Normal School, the Masonic Temple, the Naumkeag building, which is now known as the Newmark building, the Webber building, the Lawrence (Massachusetts) Court House, and the Public Library at Lawrence, and has also remodeled the court house at Salem.

The terrible fire of 1914, which affected more or less closely every interest of whatsoever nature in the city of Salem, was vitally significant to every firm in the contracting business. After the fire Mr. Peterson built many residences for those who had been rendered homeless by the destroying element. Among these residences were those of B. Parker Babbridge, Charles S. Chase, and others. They also built the extensive storehouses of Cressy, Dockham & Company, in the devastated area. It was the

Peterson firm which had built, before the fire, the Salem Electric Light and Power plant, the building in the fire district which withstood destruction.

In the public and financial life of the city, Mr. Peterson is a man of broad influence and responsibility. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and during the World War he was a member of the Public Safety Committee of the War Industrial Board, on the Priorities Division.

Mr. Peterson has won a high position in the financial world. He is now president of the Roger Conant Co-operative Bank, of Salem, and a member of the Exchange Board of the Morris Plan Bank, of Salem.

Fraternally, Mr. Peterson is also prominent. He is a member of Essex Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar; and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Politically, he has always been affiliated with the Republican party. He was a member of the old Cogswell Club, a Republican club now gone out of existence, which was composed of Republicans of the old school.

Mr. Peterson's brother, Joseph N. Peterson, whose death in 1913 was a loss to the community, was three times mayor of Salem, and was once elected by the largest vote ever given to a mayor in this city.

Mr. Peterson married Carrie L. Langmaid, daughter of George W. and Lucy (Wheeler) Langmaid. Mrs. Peterson was born in New Hampshire.

FRANK A. MITCHELL, M. D. — One of the rising young physicians of Lynn is Dr. Frank A. Mitchell, whose office is located at No. 164 Essex street. Dr. Mitchell is a son of Edmund J. and Mary F. (Atkins) Mitchell, and was born in Lynn, May 5, 1895.

Gaining his early education in the public schools of Lynn and of New York City, Dr. Mitchell, with the family's change of residence, covered his high school course in the city of Chicago. Then entering the University of Chicago, he studied there for two years, after which he came east and entered the Boston University School of Medicine, from which he was graduated in 1917, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He thereafter served as interne at the Massachusetts Homoeopathic Hospital, and also at the John Haines Memorial Hospital for Contagious Diseases, at Brighton, Massachusetts, then came to his native city and enlisted in the Medical Corps for service overseas. Commissioned first lieutenant, he was stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, where he remained for two months, then was transferred to Camp Meade, and assigned later to the Twenty-eighth Engineers at Camp Bally McElory, in Occoquan, Virginia. Two months later he sailed for France with Company E, of that regiment, and was stationed first at the Verdun front, then in the Argonne, then at St. Mihiel, where he remained until after the armistice was signed. In March, 1919, the doctor went to London, England,

for a course in surgery in a London hospital, remaining until July of that year, then returning to Brest, France, for a time. He sailed for the United States, landing on this side August 12, 1919. On the nineteenth of the same month he received his honorable discharge from the service at Camp Devens, Massachusetts, and returning to Lynn, entered upon the general practice of medicine in this city. He has already won his way to the confidence and esteem of the people, and is considered one of the rising young men of the day in his profession.

Fraternally Dr. Mitchell holds membership with the Knights of Malta, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the New England Order of Protection. He is a member of the American Institute of Homoeopathy, and of the Alpha Sigma Medical fraternity. He is a member of the American Legion, and is a member of the Essex street Baptist church of Lynn. On November 7, 1917, Dr. Mitchell married Edith M. Lister, daughter of Allan C. and Elizabeth M. Lister, of Lynn. They have three children: Allen L., born December 30, 1918, and twins, born September 28, 1920, Mary Frances and Jeanie Preston.

WILLIAM STEVENS FELTON—Prominent in the financial world of Massachusetts, Mr. Felton is also active in many branches of public endeavor. He was born in Salem, Massachusetts, July 2, 1872, and has been a lifelong resident of this city. Receiving his education in the public and high schools of Salem, he began his business career as a clerk in the Salem National Bank. Later, he entered the field in which he has since gained an assured position, and has for some years been the sole proprietor of the William S. Felton Company, investment bankers, real estate and insurance brokers. This business has developed extensively, and is one of the leading firms in this section.

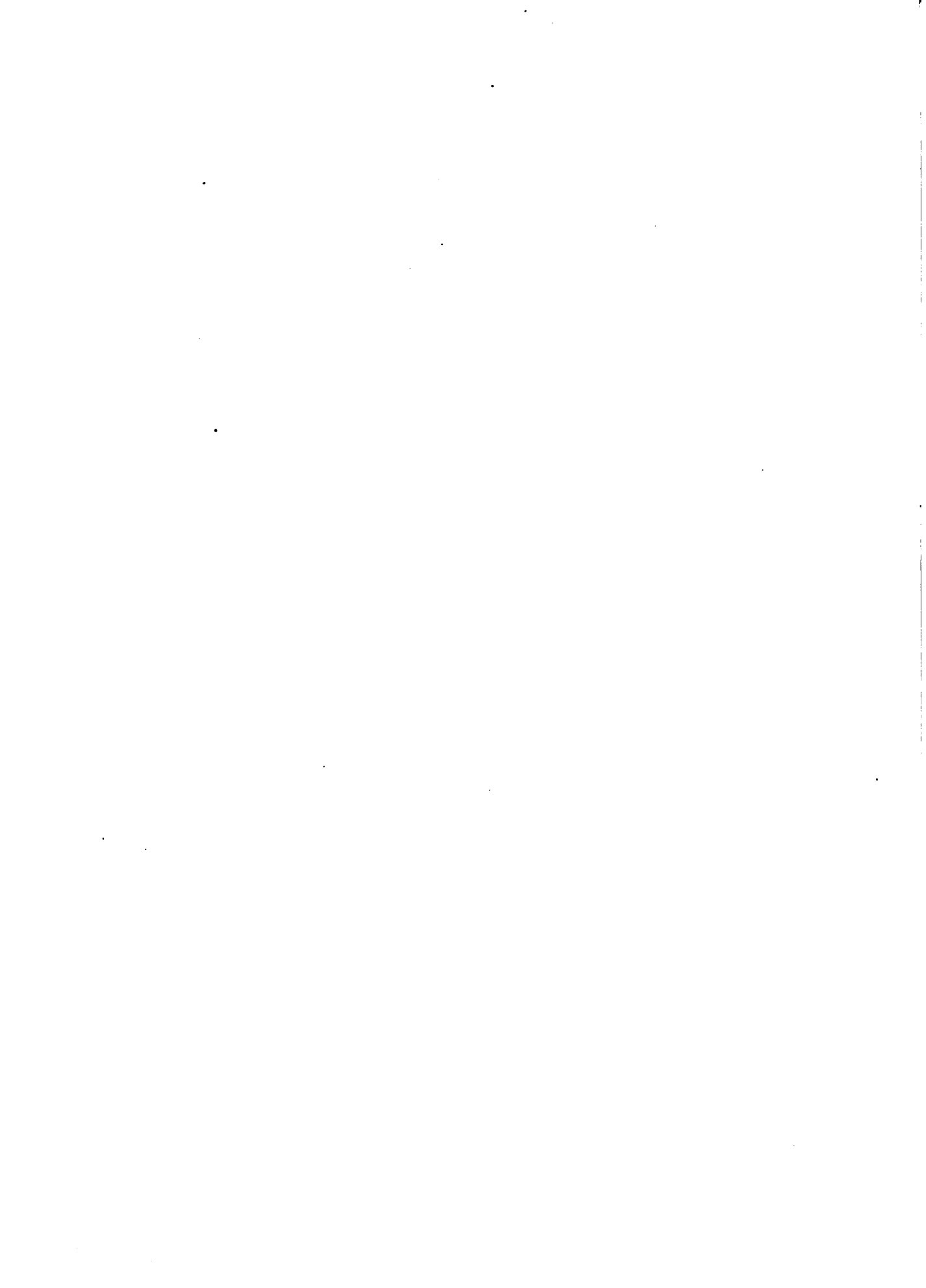
In connection with his individual enterprises, Mr. Felton is associated with some of the leading financial institutions of Eastern Massachusetts. He is director or trustee of the Liberty Trust Company, of Boston; of the Business Men's Co-operative Bank, of Boston; of the Salem Five Cent Savings Bank; the Carr & Daley Shoe Company, of Salem; of the Roger Conant Co-operative Bank, of Salem; and of the Salem Morris Plan Company. Mr. Felton is also director or trustee of the Massachusetts State Chamber of Commerce; of the Tidewater Portland Cement Company, of Baltimore, Maryland; of the Dedham & Hyde Park Gas and Electric Company Voting Trust; and president of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange.

In the Republican party Mr. Felton is a leader. He is chairman of the executive committee of the Republican State Committee, and has been president of the Salem Common Council, president of the Salem Board of Aldermen, and of the Salem Board of Trade.

In the general advance of all worthy objects Mr. Felton is broadly interested. He is chairman of



Frank A. Mitchell, M. D.





HELBURN THOMPSON COMPANY

the Massachusetts International Exposition Commission; and is president of the League of the Friends of Greece in America, and in recognition of his services to this cause has received from King Alexander, of Greece, the Golden Crown of a Knight of the Royal Order of Our Saviour.

Fraternally, Mr. Felton is a member of Star King Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Salem. He is a member of several well known clubs, including the Twentieth Century Club, of Boston, the Appalachian Mountain Club, the Salem Club, the Now and Then Association, of Salem; and the Massachusetts, Middlesex, and Essex Republican clubs.

Mr. Felton married Ethel M. Adams, and they attend the services of the North Unitarian Church.

CHARLES BREED HILTON, one of the prominent business men of Lynn, Massachusetts, a man of broad interests and progressive activities, is remembered in many circles of his native city, although nearly two decades have gone down into history since his passing, in the prime of life, at the age of forty-four years.

Mr. Hilton was descended from an old New England family prominent for many years in Essex county. John Hilton, his grandfather, lived on Market street, in Lynn, and owned very extensive holdings in real estate. He conducted the first express business ever inaugurated in the city of Lynn.

John H. Hilton, son of John Hilton, and Charles B. Hilton's father, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, and was for many years foreman in the Bubber Shoe Factory; he died in 1884. He married Celista A. Bacheller, a daughter of Breed Bacheller, and a descendant of one of the oldest and best known families of Lynn. John H. and Celista A. Bacheller) Hilton were the parents of two children: Charles B., of whom extended mention follows; and Laura E., now Mrs. Towne, who has one daughter, Hazel C., now Mrs. Charles R. Ernst, who has two children, Marjorie Etta, and Reda Baker.

Charles B. Hilton was born at No. 39 Summer street, Lynn, Mass., in 1859, and died May 27, 1903. As a boy he prepared for his business career in the educational institutions of Lynn, his native city. When he had completed his studies, he entered the employ of his uncle, Mr. Hathaway, and for a number of years was associated with him in the flour and grain business. Later, he engaged in the commission business for himself in Boston, his offices and storehouses being located on Congress street. He followed this line of endeavor for many years, then, several years before his death, retired from active business, and devoted his time to looking after his interests in Lynn, in the way of real estate and other affairs, and was thus engaged until his death. He was a member of the Boston Chamber of Commerce from the age of twenty-one until the time of his death.

Mr. Hilton was always alert to the movement of the times in every field of human endeavor, and gave of his time and means to advance every worthy

cause. He was a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Park Club, but although deeply interested in public affairs, never took a leading part in politics nor allowed his name to be brought forward as a candidate for public office.

Mr. Hilton married, June 12, 1893, Annie Hathaway Goss, daughter of George and Caroline (Guterson) Goss, her father being a native of Marblehead, Mass., and her mother of Lynn. Mr. Goss was a leading stove and hardware merchant of Lynn for many years, having his store on Exchange street.

CHARLES CABOT JOHNSON—In the public life of Nahant, Massachusetts, Charles Cabot Johnson is one of the leading figures, having served the community in one or more public offices ever since he attained his majority, a period of twenty-four years. He is also broadly active in the real estate and insurance business.

Mr. Johnson was born in Nahant, December 9, 1876, and is a son of Charles F. and Pauline T. Johnson, old residents of this place. As a boy Mr. Johnson attended the public schools of his native place, later entering the Bryant & Stratton Business College, of Boston, Mass., from which he was graduated in due course. At the age of twenty-one years he became town clerk of Nahant, and served in that capacity for a period of six years. Meanwhile, the following year (1898), he was made collector and treasurer of the town of Nahant, and these offices he still holds, having filled them acceptably for twenty-three years. In 1906-7-8 Mr. Johnson served the town of Nahant as representative in the Massachusetts State Legislature, and was elected to the State Senate from his district for the term of 1912-13. He was the Republican candidate for Congress in 1914 and 1918, and in 1916 acted in the capacity of presidential elector. Mr. Johnson is a fearless advocate of Republican party principles and never loses sight of the ultimate good of the people. In connection with his wide activities in political affairs, he conducts an extensive business in real estate and insurance, his office being located in the Security Trust building in Lynn.

Mr. Johnson is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Loyal Order of Moose, and is also a member of the Father Matthew Total Abstinence Society, and the Kiwanis Club, of Lynn.

On March 24, 1898, Mr. Johnson married Esther A. Curran, daughter of Thomas and Ellen Curran, and they have three sons: Harold, Charles, and Thomas.

ALVAH P. THOMPSON—In the leather business of Essex county, Massachusetts, Alvah P. Thompson, of Salem, is a leading figure. Broadly capable as an executive, he is a part of that great aggregation of prosperous industrial achievement which is holding Essex county at the head of the line of progress.

Mr. Thompson is a son of Erastus and Della B.

(Burden) Thompson. The elder Mr. Thompson was connected with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for more than forty years. Alvah P. Thompson was born in Searsmont, Maine, on January 3, 1873. The family removing to Norwood, Massachusetts, it was there that he received his education in the public schools. He entered the business world in the employ of the same railway system with which his father was connected, but remained in this connection for only a short time. The world of production held for him a stronger appeal, and he went into the Winslow Brothers' Tannery to learn the business. After he had mastered the details, he remained with this company for a considerable time, in all about twelve years.

At the end of that time Mr. Thompson became associated with the Morrill Leather Company, shortly being made assistant superintendent of the company, and remaining with them for about two years. Thereafter he was with the A. C. Lawrence Leather Company for two years in the same capacity. He then became identified with the Helburn Leather Company, and it was under Mr. Thompson's direction that operations were begun in the construction of his former plant, and six years ago the present up-to-date plant was erected. The site of this plant was purchased from the American Hide & Leather Company, and the entire plant was equipped in the most thoroughly modern way. It is carried on in conjunction with two other plants, owned by the same company, which are located at Fulton, New York. The company is composed of Julius Helburn, president; A. P. Thompson, vice-president, and J. W. Helburn, treasurer.

Mr. Thompson, as one of the leading executives of this important interest, stands high in the manufacturing world of Essex county. His belief in the future of Salem, and his active participation in one of the principal industries of the city, place his name high on the list of the prominent citizens of Essex county.

On November 24, 1896, Mr. Thompson married Charlotte, daughter of Theodore Wellington, of Norwood, Massachusetts, and they have one son, Richard, born on December 26, 1908. The family are members of the Tabernacle Church, and are prominent in all the social and benevolent activities of the society.

HAMLIN P. BENNETT, M. D.—Advancement in one of the learned professions is not so much the result of fortuitous circumstance or of influence as it is the result of individual merit, application and skill. When these are combined with ambition and a fixed determination to achieve success, the desired result is inevitable. Dr. Bennett, of Lynn, Massachusetts, has already achieved this enviable reputation in the most difficult of professions and is fairly on the way to even greater distinction.

Hamlin P. Bennett was born in Farmington, New Hampshire, March 27, 1881, and obtained his elementary education in the public schools of his native place. After graduating from the Farmington High School in 1899, he matriculated at Dartmouth

College, where he pursued a literary course and was graduated A. B., class of 1903. In the meantime he had decided to adopt medicine as a profession, and with this end in view he entered the Medical Department of Dartmouth College, from which institution he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. He then served an internship in the Lying-in Hospital in New York City, and the Boston City Hospital, after which he came to Lynn and spent two years in Dr. Gray's private hospital. In 1909, equipped with a thorough practical knowledge which was the result of many months of tireless energy devoted to the profession, he established himself in private practice. Here he has since remained, acquiring a large and steadily growing clientele and carving out for himself a place in the front rank of the city's physicians. He is a member of the Essex County Medical Society and the Lynn Medical fraternity. He has had charge of the Lynn Tuberculosis clinic and is gynecologist for the out-patient department of Lynn Hospital. Dr. Bennett served as city bacteriologist from 1907 to 1919. He affiliates with the Masons, and belongs to St. Stephens Church.

On September 22, 1909, Dr. Bennett was united in marriage with May J. Snow, and to them have been born two children: Roger H., born March 4, 1918, and Gordon P., born May 21, 1915.

It is sometimes said of a man, the early part of whose career is indicative of more than usual promise, that "he will be heard from later." Dr. Bennett has already been heard from, and Lynn thinks that he will be heard from again and for many years to come.

GEORGE HENRY JACKSON—For many years active in the printing business, and a resident of Lynn, Massachusetts, for more than thirty years, George H. Jackson is one of the representative men of the city.

Mr. Jackson comes of a very old family, and is the ninth in lineal descent from James Jackson, who settled in Durham, New Hampshire, in 1687, eight generations of this line having been born in Durham, he being the first born elsewhere. He is a son of John Page and Melissa (Staples) Jackson, formerly of Lowell and Haverhill, Massachusetts.

George Henry Jackson was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, March 9, 1865, and, his parents removing to Haverhill when he was five years of age, it was here that he attended the public schools, laying a practical foundation for his career. In 1881 he left school, and entered the employ of the Haverhill "Gazette" as an apprentice, learning the printer's trade. In 1883, desiring to see something of the world, he went to Maine, where he worked at his trade during that and the following summer, then went South. Setting type in Florida and Louisiana, he afterwards struck North again, and was in Chicago, Illinois, for a time, then in Montreal, Province of Quebec. Eventually returning to Haverhill, he has since remained in the old Bay State. In 1890, after remaining in Haverhill for about five years, Mr. Jackson came to Lynn, where he became identi-





John L. Goodridge

fed with the Lynn "Item." After a time, however, he entered the printing business for himself, in partnership with Ralph W. Prentiss, of Swampscott, this county, the firm becoming Jackson & Prentiss, Inc., their place of business being located at No. 515 Washington street, Lynn. This business has grown and developed very widely and is now one of the leading printing establishments of Essex county.

Since becoming a resident of Lynn, Mr. Jackson has been brought to the front ranks in public affairs. He was elected to the Common Council of the city in 1898 and 1899, and to the Board of Aldermen in 1900 and 1901. First elected in 1902, he served the city of Lynn as representative in the State Legislature for five successive terms. Not only was this signal honor accorded him by the vote of his own city, but following his service in the House of Representatives, he was elected for five successive terms to the State Senate, his public services ending in 1919.

Mr. Jackson is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Rebekahs, the Knights of Pythias, the Sons of Veterans, and other benevolent and fraternal orders.

In 1886 Mr. Jackson married, in Lawrence, Massachusetts, Esther Gertrude Blood, of Methuen, Massachusetts, daughter of Benjamin and Abigail (Frost) Blood. Their children are as follows: Herbert Edwin, born in Groveland, this county, in 1887, died in infancy; Alice Gertrude, born in Haverhill, in 1888; Morris Charles, born in Lynn in 1890; Everett Eugene, born in Lynn, in 1895; George Arthur, born in Lynn in 1898; and Elmer Ellsworth, born in Lynn, in 1909.

RICHARD THOMAS COLE—In the business world of Marblehead, Massachusetts, the more practical branches of mercantile endeavor are in the hands of a group of men who are carrying the town forward, in the best sense of the word. Richard Thomas Cole is prominent in the lumber, building materials and coal business of Marblehead. He is a son of John and Sarah Cole, natives and long residents of Marblehead. John Cole was a prominent wood and coal merchant in Marblehead until his death in 1902.

Richard Thomas Cole was born in London, England, on January 6, 1870, but received his education in the public schools of Marblehead, Massachusetts. He was employed by the American Radiator Company, and later was connected with the E. T. Burrows Screen Company, of Portland, Maine. With this latter company he remained for about fifteen years, but upon the death of his father he took over his business, and has been the leading factor in its development, the firm doing business under the name of the Gilbert & Cole Company. This is now one of the leading houses in its line in Marblehead, and Mr. Cole holds a position of dignity and influence as the manager of the business. Mr. Cole has few interests outside of his business. He is a member of the Unitarian church, of Marblehead.

On October 23, 1898, Mr. Cole married Jane G. Wilson, daughter of Francis B. and Mary J. Wilson, of Marblehead.

JOHN GREENOUGH GOODRIDGE, dentist of Lynn, Massachusetts, was born in that city, May 1, 1894, son of George and Ruth (Greenough) Goodridge, and a scion of a family long established in that section of Massachusetts.

Dr. Goodridge was educated in the public and high schools of Lynn and there prepared himself for college. In 1917 he graduated from Tuft's Dental College with his degree, and soon afterward engaged in the practice of his profession. For eighteen months he was associated with a prominent Boston dentist and then opened an office in City Hall Square, Lynn, later removing to the office in the Lynn Women's Club House, corner of Nahant and Broad streets.

Dr. Goodridge's fraternal affiliations are with the following: he is a member of the Golden Fleece Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Zebulan Council, R. S. M.; Olivet Commandery, Knights Templar; Aleppo Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.; Lynn Chapter, Eastern Star; Kearsage Lodge, I. O. O. F.; Palestine Encampment, I. O. O. F.; Asoka O. O. H. & P. In the interests of his profession Dr. Goodridge is a member of the Metropolitan Dental Society; the Massachusetts Dental Society; the Northeastern Massachusetts Dental Society; the National Dental Association. He is also a member of the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity, and of Tuft's College Alumnae Association. His clubs are the Oxford Club of Lynn and the Swampscott Masonic Club.

THE L. B. SOUTHWICK COMPANY—The L. B. Southwick Company, one of the old established tanning industries of Essex county, is now one of the largest independent concerns in this branch of endeavor in the United States, producing many varieties of stock under the general trade insignia of "Golden Fleece" sheep leathers.

More than forty years ago this business was founded by J. B. Thomas and L. B. Southwick. Mr. Thomas, in the course of his business career, had been identified with various enterprises, among which were numbered the wholesaling of meats, the slaughtering of sheep, and wool pulling. It was in an effort to find a more profitable outlet for his principal by-product, sheep pelts with the wool removed, that he became interested in the tanning industry. Mr. Southwick had previously been interested in a tannery on Lowell street, in this city, in association with his brothers. In fact the Southwicks might well have been termed a family of tanners, and Mr. Southwick was especially fitted for executive responsibility in this industry. Mr. H. A. Southwick, his brother, was one of the original founders of the tannery which today comprises the A. C. Lawrence Leather Company of Peabody.

Entering upon their new project under the name of L. B. Southwick Company, the founders of this business took over the old Jarvis wool shop on

Foster street, and this property formed the nucleus for the extensive holdings of the present organization. In the early days the tannery was considered of minor importance by Mr. Thomas, in comparison with his other interests, and valuable only as a means of conservation. Owing to his death in 1898, he never realized the possibilities of this industry, but Mr. Southwick survived him for twelve years, and saw the business take a leading place among the large leather producers of a new generation.

In the early history of the concern antiquated methods obtained, and the daily output of the plant did not reach beyond fifty dozens skins, these restricted to practically one tannage, and a limited number of finishes. In the years following the death of Mr. Thomas, a few of his former associates became interested in the tannery, and gaining a full insight into the possibilities of the industry, brought to bear the force of their executive ability, won from long experience in business matters of large import, in the support of Mr. Southwick in his plans for expansion and development. The leader of this group, Elliott L. MacDonald, gave to the concern, in its years of struggling advancement, an untiring energy, a keen perception, and a constructive power which gave the enterprise a rare impetus. He is still displaying these same qualities in his position as president and general manager of the concern, the duties of the office of general manager having been taken up by him upon its incorporation in 1906, and that of president upon the death of Mr. L. B. Southwick, who was elected president at the time of incorporation. At that time Elmer B. Thomas was made treasurer, and Prentice H. Thomas, secretary, both relatives of Mr. J. B. Thomas, the founder, and each a trained executive in his special line of work. Clarence W. Barnes was made clerk. In 1908 Maurice C. Hallett was made vice-president, and this group of men have carried the business forward to its present standing. The death of Mr. Southwick, who passed away suddenly in 1910, removed the only surviving member of the original firm, but the efforts of another brother, Mr. A. E. Southwick, long prominent in the sales force, have counted far for progress. He is still active in his branch.

The executives of the concern confer upon the heads of the various production departments, generous measure of praise for their efficiency and loyalty. These veterans of the practical activities, John O'Brien, Marshall Haines, Michael Murphy, Lars Larsen, Dennis O'Connor, and Thomas Colan, are all deans of the tannery, and among their faithful assistants and lieutenants also, are many valuable men.

On the approximately ten acres of contiguous land which comprise the present site of the plant, not a vestige of the original buildings or equipment remains. The property is situated about a quarter of a mile from the center of Peabody. The main factories contain about 100,000 square feet of floor space in brick construction, and about 150,000 in wood. They have their own power-house, store-

houses and spur track, also separate office building. Their holdings include further, several dwelling houses and miscellaneous buildings.

From the original output of about fifty dozen per day, for limited requirements, the plant has expanded to a production of one thousand dozen skins per day, in a great variety of finishes and colors, suitable for every requirement of the trade. The product consists of a large and varied line of sheep leather, not alone destined to reach the shoe trade, but absorbed by the novelty and specialty trades as well. The capacity of the plant is such that it can readily be adapted to turn production into the avenues of greatest demand. In normal times about five hundred men are employed, exclusive of the office force, and the position of this industry in the economic fabric of Essex county is one of deep and broad significance.

GEORGE HERBERT BREED—For many years identified with the industrial world of Lynn in an executive capacity, George Herbert Breed now holds a prominent position in business circles here, and is also connected with some of the leading financial institutions of the city.

Mr. Breed comes of one of the oldest and most prominent families of Essex county, leaders in public affairs in the early history of the Colonies, and active in the early industrial and civic progress of the city of Lynn. He was born in Lynn, April 2, 1859, and is a son of William N. and Caroline A. (Horton) Breed. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native city, he afterwards attended Moses Brown's School, of Providence, Rhode Island, then took a practical course at French's Business College, in Boston. His first employment was in the capacity of clerk with the William N. Breed Company, of Lynn, with whom he has since continued uninterruptedly in the various changes of the firm up to the time of the present corporation of Sprague, Breed, Stevens & Newhall, Incorporated. He has worked his way from the original subordinate position, through various higher positions, until he now has long held the office of vice-president of the concern and is active in its management. He is also a director of the Security Trust Company, and serves on the board of the Lynn Institute of Savings.

Fraternally Mr. Breed holds the thirty-second degree in the Free and Accepted Masons, and is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. He is a member of the Oxford Club, which he has served as president, and is a member of the Tedesco Golf Club. He is vice-president of, and on the board of the Home for Aged Men and also of the Lynn Hospital, and is a member of the First Universalist Church.

On December 3, 1895, Mr. Breed married Edith H. Gove, of Nahant, Massachusetts, daughter of George and Isabella (Johnson) Gove, and they are the parents of three children: Helen M., wife of Malcolm Thomson, of Swampscott, has one child, George Breed Thomson; Edith S., wife of Harold



Oliver E. T. Byby

Warren, of Swampscott, has one child, Mary Johnson Warren; and William Johnson Breed, now at Moses Brown's School.

SAMUEL A. GENTLEE & SON—In mortuary interests in Beverly, Massachusetts, the undertaking firm of Samuel A. Gentlee & Son are leaders. As the head of this firm, Samuel Augustus Gentlee has long been prominent. Mr. Gentlee is a son of Samuel and Lucy Ann (Nichols) Gentlee. Samuel Gentlee was born in Beverly in 1824, and was a shoe-maker by trade. He died many years ago. The mother died when Mr. Gentlee was a child of five. Samuel Augustus Gentlee was born in Beverly, October 25, 1847. He received a practical education in the public schools of the day, then learned his father's trade, as shoe-maker, which he followed for many years. During this time he added to his income, by acting as janitor of the Baptist church of Beverly, filling this position for a period of fifteen years. At an age when most men feel that their destiny has been settled, whether by their own choice or otherwise, Mr. Gentlee determined upon a forward step in the business world. He entered the Massachusetts College of Embalming, and trained for the work which he is now doing, under Professor Clark, then a noted authority in this work. Mr. Gentlee was graduated in 1894, and started in business at once, in Beverly. He started, of course, with horse equipment, but with the passing of the years he has kept pace with the times, and now has a complete motor equipment, including two Hudson limousines. His headquarters are handsome and richly appointed, and fitted up with every facility for the work, and include a funeral parlor and every customary department. Mr. Gentlee is still actively engaged in the business, but for a number of years past, his son, Curtis Haskell Gentlee, has been his able assistant, and carries a large share of the burden. Mr. Gentlee was scarcely more than a child at the outbreak of the Civil War, but shortly before its close managed to enlist in the Second Massachusetts Unattached Infantry, which later became the Eighth Division. He served for a few months, but much to his disappointment, never saw active service in battle. He has for very many years been a member of Post No. 89, Grand Army of the Republic. For twenty years Mr. Gentlee has filled the office of marshal of Liberty Lodge Masons.

In the year 1868, Mr. Gentlee married Adelaide Haskell, daughter of Josiah A. and Martha Jane (Larcom) Haskell, of Beverly Farms, Massachusetts. Mrs. Gentlee's father was town assessor for a great many years. Mr. and Mrs. Gentlee are the parents of one son and one daughter, of whom the daughter is the elder, Stella Frances, who was born March 18, 1871, and is now the wife of William H. Carr, the founder and present owner of the City Shoe Manufacturing Company, of Beverly.

Curtis Haskell Gentlee, the only son, was born May 18, 1885, and is now associated with his father in business. He married, September 22, 1908, Helen Frances Powers, daughter of Benjamin and Mary

Powers, of Gloucester, Massachusetts, and they have one daughter, Madeleine, who was born September 15, 1911.

Mr. Gentlee and his son are rarely congenial in their outside interests as well as in their business association. Both support the Republican party in political matters; both hold the Thirty-second Degree in the Masonic order, and are members of the Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Samuel A. Gentlee is a member of Commandery, Knights Templar, and both are members of the Order of the Eastern Star, Curtis H. Gentlee being past patron of Diana Chapter, No. 101. Both are members of the Masonic Club. Both the elder and the younger Mrs. Gentlee are past patrons of the Eastern Star. The father is a member of Bass River Lodge, No. 141, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Beverly, and the son is a member of Corn Silk Lodge, No. 188, and also of Summit Encampment, No. 41, of the same order. The family have always been members of the Baptist church of Beverly.

DR. OLIVER EDWARD BIXBY—Dr. Bixby, who is taking a prominent position among the leading specialists of Essex county, comes of one of the old Massachusetts families which date back to 1620, mention being made of this family in the early records of Ipswich. The immigrant ancestor, Joseph Bixby, came from Wallingfield, Suffolk, England. In direct line Amos Cyren Bixby, the doctor's grandfather, was born in Fayston, Vermont, April 22, 1835, and served with honor in a regiment of the Vermont Volunteer Infantry.

Charles Freeman Bixby, son of Amos Cyren Bixby, was born in Vermont in 1856, and resided in that State and New Hampshire for many years, later coming to Massachusetts and locating in Haverhill, where he is now prominently identified with the shoe industry as a manufacturer. He married Nellie Cora Gage, who was born in Vermont in 1861, and is also still living. They are the parents of two sons, Oliver Edward, whose name heads this review, and Forrest Dwight, who is connected with the shoe business in association with his father.

Dr. Oliver Edward Bixby was born in Manchester, New Hampshire, April 13, 1886, and received his early education in the public and high schools of his native town, being a graduate of the latter in the class of 1904. Entering the University of Vermont, College of Medicine, at Burlington, he was graduated from that institution in the class of 1908. Acting as interne at the Massachusetts State Hospital for one year, he began the practice of medicine in Saugus, in this county, remaining there for four years. During this period he covered a post-graduate course at Harvard University Medical School, in children's diseases. He was connected with the Children's Department of the Massachusetts General Hospital, during the year following, then in 1913 came to Lynn, and has since practiced here as a specialist in pediatrics. He is now on the staff of the Lynn Hospital (children's department)

is pediatrician at the Union Hospital of Lynn, is assistant physician to out-patients of the Children's Medical Department of the Massachusetts General Hospital, and also is assistant superintendent of Union Hospital of Lynn. His private practice is restricted entirely to his specialty, and he has a fine suite of offices in Lynn, on Broad street, and another office in Salem, this county, at No. 333 Essex street.

In the profession Dr. Bixby stands high, and holds membership in the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts State Medical Society, the Essex county Medical Society, the New England Pediatric Society, and the Lynn Medical fraternity. During the historic epidemic of influenza the city of Lynn opened two emergency hospitals, and Dr. Bixby was placed in full charge of one of these hospitals. Fraternally Dr. Bixby is a member of William Sutton Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Saugus, and of Cliftondale Lodge No. 193, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Masonic Club of Swampscott, and of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Lynn. Politically he supports the Republican party, although he takes only the interest of the citizen in public affairs, and he attends the First Methodist Episcopal Church of East Saugus. On June 30, 1916, Dr. Bixby married Adeline Jane Kellough, daughter of William and Charlotte Kellough. Dr. and Mrs. Bixby are the parents of two children: Ardell Charlotte, born July 6, 1917; and Alvera Helen, born December 1, 1918.

JOB F. HURLBURT—One of the familiar names in construction work in and about Beverly, Massachusetts, is that of Job F. Hurlburt. Mr. Hurlburt is a son of Albert T. and Maria J. (Crosby) Hurlburt, both natives of Nova Scotia. Albert T. Hurlburt was connected with the shipping interests of Yarmouth during his lifetime. After his death, in 1892, his wife came to Beverly, where she has since resided with her sister, Mrs. Richard Patch.

Job F. Hurlburt was born in Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, October 21, 1874. After completing the common school course in the public schools of his native country, Mr. Hurlburt came to Beverly, entering the employ of George Swan, then a prominent carpenter in this section. Remaining in this connection for about three years, he then went to Nahant, and was there associated with J. T. Wilson for about fifteen years. At the end of that time he returned to Beverly, and established himself in the contracting business. From the first he has been very successful, and a large part of his work has been the erection of summer residences in this vicinity, of which he has built many. Interested in every branch of public progress, Mr. Hurlburt has scant leisure to devote to any matters outside his business, but is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

On June 29, 1909, Mr. Hurlburt married Edna Eaton, of Auburn, Maine. Mrs. Hurlburt is a

daughter of John F. and Lucy (Haskell) Eaton, both born in Auburn. Mr. Eaton was engaged in the grocery business in that city for many years.

THOMAS D. SNOW—Identified for the greater part of his life with the construction world of Marblehead, Massachusetts, Thomas D. Snow is still active in the management of his interests as a leading contractor and builder.

Mr. Snow was born in Marblehead, October 12, 1867, and is a son of Gamaliel and Hannah (Cloutman) Snow, both his parents also having been born in Marblehead. Securing his education in the public schools of his native town, Mr. Snow was first employed by J. S. Doane, a prominent carpenter of the day, and with him learned the carpenter's trade. He became expert in this work, and for a time acted in the capacity of foreman for Mr. Doane. Later he left his employer to enter a similar field for himself, and has since been successfully engaged in general contracting in Marblehead.

In all public progress Mr. Snow takes a deep interest, and was at one time a member of Company C, 8th Regiment, M. V. M.

Mr. Snow married Amy Graves, daughter of John M. and Mary (Smith) Graves, of Marblehead. Her mother was a native of Beverly, Massachusetts.

EVERETT K. MURPHY—In the eminently practical field of hardware, Mr. Murphy, of Marblehead, Massachusetts, is making an individual success, and also filling the needs of a large group of citizens. A record of the present activities of this city would be incomplete without his name.

Mr. Murphy is a son of Melzar and Jessie (McCullough) Murphy, both of whom were born in Nova Scotia. Melzar Murphy came to Marblehead in his youth, and spent the greater part of his life here. He followed the trade of carpenter in the employ of the J. A. Steel Company, of Marblehead, for a great many years.

Everett K. Murphy was born in Marblehead on December 30, 1889, and received his education in the public schools of this place. When he had completed the regular course, he entered the business world in the employ of W. A. Brown, the hardware merchant, at No. 14 School street, Marblehead. He was then sixteen years of age, and he has since continued in this business uninterruptedly, remaining in Mr. Brown's employ for nearly nine years, then striking out for himself. In September, 1919, Mr. Murphy bought out Mr. Brown, and has since conducted the business himself, under the name of E. K. Murphy, dealer in hardware. He has thus far been most successful, and the business is growing and developing, and promises large future possibilities.

On June 5, 1917, Mr. Murphy joined the United States navy as quartermaster. He was called for service on March 5, 1918, and was detailed to Norfolk, Virginia, remaining there until his discharge, on February 3, 1919. He is now a member of the American Legion. Mr. Murphy is popular in frat-



Lloyd L. Goodwin

ernal circles, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Mugford Association, of Marblehead.

FLOYD LYMAN GOODWIN—Four generations of last making in one of the great shoe centers of the world is the record of the Goodwin family of Lynn, Massachusetts, and one of the active managers of the business at the present day, is Floyd Lyman Goodwin.

This business was founded in a little factory on what is now Olive street, in East Lynn, in the year 1820, by Richard Richards, the pioneer of America in the last industry. From his small beginning the business grew and prospered, and the founder was succeeded by his son-in-law, Albert T. Goodwin, the great-grandfather of Floyd T. Goodwin, the present manager. In 1848 Albert T. Goodwin dropped the name of Richards from the firm name, and thereafter carried on the business under his own name. Lyman T. and Daniel W. Goodwin, sons of Albert T. Goodwin, entered the factory early in life, learned the business, and were eventually received into partnership. After the great Lynn fire the plant was reestablished on Spring street, in Lynn, and in 1867, the father having turned the business over into their hands, the brothers formed a company under the name of Goodwin Brothers. The business developed so rapidly that it became necessary to seek new quarters, and a commodious factory was built on Oxford street, which became the permanent home of the industry. In 1900 Lyman T. Goodwin and his son, George L. Goodwin, took over the business. In 1911 the business was incorporated, the parties being Lyman T. Goodwin, George L. Goodwin, Frank W. Goodwin, Martha H. Goodwin, and Floyd L. Goodwin. The business was then carried on under the name of Goodwin Brothers Company, Incorporated. In 1915 George L. Goodwin died, after many years of constructive activity in this business, and left his share of the business to his son. In 1916 the corporative form was discontinued, and the partnership form was resumed, the personnel of the firm remained the same until April, 1920, when the Great Reaper gathered to his fathers, Lyman T. Goodwin, the revered head of the firm, and pioneer of the last business, then eighty-four years of age. His son, Frank W. Goodwin, retired from the firm on January 1, 1921, at which time Floyd L. Goodwin acquired his interest. The present partnership consists of Floyd L. Goodwin, and Martha, widow of George L. Goodwin, the name remaining unchanged.

During all the long and eventful history of this business, the standards of the house have remained the same—the highest. Progress, development, and the crystallizing of experience into further progress, greater development, these are the forces which have given the firm of Goodwin Brothers the position in the shoe industry which they hold today.

As the head and active manager of this important interest, Floyd Lyman Goodwin is a leading figure in the shoe industry in Essex county. Mr. Good-

win was born in Lynn, on August 26, 1892, and received his early education in the public schools of the city. He thereafter entered Bryant & Stratton's business college, in Boston, from which he was graduated in 1913. For the next few years he handled general office work in the last factory, and since 1917 has been an active executive, and closely identified with the growth and constant forward movement of the business.

Mr. Goodwin is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and of the Associated Industries of Massachusetts. He is widely known socially, and is a member of the Tedesco Country Club, and of the Oxford Club, of Lynn, and Masonic order. He is a member of the Unitarian church. On November 8, 1914, Mr. Goodwin married Florence Amick, of Lynn.

HORACE POIRIER, M. D.—The long roll of Salem's professional men would be incomplete, without the name of Dr. Horace Poirier, whose office is at No. 197 Lafayette street. Dr. Poirier was born in St. Cyrille, Canada, January 4, 1878; and is a son of Leopold and Louise (Niquette) Poirier. Leopold Poirier is a man of excellent education, having chosen the profession of medicine, and having prepared for it, but without undergoing the strictly technical course. He has the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Other inducements led him to abandon his plans for a professional career, and he has been for many years successfully engaged in large lumber mill interests, from which he is now about to retire, so far as active participation in the business is concerned. He is now justice of the peace, at Drummonville, Canada.

Dr. Poirier received his intermediate education in the grammar schools of his native city, then entered Nicolet College, of Quebec, Canada, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Later he took a medical course at Laval University, of the city of Quebec. He was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, June 10, 1902. He served as interne at the Emergency Hospital at Salem, Massachusetts, for one year, then passed the examination of the Massachusetts State medical board, in May, 1903. He opened his own office in July of that year, for the general practice of medicine. He rapidly built up a substantial practice, and a few years later built the handsome residence, which he now occupies, with office rooms in the same building.

Dr. Poirier, besides enjoying the confidence of a large proportion of the people of this vicinity, is recognized by his colleagues as a leading member of the medical profession. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society; is examining physician for several fraternal orders: the Artizans, the Canadian Francais Union, St. Jean de Baptiste, Foresters of America, and Forestiers Franco-Americans. He is also examining physician for the John Hancock and Metropolitan Insurance companies. In political preference Dr. Poirier is a Republican, and is a staunch supporter of the policies of that party.

Dr. Poirier married, October 15, 1912, Louise H. Hayes, daughter of Abraham Hayes. She was a graduate nurse of Salem Hospital. Dr. Poirier is a member of St. Joseph's (French) Roman Catholic Church. The doctor has little time for social relaxation, always at the command, as he is, of his extensive practice. He acknowledges one hobby, a great fondness for all dumb animals.

F. NORRIS OSBORNE—Successful in his own chosen line of endeavor, and prominent in the public life of the town, F. Norris Osborne, of Marblehead, Massachusetts, represents a group of thoroughly progressive men, in whose hands the business interests of the community move constantly in the right direction.

Mr. Osborne was born in Marblehead, on December 26, 1877. He received a practical education in the public schools of the town, and at an early age entered the world of industry. His first position was with the Clark & MacIntosh Company, of Marblehead, as shoemaker, and he remained with this company for about three years. He next went to J. C. Nicholson, of Swampscott, also shoe manufacturers, and was with them for about two years, later returning to Marblehead, and entering the employ of A. Stevens & Sons. A year there, then a year with Frank Carroll, also of Marblehead, and Mr. Osborne severed his connections permanently with the shoe business. He became associated with S. H. Cole, in the provision business, with whom he remained for about eleven years. He then established a meat and provision business for himself, under the name of the F. N. Osborne Market. Along this line he was very successful, the business developing into an important interest. In 1914 he formed a partnership with Mr. Lewis, and while this endured, the firm name was the Osborne & Lewis Company. In 1915, however, he purchased the interest of Lewis Bragdon and incorporated the business. The name then became the F. N. Osborne Company, and still continues thus. The business now is one of the leaders in its line in Marblehead.

Mr. Osborne's prominence in the business life of the town brought him much before the public eye, and he was very naturally sought for public office. For one year he served as a member of the Board of Overseers, and was for some time a member, and also chairman of the "Live Wire Committee," of Marblehead.

In fraternal circles, Mr. Osborne is well known, being a member of Philanthropic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the Improved Order of Red Men; and of the Knights of Pythias.

On January 1, 1901, Mr. Osborne married Anna C. Blaney, of Marblehead, and they have four children: Bowden G., Edith B., Frank N., Jr., and Elizabeth M.

BENJAMIN W. TREFRY was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, June 15, 1855, and there at-

tended the public schools. At the age of fourteen years, he became a shoe factory worker, and for twenty-five years was so employed in different positions. In 1894 he engaged in the shoe business in Marblehead, but in 1900 again made a change, and from 1900 until the present, 1921, he has been in business for himself as a contractor. He is a cemetery commissioner for Marblehead, and a man of good business capacity.

Mr. Trefry married, in Marblehead, in November, 1910, Almira B. Phillips, born in Marblehead, October 6, 1860, daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Elizabeth (Stone) Phillips, her father born October 22, 1829, died in January, 1919, her mother born in Marblehead, April 30, 1830, died February 21, 1920. Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are the parents of nine children: Addie, married Charles Simmons, of Marblehead; Eliza, married Benjamin F. Brown, of Marblehead; William, died in Marblehead; Sarah J., married Joseph Walsh, of Peabody, Massachusetts; Almira B., married Benjamin W. Trefry, of Marblehead; Susie G., married John Greffy, of Essex; Annie M., married Fred Shampine, of Maine; Thomas J., died in Marblehead; and Joseph.

FRANK HERRICK SANGER—The leather business, one of the leading industries of Essex county, Massachusetts, commands the attention of a very large group of efficient, progressive men. Among these men, Frank Herrick Sanger, of the Nathan H. Poor and Company at Peabody, is a prominent figure.

Mr. Sanger is a son of Charles Albert and Catherine S. (Wright) Sanger, of Peabody, Massachusetts. Charles A. Sanger has for many years been well known in the life insurance business in this section.

Frank Herrick Sanger was born in Peabody, on October 27, 1873. Beginning his education in the public schools of the town, he continued through grammar school, then covered one year in high school. As a young man he followed various lines of endeavor. Becoming connected with the Nathan H. Poor Leather Company as clerk, on December 11, 1899, he was a stockholder one year later, and since January 1, 1916, has been half owner of the business. Mr. Sanger now bears a prominent part in the management of the affairs of the business. Besides his individual business interest in the Nathan H. Poor and Company, which has been the name of the firm since December 28, 1909. Mr. Sanger is a director of the Peabody Coöperative Bank.

The call of public responsibility reached Mr. Sanger some years ago, and was not denied. He was appointed to the finance committee of the town of Peabody, in which connection he served for a period of five years. He served as a trustee of the Peabody Institute for six years, and he is president of the Chamber of Commerce, having long been a member of that body, a director for two years, and was made its president in 1921. Mr. Sanger served in the Second Corps Cadets, Massachusetts State Militia, of Salem, for six years.



F. H. Langor

In fraternal circles Mr. Sanger is widely known. He is a member of Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Peabody; of the Salem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of the Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters, and of the Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, of Salem. He is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston; and is a member of Peabody Lodge, No. 1409, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of which he is the treasurer.

In social circles Mr. Sanger is popular, and he is a member of the most prominent clubs of this section. He holds membership in the Rotary Club, No. 9, of Peabody, in the Peabody Club, the Homestead Golf Club, of Danvers, Massachusetts, the Salem Club, and the Colonial Club, of Salem, the Corinthian Yacht Club, of Marblehead, and the Boston Athletic Association.

Mr. Sanger has not declined to identify himself with religious work, and is active in the support of the Congregational church, and he is a member of the parish of the Universalist church.

Mr. Sanger married (first) on February 28, 1900, Lena Mabel, daughter of Frank and Urilda (Putnam) Newhall, of Lynnfield, Massachusetts, and to that union was born a son, Richard Herrick Sanger. Mr. Sanger married (second) Gertrude Goddard Eames, daughter of Jonathan Goddard and Carrie Elizabeth (Perry) Eames, and they have one son, John Alden Sanger, born on August 12, 1910.

CARLISLE ROYAL GOULD, M. D.—Among the brilliant group of professional men of Salem, Massachusetts, Carlisle Royal Gould, M. D. is a representative individual. Dr. Gould was born in Biddeford, Maine, May 14, 1890. Descended from an old Maine family, he is a son of Royal and Elizabeth (Nicker-son) Gould. Royal Gould was a prominent attorney of Biddeford, a man of dignity, and highly respected in the community.

The doctor received his early education in the public schools of Biddeford, then entered Phillips-Exeter Academy. He finished the course there in 1909, but was not graduated. For his technical training he entered Bowdoin Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1913. He began immediately upon his hospital training, coming to the Salem Hospital July 1, 1913. There he remained until November 1, 1914, then took up general medical practice in the city of Salem. Although still one of the younger members of the medical fraternity in this section, he is building up a practice which clearly indicates the fact that he has firmly established himself in the confidence of the public. Dr. Gould is not only a professional man; he is interested in every branch of civic welfare; and recognizes the responsibility of every man to the general good. He was an associate member of the Draft Board during the European War, and is identified with such movements as make for public progress. He was city physician of Salem, from June 1, 1917, to June 1, 1920. He is a member of the

Essex County Medical Society, and of the American Medical Association.

Dr. Gould married, November 5, 1913, Gladys Loring, daughter of Nesmith Loring, of Yarmouth, Maine. They have one daughter, Elizabeth, born August 20, 1915.

WALTER T. ROCHEFORT—Having established himself in the practice of his chosen profession at Lawrence, Massachusetts, his native city, in 1906, Walter T. Rochefort has for the past fourteen years identified himself closely with all that makes for civic betterment, and at the same time has met with the consistent success professionally which is the result of the possession of those sterling qualities, energy and integrity, linked together with public spirit and a broad vision.

Walter T. Rochefort was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, March 1, 1882, the son of Matthew B. R. and Mary (Gilson) Rochefort. His parents came to Lawrence in 1865, where for many years his father was engaged in the tea and coffee business. Walter T. Rochefort attended the public schools of his native city, and after graduating from the Lawrence High School, matriculated at Harvard College, where he was graduated in 1903, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the Law School of Harvard University and won from this institution the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1906. Passing his bar examinations that same year he returned to Lawrence and immediately established himself in the practice of his profession. He opened an office in the Bay State building and this has remained his headquarters ever since. He has built up an excellent practice and has handled many important cases up to the present, proving himself to be most efficient in his particular line.

Mr. Rochefort is a member of the Essex County Bar Association, the Lawrence City Bar Association, the Chamber of Commerce, and is vice-chairman of the local school board, serving his second term as a member. He affiliates with the Knights of Columbus, St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, and also holds membership in the Lawrence Catholic Club.

On June 28, 1911, at Lawrence, Walter T. Rochefort was united in marriage with Mary Elizabeth Carroll. They are the parents of one child, Mary, born April 18, 1912. The family resides at No. 10 Yale street.

JAMES B. ROBINSON—A member of the Robinson-Toohy Company, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, James B. Robinson stands high in the mercantile world of Essex county. With splendid show rooms and an efficient service station at Nos. 10 to 20 Winter street, in Lawrence, this firm is conceded to be the largest in New England outside the city of Boston in the line of motor distribution and service.

Mr. Robinson was born in Deerfield, New Hampshire, September 22, 1861, and is a son of James and Eliza (White) Robinson. The family came to Lawrence in 1870, and the elder Mr. Robinson for

many years had charge of Belleview Cemetery. Both parents are now deceased.

Having begun his education in the schools of his native town, Mr. Robinson completed his studies in the Lawrence public schools, then entered the business world in the employ of C. A. Metcalf, a prominent hardware dealer of that day, in the spring of 1884. Four years later, upon the death of Mr. Metcalf, Mr. Robinson, in association with Ed. M. Sanborn and M. E. Austin, took over the business, the firm name becoming Sanborn, Austin & Robinson. This was the beginning of the present important business. Changes, in the nature of the case, took place from time to time, but each change counted for growth and development. In 1887 Mr. Austin withdrew from the firm, which continued as Sanborn & Robinson, remaining thus until the withdrawal of Mr. Sanborn in 1907. Then J. L. Toohey, still a member of the firm, was received in partnership, also M. T. Doyle, and the business was continued under the name of the Robinson Hardware Company. Mr. Doyle retiring from the firm in 1914, the name became the Robinson-Toohey Company, no further change having been made since that time in the personnel or name.

During all these years the hardware business was a constantly growing interest, but in the past decade the automobile department has so far outstripped the regular hardware business in importance that in 1919 the hardware business was discontinued and the automobile business very largely increased. This places the Robinson-Toohey Company in the lead in a very extensive territory in the distribution of motor vehicles. They handle the Cadillac, the Durant, and the Nash cars. Their service station is a model of convenience and modern equipment, and in the two departments they keep fifty-five employees busy.

The first location of this business, in the early days of its history, was at No. 327 Essex street, where the original business was founded in 1852. In 1900 a building was purchased at the corner of Essex and Amesbury streets, the firm taking possession the following spring. In August, 1919, the business having outgrown these premises, the present large, handsome building was purchased, and as soon as the necessary interior alterations were completed the business was removed to its new location.

Mr. Robinson is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of the Merrimack Valley Country Club, and of the North Andover Country Club. He resides at No. 79 Johnson street, North Andover.

CHARLES HENRY BEAN—The passing of Charles Henry Bean, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, was deeply regretted, for he had endeared himself to a very large circle of friends by his upright, manly life and for close adherence to high standards of business ethics and private morality. Industry and thrift marked his life and he accomplished much through persevering effort, coupled with marked

business ability. He was the architect of his own fortunes, and when at the end of life his record was closed, there was neither blot nor blemish in the name he bore, a name brought to New England by John Bean, who settled in Exeter, New Hampshire, not later than 1660, he being one of the committee appointed to run the boundary lines between Exeter and adjoining towns. Men of his name have served their country in every war from the days of King Philip and the "Swamp Fight" to the forests of the Argonne, and their citizenship has been of the quality to endure every test of war or peace.

Charles H. Bean, a descendant of the American ancestor, John Bean, and son of Elkanah F. and Charlotte (Evans) Bean, was born in Franklin, New Hampshire, July 17, 1840, and died at his home on Lowell street, Lawrence, Massachusetts, November 18, 1914. The first twelve months of his life were spent in Franklin, then the family moved to Lowell for a short time, but later, in 1852, coming to Lawrence, Massachusetts, and that city was ever afterwards his home. He attended the public schools of both Lowell and Lawrence, and to that equipment added a course of study at Comers Commercial College. After school years were over the young man entered business life and continued actively engaged in commercial enterprises until his retirement in 1901. He worked his way upward in the business world, being at the time of his retirement senior member of the firm of Bean & Poole, lumber dealers, of Lawrence, a business to which the sons of the partners succeeded.

Another interest with which Mr. Bean was identified for many years was the Merchants' Trust Company, a connection recognized by the board of directors of that institution in the following resolution of respect:

On Wednesday, November the eighteenth, 1914, after a brief illness, Charles Henry Bean died at his home on Lowell street, Lawrence, Massachusetts. Mr. Bean became identified with the banking interests of the city in 1889 as a member of the first board of directors of the Merchants' National Bank, and in 1911, when the bank was consolidated with the Lawrence National Bank by the formation of the Merchants' Trust Company, he was elected a director of the new institutions, serving upon the board up to the time of his death. Mr. Bean's high character and conscientious fidelity in the discharge of his duties and responsibilities which he undertook make his death a distinct loss to the city. We wish to record our due appreciation of the honesty of purpose, business ability and uprightness of character of Mr. Bean, and regret at the loss of his presence from among us.

An estimate of Mr. Bean's character cannot be formed without taking into consideration his relation to the church. For many years he was a member of Lawrence Street Congregational Church, but later he became a member of the United Congregational Church. He was particularly useful in his latter years, and his Christian life was sincere and earnest. He was a member of Grecian Lodge,

Free and Accepted Masons; and he was keenly alive to the duties involved in American citizenship. He always declined all offers of public office for himself, except one term as councilman, but he worked zealously for his friends if they were candidates for an office. In his business dealings he was just and upright, and in disposition, genial and agreeable. His friends were legion and he was loyal to every obligation friendship imposes.

Mr. Bean married (first) November 20, 1867, Jennie M. Simonds, daughter of Oliver Plympton and Mary Angelina (Cone) Simonds, both of Peru, Vermont. Mrs. Jennie M. Bean died January 16, 1877, the mother of three children, all born in Lawrence: Mary E., Cyrus E., and Jennie S., the last-named dying in infancy. Mr. Bean married (second) March 22, 1881, Martha Ellen Osgood, daughter of Ira and Sarah Burnham (Parsons) Osgood, her father born in Loudon, her mother in Gilmanton, New Hampshire. Mr. Bean was essentially a home man, here, amid home environment, he was happiest and at his best. Mrs. Martha E. (Osgood) Bean died May 22, 1920.

CHARLES EUGENE FABENS—Four generations of Fabens were vessel owners and shipping merchants of Salem, Massachusetts, Charles Eugene Fabens being the fourth in direct line, the business having been inaugurated by his great-grandfather, William Fabens, who established trade by shipping between Salem, Massachusetts, and Cayenne, French Guiana, South America, in 1816. The business then established continued through four generations, with offices in Salem until they were removed to Boston, and in 1877, by Charles Eugene Fabens, to whose memory this review is dedicated. He was a man of unusual quality and obtained his high distinction as merchant before reaching the prime of his powers, at the age of thirty-nine.

Although born in Cayenne, Charles Eugene Fabens was brought to Salem an infant, and was deeply attached to that city and its people. So strong was his sentiment toward Salem, the headquarters of the fleet of vessels connected with the Fabens' business, that at great inconvenience to his firm, and long after the once extensive foreign commerce of the port had ceased to exist, Mr. Fabens continued to have his vessels arrive and depart from Salem. It was with deep regret that in 1877 he gave the orders to move the business to Boston, and with genuine sadness on his part that the advertisements were posted offering for sale the wharves and buildings which had been so long in the family name. Theirs was a family business and as there were resident heads in Cayenne, as well as in Salem, many Fabens were concerned in this great shipping house.

Charles Eugene Fabens was a son of Charles Henry Fabens, of Salem, and Marie Euphrasie Fabens, daughter of Samuel and Marie Euphrasie (Mathey) Fabens, of Cayenne, French Guiana, and her husband's cousin. At the time of his birth, March 27, 1845, the parents of Charles E. Fabens

were living in Cayenne, French Guiana, but two months later they came to Salem, Massachusetts, although only for a few months. They then returned to Cayenne, which was the family home until 1848, when they came again to Salem, which was ever afterward the home of Charles E. Fabens, the home in Lafayette street being abandoned in 1866 for the Chestnut street residence. The lad, Charles E., attended the private schools in Salem, taught by Miss Robinson, Miss Pierce, Mr. Fitz Waters and Oliver Carlton, these being really a succession of grades. He finished with a business course in a Boston commercial college.

In 1862, at the age of seventeen, he entered the employ of his father, Charles Henry Fabens, then at the head of the Fabens shipping house, and was assigned to the New York office of the house, No. 17 Broadway, where he was bookkeeper and assistant to the manager in chartering and dispatching ships to Cayenne. On the death of Samuel Eugene Fabens, his mother's brother and resident head of the house at Cayenne, Charles E. Fabens was at once sent out by his father to settle his affairs and take charge of the business in Cayenne. In 1869 Charles Henry Fabens died and was succeeded by his two capable sons, whom he had trained for their positions as he had been trained by his father, and he by his father, the founder of the business in 1816.

When these sons, Charles Eugene and Benjamin H. Fabens, succeeded to the shipping business of the Fabens, they formed a partnership and traded under the firm name C. E. & B. H. Fabens, with offices at 211-213 Derby street, Salem, from 1869 to 1879, and at No. 1 Commercial Wharf, Boston, and Atlantic avenue, Boston, at the head of T wharf. Both men were prominent in the business world, Charles Eugene always remaining loyal to the Fabens' shipping house, Benjamin H. being at his death, president of the Naumkeag Bank of Salem. The firm owned a fleet of vessels, including the three brigs, "Lizzie Bigelow," "Mary E. Dana," and "Anna Mitchell"; schooners, "Juno," "Golden City," "Cayenne," and the "Charles H. Fabens," and were part owners in numerous other vessels.

Charles E. Fabens was a man of fine physique, genial manners, lively disposition and cultivated tastes. On his mother's side he traced to French ancestry and he spoke French so well that he was occasionally called upon to act as interpreter in court. He possessed a rich deep bass voice and was prominent in Salem's musical life. He was a charter member of the Salem Oratorio Society and ever retained his membership and his interest, being the central figure in the operetta given in aid of the society the year preceding his death. He sang in the Grace Episcopal Church choir for two decades, he and his family being communicants of that church. He was president of the Salem Schubert Club from its beginning, took leading parts in all their concerts and entertainments, and his death was a stunning blow to the club.

This many-sided man was not only an able, influential business man, a talented musician, and an

excellent citizen, but was also great-hearted, and among his philanthropies was the Old Ladies' Home of Salem, which he served for years as a member of its board of management. He was a Democrat in politics, but never accepted a political office, although never unmindful of his duty as a citizen. On the contrary he was most public-spirited and helpful in all movements to aid Salem interests. All who knew him respected and loved him and his acquaintance was large. In addition to his shipping interests he was a trustee of Salem Savings Bank and a director of Naumkeag National Savings Bank, an institution of which his brother Benjamin H. Fabens was president, as was Eugene Jerome Fabens, whose sketch follows, both these men now, too, gone to join the "great majority."

Charles Eugene Fabens married Bessie Hannah Dyer, of Eastport, Maine, daughter of Charles H. and Hannah Elizabeth (Stevens) Dyer. Children, all born in Salem, Massachusetts: Charles Henry, born at No. 10 Chestnut street, in 1870, died in 1874; Marie Euphrasie, born at No. 44 Chestnut street, November 21, 1874; Bessie Dyer, born at No. 44 Chestnut street, in 1880; and Eugene Jerome, (q.v.). The father of these children, Charles Eugene Fabens, died in Salem, Massachusetts, at his home at No. 10 Chestnut street, January 22, 1885, in his fortieth year.

EUGENE JEROME FABENS—The foregoing record of the parents and connections of Eugene Jerome Fabens, now gone to join the "great caravan," explain how at the age of twenty-five, he was a National bank president, the youngest man ever to hold that high honor in all New England. He was a son, grandson, great-grandson and great-great-grandson of strong-bodied, strong-minded and able business men, and in him the lines of business ancestors, paternal and maternal, converged. He was one of the strong men of his day in the business world, and though stricken in the prime of his youth, his thirty-five years had been so fruitful and so well improved that he had reached a position of honor and importance that few men ever attain, and then only at a much greater age. He was the youngest of the children of Charles Eugene (q.v.) and Bessie Hannah (Dyer) Fabens.

Eugene Jerome Fabens was born at the family home, No. 10 Chestnut street, Salem, Massachusetts, September 15, 1883, died in Salem Hospital, stricken with pneumonia, September 26, 1918. He was educated in Salem grade and high schools and Mr. Stone's School, the old stone school on Chestnut street, Boston, and while he might have had a college training had he so desired, he was anxious to begin his career and chose finance as his field of activity. He first worked in the office of the Peavey Elevator Company at Minneapolis, then entered the brokerage firm of Lee, Higginson & Company, of Boston, and was at once marked as a young man of great ability and ambition, bound to rise. He was well connected, but that only hastened his rise; he needed no fortuitous aids for he was fully

equipped and could not be kept down. After a series of promotions he was elected president of the Naumkeag National Bank, the second of the Fabens name to hold that office, his uncle Benjamin H. Fabens being the first. While Eugene J. Fabens was filling the office, the Naumkeag National Bank was merged with the Mercantile National Bank of Salem and the Asiatic National Bank, the consolidated banks incorporating as the Naumkeag Trust Company. Mr. Fabens was chosen president of that company and until his death was its able and efficient executive head. He was also a director of the Hood Rubber Company of Boston, a trustee of Salem Hospital, the Ropes Memorial, and Bertram Home for the Aged, and interested in many of Salem's activities. Following the destructive Salem fire of 1914, he was appointed a member of the rebuilding committee, and was chosen by the committee as its first president. About the same time he became a member of the firm of Edgerly and Crocker, of Boston, which firm Blake Brothers later took over, and for a year prior to his passing was head of the New York branch.

Mr. Fabens married, June 17, 1907, Katherine Patrick Williams, daughter of Wiley Cook and Sarah (Egbert) Williams, of Frankfort, Kentucky. The four children of Eugene Jerome and Katherine P. (Williams) Fabens were all born in Salem, Massachusetts, except the youngest, who was born in New York City: Charles Eugene, born August 11, 1908; Katherine, born October 17, 1909; Sarah, born April 23, 1914; and Benjamin Henry, born February 24, 1918.

When stricken with pneumonia Mr. Fabens was taken to Salem Hospital and within a week succumbed. When his death was announced, the flags on the city hall and on the buildings of the different corporations were lowered to half mast as a mute token of esteem to the memory of this gifted native son whose life, so full of promise and achievement, had been cut short almost at its very threshold.

DR. PETER LEON MCKALLAGAT was born at Lawrence, Massachusetts, on February 13, 1883, and is a son of Richard and Catherine (Curran) McKallagat. His grandfather was John McKallagat, who was born in Ireland, and lived at Lawrence during the greater part of his life, where he was engaged in the trucking business. His son, Richard McKallagat, was born at Ballard Vale, Massachusetts, in 1843. He was engaged in the hat business during the greater part of his life. He was a man of a very retiring disposition and never took part in politics or other public concerns. He married Catherine Curran, who was born in Ireland in 1858. He died in 1915, survived by his wife and son. Mrs. Catherine (Curran) McKallagat is still living and makes her home at Lawrence, Massachusetts.

Dr. McKallagat received his early education in the public schools of Massachusetts and graduated from the Lawrence High School in 1902. From high school he proceeded to Columbia College, New York City, where he took up the study of medicine. He

a
of
be
in
ns
ok
of
li
st
it
d
f
a
f
i



Eugene Jerome Fabens and Charles Eugene and Katherine Fabens



graduated from Columbia in 1906, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and entered Saint Vincent's Hospital in New York City shortly afterwards. At Saint Vincent's, Dr. McKallagat followed the surgical course, ending his internship in 1908. During the summer of the same year, 1908, he had charge of Saint John's Guild Floating Hospital in New York City.

On October 13, 1908, Dr. McKallagat returned to his native city of Lawrence and established himself in the practice of medicine, with offices on the sixth floor of the Bay State building, where he still remains. He has built up a successful general practice, but specializes in surgery. During the years 1916 to 1920 he served as assistant city physician, and in 1921 he was made city physician and assumed full charge of the Municipal Hospital. This office he still occupies. He was a member of the Lawrence Board of Health during the year 1910, and at the present time serves on the board by virtue of his position as city physician.

During the World War Dr. McKallagat was a member of the Volunteer Medical Corps but was not called into active service. He is a member of the American Medical Association; the Massachusetts Medical Association; the Essex North Medical Association; and he is physician for the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Dr. McKallagat married Marguerite G. Conlon, of Lawrence, on October 15, 1918. Mrs. McKallagat was born at Lawrence in 1889, and is a daughter of Daniel B. and Margaret (Sullivan) Conlon, her father a native of New York. Mr. and Mrs. McKallagat have two children: Daniel Leo, who was born May 29, 1915; and Marguerite C., who was born on July 24, 1916.

W. N. PIKE & SONS, INC.—In the construction world of Lawrence, Massachusetts, this firm holds a leading position. William N. Pike, the founder of this concern, was born in England, on June 17, 1846. He came to this country when a young man, and located in Lawrence about 1866, working first as a stone mason, and later as a builder. He became associated with E. A. Peabody at an early date, and the contracting business, which was conducted under the name of Peabody & Pike, was a leading interest of the time. William N. Pike started for himself in the year 1882, and carried the business forward for a number of years alone, placing it in the front rank in this line of effort. He is now retired from active participation in its management, and resides at Andover, Massachusetts. He married Emma Neate.

Albert W. Pike, elder son of William N. and Emma (Neate) Pike, and president of the above corporation, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, on January 6, 1874. Receiving a practical education in the public schools of Malden, he began work with his father in the contracting line thirty years ago. This association has endured continuously, and now Mr. Pike is at the head of the corporation which still bears the name of its founder. This company does a very extensive contracting business,

constructing buildings of every description, public buildings, industrial and residential structures, and is constantly identified with important building enterprises in this district. The firm was incorporated on March 16, 1917.

In various interests in Lawrence, Mr. Pike is well known. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and of the Lawrence Master Builders' Association, and is president of the Master Builders' Association of Haverhill, and vice president of the Associated Contractors of Massachusetts. He is a prominent member of the Free and Accepted Masons, being a member of all the various bodies of that order, including Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He resides in Columbia Park, Haverhill.

W. E. Pike, the younger son of William N. and Emma (Neate) Pike, was born in Methuen, Massachusetts, in September, 1876. He received his education in the public schools of Malden, Massachusetts, then completed his studies, in preparation for a business career, in a commercial school in Boston. He became associated with his father and elder brother in business about twenty-eight years ago, and has always been active in the affairs of the concern. Upon the incorporation of the business he became treasurer of the company.

W. E. Pike married, in Andover, Massachusetts, on January 12, 1918, Cynthia E. Flint, of that city, and they have one son: Walter Nathaniel. The family resides in Andover, and attends the Baptist church.

FREDERIC WILLIAM HOUSTON—Mankind expects much of the men who are bankers. Money means so many things in the minds of its owners that they scrutinize with great intentness, not only the institution in which they place it, but especially the men who handle it. The man who passes this scrutiny with approval, receives an honor higher than a king can confer. Should you ask the many patrons of the Lawrence Trust Company, the largest trust company in Lawrence, Massachusetts, what they think of Frederic William Houston, its treasurer, they will smile and give the terse reply: "He is all right." It is their way of summing up the man whose all around ability, wisdom and confidence-inspiring character has brought so many of them to the company's doors.

Mr. Houston was born in the city of Lawrence, December 5, 1885, and there has spent the most of his life. The graded and high schools gave him his education, and he was graduated from the latter in 1903. Upon leaving school he secured a position in the Arlington National Bank and was with that institution for eight years. The ability shown, together with the training in banking during these eight years, fitted him for the larger opening that came a year or so after the organizing of the Lawrence Trust Company, November 23, 1910. This concern, even before its formation, had been searching for young men who could come up to its high standards in the many qualities required by its business, and, in 1912, were fortunate in securing

the services of Mr. Houston. Starting as paying and receiving clerk he rose rapidly until in August, 1920, he was elected its treasurer. Although only eleven years old, the Lawrence Trust Company is the largest, strongest and most important banking institution in Essex county and all who have had a share in its marvelous growth are ranked with the highest of the city's professional and business men. Mr. Houston's close attention to his work has precluded many of the activities in civic and political life for which he is so amply fitted. He finds outlet for some of his out-door tastes through membership in the Country Club, and is also a member of the Caledonian Club. Fraternally he is a member of Tuscan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Lawrence, a member of the Consistory, and of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Noble of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston.

On August 16, 1916, he was joined in marriage to Florence Blake, daughter of Herbert E. Blake, a well known native of New Gloucester, Maine, engaged in the mercantile trade, and his wife, Mary L. (Holmes) Blake, also of Maine. Mr. Houston's father was of Scottish birth but coming early to this country, from the neighborhood of Glasgow, was for years a printer at the Pacific mill of Lawrence, Massachusetts. His mother, Margaret (Grant) Houston, also came from the same neighborhood in Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Houston reside in Lawrence and are highly appreciated members of the Congregational church.

THOMAS MATTHEW BARRY, M. D.—One of the most prominent of the younger members of the medical fraternity in Lynn, is Dr. Barry, who in the few years since he came here to practice has attained an enviable reputation as a specialist in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

Dr. Barry was born in Lynn, September 23, 1892, and is a son of Michael and Margaret (Healy) Barry, long residents of this city. Acquiring his early education in the public schools of the city, he was graduated from the classical high school in the class of 1910, entered Tufts College, and was graduated from the medical department of that institution in the class of 1914, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Then Dr. Barry began a rarely comprehensive course of hospital experience, first becoming interne at St. John's Hospital, at Lowell, Massachusetts. Next he spent six months at the Providence (Rhode Island) City Hospital, after which he was at the Nose and Throat Hospital for two years and a half, and the Throat and Nose Hospital in New York City, making an exhaustive study of these organs, in which he has since specialized. Coming to Lynn in 1918, Dr. Barry has already won an assured position in these branches of surgery, and has very little time for any general practice. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and of the Lynn Medical fraternity.

On November 9, 1919, Dr. Barry married Ethlyn M. Oliver, daughter of Thomas and Ethlyn Oliver.

Dr. and Mrs. Barry have two sons: John D., born September 12, 1920; and William F., born August 22, 1921.

JOSEPH MICHAEL HARGEDON—Only during more recent years has the idea become prevalent that the lawyer should be one with whom we are on a friendly basis and not some one we consult only when in trouble. We are thoughtless in what we do or promise, make careless contracts, indite wills that are more than useless, and then some legal light is called in to clear up and settle the difficulty. There is a growing desire, however, to ward off trouble before it comes, and to be on such cordial terms with a lawyer that we can go to him freely before we act. There is no question that the profession is meeting this desire more than half way. There is an ever increasing body of lawyers who are approachable, friendly men who readily win confidence and are worthy of it. It is not, however, any deliberate selfish intention that has made Joseph Michael Hargedon one of this class. He simply cannot help being the cordial, pleasant, sociable fellow that he is. It may come from his Irish blood, or his naturally big heart, or from the many other sides of his character; whatever the cause, certainly he has drawn to himself a large clientele of those who consult him as their friend and attorney. His well known legal knowledge and ability, the vigor with which he makes his clients' cause his own, and his steadfastness in holding out for that which is right, has made him distinguished with his professional associates and clients.

Peter J. Hargedon, father of Joseph M. Hargedon, born in 1857, came from Ireland to America in 1879, and is now resident in Newton, Massachusetts. His wife, Honora, also of Irish birth, was born in that country in 1860.

Joseph Michael Hargedon, son of Peter J. and Honora Hargedon, began life in Newton, Massachusetts, December 18, 1890. He went to the public schools of his town and spent some time in high school and Boston College. Later matriculating at Boston University, he was graduated from the law department in 1919, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Previously (1918), he had been admitted to the bar at Boston. His first practice of law was in Lawrence, Massachusetts, in the office of James A. Donovan and Walter Coulson. This became the firm of Donovan, Coulson & Hargedon on December 1, 1919, and it has a large suite of offices in the Bay State building, where they conduct a very large general law practice.

Mr. Hargedon has other important outside interests, more particularly at Salisbury Beach, where he is a member of the Board of Trade. He is secretary of the Salisbury Beach Pavilion Company; director and clerk of the Salisbury Athletic Association, and president and director of the Stoehrer & Pratt Dodgem Corporation, a large and growing company that is establishing its funmaking device throughout the amusement parks of the United States. He belongs to the Essex County and Law-

rence Bar Associations, and is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce. He finds athletic enjoyment with his many friends at the Merrimac Country Club. His fraternal associations are with the Knights of Columbus, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks as a member of Lodge No. 65, of which he is inner guard. Mr. Hargedon is religiously affiliated with St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

ROBERT WILLIAM MCKAY—Taking a prominent place in his chosen field of endeavor entirely through his own initiative, Robert William McKay, of Cliftondale, Massachusetts, is making the force of his personality count far in the progress of Essex county.

Mr. McKay was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, on March 10, 1893, and is a son of Robert and Maude L. (Montgomery) McKay, long residents of that city.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of Lynn, the boy early developed an ambition to enter the field of journalism. He secured a position on the staff of the Lynn "Item" at the age of fifteen years, while he was still studying, and was graduated from the English High School in 1913. Later he was connected with the Lynn "News," and still later with the Boston "Post."

In March, 1913, Mr. McKay formed a corporation, himself holding the offices of president, secretary and treasurer, and took over the Saugus "Herald." This newspaper was founded in 1887 by James A. Halliday, who was succeeded as owner by Isaac Newton. When Mr. McKay took possession of the plant the paper was a small sheet, of indifferent circulation. He has built it up to a circulation of over 3,300 copies; it is progressive in its editorial policy, and handles a large amount of local and general advertising. Mr. McKay has also taken up the publication of a general line of commercial and other work, and handles a considerable amount of job printing. The plant is equipped with linotype machines, and all the most modern machinery.

Mr. McKay married, in March, 1914, Mabel G. Martin, daughter of Walter and Mabel (Russell) Martin, of Manchester-by-the-Sea. Mr. and Mrs. McKay are the parents of one daughter, Audrey, who was born on October 29, 1916.

WESLEY PENCE MITCHELL—Descended from an old Maine family, and engaged in the automobile service and sales business, Wesley Pence Mitchell, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is prominent in this city.

Mr. Mitchell is a son of Robert Edwin and Ruth Esther (Ewell) Mitchell. Robert E. Mitchell was born in Portland, Maine, being a direct descendant of Nathaniel I. Mitchell, an early dry goods merchant of Portland. Coming to Boston about 1875, Robert E. Mitchell was there engaged as a dry goods merchant for many years, but he and his wife are both now deceased. The mother was a native of Prospect, Maine.

Wesley P. Mitchell was born in Boston, Massachusetts, July 31, 1876. Receiving his early education in the public schools of that city, he later took a course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and further prepared for his future with private study. For many years Mr. Mitchell acted as manufacturers' agent, with headquarters in Boston, handling a large variety of merchandise in the field of women's apparel. In 1918 Mr. Mitchell made a definite change in his business, coming to Lawrence, where he became associated with a local automobile firm in the capacity of salesman. After one year of experience along this line, he opened a service and sales station, at No. 348 Broadway. He has been most successful and is doing a constantly growing business. He handles the Oldsmobile, and now owns the building in which he is located.

Prominent in the business interests of the city, Mr. Mitchell holds a seat in the Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he is a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; and is a member of Lodge No. 1171, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He attends the Episcopal church.

Mr. Mitchell married, in New York City, Alice Martin, of Manchester, Massachusetts, and they have one child, Beverly E. The family resides at No. 383 Haverhill street, Lawrence.

MIAL WOODBURY CHASE—As treasurer of the North Shore Ice Delivery Company, Mr. Chase holds a prominent place in the business circles of Lynn, Massachusetts, for not only is Mial Woodbury Chase influentially interested with the business interests of the city, but as a citizen he is ever ready to do all in his power to promote her best and truest welfare.

Mial Woodbury Chase was born at Lynn, Massachusetts, August 27, 1867, the son of Zachariah J. and Harriett (Moon) Chase, the former a native of Maine, the latter of Lynn. The elementary education of the boy Mial W. was obtained in the public schools of his native city and after graduating from the Lynn Classical High School he entered Black River Academy, at Ludlow, Vermont, where he took a post-graduate course, and it is interesting to note that here he was a classmate of Calvin Coolidge, vice-president-elect of the United States (1920). After completing his course at the academy, he returned to Lynn and became associated with his father in business under the name of Z. J. Chase & Company, ice dealers. Here he remained until 1913, when he became treasurer of the North Shore Ice Delivery Company, which position he holds at the present time.

Mr. Chase has always taken an active interest in politics. He is a member of the Constitutional Convention, is a Representative of the Massachusetts Legislature, and has served on the Lynn School Committee for many years. He is prominent in Masonic circles, having attained the thirty-second degree, and affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Improved Order of Red Men, and the Knights of Pythias. He is also vice-presi-

dent of the Young Men's Christian Association, and attends the Maple Street Methodist Episcopal Church of Lynn. Mr. Chase is a Rotarian.

On October 29, 1893, Mial Woodbury Chase was united in marriage with Maud D. Hollis, daughter of Alonzo and Carrie (Bush) Hollis, of Lynn.

By long identification with the life of the city which was his birthplace, Mial Woodbury Chase has by his fairmindedness and goodwill as a private citizen, and as a representative of the government, won for himself a permanent place in the hearts of the people of Lynn.

REV. PETER M. PIEMONTE—It is peculiarly fitting, in a work of this nature, to record the histories of men who are giving their lives to the service of God. Rev. Peter M. Piemonte of Salem, Massachusetts, is doing the work of a missionary among the people of his native land who have become residents of that city.

Father Piemonte was born in Udine, Province of Venice, Italy, on December 11, 1862, and received his early education in the public schools of that city. Devoutly trained, and always a sincere worshipper, he early recognized the call of God which pointed the way to a life of devotion and sacrifice. He entered Udine Seminary, in Venice, Italy, and was graduated in the year 1884. He was ordained, May 30, 1885, by Monsignor Berengo. Then began his service as curate, which lasted for five years. For seventeen years thereafter he was parish priest at St. Cansciano Church and School, at Prato, Italy. Then desiring a period of quiet and retirement to prepare himself for further activities, he entered into the Congregation of the Stigmatini Fathers, remaining one year on probation. At the close of this period he began preaching in Trient, Italy, and continued there for two years.

Father Piemonte's next move was to cross the seas and take up his church in the United States. This was in 1910, and he came to Scranton, Pennsylvania, where he stayed for one year as associate pastor of the St. Lucia Italian Church in that city. He then was called to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he officiated for one year as assistant pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel. Next he was assistant pastor of the Sacred Heart Church, in Boston, then for one year was assistant pastor of St. John's Church at Swampscott, Essex county, Massachusetts.

It was on November 1, 1914, that Father Piemonte began the good work which he is carrying forward to such success in Salem. On that date he started St. Mary's Italian Mission in temporary quarters at No. 27 Front street. Beginning in a humble way, but sparing neither time nor strength, he has gathered about him in the little mission room, large congregations of his fellow country people, instructing and admonishing them, and at the same time comforting and encouraging them in case of need or adversity. This Mission has shown a most gratifying growth and is a genuine power for good among the Italian-American residents of Salem. Through his indefatigable labors, Father Piemonte

has raised sufficient money and bought land for a new church; and it is safe to predict a future of great usefulness for this church society. The parish now counts two hundred devoted Italian families, and, with Father Piemonte at its head, the new church edifice will soon be an accomplished fact.

ORA WENDELL BOOTHBY — The Boothby family is one of great antiquity and can be traced to an early period. It is believed to have descended from a Danish tribe, Bobi, which was settled early in Britain. The ancestor of the family, Henry Boothby, was born in England, and in 1720 settled at Kittery, Maine. His brother, Thomas Boothby, accompanied him to New England and settled at Wells, Maine. Henry Boothby had a son, Thomas, who settled at Scarborough, Maine.

The family came to Livermore, Maine, at an early date, and the first cabinet maker of that vicinity was Samuel Boothby, undoubtedly a descendant of the immigrant. An Ichabod Boothby drove the stage between Portland and Boston for many years.

The father of Mr. Boothby, Charles H. Boothby, was born in Livermore, and was a manufacturer of shovel handles and scythe snathes. In his later years he retired to his farm and followed agricultural pursuits. He was born February 5, 1821, and died January 26, 1889. He married Betsey Wheeler Hescocock, born February 10, 1833, died August 3, 1894.

Ora Wendell Boothby, son of Charles H. and Betsey W. (Hescocock) Boothby, was born in Livermore, June 13, 1876. He attended the public schools, the Hebron Academy, and the Greenwood Commercial College of Boston. Following his formal education Mr. Boothby took a course in mechanical engineering from private tutors. In October, 1898, he came to Lawrence, Massachusetts, and became identified with the International Textbook Company as division superintendent. He made his headquarters at Lawrence, and had branch offices at Lowell, Haverhill and Newburyport, Massachusetts; and Manchester, Exeter and Nashua, New Hampshire. In March, 1909, Mr. Boothby resigned his position with this company and engaged in his present business under the firm name of the Boothby Press. The office and shop are located at No. 307 Essex street, and a general business in engraving, printing and manufacture of stationery is carried on.

Mr. Boothby is a member of the Rotary Club, the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and is a thirty-second degree Mason. He is a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is past master; member of Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; of which he is past thrice illustrious master; Bethany Commandery, of which he is past commander; the Massachusetts Consistory, and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

On June 12, 1901, Mr. Boothby married, at Lawrence, Ella May Sugatt, and they are the parents



P. M. Piemonte



of a son, Everett Wendell Boothby, of Los Angeles, California, born September 20, 1902. The family attend and aid in the support of the Trinity Congregational Church of Lawrence.

CHARLES PRESCOTT—The office of postmaster of Beverly, Massachusetts, is ably filled by a man of unusual breadth of experience and executive ability—Charles Prescott, whose individual activities have taken him to many parts of the world.

Mr. Prescott was born in Bay Verte, New Brunswick, Canada, on February 16, 1846, and is a son of Charles and Matilda (Madden) Prescott, of that place, both of whom are long since deceased.

Receiving his education in the common schools of that day, the boy left school at the age of fourteen years, and took up a sea-faring life. Fond of adventure, and absolutely fearless, he won his way through all the hardships to become, eventually, master of a ship. This life carried him practically all over the world, the only exception, as it chanced, being the East Indies. He finally gave up the sea as a calling, but still traveled much in the course of his work, for twelve years being in the employ of the Anglo-American Cable and Telegraph Company. In this connection he was stationed at different times at many different points, including Sydney, Nova Scotia, Heart Content, Newfoundland, and many interesting points. Thereafter, Mr. Prescott became associated with railroad interests, and came to Beverly, Massachusetts, in the year 1886, to fill the position of station agent. He continued thus until six years ago, when he was appointed postmaster of Beverly, which position he still fills most acceptably to the general public.

In various activities in Beverly Mr. Prescott is a familiar figure. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and active in the work of the Men's Club of the church.

It is perhaps as commodore of the Jubilee Yacht Club that Mr. Prescott is best known, and will long be remembered. He is an honored and popular member of this organization, and his reminiscences of sea life often form an interesting feature of an evening at the club house.

Mr. Prescott married, in 1870, Lucy A. Clough, daughter of Thomas Clough, of Prince Edward Island. Their three children are as follows: Annie Maud; Charles, deceased; and Myrtle J., the wife of L. R. Jenkins, now a resident of Pachuca, in the State of Hidalgo, Mexico.

MICHAEL S. O'BRIEN, an attorney, with offices in the Bay State building, occupies a prominent place in the professional and business circles of Lawrence, Massachusetts, his native city. His identification with the life of this community is complete through associations in many and diverse fields, commercial, fraternal and social, and as alderman he has rendered public service of merit and value.

Michael S. O'Brien was born in Lawrence, February 17, 1888, the son of Timothy and Mary (Kel-

leher) O'Brien, both deceased. He attended the public schools of his native city, and after finishing the prescribed course at the local high school, matriculated at Dartmouth College, from which institution he was graduated in 1906, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered the law school of Harvard University and three years later won from there the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Returning immediately to his native city, he established himself in legal practice and since has enjoyed a large and lucrative practice.

Mr. O'Brien has always taken a keen and active interest in public affairs and no man has more at heart the welfare and true progress of his home city. He was elected alderman of Lawrence in 1912, and also was director of public property and public works at that time.

Mr. O'Brien has always been ardently devoted to outdoor sports, and it is interesting to note here that while attending Dartmouth College he was captain of the baseball team, playing left field. He is a member of the Merrimac Valley Country Club, and here he spends much of his spare time in his favorite recreation, golf. He is a member of the Lawrence City Bar Association, and the Theta Delta Chi fraternity, and the Casque and Gauntlet, senior society, of Dartmouth College. He is also a member of the Harvard Club and Dartmouth Club. In politics he is a Republican.

On July 26, 1911, Michael S. O'Brien was united in marriage with Helen M. Sawyer, a native of Lawrence, and to them have been born three children: William Smith, Frederick Sawyer, and Helen Marie. The family attend St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church, and reside at No. 200 Bailey street, Lawrence.

JOHN A. PEABODY—In the construction world of Lawrence, Massachusetts, one of the most important firms is that of E. A. Peabody & Son, the oldest business organization in this line of endeavor. This firm has kept step with the times through the passing of the years and has always held a position a little in the lead of the van. John A. Peabody, the present head of the firm, stands high in many interests which have to do with the progress of the city.

Ephraim A. Peabody, Mr. Peabody's father, founded this business about 1860, and was a prominent figure in construction circles during that long period of rapid growth in all manufacturing centers throughout New England, which followed the readjustment of industrial conditions after the Civil War. He was a pioneer contractor in this district, and a man of great force of character. He was born in Dracut, Massachusetts, about 1830, and died in Lawrence, on March 7, 1916.

John A. Peabody was born in Salem, New Hampshire, in 1868, and received his education there in the public schools. In 1896 he went to the nearby city of Lawrence, just over the Massachusetts line, and became associated with his father in the contracting business, which was becoming a very large interest. Together, father and son de-

veloped the business to a still more important and extensive interest, and since the death of his father, John A. Peabody has carried on the business alone without, however, changing the firm name—E. A. Peabody & Son.

This concern, whose office is now in the Bay State building, in Lawrence, has to its credit a very large number of the finer buildings in Lawrence, including industrial plants, and commercial and residential structures. Their business is by no means confined to Lawrence, but reaches into New Hampshire, Vermont, and to distant parts of Massachusetts. Many of the most noteworthy structures in this section are their work. They designed and built the Lawrence Savings Bank; they built the Bay State Bank building, the St. Lawrence Church, the Young Men's Christian Association building, the Home Club building, the Gleason building, and the Lawrence Savings Bank. They built the Brightwood Mills, complete, and many of the most beautiful residences of this city and its environs are the work of this concern. At this time (1921) the firm is constructing a new Masonic Temple in Lawrence, which will cost \$225,000.

John A. Peabody, as head of this far-reaching business, is one of the leading men of this city today. He is interested in two of the leading financial institutions of Lawrence, being a director of the Bay State National Bank, and a trustee of the Essex Savings Bank. He is a director in the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and a member of the Civics Committee of that body.

During the World War, 1917-18, Mr. Peabody was district chairman of the Emergency Help and Equipment Board, for Essex county. His duties included the organizing of all builders and construction firms, and appointing assistant chairmen to cover this work in the following territory: Lawrence, Lowell, Haverhill, Georgetown, Reading, and all points north of Salem, Massachusetts, in Essex county. These firms held themselves prepared to repair without delay, and give first aid to bridges, buildings, and all structural work damaged or destroyed through acts of war fanatics.

Personally, Mr. Peabody is prominent in fraternal circles, being a member of Greacian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Lawrence Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; and also of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He holds the thirty-second degree in this order.

Mr. Peabody married, in Salem, New Hampshire, in 1896, Cora W. Wood, and they have one daughter, Gladys E. The delightful family residence is at No. 32 Dartmouth street, Lawrence, and the family attend the Church of Christ, Scientist.

BENJAMIN F. SYLVESTER—For three generations identified with the industrial world of Essex county, the name of Sylvester holds special significance in Danvers. Benjamin F. Sylvester, a man of broad public spirit, was long prominent here as

the owner of the rolling mill, and with his death the town lost a useful, valued citizen.

Benjamin F. Sylvester was born in Hanover, Massachusetts, in 1833, and was educated in the schools of that town. In his young manhood he removed with the family to Danvers, the father, John Sylvester, purchasing the rolling mill at Danvers, about 1858. This property consisted of a foundry on the farther side of the dam, and a rolling mill on the nearer side, also the water front and tide privileges. John Sylvester was an expert anchor maker, and had spent his lifetime as an iron and steel worker. He forged the first cranks for locomotives in this country. Compared with the great mills of the present day this was a small plant, five tons capacity, but for the time it was a large and important mill and a large business was done. Here the young man became associated with his father, eventually assuming the ownership. Prior to John Sylvester's coming, nails had been manufactured here, also anchors, and it was through his occupation as an anchor maker that John Sylvester came to locate in Danvers. The iron rolled then was imported from Norway and Sweden. After a few years he sold this property, and going to Somerville, Massachusetts, operated the spike works there, residing in Waverly, where he died.

The independent business career of Benjamin F. Sylvester began in 1880, when he returned to Danvers. Entering into a partnership with a Mr. Sias, they purchased the rolling mill, and conducted it for several years. Thereafter A. G. Tompkins bought the property, retaining Mr. Sylvester as superintendent, the arrangement continuing until Mr. Tompkins' death. At that time Benjamin Sylvester and his brother, John, purchased the mill. These changes, in the course of the years, went hand in hand with development and growth, the mill becoming a very important interest. In 1905 occurred the death of John Sylvester, the brother, and the business was incorporated, becoming the Sylvester Company. A further change was made at this time, the capacity being increased to forty tons per day. Tide water docks having been a part of the plant for many years, the company also did a considerable coal business, unloading on their own docks. During the World War the mill handled contract work for the United States Government, and in 1920 the plant was sold to the Massachusetts Iron and Steel Company. This is today the only rolling mill in the State.

During all his residence here in Danvers, Benjamin F. Sylvester took a deep interest in the progress and well-being of the community, although in political matters he took no leading part. He attended the Baptist church, and was active in the work of the church society. His death, in January, 1914, brought home to the people of Danvers the significance of a worthy life as a factor in public advancement, and not only the business associates who had known him so well and the friends to whom his mature counsel was a valued assistance, but also the general public, mourned his passing.



B. F. Lyman

In 1865, Mr. Sylvester married Mary A. Upton, and they were the parents of two sons: George, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, now a mining engineer in Tennessee, who married Bessie Stanley, of Danvers; and Herbert W., who was educated in the public and high schools of Danvers, and at the age of twenty years became associated with his father at the mill. Herbert W. Sylvester, was for fifteen years, superintendent of the mill, after which it was taken over by its present owners.

RALPH E. STONE, M. D.—Broadly active in the medical profession, Dr. Ralph E. Stone, of Beverly, Massachusetts, is contributing materially to the health and well being of the people.

Dr. Stone was born in Shirley, Massachusetts, on July 29, 1877, and is a son of Stephen Henry and Elizabeth S. (Stoddard) Stone. Stephen H. Stone was born in Boston, Massachusetts, and was a broker by occupation. Mrs. Stone was born in Baltimore, Maryland.

As a boy the doctor began his education in the public schools of Shirley, later attended Phillips Andover Academy. His choice of a profession made, he entered Harvard University Medical School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1903, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He has since practiced medicine in Beverly, achieving a marked degree of success. In connection with his private practice, Dr. Stone handles much institutional work. He was director of the Beverly Board of Health Dispensary for four years, and is now consultant of the dispensary, and chairman of the Medical Advisory Board, Division No. 26. He is president of the Beverly Public Health Association; is a member of the staff of the Beverly Hospital; is on the staff of the Cable Memorial Hospital, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and of the North Shore Baby Hospital; and is consulting physician of the New England Industrial School for the Deaf. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Beverly; of the American Medical Association; the Massachusetts Medical Society; the National Tuberculosis Association; and Harvard Club of the North Shore.

Dr. Stone married, in 1903, Lucy Wheatley, of Baltimore, Maryland, daughter of William and Kate Wheatley, of that city, Mrs. Stone's father being a prominent insurance dealer there. Dr. and Mrs. Stone are the parents of four children: Katherine E., fourteen years of age (1922); Ralph E., Jr., thirteen; Constance S., eight; and Barbara, who died June 27, 1911.

SIMEON E. J. LeGENDRE—Returning to his native city of Lawrence, Massachusetts, immediately after graduating in 1911, Mr. LeGendre established himself in the practice of his chosen profession at No. 316 Essex street. The years have brought him professional success, and he is well known throughout the community and is held in the highest esteem by his brethren of the profession who accord him full recognition.

Simeon E. J. LeGendré was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, February 18, 1886, the son of Azarie and Virginia (Couillard) LeGendre. Azarie LeGendre came to Lawrence in 1868 from Lotbinière, Province of Quebec, and for many years was employed by the Boston & Maine railroad. The boy, Simeon E. J., attended the schools of his native city and after graduating from the local high school, having in the meantime determined to adopt the law as a profession, he accordingly matriculated at Boston University Law School and won from that institution the degree of Bachelor of Laws in the class of 1911. Subsequently returning to Lawrence, he established himself in the practice of his profession at his present location. He is a member of the Essex County Bar Association and the Lawrence City Bar Association.

Mr. LeGendre has always been exceedingly active in the affairs of the community, and has held several important offices. He is trustee of the sinking fund of the city of Lawrence, president of the La Caisse Populaire de Lawrence Credit Union, and president of the Social Naturalization Club, Inc. He affiliates with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lawrence Lodge, No. 65. He is a Roman Catholic in his religious belief, and attends the Sacred Heart Church of this denomination.

On February 14, 1912, Simeon E. J. LeGendre was united in marriage with Georgiana Pellerin, a native of Lawrence, and daughter of Ludger Pellerin, and to them have been born three children: Rita, Simeon E. J., Jr., and Alain A. J. The family home is at No 349 South Broadway, Lawrence, Massachusetts.

RICHARD A. HALE—Of the engineering problems which affect the public prosperity in New England communities, there are few of greater weight than the matter of hydraulics. In Lawrence, Richard A. Hale is an authority on this subject, having won his way to his present position through long experience with, and the successful handling of the development of hydraulic power.

Mr. Hale was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, December 3, 1852, the son of Bernice S. and Sophia (Kidder) Hale. He received his early education in the public and high schools of that city, having been graduated from the latter in 1869. Entering the engineering field in a subordinate capacity in the office of Hiram F. Mills, then a prominent hydraulic engineer of Boston, he was there for only a short time when Mr. Mills was appointed chief engineer of the Essex Company and he made Mr. Hale his assistant engineer at Lawrence. This company controls the water power of the Merrimac river at Lawrence. Until 1873 Mr. Hale was engaged in general hydraulic work, and in that year, as a preparation for larger responsibilities, he entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, taking a four years' course, and working with his company during the summer vacations. He was graduated in 1877, with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and thereafter

returned to the offices of the Essex Company, continuing in the capacity of assistant engineer until 1886, when he became principal assistant engineer. In this office he succeeded J. R. Freeman, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, class of 1876, who at that time became consulting engineer with the Boston Manufacturers' Insurance Company.

In the course of his duties Mr. Hale had the oversight and maintenance of dams, canals, locks, etc., governing the distribution of water among the mills along the river, a vital matter to the industries depending upon water power to any considerable degree, each plant presenting its own problem to the man at the head. In connection with this hydraulic work the company has always handled much business in the sale of mill and residence sites, involving street construction and all the attendant problems.

Mr. Hale's work has not by any means been confined to Lawrence. He has investigated and advised upon water powers throughout New England, New York and Delaware, has solved particularly important problems for the Bellows Falls Company, and the Turners Falls Company on the Connecticut river, and has appeared before the legislatures of New York, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut on affairs relative to the development of water powers and other hydraulic matters. He has also served as chairman of commissions, by court appointment, in cases of disputed water rights, and has served as expert in the awarding of damages, many of these cases involving State rights. Of recent years Mr. Hale's work has been largely in a consulting capacity, and for years he was resident engineer of the Essex Company, in practical charge of the work until October, 1921, when upon the death of H. F. Mills, Mr. Hale became chief engineer of the company.

In connection with his other responsibilities, Mr. Hale served for twelve years on the Lawrence Park Commission, during the latter half of that period being chairman of the commission. He resigned in 1906, on account of the pressure of other matters. He has written extensively for engineering journals on topics relating to hydraulic power.

By way of relaxation from the exacting duties of his profession, Mr. Hale some years ago turned to golf. He also takes great interest in photography, and is well posted on various outdoor sports. He is a member of the Appalachian Mountain Club, and has served in the capacity of councillor of topography. He is a member of the American Forestry Association, and has served on the executive committee of the Massachusetts Forestry Association. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers, which he has served as director and president; and of the New England Water Works Association; the National Geographic Society; the American Civic League; the Massachusetts Civic League; the Merrimac Valley Technology Club, of which he is ex-presi-

dent; the Engineers' Club; the Merrimac Valley Country Club; the Lawrence Canoe Club; which he has served as director; the Lawrence Boys' Club, of which he is secretary; and the Monday Night Club. His church affiliation is as a member of Grace Episcopal Church.

On October 28, 1880, Mr. Hale married Arabella Johnson Plummer, of Lawrence, daughter of Frank Plummer, and granddaughter of Rev. Henry Plummer, of Haverhill; and their six children are as follows: Helen Plummer, born August 7, 1881; Frank Bernice, born July 4, 1883; Marguerite Elizabeth, born February 23, 1885, died March 23, 1903; Elliott Kidder, born September 9, 1887, married Geraldine Rideout, of Beverly, and has one son, Richard Augustus (3); Eleanor Johnson, born October 14, 1894; and Richard Augustus, Jr., born July 21, 1898.

JAMES EDWARD BYRNE—For more than a decade Mr. Byrne has been a factor in the progress of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, in the field of real estate and insurance, but for many years previously he was identified with the industrial world of Essex county.

Mr. Byrne was born in Middlebury, Vermont, October 31, 1868, and is a son of Jeremiah and Mary J. Byrne. The subsequent removals of the family to Tilton, Franklin Falls, and Manchester, New Hampshire, brought about his school attendance in these three places, and in the changes he learned a certain adaptability which has been of great value to him in his subsequent career. Leaving school at the age of fourteen years, Mr. Byrne entered the employ of the Manchester Print Works, one of the most celebrated manufacturers of cotton printed fabrics in New England, where he remained for about two years. He then came to Massachusetts, and locating in Saugus, this county, was employed for about one year in the card room of a woolen mill. Then he became a resident of Lynn, where he has since remained. Here he was first employed, in the capacity of clerk, in the Folsom crockery store, then later was in Allen & Boyden's box shop for about one year. Following that, Mr. Byrne learned the barber's trade, which he followed for a period of twenty-four years. Then seeing larger opportunities and broader interest in his present field, he entered the real estate and insurance business about 1910, and is still actively engaged along this line, having handled many important deals in connection with the development of the city.

Mr. Byrne's offices are located in the Security Trust building, and he resides at No. 49 East Park avenue. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Improved Order of Red Men, and of the Knights of Pythias.

On October 23, 1891, Mr. Byrne married Lizzie E. Skerry, and they are the parents of two sons: Leroy R., born April 21, 1893; and Chester E., born January 29, 1895. Leroy R. Byrne, the elder son, is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and during the World War, 1917-



Wilbur K. Easton

18, served in the United States navy, with the rank of ensign.

WILBUR K. EATON—As a prominent resident and successful manufacturer of Lynn, Wilbur K. Eaton is still remembered in the circles in which he moved, although a decade and a half have now passed since he joined the great majority.

Mr. Eaton was born in Warren, New Hampshire, January 1, 1857, and died in Lynn, Massachusetts, in July, 1906. As a boy he attended the public schools of his native town, but was more interested in a business future than the professions, and left school at the age of fifteen years, coming to Lynn, where for a time, he was employed by his uncle in the shoe business. In 1882 Mr. Eaton became associated with Everett L. Hobbs, in the manufacture of popcorn and popcorn confections, first as a summer enterprise at Coney Island, and later as a growing and, eventually, very successful industry in Lynn. Beginning in this city on Boston street, outgrowing these quarters and removing to Washington street, the concern finally built their own factory on Western avenue, purchasing land for the purpose, and erecting and equipping a fine modern plant for its business, both the building and machinery being especially designed to meet its requirements. With retail places at Salem Wil-lows, Beverly Beach and Nahant Beach in Essex county, and at Asbury Park, New Jersey, they sell their product largely through these channels. In the form of corn confections, corn brittle and crispettes, an attractive variety of the favorite popcorn confections being on their list. Mr. Eaton was the head and moving spirit of this business as long as he lived, and after his death Mrs. Eaton retained an interest in the business, the firm name continuing the same.

Mr. Eaton was a man of unusual personal charm, who achieved his own success, building up on the foundations, which he himself laid, an unimposing but substantial and significant success. He was not a man to pose before the public gaze, his chief pleasure, when not occupied by the commands of business, being in the home circle. Beyond his duty as a citizen he took no part in public affairs, but kept informed of the movements of the times, and supported the Republican party. He attended the Methodist Episcopal church, of which his family were members.

In the year 1885, in Lynn, Mr. Eaton married Hattie S. Breed, of Lynn, a descendant of one of the oldest families of this city. The Breed family name is identified with the earliest beginnings of community interest which were the nucleus of the present city of Lynn. The immigrant ancestor of this family, Allen Breed, came to the New World with John Winthrop, in 1630, and was one of the fifty Puritans of that party who settled in "Saugus," now Lynn, the original grant of two hundred acres still being known as "Breed's End." With the birth of the third or fourth generation in the new country (about 1700), the spelling of the name became Breed, and in all the subsequent history

of the Colonies and the young Republic the name has been widely known and as widely honored. Many members of the family scattered to various parts of the country, representatives now residing in practically every State in the Union, but a considerable group of the descendants of Allen Breed have remained in the spot where he first established his home. In public life the name has always been familiar here, Andrew Breed being the fifth mayor of Lynn. The family has always patronized the arts and sciences, and has made many bequests for benevolent purposes. Early members were affiliated with the Society of Friends, later with the Congregational and other churches. The spirit of patriotism has burned high in every generation, giving many men to every struggle of the nation—for independence, for union, and recently for humanity. The name of Breed was connected with the first beginnings of the shoe industry, the first cotton print works, the first salt works, the first gas company, the first bank, and a Breed brought the first coal into Lynn, becoming the first dealer in that commodity. Throughout the history of the city the family has been in the forefront of educational progress, and in response to the public sentiment of the city one of the finest public schools of Lynn was named the Breed School. A tablet in honor of the immigrant ancestor of the family, erected by descendants of Allen Breed, was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies, December 29, 1920, its position being on the Hood street front of the building. It reads thus:

ALLEN BREAD
Yeoman

Born in England 1601
Emigrated to Lynn, then called Saugus,
In 1630, and settled near Breed's Square,
Received 200 acres
In division of town lands 1638.

One of the founders of
Southampton, Long Island, New York, 1640.
Returned to Lynn about 1650.
An influential and religious citizen.
Died 1690-1.

So far as known all the Breeds of
America have descended from him.
Breed's Hill,

Where the Battle of Bunker Hill was
fought, was named for Ebenezer Breed.
Allen Breed's descendants served in all
the wars of the Colonies and Republic
and have been prominent in
the professions and in public life.
Erected 1920.

Asa Breed, born in Lynn, was prominent in this city three generations ago. He owned a great deal of property in the section now traversed by Breed and Nichols streets, which he cut and largely developed. He was very active in all public interests and served on the city council for one term. His son, Sidney I. Breed, served as janitor of one of the public schools for more than forty years. He

married Martha E. Mudge, daughter of Daniel Mudge, and granddaughter of Daniel L. Mudge, one of the first large shoe manufacturers of Lynn. Mr. Mudge built the first brick house in Lynn and owned considerable property there. The Mudge family also dates back to the early history of Essex county, and the name is prominently identified with the industries and the professions in this and other states.

Hattie S. Breed, daughter of Sidney I. and Martha E. (Mudge) Breed, married the late Wilbur K. Eaton, as above noted, and they are the parents of four children: Sidney Breed; Irving W., who married (first) Nellie M. Lear, deceased, and (second) Lavinia Smith; Clarence W., who married Minnie Godfrey; and Mildred H., at home, now a student at Burdette College. The family resides at No. 103 Franklin street, Lynn.

MYRON HENRY DAVIS, M. D.—One of the leading medical practitioners of Saugus, Massachusetts, is Dr. Myron Henry Davis, whose work in connection with the influenza epidemic brought his name into prominence.

Dr. Davis is a son of Amasa B. and Lucy Jane (Tisdale) Davis. Mr. Davis was an extensive landowner of Belchertown, Massachusetts, and conducted important farming and real estate operations, also handling very considerable financial interests in the way of loans. He was born in Belchertown, March 12, 1830, and died in Belchertown. Mrs. Davis was born in Guilford, Windham county, Vermont, March 28, 1832, and was a daughter of True Tisdale, a Methodist minister in his later years.

Dr. Davis was born in Belchertown, February 20, 1862, and, beginning his education in the public schools of that town, completed his high school course there also. He then entered Hitchcock Free Academy, at Brimfield, Massachusetts, from which institution he was graduated in 1881. Thereafter, he entered Harvard Medical University, and was graduated in 1885, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

Beginning practice in Palmer, Massachusetts, in 1886, he continued there until 1891, when he removed to Hardwick, Massachusetts, practicing there until 1911. In that year he came to Saugus, where he has since continued in the general practice of medicine. While Dr. Davis is not connected with any hospital in an official capacity, he attends the various institutions in and about Boston. During the influenza epidemic he was very active in relief work, and the Boston Hospital placed two physicians under his direction as assistants. He is a member of the Lynn Medical fraternity.

Dr. Davis served for several years on the School Board of Palmer, and was also a member of the Board of Health of that city. Fraternally he is a member of Mount Zion Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Barre, Massachusetts, and of Saugus Lodge, Knights of Pythias.

Dr. Davis married, in 1886, Mary Louise Walker,

daughter of James Harvey and Sarah (McClintock) Walker, both of Massachusetts families. Mr. Walker was a prominent real estate dealer and private banker of Hardwick. Dr. and Mrs. Davis have three children: 1. Robert Walker, born in Palmer, October 15, 1887, who served with the 29th Evacuation Hospital Corps for about fourteen months overseas in the World War. 2. Clarence McClintock, born February 22, 1889, who married, on May 18, 1918, Charlotte Taylor, of Nahant, Massachusetts, and has one child, Elinor Louise. 3. Susan Walker, born November 26, 1891, now Mrs. Francis C. Henderson. The family have always been members of the Congregational church.

EDWARD F. FLYNN—Among the younger attorneys of Essex county, who are carrying their profession forward with the movement of the times, is Edward F. Flynn, of No. 14 Central avenue, Lynn, Massachusetts, son of John F. and Mary F. Flynn, old residents of this city.

Mr. Flynn was born in Lynn, January 13, 1893, and received his early education in the public schools of the city, after which he entered Boston College, studying for two years at that institution, then entered Boston University Law School, taking the full three years' course, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the Essex county bar in 1916, and has since practiced in Lynn, having now attained a gratifying measure of success. He is now assistant district attorney of Essex county.

Enlisting in the World War, Mr. Flynn was commissioned second lieutenant of infantry, and served in various camps, but to his disappointment, did not see active service. Like so many other young men, he was awaiting orders to go overseas when the armistice was signed.

Mr. Flynn is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and was the first commander of the American Legion in Lynn. He is a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

On June 12, 1918, Mr. Flynn married Mary McDonald, of Revere, Massachusetts.

HENRY C. ATTWILL, chairman of the Board of Public Utilities of Massachusetts, is among the most prominent citizens of Lynn. He was born there, March 11, 1872, son of Isaac M. Attwill, and the public schools of his native town afforded him his early education. In 1893 he received his degree of LL.B. from the Boston University, and the same year was admitted to the Suffolk county bar. Subsequently he was associated with William D. Turner, attorney for the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission, remaining there until 1895, in which year he was elected to the Massachusetts Legislature, being at the time the youngest member of the House of Representatives. Mr. Attwill also served in the Senate during the years 1899, 1900 and 1901, and in the latter year he was appointed chairman of the Judiciary Commit-



James Reed

tee. A singular point of interest of his service in the Senate is that in 1899 he was also the youngest member of that body.

In 1905 he was appointed assistant district attorney for the Eastern District of Massachusetts, and ably discharged the duties of this office for a period of six years, and at the end of this time he was unanimously nominated by the Republican convention for the office of district attorney, being re-elected in 1913, which in itself was sufficient warrant of his ability.

At the expiration of his term in 1915, Mr. Attwill was elected Attorney General, which office he resigned in 1919 to accept the appointment of Public Service Commissioner by appointment of Vice-President Calvin Coolidge, who was at that time Governor of the State of Massachusetts, and at the present time (1921) Mr. Attwill is chairman of the Board of Public Utilities.

Mr. Attwill married, June 30, 1906, Augusta Harris, daughter of Samuel Harris, and they reside in Lynn.

FRANK EVERT WRIGHT, whose position as a manufacturer of fine leathers places him in the leading industrial circles of Essex county, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, November 10, 1881, and has spent practically all of his business career in the leather industry.

Mr. Wright is a son of Frank Eugene and Alberta (Clark) Wright. Frank Eugene Wright was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1849, and, coming to Lynn in his boyhood, was thereafter always a resident of that city. For about thirty years he was employed in the Charles E. Harwood factory, and died in 1913. His wife was born in Lynn.

Attending first the public schools of Lynn, Frank Evert Wright was graduated from the English High School with the class of 1900. Entering at once the field of industry, he was employed for one year as shipping clerk for the New England Structural Company. He then became connected with the Charles E. Harwood Company, remaining with this concern for about five years in the capacity of clerk. His next step was indicative of the character of the man. In 1906 he made an independent start in the leather business as a jobber, and continued along this line for four years. Making this only a step upward, he thereafter began the manufacture of leather, his location being on Fayette street, in Lynn, for about a year, after which he spent a year in a Salem tannery. About 1912 he located permanently in Peabody, as a manufacturer of a variety of leather products, including a special chrome leather, technically known as "splits," and the best velvet ooze, in all colors. He also makes an imitation grain leather. He employs about thirty-five people, and sells all his products at his store in Boston, located at No. 717 Atlantic street. Up to 1913 the business was a partnership, but upon the death of his father it was incorporated, Mr. Wright being the sole owner.

Mr. Wright is a member of the United States Chamber of Commerce, and of the Peabody Chamber of Commerce, and in connection with his leather business, is also interested in a shoe manufacturing business in Lynn.

Fraternally, Mr. Wright is prominent, being a member of all the Masonic bodies, and of the Knights of Pythias. Politically he supports the Republican party, and his religious faith is that of the Universalist. His clubs reveal his tastes, and include the Tedesco Golf Club, the Boston Athletic Club, and the Park Club.

In 1906 Mr. Wright married (first) Grace Osgood, a well-known Lynn school teacher, daughter of John C. and Evelyn (Harvey) Osgood; she died in 1915. Their three children are: Kenneth Osgood, born December 2, 1910; Joan, born March 6, 1913; and Frank E., Jr., born April 10, 1914. Mr. Wright married (second), in 1918, Virginia Woodworth, who was born in Virginia. Mrs. Wright's parents are both deceased.

JAMES REED—The term "self-made," often misapplied, may be justly used in connection with James Reed, of the well-known firm, Reed & Costello, coal dealers of Lynn, Massachusetts, who, in 1916, ended a career which covered a period of sixty-six years. He lost his father when a child of six years, and from a very early age was self-supporting. When he started the barge line between Nahant and Lynn, he had but five dollars capital, yet so good was his reputation that he secured a horse and an old barge on credit. And, through energy and native business ability, he made the line a great success, only withdrawing it when the electrics came. He was truly a self-made man, and, realizing the difficulties he had encountered, he was always ready to extend a helping hand to others. Considering the few advantages Mr. Reed had in his youth, and knowing the business success he attained, no boy or young man need feel disheartened or doubtful of his future, for he proved that "where there is a will there is a way," and that honesty, energy and integrity will win in any contest.

James Reed was born in Lynnfield, Massachusetts, in 1850, and died in Lynn, November 19, 1916. He came to Lynn a poor boy, fatherless and dependent upon himself for a living. He found employment in a shoe factory, and there continued until one day he announced to his friends that he was going to have a business of his own. True to his resolution, he left the factory, and shortly, with one horse and a barge bought on credit, he was operating between Nahant and Lynn. He made the line pay, and barge after barge was added until he had nine in operation and was doing a very profitable business. When the trolleys came he abandoned the barge line, and for ten years was a member of the firm of Reed & Wade, coal dealers. Later he was engaged in the same business as a member of the firm of Reed & Costello. They built a wharf for a coal depot and

were one of the first firms to build a railroad for handling their coal on the wharf.

Mr. Reed was very popular in Lynn, was highly esteemed as a business man, and was a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Prospect Club, Lynn Yacht Club, and the Chamber of Commerce. He gave liberally to charity and all good causes, was public-spirited and progressive and a good citizen. In politics he was a Republican.

James Reed married (first) Adell Douset, of Nova Scotia. He married (second) Jeannette S. Estes, widow of William A. Estes. William A. Estes was born in Lynn, and there died in November, 1906, aged fifty-two. He was the son of Ezekiel F. and Elizabeth (Ingalls) Estes, both born in Lynn, both of ancient and honorable New England family. Ezekiel F. Estes was one of the first manufacturers of shoes in the city of Lynn, the firm being Phillips & Estes. Later, William A. Estes bought Mr. Phillips out and the business, at No. 50 Suffolk street, was continued under the firm name of W. A. Estes & Company. The original firm made Congress gaiters only. William A. Estes spent his entire adult life in the shoe manufacturing business, W. A. Estes & Company making custom shoes only. He was a thirty-second degree Mason, and was highly respected in the community. Mrs. Reed survives her husband and continues her residence in Lynn, her home being at No. 65 Newhall street.

FREDERICK EVERETT SHAW, A.B., LL.B.—Having long since attained an assured position in the legal profession in Essex county, Massachusetts, Frederick Everett Shaw is now esteemed one of the leading attorneys of this section.

Mr. Shaw was born in Troy, Waldo county, Maine, June 11, 1872, and is a son of Samuel Francis and Julia A. (Estes) Shaw. The family removing to Lynn after Mr. Shaw had completed his common school course, in 1889, he attended the Classical high school of this city for a term, then entered the Coburn Classical Institute, of Waterville, Maine. Thereafter he entered Dartmouth College, in Hanover, New Hampshire, from which he was graduated in 1897, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, then prepared for his profession at Boston University Law School, from which institution he was graduated in 1901, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Within the same year Mr. Shaw entered upon the practice of his profession in Lynn, handling a general practice, and from the first meeting with success, which has constantly grown wider and more substantial. He now stands in an enviable position in the profession.

Mr. Shaw served in the Lynn City Council in 1903-04. He is a member of Bay State Lodge, No. 40, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and attends the Church of the Holy Name at Swampscott, Massachusetts.

On July 14, 1903, Mr. Shaw married Mary A. Drinan, of Calais, Maine, daughter of William J. and Mary (Doyle) Drinan, and they now reside at No. 107 Eastern avenue, Lynn.

PHILEMON EVELETH, M. D.—In the chronicles of every city are names which the people delight to place in permanent records, names that have meant much to the daily lives of the citizens, and which are still remembered, although years have gone by since their passing. Such a name is that of Dr. Philemon Eveleth, for thirty-two years a successful medical practitioner in Marblehead, Massachusetts.

Dr. Eveleth was born September 27, 1845, in Essex, Massachusetts, and was a son of Edward and Lucy (Mears) Eveleth, of that city. Beginning his education in the public schools of Essex, and taking a course at Exeter Academy, the young man entered Harvard University Medical School, later completing his studies at Dartmouth College, and receiving from the latter institution his degree of Doctor of Medicine. During the long course of his professional career he bore a significant part in the progress and well-being of Marblehead, the scene of his activities during the entire thirty-two years of his practice. His standards of professional attainment were of the highest, and his endorsement of every forward movement most cordial. He was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and for nineteen years was a member of the School Board of Marblehead.

In fraternal circles, Dr. Eveleth was widely known, through his membership with the Free and Accepted Masons, the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a devout member of the Congregational church.

Dr. Eveleth married, in 1871, Eleanor Davis Wonson, of Gloucester, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of four children: Edward Smith, born January 21, 1876, of Washington, D. C.; Dr. Charles Wonson, born May 21, 1878, of New York City; Dr. Samuel Chester, born March 13, 1883; and Lucy Mears, born September 10, 1890.

On May 14, 1900, Dr. Eveleth passed from a life of great and unceasing usefulness in a noble profession. Other hands took up the burdens he had carried, but in the hearts of those who knew him best there was no one to take his place.

ARTHUR R. KIMBALL is one of the keenest, most alive business men in Lawrence, Massachusetts. Men know and appreciate his many other fine qualities; they value his counsel and leadership in any undertaking, but they admire most of all his ability to see and foresee the many sides of a business situation and the promptness with which he states or acts on his conclusions. He is general manager and treasurer of one of the oldest and most important shoe manufactories of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and of the one which specializes most on shoes for the Southern and West Indian trade.

His father, Alfred Kimball, was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, November 21, 1837, and his mother, Mira B. Chesley, June 13, 1835. Alfred Kimball, at the age of eighty-four, is one of those men who will not grow old, being an active director of the Merrimac National Bank of Haverhill, Massachusetts, an ardent Republican, and was one of the first to organize the Masonic order in his city. He holds membership in the Universalist church, to which he has given great aid and service.

Arthur R. Kimball, born January 15, 1878, received the rudiments of his education in the public schools of Haverhill and Dean Academy, and his higher training at Tufts College, Massachusetts, from which he was graduated in 1901, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Straight from college he went into his father's shoe factory in Lawrence to get the education that no school can give, that in life and work.

The concern with which he started is one of the oldest, being founded before the Civil War by Alfred and Warren Kimball, and was called the Kimball Brothers Shoe Company. They began operations in Haverhill, Massachusetts, but in 1889 moved to Kennebunk, Maine, where they continued the making of shoes until 1893, when they again moved, this time to Lawrence, Massachusetts. It was while the firm was at this city that Arthur R. Kimball set out to learn the trade. January 1, 1919, the company was reorganized under the corporation laws of Massachusetts with the following men as its parts: Alfred R. Kimball, president; Arthur R. Kimball, treasurer and general manager; and C. E. W. Grinnell, and J. S. Larrabee. The company is a large manufacturer of men's, boys' and youths' Goodyear welt shoes, averaging more than 10,000 pairs of shoes a week. Their 1919-20 business amounted to more than one and one-half millions of dollars. The average number of employees on the pay roll is over 350. For the proper distribution of their large output a store is maintained in Boston, at No. 54 Lincoln street. Most of the company's shoes find their final destination in the South and West, or Cuban ports.

Mr. Kimball married, February 5, 1908, Ella Parker, a native of Lynn, Massachusetts. Of this union have come four sons: Alfred, Warren, Harvey Russell, and Parker Chesley. The family are active members of the Universalist church, and make their home in Reading, Massachusetts.

IRVING ADDISON HADLEY—The legal profession is represented in the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, by a group of men whose progressive work along their chosen line of endeavor reflects credit upon the community. Irving Addison Hadley is a leader in this profession, and one of the forward-moving attorneys of the Essex county bar.

Mr. Hadley is a grandson of Ethan Hadley, a noted figure in Eastern Massachusetts history of the early part of the nineteenth century, and a descendant of early Colonial families of this State.

Darius Hadley, father of Irving A. Hadley, was born in Peterboro, New Hampshire. He was a man of brilliant mental capacity, and well educated as well as widely read. For forty years he taught school in the city of Boston, and placed the impress of a fine and manly character upon the youth of his day. He resided at different times in Everett and Wakefield, and in both places acted as town moderator for several years. He was a man of pronounced convictions of a personal nature, but broadly tolerant in his judgment of other men. He was one of the early disciples of the Church of Christ Scientist. Serving with signal honor in the Civil War, he was later the first commander of Post No. 56, Grand Army of the Republic, of Everett. He died on February 11, 1916, in Lynn. He married Mercy Emma Snow, who was born in Chatham, Massachusetts, and in early life taught school in her native town.

Irving Addison Hadley, son of Darius and Mercy Emma (Snow) Hadley, was born in Everett, Massachusetts, on August 29, 1878. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native town, he also covered the high school course, then attended the Burdette Business College, in Boston. With this preparation the young man entered the world of industry well up on the ladder of success, in the capacity of manager of the Whitten & Lascell needle factory. This position he held for a period of two years, and then established the needle factory of Kimball & Hadley, in which he held a considerable interest, and bore an active part in the management.

But the industrial world could not hold a man of Mr. Hadley's tastes and talents. Professional fields offered greater opportunities more in line with his ability, and Mr. Hadley chose the law. His brother, Everett H. Hadley, had made a promising start in this profession, so Mr. Hadley took up the study of law in his brother's office. Later he entered the North-Eastern College. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in August, 1908, and on April 4, 1916, was admitted to practice in the United States Supreme Court. Mr. Hadley located in Lynn in 1908, and has built up a very wide and successful practice here. He has won the confidence and esteem of the people of Essex county, and bears a progressive part in the advancements of the public interest.

Broadly active in the public affairs of the city, and a leading member of the Republican party, Mr. Hadley always declines public honors, and will accept no office. He is a prominent member of the City and County Bar associations.

Fraternally, Mr. Hadley is widely connected. He is a member of Paul Revere Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which order he is past chancellor; of Glenmore Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Manatahqua Lodge, Improved Order of Red Men, in which order he is past sachem, having been the first sachem; and also a member of Damascus Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Majestic Lodge, New England Order of Protection,

in which order he is past warden; of Evangeline Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah; and of Paul Revere Temple, Pythian Sisters.

Mr. Hadley married, on November 27, 1901, Effie B. Titus, daughter of Joseph C. and Hettie (Darcy) Titus, farming people of Centreville, Nova Scotia, where both they and their daughter were born. Mr. and Mrs. Hadley have one son, Irving D., of Lynn High School, class of 1922.

ALBERT PORTER WADLEIGH, State Senator and a prominent business man, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born November 7, 1886, at Merrimac, Massachusetts, and comes of distinguished ancestry on both the maternal and paternal sides. His father, D. Porter Wadleigh, was a native of Merrimac and followed the trade of carriage trimmer; he was a great-grandson of Benjamin Dean Wadleigh, of Amesbury, who was gunner's mate on the privateer "Decatur" in the War of 1812, and a direct descendant of Robert Wadleigh, governor of New Hampshire about 1700. Mr. Wadleigh's mother was Cora L. Godsoe, of the Maine family of Godsoe, whose members were active participants in the War of the Revolution.

The public schools of Merrimac and the high school were the sources of Mr. Wadleigh's early education and from a boy of ten years he was accustomed to work during those hours when he was not in school, thus forming at this early age the ambition to succeed with the passing years which has been a large factor in his success. He worked as a "printer's devil" and utility man in the printing office of the Merrimac "Budget" during vacation periods for nine years and then entered the Haverhill Business College where he completed the business course in eight months, receiving his diploma at the end of this time.

His next employment was with the Dutra Tobacco Company, an old established firm and the largest wholesale distributor of tobacco in Northeastern Massachusetts and Southern New Hampshire, and at the time Mr. Wadleigh entered their employ, January 4, 1907, as bookkeeper, the sole owner of the business was Alfred E. Lyons, and three years later Mr. Wadleigh was admitted to the firm with Mr. Lyons, this arrangement continuing until 1917, in which year Mr. Lyons died. In October of the same year Mr. Wadleigh formed a partnership with Fred W. George, of Merrimac, on an equal basis, to continue the business of the Dutra Tobacco Company, they having jointly purchased the Lyons interests, and the business is still continued under its original name.

Mr. Wadleigh's interest in public matters is a natural one considering his firm belief in the success and necessity of constitutional representative government, and from the time he was twelve years of age, when he acted as messenger and errand boy of political committees and conventions, he has been keenly interested in all that pertains to the public welfare. A year after attaining his majority Mr. Wadleigh was elected town auditor of Merrimac and served very capably

in this office from 1909 to 1911. In 1913 he was elected library trustee and is now chairman of the board. Since 1916 he has been chairman of the Republican Town Committee, and during 1918 and 1919, served as representative from the First Essex District in the Massachusetts Legislature. He was recently elected to the Massachusetts State Senate to serve in the sessions of 1921 and 1922, and is chairman of the committee on State House and of the committee on Counties and Agriculture. Mr. Wadleigh has also represented his town many times before the Massachusetts Public Utilities Commission on street railway rate cases and other matters of this nature. In the offices he has held Mr. Wadleigh has always kept the interests of his constituents at heart and the manner in which he has discharged the duties incumbent on him has been such that it has brought great satisfaction to those citizens he represents.

His fraternal activities are many, and at present he is past master of Bethany Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Merrimac; past councillor and present National representative of the State Council of Massachusetts, Junior Order United American Mechanics; past councillor of Enterprise Council No. 1, of Haverhill, Junior Order United American Mechanics; past master of Merrimac Grange; past master and past lecturer of Essex County Pomona Grange. His memberships include: Bethany Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Haverhill Council, Royal and Select Masters; Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar; York Rites; Merrimack Valley Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rites; Princes of Jerusalem; Rose Croix; Consistory at Boston; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine; Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Merrimac Grange; American Academy of Political and Social Science; National Geographic Society; Massachusetts Republican Club; Essex County Republican Club; Roosevelt Club; and the Board of Trade and other civic bodies. He is a member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church in Merrimac. Mr. Wadleigh's father died in 1911, and he makes his home with his mother at Merrimac.

PERLEY L. SANBORN, M. D.—The Sanborne (Sanborn) family early came to New Hampshire. John William and Stephen Sanborne, sons of an Englishman, supposedly William, of Brimpton, and his wife, Anne Bachiler, daughter of Rev. Stephen Bachiler. Anne Bachiler's husband died about 1630, and her three sons are said to have come to New England with their Grandfather Bachiler in 1632, Rev. Bachiler becoming a prominent preacher. There is no trace of the sons until 1639, and then in Hampton, New Hampshire. Descendants of these sons of Anne (Bachiler) Sanborne now number a multitude, many of them leaders of men and filling positions of honor, trust and profit, worthy successors of the men who transformed the New England wilderness and made it to blossom as the rose. The medical

he
of
1918
rst
e.
tts
and
ate
ri-
his
blic
ases
fices
in-
ner
ent
eat

ent
nd
nd
n-
i-
e
ol
ac
ex
in-
ns;
hill
er-
es;
at
tic
of
ad-
co-
b;
b;
es.
al
ed
er

e
n
at
ne
er
nt
til
e-
n
;
o
l



Albert P. Wadleigh

profession has attracted many Sanborns, and this review deals with one of that name and profession, Dr. Perley Lewis Sanborn, of Marblehead, Massachusetts.

Perley Lewis Sanborn was born in Unity, New Hampshire, September 7, 1851, and there attended public schools. He completed his studies at Colby Academy, New London, New Hampshire, then entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1877. After graduation he was for a time connected with a New York City dispensary, then, in 1878, he opened an office in Marblehead, Massachusetts, and began the practice of his profession. Forty-three years have since elapsed and the good doctor is still ministering to the bodily ills of the people of Marblehead, his original patients in some instances, and to their children and their grandchildren. In the final estimate of a human life the question is not what he has gained, but what he has given; not what he has acquired, but what he has bestowed; not the pain he caused, but the pain he has assuaged; not the wounds he has inflicted, but the wounds he has healed; not the applause he receives, but the social works of mercy he has done. Measured by these standards, the world is better for the life Dr. Sanborn has lived in Marblehead. He has devoted himself exclusively to the general practice of medicine and has few interests outside his profession.

Dr. Sanborn married, in Camden, Maine, in April, 1880, Octavia Porter, born in that town. Dr. and Mrs. Sanborn are the parents of a son, Tracy L. Sanborn, a graduate of Dartmouth College, class of 1912, now in business in Boston, but a resident of Marblehead.

IRVING WILDER SARGENT—One of the most widely known and highly esteemed law firms of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is that of Sweeney, Sargent & Sweeney, and Mr. Sargent has borne a significant part in its progress. His genial spirit and helpful attitude towards any advance movement endear him to his associates. His clear-headed appraisal of fact and his wit and power in argument have carried him to high standing in his profession.

The Sargent family has been prominent in Lawrence for several generations. Seneca Sargent, Mr. Sargent's grandfather, came from New Hampshire in 1846, and practiced medicine in this city for many years. With the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the service of his country as contract surgeon, and was in the Virginia Campaign of 1862, under General McClellan. He was a member of Grecian Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Lawrence, and his death, which occurred in 1873, made a rift in other social and fraternal organizations. He married Mary Wilder, also of New Hampshire birth and rearing.

Dr. George Woodbury Sargent, their son, and Mr. Sargent's father, was born in Concord, Vermont, in 1834, and early in life came to Lawrence with his parents. His public school course was

completed in the schools of this city, and he prepared for his career in the Albany Medical College. He was in active practice in Lawrence when the Civil War broke out, and in 1864 became assistant surgeon in the Sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, his headquarters being at Fort Delaware. Later returning to Lawrence, he became one of its distinguished physicians, and died in 1893. He married Marietta Bancroft, who was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, in 1838, and who still survives her husband, residing in Lawrence (1921). Of their children, Dr. George B. Sargent is the third generation in this family to win prominence in the medical profession, being now a representative physician of Lawrence.

Irving Wilder Sargent, son of Dr. George Woodbury and Marietta (Bancroft) Sargent, was born in Lawrence, August 8, 1879, and early determined upon the profession of the law as his field of future effort. Upon the completion of his grammar course in the Lawrence schools, he entered Phillips Academy, at Andover, Massachusetts, a member of the class of 1896. Thereafter entering Harvard University, he was graduated from that institution in the class of 1900, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. His professional course in Harvard Law School was finished in 1903, and receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws, his admission to the bar followed before the close of the year. Mr. Sargent's first professional association was with the noted law firm of Sweeney, Dow & Cox, composed of John P. Sweeney, the present head of the firm, Harry R. Dow, judge of the probate court since 1908, and Louis S. Cox, who was appointed judge of the superior court in 1918. Mr. Sargent became a member of the firm in 1916, the firm name then becoming Sweeney, Cox & Sargent. In 1918 Mr. Cox withdrew from the firm upon his elevation to the bench, and the firm was reorganized as Sweeney, Sargent & Sweeney, the junior partner being Arthur Sweeney, son of John P. Sweeney, the senior partner. With this group of associates Mr. Sargent is carrying forward a general law practice, and stands among the foremost men in the profession in Essex county.

Endorsing all public advance, Mr. Sargent belongs to the Chamber of Commerce, and is a member of the school committee. Politically he supports the Republican party, but has never accepted the honors of office. To the Red Cross Drive during the Great War he gave his best energies, and was a convincing Four-Minute Man, also serving as registrar for the draft board. He was chairman of the committee on relief for soldiers' families, and still serves on the executive committee of the local branch of the Red Cross. He is a trustee of the White Fund, and as such is a trustee of the Lawrence Library. A member of the bar associations of the State of Massachusetts, and of both Lawrence and Essex county, Mr. Sargent serves the last mentioned as a member of the executive committee. He is one of the incorporators of the Lawrence Savings Bank.

Fraternally he is widely connected, being a member of Monadnock Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Phoenician Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; and his clubs include the Harvard clubs of both Lawrence and Boston, the Salem Club, the Monday Night Club, and the Merrimac Valley Country Club. He attends the Episcopal church.

Mr. Sargent married, at Lawrence, in 1906, Helen Stanley, who was born in Lawrence, May 27, 1881, and died in this city April 12, 1919. Mrs. Sargent was a daughter of Charles R. and Nellie M. (Swett) Stanley, of Portland, Maine.

FRANK LEO CAREY—The debt which America owes to its citizens of Irish ancestry is widely recognized and is past computation. Characterized by ambition, industry, thrift and sound morality, immigrants of this sturdy race, cherishing the same ideals of freedom, religious, political and personal, as brought the Pilgrims and Puritans to our shores, have never needed to be assimilated; they are naturally one with us. Of such stock comes Frank Leo Carey.

This branch of the Carey family was established in America by our subject's grandparents, Martin and Ann (Sheedy) Carey. Martin Carey was born in Limerick, Ireland, in 1843. Coming to Massachusetts with his wife and oldest child, he located in Lawrence, where husband and wife still (1922) reside. For the greater part of his active life Martin Carey engaged in the livery business.

John T. Carey, son of Martin and Ann (Sheedy) Carey, and the father of Frank L. Carey, was born in Lawrence, November 25, 1865. After pursuing the usual courses of study in the public and parochial schools of his native city, John T. Carey learned the trade of painter and decorator. Following this trade as a journeyman until about 1904, he then embarked in business on his own account as a contracting painter and decorator, doing all kinds of interior and exterior work in that line. His square business methods and the sincerity with which he carries out the spirit of his contracts have won for him an enviable reputation. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, but is a man of essentially domestic tastes, finding his chief interests, outside of his business, within the family circle. He married Mary Fitzpatrick, born February 17, 1867, daughter of Dennis Fitzpatrick, of Lawrence. From this union four children have been born, all of whom are now living in Lawrence: Frank Leo, of further mention; William J.; Anna L., who is a teacher in the Lawrence public schools; and Louis C. The family are all members of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Parish.

Frank Leo Carey, who is more particularly the subject of this sketch, was born in Lawrence, February 27, 1892. He attended the public schools, graduating from the high school in 1909. Soon after his graduation he entered the employ of the John Franklin Company, civil engineers. Four years in their employ convinced him that

the engineering profession would not prove congenial as a life-time vocation. No experience is ever lost, however, to the thoughtful man, and the knowledge of men and things, gained in those first years of his working life, has already proven of value in his law practice and will continue to pay dividends during the coming years.

In 1913 Mr. Carey matriculated in the law department of Boston University, from which he was graduated in 1916 with the usual Bachelor of Laws degree. He was admitted to the bar at Boston in the same year, and began the practice of his profession in the office of J. C. Twomey, of Lawrence, in December, 1916.

The entrance of America into the World War soon cut short his professional activities. The urge of patriotism and love of country were too great to be resisted, and it cannot fail to be a source of increasing satisfaction for him to recall, as the years go by, that he was among the first New Englanders to enlist in the conflict on the side of justice and democracy. On May 11, 1917, he enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Second Field Artillery and saw service overseas for two years. He was mustered out as a first lieutenant, his promotions through the various grades to that rank being the strongest testimony to his qualities of thoroughness, faithfulness, intelligence and bravery. His genial personality and uniform courtesy, while not yielding an iota of the demands of discipline, won for him the esteem and unflinching loyalty of the men under his command.

Upon his return to civil life, Mr. Carey became a partner in the law firm of Mahoney & Haverty, the name of the firm being changed to Mahoney, Haverty & Carey. Their offices are in the Bay State building. This is said to be the day of the young man, that is to say, the man who is forward-looking and who yet has the adaptability to conform to the new conditions brought about by the evolutionary changes, political, social and economic, through which we are so rapidly passing. The firm of which our subject is a member has already established itself in an enviable position by the careful attention it gives to its clients' interests. The same qualities that won promotion for Mr. Carey in the army are pushing him forward in the legal profession. His sincerity, careful judgment and loyalty are winning a constantly growing clientele.

Mr. Carey is a member of the Lawrence Bar Association, the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and the Knights of Columbus. A Republican in political affiliation, Mr. Carey believes that the citizen's duty to his community is measured by his ability to serve it; and he is ready at all times to further, in any way that he can, any movement that makes for the public good. He was elected a member of the school board in 1916, but resigned when he enlisted in the army.

On June 22, 1920, Mr. Carey married Madaline E. Mahoney, daughter of Maurice J. Mahoney, a sketch of whom appears in this work, and Ellen



Hermon C. MacNeil

(Hollahan) Mahoney. Mr. Carey and his wife have a daughter, Marie Eleanor, who was born April 9, 1921.

WESTON F. EASTMAN—The name of Eastman is a very well known one in New England and elsewhere and has been for a number of generations, and there have been many prominent representatives among them. The earliest known record of the ancestry of the Eastmans of this country is the will of John Eastman of Ramsey, County of Southampton, England, dated September 24, 1602. The numerous family of this name, which has spread throughout New England and many of the middle and western States, is the progeny of a pioneer of Salisbury, Massachusetts, and many of the later generations in New Hampshire are descended from the first of that name in Concord who was the principal settler of that town.

Fred Eastman, father of W. F. Eastman, although of New England ancestry, was born in Madison, Wisconsin, August 8, 1856. He early settled in Lawrence, Massachusetts, and in 1880 established the firm of Eastman & Blyth, painters and decorators, which has become since then a very large and prosperous concern. The mother, Mary J. (Blyth) Eastman, is a native of Lawrence and was born October 22, 1859.

Weston F. Eastman was born in Lawrence, August 6, 1888. After getting all the education the graded schools could give him he attended Phillips Academy at Andover and was graduated in 1901. Even at this early date he showed his taste and abilities for the banking business in which he was so successful later, and, encouraged by those who knew him best, he sought a position along that line. This he secured readily in the Lawrence National Bank, starting as clerk. On April 1, 1902, he found improved conditions and a wider opening for advancement in the Merchants' National Bank, No. 264 Essex street. Here for a while he was bookkeeper. When the Lawrence National and the Merchants' National banks consolidated in 1911, forming the Merchants' Trust Company, Mr. Eastman was made paying teller and, when later the Pacific National Bank was absorbed by the Trust Company, he became note teller. On October 1, 1920, the Trust Company established him as the assistant treasurer and manager of their Broadway office at No. 590 Essex street, which position he now holds (1921). Mr. Eastman has seen a great growth in Lawrence and in banking, but has grown even faster himself in banking ability, business acumen and aptitude for finance. He looks out on a future big with possibilities. During the war period he took his place with other bankers and had a large share in the success of the various Liberty Loan Drives and other war time activities.

Mr. Eastman has confined his fraternal interest to the Masonic order and is a thirty-second degree Mason, affiliating with Phoenician Lodge. Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council,

Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory of Boston; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He attends and supports the Universalist church.

On December 12, 1917, he was united in marriage, at Lawrence, to Rachael Elizabeth Dean, of Lawrence, daughter of William W. Dean, for some time treasurer of the Lawrence Lumber Company, and Rebecca (Sager) Dean, a native of Rhode Island. Mr. and Mrs. Eastman have one son, Weston Dean Eastman, born February 6, 1919.

HERMON C. MacNEIL — Prominent in the manufacturing world of Lynn, Massachusetts, Hermon C. MacNeil is bearing a part in the progress of the great shoe industry, of which Lynn is one of the leading centers of the world.

Mr. MacNeil is a son of Caleb Henry MacNeil, of Chelsea, Massachusetts, whose mother, a Pratt, was a direct descendant of the Pratts who settled in Chelsea, Massachusetts, in 1638. He was a man of broad ability, and was engaged in the contracting business in Chelsea until his death, which occurred May 25, 1896. Caleb Henry MacNeil married Josephine Charlotte Wahlgren, of Everett, Massachusetts.

Hermon C. MacNeil, son of Caleb Henry and Josephine Charlotte (Wahlgren) MacNeil, was born in Chelsea, Massachusetts, April 16, 1891, and received a practical preparation for the battle of life in the educational institutions of that city. His first business experience was with the Harry Hartley Company, Incorporated, wool top manufacturers of Boston, and with them he remained for two years. He then became associated with George A. Carpenter, a leading real estate dealer of Boston, as superintendent of buildings, continuing in this connection for a similar period. Thereafter he became purchasing agent for the Shoe City Novelty Company, remaining in that capacity until January 2, 1911. This company was incorporated in 1910, the personnel of the company being as follows: President, Warren Stetson; vice-president, Albert L. Howes; treasurer, Frank O. Stetson; and secretary, Charles S. Clinch, the firm purchasing the interests of Mr. Oakes and Charles S. Clinch, theretofore the owners of the business. In September, 1912, the corporation assigned, and Charles S. Clinch, formerly part owner, rebought the business from the assignees. In May, 1913, he received as a partner John T. Rogers. At that time Mr. MacNeil was again made purchasing agent for the plant, and was also given charge of the sales. He then made his first trip on the road. Within nineteen months Mr. Clinch suffered a breakdown which threatened permanently to impair his health, and the business was purchased by Mr. MacNeil, in association with Nellie R. Lowe, August 1, 1914. There was no further change until August 1, 1919, when Mr. MacNeil purchased the interest of Mrs. Lowe, and the

firm name became The MacNeil Company, Mr. MacNeil being sole owner. With his experience and natural adaptability to administrative interests, Mr. MacNeil is going forward constantly, and is achieving a good measure of success.

Mr. MacNeil is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Lynn, and interested in the progress of every branch of civic activity. He is a member of Wayfarers Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is a member of the United Commercial Travelers, of Lynn, and of the Rotary Club.

In February, 1915, Mr. MacNeil married Inez Elizabeth Sylvester, of Chelsea, Massachusetts, and they have two little daughters, Jean and Doris.

JUDGE FREDERIC N. CHANDLER, although in the prime of life with its ever widening prospects for future attainment, can still look back on many years of accomplishment that have brought not only great personal success, but also the merited affection and plaudits of his fellows. Genial, open-hearted, and always ready to help, his friends are legion. Able, talented, with a judicial mind and broad legal training, his associates in the law do him honor. In civic, state and national affairs, his capacity for organization, the facility with which he secures an enthusiastic following, and the vigor and efficiency with which he pushes through any movement for the betterment of the city, state or country, has won for him a more than local fame.

His father had many of the same interesting traits that characterize the son. Henry F. Chandler was born in Andover, Massachusetts, in 1835, and was long engaged in the wholesale paper business. Like others of his time his venturesome spirit and courage took him to the gold fields of California and it was while he was there that the Civil War suddenly broke upon this country. Dropping his interests as they were, he immediately set out for home and, upon arrival, enlisted for service in the Fifty-Ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers. It was not long before he was in the midst of fighting, and during the later years of the war he served on the firing line in most of its greatest battles: The "Wilderness," "Spottsylvania," "Cold Harbor," "Petersburg," "Weldon Railroad"; one great fight followed the other and he was in the forefront of them all. Three times was he wounded, the first on December 8, 1863; on recovery he rejoined his regiment only to fall again in the warfare around Petersburg, Virginia, June 17, 1864. Again as soon as the surgeons would let him, he was back with his comrades only to be shot again at Poplar Grove Church, September 30, 1864, and this time he was hurt so badly that he was sent home to recover and it was a long time before he was able to be about. In 1865 he received his honored and "honorable discharge." During his service under General Burnside he received the much prized Congressional Medal for bravery in action.

Judge Chandler is a worthy son of a worthy father, although his work has been one of peace rather than of war. His birthplace was Lawrence, Massachusetts, the time August 1, 1870. He prepared for college in the graded and high schools of the community and completed the preparation in 1889. He was the first winner of the Valpey Medal, in a speaking contest held in high school. He then entered Dartmouth College from which he was graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Letters. The next four years were very busy ones, for during that time he was not only a professor of mathematics and Latin in Lawrence High School, and principal of Lawrence Evening High School, but he completed the law course in Boston University, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in the class of '97. He was admitted to the Bar at Salem, Massachusetts, in 1896, before completing his law course. During his principalship of the Lawrence Evening High School which extended from 1893-1902, inclusive, he entirely reorganized its methods and system and so increased its popularity and effectiveness that the number of teachers and pupils was greatly augmented.

The same month, June, that saw him graduated from Boston University also saw his entrance upon the practice of law in the offices of the Hon. Charles A. DeCoursey, now (1921) Associate Justice, Massachusetts Supreme Court. Here he remained up to the end of the year 1898, when he opened an office for himself in the Essex Bank building. On November 1, 1899, he entered into a partnership with Fred H. Eaton of Lawrence, the president of the Bay State National Bank, of which Judge Chandler is a director. When the bank put up the magnificent building to which it has given its own name, one of the first tenants was the law firm of Eaton & Chandler.

Judge Chandler is a member of both the Essex County, Lawrence and Massachusetts Bar associations. He was city solicitor in 1910, and is special justice, Lawrence District Court. In 1910 he was elected president of the Lawrence Board of Trade, a body so weak that many thought he had been chosen so that he might preside at its obsequies. President Chandler promptly brought about a reorganization, "gave the dog a new name," and, as the "Chamber of Commerce," it is a lusty, hustling body of eleven hundred members and one of the most conspicuous factors in the advance of the city. Judge Chandler was chosen president of this new society and his resignation from official position three years later was greatly regretted by the whole organization. He is still, however, one of its most wide-awake members. He is a Republican as regards political faith, finds pleasure in the out-of-doors, and in the meeting of his many friends at the Merrimac Valley Country Club. Fraternally he belongs to the Alpha Delta Phi and Casque & Gauntlet Senior Society. He also affiliates with Lawrence Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks,

and is a thirty-second degree Mason, belonging to Grecian Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Royal Arch Masons; Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar, of Lawrence; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Boston.

During the World War he was very prominent and active on the many committees that arose at that time. His wide acquaintance with business men, and influence over them, made him one of the most distinguished leaders in the Red Cross, Liberty Loan and other campaigns. He, with his family, are affiliated with the South Congregational Church of Andover, Massachusetts.

Judge Chandler was married, in Collinsville, Illinois, October 9, 1901, to Genevieve Chandler, daughter of Nathan W. Chandler, born in Andover, Massachusetts, and one time postmaster of Collinsville, Illinois, and Clara L. (Berkey) Chandler, a native of Collinsville. From this union there is a son Gordon Henry, born July 1, 1903, a graduate of Punchard High School, Andover, and now a student at Taber Academy, Marion, Massachusetts.

WILLIAM WARREN HENNESSEY, M. D.—Although young in years, Dr. Hennessey, a native of Salem, Massachusetts, and a well known physician of this community, has already gained a distinction in his profession which might well be the envy of a much older man. His efforts have been so discerningly directed along well-defined lines that his may already be called a successful life in the true sense of the word.

William Warren Hennessey was born in Salem, Massachusetts, June 17, 1884, the son of the late James F. and Mary (Ryan) Hennessey. He obtained his elementary education in the public schools of his native city and then, having decided upon the profession of medicine for his career, he matriculated in the Medical Department of Tufts College, where he was graduated in 1906, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, after which he passed the Massachusetts Board examinations and then served an internship of one and one-half years at the Carney Hospital in Boston, subsequently entering the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, where he spent another one and one-half years, after which he returned to Salem and opened an office, specializing in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Success has attended his efforts and he is now in possession of a large and increasing clientele.

Dr. Hennessey is on the staff of the Salem Hospital, being eye, ear, nose and throat specialist there, and is also surgeon at the Carney Hospital at Boston. He is a member of all the leading medical associations, among them being the American Medical Association, the New England Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Alpha Kappa Kappa medical fraternity. On October 25, 1918, during the World War, Dr. Hennessey enlisted in the Medical Corps of the United States army, where he received the commission of

first lieutenant, and was placed in charge of the eye, ear, nose and throat department of the Base Hospital at Camp Devens, where he remained until April 29, 1919, when he received his honorable discharge.

On September 10, 1911, William Warren Hennessey was united in marriage with Margaret A. Bailey, of Boston, Massachusetts. Dr. and Mrs. Hennessey have no children. They reside at No. 333 Essex street, Salem.

PETER A. SIM—From Dumbarton, Scotland, came Peter Sim, a lad of but fourteen years, but most capable and self-reliant. He found a home and employment in Peabody, Massachusetts, there became a leather worker, remaining in that business in Peabody and Salem so long as he lived. He married Mary J. Steele, of St. Andrews, New Brunswick, Canada, but whose life was largely spent in Peabody, Massachusetts. Both were members of the Congregational church.

Peter A. Sim, son of Peter and Mary J. (Steele) Sim, was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, May 16, 1868, and there was educated in the public schools. His father was a tanner of morocco leather, head of Peter Sim & Sons, of Salem, and when school years were over, he took his son into the business, and until 1885 he remained in his father's employ. In that year he was admitted to the firm of Peter Sim & Sons, and upon the death of Peter Sim, March 1, 1897, his three sons continued the business under the firm name, Peter Sim & Sons. The business has been conducted under the Sim name and in the same location for forty-five years, no other firm in the city being able to show such a record.

Peter A. Sim is a member of the Knights of Malta; is a Republican in politics; and a member of the Congregational church.

Mr. Sim married, in 1888, Evelyn A. Goldwaite, of Peabody, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of a daughter, Mildred E., wife of Edward E. Jewett, of Gloucester, Massachusetts. Mr. Sim is a man of energy and strong ability, sound in judgment, and during his years of business activity has been very successful in his undertakings. He is highly esteemed in his community and widely known.

WILLIAM J. BARRY—In a field of effort which directly bears upon the economic security of the community,—the insurance business, William J. Barry has long been active in Lynn, Massachusetts, and is still carrying forward the tide of progress along this line.

Mr. Barry was born in Lynn, July 15, 1872, and is a son of Richard P. and Mary Ann (Griffin) Barry. The father was formerly a member of the State Board of Conciliators. As a boy Mr. Barry attended the public schools of his native city, then took a course at Harvard University. After completing his education he became identified with the firm of Baker, Marshman & Baker, in the insurance and real estate business, and this partnership en-

duced for five years. Upon its dissolution Mr. Barry entered the same field independently, and is still thus engaged, being now one of the leading insurance and real estate men in the city.

Mr. Barry is a member of the Lynn Board of Fire Underwriters, and of the New England Insurance Exchange. Fraternally he holds membership in the Knights of Columbus, he is a member of the Oxford Club, of Lynn, and of the Lynn Historical Society. He is a member of the Charitable Irish Society, and of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

On June 14, 1906, Mr. Barry married Jennie B. Baxter, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Evans) Baxter, and a descendant of a very old Massachusetts family. Mrs. Barry is a member of the Daughters of the Revolution, of the Colonial Daughters, and of the Mayflower Descendants. Mr. and Mrs. Barry have two children: William Paul, born April 5, 1907; and Elizabeth Evans, born January 11, 1909.

MELBOURNE D. SKINNER, who is connected with the shoe industry of Lynn as a manufacturer of heels, was born in Kings county, Nova Scotia, March 1, 1869. He is a son of David and Rebecca (Moore) Skinner. David Skinner was born in Nova Scotia, and engaged in the heel business the greater part of his life. He died in 1905, at the advanced age of seventy-seven years. His wife was a native of Kings county, Nova Scotia.

Receiving his education in the public schools of Nova Scotia, Melbourne D. Skinner later came to Lynn, and here founded the business known as the Skinner Heel Company, in partnership with F. A. Gordon, of Lynn. The venture was very successful and developed to gratifying proportions. The partnership continued until 1919, when the business was reorganized as a corporation, the officers of the company being elected as follows: president, M. D. Skinner; secretary, Miss Harney; and treasurer, F. A. Gordon. With this change in the form of organization, the name became the Skinner Heel Company, Incorporated. As the head of this constantly growing interest Mr. Skinner is prominent in the business world of Lynn, and is a member of the Chamber of Commerce. He was a member of Company I, Eighth Infantry, Massachusetts National Guard, from 1887 until 1904.

Mr. Skinner married Edith M. Morse, and they are the parents of two daughters: Irene Pearl, who became the wife of Harold Davis, of Lynn, and has a daughter, Edith; and Alice M., wife of Frederick Grove, of Wells Depot, Maine, and has two children, Frederick and Mary.

JOHN SARGENT MASON, who has been connected with Haverhill business for more than twenty years, and is widely known among the leading business men of that section of Massachusetts, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, on January 9, 1870, son of Eugene J. and Susan F. (Sargent) Mason. His mother was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and was of the old Colonial family of

that patronymic, the American generations of the Sargent family reaching back into the seventeenth century, to the first decades of the Massachusetts colony. His father, Eugene J. Mason, was a merchant in Lawrence, Massachusetts, where he died in 1880, John S. being then only ten years old.

John S. Mason received the whole of his academic education in the public schools of Lawrence, and was fortunately able to remain in school until he had graduated from the high school, which he did in the class of 1890. For five years after leaving school John S. Mason was connected with the wholesale drygoods house of F. A. Foster, at Boston, and for a further four years was with the Robinson Hardware Company, at Lawrence. In 1899 he came to Haverhill and formed a business partnership with W. E. Ellis. They established the firm of Ellis & Mason, and for five years conducted a good business in cut soles and other branches of the leather industry. In 1904, however, Mr. Mason saw that it was to his advantage to withdraw from the partnership and join the sales force of the Treat Hardware Company, of Lawrence. This he did, but it was not long afterwards before he entered into association with another Haverhill business man, Urban W. Leavitt, for the purpose of acquiring the Hanscom Brothers Hardware Company, a business which was established in Haverhill so far back as 1865, and which has been elsewhere referred to in this work. Messrs. Mason and Leavitt were successful, and organized in corporate form another company, the Hanscom Hardware Company, Inc., in 1906. Mr. Mason was elected president and Mr. Leavitt treasurer, and in these capacities they have continued to control and direct the company's operations ever since. The business has grown immensely, their main quarters, at No. 80 Main street, having a floor space of 45,000 square feet, and embracing three buildings. They manufacture the brand of hardware known as "Sag-gahew," and they supply the trade over a wide area. The Hanscom Hardware Company, Inc., is said to be by far the largest hardware company in this section of Massachusetts.

Outside his business activities Mr. Mason is well and favorably known in Haverhill because of his interest in the city. He has actively cooperated in several movements which endeavored to bring Haverhill more into line with larger cities of Massachusetts, and he has not stinted support to several local philanthropic objects. He is one of the corporators of the Five Cent Savings Bank, and is a director of the Essex National Bank of Haverhill. He is a Knight Templar of the Masonic order, and member of the Pentucket Club. He is a Congregationalist, being a member of the North Congregational Church, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Mason married, June 22, 1910, Eva F. Chase, daughter of David E. and Harriet (Potter) Chase, of Haverhill. The former was a ranch and mine owner, and died in 1900. Mr. and Mrs. Mason have two children: Virginia, born in 1914; and Dorothy, born in 1917.

THOMAS FRANCIS HENRY, M. D.—The medical profession is represented in the city of Salem, Massachusetts, by a group of men in whom any city might well take pride, and among them Dr. Thomas Francis Henry holds a leading position.

Dr. Henry was born in Salem, and has grown up among its people. He attended its elementary schools and prepared for his technical education in the grammar and high schools. His father, Patrick Henry, was a resident of Salem, by occupation a leather worker, an industrious man, respected by all who knew him. He retired ten years before his death, living to see his son a successful physician. Dr. Henry's mother, Bridget (Cunney) Henry, is also deceased.

Being graduated from Tufts College in 1905, with the degree of M. D., Dr. Henry became interne at St. Vincent's Hospital, of Worcester, Massachusetts, where he remained for fifteen months. He passed the examinations of the State Medical Board in 1905. Opening an office at Salem, he began the general practice of medicine and surgery, very soon winning recognition, and as time passed he forged rapidly ahead until now he stands in the foremost ranks of the medical profession in this vicinity. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and is on the staff of the Salem Hospital. He was city physician from 1906 to 1909, inclusive. In political convictions Dr. Henry is an Independent, declaring himself for no party unreservedly.

Dr. Henry married, on November 11, 1915, Jennie F. Moore, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Dwyer) Moore, both now deceased, of Woburn, Massachusetts. Mrs. Henry was educated at Elmhurst Academy, in Providence, Rhode Island, and, taking a special Perry kindergarten course, taught for two years in Boston. Mr. Moore was a veteran of the Civil War, and was for years a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. Dr. and Mrs. Henry have two children: Barbara Moore, and Robert. The family are members of St. James' Roman Catholic Church.

REV. FREDERICK ARTHUR WILSON, pastor emeritus of the Free Christian (Congregational) Church of Andover, Massachusetts, has achieved much success in the many years he has labored in the service of the people. He was born April 23, 1852, at Orono, Maine, son of Nathaniel Wilson, Jr., who was born at Haverhill, New Hampshire, September 18, 1807, and died at Orono, January 23, 1892. He was a lawyer, and prominent in public life. In his earlier days he was a member of the Whig party and subsequently a Democrat. He was the representative of his party during a term in the State Legislature, and served many years on the school committee. Nathaniel Wilson, Jr., married at Orono, April 17, 1839, Abigail A. Colburn, born at Orono, November 23, 1818, died there, March 27, 1896, daughter of Jeremiah and Susan (Graves) Colburn.

Nathaniel Wilson, Sr., father of Nathaniel Wilson, Jr., and grandfather of the Rev. Frederick A. Wilson, was born May 14, 1777, at Pelham, New

Hampshire, and died September 1, 1807; he was a blacksmith by occupation. He married, in 1803, Sarah E. Pearson, who was born April 2, 1781, and died January 13, 1866, at Orono, Maine.

Jesse Wilson, father of Nathaniel Wilson, Sr., and the great-grandfather of Rev. Frederick A. Wilson, was born January 20, 1740, and died July 27, 1810. He served as captain in the Revolutionary War, and married for his second wife Ruth Merrill; they made their home in Pelham, New Hampshire.

Rev. Frederick A. Wilson, son of Nathaniel, Jr., and Abigail A. (Colburn) Wilson, was educated in the public schools of Orono and the Hampden Academy. He was a member of the class of 1869 of the Waterville Classical Institute, and four years later was graduated from Bowdoin College with the B. A. degree, and in 1882 from the Theological Seminary at Bangor, Maine. During the years between 1873 and 1875 Mr. Wilson was principal of the Fryeburg Academy at Fryeburg, Maine, and from the latter year to 1879 he was instructor in mathematics and natural science at the Hallowell Classical Institute of Hallowell, Maine.

The first pastorate of Rev. Mr. Wilson, after his ordination to the ministry in 1882, was as pastor of the Orthodox Congregational Church at Billerica, Massachusetts, from 1882 to 1889. He was then appointed to the pastorate at Andover, which he held until 1919, when he was made pastor emeritus of the church, the Free Christian (Congregational). During his years at Andover Rev. Mr. Wilson has endeared himself to his parishioners, and is one of the most beloved citizens of his community. A new church was erected during his pastorate, which is said to be one of the finest examples of Old Colonial architecture in New England.

Rev. Wilson has served many years as trustee of the Memorial Hall Library, and as president of the Andover Christian Civic League. He was also vice-president of the Andover Natural History Society for some years, and has been a director of the Andover Guild since its origin. While a student at Bowdoin College Mr. Wilson became a member of the fraternities Alpha Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa.

Rev. Wilson married, September 10, 1889, Florence Nightingale Nason, born March 11, 1857, at Natick, Massachusetts, daughter of Rev. Elias and Mira (Bigelow) Nason. The former was a minister of the Congregational church and a well known author and lecturer. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were the parents of the following children: 1. Mira Bigelow Wilson, born January 13, 1893, educated at public schools of Andover, and at the Abbot Academy. She was graduated in the class of 1914 from Smith College, and four years later from the Boston University Divinity School. She is now an instructor at her alma mater. 2. Frederick Colburn Wilson, born October 21, 1894; he was educated in the public schools and Phillips Andover Academy, and was graduated from Harvard University in 1917, with the degree of A. B. He served as a Y. M. C. A. secretary at Camp Devens, and later joined Company C, 301st Field Signal Battalion, and was in

France for eleven months. He married Esther R. Gregory, daughter of Rear-Admiral L. A. Gregory, of Washington, D. C., and is in the class of 1922 at Union Theological Seminary.

GEORGE W. MUNSEY, JR., attorney of Haverhill and president of the Board of Aldermen of that city, 1920-21, was born in Exeter, New Hampshire, August 17, 1888, son of George W. and Grace M. (Langley) Munsey, the former for many years connected with the Exeter, Hampton & Amesbury railroad. George, in his boyhood, attended the grammar school of Exeter, subsequently passing through Exeter High School and afterwards taking a course in the Phillips Academy in Exeter. His general schooling then closed, and he took up law studies under District Attorney Eastman, of Exeter, New Hampshire. He was admitted to practice at the bar of Bristol county in February, 1912, and practiced in New Bedford until December, 1916, when he came to Haverhill. Since that time his law office has been in Haverhill and his practice has been chiefly in the courts of Essex county.

He was not long in Haverhill before it became evident that he had a special interest in, and aptitude for public affairs, and in December, 1917, he was elected alderman. Two years later he was re-elected, and for the year 1920-21 was president of the Board of Aldermen. He has also served for three years as Commissioner of Health and Charity, and the year, 1921, as Commissioner of Public Property.

Mr. Munsey is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and is affiliated with several fraternal orders, among them the local bodies of Elks, Red Men, Junior Order of American Mechanics, and Knights of Pythias. Socially, he is a member of the Wachusett and Agawan clubs. He is a Congregationalist, and attends the Bradford church of that denomination.

He was married, in 1909, to Fannie M. Bishop, daughter of E. B. Bishop, of Haverhill, former county commissioner. They have one child, Edward Bishop Munsey.

WILLIAM BALCH, treasurer of the Newburyport Institution for Savings, is a lifelong resident of Essex county, and has long been active in the public service as well as in the business life of the section.

Mr. Balch was born in Groveland, Massachusetts, August 18, 1869, and is a son of Hiram T. and Mary S. (Morse) Balch, gaining his education in the public schools of his native town. Mr. Balch was first employed, at age of sixteen years, as clerk in the office of the Newburyport city treasurer, continuing in this capacity for three years. He then became a bookkeeper in the First National Bank of Newburyport, filling this position for six years, resigning from that institution in 1894. He then accepted a bookkeeper's position with the Newburyport Institution for Savings, holding that situation until 1907, when he was elected treasurer of that bank, an office he has now held for fourteen years.

Mr. Balch served on the Newburyport Common Council in 1900, and on the Board of Aldermen in

1901-02. In 1906 he was elected city auditor, and is still holding that office. He is a member of the Dalton Club, of the American Yacht Club, and an attendant of the Unitarian church.

On January 15, 1891, Mr. Balch married Nellie B. Stevens, daughter of Benjamin W. and Louisa (Gaddis) Stevens. They are the parents of three children: Raymond T., of further mention; Marguerite, wife of Philip P. Cole, who is the son of John N. Cole; and Ruth S.

Raymond Tenney Balch, only son of William and Nellie B. (Stevens) Balch, was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, December 8, 1894. While in service during the World War, he fell to his death in his aeroplane at Castle Bromwick, near Birmingham, England, May 25, 1918. He was educated in the public schools of Newburyport and Phillips Andover Academy, and entered the business world with the American Trust Company of Boston, and later was with Blake Brothers, brokers, of Boston. He was a member of the City Council, Newburyport, at the time of his enlistment. Later he entered Massachusetts Naval Cadet School, whence he was graduated March 24, 1917, with the rank of ensign. He was shortly afterward ordered to duty with the Ninth Deck Division, but a slight physical defect prevented his going into active naval service in the war against Germany.

When thus disappointed in his hopes, he joined the Royal Flying Corps at Toronto, and after training at Bayside and at Fort Worth, he was commissioned, November 28, 1917, as second lieutenant, and in December, 1917, was sent overseas. He trained for service in England, and in February, 1918, was licensed a first class air pilot, and on April 1, following, was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant. On April 25, 1918, just two days before he expected to fly across the channel for combat duty in France, his aeroplane collapsed while he was at aerial target practice, and he fell to his death.

He was a member of the Dalton Club and the American Yacht Club, and a young man greatly beloved. He was of that fine, manly type, honorable and devoted to duty, modest in manner, but with the courage to face any test coming in the line of duty. Long may his memory be kept green, this young man who died for others, the supreme test of manhood.

WILLIAM FRANCIS HAYES, M. D.—In the professional world of Essex county, Massachusetts, the standards are of the highest, and progress is an animate force. Dr. Hayes is one of the leading members of the medical profession. He is a son of Dennis Cormack Hayes, who was born in Georgetown, Massachusetts, and died in Malden, three years ago (1919), at the age of fifty-eight years. He had been for many years prominent in the shoe business in Georgetown. He married Sarah Jane Murphy, who was of Vermont birth and rearing.

Dr. Hayes was born in Georgetown, Massachusetts, on October 13, 1882. He received his early education in the Perley Free Academy, at Georgetown, then entered Tufts College. He was gradu-



Wm. D. Patch



Raymond T. Balch



ated from the academic department in 1906, then from the medical department in 1909, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Dr. Hayes' hospital training was far more comprehensive than usual, and he spent nearly three years in the hospitals—Malden General Hospital, Boston City Hospital, and St. Mary's Infants' Hospital. After this splendid training Dr. Hayes came to Beverly, Massachusetts, in 1911, and entered upon the general practice of medicine. He has built up a very large practice, and is considered one of the most successful physicians hereabouts. While following no particular line as a specialty, he has been unusually successful along the line of obstetrics.

In the profession Mr. Hayes stands high. He is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, Essex South district; and he is on the staff of the Beverly Hospital.

During the World War, 1917-18, Dr. Hayes volunteered for the medical service, but was never called for active duty. His interest in public affairs is only that of the progressive citizen, and he supports the Republican party. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church. The Doctor's college fraternity is the Alpha Tau Omega, and while in college he was a member of the Glee Club and of the Mandolin Club. He is now a popular member of the Men's Singing Club, of Beverly.

Dr. Hayes married, on July 12, 1911, Luetta Frances, daughter of Everson G. and Martha (Sokeforth) Howes. Mr. Howes was a prominent farmer in Liberty, Maine, owning and operating large acreages. He is now deceased.

CHARLES THURLOW—For many years prominent in financial circles in Essex county, Massachusetts, Charles Thurlow is now president of the Five Cent Savings Bank, of Newburyport. Mr. Thurlow was born in Newburyport, March 26, 1846, and is a son of Charles and Lydia S. (Pettengill) Thurlow. As a young man his education comprised the usual grammar school course and two years at high school. He then began work, at the age of fifteen years, being first employed at sewing shoes for a shoemaker in Newburyport. At the age of seventeen years he became a clerk in the Mechanics Bank, and for eleven years continued with this institution, working up to the position of cashier. His health failing in 1874, he was sent West by the bank, and for a considerable period was interested in cattle ranches, recovering his health by outdoor life. In 1890, locating in Denver, Colorado, Mr. Thurlow became president of a bank in that city, and then, in 1897, returned East, and was associated with the Merchants' National Bank of Newburyport. From 1897 until 1907 he acted as director, then, in the latter year, became trustee and vice-president. In 1908 Mr. Thurlow was elected president of the Five Cent Savings Bank of Newburyport, which office he still holds.

Mr. Thurlow is a member of the Dalton Club, of Newburyport, and also the Newburyport Yacht Club. He is a member of the Unitarian church.

In July, 1877, Mr. Thurlow married Merriam A.

Woodward, and they have six children: 1. Merriam McIntyre, who resides at Silver City, New Mexico. 2. Florence Williams, who resides in Newburyport, where she is associated with the Community Service. 3. Annie, who is the wife of Lawrence Dodge. 4. Charles, who served as an aviator with the American Expeditionary Forces in the World War. 5. John W., who married Gretel Urban, and they reside in New York City. 6. Adelaide, who is the wife of John Rogers, and they reside in Chicago, Illinois.

CARLTON CHESLEY WITHAM, descendant of a Colonial New England family, is one of the successful business men of Essex county, and his most recent enterprise promises to be distinctly successful. He was born in Newbury, Massachusetts, January 5, 1876, son of Samuel M. and Charlotte A. (Wentworth) Witham, and grandson of Elcana Witham, who was a native of York, Maine, and later a farmer there. Samuel M. Witham, father of Carlton C., was born in York, Maine, January 14, 1843, and died June 7, 1911. He was a carpenter and building contractor for the greater part of his life, and was a poet of no mean quality; in fact, he was listed in "Local and National Poets of America" as one of the foremost poets of his time. He married Charlotte A. Wentworth, of Newbury, Massachusetts. She was born December 31, 1838, and died October 15, 1915. They were married July 22, 1865, and their children were Sanford H., born July 8, 1866, and Carlton C., of whom further.

Carlton C. Witham received his academic education in the public schools of Newbury and Haverhill, Massachusetts, but long before leaving school he was somewhat adept in carpentry. Since he was six years old he had been gradually instructed in the trade by his father, and, bearing this in mind, it is somewhat singular that he did not take up carpentry and building for a living until after he had been in other lines for many years. And it was not until he became a building contractor that he began to be distinctly successful in business. After leaving school, he worked for several shoe factories for a period of eight years, leaving them to take up farming on a property he had in Merrimac. On the farm he specialized in poultry and worked hard, but gave up farming in 1910, went to Hampton Beach, New Hampshire, and there became a building contractor, with some success. In 1911 he returned to Merrimac, Massachusetts, and opened a contracting shop there, entering largely into building operations during the next decade. He was apt in matters of construction; in fact, he built a house when he was only nineteen years old, and, although it was not as well built as the home he erected for himself in 1918, it would not discredit him as a house-builder. He was in business in Merrimac, as a building contractor, from 1911 to 1920, and during that time carried through successfully some of the largest construction projects let during those years in that part of Massachusetts. However, in 1920, he became interested in the automobile business, and saw opportunity for good returns in car-body building. He went to Amesbury and took over the old Rowell fac-

tory there, adapting it to his purpose, and forming the company later known as the C. C. Witham Body Company, of which he has throughout been the sole owner. He has specialized in the building of an amusement car, known as "The Dodger," and he has had quite noteworthy success. During the past year his company has shipped cars to almost all states of the United States, to Canada, Mexico and England, and the demand, in the concrete shape of orders now on the books, even comes from South America, Japan and India. The C. C. Witham Body Company finds steady employment for fifty men, but there is every probability that the number will be materially increased. Mr. Witham knows his business. It is said that when he first undertook the construction of this car, it was of a very crude design, but now is near to perfection. It is a unique business, for the C. C. Witham Body Company is the only manufacturer building that type. He is also engaged in manufacturing automobile bodies of the closed type, and has recently designed a special body for moderately priced cars, which has proved very successful, some very complimentary orders having been received.

Mr. Witham has shown a very active interest in the public affairs of Merrimac, where he resides. For four years he was chief of the Merrimac Fire Department, and during his administration the existing fire-alarm system was installed. In operation it proved so efficient that Amesbury and Haverhill have since both adopted the same system. Politically Mr. Witham is a Republican. Fraternally, he belongs to the Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and his Masonic connections include Chapter, Council, Commandery and Shrine. He is at present senior warden of Bethany Lodge of Masons, Merrimac.

During the war Mr. Witham was recommended for appointment to the post of chief engineer of one of the large government shipyards, but he was then in poor health and was unable to accept. He, however, enrolled in the State Guard organized in 1817, to take the place of State National Guard troops mustered into the United States Army for war service, and as a member of Company D, Sixteenth Regiment of Massachusetts State Guard, he served during the time of emergency, 1917-1919, in the grade of private.

Mr. Witham is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and in religious belief is a Christian Scientist, member of the Christian Science Church of Boston.

He was married, in 1895, to Melissa A. Yeaton, of Alton, New Hampshire.

BIRNEY CLEAVES PARSONS, one of the prominent men in legal circles in Essex county, is also widely known in fraternal and club circles. Mr. Parsons was born in Salem, Massachusetts, December 22, 1870, and is a son of Allen and Adelia A. (Cleaves) Parsons.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native city, Mr. Parsons also attended the

high school there, graduating in 1888. He then entered Boston University, from which he was graduated in due course, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, "summa cum laude," class of 1894. He was admitted to the Suffolk county bar in 1894, and the bar of the United States Circuit Court in 1898. Mr. Parsons began practice at once in Boston, Massachusetts, and has since won a position of prominence in the profession.

Mr. Parsons is a life member of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and a member of William Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He is a charter member of the Wayfarer's Lodge, of Swampscott, and a member of the Swampscott Masonic Club, the Homestead Golf Club, Boston City Club, Boston Bar Association, and the Massachusetts Republican Club.

Mr. Parsons married (first), in 1896, H. Alberta Wharff, who died in 1902; he married (second), in 1905, Florence B. Nourse, daughter of James H. and Ellen (Silsbee) Nourse, and they attend the Unitarian church of Lynn.

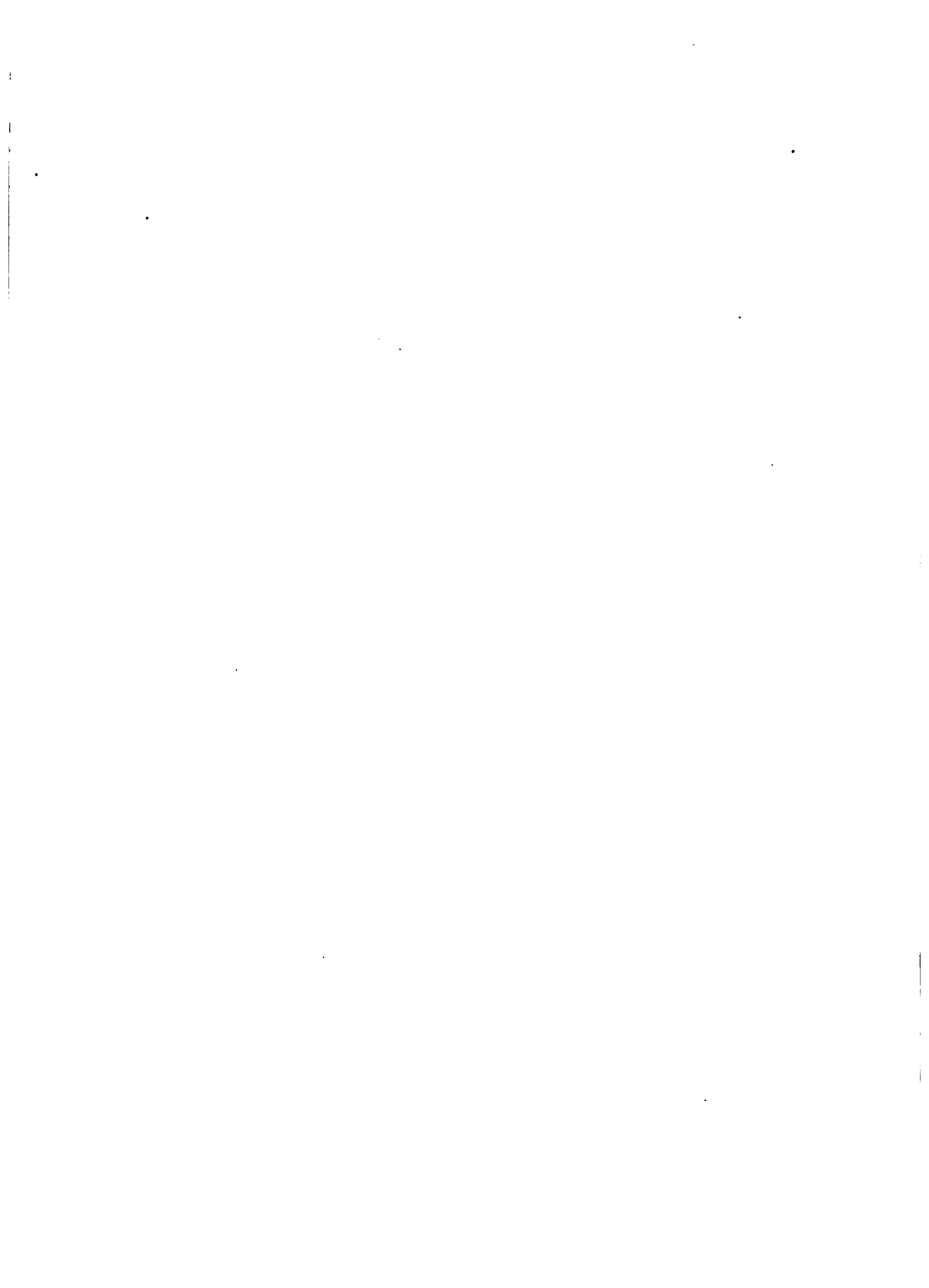
JOHN F. HOGAN—In Lawrence there are some names which stand out from among the rank and file with especial prominence, names of men whose activities have counted far towards the constant advancement of the interests of the community, and names which, in passing, have left behind a sense of loss among more than their immediate circle of business or social acquaintances. One of these names is that of John F. Hogan, whose career as soldier, textile manufacturer and philanthropist was coincidental with the remarkable development of the city during the latter half of the nineteenth century, and whose later years of leisure covered nearly two decades of the twentieth, filled with charitable and religious work.

Mr. Hogan was born in North Andover, Massachusetts, September 19, 1841, and was a son of George E. and Ann (Riley) Hogan, the first Catholic settlers in the town, and both long since deceased. George E. Hogan died in Lawrence, April 27, 1919.

As a boy Mr. Hogan received a practical education in the schools of his day, then, in 1857, at the age of sixteen years, entered the world of industry in the employ of the Stevens Mill, in North Andover. As a young man of only twenty years, he enlisted in the cause of the Union, but after three months of drilling the company was disbanded without entering the service. He re-enlisted in Company I, 6th Regiment, Massachusetts Infantry, and served for nine months in Virginia, when he was honorably discharged. Thereafter returning to his native town, he became overseer in the Sutton Mills, where he remained for three years. With his savings as capital, and the backing of his mother, who had confidence in the sincerity and practical ability of her son, Mr. Hogan formed a partnership with Henry H. Wyman and William McNamara in the manufacturing business in Pelham, New Hampshire. After four years of successful operation, the plant was des-



John F. Hogan



troyed by fire, and as the insurance on the property was inadequate, they did not continue the business.

In 1870 Mr. Hogan came to Lawrence, and with his brother, the late George E. Hogan, formed a partnership to engage in the milk business. After two years Mr. Hogan sold out his interest to his brother, George E. Hogan, and went into the retail grocery business on Common street, on the site now occupied by the telephone exchange. This property was then owned by the parents of Mr. Hogan. This venture proved so successful that in 1876 Mr. Hogan admitted his brother, George E. Hogan, to partnership, this arrangement continuing with ever-increasing success until 1890, when Mr. Hogan sold out his interest to his brother, George E., and so closed his career as a merchant.

It was impossible, however, for a man who had from early youth led such an active life to pass his days in idleness. Having become possessed of considerable real estate, it was quite natural that from looking after these interests he should develop quite a business along these lines, and should become known as an active dealer in residential property.

Mr. Hogan also found time to take an active interest in public affairs, believing that a man's civic responsibility is measured by his capacity to serve his community. He served in the Common Council in 1886 and 1887, and was a member of the Democratic City Committee, as well as an overseer of the poor. At the time of the cyclone in 1890 he was appointed by Judge De Courcy as one of the committee of five to appraise properties that were demolished. To him many residents were indebted for their homes in those trying times, for when what seemed to be unfair discrimination was shown by others, Mr. Hogan fought for justice to the poor unfortunates, and won.

Mr. Hogan was a member of Needham Post, No. 89, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he was a past commander; Relief Committee for the Post, of which he acted as treasurer for many years; trustee of Needham Hall Department Staff, and was delegate to Grand Army of the Republic conventions for years. He was also a vice-president of the Lawrence Real Estate Association.

Always a devout member of the Roman Catholic church, Mr. Hogan seemed to feel that success only laid upon him a greater burden of responsibility to his church and his fellowmen. He took a very active interest in the affairs of St. Patrick's Parish, to which he belonged, especially after his retirement from business in 1900, when, as a man of leisure and wealth, he liberally contributed, both in money and time, to all the benevolent and charitable works of the church. He was the founder (1895) and organizer of St. Patrick's Charitable Aid Society, was the first president of the organization, and served as treasurer for twenty years, the hand of death relieving him of this labor of love. He was also a member of the Orphans' Guild for many years.

Mr. Hogan married, in 1901, Josephine F. McCarty, who was born in Westbrook, Maine, in 1867, and is a daughter of Joseph C. and Margaret (Dilworth) McCarty. Mrs. Josephine F. (McCarty) Hogan came to Lawrence with her parents at the age of six months; then the family removed, in 1876, to Lowell, Massachusetts, where Mr. McCarty was superintendent of the Richmond Paper Company, the family returning to Lawrence in 1883, where they have since resided. Mr. Hogan is survived by his widow and six children: 1. Francis X., for some years principal of the John R. Rollins Grammar School in Lawrence and now (1922) director of the Continuation School. 2. Agnes R., a teacher in the Saunders School, in Lawrence. 3. John J., a member of the faculty of Lawrence High School; during the World War he trained at Camp Devens, and while there was promoted from private to sergeant-major; he was sent to Camp Lee, Virginia, where he was commissioned second lieutenant, and was then stationed with the 9th Training Brigade, 154th Depot Brigade, at Camp Meade. On December 4, 1918, he received his discharge. 4. Mary P., married Joseph A. Flynn, and resides at home. 5. George E., who died in October, 1918, when about to enter his third year at Holy Cross College. 6. Margaret, now (1922) a student at St. Mary's School.

Few citizens of Lawrence have had such an imposing funeral, for his sterling character and generous nature had endeared John F. Hogan to a wide circle of friends. In his death the city of Lawrence lost a public-spirited citizen, whose activities had always been constructive as well as progressive, whose spirit had been sturdily practical as well as courageous and optimistic. He left a vacant place in every circle in which he was accustomed to move, but while his passing away will long be regretted by those who knew him well, the good work with which his long life was so filled will carry down through the years benefits incalculable, and his name will long be cherished among the people of the city.

WILLIAM THOMAS O'NEIL—In professional practice in his home town, both before and after giving military service during the World War, Dr. William Thomas O'Neil, graduate of Tufts Dental College, is developing satisfactory connections in Amesbury, Massachusetts. He was born there January 17, 1891, son of William Thomas and Rose A. (Conlin) O'Neil. His father was born in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, August 15, 1856, and eventually removed to Amesbury, where he has for many years been in good business, as a hatter. Dr. O'Neil's mother was of a Bath, Maine, family, and was born there August 29, 1855.

In his boyhood and youth Dr. O'Neil attended the Amesbury public schools and was eventually graduated from the high school. Having resolved to enter the dental profession if possible, he became a student at Tufts Dental College, Boston, and was successful in graduating in the class of 1914. Soon thereafter he began to practice den-

tistry in Mattapan, remaining there for about a year, after which he returned to his native place, and immediately opened an office there. In 1917 came the upheaval of all personal affairs and plans because of the national emergency caused by the state of war into which the nation had entered. Dr. O'Neil enlisted in the United States Army, November 27, 1917, receiving a commission in the grade of first lieutenant, from President Wilson. He was assigned to duty at Penniman, Virginia, as an officer of the Dental Corps, and in his professional capacity he served there until January 22, 1919, when he was honorably discharged. He soon resumed his private practice at Amesbury, and it must be stated that his army service was advantageous to him, professionally, giving him much wider opportunities for practice than he would have had in the early years of a private practice.

He is well and favorably known in Amesbury. By religious belief a Catholic, he is a member of the St. Joseph's Catholic Church, of Amesbury, and belongs to the Knights of Columbus of that place. He is of course a member of the American Legion, and also belongs to the North East Dental Society and the Amesbury Club. Politically, Dr. O'Neil is a Republican.

On December 30, 1918, a few weeks before being released from military service, Dr. O'Neil was married to Theresa E. Cunningham, of Dorchester, Massachusetts. She was born in that town, May 6, 1891, daughter of Peter A. and Mary E. (Hays) Cunningham. They have one child, Elinore Mary, born December 23, 1919.

ORLANDO N. DANA — In April, 1919, the Emery-Dana-Tucker Company of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was incorporated, Orlando N. Dana being made president, Harry R. Emery, vice-president, and Arthur P. Tucker, treasurer. The company manufacture a line of ladies' high grade turn shoes, and are becoming well established in public favor. In 1920 Harry R. Emery died, and his wife, Mary Emery, succeeded him as vice-president. Orlando N. Dana, president of the company, is a son of Charles Dana, of Brighton, Massachusetts, who was engaged in the wholesale meat business until his death in 1894. He married Isabelle W. Hastings, of Waltham, Maine, who died in 1910.

Orlando N. Dana was born in Boston, Massachusetts, April 14, 1863, and was educated in grade and high schools, and Phillips Andover Academy, leaving college to engage in the wholesale meat business with his father. After two years in that business he transferred his services to Denham & Howland, shoe jobbers, and remained with that firm for three years as buyer. He then spent two years in New York City as salesman with Edwin Clapp & Company, and then, for fifteen years, was with Strong & Carroll, of East Weymouth, manufacturers of shoes. After that he accepted a position with the Charles Fox Company of Haverhill, Massachusetts, where he remained for seven years,

then went with the Emery, Marshall Company, remaining with them until 1919, when he entered the shoe manufacturing field as president of the Emery-Dana-Tucker Company of Haverhill.

Mr. Dana is a member of the Pentucket Club, the Old Colony Club, and of the Church of Christ (Scientist) of New York. He is a member and past master of Ancient Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Triune Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Palestine Commandery, Knights Templar.

Mr. Dana married, in 1886, Ella Horseman, of Schenectady, New York, and they are the parents of a daughter, Margaret W., wife of Dennison D. Dana, of New York City.

EMILE W. BAILLY was born in Paris, France, August 30, 1866, and is a son of Alexander and Matilde L. (Vildea) Bailly. His father, Alexander Bailly, who was a manufacturer of wood heels, was also born in Paris. He came to the United States and settled in New York City, where he built up a prosperous business, manufacturing wood heels, and died in 1906. Mr. Bailly's mother, Matilde L. Bailly, was also French by birth.

Mr. Bailly received his early education in the schools of France. He continued his studies in the public schools of New York City after his arrival in the United States with his father. When his studies were completed, he entered his father's business and became a manufacturer of wood heels. Upon his entrance into the business, the firm name was changed to Alexander Bailly & Son. The association continued until the elder Mr. Bailly's death, when Mr. Bailly assumed full control of the business, adopting the firm name of Emile W. Bailly. He had, in 1898, moved to Haverhill, Massachusetts, in order to direct the work of the company to better advantage. The company's factory was for ten years located at Lynn, Massachusetts. Among other enterprises, Mr. Bailly organized the Pentucket Wood Heel Company, which he afterwards sold to its present proprietors. Having come to Haverhill in 1898, Mr. Bailly may well be considered the pioneer of the wood heel manufacturing industry there. He retired from active participation in the management of the company's affairs June 19, 1920, and his two sons, Raymond George, and George Dewey Bailly, whose sketches follow, now conduct the business under the firm name of Bailly Brothers. Their factory is at 465 Hildale avenue, at the corner of Emery street, Haverhill, Massachusetts. It has a capacity of five hundred dozen wood heels a day in the finishing room, and one thousand dozen wood heels a day in the wood room. It occupies about ten thousand square feet of floor space and is one of the best-equipped and most modern factories at Haverhill.

Mr. Bailly is a Catholic. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and to the Loyal Order of Moose.

He married Elizabeth Seeney of New York City in 1886. She is a daughter of Peter E. and Eliza-



David J. Murphy -

beth Seeney, and was born at Ticonderoga, New York. Both of her parents were Canadians by birth. Her father, who was engaged in the shoe manufacturing industry, died in 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Bailly have six children: Violet Mary, born in 1888; Mabel Lenney, born in 1892; Rene E., born in 1893, served in the heavy artillery, United States army, in the World War; Raymond George, a sketch of whom follows; George Dewey, a sketch of whom follows; and Charles Lester, born in 1902.

RAYMOND GEORGE BAILLY was born in Nova Scotia, November 26, 1895, and is a son of Emile W., whose sketch precedes, and Elizabeth (Seeney) Bailly. He received his early education in the public schools of Haverhill and graduated from the Haverhill High School with the class of 1911. After his graduation, having decided to follow the occupation to which both his father and grandfather belonged, he entered his father's employ in order to learn all the details connected with the manufacture of wood heels. He spent three years in his father's service and then obtained a position with the Wason Wood Heel Company. He worked for this firm for two years, acquiring experience in the different methods employed in the manufacturing of wood heels. At length, fully equipped by knowledge and experience, he entered into partnership with his brother, George Dewey Bailly, whose sketch follows, and, June 19, 1920, assumed the direction of his father's business, the elder Mr. Bailly having decided to retire. Under the firm name of Bailly Brothers, Mr. Bailly and his brother conduct the business which is now located at 465 Hilldale avenue, at the corner of Emery street, Haverhill.

Mr. Bailly enlisted in the United States Army, Aeroplane Corps, First Division, in 1917. He enlisted at Haverhill, was sent overseas after a period of training, and was stationed at Paris during the greater part of the war. Among other engagements in which he saw active service, was the famous battle of Chateau-Thierry. At length, after eighteen months of service in France, he received his discharge, May 20, 1919. Mr. Bailly is a Catholic and a member of the Knights of Columbus.

He married Nellie O'Neill, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1920. Mrs. Bailly is a daughter of James and Nora (Curtin) O'Neill of Haverhill. Her father is engaged in the hat manufacturing industry. Mr. and Mrs. Bailly have one son, Raymond, Jr.

GEORGE DEWEY BAILLY was born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, November 4, 1899, and is a son of Emile W. and Elizabeth (Seeney) Bailly. He received his early education in the public schools of Haverhill and after his graduation, decided to enter the wood heel manufacturing industry with which both his father and grandfather had been connected. He therefore entered his father's employ in order to learn the business in all its details. He afterwards worked for the

Merrimac Wood Heel Company in order to acquire a wide experience in the different methods of manufacturing employed in his chosen industry. Still later he accepted a position with the Wason Wood Heel Company, which he served as foreman for a year and a half. Having thus acquired a thorough knowledge of the business, he entered into partnership with his brother, Raymond George, whose sketch precedes, June 19, 1920. Under the firm name of Bailly Brothers, Mr. Bailly and his brother assumed full control of their father's business, from the management of which the elder Mr. Bailly then retired, and which they still conduct. Mr. Bailly is a Catholic and a member of the Knights of Columbus.

He married Irene Frances Quirk, of Haverhill, in 1921. Mrs. Bailly is a daughter of Cornelius Quirk of County Cork, Ireland, who is engaged in the leather industry, and his wife, Margaret (McCarthy) Quirk, who is also a native of County Cork, Ireland.

DANIEL J. MURPHY—Every life is lived in three realms: that of business, that of civic progress, and that of the home. The people of Lawrence have recognized in Daniel J. Murphy, through his well-balanced interests in these three realms, a man whose life is at once symmetrical and forceful, and with confidence in his probity have placed important responsibilities upon him.

Mr. Murphy is of Irish parentage, his father, James D. Murphy, having come to the United States in 1865, and his mother, Mary (O'Leary) Murphy, being still a resident of Lawrence. Daniel J. Murphy was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, November 15, 1875. After the usual public school training he continued through high school, and was graduated in 1897. Entering Harvard University, he was graduated from that institution in 1901, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and is a Phi Beta Kappa man. In 1903 he graduated from Harvard Law School, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, having previously been admitted to the Massachusetts bar. Returning to Lawrence, Mr. Murphy entered upon his professional activities, practicing alone for a time, with offices in the Central building. He then formed an association with two partners, continuing practice as a member of the firm of Knox, Coulson & Murphy. In 1907 the withdrawal of Mr. Knox from the firm changed the name to Coulson & Murphy, and for about two years this firm continued. In 1909, however, Mr. Murphy resumed his original method of working independently, and has since then followed this plan, with offices in the Bay State building and with an ever multiplying list of clients. Mr. Murphy's public services date back to 1906, when he was made city solicitor of Lawrence, and in the fifteen years and more which have since elapsed he has filled that office ably and well. Coincidental with the above was his appointment as town counsel for Andover, Massachusetts, which office he also still holds. Mr. Murphy served as counsel for the commission appointed to build the

Central Bridge, in Lawrence, the magnificent structure now spanning the Merrimac river in the center of the city. This is the finest and largest of the bridges of Lawrence, and five years were required for its construction. Mr. Murphy stands high in his profession, and is a member of the Lawrence, Essex County and the Massachusetts Bar associations.

In 1905, at Andover, Massachusetts, Mr. Murphy married Mary T. Curran, daughter of Maurice J. and Theresa (Keating) Curran. Mr. Curran was born in Palmer, Massachusetts, but now (1922) resides in Andover. For many years he was the head of Curran & Joyce, of Lawrence, but retired from this firm several years ago and has since been entirely occupied with business affairs in Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Murphy have three children: Marie Elizabeth, born in 1907; Daniel J., Jr., born in 1910; and Edwin Curran, born in 1916.

HENRY NEWHALL BERRY—Admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1896 as an attorney-at-law, Henry Newhall Berry has for many years been continually in the public eye and has won leadership in financial affairs, also in business and public life. He possesses those sterling qualities, energy and integrity, which, with public-spirit and broad vision, have made his many years in the practice of his chosen profession years of conspicuous success.

Henry Newhall Berry was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, September 2, 1870, the son of Benjamin and Sarah Catherine (Newhall) Berry. After obtaining a preliminary education in the Hopkinson T. Berkley School, he prepared himself for college at Chauncey Hall. Graduating from Harvard University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1893, he entered the law school and three years later won from this institution the degree of Bachelor of Laws. That same year he passed his bar examinations and then established himself in Boston in the practice of his profession, subsequently forming a legal partnership with Charles C. Buckman, under the firm name of Berry & Buckman, corporation lawyers, in which he still continues.

As a citizen with exalted ideas of good government and civic virtue, Mr. Berry stands in the front rank, and whenever substantial aid will further public progress, it is freely given. He is no office seeker in public life, but ever by his vote and influence gives his loyal support to all measures calculated to promote public welfare. His civic spirit and rapidity of judgment enables him in the midst of incessant professional activity to give to the affairs of the community effort and counsel of genuine value, and his penetrating thought has often added wisdom to public movements. The thorough business qualifications of Mr. Berry have always been in great demand, also on boards of directors of various institutions, and his public spirit has led him to accept of many such trusts. He is director of the Central National Bank, of Lynn; trustee of the Lynn Five Cent Savings Bank, and one of the vice-presidents and a mem-

ber of the Investment Committee; director of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company; vice-president and director of the Richmond Lace Works; vice-president and director of the Lace Selling Company, of New York City; director of the A. E. Little Shoe Company, of Lynn; director of the A. Sidney Davidson Coal Company, of New York City; director of the Old Colony Coal Mine Company; president and treasurer of the Fells Land Company, of New York City; treasurer of the Nassau Terrace Company, of New York City; vice-president and director of the Midlynnton Corporation, of New York; and president of the Lynn Remedial Loan Society. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution; Sons of Colonial Wars; and chairman of the Lynn Chapter of the American Red Cross. Of social nature, Mr. Berry holds membership in the following clubs: Oxford; Tedesco; Algonquin; Exchange; Harvard, of Boston; Harvard, of New York City; University; Massachusetts Automobile; Salem; City Club, of Boston; Massachusetts Episcopalian; Neighborhood, of Swampscott; and the Vesper Country, of Lowell.

On October 24, 1900, Henry Newhall Berry was united in marriage with Mabel L. Breed, and to them have been born four children: Henry Newhall (2); Katherine Berry; Joseph Breed; and Mabel Lavinia. Mr. Berry stands today in the regard of his associates as one of the most highly respected figures of the community, a man who consistently stands for the best and most worthy things of life, and the substantial position that he has come to occupy in the community is the obvious and appropriate reward of application and mental qualifications of a high order.

RAY H. PALMER, dentist and ex-service man of Haverhill, was born in that city, April 22, 1893, son of Alvah B. and Lillian B. (Huntress) Palmer, both of Haverhill, the former a clothier, the latter now deceased. Ray attended the Haverhill public schools, graduating eventually from Haverhill High School, with the class of 1912. Having resolved to take up professional work, he became a student of Tufts Dental School, Boston, in 1914, and graduated in 1917, receiving the degree of Doctor of Dental Medicine. He immediately began to practice his profession in Haverhill, but soon gave up civil practice to enlist in the army for service during the World War. He was commissioned in the grade of first lieutenant, and assigned to professional duty in Camp Devens, first with the One Hundred and First Depot Brigade, and later with the medical detachment of the Thirty-sixth Infantry. His army practice in dental surgery was valuable and extensive, and well fitted him for private practice. He was discharged from military service on July 28, 1919, and immediately returned to Haverhill and reentered private practice. At first he did residential work, but before the end of 1919 he opened an office in the Pentucket building, where he still is.

Dr. Palmer has reached high rank in Masonry.

He belongs to the Merrimac Lodge, to the Pentucket Chapter; Haverhill Commandery, No. 14, Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine. He is also affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and the Junior Order of American Mechanics. He is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and of the Universalist church. He still holds connection with military work, being a member of the United States Veterans' Bureau.

Dr. Palmer was married, in 1918, to Miss Margaret Williams, of Newton, Massachusetts. They have one child, Constance Rae, born July 13, 1919.

WILLIAM P. McLAUGHLIN—It is quite an honor in a town famous for the making of shoes to be probably the oldest continuous shoe manufacturer. This honor is held in Haverhill, Massachusetts, by William P. McLaughlin, who was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, October 11, 1856. His father was born in Ireland, but was taken to England when two years old, and spent his early years there. Seeking wider opportunity, however, he migrated to the United States when but a young man. He married Winifred Agnes Burke, and died in 1872.

William P. McLaughlin completed his early education in the public schools of Newburyport, Massachusetts, and started right in from school to learn the shoe trade. At that time the business of shoe manufacturing lacked many of its present day improvements. The cutting of uppers, for instance, was done by hand, and required much speed and skill. It was at this work that he began his business career. In 1879 he came to Haverhill, Massachusetts, and soon founded a business of his own on Washington street. Since that time Mr. McLaughlin has seen many come and go, and has watched many changes take place in the process of making shoes on Washington street, but while occasionally changing the location of his business, he has never left the street where he began his career as a manufacturer. Besides being the manufacturer with the longest continuous location on Washington street, he is conceded to be the oldest continuous manufacturer of shoes in Haverhill, Massachusetts. His present establishment (1921) is at No. 98 Washington street, where he manufactures McKay shoes. Mr. McLaughlin is a director in the Haverhill National Bank. He is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Mr. McLaughlin and family are members of the Roman Catholic church.

On September 24, 1890, at Haverhill, Mr. McLaughlin married Rose Carter, daughter of Felix and Rose (Murther) Carter, both deceased. Of this union five children were born: 1. William H., born July 26, 1891; he was educated at St. John's Academy. He enlisted in the United States navy as a seaman, studied at Bumkin Island, passed his examination and went to Harvard, where he graduated as an ensign. After the expiration of the World War he was honorably discharged and returned to Haverhill and resumed his duties in as-

sociation with his father. He married Rachel McGuire, of Haverhill, and they have one child, William H., Jr. Mr. McLaughlin is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and attends the Sacred Heart Catholic Church. 2. Ruth, born August 15, 1892, now the wife of Raymond McNamara, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, a shoe manufacturer of Haverhill; they have one child, Adrian C. Mr. McNamara is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and attends St. James' Roman Catholic Church. 3. Adrian C., born in 1895; he was educated in St. John's Academy, Danvers, Massachusetts. He and his brother, William H., were learning the shoe manufacturing business with their father, who intended to leave the McLaughlin establishment to the sons, when the World War broke out and the United States became engaged. Immediately upon the declaration of war by this country he enlisted in the Motor Transport Division, United States army, and was shortly sent to Florida for training. He rose to be corporal while in service in France, but while overseas he was stricken with pneumonia and died, October 20, 1918, at Dijon. Letters from his captain show that had Adrian C. been more ready to pay attention to his own needs instead of giving himself so unselfishly to the duties and interests of the service, he might still be living. 4. Raymond Vincent, born September 17, 1900; he was educated in Haverhill public and high schools. He married, in September, 1921, Helen Deneau. He is now (1922) associated with his father in business. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and attends St. James' Roman Catholic Church. 5. Helen, born September 18, 1905; she was educated in the Haverhill Grammar School, and is now attending Wellesley Academy.

THE BLANCHARD FAMILY, of New England, one branch of which is that headed by Frederic William Blanchard, of Merrimacport, Massachusetts, is one of the oldest Colonial families, having been resident in Massachusetts since the year 1639. The progenitor of all American branches was Thomas Blanchard, who came from Penton, Hampshire, England, in that year, and settled in New England. He brought with him four sons: George, who died in Massachusetts in 1699 or 1700; Thomas, who died in 1650 or 1651; Samuel, who removed from Charlestown to Andover, Massachusetts, in 1679; and Nathaniel, who went to live in Weymouth, Massachusetts, in 1658. The Blanchard family, though from England, was of French origin. Thomas Blanchard and his sons were born in France, and being Huguenot in faith, had to seek refuge in England. The direct line from Thomas Blanchard to Frederic William Blanchard of the present generation is as follows:

Samuel Blanchard, son of Thomas Blanchard, was born August 6, 1629, and came to New England June 23, 1639. He married (first) Mary Sweetser, daughter of Seth Sweetser, of Charlestown, Massachusetts, January 3, 1654-55. She died February 20, 1668. He married (second) Hannah

Doggett, daughter of Thomas Doggett, of Marshfield, Massachusetts, June 24, 1673. Samuel Blanchard died April 22, 1707, in his seventy-eighth year. His widow lived until July 10, 1725, death occurring in Andover, Massachusetts. His children by the first marriage were: Samuel, born September 29, 1656, died 1667-68; Sarah, born February 15, 1657-58; Mary, born April 18, 1659; Joshua, born August 6, 1661; Jonathan, born May 25, 1664; and Abigail, born March 5, 1668. There were four children by his second marriage: Thomas, of whom further; John, born July 31, 1677; Samuel, born June 4, 1680; and Hannah, born September 26, 1681.

Thomas Blanchard, son of Samuel and Hannah (Doggett) Blanchard, was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, April 28, 1674. He married (first) Rose Holmes, of Marshfield, Massachusetts. She died August 27, 1714, and on September 21, 1715, he married (second) Widow Hannah Gowen, of Lynn, Massachusetts, who died June 25, 1724. On February 21, 1726, he married (third) Mrs. Judith Hill, of Malden, Massachusetts, who survived him, her death occurring December 1, 1767. Thomas Blanchard died at Andover, Massachusetts, March 17, 1759. His children by his first wife were: Thomas, born January 15, 1699-1700; Joseph, of whom further; Isaac, born September 20, 1702, died January 25, 1721-22; Josiah, born August 16, 1704; Elizabeth, born March 25, 1706; Hannah, born May 6, 1708; Rose, born January 12, 1709-10, died November 22, 1724; Deborah, born April 18, 1712; Lydia, born August 22, 1714. His children by his second wife were: Mehitabel, born October 3, 1716; Nathaniel, born February 2, 1718-19; Isaac, born October 23, 1723.

Joseph Blanchard, son of Thomas and Rose (Holmes) Blanchard, was born in Andover, Massachusetts, February 19, 1700-01. He married Sarah Abbott, of that place, on April 4, 1722. Their children were: Sarah, born July 25, 1723; Elizabeth, born July 17, 1726; Hannah, born October 8, 1728; Joseph, born February 9, 1731; Jeremiah, of whom further; Daniel, born July 15, 1735; John, born July 19, 1737; Phoebe, born November 8, 1741.

Jeremiah Blanchard, son of Joseph and Sarah (Abbott) Blanchard, was born in Andover, Massachusetts, in June, 1733. He married (first) Dorothy Smith, May 17, 1759. After her demise he married Susanna Martin, of Andover, Massachusetts, in August, 1772. He served in the French War, 1755-58; was taken prisoner at the siege of Fort William Henry, but escaped. He was also eventually a soldier of the Revolution, serving as lieutenant. Later he removed to Weston, Vermont, where he died on January 27, 1826. Children by his first wife: Jeremiah (2), of whom further; Peter, born August 12, 1768; Eber, born January 14, 1769. Children by second wife: Henry, born July 25, 1773; Sarah, born November 2, 1774; Dolly, born November 2, 1776; Judith, born October 5, 1778; Henry, born March 30, 1781; John, born November 26, 1782; Hannah, born March 27,

1785; William, born February 10, 1788; and Aaron, born July 20, 1791.

Jeremiah (2) Blanchard, first-born of Jeremiah (1) and Dorothy (Smith) Blanchard, was born at Dunstable, New Hampshire, September 17, 1760. He married (first) Susannah Pearson, of Newburyport, December 13, 1784. Later, on January 14, 1810, he married Sarah (Bartlett) Allen, widow of Jahpen Allen. Jeremiah (2) Blanchard was a soldier of the Revolution. His name is on the rolls as a "minute-man"; he served for three years in Captain Amos Lincoln's company of artillery, Paul Revere commanding. He was discharged May 9, 1780. After he was discharged from the Continental army he enlisted on the brigantine "Rover," a privateer commanded by Captain Adam Willman. He was captured and taken to Halifax, and was among those prisoners the English attempted to try for piracy. Eventually his release came by exchange. Soon afterwards Blanchard enlisted on the brig "Haskett and John," a privateer. He was again captured and this time taken to England, where he was incarcerated in the Dartmoor and Old Mill prisons, and not liberated until peace was declared. He returned to America on the ship "Havre de Grasse," and settled in Newburyport. He followed maritime occupations for many years afterwards, however, death coming on September 13, 1845, at Newburyport. His children by his first wife were: Polly, born February 14, 1786, died March 4, 1808; Dolly, born January 12, 1789; Jeremiah, born December 16, 1790, and lost at sea in 1815; Lois, born March 2, 1793; Rebecca, born February 15, 1796; Fanny, born April 19, 1798; James Pearson, born August 29, 1801; and William and Susanna, twins, born February 24, 1805, the former dying on March 14, and the latter on March 15, of the same year. His children by his second wife were: Mary, born April 16, 1813, died in November, 1814; Susan, born February 11, 1817; Frederick, of whom further.

Frederick Blanchard, son of Jeremiah (2) and Sarah (Bartlett-Allen) Blanchard, was born in Newburyport, October 26, 1810. He married (first) Abby W. Hickocks, of Newburyport, in February, 1838; she died September 11th of the same year. On August 5, 1840, he married (second) Mary Jane York, at Lee, New Hampshire, and their children were: Abbie Jane, born August 17, 1841; Mary Choate, born April 4, 1843; Jacob Stickney, born January 25, 1846; Rebecca Chapman, born February 6, 1847; Susan Lowell, born September 3, 1850; Jeremiah, born July 19, 1853, died in August, 1853; Frederic William, of whom further; Nellie Comfort, born June 6, 1858.

Frederic William Blanchard, son of Frederick and Mary Jane (York) Blanchard, was born at Lee, New Hampshire, October 31, 1854. He was educated in public schools in the vicinity of Boston, Massachusetts, and took a further course under Professor Hubert, of the Berlitz School of Languages, in addition to which he was privately tutored by Professor John Collins. Afterwards he learned a trade, that of decorating. He worked in





A. O. Hulbrick.

Boston for the Warner Bailey Company for six years, leaving their employ to enter into business for himself. Four years later he became a traveling salesman, his line mechanical hardware. He represented one house in that line for ten years, the Frank J. Scott Company. He next worked for the Belcher & Loomis Company, of Providence, Rhode Island, for one year; for a similar period he was with the R. G. Dun Company, but from that time until 1909 he was a member of the sales force of the Cutter, Wood & Stevens Company. For the next nine years he represented the A. J. Wilkinson Company, and in 1918 assumed charge of the office and paint department of the Merrimac Lumber Company, staying with that company until 1921, when he became associated in business with W. H. Franklin, Jr., of Merrimac, Massachusetts. His business career has thus been an active one.

Politically, Mr. Blanchard is a Republican; fraternally he is a Mason, member of Mount Vernon Lodge, of Malden; religiously, he is a member of the Unitarian church. He served for one enlistment as a private in Battery B, Second Massachusetts Artillery.

Mr. Blanchard married, November 14, 1900, Marie Adele Dumont, of Boston, Massachusetts. She was born on March 20, 1864, at Boston, daughter of Louis and Constance (Dubeau) Dumont.

LEONARD ORDWAY PHILBRICK, one of the most prominent citizens of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born there January 1, 1867, son of Isaac H. and Sarah E. (Ordway) Philbrick, and of the tenth generation in direct descent from Thomas (1) Philbrick, of Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1630, through his son James, of Hampton, New Hampshire, in 1640.

With the exception of three years, he has resided continuously in his native city, and there attended the public schools, Cannon Commercial College of Lawrence, where he took a course in bookkeeping and banking, graduating in 1884. Soon after this time he became identified with the shoe business, and gradually entered the manufacturing end of this business. Mr. Philbrick held various positions with the different firms, working sometimes in the office and at other times in the factories, thereby learning all the details of the work and the business. He was identified with many of the older shoe firms, such as Cluff & Gale, Miller & Foster, F. H. Huss, and Fitts & Weeks. It is believed that Mr. Philbrick was the first salesman to carry a line of women's welt boots, which were made in Haverhill, "on the road"; and this was at a time when he was salesman for W. H. Nason.

At the time of the financial panic in 1893, Mr. Philbrick was office manager and assistant superintendent of the factory of Wilbur H. Davis & Company, and to his great credit, he held his organization and kept up a production of 6,000 pairs per day without putting out a pay-roll for over five weeks. Later, when the money was obtainable

from the banks, the employees were paid in full and this was one of the very few factories to keep running during that time. The Davis plant was removed to Richmond, Virginia, soon after this time, Mr. Philbrick going also and starting operations there; upon his return to Haverhill, he entered the employ of James W. White, in the business of shoe findings and supplies, as accountant and credit man, which position he has held to the present time.

There is perhaps no other man in Haverhill with a broader knowledge or longer acquaintance with the shoe industry. He has a diploma of the National Association of Bookkeepers and Accountants, and in addition to his regular work, often audits the books of various business houses.

In politics Mr. Philbrick is a Republican, and as an ardent worker in the interests of this party, he is known throughout the State. During 1901-02 Mr. Philbrick was a member of the Common Council from Ward Six, and also was a member of the Republican City Committee for many years. He has been a member of the various Republican clubs since the organization of the first "Brother Jonathan's" in 1884, and is at present a vice-president of the Essex Club, the county organization; member of the Massachusetts Republican Club; and the Republican League of Massachusetts. Mr. Philbrick is also very active in other public affairs of the city, and is always seeking to advance the general welfare. He organized the Haverhill Choral Society and served as its vice-president; the World War handicapped this work considerably. Other memberships of Mr. Philbrick include: The Haverhill Camera Club; the Haverhill Historical Society; president of the Haverhill Archæological Society; and his business memberships are with the Chamber of Commerce and the Rotary Club, having served for three years as secretary of the latter.

Mr. Philbrick married Carrie B. Osgood, a native of Groveland, and they are the parents of a son, Arnold Dodge. With his family Mr. Philbrick attends the North Church, being treasurer of the society, and is a member of the Men's Club of that church.

ROLAND W. BOYDEN, LL. D.—For many years prominent in the legal profession and in all civic advance, Roland W. Boyden, of Boston and Beverly, Massachusetts, has of recent years been an international figure.

Mr. Boyden was born in Beverly, October 18, 1863, and is a son of William Cowper and Amy Lydia (Hoag) Boyden. Educated in Beverly and Salem high schools, Phillips Exeter Academy, and Harvard University, he was graduated from the latter institution in 1885. After teaching school for a short time, he entered Harvard University Law School, from which he received his degree upon his graduating in 1888. His first legal experience was with Henry P. Moulton, a prominent Salem attorney. Then, for a period of two years, Mr. Boyden was associated with H. W. Chaplin, of Boston, thereafter entering into partnership with

Charles I. Gidding, of Boston. Mr. Gidding's death occurred in 1898, and one year later Mr. Boyden became a member of the distinguished law firm of Ropes, Gray & Loring, now Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins. Gaining prominence in his profession in New England, Mr. Boyden was chosen for National honors in 1917, when he was made a member of the legal staff of the United States Food Administration at Washington, D. C., as director of prosecutions under the food laws. He served on the general executive committee under Mr. Hoover, having charge of the enforcement of all decrees and regulations given out by the food administration, and filling this exacting position for a year and a half.

Later Mr. Boyden was accorded the greater honor of acting as the representative of the United States of America on the Reparations Commission of the Peace Conference, by appointment of President Wilson, subsequently being reappointed by President Harding. As a delegate he was an "unofficial" member of the commission, since his government declined to ratify the treaty of Versailles.

For a number of years Mr. Boyden has been widely interested in the industrial as well as in the professional activities of this section. He is president of the Beverly Savings Bank, a director of the Beverly National Bank, is also a director of the First National Bank, of Boston, and of the Quincy Market Cold Storage and Warehouse Company. He has served on the Boston Chamber of Commerce as a director, as a member of the executive committee, and as chairman of its special committees on both the State budget system and a movement towards thrift. He also served as a member of the State Committee of Public Safety. He served for several years as chairman of the School Committee of Beverly, and is a director of the American Unitarian Association.

In college, and later, Mr. Boyden was noted as an athlete, and still takes the keenest interest in all athletic sports. He was prominent on the diamond, playing as pitcher and center fielder on the Harvard baseball teams of 1886 and 1887, and was a half-back on the football teams of those years. After graduation his interest continued, and he was a member of the famous Beacon nine of Boston, and played football with the Boston Athletic Association, of which he was long a member. He has traveled extensively, and owns a farm in Tamworth, New Hampshire.

EUGENE M. GALE, M. D., now in practice in Merrimac, Massachusetts, was born at Amesbury, Massachusetts, August 4, 1891, son of Eugene L. and Nellie M. (Manson) Gale, the former a hatter and for many years superintendent of a hat factory in Amesbury.

As a boy Eugene M. Gale attended the public schools of Amesbury, graduating eventually from high school there, after which he took the preparatory course at Tufts College. From there he proceeded to the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Boston, and became a medical student, graduating

ultimately with the class of 1914, and thus gaining his professional degree of M. D. The next two years were spent in hospital work; he was interne, or house physician, at Boston City Hospital until 1916, and during that time had considerable practice. In 1916 he went to Ipswich, Massachusetts, and opened an office for private practice in that neighborhood. The next year, 1917, however, brought that National emergency which altered the plans of millions of young men. With the entry of the United States into the World War, all phases of America's manhood had to set aside personal affairs, and give precedence to National. Dr. Gale, in September, 1917, enlisted in the Medical Corps of the United States army, and as a sergeant of that corps, was soon afterwards assigned to overseas duty at Base Hospital No. 44, situated at Pougues-les-Eaux, France. He served at that post throughout the war, and returned to this country in May, 1919, being then honorably discharged, with the grade of sergeant. Soon afterwards he again entered into civil practice of medicine, establishing himself at West Warren, Massachusetts, where he remained only about a year, however, then came to Merrimac, where he has since practiced. His record during the years since 1914, when he graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, indicates that he has a wide knowledge of medicine.

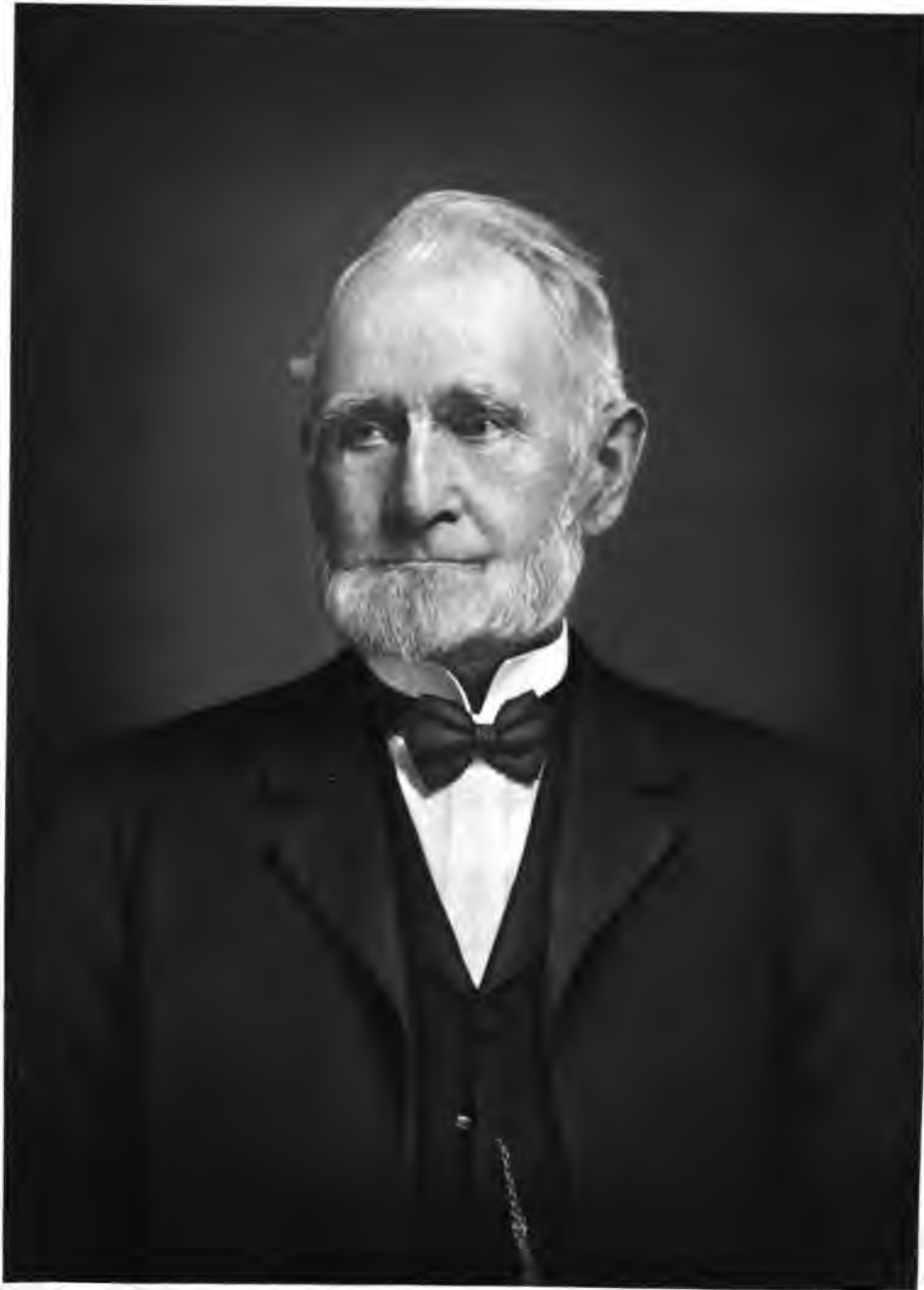
Dr. Gale holds membership in several professional associations; they include the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Pentucket Medical Association. He is far advanced in Masonic degrees, belonging to Warren Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Amesbury; Enoch Lodge of Perfection; Zerubbabel Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Evergeen Chapter, Rose Croix; Colwell Consistory, Sovereign Princes of the Royal Secret. He is a member of the Oxford Club, of Merrimac; Boston City Hospital Alumni Association; and is also a member of the American Legion.

Dr. Gale married, in 1917, Florence M. Woodward, of Amesbury, Massachusetts, daughter of Wellington R. and Etta (McLinn) Woodward, the former an automobile body manufacturer at that place. Dr. and Mrs. Gale attend the Congregational church of Merrimac.

HENRY T. MOODY—It is almost seventy years since Henry T. Moody, inventor of the Moody hangars, was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, the date of his birth being July 6, 1852. Thirty years later he made the first public demonstrations with his hangar, this taking place at the Mechanics' Fair in Boston, and during the remaining almost forty years, up to the present time, he has continued to manufacture them, as well as many other devices of his invention. Even today his firm finds almost constant employment for forty people of Newburyport.

Mr. Moody is a son of Henry T. and Harriett E. (Bartlett) Moody, the former born in Cornville, Maine. He was a blacksmith by trade, and died in 1876. Harriett E. (Bartlett) Moody was of a





J. W. Jordan

Newburyport family, and lived a widowhood of more than ten years, death coming in 1887. They had six children, four of whom were sons, Henry T. Jr., being the eldest. The home of the family was in Newburyport, and there the children went to school. After his schooldays were over, Henry T. Jr., learned the blacksmith's trade under his father, working in his smithy for nine years, after which for four years he lived in Moultonville. Returning to Newburyport in 1876, he formed a partnership with his brother, the trading being done under the name of Moody Brothers. His shop was situated in the rear of the Library building, and also for two years he was on Liberty street. In 1882 he established the Victor Manufacturing Company, and equipped a plant on Water street, which has been the address of the company ever since. Mr. Moody had for some years prior to the organization of the Victor Manufacturing Company experimented on certain devices he had designed, and with the invention of the Moody hangar, which was first demonstrated in 1882, he had a specialty which found favor and brought steady business to his company. The Moody hangars are used throughout the United States, Canada and Australia. Mr. Moody has not been content with his original invention, but has been constantly improving and perfecting it to meet the changing conditions of the time. The Moody type of hangar is known to most persons connected with hardware in that part of the country, and the business it has brought to the Victor Manufacturing Company, together with other excellent devices invented by Mr. Moody, has been sufficient to keep Mr. Moody constantly in his home town. The Victor Manufacturing Company was the first to manufacture its own fusible links, and quite a large trade was built up.

Personally, Mr. Moody is esteemed in his home town, and he is well known throughout the county and State among people in his line. He is a member of the American Yacht Club, but does not seem to have many other connections that would be likely to draw him from his business affairs. He apparently has not at any time manifested a desire to enter actively into public affairs, though he has furthered most of the worth-while public movements in his own town.

Mr. Moody married, October 17, 1877, Nellie A. Huntington, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, daughter of David and Clarissa (Osgood) Huntington. Mrs. Moody's mother died in 1878, eight years after the death of her husband, who was of a Massachusetts family, born in Pleasant Valley, that State, and for the greater part of his life a mason. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Moody: Gertrude, who died at the age of five and one-half years; Harry; and Arthur, who is also deceased. Mrs. Moody passed away January 12, 1921.

JOHN E. ALLEN, a prominent citizen of Lynn, Massachusetts, and a well known business man, was born December 22, 1879, in Swampscott, Massachusetts, son of Daniel and Harriet (Chase) Allen. On both the paternal and maternal sides he traces

to the earliest settlers of New England who were prominent in the building up of the colonies. Mr. Allen attended the public schools and the high school, and when twenty-one years of age was engaged in the leather business with Breed & Clapp, of Boston and Lynn. He followed this line of business until 1906, in which year he had an opportunity to engage in business for himself as a broker in stocks and bonds. He has been very successful and has built up a large and thriving business, with headquarters in Boston. Mr. Allen is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Boston, and of the Boston Athletic Association.

Mr. Allen married Doris Johnson, daughter of Harry Johnson, and they are the parents of three children: Phyllis, Bryce, and Marjorie. With his family he attends the Episcopal church of Lynn, where they make their home, and he is also active in the civic affairs of that city.

DANIEL S. JORDAN—The recent passing of Daniel S. Jordan, removed from the city of Lawrence one of her oldest residents, a man whose life had contributed to the welfare of the people and the progress of the community.

Mr. Jordan was a descendant of old New England stock, in direct line from Rev. Robert Jordan, the immigrant ancestor of this family in America, who came from England and settled in Maine very early in the history of the Colonies. He cared for the spiritual needs of the people over a wide district, from the Casco settlement to Saco. He was fearless in his denunciation of witchcraft, and it was largely through his labors that the practices in connection with this idea fell into disuse, through the section in which he preached and taught. The sturdy qualities of the old pioneer forebear, came down through several generations to Ichabod Jordan, Mr. Jordan's father. Ichabod Jordan was born in Biddeford, York county, Maine, February 2, 1782, and died August 7, 1874. In early life he conducted a country store, prospering and becoming a leading man in the community. Later in life, with dignity and position secured, he represented the district in the general court at Boston. He was for many years deputy sheriff of York county, Maine. He married Betsey Nason.

Daniel S. Jordan, son of Ichabod and Betsey (Nason) Jordan, was born in Biddeford, Maine, July 23, 1824, and died in Lawrence, Massachusetts, January 2, 1921, in the ninety-seventh year of his age. Daniel S. Jordan was educated in his native town, and worked with his father until he had attained his majority. In 1845 he left Biddeford, and struck out for himself, coming to Massachusetts, and locating in Charlestown, where he found employment in a grocery store. Remaining there until 1847, he then came to Lawrence, which became his permanent place of residence. At first he worked as a grocery clerk, but he was ambitious to gain a foothold on the road to success, and through hard work and thrifty habits, acquired a little capital. In 1850, in association with his brother, A. S. Jordan, he entered the grocery business, under the

firm name "A. S. Jordan & Company." The venture proved very successful, grew and prospered, and for eighteen years the brothers continued together. The firm as originally established, comprised A. S. Jordan and G. H. Gilmore, under the name of A. S. Jordan & Company. In 1850 Daniel S. Jordan who had been associated with W. H. Bridgman, bought Mr. Gilmore's interest, and the brothers worked together with untiring zeal and marked success. The enterprise started at a site on Common street between Union and Newbury streets in 1848, and in 1853 the present site was purchased, where now stands the substantial brick building erected in 1896 by Daniel S. Jordan, bearing his name and still owned by his estate. Then in 1869 the death of A. S. Jordan left Daniel S. Jordan sole proprietor, and for years he carried on the business alone. The firm name was then changed to D. S. Jordan & Co., and so remained until 1872, when Mr. Jordan disposed of his business to Messrs. Eastman & Buell. During its entire history the business was located at the corner of Newbury and Common streets. In 1873 Mr. Jordan retired from the grocery business, and when he turned it over into other hands, this was one of the most important interests in the city of Lawrence, in this field of mercantile endeavor.

For a number of years prior to his retirement, Mr. Jordan had acquired very considerable holdings of real estate, and from that time on, he occupied himself with the management and development of the various properties in which he was interested. He also built a beautiful and spacious home at No. 134 East Haverhill street, in Lawrence, and taking up his residence there in 1876, spent his declining years in the house which represented the summit of his success.

Of a quiet, retiring nature, a lover of home and intellectual pursuits, Daniel S. Jordan lived to an age now rare in the history of a hurrying, progressive world. Although for many years practically retired, he kept in touch with all public advance, and took great pride in the growth and prosperity of the city of his adoption. He was a member of the Unitarian church, but for several years before his death was unable to attend any church. Broadly interested in every branch of forward endeavor, he will long be remembered in Lawrence as a worthy citizen, and a progressive, high-minded man.

Daniel S. Jordan married, December 29, 1869, Alicia Parham, of Tyngsboro, who is his sole survivor.

PAUL LYNCH, dentist, of Amesbury, Massachusetts, was born at Waltham, that state, October 15, 1875, son of Michael and Ellen (Mullen) Lynch. He was educated in the public schools and high school, graduating from the latter institution in 1895. Subsequently he attended Tufts College for two years and then attended the University of Maryland where he received his degree of Doctor of Dental Science in 1907. For a short time he

was located in Boston, having charge of an office there, and in 1909 opened his own office at Vineyard Haven where he remained for two years. Since 1911 he has been located in Amesbury, Massachusetts, continuously engaged in the practice of his profession.

During the World War, Dr. Lynch offered his services to his government and was overseas for seventeen months. He was in charge of dental surgery for the Red Cross interests and was stationed at Paris the greater part of the time. He was commissioned lieutenant and later captain, being discharged in July, 1919. Dr. Lynch is affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Amesbury Club. He is also a member of the Essex County Dental Society and the Massachusetts Dental Society, and is an attendant of St. Joseph's Church.

JAMES EDGAR BARNES, who holds an assured position in the Essex county bar, is a descendant, through both his paternal and maternal lines, of early Colonial pioneers who landed at Plymouth shortly after 1620. Both families were represented in the early progress of the colonies and in the Revolutionary War. He is a son of Charles E. and Mary Susan (Schellinger) Barnes, and his father, who was a shoe worker during the greater part of his life, was connected with the General Electric Company in his later years, and died in Lynn, December 30, 1916.

James Edgar Barnes was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, May 14, 1869, and received his early education in the public schools of the city. His musical education was begun at an early age, and while still very young he played professionally, also teaching the violin. At the age of thirty-six years he took up the study of law under private tutors, and was admitted to the bar in February, 1909. He has since practiced in this city very successfully, and is now esteemed one of the leading men of Lynn. He is a member of the Lynn Bar Association and of the Essex County Bar Association. He is also a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, and of the Lynn Historical Society.

On October 17, 1892, Mr. Barnes married Jennie Lambert Murkland, daughter of Robert and Mary (Derby) Murkland; her father at one time was connected with the Noble Stove Company, of Lynn. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes are the parents of three children: Jean Lambert, born December 2, 1898; Edgar Schellinger, born March 20, 1895; and John Murkland, born May 22, 1898. Both sons served in the World War, Edgar S. Barnes enlisting in the 101st Engineers, 21st Division, and served in many battles overseas, losing, partially, the sight of his right eye. He was mustered out at Camp Devens, Massachusetts, about March, 1919. He is now in the engineering department of the Boston and Maine railroad. John Murkland Barnes served in the Naval Reserve, and is now attending the Boston University Law School. Mrs. Barnes is a member of the "1884" Club, of Lynn.



J. Franklin Batchelder

ARTHUR W. BECKFORD, of Danvers, Massachusetts, has for many years been active in the mercantile life of the town, and is still engaged in the line of business in which he started, the furniture business. He was born in Topsfield, Massachusetts, on November 23, 1864, and is a son of Samuel and Julia A. (Dodge) Beckford. Samuel Beckford was born in Topsfield on October 25, 1836, and was a shoemaker. They were the parents of two children: Arthur W., of whom further; and Otis, who was born in 1868.

Attending the schools of his native town, Mr. Beckford came to Danvers at the age of eighteen years, and here entered the employ of J. Frank Porter, then a leading furniture dealer here. After ten years in Mr. Porter's employ, Mr. Beckford became a partner in the business, and about ten years thereafter, bought Mr. Porter's interest, and became sole owner of the business. This transaction occurred in 1908, and Mr. Porter is still a leader in this section in this branch of mercantile endeavor.

Mr. Beckford has attained prominence in various civic and fraternal interests. He was a trustee of the Peabody Institute from 1916 to 1922. From 1904 to 1917 he was water commissioner of the town of Danvers, and he has been a trustee of the Danvers Savings Bank since 1905. Politically he supports the Republican party. He is a member of the Universalist church, and has been a trustee of the church organization, his period of service in this capacity being from 1895 to 1908.

In the Masonic order Mr. Beckford is very prominent, and holds the thirty-second degree. He is a member of Mosaic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and from 1898 to 1899 was past master of the order; during 1896-97 he was high priest of the Holton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and past grand king of Grand Chapter. He was a charter member of St. George Commandery, Knights Templar, and during 1904-05 was eminent commander of this body. In 1910 Mr. Beckford was district deputy grand master of Masonic lodges, and was also grand lecturer of Grand Commandery.

Mr. Beckford married, in 1890, Harriette Putnam Bell, of Danvers, and they had one son, Arthur Courtenay, who was born June 4, 1896.

JOHN T. CARROLL—In business circles in Danvers, Massachusetts, the name of John T. Carroll has long been well and favorably known, and in the public life of the town he has become a force for progress. He is a son of Samuel B. and Caroline (Phillips) Carroll. Samuel B. Carroll was born in Marblehead, in 1833, and was a hard working man, both sailor and shoemaker. He was drowned in 1858. They were the parents of two children: Samuel B. Jr., born September 19, 1855, and John T., of further mention.

John T. Carroll was born in Stoneham, Massachusetts, June 30, 1858. Receiving his early education in the public schools of Marblehead and Danvers, he later attended a private commercial school, in preparation for his business career. After completing his studies he started a business enterprise,

combining the sale of periodicals and men's furnishings, locating in Danvers for this purpose. He was successful from the first, and continued this store for a period of twenty-seven years. It was founded in 1878, and until 1905 it was his principal interest. In the latter year Mr. Carroll disposed of the long established business and entered the field of real estate and insurance. His long experience and thorough familiarity with the town and its vicinity were of great value in the new venture, and he soon became a power in the field which he had chosen. He has been identified with many important deals in this section, and is still going forward. Mr. Carroll was one of the men who built the old skating rink, which later was sold and constructed into the fine armory now occupied by Company K, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

Mr. Carroll has been a member of the Board of Trade of Danvers for the past seven years, and for a much longer period has been prominent in the public affairs of the town. He has served as assessor for sixteen years, and was chairman of the board of assessors for ten years. He served as sealer of weights and measures for six years, and as selectman for five years. He also served as a trustee of the Peabody Institute for three years. A staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party, he was treasurer of the Republican Town Committee for ten years. He was for many years sergeant of Company K, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, of which he was one of the organizers. He also was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic drum corps.

Personally, Mr. Carroll is widely known in the fraternal world. He is a member of Mosaic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Holton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters; and of Salem Commandery, Knights Templar. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the Ancient Order of United Workmen; and has been a member of the Improved Order of Red Men for twenty years. He attends the Universalist church.

Mr. Carroll married Cora I. Griffin, of Haverhill, and they have one son, Arthur E., who was born in 1883, and is now associated with his father in business; he married Irene B. Briggs, now deceased, and they had one child, Winston B.

J. FRANKLIN BATCHELDER, lawyer, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born December 24, 1870, in West Amesbury, now Merrimac. Horace Jackson Batchelder, his father, was born September 6, 1829, at Raymond, New Hampshire, and has been and is now engaged in the building of automobile bodies at Amesbury, Massachusetts. He married Helen Adaline Merrill, born May 16, 1835, in South Hampton, New Hampshire. Mr. Batchelder's father and mother have been married over sixty years, and both are now living.

Mr. Batchelder was educated in the public schools and graduated from the high school at Amesbury in 1888. He was admitted to the Boston bar on October 2, 1896, and in 1897 he received his B. A.

degree from Boston Law School. He engaged in the practice of his profession at Haverhill and so continues to the present time. Mr. Batchelder is very prominent among the legal fraternity of the Essex County Bar Association, and has also taken an active part in the public affairs of Haverhill. From 1898 to 1900 he was a member of the Common Council of Haverhill, and in 1901 and 1902 represented his party, the Republican, in the Massachusetts State Legislature. For three years he was a member of the Republican State Committee and has also served as chairman, secretary and treasurer of the Republican City Committee.

Mr. Batchelder is a member of Sagahew Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Haverhill Council, Royal and Select Masters; Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar; Princes of Jerusalem; Rose Croix; Boston Consistory, and is a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He has attained the thirty-second degree in Masonry. Other fraternal affiliations of Mr. Batchelder include membership in Mizpah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is past grand; Grecian Lodge, No. 154, Knights of Pythias. He is a member of the Haverhill Historical Society; of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and the Pentucket Club of Haverhill.

During the World War Mr. Batchelder devoted much of his time to aiding those making out the questionnaires, and in common with many other prominent lawyers throughout the country, this service was gratis.

Mr. Batchelder married, June 19, 1901, at Haverhill, Bessie Louise Howe, daughter of James and Sarah (Walker) Knowles Howe. Mrs. Batchelder is a member of the Haverhill Historical Society and the Women's City Club. Mr. and Mrs. Batchelder attend the North Congregational Church of Haverhill, of which he was the clerk for twelve years, declining reelection in 1922.

Mr. Batchelder is a director in several corporations, and trustee of several large estates.

SAM CROSSLAND—One of the attractive mercantile establishments of Danvers, Massachusetts, is the jewelry store at No. 6 Maple street, of which Sam Crossland is the proprietor. Mr. Crossland was born in Bradford, England, on September 21, 1875, and is a son of John E. and Levina (Akroid) Crossland. John E. Crossland is of English birth, and for many years has been a master mechanic in the industrial world of California. John E. and Levina (Akroid) Crossland are the parents of seven children: Mrs. S. E. Webster, of Canton, Massachusetts; J. E. Crossland, of Arlington, Massachusetts; Firth A., of Los Angeles, California; Sam, of whom extended mention follows; Blanche C., and Burmont C., also of Los Angeles; and Mrs. M. C. Hall, of Utica, New York.

Sam Crossland came to the United States when only six years of age, with the family, and gained his education in the public schools of Law-

rence. After completing his studies he became a carpenter and millwright, and continued in this field of endeavor until he was thirty years of age. Thereafter he was on the road for seven years, setting up machines for the Dillon Machine Company. In the course of his duties along this line he worked for J. H. Horn & Sons, Davis & Furber, the Lawrence Machine Shop, Hollingworth & Vose, the General Electric Company, and the United Shoe Machine Company, also, for a period of fourteen years, having charge of their clocks. In 1920 Mr. Crossland went into business for himself, establishing a jewelry store in Danvers, also founding the Crossland Company, which is located in the Walker building, in Boston, for the sale of electric clocks. He has made a most promising beginning, and in the short period which has since elapsed, has developed the business remarkably, his future success thus being assured.

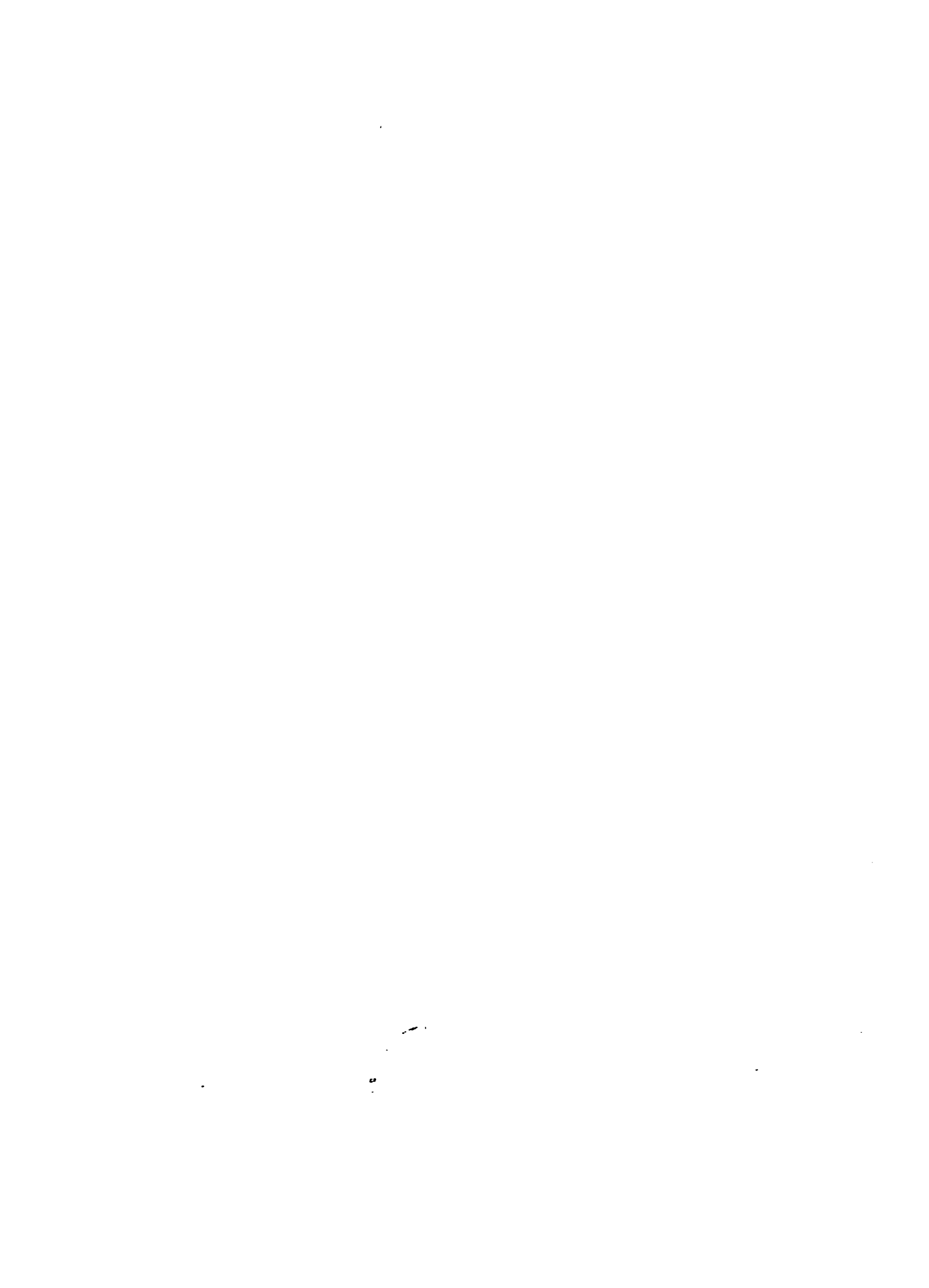
In various activities Mr. Crossland is prominent. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also of the Encampment and the Rebekahs, and of the Manchester Unity Odd Fellows, of which order he has been past grand for the last twenty-two years; and the Loyal Order of Moose. He is a member of the Get Together Club, and was formerly treasurer of that organization. Politically he supports the Republican party, and he attends St. Peter's Episcopal Church, of Beverly.

Mr. Crossland married Caroline E. Gribben, of Boston.

JOHN B. LEONARD, a dental surgeon of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in that city on August 10, 1881, son of Seraphin and Melende (Prevost) Leonard, both of whom were of Canadian birth, the former of Montreal and the latter of St. John's. Seraphin Leonard was for the greater part of his life identified with the shoe industry, and for many years with the Massachusetts shoe industry. They lived in Haverhill for many years, and the son, John B., has spent almost the whole of his life in it.

John B. Leonard was educated in Haverhill public schools, passing from the graded to the high school, and graduating from the latter with the class of 1899. Some time later he decided to enter the dental profession, and with that object in view, became a student in the Baltimore Medical College, dental department, in 1902, and in due course received his professional degree, being graduated in the class of 1905. Soon, thereafter, he took up the practice of dentistry in his native place, and has had an office in Haverhill ever since, experiencing satisfactory development in practice, both in extent and workmanship.

Dr. Leonard has taken close interest in public affairs, but has not been able to take as active a part as he would have liked, his professional duties restricting his opportunities in that connection. Still, he is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and for three years has been a member of the Haverhill School Board. Fraternally, he





Christopher H. Rogers.

belongs to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of which he is past exalted ruler; and the Knights of Columbus. His professional affiliations include membership in the Haverhill Dental Society, and the Northeastern Massachusetts Dental Society, of which organization he is a vice-president. Socially, he belongs to the Wachusett and Island Golf clubs.

Dr. Leonard married, in 1914, Alice C. Donovan, of Newburyport. They are devout Catholics, and attend St. Joseph's Catholic Church of Haverhill.

FRANK LESLIE SIMPSON—Simpson is one of the Scotch-Irish names which has been identified with New Hampshire from a very early Colonial period, and people by that name were active and prominent in the development of Northern Ireland a century before the transplanting of the name to New England. The name is derived from Simpson or Simon, a good old Bible name. Simpsons were conspicuous in the settlement of Londonderry, New Hampshire, and early appeared in that part of ancient Portsmouth which is now Greenland, and is found in other sections of the State. Representatives of the Portsmouth branch settled in Windham, New Hampshire, and this review deals with a descendant of that ancient family.

Frank Leslie Simpson, son of Charles Edward and Sarah Abbie (Clark) Simpson, was born in South Barnstable, New Hampshire, March 19, 1875. He prepared in the public schools, and after graduation from the Classical High School, of Lynn, Massachusetts, entered Boston University, whence he was graduated A. B., class of 1893. Later, deciding upon the profession of law, he prepared in Boston University Law School and was graduated LL.B., summa cum laude, in 1903. After graduation he continued at the law school as an instructor, 1903-1907, when he was advanced to an assistant professorship, and since 1910 has been professor of law. He is an editor of "Bigelow's Cases on Bills and Notes," also of "Simpson's Cases on the Law of Tort." He maintains offices in Boston and conducts a private law practice.

Professor Simpson is a member of lodge, chapter, council, commandery, consistory of the York and Scottish Rites of Masonry, and is a noble of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of Phi Delta Phi fraternity; an honorary member of Phi Beta Kappa; and a member of the Boston Art Club.

Professor Simpson married Mabel Elizabeth White, September 20, 1905, and they have a son, Donald Robert.

JOHN BAKER PEARSON, a lifelong resident of Essex county, Massachusetts, has been familiar with the business world of Lynn for thirty-three years, and has long been prominent in the insurance business here.

Mr. Pearson was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, December 30, 1864, and is a son of John G. and Ruth A. (Thurlow) Pearson. Receiving a lim-

ited, but thoroughly practical education in the public schools of his native place, Mr. Pearson, as a boy of fourteen, came to Lynn. He began life as paper boy, filling in his time by selling lunches in a shoe factory. In 1887 he secured a position as clerk in the men's furnishing store conducted then by Henry H. Green, and was thus employed for about two years, after which he started in business for himself in the same field. This business he conducted for about twenty years very successfully, then entered the insurance business, not long thereafter receiving his son into partnership, and carrying on the business under the name of John B. Pearson & Son. This concern is located at No. 44 Central Square, in Lynn, and is still carrying on a prosperous and steadily increasing business.

Mr. Pearson is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and served as secretary of the Retail Bureau for a number of years. He served for two years on the Lynn School Board. For about fourteen years he has been a member of Damascus Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member of East Lynn Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which he has served as financial secretary for twenty-five years, and also is a member of Lynn Encampment of the same order. He is a member of St. Stephen's Church.

Mr. Pearson married, in 1886, Maud R. Cook, daughter of Philip Cook, and they have two children: Edward C., born September 28, 1893; and Ruth A., born August 15, 1902.

CHRISTOPHER H. ROGERS—The legal profession is represented in Lawrence, Massachusetts, by a group of the leading attorneys of the State. One of the prominent members of this group is Christopher H. Rogers, who for twenty-five years has practiced law in Massachusetts.

Mr. Rogers is a son of William M. and Caroline (Howe) Rogers, the former born in Newbury, Massachusetts. He taught school for a time in Milford and East Haverhill, but later became a widely-known attorney and trial justice at Methuen, this covering a period of fifty years. He was a Republican in politics, and represented that town in Legislature. He was a member of the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Christopher H. Rogers was born in Methuen, Massachusetts, on May 6, 1871. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native town, and continuing through the high school there, he early made the decision to follow in his father's footsteps and to make the legal profession the field of his career. He entered Amherst College, and upon his graduation from that institution in 1893, with the B. A. degree, entered Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1896, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, cum laude. In the same year he was admitted to the Essex county bar. Mr. Rogers began the practice of law in Gloucester, Massachusetts, where he remained for two years. Coming thereafter to Lawrence, he entered into a partnership with William J. Brad-

ley, and for eight years Bradley & Rogers was one of the leading law firms in this district. Since 1905, when this partnership was dissolved, Mr. Rogers has carried on his practice alone, with most gratifying success. He handles a general practice of law, and has been justice of the peace for about twenty-five years and a notary public for many years.

Mr. Rogers stands high in the profession, is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Lawrence Bar Association. He is also a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce. For some years he has been a director of the Nevins Home for the Aged.

Fraternally, Mr. Rogers is a member of John Hancock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. His college fraternities are the Phi Delta Theta, at Amherst, and the Phi Delta Phi, at Boston University. He is a member of the Methuen Club. For a number of years he was chairman of the Methuen Republican Town Committee and also served on the School Committee.

In December, 1905, Mr. Rogers married Alice P. Clark, who died in December, 1908. They were the parents of one son, Francis Clark Rogers. Mr. Rogers resides in Methuen and his office is in the Bay State Bank building in Lawrence.

FREDERICK E. SWEETSER, M. D., who has been in practice in Merrimac, Massachusetts, for more than thirty years, was born in Saco, Maine, November 11, 1866, son of Steven E. and Mary V. (Knight) Sweetser. His father was originally of Buxton, Maine, and until his retirement in 1911 a machinist by trade, and his mother, originally of Waterboro, Maine, died in 1911. Steven E. Sweetser served through the Civil War, and was a member of the Lowell, Massachusetts, post of the Grand Army of the Republic. His son, Frederick E., received his general education in the public schools of Saco, Maine, graduating ultimately from the high school of that place. With a view to qualifying in medicine, he became a student at the Portland, Maine Medical School, and took further medical instruction at the Bowdoin Medical College, graduating in medicine therefrom with the class of 1888, and then receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He took special graduate study at the New York Post Graduate Medical School, but soon after he had graduated he entered upon general practice in Merrimac, which has been his centre ever since. He has a wide practice, and is generally esteemed. During the war period (1917-19) he acted as a member of the Medical Advisory Board to the Draft Board at Newburyport, and he has had many professional affiliations. He is an ex-president of the Essex North District Medical Association, and is a member of the American Medical Association, Massachusetts Medical Association, and the Haverhill Medical Club. Socially, he belongs to the Home Club.

During his long residence and professional activity in Merrimac, Dr. Sweetser was necessarily drawn into much public work, especially in educa-

tional matters. He has been a member of the Merrimac School Board for twelve years, and has fostered many local movements of public class. He is also a director and vice-president of the First National Bank of Merrimac. Fraternally, Dr. Sweetser is a Mason and Odd Fellow. Of the former, he belongs to the Bethany Lodge of Merrimac, the Trinity Chapter of Amesbury, and the Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar.

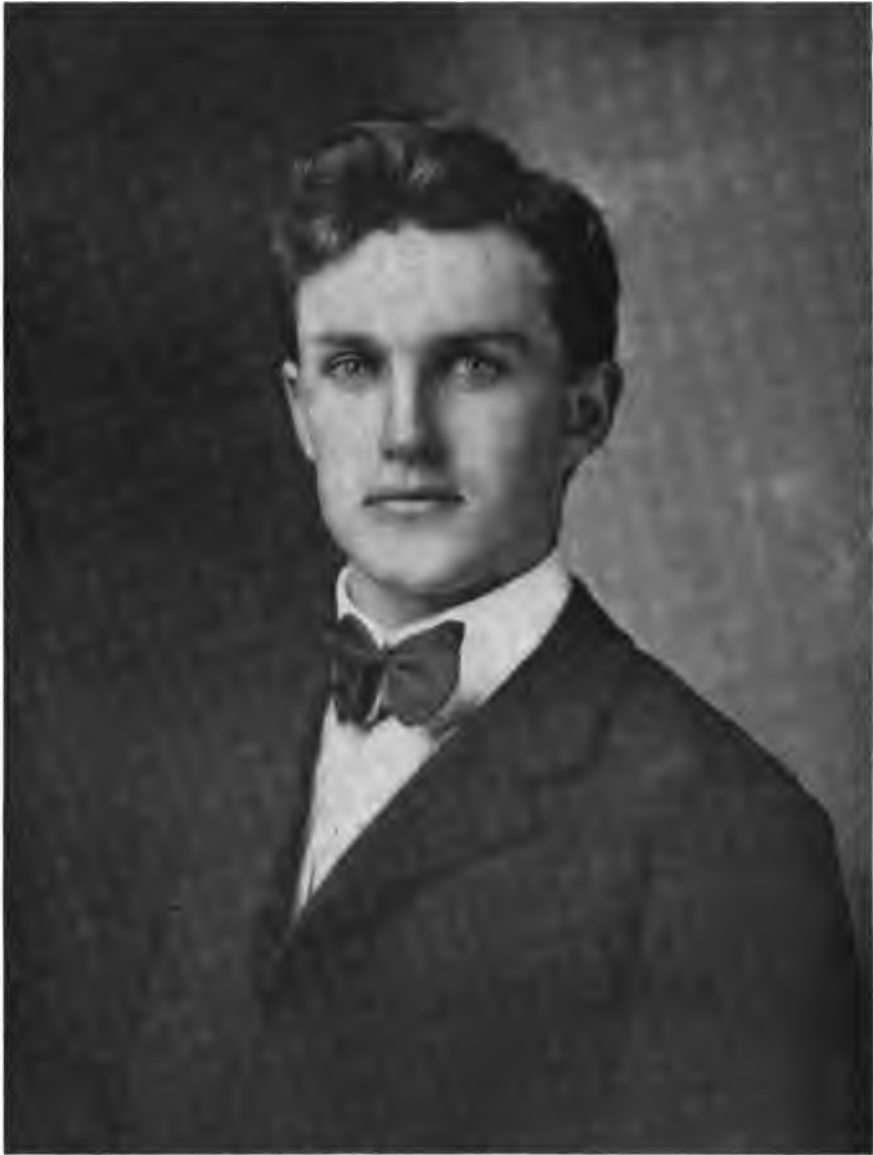
He was married, in 1894, to Grace Holbrook, of North Adams, Massachusetts, daughter of William and Frances (Mitchell) Holbrook. Her father was of British birth, born in Manchester, England, was a brick manufacturer, and died in 1886. Her mother, who died in 1894, was of a North Adams, Massachusetts, family. Mrs. Sweetser enters much into church and social work in Merrimac, and is an ex-president of the Women's Club of that place. Mrs. Sweetser is a member of the Congregational church of Merrimac. They have two children, Virginia and Frederick Nelson.

JOHN E. PITMAN—For many years prominent in Andover, Massachusetts, as a builder and contractor, John E. Pitman has been identified with a great deal of the construction work of the past three decades which has counted for the progress and development of the town.

Mr. Pitman was born in Lower Bartlett, New Hampshire, August 22, 1852, the son of Joseph and Sarah (Charles) Pitman. Joseph Pitman was born in 1822, at Lower Bartlett, New Hampshire, and died, aged eighty-seven years. He was first a school teacher, later a surveyor and land lawyer. He was a Democrat and served as selectman, county commissioner and representative to the General Court. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in North Conway.

John E. Pitman received his education in the public schools of his native town, then learned the trade of carriage builder, at Cornish, Maine. Following this trade for several years, he thereafter, at the age of twenty-five years, went to Fryeburg, in Oxford county, of the same State, and there entered the carriage business. After carrying on this business for about twelve years, Mr. Pitman, in 1889, came to Andover, working here for different contractors until 1895. In that year, in association with Adam C. Richardson, Mr. Pitman established a contracting business under the name of Richardson & Pitman, builders. Three years later, upon the withdrawal of Mr. Richardson from the firm, Mr. Pitman carried on the business as sole owner, under his own name. He has been most successful, and has handled many important contracts in this vicinity. About three years ago he established a side line in the retailing of lumber, and this in itself is a thriving interest. Mr. Pitman still personally continues the oversight of the business, although his son is his able assistant. His business location adjoins his residence at No. 45 Whittier street, Andover.

Fraternally, Mr. Pitman is well known, being a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows,



C. F. Benner.

and of the Knights of Pythias. He attends the services of the Unitarian church.

Mr. Pitman married, in 1876, in North Fryeburg, Maine, Ada M. Wiley, of that place, and they have three sons: Eben N., born October 22, 1877, who died December 14, 1900; Benjamin W., a resident of Danvers, Massachusetts, and a carpenter by trade, who was born November 10, 1879; and Joseph I., born January 29, 1881, who is now superintendent and manager of his father's extensive business.

ARTHUR A. FORNESS has been a resident and business man of Beverly, Massachusetts, for more than a quarter of a century, coming to that city from Salem, Massachusetts. Mr. Forness started his business career as a druggist, but after twelve years amid drugs and medicines he chose the healthful business of a real estate dealer and fire insurance agent and in that line has gained health, reputation and fortune.

Arthur A. Forness is a son of Augustus A. and Margaret (Gray) Forness, his father a morocco leather manufacturer of Peabody, Massachusetts, and a man of local influence.

Arthur A. Forness was born in South Danvers, Massachusetts, November 12, 1860. He was educated in the public schools, and at the age of sixteen secured a position in a drug store at Salem, Massachusetts, and for twelve years continued in the drug business there. In 1888 he retired from the drug business and entered the real estate and insurance business in Salem, continuing in that line until 1895, when he bought the real estate and insurance agency of Samuel Porter, at Beverly, Massachusetts, and there has since continued its successful operation, having now been its owner and managing head for twenty-six years (1895-1921).

Mr. Forness has other business interests of importance. He is vice-president and member of the Investment Committee of the Beverly Savings Bank; is a director of the New Ware Theatre, Inc., and director of the Beverly Chamber of Commerce. He is well known in fraternal circles, being a member of the Masonic order; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of which he is past exalted ruler of Beverly Lodge; and a member and an ex-president of the Union Club. He is a member of and for thirteen years was treasurer of the First Unitarian Church of Beverly; and in politics is a Republican.

Mr. Forness married Jennie L. Lummus, daughter of Judge Lummus, of Danvers, Massachusetts.

RALPH H. TAYLOR is one of those lawyers of whom men think, after they have had the pleasure of meeting him, "That is the man I am going to consult if ever I have a need in law." His very presence inspires confidence and his manner discloses skill and power. Mr. Taylor is a native of Haverhill, Massachusetts, being born there December 17, 1879. His father, Levi L. H. Taylor, born in 1854, was also of this city, but the mother, Laura Abbie (Dodge) Taylor, was of New Hampshire stock, being a native of Raymond, New Hampshire.

Mr. L. L. H. Taylor is a prominent real estate operator in Haverhill and vicinity.

Ralph H. Taylor had ample preparation before entering the law. His earliest study was in the public schools, finishing with high school in the year 1899. Entering college he was graduated from Dartmouth, New Hampshire, in 1902, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The year 1905 saw the completion of the law course in Harvard, from which college he gained the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the Bar of Massachusetts in 1905 and the United States Bar in 1909. During the years 1905 to 1911 he was associated with R. A. Jordon in Boston, Massachusetts, and still handles all matters of law for this firm in Essex county. Mr. Taylor has his offices at 14 Water street, to which place he moved in 1914. Here, without partners, he is conducting a successful general law practice and is much consulted by an ever-increasing clientele. Mr. Taylor is Republican in his politics. During the World War he served on the legal advisory board. He is a member of both the Essex County Bar Association and the Haverhill Bar Association, and also belongs to the Pentucket Club. He and his family are well known attendants of the First Methodist Church and make their home at 38 Highland avenue, Haverhill.

On June 30, 1910, he was married to Eva Lillian Sears, daughter of William H. and Sarah (Robinson) Sears.

CLARENCE F. BENNER—As the present head of a long-established business in Lynn, Clarence F. Benner is bearing a part in the progress of this city. He is a son of Frank R. Benner, the founder of the firm of F. R. Benner & Company. The business, established about 1886, in a small way, long since became an important interest, and the elder Mr. Benner held the active management until 1919, when he turned it over to his son. Frank R. Benner married Susie L. Nash, of Warren, Maine.

Clarence F. Benner was born December 7, 1882, in Thomaston, Maine. Educated in the public schools of Eddington and Trenton, New Jersey, he completed his preparation for a successful career at the Rider, Moore & Stewart Business College. He began life in the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of Trenton, with whom he remained for a period of eight years. Thereafter he came to Lynn, representing the Metropolitan and also the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, and was an I. C. S. railroad man for nine states and provinces.

In 1919 Mr. Benner took over the management of his father's business in Lynn, and is carrying forward that long successful business to the success which is the logical outcome of its growth and development. Under the name of Benner Awning and Tent Company, Incorporated, the concern is making and distributing everything in canvas, the greatest volume of their production being in awnings, tents, truck covers, etc.

Mr. Benner was formerly petty officer of Com-

pany E, Second Regiment, New Jersey National Guard, and was later a member of Company D, Eighth Regiment, Massachusetts State Militia. Mr. Benner is a member of Everett Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of the National Tent and Awning Manufacturers' Association, and of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce. He is also a member of the Oxford Club, and attends the Methodist Episcopal Church.

On August 31, 1905, Mr. Benner married Bertha A. Geary, daughter of C. H. and Amelia (Fitz) Geary, of Lynn, the mother being a native of Prince Edward's Island. Mr. and Mrs. Benner have two children: Clarence F. Jr., and Bertha L.

DR. EDWARD FRANCIS RYAN, a dental surgeon of Amesbury, Massachusetts, and a World War veteran, was born in Amesbury, on May 16, 1893, son of Daniel and Fannie (Murphy) Ryan, and grandson of Patrick and Hannah (Flynn) Ryan. His grandparents were born in County Cork, Ireland, his grandmother in 1840. Patrick Ryan engaged in manual labor until retirement in 1901. The grandmother almost reached octogenarian age, her demise not occurring until 1919, a year after the death of her son, Daniel, father of Edward F. Daniel Ryan was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1861, but lived the greater part of his life in the United States. His wife, Fannie (Murphy) Ryan, was a native of Amesbury, born there in 1865. The Ryan family settled in Amesbury, where Daniel Ryan was engaged in the automobile business until his death in 1918. Both parents of Edward F. Ryan were well known and respected in Amesbury.

Edward F. Ryan grew to manhood in Amesbury. He attended the local schools, graduating from the high school, after which he entered Exeter Academy. Having decided to take up professional work, he next was a student at Tufts Dental College, graduating in dental surgery with the class of 1917, and thus gaining the degree of D. M. D. Very soon after graduating, Dr. Ryan enlisted in the United States army, for service during the World War. He was commissioned in October, 1917, in the grade of first lieutenant, and ordered to Camp Devens, Massachusetts, there remaining until February 4, 1918, when he was transferred to Washington, D. C. He was there only temporarily, however, for on March 25, 1918, he sailed overseas, and saw service in France with the 20th Engineers, being stationed near the Swiss border. His military work was in his profession, and he had opportunities for much wider practice in dentistry than would probably have come to him during his first years of private practice. After the signing of the armistice he returned to this country with his unit, and was discharged, as first lieutenant of Dental Corps, on June, 1919. Soon, thereafter, he returned to Amesbury, and took up private practice in his native city, where he is well known, and is succeeding.

Politically, Dr. Ryan is a Republican, though he takes no part in political work. Fraternally, he belongs to the Knights of Columbus, and to the K. E. P. fraternity of Exeter Academy. He is a mem-

ber of the local post of the American Legion, and is evidently popular with ex-service men, for he filled the position of commander of Amesbury Post in 1919 and 1920. He is a member of the North-eastern Massachusetts Dental Association, Tufts Dental Association of Boston, and the Amesbury Club. He is a sincere Catholic, member of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, of Amesbury. Dr. Ryan is unmarried.

GEORGE H. PERKINS—Identified for many years with the business life of North Andover, Massachusetts, and for thirty-two years town treasurer, George H. Perkins is broadly representative of the progressive citizenship of Essex county.

Mr. Perkins was born in North Andover, May 10, 1863, the son of Apollos L. and Mary E. (Phelps) Perkins. He received a thorough grounding in the essentials of education in the public schools of his native place, then, upon entering the business world, he chose a useful occupation, that of a druggist. For four years he was in the employ of E. J. Kelly, at that time a prominent druggist of Lawrence, and there, by diligent study, learned the business. In 1888 he started in the drug business for himself in North Andover, and for many years held a leading position in this line of endeavor there. He is a member of the New England Druggists' Association, and of the National Association of Retail Druggists.

In his prominent position in business circles Mr. Perkins was much in the public eye, and at the age of twenty-six years was elected town treasurer. This office he has ably filled for thirty-two years.

Mr. Perkins is a past master of Cochichewick Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and served as district deputy grand master. He is also a member of the Massachusetts Consistory; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. During the World War Mr. Perkins was active in the many movements in support of the Allied forces, and was a member of the Public Safety Committee.

Mr. Perkins married, in April, 1889, Lillian Berry, of North Andover, and they have one son, Lyman G., a graduate of Phillips Exeter Academy, and of Dartmouth College, class of 1916. In both institutions he was prominent in social and athletic circles. He was captain of the varsity base ball team at Dartmouth. He is a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, and the Sphinx Club. The family attend the Congregational church.

GEORGE W. HAMBLET—The industries of Essex county, Massachusetts, bear a broad significance outside this immediate vicinity, and perhaps one of the most far-reaching is the Hamblet Machine Company, of which George W. Hamblet is proprietor, whose specialty, paper cutting machines, goes to many parts of the world.

Mr. Hamblet was born in Dracut, Massachusetts, May 4, 1865, and is a son of Warren C. and Helen F. (Clement) Hamblet. Warren C. Hamblet was for a period of many years engaged in the bobbin





Elias Eben Grimes

business in Lawrence. Both parents are deceased.

Acquiring his early education in the public schools of Lawrence, G. W. Hamblet thereafter entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, pursuing a course in mechanical engineering, from which he was graduated in 1888, with the degree of B. S. For nine years, thereafter, he served as instructor in mechanical engineering in the same institution. At the end of that time he purchased the present business, which consists in part of the manufacture of iron castings, and also a specialty of paper cutters for paper mills. A large amount of jobbing is also handled. The business has increased broadly under Mr. Hamblet's management, and now the plant exports paper cutters to Canada, Japan, South America, and for about a dozen years exported to many European countries. They employ between eighty and one hundred skilled mechanics. During the World War their facilities were largely devoted to the production of special machinery for war purposes.

As head of this industry Mr. Hamblet holds a prominent position in Lawrence. He is a director of the Merchants' Trust Company; also of the Morris Plan Company. He is a trustee of the Broadway Savings Bank, and a member of the Committee on Investments of that institution. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

In January, 1893, Mr. Hamblet married Kate M. Clark, of Lawrence, daughter of William P. and Elizabeth A. (Gage) Clark. Mr. and Mrs. Hamblet have six children: Helen E., who was engaged for some time in relief work for the city of Lawrence; Marian C.; Theodore C.; Katherine G.; George Warren; and William P., the four younger children being still in school. The family reside at No. 506 Lowell street, Lawrence, and attend Trinity Congregational Church.

FRANK W. McLANATHAN—In the business, financial and social circles of Lawrence, Massachusetts, Frank W. McLanathan is bearing a share in many branches of constructive endeavor. Mr. McLanathan was born in Lawrence, September 12, 1836, and is a son of Frederick W. and Elberta H. (Hemenway) McLanathan.

Frederick W. McLanathan was born in 1847, and died May 6, 1909. He became a bookkeeper in the employ of Edward Page, a belting manufacturer, in 1867 or 1868, and in 1873 embarked independently in this line, purchasing the belt manufacturing business of E. W. Colcord and establishing his plant at No. 541 Essex street, the present site of the Fairfield block. Shortly thereafter, probably in 1874, he moved his plant to No. 13 Broadway, and two years later he was located at the corner of Methuen and Franklin streets. About 1881-2 he discontinued the making of belting and gave his entire attention to covering rolls until about 1890, when he resumed the manufacture of belting, since which time both lines have been carried on. In 1893-4 larger quarters at No. 556 Common street were occupied;

about 1895 another move was made to No. 620 Essex street, and about six years later, No. 168 Broadway, corner of Lowell street, became the firm's location. The present plant of the company, a model, finely equipped factory, was erected about 1905.

Frederick W. McLanathan was a man of great natural modesty, who sought to avoid any appearance of ostentation in his unselfish service to his fellowmen. It was written of him at his death that "as a citizen Mr. McLanathan was a man of the old school, who had the welfare of the city at heart and who was at all times ready to lend a helping hand where the good of the community was concerned. As a business man he was numbered among Lawrence's most successful manufacturers, and his square disposition and upright character won for him the respect of all with whom he had business relations. He married, in Framingham, Massachusetts, Elberta Harriet, daughter of Elbert Hemenway, and they were parents of one son, Frank W., of whom further; and a daughter, Rebecca Watson.

Frank W. McLanathan was educated in the public schools of Lawrence, and became associated with his father in 1905, becoming thoroughly conversant with the business of which he is now head. Upon the death of his father he took over the active management, and has since developed it broadly.

Mr. McLanathan is interested in every phase of public progress, and is an active participant in various forward movements. He is president of the Atlantic Coöperative Bank, and is a trustee of the Lawrence Savings Bank. He has long been interested in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, was for a number of years chairman of the boy's division, and is now a director of the association. He is also a director of the Boys' Club, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

Fraternally, Mr. McLanathan is prominent, being a member of John Hancock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Methuen; —Chapter, Royal Arch Masons of Lowell; Massachusetts Consistory of Boston; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and also of Monadnock Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Lawrence. His club affiliations include membership in the Merrimac Valley Country Club, and the Episcopalian Club, of Massachusetts. He is a member and junior warden of Grace Episcopal Church, of Lawrence.

On May 25, 1915, Mr. McLanathan married, at Oak Park, Illinois, Helen Barton Kennedy, daughter of David J. Kennedy, and they have two children: Richard Barton, and Frank Watson, Jr. The family resides at No. 9 Pleasant street, Methuen.

ELIAS EBEN GRIMES—The firm of Bride, Grimes & Company, steam fitters, plumbing contractors and dealers in mill supplies, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, was founded in 1869 by W. F. Rutter and conducted by him as W. F. Rutter & Company until 1908, when the business was reorganized under the present name, Bride, Grimes & Company. Mr. Grimes has been connected with the business

since 1888, has been a partner since 1897, and is now (1922) very active in the business which he entered as a young man of twenty-two. He is a lifelong resident of Lawrence, his parents moving to that city in 1866, the year of his birth.

Mr. Grimes is a son of Guy Carlton and Mary Aline (Woodbury) Grimes, his father a successful merchant, who departed this life in 1873, and is yet (1922) survived by his widow, who continues her residence in Lawrence.

Elias Eben Grimes was born in Andover, Massachusetts, September 13, 1866, in which year his parents moved to the nearby city of Lawrence, as before stated. He was educated in the public schools, obtaining a good education. Having been left fatherless at the age of seven, he was early thrown upon his own resources. After leaving school he was variously employed, but finally was attracted to the plumbing business, and in 1888, first formed an association with W. F. Rutter, steam fitter and plumber of Lawrence. He continued in Mr. Rutter's employ until 1897, when he was admitted to a partnership in the firm of W. F. Rutter & Company. This old business, started in Lawrence more than a half century ago (1869), has prospered and expanded until the contracting operations of the firm extend beyond the limits of its home city, and they are well known over a large section of New England as reliable contractor of steam fitting and plumbing, and dealers in mill supplies. In 1908 the firm underwent reorganization owing to death, and has since operated as Bride, Grimes & Company.

Mr. Grimes is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; all bodies of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite (in which he holds the thirty-second degree); Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Lawrence Lodge, No. 65, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Lawrence Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Home Club; Merrimac Valley Country Club; and the City Mission.

On December 18, 1888, Mr. Grimes married Carrie M. Rutter, daughter of W. F. Rutter, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of three daughters: Bertha A.; Mildred L., wife of Arthur Sweeney, of Lawrence; and Caroline R. The family are members of Trinity Congregational Church, of Lawrence, Massachusetts.

CORA ELIZABETH ABBOTT—The first woman judge to adorn the bench in a court of general jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases, has said: "A woman's place is as much in the law as in the home. The entrance of woman into other fields of activity can but demonstrate that her latent capabilities are unmined gold, that the world can not afford to be without." The legal profession of Lawrence, Massachusetts, in March, 1920, welcomed the coming of a share in the "mined gold" of womanhood in the person of Miss Cora

Elizabeth Abbott, for during that month she quietly began the practice of law in that city. Those who know her are expecting great things, for she has the legal mind, the personality and vigor, the many sided ability that makes for success.

Miss Abbott was born at Andover, Massachusetts, November 12, 1897, the second of seven children. Her parents were Freeman R. Abbott, a native of Marahalltown, Nova Scotia, Canada, born February 10, 1867, and Isabella Sellers (Graham) Abbott, born in Manchester, New Hampshire, January 18, 1871. They were farmers, and perhaps it is partly due to that fact that Miss Abbott had that force and strength that carried her up the steps to her chosen work. Her early education came from the graded schools and high school from which she was graduated in the class of 1916. Entering the law department of Boston University, she spent three years there, and was graduated in 1919 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. The next year saw her admitted to the Massachusetts Bar at Boston and almost at once she began the conducting of a general law practice in Lawrence. She located her headquarters in the Bay State building, Lawrence, sharing the offices of Cregg & Cregg. The peculiar fitness she has shown in the settlement of certain legal difficulties, the cleverness and efficiency with which she attacks any problem, and her womanliness without sentimentality, have won for her high standing among her associates.

Besides being a member of the Essex County and Lawrence Bar associations she is active as an alumnus of the Boston Law School. She belongs to the Woman's Auxiliary of the American Legion, and to the Crystal Rebekah Lodge, No. 85, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Politically she is a Republican, and in March, 1922, was a candidate for selectman in the town of Andover. Her religious affiliations are with the Congregational church. She resides in Andover, Massachusetts.

RICHARD B. LARKIN, prominent dentist of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born at Georgetown, May 10, 1886, son of Charles O. and Josephine (Kehoe) Larkin. The former was engaged in the painting business until his death in 1917. Mrs. Kehoe was a native of Medford, Massachusetts.

Richard B. Larkin attended the public schools and prepared for Tufts College, where he graduated in 1912. Immediately he engaged in the practice of his profession in Haverhill and has almost completed his first decade of a successful professional career.

Fraternally, Dr. Larkin is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Agawam Club. During the World War, 1917-18, he was in active service and participated in several of the important Liberty bond, Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. drives.

In 1910 Dr. Larkin married Greta Morse, and their children are: Thelma L., and Bainbridge M. Larkin. They are attendants of the First Baptist Church of Georgetown.

HARRY CLIFFORD NORTHROP—Well known throughout the city as an expert accountant, Harry Clifford Northrop also holds a prominent place in the public regard as a citizen who is ever willing and ready to give his aid to whatever pertains to the welfare of the community.

Harry Clifford Northrop was born in New Haven, Connecticut, his birth having occurred there April 3, 1887. He is the son of Edwin N. and Edith (Richards) Northrop, the former superintendent of the Boys' Club of Lynn. When Harry C. Northrop was very young he was brought by his parents to Worcester, Massachusetts, and here he pursued his studies in the local grammar schools, subsequently removing to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he was graduated from the East Division High School, with the class of 1905. He then matriculated at the University of Wisconsin, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts, subsequently becoming associated with the Milwaukee "Sentinel," and later with the Duluth "Tribune," but this was only a means to an end and in 1913 he came to Lynn, where he took a course at the Lynn branch of the Burdett Business College in bookkeeping, accounting and law. At the completion of this course he was appointed an instructor of mathematics and bookkeeping at the Thibodeau Business College of Fall River, Massachusetts, but resigned one year later to accept a position as head of the commercial department of the Winchester High School, of Winchester, Massachusetts, and while teaching here, took courses evenings at the Northeastern College of Boston in accounting and law.

In April, 1917, at the outbreak of the World War, Mr. Northrop was appointed secretary and business manager of the Army Young Men's Christian Association and was stationed at Camp Greene, North Carolina. Here he remained until December, 1917, when he enlisted as a private in the Eighth Massachusetts Infantry and was subsequently transferred to the intelligence department and soon promoted to battalion sergeant-major. Receiving his honorable discharge from the service in March, 1918, Mr. Northrop was appointed auditor in the income tax department of the Internal Revenue at Washington and was here until January, 1920, when he resigned. Returning immediately to Lynn, he opened an office on his own account in the Talbot building, but a short time later, however, he formed a partnership with Frank A. Legro (see following sketch).

Mr. Northrop is a member of the Chamber of Commerce. He affiliates with Bethlehem Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Beloit Chapter, No. 9, Royal Arch Masons; Old Essex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution; Post No. 6, American Legion; Acacia fraternity; and is a steward in the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Lynn. He is also deputy commissioner of the Boy Scouts of Lynn, and his clubs are the Oxford and the Swampscott Masonic.

On September 10, 1919, Harry Clifford Northrop was united in marriage with Bertha C. Christen-

bury, daughter of Dr. Sidney J. and Frances (Canon) Christenbury, of Davidson, North Carolina. Mr. and Mrs. Northrop are the parents of one child, Frances Edith, born October 11, 1920.

FRANK ALBERT LEGRO, a member of the firm of Northrop & Legro, public accountants and tax advisors, with offices at No. 333 Union street, Lynn, Massachusetts, was born at Lynn, August 4, 1891, the son of Frederick W. and Mary (Elizabeth) Legro, both natives of Lynn.

The elementary portion of the lad's education was obtained in the public schools of his native city, and after graduating from the local high school he entered the Salem Commercial School where he took a course in law and accounting. Immediately after graduating, he secured a position with the Sorosis Shoe Company as bookkeeper, but resigned from this position the following year and became associated with the Consolidated Electric Lamp Company of Danvers, Massachusetts, as manager. He remained with this concern for five years and during this time was transferred many times, once to the position as manager of the Western territory, covering the ground from the Mississippi river to the Pacific ocean and to Northwestern Canada. His connection with this company terminated at the beginning of the World War, when he became senior cost accountant under civil service in the bureau of aircraft production. But he was not destined to remain at this post long, for his efficiency being readily proven, he was appointed special assistant to the United States District Auditor of the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation. At the expiration of the war he secured a position as auditor for the Garfield & Procter Wholesale Coal Company of Boston, Massachusetts, subsequently resigning to establish himself as a public accountant. He opened an office on Union street, Lynn, having in the meantime determined to begin his private business career in his native city, but he later discontinued this and engaged in partnership with Harry C. Northrop, under the firm name of Northrop & Legro (see preceding sketch).

Mr. Legro is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and as a citizen is held in the highest regard by the community. He is a charter member of the Lynn Kiwanis Club, and also affiliates with Ark Lodge, No. 176, of Minnesota, Free and Accepted Masons; Royal Arch Chapter, No. 53, Royal Arch Masons; the Swampscott Masonic Club; and Victory Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, of Swampscott.

On July 26, 1915, Frank A. Legro was united in marriage with Edith T. Haines, daughter of Robert and Hannah (Trefry) Haines, of Marblehead, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Legro are the parents of three children: Mary Elizabeth, born October 16, 1916; Edith Haines, born December 22, 1917; Wilmer Somers, born April 18, 1919.

ARTHUR E. LEACH, city auditor, and formerly associated with the Haverhill "Bulletin," was

born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, November 25, 1855, the son of James and Ellen (Carlton) Leach, both originally of Derry, New Hampshire. His father, who died in 1890, was identified with the shoe manufacturing industry, which connection explains why the family took up residence in Haverhill, where Arthur E. was born.

Arthur E. Leach attended the common schools of Haverhill, and eventually the high school, which after passing through he seems to have decided upon a pharmaceutical career. For three years he was employed in a local drug store, but then became connected with the local newspaper, the Haverhill "Bulletin." He learned the printer's trade, and for twelve years was foreman of the "Bulletin" plant. He was elected auditor and assistant city clerk in 1892, holding these positions until 1896, when the offices were divided and he has held the office of auditor ever since.

Fraternally, Mr. Leach is affiliated with the local lodge of Red Men, and religiously is a Congregationalist, a member of the Congregational church of Haverhill.

Mr. Leach married, in 1880, Annie M. Flanders, daughter of Burton and Mary Elizabeth (West) Flanders, of Haverhill. They have two children: Roland E., and Harland E.

HERBERT W. MANAHAN, M. D., for the past twenty-eight years a prominent physician of Lawrence, Massachusetts, has attained a leading position in the medical profession of Essex county.

Dr. Manahan was born in Lawrence, on February 11, 1868, and is a son of Mark and Emily Manahan. Mark Manahan was born in Deering, New Hampshire, and lived there until he was about twenty years of age. He was reared on a farm, but later engaged in the grocery business on his own account in Lawrence, being thus engaged from 1866 until he retired in 1884. He died May 31, 1921, aged eighty-six years. In his earlier years he took an active interest in politics; he was a Republican, and served in the City Council in 1869 and 1870. His wife, Emily Manahan, now (1922) resides in South Lawrence.

Beginning his education in the public schools of his native city, Dr. Manahan later entered Harvard University Medical School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1893. He began the general practice of medicine in the same year at his present address, and has practiced continuously there since, with excellent success, now holding a prominent position in the profession, as well as enjoying the confidence of the people.

Dr. Manahan is a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Lawrence Medical Club. He is senior visiting surgeon at the Lawrence General Hospital.

Dr. Manahan finds his greatest relaxation in music. For three years after leaving high school he studied the organ and related subjects at the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston. He has been church organist for more than thirty-

four years, now serving the South Congregational Church of South Lawrence in that capacity. He is the author of "Four Sacred Songs." During the World War Dr. Manahan served on the Draft Board in District No. 1.

On September 18, 1893, Dr. Manahan married Wilhelmina Hanson, daughter of Jacob Hanson, of Wolfboro, New Hampshire, and they have one son and one daughter: Ralph, who is a student at the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston; and Emily, now a high school student in Lawrence.

HARRY RHEESE LAWRENCE is a self-made man of the sort that is the life blood of a community. The fact of being self-made may mean little, as the job done may be the work of a poor artisan; but when one, having simply the advantages of a public school training, so educates himself as to be fitted to teach in the schools of his youth, when a boy, who has no high school preparation, yet prepares himself for a university graduation and degree, and when a man, by sheer grit and persevering use of his own native ability, becomes a distinguished lawyer, a leader of men, a power for uplift and good fellowship throughout a State, then esteem and honor must be, and is, given to this self-made man.

Mr. Lawrence had a father of whom he may be justly proud and from whose life no doubt he drew inspiration in his own career. His mother, Mary Farwell (Patterson) Lawrence, who was born in South Merrimack, New Hampshire, and died in 1915, was one of those fine homelovers whose quiet influence means so much in the lives of their children. His father, Charles Alva Lawrence, born in Claremont, New Hampshire, August 9, 1829, and dying in 1894, was interested in the photographic profession in Lawrence, Massachusetts. He was a well known veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted at its very beginning in the Seventh New Hampshire Infantry. He saw active service almost from his enlistment, for the regiment was hurried into line and Mr. Lawrence fought in the majority of the great battles of the war. He rose step by step to the rank of captain, and how dashing a leader of his men he was, may be judged from the fact that the most noted possession of Needham Post, No. 39, Grand Army of the Republic, of the city, is the enemy flag taken by Mr. Lawrence at the time of the assault at Wagner. On the far south battlefield of Olustee, Florida, he was in command of the regiment that covered the Union retreat, having less than fifty men of his own regiment when he got in that night. Before Petersburg, he received a wound in his left hand that nearly incapacitated him. Recovering, however, he was in until the end, being mustered out at Concord, New Hampshire, in 1866, Captain of Company D, 7th New Hampshire Infantry. He was also wounded on two other occasions.

Harry Rheese Lawrence was born at Nashua, New Hampshire, November 18, 1873, and received his schooling in the public schools of Lawrence. The greater part of his education, however, was

the self-taught one that came later. To such good end did he educate himself, that from 1897 to 1900 he was a teacher in the evening schools of his city. From 1894 to October, 1897, he was connected with the editorial department of the Lawrence "Sun," and continued with that paper until 1901. Meanwhile he was making ready for his real aim in life, that of practicing law, and the year 1897 found him in Boston University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900. Admitted to the Bar at Boston in 1900, he opened an office in Lawrence, Massachusetts, the same year, later changing his offices to the Bay State building. Mr. Lawrence, in the years that followed, built for himself a constantly enlarging practice by his many-sided abilities, his strict integrity and conscientious devotion to the cause of his clients.

He is a member of the Bar associations of Essex county and Lawrence. Mr. Lawrence is well known throughout the State by reason of his interest in the Knights of Pythias. He is not only a member of the Black Prince Lodge, but is grand chancellor for that organization for the State of Massachusetts. This is not, however, the limit of his fraternal interests as he belongs to Phoenician Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Some of his other memberships are in The Home Club and the Lawrence British Society. He was chairman of Republican City Commission for a year, was a member for a number of years, and also served as its secretary. He also served on the commission to assess taxes on the Essex county dam—the first time it was ever taxed. He with his family are members of the Baptist church. During the World War he served on the legal advisory board and did the work of a stalwart as one of the famous "four-minute" speakers who did so much to give, and make clear, truths and facts needed by the people.

In 1908 Mr. Lawrence married Cora B. Smith, daughter of Charles Henry and Clara Belle (Knowles) Smith. All are natives of Lawrence and for many years Mr. Smith has been in the express business there.

ARTHUR DEXTER FOWLER, of Salem, Massachusetts, whose law practice is demanding constant attention, was born in Salem, September 26, 1897, and is a son of Arthur B. and Carrie (Ashby) Fowler.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native city, he was graduated from the Salem High School in the class of 1915, then entered Boston University, from which institution he was graduated in 1918, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Admitted to the bar in 1919, he immediately thereafter became associated with Hannigan & Fox, a prominent firm of attorneys in Boston, in the practice of law, with offices at Barristers Hall, later,

however, taking up practice in Salem, at No. 256½ Essex street, the firm name being Coffey & Fowler.

In May, 1918, Mr. Fowler enlisted in the United States navy, receiving his discharge before the end of the same year. He was stationed on Submarine Patrol Boat No. 581.

Mr. Fowler is a member of Essex Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Now and Then Club, of Salem. He finds his favorite relaxation in music, and his religious faith is the Universalist.

HARRY B. THOMAS—One of the leading manufacturers of shoes in the great shoe center of Lynn, Massachusetts, is Harry B. Thomas, of the widely-known firm of V. K. & I. H. Jones & Thomas Company.

Mr. Thomas was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, September 24, 1876, and is a son of John H. and Mary (Tyler) Thomas, long residents of that city.

Gaining a practical education in the public schools of his native place, and the English High School of Boston, Massachusetts, Mr. Thomas chose the shoe industry as his field of endeavor, and started to learn the business. He was employed first as office boy in a shoe factory, then went into the packing department, and one after another mastered the problems of each department by the method of actually handling the work. Thereafter, he spent ten years as a shoe salesman, following this experience with fifteen years in association with the A. E. Little Company, having been a director in this company.

With this comprehensive and thorough training Mr. Thomas became a member of the present firm in 1920, and is taking an active part in the management of the long established and constantly growing business.

In fraternal circles Mr. Thomas is prominent, being a member of many bodies of the Masonic order. He is also a member of the Swampscott Masonic Club. His religious convictions place his membership with the Universalist church.

On June 16, 1902, Mr. Thomas married Ruth A. Medlar, daughter of James and Elizabeth Medlar, of Rockford, Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas have three children: Russell P., born August 16, 1906; Norman C., born February 8, 1910; and Harriet, born February 7, 1914.

CHARLES SUMNER BATCHELDER—Working up to a position of broad responsibility in the financial world of Peabody, Massachusetts, Charles Sumner Batchelder has become one of the solid men in the banking field, and a leading citizen of this town.

Mr. Batchelder is a son of Cyrus Tucker and Clarissa Batchelder, long residents of Essex county. He was born on May 22, 1858, and received a practical education in the public schools of Salem, his birthplace. Looking forward to a business career since early boyhood, he started life as clerk at the Warren National Bank of Peabody. He entered the

employ of this institution in 1874, when only sixteen years of age, and is now cashier of this bank.

Thus briefly is a life-history outlined, but in such a review the sterling qualities which go into the structure of success may not always be set forth in detailed estimate. Tenacity of purpose, clarity of judgment, tireless industry, unimpeachable integrity, all these are the elements of success by which the ambitious youth achieves a position of honor and trust, and as a man of mature years, holds the respect and esteem of his associates and the public at large. Since 1905 cashier of the Warren National Bank, the institution in which he has spent his lifetime, Mr. Batchelder is looked upon in Peabody as one of the leading financiers of the day. As such he was some years ago elected director of the Peabody Co-Operative Bank, one of the most progressive institutions of this nature in Essex county.

In fraternal circles Mr. Batchelder is well known. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Batchelder married Mabel S. Pierce, daughter of George and Almira G. Pierce, of Peabody. Mr. and Mrs. Batchelder have four children, two sons and two daughters: Arthur P., now a certified public accountant, of Boston; Alice, the wife of Tracy Thomas, wholesale produce dealer of Lynn, their two children being Ruth and Charles Batchelder; Harold Porter, now in the employ of the Gorham Manufacturing Company, of Providence, Rhode Island; and Ruth, at home.

JAMES KIRTLAND SELDEN was born on January 1, 1894, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, and is a son of George Lord Selden, the founder of the Selden Worsted Mills, and Mabel (Kidder) Selden. George Lord Selden was born at Hadlyme, Connecticut, on August 12, 1845. He served as an officer of the United States navy for a period of six years. Upon his retirement from the navy he became associated with the management of the Amoskeag Mills at Manchester, New Hampshire. He later became connected with the Arlington Mills as superintendent of the worsted department, and in 1903 established the Selden plant at Methuen, Massachusetts, for the manufacture of high grade worsted cloth. He died at Andover in 1919. He was a member of the Masonic order at Norwich, Connecticut, and a member of the Army and Navy Club of New York City.

James Kirtland Selden received his early education in the public schools of Massachusetts. He proceeded to Phillips Academy at Andover, and from there to Harvard University. He graduated from Harvard in 1916, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. After leaving the university Mr. Selden joined the First Massachusetts National Guard. In 1916 he enlisted in the Fifth Field Artillery, United States army, and was sent to the Mexican border, where he served under General Pershing. When his service in the artillery came to an end he spent a year at the Lowell Textile School. During the

World War, he served as an instructor in the Army Aviation Corps for two years. He was assigned to duty in the United States, and was not sent overseas.

In 1918 Mr. Selden became connected with the Selden Worsted Mills, of which he became treasurer shortly afterwards, and also takes an active part in the management of its affairs. Mr. Selden is a member of the American Legion; and St. Matthews Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Andover. Mr. Selden married Ann Holton Everett, daughter of Edward Everett, of Bennington, Vermont.

JOHN P. STEVENS—Among the leading shoe manufacturers of Massachusetts must be included John P. Stevens, of the firm of Burley & Stevens, of Newburyport, the plant of which company finds employment for about four hundred of the people of that place, and which plant is distinctive for another reason. In addition to, or perhaps because of, its being one of the most modern factories in New England, it is stated that the working conditions therein cannot be surpassed by those of any other shoe factory in Essex county, light and air and congenial working conditions being the aim of the management and extreme cleanliness the motto of all employees at the Burley & Stevens plant.

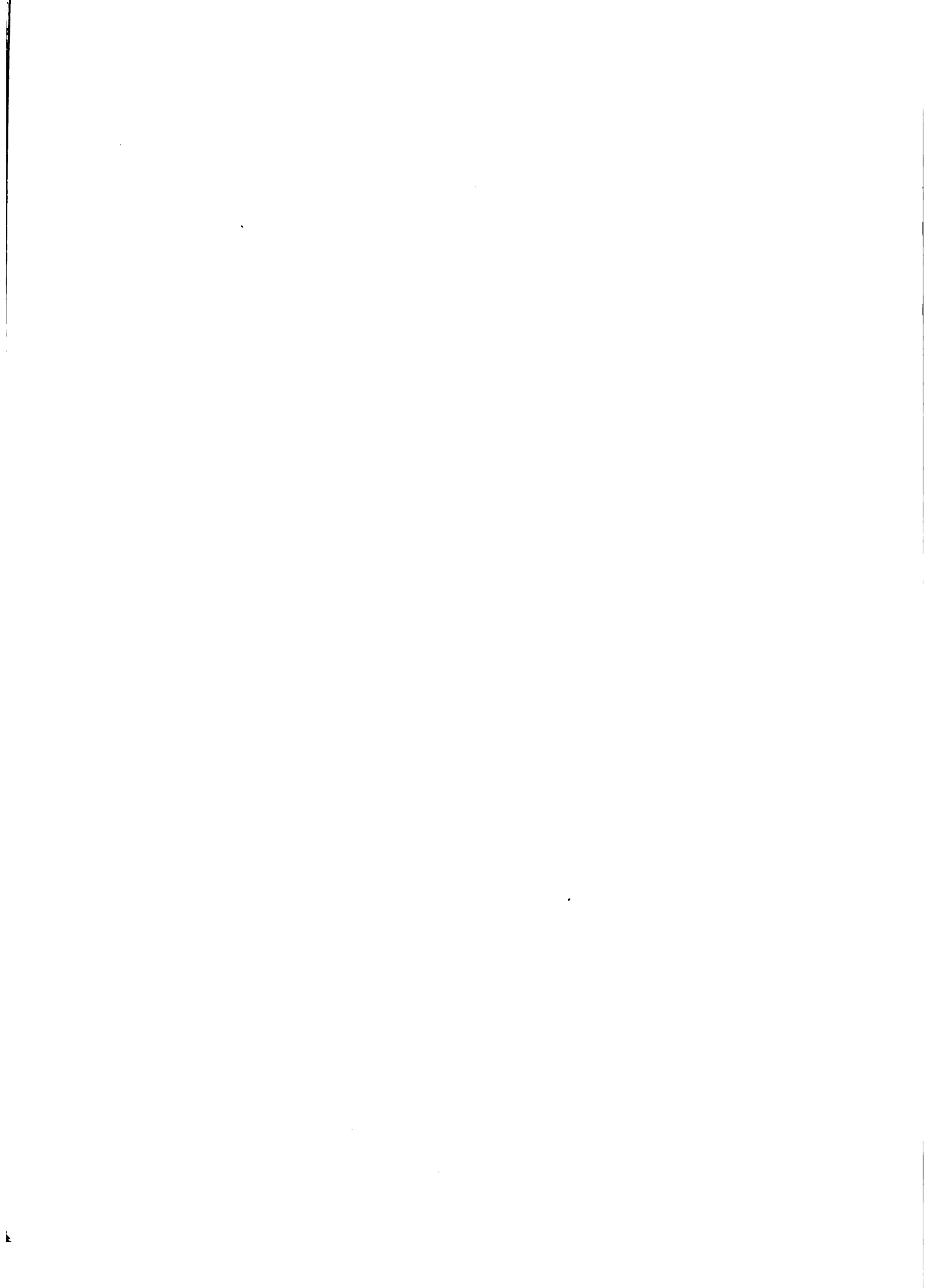
Mr. Stevens was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, on June 8, 1867, son of Jacob B. and Elizabeth S. (Burley) Stevens, both of Wakefield, New Hampshire. The father was a farmer, and died in 1917, but the mother is still living.

John P. Stevens spent his early life in Peabody, there attending elementary school, and later entering Dummer Academy for a period of two years. Soon thereafter he found employment in the shoe factory of his uncle. The plant was originally at Milton, New Hampshire, and when established was a partnership, the trading name being Burley & Usher. After Mr. Usher withdrew the firm name became Burley & Stevens. Mr. Stevens was admitted into the firm in 1890, and the plant was then removed to Newburyport. In 1906 the company was reorganized, then taking corporate powers, Mr. Burley becoming president and Mr. Stevens treasurer. Thus constituted, the company continued operations until 1909, when Mr. Burley died. His place as president of the company was taken by Jacob B. Stevens, father of John P. Stevens. A further change became necessary eight years later, in 1917, when Jacob B. Stevens died. The elections then made have held to the present, John P. Stevens being president and treasurer; Charles A. Morin, vice-president; and George N. Foster, assistant treasurer and secretary.

The plant is one of the largest in Essex county, having a capacity production of 3,500 pairs of shoes a day and an estimated floor space of 100,000 square feet. The company specializes in men's and girls' welt shoes, and, as before stated, the conditions that prevail between employers and employees at that factory are as co-operative and congenial as they can be made.



George L. Sedden



Mr. Stevens has given clear indication that he is a business man of enterprise and ability, and of late years his place as a capitalist has brought him into connection with several other enterprises. He is a director of the First National Bank of Newburyport, and of the following named Boston companies: The Cotton and Woolen Mutual Insurance Company; the Industrial Mutual Insurance Company; and the Rubber Manufacturing Company. Fraternally he is a Mason, a member of all bodies up to and including the Shrine.

Mr. Stevens gives close attention to business affairs, but he nevertheless finds time to devote to other matters. His main hobby is the breeding of blooded cattle. He owns a valuable herd, and finds pleasure in following that hobby. The incentive probably came to him from his father, who years ago was a well known cattle dealer.

GEORGE N. FOSTER has for more than twenty-five years been responsibly connected with a leading shoe manufacturing concern of Newburyport, Massachusetts, and has made many friends in that place.

Mr. Foster was born on December 18, 1863, at Gloucester, Massachusetts, the son of John F. and Mary A. (Norris) Foster, of that town, and his genealogy connects with the famous Foster family of that seafaring center.

John F. Foster, father of George N. Foster, was also a man of worthy Civil War record. Born in Gloucester, Massachusetts, he naturally followed maritime occupations, both before and after the Civil War. He was a captain of a Gloucester vessel for many years prior to his death, which came in 1886. Since the battle of Fredericksburg, in 1862, he had to get along as well as he could with only one arm, his right arm being amputated at the shoulder soon after that battle. He was wounded while valiantly stepping into the breach to act as color bearer in place of the regimental bearer, who had turned up missing. In later life he was well known and esteemed in Gloucester, and he and his wife were the parents of eight children, seven of whom were sons, George N. being the sixth-born. Their mother survived her husband for more than thirty years, death not coming until 1918.

George N. Foster was educated in the public schools of Gloucester. After leaving school, however, he seems to have had no inclination for the sea. For four years after leaving school he worked for Preston Friend, a grocer of Gloucester, after which he went to Brockton, Massachusetts, and entered a shoe factory. There for a year he worked for Howard Rainolds, and for two years for W. L. Douglas. For a further two years he was foreman in the plant of F. M. Hoyt, at Raymond, New Hampshire. After a year as foreman for N. B. Thayer, at Milton, New Hampshire, he came to Newburyport. That was in 1895, and he has remained in the town ever since, being associated for the whole of the time with the firm of Burley & Stevens (see preceding sketch of John P. Stevens),

first as foreman, later as superintendent, and eventually as secretary and assistant treasurer, which are his present capacities. He is a man of strong reliability, and has many firm friends among those who know him well. He does not enter much into public affairs, but he is identified with a couple of fraternal orders, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Foster married, in 1899, Angeline Knight, of a South Elliott, Maine, family, the daughter of Albert J. and Adeline (Dixon) Knight, the former born in 1829, died in 1911; the latter born in 1832, and died in 1900. Mr. and Mrs. Foster have two children: George Norris, Jr., born in 1902; and Gordon, now deceased, born in 1903, died in 1910.

DR. MATTHIAS V. BRIDGES was born in Newark, Nebraska, April 23, 1888, the son of Jacob A. and Arvilla (Ferris) Bridges. He attended the public schools of his native place until he was nine years of age, when he moved with his parents to Foxboro, Massachusetts, where he continued his education, and subsequently, after graduating from the high school, matriculated at the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston, graduating in the class of 1906. That same year he removed to Providence and established himself in the drug business there, but two years later sold out this enterprise and removed to Bristol, Rhode Island, where he opened another drug store and continued here with success until 1915. Having in the meantime become greatly interested in osteopathy, he determined to adopt that profession, so, accordingly, he sold out his business and went to Kirksville, Missouri, where he entered the American School of Osteopathy, and three years later, having completed his course, he was graduated with the degree of D. O., in 1918. He then entered the Des Moines College of Osteopathy, where he remained for one year, specializing in proctology, and diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. That same year, 1920, he returned to Providence and established himself in the practice of his profession, but he did not remain long at this location, leaving in June of that year and coming to Lawrence, and it is here, at his present location, No. 351 Essex street, that Dr. Bridges has continued to practice. He is ardently devoted to his profession, and that he has chosen wisely is proven by the fact of the large clientele whose confidence he has gained. He is now giving much of his time to the organizing of an osteopathic society in Lawrence. He is affiliated with the American Osteopathic Association, the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

On August 24, 1910, Dr. Bridges was united in marriage with Virginia R. Hodges, a native of Medway, Massachusetts, and the daughter of John S. Hodges, who is proprietor of large nurseries at Medway. Dr. and Mrs. Bridges are the parents of two children: Russell Howard, born September 9, 1911; and George Albert, born September 19, 1921.

Dr. and Mrs. Bridges are members of the Congregational church.

JOHN H. O'NEIL—Among the younger men in the legal profession in Essex county, Massachusetts, John H. O'Neil, of Danvers, is going forward to success. Mr. O'Neil was born in Danvers, in 1889, and is a son of Eugene O'Neil, who was connected with the Danvers Gas Company for many years prior to the removal of the gas works to Beverly, Massachusetts.

Beginning his education in the public schools of Danvers, the young man attended Worcester Academy, then, having chosen the law as a field of effort, he entered Harvard University, where he continued for a year and a half, then completed his studies at Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1918. He was immediately thereafter admitted to the Massachusetts bar, and later licensed to practice in the United States District courts.

The war, however, deferred Mr. O'Neil's permanent entrance into the field of his chosen work. He enrolled at Boston, passed the examinations for a commission at Annapolis, and was made paymaster in the United States navy. He served for four years at Bay Ridge, New York, and on the U. S. S. "Don Juan de Austria," a navy gunboat.

Returning to his native city, Mr. O'Neil began the practice of law in Danvers, and is now a force for progress in the profession in this city. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Salem Bar Association. He is interested in every phase of public progress, and is a member of the finance committee of the town of Danvers. He also is a member of the Knights of Columbus.

On June 30, 1920, Mr. O'Neil married Kathleen Sullivan, a graduate of Radcliffe College, class of 1917.

FRED H. HYDE, a progressive citizen of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born August 28, 1876, at Hampstead, New Hampshire, son of George H. and Annie E. (Knight) Hyde. The former was a native of Durham, New Hampshire, and was engaged in the shoe industry. His wife was also of New Hampshire, born in Atkinson.

Fred H. Hyde attended the schools of his native place and then went to work on a farm. After a few years he came to Haverhill, where he worked in the shoe factory of F. E. Leavitt & Company. Soon after he began to auctioneer, as leisure time permitted, and this work developed rapidly. In 1909 he established himself in business under the name of Fred H. Hyde, real estate agent and auctioneer. Mr. Hyde has now passed several very successful years and is well esteemed among his fellow-citizens. He is a member of the Junior Order United American Mechanics; the Loyal Order of Moose; Ancient Order United Workmen; and the Wachussett Club. From 1905 to 1906 Mr. Hyde served as a member of the City Council and was nominated for alderman in 1907. He married, in 1898, Nellie J. Hooke, daughter of Charles B. and Helen F. (Merrill) Hooke. Mrs. Hyde's father

was born on the "Old Marshall Farm," at Marshall's Corner, Brentwood, New Hampshire, later moving to Exeter, New Hampshire. After having been graduated from Phillip's Exeter Academy he was affiliated with his father in the Exeter Brass Foundry. Mrs. Hyde's mother was a Massachusetts girl, born in Amesbury.

Mrs. Nellie J. (Hooke) Hyde was born in Sandown, New Hampshire, receiving her education in the public schools of Derry, New Hampshire, finishing at Pinkerton Academy. For the past twelve years she has conducted a successful insurance business, with offices in the Academy of Music building, Merrimack street, Haverhill, Massachusetts. She succeeded to the business of Amos W. Downing & Company, Amos W. Downing having bequeathed the business to her at the time of his death. Mrs. Hyde is a member of the Mooseheart Legion, the auxiliary to the Loyal Order of Moose, and of the Daughters of America, auxiliary to the Junior Order United American Mechanics; and of Minnewawa Council, No. 22, Degree of Pocahontas. Before taking up active business life Mrs. Hyde was prominent in musical circles. She was one of the first ladies of Haverhill to enter into politics, having been a candidate for the nomination of alderman in 1920 and 1921.

The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Hyde, Earl C. Hyde, was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1900. He enlisted in the Aviation Corps during the World War; was graduated from Haverhill High School in 1919, and from Westbrook Seminary, Woodfords, Maine, class of 1920. He is now a student of New Hampshire State College.

FREDERICK HUNTLEY MAGISON, one of the foremost lawyers of Essex county, Massachusetts, was born June 26, 1880, in Mooers, Clinton county, New York, son of James C. and Lucretia (Huntley) Magison of that place. James C. Magison, a farmer by occupation, was a member of the Fifth Vermont Volunteer Infantry, Sixth Corps, serving all through the Civil War, taking part in twenty-six battles, and was wounded twice in action; he received his discharge in 1865 with the rank of corporal. He was a member of I. L. Rock Post, No. 49, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. Magison died in 1911, his wife surviving him for seven years.

The history of Frederick H. Magison is the history of a self-made man and therefore interesting. He attended the public schools and after leaving school came to Haverhill, Massachusetts, where he found employment in shoe factories, and during this time went to night school. In 1900 he went to Montreal and there attended the Montreal Business College, where he graduated in 1902. Returning to Haverhill, Mr. Magison obtained a position as stenographer with the Boston & Maine Railroad Company, remaining there until 1904, at which time he became cashier of the railroad in Haverhill. In 1906 he began to study law at the Young Men's Christian Association Law School



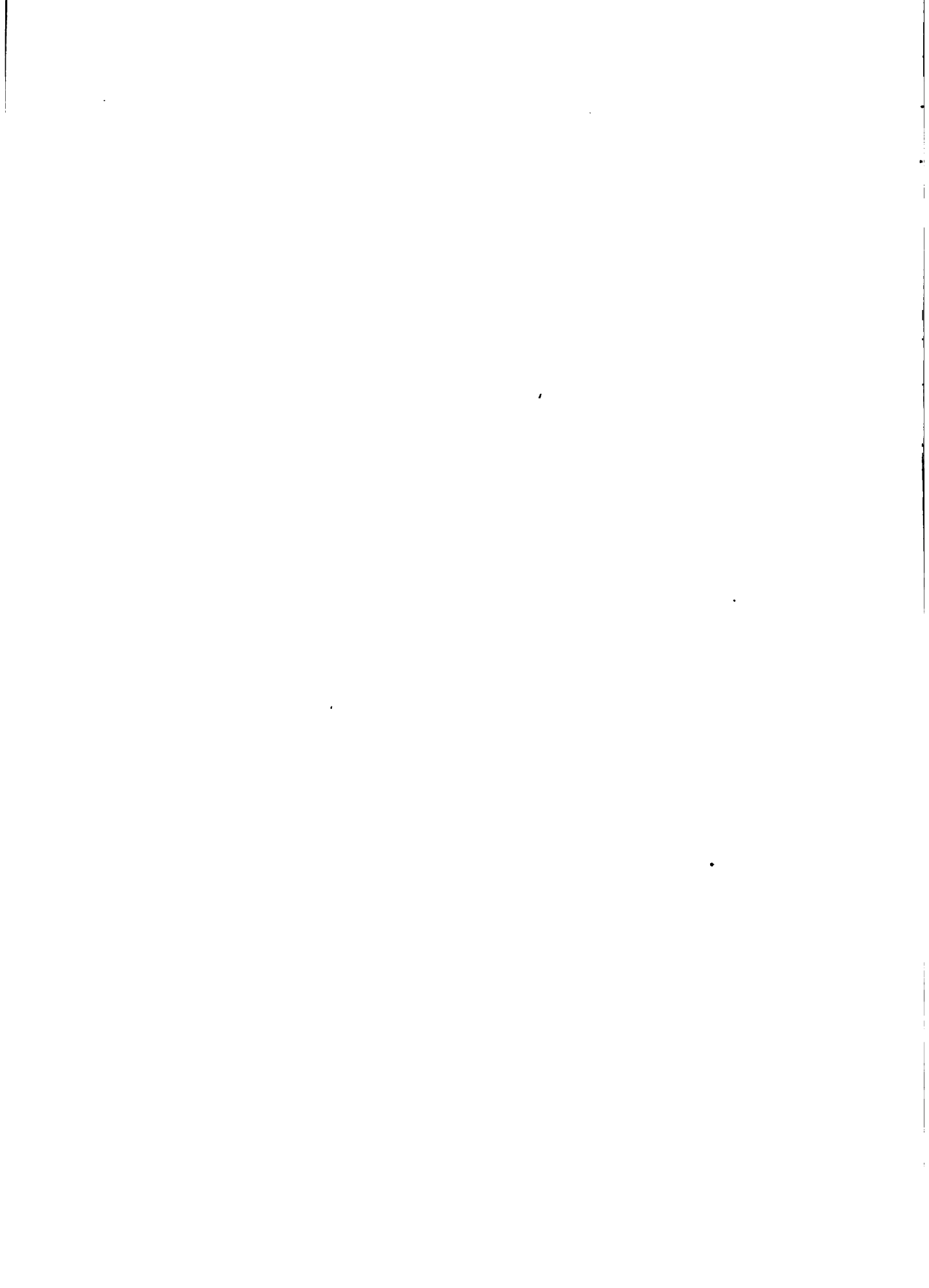
Mellie J. Hyde



Fred H. Hyde



Earl C. Hyde



in Boston, doing this in the evenings, continuing to hold his position with the railroad, and four years later he received his degree and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar. Until the fall of the same year he continued to hold his position with the railroad, resigning at that time to devote his entire attention to his legal work. He entered Harvard University to take a post-graduate course in the class of 1911, and after completing it, entered the office of Walter I. Badger, where he remained for two years. In 1916 he engaged in the practice of his profession at Haverhill, entering into partnership with the already established firm of Peters & Cole. Later, upon the death of these men, Mr. Magison continued alone to carry on the firm's business and in this he has been admirably successful. He enjoys an enviable reputation among his legal brethren, and is a prominent member of the Haverhill bar.

It is to be expected that a man of his attainments would be prominent in public life, and several times Mr. Magison has capably filled responsible offices. During the years 1914 and 1915 he was a member of the Legislature of Massachusetts, and in 1916 was elected city solicitor, which office he continues to hold to the present time. Fraternally, Mr. Magison is a member of the Knights of Pythias of Haverhill; a member of the Pentucket Club; the Men's Club of the Center Congregational Church; the Haverhill Bar Association, and the Essex Bar Association.

Mr. Magison married, in 1911, Eleanor Rowell, of Haverhill, and they attend the Center Congregational Church, aiding in its support.

BENJAMIN F. SARGENT, prominent business man and banker of Amesbury, Massachusetts, was born in West Amesbury, November 5, 1858, son of Benjamin F. and Julia W. (Williams) Sargent. The public schools of his native town afforded him his early education and he later attended Phillips-Andover Academy. At the age of twenty-two years he started to learn the trade of carriage making, serving his apprenticeship and working his way up rapidly in this business, and eventually becoming part owner of E. S. Fletch & Company, builders of fine carriages. He continued with this firm until 1919 in which year it was dissolved. At this same time Mr. Sargent became a director of the Pawow River National Bank of Amesbury and was elected president of this institution in 1920, which office he now holds. He is also a director of the Electric Light Company.

On October 21, 1883, Mr. Sargent married Marie W. Fletch, daughter of Elbridge S. and Mary (Currier) Fletch, and they are parents of a son, Benjamin F., born in 1885.

JOHN H. OXLEY, merchant and ex-service man of Haverhill, Massachusetts, principal owner of the firm of Oxleys, Inc., was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, June 7, 1839, the son of Alexander and Mary (McKeigue) Oxley. His father, who

died in 1920, was originally of Prince Edward Island, and for the greater part of his life a carriage manufacturer; his mother was of a Chelsea, Massachusetts, family.

The Oxley family took up residence in Haverhill when John H. was in early boyhood, and consequently he spent most of his school days in local public schools, after leaving which he took a course in a business college.

Entering business life, young Oxley worked for Hazen B. Goodrich, of Haverhill, for three years, and then entered the employ of the Noyes Paper Company, with which company he stayed until 1917, when he decided to enter into business for himself. He opened a store at No. 14 Washington street, his lines being office and factory supplies and equipment. The great National emergency, however, came in that year, and he threw aside his personal interests and entered the military service of the United States, enlisting in the Ordnance Department. He was assigned to duty at Boston headquarters in December, 1917, and there was kept because of his executive and administrative usefulness and aptitude, until the end of the World War. He was honorably discharged in December, 1918, and again took up his Haverhill business, incorporating as Oxleys, Inc. He is developing a good business, his company already needing two floors, with the possibility of soon occupying the third floor also. It is evident, therefore, that Mr. Oxley is a man of aggressive characteristics. He is a member of the Pentucket and Agawan clubs, and by religious conviction is a Universalist, member of the local church of that sect.

Mr. Oxley married, in 1916, Janet Brown, of Canada, daughter of Henry G. and Janet (MacKellar) Brown, originally of Scotland.

WILBUR E. ROWELL—In the legal fraternity of Essex county are numbered men whose work in their chosen profession is counting far from the general advance. Holding an assured position in this group is Wilbur E. Rowell, of Lawrence, whose offices are located at No. 301 Essex street, in this city.

Mr. Rowell was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, August 28, 1862, and is a son of Charles E. and Judith M. (Gile) Rowell, both members of old New England families, and the father prominent for many years in Amesbury and Merrimac. He served as selectman of both towns, and was, for many years, postmaster at Merrimacport. He was a Republican in politics. As a lad W. E. Rowell attended the public schools of his native place, laying a practical foundation for the future. Entering Wilbraham Academy for his classical studies, Mr. Rowell was graduated from that institution in the class of 1881. He then attended Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, graduating in the class of '85, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Thence he entered Harvard University Law School, was admitted to the bar at

Salem in 1888, and began the practice of law in the city of Lawrence. He is a Phi Beta Kappa man and a member of the Psi Upsilon. From the beginning Mr. Rowell's rise has been steady, his natural ability being seconded and sustained by that ceaseless vigilance upon which all success depends, and the closest attention to every relevant detail, however seemingly insignificant. Mr. Rowell has now for many years been senior member of the well-known law firm of Rowell & Clay, and is esteemed a leading man in the profession today. He has been Special Justice of the Lawrence District Court for many years. Mr. Rowell is also actively interested in various financial and industrial organizations in Lawrence, among which is included the Broadway Savings Bank, of which he is president. He is also a director of the Merchants' Trust Company, the Beach Soap Company, George H. Woodman, Incorporated, and the Selden Worsted Mills. He has been trustee of the White Fund, and educational endowment, for twenty-three years. A Republican in politics, he has served two terms on the Lawrence School Commission. He is a member of Trinity Congregational Church and has been deacon for about twenty-five years. He is also a member of the Merrimac Valley Country Club.

Mr. Rowell married (first) Mary A. Rand; and (second) Lillian W. Bridges, daughter of Daniel T. and Frances (Wadsworth) Bridges. Mr. and Mrs. Rowell reside at No. 96 Sounders street, Lawrence.

PERCY BOARDMAN SPOFFORD, a prominent citizen of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born there, October 10, 1883, son of Daniel H. and Ellen A. (Carter) Spofford. Daniel H. Spofford is widely known as a follower of the Christian Science teachings, and he is the only man still living in this country who has been tried for witchcraft. His wife, Ellen A. (Carter) Spofford, was a daughter of Thomas A. Carter, a well known finisher and joiner of Newburyport in his day.

Mr. Spofford obtained his education in the public schools, and soon after his graduation from the high school in 1901, he accepted a position with the Pacific National Bank of Lawrence, where he remained for six years, and at the end of this time entered the employ of the Haverhill National Bank, remaining for two years. Still following the banking business and with eight years' experience to his credit, Mr. Spofford accepted a place with the Essex National Bank; after four years there he resigned to travel as credit man for some of the larger factories, continuing this work until 1913, in which year he became associated with the Haverhill Mercantile Agency, the largest independent collection agency in Eastern Massachusetts. His many years of experience in banking and other financial matters made him peculiarly well-fitted for this work and he continued successfully until the outbreak of the World War, 1917-1918, when he immediately offered his services to the Finance

Division of the War Department at Washington, D. C., remaining until the signing of the Armistice and then returning to his former work.

Mr. Spofford takes more than a passive interest in public matters and is always willing and anxious to share in civic matters. Fraternally he has many Masonic and other affiliations, among them being: Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and the Massachusetts Consistory.

Mr. Spofford married, at Exeter, New Hampshire, July 12, 1907, Clara Belle Towle, of Lawrence, and they are the parents of the following children: Daniel H., 2d, Pauline Eaton, and Eleanor Janet. With his family, Mr. Spofford is a member of the First Universalist Church of Haverhill and he is active in its works and charities.

MAURICE E. CONNORS, dentist of Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born in Leominster, Massachusetts, son of Michael and Elizabeth (Bagley) Connors. He was educated in the public schools, preparing himself for the Baltimore Medical College. He graduated in 1910 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery, and then became associated with Dr. H. H. Ward, in Leominster, remaining for two years. In 1912, he came to Newburyport, where he has since continued, and engaged in practice on his own account, holding the respect and esteem of his fellow citizens.

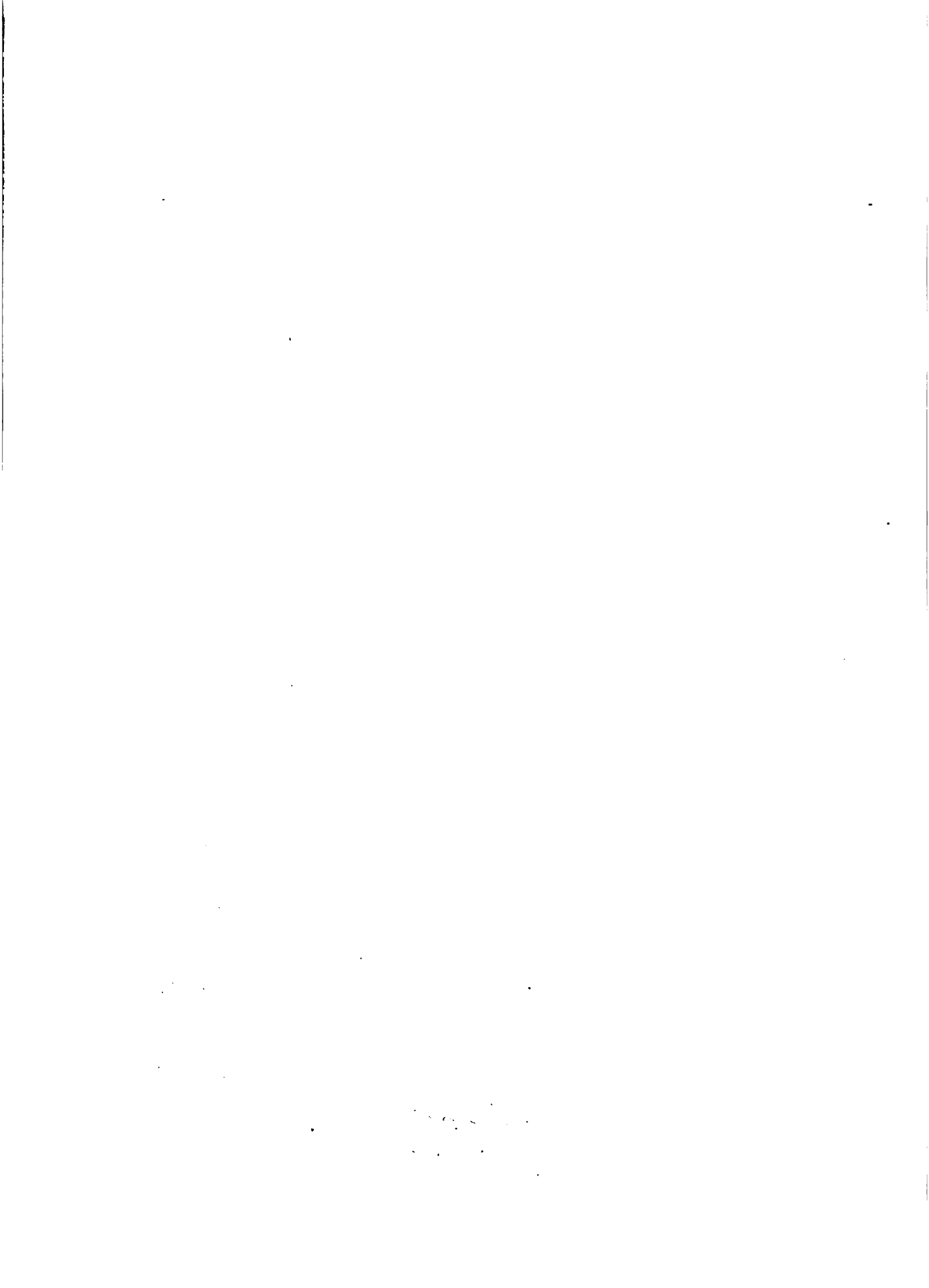
Dr. Connors is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; fourth degree member of the Knights of Columbus; the Ancient Order of Hibernians; president of the Essex County, Massachusetts and Northeastern dental associations; and is a member of the National Dental Association. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, a chairman of the committee on streets and sidewalks, and takes an active interest in the public affairs of Newburyport. In 1919 he was a member of the City Council. He attends the Immaculate Conception Roman Catholic Church of Newburyport.

FRED HERRICK SARGENT was born August 19, 1871, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, and is a son of Charles H. and Georgiana (Littlefield) Sargent. He is a grandson of Moses Sargent, who was born at Sunapee, New Hampshire, in the year 1800, and his wife, Susan (Osborne) Sargent. Moses Sargent was a mason contractor. Mr. Sargent's father was born at Haverhill, in the year 1845, and is still living. He has been connected with the Lawrence Gas Company for many years. Mr. Sargent's mother was born at Lawrence in 1852, and died in 1901. She was a daughter of George Littlefield, a brick mason and plasterer, who served as alderman of Lawrence.

Mr. Sargent received his early education in the public schools of Lawrence, and after spending three years in high school, entered the service of the Lawrence Gas Company. This company was established in the year 1846, and has grown stead-



R. B. Spofford.



ily in power and influence. It is incorporated for more than two and a half million dollars, and serves heat and power to the municipalities of Lawrence, South Lawrence, Methuen, Andover, North Andover and Boxford. Its business exceeds two million dollars a year. The company's executive offices and display rooms are situated on Essex street in the heart of Lawrence. At the present time (1922) it has three hundred salaried employees. When Mr. Sargent entered the company's service in November, 1889, he was detailed for work at the gas plant. He was promoted to the position of foreman and subsequently was made superintendent. On July 1, 1919, he was made the company's agent, and became vice-president of the company, January 1, 1920, which office he still holds.

Mr. Sargent is a director of the Merchants' Trust Company of Lawrence. He serves as a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and, in politics, is a Republican. He is a member of the Universalist church. He was not called upon for active service during the World War, but gave his fullest support to the government in its measures for the successful prosecution of the war. Mr. Sargent is a Mason of the thirty-second degree. He is a member of Grecian Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, since 1893; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory, of Boston; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the Monomodock Lodge of that order. He also belongs to Lodge No. 65, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, since 1895, and is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He belongs to the Merrimac Valley Country Club, the Home Club, the Methuen Club, the Andover Club, the Lawrence City Mission, and the Engineers' Club of Boston. He is also a member of the New England Gas Association, American Gas Association, Gas Guild, National Electric Light Association, and the Illuminating Engineering Society.

Mr. Sargent married Laura Tefft, January 23, 1901. Mrs. Sargent was born at Brewer, Maine, and died at Lawrence in June, 1910. She was a daughter of Dr. Henry F. and Maria Tefft, the former a dentist of Bangor, Maine. Mr. and Mrs. Sargent had no children. Mr. Sargent has one sister, who is now Mrs. Bertha S. Kirk, of Providence, Rhode Island.

ALEXANDER G. PERKINS—The Perkins Lumber Company, of Newburyport, Massachusetts, seems clearly to be the largest as well as the oldest firm of lumber dealers in Newburyport and vicinity. The firm was established almost fifty years ago (in 1873) by Edward Perkins, father of the present principals, Alexander G. and Edward G. Perkins. The father died in 1921, but the business is being ably continued, indeed has been expanded,

by the two sons, Edward G. being president, and Alexander G. treasurer. The company was incorporated in 1897, and, in addition to the ordinary scope of a general lumber business, has been added a box factory, which is now quite an important department of the company's operations.

The Perkins family, in both paternal and maternal connections, is quite well known in Essex county, both parents being natives of Newburyport. Edward Perkins married Mary S. Graves, who died in 1913, and seven children were born to them, five being sons.

Alexander G. Perkins, the first-born of Edward and Mary S. (Graves) Perkins, was born in Newburyport, August 28, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of that place, and after leaving school entered his father's office, and in course of time learned the lumber business. He was twenty-eight years old when the war with Spain came, and was one of those who early volunteered. He eventually saw active war service in Cuba, as a captain of United States Volunteers under Colonel Pew, and came through the experience without bodily impairment. After being mustered out of military service, Mr. Perkins returned to Newburyport, and again became connected with the family business. As the years went by, he became of increasing value to his father in matters of business, and latterly the affairs of the Perkins Lumber Company were almost wholly directed by him, and his brother Edward G., a sketch of whom follows. Their father, Mr. Edward Perkins, the founder of the Perkins Lumber Company, was a man of logical mind and sound business reasoning, and carried the company steadily through the early years; it does not detract from his vital part in the company's development to state that much of the later success that has come to the company should be credited to the enterprise and business acumen of the two sons, Alexander G. and Edward G. Perkins. Mr. Alexander G. Perkins belongs to local lodges of the Masonic and Odd Fellow orders, being a Knight Templar of the former. He is esteemed in the city, is a trustee of the Newburyport Public Library, and for two years was a member of the City Council.

He was married in 1892 to Edith E. Taylor, of Newburyport, and the following children have been born to them: Carlton L., William F., Elizabeth A., Robert P., Ruth E., and Eunice N.

EDWARD GRAVES PERKINS, second child of Edward and Mary S. (Graves) Perkins, (see preceding sketch) was born in Newburyport, October 27, 1874. After passing through the public schools of Newburyport and graduating from the high school in the class of 1891, he took a business course at Conner's Commercial School. Thus equipped for a business life, he entered his father's office and has ever since been connected with the business, being, strictly, an employee until 1916, when he was admitted into the firm. He has had

good part in the development of the company's operations during the almost three decades he has been connected with it.

Mr. E. G. Perkins is well known to the business people of the district, and is looked upon as an alert, enterprising, reliable man of business—one with broad, effective and modern ideas of business, and an intelligent helpful interest in the general progress of the city. He has taken a prominent part in public affairs. Politically a Republican, Mr. E. G. Perkins has for several years been a member of the Republican City Committee, and for ten years has been a member of the City Council. Fraternally, he is a Mason. He is an active member of the American Yacht Club, and his church is the First Congregational Church, of Newburyport.

In 1896 Mr. E. G. Perkins was married to Clara A. Goodman, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, daughter of Ephraim and Dolly E. (Pickens) Goodman, of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Perkins have three children: Florence Amelia, who was born in 1897; George King, born in 1902; and Albert G., born in 1904.

CHARLES G. BROSTROM—Coming to this country in 1892 with nothing more than a stout heart and a wealth of ambition, Charles G. Brostrom, founder of the C. G. Brostrom Company, manufacturers of shoe machinery, has successfully climbed the ladder of success. Today his name is a by-word in his particular line of industry and many successful patents of his will stand in the years to come, as a monument to his application to what he selected as his life's occupation. Success is attained only by dint of great effort, and Mr. Brostrom may well look back upon the years of his youth when, without the usual time allotted to the growing boy for play, he began to build up a future that today stands far and away ahead of those who were satisfied to take life as it came. Backed by a brilliant and creative mind he stands today in the heyday of his career. The future holds nothing but greater success, and Mr. Brostrom has surrounded himself with an organization composed of men who assume part of the responsibility which rests upon his shoulders.

Charles Gustave Brostrom was born in Koping, Sweden, March 16, 1872. He is the son of Andrew Gustave and Matilda (Berg) Brostrom, the former, previous to his death, having been superintendent of an iron and steel rolling mill at Koping for many years. The boy Charles attended the public schools of his native place until he was fifteen years of age, when he terminated his studies and entered his father's mill, where he served an apprenticeship to the machinist's trade, and even at this early age his shrewdness in the trade was commented upon. In 1892, when he had reached the age of twenty years, he expressed a desire to reach out into the world, so, with this end in view, he set sail for the United States. Upon landing in this country he went immediately to Hartford, Connecticut, where he secured a position as machin-

ist with the Pape Manufacturing Company, subsequently resigning from this concern and becoming identified with the Cushman Chuck Company of Hartford. In 1898 he came to Lynn and until 1912 worked successively for the following concerns in the capacity of machinist: the General Electric Company, Bresnahan Shoe Machine Company, and the T. C. Rowen Company, manufacturers of shoe machinery. In 1913 he founded the C. G. Brostrom Company which has met with unbounded success, the shoe machinery which the organization manufactures being shipped to all parts of the world. During the World War the plant ran night and day in its manufacture of sights for large French guns and gauges. Mr. Brostrom is well read and in all that pertains to his craft is an authority. His knowledge of mechanical drawing, pattern making and machinery, combined with his practical knowledge of the business, make for him an unusually strong equipment. Besides being identified with this concern Mr. Brostrom is also president of the Micas Consolidated Company, Incorporated, and vice-president of the Beacon Folding Machine Company, both concerns being located in Lynn. He is also a member of the local Chamber of Commerce.

In everything pertaining to the welfare and advancement of Lynn he has taken a keen and active interest and no good work, done in the name of charity or religion, appeals to him in vain. He is prominent in the fraternal organizations of the city, being affiliated with East Lynn Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Moody Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which he is past chancellor; Paul Revere Council, Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias; the Pythian Sisters; and Poquanum Tribe No. 105, Improved Order of Red Men. He attends the Lutheran church.

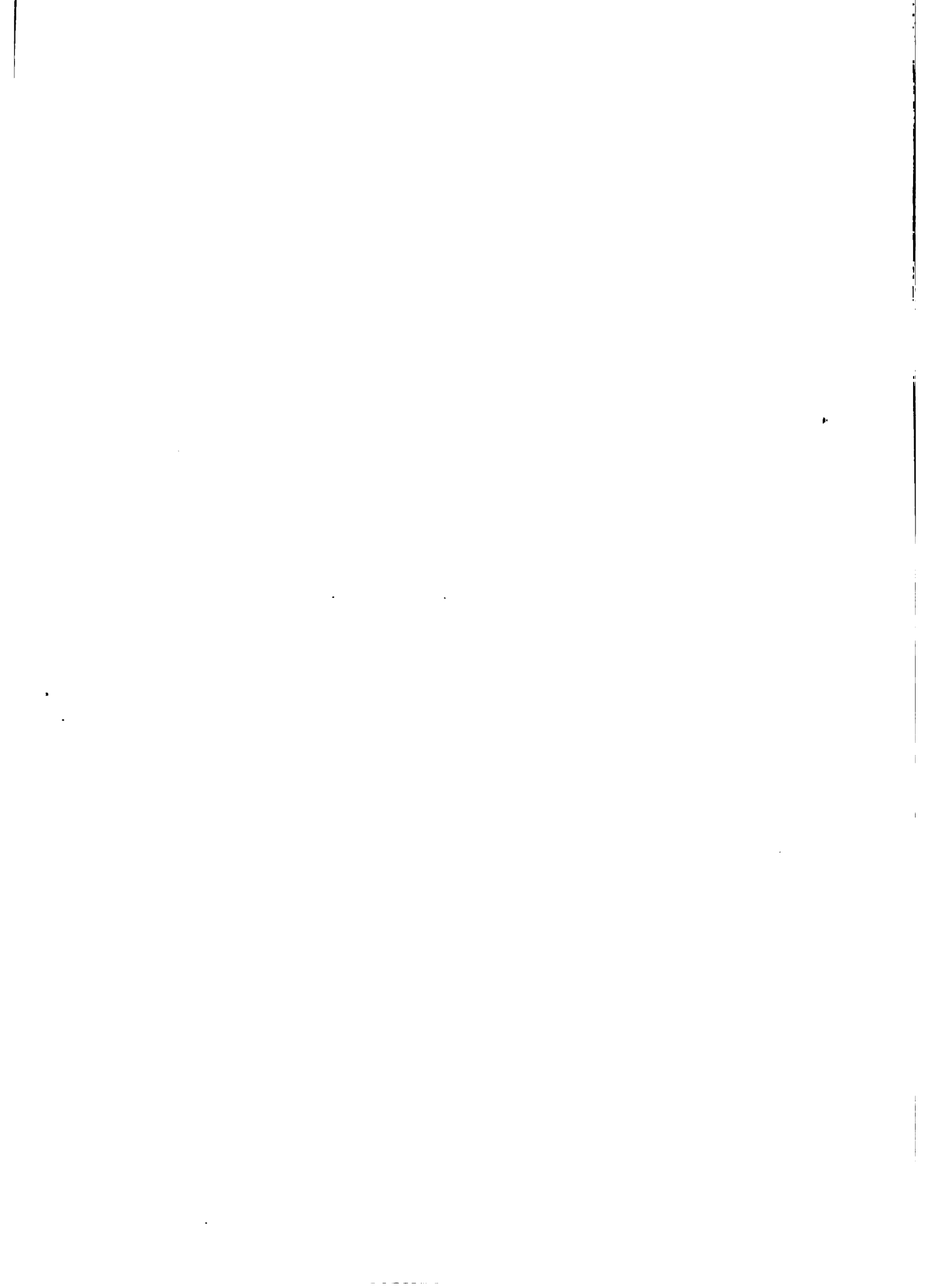
In May, 1894, Charles Gustave Brostrom was united in marriage with Emma Hagerstrom, who died in 1900. To them were born two children: Huldah Matilda, born June 13, 1895; Andrew Gustave, born June 11, 1898. Mr. Brostrom married, (second) in November, 1910, Elizabeth May Everett, daughter of Hezekiah and Elizabeth May (Irish) Everett, of Poland, Maine.

Such is the life of Charles Gustave Brostrom, a self-made man, starting in this country poor in finances, but rich in shrewdness and foresight, traits which go to make a man among men. Quick to grasp the necessity of mingling with the nation's successful men, he adapted himself to circumstances and took advantage of every opportunity which would bring him in contact with the worth-while things in life. Today he stands as one of the most prominent and respected business men in Lynn, a product of Democracy's free institutions.

CHARLES A. GREEN—One of the younger members of the legal profession in Essex county, Massachusetts, and interested in every phase of public progress, Charles A. Green is going forward to success.



CHAS. G. BROSTROM AND VIRGINIA MAY BROSTROM



Mr. Green was born in Salem, July 19, 1889, and is a son of James F. and Margaret (Reagan) Green. The elder Mr. Green was for many years engaged in the great shoe industry in Salem, continuing in this connection until the time of his death, which occurred December 6, 1907.

Gaining his early education in the public schools of Salem, Mr. Green then studied law under McSweeney & McSweeney, leading Salem attorneys, then completed his studies at the law school of Charles H. Innes, in Boston. Admitted to the bar September 15, 1913, Mr. Green soon established himself in his chosen field of endeavor, and is now considered one of the promising men of the day in legal circles. His office is located on Essex street, in Salem. On December 24, 1918, Mr. Green was appointed a master in chancery, of Massachusetts. He is also a justice of the peace.

Mr. Green is a member of the Salem and of the Essex County Bar associations, also a member of the Legal Advisory Board of Salem. Fraternally he is prominent in the Knights of Columbus and the Father Mathew Society. He is a Roman Catholic, a member of the Immaculate Conception Church at Salem. During the World War he was appointed a "four-minute man," and spoke throughout the county for various drives during the war.

REV. EDWARD TILLOTSON, rector of the Church of the Holy Name, in Swampscott, Massachusetts, is widely known, not only as rector of one of the most beautiful churches in New England, but as a worker in many branches of public effort.

Rev. Mr. Tillotson was born in the historic old town of Farmington, Connecticut, on July 2, 1874, and is a son of Charles Edward and Cornelia (Cowles) Tillotson, the former also born in Farmington, in 1842.

Receiving his early education in the public and high schools of New Haven, Connecticut, Edward Tillotson early in life chose the Christian ministry for his future field of effort. He entered Yale University, from which institution he was graduated in 1897, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Thereafter entering Berkeley Divinity School, in Middletown, Connecticut, he was graduated in 1900, with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity.

Mr. Tillotson's first church was St. George's, at Newburgh, New York; from there he went to St. Paul's, in Boston, which is now a cathedral. He came to Swampscott, Massachusetts, on October 1, 1905, as rector of the Church of the Holy Name. This church, which is Protestant Episcopal, is of local interest as a memorial erected by Mrs. Joy to the memory of the late Charles S. Joy and Enoch Reddington Mudge, her father. But the church is of general interest as a rarely beautiful structure, and one of the points of interest along the north shore. The church was built after the plans of the famous architect, Henry Vaughn. It is Gothic in design, and its charming setting, as it stands on the old Mudge estate, just back from the ocean, reveals its beauty even to the most casual observer.

Mr. Tillotson has heard tourists from all parts of the world admire it, and say that they never saw a more beautiful church. One of the most beautiful features of the edifice is comprised in the five memorial windows brought over from England, made at the studio of the celebrated firm of C. E. Kempe, of London. The church was consecrated on September 28, 1893. The first rector was Rev. Arthur B. Papineau; the second, Rev. Henry C. Braddon; then followed Rev. William Gardner, and his successor, Rev. Richard E. Armstrong, was Mr. Tillotson's predecessor. The rectory of the church was built in 1907, and the fine parish house, in the same design as the church, was built in 1920, and is known as the Remick Memorial.

During the World War, 1917-18, this church, under Rev. Tillotson's leadership, bore an active part in the various movements in support of the American Expeditionary Forces. Fifty-two men enlisted from this parish. Mr. Tillotson engaged in welfare work, three days in each week, at the Bridges Company plant, manufacturers of airplanes, and was also active in Red Cross work.

Rev. Mr. Tillotson is chairman of the school committee of Swampscott, and is deeply interested in every phase of public progress. He supports the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the Clerical Club of Boston, a club of twenty clergymen, and is a member of the Swampscott Club.

In 1905 Rev. Tillotson married, in Boston, Massachusetts, Alice Lethbridge Duer Sawyer, daughter of Enos D. and Elizabeth (Smith) Sawyer. Mr. Sawyer is an extensive dealer in lumber in Cambridge, Massachusetts. Rev. and Mrs. Tillotson have one daughter, Cornelia Duer, born on August 27, 1915.

HARRY S. CLARK, B. S., D. M. D.—In professional circles in Danvers, Massachusetts, the name of Dr. Harry S. Clark stands for the most approved methods in modern dental science, and has come to hold a leading place.

Dr. Clark is a son of Sylvester and Laura M. (Towle) Clark, his father being a skilled mechanic. The family formerly resided in Rochester, Vermont, later removing to Randolph, Vermont. There were two sons: Fred, now deceased; and Harry S., of whom further.

Harry S. Clark was born in Rochester, Vermont, July 22, 1877, and his education was begun in the public schools of his native town. At the age of thirteen years, the family then becoming residents of Randolph, Vermont, the boy continued his studies there. He entered Dartmouth College, and was graduated from that institution in the class of 1901; then, having chosen the dental profession, took up that course at Harvard University, and was graduated in 1904. His B. S. degree was conferred upon him at Dartmouth, and the D. M. D. at Harvard. Coming to Danvers in 1904, Dr. Clark established an office and began the practice of his profession. He has since continued, with ever in-

creasing success, and is now a leading practitioner in this vicinity.

Dr. Clark is a member of the National Dental Association, of the Metropolitan Massachusetts Dental Society, and of the Essex Dental Society. He is also a member of the Harvard Alumni Association, Harvard Odontological Society, and of the Northeastern Massachusetts Dental Society. He has been instructor at the Harvard Dental School since 1905. In the Masonic fraternity Dr. Clark is prominent. He is past master of Amity Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Holton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lodge of Perfection; and holds the office of deputy grand marshal of the Ninth Masonic District. He is also a member of the Masonic Club. Politically Dr. Clark supports the Republican party. He is a member and trustee of the Maple Street Congregational Church.

In 1905, Dr. Clark married Louise Hastings, of Randolph, Vermont.

FRANCIS EDMUND INGALLS, who for many years was identified with the shoe and silk industries, and is now retired from all active business, is a descendant of Edmund Ingalls, one of two brothers, Francis and Edmund Ingalls, who came to Essex county, Massachusetts, in 1629, and were the first settlers of Swampscott, spending the remainder of their lives in this community.

From Edmund Ingalls, the original immigrant ancestor of this branch of the family in America, Mr. Ingalls is directly descended through six intervening generations, as follows: Robert, son of Edmund; Nathaniel, son of Robert; Joseph, son of Nathaniel; John (1), son of Nathaniel; John (2), son of John (1); and Ephraim, son of John (2), Ephraim being the father of Francis Edmund.

John (2) Ingalls was a fisherman, and prospered in this business, also, with the thrift and industry characteristic of his day, made shoes in winter, this being before the days of shoe machinery. He married Martha Blaney, of Swampscott.

Ephraim Ingalls followed his father's calling, that of fisherman, which was, indeed, the occupation of each succeeding generation from the time of their settling here, and also manufactured shoes all his life, living to see something of new methods and increased production which resulted from them. He married Elizabeth Cloon, of Marblehead, Massachusetts, who was the daughter of a sea captain.

Francis Edmund Ingalls, son of Ephraim and Elizabeth (Cloon) Ingalls, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, that part which is now Swampscott, in 1843. Educated in the schools of that day, and trained in the traditions of the shoe industry, he was for thirty-seven years a representative of manufacturers of shoe findings, and also represented a Boston silk agency, travelling throughout New England for these two concerns until his retirement in 1913. He was also broadly active in civic and religious progress, and was a member of the board of selectmen of Swampscott for one year. For twelve years he served on the school board, for twenty-

five years on the library board, and for a long period on the building committee. In 1877 he helped to organize a Universalist Sunday school in the town hall, and served as superintendent of this Sunday school from its organization until 1920, when he resigned. He assisted largely in the building of the Universalist church edifice, and is still active in the work of this church society.

Francis Edmund Ingalls married Marrietta Bancroft Nowell, of Chelsea, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of two children: Bessie, who became the wife of Herbert L. Rideout, and has one child, Miriam; and Nowell, of further mention.

Nowell Ingalls was born in Swampscott, Massachusetts, September 6, 1878, and received his early education in the public schools of his native place. Later entering Tufts College, at Medford, Massachusetts, he was graduated from that institution in the class of 1900, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Immediately thereafter, he became identified with the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Association at Boston, and for many years held an executive position in their main office in that city. He is still connected with the same concern, and now has charge of their interests in the Lynn district.

Mr. Ingalls is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce. He is broadly interested in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association and is a member of the organization. His college fraternity is the Delta Tau Delta, and he is a member of the Universalist church.

On June 8, 1904, Mr. Ingalls married Kate Smith, daughter of Charles R. and Hannah B. Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Ingalls have two children: Francis Edmund (2), and Katharine Smith.

GEORGE JOHN GODSLAND—In the industrial world of Salem, Massachusetts, the name of Godsland is familiar. As owner and manager of the Salem Brass Foundry, George John Godsland bears a constructive part in the manufacturing interests of the city.

Mr. Godsland was born in Exeter, on the River Exe, in England, January 28, 1849, and is a son of Thomas and Mary Godsland. His parents never made their home in this country, although his father came here and remained for a short time. Gaining his education in the national schools of his native land, and there learning the trade of brass moulder, Mr. Godsland turned his face across the Atlantic, as a young man of twenty-three years. He located first in Portland, Maine, but wishing to see more of this country before locating permanently, spent the next three years in Boston and Cambridge, then spent two years in Cleveland, Ohio, thence going to the oil country of Pennsylvania, being interested mostly in contract work for the Standard Oil Company, at Oil City. He then returned East to industrial interests in Salem, having loaned money to a firm of brass moulders there. This was about the time of the death of President Garfield, in 1881, when the confidence of the country was more or less disturbed by the inevitable changes in the ad-



Geo. J. Goodland





SALEM BRASS FACTORY

administration at Washington, and this firm of brass moulders failed to make a success of the business. To protect himself Mr. Godsland was obliged to take over the business, and in his hands it has grown and developed, until it long since became an important part of the industrial life of Salem, and a profitable enterprise for the owner. Thus Mr. Godsland's permanent location was not entirely of his own choice, but he has become one of the leading men in the industrial circles of Salem. His work is largely along the line of contracts with the General Electric Company, the United Shoe Machine Company, and the Salem Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Godsland is a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce. He holds the thirty-second degree in the Masonic Order, is a member of Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, and is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Rotary Club and of the Sons of St. George.

Mr. Godsland married Elizabeth Jackson, of Woburn, Massachusetts, who died about ten years ago. They had one son, Frederick T., born January 12, 1876. Receiving his education in the public schools of Salem, he learned the trade of brass moulder with his father, and has been associated with him in business ever since, of late years becoming active in the management of the affairs of the plant. He married Madeline Douglas, and has one son, George Frederick. Frederick T. Godsland is also a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and prominent in the social and business life of Salem.

HENRY M. FOX, D. D. S., who is among the younger generation of practicing dentists in Peabody, Massachusetts, where he has been active since the year 1915, is a native of Clinton, Massachusetts, his birth having occurred there July 8, 1886. He is a son of Michael and Mary (Fay) Fox, like himself natives of Clinton. Michael Fox for many years was a civil engineer in his native city. He served in the Civil War. To Mr. and Mrs. Fox were born six children: George T., a physician at Bristol, Pennsylvania; Henry M., of further mention; Mary, a teacher in Clinton; Florence, a teacher; Charles, a dentist in practice at Lynn, Massachusetts, and Joseph.

The childhood of Henry M. Fox was passed in his native place, and it was there that his preparatory education was received. He attended the grammar and the high schools there, and after graduation matriculated at the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, having decided to make that profession his career. He took the usual dental course, graduating with the class of 1915, with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. Since that time he has made his headquarters in offices at No. 10 Peabody Square, where he has developed a large and high class practice, so that he is already regarded as among the leaders of his profession.

Besides his professional activities, Dr. Fox is an energetic participant in the public life of Peabody,

and is well known in many departments of its affairs. In politics Dr. Fox is an Independent, and has not identified himself with any political party, preferring to remain free from all partisan influences in the exercise of his own judgment on public issues. He affiliates with the Knights of Columbus, and Peabody Lodge, No. 1409, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce. In religion he is a Roman Catholic, and prominent in the affairs of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, which he attends.

Henry M. Fox was united in marriage with Mary Madeline Norton, April 6, 1920. Mrs. Fox is the daughter of Michael and Annie (McDonald) Norton.

FRED J. CLOUTMAN—Among the representatives of the legal profession in Salem, Massachusetts, Fred J. Cloutman is a leader in the younger group. Broadly interested in public progress, he is throwing his influence on the side of all advance.

Mr. Cloutman was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, September 11, 1894, and is a son of Frederick W. and Mary A. (Donovan) Cloutman, both of Salem, Massachusetts. Gaining his early education in the public schools of Salem, and deciding upon the law as his field of future effort, he entered the Northeastern College of Law in Boston, and was graduated from that institution in 1918. Admitted to the bar in the same year, he began the practice of law in Salem at once, and has made a most promising start.

Deeply interested in civic matters, Mr. Cloutman is now serving the public as a member of the school board, having been elected for a period of three years. Mr. Cloutman is a member of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Salem Bar Association. He served as clerk of the Probate Court from 1913 to 1918, and was for one year connected with the Old Colony Trust Company, of Boston.

Fraternally Mr. Cloutman is prominent in the Knights of Columbus and the Young Men's Catholic Temperance Society, of Salem. He is a member of St. James' Catholic Church, of this city.

REV. FREDERIC WILLIAMS PERKINS, D. D.—Since his ordination to the ministry of the Universalist church in 1894, Dr. Perkins has served but three charges, the last being the First Church of Lynn, Massachusetts, over which he has been pastor since 1905, a period of sixteen years. He has merited the honors of his profession bestowed upon him, and has worthily borne the responsibilities which attach to the sacred calling. He is a son of Francis Blake and Mary Elizabeth (Williams) Perkins, his father a mechanical engineer and a Union veteran, serving with the 35th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and wounded at the battle of Fredericksburg.

Frederic Williams Perkins was born in Boston, Massachusetts, June 16, 1870, and at the age of seventeen was graduated from Roxbury Latin School. He then entered Tufts College, and was

graduated A. B., 1891. He then pursued theological study at Tufts Divinity School, receiving his B. D. and A. M., class of 1894, and in 1908 received from his alma mater the degree of D. D. In 1894 he was ordained to the Universalist ministry, and called to the Church of the Redeemer at Hartford, Connecticut, there remaining seven years, until 1901. From 1901 until 1905 he was pastor of the First Universalist Church of Haverhill, Massachusetts, and in 1905 accepted a call from the First Universalist Church of Lynn, Massachusetts, his present pastorate (1921).

During the years 1912-13-14, Dr. Perkins was lecturer on Theology in Tufts Divinity School; was a trustee of the Universalist General Convention, 1909-17; president of the Lynn Associated Charities; director of Lynn Inter-Church Union; and chairman of the Civilian Relief Committee, Lynn Chapter of the American Red Cross. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa and Theta Delta Chi fraternities, and of the Oxford and Rotary clubs, of Lynn.

Dr. Perkins married, at Somerville, Massachusetts, June 21, 1894, Mary Sherman Thayer, daughter of Edward Francis and Nancy Jane (Sherman) Thayer, of Somerville. Dr. and Mrs. Perkins are the parents of a son, Sherman Thayer Perkins, born January 21, 1899.

NATHANIEL B. HOPKINS, senior member of the shoe manufacturing company of Hopkins & Ellis, was born in Hebron, New Hampshire, April 19, 1887, son of Eldridge S. and Melanie (Muzzy) Hopkins. Eldridge S. Hopkins was born in Camden, Maine, went to Lawrence, Massachusetts, for about two years, then to Hebron, New Hampshire, and from there to New Hampton, New Hampshire, where he has resided for the past thirty-five years, and where he is engaged in farming. His wife died in 1904. He enlisted in the Second Maine Cavalry as corporal, serving from 1861 to 1865, and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic Post at Bristol, New Hampshire.

The education of Nathaniel B. Hopkins was obtained in the public schools of his native town, and, as was customary with many boys of his vicinity, engaged in farm work after leaving school. Soon after this time he became interested in the shoe industry and went to work for a manufacturer, continuing until 1914, learning the method of manufacture and other details connected with the business, so that in the above mentioned year he was able, from both a financial and business standpoint, to engage in this business on his own account. He formed the Hall & Hopkins Company, and they were in business for three years. In 1917 Mr. Hopkins sold his interest to Mr. Hall and formed a new company, taking as a partner Charles Ellis, and the firm name became Hopkins & Ellis. Their start was made at No. 100 Phoenix Row, and owing to the increase in business, larger quarters were necessary, so that, in 1919, they removed to No. 241 Winter street, having quarters containing 20,000 square

feet, and, from a start with twelve employees, they have increased this number to 140.

Mr. Hopkins is a Knight of Pythias in fraternal affiliations, and is a member of the Pentucket Club; he is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Hopkins married, in 1900, Rosalie B. Seguin, of Rock Island, Province of Quebec, and they are the parents of a son, Nathaniel A. Hopkins.

JAMES P. ROULIER, M. D.—Beyond doubt, one of the most conspicuous figures in the life of Salem, Massachusetts, is Dr. James P. Roulier, whose long career as physician has been consistently devoted to the welfare of his fellow citizens, with a success achieved by but few.

James P. Roulier was born in the Province of Quebec, Canada, September 29, 1860. He received the preliminary part of his education in the public schools of his native place, after which he entered the Assumption College, where he took the prescribed classical course. At about this time his attention was turned forcibly to the profession of medicine, and he decided to make it his career in life, and with this end in view he matriculated at Victoria College, from which he was graduated with the Degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889. Immediately after graduation he went to Turners Falls, where, after passing the Massachusetts State Board of Examinations, he practiced for about three years. He subsequently removed to Salem, where he has since been engaged in the active practice of his profession, with headquarters at No. 2 Federal street. In addition to his medical practice Dr. Roulier operated a drug store on Harbor street, South Salem, until 1914, when the building was completely destroyed by fire. He then spent three years in Beverly, Massachusetts, where he served as president of the commission that built the first French Catholic church, St. Alphons Church, in Beverly.

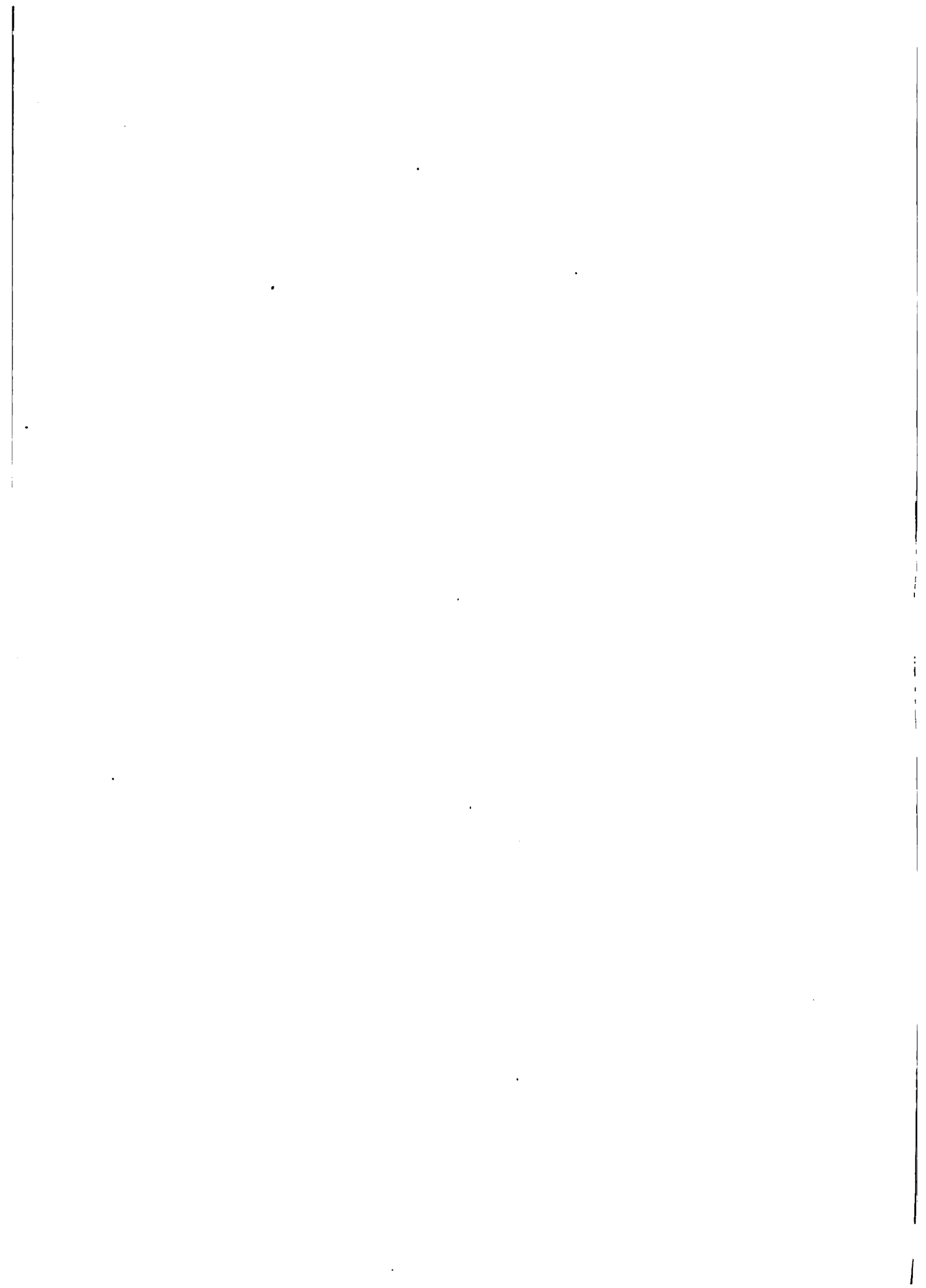
Dr. Roulier has always been keenly interested in the affairs of the community of which he is a member. He is affiliated with the Foresters of America, the Knights of Columbus, and St. Jean Baptiste of America. In his religious belief he is a Roman Catholic and has attended St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church for many years. He has been active in the work of the church and was one of the delegates to organize the St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church at Beverly.

On May 19, 1890, Dr. Roulier was united in marriage with Annie Page, of Turners Falls, who died in March, 1897. To them were born three children: Rene, Mary Jane and Mary Annie. Dr. Roulier married (second) Eva Smith Farham, and to them have been born five children: Cecile, Bernard, Jean, Madeline and Jeannette, deceased.

In all the years that Dr. Roulier has been active in his profession, a large percentage of his nights have been spent at the bedside where a new soul was to be ushered into the world, or upon more sad occasions, where one was about to depart. Rain or shine, summer or winter, the doctor has always responded cheerfully to all calls.



J. P. Fisher M.D.



CHARLES JOHN POWELL—In the legal profession in Essex county, Massachusetts, Charles John Powell, of Peabody, is now taking a prominent place as a member of the firm of Donnell & Powell, and also as clerk of the District Court of Peabody.

Mr. Powell is a son of William and Mary J. Powell, long residents of this section. William Powell was born in Ireland, and came to America at the age of seventeen years, locating in this county, and for many years was engaged in the manufacture of leather in Salem and Peabody. His wife, whom he married in Lowell, Massachusetts, was born in India, of English parents.

Charles J. Powell was born in Salem, Massachusetts, June 24, 1889, but removed to Peabody at the age of seven, where he received his early education in the public schools. He was graduated from the Peabody High School in the class of 1908. In 1907, during afternoons and at odd times out of school, he was employed by S. Howard Donnell, long a prominent lawyer of Peabody, and now district attorney of Essex county, as a stenographer and clerk, meanwhile studying law, and was admitted to the Essex county bar on February 21, 1918. He is now Mr. Donnell's partner, and their suite of offices, on Lowell street, in the business center of Peabody, are spacious and well appointed.

Mr. Powell was appointed clerk of the District Court of Peabody by Governor Samuel J. McCall, May 22, 1918, for a term of five years. He is a member of the American Bar Association, also the Essex County and Salem Bar associations. He is a member of the Association of Clerks of the Police, District and Municipal courts.

Fraternally and socially Mr. Powell is also well known. He is a thirty-second degree Mason and a Knight Templar, and also is a member of Holten Lodge, No. 104, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Peabody, and of Peabody Lodge, No. 1409, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is a member of the Now and Then Association of Salem, and of the Peabody Club, of Peabody.

ALDEN S. MOORE, manufacturer, and for very many years identified with the Massachusetts shoe industry, was born in Candia, New Hampshire, September 22, 1851, the son of Samuel G. and Ruth (Taylor) Moore, of that place, the former a shoe worker.

Mr. Moore was educated in the public schools of his native place, and for a number of years after leaving school worked for Kimball Brothers. Eventually he came to Groveland, Massachusetts, and established a workshop, or factory, where he did contract work for Haverhill shoe manufacturers. So employed, he passed many years, but ultimately took up another branch of the shoe industry, the manufacture of wooden heels, in which business he was associated with his son, Elmer A., until they disposed of same. During these years he has held closely to business, and has never sought public office. He is a member of Protection Lodge, Inde-

pendent Order of Odd Fellows; and Georgetown Lodge, Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

Mr. Moore married, in 1870, Ella F. Walsh, daughter of Ardis and Sarah (Turner-Nunn) Walsh, the former English-born, but his wife a Nova Scotian. To Mr. and Mrs. Moore were born three children: Lowella M.; Elmer A., a sketch of whom follows; and Harry.

ELMER A. MOORE, manufacturer of wooden heels, formerly owner of a substantial plant at Groveland, Massachusetts, was born in that place on August 7, 1888, son of Alden S. and Ella F. (Walsh) Moore (see preceding sketch), formerly of New Hampshire, but then of Groveland, where the father was in business as shoe manufacturer and contractor. The mother was originally of Lowell, Massachusetts, daughter of Ardis and Sarah (Turner-Nunn) Walsh.

Mr. Moore received the whole of his academic schooling in the public schools of Groveland, and when old enough, began to work, his first employer being C. K. Fox, shoe manufacturer, whose factory was on Duncan street, and with whom he remained for three years; a further three years he spent in the plant of H. Guptill. After that general experience, he took up another branch, entering the Eagle Wooden Heel Company's factory on Washington street, having an interest in the business. Later, however, he went into the Emery and Marshall building, but eventually moved to Phoenix Row, where he operated a business in wooden heels for three years, selling the business to advantage. He then established a factory in Groveland, and in 1919 opened the plant on Lincoln avenue. He established another plant on Sumner street, with a floor space of three thousand square feet, and which turned out about three hundred dozen wooden heels a day, for local and export trade. Mr. Moore has lately disposed of his business.

Mr. Moore is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the American Mechanics, fraternal orders, and has very many close friends in shoe circles of Haverhill district.

Mr. Moore married, in 1911, Elsie M. Gale, daughter of Perly and Mary Elizabeth (Hewitt) Gale, the former of Plaistow, New Hampshire, and the latter originally of Halifax, Nova Scotia. Mr. and Mrs. Elmer A. Moore have one child, a son, Alden Perly Moore, now six years old.

GEORGE E. KERRIGAN, a prominent lawyer of Haverhill, Massachusetts, has practiced his profession in such widely separated states as California and New Hampshire, and with success in each. He was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, July 24, 1872, of good old Irish blood. His father, Henry Michael Kerrigan, was one of those who followed the shoe trade. His mother, Elizabeth, came from the "Green Isle of Erin."

George E. Kerrigan prepared for college in the city schools, graduating from Haverhill High in 1890. Entering Holy Cross College, he gained the

degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1896 took his Master's degree at Georgetown University. While in attendance at Holy Cross, a college noted almost as much for the high class of its baseball teams as for its distinguished scholastic qualities, he became one of its famous baseball players; he was president of the athletic association. His course in law was taken in the Law College at Georgetown, District of Columbia, where he acquired the degrees of Bachelor of Law and Master of Laws in 1899.

Returning to Haverhill, Mr. Kerrigan was admitted to the bar of Massachusetts at Salem and began the practice of law. He was just taking a conspicuous place among the legal lights of Haverhill when ill health overtook him, and in 1907, going to California for physical betterment, he decided to stay there and practice his vocation. He was admitted to the bar of California in 1908, and before returning to Haverhill, in 1911, had been for two years attorney for the Southern Pacific railroad, the Shasta Bank, and a number of other corporations. Taking up again in 1911 the practice of law in his native city, he met with success from the start, which continues to follow him through the passing years. In 1912 he was admitted to the bar of New Hampshire.

Mr. Kerrigan is a member of the Essex Bar Association and the Haverhill Bar Association. Outlet for his athletic inclinations has been found in membership in the Iseland Golf Club. In politics he is a Republican; in religion, a Roman Catholic. Mr. Kerrigan has one son, John, born July 13, 1906.

JAMES CASSEY—In the optical field in Lynn, James Cassey holds a leading position and has been very successful. Mr. Cassey is a son of James Cassey, who was for many years manager of a large concern manufacturing iron and tin ware in England. He died in 1919, at the advanced age of ninety years. Early in life he married Mary Ann Wright, and they were the parents of ten children, of whom Mr. Cassey of Lynn was the second child.

James Cassey, the son, was born in Birmingham, England, September 7, 1849, and was educated in the public schools of his native city, this being the extent of his formal school attendance, although in later life he broadened his education materially. Learning the trade of watchmaker in England, and following it there for some years, he came to the United States, with his brother Charles, in 1878. His first position in this country was in the employ of James H. Connor, on the same site which he now occupies. He remained with Mr. Connor for a period of eight years, then purchased the business, which he has carried on independently ever since. Many years ago he prepared for the profession of optician, making a thorough study of optics, and has since won a high place in this profession, having been very successful in the treatment of the eyes through the fitting of glasses. In the public life of his adopted country Mr. Cassey takes great

interest, but only as a progressive citizen supporting the Republican party, taking no leading part in political affairs. He is a member of the Unitarian church.

On April 24, 1872, Mr. Cassey married, in England, Clara C. Darby, daughter of Fred and Ann (Holmes) Darby. Their children, of whom those now living fill useful positions in life, are as follows: Marian, wife of Edward L. Dickason; James Charles, died at the age of thirty-two; Sydney, electrical engineer in Elizabeth, New Jersey; Lillie; Ernest Alfred, civil engineer, with the New York Central railroad, at Chicago; Jane, wife of J. C. Welsh, of Lynn; Thomas E., electrical engineer in the employ of the United States Government in Washington, District of Columbia.

FRED B. MARSTON—With lifelong experience in the great shoe industry, and for the past eighteen years actively engaged in an executive capacity as a shoe manufacturer, Fred B. Marston, of Danvers, Massachusetts, is a representative man of Essex county.

Mr. Marston was born in New Hampshire, May 30, 1872, and was educated there in the public schools. As a young man he became a shoe worker in a Farmington, New Hampshire, factory, where he remained for eleven years. In that time he familiarized himself with the different departments, and by the practical method of doing the work, prepared himself for the efficient fulfillment of executive responsibilities. His next step was upward, to the superintendency of Gale Brothers shoe factory, at Exeter, New Hampshire, where he remained for two years. In 1908 Mr. Marston came to Danvers, becoming treasurer of the Marston & Tapley Shoe Company, then a growing concern, and now a leading factor in the shoe industry of this county.

In connection with the foregoing principal business interest Mr. Marston is also treasurer of Marston's Express Company, doing business over a wide territory, with headquarters at Danvers. He is also a director of the Salem Trust Company, and is a member and director of the Salem Chamber of Commerce. In the trade he is widely known, and is president of the North Shore Shoe Manufacturers' Association.

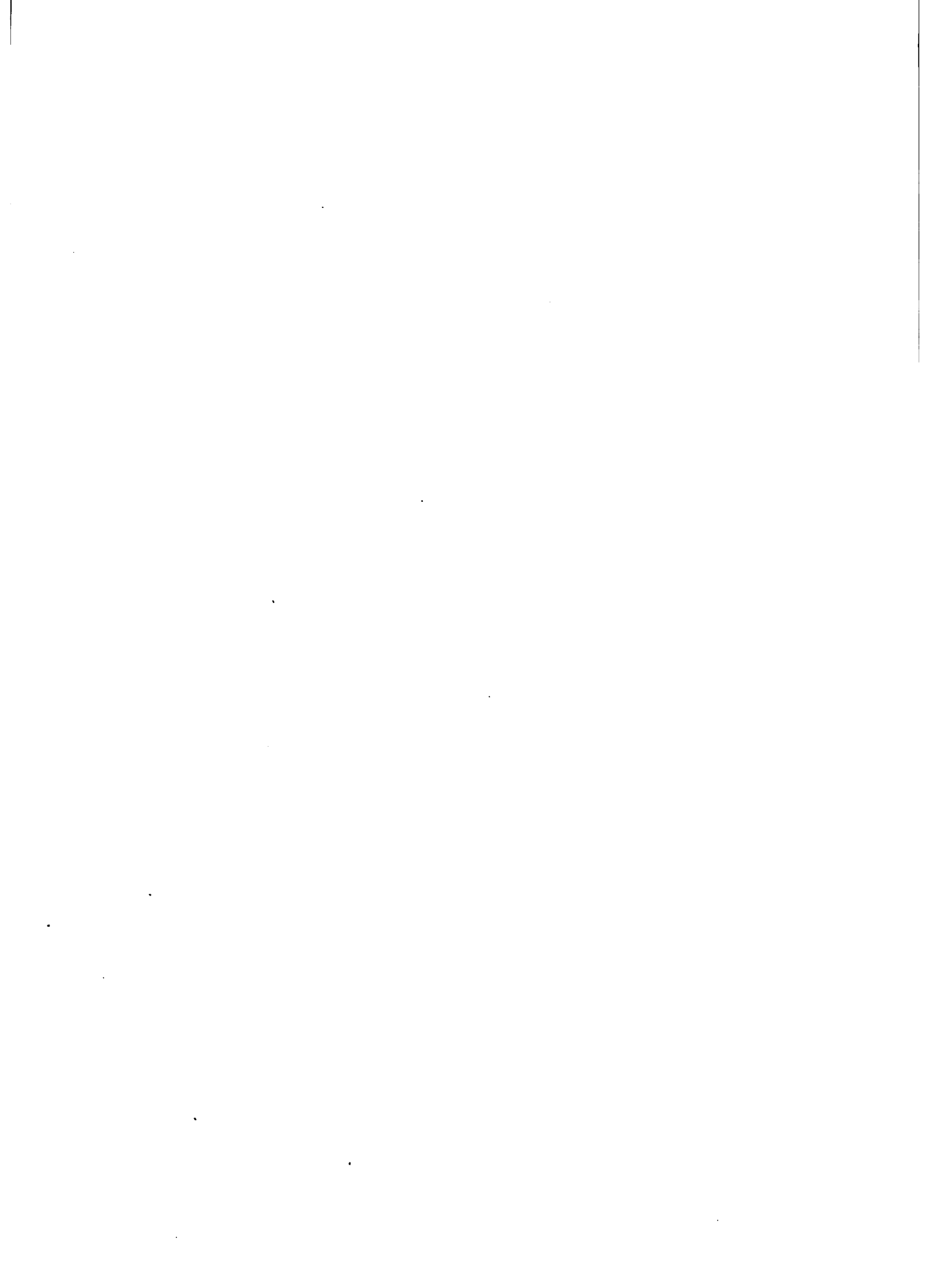
Fraternally Mr. Marston is a thirty-second degree Mason, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Marston married Ester A. Bunzpers, of Turner, Maine, and they have one son, Frank M.

BENJAMIN F. ARRINGTON, journalist, was born in Leominster, Massachusetts, July 6, 1856, removing with his parents to Lynn in 1859. He learned the printer's trade in the office of the Lynn "Semi-Weekly Reporter," beginning in his sixteenth year, and became foreman before attaining his majority. Self-taught in phonography (Isaac Pitman system) during reporterial work, he finally qualified as a verbatim reporter. This led to an invitation in the 80's to join the staff of a shorthand bureau



Jas Cassey



in Boston, for court and special stenographic work. The lure of newspaperdom, however, prevailed. When the Lynn "Daily Bee" was started, with the "Reporter" as the weekly edition, he was for two years its business manager, contributing meanwhile to the news and editorial columns. He was then called to the Salem "Evening News" as editor-in-chief, and here labored under happy auspices for more than thirty-seven years, broken only by a year's absence in Springfield, Massachusetts, as editor and general manager of a local daily, of which he was one of the promoters. Feeling the need of a respite, he resigned on the 29th of May, 1920, being at the time of retirement the senior editor in point of service in Essex county.

He is a student of French, and has "Englished" a number of short stories and sketches, in addition to special writing for a few outside publications. Travels in this country and in Canada were followed by two extensive voyages to Europe, on each occasion opportunity being afforded for a passing glimpse of life in the Azores, at Gibraltar, Funchal, Madeira, and Algiers. For many years a Free Mason, he is particularly interested in Blue Lodge Masonry, and is a past master and honorary member respectively of Mount Carmel and Damascus Lodges of Lynn, being a charter member and the first master of the last-named; was secretary for Mount Carmel Lodge for eight years, and at present is rounding out his fourteenth year of like service in Damascus Lodge. He is married, and, with his wife, is a member of the Unitarian church of Lynn, in which he has served as parish clerk, and in 1915 was elected to the board of trustees, of which he is now chairman.

ALBERT N. BLAKE—In the shoe and leather trades, particularly in Essex county, Massachusetts, the name of Albert N. Blake is well known as an executive, both in personal enterprises and in the organized advancement of the industry.

Mr. Blake was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, December 13, 1870, and is a son of J. Albert and Abbie D. (Hyde) Blake. Gaining the fundamentals of education in the public schools of Danvers, he completed his studies at Phillips-Andover Academy, at Andover, Massachusetts. As a young man he became interested in the shoe industry, his father and uncle being engaged in the manufacture of shoes in Haverhill. Therefore he turned to this branch of industry as a field of effort, and entering the factories, familiarized himself with every department of shoe making by modern factory methods. Beginning at the bottom, Mr. Blake learned the shoe business by the practical method of experience as a shoe worker, spending only the time required to master the details in each department. In 1911 he came to Lynn, and became associated with the Watson Shoe Company, as president of the concern. In the intervening decade he has placed himself in a position of more than local prominence.

As a director of the National Boot and Shoe

Manufacturers' Association, Mr. Blake is widely known. He is also president of the National Shoe and Leather Exposition and Style Show. He is a director of the New England Shoe and Leather Association, and is a member of the board of governors of the Boston Shoe Trades Club. He is a director of the Essex Trust Company of Lynn; and a trustee of the Lynn Independent Industrial Shoe-making School.

Mr. Blake is prominent fraternally as a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and his clubs are: The Tedesco, Oxford, Neighborhood, and Masonic. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Incarnation.

On November 14, 1895, Mr. Blake married Mabel Welch, daughter of William and Marjorie (Doane) Welch, and they have one daughter, Marjorie Doane Blake.

STARR PARSONS—As president of the Essex County Bar Association, thus holding one of the most important positions in the gift of the legal profession and bringing the strength of his position to bear in the advance of industrial interests throughout his district, Starr Parsons is a man of unusual prominence in his chosen field of action, and of more than ordinary significance to the public.

Mr. Parsons was born in Lynnfield, Massachusetts, on September 4, 1869, and is a son of Eben and Mary A. (Dodge) Parsons. Receiving a thorough grounding in the essentials of education at the public schools of his native town, he later took a course at the Boston Latin School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1887. Having from boyhood planned a career in the legal profession, he entered Harvard University, from which he was graduated in the class of 1891, having been one of the first twenty-five in his class.

Admitted to the Essex county bar in 1892, Mr. Parsons became associated with Walter H. Southwick, a prominent attorney of that day, in the law firm of Southwick & Parsons, which gained a high reputation in the county, and continued for some years. During his early experience he assisted John R. Baldwin, then city solicitor of Lynn, in his work pertaining to this office. On the death of Mr. Baldwin in 1897, Mr. Parsons was elected to succeed him in the office. Later he resigned from this office, and was in turn succeeded by Arthur G. Wadleigh. The partnership of Southwick & Parsons was dissolved in 1902, and the following year Mr. Parsons became associated with H. Ashley Bowen, under the firm name of Parsons & Bowen. In the January following they admitted to the firm Charles D. C. Moore, the firm name becoming Parsons, Bowen & Moore. Later this partnership was also dissolved and the present association formed. The firm is now Parsons, Wadleigh & Crowley, and their commodious offices are located in the Grossman building.

The firm makes a specialty of corporation law, and among their clients are many of the most im-

portant industrial and commercial concerns in this part of the State, as well as a great number of individuals. Mr. Parsons is most highly esteemed in every one of the many circles of his acquaintance. He is counted one of the best jury trial lawyers in the State of Massachusetts, and was elected president of the Essex County Bar Association on January 3, 1916, and is also a prominent member of the Lynn Bar Association.

In fraternal circles Starr Parsons is also prominent, being a member of Peter Woodland Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which order he is past chancellor.

In many branches of public endeavor Mr. Parsons has always taken a deep interest, also in those interests which make up the wholesome activities of youth. He is particularly interested in athletics and was for years a stockholder and director of the Lynn Baseball Association.

On June 26, 1894, Mr. Parsons married Minnie C. Bickford. On March 10, 1896, his son, Eben Parsons, was born. He graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1918. He was an ensign in the Naval Aviation Service during the World War and is now identified with the firm of Parsons, Wadleigh & Crowley.

EDGAR W. JOHNSON—While the great war period, 1914-1918, brought hard problems for the American people to solve, the young man between twenty-one and thirty had one peculiarly his own, for upon him fell the great problem involving all the others and even life itself. It was a young man's war, and nobly they responded to the leadership of an inspired President. War was declared by the United States against Germany in May, 1917, and in July Edgar W. Johnson had solved his problem, and was wearing the khaki as a private of the 101st Regiment, Field Artillery, United States army. Then came nineteen months of overseas duty with the American Expeditionary Forces, during which he fought in those desperate engagements that proved the American soldier the peer of any and the superior of every German he met on the land, in the air or under the sea. Thence he returned to private life again in his native Salem, and to the position with the Salem Savings Bank, which he had resigned to carry out his solution of the problem which in 1917 every young man in the country had laid before him.

Edgar W. Johnson was born in Salem, Massachusetts, September 5, 1895, son of E. Frank and Julia (Barrows) Johnson, his father the greater part of his life engaged in amusement enterprises. After completing grade and high school courses in Salem public schools, Edgar W. Johnson entered the employ of the Salem Savings Bank in 1914, and there remained until July, 1917, when he resigned to enter the military service of his country.

Mr. Johnson entered the army in July, 1917, and was honorably discharged in April, 1919. He went overseas with the Twenty-Sixth Division of the American Expeditionary Forces and saw nineteen

months' service in France, being engaged at Chateau, Demoles, Toul Sector, Chateau-Thierry, St. Mihiel and Verdun. He escaped injury of a serious nature and returned to Salem after receiving his discharge.

In Salem he was returned to his old position with the Salem Savings Bank and there continues; he is also representative in Salem for the State Mutual Insurance Company of Worcester, Massachusetts. Mr. Johnson is a member of Essex Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; a Republican in politics; and a member of the Unitarian church.

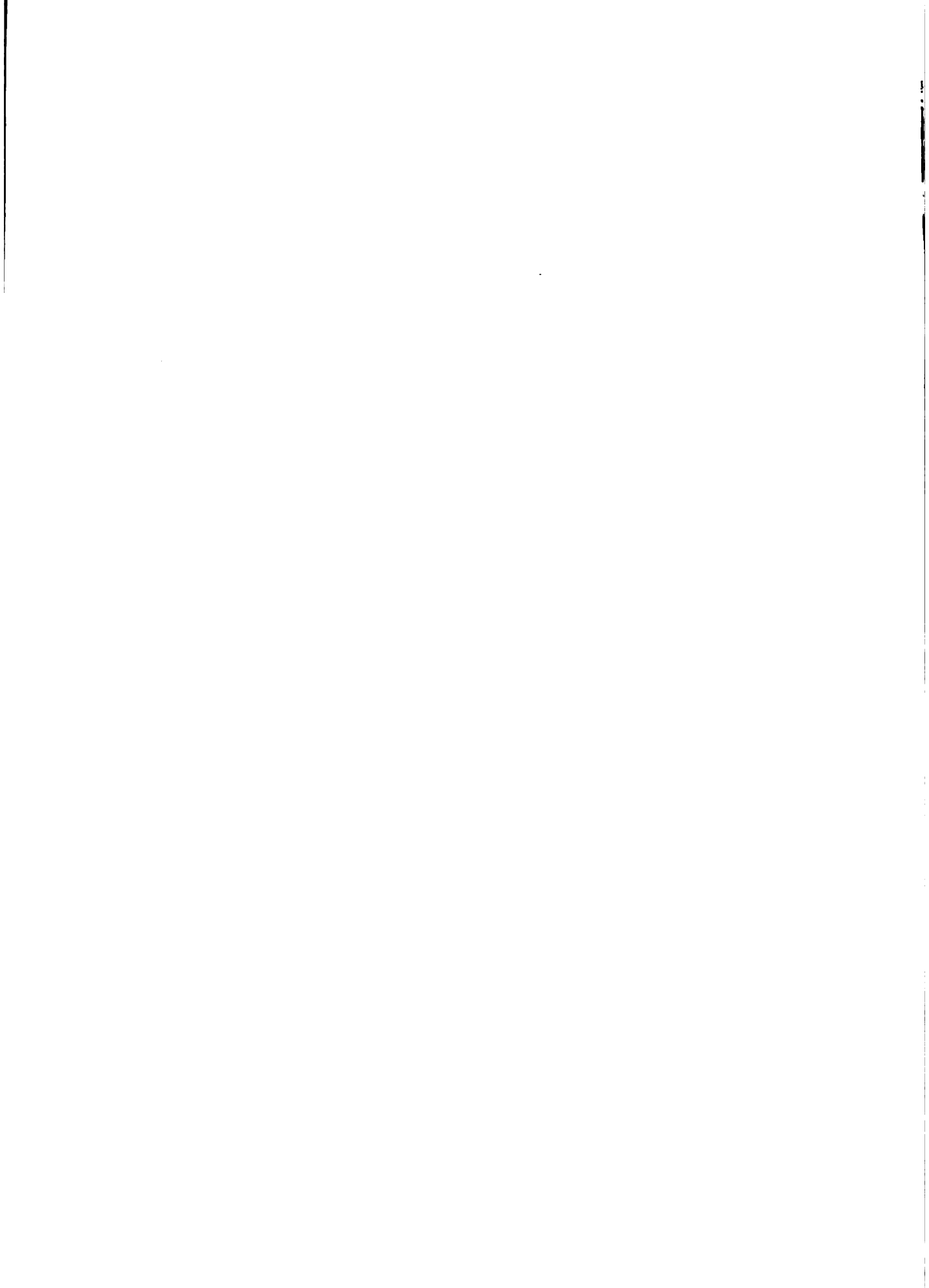
Mr. Johnson married, June 15, 1920, Mildred Lougee, daughter of Arthur L. and Anna (Call) Lougee, her father general sales manager of Hayward Brothers & Wakefield, of Boston.

REV. WILLIAM INGLIS MORSE—There is no way by which the value of a life to a community can be estimated, and especially is this true of the life of a minister of the Gospel. When Rev. William Inglis Morse accepted a call in 1905 from the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Incarnation, the congregation was small, but today the communicants of the parish number about three hundred, and the parishioners, twelve hundred. The church was organized in 1885, the chapel being erected that year. In 1909, four years after Rev. William Inglis Morse became its rector, the new extension which had been built was freed from debt and vested in the hands of the trustees of donations of the Massachusetts diocese. The present church was consecrated by Bishop Lawrence, February 2, 1918, and the property adjoining the church was purchased for parochial purposes in 1915; an endowment fund also exists for the maintenance of the parish. These are but tangible evidences of the value of his rectorate, and constitute but a small part of the real benefit his leadership has meant to the church he has served so long and devotedly. The spiritual advancement cannot be measured or told; only the great record will ever reveal what the life of this eloquent, devoted divine has meant to his own people and to his city.

William Inglis Morse was born at Paradise, Nova Scotia, June 4, 1874, the son of Joseph and Almira (Phinney) Morse. His ancestor, Samuel Morse, son of Rev. Thomas Morse, rector of Foxearth, Essex county, England, came to Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1631. Descendants settled in Annapolis, Nova Scotia, in 1760. After spending several years in preparation at the public schools of his native place he entered Acadia University, Nova Scotia, whence he was graduated with honors, A.B., class of 1897. He then took courses in theology at the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Massachusetts, and received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity from this institution in 1900, after which he took a post-graduate course in Philosophy at Harvard Post Graduate School, and was ordained a priest of the Episcopal church by Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, D.D., bishop of Massachusetts, May 22, 1901. From 1900 to 1902 Rev. Mr. Morse was chaplain of the



Wm. Inglis Morse. A.B., B.D.,



Westminster School at Simsbury, Connecticut, and from 1902 until 1905, when he came to Lynn, he was assistant at St. John's Episcopal Church, Stamford, Connecticut. The enthusiasm with which he came to this parish has given way to earnest settled purpose and mature judgment, rendering him valuable in counsel and leadership.

Rev. Mr. Morse was elected a member of the Canadian Society of Authors on March 15, 1906, at Toronto, Canada. He is the author of "Acadian Lays" (1908, Briggs, Toronto); "Lady Latour" (1920, Ryerson Press, Toronto); and "Seeing Europe Backwards" (1922, Boston). He is a member of the Tedesco Golf Club, Swampscott; Hartford Golf Club, Hartford, Connecticut; and Summer Subscriber at Manchester, Essex county, Massachusetts. He is also a life member of the Nova Scotia Historical Society, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

On June 15, 1905, Rev. Mr. Morse married Susan A. Ensign, daughter of Ralph Hart Ensign (president of the Ensign, Bickford Company of Simsbury) and Susan (Toy) Ensign, daughter of Joseph Toy, esquire, of Camborne, England, who migrated to America in 1839, where he started the manufacture of safety fuses on this side of the Atlantic. They are the parents of one daughter, Susan Toy Morse, born in Simsbury, July 4, 1905. The family at present reside at No. 170 Ocean street, Lynn. The Rev. W. I. Morse will complete his seventeenth year as rector of his parish this coming July, 1922.

JANE SMITH DEVEREAUX, M. D., received her degree and began the practice of medicine in her native Marblehead, Massachusetts, in 1880, the woman physician at that time not being looked upon with the same favor as at the present day. That was true of all professions, and Dr. Devereaux met with no unusual hardships in the way of prejudice against the entrance of women into the professions. Forty years have since elapsed and she is still in practice, her skill and value having been so fully demonstrated that her place in the life of Marblehead could not easily be filled.

Dr. Devereaux is a daughter of Samuel and Hannah W. (Smith) Devereaux, her father born in Marblehead, May 28, 1836; her mother, also born in Marblehead, June 22, 1836, died there, February 22, 1908. They were the parents of four children: 1. Robert Devereaux, born in Marblehead, February 20, 1856, now a resident of California. 2. Jane Smith, of further mention. 3. Anna W., a sketch of whom follows. 4. Gertrude M., born December 2, 1870, now the wife of Gardner R. Hathaway, a prominent real estate dealer of Marblehead. They have four children: Anna, the wife of Richard D. Sanders, of Salem; Alden L., of Marblehead; Samuel D., of Norfolk, Virginia; and Daniel R., of Marblehead.

Jane Smith Devereaux, eldest daughter of Samuel and Hannah W. (Smith) Devereaux, was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, February 11, 1858. She prepared in Marblehead public schools, decided upon a professional career, and was graduated from

the Medical School of the University of Boston, with the degree of M.D., class of 1880. She at once began the practice of her profession in Fall River, in June, 1880, then in December, 1880, came to Marblehead, where she has a record of forty years' successful practice. She is a member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society; the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynecological Society; the Marblehead Woman's Club; and the Congregational church. Dr. Devereaux is highly regarded in Marblehead, both for her professional ability and her fine, womanly quality. She is devoted to her profession, and is an earnest laborer in the cause of sanitation and better and more healthful living conditions.

ANNA WHITE DEVEREAUX, second daughter of Samuel and Hannah W. (Smith) Devereaux (see preceding sketch), was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, and died there June 16, 1919. The following review of her valuable life and touching tribute to her memory is from the pen of Miss Anna J. McKeag, a co-worker in the cause of education:

"Miss Anna White Devereaux, well known to Wellesley people as director of the Page Kindergarten and lecturer in the Department of Education of Wellesley College, died at her home in Marblehead, on Monday morning, June 16, 1919.

"Miss Devereaux, who was one of the best known kindergartners in this country, received her training in Boston at the Anne Page Normal Kindergarten Training School. For twenty years she was engaged in kindergarten work in Lowell, having been during fourteen years of this period in charge of the kindergarten training class of the State Normal School in Lowell.

"A few years ago Miss Devereaux came to Wellesley to take charge of the newly-established Anne Page Memorial Kindergarten and to direct the theoretical and practical work of graduate students of Wellesley College who were being trained as kindergartners. Miss Devereaux also gave lectures each year to undergraduate students of education on the subject of the kindergarten.

"In the course of her busy life and varied professional interests, Miss Devereaux had found time also to write several books on kindergarten theory and practice, and to give addresses at noteworthy educational conventions.

"In her work with the children of Wellesley at the Anne Page Memorial Kindergarten, Miss Devereaux had the respect and confidence of the parents and the strong affection of the children. To her the kindergarten was no mere place of child activity; it was a centre of spiritual growth for the little lives entrusted to her care. No one who has seen the "morning circle" can forget the spirit of good-will, the eagerness, the joy of the members of the little group gathered about their beloved Miss Devereaux, learning from her, through song and story, the great lessons of helpfulness, of duty, of reverence. Each child was to her a special subject of study; his physical, mental and moral nature received her earnest consideration and she gave to each her best self. It is hard to give an adequate estimate of all that the devoted service of this noble woman has meant to the children of Wellesley.

"As a lecturer at the college, Miss Devereaux was interesting and inspiring. Students gained from her a new respect for the possibilities of child nurture and fresh inspiration in their educational studies. Her personality was one of unusual attractiveness. Radiant, buoyant in spirit, enthusiastic always, she diffused a spirit of hope and joy among her colleagues and her pupils. Her faith in human nature, her unselfish devotion to the welfare of others, and her beautiful Christian character will be an abiding memory in the hearts of those who knew her. Kindergartners over the whole land will mourn the going of one of their number, widely known and highly esteemed, and the town of Wellesley will miss one who has given so much of herself to the best interests of the community."

NATHANIEL E. RANKIN, one of the successful attorneys of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and a man who has made a name for himself in the public life of this region, is a native of Taunton, Massachusetts, where he was born September 12, 1874. He is a son of William H. and Catherine A. (McMahon) Rankin. His father was born in Kennebunk, Maine, and has always been a textile manufacturer. For thirteen years he was a dyer at the Lower Pacific Mills, in Lawrence. After periods in Manchester, New Hampshire, and Columbus, Georgia, he went to Waltham, Massachusetts, as agent of the Boston Manufacturing Company.

Nathaniel E. Rankin received the elementary portion of his education at the public schools of Lawrence. After graduating from the local high school he entered Phillips Academy at Andover, where he prepared himself for college, having in the meantime determined to adopt the law as a profession. He accordingly matriculated at the law school of Boston University and pursued the prescribed course with the class of 1900. Throughout his school and college years he had proved himself an intelligent student, and at the close, came to the opening of his career unusually well equipped both with natural gifts and a training that was the result of conscientious effort. Immediately after graduating, he passed his bar examinations and established himself in the practice of his chosen profession, first in Boston, where he remained for two years, returning subsequently to Lawrence, where he formed a partnership with Archie N. Frost. That continued until 1914, but since then he has practiced alone. He has built up an excellent practice, for as a lawyer with a broad comprehensive grasp of all questions that come before him, he has proven himself to be well fitted for affairs requiring administrative ability. He is clerk of the District Court, having been appointed January 1, 1917, and is a member of the Essex County Bar Association and the Lawrence Bar Association.

Besides his legal activity, Mr. Rankin has interested himself in the conduct of public affairs in the community and has come to be regarded as one of the leaders of the local organization of the Republican party. He was a member of the Republican City Committee for some years, and later was, for five years, a member of the Republican

State Committee, doing a good deal of speech-making for the cause. During the World War he was a member of the local draft board, having always, in a public-spirited manner, discharged every obligation of citizenship, never shrinking any duty, public or private. Mr. Rankin attends the Tower Hill Congregational Church; he affiliates with the Masonic order, being a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons.

On November 4, 1908, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, Nathaniel E. Rankin was united in marriage with Elizabeth M. Speirs, daughter of Alexander Speirs, of Lawrence. Mr. and Mrs. Rankin are the parents of two children: Elizabeth and Catherine. The family home is at No. 645 Lowell street.

REV. MICHAEL J. COFFEY—In caring for the spiritual needs of the people of the parish, Rev. Michael J. Coffey, pastor of the Church of the Holy Sacrament, in Cliftondale, Massachusetts, has greatly broadened the usefulness of the church in many practical ways, and has increased the material prosperity of the church.

Father Coffey was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, April 11, 1872, and is a son of Michael and Margaret (Buckley) Coffey, who came to this country from Ireland in their youth. Receiving his early education in the parochial schools of Newburyport, Father Coffey was graduated in 1888. Thereafter he studied under a special tutor for a period of four years, then entered St. John's Seminary, at Brighton, Massachusetts, where he pursued his theological studies. Ordained on December 16, 1897, he began his service as curator of the church in East Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1898, and remained in that capacity for ten years. In 1908 he was appointed assistant at St. Mary's Church in Brookline, and in 1917 was appointed pastor of the Church of the Holy Sacrament, at Cliftondale, in the outskirts of Saugus.

Father Coffey found his present parish burdened with a mortgage of \$6,000, which they had carried for upwards of ten years. The eight hundred members of the church were in a state of discouragement, but his activities soon changed the prevailing conditions. Within the first year of his pastorate Father Coffey wiped out the entire indebtedness. He has since added to the church property a handsome parochial residence, which he now occupies, and has furthermore accumulated a large sum of money, which now rests in the church treasury.

These sweeping improvements have developed in connection with a deep spiritual awakening among the people of the community. From the membership above noted the church has increased to a membership of thirteen hundred or more, Father Coffey gathering in many who had hitherto been considered out of reach of the ministrations of this church or any other. This he accomplished through an organized campaign of development in jitney service at such hours as the holy services of the church called the people together.

This church, under Father Coffey's ministrations,

has taken an active part in many branches of community progress, particularly in the work in support of the American Expeditionary Forces during the period of the World War. The church gave to the cause of humanity, in that terrible struggle, one hundred men, who bore a noble part in the service in France.

SHERMAN HENRY MARSHALL, shoe manufacturer, and founder and treasurer of the Emery Marshall Company, Inc., probably the largest manufacturers of women's medium-grade turns and welts in the Haverhill district, was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, December 5, 1870, the son of Joseph A. and Mary A. (Manser) Marshall, both of Nova Scotia originally.

Mr. Marshall's education was obtained in the common and high schools of Haverhill, and after passing through the latter he started a business life in the cutting room of the shoe factory of Knipe Brothers, in whose employ he remained for about a year. Then followed a like period in the packing room of W. F. and J. A. Blake, after which he entered the employ of Spaulding & Swett. Eventually he became superintendent of the plant, holding that responsibility in a plant at Wolfboro, New Hampshire, for thirteen years. In 1898 he was made a member of the firm, and four years later located in Lowell, Massachusetts. Coming to Haverhill, he acquired an interest in the predecessor of the present Emery Marshall Company, Inc. He formed a partnership with Mr. Emery in 1903, under the trading name of Emery & Marshall Company, the company specializing in women's medium-grade turns and welts. The business was incorporated in 1912 and has grown to such an extent that today it is stated to be the largest in Haverhill in its line, the output being 4,000 pair a day.

Mr. Emery retired from the business in 1918, and Mr. Marshall's son, Frederick S., is now president and assistant treasurer of the company, his father being treasurer. Sherman H. Marshall also controls the financial direction, as treasurer, of the Granite State Shoe Company, and the Sample Shoe Company (retail store business) of Boston. He also is prominently identified with other business enterprises and financial institutions, being president of the Haverhill Coal Supply Company, treasurer of the Prescott Power Company, and director of the Merrimack National and Morris Plan banks of Haverhill.

Mr. Marshall has taken part in much public work in his native city, particularly during the recent World War period, and especially in connection with the Liberty Loan and Red Cross campaigns. He is a director of the Haverhill Young Men's Christian Association, and president of the Pentucket Club. Fraternally he is a thirty-second degree Mason; religiously, he is a Methodist, a member of Grace Church, of Haverhill.

Mr. Marshall married, in 1889, May W. Philbrick, daughter of George H. and Carrie E. (Bunker) Philbrick, of Kittery, Maine, the latter original-

ly of Philadelphia. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall have one child, a son, Frederick Sherman, a sketch of whom follows.

FREDERICK SHERMAN MARSHALL, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, president and assistant treasurer of the Emery Marshall Company, Inc., also of the Granite State Shoe Company, director of the Sample Shoe Company, of Boston, and of the Prescott Power Company, is a native of Haverhill, born in that city on February 24, 1890, son of Sherman Henry and May W. (Philbrick) Marshall (see preceding sketch).

Frederick S. Marshall was educated in the public schools of Haverhill, and after passing through high school, entered his father's factory, there thoroughly learning the shoe business. For three years he worked in the shipping department, and for another five years he was in the sole leather department, after which practical experience he was taken into the general offices and given charge of production and detail work. In 1912 he became a member of the firm, the Emery Marshall Company, Inc., and later was elected assistant treasurer. When Mr. Emery retired in 1918 he became president. He is now president and assistant treasurer, his father being treasurer. While this is his main business, Mr. Marshall also is president and assistant treasurer of the Granite State Shoe Company, and a director of the Sample Shoe Company, of Boston, as above mentioned.

During the World War Mr. Marshall was in military service, being commissioned a second lieutenant, and assigned to a Machine Gun Company. That he is an expert in shoes may be inferred from his National work during the stress of the World War, when leading manufacturers and executives were asked to put their own affairs secondary to the National interest, and take up the direction of business departments for the government in the great emergency. During the World War, Mr. Marshall was in charge of the Shoe Supply Department of the Boston District. He is a director of the Prescott Power Company, and was one of the incorporators of the Pentucket Savings Bank.

Fraternally he is a thirty-second degree Mason; and a member of the Junior Order United American Mechanics. He also belongs to the Pentucket and Agawan clubs. His church is the Universalist, being a member of the First Universalist Church of Haverhill.

Mr. Marshall married, in 1908, Georgia Lillian Page, daughter of Henry and Mary (Hughes) Page, the former of Haverhill, and the latter originally of Georgetown, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall have three children: Kenneth Sherman, who was born in 1909; Richard Donald, who was born in 1916; and Barbara Page, born in 1919.

THE MERRIMACK NATIONAL BANK, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, is the oldest banking institution of Haverhill. It received its charter from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1814, by

special act of the Senate and House of Representatives "in general court assembled," and by that act Charles White, David How, Jr., Leonard White, Daniel Haddock, Robert B. Willis, Bayley Bartlett, James Howe, James Duncan, Jr., Peter Osgood, Thomas R. Appleton, Moses Gale, Jr., John Dow and Ebenezer Gage, and successors, were "created a corporation by the naming of the president, directors, and company of the Merrimack bank." The bill, passed by both houses to be enacted on June 14, 1814, was signed by Alden Bradford, Secretary of Commonwealth, on June 23rd. "Upon the passage of the act of incorporation, the proprietors of the bank met at the house of William Greenleaf, innholder, on Tuesday, July 5, 1814, at 4 o'clock, when Charles White was chosen clerk. Bayley Bartlett, Esq., was chosen moderator, and the seven directors chosen were David How, Esq., Bayley Bartlett, Esq., Ebenezer Gage, Esq., James Howe, Peter Osgood, Robert B. Willis and Charles White." On July 9th the directors "voted to purchase the store belonging to Leonard White, Esq., for a banking house, together with the land, for \$1,000." Two days later David How was elected president, and Leonard White, cashier. Mr. How was a soldier of the Revolution, was representative to the General Court of Massachusetts for twelve years, and was one of the first to engage in the manufacture of shoes on a wholesale scale in Haverhill. He was president of the Merrimack Bank until 1826. Leonard White, first cashier, was prominent in the local administration, town clerk and treasurer for many years, State Representative and later National Congressman from that district (1811-18). He was cashier of the bank for twenty-two years. The original home of the bank still stands at the corner of Water and Stage streets.

Nathaniel Hill was second president, serving until 1831. David Marsh, Jr., succeeded him in that year. James H. Duncan was president from 1838 to 1845, and from 1847 to 1849, Dr. Rufus Longley serving from 1845 to 1847, and from 1849 to 1855. Hon. E. J. M. Hale was president for twenty-three years, 1855 to 1878.

The bank was a State institution until 1864, then becoming a National bank. On September 22, 1879, the store at Nos. 22-24 Washington street was purchased from George A. Greene for \$12,000. Fortunately, the directors expended \$4,000 in "a double-lined vault and burglar-proof safe." Two years later the great fire in Haverhill razed the bank building with others, but it was found, however, that the vault withstood the flames.

Charles W. Chase was president from 1878 to 1891. He was succeeded by Dudley Porter, and he in turn by the present incumbent, Charles W. Arnold, who became chief executive of the institution in 1905.

When the Merrimack National Bank opened for business in 1814, the trading can not have been very appreciable, because the valuation of the whole of the city was then only about \$85,000, but the

bank has gone steadily forward through the decades, as its reports will show.

CHARLES W. ARNOLD, president of the Merrimack National Bank of Haverhill, (see preceding sketch), and one of Massachusetts's leading leather merchants, was born in Hampstead, New Hampshire, May 24, 1853, son of John W. and Mary A. Arnold, the former a lumber merchant, and a man of sterling character. Charles W. Arnold was reared in the wholesome environment of a New England home of independent responsibility without affluence, and he therefore developed a sturdy, steady character. He was educated in the public schools, and for eighteen months was able to attend the Connecticut Literary Institution, which was of a preparatory collegiate class. But he was only sixteen years old when his father died, and it then became necessary for him to at once begin to earn money. So he entered the employ of T. Noyes and Company, of Haverhill, in the humblest capacity, and there learned the leather business, with which he has ever since been identified. His steadiness and reliability soon became evident. It is said that for seven years he "never lost an hour from his day's work." To-day he is among the leading leather merchants of Massachusetts. What may his success be attributed to? Earnestness, conscientiousness, and application. Mr. Arnold's common sense doctrine is: "To attain true success in life, give close application to whatever one is engaged in, with honesty and hard work. Above all, whatever one does, whether work or play, do it well." Production cannot come without application, but complete success will not come out of poor workmanship.

Mr. Arnold has followed business closely, but what time he has been able to give to other matters has been thoroughly given. He is manifestly well-read, takes recreation strenuously, and is of record in many public activities. He has served in the city administration, being alderman in 1892 and 1893, the latter year being chairman of the board. He has been identified with military organizations, being a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts. He also has been prominent in the functioning of fraternal bodies, being a thirty-second degree Mason; eminent commander of Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar; and his love of the outdoors finds expression in driving, fishing, motoring and golf. He is a former president of the Island Golf Club of Haverhill, and the Pentucket Club. He attends the Universalist church of Haverhill, and politically is a Democrat.

On September 16, 1882, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, Mr. Arnold was married to Mildred Fletcher, daughter of Raymond and Julia Fletcher, of Haverhill. To them have been born five children, two sons and three daughters, as follows: Claude M., Blanche M., Charles W., Jr., Marjorie, and Nathalie.



RESIDENCE OF C. W. ARNOLD
HAVERHILL, MASS.



ARTHUR L. COLE—Among the reliable and enterprising business men of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is Arthur L. Cole, a stationer. His business has steadily grown until it now is the best in that line in Lawrence; indeed it is stated that his store is one of the show places of Lawrence.

Mr. Cole was born in Waybridge, Vermont, on May 26, 1867, son of James S. and Mary (Winters) Cole, his father being of Middlebury, Vermont, and his mother of Stockholm, New York. His father, who was a farmer, died in 1912; his mother died twenty-two years earlier, in 1890. They were the parents of six children, Arthur L. being the youngest of their four sons. He was educated in public schools in his native place, and later at the Beeman Academy, New Haven, Vermont. After leaving school he found employment with George Harris, at Clinton, Massachusetts. He remained in this employ for twelve years, then came to Lawrence to enter into business for himself. He opened a stationery store at No. 282 Essex street, and by persistent and consistent effort developed it to its present enviable standing.

Mr. Cole is widely known in the district. He belongs to the Home Club, the Country Club, and the Methuen Club, and also is a member of John Hancock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Methuen, and of the Boston Stationers' Association. He was president of the Chamber of Commerce for one term. By religious faith he is a Congregationalist, attending Trinity Congregational Church, of Lawrence.

Mr. Cole married, in 1897, Edith L. Gibbs, of Clinton, Massachusetts, daughter of William H. and Marcia (Lawrence) Gibbs, of Clinton. The former is a manufacturer of harness and reeds at that place, but he has been a widower since 1908. Mr. and Mrs. Cole were the parents of one child, a son, William H., who was born in 1900.

REID & HUGHES COMPANY—This company, which is located at Nos. 225-235 Essex street, Lawrence, Massachusetts, is one of the leading stores of the city, embodying as it does twenty-eight departments, carrying every kind of women's wear and household furnishings. "The Boston Store," as it is familiarly known to the shopping public of Lawrence, is most favorably regarded not only in the city itself, but also in the surrounding territory adjacent to Lawrence. The business was founded by Thomas Simpson and William Oswald, who bought out the dry goods business of A. Sharpe, at No. 213 Essex street, and opened under the firm name of Simpson & Oswald. As time went on and the business grew, it was removed to its present quarters. Mr. Oswald purchased Mr. Simpson's interests some time later and continued alone until 1893, when he sold out to the Reid & Hughes Company. Ten years later, according to a previous agreement, Mr. Oswald bought back the business and formed the William Oswald Company, but owing to ill health he again sold to the Reid & Hughes Company, which was a new corporation at

this time, consisting of Adam Reid, James J. Hughes, Eugene T. Adams and Leonard E. Bennink. In 1905 James J. Hughes died, in 1907 came Mr. Reid's death, and in 1914 George F. Hughes, who was later admitted to the firm, passed away. This left the interests of the last two named in the hands of Leonard E. Bennink and Eugene T. Adams. In 1918 the interests of the James J. Hughes estate were acquired by Leonard E. Bennink, which gave him a large majority control, and he became president and treasurer of the concern; radical improvements were made, and at the present time, 1921, there is no more modern store in Essex county. The establishment has a frontage of 105 feet on Essex street, is 85 feet deep, and three stories high, with an extensive basement in addition. The present officers are: Leonard E. Bennink, president and treasurer, a sketch of whom follows; Donald C. Bennink, assistant treasurer; and Frederic N. Chandler, secretary.

LEONARD E. BENNINK, president and treasurer of the Reid & Hughes Company, above mentioned, was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, January 8, 1855. He was the son of Gerritt Jan and Maatje (Van Setten) Bennink, both natives of Holland. After finishing his education in the public schools of his native city, the business of life began for the boy at fifteen years of age, and from its inception he has been engaged in the dry goods business, having been thus employed both in Boston and Brockton previous to his identification with the Boston store.

Mr. Bennink, in addition to his duties as directing head of the Reid & Hughes Company, has been one of the most active and well known public-spirited citizens of this community, his activities having found expression in his being secretary of the Old Merchants' Association, president of the Merchants' Association, director in the Chamber of Commerce as it is constituted today, director in the Bay State National Bank and Morris Plan Bank, besides being chairman of the Water Commission of Lawrence, and a member of practically every important committee for civic betterment in the last decade. In the great 1912 textile strike, Mr. Bennink was a member of the Citizens' Committee which did successful work in those trying times. He was the first president of the association which drafted the present Lawrence City Charter and was one of the fathers of the project. During the World War he was tireless in his efforts as an official "four-minute man," and a member of the Massachusetts Committee of Public Safety.

Leonard E. Bennink is also prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of all the Masonic bodies through the thirty-second degree, and is affiliated with many other organizations, as follows: Lawrence Lodge, No. 65, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; ex-president of the Lawrence Anti-Tuberculosis League; Home Club; Merrimac Valley Country Club; president of the Men's Club of the Universalist church; treasurer of the Law-

rence Newsboys' Protective Association and a trustee from its inception; and a member of the executive committee of the Republican Club of Massachusetts.

On April 13, 1881, Leonard E. Bennink was united in marriage with Katherine A. Crone, a native of Boston, Massachusetts, and the daughter of Captain Louis E. and Augusta A. Crone, the latter a native of Peterborough, New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Bennink are the parents of two children: Bertha, who married Charles Ernest Curran, of Lawrence, and lives at No. 43 Pearl street. 2. Donald C., who is assistant treasurer of the firm of the Reid & Hughes Company, is a graduate of the Lawrence public schools and Dartmouth College, having graduated from the latter institution in the class of 1915. He served in the United States army during the World War from May 12, 1917, until March 4, 1919, in the grades from private to first lieutenant, and was discharged a captain in the reserve corps. He is a member of Grecian Lodge of Masons, of Lawrence; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; and is affiliated with Lawrence Lodge, No. 65, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and Lawrence Post, No. 15, American Legion, of which he is past commander. Mr. Bennink also holds membership in the Home Club, Merrimac Valley Country Club, and was formerly commanding officer of Company D, First Supply Train, Massachusetts National Guard, of Lawrence. Donald C. Bennink married, on June 12, 1920, Elizabeth Scott Jeffrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Jeffrey, of Lawrence, and they have one son, Leonard E. Bennink, 2nd., born May 16, 1921.

HARRY E. JACKSON was born at Salem, Massachusetts, the son of Eben and Lupyra S. (Newbegin) Jackson, the former born in Madison, New Hampshire, March 10, 1834, the latter in Newfield, Maine, June 17, 1843. They now reside in Danvers during the summer, but spend their winters in Plymouth, Florida. Eben Jackson grew up on a farm, but from the age of eighteen to twenty-one years was a seaman on a whaling trip to the Arctic, then was a shoemaker in Lawrence. Later he went to Salem and entered the grocery and provision business, being a partner of the late Franklin White. He returned in 1882 to a small farm in Danvers.

Harry E. Jackson received his early education in the public schools, graduating from the Salem Grammar School and the Danvers High School. He proceeded to the Boston University Law School, where he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894.

Mr. Jackson began to practice law with John M. Raymond, of Salem, in 1894, and remained in Mr. Raymond's office until he was admitted to the bar and established his own office. Mr. Jackson has been eminently successful in his profession and is well known in Massachusetts. He has been counsel for the town of Danvers for the past ten years

and acts as a special justice of the Ipswich District Court. He is vice-president of the Coöperative Bank of Danvers, and also acts as attorney for the bank. For about nine years he served as a member of the School Board of Danvers, and also served as chairman of the School Committee.

Mr. Jackson was formerly president of the Salem Bar Association, and is now a member of the board of directors of that association. He is director of the Massachusetts City Solicitors' and Town Councils' Association. In politics he is a Republican, and was for several years chairman of the Republican Town Committee of Danvers. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and has held all the chairs of the lodge of that organization in Danvers. He is a Mason of the thirty-second degree, and belongs to the Knights Templar. He is a member of the Masonic Club, and served as district deputy of the Ninth Masonic District. He belongs to the Blue Lodge, in which he has held all the chairs; and he is a past master of Amity Lodge.

Mr. Jackson married Fanny M. Freind, of Danvers, and they are the parents of one daughter, Hilda Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson reside at No. 34 Poplar street, Danvers. The law office of Jackson & Jackson, in Salem, is at No. 81 Washington street.

ALBERT WARREN ROGERS, a practicing dentist, of Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born in West Newbury, Massachusetts, in 1875, son of George C. and Lydia (Purinton) Rogers. His boyhood was spent in that town, and there he attended the public schools. He entered the Boston Dental School, where in 1898 he received his degree, spending the ensuing year in East Weymouth, Massachusetts. He then succeeded Dr. Emery in Newburyport and has successfully continued to the present time.

Fraternally, Dr. Rogers is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and also is a member of the American Yacht Club; the North Eastern Dental Society; and the Essex County Dental Society. With his family he attends the First Congregational Church.

Dr. Rogers married, in June, 1901, Daisy Moses, daughter of Chauncey B. and Mary J. Moses, and their children are: Marjorie, born April 12, 1902; Edith, born June 30, 1904; Rachel, born May 1, 1909.

WILBERT J. SMITH—As head of the Smith Motor Car Company, at No. 166 Essex street, Lawrence, Mr. Smith fills a responsible position with both energy and ability. The salesroom and offices of the company are modern in every particular and the plant of the Smith Motor Car Company is an addition to the street.

Wilbert J. Smith was born at Nictaux South, Annapolis county, Nova Scotia, Canada, January 11, 1880, there attended public schools and resided until nineteen years of age, when he came to Lawrence,



W. D. Hartshorne

Massachusetts. His first position was with his uncle, John D. Morehouse, who was in the retail grocery business in Lawrence, where he remained for about four years. He was then, until 1910, engaged as salesman in various lines. In that year he entered the automobile field by opening a sales-room and service station. Since 1912 he has handled the Buick, and for about two years the Chevrolet and Cole cars, the G. M. C. trucks, and a full line of tires, parts and accessories. He also maintains a branch of his business at Haverhill, Massachusetts.

Mr. Smith is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, the Home Club, and the Merrimac Valley Country Club. He also belongs to the Masonic order, being a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Lawrence; Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory; and is a noble of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of Monadnock Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Smith married, in Lawrence, Massachusetts, in September, 1909, Grace E. Sampson, daughter of Fred Sampson, of that city. Their home is in Andover, Massachusetts.

WILLIAM DAVID HARTSHORNE, C. E.—

While Mr. Hartshorne is above all else the professional man, and devoted to his profession, he is none the less the able business man and financier at the head of and connected with the directorates of National, Trust and Savings banks of Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. He came to the Lawrence district in 1879, and since has served the textile industry as superintendent and agent, but since 1913 he has acted in the capacity of consulting engineer.

William D. Hartshorne was born in Brighton, Maryland, January 18, 1853, son of Isaac and Anna Elizabeth (Stabler) Hartshorne, his father a druggist and landowner. The boy, William D., attended the public schools of Brighton, prepared at Westtown Boarding School (a famed Friends' School of Chester county, Pennsylvania), then entered Haverford College, in the fall of 1867, remaining two years. The next two years were spent at home as his father's assistant, following which he entered Lehigh University, whence he was graduated, with the degree of Civil Engineer, class of 1874. At Lehigh he pursued special courses in chemistry and mine engineering, his university education being broad and comprehensive. After graduation, he spent two years in the service of the Lehigh Valley railroad, engaged on the construction of the Musconetcong tunnel, under Henry S. Drinker, who was in charge of the building of that important work, 1872-75.

After his service with the Lehigh Valley railroad, Mr. Hartshorne accepted a position as profes-

sor of mathematics and physics at the Howland School, Union Springs, New York, remaining there two years. In the fall of 1878 he was placed in charge of a party of government engineers, stationed at Vicksburg, gauging the flow of the Mississippi river in search of needed data. He retired from that position in July, 1879, and for a few months was engaged in special study in certain branches of chemistry.

In the fall of 1879 he entered the service of the Arlington Mills, at Lawrence, as chemist, but a year later he was placed in charge of the dyeing and finishing departments of the mill. In the winter of 1882-83 he was appointed superintendent of the worsted department, remaining in that position until 1900, then, until 1913, filled the office of agent. In that year he resigned the agency and during the following summer visited Europe. Upon his return, he opened an office and has since acted privately as consulting engineer, textile mill conditions a specialty. He is highly regarded in his profession, has written extensively on technical subjects, and on certain phases of engineering is a recognized authority.

Mr. Hartshorne is located in Methuen, Massachusetts, two miles from Lawrence, and takes a deep interest in his town. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; member of the American Society for Testing Materials; Boston Society of Civil Engineers; American Society of Civil Engineers; American Chemical Society; life member and past president of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers; and member of the New England branch Society Chemical Industry. He is affiliated with John Hancock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; attends the Congregational church of Methuen; and in politics is a Republican, serving for twelve years on the Methuen School Committee. He has most important business connections outside his profession, being president of the National Bank of Methuen, Massachusetts, an office to which he was elected in 1905; is a director of the Merchants' Trust Company of Lawrence, and a trustee of the Broadway Savings Bank of Lawrence.

Mr. Hartshorne married, in 1877, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, Eliza Cutler, of that city, and they are the parents of four children: Elsie Cutler; Miriam; Isaac, who is an oculist of New York City; and Hugh Hartshorne, a professor in Union Theological Seminary, New York City. The family home is in Methuen, Massachusetts.

CHARLES A. CLIFFORD—In the city of Lawrence, Massachusetts, one of the prominent members of the legal profession is Charles A. Clifford, who is also interested in various branches of activity.

Mr. Clifford is a son of James H. and Mary (Lehan) Clifford. The elder Mr. Clifford, born in St. John, New Brunswick, came to Lawrence in 1847, and for forty consecutive years was a familiar figure in the business life of the city. He died in Janu-

ary, 1910. He established the decorating business now conducted under the name of the James H. Clifford Company.

Charles A. Clifford was born in Lawrence, on October 31, 1883, and received his early education in the public schools of this city. Later he attended the Phillips-Andover Academy, then entered Boston University, from which he was graduated in the class of 1904, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the same year he was admitted to the bar, and then began practice in Lawrence, where he has since continued. He has won his way to a position of success and dignity. Outside of his immediate practice in Lawrence, he is city solicitor for Methuen.

Mr. Clifford is a member of the Lawrence Bar Association, and also of the Essex County and the Suffolk County Bar associations. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Lawrence, and influential in the deliberations of that body; is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order Elks, and the Home Club of Lawrence.

Aside from his professional practice, Mr. Clifford is interested in one of the leading mercantile houses of Lawrence, the James H. Clifford Company, interior and exterior decorators, established by his father. This concern does a large business in rugs, wall paper, electric floor and table lamps, and their office and show rooms, at No. 490 Essex street, occupy an entire building of five floors.

Mr. Clifford married, in Lawrence, in 1906, Mary I. Garry, daughter of John Garry, of Methuen, Massachusetts, and they have three children: John Garry, James Henry, and Charles A., Jr. The charming family residence is in Methuen, and the family attends St. Margaret's Roman Catholic Church.

ARTHUR G. FROTHINGHAM, Jr., was born in Salem, Massachusetts, December 18, 1886, and there educated in the public schools. After leaving school he enrolled for a course of instruction with the Society of Automobile Engineers of New York City, and after leaving that institution, organized the Cadillac Private Renting Service, of New York City, and for seven years, 1913-1920, conducted a very prosperous business. He then sold his interest in the business to Alfred G. Kraft, of New York City, and removed to Salem, Massachusetts. In Salem, Mr. Frothingham organized the Federal Leather Company, Inc., later known as the Frothingham Tanning Company, Inc., Arthur G. Frothingham, Jr., president; Arthur G. Frothingham, Sr., treasurer; and Joseph E. Mulford, of Boston, and Frank Hathaway, of Lynn, Massachusetts, directors. The company has made a very successful career and is a well managed concern.

Arthur G. Frothingham, Jr., is a member of the Masonic order, a thirty-second degree Mason, and a noble of the Mystic Shrine. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Universalist church. Arthur G. Frothingham, Sr., is also a member of the Masonic order.

Arthur G. Frothingham, Jr., married, March 10, 1919, Ada Kelly, of New York City.

HUGH E. MCGLEW—Quite interesting State history is contained in the record of one of the industrial companies of Newburyport, Massachusetts. The McGlew Brothers Company is a continuation of a business established in 1845 by the grandfather of Hugh E. McGlew, the latter the present owner, and while it now makes all kinds of open forgings, springs, tires, and such-like iron and steel work, it holds basically to blacksmithing, which was the main occupation of the founder. It is interesting to note that Hugh McGlew, the grandfather, was superintendent of the Eastern Stage Coach Company that pioneered the stage coach service between Boston, Massachusetts, and Portland, Maine, and that the ironwork for the first stage coach to run over that route was all made in the smithy of Mr. McGlew, at Newburyport. An interesting detail also is the statement that all the men employed in making that coach were taken as free passengers in the initial trip of the first coach to run over that route to Portland. The McGlew family comes into early records of Newburyport, four generations of McGlews having lived in it, and four generations have had connection with the operation of the historic iron-working plant.

Hugh E. McGlew was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, on November 7, 1858, son of Hugh and Lydia (Lewis) McGlew. The family is of Irish origin, the grandfather having been born on that island, in County Meigh. Hugh McGlew, father of Hugh E., was born in Salem, Massachusetts. He died in Newburyport in 1888, and the greater part of his adult years were spent at his trade, blacksmithing and iron-working, in the McGlew smithy at Newburyport. Lydia (Lewis) McGlew, mother of Hugh E., died in 1892; she was born in the State of Maine.

Hugh E. McGlew was educated in the public schools of Newburyport, and after his schooldays were over, began to help his father in the iron-working plant. He associated with his father in that business until 1880, when he and his brothers acquired the business from their father. For the next twenty years the plant was run under the name of McGlew Brothers, and satisfactory business was done. In 1900 Hugh E. McGlew became sole owner, and from that year the company has been known as the McGlew Brothers Company. It is one of the old, solidly-established industrial concerns of Newburyport, and throughout the seventy-six years it has been operated, has found steady employment for quite a number of men of the district. Mr. McGlew is affiliated with the order of Elks, and the Catholic Order of Foresters.

Mr. McGlew married, in 1881, Julia Sheehan, who was born in County Cork, Ireland, daughter of Timothy and Julia (Shannon) Sheehan. Mr. and Mrs. McGlew have had nine children: Edward E.; Catherine; Mary; Hugh E. (2); Thomas G.; Robert; Lydia; Henry, and Anna. Two of the sons, Robert

and Henry, are veterans of the World War; they enlisted in the United States navy during the war, Henry being assigned to the Coast Guard Service, and Robert to the U. S. S. "Nebraska," which ship he joined as first class fireman, and had reached the grade of machinists's mate before the war ended. Both received honorable discharge from the service eventually.

ADELBERT D. SPRAGUE — A worthy father usually begets a worthy son, at least one can often understand traits in the son by studying the father. Adelbert D. Sprague is a worthy son of a worthy father, Daniel Forest Sprague, born August 3, 1851. The father was at one time a shoe manufacturer in Haverhill, Massachusetts, but in later years was called to an important position with the government. He was appointed by President McKinley an appraiser of merchandise at the custom house in Boston. This was a very responsible position and called for much specialized knowledge. He was reappointed at the beginning of Theodore Roosevelt's administration. He was always very active with the Republican party of his State. On February 18, 1908, while spending his later days in that winter home of so many of the aged and successful—Florida, the hand of death touched him. Mrs. Lola Caroline (Daggett) Sprague, his wife, born in Haverhill, is one of those who, steadfast always, has lived and still resides in the place of her birth.

Adelbert D. Sprague received his education in the public schools, going from school to school until he had passed through them all. He is a member of the class of 1894, Haverhill High School. Being attracted towards the profession of law, he sought for the best place in which to lay the foundations for it and found that place in the office of Mellin A. Pingree, the well known jurist of Haverhill. The years of association and study with Judge Pingree not only amply fitted him for admittance to the Essex county bar in 1908, but aided greatly in his later successful career. Mr. Sprague soon established himself in a law practice of his own, with an office on Merrimack street, in Haverhill, Massachusetts. He holds membership with the Haverhill Bar Association. Like his father, a Republican in politics, he has been interested more particularly in its local affairs. In 1904-05 he served his city as a member of the City Council. Mr. Sprague has always had and shown a helpful interest in civic affairs, and is much sought by those who know him best for his counsel and aid in everything concerning civic righteousness. He has two children: Jeanette A., born July 6, 1915; and Summer Daggett, born December 11, 1917.

JOSEPH HENRY CROWLEY, ex-service man, and now a dental surgeon, with a growing practice, in Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, on July 10, 1895, son of Jeremiah J. and Margaret E. (Gill) Crowley. His mother was originally of Waltham, Massachusetts, and died in 1909, but his father, who was of

Boston, died February 28, 1922. Jeremiah J. and Margaret E. (Gill) Crowley had six children, three sons and three daughters, Joseph H., being their third-born.

Joseph Henry Crowley was educated in the elementary and high schools of Charlestown, Massachusetts, graduating from the latter in the class of 1913. Having decided to enter the dental profession, he sometime thereafter became a student at Tufts Dental College, graduating, eventually, in the class of 1919. His college course was not, however, pursued continuously, for the World War, in which the United States became involved in 1917, brought serious national responsibilities to all patriotic young Americans. Dr. Crowley enlisted in the Dental Corps, and was assigned to Base Hospital No. 7, where he remained stationed until long after the termination of hostilities. He did not receive his discharge from military service until December 11, 1919. Entering civilian practice, Dr. Crowley at first associated with Dr. King, of Newburyport, but in April, 1921, opened an office for himself at No. 19 State street, Newburyport. It is of course hardly possible yet to state that definite success will come to him in his endeavor to practice in Newburyport, but the indications are promising, and Dr. Crowley in his work shows a skilled hand and a desire to give good service.

Dr. Crowley is a member of several fraternal orders, including the Benevolent and Protective Order Elks, Knights of Columbus, and the Catholic Order of Foresters. His fraternity is Psi Omega, and he belongs to the Louis Pasteur Club. Also, by reason of his war service, he has membership in the American Legion. Dr. Crowley is unmarried.

WALTER B. HOPKINSON, merchant and president of Delano, Potter & Company, Inc., of Boston, Massachusetts, was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, where he now makes his home, August 28, 1865, son of William N. and Laura E. (Whittier) Hopkinson. In the public schools of his native town he obtained his education, and at an early age entered the business world as a clerk in the office of John Currier, Jr., of Newburyport. After two years he became associated with Howard W. Spurr & Company, wholesale grocers, and found this work particularly to his liking, and after four years, with a knowledge of the business acquired by strict attention to business and details, he became a salesman for Delano, Potter & Company, Inc., of which firm he is now president.

Mr. Hopkinson has continued to make his home in Newburyport, with his business interests in Boston, and he has always been keenly interested in all matters of public interest. A Republican in politics, he was a delegate to the National Convention which nominated William McKinley in 1900, and also served in this capacity at the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt in 1904. During the World War, Mr. Hopkinson served as mayor of Newburyport.

Mr. Hopkinson married, in 1900, Eleanor Robin-

son, daughter of John C. and Mary E. Robinson, and they are the parents of a daughter, Elizabeth B., born June 5, 1901.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON BRIGGS, M. D.—For a physician to be a successful general practitioner requires much study and experience. To become a specialist, one must have special abilities and sufficient time to gain the specialized knowledge, and after that he must get that knowledge known and appreciated by others. To find the two, often opposed, professions combined in one person is not only rather unusual, but definitely marks that person among his fellow-men.

Dr. William Henry Harrison Briggs, born in Freedom, Waldo county, Maine, February 16, 1861, has not only a large general medical practice, but also is one of the most distinguished specialists in pathology and gynecology in this part of the State; he also finds time and has the ability to engage in many other interests. His early days were spent on the wide acres of the farms owned by his parents, Samuel B. and Matilda Blanchard (Cookson) Briggs, both of whom were born in Maine, and there spent most of their lives. Beginning preparation for his later profession, he entered first the public schools, then, from 1875 to 1878, he taught school, later attending the Eastern Maine State Normal School, of Castine, Maine, from which he graduated in 1880. After several years of study and teaching he was graduated from Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Maine, in June, 1887, after which he entered Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, from which institution he received his medical degree. After spending a short time as a general medical practitioner, he gave that up, temporarily, to gain training as a specialist. He went to New York City and entered what was, and is now, one of the most famous hospitals in the United States, Bellevue Hospital, where he gained that training in gynecology and pathology which has made him a distinguished specialist. Dr. Briggs did not neglect the general practice of medicine for his specialty, with the result that he is a much sought and very busy physician. Besides his practice in Haverhill, he is connected with Dr. Hart's Hospital in Roxbury, Massachusetts; is a registered druggist of Maine; and has seen long service as secretary of the United States Pension Examining Board, which is located at Winn, Maine.

During his residence in Springfield, Maine, he became very much interested in schools and education there, with the result that he was soon busily engaged in their improvement and upbuilding. He became chairman of the Board of Education, and for an extended period was the esteemed superintendent of the public schools of that place; also held nearly all of the local offices of that city, including: chairman of the board of directors of the Springfield Normal School; superintendent of schools; member of the Board of Health; and United States Pension Examiner. Dr. Briggs also is a member of the American Medical Association;

the Boston Medical Association; the Penobscot Medical Association; and the Maine Medical Association. Politically he supports the Republican party. Fraternally he is a prominent Mason, having gone through all branches of the order, and now having the distinguished honor of being a thirty-third degree Mason. He also is a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Dr. Briggs, with his family, are attendants of the Congregational church of their city.

At Portland, Maine, May 23, 1909, Dr. Briggs married Grace Lee Johnson, daughter of Frank Henry Johnson, the latter born in Maine, September 12, 1856, and Susie S. Johnson, also born in Maine, in 1855. Dr. and Mrs. Briggs are the parents of one daughter, Zelma, born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, February 26, 1911. Dr. Briggs now has one of the finest homes in the best residential sections of Haverhill.

OSCAR H. NELSON, lawyer, of Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born in West Newbury, August 31, 1876, son of Charles W. and Mary E. (Howe) Nelson. He was educated in the public schools and the Dummer Academy, graduating from the Newburyport High School in 1895. Three years later Mr. Nelson entered the Boston Law School and passed the bar examinations in 1900. Immediately he began the practice of his profession in Newburyport and has met with signal success; he is associate justice of the District Court in Newburyport. He represented his city in the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1918; was city solicitor in 1916-1917; and has also served as alderman and as a member of the Common Council, and during and since these dates he has conducted many important cases.

Fraternally Mr. Nelson is a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; King Cyrus Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Newburyport Commandery, Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also is a member of the Dalton Club, and of the Unitarian church.

On October 15, 1904, Mr. Nelson married Cassine H. Brown, daughter of John Brown, of Nantucket, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of the following children: David and Robert, born April 6, 1906, both deceased; Mary C., born October 17, 1909; Charles B., born December 1, 1915; and John E., born May 31, 1919.

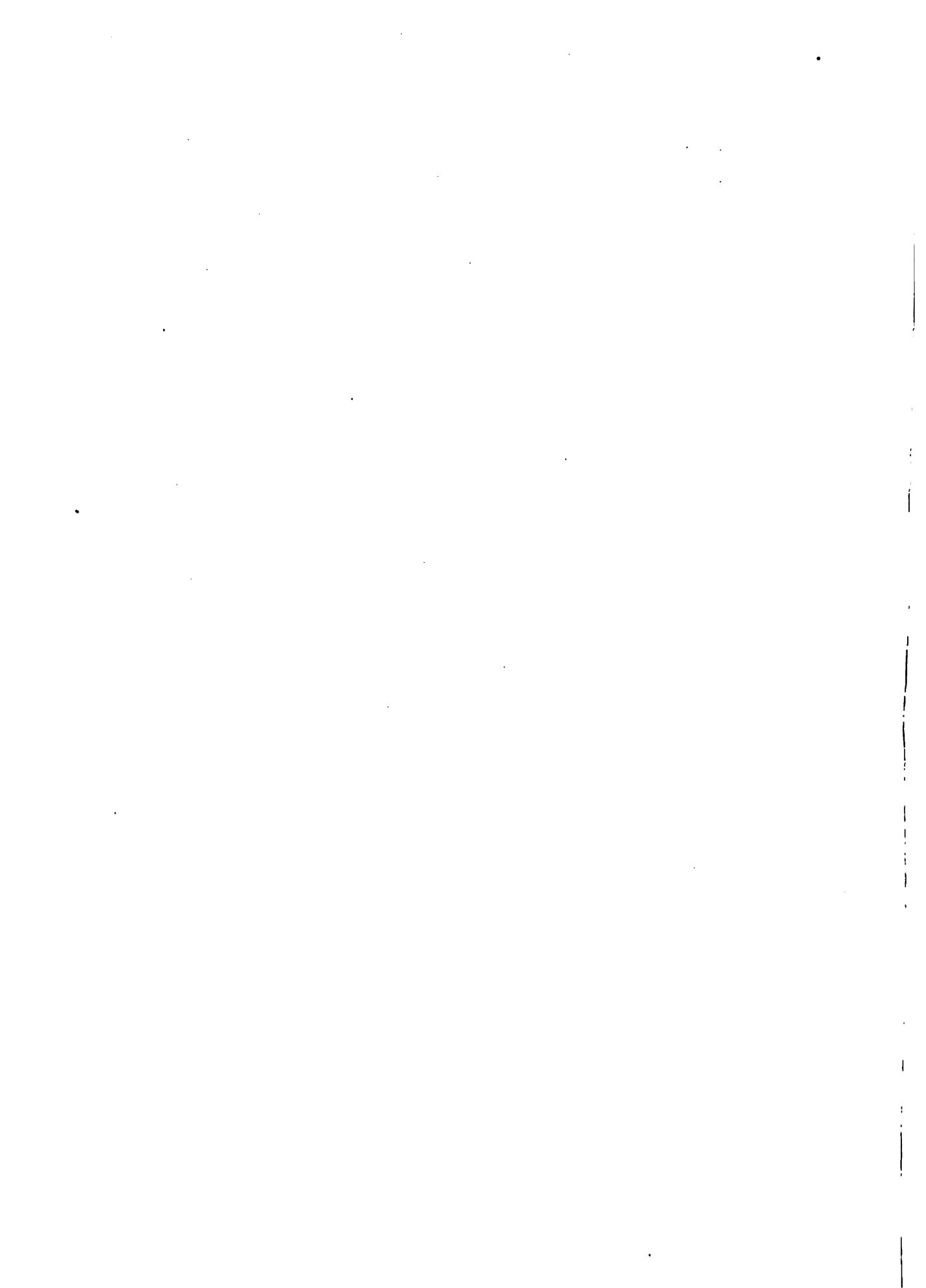
JAMES N. GURDY, president of the Jersey Ice Cream Company, at No. 44 Bay State road, Lawrence, Massachusetts, was born in Fairview, Iowa, December 16, 1861. He is a son of Benair B. and Martha McClure (Spaulding) Gurdy, the former a steam fitter and machinist prior to his death. He had charge of piping the first pork packing house built in Chicago, Illinois. Martha McClure (Spaulding) Gurdy was a direct descendant of Put. Spaul-



James Watson & Co. N.Y.

Photo. E. J. Meehan & Co. N.Y.

William H. Briggs, M.D.



ding, of Revolutionary fame. J. N. Gurdy attended public school in Bridgewater, New Hampshire, and in 1875 was in Lawrence, Massachusetts. The year 1876 he spent in the West, and then returned to Lawrence, where on March 1, 1879, at the age of eighteen years, he opened a retail fruit store at Nos. 409-411 Essex street, and at that location remained twenty-seven years. To his original line, that of fruit, a coal and wood department was added. After a new block was built, the fruit business was given up and confectionery and ice cream were added. The handling of ice cream in his confectionery department led to his becoming a manufacturer of that commodity, which has now become a necessity to American life. The business was carried on under the firm name, Jersey Ice Cream Company, but in March, 1907, the firm became a corporation, James N. Gurdy, president; George W. Kennison, treasurer, and Thomas E. Gary, secretary. In 1912-13 a large, specially-designed plant was erected at No. 44 Bay State road, and the company operates a branch plant at Lynn, Massachusetts, employing about fifteen men. About seventy-five people are employed in the Lawrence plant, which is a large and prosperous one. Including Boston, there is no plant in Northern New England that does a larger business. Their trade extends all over New England, except Connecticut. Mr. Gurdy is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and attends the Central Methodist Church.

James N. Gurdy married (first) in Lawrence, in 1882, Harriet O. Colcord, daughter of Charles and Sarah (Clark) Colcord, of Exeter, New Hampshire. She died October 15, 1916, leaving three children: 1. Harriet O., who married George W. Kennison. 2. Irene M. 3. Elbert O., who is engaged in business with his father; on April 18, 1921, he married Edna Ruth Schueler, of Lawrence. Mr. Gurdy married (second) Margaret M. Burnley, of Lawrence. The family home is at No. 88 Nesmith street, Lawrence, Massachusetts.

EDSON B. HOYT—The firm of G. H. Hoyt & Son is the oldest and one of the largest manufacturers of paper and wood boxes in Haverhill, Massachusetts. Its record for business integrity is without a blemish. For nearly fifty years of ups and downs, panics and failures, good times and bad, it has never failed to meet its obligations to the last penny.

Edson B. Hoyt, of the third generation in the company, is now its sole owner. He was born in Brentwood, New Hampshire, June 8, 1875, which is the same year in which the firm was founded. He was educated in the public schools and Peekskill Military Academy, Peekskill, New York. The call of trade was strong, however, and when seventeen he entered the box-making plant and began what was to be his successful career. This company had been started in 1875 at Brentwood, New Hampshire, by his grandfather, George H. Hoyt, and his father, George H. Hoyt, Jr., under the firm name

of George H. Hoyt, & Son, Box-makers. They moved to Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1878, locating on Phoenix Row; after four years they removed to Wingate street, where they remained for twenty-five years. In 1912 they settled at No. 266 River street, where they now (1921) have a large factory, employing over seventy-five hands. Many of the employees have been with the house for more than forty years.

George H. Hoyt, Jr., retired from the firm in 1907, leaving the complete ownership and management to Edson B. Hoyt. Under the latter's control the business has made very rapid and solid progress, being now one of the largest of its kind in Haverhill, and rated exceedingly high in every respect. Their principal products are paper and wood boxes, which they make and distribute entirely to the local shoe trade.

Mr. Hoyt's parents, George H. and Belle (Sillway) Hoyt, have been a great inspiration to him in his endeavors. His father since his retirement has been very active in Haverhill club life. His grandfather, George H. Hoyt, was for years not only identified with the South Christian Church, but was especially conspicuous in Christian work and in all movements for the betterment of Haverhill.

Edson B. Hoyt, following in the footsteps of those before him, is a prominent club and fraternity man, and leader in all good works. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and the Massachusetts Republican Club. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, being a member of Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar, also Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston, Massachusetts. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston. Among his club memberships are those in the Agawam Club, the Wachusett Club, and the Island Golf Club, of Haverhill, also the Webhammet Golf Club of Kennebunk Beach, Maine, his summer home.

During the World War Mr. Hoyt was very active and efficient in Red Cross work, accomplishing far more than could be asked of so busy a man. He is also a director and trustee of that so often neglected philanthropy, the Salvation Army Home. He has for years given freely not only of his money, but what is more valuable, he has given himself personally, and many a former derelict has been saved and rehabilitated through his efforts.

Mr. Hoyt is married and lives in his splendid home at No. 125 Kenosha avenue, perhaps the finest residential section of Haverhill.

WALTER I. PERRY, one of the prominent executives in the shoe industry in Essex county, Massachusetts, with factories at Newburyport, was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, January 4, 1869, and is a son of Jonathan A. and Sarah M. (Adams) Perry.

Receiving a practical education in the public schools of Newburyport, Mr. Perry began work, on January 4, 1886, in the office of one of the large shoe manufacturing plants of that day, where

ladies' turn-sole, low-cut shoes were made. Later on he became associated with Charles A. Bliss in the same business, and in 1907 became a member of the Dodge, Bliss & Perry Company. The original firm was incorporated in 1892, as the N. D. Dodge & Bliss Company, and not long after the change as outlined above, on December 17, 1907, the company was again reorganized, becoming the Bliss & Perry Company, and has continued thus until the present time. Mr. Perry is now president and general manager of this extensive business.

Fraternally Mr. Perry is a member of the Knights of Pythias; he attends the Congregational church.

On March 15, 1891, Mr. Perry married May W. Welch, and they have three children: Donald I., who is now (1922) a student of aviation at the Cornell Aviation School; Beatrice C., and Norman.

WILLIAM ERWIN GOLDSMITH, D. M. D., of Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born at Boston, same State, September 27, 1897, son of Samuel and Mollie (Levin) Goldsmith. He was educated in the Phillips Brooks School in Boston and the Newburyport High School, following which he attended Tufts Dental College, graduating in 1918, with the degree of D. M. D., and soon after this time engaged in the practice of his profession in Newburyport, continuing until the United States entered the World War. Dr. Goldsmith enlisted at this time and was examining dental surgeon at Wentworth Institute during the war. He is now located at No. 12 State street. One of the younger professional men, he is rapidly taking his place among the progressive and aggressive citizens of his city and is actively interested in all that pertains to its welfare.

JAY E. DAY was born on March 28, 1884, in the State of Wisconsin. His grandfather, George H. Day, was a prominent manufacturer of Danvers, Massachusetts, about the time of the Civil War. He was connected with the business of manufacturing bricks, which is one of the oldest industries at Danvers, and in 1860, acquired a property on Liberty street, Danvers, where he carried on his business for fifteen years. In 1875 he sold the brickyard on Liberty street to his two sons, George H. Day, Jr., and Edwin Day, the father of Jay E. Day. In the same year he acquired a brickyard, situated off Endicott street at Danvers. This he continued to operate until 1898, when he sold it to his son Edwin, and retired from active participation in business affairs.

Edwin Day, father of Jay E. Day, retained active control of the brickyard on Endicott street, which he had purchased from his father in 1898, until the day of his death in 1905. Mr. Day then assumed the management of it, and it is now the only brickyard in operation at Danvers.

Mr. Day also is treasurer of the Miller Shoe Company, manufacturers of infants', children's, and misses' shoes, located at Salem. He started this business with H. A. Miller in 1917; E. J. Cullen is

vice-president and H. A. Miller, president.

Mr. Day is a member of the Masonic order, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. For the past two years, he has served as commissioner of roads.

Mr. Day married Sarah Persis Abbott, of Danvers. They have one daughter, Caroline Abbott Day.

CLEMENT CHARLES DESAULNIERS—The profession of the law is represented in Salem, Massachusetts, by a group of men whose work is counting far for the progress of the community. Among these men, Clement Charles Desaulniers is a leading figure.

Mr. Desaulniers was born in Salem, on March 18, 1891, and is the son of Charles and Delima (Marchessault) Desaulniers, long residents of the city of Salem, Massachusetts. He received his early education at St. Joseph's Parochial School in this city, attending for a period of eleven years. He then entered Nicolet Seminary, in the Province of Quebec, Canada, remaining at this institution for three years. Next, for a period of two years, he was at Sherbrooke Seminary, also in the Province of Quebec. He was graduated from the Salem Commercial School in 1908, and from the Boston Young Men's Christian Association Preparatory School in 1912. Then he took up his legal studies at the Northeastern College School of Law, from which he was graduated in 1914.

With this exhaustive preparation for his life work, Mr. Desaulniers was admitted to the Essex county bar in February, 1915, and began the practice of law in Salem in March of the same year. He has been successful from the beginning, and is rapidly making his way to the forefront of the profession in Essex county. He has given much thought and time to the study of income taxes. Mr. Desaulniers is taking a deep interest in the public affairs of the town; he was appointed a member of the School Committee in the fall of 1921. He was local attorney for the Red Cross during the World War. Politically he is a Republican.

When quite young Mr. Desaulniers lost his left arm through an accident, but he has always, nevertheless, been an expert athlete. He holds medals for swimming, diving, skating, running and tennis.

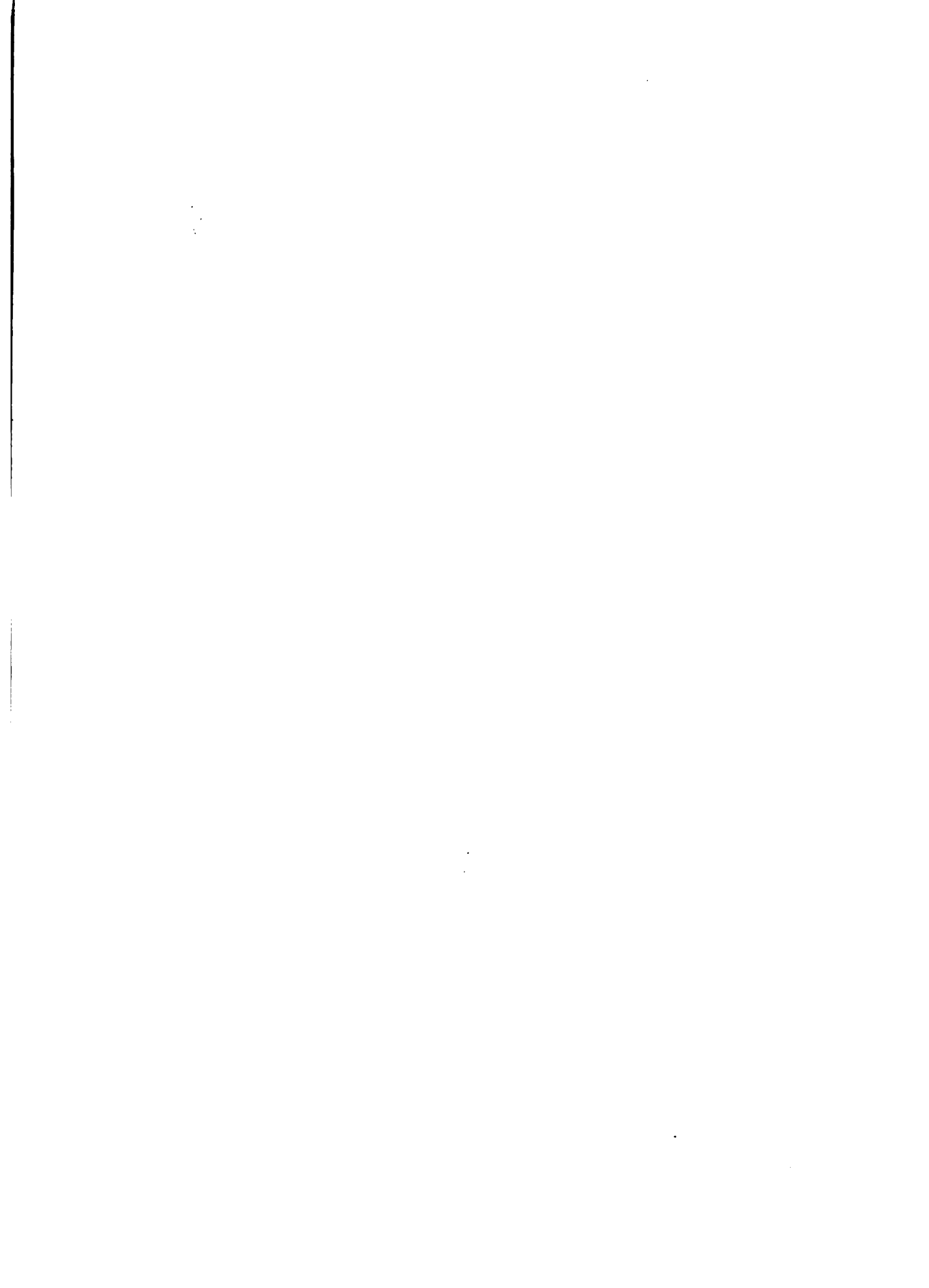
On September 21, 1917, Mr. Desaulniers married Norma Benet, daughter of Lorenzo P. Benet, of Winchester, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Desaulniers are members of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church. Their daughter, Anne Margaret, was born on September 25, 1918, and a son, Benet, was born February 25, 1921. The charming family residence is located at Salem Willows.

THE A. LEE COMPANY, INC., of Lawrence, Massachusetts, a pioneer concern in the United States in the manufacture of indigo products, has been established in this city for forty-five years, and is one of the big industries of Essex county.

Ashton Lee, Sr., the founder of this business,



Clement Desaulniers



was born in Bradford, England, March 21, 1846. Gaining a thorough education in the public schools and college of his native city, he became interested in the work which his father was carrying on, the manufacture of chemicals and dye stuffs. Entering the factory, which was located in Bradford, he familiarized himself with every detail of the business. In 1876 Mr. Lee came to America, and locating in Lawrence, Massachusetts, founded the present business and began the manufacture of chemicals and dye stuffs here, on a very small scale, but the products now are shipped over a wide territory.

From the beginning the venture prospered, and under Mr. Lee's management its development was steady and its growth permanent. The location, in a textile manufacturing city, and in one of the most active manufacturing sections of the country, proved advantageous, and the business was soon an assured success. For a time the founder had as a partner a brother, Frank William Lee, from 1890 until 1917. In 1900, the son, Ashton Lee, Jr., was received into partnership. In 1901 the business was incorporated under its present name, and since the death of Mr. Lee, Sr., his son has been the head of the concern. The works are located on Chelmsford street, and cover three acres of ground. The product consists of chemicals for the textile trades, and dye stuffs for woolen, worsted, cotton, paper, and other mills, and they make a specialty of indigo products.

In the manufacturing world of this section Mr. Lee held a position of more than usual prominence, and at one time represented the Massachusetts Board of Trade at the Hague Conference.

Ashton Lee, Sr., married Mary Kane, daughter of John Kane; she was born in Dublin, Ireland, on August 10, 1862. They were the parents of four children: Ashton, Jr., of further mention; Carrie; May; and Smith, who is also connected with the business.

In the death of Ashton Lee, Sr., which occurred March 21, 1914, not only the concern of which he was the founder sustained a great loss, but the city of Lawrence, and the industrial world of Essex county lost a man whose ability counted for public progress, as well as for individual success.

Ashton Lee, Jr., son of Ashton and Mary (Kane) Lee, was born in Methuen, March 6, 1884. Receiving a practical education in the public schools of the city, he became associated with his father in business in 1900, first employed in the factory, later as travelling salesman. Upon the death of his father, Mr. Lee was elected president of the corporation, also assistant treasurer. In 1917 he was elected treasurer, still filling the office of president.

Ashton Lee, Jr., is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and interested in all that pertains to the industrial progress of the city. He is a member of the Merrimac Valley Country Club, of the Boston City and the Boston Yacht clubs, and of the New York Athletic Club.

In October, 1917, Mr. Lee married, in Methuen, Anna Sullivan, daughter of William F. Sullivan, of

Haverhill, Massachusetts, and they have three daughters: Barbara, Jane and Janet, twins.

GEORGE ALBERT WANING, a shoe manufacturer, and head of the firm of Waning & Company, Inc., of Haverhill, Massachusetts, is a native of Haverhill, and has spent practically his whole life in the city. He was born on January 12, 1892, the son of Frank Wilson and Nancy (Demerest) Waning. His father was originally of Maine, and his mother of Biddeford. His father, who still lives, has been in the shoe industry for the greater part of his business life, and it was that connection which brought the family into Massachusetts, and to Haverhill, where George Albert was born. The latter received the whole of his academic education in Haverhill schools, and when ready to enter upon a business career, he became associated with his father in business. The firm was known as F. W. Waning & Sons in 1911, and then had its factory at No. 112 Phoenix street. They were contracting shoemakers, and the output of the plant was not inconsiderable. In 1918 the business was sold to the C. B. Edwards Company, of Haverhill, soon after which the firm of Harriman & Waning was established, the firm setting its plant originally at No. 32 Locke street, Haverhill. Several changes in address were necessary, as is the general experience in the expansion of an active business, and after some time spent at No. 78 Fleet street, the factory was removed to No. 495 Lincoln avenue, where it has since remained. In November 1, 1920, a re-organization of the company became necessary, and the firm of Waning & Company, Inc., was founded. Its specialty is high-grade women's shoes, and the capacity of the plant is one thousand pairs a day. An indication is thus conveyed of the importance of the enterprise.

Mr. Waning is a popular Mason, being a member of Merrimac Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; he is also a member of the Superintendent and Foremen's Association, and is past officer of the Loyal Order of Moose. He is of military record, being president of the State Guard Veterans' Association. In church affiliation he is a member of the First Universalist Church of Haverhill, and of the Universalist Men's Club.

Mr. Waning married, at Haverhill, Massachusetts, January 22, 1912, Jessie M. McIntosh, daughter of Dan and Edith (Kimball) McIntosh, of Haverhill, the former originally of Nova Scotia, and the latter of Salem, New Hampshire. They have two children: George Albert, and Edith Elizabeth.

HON. WILLIAM A. SHEA was born at Salem, Massachusetts, about 1869, and is a son of John and Mary (Foley) Shea. His father, who was born in Ireland, was brought to the United States when he was but two years old. John Shea was engaged in the leather industry, and spent most of his life at Salem, where he died. His widow, Mary (Foley) Shea, still lives in the old Shea residence at Salem, where Mr. Shea was born.

William A. Shea received his early education at the Bowdich Grammar School of Salem. After having completed his studies, he obtained employment in the leather industry and acquired a thorough knowledge of the methods employed in the various branches of that industry. He spent some time as a hand-finish leather worker, and his knowledge was practical as well as theoretical. While he was still quite young, Mr. Shea engaged in the hand-finished leather business as an independent manufacturer, but adverse circumstances brought about the failure of the venture, and Mr. Shea lost both the profits of the business and the capital he had invested in it.

Undismayed by his losses in the leather business, Mr. Shea entered the service of the Salem Electric Railway Company. He spent some time in the employment of the Railway Company and when the Salem-Willows trolley line was opened, it was Mr. Shea who collected the fares on the first trip made over the new road. After a time, however, he left Salem and moved to Peabody, Massachusetts, where he found employment in a fruit store and lunch room that stood on the site of the present post office. Some time later, in 1893, Mr. Shea bought a lunch room, which is still being conducted successfully under his name. As the proprietor of the little restaurant, Mr. Shea also conducted a retail tobacconist's stand. The tobacco business aroused Mr. Shea's interest, and he gradually gave up his other interests in order to devote all his attention to it. He is now the proprietor of a wholesale tobacco business, which is constantly increasing in size and which is widely known throughout Essex county and along the north shore of Massachusetts. The annual volume of business transacted by Mr. Shea and his associates amounts to about \$1,000,000. On October 12, 1915, Mr. Shea opened a fine new store in Peabody, Massachusetts, where the local business of the tobacco company is transacted.

In addition to his ever-increasing business interests, Mr. Shea has concerned himself with public affairs. He served for several years as overseer of the poor. Later he acted as sewer commissioner, before the abolition of that office. At the time when the town of Peabody became a city, Mr. Shea was serving as selectman. When the first City Council of Peabody was formed, Mr. Shea became its president. In May, 1920, Mr. Shea was elected mayor of Peabody. Although his election was opposed by various newspapers of the vicinity, Mr. Shea, standing upon his record as a public servant and a private individual of unimpeachable character, was elected by one of the largest majorities in the political history of the city. As a business man and a public-spirited citizen, Mr. Shea is devoting all his energies to the task of administering the city's affairs in an efficient and honorable manner. In political matters Mr. Shea is a supporter of Republican ideals.

Mr. Shea and his family are Catholics, and belong to St. John's Catholic Church. He is a member of

the Knights of Columbus and belongs to the fourth degree of that order. He also belongs to the Ancient Order of Hibernians; the Loyal Order of Moose; the Fraternal Order of Eagles; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the Penny Ade.

William A. Shea married Alice Crouse, at Salem, Massachusetts. Mrs. Shea was very well known as a concert singer, being gifted with true musical feeling and with a thorough technical training, she died about nineteen years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Shea were the parents of two children: Alice C., and William G. During the World War, William G. Shea served as a truck driver in the United States army. While on active service in France he was the victim of a gas attack. His injuries, however, were not serious and in course of time he recovered from the effects of the poison gas. After his return from France he married Agnes E. Gordon, and settled at Nahant, Massachusetts.

CLIFTON LEON BUCK, M. D. — Among the progressive members of the medical profession in Essex county, Massachusetts, is Dr. Buck, of Danvers, whose unusually broad hospital experience has given him advantages of especial value.

Dr. Buck was born in Boston, September 10, 1882, but received his early education in Maine. After completing the public school course he attended Wilton Academy, and was graduated in 1906. Then entered Tufts College, in the Medical Department, he was graduated in 1911, receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine from that institution. Following his graduation, Dr. Buck served as house officer on the Boston Floating Hospital, later was connected with the Boston Dispensary, then for a time was at Carney Hospital, as interne, after which he served as interne at the Boston City Hospital for a period of eighteen months, then, for two years, was assistant resident physician at this hospital. Coming to Danvers in 1914, Dr. Buck established an office for the general practice of medicine, and during the time which has since elapsed, has built up an excellent practice, and now takes a leading place among the medical practitioners of this community.

Dr. Buck is a member of the American Medical Association, and of the Massachusetts Medical Society. He is visiting physician at Beverly Hospital. He also is a member of the Danvers Board of Health, and a leader in such civic activities as tend to promote the welfare of the people. Politically he supports the principles and policies of the Republican party. His fraternal affiliations include membership with the Free and Accepted Masons, and his college fraternity is the Alpha Kappa Kappa.

Dr. Buck married, in 1915, Grace M. Marston, in Danvers, Massachusetts.

JOHN AUGUSTUS TEAGUE—In the financial circles of Peabody, Massachusetts, there are many names which are held in the highest esteem, names

which bear the deepest significance to the welfare of the people. Some of these names have become only a memory, but the name of John Augustus Teague is a memory which will long be cherished, not only by his associates, but by every one who enjoyed the privilege of his acquaintance. To the biographer it is more than a passing gratification to commemorate such a life of usefulness and devotion to high purpose.

John Augustus Teague was a son of Theodore Parker and Louise Ann (Marston) Teague, and was born on July 9, 1870. He died at his home on Lowell street, in Peabody, on March 17, 1920. As a boy Mr. Teague attended the public schools of Peabody, where he was always an apt scholar, and a popular exhaustive student. He preferred a business career, and in his younger days he was a traveling salesman. Later, for many years, he was identified with the office of the United Shoe Machinery Company at Boston. Then, upon the death of Harry F. Walker, in January, 1909, Mr. Teague succeeded him as secretary and treasurer of the Peabody Co-operative Bank, Mr. Walker having held that position since the incorporation of this institution.

During the years which Mr. Teague served in this capacity the development of the bank was most remarkable. At the time he took charge the assets of the institution were only about \$500,000, and at his death, in a period of eleven years, they had grown to the amount of \$2,000,000. This was largely due to Mr. Teague's efficient management. He was a man of rare discretion, a keen judge of men and affairs, and his work became so much a part of his existence, and so near to his heart, that he may well be said to have lived for it. Certain it is that his deep interest in it prolonged his life. For the sake of his work he fought off for many months the insidious malady which was undermining his health for years, and the end was postponed far beyond the expectation of his physician and those who were familiar with his case. The Peabody Co-operative Bank owes much to the untiring labor and constant devotion of John Augustus Teague.

Mr. Teague married, on April 14, 1897, Nancy Poor Osborn, daughter of Franklin and Sally Batchelder (Wheeler) Osborn. His wife, who had been his constant help through his long illness, died a few months before him, passing away on February 14, 1920. Their daughter, Sally Wheeler Teague, survives him.

Not alone in banking circles, but in every branch of civic endeavor Mr. Teague was a force for progress. Quiet and unassuming, his activities were unheralded, but none the less constructive. His death was a loss to the entire community, and it will be long before his place is filled.

FRED E. TWISS—There is no man in Lawrence, Massachusetts, more active in the affairs of that town than Fred E. Twiss, paymaster and purchasing agent of the Everett Mills, of Lawrence. Mr. Twiss was born April 3, 1867, at North Andover,

Massachusetts, son of Alfred E. Twiss, of Antrim, New Hampshire, who died in 1875. The latter is survived by his wife, Sarah E. Goodwin, of Merrimack, New Hampshire.

Mr. Twiss attended the public schools and the Lawrence Commercial College, and his first position was with the George Armstrong Company, dry goods merchants, where he remained a year and then entered the employ of the Pacific Mills Company, as runner boy. After three years there he was employed for a time by A. E. Mack, who was in the insurance business and at one time mayor of the city, and in March, 1886, Mr. Twiss entered the employ of the Everett Mills as a general clerk. Four years later he was made assistant paymaster, and ten years from the time he entered the employ of this company he was appointed paymaster, which position he has held to the present time, and for several years has held the position of purchasing agent in connection with his other duties. Mr. Twiss has the unique distinction of holding this office of paymaster longer than any other individual in Lawrence.

Besides discharging the duties incumbent on his positions, Mr. Twiss is very active in Americanization work, particularly among the foreigners employed in the mills. He has established several community clubs in different sections of the city, and each time that he comes in contact with the men he never loses an opportunity to instill into their minds a love and reverence for the country where they earn their living and where their children are being educated. Mr. Twiss is so imbued with patriotism and love of country that it is an easy matter for him to impress those whom he addresses. Naturally, along these lines, Mr. Twiss has been interested in the defenses of the country, and from 1886 to 1898 was connected with the militia, retiring with the rank of senior sergeant. He is a member of Company K and M, and Battery C, Veteran Association.

During the World War, 1917-18, in recognition of his zealous services, he was appointed clerk of the Exemption Board of the First District, and later enlisted in service and was commissioned first lieutenant of the Emergency Men, known as Engine Company, No. 6, Emergency Police, of the city of Lawrence. He personally equipped a company of one hundred and fifty men in this division and this company was not only the largest, but it was the only company to remain intact, and it is still in existence, with Mr. Twiss as its captain.

Fraternally, Mr. Twiss is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men; and Monadnock Lodge, Kearsarge Encampment of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, serving for a quarter of century as degree master through various branches of the order.

Mr. Twiss married, in 1896, Isabella F. Strout, of Belfast, Maine, and they are the parents of a daughter, Dorothy, born in 1902, and who passed away in 1906. Mr. and Mrs. Twiss are regular attendants and members of the Universalist church, and Mr. Twiss is a member of the Men's Club. He

is also president of the board of director of Bellevue Cemetery of the city of Lawrence.

ARTHUR E. JOSLYN, B. S., A. M., M. D.—One of the leading physicians of Lynn, Massachusetts, Dr. Joslyn has had an unusual breadth of preparation for his professional career. He is a son of Everett Osgood Joslyn, who was born on the home-stead farm in Seneca township, McHenry county, Illinois, and has followed farming throughout his active lifetime. He is now retired, and resides in Marengo, in that State. He married Ella Laura Burritt, who was born in Wauconda, Lake county, Illinois. Their four children are: Dr. Arthur E. Joslyn, whose name heads this review; Dr. Leslie B. Joslyn, a successful practitioner in Maywood, Illinois; Flora Mabel, now Mrs. Fisher, of Evanston, Illinois; and Gladys Irene, instructor in the University of the State of Washington, in Pullman, Washington.

Dr. Joslyn was born in Seneca township, Illinois, on the same farm which was his father's birthplace, on March 13, 1881, and remained on the farm until he was twenty years of age, acquiring his early education in the nearby schools, then assisting with the farming operations. Thereafter he entered Northwestern University, in Chicago, Illinois, from which he was graduated in 1903, with the degree of Bachelor of Science, then, in 1904, he was graduated from Harvard University, with the degree of Master of Arts. For two years following he was instructor in mathematics at the Armour Institute of Technology. Between 1907 and 1916 Dr. Joslyn taught in various high schools, during that period studying medicine, and receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine from Harvard University in 1911. He is now a member of the staff of the Union Hospital Corporation, of which he has also been clerk since October of 1920.

During the World War, 1917-18, Dr. Joslyn volunteered for service. He was commissioned captain of the Medical Corps October 23, 1918, and was discharged February 5, 1919. The doctor is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and of the Lynn Medical Fraternity. Politically he supports the Republican party. His religious convictions place his membership with the Maple Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. Joslyn married, June 28, 1905, in Winchester, Massachusetts, Clare Jean Allen. They resided in Chicago, Illinois, until 1907, when they returned East. They have four children: Jean, born May 6, 1906, in Chicago; Arthur Everett, born April 19, 1911, in Winchester, Massachusetts; Emerson Allen, born December 13, 1912, in Lynn, Massachusetts; and Elleva, born December 15, 1916, also in Lynn.

WILLIAM FREDERICK MUNROE—The life of William F. Munroe was a comparatively short one, covering a period of but forty-eight years, yet it was of great usefulness and business success. He came of an ancient Scotch family, early settled in

Massachusetts, and from worthy ancestors inherited strong elements of character which made him a man of force in both business and civic life. He was a descendant of William Munroe, who was of the Scotch clan Munroe, who were overthrown by Cromwell, the Munroes being adherents of the Stuarts.

(I) William Munroe, born in Scotland in 1625, came to New England in 1652, and was a property owner in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1657. In 1660 he settled in Cambridge Farms (now Lexington), his farm on Woburn street, near the Woburn line. He was admitted a freeman in 1690, was married three times, and although forty years of age when first married, reared a family of thirteen children. His sons lived at the home farm after they reached manhood, and he made many additions to his house to accommodate the families of his sons. He died January 20, 1717, and in his will names five sons and five daughters. His first wife, Martha, bore him four children; his second wife, Mary, nine children; his third wife, Elizabeth Wyer, died childless, aged almost eighty years. The line of descent to William F. Munroe was through George Munroe, the fourth child of William Munroe and his first wife Martha.

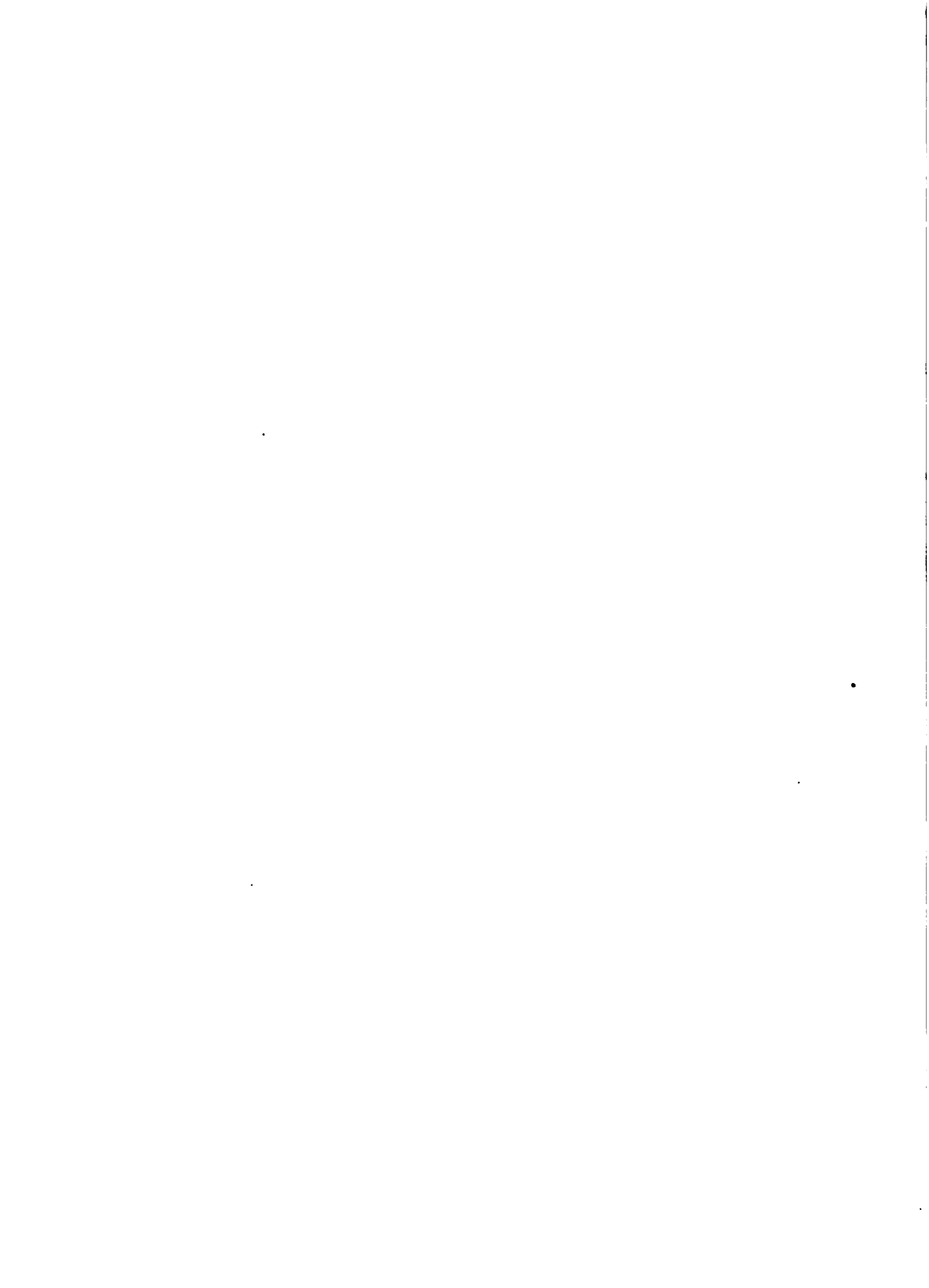
(II) George Munroe was born in Lexington, Massachusetts, and there died, January 17, 1749. He was generally known as Sergeant George Munroe, was tithingman in 1719, and selectman in 1728. His wife, Sarah, died December 4, 1752, the mother of nine children, the eighth a son, Andrew, head of the third generation.

(III) Andrew Munroe was born in Lexington, Massachusetts, was there baptized June 4, 1718, and died September 15, 1766. He served in the Colonial wars of 1758-59-60, and accumulated an estate that was settled by his widow. He married, May 26, 1763, Lucy, widow of Daniel Simonds, her maiden name Mixer. They were the parents of two sons, descent being traced through the eldest, Andrew (2).

(IV) Andrew (2) Munroe was born in Lexington, Massachusetts, March 30, 1764, died in Danvers, Massachusetts, August 7, 1836. He married, in Burlington, Massachusetts, March 22, 1785, Ruth Simonds, born in Woburn, April 13, 1763, died in Danvers, January 29, 1840, and was laid with her husband in the Old King burying ground at Peabody, then a part of South Danvers. Ruth (Simonds) Munroe was of early Woburn family and related to Count Rumford. Her ancestor William Simonds, is mentioned in Woburn records as early as 1644. He was one of the proprietors of the town, owned land about a mile and a half from the centre of the town, and during the Indian wars his home was used as a garrison house. He married Judith (Phippen) Hayward, widow of James Hayward, both she and her first husband coming from England on the ship "Planter" in 1635. The line of descent was through James Simonds, sixth son of William and Judith (Phippen-Hayward) Simonds, and his wife, Susanna Blodgett; their son,



W. Fred Munroe



James (2) Simonds, and his wife, Mary Fowle; their son, Caleb Simonds, and his first wife, Susanna Convers; their daughter, Ruth Simonds, married Andrew (2) Munroe, and they were the parents of eleven children, the last six born in Danvers, Massachusetts. Descent in this branch is through the youngest of these children, Luther.

(V) Luther Munroe was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, May 10, 1805, and there died, December 23, 1851. He married, at Reading, Massachusetts, September 3, 1826, Olive Flint, born in Reading, July 27, 1805, daughter of John and Phebe Flint, granddaughter of Jonathan (2) Flint, son of Jonathan (1) Flint, son of Captain Thomas Flint (wounded in the Swamp Fight with King Philip's Indians, builder of the first meeting house in Salem Village), son of Thomas (1) Flint, of early record in Salem, Massachusetts, who died in 1663. Luther and Olive (Flint) Munroe were the parents of six children, the third a son, William Calvin, being the head of the sixth generation in this branch.

(VI) William Calvin Munroe was born in Salem, Massachusetts, December 21, 1833, died there August 10, 1891, and was buried in Monumental Cemetery, Peabody, Massachusetts. He came in early life with his parents from Salem to Peabody, and there ever afterward resided, his death occurring at his summer home in Salem. He first engaged in the milk business in Peabody, and later began in a small way a local express business. During the Civil War he, with his brother-in-law, John H. Grout, established an express business, and they were the first to carry express matter over the railroad from Peabody, securing a contract from the old Eastern railroad, (now Boston & Maine). They shipped their express goods over the railroad to East Boston, their own teams then delivering them in Boston. This business was dissolved by Mr. Munroe selling his interest to his partner, but later he bought it back and with Frank T. Arnold continued the business as the Munroe & Arnold Express Company. Moses Shackley, some time afterward, was admitted a partner, but the old firm name was retained. In 1872 Mr. Shackley retired from the firm, Messrs. Munroe & Arnold continuing until the death of Mr. Munroe, August 10, 1891, his place in the firm being taken by his son William F. Munroe.

William C. Munroe married (first) November 26, 1859, in South Danvers, Massachusetts, Adeline Bradley Jones, born in Hampstead, New Hampshire, February 28, 1835, died in Peabody, Massachusetts, April 23, 1864, daughter of Justus and Sophronia (Wood) Jones. Two sons were born to Mr. and Mrs. Munroe: William Frederick, who died young; and William Frederick (2), head of the seventh generation in this branch of the Munroe family. Mr. Munroe married (second) in Salem, Massachusetts, July 23, 1865, Jane Wood Jelly, born in Salem, Massachusetts, February 12, 1837, daughter of Charles and Mary (Hammond) Jelly. William C. and Jane W. (Jelly) Munroe have an only

child, a daughter Jennie, who married Dr. Harry Delano Kennard.

(VII) William Frederick Munroe, son of William Calvin Munroe and his first wife, Adeline B. (Jones) Munroe, was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, March 31, 1864, there spent his life in honorable usefulness, and died June 10, 1912. He was educated in Peabody schools, and the Bryant & Stratton Business College, then began his business career with his father, founder of the express business which was so long known as the Munroe & Arnold Express Company. At the death of his father, William C. Munroe, he succeeded him as head of the business and conducted it for the benefit of the Arnold estate. In 1904 the Munroe & Arnold Express Company bought the old-established express business of David Merritt, and in 1905 acquired the J. H. Moulton Express Company, of Salem, and both those companies were merged with the Munroe & Arnold Express Company. On September 1, 1905, the business was incorporated under the Massachusetts laws as the Munroe-Arnold-Merritt Express Company, William F. Munroe president, a position he held until his passing seven years later.

In civic affairs Mr. Munroe was the interested, patriotic citizen. In politics a Republican, he served as member of the party town committee for ten years; in 1896 was elected a trustee of Peabody Institute; member of the School Committee and chairman of the board until his death; and in 1910 represented Peabody in the Massachusetts Legislature. He was held in the highest esteem by his townsmen, and at the spring election preceding his death, he was re-elected to the School Committee to serve three years. He was a director of the Warren Five Cents Savings Bank, a member of the Investment Committee, and deeply interested in these duties as he was in all the business and other organizations with which he was connected. He was a Master Mason of Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; a companion of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; a sir knight of Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, all of Salem; past noble grand of Holten Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; a member of Abbott Council, Order of United American Mechanics; Peabody Board of Trade; Danvers Golf Club; Colonial Club of Salem; and was active in the affairs of the Universalist church.

Mr. Munroe married, June 2, 1892, Clara Bailey Mansfield, born in Wakefield, Massachusetts, September 14, 1868, daughter of Edward Galen and Rebecca Stacey (Breed) Mansfield, granddaughter of Edward and Clara (Bailey) Mansfield. Edward Galen Mansfield was born in Brighton, Massachusetts, in July, 1842, died July 26, 1875. Rebecca Stacey (Breed) Mansfield, born January 15, 1841, died June 8, 1880, was a daughter of Captain Hubbard Breed an old-time deep-water master of ships. Edward Mansfield was born April 13, 1813. Clara (Bailey) Mansfield was born September 15, 1813,

and died November, 1898. Nine children were born to William F. and Clara Bailey (Mansfield) Munroe, seven in Peabody, and two in Salem. 1. Eleanor Vinton, born March 26, 1893, died October 18, 1897. 2. Ruth, born June 15, 1894, a graduate of the Massachusetts State Normal School at Framingham, 1915; married, January 15, 1916, Charles H. Wentworth, and has two daughters, Clara Munroe, born January 15, 1917, and Virginia Alan, born June 23, 1920. 3. Alice Hubbard, born November 11, 1895, a graduate of Burdett College, class of 1915; married, June 26, 1920, Samuel Oliver King. 4. Marjorie, born November 27, 1898; married, February 9, 1915, Ralph K. Raymond, and has two children: John Munroe, born July 19, 1916, and Eleanor Wilson, born November 11, 1918. 5. Allen Breed, born March 11, 1900; he entered the United States service in March, 1918, and was honorably discharged in September, 1919. He was in training at the United States Radio Station at Cambridge, Massachusetts, prior to entering the service, being in the navy. He crossed the ocean three times and saw active service. Since the war he attended Eastern Radio Institute at Boston, Massachusetts, as a student, is now a radio operator, first class, and has again crossed the ocean three times. 6. William Calvin, born May 20, 1902, a student at Brown University, class of 1923. 7. Edward Mansfield, born March 9, 1904, a student at high school. 8. John Vinton, born August 6, 1905, a student at high school. 9. Frederick Galen, born July 4, 1910. The family home was in Peabody, but a summer home was maintained in Salem many years. Mrs. Clara Bailey (Mansfield) Munroe survives her husband, and continues her residence in Peabody, Massachusetts, at No. 25 Orchard street.

SAMUEL HOOPER (2) STONE—Two men have borne this name in Beverly, Massachusetts, Samuel Hooper Stone, mariner and later merchant, long since gathered to his fathers, and his son, Samuel Hooper (2) Stone, the well known real estate and insurance broker, now located at No. 164 Cabot street, where he conducts a business which he established forty-four years ago (1877) in a room over Hill's jewelry store at No. 160 Cabot street. The business has remained in that locality all the years which have since intervened, and is housed in the building next door to the one in which it had its birth.

Samuel Hooper Stone, the elder, was born in Manchester, Massachusetts, July 15, 1826, died September 7, 1881. He followed the sea in his earlier life, then engaged in the shoe business in Beverly, Massachusetts, where he died. He married Caroline Augusta Dodge, born in Beverly, September 17, 1830, and there died, May 5, 1881, daughter of Azor Dodge, whose home was the old Batch homestead, the oldest house standing in Beverly.

Samuel Hooper (2) Stone, son of Samuel Hooper (1) and Caroline Augusta (Dodge) Stone, was born in Beverly, Massachusetts, January 26, 1852, and there yet resides, sixty-nine years later. He was

educated in the public schools and was variously engaged until the age of twenty-five, then, on April 1, 1877, began his long and successful career as a real estate and insurance agent. He opened his first office in a room over Hill's jewelry shop at No. 160 Cabot street and from the beginning met with gratifying success. He has continued in the same lines and has built up a strong agency. His real estate operations and dealings have been extensive and he may be given credit for a great deal of the expansion and improvements which in the last half century Beverly has experienced. The strongest and best companies are represented in his insurance department, and it is a conservative statement to say that in his business operations Mr. Stone has registered success. The business was incorporated August 1, 1917, under the name of the Samuel H. Stone Company, Inc., Roy K. Patch and George W. Barron being associated with Mr. Stone. He was one of the founders of the Beverly Board of Trade in 1888, has continuously held an important office, and never missed a board meeting during the entire period of twenty-nine years, which has elapsed since its organization. Since 1889 he has been secretary of the Beverly Building Association. He is Beverly's representative on the Salem "News", and a citizen, public-spirited and progressive.

Mr. Stone is a member of Liberty Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Diana Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; Bass River Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Friendship Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of Dane Street Congregational Church. Now nearing his seventieth birthday, Mr. Stone is hale and hearty, and is daily at his business. He is widely known as a genial, generous soul, upright and honorable in all things, a man both trusted and loved.

Mr. Stone married Nellie M. Hussey, a daughter of Frank H. and Augusta P. Hussey.

GEORGE DRAPER—With long experience in the manufacture of leather, George Draper, of Peabody, Massachusetts, is carrying forward to a successful future the business which he has established in this city.

Mr. Draper was born in Peabody, March 18, 1880, and is a son of Edward and Jane (Tresilian) Draper. The father was born in Ireland, and the mother in Maine.

Receiving a thoroughly practical education in the public and high schools of this city, Mr. Draper first entered the industrial world in the employ of the A. C. Lawrence Company, the well known Peabody leather manufacturers. Here he worked in the shipping department for four years. He then became connected with the Morrill Leather Company, of Salem, Massachusetts, as foreman, and remained with them in that capacity for fifteen years. He then went to Brooklyn, New York, where he was with the Richard Young Company, leather manufacturers, for three years. Following

this he went to the O. H. Oppenheimer Company, of Newark, New Jersey, with whom he was associated for one year as superintendent. Thereafter returning to Peabody, he became superintendent of the C. P. Osborne Company's plant, filling this position for a period of five years.

Through these various changes, Mr. Draper gained a fund of experience, and a familiarity with modern methods in different plants, which he is now finding invaluable. In 1919, in association with Ruric A. Chilson as partner, he founded the business which is now progressing most satisfactorily. Located on Walnut street, in Peabody, the firm are manufacturing sock linings for McKay turned shoes, and are handling the splitting of leather on contract, manufacturing sheep skins. They are building up an extensive business and taking a position of prominence in the manufacturing world.

Mr. Draper is a member of the Peabody Chamber of Commerce, and politically supports the Republican party. In fraternal circles he is well known, being master of Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and also a member of the Knights of Pythias. He is a member of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, of which he is also warden. For thirty-five years, ever since his childhood, he has sung in different church choirs.

Mr. Draper married, in Peabody, Massachusetts, Emma L. Osborne, daughter of Calvin P. and Louise V. (Jones) Osborne, Mr. Osborne being Mr. Draper's recent employer.

FREDERICK PENFIELD LIBERTY—The business record of Frederick Penfield Liberty, of Merrimac, Massachusetts, shoe manufacturer, clearly indicates his measure as an organizer and executive. He has had part in the formation and development of several important shoe manufacturing corporations, as will be seen. His record also includes important administrative duties accomplished in military capacity during the World War.

Frederick P. Liberty was born on June 9, 1885, at Renovo, Pennsylvania, son of Magloire and Alphonsine (Normand) Liberty. His father was born in Pigeon City, Pennsylvania, on July 26, 1862, and for the greater part of his life was a lumber merchant in Pennsylvania. His mother was born in Lakeport, New Hampshire, on June 7, 1865. Their children were: Frederick P., of whom further; Marie Louise; Elodie; and Ernest.

The family seems to have settled in Haverhill, Massachusetts, early in the boyhood of Frederick P., for he received his elementary education in the public schools of that place. He later was a student at the Sacred Heart College, Arthabaska, Canada. After graduating therefrom, he entered business life without delay. His first work was in the retail clothing store of Warren Emerson, in Haverhill, where he remained for about eighteen months, then left to work in New Bedford, Massachusetts, for the Haskell & Tupp Company of that place. He was only twenty-two years old when he returned to Haverhill and ventured into business for

himself. He formed business association with Ernest C. Peabody, and the two, as partners, conducted the firm of Ernest C. Peabody & Company, leather trimmers, from 1907 to 1910, when Mr. Liberty acquired a half-interest in the business of Ed. E. Sullivan, of Haverhill, the firm with the change of ownership becoming Ed. E. Sullivan & Company. The partnership continued for four years, until 1914, and an appreciable volume of manufacturing of high grade turned shoes for ladies had been developed; but in 1914 Mr. Liberty saw an advantage in retiring from the company to organize the Liberty-Durgin Corporation, and did so. The principal incorporators were Bernard L. Durgin, Frederick P. Liberty, and William S. Starkey, and these became the president, treasurer, and vice-president of the corporation when chartered. Seeing that nowadays most of the manufacturing is done by the Rex system, it is interesting to note that the Liberty-Durgin Corporation was the first company to manufacture shoes under the Turn Rex system.

During the next few years a great expansion came, and when in 1917 the government had to enter into many phases of manufacture to meet the requirements of the nation at war, the plant of the Liberty-Durgin Corporation was important enough to be one of those sought for and turned over. During the war the plant manufactured textile equipment exclusively for the government, and was very efficiently managed. It is said that the factory had the distinction of having the greatest output per machine at the least expense, notwithstanding that it had the highest paid operators during the period in which it was devoted to government contracts; and a further distinction, which is treasured, is a citation from the United States Government as to its valuable service to the nation in war, it being stated that the Liberty-Durgin Corporation was the only company engaged in government contracts that was not delinquent in filling orders. The company continued in government work until the close of the World War, and then reverted to shoe manufacturing, and to the making of Good-year welt women's shoes. In the same year Mr. Liberty acquired the controlling interest in the Austin H. Perry Shoe Company, the name being then changed to the Cooper, Liberty, Thompson Company, the company continuing to manufacture on an extensive scale, having two plants, one at Marlboro and the other at Haverhill. In 1920 Mr. Liberty became chairman of the Shoe Manufacturing Association, acting also as manager, capacities he still holds. Recently, in 1921, he became connected with the George B. Leavitt Corporation, large shoe manufacturers, and was elected president and appointed general manager. It will therefore be seen that Mr. Liberty has been quite active in his connection with the Massachusetts shoe manufacturing industry.

During the World War he volunteered his services to the nation, in military capacity, though of course beyond draft age. He enlisted in the United States army in March, 1918, and was commissioned

in the grade of captain by President Wilson, on May 7, 1918. He was assigned to duty at Boston, Massachusetts, under the district chief of ordnance, Levi H. Greenwood, and had charge of production of ordnance equipment. In August, 1918, he was transferred from the Ordnance Department to the Quartermaster Corps, and in this assignment was the officer in charge of the manufacturing branch of the department in the Boston district. He was not discharged from military service until June, 1919. Immediately, thereafter, he resumed his full connection with the shoe industry.

Mr. Liberty is necessarily well known in the Haverhill district. He is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, was a director of it for two years, and also was a member of the Haverhill Rotary Club. He belongs to the Island Golf, Agawam, and Merrimac Valley clubs.

Mr. Liberty married, January 4, 1905, Sarah Isabelle Page, who was born in Haverhill, March 26, 1885, daughter of George H. and Mary Jane (Hughes) Page, of Haverhill. George H. Page was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, December 1, 1860, and was a hotel proprietor in Haverhill until he died, August 4, 1907. His wife was born in Georgetown, Massachusetts, August 6, 1859, and they were married July 3, 1879. Their children were: Flora Edith, born February 6, 1881; Charles, born in August, 1882, died in 1883; Sarah Isabelle, who married Frederick P. Liberty; Elzo B., born June 21, 1886; George L., born October 7, 1890; Ruth A., born October 8, 1892; Jennie M., born May 7, 1894; and Doris, born April 6, 1898. Frederick P. and Sarah Isabelle (Page) Liberty had children as follows: Norman D. Page, born September 2, 1906; Jane Louise, born October 26, 1908; Ruth, born November 16, 1910; Frederick P., Jr., born January 3, 1913; George Currier, born July 29, 1915, died July 12, 1917; James Sherman, born July 1, 1917; and Franklin, born July 22, 1919.

HARRISON MERRILL DAVIS, a member of the law firm of Dunbar & Rackemann, Room 75, Ames building, Boston, Massachusetts, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, December 17, 1867, and is a son of Abner H. and Mary L. (Merrill) Davis, both of New England families.

In the public schools of Portland, Maine, Mr. Davis laid the foundation for his education, then spent two years at Olivet College, Michigan. Returning East, he thereafter read law in the offices of Holmes & Payson, of Portland, Maine, and was admitted to the Maine bar in 1888. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1896, and has since carried on a general practice, being associated since 1896 with the firm of attorneys formerly known as Balch & Rackemann, and more recently Dunbar & Rackemann, having been admitted to the firm in 1908.

Mr. Davis is a member of the Salem Billiard Club, the Salem Golf Club, and the Eastern Yacht Club. He is also a member of the Salem Club, and of the St. Botolph Club of Boston.

Mr. Davis married, in 1901, Mary Adams, daughter of Dr. John F. Adams, and they have two sons: John F. A., born October 19, 1904, and Harrison M. Jr., born April 19, 1908.

HARRIE J. PHIPPS was born at Hopkinton, Massachusetts, in 1880, and is a son of Appleton and Sarah J. (Metcalf) Phipps, of Hopkinton. His father was a carpenter and builder.

Mr. Phipps received his early education in the public schools at Watertown, Massachusetts. After completing his preliminary studies, he proceeded to Harvard University and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1903. Having decided to adopt the profession of teaching, Mr. Phipps accepted a position as teacher at Cumberland, Maryland, where he remained for two years. He next spent three years as a teacher at the Allen School for Boys, at West Newton. From there he went to the Malden High School, where for three years he was professor of mathematics and science. When his connection with the Malden High School came to an end, Mr. Phipps became the principal of the Oliver Ames High School, at North Easton. At the end of four years of service in this position Mr. Phipps became the superintendent of schools at Easton, a position which he held for three years. At length, after having been connected with the Oliver Ames High School at North Easton for seven years, Mr. Phipps decided to accept a new position, and became the superintendent of schools at Walpole, where he remained for one year. From Walpole he came to Danvers, where for the past two years he has been superintendent of schools of the town.

Mr. Phipps is an active member of the Maple Street Congregational Church. He served as a member of the State Guard during the period of the World War, from 1917 to 1920. He is a Mason and a past master of the Grange. He is also a member of the Massachusetts High School Association; the Massachusetts School Masters' Club; and the Massachusetts Superintendents' Association.

Mr. Phipps married Alice Cox, of Watertown, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of four daughters: Virginia, Gwendolyn, Miriam, and Jean Phipps.

DEAN K. WEBSTER, the present head of the H. K. Webster Company, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, has for years carried forward in ever widening scope a business built upon one of the everyday needs of the people.

Henry K. Webster, the founder of this concern, was born in Manchester, New Hampshire, on January 18, 1835, and was educated in the schools of that city. As a young man he worked on his father's farm, then, in 1858, came to Lawrence. Here he entered the employ of a local grain dealer, remaining in this connection until 1863, when he enlisted in the 12th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, serving until the end of the war. Returning to Lawrence in 1865, Mr. Webster re-



Dean Webster

sumed the duties of his old position and continued with the same firm until 1868. During his employment in this business he had learned thoroughly the relation of this branch of mercantile endeavor to the trade which it supplied, and with the originality which was characteristic of the man, devised a plan for developing the business in such a manner as to be of mutual advantage to both the dealer and the consumer. Starting in business for himself in 1868, he built up a very large interest by milling grains and preparing feeds for the special requirements of the different groups into which the market is naturally divided. Carrying this idea through all his experience as head of the business, it became the fundamental principle of the concern, and has been developed to a point where the company mills and manufactures a large variety of grain products, including corn meal, cracked corn, ground oats, and many special lines of mixed feeds for stock and poultry, all under the brand of the "Blue Seal Grain Products." They make a specialty of distributing assorted car lots of grain and feed to points on the Boston & Maine railroad in this and other States. They sell at both wholesale and retail and do a large business. Prior to 1904 the firm was known as the H. K. Webster Co., and then, being incorporated, it has since been the H. K. Webster Company.

Henry K. Webster became widely prominent in various circles in Lawrence, and was honored by the people by election to public office. He was long a member of the Common Council, and served as president of that body in 1878-79. In 1881 he was elected mayor of the city of Lawrence, and served with dignity and wisdom. For many years he was president of the Lawrence National Bank, and after its consolidation with the Merchants National, as the Merchants Trust Company, he was chairman of its board of directors until his death. He was a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Mount Sinai Royal Arch Chapter; of Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; and of Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar. He died February 23, 1920.

On September 7, 1861, Henry K. Webster married Elsie A. Johnson, who died in 1909. They were the parents of three sons: Burt G., now of Haverhill, Massachusetts; Neal W.; and Dean K., of further mention.

Dean K. Webster was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, May 10, 1870, and received his early education in the public schools of the city. Covering the high school course, he thereafter attended commercial school, and also studied law in the office of a Lawrence attorney. While never taking up the practice of law professionally, he has found this knowledge a useful business adjunct. Becoming associated with his father in 1891, he was received into the firm as a partner in 1895, and upon the death of his father became president and treasurer of the concern, in which office he is still active.

In 1907 Mr. Webster was selected by the Grain Dealers' Association of New England to head the

organization of the Grain Dealers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Boston, Massachusetts, since which time he has served as its president. From this beginning three other mutual insurance companies have grown, of each of which Mr. Webster is the active head: Automobile Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Automobile Mutual Liability Insurance Company (called The Twin Mutuals), and the Beacon Mutual Fire Insurance Company. These are all Massachusetts corporations, with offices at No. 40 Central street, Boston.

In fraternal circles Mr. Webster is widely prominent. He is a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, being a past master of the lodge. He is a past high priest of Mount Sinai Royal Arch Chapter; is past illustrious master of Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; is a past commander of Bethany Commandery, No. 17, Knights Templar. He is past district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge, is past district deputy grand high priest, and past grand king of the Grand Chapter, also past grand principal conductor of the work, and at the present time is most illustrious grand master of the Grand Council, Royal and Select Masters, of Massachusetts. He is a member of Lowell Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite, and is past sovereign prince of Lowell Council, Princes of Jerusalem. He is past second lieutenant commander of Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, with the thirty-second degree, and has been crowned with the honorary thirty-third degree. He is a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston.

Socially, Mr. Webster is well known, and is a member of the Rotary Club, and also of the Merrimac Valley Country Club. He is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce.

On May 31, 1894, Mr. Webster married Clara-bell Hatch, of Lawrence, and they have two sons: Dean K., Jr., associated with his father in business; and Walter N., a student of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The family resides at No. 19 Wyman street, and attends the Central Methodist Episcopal Church. They also have a charming country home at White's Pond, Pelham, New Hampshire.

GEORGE HARRISON ALLEN—A lifelong resident of Essex county, and now, at nearly eighty-one years of age, at his desk daily, George Harrison Allen is a noteworthy example of the business executive who is still alert and active far beyond the allotted span of life.

Mr. Allen comes of one of the oldest families in New England, and is a son of Jacob Alva Allen, who was born in Beverly, Massachusetts, March 5, 1810. Jacob A. Allen was a member of the firm of Wilson & Allen, a representative firm of Essex county of a day gone by, conducting a prosperous planing mill and a box factory. He continued long in this business, his son being identified with its progress from his youth. Jacob A. Allen married

Prudence Hire, who was born in Middlebury, Vermont, November 5, 1807. Both are long since deceased.

George Harrison Allen was born in Manchester, Massachusetts, on June 21, 1840. Obtaining a practical education in the public schools both of Manchester and Methuen, he began his business career in his father's planing mill, shoveling shavings. About 1867 Jacob A. Allen and Captain James Boyden formed a partnership, and coming to this city began making wooden boxes in Lynn and Beverly. George H. Allen, then twenty-seven years of age, and a veteran of Civil War, joined them in the venture. Two years later Captain Boyden died, and they received into partnership his half-brother, William Boyden. The business continued to prosper in their hands, and although they had the misfortune of seeing the larger factory burn to the ground, they replaced it with a larger, finer and better equipped plant, and continued, undismayed. This arrangement continued until about 1891, when Mr. Allen purchased the interest of the Boyden heirs. George H. Allen conducted both plants until January 1, 1920, when he sold to the Hoague-Sprague Corporation, retaining, however, an interest in the concern.

Mr. Allen has seen the different changes and developments of box manufacturing, in which branch of industry his father was a pioneer. He has seen the introduction of fiber and paper boxes from the standpoint of one of the largest producers of the day, and is still as keenly interested, although past eighty years of age, as when he entered the field as a young man, with his future before him. He is remarkably active, and the business which he handles daily would do credit to a much younger man.

In the Civil War Mr. Allen served in the Third Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, also acting as wardmaster in the hospital. He served in North Carolina, under General Foster, for nine months, in the 18th Army Corps, in the Regimental Field Hospital, and through all the exigencies of the time was fortunate enough to suffer no wounds.

By political affiliation a Republican, Mr. Allen has often been sought as a candidate for public office, but has always declined the honor. In financial circles he holds high standing, having been clerk of the board of directors of the Manufacturers' National Bank, which office he still holds, his period of service now having covered twenty-eight years. He is also president and trustee of the Commonwealth Bank of Lynn.

Fraternally, Mr. Allen is widely known. He is a member of Golden Fleece Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which lodge he has been treasurer for about twenty-seven years; a member of Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Giles F. Yates Council, Royal and Select Masters; of Lafayette Lodge of Perfection, of Boston; of Mount Olivet Chapter, Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and holds the thirty-third degree in this order. He is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic

Shrine; and is treasurer and trustee of the Masonic Fraternity, of Lynn. He was formerly a member of United Brothers Lodge, No. 66, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Lawrence, and of Palestine Encampment of Lynn, and is past high priest of Palestine Encampment. His clubs are the Oxford and the Masonic, of Swampscott.

On December 26, 1864, Mr. Allen married (first) Sarah Luella McIntyre, daughter of Eben and Temperance McIntyre, of Lancaster, New Hampshire, who died in 1901. Eben McIntyre was a highly respected farmer of that section. Mr. Allen married (second) Effie Sophia Spinney, who was born in Argyle, Nova Scotia, of seafaring ancestors, residing later in Gloucester, Massachusetts. They have two children: Luella Spinney, born September 21, 1904; and George Harrison, Jr., born October 6, 1905.

JOHN O'NEIL, attorney, of Amesbury, Massachusetts, was born in that town July 31, 1890, the son of the late John and Mary J. O'Neil. He received his early education in St. Joseph's Parochial School, and later at the Amesbury High School, from which he was graduated in 1908. For two years following graduation he was engaged in newspaper work, abandoning that in the fall of 1910 to enter Harvard College. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1914, and in the fall of the same year entered the Law School of Harvard University. Concluding his law course in June, 1917, he was admitted to practice law in Massachusetts during the summer of that year.

During the World War, 1917-18, Mr. O'Neil served in the army, being attached to the Intelligence Service. He was honorably discharged January 31, 1919. He was later associated with the law office of William A. Morse, of Boston, and eventually opened offices in Amesbury, where he has since been engaged in the work of his profession and has built up a fine practice.

Mr. O'Neil has been very active in the community work of Amesbury, and there have been few community efforts of recent years in which he has not taken an active part. He is at present a director of the Amesbury Hospital Association and the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce; trustee of the Scholarship Funds of the Amesbury High School and of the Athletic Injury Fund of the same institution.

Mr. O'Neil has been prominent in American Legion circles, and has held several offices. At present he is chairman of the executive committee of Amesbury Post. Fraternally he has been prominent in the Knights of Columbus, and now holds the office of grand knight of Amesbury Council of that order. In politics Mr. O'Neil is a Democrat. He has been the party candidate for the Senate in the Fourth Essex District and for Representative in the First Essex District, and has been prominent in the councils of the party in this section of the State.

Mr. O'Neil is unmarried, and resides with his brother at No. 36 Greenwood street, Amesbury.

WALTER M. LIBBEY—Allied with the great shoe industry in the manufacture of soles and leather, Walter M. Libbey is an active executive in the trade as president of J. L. Libbey & Company.

Mr. Libbey is a son of Jeremiah L. Libbey, long the head of this business, which still bears his name, and Elizabeth (Sisson) Libbey. Jeremiah L. Libbey was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, and reared in this city, which was even then a widely recognized center of shoe manufacturing. He founded the present business June 1, 1864, in association with a partner, R. E. Hilliard, who later, in 1870, retired to go into business for himself.

Walter M. Libbey was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, on April 27, 1858, and educated in the public schools of that city, later spending one year at Wilbraham Academy. Entering his father's factory, he learned the business in all its departments, and on June 1, 1879, was received as a partner. From that time until the present Walter M. Libbey has been closely identified with the business in an executive capacity. Walter M. Durgin was made a partner in 1892, and in 1918 Mr. Libbey's son, Walter S. Libbey, became a member of the firm. For fifty-seven years J. L. Libbey & Company has been a factor in the shoe industry in Essex county, and for the past thirty years the plant has occupied its present location on Union street, Lynn. Walter M. Libbey, as president of the company, is prominent in the business world of Lynn.

In financial circles, also, Mr. Libbey is identified with large interests. He was one of the founders of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Lynn, and is vice-president and director of that institution. He is also a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and director of the Lynn Mutual Insurance Company. Fraternally, Mr. Libbey is a member of all the Masonic orders, including the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of Lynn Lodge, No. 117, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and of Providence Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His clubs are the Oxford, of Lynn, and the Masonic, of Swampscott.

Mr. Libbey married (first) Jessie B. Sawye, who died in November, 1891. They were the parents of two children: Beatrice M., who is now Mrs. Robert J. Kissock, of New York; and Walter S., who is a member of the above-named firm. Mr. Libbey married (second) Sarah E. Delano.

JAMES KINSELLA—One of the younger attorneys of Salem, Massachusetts, James Kinsella is building up a successful practice, although his service in the World War came as an interruption in his career. Mr. Kinsella was born in Salem, in 1888, and is a son of James F. and Margaret (Savage) Kinsella, of this city. His father has for many years been active as a carpenter and builder in Salem and its vicinity.

After attending the parochial and high schools of Salem, Mr. Kinsella entered Boston College, in

the class of 1911. He later took up the duties of clerk of the Probate Court of Essex county, and remained in this capacity until 1915. At that time he opened an office and entered upon the practice of law, having been admitted to the bar in February, 1913. He had built up a very considerable practice when, in May, 1918, he enlisted in the Ordnance Supply School, at Fort Slocum, New York, for service during the World War. In August of the same year he sailed for France, where he took an active part in the Meuse-Argonne offensive and in the Toule Sector, and was discharged July 24, 1919.

Returning to Salem after his discharge, Mr. Kinsella resumed his practice, and in the comparatively short period which has since elapsed, has established himself once more in the profession of his choice. Mr. Kinsella is a member of the Roman Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception, and is a prominent member of the Knights of Columbus.

EDWIN B. HALL—A native of Haverhill, Massachusetts, a graduate of Dartmouth College, and for many years among the responsible executives of the Haverhill shoe industry, Edwin B. Hall comes deservedly into the Essex county record. Edwin Bowley Hall was born in Haverhill on August 4, 1878, son of George A. Hall by his first wife, Mary G. Bowley, of Haverhill, daughter of Edwin Bowley, who was an early resident in Haverhill, and one who aided appreciably to bring Haverhill into a good place among the incorporated places of that part of Massachusetts. He was a large owner of real estate in the city, and was one of the most influential citizens of his day.

The Hall family was originally of New Hampshire, Thomas Hall, grandfather of Edwin B., having been born in Plaistow, that State. He was a Protestant, and had a farming estate, the working of which he made his main occupation. He had seven children, four of whom were sons, among them George A., father of Edwin B., of whom further.

George A. Hall was born in 1848, was twice married, and was a prominent business man of Haverhill. His line was real estate, and he probably associated with his father-in-law in many big real estate transactions. He was respected and popular in the community; so much may be inferred from the fact that for several years he was the representative of Haverhill in the State Legislature. By religious affiliation he was a Congregationalist, and a good supporter of the local churches. His first wife, Mary G. (Bowley) Hall, bore him one child, Edwin B., of whom further; by his second wife, Helena Clarkson, he had two children: Harold and Isabelle, both of whom, however, are deceased.

Edwin B. Hall received elementary and high schooling in Haverhill public schools, and took the preparatory collegiate course at the Hopkinson School at Boston, proceeding from there to Dartmouth College, from which he was graduated with the class of 1902. Soon thereafter, he entered busi-

ness life as an employee of the firm of Payne & Webster, Boston brokers, with which firm he remained for four years. He left them in order to accept an appointment with the Winchell Company. He was one of the directors of the company, and for twelve years had charge of the office and sales force. In 1918 he was the principal organizer of the Baker Shoe Company, Inc., of Haverhill, and has since given his time wholly to its direction. He is president of the company; F. Baker Hall, treasurer; and R. H. Taylor, secretary. Their plant is at No. 280 River street, and its capacity production is 2,000 pairs of their specialties, ladies' boudoir shoes and a line of sandals. The factory uses 16,000 square feet of floor space, and finds steady employment for about one hundred persons.

Mr. Hall is placed well among the leading business men of Haverhill, but he does not seem to enter much into public life. He has never held public office, and belongs to none of the local societies or fraternal orders. Socially he is a member of the Pentucket Club, and his church is the North Congregational, of Haverhill.

Mr. Hall married, in Haverhill, on April 30, 1902, Florence B. Gould, who was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, in 1883, daughter of Wilbur H. and Mercy (Baker) Gould, the former a shoe manufacturer. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have three children: Eleanor, who was born in 1908, and graduated from the Haverhill High School in the class of 1921; Barbara, born in 1905, and now (1922) a Haverhill High School junior; and Natalie, born in 1910, and now in the eighth grade of the Fox Grammar School

WINFIELD B. KNOWLTON was born at Lowell, Massachusetts, on May 18, 1877, and is a son of George Winfield and Etta Frances (Watson) Knowlton. His father was born at Newmarket, New Hampshire, where he was engaged in the banking business for about forty years, until 1906, when he retired from active participation in business affairs. He died in 1907. His wife, who was born at Lowell, Massachusetts, died in 1914.

Winfield B. Knowlton received his early education in the public schools of Lowell. He graduated from the Lowell High School as a member of the class of 1895, and proceeded to the Lowell Textile School. When he had completed his technical studies he obtained employment with the Kitson Machine Company, of Lowell. After spending two years in the service of the Kitson Machine Company, Mr. Knowlton was offered a position as draftsman with the Tremont and Suffolk Mills, of that city. He remained in this position for a year, and then, in 1899, formed a connection with the American Woolen Company, of Lawrence, Massachusetts. His first position at Lawrence was that of draftsman, but he was steadily promoted, until he attained his present position, which is that of supervising mechanical engineer.

Mr. Knowlton is a member of the Congregational church of Andover. He is a member of Phoenician Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Mount Sinai

Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lawrence Council Royal and Select Masters; Bethany Commande Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers of New York; the Merrimac Valley Country Club; the Meadowbrook Country Club; the Home Club of Lawrence; and the Young Men's Christian Association of Lawrence. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Knowlton married, in 1903, Minnie Arundal daughter of Joshua Arundale, of Lawrence. Mr. Knowlton was born on April 21, 1882. They have one daughter, Marjorie Knowlton, who was born on January 5, 1909.

SAMUEL R. BAILEY—An ex-service man, and of good civil record, Samuel R. Bailey, a native of Amesbury, is now associating with his father in the management of the Bailey Manufacturing Company of Amesbury, Massachusetts. He is a young man of good technical knowledge, and is an expert in some branches of electrical work.

Samuel R. Bailey was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, on January 17, 1894, son of Edwin W. N. and Lydia (Crowell) Bailey. His father was born in East Pittston, Maine, and his mother in Beverly, Massachusetts. As a boy he attended the Amesbury schools, graduating eventually from the high school. Soon, thereafter, he proceeded to Pratt Institute, at Brooklyn, New York, and there graduated in the class of 1915. He found employment with the Edison Company, at Orange, N. J., working in the battery testing department for two months. Showing aptitude for responsibility, he was made night foreman of the research department of the Edison plant, but only filled that office for a short time, being transferred to the more important repair department, where he remained for six months as assistant foreman. He had by this time acquired quite a comprehensive knowledge of the business, and might have gone much further in the Edison works, but he left the Orange plant to take a position in the New York office of the Walker Vehicle Company. For that company he went to Chicago, Illinois, and there for a time represented them, returning eventually to New York City, where he became city salesman for the company. He was thus engaged when the nation entered the World War, in April, 1917. Mr. Bailey did not wait many weeks before enlisting, being probably in the first ten thousand enlisted of the four million men eventually brought into the United States army during the war. He voluntarily enlisted on April 20, 1917, and was assigned to the Fifteenth Company, of the Ninth Coast Defence Command, of New York. He passed the examination as electrician sergeant, first class, on June 9, 1917, was mustered into Federal service on July 5, 1917, and was assigned to duty at Fort Hancock, Sandy Hook, New Jersey. In April, 1918, he was transferred to the Fourth Officers' Training Camp, at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, and there was promoted to the grade of engineer

ce Council
commander
le, Ande
e. He is
of Mecha
mac Vale
y Club; is
young Man
politics is

e Arundel
rence. Mr
They ha
was be

e man, a
a native
ather in
y Compa
young m
exper:

ary, Ma
win
was
in Bet
the An
n the ig
to Pr
here ge
employ
J. was
for in
bility, h
partnes
office in
e imper
for si
his tim
of the
in the
ant to
Walker
rent to
sented
where
was
ord
any
irst
en-
ing
B.S.,
the
He
first
eral
ivity
is
off-
na.
er



Winfield B. Knowlton



on June 6, 1918, being commissioned in the rank of second lieutenant soon afterward, on June 26, 1918. He was reassigned to the Coast Defence Service at Sandy Hook, but shortly afterwards sailed overseas, as signal officer of the Fifth Trench Mortar Battalion. On January 10, 1919, he returned to this country from France, and on the 20th of that month was honorably discharged, in the rank of second lieutenant, at Fort Hamilton, New York.

Soon after leaving military service Mr. Bailey resumed his connection with the Walker Vehicle Company, and continued to work for them in New York until June 15, 1920, when he came to Amesbury to join his father in the Bailey Manufacturing Company, of Amesbury, and they have since been associated in business. The World War service of Samuel R. Bailey was not his only military experience. He served one enlistment term in the State Militia, enlisting in June, 1912, as private in Company F, of Haverhill, and was discharged in the same grade in June, 1915.

Politically, Mr. Bailey is a Republican; religiously, he is an Episcopalian, a member now of the Amesbury church; and fraternally he is a Mason, belonging to Warren Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Amesbury, of which he holds one of the lesser chairs. He also is a member of the Amesbury Post of the American Legion. On March 13, 1922, he was elected to the Board of Selectmen of the town of Amesbury.

On June 26, 1917, Mr. Bailey married Helen Jackson, of Westfield, New Jersey. She was born on February 19, 1894, and they have two children: Helen, born June 6, 1918; and Samuel R., born December 10, 1919.

GEORGE A. STICKNEY, M. D.—No mention of the medical fraternity of Essex county, Massachusetts, would be complete without the name of Dr. George A. Stickney, who since 1882 has been numbered among the progressive representatives of the medical profession. Dr. Stickney has always combined with his professional activities those of a public-spirited citizen, associating himself intimately and influentially with the leading interests of his native city, Beverly.

Dr. Stickney was born in Beverly, Massachusetts, October 5, 1857. There he attended the public schools until 1871, when he entered the Haverhill High School, finishing with graduation in 1875. He then matriculated at Harvard College, subsequently entering the Medical Department of Harvard University, where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, class of 1882. Dr. Stickney immediately returned to his native city and established himself in the practice of his chosen profession on Thorndike street, later moving to his present location, No. 68 Lathrop street, where he has a pretentious home, pleasantly situated, overlooking the bay. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Essex County Medical Society. He is medical examiner of the Seventh District of Essex

county; president of the North Shore Pension Board, which is located at Salem, Massachusetts; physician-in-charge of the United Shoe Machine Corporation plant; and is on the staff of the Beverly Hospital. He also holds membership in the Beverly Historical Society, the Union Club, and during the World War the Home Medical Reserve Corps. In religion he is a Baptist; in politics, a Republican.

Dr. Stickney married, December 4, 1884, Harriett W. Cole, daughter of Israel D. and Alice (Ware) Cole. Israel D. Cole was for many years in the tailoring business in Beverly, but in later years moved to Rutland, Vermont. Dr. and Mrs. Stickney are the parents of three children: Esther, who married Walter Alley, of Beverly, and they have a daughter, Constance S.; Robert C., who is a graduate of Dartmouth and Harvard colleges, and is now associated with his father in practice; G. Horton, who is assistant manager of the United Shoe Machinery Company, of Beverly; he married Pauline Klink, and they have one child, a daughter, Nancy Lee.

FREDERICK W. CHANDLER—As vice-president of the Nathan D. Dodge Shoe Company, Frederick W. Chandler, of Newburyport, Massachusetts, is actively engaged in the manufacture of shoes, the leading industry of Essex county.

Mr. Chandler was born May 10, 1883, and is a son of James H. and Carrie (Lake) Chandler. Receiving his early education in the public schools, he thereafter took a four years' course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, from which he was graduated in the class of 1906.

Beginning his career as secretary of the company with which he has since been associated, Mr. Chandler has risen, since 1907, to the office of assistant general manager and vice-president, and is an active factor in the progress of this concern, one of long standing in this county, and now the largest plant in the United States devoted exclusively to the manufacture of ladies' turn low shoes.

Mr. Chandler is a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Newburyport Commandery, No. 3, Knights Templar; and of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Dalton Club, and the Golf Club.

Mr. Chandler married Adelaide P. Dodge, daughter of Nathan D. and Matilda (Hinsdale) Dodge, (q.v.), and they have two children: James D., and Matilda. The family attends the Central Congregational Church.

JOSEPH MONETTE—In the legal profession in Lawrence, Massachusetts, Joseph Monette, whose offices are in the Central building, is a successful practitioner of the day.

Mr. Monette was born in Montreal, Canada, on December 11, 1869. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native town, the young man became ambitious to enter one of the profes-

sions, and ultimately decided upon the law. He entered Laval University, at Montreal, Canada, from which he was graduated in 1891, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, then coming to the United States, he entered Harvard University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1896, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the same year he was admitted to the bar, and opened an office in Lowell, Massachusetts. He was induced, however, to remove to Lawrence two years later, and located permanently there in 1898. He has since built up a large practice, and is now well known in the profession in Essex county and elsewhere about the State.

Mr. Monette is a member of the Lawrence Bar Association, and of the Essex County Bar Association. Besides his extensive private practice he is counsel for the Massachusetts State Department of Labor and Industries.

Mr. Monette married, in 1900, in Boston, Massachusetts, Ubaldine Landry, and they have three children: Lucille, Claire, and Joseph, Jr. The family reside in Methuen, and attend St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church.

ALBERT HENRY CHAMBERLAIN—The success of Albert Henry Chamberlain, the well known professional and business man of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is recognized as richly merited. He has earned what he has gained. In earlier years a prosperous lawyer, he was one of that exclusive set of lawyer-business men who hold such high rank in the world of commerce.

His father, Volney R. Chamberlain, was a Vermonter, born in Weathersfield of that State. He died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1887. He was in the produce trade in Boston for many years. His wife, Lucia Woodruff (Lincoln) Chamberlain, was born in Windsor, Vermont, in 1840, and at present resides in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Albert Henry Chamberlain is a native of Boston, Massachusetts, born December 9, 1872. After the customary study in graded and high schools of Cambridge, Massachusetts, he matriculated at Harvard University in 1892 and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1894. After engaging in business for two years he entered the Harvard Law School and graduated in 1899 with the degree of LL.B. After admittance to the Boston, Massachusetts, bar, 1899, he spent the following five years in the practice of law with William A. Munroe, a prominent attorney of Boston. From 1898 to 1900 Mr. Chamberlain had his own law offices in Boston. About this same time he entered the employ of William Whitman & Company, who were selling agents for various textile mills, with offices in Boston, New York City, Philadelphia and Chicago. This association eventually brought him in touch with the Arlington Mills, makers of woolen and worsted goods, whose plants are located at Lawrence and North Adams, Massachusetts. This is one of the largest companies along these lines in the United States. It was founded

and incorporated in 1865, and is today capitalized at \$12,000,000; there are about 7,500 employees, and it has always been an important factor in the prosperity of the two cities. In 1913 he was made treasurer of the Arlington Mills, which position he holds at this present time (1922). He is a member of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers; belongs to the American Bar Association and the Bar Associations of Boston and Massachusetts. He is a director of the Merchants' Trust Company, Lawrence, Massachusetts, and a corporator of the Essex Savings Bank. Politically he is a Republican, but has little taste for public office, although serving in 1905 and 1906 on the Common Council of Cambridge, Massachusetts. His social and out-of-door interests are reflected in his memberships in the Harvard and the Colonial clubs, Boston, and in the North Andover and the Merrimack Valley Country clubs. He is a member of Dunster Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Cambridge, and Mizpah Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

In 1913 Mr. Chamberlain was married to Annie Robinson Hooper, daughter of George and Emily (Towle) Hooper, of Exeter, New Hampshire. To them have come two children: Albert Henry, Jr., born November 24, 1915; and Barbara, born June 25, 1918. The family home is in Methuen, Massachusetts.

LAWRENCE AUGUSTUS FORD—A member of one of the leading law firms of the city of Boston, and a resident of Beverly, Massachusetts, Lawrence Augustus Ford is widely prominent in the public affairs of both places, and a force for progress.

Mr. Ford was born on September 21, 1874, and is a son of William Henry and Bridget (Mahan) Ford, formerly of Newton, Massachusetts. The family removing to Beverly when Mr. Ford was a child of two years, it was here that he received his early education, in the public schools. He was graduated from the Beverly High School in the class of 1891. Ambitious to enter a profession, the young man went to the Holy Cross College, at Worcester, Massachusetts, and was graduated from that institution in 1895, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered Harvard University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1898, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and was admitted to the bar on February 12, of the same year. Mr. Ford entered upon the general practice of law in Boston, with the firm of Gaston, Snow, Saltonstall & Hunt, in September, 1898, and this association still continues, Mr. Ford having been admitted to the firm in 1912. This is one of the most noted firms of attorneys in the city of Boston, and Mr. Ford is taking a constructive part in the progress and success of the extensive law business which they handle.

Mr. Ford is a member of the American Bar Association, the Massachusetts Bar Association, the Boston Bar Association, and also the Essex County



Clarence A. Ford



Bar Association. In various directions outside his profession, Mr. Ford is active. He has been a trustee of the Beverly Public Library. During the recent World War he was very prominent in Red Cross work. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and is also a member of the Harvard Club, of Boston.

ANSON B. AYER, box manufacturer, head of the Haverhill firm of Ayer & Webster, and owner of the factory in which he has worked for more than forty years, is a well known and respected business man of Haverhill. He was born in Hampstead, New Hampshire, in 1862, the son of Albert and Lydia M. (Hoyt) Ayer, of Hampstead, New Hampshire, the former a hatter by trade.

Anson B. Ayer received his education in the local schools, but was not very far advanced in nonage, or teenage, when he began to work. He first worked five years for the G. H. Hoyt & Son box factory, before working for M. A. Howe. This Haverhill factory was originally established by M. A. Howe, and for many years conducted by her. Later, the business passed to Morse & Hoyt, and still later the trading name became C. M. Hoyt. To him Anson B. Ayer was related, through his mother. For forty years, without break, Mr. Ayer has worked in this factory, and of course with the years was given increasingly responsible position in its affairs, until eventually he became one of the firm. In 1911, the trading name was again changed, becoming Ayer & Webster, with Mr. Ayer as principal owner. As such the factory has since been steadily operated, having good connections for its products, shoe boxes. Mr. Ayer is a member of the local lodge of Odd Fellows, and belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen, also to the Haverhill Grange. Socially, he holds membership in the Pentucket Club.

Mr. Ayer married, in 1882, Fannie Dias, of Haverhill, daughter of Robert and Hattie (Bly) Dias, the former a Scot by birth. They have three children: Forest D., George H., and Marion F.

GEORGE H. W. HAYES—One of the most prominent professional men of Ipswich, Massachusetts, is George H. W. Hayes, attorney, whose activities embrace many branches of public endeavor, as well as a successful private practice.

Mr. Hayes was born in Georgetown, Massachusetts, on March 16, 1871, and is a son of John and Catherine (Mahoney) Hayes. Laying the foundation for a broad education in the public schools of his native place, Mr. Hayes continued there through the grammar grades and the high school, then entered Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1895. Passing the examinations for admittance to the Massachusetts bar in the same year, he came to Ipswich in 1896, and since that time has carried on the general practice of law here. Mr. Hayes' prominence in various

branches of the public service form a just appraisal of his success.

Mr. Hayes is a member of the Essex County Bar Association and of the Salem Bar Association, being a member of the executive committee of the latter organization. He was appointed special justice of the Third District Court of Essex county in 1906, serving until 1915, with the exception of such periods as his duties of a public nature called him out of town. In 1915 he was appointed justice of the Third District Court of Essex county by David I. Walsh. During the World War he served as chairman of the Local Exemption Board, District No. 21, State of Massachusetts. He specializes in real estate and probate law.

In the civic activities of Ipswich Mr. Hayes has long been a leader. He served as town counsel from 1900 to 1913. He was a member and chairman of the Ipswich School Committee from 1905 to 1914, and was a member of the Electric Light and Water Commission from 1904 to 1919. In 1913 his services to the town were recognized by his election as representative to the Massachusetts State Legislature, and while a member of that body he served on the Committee on Legal Affairs.

Among his other interests it should be noted that Mr. Hayes is attorney for the Ipswich Savings Bank and for the Ipswich Co-operative Bank. He is a member of the Essex County Republican Club, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Knights of Columbus.

On April 30, 1901, Mr. Hayes married Helen F. O'Brien, daughter of William F. and Sarah (Dunn) O'Brien. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes have four children: Althea V., born June 13, 1902; William F., born February 15, 1904; Zeldia M., born May 25, 1905; and George M., born July 19, 1907.

HUGH LEWIS MOORE, D. D. S., of Newburyport, Massachusetts, was born November 19, 1894, in Taunton, Massachusetts, son of Hugh Joseph and Mary Elizabeth (Maher) Moore. He attended the public schools of Boston, and was graduated from Tufts Dental College in 1914. For the subsequent three years Dr. Moore worked in association with Dr. Kelley, of Boston, then came to Newburyport in 1917, when he engaged in practice for himself. His practice is a general one, specializing in oral surgery. Dr. Moore is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Knights of Columbus; and the Newbury Golf Club.

ROBINSON Y. RUSSELL—Long active in journalism in Lynn, Massachusetts, and now manufacturing paper boxes extensively, with a plant at Chelsea, Massachusetts, Robinson Y. Russell is a representative man of the day.

Mr. Russell was born and educated in Manchester, New Hampshire, and came to Lynn as a young man to enter the world of industry, having learned the printer's trade in his native State. For a time he followed job printing, as he was able to avail him-

self of desirable opportunities. Later he was connected with the "Bee," then a leading newspaper of Lynn. With the comprehensive development of this section, and the multiplicity of manufacturing interests, Mr. Russell saw the opportunity in producing small paper boxes, which were in universal demand. Accordingly, he purchased the plant and interests of Weeks & Company, theretofore manufacturers in this line, in Saugus Center. Under the name of R. Y. Russell he continued this business, and so appreciably increased it that more commodious quarters became an imperative necessity. The most desirable location was found in West Lynn, hence the removal from Saugus Center. The business continued to grow, particularly after its incorporation as Russell's Sons' Company, and further expansion became necessary. Again the securing of a satisfactory location involved a change of address, and the business has since been one of the progressive manufacturing interests of Chelsea, although the greater part of its history has been identified with Essex county. The concern manufactures all kinds of small paper boxes, and in connection with the factory, operates a printing plant. Mr. Russell has for many years been a member of the Knights of Pythias, and is a member of the Congregational church.

Over fifty years ago, in Lynn, Mr. Russell married Frances Adelaide Rowell, daughter of Joseph M. Rowell, who was for many years a customs house officer in Lynn. They were the parents of three children: Harlow, Waldo, and Harriet, the latter now the wife of Fred V. Hart. Mr. Hart was born in Hope Valley, Rhode Island, in 1875, and was educated at Taunton and Lynn, specializing in drawing at night schools, and prepared for the profession of electrical engineer. He is now associated with the E. E. Winkley Company, of Lynn, Massachusetts, and also teaches drawing in the public schools of the city at night. Mr. and Mrs. Hart have three children: Annabelle and Miriam, twins, and Esther. Mrs. Hart is broadly active in the public movements of the day, and a moving spirit in the women's clubs of Lynn. She is at present (1921) vice-chairman of the Republican City Committee, and is also a member of the school board of Lynn, and an earnest worker for progress in all branches of endeavor.

JOHN FRANKLIN JORDAN, M. D.—Among the many professions that of medicine is the most ennobling and helpful to mankind, and the members thereof should be men of high character and integrity, capable of sacrifice and of the utmost devotion to the interests of their fellow men. These traits are prominent in the character of Dr. John Franklin Jordan, whose useful career has gained for him a liberal patronage.

Dr. Jordan was born in Poland, Maine, September 9, 1867, the son of Joseph H. and Ellen A. (Bachelder) Jordan, the former a native of the State of Maine, the latter of New Hampshire.

The early childhood of John Franklin Jordan was

passed in his native place until his parents brought him to Haverhill, Massachusetts, where in the public schools of that city he obtained his elementary education. After graduating from the high school he worked for several years, and then, having chosen the profession of medicine for his life work, he matriculated at the University of Michigan, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1900. That same year he passed the Massachusetts State Board examinations, and then established himself in the active practice of his profession in Haverhill, where he remained for about three years, subsequently removing to his present location, at No. 76 Lynn street, Peabody. Dr. Jordan is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts State Medical Association, and the Peabody Doctors' Club. In everything pertaining to the welfare of the city which he has chosen for his home he takes an active interest and has been chairman of the building committee; trustee of the Peabody Institute; and is now a director of the Warren Five Cent Savings Bank of Peabody. He has served the city as school physician, and was also a member of the school committee for many years. He affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias. In religion he is a Congregationalist and attends the Second Church of that denomination.

On May 26, 1894, Dr. Jordan was united in marriage with Mary A. Marble, of Haverhill, and they are the parents of six children: Esther, wife of Russell A. Walker, of Peabody; Wendell F., a mechanical engineer, of Lynn, Massachusetts, who married Louisa Montgomery, and during the World War was an ensign in the United States navy; Arthur C., a student in the Medical Department of Harvard University; Agnes, Eugene, and Dora E.

ASAH EL HUNTINGTON was a descendant in the seventh generation from Simon Huntington, who, while on passage to New England from England in 1633 with his wife and five children, died at sea. Three of these children later acquired homes in Connecticut, among them Christopher Huntington, the second son, who was one of the patentees of the town of Norwich. Christopher (2) Huntington, son of Christopher (1) Huntington, owned a farm in Franklin, upon which his descendants long lived. Barnabas Huntington, son of Christopher (2) Huntington, was the father of Rev. Asahel Huntington, who was graduated with high honors from Dartmouth College in 1786, and in 1789 was ordained pastor of the church at Topsfield, where he continued his ministerial service until his death in April, 1813, aged fifty-two. He was a true type of the New England pastor, a type that is unknown to the present generation, but was known to the poet. Goldsmith, as the village preacher.

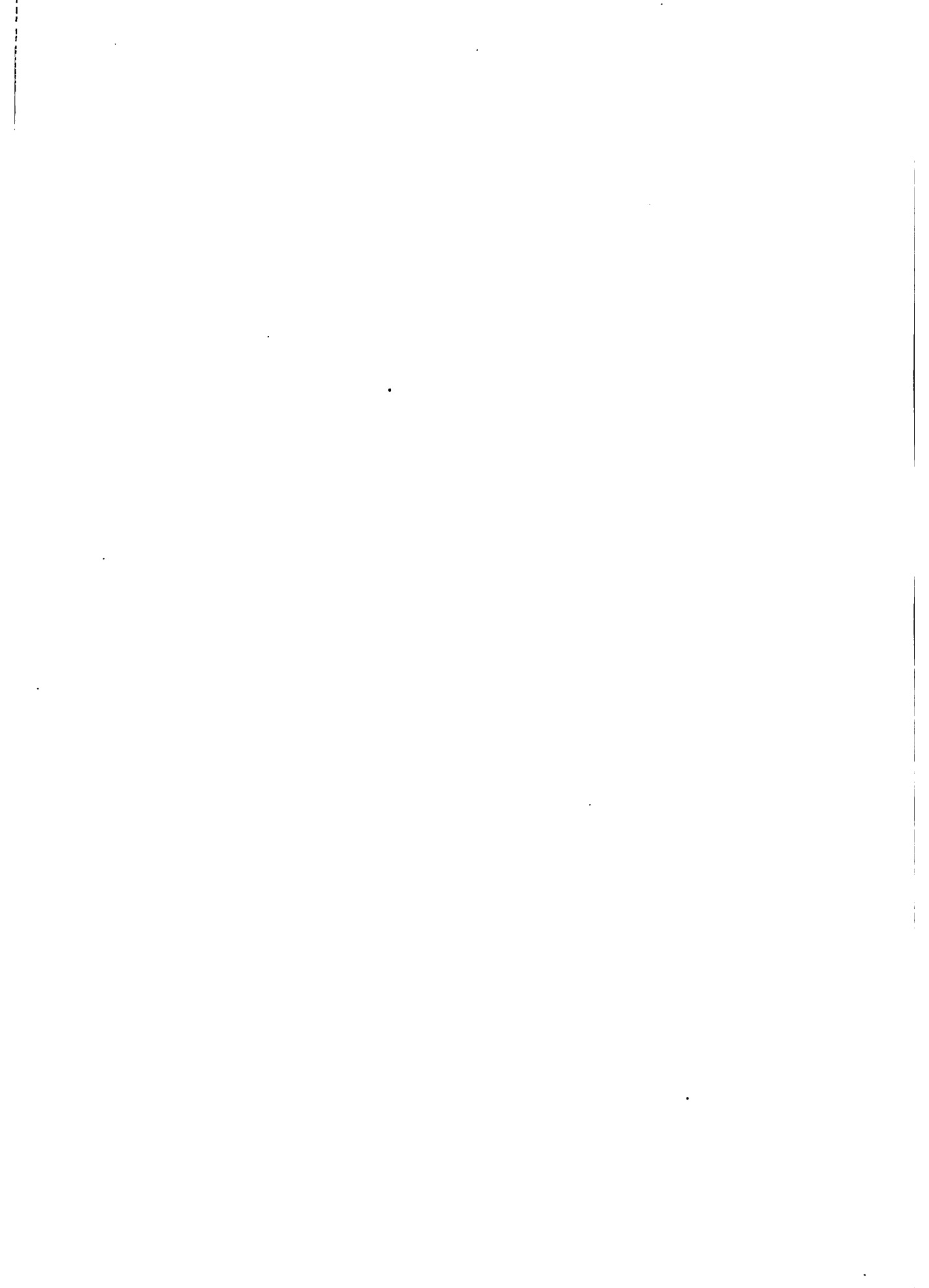
"A man he was to all the country dear,

And passing rich, with forty pounds a year."

He, like others of his profession, taught the village school and had private pupils whom he fitted



Asahel Huntington



for college, and also cultivated a small farm. One of his pupils was Nehemiah Cleveland, LL.D., the elegant scholar and accomplished gentleman who long presided over that ancient institution, Dummer Academy. Rev. Asahel Huntington married Alethea Lord, one of the five daughters of Dr. Elisha Lord, of Pomfret, Connecticut, "a good physician and a good man." She is described as a lady of remarkable dignity and gentleness, prepossessing in appearance; of exceeding kindness and disinterested devotion to others, and of beautiful piety. She died August 31, 1850, surviving her husband, and most fondly cherished by her sons till her death at the age of eighty-four. There were six in this family, the eldest, Lieutenant-Governor Elisha Huntington, M. D.; the second son, Asahel, whose memory is herein commemorated; the third son, Hezekiah, who died in Vermont in 1828. The other children were daughters, all of whom died young.

Asahel Huntington, second son of Rev. Asahel and Alethea (Lord) Huntington, was born at Topsfield, Essex county, Massachusetts, July 23, 1798, died at Beverly, Massachusetts, September 5, 1870, and was buried with his parents and kindred in the cemetery at Topsfield. His education began under his scholarly father, whom he lost when fifteen years of age, was continued at Phillips Andover Academy, which he entered in 1818, and in the fall of 1815 he entered Yale College, whence he was graduated in course, class of 1819. President Woolsey, who was one class behind him, testifies that the younger students considered Asahel Huntington as the leading man of his class, although his graduation rank was second. He was president of his class in his senior year, and in the literary society the recognized class leader.

After leaving college, Asahel Huntington began the study of law under John Scott, of Newburyport, and for a year resided in the family of Asa D. Wildes, whose place he supplied for one year as teacher in the high school. That interruption lengthened his law course, and it was not until four and one-half years later that he was ready for examination. He had, in the meantime, early in 1822, moved to Salem, and there became a law student under Judge Cummins, and a fellow-student with Rufus Choate. He passed his bar examinations with honor, and was admitted in March, 1824. He at once began practice, and had as competitors a number of gifted young lawyers who later became famous. These included Messrs. Choate, Rantoul, Cushing and others, but Mr. Huntington was not to be denied, and he quickly won popular confidence and a practice.

As a lawyer, the strength of Asahel Huntington was as a prosecutor, and of him in that capacity it could be said, as of Burke, that "as an accuser he was terrific." In attack he used all weapons at his command, and used them with tremendous energy. He managed his own case with great skill, and in addressing a jury he had a wonderful power to awaken that subtle, sympathetic response in their

minds which wins more surely than weight of argument. But this by no means implies that his success was limited to criminal practice, for he had an extensive general practice, and was retained in many of the more important civil causes of his day. He was perhaps best known to his brethren of the profession as clerk of the courts of Essex county.

In 1830 Mr. Huntington was appointed county attorney, an office that was superseded by that of district attorney, the district embracing Essex and Middlesex counties. To this new office he was appointed and he held it continuously until 1845, when he resigned. Middlesex county was detached from the district, and in 1847 Mr. Huntington accepted the office for Essex county. In April, 1851, he was appointed by the Supreme Judicial Court, clerk of the courts of Essex county, and with his acceptance his private practice of law ceased. The office was at first appointive, but later was made elective, and he was chosen to it by the people, was twice re-elected, and was holding the office at the time of his death, September 5, 1870.

As early as 1827 Mr. Huntington was elected to represent Essex county in the Massachusetts Legislature, and he could have been returned but for his opposing the incorporation of Salem Theatre. In 1853 he was a member of the Massachusetts Constitutional Convention, and Mayor of Salem. From 1827 to 1829 he was a member and clerk of the Salem School Board, and also served the following years: 1830-1832, 1840-1842, 1846-1847, 1857-1858, making thirteen years of school board service, which may stand as competent evidence as to his interest in the cause of public education. His interest in those institutions of which he had been a student was lifelong. When in 1865 Phillips Andover Academy met with a severe fire loss, Mr. Huntington made quick response to the call made upon the alumni for aid, and was interested in a class benefaction to Yale College while chairman of a class meeting held in 1865. For twenty-four years, 1846-1870, he was trustee of Dummer Academy, and from May, 1861, to May, 1865, he was president of the Essex Institute in Salem. He was president of the Salem Dispensary Association; an official member and staunch friend of Massachusetts Temperance Alliance; honorary member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions; and a generous contributor to many good causes. He had business interests in Salem which resulted in his becoming president of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Company, the largest manufacturing corporation in Salem, and he was a director of the Holyoke Insurance Company.

Mr. Huntington's religious convictions were very decided, and he warmly cherished the faith of his fathers. He was a most exemplary worshipper, rarely being absent from his seat in the church on the Sabbath day. While he never made public profession nor joined any church, his liberal spirit in that respect was not inconsistent with the positive opinions he held. The fundamental thing with him

was his conviction of the Divine authority of the Scriptures as a rule of faith.

Asahel Huntington married, in August, 1842, Mrs. Caroline Louisa (De Blois) Tucker, widow of Charles C. C. Tucker, of Boston, Massachusetts, and mother of a son, Richard D. Tucker, then a lad of nine years, who later became a partner of Peele, Hubbell & Company, at Manila. The Huntington home in Salem was an abode of generous hospitality and of rare domestic happiness. Mr. and Mrs. Huntington were the parents of three children: William De Blois, Sarah Louisa, and Arthur Lord, of whom only the two younger survived their father.

The Essex Bar Association, at a special meeting held September 6, 1870, took appropriate action upon the death of Asahel Huntington, and on Monday, September 9, 1870, in the Superior Court, then in session in Salem, Judge Pulnam presiding, trial was suspended that a memorial prepared by the bar might be presented to the court. After the reading of the memorial by Alfred A. Abbott, several members spoke in eulogy of their dead comrade, Judge Pulnam closing with an eloquent tribute to his friend. The Essex Institute adopted a series of resolutions upon the death of their former president, which acknowledged the indebtedness of the institute to his interest, and the City Council, through its Board of Aldermen and Common Council, paid fitting tribute to their former chief magistrate, Asahel Huntington. The directors of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Company expressed their appreciation of the life and character of their late president in resolutions most cordial and appreciative. From Dummer Academy, from the Holyoke Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and from Essex South District Temperance Union, came similar resolutions of respect and appreciation, while Essex Institute held a special meeting, at which a lengthy memorial address was delivered by Otis P. Lord.

There were incidents of interest in the life of Asahel Huntington to which reference might be made. His devotion to his widowed mother, who survived her husband nearly forty years, was most touching. Several years after her death, at the age of eighty-five, he thus refers to her: "She has been the delight and charm of my life, and I will cherish her memory in all honor and with the highest filial love." But the life of Mr. Huntington did not consist of here and there a brilliant exhibition; an occasional exploit; no extraordinary effort to startle or enchant. "There was rather a daily beauty which everywhere and at all times gave a charm to his life, developing a well-formed and symmetrical character—of active duty, kindly and faithfully done; of constant sympathy flowing in continuous benevolence; and unfailing integrity, seeking to be right rather than to be brilliant, dealing justly and truly in all conditions of life."

JAMES J. OWENS, box manufacturer, head of the firm of John Owens & Company, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, is a native of that place, born Feb-

ruary 28, 1880, the son of John and Catherine (Duffe) Owens, the former originally of Prince Edward Island, Canada, and the latter of Lowell, Massachusetts.

James J. Owens received his academic education in Haverhill public schools, and went to Boston for a commercial course in the Bryant & Stratton Commercial School. After graduating therefrom he associated in business with his father in the manufacture of wooden and paper boxes for the shoe industry in particular, and in course of time developed one of the largest manufacturing businesses in Haverhill in that line. John Owens died February 4, 1915, and since that time his son, James J., has been in control of the company's operations. The factory is situated at No. 402 River street, and an indication of its importance and volume of trading is conveyed by its extent, the plant having capacity of 26,000 square feet, and employing more than sixty persons. In addition, Mr. Owens is the treasurer and one of the principal owners of the Newton Box Company, of Haverhill.

Mr. Owens holds industriously to business, and has sought no office in the public administration, though he takes a helpful interest in the public affairs of the community. Fraternally he is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Knights of Columbus. Socially he belongs to the Pentucket Club, and finds healthful exercise on the links of the Island Golf Club occasionally.

Mr. Owens married, in 1905, Mary J. Pettingall, daughter of William and Margaret (McGrath) Pettingall, of Newburyport, Massachusetts, the former a sea captain. They have one child, a son, James J., Jr.

CHARLES A. MORIN—After an absence of quite a few years, Charles A. Morin again came to Newburyport, Massachusetts, in 1916, and very soon gave indication that he had a right to be placed among the leading shoe executives of Essex county. When he came to Newburyport, in 1916, to take charge of the shoe plant of the Burley & Stevens Company, in the capacity of general manager, he put into operation a system which he had long been convinced would be effective, and he soon proved that it was. Indeed, it is said that the system he instituted completely revolutionized the making of shoes there, and established for the Burley & Stevens product a reputation for excellence which has materially benefited the company. Formerly they specialized in girls', boys' and ladies' shoes, but under Mr. Morin's management the specialty became men's shoes, and upon that line their reputation has since been built. By the way, the present is not the first connection Mr. Morin has had with the company. The history of the company is elsewhere reviewed in this department of Essex County History, but Mr. Morin's former connection with it was in the old days, prior to the reconstruction, when it was operated as Burley & Usher. It is interesting to note a resolution Mr. Morin made when

he left the company. He determined that he would not again come under the company's employ until he was offered the place once held by Mr. Burley, the general manager of the plant. He achieved his ambition, being now general manager, also vice-president, though his place is of course not quite that held by the late Mr. Burley, who was the principal owner. However, Mr. Morin has the actual management of the company's operations, just as Mr. Burley once had, and he has shown his value to the company during the last five years. When it is stated that the Newburyport plant of the Burley & Stevens Company finds employment for about four hundred people, it will be realized that it is one of the important industrial plants of the place. The output is about 3,500 pairs of shoes a day, when working at full capacity, and the factory has about 150,000 square feet of floor space. Since Mr. Morin has been a member of the firm, the chief officials of the corporation have been: John P. Stevens, president and treasurer; Charles A. Morin, vice-president and general manager; George M. Foster, assistant treasurer and secretary.

Charles A. Morin was born in Stoneham, Massachusetts, on August 15, 1871, the son of David and Mary A. (Hulin) Morin, he being the eldest of six children, three sons and three daughters, born to his parents. His mother, who died in 1894, was of a Stoneham, Massachusetts, family, but his father was of Quebec, Canada. He is still living and actively engaged in business, being superintendent of a shoe factory.

Charles A. Morin was educated in the public schools of Stoneham, Massachusetts, and later attended business college. His first two years of business life were given to his father, who then owned a livery stable business at Stoneham. However, after two years, Charles A. left his father and went to Lynn, Massachusetts, where for a year he worked for a wholesale leather merchant of that place. Then came his introduction to the Burley & Usher Company. He worked for that company at their Milton, New Hampshire, plant, for three years, and then was transferred to the Newburyport plant, where he worked for ten years, at the end of that time severing his connection with the company and going to Springvale, Maine, where he became at once foreman for the W. R. Usher & Son Shoe Company. There he remained for four years, leaving then to enter into business for himself at East Weymouth. He organized and incorporated a company known as the Lewis Shoe Company, Inc., and was president and general manager of it, but eighteen months later he disposed of his interest in it, and acquired a one-third interest in the Cass & Daley Shoe Company, of Salem, Massachusetts. He took active part in the functioning of that company until 1916, when he again became connected with the Newburyport Company, Burley & Stevens, being appointed its general manager, and elected vice-president, capacities he has since held. He thus achieved the main ambition of his life.

Mr. Morin is widely known among shoe men, and

is well regarded in Newburyport by those who know him. He is a Mason, belonging to all orders up to the Shrine; is a member of the Knights of Pythias; the Colonial Club, of Salem; and the Homestead Golf Club.

Mr. Morin married, in 1891, Grace M. Downs, of Milton, New Hampshire, daughter of Albert F. and Dora M. Downs, the former a contractor at that place. Mr. and Mrs. Morin have two children: George D., who was born in 1893; and Ruth E., born in 1895.

JAMES PATRICK MAHONEY, LL. B.—Among the younger attorneys of Essex county, Massachusetts, the records of the legal profession of Lynn would be incomplete without the name of James P. Mahoney, whose offices are located at No. 81 Exchange street.

Mr. Mahoney was born August 17, 1896, and is a son of James and Mary A. Mahoney, of Lynn. Acquiring his early education in the public schools of this city, Mr. Mahoney was graduated from the Lynn Classical High School in the class of 1915. Thereafter entering the Boston University Law School, he was graduated from that institution in the class of 1919, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of the same year. Meanwhile, Mr. Mahoney enlisted for service in the World War, in September, 1917, was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Balloon Service, and stationed in the Toule sector in France. After many months of service he was honorably discharged, in February, 1919, and returned to Lynn, where he began the practice of law, and has since carried on a general practice in his chosen profession.

Mr. Mahoney is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and of the American Legion. He was the first delegate from this city to the national convention of the Legion, held at Minneapolis, Minnesota.

ORVILLE A. MARTIN, president of the Thompson-Martin Company, Inc., of Haverhill, Massachusetts, is among the enterprising and active young business men of Haverhill. He was born in Bay City, Michigan, on April 10, 1890, son of Nye C. and Christine (Olson) Martin, of that place. His father was an engineer at Bay City, and died in 1913.

Orville A. Martin was educated in the public schools of Bay City, but was not yet twelve years old when he began to work. For about three years after leaving school he was in the employ of the Slaters Quarry Company, of Graniteville, New York. In 1904 he came into Massachusetts, and for the next four years lived in Franklin, Massachusetts, the years being passed in auto repair work. In 1908 he went to Norwood, Massachusetts, and there opened a garage, which he conducted in addition to the one he had established in Franklin. About five years later he gave up the garage business and became a salesman and subsequently manager for H. J. Collins, of Haverhill, whose automobile business

covered the garage, service, repairs and supplies lines. Eventually, on April 25, 1921, Mr. Martin, with Fred J. Thompson, Jr., acquired the whole business from Mr. Collins, and formed the firm of the Thompson-Martin Company to conduct the same. The service station is at No. 62 Elm street, Haverhill, and is well situated for good business. Mr. Martin is president of the company, and gives most of his time to his affairs.

Mr. Martin married, in 1914, Bertha W. Penney, of Newark, Ohio, daughter of John Penney (now deceased), of Ohio, a florist by trade. Mr. and Mrs. Martin have one child, a daughter, Esther Christina, who was born in 1915.

HENRY E. CHASE—Prominent in various branches of public activity, and a successful business man, Henry E. Chase, of Cliftondale, Massachusetts, is taking a part in the general progress of the community, as well as carrying forward his own personal interest.

Mr. Chase is of Maine birth, but of Massachusetts ancestry. Luke Chase, his grandfather, left Massachusetts with an ox team in 1826, and became one of the early settlers of Paris, Maine, his son, Nathan, being eleven years old at that time. Nathan Chase was born at Paxton, Massachusetts, and was a lifelong farmer; he married Mary A. Thayer.

Henry E. Chase, son of Nathan and Mary A. (Thayer) Chase, was born in Paris, Maine, on March 10, 1853. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native place, the young man took a course at the Oxford Normal Institute, and spent a few years teaching. Then, in 1892, he came to Lynn, Massachusetts, and entered the leather business. Starting in a modest way, he began the manufacture of heels and counters, on Washington street, in Lynn. He remained in this business for eighteen years, but as time passed he became deeply interested in the development of the city of Lynn as an industrial and residential center. Gaining a general familiarity with the real estate field as an opportunity in a business way, he sold out his manufacturing interests and entered the real estate business, locating in Cliftondale. At the same time he took up the insurance business, allying himself with the leading companies of this country. He has been most successful in this new line, and is now one of the leading men in this vicinity in real estate and insurance circles.

In political affiliation Mr. Chase is a supporter of the Republican party. He ably fills the office of notary public, and is now serving his second term in this capacity. Fraternally, Mr. Chase is a member of Mt. Necca Lodge, No. 17, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Paris, Maine; and was master of the Oxford County Pomona Grange for many years. He has long been a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of Cliftondale, and for four years has been treasurer of this society; he also served in the same capacity

in the Lynn Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Chase married, in 1877, in Paris, Maine, Lucetta E. Penley, daughter of James F. and Lodiaka (Swan) Penley, of that town. Mr. Penley spent his lifetime in agricultural pursuits. Mr. and Mrs. Chase have one daughter, Mabel Lodiaka, who was born on November 26, 1878, and is now the wife of Frank A. Carter, formerly consulting engineer for the Boston Elevated railway, but now an invalid from overwork. Mr. and Mrs. Carter have two children: John A., who was born on April 19, 1898, and is now a salesman in Boston; and Ruth A., born on January 21, 1900, who is now a student at the Boston University.

WALTER HEMAN SARGENT, deceased, was widely known and much respected by residents in the Amesbury and Merrimac districts of Massachusetts. He was a descendant of one of the oldest Massachusetts families, the ancestor of this family coming over in the "Mayflower," and was one of the seamen on the ship. The line traces back to Richard Sargent, an officer of the Royal navy of Great Britain, who was in the Virginia colony early in the seventeenth century, and came into Massachusetts about 1834, settling for two years in Ipswich, Massachusetts, and thereafter being recorded as of Salisbury, Massachusetts. There are several branches of the old Colonial family, and some of the scions have given distinguished service to the State and Nation. The branch to which the Sargents of Amesbury and West Amesbury belong have farmed ancestral estates for many generations.

Orlando Sargent, great-great-grandfather of Walter Heman Sargent, was born in West Amesbury, April 21, 1728, and farmed there for the greater part of his life. He died on April 3, 1803. He was twice married; his first wife, Sarah Balch, of Groveland, Massachusetts, was born in 1733, married on December 26, 1751, and died on December 10, 1753. On January 9, 1755, Orlando Sargent married (second) Betsy Barnard, of West Amesbury. She was born in 1732, and died on November 3, 1808. One child was born to the first marriage, Abigail, born January 22, 1753 (death not given). To the second marriage eleven children were born: Sarah, born December 14, 1755, death not given; Moses, of whom further; Jonathan, born February 25, 1759, death not given; Betsy, born January 19, 1761, died August 16, 1761; Tabitha, born July 4, 1763, death not given; Jonathan, born July 14, 1765, died May 20, 1795; Ichabod B., born December 27, 1766, died May 1, 1849; Orlando, who was born in 1769, and died August 1, 1850; Betsy, born March 10, 1771, death not given; Molly, born June 12, 1772, died July 21, 1781; and Rhoda, born July 29, 1775, date of death not given.

Moses Sargent, son of Orlando and Betsy (Barnard) Sargent, of West Amesbury, Massachusetts, was born there on July 4, 1757, and died

February 13, 1836. He was a farmer, and married Dolly Sargent, of West Amesbury, on June 1, 1780. She was born on July 16, 1758, and died January 3, 1839. Their children were: Betsy, born November 24, 1784, death not given; Jonathan, of whom further; Sally, born June 18, 1789, death not given; Rhoda, born August 9, 1792, died in 1860; Orlando (2), born October 11, 1794, death not given; Dolly, born July 13, 1797, died August 30, 1831; Moses, born May 12, 1801, died February 15, 1862.

Jonathan Sargent, son of Moses and Dolly (Sargent) Sargent, was born at West Amesbury, Massachusetts, August 20, 1787, and died there on October 2, 1859. He followed farming, and was married (first) to Betsy Sargent, of the same place, on December 24, 1817. She was born December 5, 1794, and died May 15, 1845. On April 11, 1846, Jonathan Sargent married (second) Eliza Kelly, of West Amesbury. She was born March 14, 1806, and died July 29, 1866. The children, both by the first wife, were: George W., of whom further; and Mary E., born July 30, 1824, died March 6, 1893.

George W. Sargent, son of Jonathan and Betsy (Sargent) Sargent, was born in West Amesbury, Massachusetts, November 25, 1819, and died April 25, 1904. He was engaged in farming and lumbering, and married, on December 31, 1854, Myra Sargent, of West Amesbury, now Merrimac, born April 10, 1832, died May 14, 1907, the daughter of Richard W. and Sally (Sargent) Sargent, the former born in West Amesbury, March 4, 1800, died there October 23, 1862, a farmer, the latter born January 3, 1803, died January 15, 1879. She was a granddaughter of Orlando and Hannah (Welch) Sargent, the former born in West Amesbury, January 20, 1769, and died August 1, 1850, a farmer; his wife, Hannah (Welch) Sargent, was born May 6, 1770, died July 13, 1856. Four children were born to George W. and Myra (Sargent) Sargent, as follows: Walter Heman, of whom further; Homer Roscoe (q. v.); Edgar Porter (q. v.); and George Allen (q. v.).

Walter Heman Sargent, eldest child of George W. and Myra (Sargent) Sargent, was born in West Amesbury, Massachusetts, November 1, 1855. He was educated in the public schools of his native place, and eventually graduated from the high school. After leaving school he gave his time to farming and lumbering, in association with his father. He continued active connection with those industries until his death, which occurred on September 17, 1902.

Mr. Sargent married, September 24, 1894, Lizzie I. Huntington, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Sarah Elizabeth (Sawyer) Huntington (see Huntington line). To Mr. and Mrs. Sargent was born one child, a son, Franklin Huntington Sargent, who was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, on January 24, 1900. He attended the public schools at Amesbury, also the Essex County Agricultural School.

He married, September 14, 1921, Iva Mae Johnson, of Bradford, Massachusetts, a daughter of Marion and Ellen (Durgan) Johnson, the former a marble-cutter by trade.

(The Huntington Line)

The Huntington family is among the old families of New England, and its branches are numerous spread throughout the eastern States. It has given many distinguished men to the nation, among them Samuel Huntington (1732-96), a signer of the Declaration of Independence. He was of a Connecticut branch. One of the Massachusetts branches is that to which Mrs. Lizzie Israella (Huntington) Sargent, widow of Walter Heman Sargent, of Amesbury, Massachusetts, belongs. Her great-great-grandfather was John Huntington, who was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, August 15, 1737. He was a farmer, and married Hannah Weed, of Amesbury. Their children were: Jacob, born September 28, 1758, died in 1779; Benjamin, born April 24, 1760, death not given; Moses, of whom further; John, born August 25, 1766, died July 5, 1853; he was a soldier of the Revolution, member of Captain John Currier's company, and later of Captain Simeon Brown's company, of Colonel Jacob Garrih's regiment, during the war; he enlisted August 11, 1775, and was discharged July 3, 1778; Hannah, born August 23, 1768, died September 10, 1841; Mary, born in 1769, died about 1814; David, born May 13, 1770, died March, 1841; Sarah no dates given; Judith, born April 2, 1773; died June 19, 1851; Abigail, no dates given.

Moses Huntington, third son of John and Hannah (Weed) Huntington of Amesbury, was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, May 25, 1768, and died January 15, 1854. He was a farmer, and married Hannah Page, of Berwick, Maine. Their children were: Enoch, born December 27, 1794, died in December, 1884; John, born September 7, 1797, died October 27 1888; Ruth, born in 1799, died in 1800; Jacob, of whom further; Philip, born May 22, 1803, died September 8, 1880; Donald, born March 17, 1806, died January 24, 1887; Moses, born May 6, 1809, died April 11, 1899; Lydia Jones, born May 14, 1812, died December 29, 1868; Ephraim, born July 16, 1816, died May 17, 1877.

Jacob Huntington, fourth child of Moses and Hannah (Page) Huntington, of Amesbury, was born there on January 16, 1801, and died May 4, 1892. He was a farmer, and married (first) Elizabeth Huntington, of Hennecker, New Hampshire, on October 31, 1834. She was born March 29, 1813, and died September 16, 1838. On June 20, 1842, he married (second) Hannah Peasley, of Pittsfield, New Hampshire. To Jacob and Elizabeth (Huntington) Huntington was born one child, a son, Benjamin Franklin, of whom further. To Jacob Huntington, by his second wife, Hannah (Peasley) Huntington, was born a daughter, Elizabeth, on May 17, 1844, and a son, John Warren, on August 10 1853.

Benjamin Franklin Huntington, only child of

Jacob and Elizabeth (Huntington) Huntington, was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, on September 7, 1838. He died May 10, 1907, having farmed in Amesbury for the greater part of his life. He married Sarah Elizabeth Sawyer, of West Newbury, on December 2, 1863. She was born on September 27, 1842, and died July 29, 1914. Their children were: Lizzie Israella, who was born on October 25, 1864, and married Walter Heman Sargent, September 24, 1894, (see Sargent); Ellen Augusta, born October 2, 1869; Mabel Sawyer, born February 9, 1878, died June 15, 1878.

HOMER ROSCOE SARGENT, who has been in farming and lumbering business in and near Merrimac, Massachusetts, for the greater part of his life, and has for many years taken a prominent part in the public affairs of that place, was born in West Amesbury, December 14, 1857, the son of George W. and Myra (Sargent) Sargent (see preceding sketch).

Homer Roscoe Sargent was educated in the public schools of West Amesbury, and at the Merrimac High School. After leaving school he took to the farming work with energy, and has ever since held to it, with the success that comes only by persistent effort. He has gained for himself a good place in the esteem of the people of the community. He has entered much into public affairs; was a selectman of Merrimac for six years, and chairman of the Board of Selectmen for three years; he has been trustee of the cemetery, overseer of the poor, and a member of the Board of Health commissioners. He is also trustee of the Merrimack Savings Bank, and fraternally belongs to the Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He has been especially active in the operation of the local Grange, being overseer, past master, and secretary of it. He also has at various times lectured in the Grange.

Mr. Sargent married (first) at West Newbury, Massachusetts, June 17, 1891, Lydia A. Hoyt, of that place. She was born on October 16, 1867, and died on December 10, 1908. On February 15, 1911, Mr. Sargent married (second) Annie E. Knight, of Haverhill, Massachusetts. She was born in Lee, New Hampshire, on August 16, 1869. There was issue of the first marriage, the children of Homer R. and Lydia A. (Hoyt) Sargent being: Richard E. (q.v.); George Leonard (q.v.); Frederick H. (deceased), born October 18, 1897, died December 24, 1914; Porter R. (deceased), born July 11, 1900, died December 10, 1904; and Walter H., born March 21, 1904.

EDGAR PORTER SARGENT, president of the Merrimac Savings Bank, belongs to the Sargent family of Colonial record. The family has been resident for many generations in the Amesbury part of Essex county, and the ancestral estate is still in the possession of the family. Genealogical record is given in a previous sketch of his brother, Walter Heman Sargent.

Edgar P. Sargent was born in West Amesbury,

on August 6, 1861, son of George W. and I. (Sargent) Sargent (q.v.) both of West Amesbury. He grew to manhood in the paternal home, after attending school in his native place and Merrimac, where he was a high school student, associated with his father in farming and lumbering until the latter's death. Agriculture has been his main occupation since, though he has given time to several other responsibilities of public or semi-public character. He has been for many years identified with the Merrimac Savings Bank, of which is now president; and he is a past master of the Amesbury Grange. Politically, he gives support to the Republican party. By religious conviction is a Congregationalist, as have been members of the Sargent family for some generations. Edgar P. Sargent is a valued member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church of Merrimac.

Mr. Sargent married Mrs. Amy (Palmer) Evans of Kensington, New Hampshire, on June 16, 1914. She is the daughter of Daniel Ellery and Mart (Brown) Palmer, of Kensington, New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Sargent have one child, a son, Edgar Palmer Sargent, who was born on June 30, 1911 and there is a daughter, Gertrude L. Evans, by Mr. Sargent's first marriage.

GEORGE ALLEN SARGENT, son of George W. and Myra (Sargent) Sargent, and brother of Walter Heman Sargent (q.v.), was born in West Amesbury, Massachusetts, on February 13, 1864. He was educated in the public school of West Amesbury, and also attended the schools of the town of Merrimac, eventually entering the Merrimac High School. When his schooldays were over he assisted his father in the work of the home farm, and in the somewhat extensive lumbering operations conducted by the father. He has followed these lines ever since, being well known in the district, and a respected member of the Merrimac Grange. Politically, Mr. Sargent is a Republican. And for very many years he has been a member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, of Merrimac.

Mr. Sargent married, June 11, 1908, Jeanette M. Hatch, of South Hampton, New Hampshire, daughter of Lemuel O. and Emily F. Hatch.

RICHARD EMERY SARGENT, eldest son of Homer Roscoe and Lydia A. (Hoyt) Sargent (q.v.), was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, June 29, 1898. In his boyhood and youth Richard E. attended the schools of Merrimac, and after graduating from the Merrimac High School, went into his father's lumber business in Merrimac, and has continued in that line to the present.

Richard E. Sargent is a member of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of Pilgrim Congregational Church, of Merrimac.

Mr. Sargent married, in 1917, Anna H. Rodigrass, of Bradford, Massachusetts, daughter of George W. and Roxey (Hopkinson) Rodigrass, of that place; she passed away December 1st, 1921. The father of Mrs. Richard E. Sargent is well known in Brad-

W. and Ky
West Amer
ernal home, a
ve place and
hool student,
g and lumber
re has been
as given tim
ic or semi-pi
ny years ide
nk, of which
master of b
rives support
conviction
en member
ations. Edg
e Pilgrim Co

(Palmer) Ew
June 16, 18
y and Mr
w Hamp
a son, I
une 30,
vans, by:

of George I
ther of W
West Amer
, 1864. H
West Amer
the town of
rimac High
he assisted
and in the
conducted
lines ever
and a re-
Political-
for very
Pilgrim

netie M.
daugh-

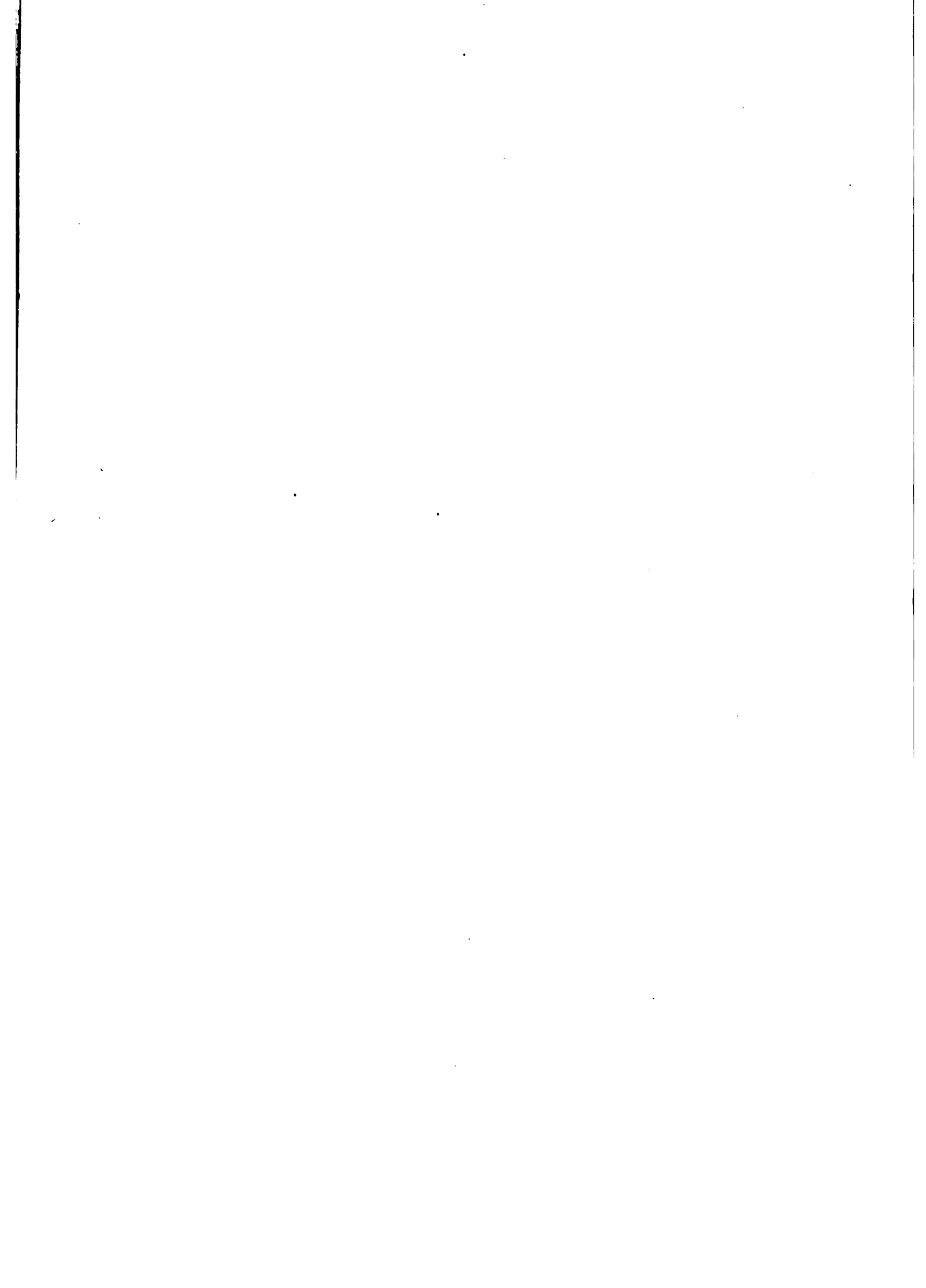
on of
(p.v.),
1898.
the
n the
lum-
ed in

erside
nd of

grass,
ge W.
place;
ather
Brad-



George W. Sargent

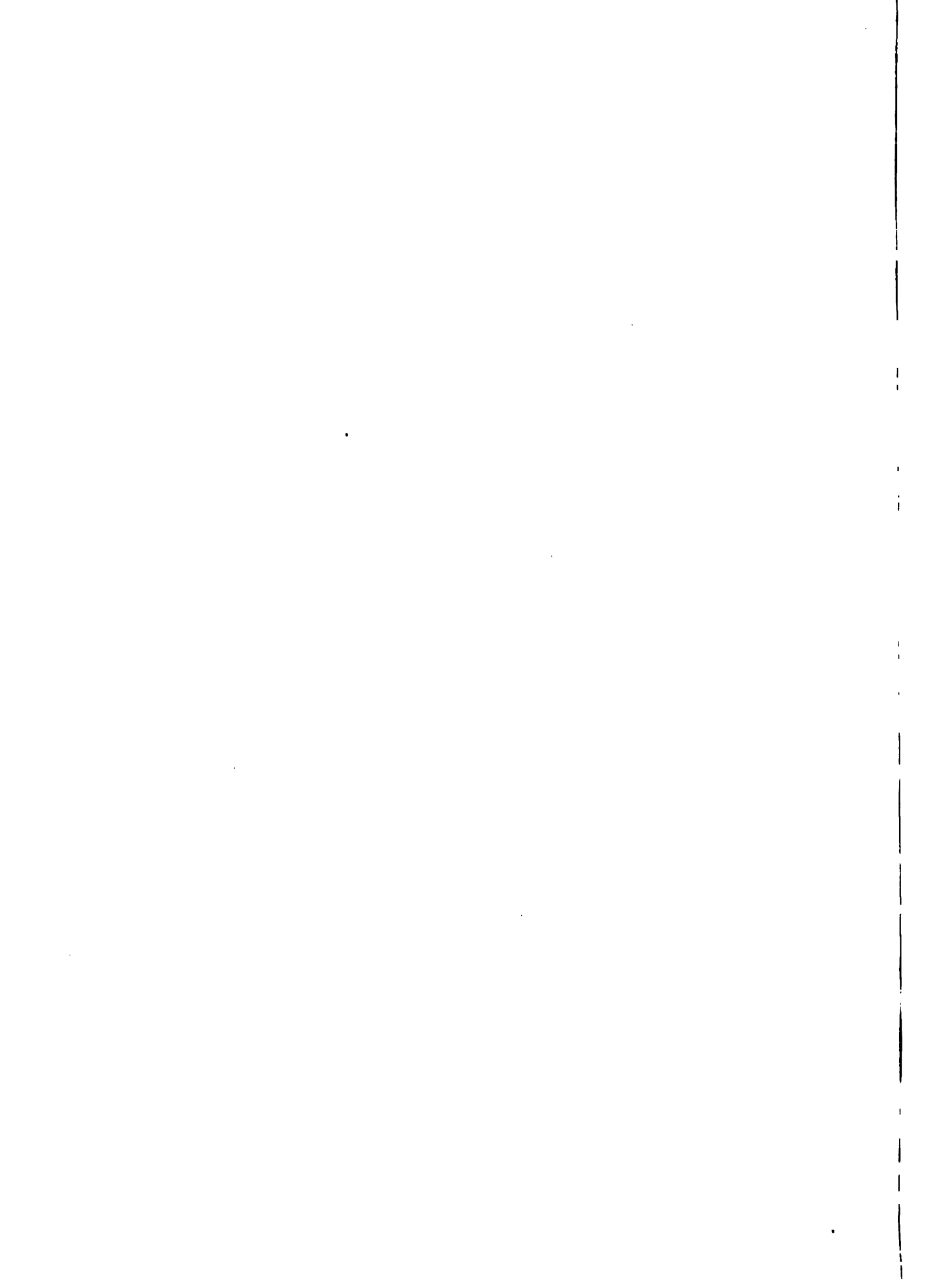




Homer R Sargent



George A. Sargent



year. For the next three years he was dental surgeon at Forsythe Infirmary, there doing dental surgery for dentists in and around Boston, Massachusetts, and in 1917 came to Peabody, where he opened his present office, in the O'Shea building, at No. 23 Main street, which has been his headquarters ever since. Here he has been devoting himself to the surgical branch of the profession and is speedily winning the confidence of the people, consequently a large and valuable practice is now at his command.

On March 4, 1918, Dr. Bugler enlisted in the Medical Department of the United States army and was commissioned first lieutenant and assigned to Camp Jackson, South Carolina, where he received his honorable discharge December 15, 1918, and is now in the Reserve Corps. He fraternizes with the American Legion, the Knights of Columbus, and the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Dr. Bugler is a trustee of the Peabody Public Library Board, and in connection with his profession, is United States Public Health Examiner for veterans of the World War. In politics he is an independent, preferring to vote for the man regardless of party label. His religious affiliations are with the Roman Catholics, and he is a devout member of St. John's Roman Catholic Church of Peabody. Dr. Bugler is unmarried.

PATRICK A. MCSWEENEY—For many years the name of McSweeney in Salem, Massachusetts, has been identified with private enterprise and public endeavor. Patrick A. McSweeney is now one of the leading real estate dealers of this city. He was born in Salem, on August 11, 1878, and is a son of Dennis and Mary (Dempsey) McSweeney, natives of County Cork, Ireland.

Receiving a practical education in the public schools of Salem, the boy went out early into the world of industry, beginning life in a shoe factory, where he remained for seven years. But he was ambitious to achieve something more in life than a round of drudgery in the shops, and at the end of this time started out in a modest way, in the real estate business. Possessed of genuine business ability, resourceful to an unusual degree, and deeply interested in the progress of his native city, the young man found his way quickly to the high road of success. An element of fearlessness entered into his makeup, and when the crucial period came in the real estate business in Salem, Mr. McSweeney was prepared to make history. This was in 1914, when the great fire had destroyed a large part of the city, and left thousands of people homeless.

At this time Mr. McSweeney organized the Loring Realty Company, their property comprising the Loring farm, of three hundred and twenty acres. This property was named Pickering Park, and almost over night new homes began to go up for those whose homes had been destroyed by fire. This property was well outside the devastated district, and is now a charming suburb. This radically and beneficently constructive operation involved a

deal of between \$200,000 and \$300,000 and was handled by Mr. McSweeney, who was made president of the Loring Realty Company. This placed him in the forefront of the realty interests in Salem, and he has continued to go forward in his chosen line of endeavor.

Mr. McSweeney is interested in every phase of public progress. He was treasurer of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, and is a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and is secretary of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. On June 21, 1900, Mr. McSweeney married Mary E. Regan, of Peabody, Massachusetts, daughter of Michael and Mary (Barrett) Regan, also natives of County Cork, Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. McSweeney have three children: Mary L., who is now employed in the Internal Revenue Department in Boston; William H. (2), in school; and Morgan. The family are members of the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

MORGAN J. MCSWEENEY, son of Dennis and Mary (Dempsey) McSweeney, and a younger brother of Patrick A. McSweeney (see preceding sketch), is a prominent attorney of Salem, Massachusetts, and is clerk of the District Court of Essex county. He was born in Salem, on November 9, 1875, and received a limited education in the public schools of the city, being obliged to leave school very early on account of the death of his parents. He was only ten years of age when his father died, and his mother passed away five years later. Thus he worked with his older brother in the shoe factory, and together they cared for the family, giving the younger brother the opportunities denied them. Nevertheless Morgan J. McSweeney held to his cherished purpose in life, which was the practice of the law. He studied at home nights until he was relieved of the responsibilities courageously borne, and finally, in 1904, attended the law school conducted by Charles H. Innes, of Boston.

Meanwhile, his younger brother, William H., had concluded his studies and was admitted to the bar. For a time Mr. McSweeney studied in his brother's office, then, in 1907, was admitted to the bar of Essex county. His success has been such as would reflect credit upon any man, even without the handicap with which he began. In 1912 Mr. McSweeney was appointed clerk of the First District Court of Essex county, and has served continuously in that capacity ever since.

In 1901 he was a member of the Board of Health; in 1900-01 a member of the Common Council; and in 1904 was appointed License Commissioner, which position he filled until 1910. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society. He is also a member of the Rotary Club. He has never married, and is a member of the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

WILLIAM HENRY McSWEENEY, son of Denis and Mary (Dempsey) McSweeney, and the youngest brother of Patrick A. and Morgan J. McSweeney (see two preceding sketches), was born in Salem, Massachusetts, on February 25, 1878. He received his early education in the public schools of the city, and continued at St. Mary's Educational Institute of Salem. Choosing the profession of the law, he pursued his studies in the office of M. L. Sullivan. On October 8, 1900, Mr. McSweeney was admitted to the bar, then began the career in which he is winning gratifying success. In 1907 he formed a partnership with his brother, Morgan J., and the firm is now one of the leading law firms in Essex county.

William Henry McSweeney has always been broadly active in the public interest. He was president of the City Council for a period of eight years, was a member of the Board of Aldermen for three years, and of the Common Council for five years. He was appointed assistant district attorney in 1916, and served for one year in that capacity under the Hon. Lewis S. Cox. He is now a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

During the World War, 1917-18, Mr. McSweeney was a leader of the "four-minute men," his ability as a public speaker counting far in the various war activities. He is a member of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Knights of Columbus.

William Henry McSweeney married, on September 25, 1907, Frances K. McGlew, daughter of Michael and Mary (McDonough) McGlew. Mr. and Mrs. McSweeney are members of the Immaculate Conception Roman Catholic Church.

CHARLES D. C. MOORE, one of the successful attorneys of Lynn, Massachusetts, and a man who has already made a name for himself in his chosen profession, is a native of Brockton, Massachusetts, where he was born October 20, 1883. He is a son of Frank R. D. and Helen L. (Bradbury) Moore. When but a year old he removed with his parents to Lynn and here received the elementary portion of his education. Upon his graduation from the Lynn English High School in 1903, having in the meantime determined to adopt the law as a profession, he accordingly matriculated at the University of Maine, where he obtained his legal education, and was admitted to the Bar in 1906. Throughout his school and college years he had proved himself an intelligent and painstaking student, and at the close came to the opening of his career unusually well-equipped both with natural gifts and a training that was the result of long conscientious effort. Immediately after graduating, he returned to Lynn, where he passed his bar examinations and established himself in the practice of his profession, associating himself with the law firm of Parsons, Bowen & Moore. When the firm of Parsons, Wadleigh & Crowley was formed, May 1, 1919, Mr. Moore became associated with them, being taken in as a mem-

ber May 1, 1921. He has handled many important cases up to the present time, proving himself to be a most capable and conscientious attorney.

Besides his legal practice Mr. Moore has interested himself in the conduct of public affairs in the community, and in everything pertaining to the welfare and advancement of the community, he takes an active interest. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1917-19. He is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Knights of Pythias. In religion he is a Baptist.

On September 29, 1909, Charles D. C. Moore was united in marriage with Hazel Burt, daughter of George C. and Anna I. (Crane) Burt, of Milton, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Moore are the parents of two children: Charles Dana, born September 22, 1915; and Loring Burt, born October 11, 1917.

J. ALEXANDER LODGE—A resident of Manchester, Massachusetts, since boyhood, J. Alexander Lodge, editor and owner of the "North Shore Breeze," conducts a printing and publishing business which is a prosperous and rapidly growing interest.

Mr. Lodge was born in Newfoundland, on February 26, 1880, and is a son of Charles A. and Catherine Margaret (Morris) Lodge, of Manchester. His brother, Charles A. Lodge, Jr., is engaged in agricultural work in Colfax, State of Washington; he has two sisters, Mrs. Roy Wilfong, of Elkins, West Virginia; and Mrs. E. Russell Lloyd, of Palermo, California.

Coming to Manchester, Massachusetts, with his parents, at twelve years of age, Mr. Lodge attended the local public schools, then later went to Lewiston, Maine, for his collegiate course, where he was graduated from Bates College in 1902. He then went to Boston, where he was in the employ of the Boston "Journal" for a year and a half. In May, 1904, Mr. Lodge founded the "North Shore Breeze," of which paper he has since been editor, and through which he has achieved a position of wide usefulness. In connection with the paper a small printing business immediately sprung up, and this has developed to become a large and constantly growing concern, of which Mr. Lodge is president.

Mr. Lodge is widely known fraternally. He is a member of Liberty Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Beverly, and also of the Manchester Lodge. He is a member of Amity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Beverly; of Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters, of Salem; of St. George Commandery, Knights Templar, of Beverly; of Sutton Lodge of Perfection; of Jubilee Council, Princes of Jerusalem; and Emanuel Chapter of Rose Croix, the latter three all of Salem. He is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and of Massachusetts Consistory, both of Boston. In other fraternal orders Mr. Lodge also is prominent. He is a member of Magnolia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Liberty Lodge of Rebekah; of Conomo Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; and of Masconomo Council, Degree of Pocahontas, all of Manchester.

He is a member of Cape Ann Lodge, Loyal Order of Moose, of Gloucester, and is a member of the Young Men's Christian Association of Beverly. He holds a seat in the Chamber of Commerce, of Salem, and is a member of the Massachusetts Press Club, and of the Manchester Club. The trend of his taste is revealed by his membership in the Horticultural Society, of Manchester. His church membership is with the Congregational denomination.

DR. JOHN E. VAN SCIVER, M. E., of Lynn, Massachusetts, was born in Burlington, New Jersey, on February 9, 1875, and is a son of John E. and Margaret (Cunningham) Van Sciver. The elder Mr. Van Sciver was a prominent shoe manufacturer of New Jersey, but is now deceased.

Dr. Van Sciver received his early education in the public and high schools of his native city, then learned the shoe and leather business. But he was not content to look forward to a business career, and spent every spare moment in study along various lines of scientific research and invention. He was particularly interested in medical and surgical topics, and became thoroughly familiar with all available data on the X-ray, eventually designing an X-ray cabinet himself which met the commendations of the profession. He then became connected with the experimental department at the Campbell Electric Company's plant, at Lynn, Massachusetts, and also sold X-ray machines, becoming an expert in the use and manufacture of these machines. He entered the Indiana National College of Electro-Therapeutics and Physics, from which he was graduated with the degree of M. E. in 1914. He has had seven years' training under Dr. Eastman, the world-famous authority in this science. Dr. Van Sciver opened an office in Lynn in 1914, and has become a significant factor in this branch of the city's economy. He does work for the leading physicians and surgeons, and is now studying for the degree of M. D.

Dr. Van Sciver is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Improved Order of Red Men. Politically he stands for everything that makes toward progress, acknowledging frankly convictions that are in line with the higher theory of Socialism. He believes in a constant and systematic effort to do all the good he can, but is a member of no religious organization.

Dr. Van Sciver married Annie McNinney, of New Jersey, and they have one daughter, Dorris Helen.

EDWARD SHIPPEN UNDERWOOD—A prominent Essex county attorney, successful in his profession, and widely known, Mr. Underwood, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is also broadly active in the social and benevolent organizations of the city. He is a son of William A. and Annie C. Underwood.

Mr. Underwood was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in September, 1876. The family removing from that State when he was still a child, he received his early education in the public schools of Hampstead, Rockingham county, New Hampshire, then coming into Essex county, this State, he at-

tended the schools of Newburyport. Taking a preliminary classical course at the Boston University, he thereafter entered Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1899, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Admitted to the bar in the fall of 1899, he came directly to Lynn, and here became identified with the firm of Niles & Carr, leading attorneys of that day in this city. Later, in 1906, with the reorganization of the firm, Mr. Underwood was admitted to the firm, which has since conducted a general practice of law under the name of Niles, Stevens, Underwood & Mayo, holding a leading position in the profession.

Mr. Underwood is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce and served as president of that body in 1917-18. He is a director of the Security Trust Company; his clubs are the Oxford, the Tedesco Country, and the Whiting, the last-named being a literary club. During the World War Mr. Underwood organized the Greater Lynn War Chest Association, for the help and encouragement of the boys overseas, and was its first president. He was very active in the Red Cross campaigns, and still holds membership in that order. He is deeply interested in the work of the Boys' Club, and active in its support, and is a member of the Universalist church.

On October 14, 1902, Mr. Underwood married Maude B. Johnson, daughter of William A. Johnson, ex-mayor of Newburyport, Massachusetts. They are the parents of two children: Beulah J., born June 1, 1907, died February 3, 1920; and Edward S., Jr., born April 20, 1915.

LORD & COMPANY, INC.—This company was founded in 1875 by Daniel W. Lord, father of the present official of the company, George H. Lord, treasurer and general manager, he entering the business in 1898 and succeeding to its management in 1904. Daniel W. Lord, the founder, came to Lawrence from England at an early date, and there both his sons were born.

George H. Lord was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, August 5, 1874, and educated in the city public schools. For a few years after leaving school he was employed in the print works of the Pacific Mills, but in 1898 became associated with his father in his music store, and in 1904 succeeded him as manager of the business, which consisted of the selling of pianos, phonographs and general musical goods and supplies. Lord & Company, Inc., also have a store in Boston at No. 757 Boylston street.

Mr. Lord is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce; the Home Club; Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, in which he holds the thirty-second degree; and Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Lord married, March 13, 1892, Ella E. Clark, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of three sons: Walter F., of further mention; Herbert, who resides in Boston; and Raymond, of Lawrence. The family are members of the United Congregational Church; the family residence is at

my
hobby,
and in
these
cases,
after
Mr.
has
for the
books

has
the
of the
name
Mr.
of the
the
the
the
the

the
the
the
the

the
the
the
the
the
the
the
the

the
the
the
the



Edwin J. Graves

No. 41 Pearl street, Lawrence.

Walter F. Lord, eldest son of George H. Lord, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, July 24, 1894, and was educated in the public schools, finishing with graduation from high school, class of 1913. His first business engagement was with the Chalmers Motor Company, in Detroit, Michigan, where he continued until 1915, when he returned to Lawrence and became manager of Lord & Company, Inc.

On May 24, 1917, he enlisted in the United States army for service in the war with Germany, going to France, in August, 1917, with the First Engineers. In the fall of 1917 he was transferred to General Headquarters, and drove a Cadillac car for the Secret Service, continuing in that service while overseas, and was honorably discharged June 10, 1919. The business of Lord & Company, Inc., is conducted at No. 34 Lawrence street, Lawrence.

EDWIN JOHNSON GRAVES — Massachusetts has many historic families, but none go much farther back in American generations than those that come into the genealogy of Edwin Johnson Graves, of Amesbury. A native of Lynn, Massachusetts, his paternal descent is from Samuel Graves, who settled in Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1630, having come into the Massachusetts colony from Gravesend, England; and the maternal descent of Edwin J. Graves is directly from the Alden family, the most conspicuous member of which was perhaps John Alden (1599-1687), the hero of Longfellow's "Courtship of Miles Standish," and the youngest of the Pilgrims. Susan Emerton, mother of Edwin J. Graves, was a direct descendant of Mary Alden, who also came on the "Mayflower," with her brother John.

Edwin Johnson Graves was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, on August 9, 1858, son of Isaiah and Susan (Emerton) Graves. He was educated in the Lynn public schools, graduating from the high school in the class of 1875. He later took a business course at Comer's Commercial College, of Boston, Massachusetts, and thus fitted for a business life, he associated with his father, a grocer, for several years, concurrently acting as correspondent for the Lynn journals, the "Item" and the "Bee." He became much interested in newspaper work, and was apt as a writer; therefore, eventually, in 1889, he was induced to cast other work aside and enter the literary profession. He joined the staff of the Lynn "Daily News," and in the fall of the next year left his native place to become editor of the Amesbury "Daily News." He has been editor of that journal ever since, and in that capacity has had an influential part in moulding public opinion in that part of Massachusetts, and of furthering Amesbury projects in particular. He is now one of the veteran editors of Essex county. The main details of his business career are that he, in 1902, in association with Thomas F. Coffin, acquired the plant and business of the Amesbury "Daily News," and formed the Amesbury Publishing Company, under which

name the publishing and printing business of the partnership has since been transacted. In addition to the ever-present work that is represented in the daily publishing of a news medium, the company has developed a large job printing business, which probably has been more lucrative than the newspaper. But Mr. Graves has been a leader in Amesbury mainly through his capable handling of his newspaper, and the common sense and farsightedness he has shown in his editorial policy on public and local questions. He has been interested in all matters affecting the community, but especially in educational matters. For four years he was a member of the Lynn School Committee, and for nine years served on the Amesbury Board of Education. He is a director of the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce, and for several years was its president. He has been much interested in agriculture, as will be seen by the fact that for twenty years he has been a director of the Amesbury and Salisbury Agricultural Society. Fraternally, Mr. Graves belongs to Warren Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Trinity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; to Amesbury Council, Royal and Select Masters; to Friendship Chapter, Order of Eastern Star; and to the Amesbury Lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, of which body he was recorder for thirteen years. He is a Methodist, and has undoubtedly been active in that connection, being one of the trustees of the local Methodist church, its treasurer, and superintendent of its Sunday school. Mr. Graves has been active in the Amesbury Hospital Association, being a director for many years and its vice-president.

Mr. Graves was married, June 15, 1882, to Julia A. Nichols, of Lynn, Massachusetts. They have three sons, two of whom are veterans of the World War. Ralph I. became a major, and Warren E. a lieutenant. Both continued in Federal service later, Warren E. with the River and Harbor Division, and Ralph I. with the Railroad Administration. The third son, William H., is now a foreman in the auto body plant of the Biddle & Smart Company, Amesbury. Mr. and Mrs. Graves have two grandchildren: Hilda, and William H., Jr.

JOHN KELLY SARGENT, of Merrimac street, Merrimac, Massachusetts, is a member of the old Colonial Massachusetts family of that patronymic. The record goes back even to the Virginia colony, to which came, early in the seventeenth century, Richard Sargent, an officer in the Royal navy of Great Britain. He was the son of William Sargent, of England, and the first of that house to come to America. Richard Sargent came into the Massachusetts colony about 1634, and settled at Ipswich. Two years later he removed to Salisbury, Massachusetts. Several references appear elsewhere in this volume to the Sargent family, which is one of the oldest in the Amesbury part of Massachusetts.

John K. Sargent, grandfather of his namesake of the present generation, was born in West Amesbury in 1802, was a farmer until old age, and reached

the extreme age of ninety-five years, death not coming until 1897. He married his relative, Elizabeth Sargent, also of West Amesbury; she also died in 1897.

Charles N. Sargent, son of John K. and Elizabeth (Sargent) Sargent, of Groveland, Massachusetts, was born on August 15, 1837, and died April 1, 1899. He married, on November 12, 1873, Rebecca K. Bixby, who was born at Boxford, Massachusetts, on March 17, 1841, and died on June 4, 1918.

John K. Sargent, son of Charles N. and Rebecca K. (Bixby) Sargent, was born in West Amesbury, Massachusetts, February 2, 1875. His education was obtained in the public schools of that place, and included the high school course. After leaving school he secured employment in the store of G. G. Kimball, of Bradford, Massachusetts, following the grocery business for about eighteen months. Next he worked for Charles Bisbee, of Bradford, Massachusetts, a market gardener. With him he remained for about a year, and then entered the employ of Armour & Company, at their Boston branch. A year and a half later, however, he took a farm, and since then has held to agricultural pursuits, owning a good farming property.

Mr. Sargent is a Republican in National politics, and for many years has taken an active part in local affairs. He has been a selectman of the town of Merrimac for seven years, and was an assessor for four years. He is widely known and obviously popular and esteemed. Twice he has been master of the local Grange; and he also belongs to the Knights of Malta, and the Junior Order United American Mechanics. Religiously he is a Congregationalist, a member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, of Merrimac.

In 1902, at Haverhill, Mr. Sargent was married to Nellie B. Chapman, of that place, but a native of Merrimac, where she was born on November 5, 1877, the daughter of Samuel W. and Anna Francis (Webster) Chapman. The Chapman family also is an old New England family, Mrs. Sargent's great-grandfather being Eliphalet Chapman, who was born in Tamworth, New Hampshire, in 1778, and died in 1863. He was a farmer, and married Peggy Kennison, of Tamworth. They had nine children: Penelope, born February 9, 1804, died September 8, 1826; Andrew, born April 25, 1806, died in 1890; Eliphalet, born April 6, 1808, died July 22, 1873; Benjamin Franklin, born April 16, 1810, died December 10, 1890; Lucinda, born March 12, 1812, died April 30, 1843; Elona, born December 3, 1815; Joseph, born June 29, 1817; Timothy, born June 26, 1821, died 1890; John, born September 19, 1825, died 1852. Andrew Chapman, the second child, was born in Tamworth, New Hampshire, and passed his life in farming there. He married Mary Woodman, of Deerfield, New Hampshire, in November, 1827. She was born February 10, 1805, and died April 3, 1863. Their only child, Samuel Woodman Chapman, was born in Tamworth, New Hampshire, on February 1, 1839, and died at Haverhill, Massachusetts, in July, 1909. For the greater part of his life he was con-

nected with the Massachusetts shoe manufacturing industry. On October 28, 1871, he married Anna Francis Webster, of Salisbury, Massachusetts, where she was born on April 9, 1839, died July 20, 1919. Their children were: Annie Mary, born February 17, 1873; George Webster, born March 7, 1875; and Nellie Belle, born November 5, 1877. The last-named married John K. Sargent, of Merrimac, as above stated. Mr. and Mrs. Sargent have three children: Bernard C., born November 23, 1907; Marjorie A., born January 17, 1911; and Esther R., born December 10, 1912.

WILLIAM I. PORELL, dentist, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born April 29, 1892, in Springvale, Vermont, son of William John and Mary V. (Pichette) Porell. The public schools of Haverhill prepared Dr. Porell for entrance to Tufts Dental College from which he graduated in 1915. He immediately engaged in the practice of his profession, and in the few years since passed has gained success and recognition; he is also one of the youngest dentists in Haverhill. In addition to his private practice, Dr. Porell is dental examiner of the Public Health Service. On May 30, 1918, he enlisted in the Dental Corps, Newport News, and was commissioned first lieutenant; on September 20, 1918, he went into service and served for eleven months, until July 29, 1919, attaining the rank of captain in reserves. He is a member of the Foresters; the Knights of Columbus, and of the Agawam Club.

Dr. Porell married, in 1918, Corinne B. Leonard, of Haverhill.

GUY NEWHALL, one of the successful attorneys of Lynn, Massachusetts, and a man who has already made a name for himself in the profession, is a native son, his birth having occurred here June 17, 1877. He is a son of Edgar P. and Elizabeth (Vickary) Newhall.

Mr. Newhall received the elementary portion of his education at the public schools of his native place. After graduating from the Cobbet Grammar School, he entered the Lynn Classical High School and here prepared himself for college. In 1894 he matriculated at Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1898, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He had in the meantime determined to adopt the law as a profession and, accordingly, matriculated at the law school of Harvard University. After completing the prescribed course, he graduated with the class of 1901, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Throughout his school and college years he had proved himself an intelligent and painstaking student, and at the close came to the opening of his career unusually well-equipped both with natural gifts and a training that was the result of long and conscientious effort. Immediately after graduating from Harvard Law School he returned to Lynn, where he passed his bar examinations and established himself in the practice of his chosen profession. He opened an office at No. 38 Exchange street, this city, and this has remained

his headquarters ever since. Mr. Newhall has built up an excellent practice and has handled many important cases up to the present, proving himself a most capable and conscientious attorney.

Besides his legal activities, Mr. Newhall has interested himself in the conduct of public affairs in the community, and in the years of 1907 and 1908 served his city as councilman. He affiliates with the Masons, and the Sons of the American Revolution, and also holds membership in the Lynn Historical Society and the Oxford Club of Lynn.

Mr. Newhall married, in 1907, Ethel Mary Newhall, daughter of Joseph Warren and Mary (de Laski) Newhall, and they are the parents of two children: Rosalind Frances, born April 18, 1908; and Edward Bradford, born May 26, 1916.

JOHN E. WOODBURY, a prominent merchant of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in Methuen, same State, August 22, 1870, son of Austin and Susan Jane (Murray) Woodbury. The former was a native of Annapolis Valley, Nova Scotia, and he was engaged in the wheelwright business until his death in 1888. Mrs. Woodbury was also a native of Nova Scotia, born in 1836, and died in 1906.

John E. Woodbury attended the public schools of Ayers Village and at Haverhill, Massachusetts, and subsequently pursued a special course in grammar. He then entered the employ of the Goodrich & Porter Company, shoe manufacturers, in their stitching department, remaining for three years, and then worked for his brother, W. H. Woodbury, as assistant foreman, and later foreman of the stitching room. His enlistment in the United States army in 1891 made it necessary for him to resign from his work, and the succeeding five years were spent in military activities. He enlisted in Company F, Eighth Regiment, Massachusetts State Guard, and was stationed at Haverhill from 1888 to 1891, at which time he was discharged from the State militia as a corporal, and immediately re-enlisted in the Regular United States army and was sent from Boston to David's Island, now Fort Slocum, and there was a member of the Company D Instruction Company, where he remained for five months, at the end of which time he was sent to Fort Sill, Indian Territory, remaining for a year and a half, when he went to Fort Reno, remaining there for the same period. During this time Mr. Woodbury was selected as one of three men to attend the opening of the Cherokee land strip, and after this was finished he went East, and was stationed at Governor's Island, where he remained until his discharge in 1896. In this same year he entered the employ of F. M. Hodgson & Company, as trimming cutter, and remained there until 1901, in which year he associated himself in business with E. J. Hodgson. After four successful years Mr. Woodbury withdrew to enter a partnership in a similar business, with an additional line of talking machines, with Mr. McLeod, under the firm name of Woodbury & McLeod, in Haverhill, and they are among the leading merchants in that city. Mr. Woodbury

is also a director of the Haverhill Coal Supply Company.

Fraternally he belongs to the Masonic order, being a member of Merrimac Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Benevolent Protective Order Elks; the New England Order of Protection; and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. His clubs are the Agawam and the Haverhill Rifle, and he is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Red Cross organization.

Mr. Woodbury married, in 1901, Lillian H. Bean, daughter of Arthur and Harriet (King) Bean, of Haverhill, and their children are: Dorothy Rowena, Priscilla Murray, and John Edward, Jr.

JAMES F. LANIGAN—In the manufacturing world of Lawrence, Massachusetts, the name of James F. Lanigan is one of unusual prominence, he being the head of three leading manufacturing enterprises, all long-established industries.

Coming to this country from Ireland in his childhood, Mr. Lanigan, when he reached the age to become interested in his future, chose the world of action, and apprenticed himself to the Davis Foundry Company. This was in August, 1862, and beginning the climb at the bottom, he worked his way up until he was made superintendent of the plant, May 24, 1875. In 1892 he became owner of the entire plant, which he still holds. This foundry manufactures castings of every description, no job too large and none too small, and as head of this concern, Mr. Lanigan became a power in manufacturing circles. In 1902 he purchased the Emerson Manufacturing Company, of which he became president. The product of this concern is largely paper machinery, although they list many lines of machinery. In October, 1909, Mr. Lanigan purchased the Lawrence Machine Company, one of the most important manufacturers of centrifugal machinery in New England, and he is sole proprietor of this interest. He has recently built a large plant at No. 353 Market street, of modern construction, and fully equipped with the most approved and up-to-date machinery, and one of the largest foundries in Northern New England.

Mr. Lanigan is a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and is a director of the Arlington Trust Company. He is a member of the Home Club, and of the Merrimac Valley Country Club; he resides at No. 239 Andover street.

Mr. Lanigan married Annie McDonald, daughter of James McDonald, of Lowell, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of nine children, six of whom grew to maturity: James, deceased, married, but left no children; Joseph, deceased, unmarried; Mary; Edward, married Lena Donovan, and has two children, Mary and Edward; William, deceased, unmarried; and Charles.

HARRY W. HALE, wholesale merchant in Merrimac, Massachusetts, since 1900, was born in West Amesbury, Massachusetts, July 2, 1873, son of Frank

E. and Julia A. (Borne) Hale, the latter of Georgetown, and the former of Newburyport, Massachusetts, where the Hale family had long been settled. Deacon Ezra Hale, of Newburyport, was a grandfather of Harry W., and was born in Newburyport in 1804, farmed there all his life, and died in Rowley, Massachusetts, in 1891. Frank E. Hale, father of Harry W., was a carriage maker until he retired in 1911, and is well known in the district.

Harry W. Hale was educated in the public schools of his native place, and at Merrimac, which education was supplemented by a commercial course he took at Burdett's Business College, Boston, Massachusetts. After graduating therefrom, he entered the employ of John H. Cleary, a grocer of Merrimac. He worked for him, as clerk, for nine years, at the end of which time he went to Boston, and there worked for the F. M. Morrel Company, dealers in butter, eggs and cheese. A year later he returned to Merrimac, and went into business for himself, as a whole merchant in confectionery. He soon developed a good connection, and the business has grown considerably during the twenty-one years he has owned and conducted it.

Politically, Mr. Hale is a Republican, and while he has not prominently entered into national politics in his district, he has taken an active interest in the public affairs of Merrimac. He was tax collector for two years, and was on the Board of Fire Engineers for three years. As a man of substantial standing, he has been brought into connection with local banking institutions; he is a director of the First National Bank of Merrimac, and member of the Investment Committee of the Merrimac Savings Bank, and vice-president of the Merrimac Savings Bank. He belongs to several fraternal organizations, holding membership in the Bethany Lodge of Masons, Riverside Lodge of Odd Fellows, the Rebekah Lodge of Merrimac, and the United Commercial Travelers' organization of Haverhill. That he is popular in Merrimac is evidenced by his connection with the Oxford Club, of which he was president from 1910 to 1920.

Mr. Hale married, in 1903, Minnie S. Cook, of Haverhill, daughter of Thomas R. and Caroline Cook, originally of Guysboro, Nova Scotia. The former was a contractor, and in business until his death, which occurred in 1918. Mr. and Mrs. Hale have one child, a daughter, Dorothy Elaine, who was born on November 1, 1912.

HOWARD T. CLARK, ex-service man, president of the Fellows Hardware Company, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, is one of the very active young business men of Haverhill. He was born in the city on January 28, 1892, the son of Charles H. and Mary Louise (Hammond) Clark, of Haverhill. The paternal line connects with a Pennsylvanian family, and the maternal line, Hammond, was of Beverly, Massachusetts. Charles H. Clark was a merchant, and is treasurer of the Fellows Hardware Company, Inc., but he is not actively in business.

Howard T. Clark passed through the Haverhill

public schools, being of the high school class of 1910. In the following year he graduated from the Bryant & Stratton Business College, and began a commercial career as a clerk for the Haverhill Gas Light Company, remaining with that firm for three years. His father was connected with the firm of Fellows Hardware Company, Haverhill, and soon after the death of Corydon Fellows, in 1914, the company was reorganized, and of the new company, Howard T. Clark became president, and his father treasurer. That connection has held to the present, though the son has latterly been the active executive. The Fellows Hardware Company is one of the historic business houses of Haverhill, the oldest in that line. It was established in 1851 by Samuel Fellows, and continued by his son until the latter's death in 1914, which made it necessary to reorganize, as before stated. The firm occupies the entire building at No. 31 Merrimac street, and does considerable business throughout Essex county.

During the World War, Mr. Clark was in military service, enlisting in the Ordnance Department on December 15, 1917, and for service anywhere. He happened to be assigned to duty at the Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, New Jersey, and because of his executive ability and business experience, was held to administrative duty at that point until the end of the war, being honorably discharged on January 5, 1919, when he returned to his native place and resumed his civilian occupations.

Mr. Clark has been quite prominent in many phases of Haverhill affairs. Possessed of a good voice, he has come into notice locally during the last ten years in the capacity of tenor soloist in local churches, and this talent probably was what brought him into association with the theatrical events of local amateurs. He has been one of the leaders of Agawam productions, and in several other ways has helped toward the success of Haverhill social functions. He is a member of the Pentucket and Agawam clubs, and is also a Mason of the thirty-second degree. He is a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and is lieutenant of the Arab Patrol. He is unmarried.

JAMES SILVER NEWHALL—One of the names most deeply worthy of commemoration in the permanent records of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, is that of James Silver Newhall, who was born in Lynn, August 13, 1843, and died there September 21, 1918. He was a son of Judge Thomas B. and Susan Silver (Putnam) Newhall, his father being very prominent in the Lynn of a generation gone by.

Mr. Newhall prepared for his career in the educational institutions of his native city. As a young man he went to Salem, in this county, to engage in the leather business with his maternal grandfather, Jacob Putnam. While residing there he was a member of the Salem Cadets, and took a broad interest in the public affairs of the day. Later he returned to Lynn, and during his mature years was identified with various business interests of his native city,



Howard G. Clark



bringing to bear upon their progress the influence of ripened judgment and acute perceptions. For a period of ten years he was president of the Lynn Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

At the time of his death Mr. Newhall was vice-president of the Lynn Five Cent Savings Bank; a director in the Central National Bank of Lynn; a member of the Lynn Historical Society, and the Lynn Home for Aged Men Corporation. He was a member of Olivet Commandery, Knights Templar; of Old Essex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution; the Society of Colonial Wars; the Red Cross; and the Whiting and Oxford clubs. He was a member of the Unitarian church of Lynn, and in earlier life served for a period of twenty-seven years as treasurer of the church society.

Mr. Newhall married Marion Wentworth Clarke, who with two daughters, Mrs. Larkin E. Bennett, of Wakefield, Massachusetts, and Mrs. William G. Keene, of Lynn, survive him.

WALTER EDWARD PARKER—More than four decades ago Walter E. Parker came from Woonsocket, Rhode Island, to Lawrence, Massachusetts, to accept a position with the Pacific Mills, and while that position is now a vastly more important one, the association thus formed has never been interrupted for an instant (January, 1922). The Pacific Mills have greatly increased in size and importance as a factor in the textile market, and for thirty-five years, 1887-1922, Mr. Parker has been agent for the Pacific Mills Corporation, and as such has been the great contributing factor to this increased prosperity. Were this his life work it would entitle Mr. Parker to a permanent place in the manufacturing and commercial annals of Lawrence, but his interests are wide, varied and important, and he is well known in financial as well as in textile circles, and in civic as well as in business life.

This branch of the Parker family is traced to Thomas Parker, born in England in 1609, who came to New England in the "Susan and Ellen" with the Sir Richard Saltonstall party, leaving London March 11, 1635. Thomas Parker settled at Lynn, later at Reading, where he was a deacon, a man of ability and substance. He died in 1683, aged seventy-four years, his wife Amy surviving him until 1890. They were the parents of sons and daughters, and from them Walter Edward Parker descends in the ninth American generation.

The name Parker is an ancient one, and Danes, Saxons, and Normans used some form of the word as a surname from a very early date. The name Parker is derived from the Latin, "parcarius," meaning "park keeper" or "shepherd," and both "parcus" and "de parco" are found in Domesday Book.

The descent from Thomas and Amy Parker to Walter E. Parker is in unbroken line through their son, Lieutenant Hananiah Parker, and his wife Elizabeth (Browne) Parker; their son, John Parker, and his wife, Deliverance; their son, Andrew Parker, and his wife Sarah (Whitney) Parker; their son, Thomas Parker, a patriot of the Revolution, and his

wife, Jane (Parrot) Parker; their son, Deacon Ebenezer Parker, a "minute-man" of the Revolution, and his wife Dorcas (Munroe) Parker; their son, Ebenezer Parker, and his wife, Hannah B. (Merriam) Parker; their son, George Parker, and his wife, Emily R. (Collar) Parker; and their son, Walter E. Parker, to whom this review is inscribed.

Reading, Lexington and Princeton were family homes for the heads of this branch, and in each generation the heads were men of prominence in church or town, frequently both. George Parker, of the eighth generation, was born in Princeton, Massachusetts, February 1, 1818, died at East Blackstone, Massachusetts, January 20, 1893. He married, September 14, 1841, Emily R. Collar, daughter of Rev. Hezekiah and Rhoda (Robbins) Collar, of Northfield, Massachusetts. They were the parents of two sons: Walter E., of further mention; and Herbert, born April 23, 1850, who died, unmarried, January 23, 1873.

Walter E. Parker was born at Princeton, Massachusetts, September 27, 1847, and in 1856 was taken to Illinois by his parents, but four years later he returned to Westboro, Massachusetts, the family moving to Woonsocket, Rhode Island, in 1863. The lad, Walter E., attended the public schools during these years, but upon reaching the age of sixteen he entered the employ of the Social Mill, at Woonsocket, as counting room clerk, but continued school attendance during the first two years of his service. He then gave all of his time to his duties at the mill with the exception of a few months spent in drawing school in Boston. The Social Mill was his business university, and for thirteen years he continued with that mill, working his way upward to responsible position. He developed strong ability, and with energy and persistency, pursued his way to better position. When the mill was enlarged he made the plans and aided in carrying them forward to completion. He deemed it wise to make a change later, and on October 27, 1876, became superintendent of the Globe Mill of Woonsocket.

From October 27, 1876, until April 1, 1881, Mr. Parker was superintendent of the Globe Mill of Woonsocket, and there he greatly increased his textile manufacturing knowledge. His reputation had gone beyond the confines of his own city, and in 1881 he received an offer from the Pacific Mills Corporation to become manager of the cotton manufacturing department of the Pacific Mills at Lawrence, Massachusetts. That was too good an offer to trifle with and was soon accepted, he going to Lawrence April 1, 1881. Nearly six years later, January 1, 1887, he was appointed agent for the same corporation and mills, a position he is yet holding, January 1, 1922. He is one of the strong men of the textile business, and in 1889-90-91 was president of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association; is a trustee of the Lowell Textile School; one of the founders of the Textile Club and its second president; a member and a vice-president of the Home Market Club of Boston.

Prior to coming to Lawrence, Mr. Parker became interested in city banking, and from 1878 until

1892 was a director of the Producers' National Bank of Woonsocket. In 1886 he was appointed trustee of the estate of Charles Nourse, and is still administering the trust with greatest fidelity. When the Merchants' National Bank of Lawrence was organized in 1889, he was elected director and vice-president, and after he had served the Essex Savings Bank for several years, he was elected president; for two decades he has successfully guided the destinies of the Lawrence Lumber Company; and was a former director of the Lawrence Gas Company. To this honorable record of business activity, extending over half a century of business life in two cities, but principally in Lawrence, Mr. Parker adds a record of splendid civil usefulness as president of the City Mission; chairman of the advisory board of the Lawrence General Hospital; as trustee with two others of the White Fund, and by virtue of that office as trustee of the Lawrence Public Library; as trustee of the Lawrence Home for Aged People; and as trustee of Tufts College and chairman of the finance committee.

In politics Mr. Parker is a Republican, and in 1877 was president of the Woonsocket Town Council. As he did not become a voter until 1868, he can safely be called a life-long member of that party, founded in 1850. He was a member of the first commission appointed in Lawrence to control the granting of licenses, and in 1904 was an alternate delegate to the Chicago National Republican Convention that nominated President Roosevelt for a second term, and was a delegate to the convention that nominated William H. Taft for President. He is a Universalist in religious faith, a member of the Church of the Good Shepherd. He was made a Mason in 1869, and is a past master of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Woonsocket; is a Companion of Woonsocket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and a past eminent commander of Woonsocket Commandery, Knights Templar. He is a member of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers; of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and of the Society of Arts, London, England.

Mr. Parker married (first) October 12, 1870, Anna Augusta Elliott, who died February 4, 1875, daughter of Nathaniel and Olive A. (Jenks) Elliott. To Mr. and Mrs. Parker was born a son, Herbert S., born October 18, 1874. Mr. Parker married (second) May 2, 1877, Alida Charlotte Willis, born at North Dana, Massachusetts, January 26, 1849, died September 9, 1885, daughter of Rev. John H. and Charlotte (Gleason) Willis, of College Hill. To Walter E. and Alida C. (Willis) Parker a daughter Helen was born, July 27, 1878. Mr. Parker married (third) January 1, 1888, Mary Bradley Beetle, daughter of John and Harriet (Brown) Beetle, of Nantucket, Massachusetts.

MARTIN FRANCIS CONNELLY—For the last six years Martin F. Connelly, a Boston lawyer, has also practiced in his native place, Amesbury, Massachusetts, where he has a wide circle of friends, and is generally well regarded. He has given much

time since that year to matters of law in Amesbury, and also to public affairs of that community, but has nevertheless maintained his Boston practice.

Martin Francis Connelly was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, on June 15, 1884, son of James and Ellen (Burke) Connelly, who were both born in County Galway, Ireland, the father in Kilgevrin in 1849, and the mother in Kilconly in 1851.

Mr. Connelly first went to St. Joseph's Parochial School of Amesbury, graduating from that school and then entering Amesbury High School in 1898, a member of the class of 1902. He took the collegiate course at the Holy Cross College, graduating with the degree of A.B. in 1906. The next three years were spent at the Georgetown University Law School, at Washington, D. C., where he gained the degree of LL.B. in 1909. While taking the law course, he was fortunately able to act, concurrently, for at least a part of the time, as secretary to United States Congressman Needham. He then took up post-graduate work at the law school, holding his secretarial position until the fall of 1910, when he returned to Massachusetts. Mr. Connelly was admitted to practice at the bar of Massachusetts in February, 1911, then opened a law office in the city of Boston and there continued to devote his whole time to that purpose until January 1, 1915, when he came to Amesbury and decided to practice law in his home town also. He opened an office in Amesbury, and has since maintained the two offices, his Boston address being at No. 1 Beacon street. He spends the greater part of his time in Amesbury, and also has entered somewhat into public work. Since 1916 he has been town counsel for Amesbury.

As a man of Irish antecedents, he might have been expected to take active part in movements affecting that people. That he has done so may be inferred by some of his affiliations. He is identified with the Charitable Irish Society of Boston; with the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and the Knights of Columbus, of Amesbury. By religious faith he is a Catholic, a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church of Amesbury. Politically a Republican, socially a member of the Amesbury Club, and for general civic helpfulness a member of the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Connelly has given indication that he is one of the active men of that place.

Mr. Connelly married, in 1917, Nelle M. Quinn, who was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, on October 16, 1884. They have one child, a daughter, Frances, born December 9, 1918.

HERBERT H. MERRILL—For many years in business in Amesbury, Massachusetts, and for some years a director of the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce, Herbert H. Merrill is well known in business circles in that district. He is a native of Essex county, Massachusetts, born in Georgetown, on July 16, 1876, the son of George W. and Margaret (Hoyt) Merrill. The family for several generations has lived in Georgetown. George W. Merrill, father



Benj. Andrew

of Herbert H., was born there, and was active in public work there almost until death. Especially as a musician did he come into prominence, and he was one of those who come into honorable national record, being a veteran of the Civil War, through the greater part of which he served as a member of Company K, Fiftieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry.

Herbert H. Merrill was educated in the public schools of his native place, eventually graduating from the high school. Perhaps it was due to his father's activity in musical circles that Herbert H., after leaving school, became a salesman for F. W. Peabody, who had a general music store in Haverhill. He served that company in that capacity from the time he left school until October 1, 1905, when he was appointed manager of their Amesbury branch. He did well in that responsibility, and in 1910 was given the work of opening another branch store at Newburyport, and of managing both the branches. Mr. Merrill has been manager of the Amesbury and Newburyport stores ever since. Indeed, as the years have passed, his connection has become even closer. He is an authority on pianofortes, understands their construction from beginning to end, and is an expert maker himself, being, indeed, well recognized as such. On May 1, 1919, he formed a business association as manager with F. W. Peabody for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of Peabody pianos, and that enterprise has been successfully prosecuted ever since, the piano being known as the Peabody & Lake instrument. On May 1, 1921, the William Bourne & Sons Company was moved to Amesbury, and there the Bourne pianos have since been made. In all, Mr. Merrill is adding appreciably to the industrial importance of Amesbury. He is interested in all matters pertaining to the place, is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and has a seat on its directorate. Politically he is a Republican; fraternally a Mason, a member of Charles C. Dame Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Georgetown; also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; a member of Protection Lodge of Georgetown; and socially he belongs to the Amesbury Club. He is an attendant of the Baptist church of Amesbury.

Mr. Merrill married, in 1905, Martha U. Lord, who was born in Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1879. They have one child, a daughter, Margaret Elizabeth, who was born on June 27, 1909.

FRANK H. HOWARD—Now in independent business in Amesbury, Massachusetts, and for four or five prior years connected with one of the best hardware businesses in that place, Frank H. Howard, latterly treasurer and manager of the Howard Hardware Company, and director of the local Chamber of Commerce, is coming forward prominently in Amesbury business circles.

Frank H. Howard was born in Hardwick, Vermont, on June 11, 1891, son of Orlando J. and Sarah Edith (Burbank) Howard. In both paternal and maternal descent he comes from Vermont fam-

ilies, his father having been born in Beebe Plain, and his mother in Irasburg, Vt. His father was a contractor and builder in Vermont, but Frank H. was barely three years old when his mother died. She was born in 1860, and died in 1894.

Frank H. Howard was educated in the public schools of his native place, and at Barton Academy. After graduating from the academy he entered upon a commercial career, and for the first two years was connected with a mercantile business in Orleans, Vermont. He next was, for a similar period, in a hardware store at Whitefield, New Hampshire, leaving that place to take position as manager of the E. E. Griffin store at Derry, New Hampshire. He remained there for three years, after which he traveled for two years as a salesman for the Batchelder, Gallant Company, of Boston. However, in 1915, he came to Amesbury to take up the management of the branch store of the Hanscom Hardware Company, of Haverhill. For the next five years he was connected with that company in that capacity, leaving their employ in January, 1920, so that he might venture into business for himself in Amesbury. He formed the Howard Hardware Company, Inc., and has been the principal owner of it since that time, his official capacities being those of treasurer and manager. He has fitted up a most complete and modern store, carries a comprehensive stock, and has shown himself to be alert and enterprising.

Politically a Republican, he does not enter much into politics. However, he follows local affairs with interest, and is active in the Chamber of Commerce. He is a good Catholic, a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church of Amesbury, and of the Knights of Columbus of that place. Socially he is a member of the Amesbury Club. For three years he actively interested himself in naval affairs, being a member of the Naval Reserve Forces of Boston.

Mr. Howard married, in 1917, Helena M. Quinn, of Sharon, Massachusetts, who was born on March 27, 1891. They have two children: Ruth Ann, who was born January 29, 1919; and Eileen Elizabeth, born September 1, 1920.

BENJAMIN ANDREW, one of the leading business men of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and a prominent citizen of the suburban town of Methuen, Benjamin Andrew, proprietor of the Lawrence Bindery Company, holds a place among the successful men of Essex county.

Mr. Andrew was born May 15, 1852, in Manchester, England, son of Francis and Ann (Cryer) Andrew, the former being engaged in textile pursuits; both parents are now deceased.

The education of Benjamin Andrew was obtained in public and private schools at Manchester, and when twenty years of age he came to America, July 3, 1872. In England he had worked for some years in the cotton mills, and had gained some experience in textile work, and naturally he located in the new land in a city where this occupation pre-

dominated, Lawrence, Massachusetts. Mr. Andrew first worked in the Arlington Mills at Lawrence, remaining with this company until 1902, in which year he became identified with the Lawrence Bindery Company, of which he is now the owner.

This company was established by Thomas Andrew, a brother of Benjamin, in 1902, and the former died in 1916, at which time the sole interest in the business passed to our subject. In 1904 they acquired the printing plant of James Ward, and since then a business of general commercial printing has been carried on, as well as paper-ruling and pamphlet and book binding; they also manufacture commercial stationery, and employ about twelve people on an average. Through the high quality of their work this firm holds a leading place among the business houses of this kind in Lawrence, and surrounding towns. Their present building was completed in 1912, and is modern in every way.

Mr. Andrew is active in public and fraternal organizations; he is one of the members of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce; is a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons., being past master of this lodge; is also a member of Mt. Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of which he is past high priest, and was for three years, 1893-94-95, district deputy grand high priest of the Sixth Capital District; member of the Lawrence Council, Royal and Select Masters; member of Bethany Commandery, Knights Templar, of which he was commander in 1888 and 1889; and a member of the Massachusetts Consistory of Boston.

On May 6, 1879, Mr. Andrew married Mary A. Cort, daughter of Martin Cort, of Lawrence, and they are the parents of the following children: Frank M., who married Lillian Wightman, they the parents of three children: Lillian, Marian and Elizabeth; Thomas Edwin, who married Burma Keller, and they have one son, Thomas E., Jr.; and Alice, who married Walter C. Wilson, of Lawrence; they the parents of two children, a daughter, Jean, and a son, Andrew B. Mr. Andrew and his wife attend the Church of Christ (Scientist).

GEORGE FOX HOGAN—One of the successful attorneys of Lynn, Massachusetts, and a man who has made a name for himself in the public life of this region, is a native of Annapolis, Nova Scotia, where he was born March 29, 1867. He is a son of William R. and Mary (Webb) Hogan.

Mr. Hogan received the elementary portion of his education in the public schools of Nova Scotia. He came to Lynn at the age of nineteen years, and here took a course in the high school. Having determined to adopt the law as a profession, he accordingly, after graduating from the Lynn High School, matriculated at Suffolk Law School, and was graduated in 1916, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Passing his bar examinations, he established himself in his chosen profession at Lynn, which has remained his headquarters ever since. He has built up an excellent practice, handling many important cases up to the present, and proving himself

to be a most capable and conscientious attorney.

Besides his legal activity, Mr. Hogan has interested himself in the conduct of public affairs in the community. He is strongly in favor of Prohibition, and on account of this was nominated as a candidate for Congress for the Seventh Congressional District. He is a lawyer of marked ability, being a professor of Practice and Pleading at the Suffolk Law School, of Boston, Massachusetts. Mr. Hogan has been active in the affairs of the Young Men's Christian Association for many years; in his religious affiliations he is a Baptist.

On October 2, 1893, George Fox Hogan was united in marriage with Anabel Wilcomb, daughter of Charles A. and Anna (Bell) Wilcomb, both residents of Chester, New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Hogan are the parents of three children: Roland, born March 30, 1895; Albion L., born January 12, 1897; and Eleanor F., born May 18, 1899.

HENRY E. GUILD—Among the active business men of Amesbury, Massachusetts, one known to almost all of the leading people of the town and vicinity, is Henry E. Guild, of the firm of Guild & Cameron, commercial printers and publishers of that place.

Mr. Guild was born in Walpole, Massachusetts, on February 8, 1882, son of Julius and Mary Ella (Pillsbury) Guild. His mother was of a New Hampshire family, born in Dublin, New Hampshire, in 1854, but his father, Julius Guild, was a native of Walpole, Massachusetts, born there in 1850. After he had reached manhood, Julius Guild gave many indications in his public work that he was a man of strong character and superior intellect. By occupation a farmer, he nevertheless found time to undertake much public work. He was postmaster at Walpole for eight years; selectman of that town for twenty years; and his capability, as well as popularity, can be readily gauged by the fact that for four years he was elected to the State Legislature.

Henry E. Guild grew to manhood in his native place, and after having been well educated in the local grammar and high schools, and Worcester Academy, he gave his time for about nine years to his father, who because of physical injury was unable to continue to conduct his wholesale and retail milk business. When there became no further need by his father of his assistance, Henry E. entered another line. He became connected with the Amesbury Commercial Press, and began at the bottom to learn the printer's art. Eventually he became one of the partners of the company, that status continuing until 1914, when he took over the business for himself. There was no further change until 1916, when he took as a business partner Colin J. Cameron (a sketch of whom follows), the firm name then becoming Guild & Cameron. The partners are energetic men, and turn out a high grade of work, and they have no reason to be dissatisfied with the amount of business they do.

Mr. Guild is a member of the Amesbury Cham-

ber of Commerce, and of the Congregational church of Walpole. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Reliance Lodge, No. 137, of Walpole; and of the King's Mountain Encampment, same place. His political inclination is with the Republican party.

Mr. Guild married, in 1911, at Walpole, Margareta Knobel, who was born in Dedham, January 2, 1882, daughter of Edward and Frances L. A. W. (Mahn) Knobel. Her mother was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, in 1849, but her father was born in Germany in 1839; he died in 1909. He was a man of much ability, learned in the sciences, a naturalist, a capable writer, and gifted artist. Mr. and Mrs. Guild have four children: Louise P., who was born on September 6, 1912; J. Edward, born May 12, 1914; Eleanor M., born August 3, 1915; and John H., born October 20, 1917.

COLIN J. CAMERON—Having to his credit a wide experience as a practical printer, Colin J. Cameron, printer and publisher of Amesbury, Massachusetts, has of late years entered actively into business affairs in that town and also into public matters of that district. He is well and favorably known among business men, and is interestedly working for the advancement of the place, being director and also vice-president of the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce, at the time of writing (1922).

Mr. Cameron was born in Kenzieville, Nova Scotia, on August 24, 1879, son of Edward and Catherine J. (McKenzie) Cameron, both of Kenzieville, where the mother was born in 1846, and the father in 1836. Edward Cameron was a farmer and carriage-maker for the greater part of his life; he retired in 1900. What academic education Colin J. Cameron had was obtained in the elementary schools of Amesbury. Family circumstances were such that he had to begin to work at the age of fourteen, though his first year of employment did not materially swell the family purse. He began his business career in the printing plant of the Amesbury Publishing Company, at the outset receiving only two dollars a week for his services. He was connected with that plant for fifteen years, the last seven years being foreman of same. It was in that capacity that he next became connected with F. N. Whitney, who owned a printing and publishing business in Northfield, Vermont, the seat of Norwich University. There Mr. Cameron remained until the death of Mr. Whitney, when he went to Boston, Massachusetts, and there took a position as assistant foreman of the George H. Ellis Printing Company, one of the largest plants in New England. However, in a short while, he returned to Amesbury, and associated himself with Henry E. Guild (see preceding sketch), who had acquired the printing business with which he had first been connected in Amesbury. Soon Mr. Cameron formed a business partnership with Mr. Guild, and since 1916 the firm has been known as Guild & Cameron, Mr. Cameron seemingly having direction of the practical end and Mr. Guild of the commercial.

Politically Mr. Cameron is independent; fraternally he belongs to the DeWitt Clinton Lodge of Masons, of Northfield, Vermont; to the Powow River Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and to the Eastern Star of Amesbury. His religious belief is Unitarian.

Mr. Cameron married, in 1908, Della Blanche Wingate, who was born in Lawrence, December 1, 1880, daughter of Charles S. and Harriet H. (Woodman) Wingate, the former born December 9, 1856, in Somersworth, New Hampshire, and in later life a painter by occupation. The mother was also a native of Somersworth, born there in August, 1857. She died in May, 1886, in Amesbury. Mr. and Mrs. Cameron have one child, a daughter, Catherine, who was born November 21, 1909.

F. LESLIE VICCARO, lawyer, of Amesbury, Massachusetts, was born in Malden, same State, September 21, 1891, son of James S. and Jennie A. (Morrison) Viccaro. The former was born in Buenos Aires, South America, in 1871, but spent the greater part of his life in the United States, and was a citizen. Latterly he was in the real estate business in Massachusetts, where he died in 1912. His wife was born in Calais, Maine, in November, 1866.

F. Leslie Viccaro was educated in the public and high schools of Merrimac, Massachusetts, and having decided to take up the profession of law at the Suffolk Law School, graduated therefrom in the class of 1913, with the degree of LL.B. After leaving law school, he entered the law office of Spaulding, Baldwin & Shaw at Boston, and was associated in practice with that firm for more than five years. However, he came to Amesbury in 1919, and opened a law office there. He is a member of the Amesbury Bar Association, and has practiced mainly in Amesbury since opening his office there.

Mr. Viccaro has entered somewhat actively into public affairs. Politically a Republican, he is the secretary of the district body of the Republican League of Massachusetts; is chairman of the Merrimac School Committee; president of the Merrimacport Library Association; treasurer of the Town Improvement Society; vice-chairman of the Merrimac Red Cross Executive Committee; and vice-president of the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce; and former secretary of the School Superintendency Union.

Fraternally he is a member of Bethany Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Riverside Lodge, No. 174, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; past patron of Bethel Chapter, Order of Eastern Star; member of the Men's Club; and Suffolk Law School Alumni Association.

Mr. Viccaro was in the United States army during the World War, being a member of Company F, of the Seventy-third Infantry, Twelfth Division, and with that unit was stationed at Camp Devens, Massachusetts, from July 24, 1918, to January 17, 1919, then receiving honorable discharge in the grade of private, first class. He is now a member of the local post of the American Legion. He is a Methodist, and is active in the Methodist Episcopal church of Merrimacport, being a trustee and mem-

ber of the quarterly conference of that church.

Mr. Viccaro married, October 12, 1917, Miss Agnes O. Olsen, of Rochester, New Hampshire.

EVERETT MITCHELL, shoe manufacturer, founder and treasurer of the Fellows Shoe Company, Inc., of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in Bowdoinham, Maine, January 28, 1872, the son of Hiram S. and Elizabeth (Ridley) Mitchell. His father, who died in 1904, was in the ministry, and through his mother he descends from one of the pioneer families of Maine.

Everett Mitchell was educated in the public schools of his native place, and for three years after entering business life was employed in a saw-mill, then, for a similar period, he worked in the Maine stone quarries of Booth Brothers. He came to Massachusetts and to Haverhill in 1896 and organized the Haverhill Scrap Leather Company. With that company he was identified for eighteen years, leaving them in 1919 to open in business for himself on Locke street. He did well in independent business, and on January 1, 1920, organized the Fellows Shoe Company, Inc., establishing a plant for the manufacture of shoes at No. 29 Beech street, Haverhill. Its capacity is seven hundred and fifty pairs of shoes a day, not an inconsiderable output. Mr. Mitchell directs operations, and is treasurer of the corporation.

Mr. Mitchell does not enter much into public affairs, having no time to spare from his business affairs, but he is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Mitchell married, in 1902, Annie Hinchcliffe, daughter of George and Sophia (Hearst) Hinchcliffe, people of English birth, and residents of Lawrence, Massachusetts.

ASA FREDERICK HOWE—The life story of Asa Frederick Howe, of Georgetown, Massachusetts, covers activities in many fields, his versatility being remarkable. He is a veteran of the Civil War, has been a worker on shoes, a teacher, grocer, farmer, legislator, constable, justice of the peace, and probation officer. He is a twin with Dr. George W. Howe, a dentist living in Danvers, Massachusetts. These twins recently celebrated their seventy-seventh birthday, and they believe they are the champion old-age twins of the State of Massachusetts. They are sons of William F. and Susan Eliza (Potter) Howe, the father a market gardener of Rowley, Massachusetts, the mother born in Bridgton, Maine, both long deceased, the father dying in October, 1874.

Asa Frederick Howe was born in Rowley, Massachusetts, January 31, 1845. He was educated in the public schools of Rowley and Ipswich, and when his schooldays were over, entered a shoe factory, remaining there two years, but with the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the military service of his country, enlisting in Company M, Fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Heavy Artillery. That regiment campaigned in Maryland and Virginia, and Howe was in the detail sent out to search for Booth

after his assassination of President Lincoln in 1865. He was honorably discharged from the United States service in June, 1865, and for the next four years pursued his trade in the Danvers shoe factory of Sears & Putnam. In 1869 he was appointed a teacher in the old State Reform School, where he remained until 1873, and during this period held at different times almost all the offices of the school, and was teacher and leader of the school band. In 1873 he returned to Rowley, and for the next three years engaged in merchandising there that he might be near his parents. Before the death of his father in 1874, Asa F. took over the working of the ancestral farm, and eventually took active part in local public affairs. He served a period as constable of Rowley, and became chief of police, also chairman of the Board of Selectmen and Board of Assessors. In 1877 he was elected from his district to the State Legislature. In 1878, however, he decided to go West, and for the next two and a half years was in Lincoln, Nebraska, there engaged in the cattle business, and in general farming. Returning East in 1881, he took up his residence and occupation in Georgetown, Massachusetts, entering the store of Samuel Poor, grocer of that place. Later he opened the same business independently in Georgetown, his store being situated near the present site of the bank. After a while, however, he decided to again take up educational work and was appointed master and military instructor at the Lyman School for Boys at Westboro, and there, in that capacity, spent the next eight years. Coming again to Georgetown, he acted as parole officer for about a year, then returned to Westboro and again became master. When the probation department was created by law he was its first officer under the superintendent, and he served in that capacity for about fourteen years, and then, after State service covering twenty-five years, he applied for retirement, which was granted by Governor Guild. During his connection with State work he also served as justice of the peace. He also was for a time an officer in the Ipswich House of Correction and in the Lawrence Jail.

During his long association with the district he has gained general respect, and has always shown an inclination to help in the responsibilities of good citizenship. He has been a trustee of the public library, and has held other public offices; is a member of the Masonic order, affiliated with lodge and chapter; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and is senior vice-commander of Everett Peabody Post, Grand Army of the Republic. By religious conviction he is a Baptist, and a member of the local church.

Mr. Howe married, August 19, 1876, Emma M. Perley, of Lewiston, Maine, the daughter of Luther L. and Maria Conant (Vining) Perley, her father born in Harrison, Maine. He was a tinsmith by trade, but later a farmer at Harrison, Maine, where he died, March 25, 1859. Maria Conant (Vining) Perley was born in Durham, Maine, and died June 1, 1915. Mr. and Mrs. Howe have two children, daughters: 1. Josephine Eldred, a graduate nurse

of the New England Hospital at Roxbury, Massachusetts; married Leroy Herbert Clough, a contractor and builder, and they are the parents of two children: Leroy Herbert, Jr., and Frederick Earl Clough. 2. Alice Marjorie, a graduate of Haverhill Business College, now receiver for the Northeastern Street Railway Company at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Miss Howe is a graphologist of repute, quite well known for character readings from hand-writings.

Mrs. Emma M. (Perley) Howe was educated in the grade and high schools of Lewiston, Maine, and when her husband was appointed master at Westboro, Mrs. Howe was appointed matron, a position she most capably filled for eight years. She then became superintendent of the bakery connected with the schools at Westboro and Berlin, Massachusetts, filling that office for two years. She was president and is now vice-president of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church, is a member of the Daughters of Rebekah, and has been president of the Woman's Relief Corps.

Mr. Howe has written poems without number, many of which have been printed. On his recent celebration of his seventy-seventh birthday he wrote a poem entitled "Ego," ending as given below:

I have lived, in the North, the South and the West,
But surely I love Old New England the best,
For seventy-seven years I have hoed my row,
And yet, I am not old, oh no! oh no!

My locks may be white and my form bending low,
I may shuffle along and my gait may be slow,
But I am within, Ego tells me so,
And Ego tells me that I am not old, oh no! oh no.

Mr. Howe has officiated at Memorial Day services as speaker, and has held nearly all offices of Everett Peabody Post, Grand Army of the Republic. He is one of Georgetown's "grand old men," and is held in high esteem by all who know him.

SIDNEY C. BAKER—The business of making shoes, with its many subsidiary industries, while peculiarly American in its inception and growth, has drawn many from England into its folds. One of the best known of these English-born leaders is Sidney C. Baker, born August 22, 1870, who left London, England, in 1900, and came to the United States. Educated in the public schools of this country, he had found employment in various vocations for many years, but being ambitious for something better, he came to find it in a newer land. Three years after his arrival he went to Haverhill, Massachusetts, and engaged in the making of wood heels. Ten years later, increasing trade made it necessary to enlarge his business so he sought and found a partner in Leon O. Ross.

Mr. Ross was at that time an active member of the contracting and building firm of Charles O. Ross & Son, but withdrawing, he gave his time and energy to making with Mr. Baker a going concern of the new company. They took the name of Ross & Baker, manufacturers of wood heels for women's shoes, and started in the smallest way, with very

little capital. Locating first at No. 100 Phoenix Row, they remained but a short time before removing to No. 141 Washington street. After a year at this place they found, in 1914, quarters that suited them better at No. 63 Fleet street, where they now are (1921). Although starting in a very small way, they have bit by bit built up a strong organization and now have about forty-five operators. The products of the factory are sold directly to the shoe trade.

Mr. Baker is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, Haverhill, and president of the Wood Heel Manufacturers' Association of that city. He belongs also to the Agawam Club. During the World War he put his energy into the Red Cross and War Loan drives, and many remember his successful activities.

In 1906 Mr. Baker married Luella M. Moore, daughter of Alden S. and Ella F. (Walsh) Moore, both natives of Haverhill, Massachusetts. Mr. Moore is a maker of wood heels in the city. Of this marriage one child was born, Arline Baker, born January 11, 1909. Mr. Baker and his family are always genial hosts at their pleasant residence, No. 24 Chandler street, Haverhill.

JAMES T. FITZGERALD, lawyer, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in that city, October 1, 1884, son of James H. and Mary A. (O'Brien) Fitzgerald. His father was engaged in the leather business, in Haverhill, until his death in 1919, and his mother died in 1905. Mr. Fitzgerald attended the St. James' Parochial School, the Haverhill High School, graduating with the class of 1904, and the Boston University Law School, receiving his degree in 1912. The same year he was admitted to the Essex county bar, and he located in his native city to engage in the practice of his profession. He is among the well-known citizens of Haverhill and has built up a very satisfactory clientele. Mr. Fitzgerald is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Historical Society of Haverhill. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Knights of Columbus and Father Mathews Society.

He married, in 1915, Maguerite M. Goodwin, of that city, and they are the parents of a daughter, Rita Fitzgerald. The family attend and support the St. James' Catholic Church.

ABRAM W. COLBY, manufacturer, part owner of the Haverhill firm of Colby & Towne, manufacturers of wood heels, is a well-known business man of Haverhill, having been born in the city, and in it passed more than fifty years. He was born November 3, 1870, the son of Wallace and Georgianna (Hall) Colby, the former a shoe manufacturer, originally of Madison, New Hampshire, and the latter a native of Haverhill.

The Colby family settled in Haverhill, and there Abram W. received all of his schooling. After passing through the local public schools, he began to work for Chester & Rugg, shoe manufacturers. With that firm he remained for twenty-one years. For another three years he was in the employ of

P. N. Wadleigh, but at the end of that time he formed a business partnership with Mr. Haseltine, the two opening in the manufacturing business under the trading name of Haseltine & Colby. Their original plant was situated at No. 62 Washington street, but they moved it later to Essex street. The partnership was dissolved in 1918. Shortly afterwards, however, Mr. Colby formed association with Edwin G. Towne, and began to manufacture wood heels for shoe manufacturers, their trading name being Colby & Towne, and their plant being at No. 11 Stage street. So they have continued to the present, their present plant covering 4,500 square feet of floor space, and having a capacity of 300 dozen heels a day. It is therefore an appreciable business enterprise.

Mr. Colby married, in 1912, Belle (Davis) Haseltine, daughter of Amaril and Adelia (Fuller) Davis, both originally of Appleton, Maine. Her father, who was a shoe manufacturer, died in 1892; her mother in 1881. She was the widow of — Haseltine, and resided in Haverhill before her marriage to Mr. Colby.

EDWIN G. TOWNE was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, March 1, 1888, a son of Sydney F. and Ellen M. (Pickard) Towne. His father and mother were residents of Newburyport. His father, who was engaged in the railroad business, died in 1892, leaving Edwin G. an orphan at the age of four years.

Edwin G. Towne received his early education in the public schools of Massachusetts. When his school days came to an end, he decided to enter the shoe manufacturing business and associated himself with the Slipper City Wood Heel Company, in order to learn the details of the industry. After leaving the Slipper City Wood Heel Company, he worked for various other firms in order to gain experience. In 1905 he entered the service of O. A. Martin, a local manufacturer. He remained with Mr. Martin for two years, during which he perfected his practical knowledge of the details of manufacturing wood heels by machinery. He then became foreman for A. R. Wade, and after three years' service at the Wade factory, became manager of Cunningham & Wilde's factory. Later he became manager of the Excel Wood Heel Company, and foreman of the Blackburn & Haseltine Company. In 1919 he formed a partnership with Abram W. Colby, and under the firm name of Colby & Towne opened a factory with a manufacturing capacity of 300 dozen wood heels a day, and they have an enviable reputation in the business world. Mr. Towne is a member of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, the Knights of Malta, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Sons of Veterans, and the Superintendents' and Foremen's Association of Haverhill.

Mr. Towne married Mabel Batchelder, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1905. Mrs. Towne is a daughter of Orrin T. Batchelder, of Northwood, Massachusetts, and his wife, Ada M. (Ayer) Batchelder, of Haverhill, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Towne have one son, Edwin G., Jr., born in 1906.

HUBERT CLINTON THOMPSON, attorney, member of the Harvard University Law School, class of '14, and now in practice in Haverhill and Essex county, has given indication of aptitude for public affairs and law. He was born in Danversport, Massachusetts, November 15, 1889, the son of William O. and Agnes J. (Doty) Thompson, both of New Hampshire families.

Hubert C. Thompson passed through the elementary public schools of his native place, and after further preparatory tutoring entered Clark University, from which he was graduated with the class of 1911. Having resolved to become a lawyer, he then became a student at the Harvard University Law School, the standing of which is probably the highest of any in the United States. While an undergraduate, he was a member of the 'Varsity Debating Club. He was admitted to the bar of Essex county, Massachusetts, in February, 1915, and entered at once into practice in Haverhill. He was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts and appointed to the Committee on Codifications.

The great World War, 1917-18, necessarily interfered with his professional and civil plans. He set aside his personal affairs and became a member of the United States Merchant Marine, and until the end of the war gave national service at sea, as quartermaster, his official rank being A. B. S. After the war was over, he resumed his practice of law. He is unmarried.

DR. RALPH ROY MOULTHROP.—A scion of one of the oldest New England families, Dr. Moulthrop's ancestry can be traced to a very early period, and in New York State a branch of his family were also among the first settlers. It was there, at Kenozza Lake, Sullivan county, New York, that he was born, June 28, 1889, son of Elroy B. Moulthrop, grandson of Gideon Moulthrop, and great-grandson of Nathan and Jane Moulthrop.

The latter were among the earliest settlers in Sullivan county, and their son, Gideon, was born there in 1833, and died in 1909; he was a farmer and a member of the Methodist church. His son, Elroy B. Moulthrop, was born in September, 1858, and was a merchant at Binghamton, New York. His wife was Martha Amelia Miller, daughter of George and Amelia Miller; she was born in 1860, and died in 1920.

Ralph R. Moulthrop attended school at Binghamton, and prepared for college at the Central High School in that city; he graduated from Cornell University in the class of 1914, having specialized in the study of veterinary medicine and surgery. Subsequent to his graduation he was in the employ of the United States Government at Washington for one year, and in 1915 engaged in practice at Lawrence, where he is now located, engaged in business with Dr. Ray S. Youmans (see following sketch), under the firm name of Moulthrop & Youmans. He is a leader in his profession there, and is also the city veterinarian of Lawrence and Methuen. While at college, Dr. Moulthrop became a member of the



Richard M. Allen

Omega Tau Sigma fraternity.

Dr. Moulthrop married, September 15, 1915, at Norwich, New York, Genevieve Rose Moulton, daughter of Will and Ruby C. Moulton. The former is the secretary of the Sherman Gasoline Corporation of New York City. Dr. Moulthrop and his wife attend the Trinity Congregational Church of Lawrence.

DR. RAY S. YOUMANS, of the firm of Moulthrop & Youmans, proprietors of the Veterinary Hospital, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, was born March 18, 1892, in Wellsbridge, New York, and there attended school. In 1914 he was graduated from the Veterinary College of Cornell University, with the degree of D. V. M.

Subsequent to his graduation, Dr. Youmans was in the employ of the United States Government at Buffalo, New York, as meat inspector, which position he held for six months. The outbreak of the World War at this time, and the urgent need of men specially trained, caught Dr. Youmans in its train and he was engaged in transporting horses for the English Government, having charge of the horses en route.

After the war he came to Lawrence, Massachusetts, and formed a partnership with Dr. Moulthrop (see preceding sketch) to conduct a Veterinary Hospital. At the hospital there are accommodations for boarding animals, and there is a well-equipped hospital for small animals.

Dr. Youmans married, July 30, 1919, Sarah E. Springall, at Dexter, Maine. Mrs. Youmans was a native of Malden, Massachusetts. They are the parents of two children: Elizabeth, born November 16, 1920; and Jane, born March 23, 1922. Dr. and Mrs. Youmans are attendants of the Universalist church.

REV. NATHAN MATTHEWS, of Danvers, Massachusetts, was born in Newfoundland, the son of John and Fannie (Dix) Matthews, the former, commissioner of fisheries for many years. Mr. Matthews attended the public schools, and later came to Boston, where he was employed for almost two years. He then resumed his studies at the Virginia College, and in 1900 was graduated from the Virginia Episcopal Theological Seminary. For fourteen years he labored as a missionary on the west coast of Africa, and after his return to the United States, spent a year in Tennessee under Bishop Gaylor. The following year he was stationed in North Carolina, under Bishop Guerry, and during the World War Mr. Matthews served nine months as civilian chaplain at Camp Sevier, South Carolina.

Rev. Matthews is a member of the various Masonic bodies, including the Lodge, Chapter, and Council at Rockhill, South Carolina; Commandery at Chester, South Carolina; Omar Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at Charleston, South Carolina; Lodge of Perfection; Princes of Jerusalem; Rose Croix, at Salem; and Massachusetts Consistory at Boston.

Rev. Nathan Matthews married Etta Cabell, of Virginia, and they are the parents of one living child, Patrick C. Matthews, now a student in the grammar school at Danvers. Rev. Matthews is at present pastor of Calvary Episcopal Church, at Danvers, Massachusetts.

CHARLES HOYT MORSE, civil engineer, of Haverhill, associated with Henry N. Chase in consultant practice as civil, architectural and landscape engineers, with offices in Haverhill, Boston and Plymouth, Massachusetts, is a native of Bradford, Massachusetts, born May 2, 1887, son of Scott Herbert and Harriet Elizabeth (Hoyt) Morse. His father, who died in 1903, spent most of his life in Haverhill; his mother, who died in 1891, was of a Hampstead, New Hampshire, family. He, himself, came especially into public notice a few years ago because of his military service during the war, reference to which will later herein be made.

Charles Hoyt Morse was reared in Bradford and Haverhill, and in due course passed through the local public schools, after which he took a preparatory course at Mitchell's Military School, Billerica, Massachusetts. This education he supplemented by taking special and private tuition to fit him for the engineering profession. He gave close study to mathematics and to engineering subjects after leaving school, and obtained a post under Nelson Spofford, of Haverhill, former engineer for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Later he was with Ralph D. Hood, with whom he was associated until he went into the United States Government service in 1914, in the Department of the Interior. He was in federal civil service for a year, his work being in the Rocky Mountains and National Parks on road and bridge design and construction. When he left in 1915 it was to accept appointment as assistant engineer for the Massachusetts Highway Commission. He held that State post until 1919, though service was not continuous. Indeed, the greater part of the period was spent in military service, on the Mexican Border and in France.

Major Morse has been identified with military units since 1906, when he enlisted in Company F, of the 8th Massachusetts Infantry, a regiment of the National Guard. He was a private in 1906, and rose to commissioned grade in September, 1912, being then a second lieutenant. In June, 1914, he became first lieutenant, and was a captain in March, 1916. With the 8th Massachusetts Infantry he served on the Mexican Border during the trouble with Mexico in 1916, and acted as brigade engineer officer. Returning home early in 1917, the troops were only a few months out of Federal service. With the entry of this nation into the World War, in April, 1917, the National Guard units were mobilized, including of course the Massachusetts troops. Captain Morse was transferred to Battery A, of the 102nd Regiment of Artillery, as battery commander, April 12, 1917. The unit was mustered into federal service, July

25, 1917, and he left for overseas service in September, 1917. He studied at the General Staff College, Langres, France, and was graduated therefrom in February, 1918. He was on duty with the 18th British Army Corps until March 17, 1918, at the time the last desperate drive was beginning. On March 17th he was assigned to duty with the general staff of the 26th (New England) Division, of the American Expeditionary Forces. On June 7, 1918, he left France for the United States, being ordered home as an expert to assist in the organization and training of the national army. He reported to the chief of staff of the United States Army, at Washington, D. C., and was immediately assigned to duty with the War Plans Division of the Army War College at Washington, D. C. In August, 1918, he was appointed to the General Staff at Washington, and on the 27th of that month was promoted to grade of major, United States Army. He was held in military service until April 7, 1919, and was thus in active service for almost three years, having gone to the Mexican Border with his old regiment in June, 1916.

After discharge from the army, he again took up his State civil engineering appointment, being soon made personal assistant to the chief engineer. He held that capacity until 1920, when he associated with Henry N. Chase, the two establishing the firm of Morse & Chase, with offices in Haverhill, Boston, and Hyannis, and undertaking most branches of civil engineering. Major Morse has in addition some other professional appointments. He acted in the capacity of chief engineer for the Pilgrim Tercentenary Commission, with responsibility for designing and construction of all improvements at Plymouth. And he acts in similar capacity for the Provincetown Commission. By the way, going back a few years, it should be stated that while associated with Mr. Ralph D. Hood, Mr. Morse was locating and construction engineer for the Massachusetts Northeastern Street Railway Company.

Major Morse is a member of Boston Chapter, Military Order of the World War; the local post of the American Legion; American Association of Engineers, the Haverhill Board of Survey; and the Haverhill Soldiers' Memorial Commission. He is also a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and Bradford Community Club, and socially he belongs to the Pentucket and Island clubs. Fraternally, he is identified with the Masonic order, member of Merrimac Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Merrimac Valley Lodge of Perfection. He attends the Congregational church, of Bradford.

Mr. Morse married, in 1916, Helen M. La Croix, of Haverhill, Massachusetts.

DANIEL SAUNDERS, (2nd)—The ability to put one's self mentally in another's place is somewhat rare, and Daniel Saunders is rising high in his profession because he is particularly able in this

respect. Specializing as he does on the less forensic aspect of the law, that of general practice, he is becoming noted for his faculty of seeing all sides of a question, for his power to enter into the other fellow's thought and belief, and for the skill and vigor with which he can state the position of his client. He began life at York Beach, Maine, September 25, 1891. His father, George Fairfield Saunders, was a native of Lawrence, Massachusetts, born November 30, 1865, and for a long period was engaged in the wool trade. He now is a manufacturer of wool shoddy in the city of his birth. His mother was Sarah Jane (Donnell) Saunders, of Kittery, Maine.

Daniel Saunders, 2nd, received his early education in the public schools of Lawrence, in which he stayed until graduated from high school with the class of 1908. In 1913 he finished his college course at Bowdoin College, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. After two years in Harvard Law School he took special studies in Boston University, concluding his thorough preparation for his profession in 1917. During the autumn months of this year he entered the firm of Rowell & Clay, lawyers of Lawrence, Massachusetts, where he remained for one year. In 1919 he started the practice of law by himself, having offices in the Bay State Bank building, Lawrence, where he conducts so successfully his general law practice, with an ever-growing clientele. He is a member of the Essex County and Lawrence (Massachusetts) Bar Associations. He has kept in touch with his college through the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity (Bowdoin), and is connected with the Masonic order, in which he is junior deacon of the Blue Lodge, Lawrence. During the World War he was for a time at the Plattsburg (New York) Camp, from which he holds his honorable discharge; he is now a member of the American Legion. Through the years 1915-19, inclusive, he served on the school committee of his city.

Mr. Saunders married, at Lawrence, during September, 1918, Augusta Frank, of the same city, daughter of Emil Frank, who is engaged in the wool business, and Minnie (Plish) Frank. Of this marriage there are two children: William Putnam, born November 16, 1919, and Janice Fairfield, born February 28, 1921. They are active members of Grace Episcopal Church.

Daniel Saunders, 2nd, is a worthy son of worthy ancestors, three generations of whom have lived in or near Lawrence, his father, George Fairfield Saunders, being born in the city, his grandfather, Caleb Saunders, though born in Andover, soon removed to the same place, and the grandfather, from whom Mr. Saunders received his name, was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, but lived the most of his years in Lawrence.

GRANT H. FAIRBANKS, manufacturer, general manager and vice-president of the Robert Gair Company, boxboard manufacturers, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born at Joplin, Missouri, Feb-

ruary 18, 1877, the son of William H. and Ella (Peters) Fairbanks. His father, who was a wholesale grocer in Indiana, died in 1908; he was a colonel in the Civil War, a member of the 31st Regiment, Indiana; his mother was originally of Port Madison, Iowa.

Grant H. Fairbanks was given a good education, taking a preparatory collegiate course after passing through the public schools. Eventually he entered Princeton, from which university he was graduated with the class of 1897.

Returning then to his native State, Mr. Fairbanks for the next three years engaged in the manufacture of news print, or paper, in Anderson, Indiana. In 1901 he came to Haverhill to take executive office with the Haverhill Box Board Company, having been elected secretary and treasurer. Ultimately that company was absorbed by the Robert Gair Company, and in the reorganization Mr. Fairbanks became manager and vice-president, capacities he still holds.

Mr. Fairbanks has not had opportunity to enter much into public affairs, but is a member of the Parks Commission, and is a director of the Merrimack National Bank. Fraternally he is a Mason, holding all degrees up to and including the shrine; also is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and socially is a member of the Pentucket and Wachusett clubs.

Mr. Fairbanks married, in 1901, Franceska G. Strong, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Blake) Strong, the former a wholesale grocer in Indiana. Through her mother, Mrs. Fairbanks descends from a Maryland family. Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks have three children: Franceska S., William C., and Pauline.

BYRON TRUELL—Since 1854 Mr. Truell had been a resident of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and although long past life's prime, he was actively engaged in business and continued to take the keen interest in the affairs of the city in which by far the greater part of his life had been spent.

Byron Truell was born in St. Johnsbury, Vermont, November 23, 1834, son of George W. and Frances (Whitcomb) Truell. In 1837 his parents went to Barnston, Quebec, Canada, and it was there he received his early and preparatory training prior to entering Stanstead Academy. Terminating his studies at the age of nineteen years, he came to Lawrence, Massachusetts, which city continued to be his home and place of business until his death, which occurred in June, 1922. He first secured employment as a clerk in a dry goods store, but resigned four years later and formed a partnership, under the firm name of Bailey & Truell. This partnership continued for five years, when the firm dissolved, the stock being divided between the former partners, Mr. Truell then removing to No. 249 Essex street, where he established in the dry goods business, under the firm name of Byron Truell & Company. The enterprise proved successful and grew so rapidly under the energetic management of Mr.

Truell that in a short time he was obliged to enlarge his store, and while the remodelling was in progress, he erected a temporary building across the street. He continued a successful business in the enlarged store until 1902, when he retired from mercantile life to accept appointment as postmaster of Lawrence from the hands of President Roosevelt, an office which he held until 1906, when he returned to business life, dealing in real estate and investments, with offices in the Bay State building. He was vice-president of the Consolidated Pacific National Bank, and the Merchants' Trust Company of Lawrence; a trustee of the Essex Savings Bank, of Lawrence; and a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce.

A Republican in politics, he always took an active part in the affairs of his party. He served two terms in the Massachusetts House of Representatives, two terms in the State Senate, and two terms on the Governor's Council. In religion he was a Congregationalist; fraternally a member of the Masonic order, affiliated with lodge, chapter, council and commandery.

In 1863, in Lawrence, Massachusetts, Byron Truell was united in marriage with Mary Elizabeth Armstrong, who died in 1902. They were the parents of five children. 1. Gertrude T., who married Albert E. Butler; he died in 1895; he was the cashier of the Arlington Trust Company. Mr. and Mrs. Butler were the parents of three children: i. Byron Truell (2), who married Ruth Lyall, and they have two children: Mary Elizabeth and Robert Truell; ii. Gertrude, the wife of Wendell Abbott, and they have a son, Albert Stephen; iii. Marion, the wife of Guy E. Boynton, who have two children: Brenda Butler, and Sandra Truell. Mrs. Butler resides with her father. 2. Grace T., who married Dr. A. S. Ruland, of Syracuse, New York, and two children were born of this marriage; Ralph, who died when young; and Gertrude Catherine Ruland. The other three of Mr. Truell's children died young.

Mr. Truell's long life was one of constant activity and business success. The prominent places he filled in city and State offices were worthily filled, and he was faithful to every trust reposed in him. He passed the evening of life in well earned comfort and plenty, greatly loved and esteemed.

JOHN S. KING, dental surgeon, one of the best-known in Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born at Central Norton, New Brunswick, Canada, June 28, 1857, the son of George and Hannah (Mills) King, the former a farmer at that place until 1868, at which time he died.

John S. King spent his early boyhood on the home farm, attended the local public school, and eventually became a student at the Boston Dental College, graduating satisfactorily, and entering practice in 1892, at No. 8 Washington Square, in association with the late Dr. Chase. They remained associates until 1900, when Dr. King opened independent office in Haverhill. He has continued to practice ever since. Nevertheless, he found time to take

the graduate course in dental surgery at Tufts College, and graduated with the class of 1907, gaining the degree of D.M.D. He has had very satisfactory practice, and has a large clientele in the Haverhill district.

Fraternally he is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Religiously he is a Universalist, a member of the local church of that denomination.

Dr. King married, in 1896, Eliza P. McVey, daughter of Andrew and Mary (Baxter) McVey, of St. John, New Brunswick. They have three children: Mary I., John Mills, and Elizabeth B.

CHARLES S. HARDING—The Harding Shoe Company, Inc., of which Mr. Harding is president and general manager, is one of the recent additions to the shoe manufacturing corporations of Haverhill, Massachusetts, but its present operations indicate that it will be an appreciable addition. The company was incorporated in 1921 by Charles S. Harding, Bernard Durgin, J. W. Price, Fred Mears, and E. C. Wentworth, all of whom are directors, Mr. Harding being president and general manager, as above stated, and Mr. Mears treasurer. The company manufactures a line of women's turned shoes, specializing in novelties. The plant is situated in the Hays block, on Granite street, and occupies the entire fifth floor, with 14,000 square feet of working space. The most modern machinery has been installed to give capacity for one thousand pairs of shoes a day, and altogether the enterprise finds steady employment for about a hundred men.

Charles S. Harding, president, is well known in the shoe industry. He was born in Wisconsin, on October 4, 1886, son of Bryan and Nancy (Neal) Harding. His mother, who was of Elkins, New Hampshire, is still alive, but his father died in 1917. Soon after his birth the family removed to Rochester, New York, where his father, for many years, thereafter, was a shoe manufacturer, and subsequently was identified with the shoe industry in Lynn, Massachusetts.

Charles S. Harding spent almost all of his boyhood and youth in Rochester. He attended Rochester schools, and finished with a course at the Bradstreet Preparatory School. After leaving school, Charles S. went into his father's business in Rochester, remaining in his father's plant for about two years, during which time he learned the business fairly well. He was apparently an enterprising young man, for he then organized the Leach Shoe Company, of Rochester, and became manager of it, continuing as such for about six years. He then went to Lynn, Massachusetts, to take up appointment as superintendent of one of the plants of the A. E. Little Company, with which firm he remained for two years. In similar responsibility he served the Lunn & Sweet Company, of Auburn, Maine, for a year, then came to Haverhill, and became connected with the Hazen B. Goodrich Company, as quality man. Three years later he was offered and accepted the responsibility of president and man-

ager of John H. Gross, Inc., of Haverhill. He held those capacities for that firm for three years, after which he took part in the organization of the Harding Shoe Company, Inc.

Mr. Harding is a man of good business ability, active and thorough. He has been busily employed in the affairs of his own business, but has nevertheless found time to enter into matters of community and public character. During the years of the World War, 1917-18, he served in a military capacity with the Massachusetts State Guard; he also has been an interested member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he has many Masonic connections, being a member of St. Mark's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Newburyport; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Merrimack Valley Lodge of Perfection. He also is affiliated with the Knights of Birmingham, of Rochester, New Hampshire. Socially he belongs to the Agawam Club of Haverhill. He is a Congregationalist, a member of the Bradford church of that denomination.

Mr. Harding married, in 1905, Miss Belle Bridges Hungerford, of Chicago, Illinois, and they have two children: William Paul and Harriet Lowell.

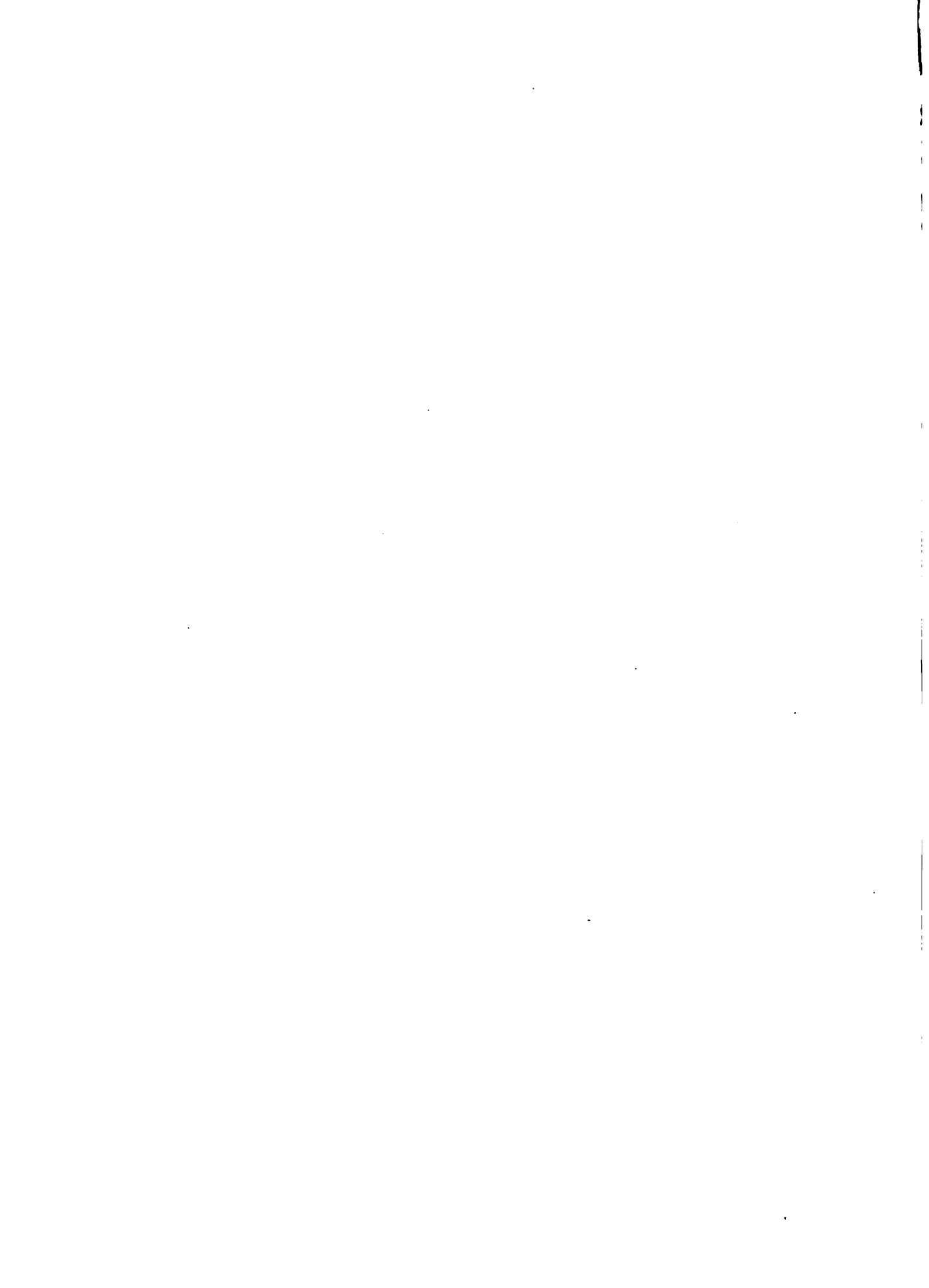
JAMES DEARBORN MULLIN—Not only to the industrial world of Essex county, Massachusetts, but to the entire shoe industry of America, the name of James D. Mullin bears special significance. He is probably the oldest shoe manufacturer in the United States still actively engaged in business.

Mr. Mullin was born in Boston, and is a son of Henry B. Mullin, one of the earliest shoe manufacturers of Lynn. The family removing to Lynn when Mr. Mullin was a child, two years of age, it was in this city that he received his education, and learned the business which became his life work. When only twelve years of age he learned to make shoes in his father's shop, a little one-story structure on Whiting street, off the north side of the common. This was before the days of shoe machinery, when every operation was done by hand, each individual pair designed by the maker and cut out with a little skiving knife. He worked with his father until he was twenty-one and then the elder man made him a partner in his business.

It was in 1856 that the partnership began, and Mr. Mullin has been actively engaged in the business ever since, still retaining full management of his now extensive interests. His recollections of the early days of shoe manufacture, and the development of the great shoe industry of today are full of interest. At the time he became actively identified with the business, in 1856, little progress had been made over his earliest recollections. The most important factories cut the uppers and blocked out the soles, sometimes sending the uppers out to be stitched. The stitched uppers, soles and heels were sent out with the lasts to be put together in homes, then brought back to the factory to be packed and shipped to the buyers. Up to that time the centers of shoe manufacture were in Maine, New



James D. Mullin



Hampshire and New Brunswick, the product being shipped to Lynn to be sold. Thus from being a point of distribution, the city of Lynn became the nucleus of manufacture. The progress of invention reached the shoe business, and when the more or less primitive hand shaving knife for shaving heels, was invented, it was accepted as marking an era in shoemaking. Through many stages of progress the industry developed, each new invention bringing about new possibilities, until today the hand-made shoe is almost a thing of the past.

Few men who can remember those early days now survive, and fewer still are active in business now. Mr. Mullin does not know of any other maker of shoes at the present time who made the start as far back as he did, seventy-three years ago. Few men could endure the strain of large business interests for such a length of time, but at eighty-five years of age Mr. Mullin is in excellent health, is regularly at his office, every day, and is still the alert, capable executive. About twenty-five years ago he received his son, Henry C. Mullin, into partnership, the firm name at that time becoming J. D. Mullin & Son. The business has grown to very large proportions, and is one of the solid business houses of the city. During the inevitable disturbances due to war conditions it has been very slightly affected, and is still going forward.

Mr. Mullin married Lucy Colby, of Nahant, and they have one son and one daughter. The son, Henry C., as above noted, is associated with his father in business. The daughter, Lucy, is Mrs. Crocker, of Allston, Massachusetts. Mr. Mullin takes great pride in possessing a great-grandson, Wallace Taylor, a child of a few years, residing in Brookline, Massachusetts.

WILLIAM A. ROWE—Among the representative citizens of Beverly, Massachusetts, is William A. Rowe, a native of Gloucester, Massachusetts, his birth having occurred there July 29, 1865. Mr. Rowe is president and general manager of the Harper Garage Company of Beverly and Salem, and proprietor of the Rowe Motor Company of Peabody, and the Danvers Motor Company of Danvers, and holds a recognized place in the business circles of the city in which he has resided since 1904.

William A. Rowe obtained his education in the public schools of his native city, after which he learned the shoemaker's trade and continued in this particular line for about three years. He then became interested in bicycling. The high wheel was used exclusively in those days and it was on this type of a machine that Mr. Rowe, in 1885, won for himself a world-wide reputation as a fast rider. In that year he won the five-mile international championship, riding a wheel fifty-five inches high and weighing twenty-two and one-half pounds. He also held the record for the longest run ever made in one hour on the high wheel, covering twenty-two miles and one hundred and fifty yards in that period. In September, 1886, he won the world's one mile championship. He began riding at the age of seven-

teen and continued to ride in professional meets until 1889, when he terminated his professional riding and assumed charge of the bicycle department of Wright & Ditson's, of Boston, Massachusetts. Here he remained for six years, when he resigned in order to establish himself in the bicycle and sporting goods business at Lynn, Massachusetts, under the firm name of the Rowe Lawrence Sporting Goods Company, and thus continued for a period of four years, when he founded the Harper Garage Company of Beverly, Massachusetts, of which he is now president and chief stockholder. The organization, which at first handled many different makes of cars, is now agent for the Ford cars only, and is one of the largest Ford agencies East of Boston. The great success of the company is due in no small way to the wonderful executive ability of Mr. Rowe, together with his wide acquaintance of former makers of bicycles, who after the automobile came into the market turned their factories over to the manufacture of the modern machines. Mr. Rowe has always been an abstainer from intoxicants and tobacco in any form, and claims that his success in both the athletic and business world is largely due to this fact.

William A. Rowe is a member of the Beverly Chamber of Commerce, and affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, is a member of the Beverly Rotary Club, and the First Congregational Church of Lynn.

On November 20, 1887, Mr. Rowe married (first) Alice B. Ayers, who died on May 27, 1896, and to them was born one child, Alice A., September 6, 1899; he married (second), Etta F. Alexander, and to them one child was born, Eleanor G.

RICHARD F. HIMMER, D.M.D., one of the younger dental surgeons of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is well known in the city, and enjoying a rapidly growing practice. He is a son of John and Hattie Himmer, of this city, and his father is employed in the Washington Mills.

Born in Lawrence, and reared in the traditions of this historic section, Dr. Himmer received his early education in the public schools of the city, covering the high school course in the evening sessions while he was employed during the day. By this means he was enabled to go on with his higher education, and entered Tufts College, from which he was graduated in 1913, with the degree of Doctor of Dental Medicine. He made his start at the residence of his parents, at No. 190 Park street, beginning in a modest way. He was very successful, however, and did excellent work, thus increasing his patronage steadily with the growth that counts for permanence. Since May, 1919, Dr. Himmer's office has been at his present address, where his home is located, No. 64 East Haverhill street, Lawrence.

Outside his private practice Dr. Himmer has various interests. During the World War he was a member of the examining board for the Selective Service. He is a member of Tuscan Lodge, Free

and Accepted Masons; of Mount Sinai Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 65; Herman Sons, O. D. H. S.; and of the Turn Verein. He is a member of the German Presbyterian church.

Dr. Himmer married, in 1915, Bertha E. Starling, of North Andover, Massachusetts, and they have two children: Richard John, who was born in 1916; and Frank Ernest, born in 1920.

A. LEROY HAMMOND, an enterprising manufacturer, principal of the Hammond Machine Company, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, manufacturers of wood heel machinery, was born in Haverhill, July 27, 1877, the son of Daniel W. and Mary A. (Young) Hammond, the former of Beverly, Massachusetts, where he is still living, and the latter originally of Belfast, Maine. His father for the greater part of his business life was identified with the shoe industry, with which the son also was destined to become connected.

A. Leroy Hammond was educated in the public schools of his native place, and in due course entered business life. He entered the employ of A. W. Briggs, engraver, of Haverhill, with whom he remained for eight years. In 1904 he ventured into association with another, in a manufacturing enterprise, the Beckett & Hammond Machine Company, and was identified with that firm until 1908, when the business took the corporate name of the Hammond Machine Company. The plant was originally situated on Potter place, Haverhill; later its quarters were on Hale street, but quite recently, in 1921, expansion of the business made it necessary to again move. The present factory is on Maple street, and there is every indication that the business is prospering. Originally it was only possible to find employment for three men, but now the company has fifteen men constantly employed, and its last removal was to a new building, where the operations are centered exclusively on the manufacture of wood heel machinery, in which specialty the company has, it appears, the largest business in Haverhill. During the year 1921 Mr. Hammond added to his business a new department, in which they grind auto cylinders, make pistons, piston rings and pins. The new addition has been a success.

Mr. Hammond married, December 13, 1913, at Haverhill, Lena M. Morrison, of Cape Breton Island, daughter of Allan and Anna (Ross) Morrison.

ROBERT WALMSLEY, of the Haverhill (Massachusetts) firm of Bacon & Walmsley, plumbing, heating and sheet-metal work contractors, was born in England, at Bradford, Yorkshire, on September 12, 1875, the son of Thomas and Mary (Hill) Walmsley, both of that place. His father was a contracting carpenter and builder, and died in England in 1898.

Robert Walmsley was educated in England, passing through the public schools of his native place, and also for six years attending technical school, which attendance gave him qualification to register

as sanitary engineer. Entering business life in his own city, he found employment with Thomas Perry, for whom he worked for more than eight years. Afterwards he was with several other English concerns for short periods at different times. After coming to Haverhill, Massachusetts, he, in 1906 entered the employ of P. E. Elliott, for whom he worked for two years. For seven years, thereafter, he was in the employ of Ford & Luce, of Haverhill, but in 1917 he formed business connection with Mr. Bacon, and the partners in that year established the firm of Bacon & Walmsley, and opened for business in plumbing and allied lines at No. 16 Winter street, Haverhill, which is the present business address of the firm. In reality their business is the successor of that of Forrest E. Goodrich, whose goodwill, equipment, and stock they acquired.

Mr. Walmsley is a good citizen, well known and respected. He is a member of Merrimack Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Haverhill Council, Royal and Select Masters; Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar; and Lodge of Perfection; he belongs to the Sons of St. George. By religious conviction he is a Baptist, a member of the First Baptist Church of Haverhill.

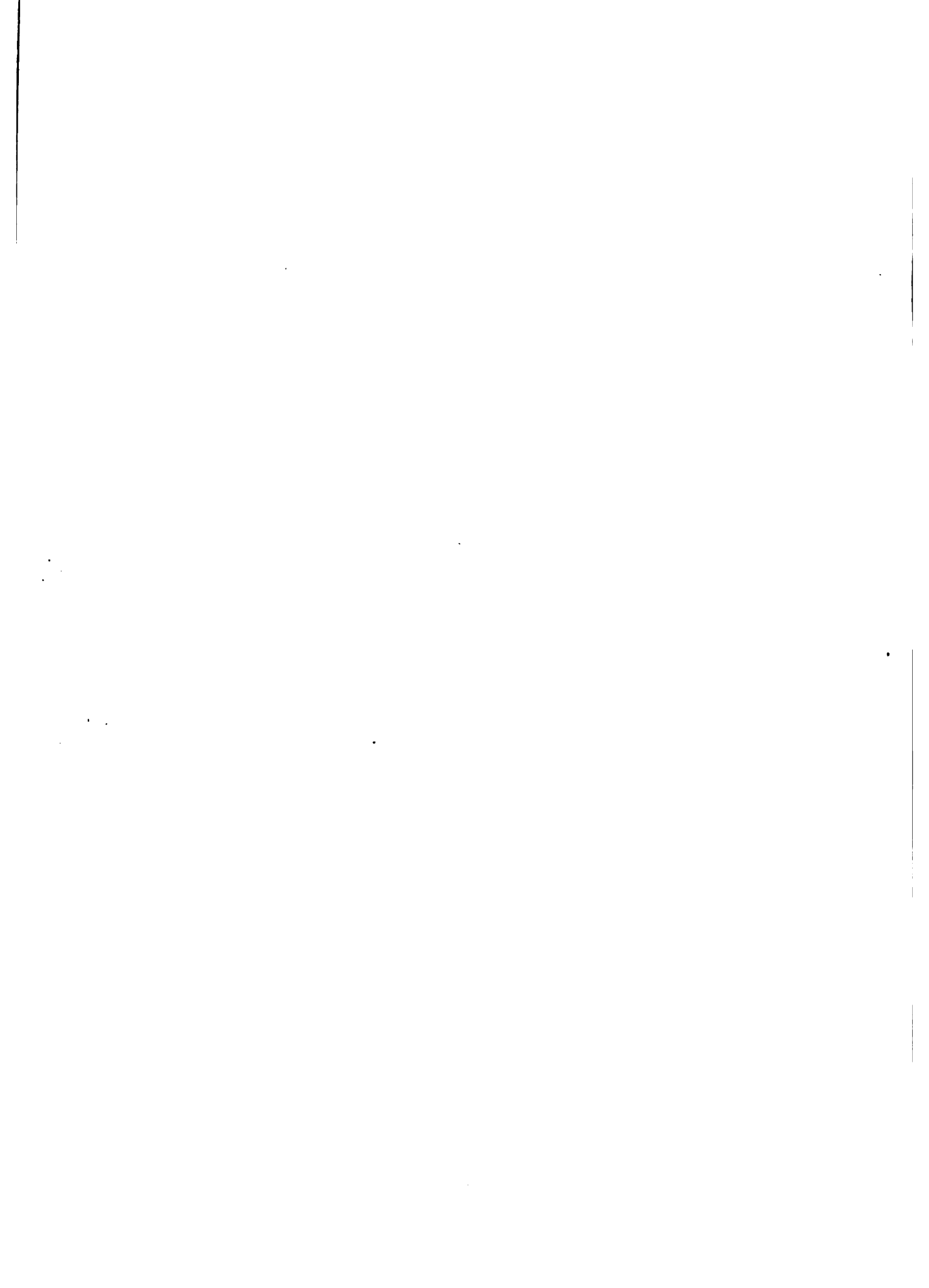
Mr. Walmsley married, in Bradford, England, in 1900, Emily L. Hook, daughter of Joseph and Grace (Bentham) Hook, the former a blacksmith by trade, and deceased since 1885. Mr. and Mrs. Walmsley have three children: Lily, who was born in 1903; Gladys Mary, born in 1904; and Rita Hilda, born in 1914.

JAMES E. ODLIN—The rule for success is usually given as an unchangeable decision as to what one wants to do or be, and the forcing of every energy along a single track until one arrives at the chosen destination. There are, however, so many exceptions to this rule as almost to disapprove it. The supreme agency in gaining success is, after all, the mind. Mentality is higher than physique, and thought higher than labor. The thinking man makes many changes of aim, and arrives at his goal by many indirections of route.

James E. Odlin gave years to study for the ministry, and became a most successful clergyman. At the height of that success, he again went to school, and was graduated a lawyer. In the practice of that latter profession, he demonstrated the value of his theological education in the practice of law. He was the better lawyer because of his training as a minister. Later, he went into politics, and for many years was a representative for his district at the State capital, much of his extraordinary success there being due, no doubt, to his being a clergyman-lawyer. Being a statesman and being a lawyer are not so much unlike. Both are often misunderstood and unappreciated by the world in general, both suffer criticism, and both professions call for unswerving fidelity and sacrifice. As one reviews the life of James E. Odlin, in its many phases, one is impressed with the fact that here was a man of great mentality,



HAMMOND MACHINE COMPANY



fearless decision, and dynamic personality, who gave himself unreservedly to the service of his fellows and his State.

(I) John Odlin, on the church list of Boston, 1680, member of the Artillery in 1688, married Margaret ———, and had children, among whom was Elisha.

(II) Deacon Elisha Odlin, son of John and Margaret Odlin, married, in 1659, Abigail Bright. They had four daughters and two sons. One of the sons was John.

(III) John Odlin, son of Elisha and Abigail (Bright) Odlin, graduated from Harvard in 1702, a minister at Exeter, New Hampshire, 1706 to 1754; married (first) Mrs. Elizabeth Clark, widow of Rev. John Clark, daughter of Rev. Benjamin Woodbridge; married (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Briscoe, daughter of Samuel Leavitt. Children were born to first marriage, among whom was Elisha.

(IV) Elisha Odlin, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodbridge-Clark) Odlin, born November 16, 1709, was graduated from Harvard, 1781, and died January 21, 1752. He married, November 1, 1731, widow Judith Pike. He was ordained a minister at Amesbury, 1744. He married Judith Pike. There were children, among whom, William.

(V) William Odlin, son of Elisha and Judith (Pike) Odlin, born February 17, 1738, died September 6, 1787, was a soldier of the Revolution (established, Daughters of the American Revolution, No. 38,493). He married, March 1, 1765, Judith Wilson. There were children, among whom, William.

(VI) William Odlin, son of William and Judith (Wilson) Odlin, born February 16, 1767, died at Exeter, New Hampshire, March 1, 1825. He married, in 1791, Elizabeth, daughter of Captain James Leavitt, born 1769, died 1860, served in the Revolution, had children, among whom, James.

(VII) James Odlin, son of William and Elizabeth (Leavitt) Odlin, born January 9, 1792, died July 30, 1856. He married, October 27, 1816, Martha H. Osborne, daughter of Joseph Osborne, born 1792, died 1868. Children among whom, Joseph Edwin.

(VIII) Joseph Edwin Odlin, son of James and Martha H. (Osborne) Odlin, born June 20, 1825, died April 7, 1874. He removed to Laconia, New Hampshire. He was a druggist. He married (first), December 5, 1851, Abby Porter, who died March 6, 1852, married (second), November, 1854, Christiana Farrar. To second marriage, two children were born; James Edwin, of whom further; and William, born April 5, 1865.

(IX) James Edwin Odlin, son of Joseph Edwin and Christiana (Farrar) Odlin, was born in Laconia, New Hampshire, April 10, 1857. After attending the public schools of his native city, he continued his education in New Hampton Academy, and in Phillips Andover, graduating in 1877. He then entered Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, and was graduated in 1881, with the degree Bachelor of Arts, and the degree Master of Arts was conferred in 1887. Having chosen the ministry as a life profession, he matriculated at Hartford Theo-

logical Seminary, Hartford, Connecticut, and upon the completion of his study there, in 1884, was granted the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, and was made a Master of Divinity the next year, by Andover Theological Seminary, Andover, Massachusetts, for post-graduate work done there. He preached his first sermon in the Congregational church, of Pembroke, New Hampshire, where he remained as pastor for one year, going from there to Goffstown, in the same State. In 1891, he accepted the pastorate of the First Congregational Church at Waukegan, Illinois, staying for eighteen months. It was during these months that he wrote the book, "New Concepts of Old Dogmas." The work occasioned a great deal of interest and comment. He conceived of dogma as the shell that encloses, and sometimes hardens about living truths, and broke some of the incrustations that he might show to others the life, and the truth beneath. Possibly in teaching others he also taught himself, and in the guidance of others found a new path in which to tread. At any rate, he determined to take up law, and going to the Boston University School of Law spent the next two years in study. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, and admitted to the Massachusetts bar during the same year. He began the practice of law in Boston, later going to Lynn, where he remained during the remainder of his life. For a number of years he was associated in his profession with Charles Leighton, but in the more recent period had an office with Walter H. Southwick in the Bergengreen building, in Lynn, Massachusetts. His judicial temperament, skill in debate, and convincing eloquence, won for him admiration of both associates and clients. His many-sided ability brought a broader fame than that of the city, for as Republican representative to the State Legislature, he became noted throughout the State. He was a member of the House of Representatives in 1900, 1910, 1917, 1918, 1919, and served on the Republican city committee from 1895 to 1905, and again from 1916 to 1919.

Mr. Odlin was ready to give his time and his energy to any good work, whether of religious, civic, or purely individual character. For many years he was a member of the Lynn, Massachusetts Unitarian church, and was a most devoted worker in all church affairs, serving the Unitarian church in Lynn, for several years as superintendent of the Sunday school, and for a long period was superintendent of the Unitarian Sunday school, of Marblehead, Massachusetts, and president of the Essex Conference of Unitarian churches from 1911 to 1918. In 1913 he wrote and published his last book entitled, "Forty Lessons on the Psalms." He was trustee of the Lynn Public Library, 1908 to 1908; a distinguished lecturer on historical subjects, and an active agent in many civic movements. His strong social nature found much pleasure in club and fraternity life, and he belonged to many societies, some of which were: the Lynn Historical Society; Sons of the American Revolution; Governor Thomas Dudley Family Association; Book of the Hour; and Oxford

Clubs; the Peter Woodward Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Providence Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and a life member of the Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons.

At Pembroke, New Hampshire, June 1, 1886, Mr. Odlin married Mary Georgianna Little, daughter of George Peabody and Elizabeth Ann Little. To this marriage, three children were born: Margaret, born April 23, 1887; Elizabeth, born October 26, 1888; and Christiana, born January 16, 1892.

(The Little Line)

(I) George Little came from London, England, to Newbury, Massachusetts, in 1640. He married (first) Alice Poor, married (second), in 1681, Eleanor, widow of Thomas Barnard, had children, among whom Joseph.

(II) Joseph Little, son of George and Alice (Poor) Little, born 1653, died 1740. He married Mary, daughter of Tristram and Judith (Somerville-Greenleaf) Coffin. There were children, among whom was Enoch.

(III) Enoch Little, son of Joseph and Mary (Coffin) Little, born December 9, 1685, died in April, 1766. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Webster) Worth. Children, among whom Edmund.

(IV) Edmund Little, son of Enoch and Elizabeth (Worth) Little, born September 5, 1715, died in August, 1803. He married (first) Judith, daughter of Dr. Matthew Adams, married (second), in 1789, Mrs. Elizabeth (Noyes) Smith. There were children, among whom Enoch.

(V) Enoch Little, son of Edmund and Judith (Adams) Little, born June 7, 1748, died August 10, 1820. He married Mary, daughter of Ezekiel Hale. Children, among whom Enoch.

(VI) Enoch (2) Little, son of Enoch (1) and Mary (Hale) Little, born May 11, 1773, died March 23, 1816. He married, 1796, Mary Brickett. Children, among whom Elbridge Gerry.

(VII) Elbridge Gerry Little, M.D., son of Enoch (2) and Mary (Brickett) Little, born August 5, 1807, died in 1880. He married, Sophronia Phelps, daughter of Thomas Peabody, sister of George Peabody, the banker and philanthropist. They had children, among whom George Peabody.

(VIII) George Peabody Little, son of Dr. Elbridge Gerry and Sophronia Phelps (Peabody) Little, born June 20, 1834, died April 15, 1908. He married, August 22, 1854, Elizabeth Ann Knox, daughter of Daniel McClintock Knox. Children, among whom Mary Georgianna.

(IX) Mary Georgianna Little, daughter of George Peabody and Elizabeth Ann (Knox) Little, born in Palmyra, New York, January 16, 1860. She married, in Pembroke, New Hampshire, June 1, 1886, Rev. James E. Odlin, of Andover, Massachusetts. Residence, Lynn, Massachusetts.

ROBERT THOMAS ALLEN — Of the many names which have borne broad significance to the town of Cliftondale, Massachusetts, none have been held in deeper respect, or are now honored with

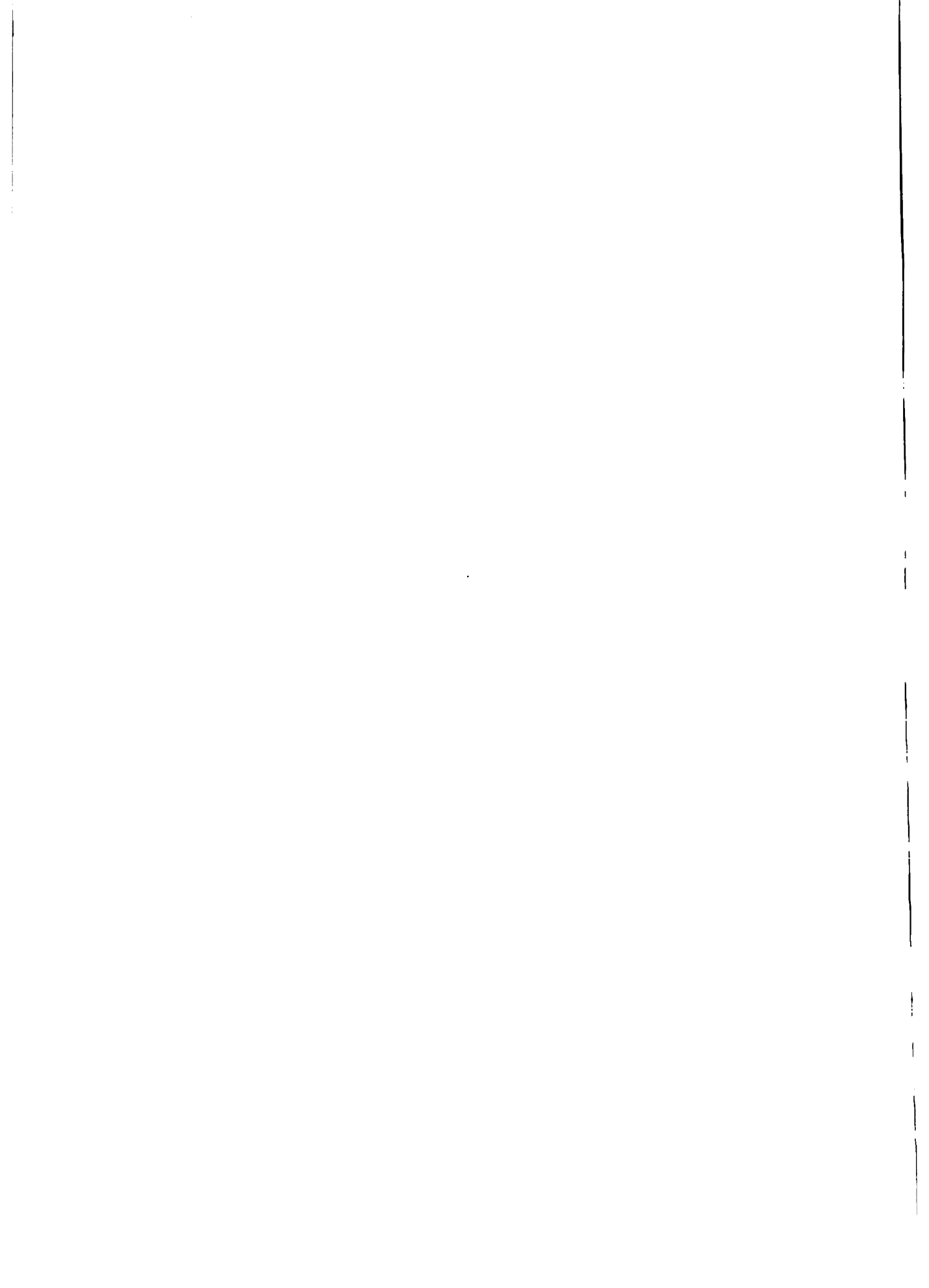
more affectionate memory than that of Robert Thomas Allen, who in the industrial, fraternal and religious life of the community was a leader of public advance, and in every relation in life evinced a spirit of unselfish, high-minded manhood all too rarely seen in an age of keen competition and individual exploitation. Mr. Allen's recent death has brought home to the people of his community, and to all who knew him throughout this section, those phases of his career which have contributed to the progress of the town, and it is eminently fitting that his life should be commemorated here.

Mr. Allen came of sturdy Scotch antecedents, his grandfather, Robert Allen, having come to this country with his parents when only one year old, in 1818. The family originally settled in St. Lawrence county, New York, and there Stewart Allen, Mr. Allen's father, was born. Stewart Allen was engaged, throughout his lifetime, in farming, at Hammond, in that county. He married Mary A. Boothe, who is still living, and they were parents of eight children, of whom Robert T. was the second oldest child, and of whom seven are now living, as follows: James B., and Harry C., of Cliftondale; Walter, of Reno, Nevada; Loren D., and David R., of Hammond, New York; and Bess and Anna, both of Oak Park, Illinois.

Robert Thomas Allen was born in Hammond, New York, May 7, 1875, and received his early education in the public schools of that town. He was graduated from the Hammond High School in the class of 1894, and three years later was graduated from a New York trade school as master plumber. This was in the spring of 1897, and for a time the young man worked for a plumbing concern in Utica, New York. Then later in the same year Mr. Allen came to Lynn, Massachusetts, where he worked at his trade for a period of two years. In 1899 he came to Cliftondale and started in business for himself in a small way. His first location was in the Odd Fellows' building, and he remained there for a number of years, doing a constantly increasing business in plumbing and tinning. Meanwhile, with the development and rapid growth of the community he saw the opportunity for branching out in allied lines of business. In the year 1912 Mr. Allen built the fine structure on Lincoln avenue where the business is still located, and there in addition to his earlier activities, established departments including complete lines of hardware, paints, oils, etc. In 1916 the business was incorporated, Mr. Allen receiving into it his two brothers, James B., and Harry C. Allen, who now carry the interest forward. This gave an added impetus to the enterprise, and it has been an important factor in the progress of the town. This company has supplied material and contracted for some of the finest buildings in this county, including the Odd Fellows' building, of Cliftondale; the Smith Building, and the Women's Club Building, of Lynn; and many other handsome modern structures for business and other purposes. From its inception throughout its entire history the paramount rule of the business has been honesty.



R. J. Allen



and Mr. Allen's sterling integrity thus became a governing force in the enterprise which has always borne his name, and which latterly has been known as R. T. Allen & Brothers.

In the public life of this section Mr. Allen was long a noteworthy figure, and no one was better fitted than he to judge of methods and policies for civic activities. His start was made in moderate circumstances, a fact which gave vital importance to those habits of thrift and industry to which he always clung, and which in their broader application to community affairs form the foundation and also the superstructure of economic security. He was long a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and served on the water board of Cliftondale for nearly a decade, for five years of that period serving as secretary of the board, and for two years as chairman. He was one of the organizers of the Saugus Board of Trade, when that body was formed in 1908. No advance movement failed to receive from Robert T. Allen the cordial endorsement and practical aid of the conscientious, public-spirited citizen. In fraternal circles he was also widely prominent, having been for years a member of William Sutton Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Cliftondale; of Henry Mills Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and higher Masonic bodies, of Lynn; of Cliftondale Lodge, No. 193, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Moswetuset Lodge, No. 61, Improved Order of Red Men. He is also a member of C. H. Bond Camp No. 104, Sons of Veterans and of the Independent Order of Foresters, of Hammond, New York. He was always deeply interested in the progress of religious matters, and while broadly charitable toward others differing from him in religious convictions, as a member of the Congregational church, and an enthusiastic worker in the Men's Club of the Cliftondale church.

During the winter of 1921-22 Mr. Allen was not in his usual health, and a major operation was finally judged to offer the only chance of his recovery. The operation was performed at the Massachusetts General Hospital, and while the result for a time was doubtful, his condition improved, and there was sanguine hope of his recovery. His wide circle of friends, and indeed the public generally, mourned deeply when news was received of his death at the above institution, on April 8, 1922. There were many expressions of the esteem in which he was held, both by word of mouth and in the press. At the funeral services the church, of which he was so long a member, was filled to capacity. The fraternal orders mentioned above were represented by delegations of large numbers, and the townspeople gathered to do honor to their fellow-citizen. Rev. Charles B. McDuffee, the pastor, officiated, speaking eloquently of the usefulness of the deceased, and making no effort to hide his personal sorrow. The pallbearers were Arthur Reddish, William Perry, Frederick T. Cleaves, William Armstrong, Charles S. Baker, and Arthur Baxendale. A great number of floral tributes attested the universal regard in which

Mr. Allen was held. The body was laid to rest in Riverside Cemetery.

Mr. Allen married (first) Aggie A., daughter of Joseph F., and Annie (Trenholm) Carter, who died March 13, 1909, and whose family were residents of Lynn. Their four children were as follows: Stewart Carter, who was born January 20, 1905, and died when only one week old; Robert Thomas, Jr., who was born March 20, 1906; Sita Aldine, born January 18, 1908; Esther Leona, born January 18, 1909. Mr. Allen married (second) Margaret Russell, an orphan from Nova Scotia, on May 7, 1913, and they have three children: Ruth Iora, born September 15, 1916; David Russell, born January 13, 1918; and Lloyd Earle, born February 19, 1920.

In the passing of such a man as Robert T. Allen the whole community sustains a loss which it cannot well afford. His forgetfulness of self, whether in personal matters or the wider interests which involve the welfare of the people, his devotion to his family, his generous spirit toward every activity, whether of sport, industry, or social pleasure, and whether his duties permitted his sharing or not, all these things combined to make him a man beloved, and now that he is gone, deeply mourned. Devoted to his family, he was none the less a progressive citizen, and although modest and unassuming, his life is such as may well be followed as a pattern by those who come after.

EARLE IRVING FOSTER—In the financial world of Lynn, Massachusetts, the name of Earle I. Foster is well known through his long connection with the Manufacturers' National Bank. Mr. Foster is a son of Wilbert Gordon Foster, who was born in Meriden, Connecticut, September 10, 1858, and Minnie Elizabeth (Wiswell) Foster, born in St. John's, Nova Scotia, July 5, 1863.

Earle I. Foster was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, August 6, 1885, and there received his early education in the public schools. He was graduated from the Pickering School in the class of 1901, was a student at Burdette Commercial School, and in the summer of 1902 entered the Manufacturers' National Bank of Lynn as messenger. After entering the employ of the bank he increased his educational equipment by a two years' course at the American Bankers' Association law school and was prepared in advance for any promotion which offered. At the end of the first summer he was made collection clerk, was later advanced to bookkeeper, then to general bookkeeper, going on to receiving teller, then paying teller, and eventually to the responsible position which he now is holding, that of cashier of one of the leading banks of Massachusetts. Mr. Foster is also a director and member of the board of finance of the same institution; a member of the American Bankers' Association, and of the Massachusetts National Bank Cashiers' Association, serving on the executive board of the last-named organization.

Mr. Foster is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and politically supports the Republican

party. During the World War he took an active part in the various Liberty Loan campaigns, making speeches and promoting the movement in every possible way. Fraternally he holds membership in Abraham Lincoln Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which he is past chancellor, and is affiliated with Golden Fleece Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He attends and supports the Broadway Methodist Episcopal Church of Lynn.

Mr. Foster married, in Lynn, Edna Horton Gordon, a daughter of Frederick Allston and Margaret Elizabeth (Goodrich) Gordon. Mrs. Foster was born in Lynn, October 26, 1888, her father is deceased, her mother still living. Mr. and Mrs. Foster are the parents of a son and a daughter, both born in Lynn: Irving Gordon, July 15, 1912; and Barbara Elizabeth, April 13, 1917.

ANDREW M. ABBOTT, capitalist, and for thirty-five years in the wholesale ice business in Georgetown, Massachusetts, was born in 1850, at North Berwick, Maine, the son of Sylvester W. and Betsy H. (Hanscom) Abbott, of that place. His father, who was a farmer, died in 1901.

Andrew M. Abbott received his schooling in public schools of his native place, and a preparatory collegiate course at the West Lebanon Academy. Entering upon a business life, he was for about a year in the employ of J. D. and D. Carter Bennett, after which, for two years, he worked in Albion, Maine. Coming to Massachusetts, he became a retail ice merchant at Charlestown, trading as Abbott & Company for nine years, for the greater part of the time in partnership. In 1883 the partnership was dissolved, and Mr. Abbott came to Georgetown, where he at once went into business as a wholesale ice merchant. He was actively engaged in that business until 1919, when he retired altogether from business activities. He now lives at No. 51 West Main street, and has very many close friendships with old Georgetown residents.

Mr. Abbott has not had time to enter much into public work, though for one term, two years, he was a selectman of Georgetown, and for another term sat on the Board of Assessors. By religious conviction he is a Congregationalist, a member of the First Congregational Church, of Georgetown.

Mr. Abbott married, in 1877, at Charlestown, Maine, Sarah F. Rand, daughter of Rev. James and Dorothy (Fernald) Rand, of Parsonsfield, Maine. Three children were born to them, all sons, though two unfortunately were not reared, both dying in infancy. The surviving son is Marshall Rand Abbott, a member of the Massachusetts Naval Brigade.

ALBERT F. WELSH—Attorney Albert F. Welsh, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, whose part in the Soldiers' Welfare Service is among the Ipswich annals of the World War period, is one of the successful lawyers of the day in Essex county.

Mr. Welsh was born in Gloucester, Massachusetts, January 6, 1876, and is a son of Roderick and Chris-

tina Welsh, of that city. Receiving his early education in the public and high schools of his native city, Mr. Welsh entered the Northeastern University Law School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1913, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Admitted to the Massachusetts bar in the following year, Mr. Welsh established his office in Ipswich, and has since continued the general practice of law, winning his way to a prominent position in the profession. On April 21, 1915, he was appointed Associate Justice of the Third District Court of Essex county, and he is a member of the Massachusetts and the Essex County Bar associations.

When the United States intervened in the European War, Mr. Welsh enrolled with the Knights of Columbus in the Soldiers' Welfare Service branch. Arriving in France in 1918, he was assigned to the 81st Ambulance Division, under Major-General Charles J. Bailey, of Verdun. This division was popularly known as the Wildcat Division, and was composed largely of Southern troops. Mr. Welsh returned to Ipswich in 1919, and resumed his interrupted law practice.

Mr. Welsh is a prominent member of the Knights of Columbus, is a member also, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Improved Order of Red Men. He is a member of the Ipswich Historical Society.

Mr. Welsh married, in 1906, Helen G., daughter of Jeremiah Sullivan. Mrs. Welsh died August 17, 1907.

JAMES GOODRIDGE PAGE—A man's early training and education may not be the cause of his success in life and business, still it has much to do with the rapidity with which he gains that success. James Goodridge Page did not attain his eminence because he prepared himself for it by long years in school and college, but having strong native ability it no doubt accelerated the speed of his advance, once he had taken hold of insurance and banking. Certainly he now holds an assured place in the business life of Haverhill.

His father before him, born in Andover in 1849, lived nearly all his life in Haverhill and was closely bound up with its progress, reaching a high place among its citizens. He was a former selectman for the town of Bradford, now a part of Haverhill, and in after years was park commissioner of the latter city. He was also for some time treasurer of the Co-operative Bank of Haverhill. In 1881 he founded the William H. Page Insurance Agency, which has continued with ever increasing strength until this day. He passed away in 1916. His wife was Elvira (Russell) Page, born in Andover, 1846, who died in 1906.

James Goodridge Page began life on the second day of August, 1881. Beginning his education in the public schools, he secured all they could give him, graduating from Haverhill High School with the class of 1899. Entering Harvard University at Cambridge, Massachusetts, he was graduated in 1904 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Im-



George W. Ewing M.D.

mediately upon his return from college he went to work with his father in the insurance business. He toiled with such vigor and effectiveness that in 1914 he was taken into partnership with his father, and the name of the firm was changed to William H. Page & Son, which name was not changed two years later when Mr. Page, Sr. died and James Goodridge Page became sole owner. The firm has very ample offices on the ground floor of the Haverhill National Bank building, where it was located in 1915. Previously it had been in the Masonic building on Merrimack street. It is now (1921) one of the largest firms in Haverhill, operating as they do in every line of insurance and acting as agents for no fewer than fifteen companies. Mr. Page is also interested in banking, being treasurer of the Haverhill Co-operative Bank, located in the same building. In 1915 he was in the State Legislature as a Republican representative from his district.

He is a member of Merrimack Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Haverhill Council, Royal Select Masters; Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templars; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also an Odd Fellow and is trustee of Mispah Lodge, and a member of the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Page is a director of The Insurance Federation of Massachusetts; a director in the Chamber of Commerce, and also of the exclusive Pentucket Club; is a member of the Agawam Club, and has the honor to be a past president of the Rotarians of Haverhill. He is also a much appreciated director of the Haverhill Boys' Club, in which he takes a practical, helpful interest.

In all civic affairs his counsel and aid are much sought. All through the World War period he did extraordinary service in the Red Cross and Liberty Loan Drives, besides serving on the registration board of his district. With his family he belongs to the First Church of Christ, Bradford.

He was united by marriage on September 5, 1905, at Haverhill, to Beatrice Edna Cook. Miss Cook was born and brought up in the city, her father, John F. Cook, a prominent man in Haverhill and her mother, Phoebe (Hedtler) Cook. Mr. Cook was for some years in the shoe trade, but is known rather because of his terms in the State Legislature in the years 1907 and 1908. He was chairman of the Republican Committee, and commander of Post 47, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. and Mrs. Page are the parents of two children: James Russell, born April 15, 1909; and John William, born August 4, 1911.

GEORGE W. EWING, M. D.—The history of a State, as well as that of a Nation, consists chiefly of the chronicles of the lives and deeds of those who have conferred honor and dignity upon it, whether in the broad sphere of professional work, or of public labors, or in the narrower, but not less worthy, one of individual activity. If the general good has been promoted, the man who has brought about this state of affairs is most decidedly worthy

of mention. Dr. George W. Ewing has been identified with the medical profession since 1899, and has accomplished results which rebound greatly to his credit. Since his residence in Peabody, he has succeeded in acquiring the confidence of a large number of patients.

George W. Ewing was born in Bridgetown, Annapolis county, Nova Scotia, February 6, 1877, the son of Robert and Alvina (Craft) Ewing. Robert Ewing is president of Robert Ewing & Son, Inc., manufacturers of laundry machinery at Troy, New York.

The elementary education of Dr. Ewing was obtained in the public schools of Troy, New York, where he moved with his parents when he was very young. After graduating from the Troy Academy, he matriculated in the medical department of the University of Baltimore, from which he was graduated, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1899, and then served his internship at the City Hospital at Cohoes, New York. In 1899, having passed the Massachusetts State Board examinations, he opened an office at Middleton, Massachusetts, where he engaged in the general practice of his profession, but soon after eliminated the general practice and devoted himself almost exclusively to surgery. While at Baltimore he took a special course at the University of Baltimore in the diseases of the throat, nose and eyes, and subsequently came to Peabody, where he has since been specializing in this department of the profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Association, the Doctors' Club of Peabody, and is on the consulting staff of Thomas Hospital. He is a member of the Masonic order up to and including the Knights Templar degree; is a member of the Knights of Malta, and the Improved Order of Red Men. He also holds membership in the Rotary Club and the Peabody Club, and in politics is a staunch Republican. During the World War he served on the Medical Advisory Board of the local Draft Board Division No. 28. A Congregationalist in his religious views, he attends the church of that denomination in Peabody, and no work done in the name of charity or religion appeals to him in vain.

On April 28, 1909, Dr. Ewing was united in marriage with C. Lena Wilkins, of Middleton, the daughter of Herbert Henry and Carrie (Killan) Wilkins. Dr. and Mrs. Ewing are the parents of two children: Eleanor Wilkins, and Robert Winburn.

The years Dr. Ewing has spent in Peabody have been years of arduous devotion to the advancement of the medical profession and tireless endeavor for the relief of suffering humanity, and have placed him in the front rank of the city's physicians. His record forms part of the medical annals of Peabody.

PETER CARR, one of the efficient and leading public officials of Lawrence, Massachusetts, holding the office of commissioner of public safety, was born April 1, 1888, in County Down, Ire-

land, the son of James Carr, of the same county, a blacksmith, who died in 1913, and Bridget (Flanigan) Carr, whose death occurred in 1896.

The education of Peter Carr was obtained in part in the schools of Ireland and was completed at the Lawrence Commercial School, he having come to America in 1897. His first experience in business was as a wool sorter in the Pacific Mills, and in the twelve years he remained there he worked upward through various positions, acquiring an extensive knowledge of many phases of the business.

Mr. Carr had always been actively interested in public matters, and in his character were combined those qualities which make the successful public official. In 1914 he was chosen to represent his party in the Legislature, serving for two years. The year following he engaged in business as a tea and coffee merchant, and was thus occupied when he was appointed commissioner of public safety, of Lawrence, one of the very important public offices of that city. He has under his direct supervision the police and fire departments. Mr. Carr has held this office for two terms, since 1917, and has discharged his duties in a manner most satisfactory to the citizens of Lawrence.

In the course of his duties he is brought in contact with many people, and the impression which he leaves is always a very pleasing one; courteous and genial in manner, it is a pleasure to meet him. Aside from the personal side, Mr. Carr has also gained many friends and admirers through his willingness to co-operate with any welfare movement that is brought to his attention, and his position as commissioner is such that his influence towards betterment aids very materially.

Mr. Carr is a member of the Knights of Columbus; the Fraternal Order of Eagles; the Loyal Order of Moose; the Ancient Order of Hibernians; the Wool Sorters' Union; and the Holy Name Society; and is an attendant of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, of Lawrence.

WILLIAM A. KELLEHER—For the past twelve years treasurer of the city of Lawrence, Massachusetts, William A. Kelleher has, through his efficient management of the city's affairs, brought satisfaction to his constituents and to all the public-spirited citizens of Lawrence. He was born there May 27, 1875, the son of Daniel Kelleher, of County Cork, Ireland, and Bridget (Coleman) Kelleher, of the same county, whose death occurred in 1879.

Mr. Kelleher was educated in the public and parochial schools of Lawrence, and his first experience in the world of business was as an employee of the Pacific Print Works, where he remained for ten years, resigning from the print works at the end of that time to enter in business for himself as a tobacco merchant, locating at No. 413 Essex street. The real estate business was his next venture, and after one year of this business he was elected a member of the Common Council in 1903, and this also marked the beginning of his public career,

which has been a singularly useful one.

Under the old system of city government, Mr. Kelleher was made president of the Council in 1904, and the following year was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen. The manner in which he discharged the duties incumbent on his various offices was so satisfactory that he was the choice of his party to represent them in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1906-7-8, and at the expiration of his service there he was appointed treasurer of the city of Lawrence, the office he now holds. Mr. Kelleher has made many friends in his several years of service as a public servant, and through his genial and courteous manner he has won the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

Fraternally, Mr. Kelleher is a member of Lawrence Council, No. 67, Knights of Columbus; and Lawrence Lodge, No. 65, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Kelleher married, in 1912, Gertrude L. Black, of Peabody, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of one daughter, Gertrude M. Kelleher, born in 1913. Mr. and Mrs. Kelleher and their daughter attend St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church of Lawrence.

SAMUEL JACOB MORSE—In the shoe industry in Essex county, the firm name of Morse & Proctor, of which Samuel J. Morse was the founder and is still the head, stands among the foremost concerns manufacturing counters, inner soles, and taps for the trade. Mr. Morse has built up the business from its modest beginning, to the present efficient and widely known organization.

Samuel J. Morse was born in Brentwood, New Hampshire, June 21, 1868, and is a son of Isaac and Wata Ann Morse, farming people of that section. His educational advantages were limited to the grammar school course in his native place, but he was endowed with a taste for business affairs and the force and initiative to overcome all obstacles, and win through to success. Beginning the manufacture of leather counters on a small scale in 1892, Mr. Morse first operated under a partnership, the firm name being Tappan & Morse. Adding inner soles and taps to their list almost at once, they continued for six years, then with the withdrawal of Mr. Tappan from the firm, John Herbert Proctor was received as a partner, and the firm of Morse & Proctor has gone steadily forward until the present time, and now stands among the leaders in its line. In 1919 they built a seven story brick factory building of the most approved modern mill construction, containing 35,000 square feet of floor space. The building is equipped in the most up-to-date manner, with an independent heating plant, and employing electricity as the motive power. Throughout the history of the business, which now covers a period of thirty years, Mr. Morse has been the executive head, and has given his personal attention to the production branch, as well as the distribution, and is still thus actively engaged. Mr. Morse is well known in fraternal circles, being a member of Merrimack lodge, Free and Accepted



George B. Sears

Masons; the Order of the Eastern Star, of which he is past patron; and the White Shrine of Jerusalem; and he is grand director of the Golden Star of Massachusetts. Politically he supports the Republican party, but has never been interested in politics except as a citizen. He is a member of the First Church of Christ (Congregational).

Mr. Morse married, on October 15, 1889, in Bradford, Massachusetts, Carrie Bush Tappan, daughter of Myron and Ann Bush, and the adopted daughter of Amos and Sophia Tappan. Mr. and Mrs. Morse have two children: Arthur Stanley, born July 14, 1892; and Laura Deming, born April 15, 1909.

JOHN H. CYR, dentist, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, was born in that city, April 27, 1887, son of Edmond E. and Elmira (Couillard) Cyr. The former was a native of Canada, long engaged in the textile industry, until his death in 1902. Mrs. Cyr also was a native of Canada, but now makes her home in Lawrence.

The education of John H. Cyr was obtained in the public and high schools of Lawrence, then, having decided upon his profession, he entered the Baltimore Dental College, graduating with his degree in 1916. Returning to his home city, Dr. Cyr engaged in the practice of his profession, with offices in the Elks' building, where he has remained to the present time. He is among the well known professional men of Lawrence, and has many public and fraternal affiliations.

In politics Dr. Cyr is a member of the Republican party, and he holds the following memberships incidental to his profession: Member of the Massachusetts Dental Association; the Northeastern Dental Association; and the Lawrence Dental Association. Other connections include: Member of the Order of Foresters, of Lawrence, and of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. Dr. Cyr attends St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church of his home city, and aids in the support of its charities.

JUDGE GEORGE B. SEARS—With a long record of activity in the legal profession, Judge George B. Sears has been judge of the First District Court of Essex county, Massachusetts, for the past seventeen years (1922).

Judge Sears is a son of John Augustus Sears, who was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, October 26, 1815, and came to Danvers at the age of five years. He was a shoe manufacturer of the early days, and also conducted quite extensive farming operations. He married (first) in 1838, Harriette Kent. He married (second) in 1864, Sarah L. Simonds. The children of the second marriage numbered seven, of whom George B., the eldest, was born in Danvers, June 5, 1865; Horace G., in 1866; Gertrude Isabella, in 1868; Mary Ann, in 1870; Martha Louise, in 1871, died September 1, 1872; Gabrielle Woodburn, born in 1872; and Abbey Marian, in 1877.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of Danvers, Judge Sears, as a young man, entered Bowdoin College, from which he was graduated in

1890. Then having chosen the law as his future field of endeavor, he entered Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1895. In the same year he was admitted to the Massachusetts bar, and thereafter, for ten years, practiced law in Boston. In 1905 appointed judge of the First District Court of Essex county, he still ably fills that responsible position.

By political affiliation Judge Sears is a Democrat. In every phase of public life he takes a constructive interest, and for some years has served as a trustee of the Peabody Institute. Fraternally he is thirty-second degree Mason; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Improved Order of Red Men.

On October 31, 1899, Judge Sears married Jennie P. White, of Danvers, and they have three children: Ruth E., born August 22, 1901; Miriam W., born January 22, 1904; and Clark Simonds, born October 15, 1906.

CHARLES C. CHASE, son of A. Washington and Mary Ellen (Tate) Chase, was born in Haverhill, May 11, 1871, and is an alumnus of the Haverhill public schools. On the death of his father he immediately assumed the responsibilities of extensive real estate holdings, and as treasurer of the Chase and Laubham Corporation, he has been identified with the rebuilding of Washington Square property, which is owned by members of his family.

Mr. Chase has been prominently connected with various public enterprises, and he is one of the trustees of the Wingate Associates, the Essex Associates, and other factories, which have added to the building equipment of the city and thereby assisted in the development of manufacturing. He also is one of the owners of the Haverhill Milling Company, and as treasurer and manager has made that company noted for its fairness to public needs. He is a director and clerk of the Haverhill Trust Company. In Masonic affiliations he is president of the Free Masons Hall Association, and has served in official capacity in various lodges.

Mr. Chase has been a member of the Chamber of Commerce since its organization, and has served as president, being counted as one of the public-spirited men of the city, and in every way he has by generous contributions and unselfish devotion endeavored to advance the city's interests. He was the prime worker for the "great white way" and worked indefatigably to raise the funds necessary to establish the present admirable lighting effects in the business section.

Politically Mr. Chase is a Republican and a staunch worker for the interests of that party. He is a member of the Pentucket Club, the Wachusett Club, and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Chase is married, and has one son, Charles Stuart Chase.

GEORGE A. SANBORN—The Sanborn family of Lawrence, comes notably into the records of Essex county, Massachusetts, where for more than sixty

years a member of the family has been superintendent of The Essex Company, a great deal of important construction work having been done under their supervision. The present superintendent, George A. Sanborn, took office in 1898, succeeding his father upon the latter's death after fifty-three years of service.

An early settler of Hampton, Massachusetts, one William Sanborne, was on November 27, 1639, appointed "to ring the bell before meetings on the Lord's Day and other days for which he is to have 6d. per Lott of every one having a lotte with in the town." William was a selectman of Hampton for six terms, served in King Philip's War, and was the owner of considerable land. He married Mary Ormsby, and among their children was a son, Josiah, the ancestor of George A. Sanborn, of the ninth generation.

The line of descent from William and Mary (Ormsby) Sanborne, of Hampton, Massachusetts, is through their second son, Josiah Sanborne, and his wife, Hannah Moulton; their eldest son, William Sanborne (killed in the French War of 1712), and his wife, Elizabeth Dearborn; their fourth son, Joshua, and his wife, Abigail Sanborn (as the name is now spelled); their son, Daniel Sanborn, and his wife, Hannah Polson; their son, Daniel (2) Sanborn (a farmer in Epping, New Hampshire), and his wife, Sally Marsh; their son, Zebulon Sanborn, a farmer of Epping, New Hampshire, and his wife, Betsey Hill; their son, George Sanborn, and his wife Jane Blair; their son, George A. Sanborn, of Lawrence, Massachusetts.

George Sanborn, son of Zebulon and Betsey (Hill) Sanborn, was born in Epping, New Hampshire, November 5, 1823, died March 8, 1898. He was educated in the district school, and spent the first eighteen years of his life at the home farm in Epping. He then became an apprentice under his brother Daniel, who taught him the carriage-maker's trade, serving a three years' apprenticeship, then worked for one year as a journeyman, leaving in July, 1845, to enter the employ of The Essex Company, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, a corporation formed under the Act of the Massachusetts General Court passed March 20, 1845, authorizing that company to dam the Merrimac, construct locks and canals, hold real estate, collect toll, sell water power, etc.

Mr. Sanborn became superintendent of The Essex Company in 1858, and for forty years until his death in 1898, held that position. During that period he superintended a great deal of important construction work, The Essex Company, under their charter, founding and building dams, mills, canals, etc., there not being a power mill operating in New England at the date of organization of that company (1845). Mr. Sanborn was one of the incorporators of the Lawrence Lumber Company, and interested as a stockholder in that company from its beginning. He was a Republican in politics, and served two years in Council, and two years on the Lawrence Board of Aldermen. For seventeen years

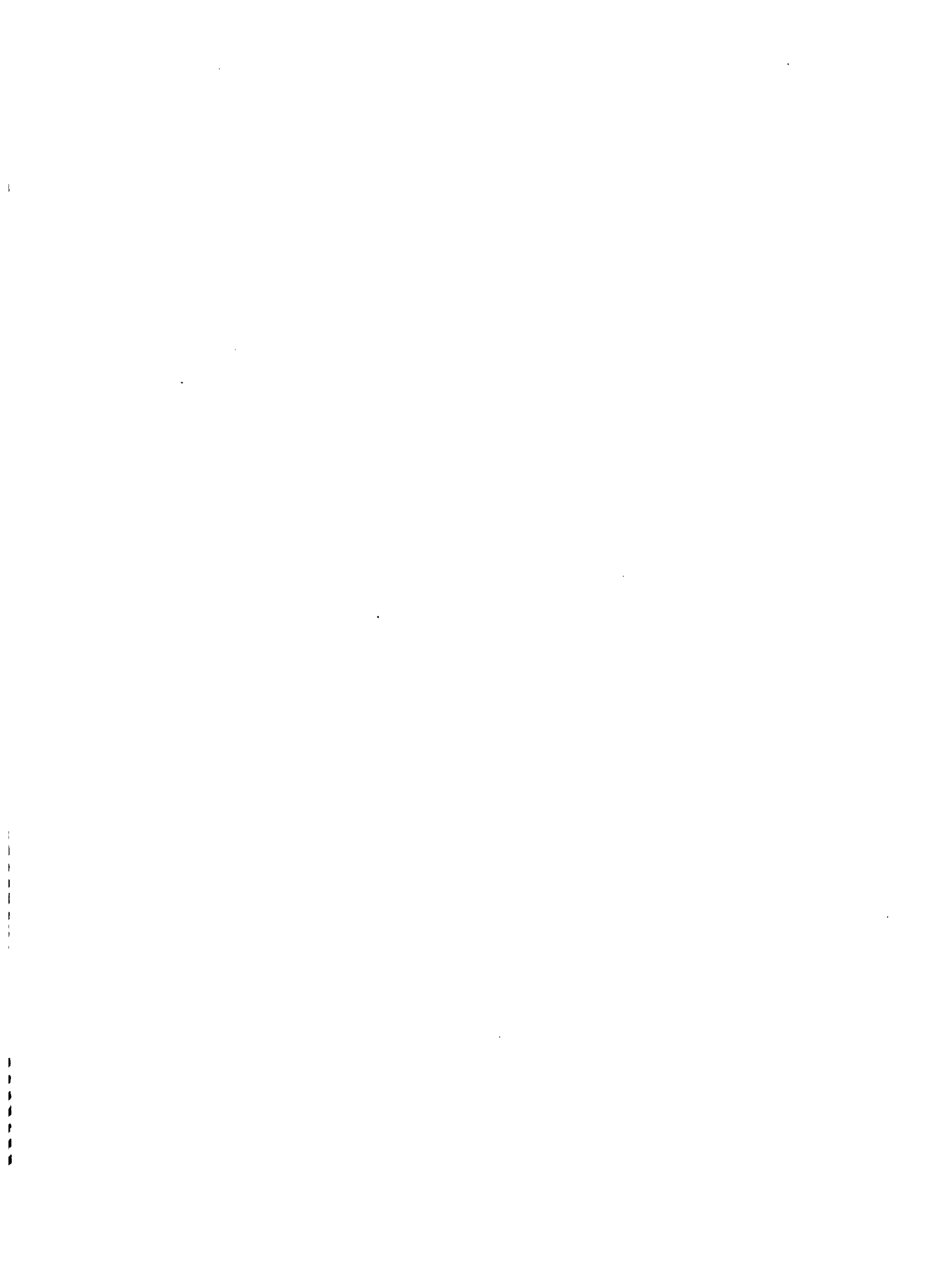
he was a member of the Volunteer Fire Department.

George Sanborn married (first) in 1848, Sarah Norton, of Buxton, Maine. He married (second) in 1855, Jane Blair of Barnet, Vermont, who died in 1903. Two children were born to George and Sarah (Norton) Sanborn, twins, who died in infancy. To George and Jane (Blair) Sanborn two children were born: George A., of further mention; and Genevieve, who married William A. McCrillia.

George A. Sanborn, only son of George Sanborn, and his second wife, Jane (Blair) Sanborn, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, March 4, 1858, and was educated in the public schools, finishing with graduation from high school, class of 1878. Soon afterward he entered the employ of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company, and remained in that employ four and a half years, leaving to go with a private company, having been appointed overseer of the yard of the Everett Mills. In 1891 he went to Boston to take a better position, that of a steamship line general agent, and he was thus employed for some time, but later returned to Lawrence and entered the employ of The Essex Company, in charge of outside repair work. He held that position until the death of his father in 1898, when he succeeded him as superintendent; he retired in 1922. Much notable work has been done in that time under his supervision. The Essex Company still continuing a power in the construction world, fitting out mills, factories, and improving water power systems. Mr. Sanborn is installing machinery in the gate house at the head of North Canal to replace that installed by his father seventy-five years ago, before being appointed superintendent.

Mr. Sanborn is a director of the Lawrence Lumber Company, (of which his father was an incorporator), and a member of the New England Water Works Association. The Old Guard Association of Boston, and the National Guard Association, these affiliations arising out of his interest in military affairs, he having for seventeen years been a member of a military organization of the State. For five years he was in Company M, of the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment, as sergeant. After transfer to Battery C of the first battalion he came into commissioned rank, and was later an officer of Company C, First Battalion, Field Artillery, at the outbreak of the World War, known as Battery C, 102nd Field Artillery, 26th Division, American Expeditionary Force, and was commissioned captain, retiring after seventeen years of service. Mr. Sanborn is widely known in Essex county, as a broad-minded man, actively interested in the worthwhile affairs of his native State.

WALDO H. SANBORN—The business of the Knox Street Garage, Inc., of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is one of the largest in the city in that line. Its repair department is equipped with the most modern tools and appliances, and the efficient service points to the fact that the men in charge know their business and how to expand it. The officers





John F. Randall

of the company are: George A. Sanborn, president; Waldo H. Sanborn, treasurer; and M. J. Tardiff, secretary.

George A. Sanborn's life has been reviewed in the preceding sketch. His son, Waldo H., was born in Lawrence on November 30, 1888, and in due course was educated in the Lawrence public schools. He graduated from Lawrence High School in the class of 1905, and from there proceeded to the Lowell Textile College, graduating therefrom in the class of 1909. For eighteen months, thereafter, he was in the employ of Warren Allen, of Lawrence, but in 1911 he was brought into the company organization then proceeding, his father being the principal organizer. The Knox Street Garage, Inc., was then incorporated, and that business came into operation, with the result stated above. The garage is the second oldest in Lawrence, and has held its place well.

During the World War period, when young Mr. Sanborn, like so many thousands of other young men, had to take up national duty in the emergency. He was stationed in Charlestown Navy Yard, having voluntarily enlisted in the United States navy for civilian service. After the war, and discharge from the service, he resumed his connection with the business, and is now treasurer.

Mr. Sanborn belongs to the Masonic order; he also is a member of the Twinas Club, of Lawrence; and attends the Universalist church. He is the only child of his parents, George A. and Dora (Harvey) Sanborn.

Mr. Sanborn married, in 1912, Marion Glenn, of Lawrence, daughter of Allen and Helen (Kilborn) Glenn, of that city. Her father was born in Scotland, and is identified with the Lawrence mill industry; her mother, who died in 1914, was of a Maine family. Mr. and Mrs. Waldo H. Sanborn have one child, a son, George Allen Sanborn, who was born in 1913.

HARRY H. NEVERS, M. D., who has had unusual breadth of experience in his chosen line of endeavor, has been a practicing physician in the city of Lawrence, Massachusetts, for the past fifteen years. He was born in Norway, Maine, on April 9, 1876, and is a son of Alonzo J. and Rose J. Nevers of that place. Mr. Nevers was a merchant in Norway, Maine, for many years, in early life served in the Civil War, on the Union side, and until his death was a prominent member of the Grand Army of the Republic. The mother still lives in Norway.

As a boy the doctor attended the public schools of his native town, then entered Bowdoin College Medical School, from which he was graduated in the class of 1903. For one year thereafter he served as interne in the Maine General Hospital, at Portland. He entered upon the practice of medicine in Bingham, Maine, in August, 1904, and continued there until October, 1906. At that time he removed to Lawrence, Massachusetts, where he established his office and began a general practice. Becoming a member of the Medical Corps of the Massachusetts National Guard in Lawrence in 1907, he served until 1908, then later, on October 16, 1910, was commis-

sioned first lieutenant of the Medical Corps. He was promoted to captain on October 22, 1912, and to major on March 26, 1916. In 1916 he was sent to the Mexican Border, at Fort Bliss, in El Paso, Texas, with the First Massachusetts Field Artillery for six months. On July 25, 1917, he was detailed to Boxford, Massachusetts, with the same regiment, for six weeks, then later was transferred to the Eighth Massachusetts Infantry and sent to Westfield, Massachusetts, and still later to Charlotte, North Carolina. He was preparing to go overseas, and his discharge, on December 13, 1917, on account of heart trouble, was a great disappointment to him. The doctor is still surgeon in the United States Public Health Service at Lawrence.

Dr. Nevers is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and of the Lawrence Medical Club. He is assistant on the staff of the Lawrence General Hospital, and has been city bacteriologist of Lawrence since 1908.

On October 19, 1904, Dr. Nevers married Susan I. Bean, of Concord, New Hampshire.

JOHN FLETCHER RANDALL was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, November 7, 1862, a descendant of John and Elizabeth Randall, who settled in Stonington, Connecticut, in 1640. On his mother's side he traces to the ancient Hooper family. He attended the public schools of Marblehead, finishing the grammar course and two years of the high school course before leaving for a position in the business world. His first position was with the firm of Benjamin Callender & Company, one of the oldest hardware houses in Boston. He spent an apprenticeship of a year and a half with that house before being sent out on the road to cover territory in the maritime provinces of Canada. Callender & Company later dissolved, and Mr. Randall formed a connection with Henry Brooks & Company, wholesale hardware, with whom he spent twelve years as traveling salesman, covering territory in New England states. At the end of that period he joined the selling force of the Boston wholesale hardware and cutlery house, Bigelow & Dowse, continuing with that house twenty years. Marblehead was his home until 1898, when he moved away, but in 1919 returned and opened a retail hardware store at No. 92 Washington street, which he is conducting very successfully.

Mr. Randall married, in 1888, Emma Woodfin Bowden, born in Marblehead, January 23, 1865, daughter of Joseph W. and Rachel (Woodfin) Bowden. Mr. and Mrs. Randall are the parents of seven children: John Albert, of whom further; Dora Adelaide, born January 14, 1891; Sarah M., born July 12, 1893; Ruth, born May 16, 1899; Roger, of whom further; Dwight, born December 28, 1903; and Richard B., born February 3, 1907.

John Albert Randall, the eldest son of John Fletcher Randall, was born in Marblehead, July 1, 1889, and there spent the first nine years of his life, the family moving to Bridgewater, Massachusetts, in the fall of 1898. He was graduated from Bridgewater High School and entered Dartmouth College, whence

he was graduated, class of 1911. He then began the study of medicine, later entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia, and in 1916 was graduated from that institution, with the degree of M. D. He spent the following year in hospital work, then volunteered for service in the United States army, then at war with Germany. He was commissioned first lieutenant and sent to the Medical Corps Training School at Washington, D. C., where he spent the winter of 1917. He was then attached to the 302nd Ammunition Train of the Seventy-Seventh Division, and went overseas, remaining with that division until the armistice was signed. He was then detached and assigned to the Army of Occupation, remaining in Germany until the latter part of 1919, when he was returned to the United States and assigned to duty at the Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C. He continued on duty there until June 30, 1920, when he resigned from the army and began the private practice of medicine and surgery on Staten Island, New York. Dr. Randall saw hard service in France with the Seventy-Seventh, being engaged at the Aisne-Marne, Oise-Aisne Meuse, Argonne offensives, and in defensive sectors.

Roger Randall, second son of John Fletcher Randall, was born July 18, 1901. He was a corporal of the United States Marine Corps, was cited for bravery and decorated by the government. The citation recites that Randall was stationed in Haiti when an outlaw bandit had caused so much trouble that a squad of marines were sent after him. Randall joined the detachment and later found the body of the sergeant of the squad hanging to a tree, his body riddled with bullets. Randall hurried back to the fort, secured reinforcements, and drove back the bandit band that had killed the sergeant.

The grandfather of these children, and father of John Fletcher Randall, of Marblehead, was also John Fletcher Randall who followed the sea from boyhood until death. He was cook of a Grand Banks fishing vessel at thirteen, but later went into the merchant service, winning all promotions until at the age of twenty-four he trod his own quarterdeck as master of the bark "Florence," of Boston. Four years later he died on shipboard and was buried at sea, being then just twenty-eight. Captain Randall married Sarah Ann Bassett, who survived him.

RALPH BYRON ELLIS—Striking out for himself at an early age, and choosing his own field of endeavor, Ralph B. Ellis, of Lynn, Massachusetts, has attained marked success, and is now a leader in the printing business and allied interests, as president of the well known concern, G. H. & A. L. Nichols, Incorporated. Mr. Ellis is a son of Albert H. and Nellie S. (Cummings) Ellis, for many years residents of Haverhill, in this county, where the elder Mr. Ellis is engaged in the manufacture of heels, as a member of the firm of G. H. & A. H. Ellis.

Ralph Byron Ellis was born in Groveland, Massachusetts, April 15, 1883. His early education was received in the public schools of Lynn, and after

attending Boston University for a time, he entered Columbia University, in New York City, from which he was graduated in the class of 1908. Meanwhile, from his early youth, Mr. Ellis had financed his own education, working at whatever employment could be adopted to the requirements of his study periods. Shortly after his graduation from college, Mr. Ellis became active as a newspaper reporter, and was connected with a morning daily in New Haven, Connecticut. At the same time he was employed in a book bindery in the same city, and while there, mastered the business, which knowledge has been of great value to him in recent years. Returning to the city of Lynn in 1910, Mr. Ellis established himself independently in the printing business here, under the name of The Minerva Press. About four years later he merged his interests with those of A. L. Nichols, the then surviving member of the long-established firm of G. H. & A. L. Nichols, Inc., and the present important business is the outgrowth of this amalgamation. Somewhat later, the subsidiary firms of the R. B. Ellis Company, wholesale dealers in paper, and the Lynn Book Bindery, the activities of which are evident in its name, were formed, Mr. Ellis being president and manager of all three companies. Since the death of Mr. Nichols, Mr. Ellis has handled the sole management of these interests, Mrs. Nichols attending to the office details. They employ only the most skilled assistants, and keep abreast of the times in every way, being equipped with the most modern appliances, and their interests are progressing very satisfactorily.

Mr. Ellis keeps in touch with the forward movement of the times in public life, supporting the Republican party, but has never sought nor accepted public honors. He was for two years a member of Company B, 15th Regiment, National Guard of Massachusetts. His college fraternity is the Beta Theta Pi; he is a member of the Kiwanis Club, of Lynn; and is affiliated with the Congregational church.

WILLIAM ANDREW KNIPE, who holds a prominent place among the leading shoe manufacturers in the United States, and has perhaps had longer connection with the industry than has any other of the principal manufacturers, was born in England in 1846, but for fifty-four years has been connected with the shoe industry of Massachusetts. For the greater part of that time he has been a substantial manufacturer, and for several decades has found almost constant employment for some hundreds of workmen and women at the Knipe plant at Ward Hill, Massachusetts.

William A. Knipe was born in Ducklington, England, on May 16, 1846, son of William and Jane (Hall) Knipe. His parents were of English birth, but he was only in his first year when his father, a contractor, died. However, the family was not unprovided for, and William A. grew to manhood without handicap in physique or education because of his orphaned state. His mother lived until he was almost middle-aged, until 1883, and when his schooldays were over, he was taken into his uncle's woolen mills at Rochester, New Hampshire. He re-

mained with his uncle, John Hall, until he was thirteen years of age, when he came to Haverhill, Massachusetts. There he entered the employ of George Roberts, a shoe manufacturer, of Haverhill. He also gained experience in other local factories, after which he went into business for himself, opening a contract shop in Haverhill, and conducting it until 1882, when the historic Haverhill fire gutted his shop with other more important parts of the city. Soon afterwards, however, he formed business partnership with his brother Mark, and under the trading name of Knipe Brothers, they began to manufacture shoes in the Tilton block, on Washington street, Haverhill. In 1891, however, the brothers decided to remove their entire plant to Ward Hill, Massachusetts, and there the plant has ever since been located, still trading as Knipe Brothers, though the company is now a corporate one, with William A. Knipe, president. The volume of production has increased with the years, and latterly has been capable of turning out 2,500 pairs of shoes a day, an output which represents the work of between three hundred and three hundred and fifty hands. The factory has a floor space of 45,000 square feet, and two of the sons of Mr. Knipe, William Leon and Roy D., take active part in its management, being also directors.

William A. Knipe undoubtedly knows the shoe industry very thoroughly. He has had practical experience in almost all its branches, and is generally considered to be one of the best authorities on shoe manufacturing in Massachusetts, if not in America. Many of the ideas now in general practice in the trade were originated by him, it is said, and he has proved himself to be one of the ablest men in the industry.

Mr. Knipe has always maintained close interest in Haverhill, and his benefactions are wide spread and well known throughout that section of Massachusetts. He is vice-president and director of the Morris Plan Bank of Haverhill, and a consistent helpful member of the Ward Hill Congregational Church. He is a member of the Pentucket Club, of Haverhill.

Mr. Knipe married, in 1867, Ada Penley, of Norway, Maine, daughter of Charles and Hannah (Crockett) Penley, the former a Maine farmer, who died in 1883. Mr. and Mrs. Knipe have five children: Mark A., Arthur H., Roy D., William Leon, and Ada Victoria.

During the World War, when business executives were enlisted into national service to co-operate in the supreme national effort, William Leon Knipe was called to Washington, and there for about six months served the government in the purchasing department of the executive board

GEORGE B. MEEK—The Meek ovens are known all over the United States, and at one time considerable numbers were exported to foreign countries. While there are now other factories in which the Meek ovens are manufactured, one of the factories being in Westport, Connecticut, and another in Kansas City, Missouri, it was originally a New-

buryport, Massachusetts, industry, established there in 1910 by George B. Meek, the originator or inventor of the oven.

George B. Meek was born in Scotland on February 20, 1856, and did not come to the United States until he was thirty-two years old. He crossed the Atlantic Ocean from Scotland in 1888, and for the next twenty-five years remained in New York City, for the greater part of the time responsibly employed by Crandall & Pelty, sheet metal workers there. He was connected with that company from 1889 until 1910, latterly as foreman, but in 1910 he came to Newburyport, Massachusetts, his purpose being to enter into the manufacture of the patented oven which became known, and eventually well known, by his name. His first plant in Newburyport was situated on Water street, and there he resolutely but cautiously began to make the Meek oven. As time went on, and the oven became known, the demand increased, and ultimately his original plant was found to be much too small to meet the demand, and a larger plant was laid out on Market Square, or rather just off that square, in Newburyport, another factory was established at Westport, Connecticut, and another for the western trade at Kansas City, Missouri. The eastern business is conducted by the Meek Oven Company, Inc., of which Mr. Meek is president, and the Kansas City trade is handled by a local company, known as the Meek Oven Company. The success that has come to Mr. Meek by reason of the excellence of the oven he invented is gratifying, and no doubt well deserved; the oven must be a good one, otherwise it would not meet with such pronounced success. At present the company cannot cope with more than the demand in this country, but at one time it did a considerable export business. Unfortunately Mr. Meek's parents did not live to see the success of their son. Both were born in Scotland, his father, George Meek, who was a bellhanger, dying in 1898, and his mother, Jane (Beveridge) Meek, in 1898. They were the parents of twelve children, seven of whom were sons, among them George B.

George B. Meek was married in Scotland seven years before coming to this country, his wife being Jane Russell. To them have been born six children: David, Jane, Alexander, Katherine, Henrietta and George. Mr. and Mrs. Meek are members of the Presbyterian church, and have made many sincere friends since they came into Massachusetts.

BENJAMIN F. ARRINGTON, journalist, was born in Leominster, Massachusetts, July 6, 1856, removing with his parents to Lynn in 1859, and learned the printer's trade in the office of the Lynn "Semi-Weekly Reporter," beginning in his sixteenth year, and became foreman before attaining his majority. Self-taught in phonography (Isaac Pitman system) during reportorial work, he finally qualified as a verbatim reporter. This led to an invitation in the 80's to join the staff of a shorthand bureau in Boston, for court and special stenographic work. The lure of newspaperdom, however, prevailed. When the Lynn "Daily Bee" was started, with the

"Reporter" as the weekly edition, he was for two years its business manager, contributing meanwhile to the news and editorial columns. He was then called to the Salem "Evening News" as editor-in-chief, and here labored under happy auspices for more than thirty-seven years, broken only by a year's absence in Springfield, Massachusetts, as editor and general manager of a local daily, of which he was one of the promoters. Feeling the need of a respite, he resigned on the 29th of May, 1920, being at the time of retirement the senior editor in point of service in Essex county. His more important work since then has been in connection with this "History of Essex County," and of which the publishers express grateful acknowledgement.

He is a student of French, and has "Englished" a number of short stories and sketches, in addition to special writing for a few outside publications. Travels in this country and in Canada were followed by two extensive voyages to Europe, on each occasion opportunity being afforded for a passing glimpse of life in the Azores, at Gibraltar, Funchal, Madeira, and Algiers. For many years a Free Mason, he is particularly interested in Blue Lodge Masonry, and is a past master and honorary member respectively of Mount Carmel and Damascus Lodges of Lynn, being a charter member and the first master of the last-named, was secretary for Mount Carmel Lodge for eight years, and at present is rounding out his fourteenth year of like service in Damascus Lodge. He is married, and, with his wife, is a member of the Unitarian church of Lynn, in which he has served as parish clerk, and in 1915 was elected to the board of trustees, of which he is now (1921) chairman.

GEORGE D. MORSE—As the head of the Morse Blacking Company, of Peabody, George D. Morse has long contributed to the progress of the leather industry through the manufacture of leather finishes in black and all colors used in the trade. The business was founded by George D. Morse thirty-five years ago, when the shoe industry, as it is represented in Essex county today, was scarcely dreamed of. Thus the growth of the business and the marvelous development of the shoe industry have been co-incidental. The firm, which through all its history has kept pace with the movement of the times, manufactures black and all colors for the finishing of leather of various kinds, and has become the largest leather finish house in this section. In connection with their extensive domestic trade, a large export business is handled. The factory, which is located on Willis street, Peabody, is equipped with the most modern facilities for the work done. The firm has for some years been a partnership, and still so continues. The members of the firm are George D. Morse and his sons, J. Ellison Morse, and George D. Morse, Jr. All are active in the daily progress of the business, and all are members of the Peabody Chamber of Commerce.

George D. Morse was born in Chelsea, Massachusetts, October 17, 1850, son of James and Susan

(Pitman) Morse, of ancient Chelsea families. He was educated in the public schools, and upon the completion of his studies he learned the trade of printer, and later opened a job printing shop in Boston, which he conducted until 1888. In that year he formed his connection with manufacturing by placing upon the market "Crow Blacking" made by the Crow Blacking Company, Canton, Massachusetts. Five years later Mr. Morse sold his interest in the company to his partner, and in 1893 returned to Boston, formed a partnership with James S. Bent, and as Morse & Bent, continued in the same line of business until 1897, when Mr. Morse withdrew and with his son, J. Ellison Morse, organized the Morse Blacking Company, and put upon the market the Victor lines of blacking finishes and seasonings for leather. The company are manufacturers of these Victor products, and since 1910 has been located at Peabody, Massachusetts, the place of business prior to that year being in Boston. Mr. Morse, the elder, continues active in the business, and devotes a great deal of his time to the discovery of new shades and colorings, novelty being the life of the business. In 1917-1918 he represented the town of Danvers in the Massachusetts General Court. George D. Morse is a member of the Masonic order, affiliated with lodge, chapter, commandery and shrine, and is a member of the Colonial Club, of Salem, and the Unitarian church, of Danvers.

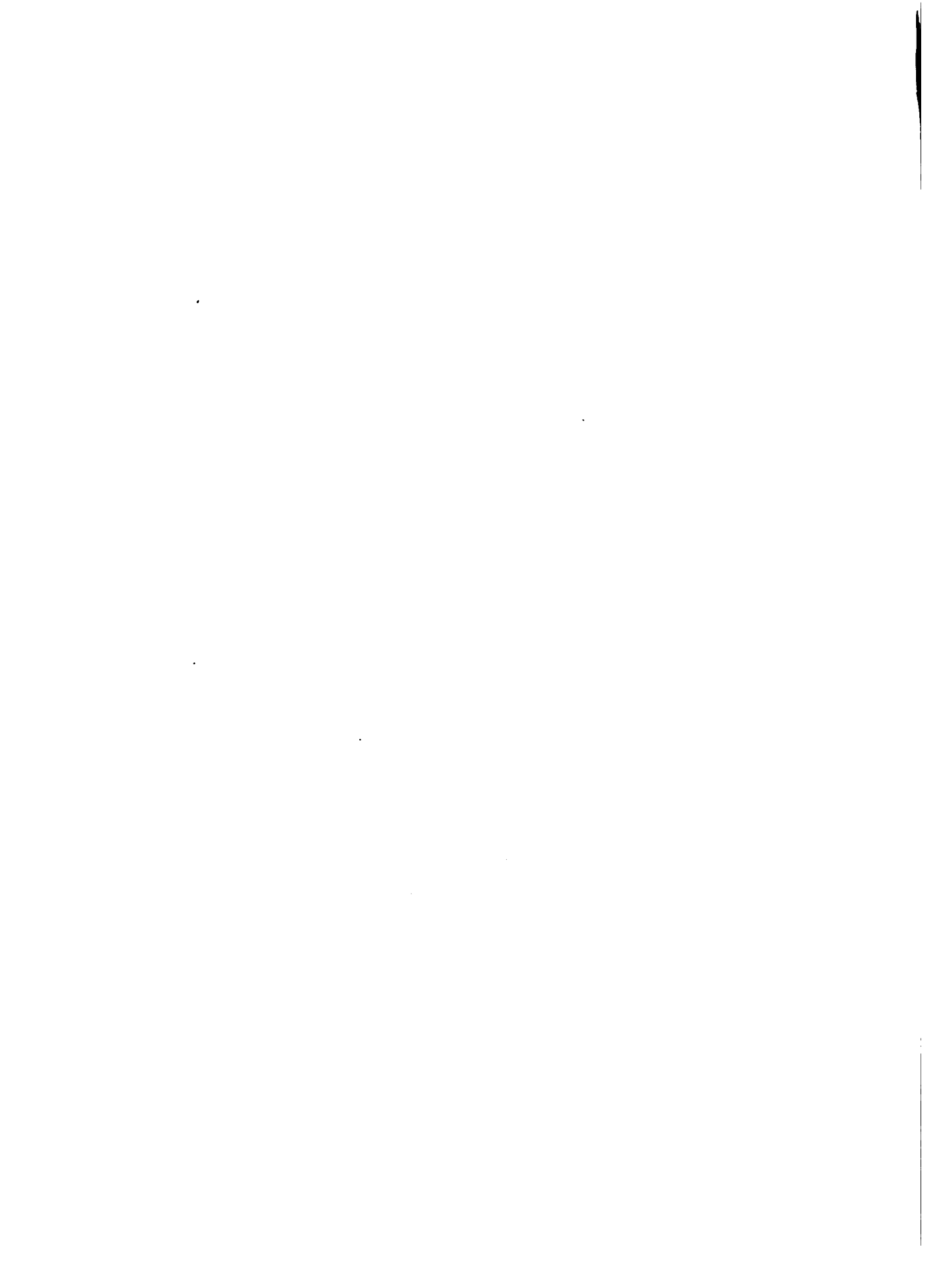
George D. Morse married Jennie A. Woods, and they are the parents of four children: Lillian A.; J. Ellison, of whom further; Sarah, married C. B. Wetherbee; George D., Jr., of whom further.

J. Ellison Morse was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, November 26, 1875, but in 1886 the family moved to Canton, Massachusetts, where the lad completed his education with graduation from high school. In 1894 he entered the employ of Morse & Bent, in Boston, and in 1897 became his father's partner in the Morse Blacking Company, and remained in Boston until 1910, when the business was removed to its present location in Peabody. J. Ellison Morse is familiar with every part of the business with which he has been connected since boyhood, and is rated an expert in the trade. Mr. Morse is affiliated with lodge, chapter, and Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar; is a Noble of Alleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and holds the thirty-second degree in Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He married, in 1904, Elizabeth Farley of Portland, Maine, and they are the parents of five children: J. Ellison Jr., C. Farley, Elsie F., George D. (3), and a child who died young.

George D. Morse, Jr., was born in Canton, Massachusetts, August 19, 1892. He was educated in the public schools of Brookline, Massachusetts, spending three years in high school. For six years after leaving school he was engaged in commercial life in Boston, then entered the employ of his father in the Morse Blacking Company, becoming a member of the company in 1917. Like his brother and father, he gives himself entirely to the business,



George B. Morse



each in his own department supreme. During the war with Germany, 1917-1918, George D. Morse enlisted in the 13th Regiment, United States Marines, serving from June, 1918, until honorably discharged ten months later. He is a member of Amity Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. Mr. Morse married, March 26, 1921, Ruth Durland Harris, of Swampscott, Massachusetts, daughter of V. Harris.

EBEN FRANCIS MARTIN—Prominent in the principal industry of Essex county, the manufacture of shoes, Eben Francis Martin, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is bearing a progressive part in the prosperity of the section. Mr. Martin was born in Swampscott, Massachusetts, November 20, 1875, a son of John F. and Mary S. (Stoneborn) Martin, both lifelong residents of Marblehead. John F. Martin was engaged in the shoe business here.

Securing his education in the public schools of Marblehead, the young man early entered the shoe manufacturing business, in the employ of V. K. and A. H. Jones Company, of Lynn, remaining, however, for only a short time. He was ambitious for the future, and went into the business for himself, in a partnership, under the name of Martin & Shribman, of Marblehead. After a few years he sold his interest in the business to Mr. Shribman, and established a small factory independently, under the name of the Martin Shoe Company. He was most successful in this enterprise, and has developed the business into a large and prosperous concern, which is now one of the leading factories of Marblehead. He manufactures exclusively a fine grade of the Goodyear Welt Shoe.

In 1905, Mr. Martin married Jennie M. Campbell, of Salem, Massachusetts, daughter of Robert and Annie (McInnes) Campbell. Mr. Campbell was engaged in the business of horseshoeing. Mrs. Campbell was born in Scotland, and came to the United States when a child, locating in Salem, where she has since lived. The family are members of the Congregational church of Marblehead.

ELMER AUSTIN COWDREY—From the beginning of his active career, Mr. Cowdrey has been connected with the investment business, his connection with the house of Harris, Forbes & Company, Inc., of Boston, covering the entire period of his business life, he being the present cashier. He is a descendant of William Cowdrey, born in England, who came to New England in 1630, settled in Lynn, Massachusetts, where he became prominent in town and church. He died in Reading, Massachusetts, November 10, 1687. He had sons by his first wife: Joanna, Nathaniel and Matthias, they the ancestors of the Cowdrey, Cowdery, Coudrai families of early New England ancestry.

The name Cowdrey or Cowdery is derived from the French and means "hazel tree" or "hazel grove." The name is spelled in many ways, Cowdrey, Cowdery and Cowdray the English forms. The ancient seat of the family, still known as Cowdrey Castle, although not owned in the family, is situated at Midhurst, Sussex, England, about fifty miles from Lon-

don. The castle, surrounded by six hundred acres of beautiful grounds, was very beautiful and imposing until its interior was destroyed by fire. That estate was held in the family as early as 1304, when it was owned by Thomas de Cowdray.

Elmer A. Cowdrey was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, August 19, 1878, son of William Austin and Eliza Frances Cowdrey, his father a leather chemist. He obtained his education in high school at Johnstown, New York, Troy Conference Academy at Poultney, Vermont, finishing with graduation from high school at Norwood, Massachusetts. In June, 1898, he entered the employ of what was at that time N. W. Harris & Company, bond dealers, of Boston, and has continued with that house during the twenty-four years which has since elapsed. Mr. Cowdrey is a Republican in politics, a member of Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Peabody, Massachusetts, Boston Masonic Club, Swampscott Masonic Club, the City Club of Boston, and the Peabody Club, Inc.

Mr. Cowdrey married, in Peabody, Massachusetts, June 6, 1898, Lila Bell Thomas, daughter of Horatio Barrows and Lizzie (Jacobs) Thomas, and granddaughter of the late Josiah B. Thomas. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Cowdrey: Howard Thomas, born December 22, 1899; Dorothy Frances, born July 29, 1903; Marjorie Shaw, twin with Dorothy Frances.

ISRAEL JAMES CLARKE, M. D.—At the age of twenty-three, Israel J. Clarke, who for the past decade has been medical supervisor of Haverhill Sanatorium, received his M. D. from the University of New York, and, following in the footsteps of his honored father, began the practice of medicine. That was in 1883, and during the nearly forty years which have since intervened he has been continuously engaged in medical practice. He is a son of Dr. Albert Warren and Philinda (Gage) Clarke, his parents at the time of the birth of their son being residents of Woburn, Massachusetts. Dr. Albert W. Clarke was practicing in Woburn at the outbreak of the war between the North and South, in 1861, and served during that struggle as surgeon of the Thirty-fifth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry.

Israel J. Clarke was born in Woburn, Massachusetts, May 22, 1860. He began his education in the public schools and passed all grades, finishing with graduation from the high school at Brockton, Massachusetts, class of 1878. Choosing the profession followed by his father, the young man entered the medical department of the University of New York whence he was graduated, receiving the degree M. D. with the class of 1883. He engaged in professional work in his native New England as a general private practitioner, and, in 1912 became medical supervisor of Haverhill Sanatorium, a post he yet ably fills (1922), conducting at the same time an important general practice. He is a member of Merrimack Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, and of the Pentucket Club of the same city, and is an attendant of the North Congregational Church.

Dr. Clarke married, in Boston, Massachusetts, May 22, 1889, Nellie E. Pearson, daughter of John A. and Helen M. Pearson. Mrs. Clarke died in 1915, leaving a son, Clifton Albert Clarke, born June 9, 1890.

MATTHEW ALOYSIUS CREGG—The firm of Cregg & Cregg, which has existed in Lawrence, Massachusetts, for the past decade (1912-22), is composed of Matthew A. and Hugh A. Cregg, sons of Edward and Rose A. (McAllister) Cregg. The firm are well known lawyers of the Essex county bar, the senior member of the firm admitted at the October term of 1899. Their offices are in the Bay State building, Lawrence, and there a lucrative law business is conducted. Edward and Rose A. (McAllister) Cregg are the parents of ten children: James A.; John A.; Matthew A.; Edward F., who died in 1917; Hannah; Dr. Francis A. Cregg; May E.; Hugh A.; Rose; and Dr. Herbert A. Cregg.

Matthew A. Cregg was born in Lawrence, March 10, 1876. He obtained his preparatory education in the Lawrence public schools. He continued his education in Dartmouth College, and in the Boston University Law School, there completing his studies with the class of 1899. He was admitted to the Essex county bar as soon as legally competent, and began practice in Lawrence, where the more than two decades which have since elapsed still find him. In 1912, he admitted his younger brother, Hugh A. Cregg, to a partnership, and as Cregg & Cregg they have since practiced.

Matthew A. Cregg during the World War period, 1917-18, was secretary of the Lawrence District Draft Board, No. 3, and aided in other ways in the patriotic activities of that period. He is a member of the Essex and Massachusetts Bar associations, is a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In religion he is a Roman Catholic.

Mr. Cregg married Grace M. Hanrahan, daughter of William and Mary B. Hanrahan, of Lawrence, and they are the parents of three children: Rosemary Reynolds, born August 25, 1916; Janet Constance, born January 1, 1919; Matthew Aloysius (2), born January 3, 1921.

FRANCIS X. McCANN, a prominent merchant of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born at Spencer, same State, November 6, 1883, son of James B. McCann, a woolen manufacturer of that city, who died in 1911, at the age of sixty-one years. The mother of Mr. McCann was Helen E. Finegan, of Spencer, and later of Worcester.

Mr. McCann attended the public schools, and in 1899, after leaving high school, from which he graduated with the class of 1899, he went to work in the furniture business for various companies throughout New England, continuing until 1917, the last years being spent as buyer for many of the large concerns. In the latter year he formed a partnership with Hollis M. Jennings (see sketch following), under the name of the McCann Furniture Company, of Haverhill, where they are now engaged

in business. Mr. McCann is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and his clubs are the Agawam, Pentucket, and the Island Golf. He also is a member of the Haverhill Lodge of Elks.

Mr. McCann married, in 1910, Anne I. Linehan, of Bradford, and to this union has been born a son, Francis X., Jr. Mrs. McCann was a daughter of Daniel W. Linehan, a realtor of Bradford, Massachusetts, and Margaret (Huxley) Linehan, of Arlington, that State. Mr. and Mrs. McCann, with their family, reside at No. 36 Commonwealth avenue, and attend the Sacred Heart Church of Bradford.

HOLLIS M. JENNINGS, a prominent merchant of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born in that city May 12, 1894, son of Albert H. and Julia E. (Traffon) Jennings.

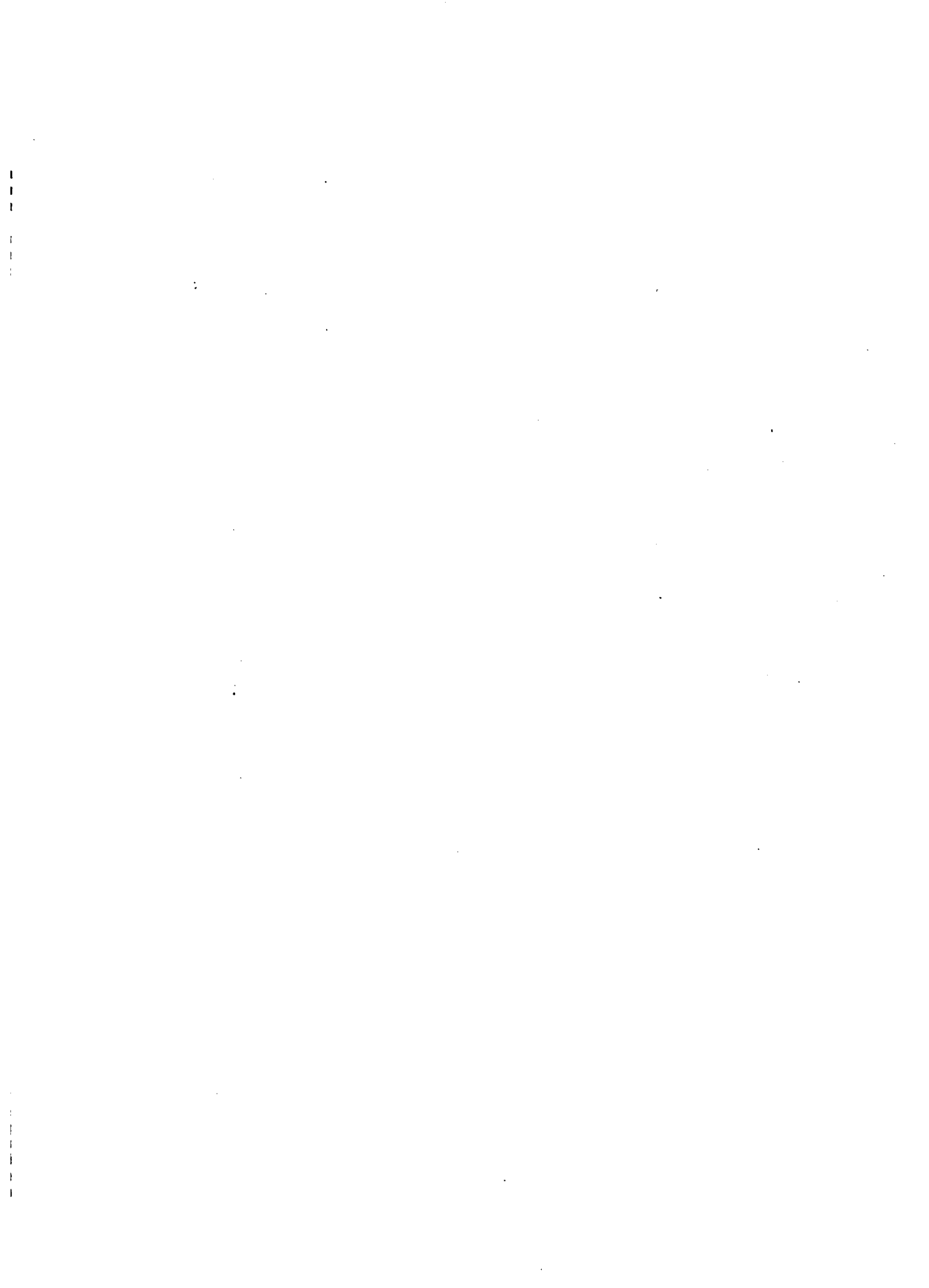
Mr. Jennings attended the public and high schools, and subsequently the Bryant & Stratton Business College of Boston, then entered the employ of the George F. Carlton Shoe Company, of Haverhill, there remaining for a year. At this time he became the owner of the Bradford Laundry Company, which he successfully carried on until 1917, in which year he entered the furniture business, in association with Francis X. McCann, (see preceding sketch). They are among the leading merchants in this line in Haverhill, and through their uprightness in business dealings have built up a very satisfactory trade.

Mr. Jennings is a Mason, a member of Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Haverhill Council, Royal and Select Masters; he is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and the Agawam Club.

In 1915 he married Hazel E. Malbon, of Haverhill, and they are the parents of two children: Malbon and Marilyn Jennings.

THOMAS A. DOHERTY, D. M. D.—Among the younger men of Essex county who are taking prominent places in the professions and contributing to the welfare of the people, Thomas A. Doherty, D. M. D., is a noteworthy figure. Dr. Doherty's family has been identified with the progress of the city of Lynn for many years, his father having been for years a morocco leather manufacturer. The doctor is a son of Jeremiah J. and Margaret E. (Landri-gan) Doherty.

Thomas A. Doherty was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, August 28, 1887. As a boy he attended St. Mary's Parochial School as far as the eighth grade, which he covered at the Corbett Grammar School, later graduating from the English High School of Lynn. He thereafter entered the industrial world, and for a period of five years was engaged in electrical work. By this means he largely financed his higher education, and meanwhile was preparing for college by special study in his leisure hours. Matriculating at Tufts College, in Boston, he took up the study of dentistry, and was graduated from that institution in February, 1918, with the degree which he now holds. Beginning practice in Lynn, he shortly afterwards entered the United States Army as a

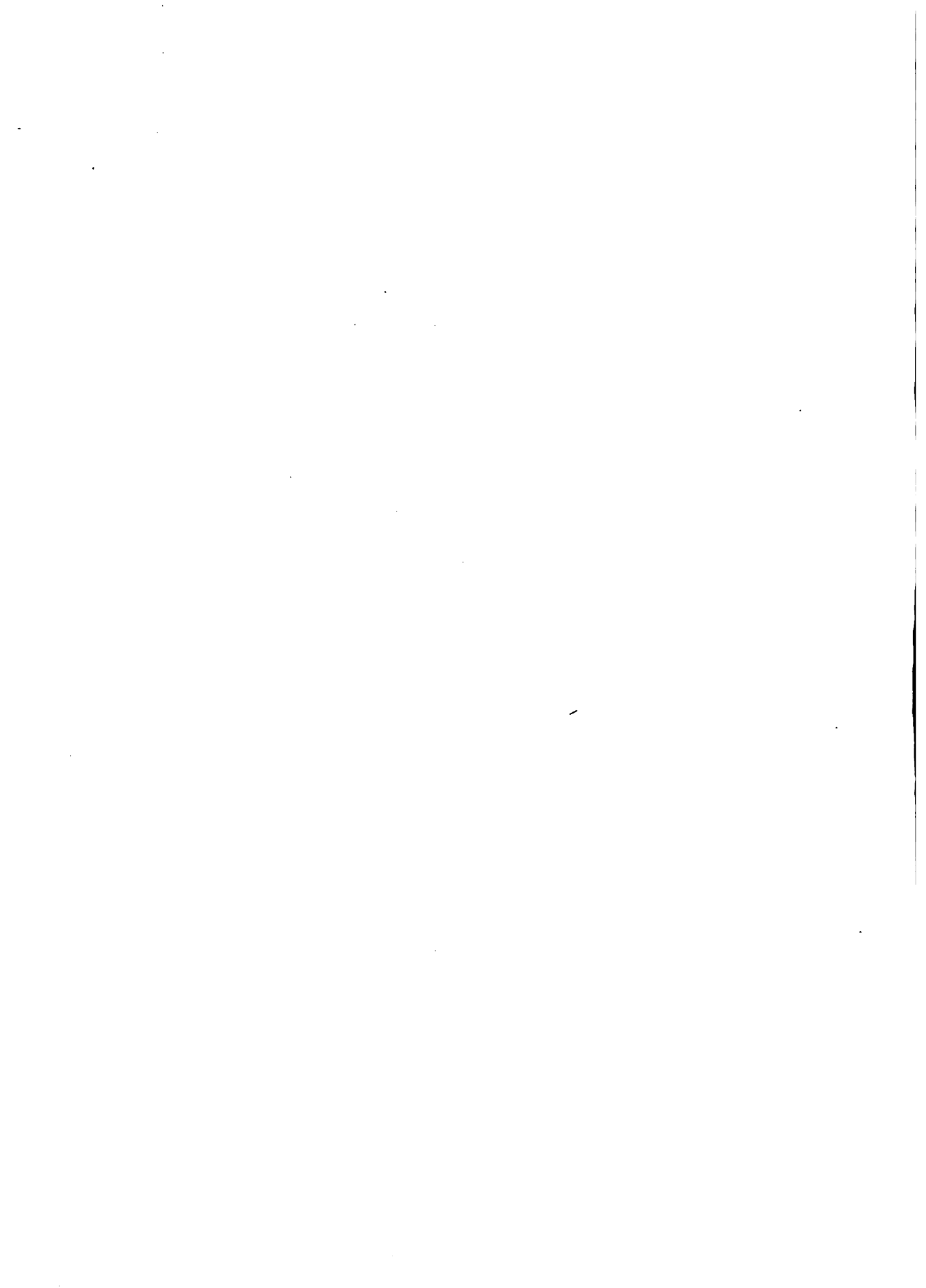




Edwin Cook Sr.



Charles A. Cook



member of Dental Corps, No. 1. He was stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, where he served until he was mustered out of the service following the signing of the armistice. Upon his return to Lynn, Dr. Doherty resumed his interrupted practice, and with a well appointed suite of offices at No. 7 Willow street has gained a most promising start in his profession. The breadth of experience acquired in the military service has been of practical use in his private practice, and Dr. Doherty has taken rank with many who have been active in the profession for longer periods. A work which will always stand to his credit is the dental clinic at the Lynn High School, which he organized in May, 1920. He is still in charge of this clinic, and its usefulness is commented upon very favorably both by the profession and among the families which are reached by its activities. Dr. Doherty is a member of the Knights of Columbus and of the American Legion, and belongs to St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

Dr. Doherty married, November 30, 1920, Alice Helena Sullivan, daughter of Timothy and Nora Sullivan, both now deceased, old residents of the city of Lynn.

PATRICK HENRY O'CONNOR—In Dromahair, Leitrim, a county of Ireland in Connaught, touching Donegal bay on the north, lived Peter and Elizabeth (Kelly) O'Connor, he a farmer and member of Leitrim County Council. At that home farm in Dromahair, their son, Patrick Henry O'Connor, was born February 9, 1852; he is now an official of a textile plant and a bank president of Peabody, Massachusetts.

In his native Ireland, Patrick H. O'Connor obtained a good education, being a graduate of the National School at Ballaitogher, County Sligo, and from Christian Brothers College in Sligo. In later years Mr. O'Connor came to the United States, where he has gained high standing as a business man, financier and citizen. He is now in charge of the finishing department of the Danvers Bleachery & Dye Works of Peabody, a corporation with which he has been connected since 1876. He is president of the Peabody Co-operative Bank, of Peabody, and vice-president of the Warren Five Cents Savings Bank, of Peabody.

For nine years Mr. O'Connor was a member of Peabody School Committee, for six years was a trustee of Peabody Institute, and is now chairman of the library committee of Peabody Institute, having been a member of that committee for thirty-four years. For two years he has been president of the Peabody Board of Trade, and in all these organizations his interest has long been deep and abiding. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Knights of Columbus, Ancient Order of Hibernians, and is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. O'Connor married, in St. John's Church, Peabody, Massachusetts, February 9, 1879, Lizzie M. Mullane, daughter of Timothy and Mary (Hanlon) Mullane. Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor are the parents of four children: 1. Rev. George P. O'Connor, born January 10, 1881; Father O'Connor served as chap-

lain in the American Army during the World War, and is now director of the Catholic Charitable Bureau of the Arch Diocese of Boston. 2. Charles T., born August 1, 1883. 3. Mrs. Mary L. Hickey, born March 27, 1885. 4. Roger Henry, born March 27, 1893, died January 11, 1921; he served as chief yeoman in the American Navy during the World War; he was on the U. S. S. "Barry", in front of Brest, protecting the landing of the American troops.

EDWIN COOK, Sr.—The business known under the corporate title, Cook Brothers' Leather Company, Inc., was established in 1909 by Edwin and Charles A. Cook, of Danvers, Massachusetts, under the firm name, Cook Brothers' Leather Company. The business was conducted as a partnership until February 21, 1921, when it was incorporated as the Cook Brothers' Leather Company, Inc., the incorporators being Edwin Cook, Sr., Charles A. Cook, and Edwin Cook, Jr. The business of the company is the tanning of raw calf skins and their conversion into fine leather for the shoe manufacturers' use. The company has been in operation in Salem, Massachusetts, for twelve years, and during that time has been under the personal management of the founders, the success of the company attesting the strength and ability of its management.

Edwin Cook, Sr., and Charles A. Cook are sons of Albert C. Cook, born in England, who at the age of thirty came to the United States and settled in Lowell, Massachusetts, where he engaged in the leather business until his passing in 1876. He married Ann Foote, of England, who there married and later came to the United States with her family, and here died in 1894.

Edwin Cook, Sr., son of Albert C. and Ann (Foote) Cook, was born in England, March 3, 1866, and when three years of age was brought to the United States by his parents, they finally locating in Lowell, Massachusetts. He was educated in the public schools of Lowell, then was inducted into the tanning business, his father having been an expert tanner. The lad learned the trade of tanner, and became an expert tanner of leather, and for forty-two years he continued at that trade. In the meantime his brother, Charles A. Cook, had also come to an expert knowledge of the trade of tanner, and in 1909 the brothers pooled their interests and their resources, located in Salem, Massachusetts, and organized the Cook Brothers' Leather Company, which has now had a successful career of twelve years, manufacturing fine calfskin leathers. The business was incorporated, February 21, 1921, as Cook Brothers' Leather Company, Inc., Edwin Cook, Sr., president.

Mr. Cook is a member of Amity Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Danvers; — Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, of Salem; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Ancient Order United Workmen of Salem; Chamber of Commerce of Salem, and is a director of the Wool & Leather Corporation of Salem.

Mr. Cook married, in Lowell, in 1889, Mary F. Gormley, who died December 8, 1920, leaving a son, Edwin (2), and a daughter, Helen M., wife of James L. Davenport, of Danvers, Massachusetts.

CHARLES A. COOK, son of Albert C. and Ann (Foots) Cook, was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, April 10, 1874, and there educated in the public schools. His father was a tanning expert, and his brother, Edwin, eight years his senior, had learned the father's trade, so from force of example, if for no other reason, Charles A. Cook was destined for the tanning business. He learned the trade of tanner in all its details, and knew no other employment until 1909, when with his brother, Edwin Cook, he moved to Salem, Massachusetts, these two experts in tanning there establishing in the tanning business as The Cook Brothers' Leather Company, tanners of calfskin. The partnership most profitably existed between the brothers until February, 1921, when the partnership became a corporation, Edwin Cook, Jr., being admitted with his father and uncle to an interest in Cook Brothers' Leather Company, Inc., Charles A. Cook being a member of the company. He is president of the Wool and Leather Corporation, of Salem, and a director of the Northway Motor Company, of Natick, Massachusetts. Mr. Cook is a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce; Amity Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; the Masonic Club and Homestead Golf Club, all of Danvers.

Mr. Cook married, in 1900, Ethel F. Myers, of Lowell, and they are the parents of a son, William A. Cook, and a daughter, Doris Y. Cook. The family are members of the Congregational church of Danvers, Massachusetts.

EDWIN COOK, JR., only son of Edwin and Mary F. (Gormley) Cook, was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, October 31, 1893, and educated in the public schools of Danvers. At the age of sixteen he was introduced to the leather business by his capable father, who was then, as now, engaged in the manufacture of leather with his brother, as Cook Brothers' Leather Company. He learned the business thoroughly under these expert tanners, and continued in the business until his entrance into the World War as a soldier of the United States. He enlisted on May 7, 1917, in Base Hospital Unit No. 5, and went into training at Fort Totten, New York, there remaining until May 11, 1917, when he sailed with a contingent of the American Expeditionary Forces, landing in England, where they remained a short time at Blackpool. They were then sent to Boulogne, France, and attached to the British Army, then engaged in fierce battling with the Germans at Arras. After this baptism of blood the unit was given a short rest, but soon afterward Mr. Cook was sent to Base Hospital No. 13 with a broken arm. After recovery he was on duty at Base Hospital No. 13 until the signing of the armistice, when he was detached and sent to Brest, France, from which port he embarked for the

United States, arriving April 20, 1919. He was honorably discharged and mustered out of the service of his country, May 2, 1919.

After his army service, Mr. Cook returned to the leather business, and in February, 1921, was admitted to an interest in the new corporation, Cook Brothers' Leather Company, Inc., of Salem, of which he is a director. Mr. Cook is a young man of sterling worth, and as the youngest member of Cook Brothers' Leather Company, he has had an opportunity to learn the business in a manner and with a thoroughness of detail only possible to a young man beginning at the bottom and under the expert guidance of those so deeply interested in his welfare.

He is a member of Amity Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Danvers, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of Danvers, the Chamber of Commerce of Salem, the Masonic Club, Homestead Golf Club, and the Universalist church, all of Danvers. He was one of the organizers of Post No. 180, American Legion, and a past commander, having been the first elected commander, his term extending from August, 1919, until August, 1920.

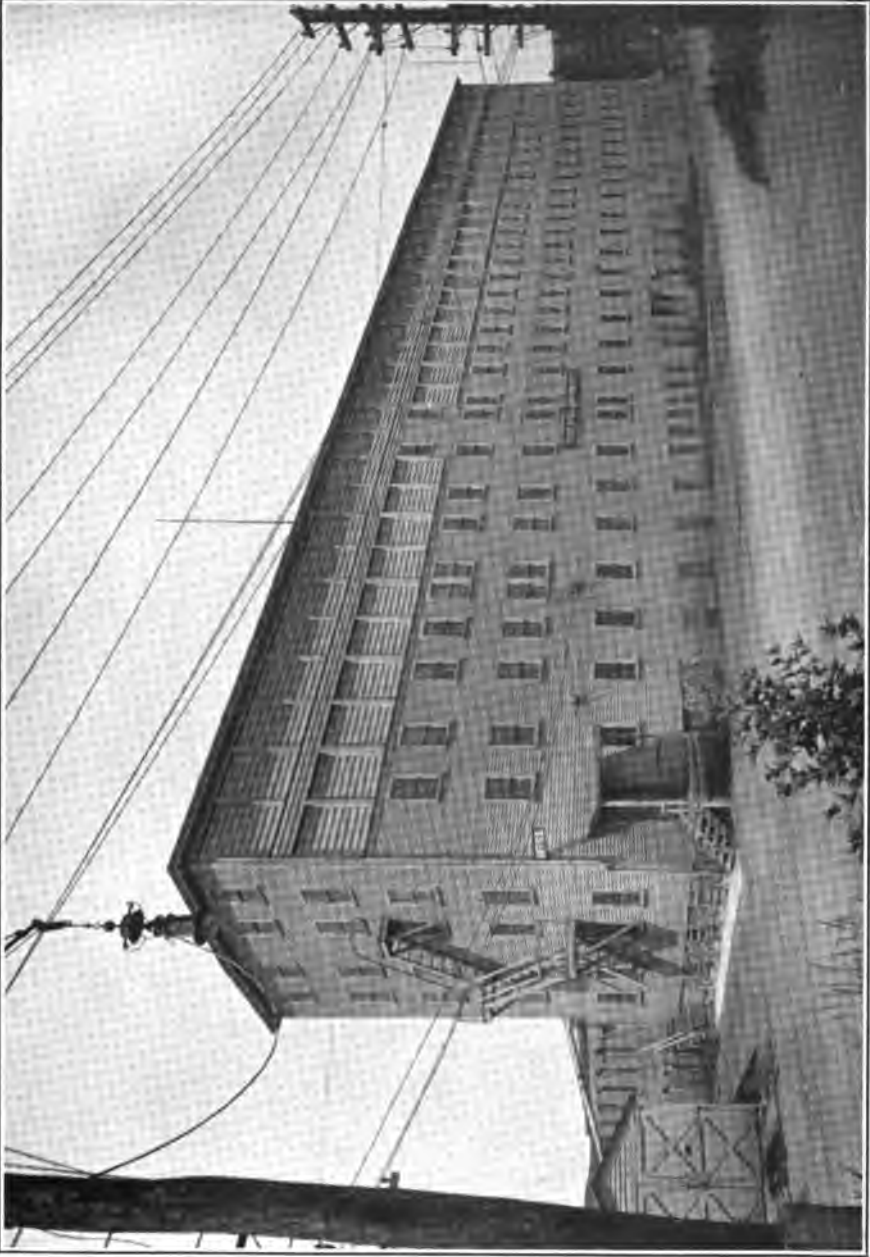
Mr. Cook married, September 4, 1920, Eleanor Couch, of Danvers.

REV. JAMES L. HILL, D. D.—A review of the published works of Dr. Hill give a very clear idea of the manner of man he is. Only an enthusiast could write as he does, and only an enthusiast could so appeal to the hearts of his readers, or paint word pictures with such picturesque vividness. He is intensely human, for he loves boys, fast horses, and the old home scenes, and as he preaches the gospel of fair play, must himself believe in it. He is clean of mind, fresh in spirit, brilliant in diction and thought, an indefatigable worker with pen, voice and example. Says a reviewer:

Dr. Hill's hand on the book means that it shall glow and flame and sparkle on every page, abound in historical allusion and dramatic situations. Some of them tragic and pathetic in the extreme; and from start to finish it shall be inspiring, interesting, and instructive.

His writings are voluminous, his platform and pulpit work unceasing, and everywhere he goes he seeks an opportunity to do good. On a tour of Alaska he did not pass a public library to which he did not donate at least four of his books, and a similar trail has been made in several parts of the world, for he has made pilgrimages to the far quarters of the earth, visiting the shrines of great reformers, he calling his journeys "visits to homes of ideas."

Dr. Hill is a son of Rev. James J. Hill, who gave the first dollar to found Grinnell College, Grinnell, Iowa. He was a home missionary in Iowa, where he founded five churches during his first five years of service. At the time Rev. James J. Hill began his mission work in Iowa there was no settled minister between him and the North Pole, nor between him and the Pacific Ocean. He married Sarah Eliz-



COOK BROS. FACTORY,
Salem, Mass.



abeth Hyde, who died at the age of twenty-eight, her interest as deep in the mission and educational work of her husband as was his own. "Somebody must be built into these foundations." As Rev. James J. Hill gave the first dollar toward the founding of Grinnell College, so his son, Rev. James L. Hill, gave the first dollar toward the founding of Yankton College at Yankton, South Dakota. Grinnell is also the son's "alma mater," and while the father will be remembered as the founder, the son's memory will always be connected with the college by a park and museum building and by the many rare curios which Dr. and Mrs. Hill are collecting during their travels, all of which will go to the museum.

Rev. James Langdon Hill was born in Garnaville, Iowa, March 14, 1848. After preparatory study was over, he entered Grinnell College, whence he was graduated, class of 1871, and twenty years thereafter was honored by his "alma mater" with the degree of Doctor of Divinity, the first alumnus of Grinnell to be thus honored. He remained at Grinnell College for a year after graduation, as a tutor, then became a student at Andover Theological Seminary, Andover, Massachusetts, was graduated (valedictorian) B. D., class of 1875, and ordained a minister of the Congregational church. He was settled over the North Church, of Lynn, from 1885 to 1886, that congregation having called him while yet a student. In 1886 he accepted a call from the Mystic Church, Medford, Massachusetts. For eight years, 1886-1894, he served that church, then withdrew from the active ministry, settled in Salem, Massachusetts, and has since devoted himself to authorship and special work.

Dr. Hill was mustered into the United States service in 1864, and rendered detached emergency service, saw the shedding of blood, captured horses and prisoners, was mustered out, paid off by United States check, and his name is in the newspapers as a volunteer and as in actual service. There is, however, an irregularity in his discharge papers which prevents his joining the Grand Army of the Republic.

Dr. Hill, at the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Grinnell College, made an address that was published by the college. He presided at the Semi-Centennial of the founding of the town of Grinnell, and introduced the governor of Iowa. Both the states of Iowa and Massachusetts have published works written by Dr. Hill at state expense. He is a trustee of Grinnell College; president of the Grinnell College Club of New England from its inception; trustee of the United Society of Christian Endeavor from its beginning, was present when the society was founded, and raised the salary of its first secretary; was one of four clergymen who in 1891 founded endeavor societies in England, and he founded the society at old Boston in England. He has delivered over four hundred anniversary and convention addresses before endeavor societies, and is as strong a friend and advocate of the society as in the beginning. He is a Phi Beta Kappa member, that honor having been voted him upon nomination by the faculty of Grinnell College. He

is a member of Tabernacle Congregational Church, of Salem, in which the first missionaries were ordained, and there, amid the surrounding of old Salem, Dr. Hill wrote one of his best known books, "The Immortal Seven," those unmatched heroes, the first seven missionaries from this country to the "heathen in Asia," Dr. Adoniram Judson and his wonderful wife, Ann (Hasseltine) Judson, "whose names will be remembered in the churches of Burmah when the pagodas of Gautama have fallen," Samuel Newell, Harriet Newell, Gordon Hall, Samuel Nott and Luther Rice, truly an Immortal Seven.

Apropos of "The Immortal Seven," a missionary of the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, stationed at Hsipaw N. Shan States Burma, Rev. W. W. Cochrane, wrote:

Dear Doctor Hill: You do not know me and I do not know you. That is neither here nor there. You can write and I can read. You wrote an article, story, inspiration or whatever you choose to call it, for that Full Moon called Missions. I read it. That was one of the finest things I ever read.

Who dips his pen in morning light
And writes in music sweet and bright.
Should scratch away with all his might.

Any Christian man that can make such a graceful use of his pen as you can, ought to make a large use of it. I refer to the article, "The Seven Immortals of Salem."

Of the same work the "Journal and Messenger" wrote:

The book does not profess to be a detailed history or biography of anyone of the Seven and yet it brings them all so vividly before us that we seem acquainted with each and hold them all in honor. It takes us from Andover to Salem and from Salem and Philadelphia to India, gives such views of missionary life, including the heroism and suffering of the Judsons and the final victory, as no other book presents in so small a compass. Dr. Wayland's "Life of Judson," Dr. Edward Judson's "Life of His Father," Dr. Wayth's "Missionary Sketches" are more formal and possibly more exhaustive, but none of them has the attractiveness, or so portrays its heroes and heroines, as does this little volume. Dr. Hill has attracted attention and few wield a more graceful pen or show better judgment in the selection of their material.

Dr. Hill's published works include: "Some of my Mottoes;" "The Young People's Prayer Meeting;" "Little Willis;" "Vacation Books;" "Personal Statement" (on entering ministry); "Modern Methods of Christian Nurture" (often reprinted); "Notes and Suggestions Upon the Prayer Meeting;" "Boys in the Late War" (often reprinted); "Woman and Satan" (often reprinted); "The Problem of Spiritual Awakenings;" Introduction to the Second Volume of "Iowa Band;" "Decade of History;" "At Alumni Dinner Andover," Twenty-fifth Anniversary Address; "Laymen to the Front;" "The Superlative Vacation;" "The Scholar's Larger Life" (A collection of addresses); "Antiphonal Services," Nos. I and II, (printed with music); "Growth of Government," (published by the State of Massachusetts); "The Century's Capstone;" "A Missionary Shrine;"

"The Immortal Seven;" "Judson, The Bridge Builder;" "Dr. James L. Hill, writer," (in Unit); "A Crowning Achievement;" "Not Negro Churches, but Churches;" "Tribute to Helen Grinnell Mears;" "The Gift of the Bottom Dollar;" "Formative Years in Early Iowa" (Annals of Iowa); "The New Forum and the Old Lyceum;" "The Century's Capstone;" "The Last of the Founders" (published by the State of Iowa); "Iowa College in the War," (published by the College, three editions); "Memorial of Dr. Salter" (Annals of Iowa); "The Worst Boys in Town" (351 pages); "Revisiting the Earth" (274 pages, not a book on spiritualism, but the recital of the experiences of a man who goes back to visit his childhood home.)

Of "The Worst Boys in Town," "The Boston Transcript" wrote:

Dr. James L. Hill of Salem is a forceful speaker and a writer who knows how to arrest the attention. He is profoundly interested in young people, and gave \$15,000 towards the Christian Endeavor Building on Mt. Vernon Street, Boston. He has recently summarized thirty-five sermons or public addresses and given us their condensed wisdom in a book entitled: "The Worst Boys in Town and Other Addresses." Some of the titles are very suggestive: Boy Lost, Becoming a Lady, Little Coats for Little Men, Fine Words, Little Touches, and A Difference in Cradles. In running through these pages we find many snappy, sententious expressions so full of truth and wisdom that we feel like passing them on. Many of them hit the target: "The aim of expression is impression." "Leaven is a committee of the whole. It works." "No man is at his best if he thinks lightly of his work." Dr. Hill likes to recall that, in the Civil War, the soldiers were "an army of boys, a battle front of glowing, glorious youth." He has dug into the archives and gives us these surprising facts: "One hundred boys were only twelve years of age, there were more than twenty whose age was eleven, and seven hundred were only thirteen years of age; one thousand, only fourteen; more than two thousand, only fifteen."

Dr. Hill and his wife have visited the Hawaiian Islands, the West Indies, England, and Alaska. His great number of interesting experiences have been made in feature articles for the metropolitan newspapers. He wrote ten feature articles on Alaska, covering the history, marvelous resources, and wonderful scenery of that section of the United States.

Dr. Hill married, in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, March 28, 1878, Lucy B. Dunham, daughter of Rev. Isaac and Elanora S. (Brown) Dunham, her father at the time of the marriage of his daughter being chaplain of the Massachusetts Senate. The family home of the Hills is No. 225 Lafayette street, Salem, Massachusetts.

STEPHEN SPAULDING LITTLEFIELD, son of Dependence S. Littlefield, was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, August 8, 1848, and died in the city of his birth, November 20, 1920. He was educated in the public schools of Peabody, and there spent his life. He became a director of the Peabody Co-operative Bank and of the Warren Five

Cents Savings Bank. For two terms he represented Peabody in the General Court, was chairman of the school committee, chief of the fire department, member of the Peabody Club, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church.

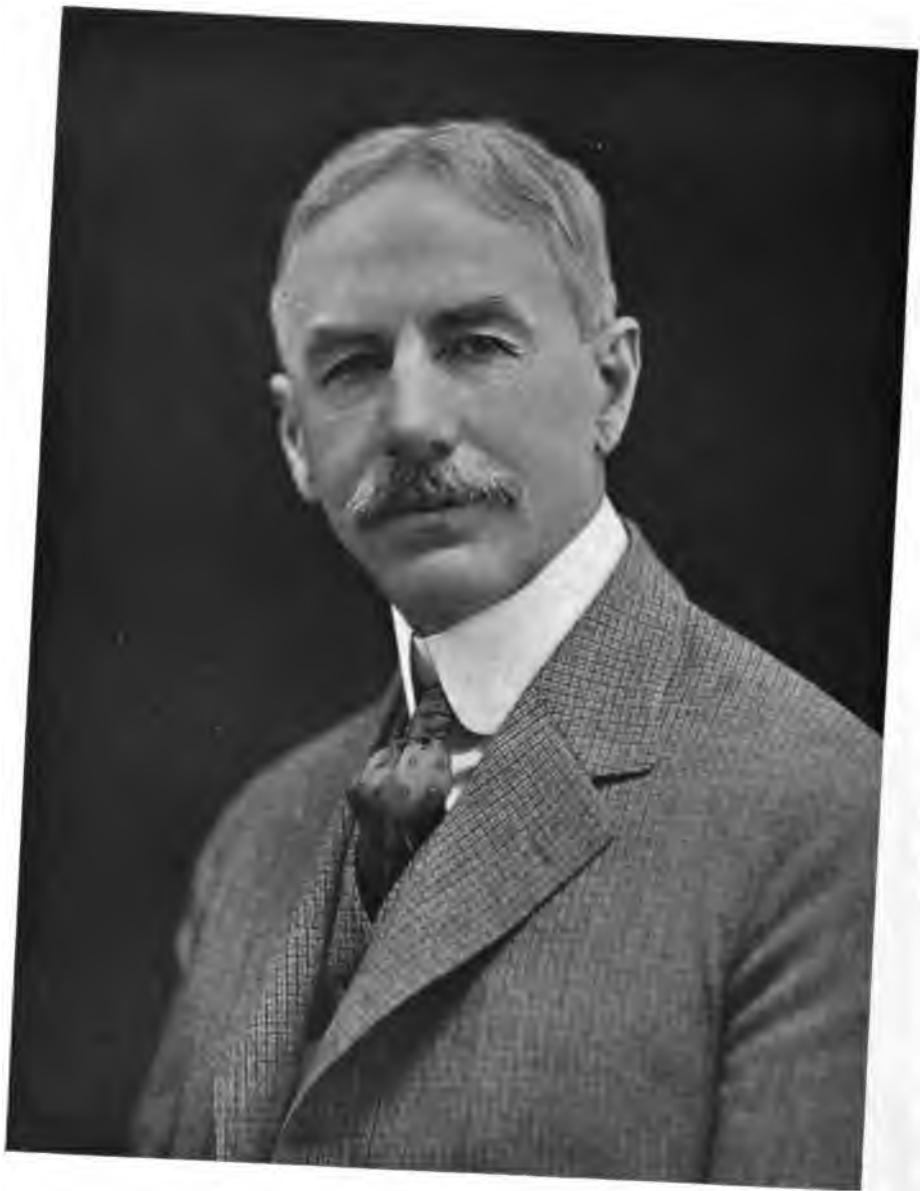
Mr. Littlefield married, at Wiscasset, Maine, January 6, 1890, Matilda Shaw Taylor, daughter of William Taylor. Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield: Alice Taylor, born October 6, 1897; Arthur Stanley, born September 29, 1899; vice-president of Winchester-Hayden, Incorporated, Boston, Massachusetts.

ARCHIE NORWOOD FROST—For nearly a quarter of a century Mr. Frost has practiced law in the Massachusetts courts, beginning in 1898. For a long period he has been active in the civic life of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and in the public life of his State, holding positions professional, legislative and political, his service continuous and valuable. In his legal business he has appeared in all State and Federal courts of his district, in the Supreme Courts of Massachusetts and of Oklahoma, and in the United States Supreme Court, being regularly admitted to practice in all. It has been a busy, useful quarter of a century, and covers nearly half his lifetime, he beginning the practice of law as a young man of twenty-six. The years have brought him honors and rewards, and he stands high among his contemporaries of the Essex bar. He is a son of Thomas Parsons and Sophia K. (Lander's) Frost, his father a veteran of the Civil War, and long a messenger in the Massachusetts House of Representatives.

Archie Norwood Frost was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, July 26, 1872. He completed the courses of Lawrence public schools, then entered Colby University, transferring to Brown University, whence he was graduated A. B., class of 1894. He chose the law as his profession, and after adequate preparation was admitted to the bar in 1898, and has since been continuously engaged in professional work in Lawrence, Boston, Washington and Oklahoma. He has been admitted in all State courts, in all United States courts in the State of Massachusetts, in the Supreme Court of Oklahoma, and in the United States Supreme Court. He is a member of the Bar Association of Lawrence, Essex county, Massachusetts, and has attained high standing as an able lawyer, learned and skillful.

Mr. Frost is a Republican in politics, and held official connection with the government of Lawrence as early as 1898. For three years, 1899-1900-1901, he represented Lawrence in the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and in 1902-03 was State Senator. He was special assistant United States attorney general, 1907-14, and in 1917, a member of the Massachusetts Constitutional Convention. In 1917 he was elected clerk of the courts of Essex county, and is yet (1922) holding that office. In 1916 and again in 1920 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention, aiding

11/11/11 11:11 AM



Charles A. Sturtevant

in the nomination of Charles E. Hughes and Warren G. Harding for president of the United States.

In the Masonic order, Mr. Frost holds all degrees of lodge, chapter and commandery of the York Rite, has attained the thirty-second degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, is a Noble of the Mystic Shrine, an Odd Fellow, and a Knight of Pythias. His clubs are the Home of Lawrence, Salem of Salem, and the Merrimack Valley Country Club. In religious faith he is a Baptist.

Mr. Frost married, in Boston, Massachusetts, December 16, 1898, Charlotte Elizabeth Hovenden, and they are the parents of a daughter, Mildred Harriett, born May 16, 1900; and a son, Malcolm Hovenden, born July 10, 1903.

CHARLES ALVIN LITTLEFIELD—For many years active in religious work in Massachusetts, and of more recent years prominent also in individual enterprise and in public endeavor, Charles Alvin Littlefield, A. B., A. M., is now a forceful figure in Lynn, Massachusetts. Mr. Littlefield was born in Wells, York county, Maine, August 9, 1854, the son of Horace and Dorcas Littlefield, old residents of that section, both long since deceased.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native place, Charles A. Littlefield thereafter took a course at the College Preparatory School, at Kent's Hill, Maine. Later he entered Wesleyan University, from which institution he was graduated in 1884 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. At a later period he received from the same institution the degree of Master of Arts. During the next fifteen years, or thereabouts, after his graduation, Mr. Littlefield's time was fully occupied with his duties as a Methodist minister in various towns and cities of Massachusetts, including Cliftondale, Springfield, Watertown, Boston, Chelsea, in succession. He then came to Lynn. It was in 1902 that he located here, and he immediately became interested in the box manufacturing industry. The firm name of Littlefield & Plummer was later reorganized, and since July 1, 1912, has operated under the name Littlefield & Moulton. In 1920 the firm purchased the manufacturing interests of V. K. and A. H. Jones Company, one of the largest and oldest manufactories of shoes in the city of Lynn. They now conduct both industries, making this firm one of the most prominent shoe manufacturing interests of the city.

In the financial circles of Lynn, Mr. Littlefield is also prominent. He is president of the Sagamore Trust Company, and of the Lynn Morris Plan Company, and a director in both institutions. He is vice-president, a director, and a member of the Executive Committee of the New England Guarantee Corporation, of Boston, and a director of the Metropolitan Trust Company, of Boston. His more personal interests include membership in the Masons, the Rotary Club, the Tedesco Country Club, and the Twentieth Century and Boston City clubs of Boston. Possessed of a gift for public speaking, his interest in those who speak from the rostrum

never wanes, nor does his interest in men of power and ability who accomplish things along any worthy line. One of his hobbies, if such it may be termed, is a collection of the portraits and autographs of American men who have done distinctive things. He treasures these as chosen and personal friends.

Politically, Mr. Littlefield has been brought into more than usual prominence by his contemporaries in public life. He was a member of the second national convention of the Progressive party, which nominated Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency. He was also a member of the Republican national convention of 1920, which nominated Harding and Coolidge. Although Mr. Littlefield has never had personal ambitions of a political nature, his friends have approached him most seriously on many occasions with the request that he enter public life in some larger way than as a representative of merely local interests.

Among all these manifold interests, Mr. Littlefield has never relinquished his active participation in the progress of religious work. Always connected with the Methodist Episcopal church, he has been most assiduous in promoting the spread of, and in supporting the institutions of this denomination. He was one of the organizers of the Epworth League, and has always kept in close touch with its development. He was also one of the organizers of the Methodist Federation for Social Service. He has been broadly instrumental in advancing the work of the Boys' Club and of the Boy Scouts, and during the World War was prominent in all the war activities. Every branch of public benevolence is of interest to him, and receives its share of support and encouragement. He is a trustee of the Foxboro State Hospital, and in all the work of this and other institutions and organizations with which he is connected his administrative ability is a force for progress and development of a permanent nature.

On February 5, 1890, Mr. Littlefield married Jane Whipple, daughter of Andrew and Hannah Whipple. Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield have one son and one daughter, Dorcas Alice and Horace Jackson.

FRANCIS A. O'REILLY, M. D., one of the younger physicians of Lawrence, Massachusetts, whose service in the World War has given him breadth of experience, was born in Lawrence, in 1887, and is a son of Patrick O'Reilly, who has been superintendent of Catholic cemeteries in this city for the past fifty years.

As a boy Dr. O'Reilly attended St. Mary's Parochial School, then studied pharmacy in Lawrence. This opened up before the young man the possibilities of future usefulness, and having completed this branch of study in 1909, he entered Tufts College, and was graduated from that institution in 1918, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For two years thereafter Dr. O'Reilly was interne at St. Mary's Hospital, in Brooklyn, New York, and then for six months filled the same position in the Kings County Hospital, also in Brooklyn. With this un-

usually exhaustive preparation for his life-work, Dr. O'Reilly returned to Lawrence in 1916, and began the practice of medicine here. But the World War came with its great need of skilled men, and the young doctor left his practice for the service. He was commissioned first lieutenant of the Medical Corps, October 23, 1918, and served during the influenza epidemic at the Willard Parker Hospital. He was later sent to Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, and was there at the time of his discharge, in December, 1918. He returned at that time to Lawrence and resumed the practice of medicine. Dr. O'Reilly is a member of the American Medical Association, and the Massachusetts Medical Society. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters.

On June 22, 1921, Dr. O'Reilly married, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, Mary M. Habershaw, a graduate nurse, of Attleboro, Massachusetts.

ALBERT ROWE MERRILL—For more than thirty-five years identified with the business life of Lynn, Massachusetts, and during the entire period associated with the same house, Mr. Merrill is broadly representative of that progressive spirit which has made Lynn one of the foremost cities of New England. Mr. Merrill is a member of a very old and prominent New Hampshire family.

His father, John F. Merrill, was throughout his lifetime active in the marble and granite business in Laconia, New Hampshire, and was a leading figure in the public life of that community, serving for long periods as selectman and member of the Board of Education of Laconia. He married Flora Abby Rowe.

Albert Rowe Merrill was born in Laconia, New Hampshire, May 29, 1867. Following his elementary education, he attended the Laconia High School, then completed his studies at the New Hampton Institution, at New Hampton, New Hampshire. In the capacity of assistant bookkeeper, Mr. Merrill entered the employ of Hilliard, Kistler & Company, of Lynn, in 1885, and throughout the intervening period he has been identified with the progress of this concern, the changes in personnel eventually placing him at the head of the interest. In 1893 the firm name was changed to Hilliard & Merrill, and nineteen years later Mr. Merrill became president and treasurer of Hilliard & Merrill, Incorporated. This concern holds a leading position in this city as a manufacturer and distributor of several branches of sole leather for the shoe and other trades, its business extending throughout the United States, and comprising a growing export trade.

In many branches of advance, Mr. Merrill takes a deep interest and affiliates with the various organized bodies. He is a director of the Central National Bank of Lynn. Fraternally he holds membership in Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is past master, and in the various Scottish Rite bodies, holding the thirty-second degree in this order, and also being a mem-

ber of Aleppo Temple, of Boston, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. A member of the New Hampshire, Lynn and Ipswich Historical societies, he takes the keenest interest in all phases of early American progress, and is a member of the Bostonian Society, the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, also of the Bibliophile Society of Boston. He is a member of the Boston Leather Trade Benevolent Society, of the Algonquin, Art and City clubs, of Boston, of the Oxford Club, of Lynn, and the Tedesco Club, of Swampscott. His religious affiliation is with the First Universalist church of Lynn, and politically he ordinarily endorses the Republican party, reserving the right to individual decision, however, when his judgment dictates.

Mr. Merrill married, in Lynn, May 29, 1889, Harriett Elvira Davis, daughter of James Leroy and Clara Elvira (Simpson) Davis. Mr. and Mrs. Merrill have two daughters: Clara Lillian, born March 20, 1890; and Alberta Rosalind, born June 11, 1895.

SAMUEL FOWLER—A descendant of worthy ancestry, Samuel Fowler upheld through his long and useful life, to the highest degree, the prestige of his honored name. He was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, September 15, 1776, son of Samuel and Sarah (Putnam) Fowler, and was baptized June 20, 1779. He was seventh in direct line of descent from Philip Fowler, of Marlborough, Wiltshire, England, who was a settler in Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1634.

The education of Samuel Fowler was obtained in the district school, and that he was especially skilled in figures is shown in a dozen or more ledgers, now extant, and which also show that he was an excellent bookkeeper. In 1799 Mr. Fowler bought the land on which the Fowler House now stands, and also bought two grist mills and a sawmill. By purchase he acquired large real estate holdings, and in all was the owner of five mills. He was the pioneer in the tanning industry in Danvers, and with seven others shared the expense of building the Liberty Bridge, known as "Spite Bridge."

Public-spiritedness has ever been a predominating trait of the Fowler family, and Samuel Fowler held strong interests in public affairs. Whether it was financially, or through counsel or time devoted to any enterprise for the public welfare, he was always ready and cheerful in giving. The farm lands and the mills gave evidence of Mr. Fowler's thrift and industry. It was his custom to rise at four o'clock in the morning and go to his mills to superintend the work. He had a large apiary and orchard, and raised large quantities of peaches.

Mr. Fowler was beloved by his neighbors and fellow-citizens for his kindness of heart; he lived in his daily life the Christian teachings, and was always willing to help those not so fortunate.

The Fowler House, now the property of the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, was built in 1809 by Samuel Fowler, and was purchased by the Society January 18, 1912.



Walter S. Bailey

thereby insuring its preservation.

Mr. Fowler married, October 13, 1799, Clarissa Page, born in Danvers, November 18, 1779, daughter of Captain Samuel and Rebecca (Putnam) Page, and died April 19, 1854. Samuel Fowler died February 22, 1859. He is survived by his two granddaughters, Adelaide and Sarah Putnam Fowler.

ALEXANDER H. ROGERS, son of Barnett Rogers, now of Andover, Massachusetts, was born in Scotland, and when a boy came to the United States with his parents, Andover, Massachusetts, becoming the family home.

The lad, Alexander H., attended Andover public schools, completing the courses, and soon afterward began learning the printer's trade in the George S. Merrill office. Later, the young printer became a reporter for the "Evening Tribune" of Lawrence, Massachusetts, continuing in that relation with the "Tribune" until the death of Horace A. Wadsworth, the proprietor. The family attempted to continue the "Tribune," but after a short time sold the paper to Alexander H. Rogers and Henry F. Hildreth, who as partners continued the publication of the "Evening Tribune" until Mr. Hildreth's death, about 1907. Mr. Rogers then organized the corporation, The Hildreth & Rogers Company, and as treasurer of the company and its general manager has kept the "Evening Tribune" up to modern requirements and made it a valuable newspaper property. He is also a director of the Merrimack Co-operative Bank, and a corporator of the Lawrence Savings Bank. In politics Mr. Rogers is a Republican. He is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Clan McPherson, Order of Scottish Clans, the Caledonian Society, Merrimack Valley Country Club, Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and Lawrence Rotary Club. He is an attendant of the Universalist church, his wife a member.

Mr. Rogers married Ethel L. Emerson, and they are the parents of a son, Irving E. Rogers, born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, August 20, 1902, now a sophomore at Dartmouth College.

WILLIAM E. CHASE, a prominent citizen of Newbury, Massachusetts, was born June 4, 1856, in the city of Newburyport, son of William F. and Elizabeth (Greenleaf) Chase.

The public schools afforded him his early education, and then he started to work in the Mechanics' National Bank as a clerk, and then was bookkeeper in the National Bank of Redemption, Boston, and afterwards held this position in the Newburyport Bank, where first employed. In 1879, Mr. Chase engaged in the insurance business, and after forty successful years with that business, including real estate, he retired from active duties, although he still holds a directorate in the company. In connection with his insurance work, he was also an auctioneer, and still follows this occupation, having the distinction of being the oldest auctioneer in the

State. He was a director of the Merchants' National Bank for several years. At one time Mr. Chase was a member of the School Board at Newburyport.

Mr. Chase married, January 10, 1878, Laura Thurlow, daughter of Alexander and Austria (Putnam) Thurlow, and their children are: W. Fred, born August 13, 1879; Charles Rupert, born September 8, 1883.

WALTER S. BAILEY, of the firm of John Bailey & Sons, manufacturers, was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, December 12, 1882, son of John and Elizabeth F. (Potter) Bailey. His father was the founder of the business now conducted by the son, and was actively engaged in its management until his death in 1916. His wife was Elizabeth F. Potter, a native of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and she died in 1908. Mr. Bailey was a director of the Haverhill Trust Company for many years.

The education of Walter S. Bailey was obtained in the public and high schools of Haverhill, and, immediately upon completing his courses there, he became associated with his father in the manufacture of tops and soles, a branch of the shoe industry, one of the main industries of that vicinity. Mr. Bailey was subsequently admitted to the firm and the name changed to John Bailey & Sons, continuing to the present time, the death of the father not resulting in change of name. The business is one of the oldest of its kind in Haverhill. Mr. Bailey is a member of Bailey & Bayley, manufacturers of heel-pads, box-toes and fillers. He is also president of the Boilard & Bailey Company, Incorporated, manufacturers of top-lifts, shanks and soles.

Mr. Bailey is a Mason, and is a member of Sagshaw Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pentucket Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Haverhill Council, Royal and Select Masters; Haverhill Commandery, Knights Templar; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Lodge of Perfection; Massachusetts Consistory, thirty-second degree; Palestine Lodge, Knights of Pythias. He is also a member of the Agawam Club and of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company.

Mr. Bailey married in 1905, Iva M. Brickett, of Haverhill, and their children are: Dudley J., Thelma E. and Valeska B. Bailey.

DANIEL B. MURPHY, M. D.—Among the respected and successful medical practitioners and specialists of Essex county is Dr. Daniel D. Murphy, who for thirty years has been in practice in Amesbury. He was born in Essex county, at East Haverhill, Massachusetts, October 21, 1868, and his parents, Daniel and Ellen (McAuliffe) Murphy, were known to many of the older residents of Haverhill and vicinity. His parents were born in County Cork, Ireland, and after coming to this country, and to Massachusetts, Daniel Murphy, the father, bought a farm in East Haverhill, and passed the remainder of his life in working it. He died in 1889,

and his wife in 1890.

Daniel D. Murphy had by that time graduated in medicine. His early education had been obtained in the public schools of Haverhill, following which came a preparatory course at Dummer Academy. From there he went to Dartmouth College, being of the class of 1890. His medical instruction was obtained at the Long Island College Hospital, and of that well known medical college he holds the degree of M. D., graduating in the class of 1889. He entered upon his professional career at the Chicago Eye and Ear Hospital, his period of service in that hospital being to all intents and purposes a post-graduate course in that branch of medical science. From there he went to Baldwinville, in 1891, as first assistant surgeon at the State Hospital. In that year also he opened an office for general practice in Amesbury, which place has ever since been the center of his general practice.

Dr. Murphy is widely known among medical men throughout Massachusetts, and more than one notable honor has been bestowed upon him by his professional "confreres." In 1919 he was vice-president of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and was elected president in 1920. He has been medical examiner for twenty-two years, and among other professional associations belongs to the following: The American Medical Association, the Amesbury Medical Association, and the California Medical Society. Fraternally, he is an Elk, and belongs also to the Catholic organization, the Knights of Columbus. His church is St. Joseph's Catholic, of Amesbury.

Dr. Murphy married (first), in 1893, Abbie Maud Bryant, of West Newbury, Massachusetts. She died seven years later, in 1900. Nine years afterwards Dr. Murphy married (second) Gertrude McHugh, of Amesbury, Massachusetts. Dr. Murphy has two children, sons, both born to his first wife, namely: 1. Daniel William, born July 20, 1894; after graduating at Dummer Academy, he entered the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., and graduated as A. B. therefrom in the class of 1912; he chose law, and took the course at the Benjamin Harrison Law School, becoming LL.B. thereof, in the class of 1915; he is now in successful law practice in Oakland, California. 2. Alfred H., born in Amesbury, September 16, 1897; he graduated from Amesbury High School, and eventually became an LL.B. of Benjamin Harrison Law School, Illinois, also later studying law at the National Institute of Law, in Washington, D. C.; he is now in practice in Indiana, being attorney for the Travelers' Insurance Company.

LESLIE ROSS PORTER, was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, June 24, 1888, son of Edward Hoag and Lillian (Evans) Porter, his father a contractor. He prepared in Dean Academy, then entered Tufts College, whence he was graduated a structural engineer, class of 1912. Since graduation, he has been engaged as a contractor, his residence No. 49 Andover street, Peabody, Massachusetts. Mr. Porter is a member of the Masonic order, affiliated with

lodge, chapter, council and commandery, is a noble of the Mystic Shrine, and a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. His clubs are the Salem Golf, Colonial, and Salem Billiard. In religious preference he is a Congregationalist.

On March 6, 1915, Mr. Porter married Marie Eliot Teel, daughter of Frank H. and Grace (Thomas) Teel. Mr. and Mrs. Porter are the parents of two children: Edward Herbert, born May 20, 1916; Leslie Ross (2), born July 15, 1917.

FRANK CUSHING STETSON — In Plymouth county, Massachusetts, not far from the first home of his paternal ancestor, Cornet Robert Stetson, who came to Norwell, Massachusetts, in 1630, Frank Cushing Stetson, vice-president and general manager of The Watson Shoe Company of Lynn, Massachusetts was born. A descendant of the American ancestor, Cornet Robert Stetson, who fought in the Revolution, and tracing in lineal descent, Mr. Stetson is eligible to the societies basing membership upon Revolutionary and early Colonial ancestry. Frank C. Stetson is a son of America Emerson and Mary Caroline (Hill) Stetson, his father a prominent boot and shoe manufacturer.

Frank Cushing Stetson was born in Abington, Plymouth county, Massachusetts, October 21, 1871. He attended the public schools at South Abington (now Whitman), until 1889, then entered the business world as an employe of his father, then engaged in boot and shoe manufacturing. He became familiar with the business from various angles, and has devoted himself to that branch of New England manufacturing, now and for many years associated with The Watson Shoe Company, Lynn, Massachusetts. As general manager of the company's plant he is in charge of a large manufacturing business, while as a member of the board of directors and vice-president, he has a voice in shaping the policy of the company.

In politics, Mr. Stetson is an interested citizen, supporting the Republican principles and candidates, but not active in the organization. His religious faith is Unitarian, and he is affiliated with lodge, chapter, council and commandery of the Masonic order. For a number of years he has held the office of treasurer of the Lynn Shoe Manufacturers' Association, which, with his position in his own company, places him in an influential position in the business with which he has been connected since youth. His clubs are the Tedesco Country, of Swampscott, Massachusetts; Paris Hill Country, of Paris Hill, Maine; Oxford, of Lynn, and the Masonic, of Swampscott, Massachusetts.

Frank C. Stetson married Elizabeth Gertrude Soule, daughter of George Dana and Elisabeth Bird (Howard) Soule. Mr. and Mrs. Stetson are the parents of three sons: Dana Emerson, Robert Jackson, Theodore. The family home is at No. 131 Ocean street. Mr. Stetson's business address is No. 138 Eastern avenue, Lynn, Massachusetts.

HENRY NICHOLAS DOERR, D. C., engaged in the practice of chiropractic, at Lawrence, Massachu-

setts, is a successful man in his profession, and he also is one of the foremost citizens of that city. Dr. Doerr was born July 21, 1896, at Heidelberg, Germany, son of Frank George and Catherine Doerr, both natives of Heidelberg, where the former was engaged in the cigar business for many years.

Dr. Doerr came to America to live when he was but three years old and his entire education was obtained in this country. He attended the grammar school and high school at Oneida, New York, and also a business college. Subsequently, he took up the study of chiropractic at the Palmer School of Chiropractic, in Davenport, Iowa, in 1918, but during the years preceding had been engaged in other pursuits. When he first completed school he was employed as a bookkeeper, and then was in the shoe manufacturing business at Manchester, New Hampshire, and later was interested in the exhibiting of moving pictures.

In the spring of 1918 he engaged in the study of his profession as above stated, and for a time practiced at Excelsior Springs, Missouri, subsequently removing in March, 1921, to Lawrence, Massachusetts, where he is now located in an elegantly appointed suite of offices in the Blakely building, at No. 477 Essex street.

Other business interests of Dr. Doerr include a financial interest in the Lawrence Trust Company and the Arlington Trust Company, both Lawrence banks.

During the World War, 1917-18, Dr. Doerr performed his duty with the Thirteenth Service Company, Signal Corps, stationed at Camp Alfred Vail, Little Silver, New Jersey. He is a member of the Delta Sigma Chi fraternity, and in his religious faith a Presbyterian, a member of the church of that denomination.

FRANK McHUGH—In 1870 Edward Hayden established a granite and marble yard at Nos. 2-4-6 Washington street, Lynn, Massachusetts, which he conducted until 1888 under the name of The Pine Grove Granite and Marble Works. In the year 1888 Frank McHugh bought the plant, good will and business, and for thirty-four years, 1888-1922, has successfully conducted a prosperous business along modern monumental lines, the firm name being Frank McHugh & Son. The McHughs of Lynn descend from Patrick and Bridget (Finnegan) McHugh, the former a farmer, born in 1799, died in 1887, both spending their lives in their native Ireland, the father reaching the great age of eighty-eight. Patrick and Bridget McHugh were the parents of six sons and two daughters.

Frank McHugh, son of Patrick and Bridget (Finnegan) McHugh, was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, February 2, 1847. He there obtained his education, and passed the first twenty-three years of his life. He came to the United States in 1870, making his home in Boston, Massachusetts, where he served an apprenticeship at the trade of stone cutter, specializing in marble and granite monumental work. He perfected his knowledge of his trade and business in different New England cities, spend-

ing four years in business in Cambridge, Massachusetts, before coming to Lynn, Massachusetts, where on December 23, 1888, he bought The Pine Grove Granite and Marble Works, established eighteen years before. That business, located at Nos. 2-4-6 Washington street, has been under Mr. McHugh's capable management during the many years which have since intervened, he having admitted his son, Frank, to a partnership under the firm name of Frank McHugh & Son.

Educated in the National schools in Ireland, Mr. McHugh has always been of a studious, thoughtful disposition, and through his reading has acquired a profound knowledge of many subjects, his greatest interest being in both ancient and modern history. He is widely acquainted in his city and has many friends, is an expert in the technicalities of his calling, and a man of sound business quality, and he has made his life one of successful effort. He is a Roman Catholic in religion, a member of Massachusetts Order of Foresters, and the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Mr. McHugh married, in 1882, Mary Cunningham, born in Ireland, and they are the parents of four children: Mary, Bridget, Frank and Catherine.

JOHN M. ROCHE, a native of Haverhill, a brick maker and one of the largest general contractors in the Haverhill district, has been responsible for the erection of some of the most conspicuous brick and stone buildings in Haverhill and vicinity. Among them are the Haverhill High School, in the erection of which more than 4,000,000 bricks were used; the Colonial Theatre, Haverhill; the Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church at Bradford; the Universalist church at Malden, Massachusetts, which was made of stone; the William E. Moody School; the Albert L. Bartlett School; the Walnut Square School; the Roswell L. Wood School; the Charles K. Fox School; the Columbia Park apartments; the State Armory at Haverhill; the railway station at North Andover, and the freight houses at Lawrence, Massachusetts. The buildings named in this list are in themselves evidence of the thoroughness of his work, and their importance and size indicate the place Mr. Roche has among the contractors of that part of Massachusetts.

John M. Roche was born in Haverhill, February 10, 1867, son of John M. and Bridget (Shea) Roche, the family, as one would suppose, being of Irish origin. Both of his parents were born in Ireland, his father in Kerry. John M. Roche, Sr. was a market gardener by occupation, and the family lived in Haverhill, Massachusetts, where he died in 1883.

John M. Roche, Jr. was educated in the public schools of Haverhill, and after leaving school helped his father for a while in his farming and market gardening. His first outside employer was Fred H. Kate, for whom he worked for three years. Then followed a period as journeyman and brick layer. In 1891, however, he went into business for himself, under his own name, as a contractor for brick laying, and, as the years passed, he found it advantageous also to enter into the manufacture of

brick. This enterprise he began in 1903 in the Rosemount district, and he has maintained that line of manufacture ever since in that locality, making all the bricks he needs for his own contracts, and catering to the general trade. His plant at Rosemount is equipped with a railroad siding, enabling him to ship his surplus to all points of the United States. Among the other notable contracts carried through successfully by Mr. Roche was the addition to the Gale Hospital, the Nurses' Home.

Mr. Roche is widely and creditably known in Haverhill and throughout Essex county, and has always followed Haverhill affairs with keen interest. There is no doubt he has contributed to the beauty of the place, and no less credit is due him because of the fact that his contribution to the city was but the natural outcome of the pursuance by him of his own business affairs. Fortunately for the city, his work has been creative.

Mr. Roche married, in 1904, Elizabeth M. Sullivan, of Marlboro, Massachusetts, daughter of Timothy and Ellen (Mahoney) Sullivan, the former connected with the Massachusetts Monumental Works, deceased since 1919.

WILLIAM D. WRIGHT, shoe manufacturer of Marblehead, has been engaged in the shoe business since youth, and the business of which he is the head is the oldest of its kind in Marblehead. He comes legitimately by his manufacturing ability, for his Grandfather Wright is credited with the making of the first shoe with pegged soles, and his father was a shoe manufacturer prior to the Civil War, in which he actively participated.

William D. Wright was born at Marblehead, Massachusetts, October 6, 1864, son of Joseph T. and Sarah (Carroll) Wright; his father was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness while serving in the Union Army, and later died from the effects. William D. Wright attended the Marblehead public schools, but being left fatherless when an infant, his school years were shortened. Upon leaving school he entered a shoe factory, and in 1888 began business in Marblehead, under the name of The Wright Brothers Shoe Company. The company consisted of Hiram Wright and William D. Wright; Hiram Wright died in 1898, and William D. Wright continued the business under the name of The Wright Brothers Shoe Company. He is also a trustee of the Marblehead Savings Bank. In politics, Mr. Wright is a Republican, serving his town as selectman.

Mr. Wright married, in Marblehead, in 1884, Hannah J. Eustis, and they are the parents of four children: 1. Clara, married William H. Day, of Lynn, Massachusetts. 2. Harold, superintendent of the plant of Wright Brothers Shoe Company, served in the World War in France for one year. 3. Dorothy. 4. Beatrice.

DR. CLARENCE A. STETSON, who was a well known physician of Lynn, Massachusetts, was born in Boxford, Massachusetts, April 23, 1861, and died at his home in that city, June 17, 1922.

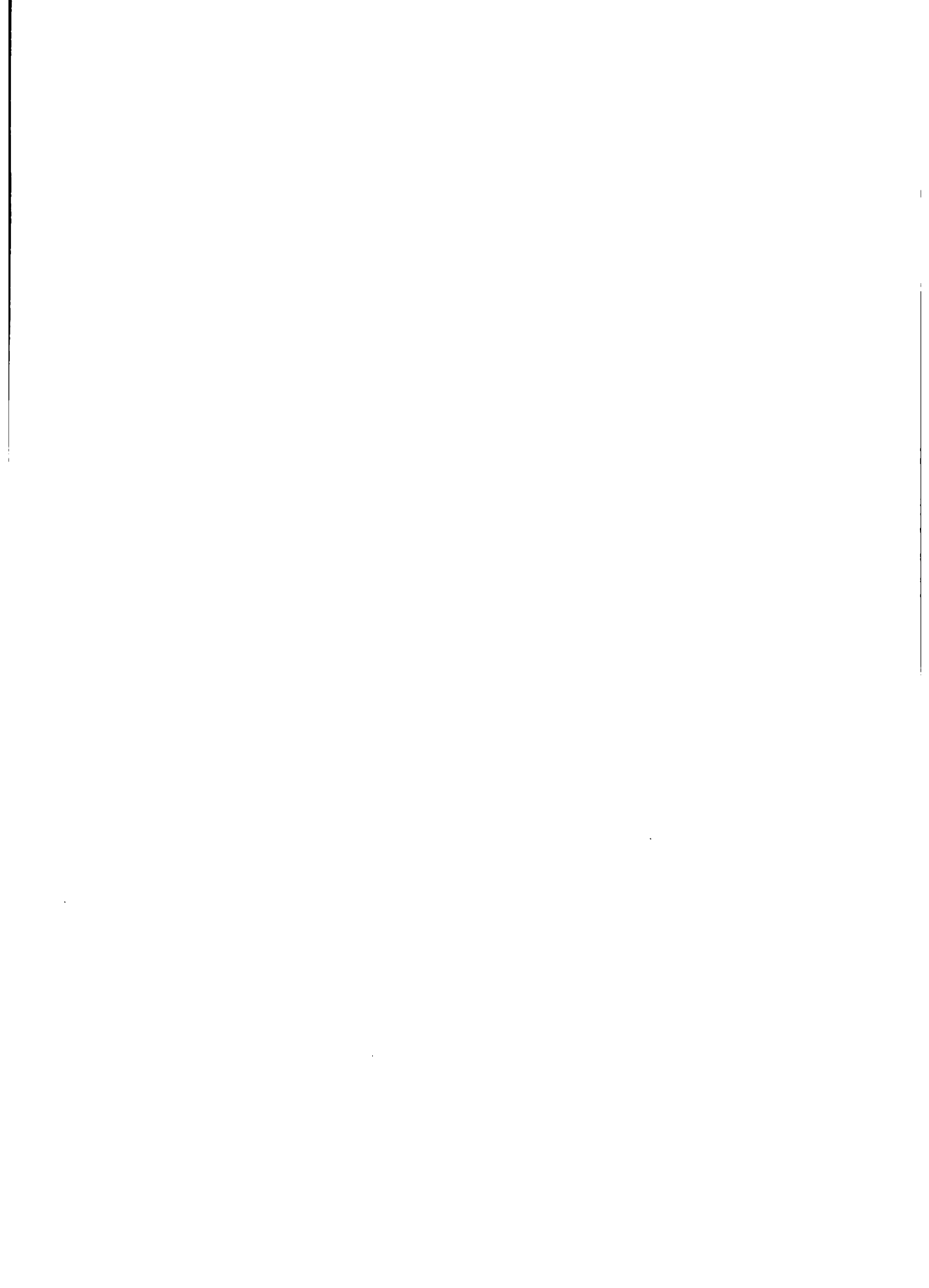
He received his early education in the public schools of his native town, then entered Bowdoin Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1892. He came to Lynn in 1892, and established his office, and from that time until his death conducted a general practice, attaining a goodly measure of success. Dr. Stetson was a member of Georgetown Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was a member of the Bowdoin Club, of Boston.

EDWARD R. GRABOW—One of the names which will go down in history in connection with the activities of the United States Food Administration during the World War is that of Edward R. Grabow, who has long been prominent on the North Shore and in the winter resorts of the Southern States, in the hotel business. This broad experience and his fearless grasp of the situation solved the problem of a just and equitable handling of ship rationing at United States ports, when this problem was one of international import, and that at the most critical point in the world's history. If for no other service to his generation, Mr. Grabow's name should be written in the annals of his State and Nation as one of the significant names of that trying time.

Edward R. Grabow was born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 17, 1874, and is a son of Frederick and Mary (Church) Grabow, residents for many years of that city. Educated in the public schools of his native city, Mr. Grabow has won a far wider knowledge from life itself, finding every phase of life a means of higher education. At the age of seventeen years he went to North Dakota, where he engaged in herding cattle, following this work for a period of four years. He then became interested in hotel work, and was employed at various points as billiard boy and night clerk, working in several different hotels, and acquiring a fund of useful information, which was a fundamental asset in his later activities. He first filled the responsible position of chief clerk at the Hotel Magnolia, Magnolia, Essex county, Massachusetts, and continued there for three years. Then accepting the same position at the Hotel Preston, he was with that house for two years. Both these hotels being almost exclusively devoted to summer patronage, Mr. Grabow went South during the winters and engaged in the same activity among the famous caravanseries which are thronged with northern visitors while New England lies under the ice and snow. About 1900, Mr. Grabow became the proprietor of the New Ocean House, Swampscott, Essex county, Massachusetts, one of the most popular of all the hotels of this section, which he still owns, and in which he is active as manager. Meanwhile, in 1912, a further interest came to Mr. Grabow's hands, he then becoming associated with the United Fruit Company, as general manager of the passenger department and steamship service. His long experience in the details of hotel management gave him an unusual equipment for this position, and his marked success in the handling of the responsibilities in connection therewith measures his ability in this direction. He soon gained a minute familiarity with the



ER Grabow



detail of conditions affecting the floating hotels which were under his charge, necessarily different in a greater or less degree.

It was here that the abnormal conditions of the World War found Mr. Grabow, and here that the National Food Administration, under Mr. Hoover, found the man who was needed to cope with one of the most serious problems of that day—the exploitation of foodstuffs by neutral merchant vessels, through the simple method of over-rationing at our ports. This threat in the dark was apprehended by the food administration, and a cursory investigation revealed the fact that more food was being purchased here by some vessels than could reasonably be required for consumption during the homeward voyage. Just how widely or in what degree this was accomplished it was impossible to determine, but the matter was immediately placed in the hands of Mr. Grabow, as an expert in ship rationing, with practical experience behind him. In "Shipping," for July 6, 1918, a concise and illuminating statement was published regarding the situation of the moment and the measures by which it was controlled:

The magnitude of the problem is revealed by a glance at the March figures of the port of New York. During that month 11,000,000 pounds of food for consumption by officers and men were delivered to merchant vessels. Mr. Grabow and his aides estimate that at least 5,000,000 pounds more of essentials would have left the port in the absence of any controlling authority, and what of the other fifty-three more American ports?

No food is now wasted at sea. Neutral vessels no longer can take from these shores more food than can be used during the voyage. The daily consumption of food has been placed at 6.6 pounds per man. On May 1 every passenger and freight vessel sailing from American ports on the Atlantic, Gulf, Pacific and Great Lakes, had in use a universal menu for their crews and passengers.

Before these results were attained it was essential to secure the co-operation not only of the shipowners, but of the labor leaders. Any change in the food bill is certain to arouse the suspicion of the crew. In Hooverizing on shipboard there was no intention or inclination to interfere with the rights of the men. The nationality of the crews and the trade routes served by their ships had to be taken into account. * * * Conferences with the leaders of many marine unions were held in Washington, and finally they agreed on a universal bill of fare which provided better balanced meals than ever had been served crews before.

Shipowners supplied valuable information regarding operating conditions on practically every type of vessel, steam and sail, in service. * * * Special allowances were made for sailing vessels to offset possible delays by calms, adverse winds and bad weather. * * * No vessel can obtain food without first filing a statement of the amount required, the number of men on board and the approximate duration of the voyage. This statement is checked by the Transportation Bureau of the War Trade Board, and the Customs Intelligence Bureau. If found to be within reason a license is issued.

Many attempts were of course made to circum-

vent this vigilance, the captain of a Norwegian ship, for instance, requisitioning an amount of butter which would require the consumption of ten pounds per day by every man on board, and the captain of a Swedish vessel attempting to secure 190 barrels of wheat flour when he was entitled to only forty barrels. As to what was actually accomplished by the efforts of Mr. Grabow and his associates, this same article in "Shipping" continues:

The conservation already effected on board ship reduces the consumption of wheat 50 per cent., pork 60 per cent., beef, 50 per cent., and sugar 50 per cent., and any further reductions found necessary can be accomplished within fifteen minutes after word is sent from Washington to the fifty-four ports of call on the American coasts.

Personally, Mr. Grabow is a man of commanding presence, but genial manner. He is a member of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and holds a prominent position socially and fraternally. He is a member of Colombian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Boston; of Mt. Olivet Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of St. Bernard Commandery, Knights Templar; of Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, holding the thirty-second degree in this order. He is a member of the Swampscott Masonic Club, of the Tedesco Country Club, of the Algonquin Club, of Boston, of the Exchange Club, of Boston. He is a life member of the Boston Press Club, is a member of the Transportation Club of New York City, also of the Whitehall, Engineers', and Pan-American clubs of New York City.

Mr. Grabow married Florence Courtright, daughter of John Perry and Jean (McWaters) Courtright, of Detroit, and a direct descendant of John Alden, of "Mayflower" ancestry. Mr. and Mrs. Grabow have three children: Jean Courtright, Mary Church and Priscilla Alden.

GEORGE OSBORNE STIMPSON — When a youth, George O. Stimpson, now and for a decade president of Danvers National Bank, entered banking life as an employe of the Howard National Bank of Boston, having had a short experience previously with a woolen goods jobbing house. During all the years prior to 1913, he was in the employ of Boston banks, usually as teller, but since 1913 he has given his entire time to the Danvers National Bank. He is a son of William Elliot and Mary Dodge (Richards) Stimpson, his father born in South Danvers, now Peabody, but a baker of Danvers, Massachusetts, in later years. Mary Dodge (Richards) Stimpson was a daughter of Daniel Richards, the last president of the old Village Bank of Danvers, and the first president of the First National Bank of Danvers, successor of the Village Bank, and predecessor of the Danvers National Bank.

George O. Stimpson was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, October 23, 1861, and was there educated in the public schools, finishing high school with graduation, class of 1879. He then pursued a busi-

ness course at Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, then entered business life with the E. Allen Company, woolen goods jobbers, at No. 92 Franklin street, Boston, remaining with that house for three years. He then began his long connection with banking, going first to the Howard National Bank of Boston, remaining with that sterling institution, constantly advancing in position for fifteen years, becoming teller. He was then teller of the National Bank of the Republic of Boston for nine years, going thence in similar capacity to the Shawmut National Bank of Boston, there remaining until January, 1913, when he assumed the duties of president of the Danvers National Bank, of Danvers. He had been elected president of that institution on March 27, 1911, but he did not sever his connection with the Shawmut National Bank until January, 1913, and since then has given his time and ability to the Danvers National Bank exclusively. He is a member and ex-president of the Boston Bank Officers' Association, and a financier of high standing among his contemporaries.

In politics Mr. Stimpson is a Republican, but neither an office holder nor seeker. He is interested in many activities of his city in official capacity, and in the work of charity and philanthropy. He is treasurer of the board of trustees of Peabody Institute, treasurer of Danvers Home for the Aged, treasurer of Walnut Grove Cemetery Corporation, was chairman of the Victory Loan Committee, was the first chairman of the Danvers fuel commission during the World War, but his duties as chairman of the Victory Loan compelled him to resign from the fuel commission. He is a member of the Masonic order, affiliated with Mosaic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a past master; Holton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters. His clubs are: the Masonic, of Danvers, and Boston City. His religious preferences are Congregational.

Mr. Stimpson married in Brooklyn, New York, June 5, 1888, Cora M. Buckley, born in Greenport, Long Island, New York, daughter of George P. and Harriet S. Buckley.

JOHN EMERSON SCOTT—Ingenuity, initiative, and tireless industry are the most enduring foundations for the superstructure of success. Upon such a foundation John Emerson Scott, of Lynn, Massachusetts, has built the present modest, but rapidly growing business, of which he is owner and manager.

Mr. Scott comes of a family of skilled workers in this industry. His grandfather, John Scott, was a shoemaker of Philadelphia when all shoes were made entirely by hand. With the progressive ideas of a thorough man of business, he endorsed the advent of machinery by purchasing the third sewing machine built by the Howe factory, the earliest sewing machine on the market.

Pembroke Somerset Scott, son of John Scott, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and died in 1903. He also made shoes, and was the inventor of many parts for shoe machines. He married Mar-

garet Harris Watt, daughter of Dr. Robert Watt, of Philadelphia.

John Emerson Scott, son of Pembroke Somerset and Margaret Harris (Watt) Scott, was born in Philadelphia, on October 24, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and learned the trade of his father and grandfather. On October 7, 1902, he removed to Lynn, and for some time worked as shoe turner in Marblehead. Later he became foreman for the Rice & Hutchins Company, at South Braintree, Massachusetts, and during his stay with this concern, organized their present turn workroom.

With all his experience Mr. Scott was looking forward to starting for himself as a manufacturer of shoes, and some years ago, to forward that plan, built a turn sewing machine for himself, which has attracted much attention, as this achievement is considered unique in the history of shoe manufacturing. Mr. Scott utilized the most unpromising materials, parts of a discarded metal bedstead, an old bicycle frame, and parts of shoe machines which had been consigned to "scrap." Some of the attachments for use with these machines were covered by patents, and to avoid infringement, he designed and built entirely new attachments which accomplished the same work. This machine served him well in practical shoe production for several years.

Some of these attachments Mr. Scott patented, and it was the proceeds of these inventions which provided him with the capital required in establishing the present business. In April, 1918, he began the manufacture of infant's shoes, and has developed a business which is constantly increasing, thirty hands being employed at present.

In the Masonic order Mr. Scott is affiliated with all bodies of the York and Scottish rites, being a member of Bethlehem Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Sutton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Zebulon Council, Royal and Select Masters; Olivet Commandery, No. 36, Knights Templar; and Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, holding the thirty-second degree of that rite. He is also a member of Regis Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, and of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston; and of the Masonic Club of Lynn. He is an Odd Fellow, a member of the lodge and encampment, and Rebekah's; member of the Improved Order of Red Men; and a Haymaker; member of Omar Grotto, No. 38; and is a past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias. He is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and of the United Commercial Travelers' Association.

Mr. Scott married, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Irene Franklin Pierce, and they are the parents of thirteen children, four of whom are deceased.

JOSEPH ASBURY PITMAN—After a thorough course of normal school and university training, Professor Pitman chose pedagogy as his profession, and after a successful career, as teacher in several schools, principal of grammar and high schools and as superintendent, came in 1906 to his present posi-





John B. Bain M. D.

tion, principal of the State Normal School, at Salem, Massachusetts. He has won high and honorable rank among the educators of the State, and is widely known. He is a son of William Henry and Ruth Anne (Richardson) Pitman, his father a farmer, the family home being at Appleton, Maine.

Joseph Asbury Pitman was born at Appleton, Maine, June 30, 1867. He was educated in the public schools and State Normal School, Castine, Maine; Clark University, special courses, 1895-96; Harvard University, 1896-97; Columbia University, special courses. He began teaching in the rural schools of Maine and was later principal of Maine high schools, 1884-90. In 1891 he became principal of a grammar school at Millbury, Massachusetts, and, in 1892 was chosen principal of a grammar school at Malden, Massachusetts. He resigned that position to accept that of district superintendent, and in that office, and as superintendent of schools at Marlborough, Massachusetts, spent the years until 1906. In that year he was elected principal of the State Normal School, at Salem, Massachusetts, and for sixteen years he has ably filled that position (1906-1922). Professor Pitman is a member of many societies, educational, scientific, fraternal and religious, including the several Masonic bodies, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Ancient Order United Workmen; Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club; the Harvard Club; and the Congregational church of Salem. In politics, he is a Republican.

In Belfast, Maine, July 23, 1890, Professor Pitman married Flora E. Carver, daughter of Charles F. and Cynthia (Mathews) Carver. They are the parents of two sons: Earle Carver, born October 10, 1893; and Arthur Loring, born January 8, 1898. The family home is at No. 357 Lafayette street, Salem.

DR. JOHN B. BAIN, a prominent physician of Lawrence, Massachusetts, was born in South Andover, the same State, August 7, 1879. He attended the public schools and Phillips Andover Academy, graduating from the latter institution in 1898, having completed the courses there in three years. In 1902 Dr. Bain was graduated from the Harvard Medical School and received his degree of M. D. He served as interne at the Massachusetts General Hospital and subsequently was assistant superintendent of this institution. Soon after this time Dr. Bain located in Lawrence, where he enjoys a large practice, not alone in that city but also throughout Essex county.

He is the discoverer of the Pseudo Tetanus Bacillus, and the facts relating thereto appeared in the Boston "Medical Journal" for May and June, 1901. He has several times been offered positions with various colleges in a medical capacity, and also with the United States Government, but he has confined himself to a general practice. He reported the first case of tetanus that recovered from operation in the "Annals of Surgery," in March, 1902. Dr. Bain is visiting pathologist of the Lawrence General Hospital; is a member of the Massachusetts Medi-

cal Society; the American Medical Association, and numerous other medical societies. He resides with his sister at 348 Haverhill street, Lawrence.

JOHN DAVIS WOODBURY—Still active in his lifelong profession, Mr. Woodbury, at the age of seventy-five reviews a long connection with printing and journalism in Gloucester, his native town and lifetime home. There he learned the printer's trade in youth, and rose through every grade of journalistic promotion until he became editor and publisher, spending the last score of years as associate editor and city editor of the "Gloucester Daily Times," the only daily newspaper published on Cape Ann. He retired from the latter position in 1914, but is still actively connected with the business which claimed him in youth. He is not only the dean of Gloucester journalists, with a single exception of the Essex county newspaper men, but is recognized as an authority on local history and genealogy.

Mr. Woodbury is a descendant of John Woodbury, who came to Cape Ann, Massachusetts, from Somersetsshire, England, with the Dorchester colony in 1623-4, whose ancestry is traced to the time of the conquest by the Normans in the eleventh century. The line of descent from John and Agnes Woodbury is through their son, Humphrey, born in England, in 1609-10, and his wife, Elizabeth; their son, Richard, born in February, 1654-5, a soldier in the Phipps expedition to Canada in 1690, and his wife, Sarah Haskell; their son, Richard (2), born August 8, 1685, and his wife, Esther Stone; their son, John, born January 1, 1727, and his wife, Elizabeth Patch; their son, Richard (3), born February 8, 1771, and his wife, Anna West; their son, Simeon, born September 11, 1812, and his wife, Nancy Hodgkins; their son, John Davis Woodbury, the principal character of this review, and his wife, Sarah Eliza Green; their children, Anna Mabel, Carrie Imogene and Bessie Sweetser (Woodbury) Tarr, forming the ninth generation of this branch of the Woodbury family in New England. Simeon Woodbury of the seventh generation was a shoemaker by trade, but also a fisherman and later a grocer of Gloucester.

John Davis Woodbury, of the eighth generation, was born in Gloucester, Essex county, Massachusetts, October 11, 1847, there was educated in the public schools and there has spent his years, seventy-five. In youth he learned the printer's trade and as a journeyman printer for many years, gained the insight into the newspaper business, which culminated in 1877 in the establishment of the "Cape Ann Bulletin" at Gloucester, a journal which he edited and published from 1877 until 1883. In 1896 he became associate editor of the "Gloucester Daily Times," a position he held for twelve years, then exchanged for the city editor's desk on the same paper, holding that position six years, 1908-1914.

Mr. Woodbury is a Republican in politics, and in 1885 represented Ward Six in the Gloucester Common Council. He is a member of the Prospect Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Gloucester,

member of the Templars of Honor and Temperance; Grand Templar of the Grand Temple of Massachusetts of that order, 1910-1911; now Deputy Supreme Templar for Massachusetts; Grand Chaplain of the Grand Temple of Massachusetts; Past Chief Templar of Atlantic Temple of the Order, in Gloucester; also member of the International Order of Good Templars; Past District Chief Templar and Past District Secretary of Essex District Lodge; and of Essex County Lodge; Past Chief Templar and Treasurer of Fraternity and Agamenticus Lodges of Gloucester, and for twenty years held the office of Deputy Grand Chief Templar, and is a Past President of the Massachusetts Good Templar Veteran Association. He is a member of the Essex County Press Club, of which he was a founder and original member, and its permanent secretary since its organization in 1910; a member of Gloucester Lyceum and Sawyer Free Library, and of Cape Ann Scientific and Literary Association.

Mr. Woodbury married, May 17, 1871, at Eastport, Maine, Sarah Eliza Green, daughter of John and Mary (Clark) Green, and in 1921 the couple celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. They are the parents of three daughters: Anna Mabel, born May 24, 1872, a teacher in Gloucester public schools; Carrie Imogene, born February 5, 1877, a teacher in Gloucester High School; and Bessie Sweetser, born January 1, 1885, married Francis Cudworth Tarr, of Gloucester.

MICHAEL JOHN SHERRY was admitted to the Essex county bar in 1919, and in Peabody, the place of his birth, he has since been engaged in the practice of law. That was not, however, his first introduction to public life, for he had been for a decade much in the public eye, filling several important public positions including that of representative to the General Court. He is a son of Michael Sherry, a shoe stock manufacturer of Peabody and for five years 1912-1916 a member of the Peabody board of overseers, serving during the last two years of his term as chairman of the board.

Michael J. Sherry, son of Michael and Margaret Sherry was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, October 2, 1887. He completed the courses of Center Street Grammar School with the graduating class of 1902, attended Peabody High School during 1903, was graduated from Salem Commercial School in 1904, and that year began his business career as a bookkeeper. For twelve years he filled that position in the business world, then for a year 1917-18 he was claim adjuster. He entered Suffolk Law School during that period, and in 1919 graduated from that institution, was admitted to the Essex county bar, and established law offices in Peabody, where he is successfully engaged in building up a clientele. In 1912 he was elected auditor of Peabody, and during 1915-16 represented the Eleventh Essex District in the Massachusetts Legislature. In 1921 he was elected collector of taxes for the city of Peabody, an office he is now (1922) holding. Mr. Sherry is a member of St. John's Roman Catholic Church of Peabody; Father Matthew Total Absti-

nence Society, Massachusetts; Catholic Order of Foresters; Leo Council No. 508, Knights of Columbus; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Suffolk Law School Alumni Association, and Peabody Grange, Patrons of Husbandry.

Mr. Sherry married in Peabody, Massachusetts, November 27, 1918, Anna J. Kirane, daughter of Patrick and Winnifred Kirane, her father deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Sherry are the parents of a son, Robert L. Sherry, born in Peabody, Massachusetts, January 1, 1922.

WILLIAM H. PERRY, JR.—As head of the Perry & Elliott Company of Lynn, William H. Perry, Jr., is widely acquainted, although he is perhaps better known as Brigadier-General Perry, with a record of nearly twenty-six years of service in the United States army, and the Massachusetts National Guard.

Mr. Perry was born in Lynn, July 10, 1874, and received his education in the schools of that city. His first employment was with a concern in Boston, where he became foreman. Later he formed his present business connections. The firm of which Mr. Perry is the head was established in 1897. After the Spanish-American War it was taken over and incorporated. In 1904 Mr. Elliott became a member, since that time the firm name being the Perry & Elliott Company. At that time the plant was located on Washington street, Lynn, but with the expansion of the business they removed to Stewart street. In Salem the firm became publishers of "Little Folks," a monthly magazine for children, taking over the entire plant, building and equipment, and under the Cassino name they continued the periodical. In 1916 Perry & Elliott Company published a book entitled "Lynn," containing one hundred and twelve pages and four hundred illustrations, the information accumulated in its pages covering that period of the city's history between 1849 and 1916. The firm Perry & Elliott Company still carry on the two plants.

On December 11, 1898, Mr. Perry enlisted in Company D, 8th Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard, and on May 2, 1895, was promoted to the rank of second-lieutenant. He served in the Spanish-American War, with Company F, 8th Massachusetts Regiment, United States Volunteers, with the rank of lieutenant, and was mustered out April 28, 1898. In 1911 he was in command of a detail of militia at San Antonio, Texas. Within the same year he was in command of troops at the Lawrence, (Massachusetts) strike. In 1913 he served on the staff of the marshal in command of President Wilson's inaugural parade, and has served in similar capacity on many military occasions for the past twenty-five years. He was in command of troops at the Salem and Chelsea fires, saw service on the Mexican border in 1916 as lieutenant-colonel of the 8th Regiment, Massachusetts Infantry, and had the responsibility of bringing his regiment home. He was made colonel in command of the 8th Massachusetts, in 1917, and with his command, later known as the 5th Pioneer

Regiment, was at Lynnfield and Westfield, Massachusetts, also at Charlotte, North Carolina, and Spartansburg, South Carolina, and prepared eleven regiments for service overseas. In August, 1919, William H. Perry, Jr., retired from the Massachusetts National Guard, with the rank of brigadier-general.

In civilian life Mr. Perry is prominent also as a member of the Rotary Club, and the Tedesco Country Club. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the American Legion, the Spanish War Veterans, the Military Order of the World War, and the National Guard Association. He is vice-president of the Quicksilver Company, of Sancillo, Mexico.

In 1899 Mr. Perry married Theresa M. Pratt, of Lynn, and they are the parents of a son, Harrison Perry. Mr. and Mrs. Perry attend Holy Name Episcopal Church of Swampscott.

ARTHUR SWEENEY, junior partner of the law firm of Sweeney, Sargent & Sweeney, of Lawrence, was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, September 17, 1888. He is a son of John P. and Anna M. (Stedman) Sweeney, his father being the head of the law firm above mentioned.

Beginning his studies in the public schools of Lawrence, Mr. Sweeney later entered Phillips-Andover Academy, from which he was graduated in 1906. He then entered Harvard University, and was graduated in 1910 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, then took up the study of law at Harvard University Law School, from which he was graduated in 1913 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the bar in September, 1913, and immediately thereafter began practice, taking up the general practice of law. In 1916 Mr. Sweeney became a member of the law firm of which his father is the senior partner, the firm then being Sweeney, Cox & Sweeney. Upon the retirement of Judge Louis S. Cox, in 1918, the firm name became Sweeney, Sargent & Sweeney, as at present. This firm handles a general practice. Mr. Sweeney is a member of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Lawrence Bar Association, and he is also a member of the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce, and of the Merrimac Valley Country Club.

In 1916 Mr. Sweeney married Mildred L. Grimes, of Lawrence, and they have one little daughter, Martha.

JOHN COOK METCALF—One of the names which hold a place of honor in the annals of Essex county, Massachusetts, is that of John Cook Metcalf, who contributed widely to public progress, civic, state and national, in various branches of individual enterprise and public endeavor.

Mr. Metcalf was born in December, 1842, in Bellingham, Massachusetts, the son of Savel Metcalf, a prominent farmer of that community, and Abby (Cook) Metcalf. Receiving his education in the public schools of his native town, Mr. Metcalf entered a business career, and eventually became a power in the manufacturing world as a producer

of paper box machinery. A man of far-seeing judgment and progressive spirit, he brought his influence to bear at all times for the advancement of the public welfare, and for many years was a member of the City Council of Lynn.

At the breaking out of the Civil War, Mr. Metcalf enlisted at once in the Union army, and served during the entire period of the war, with the rank of corporal. He was for many years an honored member of Post No. 5, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. Metcalf was a staunch Republican, and served on the City Council in Lynn for two years, being a member at the time the Lynn woods reservation was set off. Fraternally he was well known, having been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a founder of the East Lynn Social Club, was for many years its president, and was highly esteemed by its entire membership.

In 1865 Mr. Metcalf married Lucy Tuttle, born at Dunbarton, New Hampshire, September 13, 1841, and they were the parents of a daughter, Flora A., now Mrs. Tyler, of Lynn, and a son, John A. Metcalf, also of this city.

Mr. Metcalf's death, on September 29, 1916, removed from the city of Lynn a man whose influence has ever been strong on the side of right and progress, a man of personal integrity and public dignity, who will long be remembered in many circles where his presence was always welcome.

CHARLES NICHOLAS McCUEN, a leading physician of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was born August 14, 1875, in Vergennes, Vermont.

Nicholas McCuen, father of Dr. McCuen, was for many years engaged in the real estate business. For fourteen years he was a member of the Order of Eagles and also was a member of the New England Order of Protection. He died in 1918. The mother of Dr. McCuen was Kate H. (Allen) McCuen, a descendant of Ethan Allen, a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and also organized and founded several orders.

Charles N. McCuen attended the public schools and a military school for one year, after which he matriculated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Boston. In 1902 he received his degree of M. D. He engaged in the practice of his profession in Haverhill, and soon was appointed superintendent of the Haverhill Emergency Hospital. After ten years he returned to private practice, continuing to the present time with offices at No. 7 Main street. Dr. McCuen is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; member of the Loyal Order of Moose; of the Knights of Pythias, and of the New England Order of Protection.

Dr. McCuen married Elizabeth P. Sole, in 1902, and they are the parents of a child, Robert G. McCuen.

KINGFORD JOHN MURRAY—At the time of his passing in 1921, Mr. Murray was conducting a successful business enterprise in Haverhill, Massachusetts, being senior member of the firm of Mur-

ray & Dugdale. He was a native of Cape Breton Island, son of Daniel and Mary Ann (Morrison) Murray, his father also born on Cape Breton, being a tanner by trade. Mrs. Mary Ann Murray, like her husband, was of Cape Breton birth, both families of Scotch ancestry. Daniel Murray died in 1880.

Kingford John Murray was born on the island of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, Canada, May 5, 1868, died in the city of Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1921. He was educated in the public schools and early in life followed the sea. He then learned the tanner's trade and after coming to the United States was engaged in rubber works and factories. In 1889 he located in Haverhill, Massachusetts, and there was employed by the Summer Counter Company as a sole cutter, for two years. He then abandoned that special branch of shoe manufacture and for ten years following, was with A. S. Cram, later forming a partnership with Mr. Dugdale, and under the firm name of Murray & Dugdale continued in prosperous business until his death. His place of business was 47 Water street, Haverhill, and there the partners conducted a plumbing, steam heating, sheet metal and general store business; their store, general in character, being one of the largest in the city.

Mr. Murray was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Haverhill, serving as trustee and steward; he also was Sunday school superintendent and treasurer. When younger he served in the militia, and he was a member of the Masonic order, both York and Scottish Rites.

He married in 1893, Nellie May Abbott of North Bridgton, Maine; daughter of A. P. and Triphena B. (Newcomb) Abbott, her parents both born in North Bridgton, her father a farmer and a lumber dealer. Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Murray: Ruth Barden, born in 1898, a graduate of Skidmore College, New York University, Bachelor of Science; and Myrtle I., born in 1904. Mrs. Murray survives her husband and continues her residence in Haverhill.

JAMES T. SAUNDERS—The business of the Saunders Awning and Decorating Company, Incorporated, Haverhill, was founded by James T. Saunders, an expert upholsterer, who came to Haverhill in 1911, after an experience in other places, notably Worcester, Massachusetts, and Manchester, New Hampshire. The business is a prosperous one, the company having as a slogan "no job too large, none too small," their motto "quality and service."

James T. Saunders is a son of James Valentine and Letitia K. (Shaw) Saunders, who at the time of the birth of their son were living in Boston, Massachusetts, James V. Saunders then being a manufacturer of candy. He had formerly been a mariner and in the naval service of his country during the Mexican War. During the Civil War he served in the navy, and was also a private of the 36th Regiment of Volunteers of Massachusetts. He died in 1885, his wife surviving him four years, passing away in 1889.

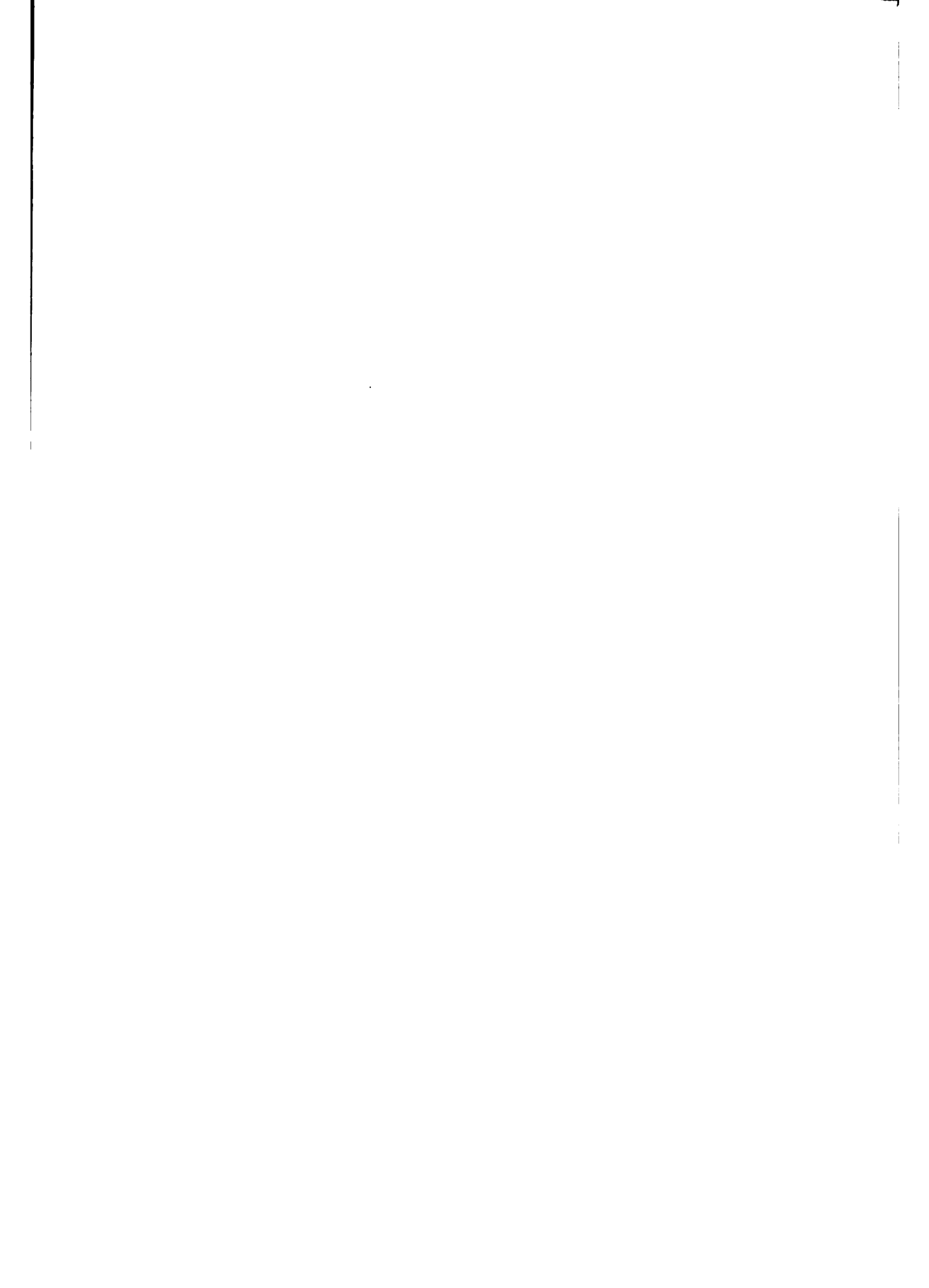
James T. Saunders was born in Boston, Massachusetts, June 27, 1862, and there educated in the public schools. He enlisted in the United States regular army and spent eight years at various posts and in various duties, then returned to civil life, becoming an expert upholsterer. He was in the employ of different men in that business, notably Henry Turner and Kilbern & Whitman, before making his decision in 1893 to engage in business for himself. He was thoroughly familiar with the furniture business, and in 1893 he opened his own place, his lines covering all branches, and for seventeen years he there remained in successful operation as a furniture manufacturer, dealer and upholsterer. In 1910 he sold out his Worcester business and re-opened in Manchester, New Hampshire, but in 1911 moved to Haverhill, Massachusetts, where he opened a store and a workshop for the making of awnings, canopies, decorations, flags, tents, auto covers, and hardware. The venture was successful, and in 1917 he took over the business of the Tilton Awning Company, which had been established more than forty years previously. Since that time increased business and limited space in the old building at No. 30 Elmwood avenue, Bradford, made more changes necessary, and Mr. Saunders purchased the building formerly used as a residence, situated north of the Haverhill Yacht Club, and which was owned by that organization. This building has been remodelled at considerable expense; modern machinery for the manufacture of awnings, tents, and other canvas goods was installed, and the Saunders Awning and Decorating Company, incorporated May 10, 1922, occupy the three and a half floors of the new plant, which contains a floor space of approximately 2,800 square feet. Mr. Saunders displayed versatility and thoroughness in his work, and under the name of the Saunders Awning and Decorating Company, Inc., has won enviable reputation for excellence of workmanship and quality of service. The advertising slogan, "no job too large, none too small," has made a working principle of his business, and his customers recognized that fact.

In the fraternal orders, Mr. Saunders is well-known, being affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Knights of Malta, Improved Order of Red Men, and the Loyal Orange Institution, in which he holds the highest degree. His religious membership is with Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, of Haverhill.

James T. Saunders married (first) Martha M. Howard, of Freeport, New Hampshire, and of their seven children two are now living, Rosella M. (Mrs. Shenton), and Letitia M. (Mrs. Pratt), residents of Nashua, New Hampshire. A son, James A. Saunders, born in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 18, 1900, died in Haverhill, July 16, 1922. He attended the public schools until April 16, 1916, then left high school to enlist in the United States Navy. When the United States declared war against Germany in 1917, he was assigned to duty on the battleship "Arkansas," where he served until the



SAUNDERS AWNING CO.



war ended, rating as coxswain of the 4th gun turret when honorably discharged in December, 1919. He witnessed the surrender of the German fleet to the allies prior to their assembling at Scapa Flow, where they were later sunk by the Germans, and saw a great deal of the naval side of the great war. After his discharge from the navy, he returned to Haverhill, became associated with his father in business, and at the time of his passing was president of the Saunders Awning and Decorating Company, Incorporated. He was a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Knights of Pythias, and Grace Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Mary E. Moher, of Manchester, New Hampshire, who survives him with a daughter Barbara Mary. He was buried at Spring Grove Cemetery, Ballardvale. James T. Saunders married (second), in 1911, Emma Flower, daughter of Albert and Emma Alice Flower, her father a one time postmaster of Pawlet, Vermont, her mother of ancient Vermont family.

WILLIAM C. BRADLY, who is president, general manager and principal stockholder of the Bradley Counter Company, Inc., of Haverhill, was born in Cableton, Canada, February 27, 1884, son of William George and Rose F. (Lowell) Bradley. His father was of Richmond, England, where he was engaged in the counter business; his mother, who died in 1917, was of a Windsor, Canada, family.

The Bradley family came to Haverhill to reside during the boyhood of their son, William C., whose education was obtained almost wholly in Haverhill public schools. After leaving school, he found employment in the plant of the Haverhill Counter Company, which firm he served for three years. For the next two years he was with the George Webster Company, leaving them to work for the Appleton Counter Company. Three years later he found it to his advantage to change, and for about twelve months thereafter was in the employ of the Sleeper Counter Company, subsequently serving the Summer Counter Company for more than four years as foreman of their plant. In 1912 he decided to venture into business for himself, and he then established the Bradley Counter Company, and began the manufacture of fibre counters and leather shanks. He was and is sole owner, and has developed the business very well. This year, 1921, expansion of the business during the nine years of operation made Mr. Bradley think of re-organizing, so as to get corporate powers. Consequently a charter of incorporation was applied for and granted, and the business is now conducted under the corporate name of the Bradley Counter Company, Inc. There has been practically no change in ownership, however, and Mr. Bradley is still actively managing the plant. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias fraternal order, and belongs to the Baptist church of Haverhill.

Mr. Bradley married, in 1908, Lillian Stultz, of Haverhill. They have four children: Robert B., Charlotte M., Alton F., and June B.

EARL H. PICKENS, manufacturer, owner and general manager of the Standard Wood Heel Company, of Haverhill, was born in Wilton, Maine, March 5, 1890, the son of William and Alice (Cox) Pickens, of that place.

The family came into Massachusetts when Earl H. was a boy, and took up residence in Haverhill, where his father entered into box manufacturing. Earl H. Pickens attended the Haverhill public schools, and in due course began a business career. For five years he followed his father's trade, box manufacturing, working in the plant of E. Hoyt, on Wingate street, Haverhill. Then for another five years he worked for Joseph Moore, whose speciality was the manufacture of wood heels. In that branch of the shoe industry he became proficient in that time, then left to open a plant for the Wingate Shoe, Incorporated. He was manager of the plant until 1918. Early in 1919 he decided to go into independent business, and under the name of the Standard Wood Heel Company, opened a factory. He has had good success, the output being now about 300 dozen a day. His plant covers a floor space of 2,000 square feet, and he is now basically well situated, having a patented process which enables him to guarantee his product to the shoe manufacturers, the only wood heel company able to do so, it is stated. The company does a local and export trade.

Mr. Pickens is affiliated with some fraternal orders, including the Knights of Pythias (uniform rank), Odd Fellows, and Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

He was married on January 21, 1911, to Edith Boodle, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Lawson) Boodle, of Haverhill, who were of English birth.

WILLIAM ALFRED CLARK, JR.—For many years active in the business and financial progress of eastern Massachusetts, William Alfred Clark, Jr., of Lynn, was identified with the progress of the day in his banking business located in Boston.

Mr. Clark was born in Newark, New Jersey, June 9, 1852, a son of William A. and Elizabeth (Lincoln) Clark. Receiving a practical education in the public schools, Mr. Clark struck out for himself as a young man of sixteen years, and going to Northampton, Massachusetts, learned the trade of watchmaking and engraving, spending five years in mastering the intricacies of this art. He then came to Lynn and established himself in the jewelry business here, meeting with very good success, and followed this line of activity in Lynn for a period of fifteen years, having stores both on Broad and Union streets. Then in 1888 Mr. Clark went to Boston, disposing of his business interests here, and in that city engaged in the banking business, which he followed continuously until the time of his death, which occurred at his home in Lynn, on October 14, 1921, after a short illness.

For years Mr. Clark had been interested in the civic progress of Lynn, and was identified with its

educational advance. For nine years he served on the school committee, for two years of that time was chairman of the board. He was instrumental in organizing and providing for the maintenance of many of the evening schools of the city, and in many ways had contributed to the educational progress of the city. He was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives for the term of 1886-7, and was elected State Senator for the term of 1888-9, but otherwise declined political honors.

In June, 1877, Mr. Clark married Clara H. Swain, daughter of Joseph H. and Elizabeth Swain, and they are the parents of four children: Alfred S., a graduate of Lynn Classical High School, class of 1896, and Harvard University, class of 1900, and now literary editor of the "Boston Post"; Florence J., a graduate of Lynn Classical High School in 1900, and Smith College in 1904, later teaching school; Harold S., graduate of high school and Burdette College, now in business in Chicago; and Helen, a graduate of Lynn Classical High School, and of Smith College in 1920, and now following the lines of chemical research.

HOWARD JOSEPH CURRY—The exhaustive comprehension of an idea, and its daily application in the broadest and most practical form—that is the foundation upon which Howard Joseph Curry, of Salem, Massachusetts, has built a remarkable success. This foundation, the idea, is the direct advertising of the bill-board. Mr. Curry comes of a race of practical men, men alive to the opportunities of their day, and quick to take advantage of them, men no less prominent in public endeavor than in private enterprise. Mr. Curry's grandfather, Captain Patrick Sarsfield Curry, came to America from England, when he was a lad of twelve years. He was a stone cutter and monumental worker by trade, possessing more than a little artistic ability. He won his military rank in the Civil War, being captain of a company of a Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. After the close of the war he represented his district in the Massachusetts State Legislature, doing constructive work for the county and for the State.

Edward Martin Curry, Captain Curry's son, was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, but spent his later years in Lynn. He learned the same trade which his father had followed, and for many years they were associated together in the monumental works founded by the elder man in Lynn. This became a prosperous interest, and one of the leading business houses in this line at that time. Edward Martin Curry married Mary J. Robinson, and they were the parents of ten children, one of whom died in infancy, and the rest are now still living.

Howard Joseph Curry, son of Edward Martin and Mary J. (Robinson) Curry, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, on October 5, 1886. He received a practical education in the public schools of that city, then looked forward to a business career, and in this his father advised him. As a boy he had showed definite artistic talent, yet his tastes ran along executive lines, and he planned a business

future. Realizing the value of originality in any line of business, Mr. Curry's father turned his attention to the possibilities in out-door advertising, knowing that his artistic ability would count far in the upward struggle. Therein lies Mr. Curry's success. At sixteen years of age he started in business for himself at Lynn. Early in the game he spent a year touring the United States, going through the middle West, and on to California, gathering ideas for the line of work in which he had embarked. In 1910 he came to Salem, establishing his business here, where he has since been located. The present quarters of Mr. Curry's business have housed this same line of business since 1900, when George Purbeck entered this field of advertising. He continued until 1908, when the firm became Purbeck & Porter. In 1912 this partnership was dissolved, Mr. Porter continuing the business alone until 1914. Then Curry & Lealie conducted it for two years, Mr. Curry purchasing Mr. Lealie's interest in 1916, since which date he has been the head of the business.

The scope of this business includes extensive bill-boards devoted to advertising purposes throughout Essex county, in Salem, Lynn, Beverly, Peabody, Danvers, and Marblehead, and also all along the North Shore. These bill-boards are located at advantageous points along the highways, and not only present each its individual advertiser's business, but presents it in the most attractive and most logical manner. Mr. Curry does all his own designing. He is an idealist, and nothing of the crude or the bizarre can be detected in his work. Every striking feature has its logical origin, and this is clearly evident, although handled with the discriminating taste of the true artist. Mr. Curry's success is a fair appraisal of the character and value of his work as an advertising medium, and thereby an impetus to the prosperity of the cities of Essex county. The bill-boards are all of iron construction within the fire districts, and on rural highways they are built of wood. Mr. Curry's time is largely occupied by his business interests, but he is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

On February 29, 1908, Mr. Curry married Corline Crudden, daughter of Barney Crudden, of Essex county, Massachusetts. They have two sons: Herbert Edward, born September 2, 1909; and Ralph James, born January 18, 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Curry are members of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, of Lynn, the family being residents of that city.

WILLIAM HENRY GALWAY—Holding a world championship in one branch of athletics, William Henry Galway, of Amesbury, comes into local and State notice for other than only business prominence, in which, by the way, he has succeeded well. He was born in Charlestown, New Hampshire, February 3, 1877, son of John and Bridget A. (Cody) Galway. His mother was born in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Canada, April 9, 1837. She reached her sixty-fourth year, her death coming

in 1901. John Galway, father of William H. Galway, was born in Thomastown, Ireland, March 17, 1847, and is still living. His has been a busy life. He retired in 1914, but for forty-seven years prior to that he was superintendent of the private estate of Sherman Paris. He is respected for his sterling qualities, and throughout his life has manifested a commendable sturdiness of character.

William Henry Galway began his schooling in the public schools of Charlestown, New Hampshire, passing eventually through the elementary and high schools of that place. His education was continued at the Vermont Academy, after a year at which place he entered Conner's Commercial College, studying there for two years, and then engaged in business. His school record was not even then complete, for after being in business for some years he availed himself of the opportunity to attend the night school of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Boston. There he took special courses, to better fit himself for executive business, and the capacities he has filled in business indicate that he is a man of executive ability and good business acumen. After leaving school he went to New York City, and there for eighteen months was employed as bookkeeper by the American Ice Company. For ten years thereafter he was in the employ of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company, of Boston. He started in minor capacity in a local office, and by good work advanced rapidly in the general office of the company. At the end of a decade of service, he was offered the position of traffic manager for the Woodstock Lumber Company. Efficient handling of that responsibility brought him advancement within a year to the position of office manager for the lumber company. Five years later he was sent to Richford, Vermont, to take charge of the company's operations in the timber tracts. At such work he remained in Vermont for five years, then returned to the Boston office. Shortly afterwards he was placed in charge of all the lumber operations of the company, and remained in the field for about eighteen months in that capacity. At the end of that time there was little about lumbering that Mr. Galway did not know. Also, he had in his many years of responsible office accumulated some surplus means. Therefore he was able, when opportunity offered, to acquire the business of the Merrimac Lumber Company, of Merrimac and Amesbury. He has owned and operated the business ever since. It is a substantial one at both branches, Merrimac and Amesbury, and it has been considerably developed since Mr. Galway became owner and manager.

He is widely known in Essex county. His business brings him into connection with the Amesbury Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally, he is of the Amesbury Chapter of the Knights of Columbus, active in expanding that work; socially, he belongs to the Amesbury Club; politically, he is non-partisan; and he has come into not a little prominence and popularity as a sportsman. Fond of outdoor life and athletics, his inclination has shown most prominently in the game of bowling. For six years he held the world championship in that game, his

record being hard to better. The Galway family belong to the Roman Catholic church, and Mr. Galway is a member of St. Joseph's Church, of Amesbury.

Mr. Galway married, November 7, 1911, Catherine A. O'Neil, who was born, of Irish parents, in Somerville, Massachusetts, April 2, 1882. They have one child, Mary, born November 11, 1912.

HENDRICK SCOTT TUTTLE, a worthy son of a worthy race, was well known throughout New England and New York as a road builder, he having the distinctive record of having built more miles of good roads than any road maker in the State of Massachusetts. He was a son of Jerome and Hannah (Watson) Tuttle, and of a family which has been in New England for nearly three centuries and long seated in the State of New Hampshire.

The first mention of the family in New England was in 1635, when the ship "Planter," of London, brought to Boston as some of its passengers Richard Tuttle, his wife and three children; John Tuttle (brother of Richard), his wife and four young children; and William Tuttle, his wife and three children.

John Tuttle, the ancestor of the New Hampshire Tuttle family, settled at Dover, and his name appears in 1660 on a citizens' protest against the project of Underhill to place the republic of Dover under the jurisdiction of Massachusetts. John Tuttle lived on Dover Neck and there owned eight acres, which, with other lands, gave him the title "planter" in the public records. He seems to have passed on to his posterity a liking for his occupation, for many of his descendants seem to have been imbued with a "love of the land."

Among the sons of John Tuttle was Judge John Tuttle, who filled every public office within the power of the citizens of Dover to confer. He saw military service, was "Lieutenant" John Tuttle in 1689, and in 1692 was captain of his company, and so continued until 1702, having had complete charge of the defenses of Dover.

Jerome B. Tuttle, a more recent member of this family, was born in Lee, New Hampshire, April 15, 1815, on the farm that had been in the family for many generations, and there died October 29, 1900. He cultivated the farm until his retirement, and also operated a saw mill, having water power sufficient to run an up-and-down saw. He thus converted his timber into lumber, which found a ready sale. Jerome B. Tuttle married Hannah Watson, daughter of Winthrop and Lydia (Tibbetts) Watson, of Dover, New Hampshire, and to them six children were born: Hendrick Scott, to whom this review is dedicated; Annette B.; Rosetta, died in early childhood; Rosetta (2), also deceased; Mary A., deceased; Sarah Belle (S. Belle), now residing in Lee, New Hampshire.

Hendrick Scott Tuttle, eldest child and only son of Jerome B. and Hannah (Watson) Tuttle, was born in Lee, New Hampshire, November 18, 1846, and died at his home in Swampscott, Massachusetts, April 6, 1921. He was educated in the town pub-

lic schools and at Cortland Academy, and remained with his father until of legal age. He was employed as a farmer and lumberman until 1873, then made his first venture in contracting by taking a section of the Worcester & Portland railroad to grade. He got through with that undertaking so profitably that he continued a railroad builder for about ten years, having contracts at Plymouth, Compton, North Woodstock, and other New Hampshire points.

Mr. Tuttle then settled in Swampscott, Massachusetts, and there operated as The Tuttle Contracting Company. He became a very large contractor, and in Maine, Massachusetts, and New York did a great deal of highway and railroad work. For many years he did a great deal of road building for the State of Maine, many of the State highways having been built under his direction. For several years he did the road and street building of several land development companies on Long Island and in other parts of New York. He did a great deal of road bed building for the New York, New Haven & Hartford, and the Boston & Maine railroads; laid out the Mudge and Stetson estates in Swampscott, and was interested in other development enterprises of that section. He was a charter member of Swampscott Lodge, No. 140, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was a man most highly appreciated by all who knew him.

ALBERTA H. EMERY, part owner of the National Wood Heel Company, of Bradford, Massachusetts, in which has been merged some other companies, and is now quite an appreciable business, was born in Bradford, New Hampshire, November 25, 1882, daughter of Edward and Rosella R. Hall. Her father was a shoe manufacturer, and of a New Hampshire family; he died in 1890. Her mother was of an old Maine family, born in Buckfield, that State.

Alberta H. Hall was well educated, and when only seventeen years old, married George Melville Emery, of Lockhaven, Pennsylvania, son of John and Maria (Cummings) Emery, the former of English birth, but interested in the Maine lumber industry, where he met and married Maria Cummings, who was of Maine. Mr. and Mrs. Emery came to live in Haverhill, and became identified with the shoe industry there. In 1915 Mrs. Emery helped to establish the National Wood Heel Company, of Bradford, the plant of which was located at No. 32 Lockett street. She also was manager of the Essex Turning Block Company, at their factory, No. 40 Wingate street. The business was consolidated with that of George Elliott, of No. 55 Park street, in 1918, and on January 1, 1919, the company acquired the Essex Wood Heel Company. In May, 1920, the business of Charles Proctor, of No. 2 Elm street, Bradford, was absorbed. The up-to-date plant of the National Wood Heel Company is now situated at No. 2 Elm street, and in its specialty is capable of an output of five hundred dozen a day. The factory covers 9,000 square feet of floor space, and finds employment for many persons. The management has been

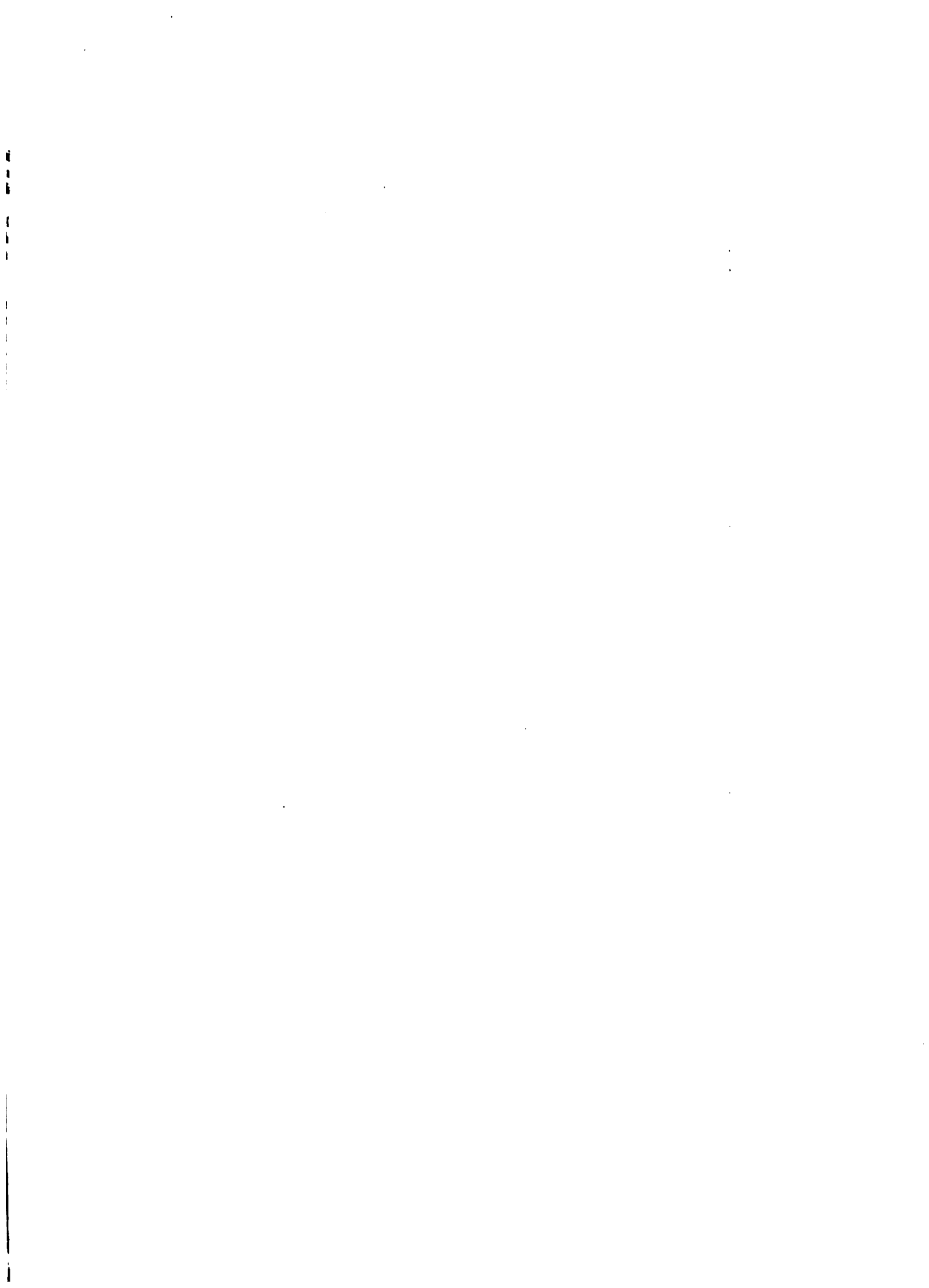
very efficient, aggressive and enterprising, as will be inferred by its progress since 1915, and is an appreciable industry of the Haverhill-Bradford district, that busy center of shoe manufacturing.

Mr. and Mrs. Emery live in Haverhill, at No. 41 Portland street. They have one child, Doris M., who married a Mr. Snow, of the firm of Emery, Dana & Tucker, shoe manufacturers.

W. HOMER TAPIN—With broad experience in his chosen field of activity, and for some years past the owner of a flourishing business of which he was the founder, Mr. Tapin stands among the representative men of the day in the business world of Georgetown, Massachusetts. He is a son of Charles E. and Annie E. (Robourge) Tapin, and his father, formerly well known in the shoe industry in Haverhill, died when scarcely past the prime of life, in the year 1893.

W. Homer Tapin was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, November 29, 1888. He acquired his fundamental education in the public schools of the city, and secured a practical commercial training at the Haverhill Business College. His first business position was with George F. Carlton & Company, shoe manufacturers of Haverhill, with whom he remained, however, for only a short period. He then became identified with O. A. Martin, also of this city, in the capacity of bookkeeper; his duties included meeting the trade as well. After four years in this connection, Mr. Tapin determined to prepare himself for a special line of mechanics, as a field richer with opportunity than clerical work. In association with H. E. Cullam, of the Haverhill House Heating Company, he learned the plumber's trade, spending three years in this connection, after which he was identified with Sawyer & Dean for about two years. Then striking out for himself, with headquarters at No. 66 Winter street, he was shortly afterwards induced to become associated with the Globe Furniture Company, buying out their plumbing and heating branches, and carrying forward his interests at their plant on White street. This was in 1912, and two years later Mr. Tapin resold his interest and entered business for himself at No. 64 White street, continuing thus until 1917. With war conditions and the vital importance of preserving and protecting public works by the oversight of competent experts, Mr. Tapin was employed by the government and placed in charge of the Portsmouth Water Works, the responsibilities of this position absorbing his time and attention until the signing of the armistice. Late in 1918 he removed to Georgetown and again took up his interrupted business interests. He is now located at No. 10 Central street, Georgetown, and his position in the trade is a leading one in this section. In addition to a general plumbing and heating business, he is handling a constantly increasing trade in the line of acetylene welding.

Holding both journeyman and master plumber's licenses, Mr. Tapin has the distinction of having passed as the youngest master plumber in this district. He is a member of the National, State and





Robert A. S. Perch.

Haverhill Master Plumbers' associations, and also of the Massachusetts Sanitary Association. Broadly interested in all community progress, he is a member of the Georgetown Fire Department, but has never accepted leadership in public affairs. Fraternally he is a member of Charles C. Dean Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Protection Lodge, No. 78, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Haverhill; of Canton Aerie, No. 40, Fraternal Order of Eagles; of Theodore Roosevelt Lodge, No. 8, Junior Order of United American Mechanics; of the Georgetown Lodge of Rebekah, and of the Georgetown Grange, No. 294, Patrons of Husbandry.

Mr. Tapin married, in 1908, Ada Belle Sney, of Haverhill, daughter of Herman A. and Emmeline (Racine) Sney, of that city, and they have one son, Homer Kenneth.

STANLEY LOVERING JUDKINS—During the last decade quite a number of now prosperous manufacturing concerns have been established in the Merrimac-Amesbury district in an entirely new industry—automobile bodies, and these enterprises, judging by the volume of manufacture during the last year or so, are likely to appreciably advance the general prosperity of that section of Massachusetts. Among the companies is the Merrimac Body Company, of Merrimac, formed in February, 1920, by the late Stanley Lovering Judkins, and others. Mr. Judkins was principal owner and treasurer of the company, and since his death his widow, Florence M. (Merrill) Judkins, has capably undertaken the responsibilities of that executive office.

Stanley Lovering Judkins was born in Merrimac, Massachusetts, December 21, 1886, son of Frederick B. Judkins. The Judkins family is of long record in New England, and four generations have now had residence in Merrimac, the senior generations succeeding well in business, and gaining general respect. John B. Judkins, grandfather of Stanley L. Judkins, was born in Freeborne, New Hampshire, in 1835, and died in Merrimac in 1898. He was a carriage builder, and in later life in Merrimac was the principal owner and chief executive of the J. B. Judkins Company, following that line of manufacture. John B. Judkins was president and manager of the company. A member of the firm also was his son, Frederick B. Judkins, father of Stanley L. Judkins, but it seems that it was not until the last-named came into the business that the manufacture of automobile bodies was taken up.

Stanley L. Judkins was educated in the public schools of Merrimac, but after passing through the local high school he took the course at Exeter Academy. So as to gain a thorough knowledge of automobile manufacture, he went to Cleveland, Ohio, soon after leaving Exeter Academy, and for the next three years worked in automobile plants in that city. Thus equipped, he returned to his native place, and the J. B. Judkins Company went energetically into the manufacture of automobile bodies under his direction, he being appointed superintendent and general manager. He retained those offices with the J. B. Judkins Company until

his death, which occurred December 14, 1920. But in February of that year he also organized the Merrimac Body Company, and that company, following the same line, has been developed very satisfactorily. Mr. Judkins held direction as general manager and treasurer until his death, when his widow became treasurer. His death, coming so early in a promising business career, was a distinct blow to many Merrimac people, where he was well known and liked, and looked upon as one of the leading business men of the younger generation.

Fraternally, Mr. Judkins was a member of Bethany Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Merrimac, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Haverhill. He also was a member of the Alumni Association of Exeter Academy, and the Home Club. He did not enter actively into political movements, but was firmly a Republican. His church was the Congregational, of Merrimac.

Mr. Judkins married, May 25, 1912, at Haverhill, Florence M. Merrill, of Haverhill, who was born April 8, 1890, at Salt Lake City, Utah, daughter of Forest E. and Alice M. (Averill) Merrill, both natives of Georgetown, Massachusetts, where the former was born August 2, 1858, and the latter March 8, 1869. The father of Mrs. Judkins was an academician, and at the time of her birth held a professorship in Salt Lake City, Utah, and later was an educator in Provo City and at Hampstead, New Hampshire. He died June 21, 1920, surviving his wife by some years, her death occurring February 19, 1915. To Stanley Lovering and Florence M. (Merrill) Judkins was born one child, Stanley Lovering, Jr., born April 6, 1914.

ROBERT A. S. REOCH—As superintendent of the largest print works in the world, Robert A. S. Reoch holds a position entailing great responsibility and a foremost place among the leading citizens of Lawrence, Massachusetts.

Mr. Reoch was born at River Point, Rhode Island, December 7, 1867, son of Robert and Helen (Stewart) Reoch. Both of his parents were born in Scotland, where they were married, the death of the mother occurring in 1893, and that of the father, November 9, 1918. For a period of forty years, Robert Reoch, (the father), was manager of the Clyde Print Works, resigning this position to accept a similar one with the Cranston Print Works, both of these establishments being located in Rhode Island. During the latter years of his life he was president of the Phenix Lace Company, of Phenix, Rhode Island.

Mr. Reoch attended school in River Point, and at the Mowry & Goff Military School at Providence, Rhode Island. Subsequently, he entered the employ of the Clyde Print Works, owned by S. H. Greene & Sons Company, and was employed there from 1886 to 1903, holding the position of assistant manager when resigning. During his sojourn in Rhode Island, he was intensely interested in sports. He was president for several years of the Clyde Base Ball and Foot Ball Association, and was one of the incorporators of the Kent County Fair Asso-

ciation. Mr. Reoch was the first secretary of the Fair Association, and afterwards became its president.

After his resignation from the Clyde Print Works, Mr. Reoch went to Dover, New Hampshire, to become superintendent of the Cochecho Manufacturing Company. He held this position until the firm was absorbed by the Pacific Mills Company in 1909, and continued manager of this plant until it was dismantled in 1913, when he came to Lawrence to become superintendent of the new Print Works that had been built in South Lawrence for the purpose of concentrating all of Pacific Mills printing, dyeing, and finishing in one plant. This enormous establishment is the largest in the world, and consolidates the work formerly carried on by the Print Works located in Dover, New Hampshire; Lawrence, Massachusetts; together with the Hamilton and Merrimack Print Works, of Lowell, both of which had been absorbed by the Pacific Mills. During the erection of this new and most up-to-date plant, Mr. Reoch was constantly called into consultation by Lockwood Greene & Company, the engineering firm who built the Print Works. The success attained by this well known firm (Pacific Mills), in the printing and dyeing industry is in no small measure due to the experience and practical knowledge of the business that enabled Mr. Reoch to be of such assistance in the laying out of the new works. In addition to printing and dyeing, an enviable reputation has been established because of the fine quality of bleached sheetings and shoe linings that are produced, the same being handled in a department that has been added to the original plant, and which is considered as being the acme of perfection, so far as is possible in a finishing establishment.

The output of this department is 6,000,000 yards of cloth weekly, necessitating the operation of fifty printing machines, and giving employment to 2,500 people. The finest grades of draperies, wash-goods, serges, percales, shirtings, flannelettes, and similar goods are manufactured. From these figures, some idea can be gained of the great responsibility resting upon Mr. Reoch. However, his vast experience, natural ability and efficiency have combined themselves in such a way that he is ideally fitted for his work, and he has a trained corps of assistants and overseers who work in harmony with his plans. Mr. Reoch is a member of the Merrimac Valley Country Club, and is a member of the American Chemical Society.

Mr. Reoch married, in 1916, Helen Emmons, of Methuen. They are members of the Methuen Congregational Church.

HAROLD S. TOGGERSON—Most of the business career of Harold S. Toggerson, part-owner of the Auto Special Body Company of Amesbury, has been spent in Amesbury, his native place, and he has shown industriousness as well as versatility and enterprise. He was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, March 25, 1892, on of Samuel Augustus and Mary Elizabeth (Connor) Toggerson. His father was born at Cape Naddock, Maine, but has lived

the greater part of his life in Amesbury, where he has been successful as a building contractor. His mother, however, was born in Canada, at Sand Point, New Brunswick.

Harold S. Toggerson was educated in the Amesbury public schools, his education including the high school course. Soon after leaving school he found employment in the Merrimac plant of the Walker Carriage Company, and there during the next two years learned the trade of carriage building. Returning then to Amesbury, he entered the employ of the Congdon and Graves Company, for which firm he worked for about a year, then became connected with the Biddle and Smart Company. A short while afterwards he entered the employ of the Lamber Hollander Company, and a year later went to work for the Briggs Carriage Company, all of Amesbury. For the last named company Mr. Toggerson worked for three years, leaving their employ in order to enter into business for himself. He was induced to venture into a garage enterprise at Sea Brook, New Hampshire, and he pursued that business for two years, giving it up to become a manufacturer of automobile tops. He followed that line for two years, after which, in association with J. W. Meehan, of Amesbury, he took up the automobile painting and trimming business, the partners since trading as the Auto Special Body Company. The volume of business developed is quite satisfactory to the partners, who are both well known Amesbury men. Mr. Toggerson has held closely to his business affairs; he is a Republican, but has not actively interested himself in political matters. Fraternally, he is identified with the Knights of Columbus, of Amesbury. He is a member of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, of Amesbury.

In 1915, Mr. Toggerson married Sarah C. Burke, of Amesbury. She was born September 25, 1891. They have two children: Robert Samuel, born March 30, 1917; Ruth Burke, born February 13, 1921.

REV. JOHN FRANCIS KELLY—Since the earliest settlement of Essex county, Massachusetts, all through the development of the later social fabric, the church led the way of progress, pointing out new fields of endeavor and fresh paths of civic and individual righteousness. She is now pre-eminent among the living forces for good, which still carry this county forward in the lead in all branches of public effort. The individual consecration of the men who have served the church is the same at the present day as it was among the early missionaries—a spirit of Christian progress. Rev. John Francis Kelly, former pastor of St. Thomas' Roman Catholic Church, at Nahant, Massachusetts, did a worthy work in the forwarding of the religious interests of the day in this section up to the time of his death.

Father Kelly was born in Ireland, on October 17, 1872, and was a son of John and Ann (Foley) Kelly. He came to this country with his parents as a child of four years, locating in Boston in 1876.

There he was educated, first in the public schools of the city, then spent two years at the Boston University, completing his studies at St. John's Seminary, where he was ordained in 1897.

Father Kelly's first appointment was as curate of a church at East Boston. Later he was made assistant pastor at St. Patrick's Church, at Natick, Massachusetts, and there he remained from 1913 to 1918. In the latter year he came to St. Thomas' Church, at Nahant, taking charge in October. His work here was noteworthy in more than one sense. This church was built in 1872, and its growth for many years was slow, but when Father Kelly's pastorate began he built up the church to about four hundred families, and his labors so increased that he was given an assistant in the summer months.

During the World War Father Kelly took an active part in all Liberty Loan drives, and in all movements in support of the American Expeditionary Forces. He was the head of the Knights of Columbus Drive in Natick, and was also active in Red Cross Work.

MAURICE M. WILSON, of the Wilson Shoe Company, shoe jobbers, is a son of Paul and Annie (Marshall) Wilson, his father a dry goods merchant of Salem. Maurice M. Wilson began his business life in a shoe factory, and thoroughly mastered the trade of a factory shoemaker by working in different shoe departments. With thorough knowledge of shoemaking, he was well equipped for either the business of manufacturing shoes or his present business, shoe jobber.

Maurice M. Wilson was born in Montreal, Canada, August 13, 1898, and there was educated in the public schools. Later he came to the United States. He entered a shoe factory, and until 1918 continued a shoe worker. In that year he organized the Superior Shoe Supply Company, Inc., of Chelsea, Massachusetts, and for two years continued a shoe manufacturer. In April, 1920, he opened up business in Lynn, Massachusetts, as a shoe jobber under the name of the Wilson Shoe Company. He remained in business in Lynn until January 1, 1921, when the business was moved to Salem, Massachusetts, and there continues. Mr. Wilson is a member of the Commercial Travelers' Association, and a member of the Jewish church of Lynn. He is an energetic, ambitious young man and has built up a good reputation as a business man.

Maurice M. Wilson married, in 1918, Sadie D. Segal, daughter of Samuel and Hannah Segal, of Haverhill, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson are the parents of a daughter, Harriet Arline Wilson.

THOMAS T. McNICHOL—The McNichol & Taylor Last Company, of Lynn, Massachusetts, was founded in 1913 by Thomas T. McNichol, a practical lastmaker, under the firm name, McNichol & Carr. This association was dissolved by the withdrawal of Mr. Carr in 1914, Mr. McNichol continuing the business on Willow street, Lynn, as the McNichol Last Company. Later changes gave the

firm the style and title, McNichol, Taylor & Stevens, another change being to the present name, The McNichol & Taylor Last Company, a prosperous, well-managed corporation.

Thomas T. McNichol was born in 1876, at St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, son of Theodore W. and Mary E. (Haley) McNichol. Theodore W. McNichol, a practical lastmaker during the early boyhood of his son, moved to Lynn, Massachusetts, where he engaged in business as a manufacturer of shoe lasts, a business which he conducted very successfully until his retirement. His home has long been in Swampscott, Massachusetts, and there he is living, retired from business cares.

Thomas T. McNichol, after finishing his years of educational preparation in Lynn public schools, became associated with his father as an employe of McNichol & Bishop, last manufacturers, Harrison Court, Lynn, there remaining eighteen years. He learned the business from every angle, and finally became a manufacturer of lasts, organizing the firm of McNichol & Carr, which firm, in 1913, began business on Willow street, Lynn. Mr. McNichol has continued in the business as a manufacturer during the nine years which have since intervened, and is now the senior member of The McNichol & Taylor Last Company, Incorporated.

Mr. McNichol married, in Boston, Massachusetts, September 3, 1911, Mary E. Haskell, of Greenfield, New Hampshire.

HENRY J. BURKE—Among the successful notary publics and insurance brokers of Beverly, Massachusetts, where he has been engaged in the practice of his chosen profession for several years, is Henry J. Burke, who has identified himself closely with the public interests of the city, and no good work which has for its aim civic betterment seeks his aid in vain.

Henry J. Burke was born at Walpole, Massachusetts, February 28, 1873. He there received the elementary portion of his education, after which he became engaged in agricultural pursuits, continuing for several years. But at the age of twenty-seven, having in the meantime decided to enter into another line of business, he secured employment with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, with whom he remained two years, being transferred to the Boston & Maine railroad, remaining for fourteen years with this latter company. At the time of his resignation, February 26, 1915, which was occasioned by Mr. Burke's deciding to adopt the law as a profession, he was chief inspector of safety appliances under the United States safety appliance department. Devoting some time to the study of commercial law, he subsequently opened an office in the Mason building at Beverly, Massachusetts, and this has remained his headquarters ever since. Mr. Burke has already attained great success in his profession, being well skilled in its application. He is a member of the Beverly Chamber of Commerce, and is held in the highest esteem by all who know him. During the World War he enrolled, April 6, 1917, and was very

active throughout the entire war as a member of the Public Service Board. He resides at No. 244 Cabot street, Beverly, Massachusetts.

WARREN DUDLEY KING—A half century ago Warren Dudley King was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, and later he returned to the place of his birth with a professional degree acquired from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. For a year after receiving his degree, he was engaged as an engineer in Cape Breton. He then located in Peabody, and as contracting, consulting and supervising electrical engineer has spent the nearly three decades which have since intervened. Peabody is a municipality, owning its lighting plant, and for twenty years that department of the city government has been under the management of Warren D. King, which is an indirect way of saying that Peabody is well lighted. Mr. King has given himself wholly to his profession, and ranks among the leading electrical engineers of his State. He is a son of Eben Upton and Mary Louise (Trow) King, his father an invalid practically all of his life, devoting the strength he had to the study of science and mechanics.

Warren Dudley King was born in Peabody, Massachusetts, August 1, 1870, and completed grammar and high school study. Later he entered Massachusetts Institute of Technology, whence he was graduated E.E., class of 1893. On May 12, 1912, after serving as contracting, consulting and supervising electrical engineer, as above stated, he was appointed manager of the Peabody Electric Light Department, and has held that office continuously until the present, August, 1922. He has been a member of the Municipal Lighting Association since its organization in 1906, and its secretary-treasurer since 1910. He is also a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the Fire Chiefs' Club of Massachusetts, and was for a time a director of the First National Bank, of Salem, which is now out of existence.

A citizen public-spirited and progressive, Mr. King has long been connected with the important civic societies, namely: Peabody Institute, which he serves as trustee, member of the Lyceum and Library committees of the same; was the first president of Peabody Historical Society; was for three years chairman of the finance committee of the town of Peabody; is a Republican in politics, and for three years was chairman of the Republican Town Committee. In the Masonic order he is a Master Mason of Jordan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; a Companion of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and a Sir Knight of Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar. His religious affiliation is with the South Congregational Church.

Mr. King married, in Georgetown, Massachusetts, October 9, 1894, Susie Bartlett Baker, daughter of Cornelius G. and Vine (Bartlett) Baker. Mr. and Mrs. King are the parents of a daughter, Louise King, born November 16, 1895, and a son, Ebenezer Baker King, born July 30, 1899. The family home is at No. 240 Lowell street, Peabody.

NEHEMIAH H. HAYMAN, shoe manufacturer, owner of the Hayman Shoe Company, of Haverhill, has lived in that city since early manhood, and is well known in shoe manufacturing circles. He was born in St. Stevens, New Brunswick, Canada, October 1, 1874, son of Jeremiah Richard and Flora M. (Morrison) Hayman, both of New Brunswick by birth. His grandfather was Mathew Hayman, who was born in Stockholm, Sweden, and died in St. Stevens, New Brunswick. He married Margaret Libby, born in the State of Maine, died in St. Stevens, New Brunswick. They were the parents of eight children: Thomas, William, Jeremiah E., Margaret, Sarah, Rebecca, Ann, Rachel. His father, Jeremiah R. Hayman, was in the lumber business in St. Stevens, and held some of the local civic offices. He was collector of taxes there for many years, and the family home has always been in St. Stevens. There his wife, Flora M. (Morrison) Hayman, died in 1912. Her mother was also born in New Brunswick, so that Nehemiah H. Hayman, of Haverhill, comes from New Brunswick families of standing and long residence.

Nehemiah H. Hayman was educated in the public schools of St. Stevens, New Brunswick, but soon after leaving school came to Haverhill, Massachusetts, and entered a shoe factory, that of the N. F. Gorman Shoe Company. There he worked for six years, leaving at the end of that time to take up a better appointment in the plant of the Gale Shoe Company, in the employ of which company he remained for three years. Then followed ten years of responsible service to the R. L. Webster Company, and three years with the Ruddock Shoe Company. For two years prior to the time when he ventured into independent business, he was with the C. B. Watson Company, being superintendent of that company's shoe factory. He established the Hayman Shoe Company, equipping and opening a factory in Haverhill for the production of a line of McKay's shoes, and women's shoes in general. He has continued the plant in steady operation since that time, and it is expanding satisfactorily. Mr. Hayman is a member of the Episcopal church, and fraternally belongs to the Knights of Pythias, and Grecian Lodge, Clan Douglas, of Haverhill. He also is a member of the Agawam Club.

In 1907, at Haverhill, Mr. Hayman was married to Lottie Morse, who was born in Haverhill, April 5, 1880, daughter of Fred D. and Maria (Wood) Morse. The former, a shoe manufacturer, was a veteran of the Civil War, having served throughout the struggle with a regiment of New Hampshire infantry. He was a member of Major Dow (Haverhill) Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. and Mrs. Hayman have no children, but Mr. Hayman himself was of a large family, his brothers and sisters being: Alice B., Carrie E., Alexander, Jennie I., Lucy C., Ivan, and Charles P. Nehemiah H. was the fifth born.

FRED A. McELIGOTT, investment broker, of Peabody, Massachusetts, was born September 24, 1880, in Peabody, and attended the public schools

of Salem and Lynn. For ten years after he left school he was engaged in the ice business, and then for eleven years was a successful insurance agent. He resigned from the latter field to become an investment broker, in which venture he has been very successful and in which he has engaged to the present time. Mr. McElligott is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of Peabody, and also of the Salem Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Knights of Columbus.

Mr. McElligott married, in 1907, Mary E. Sexton, also a native of Peabody, and they are the parents of two children, Kenneth Walter and J. Edward. The family are regular attendants of the Peabody Catholic church.

WILLIAM A. WALKER, in 1904, came to his present home, Marblehead, Massachusetts, and there continues, treasurer and general manager of the G. L. Metcalf Box Company. He has devoted his adult years to box manufacture and is familiar with its every detail. He is a son of Rosalvo M. and Harriet W. Walker, his father a veteran of the Civil War, in which he served three years in the Union Army, and by trade a millwright.

William A. Walker was born in Billerica, Massachusetts, May 30, 1868, his education, however, being secured in the public schools of Lynn. In 1888, at the age of fifteen, he began working at boxmaking in Lynn with the G. A. Crosman Company, continuing with that firm until 1889. He then entered the employ of D. A. Kilham & Company, in Beverly, and there remained fifteen years, until 1904. In that year he located in Marblehead, where he now holds his present position. In politics, Mr. Walker is a Republican, but entirely independent in local affairs. He is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, his club the Masonic of Swampscott, his church preference Congregational.

Mr. Walker married, in Lynn, October 15, 1895, Mary E. Pierce, born in Lynn, August 4, 1866, daughter of Levi Pierce, of Lynn. Mr. and Mrs. Walker are the parents of a daughter, Vivian O., born February 6, 1898.

SULLIVAN-Mac NEIL—In the many and varied industries of Salem, Massachusetts, one of the most interesting factories is that of the Acme Leather Company. This business is the outgrowth of the enterprise and energy of Miss Mercy A. Sullivan, and her sister, Mrs. R. MacNeil, women who have stepped out into the field of fine leathers, and are making a remarkable success.

Miss Sullivan and her sister are the daughters of Dennis and Sarah (Donahue) Sullivan, of Beverly, Massachusetts. Mr. Sullivan is an old-time leather man, highly skilled in the preparation of this widely-used material for the trade, and a rare judge of leathers. It was undoubtedly through their interest in his work that his daughters gained the idea of taking a part in the production of fine leathers for the trade. Both sisters began their education in the public schools of Peabody, Massachusetts,

then Miss Sullivan took a course at the Bryant & Stratton Business College, in Boston, completing her studies in 1904. Mrs. MacNeil had theretofore taken a course as commercial accountant at the Commer School of Boston, finishing in 1900.

Miss Sullivan started in the leather business with Richard Barry, where she learned the business from its very foundations. She spent ten years in the Barry plant, then started in business for herself in Peabody, but remained there for only six months, then came to Salem, believing that broader opportunities lay in the larger city. Establishing the business in 1911, she has developed it to the point where the business amounts to \$600,000 per year. Miss Sullivan is the head and centre of the business, and is the manager of the production departments, while Mrs. MacNeil is the financial head of the firm. Both women are thoroughly conversant with the leather business, and familiar with every detail of the work throughout the plant. They can go out into the factory and do anything that is to be done there, an advantage fully appreciated by any employer of labor. The Acme Leather Company is doing a constantly increasing business, and in the capable hands of Miss Sullivan and Mrs. MacNeil has a still greater future before it. The company are tanners and finishers of leather, sheep skin, and India Tan, and cater to the finest wholesale trade.

HENRY SAMUEL SPRAGUE—The name of Sprague is said to be derived from the Dutch *spraak*, meaning speech or language, and was probably bestowed in early days upon some one noted for his ready tongue. Other authorities find the root in the old Norse *spraekr*, signifying active, lively, nimble, the original of our modern sprightly. There are great variations in the spelling of the surname, some of the forms being *Spreck*, *Sprake*, *Spraick*, *Sprackett*, *Spragg*, and *Spragge*.

The English Spragues, from whom the American families of the name are descended, achieved renown on the sea. Sir Edward Spragge was knighted by Charles II. on board the ship, "Royal Charles," for gallant conduct in an engagement with the Dutch fleet, fighting ship to ship with Van Tromp. He later became vice-admiral of the red, and admiral of the blue, and his courage was eulogized by Dryden in the "Annus Mirabilis."

In America the family dates back to the earliest days of Colonial settlement. Francis Sprague, a member of the Plymouth Colony, came over in the ship, "Ann," in 1623, with wife and daughter. Like others of that heroic band, he suffered from the poverty of the times to which Governor Bradford referred: "The best dish we can offer is a piece of fish, without bread, or anything else but a cup of fair spring water." The three brothers, Ralph, Richard and William Sprague, in company with John Endicott, arrived at Naumkeag (Salem), in 1628. The name has been associated with many persons of distinction during different periods of our country's history. Captain Richard Sprague, of Charlestown, Massachusetts, was one of the band

who imprisoned Sir Edmund Andros. At his death he left money to various public institutions, among them Harvard College. Samuel Sprague, of Hingham, was one of the band who assisted at the Boston Tea Party. His son, Charles Sprague, was the poet whose finished verse was admired during the early part of the nineteenth century. Three members of the family have served in the United States Senate: Peleg Sprague, of Maine, 1829-35, and the two William Spragues, of Rhode Island, both of whom were governors of their native State. The family in Maine has been one of considerable distinction, and has taken an active part in the affairs of the State for several generations.

Henry Samuel Sprague, well known shoe manufacturer and leading citizen of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was a member of the Maine family of Spragues. He was born in Cooper, Maine, January 24, 1846, and died at his home in Haverhill, Massachusetts, January 11, 1911. He was graduated from the Maine public schools. His entire business career was identified with the city of Haverhill, Massachusetts, where he engaged successfully as a shoe manufacturer. He was active in club and Masonic circles. He was a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Royal Arch Masons, Royal and Select Masters, Knights Templar, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Tentucklet Club. He was widely known and eminently respected in the business and fraternal life of the city.

Mr. Sprague by his first marriage had two children: 1. Embert H., a member of the faculty of the University of Maine. 2. Willard, a salesman. Mr. Sprague married (second), May 17, 1880, Augusta Hannah Johnson, daughter of John W. and Sarah B. Johnson. Mrs. Sprague was a member of a prominent old New England family, which was allied by marriage with the family of Franklin Pierce, fourteenth President of the United States. Mrs. Sprague was the granddaughter of Jonathan Johnson, who served in the War of 1812; he married Ruth Pierce. Mrs. Sprague survived her husband, but her death occurred September 17, 1922. Mr. and Mrs. Sprague were the parents of two sons: 1. Riedel G., attended the University of Ann Arbor; was an electrical engineer; served the United States Government during the World War, surveying Chesapeake bay and testing guns for use in France; he was in command of one hundred men; he died at Camp Aberdeen, in 1918, two weeks before he was to sail for France to take part in the conflict. 2. Leon A., graduated from Dartmouth and attended Harvard Law School one year; resides in New Britain, Connecticut, connected with the New Britain Trust Company; married Harriet Jane Croy, and they are the parents of two children, Harriet and Harold.

GEORGE L. HERRICK, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is of the third notable generation of the Herrick family in its connection with the Massachusetts shoe industry, and for more than fifty years the name has had a conspicuous place in the industrial annals of Lynn. George W. Herrick, grandfather

of George L. Herrick, was a shoe manufacturer in Lynn for fifty years from 1865, death coming in 1915, when he was eighty-six years old. And during that time, he saw the business revolutionized, not only his personal business, but the Massachusetts shoe industry as a whole. George W. Herrick had probably a unique record; as workman and proprietor he was connected with the shoe manufacturing industry for seventy-six years. He was born in the town of Beverly, Massachusetts, in 1829, and there began the work of shoemaking when only ten years old. He first learned to last, hand-sew, and finish the bottoms of old-fashioned turn shoes, which were made at a cost of eight cents a pair. He followed his trade as a workman for twenty-five years, but in 1865 began to manufacture in a small way in Lynn. At first he did his own cutting of the upper stock for his shoes, and his wife, an energetic woman, did the stitching. Then the shoes were put out to small hand shops to be bottomed. The production, however, was not then large, and a representative year's gross sales would probably not exceed \$2,500. The methods of sale were also unstable, it being the custom to send the shoe at that time to the South, and there sell them at wholesale auctions. Mr. Herrick was destined to change that, and it is noteworthy to consider the development of the shoe business during the period in which Mr. Herrick was actively engaged in it. From the manufacturing standpoint, the change has been from hand work in the little old-fashioned shop to the modern factory system. In distribution, the development has been from the making up of shoes for consignment to be sold at wholesale, without the least control on sale price, to the modern method of merchandising—from factory to consumer, which is the method the enterprise of the Herrick family has made successful, through the establishment of a chain of retail stores, and withal, Mr. Herrick was a man highly esteemed, especially by his workmen. The "Leather and Shoe News," of December 25, 1915 issue, made the following statement regarding Mr. George W. Herrick, then just deceased:

Mr. Herrick, as a manufacturer, had been continuously active for fifty-one years, with the exception of a brief interruption caused by the Lynn fire. In all this period he met all his obligations in full without financial embarrassment and had succeeded in living a most harmonious life with all classes. . .

He has been frequently referred to as a business man who possessed a soul of honor and whose stability, generosity, and integrity were his greatest sources of pride. While he never had the ambition of building up an extremely large business, he had the satisfaction of watching his establishment grow until it was a modern representative concern, in up-to-date methods of manufacturing and distribution. Mr. Herrick's chief aim in life was not so much volume of production and great wealth as to carry out his ideas of business integrity, fairness, justice, and liberality.

There were many instances during his business career when he parted with money that could not rightly be demanded of him; but he in these in-

stances made it clear that he was governed by the spirit of honorable dealing, as well as by the strict letter of a written transaction. The journal before quoted, further stated:

His relations to his employees were remarkably fair and just. His firm had an arbitration agreement, which eliminated trouble, and Mr. Herrick, even in his old age, took great pleasure in knowing them (his workmen), and in doing acts of kindness for them. In his last sickness, while suffering severe pain, he recalled some gifts he wished to make to the unfortunate family of a former employee and gave directions on his death-bed that these gifts be made. These illustrations that we have taken from his life are typical of his whole career, which he has left as a splendid inheritance to his family and successors, as well as a useful object lesson to many who knew him in the large center where he did his work.

George W. Herrick was survived by his two sons: George H., Fred W., and two daughters.

Fred W. Herrick, father of George L. Herrick, was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, November 17, 1860, and was educated in Lynn public schools. He entered his father's factory upon leaving school, later became a partner, and upon his father's death became president and treasurer of the Herrick Shoe Company and so continues. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, an Odd Fellow, and a member of the Oxford Club. Fred W. Herrick married Nellie Peyear of Lynn, and they are the parents of George L. Herrick, of further mention.

George L. Herrick, born in 1887, was educated in the public schools of Lynn, graduating from the Lynn High School in the class of 1905. For a year thereafter, he was a student at Burdett Brothers College, of Boston. After leaving the school, he entered the employ of the Herrick Shoe Company, and had opportunity to learn every place of the business. And he soon gave clear indication that he would be helpful in expanding the business. He manifested distinct commercial and organizing ability, and commendable energy, and in his present capacity of general manager has good scope for development of his plans. While he has been connected with the firm much has been done in developing the retail branch of the company's operations, and they now have a chain of stores throughout New England, handling the product of its factory, which has capacity to produce 2,500 pairs of shoes a day. The plant has a floor space of almost 40,000 square feet, and finds steady employment for about 350 workmen.

George L. Herrick is a Mason, of the thirty-second degree, belongs to the Elks, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Oxford Club. He is a veteran of the World War, and has a war record of which he might well be proud, and of which many must be envious. His victory medal has above it ten battle clasps; most of the owners of the medal are proud of having even one or two clasps, and some are proud of their medal without a single battle clasp, which signifies that they did not participate in any battle. Mr. Herrick did not wait for the United States to enter the World War; he en-

listed in the French army in March, 1917. He had part in the siege of Verdun, where the historic phrase "They shall not pass" originated. He was gassed during the fighting, and sent to hospital at Gloria, France. In September, 1917, he was able to get a transfer from the French army to the American Expeditionary Forces, and with his own countrymen he went through the hardest of the fighting in which American troops were engaged. He was present at ten of the eleven major battles. Finally, the war over, he was able to return to this country, and was honorably discharged on April 3, 1919.

Mr. Herrick was married, in January, 1920, in Atlanta, Georgia, to Mary Wharton Thurston, daughter of William Horton and Louise Nina (Mitchell) Thurston. The father of Mrs. Herrick was at one time president of the Bethlehem Iron Works. He died in 1890, and his widow later lived in Atlanta, Georgia. Mr. and Mrs. Herrick have one child, Mary Louise, who was born in March, 1921.

HENRY JOSEPH DE LORME—Chesterfield's suave dictum that "few people do business well who do nothing else" was evidently taken to heart early in life by Dr. Henry J. De Lorme. He is not only a busy optometrist, but is prominent in politics, a leader in other lines of industry, a member of many clubs and societies, and an unusually fine amateur actor. Dr. De Lorme is of French ancestry, his forefathers coming from that country. His father, Louis S. De Lorme, a retired business man, and his mother, Eugenie De Lorme, are natives of Canada.

Dr. Henry Joseph De Lorme was born in 1887, in Hyacinthe, near Montreal, Canada, but spent his early life at Fitchburg, Massachusetts. It was in the grammar and high schools of that city that he gained his early education, and he also completed a course in the Fitchburg Business College. Enrolling as a student in the Kansas College of Optometry, Topeka, Kansas, he was graduated in 1906, and later received his degree, upon completion of his course in the Klein College of Optometry, Boston, Massachusetts, in 1908. Immediately, thereafter, he began the practice of his profession in Lawrence, Massachusetts, where his remarkable skill and pleasing personality early brought him a large and exclusive clientele, and he is now one of the best known and most successful men of his profession in Lawrence. His outside business interests include among others the directorship of the Lawrence Oil and Gas Company, and the presidency of the Universal Oil Company.

In politics, Dr. De Lorme is Republican, and as a candidate for the House of Representatives from the Seventh Essex District was barely defeated by a few votes. He is prominent in social and fraternal circles, being a member of many organizations and clubs, among which are: the Mettmen Home Club, Foresters of America, Lawrence Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is a member of the Massachusetts Optometrical Society; the Chamber of Commerce, Lawrence; the Orphans' Guild, and Betsy Ross Memorial Association. Dr. DeLorme has been interested in am-

ateur theatricals since a lad of twelve and is a finished actor. He has played many parts in the summer theatre of Whalon Park, Fitchburg, and also in college.

Dr. De Lorme married, in Boston, August 22, 1910, Aretta Florence Bolton, daughter of William C. and Nettie Bolton, of Huntington avenue, Boston, Massachusetts. Of this union two children have been born: Charlotte Dorothy, born in April, 1914, at Lawrence, and Pauline Aretta, born January 19, 1919, at Lawrence.

FATHER MARIANO MILANESE—As the head of a work whose religious, educational, social and civic aspects place it among the chief agencies for good citizenship in Lawrence, Father Mariano Milanese is known and loved by all of his countrymen of the city, and known as a potent influence for righteousness in Lawrence. Two decades cover the period of his work, and in that time he has organized a parish strong and self-supporting among the Italian residents, and has grown into a leadership as strong as it is beneficent, and as wise as it is strong.

Father Mariano Milanese was born in a suburb of Naples, Italy, January 1, 1883. His ecclesiastical education was obtained in the International College, in Naples, and he was ordained August 15, 1902, to the priesthood of the Roman Catholic church with a special dispensation from the Holy See. Subsequently, he studied languages, French, English and German, in Naples, and on December 8, 1902, came to the United States. He organized the parish of the Holy Rosary in the basement of a Lawrence building, and in 1904 purchased the present church from L. A. Diskind and J. Mahoney, for the sum of \$31,000. This building was repaired at a cost of \$10,000, and a school was established in the basement, Father Milanese securing members of the Sisterhood of Venerini as teachers. The opening session was on December 6, 1909, and one hundred and thirty pupils were in attendance. At about this time a convent was purchased at No. 186 Garden street, at a cost of \$7,000, and in 1911 a parish house was built connecting with the school by means of a passageway. School and church both increased in strength and membership, five hundred pupils attending the school, and the congregation installing an organ in the church building at a cost of \$25,000. In 1918 an asylum for little children was built on Garden street, and in the same year the "Parish Calendar" was founded, this journal now having a monthly circulation of three thousand.

In 1916 the Sisters of Notre Dame took charge of the school; the erection of a new building was begun on Summer street the following year and was completed in 1919, dedication being made on November 23, with Cardinal O'Connell officiating. The entire cost of the school was \$220,651.72, and in its construction were embodied many of Father Milanese's own ideas on educational architecture. This is the largest parochial school in Lawrence, its main auditorium seating thirteen hundred persons, and the students, who number nineteen hundred, are all

Italians. Grammar school subjects are taught as well as those of commercial nature, and the school is used as a community center, where entertainments of various kinds and motion picture shows are frequently given. Father Milanese, himself a teacher in Naples for two years before coming to his American parish, has devoted his energies toward the furtherance of education in his parish, believing that through the instruction of the young an intelligent, loyal citizenship is assured, and the growth and welfare of the church advanced. In addition to his regular duties as pastor, and aside from the great educational plan he has worked out in such splendid manner, Father Milanese has one other specialty, the comfort and improvement of the lot of the poor, and his ministrations in this field are constant. No priest or minister of any faith has a larger, more trusting following than Father Milanese, and his works justify the love and confidence that are yielded him.

FRED N. ARCHIBALD—In a quiet legitimate way Fred N. Archibald has worked his way upward in the business world until, as a manufacturer and citizen he holds a secure place in the esteem of his contemporaries. He came to the city of Haverhill in childhood and there has continually proven himself a capable business man and a useful citizen. He is a son of Freedom N. and Sarah E. (Tobey) Archibald, both of ancient Maine ancestry who, at the time of the birth of their son, Fred N., were residing at Mechanics Falls, Maine. Freedom N. Archibald was a sole leather cutter, and in pursuit of his calling came to Haverhill, Massachusetts. He died July 7, 1919.

Fred N. Archibald, born at Mechanics Falls, Maine, April 5, 1878, was brought to Haverhill, Massachusetts, by his parents in 1880, and has since been a resident. He was educated in public schools of the city, Haverhill Business College, and Northeast College, of Boston, completing courses at the last named institution with graduation, class of 1910. His first business experience was as a builder of boats and canoes, but later he became interested in the manufacture of shoes, finally forming an association with the firm of Waring and Company, Incorporated, and through a regular course of promotion finally became a member of the firm. He has won the commendation and respect of his business associates, and the success which has come to him has been fairly won. Through the military service of his father in the Civil War, he gains admission to the Sons of Veterans and is a member of the Order Sons of St. George, both of Haverhill. In religious preference he is a Baptist.

Mr. Archibald married Carrie B. Parker, daughter of William and Martha T. (Marnes) Parker, her parents of New Hampshire birth. Mr. and Mrs. Archibald are the parents of three children: Gladys E., Inez E., and Mildred E.

ELMER WALTER BUDGELL—In the manufacturing progress of Salem, Massachusetts, Elmer

Walter Budgell is bearing a progressive part, and is also interested commercially here. Mr. Budgell is a son of W. J. Budgell, who was for many years general manager of the A. C. Laurence Company's plant in Peabody, Massachusetts, prominent tanners of that place.

Born in Danvers, on December 2, 1885, Elmer Walter Budgell attended the public schools of the town, and was graduated from the Danvers High School in the class of 1903. He began life in the employ of the A. C. Laurence Company, under his father, and continued there until the present business was purchased. In 1911 Mr. Budgell, together with his father and a younger brother, Frank W. Budgell, formed the concern since known as W. J. Budgell & Sons, tanners of sheepskins. Taking over the plant of the Barry Leather Company, a concern of eighty years' standing in Peabody, they have since carried on the business, largely increasing its scope. In 1916 they constructed a large new addition to the plant, about 60x150 feet, five stories high, thereby greatly increasing the capacity. They tan skins direct from the pickle to all shades, both for domestic and export trade. The business has increased until now they keep more than one hundred employees busy.

Mr. Budgell is a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce, and is the proprietor of the Murphy Coal Company, of Peabody. Fraternally, he is prominent, being a member of the Blue Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Danvers Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Swampscott Masonic Club. In politics, he is a Republican.

Mr. Budgell married, in 1908, in Salem, Massachusetts, Grace F. Sweden, and they have one son, Walter J., born January 4, 1910. The family attend the Methodist Episcopal church.

WILLIAM BRAY—A native of Newbury, Massachusetts, Mr. Bray's active career has been spent in his native State, and, while conducting business operations that have been broadly successful, he has been well known in local public affairs, his public services during the emergency of the World War having widened to include a large range of official duties. Mr. Bray attended public school until the age of fourteen years, and his formal training stopping at this time, his education has been self obtained. After employment in various capacities he engaged in the catering business in Haverhill, Massachusetts; later opened The Bald Pate Inn, Georgetown, Massachusetts, which he has conducted for a period of twenty-eight year. Bald Pate Inn has become known the world over as a unique place. No liquor of any kind has ever been sold there; because of that and the fact that the inn has been conducted on a high plane, the most exclusive people have enjoyed hospitality of the famous place.

Mr. Bray has held town offices for several years and has been prominent in all movements of progress and improvement. Efforts have been made

on numerous occasions to secure his candidacy for State offices, but each time he has declined on the ground that he could not see the opportunity for the accomplishment of the good that he desired. During the period of the United States' participation in the World War, there were many and heavy calls made upon him by the State and national authorities for co-operation and aid. He was an authorized agent of the treasury department of the United States to receive and issue United States war saving certificate stamps and United States thrift stamps, by appointment of William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury; was appointed by President Wilson a member of local board for division No. 21, of the State of Massachusetts, in the operation of the selective service act, was food administrator for Georgetown during the war and chairman of the local committee on public safety of Massachusetts, and was a factor in the placing of all liberty loans in Massachusetts, receiving upon the completion of each loan an expression of the appreciation of the officers and directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston.

Mr. Bray married Eliza Spofford, who was born in Bradford, Massachusetts, and whose death occurred in April, 1921. Mrs. Bray was the able second of her husband in much of his war work, and was a member of the Massachusetts Division of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense, and of the Massachusetts Food Administration. They were the parents of three daughters: Wilhelmine S., proprietor of a tea room in North Scituate, Massachusetts; Pauline, accounting secretary in the Bennett School of New York; and Ruth H. Doty, who is married and lives in Arlington, Massachusetts.

WILLIAM HENRY SAWYER, a prominent newspaper writer and correspondent, was for many years one of the foremost citizens of Methuen, Massachusetts. He was interested in all public matters and for several years was the correspondent for Methuen, of the "Boston Globe." Mr. Sawyer was born January 27, 1870, in Dover, New Hampshire, and died October 5, 1916, at the age of forty-six years, at Methuen.

He attended the grammar and high schools, and became interested in newspaper work at an early date. For ten years Mr. Sawyer was advertising manager of the "Lawrence Telegram," and had previously been associated with the "Lawrence American" for fifteen years. For the last sixteen years of his life he had been a member of the "Boston Globe" staff, as correspondent for Methuen. Mr. Sawyer was very aggressive and active, and in addition to his early newspaper work, he served as assistant postmaster. His fraternal connections included membership in the John Hancock Lodge of Masons, and Hope Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a member of the Methuen Club and of the Essex County Press Club.

Mr. Sawyer married, in Methuen, July 8, 1897, Harriet Martha Snell, of Dover, New Hampshire, daughter of George Calvin and Hannah Marion

Snell. They were the parents of a daughter, Pernis Low Sawyer, born June 21, 1902, a graduate of the Methuen High School, in the class of 1920. Mrs. Sawyer's ancestry traces to an old honored family of early New England days. Her father followed the sea for many years and after his marriage engaged in the business of market-gardening, and through her grandmother's line she can trace descent to Governor Roger Conant, the first Governor of the Cape Ann Colony. Mrs. Sawyer and her daughter make their home in Methuen, and are active members of the Universalist church.

MELVIN A. FARQUHAR, of Merrimac, Massachusetts, a building contractor, was born in New York, August 22, 1872, son of William and Mary (Easton) Farquhar, and grandson of William Farquhar. The last-named was born in Scotland, and of his four children were William and Robert.

William Farquhar, father of Melvin A., was born in Rockburn, Canada, in 1828, died in Merrimac, Massachusetts, in 1912, at the venerable age of eighty-four years. He was a man of fine record, a veteran of the Civil War, and an industrious responsible citizen. For many years he was a contractor and builder in Massachusetts, and esteemed by those who knew him well. The family home for many years was in Chautauqua, New York, and there William Farquhar married Mary Easton, who was born in that place. She died in October, 1892. Their children were: Robert, John, William, Alexander, James, George, Mary, Melvin A., Maggie, and Gene. William Farquhar lived for a further twenty years, and was a respected comrade of the Chautauqua Post, of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Melvin A. Farquhar was educated in the public schools of his native place, ultimately graduating from high school. For seven years after leaving school, he worked at carpentry, associating with his father. After that time, he decided to enter independently into business in Merrimac as a building contractor, and in such occupations and responsibilities the time has passed to the present. Mr. Farquhar has undertaken several important contracts successfully, and has reached a satisfactory state in material affairs, and he has been steady in his adherence to the church of his father and grandfather, the Methodist church.

He married, in Chautauqua, New York, July 4, 1905, Cora E. Gotuhier, daughter of Henry and Hattie (Miner) Gotuhier, of Chautauqua, the former a painting and paper-hanging contractor there. Mrs. Farquhar was born in Chautauqua in 1884.

M. F. WHEATLEY, owner of the Wheatley Motor Car & Garage Company, of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is one of the efficient and progressive business men of that city. He is also the owner of the Wheatley Transportation Company, sole agent of the H. J. Heintz products, and of the Brockway truck.

Mr. Wheatley was born October 6, 1882, at North Billerica, Massachusetts, son of William Wheatley,

a native of Ireland, who was occupied as a stationary engineer for many years; he died in 1919, surviving his wife, Margaret Kilbride, a native of England, eight years. Mr. Wheatley was educated in the public schools of Andover, Massachusetts, and at Holy Angel College, Buffalo, New York. Soon after returning to Lawrence, he engaged in the garage business and has been singularly successful. He added the transportation line in a few years, and each week delivers by automobile truck more than one hundred tons of Heintz products, for which he has the sole agency, from Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill. As before stated, Mr. Wheatley has the agency for the Brockway truck. His garage covers about ten thousand feet of floor space, with a capacity for fifty cars, and is very modern and up-to-date in every particular.

He married, in 1920, Norah C. Donovan, daughter of Lieutenant William Donovan, of the Lawrence Fire Department, and Hanna (Rice) Donovan. With his wife, Mr. Wheatley attends St. Patrick's Church, in Lawrence.

HARRY T. PLUMSTEAD, of Haverhill, manufacturer of shoe patterns, is widely known to shoe manufacturers in that part of Massachusetts. He has been making patterns for eighteen years in Haverhill, and is, in fact, the second oldest pattern maker of that city.

He was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, August 22, 1874. In his boyhood he attended the public schools of Lynn, and after leaving school found employment in the plant of J. A. Niles, a maker of shoe patterns. There he learned the trade which he has followed throughout his life. He worked in New York for a while, and later in Philadelphia and other cities. In 1903 he established himself in independent business in Haverhill, opening a shoe-pattern plant at No. 110 Washington street. He has been at that address ever since, and has a good share of the local trade. He makes all kinds of shoe patterns. Mr. Plumstead is a member of the Haverhill Chamber of Commerce, and fraternally belongs to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Haverhill, and the Lynn Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Congregational church of Haverhill.

LAWRENCE AUTO BODY COMPANY, INC.—In the manufacturing world of Lawrence, Massachusetts, the Lawrence Auto Body Company, Inc., is taking a permanent place. With Domnick Caranci as president and business manager, and John H. Harward as treasurer and production manager, the success of the enterprise is assured.

Mr. Caranci was born in Italy, September 7, 1884, and came to this country at the age of fourteen years. His father is still living in Italy, but his mother is deceased. Locating in Providence, Rhode Island, Mr. Caranci learned wool sorting, and was engaged in this occupation for a period of eight years. Coming to Lawrence in 1907, he took up life insurance for the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, and during the year

and a half of his experience in this line was the leader of fifty-two insurance solicitors. Mr. Caranci's next business experience was as a retail grocer, and for about seven years he conducted two stores in Lawrence, one at the corner of Lowell and Amesbury streets, and the other at the corner of Lawrence and Stearns avenues. He was very successful in this field, but having an opportunity to sell to advantage, he disposed of both stores, after which, for two years and a half, he was employed in the Arlington mill.

During this time Mr. Caranci was on the alert for a good opportunity of investing his capital in a profitable and permanent interest. Becoming associated with Mr. John H. Harward, an expert automobile body maker, the Lawrence Auto Body Company was formed, Mr. Caranci being the president and Mr. Harward the treasurer, Mathew Harward acting as clerk. The business has grown so rapidly in the short time which has elapsed since the date of organization (February, 1920), that the company is erecting a handsome new structure in South Lawrence for its accommodation. The new building will cost about \$20,000, and is one of the most complete and modern examples of industrial construction work in the city. It is fire-proof and dust-proof, and includes up-to-date paint shops. They build bodies for closed and open cars, also new tops, and do trimming as well. Entirely by their own efforts these young men have become the most representative concern in their line in this vicinity. The business was incorporated in February, 1920. Mr. Caranci is a member of the Knights of Columbus, of Lawrence, and of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He is a member of the Roman Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception, and of the Holy Name Society of this church.

On November 18, 1907, Mr. Caranci married Annie T. Linehan, of Lawrence.

John H. Harward, treasurer of the Lawrence Auto Body Company, was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, December 7, 1887, and is a son of Patrick Harward, of Amesbury. His mother is deceased. Receiving his early education in the public schools of his native town, he early entered the world of industry, later attending Case High School, in Detroit, Michigan, a celebrated drafting and engineering school, taking a two years' course. Mr. Harward has always been in similar work to that in which he is now engaged as an executive. He did more than eight hundred jobs of body building in the middle west, and was employed by the Pierce-Arrow Company, at Buffalo, for a year and a half. During the World War he had charge of the aluminum work on airplanes, at Waltham, Massachusetts, for the Metz Automobile Company. Coming to Lawrence in 1920 he became associated with Dominick Caranci, in the founding of the Lawrence Auto Body Company, of which he is now treasurer. With fourteen years of actual experience in the making of bodies for many types of cars, he is an expert in the work, and is especially fitted for the management of this business. The new factory is being constructed according to special plans which, from

his fund of experience, he has approved. He is now applying for a patent on an adjustable door bumper for automobiles, which will eliminate one of the every-day annoyances of the motorist. Mr. Harward is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, No. 909, and is a member of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

In April, 1918, Mr. Harward married Lucy Taffe, of Haverhill, Massachusetts.

ABRAHAM GLOVSKY—Although admitted to the bar only three years ago, the name of Abraham Glovsky is already carrying weight in legal matters in Essex county. Mr. Glovsky was born in Russia, December 10, 1896, a son of Meyer and Sadie (Bramborg) Glovsky, both of Russia.

Coming to this country with his parents as a child, Mr. Glovsky received his early education in the public schools of Salem. Choosing the law as his field, he entered Boston University Law School, and was graduated in the class of 1917. Following his graduation he spent about a year in the offices of McSweeney & McSweeney, the prominent Salem attorneys, then in March, 1918, was admitted to the Essex county bar. At that time he established himself in the profession, and now has offices both in Salem and Beverly, residing in the latter place. He has made a most promising beginning, and now has gained an assured position in his chosen profession. Mr. Glovsky is a member of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Salem branch of the same organization. Residing in Beverly, he is active in civic affairs there, and is a member of the Beverly Republican City Committee, also of the Chamber of Commerce of Beverly. He has also been active as a speaker in the interests of the Republican party.

In his more personal interests, Mr. Glovsky reaches out in various branches of endeavor. He is a member of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, of Salem, and served that organization as president in 1917 and 1918. He is a member of the Beverly Zionist Club, and was its president in 1919. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, of Beverly, and also of the Young Men's Christian Association, of that city. He worships with the Sons of Abraham and Isaac Congregation of Beverly.

Mr. Glovsky married, in June, 1917, Ruth M. Slotneck, of Wakefield, Massachusetts, and they have two sons, Charles Henry, born March 26, 1918, and William M., born October 3, 1921.

REV. SILAS LIVINGSTONE MORSE—A city is doubly blessed when a minister comes to serve it who has arrived at the height of his profession by a route that took him not only through the educational and theological institutions, but for years as well in secular business and trade. Rev. Silas Livingstone Morse, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, was for several years a master printer. His religious bent led him in Young Men's Christian Association work and he was for several years secretary of an important association. He then became

a missionary to the sailors in Boston, Massachusetts, and all these various vocations and experiences came before he entered a theological seminary. After graduation, he became a noted preacher, a helpful pastor, and a loved humanitarian. He is the son of Thomas Ansley and Margaretta Maud (Oxley) Morse. Thomas Ansley Morse was one of the famous old-time ship builders of Medford, Massachusetts, when the vessels were all made of wood and the American clipper ship was known the whole world around. He made vessels for the United States Government during the Civil War. In later years he moved his yards to Nova Scotia and continued his business there.

Silas Livingstone Morse was born January 25, 1859, at Bridgetown, Nova Scotia, Canada. He attended the public school of his native city and also gained an academic education in the Bridgetown Academy. His first effort at self-support was in a print shop, and in 1877 he came to Boston and went to work as a printer for Rand, Avery & Company, publishers and printers, with whom he remained for eleven years.

Of a religious temperament, he joined the Young Men's Christian Association and became so useful in its work that he was persuaded to become a secretary and for three years served as such in the Somerville (Massachusetts) Association. Realizing the needs of the sailors of our ports, and also how few people would sacrifice themselves and their time in that cause, he felt called to go among them, and for a five-year period served as missionary pastor of the First Mariner's Baptist Church of Boston.

Seeing the need of further training for his vocation, he entered the Newton Theological Institution of Newton, Massachusetts, from which he was graduated with the class of 1892, his ordination as a Baptist minister taking place in June of the same year at the above named church, where he continued as assistant pastor for one year, and then accepted a call to the First Baptist Church of Plymouth, Massachusetts, remaining for six years. During this same period he was a brilliant editorial writer for the Brockton "Times," until 1898.

Pastorates followed in the First Baptist Church of Medfield, Massachusetts, four years; the First Baptist Church of Merrimac, Massachusetts, seven years; and then for seven years in the Mt. Washington Baptist Church of Haverhill. Since 1915 Mr. Morse has been the assistant pastor of the First Baptist Church of Haverhill. Possibly one of the greatest honors that came to Mr. Morse, and certainly one of the best things that Northern Essex county ever did, was to appoint him probation and court officer for all that section of the county.

Mr. Morse is a Republican, but politics had nothing to do with his appointment. As the newspapers said, "for once, here was an office seeking a man, and not a man seeking an office." It is Rev. Mr. Morse's duty and pleasure to appear before the Central District Court of Northern Essex County at

Haverhill and investigate and plead the cases of delinquent and wayward children. The good he has done is incalculable. Many boys, who but for him would have spent a part of the most formative time of their lives in association with criminals, were rescued through his efforts and given the chance to make good, respectable citizens under more favorable conditions.

He has also been secretary and chairman of the school commission of the town of Merrimac, Massachusetts, for three years.

Mr. Morse fraternizes with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Olive Branch Lodge, No. 78, Boston, Massachusetts; the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Plymouth Rock Lodge, Plymouth, Massachusetts; the Masons, being a member of Merrimack Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Haverhill, which he has served as chaplain for three years; and the Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite, in which he has served as prelate.

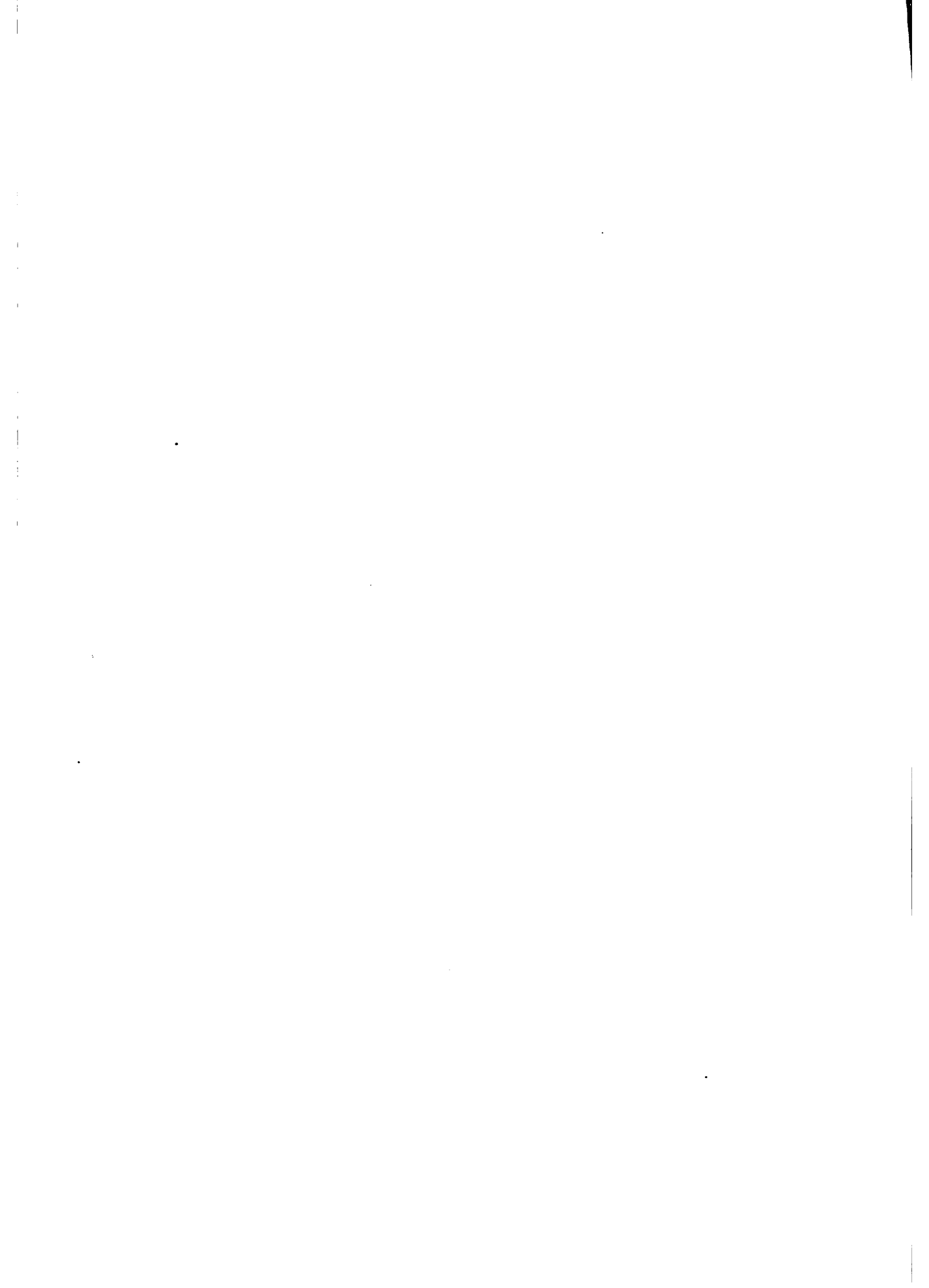
On September 8, 1881, at Somerville, Massachusetts, Mr. Morse was married to Julia Ella Reed, the daughter of William Henry Harrison Reed, and Mary (Peters) Crowninshield, residents of Lexington, Massachusetts. Rev. and Mrs. Morse are the parents of five children: 1. Silas Livingstone, Jr., born November 28, 1882, who is a graduate of Webb Academy for Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering, New York City, is now vice-president and manager of Pier 14, Jersey City, New Jersey, and conducts a business in ship repairing and building. 2. Harrison Reed, born January 5, 1884, civil engineer, a graduate of Washington and Lee University, of Lexington, Virginia; is now with the Standard Oil Company, and is the supervisor of their stations in the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. 3. Ella Ansley, born January 21, 1889, and died March 10, 1899. 4. Ruth Evelyn, born August 19, 1890, the wife of John Frank McInnis, who is a graduate of Webb Academy. 5. Mary Marguerite, born February 11, 1893, married Waldo Salisbury Quinney, a shoe dealer.

CHARLES SEWALL GOODRIDGE—For the past thirty-four years active in the insurance business in Lynn and Essex county, Charles S. Goodridge has long been a leading figure in this field of endeavor and is still handling large interests, although he has reached an age when many men retire.

Mr. Goodridge was born in Boston, October 11, 1854, and is a son of Sidney S. and Catherine (Quigley) Goodridge. The family removing to Lynn when Mr. Goodridge was a child of eight years, the greater part of his public school education was received in this city. For several years after completing the course he attended private evening schools, supplementing his education broadly. His first occupation was in the employ of Spaulding, Hay & Wales, a leading dry goods firm of that day, but remaining only a short time, he entered the employ of Richardson, Bird & Company, in the wholesale woolen business, where he continued



Charles S. Goodridge



for two years. Returning to Lynn, he accepted a position with Samuel P. Valpy, clothing and hat dealer, and was with him for about two years, after which he entered the clothing store of William Filene, in Lynn, with which he was identified for six years. Following this he was with Aaron Slater for about one year. Then Mr. Goodridge started in business for himself, in the field of hats and men's furnishings, and this venture proving eminently successful, he continued for seven years. He was then induced to accept the office of treasurer of the People's Loan Company, and in connection with the duties of this office, he also acted as agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York city, and also for the Employers' Liability Assurance Company. For seven years he carried forward these combined interests, then became district agent for the Employers' Liability Assurance Company, devoting his attention solely, from that time to the present, to the interests of this concern. He is still regularly at his desk, and holds the active management of the office. He was for five years president of the Lynn "News."

Mr. Goodridge is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, and is widely known in fraternal and club circles. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Lynn Historical Association. His clubs are the Oxford, Park, Swampscott, and Homestead Golf Club, also the Massachusetts, the Middlesex county, and the Essex County Republican clubs, member of Republican State Committee, 1918-1919-1920, and was a member of the executive committee, 1919 and 1920. Mr. Goodridge has always taken a keen interest in political affairs, and was a member of the City Council, Lynn, 1899-1900. He is a member of the Unitarian church.

In 1881 Mr. Goodridge married Nellie Marsh, and they have two daughters, Bessie B., wife of Harold A. Osborn, and Elbra F., wife of Cornelius Connor.

JOHN EDWARD KOEN—To the progressive business man, who is alert to every demand of the people, opportunity is not a fugitive visitor, but a daily servant. John Edward Koen, of Salem, Massachusetts, saw the trend of the times, when the moving pictures took the world by storm, and has made opportunity serve him at every turn.

Mr. Koen is a son of John and Mary (Scollon) Koen. He was born in Salem, January 18, 1878. Receiving a practical education in the public schools of that city, he started in life as a news boy. With his native capacity for making use of every scrap of information, his experiences along this line became of inestimable value to him. An opening in the leather business offering, he accepted it, and while thus engaged, managed to save a little capital for future business operations. His next step was an interest in a little store in North Salem, which he soon took over, and conducted for

seventeen years, with ever increasing success.

But this business did not satisfy the young man's ambition, neither was he content to sit down and wait for something better to seek him out. The moving picture idea was then beginning to take a strong grip on the people, and at the "Willows," the summer theatre, under the management of Mr. Gorman, was attracting large audiences. Mr. Koen secured the position of operator for the evening shows, and when his day's business was over at the store, ran the picture machine until the theatre closed for the night. But this side line ended with the close of the summer season.

Nevertheless Mr. Koen had become interested in the theatre idea, and in one form or another, was determined to carry it through, to at least, some measure of success. Accordingly he arranged moving picture shows and musical entertainments for lodges and other organizations, covering frequent dates all through the winter. His success along this line was, perhaps, augmented by certain appreciation of the element of suitability, and the faculty for gauging the taste of his audience, in advance of the occasion.

This carried Mr. Koen's interests in the line of entertainments, down to the time when Edison's improved projecting machine, revolutionized the still new moving picture world. Mr. Koen bought one of these machines, and hiring Odell Hall, opened it to the public with regular shows. The urge for independence was strong, however, and taking a lease of half a store, he fitted it up, what was then, the largest moving picture theatre in Salem, the "Cozy Theatre," with a seating capacity of 144 people.

This was the beginning of the group of theatres, now conducted under the Koen name, every building at present being owned by the company. Mr. Koen's progress was steady, if gradual at the beginning. The second step upward was the "Comique Theatre," with its greater seating capacity of 226. The growing audiences soon filled this to overflowing, and then Mr. Koen and his brother, William H. Koen, enlarged the "Comique" to a seating capacity of 500. They established a branch theatre, bearing the same name, in Beverly, and this was conducted very successfully, for a period of two years. This division of interests, in the feature of locality, appeared to them as inadvisable at this stage of the game, however, and their interests in Beverly were disposed of. Their next step was to take over the "Salem Theatre."

Centering their attention on the possibilities within the city of Salem, they launched a project, which, in the face of the criticism they met, was little short of daring. This was the purchase of the site of the "Federal Theatre," and the erection of the handsome structure, in which it is now housed. This theatre was opened, March 28, 1918, still early in the history of the "screen," as it is today. The response of the public was ample vindication of the enterprise of the Koen brothers, and the continued success of this theatre is still

one of the significant facts of the world of recreation in Salem.

Meanwhile, the Koen interests extended to include the "Colonial Theatre" in Haverhill, Massachusetts, and then the "Empire" in Salem, the latter being devoted to the Keith productions in vaudeville, as well as high class pictures. Their latest development is the purchase of the "City Theatre," in Brockton, which was recently opened under their management, and is making a striking success. The four buildings which house the Salem theatres of the Koen brothers are owned by them, and the theatres proper are models of artistic decoration, convenience and comfort. The "Federal" and the "Empire" each contains a fine organ, and the music is considered one of the principal attractions.

John Edward Koen is not merely a man of business. In all his success he is, to his hosts of friends, the same straightforward, whole-souled comrade that they knew in the old days of his early struggles. He is widely connected socially and fraternally, is a member of the Rotary Club, of the Friars Club, and is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Knights of Columbus. He is, of course, a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce, and is an influential member of the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association.

John Edward Koen married Frances J. Eagan, daughter of Edward and Bridget Eagan; they are members of St. James Roman Catholic Church of Salem.

William Henry Koen, Mr. Koen's brother, and of recent years, his business partner, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, June 10, 1879. Receiving his early education in the public schools of Salem, he was graduated from the Salem High School in the class of 1897, then entered the Boston College, taking the academic course, which he completed in 1902. From that time on, he was employed in the engineering department of the city of Salem, up to 1914. During the last year or two of that period, he was also identified with his elder brother, John Edward Koen, in the progress of his business interests in the theatrical world.

In 1915, William H. Koen definitely left behind all other business, to give his entire time to the rapidly developing theatre business, in which he and his brother are now achieving the success, that has attracted such wide attention. They have since worked together, until at this time, they stand at the head of the theatre world in this part of the State. William H. Koen is prominent also, in the various activities of the city. He is a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce, and interested in all that makes for the progress of the community. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Knights of Columbus, and of the Foresters of America. He is also a member of St. James Church.

On June 9, 1898, William H. Koen married Ellen E. Barry, daughter of John J. and Katherine (Digging) Barry, both natives, and now residents here. Mr. and Mrs. Koen have five children: William J.,

born June 27, 1909; Eileen, born March 21, 1911; Mary, born October 13, 1912; Rita, born December 14, 1914; and Francis, born August 12, 1915.

FREDERICK J. DESMOND, D. D. S.—In dental profession in Beverly, Massachusetts. Frederick J. Desmond has gained a secure footing and is going forward to success. Dr. Desmond was born in Beverly, October 26, 1894, and is a son of Timothy J., now deceased, and Anna F. (Conroy) Desmond, life-time residents of Beverly. Tim J. Desmond had been connected with the shoe industry in this city for many years.

Receiving his early education in public schools in Beverly, Dr. Desmond, as a young man, took his course at St. John's Preparatory School, at Beverly, Massachusetts, and after his graduation from this institution, entered Tufts College, in due course receiving his degree of D. D. S. He entered into the practice of his profession in Beverly, in 1916. Before the close of the year he had become one of the many young men who responded to the world's great need. He enlisted, December, 1917, in the United States Naval Reserves, and served as a second class hospital apprentice until his discharge in June, 1920. Returning to Beverly, he resumed interrupted practice, and is building up a prosperous business, handling also the duties of a self-scientist of the city. Dr. Desmond is a member of the Beverly Chamber of Commerce. He is well known fraternally, affiliating with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Columbus, the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Young Men's Catholic Total Abstinence Association, and the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters.

On August 3, 1920, Dr. Desmond married Muriel J. Publicover, of Beverly Farms, Massachusetts, daughter of Captain Willard B. and Maria (Peeples) Publicover, of that place. Mrs. Desmond's mother is a native of Nova Scotia.

JAMES E. McVANN, LL.B.—As a prominent attorney of Peabody, James E. McVann is widely interested in public activities along every line of human progress. Mr. McVann was born in Peabody, December 24, 1881, and is a son of John McVann, who was born in Ireland, came to the United States in his youth, and is now superintendent of the Essex Trap Rock Company, of Peabody.

Receiving his early education in the public and high schools of Peabody, Mr. McVann began his study of law in the offices of Frank E. Farnham, long a leading attorney of this county, who died in 1915. In 1912 Mr. McVann entered the Northeastern College, in Boston, from which he was graduated in 1916 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Continuing his studies thereafter, he was admitted to the bar, March 24, 1916. On January 1, 1918, Mr. McVann formed the present partnership with Horace Porter Farnham, son of the late Frank E. Farnham. They now occupy a handsome suite of offices, centrally located at Peabody Square.





Frank E. Smith

On October 23, 1919, Mr. McVann was admitted to the United States court in Boston. He is a member of the Essex County Bar Association, and of the Salem Bar Association. He is a member of the Peabody Chamber of Commerce. Politically he is a leader in the Republican party, and he has twice been honored by the Eleventh Essex District, by election to the Massachusetts Legislature, first in 1919, for the session of 1919-20, and again in the last election, for the session of 1921-22. Fraternally he is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and will be a charter member of the new lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, now being formed in Peabody. He is a member of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, of Peabody.

On January 9, 1919, Mr. McVann married Helen G. Regan, who was born in Peabody, daughter of William H. and Mary F. (Kiely) Regan. Mrs. McVann's father was born in Peabody, and her mother in Hamilton, Massachusetts. Before her marriage Mrs. McVann was a teacher in the public schools of Salem. Mr. and Mrs. McVann have one son, Robert Edward, born October 30, 1919. They now reside at No. 4 Fay avenue, Peabody.

CLARENCE E. GERRISH—For many years active in the shoe industry, Clarence E. Gerrish, of Lynn, has for twenty-seven years been identified with the real estate business in this city.

Mr. Gerrish was born in Deerfield, New Hampshire, August 9, 1850, and is a son of Joseph K. and Mary A. (Smith) Gerrish. The father was a farmer of Deerfield, and the mother was born in Calais, Maine.

Receiving his early education in the public schools of Deerfield, he was graduated from the Northwood Seminary, in the class of 1870. After completing his studies, Mr. Gerrish learned the shoe trade with Pillsbury Brothers, of Northwood, where he remained for five years. He came to Lynn in 1875, and was here first associated with Charles Buffum, for a period of ten years. He then made shoes under his own name, and had built up a promising business, when his plant was destroyed by fire, in 1889. Later he was engaged in the manufacture of shoes, as a partner of the firm of Gerrish & Felton. In 1894 Mr. Gerrish entered the real estate field, in which he has since been successfully engaged. Mr. Gerrish is a member of Bay State Lodge, No. 40, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Houghton Horticultural Society. He attends the Washington Baptist Church.

Clarence E. Gerrish married Lucy A. Jenkins, of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, daughter of James and Susan L. Jenkins, originally of Maine.

FRANK ELLINGWOOD SMITH—Holding a leading position among the undertakers of Salem, Massachusetts, Frank Ellingwood Smith is also widely prominent in fraternal circles.

Mr. Smith is a son of John E. and Liza (Allen) Smith, formerly of Manchester, Massachusetts. John E. Smith was a cabinet maker by trade. He

was killed by an accident when his son was only seven years of age. On his mother's side, through the Allen line, Frank Ellingwood Smith traces back to 1620, before the arrival of the "Mayflower" on our shores. William Allen came to America in an earlier ship, with a few families, who settled near Salem. After a bitterly hard winter nearly all died, but William Allen survived. He was a carpenter by trade, and built the first house in Salem.

Frank Ellingwood Smith was born in Manchester, Massachusetts, on September 22, 1856. He learned the trade of cabinet maker early in life, and during his experience in this line made many coffins and buried many of the old residents of this section of the State, sometimes making the caskets from solid mahogany. Later he was with his uncle in the same business, at Salem, Massachusetts.

Nearly forty years ago Mr. Smith came to Salem, and a few years later started in business for himself as an undertaker. He has been successful from the first, and has for many years taken the lead in the mortuary interests of the city. He is a member of the National Funeral Directors' Association, and of the Massachusetts branch of the organization.

Fraternally Mr. Smith is widely known. He is a member of Perfection Lodge, of Sutton, Massachusetts, Free and Accepted Masons; of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters; Winslow Commandery, Knights Templar, and of Star King Lodge, of Salem. He is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Boston; Order of the Eastern Star. He is a member of Fraternity Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Salem Encampment, Rebekah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the New England Order of Protection, and of John Endicott Lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Mr. Smith married (first) Jeannette K. Collins, and they were parents of three children: Frederick L., who married Mignonette Gay, of Salem, and has two children, Raymond and Eleanor; Grace A., who became the wife of Joseph Banks, and has one son, Horton; and Chester C., who married Gertrude Fry, and has two children, Dorris, and C. Allen.

Mr. Smith's mother is still living, at the age of eighty-seven years, also her second husband, Julius F. Rabardy, a venerable veteran of the Civil War, who lost a leg at the Battle of Antietam.

CHARLES R. O'CONNELL—In legal circles in Essex county, Charles R. O'Connell is well-known, having offices in both Peabody and in Boston. Mr. O'Connell was born in Peabody, September 16, 1874, and is a son of John and Mary A. O'Connell. John O'Connell for more than fifty years was a resident of Peabody, and during all his lifetime was a leather worker. He died June 4, 1920.

As a boy, Mr. O'Connell attended the public schools of Peabody, then entered the world of industry as a printer, and was for a considerable period with the Lynn "Item." His plans for the future, however, embraced a higher education and a

professional career, and he did not allow himself to lose sight of his objective point. He finally covered his professional course at Suffolk Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1912. He was later admitted to the United States courts, and with offices in Boston and Peabody, is now handling an extensive legal business.

Mr. O'Connell is a member of the Essex county and Salem bar associations. He has served the public in various capacities, most prominently in 1911-12, as representative of the city of Peabody to the Massachusetts Legislature, also as chairman of a special investigating committee for the town of Peabody. During the World War he served on the registration board; also enlisted for active service, but was not commissioned until immediately prior to the armistice, so did not see service. Fraternally Mr. O'Connell is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and of the Knights of Columbus. He is a member of Typographical Union, No. 120.

DR. CHARLES ARONSON, M. D.—In the public economy of the present day the care of the helpless is entrusted only to skilled hands, and the alleviation of the condition of the needy is counted a part of the public duty. In Salem, Massachusetts, Dr. Charles Aronson holds the responsible position of city physician.

Dr. Aronson was born in Boston, on May 18, 1895, and is a son of Nathan Aronson and Dora (Semanskoy) Aronson. The family removing to Salem when he was five years of age, the boy's education was begun in the public schools of that city. After his graduation from the Salem High School, the young man entered Tufts Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1916, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He then spent one year as interne, at the Salem Hospital, thereafter taking up the general practice of medicine.

Thus it was just at the beginning of his career that to Dr. Aronson came the great opportunity of service. The need for skilled hands in the many ramifications of war activity came to him with strong appeal, and he enlisted in the United States Army as first lieutenant of the Medical Corps. His term of service was from August 1, 1917, until January 1, 1918. He was first stationed at Fort Slocum, and later at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

Upon his discharge from the service Dr. Aronson returned to his native city and again took up his practice. He is now on the high road to success, having already won a considerable private practice, and holds responsible offices in the city administration. He is at present city physician, having charge of the poor who need medical care and attention, and also has charge of the Contagious Hospital. He was designated examiner of the United States Veterans' Bureau.

Dr. Aronson is taking a position of dignity in the profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association and of the Association of Military Surgeons.

Fraternally Dr. Aronson is also prominent, being

a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Loyal Order of Moose, and is a member of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, of which he is ex-president, and of Independent Order B'nai Brith, of which he is vice-president. He worships with the Congregation of the Sons of Jacob, of which church he is an influential member.

Dr. Charles Aronson married January 15, 1921, Bettina Slevins, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, a daughter of Max and Dora Slevins. They have one child, Doris, born October 16, 1921.

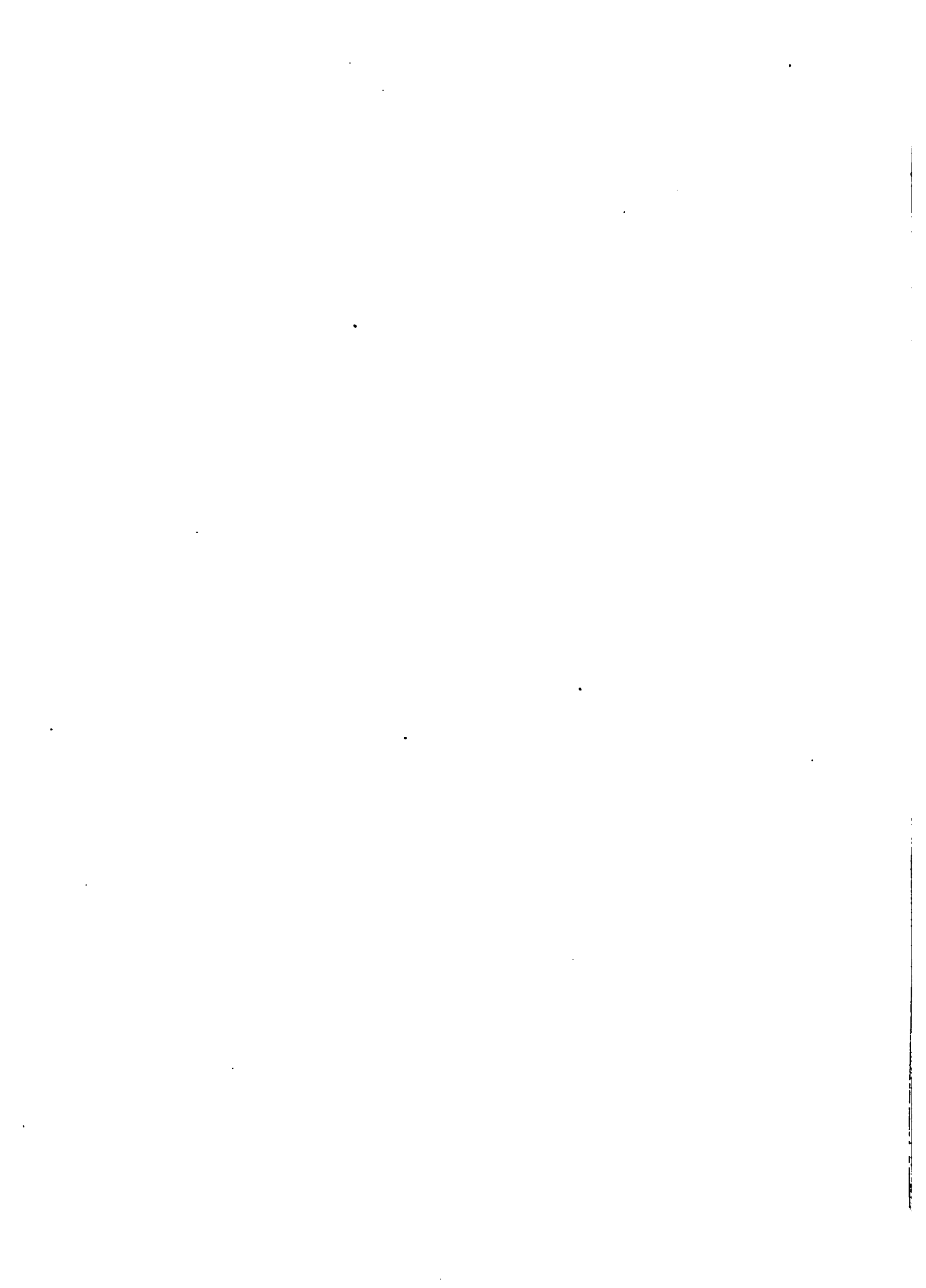
JOHN MAITLAND—For many years familiar with the needs of manufacturers, using threads in the making of their products, John Maitland, of Swampscott and Lynn, has for the past decade been a significant factor in the thread industry. Mr. Maitland is a native of England, and is a son of John and Elizabeth (Wilson) Maitland, his father having been a stevedore in the British Naval Reserve.

Mr. Maitland was born in Liverpool, England, April 5, 1859, and was educated in the public schools of the city. Coming to America in his youth, he became agent for the Reece Button Hole Machine Company, which position he held for a period of twenty-five years. In 1911 he started in the thread business as mill agent for the Bay State Thread Works, and also for the Roxbury Shoe Thread Company, of Boston. These concerns manufacture Sea Island threads for stitching and making rooms, and fine shoe threads. In his association with these concerns, Mr. Maitland has not been content merely to manage the distribution of the product; he has gone deeper into the use of threads, noted the customs of the garment and shoe manufacturers, and the habits of their operatives in handling threads. He has found conditions involving heavy waste in the use of thread, and to correct this waste and conserve raw material as well as manufacturing processes, he invented an ingenious and convenient device for handling threads, both in factories and on the sewing machines in household use. This device he has patented, and it is being widely adopted, a fact which means, in the aggregate, large economy in cotton.

In the political world Mr. Maitland supports the Democratic party. Fraternally he holds membership with the Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Improved Order of Red Men, the latter of East Boston; the other orders of Lynn. He resides in Swampscott, and is a member of the Church of the Holy Name in that community.

On July 2, 1878, in Liverpool, England, John Maitland married Jane Webster Howard, and they have fourteen children, seven sons and seven daughters.

JOHN C. DONOVAN—Well-known in Lynn business circles, John C. Donovan is also prominent, fraternally. Mr. Donovan was born in Marblehead, Massachusetts, November 17, 1866, and is a





George W. Cressy

son of John and Hannah (McGrath) Donovan, both his parents having been born in County Cork, Ireland.

Receiving a practical education in the public schools of Marblehead, Mr. Donovan went to work with his father. Later they went into the undertaking business together in Lynn, under the name of J. Donovan & Son. Upon the death of his father, in 1907, Mr. Donovan took over the entire interest, and has since carried on the business under his own name.

Mr. Donovan is a member of Valladolid Council, No. 170, Knights of Columbus, of Lynn; and of General Montgomery Consistory, No. 149; Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters.

In 1896 John C. Donovan married Mary F. Curran, of Lynn, Massachusetts, daughter of John and Anne (Murphy) Curran, both natives of County Cork, Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Donovan have six children: John C. Jr., Mary F., Gertrude R., Paul A., Margaret L., and James M.

Mr. Donovan has made a scientific study of the profession that he may be said to have been born into. He has kept abreast of the times with regard to service and modern equipment. His genial personality, combined with a thorough knowledge of his work, has in no small manner been responsible for his success.

GEORGE W. CREESY was born at Salem, Massachusetts, in the year 1851, and is a son of Charles and Mary Ann Creesy. His father was for thirty years the superintendent of Harmony Grove Cemetery.

Mr. Creesy received his early education in the public schools of Salem, and at Master Leavitt's private school, in the same city. Upon leaving school, he became his father's assistant in matters pertaining to the Harmony Grove Cemetery, but, wishing to learn a trade, he gave up the work at the cemetery and spent three years with a carpenter, acquiring a practical knowledge of building. He then returned to the Harmony Grove Cemetery and was placed in charge of the greenhouses. In 1880 he was elected to fill the position of superintendent and he has had complete charge of the cemetery grounds ever since. Mr. Creesy's indefatigable efforts resulted in the founding of the Blake Memorial Chapel, in the work of which he was greatly interested. He worked assiduously for the organ fund and at the present time is bending all his energies towards the completion of the beautiful windows, which are said to be among the finest examples of stained glass in the country.

A public-spirited man, Mr. Creesy has served on many boards and committees. He was a member of the City Council of Salem for two years and an alderman for one year. He served on the School Board for nine years, and for seven years was a member of the Park Department. He is the treasurer of the Essex County Agricultural School. He is a director of the Roger Conant Coöperative bank, and a member of the Independent Order of

Odd Fellows, the Masonic order, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

George W. Creesy married Emily F. Plummer, and to this union was born four children: Edith G.; Helen R., wife of George Morrison; George Bertram, married Roberta Carleson; and Charles S., married Irene Tolman, and they have two children: Charles S. Jr., and Julia E.

JOHN HENRY SEALE, D. V. S.—Dr. Seale, well known in Salem for the past twenty-five years for the ability with which his extensive practice as a veterinary has been conducted and his professional interests have been furthered, is regarded as one of the representative citizens of this city. He was born in Quebec, Canada, October 13, 1869, the son of Edward and Elizabeth (Payne) Seale, both deceased.

His education was obtained in the public schools of his native place and at McGill University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Science in 1892, after which he opened an office at Spokane, Washington. Two years later he returned to his alma mater for the purpose of studying to become a physician, but had to terminate his studies there on account of poor health. In 1895 he came to Salem, Massachusetts, and opened an office at 126 Bridge street, where he has since been engaged in the active practice of his profession as a veterinary, and for the past twelve years, since 1908, has been animal inspector for the city of Salem. Dr. Seale is a member of the Massachusetts Veterinary Association, of which he was president one term.

In politics he is a Republican, and takes an active interest in the affairs of the organization. He affiliates with the Knights of Pythias, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. An Episcopalian in his religious views, he attends St. Peter's Church of that denomination. Dr. Seale also holds membership in the "Now and Then" Club.

On December 26, 1894, John Henry Seale was united in marriage with Ethel Ryan, of Montreal, and they are the parents of four children: Muriel, Edward Kenneth, associated with the State Street Trust Company of Boston; Elizabeth, and Catherlyn.

Any reference to the appearance and manner of Dr. Seale would be out of place here, inasmuch as over a score of years of successful practice and good citizenship have made him thoroughly familiar to a large number of the residents of Salem.

ROBERT L. CARTON—Prominent in the business life of Lynn, Robert L. Carton is bearing a part in the general advance.

Mr. Carton was born in Woburn, Massachusetts, July 24, 1874, and is a son of Richard and Susan (Burns) Carton. The elder Mr. Carton was a conductor on the Boston & Maine railroad for a period of fifty-two years. The mother was a native of St. John's, New Brunswick.

Gaining his education in the public schools of

Woburn, Mr. Carton was first employed by Nichols & Brooks, of Woburn, remaining with them for fifteen years. Thereafter he was with Thomas C. Rafferty, of Boston, for five years, then started for himself in Wakefield, Massachusetts. Remaining there for only two years, however, Mr. Carton came to Lynn, and bought out William Cullerton, undertaker, on Western avenue. In 1908 he removed to McDonough square, his present location, and has enjoyed an unusual degree of success, winning a leading position in his line. Mr. Carton is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, No. 278, of Lynn.

JAMES L. BRYANT—For forty-four years a resident of Lynn, and always active in some line of useful endeavor, James L. Bryant has for the past twenty-eight years conducted a successful undertaking establishment in Lynn.

Mr. Bryant was born in Salem, New Hampshire, and educated in the public schools of that town. He is a son of James A. and Susan (Roberts) Bryant, formerly of Salem, New Hampshire, long since deceased.

Early entering the world of industry, Mr. Bryant was first employed as a shoe maker for George Roberts, in his native town. Later for a time he worked on farms in the neighborhood, then was associated with Tenny Brothers, at Methuen, for nine years. In 1877 he came to Lynn, and for a time was employed at the factory of W. H. Drew, and later with Fields & Randall. Afterwards he acted as foreman and superintendent for W. D. Sprague, of Lynn, and E. S. Woodbury, of Salem, Massachusetts. In 1898 Mr. Bryant entered business for himself, choosing, however, a different line of effort; after the necessary study and preparation, he began the work of undertaking and funeral directing. He has kept pace with the times in the wonderful advance which has been made in this profession in recent years, and is very successful.

Mr. Bryant served in the Civil War with the Eighth Massachusetts Volunteers, and has since been a member of Post No. 5, Grand Army of the Republic. He is a charter member of the Richard W. Drown Lodge, No. 106, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Evangeline Lodge, No. 58, Daughters of Rebekah; of William Sutton Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; of Abraham Lincoln Lodge, Knights of Pythias; of the Knights of Malta; and a member of Majestic Lodge, New England Order of Protection.

In 1880 James L. Bryant married Susan A. Taylor, daughter of John and Susan Rebecca (Bates) Taylor, of Plymouth, Massachusetts. The father was a native of Plymouth, but the mother was born in Matoposet. To Mr. and Mrs. Bryant has been born a daughter, Carrie S.

JAMES H. JACOBS—For years active in the contracting business in Marblehead, James H.

Jacobs has come to be a leader in this line of work and is doing a very successful business.

Mr. Jacobs was born April 17, 1868, in Neponset Illinois, and is a son of James and Lucy A. (Keene) Jacobs. His father was born in Fairfield, Maine, and his mother in Stockton. They went West in early life, but after a few years returned to their native State.

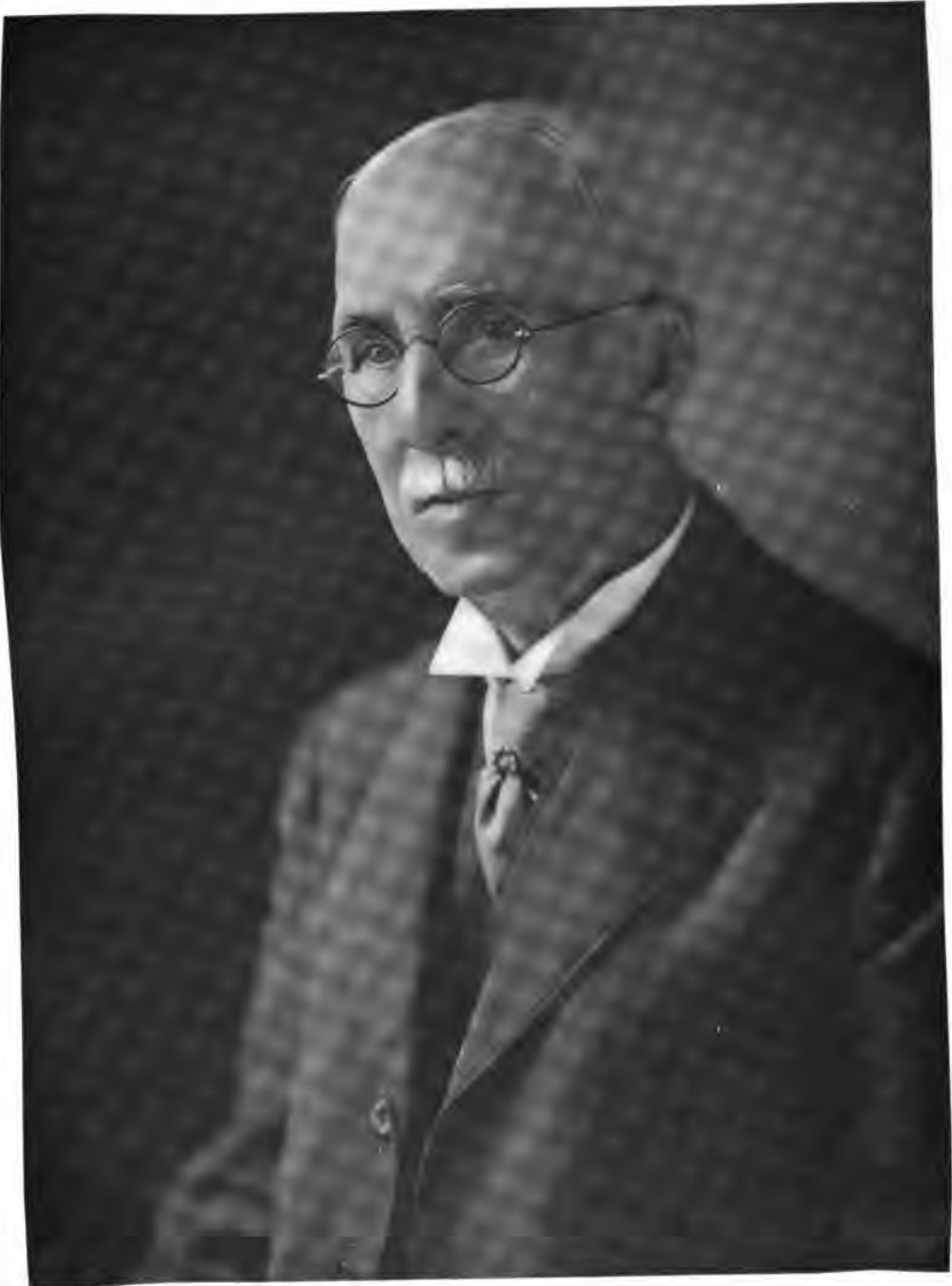
Mr. Jacobs received his education in the public schools of Stockton Springs, Maine. After completing his studies he took up farming, but decided not to make it his life-work. Coming to Essex county, he entered the employ of J. F. Seavex, in the carpenter's trade, later remaining with him as a journeyman. Altogether he was associated with Mr. Seavex for about ten years. Thereafter he struck out for himself as a contractor and jobber, and is still carrying on an ever-increasing and prosperous business.

Mr. Jacobs is a member of Philanthropic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Marblehead, and is a member of the Clifton Hunt Club.

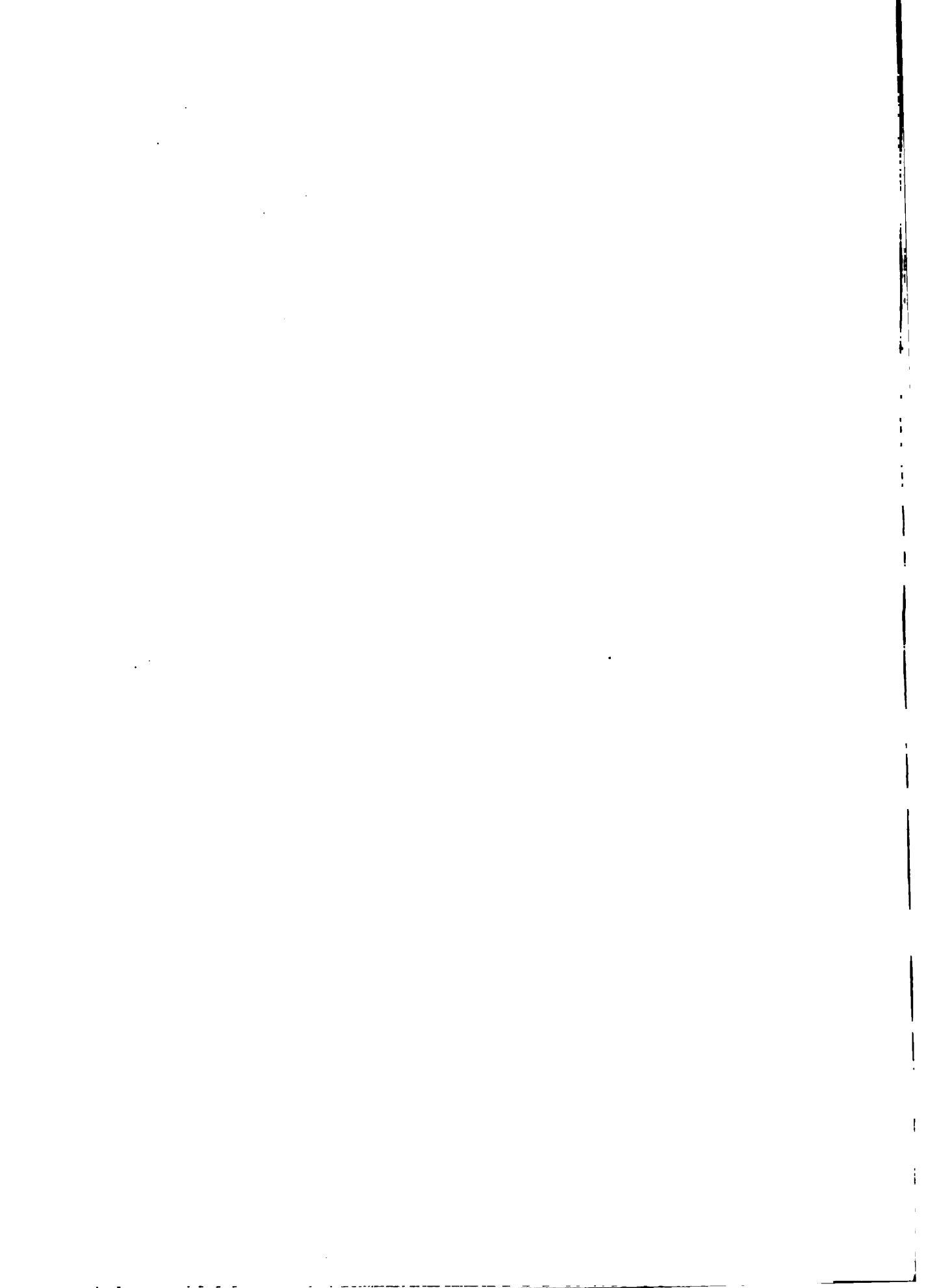
James H. Jacobs married M. Elizabeth Kiely, daughter of David H. and Elizabeth P. (Hunson) Kiely, of Boston. Mrs. Jacobs' mother came from the Straits of Canso. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs have two daughters, Ethel Hunter, and Grace Mason.

GEORGE H. NEWHALL, one of the most prominent citizens of Lynn, Massachusetts, bears a name that is very frequently found in the early records of that city and of northeastern Massachusetts. He was born in Lynn, October 24, 1850, son of Isaac and Sarah (Graves) Newhall, and a descendant of Thomas Newhall, the first white child born in Lynn in 1680. Mr. Newhall attended the public schools and the Wesleyan Academy at Wilbraham, and at a very early age entered the public service, to which he has devoted the greater part of his life, and today, at the age of seventy-one years, ably represents his constituents in the Massachusetts House of Representatives. He is a Republican. In addition to his civic duties Mr. Newhall has carried on a successful real estate business for many years, in which he also retains an interest at the present time. In 1886 he was a member of the Common Council, serving as president of this body the following year; in 1889 and 1890 he was an alderman, and in 1894 and 1895 represented his party in the Lower House; he also served 1904-05 on the board of aldermen, again being elected to this office in 1905, 1906, '07 and '08. Later, in 1910-11-12 he served in the Senate, and in 1912 received the nomination for mayor and was elected and served for five successive years, serving as mayor longer than any other mayor of Lynn up to that time. Again, in 1919, Mr. Newhall was elected to the House of Representatives, and is still serving there, having been elected 1919-20-21 and 22.

He has long been one of the most eminently public-spirited citizens of Lynn, and has been distinguished for his zeal. He has always regarded



George H. Newhall



himself as a public servant, and by thinking of nothing but serving the public, he has served it well.

During the World War Mr. Newhall was an associate member of the Board of Legal Advisers for the Government, and he was chairman of the Legislative Committee which drafted the Municipal Finance Act for the State of Massachusetts.

Mr. Newhall married Martha L. Nourse of Cambridge, and of their five children two are now living. They are: Loella, a French and German instructor in the Lynn High School; and Elizabeth, wife of Ralph J. Fogg, a member of the Lehigh University faculty of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. The family attend the First Methodist Episcopal Church and aid in its support, Mr. Newhall being one of the official members of this church. He is a member of Blue Lodge, Council, and Commandery of Masonic order; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and encampment; Knights of Pythias, the Red Men, the Benevolent and the Lynn Historical Society, and the Sons of the American Revolution.

HENRY H. FULLAM—Prominent in the business life of Lynn, Henry H. Fullam has achieved success, entirely by his own efforts, and is carrying forward a prosperous interest.

Mr. Fullam was born in Bucksport, Maine, March 4, 1863, and is a son of Henry O. and Susan M. (Billings) Fullam, both natives of that State.

Receiving only the education to be secured in the public schools of his native town, Mr. Fullam worked on board the coast-wise sailing boats between Bangor and Boston, for about six years. Then, in 1878, he enlisted in the United States Navy, and for four years was on the Man-of-War "Trenton," which was wrecked on the Samoan Islands. When Mr. Fullam returned to Massachusetts, he spent about five years in the employ of Samuel C. White; then at the end of that period, purchased the business, and continued it under the name of "H. H. Fullam & Company." This business is conducted under Mr. Fullam's personal supervision. It is located at No. 127 Oxford street, Lynn, and long since has become a prosperous interest. In connection with this principal business activity, Mr. Fullam was for fifteen years proprietor of a stable at No. 210 Union street. Mr. Fullam is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce, a member of the Gentlemen's Driving Club, and is a member of Lodge No. 55, Improved Order of Red Men.

On July 3, 1902, Henry H. Fullam married Jennie Adair, daughter of John and Mary A. (Joab) Adair, of New Brunswick, Canada.

JOSEPH ODILON LE BLANC, D. D. S.—One of the younger professional men of Salem, Massachusetts, who gives promise of gratifying success, is Dr. Joseph Odilon Le Blanc, the young Essex street dentist. Dr. Le Blanc is the son of Joseph

Le Blanc, of this city, for many years a carpenter, but now retired from active business. He married Elisine Blanger, who is now deceased. Dr. Le Blanc is the only son, the two daughters now being respectively, Mrs. Diana, and Mrs. Le May.

Joseph Odilon Le Blanc was born in Salem, October 23, 1889. He received his early education in St. Joseph's Parochial School, then attended the grammar and high schools of the city. Following his high school graduation he spent four years at St. Hyacinth Seminary, in Canada; then returned to Salem, and entered the office of Dr. Bickell. Here he remained for eleven years, studying and practicing until he became proficient in the profession of dentistry. He passed the Massachusetts State Board October 18, 1917. On that date he enlisted for service in the World War, as associate dental surgeon. He went to Fort Ethan Allen, in Vermont, and was assistant at the Base Hospital of the Massachusetts Unit, No. 66. On December 19, 1917, he sailed for France, and upon arriving there was assigned to the American Hospital, No. 1, stationed at Neuilly. He served until early in the year 1919, then returned to Camp Devens, Massachusetts, and was discharged from the service, February 27 of that year. Immediately thereafter Dr. Le Blanc returned to Salem, and opened an office in the city, becoming a practicing dentist. He is already winning his way to substantial success. He is a member of the New England Dental Society. The Doctor is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

JOSEPH H. GOVE—Long prominent in the musical world, Joseph H. Gove, of Lynn, is most widely known as the leader of Gove's Military Band.

Mr. Gove was born at Nahant, Massachusetts, March 18, 1878, and is a son of George W. and Isabelle E. (Johnson) Gove, both natives of Nahant. His father, who was a fisherman, died in 1882.

Receiving a practical education in the public schools of his native town, Mr. Gove, with a natural talent for music, entered the Ivers & Pond piano factory, in Boston, as a tuner. Later he was associated with the New England Piano Company in the same capacity, and still later became head tuner for the Gile Company's factory. During all this time he studied music, making a specialty of the cornet, and in 1904 became cornet soloist at Point of Pines. Ten years later, in 1914, he established Gove's Military Band, which has since been one of the most popular musical organizations in this part of Essex county.

Mr. Gove is a member of Damascus Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Lynn, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Rotary Club, both of Lynn; of the Swampscott Masonic Club, and of the Maolis Club, of Nahant. For three years Mr. Gove was a member of the

Twelfth Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard, and was commissioned lieutenant on October 18, 1920.

On April 24, 1909, Joseph H. Gove married Ethel F. Jenkins, of Lynn, daughter of Frank and Florence (Bartlett) Jenkins, of Lynn. Mr. and Mrs. Gove have one daughter, Dorothy C.

FRANCIS H. RAMSDELL — The name of Ramsdell has for many years been connected with the growth and development of the town of Marblehead, Massachusetts, and Francis H. Ramsdell now takes a leading part in real estate interests here.

Mr. Ramsdell is a son of Samuel F. and Elizabeth W. (Hathaway) Ramsdell, of this place. Samuel F. Ramsdell was born in Marblehead, and for the greater part of his life was engaged in the contracting business. He was identified with many of the important building operations of a generation ago, and died in 1911, at the age of seventy-six years.

Francis H. Ramsdell was born in Marblehead, August 8, 1857, and received a practical education in the public schools of the town. After completing his studies he took up the carpenter's trade, and for years worked along this line, in Marblehead and the surrounding towns. He has now, for some time, been engaged in the real estate business, and is carrying forward this branch of endeavor, most successfully.

Mr. Ramsdell is broadly interested in every phase of public progress, and endorses every movement which advances the public good. He is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men.

LOUIS E. TIMSON—The name of Timson, in Lynn, Massachusetts, is a leading one in the shoe industry, and Louis E. Timson, of the Charles O. Timson Shoe Company, Incorporated, has placed his name prominently also in the war records of the city.

Mr. Timson was born in Swampscott, Massachusetts, March 23, 1890, and is a son of Charles O. and Susan M. (Herrick) Timson, his maternal grandfather being George W. Herrick, of the G. W. Herrick Shoe Company.

Gaining his early education in the public schools of Swampscott and Lynn, Mr. Timson attended both Dean and Cushing academies, then entered the world of business. In association with his brothers, George E. and Fred Timson, he founded the wholesale shoe business known as Timson Brothers, Inc., of Boston. The success of this interest seemed assured from the start, which was made in 1907, and its growth was steady.

Business became a secondary matter to Mr. Timson, however, when the United States intervened in the war overseas. Entering the American Field Service in April, 1917, he went to France and served with the French army. Later, September 15, 1917, he enlisted as a private in the ambulance service of the American Expeditionary

Forces, with a unit known as Sect. 631, U. S. A. A. S., composed largely of Harvard University men who had joined the French army previous to United States intervention. Mr. Timson saw active service in the Argonne, Champagne, Toul, Verdun, and other sectors. He was decorated with the French Croix de Guerre at Hill No. 344, at Verdun, and was later promoted to the rank of sergeant. He also received the American Field Service Medal, accompanied by a commemorative citation from the officers of the French army, and was discharged from the service at Camp Dix, in April, 1919.

Returning to Lynn, and to his interrupted business interests, Mr. Timson became a part of the present industrial organization known as the Charles O. Timson Shoe Company, of which Charles O. Timson is president, George T. Timson, vice-president, and Louis E. Timson, treasurer.

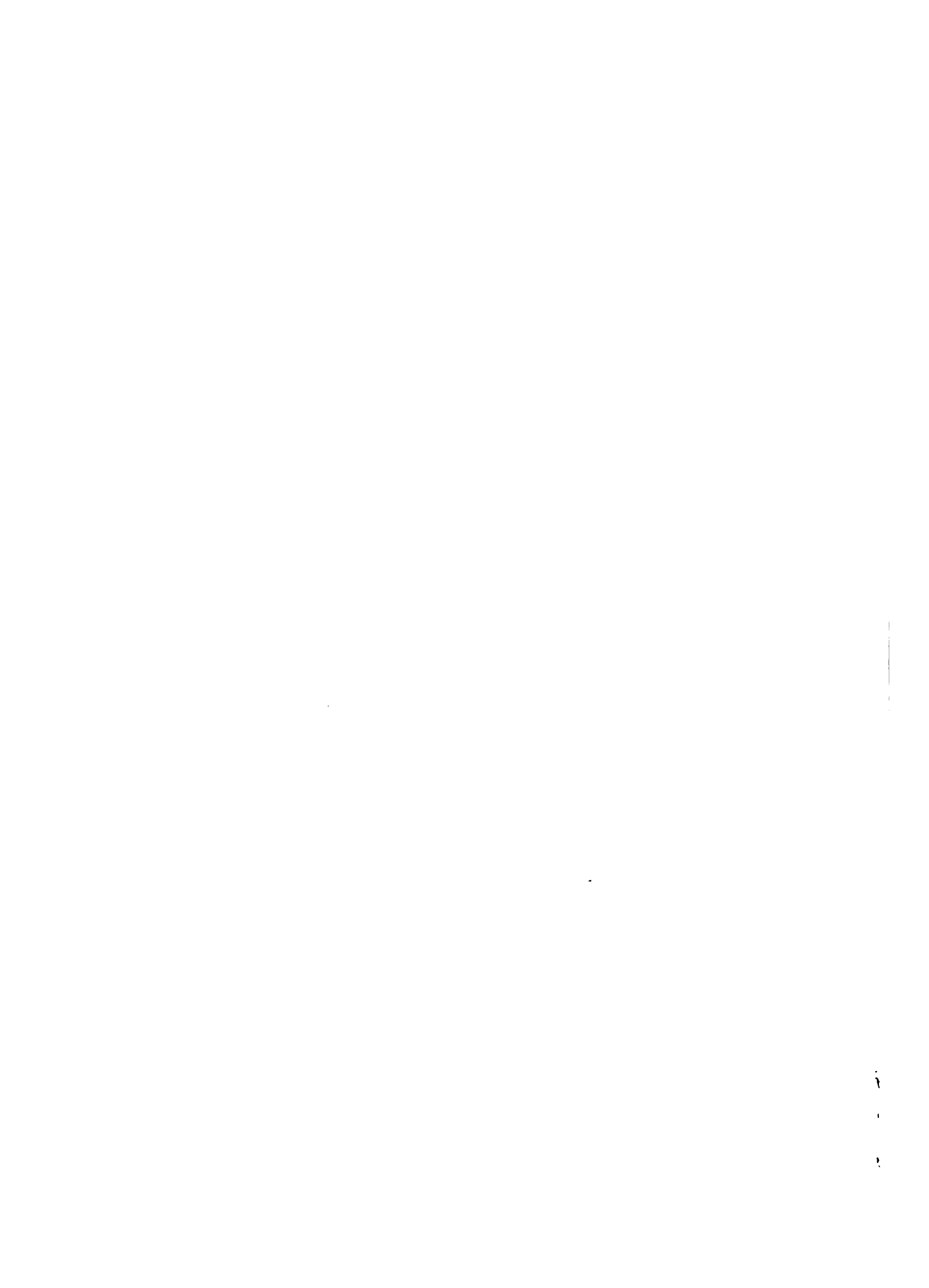
Mr. Timson is prominent fraternally, in the Free and Accepted Masons, thirty-second degree, and Shrine, and was president of the Masonic Club of the U. S. A. A. S., A. E. F., also is a member of the American Legion.

LEWIS HERBERT LIMAURO, M. D.—The city of Lynn, Massachusetts, takes a justifiable pride in the men who have come from citizenship in different lands and, taking up their residence within her borders, have exemplified in their daily lives the true spirit of Americanism, and are filling a useful part in her economic security and well-being. Such a man is Dr. Lewis Herbert Limauro.

Dr. Limauro was born in Naples, Italy, April 6, 1884, and is a son of Vincent and Adelaide (Bonifacio) Limauro. His mother is now deceased. The doctor received his early education in the public schools of Italy, in his native city of Naples. He entered the University of Naples, and was graduated in 1901, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He came to America in the following year to prepare for a career of usefulness in this country. He entered Booth's Preparatory School in New Haven, Connecticut. With the college training in his native land behind him, and applying himself to the study of English, he was soon ready for his university course. In 1902 he entered Yale, and pursued his studies there for three years. Then he spent one year at the University of Maryland, in Baltimore, and was graduated from that institution in 1906 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He took a post-graduate course, then spent six months at the Polyclinic of Rome, Italy. He opened his first office in New Haven, then removed to Lynn, Massachusetts, and opened an office there in 1914. He met with a most cordial reception among the Italian-American population of the city, and soon won his way to respect and confidence of the general public. When the United States entered the European War, he laid aside the interests, growing continually more substantial, and enlisted among the first volunteers, in June, 1917, as first lieutenant of the Medical Corps. He went to



W. E. Timmer



Washington, D. C., and attended the United States Army Medical School for one month; then overseas, and was assigned to the British Field Artillery as medical officer in the field. He was in the battles of Arras, Ypres, and the Somme offensive. He was made captain in August, 1918, and spent all his time in the field service. Returning to the United States, he was discharged at Camp Devens on September 20, 1919, as major in the Medical Reserve Corps. Major Limauro was decorated with the British Military Cross for bravery in field and devotion to duty.

Dr. Limauro is now, once more engaged in the general practice of medicine and surgery at his office, in Lynn. He is a member of the Lynn Medical fraternity; of the Massachusetts Medical Society; and of the American Medical Association. He is surgeon in the Out-Patient Department of the Lynn Hospital, and is also on the staff. He is a member of the college fraternities of Eta Nu Epsilon and Kappa Phi. He is a member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars; and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Dr. Lewis Herbert Limauro married, at New Haven, Connecticut, February 17, 1918, Chiara Lombardi, and they have one son, Ulysses D. Personally, the doctor is a man of rare charm. Of frank and open countenance, cordial and friendly manner, he makes friends among all kinds and classes of people, and will surely forge ahead to the success which he so richly deserves.

RAYMOND W. TILLEY—Experienced in the production departments of the shoe business, and for the past two years associated as the head of that department of a growing concern, Raymond W. Tilley, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is bearing a part in the forward movement of this industry.

Mr. Tilley was born in Clarendville, Newfoundland, November 12, 1890, and is a son of Moses Tilley, a native of Newfoundland, who spent his lifetime in the mail service there. He died in 1902.

Receiving a practical education in the schools of his native place, Mr. Tilley came to the United States in the sixteenth year of his life, arriving in Lynn, May 17, 1906. Entering the employ of C. H. Tisdale, of this city, he remained for seven months, later employed by Kennes & Bessant, heel manufacturers. He remained in this connection until early in 1917, when he went to Marblehead to work for the Burgess Airplane Company, of that city, continuing in this work for about two years. Returning thereafter to the Kennes & Bessant plant, he was with them for about two months, when they sold out to James Setcliff, of Lynn. Remaining for about three months with the new firm, Mr. Tilley then made a definite change. Forming a partnership with Melvin N. King, of Lynn, the two young men entered the field of manufacture, producing heels of every description. This enterprise was started under the name of Tilley & King, April 15, 1919, and is taking a significant place in the industrial world. Mr. Tilley acts as

production manager, and Mr. King, whose life is reviewed elsewhere in this work, is the head of the sales department.

Raymond W. Tilley married, May 28, 1914, Jessie A. White, who was born in Nova Scotia, and came to Lynn when she was a young girl. Mr. and Mrs. Tilley have two daughters, Ruth A., and Grace E. The family are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, of Lynn.

MELVIN N. KING—One of the younger executives in the shoe industry of Lynn, is Melvin N. King, sales-manager of the firm of Tilley & King, heel manufacturers.

Mr. King is a son of Robert and Rebecca J. (Gulliford) King, both born in Newfoundland, but residents of Swampscott, Massachusetts, from an early age. The elder Mr. King has been connected with the Boston Mutual Life Insurance Company for many years, as superintendent of agencies.

Melvin N. King was born in Swampscott, on September 29, 1894, and received his education in the public and high schools of that town. When he had completed his studies, he entered the employ of the Boston Mutual Life Insurance Company, remaining with them for about four years.

The World War was the interruption, which broke into Mr. King's business career at this time. He enlisted in the Eleventh Division, 211th Field Signal Battalion, United States Army, and was located at Camp Mead, Maryland, holding the rank of sergeant. Enlisting on February 14, 1918, he received his discharge on February 1, 1919.

Returning to the same office in 1919, Mr. King resumed the duties of his old position. About a year later he resigned to enter the present partnership, with Mr. Raymond W. Tilley (see preceding sketch), and the firm of Tilley & King was founded. This firm is developing a large and important business, in the manufacture of heels and top lifts for shoes, Mr. Tilley being the manager of the production end of the business and Mr. King being manager of sales. The factory and offices are at No. 853 Washington street, in Lynn.

Mr. King is broadly interested in civic progress, politically supporting the Republican party, and has served on the Republican committee of Lynn. Fraternally he is a member of Wayfarer Lodge, of Swampscott, Massachusetts; and Haswell Lodge of Perfection, Free and Accepted Masons, of Burlington, Vermont. In club circles he is well known as a member of the Swampscott Club, and the Masonic Club of Swampscott. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, of Swampscott.

THOMAS LOHAM—A well-known figure in the commercial world of Marblehead, Massachusetts, Thomas Loham, has ably filled positions of public trust, and the community has received the benefit of his business ability and experience.

Mr. Loham is a son of Thomas Loham, who was born in Peabody, Massachusetts. The family becoming residents of Marblehead when he was eight

years of age, he lived here throughout his lifetime. He married Sarah E. Graves, who was born and reared in Marblehead. Both are now deceased.

Thomas Loham was born in Marblehead, August 17, 1871. He received a thoroughly practical education in the public schools of the town, and when he had completed his studies, became baggage master at Clifton, Massachusetts. Later he entered the employ of the C. F. Cushman Company, of Boston, in the capacity of clerk, and remained there for about one year. At the end of that time, his father's business in Marblehead required more attention than previously, and the young man became associated with him. This was in the line of hay and grain, and was a constantly growing interest. In 1906 the elder man turned the business over to his sons, who have since conducted it.

Widely known throughout the community, Mr. Lohman has always been a supporter of the Republican party. He has been elected to the board of selectmen for six successive years, and has served as chairman of the board. During the World War, Mr. Lohman served in the capacity of fuel commissioner. Fraternally he is a member of the Order of United American Mechanics, and also of the Free and Accepted Masons, of Marblehead.

Thomas Loham married, in 1896, at Lynn, Ida May Phillips, of Wells Depot, Maine.

HAVELOCK S. MADER, of Lynn, Massachusetts, has found broad opportunities for usefulness in his business experience, and is carrying forward an eminently practical branch of mercantile endeavor. Mr. Mader was born in Canada, November 26, 1885, and is a son of Aaron and Alice L. Mader, his father having been a shipbuilder by occupation.

Early making plans for a professional career, Mr. Mader, as a boy, fitted himself for pharmaceutical service, purposing to make that a stepping-stone to the medical profession. Relinquishing this ambition, however, after working for four years in Seeley's Pharmacy, in Lexington, Massachusetts, and studying also, he entered business permanently. In 1906 he started with the Ford Motor Company, at No. 147 Columbus avenue, in Boston, when they established a branch sales and service station in that location. This was in April, a busy season, and Mr. Mader began in the repair department, working up in the business, through each department in turn, including the retail salesrooms. In 1915 he was made general superintendent of the branch, and continued in this capacity until 1917, when it was taken over by the United States Government for a quartermasters' depot. At that time Mr. Mader was transferred to the New York assembling plant, where he filled the position of assistant superintendent. He also took charge of the export building and assembling, consisting of army and Red Cross cars, ambulances and trucks for the various activities of the Army and Navy departments. In the fall of 1918, the New York assembling plant was taken over by the government,

for making gas masks, which closed this plant. Returning to Boston, Mr. Mader assumed the management of Burnett & Shuman, Incorporated, dealers in Ford cars, located at No. 1019 Commonwealth avenue. In 1920 he established himself in this business in Lynn, as the active head of Stevens-Mader, Incorporated, at No. 75 Exchange street.

Mr. Mader is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce. He resided formerly in Arlington, but now in Swampscott; is a member of Simon W. Robinson Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Swampscott Masonic Club. He is a member of the Middlesex Sportsman's Association, of Arlington, and is ex-secretary of the organization. He is also an active member of the Lynn Young Men's Christian Association.

On June 24, 1911, Havelock S. Mader married May F. Spaulding, daughter of Charles F. and Caroline (Rothwell) Spaulding, of Lexington, Massachusetts. Mrs. Mader's mother is a member of the Rothwell family of Tyngsboro, Massachusetts.

NATHAN GASS—Coming to America as a young man, Nathan Gass, of Lynn, Massachusetts, has followed the line of effort in which he was experienced, and is now well established in a thriving business of his own. Mr. Gass was born in Russia, April 15, 1888, and received his education there. Working in his father's tannery, a large and important plant, until he was twenty-one years of age, he came to America, locating in Peabody. This was in 1909, and for a time he was employed at the A. C. Long tannery in Peabody. Later he worked at this trade in Brockton, Massachusetts, also being employed by the Brockton Heel Company.

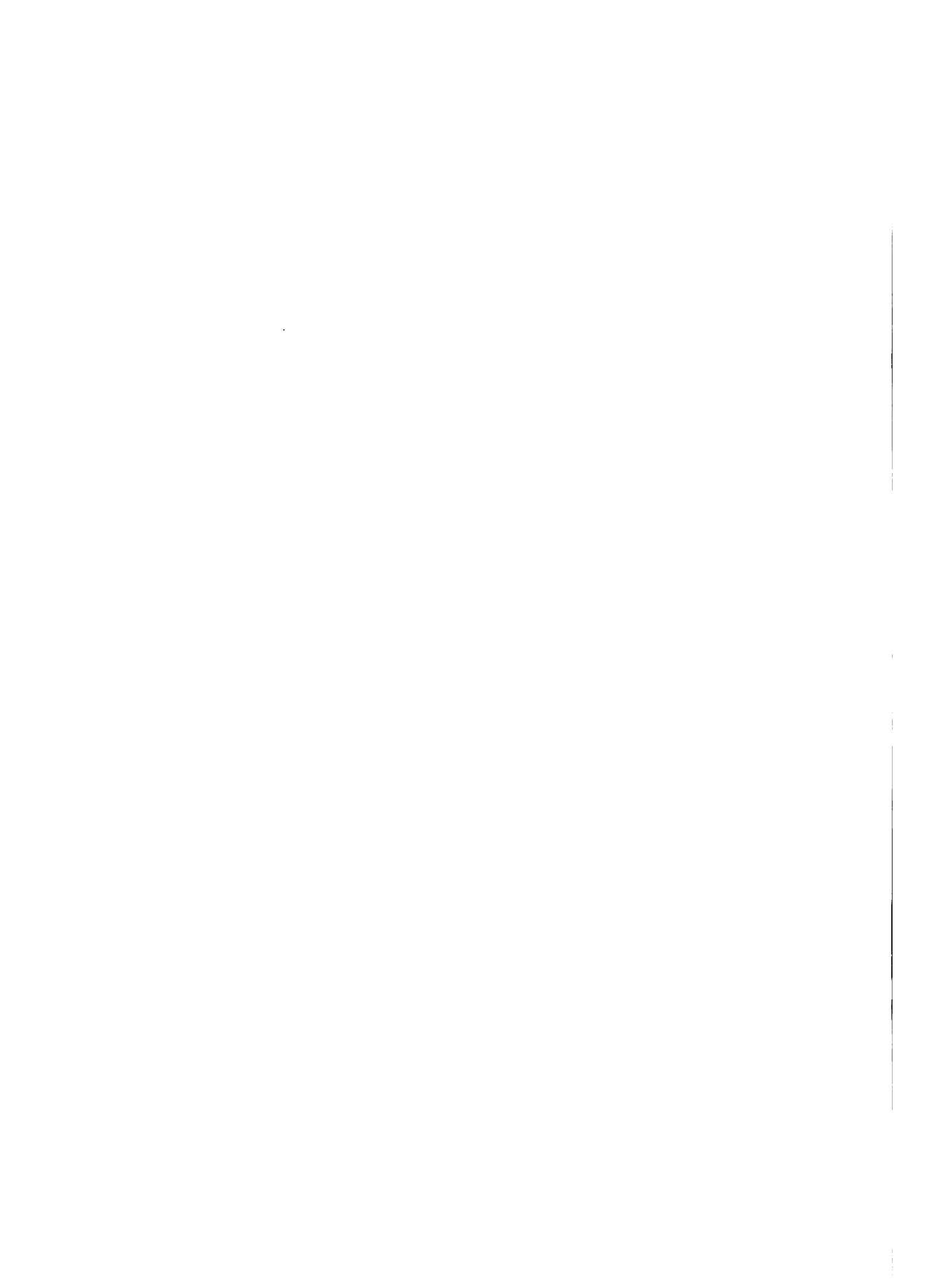
Knowing the many branches of the great shoe industry, Mr. Gass came to Lynn in 1918, and established the business in which he is making a success, sorting heels and leather remnants. From a small beginning he has already developed a considerable interest which is growing rapidly. He now occupies two floors of the building in which he is located, at No. 344 Broad street, and keeps about twenty-five employees busy.

Mr. Gass is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Lynn, and is interested in every phase of public progress in the country of his adoption. He served for three years in the Russian army, in the infantry, before coming to America. In April, 1918, Mr. Gass married, in Lynn, Ester Seigel, and they have one daughter, Lydia B., born in May, 1920.

DR. JOHN GILBERT DICK—Among the young members of the dental fraternity in Essex county, Massachusetts, Dr. John Gilbert Dick, of Lynn, gives promise of a successful future. Dr. Dick is a son of Alexander and Agnes (Dickson) Dick, and his father is one of the assistant superintendents of the great department store of R. H. Stearns & Company, of Boston.



Nathan Goss



Dr. Dick was born in Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, October 5, 1895. He received his early education in the public schools of his native town. Preparing for his profession at Tufts College, he entered upon the practice of dentistry in Lynn, and has since practiced here. The interruption of the war took him overseas, and he served for fifteen months with the American Expeditionary Force, as a member of the Medical Corps attached to the 42nd Infantry, but his regular practice has now, (1921), covered a period of something over two years. Dr. Dick is a member of the Delta Sigma Delta, dental fraternity, and is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Politically he supports the Republican party, and he is a member of the Universalist church, of Jamaica Plain.

On March 20, 1916, Dr. Dick married Wilhelmine E. Legier, daughter of William and Frances E. Legier, and they have one daughter, Wilhelmine F., born September 2, 1917.

EDRIC R. TAYLOR—Long prominent in various activities, and now allied with the shoe industry of Essex county, Massachusetts, Edric R. Taylor, of Lynn, is bearing a significant part in the progress of this section.

Mr. Taylor was born in Bridgeton, Maine, April 16, 1875, and is a son of George Henry and Eliza (Thorpe) Taylor, both of English birth. Mr. Taylor received his education in the public and grammar schools of his native town, then at the age of fourteen, entered the world of industry. Coming to Brockton, Massachusetts, he found employment in the last factory of the Brockton Last Company, where he remained until 1892. At that time he removed to Malden, Massachusetts, and while there, studied for the stage. He made his debut as an actor, at the Malden Opera House, April 30, 1894. His success was immediate, and he remained in the theatrical business as actor, manager and stage manager, for a period of seven years; also, during part of that time, had a company of his own. Retiring from this business in 1901, he became associated with the Golbert Last Company, of Worcester, Massachusetts, in the capacity of travelling salesman, remaining with this company for fourteen years.

Resigning from this connection in 1915, Mr. Taylor took up this branch of the last industry for himself, in Malden, Massachusetts. Forming the firm of Taylor & Lander, they purchased the plant of the Middlesex Last Company, and continued the business in Malden, until March, 1916. At that time Mr. Taylor came to Lynn, and became associated with the McNichol Last Company. He was made vice-president of the corporation, and acted in the capacity of salesman. In November, 1917, Mr. Taylor was elected president of the company, and the name was changed to the McNichol & Taylor Incorporated. The business continues thus, and is a constantly growing enterprise. Mr. Taylor is a member of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce,

and is a member of the New England Shoe & Leather Association, and of the Boston Shoe Trades Club. He is also a member of the Oxford Club, and Kiwanis Club of Lynn. He is a member of Mount Carmel Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a member of the Swampscott Masonic Club.

On September 3, 1902, Edric R. Taylor married Alexia M. Vail, daughter of Edward and Azelda A. (Cloutier) Vail, of Dorchester, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have one daughter, Marjorie, born June 26, 1905, in Worcester.

JESSE M. HOLDER—A native of Lynn, and educated in the institutions of the State, Jesse M. Holder is bearing a part in the general advance, as a retail distributor of coal.

Mr. Holder was born in this city February 9, 1874 and is a son of William C. and Helen (Shedd) Holder. Receiving his early education in the public schools of Lynn, Mr. Holder, as a young man, spent one year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in Boston; then, at the age of eighteen, he became associated with his father in the coal business. He has always followed the same line of activity. In connection with this principal business interest, Mr. Holder is also president of the Lincoln Coöperative Bank, and a director of the Commonwealth Savings Bank.

Fraternally Mr. Holder is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Oxford Club, and of the Tedesco Country Club. He is a member of the Unitarian church. In 1904 Jesse M. Holder married Grace Mix, of Columbus, Ohio.

HAROLD B. READ—In the distribution of the practical necessities of the people, the hand of the natural executive counts far for the comfort, health, and thus, also for the efficiency of working public. Harold B. Read, treasurer and manager of the Lynn Coal Company, stands in this relation to the progress of the city.

Mr. Read was born in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, November 21, 1890, and is a son of J. Warren and Ida M. (Perkins) Read, long residents of that city. Receiving his education in the public and high schools of his native place, Mr. Read entered the business world in association with the Union Coal Company, of Fitchburg, remaining for seven years in the capacity of clerk. He then went to Boston, entering the employ of the Garfield & Proctor Company, of that city, where he continued for four years. He then came to Lynn, and during the past five years, has ably filled the offices of treasurer and manager of the Lynn Coal Company.

Mr. Read has few interests outside his business associations. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of Lynn, and interested in every phase of public progress, although active in few branches of public endeavor. He is a member of the Universalist church.

On March 29, 1915, Harold B. Read married C.

Lillian Hills, daughter of H. Nelson and Mary E. (Lewis) Hills, of Fitchburg, and they have one child, Gordon Harold, born, November 6, 1918.

ALDEN VERNON COOPER, M. D.—Essex county, Massachusetts, takes justifiable pride in the men who are practicing the medical profession among her different communities. Dr. Alden V. Cooper, M. D., of Lynn, is a notable example of those who have won success along special lines in this profession.

Doctor Cooper comes of old Maine stock, being a son of Daniel T. and Margaret L. (Crockett) Cooper. His father has conducted a grocery store in Lewiston, Maine, for many years.

Alden Vernon Cooper was born in Rockland, Maine, and received his early education in the grammar and high schools at Lewiston. For his technical education he entered the University of Vermont, in the medical school, from which he was graduated in 1905, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He passed the examinations of the Vermont State Medical Board in that same year, and also the Massachusetts State Board. Dr. Cooper then went to the Massachusetts State Hospital for Epileptics, at Palmer, where he spent eight years, specializing on nervous diseases. He was assistant house physician there. Upon leaving this institution he opened an office at Wolcott, Vermont, where he remained for six years. Then, believing that he should seek a wider field, Dr. Cooper came to Lynn in June, 1919. He is doing a considerable amount of general practice, but specializes in nervous diseases.

Dr. Cooper was local health officer for four years, at Wolcott, Vermont, and was a member of the Hampden City Society from 1905 to 1913. He is a member of the Vermont State Medical Society, and of the Lynn Medical fraternity, and the Massachusetts Medical Society. He is a third degree Mason, and a member of the Woodmen of America. He is also a member of the Maine Club. In political matters he supports the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the First Baptist Church of Lynn, and secretary of the Standing Committee; and is also vice-president of the Brotherhood Church Club.

Dr. Alden V. Cooper married, September 16, 1908, Helen P., daughter of Mandford D. Williams, of Burlington, Vermont. Their children are: Kenneth Delois, Donald, and Helen. Mrs. Cooper died on January 20, 1919.

WILLISTON FISH—In the building trades in Essex county the name of Williston Fish is well known. For the past thirty-two years Mr. Fish has carried on an ever widening business as a contractor. Mr. Fish was born in Leeds, Maine, March 8, 1849, and is a son of Warren and Irene (Andrews) Fish, of Turner, in that State. Acquiring his education in the public schools of Livermore, and the Webster Academy at Auburn, Maine, Mr. Fish first went to work as a mason in Lewiston, Maine. In 1889 he came to Lynn, and here established the

business, which, under the name of Williston Fish, contractor, has been identified with the wonderful progress of this city of recent years. Mr. Fish is still regularly engaged in the management of his extensive interests, and still looking forward to future activity.

Mr. Fish is interested in every phase of public progress, and is a member of the Unitarian church, of Lynn. On December 23, 1873, Mr. Fish married Mary E. Wright, of Reading, Massachusetts, daughter of Hiram Franklin and Sarah (Packard) Wright. Mr. Wright was a native of Mount Washington, New Hampshire, and Mrs. Wright was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts.

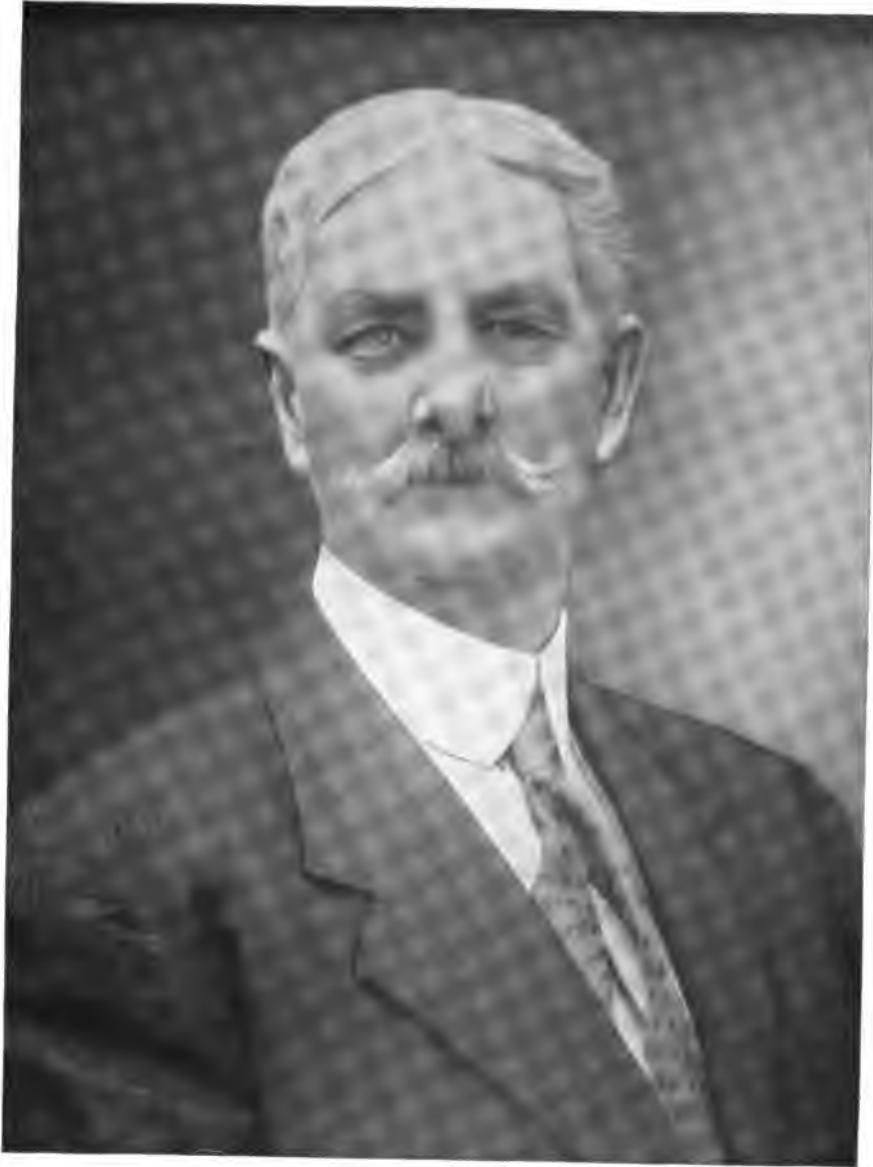
EDNA (WALLACE) SNOW—One of the most attractive mercantile establishments of Marblehead, is the little millinery shop of Edna (Wallace) Snow, which is patronized by the most fashionable trade of the city.

Mrs. Snow was born in Rochester, New Hampshire, September 27, 1886, and is a daughter of George W. Wallace, of Salem, Massachusetts. She received her education in the public schools of Rochester, and after completing her studies, and wishing to enter the business world, she learned the milliner's trade at the shop of Madame Pauline, of Salem, her family meanwhile coming to Salem, and taking up their residence there. After learning her trade she remained with Madame Pauline for two years, then for a time was associated with the E. W. Hall Company, of Lynn. Later, however, she returned to Madame Pauline, remaining there until the time of her marriage. In 1920 Mrs. Snow again established herself in the millinery business, and is now the favorite artiste in this line among the fashionable ladies of Marblehead.

Mrs. Snow is a member of the Order of the Eastern Star, and also of the Rebekahs, of Marblehead. She is a prominent member of the Universalist church, and has been active in the Sunday school work of the church for the past five years.

Mrs. Snow is the wife of Herman F. Snow, son of Samuel A. Snow, of Marblehead. They were married, November 30, 1905, in Marblehead. Mr. Snow died March 6, 1921. He was manager for the Texas Company, of Swampscott, Massachusetts, with which he had been connected for a period of fourteen years. He was widely known fraternally, being a member of Lynn Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the Improved Order of Red Men, of Marblehead; of the Knights of Pythias, of Marblehead, in which order he was past chancellor. He was past counsellor of the order of United American Mechanics, and was past commander of the Sons of Veterans, of Marblehead. He was a member of the American Legion, of the Mugford Association, of the Rechabite Association, and of the Rebekahs of Marblehead, and was a member of the M. A. Pickett Association. He was also a member of the Universalist church.

WILLIAM H. CROSBY—Filling a useful position in the community, and one which involves



Williston Fish



closely the interests of the people, William H. Crosby, a leading undertaker of Danvers, Massachusetts, has for many years held the respect and esteem of his fellow-citizens.

Mr. Crosby was born in Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, June 24, 1872, and is a son of Hiram L. and Catherine (Porter) Crosby. Hiram L. Crosby has long been a resident of Ohio, and is a mill-wright by occupation.

Educated in the public schools of Nova Scotia, William H. Crosby came to Danvers in 1891, and entered the employ of George A. Waite, a leading undertaker of that day. Four years later he bought out the business. He has conducted this business ever since, keeping abreast of the times, and fulfilling the responsibilities of his position in a spirit of dignity. He has built up a very extensive patronage, and is considered one of the prominent men in this field of endeavor. His headquarters are located at No. 73 Maple street.

In various interests of the town Mr. Crosby takes an active part. He has served on the Danvers Board of Health for twelve years, in the capacity of clerk. He is a member of Mosaic Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Holton Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Salem Council, Royal and Select Masters; and of St. George Commandery, Knights Templar, of Beverly. He is also a member of Danvers Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of the "Now and Then" Association, of Salem. His religious convictions place his membership with the Baptist church.

On October 8, 1896, William H. Crosby married, in Danvers, Christena McKenzie, of New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, and they have two children: Alden Porter, born September 26, 1897; and Ruth Baker, born April 14, 1899.

ELMER S. BAILEY, carpenter and jobber, of Lynn, Massachusetts, was born April 28, 1862, in Washington county, Vermont, son of Simon and Mary M. (King) Bailey. His father was one of the "Green Mountain Boys" under Ethan Allen, and his mother was also a native of Vermont. After leaving school, Elmer S. Bailey was in the street railroad service for five years; as driver, at Minneapolis, Minnesota, two years, and later, as conductor in Brooklyn three years. The lumber industry on the Mississippi river attracted him, and he went there, remaining for three winters. At the end of this time he returned to Minneapolis and engaged in a general teaming business, having four teams of his own. Six years later Mr. Bailey came to Lynn, and went to work for the man, whose business he later purchased, Anthony Earle, carpenter. He worked for Mr. Earle for eight years, and in 1911, became the owner of the business, which he conducts at the present time, 1921.

Elmer S. Bailey married Lillie E. Topp, in 1889, a native of London, England. Her parents were George and Elizabeth (Herbert) Topp. The only child of this marriage, George J. Bailey, enlisted in 1917, as private in the Depot Brigade, and was discharged in 1919, with the rank of sergeant.

CHARLES H. FLEMING—Broadly active in civic progress, through the real estate and insurance business, Charles H. Fleming, of Salem, is also interested in other branches of human endeavor.

Mr. Fleming is a son of William H. and Eliza Jane (Kennedy) Fleming, both natives of New Brunswick, Canada. The elder Mr. Fleming was born in Chipman, New Brunswick, in 1819, and died there in 1883. His wife was born in Londonderry, Ireland, in 1824, and died in Chipman, in 1904.

Charles H. Fleming was born in Chipman, New Brunswick, Canada, June 27, 1866, and was educated in the public and normal schools of that city. For three years he taught in the public schools of Chipman and Cambridge, New Brunswick, then came to the United States in 1889. Entering the employ of D. Appleton & Company, the well known New York publishers, he was connected with that house for nearly three years. On January 4, 1892, Mr. Fleming came to Salem, where he became immediately active in the insurance business. He has since continued in this field uninterruptedly, and for the past thirty years has been general manager in this district for the New York Life Insurance Company. Mr. Fleming is a member of the Boston Life Underwriters, and is chairman of the Essex county branch of this organization. He is also a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce. In the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, Mr. Fleming has long been very prominent. He is a member of the Salem Association, and also of the associations at Lynn, Beverly, and Marblehead, and is a member of the International Young Men's Christian Association of New York City. He volunteered for "Y" work in the World War, and served as divisional secretary in 1918 and 1919, the greater part of the time in France.

In church work Mr. Fleming is also active. He is a member of the First Baptist Church of Beverly, of which he is a deacon, and is teacher of the Young Men's Bible Class in the Sunday school. During the International Church Movement, in which the Northern Baptist churches contributed \$60,000,000, Mr. Fleming had charge of the Essex county campaign.

Charles H. Fleming married, in June, 1899, Abbie P. Kimball, of Danvers, Massachusetts, and they have three children: Harold M., Ross K., and Elizabeth P. Harold M. Fleming is a graduate of Harvard University, class of 1920. He also has been identified with the Young Men's Christian Association work in England and France, through the activities of the war. Ross K., and Elizabeth P. Fleming, are still students at the Beverly High School.

JAMES VINCENT O'KEEFFE, A. B., M. D.—A representative physician of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts, is Dr. James Vincent O'Keefe. One of the younger men of the medical fraternity, he is still among the leading professional men of the city.

Dr. O'Keeffe was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, June 11, 1883, and is a son of James J. and Sarah J. (Better) O'Keeffe. Mr. O'Keeffe is a resident of Boston and a successful business man of that city. His three daughters are: Mrs. Mary E. Norton, Miss Sarah M. O'Keeffe, and Mrs. Francis Pray. Another son is David Charles O'Keeffe, a graduate of Tufts College, and chemist, with the American Smelting & Refining Company, in Mexico.

Dr. O'Keeffe received his early education in the public and grammar schools of his native city, then took a course at the Boston Latin School, from which he was graduated in 1901. He then entered Harvard University, and was graduated in 1905, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Entering Harvard Medical School, he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1909. He passed the examination of the Massachusetts State Medical Board, July 12, 1910. After serving for one year as interne at the Lynn Hospital, he opened an office in Lynn. This was in the fall of 1910; and since that time the doctor has built up a lucrative practice, and placed himself among the solid professional men of the city. He devotes his time to the general practice of medicine and surgery.

Dr. O'Keeffe is a member of the Lynn Medical Fraternity, and of the Knights of Columbus. In political matters he is an Independent, casting his vote and bringing his influence to bear on the side of the man he considers best qualified to serve the public in any official capacity. He is a member of St. Pius' Roman Catholic Church, and is unmarried.

MICHAEL F. COSTIGAN—Working up from the bottom in the shoe industry, Michael F. Costigan has risen to an assured position as a member of the Bender Shoe Company, of which he is treasurer and general manager.

Mr. Costigan was born in Cheshire, Massachusetts, on September 6, 1864, and is a son of Michael and Margaret (Callahan) Costigan. Receiving a practical educational foundation in the public schools of his native town, he concluded his formal studies with his graduation from high school. He was first employed in a bakery in Brooklyn, New York, as a salesman. With no particular plan he then entered the employ of the Cheshire Shoe Company, of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, his work being the lasting of shoes. He soon became greatly interested in the manufacture of shoes as a business, and determinedly rose, by his own efforts, familiarizing himself with the different departments of the industry. He worked later with Robertson & Kellogg, of Pittsfield, Massachusetts. Coming to Lynn in 1899, he worked as laster in the factory of Rickard & Gregory. Thereafter he became associated with four other progressive shoe workers, and together they organized the Bender Shoe Company. This concern came into being November 11, 1911, and has grown and prospered, until now it is one of the leading shoe manufacturing companies of the city of Lynn.

Mr. Costigan, as treasurer and general manager

of this concern, holds a prominent position in business circles here, and is a director of the Manufacturers' Association of Lynn. He is interested in every force which advances the welfare of the public, is a member of the Red Cross, and of the Knights of Columbus. His religious faith is the Roman Catholic. On April 26, 1905, Mr. Costigan married Katherine C. Foley.

GEORGE A. ADAMS—Conducting a prosperous business in Lynn, as a welder, George A. Adams is carrying forward his part in the great industrial world of this manufacturing city.

Mr. Adams is a son of William F. and Ida Alice (Baker) Adams. The elder Mr. Adams is a carpenter, of Sterling, Massachusetts. His wife, who was born in New York City, died in 1917. The family lived in the West at one time.

George A. Adams was born in Kimmswick, Missouri, January 4, 1882, but was educated in the public schools of North Adams, Massachusetts. He began his career in the ice cream business, which he followed for eight years. He was next interested in a paper factory, then after about two years, entered the employ of the American Optical Company, at Southbridge, Massachusetts, in the capacity of foreman, and there continued for a period of three years. Thereafter he became associated with the Bradley-Osgood Company, of Worcester, taking up spot welding, then later acetylene welding, and continued at this plant for about three years, after which he spent about the same length of time at the Charlestown Navy Yard. Then Mr. Adams came to Lynn, and established his present headquarters, where he does all kinds of welding for the manufacturing plants of Lynn. He has thus far been very successful, and is handling a large amount of work.

In 1907 George A. Adams married Ethel M. Stanley, of Maine, and they are members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Lynn.

W. IRVING LEE, who was in the air service during the recent War, is prominent in Salem, both in the business world and in fraternal circles.

Mr. Lee was born in Salem, June 9, 1891, and is a son of William S. and Mary (Ball) Lee. William S. Lee was a pioneer in the electrical contracting and supply business, and was also a jeweler. He died in 1907. His wife was a native of Salem, Massachusetts, and died in 1905.

Acquiring a practical education in the public schools of Salem, Mr. Lee entered the electrical field, in association with Herbert P. Osborn. The firm of Lee & Osborn was founded in 1911, and was the first store in Salem dealing in electrical goods, which was located on the ground floor. Throughout its history the firm has done all kinds of electrical work, and in a mercantile way, handled every variety of electrical supplies and accessories. They have been most successful, and are leaders in the line of merchandising and in construction work.

During the World War Mr. Lee enlisted in the United States Air Service, and was assigned to the

314th Air Squadron. He served from December 11 1917, to December 13, 1918, as a private; was stationed most of the time in England, and was discharged at Mineola, Long Island, New York.

Mr. Lee is a member of the Salem Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of Post No. 23, American Legion; of Starr King Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Sutton Lodge of Perfection, Princes of Jerusalem; and the Rose Croix. He is a member of Salem "Now and Then" Association, and of the Salem Masonic Club. His religious faith is that of the Universalist, and he is a prominent member of the Young Men's Christian Association. In 1919 W. Irving Lee married Rachel Brooks, of Salem, and they have an infant son, W. Irving, Jr.

LOUIS P. P. OSBORNE—In the leather business in Peabody, Massachusetts, Louis P. P. Osborne is prominent as a manufacturer of various kinds of fine leathers.

Mr. Osborne is a son of Calvin P. and Louisa V. (Jones) Osborne. Calvin P. Osborne was born in Peabody, February 11, 1839; was for many years identified with the leather business here, formerly as a worker, and more recently as a manufacturer; and died August 6, 1919. His wife was born in Salem, Massachusetts, in 1845, and died in October, 1917.

Louis P. P. Osborne was born in Peabody, January 4, 1883, and received his education in the public and high schools of the city. Choosing for his field of effort, one of the principal industries of Essex county, he entered the employ of the A. C. Laurence Company, for two years as clerk, at their leather store in Boston, then for two years at the factory in Peabody. With this practical experience, he became associated with his father in an enterprise, for which the elder Mr. Osborne was especially fitted by long experience. They took over the plant on Foster street, which had been conducted as a leather factory for more than eighty years. Here they began the manufacture of leathers in variety, their leading products being those technically known to the trade as sheep, splits, bag, case and strap leathers. The space in the original factory was limited, and to meet the demands of their constantly growing trade, the Osbornes enlarged the factory five times in the course of the sixteen years which have intervened since their start. They now employ about one hundred men. Since his father's death, Mr. Louis Osborne has been sole owner of the business, without, however, changing the original name, the "C. P. Osborne Company."

In connection with his important business interests, Mr. Osborne has for some time been active in civic and other matters. He is a director of the Peabody Coöperative Bank, and of the Peabody Chamber of Commerce, of which for one term, he served as president. He served for six years as a member of the School Board of Peabody. For eleven years he held the office of captain in the Massachusetts National Guard. During the World War, he took an active part in all the movements in

support of the American Expeditionary Forces, and headed the Liberty loan drives in Peabody.

Mr. Osborne is prominent in all of the Masonic bodies, and is a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Peabody Club.

In 1910 Louis P. P. Osborne married, in Peabody, Marguerite Bott, daughter of Howard and Margareta (Carleton) Bott, of Peabody. They have three daughters: Ruth B., born April 6, 1911; Elizabeth, born August 3, 1913, and Louise, born January 13, 1917. The family attend the services of the Unitarian church.

CHANDOS B. CONNER, M. D.—With very wide and comprehensive experience in his chosen line of effort, Dr. Chandos B. Conner, of Marblehead, Massachusetts, holds a high position in the medical profession of Essex county.

Dr. Conner was born in Castine, Maine, on March 27, 1874, but received his early education in the public schools of Chelsea and Brockton, Massachusetts. Early choosing the medical profession as the field of his career, he gained his professional training at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in Baltimore, and at Johns Hopkins University, in the same city, from which latter institution he was graduated with the degree of doctor of medicine, in 1896. Returning to Brockton, he at once entered upon the practice of medicine, but after two years enlisted in the United States Navy, as physician, in the service of the government, continuing along this line until 1901. In that year Dr. Conner became a resident of Truro, Barnstable county, Massachusetts, and there practiced medicine for a period of six years. Thereafter he entered the field of genito-surgery in Boston, also specializing in an obscure disease of the kidneys, following along this line for seven years. He then went to Ecuador, in South America, where he practiced until 1918. Coming to Boston in the early part of that year, Dr. Conner was made representative of the Board of Health of the State. Late in the same year he located permanently in Marblehead, and is now enjoying an extensive and lucrative practice.

Outside of his professional activities, Dr. Conner has few interests. In his younger days he was very active in sports, training some of the most noted football stars of this State. In 1918 he also trained the Marblehead football team which won the pennant from the North Shore League of Massachusetts. Dr. Conner is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men, of Marblehead, and is a member of the Universalist Church.

WILLIAM J. DODGE—Among the prominent manufacturers of Essex county, Massachusetts, should be included William J. Dodge, whose product consists of substances; indispensable to the proper treating and softening of leather, for the shoe trades.

Mr. Dodge comes of a family, long resident in Beverly. His grandfather, Henry Dodge, was born

in Beverly, April 15, 1831, and is still active in the employ of the city, as a gardener.

Frederick N. Dodge, his son, and father of William J. Dodge, was born in Beverly, in July, 1860, and is still prominent in the business life of the city. He married Jeannette Dunbar, who was born at Cape Cod.

William J. Dodge was born in Beverly, January 30, 1884, and received a practical, although limited education in the public schools of the city. He entered the business world, in the employ of Frank L. Young & Kimball, with whom he remained for a period of nineteen years. With the rapid development, in recent years, of the great shoe industry, of which this part of Essex county is an important centre, Mr. Dodge availed himself of one of the opportunities, presented in an allied industry. He built a small, but well-appointed factory on Foster street, Peabody, where he has since been engaged in the manufacture of sulphonated oils, and fat-liquors, and special greases. These products are used in preparing leather, and bringing it to the necessary pliability and general condition, which make it ready to be manufactured into shoes. Mr. Dodge has built up a very extensive business in this branch of endeavor, and supplies both the domestic and export trade, selling direct to the manufacturer. He has no associates in this interest, handling the business alone, and employs only expert workers.

Mr. Dodge is a member of the chamber of commerce of Peabody. Fraternally he is a member of Liberty Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Beverly, where he resides. He is a member of the Rotary Club, and is a member of the Congregational church.

In 1908 William J. Dodge married, in Wenham, Massachusetts, Alice Frances Lovett, daughter of Francis Lovett, Jr., and Louise (Morgan) Lovett. Both Mrs. Dodge's parents were born in Beverly, and her father is a well-known farmer there. Mr. and Mrs. Dodge have one little daughter, Thelma Louise, born March 16, 1910.

THOMAS FRANCIS LITTLE—The possibility of achievement against great odds, given the courage to forge ahead, is well exemplified in the success of Thomas Francis Little, one of the most successful undertakers of Salem, Massachusetts. His story is full of interest in a general way, as well as to the profession.

Mr. Little is a son of John and Catherine (Demsey) Little, both of whom were born in Galway, Ireland. The elder Mr. Little came to America in the early 'fifties, and settled in Salem, where he worked at his trade, that of currier.

Thomas Francis Little was born in Salem, Massachusetts, on August 4, 1855. Gaining a practical education in the Parochial School of St. James Parish, he thereafter learned the trade which his father followed, this being the obvious thing to do. Nevertheless, as he grew to maturity, he cherished an ambition to rise in the scale of industry; and the undertaking business appealed to him as a worthy

field of endeavor. But it was not until he was thirty-one years of age that he broke away from the work into which he had drifted. When that time came a strike occurred at the L. B. Harrington Currier Shop, where he was employed, and he made this the final stepping-stone to his goal.

The young man had had no opportunity to prepare for his new work, this being before the time when evening schools began to open the doors to every trade and profession. But he had saved a little money, and having once set his face in the new direction, refused to be daunted. He spent two weeks with a friend of the family in Lowell, Massachusetts, Patrick Keys, who secured a place for him with Peter Davey, who was engaged in the undertaking business, and he gave his young friend as much help and advice as could be crowded into such a limited space of time.

Possibly with some secret misgivings, but certainly with praiseworthy courage, Mr. Little, to quote himself, "tackled the job." He encountered many trials and discouragements, of necessity under the circumstances, but he was not a man to let slip anything that could be gained by observation or experience, so gradually he gained ground, and the business grew. His career has been a steady rise. Always alert to every possibility of development, he has kept step with the times, informing himself in all the different branches of his profession as science and custom have marked the way. Himself one of the early men in the business, he has seen it progress from the crudest beginnings to the art which now takes somewhat of the sting from the solemn inevitableness of death. Mr. Little's success is such as rewards all serious and consistent effort. He has prospered in a financial way, and his headquarters on Hawthorne place are fitted up with the most modern equipment for his work. Mr. Little is a member of the Knights of Columbus, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Mr. Little married Catherine Roach, daughter of John and Alice (Doherty) Roach, and she died on December 10, 1909. Their children are: Teresa M.; Alice, a nurse at the Salem Hospital; Mary T.; and Catherine; the two latter being in school. Those who are living of Mr. Little's sisters, are Susan M., in the Cambridge Convent, and known as Sister Mary Palcida; and Katherine, who keeps house for him. Mary Ann, another sister, known as Sister Mary Julia, died in Boston, and Teresa, his youngest sister, is also deceased.

NAPOLÉON LEVESQUE—A leading business man of Salem, Massachusetts, prominent in social and fraternal circles, and a straightforward member of the city government, all these and more, is Napoleon Levesque.

Born in the province of Quebec, Canada, on May 17, 1870, he is one of the five sons of Jean and Lazarine (Pelletier) Levesque. Both parents are now deceased.

Mr. Levesque received his early education in the

public schools of Salem, his parents having come to that city in 1880, when he was a lad of ten years. After completing the grammar school course, he entered the Naumkeag Mills, in the weaving room. As he became familiar with the work, he was loom fixer, and later on, proving himself industrious and eminently trustworthy, was given charge of the weaving room. He was considered an expert in the work of weaving.

Desiring a change in his occupation, he opened a shoe store in 1907; and continued in that business for two years. In 1909 he was offered an opportunity to buy the undertaking business, heretofore conducted by Desire Bernier. He quickly decided upon this second change, and Mr. Bernier taught him the business. By way of further and more complete preparation for this work, Mr. Levesque took a course at the New England Institute of Anatomy, from which he was graduated on September 14, 1911. He passed the Massachusetts State board, on March 5, 1912, as a fully qualified undertaker and embalmer. He has built up a profitable business, reaching over a wide range of territory in this vicinity. His genial and sympathetic spirit, and his excellent taste and judgment, have endeared him to every family, which has had occasion to enlist his services, and upon this foundation he is going forward to well-deserved success.

Outside his business interests, Mr. Levesque has become a man much in demand. He was elected in 1902 to the city Government, from Ward 5, and served four years. He was made a member of the Board of Health in 1914, and still holds office in that connection, attending to his duties with laudable promptness and thoroughness. He is a staunch Republican, and fearless in advocating any change or accession of policy, which tends toward a higher plane of Government. He was made a delegate to the last Senatorial and Gubernatorial Convention, in Boston. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; and of the Republican City Committee.

Mr. Levesque is a member of the Society, St. Jean de Baptist; of the Union St. Jean de Baptiste of America; and of the Artizans.

He married, on November 6, 1892, Sophia St. Laurient, of Quebec. They have two children, Edna, and Philip Napoleon. The family are members of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

THOMAS J. CANNON—It was under the supervision of Thomas J. Cannon, now of Lynn, that the first horseless carriage was constructed in Brooklyn, New York, and successfully operated on the streets of New York City and Brooklyn. That was almost thirty years ago, and it brought nation-wide notice in the periodicals of that time.

Thomas J. Cannon was born in Glasgow, Scotland, May 14, 1862, son of John and Bridget (Gerghty) Cannon, who were both of Irish origin. The former by trade was a moulder, and he died in 1905. Thomas J., was educated in public schools of Glasgow, but was only nine years old when the family came to the United States, in 1871. He

does not appear to have attended American schools, and so was quite young when he began to work for wages. The family settled in Clinton, Massachusetts, and the boy's first work was in the plant of the J. B. Parker Machinery Company, of that place. With that company he remained for four years. Then he went to Providence, Rhode Island, and there worked for the Brown and Sharp Machinery Company for about two years, and also for a while in the Corliss Engine Company's plant, at Providence. Returning to Clinton, he stayed for three years, constantly employed by the Clinton Wire Cloth Company. Next, he is found to be in Brooklyn, New York, a man of considerable mechanical engineering experience by this time. In Brooklyn, he was in charge of the Experimental Department of James Brady Manufacturing Company, where the first horseless carriage was built. It was largely due to the mechanical skill of Mr. Cannon, that that unique and intricate contrivance was properly put together, and successfully operated on the public streets, in 1892. Afterwards, Mr. Cannon went from the Brady Company to Barrett & Perritt, for which firm he worked for three years. His next move was to Westboro, Massachusetts, there to take charge of the factory of John Hunt. Three years later, he was at Woonsocket, and remained there, as tool maker for the Taft Pierce Company, for six years. This brings his life-story to the time when he took up residence in Lynn, which has been his place of abode since that year. He was for seven years thereafter, connected with the General Electric Company, Lynn, in charge of drawing-die work, and subsequently was in the employ of the United States Machinery Company of Lynn. In 1914, however, he established the firm "T. C. Cannon and Son Machine Company," and opened a plant at No. 37 Spring street, where the business was conducted until 1919. Good success had come to the company, and in 1919 Mr. Cannon decided to build a more convenient shop. He erected a large building on Market Square, where for his purpose he could be provided with a floor space of about 13,500 square feet, and he designed it so that it would meet his business requirements in the most efficient and modern manner possible. Part of the space is occupied by a garage, known as "Market Square Garage." And it is equipped with the most modern appliances for the proper operation of such a service, in addition to the storage and repair department, the company handling all manner of automobile supplies, tires, tubes, and accessories.

Mr. Cannon has been in business almost without a break, ever since he has been in America, and he has proved himself to be an energetic practical man of good business ability, and considerable knowledge of mechanics. He has been closely interested in the fraternal work of the Order of Foresters, of which he is now past chief ranger. For fifteen years he gave spare time to military matters, as a member of the Massachusetts militia.

Mr. Cannon was married in 1885 to Mary A. Hagney, of Clinton, Massachusetts, daughter of Thom-

as and Catherine (Burke) Hageney, both of Irish birth. To Mr. and Mrs. Cannon were born the following children, of whom two died young. In order of birth they are: William H.; Thomas S.; Alice G.; John E.; Margaret M.; Nellie E.; James Walter; Raymond; and Arthur.

The eldest son is now a mechanical engineer. William H. was an officer in the Naval Brigade. Another son, J. Walter, was in the late war. He saw service in Mexico and also in France. He was a member of the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment of the National Guard, and with that regiment went to the Mexican border in 1916. The State troops returned in December, 1916, but a few months later were called to arms again, and mustered in federal service, for the more serious requirements against Germany. When federalized, his regiment became the 104th Infantry, and with that organization he went to France. He was wounded in the Battle of the Argonne, and for some time was in a hospital.

THOMAS FRANCIS HENNESSEY, M. D., of Lynn, Massachusetts, is a representative member of the medical profession in Essex county. He is a Massachusetts man, born and bred, and has had an unusually comprehensive training.

Dr. Hennessey is the son of James J. and Mary A. (Tracy) Hennessey, and was born in Weymouth, Massachusetts, April 2, 1887. He received his preliminary education in the grammar and high schools of Weymouth; then entered Tufts College, in the medical department. He was graduated in 1910, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Then followed hospital experience, more varied and extensive than usual. Dr. Hennessey became interne at the Boston City Hospital, remaining for eight months. Next he spent one year in St. Elizabeth's Hospital, in Boston; then four months at the Relief Station, at Haymarket square, in the same city. He went to the Hospital for Consumptives, at Matapan, Massachusetts, where he practiced for six months. There he was senior house officer, and subordinate admitting physician. The doctor next went to New Bedford, Massachusetts, where he was in charge of the Derby Emergency Hospital, for three months. He passed the State Board of Massachusetts in the year 1910. With all this experience behind him, Dr. Hennessey came to Lynn in December, 1912, for the general practice of medicine and surgery. In less than a decade he has built up a practice which very definitely appraises his skill, and places him in the front rank in his profession.

Dr. Hennessey was examining physician for the local board, in District No. 3, at Lynn, during the recent War. He was one of the first to offer himself for enlistment, but was rejected. He was visiting physician to the Hospital for Contagious Diseases, at Lynn, from 1913 to 1920, and is a member of the Essex County Medical Fraternity, the Massachusetts Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and the Lynn Medical Fraternity. He

is a member of numerous fraternal organizations including the Knights of Columbus; Eagles; Foresters; and Orioles. His political choice is the Democratic party.

Dr. Thomas Francis Hennessey married, October 27, 1915, Gertrude Rose Miller, daughter of Simon E., and Amelia Miller, of Allston, Massachusetts. They are members of the Church of Saint Mary.

JOSEPH MORTON HATCH—The J. H. Naugle Machine Company, of Lynn, Massachusetts, is a continuation of the business conducted for many prior years by Messrs. L. Pierce and Joseph M. Hatch, under their joint names at 466 Union street, Lynn. The original owners still own the business, the president of the incorporated company being Mr. Hatch; and Mr. Pierce is the treasurer. The partners took corporate powers in 1919, and their shop is now situated at 589 Washington street, Lynn, where they make a specialty of shoe finishing and stitching machinery.

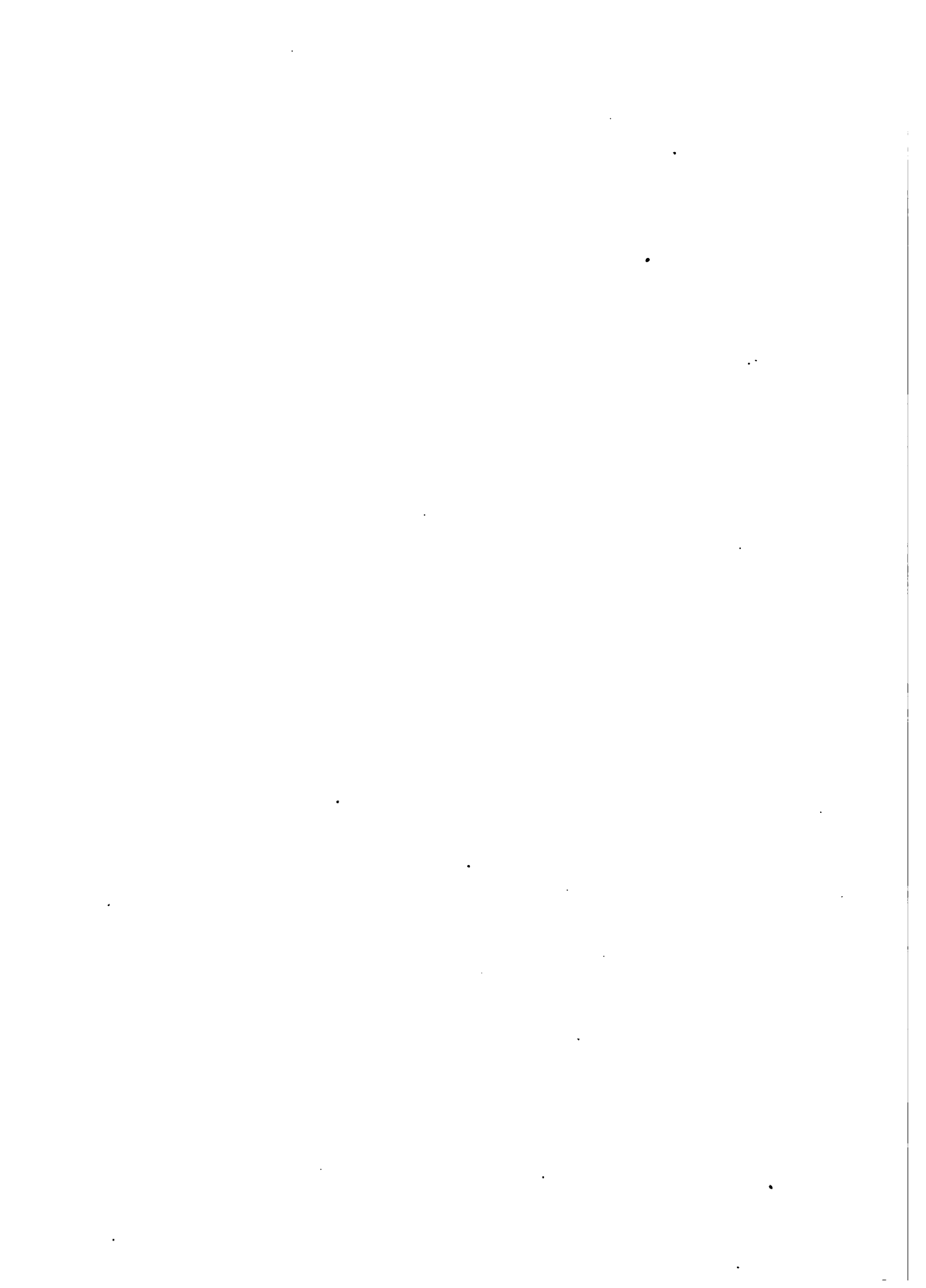
Joseph Morton Hatch was born in Nova Scotia, Canada, September 25, 1881, son of Joseph T. and Clara E. (Nickerson) Hatch. His father, who is still living, has followed the sea practically all his life, and for many years has been captain of an ocean-going vessel. Joseph Morton was educated in public schools of his native place, his education finishing in grammar school. In 1897 he came to Lynn, Massachusetts, and for the next three years was in the employ of Wallace Phinney, who engaged in sole leather. For two years after leaving his first employer in Lynn, he was with the firm of Faunce and Spinney. In 1902 he went to Newburyport, and there for some time worked for J. L. Walker, as a machinist. Subsequent periods were passed in the machine shops of Thomas G. Plant and John Cross, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, but eventually Mr. Hatch returned to Lynn, and there became associated with Mr. L. Pierce, the two establishing the business of Hatch & Pierce, and opening at 466 Union street, Lynn, as before described. Mr. Hatch and his partner are enterprising and energetic and are doing a satisfactory business, with good future prospects. Mr. Hatch is a member of the local Blue Lodge of Masons, and belongs also to the Knights of Pythias Order.

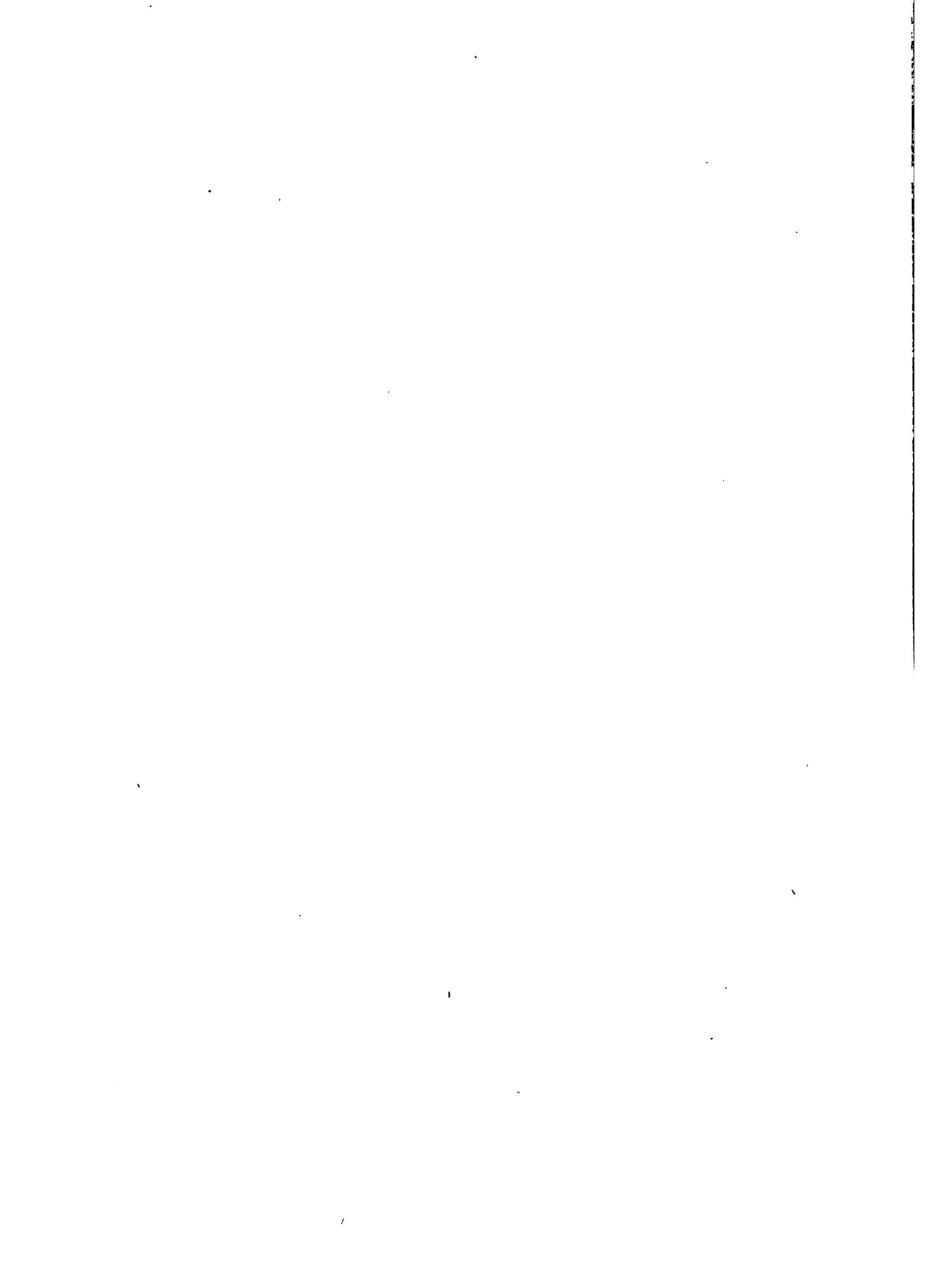
He was married in 1901 to Maud Haskell, daughter of Thomas and Alice (Wormwood) Haskell, of Auburn, Maine, where her father was a farmer until his death in 1885, and where her mother died in 1900. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch have two children: Mervyn H., born 1907; and James L., who was born 1910.

PATRICK J. BUCKLEY—With broad experience in the manufacture of shoes, in Essex county, Massachusetts, Patrick J. Buckley, of Salem, is now in the employ of one of the leading shoe manufacturers of that city.

Mr. Buckley was born in Salem, July 26, 1873, and is a son of William and Mary (Welch) Buckley, both of whom were born in Ireland. The elder Mr.

11-11-11 11:11:11 11-11-11 11:11:11





PLEASE RETURN TO
ALDERMAN LIBRARY

DUE

3-8-87

DUE

AX 001 137 539

